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START	CONTENTS	FINISH
May 25, 1928	NewsPaper.	Sept. 29, 1928

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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RED CONVENTION TONIGHT

KNAPP BURNED CENSUS PAPERS, SAYS JANITOR

Destroyed Her Records, Worker Testifies

ALBANY, N. Y., May 24.—From the lips of Hugh Hawthorne, a janitor at Syracuse University, the jury at the second trial of former secretary of state, Florence E. S. Knapp, today heard how Mrs. Knapp herself burned papers, which the prosecution alleges were official census records.

The first woman state official is on trial a second time on a charge of stealing thousands of dollars in census funds.

Hawthorne, in addition to establishing that Mrs. Knapp herself had burned census records, declared that he had burned several boxes and bundles containing records at her direction. This is the second time since the beginning of the Knapp case that she has been directly connected with the destruction of census records.

The specific charge against Mrs. Knapp is that she stole a $2,857 check made out to her step-daughter, Mrs. Clara Blanche Knapp, who declares that she never did any census work. Other evidence shows that Mrs. Knapp obtained $17,000 of the $24,000 paid to her relatives whom she was generous enough to place on the state payroll.

MINE JUDGE AIMS NEW INJUNCTION

Forbids Any Meeting of Strikers

(*Special to The Daily Worker*)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 24.—"Any congregation of mine workers in a public place will not be considered peaceful by the court," is the decision of C. S. Turnbaugh, common pleas judge, in an injunction granted by him to the Morris Coal Company in Cambridge, Ohio, according to reports received at the office of the National Miners' Relief Committee.

Operators Move.

The granting of this injunction, the most drastic ever issued by a court, comes coincidentally with announcements from numerous coal operators in this area that they will attempt to open their mines on a non-union basis. Oral Daugherty, deposed head of the United Mine Workers of America in Eastern, Ohio, is helping the operators by propagandizing for abandonment of the strike. He is openly supported by the business men of that district.

Andy Plechady, a striking miner of Dillonvale, Ohio, declares that plans for continued mass picketing wherever an attempt to open operation occurs, are being made in meetings now being held throughout Eastern Ohio.

Ask For Relief.

"Don't worry, we'll keep on fighting," he said. "The only thing that bothers me, is that the kids are hungry. That last relief shipment you sent us sure was needed. If you keep on helping us, we'll fight on until we win!"

The National Minerh' Relief Committee urges that funds be sent them immediately so that another shipment may be sent to the hungry miners in this famine-ridden area.

Lancaster Paper Being Edited in Prison Cell

LANCASTER, O., May 24.—The Lancaster Daily Gazette today was being edited from a cell in the Fairfield County Jail, by William T. Lewis, editor, who began serving a sentence of ten days and a fine of $20 and costs on charges of contempt of Court.

Lewis' sentence was meted out by Justice of the Peace, E. W. Boerstler, after a gazette editorial of last night criticised the Squire for fining a man $10 and costs after he was found guilty of assaulting a young woman and leaving her unconscious on a

Centralia Lawyer

George Vanderveer, shown in the picture, was the attorney for the Centralia frame up victims, now in Walla Walla jail. The growing mass protest is expected soon to force open the doors of the penitentiary and compel the authorities to free the Centralia victims.

WORKER-PEASANT TROOPS GAINING

Canton Reactionaries Murder 162

SHANGHAI, May 24.—The workers and peasants troops have succeeded in defeating a detachment of Li Chai-sum's troops in the vicinity of Canton, according to information received here.

Martial law has been declared in Canton. Twelve labor leaders have been executed.

More than 150 persons, charged with "Communistic activity," were executed on the siland of Hainan, it is reported.

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(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

VANCOUVER, May 24. — The worker-peasant government in Swatow has sent a note to the commanders of the American and British military forces asking the immediate withdrawal of warships and marines from the city, according to a report received here by the Canadian Morning News, left wing Chinese newspaper.

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PEKING, May 24.—A critical battle is being fought in the vicinity of the city of Hokien, 100 miles south of Peking, by the Kuomintang troops and the forces of General Chang Tsolin.

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WASHINGTON, May 24.—A formal request that the United States convoke representatives of the European powers to "consider the Manchurian question" will be presented to Secretary of State Kellogg by Dr. C. C. Wu, special envoy of the reactionary Nanking regime.

Wu will be received by Kellogg late this week or early next, it was announced at the state department.

NEGRO STRIKER TELLS OF MINES

Colored Harlem is hearing the story of George W. Hawkins, miner-preacher, concerning exploitation of colored men in western Pennsylvania mines. Hawkins was evicted from his home at Fredrickstown, Pa., along with other striking mine workers. He has set up Negro Miners' Relief Headquarters at 200 W. 135th St.

Colored labor agents, says Hawkins, are scouring the country for mine strikebreakers, scattering fanciful tales of high wages, but the misguided workers find only hard, dangerous work at 33 cents an hour and even less. They are not permitted to leave company premises. Their transportation expenses are taken from their pay, instead of being borne by the company, as promised. Tags are taken from the coal cars; thus cutting their wages.

Hawkins is explicit before Negro audiences in telling how white coal and iron police crack colored skulls. "Lord only knows how these poor people stand it all," he says. "The best thing the strikebreakers can do is to pull a strike themselves. They can't be no worse off than they are

Fascist Officials Admit Torturing Political Prisoners

MASS TRIAL OF 32 COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS

Torture Militants Who Were Jailed in Milan

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker.)

ROME, May 24.—The head of the Milan Security Police, Bocchini, has been appointed to investigate the tortures in police prisons and police responsibility in the Milan explosion.

He examined police officials who declared that political prisoners were tortured at the order of Nudi, Pacenza band which was also responsible for the explosion. Nudi is general-inspector in the Home Office and Pacenza is his subordinate.

Bocchini discovered that political prisoners were tortured in an underground chamber by the Milan police praesidium.

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(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

ROME, May 24.—The great trial of the 32 members of the Executive Committee of the Italian Communist Party will be held in secret on May 28. Neither the public nor representatives of the press will be allowed at the trial.

Fascist newspapers will receive "official" reports. There will only be three defending attorneys for the defendants. The trial will last three days.

MINE GUILT TO BE COVERED UP

State to "Investigate" 200 Deaths

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

MATHER, May 24.—Announcement by the state of Pennsylvania of a police investigation into the responsibility for the Saturday mine explosion which resulted in the death of over 200 miners was made yesterday by Deputy Secretary of Mining John Ira Thompson. That the so-called "investigation" will have for its purpose the complete "white-washing" of the open-shop company officials is seen in the fact that Thomas has ordered out all state rescue workers from the Mather Colliery Company pit and has turned the mine back to the company.

This is intended, no doubt, to permit the company sufficient opportunity to eliminate all traces of its guilt. The "investigation" will then declare the officials "innocent" of the killings.

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Tragedy on Large Scale.

MATHER, Pa., May 24. — The pitiful procession of mothers, wives and children of the victims of the open-shop Mather mine file by the charred bodies, mutilated beyond recognition.

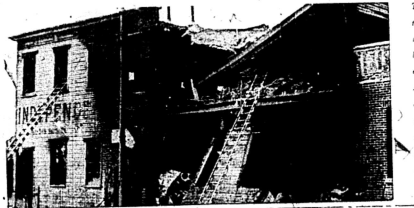
According to official count, 197 are known to be dead in Mather. Others still entombed, are not expected to survive.

Other new catastrophies bring the total death toll to 289.

In Kinver, Kentucky, more than 75 miners are trapped in the Black Mountain Mine. Four bodies of miners who had been thrown clear of their companions by the explosion which wrecked the level leading to the lateral on which the men worked,

(*Continued on Page Two*)

Workers Have Narrow Escape At Varnish Plant



The picture shows the remains of what was formerly a varnish plant at 15 St. and 2nd Ave., Brooklyn. An explosion in a pulverizing machine caused the blow-up. Four employes barely escaped with their lives.

ANOTHER DEATH DUE TO RADIUM

Public Beginning to Demand Action

ORANGE, N. J., May 24.—With a suit of five doomed young women against the United States Radium Corporation for $1,250,000 pending, it became known today that the death of Miss Elizabeth Dunne at a hospital in New York more than a year ago has been traced to the same plant.

Five Orange girls who were employed at the radium plant are victims of radium poisoning and doctors have pronounced their cases incurable.

Miss Dunne, who had formerly lived at Waterbury, Conn., was employed by a watch and clock company that used radium supplied by the Radium Corporation. At the time of her death the cause was given as radium poisoning but the case was considered of minor importance then However, as a result of the connection with the present situation here, an investigation has been started in Connecticut to determine whether there are any radium poisoning cases among the watch and clock manufacturing centers there.

Meanwhile, with the almost certain death of Miss Grace Fryer, Mrs. Quinta McDonald, Miss Katherine Schaub, Miss Albina Larice and Mrs. Edna Hussman, and the possible poisoning of at least 100 others there is a mass feeling of protest rising.

There have been 14 deaths in Newark and Orange due to radium poisoning. Many other cases are now being treated at a local hospital.

The trial in the action brought by the radium victims is scheduled for Monday.

SCORES WALL ST. CONTROL OF CUBA

No marines need be sent to Cuba. More than one and a half billion American dollars already occupy "the sugar bowl of the world," making her president a lackey and her sovereignty a joke. So says Senor A. R. Ruiz, Cuban secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, in a statement on the present situation in Cuba given out today by the United States section of the league, with headquarters at 39 Union Square, New York.

"Wall Street alone has more than 150 million dollars invested in Cuba," adds Senor Ruiz, "and woe to the

(*Continued on Page Two*)

CALL FOR CLOAK SHOP CHAIRMEN CONFERENCE

The date for the first of the series of big conferences of shop representatives of the workers in the ladies' garment industry has been set in an official call issued yesterday by the National Organizing Committee. These conferences, intended as the first organizational steps to be taken by the N. O. C. in its drive to rebuild the union destroyed by the right wing and the bosses, are to be called in every center where women's clothing is manufactured.

Conference June 2.

The declaration, which is signed by Louis Hyman, chairman, and Rose Wortis, secretary, calls upon the workers in the cloak and dress shops thruout Greater New York, whether they be union, non-union, or registered to elect immediately representatives to the conference which will begin Saturday morning, June 2 in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave.

After relating how the National Organizing Committee was formed at the conference of rank and file representatives and delegates locked out of

(*Continued on Page Two*)

McNARY-HAUGEN UP AGAIN TODAY

May Try to Pass Bill Over Coolidge Veto

WASHINGTON, May 24.—A decision on the question of attempting to enact the McNary-Haugen Farm "Relief" Bill over the President's veto was postponed until tomorrow by the Senate, Agriculture Committee today, due to the absence of farm bloc leaders. There were indications the Committee would recommend that no effort be made to enact the bill into law over the President's objections, as the feeling persisted that it cannot command the necessary two-thirds majorities in both branches of Congress.

The wealthy farming interests in the west are reported to be greatly disappointed at Coolidge's action, who for the second time in as many years showed his loyalty to his Wall Street masters by rejecting a bill that would have meant a victory for the farming lobby.

The McNary-Haugen bill had the support of such "spokesmen" for the farmers as the Pullman boss, Frank O. Lowden, Vice-President Dawes, Senator Curtis and Senator Watson.

JOBLESS WORKER SENDS "DAILY" $5

Must Raise Fund to Move Paper At Once

Though out of work for more than five months because of illness, Bertha J. Leib, a worker of West Roxbury, Mass., has sent $5 to the $5,000 fund to help move The DAILY WORKER to its new home at 26-28 Union Square.

In a letter to the Daily this worker writes:

"I cannot but realize that The DAILY WORKER must be kept afloat no matter what sacrifice it may involve. And at this time in the history of the class struggle in America The DAILY WORKER is indeed the organizer, agitator and propagandist for the as yet poorly organized, economically and politically backward American workers, dominated as they have been by the fossilized, treacherous leadership of the defunct Gompers and his counterparts, the Greens and Wolls.

"The very life of the labor movement depends upon such organs as The DAILY WORKER. Therefore, those who are seriously interested in its fortunes must support it to the very limit."

This letter is typical of others that The DAILY WORKER has received. But the $5,000 goal is still a long way off and the Daily cannot move or function properly until it is reached.

Workers, follow the example of this unemployed worker. Send in your contributions at once together with the attached coupon.

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Name ....

Address ....

City ....

State ....

BILL ATTACKS BOSSES' GRAFT

NEW ORLEANS, May 24.—A bill has been introduced in the state legislature now in session, by Representative W. S. Jones of Jackson parish, that provides "that where a corporation collects an assessment from its employees for the payment of a physician it shall not be allowed to retain more than ten per cent for such services."

It is said that many companies are now retaining more for the collection of the assessments than they pay over to the physicians and it has become a serious matter in many of the industrial centers, notably New Orleans.

Another bill has been introduced by the same representative making nine hours a legal day's work in the state of Louisiana, and provides that when a person works more than nine hours out of the twenty-four he shall be paid at the rate of one and a half time for all over the nine hour period.

MAY FLY TO ROME.

HADLEY FIELD, N. J., May 24.—Cesare Sabelli, Italian aviator, hopes to take off in a Bellanca Sesqui plane from Long Island in approximately a week for a non-stop flight to Rome.

COMINTERN HAILS HISTORIC LABOR GATHERING HERE

Mass Demonstration to Open Meet

In endorsement of the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, which opens with a mass demonstration at Mecca Temple tonight, the Political Secretariat of the Communist International has sent the following greetings to the convention:

Comintern Greetings.

"The Comintern greets the raising of the Communist banner in the election struggle in the United States. The American campaign comes at a time when the workers of Germany and France have shown their full confidence in the Communist Party leadership of the struggle against the bourgeois parties and the reformists within the ranks of labor.

"Your fight is taking place in a country where the capitalists, with the full support of the American Federation of Labor and the leaders of the "socialist" party, are employing the most brutal oppression, as exemplified in the case of the seven years' agony and murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, in the measures taken against the heroic miners and by the cunning corruption of the labor aristocracy.

"By developing the class struggle, you are accelerating the growth of the Communist Party which fights against the capitalist offensive and Imperialist aggression in Nicaragua,

(*Continued on Page Two*)

Nat'l Convention Notice

The National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party will be opened with a welcome demonstration to the delegates at Mecca Temple, 133 West 55th St., tonight.

Many of the most prominent out-of-town delegates will address the meeting. The order of business for the Convention will be adopted. Music will be furnished by the Hungarian Workers Symphony Society of fifty. Every worker is welcome. There will be an admission charge of 50 cents to pay the expense of the meeting.

The convention will be continued at Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave. on Saturday and Sunday.

CHICAGO TO HOLD RELIEF CONCERT

Fine Program For Next Sunday

CHICAGO, May 24. — Numerous Chicago labor organizations are combining to support a benefit concert for striking coal miners and their families in Ohio and Pennsylvania who have conducted a thirteen months fight against the coal operators and now face starvation. Under the auspices of the National Miners' Relief Conference of Chicago the concert will be held at Wicker Park Hall, 2040 W. North Avenue, Sunday, May 27, at 3 p. m.

The Lithuanian Singing Society, the South Slav String Orchestra, the Freiheit Singing Society and Mandolin Club, the Ukranian Singing Society and the Czecho-Slovak Turner Club, have volunteered their services for the event. In addition to the musical groups several first class soloists will be heard.

Miners direct from the field of struggle in the coal valleys of Ohio and Pennsylvania will tell of their historic battle for the right to live. This is the second concert on the miners' behalf this year and will be followed by an intensive city-wide drive for funds by the National Miners' Relief Conference in co-operation with other labor organizations and fraternities.

NEGRO, WHITE WORKERS FORCED APART

Southern Union Officials Destroy Solidarity by Prejudice

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 24.—Here within a stone's throw of the Alabama coal fields where labor conditions for both races are so bad that no sensible person would waste time on differences of race or color, Negro and white workers are separated by a chasm of racial prejudice and ignorance. Even organized Negro and white workers know scarcely anything of each other. Race prejudice is so prevalent among white union officials that they refuse even to meet in any general assembly with Negro union members.

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ALTHOUGH Negro brickmasons may join the union with white brickmasons, they are not allowed by the union officials to work on jobs with them. Because of this discrimination, few Negro brickmasons have joined the union. In fact ever since the revival of the Ku Klux Klan after the world war, Negro organized workers and white organized workers have been driven apart. Old labor leaders say the klan is responsible and thus seek to evade responsibility.

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IN Mobile there is also a complete estrangement between organized Negro and white labor. White labor officials are strongly opposed to mixed unions and are even opposed to receiving Negro delegates to the Central Labor Union. The net result of this attitude on the part of white labor officials is that Negro workers are losing confidence in unions.

Boston Capmaker Meeting Condemns Zaritsky's Conspiracy to Wreck Union

MEMBERS EXPOSE RIGHT WING PLOT ON OPEN FLOOR

Will Fight "Submission To Bosses" Policy

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BOSTON, May 24. — The Boston capmakers at a membership meeting of Local 7 last night categorically condemned Max Zaritsky, president of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers International for his campaign to destroy all local unions serving as stumbling blocks to his policies of submission to the employers, and for his numerous unsuccessful attempts to break the Boston union.

After a discussion lasting for many hours, in which Zaritsky and his clique in control of the International was denounced by the members from the floor, the meeting unanimously voted a resolution of condemnation of the union wreckers. The meeting was held in Capmakers' Hall, 28 Hayward Place.

In the discussion the membership showed that they will not be terrorized by the threats and intimidations used by Zaritsky and his clique in their attempt to force upon the members the acceptance of his plan of taking away the leadership of the local from the existing militant administration, and giving it over to his henchmen and appointees.

The recent intensification of the destructive activities of the right wing were clearly brought out. It was revealed that the "worthy" president ordered on May 9 a membership meeting with the supposed purpose of taking up trade questions of vital importance to Boston capmakers.

At this meeting Zaritsky tried to smuggle through a motion to give control of the local over to the General Board. But when the membership protested Zaritsky was forced to call a special meeting to consult members before he would make any such steps. Instead of such meeting he called a club meeting of his right wingers to which he also decoyed a small number of members.

There Zaritsky announced that he does not intend to call the promised meeting; that he is not going to keep his promises or be guided by the constitution. "The local," he declared, "is taken over already." He advised local officers be ignored by the members; and that in a few days he will send one of his lieutenants to establish law and order in Boston.

It was also brought out how Zaritsky had visited the shops making preparations for his program through deals with bosses. How he canvassed members to come to his club meetings.

The resolution adopted condemned the Zaritsky's plan to do away with the forty hour week and introduce piece work into the trade. It condemns his intention to break up all locals which are resisting his plans of submission to the bosses. Resolution also expresses its solidarity with the four thousand members of local 43 who are fighting against Zaritsky's attempt to destroy their local, take away their right of managing their own affairs and safeguarding their hard-won conditions.

SCORE WALL ST. CONTROL OF CUBA

Need No Marines—Yet, Says Militant

(Continued from page one)

poor Cuban who dares to interfere with American interests in this 'sister' country. Upon him will fall all the wrath of the Lord."

The army of occupation includes dollars invested in land, government bonds, railroads, mines, manufactures, banks, public service companies, commerce, tobacco and sugar, according to the American Chamber of Commerce in Havana.

The greatest of these is sugar. Sugar has been more than 81 per cent of Cuba's export for the past 21 years; of sugar shipped from Cuba more than 83 per cent has gone to the United States. Eight hundred million disciplined U. S. dollars strongly intrenched in Cuba's sugar industry effectively dominate Cuban economic life, says Senor Ruiz.

Provoke Crisis.

Partly as a result of financial crisis 'provoked by American interests,' Cuban lands are so rapidly being sold and mortgaged to Americans that "soon Cubans will hardly own enough ground to plant their flag on," asserted Senor Ruiz.

June Issue of New Masses Nearly Sold

Three days after appearing on the newsstands in New York City, the June issue of The New Masses is reported to be practically sold out. Announcement of a new editorial policy and a new staff has contributed to the public interest. Michael Gold is new editor and Hugo Gellert is art editor.

Mail Pilot Killed in Crash in Fog

The picture shows the debris of the Atlanta-Washington-New York mail plane which went into a nose dive over Richmond, Va., and crashed to the earth. Edward J. Morrissey, the pilot was killed outright.

World Culture Gets Big Boost By Experiment

BOSTON, Mass., May 24.—Scholarship in American universities hit the high-water mark yesterday when Fred Smith, a student at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology won the intercollegiate ice cream eating championship.

Smith, whose papa is a prosperous business man in Kansas City, claims to have accomplished the feat in the interests of the science of chemistry.

The scholar was in a Back Bay drug store when companions suggested the test.

By eating the three quarts and by the aid of a clinical thermometer, Smith found that the body temperature gradually steps downward and that a raccoon coat and a hot water bottle are great assets provided there is boiling water in the bottle.

MORE BAY STATE HATRED OF LABOR

6 Month Jail Terms For Mothers in Mill Strike

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., May 24.—The savage hatred of labor always manifested by the Massachusetts courts was again displayed Wednesday when Judge Milliken sent two strikers, both mothers, to prison for six months. This act has succeeded in awakening the resentment of the 28,000 textile workers on strike against a wage cut here, to the highest pitch since the strike first began almost six weeks ago. They are Mrs. Angelina Tsoupreas and Mrs. Christina Simores. Frank Cunha, another striker was sentenced to 30 days.

Struggle Becoming Keener.

Although the International Labor Defense, which has volunteered the aid of its organization to the Textile Mills Committee in the task of providing legal aid and other defense work, has succeeded in obtaining the release of the three strikers on bonds of $500 pending an appeal, a bitterness hitherto undeveloped is being displayed by the strikers. The lack of sharpness in the struggle till now is mainly due to the fact that there has been practically no scabbing in the strike, the walkout being practically 100 per cent effective.

Picketing this morning had a greater attendance than any of the last few days, in spite of the increased police cordon around the mills.

In addition to the prison sentences imposed the two women were fined $45 and $20 respectively. Two other women pickets arrested several days after the first arrests were fined $60 and $40 each. They are Mary Valente and Mary Silvia.

Cops Maltreat Women.

The two women were arrested May 10 while picketing the Pemaquid Mill. They had defended themselves against being manhandled by the police, one of whom subsequently testified that the women had scratched him, and that they had carried bricks, although admitting that the bricks were not used.

The Textile Mills Committee, which is a national body, organizing textile workers thruout the country, intends to announce that the New Bedford section in charge of the strike, will formally establish a New Bedford union, which will be part of the T. M. C. by affiliation, it was unofficially learned yesterday. It is believed that an official statement from the T. M. C. will be forthcoming in a few days.

The merchants, clergymen, and other interests depending for their very existence on the steady expenditure of the workers' wages, are continuing to organize "mediation committees" daily. The determination of the strikers, however, is such as to preclude the belief of an immediate ending of the struggle, unless the wage slash order of 10 per cent is unconditionally rescinded.

WORKERS PARTY MEET TONIGHT

Delegates from All States Here

(Continued from page one)

Cuba and the whole Caribbean region as well as in the suppression of the Chinese revolution.

"Harmonious and strenuous work of all the Party forces, together with the most active elements of the workingclass, will spell success. Long live the Workers (Communist) Party."

Mass Demonstration.

Tonight Mecca Temple will witness one of the greatest workingclass demonstrations against capitalism and capitalist domination in government, that has ever taken place in the history of American labor. The mass demonstration, with thousands of workers as participants, will mark the formal opening of the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party. The convention will mark a milestone in the struggle for workingclass independent political action in nominating candidates for the coming presidential election. A National Campaign Committee will also be selected.

Hundreds of delegates, members of the Workers (Communist) Party and delegations of militants from the trade unions, from the mines, textiles and other industries, and from fraternal organizations, who are to take part in the great opening demonstration in Mecca Temple, have arrived in New York City for this event.

The great auditorium of Mecca Temple has been hung with red banners and bunting and the walls and platform have been decorated with signs and emblems bearing the principal slogans of the Workers (Communist) Party in the coming campaign. An atmosphere of enthusiasm pervades the hall and the visiting delegations.

Plans Completed.

Final plans for the opening of the convention have been completed and arrangements for the disposition of the vast crowd which, it is expected will fill the large auditorium to overflowing, have been made. The committee in charge of the convention has issued an especially urgent appeal to all those participating in the convention to be present at 7.30 p. m. sharp.

After the preliminary celebration which will consist of singing and music by the Hungarian Workers' Symphony Orchestra of 50 musicians a number of leaders of national standing in the revolutionary movement in the United States will address the convention. Among the speakers will be William Z. Foster, Ben Gitlow, B H. Lauderdale, Ben Gold, Senator Charles E. Taylor, James P. Cannon, Scott Nearing, William F. Patton, Lovett Fort-Whiteman, Anita C Whitney, W. W. Weinstone, Tom Rushton, Stanley Clark and Scott Wilkins. Jay Lovestone will be chairman.

Following the convention, a Red Welcome Fest will be held for the delegates on Saturday evening. The committee in charge of the welcome fest announces that it will be one of the livest receptions ever held in New York.

DELEGATES TO CONVENTION ARE ARRIVING HERE

O'Brien Of Arizona Visits Daily

The first delegate to the Workers' Party National Nominating Convention to arrive in New York, William O'Brien of Phoenix, Arizona, visited the Daily Worker office yesterday and discussed the labor situation in his state with the editors.

Conditions Bad

O'Brien, who is a member of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, local 1089, spoke on the situation in his own state.

"Conditions in general," he said, "are pretty bad. Work in the mines is slow now. And the situation of the farmers in the state is even worse. They are being bled right and left by the Water-Users' Association, and by the other business interests which control the products of the farmers. Graft is evident everywhere.

"Only recently the Chamber of Commerce of Phoenix created a fake hullaballoo about a building boom in the cit ,yI the city. Immediately thousands of men, mostly migratory workers, flocked to the city. Upon their arrival, they discovered the ruse, to their own loss.

"There is some building going on, but not enough to accommodate even a third of the workers in the city.

Misleaders Control.

"The unions are weak. For the most part they are controlled by reactionary officials, men under the control of the American Federation of Labor."

B. H. Lauderdale, of Texas, also arrived here. He will speak at the huge mass meeting to be held this evening in Mecca Temple.

MINE BOSSES TO BE CLEARED

State Ready to Apply "Whitewash"

(Continued from page one)

were taken out of the mine. The others are still buried under debris.

Another explosion in the non-union mine of the Yukon Pocahontas Coal Company in West Virginia, cost 17 more lives, according to incomplete reports received at the office of the National Miners' Relief Committee. It is believed that many others are still buried in the pit.

A cave-in at the old Alpha shaft of the Consolidated Copper Mines at Kimberly, Nevada, cost four more lives. According to reports received here, working conditions at this mine are highly dangerous. This million-dollar corporation has neglected all safety precautions. Officials at practically all of these mines were quick to say that their mines had recently been "thoroughly" rock-dusted, "and the explosion, no doubt, was caused by gas and not by coal dust."

But the miners tell another story. "Sure they rock-dusted the mine—near the mouth," one Mather miner declared.

All Non-Union.

All four mines are operated non-union. Throughout the strike fields, miners are talking about the boys who lost their lives in the scab pits, principally because there were no pit committees to insist upon safety precautions.

The National Miners' Relief Committee is standing behind the strikers in their fight for safe working conditions, a strong union and decent wages. Anthony P. Minerich, chairman of the committee, urges that contributions be sent to the relief office at 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., so the work may be continued and expanded, and to save the coal diggers from returning to non-union mines.

Whose Fault Will It Be If It Falls?

The picture shows the giant plane, Jesus del gran poder, in which the Spanish captains Iglesias and Jimenez, plan a record non-stop flight. Cardinal Ilduain is shown ordering "God" to keep the plane from falling.

SHOP DELEGATES CALLED TO MEET

Organize Cloak Trade At Conference

(Continued from page one)

the fake convention of the Sigmans and Schlesingers in Boston, and after announcing that all elements really wanting a union have already joined in the work to be carried out by the N. O. C., the call for the conference declares:

"The workers in the cloak and dress industry now realize that they have no one but themselves to look to for aid in the struggle for living conditions. The time has come when our ranks must be strengthened to conduct the same spirited struggle with which they have been known to fight the bosses for bread and the right to live."

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Chicago Workers Meet.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

CHICAGO, May 24.—A large mass meeting, attended for the first time by hundreds of workers formerly inactive because of the right wing terror, was held here Wednesday night. The meeting was addressed by Louis Hyman, chairman of the national organizing committee, Joint Board Manager Levin and other leaders of the left wing delegation barred from the fake right wing convention.

After hearing a report of the plans of the N. O. C. for re-building the union, and after listening to Hyman's estimation of the Sigman convention which accomplished only the creation of two new vice presidents, and the unanimous voting of a tax of 3 days pay, the assembled workers unanimously voted to join actively the fight led by the N. O. C. for the regaining of union conditions.

Tolerance Group Calls Meet.

A big mass meeting of registered workers has been called by the Tolerance Group, which formerly was a part of the right wing Sigman union and is now affiliated with the National Organizing Committee. The meeting will be held in Cooper Union, Astor Place and Fourth Ave., Monday evening immediately after work. A record attendance is expected.

At this meeting the leaders of the Tolerance Group will set forth their reasons for breaking away from the right wing, of which they were former staunch supporters. They will also state their reasons for aligning themselves with the N. O. C. and its campaign to rebuild the shattered I. L. G. W. U.

Senate Passes Postal Pay Bill Despite Veto

WASHINGTON, May 24. — The senate today passed the postal pay increase bill over President Coolidge's veto by a vote of 70 to 9.

The bill became a law by the senate's action, as the house yesterday enacted it over the veto by a vote of 319 to 42. The bill will increase the pay of night workers in the postal service.

CORRUPTION UNDER THE GOLDEN DOME

"Leak" Traced to Booze Cellar in Gov. Fuller's State House

BOSTON, (FP) May 24.—The State House gang that danced in glee when Sacco and Vanzetti were burned, are up to their necks now in one of the biggest rum graft messes yet uncovered in 10 years of prohibition. Herman A. MacDonald, Gov. Fuller's hard boiled secretary, and Gen. Alfred F. Foote, commissioner of public safety, and in yesteryear an admirer of booze, are implicated by four Boston parsons in allegations that seized liquor stored in the State House basement has trickled into thirsty legislative throats.

Gen. Foote is the new head of the Massachusetts national guard and has charge of the state police patrol, the Bay State replica of the Pennsylvania cossackry. It was the state police patrol who did their stuff with a will on the day of Sacco and Vanzetti's electrocution, clubbing and riding down the great throngs demonstrating for the two doomed workers. Later, on the day of the funeral, they broke up the procession at numerous places, knocking mourners right and left with billies. Foote will also have charge of the New Bedford textile strike situation when manufacturers' provocateurs begin stirring up trouble with the workers.

• • •

ALTHOUGH the rum scandal has been an open secret among State House newspapermen for months, MacDonald and Foote were held too powerful to be exposed. A state employe about to be disciplined for political waywardness spilled the beans finally in a letter. This boiler inspector, with many union firemen and engineers who worked in the basement as legislators and their friends swilled near-by, have produced diaries and other formal evidence, naming names and dates.

• • •

THE committee named to probe the scandal consists of those under attack and others known to be friendly to a bottle. Gen. Foote, one member, was wont to make a public display of the destruction of cases of poor Canadian beer, but choice stocks never ran down sewers. Foote and MacDonald are also known to have taken the state police boat out into the sacred waters of Massachusetts Bay, there to disport themselves to the accompaniment of choice liquors and two winsome damsels.

You a Patriot? Then Cough Up With 10 Bucks

"A brilliant spectacle; a magnificent demonstration of patriotism and an inflexible determination to safeguard our institutions, was the May Day celebration held at the bandstand in Prospect Park."

This is the rapturous description applied by the secretary of the Brooklyn Citizens' Patriotic May Day Committee in form letters just sent out, and which thru some curious accident found its way into the office of The DAILY WORKER.

"The parade of the veterans of three great wars of the U. S.," the letter continues, with the stars and stripes unfurled to the breeze, to the tune of our national anthems by four bands, thru the streets of Brooklyn, was a ringing declaration of the loyalty and devotion to all that America stands for.

"No expense was spared in making this May Day meeting a magnificent patriotic demonstration. Your organization is accorded the privilege of contributing to the cause by sending a contribution of $10."

Edwin P. Maynard of the Brooklyn Trust Company is treasurer and Albert D. Schanzer is secretary. All open shop, labor hating bosses are invited to contribute to the worthy cause.

ASK SUPPORT FOR THE "COAL DIGGER"

Save Union Committee Issues Appeal

PITTSBURGH, May 24.— An appeal by the national miners' Save-the-Union Committee in behalf of the "Coal Digger," the official organ of the rank and file of which Pat Toohey is editor, has been sent out requesting the workers of all trades to rally in support of the organ, to subscribe to and read the paper.

"There are many things which the workers can do to help the Save-the-Union movement," the appeal declares, "but among the most important is that of supporting the Coal Digger, its official organ.

Miners Ask For It.

"Hundreds of letters reach the Save-the-Union headquarters from striking miners asking that they be sent the Coal Digger free. As far as possible these requests are complied with. However, as the struggle becomes more and more intensified, the financial burden becomes heavier, and the Save-the-Union Committee finds it difficult to comply with the miners' requests for free copies of the Coal Digger. The reason the miners ask for free copies is evident to everyone. The miners have been on strike for over 3 months. Tho relief rations, given out by the Lewis machine, is constantly growing smaller, while those miners who dare to speak one word in criticism are being cut off from relief altogether.

Workers Must Help.

"The workers from other trades must come to the assistance of the fighting miners. Subscribe and read the Coal Digger. But, not only should the workers read the Coal Digger themselves, they must help the striking miners get the paper also. This can be done by sending contributions to the Save-the-Union Committee. For every dollar that the Save-the-Union Committee receives, a miners' name for a year's subscription will be added to the mailing list.

The rates are: 1 year $1.00; six months 50 cents. Bundle rates: Above 50 copies, 3 cents per copy. Below 50 copies, 5 cents per copy. The publication address is 119 Federal St., N. S. Pittsburgh."

MORE GOLD FOR WALL ST.

LONDON, May 24. — The liner Mauretania, enroute from New York for England, is bringing $5,000,000 gold for the Bank of England, it was announced today. This is the first gold shipment from America to England in more than a month.

STARR GETS SUBS TO 'DAILY WORKER' IN NEW TERRITORY

Workers in Two Jersey Cities Eager For Paper

Having made inroads in territory never penetrated before, Arthur Starr, special DAILY WORKER subscription agent, arrived in the business office of the Daily yesterday with 26 new subscriptions.

The 26 subscriptions were all the result of a few days' work in Newark and Plainfield, N. J. Fifteen new readers were secured in Newark and 11 in Plainfield. The Plainfield subscriptions are particularly significant as there have never before been subscribers to The DAILY WORKER in this city. No unit of the Workers (Communist) Party exists in Plainfield and this was therefore virgin territory.

Starr, who is a student in the National Training School, is one of the 12 special DAILY WORKER agents now covering various parts of the country in the Daily's new subscription drive. He reports that both in Newark and Plainfield, particularly the latter city, workers showed unusual interest in the paper. Among the 11 subscriptions secured in Plainfield were three for striking miners, an evidence that the workers are following the struggles of the striking miners and the efforts of The DAILY WORKER to provide them with the only English language newspaper that fights on their side.

Starr has returned to his territory and promises to send many more subscriptions. He, as well as the other DAILY WORKER agents, should be aided in every possible way by all class-conscious workers.

SCHWAB'S POLICE EXTEND TERROR.

Clubs Respect Neither Women Nor Children

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 22.—Coal and iron policemen, attached to the Slickville mine of the Bethlehem Mines Corporation, now roam the highways clubbing strikers and strike sympathizers found on the public thoroughfares.

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon of May 17, Mike Evanovich, a striking miner was driving in his car with three other men through Slickville, where one of Charlie Schwab's mines is located. Coal and iron police stopped his machine and peremptorily ordered him to let them get into his car. Evanovich refused.

Beaten—Arrested.

The "yellow dogs" then struck him on the face bringing blood from his nose. They pulled him out of his car and hit him with blackjacks. Then they compelled him to drive his car to the company jail. There he was lodged in the cellar, beaten with fists and knocked down.

Schwab's thugs then brought him a book which he was asked to read. The coal and iron police boasted that they had more power than the state constabulary and had power of arrest on public highways as well as on company property.

"Arithmetic" Used.

Evanovich was charged with disorderly conduct and resisting an officer. On the first charge he was fined $5.000 by a company squire and the addition of costs brought the amount to $12.00.

Tony Morelli, another striking miner, was stopped by coal and iron police while driving his car through Slickville, accompanied by three other miners. Morelli was hit in the arm with a blackjack and dragged from his car. The four miners were taken to the office of the Bethlehem Mines Corporation, beaten and let go without having any charges preferred against them. There were four "yellow dogs" and one deputy sheriff in the gang.

Morelli and his wife have been beaten by coal and iron police several times recently.

Also Dynamite.

The operators, through their hired thugs, are trying to terrorize the miners. They do not stop even at attempted murder. On the morning of May 16, dynamite was exploded on a road between two strikers' homes in Slickville.

Discontent among the miners in Slickville is growing. The bosses are going through the mines warning the coal diggers that they will drive every strike sympathizer and every member of the "Save-the-Union Committee" out of Westmoreland county. The miners declare that their fight to organize in Westmoreland county has only started.

MUSCLE SHOALS BILL.

WASHINGTON, May 24. — A slightly modified Muscle Shoals bill was reported today by the house and senate conferees following a second session to iron out differences in the bill as it passed the two branches.

100 Militants Are Arrested in Argentina at Request of Fascist Ambassador

BOMBING EXCUSE TO BREAK DOCK WORKERS STRIKE

Explosion May Be Plot Of Fascist Agents

BUENOS AYRES, May 24.—After the Italian Ambassador Count Martin-Franklin had issued a statement attributing the bombing of the Italian consulate to anti-fascisti, the police here arrested more than a hundred workers active in the radical movement.

The arrests were made on a particularly broad scale because of the transport strikes in Buenos Ayrés, Rosario and Sante Fe, which have alarmed the authorities in the three cities.

* * *

BUENOS AYRES, May 24.—Two separate bombing attacks were made in Buenos Ayres yesterday. The first against the Italian Consulate, in which five persons were killed, and the second against the Boca branch of the Nuevo Banca.

Thirty-five persons were injured in the explosion at the consulate, and of these, two died later in the hospital, bringing the total deaths in the first attack to seven.

The Italian bank where the second bomb exploded is located in the southeastern section of the city, and is largely patronized by Italian residents of Buenos Ayres.

The explosion took place in the cellar. The building was crowded at the time. Two of the dead were immigrants. The wounded included Giacomo Frangiolo, a clerk, and Capt. Nicoletti.

Whether or not the bombs were planted by Mussolini agents, as is believed to have been the case in the Milan bombings, or whether the bombing was done by misguided opponents of the fascist regime is unknown.

HOOVER FUND STILL RISING

Now Over $300,000, Testimony Proves

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Herbert Hoover's slush fund continues to rise. Testifying before the senate committee that is conducting an alleged investigation of presidential campaign expenditures, Claudius H. Huston, of Texas and New York, a Hoover backer, declared that he had received $51,500 in contributions to the Hoover fund.

This places the total Hoover figure at $300,745, the highest sum thus far admitted by any of the candidates.

FASCIST ATTEMPT ALARMS FRENCH

MARSEILLES, May 24.—Protest against the activities of fascist agents in stirring up separation sentiment on the island of Corsica has taken the form of a huge mass meeting to urge that the fascists be barred from the island. The protest came as the result of French action in suppressing the fascist paper, Il Telegrafo, which the authorities allege attempted to interfere in the recent election campaign.

While it is believed that the island is thoroughly French in feeling and does not desire a union with Italy, the action of the fascist agents has caused considerable alarm among the French officials.

Wall St. Envoy

Dwight Morrow (above) has left Mexico City for Washington where he will hold a series of conferences with State Department officials. Morrow was formerly a partner in J. P. Morgan and Co. He is still carrying out Wall Street's dictates.

Are you a
"DAILY WORKER"
worker daily?

Force Loan on Nicaraguan Workers

Secretary of State Kellogg (left) and Major General McCoy (right) conferred yesterday on the question of imposing a large loan on Nicaragua. Most of the money will go for the payment of fictitious loans to American claimants.

'SANDINO STAMPS' ON POSTAL CARDS

Anti-Imperialist League Answers State Dept.

"Sandino Stamps" will continue to be sent through Uncle Sam's mails, the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, 79 Union Square, originator of the stamps, announced yesterday.

Designed for use as stickers on envelopes, the stamps show a marine's huge hobnailed boot crushing trees, buildings and people in its path, and bear the legend: "Protest Against Marine Rule in Nicaragua."

Post Office authorities returned Sandino-stamped envelopes, undelivered to the senders, and were upheld last week by the refusal of the courts to grant the league an injunction against this censorship.

With Sandino stamps on envelopes definitely banned, the administrative committee of the league has decided to print a facsimile of the original stamp on the reverse side of government postal cards. Sale of these cards will be pushed as soon as they are received from the printer.

Commenting on the decision, Manuel Gomez, secretary of the league said: "In denying our plea for an injunction, Federal Judge Thomas D. Thatcher based his decision on an affidavit from Secretary of State Kellogg, swearing that there is no 'Marine Rule' in Nicaragua.

MAXIM GORKI TO LEAVE FOR USSR

BERLIN, May 24.—Maxim Gorki, well-known Russian novelist, has left Berlin for Moscow. For several years he lived in Sorrento, Italy, for his health.

Maxim Gorki.

Gorki is a warm supporter of the Soviet Union. Recently his birthday was honored thruout the Soviet Union. He had the honor of being the first author to have his portrait engraved on a postage stamp.

To Protest Kun Arrest

CHICAGO, May 24 (FP).—Labor and liberal protests against the arrest of Bela Kun, Communist leader, in Vienna, will be voiced in Chicago at a mass meeting tomorrow.

"TRY" COMMUNIST POLISH DEPUTY

Sejm Hands Leader to Fascist Courts

MOSCOW, May 24.—The Polish Sejm decided by a vote of 161 against 145 to hand over the Communist member Bratchinsky to the courts.

Bratchinsky is accused of being a member of the Communist Party and taking part in the tenth anniversary celebrations in Moscow, where he received the Order of the Red Flag for Lantzutsky.

NO PARCEL POST PACT WITH CUBA

HAVANA, Cuba, May 24.—No renewal of the parcel post treaty with the United States can be considered which does not include a reciprocity agreement, General Jose Montalvo, postmaster general of Cuba, told the American Chamber of Commerce here.

Declaring that the United States had violated the spirit of the parcel post treaty by unrestrained importations, Montalvo asserted that no renewal was possible unless the United States government changed its attitude.

IRISH OFFICIALS IGNORE PETITION

DUBLIN, May 24.—The government of the Irish Free State has frustrated an attempt of Eamon de Valera to present a petition to the Dail Eireann calling for abolition of the oath of allegiance to the king. The application to present the petition was based on article XLVIII of the Free State Constitution which authorizes a referendum on the request of 75,000 voters.

The signatures were collected, but Professor W. E. Thrift moved that the petition be not presented until the government had considered a procedure for such cases. The Dail passed the motion.

It is understood that the government will work to delete article XLVIII as likely to prove embarrassing in the future.

Are you a
"DAILY WORKER"
worker daily?

PLAN U. S. LOAN FOR ENSLAVING NICARAGUA PEONS

Kellogg, McCoy and Bankers Confer

WASHINGTON, May 24.—Special arrangements for the complete economic enmeshment of Nicaragua thru a proposed loan of $12,000,000 were given a new impetus at yesterday's conference between leading officials of the United States state department cooperating with leaders of several large financial interests. Secretary of State Kellogg, Dr. W. W. Cumberland, who has recently completed a financial survey of Nicaragua in the interest of the New York bankers and Brigadier-General Frank R. McCoy, chosen by President Coolidge to "superintend" the pending elections in Nicaragua, were at the conference.

The long projected loan by the American financiers to the Nicaraguan regime placed in power by the American marine corps was the chief topic of discussion and it is intimated that announcement of the loan may be forthcoming in the near future. It is generally estimated that the loan will amount to at least $12,000,000.

Dr. Cumberland, reporting favorably on the power of the Nicaraguan authorities to raise the loan by taxes on the peons, increased by customs duties, urged the practicability of lending the money. He pointed out that while $6,089,000 would be used for the consolidation of debts incurred by the leaders of the government, approximately $6,000,000 would still be free for consolidating American power thruout the country by thoro organization of the Nicaraguan constabulary officered by Americans, by reimbursing the United States for expenses incurred in superintending the Nicaraguan election, and by a full payment of all American claims for alleged damages incurred during the recent fighting.

After outlining the sources by which the American bankers will secure the proposed loan, Dr. Cumberland added that the Nicaraguan cost of maintaining the projected Nicaraguan railroad to the east coast would be $900,000 per year more than operating expenses. He therefore indicated the fruitful possibilities for investment of American capital in constructing a parallel causeway to Bluefields.

The bankers, Secretary Kellogg and Brigadier-General McCoy are said to have found themselves in perfect accord on the Nicaraguan loan.

HAMBURG POISON GAS INTENDED FOR SPAIN

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BERLIN, May 24.—The social-democratic organ, the Vorwaerts, is attempting to use the poison gas catastrophe in Hamburg as propaganda against the Soviet Union. It has been proved, however, that the phosgene gas was being supplied to Spain for its imperialist war in Morocco. The last deliveries of the gas to the Soviet Union were made in 1923.

The gas factory Trotsk in the Soviet Union was closed down in 1923.

* * *

BERLIN, May 24.—Following a cabinet discussion of the poison gas explosion at Hamburg when the whole population was menaced it was officially stated today that neither the German government nor the Reichswehr was involved in the storage of the phosgene gas.

A statement in the German press, which was said to have been officially inspired, demands an international agreement prohibiting the use of poison gas in warfare.

Some of the 250 asphyxiated victims in the hospitals at Hamburg are undergoing acute agony as a result of breathing the fatal fumes.

IMPLICATE MORE IN DONETZ PLOT

Kalganov Says Czarists Gave Orders

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, May 24.—Many others of the accused in the Donetz Basin conspiracy were seriously compromised by detailed testimony given by Kalganov, whose examination was continued yesterday.

The defense lawyers attempted unsuccessfully to confuse Kalganov. Kalganov had declared that those who had participated in the conspiracy had acted in accordance with instructions from former mine owners who first desired to keep the mines intact but who later demanded the reduction of coal production by all possible means including the destruction of machinery.

Samilov, former mine owner, was then examined. He admitted all of the charges levelled against him. He declared that the sabotage was possible because the control over the higher engineers was superficial.

SUPPRESS POSTER TO AID BELA KUN

VIENNA, (By Mail). — Placards posted up by the International Red Aid on behalf of Bela Kun were confiscated by the Viennese police. Leaflets intended for distribution among workers were also confiscated.

The Austrian government is using every means to suppress the protest against the imprisonment of Bela Kun.

SAVE 320 WORKERS ON WRECKED SHIP

280 Chinese Laborers Saved; Ship Doomed

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24.—The lives of 40 members of the crew and 280 Chinese cannery laborers, aboard the sailing ship "Star" of Falkland which went on the rocks in Unimak Pass, Bering Sea, have been saved, according to advices received here today by the Alaska Packers' Association, owners of the vessel.

Rescue ships, reports stated, responding to the windjammer's wireless calls, succeeded in taking all hands off the imperiled craft. The ship itself is believed to be a total loss.

Sacred Property

WASHINGTON, May 24 (FP).—Sen. Tydings of Maryland, corporation democrat and eager defender of all vested private interests, shouted during debate on the Muscle Shoals power development and fertilizer bill "You would confiscate private property!"

MASS UNREST ON RISE IN INDIA; TROOPS MENACING

Sympathy Spreads For Textile Strikers

BOMBAY, May 24.—The strike of the textile workers at Bombay, Sholapur and other large industrial centers continues unbroken in spite of the persistent efforts of the government police and troops to terrorize the strikers.

Thousands of men and women, workers in the huge Bombay mills, some of the largest in India, are maintaining their strike altho the agents of the British authorities are endeavoring to spread discontent talk among the workers.

Detachments of police and troops, who maintain a menacing attitude towards the strikers, have failed to break the strike which is reported to be stronger today than ever.

Sympathy for the striking textile workers has spread thru all sections of the Indian working class and is leading to a rapid rise in mass resentment thruout the country. The government has repeatedly evinced alarm at the number of local disturbances which have indicated the growing unrest.

Fear is still expressed by the authorities that the workers on the Indian railroads will walk out in sympathetic strike with the textile workers.

Dictator's Son Travels

PORT OF SPAIN, Trinidad, May 24.—A lavish entertainment has been given by the British governor here to General Jose Vicente Gomez, son of the Venezuelan dictator and former vice-president. Gomez left Venezuela after his father abolished the office of vice president. It was intimated that a disagreement between the two politicians had arisen over the recent disturbances in the country.

Gomez is on his way to Europe.

Honor the Memory of "Big Bill" **Haywood**

Fighter and Revolutionist

Friday Evening,
June 1st, at 8 P. M.

CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE
67th St. and 3rd Ave.

Prominent Speakers.

AUSPICES: WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY, DIST. 2.
Admission 25 Cents.

Jamboree and Carnival
Saturday, June 9th
at STARLIGHT PARK
EAST 177th ST., BRONX

Baseball — *Mass Calisthenics*
Soccer Games — *Track and Field Events*
Swimming Exhibition

All proletarian sport clubs of New York will participate.

Dances given by the children of the Nonpartisan Workers' Schools.

Arranged by the Joint Defense Cloakmakers & Furriers

Ticket 50c. Including dancing and admission to games.

RED WELCOME FEST

Arranged by the Party Members of District 2
in Honor of the Delegates to the
National Nominating Convention
of the
Workers (Communist) Party of America
to be held on
SATURDAY, MAY 26, at 8 P. M.,
at the
WORKERS CENTER, 26-28 Union Square

Reservations must be made in advance. Tickets are $1.50 per plate, and are on sale at 108 East 14th Street and 26-28 Union Square.

WORKERS. CO-OPERATIVE
CAMP Nitgedaiget
BEACON, N. Y.
Is Being Opened TODAY
May 25th
for the
Sixth Summer Season
Opening Celebration June 2
NEW YORK OFFICE:
69 — 5th AVE. Tel. Algonquin 6900.
CAMP TELEPHONE: BEACON 731.

Take an Apartment
in the COOPERATIVE WORKERS COLONY
and become a builder of the COOPERATIVE MOVEMENT!

3rd BLOCK and **4th** BLOCK

COOPERATIVE HOUSES
now being built by the
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Will Be Exempt of City Tax
as soon as the houses will be rented.

The average rent is $11 a month per room.

Come and select a beautiful apartment of either
2, 3 OR 4 ROOMS
With all modern improvements—Opposite Bronx Park.

OFFICE:
69 FIFTH AVENUE
Corner 14th St. TELEPHONE ALGONQUIN 6900-6901-6902 New York, N. Y.
Open every day until 7 P. M. Saturday until 2 P. M.

WORKERS COULD NOT SLEEP BEFORE SENDING AID IF THEY SAW NEW BEDFORD STRIKE NEED

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By mail).—I am enclosing one of the handbills given out by the relief for the strikers in New Bedford. Maybe you can use it? We are still all on strike and will stay on strike until we get our demands. You know, comrade, that if they cut our wages, which are now about $17 a week, by ten percent, we can't live. We would have to move away from here or just die. If all the workers could see what goes on here they could not sleep before they sent us help.

—MEIXOS.

* * *

Editor's Note: The following are some extracts from the handbill from New Bedford. It is issued by the Workers International Relief which is supplying food and clothing to the textile strikers. The address of the Relief is 12 Rodney French Boulevard, New Bedford, Mass.

* * *

Joseph Madeires and wife have nine children, the oldest 16 years, the youngest 7 weeks. This family of eleven has been living on the wages of the father, which were $17.00 before the strike. He was employed as a speed tender in the Potomska Mills.

There are thousands of such families in New Bedford, Mass., where 30,000 textile workers are on strike against a 10% wage-cut, the second one this year.

Since the war there have been four wage-cuts totaling 45% and now another wage-cut is being forced upon these already miserably under-paid workers.

Well known economists estimate that it takes $1,800 a year to keep a family of five in food, clothing and shelter on a very moderate basis. One naturally asks how a family of eleven lives on $17.00 a week, which, when lost days are discounted, amounts to about $950 a year. The answer is that they do not live—they just exist. Their food lacks nourishment, their clothing is poor and mostly rags, altho they weave the finest of cloth. Their housing is unsanitary, overcrowded, without baths, and very poorly furnished. Thus they habitate, existing without joy of life.

Is it any wonder they are on strike? Ten per cent off the present wage means $15.30 a week. Some strikers say, we might just as well drown our children and ourselves as die a slow death by starvation.

We urge you to send us as large a contribution as possible, so that we can bring bread and milk to the children and a little soup to the adults. With your help we can do it.

WORKERS INTERNATIONAL RELIEF FOR
NEW BEDFORD TEXTILE STRIKERS.

Hell Is No Worse Than Working in Steel Mills Is Opinion of Correspondent

BETHLEHEM STEEL WORKERS SLAVES OF BOSS GREED

Labor for Famine Wages at Blazing Furnaces

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BALTIMORE, Md., (By Mail). Sparrows Point, Maryland, where the Bethlehem Steel Co. is located strikes you as an impressive place especially at night. It seems like the so-called HELL. You must cross a large body of water to get on the Sparrows Point, and after you arrive a feeling comes over you that this is another little world of its own that belongs to the Bethlehem Steel Corporation. If you don't believe it, just inquire from the army of company police that is owned by the Bethlehem. Every building, house, theatre, grocery store, hardware store, dry goods store, drug store, garage, fire department, court and even the ten churches belong to the Bethlehem.

Hell.

To get a real impression of Hell move to the center of Sparrows Point and look around within the radius of a mile or two and see all the different departments sending out their fire sky high. The flame and glare from the furnaces illuminate the whole surroundings. Over there is the open hearth dept., where many furances standing in a row under a giant building, are aglow day and night melting the scrap iron, copper and other minerals that go to make steel.

There is the bar mill, where the iron is taken from the solid ingot form and heated and then rolled into bars or slabs. They have a rail mill here that is one of the most modern in the country.

Another giant department that is practically an industry by itself takes bars of iron and with modern machinery makes wire and nails that would astonish the average human. A slight example of one little department in this wire mill where they make nails not more than thirty-five or forty men are engaged in turning out fifteen hundred kegs of nails in ten hours. Machinery does the trick. Ah! The bosses are all smiles when they walk through this department and see a hundred machines running full blast and hardly a man in sight.

4 Blocks Long.

Over there is Tin Mill Junction, a building that has a length of four city blocks. In this building stands forty-eight giant furnaces where iron bars about a half-inch thick and two and a half feet long and a foot wide are placed in the back through a door on a moving platform goes through the furance and after a certain length of time is heated enough to be rolled out to the shape of tin. Each furnace has seven to eight men in front who run the iron through a certain rolling and doubling process until it has assumed the proper gauge tin. The seven men compose a group and get paid according to how much good tin they make. If you step into the tin mill and watch these workers at this job, a thought comes to you that something is wrong in Denmark.

Eight solid hours these men keep at a furious pace hanling red hot bars in front of furnaces that are throwing out an intense heat. The air is stifling. There is so much smoke due to inadequate ventilation that you can hardly see the men on the next furnace. Every man in light under shirts, sweating, dirty, wild eyed rushing, anxious for high tonnage. Real automatoms. The tonnage is fixed by the bosses at such a rate that the most skilled worker on the furnace gets $6 while the others in the group earn from $4.25 to $5.50 for eight hours.

In the olden days when horses were quite common, I saw horses tug at heavy loads, and sweat, but in Bethlehem it is a common sight to see men work as if inhuman, strain, work fast, sweat, swear, and all for a few slices of bread. Some price to pay.

Pipe Mill.

They have a shipyard down here. The blast furnaces down here stand out along the docks where huge scoop shovels reach down and empty a ship in very little time. Here the crude ore is run through a process in the blast furnace, and after melted poured into a ladle and sent right over to the open hearth, melted and poured into the furnace. Compare this method to some mills where they have to buy the pig iron from another company and melt the pig iron in their own furnaces. Here they just take the iron that ordinarily make pig iron and put in the melted form right in the furnace. The pipe mill here turns out thousands of feet of pipe a day. The pipe mill is reputed here for needing less than fifty per cent of men that is ordinarily required in other pipe mills. Then there is the big sheet mill where heavy iron plate is made from the rough bar form. There is a big gas plant here where they make the energy to drive all the machinery and fire for the furnaces. Here is ten or twelve giant industries in itself of the iron family that only 15,000 men are employed in and it would be safe to say that fifteen years ago these same industries without modern machinery such as this place is equipped with would necessitate the employment of 100,000 men.

There are a great number of workers who live in the company-owned houses, while there is also a great mass of workers who come down from Baltimore each day on the street car line. Steel workers don't get up 9 or 10 a. m., like bankers, we get up at 5 a. m., if the on the day shift, in order to get breakfast and take the hour ride down to the mill. Its funny how all of us fall asleep on the car until we hit the Point, then automatically and disregarding the "No Smoking" sign on the car, everybody begins to light up a cigarette as though to nerve themselves for the day's task. This winter the cold winds blew off the bay and sent us scurrying up the long slushy roads to the different departments and we would run to escape the discomfort of the weather, only to step in the mill to enjoy a real discomfort of the clanging of bells, the shrieking of whistles, cranes running up and down overhead with tons of iron on small slings of wire, the heat that radiated from the furnace felt comforting at first but then with the new shift coming on and a warming up started, we were forced to stand in front of the small air pipes that are meant for cooling us off. The shift that finished was happy to leave, but when they left with their sweaty bodies and open pores out in the cold the expression on their face changed. Even the climates are against us. Pneumonia, severe colds and cramps are our lot.

Starvation Pay.

Workers whose duties confine them close to the furnace work eight hours such as in the tin mill, sheet mill and open hearth. It would be the wrong impression, however, to suppose that furnace workers get eight hours because the boss has any particular love for them and it would be wrong to believe that eight hours is the standard here in Bethlehem. Only twenty-five per cent of the men work eight hours while the others work from ten to thirteen hours not counting a half hour extra for lunch. It is a well established fact that the boss would have a greater tonnage daily if they had a four hour shift but this would not be desired by the bosses. Bethlehem figures pay for each man according to the lowest possible amount of money it takes for a man or his family to exist, so in this case if a man were getting four and a half dollars a day for a eight hour day, this would mean for a four hour day he would have to receive the same amount of money in order to exist, and would necessitate the raising of hourly rate or tonnage. Thus you find the eight hour day forced on the worker because of the extremely low wages. These workers on the furnaces would not be making ridiculous demands if they ask for a four or six hour day with more pay.

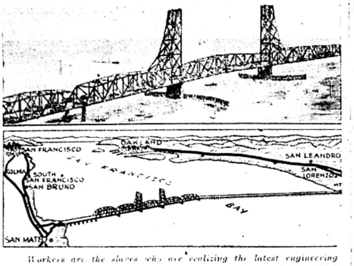
It is interesting how they arrive at the final rate of pay for piece-work. With the introduction of a new machine or some kind of work, a fair standard of pay is set, then in the course of time the bosses with their time clocks and statistics figure out the established high production made possible by inducing the worker to a high speed as a result of pay being placed on each article produced. As the case may be, the worker may be getting $6 or $7 for eight hours. Suppose the production is 200 for eight hours at three and a half cents apiece which makes seven dollars. The boss takes the figure of 200 and tells the worker the pay is now two and a half cents which for 200 would make five dollars. The worker raises his production to 225 making about $5.63 for eight hours. To the scheming boss this is still too much as they figure a man should not earn more than fifty cents an hour on skilled work, so he inaugurates a new scheme and if the worker don't like it, he is told to quit but with the new workers in place, the new standard is set like this ten hours' work at two cents a piece. The older worker who quit was making on an average of 25 an hour. This new man will make 25 or 250 in ten hours for five dollars and with experience raise his production to possibly 300 which makes $6 for ten hours, then the worker finds himself at the mercy of another wage cut to meet with the Bethlehem minimum of $5. Here is already accomplished a low rate of pay as well as a higher standard of production. This is a typical policy instituted in Bethlehem.

Automatons.

Senator Wheeler at on open forum speaking on China, showed much indignation over the terrible conditions that the Chinese coolie must endure and praised America where we have modern civilized methods. Mr. Wheeler would drop this assertion if he should step in Bethlehem and see the human automatons going full speed rolling red hot tin, piece-work, jumping about, piece-work, group piece work, where if one man slackens down, he threatens the bread supply of the whole group and their families. China's coolie system has nothing on the coolie system in Bethlehem under the Coolidge regime.

BETHLEHEM STEEL WORKER.

Where Workers Slave Long Hours At Low Wages



Workers are the slaves who are realizing the latest engineering triumph of American capitalism. The project is the new bridge which when completed will span San Francisco Bay, carrying the road from San Francisco to Hayward in Alameda County. It is repeted to be the longest highway bridge in the world. To finish the job as quickly as possible, the contractors speed up the bridge workers inhumanly. The pictures show two sketches of the projected bridge.

Calls Longshoreman Union Delegate an Official Bookie

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Mr. Frank Madann is the delegate of Local 856 of the International Longshoremen's Association, I. L. A. Of all the delegates he is the most hated by the rank and file.

He is not at all interested in trade unionism. Instead of coming among the longshoremen and trying to organize them into the union, the fellow tries to urge the workers to bet on horse races. On the bets he makes money.

When a worker complains about mistreatment on the job and violation of the union rules, Mr. Frank Madann tells him in plain English, "Keep quiet and go to hell." If you protest you are given a "physical examination" by some strong arm guys.

Some time ago the membership of the Local protested against Madann for his negligence in attending to his functions as a delegate. Madann then made a gesture of attending to his work. He did nothing of the kind, however. Now he is pursuing the same old tactics again.

This will keep on until the longshoremen elect men who are real trade unionists and not bookies in office.

It is about time we did something to kick out Joseph P. Ryan, Madann and the rest of the gang from the union.

—J. O'S AND A. B. S.

PACKING-HOUSE MEN ARE SLAVES IN SIOUX CITY

Have to Lay-off Every Third Day of Speed-up

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, (By Mail)—As a comrade and a worker I will endeavor to describe conditions in Sioux City.

As is to be expected, the packers dominate and run this city. Being the largest employers of labor, they set the wage scale for the rest of the bosses, and you can be sure that it isn't too high. They pay from thirty-seven and one-half cents to forty-two and one-half cents for unskilled labor, and up to seventy-three cents for skilled labor.

The speed-up system here is terrific. In some departments they drive the workers to such an extent that the men have to lay off about every third day as they can't stand the grind.

Whenever they think that any of the men are getting too friendly with one another, they lay off a whole bunch of them, for they are afraid that there might be some labor activity going on on the quiet.

It is very hard to organize inside the packing plant, as there are so many stool-pigeons posted all over. Because of the economic pressure the bosses can put on men with families to support, so many of the men are afraid to attempt to organize. But conditions are ripe for it, for the men are all in a discontented mood and receptive to propaganda.

There ought to be one grand house-cleaning clear down the line from Green to the smallest craft official.

—FENTON.

LABOR PARTY IS ONLY HOPE FOR WORKING CLASS

Tammany Bosses Use Workers as Pawns

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Many workers are under the impression that Tammany Hall will do personal favors for them if they are in good with the Tammany Hall bosses. I, too, was under that impression once. I was once a member of one of the Tammany clubs in New York City. I always voted the democratic ticket. I knew that Tammany wasn't very honest, but still I had hopes that, if I was in good with them, I would some day receive a personal favor.

About two years ago I was unemployed. I tried all over to find a job, but I was unsuccessful. I decided to apply for a city job. I told one of the captains of my district about it, and he told me that he would use his influence in my behalf. After hearing this promise I filed an application for a job in the street cleaning department with the Civil Service Commission.

It is already two years since I was examined and I am still on the waiting list. The politician who promised to use his influence in my behalf did nothing for me. He told me that he was not able to do anything for me because there are too many men on the waiting list for city jobs.

Let my instance be an example to other workers who may expect personal favors from Tammany Hall. The politicians cannot and will not do anything for you. They are not interested in you at all. They are only willing to use you as a tool for their own crooked ends.

I am now in favor of a Labor Party and would support it in the coming election.

—A WORKER.

DRAMA

"The Phantom Lover", Kaiser's New Opus Slated for Broadway

"The Phantom Lover," by George Kaiser, will be seen here early in September. Under the title of "Oktobertag," this latest play of Kaiser's is running successfully in Germany. Kaiser is best remembered in this country as the author of "From Morn to Midnight," which the Theatre Guild presented a few seasons ago.

Jane Barry, who was recently in "Box Seats" at the Little Theatre, has been selected by the Society of Cultural Relations to study for one year at the Meyerhold Theatre, Moscow. Miss Barry will sail for Russia in the fall.

Kathleen Kirkwood, director-producer of "Ten Nights in a Barroom," at Wallack's Theatre is staging her next Triangle production, a revue with music, "Bare Facts of History," which will be presented at her Triangle Theatre the end of June. Adam and Eve, Cleopatra, Mark Antony and others will play important roles. "Uncle Tom's Cabin" is in rehearsal now under Miss Kirkwood's direction and will be offered shortly on Broadway.

The annual convention of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes and Motion Picture Operators will be held in Moose Temple, Detroit, Mich., June 4. A large delegation from New York will attend the meeting. The executive board will meet a week ahead of the opening of the convention.

George White's new "Scandals" is now in rehearsal and will open in Atlantic City June 11. This year's edition was written by the same group that evolved the show a year ago, B. G. De Sylva, Ray Henderson, Lew Brown, William K. Wells and White himself. The revue is due on Broadway late in June.

JANE COWL.

Featured player in "The Road to Rome," Robert Sherwood's comedy which returned to the Playhouse Monday night.

Grim Guns Frolic for Next Imperialist War

HAMPTON ROADS, Va., May 24.—Prepared to hurl 2,100-pound projectiles over a 10-mile sweep of the Atlantic from the dozen black maws of 16-inch Howitzers, the United States Army Coast Defense has inaugurated at the vital entrance to Chesapeake Bay the most elaborate war games ever undertaken on the American continent.

Four 16-inch mortars of the fixed battery at Fort Storey were supplemented in the defensive fire by four 12-inch Howitzers and four 8-inch guns from the Mobile artillery unit at Fort Eustice.

AMUSEMENTS

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play,
Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

ALL THIS WEEK
VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
Week of May 28: "Marco Millions"

KEITH-ALBEE
CAMEO
42nd ST. & B'WAY
WIS 1789
"A Daughter of Israel"
with Betty Blythe
and an International Cast.

48th St. Thea. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
LEONID ANDREYEV'S Masterpiece
THE Waltz of the Dogs

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL
Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

HAMMERSTEIN'S THEATRE
B'way at 53d
Phone Col. 5280
American Premiere
NEXT MONDAY at 8:40
Seats Now
Arthur Hammerstein presents
The Russian Film Classic
'THE END of ST. PETERSBURG'
Music by Herbert Stothart
Russian Choir—Symphony Orchestra
Nights 8:40; 50c to $1.50
Mats. Daily 2:40; 50c to $1, Incl. Tax

"Somebody Else Needs Me!"
—The Daily Worker.

WELCOME DEMONSTRATION
GREET THE DELEGATES
National Nominating Convention
For President of the United States
of the
Workers (Communist) Party of America

SPEAKERS
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER
B. H. LAUDERDALE, Texas
SEN. CHAS. E. TAYLOR, Mont.
SCOTT NEARING, New Jersey
L. FORT-WHITEMAN, Alabama
WM. W. WEINSTONE
STANLEY CLARK, Oklahoma
BEN GITLOW
BEN GOLD
JAMES P. CANNON
WM. F. PATTON, Iowa
ANITA C. WHITNEY, Calif.
TOM RUSHTON, Michigan
SCOTT WILKINS, Ohio
H. ZAM, Young Workers League
JAY LOVESTONE, Chairman.

MECCA TEMPLE, 133 West 55th St., New York
TONIGHT
Music by Hungarian Workers Symphony Society. Admission 50 cents.

"See Russia for Yourself"
TOURS to
SOVIET RUSSIA
THIS SUMMER
(Free Vises—Extensions arranged for to visit any part of U. S. S. R.)
July 6 "CARONIA"
July 9 "AQUITANIA"
On Comfortable CUNARD Steamships
$450 and up.
VIA: LONDON HELSINGFORS
10 DAYS of Interesting Sightseeing Trips in Moscow—Leningrad
RETURN: WARSAW BERLIN - PARIS
WORLD TOURISTS, INC.
(Agents for OFFICIAL TRAVELBURO of SOVIET GOV.)
69 Fifth Ave., New York City Tel.: Algonquin 6900

Charge Commissioner Higgins Stalls for Time in Street Cleaning "Probe"

CHARGE TAMMANY MAN PROTECTING ACCUSED IN GRAFT

"Investigation" Is Put Off by Official

Deliberate stalling for time in order to permit those chiefly responsible for the $200,000,000 street cleaning graft either to escape or to prepare their alibis was yesterday charged against Commissioner of Accounts Higgins, who is conducting the so-called investigation.

Shield Tammanyites.

Postponement of the investigation which was to have begun yesterday was ordered by Higgins, who is believed to be trying to shield the guilty henchmen on the ground that two material witnesses who had been subpoenaed to the hearing did not appear. One of them, Frank C. Gannon, suspended superintendent of the Brooklyn department, has been missing since Monday.

Gannon, whose department contained at least 3,000 fictitious names with a probability that the graft there totaled many millions yearly, telephoned to Higgins that he would appear this morning, according to a statement by Higgins. Some doubt was expressed of the identity of the person who had phoned, by those who earlier had charged that Higgins, one of the old Tammany guard, is shielding his cronies.

The second who failed to appear is Gannon's brother-in-law, Edward Yunker, an employe in a department store who is said to have been complicated.

Higgins admitted that he had examined both witnesses previously but would not state what he had learned. Revelations thus far have indicated that millions of dollars yearly have gone in graft to Tammany henchmen and that many officials "higher-up" have shared in the loot. Recently Mayor Jimmie Walker denied that he has profited from it by declaring: "I am not a thief."

CHICAGO PLANS MINERS' RELIEF

Big Week Drive to Begin Saturday

(Special To The Daily Worker)

CHICAGO, Ill., May 24.—To ring every worker's doorbell in Chicago and request help for the striking miners from every worker resident in the city is the object of a week's drive for miners' relief being staged by the National Conference for Miners' Relief here. The week set aside at a recent conference of labor and fraternal organizations is May 27th to June 4th.

At conferences of foreign language speaking and fraternal organizations, the most active and enthusiastic delegates were chosen as captains for definite districts comprising five blocks. During the week these captains will get the aid of volunteers each of whom will undertake to call on every house in a specific block.

In this way it is planned to cover workingclass sections of the city on behalf of the starving miners and their destitute families. In previous efforts not nearly as well organized a large amount of sympathy was revealed among workers for the miners and their fight.

NEW HAMPSHIRE PLANS A PICNIC

MANCHESTER, N. H., May 24.—Five units of the Young Workers (Communist) League of New Hampshire are planning a big picnic to be held some time in June either at Penacook or at some other place to be announced soon.

The Young Workers League of Gardener, Mass., will also participate in this affair, which is expected to be the best summer affair that the league has ever held.

MAY DAY GREETING
from the
WORKINGMEN'S
SICK BENEFIT
BRANCH NO. 37.
Detroit, Mich.

Fascist Imperialists Take Black Flag to North Pole

The dirigible Italia, shown in the picture, carrying General Umberto Nobile, Mussolini's flying delegate to the Arctic, over the north pole. The fascists took along with them a specially blessed cross which they claim to have dropped precisely on the top of the world. The episode astonished a number of polar bears, who have been so long outside the pale of Rome that the significance of the event was impaired for them.

ATTACK OUSTING OF SOL AUERBACH

Nearing to Speak at Protest Meeting

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 24.—Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, has issued the following statement on the recent dismissal of Sol Auerbach, instructor of logic, ethics, and esthetics, from the University of Pennsylvania:

"It has been mentioned that the reason for the dismissal of Auerbach from the U. of P. was that he spoke at a meeting supposedly under the auspices of the Communists and that a Communist spoke at the meeting. I wish to deny that the meeting was held under the auspices of any Communist organization, while it is true that I, as a Communist, spoke at the meeting. I accepted the invitation of the Student Delegation to Soviet Russia to speak at the meeting because I was interested to help as the proceeds went for the relief of the striking miners.

"The fact that the professors are trying to hide the real issues for expelling Auerbach is another example of academic hypocrisy.

"The University of Pennsylvania is largely supported by the endowments of financiers, bankers and capitalists who gain their money by exploiting the workers. It is therefore no wonder that they try to suppress any favorable information concerning Russia where the workers have done away with the rule of capitalists. It is no accident that, at this time, steps have been taken in several universities and colleges to crush ideas that may be in the interest of the workers or against the military scheme of Wall Street. I refer to such celebrated cases as the expulsion of students from the College of the City of N. Y for their stand against militarism.

"The Young Workers (Communist) League will do all in its power to develop a broad movement of protest against this case. Dr. Scott Nearing who, like Sol Auerbach, was expelled from the U. of P. because of his radical ideas, was also charged with a petty technicality. We will arrange a protest meeting at which Dr. Scott Nearing will speak.

"(Signed) Clarence Miller."

POSTPONE CONGRESS CLOSING

WASHINGTON, May 24.—In the face of senate filibusters against the Boulder Dam and Muscle Shoals bills and a top-heavy legislative calendar administration leaders have tentatively postponed the date for adjourning congress from Saturday night to Tuesday, May 29.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

* * *

Chicago Needle Workers.

CHICAGO, Ill.—A supper and entertainment will be given by the Chicago Needle Workers on May 26, at 7 P. M., in the Workers Tea Room, 2021 West Division St.

* * *

Detroit League Dance.

DETROIT.—A banquet and dance to celebrate the 6th anniversary of the organization of the Young Workers' Communist League will be held on May 26, at 8 P. M. at the Labor Temple, 9179 Delmar Ave.

* * *

Chicago Russian Workers.

CHICAGO.—The White Russian Society will hold a meeting May 31 in the Shoenhofer Hall, Milwaukee and Ashland Aves., at 8 P. M.

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

District 15—Y. W. L. Anniversary.

The sixth anniversary of the existence of the Young Workers' Communist League will be celebrated in District 15 in the following halls and on the following dates:

Bridgeport—211 Spruce St., May 25th.
New Haven—38 Howe St., May 26th.
Hartford—2003 Main St., June 2.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Philadelphia Daily Worker Affair.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—There will be a grand concert for the benefit of The DAILY WORKER on May 26, at 8 P. M. at 1208 Tasker St. A fine program will be presented under the auspices of Branch A, Section 1 of the W. C. P.

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

* * *

Youngstown Dance.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio. — The Young Workers' League will hold a concert and dance here May 27. All organizations are requested to keep this date open.

* * *

Cleveland House-Warming.

CLEVELAND.—The Cleveland local of the Workers (Communist) Party will celebrate the opening of their new headquarters at 2046 E. 4th St., with an entertainment and general get-together on Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m.

* * *

Chicago Labor Picnic.

CHICAGO. — The Chicago section, Trade Union Educational League, will hold a picnic May 30 at Viall's Grove.

* * *

Milwaukee Youth Dance.

MILWAUKEE.—The first joint concert and dance of the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers of Milwaukee will be held at the Freie Gemeinde Hall, 8th and Walnut Street on Sunday afternoon and evening, May 27.

* * *

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Baltimore, Md., June 1, Washington, D. C., June 2; Richmond, Va., June 3; Norfolk, Va., June 4; Wilmington, Del., June 5; Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8, Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12, Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa., Carbondale, Pa.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Friday, May 25, Toronto, Ont., Canada.
Saturday, May 26, Rochester, N. Y., Labor Lyceum, 580 St. Paul St.
Wednesday, May 30, Springfield, Mass., Liberty Hall, 592 Dwight St.
Thursday, May 31, Providence, R. I., A. C. A. Hall, 1753 Westminster St.
Friday, June 1, Boston, Paine Memorial.
Saturday, June 2, Peabody, Mass., Finnish Hall, 67 Freemont St.
Sunday, June 3, Allston (Boston), Mass., 521 Cambridge St.
Monday, June 4, Haverhill, Mass.
Tuesday, June 5, Stamford, Conn.
Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.
Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.
Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.
Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June [illegible], Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7.30 P. M.
Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

Fall Kills Negro

Eugene Anderson, 45 years old, a Negro, of 514 West 39th St., died in Polyclinic Hospital yesterday shortly after he fell from a window on the fourth floor of the Times Square Hotel, 8th Ave. and 43rd St., where he was employed as a window cleaner.

OFFICIALS GO REPUBLICAN.

BOSTON, May 24 (FP).—Central Labor Union has approved a resolution from the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union calling for a higher tariff to keep out foreign-made shoes.

TEACHERS' UNION FIGHTING YELLOW DOG IN SEATTLE

School Board Head Is Afraid of Labor

SEATTLE, Wash., May 24. — Injunction proceedings has been instituted by the Teachers' Union of Seattle against the Board of Education to restrain the board from imposing the "Yellow Dog" contract on the union high school teachers. Vanderveer who defended the Centralia victims in 1919 is the attorney for the union. The first move of the School Board has been an attempt to throw the case out of the court on the ground that "the remedy for the situation is the polls and not the courts."

Like Any Other Boss.

Using the typical open shop arguments of the steel trust or the coal corporations the School Board maintained its right to deal with its teachers as any private employer with his workers. If the "people do not like it, they can elect a new Board of Education." Under rigid cross-examination the spokesman for the School Board was forced to admit that the Board considered the teachers' affiliation with organized labor dangerous to the schools and that this danger was particularly evident in the power of labor in the political field. The School Board does not want its policies to be "dominated by labor." While admitting that at least 60 per cent of the children in the Seattle schools came from workers families, he stated there is not a single member on the School Board representing organized labor. He held it justifiable for the Chamber of Commerce to determine the policies of the board, but dangerous for the union to do so.

Union President Speaks.

The president of the union spoke for the teachers, pointing out that the union was formed after years of effort for the improvement of working conditions thru the High School Teachers' League had availed them nothing. The League is a company union approved by the School Board. It admits as members school principals and teachers having rating power thus exerting pressure on the teachers and preventing them from discussing freely and openly their complaints against the school policies. The president of the union failed to state fully the aims and purposes of the teachers' union, and militants in the union were bitterly opposed to the policy of caution and hesitancy which he adopted thruout the cross-examination. Fear of losing their jobs has gripped many of the leaders of the union who will necessarily be discriminated against if the union should take an aggressive stand.

On the witness stand Dave Levine, President of the Central Labor Council testified to the lack of authority on the part of the A. F. of L. and central bodies to call a strike. Whatever militancy exists in the teachers' union to carry on the fight to a finish is being destroyed by the Central Labor Council which prefers backstairs maneuvering, vote bribery and other such sordid bargaining with the politicians to gain their end.

North Chicago Active In Miners' Relief

WAUKEGAN, Ill., May 24.—Relief work for the striking miners in North Chicago and Waukegan is gathering momentum.

Two adult conferences and one youth conference have been held thus far at which plans have been made for organizing the work on efficient basis. Sub-committees have been appointed to carry on various activities for relief purposes.

The conferences have made plans to hold a gigantic picnic on July 8th. The picnic will be held at the grounds maintained by the Waukegan Finnish Workers' Club six miles west of the city.

Both the youth and the adult conferences have resolved to work together on all major activities thus avoiding the duplication of work in the community.

Show "Mechanics of Brain", Sovkino Film

Prof. John B. Watson, leader of the behaviorist school of modern psychologists, lectured last night at Town Hall, at the showing of a motion picture directed by himself, which dealt with the cause and cure of fear in children. The film illustrated several of the radical principles which Watson incoroporated in his recently published book on the psychological care of children.

Another feature of the program, which was arranged by the American Society for Cultural Relations with Russia, was a showing of the Russian film, "Mechanics of the Brain," which was made in the laboratories of Prof. Ivan Pavlov, world-famous psychologist.

SAN FRANCISCO WORKERS SCHOOL NOW ORGANIZED

Classes to Continue Ten Weeks

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24. — A Workers School has been organized in San Francisco. Its slogan is "Education for the Class Struggle." The establishment of this school is part of a nation-wide movement for the establishment of schools for and by the workers themselves. They are the educational expression in the struggle against the false and dangerous teachings of "class peace" of the reactionary labor leaders and the leaders of the socialist party, according to the organizers.

The school is scheduled to open this week at 1212 Market St. William Schneiderman is secretary.

Following is a schedule of classes:

Adv. Eng., Mon. & Wed., 7.30-9, instructor, Alex Tanna; Public Speaking, Friday, 7.30-9, instructor, W. Schneiderman; History of the Trade Union Movement, Tues., 9-10.15, instructor, J. G. Manus; Workingclass Organization—Function & Structure Mon., 7.30-9, instructor, E. Levin; Ele. Eng., Tues. & Thurs., 7.30-9, instructor, Minnie Carson; Social & Political Forces in American History, Wed., 9-10.15, instructor, E. Ettlinger; Elements of Political Education, Mon. 9-10.15, instructor, Schneiderman.

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"DAILY WORKER"
Saturday, May 26th, 1928
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1208 TASKER STREET
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STRIKING MINERS' RELIEF
Wicker Park Auditorium
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Tickets in Advance 35c, at door 50c.
AUSPICES NATIONAL MINERS RELIEF COMMITTEE.

JUNE NUMBER of the
COMMUNIST
Contents:
A Programme of Action for America—*by John Pepper.*
The Labor Movement in America—*by Frederick Engels.*
The Mining Crisis Deepens—*by Wm. Z. Foster.*
The Economics of American Agriculture—*Richman.*
The Youth Movement and Six Years of the Young Workers League—*by Herbert Zam.*
De Leonism and Communism—*by Karl Reeve.*
BOOK REVIEWS.
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
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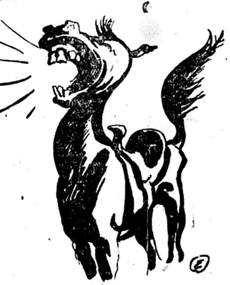
To Silver Lake, Mass.
Arranged by DAILY WORKER
BUILDERS CLUB
Good Time *Refreshments*
Trucks leave 38 Causeway Street, Boston and New International Hall, 42 Wenonah Street, Roxbury, at 10 o'clock sharp.
Ticket One Dollar.



Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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Editor.............................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Welcome, Red Delegates!

The red flag of Communism flies tonight for the first time above a national convention called for the purpose of nominating candidates for president and vice-president of the United States and for launching a national election campaign. Far be it from us to assert that this is the first Communist Party convention, for there have been many and stormy Communist conventions in the United States in the past eight and a half years—but this is the first which is called for the specific purpose of putting the revolutionary party full speed into the parliamentary struggle.

Only six years ago the Communist Party convention held in Michigan was raided resulting in wholesale arrests followed by a series of criminal trials in which the only charge was that of "assembling," in connection with the Communist aims. The Communist Party today is an incomparably stronger, a better organized and a more thoroughly trained revolutionary organization, and is vastly more active and influential in the class struggle in the United States than it was six years ago when a solemn judge declared that its existence could not be permitted and that its leaders could not be allowed at large. Our revolutionary party has thrived on persecution.

Today's opening of the convention marks an epoch for the Communist Party of America. Not only in its increased participation in election campaigns, but because at the same time it has become a power in the trade-union struggles which it is learning how to link up with the parliamentary and other political struggles. If in 1922 the infamous Harry Daugherty as U. S. attorney general instigated the prosecutions of the Party out of fear that it would inevitably find its place at the head of big struggles such as the coal and railroad strikes of that time,—in 1928 it is true that the Communist Party is playing a leading role in mass strikes and is, in fact, the only force that now offers the workers any leadership in the struggle against the employing class. In the tremendous struggle of the coal miners, the textile workers, the needle trades workers, for the right to live and to organize, in the resistance of workers in this country against the bloody imperialism in Nicaragua and China, in resistance to the open shop offensive and the police alliance of socialist party bureaucrats and trade union misleaders,—it is the Workers Communist Party which alone always and invariably is recognized at the forefront of the workers' fighting line. Many times more severe struggles will be met by our Party in the future; many more solemn judges will pronounce it illegal in strenuous times to come, many the tragic repressions and sufferings,—but the Communist Party is nevertheless on the road to becoming a mass party and the recognized leader of all the struggles of the American working class.

Our brother Communist Parties have only in the last few days made splendid records of revolutionary working-class participation in the sham elections of bourgeois "democracy" in Poland, France and Germany.

Their eyes are now upon us.

Let us so conduct a revolutionary campaign in 1928 as to make them proud of our common membership in the Communist International. Not with illusions in regard to capitalist elections, but to utilize these election campaigns for the mobilization and development of the American workers revolutionary movement.

Railway Workers Suffer Lay-Offs

CHICAGO, May 24.—The downward trend of railroad employment continued in February, according to the interstate commerce commission. Its monthly report shows that in one year, more than 112,000 railroad workers lost their jobs and 175,184 who were on the payrolls in 1923 have been forced to look elsewhere for a livelihood.

Chart Shows Cuts.

The railroad wage total for February was $221,813,084, compared with $228,171,570 in February 1927. The decline of 2.8% in wages is almost exactly equal to the decline of 2.7% in total railway revenue. Wages are absorbing about the same proportion of the railroad dollar as a year ago.

The average railroad wage for February was $138 compared with $133 in February 1927, the difference being largely accounted for by the day added by leap year. For workers paid on an hourly basis the monthly averages were $131 this year and $125 in February 1927.

The report contains a chart tracing the changes since 1916 in the wages of freight engineers, firemen, conductors and brakemen as a group per 1,000 ton-miles of freight handled. This chart shows graphically how the railroads have cut the wage cost of traffic in spite of the wage rates these employes have been able to maintain.

Shopmen Hit.

Reductions in force compared with a year ago as usual bore down most heavily on the shopmen, their numbers having been reduced 42,723 to a level 116,423 short of February 1923. The number of train and engine men has been reduced 23,560 to a level 36,157 below February 1923. Reductions in other departments compared with February 1927 are maintenance of way cut 24,064, clerks 11,059 and miscellaneous employes in the transportation department 10,752.

Operating statistics issued by the commission indicate that the lay-offs in the maintenance of equipment department have not been made at the expense of the cars and locomotives. Apparently the remaining employes are speeded up. In February 5.9% of the freight cars were reported in bad order compared with 5.7% in February 1927. The percentage of locomotives in unserviceable condition was 16.5%, compared with 16.8% a year ago.

Some of the leading railroads, however, show a decided change for the worse, the percentage of bad order locomotives mounting to unwarranted figures. This is especially noticeable in the New York Central system and the Baltimore & Ohio figures.

To be in good shape railroads should have not more than 15% of their locomotives and 4% of their freight cars on the sick list. The non-union Pennsylvania reports 12.7% of its engines and 6.2% of its freight cars in need of repair.

• • •

WASHINGTON, (FP) May 23.—Employes who demanded a wage adjustment from the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railroad and whose claim was put up to the first "advisory board" ever appointed under the terms of the Watson-Parker rail labor mediation law, have lost out. The special board, appointed by President Coolidge, has reported that the slight raise offered by the company is all that the road can now afford to pay. For a substantial raise in keeping with the increased cost of living since their pay was last adjusted, the employes are expected to "wait and hope."

The White House attitude on this decision is that if the workers are not satisfied with a microscopic increase in pay, there is not much use in trying to please them in the future.

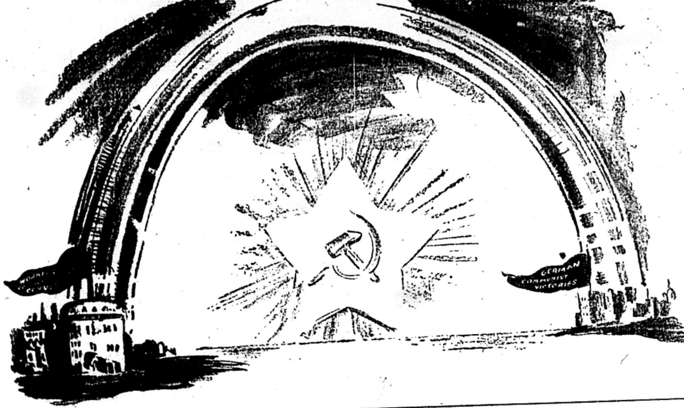
1 Killed, 3 Near Death In Factory Explosion

AUBURN, N. Y., May 24. — Marion Dessie, 15, was burned to death and Rose Zucchero, 16, and Frank Catalano, 39, are near death as the result of an explosion and fire which destroyed the plant of the Auburn Fireworks Company, near here. The chances for the recovery of Rose Zucchero are slight, physicians said.

The blast was caused by a spark which fell into powder where the girls were working. This might never have happened had the company installed a necessary partition in the factory, workers said.

THE ARCH OF TRIUMPH

By Fred Ellis



Illinois Miners to Fight Fishwick to the End

By ARNE SWABECK

What was once the proud backbone of the United Mine Workers of America, the Illinois District, is now being ground to pieces between the cunning policy of attacks of the operators and the sell-out of the union officials.

Fishwick Backs Operators

Moreover the Fishwick administration by its dealings with the operators has conceded point after point of gains won thru battles of the past. The result of its treason has been to eliminate any respect which it once may have enjoyed amongst the rank and file. Its own machine powers have been broken down. It has now the operators only to depend upon to come to its rescue. The latter have been willing, and in an effort to stop the rank and file opposition movement, on April first changed their policy and rapidly re-opened many large mines for operation but alas, after a few days of work, there were jobs only for a small force.

The mine bosses appearing at the shaft, picking those who were permitted to work, eliminated all who had shown themselves good union men.

From company unionism to complete union destruction is now the road laid out for the Illinois miners. The former is already taking place, but to the operators this means only a make-shift until they can proceed to the next step. That is, unless the rank and file opposition prevents this, to attempt to crush this opposition is the task the operators have assigned to their tools, the Fishwick administration.

Save-Union Forces Gain.

The situation would be a hopeless one indeed without the militant opposition to this treason represented by the Save-the-Union Movement. Undoubtedly, this movement is gaining despite the lack of available forces, and the fact that the union machinery is in the hands of the enemy.

The first inevitable results of the treasonable policy of separate agreements are now showing themselves. Its ultimate result must be wage cuts, and union destruction has long been acknowledged.

Result of Separate Agreements

The first results are that several local unions have themselves on their own hook signed separate agreements involving wage cuts. The Fishwick administration condemns these actions by the local unions and lifts their charter, while it tries to justify its own separate agreements which are in no way different. All the separate agreements signed give no protection whatever to working conditions. Men working on tonnage rate are compelled to clean out their own dead work lay their own tracks, etc. This is indirectly a wage cut.

Seven local unions in the north where the mines are small and the coal vein not very deep, fell into the trap of the separate agreement policy and made their own settlement on the basis of a wage cut, below the Jacksonville scale. The proceeded to form a new union, for which the state of Illinois most readily granted a charter.

In the heart of the southern field local union No. 959 also fell into the trap and signed its own agreement as proposed by the mine superintendent appearing at the local meeting providing for a wage cut to 9 cents per ton for machine runners or a flat rate of $10.07 a day. The revoking of the charters by the Fishwick administration is a maneuver to throw dust in the eyes of the coal miners, and shield its own policies. These local unions made a serious mistake, yet they did precisely what had been done by the district officials before. The whole separate agreement policy is responsible.

Prior to April First W. J. Jenkins, the president of the Illinois Coal Operators Association, referred to John L. Lewis as having promised wage cuts. In a statement issued he said that Lewis had given, "definite promise that he would take it upon himself to guarantee that Illinois would secure needed relief by April first." The relief sought by the operators was the wage reduction.

Miners Rebel.

Open rebellion has been the answer by the miners in many instances to the now unvariable conditions in the state, particularly those created by the contract for loading machines, conveyors, and other mechanical devices. Unemployment has increased, the speed-up has increased thru complete lack of working regulation. In DuQuoin the men struck against it and were literally forced back to work. Numerous resolutions of protest have been adopted by the local unions, some petitioning for special convention to rectify this evil. The DuQuoin locals have begun petitioning for special conventions to abolish all sub-district officials who to them appear perfect parasites.

In this situation of chaos, confusion, and betrayal, the corrupt officials in a last effort to stem the tide of opposition are resorting to an intensification of their celebrated policy of expulsions. To the many victims of the past have been added those who signed the special convention call for Belleville, May 19th, some having been expelled for 99 years.

However, in this respect also the machine power is broken down. It has become a myth. Those cited for expulsion refused to appear before the district court, and the following answer made by the old fighter of Belleville, Luke Coffey to this summons is typical.

"Walter Nesbit
United Mine Workers of America
Springfield, Ill.
Gentlemen:

"Received your document. It appears to me that your henchmen and stoolpigeons of local 4638 would proceed along the line of the constitution and prefer charges against me in my local union.

"I realize that appearing before this board would be like going to law with the devil and holding court in hell."

The task of the Save-the-Union movement is made so much more difficult by this terrible wreckage of the once so proud backbone of the United Mine Workers of America. Knowing however, that it presents the only remedy for this dismal situation of chaos, confusion, and betrayal it is proceeding undaunted to perform its task.

Buffalo "Prosperous," Open Shop City of Low Wages

By SCOTT NEARING.

OUR train pulls into the Lehigh Valley station at six o'clock in the morning,—into Buffalo, Queen City of the Lakes; the Buffalo of the Lackawanna Steel Co., and of the machine tool industry; the Buffalo of more than 500,000 human beings; the great, prosperous, open-shop, low-wage city that stands guardian over the capitalism of Western New York State.

Rain.

The streets are muddy.

The air steams.

We adjust our bags and prepare to walk one block on Main Street and three blocks along Exchange Street for the train connection.

We push open the station doors and step on the Main Street pavement.

What a sight!

As though a high wind had scattered an ash dump across the wide street; scattered tin cans, waste paper, barrel hoops, packing boxes, broken bed-springs, wrecked auto bodies.

But the rubbish on Main Street is from a human dump.

Unemployment.

The street is filled with men, waiting for the employment offices to open,—more than 150 of them within the block. Black men and white men: Central Europeans, Irish, Italians, Mexicans, Americans. The slaves lined up on the slave market of Buffalo,—job seekers in a city where tens of thousands already are unemployed.

The numbers of men increases as the doors of flop-houses open to disgorge their lodgers,—bleary-eyed; unwashed; unshaven; hungry.

One man stops in front of us. He is jocular. Evidently he has already had a drink or two.

"What do you say, friend?" he asks. "Will you stake me?"

"What is it you want, food?"

"Just that! I've got a piece of bread. All I need is a bit of boloney."

The man is dressed in blue overalls, with broken shoes. He is gaunt, haggard. Perhaps it is hunger; perhaps it is booze. One thing certain: a good home, a good job, a good diet, good friends and good books do not carve lines like that on a man's face.

"Well," he insists, "will you risk it? What do you say?"

All about there are other men, watching, speculating. Some of them are bums. Others are workers, broken from their families, who have been out of a job and down on their luck for months.

Frightful! This human scrap-pile along the Buffalo slave-market.

We walk the grimy street, beside the squalid buildings whose chalked windows and announcement boards tell of "shipments;" "field hands;" "helpers" wanted at poverty's own wage.

So this is Buffalo! this the rich, prosperous America! the world's greatest capitalist empire, beginning to hit the down-grade, economically, as Britain hit the down-grade more than thirty years ago.

The wreckage on this scrap-pile was once alive. Before the profit system smashed them, they were men. On its fertile soil, with its place in the Great Lakes chain, it would be possible to replace Buffalo by a beautiful city, filled with healthy, happy workers and their families.

On your toes, militants! To the task, builders of a great future. The "system" is rotten ripe for change!

REPORT SHOWS U.S.S.R. UNIONS IN LEAD

By LELAND OLDS.
(Federated Press).

The Soviet Union and China today account for a third of the world's army of trade unionists. They are the only countries in which organized labor appears actively on the upgrade. This is the story told by the Canadian department of labor in its annual survey of trade union membership throughout the world.

The gains in trade union membership in the U. S. S. R. and China between 1926 and 1927 more than offset losses in trade union strength in other parts of the world and they were chiefly responsible for the gain of nearly 2,000,000 in the total number of trade unionists. Trade unionism once flourished chiefly in western Europe and the United States. The center of gravity appears to be shifting toward eastern Europe and the Pacific.

Soviet Russia Leads.

The aggregate organized workers at the close of 1927 in the 47 countries covered by the report numbered 40,355,764. At the close of 1926 the figure was 38,388,956. At the end of 1922 the world total was 44,136,355. Conditions in Germany, Austria, Poland, Czechoslovakia and Spain were responsible for the shrinkage which even the great gains in Soviet Russia and China could not make good.

Soviet Russia leads with 10,000,000 trade unionists, just about 25% of the world total. This marks a gain of more than 2,000,000 over the previous year and of more than 3,000,000 in the last 5 years. Great Britain has the second largest contingent of the trade union army with a 1927 total of 5,531,000. The United States ranks fourth.

Losses and Gains.

Trade union figures for 16 countries as reported by the Canadian department of labor for the end of 1922 and 1927 are:

Trade union membership	1922	1927
Australia	700,000	800,000
Austria	1,128,054	756,392
Belgium	920,000	726,126
China	300,000	3,000,000
Czechoslovakia	2,000,000	1,379,779
France	1,406,748	1,068,046
Germany	12,595,947	5,077,309
Great Britain	5,128,648	5,531,000
Holland	664,048	517,914
Italy	2,099,900	2,234,520
Mexico	710,000	838,000
Poland	822,777	539,089
Russia	6,857,000	10,000,000
Spain	1,305,113	453,378
Sweden	381,018	436,812
United States	4,152,592	4,045,736

Eyes on the East.

Other countries with more than 100,000 trade unionists at the end of 1927 are: Argentine 120,000; Brazil 104,000; Canada 290,282; Chile 162,000; Cuba 100,000; Denmark 274,428; Hungary 267,885; India 195,000; Ireland 148,501; Japan 235,000, and Switzerland 261,713. Latin America as a whole reported 1,352,000 organized workers.

Including Soviet Russia and the United States, countries bordering on the Pacific Ocean have about 20,000,000 trade unionists, nearly half of the world total. Because of the increasing competition from low-wage areas all the organized workers throughout the the organized workers throughout the world are fundamentally interested in the ability of workers in Asia and Africa to organize and raise their living standards.

VICTIMS OF AIR DOPE.

SANDUSKY, O., May 24.—Walter Anderson, 26, professional aviator of Richmond, Ind., was burned to death and Benjamin Buser, 17, student, of Sandusky, is in a serious condition at Good Samaritan Hospital here, the result of an airplane crash at Sandusky airport.

HANdOuTS

IT is rumored that Secretary of State Kellogg will get the Nobel prize for promoting international peace.

We suggest awards to a number of other benefactors of humanity:

Morris Hillquit, for the self-sacrificing spirit which he has displayed in mulcting fat fees from labor unions.

Mrs. Knapp, for honesty in office.

Mayor Walker, for services rendered to several million straphangers.

Calvin Coolidge for the fearless and courageous manner in which he has exposed the predatory interests of Wall Street.

Andy Mellon, for exposing Harry Sinclair's contributions to the republican campaign fund.

• • •

SOL AUERBACH, 21-year old instructor at the University of Pennsylvania has been fired for advocating the recognition of the Soviet Union. The authorities told him that "it was felt incompatible for a teacher in the department to take a stand publicly on a public question." We hereby suggest that Nicholas Miraculous Butler be canned from Columbia for advocating publicly the repeal of the Prohibition amendment.

• • •

THAT horse fair of braying mules, euphemistically referred to as congress, is shown with lantern-slide vividness in an endearing scene by the publication of the following item in the Washington News, Scripps-Howard tabloid: "This newspaper proposes, from this time forward, to publish as news the appearance on du of any so-called dry member of the house or senate in an obviously intoxicated condition . . . When a fire-eating prohibitionist wanders aimlessly about the senate chamber during the discussion of important business and finally interrupts to ask the presiding officer, 'Whass bizness before house?' or when a similar exponent of the Volstead act has to hang hard to the edge of his desk while his legs weave unsteadily under him as he attempts to make a speech, or when a champion of the 18th amendment relapses from maudlin inattention into snoring sleep in the midst of a senate session, the News will undertake to make his condition clear to its readers."

• • •

No sooner had the above announcement appeared than Senator Caraway of Arkansas flew into a rage, grew white about the mouth and demanded that the News print names. The News thereupon burst forth in its true capitalist colors by remaining silent. On account of the libel laws it cannot be said that Senator Caraway was ever drunk. It has been noted, however, that Senator Caraway wanders absent-mindedly about the house while it is in session, that his line of progress is not the shortest distance between two points and that he has been known to interrupt the presiding officer in order to be better informed as to what is going on. It is also indisputable that he comes from Arkansas.

• • •

THE righteous members of congress are quite irritated at their tactless brothers. These dignified people who have sufficient sense of morality to do their illegal drinking in their paramours' apartments scorn those who drink ostentatiously. Any respectable shyster despises the man who performs with a lead pipe. Congress is irritated. What august body busily engaged in the important business of dividing the loot of a nation wants its attention distracted by silly roysterers?

• • •

Vetoes Farm Bill

CALVIN COOLIDGE

The Vermont Kewpie Cal Coolidge has been squeezed in the stomach again by big capital and emitted a veto of the McNary-Haugen farm bill. The man who usually writes Cal's speeches for him is on a vacation and so the style of this one is as unrecognizable as the stomach of the fat man in the reducing ads. Of course it's common knowledge around the white house that the president never does anything for himself any more except sleep at home and expectorate. In fact the above is a recent photograph of Coolidge posed for him by a friend.

• • •

Abe Cahan, the proletarian editor of the Jewish Daily (Yellow) Forward, has decided to ask for a raise. His present salary of $350 a week and expenses puts him in a class with a cheap A. F. of L. labor leader, Cahan is said to complain.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE
UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1928

COMMUNIST NOMINATING CONVENTION OPENS IN N. Y.

CLOAK SHOPS ARE ALREADY PICKING REPRESENTATIVES

Cooper Union Mass Meet Monday Evening

Outstanding among the numerous events that can be recorded and that show the rapid mobilization of the masses of workers in the ladies' garment industry for the re-unionization of the trade by the National Organizing Committee are, first, the big conferences of shop representatives scheduled for next Saturday, and second, the mass meeting in Cooper Union which the Tolerance Group is calling for Monday evening, immediatly after work.

The headquarters of the National Organizing Committee announces that many shops have already sent in notification of the fact that their delegates to the conference have already been chosen and many more will pick representatives early next week. The New York drive for the regaining of union conditions in the shops will be officially begun at this conference. Similar gatherings of shop delegates conferences are being arranged for other cities.

Cooper Union Meet.

The detailed plans for the inauguration of a campaign to rebuild the union and rid the trade of the Sigman bureaucracy which have been worked out by the N. O. C. will at this conference be transformed into action.

All preparations for the mass meeting in Cooper Union, which the Tolerance Group called when they severed relations with the Sigman union, of which they were functionaries, are completed, it was learned from the leaders of that group. This meeting, called especially for the reregistered workers, is to hear the reasons for the groups' affiliation with the National Organizing Committee.

* * *

Philadelphia Meeting.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25.—Discussion by the membership of the accomplishments of the fake convention in Boston was prevented by Sigman's vice-president, Reisberg, at a meeting of Local 5 here several days ago.

After Reissberg's report was delivered, the membership demanded discussion. This was immediately met by Reisberg's announcement that he would not allow a discussion from the floor, in spite of the protests of the entire attendance. Reisberg's report consisted of statements that the fake convention had created 2 more vice-presidents and emphasizing the importance of the membership's paying the 3 day tax also decided upon there.

FASCIST TERROR BRINGS OUTBREAK

Austrian Students Hold Demonstration

MUNICH, Bavaria, May 25.—Bayonets of the Austrian guard dispersed a crowd of men and women demonstrating against the Italian consulate in Innsbruck, according to despatches from that city.

The attack by the guards follow the trampling of the Italian flag the Italian consulate building in Innsbruck by Austrian students. Innsbruck authorities believed that the incident had been closed locally by the enforced salute of the flag by members of the Austrian guard.

The salute, however, brought on a new outbreak when the crowd which attempted to force its way into the city hall where the mayor had posted a bulletin stating that trampling of the flag was "senseless." Only the bayonets of the soldiers kept the masses at bay.

The outbreak is the result of the terrorist policy pursued by agents of the Italian government in the Italian Tyrol.

* * *

Grave Consequences.

VIENNA, May 25.—Fear is being expressed here that the gravest consequences may follow the trampling of the Italian flag at Innsbruck by Austrian students.

Penn Bankers Aching For Bigger Profits

ATLANTIC CITY, May 25.—Further discussion of a lower rate of interest on savings was a feature of the 34th annual convention of the Pennsylvania Bankers Association.

Have Narrow Escape

The picture shows Helena Smith and her mother who had a narrow escape in the latest subway cave-in in upper New York. One boy is believed to have been buried alive when the badly shored excavation gave way.

'DAILY' IN CRISIS; MUST RUSH FUNDS

Nearly Suspended Need $5,000 to Move

The DAILY WORKER nearly suspended publication yesterday. Such is the financial condition of the paper that had a certain comparatively small sum not been raised within a certain time, there would have been no DAILY WORKER today.

This is nothing new in the life of The DAILY WORKER. The only English language newspaper that fights for the workers is compelled to wage a constant struggle for existence, with suspension of publication a constant threat. It is the workers of this country who by their contributions make it possible for the Daily to continue to exist against such desperate odds.

The financial crisis of The DAILY WORKER is by no means over. The DAILY WORKER has appeared today; it may not appear Monday. This crisis makes it increasingly difficult for the Daily to begin making any concrete plans to move to its new home at 26-28 Union Square. Much money is needed to enable The DAILY WORKER to exist; $5,000 is needed for moving and alteration expenses. This money must be raised and raised at once.

Workers, the need is great. Rush all possible funds immediately to the office of the Daily, 33 First St. New York City.

7 MINERS KILLED IN NEW ACCIDENT

Contract System Leads To Deaths

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

WILKES-BARRE, May 25.—At least seven miners were instantly killed and a number of others injured are not expected to live as a result of an explosion in the Cunningham contractor-operated mines of the Hudson Coal Company here today.

Ambulances were rushed to the mine and removed the injured to the Wilkes-Barre general hospital.

Union officials of the treacherous [illegible] machine in District 1 are held equally responsible with the [illegible] deaths inasmuch as these officials have refused to fight against the vicious contractor and speed-up system. This among other practices have been shown to have caused accidents which have taken nearly three hundred miners' lives in the last month.

DEATH SENTENCE FOR FRAMED MEN

Fascist Terror After the Milan Bombing

PARIS, May 25.—Reports from Milan state that persecution of fascist trade unionists, begun immediately after the recent bomb explosion in that city, has yielded several victims to the vengeance of Mussolini.

These sacrifices to the fascist authorities will be tried by an extraordinary court and in secret. In the meantime they are lodged behind the walls of fascist jails.

It is expected that the death sentence will be brought against the arrested victims.

American Marines Torture Civilians in Nicaragua

EXPOSE DETAILS OF IMPERIALIST REIGN OF TERROR

Says Sandino Can Hold Out Indefinitely

LONDON, May 25. — A detailed description of marine terror in Nicaragua, accusing the American forces of murder, pillage and torture, was published today by the London Daily Herald, organ of the British Labor Party. The article was written by a special correspondent who has spent some time in the war area.

That most of the Nicaraguans killed by marines were civilians and not combatants is one of the indictments against the marines in the article.

The writer gives specific details of marine terror.

Torture Old Man.

"The house of Colonel Marin, a known Sandino follower," he says, "was burned by marines and his mother taken away with her hands tied behind her back and a noose around her neck. Santiago Herrero, a wealthy farmer, 'refused to speak' when his place was invaded by American troops and was shot and later it turned out that he was dumb.

"Ca[illegible]livia, a farmer in Pedernates, outside the combat zone, denied suggestions that he was a Sandino sympathizer. On December 26, 1927, twelve marines entered his hacienda while he was absent, burned the house, demolished sugar cane and destroyed 120 loads of corn. His son was taken to a near-by creek and shot and the

(Continued on Page Two)

STEEL MEN SLAVE 13 HOURS A DAY

Speed-Up Drives Serfs Inhumanly

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SPARROWS POINT, Md., (By Mail).—Seventy-five per cent of the workers at the Bethlehem steel plant here work ten, twelve and in a lot of cases, thirteen hours a day. Electricians, painters, carpenters, ship workers, yard and maintenance men, oilers, shearmen, machine operators, thread cutters, bundlers, cranemen, plumbers, millwrights, inspectors loaders and the hundreds of other jobs that are necessary to keep the mill going as well as take care of the product through its finishing process. The before-mentioned trades work ten hours not counting half hour lunch. These men are divided into two shifts changing about, one week day and the following week at night.

Laborers.

I failed to mention the laborers of Bethlehem who compose a big slice of the workers here. This group composed mostly of Negroes, represent about the most exploited unorganized group of workers that I ever came into contact with. While their official name is that of laborer, a great majority of them are engaged in semi-skilled work and in most cases work-

(Continued on Page Three)

New Farm Machine Supplants Labor

MONTREAL, May 25. — Further supplanting of workers is made possible by a new combined reaper-thresher. A 12-horse team with one driver and two assistants can now cut, thresh and bag grain at the rate of 30 acres a day at a cost of 70 cents an acre, as compared with $[illegible] an acre previously, according to the Grain Growers Guide, organ of the United Farmers.

Where Faulty Subway Construction Wrecked a Grocery Store

A grocery store at 746 St. Nicholas Ave. crashed into a subway excavation near the foundation of the building. The faulty construction had been dug too close to the store. The picture shows the wreckage after the collapse and part of the store left standing. On many construction jobs, the contractors speed-up the workers so that proper buttressing of the excavation is neglected.

PICKETS DEFY ORDER TO STOP STRIKE SONG

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., May 25.—Despite a menacing squad of over 25 police centered around the gates of the Nonquit, Page and Hathaway Mills, more than 600 striking textile workers conducted one of the most enthusiastic picketing demonstrations yet held since the 30,000 textile workers here went out on strike against a wage cut of 10 per cent, which resulted in the complete shutdown of 58 factories.

Three automobile loads of overseers petty foremen, and other straw bosses continuing to work during the strike were jeered and hooted by the assembled workers in spite of continual threats of immediate arrest. This is the spirit manifest after 2 women strikers were sentenced to 6 months each in jail.

Defy Police.

The police were also openly defied by the strikers when they ordered a halt to the singing of strike songs. After the captain's orders the singing was lustier than before. No arrests were made.

While picketing led by Fred E. Beal, organizer for the Textile Mill Committees was going on, relief cards were handed out, which the workers later exchanged for provision supplied by the Workers' International Relief.

A delegation of Harvard students, members of the Harvard Liberal Club, arrived here several days ago to study the strike situation, and are reported to have frankly declared that they were definitely aligning themselves with the Textile Mills Committee, favoring their policies in conducting a strike to that of the bureaucrats in control of the Textile Council. They also participated in the picketing.

Police Close Hall.

The Police Department has again ordered the closing of the Northern Hall of the T. M. C. Their previous attempts to deprive the Mills Committee of hadquarters failed when a public hall permit was secured. The new attempt is made on the same hypocritical charges. The International Labor Defense, who volunteered all legal and defense work for the strikers, announced that they will fight to obtain a permit. Failing this, a new hall in the north end will be secured.

TRY GAS BOMB ON JAILED STRIKERS

Workers in Cells Used for Police Experiment

KENOSHA, Wis., May 25.—Kenosha police exhibited a hitherto unheard of cruelty when union hosiery workers, locked up in cells under charges of shouting at scabs, were made the targets for police tear bombs. Helplessly exposed, without warning and without a chance to get out of range of the poisons, 11 unionists were bombarded with tear gas as part of a so-called police "experiment." The burning sensations and acute pain in their eyes, nostrils and throats persisted for many hours causing them to shed involuntary tears even the next day in court.

Police smilingly pronounced the experiments as satisfactory.

Protests by the whole population are gathering strength, particularly as the victims were held over night on charges that were later thrown out of court, while a strikebreaker arrested by a deputy sheriff for firing at pickets was released by the station police without booking.

The Kenosha Trades and Labor Assembly has vigorously denounced the use of the police as a strikebreaking agency in behalf of the Allen A Hosiery Co. The firm locked out its union workers Feb. 15 when they declined to operate 2 machines instead of 1 and to tear up their union cards in the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers.

BRIDGE WORKERS OUT ON STRIKE

Strikebreakers Sent to Smash Walkout

One hundred and fifty concrete workers and skilled men are out on strike in the huge bridge construction now almost completed in Staten Island, to connect New Jersey with New York. The workers, who quit work on Thursday, demand an increase in wages of 2[illegible] cents per hour.

Strikebreakers were sent to take their places yesterday by Ike Silverman the notorious strikebreaker, who broke the Union Gas Company strike, the Bush Terminal strike, and many others, several years ago.

Wretched Wage For Cotton-Gin Slaves

WASHINGTON, May 25. — Workers in the seasonal cotton-ginning industry receive an average wage of $18.94 for a work-week of 64½ hours, according to figures released recently by the United States bureau of labor statistics.

20,000 OUT OF WORK IN HOUSTON

Laurence of Texas Here for Convention

Harry J. Laurence, delegate from Houston, Texas, to the Workers (Communist) Party Nominating Convention arrived in New York yesterday. In a statement given to The DAILY WORKER, he said that the labor conditions in Houston are of the "very worst."

"In February," he said, "the City Council published a report that there were 13,000 unemployed workers in Houston. This, in all probability, means that there were several thousand more. The Longshoremen's Union, which is the biggest labor organization in the city, is controlled by the bosses. In order to enter it, a white man must pay something over $40 and a Negro over $80. This is a rather clear indication of the general situation in Houston."

NEGROES OBSERVE HAYWOOD'S DEATH

Memorial Planned Here For June 1

Many Negro workers are planning to attend the huge memorial meeting in the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., Friday night, June 1, in honor of William D. Haywood, Communist and pioneer enemy of Jim Crow tactics in the labor movement.

When Haywood first started to organize American workers, even many I. W. W. representatives segregated Negro workers from the whites in the South, comrades who were closely associated with Haywood recall.

One such case was the huge lumber strike in St. Charles, La. "Big Bill" came to address the workers and found they had assembled in two halls, one right above the other, the blacks in one and the whites in the other.

"What's this for? Put 'em together," thundered "Big Bill."

"But it's never been done in the South," gasped the local organizers.

"Then it's time it was," said Haywood, and he did not speak until all the workers, whom he called "comrades," were seated together before him. From that time on Negro workers by the thousands rallied to Haywood's call.

Haywood's friendship with Negro workers dated back to his youth when he slaved in the mines of Nevada, Utah and Idaho, swinging his pick side by side with Negro miners. One of his regrets about being exiled from the United States was that he could not help organize the Negro workers along with the whites.

The memorial meeting is being held under the auspices of the New York district of the Workers (Communist) Party. Haywood, who died recently in Moscow, will be buried at the wall of the Kremlin.

The district committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League has decided to call off the League anniversary mass meeting, June 1, in order to make it possible for all workers to attend the Haywood memorial.

THE FORD BELT KEPT MOVING FASTER

Automobile Bosses Invent Sly Ways of Intensifying Speedup

By ROBERT W. DUNN,
(Federated Press).

DETROIT, May 25.—Speed-up of man and machine rules the Detroit automobile industry, piling up workers on the job market in long queues of the unemployed, even in the busiest seasons.

Speed-up is manifested in various ways. The conveyor line may be screwed up a little faster. The stop watch men may observe that workers, by sweating more, can turn out more per hour.

The layoff method, or the mere rumors of layoffs, may be used to put fear in the hearts of hands. The workers' names and production records may be put on a blackboard and competition encouraged. The gang or group piece-work system may be used. Or the management may fire a few workers during a slack period and ask the remaining workers in the section to do the work formerly handled by the fired employes.

For instance, here is a Dodge worker who writes that "in the Duco work we now spray the Victory Six with two coats instead of one, and at the same price." A Packard man writes, "In the body division we used to do six jobs a day. Now we do eight, and 20 per

(Continued on Page Two)

CLASS STRUGGLE EMPHASIZED AT BIG PARTY MEET

Great Enthusiasm At Demonstration

Militant class struggle was the keynote struck at the opening of the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party last night when almost four thousand workers crowded into Mecca Temple, 133 West 55th St., to greet more than 250 delegates from all sections of the country and representing virtually every industry.

The convention marked the opening of the election struggle which the Workers (Communist) Party will carry on against the capitalist parties and the socialist party reformists.

Fight Bureaucracy.

The necessity of the struggle against capitalism and labor bureaucracy and reformism was sounded by Jay Lovestone, general secretary of the Party, who acted as chairman and William Z. Foster, member of the secretariat and secretary of the Trade Union Educational League.

Delegates from the mine field, the textile mills and other basic industries, farmers from the west and south—all emphasized the tremendous tasks now facing the workers and farmers thruout the United States.

The struggle against the bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor and the class collaboration schemes of the bosses, the socialist party which has openly allied itself with the enemies of the workers, the struggle against American imperialism in Nicaragua and China, the defense of the Soviet Union — these were among the major forces with which the American workers and farmers must contend, the speakers pointed out.

The central committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has adopted a draft platform which is proposed to the convention. The text of this platform appears on pages four, five, six and seven of this edition of the Daily Worker.

Activity Urged

Against the setting of red banting and revolutionary banners and emblems, the delegates stressed the necessity of increasing political activity in the coming election campaign.

In addition to Lovestone and Foster, the speakers were Ben Gitlow, member of the Secretariat of the

(Continued on Page Two)

GREET WORKERS PARTY CAMPAIGN

Communists in France, Germany, Hail Meet

Greeting the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party which opened here with a mass demonstration at Mecca Temple last night, the German Communist Party, which made big gains in the German elections, has sent the following endorsement to the convention:

"Following its victory, the German Communist Party sends its fraternal greetings to the Workers (Communist) Party and expects that the American Communists will put up as gallant a fight against our common class enemy in the coming election campaign, as have the Communist Parties of Poland, France and Germany in their recent elections.

"Bear in mind that we are a single united front of the workingclass and that no ocean or frontiers can separate us. Your success will fill the world proletariat with joy and hopes for greater action on your part. Your victory is our victory and every success won brings us nearer our goal.

"Your slogan must be, 'Class against class.' Fight against the oppression and exploitation of the whole world, especially on the American front at this time.

"The eyes of the international proletariat are upon you, the hearts of workers everywhere are with you. Forward, bravely!"

The following message, greeting the Workers (Communist) Party Convention has been received from the French Communist Party.

"On the eve of the presidential elections, the French Communist

(Continued on Page Two)

American Engineer Involved in Sabotage Conspiracy to Wreck Donetz Mines

WORKERS TESTIFY ENGINEERS AIDED WHITE GUARDISTS

Technician Admits He Receives Bribes

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., May 25.—The trial of the conspirators in the Don sabotage plot proceeded yesterday with the examination of Samoilov, who described the hostility of the engineers to the Soviet Government.

Foreign engineers, Greiling, an Englishman, Koester, a German, and Murphy, an American, nourished a hostile spirit among the engineers, it was revealed.

Samoilov testified further that the former mine-owners were kept informed about the activity of every engineer. He referred to a mine which sabotagers blew up.

Often Struck Workers.

Witnesses among the Donetz workers, then examined later, testified that Beresovsky, Samoilov and Kolodub, who had exploited workers before the revolution, had often struck workers and had neglected the security measures which might have prevented accidents.

During the occupation of the Don Basin by the counter-revolustionist, the engineers gave the White Guards a list of Communist workers who were then executed.

Babenko, a renegade of peasant extraction, also a technician was then examined. He admitted that he had participated in the sabotage plot and that he had personally received 13,500 roubles for flooding mines. Donetz workers who were then examined testified that before the revolution Babenko, Kolodub and other were hostile to the workers. Babenko, they charged, abused and even beat workers, while Kolodub denounced workers to the czarist police and caused their arrest.

Brutality Charged.

The evidence of the two old Donetz miners which made a deep impression charged Babenko with brutality to workers before and after the revolution. They charged that he had flooded the mine of Novosovsk.

Faced with this testimony Babenko was compelled to admit his guilt.

Another worker, Limarov, who as a Red Guard had been taken prisoner by the White terrorists and forced to work in the mines, declared that Babenko had treated the workers brutally and had threatened to have workers shot by the White Guards.

MINE OFFICIAL IS LEADER OF ARMED SCABS AGAINST STRIKERS

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW LEXINGTON, Ohio, May 25.—Skulls were cracked and shots fired when 5 scabs under the direction of their superintendent attacked a picket line of striking miners who marched on the Mid-Hocking mine of the Sunday Creek Coal Company near here, Wednesday. A 14-year-old boy, son of a striker who joined his father on the picket line was the most seriously injured, according to a report of the affair relayed to the National Miners' Relief Committee.

Charges of shooting to kill have been filed against Louis Powell, mine superintendent, who is said to have produced a shot gun and fired on the pickets when they approached the group of scabs who were about to enter the mine. Powell was disarmed by the strikers. The charges against him are filed by Ed Jones, Paschal Jones, John Gail and Pearl Brown.

Joe Reynolds, Powell's assistant, faces charges of assault and battery. He attacked several strikers without provocation after the superintendent had ordered the charge on the picket line.

Overwhelmed when the union miners turned on them, the attacking scabs summoned Sheriff McNabb and several deputies who beat back the strikers though he failed to make any arrests.

The miners of Hocking Valley continue their fight to save their union against tremendous odds. Oral Daugherty, former sub-district official who was expelled from the mine workers union when he advised the strikers to go back to work for whatever they could get, is attempting to smash the union by advocating a separate union of Ohio coal diggers.

Starvation Stalks Land.

Scarcity of food is creating the appearance of extreme famine in many coal digging communities on strike in the Hocking Valley. Bread is at a premium. Milk, even for infants, is a luxury no longer thought of by mothers. Coffee, canned milk at best, but usually not milk at all, and a little bread is the daily ration of children who are hardly old enough to walk. Undernourishment has sapped the vitality of many towns to the point where only an insuperable fighting spirit keeps mass picket lines going daily. Only relief sent by the National Miners' Relief Committee is keeping these miners alive.

Victim of Tenement Fire and Rescuer

Victim of a fire-trap tenement at 261 McDougal St., Helen Monghan is in the hospital today recovering from burns. She is shown here with the fireman who rescued her. He formed part of a human chain, risking his life in the swing to the window where the trapped woman stood.

FLOOD THREATENS FLEEING WORKERS

Collapse of Utah Dam is Expected Momentarily

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, May 23.—A repetition of the St. Francis dam break resulting in the death of over 400 is feared here. More than 3,000 men, women and children of three central Utah towns were encamped on mountain side here today as water rushed thru a break in the tip of the sixty-foot Pleasant Valley Dam, near Castlegate, threatening collapse of the structure.

A force of five hundred men worked throughout the night plugging the leaks and bolstering the dam with sand bags, cement and earth with the result that the eroding effect of the accumulated material was checked.

The breakdown of the St. Francis Dam resulted from faulty construction approved by corrupt officials, it has been revealed.

Britains Love the Queen But Need the Cash

LOVE for the British Empire on the part of Englishmen living in the United States is apparently extremely low. Yesterday was "Empire Day," observed thruout England and all its colonial "possessions" on the anniversary of the birth of the portly Queen Victoria, and plans had been completed for the annual Empire Day dinner, scheduled for Thursday night at the Waldorf. Speakers were to include Sir Esme Howard, British ambassador and other monocled celebrities.

"Lack of interest," however, prompted the sponsors of the celebration to call the dinner off, it has just been learned. For when the anxious Britons took inventory they found to their great chagrin that only 163 out of more than 5,000 accepted the invitation to honor the dead queen.

MISSOURI FEDERATION MEETS

ST. LOUIS, May 25.—The 32nd annual convention of the Missouri State Federation of Labor will open at Springfield Monday.

FREE 'DAILY' SUBS NEEDED BY MINERS

400 Join Workers Party In Six Weeks

The striking miners in the Pittsburgh district are "strong" for The DAILY WORKER. This is the gist of the report of John Casper, DAILY WORKER agent in District 5 to the business office of the Daily. Casper arrived in New York yesterday to attend the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party.

"Hundreds of striking miners have come to me and told me how much The DAILY WORKER means to them," Casper said. "Most of them had never read the Daily before and were eager to get it regularly. But they had no money to subscribe. 'As soon as this strike is over, we'll subscribe to The DAILY WORKER out of our first pay,' many of them told me. 'It's the best paper in the world.'

"During the past six weeks more than 400 of these miners have joined **the Workers Party. Every one of them needs The DAILY WORKER every day. If the readers of the Daily only realized this, I'm sure that many more would provide these striking coal diggers with free subscriptions."**

Workers, the miners are fighting for all of us. Help their fight with a free sub. Send it in at once to the office of The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York City.

SPEED-UP GROWS IN FORD PLANT

(Continued from page one)

cent of the men have been laid off. And in the hood painting department of the same plant they used to turn out 16 jobs a day. Now 38 are required. And of course several men were fired."

• • •

AT the Ford plants, most famous for their race track speed, the soldering department has increased production from 85 to 80 pieces per hour in one year. At one of the Fisher Body plants where they used to make 150 to 160 bodies a day, they now finish from 235 to 240 with the same number of men on the job. At the Hudson plant they more than doubled the output for the same number of men in one year, at the same time reducing the wage an average of 10 cents an hour.

The worker is of course not permitted to organize to stop this increasing application of speed-up.

If the worker cannot keep up with the pace, he is "recommended for a transfer," writes a Detroit worker. This means that he is sent to another department "where he ordinarily cannot last a week."

Some workers contend that the bosses are really unnecessary, except to check on quality or performance. Said one, "The machine I'm on goes at such a terrific speed that I can't help stepping on it in order to keep up with it. The machine is my boss." And the new machine may be the boss that fires him from the job altogether.

Frat Boys Get Spanking for Going to Dance

Because they violated a rule of the college in attending a dance, 37 "young men students" of Upsala College were indefinitely suspended last Tuesday, it became known today. Three others, theological students, were let off with severe reprimands and told that they would have no more ice cream for the remainder of the semester. All the suspended students were members of a students' organization called the Improved Order of Exalted Ululae.

The dance was held in the Hotel Montclair, Montclair, N. J., and was given by the female progenitor of one of the naughty students. When interviewed by reporters, the sobbing mother said that the college was "doing my son wrong" and that "none of the poor children deserved such cruel punishment."

Upsala College is a coeducational institution maintained by the New York and New England Conference of Evangelical Augustana Synod. The no-dancing rule was put into effect a year ago.

HAIL WORKERS PARTY SUCCESS

French Communists Greet Convention

(Continued from page one)

Party sends fraternal greetings to the American workingclass and its vanguard, the Workers (Communist) Party. The French Communist Party hopes that the masses of American workers will rally under the banner of the Comintern borne by the Workers (Communist) Party.

"To the American workers the presidential election ought to be only an episode in the struggle against the imperialist plutocrats and their agents, the reformists in the labor movement. It should be one means of rallying the revolutionary proletarian forces for direct American capitalists, a battle in which the heroic Pennsylvania miners are taking such a splendid lead.

"Long live the Workers (Communist) Party! Long live the proletarian struggle of the American workers against imperialism and the reformist traitors! Long live the Communist International!"

Making the World Safe For Democracy

"The marines are stationed in various navy yards and posts in the United States, and also in Haiti, Nicaragua and China. The location of [illegible] units is in accordance with the government policy."

[illegible] was the reply of Allen C. Farquhar, of the navy, to a recent request for information concerning the location of American marines. Further details given by Farquhar were: 25 ships of various sorts and submarines in Haiti, about the same number in Cuba and nearly a dozen in different parts of China. One of these navy units is 1,100 miles up the Yangtze River.

GREED OF COAL BARONS CAUSES MINE MISHAPS

Speedup Renders Safety Devices Useless

By LELAND OLDS, (Fed Press).

The probable death of more than 190 coal miners in the explosion at the the non-union Mather mine near Waynesburg, Pa., emphasizes the **criminal folly of leaving safety precautions to the mercy of profiteering owners. Only when the miners' union has a voice in every mine in the country will the hazards be reduced to the minimum.**

Inadequate Dusting.

The U. S. Bureau of Mines reports that although 463 mines operated by 239 coal companies were being rockdusted in 1927 it is improbable that even 50 of these mines were adequately rockdusted. Few of the mines were found employing adequate measures to ascertain whether their rockdusting would prevent or limit explosions.

In all coal mines not decidedly wet, says the bureau, "all open accessible parts should be kept rockdusted to such an extent that any dust to be found on ribs, roof, floor or timbers will have an incombustible content of 65 per cent or over. There should be a systematic periodical sampling of dust from mine surfaces with prompt determination of the incombustible content and with subsequent redusting where analytical work indicates incombustible below 65 per cent. In general surfaces should be sampled at least monthly, but sampling should be done more frequently where there is reason to suspect high combustible."

"Rockdusting to be effective," says the bureau, "must be made an integral part of everyday mining operations; this means that mining companies must rockdust in essentially the same manner that they timber, blast, ventilate and haul. Where rockdusting becomes daily routine work its cost will be nominal and seldom should exceed 1 per cent per ton of coal produced. Until rockdusting becomes a part of routine daily coal mine operation, it will remain more or less ineffective and the coal mines will continue to be subject to widespread explosions."

No Safety Measures.

One cent a ton to protect coal miners against such tragedies as that which just snuffed out 190 lives at Mather, Pa. And yet the profiteering operators fail to carry out safety measures worked out years ago in the experimental mine of the government bureau. According to the bureau's report rockdusting has been extended to mines employing 100,000 underground workers or only about 21 per cent of the U. S. total. These mines produce about 24 per cent of the country's bituminous output.

Early evidence suggests that the Mather explosion was caused by sparks from an electric cable whose insulation had been severed by a cutting machine used in modern machine mining. If so the tragedy was closely connected with the speeding up of production in this non-union mine. The sparks ignited coal dust insufficiently mixed with the incombustible rock dust which would otherwise have rendered the subsequent explosion unlikely.

Father, Daughter, Victims Of "Prosperity"

The picture shows Edward Cromwell, of Bridgeport, Conn., recently released from the jail where his wife had him placed when he insisted on having more children. They had had 13, nine of whom had died. Cromwell's wages never exceeded $30 a week when he could find work which was not often. The children who lived are employed folding elastics for which they make fifty cents a gross. The eldest girl is shown at the right.

DEATH HOLDS STAKES IN GAME WITH MINERS

By ED FALKOWSKI (Federated Press).

SHENANDOAH, Pa., May 25.—Death seems to compete with the coal companies for increased output in the anthracite. It may come as the climax to an explosion, or simply in the pathetic and miserable form of crushing a man to death in some tight corner.

That is the way it come to George Navitsky, a lifelong miner, who was caught between the cylinder of an air "lokey" and the timber as he was standing on the side of the gangway track to let the "lokey" pass. He was crushed, dying a few hours later at the Shenandoah City Colliery.

A more dramatic death was that of Adam Evanovsky, 55, of Minersville who was killed when caught in an explosion in breast No. 3 of the Lytle Colliery. He was preparing the shot and had set fire to the fuse. A defect in the explosion caused it to backfire. The force of the explosion caught the man and hurled him down the face of the breast, killing him outright.

Mining is a constant game with death, with the miner playing to outwit it at every point. It becomes grimly humorous after a time. The miner whose head is fanned by a lump of rock that just missed crushing him will let loose a few hot words, and laugh. "Missed me that time!" he says. But he knows that some day it won't miss him. **"If it gets me, it'll be just too bad," summarizes his attitude.**

Day after day with heart-sickening regularity ambulance bells clang as some fellow is being hauled home from the colliery. Women grow hysterical, fearing it may stop at their home. As it passes, their tears dry, and they resign themselves to the tragic recurrence of death. "It's just a part of life," they whisper, as they shrug their shoulders and put pepper in the soup for the men.

MARINE TERROR IN NICARAGUA

Tortured Civilians, Says Correspondent

(Continued from page one)

body was found shortly afterwards.

"In January John Bolton, an American, was murdered near Bluefields. The marines brought in seven natives who were alleged to have confessed. Before a judge, one man, Escobar, said the confession was extracted from him by torture. The proceedings were immediately interrupted and the prisoners were marched back to the barracks. Escobar refused to reenter his cell, made a dash for the gate and was shot and killed. Later it was proved that he had nothing to do with the murder.

"In another instance a religious festival was taking place in an Indian village north of Bluefields. Many of the Indians were drunk and marines appeared to restore order. They turned on a machine gun, killing four and wounding five. The Nicaraguan military commander on refusing to sign the marines' report was brought to Bluefields and ill-treated until he consented to sign a dictated statement."

Workers Aid Sandino.

Virtually every Nicaraguan worker and peasant is a Sandino sympathizer, the article says. In spite of the terroristic methods employed by the marines, the writer declares that the Sandino nationalists can hold out almost indefinitely.

MASSES CHEER 4 AUTONOMISTS AT COLMAR TRIAL

Hundreds Burst Into Court Room

PARIS, May 25.—Violent scenes followed the sentencing of four of **the Alsatian autonomists on trial at Colmar when thousands of men and** women, who been massed around the court house four hours in expectation, burst into the court room to shake the hands of the convicted men. Court guards and police attempted to break up the spontaneous demonstration and blows ensued.

The four convicted men are Dr. Georges E. Ricklin, the reputed director of the autonomist movement, Paul J. Schall, former editor of the Zukunft, an autonomist paper, Joseph V. Rosse and Joseph Faschauer.

"I implore you, Ricklin do not judge France by this verdict," some one cried over the heads of the throng.

Andre Berthon, Communist deputy, sprang to the window of the court house and urged the masses to drape their houses in black as a protest against the "iniquitous verdict."

NOMINATING MEET IS OPENED HERE

(Continued from page one)

party; B. H. Lauderdale, of Texas; Senator Charles E. Taylor, of Montana; James P. Cannon, Scott Nearing, Anita C. Whitney, William F. Patton, Lovett Fort-Whiteman, W. W. Weinstone, Tom Rushton, Stanley Clark and Scott Wilkins.

The sessions of the convention will be continued at Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., tomorrow and Sunday.

An intensive drive will be carried on in every state, it was announced.

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UNITY CAMP
Opens Saturday,
May 26th

Two busses are leaving Saturday, May 26th at 1:30 P. M. from Unity Center, 1800—7th Ave.

CHILDREN'S COLONY
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For workers' children from 5 to 9 years.

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For registration come to our main office
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TELEPHONE, MONUMENT 0111.
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International Labor Defense Increases Its Activity Thruout New York City

DEFENDS CLASS WAR PRISONERS; SPONSORS MEETS

Plans Many Affairs and Conferences

The various branches of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense are showing great activity according to Rose Baron, secretary. Mass meetings and conferences, as well as social events, are giving evidence of the increased scope of the work of many of the branches.

Great progress is being made by the Brownsville branch. This branch recently held a conference to consider the question of the persecution of workers throughout the world. Resolutions were passed demanding the release of the Hromada prisoners in Poland, Bela Kun in Austria and Mooney and Billings in the United States. It was also decided to hold a big mass meeting on June 1st as a preliminary step towards the campaign to liberate Mooney and Billings.

The Sacco-Vanzetti Branch is planning a strawberry festival and June dance for June 16th at Rose Garden, 1347 Boston Road, and the Hungarian Yorkville Branch is planning an outing for June 10th.

A successful open-air meeting was recently held by the Yorkville English Branch and it was decided to hold an affair, possibly a moving picture show, in the near future. This branch has been increasing its sales of the Labor Defender, organ of the International Labor Defense, and has enrolled six new members.

A membership drive will soon be launched by the Williamsburg Branch and leaflets will be widely distributed for this purpose.

The Down-Town Branch recently sponsored a successful entertainment while the Jugoslav, Polish and Czechoslav Branches are planning a joint picnic for sometime in July.

New impetus has been given the general membership drive of the New York Section of the I. L. D. by the formation of a branch in Union City, N. J., with a membership of fifteen. This branch is planning to start active work immediately.

PHILA. FUR UNION IN PARLEY CALL

Endorses Boston "One Union Demand

The resumption of the offensive of the fur workers in New York against the bosses and right wing for the reestablishment of the union has become more than a temporary outburst of resentment, events yesterday showed.

Demand Conference.

At a meeting of the executive board of the Philadelphia Local 53 a resolution was adopted to endorse the demands made by the Boston local on the general executive board. The Boston local demanded a conference of all International locals, which was to lay the basis for the rebuilding of the union. The Boston demand also stated that the war carried on by the International officialdom against the New York membership be immediately stopped, because the internal struggle was destroying the entire union.

The executive board of Local 53, it was learned, also intends to call a membership meeting of the local in order to secure the members' endorsement of its plan. This meeting will be held some time next week.

The New York furriers have in the past few weeks voted condemnatory resolutions at the meetings of even the right wing locals. They have also held protest demonstrations in spite of the police terror in front of the right wing Joint Council offices.

Right Wing Scared.

The last demonstration of about 1,000 fur workers in front of the Joint Council has thrown a scare into McGrady and Stetsky. The fact that on their own Joint Council delegates are also beginning to raise the demand for one union has caused the right wing heads to resort to measures so frantic as to completely expose their demoralization and impotence.

At a meeting of the Joint Council last Tuesday McGrady called on Shiplacoff, socialist leader, to make speeches to those Joint Council delegates endorsing the "One Union" demand of the workers. Several workers attending that meeting reported the scene as the most laughable they ever experienced. First the socialist chief made a threatening speech, then McGrady and Stetsky made speeches.

McGrady said that he "would not stand for any more demonstrations." He declared that "anybody starting trouble would be thrown out, if a dozen cops are necessary in the union office every day."

Shiplacoff threatened the recalcitrant Joint Council members that a big drive will be begun against all the Communists by other union heads. To prove it he said, "I have just come from such a conference."

McGrady's lieutenant, Alex Fried, at one time convicted for burglary, declared that he will stop local meetings. He was met with the prompt retort, "You haven't got the guts!" After all this speechmaking the insurgent delegates continued their defiant attitude till about three in the morning when the meeting ended, without the "one union group" being brought into line again.

Putting Across the Word of "God"

Notables of Holy Mother Church met recently to consider ways and means for getting a little more punch into the word of "god." Prominent journalists in the picture are, from left to right, cardinal Hayes, Simon Baldus, Edward S. Dore, and Charles S. Ridder, of the Catholic News.

TAMMANY HEADS IN STREET GRAFT

Disclose Bribery in City Contracts

While evidence at the $200,000,000 Tammany street cleaning graft investigation opening yesterday disclosed the existence of bribery in connection with the virtual purchase of contracts from responsible city officials, charges of the operation of a corrupt Tammany political ring in the Bronx were [illegible] the very doors of the de[illegible]inistration at a meet[illegible]ard of Estimate over [illegible] Ma[illegible]immie Walker pres[illegible]

Admission of Frank [illegible] Gannon, suspended superintendent of the Brooklyn Street Cleaning Department that he had received $4,000 of an $8,000 bonus paid to the Remsen Sand Company, of which he is part owner, for the privilege of dumping refuse on land owned by that concern, featured the opening session of the investigation into the operations of the street cleaning department.

Pays $8,000 Bribe.

The Brooklyn Ash Removal Company, it was revealed, which has the contract with the city for the removal of refuse in Brooklyn, paid this amount to Gannon's firm. Gannon also admitted he knew that the contract itself had been "negotiated" between the firm and the city by Edward Junker, his brother-in-law, who received from the ash removal company a reward of $1,000 for his services.

Junker, according to his own testimony was merely the "contact" man. Gannon, his brother-in-law, he intimated, had received the major reward. The "land" on which the refuse is being dumped, it was brought out, is a swamp. The company which has the contract with the city is paid at the rate of 58 cents per cubic yard. The contract amounts to many thousands of dollars weekly.

Mock Investigation.

Commissioner James A. Higgins before whom the investigation is being conducted, at the opening of yesterday's session produced several checks made out to Junker and to Gannon's firm to show that the above transactions had taken place.

Higgins, who has been assigned by Mayor Walker to "investigate" the graft in the street cleaning department after trying for nearly two weeks to stall off the investigation, is now seen to be preparing for an official "whitewash." Confirmation of this charge came with his announcement during yesterday's session that the head of the street cleaning department, Commissioner Alfred A. Taylor, **known to be the leading figure in the $200,000,000 graft ring, and who appeared at yesterday's hearings, was there at his (Higgin's) personal invitation as an "official courtesy."** Higgins paid a tribute to the head of the street cleaning department for his "aid and cooperation."

* * *

More Tammany Graft.

Charges that a political ring is operating in the Bronx of which Aldermanic President Joseph V. McKee and Borough President Bruckner, together with other Tammany politicians, are the leading figures were hurled in the teeth of Mayor Jimmie Walker at a meeting of the Board of Estimate yesterday.

Edwin Alexander, millionaire real estate operator of the Bronx, appearing before the board in support of a particular site for a new Court House, charged that no improvements could be made in the Bronx without the support of (and by implication) without bribing this ring.

"Somebody Else Needs Me!"
—*The Daily Worker.*

SPORT MEET AT BIG JAMBOREE

Proceeds to Go to Joint Defense

The Joint Defense and Relief Committee, Cloakmakers and Furriers, are completing the final preparations for the jamboree and carnival to be held at Starlight Park on June 9. Workers' fraternal organizations, unions, women's councils, and other sympathetic organizations, in addition to continuing their direct contributions for the defense of the nine left wing furriers in the Mineola case ers' union, are preparing to make the huge carnival a success.

One of the features of the carnival will be the Joint Defense Athletic Meet. This will equal any of the meets held in the American colleges during the last week, the Sports Committee says. There will be a 100-yard dash, a 220-yard dash, half-mile relay, 1-mile run, 3-mile run, hop skip and jump, high jump; running broad jump, standing broad jump, shot put, gymnastics and swimming. Anyone desiring to enter any of these events should communicate immediately with the "Sports Committee" Joint Defense, 41 Union Square, Room 714.

There will also be a soccer tournament, held under the auspices of the Metropolitan Soccer League, which is affiliated with the Labor Sports Union of America.

Proceeds of the affair will go to help the defense of the nine workers who were framed up in Mineola, and sentenced to serve from 2½ to 5 years in jail; and also for the 18 leaders of the cloakmakers who face jail terms.

BARBERS WIN IN 7 WEEKS STRIKE

After seven weeks of strike the Journeymen Barbers, members of Local No. 913, J. B. I. U. of A., of Brooklyn, New York, have returned to work under signed agreements, having gained a complete victory.

During the seven weeks nearly 900 master barbers signed the agreement of this local union restoring the wage-cut of $5 to the $35.00 weekly formerly paid, in addition to reinstating the working conditions, which prior to April 3rd, had been repudiated by the Independent Master Barbers' Association.

MORE SHOPS OUT IN DENTAL STRIKE

The workers in two more laboratories yesterday joined the strike of the 1,000 dental mechanics in New York and New Jersey now on strike for recognition of their union and better working conditions. With new additions to their ranks almost daily, the dental strikers are certain that the strike will be won, and that the Dental Owners' Association will be smashed.

Louis Greenberg, a dental laboratory owner, was yesterday released for trial on June 1, as a result of his assault on a striker.

Mediators of the state department of labor were again unsuccessful in attempting to settle the strike yesterday. The dental bosses have refused to negotiate, it was said by the union. Picketing by the dental strikers is being enthusiastically kept up.

MUTILATED BODY FOUND.

The body of an unidentified man found in Kill van Kull, off Bayonne may be that of one who drowned in the recent sinking of the dredge Navesink, police said today. The right leg and arm were cut off, seemingly by the ship's propeller.

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BETHLEHEM STEEL WORKERS SLAVE 13 HOURS A DAY

Negroes Speeded Until They Sweat in Cold

(Continued from page one)

ing under a perfected speed-up system. Here is an instance of common labor work under a speed-up system. Laborers engaged in loading box cars can increase their pay from the hourly rate of thirty-seven cents an hour to about thirty-eight or thirty-nine cents an hour by increasing the tonnage handled in the day time. This scheme of driving hard all day and loading up to maximum each worker will probably net them after a period of two weeks the princely sum of five dollars.

Most people picture a Negro labor gang as a slow moving group who take their sweet old southern style time about doing things will become changed when they see how Bethlehem trains their workers. Actually on a cold day, a group of Negro laborers were perspiring from working so fast and steady the whole day loading box cars, doing two men's work and getting two cents extra an hour.

37 Cents An Hour.

The standard pay of laborers is thirty-seven cents an hour, work ten hours and 99 days out of a 100, the foreman will come around and say, want to make some money for yourself. Work two hours overtime which is straight hourly rate. Extra pay for extra time is bygone history in Bethlehem. Such irony. The poor Negro workers who have the worst dangerous, unhealthy jobs in the mill and live under the most terrible conditions get ready to go to work at 5 a. m. and probably return home about 8 or 8.30 p. m. Their pay is $22.50, if they work a full six day week. Most of them work seven days bringing their pay up to about $25.

Shylock had nothing on Bethlehem when he wanted a man to forfeit a pound of flesh for payment of six thousand ducats. Bethlehem demands from every worker, every day in the year not only his flesh and blood but also demands every drop of energy in payment for three dollars and seventy cents to possibly five and a half dollars. Quitting two minutes before the time subjects a worker to dismissal and probable blacklisting in every department. The superintendent has a circular letter posted on bulletin boards to the effect that men are warned about knocking off before whistle, laying special emphasis on the fact that men are paid from whistle to whistle.

The steel worker has not only inhuman working conditions to contend with, such as speed-up, extremely low pay, wet and cold working places smoky, unhealthy and etc., but must also contend with the greed of the bosses. The bosses would much rather make a cheap grade of iron in the open hearth and have the men in the tin mill, sheet mill and other departments work on the iron and having half of it come out scrap for which the worker never gets paid for. The boss works out a lot of scrap this way at the expense of the workers' time and trouble. Such things as underpaid mechanics to fix broken down machines cause loss of pay to workers who are working piece-work and have no comeback when they only make one or two dollars a day as a result of broken-down machine. At the beginning of the week, on warming up turn on the furnaces, the workers can only produce about half production, but nevertheless, putting in full time does not entitle them to the average pay as they work piece-work.

Stool-pigeons.

Injustices abound right and left above and below for the workers, and especially those that dare to rebel against the scheme of things. There are plenty of police assigned to each department, as if in preparedness for an outbreak of workers. There many low duties such as keeping a watch on early quitters, loafing, and snooping around toilets. Steel mills have plenty of stool-pigeons and here in Sparrows Point, as a result of a small strike in 1919, has left a group of privileged scab jobholders and special concession holders on the Point. The company-controlled magistrate plays special cain with the workers and the pay of many a worker has been handed over by the company to the company court.

Not only are the 15,000 workers effected by these injustices, but the wives and children suffer many hardships. Many families of steel workers know the terror that came over them when their father, brother or husband was brought home dead, crippled, burned, or on crutches from the slaughter pens of Bethlehem Steel. It can be easily imagined what luxuries the children of steel workers have when their father gets about twenty to thirty dollars a week. Walking through the streets where the lowest paid workers exist would convince anyone that the long greedy hand of Bethlehem has left its thumb print on these workers.

The workers of Bethlehem are in despair as a result of the different wage cuts ranging from 5 to 40% have been imposed on them in the past three months. The cuts in wages on the already underpaid workers was like putting salt on a flesh wound. Bread has been taken off their table and placed on the tables of those who have too many diamonds and throw away plenty of cake.

We workers of the Bethlehem Steel need a strong working class party that will fight for us against the few privileged class who hold us in slavery and impose on us hunger, want, ignorance, wars and hatred merely to satisfy their own ends and disregard **the welfare of the millions of workers. We workers of Bethlehem Steel realize that the bosses can only do these things when they have control of the political machinery.**

We want a working class ballot to represent labor.

BETHLEHEM STEEL WORKER.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Chicago Attention!

The Chicago North Side Committee for Striking Miners' Relief has arranged a concert and dance with the co-operation of several labor organizations for June 2, 8 P. M. at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St.

* * *

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

* * *

Chicago Needle Workers.

CHICAGO, Ill.—A supper and entertainment will be given by the Chicago Needle Workers on May 26, at 7 P. M., in the Workers Tea Room, 2021 West Division St.

* * *

Detroit League Dance.

DETROIT.—A banquet and dance to celebrate the 6th anniversary of the organization of the Young Workers' Communist League will be held on May 26, at 8 P. M. at the Labor Temple, 9179 Delmar Ave.

* * *

Chicago Russian Workers.

CHICAGO.—The White Russian Society will hold a meeting May 31 in the Shoenhofer Hall, Milwaukee and Ashland Aves., at 8 P. M.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

District 15—Y. W. L. Anniversary.

The sixth anniversary of the existence of the Young Workers' Communist League will be celebrated in District 15 in the following halls and on the following dates:

New Haven—38 Howe St., May 26th.
Hartford—2003 Main St., June 2.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Philadelphia Daily Worker Affair.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—There will be a grand concert for the benefit of The DAILY WORKER on May 26, at 8 P. M. at 1208 Tasker St. A fine program will be presented under the auspices of Branch A, Section 1 of the W. C. P.

* * *

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

* * *

Youngstown Dance.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio. — The Young Workers' League will hold a concert and dance here May 27. All organizations are requested to keep this date open.

* * *

Cleveland House-Warming.

CLEVELAND.—The Cleveland local of the Workers (Communist) Party will celebrate the opening of their new headquarters at 2046 E. 4th St., with an entertainment and general get-together on Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m.

* * *

Chicago Labor Picnic.

CHICAGO. — The Chicago section, Trade Union Educational League, will hold a picnic May 30 at Viall's Grove.

* * *

Milwaukee Youth Dance.

MILWAUKEE.—The first joint concert and dance of the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers of Milwaukee will be held at the Freie Gemeinde Hall, 8th and Walnut Street on Sunday afternoon and evening, May 27.

* * *

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organiser of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Baltimore, Md., June 1; Washington, D. C., June 2; Richmond, Va., June 3; Norfolk, Va., June 4; Wilmington, Del., June 5; Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Saturday, May 26, Rochester, N. Y., Labor Lyceum, 580 St. Paul St.
Wednesday, May 30, Springfield, Mass., Liberty Hall, 592 Dwight St.
Thursday, May 31, Providence, R. I., A. C. A. Hall, 1753 Westminster St.
Friday, June 1, Boston, Paine Mem-
Saturday, June 2, Peabody, Mass., Finnish Hall, 67 Freemont St.
Sunday, June 3, Allston (Boston), Mass., 52 Cambridge St.
Monday, June 4, Haverhill, Mass.
Tuesday, June 5, Stamford, Conn.
Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.
Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.
Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.
Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 17, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.
Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

PITTSBURGH WILL HOLD BIG PICNIC, DANCE ON MAY 30

Proceeds For Miners' Relief

The National Miners' Relief Committee of Pittsburgh, Pa., will hold a picnic and dance for the benefit of the striking miners and their families at Elwyn Grove, near Fair Haven, Pa., Decoration Day, Wednesday May 30. The committee asks that all workers in the Pittsburgh district get behind the picnic and help to make it the biggest affair of the year. The proceeds of this picnic will be used for tents to help shelter the 15,000 unorganized miners now on strike. Pat Toohey and Anthony Minerich will be the speakers. The National Youth Miners' Relief Committee of Pittsburgh will provide sports; a boxing match, tug of war and a baseball game will be also arranged.

In addition there will be served refreshments of all kinds. Music by a well-known orchestra will be a feature. The picnic will begin at 10 a. m. and will last to 10 p. m. Dancing from 2 to 9 p. m. Direction to the picnic grounds from Pittsburgh: Take car 37 Castle Shannon, and Charleroi-Washington, to Elwyn stop. There is only one fare to the picnic. By auto: Follow the Castle Shannon Road.

2 WHO GAVE OUT 'DAILY' ARRESTED

'Worker' Exposed Oil Strike Betrayal

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BAYONNE, N. J., May 24.—John Tammassi and Tom Borsirio were arrested yesterday before the Tidewater and Standard Oil Company plants here distributing copies of The DAILY WORKER containing an account of the betrayal of the Tidewater strikers by their company union leaders and generally exposing the speed-up and slave conditions in the oil trust.

Twenty-five hundred Tidewater workers who struck last week against the inhuman conditions under which they are forced to slave at the plant of the tSandard subsidiary were forced back Tuesday through the betrayal of the company union officials working together with the mayor of the city.

Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new

Red Cartoons 1928

Sixty-four pages of the choice work of the best proletarian artists in America, including:

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M. BECKER — JACOB BURCK — DON BROWN
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Introduction by Robert Minor

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GRAND CONCERT
for the Benefit of the
"DAILY WORKER"
Saturday, May 26th, 1928
eight o'clock
Italian Progressive Institute
1208 TASKER STREET.
PROGRAM:
An Entertaining Playlet to be given by the
POPULAR ITALIAN ARTISTS
of the Progressive Institute.
FREIHEIT SINGING SOCIETY
in a selection of new songs.
A Collection of Dance Fantasies by the popular
MISS KATIE KREITZER
A Collection of Tuneful Melodies by the
Young Workers Mandolin Orchestra
Don't Miss This Affair.
ARRANGED BY BRANCH A SECTION 1 W. C. P.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.

WORKERS PARTY DRAFT PLATFORM OF CLASS STRUGGLE

"All Political Groups Except Communist Party Defend Capitalist Society"

The following is a draft for the election platform of the Workers (Communist) Party proposed by the Central Committee to the convention. This draft failed to include some amendments considered acceptable but omitted for lack of time.

* * *

American Imperialism

President Coolidge said to the big bankers and manufacturers in Philadelphia: "We hold a great treasure which must be protected." In the name of the working class and the exploited farmers of this country the WORKERS (Communist) PARTY raises the question: Who owns the 'great treasure,' in whose interests must it be protected, and who bears the burden of its protection? And our answer is: The 'great treasure' is owned by a handful of powerful bankers, manufacturers, and railroad magnates. The only share of it the workers and working farmers receive is exploitation and poverty, and all the burden of defense of the 'great treasure' of American Imperialism rests on the shoulders of the industrial and agricultural workers.

America is today the most powerful country in the world. America's wealth, the "great treasure," mounts up to 400 billion dollars. Half of the gold of the world is now in the possession of the United States. With but seven per cent of the world's total population America controls the bulk of the world's resources, 44 per cent of the world's coal, 70 per cent of the oil produced, 52 out of every 100 tons of steel, 60 per cent of the cotton and corn, and half of the world's railways, copper and pig iron.

A gigantic accumulation and concentration of capital is going on. The total amount of bank deposits is now over 56 billion dollars. These are over 1,000 factories in America employing more than 1,000 workers each, with a total of about 2½ million workers. Of all wage-earners in manufacturing over 56 per cent work in those 10,000 factories each of which turn out annually products to the amount of a million dollars or over.

Trustification is asserting itself with irresistible power. Consolidations of railways, big combines and mergers in all industries are the order of the day. The United States Steel Corporation has a capital of 1.4 billion dollars. A food trust is attempting to put 2 billion dollars into one powerful corporation. The recent consolidation of the Brooklyn Edison Company and the Consolidated Gas Company of New York resulted in a merger of over one billion dollars. Five powerful companies control almost half of the whole national output of water power, and eleven groups control 80 per cent. Eight companies control three-fourths of the anthracite coal. Two companies exercise control over half of the copper resources of the country.

A process of centralization similar to that in production is going on in the field of distribution. There are today 3,893 chain store organizations controlling 101,536 retail outlets in thirty merchandise fields. These chains realized in 1927 a volume of business estimated at almost six billion dollars or 16 per cent of the total retail business of the country. The anti-trust laws function today not as instruments of "trust-busting" but as a means of trustification.

The United States is the leading country in respect to capitalist rationalization. The productive power of American industries has increased tremendously. In a decade productivity per employee in American manufacturing has increased 33 per cent, cost of management has decreased 12 per cent, but wages per unit of production have increased only 2 per cent. Over-development of industrial productive capacity is one of the basic features of American Imperialism.

Finance capital is almighty today. Banks and industries are merged. The climax of this development was marked by the fact that J. P. Morgan, head of American finance capital, became the head of the United States Steel Corporation, the country's biggest industrial company. Hand in hand with the trustification of industry goes the trustification of State power. The Government of the United States is today an administration of finance capital. The identity of the dominating personnel in finance capital and government administration is complete. Finance capital sends its direct representatives to the Cabinet as well as ambassadors to foreign countries.

Trustification, high tariff, monopoly, merger of trusts and State power, growing export of capital—this is the picture of American Imperialism today.

The stabilization of European industries, and the decline of British imperialism have increased competition on a world scale. The United States imperialism is in a growing measure dependent on the world market, and it struggles for world hegemony in every corner of the world—from Latin America to China. It is engaged in murderous competition for the Russian market as well as for the markets of the British Empire. Increased competition, increased struggle for the resources of raw material and for the export of capital, **high tariff walls, and ever-larger armied aand navies create a growing menace of war. A second world war is inevitable. Wars on a smaller scale are going on today in a period** which the spokesmen of Imperialism call the era of "world peace." **American Imperialism is conducting a war of extermination against Nicaragua, is participating in interventions in China, and is an active accomplice of the capitalist conspiracy against the Soviet Russia.**

Two main antagonisms lead today towards a world conflagration. One is the chief capitalist antagonism between British and American Imperialism, which has taken the place of the pre-war British-German rivalry. The other one is the general capitalist conspiracy against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

Although British Imperialism is today the most reactionary force in world politics, American Imperialism is the leading power and represents the most dangerous, most aggressive force of world capitalism. There is an ever-clearer crystallization of the two poles; **on the one hand, the counter-revolutionary pole to defend capitalism against the growing revolt of the colonial peoples and the working masses of the capitalist countries under the leadership of the United States;** on the other hand, the revolutionary pole under the leadership of Soviet Russia, around which all the oppressed peoples of the colonies and all the expoited workers of the world rally.

Wealth and Poverty

The United States is in the richest country in the world. "Uncle Shylock" is the creditor of all countries. The world owes the United States today not less than 23½ billion dollars. The number of millionaires is growing fast. In 1919 there were only 65 incomes over a million; in 1926 there were already 228. In 1919 there were only 189 incomes between $500,000 and $1,000,000; in 1926 the number was already 465.

In his 1926 address to Congress President Coolidge said: "The wealth of our country is not public wealth but private wealth. It does not belong to the Government; it belongs to the people." The prodigious wealth of the country is private wealth, but the "people" who own it are not the workers and exploited farmers. They are the few millionaires. The country is growing richer, but the share of the millions of working people in the wealth of the country is decreasing and the share of the few powerful millionaires is increasing with amazing speed. One per cent of all recipients of any income in this country receive not less than 20 per cent of the whole national income and get not less than 86.2 per cent of all corporate dividends. One per cent of the population possesses today not less than 33 per cent of all wealth; 10 per cent own 64 per cent; and the poorest 25 per cent possess only 3½ per cent. The overwhelming majority of the "people" to whom President Coolidge refers are born poor and die poor. The Federal Trade Commission states that about one per cent of the estimated number of decedents owned about 59 per cent of the estimated wealth, and more than 90 per cent was owned by about 13 per cent of the decedents."

The accumulated wealth is not distributed equally. Hand in hand with the growing fortunes of the few millionaires goes the growing exploitation and poverty of the unskilled workers, Negroes, and exploited farmers. Even President Coolidge was forced to admit in his Hammond dedication speech that there is a "considerable class of unskilled workers who have not come into full participation in the wealth of the nation." **The share of the wage-earners in the national income has decreased. The manufacturing wage-earners received only 40.1 per cent of the "value product" in 1925 as against 44.8 per cent in 1921. The wages of the shamelessly exploited four million agricultural workers amounted in 1920 to 2.3 per cent of the national income and in 1926 to only 1.4 per cent. The "democratization" of wealth is only a capitalist myth. Bankers and industrial magnates own the big corporations. The workers do not possess more than one per cent of all stocks and bonds. "High American wages" is today the most popular publicity stunt of American and international capitalism but high wages embrace only a thin aristocratic stratum of the working class. The overwhelming majority of wage-earners is not able to earn even sufficient to fulfill the most elementary needs of a decent life.** In the middle of the most advertised prosperity, in the summer of 1926, the Federal Bureau of Labor statistics estimated that the average wages for "common labor" were 43.6 cents an hour. The United States Department of Labor was forced to admit that many millions of workers are receiving wages of only $10.34 a week.

President Coolidge made the bold declaration that "the people are prosperous," but reality shows that people work on starvation wages, that the overwhelming majority of the nearly 60 per cent of the workers still work more than 48 hours a week, that women and children, Negro and foreign-born unskilled workers are exploited at least as mercilessly as the most exploited strata of the European working class. The prosperity of the "people" is best illustrated by the miserable shacks of the Southern cotton fields and the poverty-stricken slums of the Eastern cities. In his 1926 address to Congress President Coolidge said: "The power of the purse is the power over liberty." A handful of millionaires exercise power over the purse, and they exercise power over the liberty of the overwhelming majority of the United States. A handful of powerful millionaires own all the means of production—the factories, machinery, mines, railroads, water power—of this country, and are thus in a position to force the overwhelming majority of the people into wage slavery. The wealth of the few is the poverty of the many; the liberty of the few is the bondage of the masses.

Indictment of American Capitalism

Overproduction and starvation, overtime and unemployment, accumulation of wealth and accumulation of poverty—these are the features of capitalist prosperity for the workers and working farmers. The very fact that there can be such a thing as overproduction as long as the needs of every member of society are still unsatisfied is the most terrible indictment against capitalist economy. Capitalist society is unable to control its own forces of production. As the President of the United States Chamber of Commerce put it in his speech of May 10, 1928: "there has been an economic thunderbolt of increasing production unloosed by industry."

Unemployment is a permanent phenomenon in capitalist society. There is at any time 1½ million unemployed. The constant industrial reserve army is one of the props of capitalist society. The present depression with its 4 or 5 million unemployed workers brings untold misery. The labor of millions of children is one of the basic institutions of capitalism. Peonage no better than chattel slavery, Jim Crowism, and lynching are acknowledged sources of present day capitalist prosperity. The shameless exploitation of the unskilled foreign-born workers and the oppression of the whole races are parts of the capitalist system. The modern industrial serfdom of company towns is in existence to the glory of the "freest" constitution in the world. Capitalist industry conducts in the form of industrial accidents extermination against the working class. The infamous speed-up system causes the workers to age prematurely. Old workers are thrown away like slack, like useless by-products. Not less than 1,800,000 old people are forced to live the life of "dependents." Sickness and early death are the punishment for poverty. The United States Public Health Service states: "Both sickness and death are much more frequent among those with low incomes than among those with incomes adequate to comfortable living."

Capitalist decency and morality is symbolized by almshouses, brothels, slums, and bootleg saloons. Prostitution of science, literature, and art is on the same level as prostitution of women. There is a crusade against the "crime move," against petty larceny by the poor, conducted by those who are guilty of large-scale corruption and lobbying. With the exception of backward and impoverished China and India the powerful and rich and civilized United States is the only country which does not have any social legislation. Jingoism, militarism, robber wars against Nicaragua and China— these are the results of American capitalism.

President Coolidge summed up in the following way his picture of American capitalism: "Those are some of the economic results which have accrued from the American principles of reliance upon the initiative and the freedom of the individual. It is the very antithesis of Communism." And President Coolidge is right. American capitalism as it is—with all its economic, political, and moral results—is the very antithesis of Communism. There is no other alternative. **The issue is capitalism or Communism.** The Workers Communist Party of America declares itself the deadly enemy of capitalism. It has as its aim the overthrow of capitalism, the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government, the establishment of a Communist society in which the means of production will not be the private property of the few, a society which will not be based on profit but on labor, which will not be founded on class divisions, which will eradicate imperialist wars as well as class wars, which will be able to eliminate poverty.

The Parties of Big and Small Business

With the exception of the Workers (Communist) Party all political parties and groups are defenders of the present capitalist society.

The two old capitalist parties, the Republican and Democratic, are the twin brothers in the expression of the interests of the bosses.

The Republican Party, which in the interests of the then revolutionary capitalism conducted a war against chattel slavery, is today working in the interests of the new counter-revolutionary capitalism for the perpetuation of wage slavery. The Republican Party of today is nothing but the party of trusts, of finance capital, of the biggest business interests of the country.

The Democratic Party was in the early stages of its history the party of slavery, against Northern capitalism and in the interests of the Southern plantation owners. Today, though many times masked with phrases of liberalism, it stands for the perpetuation of the peonage of Negroes in the South and for the maintenance of wage slavery throughout the country.

There are no real political differences between the two big political parties. Both are parties of capitalism; both are the enemies of the working class. The very existence of the two-party system is the most reactionary factor in American politics, is one of the factors which is responsible for the lack of an independent mass political party of the working class. Both capitalist parties try to put up the semblance of being defenders of the farmers, vying with each other in putting forward fake "farm relief" measures. The "struggle" between the Republican and Democratic parties is a staged fight, a mock struggle. There are no political issues between these two parties. On the question of tariff, prohibition, taxation, imperialist war, farm relief, League of Nations, and all other discussed political issues there is much more division within each party than between the two parties.

The main slogan of the Republican Party today is "Prosperity." But reality shows depression and unemployment. The main slogan of the Democratic Party is: "Honesty in Government." But reality shows at least as much corruption on the party of Democrats as on that of the Republicans. Tammany Hall can successfully compete in corruption with Teapot Dome.

There are several classes combined in each of these parties. Both still mirror in many respects the old sectional and regional groupings of the country, but in both there is an outspoken, decisive dominance of finance capital. **Both are one of the basic issues: the oppression of the working class, the maintenance of the exploitation of the workers and working farmers, and the robber policies against the colonies and semi-colonies of American imperialism.**

The group of so-called Progressives is by no means better than the Republican "Old Guard" of the Democratic heroes of Tammany Hall and the "solid" South. In 1924 the bulk of the so-called progressive group supported the LaFollette movement, which betrayed the interests of the working class and the working farmers and helped to lead into peaceful channels the discontent of the masses. In 1926 the attitude of the so-called Progressives is still more cowardly. They have even deserted the idea of a third party, and have gone back meekly into the old capitalist parties. Senator Wheeler came out openly in support of Al Smith who is the embodiment of the new Tammany Hall, who is the hero of the labor-smashing policies in the needle trades. Senators Borah and Norris and their Republican colleagues are equally untrustworthy. Borah's empty gesture of "outlawing" war serves only as a cover for Kellogg's imperialist wars and war preparations. Senator Shipstead, who still usurps the name of Farmer-Laborite, is betraying the interests of the workers and exploited farmers in the most shameless way, is supporting the anti-labor injunction policies of the courts and the Nicaraguan war. These "progressive" Senators and Congressmen are in many respects more dangerous enemies of the workers and working farmers than the official spokesmen of big business, because they hide their capitalist face and create illusions in the minds of the masses. **All these Progressives and semi-Progressives serve as a group of the pesent capitalist society and must be combatted by all honest workers and farmers.**

The official leadership of the trade unions, the whole bureaucracy of the **American Federation of Labor**, is today part and parcel of American imperialism. Under the leadership of the most corrupt trade-union bureaucracy in the world the A. F. of L. has become a mere organization of the labor aristocracy, an instrument of class collaboration with the bosses instead of a means of struggle against big business. The capitalists are conducting the most murderous offensive of the open shop and wage cuts against the workers. The answer of the leaders of the A. F. of L. is a joint proposal with the American Bar Association for a Federal anti-strike law. The trade-union bureaucrats are today the partners of the bosses. They are trying to wrench the weapon of the strike from the hands of the workers. The whole infamous system of labor banks and trade-union insurance, trade-union capitalism is nothing but the most elaborate system of class betrayal. The leadership of the A. F. of L. does not conduct any struggle against wage cuts or for higher wages and shorter hours. The trade-union bureaucracy sabotages the great task of organizing the unorganized. The worthy heirs of Gomper—Green, Woll and Co.—are the advocates of the "Monroe Doctrine of Labor" are the spokesmen of a "labor imperialism." They have come out openly for a policy of common exploitation of all Latin-American peoples by the capitalists and workers of the United States. The B. and O. plan, the Mitten plan, compulsory arbitration, the transformation of the trade unions into semi-Fascist and semi-company unions—is today the policy of the A. F. of L. These corrupt misleaders of labor are helping to keep the workers in the camp of the old capitalist parties by maintaining the sterile and treacherous policy of "reward your friends and punish your enemies" within the capitalist parties. There cannot be a successful revolutionary mass movement of the working class in America without smashing the whole edifice of the labor aristocracy and its corrupt bureaucratic leadership.

The Socialist Party of America, which still claims to be a working class party, is in fact a party of the lower middle class. Its leadership has become part of the bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. Its whole ambition is to inherit the traditions of the La Follette third-party movement. The militant spirit of Eugene Debs has been completely wiped out from the Socialist Party. In Wisconsin the Socialist Party is an official party of the capitalist administration. In New York the Socialist Party has substituted the red-white and blue flag of patriotism for the red flag of revolution. In Reading the city officials of the Socialist Party have pledged themselves to "understand that their responsibilities will be those of capitalist officials rather than of Socialist Party members." James H. Maurer, one of the councilmen elected by the Socialists in Reading and Vice-presidential candidate of the Socialist Party, declared: **"We are going to give the workers a typical working class government, but if there is a strike in Reading while we are in power, the capitalist employer will have his property and life protected as never he had it before."**

The Presidential candidate of the Socialist Party, Norman Thomas, is the worst kind of pacifist, a typical Preacher, who performs the greatest service for Mexican imperialism by creating illusions about the League of Nations, about the possibility of preventing wars by peaceful means. The Socialist Party today is an advocate of the League of Nations, and is a supporter of the hypocritical "peace offensive" of Secretary of State Kellogg. The Socialist Party is uttering some critical phrases about the war in Nicaragua not because it is an imperialist war in the interests of Wall Street but only because it is "unauthorized and unsanctioned by the people or Congress."

The Socialist Party of today is for the protection of capitalist law and order, is against revolution, is against the working class government of Soviet Russia, and supports every measure of the A. F. of L. bureaucracy for class collaboration. The Socialist Party has transformed its party organization from a membership organization into a ward organization of voters. It has shifted its class basis from a working class entirely and definitely to the lower middle class. The last national convention of the Socialist Party in April, 1928, went so far as to drop the class struggle pledge that applicants for membership had to sign in the past.

The small sects, the Socialist Labor Party and the Proletarian Party have become completely fossilized, and do not play any role in the political life of the country or in any of the struggles of the working class.

The Workers (Communist) Party is today the only real revolutionary working-class party. It is the sole party which has a program for the workers and working farmers. It is the only party which conducts a relentless struggle against capitalism, against the old parties of the bosses and against the corrupt labor bureaucracy and the treacherous Socialist Party.

The Workers Communist Party is the party of the class struggle. It is the deadly enemy of class collaboration because it is the deadly enemy of capitalism. The Workers Communist Party is the champion of the interests of the working class and the working farmers. It is the advocate of the most exploited stratum of the working class, of the unskilled workers. It is the champion of the oppressed Negro race. It is the organizer of the struggle against imperialism, against imperialist wars. The Workers (Communist) Party is the only Party which fights for the interests of the working class, working farmers, and the oppressed Negro race; and that is the very reason why all the forces of the old capitalist parties, the bureaucrats of the **A. F. of L. and the leaders of the Socialist Party are united against the Communists.** The Republicans, Democrats, Socialists, and labor bureaucrats have a common platform. That platform is Red-baiting, anti-Communist.

In its 1928 election campaign the Workers (Communist) Party offers **the following program against trustified capital and in the interests of the working class, working farmers, and oppressed Negro race:**

The Curse of Unemployment.

There is a heavy economic depression over the country with a very heavy unemployment in its wake. Bread-lines are long. Hypocritical "charity" is in its flower. Even conservative Senators estimate the number of unemployed at four million.

The curse of unemployment is the most terrible plight of the working class. The cyclical crises of capitalist industry bring with them time and again the untold sufferings of mass unemployment. But there is unemployment not only at times of crises; it is here at all times. Unemployment on a mass scale is a "normal" phenomenon of this glorious capitalist society.

The very technical progress—the development of new machinery, the increased productivity of labor—becomes under capitalist conditions a source of growing unemployment. The introduction of new machines has decreased the number of workers. The opening up of new markets cannot keep pace with the speedy development of technique. The introduction of machinery makes the skill of the workers superfluous. Large masses of unskilled workers can take the place of the skilled. The time of apprenticeship is being greatly shortened. Young workers and even children can take the place of adults. A growing number of women are entering into industry.

The introduction of machinery creates the basis for mass production. Mass production with its murderous competition ruins the lower middle class and drives its members as workers into the industries. Monopoly capitalism ruins the farmers and forces them to sell their labor power as industrial workers in the cities. Mass production opens up hitherto backward agrarian regions industrially. A large-scale industrialization of the South is taking place, and has driven hundreds of thousands of Negroes into the industries. Despite all prohibition of immigration there is an annual influx of hundreds of thousands of workers from other countries.

Under present capitalist conditions, it is inevitable that there be a constant industrial reserve army of jobless. Even in the best periods of prosperity, the number of jobless is estimated at one and a half million. In 1927, the factories produced 26 per cent more than in 1919. During this same period, the number of wage-earners employed in manufacturing decreased by not less than 980,000. Eleven per cent fewer wage-earners than in 1919 produced in manufacturing in 1927, 26 per cent more products. In other words, each worker produced 42 per cent more. The same tendency manifests itself everywhere. The railways had in 1927 almost 200,000 less workers than in 1919. The number of "superfluous" miners is near to a quarter of a million. In manufacturing, mining and railroading, there were almost one and a half million fewer workers employed by the end of 1927 than in 1919. During the last few years, there has been a continuous movement of population from the farms to the cities. In 1925, 834,000, in 1925, 1,020,000, in 1927, 604,000 more persons left the farms for cities than the cities for the farms. A large proportion of these bankrupt and ruined farmers became industrial workers or rather tried to become industrial workers. Even Secretary of Labor Davis has been forced to raise the question:

"Is automatic machinery driven by relentless power going to leave on our hands a state of chronic and increasing unemployment? Is the machinery that turns out our wealth also to create poverty? Is it giving us a permanent jobless class?"

A capitalist writer characterizes the present unemployment as a "technological unemployment, not cyclical—an unemployment developing gradually, almost unawares, like creeping paralysis, in the midst of unprecedented prosperity, the by-product of improved technological efficiency."

Unemployment is indeed the "creeping paralysis" of capitalist society. It represents the most vicious contradiction of the present economic order. The more machinery, the higher the productivity of labor, the more unemployed. Labor itself produces unemployment. Unemployment of one part produces overtime for the other part of the working class. The pressure of unemployment forces wage-earners to accept jobs at lower wages and longer hours. The fear of unemployment is the most powerful chain which binds the workers to wage slavery. The fear of unemployment increases competition among the workers. Unemployment lowers the **power of resistance of the workers on the job. The working wage-earners are forced to accept overtime. Overtime again makes new masses of wage-earners superfluous. Unemployment creates overtime, and overtime creates unemployment. The bigger the factories, the more expensive the machinery, the greater is the tendency of the capitalists to lengthen the working time instead of increasing the number of workers. Hand in hand with the increasing accumulation of capital goes a relative and today even an absolute decrease in the number of workers.**

The hypocritical advocates of capitalism lament about the existence of unemployment and call it the "greatest blot on our capitalist system" (Owen D. Young), but in fact the existence of a constant industrial reserve army is not a hindrance to capitalism. Quite the contrary. It is one of the basic conditions for the existence and maintenance of capitalism. Technical development, new inventions, the introduction of new labor saving machinery, will not cease. The opening up of new markets will not go at the same speed as heretofore. The industrialization of the colonies, the increasing competition with Europe, the existence of non-capitalistic Soviet Russia, and the revolt of the colonial peoples are the narrowing limitations.

The present depression is not an "accident." It has been brought about by prosperity itself. Disproportion between production and consumption, which is a part of the general anarchy of capitalist production, is responsible for cyclical crises. Saturation of the automobile and building construction markets, overproduction of oil, the world coal crisis, the migration of the textile industry to the South, the limits of installment buying, the restriction of the farmers' market, the effects of American export of capital and of the stabilization of Europe, the increased competition with Europe—these are the basic features of the present economic depression.

There is no cure for unemployment under capitalism.

Shortening of the working day alone would not do away with unemployment. A general shortening of the working day would result in general part-time work, in perpetual overproduction, would bring about a crisis in permanence.

High wages alone cannot cure unemployment. It is futile to try to "convince" the capitalists to increase wages for the purpose of increasing the purchasing power of the workers. The capitalists will never sacrifice a portion of their profits, by transforming it into wages for the purpose of broadening the home market. Just the opposite is the policy of imperialist capitalism. It is cutting wages everywhere, and trying to increase its exports for the foreign markets.

Neither can public works alone cure unemployment. Public works would tend to increase the forces of production, and would in the long run tend to reproduce unemployment on a larger scale. Higher wages, shorter hours, and public works would not cure unemployment, but might bring about a certain limited and temporary relief.

Unemployment is a world phenomenon today. The constant industrial reserve army has always been in existence, but the present chronic unemployment has assumed such proportions that it is no longer a prop of capitalism but an organic defect, one of the basic sicknesses of postwar capitalism. Unemployment is a horrible curse upon the working class. It is the most powerful weapon in the hands of the bosses. It chains the worker to wage slavery. It brings tormenting uncertainty into the life of every wage-earner. It breaks up the family of the worker by driving the women and children into the factories. It brings about moral degradation, creates a slum proletariat. There follows in its wake a growing criminality. It is the foundation of prostitution. In other words, it embodies and sums up capitalism as a whole.

Demands.

1. Unemployment insurance. **A federal system of unemployment insurance should be established. A federal law must be enacted immediately by Congress providing for unemployment insurance for all wage-earners without ony exceptions or disqualifications. The amount of compensation shall be full wages for the entire period of unemployment, the maximum to be $30 per week. An unemployment insurance fund shall be created, fifty per cent to be contributed by the employers and fifty per cent by the state. The amount contributed by the state shall be raised by special taxes levied against inheritance, high income, and corporation profits. The administration of unemployment insurance shall be carried by unemployment insurance commissions, composed of representatives of trade unions, organizations of the unemployed, and factory committees.**

2. **Immediate enactment of a federal law providing for a general 40-hour, 5-day week working time and forbidding all overtime.**

3. **A federal law should be enacted providing for immediate emergency**

"No Capitalist Cure for Unemployment 'Creeping Paralysis' of Capitalism"

help for all workers who have been unemployed two months or more, consisting of eight weeks' wages for each worker. The average received during the last four weeks of unemployment shall serve as the basis.

4. Establishment of public kitchens by municipalities to provide for all unemployed workers and their families.

5. Municipal provision for supplying free medical treatment, medicine and hospital care to all unemployed.

6. Public works. The federal, state and city governments should devise schemes for improving the roads and bridges of the country, improving the rivers, canals, docks and harbors, setting up electric power stations, reforestation, land drainage and land reclamation, extension and electrification of railways. On all public works trade union wages and conditions must be guaranteed by law.

7. Immediate abolition of all vagrancy laws. Protection of unemployed workers from arrest on charges of vagrancy.

The Offensive of the Bosses.

The working class of this country is facing a great crisis. A general offensive of the bosses is being conducted against the workers, an offensive to smash the whole trade union movement, to lower the standard of living of all workers.

The trustification of capital, the erection of huge monopolies, the all-embracing nationalization have increased the power of the bosses tremendously.

The capitalists are using all methods of rationalization mercilessly. Wage-cuts everywhere—in the shoe, textile, automobile and rubber industries and in mining. A whole system of speed-up has been put in operation. The stop watch, group piece work, bonus system, efficiency engineering, the conveyor or travelling-belt system, increase mass production and intensify the exploitation of the workers. Concentration of industries, Fordization, technical innovations, and the wholesale introduction of new machinery is the order of the day. The lengthening of working hours is attempted everywhere, with especially disastrous results for the unskilled workers. An injunction mania raves against every movement of the workers to resist the effects of rationalization. All the forces of the government—the police, state constabulary, the coal and iron police, the most infamous spy system—are mobilized against the workers. The open-shop drive, the **"American Plan,"** is today the official policy of the capitalist class on the whole front. Company unions are being set up by the bosses, and strenuous attempts are being made to company-unionize all existing trade unions. All the combined forces of the bosses and their government are concentrated to prevent the organization of the unorganized masses in the basic industries.

The trade union bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. has met the general offensive of the bosses by a general surrender. There has never been in the history of labor such a shameful capitulation as the treachery of the A. F. of L. leadership and of the Socialist Party in the present grave situation of the American labor movement. Instead of fighting the shameful efforts of capitalist rationalization, these misleaders try to cooperate in introducing speed-up systems and capitalist efficiency. They put forward the "union-management cooperation" policy. They babble about "industrial democracy." They have elaborated the "higher strategy of labor," the notorious theory of Matthew Woll about the three stages of the American labor movement: the stages of conflict, of collective bargaining and of worker-employer cooperation. They proclaim the passing of war and truce and the coming of the age of permanent peace between the bosses and the workers. The trade union bureaucracy has dropped the last semblance of any resistance to company-unionizing the trade unions. They have come out openly for the Watson-Parker Bill and for a federal anti-strike law. They have dropped their previous petty trust-busting program and have become the high apostles of "efficient" trusts.

The results of the offensive of the bosses and the treachery of the trade union bureaucrats is **the growing crisis in the labor movement.** Trustified industry is out for a general open shop. The trade unions have been driven out from all basic industries. For the first time in the history of the A. F. of L. the number of organized workers has decreased even during a period of prosperity. The climax of the struggle was reached in the present fight of the United Mine Workers of America. This most powerful and most militant unit of the American labor movement has now been broken to pieces and delivered to the mercy of the operators.

The present depression has ruthlessly exposed the notorious formula of the trade union bureaucracy about "mass production, high wages and low prices" as the foundation of permanent prosperity. Millions of workers are jobless, desperately walking the streets. The crisis in the labor movement and the depression have exposed the true meaning of all class-collaboration plans. They show up the so-called profit-sharing, employee stock-buying, group insurance, B. and O. plan, Mitten scheme, and other systems of "union-management cooperation." The smash-up of the labor bank of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is beginning to open **the eyes of the workers to the disastrous effects of trade union capitalism.**

Despite all the treachery of the labor bureaucrats, the workers are beginning to resist. The long struggle of the textile workers in Passaic, the Haverhill shoe strike, the battle of the Colorado miners, the firm and solid front of the needle trades workers in New York, the strike struggle of the textile workers in New Bedford and Fall River, and the heroic struggle of the Pennsylvania and Ohio miners who have already maintained their fight against the whole world for fourteen months, are the first powerful signs of the defensive struggle of the working class. Despite all the sabotage of the misleaders of labor, the vast masses of unorganized workers are beginning to organize themselves. The first attempts to organize the automobile workers have been made. The needle trades workers and the textile workers are being organized into independent unions. **The mill committee movement of the textile workers, the shop chairmen movement of the needle trades, and the Save-the-Union movement of the miners are the most promising signs of a fighting future.**

The Workers (Communist) Party of America considers it as its duty to mobilize the masses for a relentless struggle against all harmful effects of capitalist rationalization. The workers must understand that rationalization in a capitalist society, with the means of production in private hands, can only intensify the exploitation of the workers. Rationalization in the interests of the whole of society can be carried out only in a Communist society in which the means of production are the property of the whole nation.

Demands.

1. Shorter hours of labor. A 5-day week. A minimum of 36 consecutive hours rest in seven days.

2. Fight for high wages. Strike against wage cuts.

3. Fight for the protection of the workers from the bad effects of capitalist rationalization, of the technical advances of mass production. Struggle against the speed-up system.

4. Organize the unorganized. The American working class cannot successfully resist the power of the trusts without building up a powerful organization of the workers in the basic industries.

5. Destroy company unions. Abolish the B. and O. and Mitten plans. Eradicate trade union capitalism.

6. Save the unions from the onslaught of the bosses and the treachery of the bureaucrats. Amalgamation of craft unions into industrial unions. Democratization of the trade unions. The present corrupt leadership must be driven out.

7. Trade union methods alone cannot wage a successful fight. Trade union struggle must be supplemented by political struggle.

The Heroic Struggle of the Unions.

There has never been a more heroic struggle than the present strike of the hundreds of thousands of miners. They are fighting against the whole capitalist world. They are not only up against the coal operators, who are in close alliance with the big railroad companies and banks and backed by the government, but are also betrayed by their own leaders.

There is a deep-going crisis in the mining industry. The industry is unorganized. Production is in a chaotic state. Each of the 7,000 coal companies produces as much as it can. There is a murderous competition for markets. The mines are able to produce twice as much coal today as industry and consumers can absorb. The operators are closing down mine after mine, creating heavy unemployment. At the same time, the new labor-saving machinery is being introduced, aggravating the unemployment situation everywhere. The miners are being forced to increase their daily output by speed-up and longer working hours, this making themselves in growing numbers superfluous. **The operators say that the industry is faced with the problem: either it must get rid of its superfluous coal or its superfluous miners. They are driving out 250,000 miners from the industry.**

The government has exposed itself frankly as the instrument of the operators in the present struggle. It has mobilized everything against the miners. Courts, injunctions, the national guard, state constabulary, judges and sheriffs are at the service of the operators. Every miner must now clearly see that the government is but the organization of the bosses. **The operators themselves sit in the government.** The Secretary of the Treasury, Mellon, a member of President Coolidge's cabinet, is one of the biggest shareholders of the most unscrupulous Pittsburgh Coal Company. The governor of Pennsylvania, Fisher, was a member of the board of directors of the Clearfield Coal Company. The officials of the government are either the bosses themselves or their paid agents. In the company towns the coal operators exercise directly state power in the form of coal and iron police and company gunmen. The coal operators there own everything—land, streets, buildings, stores. The local judges and sheriffs are paid by the operators, as has been proved by the Senate Investigating Committee. The Senate Investigating Committee itself is nothing but a smoke screen to deceive the workers, to create illusions in the minds of the miners. **The miners have no constitutional rights in the "freest" country in the world.** And there can not be any real democracy and freedom in a society in which the few own everything and the masses do not own anything.

The miners must win the present strike. To win the strike means higher wages and better conditions. But they cannot win the strike unless they get rid of their present leaders. The Lewis machine is nothing but the agent of the bosses in the union. It sold out the struggle of the miners to the operators and to the government. The Lewis machine does not want to win the strike. Its whole history is but an uninterrupted betrayal of all the fights of the miners. It betrayed the miners in 1919, in 1922, in 1925, and it has betrayed them in the most shameless way in the present struggle.

District after district was lost for the United Mine Workers under the leadership of the Lewis machine. In 1919 the miners' strike tied up 70 per cent of production; the present strike only 20 per cent. The Lewis machine criminally neglected the necessary preparation for the strike. It sabotaged the organization of the unorganized. It has signed up individual agreements. It has betrayed the cause of a national agreement. It has split the movement by ousting everybody from the union who wants a militant struggle. It is cutting off relief from every striking miner who dares to criticize it. It is trying to enforce a yellow dog pledge of starvation. The last vestiges of democracy have been eradicated from the union. Lewis stole the elections. **The Lewis machine is not a leadership set up by the rank and file, but a leadership set up with the aid of the bosses over the rank and file.** From June to December 1927, while the striking miners were starving on a dollar or two relief Lewis drew $11,093.66 in salary and personal expenses.

The mining industry is in a crisis. The issue is: Who shall pay the expenses of the crisis? Shall it be solved at the cost of the operators, or of the miners? The miners, and with them the whole labor movement, must multiply their efforts to combat the onslaught of the operators. The defeat of the miners would be a defeat for the whole labor movement.

Demands.

1. Lewis must go. The rank and file must take over the union.

2. The unorganized miners must be organized. The big organization drive must be intensified and sped up.

3. Win the Pennsylvania and Ohio strike. Insist on a national agreement. Fight against wage cuts and for the Jacksonville scale. Mass picketing and mass violation of injunctions against the workers. Mass resistance to evictions.

4. It is the duty of the whole labor movement to organize relief for the starving and struggling miners.

5. Railroad workers, don't haul scab coal!

Colonies and Imperialist War.

Increasing rivalry with the other imperialist powers and brutal exploitation of the economically weaker, more backward peoples—these two features characterize the foreign policy of United States imperialism at present.

Wall Street's dollars and marines are extending their domination over ever greater sections of the world. Wherever there is a revolutionary upheaval United States imperialism is on hand and ready to crush it. United States imperialism is in a conspiracy with Great Britain against the Russian revolution. It cooperates with Japan and England in the interventions against China. United States imperialism supported Great Britain in her ruthless intervention in Shantung. United States warships and thousands of marines are "pacifying" China, and Washington admits that Admiral Bristol is empowered to call out the whole Pacific fleet against China if United States imperialist policy requires it. United States imperialism goes hand in hand with Japanese imperialism in Shantung against the armies of Chiang Kai-Shek, but at the same time its representative, Admiral Bristol, cooperates with Chiang Kai-Shek in crushing Soviet Russia.

The military dictatorship of United States imperialism is exercised more ruthlessly than ever before over the Philippines, Hawaii, Porto Rico, the Panama Canal Zone and the Virgin Islands, Cuba, Haiti, Panama and Liberia are today reduced to vassal states of United States imperialism. The independence of all the Caribbean and Central American republics has become more than a tragic farce in view of their increased bondage to Wall Street. The Havana Conference, which was called in the name of Pan-Americanism, was only the instrument of United States imperialism. The Monroe Doctrine, which once served as a defense against European powers, is today the most aggressive means to conquer all America for the United States. The pressure of Wall Street forced Mexico to surrender her natural oil and land resources to dollar imperialism. The appointment of Morrow, the employee of Morgan, as United States Ambassador to Mexico exposes the whole Latin-American policy of the United States as the policy of finance capitalists. The fake "good will" flights of Colonel Lindbergh tried to exploit the sentimental illusions of the North American masses for the **conquest of Latin America.** Large parts of Central America and South **America have already been reduced to a state of semi-colonies of United States imperialism, and Wall Street and its White House agency are trying to transform them into true colonies.**

The most disgraceful action of United States imperialism is its robber war against Nicaragua. President Coolidge disclosed in his speech of the 10th of February, 1927, the true meaning of the Nicaraguan war: **"If the revolution in Nicaragua continues, American investments and business interests will be in danger."** The infamous, bloody crusade against Nicaragua is the most typical, naked imperialist profit-war ever conducted.

United States imperialism cooperates with British imperialism against China, against Soviet Russia, against Nicaragua; but at the same time there is a murderous competition and increasing imperialist rivalry between the two robber powers. There is hardly any part of the world in which there is no open or covert struggle between English and American imperialism. United States imperialism is breaking up the British Empire by catering to Canada and Australia. United States imperialism has successfully challenged Great Britain's financial hegemony. There is a permanent rubber struggle and oil war going on between America and Great Britain. The fiasco of the Three-Power Naval Limitation Conference in Geneva and the American slogan for a "second to none" navy show the irreconcilable nature of this imperialist antagonism. The present cooperation of the United States government with Japan in China has in it the germs of future conflicts on the Pacific.

The present "peace conference" of Secretary of State Kellogg under the slogan to "outlaw war" is nothing but an imperialist maneuver. United States imperialism aims through the Kellogg treaty to diminish the European big powers, and tries to render futile any attempt of the European powers to build a bloc against United States imperialism. At the same time the Kellogg treaty tries to unite all the capitalist powers, not under the leadership of the League of Nations, but under the leadership of United States imperialism against the Soviet Union. Despite all empty talk about "outlawing" war, imperialist antagonisms are steadily growing, and there is **increasing resistance** against the aggressive imperialist policies of the United States. The growing competition with Europe, the organization of European trusts and cartels, the tariff issues with Germany, Great Britain and France, the questions of the war debts and the Dawes plan, the domination over the Pacific, the growing revolt of the Latin-American countries—all these conflicts are pregnant with future imperialistic wars.

The whole policy of United States imperialism is today a policy of preparedness for imperialist wars. The entire country is bristling with bayonets. The United States has never before had such a big army and navy. No other country in the world has spent as much for its navy as this country. In 1926-27 Japan sent $119,000,000, the British $299,000,000 and the United States $334,000,000 for navy purposes. In 1928 the appropriation for the United States navy has already reached $369,000,000, and for the army $394,000,000, together $757,000,000. In his last message to Congress, President Coolidge came out openly for the big navy program. On December 14, 1927, the big navy program was introduced into the House of Representatives, appropriating not less than $725,000,000. Federal government expenses for past and future wars amounted to 82 cents out of every dollar spent in 1927. It is estimated that in 1928 Congress will directly or indirectly vote about two billion dollars for military purposes on land and sea and in the air.

United States imperialism is making the most elaborate preparations for war. The workers and working farmers must know that wars under capitalism are inevitable. "Small" wars are going on all the time, even today, and the next big imperialist world war is already looming up. The next world war will be even more devastating than the first one. The whole life of the entire country will be subordinated to war purposes. The whole population will be mobilized. The whole country will be turned into a huge munition factory. The phrase about "outlawing war," the promises about preventing war by arbitration, and the babbling of the socialist party about democratizing the League of Nations of the European robber powers, are only designed for one purpose; they distract the attention of the masses from the war danger, from the real revolutionary struggle against imperialistic wars. Disarmament is impossible under capitalism. Compulsory arbitration is a reactionary utopia and delusion. Only the proletarian revolution can be the way out from the present situation.

Demands.

1. Not a man, not a gun, not a cent for the imperialist army and navy.

2. Down with the imperialist war against Nicaragua. Defeat Wall Wall Street's war in Nicaragua! Marines sent to Nicaragua must refuse to fight against the National Liberation Army.

3. Immediate withdrawals of all American troops from Latin America and from the colonies of the Pacific. Immediate withdrawal of United States warships and marines from China.

4. Complete and immediate independence for all American colonies and semi-colonies.

5. Hands off Mexico.

6. Abolition of the regimes of United States Customs control or "supervision" of finances in Latin America.

7. Abolition of all extra-territoriality privileges of the United States in Asia, Africa and Latin America.

8. Abolition of the present mercenary army and navy, and struggle for a toilers' militia. Election of officers by the soldiers and sailors. Full right to vote and hold office for the members of the military forces.

9. Fight for the abolition of the whole system of infamous imperialist "peace" treaties. Down with the Dawes Plan! Cancellation of all debts of the last imperialist world war! Immediate withdrawal from the World Court and refusal to enter into the League of Nations.

Defense of the Soviet Union.

The whole world is under capitalist domination. The socialist republic of the Soviet Union is the sole country in which there is a Workers' and Farmers' Government. **The very existence of the Soviet Union is the best proof that it is possible to overthrow capitalism and emancipate the working class.** The example of Soviet Russia shows that socialism is not a dream. It is a fact—and a fact that looms big in the history of mankind—that under the leadership of the Russian workers, a nation of 150 million, not less than one-sixth of the earth, has been able to free itself from the yoke of capitalism and establish a workers' republic (which has maintained power for over ten years in spite of all the capitalists of the world.

The capitalist countries are carrying out a ruthless rationalization at the expense of the workers. Only the Soviet Union is carrying out a Socialist rationalization for the benefit of the nation as a whole. The proletarian dictatorship in the Soviet Union expropriated the capitalists and big landowners. The workers control the industries. The working farmers received the land of the big landowners. Soviet Russia is building Socialism now, and is taking the first steps toward a higher, a collective type of agriculture. **There is the most complete system of labor protection and social insurance in Soviet Russia.** One of the first steps of the proletarian revolution was the introduction of the 8-hour day and at the tenth anniversary of the existence of the Soviet Republic the Soviet Government established the 7-hour day. While the courts and the government of this country are smashing the unions in the name of the constitution, the Code of Labor Laws, Paragraph 155 of the Soviet Union, runs:

"In accordance with Statute 16 of the Constitution of the Soviet Union, all organs of the State must render to the industrial unions and their organizations every assistance, place at their disposal fully equipped premises to be used as Palaces of Labor and trade union halls; charge reduced rates for public services, such as posts, telegraphs, telephones, railroad and shipping rates, etc."

There is a sinister conspiracy of all capitalist powers against the Socialist Soviet Union. Great Britain is the leader of the imperialist coalition, but the United States government is actively participating in it. The United States government refuses to recognize the Soviet Government, to recognize the very existence of one of the most powerful countries in the world, for the sole reason that the workers, and not the capitalists run that country. The United States government and its officials seize upon every opportunity to fight the Soviet Union. Ambassador Herrick's shameful statements in Paris, the American loans to finance the anti-Soviet policies of Poland and Finland, and the rejection of the goldbullion sent to the United States are convincing proofs of the hostile policy of United States imperialism toward Soviet Russia.

The Soviet Union is the only power which has reduced its military forces. It made the historic offer at the last international conference at Geneva for an immediate and complete disarmament of all countries. The capitalist governments refused to accept the proposal of the Soviet Union because the very nature of capitalism is aggression, oppression, and war. All capitalist armies are deadly enemies of the working class, but the Red Army of workers and peasants of the Soviet Union is the defender of the working class of the whole world. The solidarity of the working class of all countries must be with the only Workers' Republic in the world.

Demands.

1. Defend the Socialist Republic of the Soviet Union, the champion of the cause of the working class of all countries, against the conspiracies of the capitalist powers.

2. Immediate recognition of the Soviet Government by the United States Government.

3. Promotion of trade with the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics by the granting of sufficient credits by the Federal Government, as a means of stimulating American industry and absorbing the unemployed.

4. Establishment of direct connections between the American and Russian working class.

Capitalist Democracy and the Government-Strikebreaker

Many workers foster illusions as to the possibility of achieving their emancipation from the oppression and exploitation of capitalism through the election of a majority of the members of the legislative bodies and executive officials of the capitalist government. The American Federation of Labor and the Socialist Party help to maintain these dangerous and futile illusions. The national platform of the Socialist Party states: **"By intelligent use of the ballot, aided if need be by industrial action, all class divisions and class rule can be abolished."** It is one of the foremost duties of the Communists to destroy such illusions and to expose all those yellow Socialist misleaders of the workers who help to create these illusions.

The present government is a government of the capitalists. It cannot be transformed into a government of the working class, and its sole purpose is to defend the interests of private property and oppress the workers, working farmers, the Negro masses, and the colonial peoples.

The Constitution of the United States was drawn up by bankers, big land-owners, and rich merchants of 1787, admittedly against the working masses. As Madison, the "Father of the Constitution," put it, the Government ought "to protect the minority of the opulent against the majority. It is an illusion to think that the majority of the people of the United States can change the Constitution. The vote of two-thirds of the members of the legislative bodies of three-fourths of the forty-eight states is required to initiate any movement for an amendment. On this basis one-fourth of the States, which may be the smallest ones and in which there may live only one-fourteenth of the population, can prevent any change of the so-called "democratic" Constitution.

The Constitution contains a whole series of notorious "checks and balances" for the sole purpose of making it impossible for a majority antagonistic to the ruling class to make its will effective. The members of the House of Representatives are elected every two years, the President every four years, and the members of the Senate every six years, so that a complete change of Government can be made only through elections spread over six years. The elections are not at the same time, because the Father of the Constitution wanted to give a chance for the "cooling off" of any mass discontent which might express itself in the elections. The Senate has a veto over the decisions of the House. A special joker of the Constitution is that a newly elected Congress cannot come into session until thirteen months after its election, thus giving a chance to the repudiated Congress to intrench its will by new legislation. The President can veto the actions of both houses of Congress, and over and above the House, the Senate, and the President stands the Supreme Court, which can nullify laws which all three have passed, declaring these laws unconstitutional.

Only a minority of the people entitled to vote participate in the elections, and large sections of the population of voting age are disfranchised. In the South the 5.7 million Negroes of voting age are today as much disfranchised as in the darkest days of chattel slavery. The 6.3 million foreign-born, unnaturalized workers of voting age are disfranchised because they are "aliens." The disfranchised Negroes and foreign-born workers together constitute almost 20 per cent of the population of voting age. The youth between the ages of 18 and 21 is entirely disfranchised. The hundreds of thousands of migratory workers, who cannot comply with the residential qualifications, are likewise robbed of their elementary political rights.

The two-party system, which in the South is in reality only a one-party system, is again one of the props of American democracy, preventing the splitting-off of the bulk of the working class and working farmers from the parties of big business.

Elections are very expensive in this country. Campaign funds are huge; they run into millions, and big business is able to buy as many and as high offices as it likes. On the other hand, working class parties, which rely only on the support of the exploited workers and farmers, are poor and are not able to compete with the rich capitalist parties.

Big business controls thousands of newspapers. Thirty million copies of poisonous capitalist propaganda every day fill the minds of the masses. Big business has a monopoly of the schools, churches, moving picture theaters, radio, and the whole machinery of propaganda and agitation.

And when, despite all obstacles and barriers, some representatives elected by the votes of the working class get into the legislative bodies, big business prevents their functioning by simply kicking them out. This was done in the case of the Socialist members of the Cleveland City Council because they protested against the imperialist war. The same procedure was repeated in the case of the Socialist Assemblymen of New York State.

Under such circumstances to prate about "democracy" is hypocrisy and conscious betrayal of the working class. **The present big business democracy of the United States is in reality nothing but a dictatorship of the capitalists.** The 1928 election platform of the Socialist Party, which accepts the present constitution as a basis and demands only a "modernized Constitution," is thereby accepting the present capitalist State and the perpetuation of the oppression of the working class.

And if there is anything big business is unable to push through by "constitutional" means, it does it unscrupulously by unconstitutional means. Corruption is inseparable from capitalist government. There are very few countries in the world which show such a rich picture of governmental corruption. The Teapot Dome scandal, the Sinclair-Burne affair, the dirty deals of Daugherty and the other members of the Harding-Coolidge cabinet, and the campaign funds of the Republican Hoover and the Democrat Al Smith are but a few examples of the venality of leading politicians. And if any of them are caught, there are still judges and fixed juries to save them. It is proverbial that no rich man has ever been convicted in this country.

Democracy, corruption, and naked force and violence are the chief methods of capitalist dictatorship. Government by injunction, raids and deportations, penitentiaries for political prisoners, troops crushing strikes, frame-ups and lynchings — these are the realities of the unwritten Constitution. Today it is more true than ever before what George Washington, the first President of the United States, said: "Government is not reason; it is not eloquence—it is force."

With imperialism the Government has grown into a mammoth monster of centralization. The country has never had such a huge government apparatus. In 1851 the number of federal civil service employees was only [illegible]; by 1912 it had mounted to [illegible]; while today the figure (exclusive of army and navy forces) is not less than [illegible]. The number of Government employees—Federal, state and local—in the whole country today mounts up to a total of three million. This gigantic apparatus of bureaucracy is entirely in the hands of the capitalists. There is a complete merger of trustified capital and government. The leaders of big business—Hoover, the efficiency expert; Mellon, the richest man in the country; Dawes, the banker; Morrow, the errand boy of Morgan; Hughes, of Standard Oil; Coolidge, the strikebreaker; Fall and Daugherty, the kept men of the oil magnates—have or had seats in the Government. Governmental power is being concentrated more and more in the hands of the executive and judicial departments at the expense of the elected legislative bodies. **The President, above all, has assumed almost unlimited power.** He has control over appropriations of funds, over tariff, runs the foreign policy of the country, and decides questions of war and peace. **The actual constitutional form of the "freest" democracy in the world is today that of an unconstitutional monarchy.**

The working class in its struggle for emancipation cannot "take over" the present apparatus of government. The proletarian revolution will destroy this apparatus and will build its own based on the factories as units of production and not on territorial congressional districts. The State form of the rule of the working class will be the councils of the workers, which will serve not as "talking shops" but as working bodies uniting legislative and executive power.

Demands.

1. Abrogation of government by injunction.

2. Prohibition of the use of guards, gun-men, deputy sheriffs, militia or Federal troops in labor struggles.

3. Unrestricted right to organize, to strike, and to picket. Unrestricted right of free speech, free press, and free assemblage for the working class.

4. Abolition of the Senate, of the Supreme Court, and of the veto power of the President.

5. Judges should not be appointed. They should be elected by the working people, and should be removable at any time. Legal aid should be gratis for all wage-earners.

6. Franchise for all foreign-born and migratory workers and for the youth between the ages of 18 and 21. Enforcement of the franchise for the Negroes.

7. Abolition of the anti-syndicalist laws and the Espionage Act.

8. Repeal of all industrial court laws.

9. Abolition of secret anti-labor organizations.

10. Abolition of censorship over moving pictures, theaters, radio.

11. Immediate release of all political prisoners.

A Labor Party.

There are many strikes and labor struggles in this country, but there is no political mass party of the working class in the United States which can today rally millions of wage-earners. America is the only highly developed industrial country in the world in which the bulk of the working class is not yet politically independent. IT IS A MOST VITAL NECESSITY THAT THE MASSES OF WORKERS SHOULD UNDERSTAND THAT THE ECONOMIC STRUGGLE MUST BE SUPPLEMENTED BY POLITICAL STRUGGLE. Without economic fights, without building unions and conducting strikes, the workers would be unable to improve their living conditions,

"Communist Party Is Champion of Workers, Working Farmers, Negro Race"

hours, and wages. But no permanent gain can be achieved by the weapon of a mere economic struggle. The most powerful trade union can be paralyzed by the almighty Government of the bosses, by its troops and injunctions. The workers may even be robbed of the results of a successful strike, because the increasing cost of living can nullify higher wages. MERE ECONOMIC STRUGGLE CANNOT FREE THE WORKERS FROM EXPLOITATION AND OPPRESSION. Political struggle is also necessary. But it must be political struggle in the interests of the working class and carried on by political organizations of the working class. Many workers participate in political struggles but on the side of the bosses. Today the bulk of the workers—even those who economically, in their trade unions, by their strikes, fight the bosses—support the political parties of the same bosses, the republican and democratic parties. **This is a fatal mistake, because it means that the workers themselves help the capitalists to hold their grip on the state power. Those workers who still remain in the camps of the republican and democratic parties are helping the capitalists to be the bosses of the courts, to use injunctions and armed forces to crush the trade unions and to paralyze the strike movements of the workers.**

The workers have made several attempts to link up their trade unions and other labor organizations into a labor party. In certain places farmers labor parties are now in existence. The Workers (Communist) Party supports the formation of those labor parties which are based on trade unions and other organizations of the working class. It is willing to participate in the formation of such labor parties, because it considers this the first decisive step toward independent political action by the working class, the first step of the workers to break away from the parties of the bosses. At the same time the Communist Party considers it its duty to tell the workers frankly that a labor party has its limitations and that it will not be able to lead the workers in their final struggle to their emancipation only a Communist Party can do that. Only under the leadership of the Communist Party can the American working class emancipate itself from the double yoke of capitalist exploitation and oppression.

It is to the interest of the workers to participate in all election struggles. It is necessary to fight for the election of workers to the various legislative bodies. It is necessary to run workers' candidates for offices. **But it is a dangerous illusion to think that the workers can assume power by electing more and more members of congress or executive officials.** The workers can never seize power by the revolution can the working class swing into power. The most important aim of participation in election campaigns is the mobilization of the working masses for the struggle against the bosses. The chief usefulness of representatives in legislative bodies consists in securing a public tribune for the cause of the working class, from whence it is possible to expose the actions of the bosses and arouse the militancy of the masses. The workers must know that political struggle is much broader than mere election struggle. They must know that political struggle is in the interests of the working class only if it is conducted in the form of a politically independent working-class party. The notorious "non-partisan" policy of the A. F. of L., which calls upon the workers "to punish the enemies and reward the friends" within the capitalist parties and capitalism itself. The policy of the socialist party, which promises the workers that they can assume power, abolish classes, and control the industries by the "intelligent use of the ballot," is an equally base betrayal of the working class. The I. W. W., which restricts itself to mere "industrial action" because it is afraid that through political activities it will lose its revolutionary integrity, has actually become a sectarian and reactionary organization.

Demands.

1. Independent political action of the working class, formation of a labor party on a national, state and local scale.
2. A genuine Labor Party must be based on trade unions and other labor organizations, and on factory, mill, and mine committees of the unorganized workers. A genuine Labor Party must exclude all politicians of big and small business, and must include as a true federated body all sections of the working class, without any discrimination, which accept the general principle of the class struggle and are willing to fight for the interests of the workers and exploited farmers.
3. We call upon every worker: Affiliate your trade union to the Labor Party and you yourself join the Workers (Communist) Party.

Social Legislation.

There is hardly any labor protection and even less social insurance in this country. **The aim of labor protection is the safeguarding of the workers from the harmful conditions of production. The aim of the United States government today is the safeguarding of the capitalists from the "harmful" effects of trade union organization. There is no law setting a maximum to the working day or against overtime. No law guarantees a weekly rest for the workers. No legal yearly holiday is assured the wage-earners.** Very few compulsory rules exist or are enforced for safety and sanitation. Labor inspection is ineffective. America is the leading country of the world in the field of industrial accidents. In industry there occur annually 25,000 fatal accidents and 2½ million accidents causing temporary disability. In 1927 there were no less than 2,224 casualties on the mining field of battle. New York state alone had in 1926-27 in structural iron work not less than 21,606 accident cases which required compensation. In the metal mines there were 2,865 accidents per 10,000 workers. In other words, one worker out of every four was the victim of an accident.

There is no social insurance deserving this name in the United States. No care is taken of the unemployed, of the sick, of the old, of invalids and cripples. No help is given to families of deceased workers. As substitutes there are only the voluntary organizations of fraternal societies. Some of the trade unions try to build up some insurance schemes. All those small-scale organizations are very limited in their effect and mean an additional burden for the workers. The group insurance of the employers means the enslavement of the workers to a certain corporation. The private insurance companies are fleecing the working masses. There is a general lack of security in the life of the working class of America. No worker grows old as fast as the American worker. Speed-up and lack of labor protection drives him to premature old age. Scores of poisons, extreme heat and dampness and dust, and lack of sanitary measures ruin the health of the toilers.

The lack of labor protection and social insurance in the United States, in the richest capitalist country in the world, is brought out in bold relief by **comparison with the Workers' Republic of the Soviet Union.** The Socialist Republic of Soviet Russia has the most complete system of labor protection and social insurance. Her social insurance provides the following benefits: temporary disability benefits; benefits for child birth, infant nursing, burial of insured persons and members of their families; pensions for widows; permanent disability benefits; pensions to family in event of bread-winner's death; unemployed benefits; maintenance of rest homes, sanatoria, and health resorts for workers; free medical aid.

In Soviet Russia all forms of social insurance are under the management of the workers and are maintained at the expense of the state. Factory inspection and all state protection of labor organs are under the direct control of the trade unions. Compulsory yearly vacations on pay are assured. The 7-hour day is guaranteed by law. The law forbids systematic overtime. There is a legal weekly rest of 42 hours. Special protection of women and children in industry has been enacted. A large range of sanitation and safety measures in all factories has been instituted.

There is a world of difference between the lack of labor protection and social insurance in the United States of America and the complete system of labor protection and social insurance in the United States of Socialist Russia—**the difference between a capitalist and a socialist country.**

Demands.

1. Federal law for social insurance in the case of sickness, accident, old age, and unemployment for all wage-earners. The administration of all social insurance measures should be in the hands of the workers. The expenses should be covered by the state and the employers.
2. Federal law for the enactment of the 40-hour, 5-day week, forbidding all overtime. The law shall provide for a six-hour working day in especially dangerous industries. Immediate enactment of a federal law providing for 36 consecutive hours of weekly rest for all wage-earners.
3. Federal law for compulsory rules and technical measures for safety and sanitation.
4. Establishment of effective labor inspection; inspectors to be elected by the workers themselves.
5. Free medical treatment, medicine, and hospital care for all wage-earners.

Tariff and Taxation.

The propaganda agencies of the bosses are spreading the fallacy that the workers do not pay taxes. **In reality the workers and working farmers are the classes of society which bear the burden of the bulk of all taxation.**

Direct and indirect taxation and tariff revenues weigh down upon the shoulders of the working masses. The taxes are the basis of public expenditures. Public expenditures, however, are nothing but the costs of maintenance of the state apparatus of big business. The collection of taxes from the masses is a method by which the exploited are forced to pay the expenses for the upkeep of the system of exploitation and oppression.

Both parties of big business have been vying with each other for years to lighten as much as possible the burden of taxation for the big capitalists, transferring the burden of taxation to the backs of the workers and exploited farmers. The various tax-reduction plans of the government have had only one signal aim: to cut the taxes of the rich and to cut even more the taxes of the richest. Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, who himself is one of the richest men in the country, is brazenly following the policy of cutting down the **super-tax on high incomes, and declares that he is against tax exemption of low incomes, on the ground that the payment of taxes creates for people with low incomes "a sense of part ownership in the government." The most outrageous privileges are enjoyed by the parasitic owners of federal, state and municipal securities. This rentier class, which is completely divorced from the process of production and whose only connection with industry is coupon-clipping, owns today no less than 16 billion dollars of such securities, which are wholly exempt from all taxation.**

The most vicious form of indirect taxation is the tariff. The tariff raises the cost of living for the working class, and increases the price of industrial goods bought by the farmers. The United States has the highest tariffs in the world, despite the fact that the industries of this country are the most highly developed and enjoy the strongest position.

Trust monopoly and tariff go together. **The chief function of tariff is to secure unlimited monopoly to the trusts.** The tariff helps to exclude foreign competition. It makes it possible for the trusts to raise the prices of their products to the buyers of this country by an amount nearly equal to that of the tariff. At the same time it makes it possible for the trusts to sell their goods below cost price in foreign countries, thanks to the surplus profits they make in this country.

Trust monopoly and high tariff are the most dangerous factors working for new imperialist wars. The larger the territory "protected" by tariff the greater the amount of super-profit. The trust monopolies, therefore, have a tendency to expand the territory of the United States, to occupy new regions.

The high tariff wall around this country forces the other countries likewise to "protect" themselves by tariff walls. This hinders or even prevents the export of American products to other countries. But accumulation of capital is going on with increasing speed, and American big business, instead of exporting goods, is exporting capital on an ever-greater scale. The next step is again the "defense" of the investments of American bankers in foreign countries. A strong army and a "second to none" navy are necessary. War threats, war danger, and wars are the order of the day. **The "protective," "defensive" tariff is in reality the most offensive weapon in the hands of big business.**

The tariff policy of both parties of big business exposes the emptiness and unprincipledness of their so-called struggle against each other. The republican party was originally the party of tariff, because it represented the growing manufacturing interests of the North. The democratic party was originally the party against tariff, because it expressed the interests of the large plantation owners of the South. But with the change in economic conditions both parties are altering their positions on tariff. The industrialization of the South has created a section of the democrats to come out as advocates of high tariff. On the other hand, the international bankers of the North who have invested billions in Europe and are afraid that Europe will not be able to pay her debts if she can not export industrial products to this country, are now in favor of the lowering or abolition of the tariff and are making their influence felt more and more in the high councils of the republican party which they dominate.

The interests of the working class are against high tariff. At the same time it would be an illusion to think that "free trade" would be a permanent relief for the toiling masses. Free trade under capitalist conditions is as much a capitalist institution as high tariff.

Demands.

1. **Abolition of all indirect taxes.**
2. **Exemption from all kinds of taxation for all wage-earners.**
3. Tax-exemption for all working and exploited farmers.
4. Graduated income tax, starting with incomes above $5,000 and increasing gradually, so that all incomes over $25,000 per year are confiscated.
5. All tax exebptions on bonds, stocks and securities must be abolished.
5. All tax-exemptions on bonds, taxes on great fortunes must be introduced.
7. Tariff on all necessities of the working class and on all goods used by the farmers must be abolished.

The Plight of the Farmers.

For two decades the conditions of the farmers have been growing steadily worse. The working farmer is becoming poorer and poorer. Millions have been driven away from their farms. Other millions are bankrupt and are only nominally owners of their farms. Tenantry is growing. The standard of living for the farmer and his family is becoming lower and lower. Hardships, suffering and poverty are features of the life of the working farmer.

The working farmer is today in an increasing measure only nominally the owner of the land. The mortgages and other debts are an unbearable burden on the exploited farmer. The product of his labor no longer belongs to him but to his creditors. The total amount of debts of the farmers (mortgages, personal and commercial) is the stupendous sum of 15 billion dollars, **which, at 6 per cent means an annual tribute of 900 million dollars to the bankers, merchants and other leeches of capitalism. The number of exploiting absentee owners is steadily increasing. In 1880 tenant farmers were 25.6 per cent of all farmers; in 1925 they were already 38.6 per cent. Farmers are forced into bankruptcy by hundreds of thousands. In the Middle West between 1920 and 1923 no less than 22.5 per cent of all farm owners and 35 per cent of all tenants lost their farms by bankruptcy, by foreclosure, or retained them only—as the government expresses it—by "the leniency" of their creditors.**

At least 40 per cent of the whole agricultural population, 4.2 million people, are neither owners nor tenant farmers but simply agricultural workers, who own nothing but their labor power. **The agricultural workers have the lowest standard of living are forced to work the longest working day and under the worst conditions in the whole country.** Their wages are actually decreasing. The introduction of new machinery is replacing them by tens of thousands. They are unorganized, isolated, and completely at the mercy of their employers and the state power.

The working farmers are in the most disastrous condition, because they are up against trust monopoly. The farmers are forced to pay the highest percentage of taxation. **The taxes of the farmers have been increased in a most alarming fashion.** They amounted in 1913 to $624,000,000; today to $1,436,000,000. The general property tax is directed chiefly against the farmer rather than against other property owners. The local taxes increase the burden of the working farmer to an intolerable degree. Even Secretary of Agriculture Jardine was forced to admit that the **farmers spend not less than 30 per cent of their net income for taxes.**

Merchantization of agriculture is another reason for the ruin of the farmers. The number of tractors, which in 1920 was 229,000, by 1925 had grown to 506,000, and in 1927 amounted to 700,000. The use of combines is spreading, each of them displacing three harvest hands. The poor farmer is too poor to buy expensive machinery. His farm is too small to utilize machinery to its full extent.

Industry is trustified and by virtue of its monopoly is able to control the prices of machinery and all the other goods the farmer must buy. At the same time big business is able to dictate the prices of all products the farmer must sell. There is a whole series of special forms of exploitation to which the farmer is subjected. He is at the mercy of the powerful capitalist agencies of distribution of farm products, the railroads, meat packers, milk trusts, huge elevator combines, gamblers and cotton brokers, banks, and the government farm credit legislation.

The basic reason for bankruptcy of the working farmer is trust monopoly, is capitalism.

All agricultural credit is in the hands of the banks. The cooperative organizations of the farmers are chained to capitalism by means of credit. Tariff, which is supposed to "protect" not only industrial products but agricultural products as well, operates only in the interests of the big trusts. All the promises of the republican and democratic parties have amounted only to betrayal of the farmers, and have only been in the interests of the bigger landowners and farm banks.

The big lesson the working and exploited farmers must learn from their own desperate situation is that they must break off their alliance with the bankers and other factors of big business and must form an alliance with the working class. The fate of the McNary-Haugen "farm relief" bill and the McFadden branch banking bill is the best proof of the futility of any alliance of the farmers with the bankers. **The farm bloc in Congress which speaks in the name of the working farmers, but is in fact the expression of the interests of the big landowners and farm bankers, made a bargain with the representatives of Wall Street to the end that both bills should pass jointly in Congress.** Indeed, both bills passed. But President Coolidge, as the highest exponent of big business in the government, signed only the McFadden banking bill and vetoed the McNary-Haugen "farm relief" bill. And the so-called friends of the farmers—banker Dawes, millionaire Lowden, the farm bloc, the "Progressives" such as LaFollette, Norris, Shipstead and their ilk—are only enemies of the exploited farmers in the disguise of friends.

The working and exploited farmers and the industrial and agricultural workers must fight shoulder to shoulder against their common enemies; against big business, against the trusts and against the government of capitalism.

Demands.

1. A five-year moratorium on farm mortgage debts, including debts on chattels.
2. Protection of the working farmer against monopoly prices. Essential lowering of the prices of all trust products which the farmer uses.
3. Protection of the farmer against special exploitation by distributing agencies of production, by railroads, meat packers, milk trusts and grain elevator combines.
4. Federal law against forced farm foreclosures.
5. Abolition of all federal and local taxes on working and tenant farmers.
6. The land shall belong to its users.
7. Complete freedom to organize and strike for the agricultural workers. Federal law to guarantee a seven-hour maximum working day and a 36-hour weekly rest for all agricultural workers. Yearly vacation with pay for all farm laborers. Extension to agricultural workers of all benefits of social insurance and labor protection legislation demanded for industrial workers.

Oppression of the Negroes.

American white imperialism oppresses in the most terrific way the ten million Negroes who constitute not less than one-tenth of the total population. White capitalist prejudice considers the Negroes as a "lower race," as the born servants of the lofty white masters. The racial caste system is a fundamental feature of the social, industrial and political organization of this country. The Communist Party declares that it considers itself not only the party of the working class but also the champion of the Negroes as an oppressed race and especially the organizer of the Negro working class elements. The Communist Party is the party of the liberation of the Negro race from all white oppression.

There is a "new Negro" in process of development. The social composition of the Negro race is changing. Formerly the Negro was the cotton farmer in the South and domestic help in the North. The industrialization of the South, the concentration of a new Negro working class population in the big cities of the East and North, and the entrance of the Negroes into the basic industries on a mass scale have changed the whole social composition of the Negro race. The appearance of a genuine Negro industrial proletariat creates an organizing force for the whole Negro race; furnishes a new working class leadership to all Negro race movements, and strengthens immensely the fighting possibilities for the emancipation of the race.

The Negro tenant and share farmers of the South are still, despite all the pompous phrases about freeing the slaves, in the status of virtual slavery. They have not the slightest prospect of ever acquiring possessing of the land on which they work. By means of an usurious credit system they are chained to the plantation owners as securely as chattel slaves. Peonage and contract labor are the fate of the Negro cotton farmer. The landowners, who are at the same time the merchants and the government of the South, rule over the Negroes with a merciless dictatorship.

There is the most dishonest and disgraceful "gentlemen's agreement" between the two capitalist parties against the political rights of the Negroes. The famous Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments of the constitution amount but to a scrap of paper. They were never carried out for a moment. The Supreme Court has upheld all state laws which disfranchised the Negroes. Sheer force prevents the Negro from exercising his so-called political rights. The federal government has never made any attempt to reduce the representation of those southern states which violate the constitution, as section two of the Fourteenth amendment of the constitution provides. The republican party, the party of Lincoln, has sunk so low that it has provided for measures to segregate the Negro delegates to its 1928 Kansas City nominating convention. **Lynch law is the hold over the Negroes. The terror of the Ku Klux Klan is the constitution for the Negroes.** They are burned alive, whipped to death, hunted to death with dogs in the name of white civilization.

There is a general segregation policy against the Negro race. Separate residential sections; Jim Crow cars; separate schools for Negro children; exclusion from "white" hotels, restaurants, theatres and railway waiting rooms; exclusion of Negroes from juries which try Negroes. **Negro teachers can not teach in white schools. The white masters try to reduce the Negroes to illiteracy.** According to the 1920 white census, there were 4 per cent illiterates among the whites and 22.9 per cent among the Negroes. The southern states spend hardly any money for the education of Negro children, but provide lavishly for the education of the children of the white.

In the cotton states the Negro farmers live in shacks together with their animals. In the cities the Negroes do the unskilled, the most disagreeable, most hazardous work and are crowded into the worst sections of the city. The death rate of the Negroes is much higher than that of the whites. In 1925 it was 11.8 per thousand for the white and 8.2 for the Negroes.

The southern plantation owners and their government have tried to keep the Negro farmers and agricultural workers in the southern cotton fields by force. But even their brutal terror has not been able to check the mighty migration from these cotton plantations to the industrial centers of the northern and eastern states. This migration is an "unarmed, Spartacan uprising" against slavery and oppression by a capitalist and feudal oligarchy.

The Negro fled from the South, but what has he found in the North? He has found in the company towns and industrial cities of the North and East a wage slavery no better than the contract labor in the South. He has found crowded, unsanitary slums. He has exchanged the old segregation for a new segregation. He is doing the most dangerous, worst paid work in the steel, coal and packing industries. He has found the racial prejudices of a narrow, white labor aristocracy, which refuses to recognize the unskilled Negro worker as its equal. He has found the treachery of the bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. which refuses to organize the Negroes into trade unions. The lynchings of the South are replaced by the race riots of the East. The employing class **tries to arouse the racial hatred and prejudice of the white workers against the Negro workers** with the sinister aim to split and divide the ranks of the working class.

The Communist Party considers it as its historic duty to unite all workers regardless of their color against the common enemy, against the master class. The Negro race must understand that capitalism means racial oppression and Communism means social and racial equality.

Demands.

1. Abolition of the whole system of race discrimination. Full racial equality.
2. Abolition of all laws which result in segregation of Negroes. Abolition of all Jim Crow laws. The law shall forbid all discrimination against Negroes in selling or renting houses.
3. Abolition of all laws which disenfranchise the Negroes on the ground of color.
4. Abolition of laws forbidding inter-marriage of persons of different races.
5. Abolition of all laws and public administration measures which prohibit, or in practice prevent, Negro children or youth from attending general public schools or universities.
6. Full and equal admittance of Negroes to all railway station waiting rooms, restaurants, hotels, and theatres.
7. The War and Navy Departments of the United States Government should abolish all Jim Crow distinctions in the army and navy.
8. Immediate removal of all restrictions in all trade unions against the membership of Negro workers.
9. Equal opportunity for employment, wages, hours, and working conditions for Negro and white workers.

The Foreign-Born Workers

Next to the Negroes the foreign-born workers in the basic industries are the most exploited, most persecuted stratum of the toiling masses of this country. There are almost 14 million foreign-born in the United States. The overwhelming majority belong to the working class. Nearly half of all the foreign-born is toiling in the manufacturing and mechanical industries. The majority of all industrial workers of America, not less than 58 per cent of the total employed in American industries, is foreign-born. Steel, coal, textile automobile—all these industries are based on the sweat of the foreign-born workers. Cut off by differences in language and customs, the foreign-born workers are an easy prey of the employing class. Their fate is the longest hours, the lowest wages, the worst housing, the poorest schooling. Scores of state and federal laws discriminate against the foreign-born workers. There is hardly a state in the United States which has no special laws discriminating against the foreign-born workers. According to the law of some states, the foreign-born has no right to read newspapers or books not printed in English. He has no right to keep dogs or a gun or a rifle. He can not teach in public schools. According to the laws of nine States, a foreign-born worker cannot be employed on public works. Some states do not allow public meetings to be conducted except in the English language.

But all this discrimination is not enough for 100 per cent Americanism. **The Coolidge administration is carrying out an offensive against the foreign-born workers as part of the open-shop drive of the bosses, is planning a whole series of vicious measures against them.** The foreign-born workers are to be registered. **They are to be finger-printed and photographed like criminals.** If naturalized, they are to have their citizenship papers taken from them, if their conduct does not suit the bosses. They are to be deported, if they participate in strikes or make speeches in strike meetings. The Chairman of the House Immigration Committee, Albert Johnson, during the powerful demonstrations demanding freedom for Sacco and Vanzetti, uttered the threat: "Aliens domiciled in America should remember that if they partake in anti-government demonstrations here they are liable to deportation under the 1919 Act."

These is a whole series of bills before Congress which are aimed against the foreign-born workers. The Brand Bill, the Hawes Bill, the Ashwell Bill, and other products of American Fascism try to reduce the foreign-born workers to modern industrial serfs. The Brand Bill would compel all foreign-born not only to register but "to report at such times and such places" when "in the judgment of the president the interests of the national defense so require." The same Act would decree that "whenever any alien is temporarily absent from the district in which he is registered, he shall report at such times and places and give such information in regard to his movements as may be required."

The immigration laws which restrict the freedom of movement of the foreign-born workers and discriminate against the peoples of Asia is part and parcel of the system of American imperialism. The newest demand of the bosses, as expressed in the nortorious Brand Bill, **is to give full authority to the president to regulate, restrict or enlarge the immigration quotas according to the actual needs of the different industries.** The apostles of 100 per centism are not the enemies of the foreign-born workers, if they can use them as strikebreakers, as helpers "in industrial needs."

The labor aristocracy, under the leadership of the A. F. of L. bureaucracy, shares with big business the profits derived from high tariffs and restriction of immigration. High tariff is the material basis for the prohibition of immigration. They were erected together and they will fall together. The platform of the Socialist Party for 1928 shows the true colors of this renegade party in not demanding unrestricted freedom of immigration and the repeal of the infamous immigration laws, but calling only for the "modification of the immigration laws to permit the reuniting of families."

The Workers (Communist) Party of America is equally the party of the native-born, the foreign-born, and the Negro workers. It is the party of the whole working class. It fights the offensive of the bosses against the foreign-born workers. It fights against nationalist prejudices which divide the ranks of the workers. Its slogan is: Workers of all languages and races in America unite!

Demands.

1. All workers must unite against the common enemy, the capitalist class, to prevent the enactment of new laws (to register, fingerprint, and photograph) against foreign-born workers and to abolish all existing laws of discrimination.
2. All workers must wage an active campaign to uproot the prejudices fostered by the employing class against the foreign-born workers and to draw the millions of foreign-born workers more and more into the political life of the country and the class struggle.
3. Immediate repeal of the immigration laws. Abolition of all restrictions in immigration.
4. Equal pay for equal work for native and foreign-born workers.

Working Women.

The number of working women is steadily growing. There are today in this country 8½ million working women over the age of ten.

The capitalists are the apostle of the family, but they do not hesitate to break up the family life of the working class, if the needs of industry make it necessary. They cannot resist the call of the profits. The number of adult and married women in industry is growing fast. It had reached in 1920 almost two million. Manufacturers prefer women, because they offer less resistance than male workers to capitalist oppression. Male workers are often replaced by women, because the introduction of new machinery makes the skill of male workers superfluous. As a general rule, women work in less well-paid occupations and receive lower wages for identical work. Such and not different is the logic of capitalism. Working women need more protection. They are weaker than the male workers; therefore, they get less protection and are subjected to greater exploitation than male workers.

The Communist Party is by no means against women working in industry. It considers it as social progress, but it calls on the worker to fight the harmful effects of industrial work on women and to struggle for the adequate protection of working-women. Only a Communist society can lift the double burden of housekeeping and factory work from the women of the working class.

Demands.

1. Prohibition by law of night work, overtime and job work for working women.
2. The law shall provide for an allowance throughout the period of **pregnancy and child-birth to the amount of full working wages.**
3. **Legal enactment of a special allowance for working women during** the nursing period of nine months. Nursing mothers shall have a half hour's leave every three hours in all working places.
4. Equal pay for equal work for male and female workers.

Youth, Child, Labor, and Education.

Exploitation of children and young workers is one of the pillars of American capitalist society. Children's blood and young boys' and girls' sweat are a growing source of profit for big business. According to the 1920 census, there were over one million working children between the ages of 10 and 15. To increase the shame there were 378,000 toiling children between the ages of 10 and 13. There are no statistics on the work of children under the age of 10—that is the sole reason why there is no report about the scores of thousands of the smallest children of the working class slaving to the glory of our dollar civilization.

There are almost four million young workers and at least one million boys and girls in industry alone. Steel and iron, coal and textile factories are the chief "playgrounds" of our working-class youth. **Technical progress means progress of youth and child labor.** It is one of the biggest achievements of American democracy that the Supreme Court of the United States, that notorious guardian of American liberties, declared any laws forbidding child labor unconstitutional.

The propaganda agencies of capitalism boast about the wonderful progress in education. **They forget only that the sole aim of the educa-**

"Quit Capitalist Parties! Join Communists! On to Workers, Farmers' Rule!

tion of the children of the working class is to implant in their minds as early as possible a feeling of awe towards capitalist society. Education is class education in this country. Higher education is too expensive for the children of the working class. Primary education is too conducted in the spirit of jingoism and religious prejudice. According to official statistics, in 1920 only 73 per cent of the pupils reached the sixth and only 58 per cent the eight grade. In other words, almost half of the children did not even graduate from the elementary school. The schools are overcrowded. Anti-evolution laws prevent the teaching of natural science in many states. In the South Jim Crow education prevails. The famous "acadamic" freedom is only a legend.

Under capitalism, education is a monopoly of the master class. Only a Communist society will break this monopoly and will abolish the class character of education, transforming it into social education, making it compulsory, universal and equal.

Demands.

1. Compulsory abolition by law of child labor under the age of 16, and state maintenance of all children at present employed. Abolition of underground work, night work, overtime, and work in dangerous occupations for all young workers. Six-hour working day for all young workers between the ages of 16 and 18.

2. A $20 minimum wage for young workers.

3. Establishment of workschools in factories for the training of young workers in industry. These work schools should be modeled on the work schools in the Soviet Union, should be under the control of the young workers belonging to trade unions and workers' factory committees. Young workers to receive full wages while attending work school.

4. Immediate utilization of schools as feeding centers for children of unemployed workers, whether of school age or below it. These stations should be under labor-parent control. Free clothing and free medical treatment by the schools for the children of the unemployed.

5. Every young person 18 years of age or over must be given the right to vote. Old enough to work—old enough to vote.

6. In schools at present: (a) Free and equal education from the elementary schools through the universities. (b) Immediate relief from overcrowding by building new schools. (c) Abolition of religious and Jingoist instruction; abolition of Jim Crow education. (c) No discrimination against teachers on account of "subversive" political opinions; right of teachers to organize.

Housing.

Nothing brings out into bolder relief "equality" under capitalist conditions than the matter of housing. The members of the master class dwell in the swellest apartments, in the most luxurious places. They mobilize the clean, broad streets of the "respectable" residential sections. The workers are segregated into the most disagreeable unsanitary sections of the crowded cities.

Congested tenements, miserable slums are the main quarters for proletarian homes. Death has a bigger toll in the workingclass sections, especially among the children. Rent is unbearably high for workers. On the average the worker is compelled to spend more than 25 per cent of his wages on rent. According to the law of social justice in capitalist society the higher the income the lower relatively the rent.

The government—federal, state and municipal governments alike—are doing nothing to relieve the housing shortage and to reduce the high rents. Building speculators do not construct homes for the workers, because the poorly-paid wage-earner is not able to pay the high rent demanded. Scores of thousands of workers are forced to live in lightless rooms without adequate plumbing and heating, with insufficient ventilation and water supply.

In striking contrast to the criminal attitude of the American capitalist government towards the housing situation are the measures of the Workers' Government of the Soviet Union. The Workers' Government of the Soviet Union nationalized all dwellings of the capitalists to the workers. It turned over all the palaces and villas of the capitalists to the workers. It lowered the rent for wage-earners so much that unskilled workers pay only a nominal rent. The building of homes for workers is an essential part of the whole constructive program of the Soviet Government, which spends hundreds of millions yearly to erect houses for wage-earners.

Demands.

1. Municipal fixing of low rents for workers. Rent for wage-earners should not amount to more than 10 per cent of their wages.

2. Municipally built houses should be rented to the workers without profit.

3. Tax exemption for all houses rented to wage-earners.

4. Immediate enactment of state laws providing for the abolition of the right of eviction of landlords against wage-earner tenants.

5. Compulsory repair by the landlords of all workingclass homes in bad condition.

6. Immediate establishment by muncipalities of homes to shelter the unemployed.

7. Municipal aid to workers' building co-operatives.

Prohibition.

Prohibition, as it is "enforced" and violated in this country is one of the most outstanding examples of capitalist corruption and hypocrisy.

The Workers (Communist) Party takes the following stand on the prohibition issue.

Prohibition was introduced in the interests of the manufacturers. As the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Journal put it: "We believe there is no question of greater importance to American manufacturers, the great employers of labor, than prohibition." **The prohibition of the consumption of liquor decreases the needs of the workers, and thus tends to decrease the price of his labor power. The introduction of prohibition was part and parcel of the big rationalization campaign of the employing class. It** makes the worker more efficient, more adaptable to the machinery. It is the link in the chain of the general **speed-up.** The enforcement of prohibition is a typical class measure. Rich people are exempt from its enforcement. Its whole burden falls upon the proletarian elements.

Prohibition embodies in the most classic manner the basic views of the employers toward the workers. The worker gives his life not only during the working hours but all day and all the time to the capitalist. Eating, drinking and sleeping, the worker serves only one sole purpose: the maintenance of his labor power for the capitalists. The very fact that the worker consumes the food which **he buys for his wages forces him to sell his labor power again. It does concern the capitalist how the worker eats and drinks. If the worker spends his wages for liquor, if he gets drunk Sunday night, if he is not fit for work Monday morning—that does not constitute a violation of the interests of the worker but it constitutes high crime against capital**—it amounts to a defraudation of the labor power which belongs to the capitalists.

These and none other are the views of the capitalists concerning the private life of the workers. Prohibition is nothing but the realization of these views.

On the other hand, the driving force behind the movement against the enforcement of prohibition, for the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead Act, is the **powerful alcohol capital** which still has tremendous vested interests in the beverage industry.

The "enforcement" of prohibition created **a huge governmental machine** of prosecutors, spies, provocateurs and courts. This machine tends to increase the power of the capitalist government and is a virtual part of its strikebreaking apparatus.

The lack of enforcement of capitalist prohibition has created a powerful **bootlegging industry** with a capital of hundreds of million dollars. The hazards of this industry **are compensated by extremely high profits. An elaborate system of an underground capitalist world is hiding itself under the surface of respectble capitalist society. It has its own spies, provocateurs and gunmen,** who are often utilized against the labor movement against striking workers. **The combination of the twin brothers, capitalist prohibition enforcement and capitalist bootlegging, has created an unheard of amount of corruption, crime and hypocrisy.**

The stand of the republican and democratic parties on the prohibition issue is a model example of capitalist demagogy. It is not an issue between the two parties but rather one within both. Very often from wet throats issue dry voices. The playing up of prohibition as a major political issue serves only one purpose. It covers up the lack of any real difference between the capitalist parties, and distracts the attention of the workers from the real major class issues of the toiling masses. Especially shameful is the position of the Socialist **Party of America on the prohibition enforcement, because "further persistence in this tragic farce threatens a complete breakdown of law and order." Many members of the employing class also, who favor prohibition from the point of view of capitalist efficiency, are against strict enforcement, because they realize its impossibility under present conditions and likewise are concerned lest the faith of the masses in "law and order" be shaken.**

Alcoholism is one of the most terrible social diseases of capitalist society. Alcoholism is caused by capitalism itself. Insecurity of life, the monotony of standardized factory work, the low cultural level of the masses and desperate poverty are the reasons for this social disease. Only a Communist society can cure alcoholism by elevting the cultural level of the masses, by diversifying labor, by putting an end to insecurity of life, and by eradicating poverty. The struggle against alcoholism is a part of the general struggle against capitalism. **Only the overthrow of capitalism will sweep away the despicable bootlegging industry and the equally despicable, corrupt, hypocritical capitalist prohibition enforcement.**

Demands:

1. The Workers (Communist) Party favor the repeal of the Volstead Act and the Eighteenth Amendment.

2. Dissolution of the federal and state prohibition enforcement apparatus.

3. Energetic propaganda against alcoholism as one of the most malignant social diseases under capitalism.

Forward to a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

This is the platform of the class **struggle.** These are the demands the Workers (Communist) Party puts forward in the present presidential election campaign. But none of these demands, and not even the total of these demands, exhaust the program of the Communist Party. We call upon the workers to rally around the Communist Party in a relentless struggle for these demands which realized, would protect the toiling masses against the most harmful effects of trustified capitalism. But even the realization of all these demands would not liberate the workingclass from the double yoke of capitalist exploitation and oppression. Only the full realization of the entire program of the Communist Party can **bring about the emancipation of the working class. The Communist Party has the following aims:**

The formation of the proletariat into a class;

The organization of the toiling masses in an independent political party which combats all capitalist parties;

The representation of the most general international interests of the workingclass as a whole as expressed in the principles and practice of the Communist International;

The overthrow of capitalist rule;

The conquest of political power by the workingclass.

American imperialism is very powerful. Capitalism in this country is still on its upward grade, but it is becoming more and more part and parcel of world capitalism, which on the whole has entered into the last declining stage of its development.

United States imperialism will not be able to bribe broad sections of the workingclass for many more years. It is not the sole workshop in the world as Great Britain was for decades. There are other mighty imperialist powers limiting the expansion of United States imperialism, competing with it on every front. The menace of new imperialist wars is looming up ever bigger on the horizon.

The very existence of the Socialist Republic of the Soviet Union, which freed one-sixth of the earth from capitalist influence and expansion, is again a limitation to the growth of United States imperialism. The forces of the proletarian revolution are gathering in other countries, too. The more than three million votes of the Communist Party of Germany, the over one million votes of the Communist Party of France, the election victories of the Commenist Party of Poland, which, though driven underground, **was able to rally the majority** of the Polish workingclass—are as many indices of the growth of the legions of the workingclass revolution.

The struggle for liberation of the oppressed peoples of Asia, and the growing resistance of the suffering peoples of Latin America constitute another limitation to the forward development of United States imperialism. There are **inherent contradictions within American imperialism** which work with irresistible force to break up the whole system. The **anarchy created by the private ownership of the means of production results inevitably in murderous competition, crises and wars.** The class character of American capitalist society must lead without fail to class wars. The sharpening contradictions within American capitalism will arouse gigantic forces which will be strong enough to overthrow it. The alliance of the 17 million industrial workers, the 10 million Negroes, and the 7 million exploited tenant farmers and agricultural workers will constitute a powerful bloc which will be able to crush the present dictatorship of the bosses.

The upheaval of these exploited and oppressed masses, who will establish a workers' and farmers' government, will organize their own state apparatus in the form of workers' councils and will break the monopoly of the capitalists over the means of production.

A Workers' and Farmers' Government of the United States will expropriate all large-scale industries, railroads, super-power plants, meatpacking plants, grain elevator combines. It will nationalize all large land estates, and will hand them over to the mortgaged and tenant farmers and agricultural workers. It will nationalize all banks and commercial institutions. A Workers' and Farmers' Government of the United States will free all American colonies immediately, will grant the right of full self-determination to all Latin-American peoples, will realize full social equality for Negroes. It will disarm the master class and will arm the working masses.

Forward to a Workers' and Farmers' Government! Forward by means of relentless class struggle. The Workers (Communist) Party is the party of the class struggle. It is the **deadly enemy of capitalist society. It fights** for the complete unity of the working class, for the united struggle of native-born, foreign-born, and Negro workers against the common enemy: trustified capital.

The Workers (Communist) Party calls upon all workers and exploited farmers to leave the old capitalist parties.

Workers and exploited farmers vote for and join the Workers (Communist) Party!

Rally around the platform of the class struggle!

Down with capitalist rule!

Forward to a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

"YELLOW DOG" IS FORCED ON MINER

Signs Away All Rights to Operator

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 25.— **Promises to work under inhuman conditions are being signed by non-union miners who have been lured into eastern Ohio to work in mines which are attempting to reopen on a non-union basis.**

The promises are employment agreements, known to the union miners as the "Yellow Dog Contract." A typical "Yellow Dog Contract' is that entered into by W. R. Coffman with the Wheeling and Lake Erie Coal Mining for employment as a machine helper at the Dillon number one mine near Dillonvale, Ohio.

Speed-Up.

Coffman's contract brought to the office of the National Miners' Relief Committee extracts a promise from the "employe" as he is designated in the contract to "work faithfully and efficiently for the employer while this agreement is in force. . . ."

"The employe shall be paid at the rate prescribed in the Employer's Wage Scale hereto attached" is the first stipulation made by the contract. Coffman, working at the mine for two months to date, has seen no printed wage scale. Inquiries from guards bring him equally little information.

Covered with neat legalistic wording, the "catch" in the agreement reads: "Employer shall operate said mine during the term of this agreement, whenever, in its judgement said mine can be operated at a profit and shall make use of the employe's services hereunder to the fullest extent possible consistent with the economical operation of said mine. Employer guarantees employe hereunder at least [illegible] each thirty days. . . ."

The employer also makes "sacrifices" as is demonstrated by the following clause in the agreement. "The employer agrees that it will not operate its said mine as a closed union shop during the term of its agreement with employe and that it will not enter into any agreement with any union affiliated or connected with the United Mine Workers of America."

It doesn't do for a miner to remember the phrase civil liberties once he has signed a "Yellow Dog Contract," says Coffman. **The miners who breathe a word about unionism in the hearing of any company stool pigeon will find himself discharged and perhaps beaten and arrested for violation of the clause in his contract which reads: "The employe agrees that he will not . . . make any effort . . . to bring about the unionizing of employes of said mine or any other mine . . . and that he will not at any time, foment, advocate, or take part in any strike of employers' employes."**

Suit of Radium Victims To Come Up On Monday

The case of the five women poisoned while working in the plant of the United States Radium Corporation will be given a hearing at the Orange N. J. Chancery Court on Monday. The women contend that they were poisoned because they followed instructions to point in their mouths the brushes with which they painted the dials of watches, and have brought suit for an aggregate of $1,250,000.

Physicians give them less than a year to live.

LINES HOLD FAST AT MUTTON MINE

Mass Picketing Grows Stronger

(Special to The Daily Worker)

ST. CLAIRSVILLE, O., May 25.— **The largest mine operating under the Jacksonville scale in eastern Ohio is** on strike as a result of mass picketing conducted under the leadership of the Save-the-Union Committee since April 16. The Mutton Hollow mine of the Shadyside Coal Company near St. Clairsville, scene of a mass demonstration April 21, which resulted in the arrest of 77 pickets, including 51 women, has been closed down since Wednesday, May 23.

Forced to Act.

The strike was called by sub-district officials after miners of the Mutton Hollow pits had dropped their tools to join the strike of their union brothers who had been picketing the mine which was working by separate agreement.

Following the strikebreaking policies of the Fishwick-Lewis machine in Illinois, the sub-district officers of the union asked that the mine owners re-employ diggers who had gone out at the call of the Save-the-Unionists. When the mine owners refused to take back "any man who had left the mine because of anti-Lewis demonstrations," the sub-district officials were compelled to call the remainder of the Mutton Hollow employes out on strike.

Mass Picketing Grows.

Mass picketing at the workings has intensified since the victory scored by the Save-the-Union forces on Wednesday. New vigor is evident on the picket lines which have been held before the mine in an effort to forestall any attempt of the bosses to bring in scabs.

"We've won one victory," exclaimed Mrs. John Barto, one of the women who spent three days in the St. Clairsville Jail as a result of the April 21 demonstration. "Now we're going ahead to win our big victory against the coal operators."

YOUNG MINERS TO HOLD CONFERENCE

Prepare for Big Meet at Belleville, June 9

BELLEVILLE, O., May 21 (By Mail).—A conference of all youth delegates attending the special district convention of the United Mine Workers of America, District 12, was held during the second day of the proceedings.

Over twenty delegates from every part of the state took part in the conference. Recognizing that the young miners were not sufficiently drawn into the struggle to oust the corrupt officialdom in the union, the youth delegates took up the question of mobilizing the young miners thruout the state in some organized manner.

To Hold Enlarged Meet.

The conference went unanimously on record for the holding of an enlarged conference embracing Belleville and the surrounding territory. Organizers were selected to immediately go back into their localities and begin to work for the conference. Methods adopted for this work was the organization of young miners' groups in the local unions, conference committees, and mass meetings called to rally the young miners behind the conference.

The date for the conference has been set for June 9th to be held in Belleville, Ill., at ten o'clock in the morning. Already Local 705 in O'Fallon has endorsed the young miners' conference and has elected two delegates. The conference has also been endorsed by Local 303, Orient, Ill.

Important Role.

Gerry Allard, secretary of the provisional committee, in making his report for the convention showed how the youth in the coal mining industry have never been considered in the union activity. He pointed out how necessary the youth is in the industry and how it plays an ever greater role in the affairs of the union, making all the more necessary for the progressive forces to win over the young workers and draw them into the struggle.

Little Augie's Aide Also Slain by Rivals

Louis Fabrizio, chief aide of ex-Little Augwie, notorious gangster, who was killed last October, has also been shot. Little Augie, as well as his lieutenant Louis Fabrizio are well remembered by the needle trades workers here for their activity as sluggers assisting the bosses and the right wing in breaking the strikes of the garment workers here.

Fabrizio was shot during the early hours yesterday morning while fixing his automobile on 2nd St. and Ave. B.

Literature Squads and Their Functions

By A. GUSAKOFF.

It is quite some time since the literature squads were organized. They helped the Party greatly in stimulating literature sales and literature distribution. They helped to put the "Communist" on the news-stands, and in making open-air meetings as well as indoor meetings, a real success as far as the distribution of literature is concerned. **They helped to activize a number of comrades, who never before paid any attention to this particular field of work. In fact, this work was considered by many of secondary importance.**

A Responsible Task

Today, there are still many shortcomings, which greatly hinder our work. These shortcomings must be pointed out and corrected. One of **the worst short-comings is the fact that many, or it can be said, a great majority of the members of the literature squads do not yet understand that their work is important Party work; that by coming to meeting at the Madison Square Garden or other places to sell literature, they are functioning as a committee** which is assigned this specific task as any other important task is assigned them by the Party. However, we see the reverse. Comrades who are members of the literature squads either accept other Party work at the meetings or merely come down as visitors ready to take in the program of the meeting as any worker, not as members of the Party. And much time is spent looking for them in the hall. This is a shortcoming which must be corrected immediately. Comrades who have certain work to perform at meetings must understand that the Party must be taken into consideration first, and when thru, they may enjoy the program. The comrades of the literature squad must remember that the literature committee depends upon their cooperation, and of course is left helpless if comrades do not report, or if they accept some other work at that meeting.

System Necessary

Another shortcoming which must be overcome is the fact that our literature agents, as well as the members of the literature squads, have not yet developed a systematic way or organizing their work. It **has been pointed out many times that the literature agent of each unit is the captain of his squad. He is responsible for the work of his squad to the section literature agent and for the work of his unit in this field of activity.** But we are confronted with a situation where many members of the literature squads are much more responsible than the literature agents.

We also know that whenever it is necessary to mobilize the comrades for a large meeting, the success of which benefits not only the literature department, but the Party as a whole, we must depend upon the help of the section literature agents. This means that there is not enoug initiative in the units and that the literature agents are not yet on the job. This of course must be remedied.

The unit literature agents must begin to take their work seriously, develop more initiative, watch over their squads, **see that they are on the job, and that more comrades are drawn into literature work. Especially now in the summer months approaching, when many open-air meetings in the various parts of the city will be held, it will be necessary to cover all of these meetings with literature. We must emphasize the importance of the literature squads** working more systematically than ever before.

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200 ATTEND BIG SAVE UNION MEE

WHEELING, W. Va., (By Mail).— The calling of a mass meeting at Maynard, Ohio on Monday by the sub-district officials to distract the members from a "Save the Union" meeting failed completely. Only six "loyal" members were present to hear Davis, International organizer, speak.

Not far from the Polish Hall where the six "loyal" members of the union sat and listened to the speech of Davis, the S. U. C. held their meeting and over 200 rank and file miners attended.

This shows clearly that the rank and file is with the S. U. C. and that they know that the "sweet sounding phrases" of the sub-district officials are nothing more than promises which will not be carried out.

RED WELCOME

FEST

Arranged by the Party Members of District 2
in Honor of the Delegates to the

National Nominating Convention

of the

Workers (Communist) Party
of America

to be held

TONIGHT at 8 P. M.

at the

WORKERS CENTER, 26-28 Union Square

Reservations must be made in advance. Tickets are $1.50 per plate, and are on sale at 108 East 14th Street and 26-28 Union Square.

"ICOR" TAG DAYS

For Jewish Colonization in Soviet Russia

TODAY

May 26th and 27th

Friends of the Jewish Colonization movement in Soviet Russia are urged to contribute their part and act as volunteers during these tag days.

Stations for Volunteers:

DOWN TOWN
"ICOR" Office, 799 Broadway
Workers Club, 25 E. 2nd St.

HARLEM
143 E. 103rd St.
Unity Co-operative, 1800 — 7th Ave.

BRONX
United Co-op. Assn., 2700 Bronx Park E.
Jewish National Workers Co-op., 2771 Williamsbridge Rd.
Yiddishe Heim Gezelshaft Co-operative, 2451 Giles Pl.
Bronx "ICOR" Branch, 1400 Boston Rd.
Workers Club, 1472 Boston Rd.
Sholem Aleichem School, 2975 Clinton Ave.

LOWER BRONX
[illegible] E. 138th St.

WILLIAMSBURGH
29 Graham Ave.

BROWNSVILLE
Arbeiter Yougent Center, 122 Osborn St.
Workers Social Youth Club, 118 Bristol St.

CONEY ISLAND
[illegible] Mermaid Ave.

BRIGHTON BEACH
217 Brighton Beach Ave.

BATH BEACH
1940 Benson Ave.

BORO PARK
[illegible] 43rd St.

STATEN ISLAND
116 Victory Blvd.

and at all Nonpartisan Workers Children's Schools.

TONIGHT
PEOPLE'S
"Icor" Banquet
In Celebration of the National "ICOR" Week
WEBSTER HALL, 119 E. 11th St.
Big Demonstration for Jewish Colonization in Soviet Russia. Many Prominent Speakers.
RICH LITERARY AND MUSICAL PROGRAM.
ADMISSION $1.00.

innish Trade Union Movement Advancing

By N. WALLARI.

As a consequence of the latest efforts for the achievement of unity in he world trade union movement, the innish Confederation of Trade Unions has entered into the international labor movement. Finnish trade unions were represented at the Coechagen conference last February, here with the Norwegian and Russian trade unionists, the question of world unity was carefully handled. This active participation in the world unity movement has, perhaps, made he Finnish trade unions objects of ome interest.

innish Workers For Class Struggle.

The central body of Finnish trade unions, the Confederation (Ammattijarjesto) was organized in 1907. At he national congress in 1920 it was decided to transform the federations from a craft to an industrial basis. Now the industrial form of organization is general. Our trade union movement is strictly for the class struggle and our organized labor as a whole is very hostile towards the principle of class collaboration.

The development of our trade union movement, as far as the numerical strength is concerned, is expressed by following figures at the end of each year:

ear	Branches	Federations	Members
1907	470	23	25,194
1908	608	32	24,009
1909	601	26	19,928
1910	599	26	15,346
1911	644	26	19,640
1912	639	22	20,989
1913	733	24	28,031
1914	729	23	31,226
1915	729	23	30,150
1916	770	22	41,804
1917			160,695
1918 Suppressed by white guardists.			
1919	812	21	40,677
1920	971	24	59,470
1921	909	23	48,589
1922	897	22	48,176
1923	886	22	48,146
1924	885	22	47,312
925	840	18	50,472
926	900	18	62,058
27	978	17	75,846

The big membership in 1917 is due o the revolutionary period of that ime and therefore should be taken as exceptional. Taking into account only the so-called normal times we see hat the membership is now greater han ever before.

Social Democrats Fight Workers.

The drop in membership after 1920 due to the furious fight of social mocrats against the trade unions. They have been very hostile towards rade unions because the rank and le took a revolutionary stand and elled the reformist leaders from official positions of trade unions. In 19[illegible] it was decided by referenm to affiliate with the Red International of Labor Unions. More than o-thirds voted for the R. I. L. U., others for independence. The Amsterdam International has hardly 20 per cent of the members of trade unions as its sympathizers. But even these workers are against affiliation with Amsterdam. It is demanded only by social democratic politicians, who are not members of any trade union. Still they are trying to dictate their will upon the great masses. In order to get the whole trade union movement under the political tutelage of the social democratic party the social democrats formed in 1926 a special organization of their own. During this year they have formed also many rival trade union organizations. By these they are trying either split or capture our fighting trade unions. The workers regard these organizations as scab organizations.

Side by side with the social democratic politicians and leaders the white bourgeoisie has fought against our trade unions. Very often we have been denied even the most elementary civil rights. The freedom of association and assembly has been infringed time and again by authorities. A few examples may suffice to show it.

Lumber, Transport Strike.

In May, 1922, the lumber and transport workers of North Finland went on strike in order to improve their miserable wage and working conditions. Some social democratic newspapers as well as those of the bourgeoisie branded the strike as Communistic. All the members of the executive district body of trade unions, which was in charge of the struggle, were arrested and later on sentenced even for three years to penitentiaries. The Supreme Court of Finland approved the sentences declaring the General Confederation of Trade Unions as a criminal body. Heretofore no special action has been taken against that central body, but the judgment of Supreme Court hangs as a Damoclean sword over our trade union movement. The only ground for the decision of Supreme Court was the above described wage conflict.

On August 3rd, 1923, the authorities arrested about 300 organized workers all over the country. Among those arrested were the whole executive committee of the socialist labor party, the parliamentary fraction (27 deputies of the Diet of 200 seats) of the same party, editors of different party organs and all the most active party workers. All the nine party organs were suppressed, party offices closed and properties confiscated. In short, the whole party was suppressed.

Suppress Labor Party.

In June, 1924, the Superior Court of Turku sentenced 189 of the accused to penitentiaries for terms ranging from 6 months to 11 years. They were sentenced for high treason. As the party was suppressed hundreds of trade unions that were affiliated with the party were deprived of all the rights guaranteed in the constitution of the country.

Already in the autumn of 1923 the minister of the interior ordered the authorities to suppress all the trade unions formerly affiliated with the socialist labor party. So began a general drive against our trade unions. According to the speech of Comrade Jokela, vice chairman of the General Confederation of Trade Unions, in parliament at the end of 1924, 400 trade union organizations were suppressed. These, of course, have been reorganized, but these persecutions describe how difficult is the position of our trade unions. And still the social-democratic politicians side themselves with the bourgeoisie as far as militant labor movement is concerned.

Although persecuted, our trade unions have been able to carry thru many victorious strikes during the last three years. Especially in the building industry the employers have been compelled to submit to collective agreements quite favorable to the workers. But perhaps the greatest of the struggles of recent years was the outcome of the general lockout of metal workers that lasted for 7 months. Locked out metal workers numbered 10,000. They presented to the employers demands for higher wages, which were partly won. Most of the strikes of last years have been victorious and all the workers are convinced of the benefits of the trade union movement.

No Wage Cuts---Merely "Reducing Labor Expense"

By SCOTT NEARING.

There have been no "wage cuts" in Springfield, Massachusetts. Estimates place the number of unemployed at 21,000. The Westinghouse plant, which ordinarily employs 6,000 workers, has only about 3,000 on the pay-roll. Part time, reductions in piece rates, shifts of workers from department to department and from job to job have been frequent. Thousands of Springfield shop hands are making less per hour and per week than they made a year ago or even six months ago but there have been no wage cuts. The bosses are too clever to cut wages. They are merely "reducing labor costs."

Labor Saving Machinery.

How are they bringing this about? First, by the extensive introduction of machinery that converts skilled workers into machinery tenders. Skilled craftsmen are being replaced every day by labor-saving devices. The craft worker with years of training, finds himself on the labor market, rubbing elbows with a boy directly from the farm who exceeds the craft worker in youth, health, vitality.

Even where there have been no new machines the same process of cutting labor costs is in full swing.

I spoke with one die-maker who had been earning 75 cents per hour in a Westinghouse shop. He was laid off his die-making job and shifted to another Westinghouse plant.

"What work did you get in the new plant?" I asked.

"Assembler of radio sets."

"Did you get full time work?"

"Yes."

"At what rate?"

"Fifty cents an hour."

Another die-maker also earning 75 cents an hour had been transferred to another department in the same plant. He was a die-repairer in the new department.

"How much wages did you get on the now job?"

"Sixty-five cents an hour."

Several other men told the same story.

Out of date bosses like those in New Bedford might cut wages. Not the bosses of Springfield machine shops! They dealt with their workers man by man.

Some walked the streets.

Skilled Jobs Vanish.

Some saw their skilled jobs and their "high" wages vanish over night. They joined the factory mass workers.

Others, laid off at one wage-rate and re-employed at another, found less money in the pay envelope.

Springfield is an open shop town. The workers have no organization to which they may turn for protection. While earnings have been falling, speed has increased; the pace has grown harder.

Workers with families have bought on the installment plan: houses, furniture, equipment, clothing. Prices remain high. Income falls. Payments cannot be met. The workers lose their purchases as well as their part payments.

There have been no wage cuts in Springfield. There will be none. The workers are already doing more work for less money and when the present cycle is completed their standards will be definitely lowered, while the incomes of the bosses will be larger and surer.

MARC LOEBELL

One of the principals in the new "Grand Street Follies"—the sixth of the series—which opens Monday night at the Booth Theatre.

Russian Players May Visit Us Soon

Berlin is welcoming a new group of young Russian actors, similar to the Moscow Art Players and the Habima Players, who came on from Moscow for a stay, and may later follow their better known predecessors by coming to the United States.

These young people have established themselves in the Theatre des Wettens and have answered all expectations. Their first play—a musical comedy drama—met with even greater success than their second. The plays are given in Yiddish, but make use of old Jewish stories.

In their latest offering, "The Trip of Benjamin the Third," they have managed to combine humor and superb acting in the usual Russian manner. The company is planning to travel across the Atlantic, and its reception in America should be equal to that accorded the Moscow Art Theatre.

LUNA PARK'S 25th SEASON IN FULL SWING

Attendance for the first complete week of operation at Luna Park was good despite the somewhat cool weather which prevailed, according to Arthur Jarvis, general manager of Coney Island's amusement park. This year the park is having its Silver Jubilee, celebrating Luna's twenty-fifth anniversary.

The free circus acts consisting of John Agee, with his trained horses and bull, Martin and Martin with their aerial act; Adele Nelson and her baby elephants; together with Bill Rice Trio, clown acrobats, vied with the other attractions in entertaining the crowd. Other features include: Mexican Pete, assisted by May La Belle, "Covered Wagon Days of the Wild West"; The Mile Sky Chaser; Chateau Thierry; "Thrills," "It," "Shooting the Rapids" and the new ride "Tilt-a-Whirl."

Luna's swimming pool will open on Decoration Day. The pool will remain open until midnight this year.

PEOPLE'S CHORUS TO GIVE FREE CONCERTS

The People's Chorus of this city, L. Camilieri, conductor, will give three special concerts at Town Hall, on Thursday evenings, May 31, June 7 and June 14.

The features will be singing by units of the People's Chorus, soloists on the stage and from the audience, demonstrations of simple sight reading and singing methods and singing by the audience. There will be a different program at each concert. Admission will be free. Invitations may be had at 41 East Forty-second street.

Broadway Briefs

Rockaway's Playland, the new amusement park, will open on Wednesday, May 30. The park has been rebuilt on the site of what was known as Thompson Park, Rockaway Beach.

Germany and Russia will soon see a new ballet, which has just been completed by Sigmund Romberg, composer of "My Maryland," and other operettas. It will be staged in Berlin this summer by Lina Marette and her ballet, and by Marion Gering at the Meyerhold Theatre, Moscow.

Vaudeville at the Broadway Theatre next week will include: Joe Wilton and Rex Weber; Abbott and Bisland; Bert Spence and Edith True; The Misses Halstead and Daniel; Johnny Herman. On the screen will be "Hangman's House," from the Donn Byrne story. June Collyer, Earle Foxe and Hobart Bosworth have important roles.

The company engaged for Channing Pollock's "Mr. Moneypenny," include: Hale Hamilton, Donald Meek, Margaret Wycherly, Catherine Dale Owen, Ruth Nugent, Frank Sylvester and Robert Vivian.

Adams and Walling rented the Frolic Theatre yesterday for their presentation of "The Fast Worker," the comedy by Fred Ballard and Charles A. Bickford, which they will present next month.

"Dorian Gray" at the Biltmore Lacks Dialectic Reasoning

At the Biltmore Theatre they are playing David Thorne's adaptation of Oscar Wilde's "Picture of Dorian Gray," staged by Augustus Thorne. Everybody else agrees that it is no good, and I do too. There are a number of minor reasons, such as the tawdry properties, the lack of rehearsal by the cast (evidenced by stumbling and forgetting of lines), the rather clumsy left-handed way that Dorian stabs his best friend, the altogether too stiff robes of the seraph in the quite superfluous prologue, the apparent discomfort of the actor in the title role, as though they had hurt his face trying to make it beautiful, etc.

But many a play has survived such things, and more likewise, if it had one grand redeeming feature. Thorne Bros. evidently placed their faith in the salacious reputation of Wilde and liberal use of his epigrams. This is where they showed a real Christian conviction that things are, "as they were in the beginning, are now, and evermore shall be." This high church theory is not true of anything, but least true of humor. When Wilde, years ago, said, "No woman can really talk, women only talk about themselves," "American girls conceal their parentage as well as English women conceal their past," "I like men with a future and women with a past," "All influence is immoral," "Bad acting is the only deadly sin," etc. (I quote from memory but I have done no violence) these things sounded very devilish and witty. I think the main failure of this play is the inability of the Thornes to realize that time flies, and all of Wilde's clever observations, new in their day, have been tried, theorized, in most cases refuted, and the world is tired of them. Humor that has become philosophy is detestable to the philosophy of humor.

The theatre was full of people who were attracted by the fatal fame of Oscar Wilde. They got very weepy over the sugar-sweet religious flavor which this drama, like all things meant to be wicked, like Wilde himself, never escapes.

Let's not talk about the actors. I have a sort of suspicion most of them were represented by their understudies anyway.

V. S.

American Opera Company to Appear in 20 Cities

Plans for the coming season of the American Opera Company will include seasons in New York, Boston and Chicago, with proposed engagements in twenty cities between New York and the West. The company will be under new managerial and organization direction, and a number of new artists are to be added to the organizations, the announcement states.

The artistic direction continues the same as that of last season, with Vladimir Rosing as artistic director, and Frank St. Leger as musical director, and approximately the same singers, with the addition of a number of new American artists. Announcement of the cities to be visited, and of the detailed artistic personnel and repertoire for the 1928-29 season will be made shortly.

There are rumors that Richard Strauss' "Salome" will be revived at the Metropolitan next season with Maria Jeritza in the title role. Mme. Jeritza is scheduled to sing the part of Herod's daughter in San Francisco the coming summer. "Salome" was given a single performance at the Metropolitan more than twenty years ago.

Leif Ericson's Discovery of America To Be Filmed Here

The early discovery of America, when the Norsemen came over to the North American coast, will serve as the story of an important film now being considered for showing in the large cities. For the past five years Carl Stearns Clancy has been gathering material and collecting and condensing Icelandic sagas recording Leif Ericson's voyage to Vineland. These will be transferred to the screen as "The Viking Ship, a Saga of Sarging Seas."

Mr. Clancy plans to produce as a road show this story of America's original discovery by the Norsemen. Capt. Gerhard Folgero, who two years ago sailed a forty-two foot open boat from Oslo to Philadelphia and Chicago, will serve as navigator for the fleet of Viking ships that will appear in the picture. He is now in Norway supervising the designing and construction of these ships. Only one authentic "dragon" has been built in nearly a thousand years.

Johan Ball, after six months of research work in Scandinavian museums, has designed Norse wardrobes for the cast. Emmet Crozier will adapt Mr. Clancy's original story.

Screen Notes

"Youth Astray" will be shown for the first time in America at the Cameo Theatre beginning today. Peter Ostermayr directed a cast of Germany's younger cinema talent in this production, alloting important roles to Nina Vanna, Andre Mattoni and Mary Johnson.

"Morgan's Last Raid," will be Tim McCoy's next starring picture for Metro. The story is by Madeline Ruthven and Ross Wills.

"The Veil of Happiness," will feature the program at the 55th St. Playhouse beginning this Saturday. The cast, composed entirely of Chinese, is headed by Shu-Hou, Tiang-Liang-Tchao and Jodi Li.

Two important roles have been cast for Universal's production of "Show Boat." Emily Fitzroy will play Parthenia Ann Hawks and Alma Rubens the role of Julie.

The Greenwich Village Theatre will show beginning today the Ufa special, "Decameron Nights," based on one of Bocaccio's tales. Lionel Barrymore and Werner Krauss star in the production.

Olga Baclanova, Moscow Art Theatre importation, now to be seen as the Duchess in "The Man Who Laughs," has been signed to a Paramount contract. She recently appeared with Pola Negri in "Three Sinners," and with Emil Jannings in "The Street of Sin."

F. W. Murnau has completed his second American made picture, "The Four Devils," for Fox Films. Following his work on "The Four Devils" Murnau will take a brief vacation before starting on "Our Daily Bread."

The role of Tarzan in the Universal screening of "Tarzan the Mighty" will be played by Frank Merrill. This is an adaption of Edgar Rice Burrough's story entitled "Jungle Tales of Tar-

"Stephen Trombolt's Wife," a novel by Hermann Sudermann, has been purchased by Metro and will be filmed under the title of "The Wonder of Women."

SCENE FROM "THE END OF ST. PETERSBURG"

Alexis Davor, the peasant-hero, is brought before the police for assaulting the capitalist Lebedeff. A scene from "The End of St. Petersburg," the new Sovkino film which opens at Hammerstein's Theatre Monday night.

AMUSEMENTS

THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTIONS
EUGENE O'NEILL'S PLAY
STRANGE INTERLUDE
JOHN GOLDEN THEA., 58th St., E. of B'way. Evenings only at 5:30 sharp.
Dinner Intermission at 7:30.
BEGINNING MONDAY, MAY 28
EUGENE O'NEILL'S
MARCO MILLIONS
GUILD THEATRE WEST 52nd ST. Evenings 8:30 Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2:30.
Week of June 4: "VOLPONE."
REOPENING MONDAY, MAY 28
PORGY
A FOLK PLAY
BY DUBOSE AND DOROTHY HEYWARD
REPUBLIC THEA., W. 42nd St. [illegible] Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:40

HAMMERSTEIN'S THEATRE B'way at [illegible]
Phone Col. [illegible]
American Premiere
NEXT MONDAY at 8:40
Seats Now
Arthur Hammerstein presents
The Russian Film Classic
'THE END of ST. PETERSBURG'
Music by Herbert Stothart
Russian Choir—Symphony Orchestra
Nights 8:40; 50c to $1.50
Mats. Daily 2:40; 50c to $1. Incl. Tax

IS THIS JAZZ AGE TO BLAME for
?
ARE PARENTS TO BLAME for
"YOUTH ASTRAY"
Powerful, Gripping Drama of Modern Youth!
KEITH-ALBEE
CAMEO
42nd ST. & B'WAY
AMERICAN PREMIERE
NOW

Winter Garden Eves. 8:30 Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES

48th St. Thea. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
LEONID ANDREYEV'S Masterpiece
THE Waltz of the Dogs

CHANIN'S 16th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB & MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

"See Russia for Yourself"
TOURS to
SOVIET RUSSIA
THIS SUMMER
(Free Visas—Extensions arranged for to visit any part of U. S. S. R.)
July 6 . . . . "CARONIA"
July 9 "AQUITANIA"
On Comfortable CUNARD Steamships
$450 and up.
VIA: LONDON HELSINGFORS
10 DAYS of Interesting Sightseeing Trips in Moscow—Leningrad
RETURN: WALSAW BERLIN - PARIS
WORLD TOURISTS, INC.
(Agents for OFFICIAL TRAVELBURO of SOVIET GOV.)
69 Fifth Ave., New York City Tel.: Algonquin 6900

NEW PLAYS

"THE GRAND STREET FOLLIES," (sixth edition) revue, will open Monday night at the Booth under the sponsorship of the Actor-Managers. The principals include Albert Carroll, Otto Hulett, Marc Loebell, Lily Lubell, Harold Minjir, Mae Noble, Dorothy Sands, J. Blake Scott and Paula Trueman. The book is by Agnes Morgan; the music is by Max Ewing, Serge Walter and others. Aline Bernstein designed the sets and costumes.

"DIPLOMACY," Sardon's famous melodrama, comes to the Erlanger Theatre Monday evening. The all-star cast is headed by Margaret Anglin, Frances Starr, William Faversham, Jacob Ben-Ami, Helen Gahagan, Rollo Peters, Cecilia Loftus, Charles Coburn, Tyrone Power, Georgette Cohan, George Renavent and Antony Holles.

"PORGY," the Negro folk play by Dubose and Dorothy Heyward, will play a return engagement at the Republic Theatre opening Monday night. The cast remains the same.

JUNE NUMBER of the
COMMUNIST
Contents:
A Programme of Action for America—by John Pepper.
The Labor Movement in America—by Frederick Engels.
The Mining Crisis Deepens—by Wm. Z. Foster.
The Economics of American Agriculture—Richman.
The Youth Movement and Six Years of the Young Workers League—by Herbert Zam.
De Leonism and Communism—by Karl Reeve.
BOOK REVIEWS.
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
39 E. 125th STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Mischa Levitzki, the pianist, returned last week from Europe for a brief visit home. His first European tour included nearly fifty appearances and embraced England, Germany, Italy, France, Holland, Sweden and Norway. Levitzki will spend part of the summer here and will leave for Europe in August returning to this country next January for an American tour.

J. C. and Elliott Nugent, are to appear in their own comedy, "By Request," which George M. Cohan places in rehearsal next week. Reports from Boston indicate "Fast

Leonora Sparkes with Frederick Cheeswright will offer an evening of Schubert program on tour next season, featuring the composer's songs and piano compositions.

MAXIM GORKI WRITES TO ROMAIN ROLLAND

(Published in "Pravda" March 23, 1928.)

Sorento, January 29, 1928.

My Dear Friend:

I have read the "Letter of the Russian Writers Living in Russia." I doubt very much whether the letter was actually written by Russian writers. These could not possibly have said that the "classics are forbidden in Russia." Only recently the State Publishing House issued a splendid edition of all of Dostoevsky's works, including even his counter-revolutionary "Demons"; as well as the whole of Pushkin and Gogol. They are preparing for publication the works of Turgeniev, as well as a complete edition of Tolstoy's works in ninety volumes (edited by Tolstoy's friend, Chertkov). Today there are published in the Soviet Union the selected works of Bunin himself, as well as of Kuprin and Shmeliev. Nor have they forgotten old writers like Mamin-Sibiriak and Garin-Michaelovsky.

From the reports of the public libraries, where Tolstoy and Dostoevsky occupy leading places, the Russian writers know very well that the classics are not forbidden in Russia. Every year young Russian writers visit me. How could they be "dying of hunger" and yet take distant journeys abroad? It seems to me I have the honor of enjoying the full confidence of these writers. In intimate conversations with them I have asked them: What group of Russian writers could have made such charges against the Soviet Government? For reply I received only a [illegible]ptical shrug of the shoulders.

[illegible]ou say you have been informed [illegible]t Russia has no literature. What a strange statement! I am astonished at the tremendous fertility of the new Russian literature, of the new writers, of whom there are hundreds and whose number is increasing. This confirms my deep faith in the creative powers of my Russian people. The Russian people are beginning to acquire self-consciousness, are beginning to understand its right to the free development of its creative powers in all walks of life.

* * *

This year alone has brought us several talented writers from whom one can expect good work. These are: Fadeyev, who has written a novel called "Destruction"; Leonid Borisov, Nina Smidovna, and the poet N. Tichonov, who has written a fine book. I could also mention a long list of important new Russian writers. There are, for example, Leonid Leonov, Babel, Vsevolod Ivanov (who at present edits the magazine "Krassny Nov," although he is not a Communist). All of these have made a niche for themselves; as have also Constantine Fedin, Vladimir Lidin, Boris Pilniak, Serge Semenov (a worker gifted with an original talent and influenced by Knute Hamsun); Zoschenko, who wastes himself on short stories, but none the less has talent; there is no doubt that he is gradually progressing from humor to satire. Then there is also Kataev, the author of "Wastrels," who writes in the Gogol manner; and the rapid growth of Jakolev and Kaverine; and so on and so forth.

It is not necessary to list all those who deserve not only to be mentioned but also to be praised. Of non-revolutionary writers I could mention a whole list: Sergeev, Tsunski, Michael Prishwin, Constantine Treniov, Nikadrov, Veresaiev, Ivan Volgov, Olga Forsh, Alexi Chapigin (who recently [illegible]blished his splendid novel "Stenka [illegible]zin") the poet Serge Klichkov (who writes much and well); Alexi Tolstoy (who works sincerely and remains a marvelous story teller) and Ivan Novikov (who has just issued a volume of stories).

In my opinion there are now at the head of Russian literature two extraordinary artists: Serge Tsenski and Michael Prishwin. The latter has sent you his novel, "The Pursuit of Happiness." Undoubtedly I have omitted to mention many other talented authors. I have not had a chance to read everything, and besides I do not wish to burden you with a list of all the writers. I have also omitted mentioning the poets, among whom there are many well known talents like Pasternak, Tichonov, Asseyev, Szharov, Kazin, Selvinski, Oreshin, and others.

* * *

There is also being created a new literature among the peoples of the Caucasus, among the Circasians and Osetins as well as among the Tartars of Kazan. Yes, a beautiful literature flourishes and is developing today in the Soviet Union. I am enthusiastic about it, and regret that Europe pays so little attention to this great literary movement and takes no interest in these creative forces; it is more inclined to seek for sins, to show enmity, not knowing and not wishing to know the good which is there.

It's possible (I recognize it myself) that the good does not yet exist as extensively as we should like to see it; but one must not forget that Russia is a country of 150,000,000 people, that only ten years have passed since the Russian people suddenly began to live a cultural life and began to grasp the idea of culture. There are already in the Soviet Union villages which have only 140 inhabitants and subscribe to 32 publications. Newspapers, magazines, pamphlets and scientific publications are issued in thousands of copies.

I am convinced that the hundreds of writers in prose and verse who are now functioning in the literary field will within five or ten years become brilliant stylists.

M. GORKI.

P. S.—The "Letter of Russian Writers," which has created such a furore in the foreign press, has been repudiated by the trade union of Russian writers. In the ranks of this organization are all the writers of all the nationalities in the Soviet Union. With the exception of myself, there is not in Russia, as far as I know, a single writer who is not a member of this trade union.

—M. G.

A Craftsman in Fiction of Nice Details

THE CLOSED GARDEN. By Julian Green. Harpers. $2.50.

Reviewed by EDWIN ROLFE.

IN this, his second novel published within a year, Julian Green definitely proves herself to be a master literary craftsman. Written with a tireless realism that takes in the most infinitesimal details, the minutiae of its characters' lives, the book attains in its wholeness a certain power and dignity which places it above the literarious miscarriages which are continually flooding the book market. Its style is straightforward and sustained, its story simple and complete. The author limits himself to a definite narrative, and exploits the characters and situation of that narrative to their utmost. He affects no pseudo-esthetic poses; he indulges in none of the petty methods of so-called modern sophisticates. When the story ends, he does not continue and embellish it in a weak diminuendo. The bottle filled, he sensibly corks it, and leaves it complete.

The story concerns itself with the depiction of the decay of an ordinary bourgeois family in a little town in France. Adrienne Meseurat grows up under the tyrannical surveillance of an invalid spinster sister and a retired self-satisfied father, who frustrate her attempts to make contacts with the people around her. Until her eighteenth year she bears the burden of an inhuman solitude, that finds its only expression in morbidity. Then she falls in love with a man more than twice her age, whom she glimpses from a distance in the street one day. Not knowing him, she sustains this irrational attraction with a thousand self-illusions. Discovering this, her father makes her a prisoner in the house. The culmination of this comes when she accidentally kills her father. Then, when she confesses her love to the man and is told that it is not reciprocated, she becomes completely mad.

There is only one fault to be found in "The Closed Garden." The characters live in a world completely their own, unaffected and undetermined even to the slightest degree by anything at all except their own limitations. This, actually, is an impossibility. But the treatment of this limited sphere is so excellent that the author may be forgiven for it.

MEMOIRS OF HAYWOOD

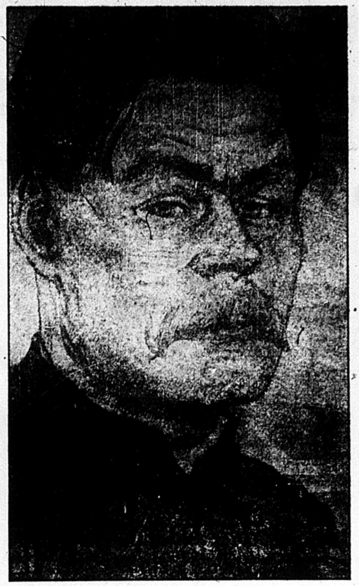
Autobiography To Be Published Soon

INTERNATIONAL PUBLISHERS, who are preparing for publication in June the memoirs of William D. Haywood, who died last week, were informed by their Moscow representative that the remaining chapters of his manuscript had been dispatched to New York.

The book, upon which Haywood has been working during the recent years, is autobiographical. Starting with a description of his boyhood days in Utah, he tells the story of his apprenticeship to a farmer at the age of eleven and his going to work in a mine at fifteen, when he joined the miners' union, of which he was destined later to become the leader.

The struggles in the western states, the famous Moyer-Haywood-Pettibone case in which he, together with the other officers of the Western Federation of Miners, were charged with the killing of Governor Steunenberg of Idaho, of which they were acquitted, his left wing fight against the officials of the socialist party in 1912, which led to his expulsion from the National Executive Committee and later from the party, his activities in the I. W. W., the position he and his organization took during the war, the trial of the more than 100 members of the I. W. W., his conviction and his joining of the Communist Party, his life in exile in Soviet Russia during the past seven years—all these stages in his life and activities in the American labor movement are intimately described in this book.

Maxim Gorki



GREAT ARCTIC EXPLORER

Roald Amundsen Deflates Some Braggarts

ROALD AMUNDSEN; My Life As An Explorer. Doubleday, Doran & Co. $3.50.

Reviewed by N. SPARKS

ROALD AMUNDSEN is the last of the true Arctic explorers, the honored list headed by the names of Henry Hudson, Sir John Franklin and the other seekers of the Northwest Passage, down to Dr. Nansen Shackleton, Scott and Amundsen himself and the conquest of the North and South Poles. The Arctic explorers have been a peculiar race. Necessarily they were nearly all naval-officers and fairly jingoistic, and their expeditions bore to a certaint extent a militaristic stamp. For the most part, however, they were true scientists, deep students of the technique of travel over Arctic ice, and physically perfect specimens, ready to endure incredible hardships for the sake of science and whatever honor they could get. Air travel, however, and the general decadence of capitalism have put an end to the line. In place of Nansen, Amundsen and Scott, the "heroes" of the present expeditions are the upstart Byrd, a naval aviator who knows nothing whatever about the Arctic, and the fascist monkey-on-a-stick Nobile who knows still less. Expeditions by such as these represent little more than great advertising schemes for their respective military machines.

The present book seems to have been written by Amundsen chiefly with an eye to vindicating himself before the American public after his recent troubles, financial and otherwise. Here he tells how he came to be an explorer, describes his apprentice trip to the Antarctic where he served with Dr. Cook, and tells how he finally realized the dream of centuries (emptied by now of any economic utility), of discovering and navigating the Northwest Passage. There is a short account of the dash to the South Pole, of the airplane flight with Ellsworth, and an extended ventilation of the difficulties with Nobile on the dirigible flight over the North Pole.

* * *

Amundsen takes the time to explode the myth of the "sportsmanship" of the British ruling class. He recounts how the prize of $100,000 offered by the British Government for the discovery of the Northwest Passage was divided between two Englishmen, neither of whom had actually been thru it, and how Lord Curzon (the author of the famous ultimatum to Soviet Russia) publicly sneered at his discovery of the South Pole at a banquet in London.

The uninhabited wastes of the North and South Poles support no people that can be exploited, nor do they contain any known natural resources. Nor was Amundsen a naval officer, and none of his expeditions were sponsored by any navy or government. As a consequence he had a constant terrific struggle to finance his expeditions, and had steady uphill going, except during the war when for a time he became a shipowner and sat content to exploit the danger of others, and then in 1917-18 when he allowed himself to become a tool of the American propaganda machine visiting the trenches and lecturing in America.

* * *

Amundsen deals at length with the flight of the dirigible "Norge" and the attempt of Mussolini and Nobile to turn it into a propaganda scheme for fascism. To get the full impudence of the fascist braggart Nobile one must read the account in detail "It is now clear," says Amundsen "that their offer was a deliberate effort on the part of their government to gain for the present Italian political regime . . . a world-wide advertisement." In every way Nobile showed him that he had modelled himself on the arch-bully Mussolini Tremendous in words, Nobile proved himself useless in action. Three times he nearly wrecked the ship over the polar ice and only the intervention of the Norwegian pilot saved them. Meek as a lamb while there was danger, Nobile became a lion when the trip was all over and carried out his instructions of appropriating the glory for fascism. In Seattle after the success of the flight Amundsen says "The Italian consul had evidently received instructions from the Italian government to do everything possible to make Nobile's return a triumph. In this task his efforts were ably seconded by the local Italian fascisti . . . They had succeeded in creating the impression before our arrival that the flight was largely an Italian undertaking and that Nobile was, with us, chief in command of it." For the Italian mechanics who helped man the dirigible Amundsen has nothing but praise.

The "Norge" expedition marks the close of Amundsen's career. The discoverer of the Northwest Passage discoverer of the South Pole, leader of a flight from Europe to Alaska over the North Pole, and collector of a wealth of scientific material, Amundsen is unquestionably the greatest living Arctic explorer, and the most successful of all.

Reader Praises Burck's Cartoons

To Feature Editor:

As a reader of The DAILY WORKER, I was very glad to see that A. B. Magil accorded Fred Ellis the recognition which his splendid work deserves. I believe, however, he was not quite just to the work of Jacob Burck, who has contributed a number of excellent cartoons to the 1928 book.

Burck's cartoon on the St. Francis dam break was one of the best that the paper has ever run, I believe, both for political content and drawing.

Fraternally yours,
JOHN RAMBURG.

UNCONSCIOUS 4 MONTHS.

CLEVELAND, May 25.—Helen Puschmann, 19, a sophomore at Lake Erie College, Painesville, has been unconscious for more than four months as a result of injuries sustained when struck by a bus last January. Food is being administered in liquid form.

LIBERTY AND OTHER CHARMING ILLUSIONS

LET FREEDOM RING. By Arthur Garfield Hays. Boni & Liveright. $2.50.

Reviewed by SENDER GARLIN.

"INDIGNATION boils my blood," writes Hays, "at the thought of the heritage we are throwing away; at the thought that, with few exceptions, the fight for freedom is left to the poor, forlorn and defenseless, and to the few radicals and revolutionaries who would make use of liberty to destroy, rather than to maintain, American institutions."

The author of this book with its ironic title is a busy New York lawyer.* He files briefs for influential corporations, supervises the writing of last wills and testaments for aged and wealthy clients, and negotiates the transfer of valuable real estate in various parts of Manhattan Island. He is quick-witted, fluent and persuasive. Also, he gets lots of publicity in the newspapers.

"Let Freedom Ring" narrates some half dozen cases with which Hays happened to be connected between the years 1922 and 1927. They include the notorious Scopes Evolution trial where W. J. Bryan crooned his great faith in obscurantism, made his heavenly valedictory and died several days later; the murder trial of Dr. Ossian H. Sweet, Negro physician of Detroit, who shot in self-defense following an attack on his home by a gang of Nordic rowdies who objected to his moving into an "exclusive" neighborhood; the suppression of the play, "The Captive," and the attempt to ban The American Mercury in Boston.

Intense and dramatic are the chapters dealing with the activities of the coal and iron police in the coal regions in Pennsylvania and the eleventh-hour attempts to save Sacco and Vanzetti from the electric chair.

* * *

Hays naively divides the world into two classes: "tyrants" and "lovers of liberty." He quotes copiously from the Declaration of Independence and the Bill of Rights, and ringing words from the dissenting judicial opinions of Justices Holmes and Brandeis.

The author's chief argument is based upon the theory that "those in power have so little faith in our institutions that they fear that Americans would be corrupted by radical propaganda to a point where they would rush to overthrow their institutions."

Hays likes the capitalist system. He complains ruefully tha "radicals would make use of liberty to destroy American institutions." Of the existence of a fundamental class relation Hays seems not to have the slightest suspicion, however. Coal operators in Pennsylvania who refuse to permit strike meetings in company-owned towns are "tyrants," according to Hays. Massachusetts judges, university presidents and millionaire governors who sanction the murder of two foreign-born workers are "intolerant."

ARTHUR GARFIELD HAYS

Does it seem surprising, then, to learn that Hays actually approached a number of Pennsylvania businessmen and lawyers (pensioners of the former) with the proposal to form a branch of the American Civil Liberties Union in order to fight for "free speech" for the terrorized coal miners?

* * *

I suggest to Mr. Hays that he turn to Page 316 of his own book and read carefully the following paragraph:

> "Sacco and Vanzetti were realists. They were not deluded. To most of us, the trial was a farce; the result an atrocious miscarriage of justice. To them, it was a logical outcome. They were victims in class war. . ."

---

* "I am a New York attorney. My business chiefly centers in corporate and commercial matters." (Page 120.)

Propaganda For Schools

(*Federated Press*)

Responding to "hundreds of demands from schools," Standard Oil has obligingly put the "facts of the oil industry" into a booklet which refrains, however, from using oil as a title. "Petroleum" is mailed free for use in schools, following the example of National Electric Light Assn., which sees to it that pupils have desirable information on the power trust and its activities.

"Rewards" of Genius Under Capitalism

By HENBY.

"YOU can't socialize geniuses or inventors."

This is one of the pet arguments of the individualists against the possibility of a Communist state of society. They cling to the idea that the creation of work of art, and the invention of new wonders in the realm of science and mechanics, come full-formed from the brains of certain god-like men and women.

"Communists cannot change that," say the defenders of the status quo; and they feel confident they have settled the matter.

So it is always interesting to note proofs that, even in our present capitalist state, inventions are actually communal things, and that most of our world-famous inventors have gained their great reputations not from their own achievements alone, but from having credited to them the discoveries of countless unknown workers, great and small.

For instance, a few weeks ago a New York newspaper printed a story in which it named Thomas A. Edison as the inventor of the stock ticker. Immediately they received two letters of protest. One claimed that the ticker had been invented by a man named Scott. The other claimed that the ticker had been invented by one, Callaghan. The truth is that Callaghan first patented the stock ticker, and later Scott patented some improvements on it. Then about a dozen years later Edison came forth with a ticker which infringed on the former patents, and he was sued by Callaghan and had to pay large damages. But he bided his time, and when the Callaghan patent expired, he slipped in with his own improvements and gained control of the patent rights—and, that is more important, control of the market.

And like every other worker the inventor in our present order is given a minimum wage while he is in his prime, and is discarded in his old age. The benefits of his genius go to mankind and the profits to the capitalists who own his patents. Under Communism not only would society benefit by the inventor's labors, but he would get all the benefit and not merely what the exploiters found it profitable to give. Incidentally, the inventor himself would be provided for along with his other fellow workers.

Antisemitism and the World Proletariat

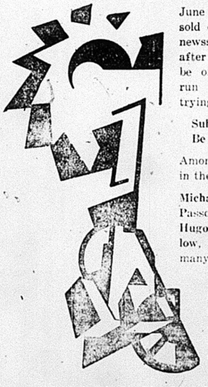
ONE of the worst forms of national enmity is antisemitism, that is to say, racial hostility towards the Jews, who belong to the Semitic stock (of which the Arabs form another great branch). The Czarist autocracy raised the hunt against the Jews in the hope of averting the workers' and peasants' revolution. "You are poor because the Jews fleece you," said the members of the Black Hundreds; and they endeavored to direct the discontent of the oppressed workers and peasants away from the landlords and the bourgeoisie and to turn it against the whole Jewish nation. Among the Jews, as among the other nationalities, there are different classes. It is only the bourgeois strata of the Jewish race which exploit the people, and these bourgeois strata plunder in common with the capitalists of other nationalities. In the outlying regions of Czarist Russia, where the Jews were allowed to reside, the Jewish workers and artisans lived in terrible poverty and degradation, so that their condition was even worse than that of the ordinary workers in other parts of Russia.

The Russian bourgeoisie raised the hunt against the Jews, not only in the hope of diverting the anger of the exploited workers, but also in the hope of freeing themselves from competitors in commerce and industry.

* * *

Of late years, anti-Jewish feeling has increased among the bourgeois classes of nearly all countries. The bourgeoisie in other countries besides Russia can take example from Nicholas II. in the attempt to inflame anti-Jewish feeling, not only in order to get rid of rival exploiters, but also in order to break the force of the revolutionary movement. Until recently, very little was heard of antisemitism in Germany, Great Britain, and the United States. Today, even British ministers of state sometimes deliver antisemitic orations. This is an infallible sign that the bourgeois system in the west is on the eve of a collapse, and that the bourgeoisie is endeavoring to ward off the workers' revolution by throwing Rothschilds and Mendelssohns to the workers as sops. In Russia, antisemitism was in abeyance during the March revolution, but the movement regained strength as the civil war between the bourgeoisie and the proletariat grew fiercer; and the attacks on the Jews became more and more bitter in proportion as the attempts of the bourgeoisie to recapture power proved fruitless.

(From A. B. C. of Communism. Workers Library.)



NEW MASSES "The Magazine for Rebels"

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Assistant Editor.................WM. F. DUNNE

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United States--'Friend' of China

The complicated play of imperialist politics and war strategy in China leaves many readers in confusion about the relationships between Japanese imperialism, United States imperialism and the various so-called "nationalist" military leaders. Conflicting interests in the Pacific and in China leading towards war between the United States and Japan are causing many to assume that the depredations of Japanese imperialism in China will be resisted by the United States.

It is true that a sharp conflict of interests between the United States capitalists and those of Japan points toward a future war, and it is true that some of these conflicting interests are to be found in China. The effect of the Japanese declaration in regard to its predominating interests in Manchuria, and Kellogg's reply to the effect that the United States does not recognize the predominance of such Japanese interests, is to sharpen the impression of the conflict between the two imperialist governments.

But this taken alone is too simple a picture. The existance of the conflict of interests does not alter the fact that the United States is now, with arms, aiding the Japanese depredations and violence in China. The imperialist United States is no less an enemy of the Chinese masses than imperialist Japan, and the two enemies of the Chinese masses have interests which coincide as well as other interests which conflict.

When Kellogg blurted out that his Wall Street masters recognize no special interests of Japan in Manchuria, the Japanese government responded with the informal remark that this has nothing to do with her, as she claimed no such interests—a statement which, though untrue, indicates present collaboration between Japan and the United States against China.

The predatory imperialist government at Washington has not suddenly become the redeemer of oppressed peoples. There are some indications that Wall Street has even a considerable satisfaction in the present course of Japan.

Not only can the Wall Street government find gratification in the pressure of Japanese imperialism on the Manchurian borders of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, but it is entirely possible for the Wall Street government to be reconciled to the operations of Japanese troops for a certain time, provided these operations do not transcend certain limits fixed between the two rival imperialisms. For instance, an editorial in last Monday's N. Y. Times declared:

> ". . . Japanese influence has been sufficiently strong to isolate that section from the evil effects of China's civil wars. By maintaining peace in Manchuria, and by operating the South Manchurian Railway with a high degree of efficiency, the Japanese have made of this portion of China a haven of refuge and prosperity. . . .
>
> "That Japan would use her influence—and her troops, if need be—in order to prevent the extension of the civil war into Manchuria has always been obvious. Her formal statement to this effect is only disconcerting if it is to serve as the starting-point of a new policy under which Japan would work for the ultimate annexation of Manchuria. . . ."

No-one should forget that the so-called nationalist generals, Chiang Kai-shek, Feng Yu-hsiang, Yen Shi-shan and Li Chai-sum have long ago severed their last threads of connection with the cause of national independence of China and are now serving only as adventurous traders in blood with the foreign imperialist powers.

The capitalist press correspondents will continue to write of Chiang Kai-shek as the "nationalist" leader and of the United States as a friend of the same cause, but intelligent workers here will understand that the only forces which can defend the Chinese masses are the worker-peasant armies such as are meeting with considerable success in reviving the revolutionary cause in the vicinity of Swatow.

Only the movement of these masses under the hegemony of the Chinese working class can embody the Chinese revolution. Against these masses the United States forces will use every instrument of violence and trickery.

The ruling classes of the United States and of Japan will some time call upon the masses of these countries to slaughter each other for the profit of the rival imperialisms, but they are now calling upon the masses of both countries to support the endless bloody crimes of both imperialisms against the Chinese workers and peasants.

The enemy which the American workers must fight, in respect to China, is the imperialist government of the United States not less, but even more, than that of Japan.

BUILDING TRADE JOB NOTES; PLUMBER VOTE

It's the little things that count, runs an old saying. I am going to write about the hits and bits that occurred on my job for the past few days.

A carpenter who came to ask the boss for a job, asked him among other questions, "How is business?"

"Not so good," replied the boss.

"Why?" asked the workers. "A boss doesn't make much money nowadays. In former years, the bosses made more money, now the workers take good pay and are too independent," said the carpenter boss.

"Then," said the worker, "why don't you go to work for a boss?"

"I am too old to work and will have to spend my days as a boss," was the reply. And so ended that conversation.

A lather told me that 800 men are out of work in the Brooklyn lathers' local. Those who work do so on an average of two days per week.

The plumbers on our job were discussing the coming elections of Local No. 1, which will be held next month.

I learned that there is great dissatisfaction with the present officers of Local No. 1.

The present officials were elected as "progressives" but they betrayed the plumbers in the new agreement of Local No. 1 and the Brooklyn Master Plumbers Association.

MacDonough and Crain do not get along very well with one another. The fight has no principle in it whatsoever. It is a question of who is to get more of the spoils. They hurl attacks at one another. What they tell one another to do and where to go doesn't look well in print.

The real rank and file progressives of Local No. 1 are expected to nominate a full slate. All plumbers should support the progressives in the coming election.

—CASSELL.

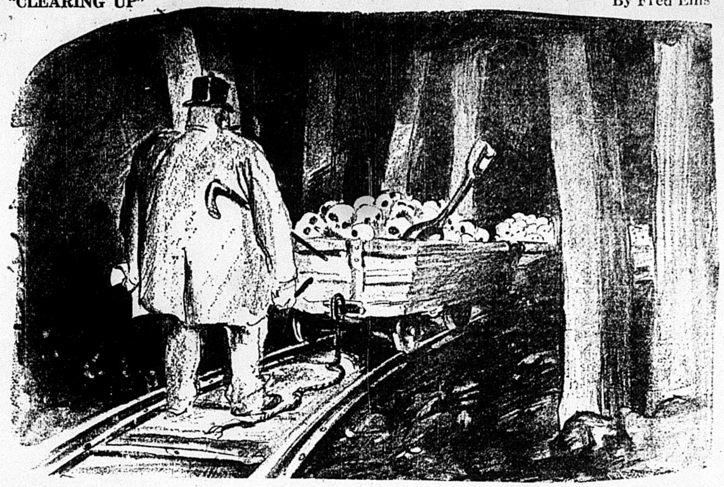
A Correction

In yesterday's DAILY WORKER the following headline appeared "Labor Party Is Only Hope for Working-class." This is a dangerous misstatement of the position of The DAILY WORKER on the labor party question. It is likely to cause confusion and illusion. The DAILY WORKER will comment more fully in a later issue.

—EDITOR.

"CLEARING UP"

By Fred Ellis



The state of Pennsylvania announces that it will conduct an "investigation" into the cause of the Mather mine explosion. In the meantime the pit will be turned back to the operators so the evidence may be "cleared up."

How Far Does the Frame-Up of Bonita Go?

By SIDNEY BLOOMFIELD.

Sam Bonita, militant president of local 1703 U. M. W. of A., the victim of a most disgraceful frame-up, must rot in the pen from six to twelve years. Bonita is not the victim of the direct capitalist forces alone. People who have enjoyed the confidence of Bonita have worked against his best interests. Sam has been betrayed by those in whom he trusted.

A Militant Miner.

Sam is a simple worker who is fanatically religious and who is never without a bible in his pocket. Yet he is an honest and militant rank and filer who was in the fore-front fo the struggle against the contractor system and associated with the progressive forces in his local who, on the basis of the struggle for the Save-the-Union program, had swept all reactionaries out of office. This victory of the progressives was not accepted ungrudgingly by the reactionary elements and contractors. They at once instituted a reign of terror hardly paralleled in the annals of the labor movement. One after another, Tom Lillis, Peter Reilly, Alex Campbell, and Sam Grecio — all progressive officials were, excepting Grecio, fatally shot from ambush by hired gun-men.

Sam Bonita, who was trapped and fired on by Frank Agati, a reputed contractor, bully and personal body guard of Cappelini, returned fire, thus putting an end to the depredations of this gunman. Bonita, together with his colleagues Adam Moleski and Steve Mendola were arrested. Judge McClean, who is also a general in the army, inflicted the maximum sentence upon Sam. Mendola and Moleski, who were held as accessories, were mysteriously released on the eve of the local elections on $10,000 bail each. The defense committee which carried on splendid work in their behalf as well as in behalf of Bonita was neither advised or consulted about the matter of their release, bail being posted thru an arrangement between the lawyers, politicians and the so-called friends of the defendents. Knowing that they were popular men, the forces at work for state senator-elect Lanning Harvey utilized this release as political campaign material for the capitalist candidates.

Together with the I. L. D., the defense committee realized that a victory for Bonita means a victory for the progressive rank and file and a defeat for the contractor system as well as a defeat for all the enemies of the labor movement. With the conviction that the fight to save Bonita is a fight for the whole working class the committee labored unceasingly, exhausting every means trying to appeal the case. But every avenue was barricaded against the committee whose labors were in vain.

Lawyers Betray.

After having paid $3700 to the defense lawyers, Frank Flannery, Harold Flannery, and John Dando, the committee held several fruitless conferences with them. Each time they refused to appeal the case, giving as their excuse that they did not want to be scoffed at by the court since there were no legal grounds for an appeal. At each conference we were told by the lawyers to keep quiet, not to rouse mass sentiment and in a year or more from now they woud go to the pardon board and ask for a pardon if we would pay them the remainder of $5,000. Needless to say, a pardon will not be given so simply to Bonita in a state so hostile to labor.

After going thru much red tape I finally gained admission to the Luzerne county jail, where I talked with Sam for about a half hour. Sam had been scared stiff by the lawyers, Frank McGarry, James Kearney, and the rest of the Brennan men. All of them, supposed to be close friends of Bonita, have betrayed his confidence in them. They kept coming to see him almost daily, and they were permitted to stay with him as long as they desired, while the members of the committee who were sincerely active in his behalf, were very rarely admitted and only a few minutes each time, which made it almost impossible to talk to Bonita. I was the only representative of the committee who stayed a half hour with him.

McGarry, Kearney and the lawyers kept telling Sam if he dared to appeal to higher courts he would be re-tried and convicted of first degree murder and the consequence would be that he would receive a much worse sentence. These lawyers and his so-called friends knew that they were lying to Sam. I tried to convince Sam that such advice was plain treachery and that there must be a reason for this anxiety to keep him in prison until everybody would forgot about him. Altho we could not convince Sam to authorize us to engage new counsel and to carry on thru an appeal, the reason for all this concern about Bonita upon the part of the lawyers and his so-called friends soon same to light.

Why did McGarry and Kearney take such pains to visit Sam so frequently and always to counteract the committee's work? Why were the lawyers visiting Sam almost daily and staying with him for hours at a time? Were they really so vitally concerned about him? Why did Dando agree to take one of our committeemen to see Sam, only to break this promise and then after himself talking to Sam for two hours, tell us that Sam does not want to see anyone? Why were they so anxious for Sam not to appeal but to wait more than a year and then ask for a pardon? Why were Moleski and Mendola released upon bail on the eve of the election with the strict injunction by Judge McClean to stay out of union activities?

Guilt of Brennan Gang.

Why did the lawyers appear at the jail every time a committee-man tried to get in to see Sam? Why was the warden so anxious to know what Harold Flannery and I were talking about after I had talked with Bonita? Why did McGarry, Kearney and the rest of the Brennanites work together with the lawyers and against the committee? Why does Brennan want to investigate the murder of Campbell, Lillis and Reilly and also the killing of Agati? Does not Brennan know that Agati was the enemy of Campbell, Lillis and Reilly, and that even a capitalist jury stood 11 to 1 for acquittal of Bonita? What does Brennan wants to investigate about Cappelini's gunman Agati?

These Brennan people know that Bonita is a popular figure and is with the Save-the-Union forces and if Bonita were out of jail, McGarry would lose his job as president of local 1703, and that Bonita would be the logical man to replace Cappelini, thus preventing Brennan from getting the office of the district presidency. In short, the whole Brennan machine as well as the Cappelini-Lewis machine would be most likely defeated if Bonita were out today. Brennan, McGarry, Kearney, the lawyers—all of them are well aware of this. That is why they are all so keenly interested in lying to and keeping Sam in jail. The betrayal of Sam Bonita must be placed where it belongs—at the door of the Brennan gang in league with the lawyers, contractors and the Lewis gang.

Illinois Miners Are Again in Control of Their Union

By GERRY ALLARD.

The district convention, called by the rank and file miners of Illinois, has accomplished the necessary steps to save and rebuild their union. Two hundred and forty-nine delegates from 78 local unions gathered at Belleville to take up the problems that were confronting them and to oust the reactionaries from leadership. The spirit of the convention was very high as reflected by the rank and file who time after time pointed out the necessity of taking these steps to save the union.

At this convention no millionaire labor leader appeared. No pot-bellied, diamond-studded labor faker infested the atmosphere of the convention. The Lewises, Fishwicks, Greens, Farringtons, were not present at this convention. Toughened, grim, determined coal diggers gathered there to report their grievances, to oust the reactionary machine, to rebuild their union into an organization which will help rally the miners of America to immediate action against the onslaught of the coal operators.

Elect Voyzey President.

George Voyzey, local union 413 of Springfield, was elected president of the United Mine Workers of America, District 12. Luke Coffee, the chairman of the convention was elected vice-president. Coffee is the fighting president of local union 705, O'Fallon and resides in Belleville.

Danial H. Slinger, of Belleville was elected secretary-treasurer. The new officer were elected unanimously and were greeted by thunderous applause.

Greetings to the convention were received from John Brophy, whose illness has recently kept him from active participation in the miners' fight. His message was received with an ovation.

Greetings were also received from Tony Minerich, Mother Bloor, Thomas Meyerscough, from the Indiana State Convention, Powers Hapgood and many others.

The reactionaries of district 12, led by Walter Nesbit, the former secretary-treasurer, formed a picket line several blocks away from the convention and tried to divert the miners from attending.

The first night of the convention was marked by a fist fight that occurred at a restaurant when George Voyzey, Freeman Thompson and John Watt were attacked by 15 sluggers led by Nesbit. The three militant fighters succeeded in routing the thugs. In the skirmish Nesbit suffered a black eye and several other marks. Thompson was badly slugged. The next day following the fight the three militants who had been arrested and released from prison were greeted by the delegation.

Henchmen Exposed.

The indictment against the machine officials charged them with conspiracy with the operators beginning with Frank Farrington. The policies of the betrayer, Farrington have never been changed. Harry Fishwick worked in conjunction with Farrington in every respect. "The Fishwick machine has continued these policies begun by Farrington and approved by the Lewis machine," the indictment read "to the point of splitting the union, losing all the conditions won through hard fought battles of the past, deviding the Illinois miners against themselves, and completely selling out to the operators by working hand in hand with them to smash the union." The policy of separate agreements after the rank and file had issued a mandate opposing separate agreements, was bitterly condemned. "The policy of separate agreements is a policy of destruction," was the statement of the indictment.

Brand Sell-Out.

The contract extended to the operators by the officialdom giving the bosses unlimited rights on the mechanical loaders, conveyors, and other machinery tending to increase unemployment amongst the miners, the weakness of the officialdom to fight the case of the miners, stealing of votes, packing of conventions, expelling militant miners, the railroading of the miners from Zeigler to prison, and several other indictments were branded in the charges against the reactionary labor fakers. The convention then proceeded to elect its own officers.

A resolution was unanimously adopted abolishing the appointive power of officials, abolishing the district executive board, and a committee to direct the work of the miners in district 12 was set up.

The Coal Digger was accepted as the official organ; resolutions for a special international convention, the release of class war prisoners, a call to all members that had been expelled by the Lewis machine to return to the organization, condemnation of the frame-up of the Zeigler miners and demanding their release, miners relief, all other resolutions were adopted unanimously with the rank and file discussing them at length.

Watt Speaks.

John Watt, Vice-President of National Committee, was received with a thunderous applause. He eloquently pointed out the situation of the coal mining industry, the role of the Lewis machine and the task of the rank and file members in their epochal struggle.

The young miners showed a spirit of determination to fight side by side with the adult miners. A resolution introduced by Gerry Allard calling for the immediate mobilization of the young miners through a conference to be held June 9th in Belleville was adopted. The young miners held a conference of their own, elected Gerry Allard as their district secretary and immediately laid the basis for organization work.

A committee of 20 young miners was elected to take charge of the provisional youth conference.

Scores Unable to Come.

The convention deliberated quite actively upon the many problems. Scores of miners were not permitted to come due to the financial condition of the miners themselves. Most of the delegates hiked or came in Fords that they could borrow. The spirit of the convention was fine in every respect.

Dan Slinger, newly elected secretary-treasurer of the district, closed the convention by saying: "There can be no hesitation on our part, there can be no doubts, nothing but determination to return to our respective localities and build an organization that will lead and fight for the miners of this country."

HANdOuTS

A NEW way of expressing friendship has been hit upon by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., principal owner of the Consolidation Coal Company, who has just announced he will show his kindness for his slaving miners by shutting down ten plants and discharging twenty per cent of his men. Rockefeller is willing to admit it is not purely an act of self-sacrifice on his part, his statement saying he felt "reduction of tonnage as well as of miners would be constructive benefit on both sides." A fellow who expresses his love in this unique manner is the kind of a man who would slip fly-paper into his wife's corset as a mark of esteem, toss a concrete dog biscuit to his collie as a symbol of affection and tip his waitress with a Canadian dime to show his regard.

* * *

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE'S plans to deliver this year's Memorial Day address at the Gettysburg battlefield, where no president has had the courage or naivete to make a speech since Abraham Lincoln's day, shows the progress of the republican party. Lincoln is supposed to have scribbled out the classic political speech of nineteenth century capitalism on the back of an envelope on the train en route to Gettysburg. Several days before the hour of Coolidge's address, however, the speech Coolidge is to deliver on the graveyard of American chattel slavery was run off by the thousand in the government printing plant at Washington. It was then sent broadcast through the mail to newspaper offices, to be set in advance and held in type for release when the great moment arrives. It is probable that Coolidge didn't even have to write the speech himself. He isn't a great hand to write.

It is always dangerous to attempt to predict literary verdicts of the remote future. But the advance press copy of the address Cal Coolidge will deliver across the flag-wound 2-by-four pine railing at Gettysburg May 30 is at hand. And it does not seem likely in hearing a reference to the Gettysburg address that anybody in the remote future will ask: "Which Gettysburg address?"

* * *

Twelve of England's most prominent military clowns, including Sir Eric Geddes, who is said never to have seen a trench until the armistice, last week put on their masquerade costumes and amidst great ceremony were inducted into the Order of Bath by King George V. These militarist [illegible] try to keep secret the manner in which the order originated which is as follows: King Henry IV established the order at the beginning of the fifteenth century. A soldier knelt before the sovereign to be knighted but the king couldn't bear the unique odor of the military man. He thereupon addressed him in these words, "This brave fellow requires rest and refreshment after his prolonged heroism. Take him away and give him a bath and fresh raiment and sustenance. Then bring him again before me, to be knighted."

* * *

Solo Bunion Artist

Keen disappointment now gnaws at the breast of William Grow, 85, of Idaho Falls, Idaho. After walking from his home town to Oregon, Utah, 180 miles, to attend an old folks' celebration, he learned that it had been postponed indefinitely because of the weather.

* * *

OFFICIALLY and unofficially Rome and Washington are getting closer and closer. According to a dispatch yesterday the board of governors of the National Press Club at Washington has voted a non-resident membership to Premier Mussolini, who is the owner of the Rome newspaper D'Italia. And another dispatch said that Mussolini had directed that an active membership card in the fascisti party be given to Luigi Barzini, editor of the Corriere di America. The first thing we know Mussolini will be sending word to the pope that the next Mussolini baby is to be christened Calvin.

* * *

The liberals have lately been conducting in the columns of the New Republic, the Modern Quarterly and elsewhere an inquisition over their souls. And after much painful probing some of them have come to the conclusion that the class struggle really does exist. But the socialist party knows better. Not much struggle for guys with the incomes of Hillquit, Berger, Cahan & Co.

* * *

Jimmy Walker, the song writer, has just completed a walking tour of the excavations for new subways to determine whether a five-cent fare can be retained on the lines already operating. If the mayor should want a coca cola look for him in a hardware store.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS: FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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FOSTER, GITLOW CHOSEN

Mill Strike Heads Arrested at New Bedford

MORE EVICTIONS OUST THOUSANDS IN MINE FIELDS

Open Shop Operators in Mad Drive

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 27.—Tents are being rushed by the National Miners' Relief Committee to the families of five unorganized miners on strike at Elm Grove near here who were evicted from their company-owned homes last Friday.

These evictions are part of a total of 1,400 which are now in progress at Elm Grove. The five families, threatened with the loss of their homes found themselves unable to find new dwellings for less than $30 monthly. Unable to pay this amount because of the poor pay they had received prior to their walk-out, the miners were forced into the streets Friday by deputy sheriffs armed with eviction orders.

Wholesale Evictions.

Preparatory to re-opening Crow Hollow Number one mine on a non-union basis, the United States Coal Company has asked Federal Judge Benson Hough, of Steubenville, Ohio for eviction orders against the striking miners now occupying company quarters. One hundred and sixty-one families are affected by the contemplated evictions, according to information reaching the National Miners Relief Committee.

Nearly 600 families have been evicted from company houses in eastern Ohio since April 15, it was estimated yesterday at the relief committee's headquarters. Two-hundred and ninety families were forced from their dwellings by the coal operators on April 15. A wholesale eviction order enforced a month later left 185 more families homeless.

CONVENTION HITS FINNISH TERROR

Social - Democrats Aid Fascist

Charging that the social-democrats aided the fascists of Finland in the murder of more than 15,000 militant workers, the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party passed a resolution expressing its solidarity with the masses of Finland and calling upon workers of the United States to aid in the struggle for the release of victims of the fascist terror who are now in jail.

The text of the resolution follows:

Torture Workers.

"The fascist government of Finland, aided by the benevolent assistance of the social-democrats, not satisfied with the wholesale execution of 15,000 revolutionary workers immediately after the Civil War of 1918 and starving to death of 15,000 more in the prison camps, has ever since that date persecuted, arrested and tortured the workers of Finland in the most beastly way. Workers have been persecuted, tortured and jailed for belonging to the trade unions. They have been jailed and tortured for voting for working class candidates or participating in working class political action. They have been tortured and jailed for the "crime" of participating in the formation of independent political parties of the workers. They have been tortured and jailed for protesting against Finland's preparations for entering into a war against the Soviet Union as the tool of British and American imperialism. Above all, the most brutal torture and the longest jail sentences and death have been the lot of those charged with revolutionary Communist activity.

"The Finnish government, aided by the Finnish social-democrats, has suppressed the press of the militant workers. The social-democrats have played the role of spies and informers, pointing out the active militants to the fascist government of Finland When the fascists were too weak to hold onto the government against the mass protests of the workers, the

(Continued on Page Four)

A Centralia Victim

Above is Eugene Barnett, one of the victims of American capitalist "class justice" in the Centralia case. Barnett is serving a sentence of from 20 to 40 years in Walla Walla, Wash., prison, as the result of an attack by American Legionaires and business men on the I. W. W. hall in Centralia. The International Labor Defense is now conducting a campaign for the release of Barnett and the other Centralia victims.

OHIO CITY SENDS FUNDS TO 'DAILY'

Youngstown Answers Paper's Plea

In response to a telegram telling of the critical financial situation of The DAILY WORKER, $37.50 was immediately raised by the Workers (Communist) Party of Youngstown, Ohio, and sent to the Daily.

As soon as the telegram arrived, a general membership meeting was called by Mary Fradin, secretary-organizer of the Youngstown Workers Party, and the money raised at once, despite the fact that most of those present had just come from a meeting at which they had contributed to the fund for miners' defense. A number of unemployed workers were also among those who contributed.

The contributions were as follows: Goorevitch, 50 cents; R. Williams, $5; Sembels, $2; Turko, $5; Sharky, $1; Fradin, 50 cents; Pentar, $1.50; Lubetsky, $1.50; Landers, $10; Fartic, $2; S. Sirotnic, 50 cents; F. Sirotnic, 50 cents; Been, $5; and N. and B. Blumentall, $3.

The crisis of the Daily is not yet over; the danger sign cannot yet be removed. Keep your fighting Daily alive! Give it the opportunity to grow stronger! Send all contributions at once to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York City.

TAMMANY GRAFT TRAIL CREEPS ON

While the creeping trail of graft exposures was slowly reaching up into the camp of the higher-ups in the Tammany Hall democratic machine a trail which, it is believed, would lead to Mayor Walker and Al Smith himself, if it were really followed out, a jury in Albany convicted Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp former republican Secretary of State, on a charge of grand larceny carrying with it a maximum penalty of ten years. None of those guilty, it is expected, will actually be punished for their crimes. Sentence of Mrs. Knapp who was convicted nominally for having diverted to her own use a check of $2,875.06, but who was shown actually to have stolen several hundred thousands, has already been postponed to the autumn.

Suspend Another.

Investigation of the $200,000,000 Tammany graft in the street cleaning department led to the suspension Saturday of James Minchin, Borough Superintendent of the Bronx who is the third ranking officer in the uniformed service. Minchin was suspended indefinitely by Alfred A. Taylor, head of the city department, after a conference between Taylor and

(Continued on Page Five)

MURDOCH, BEAL AND 3 OTHERS TAKEN TO JAIL

Strikers Are Closing Their Ranks

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., May 27.—The 27,000 textile mill workers out on strike in protest against a 10 per cent wage cut are redoubling their efforts as a result of the arrest here on Saturday of William T. Murdoch, secretary-organizer of the Textile Mill Committees, Fred Beal, and three other militant strikers.

The five who were arrested by the police were declared to have been involved in a "disturbance" at the Hathaway Mill some days ago. This act is seen by the strikers as a continuation of the series of attempts to railroad their leaders into prison, in an effort to break the backbone of the strike, which is now in its seventh week.

After more than six weeks of struggle, the spirit and morale of the striking workers is just as fresh as ever, the leaders report. Picketing goes on day after day. The arrest of Murdoch, Beal and the other three strikers has aroused the men to a more militant stand than ever.

The police, at the instigation of the mill owners, are hampering the defense in every way possible.

Eight Harvard students who came here to watch the strike and study conditions have been addressing strikers' meetings.

The Fighting Slogans of the Big Meet

ALONG the balcony of Central Opera House where the great National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party took place, the fighting slogans of the revolutionary workers of America were displayed:

"Use the campaign to spread Communism."

"A vote for the Workers (Communist) Party is a vote for the class struggle, the abolition of capitalism, the dictatorship of the proletariat and for a Soviet U. S. A."

"We greet the victory of the German Communist Party."

"The struggles of the Chinese workers and peasants is our struggle."

"The Negro workers and farmers are our own brothers in the struggle against capitalis toppression."

"The imperialists are preparing for a new world war."

• • •

"FIGHT against the Wall Street war in Nicaragua; support the struggle of the Nicaraguan people against Wall Street; demand the withdrawal of American forces from Nicaragua."

"The working class women and youth must be mobilized against capitalism."

"Victory in Germany—victory in france—victory in Poland. This is our year; vote Communist."

"Join and build the Workers (Communist) Party of America. Support the miners' struggle against the coal magnates; against Lewis—for a powerful union in the mining industry."

"We honor the memory of John Reed, C. E. Ruthenberg, William D. Haywood."

THE NOMINEES

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

BENJAMIN GITLOW

FOSTER, GITLOW LABOR FIGHTERS

Have Been in Forefront Of Many Struggles

Working class backgrounds and years of struggle in the battles of the workers characterize the lives of William Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow, who were yesterday chosen as candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party for president and vice-president in the fall election. A brief biography of each follows:

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER.

Born Taunton, Mass., Feb. 25, 1881. Father a cab washer. Went to work at age of 10 after attending school for three years. Worked as type founder, factory worker, steam fitter, railroad brakeman, railroad fireman, logger, street car motorman, longshoreman, farmer, sailor, railroad car inspector.

Joined socialist party in 1900; expelled 1909. Joined I. W. W. Delegate to Budapest meeting of Trade Union Secretariat, 1910. Took part in Syndicalist League of North America, 1911. Helped organize International Trade Union Educational League, 1916. Was secretary of committee which organized 200,000 packing house workers in 1917. Secretary of the committee which organized

(Continued on Page Two)

WORKERS PARTY NOMINEES WILL CARRY COMMUNIST PROGRAM TO ALL TOILERS IN AMERICAN FACTORIES AND ON THE FARMS

Platform to Mobilize Workers On All Immediate Issues For Class Struggle 296 Delegates Include 25 Representatives of Negro Toilers

Tumultuous Demonstration At Nomination of Working Class Leaders Lasts 45 Minutes; International Is Sung

On a platform that completely represents the interests of the American working class in every sphere of political and industrial action, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow will bear the standard of the Workers (Communist) Party in the coming election campaign. This was the decision of the National Nominating Convention of the Workers Party which concluded its three-day session at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and 3rd Ave., yesterday.

The convention which selected Foster and Gitlow to bear the standard of the Party was the most representative working class gathering ever held in the United States. Twenty-five Negro workers, ten farmers, young workers and women workers were among the 296 regular delegates from every section of the country and from virtually every industry who adopted the program, drawn up by the Central Executive Committee, and nominated the two militant working class leaders as the Party candidates for president and vice president.

150 Fraternal Delegates.

In addition to the regular delegates, more than 150 fraternal delegates, including representatives from Nicaragua, Chile, Mexico, Haiti and Canada, came to the convention to express their solidarity with the Party in its struggle against capitalism and its allies—the socialist party and the trade union bureaucracy.

A demonstration that lasted more than three quarters of an hour greeted the nomination of Foster and Gi low. Hundreds of delegates lifted th two working class leaders to thei shoulders and marched around the huge hall, singing the "International." Young pioneers, carrying banners and placards, and cheering the Party and its standard bearers, joined the pr cession.

A Revolutionary Program.

Foster and Gitlow were proposed as the Party candidates by Robert Minor, chairman of the nominating committee. The nominations were seconded by Richard B. Moore, one of the leaders of the American Negro Labor Congress; Ella Reeve Bloor, 67-year old labor veteran, and Lucy Parsons, widow of Albert Parsons, one of the victims of the Chicago Haymarket frame-up.

In accepting the nomination, Foster emphasized the fact that it was a clear-cut revolutionary working class program that the Party was putting forward, not merely candidates.

Platform Emphasized.

Accepting the nomination he declared: "I feel it the greatest honor to become of the standard bearers of the Workers (Communist) Party.

"I realize that it is the program of the Workers Party that is being put forward and not any individual. But if there is anything in my past experience in the class struggle that is of any value to the Party, I feel i my duty to offer that.

"This convention has shown that the Party has begun to obtain a grip in the working class of all sections. It is not enough, however, that our Party take the lead in the industrial struggle. It must advance in the political field as well."

A Complete Expression.

The platform which was adopted after careful deliberation, following the presentation of a report by the platform committee, headed by Jay Lovestone, is a complete expression of the demands of the American working class in every phase of industrial and political life. Speakers at the meeting stressed the fact that the struggles for immediate demands served to mobilize and organize the American working class for the struggle against capitalism and imperialism.

The Party Demands.

The program calls for the protection of the unemployed, the immediate abolition of all vagrancy laws, the control of the mine union by the rank and file, national mine agreements and the Jacksonville scale, the withdrawal of American marines from China, Nicaragua and Haiti, the cancellation of war debts, the immediate recognition of the Soviet Union, the abrogation of injunctions, the r lease of class war prisoners, politi action of the working class thru

(Continued on Page Two)

SEND COMMUNIST INT'L. GREETINGS

Nominating Convention Sends Cable

The National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party yesterday sent its revolutionary greetings to the Communist International, the leading organization of the working class of the world.

The full text of the cablegram, which will also reach the German, French and Polish Parties, recently emerged from their election struggles with conspicuous success, follows in full:

"The Nominating Convention is the true expression and genuine mirror of the exploited and oppressed masses of the United States. Nearly Four hundred and fifty regular fraternal delegates from 39 states and District of Columbia, coming from the factories, mines, mills and shops of the North, South, East and West, representing all sections of the working class delegations of striking miners and textile workers, of the struggling needle trade workers, representatives of the exploited farmers, 25 delegates of the oppressed Negro race, delegates from Nicaragua, Mexico, Can-

(Continued on Page Three)

Vaillant Couturier is Sentenced and Fined

PARIS, May 27. — The former French deputy Vaillant Couturier has been again sentenced to eight months in jail and a fine of 1000 francs. The sentence was based on a series of articles which appeared in the French Communist daily, L'Humanite. The articles urged the soldiers and sailors to fraternize with the Chinese revolutionists.

Australian Labor Party Will Bar Communists

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, (By Mail).—At the annual conference of the Labor Party held in Wellington during Easter week, a proposal to admit members of the Communist Party into membership in the labor Party was defeated.

Nine votes were cast for the admission of Communists to the Labor Party and 106 votes against it.

TO PLANT MORE COTTON.

It is planned to increase the cotton growing area in Azerbaijan to 248,000 acres. The local irrigation system and wells are being repaired, the American Russian Chamber of Commerce reports.

Patton, Old Railroad Man, Is a Delegate

"I'VE seen the rise and fall of the old Knights of Labor and the organization of the American Federation of Labor. I took part in the Granger movement and heard William Jennings Bryan's famous "cross of gold" speech! And I want to say that this convention of the Workers (Communist) Party is an event of the greatest significance for the American working class."

William Patton, of Iowa, speaking.

He is 70 years old, a stocky, fighting railroad man from the west. He traveled to New York to attend the convention in a ramshackle Ford, accompanied by four

(Continued on Page Two)

PEPPER GREETS BIG PARTY MEET

Hails Convention in Cablegram

The following cablegram has been received from John Pepper, member of the Executive Committee of the Communist International who is now in Moscow:

"As a soldier in the army of the Workers (Communist) Party I salute the big National Nominating Convention. The very fact that hundreds of delegates from almost all the states of the United States have come together to adopt the platform of the class struggle, to nominate the only genuine working class candidates for the presidency and vice-presidency, to declare war against capitalist exploitation and oppression, to organize the struggle against United States imperialism, is a major achievement of our Party.

"The election slogan of the republican party is "Prosperity." As a fact, this "prosperity" means unemployment, wage-cuts, open-shop drive, untold sufferings for the working class.

"The election platform of the democratic party is 'Honesty in Government.' Reality shows corruption, graft, lobbying in the camps of both capitalist parties.

"Farm Relief" is the slogan of republicans, democrats and progressives. In reality, 'farm relief' means growing mortgages, increased tenancy, merciless taxation, bankruptcy and ruin for the farmers.

"'Social and Political Equality' is the favorite phrase of all upholders of the constitution. Reality shows disfranchisement of the foreign-born workers, of the youth, of the Negroes. Democracy amounts, in fact, to the

(Continued on Page Four)

SHOTS FROM COMMUNIST CONVENTION

Delegates Testify to Development of U. S. Class Struggle

ERNEST SILVA, Fraternal delegate from the Chilean and Mexican Communist Party—"The workers and farmers of Chile not only suffer from the bloody Ibanez dictatorship but suffer from American imperialism which maintains that dictatorship."

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LUCY PARSONS, widow of one of the victims of the Haymarket executions:—"If, as Jim Cannon, said, jail is a certificate that qualifies you as a revolutionists, then I have many such certificates."

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B. H. LAUERDALE, delegate from Texas—"The farmer is just as militant and ready for revolution as the working class."

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ANITA C. WHITNEY, California militant jailed under the criminal syndicalist law—"The California delegation has come across the continent to give tangible proof that this convention has roots in working men and women not only in New York and in the east, but also in the states on the Pacific coast."

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LOVETT FORT-WHITEMAN, organizer of the American Negro Labor-Congress—"The Communist Party holds out the Negro's salva-

(Continued on Page Three)

Bulgarian Prisoners Left in Jail Peril

ATHENS, May 27.—To keep the political prisoners from breaking the jails during the recent earthquake in Bulgaria, armed soldiers were forced to encircle all prisons and keep the prisoners quiet at the end of a bayonet, reports from Sofia state. Prisoners and soldiers were left in constant peril as the surrounding walls crashed and whole villages took to the open fields for protection

EULALIE MENDES, GIRL TEXTILE STRIKER, COMES TO THE COMMUNIST PARTY CONVENTION

ALIE MENDES runs a speeder the City Mill at New Bedford, At least she did until six weeks ago, when nearly 30,000 textile workers walked out of the mills in reply to a ten per cent wage cut.

Eulalie was in New York Friday, Saturday and Sunday. She came to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party to tell of the fight in New Bedford.

Only 18 years old, Eulalie is vice-president of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, which is affiliated with the National Textile Mill Committee. She is also a member of the executive committee of the strike committee.

She looked a little frightened as she stood on the platform at Mecca Temple last Friday night. Four thousand New York workers who came to greet the opening of the first National Nominating Convention of the Workers Party listened intently to the dark-eyed young Portugese girl.

"The workers of New Bedford sent me here," she said, "to tell you of the big fight we are carrying on against the textile bosses. I understand Mr. Butler is going to run for senator in Massachusetts. But many of the workers think he is not a good candidate for them because he is friendly to all the bosses and himself owns several big mills.

"We all think a better candidate for us would be Albert Weisbord," she said as thunderous applause broke over the huge auditorium. "The Workers sent me here," she concluded, "because they are convinced that the Workers' Party is fighting for them."

Eulalie was eager, alert and enthusiastic during the Saturday session of the convention at Central Opera House. She was asked about conditions in the New Bedford mills before the strike.

"More than half of the workers in the mills are young girls and women," she said in response to a question.

"How much do they earn, Well, many get as little as $7.90 a week for a 44-hour wek. Thousands of men earn about $16 a week."

"What is the highest pay anybody gets?"

"Sixteen dollars."

"Many of them have five or six kids, don't they?" she was asked.

"Sure, some have nine, ten and many of them have twelve children."

Eulalie spoke of her chum Diana Susa, who is 22 years old. "She only makes $9.40 a week for 44 hours," Eulalie said.

"How much does she pay for board and room?"

"She has to pay $7 a week for food and $1 a week for a room."

"That doesn't leave her much for other things, does it?"

Eulalie explained that her friend washed her own clothes and made her own dresses.

"We are fighting for a 40-hour week," she explained, "a 20 per cent increase, no speed-up and the recognition of our union. We will fight until we win no matter how long it takes us."

Workers Party Convention Lauds Smashing of Donetz Basin Conspiracy

RECOGNITION OF U.S.S.R. DEMANDED AT MONSTER MEET

Resolution Adopted Unanimously

The following resolution condemning the imperialist sabotage plot in the Donetz Basin of Soviet Russia and demanding the recognition of the Soviet Union was unanimously adopted at the opening session of the Workers (Communist) Party Convention at Mecca Temple, 133 W. 55th St., Friday evening:

Resolution on the Shaktinsk Trial in Moscow.

Whereas, the Soviet Government has put on trial before the Court in Moscow a group of engineers and technical experts formerly occupying important positions in the socialized coal industry of the Donetz Basin; and

Whereas, it has been established by the investigation of the Soviet authorities that these technical experts have systematically sabotaged the development of the coal industry criminally have destroyed technical equipment of the mines, disorganized production thereby causing untold losses in damage to the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union and retarding the building of Socialism in the Workers Republic; and

Whereas, it has also been established that these technical experts have carried on their treacherous and counter-revolutionary activities on the industrial field at the direction and with the financial support of the former owners of the Donetz mines which are now part of the socialized industries of the Soviet Union owned by the workers and peasants; and

Whereas, it has also been established that several powerful capitalist groups in Germany, France, England and Poland were backing financially and directing the criminal sabotage of the technical experts now on trial and that the latter have been cooperating with secret service agents of several capitalist governments; and

Whereas, these facts clearly indicate the existence of an extended conspiracy of world capitalism in alliance with the Russian White Guard to disrupt the building of Socialism in the Soviet Union, to weaken it economically and politically in preparation for open imperialist war upon the Workers Republic; and

Whereas, the crime of these technical experts becomes even blacker in the face of the great consideration high salaries and other privileges accorded them by the Soviet Government and the toiling masses of the Soviet Union for the purpose of encouraging these experts to work freely and in an atmosphere of trust for the economic upbuilding of the country;

Therefore, we, the workers of New York and vicinity, assembled in Mecca Temple to greet the Workers (Communist) Party Nominating Convention, do hereby resolve:

1. That the safety, security, well being and success of socialist construction in the Soviet Union is the greatest concern of the workers of the entire world.

2. That we condemn this newest capitalist conspiracy against the Soviet Union, as inimical to the vital interests of the toilers throughout the world and that we express our deep- satisfaction with the success of [illegible] Soviet authorities in uncovering [illegible]s conspiracy and bringing the cul[illegible]its to trial before the toiling masses [illegible] the world.

2. That we call upon the court of the Soviet Union to mercilessly crush and stamp out this conspiracy, meting out adequate punishment to those proved guilty, and that we also call upon the working class of America and the entire world to redouble its vigilance and to intensify its preparations for the defense of the Soviet Union against the threatening war of the imperialist powers.

Further, that we demand of the United States government the immediate recognition of the Soviet Union.

SUSPEND HARVARD STUDENTS

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 27.—Five Harvard students, taken in a raid with five girls on the Harvard "Gold Coast" recently, have been suspended from the college for the remainder of the college year.

KILLED IN BOAT CRASH.

MADISON, Ind., May 27.—An assistant engineer was killed and two others were injured when the towboat Belfont rammed the steamer Cincinnati in the Ohio River near Car[illegible], Ky.

Quota Law To Separate Mother and Children

Another example of the great hardships suffered by the foreign-born workers in the United States as a result of capitalist laws aimed at them is the case of Mrs. Emma Gallanti (shown above with three of her children). Deportation orders will allow some of the children to remain here with their father, a worker in Hermine, Pa., while Mrs. Gallanti and the other children must return to Italy.

THERE'S NOTHING DOING FOR THE OLD MINERS

By ED FALKOWSKI, (Federated Press).

HAZLETON, Pa., May 27.—Economy is throwing the old men out of the anthracite mines. One colliery has established a record by laying off three in one day.

The cycle of the miner's life is from the breaker through the mine back to the breaker. Breaker work means picking the rock out of coal as it rushes down chutes from the rollers where it has been crushed to required sizes after being dumped from the mine cars. Minus the rock, it flows down to the carloading pocket. Usually this work is very light and is done by boys. Formerly miners started their careers at the age of 8 as breaker boys and frequently worked in breakers so far from home that they had to start walking before daylight, and returned home again in the dark.

Child labor laws and machinery have left the breakers largely as the final workhouses for old men too weak to perform heavier jobs. After a lifetime of exhausting work in the mines, the miner always made the last lap of his run at the slate pickers' table.

Laying off old men, even when they can do the work, is an economy measure on the company's part. They have often had to pay compensation for old men who died while at work.

Laying off old men amounts to killing them. Few miners live long after they have lost connection with the mine. They linger for a few years withering away, until one day they are found dead on the street or in a cellar or in bed.

CHICAGO WORKERS TO PICNIC MAY 30

Progressive Unionists Plan Annual Event

CHICAGO, May 27.—Chicago has often in its history been the center of militant trade unionism. It has been the scene of many hard fought strikes as well as the center where militants have often gathered to exchange their experiences of the past and make plans for greater activities for the future. On Wednesday, Decoration Day, militant workers from trade unions and from unorganized industries will again gather. This time not to consider the serious aspects of the movement but to meet their friends of old times and to enjoy themselves.

Chicago workers have shown that they understand the need of progressive methods and of militant action when the employers attack their organizations. That was proved in the great demonstration against the Landis award. That period saw the beginning of the Trade Union Educational League as a leading force within the progressive movement. It has been active since. It will surely face yet greater probiems and greater tasks in the future with a demand also for greater activity.

The gathering of militants on Decoration Day is under the auspices of the Chicago local of the Trade Union Educational League. It is the annual picnic and will be held at Viapi Grove at Park Ridge, Ill. It is needless to mention that there will be plenty of enjoyment for young and old, refreshments and good speakers. Two teams of young workers will compete for the baseball championship.

NEW LUMBER MILLS FOR USSR

Two new lumber mills are under construction near Kiev and will commence operations shortly, according to the American Russian Chamber of Commerce. The first lumber mill in Kazakstan is being constructed at Alma-Ata. The mill, equipped with three frames, will handle 1,000,000 cubic feet of material yearly.

PRISON LABOR SLAVERY.

WASHINGTON, May 27. — The shoe factory in Atlanta Penitentiary manufactures daily 235 pairs of shoes, and the prison textile mill produces an average of 21,853 yards of cloth daily, according to an announcement issued recently by the prison division, department of justice.

FOSTER, GITLOW LABOR FIGHTERS IN CLASS WAR

Standard Bearers for Workers Party

(Continued from page one)

250,000 steel workers in 1918. Conducted the strike of 400,000 steel workers following organization drive.

Went to Soviet Russia in 1921, attending congresses of Communist International and Red International of Labor Unions. Joined the Communist Party same year. Communist candidate for president of U. S. in the first national Communist campaign, 1924. Secretary-treasurer of the Trade Union Educational League. Member Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party; member Secretariat and Political Committee of the Party; for several years national chairman of the Party.

BENJAMIN GITLOW.

Born Elizabethport, N. J., Dec. 22, 1891. Father and mother both revolutionary socialists. Public school education. High school 3 years. Has worked in tin foil factory, clothing shops, millinery factories and department stores.

Joined socialist party, 1907. President of Retail Clerks' Union of New York, an organization of department store workers, 1913-14. Blacklisted by Department Store Retail Merchants' Association. Member of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America since 1918. Elected to New York legislature on socialist ticket. Elected as socialist assemblyman to the New York legislature on anti-war platform of 1917—the only one of the ten socialist assemblymen who remained consistently anti-war. Actively fought against the last imperialist war.

Jailed For Activity.

Manager of the New York Communist, Revolutionary Age, and Voice of Labor, 1918-19. Member of the national council of the left wing of the socialist party in 1918-19. Helped to organize the Communist Labor Party of America, 1919.

Convicted as a Communist under the New York criminal syndicalist law in 1919 and went to Sing Sing prison to serve a term of five years. While in jail was a candidate for mayor of New York in 1921 on the ticket of the Workers League and was ruled off the ballot by the Board of Elections. While still in prison became vice presidential candidate of the Workers Party in 1924. Pardoned by Gov. Smith in 1925.

Active in Strikes.

Member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers Party of America; member of its Political Committee and Secretariat. Member of the General Council of the Red International of Trade Unions. Has been active in numerous strikes and labor struggles all over the United States. Was delegate to plenary session of the Executive Committee of the Communist International in Moscow in 1927 and to the World Congress of the Red International of Trade Unions in 1928.

TEXTILE COMPANY UNION IS FAILING

Boss Organization to Fight Organized Labor, Is Itself Dying

By ART SHIELDS.
(Federated Press).

DANVILLE, Va., May 27.—This is the story of the decline of the company-union in the biggest cotton mill in the south—the Riverside and Dan River Mills of Danville. The Danville company-union is one of the few in the south, for textile heads in this region usually take the same attitude as the United States Steel Corp., that company unions are a waste of time.

The Danville experiment began 10 years ago as an offset to labor unions in the mill, and attracted much attention throughout the south. The big $15,000,000 company is a landmark of industrial development, and the city of Danville, with its population of 32,000, stands at the gateway of the southern division of the cotton manufacturing industry.

A plan of industrial democracy, the company union is called, and for short it is usually named "the industrial democracy."

A member of the house, a skilled worker, gave me the history of the plan. His statements were confirmed by a former member of that body.

"The people here believed the promises of the company when they introduced the plan. That's why they dropped their union," he said. "We had one to two thousand members of the American Federation of Labor. Then the boss men said they were putting in industrial democracy and there was no use in paying dues any more to the old union. They said the company would cooperate and improve conditions with the new plan. They distributed membership cards to sign, and a few of the boys who held out were told they'd be fired if they didn't sign.

"In three months unionism was dead except among the loom fixers. Some of the loom fixers thought there was no use for their union with industrial democracy, but the others said they'd better wait and see how the plan worked. Well, for a while it went pretty well. There were meetings of the congress every week and a lot of bills passed improving sanitary conditions in the mill. That was when the new ventilating system was put into the new concrete weave shed.

"But that didn't last. After a while meetings were held only twice a month, and now only once a month There were wage cuts in the mill. We found it was no use bringing in any bills about wages or hours. The 10-hour day stayed."

The company can veto any bill through the senate of overseers or the cabinet. This is the course the bill takes. It is introduced in the house of representatives, and the speaker refers it to a committee. Next month, if there are no obstructions, the bill goes to a vote on the floor If it passes, without further delay, it goes next month to the senate of overseers where the bill is again shuffled from floor to committee and back again. If it gets by this upper house of bosses the cabinet accepts or rejects. If the bill is accepted it returns to both house for final ratifications. Endless red tape. Only the house can introduce bills, but the senate of overseers can recommend and the bosses' recommendations are persuasive.

"No bills passed this session," said my informant, "though there were a few amendments." The session began in the summer of 1927. So it goes: the congress sits, and nothing is done, and the average employe hardly knows that industrial democracy exists, except when the shop is notified of election day.

Family Of Five Are Starving, Father Hunts Job

The picture shows the family of Max Greenhause, who has been vainly hunting a job for months together with thousands of other men and women throuot the United States. The family have been entirely dependant om neighbors for support.

TOOHEY ACCOUNTS FOR TWO CHICKEN DINNERS

More than 300 regular and fraternal delegates to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party here were guests Saturday night at the most mirth-provoking and spontaneous gathering ever held in the history of the Communist and left wing movement.

William W. Weinstone, organizer of the New York district of the Workers (Communist) Party turned the meeting over to Scott Nearing as permanent chairman. Nearing called first upon Pat Toohey for an accounting.

"This banquet is indeed unique," were the opening words of Toohey who is secretary of the National Miners' Save-the-Union Committee, "because this is the first banquet at which I have been able to swipe two orders of chicken."

Encouraged by Toohey's example others in the hall were seen to do likewise. Towards the end of the evening, while Richard B. Moore of the Negro Labor Congress was delivering his more than ordinarily eloquet harrangue on the north meeting the south, Scott Nearing was seen to have slipped down in his chair in the act of devouring, it is said, his third portion of chicken at the same time exchanging signals with Jay Lovestone, executive secretary of the Party, who was putting away his own fourth order.

Throughout the proceedings two dark horses for the presidential and vice-presidential offices on the Communist ticket were held in complete leash. On several occasions William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, the two suspected ones, made frantic attempts to speak, but were kept in check by Comrade Polbureau.

Chairman Nearing, who announced himself as a member of the Stump-speakers' Union, with credentials to use a bottle in one of three well-known methods on the author of any political speech, managed to have the rule fairly well observed with the exception of Rebecca Grecht, who recited the Imprecorr, only more so.

One of the outstanding events of the evening was the account by David A. Griffin, a Negro delegate from Seattle, of his trip deluxe over the country to New York. The account of how he "beat his way" will be written up by Bert Wolfe, in a sort of Communist poetic epic, it is believed, and should not be told here in too great detail.

Juliet Stuart Poyntz, head of women's work, engaged in a bit of repartee with Nearing, Weinstone, Minor and Lovestone as to whether women were oppressed, suppressed or repressed. None of her remarks, she insisted, were to be taken personally.

FOSTER, GITLOW ARE NOMINATED

A Militant Platform Is Adopted

(Continued from Page One)

organization of a genuine labor party, the eradication of race indiscrimination, the abolition of legislation against the foreign-born, the prohibition of night work by women, compulsory abolition of child labor, the municipal fixing of low rents and other advances for the workers.

Working Class Basis.

The thoro working class base of the convention was clearly in evidence thruout its sessions. Reports were delivered by mine delegations from Ohio, Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Illinois. Representatives from the New Bedford textile mills, headed by Eulalia Mendez, from the Bethlehem steel mills, from the Detroit automobile factories and from Akron rubber factories analyzed the problems of workers in the basic industries.

A good deal of the work of the convention was carried out by the following committees:

Press, Alexander Bittelman, chairman; Ways and Means, Alexander Trachtenburg, chairman; Resolutions, James Cannon, chairman; Campaign and Propaganda, Bertram D. Wolfe, chairman; Platform, Jay Lovestone, chairman, William W. Weinstone, secretary; Credentials, Jack Stachel. Rebecca Grecht was elected secretary of the convention with Tom Foley as an assistant.

UNEMPLOYED BILL TO BE ISSUE IN LABOR MOVEMENT

N. Y. Council Plans Big Drive

Further plans in the campaign for a national unemployment bill were yesterday announced by the New York Council of the Unemployed following the announcement Thursday of a drive which will be carried to the city, state and national governing bodies.

According to the plans announced, the Unemployment Insurance Bill, which provides for work or wages to all unemployed, will be presented for discussion and approval to the organized and unorganized workers of this section. Mass meetings will be called at which the measure will be adopted. A petition campaign is planned in which hundreds of thousands of signatures will be secured.

Systematic Drive.

The adoption of the bill by the workers will be followed by a systematic campaign to place city, state and national representatives on record in regard to the bill.

The bill itself made public Thursday is drawn up in five sections containing: Persons to be Covered, Those Eligible to Receive Benefits, Method of Creating the Fund, and Method of Administering the Act.

The main provisions are for a $10 a week payment to all unemployed workers from the day they become unemployed, and the payment of a bonus by the government immediately to those jobless workers who have been out of work for two months.

Two Part Fund.

The money for the payment of the insurance is to be derived from a fund created in part by the government and in part by industry. The share of the government is to be secured by an income, profits and corporation tax on earnings over $5,000.

RAILROAD MAN OF IOWA A DELEGATE

(Continued from page one)

other delegates — two from Kansas, one from Nebraska, and another from Iowa.

Patton, who was born in Missouri, went to work at the age of 16. He worked at all branches of railroading and when he was mustered out of service by the company was working as a waymaster.

"MOSTLY farming and railroading around my country," Patton told a DAILY WORKER reporter. "Tenant farmers? They are increasing by the hundreds every month. The bankers met in Des Moines a few days ago and served notice that they'd foreclose their mortgages as rapidly as sheriffs of the different counties could perform the service.

"You know they want to eliminate 40-80 acre farm. They can't make money fast enough out of that What they want is the 640-acre minimum. That's the only way they can make use of the tractor profitably."

A mass workers' and farmers' party is bound to develop, Patton said.

"And this convention," he said, "will assist it materially."

Texas Delegate Tells of Farms

"THE farmers in the south and west will follow the crimson banner of the Communist Party just as soon as they understand our program," said B. H. Lauderdale, deelgates from Texas, attending the nominating convention of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Lauderdale has been a farmer in his state for many years and is a member of the Farmer-Labor Union. A member of the Communist Party since 1919, Lauderdale was for many years a left winger in the old socialist party. For some time he was state secretary of the party in Texas.

"Tenant farmers in my state are progressively increasing," Lauderdale said, "and they can hope for little from the old capitalist parties."

Donetz Engineers Plead Guilty When Cross-Examined in Sabotage Case

ADMIT PLOTTING FOR OVERTHROW OF SOVIET UNION

Petrov Received 3,000 Rubles As Graft

MOSCOW, May 27.—At the Donetz trial, where engineers Petrov and Tchernoknishnikov were cross-examined, Petrov pleaded guilty and admitted that the sabotagers had aimed either at the overthrow of the Soviet government or to force the handing over of mines to foreign concessionaries.

Petrov also admits having received 3,000 rubles. Tchernoknishnikov, although chairman of a branch of the Engineers' Union, secretly worked against the Soviet government, damaging machines and turbines.

CABLE GREETINGS TO INTERNATIONAL

Nominating Convention Hails Victories

(*Continued from Page One*)

[illegible]ada, Haiti, the Philippines, Cuba, and the other colonies of American imperialism — have gathered in the monster National Convention to constitute a powerful fighting fist of all exploited and oppressed against United States imperialism.

Worthy of Confidence.

"The National Convention pledges itself to be worthy of the confidence of the Communist International, and solemnly promises to enter into the election struggle—which will be a struggle against all capitalist parties and against the corrupt bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor and the renegade Socialist Party—with the true platform of the class struggle, as a champion of the working class, working farmers, and oppressed Negro race and as an organizer of the struggle against United States imperialism.

"The National Nominating Convention sends through the Communist International its fraternal greetings to the German, French and Polish Communist workers, whose recent election victories are a source of inspiration for our own struggle against the most powerful imperialism in the world.

"We express our admiration towards the working class of Soviet Russia, which, under the leadership of the Communist Party, is building up the magnificent edifice of socialism, is establishing the 7-hour day, is making the first steps to organize collective agriculture, showed itself as the sole promoter of world peace in Geneva, and is defending the only Workers' Republic against the whole world of capitalism.

"Long live the solidarity of the international working class!

"Long live the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics!

"Long live the Communist International!

"Hail the American proletarian revolution!"

RED AID ISSUES WORLD APPEAL

Frame-Up of Hromada, Kun Protested

MOSCOW, May 27.—The Executive Committee of the International Red Aid has issued an appeal to the workers in all countries to protest against the brutal sentences given out at the Hromada trial, against the imminent extradition of Bela Kun and the prearranged murder of thirty-six Italian Communist Party leaders by the special tribunal in Rome.

100,000 Visit Machine Exhibition in Moscow

In an effort to interest the workers and peasants in manufacturing machinery, and in order to familiarize them with domestic and foreign-made machinery and appliances, the Soviet Union established an exhibit in Moscow. For the three months the exhibition is in existence over 100,000 have visited the display. Foriegn machinery from nearly every industrial country is represented. The bulk however, comes from Germany, Austria, France, England, America, Sweden and Denmark.

Suppress Esthonian Youth Organization

KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia, May 27.—The All-Esthonian Youth League of Reval, Dorpat and Narwage has been abolished by special order of the minister of the interior and their treasuries confiscated.

Wall Street Envoy

Alexander P. Moore is an old hand at helping to fasten the claws of Wall Street on foreign nations. Moore, a millionaire publisher and former ambassador to Spain, has been selected as the new Wall Street envoy to Peru, one of the Wall Street colonies. He is shown above with Juan Leguia, son of the puppet president of Peru.

Life Imprisonment For Japanese Communists

TOKIO, May 27.—The Japanese government has introduced a measure into parliament calling for life imprisonment of anyone demanding a change in the government. The resolution follows the establishment of special police divisions in certain Japanese cities in order to suppress the Communists and militant workers.

PROTEST ATTACK AGAINST CHINA

Mass Meeting Planned In California

LOS ANGELES, May 27.—Six mass meetings of anti-imperialist protest will be held on the Pacific Coast the coming week. San Francisco, Oakland, Los Angeles, San Diego, and Berkeley will hold the gatherings, beginning Monday. The purpose is to arouse Chinese and Japanese sentiment in America against Japanese intervention in China and to demand the immediate withdrawal of all U. S. Military and naval forces in Chinese territory.

The meetings, which will be held under the auspices of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, are being arranged by the Sun Yat Sen Society, the Chinese Students Alliance, and other organizations affiliated to the United States section of the league.

International Meetings.

Most participants and speakers will be Chinese, but on each occasion there will be one Japanese and one American speaker. American speakers will harass U. S. imperialism, demanding immediate withdrawal of the 3000 marines and 741 regulars now concentrated in the Tientsin area, while Japanese orators will belabor Tokio's covetous aggressiveness.

In announcing the meetings, Y. Y. Hsu, Columbia University student and former editor of Kuo Yat Pao, Kuomintang daily, published in San Francisco, said that a determined effort would be made to crystallize anti-intervention sentiment in America, and to get them to join with the Chinese in demanding the recall of the Japanese armies.

Hundreds Arrested.

"The Japanese nation is not by any means united in this imperialist policy," said Hsu. "The government has not got confidence or support of the Japanese workers. In order to avoid open protest at home against its Chinese policy it has been obliged to have recourse to the severest policies. Japanese trade unions and political parties have been suppressed. Offices have been raided, newspapers closed down, and several hundred persons have been arrested."

Soviet Union Completes New Telephone Lines

A new telephone line, Leningrad-Archangel through Vologda, has been tested and found quite satisfactory. Telephone communication will be opened shortly.

The Leningrad plant, Krasnaya Zarya, has completed the construction of an automatic telephone station the first in the U. S. S. R., for Rostov. The plant has under construction several other automatic stations for the various cities of the U. S. S. R., according to the American Russian Chamber of Commerce.

A new telephone line, Leningrad-Riga through Reval, has been opened Moscow will be included in this line.

Threaten Red Front Fighters in Austria

VIENNA, May 27.—The Austrian authorities have announced that the Communist organization of Red Front Fighters will be abolished here. The suppression of the Red Front Fighters is causing great resentment among the Viennese workers.

ROSIN PLANT FOR KIEV.

A large rosin-turpentine plant with a yearly ouput of 900 long tons will be commenced in Kiev this year.

AUSTRIAN METAL UNION OFFICIALS GIVE UP DEMANDS

Dismissed Workers Not Re-Instated

VIENNA, May 27.—The Austrian Metal Workers' Union today gave up all their strike demands. As a result, the Alpinemontan Company retains its right to employ workers without any previous mediation on the part of the union. It may therefore continue to employ fascists.

The radical workers who were dismissed at the beginning of the strike have not been reinstated. The bourgeois press, as a result of this abandoning of the strike, declares that the "traditional radicalism of the Austrian unions has become a myth."

TEACHERS STRIKE AGAINST NANKING

Demand Wages; Issue General Appeal

NANKING, (By Mail).—The public school teachers of Nanking have gone on strike against the Nanking government. They have issued an appeal which severely criticizes the policies of the Nanking regime.

After stating that the teachers have received no salaries, the appeal says: "Citizens! Nanking is owned by the citizens and not just by the government. You pay the taxes, therefore you must get your rights. You must struggle to get it. We are in public service, so you must protect us."

SNAPSHOTS FROM THE CONVENTION

Excerpts from Speeches at the Meeting

(*Continued from page one*)

tion. His status is that of a worker and he has much to contirbute to the revolutionary movement."

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JAY LOVESTONE, general secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party—"Our objective is to defeat American capitalism in the next war that it tries to enter. In the next war we will not be conscientious objectors. We will be conscientious fighters. We will turn the next imperialist war into a civil war for the overthrow of capitalism."

• • •

HERBERT ZAM, secretary of the Young Workers (Communist) League—"The youth is gaining a foothold in the armies of American imperialism. The fact that a number of marines joined the revolutionary forces of General Sandino in Nicaragua testifies to the effectiveness of the anti-imperialist propaganda which the Young Workers League has carried on."

• • •

JAMES P. CANNON, secretary of the International Labor Defense—"The election for us is not a contest in the sense of the mock struggle of the republicans and democrats. It is not a race for office. That is merely incidental. It is part of the class struggle."

• • •

SCOTT NEARING, candidate for governor of New Jersey—"We are holding a campaign at a time of great historic moment. We are living thru a decade of world-shaking revolutions and wars. We are living in an age of imperialism and witnessing the final stages of capitalism."

• • •

ROSE WORTIS, secretary, Joint Board, Cloak and Dress Makers—"Never in the history of our Party was there such an opportunity for political action. In the last two years New York has witnessed both the struggles of the fur workers and the cloak makers against the bosses and their allies, the labor bureaucrats and the socialist party. The workers have learned political lessons from these struggles."

• • •

H. M. WICKS, acting organizer, Detroit—"There are dozens of situations today that are imperialist powder magazines. Altho the United States speaks in favor of Japan at present, it is playing a cautious game and laying the base for a struggle against Japan. The conflict between American and British imperialism is raging in every part of the world."

• • •

I. AMTER, organizer, Cleveland district—"We must get into the election campaign not only for propaganda and the mobilization of the masses. We must also strive to get votes. Party candidates if elected to congress or state assemblies will do much to expose the nature of the capitalist system."

• • •

WILLIAM W. WEINSTONE, organizer, district two—"Our immediate demands are not the immediate demands of the socialist party. We do not put them forward as a substitute for revolution. They are not stepping stones to Socialism. We put forward our immediate demands as a means of mobilizing and organizing the workers of the United States for the struggle against capitalism."

Announcing the "Great" Publicity Race to the South Pole

Fat contracts with the capitalist newspapers and publishing firms, and boosting war preparations were not known to the old time arctic polar explorers who gave their lives in scientific polar exploration. Commander Richard Byrd (extreme left) with the aid of a corps of publicity agents, is preparing for a race to the South Pole with Capt. George Wilkins (extreme right). Wilkins and his pilot Eielson are shown in center, in front of their plane.

SURVEYS EXPOSE COMPANY UNION

Silk Hose Company Is Union Hater

In an effort to avoid unionization of its employes, the Real Silk Company, one of the most vicious anti-labor silk hosiery firms, instituted a system of company unionism combined with yellow dog contracts. A recent investigation made, laid bare the vicious exploitation of the young workers in the plant, most of whom are girls.

Two research bodies have just completed a study of Real Silk's policy of yellow dog contracts, anti-labor injunctions, company unionism and exploitation of women workers. The study also included a survey of the Hosiery Workers' Union. Their conclusion upholds contentions of the union, which has been forced to fight for its life in Indianapolis against individual contracts employes are forced to sign, binding them not to join the Federation.

Probers found the 9-hour day and 50-hour week in force at Real Silk. Because the firm sells directly to the consumer through 10,000 salesmen who ring doorbells from coast to coast, the work is highly seasonal. Christmas and Easter rushes mean girls must work as high as 62½ hours a week. 860 workers are employed at night.

Real Silk, the investigators discovered, has a thinly disguised company union known as Employes' Mutual Benefit Assn., specializing in paternalistic insurance benefit schemes. Employes told them that E. M. B. A. is all right for "small things," but what the boss says goes so far as complaints, wages and hours are concerned. The company union's duties and rights are conveniently vague. Wage rates are submitted to E. M. B. A. after workers have been informed that they are "free to quit." Of course E. M. B. A. ratifies the wage reduction.

The president of E. M. B. A., a worker, is too busy at his machine to take care of workers' complaints, so the assistant to the manager subs for him. The manager is the court of final appeal.

New England Politician Tells Mill Slaves to Grow Food in Back Yards

Wage-cutting textile bosses note with approval the clever solution for the high cost of living-low wage-problem discovered by Charles E. Adams of the Massachusetts commission on the necessaries of life. Adams, well paid politician, advises Haverill shoe and textile workers to grow their own food in their back yards. Unionists wondered why Adams stopped short there. Why not hand looms for workers to make their own clothing at home and a general return to feudalism?

BUREAUCRATS APE BOSSGOVERNMENT

Fake Labor Meet Starts May 30

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 27.—The American Federation of Labor will not be represented in any capacity at the 11th International Labor Conference, according to an announcement by William Green, president. The conference, which is a creation of the League of Nations begins to meet May 30 in Geneva.

This statement was officially issued, it is believed, because a few A. F. of L. chiefs want to go there as individuals. This is therefore counter to the official A. F. of L. attitude, which always conforms with the policy of the American ruling class.

However, since the representatives of the American plutocracy send "unofficial observers" to the League of Nations sessions, so the A. F. of L. does likewise. John H. Walker, president of the Illinois Federation of Labor recently left to fill that capacity.

Soviet Union Builds 17 New Creameries

A newly equipped mechanized creamery has commenced operations in the Vologda province. Its capacity is 6,200,000 pounds of milk yearly. In addition seven new creameries are being constructed in the province with a capacity of from 33,000,000 to 35,000,000 pounds of milk yearly.

In the Novosibirsk district the construction of seventeen new creameries has commenced. A number of them will be equipped with modern machinery, the American Russian Chamber of Commerce reports.

NEW SHOE MACHINERY PLANT

A shoe machinery plant is being equipped at Saratov and will commence operations in June, according to the American Russian Chamber of Commerce.

REFUGEES WILL FIGHT FOR KUN

Big Meeting is Held in Leningrad

LENINGRAD, (By Mail).—Representatives from twelve countries attended a meeting in Polish Club here May 5th to protest against the extradition of Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, who was arrested in Vienna. Chinese, Hungarian, Rumanian, Korean and other political refugees attended the meeting.

A sharply worded resolution protesting against the arrest of Bela Kun and demanding his release was adopted. The resolution said in part:

"The Hungarian and the international proletariat opposes the demand of the Hungarian murderers for the extradition of Bela Kun and demands his immediate release."

Numerous factory meetings have been held in Leningrad to demand the release of Bela Kun.

PLAN NEW FACTORIES.

The American Russian Chamber of Commerce reports that it is planned to construct twenty-six new plants in the northern Caucasus during the next five years. The list of proposed new factories includes a cellulose plant, a bottle plant at the mineral springs, a textile plant in Kabarda, margarin and soap factories and a macaroni factory. About $160,000,000 will be needed to carry out these projects.

MONEY SENT TO INDIA STRIKERS NEVER RECEIVED

Gift From Russian Oddly Lost

BOMBAY, May 27.—Leaders of the 50,000 textile strikers here are demanding to know what has become of the $5,000 check sent to the Indian strikers by the Russian Textile Workers' Union. The money was sent in April and has never been received by the textile workers.

In spite of the order of the British police prohibiting all picketing the thousands of strikers have organized a picket corps of over 1,000. The picketing is in the hands of a strike committee composed of Indians themselves.

Not only do the textile strikers have to face the terrorism of the the British police, but they are also called on to meet the treacherous conduct of their alleged "friends," lawyers, politicians and professional men are anxious to use the textile strike for their own personal ends.

The leaders of the strikers have approached the Indian railroad union leaders with a view to concerted action between the two great branches of Indian industry. Sympathy for the textile strikers is spreading among the railroad men, especially since the recent massacre of railroad shop workers by British troops at Howrah, and the government is considerably alarmed.

Thousands of scavengers who have been on an independent strike at Howrah have further intensified the strike feeling in this section.

Fascist Airship Lost; Plan Rescue Expedition

COPENHAGEN, May 27. — Oslo, Norway, reports that the airship Italia's expedition base ship, Citta di Milano, and also the Vadsoe radio station heard faint S. O. S. signals from the airship saying that it was in great danger, but gave no position. Other messages received said that the Italia was drifting along with the wind to save gasoline.

All things, at present, indicate that there will be another rescue hullaballoo, from which several new fascist heroes will emerge.

Vienna Police Attack Communist; Injure 4

BERLIN, May 27.—Police yesterday attacked a group of marching Communists here, fired into the group and riddled the neighboring houses with bullets. Two children, one woman, and one man were seriously injured.

FIND PREHISTORIC SKELETONS.

SANTANDER, Spain, May 27.—Workmen while excavating here found an enormous cave filled with skeletons of prehistoric men. Archeologists at Madrid were notified so scientific studies could be made.

[illegible] NUMBER of the
COMMUNIST

Contents:

A Programme of Action for America—*by John Pepper.*
The Labor Movement in America—*by Frederick Engels.*
The Mining Crisis Deepens—*by Wm. Z. Foster.*
The Economics of American Agriculture—*Richman.*
The Youth Movement and Six Years of the Young Workers League—*by Herbert Zam.*
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Ban Young Workers from Kenosha Strike Meetings, Correspondent Writes

MASS PICKETING DEMANDS BRING EXPULSION RULE

Call Out Unorganized, Communists Ask

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

KENOSHA, Wis. (By mail).—At a meeting of the 330 workers locked out of the Allen A Hosiery Mill here, Louis J. Budenz, a leader of the strikers, announced that "hereafter no one will be allowed to attend strike meetings with the exception of those on strike and their immediate relatives." A representative of the Young Workers League of America, who is also a correspondent for The DAILY WORKER, was asked to leave the hall.

Police Attend.

At a previous meeting the day before Budenz had declared that all strikers' meetings are open to representatives of the Kenosha News and the police, as well as to the sympathizers who care to attend. What made Budenz declare that all meetings are closed to strikers just one day after his former statement.

Since the beginning of the lock-out of the 330 workers, the leadership of the strikers represented by the pseudo-liberal Louis F. Budenz and the vice president of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, have refused to carry on any real militant tactics to win the strike.

The Young Workers League, local Kenosha, took the lead in pointing out to the strikers the necessity of calling out the hundreds of unskilled workers who are working for the Allen A. Co. The League has also demanded that mass picketing be conducted in order to keep out scabs. At present there are over 150 scabs working for the Allen A Co.

Makes Bluff.

Budenz objected to the leaflets issued by the Young Workers League in a conversation with a League representative. But he was forced to make a bluff of allowing the strikers to picket the Allen A mill as the strikers were growing impatient with his doing nothing to violate the injunction. He therefore allowed the strikers to picket for half an hour when the scabs were leaving the mill two or three times a week. In this way he intended to keep down the discontent that would have arisen among the strikers if picketing had not been allowed.

However, the Young Workers League continued to issue leaflets calling upon the strikers to organize daily mass picketing from early in the morning until night, and the importance of calling out the unorganized was stressed. Hundreds of copies of The DAILY WORKER were distributed to the strikers.

It was then that Budenz determined to keep out of the meetings the representatives of The DAILY WORKER and members of the Young Workers League, in spite of the fact that the League representative helped picket the plant whenever the strikers threw a picket line around the Allen A Co., while Budenz would ride away in his machine to the hotel Dayton.

—RIDER.

PEPPER STRESSES ELECTION FIGHT

Hails Convention in Cablegram

(Continued from page one)

ruthless dictatorship of big business. Racial oppression is a basic institution of American white civilization.

"The heroic struggle of the miners the splendid strike of the textile workers, the solid and firm front of the needle trade workers are proofs that the American working class is beginning to resist the offensive of the bosses. The Workers (Communist) Party of America plays today the role of the spokesman and organizer of all struggles of the American working class. All the forces of American capitalist society are united today against the working class. There is one big united front from Coolidge, Hoover and Al Smith to Green, Matthew Woll, Norman Thomas and Maurer for the defense of capitalism. The Workers (Communist) Party is the only genuine working class party, the only revolutionary force against imperialism against yellow socialism, against trade union capitalism.

Stronger Than Ever.

"The Workers (Communist) Party is today stronger than ever before in its history. It is the only hope of the American working class. A powerful election campaign will immensely strengthen the Party, if the Party understands how to mobilize the masses, how to appear as a true defender of the workers, working farmers and oppressed Negroes.

"Every Party member must understand the demand of the day: A fighting front toward the deadly enemy, toward capitalism, and absolute unity within the ranks of the Party.

(Signed) "JOHN PEPPER."

Seamen Are Left On Rammed Vessels

The picture shows passengers from the liner Mohawk being rescued by coast guardsmen, after the big ship had been rammed in a fog on New York Bay recently. The seamen, of course, remained on the rammed vessels to help unload stores in an effort to lighten the ships.

OFFICER KNOCKS DOWN CRIPPLE

Worker Dragged Off to Station House

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

A prime piece of police brutality was executed recently between 26th and 29th Streets where thousands of unemployed fur workers assembled in the vain hope of getting work.

Without warning the Tammany thugs violently shoved and drove the workers in all directions. The slightest protest was made an excuse for slugging and arrest.

Lately while standing with some other workers on the corner of 6th Avenue, I witnessed one of these acts of police brutality. Suddenly and without warning a pug-faced bull charged in upon a group of workers and threw a poor, deformed worker on his back. This worker cannot get around without the aid of a stick. With an effort he rose to his feet and defied the officer for his cruelty.

The agent then began to threaten the cripple and used his fists, finally pulling him off to the station. This brought forth a loud cry of protest from many of us, but other cops quickly came on the scene and began to punch and kick any worker who was near them. They finally got hold of a woman worker and dragged her off to the station house.

The agony of the crippled worker was so apparent that hundreds of workers gathered behind the bulls. The poor man declared that he was only too willing to go peacefully and that he was not afraid of the policeman or of his higher-ups. But the cop seemed to get brutal satisfaction from the way he handled his helpless victim. In this fashion we all proceeded to the police station in 30th St. There the victims were taken before the judge.

Several of us wanted to gain admission by putting ourselves under charges, but we were thrown out.

This in short is the meaning of civil liberty in the United States. This is indeed the land of the "free and the brave."

Only when the American workers learn to free themselves from their illusions about capitalist "democracy," and organize themselves as a power to fight as a class against the capitalist class which stands for brutality to and oppression of the toiling masses, will they have a real democracy under a workers' and farmers' government.

—N. K.

Worker Arrested at Open Air Meeting

Arrested while conducting an open air meeting Wednesday, Charles O'Brien, a member of the proletarian party, appeared yesterday morning before Judge Rudish in the Fifth Ave. Court, Brooklyn.

O'Brien said a member of his audience had started a fight with him while he was holding his meeting at 52nd St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn. A policeman was called, who arrested O'Brien on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Judge Rudish postponed O'Brien's case until next Tuesday. He is being defended by Carol Weiss King, representing the International Labor Defense, which also furnished $500 bail for him.

Two Killed When Train Hits Trailer of Truck

GARY, Ind., May 27.—The engineer and fireman of a Monon Railroad train were killed when an Indianapolis train, Chicago bound, struck the trailer of a motor truck at St. John's, fifteen miles from here, and overturned. None of the passengers was injured.

Sec'y. of (Scab) Labor

HAVERHILL, Mass., May 27 (FP).—Secretary of Labor Davis was served by scab waiters at a chamber of commerce banquet. When the Haverhill chamber refused to pay the union scale, waiters struck and called on Davis not to attend the meeting. Davis ignored the union men.

Calls Daily Worker Real Eye-Opener

(By a Worker Correspondent)

DULUTH, Minn., (By Mail).—I am reading The DAILY WORKER whenever I get a chance to buy one on a stand and I like it very much. It sure is an eye-opener. If the majority of the working class read your paper and took your advice, this world would be a better place to live in.

Your paper teaches the working class to believe in its own power, to do away with militarism, unemployment, and instead to have better working conditions, old-age pension laws, and many other good things.

—S. K.

FINNISH WHITE TERROR SCORED

Convention Urges Aid For Victims

(Continued from page one)

social-democrats, pretending to represent the workers, stepped into power and gave Finland a fascist government. When the enraged workers attempted to throw off the corrupt socialist bureaucracy in control of some of the trade unions, the government steps in on behalf of the socialists, jailing, persecuting the militants. And when the Communists and left wing workers get control of the unions, the fascist government suppresses the unions or initiates fresh persecutions and puts back the social-democratic treacherous leaders by use of police force and fascist terror.

"Now a new wave of suppression of the working class press and organizations has been initiated, making it extremely difficult for the Finnish working class to organize a determined fight against the preparations for an attack on the Soviet Union now being organized in Finland under the leadership of British military officers, and making it also extremely difficult to defend the interests of the workers and exploited peasants against the brutal attack of the master class and the government. The Okhrana, or secret police of Finland, tortures scores of Communists and militant workers and peasants in their dungeons, denying the right of legal defense or of any communication with the outside world whatsoever. Even medical assistance is denied them.

Socialist Treachery.

"Whereas, the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, assembled in New York on May 25, 26 and 27 for the purpose of planning the presidential campaign of the Party, has been given a report on the brutal White Terror conditions enumerated above; and

"Whereas, we learn that Mr. Hupli former social-democratic member of the Finnish cabinet, who last year in the name of the social-democratic party of Finland, persecuted the working class of Finland, as official butcher for the fascists, is now in America with the head of the Bank of Finland, Ryti, to secure direct financial assistance from the Wall Street bankers to support the crumbling rule of the Finnish fascist government and to secure financial assistance in preparing their war on the Soviet Union;

"Therefore, be it resolved, that this National Convention (1) declares its solidarity and support to the tortured struggling and heroic Finnish working class; (2) demands the immediate and unconditional release of all workers and peasants in the jails of fascist Finland; (3) demands the immediate granting of full and free right to organize for the Finnish working class, and (4) calls upon the workers and the working class press of the United States to protest the presence in America of the agents, socialist and fascist, of the bloody Finnish government, and to support their brothers, the Finnish workers and peasants, in their struggles.

"Down with the fascist government of Finland!

"Down with the social-democratic butchers!

"Long live the Finnish Communist Party!"

"SOCIALISTS'" RECEPTION IS COLD AFFAIR

Los Angeles Workers Want Class Struggle

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail).—A jackass as candidate for the presidency was advocated last night at the open forum, 730 South Grand Ave., by a man who acted as a representative of the Church of Rome as well as in behalf of the Berger-Hillquit-Thomas combination of the "socialist" party. The incident caused a lot of laughter and clapping of hands at the expense of the "new socialism" of the S. P.

Socialist Platform Suits Republicans.

Lew Head, "canned" as editor of a Pasadena capitalist paper, spoke on the subject, "The socialist party platform." He dealt with a few of the main planks, such as public ownership, unemployment insurance and civil liberties, etc., and his defense of the instrument ran along the same lines as reformers' speeches generally do. "This platform is a practical one," he declared. "LaFollette sympathizers and any liberal republican can vote for it," he continued. "Then it must be reactionary," a voice said. "Instead of going forward, the late Robert M. LaFollette advocated a move backwards to 1776."

Announcement of the meeting read in part, as follows: "The National Convention of the socialist party just held in New York City adopted what many believe is the finest platform in its history." Yes, "the finest"—because the class struggle has disappeared from it, others suggest.

Few S. P. Sympathizers Present.

"How many 'socialists' are here?" Mr. Head wanted to know, as he began speaking. Something like 30 "yellow" hands went up, or a little less than four per cent of the estimated total of 800 hands (400 persons) present. "Good!" he shouted. "I am glad to have some sympathizers!" he continued. Then he proceeded to tell a story about an Irishman who also was out looking for sympathizers. The man was advised to go to Boston, Mass., "where nearly all the Irish are on the police force." Well, the police strike in that city made Boston famous, for a while, and put Coolidge into the White House. But the fame changed into infamy, however—through the Sacco-Vanzetti case. What Head really meant by his sympathy tale isn't clear. But, anyhow, "socialists" in the trade unions have found numerous policemen sympathetic enough to help them beat up left wingers in the labor movement.

Silent on Class Struggle.

During the question period, workers wanted to know the stand of the "socialist" party on the class struggle class collaboration, recognition of the Soviet Union, whether the S. P. believed it could get rid of slavery by putting a piece of paper into a ballot box, etc. As announced at the beginning, the speaker refused to answer "critical questions." He admitted however, that he **did not see anything about the class struggle in the S. P. platform.**

Jackass Advocates.

"Why not leave all social ills to the Catholic Church?" a man, who claimed to be a non-proletarian socialist, asked. Laughter all over the house. "Well, this is no joke, I really mean it!" he declared. Storming applause and laughter. This man later spoke in behalf of the "socialist" party. He didn't say anything in favor of it, however, and ended his three minutes speech by saying that he was in favor of a jackass as candidate for president, as pointed out at the beginning of this article. He would vote for such a creature, he said. Prolonged applause. As the names of the S. P. candidates for president and vice-president were not mentioned at all at the meeting, it isn't clear, with what part of the animal kingdom Thomas and Maurer are classed by the "socialists" of Los Angeles.

The chairman, Dr. Clinton J. Taft wanted to hear from "socialists." But with the exception of the one who acted as the representative of the pope, all kept silent—even the S. P. secretary, Anderson, who was seen in the audience.

Workers Answer S. P. "Keynoter."

Frank Spector, secretary of the local I. L. D., characterized the S. P. as the "fink left wing of the capitalist parties." The platform doesn't mention class-war prisoners such as Mooney and Billings, he said. It has a lot of space, however, for throwing "slurs on Soviet Russia," he declared.

Rose Rubin, representing the Workers (Communist) Party, was held back for some time by Chairman Taft who wasn't any too anxious to hear her, it seemed. The S. P. has given up the class struggle; the miners' strike not mentioned, and nothing said about the organization of the unorganized, she said. The policies of the "socialists," republicans and the democrats are almost the same, she continued. Head said, as pointed out above, that "any liberal republican can vote for the socialist platform."

Queen Silver, atheist lecturer and writer, also spoke. She was raised in the class struggle, she said. But the S. P., being capitalistic like the republican and democratic parties, has separated itself from the masses now she pointed out. Capitalists like unemployment. Therefore no unemployment insurance can be hoped for, she declared.

—L. P. RINDAL.

—DRAMA—

"The End of St. Petersburg" Opens Tonight at Hammerstein

THE New Sovkino film to reach America, "The End of St. Petersburg," latest of the motion pictures made by the Russian Soviet government, will have its premiere tonight at Hammerstein's Theatre.

'Alexis Davor

Arthur Hammerstein, owner of the American rights, to the film, will present it. The showing will be featured by a score composed by Herbert Stothart. A symphony orchestra, under the composer's direction, will play the music.

"The End of St. Petersburg" was directed by W. J. Padowkin. Natan Zarchi is the scenarist. The art director is Serjeij Koslowski.

Prominent in the cast are Paul Petroff, Katrina Kaja, Alexis Davor, Naton Golow, W. Obolensky, and Serge Alexandrowsky. None of these persons ever appeared before a camera prior to their participation in the making of the film. Director Padowkin, who with S. N. Eisenstein, is recognized as the foremost among Russian film directors, refused to engage a professional actor for the film. Upon a director, he contends, rests the weight of the enterprise. His patience having been taxed, he explains, by the desire of professional actors to depart from realism in his film, "Mother," and so he dispensed with them in "The End of St. Petersburg," his newest film. The cast was recruited from the fields, the factories, the offices, the police and the army. The film will be shown twice daily at Hammerstein's Theatre.

IN "PORGY"

Rose McGlendon, who does splendid work in the Negro folk play, "Porgy," which is returning to Broadway, opening at the Republic Theatre this evening.

Vaudeville Theatres

PALACE

Will Mahoney; Fowler and Tamara and their Guatemala Marimba Orchestra; Miss Juliet; Nelson B. Clifford and Marie Marion; Doc Baker; William and Joe Mandel; Bernice Claire and Clarence Downey; Six Daunton Shaws.

HIPPODROME

Ned Wayburn's Buds of 1928 with Peter S. Larkin, Floyd Carder, Helene Shapiro and Patricia Patti; Frank and Milt Britton's Brown Derby Band, featuring Ray Loomis; Eddie Cole and George Snyder; Espe and Dutton. The feature photoplay will be "Crooks Can't Win," starring Ralph Lewis.

BROADWAY

Joe Wilton and Rex Weber; Abbott and Bisland; Bert Spence and Edith True; the Misses Halstead and Daniel; Johnny Harmon. "Hangman's House" will be shown on the screen with Victor McLaglen starred.

STAGE UNIONS TO MEET.

Stage employes' unions are electing delegates to the Detroit convention June 4.

SAN FRANCISCO AIDS NICARAGUA ARMY OF DEFENSE

Workers Party Raises Funds At Dance

SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—In line with the call for medical aid to Nicaragua, a Sandino Red Cross Dance was held in San Francisco under the auspices of Street Nucleus No. 4 of the Workers (Communist) Party. Many Latin-American sympathizers with Sandino were present.

A check for $2[illegible] was sent to the secretary of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League in answer to its call for medical supplies to the Sandino forces. All militant organizations are enlisting in supporting the Nicaraguan liberation army in its fight against invasion by American imperialism.

Tailors Still Fight Milwaukee Lockout

MILWAUKEE, May 27 (FP).—The tieup of the Adler clothing shops, the biggest in Milwaukee, is complete since the firm locked out its union workers a month ago. Offered yellow dog contracts the 800 members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers tore them up. Strikebreakers under police protection are failing to produce suits and are brought in and out of the shops as a blind to deceive the unionists, according to manager Piepenhagen of the Amalgamated joint board.

Skilled Craftsman Can't Get Job; Kills Himself

ST. LOUIS, May 27 (FP).—Wm. B. Vordenfeld was a skilled cabinetmaker but unemployment in St. Louis is no respecter of persons. His family was in need. Despondent over the futile job hunt he left a note. "You'll find my body in the shed. I give up the struggle," and hanged himself.

Worker Killed in Fall

Harold Devlin, 35, of 715 Knickerbocker Ave., Brooklyn, fell yesterday from scaffolding on which he was working as a sandblaster cleaning the store of Stern Brothers, 41 West 42nd St., and was killed.

UNITY CAMP
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Excellently arranged for the opening, Wednesday

CHILDREN'S COLONY
in Unity Camp
For workers' children from 5 to 9 years.

2 Busses leave Tuesday, 6:30 P. M. from Co-operative House.

Registration Now Open.

DIRECTIONS: Busses leave Friday—6:30 P. M. Saturday—1:30 P. M. from 110th Street and 7th Avenue direct to the camp.
By train from Grand Central Station or from 125th St. to Wingdale and from there take our automobile to the camp.

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Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30

Eugene O'Neill's
Marco Millions
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
Week of June 4: "Volpone"

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By DuBose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St. Mats. WED. & SAT.

BOOTH Thea., W. 45 St. Eves. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE GRAND ST. FOLLIES OF 1928

Winter Garden Eves. 8:30 Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES

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GOOD NEWS
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ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN presents
THE RUSSIAN FILM CLASSIC
"The End of St. Petersburg"
Music by Herbert Stothart—Russian Choir—Symphony Orchestra
Nights 8:40: 50c to $1.50. Mats. Daily 2:40: 50c to $1. [illegible] Tax

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WAGES IN SHOE INDUSTRY ARE AT LOWEST EBB

More Out of Work Now Than Ever Before

BOSTON, May 27.—The shoe workers in New England at the present time are going thru a most terrific period of unemployment. Even the small town shops which left the big centers in order to reduce wages are working on part time. It may be pointed out that wages in these small town shops are anywhere from forty to seventy per cent of the Lynn scale. W. H. Creighton, the largest shoe company in Lynn, has gone out of business. This means that thirty-five hundred shoe workers are now thrown out on the streets. This seems to be the general situation in the New England shoe industry, concern after concern, either quitting or moving to the small towns or St. Louis.

Betrayed by Leaders.

Meanwhile the manufacturers are intending to put over another ten per cent cut and as usual we see the Boot and Shoe leading the way. According to today's "Boston Herald" the local in Haverhill agreed to take a ten per cent cut in order to keep the manufacturers from moving out of town. This is treachery of the rankest kind for the following reasons.

First; the Haverhill scale is already ten per cent below the Lynn scale, thus the demand of the Lynn manufacturers for a cut is strengthened and the demand of the other centers for an increase is weakened.

Second; the members of the dominating union in Haverhill, the Shoe Workers' Protective Union, defeated the attempt of their officials and the manufacturers to put over a similar cut last fall by a spontaneous strike.

Third; it is a well-known fact that the only reason the concerns staying in Lynn and Haverhill remain there is that they produce a fairly high grade of shoe, and therefore cannot take any chances with the far less skilled help which they would find in the small towns and the middle west. We can then see that the move of the Boot and Shoe local in Haverhill is nothing more than an attempt of the officials to get the manufacturers to force the workers to join this ultra-corrupt organization which organizes by offering to get the workers to accept a cut in their already far too inadequate wages.

But for once these harpies have reckoned without their host. The workers have decided that it is now time to build a Shoe Workers' Union that will aim at one hundred per cent organization, that will determine its policy on the basis of bringing the scale of all the markets to the level of the highest market and thus do away once and for all with the curse of the shoe workers, namely, that of one market scabbing upon the other.

—A LASTER.

THERE ARE MANY LESSONS IN THIS

A Strike Would Have Brought Action

WASHINGTON, May 27 (FP).—By a vote of 70 to 9 the senate passed and thereby enacted into law—the bill granting an additional 10 per cent in pay to post office clerks working at night. The house had already passed this measure by a margin of 319 to 42 after it had been vetoed by President Coolidge.

This measure, designed to reduce night work in post offices and thereby remove a serious menace to the health of postal workers, was vetoed on the ground that it was expensive. The postal workers' organizations made a concerted effort to convince congress that the cost was slight.

As in the case of the bill granting special allowance to fourth-class postmasters for heat and light—which was likewise enacted despite a Coolidge veto—the majority of members in the house and senate had in mind the political advantage of having post office workers and rural postmasters in a friendly attitude.

Civil Liberties Union Quizzes College Heads

In an effort to discover what censorship is exercised by college authorities on students' meetings and publications, the American Civil Liberties Union has sent out questionnaires to several hundred college presidents, student papers and liberal organizations all over the country. The union is seeking to get the facts of the situation during the current college year in order to be prepared for an active campaign next fall in institutions where students are restricted in hearing speakers on public questions.

Iron Workers Strike

BOSTON, May 27 (FP).—Sky-reaching building skeletons have suddenly stopped growing. Rivet hammers have halted their ear-splitting rat-a-tat-tat. Union iron workers are on strike for $1.50 an hour, a two bit increase.

Blast in Fireworks Plant Threatens Lives of Workers and Families

A blast which destroyed a fireworks plant near Palisades Park, N. J., threatened the lives of many workers and workingclass families nearby. Graft permits the location of firework plants in Jersey near the homes of workers, altho the law forbids this.

CALIFORNIA FOR MINERS' RELIEF

House-to-House Canvas On June 10

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SAN FRANCISCO, May 27.—The San Francisco branch of the National Miners' Relief Committee decided at its last conference to have a house-to-house collection for the striking coal miners on Sunday, June 10th, it was announced here today by Anna Cornblath, secretary. An appeal to all workers of San Francisco to help in this work has been made, urging upon them the great importance of miners' relief.

Those who want to help have been asked to call the secretary at Hemlock 5983 or Market 1746 or call at 1212 Market St., Room 302.

TAMMANY GRAFT TRAIL LEADS ON

Mrs. Knapp Guilty of Grand Larceny

(Continued from page one)

members of District Attorney McGeehan's staff, attended by the district attorney and two assistants.

William J. Lougheed, former foreman of the Street Cleaning Department garage at Cromwell Avenue, the Bronx, out of whose charges the present investigations have resulted, and his assistant, Benjamin Stoeber, Friday pleaded guilty to graft in the Bronx County Court in a confession to McGeehan.

Both Lougheed and Stoeber are expected to testify today at the trial of Charles A. McGee, assistant general superintendent, the second highest officer in the department and district superintendent William J. Oswald, Lougheed's immediate superior, when the latter two are arraigned on a charge of grand larcency and forgery before Judge Cohn today.

* * *

Mrs. Knapp Guilty.

ALBANY, May 27.—Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp, former secretary of state on the republican ticket was convicted on charges of first degree grand larceny in connection with the theft of funds and padding of payrolls in the census bureau over which she had charge. While the specific charge and conviction was that of having diverted to her own use $2,875.06, it has been disclosed that hundreds of thousands of dollars have been stolen in this way. Judge Stephen H. Callaghan indicated that sentence would not be passed until autumn. The maximum penalty is ten years in prison, but it is believed that Mrs. Knapp will be able to use political influence to keep her out of jail.

BAKERS UNION WINS STRIKE

Local 1 Forces Silvers to Settle

The six weeks' strike of the Amalgamated Food Workers, Bakers' Local 1, against the Silvers' Cafeterias ended yesterday with a victory for the union and the granting by the company of the demands of the bakers.

In surrendering to the union which has been fighting a militant battle, the company agrees to employ only union help and to meet other union standards. The strike was called six weeks ago when the restaurants shut out members and attempted to operate open shop.

Union officers yesterday attributed considerable credit for the victory besides the fighting spirit of the bakers themselves, to the cloakmakers, furriers, printers and other workers of the sections in which the struck restaurants are located for their solidarity in supporting the strike, by withholding patronage from those places.

INTERESTING CHANGES IN JUNE NEW MASSES

A new New Masses has appeared to wage its lone cultural fight against the bourgeoisie. The June issue, which has just come out, is the first since the April number.

The month of April produced a crop of rumors to the effect that the New Masses had gone under. These rumors are best contradicted by the June number which shows that the New Masses is more alive than ever.

But it is not the same New Masses. Many changes have occurred. Egmont Arens has resigned as editor and Michael Gold, one of the most popular working class writers in this country, is now at the helm. The magazine is different in appearance and make-up—a change towards greater vividness.

There is also a change in the editorial policy. A statement of policy issued by Gold declares:

"The magazine is to be more proletarian. We are going to dig up new worker-writers—also get unedited accounts of work by workers—a kind of sublimated workers' correspondence.

"The magazine is to print almost no political articles. It will be, of course, definitely workingclass and revolutionary in its political loyalty, but will not attempt to discuss tactics, etc.

"The New Masses can live only as the organ of the human and artistic revolt of the workers."

In support of this policy the current New Masses contains an entire page of poems by Martin Russak, a Paterson silk weaver, which has never been published before, poetry by two other young writers, Edwin Rolfe and Herman Spector, a contribution from an inmate of a poorhouse and interesting letters from workers. Other contributors are John Dos Passos, Ezra Pound, Michael Gold, Dudley Nichols and Kenneth Fearings. The cover design is by Hugo Gellert.

And most important of all: the new New Masses is 15 cents instead of 25—a great difference to the workers for whom it is intended.

Workers Theatre To Meet During Summer

During the summer the Workers Theatre will meet every Monday at 8:30 p. m., at 28 E. 14th St., top floor front.

The summer work includes a chorus for the singing of American worker songs, to be directed by Charles Burroughs, and a workers' ballet, interpretive of the life of the worker in this machine age. Both groups meet the same night.

All who are interested are welcome. The work begins this Monday, May 28, at 8:30 p. m.

Metal Union Heads Agree to Wage Cut

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, May 27.—After winning $1.12½ per hour pay by a two week strike in 1927, to have remained in effect till July, 1929, the leaders of the Sheet Metal Workers' Union here recently accepted the proposal of the employers that wages be reduced to $1 per hour. This wage was being paid the workers before the successful strike. The union belongs to the American Federation of Labor.

CAPITAL UTILITY MERGER SHELVED

McAdoo Lobbied For Anti-Union Measure

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Senators Copeland of New York and King of Utah, democrats, voted in vain in the senate district committee to report out the $50,000,000 merger scheme whereby Harley P. Wilson of the North American Company, utilities magnate, would get a monopoly of street railways, buses and electric power supply in the national capital. William G. McAdoo was lobbyist for the merger. Four opponents killed action on the scheme for at least a year. In the capitalization is about $25,000,000 of water, and with it goes a determination by Wilson to wipe out the local branch of the Amalgamated Street and Electric Railway Employes' Union.

Organized labor demanded, and was refused, a code of labor relations to be written into the merger bill.

MORE OFFICIALS ARE IMPLICATED IN STREET GRAFT

Higher-Ups Pull Wires to Escape

Four petty employes yesterday were confronted by the possibility of imprisonment on charges of payroll padding and forgery in the New York department of street cleaning, while executives who profited to excess sit back pulling political wires to keep themselves out of prison. Evidence presented to a jury by District Attorney McGeehan is expected to show that financial manipulations by department officials netted graft totalling between $5,000,000 and $7,000,000 annually.

It was learned this morning that two more employes of the Bronx street cleaning department have been arrested on forgery charges and two others were indefinitely suspended.

The four who are on trial are William J. Lougheed, garage foreman, whose confession was the basis of the present war on grafting city employes; Benjamin Stoeber, his assistant; Charles A. McGee, assistant general superintendent; and William J. Oswald, district superintendent.

The latest arrests for forgery were those of Max Schmillowitz, 1466 Grand Concourse, foreman of the branch at 1450 Brook Ave., an employe of the department for 31 years.

Cleveland Women Meet For Miners' Relief

CLEVELAND, May 27.—Ten delegates representing as many women's organizations were present at a conference for miners' relief called by the Women Workers' Progressive League of Cleveland.

The conference decided on a house-to-house canvass, a lawn festival and a picnic as means of raising funds in the very near future.

A committee was formed for the purpose of visiting women's organizations not represented at the conference for the purpose of getting them to affiliate with the conference.

The Women's Conference for Miners' Relief is a permanent organization for the duration of the strike and declares its solidarity with the strikers and their families. The following executive committee was formed: Sadie Van Veen, chairman; Esther Schweitzer, secretary; Anna Johnson, Anna Pitt and Della Nostic.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Chicago Attention!

The Chicago North Side Committee for Striking Miners' Relief has arranged a concert and dance with the co-operation of several labor organizations for June 2, 8 P. M. at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St.

* * *

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

* * *

Chicago Russian Workers.

CHICAGO.—The White Russian Society will hold a meeting May 31 in the Shoenhofer Hall, Milwaukee and Ashland Aves., at 8 P. M.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

District 15—Y. W. L. Anniversary.

The sixth anniversary of the existence of the Young Workers' Communist League will be celebrated in District 15 in the following halls and on the following dates:

Hartford—2003 Main St., June 2.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

* * *

Cleveland House-Warming.

CLEVELAND.—The Cleveland local of the Workers (Communist) Party will celebrate the opening of their new headquarters at 2046 E. 4th St., with an entertainment and general get-together on Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m.

Chicago Labor Picnic.

CHICAGO — The Chicago section, Trade Union Educational League, will hold a picnic May 30 at Viali's Grove.

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Baltimore, Md., June 1; Washington, D. C., June 2; Richmond, Va., June 3; Norfolk, Va., June 4; Wilmington, Del., June 5; Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Wednesday, May 30, Springfield, Mass., Liberty Hall, 592 Dwight St.

Thursday, May 31, Providence, R. I., A. C. A. Hall, 1758 Westminster St.

Friday, June 1, Boston, Paine Mem.

Saturday, June 2, Peabody, Mass., Finnish Hall, 67 Freemont St.

Sunday, June 3, Allston (Boston), Mass., 521 Cambridge St.

Monday, June 4, Haverhill, Mass.

Tuesday, June 5, Stamford, Conn.

Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.

Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.

Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.

Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.

Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.

Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.

Sunday, June 17, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

Haywood Mass Meet Arranged in Pittsburgh

PITTSBURGH, May 27—The Pittsburgh section of the Workers (Communist) Party has arranged a William D. Haywood memorial meeting to be held June 2, at 8 p. m. at the International Socialist Lyceum, 805 James St. The speakers will be A. Jakira and William J. White. In addition to this there will be a musical program.

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by TOM MANN
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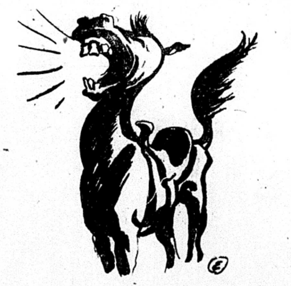

Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new
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Admission 50 Cents at the Gate.
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Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

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Foster and Gitlow Carry the Red Flag to the American Masses

The end of the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party marks the opening of an election campaign such as the United States has never before known.

Foster and Gitlow, who are the carriers of the red banner of the Communist Party in this campaign, were our candidates also in 1924, and these are the same two-fisted fighting men of our class as they then were. But otherwise there is a vast difference.

The Communist Party is something more than it was in 1924. In a Communist campaign, the men and women who best embody the aims and policies and leadership of the Party are made chosen as candidates, but in reality it is not individuals but the Party itself which is the candidate. And the Communist Party of America has passed through a tremendous process of development in the past four years.

The Communist Party of America has during the past four years gone through the test of fire, the test of actual leadership of masses of workers in struggles against the capitalists. In every important strike that has occurred in the United States for four years, the Workers (Communist) Party has played a leading role. In every case the red line of Communist workers has been the line of fiercest attack and hardest resistance on the picket line. So it was in the Passaic strike, which was a lightning-flash over the world of American labor marking the storm which now is raging in several fields of struggle. The intense struggle in the needle trades of New York, Chicago and other big cities was again one in which the Workers (Communist) Party inevitably became the backbone of the workers' forces.

In the great miners' strike now in progress, the forces of reaction, the open-shop bosses, the government, the state "cossacks" and the bureaucratic traitors in the labor movement testify no less plainly than the desperately fighting mine workers themselves, that without the activities of the Communists led by their Party, the mine workers would have been crushingly defeated many months ago.

All of these struggles have been marked by two features. A greater and ever-growing participation of the government, local, state and federal, in direct use of violent repressive measures and the accompanying legal forms against the workers, and, second, the appearance of the trade union bureaucracy more clearly than ever before in history in the role of violent strike-breakers obeying the same central direction which leads the individual coal operators and every captain of coal and iron police or city gunmen.

The results are inevitably the disillusionment of many thousands and tens of thousands of workers begin to realize the true nature of class collaboration. When bosses and $12,000-a-year trade union "leaders" are openly seen in common counsel for the admitted purpose of breaking a strike, when the affidavits of officers of trade unions appear on warrants for the arrest of pickets as an ordinary phenomenon, when trade union bureaucrats openly declare that any union wishing to elect other officers than agents of the employers shall be deprived of its charter—then the transformation of the mind of the large sections of workers inevitably begins if the Communist Party's activity is sufficiently positive.

At the same time the constant operation of injunctions, police, state troops and federal courts, presidents and "mediators" in more and more flagrant action against the working class in general and against each strike in particular,—tends to wear away the illusions and to politicalize the working class. The terror of the capitalist state expressed in the cold blooded murder of Sacco and Vanzetti and the ceremonious welcome to the agents of European fascism by "democratic" functionaries of the state, more or less slowly undermine the stupid faith of multitudes of toilers in capitalist "democracy." The opening of actual warfare against the peoples of Latin America dissolves the mist of "peaceful" patriotism, and the piling up of armaments, huger than ever in history, slowly open millions of eyes.

In 1924 the old and prison-tortured Eugene V. Debs, who was loved by the American working class because he represented in their eyes everything to which the socialist party is antagonistic, could still be palmed off as the "leader" of that party of treason, and it was then also possible for the traitors to wreck the movement for independent political action of the working class by presenting the LaFollette petty-capitalist republicans as the "labor party." But in 1928 the socialist party has to come before the workers as the Hillquit party, the Berger party, the party of the Reverend Norman Thomas, the party of Morris Sigman and the "Little Augie" gunmen-strikebreakers, the party which now fully identifies itself with the Lewis bureaucracy in destroying the United Mine Workers and breaking the strike. In short, tens of thousands of workers know today what was concealed from them before,—that the socialist party repudiates the class struggle and lines up with reaction nationally and internationally.

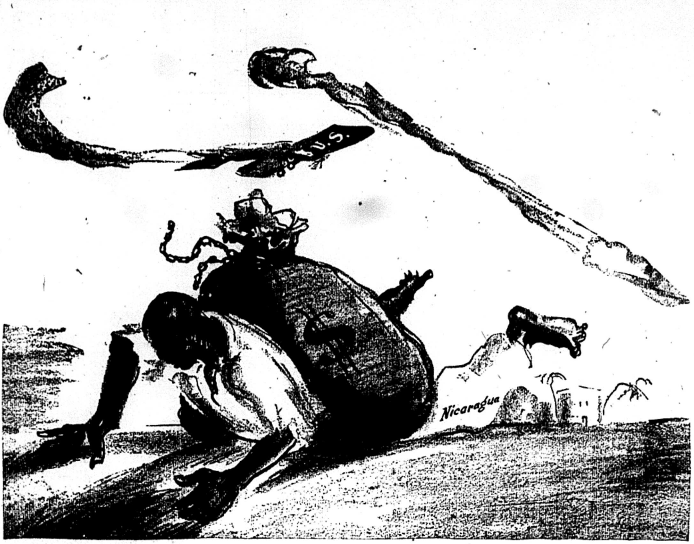
When the working class sees the open purchase of two presidents of the United States with bribes, when the working class sees Harry Sinclair, the bribe-giver, walk free from the criminal court while the same capitalist courts hold Mooney and Billings in life-long imprisonment and send Sacco and Vanzetti to death —under these circumstances, the Workers (Communist) Party comes before the working class of the United States with a program of living class struggle. This program reflects the needs of life of the working class. It reflects all there is of working-class revolutionary tradition, and at the same time it reflects all that there is of resistance to the capitalist class offensive which is now striving to crush the labor movement into nothingness.

Our Party and our standard bearers, Foster and Gitlow, speak in this election campaign with the only voice that can be called the voice of the working class.

With a stronger and more seasoned Communist Party, and with a field in which there is not even a semblance of any other claim upon the loyalty of the working class, and with a working class certain important sections of which have gone through disillusioning experiences in the past four years, the red standard of Communism should receive in this election a vote that will startle the enemies of our class.

And our candidates will make clear to the workers in this campaign that these sham "democratic" elections cannot be the means of freedom for our class—that only the working class revolution can liberate them from the growing exploitation and repression.

THEY CALL IT A LOAN — **By Fred Ellis**



New York bankers, with the aid of Kellogg are planning to foist a loan of at least $12,000,000 on Nicaragua. The loan will go for the most part for the payment of fake claims made by Wall Street investors.

Prosperity Among the Neighbors

BY SCOTT NEARING.

ONTARIO, Canada, is prosperous—after the capitalist fashion, with profits mounting and workers barely holding their own against the rising cost of living.

One worker described wages and conditions in a machinery plant—one of the largest shops of Toronto.

Machinery Replaces Men.

"Working forces are greatly reduced as against last year," he said. "There are fewer orders, but above all, there are fewer jobs. Machinery is replacing men in every production department."

This statement was repeated by workers in other shops. Rationalization is proceeding. Machines are taking the places of workers. Skilled men are becoming machine feeders.

One big machine plant in Toronto worked an eight and a half hour day —half a day on Saturdays, Some departments had shut down on Saturdays because of slack orders.

"How about Negroes?" I asked.

"Hard to say," the worker answered. "The plant is run on the piece work basis. Everyone is hired at a piece rate."

"Any minimum?"

"Yes, 35 cents per hour." Those who do not make more than that as piece workers are paid 35 cents as time workers."

"Do many get the 35 cent rate?

"Yes, the hour-men. Also many workers who fail to make their piece rate because of low production or because of slowing up in the departments."

"How much do the piece workers get?"

"Up to 60 cents. Usually under 50 cents an hour."

"Is that a good wage?"

"Yes, very good. There are a few skilled men, working in the more important machines who make 60 cents and 65 cents an hour. But they are the exception."

In Hamilton (pet name, among the bosses, "The Birmingham of Canada") I found workers doing heavy lifting work in wire mills and steel mills for $12 a week. Several men were working for $11.

Next I asked about unions in the Toronto plant. The worker said:

"No unions at all. And no one seems to take any initiative in organizing the workers. There are two anarchists and two Communists in our shop but they are so busy trying to make a living for their families that they cannot do much in the way of organization."

Wave of Strikes.

The worker with whom I was speaking had been trying hard to study in the evenings. But the pace was beyond him.

"When I am working 8½ hours piece work," he said, "I am too worn out to study. I find it impossible to hold my attention or to keep awake."

A wave of strikes is sweeping thru Eastern Canada. Two months ago the workers in the General Motors Plant at Oshawa, Ontario, walked out in opposition to a wage cut. There was no union in the plant. Subsequently the men were organized and affiliated to the American Federation of Labor. On April 16th the Structural Iron and Steel Workers of Toronto and Montreal walked out. A few were union members. Other strikes have occurred among unorganized workers who are entirely out of contact with the labor movement.

Among all these strikes, the strike of the 5,000 General Motors workers is the most significant. General Motors has thus far been as bitterly anti-union in Canada as it is in the United States. The workers at Oshawa had not even been approached by the A. F. of L. organizers. They took the matter of defense into their own hands.

Canadian labor is on the move. Piece work, drive and wage cuts are pushing them to action. Even the unorganized are using the weapons of the labor struggle with the vigor and precision of labor veterans.

Sigman & Co., Bankrupts, Ready to Resume Business

The tragic comedy enacted at Convention Hall in Boston is at an end. There was a grand finale. Sigman, Dubinsky, Schlesinger and Breslau fell into each others arms and from now on will live happily (but not forever after). The farce that was staged as a convention of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union is over, and now the cliques are once more face to face with the grim realities—a union shattered and destroyed as a result of their treachery; their coffers empty; their prestige (if ever they had any) gone; themselves discredited and despised, the objects of the burning hatred of all those who hope for and aspire to a real union representative of the workers.

For almost two years the yellow "Forward," the mouthpiece of the pogrom chieftain Sigman, has been printing screaming headlines about their amazing victories; how they defeated the Communists; how their union blossomed forth to its full glory; how grateful the workers were for having been saved from the "despised Communists." Pictures were printed of fake lines of workers waiting patiently for a chance to pay dues to the Sigman locals. The Communists were dead, buried and forgotten. But in spite of all these proclamations, which have been printed numberless times over and over again, the clique sent its emissaries to Boston weeks before the convention in order to prepare the ground for their convention and fortify themselves against the rage of the workers.

Raise Red Scare.

The most horrifying hair-raising stories were circulated in Boston about the dangerous Communists, who were coming there to disturb law and order and the lives of the peaceful citizens. Thru the good offices of prominent capitalist politicians, who undoubtedly received due renumeration, the police force was fully arrayed to meet the disturbers of the public peace. Guarded by a cordon of police, who completely surrounded the convention hall and who had driven away our legally elected delegates and the rank and file of the Boston workers, Sigman, the chief pogrom leader, opened the so-called convention.

And lo and behold! The dead Communists had risen from their graves and once more became the target for Sigman's attacks. The beautiful myth about the reconstructed union built up by the clique, was entirely dispelled. Such pillars of the "machine" as Ninfo, Breslau, Dubinsky and the others, made open declarations of bankruptcy on the floor of convention hall. From the mouth of Dubinsky came forth a flood of glaring incriminating indictments against himself and the entire administration, responsible for bringing the ruinous war upon the union.

Bankruptcy Admitted.

The following is an excerpt from Dubinsky's speech at the convention:

"The moral of the membership is at the lowest point in the history. The tax collected is evidence of that. In normal times the tax paid is about $250,000. Now it is only $46,000. That shows the confidence of the membership. I started a drive for dues to try to remedy this situation in some way, but it met with very little success.

"We had to take the $400,000 unemployment insurance fund, we had to borrow some of the money there, six months ago; then when that was tied up we had to go to the fund for more money; we have signed notes for it and there is not another nickel that we can borrow.

"Now, if you reject this referendum, what are we going back to New York with? I am going back to my locals with these presents: with a tax of $30 or $40; with the referendum submitting the election of the international officers to the membership, rejected; with resolutions passed which do not mean anything; with all our problems left unsolved; with nothing done. Now, I have gone to my local before with many difficult things, but I have not the courage to face them after this. You pass resolutions that the membership must be compelled to pay dues. But how can you compel them when they have not the spirit that makes them willing?"

These telling truths and indictments against his own administration, which Dubinsky was compelled to affirm on the open floor of the convention, have long been known and communicated to the workers by the Joint Board. For a period of almost two weeks these cliques of self-seekers who are callous to the sufferings of the workers, were engaged in a mad wrangle for power at any price. Dubinsky, who thru his entire career had sneered at the idea of democracy and had instituted a fascist dictatorship in his own local which was shattered only thru the heroic struggle of the cutters during the past 19 months, suddenly became the champion of the referendum. It was indeed an unusual and astounding spectacle to see the cynic, Dubinsky, prating of democracy and the rights of the membership. The speech of Dubinsky, revealed more openly than anything else the spirit of despair that is permeating the entire clique. Like a pack of hungry wolves they are ready to jump at each others' throats in order to save themselves from annihilation. This was the meaning of the speeches delivered by Dubinsky, Ninfo, Breslau and the rest, and of the open struggle on the floor of the convention.

The attacks against Sigman, with whom they share the responsibility for the ruinous war, were but a desperate attempt to sacrifice him in order to save themselves; just as Sigman himself had done with Feinberg and Pearlstein during the struggle of the Joint Action Committee in 1925.

Blackest Convention.

The trade union movement of this country has many reactionary conventions on record. The I. L. G. W. U. itself has gone thru the notorious Boston convention of 1924, which had spent eleven days in unseating the delegates representing the largest locals of the international. This was followed by the Philadelphia convention where against the most determined opposition of the delegates representing 80 percent of the membership Sigman elected himself as president of the international. But never in the history of our own or any other union, was there a convention, supposedly representing the workers, that was so barren of any accomplishments and so undisputedly bankrupt.

For almost two weeks the so-called convention was in session, but not a single decision concerning the welfare of the thousands of struggling workers in the industry was made. It was nothing but a conspiracy to further betray and sell out the workers. The 40-hour week, which the cloakmakers had won during the long and bitter strike of 1926 and the other gains of the woskers were officially ceded to the bosses, Sigman openly declaring that the bosses cannot afford to observe the 40-hour clause of the agreement to which they had affixed their signatures.

The struggles and the achievements of the workers were condemned in the most outspoken terms. They have decided to levy a three-days tax on the workers in order to fill their empty treasury and stave off the day of their ultimate defeat; this tax they hope to collec thru the good offices of the bosses as price in return for their treacheries.

(To Be Continued).

Discover Vast New Iron Ore in the U. S. S. R.

Results of prospecting carried on at the Magnitnaya Mountain showed that it has large deposits of ore rich in iron. The resources of the prospected area alone amounted to 118,000,000 tons of iron ore. As prospecting has been carried on in a comparatively small area there can be no doubt that the deposits of ore will amount to more than 160,000,000 tons.

It is interesting to note that iron can be obtained from the Magnitnaya deposits exclusively on the surface without the necessity of sinking shafts, states the American Russian Chamber of Commerce.

HANdOuTS

IT was bad enough to have to buy flowers and white gloves. But patrons began to complain against the management of the Baron Hirsch Cemetery, of Port Richmond, S. I., when aged mourners fainted on the long trek from the cemetery entrance to the graves. The long walk was too much for them. The management would not permit automobiles to enter the cemetery proper. Attorney General Ottinger investigated. And the investigation disclosed the fact that the mourners' cars were not allowed to enter the cemetery because the superintendent of the cemetery had a restaurant at the gate.

• • •

PROGRESS in illumination is indicated by the announcement that Mrs. G. Eyre-Matchman wore a $150,000 diamond sunburst on being presented to the 'blue-blooded' nonentity King George V. The newspapers say "The sunburst operated by clockwork revolved slowly, emitting dazzling rays which visibly attracted the attention of their majesties." A daughter of an American business man, eager to kow tow, has promised to glide into the royal presence clothed in an electric sign board which is calculated to divert the minds of the king and queen and yet not cause sun burn.

• • •

Norman Thomas, the white-haired saint of the socialist party, has lately been haranguing the textile strikers in New Bedford. The starving mill workers are said to find it hard to digest the socialist bologna.

• • •

Ha! Ha!

And talking about a sense of humor Broun still believes in free speech.

• • •

Our not yet completely extinguished contemporary Heywood Broun who is now expressing himself on the Telegram (owned by the Scripps-Howard syndicate which is boosting Hoover for President) finds that Communists have no sense of humor.

• • •

J. Havelock Wilson, king of British trade union reactionaries, is retiring from the lucrative profession of labor betrayal. Fifty years of licking the boots of the bosses have filled Wilson with so much of the holy ghost that he is now ready for a halo and a place among the saints of the British labor movement.

• • •

THE archealogical blue ribbon for 1928 goes to The Outline, the British weekly. The relic which this magazine has just unearthed is Rudyard Kipling. The editor in the May 12 issue of the journal proves himself oblivious to his readers' sensibilities by publishing a photograph and biography of the former English writer. The writer of the biographical sketch maligns Kipling by accurately repeating some of his thoughts, of which there has spread over the world a deep forgetfulness. The rather impure carcass of Kipling's philosophy is dug up as follows: "He struck again that note which was the note of Nelson, a good feeling towards the other nations, 'the lesser breeds without the law,' but a firm and steady conviction that the English were the superiors of all, better fighters, better rulers, better lovers, better friends."

• • •

THINGS are breaking nicely for the campaign publicity bureau of the republican party. The outstanding publicity stunt of the republican campaign was to book President (himself) Coolidge for this Memorial Day address. The word has been passed around to all the first, second and third rate orators of the solid south to play down their stuff next Wednesday and give Cal Coolidge a chance on the rostrum made famous by Lincoln's invocation of armed republicanism. Well, down in Montgomery, Ala., lived Capt. William Knox, 89 years old, who was born in the original confederate "White House" and who became aide de camp to Jefferson Davis when he was inaugurated president of the Confederacy. It was feared that some of the old spirit would revive in Capt. Knox and that he would sit in the front row at Gettysburg next Wednesday afternoon and give Cal Coolidge the razz. But not for nothing does Cal Coolidge carry around in his coat pocket the shoe from his electric physical culture hobby horse. Capt. Knox died yesterday.

Paid Agent Exposed in Army Propaganda Plot

WASHINGTON, May 27 (FP).—Rep. McClintic of Oklahoma, addressing the house, read a report from a postal inspector exonerating the National Council for Prevention of War from the charge, made by an army propagandist in the employ of the war department, that the council's printed matter was sent out under the frank of Rep. McClintic. Such use of the congressional franking privilege is illegal. McClintic had opposed the big-navy bills.

Rep. Andrew of Massachusetts and Res. Britten of Chicago, big-navy advocates, had spread a report that printed arguments against the big navy construction program, issued by the council, had come to many persons enclosed with a speech by McClintic, in McClintic's franked envelopes. One Harold Weeks of Wellesley Hills, Mass., made affidavit that he received such an enclosure.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN IN EVERY STATE” IS SLOGAN

JA[illegible]E TROOPS MURDER CHINESE DOCK STRIKERS

Japanese Marines Try to Break Walk-Out

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 28.—A number of dock workers were killed by Japanese marines who attempted to break a strike of port workers called to protest against Japanese policy in Shantung and Manchuria, according to information received here by the Canada Morning News, left wing Chinese newspaper.

The marines fired at a group of pickets who attempted to prevent the unloading of a Japanese vessel.

* * *

SHANGHAI, May 28.—The strategic city of Wu-chau which is situated between Kwantung and Kwangsi provinces has been taken by worker-peasant troops, according to information received here.

* * *

SAN FRANCISCO, May 28. — Ku Yin-fen, one of the members of the central committee counter-revolutionary Kuomintang and two officials of the Canton government have arrived here on board the President Jackson.

Ku is allied with Li Chai-sum, Canton war lord, who recently received a large loan from Britain.

PITTSBURGH UNIT SENDS ‘DAILY’ AID

More Funds Needed to Keep Paper Alive

Street Nucleus 3, Workers (Communist) Party, of Pittsburgh has responded to The DAILY WORKER'S appeal for funds by sending $10 to keep the Daily alive and help it to move. This is in addition to $48 previously contributed by this nucleus.

"We realize the importance of an English language organ in the American class struggle," writes M. Blaskovic, DAILY WORKER agent of this nucleus in sending the contribution. "And we shall do more for it despite all difficulties. We must all unite our forces thruout the country to ensure the continuation of the fight of which The DAILY WORKER is the bold leader."

The contributors to the additional $10 sent by this nucleus are: M. L. Landerman, $5; H. Ceccilni, 50 cents; E. Lartis, 25 cents; M. Ceccilni, 25 cents, and G. Catinaro, $4.

Not only are there not sufficient funds to enable the DAILY to move to its new home, but there is not enough money to meet the daily expenses of issuing the paper. The DAILY WORKER must have the immediate help of the workers of this country. Don't delay. Rush all funds at once by mail, special delivery or wire to the office of the DAILY, 33 First Street, New York City.

JUDGE PAROLES SCABS, POLICE

No Protection Given to Miners

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 27 (By Mail).—In a gesture of impartiality, the coal kings' courts of Allegheny county placed 13 striking miners and 15 coal and iron police and strikebreakers on six months' parole following their arraignment before visiting Judge James A. Chambers on charges of inciting to riot and assault and battery, according to reports received by the National Miners' Relief Committee.

"No Discrimination."

The parole sentences were passed on all defendants "without discrimination" though the most serious charges were those made against a two groups of scabs who were charged with inciting to riot.

None of the accused company [illegible] entered defenses against the charges made by the strikers. The clashes out of which Thursday's court hearings grew, took place at the Coverdale, McMurray and Castle Shannon mines of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Company during the period from July, 1927, to the beginning of the present year.

The [illegible] the scabs were

Victims of Radium Poison to Try Class Justice

Four of the victims of the United States Radium Corporation, whose case comes before the New Jersey courts today, shown in the picture. Sheltering itself behind the statute of limitations, the corporation succeeded for a long time in preventing the case from reaching the courts. The women are dying. Scores of other workers are said to be infected and scores more are still working at the radium plant.

PICKET MILLS DESPITE STRIKE HEADS' ARREST

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., May 28.—Despite the arrest of William T. Murdoch, Fred E. Beal, strike leaders, and 5 other active strikers heading a picket line at the Hathaway Mills, and despite the absence of the leaders who were compelled to be in court today, picketing this morning was the best attended and more enthusiastic than at any time since the 28,000 workers walked out of the cotton manufacturing mills in a fight against a wage cut more than six weeks ago. Mills in the south end were picketed by 1,000 strikers and over 300 patrolled the gates of the north end plants.

Trial Postponed.

Later in court, the International Labor Defense, providing legal aid for the strikers, succeeded in obtaining a postponement of the trials of Murdoch, Beal and the other five till Thursday. After their release on bail they went to the halls to address strike meetings.

Protest meetings against the fast intensifying police terror were held by the International Labor Defense, in the north and south end halls of the Textile Mills Committee. Robert Zelms, of the I. L. D., spoke at the meetings in addition to the union heads.

Another striker was arrested yesterday noon and is charged with disorderly conduct.

* * *

"Free Speech" in Fall River.

FALL RIVER, Mass., May 28.—Alarmed at the rapid progress being made by the Textile Mills Committee in arousing a strike sentiment among the tens of thousands of workers in Fall River, who were prevented from going on strike by the union officials

(Continued on Page Two)

N. Y. PRESS BEHIND POWER INTERESTS

Gave Much Space to Utility Group

WASHINGTON, May 28. — New York newspapers have served as publicity and propaganda organs of the power interests, it was established at the Federal Trade Commission investigation today.

Fred W. Crone, director of the New York State Public Utility Information Committee, testified his organization distributed a weekly bulletin among 1,000 New York newspapers, but denied any attempt was made to influence colleges or schools.

Under questioning by Robert E. Healy, commission counsel, Crone said the bulletin and publicity released sometimes were printed verbatim in the newspapers.

Crone admitted his advertising account had steadily increased, but denied that there was any connection between this and the amount of space he was getting in the newspapers. "I don't think an editor would use our stuff unless he felt it had some public interest," he said with apparent seriousness.

CONCERT PROGRAM AT BIG CARNIVAL

Starlight Park Hired for Joint Defense

A very important feature of the Starlight Park Jamborse and Carnival has been announced today. The Defense Committee has succeeded in securing the Hungarian Workers' Symphony Orchestra composed of fifty men, who will render a classical program. The orchestra will be conducted by Alfred Kugel.

The carnival at Starlight Park on June 9th promises to be one of the most unusual and joyous affairs of the season. A variety of entertainments will be provided to suit the particular tastes of all present. Numerous teams of proletarian sport clubs will participate in baseball, soccer games, track and fields events. These sports clubs are also preparing spectacular calisthenics, as well as other different features. A battle royal between the different national sport clubs for the championship is in store for the amusement of our workers. Water sports have also not been neglected, among which will be swimming races and exhibitions. Amateur wrestling and boxing has been scheduled for the evening. The Impartial Workers' Schools are preparing a picturesque ballet. There will be a march of the athletes, the Pioneers and the children of the Impartial Workers' Schools. The dance hall will be free to all. A much looked-forward to event will be the evening camp fires, on the field where all will join in proletarian songs.

We want to call the special attention of all comrades and sympathizers, that the Joint Defense Committee has only taken over three places from which to sell food and drinks. These are the large restaurant, the booth on the field and the booth inside of the dance hall. Be sure to patronize these. All the others belong to private concerns. Tickets can be obtained at the Defense Headquarters,

Legal Bickering Delays Suit of Radium Victims

NEWARK, N. J., May 28.— Raymond H. Berry, counsel for the defense, in the proceedings against the United States Radium Corporation by the five women who were poisoned while working for the firm and are expected to die soon, after a deluge of legal wrangling, moved to postpone the cases of the five women until June 18.

The entire day in court was taken up with a series of legal bickerings, and it is doubtful, Judge Mountain himself admitted, whether the "cases" will be disposed of until after June 30.

Parading Fascists Stab Three in Boston

SEVERAL WORKERS HURT IN ASSAULT BY BLACKSHIRTS

Police Jail Four Anti-Fascisti

BOSTON, May 28. — Three anti-fascist workers were stabbed and several others bruised and battered late yesterday when a group of jeering anti-fascists was attacked by more than 400 Fascisti and Italian World War veterans, who were parading to Faneuil Hall to celebrate the 13th anniversary of Italy's entry into the World War.

The fascists, enraged by the persistent booing of the group of anti-Fascists, led the attack with drawn knives. Police reserves, arriving on the scene, arrested four anti-Fascists, while only three of the followers of Mussolini were taken into custody.

DISTRICT 5 MINE SESSION OPENS

Special Convention to Oust Lewis-Fagan

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, May 28. — More than two hundred delegates are assembled here for the special convention of District 5 of the United Mine Workers of America called by the Emergency Committee of 100 representing as many local unions to take action on the crisis in the union and the treacherous conduct of the Lewis-Fagan machine.

The larger percentage of the credentials to the convention are formally signed by local officers and sealed. The remainder, bearing the signatures of presidents and secretaries, were accompanied by the explanation that their seals had been confiscated when they refused to sign pledges of allegiance to the present policies of the John L. Lewis administration.

Rank and File Acts.

When requests for approximately 100 local unions for a special district convention failed to evoke any response from the district union office, the locals took matters into their own hands and issued a call for the special convention signed by miners from 100 different locals. The district convention provides that special conventions shall be called when fifty locals apply.

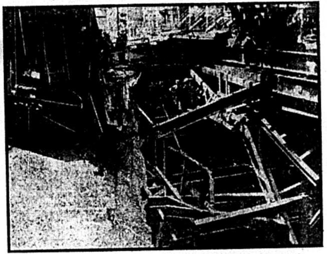
According to the Emergency Committee, all district offices will be declared vacant and a new set of officers, in agreement with progressive policies, will be elected to replace them.

Warning that locals participating in the convention will be expelled which were issued from Patrick Fagan's office, have failed to stem the flow of credentials coming to the committee's headquarters, Carboni said.

Fraternal delegates from Women's

(Continued on Page Two)

Where Careless Excavation Killed Negro Boy



The cave-in of the subway excavation at St. Nicholas Ave. and 148 St. caused the death of a Negro boy and the destruction of a grocery store near the tunnel. The picture shows the debris after the cave-in, which is believed to have been causd by careless shoring of the sides. This is the second time within a few months that there has been a serious cave-in along the line of the City's new subway.

BLOOR TRIMS LEWIS, CONVENTION IS TOLD

"We are now going to hear from one of the young coal miners attending the convention," James P. Cannon, chairman of the Saturday morning session of the Workers (Communist) Party nominating meet, announced. But Jim looked rather merry and many of the delegates thought there was a hitch somewhere.

Laughter followed by prolonged cheering and applause met the sprightly entrance on the platform of Ella Reeve Bloor—"Mother Bloor" who began like a gattling gun:

"I've just come in from the coal fields of Indiana," she said. "They're fighting like hell there against both the coal operators and the Lewis gang. And they know that the Workers Party has been in the lead wherever the battle was the thickest and the danger greatest."

Mother Bloor, past 65, is carrying on the fighting tradition of Mother Jones, 98-year-old labor veteran of the Western Federation of Miners and of the once-militant United Mine Workers of America. Bloor hopped toward the front of the platform, laughed gaily, and leaning forward shouted:

"You know, John Lewis and his henchmen tried to steal my honorary membership away which I hold in the United Mine Workers of America. Mother Jones and I are the only women that have this membership," she said proudly. "But he missed this time—for my card is in my son's safe is Philadelphia."

Bloor is always found where there is a big labor fight on. This week she is hustling back to the Indiana coal fields to continue her work there.

"We were sitting in a little hall, a group of miners. There were no seats, so we sat on boxes. There were no lights, so the coal diggers brought their carbide lamps. They were reading aloud from The DAILY WORKER—and you know it is full of great mine news. Then one of them spoke up: 'A year ago everybody was afraid to mention the word socialism; now everybody is talking Communism.'"

Mother Bloor doesn't have to use the railroads when she's on her way to take part in a fight of the workers. She "bums" her way around the country, and workers everywhere greet her warmly. Last summer she simply jaunted across the continent on a tour for The DAILY WORKER.

SOVIET FILM TO OPEN WEDNESDAY

Threat to Sue Compels Grant of Permit

Fear that the legal action threatened by Arthur Hammerstein would expose in open court the politics in censorship, the New York State Board of Film Censors has finally granted a permit for the opening of "The End of St. Petersburg," a Soviet film, after compelling the Hammerstein Theater, Broadway and 53rd St., to delay the premiere till tomorrow evening. The opening showing was to have taken place last night.

After reviewing the film, which tells a story of the November revolution of 1917 in Soviet Russia, the State Board of Censors told Hammerstein that no permit would be forthcoming till sanction was obtained from the State Department in Washington. Immediate inquiries made by the impresario in Washington, elicited the information that the matter was entirely up to the local censor.

Hammerstein's threat to sue for the release of the film, which has been hailed by foreign critics as a masterpiece, finally resulted in a permit granted yesterday, according to information obtained from the Hammerstein offices. It is generally conceded that the authorities realized the embarrassing predicament they would have been in if they had attempted to explain the reasons for refusing a permit in a public court.

It was also learned that Hammerstein has contracted for three more motion picture films from the Soviet Union.

NOMINATING CONVENTION HIGHLIGHTS

In Which Mother Bloor, Cal Coolidge, and Many Others Figure

"OUR job is not to 'Americanize' the Communist Party; it is to communize the American labor movement," snapped Jim Reed, veteran fighter from Rhode Island, in his speech before the convention.

* * *

Full of all kinds of proletarian pep, Mother Bloor came to the convention fresh from the coal fields of Indiana. "In Terre Haute, the home town of the late Eugene V. Debs," said Bloor, "a socialist party member asked me: 'Are you still trying to organize the working class?' And I said, 'You poor boob, we're just beginning.'"

* * *

"Two policemen," said the New York Times in its report of the Mecca Temple demonstration, "stood guard without." Either an unfortunate typographical error or the Times was too shy to report that at least a dozen kept the workers moving with their night sticks.

look like a dageure type of Henry Clay, but he talks the unmistakable language of the revolutionary workers.

Cheerleader Nessin, someone observed, ought to use his energy for activities of greater social usefulness.

* * *

CAL COOLIDGE, Herb Hoover and Norman Thomas looked rather shabby after Jay Lovestone finished his report on the nominating convention platform.

* * *

No contributions from Harry Sinclair, Edward L. Doheny, et al, had been received from the Communist campaign when the nominating convention had adjourned, it was officially reported.

* * *

Alexander Trachtenberg rose from a sick bed to attend the convention.

* * *

"We are grateful to Mr. Wilbur for teaching the sons of the work-

army and navy how to fight. We however, shall tell them whom to fight."—From the speech to the convention by Herbert Zam, national secretary of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

* * *

Many of the delegates were disinclined to take off their nice, red badges when the convention adjourned. Equally flattering were the neat portfolios distributed gratis by the arrangement committee.

* * *

It was difficult to tell whether Julius Codkind was busy or just generally unhappy.

* * *

I. AMTER brought his corduroy outfit from Cleveland. His famous pipe also never left him for a minute. By the way, he delivered a damn good speech.

* * *

Jim Cannon's professional-looking spectacles didn't dampen his fiery eloquence.

* * *

Bert Wolfe hiked at least 55 miles during the two and a half days of the convention.

Receive Vague Message From Missing Airship

SAN FANCISCO, May 28.—The fate in the Arctic of the fascist airship Italia is still unknown. The most recent message received here, by a trio of experienced radio men, was jumbled and contained many misspelled words.

Norway has sent 30 whaling motorships into the Arctic Sea in an effort to determine the whereabouts of the Nobile expedition.

KILLED ON JOB.

PITTSBURGH, May 28.—James Carne, aged 30, died here today in the Mercy Hospital. He was injured last Saturday when struck by a falling bit of timber while working on the new addition to the William Penn Hotel, according to the morgue report.

RAIL CASE OCTOBER 1.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The supreme court today advanced the "$15,000,000 railroad case" involving the valuation of all railroads for rate making purposes, and set it for oral argument the week of October 1.

"WORKERS PARTY NOW NATIONAL," LOVESTONE SAYS

Big Demonstration for Foster and Gitlow

The first great Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party came to an end late Sunday night, having accomplished greater and more stirring results in its two days of deliberations than even the most enthusiastic members of the Party had anticipated.

A platform which will carry the message of struggle to all sections of the working class and landless farmers, two standard bearers, Wm. Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow to whose popularity nearly one hour of steady demonstration by over three hundred delegates and two thousand visitors testified, a unification of the Party activities through the launching of the first great political campaign, an imbuing of comradeship and class solidarity between Negro and white workers, native and foreign-born workers—these were the high-lights of accomplishment by the convention.

A National Party.

That the Workers (Communist) Party of America has in the most real sense become a national party with a prospect of winning the leadership of large sections of workers and landless farmers, Negro masses, native Americans as well as foreign-born workers in all sections, was the major conclusion drawn from the three days' convention proceedings by Jay Lovestone, general secretary of the Party, in summing up at the last session of the convention, Sunday night.

"Chief among the results of this historic convention," Lovestone said, "is the fact that there has been completely exploded the notion that our Party is an organization east of Chicago. This convention with its delegations from the scenes of struggle from every section of the country, from the mine fields, from the textile areas, from the Negro workers, from the farm sections, from all states from Maine to Texas and from California to Massachusetts, is an evidence of the hold which our Party has secured over the American working class."

Greatest Gathering Yet Held.

The first convention of the Workers' Party and the most stirring and demonstration gathering, in the opinion of old fighters in the labor movement, ever to be held by a political gathering of workers in America, came to an end with the singing of the International, with hand shaking of delegates figuratively across the continent, with a determination by these delegates to go forth to the workers of their sections bringing to them the spirit of enthusiasm and fire which embued the great convention.

"The platform which we have here adopted is the best working class platform ever to be written for the workers of America," Lovestone further declared in his summing-up remarks. "With it we can go to the various sections and industries of the country, conscious that we have the issues, the slogans, the program which the workers themselves will fight for."

Demonstrations Continue.

"Are you satisfied with your candidates?" was the question asked of the delegates by Bertram W. Wolfe, agit-prop director of the Party in beginning his final words of instructions to the convention. The demonstration which had earlier lasted nearly for an hour began again.

That it is the Party which is being put forward and not merely individual candidates was, in fact, the repeated emphasis of Foster and Gitlow in their speechs of acceptance.

Plan Campaign.

Plans for the coming campaign as indicated in the report of Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, include the division of the country into a number of election districts. In each of these a committee will be formed which will charter an automobile, a "Red Special," which will be used to carry the Communist candidates to the various sections of the district, to raise funds and to carry on propaganda, sell literature, etc.

In addition candidates Foster and Gitlow as well as other prominent Party members and candidates will tour the country.

A number of resolutions embodying the specific programs of the Party in the election campaign were [illegible]

(Continued on Page Two)

BISHOP WILLIAM MONTGOMERY BROWN REACHES HIS TENTH REVOLUTIONARY BIRTHDAY

BISHOP William Montgomery Brown, expelled from the Episcopal Church for telling the workers to "banish the gods from the skies and the capitalists from the earth," was unable to attend the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party. But "fortunately I can read all about it in The DAILY WORKER, the most thrillingly interesting and brilliantly illuminating of all American newspapers."

That is what he said in a letter of greetings to the delegates at the convention. The letter follows in full:

"Comrades: It would be great for me if I could be with you in my place as a delegate from Ohio to the greatest political convention that will be held in the United States this year. Unfortunately I must be content to remain at home, but fortunately I can read all about it in The DAILY WORKER, the most thrillingly interesting and brilliantly illuminating of all American newspapers.

"It is great to be alive in this age when everything, everywhere is changing so rapidly. Ten years is not a long time to stay in a cemetery or a dead world where things seem to be standing still, but ten years like those through which we have just passed are different. They comprise a whole epoch in human history.

"It is a wonderful time in which to be young like us. Mrs. Brown and I are among the youngest in the Communistic movement. We are only ten years old, that is we have had only about ten years of real human life. All the sixty odd years which we spent before were at best only a preparation for the life that we are now living.

"It is true that during many of those years I was an orthodox bishop in an orthodox church, the Episcopal church, but that made no difference as to my deadness. Orthodox bishops of orthodox churches are about the deadest of all people. The only person on earth who is deader than an orthodox Episcopalian bishop is a 100 per cent American patriot.

"The world ten years ago was a world of radicals and conservatives. It now consists of revolutionists and reactionaries. That is a tremendous gain because both sides now want great changes to occur. The only argument is as to what sort of changes they shall be.

"The revolutionists see the great stream of life flowing into the infinite sea. The thought that occurred to them is to build a ship strong enough to ride the waves, to embark on it and explore the infinite.

"The reactionists see the same great stream of life flowing into the same infinite sea. The thought that occurs to them is to organize a gallant bucket brigade and to lug water back up the mountain side and pour it into its original hole.

Hard at Work.

"Both sides are hard at work. The revolutionists with their ship building and the reactionists with their bucket carrying. So far all the success has been with the revolutionists. If the reactionists succeed no better during the next ten years they must give up leaving the ocean as full as ever.

"If the revolutionists succeed as well during the next ten years their whole international fleet will be afloat following the greatest flagship which is already proudly riding the waves headed towards that delectable country where poverty and slavery and war are unknown.

"WILLIAM M. BROWN.
"ELLA B. BROWN."

Co-Worker of Tom Mann Is Communist Candidate for Governor of Delaware

GEORGE NEWCOMB SEES SPREAD OF RED INFLUENCE

Other Delegates Give Views

George Newcomb, candidate for governor of Delaware on the Communist ticket and a delegate to the nominating convention of the Workers' Party just closed, yesterday expressed his confidence on the prospects of the Party in his state. Newcomb is a veteran of the class struggle not only of the United States, but also of England and of Europe. A score of years ago, it was learned, Newcomb was an organizer in the British labor movement under Tom Mann.

Predicts Great Fight.

"Many forces are being unified to make the great American working class"; Newcomb declared, "this will be one of the important campaigns in labor history. Our Party will make a record in Delaware."

The slogan which perhaps made the greatest impression on the convention and which is destined to become a classic in the future of the Party is the one issued by James Reed, delegate from Rhode Island: "Our purpose is not to Americanize Communism; our task is to Communise the American working class."

Harry J. Lawrence, veteran fighter from Houston, Texas, created considerable interest by his parable of the Boll-weevil and the Banker: "The boll-weevil bites the cotton crop when it's young; the banker takes in the cotton crop when it's grown; which is the greater insect?" he asked.

Knew Lenin.

Martin Henderson, one of the oldest veterans of the class struggle in American and Europe who knew and worked with Lenin, summed up in a word the central lesson of his experience: "Once a revolutionist, always a revolutionist! Those who have deserted the struggle, those who sold out," he declared, "were never really revolutionists in their heart; that is what my fifty years of experience in the class struggle have taught me."

William J. White, member of the Central Executive Committee and a delegate from Pittsburgh, told of the conditions in the steel mills, the great tasks ahead for the Party and called for energy and determination to carry on the political campaign.

A Correction

In the national edition of The DAILY WORKER yesterday, the report of a cablegram received at the National Nominating Committee from John Pepper at Moscow referred to Comrade Pepper as "member of the Executive Committee of the Communist International," which is erroneous. It should have read, "member of the Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of America," as it correctly appeared in the city edition.

—Editor.

Bridgeport Child Slaves

Mrs. Edith Cromwell and her children are shown in the picture. Mrs. Cromwell had her husband jailed recently because he insisted on having more children altho those now alive are compelled to fold elastics at 50 cents a gross in order to buy food. The woman has borne 18 children.

Capone, Gang Leader, Has a Partner Now

CHICAGO, May 28.—The ushering in of a new era in strikebreaking and intimidation of workers is seen in the announcement that Alphonse Capone, gang boss and politician known as "Scarface Al," has become a partner in the Sanitary Cleaning Shops, Inc., owned by Morris Becker.

Of course, the aim of the new partnership is entirely altruistic. In fact, it will be Capone's job to act as a protecting shepherd to the workers of the Sanitary Cleaning Shops, according to Becker, who protests that the sole purpose of this new alliance is to protect his place of business and his employes from the gunmen hired by unscrupulous competitors. The cleaning and dyeing business, it seems, has been split up by an internal war, with gunmen playing the leading roles in the fray.

Workers in the cleaning and dyeing trade are, however, said to be skeptical of the purity of this holy alliance and look upon a gangster on the premises as a step towards greater efficiency in mobilizing scabs and slugging workers in case of strikes.

BOULDER DAM SURVEY.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Without a record vote the senate today passed a resolution by Senator Pittman, (D) Nevada, to provide for a new survey of the Boulder Dam site in the Colorado River.

DELEGATES FLOCK TO SPECIAL MEET OF DISTRICT FIVE

Miners Will Oust Lewis Machine

(Continued from page one)

Auxiliaries and Children's Strike Clubs will be present.

Coal diggers who recently joined the strike and organized themselves into the Westmoreland County Miners' Union, will send fraternal delegates from each local.

• • •

Delegates Assemble.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 28.—Despite the efforts of the District Executive Board of District 5, United Mine Workers of America to check the Special Convention called by the "Emergency Committee of 100," by sending warnings in the form of threats of expulsion to all local unions if they should attend, the credentials are still arriving and a good representative convention has assembled at the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St. Pittsburgh, according to reports from the committee.

Resolutions dealing with every phase of the miners struggle are also coming in and the various committees are busy preparing their reports to the convention. These credentials cover such subjects as the crisis in the mining industry, the need for the removal of the old officials, and the election of new officials. These are supplemented by demands that no more dues be paid to the old officers. In fact, the slogans of "Lewis and Fagan Must Go" are made very emphatic.

Other resolutions proposing a national convention to remove Lewis and his "gang," one covering the strike situation in detailed manner another condemning separate agreements and propagating a national strike and still another attacking the "back-to-work" movements that are now prevalent everywhere and which have the appearance of being administration moves.

Deport Cuban Student for Attacking Fascism

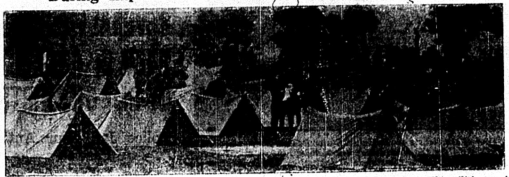
A Cuban university student, Barcelo, has been deported from Cuba for having made an anti-government speech on May 1st, according to information received here.

Barcelo, who was born of Spanish parents, was declared a Spanish citizen, even tho he had never been in Spain. He was placed on a ship bound for Spain, where he will be taken care of by the fascist Rivera regime.

FUND HEARING TO OPEN.

WASHINGTON, May 28. — The Reed slush fund committee will open its investigation of this year's senatorial primary in New Jersey as soon as congress adjourns, Senator Reed (D) of Missouri announced yesterday afternoon.

During Imperialist "Peace" Preparing Imperialist War



Pup-tents of the 14th infantry in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, are shown in the picture. The militia are in summer camp learning how to make the most of every round of ammunition against the enemies of the American imperialists, or against strikers in this country.

RED CAMPAIGN IN 48 STATES, PLAN

Big Demonstration for Foster and Gitlow

(Continued from page one)

ported for the resolutions committee by Arne Swabeck reporting for the committee.

Alex Bittelman, chairman of Press and Publicity, reported that a national election campaign publicity manager will be selected. Publicity will be organized and centralized. The Party platform will be printed in full in pamphlet form. Certain special sections will be printed in leaflet and small circular form as propaganda for various sections of workers, farmers, Negro and foreign born workers, etc.

In his acceptance speech Foster emphasized the necessity of mobilizing the masses for the overthrow of capitalism thru the struggle for immediate needs.

A Communist Government.

"When a Communist heads the government of the U. S., and that day will come as sure as the sun rises, sooner perhaps than any of us think—that government will be a Soviet government and behind that government will be a Red Army," he said. "In the meantime we must organize around immediate demands in preparation for the final revolutionary struggle which will abolish capitalism altogether.

Referring to the danger of capitalist war, Foster declared that "we are entering this political campaign to wage a battle on every front. We must arouse the workers to the danger of a world war, the antagonism of the capitalist powers, the attacks on the Soviet Union, the camouflage so-called peace treaties—all prove conclusively that a capitalist war is in preparation. In fact, it is here now."

Attack on Unions.

Touching on the trade union situation, Foster declared that "the trade union movement thru the attack of the capitalist class supported by the labor misleaders is being destroyed. The socialists have united with the labor bureaucrats and are in many cases leading this reaction. The center of the struggle against the attack against the trade union movement has been the miners' union in which the Communist Party has inspired the leadership of the workers.

"The slogan 'Lewis must go' will be written in red ink in the history of the American labor movement. Our Party is not a party of mere vote-getters.

Expose Capitalism.

"We wage the political struggle in order to utilize this means to expose the capitalist system on every field."

Foster also laid special emphasis on the campaign for the rights of the Negro workers. "We will go down south," he said. "In the land of lynchings and Jim-Crowism, we will fight against lynchings and Jim-Crowism."

"The democratic party," he declared, "no less than the republican party, is the party of big business—Al Smith no less than Herbert Hoover. Nor is the socialist party any less the party of the capitalist class. The record of the socialist party has been best seen in the events that followed the world war in Europe, capitalism would have been destroyed."

Gitlow in accepting the nomination as vice-president declared:

"It is indeed a great honor to be nominated as one of the standard bearers of the Workers (Communist) Party of America. This convention brings out a note of defiance and challenge to the whole bloody capitalist class of America. We here declare to the Ohio gang which put into power the Harding and Coolidge administrations, to the pirates of Tammany Hall, that the Communist Party in the coming campaign will expose in letters of crimson the lurid record of these parties of expolitation."

Pointing to the danger of an imperialist attack against the Soviet Union, Gitlow declared:

"We understand the full meaning of events now being planned by the American imperialist government in cooperation with the imperialist governments of Europe.

"The so-called peace treaties which are now being prepared are the signals to us of the coming war. It is no accident that provision in these treaties specifically excludes the Soviet Union. The war danger involves an attack on the Soviet Union.

"The capitalist press tomorrow will say that this is a 'Red' convention. We are proud of this fact, for there is a country over which the red flag flies which has captured for the workers one-sixth of the globe. If the capitalist government of the United States persists in its refusal to recognize the government of the Soviet Union, a time will soon come when a Soviet government in the U.S. will recognize the Soviet Union."

Referring to the question of political prisoners, Gitlow pointed out that the coming campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party must be directed towards freeing these workers. "We have at this convention," Gitlow declared, "the victims and the relatives of victims beginning with Lucy Parsons—1886—and bring up to the present day when Mooney and Billings are still in prison.

"We shall not forget that Sacco and Vanzetti were murdered; we must not forget the millions of victims of unemployment; our campaign is also an industrial campaign."

In concluding, Gitlow stated:

"We declare that in the event of an attack on the Soviet Union we will defend our own true country, the Soviet Union."

Judge Upholds Tossing Coin in $15,000 Suit

CHICAGO, May 28.—Simply because a jury flipped a coin to decide a $15,000 damage suit is no reason for setting such verdict aside. At least, such is the opinion of Circuit Judge David Brothers, one of the upholders of America's world-renowned "justice." He so ruled yesterday in upholding the award of that sum to Mrs. Mary Dibbell in a suit against the Checker Cab Company.

The verdict was protested on the ground that it was determined by the flipping of a coin. Mrs. Dibbell's counsel explained that the jury stood nine to three for the $15,000 award, with the minority favoring $12,000. The coin toss was reported to have ended an eight-hour deadlock.

PICKET MILLS IN SPITE OF ARREST

To Try Strike Leaders Thursday

(Continued from page one)

despite a 10 per cent wage cut, the mill-owned city authorities are trying to prevent the T. M. C. from holding another mass meeting here.

An announcement to this effect was made yesterday by the chief of police following the arrest Saturday of the leaders of the New Bedford Mills Committee. The first mass meeting of textile workers held here last week, which had as the main speaker Albert Weisbord, the Passaic strike leader, has already resulted in the enrollment of hundreds of workers here into membership in the Textile Mills Committee, with large numbers increasing the enrollment daily.

Despite the fact that the chief of police has notified the hall owners here not to rent any meeting places to the National Textile Mills Committee, Peter Hegalias, speaking for the Fall River organization, declared that a meeting will be held regardless of whether they have a hall or not.

Not only are the mill barons fearful of the speedily developing strike sentiment, but the officialdom of the American Federation of Textile Operatives, at the head of which is a "labor leader" who is also one of the city's police commissioners, are using all the resources at their command to stem the tide of feeling for strike action.

Even among the Textile Council membership an increasingly strong movement is afoot to take another strike vote, over the heads of the administration if necessary. The council officials, at the first vote, taken when the wage cut was put into effect several months ago, announced that the strike vote was lost by several ballots short of a two-thirds majority. At that time the union membership openly charged faked vote counting.

The announcement of Peter Hegelias for the T. M. C., also states that the second Fall River meeting will be held next week.

RUSH SIGNATURE DRIVE FOR OHIO STATE ELECTION

Militant Labor Leaders on Ticket

CLEVELAND, O., May 28.—Following the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York City, enthusiastic reports of which have reached here by wire, the drive to collect 30,000 signatures to put the Party on the ballot in Ohio is being pushed with new vigor. The total of signatures has been placed at 30,000 in order to obviate any possible conflict with the state authorities.

Many In Drive.

A score of labor and fraternal associations, many of whom were represented by delegates at the National Convention, are already actively engaged in the signature collection. The societies will also organize mass meetings thruout Ohio to support the election campaign in the state financially.

The petition lists for this work are obtainable at the headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party at 2046 E. 4th St.

The State Nominating Convention of the Workers Party at Cleveland nominated a full slate. Among the workers' candidates are William Patterson, of Toledo, who will run for governor; Carl Hacker, of Cleveland, for lieutenant governor; Bruce Smith, of Toledo, for secretary of state; Sarah Vervin, of East Liverpool, for treasurer; Edwin Blank, of Lima, for attorney-general; Joseph Cooper, of Youngstown, for state auditor; Israel Amter and Joseph Wilnecker, of Toledo, for senators.

All of the candidates have militant records in the labor movement in Ohio.

Leaders on Ticket.

Outstanding leaders of the Ohio workers' struggles are on the county and district tickets, too. Frank Sepich, of Neffs, one of the courageous leaders of the Eastern-Ohio miners and John Foley, of Cleveland, spokesman of the Cleveland unemployed movement, are some of the candidates for U. S. congress; Sadie Van Veen, secretary of the Women's Progressive League and leader of many political campaigns, Milosch Boich, Cleveland, Christoph Kraven, also of Cleveland, Abraham Eleff, John Fromholz, Thomas Bradley and other prominent Communists are on the Cuyahoga county ticket for state senate and assembly.

Judge Paroles Scabs and Coal Police

(Continued from page one)

arrested took place at Coverdale last November. Three of the coal and iron police were charged with pointing firearms.

"The paroles will be as a club against us to keep us off the picket line," one of the strikers who appeared before the court confided to a representative of the National Miners' Relief Committee following the trial. "The paroles don't mean a thing to the coal and irons. They were just paroled so that the club could be used against us. And we can't protest because the judge will say that he treated everybody alike."

PAPER AIDS HORTHY LOAN PROPAGANDA

Fascist Delelgation of "Kossuth Pilgrims" Is Further Exposed

NOT many weeks ago a large delegation of Hungarian fascists appointed by Horthy, the white-terrorist regent of Hungary, toured the United States in the guise of "Kossuth pilgrims."

Their purpose was to use the unveiling here of a monument to Louis Kossuth, Hungarian patriot, as a pretext for spreading propaganda for a huge loan from Wall Street to Hungary to bolster the tottering fascist regime of Horthy, which has tortured, killed, exiled and imprisoned thousands of workers and farmers.

The Workers (Communist) Party, the International Labor Defense, the Anti-Horthy League and other working class organizations of this country exposed the purposes of the fascist delegation in New York, Washington, Pittsburgh, Cleveland and other cities visited by the delegation. The heads of the delegation denied that they were here for any other reason than to honor Kossuth, although they called either formally or informally not only on Kellogg but on President Coolidge and the mayors of cities, whose favor is always sought in floating a foreign loan.

There have been signs from time to time that the Hungarian fascist loan propaganda was at work, maintained by agents and sympathizers in this country of the Horthy regime.

A NEW example of the assistance which the Horthy fascists are receiving from nominally neutral agencies in the United States is found in a story nearly a column long in yesterday's issue of a leading New York capitalist daily paper. The story is carefully designed to stimulate interest in the loan which the Horthy regime seeks here, to enable it to carry the heavy burden of its repressive uniformed and secret police force with which it perpetuates its power. The following is the lead sentence in the story:

"Bankers who have been studying the loan situation in various parts of Europe have been giving more attention to Hungary, which is said to offer considerable promise. While Germany and some other countries of Central Europe have drawn rather heavily on the surplus capital resources of the United States, and in the case of Germany there is prospect of further financing of considerable proportion, conditions in Hungary indicate that the investor looking for new business abroad will probably find it in various Hungarian industries."

THERE follows material on current financial, industrial and agrarian history of Hungary intended to stimulate confidence in the industries and estates owned by the supporters and appointees of the Horthy government as well as in the Horthy regime itself.

Militant American workers who faced police clubs and bullets to demonstrate against the Horthy delegation, notably in New York, understood these facts at that time. Their experience showed also the similarity between the Horthy terrorist police and the police force of Tammany Hall and that of the state department at Washington.

The House of Morgan, yesterday's New York newspaper story shows, will soon be slipping the fascist regent of Hungary a few million dollars to hire still more police and build still more jails for the workers.

100,000 Miners on Strike
30,000 Textile Workers on Strike

To Save the Union; For a Victorious Strike; For the Miners' Control of Their Union; Against the Wage Cut; Against the Speed-up; Against Longer Hours

Thousands of requests are being made in every mail for The DAILY WORKER from the Striking Miners. Hundreds of requests are already coming in from the striking Textile Workers.

All expired subscriptions of strikers are still being sent even tho the strikers can not afford to renew their subscriptions.

Every day we are sending 4,000 papers to the mine strike area FREE OF CHARGE. We have begun to send The DAILY WORKER into the Textile strike area FREE OF CHARGE.

Our Resources Are Limited—We Cannot Afford It Any Longer
Help us keep up the work—Help us to increase the circulation
Help the Striking Miners—Help the Striking Textile Workers
Send to the Daily Worker a free subscription to the strikers.

Send The DAILY WORKER into the strike areas.

Thousands more WANT THE DAILY WORKER.
Thousands more LIKE THE DAILY WORKER.
Thousands more NEED THE DAILY WORKER.
Send a subscription to the Strikers.

THE DAILY WORKER
33 FIRST STREET
New York City

Enclosed find $........ to help you send the Daily Worker to the striking areas for .... months.

RATES
$6.00 12 months
$3.50 6 months
$2.00 3 months
$1.50 2 months
$1.00 1 month

Name
Address
City

FOREIGN NEWS --- BY CABLE AND MAIL FROM SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS

FASCISTS CAUSE DISORDERS IN DALMATIA TOWNS

Treaty's Unpopularity Is Widespread

PARIS, May 28.--Outbreaks against the Italian populations of a number of Dalmatian villages and cities have broken out with unusual violence, reports from Trieste state. The Italian consulate in Spalato is reported to have been stormed and the Italian flag torn down from the steamship offices at Pola. Crowds of Italians are said to have provoked the Slovene population in several smaller towns. Spalato is a Dalmatian port with a considerable Italian settlement. Pola, at the tip of the Trieste peninsula, is a former Austrian naval base.

The outbreaks are said to have taken place as a result of the widespread unpopularity of the Nettuno Treaty by which the Jugo-Slavian government guarantees special privileges to Italians living in Dalmatian villages. The government is expected to ratify the treaty within the next few weeks.

Ratification is expected to be the issue in the Jugo-Slav parliament soon when the opposition will maintain that the treaty places the Italian business men in a privileged position thruout Dalmatia. The government asserts that the floating of a loan is impossible while the tension with Italy continues.

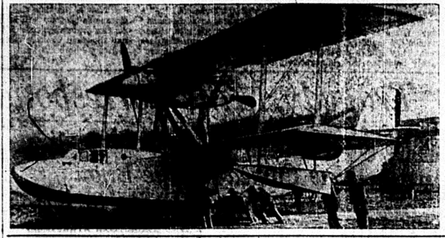
BRITISH MINERS ARE UNEMPLOYED

Mines in South Wales Fire Many

LONDON, May 28.—Unemployment is rapidly increasing thruout the British, Welsh and Scotch coal fields, according to statistics made public this week.

There are now 934,000 workers employed in the mines, 700 fewer than were employed last week. The total number of employed last year was 1,028,000, and 1,106,200 at the same time two years ago.

French Imperialism Will Hop Off Again From Brest to New York



The picture shows the flying boat, La Frigate, in which Lieutenant Paris, of the French navy will attempt to fly the Atlantic from Brest to New York. This will be the first French attempt since Coli and Nungesser disappeared. The French government is not content to have the most powerful submarine fleet in the seas but is paying special attention to flying as well.

PROTEST AGAINST CHINESE TERROR

231,000 Murdered by Kuomintang Leaders

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The League of Chinese Workers has directed an appeal to the workers of the world calling upon them to protest against the white terror in China. The appeal declares that the number of victims of the white terror already exceeds 231,000.

"The leaders of the Kuomintang are the hangmen of the Chinese people and stand in the services of the imperialists. The appeal demands moral and material assistance from the international proletariat for the fighting Chinese workers."

Cop Runs Amuck, Kills Taxi Driver, Wounds 2

An excited Tammany Hall patrolman, visualizing a citation from above and his photograph in the Graphic, shot and killed an innocent taxicab driver, shot and wounded a second and with his club struck and seriously injured a third here early yesterday after a holdup in the Actors' Inn, 31 East 7th St. The drivers were bystanders. The bandits had fled when the officer arrived. The officer is Patrolman Victor Hertz. The dead driver was Louis Nishkin, 1140 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. Isidor Temes, 3808 Church St., Brooklyn, the second driver, is in Bellevue Hospital, probably fatally wounded.

IMPERIALISTS FIGHT TO CONTROL PANAMA

American interests in Panama accuse the British of military espionage and of efforts to secure control of large territories adjacent to Panama Canal.

According to an American newspaper of Panama City, "The Panama American," a British mining syndicate, has been carrying on extensive explorations in the interior of Panama, in preparation for military operations against the Canal.

According to this newspaper, the British company, Panama Corporations, Ltd., holds concessions of 4,500 square miles in Panama, has spent millions of dollars in the past four years on extensive surveys and explorations, without producing any ore or other tangible results. The Panama Corporations, Ltd., is under the control of Duncan Elliott Alves, a former member of the British parliament.

The American newspaper says: This British territory constitutes more than one seventh of the total area of the Republic of Panama. The Alves British Panama Corporation controls eight times as much of Panama's territory as the United States occupies in the Canal Zone. . . . If the purpose of these alleged mining operations was to acquire a military knowledge of the Isthmus of Panama and the canal defenses, the damage has already been done."

The same paper accuses the British of having influenced the Panaman Parliament to reject the recently proposed treaty, enlarging American control of Panama, and with having secured the passage of laws hostile to American interests. It asserts that the British company proposes to construct a road for motor-truck transportation across the Isthmus in competition with the Canal.

MEXICO FEDERALS DEFEAT BANDITS

Rout Reactionaries in Fight on Coast

MEXICO CITY, May 28.—At least 100 reactionaries and federal troops were killed in violent fighting near Marzanillo, on the west coast, when the counter-revolutionists made an unsuccessful effort to capture the city, according to advices received here today.

The federal dead were estimated at from 25 to 30 and the losses of the reactionaries almost three times as heavy. In addition to the slain many were wounded on both sides.

There were 800 in the band that tried to seize the city.

Arrest Serb Workers

BELGRADE, (By Mail).—Reports from the interior of the country state that numerous arrests followed the attempt of the government officials to carry out the order banning all May Day demonstrations. Communists and militants were forbidden to make any speeches on May Day.

SIGMAN, BANKRUPT, OFFERS BARGAINS

Attempt to Resume Business Is Met by Workers' Offensive

(Continued from Last Issue.)

The dramatic gesture in issuing the manifesto to take in the expelled providing they pay up their dues on which they had laid so much hope, has passed without even as much as a ripple. The cliques stand fully exposed before the workers, who know that this manifesto which takes for granted that Sigman and the "Forward" are the bosses and sole rulers over the cloakmakers who must bow in submission to their orders, is but a new fake maneuver to press money from the workers to continue the pogrom and perpetuate the cliques in power.

The warning of President Green, under whose leadership the Miners' Union has been forced into a life and death struggle and the entire trade union movement reduced to a mere shell, to the effect that if the workers exercise their right to rule over their own destiny and choose leaders in whom they can place their confidence, their charter would be revoked, demonstrates that the reactionary bureaucracy feels that it has lost its hold over the workers and can only maintain itself in power by force and violence.

The final deal for the division of spoils, patched up by Hillquit, which makes room for Schlesinger and one other vice-president, may for a time appease the Schlesinger opposition and give Dubinsky, the champion of democracy, who has concluded this deal even behind the backs of his own delegates, the courage to face the members of his local, the sum total of his accomplishments being the 3-day tax on the membership and the addition of two more vice-presidents.

We can expect that in the very near future screaming headlines will appear in the "Forward" describing the enthusiasm with which the members of Local 10 accepted the report of Dubinsky. However, this deal will undoubtedly be short lived as is already indicated by the prediction of Leary of the "World," who is a good authority on matters of internal dispute within the ranks of the cliques. It is no idly prophesy to state that they will be at each others throat again.

At the first contact with the workers, on their return from the fake convention the cliques will find that the day of their domination has gone by; that if there were any workers who up till now had harbored any illusions as to the possibility of building a union with Sigman and Schlesinger, the fake convention has opened their eyes and has completely dispelled their false hopes. These workers are now looking in another direction for the solution of the problems facing the union.

To Drive Out Fakers.

While the pogrom chiefs were conspiring under closed dors to defraud and further enslave the workers, the unseated delegates representing the locals and Joint Boards of New York, Chicago, Los Angeles and other centers, as well as the delegations sent by the various groups in the union, which have been striving to bring about unity for the purpose of rebuilding our shattered organization, sat in conference earnestly deliberating on the problems confronting the workers in our industry today. One after another these workers from shops arose on the floor of the conference to relate their tale of woe and oppression both from the employers and their agents, the union bureaucrats.

These delegates sounded forth the call for unity of action to rebuild the organization, to which they had devoted the best years of their lives. There was unanimity of opinion on all the measures adopted toward raising the union from its present chaotic condition. The delegates present were actuated by one central thought, one aim—to unite the workers and begin the work of reconstruction. Toward this one goal all hearts beat in unison.

Honest Elements United

The conference considered the economic conditions in the industry as well as the question of internal administration. It was decided that as a first prerequisite for the rebuilding of our union it was necessary for all constructive elements to unite into one mighty front. It was necessary to bring about fundamental changes that would widen the foundation of the organization and draw into active participation the largest number of workers from our industry.

Accordingly, the conference decided to initiate a national movement for the organization of the shop chairman councils as permanent institutions to serve as the direct contact between the central body and the workers in the shops. It was decided to organize rank and file organization committees whose duty will be to take up the task of organizing the thousands of workers who have been forced into the open shops as a result of the pogrom. The conference clearly analyzed the causes of the present breakdown of conditions and decided that only thru a unified national organization campaign can the workers hope to re-establish the gains secured in past struggles and to forge ahead to new victories.

The conference of delegates representing the rank and file of our union elected a National Organization Committee under whose guidance and leadership the workers of our industry will take up the struggle not only against the bureaucrats, but against the bosses who are today the main support of the cliques. With the spirit of courage and determination characteristics of the fighting workers of our trade, the conference decided to make immediate preparations to put these plans for the reconstruction of our union into effect. The conference decided that the 40-hour week, the increase in wages, the unemployment insurance fund and other gains of the workers must be restored to them and that only the workers themselves thru their own organized power can enforce these gains. The conference expressed solidarity with the heroic striking miners, textile workers and all other workers who are struggling to organize and save their unions from the onslaughts of the bosses and the reactionary cliques. It issued a call to all workers to unite and organize themselves not only on the economic field, but on the political field as well. The conference took cognizance of the fact that if the needle trade workers are to fight effectively for the improvement of their conditions this cannot be done unless all the branches are united into one powerful, amalgamated union of needle trade workers.

To Fight On.

The word and sentiments uttered by the delegates at this conference found an echo in the hearts of the thousands of workers of our industry who are today slaving in the sweat-shops throughout the entire country. It was a challenge to all the forces of darkness, that regardless of the obstacles in the way, regardless of the suffering, the misery and persecutions, the workers of our industry, who in the past had distinguished themselves by their militancy both against the employers and their agents, are determined to take their destiny in their own hands. With the same spirit with which they fought and won the strike of 1910, that signalled the birth of our organization, they will go forth to the great task of rebuilding our union so that it may once more stand in the forefront of the American trade union movement and thru its militancy pave the way for a strong and powerful labor movement that will fight for the emancipation of the workers.

CLEVELAND PLANS HAYWOOD MEET

Communists to Speak On Public Square

CLEVELAND, May 28.—Memorial Day in Cleveland will be used by the workers to commemorate the memory of William D. Haywood. A mass meeting has been arranged for this purpose, to be held on the Public Square here beginning at 2:30 p. m.

Outstanding leaders of the Workers (Communist) Party of this city will address the meeting. Among these will be I. Amter, district organizer of the Party, Sadie Van Veen, Elmer Boich, John Foley, and leaders of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

DICTATOR STOPS VICE-PRESIDENCY

CARACAS, Venezuela, May 28.—The office of vice-president has been abolished in the new constitution promulgated by President Gomez.

The office was held until recently by Gomez' son, upon whom, it is alleged, pressure was brought to secure his resignation. The younger Gomez is now on a trip to Europe accompanied by his family.

Senate to Continue Its Session Indefinitely

WASHINGTON, May 28. — The senate today defeated a motion to adjourn Congress tomorrow at five p.m. The vote was 40 to 40 and vice-president Dawes broke the tie by voting against the resolution.

The action was a finger in the pie for supporters of Boulder Dam Legislation who, under the leadership of Senator Johnson of California, have demanded that the senate remain in session until a vote is granted on the Swing-Johnson bill.

30 Persons Saved When Fire Destroys House

LYNN, Mass., May 28. — More than thirty persons were rescued here today when fire burned a three-story Vine Street apartment house. Several women preparing to jump from second and third story windows were rescued by firemen with ladders.

LARGER PROFITS, MORE WORK, BUT SMALLER WAGES

New Figures Show How Speed-Up Operates

By LELAND OLDS.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—More production with fewer workers and reduced payrolls is the record of manufacture during the first quarter of 1928, according to federal reserve board figures. The board shows that the displacement of labor which has been strikingly characteristic of the years since the war is still in progress. Automatic machinery and speedups have not yet taken their full toll of American productive workers.

Factory production for the first quarter of the year exceeded the same period of 1927 by 1.2 per cent, but working forces were reduced on the average 4.7 per cent. This means that the average factory worker produced 6 per cent more in the first 3 months of 1928 than in the same months of 1927. As wages remained practically stationary the factory owners get about 6 per cent more production for each $1 of wages.

Treating production and employment in the first quarter of 1927 as 100 per cent, the figures for 1928 in the industries for which they are available are:

In iron and steel, food products, lumber products and the cement brick and glass industries production per worker this year increased 10 per cent or more over the 1st quarter of 1927. Leather production per worker was up 6.3 per cent, tobacco 4.5 per cent and paper and printing 4.4 per cent.

CHARGE FASCISTS QUASHED FACTS

Arms Shipment Finding Suppressed

PARIS, May 28. — Reports that Italian initiative caused the pigeonholing of the findings of a committee sent to investigate the shipment of arms from Italy to the Hungarian government, are being widely circulated on the Continent. While no official statement can be adduced it is understood that responsibility for the suppression did not originate in Budapest.

The report is of the investigating committee to go before the League council in June. The suppressed report was to have come up for consideration in March.

Considerable stir was created in Central Europe several months ago when a shipment of arms, labeled agricultural instruments, was discovered on the Austro-Hungarian frontier, 400 miles off the route of shipment. The arms had been sent from Verona, Italy, and were alleged to have been captured from the Austrians during the war. They were destined for the Horthy regime in Hungary, it is charged.

Fear Salvador Famine

SAN SALVADOR, May 28.—Strenuous measures are being taken here to combat the plague of locusts which threatens to devour the better part of the crops thruout the country. Heavy damage was already been done by the insects on many plantations and a famine is feared if the pest is not curbed within a few weeks.

War Lord's Diplomat

Suome Tscheng, shown in the picture, has been selected by Chiang Kai Shek to represent the Nanking government in France. She will try to establish friendly relations with the French imperialists.

4 Communists Face Death to Flee Hell Hole

The distance of 800 miles of the stormy stretch of the Pacific Ocean between the Masafuera Islands and the Chilean mainland was braved in an open rowboat by four Communists who preferrd to risk death than to remain in that hell to which the Spanish dictator, Ibanez, has sent about 300 Communists and other militant workers.

The four used for their escape a boat which capsized and was shattered on the rocks of the islands when a party of gendarmes rowing toward the island from a transport ship were drowned. The four Communists repaired the boat and ventured out into the open sea without sufficient provisions and with no knowledge of navigation. Nothing has been heard of them since.

VARE, MELLON IN ELECTION FRAUD

Two Machines in Vote Stealing Role

WASHINGTON, May 28. — The Vare machine in Philadelphia and the Mellon machine in Pittsburgh were guilty of "cheating and vote stealing" at every election in Pennsylvania since 1922, former Governor Gifford Pinchot testified today at a hearing by the senate elections committee on the contest of William B. Wilson, (D) to unseat Senator-elect William S. Vare (R) of Pennsylvania.

Pinchot said his charges of fraud were based on what he was told by election officials, what he read in newspapers and "my general knowledge of election conditions in Pennsylvania." His testimony frequently provoked arguments between Roland B. Mahaney, counsel for Wilson, and Francis Shunk Brown, Vare attorney. Scores of objections, raised by Brown, were sustained by the committee.

PROTEST THRUOUT SOVIET UNION TO RESCUE BELA KUN

Mass Meetings to Fight Against Extradition

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—In all the factories of Leningrad dinnertime meetings were held to protest against the danger of extradition hanging over Bela Kun. The resolutions which were adopted demanded energetically the release of comrade Bela Kun.

In Kiev and other places in the Donetz Basin mass meetings of the workers have taken place against the arrest and the possible extradition of Bela Kun. A great meeting of the Hungarian workers living in Moscow was held and protested against the arrest of Bela Kun. The meeting appealed to the world proletariat to use all its forces to secure the release of the leader of the Hungarian revolution.

The meeting sent a telegram of protest to the Austrian government. The Executive Bureau of the Red International of Labor Unions has addressed an appeal to the workers of all countries calling upon them to organize a protest action of solidarity against the danger of extradition hanging over comrade Bela Kun.

Try 12 As Communists

BELGRADE, May 28.—The trial of twelve young workers, charged with belonging to the illegal Communist Youth movement, has begun here. The twelve workers have been jailed for several months since their arrest and their relatives have been forbidden to bring them food.

Austrian Trade Union Membership on Increase

VIENNA, May 28 (FP).—Trade union membership is again on the increase in Austria, after years of post-war depression, during which the total membership reported to the national trade union center has alarmingly fallen off. In 1920 the full-paying membership was reported at 777,000; in 1921 it was only 641,000; in 1922 it rose to 850,000, and in 1926 it had fallen again to 595,000. Last year it was 603,000, and now it is probably near 640,000.

Arrest 4 Communists

KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia, May 28.—Four more Communists have been arrested at Dorpat following a reign of official terror there. Two of those arrested are university students. The arrested workers are accused of carrying on propaganda among the land workers.

TORTURE SERB LEADER

BELGRADE, May 28.—Serbian police have arrested the militant leader Kegedis as he was returning from a meeting in the town of Jire. The police twisted a rope around the prisoner's neck until blood spurted from his nose and ears.

Songs of the Revolution

"... Then sing a rebel song, as we proudly sweep along ..."

A compilation of revolutionary songs, including recently translated German, French and Russian hymns of Labor.

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What I Saw in China

by TOM MANN

For the past three years the Chinese masses have been struggling for freedom from the clutches of Imperialism.

Everyone nowadays is either talking or writing China.

Tom Mann, "grand old man" of the British labor movement, contributes his observations after a stay of six months in China with the International Workers Delegation.

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FOREMEN SPIT IN EAGLE PENCIL SLAVES' FACES; LEAD US, IS DEMAND OF THE WORKERS

(*By a Worker Correspondent*)

I am an employee of the Eagle Pencil Co. and have been for quite some time. Not long ago you carried on a campaign even to issuing of a shop paper. I understand this was done on the initiative of the Young Workers League. Even tho the campaign was carried on with special attention to the youth, the general agitation was such that elderly workers were equally affected. I can safely say in some cases elderly workers were more stirred than the youth.

I am writing you in the hope that you will again carry the great vision—"Workers of the world, unite"—to the Eagle Pencil Co. The Eagle factory is an old establishment.

The conditions under which we labor are unsatisfactory that there is always a grumble in our hearts. The premises are old and stinking. The ventilation is poor, in summer time it is unbearable. Ask the men in the rubber department. It is a common thing for men and women to faint away at their jobs.

And the wages—but what wages! Many of us abstain from cigarettes so that we can manage the week. Family men receive as little as 18 dollars for a week's work. A 50-hour week! Not long ago we received a wage cut. Since we are so totally unorganized, so completely in a blind alley, what else could we do but accept? I have seen men cry as they accepted the cut.

We are suppressed and terrorized and bullied in a thousand ways. Often at the slightest provocation we lose our jobs. The foremen are insulting and provocative to the most surprising degree. They spit in our faces but we are unorganized and must meekly bend the back, figuratively speaking. I say that some day they will overdo their oppression and a spontaneous strike will be the outcome. I say, let but a spark be applied and a gigantic conflagration will result. One hundred per cent will we march on the picket line.

Now is the time for you to begin your work. Win our confidence so that we will know upon whom to depend, upon whom we can always depend. I write to you in the name of the other two thousand wrokers whom you cannot desert. Sure as we eat to live we hate our boss.

—G.

Organization Is Bitter Lesson of Mather Tragedy, Mine Correspondent Writes

COAL COMPANY NEGLECT BLAMED FOR DISASTER

Cossacks Control All Approach to Scene

(*By a Worker Correspondent.*)

MATHER, Pa., (By Mail).—I started from Pittsburgh to visit the Mather mine disaster and observe personally the conditions there after the explosion that trapped nearly 300 miners working under the open-shop system of the Mather Collieries Co. of Cleveland, Ohio.

I got to Fredrickstown and there I met two striking miners and they took me to the mine in a car. When we got near the company's property we met two state police and they asked us if we had a pass to go in. I answered that we had no pass but I had relatives in there. In reply they told us to leave the automobile there and proceed on foot. So we did.

We walked about 10 minutes and came to a bridge. There we met other state troopers and coal and iron police. I approached one of them and I told him that I came a long way to see about one of my dear friends who had worked in the Mather mine for a long time. I gave him the name. The police said that nobody could go in without a pass. It was impossible to convince them.

We turned back and planned to go across the ten mile creek and try to get in through the railroad. On our way back we met a miner from Fredrickstown who had worked in the Mather mine, and he escaped death because he got drunk the night before the horrible disaster occurred. He recognized me because I spoke in a few meetings in Fredrickstown for the heroic miners' strike that has been going on bitterly for the last 14 months. He approached me and asked what was I doing around there. I told him that I tried to go into the camp but it was impossible.

"Well," said he, "come with me." So we all jumped on the car and tried a second time. We reached the bridge again. When we got there he showed the cossacks his working card and we passed.

In the Camp.

We are in the camp. It appears to me a military camp. Everywhere you go you see coal and iron police, with the criminal look, state troopers, with brutal faces, soldiers, red cross and even the "starvation army." There is an army of priests of different nationalities to calm and "comfort" the afflicted families. A real army camp, with all the agents, the defenders of the capitalist class.

They are all there to protect and defend the interests of the company and the master class in general. The priests are there to tell the people, in the name of "god," that this explosion was not because of criminal negligence on the part of the company, but the "devil" caused it.

The Steel Shaft.

We walked toward the shaft, but a state cossack pushed us back. I tried to go into the hall transformed into a morgue. But there was no admission for those who have no pass. The hall is the place were many miners celebrated many marriages and today is transformed into a dead house.

Horrible Scene.

The scene is horrible. Every place you see men and women, children and old people crying. They stay there for hours and wait patiently for their dead husbands, relatives or friends. Everyone asks the other if he has anyone trapped by the infernal explosion.

A casket was laid on the front of the hall steps with a dead body inside. A miner named Roby from Uniontown, Fayette county, Pa. On the top of the casket was a bag with his tools in it. It was unbearable, horrible.

Speed-up System.

The speed-up system in this mine and in all scab mines is used to a large extent. The company has tried to lay the blame on the scab machine man. But the facts are that due to the acceleration of production, the protective system is neglected by the company.

Due to these conditions there is no doubt that the explosion was caused by the speed-up system that violates all the protection laws.

The accumulation of excess gas is due to the defective ventilation system.

The payroll of the company shows from 700 to 750 miners employed. When the explosion occurred it was at the time of changing the two shifts.

All Improvements.

The capitalist press talks so much about this "pretty" and "modern" village of Mather mine, so I was curious and I visited all the houses I could. The only improvement that I saw is the electricity and cold water supply, no washtub, no bathroom, no toilet no hot water supply, etc.

In the camp you find a few churches to keep down the people. Also there is a movie, a company doctor, who refuses to visit the patients in case of strike, etc. There is also a company store. I asked a miner what prices the company charges for food. He told me that the prices are much beyond the private stores outside the company property. A bag of flour that you can buy for $1.20 in a private store in the company store costs $1.95.

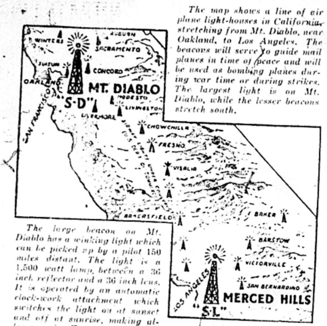
The capitalist newspapers never mention these facts of highway robbery that every company store practices against the miners.

The only weapon that can compel the operators to institute an effective protective system for the lives of the coal diggers is a powerful organization of all the miners in the United States. The non-union miners, if they want to prevent and eliminate more explosions, and improve their working conditions, their wages, etc., must realize the importance of having a union.

The non-union miners must rally around the Save-the-Union movement.

—JOSEPH MAGLIACANO.

Lights Which Will Guide Mail Planes, Bombers



The map shows a line of air plane light-houses in California stretching from Mt. Diablo, near Oakland, to Los Angeles. The beacons will serve to guide mail planes in time of peace and will be used as bombing planes during war time or during strikes. The largest light is on Mt. Diablo, while the lesser beacons stretch south.

The large beacon on Mt. Diablo has a winking light which can be picked up by a pilot 150 miles distant. The light is a 1,500 watt lamp, between a 36 inch reflector and a 36 inch lens. It is operated by an automatic clock-work attachment which switches the light on at sunset and off at sunrise, making allowance for seasonal variations.

EXPLOITED FARMERS AND THE ELECTIONS

By ALFRED KNUTSON.

It can be said today that the Communist Parties of the world under the leadership of the Communist International, are the only truly working class parties and the only organizations that are fighting on the side of the farmers and workers as a class. This is really one of the most outstanding characteristics of the present political period.

Take a look at Europe. In Germany and France the social democratic leaders, who participate in the governments of these countries, the Brauns and the Briands, have completely forgotten the working class and fight on the side of the capitalists. These so-called "benefactors of mankind" have become the worst enemies, the worst persecutors of the farmers and workers.

Glance at the situation in England. Tho MacDonalds, the Snowdens, the Hendersons and Thomases, are mere tools of the capitalist class. They are known as working class leaders but they mislead the farmers and workers at every turn of the road. They are for world capitalist imperialism and against the farmers' and workers' world organization—the Communist International.

In China the Kuomintang, led by the Chiang Kai-sheks, betrayed the farmers and workers of China, and this organization is now hand-in-glove with the imperialists and the native capitalist class. The one party in China that is leading the farmers and workers for the attainment of a better standard of life is the Communist Party, affiliated with the Communist International.

This is true all over the world—in some 50 countries where Communist Parties are organized. Here in America it is especially becoming more and more evident that all capitalist parties, middle class parties, "progressive" parties and the socialist party, are merely instruments for perpetuating the rule of the exploiters. They don't want to fight for the interests of the farmers and workers. The socialist party, supposedly a workers' organization, has even gone so far as to eliminate from its party pledge the idea of the class struggle altogether.

It is therefore of great importance that the one Party in the United States that is holding aloft the banner of the class struggle has decided to participate actively in the coming election. I refer to our Party, the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

On the questions of unemployment, the miners' struggle, the agricultural crisis, Nicaragua and China, the Soviet Union, it is the one Party that speaks straight out, gives the unvarnished facts and bases its analysis upon the fundamental interests of the farmers and workers. All other parties are either openly espousing the capitalist cause or else they are pussyfooting and very timidly speaking for the workers' interests—tactics and methods of struggle which can only play directly into the hands of the capitalists.

This is illustrated quite plainly in the agricultural situation. We have numerous farm organizations like the Farm Bureau and the Farmers' Union, farm organizations so-called, but which are simply adjuncts to the capitalist system and in every political campaign they line up with the capitalist political parties. They mislead the farmers by making them believe that the farmers will be helped by electing republicans and democrats.

The "progressives" in congress, who hail from the great west, the principal farming region of the country, are "strong" for farm relief but not for the exploited farmers and are very much afraid to fight the robbers who are responsible for the farmers' plight. These politicians are good go-betweens for the well-to-do farmers and banks and grain combine and the Wall Street capitalists. They hold the farmers in line so they won't rebel.

The political issues that must be raised now in the farming section is not the McNary-Haugen bill, which is merely a capitalist maneuver to appease the capitalist, but such basic issues as land for the users, nationalization for the marketing system, a farmers' credit system, a political and economic alliance between the farmers and the city workers and a workers' and farmers' government.

Only one political party in the country stands for these things and that is the Workers Party. The Farmers' Union, the Farm Bureau and the "progressives," and the socialist party are against this program. They merely fight for capitalist remedies which are useless to the farmer, being only temporary measures, and in the end meaningless and of no real value.

The farmers of America will find in this political campaign that the Communist Party is the one Party that is strictly for the exploited farmer and at all times can be depended upon to stand with them in their fight against the banks and the grain and cotton thieves.

We expect, and rightly so, that the Communist Party in the present political campaign will train its guns particularly against the pseudo-progressive element and establish itself securely as the Party which is championing the cause of the millions of landless farmers and farm workers in the farming west and other sections of the country.

This is a big job but the Party will do it. In the 1928 political campaign we can make a good start. Let's make the most of the situation and dive into the campaign with the greatest energy and enthusiasm.

SCHOOLS ORDER CHILDREN NOT TO MASS PICKET

Principal Fights Save Union Committee

(*By a Worker Correspondent*)

WHEELING, W. Va., (By Mail).—Our public schools, supposedly a place where our children are taught and trained to fight lifes' battles and struggles, but actually the breeding place of obedient wage slaves, have come out openly in the present struggle of the striking miners to aid the coal barons.

This was evident when Prof. Albert F. Meeks, principal of the Lansing public schools ordered the miners' children from a "Save-the-Union" meeting recently, and threatened them with punishment if they would not obey. "Those god damned—those damned agitators are telling lies." Thus the teacher of morality and decency continued to rave and use obscene language in the presence of small school children. The miners' children are forbidden to attend the meetings of their parents who are on strike and listen to the truth but are forced by threats to listen to the clever propaganda of the schools and obscene language used by the instructors.

The children of various schools report that they are instructed to go home immediately from school and not to go to the picket lines. The miners' children, however, understand that they can help in this struggle and they are doing their utmost. The children know that by winning the strike they will get wholesome food and better clothing. They understand why they are forced to live in such miserable conditions and why their parents cannot give them good food and better clothing.

During this bitter struggle of the miners for better working conditions and a decent living standard the eyes of the youth have opened and they are beginning to see the true condition of affairs and understand the scheme of things in present society. No longer do they believe the well-known stories of opportunities; of freedom and equality; of patriotism and heroism. They see that their heroes, the state guardsmen and police, are used to shoot down their fathers and brothers and to beat up defenseless women and children. Instead of freedom and equality they see peaceful meetings of their parents broken up and speakers arrested.

The youth have been taught many valuable lessons during the coal strike. They now realize that there is a class struggle in America. It has also showed them that society is divided into two large antagonistic groups which during an industrial dispute clearly show themselves to be two distinct groups, one the oppressor, the other the oppressed. The children themselves are a living refutation to the lies of "prosperous" America. It has also taught them that the strength of the workers is in organization and mass action.

Young workers, unite! Do not be fooled by the schools and the press. Fight against military training in the schools and the glorification of war. Fight against the exploitation of young workers in industry. Organize and unite!

—"IKE."

DRAMA

New Comedy at the Bijou Theatre Fails to Click

AN UNIMPORTANT comedy called "Skidding," written by Aurania Rouverol, is now playing at the Bijou Theatre. Announced as the winner of a drama league contest in Pasadena, Cal., its amateurish background is constantly displaying itself so the audience can never seem to realize that they are viewing a legitimate production. While the cast is quite capable and the direction of more than ordinary ability, the production just does not click.

The plot is the major weakness of the play. Concerning questions which for the most part were burning issues a decade ago, the play at the very outset prejudices the audience by the age of its theme. It tells of a girl who had to choose between married life, which according to the prospective husband, means staying home and taking care of the home, or on the other hand, participating in politics.

The play also tells how the family of the girl who happens to live in Idaho, have difficulty in keeping the home fires burning. In other words, to prevent skidding, thereby giving rise to the title. The play points out how the daughter comes home from post-graduate work in political science with a desire to participate in politics, while her father is a local politician and republican party candidate for judge running for re-election. The rest of the family consists of two married sisters, chafing under the yoke of wedlock and various other assorted relatives who all have their complaints to add to the general discord.

The cast includes Walter Abel, Burr Caruth, Marguerite Churchill, Clara Blandick and Louise Carter, who for the most part give capable performances.

The play is produced by Hyman Adler and Marion Gering. It is rumored that Miss Gering, who is responsible for the staging, was at one time connected with the Meyerhold Theatre in the Soviet Union. If so, she evidently forgot a great deal since she arrived in this country.

—S. A. P.

CONSTANCE CARPENTER

In the cast of "A Connecticut Yankee" at the Vanderbilt Theatre. The musical version of Mark Twain's famous tale has just celebrated its seventh month.

Crane Wilbur, who writes, acts and directs, will have two plays produced early in the new season. He is the author of "The Song Writer" and co-author with H. H. Van Loan of "Romance Inc.," which is scheduled for presentation by Horace Liveright and Crosby Gaige.

The Lenox Hill Players have leased the Cherry Lane Theatre for the coming season, where the New Playwrights held forth. This is their twelfth active year of play production, and they plan this to be an all-American season of plays by native playwrights exclusively.

APRIL STEEL ORDERS LOW.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 28.—New orders of fabricated structural steel in April, as reported to the department of commerce by the principal manufacturers, were only 63 per cent of capacity, based on total orders of 186,024 tons reported by fabricators with a capacity of 293,750 tons per month, as against March orders of 69 per cent of capacity.

Wisconsin Child Labor In Many Mishaps in 1927

MILWAUKEE, May 28.—In Wisconsin employers are required to pay double or triple compensation to children injured while illegally employed, according to the nature of the violation of the law involved. In 1927 extra compensation payments ranged from less than $20 to nearly $5,800, and the aggregate amount of such compensation payments ranged from compensation under claim cases settled during the year was more than $16,000, indicating that the law is not being enforced very vigorously.

POLICE STOLE MEXICANS' PAY IN LOS ANGELES

Workers Were Relieved Of Wages

(*By a Worker Correspondent*)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail).—A car, in which four Mexican workers were riding, was stopped by two uniformed officers at Macy and Main Streets recently. Enastacio Ramirez charges he was searched and his billfold taken away from him and when it was returned it was minus a $20 bill. Two others were also "relieved" of smaller sums, it was reported to police.

The two officers admitted they stopped the men and searched them, but denied taking their hard-earned cash.

The officers were "searched," but no money was found. So they were restored to duty pending a "complete" investigation by the red-baiting chief of detectives, Herman Cline.

The three other victims were: T. Perez, Theodore Schavez and Ramiudo De Leon.

El Heraldo, the most liberal of the three Mexican dailies here, is making a very big thing out of this alleged robbery by members of the "law and order gang," an outfit which has been in the habit of giving police protection to high class crooks for years, according to the L. A. Ill. Daily News.

The new city hall was dedicated on April 26, 1928. Mayor Cryer said in his dedication speech that there was no graft of any kind in this city. Today, however, nobody is trying to deny that it is here. And it is here to stay until the capitalist system is overthrown.

—L. P. RINDAL.

SINGER'S SON ACCUSED.

LOS ANGELES, May 28.—Henry Schumann-Heink, San Diego investment broker and son of Madame Ernestine Schumann-Heink, noted opera singer, is charged with grand theft in a complaint issued here. He was accused of appropriating for his own use stocks and securities belonging to Mrs. Margaret Dobson, a client.

HAIR CUT 15 CENTS.

CHICAGO, May 28.—Beginning with the close of school June 25, all Chicago union barber shops will cut children's hair for 15c except Saturdays. The old price was 40c.

AMUSEMENTS

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play,
Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

Last Week—Extra Mat. Wed.
Eugene O'Neill's
Marco Millions
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
Week of June 4: "Volpone"

PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St.
Mats. WED. & SAT.

KEITH-ALBEE
CAMEO
42nd ST & B'WAY
WIS 1789
"YOUTH ASTRAY"
Powerful, Gripping
Drama of Modern Generation.

BOOTH Thea., W. 45 St. Evs. 8:3
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE GRAND ST. FOLLIES
OF 1928

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL | Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

UNITY CAMP
PROLETARIAN CO-OPERATIVE
SUMMER HOME
Opens Decoration Day
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BOSTON REPORTS SHOW JOB CRISIS CHRONIC IN U. S.

Employment Average is Down 20%

By LELAND OLDS.

BOSTON, (FP) May 28.—A slight decline in manufacturing in April is announced by the Massachusetts department of labor. It records a drop of 2 per cent in employment and of 4.2 per cent in wages compared with the preceding month. Here is evidence that the steady down, down, down of the employment curve in Massachusetts has hardened the statisticians in the state house. They are apparently so used to recording declines that nothing less than a complete shutdown of industry would shock them.

Unemployment Chronic.

Employment in Massachusetts factories has fallen 10 per cent since April 1927. It is about 20 per cent under the average for the 5 years 1919-23. This means that wide-spread unemployment prevailing a year ago has grown far more serious.

Only 2 of the 20 leading industries in the state have resisted the downward trend. These are jewelry and rubber footwear. All the rest show fewer employes this April than a year ago. The sharpest decline is a drop of 28.7 per cent in workers in the manufacture of textile machinery. This industry is employing just half as many workers as in the years 1919-23.

Spindle Hours Fall

Declines in employment compared with April 1927 in other leading industries were cotton goods 17.6 per cent, foundies and machine shops 15.1 per cent, rubber goods including tries and tubes 14 per cent, boots and shoes 13.4 per cent, woolen goods 12.5 per cent, hosiery and knit goods 11.3 per cent, clothing 7.8 per cent.

The situation in the cotton mills is also reflected in the report of the U. S. department of commerce. The 9,686,946 spindles in Massachusetts mills averaged only 114 hours in April compared with 278 hours for North Carolina, 301 for South Carolina and an average of 206 hours for the country as a whole.

SUPERIOR AIDS MINERS' RELIEF

Cooperatives of Workers and Farmers Help

By JACK OBLAN.

SUPERIOR, Wisc., May 28.—The splendid response of all working-class elements to the heroic unequal miners' struggle is reflected in the splendid work done by the Striking Miners Relief Conference of Superior, Wisconsin.

Superior is a semi-farming city, situated at the most western point of Lake Superior. It has a population of 40,000 and occupies an area of 42 square miles.

Co-operative Center.

Superior is the center of the most highly developed consumers' co-operative organization in America. The Co-operative Central Exchange with its 14,000 members is organized as a co-operative wholesale society, having done last year a business of over $1,250,000. It is composed entirely of workers and poor farmers.

The workers here are fairly well organized for a town of this size and with the general backwardness in its development in the U. S. The backbone of the local movement are the splendidly organized Finnish workers.

The workers in this city took a lively interest in the heroic miners' struggle.

American Imperialism Cutting Wider Swath

WASHINGTON, May 28. — The average value of American foreign trade with the Central American countries, Honduras, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Panama and San Salvador, for the five years 1910-1914, was $54,938,000, and in 1926 it was $123,024,000—that is, it had a little more than doubled. Exports to these countries averaged $37,569,000 for the five-year period 1910-1914, and were in 1926 $75,051,000.

The holdings of Americans in these countries increased in value from $41,000,000 in 1912 to $209,000,000 this year, an increase of more than five-fold.

The average value of our trade with Mexico for the five-year period from 1910 was $123,570,000, and in 1926 it was $304,300,000. In 1912 the value of Americans' holdings in Mexico was $800,000,000, and this year it is $1,-288,000,000 an increase of 61 per cent.

Political Prisoners

PARIS, May 28.—The authorities of the Sante prison have announced that the political prisoners will no longer be permitted to receive visits from their friends. Even the nearest relatives of the prisoners will be carefully selected. Only those who are not suspected of being Communists will be allowed within the prison.

Lost in Arctic Ice Fields Pope's Blessing Seems Wasted

The dirigible Italia, shown in the picture, is reported to be lost in the ice wastes north of Siberia. The airship is believed to be off Lenin Land. The Italia carried a crew of fascist imperialists, under General Umberto Nobile, to the North Pole where they dropped a cross especially blessed by the pope, directly on top of the earth.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Pittsburgh Haywood Meet.

PITTSBURGH.—The Pittsburgh Section of the Workers (Communist) Party has arranged a William D. Haywood meeting to be held June 2, at 8 P. M. at the International Socialist Lyceum, 805 James St.

• • •

Cleveland Housewarming.

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—A housewarming party will be held here, together with a musical, dramatic, and dance program, at the headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, 2046 East 4th St on the evening of May 29. A farce, recalling the recent peace conference, will be enacted.

• • •

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

• • •

Chicago Attention!

The Chicago North Side Committee for Striking Miners' Relief has arranged a concert and dance with the co-operation of several labor organizations for June 2, 8 P. M. at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St.

• • •

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St, in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

• • •

Chicago Russian Workers.

CHICAGO.—The White Russian Society will hold a meeting May 31 in the Shoenhofer Hall, Milwaukee and Ashland Aves., at 8 P. M.

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

District 15—Y. W. L. Anniversary.

The sixth anniversary of the existence of the Young Workers' Communist League will be celebrated in District 15 in the following halls and on the following dates:

Hartford—2003 Main St., June 2.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

• • •

Cleveland House-Warming.

CLEVELAND.—The Cleveland local of the Workers (Communist) Party will celebrate the opening of their new headquarters at 2046 E. 4th St., with an entertainment and general get-together on Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m.

Chicago Labor Picnic.

CHICAGO. — The Chicago section, Trade Union Educational League, will hold a picnic May 30 at Viall's Grove.

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Baltimore, Md., June 1; Washington, D. C., June 2; Richmond, Va., June 3; Norfolk, Va., June 4; Wilmington, Del., June 5; Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

• • •

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Wednesday, May 30, Springfield, Mass., Liberty Hall, 592 Dwight St.

Thursday, May 31, Providence, R. I., A. C. A. Hall, 1753 Westminster St.

Friday, June 1, Boston, Paine Memorial.

Saturday, June 2, Peabody, Mass., Finnish Hall, 67 Freemont St.

Sunday, June 3, Allston (Boston), Mass., 521 Cambridge St.

Monday, June 4, Haverhill, Mass.

Tuesday, June 5, Stamford, Conn.

Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.

Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.

Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.

Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.

Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.

Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.

Sunday, June 17, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

Sioux City Pioneers Present Three Plays

SIOUX CITY, Iowa.—May 28.—The John Reed Young Pioneer Club of this city presented several one-act plays in the Jewish Community Center before an audience composed of party, league, and pioneer members. Two of the playlets were original pieces and the other was based on the story "Why" which appeared in "Fairy Tales For Workers' Children" by Herminia Zur Muhlen.

After the meeting, all those who had attended went to the Party Members' House, where Al Shaap, who is making a coast to coast lecture tour, spoke on the life of William Haywood.

Boy Thought Entombed

Convinced that his only child, Charles Killingsworth, lies buried under tons of rock in the new Washington Heights excavation, as the result of a cave-in Thursday night in the cut in St. Nicholas Ave., John W. Killingsworth said yesterday that he intended to sue the city for damages.

COOLIDGE GETS SHOALS BILL

WASHINGTON, May 28. (FP).—The senate and house have adopted the conference report on the Muscle Shoals bill and sent that public-ownership measure to President Coolidge for his anticipated veto. In the senate an all-night filibuster had been waged against permitting a final roll-call on the bill.

Pioneers of Cleveland to Hold Joint Picnic

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 28.—The Pioneer groups of Cleveland will hold a joint picnic Wednesday, May 30, at Lakelands, 14711 Lakeshore Boulevard, beginning at noon. An interesting program of games, races, and other sports has been arranged.

The Pioneers are to meet at their own halls and go to the picnic as a body. All Pioneers are to bring lunch and carfare.

CANADIAN AUTO OUTPUT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 28.—April production of automobiles in Canada, as reported to the department of commerce by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, was as follows: Passenger cars, 20,546, trucks, 3,694, as compared with production in March of 7,478 passenger cars and 2,246 trucks, and production in April, 1927, of 20,890 passenger cars and 3,721 trucks.

AUTOMOBILE PRODUCTION.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 28.—April production (factory sales) of motor vehicles in the United States, as reported to the department of commerce, was 409,948, of which 364,877 were passenger cars and 45,071 were trucks, as compared with 413,379 passenger cars and trucks in March and 404,759 in April, 1927.

Are you a
"DAILY WORKER"
worker daily?

JUNE NUMBER of the
COMMUNIST
Contents:
A Programme of Action for America—*by John Pepper.*
The Labor Movement in America—*by Frederick Engels.*
The Mining Crisis Deepens—*by Wm. Z. Foster.*
The Economics of American Agriculture—*Richman.*
The Youth Movement and Six Years of the Young Workers League—*by Herbert Zam.*
De Leonism and Communism—*by Karl Reeve.*
BOOK REVIEWS.
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
39 E. 125th STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

TRUST IS FACING FINANCE EXPOSE

But There Are Millions In Trust Lobby Fund

WASHINGTON, May 28 (FP). — While the federal trade commission proceeds with its hesitant exposure of the power trust's efforts to stamp out all discussion of public ownership of utilities in the United States, question has been raised as to when the financial structure of the power companies and their holding companies is to be probed.

Within the next month the workers will realize that there must be some very strong reason for the anxiety shown by the utility magnates that the capitalist press, schools and libraries should be prejudiced against public competition with their game. That reason will be found in the tax laid upon the public in the form of excessive rates. Back of these extortionate rates is a mass of juggled bonds and watered stocks.

The "water" in public utility stocks is said to have reached a total of $2,-000,000,000 about a year ago. Electricity costs twice as much in the United States as in Ontario. The explanation floats on a sea of water pumped into stocks by promoters.

SUSPEND HARVARD STUDENTS.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 28. — Five Harvard students, taken in a raid with five girls on the Harvard "Gold Coast" recently, have been suspended from the college for the remainder of the college year.

CHICAGO HOLDS MEET TO DEMAND RELEASE OF KUN

Resolution Drawn Up and Passed

CHICAGO, Ill., May 28.—At a meeting held in Northwest Hall here, to protest against the extradition of Bela Kun to Hungary, where he faces certain death, the following resolution was drawn up and passed unanimously:

"Whereas, the arrest of Bela Kun, valiant fighter for the working class, by the Seipel government of Austria constitutes a violation of the right of political asylum, and

"Whereas, the proposal to extradite him to Hungary where he was formerly head of the Hungarian Soviet government, signifies certain death for him at the hands of the present Horthy murder régime in Hungary, be it

"Resolved, that we workers of Chicago in mass meeting assembled at Northwest Hall on May 25, 1928, call upon the Austrian government to release Bela Kun unconditionally, and be it further

"Resolved, that copies of this resolution be sent to the Austrian diplomatic representative in Washington, D. C., and to the general press."

TEACHERS LOSE IN SEATTLE COURTS

SEATTLE, (FP) May 28.—Though the court would not make permanent the union high school teachers' temporary injunction against the school board, the board has agreed not to enforce its yellow dog contract until the issue has been decided in the Washington state supreme court.

Local 200 of the American Federation of Teachers has wide labor and popular support, but the board has the backing of the Seattle chamber of commerce. The high school union which was only recently organized, now has almost 700 members.

One school board member has stated that the board can and will fire any teacher it pleases on any ground. The stage is set for a desperate battle involving the right of teachers to belong to professional organizations of their own choice.

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June issue practically sold out on New York newsstands two days after being out—don't be one of those who run around the city trying to catch a copy.
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Little Change Reported In Skilled Job Shortage

WASHINGTON, May 28 (FP). — Unemployment among trade union members in 24 cities in the United States fell from an average of 18 percent in March to 16 percent in April, according to reports made to the American Federation of Labor from its representatives in these cities.

These figures take no account of unemployment among men and women who are not trade union members. Non-union workers have a poorer chance of employment than trade unionists.

SEEK TO GAIN NITRATE LINE

BUENOS AYRES, May 28.—Offers have been made the Bolivian government by an American firm, operating chiefly in the Argentine, to purchase the Arica-La Paz Railroad for $20,-000,000, according to reports from La Paz. The Bolivian section of this line was recently turned over to Bolivia by the Chilean government.

The line, on the Chilean end, taps the important nitrate regions and is regarded as a strategic capture for the American interests.

Fascists Ask Rumanian Newspaper Suppressed

VIENNA, May 28.—Premier Mussolini has sent a demand to the Rumanian government ordering that the newspaper Adeverul be suppressed, because this paper has taken an anti-fascist attitude. The Rumanian government has intimated that it is unable to carry out this demand owing to the lack of a suitable legal apparatus.

158 MORE JOIN INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE

St. Clairsville Miners Become Members

LANSING, Ohio, May 28. — At a mass meeting held recently under the auspices of the International Labor Defense here, which was addressed by Carl Hacker, Cleveland district organizer of I. L. D., one hundred and fifty-eight miners, women and other workers joined the organization.

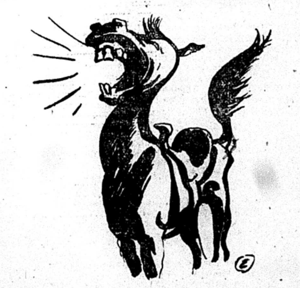
A few weeks ago, when 51 women were detained in the St. Clairsville jail for three days and nights, Hacker went there for the purpose of finding out why they were being held, especially since they had done nothing more than protest against the arrests of three of the leaders of the Save-the-Union Committee. Hacker was ordered to leave the county with the threat that if he ever came back he would immediately be arrested.

The meeting which was organized under the auspices of International Labor Defense with Hacker as the speaker, was a very enthusiastic one, and neither the sheriff nor any of his aids were present. A meeting is being planned for St. Clairsville in the very near future.

Workers Will Face Machine Guns Now

TOLEDO, O., May 28.—In addition to the usual police clubs, workers in demonstrations or strikes will now have to face machine guns as a result of a decision of the city council to purchase 10 machine guns and 16 bullet-proof vests for the police force.

BOSTON
TRUCK PARTY
Sunday, June 10, 1928
To Silver Lake, Mass.
Arranged by DAILY WORKER
BUILDERS CLUB
Good Time *Refreshments*
Trucks leave 38 Causeway Street, Boston and New International Hall, 42 Wenonah Street, Roxbury, at 10 o'clock sharp.
Ticket One Dollar.



Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new
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John Lewis and John Rockefeller

Under the caption, "The Cure for Coal," the New York Sunday News publishes the following editorial:

> "John D. Rockefeller jr.'s Consolidated Coal company decides to close ten of its mines in Pennsylvania and West Virginia.
>
> "The action results from a tip said to have been handed the soft coal industry two years ago by John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America.
>
> "Its object is to begin the process of shrinking production to fit demand, which alone can halt strikes, riots and shutdowns in the soft coal industry.
>
> "The cure is a painful one. No one but will sympathize with the workers and employers thus caught in the economic mill. But, administered from within by the industry or from without by government, it is the only cure there is."

John D. Rockefeller Jr.

John L. Lewis

With this unusually clear admission by a big capitalist newspaper that capitalism and the supporters of capitalism within the labor movement have no cure for the conditions which are driving the workers in the mine industry to desperation, except to drive them to further desperation, the capitalist newspaper publishes the very handsomest portraits of John L. Lewis on one side and John D. Rockefeller jr. on the other.

The first part of what the News says is undoubtedly true—that Lewis did actually convey to scab coal operators and to John D. Rockefeller jr., the psalm-singing scab coal operator, his readiness to accept such a plan.

John L. Lewis agrees to this; Rockefeller does it; a capitalist sheet admits that "the cure is a painful one" and offers its "sympathy" to the thousands of mine workers and to the poor, starving Mr. Rockefeller alike for the pain they have to endure.

But the News, of course, lies when it says "it is the only cure there is." Mr. Lewis, Mr. Rockefeller and the capitalist editor all know perfectly well that there is another cure, and that they are lying when they say that labor conflicts, which they call "strikes, riots and shutdowns," will be a thing of the past when they throw thousands of workers permanently out of employment, to add to the five million already unemployed.

Rockefeller wants to increase the amount of surplus value that he can get out of each man who digs coal, by lengthening the number of hours that each one works beyond the working time necessary to keep each one alive. If a miner works six hours a day, Rockefeller will have to pay at least enough to keep him alive enough to work; and if each miner works eight or nine hours a day, Rockefeller need not pay him any more than just enough to keep him alive.

Mr. Lewis, who is a business man like Mr. Rockefeller, but whose business is in selling out labor unions and "the labor vote" to the big capitalists—Mr. Lewis also has something to gain. The best and bravest of the coal miners are on his trail, and are now exposing his treason. Mr. Lewis wants these mine workers thrown out of the Union. He has a common interest with Mr. Rockefeller. Also Lewis thinks that if he can reduce the once-magnificent structure of the United Mine Workers to the character of a company union, the operators may well afford to let him run it for them and to continue the $12,000 a year salary which the miners are getting tired of paying. Mr. Lewis thinks also he may get into a "Teapot Dome cabinet" as secretary of labor if he shows himself a useful servant to the Rockefellers who pay for the republican party to which Lewis belongs.

But the capitalist editor lies when he says there is no cure. There is no cure under the capitalist system. But there is a cure, by overthrowing the capitalist system, and the rule of the Rockefellers and their stool-pigeons, in the Unions such as Lewis.

The interesting editorial on the two Johns was published on the same day that the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party was adopted and William Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow were nominated as the red candidates of the working class for the coming election.

All workers should study this Communist platform which clearly shows them that there is indeed no "cure for coal" under capitalism, but it also shows the immediate steps to take to "cure" Messrs. Lewis and Rockefeller and also those steps to take to liberate the working class from slavery and unemployment.

Capitalist "Confessionals"

By LELAND OLDS,
(Federated Press).

CHICAGO, May 28.—That money power rules America is acknowledged by Gov. Albert C. Ritchie of Maryland in the Atlantic Monthly under the title, "The Imperialism of the Dollar." Ritchie, who has been considered by business interests as the plutocratic lieutenant and Coolidge of the democratic party, makes a show of exposing the irresponsible domination of the banking oligarchy as a warning to big business in whose interests he works.

Ritchie believes it obvious "that new and startling developments of deep social and political significance are taking place in the power of money, and that these developments are giving the dollar, as the symbol of that power, a truly imperialistic aspect." He holds it "not extravagant" to say that the power dominant in America today is the power of money.

The politician touches briefly on the new devices and investment forms by which financial leaders "are managing to separate the legal ownership of the dollar from the legal control of what the dollar represents." He says: "Ownership may remain in the individual, but power is concentrating in great banking and investment organizations with world-wide financial relations and inter-relations, which are able to organize not only the accumulated wealth but the credit of mankind into the most effective sort of power the world has ever known."

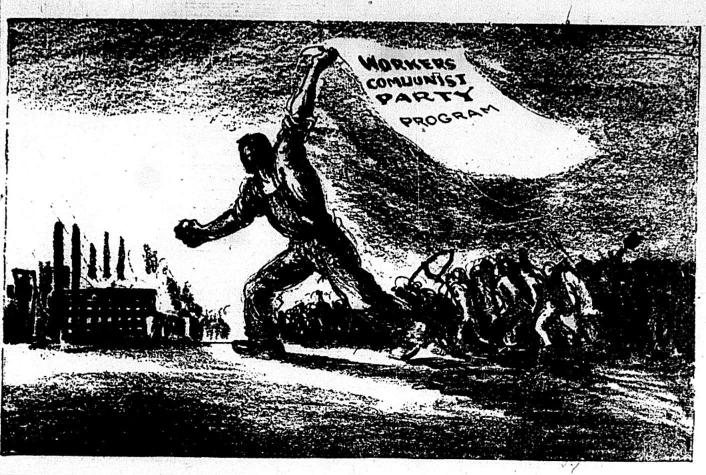
Ritchie enumerates the various avenues through which "the banker is by way of becoming the authentic leader of the social order." The banker, he holds, secures this power "not so much through the control of money as through the control of both public and private credit." The investment banker "is gradually acquiring a mortgage on the industry of the nation—he dominates practically the whole field of industry and enterprise." The ownership of wealth "is becoming abstract and depersonalized."

Finally he admits what has been said of all autocracies that have risen to power and decayed in the past:

"The power of money is not as everlasting as the rock of Gibraltar. A money power that is politically sterile or indifferent, or politically selfish or shortsighted, may well be riding for a fall."

WITH THIS WE CONQUER

By Fred Ellis



Miners Rally to Workers Party

By REBECCA GRECHT.

The membership drive carried on by the Pittsburgh district of the Workers (Communist) Party of America during the last four weeks has made great headway among the striking miners in western Pennsylvania.

Big Gains for Workers Party.

Over 350 miners and their wives have joined the Party in Washington and Allegheny Counties alone. Fourteen new units have been organized in the most important mining centers, each with a membership ranging from fifteen to thirty five, and more are in the process of formation. Never in the history of the Party in this district has there been such an enthusiastic response among the miners to the call of the Party and such a rapid steady influx of these heroic fighters into the ranks of the Communist movement.

The bitter struggle in the soft coal fields, now fourteen months old, is opening the eyes of the strikers in western Pennsylvania to the character of the capitalist system of exploitation which oppresses and enslaves them. They are learning what class war means. They are beginning to understand how the bosses' government functions. Injunctions, evictions, the reign of terrorism which has been established in the organized and unorganized fields by coal and iron police and state troopers, brutal clubbings of men and women pickets alike, breaking up of progressive meetings have given daily demonstrations of the open alliance existing between the coal operators and the government in the assault upon the miners.

Ever greater numbers of the militants who are today battling to save the union, organize the unorganized miners and restore union conditions in the industry, realize that the present fight is not an end in itself, but is a part of the great struggle going on in America between the working class and the capitalists, a struggle which will end only when the workers themselves assume power and take control of industry and government.

Miners Loosing Illusions.

The striking miners who are joining the Party in western Pennsylvania have been through several severe conflicts. They remember the strikes of 1910, 1919, 1922. No past strike, however, has been so protracted and bitter as the present one. Never before has there been such a determined attempt to destroy the miners union and thus help to demolish the organized labor movement of America—an attempt which obviously has the open or tacit support of government officials.

Senate Investigation Failed.

Added to this the complete failure of the senate investigation of the coal strike. Whatever little hope existed among the miners when the senate investigating committee first began its very arduous labor in March on the eve of the primary elections in Pennsylvania that this would lead to a favorable settlement, has today collapsed. While coal operators and corrupt mine union leaders "testify" in Washington, evictions of hundreds of strikers families in Ohio and Pennsylvania proceed. Injunctions and sheriff's anti-picketing proclamations are even more drastically enforced. The slugging campaign of state troopers and coal and iron police increase in violence, and the coal operators calmly and deliberately continue with their plans to smash the union at any cost.

The aggressive strikers see through this investigation as a political maneuver. They recognize that the senate, like other government bodies, backs the operators, and that the miners cannot expect to win their fight through action of congress or any other government agency.

As these facts sink into their minds, many of the progressive miners lose their illusions about capitalist democracy and freedom. The gospel of "peace and harmony" between worker and boss no longer blinds them to the truths of the class struggle. They are turning to the Workers Party for guidance and leadership, for a solution to their problems, to their bitter struggles and suffering.

Party Units Established.

In Washington County, new units of the Party have been established in Meadowlands, Houston, Washington, Mollenauer, McDonald, Cherry Valley and Fredericktown, while the membership of the Coverdale and Canonsburg units have been more than doubled. Throughout the Allegheny Valley, which has developed into a progressive stronghold and has been the center of attack by the reactionary union machine, the most active strikers are joining the Party. New units have been organized in Renton, Russelton, Rural Ridge, Kinlock, North Bessemer, Harwick, and Harmarville. Miners have also joined the Party in Daisytown, California and Bentleyville.

It is significant that miners' wives are seeking admission into the Party, as in Bishop, North Bessemer, Rural Ridge, and Russelton. They are the leaders of the progressive women in these mining camps. They have demonstrated their fighting spirit and understanding of the issues involved in the struggle by their activity on the picket line, in relief work, in the fight against the reactionaries. Now they are entering the Party together with their men, for the first time in Western Pennsylvania, again showing that a new era has indeed opened for the women in the mining camps.

Many of these miners have in the past supported the republican or democratic party. Now, they declare, they are through supporting the parties of the coal operators, the railroad and steel trusts. They have learned in the struggle that the capitalist parties are merely the tools of the bosses. As some of the miners express it: "Before we voted for the boss, now we're going to vote for ourselves and support our own party—the Workers Party."

Leave Socialist Party.

Former members of the socialist party are also joining, as in Meadowlands, Bishop, and Cherry Valley. They are emphatic in their assertions that the socialist party has ceased to represent the workers, that it supports Lewis and the coal operators in its opposition to the progressive miners movement. The action of James Maurer, former secretary of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, and now vice-presidential candidate on the socialist ticket, in uniting with the most reactionary elements of the Pennsylvania labor movement to fight the progressive delegates to the recent convention of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, has proven to these miners the complete bankruptcy of the socialist party.

The organization work carried on by the Party in the last month in the mining camps has definitely shown that the active miners in western Pennsylvania look upon the Workers (Communist) Party as the only political organization that fights for the interests of the workers. Appeals to build the party are received with enthusiasm.

Party Appeals Successful.

In Cherry Valley, for instance, where the Party had had no connections formerly, 10 members joined at the first meeting, 13 at the second, and 11 more at the third, with the number of miners asking to be admitted steadily growing. In Renton, at a meeting of about 40 miners, 34 joined the Party, stating that they would double the membership without any difficulty. The same can be said of Bishop, Kinlock and other centers.

The success of the campaign for new members has indicated that the Party, with correct methods and increased activity, can gain a mass following in many mining camps. This points to splendid possibilities for the Party's presidential election campaign in western Pennsylvania.

The miners are beginning to drift away from the capitalist parties, as was seen in recent primary elections held in western Pennsylvania, when in Washington, Fayette, and other counties, the vote was reported the lowest cast in many years in these sections. The socialist party has been discredited. Among the active progressives the Workers Party is now recognized as the only political party that represents the workingclass and merits the workers support.

The National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party met in a period of increasing reaction and intensified struggle. For the striking miners in the bituminous coal fields especially, this convention assumes great importance. Without doubt an effective drive for the Workers Party candidates will stir the mining camps in western Pennsyvania and lead to highly favorable results.

New forces are developing in the coal fields. Our Party will receive the support of new proletarian masses who have been awakened by their bitter fight, their daily experiences of class war and class government.

Another Milestone Along the Imperial Road

By SCOTT NEARING (Fed. Press).

Figures published by the United States department of commerce show that the American Empire has become the chief lending country in the world. Another milestone along the imperialist highroad!

Before the war the business men of Great Britain were the world's chief lenders. Indeed, British foreign loans in 1913 totaled about $20,000,000,000, as compared with $8,000,000,000 for France; $7,500,000,000 for Germany and $3,000,000,000 for the United States. In prewar years the loans of the British Empire were more than equal to the loans of Germany, France and the United States combined.

Tables are Turned.

The war turned the tables. Postwar developments clinched the American position. Today the business class of the United States is lending more than the business class of any other empire.

From 1920 to 1927 Great Britain loaned abroad $4,121,000,000. During the same years, U. S. foreign loans were $6,836,000,000, or 65 per cent more than the loans made by British business interests. Each year, from 1920 to 1927, with the exception of 1923, the foreign loans of the United States exceeded the foreign loans of Great Britain.

In Early Stages.

The United States is still in the early stages of its foreign loan development. In Great Britain, from 1921 to 1924, foreign loans exceeded in amount the loans to home industry. From 1925 to 1927 British foreign loans were 44 per cent and domestic loans were 56 per cent. In the United States, loans to home industry were 4 to 7 times as great as the foreign loans.

The United States has just begun the practice of foreign lending. Its total income, total annual surplus and total capacity for capital export are far in excess of Great Britain. The future holds promise of a titantic struggle in which U. S. bankers will steadily push British bankers out of the foreign investment field.

U. S. Bankers Replace British.

Already British investors have been driven out of the U. S. market. In 1913 they invested $111,000,000 in the United States; in 1927 $1,500,000.

U. S. bankers, meanwhile, have replaced British bankers in Latin America, Canada and even in Europe as the leading investors. In Latin America, for 1927, U. S. bankers placed $359,000,000 in loans; British bankers $118,000,000. Latin America was formerly a stronghold of British financing. British bankers sent $323,000,000 to Canada in 1913— cent of their total foreign loans. In 1927 British loans to Canada were only $51,000,000, compared with $368,000,000 loaned in Canada by U. S. bankers. The Canadian investment market was almost exclusively British prior to 1900. Until the war, British lending predominated. In 1927 U. S. loans were more than 5 times British loans. Even on the continent of Europe, at Britain's back door, in 1927 U. S. loans were $571,000,000—more than 4 times the British total of $130,000,000.

Marine and Dollar Diplomacy.

With the sweep of this rapid expansion in the foreign investment field solemn assurances from Hughes and moralizings from Coolidge are dry leaves in the wind. Words are idle. American business interests are spreading investments far and wide with the knowledge and usually with the approval of the U. S. department of state. Threats to "American lives and American property" will be repeated wherever interests are endangered. With the spread of investments go inevitably the wider and more frequent resort to marine diplomacy.

HANDOUTS

SCARFACE AL CAPONE, formerly chief gat impresario of Chicago's world of vice has entered the cleaners' and dyers' trade and been made a partner to Morris Becker in the Sanitary Cleaning Shops, Inc. The New York Times mistakes the appearance of a crook in business for a piece of news and prints the story on the first page. But this isn't the first time that a gangster has found himself behind a counter. How sad is the downfall of a good bandit. If Capone's demoralization continues he will end up as president of the Chamber of Commerce.

* * *

AFTER Stanley Clark of Oklahoma, Anita Whitney of California and B. H. Lauderdale of Texas had spoken at the Nominating Convention the capitalist reporters were at last ready to admit that the Workers (Communist) Party was not a sect of New York needle trade workers.

* * *

Among the technical advances of capitalism may be noted the radio by which we may hear songs without having to see prima donnas.

* * *

Increased clarity, politically, on the part of the New York Times is indicated by its admission that the social-democratic government of Germany will have to make some concessions to the working class "due to the pressure of the Communists."

* * *

Nursery Tales

"Oh, Mother look at the pretty picture! Who is the big boy with the long pants playing with the girls?" "That is President Coolidge, my child." "Oh, is he a man?" "Be still, Adolph!" "Why is he playing with the other children?" "He is giving a prize at a spelling bee." "Is that what presidents are for, Mother?" "Yes, my child!" "Well, Mother what has happened to his face?" "Adolph, go to bed!"

* * *

THE JERICHO ROAD.

The Priest and Levite once went by
The robbed man on the road,
Till the Samaritan drew nigh,
And true compassion showed;
And yet the robberies went on

Today the Priest and Levite raise
A Fund, or old, or new,
And organize a "Drive," that pays
A salary or two;
But who, or what, the "Chest" relieves,
We leave the road still to the thieves.

—Robert Whitaker.

* * *

The following item from the leading fascist news organ, L'Impero, besides being an uncommon specimen of drivel contains a piece of news of great importance to J. P. Morgan. The excerpt concerns A. P. Giannini, an Italian banker of San Francisco and is as follows:

"Originating from Italy, one of the poorest countries with the poorest banks, Signor Giannini has succeeded in financially dominating the United States, the world's richest country.

"This indicates the real strength of that empire of civilization which tomorrow's Italy will become. As Napoleon once dominated Europe through France, so this modern Italian financially dominates America through the United States.

"He has conquered the Americans at their own game. . . Giannini, until yesterday a great Italian citizen of America, is now a great citizen of Italy. . . Countries become great through such citizens and Rome founded the greatest political and human civilization in the world through such personal abnegation and honesty."

* * *

VISION.

He travelled far, he travelled wide,
And saw just what he saw;
While she, to her own village tied,
Looked on a leaf with awe.

R. W.

* * *

The invention of phosgene gas should not be completely condemned as long as the composer of the song "Romona" is still alive.

NEW YORK STATE WORKERS PARTY CONVENTION JUNE 10

[illegible] DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
[illegible] ORGANIZATION OF THE
UNORGANIZED
[illegible] 40-HOUR WEEK
[illegible] LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

WHITE GUARDIST DONETZ PLOTTERS CONFESS GUILT

CONGRESS CLOSES AFTER DOING BIT FOR BIG BUSINESS

Record One of Blackest in Recent Years

WASHINGTON, May 29. — The first session of the 70th Congress, notable for the efficient aid which it rendered the big business and banking interests of the country, ended this afternoon at 3:30. Within an hour after the Senate had adopted a resolution to adjourn in order to prevent further discussion of the Johnson-Swing Boulder Dam bill, the House approved adjournment by a vote of 175 to 9.

Although defeated in his attempt to prolong the session for a vote on the Boulder Dam measure, Senator Johnson succeeded in making his bill the first order of business when Congress convenes again in December.

The record of the session is one of complete subservience to the big industrial and financial interests. Among the measures that were passed by Congress during the session were the revenue bill, which will cut taxes of big business corporations, the Jones-White merchant marine bill which provides for loans at low rates to the shipping interests; the public building bill which will grant fat sums to big contractors.

The appropriations made by Congress during the session are expected to exceed $4,500,000,000—appropriations which are larger than those made by any congress since 1919-20 when great fiscal appropriations were made for the war.

A bitter fight between Senator Bruce die-hard Democrat from Maryland, and Senator Johnson marked the close of the session.

NEED FUNDS FOR 'DAILY' AT ONCE

Workers Must Unite in Saving Paper

Delegate after delegates to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party spoke in glowing terms of The DAILY WORKER and emphasized its importance to the American workers. This is in corroboration of numerous letters that the paper receives daily from workers in various parts of the country, telling how indispensable The DAILY WORKER is to them.

Yet despite this fact the paper is in such great financial straits at present that it finds itself faced with the imminent possibility of suspension, in addition to having no funds to move from its present quarters to its new home in the heart of revolutionary activity at 26-28 Union Sq.

The wokrers of this country have been generous in contributing to The DAILY WORKER before. But they must give even more or be deprived of the only English language daily newspaper that fights for them against the capitalists and the labor betrayers.

Workers, this is a time when every cent counts. No matter how small your contribution, send it in at once. Solicit your friends, your shopmates, your trade unions, your clubs. Don't delay. Rush funds immediately to the office of The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York City.

City Inspectors Ask an Increase in Wages

Salary increases of 20 per cent for Municipal Civil Service inspectors will be requested in a resolution to be presented to the Board of Estimate by the Allied Departmental Inspectors' Union, it was announced by that organization yesterday.

The last increase given to these inspectors was in 1920, when the three grades were given increases ranging from [illegible] to $400, bringing the salaries for the three grades to $1,350, $1,[illegible] and $2,560.

PASS McKELLAN AMENDMENT.

WASHINGTON, May 29. — The Senate today passed McKellan amendment to the corrupt practices act extending the penalties to congressional primaries.

The amendment is yet to be acted on by the house.

Three 'Wise' Men of Gotham; One Seeks Rest

Another one of those "vacations" abroad! The picture shows, from left to right, William F. Kenney, Governor Al Smith, and William Todd. Kenney, the Tammany contractor whose generous donations to the Smith campaign fund were recently disclosed, is sailing to spend the summer in Europe.

RED FRONT FIGHTERS MARCH 100,000 STRONG

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

BERLIN, May 29.—The tremendous strength of the militant sections of the German working class was in clear evidence yesterday when 100,000 Red Front Fighters participated in a huge parade and demonstration that marked the fourth birthday of the organization. More than 700,000 working men, women and children turned out for the demonstration which was one of the most enthusiastic that Berlin ever witnessed.

The workers' quarter was a forest of red flags. Over a hundred thousand Red Front Fighters from all parts of Germany assembled at four meeting points and joined a monster march toward the Lustgarten.

Delegates from similar working class organizations in Great Britain, France, Czechoslovakia, Austria and Switzerland attended to express their solidarity with their German comrades.

Cheer Marchers.

Masses of workers lined the streets and lustily cheered the marchers.

(Continued on Page Three)

6 TO DIE FOR PRISON REVOLT

Men Protested Against Jail Conditions

SACRAMENTO, Cal., May 29.—Six prisoners, on the framed-up charge of killing a fellow prisoner, George Baker, in Thanksgiving Day riots at Folsom Prison last year were found guilty last night, with the verdict carrying the death penalty for all.

This latest action of the authorities is a result of a revolt last November of the prisoners in Folsom Prison against the horrible conditions existing there. The six men who are to die were the leaders of this protest uprising, and gave themselves up in order to save the rest of their fellow-convicts from a similar fate.

The men who are to be legally murdered are Anthony Brown, Walter E. Burke, Roy E. Stokes, James Gregg, James Gleason and Albert H. Stewart.

TO CHOOSE TICKET AT STATE MEETING

All Party Units to Elect Delegates

Following the successful conclusion of the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, which hundreds of delegates from all over the United States attended, the Executive Committee of District 2 yesterday announced that the New York State Convention will be held here on June 10 at the Workers Center. The convention will choose the workers' candidates for the 1928 elections in New York state.

The following is the full text of the convention call:

To All Units of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York State.

To All Workingclass Organizations In New York State.

Dear Comrades:

Call for State Nominating Convention.

The New York State Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party to put forward state candidates in the 1928 elections, to adopt a state platform, to outline ways and means of conducting the election campaign in this state will be held Sunday, June 10, at 10 a. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. This convention follows the National Nominating Convention which has put forward William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow as the standard bearers of the Party, which adopted a platform of class struggle against capitalism and which demonstrated that the Workers (Communist) Party is entering earnestly into the campaign to mobilize the masses behind a platform in the interests of the working class.

The workers of New York state

(Continued on Page Two)

PIECE WORK FOR TAILORS

Beckerman Foists New System On Men

The first open organizational step on a wholesale scale toward shackling the tens of thousands of workers in the men's clothing industry with the chains of the degrading piece work system, was taken yesterday by A. Beckerman, boss of the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated, when he declared that he intended to grant this system of slavery to a dozen large manufacturers.

The bosses in question made this demand several days ago, with the threat that refusal meant the breaking of negotiations with the union and their removal to suburban towns.

The intended general granting of this demand to the bosses is made with the union about to enter negotiations with the employers' association for a renewal of the agreement.

Beckerman's decision to grant piece work to the 12 bosses, is understood to be a forerunner to the concession of this point to the whole industry when a new agreement is signed. Whenever he granted piece-work to individual firms hitherto, he always declared that it was done only because of peculiar necessities in the individual case.

About six of the largest bosses in the trade have already been allowed to instal this system, and are pointed to by the bosses and the right wing as very successful. These firms have admitted that their profit balances are much larger.

Deliberate Decision.

The decision of Beckerman to grant the piece work system is deliberate. The entire union membership has registered its hatred against this method of work at numerous membership meetings. The opposition of the mem-

(Continued on Page Two)

District 5 Miners Oust Lewis Officialdom

RANK AND FILE WILL NAME OWN OFFICERS TODAY

Tony Minerich Elected Chairman

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, May 29.—Ousting the treacherous officials of the Lewis-Fagan machine in District 5, over two hundred delegates in a special convention here, representing over one hundred locals in the district voted this morning to take over the union once more for the miners.

Rank and file delegates at the convention rose to cite proof after proof of strikebreaking activities on the part of the Lewis officialdom in this section, and unanimously declared their offices vacant. Grey haired delegates who have been militant fighters in the union for over thirty years denounced Pat Fagan, president of the district, and Lewis for expelling them together with thousands of others in their attempt to disrupt the organization.

Minerich Chairman.

Anthony Minerich elected chairman and Tom Myerscough, secretary of the convention. Striking miners from Westmoreland county who have recently been organized, were seated as fraternal delegates. Mine women from auxiliaries also as fraternal delegates occupy the first few rows in the hall.

Resolutions demanding a complete change in the strike and union policy, and calling miners to disregard the illegal expulsions of progressive locals and individuals, eliminating appointive power of international president, for a fight for the Jacksonville scale of wages, for nationalization of mines, one national agreement were unanimously passed.

Special resolution calling for equal pay for young workers and their more active participation in union affairs precipitated wide spirited discussion.

Charles Wilson from the New York City Children's Relief Committee was given a great ovation when he pledged the children's support to the strike.

"Even the children are with us," sixty-year-old Milke Harrington from Avella said.

Organize Children.

The convention endorsed the organization of children and women and condemned the Boy Scouts and

(Continued on Page Two)

TRY TO BUY OFF 5 RADIUM SUITS

Trial Set for June 8 After Long Delay

Efforts on the part of representatives of the United States Radium Corporation to buy off the five plaintiffs in their suit for an aggregate of 1,250,000 for their doomed lives were continued yesterday when it began to appear impossible to postpone the case under the New Jersey statute of limitations.

These efforts so far have been unsuccessful.

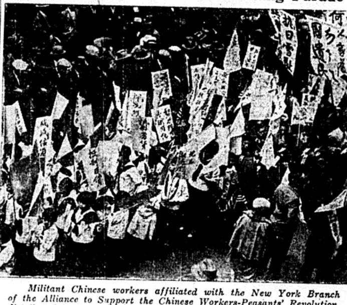
The trial of the suits of the five women, Katherine Schaub, Grace Fryer, Albina Larice, Quinta McDonald and Edna Hussman, was today set for Friday, June 8, in the Supreme Court Circuit in Newark. The date was set after it was seen that the wrangling on the part of the defense counsels, who wanted to postpone the trial until they could secure their own "radium experts" from the west, would continue indefinitely.

The case has already been considerably delayed due to an extraordinary congestion in court, which strangely made its appearance as soon as the five suits against the United States Radium Corporation were filed.

He's Still Cashing In

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 29.—Lindbergh, imperialist aviator, landed here as the first stop on a surveying trip for the Trans-Continental Airways Corporation, Lindbergh's new boss. The trip begins at New York and will end at Los Angeles.

Left Wing Leaflets At Kuomintang Parade



Militant Chinese workers affiliated with the New York Branch of the Alliance to Support the Chinese Workers-Peasants' Revolution, distributed leaflets denouncing the imperialist powers and the Chinese war lord at a parade arranged by the Kuomintang in New York City. Photo shows view of the parade.

MILITARY CAN'T STOP HAYWOOD MEMORIAL

In spite of the Veterans of Foreign Wars' efforts to stop the memorial meeting in honor of the late William D. Haywood, which is scheduled for the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., Friday night, the New York district of the Workers (Communist) Party is going on with its plans for the meeting, William W. Weinstone, district secretary, announced last night.

"Let Department Commander Jean A. Brunner, of the New York State Veterans of Foreign Wars, attack us morning, noon and night, we shall still hold a mighty memorial meeting in honor of Comrade Haywood," Weinstone declared.

"The Veterans of Foreign Wars will meet with no more success in attempting to block our Haywood memorial meeting than the American Legion did a few months ago in threatening to interfere with the Lenin memorial

(Continued on Page Two)

STRIKE LEADERS ARRESTED DAILY

Mill Committees' Power Irks Authorities

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., May 29.—Enraged by the fast growing prestige and authority of the Textile Mills Committee as the real leaders of the 28,000 textile workers who have been on strike here more than six weeks, the police are daily increasing their attempts to damage the already strongly intrenched strike machinery by continued arrest of its leadership.

After a strike meeting held yesterday afternoon in which over two thousand strikers participated, William T. Murdoch, head of the New Bedford Committees, and Lameras and Porter, two active figures in the strike were again arrested. This is the second time Murdoch has been arrested after a meeting in the past few days. The usual charge of "disturbing the peace" was preferred against the jailed men. Murdoch and Fred E. Beal, a Mills Committee organizer are to come up for trial Thursday for leading a large picket demonstration before the gates of the Nonquit Mills.

Arrests Incentive.

The sharpening police policy of making numerous arrests in order to discourage the picketing has not only been a complete failure, but on the contrary, has resulted in a heavy increase of the turnout of strikers to the picket line. Admission of the heaviest picketing since the strike began is made even by the capitalist press, as well as the employers' trade journals.

The enthusiastic participation of

(Continued on Page Two)

CHRYSLER - DODGE FORM NEW TRUST

Auto Merger's Assets Over $250,000,000

Chrysler Corporation directors, at their meeting yesterday approved a plan to acquire the entire properties of Dodge Brothers, Inc., one of the largest motor car manufacturers in this country. The amalgamation will bring together assets in excess of a quarter of a billion dollars.

Weekly Tea Party As Aid to Striking Miners

At a tea party given for miners' relief at the home of Bessie Morganstern, 1675 Eastburn Avenue, Bronx, by Comrades Wayner, Lerman and Toorack, $13.00 was taken in. These three comrades, gratified by the generous response of the few people attending, intend to give such a party for miners' relief every week.

ROCK DUST KILLS 1 A WEEK

Subway Workers Never Told of Danger

CHARGES that operators of the rock drills which are boring into the rock bed of Manhattan for subways and building sites are dying off at the rate of one man a week from a recently discovered lung disease were made yesterday at a meeting of the Welfare Council held at the Russell Sage Foundation.

The charges are that rock dust from the hammer drills used by the 1,500 men in the craft now in the city was congealing in their lungs as a rock-like coating, resulting in a disease known as silicosis. It was found that the lungs of 75 men recently examined had all been affected.

Expert chemists of a large insurance company were at work [illegible] had discovered, among other harmful substances, traces of arsenic. Physicians were loath to make public the results of investigations, and therefore classed the men who were dying from the disease as victims of tuberculosis.

The disease was discovered four years ago, after the abandonment of the old type drill, in which water was used for keeping down the dust. But this drill, altho much safer than the one now in use, was discarded in favor of the new one, which, altho it is quicker in operation, permits dust from the rock to fly straight into the nasal passages of the men operating them. But even this had been known all these years, nothing had been done to acquaint the workers who operate them with their [illegible]

BOUGHT USELESS MACHINES FROM GERMAN FIRMS

Worked With Czarists, Evidence Shows

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, May 29.—More confessions of guilt in the trial of technicians in the Donetz sabotage trial were made yesterday.

The electrical engineer Nikishin, who was examined, pleaded guilty and declared that the engineer Koester had delivered two useless and antiquated machines from the German firm, Knapp. Nikishin had pointed out that the machines were useless while Kalganov and the German engineer Sebold had declared that the machines were excellent and should be used. Nikishin, who promised to make no trouble, received 400 roubles thru the German representative of Knapp, Badstieber, who is also accused of being participated in the plot.

The machines in question were later removed from the mines as completely useless.

In answer to a number of questions put to him by Krylenko, prosecuting attorney, Nikishin declared that the machines were not only useless for the mines concerned, but were altogether useless. He declared that Gorletski has issued instructions that no machines made in the Soviet Union were to be purchased as he had ordered useless foreign machines.

Krylenko pointed out that Badstieber had already admitted that the

(Continued on Page Three)

REPORT EXPOSES MINE TERRORISM

Pennsylvania Not Alone in Brutalities

(Federated Press.)

More police violence, brutality, violations of civil rights, prosecutions for opinion, and corporation control of workers' lives exist in Pennsylvania today than in any other state of the union. In these words "The Shame of Pennsylvania," Civil Liberties Union pamphlet, opens its report on state police, coal and iron police and special deputies vs. striking workers. Against eight reported police assaults and prosecutions for opinion in the rest of the country in the first quarter of 1928, Pennsylvania reported 28 cases.

Worst Offender.

"Today Pennsylvania is the only state in which a sedition or criminal syndicalism law is still actively used," continues the report. "It is the only state with so highly organized a state police force, conspicuous for its brutalities against strikers. It is the only state with thousands of private policemen doing public duty, as do the coal and iron police in the mining and steel districts. Added to them are hundreds of privately paid deputy sheriffs. It is the only state in which coal and steel companies so completely dominate so many communities."

The Civil Liberties Union recommends abolition of the coal and iron police, shearing of state police authority in industrial conflicts and repeal of the sedition act.

* * *

No Difference.

EDITORIAL NOTE: While agreeing with the above report that in Pennsylvania is to be found the most extreme examples of coal and iron police terrorism, The DAILY WORKER does not accept the apparent implication that other states are free from these atrocities. There is little choice between Pennsylvania and Ohio, for instance.

Williamsburg Council Will Welcome Gordon

Williamsburgh Council of the United Council of Workingclass Housewives will welcome David Gordon, red poet, on Saturday, June 2, at Royal Palace, 16 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn. Gordon will read some of his prison poems. Among the speakers will be Juliet Stuart Poyntz and Ray Rag[illegible]

Philippine Independence Committee Denounces United States Rule in Islands

SENDS APPEAL TO WORKERS' PARTY CONVENTION HERE

Asks Aid in Freeing Workers

Bitter denunciation of the United States government policy in the Philippines and an appeal to the American working class to aid in securing the freedom of the workers in these islands was made by the Indpendence Committee of the Philippine Association of Chicago in a greeting to the delegates to the nominating convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, which has just closed its sessions here.

Deceives Philippines.

"The leaders of both the republican and the democratic parties, ever since the imposition of American sovereignty on the Philippine workers, have given us promises," the statement declares. "But still no independence has been given. President Coolidge has placed Colonel Stimson in the place vacated by the death of Governor Wood. And any sound-minded person who knows the contemptible and notorious activities of Col. Stimson in Nicaragua will interpret Coolidge's action as a challenge to the Philippine aspiration for independence. The vetoing of the Philippine plebicite, the conspiracy which is now going on between the rubber, oil, sugar, coal and power imperialists, and some of the officials at Washington to grab all the natural resources of the Philippines, all show that the promises given us for freedom by the American ruling class are no more than damn lies. . .

"As long as the United States government is in the hands of the republican and democratic parties, the Philippines will remain as subjects," the statement declares further.

In greeting the convention of the Workers Party, the Philippine Independence Committee declares that it was voicing the sentiments of "the Philippines as a whole."

Only Party of Working Class.

"In closing," the statement reads, "we wish and hope that your convention will succeed in selecting a man as a candidate for the presidency of the United States who can bring the American workers back to their right party, the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

"Long live the Workers (Communist) Party of America, the party of the American working class, and the friend of the oppressed masses throughout the world."

The message is signed by Anacleto Almenana, chairman, D. Samonte, H. Calpio, E. Lictawa, F. Soriben and V. Sarmiento.

NEGRO DELEGATE TO CONVENTION TO BUILD DAILY IN SEATTLE

After a valuable stay in New York city where he arrived via the rods to attend the National Nominating Convention of The Workers (Communist) Party, David A. Griffin, Negro delegate from the Washington district, ir on his way back to Seattle via the rods.

On his return to the northwestern city, Griffin will take an active part in the organization of The DAILY WORKER subscription activity in Seattle and thruout the Northwest.

Before setting out for the West, Griffin stopped at the office of the DAILY WORKER to pledge his cooperation in intensifying the subscription drive in Washington. He painted a lively picture of conditions thruout his district.

"The Washington district is entering one of the most important periods in its history," Griffin stated." Under the direction of the new district organizer, Swanson, every effort is being made to push the work of the Party in the mines, on the ships and the harbor front, in the lumber camps and the fruit fields and orchards.

"Not the least part of this organization work is the spreading of The DAILY WORKER," Griffin continued. "It is the hope of the workers in the Washington district to bring the DAILY WORKER to thousands of workers in industries thruout the state who have hitherto had no chance to read their militant class working class organ."

With this end in view, Griffin assisted in working out special plans for the distribution of The DAILY WORKER in Seattle on the basis of Worker Correspondence. According to the arrangements made yesterday, Griffin will urge workers in various Washington industries to write about conditions on their jobs. Then several hundred copies of The DAILY WORKER in which the letter appears will be distributed to other workers on the same job. It is hoped in this way to interest hundreds of workers in their militant daily.

"Increasing the DAILY WORKER'S circulation is one of the most important activities before the Workers Party in the northwest," Griffin asserted, "and I am going back to take my full share in it."

"My coming to New York was important," he said, "but the tasks for which I return to Seattle are no less important. That of spreading the circulation of The DAILY WORKER is not the least among them."

Warren Act on Parade Is Held Politics

Declaring that the action/of Police Commissioner Warren in first refusing and then granting the memorial day permit to hold a parade in Queens was purely political and an attempt to gain bigger support for the Smith campaign, the Citizen's Memorial Association and Republican Club of Queens has refused to accept the last minute permit to hold a memorial parade in Queens, in which the Ku Klux Klan was to have participated. In refusing it, the association also delivered a thinly disguised political piece of bombast and declared that Warren's action was "an insult to the intelligence of this community and an attempt to nullify and rend asunder" the organizations.

Warren, trickster

The Memorial Association also added a proviso to the resolution refusing the permit calling for the distribution of warnings to "every civic organization in the United States" against "Tammany Hall or any of its representatives."

If the Ku Klux Klan makes any attempt to parade in Queens today it will be stopped by the police, Commissioner Warren stated yesterday. The arrest of all members of the Klan who attempt to parade was also ordered by the commissioner.

NO HALT TO HUGE U S BREAD MERGER

Formation of Gigantic Trust Continues

WASHINGTON, May 29 (FP).—The optimist Sen. LaFollette introduced in the Senate, May 28, a resolution directing the Federal Trade Commission to reinstate forthwith the complaint against the Continental Baking Corporation which the Commission, by majority vote, dismissed on Apr. 2, 1926.

In a statement issued when he offered this resolution, the Wisconsin senator reviewed the history of the case, which revolves around the attempt of the Ward interests to erect a nationwide bread trust. The Federal Trade Commission majority, with Commissioners Nugent and Thompson dissenting, suddenly ordered its counsel to drop the complaint, on the ground that the Department of Justice had filed suit against the proposed merger. On the same day the department of justice had dropped its prosecution, making a compromise in the federal district court under the name of a "consent decree."

"Contrary to the popular notion of this notorious consent decree," La Follette said, "neither the Department of Justice nor the Federal Trade Commission has done anything sufficiently adequate to the situation to allay the just fears that a nationwide bread trust is still actually in the making."

A subcommittee of the senate judiciary committee recently reported on this affair, after hearings, holding that the Continental Baking Co. go off without punishment after violating the anti-trust law.

Newark Workers Will Hold Kun Protest Meet

Hundreds of militant workers in Newark, N. J., will demonstrate at a mass meeting at the Workers' Progressive Center Hall, 93 Mercer St., on Friday, June 1, to protest against the arrest of Bela Kun and to demand the release of the Hungarian Communist leader. Prominent speakers will address the mass meeting, which will be held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

LOBBYISTS MAKE TARIFFS

WASHINGTON, May 29. — The naming of "lobbyists" to the United States tariff commission impaired the confidence of the public in the agency, the Senate's special tariff investigating committee reported today.

The committee declared a "partial break-down" occurred a year ago in the commission's activities due to disputes, "sometimes personal" between members of the commission.

URGE MINERS TO SHUN BRENNAN

Kearny is Also Called Cowardly, Useless

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

PITTSTON, Pa. (By mail). — I want to write to you as I am a member of Local Union 1703. The situation in District No. 1 is getting worse than at any time since our Local Union 1703 voted to go back to work under the 30-day proposition of the conciliation board. Most of our members were forced to go back as we were starved out by the coal company. The conditions are becoming worse in Local Union 1703.

Local Union 1703 has a grievance committee of our men and out of the four, two are the worst kind of rats you ever saw. As to one of the committee by the name of James Kearney, he is the worst kind of a fakir you could find. He is supposed to be, or he prides himself on being, an intelligent man. I would like to ask him what his standing in union affairs is. For when a progressive miner approaches him to take up a grievance, he plays a hide and seek game and does nothing for the miner and lets the rest of the committee fight the case. I would like to know where he gets money to sport around and get drunk half of the time as nearly every night in the week he is full of moonshine. He is absolutely cowardly and yellow and does not do anything at all. At the present time he is on the investigating committee.

He also sticks with McGarry. I think that the miners should see what he is doing and kick him out of our local. Especially kick him out of the place where he is now.

Conditions in District No. 1 are getting worse. We are having at this time a special convention to see if we can clean out the murderous machine of Lewis and Cappellini. I would like to advise the miners not to have anything to do with the type of men like Brennan for Cappelini's place. Brennan was in office at one time. He did us good. Cappelini is absolutely a fakir and a murderer. We must only elect people into office who have a program and who will fight for the interests of the miners and not for themselves as Brennan, Harris, McGarry are doing at this time. —S.

TO HOLD STATE CONVENTION OF PARTY JUNE 10

Will Choose Ticket at Workers Center Meet

(Continued from page one)

have felt the heavy hand of the government in their struggles: injunction after injunction has been issued against the furriers, the cloakmakers; the police have been used brutally against the traction workers and capitalist terror has struck heavy blows against the workers of the entire state. Behind this terror stand the two political parties of capitalism and their masters, the big industrial and finance interests of the country.

The socialist party has been allied with the union-wreckers of the city and state, with the misleaders of the A. F. of L.—the Greens, the Wolls, in their class-collaboration policies which have meant no organization for the unorganized workers and treachery and disorganization of the organized workers. In New York state, unemployment has mounted steadily and no relief has been given to the hundreds of thousands of workers that are jobless.

The State Nominating Convention, as part of the national campaign, will be the starting point for the mobilization of the New York workers for the 1928 elections. It will organize the workers against the Smith and Tammany Hall machines, against the republican and socialist party. Open struggle against the socialist party as the party of the betrayers of labor which has ceased to be proletarian and has become definitely a party of the small businessmen. Against Thomas and Maurer with their policies of peace and surrender to the bosses! For the struggle of the working class against their exploiters! For the organization and strengthening of the working class! For their emancipation from capitalism! For the establishment of the rule of the workers through a workers' and farmers' government!

All units of the Party in New York state are urged to elect delegates on the basis of one for every twenty-five members or major portion thereof. Every unit is entitled to at least one delegate.

All working class organizations sympathetic to the program of the class struggle are urged to elect at least two fraternal delegates to this convention and to participate jointly with us in opening the campaign in New York state.

To cover the expenses for the State Nominating Convention which includes the transportation of delegates from up-state New York, every unit is to pay $1 per delegate. A nominal fee of $2 is requested from the organizations sending fraternal delegates.

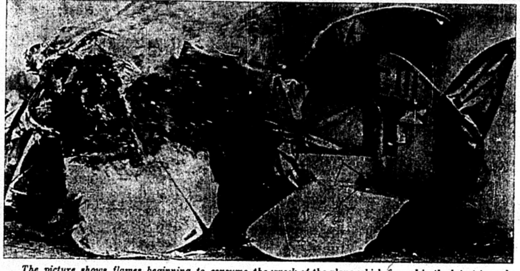
Yours for a campaign for the working class.

District Executive Commitee No. 2, Workers (Communist) Party.

William W. Weinstone, organizer.
District Executive Committee No. 4, Workers (Communist) Party.

M. Hankin, organizer.

Blazing Debris of Army Plane After Curtiss Field Crash



The picture shows flames beginning to consume the wreck of the plane which figured in the latest tragedy of American air militarism. Herbert C. Doyle, army flier, was instantly killed when the airplane dove into the earth.

FORCE PIECE-WORK ON N. Y. TAILORS

Degrading System to Be Granted By Beckerman

(Continued from Page One)

bership is so great that Beckerman has to face a powerful opposition in this betrayal even on his own right wing Joint Board.

The method used by Beckerman in coercing his machine lieutenants to agree to the betrayal was learnt when the details of the last few days events were made public. Beckerman, after receiving the demands of the bosses, told his minor officials that he intended to grant them, and would hand in his resignation, if they refused to endorse his action. He actually stayed away from the Joint Board office for three days. The threatened loss of their "little Mussolini" was sufficient to cow them into acquiescence.

Resentment Strong

The resentment by the workers to this latest act of arrogant betrayal is reaching fever pitch. The workers point to the fact that all policies of the union have been a steady submission to every demand of the bosses. Instead of discipline being used as an answer to such a demand made by bosses, the Hillman policy is more than merely submitting to boss demands. It is a conscious policy of making the industry more profitable for the bosses at the expense of the workers. This summarizes the opinions of the workers.

The organization of progressive workers in the union intends to call mass meetings to mobilize the membership against this sell out," it was learnt. Although Beckerman's job holders agreed to grant piece work to the 12 bosses, the question still must come for sanction to the Joint Board.

Attempts to obtain an official statement from Hillman on this question failed yesterday. He was declared to be conveniently "out of town."

STRIKE IN BELFAST.

BELGRADE, May 28.—The trial of ers and plasterers of Belfast have gone on strike for a wage increase.

Fascist Likes Cal and Jimmy Walker, Too

NAPLES, May 29. — Prince Ludovico Potenziani, governor of Rome, on his arrival here yesterday commented very enthusiastically on the reception he had received at the White House by President Coolidge.

President Coolidge showed me and my staff a cordiality which astonished even the servants at the White House," the Prince said. "They who are best acquainted with his reserve and scantiness of words and gestures were amazed. He talktd to us for more than twenty minutes, and asked us questions about Italy and Mussolini, expressing the best wishes toward both."

Mayor Walker, another of the reactionary puppets of big business in the United States, was referred to as a "very old friend." The prince evidently knows who his and fascism's friends are.

TEXTILE STRIKE LEADERS JAILED

(Continued from page one)

strikers' children in the picket demonstrations has particularly aroused the ire of the city authorities. At a demonstration yesterday morning in front of the Page mills, the police pulled off the line all members of the Strikers' Childrens' Clubs, an organization being built by the Textile Mill Committee. When Murdoch, again leading the demonstration, invited the children back into line the police took him and a striker named Latern to the police station. As they were being taken away they were enthusiastically cheered.

Not Enough Police.

Asked why Murdoch and Beal and only 5 others were arrested out of the many hundreds participating in the picketing of the Hathaway Mills, Police Chief Sam McLeod said: "All persons were equally guilty, but I didn't have enough police to arrest all of them."

MINERS EXPEL LEWIS MACHINE

Will Name Own Leaders Today

(Continued from page one)

the Citizens' Military Training Camps as training camps for uniformed strikebreakers.

Affidavits exposing the election steal by Lewis were exhibited to the delegates.

Telegrams from George Voyzey, newly elected progressive president of the Illinois district, from Davy Jones, president of the Indiana district and from Robert Matusek, president of District 5 in Ohio and George Papcun, secretary of the anthracite Save-the-Union Committee were read amid thunderous applause.

Crows Nest mine, the largest Keystone Coal Co. mine struck yesterday one hundred per cent. The delegates called for renewal of mass picketing and the spreading of the strike.

Roger Baldwin, director of the American Civil Liberties Union, promised the convention to prosecute police for clubbings and assaults of miners.

MILITARY CAN'T STOP MEMORIAL

To Hold Meeting for William Haywood

(Continued from page one)

meeting. Brunner's attack will only induce more workers to throng to the Central Opera House."

Commenting on Brunner's characterization of the founder of the I. W. W. as "a confessed criminal because he jumped bail after he was convicted," Weinstone said, "Haywood's war trial was one of the grossest examples of the steam-roller injustice of capitalism."

"Even The Nation, a merely liberal publication, admits this," Weinstone continued. "In a recent editorial that weekly states, 'In 1917 the war gave the enemies of the I. W. W. their opportunity. At a farcical trial Haywood and 97 colleagues were convicted without a pretense of individual trial. To Haywood it only proved again the reality of the class war'."

Among the prominent leaders of the Workers Party who will speak at the Haywood memorial are Jay Lovestone, national executive secretary of the Party; Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER; James P. Cannon, executive secretary of the International Labor Defense, and Herbert Zam, secretary of the Young Workers (Communist) League. Jack Stachel, national organizational secretary of the Party, will be chairman.

Imperialist Reward

(By a Worker Correspondent)

I am a veteran of the late war. I was wounded and gassed and was laid up lately in the naval hospital. I lost my position at that time and became an unemployment victim, looking for work, having no money and trying to keep my room. If I don't get a job soon, I will be sleeping in the park. —M. K.

SINGLE VIRGINIA LOCAL LOOKS AHEAD

247 Denville Loomfixers Beat Wage Cut, Talk of Affiliation

DANVILLE, Va., May 29 (FP).—Existing side by side with the company union in the big Danville cotton mills is the sole independent labor union of consequence in any southern cotton manufacturing plant. This is the Southern Loomfixers' Association, whose one lodge is in the Riverside and Dan River Cotton Mills. Its 247 members include 90 to 95 per cent of the loom fixers in the company's employ.

The loomfixers' local survived the industrial democracy scheme that wrecked the other unions after the war, and this group of craftsmen is proud of its organization.

"Our wages run $3 to $7 over the highest weavers," said Robert Mosely, president of the local. "Ten years ago when the weavers were organized, their highest wages were as much as ours."

From another man comes the story of the posting of a 10 per cent wage cut notice four years ago. A committee of loomfixers waited on the boss and said the sign must come down or they would go out. It came down. Wages have fallen somewhat since the war, but not in proportion to the other workers.

• • •

BUT now the loomfixers are uneasy. Employment is slack. Wage cuts are spreading elsewhere. "That cut in New Bedford made us mighty scarey," said one mechanic. There is talk of joining the American Federation of Labor. Tentative negotiations were conducted with the machinists but there is a sentiment towards the United Textile Workers.

Outside of Danville hardly any southern loomfixers are unionized and in a labor dispute the places of the local men might be filled in a few days from nearby North Carolina mills. Within the Danville mill the loomfixers are less than 5 per cent of the total employes.

• • •

THE rest of the 6,200, weavers, spinners, etc., have nothing but the company union. The loomfixers also are nominally in the company union but their real functioning is outside.

Slack times bring weakness to an isolated organization. There is speeding up, called "doubling up," which is not being resisted. "Doubling up" means fixing more looms, for the loomfixers, and weaving at more looms, for the weavers: There is more individual production per day, but the piece-rate is reduced.

CANADA UNIONS INCREASE 15,678 DURING ONE YEAR

Membership Report for 1927 is 290,282

Canadian gains by the Int. Association of Machinists and the Brotherhood of Carpenters & Joiners were chiefly responsible for the 15,678 increase in the membership of Canadian unions reported for 1927 to the Canadian department of labor. The international union group as a whole showed smaller gains. The independent All-Canadian Congress of Labor, including the One Big Union and the Canadian Brotherhood of Railroad Employes, appears as a lusty young rival to the Trades & Labor Congress of Canada, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

Total membership of Canadian labor unions in 1927, as reported to the department, was 290,282. This compared with 133,132 in 1911 when the department began gathering statistics and with 175,799 in 1913, the last prewar year. In 1919 Canadian trade union membership reached a peak with 378,047. But the sharp deflation of the postwar years brought it down to 260,643 in 1924. Since that year the total membership has been slowly rising.

The growth of the socalled international trade union group has not kept pace with the progress of the Canadian movement. This group is composed of unions centering in the United States, chiefly those affiliated with the A. F. of L. and the railroad brotherhoods. In 1911 these international unions had 119,415 members, or about 90 per cent of all the organized workers in Canada. In 1927 their membership had increased 51 per cent to 180,755 but this represented only 62 percent of the total membership of Canadian unions. In the interval the number of Canadian trade unionists had increased 118 percent.

The Canadian membership reported by leading unions in 1922 and 1927 was:

Canadian Union Membership	1922	1927
One Big Union	5,300*	19,245
Can. Bro. of RR Empl.	12567	15,670
United Mine Workers.	22,500	15,400
Int. Assn. of Mach. ..	8,400	15,000
Br. of RR Trainmen .	14,093	14,629
Br. of Ry. Carmen ...	11,010	12,967
Br. of Carp. & Joiners	8,326	10,552
Am. Fed. of Musicians	7,152	8,000
Order of RR Tel.	6,805	7,984
Amalg. Assn. of St. Ry. Employes	7,500	7,500
Br. of Loc. Firemen ..	7,595	7,062
Maint. of Way Br. ...	10,000	6,763
Bro. of Locom. Eng's	7,500	6,086
Amalg. Cloth'g W'rk's	9 750	6,000
Int. Longshorem's Ass.	2,313	5,000
I. W. W.	—	4,400
Int. Typo. Union	4,983	4,364
Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers	3,771	3,614
Order of Ry. Cond. ..	4,402	3,500
Bro. of Ry. Clerks ..	3,000	3,164
Int. Assn. Firefighters	2,000	2,490
Bro. of Elect. Workers	4,115	2,300

* End of 1921—no report for 1922.

The Trades & Labor Congress of Canada reports 140,195 affiliated members. Its paidup membership at the end of the year was 114,362, an increase of 11,325 over the previous year. On March 16, 1927, unions not affiliated with the international bodies formed the All-Canadian Congress of Labor which reports an affiliated membership of 46,279. The most important units in this congress are the O. B. U. and the Canadian Brotherhood of Railroad Employes.

R. R. Group Largest.

Railroad employes form the largest group of organized workers in Canada with 82,822 or 28.5 percent of the total. Public employes, personal service and amusement trades rank second with 32,700 or 11.3 percent of the total. Other groups are building trades 30,751; other transportation and navigation trades 25,507; mining and quarrying 25,027; metal trades 22,237; printing and paper making 12,291 and clothing, boots and shoes 11,908.

The Milwaukee Leader Aids Imperialists

By supporting the "Airplane Model League of America," the "Milwaukee Leader," socialist organ, becomes a lackey of Wall Street imperialism.

Of the many organizations that are preparing the youth for the next capitalist butchery the "Airplane Model League" occupies a prominent place. They call for the organization of the youth into clubs to study the mechanics of airplanes. In this way they become good material for the vested interests.

Among its officers are Commander Byrd, who has before acted as an instrument for the militarism that is sweeping the country.

The purpose of this movement is avowedly to train the youth for the next imperialist war. It is sponsored by the "National Aeronautic Association" in conjunction with over 50 capitalist newspapers. It is time that the workers who still remain within the socialist ranks know that the socialist party no longer represents the workingclass, but lines itself beside the most reactionary movements in the country. —GADFLY.

Friends of Soviet Union Stress the Danger of War at International Meeting

IMPERIALISTS IN DRIVE TO BUILD ANTI-USSR BLOC

France, Britain Try to Win Over Germany

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker.)

BERLIN, May 29. — The full conference of the friends of the Soviet Union opened Sunday morning in Cologne. A praesidium was elected which consisted of Lawther of the British Independent Labor Party, Cannone, of the French C. G. T., and Siewert of Germany.

Twenty-eight delegates were present, among them representatives from Great Britain, France, Belgium, Germany, Switzerland, Austria and Czechoslovakia. Thirteen social democrats were included. The German authorities refused to grant visas to the delegates from the Soviet Union.

Fight War Danger.

Lawther who spoke on the war danger declared that since the last conference strenuous efforts had been made to draw Germany into the bloc against the Soviet Union. Chamberlain's reply to Kellogg's note, he said, showed that the negotiations were being transformed into an instrument against the Soviet Union.

Cannone declared that the attitude of France toward the Soviet Union was being radically altered. France is now becoming the most vicious leader in the anti-Soviet bloc, he declared, and its policy was the support of the socialists.

Trade Union Unity.

Beck of Germany declared that a fighting international and trade union solidarity were the only guarantees for peace. Rossi of Italy who spoke on fascism declared Italy was a powder magazine, which would lead to new imperialist wars. He appealed to workers to support the Committee against fascism.

Resolutions on the war danger, trade union unity and fascism were adopted. The congress has been closed.

JAPAN IN NEW SHANTUNG MOVE

Bars Fighting at Ports; Strike in Nanking

SHANGHAI, May 29.—Notification that Japan would prevent all seafighting between northern and southern war-lords within twenty miles of various ports in Shantung and Manchuria was given to the Peking and Nanking governments today.

Among the ports listed by the Japanese authorities are Tsingtao, Chefoo and Lungkow, large port cities in Shantung as well as Taku and Chinwangtao in the province of Chihli.

Replying to the Japanese memorandum of May 18th to the effect that Japan would take "necessary steps" to safeguard its Manuchurian "interests," the Nanking government declares, "such measures constitute not only interference in China's domestic affairs but a flagrant violation of the principle of mutual respect for territorial sovereignty."

* * *

SHANGHAI, May 29. — Striking teachers and students held a demonstration against the Nanking government yesterday.

Reports from Canton state that a number of students were arrested for organizing a demonstration against the Kuomintang.

CAL SIGNS FAKE SALARY INCREASE

WASHINGTON, May 29.—President Coolidge late yesterday signed the Welch bill increasing salaries of about 135,000 government employes who are in classified civil service. The increase becomes effective July 1.

This increase, for which the government employes had fought for a long time, maintaining that the United States was paying them so little that many were unable to feed and clothe their families, will do little to actually better their condition. When distributed among all of the 135,000 workers involved, the actual increase will be but a drop in the bucket compared to what the workers need in order to live.

One class, however, which the bill will benefit, is that composed of the well-salaried officials, all of whom are granted a rather substantial increase.

FARMERS MAY MARCH.

KANSAS CITY, MO., May 29.—Prospects of Kansas City as a tented city during the republican convention were seen today following receipt of telegrams and press dispatches indicating a march on the convention by farmers to press demands for a farm [illegible] platform.

DELEGATES TO THE NOMINATING CONVENTION LEAVE FOR HOME

Emanuel Levine — John Schmees — Max Bedacht — Herbert Benjamin — Lucy Parsons.

Delegates to the huge National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, which closed in New York City Sunday evening, are leaving for home where they will take up the tasks of the election campaign. The Party plans to carry on an intensive drive in every state of the union. Above are five out of town delegates who are leaving New York City, from left to right: Emanuel Levine, District Organizer, Los Angeles; John Schmees, Detroit; Max Bedacht Organizer, District 5; Herbert Benjamin, Organizer, District 5; Lucy Parsons, Chicago.

REVOLT LOOMING IN VENEZUELA

Zulia Will Proclaim Independence

MARACAIBE, Venezuela, May 29. --Reports that large sections of the population in the state of Zulia are on the verge of an armed outbreak against the Gomez dictatorship have been received here. The reports state that the movement is being supported by a number of local leaders and exiles from outside the country.

The government is making vigorous denials that the movement in the state of Zulia are assuming serious proportions but rumors of an armed uprising persist.

The plan of the discontented groups is to secede from the Venezuelan union and establish an independent republic, it is intimated. The government has issued a statement saying that it will never recognize a seceding state.

Unrest which has been rife in Venezuela since the government bloodily repressed a series of demonstrations is believed to be acute in Zulia.

STRIKERS TIE UP ARGESTINE PORT

Bahia Blanca Workers Defy Terrorism

BUENOS AYRES, May 29.—Reports received here from Bahia Blanca late last night state that the efforts of the authorities to end the strike which is tying up the southern port remain unavailing. Picket lines have been thrown about the wharves and demonstrations along the water front continue in spite of terrorism by the local police.

Ship owners and merchants believing they are faced with a situation similar to that which tied up the northern group of Argentine ports a week ago are urging the authorities to adopt the sternest repressive measures against the Bahia Blanca strikers.

The walkout at Bahia Blanca is part of the wave of strikes by which the Argentine dock workers are fighting off the wage cuts and increase in hours that the owners are attempting to force upon them.

It is believed that the present strike will result in the same widespread agitation as followed that at Rosario and Santa Fe when thousands of workers in both parts, and in Buenos Ayres, walked out in a general tie-up which included railroad men, dock and crane tenders, taxi drivers and others.

Bahia Blanca on Blanca Bay is the largest port south of Buenos Ayres.

Shorthand By Radio

The first trans-Atlantic radio message in shorthand was sent out from New York today to a banquet held by the National Gregg Shorthand Association, in London.

It was photographed and the negative placed on the photo-radio transmitter at the offices of the Radio Corporation of America. It was 3¼x5 inches and a short time later the facsimile was delivered to the banquet in England.

Radio Man Seeks Some Of Pyle's Cold Cash

C. C. Pyle, the Bunion Derby man, is in trouble again.

Jay Peters of Englewood, Cal., filed suit in Supreme Court yesterday for a writ of attachment for $3.133, and would like to find some property of Pyle's against which the writ might apply.

Peters is owner of a broadcasting station which accompanied Pyle's centipede circus across the continent.

Morrow to Report How Well He Did by Bosses

WASHINGTON, May 29 (FP).—Ambassador Dwight Morrow is about to arrive in Washington to report to President Coolidge the success of his mission in Mexico. He has restored cordial relations between Washington and the Mexico City government. The oil lands dispute is settled to the advantage of the American oil operators. Obregon, sole candidate for the presidency, is at outs with Morones, head of the conservative labor movement and member of the Calles cabinet. Mexico is no longer to be regarded as a "red menace across the Rio Grande," or as seeking to "establish a Boleshvist hegemony southward to Panama."

MEXICAN TROOPS DEFEAT BANDITS

150 Reactionaries Are Killed in Fight

MEXICO CITY, May 29.—Reactionaries who waged a two-day battle at Manzanillo, Colima, in an effort to seize the city, lost 150 men. This includes many prisoners who were executed by the federals.

There were numerous casualties among the residents of the city. Reactionaries occupied part of Manzanillo on Friday and Saturday. Gen. Rafael Sanchez, director of military operations in the state of Colima, rushed reinforcements to Manzanillo. Meanwhile the federal gunboat Progreso in the harbor kept the positions of the reactionaries under fire.

There were about 800 counter-revolutionists in the attacking force.

DONETZ PLOTTERS ADMIT SABOTAGE

Got Useless Machines From Germans

(Continued from page one)

machines were useless and that he had given bribes to a number of other accused.

Andrei Kolodub was then examined. He denied all of the charges made against him. The prosecution read the experts' report on the conditions of the Ayuta mine where Kolodub had directed the boring operations. The report was crushing for Kolodub.

Aided White Guards.

Kalganov declared that Kolodub had accepted five thousand roubles for aiding the sabotage. Kolodub's brother, Emilian, himself a former mine owner was then examined. He attempted to withdraw the partial confession of guilt which he had made previously, but was forced under cross-examination to admit that he was guilty of nine cases of sabotage.

The accused denied that he was a counter-revolutionary, but Kryelnko produced the evidence of the Czarist Captain Prudentov, ex-leader of the White Guardist espionage in the Donetz Basin, who declared that both of the Kolodubs, Beresovsky, Babenko and others had worked for the white guards and had denounced many workers to the monarchists who were then court-martialled and shot.

Coolidge Signs Bill Reducing Corporation Taxes

WASHINGTON, May 29.—President Coolidge signed the tax reduction bill this morning.

This measure repeals all the excise taxes originating in the war and reduces the corporation tax by one and one-half per cent. It reduces taxes $222,495,200.

FASCISTS ATTACK SERBS IN ITALY

Many Outrages are Committed

PARIS, May 29.—Outrages against Jugo-Slav nationals have taken place at Bari and Bologna, according to reports from Milan and Rome. The hostile demonstrations were led by fascists allegedly in reprisal for the attacks on the Italian consulate, merchants and shipping companies in Spalato, Zara, Pola and other Dalmatian towns, where the Italian population provoked an outburst of popular resentment.

A number of Dalmatian students have been induced to go to fascist headquarters in many towns, demanding that punishment be meted out to the Jugo-Slav nationals, the reports state.

Mussolini, however, is making a show of guarding the Jugo-Slav and Austrian official buildings thruout Italy. Citizens of both countries have been engaged in anti-fascist demonstrations during the last few weeks.

Mussolini has announced that he will review the present anti-fascist situation which involves Jugo-Slavia, Austria and the Argentina, nationals from all of which have shown hostility recently.

CALCUTTA RAIL WORKERS STRIKE

More Than 4,000 Cotton Workers Join

CALCUTTA, May 29.—Police reserves are being held in readiness with the spread of the textile and railway strikes.

More than 4,000 cotton workers joined the textile strike here today. Railway workers are already out. Large picket demonstrations are being held in front of the railway shops at Lilloah.

Unrest is spreading in other cities.

* * *

BOMBAY, May 29.—The textile strike which involves more than 150,600 workers continues to tie up virtually every textile mill in the city.

The textile unions charge that a large sum of money sent to them for relief by workers of the Soviet Union has been confiscated by the authorities.

Dawes Makes Bid for Presidency

WASHINGTON, May 29 (FP).—Vice-President Dawes made his first open bid for the republican presidential nomination, May 28, when he broke a tie vote in the senate between the administration reactionaries in both parties, who demanded adjournment by 5 o'clock next day, and the liberal-progressives in both parties who demanded that congress stay in session. Dawes voted with the liberal-progressives who wanted to stay at work, and against the reactionaries who wanted to defeat the Boulder Canyon Dam bill and other measures by going home. The big-navy group also voted to stay—to pass their own bill.

Robinson of Arkansas, democratic floor leader, proved himself once more a good Coolidge republican. He voted for adjournment. Johnson of California, demanding that the Boulder Dam bill be first brought to a roll-call, rallied the opposition with the help of Norris, Walsh, Wheeler and Wagner. Dawes' vote against the Coolidge program was deliberately cast in order to impress the "rebels" in the Kansas City convention with the idea that Dawes is in sympathy with the west and is a man of the common people, devoted to public duty.

Explosion at Edison Company Injures Two

Two workmen were injured seriously yesterday when a gas tank in the mechanical shops of the New York Edison Company, 41st St. and the East River, exploded. The injured men, who were taken to Bellevue Hospital, were Arthur Banperi and John Pasowski.

Nobile Still Lost

OSLO, Norway, May 29.—One Norwegian relief expedition under command of Lieut. Luetzow Holm was pushing northward at full speed tonight to begin airplane search flights from Spitzbergen in hope of locating Gen. Umberto Nobile and his missing companions on the Italia.

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PRAGUE OFFICIALS JAIL 50 WORKERS

Communists Arrange 16 Protest Meetings

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

PRAGUE, May 29.—Police arrested fifty workers, including the Communist Deputy Hruska, at mass demonstrations arranged by the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia to protest against the prohibition of a workers sports meeting.

Sixteen mass demonstrations were arranged by the Communist Party.

"Give Everybody a Chance to Read Me!"
—*The Daily Worker.*

MILITANTS FROM ALL SECTIONS OF GERMANY GATHER

Must Fight War Danger Speakers Declare

(Continued from page one)

Many workers fell in line to give the Fighters food and drink.

The streets leading to the Lustgarten were packed.

Thirty speakers addressed approximately seven hundred thousand workers from numerous platforms. Thaelmann, Leov, Pieck, Pfeiffer, Overlach and numerous delegates from foreign militant workers organizations appealed to the workers to fight against the danger of an imperialist war and against the treachery of the social-democrats.

Fascists Stay Away.

The workers troops then marched past in military parade, raising their fists in salute as they passed the base in Friedrichshain, where the leaders of the Red Front Fighters stood. The march of Fighters lasted from four-thirty until nine-thirty.

The German fascists, who on other occassions have tried to attack and break up meetings of the Red Front Fighters, discreetly absented themselves from the demonstration.

Plan Australia Flight

OAKLAND, Cal., May 29. — The triple-engined monoplane Southern Cross was today pronounced ready to hop off on a projected trans-Pacific aerial expedition to Australia.

Weather permitting, the giant plane will take off early tomorrow or Friday on the first leg of the flight, a 2,400 mile hop to Honolulu. It will leave either from the Oakland Airport, where it now rests in a hangar, or from the San Francisco Airport, depending on wind conditions.

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The Mining Crisis Deepens—by Wm. Z. Foster.
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33 FIRST STREET NEW YORK CITY

URGE CANDY WORKERS TO JOIN THE UNION IN FIGHT ON SPEED-UP, STARVATION WAGES

(By a Worker Correspondent)

A very enthusiastic meeting of workers representatives from [illegible] candy and chocolate factories was held last Saturday evening. The foundation for a militant union was laid and plans formulated to start an organization campaign among the thousands of exploited slaves of the many candy and chocolate factories in New York City.

A joint organization committee was appointed which issued the following appeal to the workers:

Every man and woman working in, and for, the chocolate and candy factories at whatever job he or she may hold, must stand ready for action and fight for better working conditions. Don't be afraid—you have nothing more to lose than the savage, inhuman speeding-up at your work, the starvation wages which they pay you for your exhausting drudgery, the snooping and spying on you, inside and outside the factory and the many wily tricks and dirty chicanery you have to put up with at the hands of the bosses. Only these you run a chance of losing, nothing else.

Fellow workers, get ready to fight for a decent, human treatment and the immediate wage raise. Don't you think it's high time to stand up and demand the granting of these reasonable demands? General organizers will be around explaining all about the union that is being formed. Make your application when you are approached. Fall in line. Let us all work and fight together for a better life for all.

—BOND.

Bring Out Scabs Is Young Workers' Appeal at Kenosha, Correspondent Says

DEMAND ALL DAY MASS PICKETING TO WIN STRIKE

Strikers Told Labor Party is Vital Need

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

KENOSHA, Wis., (By Mail).—Enclosed is a copy of the leaflet which the Young Workers League of Kenosha gave out at the picket lines recently. It's the third time they've distributed them. The men are getting gradually tired of Budenz's tactics and they are glad to get the leaflets. —ALLEN-A.

• • •

To Striking Workers of Allen-A.

The march, open-air meeting and dance last Saturday were powerful demonstrations of the workers of Kenosha. The thousands of Kenosha workers who participated in last Saturday's affairs, pledged their solidarity with the militant young strikers of the Allen-A Co. Young Workers League of Milwaukee came all the way to Kenosha to participate in Saturday's demonstration. Another group of the Young Workers League came from Chicago. All this was further proof that you have the support of the overwhelming majority of young and adult workers.

What must be done now in order to win the strike? The remaining unorganized, semi-skilled and unskilled workers must be called out on strike. These workers are piling up profits for the company by remaining at work. That is one of the reasons why the All-A Co. has been able to hold out so long against the strikers.

If these unorganized workers were not of any value to the company, they would have been discharged long ago. The firm employs them because their labor is profitable. You must get them out on strike and deal a really powerful blow at the Allen-A Co. When this open-shop firms sees that other workers in its employ are joining the ranks of the strikers it will give up its vicious struggle against the union and come to terms. Discuss this among yourselves and take definite action to call out the unorganized.

All Day Mass Picketing.

In the last few days, you have occasionally picketed one of the Allen-A plants as the scabs were leaving for home. What were the results? The scabs saw that your ranks were still strong and unbroken—and that you intend to fight on until you win. This causes dissention and pessimism in their ranks and eventually some of them will quit scabbing and get out of the firm.

However, more effective results can be obtained if you organize regular shifts to picket the Allen-A Co. from the time the scabs go to work in the morning until they leave for home. This all-day picket line should be held around both plants of the Allen-A Co., the one where the full fashioned work is done by the scabs, and the other plant across the street.

Special efforts can then be made to call out the unorganized semi-skilled and unskilled workers on strike. This all day picketing of both plants, will prove effective in keeping away any would-be scabs from entering the Allen-A Co. in the morning, and would, in a short time, completely demoralize a large number of the scabs. By holding all-day picket lines about the two plants, the scabs will see how determined the union forces are. Fellow workers, we ask you to see that this is done immediately in order that you may win soon. Your strike must not be allowed to drag along for months, giving the company time to import additional scabs and professional strikebreakers.

A Labor Party.

Whether democrats, republicans or so-called independent progressives are in power, the government remains an instrument of the bosses against the workers. In every strike of the workers to better their conditions, the government supports the bosses by issuing injunctions and sending police to beat and arrest the workers. Even in the so-called progressive state of Wisconsin, where LaFollette was idolized as a friend of labor, arrests are being made in Kenosha of strikers against the labor-hating Allen-A Co. and in the widely advertised model city of Milwaukee, where a "socialist" mayor has been in power for twelve years, strikers against David Adler and Sons have been arrested constantly.

Wages in Wisconsin are just as low as in other states. Child labor exists here as everywhere thruout the country. Workers are unemployed and the open-shop is entrenched here as everywhere thruout the state, including the "model" city of Milwaukee. [illegible] there is a law on the books of the state of Wisconsin, prohibiting importation of gunmen and professional strikebreakers, it is not carried out, as is evidenced by the importation of thugs by Allen-A while the state and city authorities refuse to take any action.

The workers cannot look to any of the bosses' parties for aid. They can expect nothing from the democratic, republican or independent parties that serve the interests of the bosses. Nor can they expect anything from LaFollette, who denounces the two old parties before the election and then goes back to them when the elections are over. No, the workers must organize a party of their own, a Labor Party, which will fight for the interests of the working class. It must be a party composed of workers and poor farmers, with a real working class program. Its candidates for public office must be representatives of labor organizations.

Follow, workers! Rally to your demands. They are:

1. **Organize regular daily mass picketing around both plants of the open Allen-A Co.**
2. **Call out on strike all unorganized workers who are at present employed in the Allen-A Co.**
3. **Immediate withdrawal of the $25,000 guarantee made by the union to the Allen-A Co. The union must not guarantee a cent to the Allen-A that the workers will speed-up and produce as much with one machine as with two. There must be no speed-up!**
4. **No agreemen with the Allen-A Co. unless they accept the closed shop where only union workers will be employed.**
5. **An 8-hour day, a 5-day week.**
6. **Two weeks vacation with pay.**
7. **A party of, by, and for the workers, a Labor Party.**

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE OF AMERICA.

Negro Worker Risks Life For Young Girl

Manuel Silver, a Negro barge captain, leaped into the East River recently in order to rescue a young white girl who was drowning in the icy water. Silver is shown with his wife, indicating the spot where his courageous rescue was made. Scores of these barge captains, both whites and Negroes, make a bare existence around New York harbor where they are among the most exploited of harbor workers. Their barges are often overloaded so that they sink in the heavy harbor wash. Drownings are frequent from this cause.

TRAMP, TRAMP, TRAMP, GO STARVED THOUSANDS

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla. (By mail).—Every summer a great call is issued thruout Oklahoma, Kansas and Nebraska and the Dakotas for harvest hands. A good many workers come out from the east, also, some from as far away as Maine, and many from other New England states.

No Jobs.

But be warned this year if the newspapers print long articles about the thousands of men who are wanted in the harvest fields. Don't come west as you can't get a job in the fields at any price.

Last year there were 1,700 "combines" in Oklahoma alone, which threw 4,000 harvest hands out of work. This year there are so far 4,045 "combines," which cuts out all jobs. One north-east county alone has 600.

The above is the official statement appearing on page 15 of the May 8 issue of the Oklahoma City Times.

All the more northern states have been supplied with "combines," which make them as bad as Oklahoma. Besides, there is absolutely no work to be had in the big towns of Oklahoma.

Shoot Starving Worker.

Early this morning a poor starving worker broke into a restaurant for food and was shot. He was taken to the Oklahoma General Hospital in a dying condition. This is the third restaurant that has been entered for food within one week.

Men are breaking into high school cafeterias here for food.

Five thousand dollars was lately paid to a visiting Chicago preacher for four days' "work" here, while all the way from Grand Ave. south on Robinson St. to the Frisco tracks, hundreds of unoccupied workers, many of them married, were starving and begging for even a loaf of bread.

Mothers "Hustle."

Lots of unemployed married workers here have been forced to stay with the children at that lousy place called home while their wives are compelled to take to the street and "hustle."

I saw a good woman, a christian, and the wife of an unemployed laborer, being forced into this the other day. She said it was either that or starve and when she heard her little ones crying for something to eat she was driven to it.

And yet capitalism doesn't want to destroy the home! The rats!

I am broke and out of work, but there are thousands like me here. Just stand at Robinson and Reno any day and all you hear is tramp, tramp, tramp, just like clock work.

—JAKE C. WINFIELD.

DISTRIBUTER OF LEAFLET QUIZZED

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

BAYONNE, N. J., (By Mail). — A member of the Young Workers League, Sol Berman, was arrested recently for distributing leaflets to the oil strikers in Bayonne. Here are some of the questions that the police asked him in the black maria, together with the worker's replies.

Police: Are you a citizen of the United States?

Worker: Sure I am.

Police: Are you a Communist?

Worker: Yes.

The worker was arrested after the strike had been called off. After the judge, Markey, had questioned him he was released. —S.

NO UNION BOOKS FOR EMPLOYEES OF AMALGAMATED

Workers Disillusioned About Officials

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Last Saturday I had lunch with a group of my friends. We were discussing the necessities that a working girl has today. In the group of six, two were operators, one was a saleslady and three were clerks in the Amalgamated Bank.

One of the operators has been out of work for a long time. She had a chance to observe all the beautiful and wonderful things you can buy if you have the money. She turned her head and said to the clerks in a half-serious, half-humorous way, "You are lucky girls to work in the Amalgamated Bank. I suppose you are getting good since you yourselves are the union."

"What Union?"

The answer was sad. The clerks told us that none of them belong to the Bookkeepers' Union. They pay no dues. They have no union books and if they are working overtime, they do not get paid until three or four weeks later.

When I heard this I told them I had heard talk of a strike at the bank a few weeks ago for discharging a clerk for being active in the Bookkeepers' Union. They asked me if I knew how it was investigated and told me it was thru the press. "O," they said, "we long for the time when we shall belong to a union like yours and be protected against hiring and firing, against reductions in wages, increase in working hours and discharge for union activity.

About Amalgamated.

When I heard this beautiful dream of my friend about my union, I did not want to disappoint her, but I told her a little bit about the "wonderful" things in the Amalgamated of which I am a member.

Here are some of things I told her. On paper we have a powerful union, but not in the shops. When the union was in the shop we had a chairman. Today we have a collector as well as business agents and organizers.

Since the Amalgamated gave up all its principles of class struggle it has gone far with compromises. So the workers have lost their confidence in their union leadership. Today the Amalgamated is surrounded by business agents, organizers and strongmen, not for the organization but for the machine, to keep the workers back from constructive work.

We, the workers, knowing the wonderful possibilities of our union, have lost no real respect for it. Altho some of us keep quiet, deep in our hearts we feel very bad about it. If anybody dares to say anything, he or she is condemned as a Communist or a destroyer of the organization. But we are watching for the time when all the workers will understand that they have no real union now and then they will get busy with organization work and will make improvements in our working conditions.

At the last convention two years ago, the Amalgamated decided to establish a forty-hour week instead of the forty-four. We worked hard, very hard for it, but they came to the conclusion that the easiest way of getting the forty-hour week is by bringing back the old sweat shop system of piece-work.

There is not enough organization among the workers. The new inventions, the speed-up system, overproduction without the control of the union, and piece work are ruining.

All this shows that the present leaders are carrying the organization backwards. We are going from bad to worse. I wonder how far we can go in that direction. —F.S.

BOYS FORGOTTEN IN LOS ANGELES JAIL FOR WEEKS

Judge Irate; Now About 600 Labor Prisoners

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail).—Mr. G. A. Arnold, 668 West 27th St. San Pedro, lost his automobile March 9. San Pedro, a seaport of Los Angeles, is the "Fink City" of the lumber trust, shipping interests and the fishing industry, etc. This place was the hottest hell-hole of police brutality in the country during 192?-1924. Even Upton Sinclair was arrested for reading the Constitutions of the United States and the state of California. The reading took place on private property, "Liberty Hill," with the consent of the owner, a liberal-minded woman.

Now, to come back to the main story, two young men, Babe De La Cruz and Marvin Dennison, were accused of having "borrowed" Arnold's auto. The boys were arrested in Nevada City by Deputy Sheriff Dan Crowley, who transported them back to the Los Angeles County Jail, March 21. They were put under $1,500 bail each and "forgotten" for two months without a hearing.

After two months' loss of memory by the police department, the "mistake" was discovered. The youths were brought into Municipal Judge Baird's court for arraignments. Police Officer E. R. Dunthy of San Pedro was made the "goat," in a way, but the judge also attacked 'police department inefficiency," saying, in part, as follows:

"This outrage of constitutional rights of these men is directly traceable to the gross inefficiency of the police department," exclaimed Judge Baird. "There is absolutely no reason why men should be thrown into jail and kept there for two months because police officers fail to carry out their duties."

No Los Angeles judge, or any other judge, had anything to say against the wholesale violations of the constitutions of this state and nation during the free speech fight in San Pedro in 1923 and 1924. The "ire" of judges was not "aroused" over the jailing of more than 600 innocent workers at one time, the railroading to San Quentin, the kidnappings and the hot water "cure"—which tortured women and children to death. The notorious Oaks, former chief of police in Los Angeles, got away with his brutalities and other forms of lawlessness—without protest by legal lights who are decorating the benches in courts of law.

Well, these boys were sent to jail and permitted to rot there. The police department, however, is very busy these days protecting gamblers and other crooks from getting in close contact with smelling jail-birds.

—L. P. RINDAL.

—— *DRAMA* ——

"Get Me in the Movies" a Good Satire on Hollywood

A delightful farce based on contemporary life in the movie colony in Hollywood, California, called, "Get Me In The Movies" is now playing at the Earl Carroll Theatre, where laughing audiences are nightly enjoying this satire about the cinema capitol.

Written by Charlton Andrews and Phillip Dunning, the latter one of the authors of "Broadway," the play is the first serious attempt to portray Hollywood life since Glenn Hunter appeared several seasons ago in "Merton of the Movies." While written along the lines of broad farce, the play in an unusually entertaining manner manages to bring out a great deal of the things the motion picture fan has been reading and thinking about for many years.

The play mirrors the adventures of Johnny Loring, winner of a scenario contest, who from the day he arrives in the cinema center is constantly annoyed by potential movie queens and their mothers who request his help in placing them in the movies.

In an amusing manner the various girls tell him they are willing to "pay the price" for fame, but none of the offers tempt Johnny who remains true to his sweetheart. In addition the contract he has signed with the motion picture corporation states that he is not to recommend any one for parts in any of the company's productions.

The part of Johnny is superbly played by Sterling Holloway, remembered for his fine work in the Garrick Gaieties" and the "Grand Street Follies." Mr. Holloway's portrayal of the soda jerker from Sheboygan, Wis., who won the scenario prize, is one of the finest characterizations on Broadway today. His tall ungainly figure, his mop of yellow hair, all add realism to his part of a country youth bewildered by the host of motion picture beauties who want to use him as a means of gaining prominence in the battle for fame.

Of course, in the end Johnny triumphs, but the complications leading up to that make an enjoyable evening at the theatre. While not of any permanent importance, the play is th equal of many of the current successes along the Rialto.

In addition to Mr. Holloway, capital performances are given by Mildred Van Dorn as his sweetheart; Helen Baxter as a movie star and by Lenore Sorby and Sheila Trent as two of the girls willing to "pay the price." Other members of the cast include Courtney White, Alan Devitt and Evelyn Carter, Carrington Hathaway.

—S. A. P.

JEAN CRITTENDEN

In the new "Grand Street Follies" which opened Monday night at the Booth Theatre.

The operetta based on the life of Frederic Chopin, called "Chopin's Romance," which the Messrs. Shubert will present in Atlantic City June 11, will have in its cast Odette Myrtil, John Cumberland, George Baker, Allan Rogers, Ernest Lawford, Max Figman, Leo Henning and Marion Marchante. The music is by Karl Hajos, book and lyrics by Harry B. Smith.

Jetta Goudal will play the role of Simone in "Her Cardboard Lover," in which Marion Davies is starred. This is the adaption by Carey Wilson of the stage hit of a year ago.

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3,500 GARMENT WORKERS ATTEND BUILD UNION MEET

Honest Elements Now Out of Sigman Union

Crowding the isles from the speakers' platform out into and almost filling the lobby of Cooper Union,, 3,500 cloakmakers came to the meeting called by the Tolerance Group last night, and tumultuously applauded the the announcements of the group leaders that every member of their group had sent in his resignation as paid and unpaid functionaries in the fake union of Morris Sigman.

Striking the keynote of their statement of position B. Kaplan, former chairman of the right wing Local 2, declared that "there is nothing left for any honest element remaining in the right wing union to do but join with the National Organizing Committee and fight with them for the building of a real union.

The high pitch of enthusiasm was reached when Joseph Borachovich was introduced as the representative of the National Organizing Committee. Borachovich welcomed into the ranks of the cloak and dressmakers all elements regardless of political beliefs whose primary desire is to build a real cloakmakers' union and again regain union conditions destroyed by the 19 war on the membership conducted by the right wing.

Other speakers for the Tolerance Group declared that the only conclusion that can be reached after they saw that the Sigmans and Schlesingers intend to continue the fight on the members is to join the struggle of the N. O. C. Two of them, Louis Goldstein and Philip Greitz announced that at 4 p. m. that day they had sent in their resignation as business agent in the Sigman local. Other speakers were Nathan Steinberg, A. Silverstein and A. Guteson. Philip Gretizer was chairman.

Unanimously, all the thousands present rose to adopt the following resolution:

"Whereas the leaders of the International have rejected the demand of the 'Tolerance Group' (which is also the demand of the thousands of cloak and dressmakers) for an end to the internal struggle, on a basis where all elements shall unite in order to rebuild the union, and restore union conditions, and have thus demonstrated that they are determined to continue the destructive war in our union.

"We, the assembled cloak and dressmakers, declare that we support the open and decisive action of the Tolerance Group, which realizing that nothing further can be expected of the International, has affiliated with the National Organization Committee, which has set as its object to unite all the constructive forces for the rebuilding of our shattered union.

"We declare that the time has come when we, the workers of the shops, who have suffered mostly from the destructive war, must unite our forces and begin to build the union.

"We call on all registered members together with us to rally around the National Organization Committee, and do all in their power to help rebuild our union, and once more reestablish union conditions which we have won thru many years of struggle and sacrifice.

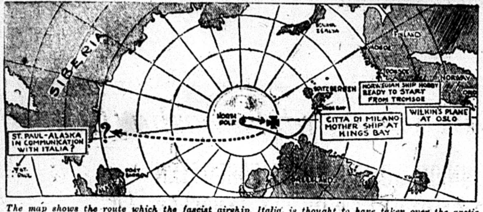
"We pledge to do all in our power to the end that the shops, in which we are working, shall together with us join the National Organization Committee, so that with united forces we may build our union on a basis where it shall be controlled to truly serve the interests of the members.

Workers in Michigan Give to Miners' Relief

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, May 29.—The National Miners' Relief Committee of 611 Penn Avenue yesterday acknowledged receipt of a donation for $50.50 from Ironwood, Mich., which represents a tax of $1.00 per man by a group of workers in that city. The money originally was intended to clear up a black-list system, but this affair has been closed.

Chart of Ice Wastes Where Fascist Dirigible is Lost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NORWEGIAN SHIP HOBBY READY TO START FROM TROMSOE
WILKIN'S PLANE AT OSLO
CITTA DI MILANO MOTHER SHIP AT KINGS BAY
ST. PAUL-ALASKA IN COMMUNICATION WITH ITALIA?
ST. PAUL
POINT BARROW
GREENLAND

The map shows the route which the fascist airship, Italia, is thought to have taken over the arctic ice floes after the dirigible had dropped a cross on the North Pole. The ship is believed to be off the extreme northeastern end of Siberia at present.

MINERS' RELIEF IN PHILADELPHIA

New Committee Plans Big Drives

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, May 29. — The newly reorganized branch of the National Miners' Relief Committee of which Barney Heman has been elected secretary announced yesterday an intensified drive for miners' relief in Philadelphia.

Next Saturday and the following Saturday, June 9, a monster house to house collection will take place. The committee has issued a call to every worker and sympathizer to report Saturday morning at 1 P. M. at one of the following stations:

List of Stations:

(1) West Philadelphia, 130 West 60th St., Mrs. Auerbach in charge. (2) Strawberry Mansion, 2926 Gordon St. in charge of Katherine Werner. (3) 1208 Tasker St., Esther Weiss in charge. (4) Day Nursery, 366 Snyder Ave., Mrs. Love in charge. (5) 1331 N. Franklin St., Mrs. Feinstone in charge. (6) Kensington Labor Lyceum, 2nd and Cambria Sts., Isabella Kleinman in charge. (7) N. W. Corner 8th and Ritner Sts., Mrs. Nechowitz in charge.

Other Events.

An enlarged conference for Miners' Relief will be held Monday, June 11, at 8 P. M., at Grand Fraternity Hall, 1626 Arch St. Every organization at present having delegates to the conference should see to it that these delegates attend the meeting. Organizations not yet represented are invited to send delegates.

ART SCREEN FOR MINERS' RELIEF

The first screen presentation of the Moscow Art Theatre, "Polikushka," will be shown by Council No. 1, United Councils of Workingclass Women, next Saturday evening at the Burke Theatre, Burke and White Plains Avenues. The proceeds of the performance will be given to the National Miners Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, for the relief of the striking miners and their families.

The art of complete harmonious acting by which the Moscow Art Theatre has decisively influenced the European stage, is for the first time transferred to the screen in "Polikushka." The role of the main character is played by J. M. Moskvin, the greatest Russian actor.

The picture, taken from the story "Polikushka," was written by Leo Tolstoy after the proclamation by Czar Alexander II in 1861 announcing the emancipation of the serfs, and deals with the life and lust for drink of "Polikushka"—the lowest of all the serfs in the service of the Pokrovskoye estate.

The film depicts the Russian village and provincial town of the period, showing the misery and drudgery of the lives of the peasants. Moskvin's realistic acting makes it one of the outstanding pictures of all time.

All workers and sympathizers with the miners' struggles for the right to live are urged to attend the showing of this film next Saturday evening.

Workers' Calendar

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Chicago Miners' Relief.

CHICAGO, Ill.—There will be a concert and dance here on the evening of June 2, at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St., for the benefit of the Miners' Relief. The program includes many features and refreshments.

• • •

Waterbury Picnic.

WATERBURY, Conn.—The Workers organizations of Connecticut have arranged a picnic to be held on June 3, at Roseland Park, Waterbury. The program, which begins at 10 A. M., will include speakers, dancing, and refreshments.

• • •

Pittsburgh Haywood Meet.

PITTSBURGH.—The Pittsburgh Section of the Workers (Communist) Party has arranged a William D. Haywood meeting to be held June 2, at 8 P. M. at the International Socialist Lyceum, 805 James St.

• • •

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

• • •

Chicago Attention!

The Chicago North Side Committee for Striking Miners' Relief has arranged a concert and dance with the co-operation of several labor organizations for June 2, 8 P. M. at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St.

• • •

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

• • •

Chicago Russian Workers.

CHICAGO.—The White Russian Society will hold a meeting May 31 in the Shoenhofer Hall, Milwaukee and Ashland Aves., at 8 P. M.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

District 15—Y. W. L. Anniversary.

The sixth anniversary of the existence of the Young Workers' Communist League will be celebrated in District 15 in the following halls and on the following dates:

Hartford—2003 Main St., June 2.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

• • •

Chicago Labor Picnic.

CHICAGO. — The Chicago section, Trade Union Educational League, will hold a picnic May 30 at Viall's Grove.

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Baltimore, Md., June 1; Washington, D. C., June 2; Richmond, Va., June 3; Norfolk, Va., June 4; Wilmington, Del., June 5; Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

• • •

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Wednesday, May 30, Springfield, Mass., Liberty Hall, 592 Dwight St.

Thursday, May 31, Providence, R. I., A. C. A. Hall, 1752 Westminster St.

Friday, June 1, Boston, Paine Memorial Hall.

Saturday, June 2, Peabody, Mass., Finnish Hall, 67 Freemont St.

Sunday, June 3, Allston (Boston), Mass., 521 Cambridge St.

Monday, June 4, Haverhill, Mass.

Tuesday, June 5, Stamford, Conn.

Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.

Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.

Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.

Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.

Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.

Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.

Sunday, June 17, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

CONCERT PROGRAM AT BIG CARNIVAL

Starlight Park Hired for Joint Defense

A very important feature of the Starlight Park Jamboree and Carnival has been announced today. The Defense Committee has succeeded in securing the Hungarian Workers' Symphony Orchestra composed of fifty men, who will render a classical program. The orchestra will be conducted by Alfred Kugel.

The carnival at Starlight Park on June 9th promises to be one of the most unusual and joyous affairs of the season. A variety of entertainments will be provided to suit the particular tastes of all present. Numerous teams of proletarian sport clubs will participate in baseball, soccer games, track and fields events. These sports clubs are also preparing spectacular calisthenics, as well as other different features. A battle royal between the different national sport clubs for the championship is in store for the amusement of our workers. Water sports have also not been neglected, among which will be swimming races and exhibitions. Amateur wrestling and boxing has been scheduled for the evening. The Impartial Workers' Schools are preparing a picturesque ballet. There will be a march of the athletes, the Pioneers and the children of the Impartial Workers' Schools. The dance hall will be free to all. A much looked-forward to event will be the evening camp fires, on the field where all will join in proletarian songs.

We want to call the special attention of all comrades and sympathizers, that the Joint Defense Committee has only taken over three places from which to sell food and drinks. These are the large restaurant, the booth on the field and the booth inside of the dance hall. Be sure to patronize these. All the others belong to private concerns. Tickets can be obtained at the Defense Headquarters, 41 Union Square.

TAMMANY GRAFTS $500,000 IN HAUL; PAYROLLS PADDED

Bronx Garage Yields Big Swag to Officials

Fully a half million dollars of graft in one garage alone during the short period of three years is the record of the Tammany Hall street cleaning department as revealed in the opening address yesterday by Assistant District Attorney Ryan to the jury which was selected last Friday to try Charles A. McGee, assistant general superintendent of the department and William J. Oswald, Bronx district superintendent.

In the address to the jury, prosecutor Ryan showed that the stealing was effected through payroll padding by means of fictitious names of persons never actually employed. This graft took place in the garage at Cromwell Avenue of which William J. Lougheed was foreman and Benjamin A. A. Stoeber was assistant foreman. Lougheed and Stoeber have pleaded guilty and will testify for the state.

Thus far no reason for the voluntary confessions of Lougheed and his assistant who have revealed the existence of hundreds of thousands of graft yearly in the Tammany street cleaning department alone has been advanced officially. But the readiness with which the prosecution has been willing apparently to grant them immunity as state witnesses, their seeming anxiety to implicate even themselves lends credence to the charge that Al Smith, Morgan-spokesman in the New Tammany Hall, is making a show of fumigating some of the vile-smelling spots of the city administration in preparation for his presidential campaign.

It is recalled that the New York World, now chief defender of Al Smith, was the paper instrumental in securing the confessions of Lougheed and Stoeber.

Lougheed, prosecutor Ryan declared, carried an emergency weekly payroll of $3,390. Of 126 emergency workers which he certified to have carried, only 32 were actually employed. This scheme, Ryan showed, could not have been carried out withwithout the knowledge and connivance of their superiors, McGee and Oswald.

It is believed, however, that those higher up in graft will as usual escape punishment.

Council Plans Concert for Miners Relief

The women of Council 15, United Councils of Workingclass Women, will present a gala entertainment and concert for miners relief at the Jewish National Workers Cooperative House, 808 Adee Avenue, Bronx, next Saturday evening, June 2.

An elaborate program has been arranged, which will include the well known Kunst Ring artists, who will perform on instruments and vocally. Michel Gibson, of the Yiddish Art Theatre, will also appear.

PITTSBURGH, PA.
M. RASNICK, *Dentist*
MOVED TO
715 N. Highland Ave. E. E.
Telephone Montrose 8480.

Communist Youth Will Hike on Next Sunday

On Sunday, June 3, the Communist youth of New York and New Jersey will hike to Pelham Bay Park.

This hike will be attended by the 600 active members of the Young Workers Communist League of New York and New Jersey but also by many sympathizers and members of the working class youth organizations, it is expected.

The entertainment will be of a varied nature and will include a unit baseball elimination contest with prizes for the winning three teams, scheduled track and field events, a tug-of-war and similar games, mass-singing and social games around the fireplaces.

All who wish to join us in this hike should meet at the end of the Hunts Point Line not later than 10 a. m. on the day of the hike. For further information write to District Sports Committee, Young Workrs (Communist) League, 108 E. 14th St., or phone Stuyvesant 9563.

THREE MILLINERY PICKETS JAILED

Three pickets of the striking Millinery Hand Workers' Union, Local 43, were arrested yesterday morning before the shop of Rothschild and Hershison, 63 W. 36th St., on charges of disorderly conduct and hailed into Jefferson Market Court, 6th Ave. and 10th St., from which they were later released on suspended sentences. The arrests followed a militant picketing demonstration of union members at both the uptown and downtown shops.

During the lunch hour and in the afternoon the strikers were joined by a large number of other union members on the picket line. The strike, union officers say, is going strong. Many new members are coming to the union seeking to work at union shops.

The millinery fighters are fighting against the attempts of the officers of the international union to destroy the local which grew from 400 members to 4,000 in the two years of its militant leadership.

Five Men Rescued From Burning Rum Runner

BOSTON, May 28.—Five men of the super-speed boat Humpe, of Philadelphia, sunk at sea off Nantucket, faced arraignment today on liquor smuggling charges following a rescue from the flaming Humpe by the crew of the United States Coast Guard Cutter Paulding. At the time of the rescue the sea about the craft was covered with burning gasoline from the Humpe and the men were in a dory. When all had been rescued, the Paulding fired a shot sinking the Humpe, which had burst into flames during a pursuit by the Paulding.

DENTAL OWNERS SEEK TO SETTLE WITH STRIKERS

Laboratory Workers in City-Wide Strike

A large group of dental laboratory owners, disregarding the policy of the Dental Manufacturers' Association, met last night to draw up a resolution in an effort to effect an agreement whereby the workers, out on strike throughout greater New York for two weeks, should go back to work with all their demands granted.

This move was made because of the powerful united front put up by the strikers.

An attempt on the part of the bosses to import strikebreakers from other cities, and from the employes of members of the National Dental Manufacturers' Association, last night, was frustrated. The workers of Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Chicago refused to scab on the striking workers in New York.

Jobs Demanded for 1,000

This failure, it is believed, prompted the bosses' meeting last night.

According to a statement given out by the strike leaders, the strikers will not mediate unless the employers' group is large. This means that the bosses proposing settlement must be able to provide employment for about 1,000 workers.

At meetings held yesterday in the Labor Temple the strikers demonstrated again that their spirit is as fresh if not better than it was at the inception of the strike.

Hall Is Filled

The first meeting of the day, which began at noon, completely filled the hall. A roll call showed that not a single striker was absent. They cheered repeatedly while a statement on the demands was being read and pledged that they would continue to fight until the union was recognized and their demands granted.

At present the industry is completely tied up. Over 95 per cent of all those engaged in the trade in Greater New York are out on strike.

25 Press Men Protest Against Mussolini

WASHINGTON, May 29 (FP).—Twenty-five press correspondents, many of whom have had to work in Italy under fascist espionage, have joined in blackballing Mussolini for non-resident membership in the National Press Club at Washington.

They protested his nomination on grounds of his terrorism, violence and expulsion tactics toward the Italian and foreign press. Fred Essary, president of the club, intimated in reply to the protest that it was a Bolshevist demonstration.

100,000 Miners on Strike
30,000 Textile Workers on Strike

To Save the Union; For a Victorious Strike; For the Miners' Control of Their Union; Against the Wage Cut; Against the Speed-up; Against Longer Hours

Thousands of requests are being made in every mail for The DAILY WORKER from the Striking Miners. Hundreds of requests are already coming in from the striking Textile Workers.

All expired subscriptions of strikers are still being sent even tho the strikers can not afford to renew their subscriptions.

Every day we are sending 4,000 papers to the mine strike area FREE OF CHARGE. We have begun to send The DAILY WORKER into the Textile strike area FREE OF CHARGE.

Our Resources Are Limited—We Cannot Afford It Any Longer
Help us keep up the work—Help us to increase the circulation
Help the Striking Miners—Help the Striking Textile Workers
Send to the Daily Worker a free subscription to the strikers.

Send The DAILY WORKER into the strike areas.

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Thousands more LIKE The DAILY WORKER.
Thousands more NEED The DAILY WORKER.
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On gold bonds secured by the 2nd mortgage of the 2nd block of co-op. houses in the Co-op. Workers Colony and preferred stock shares for the purpose of financing the co-op. stores and other enterprises of the organization.

A few bonds of the $250,000 Gold Bond Issue are still left.

SUBSCRIBE NOW. BE OF THE LAST BUT DON'T BE LEFT OUT.

Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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The Hope of the Working Class

We go before the working class in the presidential election with Communist candidates for the national offices. The Communist Party, the sole revolutionary political party, the only party holding to the aims and the class-struggle policies of our class, enters into the elections of the capitalist "democracy"—not in harmony with the purposes of those elections, but with the revolutionary purpose of mobilizing the masses of toilers of industry and country against the very capitalist state which seeks, through those elections, to support itself by deluding the masses.

Necessity compels the capitalist class to put through the puppet-show of elections "by the people" while the Sinclairs, Mellons, Morgans, Ryans and Rockefellers choose a new president.

The Communist Party takes advantage of this necessity of the capitalist class. It participates in the election by complete and merciless exposure of the fact that from such election can come no change in the political power which rules the country, and that this power can be overthrown only by the actions of these masses outside of the parliamentary forms.

The working class of the United States is deeper in the illusions of capitalist so-called "democracy" than the workers of any other country in the world. This is what the capitalist press and politicians mean when they boast that "there are no classes in America." And this is expressed in the fact that this is the only country in the world where the working class and the most exploited farmers are by habit, by tradition and by present practice inside of the two political parties of the capitalist class.

This historical fact is explained in the draft platform adopted by the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party:

> Today the bulk of the workers—even those who economically, in their trade unions, by their strikes, fight the bosses—support the political parties of the same bosses, the republican and democratic parties. This is a fatal mistake, because it means that the workers themselves help the capitalists to hold their grip on the state power. Those workers who still remain in the camps of the republican and democratic parties are helping the capitalists to be the bosses of the courts, to use injunctions and armed forces to crush the trade unions and to paralyze the strike movements of the workers.

To bring about the divorce of the masses of exploited workers and farmers from this hideous alliance with their worst class enemies, to break up their habit and tradition of support of their own oppressors, the Communist Party, in connection with its campaign for its revolutionary ticket and platform and ticket, advocates the formation of a labor party.

Is there any inconsistency between in the Communist Party's actions in calling for 100 per cent support for the Communist Party, and at the same time calling for the formation of a labor party? Certainly not. But there is danger that many workers may nevertheless misunderstand the demand for the formation of a labor party. Of course it is easy to make the mistake of thinking that the Communist Party wishes to substitute a labor party for itself. But nothing could be more absurd or more dangerously misleading. The Communist platform says:

> The Workers (Communist) Party supports the formation of those labor parties which are based on trade unions and other organizations of the working class. It is willing to participate in the formation of such labor parties, because it considers this the first decisive step toward independent political action by the working class, the first step of the workers to break away from the parties of the bosses. At the same time the Communist Party considers it its duty to tell the workers frankly that a labor party has its limitations and that it will not be able to lead the workers in their final struggle to their emancipation. Only a Communist Party can do that. Only under the leadership of the Communist Party can the American working class emancipate itself from the double yoke of capitalist exploitation and oppression.

The Workers (Communist) Party fights for the formation of a labor party and against the treacherous policy of the trade union bureaucrats in selling out the working class through the agency of the "friends" among the politicians of the enemy class, and no labor party can lead the working class to victory. Only the Communist Party can do that.

But keep a true perspective. No labor party can lead the woorking class to victory. Only the Communist Party can do that.

In a Communist election campaign the greatest possible mobilization of the working class must be accompanied by the greatest possible building up of the membership of the Communist Party.

Votes for Foster and Gitlow must be accompanied by tens of thousands of new members of the Workers (Communist) Party.

That is what we will call success in the coming election campaign.

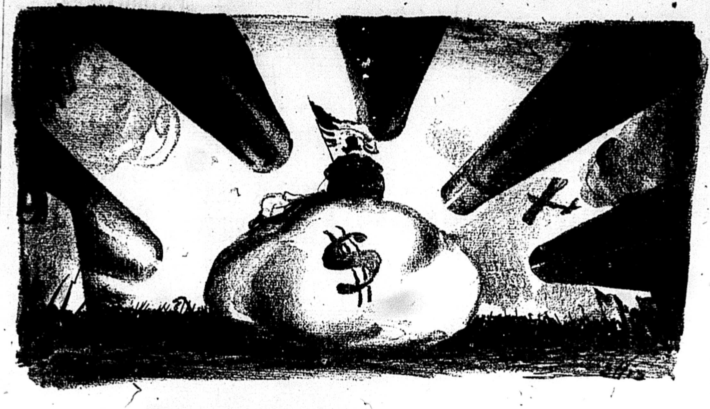
THE MIGHTY SEAT

(A seat on the New York Stock Exchange was sold for $365,000—News Item)

Three hundred thousand dollars for a seat!
Is this the jeweled throne that one might meet
In fairy tales, or chair with crooked arms
Of gold where sits a witch to weave her charms!
Oh, stranger far this seat of which I tell,
For it was built of blood and flesh in hell
And set aloft upon this mighty place,
And there a puppet sits with twitching face
And rakes in profits with a trembling hand.
He gambles half a kingdom in a strand
Of ticker tape. He paid a paltry sum—
Three hundred thousand dollars! Easy come
And easy go! While round about him beat
The sounds of anguished voices and of feet
That race in terror to retrieve their loss,
For all their golden stocks have turned to dross.
At touch of this cruel wizard in his chair
A thousand heads are bent and gray with care.
This chair has all the mystic power to make
A man more rich than Midas. For the sake
Of profits men crouch here before this throne
And snarl among themselves over a bone!
The symbol of the system and its power,
This throne shall crash when strikes the workers' hour!

—HENRY REICH, Jr.

"OUR SACRED TRUSTS" By Fred Ellis



"We hold a great treasure which must be protected."—President Coolidge.

Organizing the Young Workers

By HERBERT ZAM.

On May 5th and 6th a Labor Youth Conference was held in New York. In spite of deliberate efforts on the part of some elements in the conference to disrupt it, or to doom it to impotency, the conference marked progress in the work for the organization of the young workers.

Militant Demands.

This progress was due entirely to the militant demands of the young workers who were present as delegates, and their insistence on refusing to be sidetracked from their purpose.

The conference was originally arranged by the Brookwood Labor College. Altho this was the second conference, the first one having been held in Katonah, N. Y., and altho Tom Tippett, in commenting on the second conference remarked that the first one had been "hot air" and the second one must do something, the Brookwood administration from the very first endeavored to confine the conference within the strait-jacket of "educational," or to quote Mr. Tippett, make it another "hot air" conference. The young workers, however, refused to permit the Brookwood administration to act as a brake on their activity, adopted a number of resolutions dealing with their pressing problems, and elected a committee to carry on the work after the conference.

To those acquainted with the first conference, it was very evident that, considering that this was the second conference, that it was in New York, and not in Katonah, etc., the second conference was narrower than the first, altho the number of unions having representatives was about the same.

Brookwood Tries To Sabotage.

This narrowness was due almost entirely to the deliberate efforts of the Brookwood administration to limit the conference. Thus, for example, no effort was made to obtain the endorsement of the New York Central Trades, which had endorsed and participated in the first one; the committee which the first conference had set up was not permitted to function; no representatives were sent to the trade union to ask for the election of delegates. This narrow policy was a result of the fear which animated Mr. Muste, the head of Brookwood, that a broad conference would result in him losing control of it.

When the conference opened, a still further effort was made to reduce the conference by the exclusion of the delegates representing the Young Workers (Communist) League. The Young Workers (Communist) League had been officially invited to participate in the conference. After the names of the delegates were sent to Brookwood, a reply was received, over the signature of Muste, thanking the League for its interests and for having elected delegates. But at the last minute, a third letter was received saying that the League had been invited thru a mistake of the "secretary" and would not be permitted to participate. Naturally, the Young Workers (Communist) League had no intention of permitting this omasculation of the conference by eliminating the organization which had been most active in the work for the organization of the young workers, and which was the only organization that really defended the interests of the toiling youth. The delegates therefore came to the conference and presented their credentials with a request for the body itself to act on the matter.

Mr. Muste was not present at the opening session, and Mr. Saposs acted as chairman, much to the regret of the delegates and undoubtedly of Mr. Saposs himself. Mr. Saposs ruled that the delegates from the Young Workers (Communist) League could not be seated. This evoked such a storm of protest from the delegates, that Mr. Saposs was compelled to withdraw. A motion was unanimously carried to select a credentials committee to pass on the delegates. Mr. Saposs wanted to appoint the credentials committee. The delegates voted to elect it. The credentials committee of three was elected, it met, and brought in a unanimous report, in which it recommended the seating of all delegates who had come with regular credentials from their organizations, including the delegates representing the Young Workers (Communist) League.

"Democracy."

Being a good liberal, and believing in "democracy" in the trade unions, and having regard for the will of the majority, Mr. Saposs promptly ruled the report of the credentials committee out of order!

Needless to say, Mr. Saposs brought down a storm upon his own head. The delegates wanted to know why they had elected a credentials committee. Mr. Saposs had no answer. The delegates wanted to know whether the delegates to this conference had anything to say about the affairs of the conference, or whether the delegates were so many dummies for Mr. Saposs to practice parliamentary procedure on. Mr. Saposs shrugged his shoulders. Like a good democrat, he was impervious to the "ravings of the mob." Cool, collected, dignified, like the hero in the Western picture, Mr. Saposs pulled out his watch, and in a solemn, strike-me-dead tone, declared that he would adjourn the conference unless everything became quiet and his dictatorship was adopted before five minutes were up.

(To Be Continued.)

From Trust to Finance Capitalism

By SCOTT NEARING.

Thirteen New York bank stocks are selling at more than $1,000 a share. The Chemical National stocks sell at an even $1,000; Herriman National, $1,120; State Bank, $1,170; Bankers Trust, $1,200; Colonial Bank, $1,200; Manufacturers Trust, $1,220; Brooklyn Trust, $1,340; Hanover National, $1,420; Central Union Trust, $1,725; Fifth Avenue Bank, $2,275; King County Trust, $3,200; United States Trust, $3,400; First National, $4,650.

Men who originally paid $100 for First National shares (or who were given $100 shares by the First National Bank) and who have held on to their property can now sell the shares for 46 times the original price—an advance of 4,500 per cent! The shares of this particular bank were selling at $1,100 five years ago. Within that five years they have increased more than 300 per cent in price.

The original price of bank stock represented the amount of capital subscribed by investors. The market price indicates the present earning power of the bank. The enormous difference between the par value and the selling value of these bank stocks is the result of the great earning power of a modern banking enterprise. Banks not only issue money but, far more important, they issue credit on which they collect regular interest just as though they were loaning money. They also engage in various other forms of business activity, and, if they are well handled, pile up surplus wealth at a rate which exceeds that of even the most prosperous manufacturing industries.

The last 30 years of the 19th century were the years of big business. The first 28 years of the present century have been the years of big banks. Banking profits are eclipsing business profits as bankers rise to their position of supreme power in the economic system.

Every important city of the United States carries the record of these huge bank profits in the rapid growth of luxurious bank buildings and fine office buildings controlled by banks. Bank buildings are today the outstanding monuments to United States business prosperity. They indicate the position of the banking interests in the business world.

The present era in the United States is the era of the bankers. It is no longer necessary to produce wealth in order to make money. In fact, it is the producer who stays poor while the banking interests roll up their huge surpluses.

After all, it must be so.

From competitive capitalism to trust capitalism was one step.

From trust capitalism to finance capitalism is another. Business interests in the United States have just taken that step.

Circulate Power Trust Propaganda in Public Schools

WASHINGTON, (FP) May 29.—Two pamphlets issued by the New York State Committee on Public Utility Information and circulated among high-schools and parochial and private schools of high-school grade, in New York State, came into the evidence taken in its power trust propaganda probe, by the Federal Trade Commission. Fred W. Crone, director of the Committee, testified as to how the power trust argument had been put into the hands of teachers and pupils.

Sixty thousand copies of "Know New York State" were first sent out, the power trust publicity bureau circularizing all school principals with sample copies.

Smithsonian Like the Rest.

Like the "state pride" pamphlets used by the trust in other parts of the country, this one recited the industries, resources and possible development of New York capital, and emphasized the public utilities as the great triumph of human genius and faith, based upon the right of private profit. Then another pamphlet was issued, to follow the first, entitled "Servants of Progress." This was devoted to the utilities, and contained the same false statements regarding the Ontario Hydro-Electric Commission's achievements in government ownership and operation of giant power that are found in the S. S. Weyer report printed by the Smithsonian Institution and in the report of Prof. Stewart of the University of Minnesota. Crone's bulletin for May, 1928, noted that 44,000 copies of this pamphlet had been placed in the hands of classes in 490 high-schools in the state.

Organized Propaganda.

Beside poisoning the minds of young people toward public ownership of the electric industry, Crone's committee was busy with adults. Speakers were trained by the use of handbook he prepared. A year and a half ago the task of talking the voters of New York state over to an eager support of the power trust was formally organized in a speakers' bureau. The state was divided into ten districts, and in each district a director, who was a utility executive, formed a subcommittee whose duty it was to place speakers upon every possible program. Kiwanis clubs, Rotary clubs, chambers of commerce, schools, clergymen's associations, clerks' picnics, labor union meetings—all were included in the systematic canvass for gullible listeners.

Millions at Stake.

The big idea was—and is, for the machine is now running at full speed in very county of the state—to make voters and future voters hate the idea of public competition with the power companies and gas companies.

Millions in annual revenue for the power combine are at stake in the game of bluff.

So it comes about that Crone issues a speakers' handbook and keeps a record of the number of speeches made in each of the 10 districts, month by month. Women employes of the companies are given special training as speakers before women's clubs. Men and women employes are sent to talk before schools. Executives of the companies direct this school-speaking campaign, and report the number of column-inches of newspaper publicity given these propaganda talks. As the papers increase the space devoted to the propaganda, the companies increase steadily their expenditures on paid advertising. Of course they do not wish to influence the good-will of the press!

Movies and Radio.

Moving pictures are used as propaganda by many of the companies, and series of radio talks are given, under the pretext of household science and cooking hints. This system catches the women who do not read the newspapers, or who would never read newspaper articles dealing directly with the issue of private versus public ownership.

So the network of lines of suggestion has been woven over the people of New York in the past few years, until it is so perfect that any discovery on their part that they are being robbed of millions of dollars annually through the private power combine will be made only by merest chance or through political earthquake.

HANdOuTS

A PICTURE of the unbounded generosity with which capitalist officials spend the public's money can be seen in the admission of Borough Superintendent Frank C. Gannon of Brooklyn to Commissioner of Accounts Higgins in the street cleaning graft that, for the life of him, he couldn't just recollect to whom he had paid $4,5000. This piece of change had apparently just been misplaced somewhere like an umbrella.

• • •

THIS is an example of the way science advances under capitalism:

A professor at the Michigan State College stood on the street corners of various cities watching the women go by, according to a newspaper dispatch. The dispatch estimates he "studied the walking habits" of 11,000 women. And now, according to the dispatch, an article by the professor on "The Walking Habits of the Female of the Species" is going to appear in the next number of the Journal of Heredity.

• • •

The socialist campaign managers are laying great hope, it is reported, in the fact that Norman Thomas is a Presbyterian in good standing. What with Al. Smith being a catholic, they say, Norman should have easy sledding in the solid south and other liberal neighborhoods.

• • •

The Nation for this week grabbed a few free articles in the form of opinions on the Broun-World rift. Interesting indeed are the comments of such bourgeois intellectual leaders as William Allen White, the paunchy editor from Emporia, Kansas, David Lawrence, editor of the United States Daily and H. L. Mencken of Baltimore.

• • •

Lawrence, whose "impartial" paper has just been exposed as being in extremely unplatonic relationship with the Power Trust, declares that not being a lawyer he has no fervent opinions on Broun getting the gate.

• • •

"The editor still is boss," avers White. "The employee still has his royal right to resign or be fired."

• • •

The crowning contribution is offered by Mr. Mencken, intellectual leader of the younger as well as some of the older set. "I ascribe the whole sad affair to prohibition," he says. "I long for the return of the saloon as it was when I was young and happy."

• • •

Public Benefactor

C. C. PYLE, *Chiropodist.*

The friendly looking fellow in the picture is Mr. C. C. Pyle, promoter of the cross country foot race which has just been concluded in New York. Picture shows Mr. Pyle waving goodbye to his wife as the caravan set out from Los Angeles several weeks ago. The derby is said to have resulted in thousands of dollars for Employer Pyle and thousands of bunions for the rank and file hoofers, some of whom are said to have corns all the way up to their knees. Promoter Pyle, however, says he is willing to make the sacrifice of all this pain on the part of his co-workers, for the sake of science. He has invented a bunion cure which, he says, will be a great boost for humanity and his bank account. During the derby Pyle himself contracted a few bunions but not on his feet. He rode all the way in an automobile.

• • •

MRS. KNAPP has finally been convicted. Afflicted with a fashionable nervous breakdown, she will now be sent by her corps of publicity agents to the usual exclusive sanitariums, where she will be attended in columns of newspaper print by the leading nerve specialists of the country. Despite her critical condition, the story of her lone and heroic battle against unbelievable odds will within a short time begin to appear serially in a well-known New York tabloid under the title, "The Heart of a Woman." After being pardoned by Gov. Smith because she has suffered enough, she will leave for a European trip supported in her great sorrow by the faith that whatever happens, royalties will not desert her.

PEASANTS IN SOUTH ITALY REVOLT AGAINST FASCISM

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1928

U.S. READY FOR WAR, COOLIDGE SAYS

Police Charge 500 New Bedford Textile Pickets

PEA[illegible]S TAKE OVE[illegible]D IN SOUTHERN ITALY

More Militants Jailed in Rome

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, May 30.—Peasant revolts against the fascist regime have taken place in southern Italy, according to reliable information received here. The peasants of St. Agatha have taken over the estates of large landowners.

The arrest of Communists is still widespread, particularly in Rome, where in spite of the rigid censorship, the workers are aware of the trial of the leaders of the Communist Party of Italy. The trial has perhaps been postponed. No foreign journalists have been admitted.

The fascist deputy Maggi declared that the Milan bombing had been caused by Gianpaolis. When questioned Maggi declared that he would

(Continued on Page Three)

DONETZ PLOTTERS AIDED CZARISTS

Ordered 4,000 Workers Executed

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, May 30.—Kladko, former agent of the White Guards in the Donetz district testified that Kolodub, Berasovsky, Kalganov and Eliadze, all of them accused of having participated in the Donetz sabotage plot, had reported revolutionists to the White Guards, who executed them.

In reply to a question put to him by the court, Kladko declared that approximately four thousand Donetz workers had been executed.

Favino, a working woman, testified that Kolodub had handed a servant, Polya, to the White Guardists for execution because she was accused of having stolen a dress.

In the evening the engineer Nashivotchnikov pleaded not guilty. The accused admitted that sabotage had been performed but denied that he himself had participated in it. Kalganov and Berasovsky declared that Nashivotchnikov had consciously participated in the sabotage.

TO "PROBE" SMITH CAMPAIGN FUNDS

Not All of the Dirt Has Been Spilled

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The senate campaign fund investigating committee will send a sub-committee of two members to New York Friday and Saturday to hear additional testimony touching the presidential campaign in behalf of Governor Alfred E. Smith.

Senators Bratton (D) New Mexico, and Steiwer (R) Oregon, will constitute the sub-committee. The senators would reveal neither the nature nor source of their new lead.

Prior to their departure for Manhattan tomorrow night, the senators will hear Senator Heflin (D) of Alabama, standard bearer of the anti-Smith clans and Representative Snell (R) New York, chairman of the house rules committee, who yesterday was appointed chairman of a special house campaign funds investigating committee.

* * *

WASHINGTON, Mayy 30.—A subcommittee of the senate campaign funds committee will devote Friday and Saturday to an inquiry into republican primary expenditures in Ohio. The hearings will be held at Cincinnati.

Senators McMaster (R) of South Dakota and Barkley (D) Kentucky, will constitute the Ohio sub-committee.

The subject matter of the inquiry was not divulged. Neither has it been definitely determined whether the senators will go to other Ohio cities.

CLOSE G. O. P. RESULT.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 30.—Secretary of Commerce Hoover and Senator Guy D. Goff were in a seesaw race for the republican presidential nomination today as returns tabulated from yesterday's primary. So narrow was the margin between them that virtually every [illegible]

Radium Bosses' Victim

The picture shows Mrs. Albina Larice, one of the [illegible] of the United States Radium Corporation whose case comes before the New Jersey courts on June 8. The Radium Corporation is fighting to escape payment of damages to the women workers, all of whom were poisoned while painting radium dials on watches. All the women will die.

SEEK SETTLEMENT IN RADIUM SUITS

Newark Judge Offer to Act As Mediary

A definite move for buying off the suit of the five doomed women now suing the United States Radium Corporation for a sum of $1,250,000 was made yesterday by counsels for the defense in an effort to save several hundred thousands of dollars for the corporation.

Federal Judge William Clark of Newark announced that he would act as a "disinterested mediator" in an effort to bring about an agreement between attorneys for both sides and "settle the matter" out of court.

This latest move toward outside settlement has greater significance than it appears to have on the surface, because Judge Clark was at one time associated with Raymond H. Berry, counsel for the five women, in the same law firm.

'DAILY' CALLS FOR QUICK AID IN CRISIS

Workers Asked to Rush Immediate Funds

Yesterday was the capitalist memorial day. To the readers of The DAILY WORKER this day means nothing. But it is a day which the readers should take advantage of by remembering those to whom the workers owe allegiance. For The DAILY WORKER, the organ of the class-conscious workers of this country, memorial day meant another day of financial crisis. The readers of the paper have not as yet realized the true nature of this crisis. It is one of the most serious that the Daily has ever experienced.

The workers of this country, who are compelled to fight on so many fields, must fight to save their Daily. They must fight with money, with the dollars that they can manage to scrape together. And they must do their fighting at once. If they delay, it may be too late to save The DAILY WORKER.

The DAILY WORKER has called upon the workers before and they have always been ready to do their utmost. Workers, you must not fail now. Show what the capitalist memorial means to you by remembering your fighting Daily with dollars. Rush all contributions to the office of The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York City.

SCAB MINE OWNER ATTACKS PICKETS

Coal Diggers Show They Are Not Pacifists

PETERSBURG, Ind., May 30.—Efforts by William Johnson of Indianapolis, superintendent of the Gibson Coal Company and president of several scab mines in West Virginia to force the dispersal of a mass mine picketing demonstration yesterday led to his injury.

Johnson had brought eighteen scabs and thugs from the Vincennes coal fields, planning to force the opening of his mine under the 1917 wage scale of $5 per day. More than 400 miners from Pike and Gibson counties had gathered at the shaft when Johnson and his scabs charged the pickets. In the disturbance, Johnson is said to have been beaten up although not seriously, it is believed.

The Gibson Coal Company recently acquired the mine from the Neal Coal Company and immediately began plans for scab operations.

LEADERS REFUSE TO STOP MARCH, TWO ARRESTED

Murdoch Now Jailed Four Times

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., May 30.—Organized police terror to break the solidarity of 28,000 textile strikers, fighting the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturing Association to regain a ten per cent wage slash, was begun in earnest yesterday.

For the first time since the strike began more than six weeks ago, a squadron of police charged a picket line of about 500 strikers patrolling the mill gates at the south end, and after several efforts succeeded in breaking it up.

Leaders Arrested.

Again the leaders of the Textile Mills Committee, which is organizing and leading the picket demonstrations, were arrested. William T. Murdoch, secretary of the T. M. C., A. Adao, Piser and Porter, leading members of the strike committee, were arrested after they refused to obey the order of the police chief in charge to halt the picketing. All the above have been arrested several times already, this being the fourth time for the union leader Murdoch.

Strikers Sing.

The line of parading and singing strikers formed again and again in spite of the numerous concerted attacks upon them.

In court later, heavy bail bonds were demanded for all arrested. Murdoch, already under bail for several charges of "disturbing the peace," etc., was compelled to furnish three times the original amount of securities for his release. The International Labor Defense, which volunteered its resources for legal aid to the strik-

(Continued on Page Three)

NEW AUTO TRUSTS BELIEVED PENDING

Chrysler-Dodge Merger Seen As Forerunner

Announcement that the Chrysler Corp. and Dodge Bros., Inc., had formed a huge automobile combine with assets between $450,000,000 and $500,000,000, is believed to be the forerunner of similar mergers aiming at more effective trustification of the automobile industry. The Chrysler-Dodge trust will rank next to General Motors Co. and the Ford Motor Co. in production and yearly sales.

The Packard Co. and the Pierce-Arrow Motor Car Co. are among those mentioned as seeking to absorb smaller competitors. In addition to elimination of competition, the aim of this new trustification wave in the auto industry is more and more speed-up and defense against attempts on the part of the workers to organize.

Both Chrysler and Dodge stocks, as well as the stocks of several other motor companies, rose yesterday.

Threaten Children who Attend Save-the-Union Meet

Children of the striking coal miners of Lansing, Ohio, were recently ordered away from a Save-the-Union meeting by Albert F. Meeks, the school principal. The teacher used obscene language in threatening the children with punishment if they attended the meeting. The children are shown in the picture.

DELEGATES READY TO LAUNCH DRIVE

All Workers To Get Communist Message

Heading for the far west, middle west, south and every section of the country, delegates to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party are now on their way home, ready to launch the great presidential campaign of the only working class party on a huge, nation-wide scale.

All the delegates, imbued with the enthusiasm that pervaded the two and a half days of the historic convention, are determined to bring the names of William Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow, candidates for president and vice president, respectively, of the Workers Party, and the militant working class platform on which they stand to all sections of the American working class, both organized and unorganized.

In addition to the national candidates, the delegates will also wage active campaigns for the state and county tickets of the Workers Party. Communist candidates will seek the workers' support in practically every state.

Under the direction of Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman, the Ways and Means Committee is now making plans for the division of the country into election districts. When these plans are finally worked out, all the election machinery of the Workers (Communist) Party will be set in motion.

Explosion of Dynamite Kills Two Workers

TULSA, Okla., May 30.—A premature explosion of 200 pounds of dynamite at the rock quarry of the Standard Paving Company, eight miles west of here, Sunday cost the lives of John A. Scott and Hersha Hendrix, workers.

STRUCK BY GUARD, DIES.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 30.—Harry McCarthy, 43, died at the Mayview home yesterday from septicemia which developed from a fractured jaw received when a guard of the home struck him.

An investigation of the case has been ordered.

MINERS FACE FEARFUL NEED; BABIES STARVE

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, May 30.—At nearly half a dozen special district and sub-district mine conferences during the past week, the subject of relief for the striking miners became one of the most important orders of business. In all cases, it was recognized that unless funds being received by the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., of this city increased immediately, the most serious consequences to the mine strike would surely follow.

Many Conferences.

Save-the-Union conferences have been held in Indiana, in Ohio, in Illinois, in the anthracite within a week. Another is now in session here. At each of these, mine delegates reported of the fearful suffering and need of the wives and children of the coal diggers. Delegates from the non-union fields of West Virginia reported that thousands of miners would come out on strike if some measure of relief could be assured them.

Evictions which are continuing in the cases of hundreds and even thousands are making the necessity for tents literally a problem of life and death. Babies and young children must live weeks without milk, on scraps of bread, no meat, no vegetables.

The National Miners' Relief Committee yesterday issued a most urgent appeal to the workers and sympathizers of the country to increase their contributions for relief. "There never was such a need before," the appeal declares. "A dollar a week will actually save the life of a child, five dollars will insure life for a baby for five weeks. These children of our class whose fathers are fighting that we may have a better world to live in, must not be left to die. All contributions should be sent to 611 Penn Ave., Pitsburgh."

In No Hurry to Probe Vare Election Fraud

WASHINGTON, May 30. — The Waterman committee investigating the Pennsylvania senatorial elections, in which Senator-elect William S. Vare defeated William B. Wilson, will conduct further inquiries in Philadelphia on July 19, Senator Waterman (R) of Colorado announced today.

Tho it has been proved that Vare stole the election and that vote-juggling was particularly flagrant in Philadelphia, the fake investigating committee is in no hurry to learn the facts.

PUSH MOVE FOR UNION BUILDING

Cloak Conference Sat. to Launch Drive

BOSTON, Mass, May 30.—Not only in New York, but in the out-of-town locals of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union, some of the right wing elements are finally arriving at the conclusion that the union smashed by the Sigman war on the membership cannot be rebuilt without the aid of the left wing forces. This was demonstrated at a joint meeting of all the executive boards of the Boston locals held Tuesday.

Must Have Progressives.

Sigman's follower in the Boston union, vice-president Amdur, reported to the joint meeting that an "organization campaign" will be started. In the discussion that followed even some of the right wing members of the executive boards declared that without the participation of the progressive union members no organization work could be done. They went so far as to openly announce that without the election to leadership in the union of the progressives, no real union work could be accomplished, adding that a number of functionaries necessary to fill places on the executive boards could not be obtained unless the progressives participated.

After this discussion the Sigman vice-president declared that if progressives were elected as functionaries the entire locals would be expelled, as was done in New York and Chicago.

Posen Resigns.

Business agent Posen, last week sent in his resignation to the Boston union administration. His resignation was turned over to the board of directors.

Similar revolts against the union-breaking administration of the I. L. G. W. U. are developing nationally. In New York, the Tolerance Group,

(Continued on Page Two)

WORKERS SCHOOL TO HIKE SUNDAY

Sports and Novelties To Feature Outing

The Workers School hike, which has been postponed several times in the past because of inclement weather, will finally be held this Sunday, June 2. There will be two meeting places; one will be at the Workers School, 108 East 14th St., where those who wish to attend the hike will meet at 8 a. m. The other will be at the Van Cortlandt St. Station, where those who cannot come to the Workers School will meet the group at 9 a. m.

The hike, which will take its participants to 30 Peer Ridge, Yonkers, will be enlivened by many sports and novel features.

RECORD MILITARY BUDGETS INSURE NEW AGGRESSIONS

Gettysburg Peace Talk Cloaks Threats

GETTYSBURG, Pa., May 30.—In an address, remarkable for its frank and undisguised espousal of the role of dominant imperialism now played by the United States among the capitalist world powers, President Calvin Coolidge, speaking here at the famous battle ground of the Civil War, yesterday served notice on these world powers that the United States hereafter would use every means at its command to enforce its world supremacy.

"Our Investments."

"The world-wide interest of the United States," he warned, "make us view with peculiar disfavor any danger of war among other nations. Our investments and trade relations are such that it is almost impossible to conceive any conflict anywhere on earth which would not affect us injuriously."

That the barely disguised threat of the United States to enforce its dominion was no mere verbal warning was emphasized by the Wall Street spokesman in the following words:

"Our country is making outlays in excess of those ever before made in time of peace for the purpose of national defense."

"Our naval force necessary for the protection of commerce," Coolidge declared, "needs to be strengthened in cruisers and other auxiliary craft. Such construction is already under way and plans are maturing for the necessary increases. Our air force is being steadily improved and enlarged."

"Peace and Stability."

Under a thin camouflage of seeking to "promote general peace and tran-

(Continued on Page Two)

RED CROSS FIRM LAYS OFF MEN

Johnson Fires All Who Ask for Raise

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. (By Mail). — A large number of the yard workers have been fired and the rest are waiting for the same. A majority of the carpenters have been laid off and now they can take a long vacation for themselves. A majority of the painters have been laid off and now they can watch for their pay envelope. A number of the machinist were laid off some time ago, and another bunch will be laid off soon.

The workers in the gauze department have not had any work for weeks. The workers in the bandage department are handled like footballs. They are kicked around from one floor to the other. The work they get is so bad that they hardly make two dollars per day. And when any of the women workers in these departments dare to kick, the foreman is ready with his answer, "If you don't like it you can go home. There are plenty of workers who are ready to take your job for even less wages."

The workers in the warehouse slave like mules for 45 cents per hour, and when they ask for an increase, they are fired out of the factory.

The men workers in the glass department have all been fired and women have been hired to take their

(Continued on Page Three)

SEEK GLORY FOR ARMY.

OAKLAND, Cal., May 30.—A thorough scrutiny of their navigating equipment engaged the attention here today of Captain Charles Kingsford-Smith and his three fellow-airmen, who plan to take off tomorrow morning on a four-stop flight to Australia in the tri-motored monoplane Southern Cross.

REPORT ON DOMESTIC PUMPS.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—April shipments of domestic pumps and water systems, as reported to the Department of Commerce by thirty-two manufacturers, aggregated 8,32 water systems, 45,289 pumps, and 15,165 cylinders shipped separately.

WORKERS ARE READERS OF BEST BOOKS

Survey Shows Wage-Slaves Outdistance Lawyers and Doctors

WEST BADEN, Ind., May 30.—That the wage-slaves of capitalism, those who have to fight for their few precious spare moments of reading, are nevertheless the readers of the best literature, and that the lawyers, the doctors, the business men, the capitalist class, in other words, are practically indifferent to good reading, is the testimony of Charles H. Compton, assistant librarian of the St. Louis Public Library and first vice-president of the American Library Association.

In an address delivered here yesterday before the second general session of the American Library Association Convention, Compton gave the results of a survey he had made of hundreds of readers in several libraries.

Even the so-called intellectual, Compton's survey showed, is being outdistanced by the worker in the amount and quality of his reading.

* * *

THE kind of books Compton chose as his "standard" of good reading, it was noted, militated against the workers. He chose the so-called classics, some of the more "advanced" of the modern fiction authors and some of the poets. Nevertheless, his survey proved what those who best know the working class movement have always maintained: That the workers, mentally, morally and practically, are the constructive force of society even under the capitalist system.

"I took the records," Compton reported, "of approximately 100 readers of William James, 100 readers of Carl Sandburg, and 100 of Homer, Aeschylus, Sophocles and Euripides in translation. There was not a lawyer on the list of James or Sandburg or the Greek classics. There were a few doctors, a few ministers. But the bulk came from what we consider the uncultured and certainly the humble occupations."

A TEST letter sent out to these readers by Compton indicated that they "really understood and appreciated these books," Compton declared.

It is believed that if Compton's standard of good reading had been more nearly a general one, to include something of modern social problems, science, history and travel, the results would have been even more favorable to the workers.

NEGRO DELEGATE TO COMMUNIST CONVENTION TRAVELS MANY ROADS WITH EMPTY POCKETS

David A. Griffin, Negro delegate from Seattle to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, travelled more than 3,000 miles with empty pockets on trains of various sorts to arrive in time for the opening of the convention last Friday.

Griffin is one of the most active Negroes in the Communist movement.

Having made up his mind to attend the convention, Griffin did not let 3,000 miles and the fact that his pockets were empty stand in his way. At 9 a. m. May 13 he boarded a passenger train at Seattle, Wash., and made Avely, Idaho.

At this point he decided to try a different type of train and so swung himself aboard a freight that took him to Mosolu, Mont., where he caught the crack "Olympian," which landed him safely in Minneapolis on the morning of the 16th.

Griffin remained in Minneapolis for 24 hours, looking over the sights of the town, and then boarded the Pioneer Express at St. Paul. His next stop was Milwaukee, where he had an opportunity to get some food before catching another train within half an hour for Chicago.

At this point, after having covered almost two-thirds of his trip, Griffin experienced his first real difficulty. A "guardian of the law" began playing a game of tag with him. But Griffin arrived in the great packing center at 10 a. m. on the 18th. He immediately made connections with the Workers Party office in Chicago and remained in the city for two days.

Boarding an excursion train on the 20th, he went as far as Fort Wayne, Ind., where he hopped on a freight train for 30 more miles. Here somebody roared: "Hey, you! Come on down! Don't you know better than to ride a mail train?"

"I thought I was lost," Griffin said. "But fortunately the train began to move. And I moved out with it."

"After a short rest in Buffalo I went down to the Erie yards," Griffin continued. "But I was stopped by two husky 'bulls,' along with three other 'travellers,' an Italian and two Poles. I though my journey seemed ended and I had visions of spending the days of the convention in jail, far from home and friends. But I realized it was no time for social-democratic defeatism or compromise. Only revolutionary methods could save me. So I just broke away. Dodging thru several streets, I ran into a garage and slid under one of the cars. For two hours the two cops hunted for me but they never thought of looking under the cars. I resumed my journey later on top of a freight car."

Arriving at a small town, he wired to New York for money for a ticket. But after waiting for about five hours (the reply arrived later), he jumped aboard a slow-passing freighter and went on.

After riding to a small depot, he got a lift on a truck into New York City, arriving tired and dusty, at 6 a. m. on Friday, May 25.

The American Negro Labor Congress made arrangements for his stay in the city during the convention.

Railroad Labor Conference to Meet in Chicago June 2-3 to Prepare Battle

WORKERS FROM ALL SECTIONS TO PARTICIPATE

Meeting to Take Place This Week-End

By H. E. KAYE.

CHICAGO, May 30.—In Chicago, Saturday and Sunday, at Northside Turner Hall, 820 North Clark St., there will gather progressive railroad workers from all parts of the United States and from some points in Canada. Delegates from such far points as Edmonton, Alberta have already signified by letter their intention to attend.

This, the third conference of the International Railroad Amalgamation Committee, two prior conferences having been held in 1922 and 1925, is by far the most important one of all. Grave problems confront the railroad workers. Due to the almost utter disorganization of the railroad unions considered from a fighting standpoint the companies have been able to defeat every strike in the railroad industry since 1910. During the disastrous 1922 strike, company organizations comprising several crafts were set up on many of the country's largest systems. Widespread use of the spy system and blacklist are resorted to, with the result that thousands of our best union men have been driven from the industry.

Unemployment Widespread.

Unemployment, due to the speed-up "efficiency" programs of the companies, but particularly a result of the high development and ever-increasing use of machine technique, has reached the enormous total of [illegible] workers since 1923. More powerful locomotives, both steam and electric, the use of the auxiliary or booster locomotive giving greater tractive power, improved round houses and back shop machine methods, car loading to ever greater capacities, due to better truck spring placements and the use of the "Dalman" truck, improved car building and car repairing methods, the increasing use of such machines as the Jordan spreader and ditcher, shovel cranes, etc., in the track department; the use of the car retarder in hump switching yards; in the telegraph dispatching service the recent development of the "GRS" and "Universal" train control systems, are just a few cases illustrating the use of improved machine technique, among a staggering total of hundreds which a recent careful survey of the railroad industry has elicited.

One Device.

To show what all this means for the railroad workers, let us consider a little more closely but two of the above mentioned machine processes. Firstly, the car retarder: these are power-operated track brakes applied to the tracks of freight classification yards to control the speed of freight cars entering these tracks by gravity. The track brakes reduce the speed of the cars so that they come to a stop without damage to the cars or their contents. Where car retarders are not used, the speed of freight cars is controlled by car riders applying hand brakes. Today power car retarders are in use by which "trains of 100 cars are sorted like stacks of mail!" Their use not only speeds up the movement of classification but dispenses absolutely with the switchtenders and car riders. In some yards alone, as many as 150 workers have been laid off to swell the ever-increasing ranks of the unemployed.

The keynote of the conference, the most important point of the agenda, around which every other problem confronting the railroad worker revolves, is the organization of the unorganized. Of the 1,800,000 workers in the industry, approximately 40 per cent are organized. To the railroad unions, this spells ultimate disaster. Grave struggles are ahead. Straws in the wind are the recent cases of the Western trainmen and locomotive firemen, the C. & O. shop crafts and the wage cuts on some roads in the maintenance-of-way department.

Slogans of Struggle.

The militant progressives in the railroad industry have great tasks ahead of them. Let their slogans be:

Complete organization of the unorganized!

National, not system, agreements!

Closer consolidation toward complete amalgamation of the railroad unions!

A united front for better wages and working conditions all along the line!

A Labor Party!

The signals are clear—the main track beckons—"Throw 'er over, and pull her wide open"—Let's go!

Bored Yale Men Wallop Quite a Few Policemen

BOREDOM! This is the explanation offered by professors in the psychology department of Yale University for the riot here yesterday in which several hundred students took part and which resulted in the jailing of a half dozen.

It all began with a sewer. Awakened from their nocturnal slumbers by the pounding of a sledge hammer, students began to hurl cups, saucers and other bits of chinaware. Several of the collegians hustled down the campus. Within a few minutes, hundreds of others, spurred on by a sense of solidarity joined in the militant throng.

A flying squad sent out by the police department was received with fruit, eggs and bricks. Infuriated by the arrest of six of their comrades, over 200 students later stormed the local police station in effort to bring about their release, but in vain.

A contributing factor in causing today's riot, according to the university psychologists, is to be found in the fact that the freshmen were given a half-holiday, the upper classmen being left out of account.

The half-holiday was awarded to the freshmen for refraining from staging a riot in a theater after elaborate plans for the ceremony had been completed.

Relief Jobs Paid Grafters, Not Workers

The present forced investigation into the Tammany Hall street cleaning service not only shows the distribution of millions of dollars of graft among the appointees of Mayor James J. Walker and Governor Al Smith. Separate hearings now going on before Commissioner of Accounts J. A. Higgins and the Bronx County Court show also how workers of New York were defrauded of large portions of their wages by the Tammany graft system.

The testimony has shown too how many of the so-called relief jobs which Tammany Hall reported it gave out to hungry men at the height of the unemployment crisis last winter existed only on the City Hall propaganda releases and the bank books of the Walker-Smith lieutenants in public office.

J. A. Higgins

C. A. Magee

Testimony before Commissioner Higgins, who is conducting public hearings, and before the Bronx County Court, where Charles A. McGee, assistant general superintendent in the street cleaning department, is being tried for grafting, are to continue today.

Cross examination by District Attorney J. E. McGeehan in the Bronx trial showed that Tammany lieutenants hired a certain number of men for emergency street cleaning service at starvation wages, taking advantage of the unemployment crisis. They made out payroll vouchers for higher amounts, cashed the checks, paid off the workers at the lower rates and pocketed the difference. It was also shown that many dummy names were written on the payrolls, there being convenient loop-holes in the civil service regulations.

"On the last day of the racket I got $200 in cash and $284 in checks as my share," Benjamin P. Stoeber, former assistant foreman of the Cromwell garage, said in pleading guilty.

William J. Oswald, 4th Bronx district superintendent, is standing trial with McGee.

Similar practices are being uncovered in the hearings before Higgins, in spite of all that the Tammany bosses and higher salaried executives can do to keep the lid clamped on the system.

CITY LATE (AS USUAL) IN ROCK DUST PROTECTION

Danger Known 4 Years Without Action

In order to prevent another case similar to the case of the five radium victims suing the United States Radium Corporation for $1,250,000 the board of transportation yesterday declared that it would "take measures" to safeguard the lives of 1,500 subway construction workers, 75 of whom are said to be suffering from silicosis and doomed to die within five years.

Dust masks will be provided for the excavation workers and operators of the rock drills, and hose line connections to lay the dust which rises from the dry drills will be installed, it was promised.

Lungs of workers coated with rock dust are resulting in a death rate of one man a week from silicosis. Among many other harmful substances in the rock dust, chemists have found arsenic.

The cihy officials have known the danger for the last four years, but did nothing about it until public exposure of the danger was made two days ago.

LABOR SPORTS UNION APPEALS

Denounce Attempt To Break Organization

(Special to The Daily Worker)

Calling upon its membership to repudiate the "would-be splitters, Palm Uurtamo and Company," the executive board of the Labor Sports' Union recently issued an appeal condemning the action of this group in its recent attempt to break the ranks of the union.

The appeal follows a meeting of the executive board at which a number of decisions were adopted:

Meeting Illegal.

1. "That the meeting held on May 6, in the home of R. G. Palm, participated in by four members of the Executive Board—R. G. Palm, Ted Uurtamo, V. Wiitala, and V. Mellin—in conjunction with M. Lehto and G. Heimo of Detroit and Toivenen and Ahlrath of Chicago was illegal and that the steps it took were entirely unconstitutional.

2. "That R. G. Palm and Ted Uurtamo took part in this meeting with the deliberate purpose in mind of setting up a new and illegal Executive Board and splitting the Labor Sports Union.

3. "That the participation of Palm, Uurtamo, Wiitala and Mellin in this illegal meeting compels the Executive Board to raise the question of their removal from the committee.

4. "The Executive Board affirms its previous decisions that Paul Cline shall remain National Secretary of the L. S. U. until the convention and asks the National Executive Council to support this decision thru referendum.

Ignore Fake Secretary

5. "The Secretary shall immediately acquaint all clubs, sections and districts with the facts in the present situation, shall instruct them to ignore the new fake Secretary and Office, and to send all communications only to the National Office of the L. S. U. at 453 North Ave.

"The Executive Board is of the opinion that the basis of the present fight is the wrong outlook of the minority splitters of the Executive Board, which has not understood, and does not understand how to work towards the broadening out of the L. S. U. so to include American elements. The minority has shown repeatedly that it is interested merely in physical culture activity as an aim in itself, not in the broader aims of the workers sport movement."

The resolutions were passed unanimously by the National Executive Board at which the following were present: Clemens Forsen, Harry Miller, James Nikrin, Rudolph Sauser, and Paul Cline.

Dogs of War; German Imperialists Recruit Animals

The two dogs shown in the picture are the latest thing in cannon fodder. The German imperialists are training dogs to fight with the men in the next slaughter. The dogs will leap at their enemies and try to tear open their throats. The animals, like the men, are trained to wear gas masks. Every conceivable force is being utilized by the German imperialists in preparation for the next war.

PUSH MOVE FOR UNION BUILDING

Cloak Conference Sat. to Launch Drive

(Continued from page one)

resigned as functionaries of Sigman's largest local and publicly affiliated with the National Organizing Committee, a progressive organization now launching a drive to rid the union of the Sigmans and Schlesingers, and to regain union conditions in the cloak and dressmaking shops.

* * *

Drive to Begin.

The drive of the membership to again establish the union conditions won after many years of bitter struggle and destroyed by the right wing, will be officially begun at the conference, of the representatives and chairmen of shops here. The conference which is sponsored as the first step in the campaign of the National Organizing Committee will be held in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave., Saturday morning, 10 o'clock.

Shop chairmen of registered and unregistered shops, and shop delegates elected by the workers in the unorganized and open shops will participate in this conference, which is conceded by all acquainted with the cloakmakers' struggles, to be of historic significance.

YOUNG MINERS PLAN CONFERENCE JUNE 9

By LEON PLATT

(District Organizer, Young Workers (Communist) League of District 8)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 30.—Considerable interest has been aroused in the steps taken by the recent special Belleville convention of the United Mine Workers of America District 12 in calling a conference of the young miners at Belleville on June 9.

This youth conference is to take place in a period when the members of the U. M. W. A. are carrying on a bitter fight against the operators and the treacherous Lewis-Fishwick machine.

In their attack against the United Mine Workers of America of District No. 12, the coal operators have particularly concentrated upon the young miners. The separate mining agreement which is a sort of a Yellow Dog contract is particularly effecting the young workers in the mining industry. After the first step to lower the standard of living of the Illinois miners the operators put through a wage cut of 50 per cent for trappers, couplers, greasers, breakers, flaggers and other young miners. In addition to the problem of equalization of wages for all miners, young and adult, doing the same work, the young miners are faced with many other important tasks.

Machine Revolution.

The introduction of machinery revolutionized the mining industry and created special problems for the miners generally and particularly for the young miners. The first effect that the introduction of machinery had is the introduction of the terrific speed up system. The miners who are not used to working with this machinery are unable to stand the strain of that speed-up system and as a result of that are discharged and thrown out of their jobs by the operators. To work these machines the coal operators are hiring strong physically fit young miners to replace the adult coal diggers. This brings in the youth in ever increasing numbers to the mining industry. However, at the same time the introduction of this machinery under the present system threatens to throw out of the industry thousands of adult miners which may destroy the miners' union. The overproduction in the mining industry and the introduction of machinery absolutely demands a shorter working day.

The young miners must take up the fight for the six hour day and the five day week. The reorganization of the mining industry which is proposed by the Lewis machine and the operators to be carried out at the expense of the workers will in no way solve the present crisis in the industry. The mining industry does not suffer from too many miners, but from too long working hours. With the decline of the miners' union the employers are criminally neglecting the safety of the coal miners. The number of young miners under 18 years of age working under ground is increasing and it will be the task of the newly elected officers of District 12 to fight for the abolition of underground work for all young miners under 18 years of age.

The policy of the Lewis-Fishwick machine in collaboration with the coal operators to split the young from the adult miners resulted itself in the non-participation of the young miners in the present struggle and in the affairs of their union. It will be the task of the conference of the young miners to involve more actively the young miners in the struggle against the operators and the bureaucracy and also to develop an interest in the daily work of the miners union.

Class-Collaboration.

In the general campaign of the coal operators to establish the company union they introduced various features of the class-collaboration policy, such as company controlled sport teams, etc. This proved itself to be very effective to split the ranks of the mine workers and bring the young miners under the influence of the coal operators. It will be necessary for the June 9 youth conference to consider the problem of building the Labor Sports' Union and that it be under the true control of the miners' union.

The present unemployment crisis in the mining industry is greatly effecting the youth and forcing them to enter other even less paid occupations, to join the C. M. T. C., the army, the navy, etc. This conference of young miners will have to discuss not only the general role of American imperialism and militarism but also how to prevent unemployment and starvation from driving the young miners into the C. M. T. C. and the army. Besides the tasks of fighting for the special demands, the conference will also have to devise ways of bringing the young miners closer to the general struggles of the labor movement.

SARAH VICTOR, FORD AND "DAILY"

"Belt" Slaves Will Get Newspaper in Subscription Drive

A WOMAN stands outside the gates of an automobile factory in the streaming rain. Piled behind her and at her side are stacks of leaflets. There are several thousand of them. The rain soaks thru the top papers.

Then a whistle blows, the huge gates of the factory swing open and the long streams of workers pour out into the driving rain. They surround the woman. They want the papers she has. Tall, energetic, she hands them out good-naturedly. The pennies rattle in. The rain pours. Each worker goes off thru the rain with a paper in his pocket.

The Ford Worker.

The woman is Sarah Victor. The factory is Ford's in Detroit. And the paper, for which the men are so eager, is the "Ford Worker," the shop paper issued by the Workers (Communist) Party, and which Sarah Victor has helped to bring from an idea to a paid factory paper with a circulation of thousands.

With the same determination with which Sarah Victor sold the shop paper to the Ford workers in the Detroit rain, she has undertaken another job, this time for The DAILY WORKER.

The business of putting The DAILY WORKER into the home of every working man and woman in Detroit is the supreme task which Sarah Victor has undertaken in the automobile king's city. To the thousands of flivver slaves, Sarah Victor is bringing The DAILY WORKER.

Subscriptions Vital.

"I CANNOT emphasize strongly enough," said Sarah Victor in the business office of The DAILY WORKER following the National Nominating Convention, "the importance of pushing the subscription campaign thruout the country. It is on the basis of subscriptions that The DAILY WORKER must be built. It is The DAILY WORKER sub that brings the paper into the homes and into the lives of the militant American workers, not once or twice, but for months so that they come to understand the importance of their working class organ and of the Workers Party in leading and guiding the workers in their struggles.

"Every effort will be made to push the drive for subscriptions to The DAILY WORKER not only in Detroit but thruout every industrial center and in the poor farming sections of Michigan. We are in this fight to the finish."

Man Burned to Death As Fire Destroys Home

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 30.—When the little two room dwelling in which he lived caught fire yesterday, John Cleggett, aged 90 and an invalid, was burned to death. His wife barely escaped a similar fate.

WORKER ELECTROCUTED.

MUNISING, Mich., May 30.—While welding a patch on a hotel boiler, Hart Smith, 28, was electrocuted here yesterday.

FALL KILLS PAINTER.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—George W. Ashton, a worker, fell to his death yesterday while engaged in painting a three-story house here.

COOLIDGE WARNS U. S. WILL FIGHT OTHER COUNTRIES

Peace Talk Cloaks New Threats of War

(Continued from ppge one)

quility," the president served notice on Haiti, Nicaragua, China and other countries, subject to the aggression of American imperialism, that they need hope for no release from this condition. "Our further interest in these countries," he declared, "is to assist these people in establishing stability."

That the American capitalist class is aware that future events will bring inevitable class conflicts within the United States and that preparations against the certain rising of the working class are being made, was the gist of another section in his address:

"All nations are subjected to more or less domestic tumult. In such cases, the presence of adequate armed forces is the only practical method of protection for life and property."

Iron Necessity.

The same necessity, Coolidge hinted, which would force the suppression of uprisings at home would dictate the stamping out of such disorders even in foreign countries. "Our people are granted free access on the same basis as others into all the countries of the world. As a general policy, they go with the encouragement to engage in all kinds of enterprise. Our government necessarily has rights over its citizens and their property in whatever country they may be. . . . A government of the United States that failed in its duty to protect the lives and property of its citizens would be justly condemned."

Coolidge concluded what is believed to be the most jingoistic speech yet made by an American president, with the expected eulogy of the so-called peace treaties which are now being negotiated between the United States, France, Great Britain, Japan and Italy. These treaties have inaugurated "one of the most impressive peace movements the world has even seen," he declared. "Our government is a government of peace, not of war," he announced within ten minutes of his opening words which described the record military, naval and air preparations for the next war.

Crane Throws Worker Into Water; Drowns

BALTMIORE, Md., May 30.—L. Colefield, 35, was drowned yesterday when he was knocked overboard by a crane while working at pier 4, Locust Point.

According to witnesses of the incident, the man was unloading machinery from a freight car to a scow when the crane, which was being operated nearby, jumped the track causing a part of the machine to strike Colefield, forcing him into the water. Efforts by fellow workmen to rescue him were unsuccessful.

Old 'Wonders' Discovered By Labor Faker

PHILADELPHIA, May 30.—Illuminating sidelights on the reason why William D. Mahon, organizer of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes was rather listless about a strike on New York's traction lines recently is found in an item in the Progressive Labor World which appeared recently:

"Wonders will never cease! The lion and lamb have decided to play the trolley game together, side by side, and in harmonious agreement and understanding. 'Fighting Bill' Mahon and T. E. Mitton have entered into a peace pact. For the past few years it has been gradually conceded that Mitton, big figure in Philadelphia Rapid Transit and father of the Mitten men and management idea, is a potent figure in establishing right relations between employer and employe.

"It is good for industrial America to see men like Mitten and Mahon working shoulder to shoulder."

The Progressive Labor World is a republican organ edited by Frank Feeney, president of the Elevator Constructors' Union and veteran G. O. P. spoilsman.

Balkan Situation Grows More Tense as Fascists Send Note to Yugoslavia

SCORE FASCIST IMPERIALISM IN BALKAN STATES

Many Injured in New Demonstrations

BELGRADE, May 30.—Several persons were suffering from wounds today as the result of fresh anti-Italian demonstrations here and elsewhere throughout Jugoslavia last night. The Jugoslav press publishes attacks against Italian encroachments in the Balkans.

Students gathered in front of the Diplomats' Restaurant and burned an Italian flag and a picture of Premier Mussolini, of Italy. They were dispersed by the police.

The opposition leader in the Jugoslavian parliament declared in a speech that "Jugoslavia does not fear a declaration of war by Italy."

* * *

BELGRADE, May 30. — A new note, protesting against the government's failure to take "effective counter measures to check the anti-Italian demonstrations," was handed to the Jugoslavian government today by the Italian minister.

King Alexander hastily returned from a vacation and summoned a cabinet council to discuss the Italian note.

Italy is demanding punishment of guilty officials" and reserves the right to take further action.

* * *

Disturbances Continue.

VIENNA, May 30.—Reports from Belgrade state that disturbances between Italian nationals and Jugo-Slav students are continuing in spite of the efforts of the authorities to end them. A number of students are said to have been wounded during the trouble.

ARREST MANY IN THE ARGENTINE

BUENOS AYRES, May 30. — A reign of police terror has been loosed upon the workers in this city and vicinity under the pretense of an official investigation of the recent bomb explosion at the Italian consulate. A number of arrests of persons accused of anti-fascism have already been made and the prisoners are being held strictly incommunicado by the authorities.

Many more arrests are expected within the next twenty-four hours.

While the names of the arrested men have been kept secret by the police it is understood that one of them is a fugitive from Italy who only recently arrived on the Giulio Cesare.

Canton War Lords Make Vain Effort to Stem Worker-Peasant Troops

Photo shows troops of the war lord Li Chai-sum who is making a vain attempt to halt the drive of the worker-peasant troops who are advancing south from Swatow and west from Kwangsi province. Li has executed thousands of workers in the last few months.

YOUNG LENINIST LEAGUE CONGRESS

Membership Close to Two Million

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The Eighth Congress of the Leninist Young Communist League of the Soviet Union is now in session in Moscow.

According to the organizational report delivered at the opening of the congress, the League had 1,936,977 members and 106,233 candidates on January 1, 1928. Twenty per cent of members and candidates are girls.

On January 1st, the league had 67,698 factory and village groups.

THREE DROWN IN COLORADO FLOOD

City Water Reservoir Endangered

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Colo., May 30.—The Little River, tributary of the Arkansas, today took a toll of three lives near Salida. Two unidentified Mexican quarrymen were drowned when the bridge on which they were standing was washed away.

Alice Virginia Harper, three years old, was drowned when the flood-weakened bank of the stream on which she was standing caved into the water.

The city water reservoir at Salida was threatened by the flood. The Colorado River is at flood stage near here.

USSR Relief Expedition

MOSCOW, May 30. — A Soviet Union relief organization to search for Gen. Umberto Nobile and his 17 companions has been organized by Assistant Commissar for War Unslicht. A search party is being sent from Archangel. A USSR seaplane will fly over the Siberian coast looking for the missing expedition.

TIRED LAWMAKERS LEAVE THEIR TOIL

Sham Election Battles to Start

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Having done their bit faithfully for big business, senators and congressmen today began their exodus from Washington, following the adjournment of congress yesterday. Most of them feel proud of the record of the 70th Congress, which is one of the most reactionary in recent years, and are preparing to continue doing their masters' work in the nomination and election campaigns of the two chief capitalist parties.

The mock mud-slinging battles of the two parties are now expected to start on a large scale. The democrats will probably make liberal use of the revelations that the republican party received $260,000 of the Continental Trading Co.'s oil-smeared liberty bonds thru the hands of Harry F. Sinclair. The republicans are also expected to do their part in "showing up" the democratic party, all leading to the great arena in November, when the two stuffed dummies will engage in a sham battle to determine just what section of big business will loot the country during the next four years.

SEND TROOPS TO BREAK UP STRIKE

Austrian Soldiers Sent Against Miners

VIENNA, (By Mail).—Troops have been sent to suppress a strike by the coal miners in the Obersteiermark and Karnten districts, according to reports received here.

Even the Christian Social Miners Union has adopted a resolution expressing solidarity with the strikers.

NEGRO HELD 13 YEARS ON LIE

Barely Escaped Being Lynched Once

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 30. —Once having narrowly escaped lynching then jailed for thirteen years on conviction of assault on a white woman who now admits his innocence, Ben Bess, Negro, was today freed.

Only July 6, 1914, the husband of the complainant, whose identity has never been revealed, swore out a warrant charging Bess with criminal assault. A mob formed, and a deputy sheriff held it at pistol point while another spirited him away. He was found guilty and sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment. He always averred his innocence.

Yesterday, the woman who caused his imprisonment signed an affidavit:

"Since I have not much longer to live, I hereby declare that my testimony on the trial of Ben Bess to have been false." She gave no reason for her falsity.

REPORT PEASANT REVOLT BREAKING IN SOUTH ITALY

Confiscate Estates of Large Landowners

(Continued from Page One)

be willing to speak before an independent court as the examining magistrate was a tool of Gianapolis.

* * *

MOSCOW, May 30.—The International Red Aid organized a meeting here to protest against the trial of the Communist Party of Italy. Representatives of the Communist International, the Red International of Labor Unions and the International Red Aid spoke.

Mysterious fires have occurred in various parts of Italy. In Ferrara the fascist trade union house was burned, while in Naples the Tramway depot was razed to the ground. In Porto Risa the aerdrome containing five planes burned down.

* * *

BUENOS AYRES, May 30.—The Italian consul here, Cappani, who charged that anti-fascists were responsible for the bombing of the consulate, was a former member of the fascist militia who was responsible for the murder of many Communists and socialists in December 1925 in Florence and for the destruction of the Free Masons' Lodge in Toscana.

Cappani persecuted anti-fascists and confiscated their papers.

The Argentine press has published numerous protests against the actions of the fascist consul.

POLICE CHARGE TEXTILE PICKETS

Two Leaders Refuse to Quit; Arrested

(Continued from page one)

ers, furnished bonds for their later appearance in court.

To Continue Picketing.

In a statement issued later, Murdoch declared, "In spite of the increasing police terror, picketing will be continued in full force."

A mass meeting held by the Textile Mills Committee after the release of the arrested leaders was one of the largest ever held in the strike. All strike meetings held in the past few days have more than doubled in size, over two thousand coming to hear speakers arranged by the T. M. C. and other sympathetic organizations.

With the seventh week of one of the most unanimous big strikes ever affected in American labor history rapidly drawing to a close, the ranks remain as solid as on the first day of the walkout that completely suspended operations in 58 factories.

Stocks Tumble.

Despite the rapid tumbling of the value of stocks in the textile corporations the greatest majority of them still realize that an attempt to open would be mere folly, the only scabs they could hope to get being a few straw bosses and superintendents. A few of them, however, tried to run one or two sample goods looms with the aid of their petty foremen. The daily picket demonstrations halted most of this, however.

The officialdom of the American Federation of Textile Operatives, now part of the United Textile Workers, which claims only a few thousand skilled workers in their membership, still refuses to participate in the picketing.

New Die-Hard Attack

Sir Joynson-Hicks, one of the most notorious die-hards in the British government, has launched a new attack on the Soviet Union. He is attempting to force a complete break in commercial as well as diplomatic relations.

ARREST 9 FOR ALLEGED PLOT

Ecuador Government Fears Revolt

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, May 30.—Nine men, charged with attempting to overthrow the present regime, are reported to be in jail in Quito yesterday. Several of them were seized as they attempted to cross the Peruvian border, according to the official statements.

While the government refuses to admit that the alleged conspiracy is of any importance, it is known that considerable apprehension exists in official circles as to what action the masses of peons may take in event of a crisis.

It has been officially stated, however, that the government will rely on the army if necessary.

The government, whose finances were recently investigated by an American commission headed by Professor Kemmerer, has won the suspicion of the majority of the peons by its open favoritism of the bankers and commercial classes.

DIES IN AUTO MISHAP.

DETROIT, May 30.—Daniel Trombley, 38, was charged with negligent homicide today following the death of Mrs. Harriette Marie Read, 33, of Chicago, who was injured when Trombley crashed his car into a semaphore. Mrs. Mae Van Zandt, 35, of Detroit, a passenger with Mrs. Read in Trombley's car is in a serious condition.

ARGENTINE PORT STRIKERS STILL TYING UP SHIPS

Police Attempt to Smash Walkout

BUENOS AYRES, May 30. — The strike of the harbor workers at Bahia Blanca was in full swing yesterday with the police attempting to terrorize the strikers by repressive action, according to reports from the port. The authorities are preparing to take further coercive measures.

Picket lines are growing, in spite of the efforts of the local police to smash them in much the same way as at Rosario, the strike leaders report. The lines are holding firm.

Growing sentiment among other industrial workers in the port and town may lead to a general sympathetic walk-out, it is intimated. The railroad men are said to be especially favorable to such action.

A dozen or so vessels lying in the small port are completely tied up and the owners are urging the authorities to act in order that they may not lose thousands of dollars by the delay in unloading.

The Bahia Blanca strike is the latest of a number of harbor strikes which have broken out in Argentine ports within the last month.

:: 1928 ::
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SHANTUNG

By H. T. TSIANG.

Don, Don, Don, the drum is calling;
Lun, Lun, Lun, the artillery is roaring
Japan is in Shantung, Shantung,
In Shanghai far away
We can still work for a living.

Hashi, yi, hashi yi, buzzing be, buzzing bee
God has damned me
Hard work comes to me.
My mouth is thirsty
My stomach never so empty
Why don't you teach me to live without bread
Papa, mama.

The whip is cracking;
The click is my ear
A look at the foreman's face
And my heart always blackens
Think ye,
He can stop my tears and my ears
That ring with pain.

Brother, sister, I have a message for you.
Are ye a worker, are ye a farmer?
We are alike then.
Brother, sister,
We have no wrong when we are born
We toil yet have no bread,
We spin yet we have no shirt
We do building yet we have no shed

Awake ye, brother,
Come hand in hand
To their defeat.

Brother, sister, there is a message for you
Japan occupies Shantung
But the toilers of Japan they are with us
Not Tanaka the oppressor
Not Tanaka the murderer
But the toilers of Japan will join us
We together will crush Tanaka

Brother, sister,
You are a farmer, you are a worker?
Hark to the cock.
A new day is coming.

Out of ruthless mass-murder
March to Manchuria
South of Canton
Away with the exploiters
Then the sky with blood is red
We all will have our bread.

May 25, 1928. N. Y. C.

(1) Doh, don, don is the Chinese expression for the beat of the bass drum, which was the signal for the advance of a military force.

(2) Lun, lun, lun, is the expression for the boom of heavy artillery.

(3) Hashi, yi, hashi, yi corresponds to "heave, ho." It is used by coolies when picking up or pulling at heavy loads.

Defenders of THE DAILY WORKER

H. Benditz, Cleveland, O.	1.00
C. L. Vickeir, Cleveland, O.	.50
R. Leonard, Cleveland, O.	1.00
A. Kaulto, Hanna, Wyo.	.25
J. E. Kistei, Hanna, Wyo.	.50
L. Leivo, Hanna, Wyo.	.25
N. Huhtala, Hanna, Wyo.	1.00
A. Lappala, Hanna, Wyo.	.50
O. Kandelin, Hanna, Wyo.	.50
A. Abraham, Oak Forest, Ill.	2.00
F. Okerstrom, Portland, Ore.	1.00
Lithuanian Work. Wom. Assn., Bklyn, N. Y.	10.00
Blyn Hosp. Work., Bklyn, N. Y.	2.60
Boro Park Jewish Work. Center, New York City	26.20
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JOHNSON & JOHNSON FACTORY CORRESPONDENT GIVES 10 COMMANDS TO FELLOW WORKERS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. (By mail).—Here are ten commandments for our fellow workers in the Johnson and Johnson plant. And when we all live up to these, we can better our miserable conditions, and enjoy the fruits of our labor. "Every worker a Worker Correspondent," should be our slogan from now on, and then on with our fight until we win.

The Workers' Ten Commandments.

1. Unite with your fellow workers of all nationalities and fight, together with him, to bring about a better living for yourself as well as for all workers.

2. Do not be a boot-lick, because that only helps one boss' cause and by doing this you are betraying your fellow workers.

3. Do not bring presents for the boss, for you are his slave, and he does not deserve your present. On the contrary, you are the one who should receive the fruits of your labor.

4. Do not spy on your fellow worker. The organized force of the workers will punish you for this. For the interests of the bosses are not the same as yours.

5. Do not spend your time in the saloons and gambling places for by doing this you are ruining yourself and your family, and become easy prey for the boss.

6. Do not let yourself be fooled by the lies of the priests, for they are your most dangerous enemies. They serve not your interests but those of your masters. They do not want you, they only want your money.

7. Do not differentiate between the workers as to whether they are foreigners or Americans, whether they are one nationality or the other. All are workers equally exploited.

8. Instead of the capitalist papers, read the workers' papers, which will teach you how to fight against your exploiters. The capitalist papers are poisoning you with their propaganda not to fight your bosses.

9. Join a labor organization, come to the Workers' Homes, become a fighter for your class by joining hands with your fellow workers who are fighting your cause. For information for joining the Workers (Communist) Party write to 57 Broome St., Newark, N. J.

10. When The DAILY WORKER is given to you, accept it and read it. When you have read it do not throw it away, but pass it on to your fellow worker. Subscribe to The DAILY WORKER, for this is your only weapon in the fight against the bosses. The DAILY WORKER is your paper. Become a Worker Correspondent. Write about the conditions in your department.

—PATRAS.

Issue Injunction Against Philadelphia Hosiery Pickets, Correspondent Says

AJAX, FEDERAL, EMMET MILLS IN GROWING STRIKE

Mass Picketing Called Urgent Need

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., (By Mail).—The strike of the hosiery workers of the Ajax and Federal Mills in Philadelphia is receiving attention from the bosses' tools, the judges. An injunction against picketing has been issued at the Federal Mill where the attack of the bosses is the most severe and the strike against further wage cuts is being bitterly fought.

Picketing.

At the Ajax Hosiery Mill picketing is going on, but what is needed is mass picketing and organization of the unorganized.

The boss is sending his work to little country towns like Phoenixville. The union officials should see that these places are organized. This is important as the capitalist owners of the hosiery mills, at their recent conference, mapped out plans to begin operations in small towns, thereby escaping the unions. They hope to transfer some of the most backward unionists to instruct the unorganized workers and when the unions in Philadelphia call a strike, the bosses, having their mills in the country towns, can be independent of the unions and will crush the workers.

Organize the unorganized hosiery workers in all branches of the hosiery industry. A plentiful display of pickets at the Federal Mill is necessary. The boss fears picketing, and mass picketing will help win this strike at the Emmet Mill, 12th and Race Sts. which has just gone on strike. Picketing ought to go on all the time and efforts ought to be made to force all those in the mill to strike.

Those on strike should cooperate with The DAILY WORKER. It is their paper and it will fight for their interests. News of developments will be published by it.

Bosses' Offensive.

The workers must be made to understand that these strikes are but forerunners of an attempt to crush their union. They must fight this attempt and not allow the capitalist exploiters to break down their standards of living.

The fine weather is here. Open air meetings of the strikers should be held near the union hall or in the recreation park in the heart of the workers' district, Kensington. Then the workers affected by the hosiery strike could bring their struggle to the attention of all the workers. This would greatly help to win the strike.

Our slogan should be, mass and militant picketing and organization of the unorganized. The workers who are receiving the fruits of "cooperation" with the bosses, should take a decided stand against the capitalist owners of the hosiery industry or they will see the destruction of their union and be forced into company unions. There should be cooperation among the workers against the bosses of the mills.

—W. C. P.

MANY JOBLESS IN CALIFORNIA

Ford Plant Was Closed For Year

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail).—While employment conditions in Washington and Oregon were seriously affected by unfavorable weather and curtailment of the lumber industry, California had an overwhelming surplus of labor embracing practically all lines of work, according to the monthly report for April just issued by the U. S. department of labor.

"In Los Angeles and vicinity, the largest surplus of labor was in the building trades and oil field work, the government's survey said. During April many plants here operated with reduced forces, but those manufacturing agricultural and irrigation equipment worked full crews, the report stated.

Ford Plant Closed a Year.

There is no unemployment in the United States, Henry Ford told reporters in London, England, a month or so ago. But even Ford's local plant was practically closed for a year previous to the auto king's false statement to the English press. His Los Angeles plant started operation recently; and the line of job-seekers was a block long on the opening day.

Applicants had to strip themselves of all clothing, and an up-to-date medical examination followed. "It takes a strong man to stand the strain of the speed-up system in Ford's plants," a former employe of the richest man in the world said, as he was standing in line waiting for another chance to slave for a living. "In this city of "true industrial freedom" men are found who are willing to scab on scabs, as will be pointed out in another article.

—L. P. RINDAL.

Where Over 200 Miners Perished in Blast

More than 200 miners perished in the explosion in the Mather Collieries mine at Mather, Pa. The picture shows the removal of some of the victims on stretchers. Coal company and state troops patrolled all the approaches to the scene of the disaster, preventing all but the company men from entering the grounds.

RAZOR WORKER GETS $16 AFTER 5 YEARS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

With the season in full swing at the Autostrop Safety Razor Co. many apply for work. Little do these applicants realize under what conditions they will be forced to work.

Beginners receive the nominal amount of $12 per week. For this they work 48 hours a week. Their working day begins at 7:45 a. m. and ends at 5 p. m. with a relief of one half an hour for lunch.

The company maintains a lunchroom at which they claim to sell food at cost price. The restaurant, however, is not any more reasonable than others which the workers would ordinarily patronize. The food is so poor that the majority of the workers bring their own lunches. Those who do eat the food generally leave half of it in disgust.

Murmurs of discontent are heard all around, but because of the shortness of the lunch period little can be done about it. What is the reason for only one half an hour for lunch? So that we workers have no opportunity for coming together to voice our discontent? Or is it so that we will not be able to come into contact with other workers from neighboring factories and so discuss our terrible conditions?

Cut Hands.

There are different kinds of work in this plant, such as blade examining, packing, and machine work. The lot of the blade examiners is indeed hard. They work under very strong lights which we all know have harmful effects on the eyes. Also the work is very dangerous and requires the constant use of peroxide, iodine and other first aid treatment.

It is not at all unusual for us to see girls walking around with bandaged hands or even fainting. The reward for exposing themselves to these conditions is the measly sum of from $14 to $18 per week.

The Autostrop Co. requires its workers to work one hour and 15 minutes overtime. Excuses to be released from working overtime are seldom accepted. If we workers are excused we must work on Saturday to make up our share of the nightly overtime.

Time and a half is paid for the first hour while the other 15 minutes is paid straight. We workers, however, are led to believe that we are being paid for time and a half for the whole time. This adds a bit to our poor salaries of course, but in the end our wages amount only to a few dollars even with the nightly overtime. We workers are certainly exploited to the greatest extent possible.

Pay For Fun.

One of the company's devices is to conduct an annual outing. You would expect to hear that we get paid for the half-day spent on the excursion, but this is not so. The company is mean and cheap enough to deduct two hours pay out of the four. This cut naturally diminishes our already small enough wages.

To add to the above grievances there is the fact that advancement is very slow if at all. As an example, I will take the case of a Miss X. This girl has worked in the Autostrop Co. for five years. As a beginner, she was a packer, earning $12 a week. Now after so many years, Miss X. is still a packer, but receives $16 a week. This is an average raise of less than one dollar a year. Is this what they call advancement?

Knowing that The DAILY WORKER is a paper which fights for the interests of all the workers, organized and unorganized, I am making my appeal thru it. I therefore urge you, workers of the Autostrop Co., to unite and organize. Fight for your interests.

—AUTOSTROP.

MR. JOHNSON TO BUY NEW SLAVES

New Brunswick to Have Rival in England

(Continued from page one)

places. Naturally the women get much less than the men were getting.

In the napkin department the speed-up has become so big that production has almost been doubled. But the wages have remained the same. The workers are revolting against this inhuman exploitation. The napkin department is working day and night. The workers on the night shift work for twelve hours, and as a result of that the work is piled in a short time and the workers will soon be laid off here too. The mothers can then wait in vain for the bi-weekly pay envelope, and the children can cry in vain for bread. Mr. Johnson will not hear them. The interests of Mr. Johnson demand that this be so and the lives of the workers do not matter in this case. Whether they have food to eat or not does not matter, as long as Johnson gets his profits.

Mr. Johnson recently visited England and looked over slaves in his factory there. He also bought a new factory in Canada and one in Massachusetts. The profit he is making now on his workers in New Brunswick is not enough for him, he wants some more from other workers whom he can exploit better than us here. Mr Johnson is so greedy and profit hungry that the workers have given him the name of "cheap Johnson." But this is not the solution of the problem to better our condition.

What we have to do first is to see that the various nationalities do not fight against each other but all unite against their common enemy the boss. All workers of all nationalities are equally exploited and therefore they must fight united against their exploiters.

KIVIATIS.

Williamsburgh Council Will Welcome Gordon

The Williamsburgh Council of the United Council of Working Class Women will welcome David Gordon, red poet, on Sunday, June 3, at Royal Palace, 16 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn. Gordon will read some of his prison poems. Among the speakers will be Juliet Stuart Poyntz and Ray Ragozin.

MORE AIR PUBLICITY.

BERLIN, May 30.—Capt. Wilkins and Carl B. Eielson, who piloted their exploration plane from Alaska to Spitzbergen, made a flight over Berlin in the Junkers plane D-1000. As they circled the city they were accompanied by a German squadron.

JAIL UNEMPLOYED WORKERS ON LOS ANGELES STREETS

Industry Stagnant as Thousands Are Idle

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail).—Francis I. Jones, director general of the United States Employment Service, who has just made a governmental survey of the unemployment situation in this state, says in part, as follows:

Starvation Record.

The orchard and farm work which began in March will continue, Mr. Jones tells the world. No stop to it at all. So we are led to believe that "prosperity" is here to stay. Herb's hat is in "the ring," and his "starvation" record may be overlooked under such favorable condition of continuous work—**paid for in sunshine and G. O. P. promises.**

Orange harvesting has begun in Tulare county, and cotton chopping in King county will begin immediately, the government official announces, to offer additional jobs for workmen.

Well, the sunkist orange growers are generally long on climate and short on change around pay day. And King Cotton is likewise a very poor paymaster. The cheapest men on the overcrowded slave market are hired to work in the cotton fields. So it is now up to the workers in the counties of King and Tulare to organize—in order to chase the wolf from the doors of the toilers and into the front yards of fruit barons and "royal" masters.

"Lumber mills have operated with reduced forces and the oil industry remains curtailed," the government report further stated.

The lumber workers are hard hit in the states of Oregon and Washington as well, according to other sources of information. And California oil? Well, numerous workers bought oil stock and paid for same out of small savings made during the war. Some of them are still the owners of artistic-looking slips of paper—but the oil promoter artists, who issued the stuff, are holding the cash. What about the C. C. Julian oil graft case? It has been before the courts for a couple of months—and is still going strong with legal technicalities.

Can't See It, Tho.

"Construction work is steadily increasing now," Director General Jones announced in referring to California generally. Nice. But nothing of that sort to be noticed in this city. Shortly before the St. Francis dam disaster, March 13, Mr. Scharrenberg, secretary, California Federation of Labor made a kick because the state did nothing to provide work for the unemployed. The secretary, besides criticizing the A. F. of L. for its stand on the Box immigration bill, also pointed to a law violation by the board of public works in this connection. The next day Governor Young announced a $50,000,000 road building program to be started immediately. But nothing has been done yet, as far as the writer knows.

"The larger plants here were in full operation recently and manufacturers of agricultural and irrigation machinery were reported working full forces." Good. But where are the "larger plants" in Los Angeles located? That "tire plant," referred to by Mr. Jones, isn't built yet. And the rest regarding large plants is mostly hot air "prosperity" stuff. This city is not a manufacturing center, except for the making of crooks and invisible governments. It is, however, a Mecca for tourists who want to be sharked out of their cash.

"The labor surplus at Long Beach has decreased lately." Glad to hear it. But how much, Mr. Jones? The labor surplus around the slave market in Los Angeles has decreased also. Not because of more jobs, however, but simply because idle workers are either made jail birds, or told to leave this "oasis of abundance" for a healthier climate along the highways and byways of this state and nation. The same thing is done in Long Beach and every other city in this "land of liberty."

Backyard-Cleaning Bookkeeper.

Mrs. Rogers, self-appointed manager of the new free job bureau, 212 South Spring St., continues to talk about success locating jobs at any wage. "Here we have nearly 1,700 heads of families asking for work of any kind," she declared today. Her latest "success," as reported by an afternoon paper, was the location of a woman who "could use a man for a few hours to clean her backyard." A bookkeeper was sent. "He went out and the lady put him to work. He spent the rest of the day at it, without lunch, but he was happy for he was going to feed the kids at supper time," the manageress went on.

The remarkable thing about the institution is the fervor with which men grasp for any opportunity. Mrs Rogers declared. The bookkeeper, she said, when asked "do you want to work?" replied simply, "where is it?"

Mrs. Roger didn't state what kind of luck, if any, the rest (1,699) of those "heads of families" had on that same day. Or was it only one short job for 1,700 job-seekers? Well "there is still considerable unemployment in Los Angeles," Francis I. Jones, director general of the United States Employment Service, said.

City Jails Job-Seekers.

The City Council appropriated $25,000, 14 weeks ago, for the purpose of creating a municipal service bureau for jobless and homeless men at 425 Central Ave. This bureau was a temporary affair. It was operated by the department of social service only for men who had been in the city less than three weeks. Jobs in the city parks were given at the rate of 40 cents per hour. No one, however, was permitted to work longer than a total of three days. After that they were expected to beat it out of the city with the $5 saved up. If they didn't act quick enough they went to jail as "vags."

—L. P. RINDAL.

CALL SHERIFF TO EXPEL MILITANTS OF BLAINE LOCAL

Woman-Jailer Hardesty Turns Trick for Lewis

(By a Worker Correspondent)

WHEELING, W. Va. (By mail).—An example of how the Lewis machine works was revealed at Blaine, Ohio at a recent meeting of the Blaine local.

The sub-district officialdom in a final frantic effort to prevent the sub-district convention at Bellaire, sent telegrams to "loyal" locals, calling special meetings. The purpose of these meetings was to rally the few remaining "loyal" members together for a final effort to confuse the rank and file as to the true purpose of the convention.

The stronghold of the Lewis machine in this district is the Blaine local of some twenty-five well-fed members. Therefore William Robert, secretary of the sub-district, and a gang of international organizers came here with silver tongues to tell the "poor ignorant" people that the leadership of the Save-the-Union Committee is Bolshevistic and Communistic.

However, Roberts and his gang were royally welcomed by the rank and file of the local who showered him with questions and he was a perfect personification of confusion himself.

Calling to his cohorts, who in a drunken orgy the night before were rounded up to attend the meeting, he asked that a motion be passed to throw out all who questioned his policies. Many motions were passed but no action was taken. In the meantime, the meeting of 125 dwindled down to 30 members.

So confused was Mr. Roberts that he almost forgot his friend, Sheriff Clyde Hardesty, erstwhile escorter of the 51 Lansing women to the county jail. Sheriff Hardesty, of Belmont county, nationally prominent as an escort, and notorious as a strikebreaker, was summoned.

Arriving at the meeting, he walked to the platform, shook hands with the sub-district officials (must have met before) and asked what he could do to help them. Mr. Roberts pointed out the men who had held up his eloquent speech for two and one half hours. After the militant rank and file leaders were ordered out, the 22 "loyal" members continued the meeting and Mr. Roberts and the international organizers were left in peace.

—WARE.

Stamford Worker Killed By High Power Wire

STAMFORD, Conn., May 30.—Mathew Ryan, 55, of 301 St. Ann's Ave New York City, died today at Stamford Hospital a few hours after he had come in contact with a power wire carrying 11,000 volts at the round house of the New Haven Railroad here.

Ryan was an engine repair man. He was horribly burned by the high voltage and also suffered a skull injury in falling to the ground from the engine on which he was working.

—DRAMA—

'A Man With Red Hair,' Walpole Drama, Slated for Broadway

The first performance in this country of "A Man With Red Hair" will occur at the Great Neck Playhouse, Thursday night, June 7th. This is the Hugh Walpole melodrama that caused the British censor to raise his eyebrows when the piece was announced for the Little Theatre, London. Donald Blackwell has been added to the cast which includes Crane Wilbur, Joan MacLean, Alan Brooks, Hugh Sinclair and Henry Carvill. The play is scheduled for early showing here.

Ray Perkins, co-composer of "The Greenwich Village Follies," at the Winter Garden, and Grace Fulton Oursler, wife of the novelist-playwright, have completed a new musical comedy, "Blue Lady," for which Mrs. Oursler wrote the book and lyrics and Perkins the music.

"The Showman," a new musical comedy starring Joe Laurie, Jr., goes into rehearsal today.

"My Maryland" did not close Saturday but is continuing at the Casino Theatre. The operetta just passed its 300th performance.

The Theatre Guild announces that its subscription books for next season will be closed this Friday. Renewals and new subscriptions has been so great that the Guild has as many subscribers as it can adequately accommodate. Over 25,000 are now on the books.

Mae West will give a special midnight performance in "Diamond Lil" in the Royale Theatre, Thursday, June 7th.

The Russian Symphonic Choir will start a farewell tour of this country next October which will extend from coast to coast. The program will feature choral arrangements of some of Schubert's compositions.

IN "MARCO MILLIONS."

Dudley Digges who has the important role of the Chinese philosopher in "Marco Millions." The O'Neill satire is now in its final week at the Guild Theatre.

"One Mile Up," a new play dealing with travel by air, has been purchased by Paul Streger for production. It is the work of McElbert Moore, Earle Crooker and Lowell Brentano, co-author of "The Spider." Another play which Streger will present on Broadway next season is "Eclipse," a drama by Florence von Wien.

WHITE CIVILIZATION.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 30.—W. Earl Smith, former credit manager of a large Louisville store, is now facing a charge of criminally assaulting a small Negro girl who worked in his home. The child is now in the hospital suffering from the effects of the attack.

AMUSEMENTS

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Week of June 4: "Volpone"

PORGY
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REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St.
Mats. WED. & SAT.

BOOTH Thea., W. 45 St. Eves. 8:30
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THE GRAND ST. FOLLIES
OF 1928

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:30
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CLOAK CHAIRMEN RALLY TO PARLEY

Saturday Conference to Open Offensive

After the enthusiastic meeting of thousands of cloak and dressmakers in Cooper Union Monday night, the attention of the masses of workers in the ladies garment industry is turning toward the coming conference of shop chairmen and representatives, which begins at 10 o'clock Saturday morning in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave.

While the workers in the cloak trade have had many conferences in the recent history of the struggle against both the bosses and the right wing International Union officialdom, the Saturday conference is assuming a role of extraordinary importance in the discussions at the workers' gathering places.

Representative Meet

Signs multiply rapidly that this conference will be genuinely representative of the overwhelming majority of the shops in the entire trade. This can be seen from credentials already flowing into the offices of the National Organizing Committee.

The official launching of a unionization drive for the industry will be the main work of the conference. The industry, formerly a stronghold of unionism, is almost completely open shop due to the war on the membership carried on by the socialist right wing officialdom of the International, the bosses and the police.

Representatives from hundreds of open shops, as well as chairmen from the few union shops left will participate in the drive to regain good working conditions in the trade.

* * *

Hyman Gives Statement

"The bosses saw clearly that their agents, Sigman and Schlesinger were rapidly losing ground and that the cloakmakers' offensive to rid the trade of pogrom leaders was rapidly gaining momentum. They therefore granted the 40-hour week on paper, so that Sigman could use the publicity to throw dust in the eyes of the workers." This was the statement made yesterday by Louis Hyman, chairman of the N. O. C. after the right wing Jewish Daily Forward triumphantly announced that Sigman had succeeded in obtaining the bosses' statement.

"Sigman and the Forward try to make it appear to be a great victory gained by Sigman's prowess," said Hyman, "The 40-hour week was to go into effect on June 1, according to the agreement won by the bitter struggles of 1926, thereby voiding even a paper victory for Sigman." He continued, "Secondly, and most important is the fact that the employers do not intend to allow the 40-hour week anyway."

TAMMANY GRAFT FUND INCREASING

Higher-Ups Are Being Shielded

Disclosures in the Tammany street cleaning graft investigations indicated the existence of additional forms of robbery when witnesses before Commissioner of Accounts Higgins yesterday at the hearing in his office in the municipal building testified that the city has paid $15 for the use of dump scows for which private concerns have hired for $12; that the Street Cleaning Department, among other things has consistently violated the civil service law and has "jumped" the list; that there is no check-up of emergency men employed and other evidences of graft and inefficiency.

Graft Years Old.

At the same time further disclosures at the trial of Charles A. McGee, assistant general superintendent of the Street Cleaning Department and William J. Oswald, superintendent of the Bronx district, showed the existence of graft dating back to 1924 to a total of over $400,000 and that at times 108 fictitious names were carried at the one garage of which William J. Lougheed, self-confessed grafter, was foreman. Lougheed and his assistant Benjamin Stother are witnesses for the state in the prosecution of McGee and Oswald.

Shield Taylor.

In the so-called investigation now being conducted by Commissioner Higgins at which apparently every attempt is being made to shield Alfred A. Taylor, head of the City Street Cleaning Department, from responsibility if not complicity in the graft, it developed that "emergency" sweepers and drivers are appointed individually by the foremen of various districts. The only record of emergency men is on the payrolls where the graft is collected in wholesale fashion.

May Get Life Term For Prohibition Violation

DETROIT, May 30.—For having home brew in her home, Mrs. Mary Tokarz, 40, may get a life term in the Michigan State Penitentiary; Michigan's habitual criminal law provides that three felonies make a life sentence mandatory.

U. S. S. R. Planes Hunt Lost Fascist Airship

The picture shows the fascist dirigible, Italia, in which General Umberto Nobile conducted an imperialist air venture to the North Pole. The airship disappeared after circling over the Pole and dropping a specially blessed cross on the top of the earth. It is believed that the Italia and its crew are lost beyond hope of relief. Planes from the U. S. S. R. are hunting the lost flyers.

URGE WORKERS TO HONOR HAYWOOD

Meet a Demonstration for Class Struggle

Calling on the militant workers of New York to make the Haywood Memorial Meeting on Friday a demonstration for the class struggle, William W. Weinstone, organizer of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, yesterday issued the following statement:

"Dear Comrades:

Friday, June 1, 8 P. M. at the Central Opera House, the workers of New York will honor the memory of the militant champion of American workers—William D. Haywood.

The New York workers will honor the services of that great leader of the American revolutionary movement who was a pioneer in the establishment of the trade union movement and who helped in the economic and political development of the working class of this country.

Haywood stands out as a towering figure in American labor history. The battles in which he has been engaged have been milestones in the development of the toilers. He has been persecuted. He has been imprisoned. He has been hounded by the capitalist class because they saw in him a force for the organization of the workers, for instilling the workers with class consciousness and determination for the overthrow of the capitalist system.

Though Haywood has been the founder of the Industrial Workers of the World which has given to the American labor movement fine traditions of class determination and struggle, he went over from this organization that he founded into the ranks of the Communist Party because he recognized in the Communist Party the real leader of the working class for the emancipation of the proletariat and thus carried over into the Communist Party the best traditions of the syndicalist movement of this country.

It is the duty of every communist, of every revolutionary worker to be present at the meeting to commemorate the services and battles of William D. Haywood for working class emancipation, to honor the memory of a fighter, a revolutionist, a communist. Let this Memorial Meeting be a demonstration for the class struggle, for more determined, for more energetic, for more revolutionary struggle against the class enemy and for the organization of the workers for the overthrow of capitalism.

DOCTORED FOOD GIVEN NEGROES

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 30.—Claiming that they were served food deliberately rendered unpalatable, Garland Anderson, Negro playwright, and Louis Fremont Baldwin, a Negro attorney, today joined in a suit asking $5,000 damages from Charles Compton, proprietor of a local hotel chain.

Anderson, former San Francisco bell-boy, whose play, "Appearance" has been running here for more than a month, asserts that employees of one of Compton's restaurants admitted loading the food served him with pepper and salt in order to force him not to patronize the place. Andersen and Baldwin charge violation of the Personal Liberties Act.

Their complaint states that in addition to the salt and pepper, they found a foreign substance that tasted like and in their opinion was epsom salts.

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

FUR BOSS YIELDS TO JOINT BOARD

Strike Defeated Right Wing Treachery

Definite evidence to prove that the furriers are taking the offensive in their ten months struggle against the right wing officials of the fake Joint Council and the bosses, was given by the leaders of the Joint Board Furriers Union, when they announced that an employer withdrawing recognition from the union was compelled to settle with the Joint Board after a two-day strike.

Lederman and Sobelman, 146 W. 26th St., hitherto an independent union shop having a separate agreement with the Joint Board, was for the last few weeks regularly visited by agents of the right wing Joint Council. The boss could not resist the alluring offers made to him by the scab union. In the hope of securing more intensified exploitation of his workers, the employers joined the bosses' association, thereby automatically breaking the agreement with the Joint Board and signing one with the Joint Council. The bosses' association has "contractural relations" with the fake union. They then told their workers to register in the Joint Council.

Instead of doing this the workers walked out and went to the Joint Board headquarters. After a shop meeting there, a strike was declared. After a two-day tie-up the bosses were compelled to withdraw from membership in the Associated Fur Manufacturers, and again sign up with the Joint Board.

This is one of the most decisive victories to be gained by the fur workers in mony months of bitter struggle. Its effect on the market, where the workers gather, was electrical. The victory gained against the McGrady-Stetsky gangs was the sole topic of conversation. Especially significant is this settlement because of its being an open test of strength. For two days the right wing had mobilized all its followers and machine men to provide scabs for the struck firms. They met with complete failure in these attempts.

"Give Everybody a Chance to Read Me!" —*The Daily Worker.*

Minor Music

by

Henry Reich, jr.

Reich's brilliant verse is well-known to the readers of the "Daily Worker."

In this book is contained his best poems: Tale of Ye Dizzy Knight. History. The Sons of Esau, etc.

Handsomely bound with gold engraved title.

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BROWN, KREMER FOR TAMMANY

Taxi Drivers to Form a Real Union

Two hundred fifty taxi drivers and owners at a mass meeting at Bryant Hall, 42nd St. and Sixth Avenue, Monday night witnessed the exposure of two would-be betrayers of the cabmen, an attorney and a taxi editor, who in the past few weeks have been vying with each other for the opportunity of turning the taxi vote over to Tammany Hall in the coming election.

Admits Connection

Irving I. Kremer, an attorney with offices in the Paramount Building, admitted before a meeting of his recently formed Taxicab Drivers Mutual Protective Association, Monday, that he has been holding conferences with Judge Olvany, leader of Tammany Hall. Olvany, according to Kremer, has made "the highest kind of promises" to "help" the taxi drivers. Kremer did not say what this "help" was.

When attacked from the floor by H. A. Innes Brown, editor of the Taxi Weekly, a trade paper, Kremer showed that Brown was himself only a tool of Tammany Hall. Brown has only recently announced the launching of a taxi drivers' political party. In the May 21 issue of the DAILY WORKER, a detailed exposure of his game was printed showing that Brown like Kremer is planning, at the last moment, to turn over the votes of the cabmen to the Tammany graft-saturated administration.

Samuel Shapiro, a rank and file taxi driver arose in the meeting with a motion demanding the resignation of fourth deputy police Commissioner Ruttenberg, whose activities in the hack bureau has resulted in the loss of licenses by hundreds of cabmen. Kremer immediately applied the steam roller to silence Shapiro. Another taxi driver arose to demand democracy in the organization, but fared no better than Shapiro.

Brown was interrupted in his talk by Kremer who charged that Brown had demanded $250 for his cooperation through publicity in the Taxi Weekly in carrying out Kremer's plan of getting the drivers' votes for Tammany Hall.

Taxi drivers it has been learned, are quietly forming a trade union which will really fight for the protection of the cabmen. While no publicity has been given to the plan, it is understood, that the organization is planning a mass meeting in the near future.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Chicago Miners' Relief.

CHICAGO, Ill.—There will be a concert and dance here on the evening of June 2, at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St., for the benefit of the Miners' Relief. The program includes many features and refreshments.

* * *

Waterbury Picnic.

WATERBURY, Conn.—The Workers organizations of Connecticut have arranged a picnic to be held on June 3, at Roseland Park, Waterbury. The program, which begins at 10 A. M., will include speakers, dancing, and refreshments.

* * *

Pittsburgh Haywood Meet.

PITTSBURGH.—The Pittsburgh Section of the Workers (Communist) Party has arranged a William D. Haywood meeting to be held June 2, at 8 P. M. at the International Socialist Lyceum, 805 James St.

* * *

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

* * *

Chicago Attention!

The Chicago North Side Committee for Striking Miners' Relief has arranged a concert and dance with the co-operation of several labor organizations for June 2, 8 P. M. at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St.

* * *

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

* * *

Chicago Russian Workers.

CHICAGO.—The White Russian Society will hold a meeting May 31 in the Shoenhofer Hall, Milwaukee and Ashland Aves., at 8 P. M.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

District 15—Y. W. L. Anniversary.

The sixth anniversary of the existence of the Young Workers' Communist League will be celebrated in District 15 in the following halls and on the following dates:

Hartford—2003 Main St., June 2.

* * *

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

* * *

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows: Baltimore, Md., June 1; Washington, D. C., June 2; Richmond, Va., June 3; Norfolk, Va., June 4; Wilmington, Del., June 5; Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Mass., Liberty Hall, 592 Dwight St.
Thursday, May 31, Providence, R. I.,
A. C. A. Hall, 1753 Westminster St.
Friday, June 1, Boston, Paine Memorial
Saturday, June 2, Peabody, Mass.,
Finnish Hall, 67 Freemont St.
Sunday, June 3, Allston (Boston),
Mass., 521 Cambridge St.
Monday, June 4, Haverhill, Mass.
Tuesday, June 5, Stamford, Conn.
Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.
Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn.,
Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.
Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J.
Workers' Home, 808 Elm St.
Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 17, Passaic, N. J.
Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.
Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

Committee Named to Soft-Pedal Hoover Fund

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Efforts to soft-pedal the slush fund of Herbert Hoover are seen in the unprecedented action of the house in naming a campaign expenditures' committee when a senate committee is already on the job. The committee, is dominated by republicans known to be decidedly favorable to Hoover.

Hoover's slush fund has been mounting steadily and is now well past. $200,000, a higher total than has thus far been admitted by any of the candidates.

WASHERS' RANK SOLID IN STRIKE

Workers Demand 44 Hr. Week, Wage Raise

With picketing continuing more vigorously than ever, the strike of the Window Cleaners' Protective Union against the Beaver Window Cleaning Co. is now entering its seventh week.

Despite police intimidation, the 12 men on strike are picketing daily the buildings of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., 34-42 Nassau St., the Sinclair Oil Co., 45 Nassau St. and the New York Stock Exchange, all in the heart of the financial district. The Beaver Window Cleaning Co. acts as contractor for these companies.

The chief demand of the strikers is recognition of their union. In addition, they demand a $45 minimum for a 44-hour week, eight legal holidays and no discharge after two weeks without just cause.

White Wash Probers to Investigate Ohio

WASHINGTON, May 30.—A subcommittee of the senate campaign funds committee will devote Friday and Saturday to an inquiry into republican primary expenditures in Ohio. The hearings will be held at Cincinnati.

Senators McMaster (R) of South Dakota, and Barkley (D) of Kentucky, will constitute the Ohio subcommittee.

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

BOSTON

TRUCK PARTY

Sunday, June 10, 1928

To Silver Lake, Mass.

Arranged by DAILY WORKER BUILDERS CLUB

Good Time *Refreshments*

Trucks leave 38 Causeway Street, Boston and New International Hall, 42 Wenonah Street, Roxbury, at 10 o'clock sharp.

Ticket One Dollar.

Honor the Memory of "Big Bill"

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Friday Evening,
June 1st, at 8 P. M.

Fighter and Revolutionist

CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE
67th St. and 3rd Ave.

Prominent Speakers.

AUSPICES: WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY, DIST. 2.
Admission 25 Cents.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Song and Dance Festival

Given by the
Cleveland Conference of the National Miners Relief Committee
Sunday, June 3rd, at Slovenian Hall, 6417 St. Clair Ave.
Program begins at 2:30 P. M.—Lunch will be served from 6 to 8 P. M.
Dancing begins at 8 P. M.
The following will participate: BACKUS ORCHESTRA—SOUTH SLAVIC SINGING SOCIETY—UKRAINIAN CHILDREN'S MANDOLIN ORCHESTRA—FREIHEIT ORCHESTRA—JEWISH SCHOOL—SCANDINAVIAN DANCING CLUB—HERBERT OFFNER, Violin Soloist.
ADMISSION 50c INCLUDES AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

PICNIC

For the benefit of the Daily Worker

Given by the

New Kensington, Pa. Branch

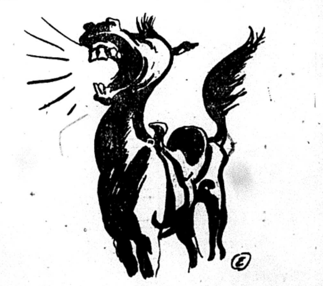
of the Workers (Communist) Party

Sunday, June 10th

at FABIAN'S FARM

DANCING REFRESHMENTS SPEAKERS

ADMISSION 25c.



Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new

Red Cartoons 1928

Sixty-four pages of the choice work of the best proletarian artists in America, including:

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..............WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Congress Adjourns

Congress has come to the close of one of its most memorable sessions.

Nearly one thousand new laws were passed, and all were passed with one general dominating principle—to conserve the interests of the largest finance-capitalists and to reinforce these interests with the armed power of the State in aggressive action against all countries of the world.

Not one law was passed in the interests of the working class.

Not one law was passed in the interests of the farmers.

Not one law was passed making the slightest step in the direction of liberation of weaker nationalities now suffering under the iron rule of American Imperialism.

Not one action of Congress was a step toward peace between nations.

Every action of this congress was an action against the working class, against the farmers, for the fastening of still stronger chains upon weaker nationalities, and in cynical preparation for aggressive war with the object of complete domination of the world by United States imperialism.

Suffering on a huge scale is to be found in the coal mining districts sections, but congress did nothing but attempt to break the strike. Brutal rule by injunctions and police clubs was upheld by this congress. Every so-called constitutional guarantee of civil liberties for the mine workers was and is being violated by company gunmen, mine police and state troopers, but congress did nothing but strengthen the hands of the enemies of the workers.

Unemployment having reached close to five million workers who have no means of life, congress had nothing to say except that they should starve. No relief for unemployment but "relief" to big business in the form of a tax cut of $222,495,000.

Unknown millions of farmers on the verge of starvation, their land seized by bankers, with tens of thousands of them threatening to picket the coming republican convention, caused congress only to pass a bill intended only to make records for congressional vote-seekers, its makers knowing and intending that it should be vetoed.

That one-sixth of the earth's surface which is now under the rule of the workers and farmers—the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics—remains outside of the "recognized" world for this American capitalist government, and remains more than ever the center of the target for which the big guns of Wall Street armament are being built.

No one can say that congress did nothing.

It was not an inactive congress, but the most active that has been held in ten years. It was the most active for imperialism, for exploitation, against the working class and the exploited farmers.

The record of this hangman's and userer's congress ought to turn the eyes of the workers and farmers most intently upon the opening campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party. The showing made by the miserable Victor Berger, the "socialist" in congress, is in no essential respect different from the record of a wing of the republican party.

It is more than ever visible to the eyes of those workers who are not blind, that only the party of the working class has anything to offer for the liberation of the exploited and outraged masses of industry and agriculture.

Vote Communist—and join the Workers (Communist) Party.

The voting can be done on election day —but the joining should be done today.

On Guard, Workers and Peasants of Latin America

By SCOTT NEARING

Strenuous efforts are being made by the spokesmen of United States big business to throw a smoke screen over the operations of the American Empire in Nicaragua, Cuba, Panama and other neighbor states. The dramatic staging of the Pan-American Conference at Havana was one part of this campaign. Recent speeches by Charles Evans Hughes, chairman of the United States delegation to Havana, former supreme court justice, former secretary of state for the United States and tireless servant of the United States plutocracy, are of the same pattern.

New York Times reports quote Mr. Hughes at great length, in his reply to the Anti-Imperialist League and other working class agencies that have been fighting the domination of Latin America by United States big business and United States gunboats and marines. Said Mr. Hughes: "The Colossus of the North is pictured to the imagination as the ruthless giant, without conscience and with unrestrained lust.

Uncle Sam—"Angel."

"We make no apology for our prosperity and power . . . . but the notion that we are looking for opportunities to intervene in the concerns of our neighbors and to take upon ourselves the burdens of managing them, that we are animated by a desire to dominate Latin America, is due to vague and unfounded fears, and especially to an utter misconception of public opinion in this country.

"However, it is a persistent notion constantly inculcated, and the illusion is one that interferes with efforts at co-operation."

Mr. Hughes and his fellow exploiters desire co-operation with Latin America above all things. They wish to sing the Latin American masses to sleep with fine words about "independence" and "freedom," while they grab oil, timber, plantations and harbor concessions in the Latin American countries. When the masses wake up, they will find their most valuable resources in the hands of foreign exploiters. They will be working for United States corporations and turning over the surplus of their labor to United States bankers and investors.

On Guard!

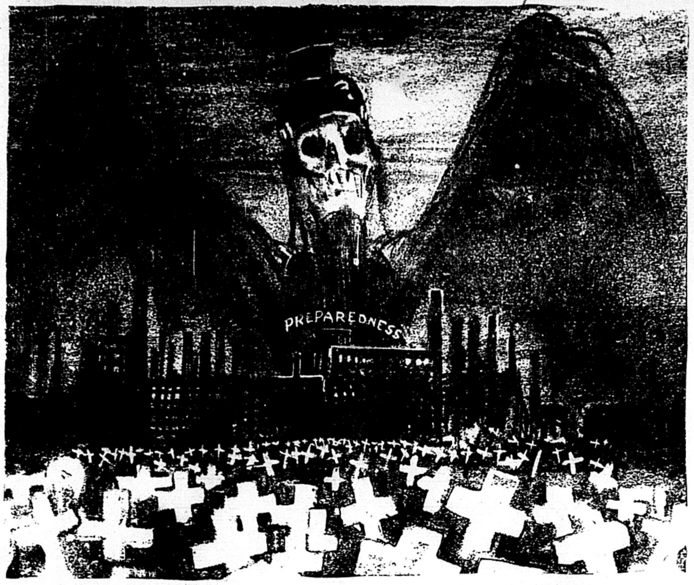
What silly nonsense for Mr Hughes to talk about "independent" Latin American States when even United States school histories list seven of these "independent" countries as protectorates of the United States and when the puppet governments set up in other states are maintained in office only through the power of the United States Army and Navy.

On Guard, Masses of Latin America!

The Colossus of the North, the world's richest and most powerful empire is gobbling you down piece-meal —penetrating with loans; absorbing trade; coercing with marines. The spokesmen of the American ruling class will talk to you in soft words but they act with machine guns and with bombing planes.

PROTECTING INDUSTRY

By Fred Ellis



"The efforts made to establish a government . . . where opportunity would be open and industry attended with the largest rewards, all have an important bearing on the subject of national defense."—President Coolidge.

Organizing the Young Workers

By HERBERT ZAM

(Continued From Previous Issue.)

It became very obvious that the real purpose of Mr. Sapose was to disrupt the conference. This the Young Workers League was not willing to tolerate, and rather than see the conference disrupted, withdrew its delegates with the statement, however, that the Young Workers League as the only organization representing the interests of the working youth was interested in their organization, and would continue this work regardless of the efforts of Muste, Saposs and similar individuals. They furthermore condemned such activities as that of Mr. Saposs and declared that it would be necessary for the young workers to combat very vigorously such attempts at those which have been seen at the conference, to hinder the activities of the young workers.

The conference then proceeded. However, Mr. Saposs was not to have peace.

Delegates Angered at Exclusion of Y. W. L.

During the discussion which followed, delegate after delegate in discussing some of the subjects on the agenda, expressed his indignation at the procedure and declared that such procedure and such activities were sufficient reason for keeping the young workers out of the trade unions, out of labor organizations.

Even the agenda of the conference indicated that tho little consideration was given to the young workers themselves, very much consideration was given to labor bureaucrats. Of all the reporters, only one was a young worker, namely, Clarence Miller, who reported on the unionization of the young workers in mass industries, such as textile, steel, automobile. Other reporters, including A. J. Muste himself, Mr. Lefkowitz, Tom Tippet and Rose Schneiderman, it is needless to say, contributed very little towards the knowledge of the young workers or towards the unionization of the young workers. The only substantial talk was made by Clarence Miller who took up the basic problems dealing with the activities and the problems of the young workers.

After the report of Tom Tippet on "Facts about young workers in industries," and of Abraham Lefkowitz, about "Legislation effecting conditions and status of young workers," a general discussion was to take place.

Herbert Zam, representative of the Young Workers (Communist) League, immediately asked for the floor stating that he had something specific to present to the conference which he would like to have discussed. Mr. Saposs made every effort to refuse him the floor, although he had himself promised that even if the Young Workers League delegates were not seated as regular delegates, they would be given every privilege to participate in the discussion. He maneuvered for almost an hour and finally was compelled to give the Young Workers League representative the floor.

Y. W. L. Delegate Reports

Herbert Zam pointed out that the report of Abraham Lefkowitz was nothing but a eulogy of the democratic administration of New York City and of the child labor laws of New York State. He gave facts and figures showing the extent of child labor in the United States including New York City, showing that the average wage of young workers in this country was less than $14 a week, and finally he read a resolution on "Legislation for the young workers," (which was already printed in the DAILY WORKER) and which the asked the conference to adopt. When he was thru, he received an enormous ovation. This made Mr. Lefkowitz somewhat hot under the collar and he immediately launched into a tirade against the proposals of the Young Workers League, claiming that they were impractical, utopian, etc. etc. etc., and even resorted to personal muckraking and name-calling.

However, by this time the conference had already reached the point where the efforts of Lefkowitz, Saposs, could not stop it from carrying on its renewed work. Practically every delegate who spoke supported the proposals of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

The character of some of the other reports may be indicated from the following: Rose Schneiderman was supposed to report on the "unionization of the Young Workers in Miscellaneous Industries." Her report started out as follows: "Youth is that period of life when hopes are high and nothing is impossible." Mr. Saposs, was supposed to report on "What the unions can do for the young workers." He spent practically all his time discussing "youth activities and plans," in France, but in that period, quite by accident he failed to mention the existence of the Communist youth League of France, the existence of the C. G. T. U., which is the trade union center that is really organizing the young workers.

The interesting part of the conference was the discussion from the floor. These discussions were very revealing of the state that exists in the trade unions. The discussion of the various youth delegates showed the following:

Bureaucracy Sell-Outs.

Not only are the trade union bureaucrats and their allies not interested in unionizing the young workers, but wherever the young workers themselves take steps to organize, the trade union bureaucrats do everything in their power to smash their organization. Four examples were given by the young workers who were delegates to the conference. First, the Plumbers Helpers. The Plumbers Helpers went out on strike in support of the Plumbers, 4000 strong. Even during the strike they succeeded in organizing a union of Plumbers' Helpers. When the plumbers settled their strike, they sold the helpers out completely. Not only that, but the agreements were made with the building bosses that no member of the Plumbers' Helpers Union is to be employed at his job. Then negotiations were carried on. But all these negotiations did not result in the recognition of the Plumbers' Helpers, did not result in their inclusion in the union. The status now is that the Plumbers' Helpers have a union, a small union it is true, and this union is not even recognized by the Plumbers union.

(To Be Continued)

Urge Solidarity of Chinese, Japanese, U. S. Workers

Appealing to the workers of China, Japan and the United States to unite in their common fight on the imperialist nations of the world, the Japanese fraction and Chinese buro of District 13, Workers (Communist) Party of America has issued the following statement:

The present conflict between the Chinese nationalists' troops and the Japanese troops in the province of Shantung is another phase of the inner struggle of world imperialism. These inner conflicts may lead to an open conflict between the United States and Japan. The advance of the so-called North expedition under Chiang Kai-shek would extend the American and British influence to North China which has been monopolized by the Japanese imperialists as its "sphere of influence" ever since the defeat of China by Japan in 1894-5. In order to safeguard the special privileges of the Japanese capitalist class in China or to "maintain the prestige of the Japanese empire" as the Japanese militarists put it, the Tanaka government is bound to dispatch troops to China to tell Chiang Kai-shek that the advance of the North Expedition must not interfere with the special position of Japan in Shantung and Manchuria. The Japanese imperialists do not care whether Chang Tso-lin or Chiang Kai-shek is going to be the master of Peking. Their main purpose is to protect their property and investments in China.

Must Support Workers' Army.

To support Chiang Kai-shek in his attempt to unify China would mean to set another bourgeois government at the mercy of the American or British capitalism. To struggle against Japanese imperialism alone will lead the Chinese people to become pawns of American and British imperialism. The way of freeing the Chinese masses is not to help Chiang Kai-shek to set up a bourgeois government, a tool of the imperialists, nor to seek help from American or British imperialists, but to support the Chinese Workers' and Peasants' Revolution under the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party.

The movement of 1926-27 against the British imperialists was successful because the Chinese workers and peasants were the driving force of the movement. The present anti-Japanese imperialist movement will not be successful until the Chinese workers and peasants are well organized and fully armed. But Chiang Kai-shek and the imperialist powers are suppressing the Chinese workers' and peasants' movement as they have done before. Chiang Kai-shek has already agreed with the Japanese imperialists that the "anti-Japanese movement" must not become too extreme. The American, British and Japanese imperialists will come to terms as soon as they are aware of an upsurge of the mass revolutionary movement in China, prejudicial to the interests of the world imperialism.

Workers and peasants of China! Chiang Kai-shek and Chang Tso-lin belong to the same class with the Japanese, American and British imperialists. The only hope of freeing the Chinese masses lies in your own hands. You must arm yourselves and overthrow both the Peking and Nanking governments, capture the state power and set up an All-China Soviet government. Only the Chinese Communist Party, the party of the Chinese working class, is capable of consummating the Chinese Revolution.

To Japanese and U. S. Workers.

Workers and peasants of Japan! The Tanaka government has proven as an obedient servant of the capitalist class when it ordered the arrest of hundreds of your fellow-workers and peasants in last March. The dispatch of the troops to Shantung is another often used means of the bourgeois government to avert a revolution at home. The strengthening of the position of the Japanese capitalists in China would likewise strengthen their position at home. You must overthrow the reactionary Tanaka government, set up a workers' and farmers' government; join hands with your fellow workers and peasants in China and smash world imperialism.

Workers and farmers of America! The Chinese revolution is a part of the world revolution. The success of the Chinese revolution would weaken the capitalist rule in America. You must support the Chinese masses in their struggle against world imperialism. Demand the withdrawal of all military and naval forces! Prevent the Coolidge-Kellogg government from negotiating loans with Chiang Kai-shek's government and thus help to tighten their hold in China.

Workers and farmers of China Japan and America, unite! Demand the withdrawal of Japanese troops and marines from China. Hands off China! Down with the Tanaka government! Down with the Chang Tso-lin and Chiang Kai-shek governments! Down with world imperialism! Forward with the Chinese revolution under the leadership of the Communist Party! Unify the labor and peasant movement of Japan! Defend the Soviet Union! Join the Workers (Communist) Party of America!

HANdOuTS

The city of Washington just cannot rid itself of pests. And no sooner had congress gone, than the city was threatened with an invasion by 17-year locusts. The locust army was entrenched across the Potomac in the Virginia suburbs.

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Mrs. Esther E. de Forest Wilson, of New York, society matron and a go-gether, is the wife of Dallet H. Wilson, attorney and politician, who was almost subpoenaed by the senate Teapot Dome committee to tell what he knew about the oil graft. As a go-gether, among the things Mrs. Wilson has gone and got is big game. She has shot the elephant and the wild kangaroo. And now in General Sessions Court here she is on trial for shooting her husband.

Mrs. Wilson

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Well-Known Sportsman

The man who chose to play baseball in a felt hat is of course none other that Mr. C. Coolidge. Picture is a snapshot of the game between the House Democrats and Republicans played at Washington. Mr. Coolidge threw the first ball but didn't choose to run. This isn't the only work Coolidge does. He picks his teeth, signs legislative bills and referees spelling bees for a living. Older and older men are being used as messengers these days and Mr. Coolidge, though he is quite grown up, is the errand boy for Wall Street. Mr. Coolidge fits as snugly into the hand of the capitalists as the baseball shown above, reading from left to right, fits his own hand. The only difference is that big business has better control.

• • •

The platinum typewriter for journalistic timidity goes to the magazine Time. This journal uses the phrase "frankness pushed to the brink of indescretion" to characterize the following mild opinion expressed by Sir Bijay Chand Mahtab, Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan:

"It is no use shutting our eyes to the fact that there is in India today a volume of opinion, small, perhaps, but yet not negligible, and which is growing every day not only in strength but intensely, which desires to get rid of British rule at all costs."

• • •

Soothes Her Nerves

"Mama, what is the name of the pretty lady?" "That is Mrs. Knapp." "What is she doing?" "She is getting a nervous break-down, Adolph." "Why is she getting a nervous break-down, mama?" "Because she raked in the public shekels padding payrolls." "Is she going to jail, mama?" "Don't ask foolish questions, Adolph. She's going away to busy herself in the country." "Is that where people go who steal the public's money?" "Yes, Adolph. Now eat your bologna and go to bed."

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THE transit moguls besides cramming their passengers into crowded cars so tightly that they occupy about one-third of their normal space, insultingly accuse them of gullibility by expecting them to swallow the following absurdity printed in the Subway Sun under the heading, "Why an Increased Fare":-

"So that the city of New York will get some needed return on the investment in the present subways. This would help to bring about lower taxes, provide more transit, and indirectly more schools and better streets."

It might be added by the same reasoning that, if the money ever got to the city and didn't melt away in graft, what we need is a 27-cent fare. This would eliminate taxes and provide universities.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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DISTRICT FIVE MINERS TAKE CONTROL OF UNION

MURDOCH, TEXTILE STRIKE HEAD, TO SERVE JAIL TERM

Porter, Organizer, 30 Days, 12 Others Fined

BULLETIN.

NEW BEDFORD, May 31.—William T. Murdoch, of the Textile Mills Committee was sentenced to serve three months in prison here, for leading and organizing picket demonstrations of strikers at the mill gates. Porter, another Mills Committee organizer, was sentenced to one month, twelve other strikers arrested were sentenced to pay heavy fines.

The International Labor Defense announced that all the cases would be appealed to higher courts and in the meantime obtain the release of those imprisoned.

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BOSTON, May 31.—Just as a widespread relief campaign to aid New Bedford's 28,000 textile strikers is being carried on by the Workers' International Relief, so is a special campaign being organized to keep out of the clutches of "Massachusetts justice," the daily increasing number of strikers arrested on the picketing line. The International Labor Defense, District Boston is calling a conference of labor organizations for this purpose.

The special conference is to be held in Boston Wednesday evening, June 6, at 7 o'clock, at the district office of the International Labor Defense, 113 Dudley St., Room 6, according to the official call issued by Robert Zelms, secretary, which follows in part.

"Since May the 10th, when the first two arrests were made in the big strike of 28,000 textile workers in New Bedford, 20 more militant strikers and strike leaders have been ar-

(Continued on Page Two)

HAITI DELEGATE AT CONVENTION

Rosemond Tells of Rule of Wall Street

Among the fraternal delegates to the Workers (Communist) Party convention was Henry Rosemond, first adviser to the Haitian Patriotic Union in America, an organization fighting on behalf of the 2,700,000 workers of the Republic, under the heel of Wall Street oppression for the past 13 years. Rosemond told the convention of the misery and bitter hardships to which the Haitian workers and peasants had been reduced as a result of Wall Street rule. He said in part:

Look to Communists.

"I want to tell you that the Haitian Patriotic Union and the Haitian workers and farmers which we represent feel that the program of the Workers (Communist) Party of America is the only instrument by which the Wall Street oppression of Haiti can be overthrown. We know that from the democratic and republican parties we can expect no relief.

"Haiti sent her ambassador to France, Therlien Guillebeau, to see Woodrow Wilson at the League of Nations. He received no encouragement from Wilson. Three of Haiti's diplomats, Thoby, Sannon and Vincent, officials of the Haitian Patriotic Union, in 1920 reported to Warren Harding the crimes which the American marines had committed in Haiti, and the wholesale despoliation of Haiti by Wall Street tools. Harding did nothing.

"In 1925 Pierre Hudicourt came here to see Calvin Coolidge, as a delegate of the Workers Party of Haiti. Coolidge gave him meaningless words and did nothing.

"The only party now known which will help Haiti and all the oppressed small nations, if it wins the 1928 elections, is the Workers (Communist) Party."

Youth Of San Francisco To Hold League Festival

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 31.—The Young Workers (Communist) League of this city has arranged a Youth Festival to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the league.

A program will be presented June 18 at 8 p. m. at Gymnastic Hall, 2460 Sutter St. Part of the proceeds will go for miners' relief.

To Honor Leader

Thousands of New York workers will honor the memory of the late William D. Haywood, Communist leader, at a huge mass meeting tonight at the Central Opera House, 67th St, near Third Ave. The meeting will be held under the auspices of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party.

FALL OF PEKING APPEARS LIKELY

Railroad Workers in Kwantung Strike

BULLETIN.

TOKIO, May 31.—With the Nanking forces nearing Peking, Marshal Chang Tso-lin has decided to withdraw to Manchuria, according to information received by the Japanese military headquarters here. Detachments of Chang's troops are already proceeding to Mukden, Manchuria, it is stated.

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LONDON, May 31.—The fall of Peking appears imminent today, a dispatch to the Daily Mail from the Chinese capital stated.

The Kuomintang troops have captured Paoting-fu, the key city to Peking, 85 miles to the south. The northerners are reported to be retreating.

Chang Tso-lin's troops are being hemmed in from three sides by the southern war-lords. More than one hundred thousand southern troops are reported to have crossed the Yellow River west of Tsinan-fu. They are now believed to be advancing towards Peking.

The Shansi army which is allied with the Kuomintang, is reported to be similarly advancing towards the

(Continued on Page Three)

HEFLIN IN PAY OF KU KLUXERS

Admissions Made by the Counsel for Klan

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Senator Heflin, democrat of Alabama, was paid by the Ku Klux Klan for speeches delivered in various states, William Zumbrunn, general counsel for the Klan, testified today before the Senate Presidential Campaign Committee.

Zumbrunn declared that the Klan had received $250 for speaking in Ohio, $250 for speaking in New York State and either $150 or $250 for speaking in Iowa. The payments were made by national organizers of the Klan, Zumbrunn testified.

Numerous meetings had been arranged for Heflin by the Klan, he admitted.

What Workers Pay For Injunctions; 4 Billion

WASHINGTON, May 31. — The U. S. government will cost about $3,580,000,000 this year and net a profit of around a half billion dollars, according to estimates prepared at the Treasury Department today.

Directly and indirectly the general public will hand over to the treasury more than $4,000,000,000 by June 30.

PAINTER KILLED IN FALL.

Commercialized amusement added another life to its already big toll yesterday when Auger Hendrickson, a painter, of 334 53rd St., Brooklyn, fell from a car on the "mile sky chaser," a gravity ride in Luna Park, Coney Island.

Mobilize Workers for $100,000 Election Campaign Fund

"SUPPORT FROM LABOR," SLOGAN; TO TOUR SPEAKERS

"Red Special" to Carry Nominees Truout U. S.

Every section of the American working class will be mobilized in the raising of a $100,000 fund to conduct the national election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party, declared Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman of the ways and means committee of the National Campaign Committee, yesterday.

"The Workers Party," Trachtenberg said, "has no rich uncles who will help us buy offices in return for fat contracts and other favors. As a working class party, we depend only on the working class for support, financial and political.

Centralization Is Aim.

"It is aimed to centralize both the collection and the distribution of all the funds it raises for use in the state and local campaigns.

"There will really be two funds raised: the first to place our Party on the ballot, and the second the actual campaign fund. Our initial appeal will be to the units of the Workers Party and to sympathetic fraternal organizations. But we will rely chiefly for the raising of funds on shop collections, subscription lists and the sale of campaign stamps, certificates and buttons.

"Our presidential and vice presidential candidates, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow," continued Trachtenberg, "will visit each large city at least once and most of them will be

(Continued on Page Two)

CHARGES HOOVER SPENDS BIG SUMS

Iowa Field For Huge Expenditures

DES MOINES, Iowa, May 31.—A request that Secretary of the Treasury Andrew Mellon be subpoenaed before a senatorial committee in the anticipated investigation of activities of the "Hoover group" in Iowa was made today by Milo Reno president of the Iowa Farmers' Union.

Hoover, spending fast

Reno also suggested that Governor John Hammill and former Congressman James W. Good, manager of the Hoover campaign, might be able to shed light on "large sums of money" he alleges is being spent throughout the state to further the candidacies of Hoover and Hammill.

Reno's demands were contained in a lengthy telegram to Senator Frederick W. Steiwer, Oregon, chairman of the special committee investigating campaign expenditures.

Only One Balloon Still Aloft in Air Contest

PITTSBURGH, May 31. — The only balloon believed to be still in the air was the army entry No. 1, with W. E. Kepner, pilot. If the balloon manages to outride the storm, it may be headed in a northeast direction, toward Lake Erie and Canada.

Lieutenant Van Orman, one of the pilots, suffered a fractured leg when his balloon fell to earth, it was learned upon examination yesterday.

In Memory of Cannon Fodder; in Preparation For More

The latest types of tanks and field guns mounted on tractor-drawn carriages were exhibited to the public in the demonstration of gigantic power which the American militarists made in New York City on Memorial Day. The picture shows tanks and howitzers passing up Riverside Drive.

BOSSES GREET PIECE WORK WITH DELIGHT

"Now I see absolutely no difference between the union and non-union markets and open-shop centers will have to look out for the competition from the union shops."

With these words of appreciation, J. Friedman, one of the biggest employers in the men's clothing industry, thanked the officialdom of the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union for taking the first organizational step toward forcing upon the union membership the hated sweat shop system of piece work. A Beckerman, reactionary Joint Board manager, several days ago granted piece work to about 12 large manufacturers.

A series of interviews with important manufacturers in the New York market, appearing in the columns of an employers trade journal yesterday, present to the betrayed union membership a picture of their bosses gushing with enthusiastic praise for the Amalgamated union officials.

Both the employers and union officials all frankly admit that the membership is strenuously opposed to this vicious and degrading form of the speed up system. The "labor leaders" are quoted as saying that "there is a deep antagonism among the union membership against this system." But the union leaders admit that the union membership is unreasonable, says the clothing bosses organ.

In agreement with the Beckerman dictatorship in control of the workers' organization, the employers' spokesmen cynically declare, "by not agreeing to piece work, the workers plainly show that they have no vision."

The Socialist Jewish Daily Forward, in reporting the sell-out, announces apologetically that piece work will be granted only to the large and responsible firms." Its columns also declare that the union will obtain big prices for piece work performed.

The statements of the leading manufacturers in the past few days brand this as mere patter. The employers announce that the granting of piece work to a dozen large manufacturers by no means settles their demands. Only when the prices are agreeable will they be satisfied, they say. More important than this, however, is the almost foregone conclusion that not only large manufacturers will be permitted to adopt this system but almost the entire trade. It will no doubt be conceded to the trade by Beckerman when he begins negotiations for a renewal of the agreement which expires June 30.

Even if the original prices set by the union are favorable, there is nothing to prevent the boss from lowering prices as much as he desires, when the wages earned are judged by him as too high, the workers declare in discussion. This will lead to a constant inhuman rush of each worker to produce more and more in

(Continued on Page Two)

'DAILY' IS AIDED BY MOTHER JONES

Aged Militant Helps Moving Fund

Mother Jones, veteran of more than half a century of labor struggles, has sent $1 to help The DAILY WORKER move to its new home at 26-28 Union Square. Bedridden in Washington, this grand old fighter for the workers' cause has answered the appeal which The DAILY WORKER has sent out to the workers of this country.

In a letter to the Daily she writes: "Enclosed find $1 to help you move. Only wish it was one hundred. I have been sick for the last two years and spent four weeks at the Garfield Hospital at $40 a week.

"How I wish I could see you all. Don't fail to send me The DAILY WORKER. It is one great labor paper."

Mother Jones is now 98 years old. For years she was in the forefront of the struggles of the Western Federation of Miners. Despite her age and ill health, Mother Jones continues to aid the revolutionary movement and the fighting organ of this movement, The DAILY WORKER.

Mother Jones has shown the way. Workers, let her be your guide once more. The DAILY WORKER has no money to move; it has hardly enough to exist on. Send your contributions at once to the office of the Daily, 33 First St., New York City.

"TRY" COMMUNIST LEADERS IN ITALY

Wholesale Arrests of Militants in Rome

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

ROME, May 31. — The trial of the leaders of the Italian Communist Party has begun here.

Saporiti has been appointed Court President, while the fascist attorney Isgro will be prosecutor. The trial will be secret and will be barred even to newspapermen. Official reports will be given to the fascist press.

Many Communists have been arrested here in the last few days following a series of raids.

RADIUM VICTIMS OFFERED PENSION

Frame-Up of Case is Imminent

Continued efforts were being made yesterday to invalidate the cases of the five women suing the United States Radium Corporation for a sum aggregating $1,250,000, by offering to "settle the matter" out of court.

The chief exponent of these latest moves is Federal Judge William Clark of Newark, who, through a former law association with Raymond H. Berry, counsel for the five women, may be instrumental in making them accept the offer of the radium corporation, which provides them with a scanty pension for the rest of their lives. Since they have less than a year to live, a saving of more than $1,000,000 would result for the company.

MORE CONGRESS WHITEWASHINGS

To "Probe" Oil Leases, Slush Funds

WASHINGTON, May 31.—An all-summer series of congressional "investigations" was in prospect today despite the adjournment of congress.

Presidential campaign expenditures government oil leases in the Salt Creek fields, the S-4 submarine disaster, senatorial election contests, cotton market conditions, military and naval affairs and activities of Herbert Hoover as food administrator during the war were among the subjects to be investigated this summer by congressional committees. The proposed inquiries will be used ostensibly to gather information for the introduction of legislation at next winter's session.

The senate presidential funds committee will be the busiest for the next few weeks. It has been divided into two sub-committees, one of which will go to Ohio, West Virginia and probably Indiana, and the other to New York. The Ohio group will consist of Senators McMaster (R), of South Dakota, and Barkley (D), of Kentucky. They will leave tonight for Cincinnati. The other sub-committee, composed of Senators Steiwer (R) of Oregon and Bratton (D) of New Mexico, will investigate campaign expenditures in New York tomorrow. An inquiry into the Iowa primary was under consideration, while a sub-committee may visit California in July.

League Members Active In Chicago Celebration

CHICAGO, Ill., May 31.—Every member of the Young Workers (Communist) League in this city is taking an active part in the relief activities for the striking miners. To the sixth anniversary celebration of the league, which will be held June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2723 Hirsch Blvd., a group of young miners from the coal fields of southern Illinois has been especially invited.

The attendance at this affair is expected to be greater than that of any league affair ever held here.

CALIFORNIA CLASS PRISONER RELEASED

Beavert Was Convicted Under Criminal Syndicalism Law

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—A slight man of 30 named Jack Beavert has been released from San Quentin Penitentiary. He is sick of mind and body, although he was once a robust lumber-jack of Humboldt county. He probably will be sent to one of the state's hospitals as a permanent ward of California.

He is the last of the 150 political prisoners jailed under the Criminal Syndicalism law of California.

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BEAVERT has served his full sentence. He steadfastly refused parole. Much of his time has been spent in the hospital and in solitary confinement. Like the rest of the wobblies who served time under the criminal syndicalism law, his only crime was membership in the Industrial Workers of the World. Not one of the men made felons under the law was accused of an overt act of sabotage or violence.

• • •

DURING his stay in San Quentin Penitentiary Beavert continually received funds, together with all the rest of the prisoners convicted for political offenses in the United States, regularly every month, from the International Labor Defense, whose national office is in New York City.

SIDERS, MUNSEY, MYERSCOUGH, ARE THE NEW LEADERS

Plan Big Drive For Organization

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 30 (By Mail).—A new constitution, doing away with one-man power and placing the government of the United Mine Workers of America once more into the hands of rank and file coal diggers, was adopted by the special convention of District 5 which adjourned last night.

Some of the highlights of the new constitution are the removal of all appointive power, provision for a rank and file grievance committee and the reduction of exorbitant salaries of officers to the prevailing Jacksonville scale of $7.50 a day. During strikes, however, no salaries will be paid, and only legitimate expenses allowed.

Expose Officials.

All measures were carefully discussed by the delegates and many changes made before the document was finally adopted. Special care was taken to make election steals impossible. During the course of the conference, conclusive evidence in the form of affidavits and verbal testimony from delegates present, proved that the present official family are illegally holding their jobs.

All district offices were declared vacant early in the session. Fred Siders, as president "Dad" Isaac Munsey, Negro president of the Avella local, as vice-president, Tom Myerscough, secretary-treasurer and Anthony Calamari as international board member were elected temporary officers of the district until the rank and file could vote for permanent officers.

Call Railroad Workers.

Upon request of the Cokeburg local, a resolution calling upon the rank and file of the railroad brotherhood to refuse to haul scab coal, was adopted. Almost every delegate came with instructions to demand a national convention of the United Mine Workers of America and make a reality of the slogan "Lewis Must Go," to change the prevailing policies, to provide for the organization of thousands of unorganized miners into one national union, to establish one agreement.

Bridget Burma, a member of the Children's Strike Club of Burgettstown told the delegates, "The children want to add their voices with yours . . ." Charles Wilson who was sent here by the National Children's Committee for Miners' Relief to bring a thousand dollar donation for relief and promised the support of the children of New York in the great struggle the miners are waging, told the convention, "Our fathers are fighting,

(Continued on Page Two)

DETROIT WORKERS TO HOLD PICNIC

Fine Affair At Loon Lake Sunday

DETROIT, Mich., May 31. — The first annual picnic of the Detroit Workers' Co-operative, an event in the life of the workers of this city, will be held at the Finnish Picnic Grounds, at Loon Lake, Sunday, June 3.

The scene of the picnic is said to be one of the finest in the country. On the grounds are a fine private lake, steam baths, an athletic field and hundreds of acres of woods and playfields.

Dancing, games, swimming, refreshments will feature the day. Speakers in both Finnish and English will tell of the progress of the co-operatives throughout the country.

Directions to the picnic grounds: Go to Grand River thru Novi to Wixom Road, thru Wixom, two miles north to Hickory Hill Club Road and one mile to the right. The grounds are at the extreme end of Loon Lake. Admission is 50c.

FRENCH STUDY AIR METHODS.

CHICAGO, May 31. — Sixteen members of the French aeronautical mission, who arrived here from Detroit in three planes last night will leave tomorrow for the Pacific Coast. The Frenchmen are studying flying conditions and developments in the United States.

Illinois Miners Begin Real Work of Strengthening Rank and File Union

VOYZEY, COFFEY, SLINGER ISSUE GENERAL APPEAL

Organization to Fight For Standards

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

BELLEVILLE, May 31.—Formal taking over of the actual business of the United Mine Workers' Union District 12, following the recent elimination of the treacherous Lewis-Fishwick machine officials by the rank and file, was announced yesterday in a circular letter sent out to all locals in the district calling upon them to unite behind the new leaders, to stop paying dues to the old corrupt machine and to build the rank and file organization.

The letter signed by Dan H. Slinger, newly elected secretary-treasurer and over the signature of George Voyzey president, and Luke Coffey, vice-president of the union, follows in part:

General Circular.

To the officers and members of all local unions, District No. 12, United Mine Workers of America.

GREETINGS:

At a special convention held at Belleville, Ill., May 19th and 20th, the offices of Fishwick, president; Sneed vice-president: Nesbit, secretary-treasurer, and all board members were declared vacant, and new officers elected temporarily, until such time as an election may be held.

You should send your dues which will be 50 (fifty) cents per month, to Dan H. Slinger, secretary-treasurer, Illinois Section, U. M. W. of A., 128A West Main St., Belleville, Ill.

Brothers! The time has now arrived when we must take a determined stand to take control of our organization.

At the present time temporary agreements are being signed at a large reduction in wages thru the introduction of labor-saving machine devices. Men are now receiving $8.04 for loading coal on conveyors which means a cut in the tonnage rate of at least 50 per cent.

Appeals to All.

Thousands of miners who helped to build the U. M. W. of A. now find themselves thrown out and expelled from the organization they helped to build thru many years of sacrifice. We are appealing to the older miners of our union to take action now before it is too late. A year has passed and gone. We find that the mine workers are in a weaker position to combat the operators in their open-shop drive than ever before, and for this failure to prepare we must hold Lewis and Fishwick responsible. They must be driven out of the United Mine Workers—and control placed in the hands of the rank and file—if we are to retain our organization. The way to proceed is to quit paying dues and assessments to those who have destroyed our organization.

As I write to you word comes from the Ohio Rank and File Convention that they have thrown all of the old officials out and elected new ones to take their place. Forty local unions represented by three hundred delegates have again demonstrated their ability to run the U. M. W. of A. for their best interests.

Indiana too has taken final steps and have elected rank and file members to the offices of president, vice-president and secretary-treasurer and members of the board as well. So you may understand this is not a flare in Illinois only, but a real organization. So into the fight! No cessation! Let us go forward! Nothing but determination should guide us in this fight!

TRY 4 UNION MOULDERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—With the carpenter strike cases out of the way, the new trial has begun of four union moulders charged with assault in a case arising from the bay district strike last year.

ARRESTS SWELL TEXTILE MILL PICKETING LINE, SAYS MURDOCH

The results of the recently adopted policy of wholesale arrests inaugurated by the police authorities in the New Bedford strike area, where 28,000 textile workers are ending the 7th week of their fight against a wage cut, are described by the leader of the New Bedford Textile Mills Committee, William T. Murdoch, in the following communication received yesterday.

"The attempt of the police to spread terror amongst the members of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union (affiliated with the Textile Mills Committees) has only succeeded in drawing more and more workers into picket line activity and to build up the morale of the militants. Previous to the arrests there were never more than 200 on any picket line, after the first big demonstration, this being due to the fact that many workers could not be convinced that there was any great danger of the mills being opened and run by scabs.

"The answer of the workers to the arrest of Beal, Murdoch, and the five others on Saturday was a picket line of over 1,000 in the South end and a picket of about 400 at the Nonquit and Whitman in the North. With hundreds of workers singing Solidarity and "Ramboya," a folk song of the Portuguese, the police attempt to frighten the workers had failed.

"At the Page mill picket on Monday afternoon the police, led by Sergeant McCarthy, pulled Manuel Bernado, a small boy member of the Strikers' Children's Club, off the picket line and then when the boy returned at the invitation of Murdoch, they took him away in their machine to the station, at the same time making a great fuss around the line in an effort to provoke the workers to resist. When Alphonse Lameiras called to the workers to maintain the line and keep order as usual he was immediately arrested for 'disturbing the peace'.

"When the boy was taken away the police were immediately answered by the workers who had previously been only watching the pickets coming over and joining the line, which was then led by the older sister of the boy who had been pulled off the line, who helped Murdoch lead the singing.

"Later as the pickets marched back to the hall the police arrested Murdoch and three others in another attempt at intimidation. . . . The answer of the New Bedford strikers to the latest action of the police will be more and better pickets.

"The answer of the workers in other centers to the attack must be to redouble their efforts to raise relief. The New Bedford workers are putting up a real fight for Labor. Let labor support them in their struggle."

Will Supply German War Planes in Next War

The picture shows Professor Hugo Junkers, at right, and his family as they arrived in the United States. The German plane manufacturer followed his plane, the Bremen, whose flight across the Atlantic guaranteed the serviceability of his product for the militarists in the next war.

Bandits Take $200,000 from "Swell" Party

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 31.—Ten masked bandits early today held up the Roadmoor Country Club and robbed 200 guests of jewelry and currency valued at between $150,000 and $200,000.

The victims were prominent business and professional men of Indianapolis and their out-of-town guests, here to attend the auto race. The holiday festivities were in full swing when the bandits trooped in like a squad of well-trained soldiers.

They were equipped with submachine guns, sawed-off shotguns and revolvers.

The guests were ordered to line up against the wall. When a few of the men objected a volley of shots roared over their heads and they quickly fell in line.

With the fashionably-gowned women and men in evening clothes lined along two sides of the spacious ballroom, the bandit leader asked for their attention and gave the following orders:

"Drop your money and jewels in the canvas bag that will be passed down the line."

While nine of the bandits stood menacingly with firearms levelled, the tenth bandit went down the line with the canvas bag and took up the "collection." Here and there a woman fainted, but nothing was allowed to interfere with the orderly progress of the robbery.

With the collection completed, the men filed out in military manner, leaped into a large maroon-colored sedan and disappeared in the darkness.

TAILOR'S BOSSES HAIL PIECE WORK

(*Continued from page one*)

order to catch up to his previous earnings, they say.

Beckerman's statement that the new system will help the old workers in the trade is unanimously condemned as hypocritical. Old workers, unable to produce the enormous quantity of work the bosses will sweat out of the tailors at cheap rates, will make it almost impossible for old workers to get jobs.

DISTRICT FIVE OUSTS OFFICIALS

Rank and File Miners Take Control

(*Continued from page one*)

the Sigmans in New York, just as you are fighting Lewis. We are going to help as much as we can."

"Brothers," the voice of Charlie Glovak, coal digger from Cokeburg, rang out, "I move that we give the young brother a rising vote of thanks." And the delegates rose in appreciation of the solidarity exhibited by the workers of the future.

George Morn of Bentleyville, who had gone to New York to help raise relief described, with great enthusiasm, the work of the children there.

"All those who do not go back and organize children's clubs," Chairman Anthony Minerich declared, "are not fulfilling their duty to the union."

The role of the young miners, and Negro miners were also stressed Fred Gianizco of Wyano, a fraternal delegate from the newly organized field in Westmoreland county, told how the young miners led hundreds of men, women and children on picket lines. He described how 59 coal diggers, the larger number of who were between 16 and 20, who had been in the front ranks, served three and a half days in the jail. "They said they'd release us if we went back to work—release us without bail or bond," he said, "but we said we'd rather rot in jail."

Negro Miners Active.

Isaiah Hawkins, a Negro miner from Fredrickstown declared that the Negro youth was discriminated against first in the schools and later in the mines. All the dirty work and slate picking falls to them, he said "Then they always try to use our boys as spies," Hawkins bitterly said. "If our white union brothers treated them fair and square, they'd be with you, and fighting as well as the best of you."

Four company spies, seated in the visitor's balcony were exposed. "We have nothing to hide," Secretary Myerscough said. "All of our work is done in the open."

"Go back to the operators and tell them that our people are standing together solid," Pat Toohey declared. "Although we are hungry, although we are clubbed on the picket lines, we are still fighting. And we're going to whip the coal company and their agents."

IDLE TEXTILE MILLS ECHO TO STRIKE SONGS

Daily Worker is Vital to Keep Men Singing

The walls of the New Bedford textile mills are built like most New England textile mills of gray fieldstone. Like the walls of a prison they stretch off for blocks, pierced by many windows.

"Nearly every mill is surrounded by a high board or iron-spiked fence. The gates are padlocked for the machinery lies idle. There is no sound in the interiors of these blank building, for the starving men and the women who ordinarily keep the machines running and the profits mounting, are standing in picket lines before the gates..

"As they march they sing," said Elsie Pultur, DAILY WORKER agent in District 1, who was telling us the story in the business office of the paper. "And while their singing drives the police patrols frantic it is the most heartening thing in that New England town.

Paper Encourages Strikers.

"It is to this line of singing men and women and children that the progressive leaders of the New Bedford strike have been distributing The DAILY WORKER. It is The DAILY WORKER which all these days has been encouraging the textile pickets in their struggle. And it is the consciousness that The DAILY WORKER is fighting on their side which has helped to put spirit into the songs of these strikers.

"But tho distribution is invaluable, it is not permanent," Elsie Pultur said. "It is subscriptions which must bring The DAILY WORKER to the striking textile workers day after day.

Must Subscribe.

"If The DAILY WORKER is to become a daily power in the lives of 30,000 textile strikers, it is necessary that the paper be subscribed to by hundreds of textile workers. It is necessary for them to see the progress of their struggle, and the part which The DAILY WORKER is taking in their struggle be made apparent to all the textile strikers in the columns of their only English labor daily.

"It is with the intention of pushing the drive for subscriptions to The DAILY WORKER that I am returning to New England." Elsie Pultur declared. "The importance of the situation in New Bedford cannot be overstated as the basis of a subscription drive. We are going to put the paper in New Bedford," she concluded.

DEFENSE PARLEY FOR MILL STRIKE

Call Boston Conference to Fight Jailings

(*Continued from Page One*)

rested. The trial of the first group resulted in stiff jail sentences and heavy fines. Two women pickets—both mothers—received six months and fines. By order of the mill barons, the police are attempting to terrorize the strikers by all possible means. Additional victims are expected as the fight goes on.

"The International Labor Defense has undertaken the defense of those arrested. All forces must be mobilized, or else we are not in a position to carry on successfully the defense of New Bedford strikers. All our members and friends must help and keep the strikers out of jail.

"Your organization is kindly requested to send two delegates to this conference.

"All I. L. D. branches should send two delegates each, one of them may be the Branch Secretary.

"The time is short and the emergency is great. Act immediately. Let your executive committee appoint the delegates if there is no time for full meeting of your organizations. Be sure to send two delegates without fail.

"Send your contribution with your delegates. No contribution is too small nor too big. Act promptly and help to win the strike by keeping our brothers and sisters out of jail."

Victims of American Tragedy of Exploitation

Edward Cromwell has been liberated from a Connecticut jail. His wife had him arrested when he insisted on their having more children tho they could not support the four they have. Nine others had died. The four living help keep themselves alive for folding elastics at 50 cents per gross. Cromwell makes as much as $20 a week when he can get a job, but that is less and less frequent.

MOBILIZE FORCES FOR PARTY FUND

Launch Drive to Get $100,000 for Campaign

(*Continued from page one*)

visited twice. Tag days will be arranged in each city on every occasion they are visited by the two candidates.

"Funds will be also raised by various speakers, who will be routed thruout the country and will combine financial with political campaigning. For this purpose a bus, to be known as a "Red Bus," will be hired in each of the election districts to transport the speakers to various parts of the district.

To Charter "Red Special."

"Towards the close of the campaign a "Red Special" will be chartered, a railroad train that will carry our two candidates to all the main cities. The "Red Special" will also stop at smaller cities and the candidates will speak from the rear platform. Seats on this train will be sold to Party members and sympathizers.

"Our entire aim in this campaign will be to politicalize the raising of funds. We want to establish an inseparable connection in the minds of the workers between contributing to this campaign fund and voting for the candidates of our Party, the only candidates that represent the interests of the American workers."

Widow of Killed Worker Loses Damage Suit

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—Mrs. L. E. Williams, whose husband was killed during a fight between workers and company thugs at Bogalusa, and who sued the Southern Lumber Company for damages, lost her case when it was sent to the supreme court here, recently.

MEET CUTTERS MAKE GAIN.

GALVESTON, Tex.—May 31.—A minimum wage of $35 is the first gain made by the recently organized local of meat cutters.

Prof Says Kale from Power Men Not "Unethical"

WASHINGTON, May 31. — Theodore J. Rayson, an associate professor at the University of Pennsylvania, can see nothing "unethical" in receiving pay from the power trust lobby to speak against government ownership.

Rayson so testified at the federal trade commission power inquiry today.

The professor teaches at the same institution fro which Sol Auerbach, 21-year-old instructor in philosophy, was recently fired. "Expressing himself publicly on public questions" was the curious reason offered by the university authorities for his dismissal. Auerbach had given a talk on education in the Soviet Union following a visit with a student delegation.

During the inquiry Rayson who has been on the regular payroll of power interests for propaganda talks against government ownership, attempted to explain his activities by declaring:

"I am opposed to government ownership and business and always shall be."

The University of Pennsylvania has not as yet dismissed Rayson.

HOOVER BEATEN IN PRIMARY

CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 31.—Senator Guy D. Goff, favorite son candidate, and Gov. Al Smith of New York, apparently have won the republican and democratic preference vote in the West Virginia primary with three-fourths of the results tabulated.

Out of 1,800 of the 2,306 precincts, Goff was today leading Secretary of Commerce Hoover by approximately 7,000 votes for the 19 delegates to the republican convention at Kansas City.

Smith's lead over Senator James A. Reed of Missouri was approximately 6,500 in the same precincts for the 16 Democratic delegates.

MINERS OUST ALL LEWIS OFFICIALS IN DISTRICT ONE

Militants Lead Fight Against Brennan

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

SCRANTON, May 31.—Mine workers of district 1, in the anthracite in special convention here yesterday ousted the whole officialdom of the Lewis-Cappelini machine including all members of the district executive board.

In spite of the opposition and treacherous conduct of the Brennan-Harris forces which sought to protect some of their own favored henchmen on the district board, the rank and file under the leadership of the progressives forced out the whole machine.

The maneuver by the Brennan and Harris forces was an attempt to save John Boylan, a member of the District Executive Board of the first inspection district and also Kmetz, member of the fourth inspection district. Brennan and Harris sought to form an alliance with them tho they have opposed the special district convention and have continually voted and fought against the rank and file of district one. The opposition to this was led by Hogan and Stanley Edmunds and the left wing forces within the convention.

The resolution was referred back to the resolutions committee which brought in a compromise resolution conceding to the progressive forces within the convention and recommending the removal and ousting of the entire Rinaldo Cappelini machine.

To Elect New Officers.

The election of the temporary officers will take place on the first of June when the convention which adjourned for the holiday May 30, will reconvene. The delegates at the convention and the membership of district one are warned to watch the convention and the leaders very closely, especially the Brennan-Harris forces who will do everything in their power to make an alliance with Lewis in order to betray the miners further. Another resolution of importance to the membership which was passed was the resolution that the appointive power of the district office and the district executive board shall be taken away and all organizers and field workers shall be elected by a referendum vote. Also the resolution that in case Lewis fails to recognize the convention, the per-capita tax to the national office shall be cut off until such a time as he does recognize the convention. During the whole convention the rank and file representing the local unions exposed the methods used by Cappelini, coal operators and the individual contractors in suppressing the resentment of the rank and file against the wage cutting and the breaking of the contract by the coal operators.

Expose Cappelini.

It was pointed out that anything that was progressive or in the interests of the rank and file, the Cappelini machine quelches. The left wing is trying to force the leaders of the convention to bring up the question of the Lewis machine and its disruptive tactics before the convention and force the leaders of the so-called opposition, led by Harris and Brennan, to take a stand. So far the machine of Harris and Brennan has been able to suppress any opinion on the question. There have also been several complaints by delegates of several resolutions being suppressed by the resolutions committee, particularly by the chairman of the resolutions committee Harris, who was questioned as to why these resolutions did not come up before the convention.

OPEN SHOP TRACTOR CO.

WATERLOO, Ia., May 31.—The John Deere tractor works at Waterloo will hire no worker unless he signs a yellow-dog contract agreeing not to have any relations with trade unions. The Litchfield Co. follows the same policy.

HOW MUCH MONEY ARE PEOPLE WORTH?

Before the Civil War the Slaves Were Worth Three Billion

By SCOTT NEARING.

WHEN economists say that the wealth of the United States is 400 billion dollars they include railroads, factories, monies, houses, theatres, autos, cattle, sheep, hogs, baled cotton, steel ingots, calico, shoes. These things have been produced by labor, working upon natural resources, using tools and machinery.

How about the people of the United States?

Economists do not count them as wealth.

Before 1863 the 4,000,000 slaves in the southern part of the United States were counted as wealth—they had a value of about 3,000 million dollars. It is not customary to value "free" people on that basis.

Still, people cost money.

Louis I. Dublin, statistician of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company recently wrote a book "Health and Wealth" in which he estimates that in the United States a family with an income of $60 a week spends about $10,000 in raising a boy from birth to age 18.

• • •

THIS figure includes actual money outlay. It allows nothing for the work or the time that the mother has devoted to the raising of the children.

Dr. Dublin goes on: "The cost of bringing up a child may be looked upon as capital invested which will produce future returns." How much? At age 18, a man who will work all his life as a skilled mechanic will produce over and above his keep, an average of about $29,000, what Dr. Dublin calls "the present worth of his net future earnings." In other words, each man of 18 years, among skilled mechanics should leave the world $29,000 richer as a result.

Dr. Dublin then capitalizes this future earning power, allows half as much for the net worth of women as for the net worth of men, and reaches the conclusion that "the total capital value of the present population of the United States is about 1,500 billion dollars.

• • •

ALL the tangible property (including real estate) in the United States is worth about 400 billion dollars. The capitalized earning power of the population is about four times as great.

By this application of modern accounting to the life of the American masses, Dr. Dublin has pointed out one vitally important factor for the workers of the U. S. A. When it comes to a show-down—even in money terms—it is the working masses and not the property owned by the upper classes that is the real economic factor.

100,000 Miners on Strike
30,000 Textile Workers on Strike

To Save the Union; For a Victorious Strike; For the Miners' Control of Their Union; Against the Wage Cut; Against the Speed-up; Against Longer Hours

Thousands of requests are being made in every mail for The DAILY WORKER from the Striking Miners. Hundreds of requests are already coming in from the striking Textile Workers.

All expired subscriptions of strikers are still being sent even tho the strikers can not afford to renew their subscriptions.

Every day we are sending 4,000 papers to the mine strike area FREE OF CHARGE. We have begun to send The DAILY WORKER into the Textile strike area FREE OF CHARGE.

Our Resources Are Limited—We Cannot Afford It Any Longer
Help us keep up the work—Help us to increase the circulation
Help the Striking Miners—Help the Striking Textile Workers
Send to the Daily Worker a free subscription to the strikers.

Send The DAILY WORKER into the strike areas.

Thousands more WANT The DAILY WORKER.
Thousands more LIKE The DAILY WORKER.
Thousands more NEED The DAILY WORKER.
Send a subscription to the Strikers.

THE DAILY WORKER
33 FIRST STREET
New York City

Enclosed find $.......... to help you send the Daily Worker to the striking areas for .... months.

RATES

$6.00	12 months
$3.50	6 months
$2.00	3 months
$1.50	2 months
$1.00	1 month

Name ....

Address ....

City ....

Engineer in Donetz Plot Murdered Workers; Disregarded Safety Measures

RECEIVED SUMS OF MONEY FROM WHITE GUARDS

Carried On Propaganda Against U. S. S. R.

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, May 31.—Under cross-examination, Nashivotchikov, one of the technicians accused of participating in the Donetz sabotage conspiracy to wreck the coal industry of the Soviet Union, broke down and admitted that he had received sums of money regularly from the counter-revolutionary organization.

Donetz miners testified that Nashivotchnikov had mistreated workers and had intrigued against engineers who were loyal to the Soviet Union in order to bring about their dismissal.

Incites Workers.

A Communist specialist proved that Nashivotchnikov had deliberately neglected safety measures as a result of which many workers were injured and one killed. He proved that the accused had atempted to incite workers against the Soviet Union and against Jewish employes.

Lifschitz, an engineer, testified that the conspirators had deliberately sabotaged technical decisions. He declared that Nashivotchnikov had deliberately left a mine cable uninsulated, as a result of which many deaths had been caused.

Abused Prisoners.

Workers employed in the mine testified that Nashivotchnikov had been a member of Czarist organizations during the Civil War and had abused Red Guards captured in the fighting.

Vassilyev, another accused technician, denied the charges levelled against him and declared that he had been a former revolutionist. Krylenko, prosecuting attorney, proved that Vassilyev formerly led a White Guardist band. Numerous witnesses testified that Vassilyev was a counter-revolutionary.

CONTINUE STRIKE IN ARGENTINA

General Tie-Up is Rumored

BUENOS AYRES, May 31.—That a general strike involving all workers in Bahia Blanca, southern Argentine seaport of Argentine, may be called within the next forty-eight hours, is the tenor of despatches reaching this city from Bahia Blanca.

Sympathy for the striking longshoremen is reported to be intense thruout the small port and it is considered probable that other trades will follow the harbor workers out within the next few days.

Following the wave of strike sentiment which resulted in the Rosario and Santa Fe tie-ups, the walkout of the Bahia Blanca harbor workers is arousing widespread interest among workers thruout the Argentine. The spirit of the men is excellent, according to leaders of the strike.

Merchants beseeching the local authorities to end the tie-up by which they are losing large sums of money, have urged the use of repressive tactics, it is reported, but the picket lines are holding firm in the face of the police provocation.

POLICE ALLOW KLAN MEETING

Warren's Statement Last Week Proved False

Although the Citizens' Memorial Association of Queens failed to make its appearance in the Memorial Day parade the Ku Klux Klan organization of 100 percent jingoes held a public meeting, when 500 members gathered yesterday on an open lot near an excavation between Queens Blvd. and Jamaica Ave. Most of the klansmen were in civilian clothes, although a branch of the organization, the Empire State Rangers Inc. of Hempstead, L. I., were wearing military uniforms and carried clubs.

In spite of the bombastic utterances of Police Commissioner Warren a few days before the parade, when he insisted that the klan would be forcibly routed and every member arrested if it made its appearance, the police did nothing yesterday except gape foolishly at the antics of the klan members, who burned a fifty-foot cross in their usual manner. The passiveness of the police is a true indication that Warren delivered his long harangue against the Ku Klux Klan in an effort to gain votes for Tammany's candidates, especially for Al Smith. The police were probably given orders to see that nothing would be done [illegible] the [illegible] demonstration.

Delegates to Central Asia Women's Conference

The picture shows types of the Buryat-Mongolian women delegates to the Women's Conference of the Soviet Union in Central Asia. Scores of women of all nationalities attended the conference.

FALL OF PEKING APPEARS LIKELY

Railroad Workers in Kwantung Strike

(Continued from page one)

Chinese capital by way of Paoting-fu on the right flank of the northern defense.

Meanwhile Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang, another Kuomintang ally, is leading his army forward between Paoting-fu and Hokien-fu.

The northern war-lords are intermittently putting up stubborn resistance and many sharp clashes have occurred. But the combined southern forces appears to be overcoming all resistance by its continued attack from three sides.

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

VANCOUVER, May 31.—Workers on three railways in the province of Kwangtung (of which Canton is the capital city) have gone on strike for a wage increase, according to a report received here by the Canada Morning News, left wing Chinese newspaper.

The News interprets the strike as a protest against the rule of General Li Chai-sum as well as an industrial walk-out.

Increasing activity of worker-peasant troops is reported in northern Kwantung.

PLAN MORE TALK ON WATER POWER

To Take it Up When Congress Opens

WASHINGTON, May 31. — Three big questions—water power, farm relief and "governmental economy"—are already named by congressional leaders as the prime issues of the next session in December. In the recent session congress functioned more openly in the interest of big business than any other congress since the war.

With echoes of the first session of the 70th congress dying away today, plans were under way to bring these issues to the fore regardless of the presidential campaign.

The widespread ramifications of the power lobby as revealed by the federal trade commission along with the Boulder Canyon Dam bill have combined to make power the outstanding issue.

Increasing pressure for retention of some of the remaining great water-power sites in the nation has followed in the wake of the Muscle Shoals and Boulder Canyon Dam projects. When congress meets in December, a report will be on hand for $15,000,000 development at Umatilla Rapids on the Columbia River in the same manner as is proposed at Boulder Canyon on the Colorado.

Backers of the McNary-Haugen farm relief bill announced that the measure would be introduced on the first day of the next session, and that the fight would run its full course again. Passage of the bill over a veto is now the goal in this fight.

25 Overcome By Carbon Monoxide Gas in Theatre

ADDISON, N. Y., May 31.—Of 25 persons overcome by carbon monoxide gas in the Star Theatre late last night, several are still in a serious condition. A faulty exhaust pipe from an engine recently installed in the basement is blamed. Children, feeling dizzy, sought outside air, and fell, overcome. A physician recognized the danger and ordered the house cleared.

MUNICIPAL WATER WORKS.

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—The municipally owned waterworks showed a net profit of $358,507 for the year ending April 10. Total receipts were $3,789,174.42.

FASCISTS MURDER THREE IN JAPAN

Demand Immediate Trial of Murderers

TOKIO, (By Mail).—The murder of the three municipal members of the prefecture of Vakayama by fascists has caused a great sensation in the press. Public opinion is in a state of great excitement.

The "Japan Times" declares that the murder of the three members of the oppositional party "is the most serious political crime of recent years" and demands that the guilty persons be arrested and handed over to a summary court martial.

Less Methanol in April

WASHINGTON, May 31.—April production of crude methanol, based on reports by the entire industry to the Department of Commerce, was 610,253 gallons, as compared with 657,460 gallons in March and 666,638 gallons in April, 1927.

Defenders of THE DAILY WORKER

B. Groceman, Boston, Mass.	.25
H. Karp, Boston, Mass.	.25
N. Gardenberg, Boston, Mass.	.50
H. Matson, Los Angeles, Cal.	.50
L. Rubak, Los Angeles, Cal.	.25
S. Alfanso, Los Angeles, Cal.	.25
R. Calberg, Los Angeles, Cal.	.50
Z. Jansen, Los Angeles, Cal.	.25
A. Bacarian, Los Angeles, Cal.	.50
A. Pelrasen, Los Angeles, Cal.	.50
L. Arslenian, Los Angeles, Cal.	.25
M. Meglumiar, Los Angeles, Cal.	1.00
A. Weitsuero, N. Y. C.	1.00
W. Rzler, N. Y. C.	.50
D. Raith, N. Y. C.	.25
S. Ellenbogen, N. Y. C.	.25
L. Zobad, N. Y. C.	.50
M. Brunaner, N. Y. C.	.50
V. K., N. Y. C.	.50
Miss Lovnyer, N. Y. C.	.25
S. Gaster, San Bernardino, Cal.	2.00
T. Coman, San Bernardino, Cal.	1.00
M. Babb, San Bernardino, Cal.	2.00
J. Weintrob, San Bernardino, Cal.	1.00
H. Kettering, San Bernardino, Cal.	5.00
E. Partlaw, San Bernardino, Cal.	3.00
A. Edwards, Rochester, Minn.	1.00
J. Guralchick, Rochester, Minn.	.25
F. O. Myers, Rochester, Minn.	.50
W. Haemlik, Rochester, Minn.	.50
G. F. Partridge, Rochester, Minn.	.50
J. Smith, Rochester, Minn.	.25
S. Franins, Rochester, Minn.	.50
C. Juska, Rochester, Minn.	.25
R. Wasko, N. Y. C.	1.00
S. Ynajlov, N. Y. C.	1.00
A. Butchko, N. Y. C.	.50
Z. Lojko, N. Y. C.	2.00
F. Haessen, N. Y. C.	.50
W. Seraka, N. Y. C.	[illegible]
T. Mitneviez, N. Y. C.	1.00
T. Hessen, N. Y. C.	[illegible]
L. Beck, Nuc. 22, Los Angeles	3.75
L. Brooks-P. Yefimenko, Los Angeles, Cal.	1.00
W. Urdang, Los Angeles, Cal.	2.00
S. Woolis, Nuc. 24, Los Angeles	6.36
M. Gorman, Detroit, Mich.	1.00
Siegel Family, Ontario, Cal.	1.00
C. Gutmann, Omaha, Nebr.	2.00
H. Scott, Cincinnati, O.	2.00
L. Payes, N. Y. C.	2.00
Mrs. L. F. Hagee, Dayton, O.	5.00
M. Mangel, Bklyn, N. Y.	3.50
S. Pikos, Hi[illegible]ville, O.	6.50
A. Gerling, Madrid, Iowa	1.50
J. Feduik, Philadelphia, Pa.	.50
H. T. Ahrens, Spokane, Wash.	10.00
L. Vince, Masury, O.	1.00
K. J. Malmstrom, South Bend, Ind.	2.00
Daily Worker Chapel, N. Y. C.	5.00
J. Kontaing, Chicago, Ill.	10.00
E. M. Leete, N. Y. C.	1.00
Nuc. 8, Sec. 3, Chicago, Ill.	2.00
B. Peterson, Rock Island, Ill.	1.00
T. Kezele, Greenwood, Wis.	.50
Julius Thery, Coello, Ill.	4.00
Lithuanian Working Women's Alliance, Brooklyn, N. Y.	10.00
M. I. Takata, Seattle, Wash.	3.00
Ed. Hirsch, Cincinnati, Ohio	2.00
Pat McNichelas, Brooklyn, N. Y.	2.00
A. Devunich, Chicago, Ill.	1.00
Chas. Rabbitt, Napersville, Ill.	5.00
Cherry Workers Club, Sherwood Minn.	10.00
Wilmington, Del.	
John Volkman	.50
A. S. Bernardini	.50
A. Bell	.50
Norwood, Mass.	
H. Hyeske	1.00
J. Wahala	1.00
A. Korhonen	1.00
Luna Wuik	1.00
Nestor E. Ylyaki	1.00
Omi E. Saari	1.00
Mikko Kaski	1.00
Adam Lehto	1.00
Waine Ruitala	1.00
W. Karki	1.00
T. Juhalo	.50
John Lonko	1.00
F. Gribas	1.00
J. Kulilivano	1.00
F. Frankimaveins	.50
T. Sharps	1.00
T. Salgarno	1.00
New Haven, Conn.	
M. Kramer	.25
N. Kramar	.25
C. H. Kalpin	.50
Fordson, Mich.	
Charly Thomes	.50
Mrs. F. G. Vietta	.50
Sam Pauloff	.50
Mike Calafort	.50
Mrs. Mary V. Vietta	1.00
Tom Nicoloff	.50
Mrs. Helen Vietto	.50
Sam Melter	2.00
George Vretta	.50
Viola Zienio	1.00

TWO ARE KILLED IN SERB PROTEST AGAINST FASCISM

Belgrade Police Shoot Down Demonstrators

VIENNA, May 31.—Belgrade witnessed terrific anti-Italian rioting in which at least two persons were killed and 69 others, including nine policemen, were seriously wounded, said advices from that city today. Hundreds were slightly hurt. Sixty arrests were made. Streets were barricaded and gun battles between rioters and police raged in several parts of the city.

Shops Wrecked.

The inner quarter of the city was like a battlefield. Many shops and cafes were demolished and the furniture carried into the streets for the erection of barricades.

The population is embittered against the government for signing a treaty with Italy, and the police because of their passive attitude in the face of the note presented by Italian minister Bodrero demanding satisfaction and damages without mentioning the anti-Jugoslav demonstrations in Italy.

Anti-Fascist demonstrations have been in progress throughout Dalmatia for several days. It is reported that 25 Italian shops were wrecked at Spalato. Italian shipping offices were destroyed and Italian vessels in the harbor plundered.

Fifty persons were arrested at Zagreb where thousands of persons paraded the main street shouting "Down with Italy," and "Down with Fascism" and "Death to Mussolini."

Police fired upon the demonstrators wounding many.

The Jugoslavian cabinet is holding special sessions at frequent intervals, but so far no official statement has been made as to future policy.

Anger between Jugoslavia and Italy dates back many years to the struggle for Fiume. For a time it was allayed. When Italy enchoached on Albania and Dalmatia, it flamed up again.

BRITISH COTTON STRIKE

16,000 Locked Out; Dispute May Spread

MANCHESTER, May 31. — Following a complete break-down in negotiations, cotton mills in Nelson locked out 16,000 workers. The lockout may affect the entire cotton industry.

Workers in the huge mills of thee Ace Spinning Plants threaten to go on strike unless a woman worker employed in the weaving department is reinstated within a week. She was dismissed without cause.

The dispute in the Nelson mills started in the Schoefeld mills when the workers went on strike to protest against the dismissal of a weaver. The manufacturers issued an ultimatum ordering workers to return to work before May 24th. A general lockout followed the refusal of the workers to end their strike.

TO JAIL MEXICAN CHIEF OF STAFF

Gen. Alvarez Charged With Smuggling

MEXICO CITY, May 31.—General Jose Alvarez, former chief of staff of the Mexican Army has been dismissed from his post and jailed for smuggling large shipments of silks into the country by the use of President Calles' signature.

Pres. Calles

In explaining the dismissal, Calles declared, "to my great surprise and undoubtedly to that of the country, one of the highest officials of the state and a prominent member of the army, General Jose Alvarez, chief of my general staff, who enjoyed my friendship and confidence, has betrayed the most fundamental principles of honor and morality not merely by directing the introduction of large shipments of contraband goods but also by using my name in telegraphic orders to protect the contraband and to insure him-

Are you a
"DAILY WORKER"
worker daily?

SANDINO TREATS PRISONERS WELL

Captured Mine Head is Not Confined

PUERTO CABEZAS, Nicaragua, May 31.—Sandino treats his prisoners well.

George Marshal, American mine superintendent who was captured by the Sandino forces in an attack on the La Luz mining district, is in perfect health and good spirits, according to Fred Bruno, mine employe, who saw Marshal when he passed thru the town of Casa Vieya, under guard of General Jiron, Sandino aide. Marshall was not confined and gave all evidences of good treatment.

According to reports, a number of Nicaraguan nationalists were killed and several captured in a skirmish with a marine patrol.

Swedish Planes to Hunt For Fascist

LONDON, May 31. — Swedish naval seaplanes will be put at the disposal of the Norwegian government which is directing the search through the arctic for the fascist Nobile and his 17 men, said a dispatch from Oslo today. Capt. Thorsborg, of the Swedish air force, was due at Oslo today to confer upon plans for the international search.

To Destroy Phosgene

HAMBURG, Germany, May 31.—Reichswehr troops will destroy the remaining supply of phosgene gas at the Stolzenberg Chemical works to prevent a repetition of the explosion which killed 11 persons and threatened the whole population of the city. It will be dropped into the sea in torpedo tubes.

BELA KUN AIDE IS RELEASED BY SEIPEL REGIME

Hungarian Communist to Stay in Vienna

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

VIENNA, May 31.—Luttatch, a Commissar in the Hungarian Soviet Republic, who was jailed here several days after the imprisonment of Bela Kun, has been released on the promise that he does not leave Vienna.

Telegrams from virtually every country in the world have reached Chancellor Seipel demanding the release of Bela Kun. What action the Austrian Government intends to take on the Hungarian request for the extradition of Kun is yet unknown.

DEMAND ROSARIO POLICE HEAD GO

Official Is an Enemy of the Workers

BUENOS AYRES, May 31. — A general house cleaning in the police department of Rosario is being demanded by the workers, according to reports from the city.

Under the direction of the local Industrial Union, the workers have sent a letter to the provincial capital, demanding the removal of the chief of police for his activities against workers during the recent general strike. A number of deaths and serious woundings resulted from the attacks which the Rosario police made upon picket lines and demonstration in the course of the strike.

Several other police officials are also resented by the workers.

"BLOODY MARIE" ILL.

VIENNA, May 31.—Queen Marie, of Roumania, is reported seriously ill in the royal palace at Bucharest, said a dispatch from Bucharest today. Several physicians are in attendance.

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NEW BEDFORD STRIKER, FRATERNAL DELEGATE, STIRRED BY WORKERS PARTY CONVENTION

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By mail).—I want to tell you that I saw the parade on the first of May demonstrating for the working class. And I appreciated it deeply. I love to see any movement that has anything to do with the working class.

I never in my life felt so much joy as on the 25th and 26th of May when I sat on the platform as a representative of the Textile Mill Committee and was nominated as a fraternal delegate to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York City.

I then had a chance to see with my own eyes what I never expected to see so soon, a National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party in 1928. Forward, comrades, to our victory! That convention will remain in the history of the working class.

Comrades, I am asking you a favor. As I am a striker I cannot afford to have some of the objects I would like to have. When I was in New York I saw a book I would very much like to have. It was the Red Cartoon Book of 1927.

—S.

3,000 Cantaloupe Pickers Win California Strike, Correspondent Writes

FORCE BOSSES TO CEDE WITH CROP READY TO SPOIL

Women Beaten, Workers Jailed By Sheriff.

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail). The Mexican cantaloupe pickers in Imperial Valley have won their strike.

The Miller company was the first to grant the strikers' demands. The Gerard company came next. The rest were forced into line or faced ruin. Cantaloupes must be picked at the right time, and 28,000 acres is a large area to cover. More than 17,000 cars of cantaloupes were shipped out of the valley last year. The crop will probably be about the same this season. On May 16 shipments were "nearing the 200-cars-a-day mark," according to the Brawley News. The strike was partly on at that time. Less than 2,500 cars have been shipped out to date so it is a long way to go yet to reach 17,000.

Imperial Valley also has 5,400 acres in watermelons. Last year's crop amounted to 3,544 cars. The pick of the season is June 10. So the bosses are risking millions if they get into trouble with the workers again. The Brawley News expressed fear along that line recently—editorially at that. Other important crops in the valley are cotton and hay. The low wages and rates in the cotton fields have been a disgrace to California and every other cotton-producing state in the union. Cotton must be picked and hay cut at the right time also. So the workers hold the whip-hand in these fields as well—as soon as they become conscious of their power through organization and solidarity.

2,000 to 3,000 on Strike.

The cultivated area in Imperial Valley is said to be 300,000 acres, and the estimated number of Mexican workers in the valley is 17,000. From 2,000 to 3,000 took part in the recent strike. The majority of these men are members of the new union, according to reports from the fighting front.

Women Beaten by Gunmen.

Sheriff Charles L. Gillett and his deputies, too numerous to mention, went from farm to farm chasing Mexican strikers like wild beasts. Picket-lines and meetings of every description were broken up in high-handed, illegal manners. It was "To hell with the constitution" put into practice by a lawless gang of "upholders of law and order."

When Felix Rodriques was arrested, his wife, Francisca, and Beatriz Cota tried to defend him. These women, poor to the starvation point, were both badly beaten by well-paid and well-fed brutes employed by the county. The sheriff's ultimatum to the strikers was: "Go to work, leave the valley—or go to jail." The workers went to jail by wholesale, but they didn't stay very long, as a rule, for the following reasons:

The sheriff and his gunmen handled the strikers too roughly, over-stepped their authority. Legal grounds to hold the strikers lacking. Fear of general discontent among the Mexicans, not only in the Imperial Valley, but also in other parts of California and elsewhere was general. The crop was ready for picking, so the men were more dangerous to the growers in jail than they were on the picket-line outside. Although underpaid cantaloupe picking is skilled work the growers claim. Mexicans only have been trained to do that kind of work for years, and convictions might mean deportations by the government. Many deportations of "agitators" and "reds," etc., might be used as argument in favor of the Box bill (restriction of Mexican immigration) now before congress. Employers of cheap labor are strongly against that bill. In this part of the world they want the Mexicans to come here to stay slave for next to nothing, breed more slaves and be contented with their "frijoles" (beans) and "tortillas" (pancake-like bread).

Outmaneuver Sheriff.

When the number of arrests reached 48, the labor-baiting sheriff thought he had all the "leaders" in jail. But as a matter of fact, he didn't get a chance to lay his strikebreaking bloody hands on any of them. The Committee of Action was under ground, out of sight. The Mexican workers learned a few things during 18 years of revolutionary struggle in one form or the other.

In Strike Zone.

Five strikers came before Judge A. C. Finney of El Centro on May 15. Bond in the case of 4 was reduced from $1,000 to $500 each, but the release on habeas corpus was denied. The fifth man, Frank Hermandez, was refused reduction of bail. So that one-armed worker must be considered a dangerous character. Well, they had him down as "interpreter" and even as a "director" of the new Mexican Labor Union. The next day May 16, Hermandez appeared before Justice I. Mayfield, entered a plea of guilty to having disturbed the peace, and he received a six-months' suspended sentence on the motion of the district attorney. More than 30 workers refused to plead guilty and received suspended sentences—for fear of the crime record and possible deportation that might follow in the future.

The habeas corpus application filed by Alfred Blaisdell, attorney for Hermolao Torris, Mexican vice-consul, demanded the release of said five workers on the ground of illegal imprisonment, excessive bail and trial date, June 5, unreasonably delayed. Justice Griffin of Brawley fixed the excessive bail. The four whose bail was reduced were: Juan Barcelo, David Lopez, Panfilo Moreno and Joe Diaz. Being unable to make the reduced bail, they were sent back to jail. Release would have absolved the men from guilt and returned them to the standing they had before arrested by Sheriff Gillett.

The Mexican government became interested in this case through a protest by the strikers to the Mexican consul-general in the United States.

Lawlessness "Regular."

"Everything we have done is regular." District Attorney Heald said, intimating that no argument as to illegality could be proven in court of law.

"The strong arm method of preventing meetings of any kind, and of demanding that workers either work or get out, has had its effect," Sheriff Charles L. Gillett declared, according to the Brawley News on or about May 14, 1928. (Emphasis the writer's.)

The Hereafter in the Strike.

An editorial in the Brawley News May 14, reads, in part, as follows:

"Prepare for the future. For the time being the Mexican labor situation seems to have been clarified, although there are not wanting rumors that new troubles will occur in the heart of the season. Had the strike been staged two weeks later, when the laborers were fortified with what is to them abundant money in their pockets, doubtless it would have been necessary to call upon white labor for the field work."

After hinting at the possibility of using members of a "superior" race whites, to scab on workers belonging to an "inferior" ditto, Mexicans, the editorial continues: But "since many years have passed since Mexicans monopolized this class of labor, it would have been difficult to secure Americans skilled in picking cantaloupes."

"The exact cause of the difficulty is not easy to ascertain. Merely to lay the blame on a bunch of agitators isn't sufficient. Use of strong-arm methods may temporarily solve the difficulty, but wherever trouble of sufficient magnitude arises to cause the striking of between 2,000 and 3,000 men, a hereafter is certain if the basic causes are not determined and settled.

"Mind-Reading" Sheriff Jails News Agent.

Jesus A. Avalos, Mexican newspaper agent and reporter, [illegible] St., Browley, Cal., was arrested at his store, May 13, by Sheriff Gillett. Why? Because he "refused to remove a bulletin board advertising the headlines of his papers." The Brawley News. Numerous papers all over the world advertise in the same manner, even the Los Angeles Times, a labor-baiting sheet which had much to say at the beginning, against the "American I. W. W." strikers in Imperial Valley. Guessed wrong again, Mr Harry Chandler!

Avalos had put out the bulletin board with signs that were meant to instigate discontent among the workers, the sheriff said. Unfortunately Mr Gillett isn't the only "mind-reading" "peace" officer in the land.

"Gillett stated today," May 13 "that the bulletin board said, 'Forty-eight Mexicans in Jail—What For—Nothing,' and other inflammatory statements." (The Brawley News.)

"However, attorney for Avalos will contend that the bulletin board contained the following translated from Spanish: 'The consul was here today. Several prisoners released'."

Avalos sent strike reports to the "Mexican Herald," or, to be correct, El Heraldo De Mexico, a Los Angeles daily, which had much to say concerning the strike in the cantaloupe fields.

Avalos Deported and Not Deported.

The U. S. immigration service stated, May 15, that Jesus G. Avalos would be deported. Officials at the border were sure they had discovered "a clear violation of the immigration law." He was reported deported in the papers. The next day, however, those same U. S. officials said that Avalos had the best right in the world to say in the "land of the free" and attend to his newsstand and bulletin board, etc. The arrest and "deportation" of Avalos may be the basis for an interesting court procedure.

The local A. F. of L. organ, the L. A. Citizen, has had nothing to say about the struggle of the cantaloupe pickers. As far as I know, The DAILY WORKER is the only labor paper reporting on it.

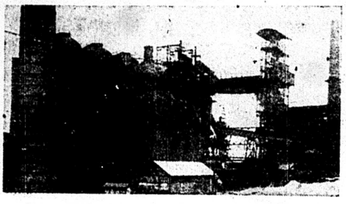
Hostile to Union.

According to the last report to El Heraldo De Mexico, May 25, R. Rio secretary of the new Mexican Union was arrested after all the rest of the prisoners had been released. Although Rio has been turned lose, the workers have decided not to hold any public meetings at present. All underground, if any, for the time being because the sheriff still is very hostile to the union, Jesus G. Avalos says.

It is now up to the labor movement in the southwest to get in closer touch with the Mexican workers than has been the case in the past. Mexicans are far more progressive than many of the Americans. The latter expect to become millionaires some day. The former have no such false illusions. Study Spanish and take the leadership, Comrades! Lack of able organizers is the greatest handicap at present. Efforts must be made to draw the Mexican organizations into the American labor movement. In order to do that—you must go to the Mexicans, the Mexicans wil be slow to come to you. Our brothers from the land below the Rio Grande have nothing against the so-called whites, but they have reason to nourish a dislike for the insult of being regarded as "inferiors." The Mexican class-consciousness is strong.

—L. F. RINDAL.

Heavy Industry with Workers in Control



The towering steel furnaces of the "Tomski" steel and iron mills are shown in the picture. Unlike the slave-driving mills of the United States Steel Corporation where American workers are hounded to labor under indescribable conditions, the workers of the "Tomski" factory control their own shop. The "Tomski" mill is named for the leader of the trade unions of the U. S. S. R.

JONES BILL AIMED AT ALL SEAMEN

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The Jones-White Bill recently passed by congress and signed by President Coolidge, should be of interest to every worker engaged in the marine industry. It is a militarization of the merchant marine for time of war.

The merchant marine naval reserve measure will prove very detrimental to organizations engaged in the marine industry.

Under the cloak of "national defense," the ship owners will sponsor this bill for the express purpose of destroying any organization which may be inclined to fight for better wages and higher standards of living.

The ship-owners claim that the men will not be forced to join the naval reserve. But preference will be given to those who are members of it in securing berths aboard ship and this will practically force men into joining it.

A certain percentage of the crew's being members of the naval reserve allows the ship to fly the naval reserve flag and mail contracts will be given to naval reserve ships. We can easily see that any sign of militancy will be blocked by the seamen unwillingly forced to scab under guise of this bill.

It also enables the shipowners to discriminate against the progressive seamen by having them blacklisted if they should agitate for better standards of livelihood and wages, and this will tie their hands and force them to become unwilling slaves of capitalism.

—"BLACKIE."

PRINCIPAL WOULD FEED HOT IODINE TO ALL PIONEERS

Parents Protest School Overcrowding

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The Allerton section of the Bronx where the Workers Co-operative is located is growing by leaps and bounds. Within the last year many new and large apartments have been built and occupied. The only public school in the neighborhood is located blocks away from the populated section and mothers have to spend their entire day running to and from school in order to conduct their children through the dangerous crossings.

Overcrowded.

The school was built for 1,000 children and is occupied by 2,000 which makes it extremely overcrowded. They are forced to eat lunch on the floor of a dirty basement and swallow the dirt with their food. This condition forced the parents to organize. A mass meeting was held and a committee elected to visit the principal.

A second mass meeting was held on Monday, May 14, and the committee rendered a report which reveals the autocratic attitude of the principal, Mr. Rado.

Mrs. Gritz, the chairlady of the meeting, reported that, after telling them to wait he said he would allow them fifteen minutes and then repeatedly asked the clerk whether or not the time was up. The assistant principal had already informed them that she herself would not even look at them.

His first comment on receiving them was that he did not believe they represented anybody and then took their names and addresses.

When the spokesman of the committee wanted to explain their grievances, he refused to recognize him because he was not a parent, only a brother of some of the children

The committee then left in disgust but the principal set out to "remedy" the situation. He organized a parent's circle of "100 per cent" Americans to whose children he hands out favors, and proceeded to divide the children by lecturing to them on them on the viciousness of the Co-operators and has succeeded in creating a sentiment against the children of the Co-operative neighborhood.

When the pioneers distributed leaflets for the mass meeting they were threatened. Some were also punished for celebrating May Day. After he read the demand put up for hot lunches to be served in school, he remarked; "I would like to feed you hot iodine." When a boy was hit by his music teacher and the mother protested he showed her a strap which he says he uses for his own child thereby justifying the action of the teacher.

Not Enough Police.

An appeal was made to the police captain for more protection at the dangerous crossings and they were told that there was a shortage of policemen. Incidentally there were enough to break up a meeting of the Grocery Clerks' Union who conducted a strike in some markets in the vicinity.

A new executive committee of the Parents' Association of Ollinville appeals to all parents to join the organization which decided to charge 25 cents initiation and 10 cents a month dues. Only through organized power can we hope to win our demands.

1. For more schools and a seat for every child.
2. Annexes to temporarily relieve the situation.
3. A lunch room for the children.
4. Police protection on the dangerous crossings from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m.
5. The elimination of the autocratic principal who was dismissed from P. S. 6D on the demand of the parents and wished on us.

Parents, organize and fight for the welfare of your children.

The executive of the association has arranged an open-air meeting for June 2 on the corner of Allerton and Cruger Aves., at 3 p. m.

—CHARLES SCHWARTZ.

COAL BARONS IN FUTILE DRIVE TO OPEN UP MINES

$250 a Month Bait Gets Nothing But Scabs

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CALDWELL, O., (By Mail).—I enjoy reading The DAILY WORKER very much. While I was visiting in the eastern part of the state, a person told me about The DAILY WORKER. I believe The DAILY WORKER should be read by every working man.

Now a few words as to conditions in this part of the coal fields. The Cambridge Collieries Co. started one mine open shop about three weeks ago. Despite Oral Daugherty's extensive scab herding campaign, the operators are having no success. Only one black sheep was found in Local 624 at Caldwell.

The operators are getting very uneasy in this section. They expected a large turnout when they started open shop. But the few men they've got cleaning up the mines don't know the first principles of mining.

The operators in their frantic effort to break the strike are trying to bait some of their old men. They are offering as high as $240 a month if the men will return to work. Their offers have been rejected.

Judge C. O. Dye has issued two injunctions to the operators in Caldwell. I learned that 150 business men in Caldwell signed a petition for these injunctions.

In Guernsey County the miners are not permitted to hold meetings, according to an injunction issued by the notorious common pleas judge, Turnbaugh, to the Morris Coal Co. and the Akron Coal Co.

I am sending you $3.50 for a six month subscription to The DAILY WORKER. Would I be asking too much if I asked you to send the paper to a couple of my friends who would like to read the DAILY, but have no money right now?

S.

Worker Falls 20 Feet, Breaks His Right Arm

MILWAUKEE, May 31.—Joseph Lenzner, 30, a roofer employed by the Becker Asphalt Roofing Company, broke his right arm when he fell twenty feet from a roof on which he was working today at Rosedale Ave. and Burrell St.

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DRAMA

Paul Green's New Play May Be Seen Here Next Season

Paul Green, who will be remembered for his Negro play "In Abraham's Bosom," which was produced by the Provincetown Playhouse last season, has completed two new full length plays. One of these, titled "The House of Connelly," is about an old Southern white family. The other, called "Tima," is a poetical fantasy that rides roughshod over all stage conventions and rules. "The House of Connelly," may be seen on Broadway early next season.

Edwin H. Knopf engaged the Bijou Theatre yesterday for the opening of "The Big Pond," on August 14. Kenneth McKenna and Pierre de Mirande will be in the cast.

The Theatre Guild has acquired a new play by S. N. Behrman, author, "The Second Man." The play is called "Meteor" and is scheduled for production next season.

Tonight at the Klaw Theatre "Bottled in Bond" enters the third month.

Judith Anderson will replace Miss Lynn Fontanne as Nina Leeds in "Strange Interlude" July 2, who v take a short European vacation w her husband, Alfred Lunt. They will return late in August for rehearsals in "The Guardsman" and "Arms and the Man," in which they will appear on tour next season.

CHARLES ROGERS and NANCY CARROLL

In "Abie's Irish Rose," Anna Nichols' film play now showing at the 44th Street Theatre.

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What I Saw in China
by TOM MANN
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FIRE TRAPS ARE NEGROES' HOMES

Southern Rail Workers Go On Strike

There is no section of the working class in New York which welcomes the summer season more than the Negro. This may sound strange, but when it is analyzed it will be seen to have a genuine economic basis. It is especially true at this time of widespread national unemployment which always hits the Negro workers harder than the white workers.

It is a well-known fact that the Negroes are the last to be hired and the first during a period of economic depression.

Segregation.

As a result of a well organized system of racial discrimination, the Negroes of New York, as in other sections of the country, are zoned off from the rest of the population.

Harlem is the "black belt" of the city and because the largest Negro urban population in the world is confined to a limited residential section, all the social ills of segregation are thrown upon their backs. Negroes pay the highest rents, live in the worst tenements, buy the dearest food, and get the least civic advantages of all the social groups.

About 90 per cent of the Negro people in Harlem are tenants who are fleeced in the most shameful manner by the landlords, white and Negro. In winter they get little heat in spite of the fact that they pay more for occupying their unsanitary quarters than workers in other sections of the city. Because race prejudice is one [illegible] the "blessings of American democracy," these people compelled to remain penned up like hogs in an overcrowded community year in and year out. If they attempt to move into sections of the city they are met with every form of hostility, even from white workers who are themselves exploited.

One of the most pathetic situations in the labor movement today is the hostility of the white workers towards the Negroes. Unless they unite and learn to be more sympathetic to each other, the ruling class will be able to oppress and exploit them by playing upon their race prejudice. Workers of all races must close their ranks and fight against their common enemy, capitalism.

As the days become warmer, large numbers of Negroes will again take to the open air as a means of escaping from the disease-ridden tenements into which the cold months forced them. They will spend nights in the nearby parks or on roofs, thus helping them to bridge over the hard times.

SOVIET SINGER AT CENTER CONCERT

To Award Red Banner on Saturday

Tickets are selling fast for the great concert and dance to be held in the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, on Saturday evening. Workers thruout the city are preparing to make this affair a real proletarian celebration of the acquisition of the Workers Center as the home of the revolutionary movement.

The finishing touches are now being put on the musical program which is under the direction of George Cookley. The two headliners on the program are N. Nazaroff, distinguished Russian baritone, who has been widely acclaimed thruout the Soviet Union, and L. Newell, noted harpist and soloist of the Capitol Theatre Symphony Orchestra. Nazaroff will be assisted by his two gifted children, who have also received high praise from music critics.

Following the concert a dance will be held, music being provided by a jazz orchestra.

The outstanding event of the evening will be the award of the red revolutionary banner now on display at the Center. The award will be made by William W. Weinstone, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party and secretary of the board of directors of the Workers Center, to the unit making the highest totals in the drive for $30,000 to establish the Center. The next few days will determine which unit is to receive the banner.

A saving of 25 cents has been made possible on tickets for the concert and dance by the announcement that all tickets have been reduced to 50 cents if bought in advance. At the door they will be 75 cents. They are on sale at Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square; the Workers Bookshop, 26-28 Union Square; United Workers Cooperative, 2700 Bronx Park East; and the Unity Cooperative, 1800 Seventh Ave.

Kenosha Workers Will Meet to Discuss Strike

KENOSHA, Wis., May 31. — The Young Workers (Communist) League, local Kenosha, and the Workers (Communist) Party here will hold a mass meeting June 8 at the German-American Hall at 8 p. m. The meeting will take up the subject of the Allen-A strike.

Along with the Gas and Liquid Fire Throwers

Capitalism is beginning to hoard the relics of its imperialist ventures. The Spirit of St. Louis, the plane in which Col. Charles Lindbergh made his "good will" flight over the machine guns of the American marines in Nicaragua, has been placed in the Smithsonian institute in Washington. The picture shows the plane hanging in the tackle.

THOUSANDS OF WORKERS TO HONOR DEAD LEADER

All attempts by the Veterans of Foreign Wars to stop the huge memorial meeting in honor of the Late William D. Haywood to be held at Central Opera House, 67th Street and Third Avenue tomorrow night have thus far proved futile.

No matter what obstruction may be thrown up the meeting will be held, according to William W. Weinstone, organizer of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party under whose auspices the meeting has been called.

U. S. department of justice agents, who were asked by Commander Jean A. Brunner, of the New York State Department of Foreign War Veterans, to bar the meeting have thus far taken no apparent action. Brunner asked action on the ground that Haywood died a fugitive from a federal court.

Federal authorities, in view of the coming fall elections, are believed to be afraid that any action against the meeting would be heralded, even by the least class conscious workers, as a gross attempt to bar free speech.

Even in the beginning of his fight against the meeting, Commander Brunner conceded that the local police and state authorities could find no excuse to intervene.

The New York district of the Workers Party has completed plans for the memorial. A record attendance is expected as more than 100,000 black-edged leaflets, advertising the meeting, have been distributed among the workers in stores and factories.

Keen interest in the meeting is reported in I. W. W. circles. Hundreds of I. W. W. members and ex-members who followed "Big Bill" Haywood before the war but did not, like their leader, join the Communist Party, are planning to attend the memorial.

Five close associates of Haywood will address the meeting. They are Jay Lovestone, executive secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party; Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER; James P. Cannon, executive secretary of the International Labor Defense, and Herbert Zam, secretary of the Young Workers (Communist) League. Jack Stachel, national organizational secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, will act as chairman.

EVEN SCABS HAD TO GO ON STRIKE

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail). —The following, taken from a recent issue of the local A. F. of L. organ, will help, perhaps, to throw some light on G r e e n i s h, Comperized unionism in Los Angeles:

"Report reaches the office of The Citizen, from the Electrical Workers, of a strike called by non-union workmen employed in that industry. One of the prominent contractors who specializes in residence and apartment work, and who has instituted the iniquitous and baneful system of piece-work in the installation of electrical outlets, had consistently, over a period of time, at every opportunity reduced the piece work rate, until the men employed were forced to labor from 10 to 12 hours daily on a building to install enough work to realize a helper's wages."

Scab Strike.

"The non-union workmen employed by the contractor revolted, and called a strike in protest against further reductions in the already ruinous rates. Being unorganized, these men were unable to make their strike effective and this company succeeded in employing a sufficient crew of men who were willing to 'scab' on the 'scabs.'"

Communist Created Fighting Spirit.

"The Electrical Workers have fought against this institution of this piece-work employment consistently," says the Citizen. That the Electrical Workers' Union used to be fairly active a few years ago is true. But that was before Comrade David Gorman left that organization for Soviet Russia. In Gorman's time the electricians were even strong for the Farmer-Labor Party.

"In those entirely non-union shops where this system has been adopted, the non-union workmen, through this constant lowering of the piece-work basis, has been forced to labor longer hours. . ." What does the term "entirely non-union shops" really mean? It means that union and non-union men work side by side to a great extent in this city. The lion is laying down with the lamb. So does the Citizen, it seems. The reader will notice that the name of the scabby contractor in question isn't even mentioned. No fighting spirit in evidence at all. Class-conscious fighters are expelled right and left by the reactionary officialdom.

"This basis of payment for electrical work has been instrumental in tearing down the standards of construction, to the detriment of the workmen engaged, and to the loss of owners and builders because of the poor class of workmanship. . . ." But why should workers worry about "the loss of owners and builders." They are interested in the welfare of the bosses—big or small.

To a certain extent, however, the workers are interested in "the standards of construction." First, for their own safety and, second, because toilers are eventually going to take everything over and run it for their own benefit anyhow. Why not make an attempt to organize those scabs who were "class-conscious" enough to go on strike? The Citizen didn't touch on that point at all. By all means, let the world know the name of this particular scab herder anyway.

—L. P. RINDAL.

NOTED WRITERS IN 'LABOR DEFENDER'

Barbusse Among Noted Contributors

NOW that the editorial quality is right up to the striking photographs in every issue of the Labor Defender, it is easy to understand the cabled an article on the fascist terror new June issue Henri Barbusse has cabled an article on the fascist terror raging in Italy.

James P. Cannon gives us an intimate introduction to Warren K. Billings in his story of a visit with him. Cannon saw and talked with Billings while going thru California on a national tour on the frame-up system. In the June issue there is also Cannon's interview with the I. W. W. men framed up in Centralia, now at Walla Walla prison.

It is difficult to point out the "feature" article in an issue which includes, in addition to these stories by Cannon, articles by Henri Barbusse and also a letter from Bill Haywood, perhaps the last word to American workers from "Bill" from Russia, where he has just died. There is also an informative article by Harvey O'Connor on the textile strike and a miner's wife writes a story in a simple, homely way that for sheer courage makes one wonder how the miners can ever be defeated with such spirit in their ranks. An article on Bela Kun by Stephen Kennedy is included.

This is a full, interesting and colorful issue. It can, of course, be improved. In fast, the last few issues have been consistently improving. Perhaps more variety, more articles and stories on various phases of workers lives and labor activities would highten interest. As it is now, the LABOR DEFENDER, and particularly the June issue, is well worth having.

Wilkes-Barre Workers Party to Hold Meeting

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., May 31.—A general membership meeting of the anthracite sub-district of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held June 3 at 3 p. m. at 206 South Main St.

Very important questions will be discussed and a representative of the Central Executive Committee will reports. Every Party member from the sub-district is expected to attend.

REFUSES PERMIT TO YOUTH LEAGUE

Communist Workers Plan Campaign

HARTFORD, May 31. — Mayor Walter E. Batterson, vice-president of the City Band and Trust Company, one of the five largest insurance companies of the United States, and, incidentally, Mayor of Hartford, refused the Young Workers (Communist) League of this city a permit for an open air meeting which the league intended to arrange against the Citizens Military Training Camps and militarism.

The Hartford branch of the Young Workers League has previously been able to obtain permits whenever they desired and this refusal came as a distinct surprise to the organization. It is believed that this attempt to gag the league is a result of the successful campaign it has been waging against militarism. Recently, the Associated Press broadcast the fact that the Young Workers League of Hartford had dared to place on the state capitol and other strategic points in the city placards denouncing the Citizens Military Training Camp and militarism. John Steuben, state organizer of the league, was arrested in New Haven in an attempt to involve him as the one resopsible for the distribution of these placards.

Last year, ex-mayor Stevens also refused a permit for an out-door meeting to be arranged by a Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee. Stevens was also an official in the employ of the insurance companies.

"The Young Workers League will not permit itself to be silenced by the mayor who holds an inherited seat with the financial clique which controls city politics," J. A. Rose, of the league said. "The league is planning to utilize its anniversary celebration Saturday evening at the Labor Lyceum, 2003 Main Street, as a means of mobilizing its membership and sympathizers against the autocratic tactics of the mayor. In the approaching presidential elections the league plans to wage an intensive campaign side by side with the Workers (Communist) Party and will not permit the mayor or anyone else to take away its right of assemblage and its right to speak to the workers of Hartford."

BOSSES BLAMED IN DEATHS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—Explosion of an oil tanker in San Francisco Bay, which caused the death of two workers and seriously injured five, is blamed by investigators of the California Industrial Accident Commission on the use of dangerous electrical equipment on the deck by the owners, the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation. The commission is also investigating the action of the Bethlehem people in barring investigators from the ship, placing a gag on their employes and removing some of the electrical equipment before inspection was allowed.

Are you a
"DAILY WORKER"
worker daily?

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Chicago Miners' Relief.

CHICAGO, Ill.—There will be a concert and dance here on the evening of June 2, at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St. for the benefit of the Miners' Relief. The program includes many features and refreshments.

* * *

Waterbury Picnic.

WATERBURY, Conn.—The Workers organizations of Connecticut have arranged a picnic to be held on June 3, at Roseland Park, Waterbury. The program, which begins at 10 A. M., will include speakers, dancing, and refreshments.

* * *

Pittsburgh Haywood Meet.

PITTSBURGH.—The Pittsburgh Section of the Workers (Communist) Party has arranged a William D. Haywood meeting to be held June 2, at 8 P. M. at the International Socialist Lyceum, 305 James St.

* * *

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

* * *

Chicago Attention!

The Chicago North Side Committee for Striking Miners' Relief has arranged a concert and dance with the co-operation of several labor organizations for June 2, 8 P. M. at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St.

* * *

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

District 15—Y. W. L. Anniversary.

The sixth anniversary of the existence of the Young Workers' Communist League will be celebrated in District 15 in the following halls and on the following dates:

Hartford—2003 Main St., June 2.

* * *

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

* * *

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Baltimore, Md., June 1; Washington, D. C., June 2; Richmond, Va., June 3; Norfolk, Va., June 4; Wilmington, Del., June 5; Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

* * *

Luzerne Banquet.

LUZERNE, Pa., May 31.—A Proletarian Banquet will be held June 2 at 206 Oliver St. here. Party members have been asked to bring sympathizers and friends.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Friday, June 1, Boston, Paine Memorial.
Saturday, June 2, Peabody, Mass., Finnish Hall, 67 Freemont St.
Sunday, June 3, Allston (Boston), Mass., 521 Cambridge St.
Monday, June 4, Haverhill, Mass.
Tuesday, June 5, Stamford, Conn.
Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.
Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.
Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.
Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 17, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.
Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

WORKERS SCHOOL TO HIKE SUNDAY

Sports and Novelties To Feature Outing

The Workers School hike, which has been postponed several times in the past because of inclement weather, will finally be held this Sunday, June 2. There will be two meeting places; one will be at the Workers School, 108 East 14th St., where those who wish to attend the hike will meet at 8 a. m. The other will be at the Van Cortlandt St. Station, where those who cannot come to the Workers School will meet the group at 9 a. m.

The hike, which will take its participants to 30 Peer Ridge, Yonkers, will be enlivened by many sports and novel features.

To Show Russian Film For Miners' Relief

Council 1 of the United Council of Workingclass Housewives will present the film, "Polikushka," Saturday, June 2, at the Burk Theatre, Burk and White Plains Ave., Bronx. The proceeds will go for the relief of the striking miners. The play depicts the life of a serf in Russia under the rule of the czars.

VOICE PROTEST AT KUN ARREST

Mass Meeting Held By Chicago Labor Defense

CHICAGO, May 31. — Chicago workers assembled in Northwest Hall held one of the most rousing protest meetings ever seen in this city. The arrest of Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, by the Seipel Government of Austria was the occasion for this highly successful meeting.

The meeting was called by the Chicago Local of International Labor Defense. The speakers were Joseph Fisher, secretary of the Anti-Horthy League, Paul Petras, a Hungarian workers' leader, speaking in Hungarian, and Ralph Chaplin, ex-class war prisoner. The chairman of the meeting was Joseph Giganti, secretary of the Local I. L. D.

Fisher gave a realistic account of the atrocities of the Horthy regime, citing facts and cases. Petras made an impassioned plea for a united fight against the murder mis-rule in Hungary.

Chaplin received an ovation lasting several minutes, when he walked up to the platform, urging a tremendous protest which would bend the Austrian government to the will of the working masses.

Chairman Giganti linked the protest against the arrest and proposed extradition of Bela Kun with the general fight against fascism. He pointed out how consistently the International Labor Defense had waged its campaign against the white terror in every country, rallying great masses of workers in this country to support the fight.

At the close of the meeting a worker in the audience arose to introduce a strong resolution, asking for the immediate release of Bela Kun. The resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered sent to the Austrian legation in Washington, D. C.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.
Song and Dance Festival
Given by the
Cleveland Conference of the National Miners Relief Committee
Sunday, June 3rd, at Slovenian Hall, 6417 St. Clair Ave.
Program begins at 2:30 P. M.—Lunch will be served from 6 to 8 P. M.
Dancing begins at 8 P. M.
The following will participate: BACKUS ORCHESTRA—SOUTH SLAVIC SINGING SOCIETY—UKRAINIAN CHILDREN'S MANDOLIN ORCHESTRA — FREIHEIT ORCHESTRA — JEWISH SCHOOL — SCANDINAVIAN DANCING CLUB—HERBERT OFFNER, Violin Soloist.
ADMISSION 50c INCLUDES AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

JOINT DEFENSE
Athletic Meet, Carnival and Jamboree
at STARLIGHT PARK, E. 177th St., Bronx
SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1928
EVENTS:
2:00 P. M.
SOCCER
NEW YORK EAGLES — TRUMPELDERS
FALCONS — SCANDINAVIAN
FREIHEIT — RED STAR
3:30 P. M.
TRACK AND FIELD
Running Broad Jump — Hop, Skip and Jump
Standing Broad Jump — 220 Yd. Dash
Running High Jump — Shot Put
100 Yd. Dash — ½ Mile Relay
3-Mile Run (White Plains Rd.)
5:30 P. M.
SOCCER (finals)
GIRLS' EXHIBITION
6:00 P. M.
INTERMISSION
Those participating in the program consist of teams and athletes who are members of the Eastern District of the LABOR SPORTS UNION OF AMERICA.
7.00 P. M.
SWIMMING EVENTS
Free Style, Breast, Side, Back Crawl — Neck, Undress in Water, Holds and Breaks
Fetching — Relay
Plunge — Free Style Race (4 Laps)
Life Saving Demonstration: Carry: Cross Chest, Hair. — Team Relay (4 Men)
Exhibition
PARADE OF ATHLETES, PIONEERS, CHILDREN OF NONPARTISAN WORKERS' SCHOOLS 8:45 P. M.
PLATFORM EXERCISES 9:00 P. M.
BOXING — WRESTLING
CALISTHENICS — PYRAMIDS
GYMNASTICS
The HUNGARIAN WORKERS' SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA will render classical program.—ALFRED KUGEL, conductor.
BALLET by Children of Nonpartisan Workers' Schools.
TICKETS (complete program, including admission to Dance Hall) 50c.

PICNIC
For the benefit of the Daily Worker
Given by the
New Kensington, Pa. Branch
of the Workers (Communist) Party
Sunday, June 10th
at FABIAN'S FARM
DANCING REFRESHMENTS SPEAKERS
ADMISSION 25c.

Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new
Red Cartoons 1928
Sixty-four pages of the choice work of the best proletarian artists in America, including:
FRED ELLIS — WM. GROPPER — HUGO GELLERT
M. BECKER — JACOB BURCK — DON BROWN
HAY BALES — K. A. SUVANTO — WM. SIEGEL
Introduction by Robert Minor
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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..............WM. F. DUNNE

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Reverend Norman Thomas Goes to "the Masses"

Before the Synod of the Evangelical churches at Dunkirk, N. Y., on Memorial Day, the Reverend Norman Thomas, candidate of the socialist party for the presidency of the United States, struggled to win the souls of his fellow protestant preachers for the gospel of Hillquit reformism and away from the reformism of Al. Smith.

Mr. Thomas is having a hell of a time with his flock.

The flock is flocking to Al. Smith. Unable to find any essential difference between the socialist party platform of Smith as candidate for the nomination of the democratic party, large members of the brethren of the Reverend Thomas' party could see no reason for failing to vote for the "good" Mr. Smith.

Where does the Rev. Mr. Thomas go to reclaim the straying souls of his party of piety and efficient capitalist government? There is nothing accidental in the choice of Norman Thomas as the orator of the day for the conclave of provincial protestant preachers who constitute the "key men" of reaction among the most backward sections of the petty capitalist class. The socialist party has lost all semblance of working class basis. Its present basis is correctly indicated by the struggle of the socialist party campaign leaders to present to the small business elements a program more alluring to them than the one Smith promises. Mr. Thomas' program consists of a few glowing promises that the socialist party politicians if elected will administer more "honestly" than all other politicians the capitalist state machinery for safeguarding the system of exploitation of the working class. In Reading, Pa., the socialist party officials headed by Rev. Thomas' running mate, James Maurer, promises the capitalist class to give it "capitalist" government and to protect the property rights of the capitalists against the working class in case of strikes. Mr. Thomas himself uses the official organ of the socialist party to explain that he is not an "orthodox" follower of Marx, which indeed is a necessary explanation of the Reading socialist party leaders' proposal to conduct a strikebreaking government. And all of it harmonizes with the action of the last convention of that yellow party in withdrawing the former requirement that applicants for membership in that party should acknowledge the class struggle.

Indeed, how could the small business men, preachers and lawyers that now constitute the leading frame-work of the socialist party—how could the preachers of the Evangelical Synod—embrace the class struggle of the working class?

There is no essential difference between what the Rev. Thomas' party offers and what the also-pious Al. Smith offers, except one will break strikes with protestant incantations, the other with catholic devotion.

The socialist party platform on which this obscurantist preacher—this enemy of the workers stands—is one which offers nothing that Al. Smith can not equally well promise. Both platforms are platforms intended to win the workers to faith in the capitalist government and capitalist system of wage slavery. But the anti-Marxian, anti-working class platform of the socialist party especially appeals to the workers to believe the lie that through the use of the ballot in the capitalist elections they can liberate themselves.

The workers should watch closely the antics of this obscurantist preacher who betrays more openly than the more astute Hillquit the counter-revolutionary, anti-labor character of his party of piety and strikebreaking.

The Workers (Communist) Party asks the working class to vote for the revolutionary party of the working class. But in doing so it does not lie to the workers by claiming that the working class can be emancipated from wage slavery through the casting of ballots in the elections under the capitalist state. The present election campaign, entered into with unprecedented vigor by the Communist Party, is used by this revolutionary party as an important means of mobilizing the working class for the struggle against the capitalist class and against the capitalist state. The Communist Party frankly tells the workers that it should have no illusions of any possibility of emancipation thru the forms of this state capitalist government or its elections. Only the actions of the masses of workers and exploited farmers, outside of the forms of the capitalist government state machinery, outside of the parliamentary forms, can win their emancipation.

Any revolutionary workers elected to public office will use that office as a tribune from which to denounce and expose the enemy character of the capitalist government, and to mobilize the workers against it.

Vote Communist! Join the Workers (Communist) Party!

LABOR DEFENSE AIDS CLASS WAR PRISONERS

Seventy cases in which workers were under attack by the capitalist courts were handled by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, during the past four months. A large number of these cases were successfully fought by the defense organization, while final decision in a number of them is still pending, according to Rose Baron, secretary.

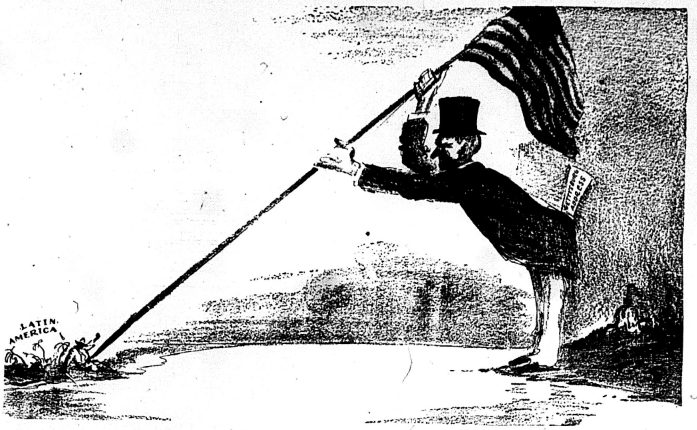
Among the cases that were taken care of during the past four months were many arrested paper box strikers, striking shoe workers, laundry workers, grocery clerks and millinery workers, the strikers of the Eagle Pencil Co., workers arrested for distributing anti-injunction leaflets, workers arrested for protesting against American imperialism's war on Nicaragua, workers arrested for collecting money for miners' relief and workers threatened with deportation because of radical activities, including the case of A. Kobel, editor of Uus Ilm, Esthonian Communist weekly. Kobel was to be deported for denouncing the murderers of Sacco and Vanzetti. Workers arrested for distributing May Day leaflets, workers arrested for distributing the DAILY WORKER in the Bayonne strike and workers arrested for speaking on street corners also were among these defended.

In each of these cases the I. L. D. paid lawyers' fees, furnished bail when necessary, conducted propaganda campaigns to free the victimized workers and paid miscellaneous expenses.

"Our record of activity for four months proves that the I. L. D. is the strongest champion which the workers possess in their struggle against the attacks and frame-ups of capitalist courts, Rose Baron said yesterday. "All class-conscious workers should recognize this fact and help build the I. L. D. into an even stronger fighter for the American working class."

CAL ONLY "DEFENDS HIS COUNTRY"

By Fred Ellis



"It can be said of our country that in all its history it has never made preparations to attack any other country."
—Cal Coolidge in his "Gettysburg address."

Organizing the Young Workers

By HERBERT ZAM

(Continued From Previous Issue.)

The second case was that of the millinery workers. The millinery workers after about two years of hard work had succeeded in building up a local of almost 4,000 members. No help had been given by the bureaucrats in this work, and they themselves previously had never taken any interest in organizing the trimmers.

After this work was accomplished however, they are now making efforts to smash the millinery workers' union under the fake slogans of amalgamation and endeavoring to combine it with another local. The third case was that of the office workers. The Office Workers' Union, the B. S. & A. U., No. 12646, a federal union of the American Federation of Labor, has been in existence for many many years, but in all that time has not yet succeeded in getting at the most more than 10 or 150 members into its ranks. It has had annual expulsions every year. Young workers in the office workers' union who have really shown any interest in organizing the big mass of the office workers were inevitably expelled from the union, as has been the case recently.

Finally, however, those who were expelled decided that they could no longer support an organization like the office workers' union which makes no effort to organize the young workers, which makes no effort to fight for their conditions, but on the contrary, expels those who wish to fight for their conditions.

They organized the Office Workers' League which is rapidly gaining in membership.

Shoe Workers.

The fourth case was that of the shoe workers. The slipper workers, mostly young workers, had heretofore been unorganized. Recently they were organized in a local and as a result of this they gained many concessions from the boss. However, the bureaucrats of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union were not interested in seeing the young workers in the trade organized. Consequently they took out an injunction against the Shoe Workers' Union which had organized the young workers. All these examples very definitely indicated that the part of the trade union bureaucracy is not only away from organizing the young workers, but is actually for preventing the organization of the young workers by themselves or by other forces, and for smashing their organizations wherever they succeed in forming them.

Role of Brookwood.

In this situation, what is the role of Muste and his associates of the Brookwood Labor College? Their role is somewhat similar to that of the left social democrats in Europe. They talk about organizing the young workers, because there is a movement in the ranks of the young workers for organization. But their talk is only intended to side-track the young workers from organization. They are just as much interested in organizing the young workers as is the trade union bureaucracy. This was demonstrated at the conference by their continual abhorrence of the discussion of the concrete questions, such as the Plumbers' Helpers' and the Millinery Workers' Unions. They were much more interested in discussing organizing the young workers as an abstraction, but refused to discuss any concrete situation. This was also indicated by their refusal to take any steps which might have a positive result in the labor movement. Tom Tippet in his speech had declared that the First Brookwood Conference was a conference of hot air; this one would be one of action. But Mr. Muste very quickly disillusioned the delegates. He declared that the conference could do nothing; the conference could only discuss.

When the delegates, however, objected very strenuously to such declarations, he was compelled to withdraw and finally under the pressure of the delegates he even made the concession of permitting the adoption of resolutions, with the result that the resolution introduced by the representative of the Young Workers League on Social Legislation for the Young Workers, and the resolution introduced by Clarence Miller on the organization of the young workers, were unanimously adopted. There was also quite a vigorous struggle over the question of whether the conference should elect a committee or not. Mr. Muste was against it. The delegates were for it. The delegates declared that they must elect a committee which would be able to carry out some of the decisions of the conference, which would be able to reach other trade unions with the message of the conference. And finally again, Mr. Muste was compelled to accede to the wishes of the delegates and a committee was elected.

The conference demonstrated one thing very clearly. The young workers are an important factor. They must be organized. Without the young workers, the struggle of the workers against the capitalist class is so much the harder. To whom will fall the task of organizing the young workers? To the Communists and the left wing. No other force can or will organize the young workers. The trade union bureaucrats will do all in their power to prevent the organization of the young workers. The liberals, like Muste, in between, will talk about organizing the young workers, but actually will act as a brake on this movement. The Communists and the left wing must be the ones to take the concrete measures for organizing the young workers. The Young Workers (Communist) League has for the past three years been in the forefront in this task. This still remains a fundamental task for the Young Workers (Communist) League. The Young Workers (Communist) League looks upon the Labor Youth Conference as a step of progress, not because of the achievements of Brookwood, but because of the achievements of the delegates themselves against them. What must be done now is to follow up, to actually carry out what the delegates expressed at the Labor Youth Conference at Brookwood and to spread this on a national scale.

The role of Brookwood at this conference was clear. His role was to rationalize and justify the betrayals of the bureaucracy and their attacks against the left wing and Communists. At times this betrayal was cleverly marked by the proper phraseology.

An Organized Meeting Is a Successful One

By SIDNEY BLOOMFIELD

With the election campaign getting under way the organization of propaganda meetings will play an important part in rallying the working class to our banner. In the course of my experience in the Socialist Party and the Communist Party campaigns I have seen many meetings ruined because of bad organization of the meeting, lack of organization of literature selling and unsystematic manner of making the collection.

In order to avoid failure of our propaganda meetings, I am offering a working program which may be modified according to the circumstances. With ten ordinary rank and file workers, a meeting can be organized in the following manner:

Four literature sellers; 2 in inside and 2 in outside aisles. 4 collectors; 2 in inside and 2 in outside aisles, women preferred; one literature seller to tend to literature table at entrance of hall; one comrade to act as chairman.

Literature

Before the meeting hall is opened, the literature table at the entrance should be placed so as to have the literature facing the the people upon entering hall. When meeting is on, the comrade in charge shall turn table around or switch the literature around so that people may read and buy upon leaving hall.

A variety of literature may be sold by the sellers and at the table before the meeting opens. A few minutes before opening the meeting, the chairman should call attention to the literature, explain its importance on sale and urge the audience to buy, withdrawing from the platform for a few minutes to allow uninterrupted selling. The sellers should call out and really peddle the various kinds of literature without however, creating any undue noise or disorder.

Aggressive selling will bring results. The speakers should be supported with heavy literature sales, as the major part of the success of any meeting consists in heavy literature sales.

One or two special pamphlets or books, to be sold from the platform by the speaker, chairman or other competent comrade should be set aside until the speaking is over. The sellers are to have an understanding with the comrade who is to introduce the book from the platform in a two-minute speech so as to commence selling as soon as the introductory speech is over.

When the chairman is about to open the meeting, all literature sellers must retire to the rear of the hall very quietly so as to allow meeting to go on undisturbed, check-up their sales and cash in to the comrade in charge of the literature. When this is done, the comrade in charge gives to each seller his or her allotment of the special pamphlets or books (that the speaker will later introduce) and quietly take his seat in the rear of hall, but to come forward to the front after the collection has been taken and the speaker commences to talk about the literature.

Ushers and Collectors.

The four collectors shall act as ushers until time of collection. When tired of walking around, the ushers may sit down occasionally at the rear of hall so as not to disturb the meeting by sitting down and getting up during the progress of the meeting.

The ushers shall act as collectors, and shall have hats or other receptacles ready before the meeting opens. They shall quietly move to the front of the hall and be ready for their work when the speaker or chairman begins to make the collection talk. If there are not sufficient comrades, then the same comrades acting as literature sellers may act as ushers as well as collectors.

If bills are collected first, the collectors are to leave their receptacles on the edges of the platform and go thru the audience for the bills. When the speaker asks for the general collection, then the hats or receptacles shall be used. Collectors should go slowly thru the lines or rows of seats so as not to miss anyone and to give all an opportunity to contribute. In this respect we may take a lesson from the church collectors.

Soon as all money is taken up, collectors shall proceed promptly to an ante-room or other place (to be agreed upon before collection) where the collection may be counted without disturbing the meeting by jingling of coins or the conversation of the collectors. The chairman of the collection squad shall take charge of the collection after the collectors have assisted in counting and have verified the amount.

Free Literature.

Literature for free distribution should not, as a rule, be placed on the seats. People do not buy literature as readily after having received free literature. Some people tear up or scatter the literature, making a mess on the floor. Others read the free literature while the speaker is talking. Many do not even take up the literature from the chair, but sit on it, leaving the literature in a wrinkled state when leaving the hall. On the other hand, if a few comrades are stationed at the door to pass out the free literature when the audience is leaving, very few people will refuse to take it. Many will take the literature home, as they don't wish to stop to read on the street. A piece of literature, taken home is just the desired aim and purpose of distribution. Upon passing out the literature, a few words as "take it home and read it," spoken out loud by the comrades passing out the literature to each individual has a good effect.

All printed matter; whether pamphlets, leaflets, papers or magazines should be stamped with a simple rubber stamp similar to the one used by one of our units bearing the following announcement:

"You are welcome! come to the

WORKERS PARTY
HEADQUARTER

Rooms 224-5 Day Bldg. 4 Walnut St.
EVERY SAT. & MONDAY EVE.

Good Speakers, Lively Discussions and Good Times."

All meetings should be made to yield as much as possible, and full advantage of the meetings must be taken. Announcements should be taken care of by the chairman, and important ones may be repeated at another time. A membership drive at every meeting, if done in a well planned manner so as not to bore the audience is always in order, and many different means can be resorted to if the committee is wide-awake. Subscriptions to the party publications may be taken and cooperation with the speaker or chairman makes this task easier. Various party supplies such as, subscription blanks, information, and membership application blanks as well as party programs should be on hand at all meetings.

HANdOuTS

Talk about the solid south. Even the dry agents in Birmingham, Ala., are good democrats. Yesterday they confiscated a freight car load of liquor destined for Kansas City, where the republican national convention will be held.

• • •

Congress has adjourned at last, and the worker can swell with pride at the millions appropriated for army and navy. Think of it! All that money being spent just to protect him from all those big wicked nations that are just itching to pounce on him!

• • •

A reader writes to suggest that we stop printing stories about Tammany graft. "That isn't news!" he says.

• • •

In Memoriam

Mrs. Knapp has very tender nerves,
(Far more persuasive than her ample curves)
And Mr. Fall a very sickly heart,
More, eloquent than legalistic art.

While Mr. Connolly of sewage fame,
Must go to Europe, so the papers claim;
And Mr. Mellon, suffering from bunions,
Goes to Bermuda to inspect the onions.

When will the reticent "spokesman" of this nation
Depart on his much-merited vacation?

—F. H.

President Cal's Gettysburg address was a signal for universal weeping. Even the skies were downcast.

• • •

Poor Senator Borah! After so many years of beautiful speech-making, of playing insurgent when insurging was fashionable, of showing faith in true American principles by trying to murder Haywood, Pettibone and Moyer, and now he isn't even mentioned for the republican nomination.

• • •

The Crisis of 1928

(Photo by New Bedford Standard.)

"Oh Mama, who is the nice ol' man in the picture?"

"Norman Thomas, my child."

"Well, what in the world is he doing?"

"Nothing at all, my child. He's a socialist."

"Well, what's a socialist for?"

"When the capitalist system begins to slip, a socialist holds it up."

"But in the picture, mama, he's only holding up his pants, isn't he?"

"Adolph! Take the flatiron out of your mouth and come to mama this instant and get pinned up!"

Lost & Found Dept.

LOST—Presbyterian prayer book. Please return to Rev. Norman Thomas, Brickbat Presbyterian Church. Finder will receive reward of benediction worth seventy-five cents.

• • •

THE ORDINARY.

"Great Accident! One Hundred Thousand Dead!"
You were incredulous if so you read;
And wherefore then of the unusual speak,
A Million die each ordinary week;
And any common hour, the floods of pain
Run deeper than upon the battle-plain.

—R. W.

• • •

WHO'S WHO.

JACKSON MINTZER. Born Aug. 2, 1894. Ed. in public and high schools. Married Mollie Blintzes July 2, 1915. Entered dress goods business of father-in-law. Joined socialist party, March 4, 1916. Candidate for assembly on S. P. ticket, 1918, 1919, 1920. Member of B. P. O. E., International Order of Odd Fellows, and Brith Sholem, Lodge 281. Recreation: golf, tourist trips to Europe, lodge meetings.

THE ORGANIZATION OF THE
UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

Vol. V. No. 130.

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 2, 1928

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, $8.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail, $6.00 per year.

Price 3 Cents

[illegible]AVE CRISIS MAY CLOSE THE DAILY WORKER SOON

TO O[illegible]DERS:

COMRA[illegible]

The DAILY WORKER is likely to cease publication within the next few days. The only hope of continuing publication is in receiving very substantial financial help immediately.

So urgent is the need that we are obliged now to put the matter up to the workers and sympathizers to decide whether this, the only daily Communist paper in the English language, is to continue its life.

The paper received an ultimatum yesterday from its printer that unless certain financial demands long postponed, were met, the printing shop would be unable to get out today's issue of the paper. Last night we succeeded in raising one thousand dollars to meet the first requirement, without which this issue of The DAILY WORKER would not have appeared today.

We cannot continue to publish unless the other demands are met. For a long time we have struggled to keep from going to our readers with this urgent cry for help. We are now compelled to take you into our confidence, put the terms before you and let you decide. The terms are:

Five thousand dollars must be raised by Saturday, June 9.

Ten thousand dollars must be raised within two weeks.

Do not misunderstand. If the first $5,000 is not received within the next seven days, we will be compelled to suspend. It may be necessary to reduce the size of the paper to four pages before the middle of the week, if the funds do not come in very rapidly Monday and Tuesday. In any case, if we do not receive $10,000 within the two weeks, The DAILY WORKER will go out of existence.

There appears to be no other choice this time.

We appeal to you, Comrades, Communists, sympathizers, militant workers, for whom The DAILY WORKER has fought in every strike, in every cause of the working class during the last four years, not to let our revolutionary fighting organ fall.

Our Party, of which The DAILY WORKER is the central organ, needs our revolutionary daily more in the next few months than ever before. We are just entering the biggest campaign we have ever faced. The struggle of the fighting coal miners against the open shop bosses and against the treacherous Lewis bureaucracy in the union is at its most critical point. The textile workers, in the midst of battle, and the needle trades workers whose long struggle is one of the bravest in the history of our class, need this fighting paper more than ever before.

And we are determined to live and to fight on, if it can be made possible.

Send help quickly.

Send by telegraph, airmail or special delivery, as large sums as you can possibly spare at any sacrifice. Address DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York, N.Y.

Special Committee for the Management,
ROBERT MINOR
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG
R. SALZMAN
A. RAVITCH

MINE WOMEN OF DISTRICT FIVE IN BIG CONVENTION

Report Organization of Many Districts

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, May 31 (By Mail).—Militant determination was the keynote of the conference of women delegates to the District 5 convention of the United Mine Workers which concluded here yesterday.

Twenty-one of the 28 women delegates present at the convention remained for the women's conference which represented 12 Ladies' Auxiliaries and women's Win-The-Strike Circles. That the mine women of District 5 have been won over to the support of the progressive mine movement was evident from the reports of the delegates. The women auxiliaries of the United Mine Workers' Union, broken up by the high-handed, reactionary tactics of the "leading ladies," hand picked by Lewis, are now being rebuilt on a democratic basis, the delegates declared.

Organization Increases.

Reports from Renton showed that over 100 women have been organized in one circle. "We meet regularly and everyone is solid for the union," Mrs. Mondale, chairman of the conference reported.

In Bentlyville it was learned the women's auxiliary have a fund of $100 in their treasury to be used for special relief, medicine and so on. Children in the section have been organized for months, the women reported.

Women of Cokeburg and Marianna have likewise been organized into active clubs which are supporting the strike and the progressives. From this section and from many others came the uniform report of beatings on picket lines and police brutality.

"We can't tell you how many times we have been beaten up," one dele-

(Continued on Page Two)

WHITEWASH FOR MINE DISASTER

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MATHER, Pa., May 31 (By Mail).—Officials of the state bureau of mines who are investigating the causes of the explosion which killed 197 miners here on May 19, refuse to disclose the results of gas tests made in the Mather workings for nearly an hour, Monday, May 28. The tests were made in a section of the mine said to have been rock-dusted a week before the disaster.

No part of the information gained through questioning of mine operators as to ventilation and mine equipment was made public. In the meantime crews engaged in clearing the mine of wreckage have recovered eight more bodies, bringing the total of known dead to 182. Mine officials, it is reported, were questioned concerning the operation of ventilation fans and methods used for the elimination of gas from the mine.

Miners here still insist that the explosion was caused by gas accumulations and that precautions on the part

(Continued on Page Two)

Militarist Plane Safe in Honolulu

The tri-motored airplane, Southern Cross, shown in the picture, is one of the planes to attempt the trans-Pacific flight from California to Australia via Honolulu. The plane is piloted by Captain Charles Kingsford-Smith, and two other Australian army officers. The planes were escorted from the California coast by an airplane belonging to the Union Oil Corporation.

MICHIGAN READY FOR COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN

Michigan will have a stirring Communist election campaign this year according to William Reynolds, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, who was recently chosen candidate for governor on the Workers Party ticket.

Reynolds, who was in New York City for the National Nominating Convention of the Party, in an interview yesterday at The DAILY WORKER gave his impressions of the Communist election prospects this year.

"Our presidential candidates, Foster and Gitlow drew a large vote in Michigan in 1924. The Communist vote in this state was one of the largest in the country. This year we will increase our vote record for our Party substantially. The struggles which we have been carrying on especially among the auto workers has brought the Party to the fore."

Reynolds was chosen as candidate for governor at the May 19 state con-

(Continued on Page Two)

"TRY" COMMUNIST HEADS IN SECRET

More Militants Jailed in Rome

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

ROME, June 1.—The Italian newspapers contain no information concerning the trial of the Central Committee of the Italian Communist Party which is now taking place here. Reports of the trial have not been sent by any foreign correspondents.

The trial is being held in complete secrecy. The court indictment is said to be illegal by some of the foremost authorities. The accused has accepted responsibility for the actions of the Italian Communist Party.

The Italian Party has issued a mass appeal concerning the trial.

More arrests are reported here and in Toscana.

TWO DIE IN BLAST AT DUPONT PLANT

Williamsburgh Firetrap Injures 3 Others

Fire in a tenement house near the Brooklyn end of the Williamsburg Bridge took a toll of two lives and resulted in the injury of three persons here yesterday.

Breaking out in the ground floor of a four-story structure the flames quickly enveloped the building trapping Phillip Salant, 27, and his wife, Rose, 28.

Other occupants escaped by jumping from windows or scrambling down the fire escape. Firemen aided in the rescue of many.

Important Notice

Louie Zislman, DAILY WORKER agent, is leaving for a tour next Monday. He will visit Pittsburgh and all surrounding cities. All comrades and DAILY WORKER readers are asked to cooperate with him.

Canton War Lords Kill 6 Railroad Strikers

Appeal the Sentence of Mill Strike Leader

REPEATED ARREST OF LEADERS CAN'T HALT PICKETING

3000 Hear Weisbord At Mass Meeting

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 1.—An appeal to the Superior Court has been made by the International Labor Defense for William T. Murdoch, sentenced to 90 days, A. Porter, 30 days, and 12 other active strikers, heavily fined for picketing the mill gates earlier in the week. Murdoch, who is secretary of the New Bedford Textile Mills Committee, was released only after bail of $900 was furnished.

The sharpness of the attack launched by the police all during last week in an effort to halt the regular picketing being conducted by the workers following the Textile Mill Committee, has proved a boomerang. As arrests of the picket leaders continued daily, the number of workers turning out for picket duty increased. Yesterday almost 1,000 workers reported early in the morning to patrol the mill gates.

Hear Weisbord.

Three thousand textile strikers turned out to hear Albert Weisbord, Passaic textile strike leader, and national head of the Textile Mills Committee, at a meeting held yesterday on lots at the South end. While the meeting was in progress the 14 released on appeal arrived. They were enthusiastically cheered by the thousands assembled. Fred E. Beal, Mill Committee organizer, was among the 14. The strike meetings of the Textile Mill Committee are held several times a week and each meeting shows an increase of several hundreds of strikers. The Textile Council meetings, on the other hand, are becoming less and less attended.

While the picketing was going on

(Continued on Page Two)

JAILED FOR SHOOTING.

WASHINGTON, Pa., June 1.—Fred Nearguard, 64, of Sturgeon, is now in jail here awaiting trial, charged with having shot at John Yoursh, a farmer.

Alarms Textile Bosses Even in Jail

William T. Murdoch, leader of the Textile Mills Committee, which has brought the New Bedford textile pickets out on the lines in spite of the police and the tactics of the reactionary leaders of the Textile Council, is shown behind the bars in the New Bedford jail. Murdoch was arrested while leading the picket line at the Hathaway mill. He has since been liberated on $900 bail.

NINE MEN DROWNED WHEN VESSEL SINKS

BOSTON, Mass., June 1.—Nine seamen of the Merchants and Miners Transportation company freighter Kershaw were drowned early today, it is believed, when the dollar liner President Garfield, on the last lap from New York to Boston after a cruise around the world, rammed and sunk the Kershaw in Vinyard Sound, off Vineyard Haven.

The Kershaw rolled over and went down ten minutes after the collision, carrying nine of the members of the crew down with it, according to reports, which are not complete as yet.

The ship's papers of the Kershaw went down with the vessel, and the names of the drowned men were not available. But it is known that many of the drowned and lost were Negroes, who made up the bulk of the freighter's crew.

Although the most complete list available at present gives the number of drowned as nine, later reports may reveal that many more died when the Kershaw went down.

40 Workers Jailed by Hungarian Terrorists

BUDAPEST, (By Mail).—Forty Hungarian workers were arrested in preparation for the May Day activities of the Horthy police. Thruout the day, police and troops patrolled the streets, preventing all demonstrations in the capital. Even a number of workers who wore red flowers in the buttonholes were arrested.

DEATH IN LUNGS OF SUBWAY WORKERS

75 New York Union Men Are Beyond the Aid of Science

One a week, New York's subway builders are dying of a baffling disease known as silicosis. Pounding at hard rock with drills, 1,500 members of the Subway and Tunnel Constructors Union breathe in rock dust, coating lungs and giving rise to tumors and abscesses soon incurable. 75 union members are doomed to die, beyond the aid of medicine, within the next five years, asserts President Thomas J. Curtis of the international union.

Dry rock drills are cheaper than drills jacketed with water connections to allay the dust.

* * *

SUBWAY builders, working deep in cuts through Manhattan's solid underpinning, carrying heavy automatic hammers and drills, find it nearly impossible to wear suffocating masks throughout the day, as bosses advise. Promises have been made by the city, as the result of the union's expose, to equip drills with water connections.

Granite Cutters Union years ago ordered an investigation of surfacing methods which were sending poisonous dust into lungs of members. Arsenic was found to be a menacing ingredient.

* * *

UNION rules were enforced to abate the evil, but even now one-third of Ohio sandstone workers are found to be suffering from silicosis and in New South Wales, 17 per cent of quarry workers were afflicted. In a third of these cases, tuberculosis had also set in.

FLYERS LAND IN HONOLULU

HONOLULU, June 1.—The monoplane Southern Cross landed here safely at 4:19 p. m. today after a 2,400 mile journey from Oakland, Cal. The four Australian imperialist fliers who piloted the plane and who were for a time thought lost were all reported to be in good condition.

WORKER-PEASANT ARMIES GAINING THRUOUT SOUTH

Take Two More Cities in Drive on Canton

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 1.—In an effort to stem the railway strike which has tied up three of the principal railways in the province of Kwangtung, General Li Chai-sum, war-lord in control of the city of Canton, has executed six railway workers, one of them a leader of the union, according to information received here by the Canada Morning News, left wing Chinese newspaper. Fifteen other railway workers have been jailed.

* * *

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 1.—The worker-peasant troops are gaining victories thruout southern China, according to the Canada Morning News, left wing Chinese newspaper.

Many cities in southern China are in complete control of workers, artisans and peasants who have ousted the military and established their governments. In most of the cases the risings were spontaneous. Other cities have been taken by well-organized worker-peasant armies. Armies marching southwest from Hunan province and south from Swatow are approaching Canton, according to the reports.

Recent victories for workers and peasants are reported to have taken place in the city of Chau-Kwan, a strategically important city between Kwangtung and Kwangsi provinces, and in Yuan-shen, a large city in Szechuan province.

CLOAK PARLEY TO BE OPENED TODAY

The conference of shop representatives, called together by the National Organizing Committee opens at 10 o'clock this morning at Webster Hall, 11th Street and Third Ave. The purpose of the meeting is to begin the drive to build the union of the rank and file cloak and dressmakers, and to again reclaim the industry from the morass of open-shopdom into which the Socialist-boss partnership has driven it.

A whole series of such conferences are to be held in the near future in all ladies garment manufacturing centers of the country.

The conference of the National Organizing Committee, sent broadcast to the workers in the entire industry, has been answered by as great a response from the shops, as has ever been recorded at any of the numerous gatherings of cloak and dress makers yet held, according to the preliminary reports coming in.

One of the first tasks of the conference tomorrow will be to give a fi-

(Continued on Page Two)

Worker Candidates to Run on the Farmer-Labor Ticket in North Dakota

KNUTSON, LOESCH AND BARRETT ARE CHOSEN TO LEAD

Farmers to Join with Industrial Workers

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BISMARCK, N. D., June 1.—Candidates who will fight for the interests of the working and tenant farmers have just been filed in the North Dakota primary to be held June 27 They are the following:

For United States senator, Alfred Knutson, of Bismarck, editor of the United Farmer; for governor, K. P Loesch, of Montpelier, working farmer; for congress, 3rd district, P. J Barrett, of Sanish, working farmer These candidates are running on the Farmer-Labor ticket.

A campaign will be launched as soon as possible to acquaint the farmers of the state with the candidates' program which include such demands as a five-year moratorium on farm mortgage debts, including debts on chattels; protection against monopoly prices; law against foreclosures; abolition of taxes on poor farmers; land for the users; an alliance with the workers in the industries, the organization of farm workers into unions.

This program and the campaign which is conducted by these working farmers' candidates are in sharp contrast to the program and the campaign carried on by the capitalist candidates in the old parties.

A feature of the election campaign will be the carrying on of a drive for members in the United Farmers' Educational League, to organize permanent units of the league which will carry on regular and systematic educational work among the farmers.

It is possible that other state and congressional candidates will be chosen by means of a sticker campaign, the plan being to have as complete a ticket as possible for the fall election.

NINE WOMEN TO ORGANIZE RANKS

Conference Sets Plans For Activities

(Continued from page one)

gate reported, "but they can't stop us."

Mrs. Mondale reported also that ickville organized with 9 women two weeks ago. Fifteen came to the second meeting. In Apollo, 39 women joined. In New Fields and North Bessemer, 12 came to the first meeting. At the second 19 were present. At present it already has 80 members.

The conference, planned for the organization of children in groups, voted to support the "Coal Digger," the official organ of the progressives, for drawing in of the Negro women into the organization and for other important measures.

The executive committee elected at the conference voted to call another conference in six weeks. All communications, it was announced, should be addressed to Mrs. Mondale, Renton, Pa.

Italian Metal Workers Toil 12 Hours a Day

GENEVA, June 1.—That workers in the Italian metal trades work twelve hours a day was revealed at the Fascist Trade Union Congress which closed recently.

Cuzzeri, metalurgical delegate to the fascist congress, admitted that in numerous cases the working day was eleven or twelve hours.

Cal Hires Cool Little Shanty In the Woods

THE realization of a childhood ambition has been attained by President Coolidge, it was announced yesterday, with the acquisition by him of a little shack up in the north woods of Wisconsin.

Quiet meditation, rest, and study of the manifest destiny of the United States will be interrupted only by leisurely trout fishing outside the little hut.

Latest descriptions of the shanty which the frugal Vermonter has selected include these details:

It took 45 years to build and cost more than $1,000,000. The shack is set down in the midst of 5,000 acres of virgin forest land—six times the area of Central Park.

Appropriately enough, it was built by the late lamented Henry Clay Pierce, oil man and former partner of John D. Rockefeller.

Killed For Publicity

Lieutenant Paul Evert, shown in the picture, was killed when the balloon in which he was traveling in the international preliminaries at Pittsburgh was struck by lightning. The balloon regatta is sponsored by a number of large newspapers who are seeking for publicity in this way.

$653,756 SPENT BY OLD PARTIES

Sen. Heflin is On Klan Payroll

WASHINGTON, June 1. — A total of $653,756 has been admittedly spent so far by the candidates for president in both the Democratic and Republican parties, according to a tabulation yesterday by the Senate Campaign Funds Committee. Herbert Hoover, reactionary ballyhooer of the Republican party, still leads the list with more than half the total outlay. The tabulation follows:

Senator Heflin Klansman

Republicans	
Secretary of Com. Hoover	$348,342.61
Late Sen. Wills of Ohio	66,769.52
Sen. Watson of Indiana	30,990.15
Ex-Gov. Lowden, Illinois	58,552.90
Sen. Goff of West Virginia	1,323.35
Senator Curtis of Kansas	6,560.00
Sen. Norris of Nebraska	6.00
Total	$512,544.53
Democrats	
Gov. Smith of New York	$100,308.52
Senator Reed of Missouri	37,211.79
Senator Walsh of Montana (withdrawn)	1,001.52
Rep. Hull of Tennessee	845.00
Ex-Senator Pomerene, Ohio	100.00
Ex.-Sen Hitchcock, Nebraska	1,744,86

Senator Heflin, democrat of Alabama, also accounted for the expenditure of several thousand shekels. According to William Zumbrunn, general counsel for the Ku Klux Klan, who testified before the senate presidential campaign committee yesterday, Heflin received payment from the klan for speeches directed against Al Smith, in Ohio, New York, and Iowa.

WHITEWASH FOR MINE TRAGEDY

Operators Will Not Be Implicated

(Continued from page one)

of the company might have averted the disaster.

"The report of rock-dusting is a cloak," one miner declares. "They keep talking about it, as if that was the only thing they could have done to prevent the explosion." Whether the board of inquiry intends officially to fix responsibility for the explosion, none of its members would state.

With memories of their dead still fresh, Mather coal diggers are bitter toward the company and toward the investigating body. The sorrow of the town was brought to a high pitch late last week when the last of the bodies found in the mine were buried in trenches because decomposition had set in and there was no possibility of identifying the corpses.

In the meantime 200,000 miners in Kansas, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois Indiana and Iowa are still on strike for union conditions.

Starvation, new evictions in eastern Ohio and West Virginia, continued police brutality and the dread possibility of disease caused by the warm weather in the unsanitary and crowded barracks all face the miners.

The National Miners' Relief Committee is helping the miners fight. It is the only relief organization which is functioning so widely, regularly and generously. Send all contributions to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., to help the miners win their fight.

THREE BALLOON WINNERS.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 1.—The United States Army Balloon No. 1, the Detroit News and the American Business Club entries in the national elimination races here, winners of the first three places in the race, will represent the United States in the international balloon race in Detroit, June 30.

SLINGER URGES ILLINOIS MINERS TO BUILD UNION

Shows How Lewis Acts For Operators

By DAN SLINGER.

(Newly elected secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, Illinois section).

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 1.—Miners of Illinois are passing through an industrial crisis which testified to the treachery and failure of the policies and tactics of the Lewis and Fishwick machines.

The convention of the rank and file miners in Belleville May 19 and 20 delivered a telling blow to Fishwick and all of his cohorts by declaring their offices vacant and electing from the floor of the convention George Voyzey for president, who was a candidate for International president against John L. Lewis in 1924. Lewis then had to steal the election to retain his office.

Choose Tried Leaders.

Luke Coffey, who was elected vice-president, is one of the war horses who has consistently fought for the rank and file miners. In order to remove this militant miner, the machine revoked the charter of Local 705, O'Fallon, Ill. They cared nothing for the other men who belonged to this local union, as long as they could wreak their vengeance. In order that the miners might understand what kind of men are at the head of the machine in Illinois, we have but to look toward Belleville, Ill., the home of the secretary-treasurer, Walter Nesbit, who, with a band of thugs entered the Monarch Restaurant before the convention and attacked Freeman Thompson, John Watts and George Voyzey. When the smoke of battle cleared away his gang was in full retreat with Nesbit in the lead.

The coal loading machine and conveyor in Illinois has become a real menace under the separate agreements of Fishwick. At Nigger Hollow Mine No. 1, the miners are loading in some instances as high as nineteen tons on a conveyor for $8.04; this 19 tons of coal at the tonnage rate of 87c would mean $16.53 which is more than twice the amount paid on the conveyor, but the Lewises and the Fishwicks will still insist that they are signing up the Jacksonville agreement with no backward step. This shows how the miners have been betrayed by these bankrupt officials.

Open Shop.

At West Frankfort, Ill., where an agreement was signed up, the miners went out to work and after finding that there was no checkweighman on the tipple and that the company would not recognize a pit committee they returned home and the rank and file called a special meeting which continued until noon when they adjourned to meet again in the afternoon.

At the afternoon session the president of the local union appeared and declared the meeting illegal. The rank and file then called a meeting for June 25th.

While these fakers are signing up these fake agreements which are destroying the miners' organization they further continue their ruinous policy by revoking charters at Wilsonville, Orient, and other local unions. As one miner has stated, these officials had taken everything else but membership away from the miners, and now they are proceeding to take that. The officials elected at the rank and file convention advise the miners to quit paying their dues to this wrecking-crew of the Lewises and Fishwicks and send their dues to Dan H. Slinger, secretary-treasurer, Illinois section, U. M. W. of A., 128-A West Main St., Belleville, Ill. Miners, take control of your union!

Trainer in Circus

BANGOR, Me., June 1.—Cut and torn by the attack of two huge tigers at a circus here, Mabel Stark, tiger tamer, went back into the cage of the beasts for a second time and was struck down by the paw of one of the tigers. Attendants were able to draw her from the cage in safety.

The woman slipped as she first entered the cage and in an instant the other huge cat was upon her, ripping at her clothing with his claws. She made her escape after halting the animal for a minute by firing blank cartridges. She was re-

Pull Strings to Buy Off Radium Poison Victims

Efforts continue to buy off the five victims of radium poisoning who are suing the United States Radium Corporation of Orange, N. J., for $250,000 each.

Katherine Schaub, Albina Larice

Physicians have given the women less than a year to live as a result of the poisoning from the radio-active substance introduced into their system by wetting brushes with their lips while painting luminous dials on watches.

Federal Judge William Clark has stepped into the case as "unofficial mediator" in an effort to save the radium company more than a million dollars. A two-hour conference was held at his offices in Newark between officers of the radium company and counsel for both sides, at which terms of a "deal" were discussed. It is understood that the radium company proposes to give each of the victims $25,000 and a $3,000 a year pension for life. Since the five women, who are in constant great pain, have less than a year to live, their former employers would not have to spend much in pension money.

Quinta MacDonald, Edna Hussman

The fact that Raymond H. Berry, counsel for the five women, is a former law associate of Judge Clark gives the proceedings a rather unsavory tone. In defense of his altruistic efforts in behalf of the radium corporation Judge Clark has issued a statement to the effect that if the cases go to trial, it might take two or three years before a decision is made.

Grace Fryer

The five radium-poisoning victims, whose slow living death is due to conditions which are typical of many factories in this country, are Mrs. Edna Hussman, Mrs. Quinta MacDonald, Miss Grace Fryer, Miss Katherine Schaub and Mrs. Albina Larice. Their damage suits are scheduled to come up in Circuit Court June 11.

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A five year old boy, born of a mother who died from radium poisoning, will be the subject of scientific experiments to determine whether such a child is doomed to the same death, it was learned today.

"Sonny" Scott, playing today on a farm in Connecticut, is the child who will be examined by scientists and physicians to determine whether his mother, Mrs. Eleanor Scott, gave him death at the same time she gave him life by transmitting the radium poisoning that was in her bones.

Mrs. Scott died on Dec. 21, 1927, from radium poisoning contracted during her work in the plant of the United States Radium Corporation, Orange, N. J.

Negro in Jury Formed to Try Robt. W. Stewart

WASHINGTON, June 1.—A jury of four women and eight men—one of the latter a Negro—was formed today by Justice Frederick L. Siddons to try Colonel Robert W. Stewart, chairman of the Standard Oil Company (Indiana), charged with contempt of the senate in connection with the Teapot Dome graft and slush fund inquiry.

The oil millionaire declined to answer two questions asked by the Senate Public Lands Committee last February.

MINE, TEXTILE ARTICLES IN NEW LABOR UNITY

Watt, Weisbord Write For June Number

With Weisbord writing on the New Bedford textile strike, and with John Watt, the chairman of the Pittsburgh National "Save the Miners' Union" Conference describing the latest developments in the great fight to drive the reactionaries out of control of the United Mine Workers and win the coal strike, with William Z. Foster explaining and denouncing the Mitten-Mahon agreement in traction, the June issue of Labor Unity appears.

"The miners go on to their district conventions," says Watt, and illustrates by examples, the strategy of the left wing forces, and its growing success. Already the larger districts have unseated the machine officials in meetings representing the locals and sub-districts.

"A most significant strike in the heart of the cotton goods industry, which is the bigger, basic side of the textile industry seldom affected by large scale struggles, though most exploited," is the gist of Weisbord's analysis, and he calls on all labor to rally to the aid of New Bedford strikers.

There are articles on the International Ladies' Garment Workers' convention and the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' convention, on the coming carpenters' convention, on the internal feuds in Chiang Kai-shek's militarist government, and the rising tide of worker-peasant revolution in China, on the textile situation in England, where the employers contemplate a lock-out of 80,000 workers this month, and 200,000 may strike, on the Red International of Labor Unions Congress, on the place of William D. Haywood in American labor history, on the rising militancy of women in the mine fields, on the betrayal of the taxi strike in Newark, and the present situation in the Cleaners' and Dyers' Unions, as well as other features.

Labor Unity is published by the Trade Union Educational League, 2 West 15th St., New York City, and sells for 20 cents a copy.

APPEAL JAILING OF STRIKE HEADS

Repeated Arrests Fail to Halt Picketing

(Continued from page one)

this morning, before the Hathaway and Page Mills, W. E. G. Batty, secretary of U. T. W. Council stood with a few followers on the other side of the street, watching the strikers, their wives and children march up and down the gates.

May Try to Reopen.

Well-founded rumors are rife that the majority of the mill owners will finally make a concerted effort to reopen the mills Monday morning with strikebreakers. The answer of the Textile Mill Committee leadership to this is the rapid mobilization of the largest picket lines yet thrown around the plants.

The workers in the Beacon Mills, one of the few plants not attempting the cut in wages which led to the present strike of 28,000 workers, are threatening to join the walkout. During the last few weeks the owners of the Beacon Mills have installed a new system of production that forces a great increase in the amount of work turned out by the individual worker for the same pay. The workers at meetings declare that the speed-up is so viciously intense, it is unbearable. An immediate walkout is the demand of the men, but the officials of the skilled workers' union are seeking negotiations with the boss in an attempt to avert it.

The great need of the strikers, however, is relief contributions. The Workers' International Relief is extending its fund raising campaign thruout the nation. With support tendered by the other workers the tremendous fighting stamina of the thousands of strikers assures a victorious finish to this struggle, the W. I. R. declares in its appeal for relief.

NO MORE CHICKEN FOR COAL DIGGERS

Company-Unionizing Scheme of Coal Firm Is Abandoned

SCRANTON, Pa., (FP) June 1.—No more free chicken dinners for Hudson Coal Co. employes! The new Hudson president, Mr. Leamy, has decided to save the $1,000,000 spent annually to provide his 22,000 employes with chicken, turkey and squab dinners monthly. These dinners were an important part of the company's "educational" program in its efforts to teach the men how to adopt efficiency methods and use electric labor-saving devices in the mines.

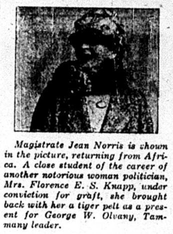
Nowhere in the anthracite has the effort to company-unionize the men been so deliberate as here. Each month the men gathered at a hotel to dine at the company's expense, while efficiency experts told them how to apply brains to their work. The miners, glad to get a good feed occasionally, usually attended these dinners and listened to the engineers.

• • •

MR. Leamy evidently believes it is not necessary to spend the $1,000,000 annually to convert workers to the efficiency scheme. It is reported that efficiency experts will invade the operations and study conditions with a view to curtailing the number of men employed and speeding up production.

New bookkeeping methods have worked havoc among the clerical staffs with wholesale dismissals. Recess periods of 10 minutes enjoyed by certain employed groups have also been eliminated in the interests of more output.

She Plays the Game



Magistrate Jean Norris is shown in the picture, returning from Africa. A close student of the career of another notorious woman politician, Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp, under conviction for graft, she brought back with her a tiger pelt as a present for George W. Olvany, Tammany leader.

CLOAK DELEGATES OPEN MEET TODAY

Conference First Step to Real Union

(Continued from page one)

ting answer to the newest swindle the Sigman-Schlesinger gang is trying to perpetrate. This is the proclamation issued yesterday over the signature of Schlesinger which he printed in the Forward and had distributed in leaflet form.

With a once powerful organization, completely shattered by himself, Sigman and their followers, staring him in the face, Schlesinger hypocritically calls for "Peace" and "Unity" on the terms of the fake manifesto issued by the convention of union wreckers held recently in Boston which rules exponents of progressive policies, Communists, who can never hold office. In this leaflet Schlesinger also calls the workers to attend the meeting to celebrate Sigman's "victory" in obtaining on paper what the workers won in the bitter strike of 1926, namely the 40-hour week.

Propaganda For Tax.

The meeting as well as the new Schlesinger proclamation meets with the ridicule of the cloak and dressmakers. They clearly see that the reason for both is to propagandize for the payment of the 3 day tax, which was the outcome of the fake convention.

The conference today effectively answers not only this latest fake manoeuver of the right wing, but will also decide its attitude toward the meeting to "celebrate" Sigman's paper 40-hour week.

The representatives of the tens of thousands of exploited workers in the industry will also erect a permanent functioning machine of shop chairmen, whose task it will be to carry into practice all the decisions passed at the conference. The conference will also produce real plans for the effective enforcement of the 40-hour week and all other union conditions in the trade.

MICHIGAN READY FOR BIG CAMPAIGN

Large Communist Vote is Expected

(Continued from Page One)

vention held at Flint, Michigan. Running with him for lieutenant-governor is Wilfred Newman, a Negro worker of Detroit who has likewise played an important part in the struggles of the workers of Michigan and in other parts of the country.

Flint is an auto town, the home of the General Motors Company. "We chose that city," Reynolds declared, "for our convention in order to show the workers; that we, the Communists, come where they are, to the scene of action, for our political as well as our industrial campaigns."

The convention at Flint was attended by about 75 delegates. Before the meeting was held officials of the General Motors Company influenced the owners of the Knights of Pythias Hall to cancel the agreement for the hall on the ground that the Workers Party was an illegal Party. Only after considerable agitation and after the police department was forced to admit that the Party is not illegal was the meeting room opened.

Reynolds worked in the auto industry until 1913 when he was blacklisted by all the companies because of his organizational activities. He has been active in many struggles of the workers since that time.

There is a growing pressure among the auto workers for organization he declared, due to the wage cuts and speed-up. Sporadic strikes and widespread resentment show that the workers are becoming more militant, he said.

BORAH TO KEEP TALKING.

WASHINGTON, June 1. — Senator Borah (R) of Idaho, chairman of the foreign relations committee today was urged to visit Europe in an official capacity this summer. A formal invitation was extended to him to join the American group to the interparliamentary union in Berlin in August.

POWER MAGNATES BUY UP COLORADO SCHOOL TEACHERS

Purchased Profs to Help Spread Propaganda

WASHINGTON, June 1. — Further evidence of the power interests propaganda work in Colorado schools and colleges was adduced at the Federal Trade Commission's power trust investigation today.

George V. Lewis, executive manager of the Rocky Mountain Public Utility Information Committee, who previously testified 24 Colorado professors were on the payroll, resumed the stand. He produced a number of checks which were paid to professors in various Colorado educational institutions. He said they were mostly for "expenses of the professors in attending utilities conferences."

Under questioning by Robert E. Healy, commission counsel, Lewis declared there was no connection between the Denver utilities speaking course and the extension division of Colorado University. He volunteered, however, that a Prof. Copeland of Colorado College conducted the utilities course at Pueblo.

Dr. Charles A. Lory of Colorado Agricultural College was revealed as being a recipient of expense money to a meeting of the utilities education committee.

Several checks for $25 to E. Hofe and son aroused Healy's curiosit Lewis explained that they paid for regular monthly subscriptions to Hofer's news service which, he claimed, was sent to 1,400 country daily and weekly newspapers over the nation.

MORE MINERS ARE EVICTED

Need For Relief Grows Desperate

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., (By Mail).—One hundred and twenty-six new eviction orders, not included in any of the previous reports of wholesale evictions in progress at the Crow Hollow, No. 1 mine in Jefferson county, in eastern Ohio, have been reported to the National Miners' Relief Committee.

The court orders which compel striking miners' families to give up their dwellings were issued by Judge Benson Hough in federal district court at Columbus, Ohio, upon the request of the United States Coal Company which is attempting to re-open its mine on a non-union basis. Fifty-nine houses at the mine which are empty, would be adequate to house as many strikebreakers as the company could import during the next month.

The eviction move is looked upon as an effort to break the resistance of the miners and discourage mass picketing when the non-union miners arrive at the mine. In half a dozen instances where entire communities were evicted in preparation for resumption of mining on a non-union basis, mass picket lines prevented strikebreakers from entering the mine. These picket lines which patrolled the roads regularly for days before the non-union miners arrived, were present in every case to warn the scabs away before they could start work. This picketing method is being used at the Crow Hollow mine.

A RICH MAN'S PARTY.

A dumbwaiter shaft door that looked like a washroom portal after a rich man's party early today cost pretty Irene Cross, 26-year-old show girl, a broken leg and other injuries. The girl plunged three stories down the shaft. Her home is in Rochester, N. Y.

Star Athletes From Harvard Now Scholars

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 1.—The rich men's sons attending Harvard University have vindicated their claim to "scholarship." Goaded into a sense of inferiority because of repeated accusations that the institution was becoming a fashionable country club with incidental facilities for study, a "culture contest" was held recently between Harvard and Yale.

The results of the contest, which consisted of a three-hour quiz in English literature, were made public today, Harvard being declared the winner. The score was 117-93. It was not revealed whether the figures represent brain cells or goals.

The fatuous performance was arranged thru the philanthropy of Mrs. William Lowell Putnam, wife of a long line of New England distinguished exploiters. She donated $125,000.

Hungarian Embassy in Vienna Maintains Forgery Bureau, It Is Revealed

BARBUSSE, HEAD OF DELEGATION IS THREATENED

Demand Release of Bela Kun in Telegram

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

VIENNA, June 1.—That the Hungarian embassy in Vienna maintains a secret forgery bureau is the charge made by the Rote Fahne, official organ of the German Communist Party. The bureau is located in a private house and maintains a private telephone.

The Rote Fahne promises the publication of documents substantiating its charges in the near future.

Henri Barbusse, internationally-known French novelist, who is heading a delegation in behalf of Bela Kun, has received a number of threatening letters.

Barbusse has sent Minister of Justice Dinghofer a telegram protesting against his refusal to see the delegation.

DETROIT SPORTS UNION IN MEET

Over 1,000 Witness 75 Participants

DETROIT, June 1.—The Detroit Labor Sports Union track and field meet held Sunday, May 27 at Loon Lake proved to be one of the most successful meets held by worker athletes in this city. Seventy-five athletes participated in the many events on the program. In spite of the fact that the weather was unusually cold for this time of the year, over 1,000 spectators turned out to watch the athletes perform.

The 100 yard dash was one of the most exciting events on the program. H. Lindquist, of the Scandinavian A. C. won this event with J. Koski of the Voima A. C. only three feet behind. The winners of the other events were Geo. Toyryla, R. Lonn, and A. Wilima.

In a well-played baseball game, the members of the Voima proved superior to the team from the Yemas A. C. by a score of 10 to 9.

Plans are being made to hold another meet soon, and the Detroit Labor Sports Union is planning to send about six or more athletes to New York to take part in the national meet of the Labor Sports Union.

STRIKES IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, June 1.—Eight thousand carpenters have voted 7 to 1 to strike for $1.37½ an hour and the 5-day week. Union bricklayers will drop trowels unless their demand for $1.50 is granted. And structural iron-workers have quit cable and beam for $1.50. Three hundred iron workers have already won their 25-cent increase and are back on the job.

British Misleader

British textile workers, more than 16,000 of whom are now on strike, must not only contend with the new attack of the employers' association but with the reformist union leaders who are trying to prevent strike action. Ben Turner (above) is one of the misleaders of the textile union.

TCHITCHERIN AT POST TEN YEARS

Honor Commissar of Soviet Union

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, June 1. — May 30th marked the end of the tenth year that Georges Tchitcherin has occupied the post of Commissar of Foreign Affairs. Newspapers thruout the Soviet Union congratulated him.

Tchitcherin, Bolshevik

In the ten years that Tchitcherin has occupied the post, he has directed the foreign policy of the Soviet Union with remarkable success. In spite of his poor health Tchitcherin has remained at his post.

Tchitcherin, who was arrested in England during the world war as a Bolshevik, returned to Russia in 1918 and was put in charge of the Commissariat of Foreign Affairs.

8 Die in Fire

OSBORNE, Kan., June 1.—A family of eight were burned to death in a farm home near here last midnight, according to word reaching here today.

The dead are Albert Kaser, his wife and six children. Origin of the fire is undetermined.

SPANISH FLYERS LAND.

MADRID, June 1.—Capt. Iglesias and Capt. Jimenez, Spanish aviators who set out from Seville on Tuesday morning to establish long distance and duration records, landed in northern Arabia near the Persian Gulf, the British air attache announced this evening.

ARREST WORKERS IN BELGRADE; 32 STUDENTS HURT

Demand Resignation of Ministers

VIENNA, June 1. — Thirty-two students have been wounded, and forty-three workers who came to the aid of the students imprisoned in fighting which took place between the authorities and the demonstrators against the signing of the Nittuno treaty, according to reports from Belgrade. Some of the wounded are in a critical condition. Nine members of the gendarmerie were also injured.

The order to fire at the first sign of new outbreaks was issued by Minister of Interior Korosec to all police and troops yesterday. The government is alarmed by the proportions which the disturbances against the signing of the hated treaty have assumed and fears that the discontent of the workers and peasants may cause a general outbreak against the state. Preparations for street fighting are being rushed.

Belgrade looks like a besieged city with the sidewalks torn up and the streets obstructed with debris after the bloody fight between the students and police. The battle lasted from eight o'clock in the evening until daylight.

Wild scenes took place also in the skupchina, or national assembly, following the reading of a writ issued by the minister of defense, General Hadzitt. Shouts of "Down with the blood-stained governmental murderers," were heard from all parts of the chamber. The shouts of "Down with the murderers," and the banging of desks lasted for more than an hour.

Following the demand of the Peasant bloc for the resignation of the ministry, the session was adjourned. No further session is contemplated immediately.

WORKER FLAYS "SOCIALISTS"

Points Out Growth of Communism

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., (By Mail).—Each week there emanates from the columns of the New Leader a particularly putrid stench. This is only natural in the process of decay.

Last week's issue contains an especially nauseous column, headed "Communism from Within." It is a concoction of clap-trap deceiving no one except, perhaps, a few of the very few remaining leaders of the New Leader. The article states that the New Leader has not found it necessary to devote much of its space to the Communists, "so insignificant has been their progress." This is stated in all seriousness altho to even casual observers, such a statement must appear a joke.

In Philadelphia on May Day, two demonstrations of workers were held. One was under the auspices of the "socialist" party in a large, centrally located hall. Speakers were sent down from New York to address the meeting or May Day "demonstration." And how many workers showed up after being given free tickets, coaxed and bamboozled? Exactly 150, one-tenth of the capacity of the auditorium. Such is the significance of the "socialist" party and its organ, the New Leader, in Philadelphia, as well as thruout the country.

Now as to the insignificance of the progress of the Communists. On the same day, May 1, in the same city, Philadelphia, a Communist demonstration was held. Only one hall was available, and that one not conveniently located, with a capacity of 1,700. No tickets were issued free. The hall was packed to the doors and many workers had to be turned away for lack of space.

Furthermore, the demonstration was one of great proletarian enthusiasm, such as does not exist within the ranks of "socialism," which is today nothing but a petty bourgeois third capitalist party.

In the article, "Communism from Within," are alleged extracts from minutes of a committee of the Workers Party in New York City.

In one of these minutes the International Labor Defense is mentioned. So the editor of the New Leader has seen fit to insert a note explaining that the I. L. D. is a Communist organization. However, the editor of the New Leader and American Appeal, founded by Eugene V. Debs, while permitting the name of Debs to be used on the front page as one of the founders, has not seen fit to explain to his readers the activity of Debs in the founding and the work of the I. L. D. —C. RABIN.

Once Almost Savage

During the years of disintegration and suffering in Soviet Russia, during the war, and while the workers and peasants were re-building industry, hundreds of orphan children took to the forests and got their food by brigandage. The Soviet government has spent hundreds of thousands of rubles to provide state homes for these unfortunate victims of a perishing capitalism. In the homes they are taught trades. One of the "wild children" is shown learning blacksmithing.

Blame Mussolini For Loss of the Nobile

BERLIN, June 1.—Italian scientific circles blame Premier Mussolini, of Italy, for "forcing the Nobile disaster through his rejection of the aid of international experts," German newspapers reported today.

Norwegian newspapers take the same attitude, claiming that Premier Mussolini is ignorant of Arctic conditions and the perils which attend exploration in that desolate zone.

PROPAGANDIST TRAVELS.

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, June 1.—The Canadian trade commissioner, Wylde, has arrived in Tegucigalpa on part of a propaganda trip he is making thruout Latin-American countries. The purpose of his journey is to increase Canadian trade.

AFRICAN POLICE TRAMPLE NEGRO DEMONSTRATORS

Arrest Two Unionists At Capetown

CAPETOWN, South Africa, June 1. — Government police yesterday charged a procession of several hundred Negro workers carrying banners which called to the South African Negroes to end their slavery. Many were seriously injured. Two arrests were made after the charge.

The police raid followed the procession of members of the Independent Negro Workers' Union which was parading thru Capetown preceded by their organization band. Many of the demonstrators carried flags and placards with such inscriptions as "Africans Arise!" "Away with Slavery!" and others.

Along the line of march many South African nationals booed and attempted to interfere with the marching Negro workers. A number of stones and other missiles were flung. Then the police made their charge trampling the demonstrators, and beating them with their clubs. The exact number of those injured is not known as many fled down the side streets to escape the horses' hoofs.

Feeling among Negro and white workers here is intense as a result of the police attack and the authorities are understood to be taking prompt measures to prevent any outbreak especially among the Negroes.

SPANISH FASCIST APES MUSSOLINI

Will Reorganize the Government

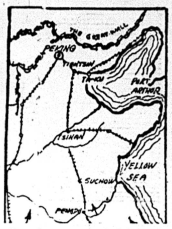
MADRID, June 1.—The Spanish government is to be reorganized with a National Conference Committee similar to the fascist grand council in Italy, it was learned today.

It was stated, however, that it would take some time to effect the change.

TRIES TO SPLIT ATOM.

BERLIN, June 1. — Herr Braychenz, a German engineer, has invented a death ray, which is a combination of various rays, capable of killing small animals, plants and germs, according to the Neue Berliner Zeitung today. He plans to use the ray in an attempt to split the atom.

Where War Lords Battle



Map shows scene of fighting between southern and northern war lords. Peking is the goal of Chiang Kai-shek's drive.

POINCARE TRIES TO "PEG" FRANC

Chamber of Deputies in Session

PARIS, June 1.—Stabilization of the franc will be the main issue before the new chamber of deputies which met this afternoon. There is much speculation as to the value at which the franc will be revalorized.

Premier Poincare made his campaign upon the financial issue, promising stabilization of the franc at an unnamed value. There is a belief in some quarters that, as the result of the gigantic shipments of gold into this country from the United States, it may be possible to "peg" the franc at about 10 or 12 cents.

Train Wreck Kills 7

DANVILLE, Ill., June 1.—Seven persons were killed and 23 injured, some probably mortally, when two interurban trains on the Illinois traction system crashed head-on at Fithian, 7 miles west of here late yesterday.

ARREST 400 IN TERROR WAVE IN ARGENTINIA

Bombing is Protest to Crush Workers

BUENOS AYRES, June 1. — Four hundred workers and persons suspected of anti-fascist sympathies have been arrested in the reign of terror which the officals are loosing upon the Argentine workers, using as a pretext the bombing of the Italian consulate recently. Many of those arrested had to be released shortly afterwards owing to the inability of the authorities to find evidence against them and to the growing tide of feeling against the wholesale persecution.

Such an action as reading an anti-fascist paper has been made the grounds for arrest. Pablo Nessi, a worker, one of the government's victims, was jailed, charged of being caught with an anti-fascist paper on the street.

The continuation of the harbor workers' strike in the southern city of Bahia Blanca and the rise of strike feeling thruout the country which took form in the Rosario and Santa Fe walkouts and the general sympathy strike in Buenos Ayres, has alarmed the authorities who are prepared to take any measures in repressing the militant labor movement.

ANOTHER DONETZ PLOTTER ADMITS

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, June 1. — Belenko, a technician accused of participating in the Donetz counter-revolutionary plot, who had at first pleaded innocence, admitted that he was a member of the sabotage organization. He repeatedly contradicted himself in his answers to the questions put to him by Krylenko, prosecuting attorney.

Antonov, another engineer accused of taking part in the plot, pleaded not guilty. Three witnesses declared that Antonov had participated in the plot.

Defenders of THE DAILY WORKER

Grand Rapids, Mich.	
Albin Raisanen	1.00
Otto Peterson	.25
T. L.	.50
E. Jarvis	1.00
E. Wirtanen	.50
Nail Halava	.50
H. Pietila	.50
K. Hamalainen	.50
E. Kellman	2.00
T. L.	.50
Emil Jarvis	1.00
John Leiviska	.25
M. Kirkens	.50
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MINERS DETERMINED TO OUST LEWIS MACHINE

By JAMES E. TAYLOR.

Miners of today who have lived under the protection of a great organization like the United Mine Workers of America once was, especially those who have not been active, and also those that did not work in the mines in America before we fought and won the Miners' Union. Do not realize where they are going.

The placing of loading machines on a day wage scale in the mines by the operators and the signing of separate agreements as low as local agreements by our own officials are contrary to the fundamental principles of the U. M. W. of A. The loading machines mean a greater tonnage production for the operators by a greatly reduced force of employes.

Two-thirds Made Jobless.

Thus one-third of the force under the old system of working can produce all the coal that is required to fill the market demands. What is going to become of the men not needed in the coal industry, which is two-thirds of the amount of total employed before the introduction of loading machines?

We miners know that very few of us can go out and find employment at other trades, for several reasons. One is we are not schooled and practical in other trades. Another is that the same condition is facing the other trades. Improved machinery is causing unemployment in other trades just as in our forces in the U. M. W. of A. Also, only healthy, robust men are wanted by the employers. What are the middle aged and the old, grey haired going to do? The present officials in the U. M. W. of A. have by their actions and deeds deliberately ignored this class in our membership.

This shows that they are using their official positions to aid the operators instead of using it to help the men who have been paying their salaries.

Still this set of auctioneers of the U. M. W. of A. has the nerve to say in the public press that the Save-the-Union Committee is a dual organization because it is opposing the underhand policies handed down to the rank and file of the U. M. W. of A. by this bunch of misleaders.

I ask any union man either in the Mine Workers' Union or out of it to examine the demand of the Save-the-Union Committee and compare it with the package the men got from their officials by signing up these separate agreements. Ask yourself which is the dual organization, so far as protection to organized labor is concerned and which will be the most beneficial to the members of our union.

Determined to Oust Lewis Gang.

We, the rank and file of the Miners' Union have tried to remove this set of inefficient officials for many years. We now know it is impossible to do this with the ballot, so we have taken steps to remove them, and are determined to do it.

We do not intend to ask Lewis, Fishwick or any other of this official family what method we should apply. We will do the deciding ourselves. Now, Lewis, the babies in Pennsylvania are crying for milk, food and clothes, and we have decided that some of that $12,000 per year would fit in there very nicely. It may reduce that pouch of yours a little but we believe it would be best for your own health at that. We are sure it would be a wonderful help to the health of the miners and their families in Pennsylvania and Ohio. You have left very little of our once great union, yet you have the nerve to say you are going to pull some more cards. My opinion is that you have pulled one to many now, and the next cards will be the cards of the official family that will be scratched off the books of the U. M. W. of A. I have read in the papers that you claim that Soviet Russia sent over $20,000,000 and that the operators in the unorganized field are handling out money to the Save-the-Union Committee. Your statement is so rotten and silly that a ten year old schoolboy would laught when he reads it.

Its a wonder some of the operators don't drop dead when they read such bunk. I suppose they consider the source and let it go at that. They know that they are dealing with the weakest set of officials the miners ever had at the head of their union.

A Summer Camp for the Children of the Workers

School will soon be over. Vacation time is at hand. Winter, with its cold winds and snows, is a thing of the past. Summer is here! The children of the rich can now have the time of their lives. Of course their lot was not bad during the winter. The children of the bosses enjoy the good things of life, the year round. They live in fine homes, eat the best food and attend schools where conditions are congenial. But soon there will be no more school, nothing to do all day long, but to enjoy. Away from the city, at the seashore, in the mountains, or at country resorts the children of the rich will enjoy life to the utmost.

Does vacation from school mean anything like that to workers' children? Not at all. Workers' children work hard during the winter. To contrast workers' homes and the homes of their exploiters is needless. Workers' children do not get the best and most nourishing food—usually it is poor food and insufficient for good health. The schools in working class neighborhoods are overcrowded and conditions are not congenial for study.

In many cases workers' children of tender age are forced to work after school and many do not even complete public school to leave for a shop or factory in order to help their families to exist. During the struggles of the workers against the injustices of capitalist exploitation; during strikes, lockouts, during periods of unemployment, the children are the first to suffer.

Do workers children enjoy their vacation from school? Many are forced to look for jobs during vacation time. During the heat of the summer months they have to sweat in some shop, factory or store. Shining shoes and selling newspapers is another alternative to earn some badly needed pennies; workers children do not have much chance to go to the country for the summer, but are left to do the best they can in the stifling streets of the city.

Workers children deserve a vacation. The bosses realize this fact and utilize it to exert their influence and propaganda on the workers' children. The masterclass provide charity camps and various patriotic and religious camps of the type of Boy and Girl Scouts Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., camps, and their like. Here the propaganda of the bosses against the working class is carried out to perfection and the children's minds already poisoned at the schools are further imbued with militaristic, religious and patriotic ideas to the extent that the workers' children become enemies of the class they are a part of, the working class.

• • •

The general conditions in those camps are far from the best in respect to health and enjoyment. Application to a charity camp carries with it also a humiliation no child would care to face.

The sum total of the above mentioned facts is the price the master class exacts from the workers' child in return for a vacation.

Workers' children should not go to camps controlled by the bosses. There are a number of working-class children's camps thruout the United States maintained at a low cost to enable working class parents to send their children for a short vacation in the country. Such camps are the Young Pioneer Camps elsewhere and the Workers International Relief Children's Camp for New York City and district.

In these camps workers' children learn the truth about the struggles of the working class for a better life. Here they find themselves in a working class environment and thru their everyday camp life and activities they learn devotion to the cause of the workers.

To describe all these camps thruout the country would make interesting reading but space does not permit it. We will have to content ourselves with a description of the camp in New York.

This year the maintenance of the New York camp has been undertaken by the Workers International Relief. The camp site chosen is the location of the former Young Pioneer Camp. It is situated amid the beautiful White Rock Mountains at Wingdale, New York. There is a fine lake for swimming and bathing and other facilities for outdoor sports and recreation, which could not be excelled anywhere. The children receive the best food and care for building healthy bodies. The best counsellors obtainable from the ranks of the working class, a trained nurse, the services of a physician and many other facilities, will make the W. I. R. camp for workers' children a most up-to-date camp. The camp opens July 5th and hopes to accommodate at least 400 workers' children for short vacations. A number of strikers' children and children of unemployed workers will have a vacation free of charge. The cost of stay in camp is $8.00 a week. Those interested to obtain more information will apply to Workers International Relief Children's Camp, One Union Square, Telephone: Algonquin 8048.

The New Plays

"THE BEAUX' STRATAGEM," Farquhar's comedy, will be revived by the Players' Club Monday night at Hampden's Theatre. The all-star cast includes: Fay Bainter, Helen Menken, Henrietta Crosman, Raymond Hitchcock, James T. Powers, Reinald Werrenrath, Lyn Harding, O. P. Heggie, William Courtleigh and William Gustafson.

"THE CYCLONE LOVER," a comedy by Charles A. Bickford, an actor, and Fred Ballard, author of "Believe Me, Xantippe," will open Tuesday night at the Frolic Theatre. In the cast will be Harold Elliott, Emily Graham, Suzanne Bennett and Al Roberts.

HELEN MENKEN.

One of the chief players in the Players' Club revival of "The Beaux' Stratagem," opening Monday night at Hampden's Theatre.

Farquhar Comedy First Presented in 1707

A first edition copy of "The Beaux' Stratagem," the comedy by George Farquhar, which will be revived by the Players' Club Monday night at Hampden's Theatre, has been presented to the organization by George Barr McCutcheon, the novelist and playwright.

The book was published a few weeks after the first presentation of the play at the Haymarket Theatre, London, on March 8, 1707, and just before the death of the playwright which occurred in April of that same year. Farquhar wrote the lively comedy in six weeks in the last stage of an illness he knew to be fatal. In the advertisement printed in the book, the author apologizes for any faults the reader may find in the play "which my illness prevented the amending of," while an epilogue in the original version, apparently written by a friend, has to do with this final critical illness and was inserted, no doubt, with the purpose of interesting people in the purchase of the book. On the title page is the following printer's legend: "London—Printed for Bernard Lintott at the Cross-Keys Next Nando's Coffee House in Fleet Street."

Opera Festivals Held At Leningrad

A SERIES of opera festivals was given at Leningrad early this month in which the works of Alban Berg and Ernst Krenek were featured. The week opened with a performance of Berg's "Wozzek." The production stressed the romantic elements of the opera, while the grim episodes dealing with the morasses of life were lightly touched upon. Volotin, Reschdanoff and Bosse played the leading parts, and Donischnikoff conducted.

Krenek's "Sprung Uber den Schatten" is known in German as his most neglected work. Its revival in the "Little Opera" of Leningrad was original and brilliant in its stage settings. The characters of this opera are supposed to be shadows of human beings, leading a life fitting their transcendental state. Employing striking rhythmical effects, and painting with dazzling colors, the composer gives an ironic picture of life. Special devices are required to achieve unusual stage effects. Nikolai Smolish, the producer, used a silver decor made all the more effective by the skillful lighting. The changing scenes unfolded with the quickness and precision of the revolving stage. The performance as a whole was a masterpiece of modern stage management.

Broadway Briefs

Maria Gambarelli, who left the Roxy some time ago to devote herself to the training of troupes of dancers, has two of her units making their New York bows. The "Gamby-Hale Girls," who appeared in Chicago and on tour in "Oh, Kay," played at the Hippodrome, and the "Twelve Tip-Toes" which is playing at the Broadway Theatre this week.

United Artists announced yesterday that the first movietoned sound film to be released by them will be "The Love Song," in which Lupe Velez will sing a theme song especially written by Irving Berlin. "La Paiva" was the original title of the film which deals with life in the time of Napoleon III. William Boyd will be seen in the leading masculine role.

Music Notes

The first of a series of three concerts by the People's Chorus of New York will take place this evening at the Town Hall under the direction of Lorenzo Camilieri. Marie Houston, soprano, will be the soloist. Other concerts will follow on the evenings of June 7 and 14.

A Beethoven Symphony cycle is announced as one of the features next season of the Beethoven Symphony Orchestra, under the direction of Georges Zaslawsky, with performances of the nine symphonies, violin and piano concertos and other works of the composer.

"The End of St. Petersburg" A Vivid Story of the Revolution

"Potemkin" came from Soviet Russia to startle the movie world with its greatness. Critics, producers and actors alike gave unstinted praise to the achievement and the world looked to a workers' government for future great motion pictures.

Alexis Davor

"The End of St. Petersburg" now comes to Hammerstein's Theatre fullfilling the promise of "Potemkin." Again here is realistic beauty, action, excellent photography and sheer simplicity of story that grips one in its masterly pictorial telling. Superb technic and direction mould it all into an epic of the collapse of a huge exploiting imperial state and the victorious emergence of the working class. It is all inspiring and tremendous in sweep.

The story is simple. A peasant (Alexis Davor) finds existence impossible on the land. He comes to the city. He is thrown into wage slavery which begins in his scabbing on workers on strike and his unwitting exposure of his revolutionary relatives to the police. Attempting to arrange for justice for his relatives, whom he believes innocent, he is beaten by the police and thrown into prison. Caught in the clutches of the system, the war throws him into the army. Slowly, under the iron heel of Czarism, the simple peasant, suffering, bleeding, starving, awakens with the masses of all Russia in revolution and ends victorious in the Bolshevik victory of October 1917.

The whole story of the Russian masses is here: Oppression, exploitation, revolution. In a contrast that never allows one to forget for a single moment, is the cruelty of the master class, their ever driving desire for profit, their final defeat. In one respect, the sub-titles did justice to the picture: "There is no attempt at propaganda," the Russian Workers' government is "content only in presenting actual facts leading up to the revolution."

Kerensky is the only actual figure of the times pictured. He is presented in ridicule as a leader of workers, mistrusted and finally overthrown. The rest of the story following closely the actual events of the final days of Czarism is beautifully acted. Only a few leading characters are professional actors. The roles are played by workers and peasants without previous movie training, simply, realistically and in startling contrast to the usual chest-heaving ham actors we are plagued with.

There is a feeling of hugeness and power in the presentation. Remarkable effects are obtained by the various camera angles. The horses hoofs and not the horse tell a story. The sweat rolls off the huge, haggard face of the factory worker. The wheel stops revolving—strike. When the war is declared the czarist government functions: Orders are given to diplomats and the army. These scenes are sheer genius. Only the body and legs are shown. The figures are headless (remember Bob Minor's cartoon of the perfect soldier?) and a pointing finger gives instructions. The pickpocket is let out of jail to carry a portrait of the Czar to lead volunteers into the army. War hysteria is brutally exposed. These scenes are so remarkable they are unforgettable.

There are no individual heroes or heroines. Thruout the whole the working class rolls on and on thru suffering and oppression, but as you can sense from the very beginning, to sure, inevitable victory.

The direction of the picture is done by Pedovkin, a former engineer who under the Soviets became interested in motion pictures. His work puts him at once at the side of Eisenstein who directed "Potemkin" and with him, unquestionably, among the foremost directors of the world.

It is a crime that much of the picture has been cut to satisfy the sensitive feelings of bourgeois censors. This is obvious on a number of occasions and absolutely ridiculous in the concluding sub-titles that on the victory of the Bolsheviks speak of a victory for "democracy."

So obvious was this that whereas the audience was swept into repeated applause by the greatness of the different parts of the picture, they were stunned silent by this ridiculous subtitle conclusion. The final scenes picture the former suffering worker and his wife, gun in hand, victorious with a broadening smile of achievement after years of oppression. The men and women who gave their lives, who bled and suffered, who overthrew the Czar, who chased the spineless and treacherous Kerensky, have achieved all this for "democracy"? What sheer nonsense.

It doesn't matter, comrade. We know better. Mutilated as this picture may be, it is still a rare treat for any red-blooded worker. It is rugged, strong, beautiful, and inspiring. It reeks of sweat and blood and of the farm and the factory. It is a magnificent proletarian achievement in motion pictures.

—W. C.

Screen Notes

Beginning today there will be added to the number of photoplays with Russian themes prevailing on Broadway a continental film product entitled "The Living Image," which will have its American premiere at the Cameo Theatre. Emmy Lynn, Jacques Catelain and Roger Karl play the chief roles.

"Fazil," a Fox production, featuring Charles Farrell and Greta Nissen, will open at the Gaiety Theatre Monday night. The picture is described as a romance of northern Africa and Paris, based on the Continental play "L'Insoumise," by Pierre Frondaire.

Two features share the program at the 55th Street Playhouse for the week beginning today, when "Madame Wants No Children" with Maria Corda and "The Slums of Berlin" are to be shown.

Production has been completed on the screen version of the George S. Kaufman play, "Butter and Egg Man." The cast includes Jack Mulhall, Greta Nissen, William Demarest, Sam Hardy and Gertrude Astor.

D. W. Griffith has finished "The Battle of the Sexes." The cast includes Jean Hersholt, Phyllis Haver, Belle Bennett, Don Alvarado, Sally O'Neil, William Bakewell and John Batten.

The regular acts to be presented at the Broadway Theatre next week besides Ken Murray, will be Joe Young with Company; Verona and Thelma Roberts; Burt Shepard and Breen, La Bard and Barry. The feature photoplay will be "A Midnight Adventure," a comedy starring Edna Murphy, Cullen Landis and Fred Kelsey. Arthur Hoerl wrote it.

A SCENE FROM "THE END OF ST. PETERSBURG"

The peasant-hero is found by his mother following the attack on the Winter Palace—a graphic scene from the revolutionary film, "The End of St. Petersburg," which opened Wednesday night at Hammerstein Theatre.

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TRACK AND FIELD 3:30 P. M.
Running Broad Jump, Standing Broad Jump, Running High Jump, 100 Yd. Dash — Hop, Skip and Jump, 220 Yd. Dash, Shot Put, ½ Mile Relay
3-Mile Run (White Plains Rd.)

SOCCER (finals) 5:30 P. M.
GIRLS' EXHIBITION

INTERMISSION 6:00 P. M.
Those participating in the program consist of teams and athletes who are members of the Eastern District of the LABOR SPORTS UNION OF AMERICA.

SWIMMING EVENTS 7.00 P. M.
Free Style, Breast, Side, Back Crawl, Fetching, Plunge, Life Saving Demonstration: Carry: Cross Chest, Hair, — Neck, Undress in Water, Holds and Breaks, Relay, Free Style Race (4 Laps), Team Relay (4 Men), Exhibition

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WORKERS PROTECTED IN THE SOVIET UNION

LABOR PROTECTION IN SOVIET RUSSIA. By George M. Price. International Publishers. $1.25.

Reviewed by ROBERT W. DUNN.

THIS is a very valuable book. To those who may think that the Vanguard Press fifty cent series covers the field for the workingclass reader, Dr. Price's book will come as a pleasant surprise. For he handles many subjects referred to only briefly in the other books. He gives us a particularly interesting introductory chapter on the conditions of the workers under the open shop era of Czardom.

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One can get more out of this compact little volume than out of the flood of highly selected statistical and descriptive material on Russia that has emanated from the International Labor Office in Geneva during the last few years. Indeed it is a fact, admitted by the agents of this League of Nations enterprise, that the Russian "experts" who write these reports are little more than open enemies of the Soviet regime. Such American economic scientists as Paul H. Douglas of the University of Chicago have expressed themselves very forcibly on this subject. Writing to Albert Thomas, director of the International Labor Office, some months ago, Professor Douglas pointed out that "in many issues of the International Labor Review (issued by the International Lafor Office) I find articles on Russian cooperatives, housing, wages, trade unions, etc., and I always find that the criticisms are stressed very strongly with very scant attention paid to the constructive accomplishments of these movements." Douglas told Thomas that he had read over the large volume, "The Trade Union Movement in Russia," issued by the International Labor Office in 1027, and found "that it presents a very misleading picture." Douglas also wrote:

> **"I am informed that the men who are in charge of the Russian section (of the International Labor Office) are former members of the social democratic party who cannot now return to Russia and who feel quite bitter at the present regime. Without wishing to disparage their honest intentions it would nevertheless seem to me to be highly undesirable that on a matter so delicate as this and one upon which the world needs accurate information, the agency for its distribution should be men who have a quite apparent bias. It would be better, I think, for the International Labor Office to close its Russian section and to publish the material which it has in the past."**

Dr. Price is not the League of Nations type of reporter on the Russian scene. His impartiality is recognized in all political camps. His competency is undisputed. He has grasped the true significance of the work of labor protection carried on by the Soviet government and the Soviet unions. He tells his story simply and clearly.

• • •

Since Dr. Price wrote this book word comes from Moscow that in addition to the general outlay for the protection of labor required by law and collective agreement in Russia, the industries of the Soviet Union will this year set aside an additional 25 million dollars for special measures designed to improve the conditions of work. This will include expenditures for special safety appliances, ventilation, and many sanitary measures. Dr. Price describes what the industries have already done to provide for the safety, health and comfort of the worker.

During the present period of unemployment in the United States it will interest workers here to know some of the facts pointed out in the chapter dealing with social insurance—for example that the unemployed worker in the U. S. S. R. receives about 50 per cent of his regular wages while employed. Also that "sick benefits are paid from the first day of sickness and the rate of payment is full wages." Also that the rate of social insurance contributions from industry "is larger than in any other country, for while in other countries it ranges from two to four per cent of the wages, in Russia it amounts on the average to not less than fourteen per cent, thus giving three and a half times as much protection as other countries." And by other countries Dr. Price means the more progressive European countries. The United States is the most backward "civilized" country in the world in its social insurance and labor legislation. The Soviet Union is easily the most advanced.

The worsted workers of Passaic, where women work nights at the spinning frames, might be interested in this statement on page 74: "As a rule, women are prohibited from working during the night between 10 p. m. and 6 a. m. No women under eighteen years of age, or pregnant or nursing women are permitted to work at night under any circumstances."

• • •

What is the effect of reading such an adequate and unbiased book as this? Dr. Alice Hamilton of Harvard University states it in her introduction to the volume: "Through his sober, critical though sympathetic language, we gain the impression not of a 'Paradise of Workers' but of a country that is definitely committed to St. Paul's principal, 'If a man will not work, neither shall he eat' and to the principle that the worker has a right to health and the pursuit of happiness."

Muller and His Choral Society in the Factory

By **EDWIN ROLFE.**

FAR back in a corner of the cutting room, near the window through which the light of the sun shines in the afternoon, is the table at which Muller works. The silk motes dance like goblins on the fiddle of a Sarasate, in the dazzling sun. Through the window, the bottom of which Muller raises about a half inch every day, the wind steals and plays with the silk stretched on the table, raising the edges of it in a tiny ripple that traverses the length of the cloth. And Muller goes about his work, sometimes whistling to himself, singing old German lieder, sharpening the knife he holds in his pudgy fingers, cutting the silk with deft long-accustomed strokes. Does the knife sometimes slip and cut Muller's hand? Does the wind sometimes penetrate his body sending chills through his frame? Muller does not mind. The bell starts his cutting in the morning. The bell ends his cutting at evening. So has it been for the last thirty years; so, Muller thinks, will it be till he dies.

Muller has a terrible cough. It is dry and convulsive, and the sound of it is like the twang of a bow string after the arrow has leapt into the air. Muller is a quiet man. (Before Ted, the student, came, he was never known to speak to anyone, in spite of the fact that the taboo on conversation was not applied to those in the cutting room.) Only now and then at intervals of amazing length, can one hear Ted speak to Muller and Muller answer.

Ted: "You're always singing, John. Why don't you organize a choral society in the factory?"

Muller: "Choral society, hell! I tell ya, Ted, the best thing for me to organize now is an emergency fund to defray travelling expenses to Denver, Colorado. There's nothing else left for me in life. All I hope for is to see Denver before I die. Yep, that's the best place for people like me to die in."

Muller: "May this lousy country burn to the ground together with the men who first put me into the cutting room! Kid, take my advice. Get out of this stinking factory as soon as you can if you ever want to enjoy anything at all in life. I know, kid, I know. . . . "

Thus does Muller talk when he talks. The rest of the time he works, counting the strokes of the knife, counting the pieces of cloth, counting the breaths of air that he takes, counting the minutes, the long pounding minutes of his life.

LIBERATING LITERATURE

Revolutionary Writers Meet in Moscow

THE rallying of all forces of proletarian literature, struggle against the scornful attitude towards the old cultural inheritance and towards masters of the artistic word, development of Marxian criticism, development of literature which by its form must be national, by its substance proletarian—these were the main tasks outlined by representatives of 30 nationalities attending the first congress of the All-Union Association of Proletarian Writers which has just closed in Moscow.

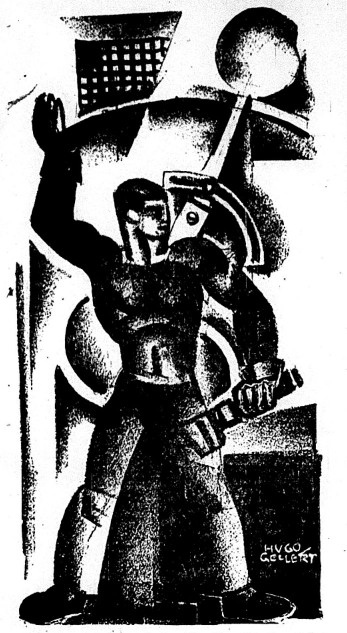
Within the past two years the organization, which has 4,300 members, has grown into a large literary and public organization wielding considerable influence not only in literature but also in cinematography and the theatre.

The members of the association have enriched Soviet literature with a series of artistic works on modern life, including *The Rout*, by Fadeyev; *Calm Don*, by Sholhov; *At the Open Hearth Furnaces*, by Shvedov; *How the Steel Was Tempered*, by Bussyguin; *Nathalie Taprova*, by Semenov and others.

The congress decided to reorganize the association into an All-Union Federation of Associations of Proletarians of RSFSR, Ukraine, White Russia, Transcaucasus, Uzbekistan and Turkeministan.

This federation has been joined also by the writers' association, "The Forge," which had in its ranks a number of the best-known writers, such as Gladkov, Nikoforov, Liashko and others.

Labor and the Machine



From the cover design for the June "New Masses" by Hugo Gellert

REBIRTH OF "NEW MASSES"

Gold Now Editor; June Issue Is Lively

NEW MASSES. June, 1928. $ .15.

Reviewed by A. B. MAGIL.

THE *New Masses* died in April and has been reborn in June—a lusty infant. The fact that few people realized that the *New Masses* had ceased to exist shows how feeble its voice had become during its declining days.

Starting a little over two years ago with loud fanfare and an enthusiastic crowd of proletarian intellectuals—ex-*Masses* and *Liberator* readers—ready to push from behind, the *New Masses* soon began hitting the rocks. Too much water had flown under the political bridge. Ten years ago, even five years ago, the orientation of the liberals was towards the revolutionary camp. But class distinctions have become sharper. The attempt to run the *New Masses* as a coalition between liberals and revolutionists, with the revolutionists pulling the confused and spluttering liberals desperately to the left, ended in disaster. A compromise was effected which was in reality a reductio ad absurdum: Egmont Arens, who was not fervently on either side—neither fish nor fowl—became sole editor. And to prove that he was redder than any of the Reds, Arens went in heavily for *Hoch-Politik*. And he began to sway unsteadily between open counter-revolution (Dorothy Wong on the Chinese Revolution) to concealed counter-revolution (the neo-revisionism of Max Eastman). Result: worse disaster and complete estrangement of the *New Masses* from its only real reading public—"the intellectual vanguard of the workingclass."

Personally, I was praying fervently during those last few months that the thing would die and would stay dead.

It died. It didn't stay dead.

• • •

THE new editor of the *New Masses* is Michael Gold. This is likely to mean certain things. One of them: that the *New Masses* will have more than a nominal connection with the American workingclass. Another: that the liberals have finally been tossed over the wall into the waiting arms of Oswald Garrison Villard and Herbert Croly. Still another: that in the course of time the *New Masses* may lose a few of its classy wisecracks and acquire something else.

The most strategic reform instituted by the new editor has been the cutting of the price from 25 to 15 cents. It makes a world of difference. That dime is a healthy shove towards the only reading public that matters—the workingclass.

The new *New Masses* is still a hybrid. Building upon ruins is a tough job. I move that a society be formed for the suppression of Alfred Kreymborg. And Ezra Pound's contribution to Leninism is idiotic. Sentences contradict each other, ideas with a specific gravity below zero gape in midair. Pound should stick to his cantos.

• • •

But there are other things that offer hope and point a way. "An effort will be made to enlist the great submerged unpublished voices of America," says an editorial note. Mike Gold makes good this premise in the first number under his direction. There is an entire page of the first published poems of Martin Russak, a young Patterson silk weaver. There is the remarkable *Poorhouse Anthology* by an inmate of one of these ornaments of capitalist civilization. And then the *Letters from America*, from workers all over the country—"a sublimated Workers' Correspondence."

Dudley Nichols' description of animal-killing in a Chicago stockyard is superb. Perhaps too well done. The phrases too glittering, their beauty too hard and cruel.

And best of all: Mike Gold's chapter from his book of East Side memoirs, *Jews Without Money*. Work such as this is in the direction of what may some day be American proletarian literature.

Tires de Luxe

The high power motors purr pleasantly
and the pretty ladies purr sweetly
in their luxurious limousines,
driven by liveried chauffeurs.
The limousines glide smoothly
on the well-paved avenue
so that not the slightest unevenness is felt
by the pretty ladies seated within.
The limousines move on tires
made from rubber grown on the plantations
of South America and East Africa,
gathered by workers worse than slaves
(some are old, handless ones
from the days of Leopold of Belgium)
toiling in the tropic heat
for a bare subsistance,
driven by the whip,
still tortured and hung up.
And the rubber tires
of the luxurious limousines
seem to be made of the harassed flesh of these toilers,
and the pretty ladies seated in the limousines
purr sweetly and placidly,
and the orchids
in the cut-glass vases
scarcely tremble.

HENRY REICH, Jr.

FIGHTING THE POLISH TERROR-A NARRATIVE

By **S. KAEMRAD.**

VERA is fire and flame for her work. Enthusiasm and energy breathes from her letters. Her letters are more than personal, their significance is that of human documents of great power and interest. In order to counter the dangers of the post censorship, Vera wrote her letters in the language of Aesop:

"What shall I write about myself? I am living as before. Life rolls by and I taste of it with eagerness and enthusiasm. Now as before I am tremendously happy, but side by side with the happiness there is pain, so much pain. The circumstances of our existence are so hard, so strict! Little consideration is paid to the plans, intentions and wishes of individual people. Life has become terrible difficult. The emigration which was always considerable has now taken on a tremendous degree. Those near to us and those far away are going, relations and friends are amongst them. They are going in groups and as individuals. It is particularly painful when whole groups go at one time. Life then becomes much more difficult . . .

"The emigration is particularly strong amongst the youth. With the energy and activity of youth, it is particularly difficult for them to remain inactive and wait for better times. They therefore leave us, probably for a long time . . .

"For the present I have no intention of leaving myself. With all my energy and my hunger for life I want to overcome the unpleasant exterior circumstances. I want to live just where I will, and to do that that I want to do. Well, we shall see . . ."

It is not difficult to understand that with "emigrants" Vera means those comrades who have been arrested. And that she is referring to police raids and arrests and other misfortunes so well known to all those who have ever worked illegally.

The Polish secret police were searching for Vera for a very long time. They were only waiting for the opportunity to settle accounts with her.

As though she had a presentiment of her coming capture she wrote in a letter:

"Our life is now more stormy and joyful than ever before. Our days count for months and the months for years. Not according to their length, but certainly according to the fulness of the events contained in them. Think of it, we are already in August 1925. You know what that means. And in this month of August I am writing you a letter. I can hardly believe my eyes and ears. How beautiful! How splendid, unexpected and unusual!"

The following month of September proved fatal for Vera. The wave of arrests which swept over West White Russia in the fall of 1925 drew her too into the vortex. Vera had to go not there where she wanted to go, but there where she was sent by the Polish secret police, in prison. But even there, behind thick prison walls and surrounded by a living wall of bayonets she retained the freshness and the laughter of youth. The agents of Pilsudski could not take that away from her no matter how bad the conditions of life in the prison were.

On the contrary: "The prison is a bagatelle!", she writes in a letter to friends outside. "It not only fails to achieve its aim, but it works real wonders in strengthening us all in our determination and bolshevism."

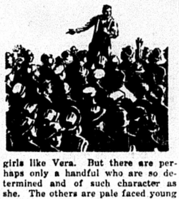
She writes further: "I am happy, I don't know what boredom is, but I do know what both pleasure and anger are. Sometimes I could grind by teeth in fury. But that is inevitable, and is quickly compensated for by deep pleasure. The thoughts and dreams for the future are dazzling. But in its way the present is also beautiful. I am living this life and love it as it is, it seems to me more than I ever loved life before."

Thus writes a girl who has spent almost three years in prison. Vera has been sentenced to 6 years imprisonment in a trial which has already taken place and in the trial of the "133" she is threatened with a further 8 years.

And despite this prospect of spending the best years of her life in prison she still can find courage enough to joke:

"How I long to see you all again, if only for a moment. Just one little glimpse, but that will come, of that there is no doubt! The time will come and we shall be all together again. I dream of that moment when we shall all meet again and my face is suffused with a great happiness. And then the disturbing thought intrudes itself: but then you will all have beards and moustaches! You will all be Communists still, but old Communists and no longer young ones! How dreadful! My heart aches with an unreasonably and nevertheless terrible pain. I shall never see you again as I know you see you again as I remembers 55 now, as young Communists, never see you again as I remember you and love you. The idea is silly and unimportant, but it hurts me. Very well, grow beards if you like. Despite everything we shall all see each other again!"

In those low-lying gloomy buildings where the windows are barred with iron on the outskirts of the Polish towns there are many young



girls like Vera. But there are perhaps only a handful who are so determined and of such character as she. The others are pale faced young girls from the sewing rooms of the towns or red cheeked girls from the country who were arrested and put into prison after having taken only the first few steps on the path of the struggle. For these girls the bond which holds them together is represented by the tales of the leaders of the working class, and they are never tired of listening to them.

"Dearest friends," they write. "We do not know you well, but a little, and that gives us great pleasure. We have even seen the photos of some of you. In our prison came somehow an American magazine, and in this we found the photos of the young poets Utkin, Sharov and Bezymensky, and then our pleasure knew no bounds. Many many hearty greetings and kisses for the young fighting and creative guard of our movement. We wish you success in your work. Go on, be strong and courageous."

Do these girls lose their own courage? No, they do not. Vera writes to her companions as follows:

"If you knew with what impatience we 133 are all awaiting our trial! We shall not stand our trial as repentant sheep. We shall not beg for mercy, not beg for release, but come with pride, our eyes flashing, our heads proudly borne and we shall declare that not all the tortures of the Defensive (Polish secret police) and not all the years in prison can frighten us or turn us away from the struggle in whose victory for us we firmly believe.

"Just think how happy I must be. I think of the coming trial as of some day of great holiday. It will be a day of triumph for us although we shall receive many years of imprisonment. But what does their sentence matter to me! What power have they over us? The day is not far off when we shall pass sentence upon them. And our sentence will be harder than years of imprisonment which come to an end."

They are wonderful words. Words of a revolutionary, words of a real Bolshevik! Think of those words this evening when the dusk falls and the stars begin to show silver in the evening sky, then these young girls sing their revolutionary songs. Let us think of them in that moment when the hateful Polish reaction passes triumphant sentence upon Vera and the other 132 revolutionaries!

We shall not be passive witnesses of this process. We shall read the sentences in the newspapers with hard lips. It will give us greater strength. We shall swing the hammer with still greater energy in the building up of the future. We shall carry on the struggle with still greater intensity not only in Poland but in the whole of the capitalist world!

(To be continued)

A Visit to W. K. Billings, Victim of the Frame-up

By **JAMES P. CANNON.**

VISITING Folsom Prison is not facilitated or encouraged. Few go. I left the stage and walked towards the main gate with a depressing feeling of loneliness.

I was given a seat in the warden's office to wait for Billings—there appeared to be no special visiting room. The warden's secretary went out of his way to make me comfortable. Made a litle conversation about the weather. Offered me a copy of the Saturday Evening Post or perhaps it was Liberty—I didn't read it.

The warden returned soon. Billings was with him. A rather slight man, somewhat less than medium height. Reddish hair and sandy complexion. A friendly boyish countenance with lines carved in it which seemed strangely out of place. I had never met him before, but I am sure I know him now. His character is all written in his face and manner and his ready, engaging smile. A warm personable fellow, without guile or subtlety. The kind that mixes well and makes friends easily. He is thirty-five years old now. There are lines in his face that usually come only to later years, but his manner and appearance on the whole are those of a younger man. He was only twenty-three when he was caught with Tom Mooney in the frame-up trap and he has been in prison the whole intervening twelve years—all his years of flush young manhood and ripening maturity. In many ways he suggested a youth of twenty-three, as though the characteristics which belonged to him at that age when he was first imprisoned had frozen in him and become a permanent part of his personality.

—In the June issue of the "Labor Defender."

Marxist Philosophy of History

"UPON the different forms of property, upon the social conditions of existence, as foundation, there is built a super-structure of diversified and characteristic sentiments, illusions, habits of thought, and outlooks on life in general. The class as a whole creates and shapes them out of its material foundations, and out of the corresponding social relationships. The individual in whom they arise through tradition and education, may fancy them to be the true determinants, the real origin, of his activities.

(Marx, "Eighteenth Brumaire")

"THEORY becomes the greatest force in the labor movement if is indissolubly bound up with revolutionary practice, for it alone can give to the movement confidence, guidance, understanding of the inner relations between events; it alone can help to make clear the process and direction of class movements in the present and near future. Lenin himself has many times said that 'without a revolutionary theory, there can be no revolutionary movement.' He understood better than anyone else the extreme importance of theory."

(Stalin, "The Theory and Practice of Leninism.")

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WERE SCABS; BUT EVEN THEY JOINED THE NEW BEDFORD PICKET LINE ONE MORNING

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By mail).—Two second hands were on the picket line one morning last week that were working rather late in getting home the night before. They got there long after all "respectable" people had left their places of toil. Only the scabs kept working in the Hathaway Mill, overseers and second hands, most of them. The pickets were watching the scabs, a long, noisy picket line; and the cops were watching the pickets.

The strikers began to wonder why nobody used the gate. A trio of pickets left the line to investigate. Sure enough they found a special exit, a personal and private way for the use of scabs. It was a hole dug under the fence, rather large for a rathole. So they judged it must have been made by scabs. They sat down on the curbstone opposite the hole and waited for the scabs to come out.

The picket line patrolled the gate, but these three sat head in hands, crouched like cats, ready to jump at the first sight of their prey.

And when two second hands did crawl thru the hole, the cops were watching, so they couldn't approach the scabs, only follow them. The pickets followed them into a street car, walked over to their seat and said: "We have a proposition to discuss with you. If you don't want to make fools of yourselves before all these people get off the car and we'll meet in private." The fellows thought it was good advice, and the pickets followed them into a dark alley, where they could persuade them. They rolled up their sleeves but their hearts were softened. One of the fellows; it appeared from his plea for mercy, had a wife and five kids. So the pickets made them a proposition. "Lay off scabbing, and join the Textile Mill Committees. Come on the picket line tomorrow morning."

It took a good deal of persuasion of a gentler nature before all five were seen walking into union headquarters that night.

The two second hands were on the picket line next morning.

—L. B.

Mitten Praise of Philadelphia Hosiery Leaders Arouses Mill Correspondent

SPEED-UP KING'S COMMENDATION IS WARNING TO MEN

Bosses Get Injunction At Federal Mill.

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By mail). The Hosiery Worker in a recent issue plays up the part taken by the officials of the Hosiery Union in the Mitten-Mahan pact, out of which the workers slaving for Mitten get nothing and never will get anything until they come together and organize into an industrial union, not a craft union.

Mitten "Benefits."

Mitten, who always shows his love for the workers by firing any leaders caught by his company spies attempting to organize those slaving for this exploiter, has given Philadelphia one-man trolleys thru his speed-up system. He has also given us company unions together with fake stock opportunities for the workers whereby in a few centuries they may become a regular Mitten exploiter themselves.

Mitten shows his contempt for the officials' intelligence by getting the Hosiery Worker to print his ad. He hopes that it will make the workers an easy prey to his stock selling scheme, so that they will deposit their miserable savings in Mitten's bank to form more capital for him to further exploit the workers.

And these are the very hosiery workers who are now beginning to feel the effects of the suggestion which the officials, whom Mitten praises, made to the hosiery manufacturers to get together on a national scale. They did and the hosiery workers are locked out on a strike against wage cuts and speed-up.

Betrayal.

Mitten realized that the hosiery union officials were knowingly or unknowingly betraying their fellow workers, for the capitalist and the worker have nothing in common and the hosiery officials advocated co-operation with the boss.

And are the bosses co-operating with those on strike? O, yes,—by securing injunctions, by hiring thugs, as in the Allen A strike at Kenosha, and by arresting pickets as here at the Ajax strike. At the Federal mill an injunction has been issued. Yes, this is the bosses' co-operation with the workers in their struggles against the breaking down of their union.

The officials of the hosiery union should be responsible to the rank and file of the workers in the union and, when a man of the Mitten type, one of the worst labor haters and exploiters in existence, commends the heads of any union, those belonging to the union should know that the heads of the union are knowingly or unknowingly handing over the union to the exploiters.

Insane Speed-up.

Yes, as the Hosiery Worker quotes from Mitten, a proper psychological attitude on the part of the worker is necessary to insure the maximum production (which Mitten advocates and the capitalists desire). To be sure this will create additional profits for the boss, and the workers will be driven almost insane in the effort to keep up with the speeding machines. The elimination of workers which follows will force many into the ranks of the unemployed. Then these unemployed will be forced by starvation to scab on their employed fellow workers in their later struggles against wage cuts.

These are a few of the problems which leaders, whom Mitten commends, should study, or the rank and file of the workers, who are mostly Americans, may decide that these "leaders" are misleaders and dangerous to the interests of the workers. Then will be the turn of the leaders who will build the unions and use them against the capitalist owners of industry in their fight to end strikes and the killing, arrest and wounding of strikers.

—W. C. P.

Coolidge Plans Trip

WASHINGTON, June 1. — The condition of the striking miners is not worrying President Coolidge. He plans to go west for his summer vacation.

The summer white house will be established this year on the Henry Clay Pierce estate 35 miles from Superior, Wis., it was announced today.

26 SAVED FROM DROWNING.

HAMMOND, N. J., June 1.—Miraculously saved from drowning, twenty-six persons were in hospitals today recovering from minor injuries received when an auto bus plunged off the White Horse Pike here into [illegible] of Lake Hammonton.

Red Army Broadcasts For Workers, Peasants

Over the vast stretches of the Soviet Union, the radio brings its messages of current happenings in the fields of economics, politics and culture that make the working class of the Soviet Union the best informed population in the world. The picture shows soldiers of the Red Army broadcasting from a Siberian station.

SHIP CHILDREN WEST AS SCABS ON FARMS

(By a Woman Worker Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, D. C. (By mail).—Last week there was organized in Washington, D. C., a big society called the U. S. Federation of Justice. It is composed of all manner of persons in any way connected with the administration of the law. This includes judges, jurists, lawyers, prosecuting attorneys, law-makers, both national and state, deans of law, presidents and professors of universities and colleges, police commissioners, wardens of penitentiaries, of reformatories and corrective institutions, heads of asylums, psychiatrists, alienists, and like court experts, besides officials in the executive branches of the government such as governors, lieut.-governors, mayors, etc. The list comprises some of the best known names in the land.

$10,000 Spent.

Judge Ewing Cockrel, of the circuit court of Warrensburg, Missouri, started the organization. A Mr. William Walker of Kansas City, Mo. made the enterprise possible by donating $10,000 to commence the initial work. This money has been consumed in the preliminary arrangements. One hundred fifty thousand invitations were mailed out to all important individuals all over the United States, its territories and possessions. Five thousand joined and 1,800 of these offered help.

A tight little inner circle will run their affairs, appointing persons agreeable to itself to act on commissions in gathering the information and deciding on what shall reach the membership at large regarding the "successes" of justice. Right here appears the joker in the proposition. Who is it that is in control? And what do they consider to be the "successes" of justice?

The meetings in Washington, D. C. leading up to the session were attended by Judge Cockerell, Judge Harry Holzer of Los Angeles, and again Doctors Healy and White. These are the names of the prime movers of the organization.

We have already pointed out in these columns the wholesale exploitation of our disabled veterans under Dr. White. The scandals in connection with his institution shook congress for several sessions. But White in being at the head of such associations as this new federation maintains his government job against all clamor for his removal. He and the Dr. Healy mentioned, were the men who saved Leopold and Loeb to the tune of $250 per day. But what are they doing for the poor and needy?

Dr. Healy got up at the session on May 24th and told of his success in shipping into the western states the delinquent children handled through the juvenile court of Boston. He cited the instance of one "bad" boy sent out to the Rocky Mountains through an employment agency.

Child Labor.

I arose and asked who had the responsibility over the care of these children. Nobody in that leaned body could say exactly, but Dr. Healy stated that hundreds of children were being sent west that way and the plan was "entirely successful." I pointed out that very serious complaints have been made about the employment of these children in the grain-fields in the eastern part of Washington state. They are used in child-labor to replace men and are worked under vile conditions of slavery, poorly fed and live in squalid misery, with seemingly nobody to see to it that they are properly cared for or to take the responsibility for their treatment.

Dr. Healy maintained the "success" of his work. He was "successful" at saving the killers of little Bobby Franks for a fat fee. He is successful in giving children of Massachusetts into slavery to replace men in their jobs. Massachusetts may consider it a "success" to get rid of hundreds of its little waifs by sending them far away from observation of how they are being handled. This is what he calls the scientific methods of his juvenile court.

It will be well to watch such an organization which has at its head two such men who would sell their talents to the murderers of innocent childhood.

—MYRTLE DE MONTIS.

KEITH THEATRE CHEATS USHERS NEGROES, PUBLIC

Employes Work 11 Hrs. for 7 Days; Get $15

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CLEVELAND, O., (By Mail).—As one of the several million unemployed I find it difficult indeed to locate some of this "prosperity" stuff we hear so much about.

Keith's Show.

Recently, anxious to get any work at all, after a long stretch of enforced idleness, I managed to get in as an usher at the local B. F. Keith's Palace, the finest theatre in the state of Ohio.

Here one sees raw exploitation, particularly of the youth. Here are a few of the regulations. The ushers work from ten to eleven hours a day and seven days a week at the tremendous wage of $15. The least infraction of the many rules or a moment's tardiness means instant dismissal. On many occasions the boys must work extra shows for no extra pay. Tips are forbidden on charge of being fired.

Exploiting these young workers on one hand, the management milks the public of thousands of dollars by misrepresentation, on the other. As often happens, the orchestra seats are sold early and late comers continuing to purchase these tickets, are afterwards told to sit in the balcony where the seats are cheaper. Thus hundreds of people pay additional quarters for seats they never get.

Balcony for Negroes.

But the greatest wrong is done to the Negroes of Cleveland, who are so discriminated against, that, regardless of the number of seats empty, in the orchestra or loges, no Negroes are allowed except in the balcony, even tho they pay the regular downstairs prices.

To top all this evident and rotten system of exploitation, discrimination and graft, the feature picture recently shown, "We Americans," is the highest type of flag-waving, glorifying the world war. A typical subtitle is a definition of a Socialist wherein one of the characters says, "A socialist wants all the money divided up." Of course, the usual slush, about Fifth Avenue's uniting with the East Side in marriage, ends the film and the moral we are expected to get is that America is a land of opportunity and we should be glad to fight for Morgan, Rockefeller and Co.

War Danger.

It seems that, what with Kellogg peace plans and peace conferences, and war films we are being rapidly prepared for a new world war, presumeably against the workers' government of the Soviet Union.

It is interesting to see the class struggle in its various forms all in a central spot. No one will deny that the theatre is one of the greatest means of educating the people and that education under the capitalist system is one of misinformation and partial to class.

Yes, the class struggle is still with us, even tho the "socialist" party thinks it is not.

—J. R.

Where Workers Control the "Air"; in U. S. S. R.

The fisherman shown in the picture is typical of thousands of workers thruout the Soviet Union, who receive the programs broadcasted by dozens of state radio studios while they work. The government of the first workers' and peasants' republic is building scores of radio stations.

BEAVERT, CALIFORNIA VICTIM TO BE FREED

LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By mail).—Jack Beavert, the last of the I. W. W. workers held under the criminal syndicalism law of California, will be released from San Quentin on Saturday, May 26, according to a report from San Francisco. On that date the "red scare" in California will become history.

Beavert, a lumber worker from the Humboldt forests, was railroaded to the dungeons of San Quentin three years ago at the age of 27. He went in apparently healthy and sane. Now at 30, he is said to be sickly of mind and body, and may become a permanent ward of California as an inmate of one of its hospitals, a report stated. He steadfastly refused parole, spent time in hospital, and his rebellious spirit caused "solitary" to be his home part of the time.

William Burns, the last of the federal prisoners jailed under the "C. S." law, was also freed from Leavenworth recently by a commutation order from President Coolidge.

"The men who served as felons under the 'C. S.' law were an exceptionally clean, hard-working body of men, mostly Americans," said Attorney Austin Lewis, the well-known labor lawyer, in a statement to the press. "Their incarceration is nothing for which California should be proud."

—L. P. RINDAL.

PYLE PAYS THE CASH.

C. C. (Cold Cash) Pyle today handed over bank drafts totalling $48,500 with which to pay the promised prizes for the ten leaders in his cross-country race.

Spain Seeks Share In Aviation Deaths

MADRID, June 1.—Anxiety was aroused here today by the mysterious disappearance of Capt. Jiminez and Capt. Iglesias, Spanish aviators, who hopped off at Seville on Tuesday morning in an attempt to establish long distance and duration records. Nothing has been heard of them since they headed southward from Seville.

"BLOODY MARIE" ILL.

BERLIN, June 1.—Reports that Queen Marie of Roumania, is seriously ill were denied by the Roumanian embassy today, it was stated that the Queen's illness was slight and she has practically recovered.

PREPARE FOR NEXT WAR.

LONDON, June 1.—The prediction that the formal inauguration of a regular airship service for passengers and mails across the Atlantic will take place within 18 months was made here today by Commander Charles Burney, M. P., who recently visited the United States.

WOULD EXPEL ANY LOCAL 1 PLUMBER OPPOSING PACT

Unregistered Helpers to Bring $5 Fine

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The officials of the Queens County, N. Y., Plumbers Local No. 418 announced recently that all plumbers who work with unregistered helpers will be fined five dollars. Many of the helpers are not registered and are still working.

The plumbers themselves do not take this very seriously. It is only a plan to help the plumbers' helpers from organizing.

There is a great sentiment in all the plumbing locals in New York City to unite into one local. The officials are bitter enemies of his plan, however.

Expulsion Clause

One clause of the new agreement between Local No. 1 and the Brooklyn Master Plumbers' Association states that any member of Local No. 1 who speaks against the agreement will be expelled from the union. This scheme means that Local No. 1 is becoming a company union.

According to the terms of the new agreement the bosses are allowed to install new machinery that would throw many plumbers out of work. The hours, however, remain the same.

This agreement has not been signed because of the rank and file opposition to it in Local No. 1. The officials are trying their best to urge the plumbers to accept the agreement.

The acts of the officials have resulted in the slashing of the wages of many of the plumbers. Many are already working below the scale. The plumbers must fight against the wage cuts.

To remedy the unemployment situation, the officials propose that many men should leave the trade. "There are too many men in the trade today," they say.

Where are these men going to find employment? To really remedy the situation the plumbers must fight against the speed-up system and for a shorter working day.

May Hang Woman

FLORENCE, Ariz., June 1.—The first woman to be condemned to death, Mrs. Eva Dugan, 50, mother of two children, may die on the gallows tomorrow.

Unless executive clemency is granted, she will be hanged for the murder of A. J. Mathis, 65 year old chicken rancher of Tucson.

UNITY PROLETARIAN CO-OPERATIVE SUMMER HOUSE
OPENS SATURDAY, JUNE 2nd
CAMP
EXCELLENT PROGRAM ARRANGED.
CHILDREN'S COLONY
in Unity Camp
For workers' children from 5 to 9 years.
HOW TO REACH THE CAMP:
Busses leave Friday at 6:30 P. M., Saturday 1:30 P. M. from 110th Street and 7th Avenue.
By train from Grand Central Station or from 125th St. to Wingdale and from there take our automobile to the camp.
For registration come to our main office
1800—7th AVE. Corner 110th St.
TELEPHONE, MONUMENT 0111.

Open for Sixth Summer Season
WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE
Camp Nitgedaiget
BEACON, N. Y.
Opening Celebration
Saturday, June 2nd
Register for tents or new bungalows at
69 — 5th AVE. Tel. Algonquin 6900.
or in the
COLONY, 2700 BRONX PARK E.
[Trains leave to Beacon from Grand Central every hour. Boat leaves to Newburgh 9 o'clock in the morning.]

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Silas B. Axtell, Slanderer of Soviet Union, Exposed as Ambulance Chaser

ADMITS SHYSTER PRACTICES AT BAR HEARINGS

Seamen Are Robbed by Ambulance Chasers

Silas B. Axtell, notorious as an ambulance chasing lawyer, yesterday admitted in the ambulance chasing inquiry before Supreme Court Justice Wasservogel that he has a house in Staten Island in which he keeps his clients from the time they leave hospitals until he has obtained his fee from them. Axtell's clients are workers who have been injured while in the course of their occupations.

Complaints from many of these injured workers charge that ambulance chasing lawyers, thru collusion with unscrupulous doctors and hospital employes, have succeeded in grabbing the lion's share of awards given the injured workers in court.

Axtell, besides making a reputation as an ambulance chaser, has also made himself notorious as a result of attacks upon Soviet Russia. His attacks were called falsehoods by members of the American Trade Union Delegation to the Soviet Union, to which Axtell attached himself, claiming to be the delegation's "legal adviser."

Barred From Hospital.

Axtell made himself so notorious as an ambulance chaser, it was revealed at the hearing, that the Shipping Board had broadcast a warning to bar Axtell's "runners" from all hospitals. Axtell, it was shown, maintains a staff of solicitors in many other American ports besides New York. The Shipping Board had gone so far as to bar one of Axtell's solicitors from a New Orleans Hospital.

It was also revealed that Axtell wrote letters to injured seamen, soliciting their cases, and wrote articles for unscrupulous maritime publications, in which he advertised his "skill" in seamen's damage suits. Axtell is counsel for several reactionary seamen's unions, such as the Eastern and Gulf Sailors' Association, Firemen's and Water Tenders' Association. Axtell admitted that these unions prevailed on their members to use his services.

Axtell recently earned notoriety thru his action in lobbying in Washington to aid the shipping bosses' demands for a federal ship subsidy.

BEGIN OFFENSIVE IN CLOAK PARLEY

Shop Delegate Confab Opens Saturday

Plans have been completed for the shop delegates conference to be held tomorrow, under the auspices of the National Organizing Committee of the cloak and dressmakers. The conference promises to be one of the largest gatherings of workers' representatives ever held in the ladies garment industry, according to the discussions among the thousands of workers, among whom the conference has become almost the sole topic of conversation. The conference has been called as the first step toward rebuilding the union, and will be held in Webster Hall, 11th St. and 3rd Ave.

In calling the workers to elect delegates the National Organizing Committee declares:

"The work of rebuilding the union begins. In accordance with the decision of the National Organizing Committee, conferences of this kind will be called in all cloak and dress manufacturing centers. The New York conference is the first to be held.

"All cloak and dressmaking shops, registered and unregistered, organized and unorganized, must send their chairmen, or elected representatives to the conference.

"The time for protests and for resolutions is past! The moment has now arrived for practical and effective work.

"Plans on how to begin the tremendous task of rebuilding our union shattered by the reactionary Sigman and Schlesinger clique, will be formulated at the conference."

The Russian-Polish branch of the Cloakmakers Union will hold a membership meeting this evening at 7 o'clock, at 315 East 10th St. Problems of great general importance as well as of the branch will be taken up, according to an announcement issued by its secretary yesterday.

To Probe Death of Man In Warehouse

MILWAUKEE, June 1. — John Nowek, 33, collapsed today in a warehouse at 225 Erie St. He was dead in a few minutes. There will be an investigation soon to determine the cause of his death.

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

Belgian Workers Won't Mourn If This Plane Should Happen to Crash

The sweat and blood of thousands of slaves in Belgium and in the Belgian Congo enable Alfred Lowenstein, Belgian capitalist and third richest man in the world, to tour the world with an entourage of servants and secretaries. Lowenstein has had the above giant tri-motored plane built for him.

GRAFTERS PLUNGE ON STOCK MARKET

Tammany Henchmen in Big Deals

The man whom Frank C. Gannon last week forgot appeared yesterday on the stand at Commissioner of Accounts Higgins' investigation into graft proceedings of Tammany Hall officials and disclosed in some detail why Gannon's memory had so mysteriously failed him.

W. E. A. Wheeler was the man. He is a stock broker. On the stand Wheeler likewise had unexpected lapses of memory but what he did recall was sufficient to disclose that Gannon, suspended Brooklyn street cleaning superintendent, had plunged heavily into Wall Street stock speculations totaling sums far larger than his yearly salary of $4,200.

Pays By Check.

Wheeler, whom Gannon couldn't remember, though he gave him a check for $1,250 on July 30, 1926, came to the stand and testified in halting, frightened sentences that the check was given him for the purchase of stock from the Kings County Realty Corporation, and that Gannon, whose income has been the object of considerable investigation, owns much more stock in the same corporation.

Gannon in his earlier sworn statement had made no mention of any dealings in such stocks. In addition $4,300 worth of checks issued by him during 1926 and 1927 could not be accounted for at all, when Gannon was on the stand last week.

Wheeler, the man who yesterday helped him to remember suggested that this sum represented the purchase price of the rest of the stock. Gannon's salary is entirely inadequate to cover the purchase of such large amounts of securities, the obvious inference being that Gannon had secured the money from graft.

• • •

Graft Fund Grows.

Graft of about $25,000 during a short period of three months in one garage alone in the period preceeding the graft investigations, was disclosed yesterday at the trial of Charles A. McGee, assistant general superintendent of the department, and William J. Oswald, Bronx district superintendent, for grand larceny and forgery at Bronx County Court.

This disclosure was made by Benjamin Stoeber, who with William J. Lougheed have pleaded guilty to grafting and are now state witnesses in the prosecution.

Estimates of the total Tammany Hall graft funds reach a figure of $200,000,000.

Wilkes-Barre Cave-in Almost Causes Deaths

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., June 1.—Several persons narrowly escaped death or injury today when a cave-in at the workings of the Glen Alden Coal Company in Newport Township caused a section of Newport Ave. to drop 200 feet. The company, like others in the anthracite has been violating its agreements with the miners and has been operating under the contractor system and under excessive speed-up which is said to be responsible for the accident.

Occupants of an automobile riding on the avenue became alarmed upon the first quivers of the ground and leaped out of the machine to hurry for help. When they returned, the car had already been engulfed in the cave-in.

Workers' Calendar

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Wilkes-Barre Meeting.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa. — A general membership meeting of the anthracite sub-district of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held June 3, at 3 P. M. at 206 South Main St.

• • •

Kenosha Meeting.

KENOSHA, Wis.—The Young Workers (Communist) League and the Workers (Communist) Party of Kenosha will hold a mass meeting June 8 at 8 P. M. at the German-American Hall. The subject of the meeting will be the Allen-A strike.

• • •

Chicago Miners' Relief.

CHICAGO, Ill.—There will be a concert and dance here on the evening of June 2, at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St., for the benefit of the Miners' Relief. The program includes many features and refreshments.

• • •

Waterbury Picnic.

WATERBURY, Conn.—The Workers organizations of Connecticut have arranged a picnic to be held on June 3, at Roseland Park, Waterbury. The program, which begins at 10 A. M., will include speakers, dancing, and refreshments.

• • •

Pittsburgh Haywood Meet.

PITTSBURGH.—The Pittsburgh Section of the Workers (Communist) Party has arranged a William D. Haywood meeting to be held June 2, at 8 P. M. at the International Socialist Lyceum, 805 James St.

• • •

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

• • •

Chicago Attention!

The Chicago North Side Committee for Striking Miners' Relief has arranged a concert and dance with the co-operation of several labor organizations for June 2, 8 P. M. at Aldine Hall, 911 Center St.

• • •

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

District 15—Y. W. L. Anniversary.

The sixth anniversary of the existence of the Young Workers' Communist League will be celebrated in District 15 in the following halls and on the following dates:

Hartford—2003 Main St., June 2.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

• • •

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Washington, D. C., June 2; Richmond, Va., June 3; Norfolk, Va., June 4; Wilmington, Del., June 5; Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes Barre, Pa.; Luzerna, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

• • •

Luzerne Banquet.

LUZERNE, Pa., May 31.—A Proletarian Banquet will be held June 2 at 206 Oliver St. here. Party members have been asked to bring sympathizers and friends.

• • •

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Saturday, June 2, Peabody, Mass., Finnish Hall, 67 Freemont St.

Sunday, June 3, Allston (Boston), Mass., 521 Cambridge St.

Monday, June 4, Haverhill, Mass.

Tuesday, June 5, Stamford, Conn.

Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.

Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.

Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.

Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.

Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.

Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.

Sunday, June 17, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

SCHOOL HEAD IS UNFAIR AT TRIAL

Teachers Say O'Shea Is Aiding Altman

In a protest to President George J. Ryan of the Board of Education regarding the recent hearing by the Law Committee of the Board of Education of complaints by public school teachers against the board's medical staff, Henry R. Linville, president of the Teachers' Union, asked yesterday that Superintendent of Schools William J. O'Shea be excused from sitting with the committee at future hearings.

O'Shea Unfair To Teachers.

Throughout the hearing on May 24, Linville charges, O'Shea seemed to be acting as "attorney" for Dr. Emil Altman, head of the medical board, "and seldom, if at any time, as an impartial listener to the statements that were being made by the teachers."

The retention of Dr. O'Shea as a member of the investigating committee at future hearings, Mr. Linville continued, "will, it seems to us, hamper the investigation and weaken any decision the committee may make."

Fear Negro Has Been Lynched in Missouri

MARSHALL, Mo., June 1.—Ocie Wilson, Negro, was taken from officers on the highway between here and Slater yesterday by twelve masked men. The sheriff's office here reported that no trace of him had been found this afternoon.

It is feared that Wilson has been lynched.

WORKERS ANSWER MINERS' APPEAL FOR AID IN STRIKE

New York Groups Send Relief

Responding to the urgent call for tents for the evicted unorganized miners on strike in western Pennsylvania, many workers' organizations have voted sums of money from their treasuries for miners' relief, according to Fannie Rudd, secretary of the New York office of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway. Many other organizations have taken up collections among their membership and raised relief funds through concerts and entertainments.

The Novo-Alexandrovsker Branch No. 396, Workmen's Circle, donated $55, collected at a banquet. Lists distributed among members of the Scandinavian Workers' Club, 267 52nd St., Brooklyn, were returned by one of the members with the sum of $51.

The Downtown Jewish Workers' Club, of 35 East 2nd St., turned over to the National Miners' Relief Committee the sum of $25, part proceeds of an affair recently run. Camp Nitgedaiget, the workers' camp at Beacon, N. Y., allowed a collection to be taken among the vacationists there and the amount of $32 was collected.

The Hungarian Miners' Relief Committee of 350 West 81st St., has turned over to the National Miners' Relief Committee the sum of $135.36.

JOINT DEFENSE TO HOLD BIG CARNIVAL

Labor Sports, Symphony Orchestra Features

The Hungarian Workers Symphony Orchestra, composed of fifty musicians and conducted by Alfred Kugel, will be one of the chief attractions at the big carnival to be held all day Saturday June 9 in Starlight Park. The carnival was arranged by the Joint Defense and Relief Committee for the cloak and dressmakers. Proceeds will go toward paying for the defense of the nine Mineola prisoners and eighteen Joint Board leaders who face the prospect of going to jail.

Baseball, soccer games, and track and field events by workers' sport clubs will be among the features. Mass calisthenics will also be a feature as well as a ballet by the Nonpartisan Workers Schools.

Rob 40 Men of $15,000 In Jewelry At Party

Forty men and women, guests at a confirmation party for a twelve year old girl in a cafe at 36 Kenmare St., were lined up and robbed of $15,000 in jewels and cash early today by four masked bandits armed with shining new automatics.

Los Angeles to Hold Affair For Miners

LOS ANGELES, June 1.—The Los Angeles section of the National Miners' Relief Committee is holding a Proletarian Cabaret June 30, Saturday night. The affair will be held at the Co-operative Center, 2706 Brooklyn Ave. There will be many attractive features including a Rebel Girls' Revue, and other musical numbers. In addition there will be dancing to a Negro jazz orchestra. The food is being prepared by the Women's Consumers' Leagues. The entire proceeds will go to the striking miners.

REGISTRATION FOR WIR CAMP STARTS

Will Be Maintained for Workers Children

The Workers International Relief has announced that applications of workers' children for a vacation at its children's camp are now being accepted.

The camp is located in the White Rock Mountains at Wingdale, New York.

"The main purpose of the W.I.R. in maintaing this camp is to give workers' children a chance to spend a vacation where they can build healthy bodies thru proper care and outdoor activities and at the same time to give them an education that will make better members of and fighters for the working class," the organization announced.

"The Young Pioneers of America are not running their own camp this year. They are giving their support and cooperation to the W.I.R. children's camp.

"It is the aim of the W.I.R. to give as many workers' children as possible a chance to spend their vacation in this camp. The rates are very low and even then special arrangements will be made for children of strikers, unemployed or any other workers who are unable to pay full rates."

Further information can be obtained from the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, N. Y., it was stated.

Miner Dies of Injury Received in Mine Shaft

PITTSBURGH, June 1.—William Pokin, aged 36, died in St. Joseph's Hospital last night from a fractured skull suffered last Monday in Mine No. 4 of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Company, at Horning. Pokin was standing at the bottom of the shaft when he was struck by a falling piece of coal, according to a coroner's report.

WORKERS PARTY GIVES SUPPORT TO INSPECTORS

Urges Workers To Keep Up Wage Fight

Expressing the full support of the Workers (Communist) Party in the efforts of the city inspectors of New York to obtain a living wage, William W. Weinstone, district organizer of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, has sent the following communication to the Allied Departmental Inspectors' Union, Local 17997:

"We have received your communication and brief in support of a resolution to adjust inspectors' salaries in New York City.

"We wish to express our complete support for your efforts to increase the salaries of inspectors which, as you correctly state, have practically remained the same as they were during 1920 and which are entirely too low for your character of work.

"We have turned over your brief for the study of our committee and shall forward to you any further resolution that we may adopt on the matter which we shall be pleased to make public in the press.

"We trust that you will do everything in your power to battle out your right for increased wages and better working conditions and that you will join in with other workers of the city that are likewise struggling to increase their wages and make one joint fight of the municipal employes of the city. Only such a united fight can force the hand of the city of New York that is dominated by the anti-labor Tammany Hall machine, which will provide adequate wages only if compelled to do so by the force and power of organized labor."

Horowitz Exhibit Shows Nitgedaiget Paintings

Frank Horowitz, of whom the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts bought a still life study in oil for its permanent collection when he was an honor student there, is making his first exhibition in New York with 93 paintings in the old Astor Library building, 425 Lafayette St.

Most of the landscapes are of scenes around Beacon, N. Y. They were done last year when Horowitz spent his vacation at Camp Nitgedaiget.

PICNIC
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Sunday, June 10th
at FABIAN'S FARM
DANCING REFRESHMENTS SPEAKERS
ADMISSION 25c.

What I Saw in China
by TOM MANN
For the past three years the Chinese masses have been struggling for freedom from the clutches of Imperialism.
Everyone nowadays is either talking or writing China.
Tom Mann, "grand old man" of the British labor movement, contributes his observations after a stay of six months in China with the International Workers Delegation.
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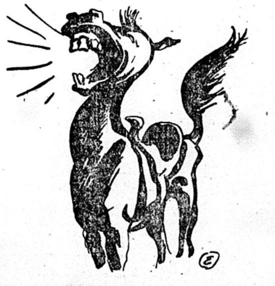

Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new
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Editor..........ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..........WM. F. DUNNE

as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Coolidge's General Declaration of War

Coolidge's Gettysburg address on Memorial day might be called a sort of general declaration of war against a series of nations, with the exact date of hostilities not fixed.

The exact date of opening of hostilities is yet to be filled in with a special declaration of war at a later time.

Also to be filled in are the names of the specific nations against which war is to be made, except the twenty-one nations of Latin-America, China, and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, which Coolidge has virtually specified already in his Memorial Day talk.

Cooldige's speech is one of the most ominous warnings of the policy of blood and iron of American imperialism—warnings of impending aggressive war—that the world has ever seen. It utters a threat exceeding anything that could have been expressed before the year 1928, or that could be uttered now by any other nation; it is the language of the imperialism of 1928 from the imperialist nation which at this time assumes the role of mastery by force over all other nations.

There is a certain degree of frankness in Coolidge's pointing out to his less understanding associates that preparedness for the coming war consists in something more than accumulating war instruments already made. The shrewder preparation consists in possession of the means to manufacture the latest war instruments at the time they are needed, rather than loading up with instruments which would be partly obsolete a few months later when hostilities open. This is a correct reminder that the unprecedented military and naval equipment already provided for is only the material with which to begin hostilities.

But of course that is only a very limited degree of frankness, and Coolidge's talk is covered over with a slather of thin, ambiguous words of "peace" and of outlawing war by means of the Kellogg plan. Of course the purpose of this drivel is plain; it is to supply the liberals and pacifists a sufficient basis on which to deceive agricultural and working class masses, while the war-making program proceeds to execution.

What results can Coolidge secure with this hypocritical talk of "peace" attached to his general declaration of war?

Excellent results. An outstanding voice among "liberal" daily newspapers is the New York World, whose "peace" policy so ably helped Woodrow Wilson to plunge the United States into the "war for peace" in 1918. The New York World yesterday responded to Coolidge's general war declaration with the following incredibly dishonest talk:

> **In a later part of his address Mr. Coolidge spoke most effectively about the obligation of American citizens abroad to respect the laws and institutions of the country in which they reside. This is a wholesome addition to the conventional doctrine, which he has preached so often before, that foreign Governments must respect American property rights. They should respect American property rights, but American property owners should respect foreign sovereignties. The President has learned something from his experience with Mexico, for obviously the warning he issues at Gettysburg is based on what he has learned from the new phase of American relations with Mexico. It is a warning which was issued once by Elihu Root. It was repeated, we believe, by Ambassador Morrow in one of his first talks after his arrival in Mexico City. It is very good to have it repeated once more by the President of the United States. If the warning is heeded it will make our relations with our neighbors much pleasanter.**

The New York World's apostles of peace, then, are Elihu Root and Dwight W. Morrow!

Who is Root? As the secretary of war in the McKinley administration, Root was the man of blood and iron chosen for the post in 1899, just after the Spanish-American war which inaugurated the period of active American imperialism. From the time he served as McKinley's secretary of war, through his service as Roosevelt's secretary of state, Root's name has expressed nothing so much as ruthless violence and wholesale plunder and murder directed against Latin-America. Root is somewhat of a "father" to the despicable imperialist project of the World Court, a member of the imperialist Security League, president of the Carnegie endowment "for international peace" which is really for aggressive war, a leader of several imperialist schemes against Latin-America, and was the head of the diplomatic mission which went to Russia during the world war to try to overthrow the revolution.

Morrow, the Morgan bank partner, is the incarnation of the imperialist subjugation of Mexico, the most outstanding apostle of violence against all Latin-America.

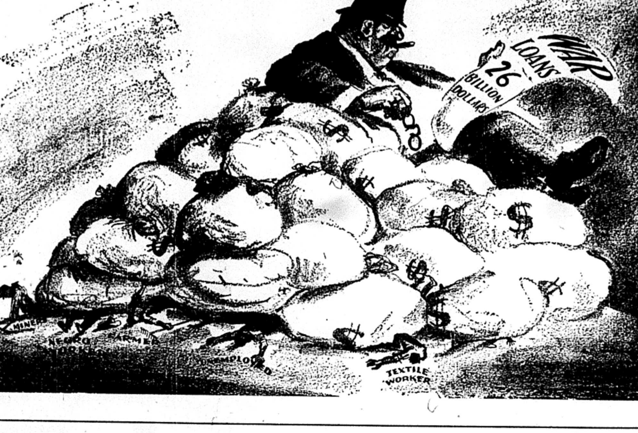
Coolidge's Gettysburg address is a serious warning to the masses of this country, of Latin-America and of the world, that the colossus of American imperialism plans war against them all, plans war against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, against China, and against its rival imperialist powers for the division of the world for exploitation.

But Coolidge spoke for the American ruling class, not for his administration alone. He spoke for both the republican and the democratic parties, for both the tories and the liberals of both capitalist parties, in his general declaration of war.

In this election campaign of 1928 the largest possible masses of workers and exploited farmers must be roused to support the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party, which is the only party which stands against imperialism and impending war.

SITTING ON TOP OF THE WORLD

By Fred Ellis



Oil Wars---The Old Kind and New

By SCOTT NEARING.

VENEZUELA is the latest oil "find." That country has replaced Mexico as the second largest oil producer of the world, and the "oil rush" there is like that which took place in Mexico twenty years ago.

Three great economic units are engaged in the struggle for oil: Standard Oil (United States); Royal Dutch (British) and the Soviet Naptha Trust, whose interests are confined to the Soviet Union. Outside of the Soviet Union the struggle for oil is a struggle between Standard and Royal Dutch—the business interests of the British Empire.

"Oil wars" are the latest phase of the imperial struggle for natural resources in this age of iron, coal, copper and oil. The struggle for oil is new. The struggle for mineral wealth dates back for at least six thousand years. At the dawn of written history empires were struggling for natural resource supplies.

During the age of copper and bronze the copper supply was as important to imperial survival as is the iron supply today.

One of the richest copper deposits in the Mediterranean basin lay in the Sinai Peninsula. This copper deposit was a source of conflict between the Chaldeans and the Egyptians. Finally about 4,000 B. C. the Egyptians under the Fourth Dynasty gained the day and took over the mining operations. The Fourth Dynasty, which lasted 284 years, drew its chief wealth from the Sinai copper mines and from the monopoly of trade routes into Mesopotamia.

This copper and trade monopoly combined gave the Egyptians of the Fourth Dynasty an income which speedily made Egypt the center of economic and political power. The Nile was thronged with ships. Trade routes were covered with caravans. Egyptian business men ventured out into the Mediterranean. Egyptian artisans working in bone, ivory, wood, stone, copper and gold turned out products that found their way into the remotest markets.

This age of early Egyptian wealth and prestige lasted from about 3998 to 3714 B. C. Flinders Petrie in his "History of Egypt" describes the building enterprises of the period by saying: "the simplicity and vastness, the perfection and the beauty of the earliest works place them in a different level to all works of art and man's devices in later ages."

Minerals Mean Power.

Minerals as a source of early Egyptian wealth are recognized by Brooks Adams in his "New Empire": "The Egyptians were god metallurgists," he writes, "and certainly worked wood, copper, iron and bronze before the Fourth Dynasty. The gold and iron came originally from Nubia. According to Diodores the Nubian gold mines under Rameses II or in the 14th century B. C. yielded annually bullion to the value of $650,000,000." Seti I (1314-1292 B. C.) wanted to endow a temple. He improved the road across the desert, added to the workings in the gold mines of the mountains in the Red Sea region, and thus was able to provide for the temple's upkeep.

Egyptian imperial power lasted intermittently from 4,000 B. C. down to near the Christian Era. It groups itself in three main imperial cycles, each one of which drew its main sources of income from the mineral deposits of Nubia, of Sinai, or of some area of lesser importance.

Through the whole course of history imperialists have struggled for the control of natural resources—minerals, fertile lands, waterways, timber. Usually the key to success has been the control of a mineral or fuel supply. The control and exploitation of natural resources has been one of the chief sources of imperial competition for at least six thousand years.

New Fascist Terrorism Will Not Halt Communists

Declaration of the Central Comittee of the C. P. of Italy.

For more than five years there has been prevailing in Italy the Fascist regime, a regime the establishment of which was preceded by a fierce class struggle. The agrarians and the industrial bourgeoisie had conducted this struggle with every possible means, with persecution, plunderings and murder, in order to crush the organized force of the proletariat and to bring terror among the masses. For more than five years, since the seizure of power by Fascism, the fight of the ruling classes of Italy against the working class, against the toiling peasants and finally against all categories of the working population has been continued in the most cruel and merciless manner, it becomes intensified with every turn of events, with every worsening of the economic situation of the country.

For the great mass of the toiling population the Fascist regime has meant a constant and unbearable deterioration of their subjection to a tyranny and a fearful terror. The atrocities and enormities which the working masses of Italy have suffered since the Fascists seized power are firmly implanted in the consciousness of millions of proletarians. The sufferings of these masses and the fearful situation in which they have been placed are a serious accusation against Fascism, against all its confederates, against all who have supported, promoted and upheld it.

Misery Under Fascism.

Italy today is the country of misery and starvation of the workers. Present-day Italy is a country in which the workers groan under the most hateful tyranny. The already miserable wages of Italian workers have sunk to nearly the half in the course of one year. Whole categories of peasants are living in misery. In Italy there are one million unemployed. For those who work in Italy there is no well-being, no freedom, no right of organization, no right to strike and no right of representatives. The fascist court passes savage sentences on workers who raise their voice against these conditions, who attempt to organize the workers and peasants in order to put an end to this regime, and on workers who agitate for the demand: bread, and freedom. In the prisons of Italy there are six thousand political prisoners. The political prisoners are bestially tortured; they are driven to suicide or murdered because they belong to the advance-guard which has not and does not bow to fascism, which conducts and will continue to conduct the obstinate fight of the proletariat against fascism.

In this situation the Milan outrage must be regarded as an elementary expression of indignant protest and of class retribution against the regime of misery, of slavery and of terror, against a regime which the working class and the working population of Italy can no longer endure. The Milan outrage is a tragic sign and a direct consequence of the serious situation of the acute economic and political crisis arising in Italy; of the indignation to which the social contradictions in Italy have led and which an enormous apparatus of suppression and terror is vainly endeavoring to conceal. It is fascism and all who support it and who have brought it to power, all who agree with it: the big industrialists, the bankers, the agrarians, the king, the church, all who for the sake of their own interests have caused and promoted the misery and enslavement of the Italian workers—it is these who are responsible for the outrage in Milan.

It is believed in certain quarters that the outrage was a provocation on the part of the fascists. Even if this were true, it would only be a proof of the difficulty of the situation which fascism can only master by such actions.

Try to Crush Communists.

The bomb explosion in Milan is now being made use of by the fascists as a pretext for accomplishing fresh crimes, for rendering still worse the political situation of the working class and in order to let loose the offensive of reaction. The object of this offensive was clearly indicated at the first moment. It is the Communist Party, the organization of the advance-guard of the working class which fascism is again attempting to crush and to tear away from the masses.

During the year 1927 and in the year 1928 the most important episodes of the proletarian resistance to the offensive against wages were inspired and led by the Communist advance-guard. The Communist advance-guard inspired and led the economic struggles and the anti-fascist movements of the peasants. The Communist Party is devoting all its forces to renewing the trade union life of the Confederacione Generale del Lavoro (Italian Federation of Trade Unions). Everywhere in the agitation and in the movement the Communist champions stood at the head of the masses.

The fact that fascism now considers it necessary to conduct a fresh offensive against the Communist Party shows that the class struggle, the organizing and mobilizing of the masses are the only successful means, the only weapon by which fascism and the capitalist regime in Italy can be given a deadly blow. The fact that fascism, after seven years reign of terror, places on the order of the day the necessity to crush the Communist movement, shows that the Communist Party—which has continued its activity among the masses even under the exceptional laws, which has scorned to desert the field of battle—is the only force remaining which fascism and the capitalist regime today have serious cause to fear, is the only organized force which is capable of conducting the fight which can lead to the overthrow of the present regime.

Communists Fight On.

In view of this new campaign the Communist Party declares its inexorable will and its readiness to continue the fight, in which it is today leading the best forces of the Italian proletariat. The Communist Party will continue the fight for wages, in the defense of all workers against the capitalist exploitation, for the liberty of the working class and of the entire working population of Italy.

The Communist Party will not permit that its true character of a class party, of a party which expresses the requirements, desires and demands of the great working masses, which is bound with indissoluble bonds to these masses, be distorted. The Communist Party is not a sect of terrorists divided from the masses; and it will never allow itself to be converted into such a sect. It preserves its activity among the masses, it fights for the masses and it will, undeterred, lead the masses from the present episodes of resistance and class struggle up to the armed revolt which will shatter all the supports of the regime and emancipate the Italian workers forever from the yoke of the fascist and capitalist regime.

The new campaign against the Communist Party is intended to serve fascism as a pretext for the imposition of the severe penalties provided by the exceptional laws, and in order to be able to condemn the best fighters of the working class to ten and twenty years' imprisonment and ever to death. As the threats, persecutions, deportations, prisons and torture have not been able to check the movement, steps are now being taken to annihilate in a "legal" manner the advance-guard of the proletariat.

The Communist Party opposes this fresh infamy with all its force and calls upon all workers in Italy and abroad to protest and to fight against it.

It must be demanded that the searches for those responsible for the outrage should be controlled and conducted in a completely open manner. It must be brought to light what is happening in the Italian prisons. A fight must be waged against the application of capital punishment for the fighters of the advance-guard of the workers.

A fight must be waged for the abolition of the exceptional laws.

A fight must be waged for exposing and thwarting the crimes of fascism. The Communists and revolutionary workers of Italy in emigration and in exile must join in this fight. Even if the fight which the working class in Italy is conducting becomes ever harder, it will not be interrupted. The Italian working class, in close alliance with the proletariat in all countries, will overcome all obstacles, defend its bread and its wages, rewin its liberty, build up its organizations again, develop a tremendously powerful mass fight, place itself at the head of the anti-fascist forces and lead them forward without hesitation up to the overthrow of the capitalist regime and the victory of the revolutionary proletariat.

HANdOuTS

In the little town of Winslow, N. J., American Legionnaires on a Memorial Day parade discovered school was in session. They marched double-quick to the school board and arranged to have the principal, Mrs. Frances Galloway, and all the pupils sent home, as a demonstration of patriotism. There is a rumor around Winslow that the Legionnaires had arranged to use the school room for a crap game.

• • •

A dispatch yesterday carried a rare example of perversity. Alarm clocks are usually used to wake men up. But a certain jewelry store boss used his alarm clock to put himself into a deep sleep. Tying a piece of string to the clock to connect with a gas jet, he died, a suicide. The alarm rang at 1.15 a. m., filling the room with gas.

Of course it is too bad. But it seems like a lot of trouble. It's not so hard to die as all that.

• • •

CONTENT.

Unheeding how the world might fare
From trough to trough he went;
Whoever starved he hogged his share,
And grunted his content.
—*Robert Whitaker.*

• • •

Contention that you can retain your purity and still accept a few gifts on the side is made by Mrs. John D. Sherman, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, in answer to the charge that the federation is a victim of commercialism.

Amongst other things Mrs. Sherman admitted that contributions had been received from the National Electric Light Association, a magazine and other commercial organizations. She showed that the skirts of the organization were clean by adding that the gifts were received "only after a definite understanding had been reached which made it certain that the contributing organizations were gaining no special privileges from the federation."

• • •

World Revolutionist

REV. MULLINS, Baptist.

The fine figure of a man shown above is none other than the Rev. E. Y. Mullins, head of the Baptist Internationale. He is president of the World Baptist Alliance, which will hold its Fourth Congress in Toronto, Canada, June 23-29. The revolutionary program which is expected to be proposed to the congress and which is hoped to go a long ways toward lightening the burdens of the working class is as follows:

1. *Perfume salts and warm water for baptism.*
2. *Prompter results from God following prayer.*
3. *More one-armed deacons for taking collections.*
4. *Solidarity between preachers and choir singers.*
5. *Defense fund for pastors jailed for murder, rape and shop-lifting.*

• • •

ALAS, POOR YORICK!

Time: May 31, 1928. Scene: Gettysburg Graveyard.

First Gravedigger (busy digging): Seems like they want a big grave. What did this guy croak from?

Second Gravedigger: He listened all thru Coolidge's memorial day speech.

• • •

The development of scholarly poise among the students of Yale is clearly seen in the fact that the five who were arrested for throwing bottles at workmen and hurling stones through windows, spent their time in jail, waiting bail from their rich papas, in playing stud poker for "very high stakes."

• • •

The militarists of Germany whose preparations for the next war were exposed to the world when a few draughts of phosgene gas escaped and killed a dozen workers were quick to explain that the gas was not for war purposes and was merely a household commodity. Now Captain George H. Wilkins finds that he can buy all the flame-throwers he wants in the Berlin stores. Wilkins wants them to melt passageways in the snow to be used as runways for his plane in his antarctic expedition. The flame-throwers are one of the most deadly instruments of war. The militarists are quick to explain that the flame-throwers are in reality nothing but "insect killers."

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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FALL OF PEKING NEAR AS CHANG EVACUATES CITY

Japanese, American Troops On Watch

SHANGHAI, June 3.—With a Nationalist army reported to be 500,000 strong advancing on the city and with the northern war-lord, Chang Tso-lin in full flight for his Mukden stronghold, it is expected that Peking will be in the hands of the southern war-lord, Chiang Kai-shek, within a few days. American troops, hovering at Tientsin, and Japanese troops, at Tsinan, are reported to be eagerly awaiting developments. The American fleet on its summer cruise is now on the coast.

Retreat Prepared.

The abandonment of the northern capital appears to have been decided on when news of the defeat of the troops of Chang Tso-lin at Liuliho one of the outposts of the city, reached Peking. In spite of the assurances posted everywhere thruout Peking that the dictator intended to remain and defend the town, every energy has been bent on preparing for the retreat during the last few days.

Not only the northern railroad station, from which Chang himself departed, but all the roads north from Peking are filled with the retreating soldiery of Chang Tso-lin. The dictator abandoned the city in a special train, leaving the government of Peking to a council of elders. Wang Si

(Continued on Page 7

FIND TORTURER IS "INNOCENT"

Indo - French Officials Crippled Natives

MANILA, June 3.—The investigation of the case of the French colonial official, Durupt, in Indo-China has resulted in a complete justification of all his acts, according to reports from Hanoi. Durupt's practices in the torturing of natives were the subject of the investigation.

In spite of the findings of the investigators, which revealed that Durupt had used the most frightful methods in trying to extort confessions of guilt from innocent natives the investigators freed him.

Twisting limbs until the ligaments snap, tearing teeth out of the gums are only two of the ingenious practises which Durupt devised for the torture of natives. The witnesses against Durupt looked like an assemblage of cripples with warped arms and legs and teethless heads. The physicians' testimony held Durupt entirely responsible for the tortures.

At the head of the government in French Indo-China is Varenne, the "socialist."

FASCIST VICTIM IS LUNATIC NOW

Blackshirt Tortures Drove Him Insane

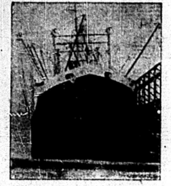
VIENNA, June 3.—First reports of the trial of the Communists by the fascist tribunal at Rome, which are now leaking thru the Italian censorship, reveal that during the time of their imprisonment the accused had no opportunity to make a statement of their innocence nor were they informed of the reason for their detension.

In spite of the opposition raised by the prosecution the court upheld the defense in its demand that documents bearing on the case be read. The reading occupied the first and second session.

The prosecution further opposed the motion of the defense that Azzario be sent to an insane asylum as a madman but the court was compelled to uphold the defense in this point also.

Azzario was arrested in 1927 when he was the representative from Panama to the Red International of Trade Unions. He was deported from southern Italy but landed again at Genoa. Azzario was in good health at the time he arrived in Italy but the terrible tortures which he underwent in prison caused him to lose his reason.

Seamen Drown in Crash



Nine members of the crew of the liner Kershaw were lost off the Massachusetts coast when the vessel collided with the S. S. President Garfield (above). Seamen are among the lowest paid workers.

MENDOLA FACES MURDER CHARGE

Trial Follows Case of Sam Bonita

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., June 3.—Steve Mendola of Local Union 1703 is on trial and being framed up for the murder of Frank Agati. Already Sam Bonita, the militant leader of Local Union 1703, and its president, has been railroaded to the Eastern Penitentiary. The machine led by Cappelini and John L. Lewis, not satisfied with sending of Bonita to the penitentiary is proceeding to prosecute Mendola. Yesterday Board Member August Lippi, International Organizer Anthony Figlock, Traveling Auditor John B. Gallagher, testified in court and as usual these officials of the Mine Workers' Union are assisting with the frame-up.

The trial is going on before the same vicious, coal operators' Judge McLean, who presided at the trial of Sam Bonita. District Attorney Lewis, is the one who is trying the case. Other international organizers and representatives such as Bursarello are also testifying in the case. It is feared that the very same verdict that was handed down in the Bonita case will be handed down in the case of Mendola.

CLOAK CHAIRMEN MEETING IN N. Y.

Conference Opens New Era of Struggle

A turning point of historic significance in the struggles of the needle trades workers against their betrayers and bosses was reached when the conference of shop delegates, representing thousands of cloak and dress makers, concluded its all day session at Webster Hall Saturday evening.

The closing of the highly enthusiastic conference officially launches the drive of the workers in the ladies' garment industry to regain bearable living standards by the rebuilding of a union which was smashed by the attacks of the socialist officialdom, the bosses and police.

Action Started.

Permanent machinery for the prosecution of this campaign in New York began their respective functions soon after election of workers' shop delegates. They include: a committee of executives called the Shop Council, composed of representatives from the Joint Board, the Tolerance Group and from the Chairmen's Committee, of 50; a Resolutions Committee of 11; a Press and Propaganda Committee of 9; and an Organization Committee of 11, whose first task is to set up an organization committee of 500 rank and filers.

The conference was held in answer to the call of the National Organization Committee, which is rallying the cloak and dressmakers thruout the country to a struggle against the Sigman-Schlesinger clique for the reconstruction of a union in the industry.

Approximately eleven hundred shop representatives, representing about 800 cloak and dress manufacturing shops, according to an early report by the credentials committee, participated in the proceedings with an enthusiasm seldom equalled in the union's history. The delegates came from registered and unregistered shops, from organized as well as open shops. Even shops of leaders of the Industrial Council, which is the bosses' association lending the great-

(Continued on Page 7.

TO OUR READERS!

COMRADES:

As we regretfully announced in Saturday's issue, The DAILY WORKER will cease publication within the next few days unless the workers and sympathizers with the workers' cause who read the DAILY WORKER come to its rescue with very generous support.

As we told you frankly, we are faced with an ultimatum under the terms of which $10,000 must be raised before June 16, and $5,000 of this must be obtained during this week. before Saturday, June 9. These terms are impossible to meet from any resources within reach of The DAILY WORKER. The paper must cease publication unless this money can be obtained from its readers.

The danger is that you will not understand this urgent need until it is too late. Last Friday at three o'clock in the afternoon, the shop was scheduled to close, stopping the publication of Saturday's paper. We obtained three hours' grace—an extension of the time limit until six o'clock. At five-thirty a friend came to the rescue with $1,000. With this it was possible to make an arrangement with creditors which kept the doors open until Monday, so that this issue of the paper could be gotten out. On this Monday morning we are awaiting telegraphic and airmail answers to our appeal. If they don't come, we know that we shall have to close.

We are not going to close if it can be made physically possible to keep on. We will fight and go hungry as long as we can get a line of type set. We know that the Workers (Communist) Party, of which we, The DAILY WORKER, are the central organ, needs us now more than ever before. The greatest political campaign ever undertaken in the United States was launched by the National Nominating Convention of our Pary which put Foster and Gitlow into the field as candidates for president and vice-president. This revolutionary campaign in the capitalist "democratic" election marks an epoch in the history of the American working class and a turning point in the life of our revolutionary Party. We don't want to go down just at this of all times. We know that our Party depends upon The DAILY WORKER now more than upon anything else to make a struggle to advance our cause. We know that if we fall, the hundreds of thousands of coal miners who are now in the turning point of their big fight for freedom from company agents in the union and from the scab conditions, as well as the textile strikers and also the needle trades workers whose fight is now just at its most critical point,—we know that all of these valiant members of our class will be hard hit if we are driven to the wall.

We won't quit as long as you give us a chance.
But make it quick. We are sinking.

The conditions are: $10,000 must be obtained before June 16. But at least half of this must be obtained THIS WEEK, before Saturday, June 9. Otherwise there will be no more DAILY WORKER after that June 9. It may be necessary to reduce the size of The DAILY WORKER to four pages immediately unless the financial help comes in very rapidly in the next day or two.

But we will fight on and win if you will help generously and quickly. Adress DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York.

—THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

Capitol Cops Out for 'Reds'

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The police authorities of this city are again having bad dreams. Supt. Hesse has just ordered his sleuths to be on the lookout for all "persons who have placed placards opposing the citizens' military training camps in some of the local schools.

Allan Davis, principal of the Business High School, has become a local hero by his amazing discovery of three placards signed "Young Workers (Communist) League."

S. I. CARMEN VOTE TO STRIKE TODAY

Demanding an increase of ten cents an hour over the present scale several hundred trolley workers are expected to go on strike this morning on Staten Island. A strike vote taken late Saturday night resulted in a practically unanimous decision for an immediate walk-out.

Meanwhile S. H. Sirena, general manager of the Richmond Railways Company which operates six lines on

(Continued on Page 7

8 Jersey Job Holders in Jam

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 3.—Bribery, conspiracy, misfeasance in office—these are but a few of the variety of indictments against five councilmen of Liden, four men connected with the administration and two other city officials.

On Tuesday in Quarter Sessions Court here the defendants will answer to the indictments which were handed down against them by the May grand jury following an inves-

(Continued on Page 7

RICH TOBACCO COLLEGE FIGHTS LABOR

Magnate's School to Train Political and Industrial Bosses

DURHAM, N. C., June 3.—Wages have been lopped from 25 to 50 per cent on the campus of Duke University since the building trades unions were ousted last fall. A survey by the Durham Central Labor Union tells what the open shop plan is doing in the construction of the most richly endowed school in the United States.

Groups of mechanics show their discontent by petty strikes, but unorganized they lose, and thus independent workers are weeded out. Unqualified men cause accidents on the job. Only the other day a dynamite foreman overcharged and a reserve supply went off, tearing down a concrete wall 100 feet long, 21 inches thick and 20 feet high at its higest point.

Duke University is a monument to its founder, James Buchanan Duke, the tobacco and water-power multimillionaire, who died in 1925. Duke was raised in Durham, going into tobacco manufacturing, as a boy, just after the Civil War, with his father, a discharged Confederate soldier. Using the new cigarette machines of the 80s, the family became enormously rich, and in 1890 Duke combined some of his competitors into the American Tobacco Co. Later his wealth flowed into hydroelectric development in the south and in Canada and today the Duke Power Co., through its subsidiary, Southern Power Co., drives the spindles of 300 cotton mills in the Carolinas. The Dukes are heavy

(Continued on Page Tw

Militant Negro Miner

George W. Hawkins, one of the thousands of Negro miners who for over a year have been conducting a militant fight against the coal barons and their allies in the Lewis machine is shown in the picture. Hawkins is now in New York City where he will plead for relief for the struggling Negro and white mine strikers thruout the coal fields.

N. Y. COMMUNIST MEET OPENS SOON

Nominations to be Made For All Offices

Up-state delegates from every section of New York State will arrive here next Saturday for the State Nominating Convention of The Workers (Communist) Party which opens Sunday, June 10. The Convention, which will choose gubernatorial and senatorial candidates in the 1928 election, will meet at 10 a. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

Delegates will be elected from Workers Party locals as well as fraternal delegates from shops, unions, and labor and farmer organizations.

Large Representation.

The District Organizer of up-state New York with headquarters in Buffalo, has stated that delegates would be elected from Albany, Jamestown,

(Continued on Page Two)

CROP OUTLOOK GOOD IN U.S.S.R.

Will Draw Peasants Into Farm Plans

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By Mail).—The spring field work in the Soviet Union has been somewhat delayed in view of the late spring. The spring is from two to three weeks late and in some places even four weeks. Owing to the slow melting of snow, considerable quantities of moisture have accumulated. This is very important, especially for the districts suffering from droughts. On the whole, according to the People's Commissariat for Agriculture, the state of the spring crops is satisfactory.

In this year's spring campaign all peasants who manifested great activity have been drawn into the scheme of planned farming and increasing the arable soil. The sale of agricultural machinery has considerably increased.

It is worth mentioning that the state has given considerable aid to the poor peasants in the way of seeds. In the RSFSR alone, the peasants have been given this spring in the way of a loan 437,350 tons of seeds of different kinds, and about 7,700,000 roubles in money.

In the Volga, south-eastern and Siberian districts, the winter crop is better than average; in the Crimea, North Caucasus and the Far East, somewhat below the average.

Czech Police Attack Workers with Guns

PRAGUE, (By Mail).—Scores of workers and peasants were injured and many were arrested, including the editor of the Communist Rude Pravo, during May Day demonstrations in the hinterland of Czecho-Slovakia when the police attacked the demonstrators with gun-butts and bayonetts.

May Day thruout the country was characterized by extreme police brutality, meetings were forbidden, Communist newspapers and literature confiscated, and placards and banners torn down.

MILL COMMITTEE IN SPECIAL CALL FOR NEW MEMBERS

Start Drive As A F of L Union Stops Dole

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 3.—A special proclamation to all the members of the New Bedford Textile Council of the United Textile Workers' Union, is about to be issued by the Textile Mills Committee, a DAILY WORKER representative was told yesterday. The proclamation will call upon them to join the Mills Committee along with the thousands of unskilled and semi-skilled workers who have signed up with that organization since the strike of 28,000 textile operators began more than 7 weeks ago. The Textile Council membership consists of about 6,000 skilled workers.

Funds Exhausted.

Although the membership drive conducted by the T. M. C. in New Bedford also included a campaign to enroll the council members, this special call is forthcoming, it was learned, because of the announcement made by the officialdom of the Textile Council that the distribution relief doles to the union members will be stopped due to exhausted funds.

The Loom Fixers' local declared that the last benefit payment of $4 to a family was made last Saturday, and that further payments for the strike's duration are not to be made. The other locals may end benefits by

(Continued on Page Tw

INDICTED MINERS ARE DISCHARGED

Mine Justice Admits It Was Illegal

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ST. CLAIRSVILLE, Ohio (By mail).—Seventy-five striking miners, indicted on charges of rioting as the result of attacks on picket lines made by Belmont county police authorities and mine guards, will never be brought to trial, the National Miners' Relief Committee was informed yesterday. The indictments pending against the pickets were quashed in common pleas court here yesterday on the request of County Prosecutor Paul Waddell. In making his request the country attorney said frankly that he did not believe that "The charges could be sustained in most instances." Waddell is the same gentleman who, in reflecting on the abrogation of all civil rights in Belmont county, declared: "We have had to forget what we were taught in school about rights."

None of the 51 women pickets arrested in St. Clairsville April 21 were included in the set of charges set aside at Waddell's request. None of the 51 women had ever been indicted and it is assumed that the county authorities will not press the cases against the women demonstrants.

Concurrent with the report of the quashed indictments, the National Miners' Relief Committee received the information that the last detachment of the Ohio national guard had been withdrawn from the eastern Ohio mining section. Ten officers will remain stationed in various parts of the field as "observers," it was announced. The exact functions of the National Guard "observers" have never been defined. Several of the "observers" have, however, participated in and directed attacks upon picket lines made by deputies and United States marshals in the past month.

FASCIST MURDER JAILED MILITANT

Case Like That of Sozzi; Plan Protest

ROME, June 3.—Carlo Riva, whose murder in the prison of Genoa has now been established, suffered a fate similar to that of Ruota in the same prison, a week or two previously and of the well-known victims Sozzi and Sanvito.

The same report—that he had committed suicide in his cell—was given ot, but, as in the previous cases, the body was refused to his relatives and was buried secretly with a strong guard.

The DAILY WORKER regrets its inability to supply the full six pages of matter today. Facing the danger of immediate suspension, which can be avoided only if the comrades and sympathizers send us financial help in the quickest possible time, we may be compelled to reduce the size of The DAILY WORKER to four pages tomorrow. Sorry, but we are in the fight for the life of the only revolutionary daily newspaper published in the English language.

THE DAILY WORKER.

WILL AMERICAN LABOR LET THE DAILY WORKER DIE OR SAVE ITS PRESS AT ANY COST?

New subscriptions will help The DAILY WORKER greatly in its present financial crisis, declared A. Ravitch, business manager of the Daily, yesterday.

"A flood of new subscriptions," he said, "would go a long way toward placing The DAILY WORKER on a permanently sound financial footing. Increased circulation means increased advertising and higher advertising rates. It means a general increase of income and the possibility of eliminating permanently the financial crises which are constantly threatening the life of The DAILY WORKER."

"The American working class is faced today with the prospect of losing its only militant daily labor organ," Ravitch went on. "What this will mean to the American workers cannot be overstated."

"The American working class is confronted with a struggle against the powerful capitalist tyranny on earth. Day by day, year in and year out, thru the speed-up, laying-off, wage slashes, union-smashing and the ever growing thousands in the army of unemployed workers, the American working class is made to suffer from the talons as well as from the burden of the American capitalist system.

"Against the sufferings imposed by the persecutions launched by the American capitalists, The DAILY WORKER, alone among American daily newspapers, has lifted its voice to protest, to guide the workers in their struggle, and to fight firmly side by side with them against the bosses.

"The readers of The DAILY WORKER," Ravitch continued, "are now being asked to come to the aid of the paper in order to prevent its suspension. In addition to sending funds they can aid the Daily in still another way by securing subscriptions.

"Every class-conscious American worker should consider himself a DAILY WORKER agent and work among his friends, his shopmates, in his trade union and fraternal organization to secure new readers for the organ of the militant American workers. Only in this way can The DAILY WORKER grow into a powerful weapon of the workers in their struggles against capitalism."

STRIKE OF 3000 TIES UP PORT IN ARGENTINE

Expect Big Sympathetic Walk-Out

BUENOS AYRES, June 3.—At least 3,000 harbor workers are on strike, and workers in all trades are expected to join them within the next few days, as the port tie-up at Bahia Blanca, on the east coast of the Argentine continues unbroken, and dock and ship owners are openly admitting that they see no end to the present situation. It is believed that the strike will continue indefinitely, is the latest report from the southern port.

In spite of provocation on the part of the authorities, who are being urged to repressive action by the owners, for whom the strike is losing thousands of dollars, the workers are maintaining a firm front.

Police charges on demonstrations and picket lines, while less frequent than at Rosario and Santa Fe, where police interference in the dock strike cost a dozen lives, are the order of the day, and a number of workers are reported to have been injured.

There is a growing sentiment for a sympathetic strike among the workers of other industries and it is expected that the walk-out may come within a few days. Rank and file pressure is being exerted upon the union officials.

The tie-up of Bahia Blanca harbor, where a number of vessels have been lying for a week, unable to load or unload, is the latest of a series of harbor strikes which have been tying up Argentine shipping. The former strikes took place in the northern group of ports along the Plata River. Bahia Blanca is the largest port south of Buenos Ayres.

CLOAK CHAIRMEN MEETING IN N. Y.

Conference Opens New Era of Struggle

(Continued from page one)

est aid to the right wing, were represented by shop delegates.

Hyman Speaks.

After election of a conference chairman, Louis Hyman, chairman of the National Organization Committee delivered the opening speech. Particularly sharp was the attack he launched against the "hypocritical appeal for 'unity' issued Friday by Benjamin Schlesinger."

"After admitting that the union is shattered, and that it cannot be rebuilt unless all elements are again taken in," Hyman declared. "Schlesinger hypocritically states that all but Communists will have full membership rights to run for office." Hyman then stated that "first Schlesinger lies! The decision of the fakers' convention is that all members of the Communist Party, their sympathizers and followers shall not be permitted to hold office. Who is to decide who is or is not in any of those categories?" Hyman asked. "The bosses, Sigman, Schlesinger and their gangsters," he said.

The climax of his speech, received with great applause, was reached when he declared: "When union officials are made leaders by the bosses as Sigman and his gang were, no union they control can ever come to the employers and ask for the improvement of conditions, therefore we must build a union controlled by the rank and file."

"If Schlesinger were honest," Hyman concluded, "he would back up his call for 'unity' by calling general elections, so that the membership can themselves choose their leadership."

Gold Cheered.

Ben Gold, leader of the furriers' union, then addressed the conference in the name of the thousands of fur workers who were going thru the same struggle as the cloakmakers. He received a great ovation. His speech also centered around the Schlesinger proclamation. He declared that the Sigmans and Schlesingers were shrewd enough to estimate this movement of the shop representatives at its real value. "Their fear of the unquenchable spirit shown by the workers in preparing for this conference, which spells their doom, forced them to issue their fake unity proclamation," he stated.

"But the needle trades workers have not gone thru 19 months of union wrecking without recognizing this proclamation of Schlesinger's as a piece of sheer hypocricy," Gold declared, adding "Schlesinger and Sigman are an excellent team for the [illegible] Jewish Daily Forward [illegible] statements softening the blows rained on the workers' heads by Sigman."

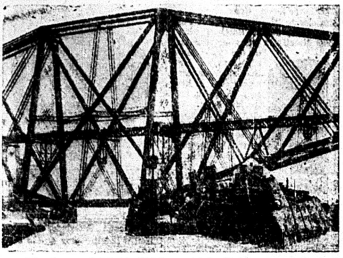
Opened by Wortis.

The conference was officially opened by Rose Wortis, secretary of the National Organizing Committee, who briefly explained its purposes and then opened the floor nomination and eventual election of Harry Berlin of Cutters' Local 10 as the chairman of the conference. Lena Goodman and F. Holtzaker were elected secretaries at the conference. A Deutch, a former member of the executive board of the Sigman right wing local who resigned when the Tolerance Group joined the N. O. C. and Ben Kaplan, the former chairman of a right wing local, also spoke.

Pressers Meet Tonight.

A general membership meeting of the Pressers' Local 35 will be held tonight immediately after work at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. Plans offered by the National Organization Conference will be discussed and passed on. All members are appealed to in an announcement from the union headquarters to attend the meeting without fail.

Militarists Resurrect Old Iron For Next War



The German battleship Moltke, scuttled off the coast of Scotland during the world war, has been re-floated by German engineers and towed upside down to the Firth of Forth where it will be re-conditioned. The upside-down towage is considered an engineering feat.

CHINESE SEAMEN HERE ARE BEATEN AND JAILED

Nineteen Chinese seamen who demanded shore leave at Stapleton, Staten Island, following months in the blistering fireroom in the British tramp steamer "Comerit," were beaten up by police and later locked up in the St. George police station.

The "Comerit" had made fourteen ports on the present trip prior to its arrival in the United States. Its last port had been Liverpool, England, and the seamen declare they were promised shore leave on their arrival here.

When the demand of the seamen became very emphatic, the captain of the ship called the police of the St. George station who attacked them with clubs and then hustled them off to jail in four patrol wagons.

The resentment of the seamen was increased by the fact that four of their comrades who demanded leave Friday night were locked up by the captain in the warehouse on the pier.

The jailed seamen will come up for hearing in Stapleton court this morning.

N. Y. COMMUNIST MEET WILL OPEN

Great Activity Among Up-State Delegates

(Continued from page one)

Utica, Rochester, Syracuse, Schenectady, Binghampton and Troy.

In spite of the great energies expended to send delegates to the National Nominating Convention, the upstate delegates have expressed enthusiasm regarding the convention to elect state candidates and are making special efforts to get automobiles to bring as large a delegation as possible. It is expected that about thirty delegates will be elected from upstate.

Special efforts are being made to get Negro workers and farmers to send delegates.

Ohio District Active.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 3.—Following the Ohio state and the National Nominating Conventions of The Workers (Communist) Party, general membership meetings are being scheduled here to discuss the election campaign and to begin an active organization drve.

Many Meetings.

Cleveland—Wednesday, June 6, 8 P. M., at 2046 East 4th St.
Toledo—Thursday, June 7, 8 P. M.
Youngstown—Friday, June 8, 8 P. M.
Warren—Sunday, June 10, 10 A. M.
Akron.—Sunday, June 10, 8 P. M.
Canton—Sunday, June 10, 8 P. M.
East Liverpool—Monday, June 11, 8 P. M.

PEKING TO FALL AS CHANG FLEES

U. S. State Department Changes Attitude

(Continued from page one)

chen, one of Chang's advisers, has been left in control.

It is believed that Peking will fall to Chiang Kai-shek without a battle.

* * *

Japanese Await Opportunity.

SHANGHAI, June 3. — Japanese troops are being held in readiness thruout Shantung, preparatory to any invasion which the situation at Peking may permit, according to despatches reaching this city from the interior yesterday.

The Japanese army officials in the province are reported to be watching developments with extreme interest and the advance of Japanese forces from their output at Tsinan will be made on the slightest pretext, it is believed.

* * *

U. S. Troops Patrol.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—A sweeping change in American policy in China in view of the victorious advance of the troops of Chiang Kai-shek has been unofficially indicated by persons in the state department.

The fifteenth infantry under command of Brig.-Gen. Joseph C. Castner is already patrolling the Peking-Tientsin road and is preparing to cooperate with the American marine forces under the command of Brig.-Gen. Smedley D. Butler.

Reiterated statements that the American government remembers the Nanking rupture are understood to mean that the American officials are awaiting an untoward happening to justify whatever aggressive action they may be intending.

GRAFTERS TIPPED OFF, WITNESSES TESTIFY AT TRIAL

Given Opportunity to Alter Records

An organized and systematic method of "tipping off" all departments whenever an inquiry into payroll padding was scheduled has been revealed in the testimony of William J. Lougheed, on trial in connection with graft in the New York City street cleaning department.

Lougheed testified Saturday that millions of dollars have been grafted in this department and that he alone had participated in $700,000 in graft since 1915. The trail of graft has already reached many higher-ups in the Tammany Hall municipal administration, but none of them has been arrested.

Alter Records.

Lougheed, who was foreman of a streetcleaning garage in the Bronx, testified that in addition to the "tip-off" system it was possible for high officials in the department to gain access to records and alter them just as steps were being made for an investigation of grafting charges. Lougheed and William J. Oswald, a district superintendent, specifically named Charles A. McGee, assistant general superintendent, as being guilty of these practices. They testified that McGil's office was adjacent to that of General Superintendent James W. Isip in the department headquarters in the Municipal Building and that borrowing the records for the purpose of altering them had become a matter of simple routine.

Tammany Officials Relieved.

Great satisfaction was expressed at the close of the last session of the trial because Lougheed, while declaring that graft prevailed in the streetcleaning department thruout the city, nevertheless refrained from naming specific jobholders.

At previous sessions Lougheed had declared that grafting on a wide scale extends to the Tammany commissioner himself and to Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner James Nugent.

Formal "Housecleaning."

It is expected that a few minor scalps will be gotten within the next few days in an effort to give Tammany Hall an opportunity to announce that it had completed a "housecleaning" as a fitting preliminary to Al Smith's nomination for the presidency.

Judge Albert Cohn, before whom the trial is being held in Bronx county court, has announced that he may call night sessions soon in order to speed the proceedings.

8 Jersey Jobholders In Gain on Bible Charges

(Continued from page one)

tigation into graft in the municipal government.

The men indicted and served are Thomas A. Archipley, president of the City Council; Councilman Edward Wallace, chairman of the city road committee; Daniel Schulhafer, Charles Hill and Stephen Pekar; Joseph W. Kugler, building inspector; Irving D. Banta, tax collector; John F. Meakin, Roselle Park; Frank Kubiak, a former Councilman, and John J. Gall and Otto Cook, who had contracts to supply the city with cinders for streets.

Staten Island Carmen Vote to Strike Today

(Continued from Page One)

the island, met the demand of the workers with open defiance. Plans for recruiting strikebreakers will be made at once, he announced.

Under the old scale the operators of the cars, which are one-man operated, and the shopmen, receive 60 cents an hour during the first six months of service, 65 cents for the next nine months and 70 cents thereafter.

The workers are affiliated with the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Workers. The strike demands were submitted at the close of a year's agreement with the company.

Where Blast Killed 3 Dupont Workers

Photo shows all that was left of the nitration department where 3 workers were killed in an explosion at the Dupont Viscolid Co. plant in Kearney, N. J. Three thousand workers are employed there. Company officials ordered police from the premises following the blast, it is said.

COLLECTIVE FARMING INCREASES IN U. S. S. R.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By mail).—Collective organization has greatly developed in the Soviet Union during the last few months. Reports are coming from all districts concerning the organization of new farm communes, cartels and other collective organizations.

During the six months since October 1st, 15,849 new collective farm organizations of various types have been organized in the U. S. S. R.

In the Ukraine, eight new farm communes, 142 agricultural cartels and 1,505 societies for the collective tilling of land, have been organized during the same half year.

From the Far East it is reported that the mass of collective farm members, mostly poor peasants number over 50%. The balance sheet of some communes is as high as 100,000 roubles. The communes have 11 tractors, a thing which never existed before in those areas. The arable land of the collective farms will be increased by 50%.

MILL COMMITTEE OPENS NEW DRIVE

T M C Relief Machinery to Aid Unionists

(Continued from page one)

the end of this week, the mule spinners' officials alone saying that payments are still to be made for a considerable time.

The Textile Mills Committee, highly successful in enrolling many thousands as the strike progressed, has extended and widened the scope of its activities on all fronts, mass picketing, strikers' legal defense and especially in the field of strikers' relief.

Fail to Furnish Aid.

Despite the fact that the officials in control of the Textile Council paid relief only to the union membership not making any provisions to furnish aid to the tens of thousands of strikers not in the union, they even failed to organize machinery to raise funds to provide regular relief for their own members, the council membership complain.

The Workers' International Relief a nation-wide organization gathering relief for the Mills Committee is, however, rapidly spreading its campaign for funds and food on a nation-wide scale.

The members of the Textile Council are bitterly critical not only of their own local leadership, but also of the heads of the United Textile Workers Union, to which they recently affiliated in a body, dissolving what was formerly the American Federation of Textile Operatives.

Prior to the affiliation, McMahon president of the U. T. W., loudly declared that his union and the American Federation of Labor would be an unlimited source of aid for the council membership. Now, after having distributed only $24,000 in benefits comes the bland announcement of the union administration that the dole will be stopped for the duration of the strike.

Rank and File Dissatisfied.

The opinion of the leadership of the Textile Mills Committee is that a recruiting call to the council members would be very popularly received, due to the intense dissatisfaction with their organization. It was also pointed out by the T. M. C. that membership in their organization does not necessarily mean that the council members would have to abandon membership in the council.

This is readily explained by the fact that the T. M. C. is a form of industrial union that is organized on the basis of a committee comprising all crafts in each mill, thus forming a unit of the union.

I. L. D. HASTENS FIGHT FOR KUN

Urge Workers to Save Communist Leader

Hundreds of working class organizations of New York City and vicinity are being mobilized by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, in the fight to save Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, now imprisoned in Austria.

Copies of a resolution demanding Bela Kun's immediate and unconditional release are now being sent to these organizations, which are being asked to adopt it. In a statment pointing out the importance of having this resolution adopted by as wide a section of the working class as possible, Rose Baron, secretary of the New York Section of the I. L. D., declared yesterday.

"The movement to save Bela Kun has already begun in this city with a mass meeting held recently in Union Square under the auspices of the International Labor Defense. This movement must go forward with greater power. The adoption of this resolution by hundreds of working class organizations will mean thousands of new voices added to the great cry of the workers of the world demanding freedom for their leader."

DUKE UNIVERSITY TRAINS FLUNKEYS TO FIGHT WORKERS

Campus Is Carolina's Largest Project

(Continued from page one)

stockholders in some of the mills, besides having big holdings in aluminum, railroads and other enterprises.

* * *

ALL Duke industries are open shop. Duke interests are today the chief foe of organized labor in this state, and the new movement forward of the still weak unions in this part of the south is severely menaced by Duke opposition.

Duke University is privately owned, but supported by the public. Its income is drafted from the people through a public utility, the Duke Power Co., as well as through industrial companies, whose securities are held by the Duke Foundation, the organization the millionaire created to administer his benefactions.

* * *

THE foundation started with $40,000,000 while James Buchanan Duke was still alive. His will left it more millions, and its principal is being further increased by additions from income. The university will eventually have $160,000,000 behind it.

The trustees at the beginning did not challenge labor sentiment. The unions lack many members in North Carolina but there is more sentiment for unionism than membership numbers would indicate. [illegible] for the first 11 buildings was given to the George A. [illegible] has a national agreement with the unions. But last fall, the trustees called in Southern Power Co., a Duke concern, to carry on with the rest of the 10-year program.

Union leaders and most of the union rank and file soon lost their jobs. Wages fell: the Durham Central Labor Union survey shows common laborers getting 25 cents an hour, concrete men and dynamite men, 35 cents; electricians, 65 cents; rock setters, 40-70 cents; bricklayers, 80 cents to $1; engineers, 85 cents. Plumbers held their union but pay fell from $1.25 to $1.

CHILDREN STARVE IN THE MINE FIELDS

11-Year-Old Miner's Son Writes of Tents, Evictions, Hunger

The hardships suffered by the children of the striking miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Illinois can be seen from the following letter written by the 11-year-old son of a miner. The letter follows:

Dear Comrades:

Do you know that the miners' children often die of hunger while their fathers are fighting for a living wage? The bosses do not give us money to live, because we are fighting against them. It is up to the workers to help us. The miners' children go barefoot and they have ragged clothes. The children have to fight so they can live. The miners' families have been put out of their homes by the coal operators we have to live in tents. This is the way miners' children live. Many of us will die if we do not get help from the workers of America.

V. KACHATURAIN.

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NEW JERSEY.
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

What I Saw in China
by TOM MANN

For the past three years the Chinese masses have been struggling for freedom from the clutches of Imperialism.

Everyone nowadays is either talking or writing China.

Tom Mann, "grand old man" of the British labor movement, contributes his observations after a stay of six months in China with the International Workers Delegation.

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Worker Correspondent Tells of Treachery of Sigman, Schlesinger Cliques

GARMENT BOSS USED COMPANY UNION TO WIN

Workers Militant in Spite of Treachery

(By a Worker Correspondent)

As a reader of The DAILY WORKER I wish to tell through your paper the conditions that prevail in a shop under the rule of the right wing clique.

When the pogrom was waged upon the Cloak and Dresamakers' Union by the Sigman gang, with the aid of the bosses, the shop of Rosenbaum and Hauptman, 126 W. 27th St., was no exception.

Every means of violence were applied in order to compel the workers of the shop to register in the scab union. I want to tell you of the special activity that was carried on by a right wing flunkey who worked in the shop.

The workers of the shop refused to obey the order of the bosses and their agents, the right wing, and did not register. They went down on strike and stood militantly for five weeks Gangsters, police and scabs were used against the workers. The right wing flunkey then became the chairman of the shop.

The bosses certainly knew what they wanted. The working conditions in the shop changed entirely after the registration. The wages went down to 30 per cent. Every worker became enslaved and did not dare to say a word.

Finally something happened in the shop which proved the real character of the company union run by the Sigman and Schlesinger gang. The boss after completing his job feared for nobody for he was sure of his company union. Hence he gave out work to contractors who produced the garments for half the price. The wages of the inside workers were cut.

The chairman called a shop meeting on a Friday in the Sigman union office. On Monday when the workers returned to the shop the boss refused to let the chairman work. The boss utilized the right wing slave only when he needed him.

The workers, however, were angered by such action and refused to go up to work without the chairman, but to the great astonishment of the workers, when they came into the scab union and reported that they were on strike because the chairman was turned out by the boss, the right wing chiefs told them to go back to work immediately. "If you won't go back to work within 24 hours we shall send up a new set of workers." We could hardly believe our own ears Was this a union? The chairman felt very exasperated for he was betrayed by his own bosses. The workers disobeyed the order of the company union and struck 3 weeks. They had to fight against the bosses of the shop and against the right wing union.

When the chiefs noticed that they had gone deep into mud, they tried to do something. And they certainly did a great thing. The chiefs of the bosses' union succeeded in getting the boss to take the chairman back to work. In return the boss gave a new 15 per cent wage cut per garment. Furthermore the Sigman pogrom chiefs agreed that the reduced price, which was set for the garment, should apply to every style and every kind.

This means that the boss can order dresses which require twice as much labor, the price is going to be the same. Of course, the boss was jubilant, having his company union working for him. On these terms the boss took the chairman back to work.

—R. K.

Less Spent For Liquor In England Last Year

LONDON, June 3.—There was a net decline of 400,000 bulk barrels in the consumption of beer in England during last year, according to statistics issued by the United Kingdom Alliance. There was an increase of 11,500 proof gallons in the consumption of spirits and of 136,000 gallons in the consumption of wine.

The amount spent on intoxicating liquors for 1927 was 298,800,000 pounds, as compared with 301,300,000 pounds for 1926. The per capita expenditure has fallen from 6 pounds 17 shillings in 1926 to 6 pounds, 15 shillings, 3 pence last year.

Many Stranded in Hills In Canadian Floods

MONTREAL, Que., June 3.—Although the rising waters in the Lake St. John district have resulted up till now only in the loss of property, there is grave danger of heavy loss of life.

In many villages, the residents have been forced to quit their homes and take refuge on the hills outside the villages. No less than six centers are completely cut off from the outside world and some of them have not received food supplies for nearly a [illegible]

When Fascist Meets Fascist in Spain

King Alfonso, of Spain, at right in the picture, is shown greeting Senator Guglielmo Marconi, inventor of the wireless and ardent fascist, during a recent trip thru Spain. Following an understanding with the Italian fascists, Spanish armament appropriations have been

SEATTLE WORKERS AID COAL MINE STRIKERS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SEATTLE, Wash. (By mail). Seattle workers have answered the call of the National Miners' Relief for assistance once again. In spite of the cool weather and in spite of the salvation army band right around the corner, which attempted to drown out the voices of our speakers, a successful meeting was held on the Skid Road under the auspices of the National Miners' Relief. The speakers were George Ohanrahan of the Workers (Communist) Party and George Ritchie of the International Labor Defense. Both told of the wonderful fight put up by the miners back east for against the coal barons and Lewis-Cappelini machine, which is fighting in the interests of the capitalist class.

After the talk was over, George Ohanrahan took the platform again and asked for a collection for the miners. He himself started it off with a dollar, all the money he had with him, which is not surprising since he is a good Communist. The collectors then went around with collection boxes using the slogan "Help smash the Lewis-Cappelini machine."

We got a generous response from the workers. In all about $52.20 was taken up and about $10 worth of relief bulletins were sold, which is extremely good in view of the thousands of men out of work here in Seattle.

And right now I want to announce to both the friends and enemies of the labor movement that the workers of the northwest are going to stand solidly behind the miners from now on in their struggle for better conditions and the right to organize.

G. T.

CALL FOR FIGHT ON IMPERIALISM

Chinese Students' Group Outlines Policy

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.—A call for unceasing struggle against Japanese imperialism as well as the imperialism of the world has been issued by the English propaganda department of the San Francisco Chinese Students' Anti-Japanese Imperialist Federation. The call reads in part:

"The Japanese imperialists in the last 40 years have tried by all means to dominate North China (Manchuria and the province of Shantung). They presented the notorious "Twenty-one Demands' on May 7, 1915, with the domination of Shantung as one of their many objects. It was this event which aroused the nationalist movement four years later, on May 4, 1919

Aggression of Japan.

"In the early part of this year, the decision of the aggressive policy, for the purpose of annexing Manchuria by the Japanese premier, Tanaka, and the negotiation of the Morgan loan again proved the greediness of the Japanese imperialist.

"Recently, because of the capture of the city of Tsinan by the Southern Army, the Japanese troops, more than 20,000 in number, bombarded the city and killed hundreds of innocent Chinese on the pretext of protecting Japanese life and property. When the exploited and oppressed people began to wake up and revolt against the imperialists, they send their immense warships and troops to do their brutal slaughtering.

Policy.

"We must take the following as our correct and definite attitude:

"1.—Do not ask for the aid of any imperialists. 2.—Fight not against Japanese imperialists alone, but against world imperialism as a whole.

"Our immediate task is: 1. Carry on a widespread propaganda in order to make the Chinese understand imperialism. 2. Encourage the Chinese to participate in this anti-Japanese imperialist work. 3. Get the help of those Americans who are enemies of imperialism. 4. Get the help of those Japanese who are also enemies of imperialism and who are fighting against the action of their government. 5. Appeal to the enemies of the imperialists of the world to come to our aid. 6. Revive the boycott and give the Japanese imperialists a good shock."

SPEED-UP CAUSES MANY ACCIDENTS

Urges Labor Ticket For Workers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SPARROW'S POINT, Md., (By Mail).—In time of war, reports are sent to newspapers all over the country reporting on the details of the war, number of killed and wounded, etc. But not many people know or read about the vast army of workers who go daily into the mills never to return again, or to come out badly burned or injured. These workers undergo the real horrors of war daily for a starvation wage of $3.70 to $5.50 per 10 or 12 hour day.

To show you what real war means. Look at the following table and notice the comparison between the two columns as taken from a report of the Sparrow's Point, Maryland, Bethlehem steel plant where there were an average of 15,000 workers throughout the year of 1927. On the original report, the columns were headed hours worked and in the next column days lost. The column marked days lost was marked days so as to belittle the appalling number of hours lost in comparison with the hours worked.

Departments	Hrs. Worked	Hrs. Lost
Electrical	890,453	2,928
Pipe Mills	191,650	1,656
Gas Engine	306,640	3,288
Transportation	1,734,474	24,288
Plate Mill	767,194	11,616
Construction	2,597,301	61,032
Tin Mills	7,947,080	461,376
Rod & Wire	1,167,444	98,160
Sheet Mill	2,156,511	183,648
Ship Repair	1,164,981	152,784
Open Hearth	2,101,634	319,488
Blast Furnace	1,381,371	317,644
Rail Mill	1,474,328	341,760
Mechanical	2,086,071	943,752
*Coke	991,883	438,144

This table does not include the hundreds of deaths that occur each year, nor is there included, the thousands of workers who stay home for a few days and don't care to go through the red tape to file a report. Then there are the thousands of minor accidents treated right in the department dispensary and the men go right back to work. Bandage mechanics, what they call doctors, take care of the thousand and one burns, cuts, minor wounds, infections, and smashes that occur in steel mills. Then there are the thousands of workers who during the course of the year stay home for a few days to a couple of weeks to recuperate from the effects of speed-up work, heat, gases, indigestion that is typical here where the men have no time to eat. Then there is the fatal "cramps" that furnace workers get by the hundreds during the summer months. None of these are mentioned in the table otherwise the "hours lost" would be double in number.

In many departments, the jobs are of such a nature that the workers can't stay more than a month causing a complete turn over of sick and crippled unaccounted for workers who have just quit. For example at the *Coke ovens, where mostly Negroes are employed, (notice last dept. on table) there was during 1927 991,833 working hours and 438,144 hours lost that were reported from major accidents only. For this extremely dangerous job, these poor exploited workers are forced to work eight hours at 50 cents an hour, which is the maximum paid, making about $24 for six day week and for a seven day week the amount of $28 that is if there lungs and air hold out that long.

—STEEL

POWHATAN MINE CO. HAS YELLOW DOG AGREEMENT

Scab Herding Trick Gets Small Results

(By a Worker Correspondent)

POWHATAN, O., (By Mail).—Here is the sort of rotten yellow-dog contracts that the bosses of the Powhatan Mining Company are trying to get the men to sign up with. But there are very few signing.

Employment Agreement.

This employment agreement, made and entered into between the Powhatan Mining Company, owner and operator of the Powhatan Mine, at Powhatan, Ohio, hereinafter called the "Operator," and John Jones, and all other persons who, by executing the same, or a counterpart hereof, elect to become parties hereto, hereinafter as a class designated "Employees."

Witnesseth: 1. That the Operator hereby employs said Employees to work at said mine;

2. That said Employees hereby severally accept such employment, and agree to abide by the following regulations in reference to work and compensation:

(a) The total compensation of all such Employees as a class shall be 60% of the sale price, f. o. b. mines, of all coal produced and shipped from said mine during the period of such employment, such sale price to be without deducation of sales commission but subject to such adjustments as the Operator shall be required to make to customers, particularly adjustments due to improper mining or preparation of coal by Employees.

(b) The Operator agrees to pay, and the Employees agree to accept, a wage fixed with reference to the sales price of coal produced. Such wage shall be computed for each half monthly pay period, and the wage shall be that percentage of the base wage which a sum equal to sixty per cent of the sales price, f. o. b. mines of all coal produced and shipped from said mine during such period bears to the total wages of all Employees as computed on the base wage scale. Such base wage scale shall be the wage scale adopted and approved on June 29, 1927, by the Ohio Coal Operators' Association, Inc., but shall be subject to revision and amendment by the "Mine Committee" by filing with the Operator in writing a schedule of any changes which the majority of such "Mine Committee" shall agree upon. It is mutually understood that no guaranty is made as to the actual wage which will be paid, same being dependent solely on the sales price of coal produced.

(c) Wages shall be paid semi-monthly as heretofore, to-wit: on the 10th of each month for the last half of the preceding calendar month, and on the 25th of each month for the first half of the current calendar month; provided, however, that, if on any date of payment the sales price on any coal produced during the period covered by the settlement shall be undetermined, such sales price shall be estimated at the average sales price of the coal, the price of which is determined, and a proper wage adjustment shall be made with the wage payment next following determination of such sales prices. Employees in their relations with the Operator shall be represented by a committee of five, to be known as the "Mine Committee." Samuel Pursglove, or such other person as the Operator may from time to time designate, shall be chairman of and a member of said committee. The remaining four members, three of whom shall work at the face of the coal and one of whom shall be a day laborer, shall be selected by the Employees in such manner, under such rules and regulations, for such tenure, and with such duties as such Employees shall determine; but, prior to the selection of such Mine Committee, Samuel Pursglove, or such other person as the Operator may from time to time designate, and the four Employees individually named in this agreement shall constitute such committee. Members of the Mine Committee shall receive no compensation for their work on said Committee. The Operator shall pay the salaries of the superintendent and office clerks. The Operator will file each two weeks with the mine superintendent a statement showing the sales prices of coal sold during the preceding two weeks, so far as ascertained, which statement shall be open to the inspection of the remaining members of said Mine Committee.

(d) Employees shall furnish their own tools and powder, as heretofore. Any employee occupying a company house under license agrees that the rent therefor may be deducted from his pay, and further agrees to vacate such house within three days after his employment terminates.

(e) Each employee by signing this agreement agrees to purchase from the Operator one share of the Operator's capital stock at a price of $100.00, payable $5.00 per month without interest, deductable at such rate from such employee's pay. Any employee quitting his employment before said share is paid for, forfeits the amount paid in, as liquidated damages for ceasing employment. A share paid for will be issued to the purchaser at the next pay day thereafter, and the company will repurchase such share at a price of $100.00 from any employee quitting the company after twenty months' employment, or who shall become disabled in body or mind to such extent as to make it impossible for him to engage in any gainful occupation for a period of sixty consecutive days. No cash dividends shall accure to any purchaser until such stock is fully paid for.

(f) The Operator agrees to commence mining operations at said mine as soon as a sufficient number of employees shall have signed this agreement to make operations hereunder practicable. If at any time the price realized from the sale of coal produced at said mine is such that the employees deem their compensation insufficient to remain longer at work or the Operator deems its return insufficient to net it a fair return, the Operator and the Mine Committee of the Employees shall confer together and endeavor to agree as to whether said mine shall continue in operation but, in the event that the Operators and said Mine Committee shall be unable to agree, the employees shall have the right to discontinue work or the Operator shall have the right to close down said mine.

WITNESS the signatures of said corporation, by Samuel Pursglove, its agent, and of the undersigned employees, this 29th day of May 1928.

THE POWHATAN MINING CO.,
By J. Milne, agent.
S. Brookes
John Jones

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

DRAMA

"Grand St. Follies" Covered by the Motley of Aristophanes

HERE is the newest thing, and one of the oldest. The Grand Street Follies of 1928, at the Booth Theatre, follows directly in the good tradition of the Attic comedy-drama. Not that there is any musty odor of history about it, but the idea of putting up a few good actors and a chorus to satirize the current philosophy and literature, and lambaste the current politics which so delights huge crowds at the Booth, was equally appreciated when the Athenians saw Socrates, Euripides and the war-mongers kidded on their marble stages.

Albert Carroll

IN O'NEILL DRAMA.

Lynn Fontanne wh ois appearing in "Strange Interlude," Eugene O'Neill's lengthy play at the John Golden Theatre.

Trader Horn comes in with his angel, and desiring to see the way of the new world, is shown a "Southern Drama" (with "Old Mammy" singing lullabies to the tune of Volga Boatman), and a mystery play, in which "He-Fang killem all English actors" and Count Dracula, the man "who has a way with women" turns detective Then the Vitaphone (the "Fighta moan") by simply reversing itself with a squawk and a yell, puts over some terribly risque scenes.

The political angle develops in "Marked Millions," wherein Trader Sinclair, Trader Fall, G. O. P., Willie Hays (Chairman Repnatcom) and the cabinet show up Teapot Dome. Each of the cabinet has his little black bag and the pumping station is right handy. After the deficit is properly met, the cabinet marches out to the tune of "We are, we are the Dutch police." Mayor Walker steps in as Fall's competitor at the last minute. he has banana oil for sale.

The "aside" beginning, "My three men" from Strange Interlude is later put on, in "The Strange Inner Feud," with Columbia as the wife (Vera Allen), Cal as the mother-fixed sissy, Hoover as the successful business-man but impotent husband, and Al Smith as the secret father of the baby. It won't be long now until we know whether this is prophesy.

Romeo and Juliet is propaganda for the seven-cent fare. Aristophanes too was a conservative. The extra two-cents is represented as the ideal of the progressives for some reason the Montagues. Romeo comes in on the library steps, where the lions wear monocles, and takes off Reinhardt's Moissi. Juliet says, "Where the hell are you, Romeo!" and immediately you hear Albert Carroll as Romeo, singing "Du bist wie eine Blume," "Die Lorelei," etc. Finally they compromise on a six-cent fare, all who have not fallen into Queen's Sewer.

Every act is good, of its kind. The dancing is neat. As part of the political propaganda, unless it is an accident, one might mention a South Sea cannibal dance by Blake Scott, which incorporates the U. S. army setting up exercises.

—V. S.

66,080 CLASS WAR PRISONERS KILLED IN A SINGLE YEAR

103,370 Arrested in 1927, Says Report

In 1927, no less than 66,080 workers were murdered for political reasons, according to the International Red Aid. 52,740 were wounded and 103,370 arrested. There were 41,576 searches, and 2,526 prohibitions of working class organizations.

China stands at the head of the list for murders with 62,770. Arrests in China are also the highest—46,268. Italy is a proud second with 11,352 arrests.

The figures of legal persecution are equally illuminating: 2,347 political trials of workers, 21,256 convictions, 11,688 death sentences, 96 sentences of life imprisonment. The average sentence for political "offenses" in various countries works out at about 3 years. (This average excludes China, where, of course the figure is much higher.)

Vaudeville Theatres

PALACE.

Lou Clayton, Eddie Jackson, Jimmy Durante and their orchestra from the Parody Club; Will Mahoney; Florette Jeffrey, coloratura soprano; Fisher and Gilmore; Shadowgraph: "Ballet Caprice"; and the Barderlangs.

HIPPODROME.

Joe Weston and Colette Lyons; Al Abbott; and the Three Swifts, British music hall artists. The feature on the screen will be Eve Southern and Walter Pidgeon in "Clothes Make the Woman."

ALBEE.

Esther Ralston in "Something Always Happens;" John Steel; Al K. Hall, George McKay and Ottie Ardine, in "Just Back from Abroad"; and George McClennan.

Bulgar Police Fire On Workers with Red Flag

SOFIA, Bulgaria. (By Mail).—Direct fire of the police upon a meeting of workers in a trade union headquarters seriously injured a number of May Day demonstrators, reports from the interior state. The workers attempted to carry a red flag into the hall, it is said.

AMUSEMENTS

HAMMERSTEIN'S THEATRE, B'way at 53d St. PHONE, COLUMBUS 8380.
THE RUSSIAN FILM CLASSIC
"The End of St. Petersburg"
"Of all the motion pictures playing in New York, 'The End of St. Petersburg' is easily the most vigorous, heroic and in many ways the finest."—Quinn Martin, The World.
Music by Herbert Stothart—Russian Choir—Symphony Orchestra.
Nights 8:40: 50c to $1.50. Mats. Daily 2:40: 50c to $1. Incl. Tax.

BOOTH Thea., W. 45 St. Eves. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE GRAND ST. FOLLIES
OF 1928

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:25 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL | Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play, Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St. Mats. WED. & SAT.

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42nd St. & B'WAY WIS. 1789
American Premiere
"Living Image"
Or
(Lady of Petrograd)
Russian Photodrama
& Charlie Chaplin in "The Count"

JUNE NUMBER of the
COMMUNIST
Contents:
A Programme of Action for America—*by John Pepper.*
The Labor Movement in America—*by Frederick Engels.*
The Mining Crisis Deepens—*by Wm. Z. Foster.*
The Economics of American Agriculture—*Richman.*
The Youth Movement and Six Years of the Young Workers League—*by Herbert Zam.*
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HEARINGS REVEAL UPS IN GRAFT CASE TAMMANY HIGHER

Longheed Explodes $260,000,000 Steal

Taking off the lid completely from the vile-smelling Tammany street cleaning scandal from which in the past few weeks escaping odors have already penetrated thruout the city administration, William J. Lougheed, self-confessed grafter, yesterday exposed the whole nauseating mess in the $200,000,000 steal, the full story of which will, it is believed, leave no important high official in the democratic party untouched.

In the course of his testimony Lougheed, who is a witness for the state in the prosecution involved Alfred A. Taylor, head of the street cleaning department; "Big Bill" Edwards, commissioner of the department in 1911, and suggested that even Mayor William J. Gaynor who was elected to office in 1913 had profited from the payroll padding. He did not say whether the present mayor was also implicated.

More than $230,000 have been grafted during the past three years in the one Cromwell Avenue garage alone of which Lougheed was foreman. Of this sum William J. Oswald, district superintendent in the Bronx, received at least $84,000. Another $20,000 went to Charles A. McGee, assistant general superintendent of the department, who with Oswald is on trial in the Bronx County Court on charges of grand larceny and forgery.

Graft now extends to every bureau in the department, Lugheed charged. That Alfred A. Taylor, the present commissioner was one of the principal grafters was indicated by Lougheed when he testified that Oswald has made frequent demands for additional "splits" with him for those "higher up." Specifically he mentioned James Minchin, borough superintendent, whom he accused of receiving at least $5,200 a year. Lougheed refused to state on cross examination that Taylor was not involved.

Several weeks ago, The DAILY WORKER charged Taylor with being the principal grafter in the department. At the time Mayor Jimmie Walker who has been trying desperately to prevent the disclosure of the facts rose to the defense of Taylor. "I am not a thief myself," Walker declared, "and I believe that Taylor is just as honest as I am!"

Taylor yesterday issued a statement denying that anyone had ever given him any graft.

Only once during the past three years have the regular graft and payroll padding activities been interrupted, Lougheed testified. This was in 1926 when a "little trouble" in Brooklyn made the ring cautious.

A sort of tentative list of the main grafters was drawn up by Lougheed, as follows:

Oswald, $84,000 in three years: McGee, $20,100 in three years; Minchin, $5,200 a year; Benjamin P. Stoeber, assistant foreman, who has also pleaded guilty and turned state's evidence, $13,000 a year; J. P. Leo, checker for the commissioner, $1,500 a year; Lougheed himself, from $12,000 to $15,000 a year; Max Schmellowitz, a foreman, $80 to $150 a week; Charles Zankel, $30 to 90 a week.

WELCOME GERMAN WORKER AT JAIL

BERLIN, June 3.—Delegates from a number of factories waited at the gates of the Olenshausen Jail to welcome the newly liberated Ludwig Koledzig, a member of the German Communist Party. Koledzig had served 46 months of his term.

Surrounded by Red Front Fighters the prisoners was escorted from the penitentiary. The whole German working class is reported to be rejoicing over the release of Koledzig.

At least 300 other political prisoners are still behind the bars.

Haifa, Palestine, Has 2,691 Jewish Workers

HAIFA, Palestine, June 3.—There are 2,691 Jewish workers in this city, according to recent statistics. Of the workers registered, 2,487 are 19 or over and 189 are below the age of 18. Of the 2,224 men workers, 127 are below the age of 18 and of the 452 women, 62 are below that age. 69 per cent of all the registered workers are members of the Histadruth (Federation of Labor) and 100 per cent of those working in the cooperatives are members of this organization.

The wages of the workers range from five pounds sterling to 26 and over per month. 35.5 per cent earn 5 pounds, 34.8 per cent earn between six and ten pounds, 21.3 per cent between 11 and 15 pounds, 6. 2 per cent between 16 and 25 pounds, and 2.1 per cent between 26 and 45 pounds.

The average worker's day is less than nine hours. Fifty-six per cent of the workers work eight hours or less, 29.1 per cent work from 9 to 12 hours, and 14 per cent work more than 12 hours a day.

Where Coolidge Will Summer As Jobless Starve

Photo shows section of the $1,000,000 home at Cedar Island Lodge, Wisconsin, where Coolidge will spend the summer. Several million workers are unemployed. Many of them will spend the summer on park benches. The Coolidge summer home was built by Henry C. Pearce, a millionaire oil man, partner of Rockefeller.

3,000 WORKERS HONOR HAYWOOD

Speakers Trace Career in Labor Movement

Over 3,000 workers crowded into Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., Friday night to honor the late William D. Haywood, the Communist leader who died in Moscow on May 18. Present at the memorial meeting were miners from the strike areas of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois; silk workers from Paterson, N. J., whom Haywood once led in a strike; textile strikers from the picket lines in New Bedford, besides hundreds of Young Pioneers, Young Workers, members of the International Labor Defense, the Trade Union Educational League, and Industrial Workers of the World whose organization Haywood founded. Delegations from the needle trades and many other unions in New York were present.

Among the speakers were James D. Cannon, secretary of the International Labor Defense; Benjamin Gitlow, candidate for vice president of the Workers Party; Martin Hendrickson, an associate of Haywood in the labor movement of the nineties; Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Herbert Zam, of the Young Workers League. Jack Stachel, organization secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, was chairman.

Antithesis of Gompers.

"The turning corner in the revolutionary movement of today in America grew out of the efforts of the pre-war revolutionary leaders," said Cannon. "Most of these leaders did not keep step with the advance of the movement; many turned renegade and many left the movement. The significance of Haywood lies in the fact that he grew with the growth of the revolutionary movement. He was a bond between the old and the new labor movement. In the old days he stood out as the antithesis of the traitorous Gompers group in American labor."

Describe Services.

The speakers described Haywood's long record in the service of the American working class, tracing his life from the period of Haywood's youth in which the legal murder of the Haymarket Martyrs determined his course as a militant, thru his career in the mines, as leader of the Western Federation of Miners, the founding of the Industrial Workers of the World, down to the time when he finally joined the Communist Party, after many terms in jail on behalf of the American workers. The speakers described the attempt to frame up Haywood, Moyer and Pettibone, following the murder of Governor Steunenberg of Idaho in 1907, and his leadership in the famous Lawrence, Mass., textile strike in 1912.

* * *

I. L. D. Forms Haywood Branch.

The memory of William D. Haywood, American Communist leader who died in Moscow, has been honored by the formation of a new branch of the International Labor Defense bearing his name.

The new branch, which will be known as the Bill Haywood Branch, is located in Brighton Beach and will hold its first meeting next Friday evening at 227 Brighton Beach Ave. Prominent speakers will address the meeting and point out the significance of the I. L. D. and of Haywood's life time of service to the American working class.

Thirty-eight workers have already joined the new branch and a membership drive will be launched under the slogan: "Every class conscious worker a member of the I. L. D." Samuel Borun is acting secretary of the branch.

Commenting on the formation of the Bill Haywood Branch, Rose Baron, secretary of the New York Section of the I. L. D., declared yesterday:

"It is fitting that the memory of our great working class fighter and leader, William D. Haywood, should be honored by the International Labor Defense, the organization which he helped to found. Workers living in Brighton Beach can pay no greater tribute to their dead leader than by joining the I. L. D. branch that bears his name and is pledging itself to follow in his path. The ideals for which Haywood struggled all his life are the ideals which are embodied in the International Labor Defense."

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

WORKERS' HEALTH BUREAU TO CLOSE

Has Accomplished Much For Labor

The Workers' Health Bureau of America will be discontinued July 1, according to the announcement made by the executive committee of the bureau in a letter to all affiliated unions.

"It will be just seven years since the work was organized," states the bureau, "during which we have accomplished much in the field of health and safety, such as the completion of national trade union standards for health protection in garages, building trades, bakeries, the painting industry and scientific studies of painters, textile workers and automobile refinishers, which laid the basis for the control of hazardous conditions in these trades.

A. F. of L. Denies Support.

"The reason for the decision is the failure of the American Federation of Labor to give the bureau the direct support which its activities on behalf of the entire labor movement warranted with the result that trade union income is not sufficient to maintain the bureau.

"In recommending the discontinuance of the bureau the letter sent to affiliated unions states: 'The executive committee wishes to make clear that this step in no way significes that the work is not essential to the labor movement. On the contrary we feel its need with particular keenness at the present time, when unemployment enables the employers to undermine trade union standards of hours and wages and when competition for world markets sharpens the struggle for cheaper goods which the employers will make every effort to produce at the expense of the health and strength of the workers. Every new tool, every chemical innovation, needs to be watched by labor and rejected where safety and health are threatened.'

"At the same time reports from state departments of labor show a continuous increase in accidents. Building trades accidents increased 23 per cent in one year in New York State. Michigan reports 32,420 accidents for 1925-26, the highest number in the last four years, with 2,310 workers permanently injured and 315 deaths.

Called Labor Health Conference.

"It will be recalled that the Workers' Health Bureau called the first National Labor Health Conference in June of last year to confront the trade union movement with the startling increase in industrial deaths and diseases in this country so that a nation-wide, concerted attack could be made by the unions against this ruthless destruction of their ranks.

"Until labor is strongly organized on the political field, workers have little to expect from labor legislation. In the absence of a Labor Party in the United States, and with practically no labor control or representation in any state legislature, labor legislation becomes the political football of the republican and democratic parties. Until labor obtains majority representation on state departments of labor and committees appointed by these departments, time spent in committee negotiations is largely wasted, as employers will continue to vote down measures which are essential to the life and health of workers. In any event, labor must make the most of its organized strength in gaining protection through trade union agreements, while at the same time continuing the fight for political power.

"'We believe,' concludes the bureau in its announcement, 'that the membership of the 257 unions, which have been affiliated to the bureau, have been taught to understand the hazards in their trades, that the time and energy put into the building up of the bureau has not been wasted, and that the time will come when a strongly organized and united labor movement will make use of the work we have started to win safe working conditions for workers in every industry in the United States'."

Rise in N. Y. Mortality

The total number of deaths in New York City reported from January 1 to Saturday, May 26, was 36,141, compared with 32,225 in the corresponding period of 1927, an increase of 3,916. During this period the death rate was 14.93 as compared with 13.41 in the same period of 1927, an increase of 1.52 per 1,000 of population.

REVEAL DONETZ PLOTTERS' LIES AT HEARING

Hindered Communist Appointments

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., June 3.—The trial of the counter-revolutionists in the Donetz coal case has continued with a contradiction of the testimony of the defendant Kalganov by the defendant, Antonov. Antonov denied that he ever received money from Kalganov for the purpose of committing sabotage against the workers in the mines.

Further examination brought out that Antonov has persistently hindered the appointment of Communist specialists in the coal fields.

During the session a letter from the son of Kolodub, one of the defendants, disowning his father as a counter-revolutionary. The reading of the letter caused great excitement in the court.

MCMAHON APING LEWIS REACTION

Wants Surplus Men Put Out of Industry

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 3. — While the 28,000 textile workers in New Bedford are engaged in a bitter struggle to force the return of a ten per cent wage slash, President Thomas McMahon, of the United Textile Workers, in a statement issued here declares that he heartily endorses the Rockefeller plan to close "inefficient" coal mines, and thereby rid the industry of "excess" coal miners, and calls on the mill barons to do likewise.

Instead of offering as a remedy to the crisis in the textile industry the organization of the hundreds of thousands of unorganized, and a subsequent campaign to shorten hours, thus providing work for all, McMahon, aping Lewis of the mine union, declares that the bosses should drive out of the industry 20 per cent of its workers.

WORKERS HELD IN RUMANIAN PRISON

VIENNA, June 3.—Kaloman Muller, the president of the unitary trade union council, is still being held in jail by the agents of the siguranza, according to reports from Bucharest. A number of other trade unionists are also in the jail.

Muller was arrested recently with a number of workers at the instigation of the siguranza. After a fourteen day hunger strike, in protest against the terrible tortures they were called upon to endure, the greater number of the workers were released since there were absolutely no grounds for holding them any longer.

It is believed that the siguranza will make every effort to retain Muller in prison.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

* * *

Kenosha Meeting.

KENOSHA, Wis.—The Young Workers (Communist) League and the Workers (Communist) Party of Kenosha will hold a mass meeting June 8 at 8 P. M. at the German-American Hall. The subject of the meeting will be the Allen-A strike.

* * *

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

* * *

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

* * *

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Norfolk, Virginia, June 4; Wilmington, Del., June 5; Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes Barre, Pa.; Luzerna, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Monday, June 4, Haverhill, Mass.
Tuesday, June 5, Stamford, Conn.
Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.
Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.
Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.
Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 17, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.
Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

POLES ARREST FREE THINKERS

KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia, June 3.—Thirty-three of the delegates to the free-thinkers' congress in Lodz have been arrested by the police, according to despatches from Warsaw.

The police are said to have entered the hall in which the meeting was taking place. They demanded the credentials of every delegate present. Afterwards the arrests were made.

Unionists Plan to Greet Freed Worker

WURTEMBERG, Germany, June 3.—Following the announcement that Paul Kuhnle, a member of the German Communist Party is about to be released from the Hohen Asperg Prison, leading trade unionists of Stuttgart are arranging delegations to meet the liberated man. The release will be made an occasion to protest against hundreds of other prisoners still in the prisons.

REVEAL HOOVER SLUSH MACHINE

360 Journals Boosting Nomination

A huge propaganda machine, involving 360 trade and business publications, has been working for the nomination of Herbert Hoover for president, it was revealed yesterday afternoon by Thomas H. Ormsbee, testifying before the senate committee that is conducting a so-called investigation into presidential campaign funds.

The propaganda machine includes a large number of well-known publishing companies located in New York, Chicago, Cleveland and other cities.

Ormsbee, who described himself as "Washington contact man" for the Business Papers' Publishers Hoover-for-President Committee, testified $1,794.68 had been raised by this committee to further the Hoover campaign and $1,376.16 had been expended.

Negro Association to Meet in Los Angeles

White and colored leaders from all parts of the country will be in Los Angeles June 27 to July 3, during the 19th Annual Conference of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, it was announced today.

The addresses will cover the field of the Negro problem in its national and international phases. The Sunday, July 1, mass meeting of the conference is to be held in the new Los Angeles Civic Auditorium and addresses will be broadcast by radio. The opening and closing mass meetings of the conference, on the nights of June 27 and July 3, will be held in the Philharmonic Auditorium.

Three special trains from the east and south are being planned to carry delegates and visitors to the conference. One train, with the national office staff and friends, leaves New York over the New York Central lines on June 21.

SOCIALIST IS LAWYER OF DYE UNION THUGS

Gangster's Bail $1,000; Injured Worker, $2,500

The case of the progressive members of the cleaners and dyers union who were brutally slugged by a squad of thugs led by their union officials, comes up for a hearing this morning in the Harlem Magistrate Court, 121st St. and Lexington Ave. Among the assailants of the workers are the president of the union A. Hammer, Business Agent Weintraub and the business agent of the drivers' local Sam Goldberg.

A hearing will also be held at the same time on the framed up countercharges made by the reactionary union heads on the worker who was the most seriously injured in the thugs' attack. The worker Abe Maposhick, appearing in court with bandages covering the eight wounds in his head, to press charges against the gangsters, was held under bail of $2,500, while his assailants were freed on $1,000 bonds.

William Karlin, high in the councils of the socialist party, appeared as counsel for the thugs. The case grew out of an attack made by the union officials leading a band of thugs armed with pipes and hammers on a meeting of the progressive group in the organization. The meeting was held in the Hungarian Labor Home.

SIX MORE BREAK WITH OPPOSITION

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, June 3.—Six more former members of the Opposition have handed statements to the Central Control Commission of the All Union Communist Party announcing their complete break with the Opposition.

3 Bricklayers Hurt When Scaffold Breaks

HOUSTON, Tex., June 3.—V. W. Scott, 45, bricklayer, employed by O. H. Howard, contractor, was seriously injured when a scaffold collapsed at a house under construction on Waverly Drive here.

Scott was working with Theodore Drummer and Sam Spillar, Negroes on the same scaffold, when it broke precipitating the three men to the street below.

Scott, when taken to the hospital was found to have sustained a broken leg, numerous bruises and a severely lacerated head. The others were badly cut and bruised by nails and boards on the ground.

PICNIC

For the benefit of the Daily Worker

Given by the

New Kensington, Pa. Branch

of the Workers (Communist) Party

Sunday, June 10th

at FABIAN'S FARM

DANCING REFRESHMENTS SPEAKERS

ADMISSION 25c.

BOSTON

TRUCK PARTY

Sunday, June 10, 1928

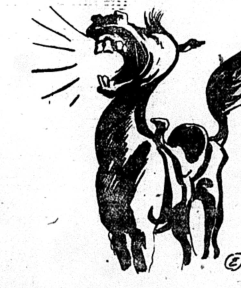
To Silver Lake, Mass.

Arranged by DAILY WORKER BUILDERS CLUB

Good Time *Refreshments*

Trucks leave 38 Causeway Street, Boston and New International Hall, 42 Wenonah Street, Roxbury, at 10 o'clock sharp.

Ticket One Dollar.



Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new

Red Cartoons 1928

Sixty-four pages of the choice work of the best proletarian artists in America, including:

FRED ELLIS	WM. GROPPER	HUGO GELLERT
M. BECKER	JACOB BURCK	DON BROWN
HAY BALES	K. A. SUVANTO	WM. SIEGEL

Introduction by Robert Minor

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Assistant Editor................WM. F. DUNNE

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'Bigger and Better' Imperialism

It is not often that murderers speak publicly of their forthcoming crimes.

Imperialists usually conceal the cold-blooded calculation with which the coming world war is being approached. Because the imperiaists and their pacifist allies conceal the truth, many workers are slow to believe when a Communist paper declares that the finance-capitalists who rule the United States through the puppet Coolidge and the puppet congress are systematically planning a world war for the conquest of Asia, including not only the subjugation of China but also the displacement of Great Britain in India, and an unprecedented holocaust of blood and destruction in an attempt at conquest of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

But once in a long time the enemy speaks openly. On May 8, under the title "Mother England," the Wall Street News published an editorial intended to show that the imperialist United States will soon displace the British Empire in the entire world with an American empire far surpassing the British, to be established "by the sword." The editorial says:

> "Great Britain's is a task in diplomacy the like of which the United States has never known, because, say we, we have "wisely" refrained from attempting to exercise control over any such body of distant foreigners. We have exercised a protectorate here and there, but over isolated island peoples capable of comparatively easy subjugation. We have kept as clear as possible of entanglements in the internal affairs of the great untutored masses of Asia proper.
>
> "Born in the philosophy of democratic rule, steeped in the fallacy that all men are created free and equal, we have with ease pointed an accusing finger at the motives back of the far-flung domain of the British Empire, forgetting that self-interest has been as much the motive of our own seclusion as of British colonization. And in our temporary self-sufficiency we have ever been ready to belittle the world-wide significance of such achievements in law and order as have grown from England's extension of authority to the uttermost parts of the earth.
>
> "On our part, in attempting to make the world safe for democracy we have made it safe for the brigands who perpetually prey on China's millions, for the money-grabbing military chieftains who roam at will over the vast territory of that great nation, plundering and killing as did the wild tribes of India prior to the advent of Britain's rule. But we pride ourselves on our hands-off policy. Temporarily safe in our own prosperity, geographically protected by thousands of miles of ocean from Russia, India, China and Japan, relieved by the exterminating process of murder and robbery from any retaliation by the aborigines of our own continent we survey with generous self-complacency our envied position among the peoples of the earth.
>
> "We too easily forget that the history of modern civilization has just begun; that continually knocking at the Eastern door of Europe are over one-half the world's people—in Russia, some 141,000,000, openly antagonistic to our whole system of economics; in India over 300,000,000 religious fanatics; in China over 400,000,000 so ground down in poverty as to make them the logical prey of Bolshevist propaganda; and in the islands of Japan a cramped 80,000,000, advanced in science but Oriental in ethics, forced by economic circumstance to spread their sphere of influence on the mainland.
>
> "We forget that if we are to inherit England's preeminence among the nations of the earth we shall inherit also a lion's share of the responsibility to direct, by the sword if necessary, the latent energy of these many millions along paths which make for our own and Europe's safety, as well as their own advancement."

The American imperialists assume "the responsibility to direct, by the sword . . ." "some 141,000,000" people in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The Red Army of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics will answer with cold steel that will drown the invading armies of Wall Street in their own blood; but the workers of the United States and the world must help the Red Army to do so. This Wall Street organ says American imperialist armies will conquer the 400,000,000 workers and peasants of China, the 300,000,000 of India, the 80,000,000 of Japan. It is the earnest duty of the American workers and exploited farmers to see that the Wall Street armies are defeated in the attempt to do so.

Are the workers of the United States ready to believe that they must organize to fight the viper of imperialism?

Let us make the red revolutionary election electoral campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party such a vigorous exposé of the murder plots of the imperialists as will draw tens of thousands of intelligent workers into the ranks of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Only in the ranks of the Communist Party can you, fellow workers, put up the fight of your class against the million-fold crimes of imperialist war which are being deliberately plotted under your very eyes. Join us for war against imperialist war!

Mine Women to Increase Work

(Special to the Daily Worker)

TRIADELPHIA, W. Va., Jan 3.—Twenty-two women of Triadelphia, wives of the striking coal miners of the Vallep Camps Mine No. 2, owned by the Paisley interests, organized themselves here recently for the support of the union and the strike.

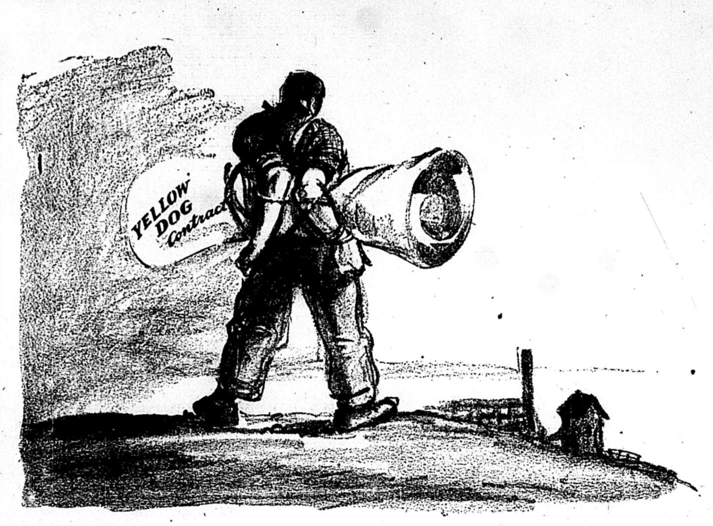
Mother Guinn and some of the other fighting women from Lansing, Ohio were here to help set the organization going. Committees were elected at once to collect relief and to open a children's kitchen.

Miners in this territory went on strike 27 months ago. The union was destroyed through the betrayal of the officialdom and the strike was never called off. Some miners have actually been without work during all this time. The majority, however, came out on April 16 at the call of the Save-the-Union Committee.

"Picketing will receive a great stimulus from the women's organization," Mrs. Calgeri, the newly elected president declared. "I want to see every woman get out with me on the line and help pull the scabs out of the mine."

DOWN WITH THE YELLOW DOG CONTRA CT!

By Fred Ellis



Getting Ready for Another War

By SCOTT NEARING.

President Coolidge picked out Memorial Day to tell the world:

1. That the ruling class of the United States has an economic stake in the planet. He spoke of "the world-wide interests of the United States" and added: "our investments and trade relations are such that it is almost impossible to conceive of any conflict anywhere on earth which would not effect us injuriously."

2. That the ruling class of the United States proposes to have peace if they have to fight for it. "One thing that we want above all else for ourselves and for other nations is a continuance of peace. Whether so intended or not, any nation engaging in war would thereby necessarily be engaged in a course prejudicial to us." The world wide interests of the United States "makes us view with peculiar disfavor not only any danger of being involved in war ourselves, but any danger of war among the nations."

War Preparations.

3. That the ruling class of the United States has been making and is continuing to make the necessary preparations to carry out such a program. "Our country is making outlays in excess of those ever before made in time of peace for the purpose of national defense....Our naval forces necessary for the protection of our commerce, which is world-wide and not exceeded in importance by that of any other country; while of very respectable proportions, needs to be strengthened in cruisers and other accessory craft. Such construction is already under way, and plans are maturing for the necessary increases. Our air forces are being steadily improved and enlarged." A few moments later President Coolidge characterized this unprecedented military preparation by stating "our country in all its history has never made preparations to atack any other country....While others hav [illegible] that they were forced to prepare for war, our situation is such that we have always been preparing for peace."

4. Already American imperial policy is utilizing military and naval forces in order to protect American investments and to enlarge American spheres of interest. President Coolidge said "though we have at this time some of our forces in Haiti, Nicaragua and China, they are in none of these places for the purpose of making war, but for the purpose of insuring peaceful conditions under which the lives of our nationals and their property may receive that protection which they are entitled under the terms of international law." Mr. Coolidge added rather pointedly: "Our further purpose in Haiti and Nicaragua is to assist the peoples of these two countries to establish stability and to maintain orderely and peaceful institutions in harmony with civized society."

Maintaing "Peace."

Early in 1927, Mr. Coolidge told congress that the "American investments and business interests" in Nicaragua demanded the use of the marines. Now he informs the world that the American empire with the aid of the marines, is establishing and maintaining orderly and peaceful institutions "in harmony with civilized society." Thus far the atempts of the American empire to stabilize the planet have been confined primarily to the Carribean. Recently, however, they have been extended to China. Perhaps in the not distant future Europe will also come in for her share of attention.

All of these things were said by Mr. Coolidge at Gettysburg on the famous battle field where Lincoln announced his old line about "government of the people, by the people, for the people." Mr. Coolidge quite properly overlooked the sentiment in his analysis of American imperial preparations to conquer and exploit the world. The executive officers of the American empire are quite evidently getting down to business.

"Unclean Hands" in the Sandino Stamp Case

By MANUEL GOMEZ

A decision in the "Sandino Stamp" case has at last been handed down. This case, in which the All-America Anti-Imperialist League sought to restrain the postal authorities from interfering with its stamps reading, "Protest Against Marine Rule in Nicaragua," involved questions of fundamental importance in the development of American Imperialism. So concerned was the government in this case that personages of such official dignity as Postmaster-General New and Secretary of State Kellogg felt called upon to participate in it. Of course the decision is against the Anti-Imperialist League. The wording of the decision and the circumstances surrouding it teach a lesson of such obvious significance that even the most naive believer in American institutions cannot fail to be impressed by it.

"Unclean Hands"

No one seriously insisted that the Sandino Stamps violated any law. The government's defense against the All-America Anti-Imperialist League was that no writ could be granted because the League had not come into the courts with "clean hands." Why? Because our Sandino stickers said something about marine rule in Nicaragua, whereas Secretary of State Kellogg had entered an ingenuous affidavit stating that there was no marine rule in Nicaragua at all and that everything was quiet and gentlemanly there. Federal Judge Thomas D. Thacher was much impressed by this contention of "unclean hands."

In setting forth his decision the worthy jurist delivered himself of the following:

"It is not enough to say that the stamps are not within the statutory prohibition upon which the defendants relied in excluding them from the mails — a question which is not decided. At the threshold plaintiff is met with the defense of unclean hands. This court will not aid the perpetration of falsehoods. One of the stamps is designed pictorially to characterize the acts of the armed forces of the United States in Nicaragua as ruthless, oppressive and in violation of international law. Both carry the false implication that the United States, through its armed forces, is ruling Nicaragua, whereas the truth appears from the affidavit of the Secretary of State.. The rule which confines the doctrine of unclean hands to misconduct connected with the subject matter does not preclude consideration of the plaintiff's use of these stamps in connection with a campaign of falsehood and villification against the American forces in Nicaragua, which is frankly designed to encourage desertion of United States Marines to the forces of Sandino, with whom the American forces are in armed conflict. An analogous situation is often dealt with in the trademark cases where courts of equity refuse to enjoin infringement of a lawfully registered trademark which is shown to have been used upon goods sold under false representations. In such cases the Court looks beyond the character of the mark to its unconscionable use. (*Manhattan Medicine Co.* v. *Wood*, 108 *U. S.* 218.) And so in this case, looking to the use which has been and is intended to be made of these stamps, it is clear that the plaintiff is seeking the aid of the Court in the pursuit of its own iniquity. It has no more right to such assistance than the Highwayman of Houslow Heath. (*McMullen* v. *Hoffman*, 174 *U. S.* 639, 654.)

"Plaintiff has no standing in a court of equity, and the motion is therefore denied."

"No Marine Rule" Pretense.

Stripped of all its ferocious epithets against us, this decision of Judge Thacher's says two things. First, that Mr. Kellogg's affidavit is more real than the marines, gunboats and bombing planes now terrorizing Nicaragua and that the Courts will maintain the pretense that there is no marine rule in Nicaragua. Second, that even if you disagree with Messrs. Kellogg, Coolidge, & Co., about this you may not say so. It does not demand that you refrain from *seeing* the facts of marine rule. No doubt that will come later. Because the All-America Anti-Imperialist League was so indiscreet as to publicly characterize the situation in Nicaragua as one of marine rule, it is declared to have "come into court with unclean hands." And no one with unclean hands can expect to have any rights in the exclusive, lily-pure circles of the federal courts.

Free speech is all right, presumably, so long as you agree with the powers that be. No unfamiliar dictum in this land of the government-strike-breaker! Long ago we were made to understand that we could not rely upon the constitutional guarantee of free speech, to encourage overthrow of the established government, to agitate in strikes, etc., etc. Now we are told that we may not even express an opinion different from that of the secretary of state.

Courts Defend Imperialism.

The significance of Judge Thacher's decision is that it shows what a web of constituted authority surrounds and defends the most arbitrary acts of government. We try to create protest against the sending of marines to Nicaragua by President Coolidge, and against marine rule there. The Post Office Department, ostensibly a mere technical arm of the government for distribution of the mails, immediately steps in. We go to the courts for a writ against the postal authorities. The courts turn to the secretary of state, who enters an affidavit to the effect that there is no such thing as marine rule in Nicaragua. That is final. And the court turns savagely upon us with the statement that we have "unclean hands" and that we have no rights "in equity" anywhere until we stop saying that there is marine rule in Nicaragua.

It is a vicious circle. There is no way out. Our lawyer tells us an appeal to a higher court would be useless, for no judge will call into question the affidavit of the secretary of state.

Thus we are shown how absurd it is to attempt to fight against American imperialism as the private misdemeanor of some individual official sinner — the president, the secretary of state, or someone else. Imperialism cannot be fought without fighting the whole imperialist government. The government functions as a unit or it does not function at all. President Coolidge sends marines to Nicaragua, the military commanders carry out his orders, the state department, the courts, all other branches of the government combine to break up any attempt to interfere with the enterprise. There is more than an official esprit d'corps behind this, a response to what is in the last analysis the pressure of class interest and a pretty thoroughly unified ideology, to say nothing of actual direction from Wall Street.

There are some liberal gentlemen in this country who blame the whole invasion of Nicaragua on Coolidge, as if it were some private affair he was carrying on behind the back of congress. But is this true? Can congress pretend that it is innocent in the matter? Only to an ignoramus, or to some fool who is so involved in legalism and legal technicalities that he cannot cut through superficialities to the reality.

Record of Congress.

Here is the record of congress in the Nicaragua affair. The house of representatives. Absolutely nothing. The senate. The senate foreign relations committee, headed by the pseudo-liberal political sleight-of-hand performer, William E. Borah, rejected the only resolution submitted to it which called for the immediate withdrawal of marines from Nicaragua. The senate as a whole defeated the Norris-Blaine proposal against maintaining the marines in Nicaragua after the Nicaraguan elections. This was as late as April 25, 1928. Way back in January the senate adjourned abruptly for three days by special arrangement between the republican and democratic leaders in order to prevent discussion of any resolutions criticising the government's policy in Nicaragua.

The explanation for so extraordinary a maneuver was that the discussion would "embarrass" President Coolidge at the Pan-American Conference at Havana. The explanation itself is an admission.

(*To Be Continued.*)

Fascists Jail Workers

PARIS, June 3.—Scores of Italian workers, who dared to attempt May Day celebrations in defiance of the fascist decrees, were arrested and thrown into jails in a number of cities, reports which are beginning to slip thru the fascist censorship state. In spite of the fascist prohibition, May Day feeling ran high in all the factories of the industrial centers it is stated.

HANdOuTS

THE well-known Shakespearean student and litterateur, Gene Tunney, has just written a letter to the smug penguin Professor William Lyon Phelps of Yale in which the ex-prize fighter maintains that words are a medium of expression. The letter follows:

Dear Professor Billy:—

There comes to every man during his life a few occasions when words, the medium of expression, are altogether inadequate to convey the deep feelings of his heart. I am now experiencing one of these occasions. Nothing has ever surprised me more or touched me deeper than the receipt of the lovely set of Shakespeare sent me by the boys of your Shakespeare Class. . . Therefore, Billy, I wish you would read this to the boys or post it on a bulletin board that they may see by my words, though insufficient, how appreciative I am of their generous thought of me.

I wonder if the boys, who were as much a party to the shock given the public by the Boxing champion lecturing on Shakespeare as we were, got as great a kick out of the public's action as I did.

With deepest gratitude to you and the boys for my most precious treasure (the autographed set of Shakespeare) and with kindest personal regards, believe me

Always sincerely,

GENE TUNNEY.

• • •

Inspecting Around

"Oh Mama who is the man resting in the picture?"

"That is Mayor Walker."

"Well what's he got in his hand?"

"That's one of the new subways."

"What's he going to do with it?"

"Give it to one of his friends."

"Why is he so interested in the subways?"

"He's having his picture taken, my child."

"Oh Mama can I be a mayor when I grow up and watch all the other people work?"

"Adolph, don't eat soup with your fingers and straighten your bib!"

• • •

PROSPERITY PLUS.

So rich are these UNITED STATES,
So rarely favored by the Fates,
We gorge our over-flowing tills
By feeding children to the mills.
—Robert Whitaker.

Coolidge, Fisherman

President Coolidge will be able to establish a reputation as a fisherman without much trouble this summer.

H. Clay Pierce, in whose summer house the president will spend his vacation, spent over a million dollars to make it an ideal fishing resort for flaby-muscled fishermen. There are fifteen artificial pools on the estate, each one containing different kinds and weights of trout. The fish are forced into the pools and allowed to grow fat on liver. Then just before the president is brought on to fish the pools they are starved for a few weeks. When the anglers come the fish are hungry enough to snap at red flannel underwear or a silk top-hat.

APRIL WHOLESALE TRADE.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Trade of wholesale firms declined in April by more than the usual seasonal amount and was smaller than in April of last year, accoding to statistics of the Federal Reserve Board. Sales of firms in the nine lines of trade included in the Federal Reserve Board's index of wholesale distribution averaged nearly five per cent smaller than in April a year ago and reflected declines in all lines except meats and drugs.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE
UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL
EDITION

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DA[illegible] WORKER APPEALS FOR LIFE AS CRISIS GROWS

TOM MOON[illegible]AS FRAMED, SPORT WRITER DECLARES

Fitzpatrick Supports New Affidavit

CHICAGO, June 4.—Another theory of the origin of the San Francisco parade bombing for which Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings were framed up was today supported by John Fitzpatrick, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor.

Today Fitzpatrick made public an affidavit bearing the signature of Alfred H. Spink, a sports writer, who died last week, which declares that the explosion was caused by agents of the German Imperial Government. This fact, according to Spink,—was known to him at the time.

The affidavit declares that Mrs. Spink became acquainted with Mr. and Mrs. Powell Mertz while they were living in Oakland, Calif., and on the day of the explosion the latter warned that "something awful" was going to happen in San Francisco. Spink says that Mertz was "reputably a German agent."

It further declares that Spink kept the information to himself because of the ill health of his wife, and when she died he informed Fitzpatrick, exacting a promise from him that he would not make it public until Spink's death.

STRIKE TIES UP ARGENTINE PORT

Police Attacks Fail to Weaken Men

BUENOS AYRES, June 4.—With picket lines and demonstrations interrupted now and again by police attacks, the strike of the 3,000 harbor workers at Bahia Blanca continues with the same determination it began with, according to reports from the southern port.

The spirit of the striking longshoremen is excellent, the leaders of the strike report. A one hundred per cent turnout on the picket lines has been maintained since the beginning of the walkout and in spite of the terrorism of the authorities, there is no symptom of weakening among the men.

On the contrary, the leaders assert, strike sentiment is growing among the rank and file of other industries in the city and it is expected that the longshoremen will be joined by other workers in a sympathetic walkout that may tie up the whole town.

A dozen vessels have been lying in the port since the strike was called, unable to discharge their cargoes or take on freight. Strikebreakers, which the owners attempted to import, have proved a complete failure.

LEAGUE APPLIES THE WHITEWASH

To Cover Up Fascist Gun Shipment

GENEVA, June 4.—Two dominant delegates were absent today when the fiftieth session of the League of Nations council met at noon. They were Foreign Minister Aristide Briand, of France, and Gustav Stresemann, foreign secretary of Germany. Both were kept away by "illness."

Gen. Bettancourt, of Cuba, opened the session with a speech reviewing the work that has been done.

A report will be made by the committee which investigated the secret shipment of machine guns from Italy into Hungary.

The Polish-Lithuanian boundary dispute will again be brought forward, but there will be no definite settlement. Premier Waldemaras, of Lithuania, will explain the obstacles which have arisen "in the way of a solution."

The security and arbitration committee of the preparatory disarmament commission will meet on June 27.

Bakers Add to List

ROCKFORD, Ill., (FP) June 4.—All nine union bakeries of Rockford have renewed their agreements and [illegible] shops have been [illegible].

Slow Response Thus Far Threatens Shutdown; Only Immediate Help Can Save Militant Paper

COMRADES:—

The funds for which The DAILY WORKER appealed to you in order to keep our revolutionary working class paper alive are not being received as rapidly as we had hoped. Therefore The DAILY WORKER may very likely go out of existence on next Saturday, June 9. This is inevitable unless you come to the rescue quickly.

Circumstances of the immediate present have forced us into a situation where it appears that we will be destroyed. Yet if we could pull through this immediate crisis, we could then say that the prospects for The DAILY WORKER were better than ever before. We have more collectible advertising and subscriptions than we had a year ago, and every prospect of an increased income if we survive the present crisis. It would be a tragedy of the worst kind for the paper to go down to destruction now. The Workers (Communist) Party, of which The DAILY WORKER is the central organ, needs this paper as never before. The fighting coal miners will be without a daily voice in the language of the country, if The DAILY WORKER is compelled to suspend. The textile strikers will be weakened, the heroic needle trades workers heavily injured in their fight, if The DAILY WORKER'S voice is silenced. The destruction of The DAILY WORKER will be an irreparable loss to every worker in the United States.

Unless unusually heavy contributions come into this office today (Tuesday, June 5), the next day's issue will have to be reduced in size, to four pages. Unless $5,000 is received this week, there will be no more paper after Saturday, June 9. A total of $10,000 must be had by the following Saturday—June 16, or we must close altogether.

We have told you that we are faced with an ultimatum which forces these demands. This is in deadly earnest. We have no choice. We will fight as long as you will make it possible.

But make haste. Send all possible funds, by telegraph, airmail or special delivery, to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York City.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE:

ROBERT MINOR
PHILLIP ARONBERG
WM. F. DUNNE
MARTIN ABERN
W. W. WEINSTONE
R. SALZMAN
A. TRACHTENBERG
A. RAVITCH

JURY CONVICTS STEVE MENDOLA IN NEW FRAMEUP

Verdict is Involuntary Manslaughter

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WILKES-BARRE, June 4. — A verdict of involuntary manslaughter was handed down late Saturday against Steve Mendola, friend of Sam Bonita, who has already been railroaded to the Eastern penitentiary, at a trial in which the treacherous officials of the Lewis-Cappelini machine cooperated with coal operator justice to convict the innocent miner. The case of Mendola like that of Bonita arose through the shooting of Frank Agati, mine contrator and personal body-guard of Cappelini.

The jury was out only five hours in a case marked by all the prejudice and injustice present at the trial of Sam Bonita. Tried before the same operator-controlled judge McLean, it was known that Mendola was doomed before the trial began. The case began last Thursday and for over two days officials of the United Mine Workers took turns in giving their testimony intended to "frame" the innocent miner.

The defense is planning an appeal.

'BEST FRIEND' AIDS WORKERS IN FIGHT

Urge Readers to Spread 'Daily's' Influence

"The DAILY WORKER is the miners' best friend," writes the wife of a striking miner in Ohio.

Thousands of striking miners have learned the truth of this. They realize that in their struggle to save their union from the combined attacks of the bosses and the Lewis bureaucracy there is only one newspaper that is fighting on their side—The DAILY WORKER.

The miners are not the only workers that have learned that The DAILY WORKER is their best friend. The New Bedford textile strikers are also discovering this important truth. Thousands of copies of the Daily have been distributed in New Bedford during the last few weeks. Distribution of the paper has also been going on in other New England textile centers, where workers are beginning to turn to the Daily for guidance and moral support in their struggles.

Workers in many other industries are ripe for The DAILY WORKER. All that is necessary is to bring the paper to them and to acquaint them with it. Here is a great opportunity for readers of the Daily. By securing new subscriptions they will be doing a twofold service: they will be strengthening the workers in their fight and they will be aiding The DAILY WORKER in its efforts to become a more effective and more powerful organ of the militant workers of this country. And in the present financial crisis of the Daily every new subscription is of especial value.

Readers, get busy. Help the workers' cause and the workers' press by spreading The DAILY WORKER. Canvass your friends, your shopmates, your trade unions and organizations. Every reader a DAILY WORKER agent, must be the slogan!

HOLD LEFT WING MEET IN CHICAGO

Will Report On World Congress, Cloak Union

CHICAGO, June 4.—The returned delegates for the world congress of the Red Trade Union International will give a report at a meeting called by the Chicago local of the Trade Union Educational League. The meeting will be held this Thursday evening in Mirror Hall, Western Ave. and Division St.

A report will also be given by the delegates to the recent Boston convention of the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union. They will report in detail on their exclusion from the fake convention of Sigman-Schlesinger and their satellites, and their participation in the conference of the locked out delegates and of the subsequent formation of the National Organization Committee for the rebuilding of a union in the ladies industry.

His Employes Are Dying

The court having refused to outlaw damage suits under the statute of limitations, the United States Radium Corp. is now trying to buy off thru settlements out of court the suits of five women employes of the company who are slowly dying of radium poisoning, contracted in the corporation's highly profitable plant. The photo is of Clarence V. Lee, president of the corporation.

DISEASE TOLL IN CALIFORNIA BIG

SACRAMENTO, June 4. — Circulatory system diseases took the greatest number of victims in California last year as they did in 1926, according to the report of the State Department of Public Health.

Victims in 1927 numbered 13,571. In 1926 they numbered 12,254. Deaths last year totalled 61,427, compared with 58,427 in 1926.

Tuberculosis ranked higher than cancer in both years in the number of deaths. Both these diseases increased their death toll in the past two years.

Measles, pneumonia, digestive disorders and nephritis increased their death tolls.

ONE KILLED IN SHIP BLAST.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., June 4. — One man was killed and several others seriously injured in an explosion on the auxiliary fishing schooner Mary at the wharf here.

400 MURDERED BY CANTON WAR LORD

Li Chai-Sum's Troops Slaughter Militants

CANTON, June 4.—Four hundred workers were murdered and 400 captured in Lingshui on the island of Hainan on May 30 by troops of Li Chai-Sum, Canton war lord.

* * *

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 4.—Spread of the influence of the worker-peasant armies, which recently captured Shakwan, a town on the border of Kwangsi and Kwantung, is seen in the report of the growing unrest in the neighboring provinces, according to the Canada Morning News.

Detachments of the worker-peasant troops are reported to have aroused the nearby districts to the verge of insurrection and it is predicted that the whole region will join with the main body of the worker-peasant armies within a short time.

* * *

U. S. Gets Nanking Note.

SHANGHAI, June 4.—Declaring that they intended to use "only well-disciplined troops" in the occupation of Peking, which is regarded here as a matter of hours, the Nanking government has presented a note to the American consul-general in Shanghai,

(Continued on Page Three)

Appeals Court Quits; No Sinclair Decision

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The District Court of Appeals recessed for the summer today without giving an opinion of the appeal of Harry F. Sinclair, setnenced to three months imprisonment for his refusal to answer questions before the Senate Tea Pot Dome Investigating Committee

Workers of Soviet Union Mourn Haywood's Death

Thousands passed the bier of the founder of the I. W. W. as he lay in state in Moscow. Third from the left in the first row of faces in the photo is J. Louis Engdahl, representative of the Workers (Communist) Party to the Communist International.

ALL-UNION COMMUNIST PARTY WARS ON WASTE

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 4.—In face of the increasing pressure of the imperialist powers outside the Soviet Union, and the resistance which the rich peasants are creating within, together with the recent disclosures of treason practised by various technicians now on trial, the Central Executive Committee of the All-Union Communist Party has issued an appeal to all its members to aid in the elimination of errors, treason and waste. The full text of the appeal follows:

"To all members of the All-Union Communist Party: In its intensive reorganization work, the Soviet Union is encountering increased pressure from international capitalism, together with resistance from the kulaks, rich peasants, and the sabotage and treachery of certain specialists.

"The tasks of reconstruction before us cannot be achieved without the assistance of the masses who must control and watch the whole apparatus from which the useless elements must be eliminated.

"Our main slogan must be: 'Self criticism regardless of persons.'

"The main tasks before our Party at this time are: Free criticism within the Party and application of the free election principle within the Party without exception, severer punishments for offenses committed by Communists, and increased work among the masses, especially among the youth and in the village. We must also wage an energetic struggle against the violation of trade union democracy, and for the gaining of new cadres for trade union work, and the extension of control commissions thruout industry and transportation as a whole.

"We must furthermore carry on a ceaseless fight against bureaucracy within the administration of the Soviet Union."

TEXTILE STRIKE BEGINS 8TH WEEK

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 4.—Despite the large number of pickets already arrested, and disregarding the announcement of the authorities that further arrests will be made, several thousand pickets turned out this morning, in answer to the rumors circulated all last week that the 56 cotton mills which closed down over seven weeks ago by the strike of 28,000 workers, will make a concerted effort to reopen. The mills did not reopen.

Several workers arrested on the picket line last Friday are to come up

(Continued on Page Three)

BETRAY SUITS OF RADIUM VICTIMS

NEWARK, N. J., June 4.—The radium suits filed by the five young New Jersey women, Edna Hussman, Quinta McDonald, Albina Larice, Katharine Schaub and Grace Fryer, who are doomed to early death, were "settled" out of court early this afternoon.

Under the settlement, arranged by Federal Judge William Clark of Newark, each will receive $10,000 in cash from the United States Radium Corporation, an annuity of $600, and doctors and hospital bills will be paid for the rest of their lives. This settlement, considering the fact that doctors give them less than one year to live, makes the settlement one of the most absurd in the history of United States legal procedure.

For past medical expenses each will be paid $2,000, less than half of the money which each has expended on doctors' bills in the past. The corporation also magnanimously states that it will meet counzel fees and court expenses.

WORKERS ROUT FASCISTS

Socialists Police Help the Steel Helmets

HAMBURG, June 4.—Scores of workers, many of them seriously wounded, are lying injured in their homes in Hamburg today as a result of the police protection which the social democratic police commissioner afforded a demonstration of 50,000 Steel Helmets here.

The Steel Helmets, the German fascist organization, began their parade thru Hamburg by acts of violence against the workers, provoking the silent masses who lined the streets in every possible way, and finally tearing down a number of red flags. The workers defended their flags while the police aided the Steel Helmets in attacking the workers.

The scores were wounded during the combined police and fascist onslaught, the fury of the masses of workers increased with the outrages and the Steel Helmets were finally compelled to retreat to the railway station under police guard.

POWER TRUST "SCHOOLS"

Dope Factory Maintained by Big Utilities

WASHINGTON, June 4. — Details of the systematic propaganda machine maintained by the Power Trust are seeping into the Federal Trade Commission's power inquiry now being conducted here. The technique used is now revealed as one of the most brozen in the history of American public utilities.

Documents now in possession of the commission describe the elaborate "dope factory" maintained by the Power Trust and which reached into hundreds of colleges and schools thruout the United States. In Colorado alone two schools were maintained, one in Denver and the other in Pueblo, to train speakers to spread the gospel of private ownership. The latter school is conducted by the University of Colorado, a public institution.

Following a course at these schools during which the "students" are provided with the stock argu-

(Continued on Page Three)

COMRADES:—

We are still unable to fill up this page due to the financial crisis facing the paper.

We are waiting for a response that will make it possible to again print the paper completely.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

LAHEY, LITTLE COLEMAN OF AMALGAMATED, PLANS BETRAYAL OF STREET CAR WORKERS

The scheduled strike of the 200 traction workers of State Island due for yesterday noon has been postponed until tomorrow according to an agreement put over for the men by Edward J. Leahy, President of the Staten Island local of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway employes.

The traction workers whose demand for a 10 cent an hour increase in wages was rejected by the Richmond Railways Co. which operates the surface lines of Staten Island, were ready to strike yesterday noon when informed by Lahey that he had entered into negotiations with John A. Lynch, Tammany Hall president of the Borough of Richmond. Lynch will meet with Lahey this morning and the results of the meeting will be conveyed to the workers tonight.

Lahey is a small edition of James H. Coleman, who with the other representatives of the Amalgamated recently betrayed the New York traction workers for Tammany Hall and the Interborough.

While a younger man than Coleman, Lahey is no more honest and militant; he has adopted the same bombastic and deceptive manner towards the rank and file which is used by Coleman and Fitzgerald, the vice-president of the Amalgamated. It is known that the workers have nothing to expect from the activites of Lahey, who is a Tammany tool.

Lynch, president of the Borough, has appeared as the friend of the workers but his activities are best known from a number of grafting park schemes he has put over on Staten Island and from his bitter opposition to the popular demand for an island park at Great Kills, which would provide an amusement place for millions of workers during the year.

Only the rank and file control of the Staten Island traction local and a 100 per cent strike for the 10 per cent increase can be relied upon to win for the workers.

Hoover Won Florida Delegates by Holding Fake State Convention, Charge

BUILDING TRADES WORKERS FACING WORSENING EVILS

Unemployed, Speed-Up, Graft Are Rife

Conditions in the building trades are rapidly getting worse, according to testimony of rank and file union members who yesterday gave a detailed picture of what the workers in these trades have to contend with.

"The building trades today are facing a basic depression," one of these workers declared. "Unemployment is general and severe and thousands of building trades workers are walking the streets seeking employment which is nowhere to be found.

Graft and Speed-up.

"Graft, the speed-up system, collaboration between the bosses and the union officials, are dominating factors in the present situation of the building trades workers," he charged. "The plumbers are especially hit by this wave of unemployment, and class-collaboration policies of the bureaucracy of the plumbers' locals."

"Local 14 of Jersey City, consisting of 2,100 members, has as the secretary of the local, the city plumbing director. To any rank and file plumber this is sufficient to convince him that such a man cannot represent his interests. Ask any plumber and he will tell you of the thousands of dollars of graft that is collected by these inspectors. How can such a man represent the interests of the workers?

"Local 418 of Queens has a group within the local that is fighting the class-collaboration schemes of the officials. This group has succeeded in bettering the conditions of the men and improving the conditions on the jobs. However, the officials are doing their utmost to stop the progress of this group. Whenever a member of this group takes the floor and fights the officials he immediately becomes a marked man. He is reported to the boss by the official of the union and immediately fired from the job. This is the way these misleaders of labor 'protect the interests of the men'."

Confirming these statements, another building trades worker declared that a member of the above group who has frequently taken the floor to fight the policies of the officials, got into a heated argument with Flannagan who is the delegate of the local. Flannagan immediately took steps to get rid of this member by endeavoring to railroad him out of the local, he charged. The executive board, which consists of a clique of the officials, took up the question of getting rid of this member by transfering him to another local. The rules of the plumbers' locals state that no transfers can be issued at the present time. By transfering this member they are trying to get rid of him, and deprive him of earning a living. When the matter was brot before the rank and file about two weeks ago, Flannagan stated that he would take the name of every member who voted against the suspension. This was a scheme to scare the plumbers in voting for the recommendation of the executive board. In this they succeeded as most of the plumbers were afraid to vote against the suspension as it would probably mean that they would be blacklisted. Nevertheless the progressives voted solidly against the suspension.

This is only part of the scheme, this worker said. Others complete the treachery.

"While Flannagan is carrying on his dirty work inside of the local, Mc-Adams, another delegate, is carrying on the outside work. He reports to the boss any man who dares to oppose the policies of his clique."

While the progressive group has succeeded in bettering the conditions in a great number of jobs, due to the fact of the weak forces it has not succeeded in installing strict union conditions on all the jobs. There is a job on Merrick Road, Long Island that is being done by Gross & Sons. Most of the building trades workers on the job are non-union men, and working below the scale. The plumbing on this job is unsanitary and is a violation of the city plumbing code. The builder has police protecting the job and refuses to let either union men or the delegate on the job. It is the duty of the delegate to inspect every plumbing job that is done.

"Plumbers' Local 1 of Brooklyn are faced with a different situation [illegible], he declared:

"The officials of Local No. 1 are trying to drag over the [illegible] the new agreement, until after the elections which take place [illegible]. This is but a scheme to [illegible] agreement until the fall [illegible] there will be more un[illegible] will [illegible] any agreement which is submitted to them by the bosses. There is no doubt that this new agreement will never live up to promises that the officials made during the last strike. The plumbers must defeat the schemes of the officials by electing honest rank and file members as officials, who will take a militant stand and really fight for the interest of the men. The plumbers must also fight for the recognition of the helpers, as this is very necessary to them in order to improve their conditions. If the helpers are organized it will prevent them from scabbing on the plumbers if another strike situation arises.

"Plumbers support the progressive groups in your locals!

"Do not be fooled by the false promises of your misleaders!

"Fight for one uniform agreement for all locals!

"Fight against the installation of [illegible] saving machines on the job!"

Cadet Makes Grade; Jailed For Larceny

VINDICATION of the promise of the U. S. Navy to train its recruits in many fields has at least been partially realized for Harlo Hamilton Harding, 29, honor graduate of Annapolis in 1920, for three years ensign in the navy.

Yesterday he received a sentence of from two to four years in Sing Sing in General Sessions after pleading guilty to grand larceny in the second degree in connection with bad checks totalling $189.52 given by him to the Hotel Plaza where he stopped in December, 1926, with a woman, registering as "Mr. and Mrs. G. Bordon."

TEXTILE STRIKE BEGINS 8TH WEEK

More Pickets Join Line Despite Arrests

(Continued from page one)

for trial in a local court today. They will be defended by attorneys of the International Labor Defense.

The Workers International Relief sent out an appeal to workers to respond immediately to their appeal for funds for strikers relief. This is especially urgent now, the Workers' International Relief states, in view of the heavy increase of applications for aid coming in.

In addition to the normal increase coming from the new members of the Textile Mill Committee, the fact that the skilled workers' unions are stopping the relief doles due to exhausted treasuries, is putting heavier burdens on the W. I. R. station.

An announcement was also made yesterday by the Citizens' Relief Committee, composed of local politicians and endorsed by the A. F. of L. union here, to the effect that the amount of food orders given to strikers will be reduced by 20 per cent. This order goes into effect to-day.

A. F. of L. Treachery.

Not only have the A. F. of L. bureaucrats failed to organize suitable relief machinery for the great masses of strikers, but they have even failed to provide ample aid for their own small membership, the workers here declare.

In view of these events the Workers International Relief intends to prosecute an energetic campaign to enlarge their resources. Plans are speedily being pushed to carry on a textile strike relief thruout the country.

DISPUTE MAY END IN CUBAN STRIKE

HAVANA, Cuba, June 4.—The disagreement between the Cuban railway workers and the owners of the United Cuban Railroads over the question of the eight hour day continues in spite of the proposal, which both parties have tentatively agreed to accept, submitting the dispute to a government board of arbitration.

Resentment is high among the railroad workers, owing to the persistent refusal of the railways' administration to listen to their demands that an eight hour day be enforced, and there is growing suspicion that the government's interference in the dispute is the official forerunner of a victory for the roads.

Leaders among the men assert that strike feeling is strong but that the ruthlessness with which the Machado authorities have shot down Cuban strikers in the past are influencing the railroad workers against any precipitate action.

SEE U. S. HAND IN COLOMBIA'S OIL LAW CHANGE

Concession May Go to American Interest

BOGOTA, Colombia, June 4.—Following the sudden announcement that the Barca petroleum concession had become the subject of serious discussions between the government of Colombia and the United States with a view to transferring the concession to the latter power, the important announcement that a presidential decree suspending the operation of the law regulating petroleum output and ownership has just been issued. The regulatory law was approved by the last congress.

The petroleum law has been consistently attacked since the time of its passage by the legal advisers of all the Colombian and foreign oil companies on the grounds that it is unconstitutional and confiscatory.

Commenting editorially on the suspension of the oil laws by the president's decree, El Tiempo, one of the largest papers in Colombia states, "It must be confessed that the first impression is that the decree is unfortunate for us and excellent for the petroleum interests. It is the first blow struck against the nation in petroleum affairs. The annulment of the petroleum laws by the supreme court is possible."

The Barco oil field, which will, it is intimated, shortly come under the control of American interests, is in the extreme north-eastern section of Colombia near the Venezuelan border. The field has been in the hands of a number of petroleum companies until in 1926 the Colombian government decreed that the field should be returned to the nation since Barco, the original concessionaire, had failed to comply with the conditions of his contract.

It is believed that the American interests, which have been considering the Colombian oil prospects for some time, will obtain possession of the Barco field within the next few months.

CHINESE PEASANT MOVEMENT GAINS

(Continued on Page Three)

asking for immediate withdrawal of all American troops in North China.

The note will be transmitted to John Van MacMurray, the American minister in Peking.

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Mass Demonstration.

SHANGHAI, June 4. — Reports from Foochow state that mass demonstrations have taken place against the Japanese and other foreigners. All American mission schools are said to have been closed.

• • •

Chang's Train Bombed.

MUKDEN, Manchuria, June 4.—Reports that the special armored train in which Chang Tso-lin, northern war-lord, fled from Peking before the advancing armies of the Nanking government bombed just outside this city have been confirmed. Several of Chang's attendants are said to have been killed.

Two bombs are reported to have been dropped on the tracks. One coach was derailed and several others set on fire by the explosion.

Chang Tso-lin was not injured.

Three Workers Died in These Ruins At Arlington, N. J.

Three men are known to have died and 20 were painfully injured in the celluloid plant of E. I. du Pont de Nemours, shown here, when a faulty valve caused an explosion. Other workers are shown looking in the ruins for still more victims.

MINE POLICE IN NEW TERRORISM

Continue Clubbings, Gas Attacks

CALDWELL, Ohio (By mail). — A mass picket line of two hundred stood fast in front of the entrance to the Belle Valley mine near here Thursday, dsepite a tear gas attack directed by Sheriff Byrop Schaefer and a dozen deputies who had ordered the pickets to disperse. The strikers had gathered near the mine, owned by the Cambridge Collieries company, as non-union miners were leaving work late in the day.

Disparaging remarks addressed to non-union workers caused the calling of the police officers by the mine superintendent. Sheriff Schaefer commanded the crowd to scatter, insisting that it was assembled in violation of an injunction granted to the Cambridge Collieries by the Noble county common pleas court. When the 200 greeted his order with derision and defiance, Schaefer threatened to club them.

"Come ahead," yelled the pickets. Determined to break up the line, Schaefer and his deputies hurled tear gas bombs into the crowd without warning. Saved by a favorable wind, the majority of the pickets suffered no ill effects from the tear gas though smarting eyes and choking throats caused the picket line to waver for an instant.

Caldwell, at the edge of the Hocking Valley, has been waging its struggle against the coal operators without stopping for breath since the beginning of the strike. Isolated by the high hills and poor transportation facilities the Hocking Valley had had little relief all winter. Battling against the bosses and the police on the picket line becomes harder every day, hunger wins back the ground lost by the mine operators in the fight.

Caldwell has had no relief shipment for a month. "We must go on with the fight, and we've got to have food to do it," is what Caldwell thinks of its present situation. "We'd have been licked long ago if it wasn't for the National Miners Relief Committee," say the strikers. "They've got to keep their relief shipments going if they expect to see us win the strike."

Can't Find Job; Asks for Cell

SPARTANBURG, S. C., June 4.—Released from the South Carolina Penitentiary after serving five years there, Robert L. Thomas has asked penitentiary officials to permit him to return to complete his maximum sentence of ten years.

When Thomas left the penitentiary recently he returned to his home here. He sought employment but has failed to find a job. After months of walking the streets in vain efforts to find work he walked into the office of Sheriff Sam K. Miller and requested that arrangements be made for him to return to the penitentiary.

He was told that it was impossible to grant his request. He communicated with officials of the penitentiary but there his request was also turned down.

Thomas is still searching for a job.

"DOPE" SCHOOLS OF POWER TRUST

(Continued from page one)

ments against public ownership, the "graduates" are sent out to schools and colleges in Colorado, New Mexico, Wyoming and other states.

At the same time it has been revealed that employes of Colorado utilities are rated on their ability to spread the propaganda of the Power Trust among the general public.

An elaborate system of "dope" distribution among newspapers thruout the United States, has also been uncovered. Boiler plate articles, cartoons and special features are sent regularly to hundreds of publications, and especially to country newspapers and magazines.

ANOTHER I. R. T. FIRE.

Several persons were overcome by smoke and a hundred and fifty were led through dark taubes to exits when fire broke out today in the Lexington Avenue tunnel of the Interborough Subway between the Astor Place and Fourteenth Street stations.

SAY LABOR FAKER GETS GENEVA GOLD

Believe John Walker is Paid Observer

CHICAGO, Ill., June 4. — Disclosures that Geneva gold is at this moment lining the pockets of "Honest" John H. Walker, president of the Illinois State Federation of Labor are expected here to result in a rank and file demand by union members for an investigation when Walker returns from his European mission to the International Labor Office conference now in session at Geneva.

Walker who is an "unofficial observer" to the conference called by the labor section of the League of Nations, undertook the journey at the invitation of the League of Nations Non-Partisan Association of Illinois which is known to have paid all his expenses and is believed to have made him an additional "consideration" the amount of which is not yet ascertained.

Was "Persuaded."

In this connection it is interesting to note that the first intimation that Walker had been "persuaded" to undertake the trip came from Director Magnuson, the American representative of the International Labor office, who early in May announced that Walker would be the American "representative" to the conference. This announcement was immediately denied in a statement by William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor. Green denied that the Federation had sent any representative and conveyed the impression that Walker was not even an "unofficial observer."

From this it is now uncertain whether Walker in addition to receiving Geneva gold for the mission has also misrepresented himself as the delegate of the A. F. of L. Officials of the Illinois Federation of Labor are now seeking to cover up the tracks of Walker by declaring that Walker does not represent the A. F. of L. but only the Illinois Non-Partisan Association. Walker carries letters of introduction from Governor Len Small, the Insull traction magnate tool of Illinois, to whom Walker and a number of other labor fakers sold out in the 1926 and other elections.

The International Labor office has for several years sought to secure the closer cooperation of the A. F. of L.

HERBERT PACKED CONVENTION WITH OWN SUPPORTERS

Lenroot Lawyer For All Contesting Delegates.

KANSAS CITY, June 4.—Charges that Hoover won nine delegates to the G. O. P. national convention by fradulently packing the Florida state convention at Daytona Beach were made in the contest over the Florida delegates which started here today.

The contest involved nine delegates, one set headed by National Committeeman George W. Bean and uninstructed; the other by ex-Senator L. Y. Sherman of Illinois, and now a resident of Florida, who is pledged to Hoover.

Charles F. Cummings charged that the Hoover supporters packed the state convention at Daytona Beach and in the absence of the regular chairman, George P. Wentworth, held an unauthorized session presided over by Glenn B. Skipper, vice-chairman of the state committee. This was the session that instructed Florida's delegates for Hoover.

The fact that Hoover is willing to go to any expense and make use of any trickery in order to ensnare the republican nomination for the presidency was also made evident when it was announced that he had hired Ex-Senator Irvine L. Lenroot of Wisconsin to act as general counsel for all Hoover contesting delegates. Lenroot will have several lawyers for assistants.

MACHINES FIGURE IN DON SABOTAGE

Useless Iron Imported By Technicians

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 4.—During yesterday's session of the trial of the Donetz plotters, Eliadze, a technician accused of sabotage, denied that he participated in such activity, but admitted that he had sheltered the counter-revolutionary, Kurkin.

He admitted further that he had received graft money from Kalganov but "not for sabotaging."

Bashkin, another accused technician, testified that foreign engineers took great interest in the sabotage plot. He said he had received sabotage instructions from Beresovaki, Kalganov, Samoilov, and Gorletzki, for which Kalganov and Kusma had paid him 6,000 roubles.

Regarding the plotters activity in the Donetz fields, he testified that useless machinery was imported from abroad and that the plotters invited him to travel thruout Europe and report to the former owners about sabotage work.

Gorlov, another technician, testified that when protesting to the chief engineer, Kusma, about the useless machinery, he was threatened with dismissal and a report to the political police.

Gorlov also admitted receiving 600 roubles and added: "I felt I was doing something adventurous."

AIRMEN NEARING END OF SUVA HOP

HONOLULU, T. H., June 4. — The Southern Cross was today on the last 600 miles of its 3,100-mile hop across the South Pacific from the Hawaiian Island to Suva of the Fiji group.

Had the plan faltered or the fuel supply run short, Captain Charles Kingsford-Smith, commander of the great publicity stunt, had planned to make an emergency landing on the Phoenix group, a few tiny specks, representing the only land on the path of the airmen.

The islands were reached and passed, however, indicating the four men on board the big tri-motored monoplane were certain of their ability to carry on to Suva. Last reports said the airmen were battling a storm.

COMERIC'S CAPTAIN PACES THE BRIDGE

But in the Firehole Are 19 Stokers Bruised By Police Clubs

SCARRED and bruised from the blows of police clubs and exhausted from the beating and a week-end in a Staten Island jail 19 East Indian stokers were sent back to the fireroom of the British freighter Comeric under guard yesterday.

Encouraged by the attitude of the police and Magistrate Croak in New Brighton, S. I., the officers of the ship used brutal tactics in herding the 19 workers back into the stoke hole. Capt. Ardus Livingston is the ship's master.

Municipal and special private dock police were called Saturday by Capt. Livingston when the stokers demanded the fulfilment of a promise of a day's shore leave. The police attacked the defenseless and weary workers with clubs, threatening them at the same time with pistols. The workers were then taken ashore in irons and locked under heavy guard in a warehouse until time for arraignment.

• • •

AT the request of Capt. Livingston, Magistrate Croak ordered the 19 imprisoned in police headquarters at St. George until shortly before sailing time for the Comeric yesterday.

Today the Comeric is steaming toward Liverpool, its sixteenth port since the present trip began.

The stokers had fired the Comeric on its rounds in and out of 14 ports, beginning with Liverpool, when the agreement for shore leave in New York was made, the spokesman of the 19 informed the court.

The working conditions were unbearable and the food was inadequate. In the court room as well as in the black hole of the Comeric the defendants had the status of chattel slaves. They had great difficulty in court in making themselves understood. And it was of no use for them to show the court that humanly and legally they were entitled to a day on shore.

• • •

THEIR insistence on the day off caused the captain to charge them with "attacking" him, the specific charge in court being disorderly conduct.

The "crime" of these under-paid stokers, bleeding and bruised from police clubs in a strange land, as their spokesman laboriously explained to the court, was wanting to go to a circus here.

Rumania Journalists Who Criticize Gov't. to Face Life Terms

Among the many incredibly repressive measures contained in the new penal code which is being prepared in Rumania are laws which completely abolish any freedom of the press which now exists. Confiscation is sanctioned for the publication of even the mildest anti-government articles or news items.

Sentences from 5 years to life imprisonment will be dealt out to journalists responsible for such items. Although this has not yet become law, journalists have already been threatened with prosecution if they write anything objectionable to the government.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23rd St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

Arrest Workers Who Picket Philadelphia Carpet Mill, Correspondent Writes

BOSSES COMMAND MEN TO GIVE UP UNION OR JOBS

Injunction Won By Fetterolf Company

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILA.,(By Mail).—A friend of mine give me this letter and asks you to print it in The DAILY WORKER. The strikes in the textile industry in Philadelphia are bitterly fought. Here it is:

We are hearing again the slogan of the bosses, "the open shop," or to speak more truthfully, "the shop that is closed to union men."

About twelve weeks ago the district council of textile workers in conjunction with organizer White endeavored to organize the Wilton carpet workers. This so incensed their employers that upon this knowledge coming to the owners of the Fetterolf Mills, they ordered quite a number of their weavers to come to the office. About twelve or thirteen men presented themselves, but the firm was not taking chances with a large delegation and insisted that all repair to their private office in single fashion.

The first man questioned was asked if he belonged to this new union. He answered yes. He was told by Mr. Fetterolf that he would either give up his union or his job. The man refused and on the balance of the men hearing the ultimatum delivered that they could not work as union men, a strike occurred.

The usual course was followed and the plant was closely picketed. At no time was there violence, no one was injured, no property destroyed. Two men were arrested for picketing, they were charged with a breach of the peace. The case was heard before Magistrate Boylan as they charged was a makeshift one. The magistrate discharged them. The firm being annoyed by the pickets sought an injunction in the Common Pleas Court No. 1; Judge McDevitt presiding. After a hearing which took place on two afternoons, an injunction was given against the union workers, restraining them from any further picketing around the mill or the vicinity.

Quite a number of these workers had years of service in Mr. Fetterolf's employ. Mr. Fetterolf admits that they are skilled workers. These workers have been denied their constitutional rights to belong to an association of their choosing, and Mr. Fetterolf who has been assisted by the injunction will hasten the day when men battling for their wives and children, cannot be enjoined in striking against tyrannical bosses who assume full dictatorship over their very lives.

Picture in your mind these skilled workers without a say regarding conditions, their wages, hours of work, all fixed by their bosses, no voice raised in their behalf, treated like a piece of machinery. You read of the feudal days, well the owners in this particular industry are again living in this period. For men and women have been bullied and threatened, who work in their employ.

But a weapon must be found to crush men and women who, being strikers are looked upon as lawbreakers when they rebel against servile conditions imposed by their taskmasters.

—A STRIKER.

Horthy Officials Try to Frame Up Workers

BUDAPEST, June 4.—Attempts to construct a new "Communist plot" are being made by the Horthy police against John Nass, a worker, recently arrested in a police raid and thrown into a Budapest prison.

Nass who is an Austrian subject, was removed from Budapest to the new jail at Ofen, where an effort was instituted to prove that he was engaged in a huge conspiracy to overthrow the Horthy regime.

RAW MATERIALS OUTPUT.

WASHINGTON, June 4. — The production of raw materials in April 1927, according to statistics of the Dep't. of Commerce, declined as compared with the previous month, declines occurred in the output of minerals and in the marketings of animal products and crops, while the output of forest products increased. Contrasted with last year, all groups showed declines, except crop marketings which registered no change.

The output of manufactures, after adjustments for working-time differences, was larger in April than in either the preceding month or April of last year.

CATHOLICS O. K. REJUVENATION

PARIS, June 4.—Prof. Serge Voronoff, discoverer of the famous gland operation for rejuvenating men and women, declared today that the Catholic Church approves his work. His statement was called forth by an attack made upon him by Dean Inge of St. Paul's Cathedral, London, who called gland grafting "an insult to religion."

Preparations For Next Imperialist War Go On

Regular soldiers of the Sixteenth Infantry at Fort Jay are here shown rehearsing for a military tournament to be held June 16. To stimulate the soldiers' interest the wives of officers, munitions makers and Washington officials will sit in the gallery to watch the shooting.

COMMUNIST SECTION HOLDS CONFERENCE

(By a Worker Correspondent)

At a conference of Section One of the Workers (Communist) Party held recently at 60 St. Marks Place, New York City, which was attended by all the 30 delegates elected from the units on a proportional basis according to the number of members in good standing, Bert Miller, who made the principal address representing the district, outlined the work before us. He pointed out that we may expect in the near future an even more severe crisis than the one now facing American industries.

Bowery and Wall St.

Section One has many peculiar problems. Besides being an industrial and a residential section it contains the Bowery in which congregate the unemployed from other sections of the country in search of jobs, and Wall Street which is the greatest financial stronghold in the world. The Bowery offers opportunity for agitation among workers who come and are later diffused among all industries and all parts of the country, for you may find miners, textile workers, agricultural slaves—all looking for work, ready to go anywheres to serve a master. In Wall Street are the offices of all the financiers, the Morgans and the Rockefellers. A demonstration in front of Rockefeller's office is news which spreads around the world and is excellent publicity.

We may look for new and greater attacks on the unions in an effort to further lower the living standards of the workers. An increase of class collaboration may be expected on the part of union officials. To answer these attacks will mean struggle and in every struggle relief is a vital factor. Therefore, a strong and permanent relief organization must be built. Relief for the miners is of utmost importance and that work must be pushed vigorously.

America, which is so much behind all other industrial countries in the matter of social legislation, needs an unemployment bill. Such a bill has been offered by the Council of Unemployed and it is the task of the Party to bring this bill before the workers so that its adoption may be pressed by the millions of working and unemployed masses.

Distribute Paper.

In outlining more definitely the immediate task of the Section, Comrade Miller stressed the importance of concentrating on particular shops for the distribution of The DAILY WORKER and for support of the Miners' Relief. A feature which must not be overlooked is that a metal worker is a valuable contact since all the metal industries become key industries in time of war. There are a good many metal workers as well as needle trades workers, paper box makers, printers, traction workers, and seamen in Section One.

Section One is also the stronghold of the "socialist" party and the effort to hold it up to the workers in its true light is a task especially for this section. The light emanating from torch is intended only to deceive workers and the hand bearing the torch belongs to a body devoted to a program which serves Capital by confusing Labor.

The Section will be mobilized 100% for the election campaign. The first task of obtaining necessary signatures will be a test for the energy of which the largest section in the district is capable.

Literature Distribution.

Comrade Hofbauer, the section organizer, stressed the importance of literature distribution. Since the establishment of section headquarters, the sale and distribution of literature has been notably improved, but there is room for much greater improvement in that field. The need for open forums and speakers for open air meetings was brought out in the course of his speech. Educational meetings, which are now regularly held in the units, should include shop talks and industrial reports.

In order to carry on more effectively the work in the shops, a re-organization of Section One is necessary. For this purpose the section was divided into nine factory districts with a street nucleus in each factory district. In addition, there will be a Printers' Unit, and a Seamen's Unit, also two International Branches and the Night Workers' Branch. The organization plans are all completed and the section will commence working on the new basis very shortly.

Comrade A. Gusakoff, the Section Agitprop director, who also presided at the conference said, "the Party's face must be towards the factories, seamen and Wall Street." The election campaign must be used to build the Party as well as to popularize it.

A section bulletin is about to make its first appearance. This bulletin will reflect the life in the section, and should be of great value.

All of the department heads of the section reported, and then there was a lively discussion from the floor, in the course of which there were pointed out possibilities of noon hour open air meetings in the Wall Street vicinity, the fact that the Bowery is a recruiting center for the army, navy and marine corps, and the fact that the Battery is one of the principal points from which American troops are sent to all parts of the world.

After Comrade. Miller made his brief closing speech, and the new section executive committee was elected, the delegates left with a determination to bring the spirit of the conference back into the units and to carry on with renewed vigor the struggle for the emancipation of the enslaved workers. —NORMAN SILBER.

G.O.P. HEADS SELL MASTERSHIPS

Suicide Correspondence Reveals Graft

WASHINGTON, June 4.—An exhaustive investigation of charges that postmasterships have been bought and sold in the south was promised today by Senator Brookhart (R) of Iowa, chairman of the special investigating committee named by the senate.

The committee will get under way shortly after the republican national convention and will continue its inquiry all during the summer, Brookhart said.

The investigation, resulting from the joint demand of Senators Harris and George, democrats, of Georgia, will be the first ever conducted in this field.

It was brought about largely by the sensational suicide of L. S. Peterson postmaster at Douglas, Ga., who left correspondence on which the Georgia senators based charges that the job was bought and sold.

Republican national committeemen especially will come under the scrutiny of the committee.

The first witness probably will be Postmaster-General New. After a conference with the postmaster-general, Harris and George announced that they had asked for full cooperation in the inquiry and promised that they would exert every effort to give a "square deal" to everyone involved.

The Georgia senators will present the Peterson and other cases, while other southern senators and congressmen are expected to appear before the committee. After a hearing at Atlanta, the committee probably will go to Nashville, Tenn., Brookhart said.

LIVED LONG ENOUGH.

LONDON, June 4.—A century is long enough for anyone to live in the opinion of most of the centenarians in England and Scotland. A newspaper interviewed 13 persons aged more than 100 to see if they desired to take advantage of a Voronoff gland operation that would add 40 more years to their lives. Ten of them said they were ready to give up the cares of life right now.

PLUMBER HELPERS START CAMPAIGN FOR UNIONIZING

American Association Would Aid All

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The plumbers' helpers of New York City are not the only ones who have been refused admittance into the Plumbers' Union. In Philadelphia the same problem exists.

Unorganized.

There are about 4,000 plumbers and helpers and steamfitters and their helpers in Philadelphia. Only about 200 plumbers, steamfitters and steamfitters' helpers are organized. The plumbers' helpers are not organized.

The officials of the Plumbers' Union there don't give a damn about organizing the plumbers' helpers into a union. The plumbers' helpers, however, think that they have a perfect right to become union men.

A Plumbers Helpers' Club has just been organized in Philadelphia. The club has at present about 30 members. More and more helpers are joining the club.

They have asked the American Association of Plumbers' Helpers, with headquarters at 7 E. 15th St., New York City, for copies of their official organ, "The American Plumbers Helper." Their request was granted.

Aid Organization.

The American Association will help all helpers to organize as much as it possibly can.

News also comes from Boston, Mass., that the plumbers' helpers there have organized a club.

The plumbers' helpers in New Haven are not behind in organizing themselves. They, too, have organized a Plumbers' Helpers Club.

The various helpers' organizations should unite and fight together for admittance into the U. A., our parent body. In unity there is strength.

This is a very good beginning. The plumbers' helpers of other cities and towns should follow the example of their brothers in New York, Philadelphia, Boston and New Haven.

Now is the time to organize. It is never too late. For organized we will be for all that.

—C.

SHOHAN TO MAKE SPEAKING TOUR

Will Address Workers On Elections

KANSAS CITY, June 4.—Rudolph Shohan, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will make a tour on his return to Kansas City from the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, during which he will cover the following places on the following dates: Pittsburgh, June 4 to 11; Columbus, June 12 and 13; Dayton, June 14; Cincinnati, June 15 and 16; Indianapolis, June 17; Springfield, June 18 and 19; St. Louis, June 20 to 22.

Shohan will speak on "Youth and the Elections."

Plans are being made now to organize and advertize meetings of the League wherever there are units, for Shohan to cover.

NEW BLAST IN DUPONT PLANT

STAMFORD, Conn., June 4.—Two explosions followed by fire apparently sweeping a large area called all of Stamford's fire fighting forces to the plant of Richards and Co., a Dupont De Nemours Corporation subsidiary, in South Stamford, shortly after eight a. m., today.

No casualties resulted from the explosions. As far as could be determined half an hour after firemen reached the plant.

BARBERS' UNION OFFICIALS NEVER REMOVED SIGNS

Rank and File Disgust With Leaders Spreads

(By a Worker Correspondent)

As a member of Local 913 of the barbers' union, located in Long Island City, I would like to disclose the conditions prevailing in this town.

About two years we were organized with the slogan, "Only thru organization can we stop the master barbers from doing injustice to the journeymen barbers." Today, in my opinion, it has become a joke, for the Master Barbers' Association has the upper hand in every respect.

The only time the rank and file knows the union exists is when dues are to be paid. The last meeting was held about eight months ago when I introduced a resolution forbidding the display of union signs in non-union shops. This was passed by the members and the officials promised to send out a delegate the next day to remove the signs. But they never did this and they never explained why not.

The members of this local are thoroughly disgusted with these actions of their officials. They are further disgusted with the unjust overtime they are forced to put in and the reduction in wages. —A.

PAPER MERGERS, PRICE WAR LOOMS

Canada Price Fixing Groups Breaks Ranks

MONTREAL, June 4.—Dissolution of the Canadian Newsprint Export Association, which is expected to lead to a price war and gigantic mergers with smaller companies going under, is seen today from the announcement of the withdrawal from the association of important members.

The Anglo-American Pulp and Paper company and the Brompton Pulp and Paper company have withdrawn and Price Brothers have given notice of withdrawal. Overproduction of newsprint has forced the break in the ranks of the association. Formation of mergers which will enter the price cutting competition now that no definite selling figure will have to be met, is expected to start immediately.

HOOVER SPENDS THOUSANDS MORE

WASHINGTON, June 4. — The Hoover presidential primary in West Virginia cost $18,685 Harry C. Woodyeard, of Spencer, the state manager for Hoover, testified today before the senate presidential campaign fund committee.

Hamilton Fish Kean, republican senatorial nominee in New Jersey spent $50,000 in his primary between January 5 and May 15, he told the committee today.

Union Officials Held Illegally in Zagreb

BELGRADE, Jugo-Slavia, June 4.—Officials of the trade unions in Zagreb have gone on hunger strike against their illegal detension in the Zagreb prison. The men, all functionaries in the unions, were seized during a recent raid on their headquarters. Their is no legal charge against the workers.

BLESSES WIRE TAPPING.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The supreme court today ruled that "wire tapping" is a constitutional method of obtaining evidence for enforcement of the national prohibition law. The court's decision was rendered in the appeal of Roy Olmstead and 18 others, who were convicted of liquor law violations at Seattle, Wash. Their convictions were sustained.

A Worker's Tour to Soviet Russia
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DRAMA

Provincetown Group to Stage Paul Green's New Play "Tina"

PAUL GREEN'S new full length play "Tina" has been acquired by the Provincetown Playhouse for production next season. Paul Green is the author of "In Abraham's Bosom," which was produced by the same group last season. The play won the 1927 Pulitzer prize. "Tina" deals with the white folk of the Carolina mountains.

"Him," the E. E. Cummings' play, which recently was playing at the Playhouse, will open the Provincetown season sometime in September. This will be followed by "Balance," a play by David Pinski. "Lazarus Laughed," by Eugene O'Neill, is again on their schedule for production next season.

"Say When," Marc Connelly's musical version of "Love-in-a-Mist," will be presented at the Morosco Theatre Thursday night, June 21. Part of the score is the work of Frank Harling. The principal members of the cast are Ruth Thomas, Alison Skipworth, Beth Walker and Guido Nadzo. The mystery play, "The Silent House," now running at the Morosco, will move to the Sam H. Harris Theatre on June 18.

The Irish Guild Players will open their season at the Provincetown Playhouse tonight. They have taken over the house for June and performances will be given on Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday nights. The repertory of the company includes plays by Padraic Colum, Lord Dunsany and W. B. Yeats.

Aarons and Freedley's next musical comedy will be called "Hold Everything," and is scheduled to reach Broadway about Labor Day. John McGowan, author of "Excess Baggage," and B. G. De Sylva are the authors of the book, and the music and lyrics are by Mr. De Sylva, Lew Brown and Ray Henderson.

Negro Escapes Sing Sing in Ash Cart

OSSINING, N. Y., June 4.—Believed to have buried himself in a load of cinders which was carted from Sing Sing, Van Harris, Negro, twenty-two, serving a fifty year term, was missing at roll call today.

About a year ago a prisoner escaped from Sing Sing by hiding himself in an ashcan.

INEZ COURTNEY.

One of the chief features in the Ray Henderson musical show "Good News," now in its ninth month at Chanin's 46th Street Theatre.

TOLEDO RELIEF TURNS IN $150

Active in Giving Help to Miners

(Special to the Daily Worker)

TOLEDO, O., June 4.—Announcement was made yesterday by the Toledo Hungarian Miners' Relief Committee of which Chas. Bozo is secretary, that $150.09 has been turned over by this organization to the National Miners' Relief Committee of Pittsburgh.

The money was realized as a result of a dance held recently in this city. This committee has been very active in work for relief of the miners during the past few months.

Chauffeur is Crushed

Leon Faingnaert, 45, of 140 West 62nd St., a chauffeur employed here by L. A. Hamilton, of the Plaza Hotel, was crushed to death Sunday when the automobile he was repairing slipped from a jack and pinned him to the floor.

AMUSEMENTS

HAMMERSTEIN'S THEATRE, B'way at 53d St.
PHONE, COLUMBUS 8380.
THE RUSSIAN FILM CLASSIC
"The End of St. Petersburg"
"Of all the motion pictures playing in New York, 'The End of St. Petersburg' is easily the most vigorous, heroic and in many ways the finest."—Quinn Martin, The World.
Music by Herbert Stothart—Russian Choir—Symphony Orchestra.
Nights 8:40; 50c to $1.50. Mats. Daily 2:40; 50c to $1, Incl. Tax.

BOOTH Thea., W. 45 St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE GRAND ST. FOLLIES
OF 1928

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play, Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Eva. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL
Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St.
Mats. WED. & SAT.

Winter Garden Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

KEITH-ALBEE
CAMEO 42nd ST. & B'WAY WIS 1789
American Premiere
"Living Image"
Or
(Lady of Petrograd)
Russian Photodrama
A Charlie Chaplin in "The Count"

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MARBLE WORKERS DEFY FASCISTS

Burn Black Shirts in Market-Place

PARIS June 4.—In spite of official fascist terrorism, serious disturbances have broken out among the marble workers, in Carrara, reports from Milan state. The workers are compulsory members of the fascist marble workers' union.

Open demonstrations of the workers have offered frank defiance to the fascist authorities. The men demonstrated at the quarries and on the streets of the town.

One group of marble workers is reported to have burned their blackshirts in the town square at Carrara.

So serious does the situation appear at Rome, that premier Mussolini is reported to be taking extreme measures to suppress the outbreak of the marble workers.

Fascist militia will occupy the section and compel the workers to return to the quarries and accept the fascist orders immediately, it is intimated.

TRYING TO PASS FOR "COLORED"

Girl Fights to Live Among Her People

Bq WILLIAM PICKENS.

White Negroes are usually thought especially by white people, as always trying to "pass for white." Well, here is the case of a colored girl who is fighting hard to pass for colored and to avoid the embarassment of being forced to be "white."

The case is not unprecedented, but the person in question is so well known to so many colored people of the East, and her predicament in the West is so peculiar, that it is interesting. All the colored people of Baltimore, Maryland, know Maude Lane, her mother and her sister and her brothers. Many of the colored people of Washington, and many others also know the Lane family, and know that they are all "colored," as colored people go in the United States. Even many white people of Baltimore and Washington know this family, and one of them would find it difficult to pass for anything else, as he is almost brown.

It is also well-known to thousands of people in the East that Maude Lane married E. L. Booker, a young colored man of the American expeditionary forces, who is brown, and who, after the war, studied dentistry and lived and worked for a while in Yakima, Washington, and now lives and works in Portland, Oregon.

Fights To Be Colored.

Well, in Portland, Ore., where the Lane family is not known, Maude Lane Booker, wife of the colored dentist, has been fighting an almost losing battle to be and be understood as a colored person. Among the hardest nuts she is having to crack are some of the colored people themselves. Cannot you hear them now, taking advantage of her husband's occupation as a dentist? "I wouldn't go up there to that Negro dentist: he's married to an old white woman!"

And when Mrs. Booker turns up at a club, and the discussion turns about the common interests and struggles of colored people, and she endeavors to contribute an item from her experience as a colored person—can not you see them transfixing her with their eloquent eyes, saying by their looks: "What do you know about it? What right have you to be interested in colored people's troubles? Only this colored man has interested you! What do you want here anyway?"

And some of the white people are of the same kind. Dr. Booker is greatly interested in interracial affairs and the efforts for interracial peace and justice. And when he is speaking on this subject to white audiences or to audiences partly white, you can see the white people's eyes cross-questioning and rebutting: "Is that what you want?—Maybe that is what interracial harmony leads to!"

We are not discussing the merits of these questions nor the merits of what these attitudes imply. We are simply describing a situation. Here is a colored girl, known to thousands of colored people ever since her birth, who is finding it an awful uphill fight to be what America decrees that she should be. And yet white peopel wonder that at least a million mulattoes have passed over into the white race, and colored people say that the "white Negroes" are always trying to "pass." We know many colored people from the East, who are now white people in the West—but we also know the force of circumstances. The situation of Maude and her husband and her two beautiful little brown children is one of the anomalies of democratic America.

FORBID "LEVINE LIFE."

BERLIN, June 3.—Max Schultz, a German political prisoner in the Luttringhausen jail, has announced that the prison authorities have ruled against his receiving a copy of Paul Werner's life of Eugen Levine, and the political cartoons of the great French cartoonist, Honore Daumier.

They Call This a Workers' Playground

This shows a section of Coney Island last week-end when hundreds of thousands of workers and their families left their tenements for a breath of air. Coney Island is maintained not for the masses of men, women and children who spend their dimes there but for the business men who make huge profits from the commercialized amusements.

Butler, Coolidge Aide, Fighting Mill Strikers

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 4.—William M. Butler, chief strategist in the cotton mill owners' war on the living standards of 28,000 of their workers, forced to strike to defend themselves against a 10 per cent wage reduction is still playing the role of strikebreaker-in-chief, master of labor spies and bitter foe of trade unionists that he assumed in 1918-1921?

The wealth of the chairman of the national republican party is still based on his vast holdings in New Bedford cotton mills. His anti-labor policies have become intensified. His reactionary sympathies are far more notorious now, that he is a principal adviser to President Coolidge, than they were in 1918.

Butler's record in those years has been bared by A. M. Donahue, hired by Sherman Service, expert labor espionage concern, to head a crew of union wreckers to operate in New Bedford at the behest of the Manufacturers Assn. just organized by Butler. Donahue years later told Fred Moore the whole story. Moore was chief counsel for Sacco and Vanzetti and the man who made their case a world-wide labor issue.

"We were paid," Donahue related, "to discourage those who were members of the union, so they would not join, and to breed into the minds of the union men that they were simply being imposed upon by a bunch of professional labor organizers who were getting a good living out of their hard labor in the mills. At times of strike we were to encourage those who were striking to return to work and those who were not striking to stay in."

Q. As I understand, you continued to see Butler approximately once a month during the course of the years 1918-21? A. Yes.

Q. Those meetings with Butler were either at the Wamsutta Club in New Bedford or at Butler's office, 77 Franklin St., Boston?

A. Yes. Mr. Moore, of the Sherman office, saw Butler more frequently than I did. He invariably repeated the conversations he had with Butler to me so that I was always advised as to Butler's position in regard to the operation.

Q. Can you outline the essential subject matter of your conversations with Butler? A. He was anxious to learn who active union leaders were, who the radical element were and the extent of their activity and the sentiment at large in the city regarding wage reduction.

Q. At that time how many men did you have there? A. 25. Q. Do you have any specific conversations with Butler relative to wage reduction? A. Yes. At one time I objected to a 20 per cent wage reduction because I felt from the reports of the men that it would bring about a strike. Already there had been two or three reductions varying from 10 to 12½ per cent and another 20 per cent on top of it would be too much. When I objected to it, Butler laughed and said the workers of New Bedford would be glad to work for nothing before he got through with them.

Q. Did you know how much the Manufacturers Assn. paid the Sherman Agency for industrial work in New Bedford? A. $250,000, my own estimate of it, which I was in a position to figure to a penny because I knew how many men were working at all times and the length of the job.

DETROIT TO HOLD HAYWOOD MEETING

Last Speech in America Given in Detroit

DETROIT, June 4.—The workers of this auto and aircraft center will honor the memory of William D. Haywood Wednesday evening at a mass meeting in the New Workers Home, 1343 E. Ferry Ave. "Big Bill" Haywood was well-known to countless numbers of workers in this city and there will be a record crowd to pay tribute to his years of activity as a working class leader.

The last speech delivered on American soil by Haywood was in Detroit, just before his departure for the Soviet Union, where he died, an exile from American capitalist class vengeance.

The meeting at the New Workers Home will be addressed by H. M. Wicks and other speakers. A musical program has also been arranged, which will be featured by chorus singing and instrumental music.

2 Workers Killed; Train Leaps Embankment

MOUNT CARMEL, Pa., June 4.—Two were killed and seven other persons injured when a Lehigh Valley passenger train bound from New York to Mount Carmel was wrecked two miles east of this place.

The engine and tender went over a 75-foot embankment, carrying the engineer, Neal Gonahan, 50, of Hazelton and fireman, F. P. Hoffman, 38, of Mount Carmel, to almost instant death. Gonahan was scalded to death in the cab and Hoffman was literally cut to pieces. Eight years ago Hoffman's father, a Lehigh Valley engineer, was killed in a similar accident at Lehighton, Pa.

Decrease of Disease in New York During May

A decrease in the number of the communicable diseases that have been prevalent in New York City this spring is reported by Commissioner of Halth Louis I. Harris. There has been an especial letup in influenza, whooping cough and cerebrospinal meningitis, he states.

"The number of deaths in New York during the first four weeks of May," Commissioner Harris' report continues, "was 1,941, 1,920, 1784 and 1,671 respectively. The present rates are, however, higher in the corresponding weeks last year, but the decrease in general mortality and good weather point to a return to normal soon."

"Give Everybody a Chance to Read Me!" —*The Daily Worker.*

W. I. R. CHILDREN'S CAMP OPEN JULY 7

Will Train Youngsters For Class Struggle

Because the children of workers need a summer vacation in the country and to satisfy the craving for a camp atmosphere, the Workers' International Relief has established a camp for them in the heart of the White Rock Mountains at Wingdale, New York, where four groups of one hundred children from the ages of 9 to 15 will vacation for two week periods. The camp will open July 7 and close after Labor Day.

"All forms of sports, craft work, arts, nature-study and other educational classes will be provided under competent supervisors," stated Fred Biedenkapp of the W. I. R. yesterday. "An understanding of the present struggles of their working class parents, to be gained at camp, will send them home better members of their own class. The rate is eight dollars per week, with special arrangements for those unable to pay the full rate. A certain number of children of strikers and unemployed parents will be invited free. These terms are made possible only thru the support of other labor and fraternal organizations who recognize the importance of establishing such a camp for workers' children.

"An ample, supervised children's diet; comfortable quarters in uniform eight-cot tents set up on wooden floors and lighted by electricity; a new children's dining room; and an attractive casino, are some of the feature that will insure the greatest comfort and physical benefit to the children. A free physical examination will be given to every child before he or she goes to camp.

"Organizations and individuals interested in making it possible for larger numbers of children to go at reduced rates and free should send donations to Workers' International Relief, Camp Committee, Room 604, 1 Union Square, New York City. Registration and further information may also be secured at the above address."

MINERS DEFENSE PICNIC ARRANGED

Cleveland Workers Aid Strikers

CLEVELAND, June 4. — A picnic for the Miners' Defense has been arranged by the Cleveland local of the International Labor Defense, to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave.

An interesting program is being arranged. In the afternoon there will be athletic contests and speaking. The principal speaker of the afternoon will be Robert Matusek, president of the Bellaire sub district of the United Mine Workers, elected on the "Save-the-Union" program. Matusek will speak on the situation of the miners and the work of the defense organization in the mining section at the present time.

In the evening supper will be served and there will be dancing to the music of a fine union orchestra. The picnic grounds have been remodelled and redecorated, and it is expected that hundreds of members and friends of the International Labor Defense will attend this third annual picnic of the I. L. D.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

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Milwaukee Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—The Milwaukee branch of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold a picnic at Pleasant Valley Park on June 10. Both the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers of this city will participate.

• • •

Chicago Freiheit Picnic.

CHICAGO. — The Chicago Freiheit Gesangs Verein, Mandolin Orchestra and Dramatic Studio will hold a picnic at Polonia Grove, Higgins Road and 61st Ave. on June 10.

• • •

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

• • •

Kenosha Meeting.

KENOSHA, Wis.—The Young Workers (Communist) League and the Workers (Communist) Party of Kenosha will hold a mass meeting June 8 at 8 P. M. at the German-American Hall. The subject of the meeting will be the Allen-A strike.

• • •

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

• • •

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

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Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

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Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

• • •

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows: mington, Del., June 5; Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

• • •

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Tuesday, June 5, Stamford, Conn.
Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.
Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.
Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.
Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 17, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.
Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

Workers Delegation to Visit Strike Regions

DETROIT, Mich., June 4.—Workers of Detroit are raising money for the relief of striking miners and getting their entries into the contest for the workers' delegation to visit the strike area, September 1, 2 and 3.

Thru an error the contest was announced as ending July 21st, when it should have been August 21st, which gives Detroit workers just one more month to gather funds and work to send a large delegation to the mining fields.

All organizations should select candidates and hold affairs during the summer months to raise money.

Seven Injured in San Francisco Accident

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 4.—Seven passengers on car 52, California St. Cable Railroad, were injured last night when the grip struck the underground bumper of the intersecting slot at Pine and Hyde Sts., abruptly stopping the car, and hurling its passengers into the ragged edges where the glass had been shattered.

TEACHERS FACING CONTRACT CRISIS

Seattle Case to Confront National Meet

CHICAGO, June 4.—Organized teachers, meeting in Chicago in national convention June 26, face the gravest menace in the history of the American Federation of Teachers through the successive court decisions against their Seattle local of high school teachers. The Washington state supreme court has upheld the lower court ruling that a yellow dog contract forbidding affiliation with any union may be legally forced on teachers that want to hold jobs in the Seattle schools.

Appeal to the U. S. supreme court is the only recourse at law left to the teachers, but direct action by a vigorous strike, reinforced by the pupils from organized labor families, is also open to them if all else fails.

San Francisco Teamster Dies of Fractured Skull

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—James H. Malcolmson, 45, a teamster was found unconscious in his room in a lodging house at 1941 Mission St. and died shortly after being removed to the Mission Emergency Hospital, of a fractured skull.

It is believed that Malcolmson's skull was fractured before he entered the lodging house, in a fall from the wagon which he was driving.

CHICAGO YOUTH PLAN BANQUET

Many Unusual Features to Be Presented

CHICAGO, June 4.—The program arranged for the sixth anniversary banquet of the Chicago Young Workers (Communist) League at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd., June 9, will also include a tableau play illustrating the six years of struggle of the league. Especially invited coal miners from southern Illinois and textile workers from Kenosha will attend. This banquet will be the most interesting affair ever given by the revolutionary youth movement in Chicago. Old members of the league who are now participating in the struggles of the Workers (Communist) Party will be there too.

SPORT MEET TO SEND MINERS AID

DETROIT, June 4.—Detroit workers, members of the Labor Sports Union have pledged support to the miners in their heroic struggle and will hold a dance and athletic exhibition Tuesday, June 12, 8 p. m. at Finnish Labor Temple, 5969 14th St., near McGraw.

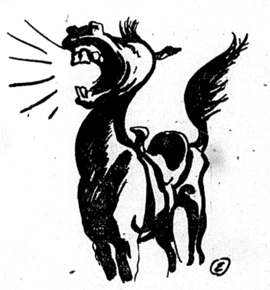
The athletic program will consist of apparatus work, boys' and girls' calisthenics and two wrestling matches.

Detroit workers sympathetic with the struggle of the miners are expected to attend this affair. All proceeds go to miners' relief.

PICNIC
For the benefit of the Daily Worker
Given by the
New Kensington, Pa. Branch
of the Workers (Communist) Party
Sunday, June 10th
at FABIAN'S FARM
DANCING REFRESHMENTS SPEAKERS
ADMISSION 25c.

BOSTON
TRUCK PARTY
Sunday, June 10, 1928
To Silver Lake, Mass.
Arranged by DAILY WORKER BUILDERS CLUB
Good Time *Refreshments*
Trucks leave 38 Causeway Street, Boston and New International Hall, 42 Wenonah Street, Roxbury, at 10 o'clock sharp.
Ticket One Dollar.

OPEN FOR SIXTH SUMMER SEASON
WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE
CAMP NITGEDAIGET
BEACON, N. Y.
Register for tents or new bungalows at
69 — 5th AVE. Tel. Algonquin 6900.
or in the
COLONY, 2700 BRONX PARK E.
[Trains leave to Beacon from Grand Central every hour. Boat leaves to Newburgh 9 o'clock in the morning.]



Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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The Lowdown on Lowden

A drift of sentiment away from Hoover is reported among delegates arriving early at Kansas City for the republican national convention. Defeated in Indiana and in West Virginia, Hoover begins to look more and more like the helpless "fat fellow" that Taft was in the 1912 campaign, when it became impossible to elect Taft and the large contributors of campaign funds switched over to Woodrow Wilson and the democratic party. Correspondents already talk of an analogy between the republican convention of 1912 and that of 1928, and the supposed possibility of a split this year in the republican party, as in 1912, and the election of the democratic candidate for president.

But the chances of the nomination of Frank O. Lowden as the republican candidate are considered brighter. Why? Because the revolt against Hoover, Wall Street's "ideal candidate," comes mostly from the farming districts, and —"Mr. Lowden is a farmer!"

Lowden, palmed off on the exploited, swindled, bankrupt farmers of this country as "a farmer"—is about the most idiotic and incredible joke ever played on the rural toilers. This bloated, reactionary multimillionaire industrialist and financier has invested some of the ill-gotten gains of the Pullman estate in a few palatial country-houses, golf links and polo grounds—various palaces to loaf in during the various seasons of the year—and the capitalist press has used barrels of ink in telling the gullible dirt farmer that this makes Lowden "also a farmer." The reactionary ex-governor, who never would have been heard from if he had not married the daughter and the dollars of George M. Pullman, carefully adds to the structure of fiction by uttering a few words now and then in behalf of this or that so-called farm-relief bill. Lowden is not a friend of the farmers—he is a friend of Frank O. Lowden's presidential candidacy.

Lowden is flesh of the flesh and bone of the bone of the highest stratum of finance-capitalists of the United States. If Hoover is a fat Hoover, Lowden is a lean Hoover. Lowden represents the highest ranks of the capitalist class, and Hoover represents the highest ranks of the capitalist class, and each would serve that class in precisely the same way. If Hoover got caught unfortunately in being exposed as the piratical enemy of the farmers which he is, and Lowden had the chance to pose with the McNary-Haugen bill in his breast pocket, this was only the luck of politics.

No political party can serve both the capitalist class and the exploited farmers, and the republican party, including both Lowden and Hoover, is the biggest party of finance-capital. The capitalist system cannot offer the farmers any solution of their problems except the solution which is already in process—the confiscation of their lands by the bankers. Hoover has been in the presidential cabinet and there performed the function of aiding the banking interests to crush and expropriate the farmers. Lowden, in bidding for Cooldige's seat, is only bidding for a chance to do the same thing that Coolidge and Hoover did.

The high financial circles which rule the country have a beautiful prospect this year: Two equally zealous servants, Hoover and Lowden, as leading candidates of the republican party, one of whom can pose as a farmers' friend just when it is necessary; and if the republican party is to be split and if the democratic party profits thereby, the same high financial circles have an equally zealous Al Smith as the leading democratic candidate.

The fact that a class of working farmers rapidly being expropriated of their land and being dumped into the cities to become a part of the army of unemployed, can be played with by such frauds is an inevitable result of their following the lead of, and allying themselves with, the capitalist class parties. Such an "alliance" is, of course, only their submission to destruction.

The working farmers must learn that the capitalist system has nothing to offer them. Only the party which seeks to destroy capitalism can offer the farmers relief. There is only one such party—the Workers (Communist) Party. It alone offers the exploited farmers the only effective class alliance—that with the working class. The impoverished farmers must learn the meaning of the demand for a "workers' and farmers' government."

The red election campaign with Foster and Gitlow as the standard bearers must be carried not only to the masses of workers, but to the farmers who are beginning to stir.

Where Is Comrade Azario?

By A. LOZOVSKY.

ONE of the leaders of the revolutionary trade union movement in Italy, the railwayman Isidoro Azario was arrested in the beginning of 1927 at Panama. He was arrested at Panama, in spite of the fact that he was only a transit passenger through that "republic," upon the demand of the fascist government of Italy ,and with the friendly assistance of the government of the United States. For a long time it was impossible to obtain any information why Comrade Azario had been arrested, how long he was going to be kept in jail, whether there was going to be a trial, and so on. Now we find in the organ of the Argentine Communist Party "La Internacional" of March 17 a statement by a lawyer from Panama to the effect that Azario had long since left Panama, as he had been extradited to the Italian government "soon after the arrest." And here a whole number of highly important questions arises:

1. Why was this "friendly service" of the United States government to the Italian government kept such a strict secret for a whole year?

2. Why and on what grounds was this political emigrant handed over to the fascist murderers?

3. Finally, the most important question, what became of Comrade Isidoro Azario after he was handed over to Mussolini's government?

The last question is all the more important since no one in Italy knows where Azario is at present located. Had he been brought to Italy and imprisoned or exiled to any island, it would have become known to the political prisoners. The Communist Party of Italy, the revolutionary Confederation of Labor, and the political prisoners know nothing about the fate of Comrade Azario. Consequently, Comrade Azario, extradited to the fascist government in the beginning of 1927, was not taken to Italy. If so, where is he? What has become of him? What have the fascist murderers done with the victim who has fallen into their hands? Azario has vanished on the route between Panama and Italy. Since Azario was handed over to the representatives of the Italian government, it is obvious that the latter have organized this mysterious disappearance. We know sufficient about the tricks of the fascist bandits to realize that it is here a case of premeditated murder. This dark affair should be elucidated in every way, an answer must be obtained at all costs, when and how Comrade Azario has vanished.

Call the fascist murderers to account!

Shortness of funds with which to pay for engraving makes it impossible for The DAILY WORKER to publish the cartoon of Fred Ellis today.

Only immediate and generous support from the class-conscious workers of this country can save the only militant workingclass newspaper in the English language and permit it to serve its readers with all the powers at its command.

—EDITOR.

Opening the Election Campaign

By JAMES P. CANNON.

THE awakening of all the leading forces of the Party to the importance of the election campaign was demonstrated in the most dramatic and convincing manner by the national nominating convention. No one who took part in the convention, or watched its three days' deliberations could have the slightest doubt that the Party has at last made a real beginning with election activities.

It was our first national nominating convention and for many new members and sympathizers it was the first effective demonstration of the Party's national scope and organization. The convention itself and all the preparations for it were excellently organized and the high points effectively dramatized. This was no mere happen-so. The Party machine is nine years old and the experience of our past work is bearing its fruit in every phase of Party activity. The successful organization of all sides of the convention preparations augurs well for the 1928 campaign.

Party Growth Reflected

The convention reflected the growth and development of the movement in a striking manner. We have held many conventions in the past nine years. Even in the period when the Party was outlawed, we held a number of underground conventions where as few as thirty or forty delegates from ten or twelve states struggled and argued for days over disputed points of the program.

The convention we have just held had 296 voting delegates from 39 states and the District of Columbia. In addition to that one hundred fifty fraternal delegates were present. Prominent and distinguished people in the labor and revolutionary movement, such as Anita Whitney and Lucy Parsons gave added importance to the convention by their attendance. There was a strong delegation of Negroes, strengthening the fraternal bonds of solidarity between the races in the common fight. Striking miners, textile workers and the embattled needle-trades workers were there as well as delegates from the solid south and the far west. The composition of the convention deserves a special article. It showed a picture of a national organization.

THE character of the delegations and the burning issues of the class struggle dealt with in the platform and the speeches were convincing proof that the Communist Party does not approach the election campaign from the standpoint of the capitalist and reformist parties. The election is for us a field of the class struggle and we raise there the issues and slogans which animate the struggles of the workers on every front, developing them further and tying them together.

The success of the convention was so pronounced as to justify the opinion that we are nearing the accomplishment of a most essential task, that is, to establish our position as a political party in the general and national sense of the word. In recent years, the Party has developed greatly along the line of partial and sectional struggles of the workers. It is now gathering its forces for a general fight on the broader field. Herein lies the great significance of the turning point marked by the opening of our national election campaign.

The Party has already made a good name for itself as a fighter for the interests of the workers on the economic field. The hatred and fear of the exploiters and all their labor agents for us is the outcome of the heavy blows we have dealt them.

Communists Heart of Mine Struggle.

Many workers have a good opinion of our work in the trade unions and think it represents the sum total of our activity. We made a good fight at Passaic. We, together with the Workers, fought and are fighting the bosses, the police, the A. F. of L. and S. P. traitors to a standstill in the needle trades. At the present time our Party is the heart and soul of the epic struggle of the coal miners.

Some erroneous conclusions have been drawn from these activities, partly because our work in the past has been somewhat one-sided. Many workers who see our Party in these fights and who support it in them have not yet come to recognize us as a general political party, fighting effectively in the political arena.

IS it not a fact that many workers in New York who support us in the needle trades against the socialist party traitors vote for these same charlatans on election day? What is the explanation of this anomaly? It arises primarily from our failure up to now, because of the passivity of the Party members in this respect, to make a sufficient impression in the election field, with the result that we are regarded in some circles of the sympathizing workers as a "trade union party" only. This confusion must be overcome in the 1928 campaign. It is one of our great tasks in the coming election period to deal a death-blow to all such misconceptions.. The convention was a big help to this end.

The convention dramatized the entrance of the Party into the presidential campaign and focused the attention of the Party on it even more effectively than we had dared to hope. The lackadaisical approach to this form of work which has been so noticeable in the past was entirely lacking. The spontaneous enthusiasm which greeted nomination of our candidates, Foster and Gitlow, and other high points of the convention was inspiring to see. It swept over the whole gathering and took possession of all. The comrades who attempted to prolong it unduly and artificially, however, should be reproved for their overzeal. Gold needs no gilt and proletarian enthusiasm needs no claque.

With our great nominating convention as the starting point, we must now proceed to the development of our election activity with all forces and all speed. The entire work of the Party in the elections must be organized as a fighting campaign, discarding all routine and desultory methods. The regular apparatus of the Party must be keyed up for this task and, as with all campaigns, a special auxiliary apparatus throughout the Party, from top to bottom, must be constructed.

WE should aim high, because the prospects and possibilities are great. The election campaign this year ought to bring out all the latent powers and resources of the Party, concentrating them all,—for the first time in a single general struggle. We should aim at ten-fold greater propaganda with hundreds of speakers, with thousands of meetings on the street corners, and with our participation in the campaign dramatized in every possible way.

The Communist Parties of Germany, France and Poland have utilized the elections this year to extend and consolidate their influence. The elections gave a remarkable demonstration of the stability and growing strength of Communism in Europe and showed that Communists know how to exploit elections in the capitalist state for revolutionary purposes.

For us in America the election campaign, as a means of revolutionary propaganda and mobilization for struggle, has an extraordinary significance. It offers us the opportunity to bring the message of Communism and its platform of daily struggle to tens of thousands of workers and farmers with whom we have not yet established contact and who know nothing of our aims.

The Party must see this opportunity clearly and mobilize all of its forces for the fight. The nominating convention showed that all the leading circles of the Party are ready to plunge into the work of the campaign with energy and confidence. It remains now to carry the message of the convention to all the Party ranks and inspire them with its spirit and enthusiasm.

"Unclean Hands" in the Sandino Stamp Case

By MANUEL GOMEZ.
(Continued From Previous Issue.)

Havana Farce Conference.

At the Havana Conference the American delegation not only defended U. S. intervention in Nicaragua but actually insisted on recognition by the Latin-American delegates of the right of U. S. intervention and police power throughout Latin America.

It is generally ignored in this country that the Pan-American Conference — ostensibly a "good-will" conference of the nations of the Americas — opened in an atmosphere of police-terrorism. The obedient Wall Street-owned Cuban government arrested or deported some 200 people, many of them representative Latin-Americans who went to Havana to protest against American imperialism. (In this atmosphere of police brutality, which amounted to a conspiracy to smother the true voice of Latin-American opposition — the unperturbed U. S. delegation delivered its widely press-agented homilies on "western democracy" as opposed to European institutions delicately insinuating the superiority of the United States, and intended to bring about a tacit acceptance of U. S. leadership.)

When, therefore, the government tells us that we may not circulate stickers reading "Protest Against Marine Rule in Nicaragua," we look upon it in a much more serious light than do those who see it only as an interference with certain personal liberties. We are not astonished at the interference. A government which is doing the will of a financial oligarchy cannot be expected to observe the rules of the game. Imperialism and liberty are incompatible. We look upon the whole matter as a phase of the struggle between the forces of imperialism and the great popular opposition to it. Imperialist governments are notoriously very touchy on the subject of their "colonial policy" and the government of Wall Street and Washington is no exception.

Workers Oppose Imperialism

There is a reason why the government was unwilling to meet our head-on challenge by criminal prosecution. The imperialist policy of Wall Street and Washington is not popular among the American masses. The great majority of American workers and farmers are opposed to the imperialist adventure in Nicaragua. Fearing too much publicity, the government felt that it could not afford to allow us the public platform of a criminal trial. Workers and farmers are disturbed enough as it is.

Workers and farmers have no interest in assaulting the people of Nicaragua or of any other country. The profits that are derived go to Wall Street, whose soldiers shoot down American workers in Colorado or Pennsylvania just as they shoot down the opponents of Wall Street in Nicaragua. Imperialism and imperialist war mean only suffering for the great mass of Americans. The All-America Anti-Imperialist League is founded upon the conception that the common people of the United States are bound by ties of fundamental interest with the peoples under U. S. imperialist rule. Our faith is in the common people of America, especially the workers—not in the government. We are trying to build the U. S. section of our League upon the primary basis of working class support. The Sandino sticker case proves conclusively that our outlook is the correct one.

To Continue Fight.

We shall continue our fight to defeat the war against Nicaragua. We shall continue to oppose imperialism at every point. Courts of "equity" may decide that we have unclean hands, but workers will know that if this is the case it is merely from fingering the affidavit of Mr. Kellogg.

American imperialism is powerful, but the forces of opposition to it are great and growing. Thruout the American empire there are important elements who will fight to the end against imperialism, which is not simply "foreign policy" but a whole system of domination by a financial oligarchy based upon exploitation and suffering both at home and abroad.

Imperialistic Powers Fall Out Over Their Plunder

By SCOTT NEARING.

Cartels in Europe, international finance corporations, price agreements, tariff adjustments, "multilateral" treaties, floods of honeyed publicity have led millions to believe that the great empires will not fight again, but will organize a world plunderbund and exploit the earth cooperatively.

The idea is logical. Wisdom would demand such a step by the imperialists. Can the imperialists take the step? Will they take it?

Imperialism needs an administrative machine to protect and advance its interests. Within the last month Great Britain has ordered a fleet into Egyptian waters in connection with a 48-hour ultimatum to the Egyptian government. Japan with 23,000 troops concentrated in China (15,000 of them in Manchuria) has fought a war with the Chinese Nationalist army in an effort to maintain "peace and order" in territories where Japanese interests are involved. The U. S. army and navy continue their war in Nicaragua as a means of "insuring constitutional elections" in that unhappy country.

It is impossible to coerce Egyptians, Chinese and Nicaraguans without bombing planes, machine guns and warships. Such exercise of the police power is a traditional form of imperial activity.

Thus far no statesman has proposed a plan by which the imperial ruling class in one country, for example Great Britain, will be able to maintain imperial law and order in Egypt, protect itself against the aggressions of other imperial ruling classes, for example of Italy and France, and at the same time safeguard the interests of the ruling class in Egypt. Imperialism apparently contains at least two drastic contradictions. One results in colonial war, the other in world war.

If an agreement could be made regarding the exercise of police power, there remains the problem of dividing the loot. Who will formulate a ratio? Will one imperial ruling class be willing to take less than another? Recent conferences on naval ratios furnish an emphatic negative answer.

The 3 negative answers to these 3 questions negate the possibility of imperial cooperation for world plunder.

HANDOUTS

The effect of yacht racing and selling tea on the human organism can be judged from the following words of Sir Thomas Lipton:

"My one idea amassing a fortune was always to provide my mother with everything she wanted."

• • •

Tammany Hall, the only New York political organization which is so corrupt it vies with the Chicago stockyards in odor, has just been described by Judge Olvany, its head scavenger, as not a political organization at all but merely an "ancient patriotic society." The judge would have us pat the tiger on its head and feed it dog biscuits. If we express surprise at the markings of its coat he tells us pleasantly: "Stripes! No! No! Fido is merely standing behind a fence."

• • •

The World pays out good money each week to the daring mentality that can select "The biggest news of the week." As a tip to contestants who mght otherwise hunt vainly through the society columns and the sermon page for the biggest news it might be hinted that the editor himself is liable to express his judgment of the biggest news by secreting it on page one carefully hidden away under a big head.

• • •

L. B. of Haverhill, Mass., writes: Officials of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union asked the shoe manufacturers for a handout. They want a ten per cent cut in wages. Now don't misunderstand me. Not their own wages. The workers' wages. The manufacturers' association has promised to give the proposal careful consideration.

• • •

Ingenious Preacher

It is to be expected that preachers who have made special arrangements with God for immunity should have less morality than ordinary men. Murder officially sanctioned by the heads of the church has of course been common. It remained however, for the Rev. Driver of Paterson, N. J., to gain notoriety for the religious leaders of the land in a new way. He is accused of a very serious charge. Chris Valamis, cafe owner, who is said to have kept the pastor's daughter prisoner for three days is charged with criminal assault. Chris the preacher's friend, is shown above with a detective.

• • •

Judas remorseful, threw the silver
down,
And went and hanged himself: O
foolish man!
He might have subsidized, in Jesu
town,
A prophets' school, upon some
priestly plan.

Six O'clock Bell

SUDDENLY there is confusion. The workers, who till now have been silent, quiet as the machines are quiet, arise in a bee-like commotion at the first clang of the bell. There are so many people here suddenly, one notices. Each one rises, dons his coat and hat, and the mass surges from all directions to the time-clock, past it, and through the factory doors. If one could look down on the workers from a half mile overhead, they would seem like a river system on a map, streams of black and gray and dullness, moving noisily and sluggishly; a main stream and a hundred tributaries. Out of the doors, into the streets, home.

WHEAT FLOUR OUTPUT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4. — The department of commerce announces statistics on wheat ground and wheat-milling products, by months. For April, 1928, 873 concerns reported 1,047 mills, of which 119 with daily capacity of 45,056 barrels were idle during the month. Of these 873 concerns, 852, which were in operation in 1925, produced approximately 91.6 per cent of the total wheat flour (114,689,930 barrels) reported at the biennial census of manufactures for that year. On the same basis, the revised percentage for March, 1928, is 92.1.

APRIL BOXBOARD OUTPUT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4. — April production of boxboard based on reports to the Department of Commerce by 91 firms operating 118 plants, was 91.2 per cent of capacity, as compared with 87.7 per cent in March and 82.3 per cent in April, 1927.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR TH[illegible] 40-HOUR WEEK
[illegible]ABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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NA[illegible]ON-WIDE SEAMEN STRIKE HITS JAPAN PORTS

WORKERS OUT AS BOSSES REFUSE MINIMUM WAGE

Hundreds of Ships Tied Up by Walkout

TOKYO, June 5.—All but three steamship lines in Japan are completely tied up as the result of a nation-wide strike called by the Seamen's Union last night. Seventy ships are being held in Yokohoma alone.

The walkout occurred at midnight after the steamship companies had refused to accept the union's demand for a minimum wage. Virtually every ship is idle as the result of the strike. Scores of vessels of all nations are tied up in a number of Japanese ports unable to load or unload due to the extremely rapid spread of the walkout.

In spite of unusually provocative tactics on the part of the police, the spirit of the men is unbroken according to reports received here from Kobe, Osaka and other shipping centers. Even such an extreme northern port as Hakadati has been affected by the strike and a number of smaller ones are expected to join the strike within the next twenty-four hours.

The three steamship lines which have not yet been affected by the strike are the Nippon-Yusen, the Osaka-Shoshen and the Kwasaki.

MORE FUR LOCALS CALL FOR PARLEY

Locals 53, 40 Demand End of War

PHILADELPHIA, June 5. — A membership meeting of the Furriers' Local 53, held here last week, unanimously adopted the recommendation of their executive board to endorse a demand on the general executive board of the International to call immediately a conference of locals as a first step to halt the war being conducted on the New York membership by the International officials.

The original demand for a conference was made several weeks ago by the Boston local and was embodied in a resolution which declared that all the smaller locals of the union are being rapidly destroyed by the bosses because of the chaos in the New York market. The resolution appeared in these columns at the time it was made public. It was then sent to all locals of the union to be endorsed.

* * *

TORONTO, June 5:—Endorsement of the Boston local's demand upon the International Furriers' Union general executive board that a conference of all locals be called, was unanimously endorsed at the last meeting of the executive board of the Toronto Local 40. This is the third important local of the International to register their demand for a conference which will take up the question of ending the destructive war against the New York Joint Board.

The executive board announced that a membership meeting is to be called to secure the membership's endorsement of their action. Thus far the general executive board of the International has not replied to this demand, made originally several weeks ago by the Boston Furriers' union.

WARBLES PRAISE OF POWER TRUST

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 5.—Warbling a paean of praise of power monopoly, H. T. Sands of New York City, president of the National Electric Light Association, today asserted his faith that the Federal Trade Commission's "investigation" would leave his organization pure and unsullied.

Sands denied that the power trust is flooding the public schools with its propaganda injected into textbooks and distributed in special pamphlets. "No industry has a greater concern than ours in the integrity of our educational institutions," he piously stated.

He also denied that the $1,144,000 annual budget of the association had all been spent for propaganda. Only [illegible]00,000 has been spent for "public information," he declared.

Dress Rehearsal For Next Slaughter of Workers

The battle of Fleville, in the world war, will be reproduced in detail at the military tournament on Governor's Island on June 16. The picture shows the rehearsal held at Fort Wadsworth. An appeal for goats, sheep and fowls has been issued by the military authorities in order to add the last touch in realistic detail to the imaginary slaughter.

DISTRICT 7 MINERS TO OUST KENNEDY-MATTEY

(Special to the Daily Worker)

HAZELTON, Pa., June 5.—Steps for elimination of another section of the treacherous Lewis machine were taken by the rank and file mine workers when 150 union members, local union presidents and secretaries representing over 25 local unions gathered here Sunday evening at a nominating conference to name a progressive slate in opposition to the well known corrupt Lewis-Kennedy-Mattey officialdom in District 7, United Mine Workers of America.

Biggest Meeting Ever.

The meeting was the biggest the opposition forces ever held in District 7. Gebert spoke on the national situation, also on the tri-district fight against the Lewis machine, and very severely criticized the Brennan-McGarry-Harris forces in District one for their steam rolling tactics in District 1 convention and for their lack of a program.

William Gaffney, an outstanding leader of the opposition in District 7, made a very rousing talk and presented the progressive program. After a

(Continued on Page Two)

ANTI-STRIKE LAW REPORT IS MADE

Communists Are Only Opposition

Only the Communists are opposed to anti-strike legislation, according to a report of a proposed law by the American Bar Association Committee on Commerce which held a series of hearings in this city on the subject last January.

The report which has just been made public is a forty-eight page document to be submitted at the associations annual meeting to be held in Seattle on July 25, 26 and 27.

Labor Officials Cited.

The report summarizes statements by officials of the American Federation of Labor, Green, Woll, and others who have been working with the Bar Committee to put over the anti-strike law. The opinions of others are cited in favor of the proposal. The only voice raised against the law, the report states, was "an official of the Workers (Communist) Party."

At the hearings last January, Wm. Z. Foster, national secretary of Trade Union Educational League, appeared to testify against the proposal. In spite of the frantic attempts by Julius Henry Cohen, chairman of the Bar Committee, to prevent Foster's denunciation of the move from being made public, a fairly good statement against the enslaving proposal got on the record.

Only Opposition.

It is to this dissenting voice that the report refers. The Workers (Communist) Party is vigorously opposed to such schemes as the anti-strike proposal of the Bar Association and is understood to be pleased that it is recorded in the opposition.

HOOVER MACHINE GRABS DELEGATES

Pulls Strings to Win Contested Seats

KANSAS CITY, June 5.—With the Hoover machine prepared to steamroller all opposition, the republican national committee today settled down to its task of settling the remaining contests for seats to the national convention. The three chief contests involve the state delegations of Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi and indications are that they will be settled to the satisfaction of Hoover.

George W. Bean, veteran national committeeman of Florida, today paid the price of opposing Hoover when he was excluded from the convention. Bean has charged that Hoover won Florida by holding a fake state convention, packed with his own henchmen.

Woman Flier Delayed

TREPASSEY BAY, Newfoundland, June 5.—A leak in the gas tank and high winds today delayed the hop off of the Fokker monoplane for England with three flyers on board including a Boston woman, Amelia Earhart.

MINERS MAY NOT PLANT GARDENS

Operators Act to Increase Hunger

(Special to the Daily Worker)

DILLONVALE, Ohio, June 5.—"It doesn't matter how hungry you are, if you're a union miner living on company property, you can't plant a garden." This is the order issued by the Wheeling Township Coal Company to all strikers living in company houses.

Preparing to start large-scale operations on a non-union basis, the Wheeling Township Company, as well as several other coal companies, are preparing the ground for further evictions which will be necessary if the importation of non-union miners is successful.

Permitting a miner to plant a garden would be giving them too much of a claim to his home in case it becomes necessary to throw him out to make room for a scab. At the Wheeling Township mine, a handful of non-union miners are already employed. These have been permitted to plant gardens. The miners feel that the discrimination is a move on the part of the company to make them feel more keenly the hunger which they are suffering in their struggle to save their union.

The National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, has appealed for funds so that it may continue its help for these and other miners.

Fascists Sentence 19 Militants to Long Terms

Party Central Committee Asks Aid to 'Daily'

UP-STATE NAMES PARTY DELEGATES TO CONVENTION

State Nominating Meet Saturday

The units of District 2 and District 4 (up-state New York) of the Workers (Communist) Party are electing delegates to the State Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party of New York state, to be held Sunday at 10 a. m. at the new Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, New York City.

Several hundred delegates are expected. In addition to the delegates directly from the Party organizations, fraternal delegates are expected from other workers' organizations, including shops in New York and immediate vicinity.

The convention will last throughout the day. Workers' organizations have been invited to send delegates.

All units are to pay $1 per delegate and fraternal organizations $2 as a fraternal fee, regardless of the number of delegates sent.

District 2 and 4 have made arrangements for a tour of upper New York in order to obtain signatures, county by county.

The Party intends to get the necessary quota of signatures to put the ticket on the ballot, 6,000 for up-state New York and 6,000 for New York City and vicinity, William W. Weinstone, district organizer, said last night.

Plans are being made for an intensive campaign throughout the state which will include the sending out of a squad of speakers to "soap box" the main cities of the state.

All these arrangements will be completed at the State Convention. The convention will adopt the state platform and put forward the state and local candidates.

TO GIVE SEND-OFF FOR S. SANDINO

Leaves for European Tour Soon

Socrates Sandino, brother of the Nicaraguan rebel leader, is leaving the United States for a tour of Eupopean cities to win support for the Nicaraguan struggle for freedom from imperialist domination. A farewell banquet arranged in his honor will be held Friday evening June 8th at 8 o'clock at the Palace D'Orient Restaurant, 108 Lexington Avenue near 28th St. under the auspices of the New York branch of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League. Speakers at the dinner are:

Reservations should be made immediately by telephoning the office of the League: Algonquin 6789.

Among the speakers will be Scott Nearing, lecturer and economist; Robert Minor, editor of THE DAILY WORKER; Leon Ruiz, of the Spanish Speaking workers Club; Manuel Gomez, secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League; Y. Y. Hsu. Henry Rosemond, of the Haitian Patriotic Union, Juan DeHesus, president of the Philippinean Club of New York, and Irving Potash, of the Furriers Union.

"CRISIS NEAR BEING FATAL"; "SEND HELP"

To All Members of the Workers (Communist) Party,
All Units of the Party,
All Sympathizers,
All Militant Workers.

Comrades:

The Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party appeals to you to send financial help in the quickest possible time to The DAILY WORKER, central organ of our Party, which is in imminent danger.

The loss of The DAILY WORKER at this time would be the worst disaster that could come to our Party. We do not wish to create a panic. We are determined not to let The DAILY WORKER go out of existence. But we must face the cold reality, and must frankly tell you that your immediate help on the most generous possible scale is absolutely necessary. We are confident that you will give it.

The Party members and sympathizers, the militant workers who depend upon our revolutionary fighting paper, must understand the reason for the present crisis which comes so near being fatal. The DAILY WORKER is not in an unhealthy condition; it is improved in quality, in circulation and in mass support; its income from both subscriptions and advertising is larger than a year ago. But The DAILY WORKER has been compelled in the past few months to undertake tasks and expenses greater than it was able to bear. Thousands of striking mine workers are receiving The DAILY WORKER and are unable to pay for it. These miners must continue to receive The DAILY WORKER. Textile workers on strike have been supplied and must continue to be supplied with The DAILY WORKER even though it is impossible to pay. Unemployed workers in many thousands cannot be thrown out of the subscription lists at the time when, more than ever before, they need their fighting paper.

The prosecution of the paper and of its editors placed a very heavy burden upon the "Daily" which is still upon it.

The situation is this: Before next Saturday, June 9, The DAILY WORKER must receive not less than $5,000 to keep it from suspending. Before the following Saturday, June 16, The DAILY WORKER must receive a total of $10,000. This is the nature of the present crisis, as it is put up to us in ultimative form by creditors of the paper. We are confident that you will understand and will respond.

On its own part, the Central Committee pledges itself to make any sacrifice to keep our daily fighting organ alive. The DAILY WORKER is the face of our revolutionary Party. It is the daily voice with which the Workers (Communist) Party speaks to the masses of the workers. We will not, we cannot let it be destroyed. It would be impossible to wage an effective election campaign without our daily Party organ in the English language. We are determined to see The DAILY WORKER through this crisis at any cost. Anything can be sacrificed rather than The DAILY WORKER.

But you must do your part. Send all possible financial aid by telegraph, airmail or special delivery, to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York City.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF AMERICA.

UNION BUREAUCRATS EXCHANGE FAT JOBS

CLEVELAND, June 5.—In a handsome exchange of official positions, William G. Lee, president and A. F. Whitney, secretary-treasurer of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, took over each other's jobs in the organization under what is believed to be a little private arrangement between themselves in order to suit the convenience as well as to continue the high salary of Lee.

Lee was "defeated" for re-election to the presidency of the union and Whitney was "elected" to that office at the triennial convention Monday. Immediately, he was chosen to the office which Whitney is now occupying. Lee, who has been president for 19 years, is now 68 years old and the "duties" of office weighed heavily on him, so to speak. Now he can continue to draw his salary as secretary-treasurer while the work will be done by the accountants. Whitney, who is 55 years old, can still maintain the pretense of being "active."

The fact that both Lee and Whitney have both resigned from their present offices to take effect July 1, one month before their terms expired, to take up their new "duties" is only another confirmation that the arrangement had been made beforehand.

Lee was one of the labor fakers who worked to defeat the great shopmen's strike in 1922.

WORKERS SEND FUNDS TO SAVE 'DAILY'

Contributions Thus Far Inadequate as Suspension Threatens

In response to The DAILY WORKER'S appeal for funds, workers in various parts of the country have begun sending in contributions to save the only fighting working-class newspaper in the English language from suspending publication. The money received thus far has, however, been entirely inadequate to meet the pressing financial demands made upon the Daily. Workers, send more! Don't let your "Daily" die!

The following is a list of contributions received Monday:

Eva Levine, Brooklyn, N. Y., $2; Subsection 2A F. D. 2, New York City, $2.25; H. Raskin, Linden, N. J., $1; Wm. S. Ros, Northport, N. Y., $10; B. Sklar, Milwaukee, Wis., $4.99; E. Okersteoin, Portland, Ore., $1; I. Zimmerman, Bronx, N. Y., $2; A. Malisoff, Woodridge, N. Y., $5; Max Fox, New York City, $1; Hannah Kuebbeler, Toledo, O., $1; E. M. Leets, New York City, $5; H. Goldstein, Niagara Falls, N. Y., $2; E. Bunin, New York City, $10; Ch. Homeetas, Baltimore, Md., $1; I. Glustrom, Atlanta, Ga., $21.25; Frank Morris, New York City, $5; J. Gladstone, Troy, N. Y., $5; M. Levine, Troy, N. Y., $5; White Collar Slave, Flushing, N. Y., $1; Wm. Hartman, River Rouge, Mich., $1; Steve Morasky, Caldwell, O., $2; John Langley, New York City, $2; Sarah Villas, New York City, $1; A. W. Nelson, Rose Lake, I., $2; U. C. W. C. W., Council 2, Bronx, N. Y., $2; A. Blomquist, Maple, Wis., $10; Max Braverman, Bronx, N. Y., $3; Benjamin Smith, Charlotte, N. C., $10; Louis Helg, Cleveland, O., $1; Ernst Wagenknecht, Jr., Cleveland, O., $7.50; Henry Schnael, Cleveland, O., 50c; James C. Valek, Cleveland, O., 50c; Rose Maria, Cleveland, O., $1; Emil Schuller, Cleveland, O., 50c; N. F. Dachtter, Cleveland, O., $1; J. J. Hekelman, Cleveland, O., $1; A. Sympathizer, Cleveland, O., 50c; W. Lan[illegible], Cleveland, O., $1; John Boob, Cleveland, O., 50c; Henry Eibin, Cleveland, O., 25c; A. Kosmon, Cleveland, O., 25c; Al Dittenhafer, Cleveland, O., 25c; P. LaBone, Cleveland, O., 25c; Norman Beckley, Cleveland, O., 25c; George Vanta, Cleveland, O., 50c; H. Burke, Cleveland, O., 25c; Herman Lindeman, Cleveland, O., 25c; Joe Rusnack, Cleveland, O., 50c; Joe Hanzlik, Cleveland, O., 25c; John Vanta, Cleveland, O., 50c; Geo. Pohm, Cleveland, O., 50c; An Old Timer, Cleveland, O., $1; Hannah Sherer, New York City, $8; Harry Leff, New York City, $2; Gustav Wallman, New York City, $5; J. Nagin, New York City, $2; W. Heinig, New York City, $10.

Total: $161.39.

8 Injured When Boy Sends In False Alarm

Seven firemen and another man were injured when a fire engine responding to a false alarm turned in by the 4-year old son of a policeman collided with a coal truck at 69th St. and 6th Avenue, Brooklyn, on Monday. The force of the impact hurled the firemen to the street, where all sustained serious lacerations on their heads and legs. Fireman John Coffey, 29, received a broken leg and cuts on the head. They were taken to the hospital.

COMMUNISTS GET AGGREGATE OF 300 YEARS IN PRISON

Report More Arrests By Fascist Terrorists

ROME, June 5.—Nineteen militants, most of them members of the Italian Communist Party, were sentenced to an aggregate of three hundred years imprisonment, for carrying revolutionary propaganda. The sentences ranged from five to twenty-seven years imprisonment.

The trial was held in secret by a Fascist court. A woman, Anita Pusterka, was sentenced to nine years imprisonment.

Numerous arrests of Communists have taken place in Rome.

* * *

VIENNA, June 4.—During yesterdays session of the trial against the Italian Communist victims of the Italian fascists, the defendants demanded a precise statement of the indictments against them. The public prosecutor replied to this demand with the statement that the police consider them dangerous rebels.

Under examination, Fleschia, one of the accused workers, then frankly

(Continued on Page Three)

NANKING ARMY ENTERS PEKING

Deny That Chang Tso-lin is Dead

PEKING, June 5.—The occupation of Peking by the Shansi troops who are cooperating with the Nanking regime, was begun today when the advance guard of the army entered the suburbs.

Three armies have been converging on Peking, one under the command of General Yen Shi-shan, war lord of Shansi province, another under General Feng Yu-hsiang and a third under General Chiang Kai-shek, Nanking generalissimo.

* * *

PEKING, June 5.—The report that Chang Tso-lin had died as the result of injuries received at Mukden, Manchuria, when the train in which he was riding was bombed, was denied here today. A report received here declared that Chang was improving rapidly.

NEEDLE WORKERS IN CANADA MEET

Thugs Fail to Break Up Rally of 4,000

MONTREAL, June 5.—Despite the attempt of a squad of hired gangsters to break up the mass meeting of needle trades workers held here several days ago, four thousand workers successfully concluded their protest demonstration against the bureaucracy in control of the needle trades unions here.

The strong-arm squad which tried to break up the meeting was led by I. Rabkin, an official in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union. They were driven from the meeting by the angry workers.

Enthusiastic ovations were accorded Sam Lipsin of New York, and Morris Spector, Communist leader. The meeting was one of the largest ever held in the local labor movement.

Resolutions condemning the expulsion policy of the reactionary needle trades union heads, and demanding reinstatement for those expelled were unanimously passed. The resolutions also called for condemnation for the officialdom for installing the hated piece-work system in the clothing trades and for transforming the unions into ordinary company unions. They also proposed the inauguration of a campaign to organize the unorganized in the industry, and the amalgamation of the needle trades unions in Canada.

9

NEGRO DELEGATE TO WORKERS PARTY CONVENTION DRIVEN FROM INDIANA RESTAURANTS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

OMAHA, Neb. (By mail).—W. Davis, of Omaha, a Negro delegate to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, was several times reminded of the position his race occupies in capitalist America while returning to his home.

Comrade Davis, together with six other delegates, including myself, returned from the convention to the middle west by car. When we arrived in Richmond, Indiana, we decided it was about time we should eat. We all entered a restaurant and sat down to order our dinner.

The proprietor came up to us and informed Comrade Davis that, due to the fact that his skin was of a different color than the rest of ours, he could not be allowed to eat in that restaurant.

We all stood by Comrade Davis and left the restaurant, much to the surprise of the proprietor, without eating.

We then went to another restaurant and were accorded the same treatment and again we all walked out without eating. By this time we had had enough of that Ku Klux ridden state and we drove into Illinois before eating.

Comrade Davis is very enthusiastic over the planks adopted by the convention on the Negro question and intends to rally great numbers of Negroes in Omaha to support the Communist ticket.

—ROY STEPHENS.

Kenosha Picket Shot Down in Cold Blood, Mill Correspondent Reports

ALLEN-A FIRM THREATENS TO MOVE FACTORY

"Can't Scare Us That Way," Strikers Reply

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KENOSHA, Wis., (By Mail).—Thanks very much for publishing regularly our letters on the Kenosha strike situation. I am now sending you a copy of the Kenosha Hosiery Worker as you may want to print some of it.

"In no uncertain terms the citizens of our city have indicated their sentiment toward the quartering of professional strikebreakers from Pennsylvania in the mill.

Vote for Expulsion.

"Not only did 5,000 unanimously vote for the expulsion of these thugs from the city. A committee of 1,000 visited the city council last Monday and presented a resolution of the 5,000 to that body.

"The Pennsylvanians, a shiftless lot, were furnished to the Allen-A Co. by 'yellow-dog' MacDonald. That industrial spy, as soon as he was exposed to the people of this city, ran out of the state to do his dirty work from a distance. He sent in "hard-boiled" Diehl and his crew to serve as an intimidation to the workers.

"The Kenosha Trades and Labor Council warned the City Council on Friday, May 4, that the armed strikebreaker menace would lead to bloodshed in Kenosha. The council did not seem to take that menace seriously at the time. And yet, on that very night one of our men was shot down in cold blood by a crew of armed strikebreakers, led, we understand, by Pennsylvania thugs from inside the mill.

Latest Allen-A Bluff.

"Evidence of the desperate situation in which the Allen-A Company finds itself without its experienced workers is indicated by the latest rumor which the company has set afoot. It is to the effect that the company will move out of the city.

"That is an old story in labor disputes. When a company finds that it cannot drive its experienced workers back to work, it sends out false alarms of that sort. The intent is to worry the local merchants into action in the company's behalf and to frighten the workers back into the mill.

"We wish to say emphatically that the bluff will not make any headway in this situation. The company's machines are too expensive to be moved about at will. New machines are being slowly put in the mill. It would be the height of business folly to move from Kenosha.

"How eagerly the company wants its union workers to return is further shown by the stories it sets going about this man and that man and this group and that group returning to work. The latest tale was that 13 were to go to work on the following morning. Not one went back that day, just as our ranks have held firm from the beginning. Sometime before that, it was rumored that 8 would go back on a certain Monday morning. Dawn came—and not one returned. We wish to state that none will return—until they can be assured of decent conditions in the mill.

Fire Striker's Sister.

"Miss Gertrude Lawler, industrial nurse for the Allen-A Co., has just been discharged. Her services were always satisfactory. She happens to be the sister of a locked-out worker. The company's campaign for involuntary servitude therefore continues."

—SAMUEL A. HERMAN.

Miss Earhart Is Nutty, Her Old Man Says

LOS ANGELES, Calif., June 5.—Parental tolerance reached its dizziest height today when Edwin S. Earhart, local lawyer, announced that he would not interfere with the attempt of his daughter, Amelia, to fly across the Atlantic.

At the same time he described it as "a foolhardy sporting venture that will not advance aviation in the slightest degree."

Waxing philosophical the genial Blackstone declared:

"If my daughter doesn't get killed in some crazy airplane flight she might die of pneumonia, and that would be a more lingering

Peasants' Betrayer

Juliu Maniu, shown in the picture, is the leader of the National Peasants Party in Rumania. He is using the peasants as pawns in his fight with the Bratianu regime for political control of the country.

BLACKMER DIDN'T PLAY THE GAME

Fall's Oil Leases Still Good In Court

Notice of tax liens amounting to $6,442,455 were filed yesterday in the U. S. district clerk's office against Harry M. Blackmer, oil magnate of Denver, Col., and missing witness in the recent Teapot Dome graft investigations.

He committed certain tactical errors in the oil racket and is in bad odor with certain politically influential groups.

The tax liens are for unpaid income taxes, interest and penalties for the years 1916-23. Government authorities have notified twenty-two financial institutions here, said to be holding Blackmer's securities, that the holdings are not to be disposed of until further notice. Officials believe that Blackmer, who has been residing in Europe for the last two years, may be induced to return to the United States because of the tax lien action.

* * *

Homesteads vs. Oil.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—In the face of all the showing of the corruption in the leasing of oil fields by the republican Coolidge government, the supreme court has granted a court order halting the development of the land of a homesteader on the petition of the Kinney Coastal Oil Co.

Michael F. Kieffer, the homesteader, had taken up land in the Salt Creek Field, near the Teapot Dome field, in Wyoming. The Kinney company decided it did not want him there and went to the supreme court. The Kinney company's lease was issued by Albert B. Fall, former Harding-Coolidge secretary of the interior, who got $235,000 from Harry F. Sinclair at the time of the leasing of Teapot Dome. But a homesteader is only a homesteader.

LEAGUE COUNCIL OPENS SESSION

GENEVA, June 5. — The fiftieth Council of the League of Nations opened here yesterday with several hours' discussion on the problem of "the child whose environment is bad." Fifty thousand dollars has been donated by an American hygienic society for research in this field.

The real issues confronting the league, prominent among which are the disagreements between Hungary and Rumania on the question of reimbursement to Hungarian citizens for lands alleged to have been taken under the Rumanian agrarian changes, have been pushed forward until the various national delegates can be brought into line by Sir Austin Chamberlain and representatives of the other powers.

The Polish-Lithuanian controversy will also come before the league.

Italia Believed to Be In Franz Joseph Land

MOSCOW, June 5. — Continued broken messages received here today led Soviet wireless operators to believe that the crew of the Italia is still alive and trying with a broken outfit to reach the outside world for aid. Other reports intercepted state definitely that messages from the Italia were received giving the position of the ship as Franz Joseph Land.

A relief expedition, including Russian scientists, is expected to depart from Archangel for Franz Joseph Land on the ice breaker Percey immediately.

RED AID APPEALS FOR VICTIMS OF FASCIST TERROR

Urges Big Protest For Communists On Trial

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 5. — Appealing in behalf of the victims of the Italian fascists now on trial in Rome, the International Red Aid has called upon the international working class to come to the assistance of their fellow workers who are suffering under the tyranny of fascism. The full text of the appeal follows.

"The trial of the leading members of the Italian Communist Party, now being conducted in Rome, is a criminal attempt to annihilate the revolutionary proletariat and its representatives for protesting against the fascist terror.

"The court, in which these innocent workers are being tried, is sitting behind closed doors and public opinion is carefully muzzled. The courtmartial is preparing to hand down heavy sentences, probably even death sentences, for the activities of the accused Communists during the legal period of the Communist Party in Italy.

"The deepest brotherly sympathy of the workers of the whole world goes out to the accused men who for two years have been suffering in fascist prisons.

"The intellectuals in all countries should raise stronger protests against the fascist terrorist regime and demand an open trial with the liberation of all the prisoners now in fascist jails.

"Down with Mussolini's bloody terror and fascism! Long live the international solidarity of the workers!"

DISTRICT 7 TO OUST MACHINE

Name Progressive Slate At Meet

(Continued from page one)

discussion of the program which was adopted unanimously, many of the rank and filers in the discussion said that it is the first time in the history of the district that a real platform and program was presented during an election in District 7 and all miners pledged themselves enthusiastically to fight for the realization of the program by kicking out Lewis, Cappelini, Kennedy, Mattey and the rest of the corrupt union officials. The slate which was nominated is as follows:

Progressive Slate.

For District President—Nicholas Sebia, Local Union 250.

For Vice-President—Joseph Kislan, Local Union 1507.

For Secretary-Treasurer — Joseph Ball, Local Union 1376.

International Board member — Michael Medvitz, Local Union 1376.

District Board members—Michael Prella, Local Union 1376; John Ukrin, Local Union 1507; Andrew Kushner, Local Union 1518; E. Sudnich, Local Union 3289; Eddie Sharkarski, Local Union 3292; Edward Sharkey, Local Union 961.

District Auditors — John Deloski, Local Union 173; John Boris, Local Union 1518; John Ondick, Sandy Run.

Tellers — Ralph Palumbo, Local 1375; John Pedoseva, Local 250; Paul Davis, Local 3289.

Turkoman Delegate

The woman shown in the picture is a citizen of the Turkoman Soviet Republic, one of the federates of the Soviet Union. She is a member of the Executive Committee and was a delegate to the Woman's Congress of Central Asia.

MINER EXPOSES MENDOLA CASE

Frameup By Judge and Labor Traitors

By ANTHRACITE MINER.

WILKES-BARRE, June 5.—Steve Mendola, who went on trial last Thursday in the Luzerne County Court, on a frame-up charge of murder of Frank Agati, a contractor, the same charge on which Sam Bonita was convicted and found guilty of manslaughter by a prejudiced jury before a coal operator judge, Judge McLean, who it is known has stock in the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Companies here in the anthracite.

Though the rank and file in District 1 have expelled the reactionary officials, yet the officials are still persecuting the rank and file. Not satisfied with the conviction and sending to the Eastern Penitentiary of Sam Bonita, they insisted on the persecution of Mendola, who after 3 days' trial was convicted by the jury which was out only 5 hours. Though Bonita also took the stand and exonerated Mendola, yet the jury brought in this verdict.

It is seen how prejudiced the judge is. According to the capitalist newspaper here, the district attorney did not want to persecute the case because of the verdict in the Bonita case but Judge McLean, who tried the Bonita case, and this time tried the Mendola case, insisted on the persecution of Steve Mendola and of Moleski, another militant fighter, who will go on trial in a few days.

DuPont Officials Say Deaths Don't Stop Profit

Officials of the DuPont Viscoloid Company plant at Arlington, N. J., one of the buildings of which was destroyed Friday by an explosion that killed three and injured twenty workers, attempted yesterday to cover up the seriousness of the explosion by issuing a statement saying that "no serious delay" was caused by the "accident." The section destroyed, they said, was used in a special operation. Resumption of regular production is scheduled for tomorrow, according to the officials.

HROMADA TRIAL BRINGS PROTEST AT CHICAGO MEET

Demand Release For 8,000 Prisoners

CHICAGO, Ill., June 5.—At a meeting of workers held at Schoenhoffen Hall here last Thursday to protest against the Pilsudski government of Poland and the persecution of the Hromada the following resolution was drawn and unanimously adopted:

"We, workers of Chicago, assembled at Schoenhoffen Hall, Thursday, May 31, protest against the persecution of the farmer labor party Hromada, and other national minorities of Poland. We protest against the arrest and sentences of the deputies of the Sejm (parliament) and other members of the Hromada who were sentenced to a total of 102 years of hard labor. We are calling attention of the workers of America to the fact that the fascist government of Pilsudski, which is making loans in the United States, is crushing every attempt of cultural activity of self-determination of the White Russians, Ukrainians, Lithuanians and other national minorities in Poland.

"There are 8,000 political prisoners in Poland. We demand the right of self-determination of all the oppressed national minorities in Poland. We demand the liberation of all the members of the Hromada!"

M. Lichota, was chairman of the meeting.

GAIN BY FILIPINO MILITANTS SEEN

MANILA, June 5.—General elections held in the Philippine Islands are expected to show heavy gains for the militants, who are demanding complete and immediate independence from the United States, and correspondingly heavy losses for the "nationalist" party chiefs, Quezon and Osmena, who have dropped the independence slogan by which they formerly sought to win votes.

Quezon and Osmena's open friendship with the administration of Governor-General Stimson is expected to lose them large sections of votes thruout the islands where the American regime is unpopular.

Pacific Fliers to Take Off From Suva Friday

SUVA, Fiji Islands, June 5.—The four members of the crew of the Southern Cross, who arrived here yesterday, are looking for a suitable place for a take-off for the next leg of their trans-Pacific flight.

The take-off will probably not occur until Friday, reports said.

In Mexican Plot

Maria Conesa, celebrated Mexican stage favorite, shown in the picture, has been implicated in the huge silk smuggling plot in which General J. Alvarez, former chief of the Mexican presidential staff, is also involved. Maria Conesa is accused of being Alvarez's aide.

SERBS REINFORCE GARRISON.

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, June 5.—Although the anti-fascist disturbances in this city have now been quieted, the government is bringing heavy masses of reinforcements into Belgrade to strengthen the garrison.

GERMAN POLICE CHIEF CLUBBED BY HIS OWN MEN

Officers Thought He Was Only Communist

BERLIN, June 5.—During a police attack on a Communist demonstration here chief of police Weiss was handed a severe beating by the clubs of his own men.

The disturbance began when the German police, or schupos, charged a demonstration of Communists who were passing in orderly fashion along the street. The police brandished their clubs and began beating the Communists.

The Communist deputy to the Reichstag, Hoffman, seeing police chief Weiss sitting in civilian clothes in his auto pleaded with him to stop the attack on the unarmed workers.

Weiss did attempt to interfere, but his action met with a prompt clubbing from his own men who did not recognize him. He was severely pounded.

The incident is causing great excitement and some amusement in Berlin where the provocative actions of the schupos are the source of constant criticism.

Shakespeare's "Taming of the Shrew" to be Set to Music

SHAKESPEARE set to music and with musical comedy trimmings, a Broadway chorus, and modernized to the nth degree, is a novelty promised by Lee Shubert for the early fall season.

Following the modern dress version of "The Taming of the Shrew" by the Garrick Players, which proved so successful at the Garrick Theatre, Mr. Shubert has commissioned a well-known composer to write a score for this play, and the libretto will be done by an author equally well-known. These will be announced later.

This is the first time that a play of Shakespeare's has been done with music, lyrics and modern dances and the forthcoming presentation of "The Shrew," it is promised, will be treated in the same manner as the up-to-date musical comedy. What more can be said!

A. L. Jones and Morris Green are getting ready their new production "Tampico," Bartlet Cormack's dramatization of Joseph Hergesheimer's novel of the same name. The try-out of the piece will take place early in August.

The new Chopin operetta, to be produced shortly by the Shuberts will be known as "The Charner." It has been booked at the new Forrest Theatre in Philadelphia beginning June 18. The cast includes: Odette Myrtil, George Baker, Charles Croker-King, Ernest Lawford, Lumsden Hare, Marion Marchand, Leo Henning, Allan Rogers, Louise Beaudet, Martha Mason and Hugh Chilvers.

When Alfred Lunt and Lynn Fontanne return from next season's tour of the Theatre Guild Acting Company, they will be seen in New York in Sil-Vara's "Playing at Love." The play was scheduled for the Guild's current season but fell through somewhere.

AMUSEMENTS

HAMMERSTEIN'S THEATRE, B'way at 53d St. PHONE, COLUMBUS 8380.
THE RUSSIAN FILM CLASSIC
"The End of St. Petersburg"
"Of all the motion pictures playing in New York, 'The End of St. Petersburg' is easily the most vigorous, heroic and in many ways the finest."—Quinn Martin, The World.
Music by Herbert Stothart—Russian Choir—Symphony Orchestra.
Nights 8:40: 50c to $1.50. Mats. Daily 2:40: 50c to $1, Incl. Tax.

BOOTH Thea., W. 45 St. Eves. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE GRAND ST. FOLLIES OF 1928

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:25 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

LUNA PARK The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL | Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
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The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play. Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St. Mats. WED. & SAT.

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42d St. & B'way Wis. 1789
American Premiere
"Living Image"
Or
(Lady of Petrograd)
Russian Photodrama
& Charlie Chaplin in "The Count"

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Show Italian Communist Trial Is Based on Lies of Fascist Police Spies

ALL INDICTMENTS PROVED ILLEGAL BY DEFENDANTS

Expect Decision Within 48 Hours

(*Continued from page one*)

admitted having collected 100,000 lire for the British miners and declared that there is no law, even in Italy, forbidding such a collection.

Fabrizio, organizer of the labor delegation to the Soviet Union, declared later that the Italian workers sympathize with the U. S. S. R. in spite of the fascist terror.

The testimony of Terracini definitely proves all the indictments to be illegal. The entire prosecution is based upon legal business letters in the hands of the fascists, it was demonstrated.

During the testimony of the witnesses against the defendants, all of whom were police agents, it was brought out that all the indictments are based upon the reports of provocateurs.

It is expected that a decision will be handed down within the next forty-eight hours.

HARLEM MASS MEET FOR MINERS

Hawkins Will Tell of Struggle

Isaiah Hawkins, militant Negro mine leader of Fredericktown, Pa., who has been in the thick of the mine war for over a year, will tell the story of the reaction and corruptoin of the officials of District 5 of the United Mine Workers at the united mass demonstration in support of the strikin gminers to be held at St. James Presbyterian Church, St. Nicholas Avenue and 141st st., on Friday, June 8th at 8 p. m. Other speakers will be Harold Williams and Grace Campbell, organizer and chairman, respectively of the Negro Committee for Miners Relief, Robert Minor, Editor of The DAILY WORKER and Reverend Wiling miners to be held at St. James Presbyterian Church. Richard Moore, of the American Negro Labor Congress, will preside.

The struggle of the miners' union against reactionary officialdom, now entering its fifteenth month of starvation, exposure and disease, is of special significance to the large masses of Negro workers, many thousands of them unorganized. The militant leadership given the striking miners by their Save-the-Union Committee on which the two Negroes Charles W. Fulp and Isaac Munsey represent the thousands of striking Negro miners, is organizing the unorganized miners of Western Pennsylvania, among which are many Negroes. The Negro Committee for Miners Relief has called on the masses of Negro workers in this city, unorganized and organized, to support the striking miners in their attempt to save their union. The Negro committee points out that Negro workers, who are being discriminated against, can find a remedy only in organization along militant lines, and emphasizes the fact that should the miners' strike be lost the whole American labor movement will suffer, and organization for the vast army of unorganized Negro workers will be much more difficult to achieve.

An excellent program of speakers has been arranged and admission will be free of charge. Although smaller meetings for miners relief have been held throughout the Negro section of Harlem, the united mass demonstration of Fridday night will be the first mass meeting for miners relief among the Negro population of this city.

JOINT DEFENSE CARNIVAL, JUNE 9

Soccer, track and field events, swimming events and other sport events by labor sports clubs will be among the features of the Joint Defense Athletic Meet, Carnival and Jamboree, to be held Saturday, June 9, for the benefit of the 9 imprisoned Mineola furriers and the 18 leaders of the Joint Board of the Cloakmakers Union, who face prison terms. The Hungarian Workers Symphony Orchestra, composed of 50 musicians, and led by Alfred Kugel, will render a classical program. Mass calisthenics will also be a feature of the program, as well as a parade by athletes, young Pioneers and children of the Nonpartisian Workers School. The latter will also perform in a ballet.

MILLIONS TO FASCIST ITALY.

A shipment of $2,000,000 in gold, sent to Italy on the steamship Duilio by the Guaranty Trust Company and announced yesterday, increased to $15,000,000 the amount of gold that has been sent from New York to Italy this year.

More Propaganda For Fascismo

CESARE SABELLI
ROGER Q WILLIAMS
PIERO BONELLI

Photo shows mechanics at Roosevelt field conditioning a Bellanca monoplane in which Commander Cesare Sabelli, Italian black-shirt army flier, and Pietro Bonelli plan a swash-buckling flight from the United States to the black-shirt capital at Rome.

WHY NEGROES SHOULD JOIN WORKERS PARTY

By GEORGE PADMORE.

As a Negro worker in the ranks of the only revolutionary political party in America, the Workers (Communist) Party, I feel at liberty to appeal to the workers of my race to join with me, and help to make possible the emancipation of the twelve million Negroes in this country.

Urges Solidarity of All Workers.

This can be accomplished by making common cause with the millions of exploited white workers and farmers. Together we will be able to form a mighty army which will abolish the capitalist system, the cause of all social evils, race rejudice, segregation, lynching, disenfranchisement, etc.

The victory of the oppressed can only be achieved under the leadership of a revolutionary party and not as the yellow socialist misleaders would have us believe through the ballot box.

Nothing to Lose.

Of all groups in America, the Negroes have the least to lose and the most to gain by a change in the social system. For centuries we have borne the brunt of capitalist exploitation. Our forefathers made possible the foundations for the present-day industrial prosperity of America, and amidst all this great wealth which is in the hands of a few we find ourselves outcasts and penniless.

The time has come for us to be up and doing. For instead of things becoming better they are daily getting from bad to worse. If we do not act immediately we will soon find ourselves and our children exterminated. As things are today, Negro children are dying at a much faster rate in the big industrial centres than whites.

Do you know why? Because Negroes are zoned off in the worse sections of the cities and have to live in the most unsanitary houses for which they pay the highest possible rent. Then again our opportunities for adequate employment are limited.

Discrimination by Reactionary Union Leaders.

Negro workers are discriminated against in most of the unions by the reactionary leaders like William Green, Matthew Woll and John L. Lewis, thereby creating a division in the ranks of the working class which makes it possible for the capitalists to play one race against the other to their advantage. Only the Communists, supported by the left wing trade unionists, recognize the danger of such practice and persistently fight for an open door policy to Negroes in the trade unions.

It is therefore the duty of every militant and class-conscious Negro worker to join the Workers (Communist) Party and help us in our fight against those who would debar black men and women from the opportunity of making a decent living.

Desert the Old Parties.

The Workers Party is one of action and not of empty phrases. On the economic field it fights for equal opportunity for black and white workers alike and against all forms of discrimination within the ranks of the working class movement. Its political platform deserves the support of every Negro who longs for the freedom of his race. The Party demands the rigid enforcement of the 13th 14th and 15th amendments; the adoption of an anti-lynching bill and its enforcement, as well as full economic, political and social equality for the Negro.

It is time for Negroes to cease being duped by the two old parties—the political organizations of the capitalist class. They have done nothing for us in the past, and will do less for us in the future, for both the republicans and the democrats are today twin brothers of reaction. Negroes should have no illusions of getting any of their problems remedied by either Smith or Hoover. They are both the tools of Wall Street.

We Negroes must cease doing so much praying and more fighting. In this respect we can learn a valuable lesson from the early American capitalist class. They had enough horse sense to drop their prayer books and take up their guns to get George III out of the colonies. We have to do the same if we don't want to starve to death. This means revolution, and the Workers (Communist) Party is the only party that can lead us to victory.

SHIPPING BOARD SEAMEN'S ENEMY

Blacklist is Maintained On U. S. Ships

WASHINGTON, (FP) June 5.—In spite of bland denials by Chairman T. V. O'Connor of the U. S. Shipping Board, once president of the Longshoremen's union, the board is steadily tightening the screws of its hostility against seamen. Week by week the number of passes held by union men, to go aboard government ships in port, is being cut down. At the same time, union men are gradually being excluded from permission to visit injured sailors in the marine hospitals.

In both cases the immediate cause of punishment seems to be the advice given by union men to injured sailors, as to prosecution of damage claims against the board.

I. L. D. IS AIDING FASCIST VICTIMS

Stamps Now Distributed Thruout U. S.

Stamps bearing the slogan; "Help the Victims of Fascism," have been issued by the International Labor Defense and are now being circulated in the mails. The stamps, which are sold at five cents each are being distributed thru the various branches of the I. L. D. in this city.

The stamps also bear the pictures of Matteoti and Sozzi, who were murdered by Italian fascism. The I. L. D. has appealed, thru its secretary, Rose Baron, to all class conscious workers to support the fight against fascism by purchasing these stamps and pasting them on letters, packages and other mail.

Seek Support For Big Business Canal Project

ALBANY, N. Y., June 5. — Five hundred business men from eight states met here today and adopted a resolution urging the republican and democratic national conventions to incorporate a plank in their respective platforms pledging support for the All-American ship canal from the Great Lakes to the Atlantic ocean.

The All-American ship canal by way of the Hudson river has been put forward under a thin veneer of patriotism by New York state business interests whose profits would be considerably diminished if the counter-proposal, whereby the canal would be built thru the St. Lawrence river and jointly controlled by the United States and Canada, is adopted.

They have securedly the support of business men from other states and yesterday's meeting marked the first annual convention of the Great Lakes-Hudson Waterways Association. Col. Edward N. Carrington of New York, president of the Hudson River Navigation Corporation, is the organizer of the association, which is understood to have the endorsement of Governor Smith.

HYMAN, LEADER OF CLOAK UNION REFUTES LIES

Right Wing Aids Lies of Bosses

The Industrial Council of Cloak Manufacturers, co-partners of the Sigman-Schlesinger clique, who have destroyed the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, have taken another step in an effort to injure the growing movement that threatens to eliminate right wing control.

The first step was taken within the last few days, when the bosses granted on paper the 40-hour week which was called for in the agreement won by the cloakmakers in the 1926 strike.

This latest Slander Hyman move is the issuance of a long statement in a trade journal in which Louis Hyman, leader of the left wing Joint Board, is maliciously slandered by the bosses. They say that Hyman, in a visit to the shop of I. Grossman, head of the Industrial Council had declared that he would permit piece work and over time at single time in his effort to destroy the Sigman scab union. The rest of the statement is taken up with a declaration that, due to the open shop condition in the industry it cannot be expected that the members of the Industrial Council will bear the burden of the 40 hour week. They therefore appeal to the Impartial chairman to call a conference of the bosses and Sigman.

Discussed the statement as a whole Hyman later branded it as "another manoeuver to serve as a prop for the rotting Sigman structure." Referring to the mention of himself, Hymar declared that the only time he was ever in the shop of I. Grossman was when he called to stop the employer from locking out his workers for refusing to register in the right wing union.

Hyman said that if he had been prepared to allow the destruction of union conditions, there would not have been any desire on the part of the bosses to break their agreement with the Joint Board and sign a fake one with Sigman's "Union."

Even the call upon the impartial chairman for a conference and hearing, with which the statement ends, is a fake, Hyman said. "The impartial chairman will no doubt grant this hearing and rule that the bosses must abide by the 40-hour week point in the agreement. Thus giving another fake victory to Sigman in his attempt to decieve the workers.' He added that none of the bosses intend to observe the fourty hour week, whether it is on paper or not." "Even Grossman, who is president of the Industrial Council, makes as many wage cuts as he desires, having only recently enforced a 20 per cent reduction in wages," he said.

"The association bosses will continue to enforce the existing 60 and 70 hour week," Hyman concluded.

CHILDREN PLAN MINERS' PARTY

Workers' children of New York raised $4,453,43 for miners' relief in less than five months, according to an announcement made by Sophie Melman, organizer of the Children Committee for Miners' Relief, 799 Broadway. More than 3,000 children have participated in this work.

A get-together party is now being arranged for the children who helped raise this money. It will be held at the Workers Home, 347 E. 72nd St., at 2:00 p. m., Sunday.

Charles Wilson, 14, a member of the children's executive committee, who recently spent some time in the strike area, will tell of the hardships being endured by the miners' children in the strike barracks and of the part they are playing in the great struggle.

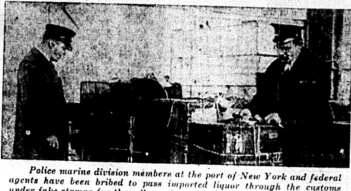
A one act play, "Help the Strikers' Children" will be produced by members of the Young Pioneers of America. Members of the Non-Partisan Workers' Children's Schools will offer dancing and singing. A miner from the coal fields will speak.

The Electric Lobby

WASHINGTON, (FP) June 5.—Disclosure that the National Electric Light Assn's member companies spent $28,000,000 in newspaper and magazine advertising, last year, to influence public opinion against demands for public ownership or lower rates, has been made.

The U. S. Chamber of Commerce last month demanded that American business clear itself of corruption and intrigue. Judge Edwin Parker of the Chamber, author of this moral cry, was himself found to be active in secret intrigues to defeat the Boulder Dam Bill.

Prohibition Law is For the Workers



Police marine division members at the port of New York and federal agents have been bribed to pass imported liquor through the customs under fake stamps for the cellars of employers and government officials. The photograph shows federal inspectors at New York going through the motions of looking for whisky in the baggage of wealthy passengers, to satisfy one of the periodical complaints of professional prohibitionists who themselves make a good living out of prohibition. Eighteen customs guards have been suspended in the latest pro-publicity shakeup.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Scranton Picnic.

SCRANTON, Pa.—The Scranton local of the Workers (Communist) Party of America will hold its annual picnic on June 10 at Runo Farm, Hollow Ave., here. The program for the day will begin at 10 a. m.

• • •

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 29, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

• • •

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, O.—The Martins Ferry branch of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Reasbeck Farm on June 10. Those wishing to come will meet at Hungarian Hall, Main and Center Sts., at 10 a. m.

• • •

Detroit Labor Sports.

DETROIT.—The Detroit Labor Sports Union will hold a dance and athletic exhibition on June 12, 8 P. M., at the Finnish Labor Temple, 5969 14th St., near McGraw. All the proceeds will go to the Miners' Relief.

• • •

Detroit Haywood Meet.

DETROIT. — The workers here will attend a Haywood Memorial Meeting on the evening of June 6 at the New Workers Home, 1343 East Ferry Ave. H. M. Wicks and others will speak, and there will be a musical program.

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

• • •

Milwaukee Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—The Milwaukee branch of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold a picnic at Pleasant Valley Park on June 10. Both the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers of this city will participate.

• • •

Chicago Freiheit Picnic.

CHICAGO. — The Chicago Freiheit Gesangs Verein, Mandolin Orchestra and Dramatic Studio will hold a picnic at Polonia Grove, Higgins Road and 61st Ave. on June 10.

• • •

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

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Kenosha Meeting.

KENOSHA, Wis.—The Young Workers (Communist) League and the Workers (Communist) Party of Kenosha will hold a mass meeting June 8 at 8 P. M. at the German-American Hall. The subject of the meeting will be the Allen-A strike.

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Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

• • •

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

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Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

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St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

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Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

• • •

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows: Chester, Pa., June 6; Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

• • •

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Saturday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.
Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.
Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.
Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.
Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

OPEN PARLEY FOR NEW TAILOR PACT

Officials Ready to Give Piece Work to Trade

Negotiations for an agreement to replace the one about to expire are to be begun in a day or two, according to information made public by the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union and the New York Clothiers Exchange.

The granting of the vicious piece-work system to about a dozen large mens' clothing manufacturers by Beckerman just prior to negotiations and despite the protests of the membership makes it a foregone conclusion that the negotiations for the employers' association will demand this system for the entire industry.

Despite statements by the Beckerman machine at the time piece-work was permitted to the 12 employers that only "large and responsible" bosses would be favored by this sweatshop method of exploitation, it is learned that they "look favorably" on the demand of the entire association for this system.

With the 40-hour week demand of the membership thrown into the discard by the Hillman-Beckerman administration, with the degrading piece-work system foisted on the membership and with the employer having a free hand to discharge workers indiscriminately, the once militant Amalgamated assumes the role of a mere company union.

The exact method of granting piece-work to the employers in the new agreement may take the form of the appointment of a commission to work out plans for the adoption of this system.

THE BUSIEST CORNER.

CHICAGO, June 5.—John Wohl, wealthy jeweler, was kidnaped by two bandits as he left his Oak Park home early today, forced to drive to his company's store on Madison St., near the "world's busiest corner," admit his kidnapers, and watch them flee with thousands of dollars worth of gems.

HEARINGS SHOW TAMMANY POLICE IN GRAFT MIRE

Republican Customs Men Also Bribed

The Tammany graft trail yesterday led to the police department when forty patrolmen including nearly a dozen sergeants faced investigation on charges of bribe-taking in connection with the smuggling of liquor into New York City from trans-Atlantic liners.

As a result of the same disclosures eighteen customs guards were promptly fired in the usual attempt employed by the government to convey the impression that only minor officers were responsible. A hurried call for two hundred additional federal operatives was sent out for the district.

Wholesale bribery of police officials and custom guard employes, the smuggling in of cascades of booze, and even of narcotics, a threatened shake-up of the police department greater than that of any in years, were the developments which were yesterday made public.

The customs officials are republican controlled. This fact now brings the republican party neck and neck with the corrupt Tammany democratic machine in the race for graft laurels.

While these revelations were taking place in the police department continued disclosures at the trial of Charles A. McGee and William J. Oswald, street cleaning officials, brought out that only one honest street cleaning officer has been on the city payroll during thirty years.

This admission was made by William J. Lougheed, self confessed, grafter who is acting as states witness at the Bronx County trial of McGee and Oswald. In all these years Lougheed declared he had known many honest drivers and sweepers but only one honest official. When the list of fictitious names on the payroll appeared to be getting stale, Lougheed testified, Oswald and McGee would order him to substitute new names. Lougheed would then order Charles Stoeber to obtain new names. Stoeber would pass along in the Italian section and copy off names from letter boxes and door bells.

Woman Is Co-Pilot In New Transocean Flight

TRESPASSY, N. F., June 5.—Ready to hop off for a flight to England, the plane Friendship arrived here at 1:28 p. m. from Halifax where it had stopped enroute from Boston.

The plane, which is the first to be equipped with pontoons for landing in water, is carrying Amelia Earhart, Boston social worker, as co-pilot with Wilmer Stultz, and Louis Gordon as flight mechanic. The expedition is being financed by the Mechanical Science Corporation

PITTSBURGH, PA.
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PICNIC
For the benefit of the Daily Worker
Given by the
New Kensington, Pa. Branch
of the Workers (Communist) Party
Sunday, June 10th
at FABIAN'S FARM
DANCING REFRESHMENTS SPEAKERS
ADMISSION 25c.

BOSTON
TRUCK PARTY
Sunday, June 10, 1928
To Silver Lake, Mass.
Arranged by DAILY WORKER
BUILDERS CLUB
Good Time *Refreshments*
Trucks leave 38 Causeway Street, Boston and
New International Hall, 42 Wenonah Street,
Roxbury, at 10 o'clock sharp.
Ticket One Dollar.

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Price of a Worker's Life

The nature of capitalist society is shown in the case of the nineteen workers, once employed by the United States Radium Corporation, fourteen of whom have been killed to provide profit for that corporation and five of whom are slowly dying.

The fourteen who died—are dead. The Radium Corporation has cashed in on their lives, and the profits are long ago distributed in dividends. The Radium Corporation gains by the high quality of its radium.

But for the last five, long and troublesome lawsuits were in order.

Knowing that the five dying women workers whom it had poisoned would not live long, the Radio Corporation tried to delay the lawsuits as long as possible with the help of the courts. With death slowly creeping upon them, the poison crippling them limb by limb, the five remaining women workers "listened to reason" and settled by taking what cash they could get from the corporation.

What is the price of a working woman's life? In this case the women workers receive $10,000 each in payment for being killed by their employers, together with $12 per week until they die. And, yes—the company pays the doctors' bills.

So much for the price of the life of a woman worker.

For dying, the working women get $10,000 each from the corporation which trapped them to their death for profit, while the lawyer gets $15,000 for representing them.

The capitalist newspapers are busy **"congratulating"** the Radio Corporation and its victims on the **"satisfactory settlement."** We take the words from the New York World, which prides itself as having played an active part in the case. The World is a good example of smug liberal respectability in capitalist society. It speaks editorially of the "welcome news" of an "amicable settlement." The fact that five working women victims of their employers' greed must slowly die on a weekly pension of $12 per week—is glossed over by this flunkey-liberal paper with the assurance that "if the $10,000 is invested at 5 or 6 per cent. each invalid will have an income of $1,100 or $1,200 a year, with medical cost paid."

The World points out that the wages of the women victims of the Radio Corporation amounted to only $900 per year. This fixes the standard of living for the class to which the women belong, the World thinks. And therefore it concludes that the $12 per week which the women are to receive while dying is **"a living income for persons in their state."** And then—as though to expose its own hypocrisy—the World assures the bosses that "the corporation might have fared much worse before a jury."

Intelligent workers are reminded by incidents of this sort that capitalist society, based upon the exploitation of labor, is the most ruthlessly cold-blooded system that has ever been known in human society. The workers who die because their employers found it more profitable to tell them to shape the poisonous radium-paint brushes with their lips, are not an unusual, but only a picturesque example of the deadly nature of capitalist exploitation. The killing of thousands of miners underground, the result of disregarding all considerations except cheap production, is only another picturesque example. The slaughter of ten million men in the past world-war—which the capitalist rulers are deliberately planning to repeat on a much bigger scale—is an example in truer proportion. For imperialist war is only the continuation of "business competition" with a change of instruments. Bayonets or radium poison—all mere instruments to increase profit-making, in the eyes of capitalism.

The capitalist system is a system of murder for profit.

Only the destruction of the capitalist system can place human life—the life of the working masses—as the first consideration.

The capitalist system has been destroyed in a territory comprising one-sixth of the surface of the world—the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

It will be destroyed here, too.

COAL COMPANY ISSUES DOPE SHEET TO SCABS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

WHEELING, W. Va. (By mail).—Enclosed you will find a leaflet which the Wheeling Coal Co. puts in every strikebreaker's envelope on pay day. This is the kind of half threat and half appeal that the scab companies hand out to their employees. Needless to say that "the 25th day of April" didn't find the miners rushing back to the Wheeling Coal Company's mines.

NOTICE.

There has been a lot of agitation among our employees in the last few days because, we think, mostly through a misunderstanding. It has been brought to our attention by some that they are of the opinion that coal is being marketed and sold at a very much higher price than it really is. The facts are: Coal has been marketed and sold in the last year or more at prices never dreamed of.

If we could at any time have paid any more money to our employees for their labor, we would have done so. The reason that we have been able to work steady is because of the fact that we have worked very hard getting the business men operating the large manufacturing concerns in the country to go along with us. We all, including yourselves, have worked hard to get where we are, to be able to sell the product which we manufacture or mine. We appreciate that you have done your part, but also feel that we have done our part.

Now what is the use of giving away to another section or far-off land that which we all have worked for? We have already purchased several hundred cars of coal to fill the orders that we have running at the present. In face of the facts, do you want this business to be placed elsewhere? We want all our old employees to reason this out for themselves. We ourselves are not going to permit this to happen.

We expect all our employees to be at work on the 25th day of April, 1928, and if not out on the job we demand that you at once go to the mine, get your tools, and a check will be ready at the office on that day for the balance due you. If you do not show up on that day we will proceed to remove your tools from our property, placing same on public property near the mine. We intend to go along minding our own business and expect and demand that everyone else do the same. We believe there is a law in this country which will protect us in our rights and we intend to see that this law is carried out.

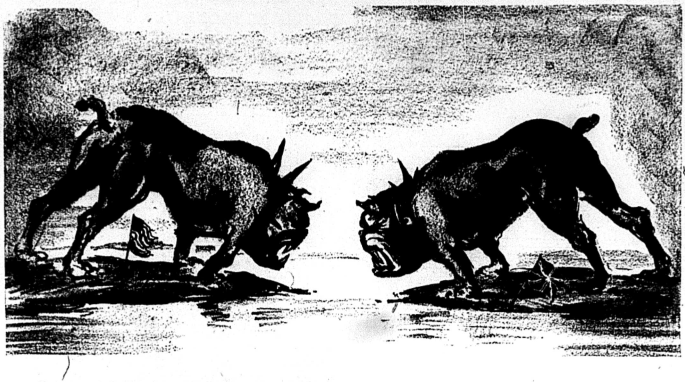
WHEELING COAL CO.

Negro Prisoner is Handcuffed, Drowned

BOONVILLE, Mo., June 5.—Handcuffed and with his feet bound, Ocie Williams, a Negro, was thrown into the Missouri River and drowned by armed and masked white hoodlums who took him from non-resistent officers. Williams was being taken to the jail when seized. His body was found today.

IMPERIALIST PEACE

By Fred Ellis



U. S. Imperialism. "Gr-r-r-! I insist on the acceptance of the Kellogg-r-r-r peace plan — g-r-r-r-r-r!!!"
British Imperialism: "G-r-r-r--! I accept the Kellogg peace plan — g-r-r-r-r, g-r-r-r-r-r-r!!!"

Are There Too Many Mouths?

By SCOTT NEARING.

"Too many mouths," is the cry raised by Professor E. A. Ross of the University of Wisconsin in his recent book: **Standing Room Only?** The immediate answer to Professor Ross's warning is: "Too few machines; too often idle."

Professor Ross cites numerous cases of poverty. There is no economic reason why a single man or woman or child should suffer from poverty in any one of the great industrial countries,—least of all in the United States.

How to End Poverty.

Run the existing machines full time!

Cut out duplication; waste; meaningless competition; industrial inefficiency!

Bring the members of the ruling class to a working class standard of living. Give them jobs. Let them support themselves and live on their earned incomes. Pay business managers and executives; governors, senators and judges the wages of skilled mechanics.

Effect these and other savings. Poverty will be still less easily excused.

To these demands Professor Ross makes a detailed answer:

> "In those very countries where machinery has been introduced; where wages and standards of living have been raised, population has been increasing most rapidly during the past two or three generations."

This is true of Germany, of Britain. It is especially true of the United States which has half of the machine capital of the world, and which, in the past century has recorded a population increase that has never been equalled by any other country in modern time.

Such facts may be met in one of two ways:

On the one hand it may be contended that these great population increases have occurred, not among the low-paid, unorganized, unskilled workers; that they have occurred on the frontier; that they have occurred in the uninformed mass; that they have occurred chiefly among those workers who have had no opportunity to learn about or to practice birth control. This is an argument in avoidance of the main issue.

Birth Control.

On the other hand it may be frankly admitted that there is a "population problem" which must command the attention of social engineers:

(1) The physically unfit must not breed at all, while the physically fit must be encouraged to mate and reproduce their kind.
(2) Birth control methods must be made a part of popular education: in the press; over the radio; on the stage: through the film, and birth control appliances must be made generally available, at prices within the easy reach of the poorest.
(3) Children must come only where there is food, clothing, shelter and a welcome.
(4) The problem of birth control must be handled just as scientifically as the problem of public health or as any other branch of the problem of public education.

And then?

Then the natural resources must be converted into food, shelter, clothing, comforts and cultural opportunities with all of the technical skill and all of the mechanical power that is available.

Too many mouths?

Not yet! Too few machines!

Correspondence Schools in the Soviet Union

By E. OSTERMAN,
(Moscow).

The outstanding feature in the first years of self-education work in the sphere of Party education was total absence of a systematic program. On the whole, the work was limited to questions in which people were particularly interested. There were, for instance, a circle and individual comrades who studied the history of the Party, trade union matters, political economy, and the history of the class struggle, etc. In a word, it was a system of special subjects which certainly has some positive sides; for instance, greater elasticity, better individualization possibilities, etc., but does not give an opportunity to go through a full course of Party education by means of self-education.

The first steps in this direction were our elementary political circles of the first and second grade, which are nothing but elementary political correspondence schools "in the home." Whereas in the first year this experiment was not carried out to the full, and slightly different textbooks and syllabi were used for the political self-education circles, they work this year in full harmony with the schools: they have the same syllabus, the same program, and the same textbooks, etc. The difference is only in the methods applied for the elaboration of the material and also in the methods of guidance.

No Direct Guidance.

Both rest here on maximum self-activity. The work goes on without direct guidance, or, to be more exact, under episodic guidance or guidance by correspondence; questions which students find particularly difficult are explained orally (oral consultation) or conferences are organized for summing up the results of the work done.

We have already mentioned that the self-education circles of the first grade which correspond with elementary courses of the first grade, are looked upon as a transitory form. In regard to this question, the resolution of the First National Conference of the U. S. S. R. on self-education contains the following statement:

"One of the main reasons of the former non-success in the sphere of political self-education is that the syllabus was drawn up to suit comrades not accustomed to read. Therefore the lowest grade of Party education (elementary courses of the first grade) are to be as a rule transferred to the schools, whereas political self-education is to be looked upon as a continuation of the most elementary Party education, i. e., the elementary courses of the first grade. But this rule must not do away with the necessity of furthering the Party—self-education of comrades who for objective reasons cannot participate in the Party education schools—for instance railwaymen, a number of other comrades in the post, telegraph and transport service, and above all the rural cadres of active workers, for in the rural districts even Party and Y. C. L. members cannot be fully provided by us with elementary political schools (elementary political courses) next year. On the other hand, it has come to light that a considerable number of workers and peasants who have gone through political education schools were for various reasons unable to thoroughly assimilate the knowledge imparted there. As it would be inexpedient to make them participate at a repeat-course in the same schools, the organization of self-education work among this category is essential.

Must Practice Reading.

"All these reasons show the necessity of keeping up, to a certain extent, self-education work also in the lowest grade of Party education, at least in the immediate future, particularly for the rural districts but on condition that the participants should practice reading, etc., for instance, with the help of village reading rooms, schools for semi-literates, etc."

In the current school year, our Marxist - Leninist self - education circles are a replica of the Marxist-Leninist circles working under the guidance of instructors. They are divided, as the latter, into circles for **Party history, Leninism, historical materialism, history of the labor movement, political economy and economics.** They use the same syllabi and textbooks, and the number of lessons is the same. The only difference between these two kinds of circles is that which arises out of the special conditions of the methods of self-education work, special methodical elaboration because of absence of direct guidance by the instructor, more home work and control questions, etc.

We give below the rules of these Soviet Party schools "in the home" which give a full picture of this first experiment of a 'school in the home."

(To Be Continued.)

The University of Pennsylvania in Power Trusts' Pay

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 5.—In a stinging denunciation exposing the hypocrisy of the officials of the University of Pennsylvania from which he was recently dismissed for expressing views favorable to the Soviet Union, Sol Auerbach, instructor in the department of philosophy of that institution, yesterday attacked the methods of "higher educators."

Auerbach will appear as one of the speakers at a protest meeting under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League, which will be held Friday. His statement follows:

Another Professor

The investigation of the Federal Trade Commission into the activities of the Public Utilities Corporation representing 17 billion dollars of privately owned public utilities reveals some interesting outside activities of University professors. Professor Theodore Grayson, Director of the evening school and extension school of the University of Pennsylvania and professor of finance in the Wharton School, has been paid by the Utilities Corporation to carry on propaganda publicly and within the University against Government ownership of public utilities. I am positive the Professor Grayson will not be dismissed because of his outside activities.

While Professor Grayson is serving the financial interests which support the University the nature of my views do not seem to please these same financial interests. As he claims, it is perfectly "ethical" for a professor of finance to help boost the interests of a selfish financial group. It seems, however, that it is "unethical" for an instructor in Ethics to openly express favor with the Workers and Peasants Government of the Soviet Union.

Speaks at Protest Meet.

To protest this very evident class discrimination I have consented to speak under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League at a meeting arranged to protest my dismissal, to be held at Grand Fraternity Hall on Friday, June 8, at 8 P. M.

Professor Grayson, who according to his testimony before the Federal Trade Commission had received $250 per lecture to take a stand favoring private ownership of public utilities, is to remain on the teaching staff of the University of Pennsylvania. Sol Auerbach, an instruct in the same institution of "learning," is being expelled from the university because he dared publicly to point out that in Russia the workers control the government and that it is the only country in which the government is used to help the workers. Sol Auerbach spoke at a meeting the proceeds of which were sent to the relief of the children of the striking miners.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Philadelphia is arranging a mass meeting of protest against the expulsion of Auerbach from the teaching staff of the U of P. The meeting will take place on Friday, June 8 at 8 P. M. at Grand Fraternity Hall, 1626 Arch St.

Amongst the speakers will be Auerbach, Scott Nearing who was expelled from the U of P for his radical views in 1925, Bertram D. Wolfe, director of the N. Y. Workers School and a member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party and Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

AUSTRIAN SOCIALISTS FAIL TO BREAK STRIKE

VIENNA, June 5.—In spite of the efforts of the social democratic press to throttle the strike of the workers in the factories of the Alpine Mountain Company, the workers are showing the greatest determination in continuing their struggle.

Suggestions, issued thru the press that Prime Minister Seipel be called upon to arbitrate the strike have met with ridicule by the strikers who are aware that Seipel is in the closest personal relations with members of the board of directors of the Alpine Mountain Company.

The spread of the strikes thruout the Huettenberg and the Steiermark works has been extremely rapid and the Communist Party of Austria is urging the carrying of the movement into the other Alpine Mountain works.

The constant dismissal of workers, shop stewards and even entire committees in various shops has not dampened the spirit of the men who are eager for the struggle.

HANDOUTS

Indication of the growth of leniency toward fat boys can be seen from the fact that $350,000 has been admittedly shelled out for Herbert Hoover by generous citizens. It may be added that 360 business publications have dedicated themselves to the task of shouting "Hooray Hoover." This has been without remuneration. It is explained that the few thousand dollars in advertising that the papers have received is merely the routine of business.

* * *

Myrtle, who writes in from South Dakota to ask why weather reform is not one of the workers' immediate demands should know that after the workers' revolution everybody's opinion will be worth the same. Under capitalism one man gets several thousand a year for working up his guesses.

* * *

The German elections were a sad blow to the capitalist newspaper correspondents who had proved that Europe was swinging away from Bolshevism toward "sanity and normalcy." When the German workers proceeded to plug these capitalist theories with 3,500,000 votes, even the correspondents had to admit that something was wrong—not with their theories but the German situation.

* * *

General interest in mechanics is indicated by the fact that as Amelia Earhart gets ready to hop off by plane for England the world waits impatiently to know the flavor of which cigarette she can recognize blind-folded.

* * *

German Imports

The peculiar looking commodity on the right, which slipped into the country despite the tariff wall, is Baron Von Huenefeld. His face has been broadcast throughout the press of the United States. He is one of the intrepid airmen who flew across the Atlantic Ocean. While Captain Koehl operated the plane, the baron made his contribution to the success of the venture by sitting in one of the back rooms drawing pictures on a gasoline tank with his finger nail. If there is any credit for such flights it should go to the workers who build the planes and not to the puppets of imperialism who drum up interest in a weapon of warfare. Of course the baron will be remembered for some time to come in scientific circles as the first man to wear a monocle across the Atlantic Ocean by air.

* * *

A worker at Camp Nitgedaiget writes in to say that the two yellow dogs at the camp are not the only ones who bear the names Vladeck and Sigman.

* * *

Padding payrolls has become a popular and profitable pastime among city and state officials. And it doesn't cost much either. Mrs. Knapp, who padded census payrolls was awarded a vacation. The birds in the street cleaning department who cleaned up by using fictitious names on payrolls will probably get a trip to Europe with a bouquet of roses thrown in.

* * *

August Claessens' contribution to the class struggle in New Bedford, according to the New Leader, consists of giving an elocution course there every Sunday morning.

* * *

The power trust has been doing its bit for higher education by subsidizing courses in schools and colleges on "public utilities" and the perils of public ownership. The material, officials of the National Light Electric Association, declare, was of an educational and not a propaganda nature. Something like the impartial book on the Communist Party written by James O'Neal, editor of the New Leader.

* * *

The guy with the derby and the whiskers is not Morris Hillquit at a socialist party convention. It is Chang Tso-lin, Manchurian war-lord, whose entrance into the city of Mukden was greeted by an electrical bomb. Chang is a popular guy—with the Japanese imperialists.

* * *

Prominent socialist leaders will play tennis, go canoeing at moonlight and dance in an effort to solve "industrial problems" during the forthcoming June conference of the League for Industrial Democracy at Camp Tamiment.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

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FASCISTS JAIL ITALIAN COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS

FARME[illegible]T' UNDER CONTROL GOES REPUBLICAN

Mellon Silent As Hoover Organizes

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KANSAS CITY, June 6.—By the time the republican national convention opens here the so-called farm revolt will be under the control of safe republicans, developments here in the convention city indicated today.

When President Coolidge vetoed the second McNary-Haugen farm relief bill and congress sustained the veto, a farmer opposition developed against the Coolidge administration and the republican party. The opposition was directed equally against the presidential candidacy of Herbert Hoover, the big business secretary of commerce. Newspaper reports were highly charged for a few days with predictions of a "tented city" of farmers bivouacked in a rebellious mood outside the republican convention, come there to stick their pitch-forks into the Hoover boom.

This farmer movement has been derailed. Sen. James E. Watson, of Indiana, himself a candidate for the presidential nomination and a crafty observer of the wishes of the industrialists and financiers, is chairman of the committee which will draft the farm plank in the republican platform. Elmer E. Billis, of Chicago, chosen at an agriculturalist meeting in Chicago last week to act as impresario for the farm protest here, had come to terms today with the old line republicans, including Watson. The nature of the terms may be indicated by Billis' own pronouncements on the status and plans of the movement he represents. The farmer has been told to leave his pitchfork at home.; It was never intended that the tenant farmer or agricultural wage earner who really weilds the pitchfork in producing America's food would be present.

Business Men.

"The farmers are business men," Billis said today. "They will drive their own automobiles to Kansas City to make an orderly protest against being left out on the protection scheme arranged for big industries."

This particular farm movement, in other words, is in control of the Grange organization and other groups of the wealthy employing farmers, together with politicians from the agricultural states, like Sen. Watson, who have used the interest of the farmers as a stepping stone to personal power and gain.

Slush Fund Operates.

Meanwhile preliminary skirmishes in the pre-convention sessions of the republican national committee have

(Continued on Page Two)

I. W. W. VICTIMS TO GET HEARING

Parole Board to Hear 8 Prisoners June 13

The eight I. W. W. class-war prisoners confined in the Walla Wall Washington, Penitentiary, for eight years are to be given a hearing before the parole board on June 13, according to a telegram received yesterday by James P. Cannon, secretary of the International Labor Defense.

Central labor bodies in the northwest and hundreds of local organizations of labor thruout the country have started an avalanche of protest to the authorities of the state of Washington against the continued incarceration of the men.

I. L. D. Conducts Drive.

The I. L. D. is now conducting a campaign to draw anew the attention of the working class of the United States to the case of these eight men who are serving sentences of from 25 to 40 years.

Those who will appear before the parole board on June 13 are: Eugene Barnett, Bert Bland, O. C. Bland James McInerney, John Lamb, Britt Smith, Loren Roberts and Ray Becker.

Patriots Led Assault.

They were arrested on Nov. 11 1919, Armistice Day, after defending their headquarters from a murderous assault made by the rabble of the American Legion under the direction of the lumber barons. Their trial was conducted in an atmosphere of terror, armed forces of the state being moved into the town where the trial was held.

All working class organizations are urged by the I. L. D. to adopt resolutions demanding unconditional pardon for the Walla Walla prisoners.

Daily Worker Can Be Saved If Contributions Double; Must Get $5,000 By Saturday, $10,000 By June 16

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER.
Comrades:

The DAILY WORKER today appears for the second time reduced to four pages as a result of the crisis in the finances of the paper which threatens its existence.

We assure the loyal and militant workers who are the friends and supporters of The DAILY WORKER that we will spare no effort to keep our revolutionary paper alive and to restore it to the regular size.

In yesterday's issue we published a statement of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party which, while calling upon the masses of workers and sympathizers to come quickly to the rescue of The DAILY WORKER with financial help, at the same time declared that the Central Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party would make any sacrifice to keep our revolutionary "Daily" alive. We affirm today that we are determined to keep our paper afloat, and we can do so if you will respond quickly and generously. The DAILY WORKER, the central organ of our Communist Party, the one and only daily newspaper in the English language which fights the battles of the American working class in every strike, in every struggle, has a right to call upon you to fight for it. The impending Communist election campaign, which cannot be conducted effectively by our Party without its daily organ in the English language, and the tremendous struggles of the workers in the coal fields, in the textile mills and in the needle trades which depend upon us to voice their fighting demands—these make it our duty to demand that you help The DAILY WORKER out of this crisis.

Contributions are coming to this office at a rate which gives some hope that enough will be obtained by Saturday to prevent the closing of The DAILY WORKER. But this hope will be justified only if the funds come in at least twice as rapidly between now and next Saturday (June 9), when we must have $5,000 if we are not to suspend. A total of $10,000 is absolutely necessary before June 16. The ultimatum from creditors leaves us no choice.

The danger is imperative. Please do not delay.

Send all funds by telegraph, airmail or special delivery to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York.

—THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

Where 3 Died

In spite of the fact that three men died and twenty were injured in the explosion of the DuPont factory at Arlington, the owners of the plant are trying to cover up the seriousness of the disaster and the loss of life by announcing that the plant is seen to resume operations.

PULLMAN PORTERS READY TO STRIKE

Government Likely to Intervene

A national strike of nearly 6,000 Pullman porters and maids in 66 districts from coast to coast is a possibility for tomorrow.

The national officers of the Pullman Porters' Union announced last night that unless an emergency board is created by President Coolidge the strike will be called. The creation of the board has been recommended, under the terms of the Watson Parker Act, by a federal mediator who recently visited New York to verify the tabulation of the union's national strike vote.

The porters and maids empowered their executive board by a vote of approximately 5,750 to 25 to call the strike.

If an emergency mediation board is created the union will demand that it award them union recognition, a minimum wage of $150 a month and the elimination of the workers' dependence on tips, the eight-hour day and the 240-hour month.

Strikebreakers Hired.

If the republican party administration at Washington through President Coolidge does not appoint the board, the workers will go on strike to enforce these demands directly on the Pullman organization.

The Watson-Parker Act, supported by the officialdom of railroad labor unions, places these unions by statute at the mercy of the federal government in their dealings with the employers. The federal government in arbitration or in times of strike has never failed to support the employers against the workers.

In the meantime Pullman is congregating hordes of southern strikebreakers in yards in New York, Chi-

(Continued on Page Three)

Window Cleaners Strike

Striking window cleaners are still picketing the Mutual Building, the Sinclair Oil Building and the Stock Exchange, in New York's financial district, in their demand for a $45 minimum wage and a 44-hour week.

COMMUNISTS TO NOMINATE STATE TICKET SUNDAY

Delegates From All Parts to Attend

In the heart of the "empire state," the home of the corrupt Tammany Hall machine, the Workers (Communist) Party will hold its State Nominating Convention Sunday at 10 a. m. at the new Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

According to an announcement by the campaign committee, this convention proposes to launch a campaign which is to be a definite challenge to the forces of Tammany Hall in this state as well as to the equally corrupt forces of the republican party.

In view of the fact that New York state will provide at least one presidential candidate this year, the convention assumes particular importance.

The Workers Party is planning to utilize this campaign to expose before the American workers the actual conditions in the state over which Al Smith has ruled.

Delegates to the convention are coming from all sorts of working class organizations, including labor unions, fraternal organizations and clubs. The convention will take up, in addition to the general work of the campaign, the specific aims of the campaign in this state in the field of social legislation. Nominations will also be made for governor, lieutenant-governor, attorney-general, United States senator and other state offices.

All working class organizations have been urged to send fraternal delegates.

IMPLICATE MORE IN DONETZ PLOT

Suppressed Complaint After Getting Bribe

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, June 6.—That the engineer, Kusmas, had participated in the Donetz sabotage conspiracy was revealed yesterday when Prosecutor Krylenko questioned Gorlov, another accused technician.

Kusma had rebuked Gorlov when the latter had protested against the sabotage and had threatened him with dismissal if further complaints were made. Gorlov denied being a member of the counter-revolutionary organization but admitted having received six hundred roubles after which he made no further complaints.

Samoyed Delegates From the Extreme North of U. S. S. R.

Four Samoyed delegates, three women and a man, from the far north of the Soviet Union are shown in the picture. The delegates were sent to the Fifteenth Congress of The All Union Communist Party at Moscow

MUST INCREASE FUNDS TO SAVE THE 'WORKER'

A total of $1,182.84 has been contributed during the past three days by class-conscious workers of this country to save The DAILY WORKER from complete extinction.

These contributions, while they represent great sacrifices on the part of the workers, are still far from sufficient to assure the continued existence of the paper. Five thousand dollars must be raised by Saturday, and this means more than a $1,000 a day during the remainder of the week if the Daily is to be saved.

An encouraging sign has been the increase in the contributions from day to day. Monday's total was $161.99, Tuesday's $464.55 and yesterday's $556.30. Today's, tomorrow's and Saturday's total must each go over $1,000 to keep The DAILY WORKER afloat.

The following is a list of the individual contributions received on Tuesday. Yesterday's contributions will be printed in tomorrow's issue.

Branch 3, Sec. 7, Bklyn, N. Y., $12.50; Axelrod, Sec. 8, Bklyn, N. Y., $2; Seligman, Sec. 8, Bklyn, N. Y., $5; Trous, N. Y. C., $5; Esther Gold, Bklyn, N. Y., $1; Night Workers No 1, New York, N. Y., $17.05; Unit 1AC 3F, N. Y. C., $2.40; Group of Comrades, N. Y. C., $8; E. Gollano, Bronx, N. Y., $1; 3C 1F, N. Y. C., $4; 3E F3 (Brajkovitch), N. Y. C., $4.50; Unit 3E F3 (Hemp), N. Y. C., $5; Unit 5D 2F, N. Y. C., $15.25; A Friend, N. Y. C., $1; Louis Fox, Bronx, N. Y., $5; Savelson, N. Y. C., $1.25; Unit 2C

(Continued on Page Two)

CANTON STUDENTS OUT ON STRIKE

Protest Arrest of 40 Militants

CANTON, June 6.—Students in a number of Canton schools went on strike to protest against the arrest of forty students charged with addressing anti-government meetings. General Li Chai-sum, war lord in control of the city, is making every effort to suppress the growing protest.

Peasants are particularly active along the Si-kiang river above Canton, where they have expropriated large landholders and taken over control of the villages.

An appeal outlining instructions for an anti-Japanese boycott has been issued by workers and students.

* * *

SHANGHAI, June 6.—The conflict between groups supporting Generals Feng Yu-hsiang and Chiang Kai-shek has become more acute.

MINE TERROR IS UNABATED

Women Slugged, Beaten Mercilessly

(Special to the Daily Worker)

SLICKVILLE, Pa., June 6.—State troopers yesterday morning viciously attacked two picket lines of newly organized striking miners and their wives who marched from opposite directions upon the Bethlehem Steel Corporation's mine near here. Sylvia Morella, militant woman picket who ran for shelter to the store of a sympathizer nearby, was pursued by mounted troopers and mercilessly beaten.

The state troopers have patroled the roads ever since the coal diggers in the unorganized field struck at the call of the Save-the-Union Committee April 16. Strikers who venture out of their homes are clubbed and terrorized by the cossacks who are "preserving order." As soon as they left the pits, the miners immediately organized themselves into the Westmoreland County Miners Union.

Women Organized.

The women, who are among the most militant fighters in the entire strike area, also organized into auxiliaries and march by the side of their men on the picket lines.

These gallant fighters are receiving absolutely no aid from the United Mine Workers Union. They are entirely dependent upon the National Miners Relief for enough food to keep them alive. And the relief organization depends upon donations from workers the country over to buy food with.

The National Miners Relief Committee divides what it has among thousands of families. Sometimes there is barely enough food for one meal a day—more frequently there is no food in the house for days, sometimes week.

The striking miners are appealing in hundreds of letters flocking into the relief headquarters: "Don't let the marvelous fighting morale be beaten by famine! Help the miners win their strike by sending as much as you can to the National Miners Relief Committee, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa."

NEW BEDFORD JAILING SEEN AS PLAN

Butler, Republican Chief, Guiding Arrests in Mill Strike

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., (FP) June 6.—In police and court hounding of radical leaders and singing pickets in the mass strike of 27,000 cotton mill workers can be seen the guiding hand of William M. Butler, leading mill owner and chairman of the Republican National Committee. With repeated arrests and jail sentences of 30 days to six months imposed on leaders and pickets, Butler's privately-owned city administration carries on Butler traditions of 1919-1922 when his Manufacturers Association paid out $250,000 a year to Sherman Service, expert labor spies and strikebreakers.

Butler's intimate interest in radical workers was laid bare by A. M. Donahue, chief of a Sherman Service union-wrecking crew of 25 operatives during the post-war deflation period. Donahue in 1924 revealed to Fred Moore, counsel for Sacco and Vanzetti, Butler's role as hirer of labor spies.

"You kept a file of what were known as radicals in New Bedford," Moore asked Donahue.

"Yes," responded the ex-Sherman chief, who had quit the business when interviewed by Moore. "While they were classed as radicals by us, it was merely to impress Butler with the idea that New Bedford was filled with radicals and there was great need for the Sherman Service."

Q. Did you ever have conversation with Butler about the so-called list of radicals?

A. I received word from Butler some time in 1920 to go to him and bring my index file. I went with it

(Continued on Page Two)

WORLD PROTEST AGAINST TERROR NOW UNDER WAY

Militant Trade Union Leaders Sentenced

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, June 6.—Thirty-seven members of the Italian Communist Party, many of them members of the Central Executive Committee, were sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from six to twenty-seven years after a secret trial which started last week, according to information received here. Among those sentenced by the fascist terrorists are such leaders as Gramschi and Terracini, who have given the best years of their lives to the struggles of the working class.

Terracini was sentenced to twenty-seven years' imprisonment, while Gramschi, editor of the Ordine Nuovo, was sentenced to seventeen years' imprisonment. Among those jailed were organizers of the Italian General Confederation of Labor, militant working class trade union organization, which has fought against the fascist terror.

Altho the trial was held in absolute secrecy, reliable reports received here declare that statements by Terracini, Rebo and Scoccimaro, other accused working class leaders, showed that the indictments against them were groundless. The witnesses were all police agents. When the agents were called upon to produce proofs, they appealed to "professional secrecy."

Most of those sentenced have spent the last two years in jail, where they were brutally tortured by the police officials.

An international protest, which is expected to assume the proportions of the protest against the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, is under way.

LAUNCH CAMPAIGN AGAINST FASCISM

Red Labor Int'l Urges World Wide Protest

MOSCOW, June 6.—A call for a world-wide protest against the fascist terror and the brutal jail sentences meted out to the leaders of the Italian General Confederation of Labor has been issued by the Executive Bureau of the Red International of Labor Unions.

Referring to the sentences against the leaders of the confederation, the appeal says, "For the last twenty months, during which period many thousands of revolutionary workers have been sentenced, the above-mentioned comrades have been kept in prison, suffering cruel tortures, awaiting their trial which has up to the present been put off by Mussolini, the hangman of the Italian working class."

The reformist labor leaders have been aiding Mussolini's murderous campaign against the working class leaders, the appeal states. "The trial of our heroic Italian comrades is taking place at a time when Albert Thomas, one of the leaders of the Second International, chief of the International Labor Office in Geneva, is the guest and admirer of Mussolini, and has the audacity to praise the fascist trade unions and Mussolini's regime."

U.S.S.R. TO FIGHT AGAINST WASTE

To Train Workers For Technical Jobs

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, June 6.—The Central Committee of the Soviet Union has issued an appeal urging workers to participate in the task of socialist construction and to eliminate all hostile elements.

Only thru the working class will the resistance and sabotage of counter-revolutionary technicians be overcome, the appeal states. The appeal points out the necessity of free inner party criticism, the absolute maintenance of the electoral principles within all party bodies, the application of Lenin's principles, the more severe punishment of offenders who are members of the Communist Party, the simplification of the state apparatus, the promotion of workers to leading positions and the training of Red specialists.

SAYS ALLEN-A STRIKE LEADERS ARE SPINELESS; YOUNG WORKER EXPELLED BY BUDENZ

KENOSHA, Wis. (By mail).—I am one of the Allen-A Hosiery strikers. Several months ago I saw the film, "Passaic," at one of the downtown shows in Kenosha. I certainly admired the splendid fight put up by the thousands of Passaic textile strikers under the leadership of Albert Weisbord, who, I understand, is a member of the Workers (Communist) Party.

When I compare how the leadership of Passaic strike led that struggle with the leadership of our strike, I notice an awful difference.

Albert Weisbord organized mass picketing daily and was himself on the picket line and got arrested dozens of times. Our own leaders refuse to have us violate the injunction by having mass picketing. Once in a while they let us picket for a few minutes but even then they do not help us on the picket line, but go elsewhere.

They have refused to call out the rest of the workers at the Allen-A such as those known as the "seamless" workers and the hundreds of others who work in the other plant across the street from the mill the scabs are in.

Sometimes I wonder if our leaders are without backbones. A Young Workers League representative, who helped us picket and gave us bulletins, pointing out that we must have picketing daily and must call out the unorganized, was barred from attending our strike meetings by Budenz.

I certainly oppose such actions on the part of the leaders. I think it is a shame to bar from our meetings anyone from the Young Workers League. The League has certainly championed our strike and told us how we can win out.

Kindly print this.

—ALLEN-A STRIKER.

Rallying of Textile Workers to Picket Lines Keeps Mills from Operating

STRIKERS IN NEW BEDFORD CARRY VICTORY SYMBOLS

Mill Strike Spirit High Despite Great Need

By GRACE HUTCHINS.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., (FP).—With a spray of lilac in each picket's buttonhole and the longest picket lines since the strike began, New Bedford strikers answered the bosses' move to open the mills, and the mills did not open. Portuguese workers remembered that flowers have always been their symbol of victory, so lilacs picked in the country yesterday were handed out today when the pickets first came on the line.

At least 2,000 strikers at the south end and 3,000 or more at the north end picketed or watched at the gates of the Hathaway, Page, Nonquit and other mills. As the long line of pickets, marching two by two, moved up and down past the big red brick buildings, police watched silently and crowds of other strikers across the street stood unmoving for an hour and a half.

Antonio Adao, speaking in Portuguese, keeps the strikers laughing and applauding. He is a former I. W. W. man and led 5,000 Portuguese strikers once before.

William T. Murdoch, whose sentence to 90 days for "disturbing the peace" is appealed to a higher court, goes back and forth with Fred Beale from north to south end speaking at the hall and then at Saulnier's lot. Ann Craton of the Workers' International Relief visits relief stations and holds the fort at headquarters.

But the lines for relief grow longer as the strike enters its third month. As Textile Council funds run low, the citizens' relief committee cuts relief by 20 per cent and the loom fixers discontinue relief payments at all, many come over to the T. M. C. relief stations.

Portuguese strikers who are also fishermen, stand ready to go out for fish if only money can be sent for schooners. To hire two schooners for a trip takes $14. The last trip brought in 8,000 pounds of fish, all distributed in two days.

David Jones, young Welsh fellow worker, was arrested recently and fined $35 in court. He has been driving out into the country for milk, given by farmers for strikers' children. To take his place while he was in jail, three other strikers volunteered to drive out for milk.

This relief work for foreign-born unorganized workers does not duplicate anything done by other relief agencies. If workers all over the country could watch those lines of strikers file into relief stations, they would soon see that empty shelves were refilled with groceries and provisions. Workers' International Relief, 12 Rodney French Blvd., New Bedford, Mass., is in charge of these stations.

PLAN AUERBACH PROTEST MEET

Scott Nearing, Ousted in 1915, to Speak

PHILADELPHIA, June 6. — The Young Workers (Communist) League of Philadelphia has arranged a meeting to be held at Grand Fraternity Hall here tomorrow at 8 p. m. for the purpose of protesting against the recent dismissal from the University of Pennsylvania of Sol Auerbach, 21-year-old instructor in philosophy, for having spoken publicly in favor of the recognition of the Soviet Union.

Among those who will address the meeting will be Auerbach; Scott Nearing, former professor of economics at the same university, who was expelled in 1915 for his radical activities and teachings; Bertram D. Wolfe, director of the New York Workers School and a member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, and Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Philadelphia.

7 Children Killed

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 6.—Seven children, six of them members of one family, were killed at Auburn, twelve miles south of here, last night when their automobile was struck by a northbound Illinois Traction System interurban train enroute from St. Louis to Springfield.

Well-Known Shoreline Where Rum Flows Free

From five to eight thousand cases of rum are landed weekly at the Chelsea piers in the North River alone, according to the latest revelations of liquor graft in New York harbor. The picture shows a section of the new "rum row."

WORKERS SLAVE FOR 12 CENTS A MONTH

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Few who see the captain in his immaculate military-looking uniform on the bridge or who see the expensively dressed vacationists on deck or who see the bank account of the ownership realize what the conditions are in the lower recesses of the boasted Dollar Line ships.

Much of heavy or dirty work for the Dollar Line profits is done by men already beaten down to a starvation level in the colonial or semi-colonial countries of the far east. Chinese workers in the fireroom of the Dollar Liner President Wilson, named after the late crusading so-called "spokesman of oppressed peoples," are paid 12 cents a month, the vessel's articles show, according to a report to a senate committee.

FARM CAMPAIGN GOES REPUBLICAN

Pershing Called Home; Coolidge Waits

(*Continued from Page One*)

given the Hoover crowd supposed victories in 35 out of the 37 contests over the seating of southern delegates, all anxious for lucrative patronage control. In one instance seven Hoover campaign managers with proxies voted as national committee members. One of these was Rush L. Holland, assistant attorney general under Harry M. Daugherty. He was recently shown in the senate to have paid Perry W. Howard, Mississippi Negro politician and Washington job-holder, $2,000 in cash and $200 a week to line up Hoover votes. Holland sat through the committee sessions with Howard's proxy.

Hoover's campaign has appeared more extravagantly financed and better organized in the machine sense than the campaign of Frank O. Lowden. Hoover has controlled the national committee at times against the opposition of its chairman, William M. Butler. But Andrew W. Mellon, secretary of the treasury and boss of the republican industrialist group, has not arrived on the scene and has remained non-committal, as has Butler himself on main issues.

The "drafting" of Coolidge is still a possibility, in case Mellon, Butler and others believe it is advisable.

Gen. John Pershing also has been summoned from Paris for political reasons, probably on the grounds that he could swing many hoodlum jingo votes that might be wavering. The open shop interests of the United States would even like to have such a fascist for president, though it is only Pershing's uniform that distinguishes him in this respect from Hoover, Lowden and Coolidge.

HUGE PROFITS FOR U. S. POWER TRUST

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 6.—The gross earnings of public utility trusts during the month of April, exclusive of telephone and telegraph companies, were $184,000,000, according to statistics of the Department of Commerce, gathered from reports of 95 companies or systems operating gas, electric light, heat, power, traction and water companies. This is an increase of more than $7,000,000 over the gross earnings for April, 1927, which were $176,467,300. The gross earnings in March of this year were $189,990,494.

White Collars Jobless

When Hornblower & Weeks, stock exchange traders, advertised for clerical help, 400 "white collar" men applied but only 10 were hired. U. S. Sharpes Corp., investment trust organizers, advertised for securities salesmen. Two hundred applied: 15 were hired.

SEE BUTLER HAND IN MILL ARRESTS

Coolidge Man Vicious Labor Baiter

(*Continued from page one*)

and was instructed to turn it over to the office of the Department of Justice at the post office and to give the department officials the files. I think they took a copy of all names and addresses. Butler told me his intention was to arrest and deport all of the radicals that we had anything on in New Bedford.

• • •

Q. WERE you in New Bedford at the time of the raid on the I. W. W. headquarters? A. You mean by the Sherman men? Yes.

Q. What prompted the raid? A. The thought in the minds of the mill men that the I. W. W. was getting too strong and they simply wanted to put them out of business.

Q. With whom did you make plans for conducting the raid? A. It was talked over with Dexter of the Beacon Mills and Kerwin, another mill owner.

Q. Was the raid actually made by the police? A. No, no. It was a midnight visit, breaking and entering practically, surreptitiously done. There was only one man who did it. He was a New York operator. His story to me was that he had bought a knife and cut out a space in the latch sufficiently large enough to insert his hand and turn the catch to let him in. He then said he built a large bonfire in the middle of the floor of the books and had cut the pool tables and broken everything he could lay his hands on. He had broken the frame which held the I. W. W. charter and taken the charter away. He destroyed all the office records.

• • •

THE story was afterwards changed so that the public were led to believe that the break was made by the American Legion men, who were incensed with the idea of the I. W. W. men being in New Bedford. The same thing happened in another city and it was to let them think the same thing happened over again.

Q. In determining policies and the amount of expenditures and methods to be pursued, was Butler the directing genius of this work?

A. So much that the last year, 1921, I got orders to cut my force down, so that the total cost to the manufacurers would be less than $50,000 for that year. I personally conferred with Butler at that time and showed him how it could be done by eliminating certain operatives who were not holding executive positions. I cut it down and he was satisfied.

• • •

EDITOR'S NOTE—This is the second of a series on strikebreaking activities of William Butler, head of the Republican National Committee and personal adviser to Calvin Coolidge, in previous New Bedford strikes. The next story will tell of Butler's control of police and city administration.

$325,000,000 Contracts In Flood Control Bill

KANSAS CITY, June 6.—The flood control bill signed by President Coolidge will mean the distribution of more than $325,000,000 in contracts on the Mississippi River. This is one reason why many Mississippi Valley contractors are watching the republican national convention here with great interest with a view to "investing" in the campaign of the most likely candidate.

MINERS LEAVE HALL EMPTY AT WOLL MEETING

Sheriffs On Hand to Aid Lewis Machine

(*By a Worker Correspondent*)

LANSING, (By Mail).—Matthew Woll and Lee Hall were announced to speak at this place on Saturday, and although the secretary of the local was not notified, the membership of the local was present to hear these two men. The miners were waiting especially for Woll, for they know his policy and methods, and were determined to make it hot for him.

Neither Woll nor Lee Hall, the president of the district, showed up. In their place came an international board member and all the sheriffs and deputy sheriffs in the county. It was a great sight, but one to which the miners have got used. Del Guzzo, international organizer, took the platform and announced that he was going to be chairman of the meeting, that speeches would be made, but that no questions would be asked or answered.

Bob Sivert, newly elected sub-district board member, immediately rose to ask a question. Hardly did he get a word out of his mouth before a deputy sheriff seized him and pushed him down into his seat, but not before he had torn his shirt to pieces.

"Sit down and stay there and keep your mouth shut," was the command of the deputy.

"Like hell, I will," said Bob. "I'm going to get out of here."

He rose and went out, followed by almost the entire body of men. About 40 men remained, made up of reactionary suckers, rats, etc., gathered from all over the sub-district.

Thus again we see the function of the international officials of the Lewis machine. Sheriffs, marshals, national guard and Lewis machine: what is the difference between them? None—and the rank and file will continue to learn from these gentlemen.

The same thing happened a few days ago at Robyville to which deputies also came.

"We hold our meetings only with members of the United Mine Workers present," said one of the men. "What the hell are the sheriffs doing here? Come on, boys, let's go!" Everybody left and the old reactionary sub-district board members were left high and dry, and without an audience.

The same thing happened in Duncanwood.

Sheriffs, reactionary officials, rats, stool-pigeons, strikebreakers — they are all there for the same purpose—to break up the organization.

—WARE.

NEED MORE FUNDS TO SAVE 'DAILY'

Workers Must Increase Contributions

(*Continued from page one*)

1F, N. Y. C., $1.40; May Amper, Bronx, N. Y., $5; Rose Kuntz, N. Y. C., $11; L. Cohen, Bronx, N. Y., $1; Unit 2C 5F, N. Y. C., $7; Mary Adam, Jamaica, L. I., $10; I. Feinstein, N. Y. C., $10; X. Y., N. Y. C., $2; Unit 3C 3S, N. Y. C., $8; Unit 3C 1S, N. Y. C., $9; Pauline Shapiro (3C 4S), N. Y. C., $1; Unit 3C 4S, N. Y. C., $1; Unit 3E 2F, N. Y. C., $5; Unit 2A 4F, N. Y. C., $15; Sec. 1 2F, N. Y. C., $10; Unit 2A 5F, N. Y. C., $4.50; Isaac Siegel, Brooklyn, N. Y., $1; Unit 3C 1F, N. Y. C., $2; Cutters' Welfare League, N. Y. C., $5; Group from Steinberg Dress Shop, N. Y. C., $2; Harry Mitzger, N. Y. C., $1; J. Rabinowitz, N. Y. C., $1; Morris Rosenberg, N. Y. C., $1; John Olah, Wickliffe, Ohio, $5; Guido D'Andreas, N. Y. C., $2; A. Arvidson, Hicksville, L. I., $2; E. Petterson, Hicksville, L. I., $2; A. Pilguist, Hicksville, L. I., $2; H. Person, Hicksville, L. I., $2; F. Person, Hicksville, L. I., $2; Ed. Hirsch, Cincinnati, Ohio, $1; A. T. Harington, Detroit, Mich., $2; Sam Sambrozo, N. Y. C., $5; S. Bray, Brooklyn, N. Y., $2; H. E. McAdams, Dresden, Ohio, $10; Chas. Bonsall, Salem, Ohio, $1.10; Unit 1F, L. I. City, $22; Constance Angiidmo, N. Y. C., $5; John Masso, N. Y. C., $5; Sidney Diamond, N. Y. C., $2; T. U. E. L., Local 22, I. L. G. W. U., N. Y. C., $55; H. Bernson, Bronx, N. Y., $2; Fred Douglass, Boston, Mass., $3; A. Worker, N. Y. C., $1; Jack Feurer, N. Y. C., $5; Proletarische Buehne (Collection), N. Y. C., $16; Joe Andolaro, N. Y. C., $5; K. Pilleris, Centriville, N. J., $10; Geo. Tolly, collected, Pittsburgh, Pa., $9.60; Jack Samek, N. Y. C., $2; A. Sparn, Wilmington, Del., $5; Peter Fireman, Trenton, N. J., $2; John Anastasio, Port Chester, N. Y., $1; J. Savim, Chester, Pa., $2; S. Greenfield, N. Y. C., $1; Max Rozenberg, Bklyn, N. Y., $2; Estella Tarkoff, Bolder, Colo., $1; Moses Bragin, Bklyn, N. Y., $2; Carlo Luccarelli (collected), N. Y. C., $7; John Allen, N. Y. C., $1; H. Epstein, Hartford, Conn., $5; Emily M. Rosenstein, Bklyn, N. Y., $10; Isidore Begun, N. Y. C., $5; Theo. Eremun, N. Y. C., $2; Maurice Heller, N. Y. C., $1; Phil Soffer, N. Y. C., $1; Samuel Moses, Bronx, N. Y., $1; L. A. Graham (collected), Chester, Pa., $6.50; Joe Lerner, N. Y. C., $10; C. Ambrojio, N. Y. C., $2; Miss M. B. Bingham, Evanston, Ill., $1; Beacher, Bklyn, N. Y., $1; Julius Soos, N. Y. C., $1; I. H. Bay, Pittsburgh, Pa., $2.50; Lillian Kirchman, Philadelphia, Pa., $1. Frank Ginsberg, Boston.

Australians Succeed in Imperialist Flight

The upper picture shows the imperialist plane, Southern Cross, which has just made the longest airplane flight in history across the Pacific from Hawaii to the Fiji Islands. The plane is piloted by Captain Charles Kingsford-Smith and three companions, all Australian army officers. Captain Kingsford-Smith is shown in the lower picture.

SOUTHERN CROSS

"Gentlemen of the Press" Set For August at Henry Miller's

ONE of the first of the new crop of productions scheduled for the coming season is definitely set. This will be a new opus by Ard Morehouse, titled "The Gentlemen of the Press," and is announced for August 27 at Henry Miller's Theatre. The play will have its try-out at Long Branch on August 13, and will then play at Asbury Park and Atlantic City, before its New York premiere. The cast includes John Cromwell, Hugh O'Connell, Harold Walbridge, Carlotta Irwin, Helen Flint and Russell Crome.

"The Domino Parlor," a new play by Lynn Riggs, will be presented by Lee Shubert in Newark on June 18 with a New York engagement in September. Irene Fenwick is featured, and others in the cast include Warren Williams, Alan Goods, John Brawn, Edith Arnold, Zelma Tiden, Marius Rogati and Pacie Ripple.

Schwab and Mandel have arranged to keep their "Good News" company now current at Channin's 46th Street Theatre intact for the balance of the New York run. Gus Shy, Inez Courtney, John Sheehan, John Price Jones, Zelma O'Neal, Don Tomkins and Ruth Mayon are the principals in the production.

Although Agnes Morgan is responsible generally for the book of the "Grand Street Follies," two important sketches in the edition which opened recently at the Booth Theatre were contributed by members of the cast. Marc Loebell wrote the musical comedy burlesque of Coquette and Albert Carroll wrote the Laurette Taylor skit in the manner of Zoe Akins.

STAR OF "DIAMOND LIL"

Mae West who is appearing in her own play "Diamond Lil" at the Royale Theatre.

FISHERMEN EXPLOITED.

BOSTON, June 6 (FP).—Miserable working conditions and low wages of Massachusetts Bay fishermen have been brought to the attention of the state commission of the necessaries of life. Fishermen get less than $900 a year, despite the hazards of their work.

Confiscate Issue Of Czech Communist Paper

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, June 6.—The entire issue of the Rudepravo, organ of the Czechoslovakian Communist Party, was confiscated on June 3rd by the police because it contained a draft of the program of the coming congress of the Communist International.

JAPANESE PORTS PARALYZED WHILE SEAMEN STRIKE

Thousands Out; Harbor Workers May Follow

TOKYO, June 6.—Thousands of seamen are out on strike today and hundreds of ships, are idle in all Japanese ports as the result of the general seamen's strike which has virtually paralyzed shipping in the Islands.

Osaka, Nagasaki and Yokohoma are the centers of the strike. In these three ports alone thousands of men walked out and the huge international shipping is unable to take on or discharge cargoes.

Rapid mobilization of police effectives by the government has interfered with picketing, and demonstrations of the seamen are being prohibited in many places, but the leaders of the strike declare that picketing along the waterfronts will be begun shortly.

Belief that the harbor workers who receive wretched wages and work long hours, may follow the seamen out in a sympathetic strike gained ground yesterday with the growing unrest among all classes of stevedores on the Osaka and Yokohama docks.

Further spread of the strike to Japanese controlled ports on the Asiatic mainland is also considered probable within the next few days. Seamen in Dairen, Port Arthur, Tsing Tao and Formosan harbors are being called upon to join the walkout in the islands.

Reading, Impeached, Resigns From Office

BOSTON, June 6.—Following his impeachment yesterday by the state house of representatives, Attorney-General Arthur K. Reading resigned today. Reading, notorious as one of the officials responsible for the legal murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, was proved to have accepted a $25,000 fee from the Decimo Club, at the same time that the club was under investigation in several states. Reading's resignation may not be accepted, and he may have to stand an impeachment trial in the senate.

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DIRECTIONS: Take ferries 23rd St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
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AMUSEMENTS

HAMMERSTEIN'S THEATRE, B'way at 53d St.
PHONE, COLUMBUS 8380.
THE RUSSIAN FILM CLASSIC
"The End of St. Petersburg"
"Of all the motion pictures playing in New York, 'The End of St. Petersburg' is easily the most vigorous, heroic and in many ways the finest."—Quinn Martin, The World.
Music by Herbert Stothart—Russian Choir—Symphony Orchestra.
Nights 8:40; 50c to $1.50. Mats. Daily 2:40; 50c to $1, Incl. Tax.

BOOTH Thea., W. 45 St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE GRAND ST. FOLLIES
OF 1928

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL | Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play,
Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St.
Mats. WED. & SAT.

KEITH-ALBEE
CAMEO
42nd St. & B'way
WIS. 1789
American Premiere
"Living Image"
Or
(Lady of Petrograd)
Russian Photodrama
& Charlie Chaplin in 'The Count'

A Worker's Tour to Soviet Russia
TO WITNESS THE CELEBRATION OF THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION
NOVEMBER 7
("EVERY WORKER SHOULD PARTICIPATE")
The Group Sails Oct. 17th on the Ocean Greyhound Cunard S. S. "MAURETANIA"
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Railroad Porters Await Call for Strike

ALL WORKERS ON PULLMANS MAY SOON WALK OUT

Strategy is in Hands of Two

(Continued from page one)

cago, Kansas City and other railroad centers. Pullman has its spies working assiduously within union ranks and even entering the national office in Harlem. A. R. MacDonald, professional strikebreaker, has been retained to fight the union.

Thirty-seven union meetings held in every important railroad center heard the result of the strike vote. Enthusiasm reigned at these meetings, for porters and maids felt that at last they were within striking distance of freedom from the generation-old serfdom imposed by Pullman. "We'll get down and we'll fight," they shouted. "And we'll see that no scabs get on."

At national headquarters, Organizer Randolph, Secretary Lancaster and five members composing the executive board, are in charge of union strategy. The members identity is kept secret to prevent their discharge. One is a maid.

WORKERS IGNORE SIGMAN MEETING

See It as Attempt to Get 3-Day Tax

The mass meeting called by the Sigman-Schlesinger gang for tonight is so completely disregarded by the masses of cloak and dressmakers in the market that their agents are feverishly mobilizing all their henchmen in the other trade unions to attend the meeting.

Ostensibly, the meeting is called to "celebrate" the beginning of the theoretical 40-hour week with the cloak bosses.

The latter practically admitted this in a statement issued yesterday that since Sigman had failed to destroy the influence of the left wing Joint Board, the bosses cannot be held responsible for the inauguration of the shorter week. This curious statement, it is pointed out, is made when the union shattered by the right wing is unable to prevent these same bosses from running their shops on a 70 hour week basis.

The meeting is merely an attempt to secure payments of the three-day tax which was the sole outcome of the recent convention of fakers in Boston, many workers declare.

Detroit Sports Union To Give Dance June 12

DETROIT, June 6. — The Detroit Labor sports Union is giving an athletic exhibition and dance, Tuesday, June 12, at the Finnish Hall, 5969 Fourteenth Street.

An athletic program has been arranged, consisting of apparatus work, gymnastics, wrestling and action poses. The program will start at 8:00 p. m., and dancing will begin at 9:30 p. m.

Built By the Workers and For the Workers

This huge dam and spillway is part of the electrification projects which are being carried on by the workers and peasants of the Soviet Republic of Georgia, one of the federates of the Soviet Union. When completed the dam will form part of a system bringing power over vast stretches of country to thousands of workers and peasants.

"HORSES" WIN TAMMANY GRAFT

And Choir Singer Lies Only Mildly

Race horses that always brought home the bacon for him, presumably because he regularly sang sweet music in a church choir, was the explanation adopted by William J. Oswald, indicted district superintendent of the street cleaning department to account for the sums of money varying between $125 and $150 per week which William J. Lougheed, self-confessed grafter and state witness, regularly handed over to him.

Oswald, who sings in a Catholic church choir, is on trial with Charles A. McGee, general superintendent of the department on charges of grand larceny and forgery. He did not deny having received these sums which aggregated more than his salary. The money, he declared, came from winnings on races as a result of an "air-tight system", Lougheed had worked which brought in three or four hundred dollars a week.

Oswald under direct examination testified that he had been assigned to the fourth Bronx district in January 1925. In March of that year, he declared, Lougheed first made known to him his acquaintance with prancing steeds by showing him a bankroll the size of the proverbial horse. Oswald did not say that this was how he came to believe the money had been obtained through playing the ponies. He insisted, however, that Lougheed had offered to let him in on the game of beating the bookmakers—and he, Oswald, fell for it. Thereafter, Oswald testified, the "horses" won regularly with only one exception.

Another remarkable fact about these uniformly winning "horses" was that Oswald never was asked to put up any money for his bets. They just ran knowing in advance that they would win for Oswald, McGee, Lougheed, and the others higher up whose grafting activities in the great Tammany scandal is believed to have reached $200,000,000 in the past decade.

CHELSEA TRUCK PARTY.

CHELSEA, Mass., June 6.—The Young Workers (Communist) League of Chelsea will hold its first truck party of the season on June 10. The trucks will leave the Chelsea Labor Lyceum, 453 Broadway, at 10 a. m.

LEWIS MAN OUSTS MINER FROM SHED

National Relief Pays His Rent

(By a Worker Correspondent)

GLEN ROBBINS, O. (By mail).—The corrupt officials of the Mine Workers' Union are not satisfied with expelling us progressives and cutting off our relief. They use sneakier tricks when they can get a chance. Here is what they did to Steve Grgich, a progressive in Glen Robbins, Ohio.

When they evicted us from the houses of the Dun Glenn mine, we all went to work building barracks. Steve Grgich has a large family with eight children and he worked like everything to build enough rooms in the barracks for him and his family.

After he worked for nearly a week and he was almost finished, Adolph Pacifico, sub-district official and a Lewis man came along when Steve was working and sent him away. When he came back the next day, he found another family moved into the place on the orders of Pacifico.

Steve's time was up and he had to move out. He didn't know where to go, so he asked Jim Vall, another progressive what to do. Vall found a house for him and the National Miners Relief Committee paid for his moving and a month's rent.

We miners would be in a hell of a shape if it were not for the National Miners Relief Committee. Lots of men would go back to work if they didn't get food from them. Not because they are yellow or because they are not good union men but because you can't stay out on strike for 15 months without anything to eat.

—F. S.

Shaap Will Speak At League Anniversary

SAN FRANCISCO, June 6. — The sixth anniversary of the Young Workers (Communist) League will be celebrated with a demonstration at the Youth Festival, Saturday, June 16, at Gymnastic Hall, 2460 Sutter St., under the auspices of Unit No. 1 of the league in this city.

The program includes:

1. C. M. T. C. (A play in two acts).
2. Slave Dance. (By the Pioneers).
3. Musical Number.
4. Dancing till 1 a. m.

Matthew Woll Praises the Fascists

By NICOLA NAPOLI.

MATTHEW WOLL, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, has taken the opportunity at a fascist banquet held recently in honor of Mr. Sansanelli, the latest publicity agent sent to America by Mussolini, to praise fascismo and to insult the Italian proletariat.

In honoring fascismo, Woll has also praised the Italian "Charter of Labor" with which the Italian capitalists have tried to destroy every organizational liberty for the working class and have succeeded in enslaving it.

Not satisfied with joining hands with the bosses on many occasions against the interests of the American workers, Woll has revealed again his reactionary character by exalting the exploiting regime in Italy.

* * *

Here is what Mr. Woll wrote to Mr. P. Vaccareli, a fascist organizer of the A. F. of L.:

"My dear Vaccarelli: Please mention in your speech the greetings of six million workers, members of the American Federation of Labor to Hon. Sansanelli and also tell him that the representatives of our federation who are present in this hall, have come to honor him."

Thus, according to Woll, the three million members of the A. F. of L. have rendered honor to Sansanelli and consequently to fascismo and to Mussolini.

We believe they cannot permit Woll's insult made in their name against their Italian comrades and brothers who are being murdered, tortured and jailed by fascismo. They cannot ignore the ties of international solidarity of the working class.

* * *

WOLL'S new attitude towards fascismo characterizes the reactionary attitude of the leaders of the A. F. of L. who receive earnest support from the socialists. These leaders are following the path of the Amsterdam International which is strengthening its alliance with the capitalist class against the working class in every country. After the recent visit of Albert Thomas to Italy, during which this representative of the reformist International praised the "fascist reforms," now comes the statement of Mr. Woll.

Do the workers of America need any other proof of the degeneration and corruption of the socialists and leaders of the A. F. of L.?

If they do not want to be considered as accomplices of fascism they must protest against Woll's unauthorized statement. They must vote resolutions to this effect and against fascismo at their next local meeting. They must actively participate in the international campaign against fascism in order to prevent other victims. They must extend their solidarity to the Confederazione Generale del Lavoro (Italian Federation of Trade Unions) the only organization in Italy which represents the workers, which is organizing and preparing them for the conquest of their trade union rights. They must also condemn openly the Italian "Charter of Labor."

The American workers cannot acquiesce Woll's statement indifferently and quietly.

Let this serve as an incentive to renew the fight of the militant workers in their organizations against the corrupt leadership of the American Federation of Labor and against the fascist penetration in the trade unions.

BALTIMORE, MD.

Grand Outdoor Picnic

for the relief of the Ohio and Pennsylvania
Striking Coal Miners

SUNDAY, JUNE 10th, at New Battle Grove

Wm. Peterson's Residence—Sparrows Point, Md.

EXCELLENT PROGRAM. PLENTY OF EATS AND REFRESHMENTS.

ADMISSION FREE. Auspices Finnish Workers' Educational Assn.

CHICAGO WORKERS RESPOND TO CALL FOR MINE RELIEF

Special Campaign to End On Sunday

CHICAGO, June 6.—A great number of volunteers have already responded to the special miners' relief drive in Chicago. Scores of blocks have already been covered and substantial sums have been collected.

The local campaign committee, however, decided to extend the week's drive to include Sunday, June 10th. Special efforts are being made to have everyone interested in the great struggle of the miners to help finish the special drive. The committee calls upon those to respond to the last call.

Volunteers are to call at the respective stations and get their blocks and collection material and finish the job. Next Sunday all of the stations will be open. All those who are going to participate in the work are urged to get an early start in the work Sunday—it is easier to find the workers at home. Buttons, boxes, stamps and collection materials will be supplied.

This will be the last call on the honor roll, and the participants will have the honor of being at the Volunteer Banquet at the close of the week's drive.

JOINT DEFENSE IN HUGE CARNIVAL

Dancing, Campfires, Sports Feature

After a day of interesting events such as concerts by a large orchestra, sport exhibitions, games, calisthenics, ballets, dramatic performances and a grand march, the workers attending the Joint Defense Carnival and Jamboree in Starlight Park Saturday will be able to choose between going to the free big dance hall and holding rallies around the numerous camp fires to be held.

Soccer, Baseball For Finn Workers Picnic

DETROIT, June 6. — Two soccer games, a baseball game and other athletic events by members of the Detroit Labor Sports Union will provide entertainment at a picnic to be held by the Finnish Workers' Educational Association, Sunday, June 10, at Loon Lake.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Scranton Picnic.

SCRANTON, Pa.—The Scranton local of the Workers (Communist) Party of America will hold its annual picnic on June 10 at Runo Farm, Hollow Ave., here. The program for the day will begin at 10 a. m.

* * *

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 29, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

* * *

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, O.—The Martins Ferry branch of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Reasbeck Farm on June 10. Those wishing to come will meet at Hungarian Hall, Main and Center Sts., at 10 a. m.

* * *

Detroit Labor Sports.

DETROIT.—The Detroit Labor Sports Union will hold a dance and athletic exhibition on June 12, 8 P. M., at the Finnish Labor Temple, 5969 14th St., near McGraw. All the proceeds will go to the Miners' Relief.

* * *

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

* * *

Milwaukee Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—The Milwaukee branch of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold a picnic at Pleasant Valley Park on June 10. Both the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers of this city will participate.

* * *

Chicago Freiheit Picnic.

CHICAGO. — The Chicago Freiheit Gesangs Verein, Mandolin Orchestra and Dramatic Studio will hold a picnic at Polonia Grove, Higgins Road and 61st Ave. on June 10.

* * *

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

* * *

Kenosha Meeting.

KENOSHA, Wis.—The Young Workers (Communist) League and the Workers (Communist) Party of Kenosha will hold a mass meeting June 8 at 8 P. M. at the German-American Hall. The subject of the meeting will be the Allen-A strike.

* * *

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

* * *

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for June 29 at Maple Grove Park.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

* * *

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Vineland, N. J., June 7; Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

* * *

Newark Meeting and Social.

NEWARK. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold a mass meeting and social on June 8, at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 93 Mercer St. Everyone is invited to attend.

* * *

Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA.—The enlarged conference for the relief of the striking miners will meet on June 11, at 8 p. m. at Grand Fraternity Hall.

* * *

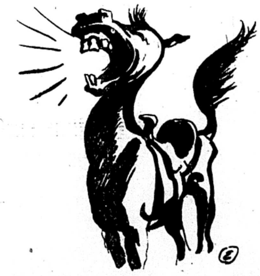
Chicago White Russian Picnic.

CHICAGO.—There will be a grand picnic given by the White Russian Peoples' Society on June 10, at Albert Miset Grove. The gate will open at 10 a. m.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Thursday, June 7, Hartford, Conn.
Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.
Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.
Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.
Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.



Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new

Red Cartoons 1928

Sixty-four pages of the choice work of the best proletarian artists in America, including:

FRED ELLIS	WM. GROPPER	HUGO GELLERT
M. BECKER	JACOB BURCK	DON BROWN
HAY BALES	K. A. SUVANTO	WM. SIEGEL

Introduction by Robert Minor

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REVEAL HOW RUM GRAFT IS HIDDEN BY REPUBLICANS

Politicians Use Power To Stop Exposure

The rum smuggling graft disclosures which threatened Monday to splash over half the republican party's New York face and as a result of which fifteen customs guards, two roundsmen and an inspector were Saturday suspended, appeared yesterday to have been sufficiently stemmed to be called a "petty affair" by those responsible.

The reports were "grossly exaggerated," these officials declared. No one really doubts that millions of dollars of high priced liquor has been "bootlegged" in from trans-Atlantic liners to find its way into the cellars of New York society. As much as $40,000,000 is the amount estimated thus to have been smuggled into this city. The graft to officials is also said to have run into millions.

"Give Everybody a Chance to Read Me!"
—*The Daily Worker.*

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Come Hear the New Gospel

Bishop

WM. MONTGOMERY BROWN

at the LABOR LYCEUM
35 MILLER ST., PITTSBURGH

Bishop Brown

Sunday, June 10
8 P. M.

Subject:
"THE FUTURE SOCIETY"

THE FREIHEIT SINGING SOCIETY of fifty voices will sing. STANLEY ALTSHULA, Conductor.

FRED SIDERS, newly elected President of District 5. W. M. W. of A. will preside.

Auspices National Miners' Relief Committee of Pittsburgh, Pa.

DIRECTIONS: Take 82 Car and get off at Roberts Street, and take any car on Fifth Avenue, and get off Dinwiddie Street.

PICNIC

For the benefit of the Daily Worker
Given by the
New Kensington, Pa. Branch
of the Workers (Communist) Party
Sunday, June 10th
at FABIAN'S FARM

DANCING REFRESHMENTS SPEAKERS

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To Silver Lake, Mass.

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THE DAILY WORKER

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Coal Miners, Take Control!

The emergency district conventions of the United Mine Workers Union are proceeding one by one with the imperative job of putting the control of the districts into the hands of the mine workers. The complete and final ousting of the company agents who have so long controlled the districts for John L. Lewis is of course the unconditional necessity. The special district convention in Illinois, in Ohio, in Indiana, in District five of Pennsylvania have ousted these traitors and elected new officers who represent the mine workers.

But the establishment of the mine workers' control of their Union in these districts cannot stop with the mere declaration of the conventions that these representatives are the new officers of the Union. The elections cannot be allowed to remain on paper, but must be put into actual force by the whole rank and file of the Union, who must function now more actively than ever before. The old traitors will not give up their strangle-hold without a fight, not without resorting to police agents and company gunmen in claiming still to be the official heads of the Union. The slightest weakness on the part of the newly elected and true representatives of the Union, or the slightest slacking up of the militant activity of the rank and file, would result in stagnation and chaos. The new district leadership of the Union must be the leadership in every sense of the word.

There is no doubt whatever that the company agents of Lewis will still claim office, will still claim that they and their henchmen constitute the Union, in spite of the district emergency conventions. They will try to hypnotize the mine workers with the claim of "regularity" for themselves and will declare the newly elected officers to constitute a "dual" framework. The mine workers must meet this new form of treachery and deceit with a strong and fearless hand. To fail to uphold the results of the emergency district conventions by a ruthless breaking up of the treacherous bureaucratic machine, would mean to betray the hundreds of thousands of mine workers whose will must prevail.

In the Anthracite districts the situation is more complicated. The Brennan machine, which has come out as a "new leadership" selected by the emergency district convention of District No. 1, is only an evidence of the inability of the mine workers of the anthracite at that time to eliminate another crew of traitors of the Lewis type.

Brennan, McGarry and Harris do not mean a victory for the mine workers. The Brennan crew in opposing Cappelini has used exactly the same trickery by which Cappelini got power—that is by pretending to fight for the real interests of the miners, only to fasten upon them a company of bureaucrats essentially no different than the Cappelini machine.

The Brennan crew will either sell out to Lewis, or will betray the mine workers by the dastardly scheme of separating the anthracite miners from the bituminous miners in a so-called "anthracite union" which will be little else than a company union and which will weaken the miners on a national scale. The mine workers of the anthracite have not yet gotten rid of the vermin of the coal operators. Their experience with the trickery of Brennan must be regarded only as a signal to fight on until the mine workers themselves secure control and make the anthracite an integral part of a completely organized industry on a nation-wide scale.

Throughout the mine fields, as the emergency district conventions reach their climax, the fight must be intensified and a complete smashing of the Lewis bureaucracy must be realized. Disregard all fake cries of "dual unionism" from the mouths of Lewis' company agents. Mine workers! Go ahead full speed and take control of your own Union!

Miners Applaud Relief Speaker

(By a Worker Correspondent)

OLYPHANT, Pa., (By Mail).—National Miners' Relief Organizer Ida Weitman has broken the ice at last. At a meeting of Local 795, U. M. W. of A., that met in Olyphant May 31, Ida Weitman asked permission to address the meeting despite the fact that Board Member Boylan was present. She meant to encourage the many sympathizers of the N. M. R. C. and she succeeded.

Dire Need.

She simply explained the dire need of the striking miners who go in their 14th month of the great struggle. "If they lose you are all lost, the whole working class of America will be beaten," she said. Enthusiastic applause from the 700 miners present, and the faces of our sympathizers were aglow at the close of her appeal.

Then Board Member Boylan got up and praised the wonderful work of the investigating committee which J. L. Lewis collected in the course of the strike for which he is paid $40 a day. The N. M. R. C. was also doing more damage than the coal operators in breaking the U. M. W. of A., he said.

Then the fun began.

Organizer Ida Weitman took the floor for a half hour and with all her fire and vigor she told the miners everything they want to know.

"Miners, union men, our brother Boylan says that the N. M. R. C. is a worse enemy than the coal operators, and he tells you these are the facts. He praises the senate investigating committee.

Relief Is Unionist.

"In the history of U. M. W. of A. or any other labor union in the country we never won a strike with the help of any government committee. Do not we know that they always help to kill our strikers? The National Miners' Relief Committee, every man jack of them are 100 per cent union men, made of the very same stuff as you fellows. Their union cards are paid up to date of the strike. They are fighters. When they organized the relief, they knew what they were doing. Instinctively they felt, that Lewis with his $30 or $40 a day, was not hungry. Miners were facing starvation. It took Lewis seven months to realize it before he made you pay the assessments.

"Some fellows were telling me before I came to this meeting, that J. L. Lewis and the rest of the gang are taking a big rake off. It may be true for all I know. And now men let us look into this situation with open eyes. Who are our friends and who are our enemies.

Militants.

"Every active man in the National Miners' Relief Committee has been beaten up for fighting on the picket lines. Could they be enemies? No. 100 times no! Keep your eyes open, they are trying to break you and they start where you are weakest.

"Should our brothers in the soft coal region lose the strike in less than three months, then the coal operators and their trusted friends will start the same monkey business in the anthracite. They want to smash you. Are you going to let them? Every dollar you give tonight will help the brave men and women on the firing line to win."

Cheers, yells and applause. As a result $29.41 was collected. The Miners' Relief Bulletin was simply torn from the comrade who distributed them.

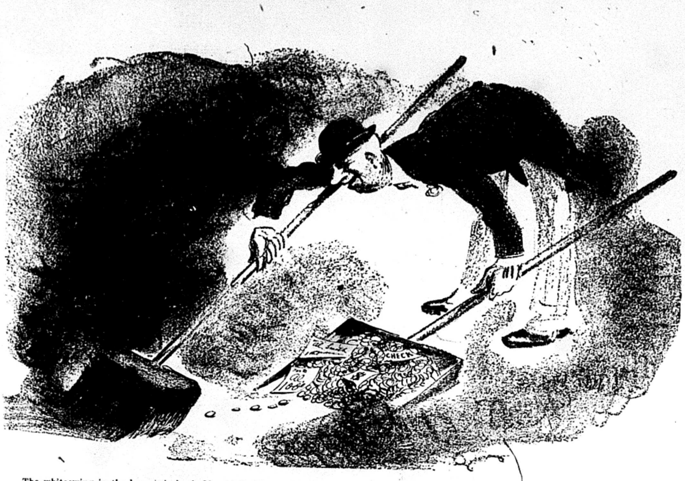
Sympathizers are organizing a house-to-house collection in Jessup, Olyphant and Dieson City. —SID.

• • •

EDITOR'S NOTE: Olyphant is in the anthracite

ON THE SIDEWALKS OF NEW YORK—AT BROAD AND WALL STS.

By Fred Ellis



The white-wing in the brown derby is Mr. Al Smith, candidate for president. The cartoonist apologizes to the real white wings who are honest workers.

After the Fall of Peking---What?

This remarkable and timely article on the significance of the fall of Peking, written in advance of the event by Earl R. Browder, will be continued in the next two issues of The DAILY WORKER. Readers are advised not to miss the instalments.—EDITOR.

• • •

By EARL BROWDER.

THERE is so much blood smeared over the Chinese scene that it is not always easy to see what is going on behind this red screen. Workers, peasants, youths, have been and are daily being slaughtered in the most horrible ways, in numbers running into the hundreds of thousands, in order to carry out the declared program of Imperialism in China. The war of armies, between Chang Tso-lin and Chiang Kai-shek, Feng Yu-hsiang and Co., is child's play compared to the class-war that rages over the countryside. This class-war is announced as an "anti-Communist" movement to purge China of a small group of heretical fanatics, whose fantastic program is supposed to endanger the Chinese revolution. This pleasant myth is camouflage to hide the complete treachery to the revolution by the Kuomintang and Chinese Bourgeoisie. The long-heralded capture of Peking, now in the headlines as imminent, has lost its revolutionary significance, and almost everyone now realizes that it makes little real change in China. That is because the Kuomintang occupies the same basis, plays the same role today, as that of Chang Tso-lin. Let us examine one by one the most conservative formulation of the objects of the Revolution in China, and see how in each case these objects have been abandoned by the so-called nationalists.

Unification of China.

In the beginning of 1927, there was a real hope for the unification of China. Two-thirds of the country had overthrown the old militarists and arisen with enthusiasm in support of the Kuomintang. For the first time the masses of the people were aroused, actively participating in political life; an organizing center had been given them in the Wuhan Kuomintang Government. The so-called anti-Communist campaign, the signal for which was given by Chiang Kai-shek on the command of foreign imperialism, completely smashed this unity, destroyed the Kuomintang as a mass party, and divided the Nationalist territory into autonomous fragments. China today is more divided than ever before in modern times. The taking of Peking which was to have been the sign of complete unification, has now, when it seems about to occur, become an empty thing without any profound significance. "When Peking falls," says the Shanghai Times, on May 4, "internal strife will by no means be concluded." A new era of militarist wars will begin.

Regaining National Independence

BEFORE the bourgeoisie betrayed the revolution, great strides had been made toward regaining national independence for China. The measure of this progress was the fear displayed by Japan, Great Britain, France, and the United States, who are the powers that have destroyed that independence and who have ruled China for decades. But within the year, that old fear of an independent China has dissappeared from the foreground of the imperialists. One and all, the imperialists proclaim that they are quite satisfied with the policies of the present Kuomintang. Is it possible for anyone to believe that the imperialists would be content to lose their control of China? Is anyone so simple-minded as to think it possible to win freedom by "friendship" (which means capitulation) with the oppressors? Yet that is today the official program of the Kuomintang. It is no sign of progress toward independence, when the imperialist press can praise the latest economic program of the Nanking Government, proclaimed by Mr. Kung, Minister of Industry, saying: "One who recognizes that China needs expert assistance, and is willing to go where that assistance can be obtained, deserve well of us all." If Mr. Kung and the Kuomintang are going to the imperialists for their expert assistance, if he "deserves well" of all the international pirates of imperialism, then the most stupid can see that Chinese independence has been sold out completely.

Abolition of Militarism.

"Down with Militarism" was one of the most powerful slogans in rousing the Chinese people to revolution under the Kuomintang. Since the early days of the so-called Republic, the burdens of militarism have been growing ever greater and more intolerable, nourished by the support of foreign imperialism whose tool it has always been. But when the Chinese bankers, merchants, landlords, and intellectuals became frightened by the mass movements of the people last year, and began the anti-Communist movement within the Kuomintang they immediately surrendered all power to a set of new militarists more rapacious and bloodthirsty than the old. Today it is possible for one of Kuomintang's new "friends," the British newspaper Shanghai Times (April 16) to say: "Was there ever a time in the history of China when there were so many marshals and generals as there are now? The Kuomintang bristles with them, and seems to an outside observer as thoroughly militaristic as any known party throughout the world." Even the pretense of civil government has been abandoned by the Kuomintang, and the military reigns in the center, in the provinces, and in each city, by means of the most outrageous terror.

Rehabilitation of Finance.

One of the great boasts of the Kuomintang is the rehabilitation of China's finances, which have been completely disrupted under the old militarists. During the so-called "Communist period," up to 1927, the Kuomintang was actually making appreciable progress in this direction. But since the rise of the new militarists to power, the Kuomintang has become even more destructive of finances than the old rulers. The income of the Nanking Government goes 85 per cent to the generals (not to pay the soldiers, of course), while every normal administrative function, specially education, is starved. The recent general strike of the Nanking school teachers, who demanded their unpaid wages of $10 Mex. per month, is typical of a general condition, worse than formerly existed. Yet more and more taxes are collected, the Kuomintang proving expert at least in raising money, collecting two to four times as much as the old militarists were ever able to do. An interesting comparison on this point was published in the Chinese newspaper, Central Daily News, Shanghai, March 26, from which we take the following figures:

Taxes collected:

Hupeh Province—Under Wu Pei-fu, $25,000,000 per year.

Under Kuomintang, $40,000,000 per year.

Kiangsu Province:

Under Sun Chuang-fang, $20,000 per year.

Under Kuomintang, $72,000,000 per year.

Kiangsi, Anhui, and Fukien Provinces:

Tax income doubled under the Kuomintang.

In addition to taxes, enormous sums are being raised by loans, which was formerly a negligible source of income.

Only the most nominal centralization of finances exists. Each general in his locality collects taxes and spends them, without even reporting to the Nanking Government. Currencies, which are on a local basis, are in complete confusion, and rapidly become worthless, a point already reached in Hankow.

The new militarists of the Kuomintang have completed the demoralization of China's finances.

Commerce and Industry.

COMMERCE and industry in China are rapidly sinking into bankruptcy. It is hardly necessary to cite details of the thousands of shops, banks and commercial houses that are closing their doors, the deterioration and financial collapse of railroads, factories, steamship companies, etc. The situation was summed up by Mr. H. H. Kung, Minister of Commerce in the Nanking Government, on April 23, when he said:

"China today is actually facing a crisis which for the lack of a more appropriate name might be called economic suicide."

Mr. Kung issued a long document which he called a program to meet this crisis. It is impossible to find anything beyond vague generalities in this "program," except on two points; first, it pledges to do nothing without the concent of the bankers and merchants, and second, it relies entirely upon foreign (that is, imperialist) technicians and capital. In short, it is a complete confession of bankruptcy by the Kuomintang on all economic problems. They acknowledge their utter inability to move a single step except by consent and with the support of the imperialist powers. (To Be Continued)

China Workers Have No Illusions About "Democracy"

By SCOTT NEARING

Chinese workers have two great advantages over their Western fellows in the struggle that they are waging for emancipation. First—the Chinese bosses have no central economic or political organization. Second—the Chinese workers have no illusions about political democracy.

Business and professional interests in Western Europe, Australia and North America have been welded together through generations of struggle. They have built great trusts. They have concentrated industrial control in the big banks. They dominate the machinery of government. They hold in their hands the newspapers; the radio; the movies, the schools and universities. A web of power has been woven across every important source of exploitation, deception, misdirection.

Western business has co-ordinated itself. Western business men have learned that strength comes through unity.

Chinese business men have never learned the lesson of solidarity; have never built a united front beyond the boundaries of an individual city or of an individual province. Their old business structure did not allow of such a development. The new business system. that has grown up around the Chinese treaty ports, is barely 30 years old.

Since Chinese business interests possessed no central organization, they failed after the Revolution of 1911 to establish a modern type democratic state. Instead China drifted into a period of civil war that has continued to the present day,—a civil war that has called into existence armies totalling somewhere from two to two and a half million soldiers, a civil war that has devastated great sections of China and reduced millions of Chinese farmers and workers to starvation.

Nine-tenths of the Chinese farmers and two-thirds of the wage workers cannot read and write. Most of them have no access to movie or radio. Only a few of their children go to school. There is no state church in China. China has no general system of organized athletics or horse racing. Literally no mass means exists for poisoning the minds of the Chinese workers with daily appeals. They only know banditry; of war; of hunger; of appalling working and living conditions. The Chinese masses suffer from exploitation and oppression as severe as anything Western society can imagine. But the Chinese business class is impotent to tell them that through the development of political democracy lies salvation.

Hence Chinese workers are resorting to direct action.

Capitalist papers constantly describe the Chinese masses as "Communist." They are not Communist. They have no Communist theory. Their experience does not extend beyond the limited communal life of the Chinese village. Until a few years ago they have been quite unaware of the existence of a proletarian movement or of a labor struggle. They do feel economic pressure, however, and their traditions tell them explicitly that when living conditions become unbearable revolution is not only the right, but the duty of the masses.

Western exploiters are united and equipped with a system of loud speakers that reach the ears of the entire working class. Chinese exploiters are divided; they have no incantations or diversions that will meet the insistent demand of he working masses. Hence the insistence of the Chinese revolution. Hence the probability that the Chinese masses will continue their struggle until they have crushed the fragmentary Chinese capitalist society and through practical experiment and experience laid the foundations of a Communist state.

HANdOuTS

GROWTH of the class struggle in the church with anarchistic tendencies is indicated by the announcement that the rank and file preacher, J. H. Woodward of New Brunswick, Georgia, has just completed shooting and seriously wounding one of the leaders of the industry, Bishop William A. Guerry of the South Carolina Diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

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Workers at Camp Nitgedaiget who complain of the mosquitoes are advised that the mosquitoes at Camp Tamiment, who feed on nothing but fat socialists, are Garguantuan in comparison.

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Our competitor who conducts the humorous column on the New Leader, the Rev. Norman Thomas, leads his most recent effort with a paragraph so funny it deserves being reprinted. His defense of presidential integrity should be as amusing to J. P. Morgan as his own naivete is to class-conscious workers. The excerpt follows:

"Seventy-five per cent of what President Coolidge had to say in condemnation of the McNary-Haugen bill. . .sounds like amazing hypocrisy . . .Yet the president is not consciously hypocritical. . .Subsidies and special favors to business men do not look to him like subsidies and he is not aware that he has provided sharp arguments against his own closest political friends and supporters."

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When Workers Are Killed.

Daily Worker: Wall Street marines kill hundreds of Nicaraguan workers.

The Nation: We view with alarm the killing of some Nicaraguan citizens by American marines. We are sure that every true American citizen will raise his hand in horror that such a thing should happen. We appeal to the sense of fairness of Mr. Coolidge.

The Times: A mob of Nicaraguan bandits, bent on looting the homes of American citizens, were fired on by marines. Several of the bandits were killed.

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Corrugated Iron

"Oh Mama, why is the little man in the picture so frightened?"

"He's marrying a woman of his own size, Adolph."

"Well what else does he do for a living, Mama?"

"He's the grandson of the Iron Chancellor Bismarck."

"Why is he getting married?"

"He's helping the German monarchists fight their last battle on the society pages."

"But mama why is he standing up on his toes? He seems in such a hurry to get through."

"Adolph go out and mind Ophelia and don't do that. Use your handkerchief."

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A Modern Fable.

EDWARD M. FULLER and W. Frank McGee were two fine lads, full of pep and ambition, who decided they could best serve their fellow-men in the brokerage business. The two boys worked hard and soon found their business was one of the most respected in Wall Street, where the great thinkers of the country congregate. But jealous enemies discovered that, in the course of serving their fellow-men, Edward M. and W. Frank had piled away about $4,000,000 of their fellow-men's surplus cash all in neat piles that nobody could find. This was in the year 1922.

After three juries had refused to say that Edward M. had done a bad deed a jury finally decided that Edward M. and W. Frank had done a very bad deed indeed and so they were sent on a vacation of from 15 months to four years at a rest-home called Sing Sing. But because both Edward M. and W. Frank had been so devoted to their fellow-men and their services could not be spared any longer, they had to end their vacation after being away only one year.

The first words of W. Frank, who had been chafing so all the time of his vacation, were: "Well, I've been here 12 long months. Now to get down to business once more."

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS: FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1928

G[illegible]EEN CALLS OFF NATION-WIDE PULLMAN STRIKE

New [illegible]edford Textile Striker Is Given Jail Sentence for Calling, "Scab"

JUDGES OF MILL BARONS JAIL PICKET LEADERS

Police Trying to Halt Fall River Meeting

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 7.—Another sentence of thirty days in jail has been imposed upon Alfred Texeria, a picket leader of the Textile Mills Committee, for "disturbing the peace" by calling "scab." Joseph Darosa, a striker arrested at the same time, was fined $20 on a similar charge by Judge Milliken. Both workers were picketing the Hathaway Mills where a handful of straw bosses [illegible] attempting to put out a sample [illegible]er.

As week by week goes by without the slightest sign of a break in the ranks of the 28,000 textile workers on strike here—becoming more solidified, on the contrary, by the Textile Mills Committee work in conducting picket lines,—the city government becomes more vicious in its attempt to crush the influence of the T. M. C. The six months, three months, and 30-day jail sentences imposed upon the leading members of the T. M. C. show that the mill barons' real fear is the growing power of this organization, strikers here declare.

All the jail sentences thus far imposed have been appealed by the International Labor Defense, who placed its resources at the disposal of the strikers, who immediately returned to the picket lines upon their release.

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Bar Weisbord Meet.

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 7.—The police authorities here have attested to the rapid strides being made by

(Continued on Page Two)

RED AID URGES WORLD PROTEST

Plans Fight Against Fascist Terrorism

BERLIN, June 7.—Appealing against the brutal sentences which have been passed by the Italian fascists upon workers in the last few days, the executive committee of the International Red Aid has issued a statement to workers thruout the world calling upon them to protest with mass demonstrations against [illegible]st outrages and others which are [illegible]ing planned for the future.

Particular attention is called by the International Red Aid to the treatment which the Italian workers, arrested without evidence by the fascist authorities, have received for alleged complicity in the Milan explosion.

The executive committee urges a worldwide protest against the incarceration and trial of these workers.

LEWIS GANG MAY AID CAPPELINI

Some Believe Move Is Trick Maneuver

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

INDIANAPOLIS, June 7.—The special convention recently held by members of District No. 1 of the United Mine Workers at Scranton, Pa., which ousted the Cappelini district officers, was illegal and its actions and charges therefore have no standing, John L. Lewis, international president of the United Mine Workers of America decided here this afternoon.

These officers, headed by District President Rinaldo Cappelini came here to lay their "cases" before Lewis. After conferring with the ousted district officers Lewis this afternoon issued the following statement:

Gang Speaks of "Legality."

"The International officers of the United Mine Workers of America have carefully gone over the situation in District No. 1 with the executive board of the district. It is clear that the convention recently held in Scranton was not legally called in conformity with the rules of the United Mine Workers and in consequence its actions and charges have no standing.

NEED MORE FUNDS TO SAVE DAILY WORKER

Estimate Contributions Will Be $1,800 Short of Minimum Needed Tomorrow

To All Friends of The DAILY WORKER.

Comrades:

Yesterday we told you that the hope of keeping our revolutionary daily paper alive depends absolutely upon our receiving a total of $10,000 before Saturday, June 16, and that at least $5,000 of this must be had not later than TOMORROW—Saturday, June 9.

We said that the rate at which the money was coming in would have to be doubled. It has been increased, but it has not been doubled. We are in danger of falling short by about $1,800 of the minimum amount required tomorrow.

Tomorrow will be the last day for meeting the first obligations amounting to $5,000. Although many friends and comrades have loyally come forward with contributions, there is a dangerous gap between the amount we have received and the $5,000 which we must have tomorrow at noon. We are compelled to let you know that with all the fine response that many comrades have made, the contributions do not yet sufficiently guarantee the passing of this first danger point. Can you not make a special effort to get every possible dollar into this office—quickly—before 12 o'clock Saturday, tomorrow?

You must make it possible for us to meet the ultimatum of creditors. Because of the urgency of the need we request every comrade, friend and sympathizer to rush funds by telegraph, airmail or special delivery.

Address DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York.

Again we assure you that we will make any sacrifice to keep our revolutionary paper, the only daily Communist paper in the English language in the whole world, from going out of existence. We can do it if you will help us. But you, comrades, must do your part as never before.

—THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

Poisoned on Radium Job

The United States Radium Corporation recently hustled out of court suits of five New Jersey young women who are slowly dying of radium poisoning contracted on the job. Fearing exposure of the deadly conditions existing in their plants, the corporation settled with the young workers. Mrs. Marian C. Valese (above) has just discovered infection in her gums and doctors corroborate her claim that it resulted from her six months' work in the radium factory. She is planning immediate suit.

INSTRUCTED DON PLOTTER TO SPY

Czarist Mine Owners Gave Orders

MOSCOW, June 7.—The accused engineer Kusma worked the dilapidated Pastushka mine because the former mine owners instructed him to do so, while leaving the profitable Berestovka mine idle, according to evidence brought out at the trial of the Donetz plotters here yesterday.

Further evidence revealed that Kusma had dismantled valuable machinery in the Berestovka mine, and in a number of others under his direction.

Kusma is one of the engineers who imported expensive machines from Germany in order to drain the appropriation funds. The imported machines were absolutely useless in the mines.

WAR DANGER IN BALTIC DISPUTE

GENEVA, June 7.—The recent proclamation by the Lithuanian government which declared Vilna to be the capital of Lithuania aroused caustic comment from Austen Chamberlain, British secretary of foreign affairs, yesterday. The British government has consistently supported Poland in its dispute with Lithuania.

The bitter denunciation of Lithuania's new move indicates the extreme danger of the Baltic situation. The Soviet press recently pointed out the danger of war lurking in the situation.

REPUBLICAN GANG TO HOLD SWAY AT G.O.P. CONVENTION

"Grand Oil Party" Is Ready for Spoils

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

KANSAS CITY, June 7.—While scores of labor officials in the industrial centers of the United States were planning to turn over as many labor votes as possible to the republicans in return for money or favor, Andrew T. Mellon, William M. Butler, Herbert Hoover and President Coolidge loomed more conspicuous and sinister today as the big four of the G. O. P.—the "Grand Oil Party."

These four men are doing most of the large-scale practical work of organizing for the convention so as to guarantee control over nominations and the republican platform to the open shop industrial and financial interests which now dominate the government and its foreign and domestic policies. Butler, industrial and political boss of Massachusetts, friend of Coolidge and immediate enemy of the

(Continued on Page Two)

SMITH AIDS GOT FAT CONTRACTS

Interpretation of Tammany "Good Will"

Corporations controlled by William H. Todd and William F. Kenny, two of the "good will" contributors to the campaign of Gov. Al Smith for the democratic nomination for president, have profited to the extent of hundreds of thousands of dollars from New York City contracts alone in the last few years.

This fact was disclosed before the senate campaign funds committee late yesterday, dispatches from Washington said.

Albert Goldman, city commissioner of plant and structures, said that of a total of $12,522,102 contracts let by his department, Todd had been awarded $2,290,926. Testimony showed that Kenny received $40,511 in contracts on the New York traffic control system and $224,537 in fire department contracts. In fire department contracts the Todd Dry Dock Corp. got $293,559. The senate was told also that Kenny had a monopoly on all gasoline tank wagons sold to the city.

Kenny has given $50,000 to Smith's campaign thus far.

Three Injured As Naval Power Boat Explodes in Brooklyn Navy Yard

Careless handling of dangerous explosives is given as the reason for the blast yesterday which wrecked a forty-foot power boat belonging to the commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Three were injured as a result of the explosion. Above, the craft after being pulled ashore

TROOPS RISING IN NORTH CHINA;

More Forces Landed By Japanese

SHANGHAI, June 7.—Reports of outbreaks of thousands of soldiers in Shantung and the evacuated parts of Chihli province are giving rise to the belief that the forces of the Kuomintang generals may not be able to retain the territory which its success against the northern war-lord has opened to its armies. Differences are also arising among the Kuomintang generals.

Four thousand soldiers are reported to have taken affairs into their own hands in one section of Shantung alone and are occupying the villages. Disturbances in which smaller forces are involved are reported from various sections of the former northern territory.

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More Japanese Troops.

SHANGHAI, June 7—Several hundred more Japanese troops are reported to have landed in Shantung, prepared to back up whatever action their government may take in the present situation.

The Japanese forces have been mobilized for a sudden advance.

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SHANGHAI, June 7. — Reports from Peking state that the advance guard of the Nanking armies are entering the city.

• • •

SHANGHAI, June 7.—Several persons were killed and extensive damage done to Japanese factories and other structures at Tsinanfu when an arsenal blew up yesterday.

Advices, telling of the explosion did not state the cause. The arsenal was located behind the commercial area. Tsinanfu is capital of Shantung province.

Dr. C. T. Wang has been appointed foreign minister in the Nanking regime.

WORKERS MUST SPEED FUNDS TO SAVE 'DAILY'

A total of $576.60 was contributed yesterday to save The DAILY WORKER from suspending publication. This brings the total received thus far to $1,759.44. While yesterday's contributions were the highest that have been received for any single day, they were far below the rate at which they should have come in in order to raise the $5,000 that is needed by tomorrow.

More than $3,000 must be raised before tomorrow evening to keep The DAILY WORKER from going under.

Workers, redouble your efforts! Make every possible personal sacrifice; solicit your friends, shopmates, organizations, trade unions! Save The DAILY WORKER!

Contributions received yesterday were as follows:

Sec. 5 (collection), Bronx, N. Y., $191.30; Lewis Fisher, Galion, O., $5; Br. 5, Sec. 5, Bronx, N. Y., $12.25; Br. 2, Sec. 5, Bronx, N. Y., $7; Br. 3, Sec. 5,

(Continued on Page Two)

BRITISH DYERS DEMAND STRIKE

LONDON, June 7.—A general sell-out by the union leadership is foreshadowed by the decisions of the council of six trade unions involved in the dyeing trades dispute, according to reports from Manchester. The council was called to consider the threat of the mill owners to lock out all the workers if the unions call a strike in any of the mills.

Every effort has been made by the union officials to keep the minutes of the meetings secret, but rumors that the leaders have decided to have the unions act separately are gaining credence.

The rank and file of the workers, especially in the Huddersfield section and in the Lancashire Yarn Finishing Works are demanding a strike.

COMMUNISTS IN ELECTION FIGHTS

Many States Begin An Active Campaign

Active preparations for the launching of the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign are now taking place in a score of states throughout the country according to information released yesterday at the national headquarters of the Party.

In addition field organizers from the national headquarters will be sent out into a number of states where special work is necessary.

Ella Reeve Bloor, veteran campaigner and Party worker, center of a hundred struggles in behalf of the workers of the country, will be sent out on a national tour very shortly, it is understood. "Mother" Bloor is a charter member of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Other States.

Field organizers will be sent into Maine and New Hampshire and one into Montana. In Milwaukee the Wisconsin campaign will be officially launched with a large labor picnic. A large attendance is expected. A representative of the national campaign committee will be present from Chicago.

A hot preliminary battle is now taking place in Oklahoma under the leadership of Senator Stanley Clark where the fight centers around the task of getting the Party on the ballot. The close division of forces between the republican and democratic machines in this state makes both old groups particularly opposed to the entrance of a working class political party in the race.

The New York state nominating convention which opens Sunday at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square is expected to usher in one of the most representative and active forces in the struggle of the Party to win over the American working class.

The opening and developments at Kansas City, scene of the republican national election convention June 12 will be watched with the greatest attention and the greatest advantage wil be taken of the evidences displayed by this as well as by the democratic party of their betrayal of the interests of the workers.

MEN KILLED ON JOB.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., June 7.—Tony Carello, 42, a laborer, of 2378 Bathgate Ave., the Bronx, was instantly killed this noon when a 200-pound cornerstone from an apartment house under construction at 208 Center Ave. fell and crushed him.

He is survived by a wife and child.

SENDS LAST $2 TO SAVE DAILY WORKER

Workers Rally to Paper Despite Unemployment and Poverty

HE WAS sick and hadn't been working for some time. Even when he did work, the wages he got were hardly enough to keep him from starving. The mills at Fall River, Mass., where he lived, give their slaves only what they must to keep them alive.

A copy of The DAILY WORKER stared him in the face. Quick help was needed. The "Daily" was on the verge of suspension. Unless $5,000 was raised by the workers of the country by Saturday, there would be no more DAILY WORKER.

There was $2 in his pocket—the only money he had. But The DAILY WORKER must be saved. He sat down, wrote a letter and enclosed the $2. The letter he wrote was as follows:

"Dear Comrades:

"I'm enclosing you $2 to help support The DAILY WORKER in its crisis. These $2 are the only money I have. I only get small wages, but now I don't work because I'm sick. But I won't forget The DAILY WORKER. If every worker would do the same, our paper would be the strongest revolutionary paper of the world."

The name of the worker who gave his last $2 to save The DAILY WORKER is F. A. Graca. His letter is typical of many others that The DAILY WORKER has received during the past few days from workers who are making extraordinary sacrifices to save the only news-

(Continued on Page Two)

ADDS ONE MORE TO LONG LIST OF LABOR BETRAYALS

Porters' Officials Share In Sell-Out

The strike of the 12,000 Pullman porters and maids scheduled to take place at noon today has been called off through the request of William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, according to announcement of A. Philip Randolph, general organizer of the porters' organization.

Randolph today made public a copy of a telegram which he said he yesterday received, from Green requesting the "postponement of strike action and the substitution therefore of a campaign of public education and enlightment."

Branded in some quarters as a long prepared for sell-out by the officials of the porters' organization, in conjunction with the A. F. of L. labor officials, the present move postponing the strike was declared to be not unexpected. Even the wording of the telegram, it is understood, was prepared in New York by the local officers and was either transmitted to Green or was never sent by him at all.

Rank and file pressure had forced the decision to call the walk-out which has been delayed on several occasions. By a vote of approximately 5,750 to 25 the porters and maids authorized their executive board to call the strike. The order for the walkout was sent to all of the locals of the organization this week.

Hold Union Meetings.

Thirty-seven union meetings held in every important railroad center in the country heard the results of the strike vote and vowed fight to the end in their struggle against the Pullman kings. Years of merciless exploitation have laid the basis for what is expected to be a militant fight on the part of the strikers.

Fight on Union.

Recognition of the union is the fundamental demand of the workers. They also seek a minimum wage of $150 a month, the elimination of the workers' dependence on tips, the eight-hour day and the 240-hour month.

"We are being pushed into the strike by the pressure of the rank and file," said Milton Webster, western organizer, on the eve of the strike. "Naturally the brotherhood would prefer to achieve its aims without a strike but the members are tired of waiting and tired of fruitless diplomacy. Strike sentiment is particularly strong in Chicago, Oakland, Los Angeles, Portland and Seattle."

SELL OUT SEATTLE TEACHERS UNION

Green Approves Giving Up of Fight

SEATTLE, Wash., June 7.—After a long fight the local high school teachers have been defeated in their attempt to keep their organization. Attacked consistently by business interests, the teachers have voted to withdraw from the American Federation of Teachers.

At the same time they were forced to accept a contract renouncing their right to belong to a union while teaching in the Seattle schools. Demands for an increase in pay were also lost by the teachers.

Pressure against the union was exerted by anti-union city authorities. E. E. Schwartzrauber, national vice-president of the American Federation of Teachers and William Green, president of the A. F. of L., ran true to form in their approval of the surrender. The local union officials, whose tactics throughout the struggle were subservient, recommended the agreement and then resigned their union posts.

Children Under-Fed

PITTSBURGH, June 7.—One out of every three children in the western Pennsylvania strike area is undernourished, if a group of 685 youngsters in six school buildings are typical. Two hundred thirty-three of these children were found underweight and 80 on the danger line.

REVEAL HORRORS OF SLAVERY IN IMPERIALIST TIMBER CAMPS IN SOUTH AMERICA, SUMATRA

RIO DE JANEIRO, June 7.—Recalling the horrors of the treatment of native workers in the rubber forests of the Amazon by their British employers, as Sir Roger Casement in the days before the world war disclosed them by his investigations, a report on conditions in timber-cutting camps in Brazil, Argentina and Dutch Sumatra has come into circulation.

American capitalists are investing in timber projects in South America or the Dutch East Indies.

In Sumatra it is rich Chinese who exploit their own countrymen, virtually all of whom die in the camps, since they are enslaved to pretended debts and can escape only to the jungle which is guarded by tigers and huge serpents. In Argentina it is the Creole capitalists, with the aid of British capital, who wield the lash on the Indian toilers. In Brazil the slavery is maintained by international capital, administered by men of many nations, and its victims are likewise drawn by brazenly false stories of opportunity from their homes in a dozen countries.

The much-discussed plan for a Pan-American railway, to connect New York with Buenos Aires, 10,000 miles of new construction down the backbone of two continents, is really designed to open up the tropical forests, oil and rubber to quick exploitation.

"Lack of drinking water, of medical attention and decent housing even according to local standards is the first indictment of conditions in the Argentine lumber camps. Over 70 per cent of these people are illiterate, marriage is virtually unknown, and workers die usually before the age of 45, due to ceaseless toil and diseases arising from conditions of work. Government is corrupt and employers cheat the workers of a large part of their pay. When an "election" is held, the workers are taken in cattle-cars to the polls and are handed ballots marked for the government candidates, who are backed by the timber companies in return for protection. The last trade union organizer to appear was promptly sent to prison for 25 years on a false charge of murder.

Conditions in Brazil differ from those in Argentina by being worse. Here 85 per cent are illiterate, and the government spends big sums in inducing foreign workers to come in, only to leave them unemployed until they sink to the depths of degradation found in the timber camps. Labor unions have been stamped out by soldiery and police with violence.

New Bedford City Government Is Dominated by Butler, Republican Head

MAYOR ASHLEY IS PAID BY TEXTILE FACTORY OWNERS

Voice Raised Against Scabs Means Jail

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 7 (FP).—Strikers must not sing on New Bedford's picket lines. Bluecoats have been given orders to "run in" singing and shouting pickets. From Police Chief Sam McLeod, newly appointed, also came orders to arrest the milkman who was serving the relief stations of the Textile Mills Committee. Patrolmen carry out orders from higher-ups to jail cousins, friends and former schoolmates. Who inspires these orders?

A. M. Donahue, former labor spy, throws light on the ruling forces in New Bedford in a recorded interview in 1924 with Fred Moore, then chief counsel for Sacco and Vanzetti. Donahue from 1919 to 1922 was in charge of a Sherman Service crew of 25 with orders to break the unions, deport radicals, corrupt union leaders and demoralize resistance of 35,000 workers to wage cuts in the textile mills.

Butler Controlled Fund.

William B. Butler, chairman of the republican national committee, was Donahue's boss. Butler supervised expenditure of $250,000 a year, detailing each move. Butler even wanted Donahue, expert strikebreaker, to be chief of police in New Bedford.

"I believe you mention that you were offered the position of chief of police by Butler, Kerwin and Exter (other mill owners)," asked Moore. "Was there any conversation with Butler about it?"

"It was stated by Kerwin," Spy Donahue answered, "that any obstacles to my taking the position could be overcome because Butler would have a special law passed in the Massachusetts legislature authorizing the city to have a safety commissioner."

Ashley Still Mayor.

Q. You had a conversation with Dexter and Kerwin about this job?

A. Yes. They said Mayor Ashley (still New Bedford's mayor) would give me the position if he were told so. That they wanted a man holding that position that they could depend on. What they meant by "depend on" was that he would do what he was told to do. During the several strikes—three in all—there was picketing, and the police were very active in suppressing picketing. They wouldn't allow any picketing at all and in several instances they beat up strikers.

Had So Many Men.

Q. Did you at any time come in contact with police officials?

A. I was investigated when I came there because I had so many men scattered around town and they all said they were employed by me. Two inspectors came to my office and asked me what my game was, and what the men were supposed to be doing, and as soon as they went away I got in touch with Dexter and I was never bothered any more.

Q. How much salary did Dexter offer you as chief of police?

A. $3,500 a year, and I refused to accept it at that figure because I was getting more where I was. He said that they would see to it that I would lose nothing by it. By "they" was meant the Manufacturers' Assn.

The Mayor Knew.

Q. Did you come in contact with Mayor Ashley? A. Yes.

Q. He knew what you were doing?

A. Yes. He is president of the Textile Bank now.

Q. You stated something about a conversation with Dexter of the Beacon Mills in which he made a statement to you relative to a gift made to Mayor Ashley by the mill men. What was said?

A. It was said that the salary as mayor wasn't sufficient to allow Ashley to continue as mayor because his private interests were suffering and he was losing money by continuing as mayor.

Ashley Gets $20,000 Check.

Dexter told me that the mill men the previous year had induced Ashley again to become a candidate, promising that they would make up to him any monetary loss and at a banquet that the mill men had tendered him at the Wamsutta Club, they had presented Ashley with a $20,000 check.

Q. Do you understand that that was done publicly or privately?

A. Privately. It was a very exclusive club where it was held. Nobody but mill men belonged to it.

Victim of Phone Co.

When 5-year-old Thomas Miranda (above) reaches the age of 12 he will become totally blind, deaf and dumb, and his mind will be shattered. This was the testimony yesterday of doctors in Brooklyn supreme court. The boy was run down by a car of the New York Telephone Company two years ago. His father is suing the corporation.

Texas Feller Mistakes Toad for Coolidge

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 7.—Reports that Col. Charles Lindbergh's recent flight to Texas had deep political implications are being whispered in every blind-pig on Pennsylvania Avenue today.

It is the "gentlemen" from Texas who tell the story. It all began, they say, when these two Texans dug up that horned toad which had lived without air and water inside a corner-stone for about twenty years.

"The little horned feller was a public curiosity," says the senior "gentlemen" with a drawl, "an' so they brought it up hea' to see its president, Calvin Coolidge."

"They took it up to the White House and went inside and there was Coolidge. So the feller with the toad just put his hand in his pocket and brought out the toad and the president and the toad just stood and looked at each other. Neither of 'em said a word. So after a while the Texas feller just put it back in his pocket and went back home.

"An' do—you know," asks the gentlemen, "they'd got all the way to Houston before he put his hand in his pocket again and pulled out Calvin Coolidge."

SENDS LAST $2 TO THE "DAILY"

(*Continued from page one*)

paper in the English language that fights for their interests.

* * *

JOSEPH LOMBARDT, a worker of Easton, Pa., writes as follows:

"Enclosed please find check for $2. I can't afford to send any more because I work only three days a week and make only $12 a week. I don't make enough to support my family.

"I just got my citizen papers and can vote this year for the Workers' Party to help the workingclass."

The Save-the-Union Committee of Bicknell, Ill., has sent $5 with the following letter:

"This small donation is sent by the Save-the-Union Committee of Bicknell to help get the best paper in America out of the bad financial condition it is in. There is no work here or the donation would have been larger."

* * *

"I am very sick and just home from the hospital," writes K. Wynne, of Chicago. "I will not be able to work for many months. Enclosed you will find $1 which I must spare to save The DAILY WORKER."

These letters are only a few that have been received. Space limitations do not permit the publication of all that we should wish to print. Workers, keep up this spirit. No sacrifice is too great to save your fighting Daily.

Boston Labor Refuses To Help Red Cross

BOSTON, June 7.—Red Crossers won't get the Boston Central Labor Union's endorsement in their next drive for money from workers' pockets. The union approved unanimously the Kansas Federation of Labor resolution denouncing the Red Cross for its refusal to help thousands of striking coal miners' families, half starving in Pennsylvania and Ohio.

LEWIS MACHINE THREATENS MINE STRIKER'S WIFE

Pay Thugs $100 Per Day to Slug Militants

(*By a Worker Correspondent*)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., (By Mail).—In a statement issued by the Peabody Coal Co. in the Illinois State Register of May 28, the company proposed wage cuts. They say that they have opened seven mines out of their 21 mines.

The mines are only working one and two days a week, and the men say that conditions are worse than ever before. The boss tells them to lay their track and clean falls for nothing or go home.

The company is now sending out notices of expulsions to all of the militant fighters. Lewis says we have 300,000 too many miners and he is taking means to decrease them.

Now I am only a rank and file miner and have never written a story before, but as I am now sub-district secretary of the Save-the-Union movement here, I feel it is my duty to let the working class know the difficulties that the miners are working under. And I will continue to write stories to The DAILY WORKER as long as the news comes in.

We are hold a sub-district convention on June 17 in Springfield, right under the nose of the district machine and we expect some trouble. I will write you about what takes place there.

Please send me a bundle of DAILY WORKERS for the striking miners of this section and I will try to sell all I can.

—R.

Workers Must Send Funds to Aid 'Daily'

(*Continued from page one*)

Bronx, N. Y., $5; Mike Hindonov, N. Y. C., $5; Anton Clasak, Long Island City, $2; Jack Epstein, Bronx, N. Y., $10; J. Klinetsky (collected), N. Y. C., $5; Ellen R. Nagle, Erie, Pa., $50; Joe Gorden, N. Y. C., $1; Sam Simon, Bklyn, N. Y., $1; A. Worker, Boston, Mass., $2; Howard Hains, Allegan, Mich., $1; FD 4, S. S. 2B, N. Y. C., $2.25; E. S. E. H., Cleveland, O., $5; Saul Steinberg, Bklyn, N. Y., $5; F. Kogan, Chicago, Ill., $5; Nucleus 26, Sec. 6, Chicago, Ill., $16.50; A. C. M., N. Y. C., $1; B. Offner, Trenton, N. J., $5; Louis Novick, Bklyn, N. Y., $3; Sam Steinberg, Bklyn, N. Y., $8; S. Zimmeck, N. Y. C., $5; David Berkingoff, N. Y. C., $1; Greek Workers of Astoria, L. I., $9; Louis F. Weiss, St., Worcester, Mass., $2; Abe Popkin, Bristol, Pa., $5; Frank Steflik, Johnson City, N. Y., $14.25; J. J. Kabat, Binghamton, N. Y.; Miss M. Mattly, Johnson City, N. Y.; Minnie Kocik, Johnson City, N. Y.; Minnie Vavra, Binghamton, N. Y.; P. Balchikonis, Binghamton, N. Y.; M. L. Massey, Moline, Ill., $2; Nathan Karell, Bronx, N. Y., $2; Epstein, Bronx, N. Y., $3; M. Kopoch, Detroit, Mich., $3.50; Sol Pinchenson, Staten Island, N. Y., $5; H. T. H., Trenton, N. J., $2; Augusta Albert, N. Y. C., $1; Louis Tobin, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Dena Elsner, Bronx, N. Y., $1; N. Getzels, N. Y. C., $5; Frank Melder, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Antonow, Grand Rapids, Mich., 25c; Elizabeth Fox, Chicago, Ill., $2; Paul Mallarik, N. Y. C., $1; Abraham Cohen, N. Y. C., $1; Dr. M. Mislig, N. Y. C., $5; Harry A. Battle, Orange, Mass., $1; Kucera, Highland Falls, N. Y., $2; H. N. Gage, Brockton, Mass., $15; Lena Golden, Bronx, N. Y., $2; G. W. Murphy, Ravenna, O., $5; Waiters' Unity Organization, N. Y. C., $10; Paul Cavza, Bklyn, N. Y., $10; W. Vergun, Bklyn, N. Y., $5; J. Rashell, N. Y. C., $1; M. Katz, Bklyn, N. Y., $2; Thomas Schneider, Whitestone, L. I., $5; Joe Mittleman, Chicago, Ill., $1; K. Wynne, Chicago, Ill., $1; Leo Ars, Monroe Bridge, Mass., $5; Pete Senigs, Chicago, Ill., $2; B. Lax, N. Y. C., $1; Ray Sevara, Binghamton, N. Y., $1; Edgar Williams, Baltimore, Md., $2; Andrew Short, Seymour, Conn., $2; A. Suihkonen, Maywood, Mass., $20; F. W. Reed, Cambridge, Mass., $5; Louis Erucht, Philadelphia, Pa., $1; L. Filetich, Pittsburgh, Pa., $15; Joseph Lombardt, Easton, Pa., $2; F. E. Lapchevsky, Niagara Falls, N. Y., $2; M. Onopuk, Niagara Falls, N. Y., $1.50; G. Rosow, Niagara Falls, N. Y., $1.50; Leon Hart, Pittsburgh, Pa., $2; Emil Taratnski, Philadelphia, Pa., $1; Esther T. Sheinly, N. Y. C., $5; Grace Lampkin, N. Y. C.; F. A. Graca, Fall River, Mass., $2; Louis Mangus, Elkland, Pa., $1; Chas. F. Pryor, Bicknell, Ind., $5. Total $556.30.

Chinese Militants Here Expose Kuomintang Murderers At Demonstration

Thousands of leaflets exposing the murder of Chinese militants by the Kuomintang were distributed by left wing workers at a recent demonstration. Mayor Walker, who has extended welcomes to Italian and Hungarian fascists on previous occasions, greeted the supporters of the treacherous Kuomintang.

OLD GANG SWAYS G.O.P. CONVENTION

"Grand Oil Party" Is Ready for Spoils

(*Continued from Page One*)

New Bedford strikers, is chairman of the republican national committee. Hoover, secretary of commerce and candidate for the republican nomination, has thus far controlled the voting strength of the national committee in the pre-convention contests over the seating of delegates.

Boss Mellon.

Mellon, secretary of the treasury, is the industrial and political boss of Pennsylvania. He controls its large delegation to the convention and can swing it to any candidate at a moment's notice. He has just completed forcing upon a subservient congress an appropriation and taxation program more to the advantage of Wall Street and the heavy industrialists than the program of any previous peace-time congress. President Coolidge, who himself is still a possible nominee, is continuing to pursue his non-committal policy as to his availability so as to hold in reserve for an emergency the important political prestige of his position as White House incumbent. In an emergency on a close ballot his word would carry the convention.

As a further indication of Hoover's strength as a machine republican, Sen. William E. Borah, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, was today reported chosen to second Hoover's nomination next week. Idaho's eleven votes are pledged to Borah. Moreover, Sen. George H. Moses of New Hampshire, the first senator openly to espouse Hoover's candidacy, is being touted for permanent chairman of the convention.

Hoover's managers, through control of the national committee, have won 65 out of 71 of the contests over the seating of delegates, which ended today.

Gang Will Control.

Whether Hoover is ultimately nominated, it appears that the Mellon-Hoover-Coolidge-Butler combination will in any event control the naming of the next presidential nominee of the anti-labor party of imperialism now in power—the party which is using the marine corps as a private police force in Nicaragua to shoot down the worker-opposition to Wall Street dictatorship in Latin America. This combination appears to have the largest campaign chest.

Gov. Alvan T. Fuller, of Massachusetts, who represented that state in the organization of the frame-up which ended in the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti, is conspicuous among possibilities for republican nomination for vice-president.

Willard Mack Has Three New Plays Ready for Next Season

WILLARD MACK, who recently left these parts after appearing in "The Scarlet Fox," which he had authored, is planning to present three other plays early the coming season. One of these, titled "Bad Debts," goes into rehearsal soon. It will be done by the Shuberts. Another play written by Mack and his wife, Beatrice Bauyard, "Fancy Work," will be brought out by John Nicholas, while the third, "We All Steal Something," is promised by David Belasco for early production.

"The Scarlet Fox," which was shown at the Masque a few weeks ago, will go on tour in September, reopening in Washington about Labor Day. Mack may continue in the role of Sergeant Devlin. London, we hear, may also see the play the coming season.

"A Man with Red Hair," a melodrama, was given its first presentation last night at the Springdale Theatre, Stamford, Conn. under the supervision of A. H. Woods. This is the dramatization of Hugh Walpole's novel, by Benn W. Levy, which was produced originally at the Little Theatre, London, early this season. After a short tour the play goes on to Chicago for a run.

"My Maryland" following a run of 38 weeks closes its engagement at the Casino Theatre this Saturday night. The operetta has been booked for Chicago this Fall.

"Coquette," in which Helen Hayes is starring at Maxine Elliott's Theatre, plays its 250th performance tonight.

Sentence Militant New Bedford Textile Striker

(*Continued from page one*)

the Textile Mills Committee in recruiting membership among the workers hereby issuing orders restraining Albert Weisbord, national leader of the T. M. C., William T. Murdoch and James P. Reid, both Mill Committee organizers, from holding the mass meeting scheduled here tonight.

The local and national leaders of the Textile Mills Committee have been working several weeks here, and have already succeeded in developing a powerful movement for a general strike. The tens of thousands of textile workers in Fall River were compelled to suffer a 10 per cent wage slash a number of months ago. The officials of the Textile Council had at that time declared the result of a strike vote to be 11 votes short of a two-thirds majority, and refused a recount despite the almost unanimous demand for it.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23rd St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY.
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

BOSSES REFUSE TO RECOGNIZE DENTAL UNION

But 43 Owners Come to Terms Individually

At a meeting held yesterday at the Labor Temple, 2nd Ave. and 14th St., the dental workers, who have been out on strike over three weeks, decided to adopt a policy of individual settlement with the different laboratory owners who are willing to recognize their union and yield to their demands. This move was made after the Dental Owners' Association had repeatedly stated that recognition on its part of the Dental Mechanics' Union was "impossible."

Thus far, 43 laboratory owners have settled with the union, signing agreements whereby they recognize the union, guarantee the installation of the closed shop, a 44-hour week, time and one-half pay for all overtime work, and double pay for work on holidays. They have also accepted the union's demands for a minimum scale of wages, which means a general increase in the standard of pay. Those who accepted the demands of the striking dental mechanics include bosses outside of the Dental Manufacturers' Association as well as within it.

The meeting of the bosses' association last Saturday for the purpose of "considering" the strikers' demands ended in a complete fizzle when the association decided to grant every demand except recognition of the Dental Workers' Union.

AMUSEMENTS

HAMMERSTEIN'S THEATRE, B'way at 53d St.
PHONE, COLUMBUS 8380.
THE RUSSIAN FILM CLASSIC
"The End of St. Petersburg"
"Of all the motion pictures playing in New York, 'The End of St. Petersburg' is easily the most vigorous, heroic and in many ways the finest."—Quinn Martin, The World.
Music by Herbert Stothart—Russian Choir—Symphony Orchestra.
Nights 8:40; 50c to $1.50. Mats. Daily 2:40; 50c to $1, Incl. Tax.

BOOTH Thea., W. 45 St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE GRAND ST. FOLLIES
OF 1928

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play.
Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL | Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

P O R G Y
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St.
Mats. WED. & SAT.

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

KEITH-ALBEE
CAMEO
42 ST & B'WAY
WIS 1789
American Premiere
"Living Image"
Or
(Lady of Petrograd)
Russian Photodrama
& Charlie Chaplin in 'The Count'

Bakery Workers
Members of the
International Union, Amalgamated Food
Workers' Union and Unorganized
Bakery Workers
Come all to the historic
Amalgamation Mass Meeting
SATURDAY, JUNE 9th, 1928
at 2:30 P. M. sharp
at WEBSTER HALL
119 East 11th St., N. Y. City.
A full report of the activities of the Rank and File Amalgamation Committee as well as plans for future activities will be given by the Committee.
BROTHERS: This is a historic moment for the Bakery Workers. It is time that we meet with united strength our common enemy,
THE BREAD TRUST
in order to improve our working conditions.
COME TO DEMONSTRATE FOR ONE UNITED, POWERFUL UNION IN THE BAKING INDUSTRY.
Yours for solidarity,
RANK AND FILE COMMITTEE OF BAKERY WORKERS FOR AMALGAMATION.

A Worker's Tour to Soviet Russia
TO WITNESS THE CELEBRATION OF THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION
NOVEMBER 7
("EVERY WORKER SHOULD PARTICIPATE")
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Centralia Victims Hail Labor Defense Drive to Free Them from Prison Cells

WORKERS THRUOUT U. S. NOW DEMAND THEIR RELEASE

Bland, Barnett Sad At Haywood Death

TWO letters received recently by the International Labor Defense from the Centralia class war prisoners imprisoned in Walla Walla penitentiary, express the indomitable spirit of those brave fighters and their hope that the workers of the United States will rally to win freedom for them.

Both letters are addressed to James P. Cannon, secretary of the I. L. D., who visited the Centralia prisoners on his recent coast to coast tour with a lecture against the frame-up system in the United States.

One is signed by two brothers, O. C. Bland and Bert Bland, the other by Eugene Barnett.

Grateful For I. L. D. Aid.

The Bland brothers write:

Comrades, one and all: As well as acknowledging receipt of the check for prison relief which always comes handy for the many little articles not furnished by the state we wish to extend our thanks and appreciation to the members of the I. L. D. for their efforts in the campaign to free the Centralia victims.

James P., you came at the right time, a time when we need the aid of your organization most and we are not forgetting it. We have been crossed and double-crossed so much that we have become a little discouraged tho our spirits have always been brightened by the courage and indomitable fighting persistency of one who has constantly fought our fight thru the eight and one-half years of our incarceration in prison.

Tho he has been greatly hampered all those years by lack of cooperation he has never ceased his efforts for our release and we must revere and respect that man above all else in the world. We are speaking of Elmer Stuart Smith.

Last week we received a letter from him in which he said he was receiving splendid cooperation from the I. L. D., which also has a Centralia committee in Seattle. You may wager your last penny that it did our hearts good to know this. We welcome the I. L. D. to our aid because from observation we have found that this organization is broad enough to leave out all pettyness and large enough to accomplish its aims.

We expect great things to come from such an organization and in fact we are now a bit optimistic of gaining our freedom because of its fight in our behalf. These eight and one-half years haven't been short ones to us, locked away for a crime which was committed against us. Already we have seen the fine work done by the Seattle local of the I. L. D. Thru this action and others we are promised that our case will be reviewed by the board of parole which will meet next month. But we don't put much faith in such as yet for we have been viewed and reviewed by them before. So we ask your united strength on this humanitarian issue to release the victims who are guilty only of organizing to better the conditions of the workingclass. We are yours for a united front.—O. C. Bland. Bert Bland.

Barnett Writes.

Eugene Barnett, whose number in Walla Walla is 9414, writes:

Well, Jim, I suppose you are aware of the success of the Centralia Publicity Committee in its canvass of Centralia with the petition for our release. Out of the 3,000 voters in the town 2,200 signed the petition.

I was very sorry to hear of the death of Comrade Haywood. The time will come when the American people will be ashamed of the way they persecuted him and forced him to die in exile. 'Tis men like him that keep the spark of hope alive in the breasts of the workers.

Yours Fraternally,
—EUGENE BARNETT.

Labor bodies of all kinds thruout the United States are now passing resolutions urging the governor of the state of Washington to grant an unconditional pardon to those victims of the Washington lumber barons. They have already served eight and one-half years of terms ranging from twenty to forty years. They must not be allowed to languish in prison any longer.

Every worker must demand their release at once.

Philadelphia Helpers' Union Shows Activity

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, June 7.—Organization work among plumbers and steam fitters' helpers in this city which began actively about two months ago has resulted in considerable interest and attention in the building trades. Meetings of the Philadelphia Plumbers' and Steam Fitters Helpers' Union are being held every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. at the Free Letts Hall, 531 N. 7th St. All helpers are urged to attend.

"Give Everybody a Chance to Read Me!"
—*The Daily Worker.*

Mother Collapses After Seeking Job in Vain

Mrs. Jennie Codyn, a widow, collapsed yesterday after tramping the streets all day vainly searching for work. Neighbors took a collection and bought some food for the family. The hard-boiled cops are shown putting on a performance in an effort to embellish the myth about the kindliness and generosity of the "city's finest."

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

San Francisco Y. W. L. Festival.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the league with a demonstration at the Youth Festival, June 16, at Gymnastic Hall, 2460 Sutter Ave.

• • •

Chelsea Truck Party.

CHELSEA, Mass.—The Young Workers (Communist) League of Chelsea will hold its first truck party of the season June 10. The trucks will leave the Chelsea Labor Lyceum, 453 Broadway, at 10 a. m.

• • •

Scranton Picnic.

SCRANTON, Pa.—The Scranton local of the Workers (Communist) Party of America will hold its annual picnic on June 10 at Runo Farm, Hollow Ave., here. The program for the day will begin at 10 a. m.

• • •

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 29, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

• • •

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, O.—The Martins Ferry branch of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Reasbeck Farm on June 10. Those wishing to come will meet at Hungarian Hall, Main and Center Sts., at 10 a. m.

• • •

Detroit Labor Sports.

DETROIT.—The Detroit Labor Sports Union will hold a dance and athletic exhibition on June 12, 8 P. M., at the Finnish Labor Temple, 5969 14th St., near McGraw. All the proceeds will go to the Miners' Relief.

• • •

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

• • •

Milwaukee Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—The Milwaukee branch of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold a picnic at Pleasant Valley Park on June 10. Both the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers of this city will participate.

• • •

Chicago Freiheit Picnic.

CHICAGO. — The Chicago Freiheit Gesangs Verein, Mandolin Orchestra and Dramatic Studio will hold a picnic at Polonia Grove, Higgins Road and 61st Ave. on June 10.

• • •

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

• • •

Kenosha Meeting.

KENOSHA, Wis.—The Young Workers (Communist) League and the Workers (Communist) Party of Kenosha will hold a mass meeting June 8 at 8 P. M. at the German-American Hall. The subject of the meeting will be the Allen-A strike.

• • •

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

• • •

Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for June 29 at Maple Grove Park.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

• • •

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Atlantic City, N. J., June 8; Trenton, N. J., June 9; Easton, Pa., June 10; Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14, Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

Newark Meeting and Social.

NEWARK. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold a mass meeting and social on June 8, at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 93 Mercer St. Everyone is invited to attend.

• • •

Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA.—The enlarged conference for the relief of the striking miners will meet on June 11, at 8 p. m. at Grand Fraternity Hall.

• • •

Chicago White Russian Picnic.

CHICAGO.—There will be a grand picnic given by the White Russian Peoples' Society on June 10, at Albert Miset Grove. The gate will open at 10 a. m.

• • •

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Friday, June 8, New Haven, Conn., Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe Street.
Sunday, June 10, Perth Amboy, N. J. Workers' Home, 308 Elm St.
Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.
Sunday, June 17, Paterson, N. J.

GOMEZ NAILS LIES OF IMPERIALISTS

Misstatements on Aid to Sandino Answered

Replying to statements reported to have been made by U. S. Minister to Nicaragua Eberhardt, and General Logan Feland, commander of U. S. marines in Nicaragua, to the effect that first aid equipment being sent to the Sandino forces by American workers, Manuel Gomez, secretary of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League yesterday issued the following statement:

"The story appearing in this morning's New York Times under a Managua date line is merely another indication that the United States' government and its representatives wish to do everything possible to prevent even first aid equipment from reaching the Nicaraguan liberation forces under General Sandino. Like the insinuation of Senator Gillet made a few weeks ago, the present insinuations produce no proof. When Senator Gillet made his statement, we challenged him to prove what he said—whereupon the worthy senator relapsed into silence. We give the same challenge now.

"The All-American Anti-Imperialist League (U. S. Section) is cooperating in this country with the campaign being carried on in all countries of North Central and South America under the general auspices of the Hands-off-Nicaraguan committees to raise funds for bandages and medical supplies for Sandino's wounded. We are prepared to produce a receipt for shipment of medical supplies. This receipt is signed by Senor Froylan Turcios, personal representative of General Sandino.

"The purpose of such charges as those now emanating from the marine publicity department at Managua is to hinder our campaign to raise funds and thus prevent the sending of further supplies from this country."

Reorganization of Labor Defense in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, June 7. — The Philadelphia local of the International Labor Defense, at its last monthly conference held on June 4, decided to reorganize the Kensington, English Downtown and Northwest branches. For that purpose, the following section meetings have been called. In Kensington on June 14, at Kensington Labor Lyceum. In South Philadelphia, June 18, at Workers' Cultural Club, 8th and Rittner Sts. In West Philadelphia June 18, at the Progressive Library, 4035 Girard Ave.

All meetings will begin 8 p. m. Members and sympathizers are asked to take notice and to appear in large numbers. Speakers will be announced later.

N. Y. WORKERS TO PROTEST AGAINST POLISH FASCISM

I. L. D. to Sponsor Mass Meeting

An appeal has been issued by the New York section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, calling for support of the meeting to be held Friday evening, June 15th, at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place, to protest against the savage sentences imposed upon the members of the White Russian Hromada Party in Poland. The meeting is being arranged under the auspices of the Committee Against Polish Fascism.

The appeal, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the New York section, follows:

"Polish fascism has condemned 37 members of the White Russian Hromada Party to a total of 209 years at hard labor and torture in Pilsudski's dungeons.

"The White Russian Hromada Party has fought against the Polish terror, against government in the name of a handful of rich capitalists and militarists at the price of the blood and sweat of the workers and peasants. It has fought for self-determination of the White Russian people, for land for the poor peasantry and for a workers' and peasants' government. It is for these crimes that its members have been persecuted and it is for these crimes that 37 of them are now being condemned to years of torture.

"The fight of the Hromada victims is the fight of the workers everywhere. The struggle against Polish fascism is the struggle against oppression of workers and peasants thruout the world. The sentencing of these brave fighters against Pilsudski's terror is a blow at the toiling masses of the world.

"The movement which has been started in this country by the Committee Against Polish Fascism" is a movement that concerns every worker of every trade and nationality. A great protest meeting has been called by this committee for June 15 at Irving Plaza. This meeting must be supported to the utmost by the workers of New York. The International Labor Defense, which fights to defend the victims of the class war in this country, calls upon all its members and all other class-conscious workers to protest against Polish fascism and express their solidarity with their persecuted comrades of the Hromada by attending this meeting en-masse."

"Don't Lose a Possible Chance to Get Another Reader for Your Daily by Destroying Me!"
—*The Daily Worker.*

Glossing Over the Slush Funds of the Campaign

In an effort to make clear sailing for the candidates of the two old capitalist parties, perfunctory "investigations" are being conducted into campaign funds. It has been repeatedly revealed that the candidate with the biggest slush fund wins, and that influential corporations contribute to both parties. Photo shows (left to right) Goeorge Gordon Battle, New York lawyer, who testified recently, and Senator Sam Bratton (D) of New Mexico, a member of one of the phoney senatorial investigations.

HARTFORD HOLDS LEAGUE AFFAIR

Delegates From Many Groups Present

HARTFORD, Conn., June 7.—Three hundred young and adult workers jammed the Labor Lyceum here at the sixth anniversary celebration of the founding of the Young Workers' (Communist) League. The hall, which had been prepared for a banquet, could hardly accommodate the number present.

The program consisted of choral recitals by the Laisve Chorus and the Freiheit Gesangs Verein, a violin trio, a boxing exhibition, and many other features. Jack Rosen, city organizer, spoke on the significance of the league anniversary.

The hall was placarded with slogans: "Free Bela Kun," "Vote Communist in 1928," "Defend the Soviet Union," and other posters. Delegates from a score of workers' organizations were present. The league orchestra supplied the music for dancing.

CHICAGO
Grand Picnic
Given by the
White Russian Peoples Society
Sunday, June 10th,
at
Albert Misek Grove.
Gate will be opened at 10 A. M.
DIRECTIONS: Take any street car to 22nd St. 22nd St. to end of line. Then take Berwen-Lyons to the end of the line. Walk two blocks west and one block north.

Cleveland Plans Drive For Relief of Miners

CLEVELAND, June 7.—The Women's Conference of the National Miners' Relief Committee will hold a tag day Saturday and Sunday. The house-to-house drive on Saturday will be from 3 to 6 p. m. and on Sunday, it will begin at 10 a. m.

All who wish to participate in the drive should report at the candy store on 12816 St. Clair Ave. A committee will be on the job to direct the collectors to the sections to be covered. Volunteers are urged to come early.

Four uniformed miners will assist in the drive.

JAPAN'S SEAMEN STILL ON STRIKE WITH PORTS IDLE

General Harbor Walk-Out Believed Likely

YOKOHOMA, June 7.—The nation-wide strike of Japanese seamen is continuing with nearly 100,000 sailors idle on the waterfronts of every Japanese harbor of importance. Reports from a number of smaller ports in the north and east state that the men have struck there also.

The rapidity with which the strike spread from port to port thruout the islands has amazed even the leaders who declare that the strike sentiment among the sailors is unusually strong and that they are prepared to wage a determined struggle for their demands. The ship owners, taken almost completely by surprise, are suffering heavy losses as the ships lie helpless at anchor. The tie-up in Yokohoma, Osaka, Nagasaki and Kobe is complete.

Strong sympathy for the seamen is expressed among all classes of harbor workers and the probability of a general harbor strike is looming up.

The strike was called when the Japanese Shipowners' Association refused the Seamen's Union a small wage increase.

WORKERS OF CHICAGO!
Are you with the miners in their fight?
Then help to feed their starving children!
Participate in
Miners' Relief Drive
Sunday, June 10th, 1928
Secure credentials and supplies at the following stations:
MINERS' RELIEF COMMITTEE, 23 S. Lincoln Street.
WORKERS BOOK STORE, 2021 W. Division Street.
FREIHEIT OFFICE, 3301 W. Roosevelt Road.
WORKERS' CLUB, 2736 W. Division Street.
VILNIS, 3116 S. Halsted Street.
RADNICK, 1806 S. Racine Avenue.
ROVNOST L'UDU, 1510 W. 18th Street.
PULLMAN STATIONS, 9938 Exchange Avenue.
10701 Stephenson Avenue.
IMPERIAL HALL, 2409 N. Halsted Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.
Come Hear the New Gospel
Bishop
WM. MONTGOMERY BROWN
at the LABOR LYCEUM
35 MILLER ST., PITTSBURGH

- Bishop Brown
Sunday, June 10
8 P. M.
Subject:
"THE FUTURE SOCIETY"
THE FREIHEIT SINGING SOCIETY of fifty voices will sing.
STANLEY ALTSHULA, Conductor.
FRED SIDERS, newly elected President of District 5, W. M. W. of A. will preside.
Auspices National Miners' Relief Committee, of Pittsburgh, Pa.
DIRECTIONS: Take 82 Car and get off at Roberts Street, and take any car on Fifth Avenue, and get off Dinwiddie Street.

ATTENTION
Pittsburgh, East Pittsburgh and Vicinity
"SCHOOL DAYS"
A Workingclass Play, will be given by the
EAST PITTSBURGH PIONEERS
on
Saturday, June 9th, at 8 P. M.
at the CROATIAN WORKERS HALL
(Corner of Electric and North Ave.)
EAST PITTSBURGH, PA.
Dancing after the play. Admission 50c.
Auspices: EAST PITTSBURGH PIONEERS.

PICNIC
For the benefit of the Daily Worker
Given by the
New Kensington, Pa. Branch
of the Workers (Communist) Party
Sunday, June 10th
at FABIAN'S FARM
DANCING REFRESHMENTS SPEAKERS
ADMISSION 25c.

BOSTON
TRUCK PARTY
Sunday, June 10, 1928
To Silver Lake, Mass.
Arranged by DAILY WORKER BUILDERS CLUB
Good Time *Refreshments*
Trucks leave 38 Causeway Street, Boston and New International Hall, 42 Wenonah Street, Roxbury, at 10 o'clock sharp.
Ticket One Dollar.

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Editor..........ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..........WM. F. DUNNE

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Kneeling to Reaction

Capitalist imperialism in its operations in the territory of a weaker nation invariably recruits every force of reaction, every anti-social force, every superstitious residue of the past that can be welded into an instrument of support for the conquest of its intended subjects. As England, in the conquest of India, busily fans to white heat both sides of religious fanaticism and carefully allies herself with the autocratic feudal princes—just so the United States in the present stage is occupied with re-fastening the chains of the past upon Mexico. Dwight W. Morrow, ambassador of J. P. Morgan & Co. and of the United States to Mexico, is now forcing upon the Mexican nation the handcuffs of the Catholic hierarchy which that country has learned to hate and fear.

The kneeling of Calles and Obregon before Morrow, the "cardinal" of the Wall Street vatican, has long been apparent. Now, at the command of Morrow, Calles and Obregon are kneeling before the smaller vatican of Rome. After some very obvious pressure from the Morgan partner in the United States embassy, Calles and Obregon sent an emissary to declare at a public festival that the Mexican revolution, which they say has been converted into their government,

> "is completely respectful of religious faiths. It is absolutely false that it pretends to uproot in the hearts of Mexicans the beliefs they have had for so many centuries. It is completely false that it wishes to obliterate the religion we inherited from our ancestors, least of all that it pretends to efface the adoration for the Virgin of Guadalupe, that divine image that nestles in the hearts of all good Mexicans and inspires them with infinite eagerness for betterment."

Only a few months ago the Mexican workers and peasants courageously crushed out in battle the bloody counter-revolution of the semi-feudal landlords conceived and led by the church hierarchy. Now Calles and Obregon are busy selling these same workers and peasants, through the broker Morrow, into the slavery to these same landlords and priests.

The Washington government knows that every power of superstition and the assistance of every petty privileged tyrant will be needed in the next years to help in the conquest of Mexico, the destruction of its national independence and its complete enslavement.

The Mexican workers and peasants must see through the honeyed "liberalism" of Calles and Obregon toward the landlord-and-priest reaction. Their "tolerance" for reaction goes hand in hand with an increasingly sharp depression of the conditions of the working class. The workers of Mexico must rally to support and to build up their revolutionary Communist Party of Mexico which alone can be trusted to guide the industrial and rural toilers in the long and sharp struggle to drive United States imperialism out of Mexico.

And the workers of the United States must become the staunchest allies of the revolutionary forces of Mexico in doing this. The Communist electoral campaign of 1928 in the United States has this as one of its objects.

Waiting for "Inexpensive" Seats for "Strange Interlude"

By SCOTT NEARING.

RECENTLY I waited in line for five minutes at the John Golden Theatre, on 58th St., near Broadway, New York City, to be told that if I wanted a "cheap" seat for Eugene O'Neill's Strange Interlude I could get it for the week of June 30th. "Expensive" seats were available after June 18th.

Scott Nearing

Cheap seats were $2.20. Expensive seats were $4.40 each.

On the day that I visited the theatre "Strange Interlude" was being performed for the 101st time. The play begins at 5:30 p. m. and runs for about 5 hours.

* * *

The book makes good reading. O'Neill has a quintangle—an attractive, highly strung, parasitic woman who surrounds herself with a "father," a "husband," a "lover" and a "son" upon whom she lives from Act 1 to Act 9.

* * *

It is significant that O'Neill has picked this setting for his drama. Professional and business men begin poor and end rich. Parasitic, neurotic women live on their men. The scene is far enough from the setting of The Hairy Ape or Desire Under the Elms. All of the leading characters in Strange Interlude, like all of the leading characters in the Saturday Evening Post, get rich. Act 9 is staged on the terrace of a millionaire's estate on Long Island.

But that does not explain why the bourgeois world pays $4.40, weeks in advance, to see the play.

The dialogue is clever, but not un[illegible]. The plot is so jerky and melodramatic that it produces a sensation much like the roller coaster. Many other plays in New York this winter have excelled in both dialogue and plot.

The Strange Interlude is the period in life when sex passion no longer drives and before senility has actually set in. The chief incidents of the play center around this period. Idle, dilletante, ineffective men and women whimper plaintively as they seek happiness. They do not find it, but in the last act the handsome, athletic young hero marries the beautiful, enthusiastic heroine. The "old man" dies in the nick of time, scattering millions in his will, and the couple flies off in an airplane to live happy ever afterward.

The drama presents a striking picture of bourgeois decadence in this American center of bourgeois strength.

1. Life is aimless, almost purposeless.

2. Sex provides the center of all interests.

3. As sex recedes, life recedes.

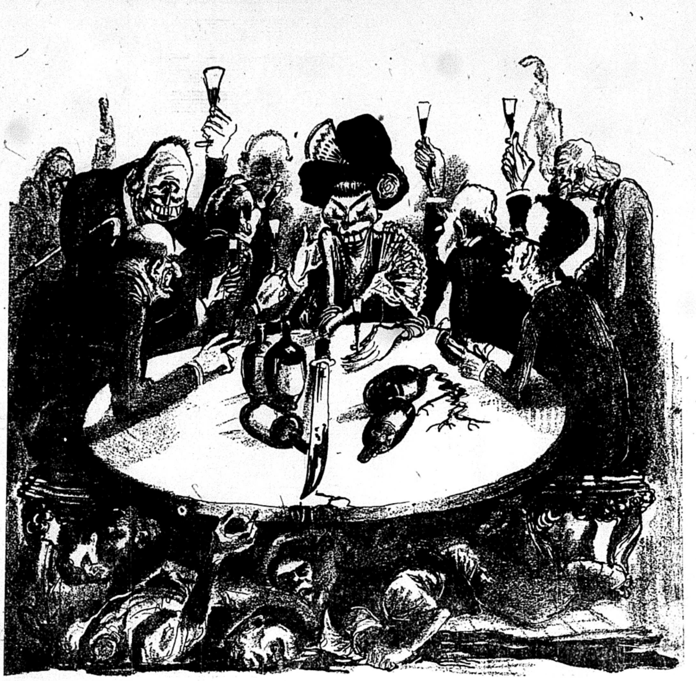
4. Hence, the mothers and grandmothers strive to perpetuate life by staying "young" or by acting "young"—still playing at the sex game after sex drive has lost its force.

Strange Interlude suggests some of the ways in which people who have no further excuse for living can strike a temporary bargain with pessimism and despair. Multitudes of ruling class Americans are fascinated by this play because it tantalizes their fancies with the possibility of these temporary bargains.

That is where O'Neill has played his $4.40 followers false. If he were fair to them, he would have his aviator, at the end of Act 9, writing across the sky: "First class funerals, the only hope!"

THE KUOMINTANG ENTERTAINS

By Fred Ellis



The Kuomintang, with its imperialist admirers, has been responsible for the death of hundreds of thousands of workers.

After the Fall of Peking---What?

This remarkable and timely article on the significance of the fall of Peking, written in advance of the event by Earl R. Browder, is concluded in this issue of The DAILY WORKER.—Editor.

* * *

By EARL BROWDER.

(Continued from Last Issue)

The Inner Political Developments.

The question arises, is the present demoralization of the Kuomintang simply a temporary crisis, resulting from the expulsion of the workers and peasants and their suppression, and will the bourgeoisie be able now to stabilize its rule and gradually bring orderly development along the classic lines of capitalism?

While it is impossible to answer this question with finality, there is much evidence to show that the answer must be no, that it is impossible for Chinese nationalism to develop on the model of the United States, Japan, or Turkey. Imperialism is too strong, and is pressed too hard by its inner necessity for expansion, for it to leave China opportunity to work out over a period of years a national bourgeois regime. And in addition to the pressure from outside of imperialism, China is also tormented internally with such a tangle of social and economic problems, that the bourgeoisie is already breaking down in its first attempts to seize supreme power in the land. It is unable to lay down the first foundations of civil order.

To establish this point, we will again turn for witnesses among those who have every interest to testify exactly contrary to what they are forced to state by the hard facts of their difficult situation. Such testimony, coming from the most hostile sources, carries tenfold weight.

Consider, for example, the report of General Ten Yin-wah, in charge of the military expedition against the peasant Soviets in the East River districts of Kwangtung (Swabue, Haifeng, Lufeng), which was printed in the Chinese newspaper Shunpao, Shanghai, April 4, 1928. Reporting on the results of his operation against the revolting peasants, General Teng declares to the Kwangtung Provincial Government that even successes in a military way are futile, and predicts that the peasant revolution will overwhelm the present government. Following are a few items, translated from his report:

> **"In my campaign to suppress the Communist-bandits in Haifeng and Lufeng by your order, I feel from what I have seen all along the way, that there is a part of the Hailufeng people who accept the Communists' propaganda, believing in their vicious talk of burning land-deeds and rent books, destroying landmarks, refusing to pay taxes, debts, and rents, etc. They think this is of great benefit to them immediately and that plebianism can be realized. The general mass of ignorant people really have the tendency and desire to rebel."**

General Teng then cites several historical examples, the fall of the Ching and Tsung dynasties, etc., to prove that when such a condition exists among the masses, "then the rebellion cannot be quelled." He declares that the Kuomintang is constantly becoming weaker, that the only remaining barrier against revolution among the masses is the ancient morality "which is moaning in its death-pangs." The teachings of the Kuomintang are practically unknown to the people, because "the Communist-bandits have created a false theory which has penetrated into the deeper mind." He describes the weakness of the Kuomintang in the following words:

> **"The Communist-bandits are resolved to set up a series of local powers surrounding Canton, and there is such a possibility for them. I have fought in many places, but only in the city have I seen any virile organization of the Kuomintang, but never in the rural districts. Also I have never found any people who can understand the general view of our party doctrines. In other words, our party has some connections with the masses in the city, but it is separated entirely from the masses in the rural districts. It is not difficult to win military successes against the Communist-bandits, but unless we can strengthen our party organization and educate our party members, we cannot succeed in destroying the Communists."**

Comparing Kuomintang and Communist Party.

General Teng has a desperate remedy to propose. Finding his army rather useless, he requests the government to send "hundreds of able party members to engage in propaganda work," men who are well-grounded in such scholarly works as "those books pointed out in the will of Sun Yat-sen," and also "The National Revolution, by Mr. Chun Po-shu, the Theory of Chinese National Revolution by Mr. Wang Ching-min, the Philosophical Foundations of Sun-yatsenism by Mr. Tai-chi tao, and the books of Mr. Sun Chin-ya, and also understand the mistakes and correctnesses in these books." This seems a pretty large order, even for the latter-day Kuomintang which delights in grandiose paper-programs. One wonders how many propagandists General Teng found, who not only were familiar with the books mentioned, but also "understood the mistakes and correctnesses" in the same fashion as the general. And the unfortunate general wrote his report from the field, just about the time the men to whom he addressed it had repudiated the will of Dr. Sun as a "Communist forgery"!

In pointing out what he wants the Kuomintang to do in the way of propaganda to support his armies, General Teng finds it necessary to describe with admiration how the Chinese Communists work, with unified propaganda and program. Going into this matter with much detail, he sums up:

> **"The Communists educate their members even in the small things. When they are to be executed then they sing the International song and cry the slogan 'Overthrow the Kuomintang,' in order to make propaganda and education among the masses. All such kind of education and discipline are much better than the Kuomintang. Under such conditions, when we wish to destroy them, how difficult is such a task!"**

This report of General Teng Yin-wah is so much more to the point than anything I can write, that comment seems superfluous. It is quite evident who are the bandits in Kwangtung; the bandits are precisely these militarists who use the banner of the Kuomintang, but who are not longer a party in the true sense, but simply a gang of military cutthroats under the domination of foreign imperialism.

What the Imperialists Think About It.

In a previous article I quoted at length the article by Sokolsky, in the North China Daily News, which judges the Kuomintang position as very precarious. Many other such witnesses could be called to the same effect. For example, we have the Peking & Tientsin Times of April 14, in which a long editorial is devoted to the trouble in Hankow between the Kuomintang militarists and the French consul. What is of immediate interest is the conclusion of this influential organ of British imperialism. It says:

> **"However, the measures taken by the anti-Reds in order to intimidate the French authorities into surrendering two women who were certainly not being permitted to pursue any political activities while being given refuge in the French Concession, constitute a precedent, as does the actual surrender itself, which may yet be used by the so-called Communists themselves when the new turn of the political wheel comes. We should not be far wrong in saying that the measure of the wrath of the Wuhan authorities against the French consul-general is the measure of their fear of the Communists. It is known that they have been in a panic ever since the recent troubles in Hunan.**
>
> **The time may come sooner than many people expect when the militarists at present reigning in Wuhan will be running into the Concessions for the preservation of their skins, and the Communists will be demanding their surrender as traitors to the revolution."**

Mr. H. G. W. Woodhead, editor of the Peking & Tientsin Times, gave an interview to the Japan Advertiser in Tokyo, the latter part of April. Regarding the advance of the northern expedition, he was asked:

"What will happen if the Nationalists fail?"

"It will mean chaos," was his brief reply.

"What if they win?"

"That will also be chaos."

The imperialists know quite well that by their success in dominating the Kuomintang, they have also succeeded in completely separating it from the masses of the people, and rendered it indistinguishable from the old northern militarist combinations. The Peking & Tientsin Times of April 23, speaks of "the universal feeling that the fiery enthusiasm of the Kuomintang has grown cold, if it has not been extinguished."

REPORT SHOWS WORKERS SWELL JOBLESS RANKS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By mail).—Employment is steadily declining in Pennsylvania, according the Federal Reserve figures, which again prove that the capitalist system cannot stem the over-growing evil that is slowly but surely causing the workers to starve like rats.

There is no hope for the workers under capitalism. Strikes, lock-outs, wage cuts, speed-up are their lot. The workers must starve while the owners of the industries, the capitalists, admit that their profits are increasing.

In the report from four hundred and seventy-four factories there was a decline of seven percent from March to April, with another decline from February to March, which clearly shows that the worker is due for a ride into the starving, but proud ranks of the American unemployed.

The writer, an American ex-serviceman, marvels at the lack of resistance of the mass of suffering workers. If they would only organize and overthrow the cause, the capitalist makers of their misery, they could, by establishing a workers' and farmers' government, enjoy the prosperity that their oppressors and capitalist masters enjoy now.

And for future generations they could establish a system of society where, by owning the resources and the industries, the workers would receive the full value of their toil.

—W. C. P.

HANdOuTS

Sidney Hillman, boss of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, in addressing his colleagues at the Pacific Coast Social Workers' Conference, declared that "our present industrial system has been the greatest contributor to wealth and prosperity in history." For whom, Sidney, for whom?

* * *

Virtue was again rewarded yesterday when a London junk peddler received the munificent sum of eight cents for returning $500 in notes which he found in the streets.

* * *

Brule, Wisconsin, is witnessing the fight of the ages. Three churches are battling for the honor of having Calvin Coolidge sleep in their pews.

* * *

Local fishermen are vying for the honor of catching the fish that will be attributed to Cal—and even the poor fish are fighting for the distinction of being caught. It isn't every fish who has a chance to get his face on the first page of the New York Times.

* * *

The quintessence of delicacy has just been shown by Admiral H. A. Wiley, commander-in-chief of the U. S. fleet, who has been irritated, it appears, by the description of navy men as "gobs." In an order forbidding its further use, Wiley characterized the appellation as "undignified and worthy." Easy on the language and rough on the butchering, is the slogan of the refined admiral.

* * *

Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, delivered his annual tirade against prohibition at the graduation of 4,300 campus boys and girls the other day.

* * *

Daily Worker Crisis

"Oh mama who is the man in the picture looking through the bushes?"

"That is a DAILY WORKER journalist, my child."

"Oh isn't that too bad! Why does he look so odd?"

"He has to live on pretzels and copy paper."

"Well, why doesn't he get a haircut on the chin?"

"He's pawned his lawn mower. He hasn't any money."

"Oh how long since he's been paid?"

"That was before the Fall of the Bastille."

"When will he get paid again?"

"As soon as The DAILY WORKER drive goes over the $10,000 mark."

"Oh mama I'll get the penny out of the crack in the stairs to send it. Lend me your chewing gum!"

* * *

How a great industry devotes itself to social service is described by H. T. Sands, president of the National Electric Light Association, in these words:

"These men and women engaged in our industry are deeply conscious of their duty as public servants and are conscientiously striving to discharge that duty. No industry has a greater concern than ours in the integrity of our educational institutions."

* * *

Philanthropist, Female

The unemployed, who are starving on the streets of Seattle, are greatly relieved to learn that the churches have begun a systematic campaign of prayer in their behalf and that the women's clubs are cooperating by passing resolutions so general that practically no jobless man is left unmentioned. It remained however, for Betty Ross, philanthropic society girl of Seattle shown above, at top, to bring them immediate relief by driving out and showing them her pet leopard.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

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N COMMUNISTS LAUNCH RED ELECTION CAMPAIGN

Bos Big Business, Prepare Quick Change Act as Hoover Strategy Gains

MAY NAME CURTIS AS VICE PRESIDENT TO GAG FARMERS

Pledge Hoover N. Y. Votes at End of Farce

KANSAS CITY, June 10.—With the republican nominating convention but little more than forty-eight hours away every political knot has been tied which can bind Herbert Hoover, secretary of commerce and pet of the big business interests, to the presidential nomination. With the proposal to nominate Senator Charles Curtis of Kansas, for vice-president, taken in conjunction with the announcement by George K. Morris, chairman of the New York state delegation, that the state's sixty votes will be cast for Coolidge as soon as the balloting begins but that, if he refuses, the entire block will go to Hoover, the nomination of the Secretary of Commerce passed more or less certainly into the realm of certainty.

The Big Bosses.

The promise of the New York state votes to Hoover is the last step in a series of maneuvers by which Andrew T. Mellon, and William M. Butler, political bosses of Pennsylvania and Massachusetts respectively, have kept Coolidge as a political "ace in the hole" for use in last minute emergency.

But the process of clearing the "draft Coolidge" camouflage has already been begun with the statement that the Hoover forces will ask Charles D. Hilles, Coolidge fanatic and New York member of the republican national committee to take up a Hoover position at once. Should he refuse for political reasons, measures will be taken, it is intimated, to have him unseated from the committee.

Lowden Arrives.

The arrival of Frank O. Lowden in Kansas City has not materially changed the situation for the "allies," as the anti-Hoover forces are called. Apparently unable to make an inch of progress, the anti-Hoover candidates are awaiting for a miracle to stop Herbert Hoover's march toward the presidential nomination. Just how the miracle may happen is a conjecture which added to their general uncertainty and consternation.

No real effort to satisfy the demands of the farmers is being made by either of those groups which are exploiting the demands for political purposes. The latest sop to the farmer element is seen in the move to nominate Senator Charles Curtis for vice-president. The Hoover leaders hope by this maneuver to gag the farmer element since Curtis is a Mississippi Valley man. He has, besides, made a very pretty political play, first voting for the McNary-Haugen bill and then, in the interest of republican solidarity, refusing to vote against the president's veto.

It is believed that this final maneuver will definitely throw the nomination into the Hoover camp.

SPLIT AMONG WAR LORDS LOOMING

Feng and Yen in Clash for Control

TIENTSIN, June 10.—A split in the Nanking forces is seen as the result of a dispute which has arisen between Yen Hai-shan and Feng Yu-hsiang, Kuomintang war lords, concerning the control of the Tientsin-Peking territory. Feng, who has 70,000 troops outside of Peking, is said to be preparing to take over the city from the Shansi vanguard of 5,000, despite the fact that General Yen, governor of Shansi and head of the Shansi army, had been named to control the Tientsin-Peking area.

Feng is also reported preparing to take Tientsin, where 30,000 northern troops are now looting the city. Five thousand troops of Chiang-Kai-shek, Kuomintang commander-in-chief, arrived this morning at Machang, 20 miles south of Tientsin, under officers of Feng Yu-hsiang. It is believed that Chiang will side with Yen Shi-shan in his dispute with Feng.

'DAILY' FACES DANGEROUS CRISIS

To the Readers of the DAILY WORKER:—

An extremely dangerous stage in the campaign to save The DAILY WORKER was reached Saturday when the funds received for the week fell short by $1,839.79 of the $5,000 which, according to the ultimatum of creditors, alone would prevent suspension last Saturday. Late Saturday we obtained the consent of the printing establishment to extend the time for payments due them to Monday night.

The shortage of $1,839 for the first week has placed the paper in a precarious position. As previously announced, the total which must be raised by the end of this week, June 16, is $10,000. That means that the amount which The DAILY WORKER is compelled to raise by next Saturday is $6,839.

The life of our revolutionary Daily depends on this. The DAILY WORKER is determined not only not to die but to become stronger than ever as the revolutionary voice of the militant workers of America. We are sure that you, the militant workers, who are the readers and supporters of the DAILY WORKER, will see us through this crisis.

Some of the things that make us think so, are such letters as the following:

Dear Comrade:—

Nucleus 2 of the Workers Party of Pittsburgh put the DAILY WORKER on agenda at our meeting, held on Tuesday, June 5.

At the meeting we collected $55 and a committee of the comrades, M. Jenkins, Fred Carew, James Sofakis, Rebecca Horowitz, and I. Bay were elected to collect $95 more. This will make $150 for our nucleus. You know, comrades, that conditions in this district are very bad at present, and this is the best we can do now. I hope that the Daily will come out stronger from this crisis, and we appeal to all the Party units to do the same as our nucleus. Our good standing membership is Twenty-Five.

Fraternally,
M. JENKINS, Chairman of the Committee.

To The DAILY WORKER:—

The members of Branch 9, Workmen's Circle, although they have given to DAILY WORKER on previous occasions, consider that it would be calamity if our organ of struggle, The DAILY WORKER, would suspend. We give $14.00 tonight and promise to collect $25.00 at our next special meeting.

I. SMOTRICH.

And the following:—

"Please accept this money, $10 (ten dollars) for DAILY WORKER immediately. Let our comrades know I am sacrificing a new summer hat and coat to give this to help save The DAILY WORKER. Send it to them as soon as possible. May other comrades of the country give until it hurts, also.

Yours for the DAILY WORKER,
MARTHA A. BIEGLER.

This is the spirit which will keep our paper alive.

But, Comrades, we must ask you to speed up your help. Today and tomorrow will be danger points. And we must have nearly $7,000 by next Saturday. Contributions are increasing—each day's mail and telegraph brings more than the day before. But they are not increasing rapidly enough, and the danger is great.

Send help quick to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York City.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

Imperialist Troops Guarding Tientsin

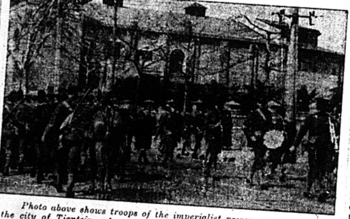

Photo above shows troops of the imperialist powers concentrated in the city of Tientsin, whose capture is threatened by the Kuomintang forces. A battle between the rival armies of Chang Tso-lin and Chiang Kai-shek, rivals in the service of imperialists, will probably be fought in the next few days.

FIVE MORE DONETZ ENGINEERS GUILTY

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., June 10.—The accused technicians in the huge Donetz conspiracy against the Soviet Union, Natov and Bratanovsky, testified today that engineer Ovtcharek had been an active member of the saboteurs' organization.

Kalnin, also one of the engineers accused of participating in the plot, declared that he had been a menshevik before the war. He pleaded guilty of having had full knowledge of the sabotage and of having taken no action in preventing it. Upon further examination, he admitted that he had received money from engineer Nekrasov to keep silent concerning the plot.

Nekrasov was then examined. At first he denied that he had participated in the sabotage work, and declared that he was in complete sympathy with the Soviet Union. His testimony was proven false. It was proved that he had not only robbed the Soviet while working, but also the former czarist owners.

The testimony of further witnesses characterized Nekrasov as a bully who treated the workers under his control like animals. The former chief of the Okhrana, reactionary police organization of the czarist government, in the Schachty district, testified that Nekrasov had collaborated with that organization.

Later in the evening, Kuwaldin, former menshevik who had been arrested in 1924 as an enemy dictature, denied having committed any counter-revolutionary acts. He claimed that he had only criticised some leading Soviet officials.

Odrow, another of the accused engineers, admitted that he had several times received money from counter-revolutionary organizations

TEXTILE DEFENSE PARLEY IN BOSTON

Appeal for Aid to Keep Strikers From Jail

BOSTON, June 10.—At a well attended conference called by the International Labor Defense in Boston, enthusiastic reception was given to the New Bedford strike leaders Antonio S. Adao, president of the newly organized New Bedford Textile Workers Union, J. C. DeMello, vice-president, Eulalia G. Mendes, secretary, Fred E. Beal and others who came to address the conference. All speakers praised the good work of the I. L. D. in conducting the defense of the strikers and they promised to continue the militant fight in New Bedford for a complete victory against the mill owners.

The report of Robert Zolms, I. L. D. district organizer, stated that up to this date 22 strikers have been arrested in New Bedford and tried in the district court under the most flimsy and ridiculous charges. The most usual charge being "singing on the picket line" and "making faces" at the police and company officials. The 22 militant workers, including a number of elderly women, were sentenced by Judge Milliken to the total of 510 days in jail and $365.00 fines. All cases have been appealed by the I. L. D. attorney to superior court and the defendants are out on bonds amounting to $7900.00 so far. The bail being from $300.00 to $900.00 in each case. The International Labor Defense is sending out urgent appeals to all its members and sympathizers for contributions and loans to be sent to the I. L. D. district office, 113 Dudley St., Room 6, Boston, Mass., so that the defense in New Bedford can go on.

PROTEST FASCIST TERROR, CALL OF WORKERS PARTY

Freedom for Communist Leaders Is Demand

Denouncing the savage prison sentences meted out to Italian Communist leaders the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, in a statement issued Saturday, calls upon the workers of this country to protest against fascist terrorism and to demand the immediate and unconditional release of the victims of Mussolini's rule. The statement follows:

"Fellow-Workers:—

"Thirty-seven militant leaders of the Italian working class have been condemned by Mussolini's fascist government to long-term imprisonments, ranging from six to twenty-seven years. The bloody hand of Mussolini's regime, for which the American capitalists have repeatedly expressed unbounded admiration, and to which they have given repeated financial support, has delivered another bastardly blow at the Italian working class.

"What is the crime of these thirty-seven working class leaders?

Fought Against Fascism.

"They opposed the Fascist regime militantly and consistently and organized the masses to struggle against it.

"They stood loyally by the working class and the trade unions when the fascist murderers launched their attack upon the trade unions in order to destroy them.

"They continued to build labor unions and develop a labor press, despite the fascist law and at the risk of their lives, after Mussolini had outlawed the trade unions.

"They fought bravely against Mussolini's so-called industrial charter, which cut wages, lengthened hours, outlawed strikes and bona fide unions and aimed at reducing the Italian workers to virtual slavery.

Opposed Imperialism.

"They stood in the forefront of struggle against the imperialist machinations and war conspiracies of Mussolini's regime.

"They waged an uncompromising battle against capitalist exploitation,

(Continued on Page Two)

Tricked to Work

GORSEINON, South Wales, June 10.—Strikers at the tin plate works here were induced to return to work on the promise of an "inquiry."

Products From Soviet Union Shown at Leipzig

An exhibit of industrial and agricultural products from the Soviet Union formed one section of the Leipzig fair this year. They testified to thousands of visitors from all over Europe the excellence of goods from the U.S.S.R. The picture shows the crowds entering the Soviet Union's exhibit.

MAKE SACRIFICES TO SAVE 'DAILY WORKER'

An example of determination and self-sacrifice in the efforts to save The DAILY WORKER has been shown by the members of Unit 2B 2F, Workers (Communist) Party of New York. Despite the fact that most of the 23 members of this unit are unemployed, they have decided to raise $100 for the "Daily."

"Every comrade took the floor, stressing the critical condition of our 'Daily' and the vital importance of its existence," writes a member of this unit, in describing its last meeting. "Everyone was determined that something must be done to raise funds to overcome the crisis. A motion was made that the unit raise $100. Since most of the comrades are unemployed, it was quite a hard thing to accomplish. But where there is a will there is a way. We finally hit upon a good idea, that is, that we secure a loan of $100 from a loan society at once, the money to be paid back during a period of 10 months.

"I believe that if every comrade would have the same determination and proceed in a like manner, The DAILY WORKER would be saved in no time. Party units, follow our example."

Philadelphia, which is so often referred to as the sleepy city, has shown itself by no means sleepy in coming to the aid of The DAILY WORKER. A. Sokolov, DAILY WORKER agent of Philadelphia, has sent in $77.50, contributed by class-conscious workers of that city, and writes that "more will come later."

Finnish Workers Aid "Daily."

The Finnish workers are also rallying to the aid of the only newspaper in the English language that fights militantly for all the workers of all nationalities. Thirty dollars has been collected among the Finnish workers of Superior, Wis., and sent in to the "Daily" thru Joe Polin of The DAILY WORKER committee of Superior. Polin also writes that more funds are being raised.

Contributions received on Saturday were higher than on any previous single day, tho still behind what they

(Continued on Page Two)

NANKING'S AGENT SEEKS U. S. HELP

Dr. Wu Makes Atack on Communists at Meet

A tirade against the Communists and an appeal for support, financial and otherwise, for the Nanking nationalist government were the chief burdens of an address by Dr. C. C. Wu, former foreign minister of the Nanking government and at present its special emissary to the United States, at the Chinese Theatre here yesterday afternoon.

Dr. Wu, who was the chief speaker at a welcome arranged for him by the counter-revolutionary Kuomintang blamed the Communist "agents of Moscow" for all the troubles of the reactionary Nanking regime and asked that it be supported in its efforts to drive the Japanese out of Shantung.

The meeting, which was attended by most of the leading Chinese business men of this city, greeted the speaker warmly. Dr. Wu is in this country to negotiate loans that will enable the Nanking government to continue the wholesale murder of Chinese workers and peasants.

2,000 BEG WORK ON ONE WALES JOB

Gather at 4 A. M.; Suffering Is Acute in Numerous Districts

PENARTH, Wales (By mail).—An example of the seriousness of the unemployment crisis in this district and the suffering in the working class districts was shown in the assembling here of more than 2,000 men and youths for work on the Cardiff Union Hospital, beginning at 4 a. m.

When the superintendent arrived at 7 a. m. to choose workers for the job he declined to take responsibility for making the selection. The workers had arrived not only from Penarth, Cardiff and Barry but places farther away.

The superintendent saw desperation in many of the faces of those who offered themselves for the long day's work for little pay and sent word to the contractors to get men from the local employment exchange.

DRUNKEN JUDGE JAILED.

PINEVILLE, Ky., June 8.—Because Magistrate Harvey Hopkins was found guilty of being drunk while in office, possessing liquor and shooting on the highway, he has been fined $500 and sentenced to thirty days in jail. He is a former school teacher and is the chief judicial officer of the Pineville district.

MINOR NOMINATED FOR U. S. SENATE, DUNNE, GOVERNOR

Fort-Whiteman, Poyntz, Brill, Also Named

Amid enthusiasm second only to that which exactly two weeks ago marked the great national nomination convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, the state nomination convention meeting yesterday at the Workers Center on Union Square, nominated its candidates, framed its platform and launched its campaign for the 1928 elections. Two hundred delegates from every section of the state were joined by over a thousand members and sympathizers of the Party in a demonstration for the candidates chosen for state offices.

In a platform which in its basic principles, followed the outline of the national platform recently adopted by the Party, the state nominating convention again indicated its outstanding characteristic as the sole Party of the American working class, the Party which takes its stand on the class struggle. Ringing out their challenge to the capitalist masters with an unmistakable tone of battle, the New York delegates by their enthusiasms, by their youthful energy and courage, by the manner in which they discussed the immediate tasks as well as the ultimate issues of the Party, proved conclusively their right to be the leaders of the workers' struggles in the vanguard of the proletariat.

Name Candidates.

Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER, in acceptance speech for office of U. S. Senator, struck the keynote of the convention with the declaration that when candidates are chosen by the Communist Party, the Party itself becomes the real candidate. The office for which the Party asks the workers' support, said Minor, is the office of overthrowing the capitalist system.

William F. Dunne, assistant editor of The DAILY WORKER was nominated for the office of governor; Juliet Stuart Poyntz received the nomination for lieutenant governor; Franklin B. Brill of Buffalo was nominated for attorney general and Lovett Fort-Whiteman for state comptroller.

The New York state campaign of the Workers Party which is expected to develop into its leading national campaign brought together delegates from practically every city in the state. Among these besides the five boroughs of Greater New York were represented Buffalo, Rochester, Albany, Syracuse, Binghamton, Troy, Utica, Yonkers, Schenectady, Elmira and other cities.

Welcome Delegates.

In his opening speech of welcome to the delegates Wm. W. Weinstone, organizer of district 2 of the Party, emphasized the great importance of the first state-wide nominating convention of the Party following immediately upon the formal launching of the national Party campaign. "The campaign in New York state," he declared, "here in the center of world imperialism, in the state in which we find Al Smith, the hero of Tammany Hall, in which the tool of big business, the republican party, works out its international schemes for the exploitation of the workers, here in the city where the socialist party with its betrayers to the working class, its Thomases, its Hillquits, its Sigmans and Hillmans—here in this state the Communist Party will fight its most aggressive battle.

The state platform endorsed the demands of the national platform and pointed out that the republican and democratic parties alike are both servants of the oppressive capitalist class of the country. The platform pointed out that the Smith and republican legislature has done nothing to relieve the hundreds of thousands of unemployed workers in New York state, that it has used the police and the courts to break strikes and to disrupt the unions of this state. The Walker administration has been particularly active in preventing any organization developing among the traction workers at the same time that it has been in collusion with the Interborough Rapid Transit, in order to increase the fare from five to seven cents and lay the basis for a still higher fare. This has been done by the Walker administration in collusion

(Continued on Page Two)

Scab Wins Suit for $300 Because Militant Mine Women in Ohio Egged Him

MASS PICKETING GOES ON DESPITE MANY ARRESTS

Bosses Try Intimidation of County Officials

ST. CLAIRSVILLE, Ohio, June 10.—A decision has been handed down by the Belmont County Common Pleas Court awarding $300 to Emroy E. Brewer, scab miner employed in the Florence mine of the Y & O Coal Company in a damage suit against the Belmont county commissioners. The suit grows out of an alleged attack on Brewer by strikers last August 2. The institution of the proceedings and the favorable decision rendered to Brewer is looked upon by Belmount County strikers as an effort of the Y & O Coal Company and the courts to intimidate county authorities and to spur them to greater strikebreaking efforts. Emroy alleges that he was a target for eggs and stones flung by wives of strikers as he attempted to reach the mine.

Mass Picketing Goes On.

The action of the company, the real power behind Emroy's suit, according to the strikers here, will have no effect on the mass picket lines which continue regularly here. "We have established our right to picket," says John Barto, veteran of the mass arrests at Lansing and St. Clairsville, which attracted nation-wide attention late in April. "We will keep on picketing till we close down every mine in the county. The only thing that worries us is food. We can't expect chicken dinners when we are on strike but we've got to have enough to feed the children once in a while. The carload of food sent us early last week by the National Miners Relief Committee is the only thing we will have to keep us going until they send us more."

TEXTILE STRIKERS FIGHT BETRAYERS

Textile Workers Union Issues Appeal

The New Bedford Textile Workers Union has issued an appeal to all workers to leave the misleaders of the American Federation of Textile Operators and to join in a militant struggle against the wage-cut:

For eight weeks now the textile workers of New Bedford have conducted a militant struggle against the 10 percent wage cut and for a decent standard of living.

The mill owners thought that New Bedford would be like Fall River that the officials of the United Textile Workers and the American Federation of Textile Operatives, Mr. Batty and others would be able to strangle any strike move by the workers. However, this was not to be. The entrance of the Textile Mill Committees changed the entire situation. Under the leadership of the Textile Mill Committees the hitherto unorganized textile workers were organized and led into the fight.

At first the mill owners and their agents thought that the new union would soon collapse. They sent Mr. Batty to try to break up the picket lines and beat up one of the workers' organizers. But instead of being frightened the workers answered blow for blow and Mr. Batty retired. Now the mill owners will use the police and courts and the usual strike terror will begin. Detective agencies will be hired to frame up the leaders of the strike. Nothing will be left undone in the attempt to crush the new union.

In order to meet this terror more effectively, the textile workers have decided to reorganize themselves into the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union affiliated with the National Textile Mill Committees. This union will be based on the slogan: One factory, one branch—One industry, one union!

At a recent conference the workers elected their new strike committee and officers. The following are the officers:

President, A. S. Adao (weaver, Portuguese); first vice pres., F. Willett (French-Canadian, spinner); second vice pres., J. De Mello (Portuguese, unskilled); third vice pres., J. Porter (American weaver); fourth vice pres., E. Mendes (American, unskilled); fifth vice pres., J. Gomes (a Negro worker), and financial secretary-treasurer, A. Izyk (Polish loom-fixer, formerly of the A. F. T. O.).

All the funds of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union will be deposited to be drawn out by the president and secretary-treasurer only.

This new union is here to stay. During the past eight weeks the workers have learned the lesson that whether the strike is won or lost, only a union of their own can protect them. The union accordingly now raises the following demands:

1. Abolition of 10 percent wage cut.
2. 20 percent increase in wages.
3. 40-hour, 5-day week.
4. Equal pay for equal work.
5. Abolition of speed-up.
6. No discrimination against union members.
7. Recognition of the union.

The New Bedford Textile Workers Union will fight for these demands to the last. It has no illusions. The mill owners do not yet wish to settle the strike. The indications are that the strike will be long and bitter. The New Bedford Textile Workers Union calls on all the textile workers to leave the misleaders of the A. F. T. O. and join the New Bedford Textile Workers Union and to carry on a militant fight till all the demands of the union are won.

CHILDS TRUCK KILLS MAN.

Samuel Gang, 26, died yesterday in the New York Hospital after a Childs restaurant truck struck him on 26th St. near 6th Ave.

All Eager to Jump to Wall Street's Whip

Big business may pick its next lackey in the White House from the three men pictured above. The republican convention opens Tuesday. Three men anxious to fill Cal Coolidge's rather small-sized shoes are, left to right, Herbert Hoover, who kept mum in the Harding-Coolidge cabinet during the Teapot Dome and other robberies; Frank O. Lowden of Illinois and "Black Jack" Pershing, militarist darling of Wall Street, mentioned as a dark horse.

WORKERS SACRIFICE TO SAVE THE 'DAILY'

(Continued from Page One)

should have been. Saturday's contributions totaled $705.77, making the total received thus far $3,160.21.

Saturday's Contributions.

The contributions on Saturday were as follows:

Thos. M. Williams, Camden, O., $1; Paul De Paulis, Bellaire, O., $2; Mrs. M. O'Sullivan, Kansas City, Mo., $1; Stojan Mikasinovick, Mingo Jct., O., $2; Dusan John Husek, Mingo Jct., O., $1; Marto DoMunjas, Mingo Jct., O., $1; Milica Jonoiro, Mingo Jct., O., $1; Paul Mikasinoirck, Mingo Jct., O., 50c; Sava RadoDurst, Mingo Jct., O., 50c; Nick Vitassavich, Mingo Jct., O., 50c; Rade Visnic, Mingo Mingo Jct., O., 50c; Sam Mikasinovich, Mingo Jct., O., 25c; S. T. Hammersmark, Chicago, Ill., $107.25; Lin Tang, N. Y. C., $11; A Reader, N. Y. C., $1; Mrs. Arminta Hoar, Denver, Colo., $5; Jack Feurer, N. Y. C., $15; Clerks of Public Fruit Market, N. Y. C., $15; Chas. Wizba, Shadyside, O., $1; Math. Dubrovich, Shadyside, O., $1; Steve Morasky, Caldwell, O., $5; John Stephanou, N. Y. C., $5; Steve Jankovich, Chicago, Ill., $2; Jos. Schartberg, N. Y. C., $10; 2B 2F, N. Y. C., $18.50; Jos. Weinstein, Bronx, N. Y., $5; Pauline Poylin, Bronx, N. Y., $1; Sam Sherman, N. Y. C., $1; Aaron Solker, Bronx, N. Y., $1; P. Kallman, N. Y. C., $1; Workers of Kraus & Targun, N. Y. C., $10; F. Farkas, N. Y. C., $2; S. Mavregeorge, N. Y. C., $1; Sec. 7 Br. 6, Bklyn, N. Y., $11.50; Chorovir, N. Y. C., $8; Max Schmidt, N. Y. C., $5; J. Kossone, Bklyn, N. Y., $10; Willie, N. Y. C., 25c; 2C 1F, N. Y. C., $10.40; Furriers' Women's Council, N. Y. C., $5; 2D 5F, N. Y. C., $8; 2A 6F, N. Y. C., $24.25; F. H. Sherman, Buffalo, N. Y., $1; Progressive Bakers' Club, N. Y. C., $15; J. P. Hitri, Fort Worth, Tex., $4; John Matorich, St. Louis, Mo., $8.90; P. Pressman, Bklyn, N. Y., $1.50; D. L. B., Bronx, N. Y., $1 Nick Neder, Chicago, Ill., $2; A. M. Ramiti, Oakland, Cal., $4; B. Becker, N. Y. C., $3; Sol. Friedman (collected), N. Y. C., $4; J. Connoly, E. Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; L. L., Toledo, O., $1; Gustav Hoffman, Verona, N. J., $4; A. Singman, Paterson, N. J., $5; Elsie Pultur, (collected), Boston, Mass., $10; Kleimas, Brooklyn, N. Y., $5; Natalie Poydasheff, Astoria, L. I., $5; Class Conscious Worker, N. Y. C., $1; A. Urbanis, N. Y. C., 50c; J. A. Gregori, Tampa, Fla., $10; J. Panck, Chicago, Ill., $2; P. J. R. Van Kurzen, Newport News, Va., $2; Nucleus 31, Chicago, Ill., $80; John Gataveckas, Carnegie, Pa. (collected), $6; P. Babich, West Allis, Wis., $17; Joe Freeman, New York City, $5; John J. Cicci (collected), Wheeling, W. Va., $15; U. C. W. W. Council 2, Bronx, N. Y., $5; Max Kren, Chicago, Ill., $25; L. Press (collected), New York City, $5; Archie Karpatkin, New York City, $1; International Branch, Section 1, N. Y. C., $21; Street Nucleus No. 5, Detroit, Mich., $50; [illegible] Nucleus No. 5, Detroit, Mich., $5; Street Nucleus 5, Sect. 3, Detroit, Mich., $22; B. Sklar, Milwaukee, Wis., $14; Philip Schnittman, N. Y. C., $1; Frank Herzog, Fort Wayne, Ind., $1; Harry Ratner, Sioux City, Iowa; $50; C. Chriss, Rochester, N. Y., $10; M. Baumstein, Chicago, Ill., $10; George Miklos, Detroit, Mich., $100; Albert Burnett, Logan, W. Va., $12; Workers Party Emergency Fund, Grand Rapids, Mich., $50; A. Luvac, Cicero, Ill., $3; John Chukan, Kenosha, Wis., $5; Mollie Shub, Springfield, Mass., $3; F. A. Pellegrino, Chicago, Ill., $6; A. Mislig, N. Y. C., $5; Hyman Rubin, Phila., Pa., $2; Rose Halpert, Albany, N. Y., $5; M. Thuroff, Albany, N. Y., $5; A. L. D. L. D., Branch 81, Tarrington, Conn., $25; Steve Mincher, Woodlawn, Pa., $1; Young Pioneers of So. Chicago, Chicago, Ill., $7.75; W. Aggio, Norwalk, Va., $3; Anton Kratofil, Norwalk, Va., $2; Street Nucleus 11, Canton, O., $4; Jos. Rimer, Hartford, Conn., $5; Long Island Section, F. D. 1, $10; Russian Workers' Progressive Club, Kansas City, Mo., $25; K. Aivens, Scribner, Nebr., $2; Mr. & Mrs. A. Nelson, Muskegon Heights, Mich., $2; J. Bartz, Detroit, Mich., $2; J. Goodsmith, Chicago, Ill., $2; G. B. Hetrick, Elwood, Ind., $1; Dr. A. Caspe, Bronx, N. Y., $5; Ida Hoffman, Bronx, N. Y., $5; Leona Rimkus, Chicago, Ill., $5; Thos. Otzwirk (collected), Livingston, Ill., $3; A Friend, Hinsdale, Ill., $2; Workers Street Nucleus 36, Maywood, Ill., $20; Leon Calvert, Maywood, Ill., $1; A Reader, N. Y. C., $1; Alvin G. Westhunch (collected), $3; Helen Hobose, Detroit, Mich., $5; M. Blattner, Chicago, Ill., $3; Chas. Kratshvil, Chicago, Ill., $10; Louis Applebaum, Bronx, N. Y., $2; Vermort, N. Y. C., 30c; J. Wasilevsky, Fordson, Mich., $9; Ray Ragozin, N. Y. C., $10; Nick Kosty, Fordson, Mich., $2; Fred Miller, Detroit, Mich., $5; H. J. Muller, Austin, Texas, $10; Co-operative Coal Co., Wabash, Ind., $5; Local Branch E. Liverpool District 6, E. Liverpool, O., $6; A Friend, Detroit, Mich., $20; I. M. Thomas, Barberton, O., $1.30; Nellie Shaffer, Parnassus, Pa., $4; John Gruczolowski, Cleveland, O., $5; S. Rompa, Martins Ferry, O., $1; Street Nucleus 10, Detroit, Mich., $39; F. Lagenbauer, St. Paul, Minn., $1; J. Ponce, N. Y. C., $1; T. Pazar, Detroit, Mich., $1; Sigfrid Olson, Claremont, Va., $1; Office Workers of Pittsburgh, Pa., $15; Workers of the Anthracite, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., $100; P. H. Shea, New Britain, Conn., $10; Frank Baumholtz, Midvale, O., $2; U. C. W. W., Plainfield, N. J., $10.

RED CAMPAIGN OPENS IN STATE

Minor, Dunne, Brill, Fort-Whiteman, Poyntz

(Continued from page one)

with Governor Smith and his lieutenants.

Strike-Breakers.

In the needle trades struggle, lasting over twenty months, Governor Smith and Mayor Walker together with the A. F. of L. officials and the socialists have been working with the forces for the disruption of this once powerful union and for the establishment of sweatshop conditions and increasing the hours and worsening the conditions of labor.

The republican and Tammany Hall administrations were indicted by the platform for the high rents and miserable housing conditions in the city, for congestion in the schools, for the segregation of Negroes in Harlem and their being forced to pay higher rents and live under miserable unsanitary conditions, for youth and child labor in New York state.

War On Capitalism.

The platform calls for a struggle for the overthrow of the capitalist system and the establishment of a proletarian dictatorship in order to free labor from the misery of wage slavery and from the oppression of the capitalist government.

The platform denounces the socialist party as working hand in hand with the American Federation of Labor bureaucrats whose policy of class collaboration and surrender is responsible for the plight of the unions and no struggle against the offensive of the bosses, for the masses of workers of New York city and state being unorganized and at the mercy of the trusts and big business and banking interests.

Demand Low Rents.

The platform calls for the establishment of independent political action of the working class, calls for the abolition of laws discriminating against Negroes, for a minimum fixing of low rents for workers, not to amount to more than ten percent of their wages, for unemployment insurance to all unemployed workers with full wages, against child labor, for the maintenance of the five-cent fare and free transportation for all children to and from school as well as free transportation for all unemployed workers, for equal pay for equal work for male and female workers, for the prohibition by law of night work for women and youth workers, for the abolition of all indirect taxes and for the exemption from all kinds of taxes for wage earners, for the abolition of government by injunction, for the freedom of all class war prisoners as a result of the needle trades and other trade union struggles, for the repeal of the criminal-anarchy law, for free lunches to children. It declares in favor of the organization of the unorganized workers, as a central task in New York city and state and emphasizes particularly the need of organization of the traction workers, the marine workers, the food workers, the shoe workers, for the support of the needle trades workers in building up their union.

The platform endorses the national demand of "Not a man, not a cent for imperialist wars," for complete independence of the American colonies, for the defense of the Soviet Union, for the withdrawal of troops from China, Nicaragua and Haiti, etc.

The appearance of Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president, was greeted with an ovation. In his reply, Gitlow likewise stressed the importance of the New York state campaign to the Party as a whole.

1,000 HURT THIS YEAR AS SHIP CO. SPEEDS UP MEN

Allow 1, Instead of 2 Planks On Scaffolds

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHESTER, Pa. (By mail). — On May 17th, at a banquet given by the officials of the Sun Shipbuilding Company some very important information was disclosed. The real purpose of this affair is not known, but the foremen, the high officials and the representatives of the "company union" were present.

The Vice President, Mr. Haig, spoke on the prospects for greater activity in the yard in the way of work and didn't hold out anything encouraging for the workers.

One foreman in my hearing said that the speech fell flat, which was confirmed by the representative of the "company union."

The rest of the speech along this line had to do with the possibility of the ship subsidy bill's going through on the 26th of May. This failed to pass to give relief to the poor ship owners.

The remainder of the speech had to do with "safety first." According to the "vice president," the monthly expense to the company through accidents and deaths since the first of the year has been $6,000. The total accidents since the first of the year has been 1,000 and some odd cases. This month's "company union bulletin" emphasizes the importance of "safety first."

The bosses are driving the men to greater speed and where two ten-inch planks were formerly used on the inside scaffolding the men are told that they can get along with one. One riveter tells me that this is not enough as they have heavy tools and hose to drag along.

Why all this noise about "safety first" when men are driven at high speed and compelled to work under such conditions?

The Sun is getting dry dock work (short jobs); a few car-floats on the ways is all the work in sight at present.

A fellow asked the company "stool" when the notice for closing was going to be posted, his reply was, "Is that the rumor?" —S.

PITTSBURGH WILL CONFER ON 'DAILY'

Call Meet Thursday to Consider Fund-Raising

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, June 10.—With the formation of a Save The DAILY WORKER Committee here, the campaign to raise funds for The DAILY WORKER will be inaugurated on a large scale at a conference to be held Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St.

A call to attend this conference has been issued to all readers and friends of the "Daily" by John Kasper, Pittsburgh DAILY WORKER agent and chairman of the new committee. L. Sisselman, special DAILY WORKER agent in the Pittsburgh district, will address the conference.

"Her Unborn Child" Reopens Tonight at 48th St. Theatre

"Her Unborn Child" will reopen at the 48th Street Theatre this evening. The cast will be the same as appeared at the Eltinge Theatre earlier in the season and includes Effie Shannon, Lea Penman, William Corbett, Margaret Byers and Elisna Cook. Since closing at the Eltinge six weeks ago the piece has been playing the subway time.

"The Trial of Mary Dugan," Bayard Veiller's melodrama will move to the Sam H. Harris Theatre this evening for a continuation of the run which began at the National Theatre 39 weeks ago.

The Palace program for the week includes the following acts: Clayton, Jackson and Durante; Lee Tracy and Robert Gleckler, recently playing in "Broadway," will be seen in "The Decision," a one-act play written and staged by John Dilson; Art Frank and Harriet Towne; Harry Holmes; Harry and Denis Dufor, and Torino with Doris Whitely.

At the Broadway Theatre, beginning today, the vaudeville bill will include the following: Sol Gold; Florence Page and Harriet Harbaugh; players.

MADGE KENNEDY

Plays the chief role in "Paris Bound," Philip Barry's comedy now current at the Music Box.

Hamilton MacFadden will present his Scarborough Stock Company beginning Tuesday, June 26, at the Beechwood Theatre, Scarborough. "Captain Applejack" will be the opening play and will be followed by "A Successful Calamity," "Lilies of the Field" and others.

URGE FIGHT ON FASCIST TERROR

Workers Party Pleads Victims Be Freed

(Continued from page one)

capitalist fascist rule and for working class emancipation and working class rule.

"They are members and leaders of the Communist Party of Italy, the deadly enemy of fascism and the only organized force struggling against it.

"These are the 'crimes' of the 37 workers, among them Gramsci and Terescini, whom Mussolini's secret courts have just sentenced to imprisonment terms ranging from six to thirty-seven years.

Protest!

"Workers of America! Protest against this fresh outbreak of fascist terrorism against the Italian working class.

"Demand the immediate and unconditional release of the victims of Italian fascism!

"Condemn the actions of the American bankers and the United States government for rendering financial and moral support to Mussolini's hangmen of the Italian working class.

"Every trade union and all workers' organizations must join hands in a powerful protest movement to wrest from the hands of the fascist murderers the condemned leaders of the Italian working class."

"Central Executive Committee Workers (Communist) Party of America."

DECLARE WALL ST. CAUSED COLOMBIA OIL LAW CHANGE

Loan Follows Repeal and Lease Dickering

BOGOTA, Colombia, June 10.—Declaring that the presidential repeal of the protective petroleum legislation was made "under pressure of Wall Street and the White House," Deputy Dell Valle of the Colombian liberal party yesterday launched an attack on the administration.

The influence of American interests in securing the suspension of the petroleum laws in Colombia was recognized when the president signed his repeal.

Negotiations for the leasing of the Barco oil field near the Venezuelan border are at present in progress between the minister of the interior and the American investors.

A substantial loan to the Colombian government from American bankers was announced directly after the suspension of the petroleum legislation.

Signs USSR Fur Pact.

The Eitingon-Schild Co. has announced the firm has signed a contract with the Soviet Union for the purchase of an enormous quantity of raw furs. The totals involved are generally believed to run into a sum of eight figures.

AMUSEMENTS

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play, Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St.
Mats. WED. & SAT.

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42nd St. & B'way WIS. 1789
Anthony Asquith's Daring Story—Behind the Scenes in a Movie Studio
"Shooting Stars"

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30.
Grand St. Follies
Mats. Wednesday & Saturday 2:30.

END OF ST. PETERSBURG
Hammerstein's Thea., B'way & 53 St.
Phone Col. 8380.
Twice Daily, 2:40-8:40. Prices, Mats., 50c to $1.00. Eves., 50c to $1.50.
All Seats Reserved.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL | Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

"Give Everybody a Chance to Read Me!" —*The Daily Worker.*

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"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23rd St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY.
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Freiheit Excursion
ON THE ATLANTIC OCEAN
(not on the Hudson)
SATURDAY, JUNE 16, 1928
2 o'Clock
2 Steamers—CLEARMONT and ONTARIO
to
ATLANTIC BEACH, N. J.
The FREIHEIT FLEET will take the FREIHEIT ARMY 2 hours on the Atlantic Ocean, on 2 large excursion steamers to Atlantic Beach—a wonderful island where there will be
Bathing, Rowing, Dancing, Refreshments
for 4 full hours.
TICKETS $1.25 in advance. $1.50 at the dock.
TICKETS TO BE GOTTEN AT THE FOLLOWING STATIONS:
DOWN TOWN: Freiheit, 30 Union Square; Rational Vegetarian Restaurant, 199 Second Ave.; Lidsky's Book Store, 202 East Broadway.
BRONX: United Workers Co-operative, 2700 Bronx Park East; Rapoport & Cutler Book Store, 1210 Southern Boulevard.
HARLEM: Unity Workers Co-operative, 1800 — 7th Avenue; Health Food Vegetarian Restaurant, 1600 Madison Avenue.
BROOKLYN: Mausner's Vegetarian Restaurant, 244 So. 9th Street; Goldstein's Book Store, 365 Sutter Avenue.

"See Russia for Yourself"
TOURS to
SOVIET RUSSIA
THIS SUMMER
(Free Visas—Extensions arranged for to visit any part of U. S. S. R.)
July 6 "CARONIA"
July 9 "AQUITANIA"
On Comfortable CUNARD Steamships
$450 and up.
VIA: LONDON COPENHAGEN HELSINGFORS
10 DAYS Of Interesting Sightseeing Trips in Moscow—Leningrad
RETURN: WARSAW BERLIN - PARIS
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TO HOLD AFFAIR IN CHICAGO MINE RELIEF DRIVE

Will Hold Mass Banquet on June 17

CHICAGO, June 10. — The local Miners' Relief Committee has called upon every worker and friend of the struggling miners to devote this Sunday to collecting relief funds. Many have co-operated with the committee during the past week, but it has determined to extend its activities another week in order to bring the campaign to a fitting climax.

The money collected during the drive will be used to supply the starving miners and their families with food and medicine.

The local committee has decided that after the closing of the campaign week to arrange a list of all of those whose names will be on the honor roll of active co-workers of this drive. They will be invited to a mass banquet to be held Sunday, June 17th, at the Ashland Boulevard Auditorium.

POLICE CALLED BOSSES' TOOLS

New Bedford Striker Urges Right to Sing

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., (By Mail).—We all know what to expect from an officer of the law. He is sent out "to maintain law and order." And in such a crisis as we here in New Bedford are facing, it seems than they are more than ever called on "to enforce law and order." Truly we know in the strike center now that the officers are told to "enforce the law." And we also know that their superiors are there to enforce the law for the benefit of the capitalists.

It is plain, what is happening in New Bedford. The mill owners, being capitalists, pay the head officers and these pay the lower officers. And the capitalists hide behind the old expression, "maintaining law and order" in order to protect themselves.

Every American citizen and foreigner who has been in this country for any length of time has to pay a poll tax. It is clear, I think, that by paying this poll tax, a citizen has the right to walk the streets or settle down. In other words he buys his liberty in this country.

Why then, with this as a basis, do the officials and mill owners forbid the textile strikers to sing while picketing at the mill gates when they are not even on the mill grounds? Is that disturbing the peace? If so why don't the officers go out and tackle a bigger job, the makers of Mack trucks, or some other manufacturers of the heavy types of truck, which certainly make more noise when going, than do a mass of singing pickets? It is true that the noise the truck makes is just for a short while, but still it makes a noise, if that's the question.

Still if this country is a land of liberty and land of freedom, why don't the officials see to it that liberty is enforced by calling in the policemen and leaving the pickets at the mill gates. If the mill owners go for help to the police they should tell them to fight their own battles, and not to resist the working class which exists in every part of the world.

It is as plain as day to everyone who is not dumb, that the whole world is dependent on one group, that is, the working class. In every part of the world north, south, east and west, we find workers of every kind. The crop-growers, the miners, the steel workers, the lumberjacks, the textile workers and numerous other workers without whom the world could not go on. For going on without these would make the world like a man without money, who, to survive, has to turn thief.

To keep the New Bedford textile strikers at peace, so that they will go back to their jobs, why donit the textile mill owners and the mine owners, too, let them earn a reasonable pay, so that they don't have to live in poverty?

To prove our loyalty to all of the working class, let us call all the workers to help one another and not to scab on their brother workers. Fellow worker, you, too, may not know when you are going to need help yourself.

—A. B. C. D.

Detroit News Loses $25,000 to Armed Men

DETROIT, June 10.—One policeman is dying, another was shot in the foot and one bandit is believed to have been wounded as a result of a raid by six men armed with revolvers and sawed-off shotguns on the cashier cage of the Detroit News yesterday. The bandits escaped with a payroll estimated at $25,000.

Are you a
"DAILY WORKER"
worker daily?

Workers' Calendar

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

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Roxbury League Meeting.

ROXBURY, Mass., June 10.—A special membershi meeting of the Young Workers (Communist) League, local Boston, will take place on June 16, 7 p. m., at the Roxbury League headquarters, International Hall, Roxbury. An informal banquet for the leaders of the New Bedford strike will take place after the meeting.

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San Francisco Y. W. L. Festival.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the league with a demonstration at the Youth Festival, June 16, at Gymnastic Hall, 2460 Sutter Ave.

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 29, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

• • •

Detroit Labor Sports.

DETROIT.—The Detroit Labor Sports Union will hold a dance and athletic exhibition on June 12, 8 P. M., at the Finnish Labor Temple, 5969 14th St., near McGraw. All the proceeds will go to the Miners' Relief.

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Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

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Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for June 29 at Maple Grove Park.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

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Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

• • •

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows: Bethlehem, Pa., June 11; Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

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Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA.—The enlarged conference for the relief of the striking miners will meet on June 11, at 8 p. m. at Grand Fraternity Hall.

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Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.

Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.

Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.

Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

SCABS, WOMEN IN OPEN SHOP MILL

Allen-A Plant Houses Sex Orgies

KENOSHA, Wis., June 10 (FP).—Pennsylvania gunmen shooting up Kenosha residents and indulging in sex orgies with imported women at night in the Allen-A Hosiery Co. plant where they are quartered, are no boost for Kenosha. The committee of 1,000 demands that the males and females in question be run out of town. But the council, which sees the police giving migratory workers the city gate every day, is unable to find legal sanction for an expulsion order against the company gunmen and prostitutes.

The reason is that the town is controlled by the open shop Nash Motor Co., whose vice president is mayor and whose labor department supplied the hosiery company with strikebreakers in the early days of the 3½-month lockout. The lockout came when members of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers refused to run 2 machines instead of 1 and refused to quit the union.

San Francisco Builders Raise "Safety" Howl

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10. — Increased fatalities and injuries in the building industry here have caused the state industrial accident commission to arrange with the more wealthy contractors for a "safety movement."

LABOR HATING FIRM LOSING

NEW YORK (FP), June 10.—Real Silk, bitter foe of the Hosiery Workers Union, has suffered a sharp decrease in earnings for the first half of this fiscal year. Net income was $245,000, against $547,000 last year. After dividends were paid, Real Silk suffered a $113,000 deficit.

JAPANESE SEAMEN STRIKE STILL ON DESPITE TERROR

Predict Walkout In Asiatic Ports

YOKOHAMA, June 10. — Progress of the strike of thousands of Japanese seamen which is tying up all the important harbors in the islands is reported to be considerable in many centers yesterday.

Not only have the men come out with unusual unanimity in Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka and Nagasaki, but in a number of smaller harbors, besides. Vessels are reported to be tied up in the port of Hakodate in the extreme northern part of the islands.

Spread of the strike to the Asiatic harbors controlled by the Japanese, is declared probable by leaders of the strike here. It is their belief that seamen in Dairen, Port Arthur, Tsing Tao and smaller ports in Formosa may walk out within the near future.

In spite of the terrorism with which the police are attempting to curb the rapid growth of the strike sentiment, the seamen are firm and the authorities have failed to force a single sailor back to his ship to date.

LOWDEN MAKES FARMERS PAWNS

Fears Movement May Get Beyond Control

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KANSAS CITY, June 7 (By Mail).—The atmosphere surrounding the pre-convention activities of the republican party shows that the capitalist interests have the situation well in hand. The republican politicians from the farming sections of the country, who have promised to stage a revolt in and outside of the convention against Coolidge administration, which is dominated by the big business interests of the country, are surrendering their positions and are running away from the battle fields actually before the battle has started. Every presidential aspirant including Lowden, Senator James E. Watson, of Indiana and Curtis is making frantic efforts to win favor with the big capitalists, whom they term as "eastern business."

Lowden, before the convention, was parading as the great champion of the farmers. He and his campaign managers went from one farmers' gathering to another, pledging themselves to champion the cause of the farmers, speaking about agricultural equality, farm relief, etc.

Today Clarence F. Buck, manager of the Lowden campaign committee issued the following statement. "The Lowden campaign is not an anti-anything movement and is in no way based on an antagonism to any interest. The Lowden movement which has gained headway everywhere," he said, "is not in favor of any interest. It is not anti-Coolidge nor anti-administration. Mr. Lowden's strength is national. He is acceptable to business interests of the east as well as of the agricultural of the west."

The majority of the statements issued by the Lowden campaign committee aims at nothing but to convince the Wall Street bankers that Lowden is a fellow who is in no fit condition to defend the exploited farmers or workers. The committee issued a statement that the business achievement of Lowden is very high He is a successful business man, he founded the American Radiator Company, the National Biscuit Company and is related to the Pullman interests.

At the same time the smaller fry of the Lowden and Watson camp are putting the brakes on the protest movement that has lately developed in the farming region. Two weeks previous to the convention, Adam McMullen, governor of Nebraska, issued a call to the farmers urging them not to march to Kansas City to stage a revolt expressing their disapproval of the Coolidge agricultural policy. Now Governor McMullen issues a statement declaring that he does not expect that the farmers march will materalize. This is nothing but an attempt to stab and cripple the protest movement of the farmers. At the beginning the Lowden forces and the republican party planned to utilize the farmers' march in order to force the republican party convention to accept Lowden as republican nominee. The farmers have enthusiastically accepted the call and in great masses began to prepare for the march. This apparently scared the republican capitalist politicians of the Lowden camp lest the movement might get out of their control and word were given to reduce the numerical strength of the demonstration as far as possible. Even the anti-Lowden newspapers could not but report that the farmers in every town were organizing On to Kansas City Clubs.

Nevertheless the farmers are organizing and determined to proceed to Kansas City. C. C. Talbott, president of the North Dakota Farmers' Union issued a statement at Jamestown declaring that the farmers will start their march on Saturday morning to be joined along the route by other farmers from South Dakota Minnesota and Nebraska. Talbott declared that he hopes that the farmers will leave Omaha, Nebraska for Kansas City on the leadership of Governor McMullen. Governor McMullen in rely to this stated that the farmers' march will not be a militant protest nor will it be a Coxey's Army but will simply be an attempt on the part of the farmers 'to explain to the delegates the farm conditions.'"

Another One of Those Publicity Flights That Didn't Quite Come Off

After flying around in a dense fog off New England, Mabel Boll, with Captain Oliver Le Boutillier and Arthur Argles, decided to postpone their publicity flight across the Atlantic. Above is shown their plane Columbia being wheeled back to its hangar.

SEE OUTBREAK IN PORTUGAL SOON

May Try to Overthrow Carmona

OPORTO, Portugal, June 10.—Two army officers high in Portuguese political circles are reported to have been arrested yesterday, according to despatches from Lisbon. The authorities are keeping secret the identity of the two men.

The secret arrests are said to have the alleged discovery by government agents of a quantity of arms and ammunition which were to serve in arming civilians for a new outbreak scheduled to take place in Lisbon within a few days.

Active preparations for an outbreak have been under way for some time, according to charges of the government. An attempt to overthrow General Carmona, the recently elected president, is said to be at the bottom of the trouble, and it is freely stated that conflicting British and American rubber interests are behind the happenings in Lisbon.

UNION OFFICIAL LIVES HIGH

Barbers Find It Hard to Eat On $20 a Week

(By a Worker Correspondent)

ROCHESTER, N. Y., (By Mail).—I have watched your expose of the many labor fakers masquerading as leaders. I wish to see you portray the general secretary-treasurer of the Journeymen Barbers' International Union who does not know that the Volstead law was ever passed, especially since the dubs raised his salary to $10,000 per year while the average journeyman barber has all he can do to make about $30 per week. There are more barbers working for $20 per week guarantee than there are who are working for $30.

May I depend upon your making a little investigation on this subject and give us the benefit of your judgment? This "general" secretary-treasurer, is also on the council of the A. F. of L. and it is well-known that his brilliant mind is the most outstanding on that executive.

Some time back, a comrade from Detroit mailed you a communication protesting against the czar methods of the officers of the Barbers' International Union and now he is out of the union, so are a number of comrades from Chicago. I can be of better service to the workers by holding my membership and exposing from within and without the "high financiers" who ride the poor starving barbers while they bake down in Florida at $10,000 per year, plus.

—BARBER.

Punishment Asked For 7 N Y Ambulance Chasers

The preliminary report on the Brooklyn ambulance-chasing inquiry, which has been held behind closed doors for more than two months, was submitted yesterday to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. Altho the report was not made public, Meier Steinbrink special counsel in the inquiry, indicated that there would be recommendations for disciplinary action against 7 attorneys for their alleged participation in ambulance-chasing activities. Another attorney has consented to have his name stricken from the rolls.

These lawyers prey upon the workers by planting agents in hospitals to discover cases of workers injured in industrial and traffic accidents, for the purpose of retaining themselves the bulk of any damages won in suits.

No hint as to when the report will be made public was given, but it is expected to be acted upon either this week or the early part of next.

Philadelphia Will Hold Picnic for Mine Relief

PHILADELPHIA, June 10. — A committee has been formed to make arrangements for a picnic scheduled to be held at Maple Grove Park on July 29 under the auspices of the Philadelphia Committee of the National Miners' Relief.

"Mother" Bloor will come to Philadelphia to speak at the picnic on the situation in the coal fields. Many other speakers of national prominence will talk. In addition, a big program of entertainment has been arranged.

Workers are urged to get their tickets in advance, because the antiquated "blue laws" of Pennsylvania prohibit the sale of them at the gate.

NEW MINE BLAST CAUSES DEATHS

Coal Capitalism Continues Havoc

By ED FALKOWSKI.

(Federated Press.)

POTTSVILLE, Pa., June 10—Seven miners were burned by a gas explosion at the Repplier colliery near here. Three will probably die.

The explosion occurred in the No. 8 slope, 500 feet underground, in the east Mammoth gangway, and was the biggest blast in years. Anthracite mines are considered safe. Daily inspections take place as fire-bosses commence at 4 a. m. to make their rounds with safety lamps, prying into every breast and manway for signs of gas. If gas is present, the place is marked and the men warned as they come to work to take required precautions.

Death Always Present.

Sometimes the amount of gas is slight. The miners often drive it out of their workings by fanning with their coats. But an unsuspected pocket of gas may suddenly be tapped. Or a loose spark dropped. Or a pick may strike a spark out of a rock and set off the gas. Any trivial speck of flame is likely to blow the place up.

It is a belief among miners that when one large explosion takes place somewhere, two more are certain to follow. The Mather holocaust made them feel creepy and careful. Two days later seven miners were killed and five seriously injured at the Conyngham shaft of the Hudson Coal Co. at Wilkes-Barre. The Repplier blast is the third in the last few days.

Capitalism!

Any one watching the casualty lists in mining, without knowing they are occupational and regular, would wonder where the war is. Day after day men smashed, blown to bits, blinded, gassed, their bones broken. Healthy men reduced to utter wrecks within the stretch of a normal working day.

Yet little is done to make coal mining safe. One wonders if the fact that there are "too many miners" encourages this ruthless slaughter of human beings as a means of controlling the human surplus!

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NEWS AGENCY IS TOOL OF TRUST

14,000 Papers Receive Magnates Propaganda

WASHINGTON, June 10.—A huge vein of power trust propaganda was opened here at the Federal Trade Commission's inquiry with the revelation that an industrial news agency, serving about 14,000 daily and weekly papers in every one of the 48 states, is being directly supported by the power interests.

The news service, which is conducted by E. Hoffer & Sons, Salem, Ore., has been backed by a large number of power corporations, and it has given wide distribution to propaganda against Muscle Shoals, Boulder Dam and municipal power plants, George E. Lewis, a Colorado publicity man, testified.

Hammerstein Will Aid In New Soviet Film

Aurthur Hammerstein, under whose auspices "The Fall of St. Petersburg" is now being shown, has just concluded arrangements with Sovkino to produce "The Song of the Flame" as a motion picture. W. J. Podowkin, director of "St. Petersburg" will aid in the production of the new film.

The picture will be made in the Soviet Union, it is announced.

SCABS FAIL TO END ARGENTINE HARBOR STRIKE

Picket Lines Firm in Spite of Police

BUENOS AYRES, June 10. — Attempts on the part of the wharf and ship owners to smash the two weeks' strike of the port workers at Bahia Blance by introducing strikebreakers is meeting with no success, according to reports from the southern port.

Scores of strikebreakers rushed from northern cities have failed to accomplish anything and have in many instances walked off the job.

Picketing of the harbor front is continuous in spite of the efforts of the police to break up picket lines and demonstrations. The owners are making desperate appeals to the authorities to take repressive measures to prevent the heavy losses which the continuance of the strike means to them.

DEATH SENTENCE FOR FOLSOM MEN

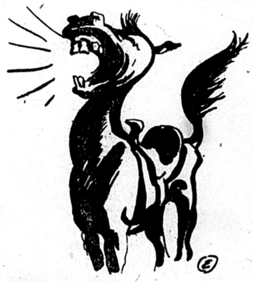
SACRAMENTO, Calif., June 10.—Six prisoners, made scapegoats by the authorities following the mutiny at Folsom prison, were sentenced to hang in superior court. At the same time motion for new trial was denied.

They were convicted recently as the "ringleaders" of the uprising which took place at the prison last Thanksgiving day as a result of abominable food and repeated cruelty on the part of keepers. Fourteen hundred prisoners kept the prison authorities at bay for more than 24 hours until the arrival of state militia.

Huge Overcrowding In Federal Prisons

WASHINGTON, June 10. — Although the total capacity of three federal penitentiaries is 3,778, a total of 7,598 were crowded into their walls, the last report showed.

PHILADELPHIA
FIFTH PICNIC FIFTH
of the FREIHEIT GEZANGS VEREIN
Will be held
Saturday, June 30, 1928, 12 noon, till midnight
MAPLE GROVE PARK
PROGRAM—Freiheit Gezangs Verein—Sharlip's Orchestra will play and the Youth will Dance—Special Games. — Admission 35 Cents.
DIRECTIONS—Take Car on Fifth Street and Get Off at Olney Avenue.



Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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The Voice of Red New York

The New York State Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, in choosing its candidates yesterday for the 1928 elections, opens the fight on the biggest sector of the national electoral struggle.

The State of New York is called, not without reason, the "Empire State" of American capitalism. For it is not only the heaviest population center, but contains within it the gilded metropolis of the most powerful capitalism of the world. New York City is the modern Babylon of finance-capitalism, the center from which every phase of American life is controlled for the perpetuation of the system of exploitation, for the extension of the iron rule of United States capital into all of Latin America, into Asia and throughout the world. If Washington is the nominal capital of the United States, New York is the source of the orders which Washington executes.

It is no accident that the phenomenon known as Al Smith originates in New York amidst the filth of Tammany Hall's organization of corruption, gambling, prostitution and police graft. Al Smith has been tested by the topmost leaders of American finance-capital in its "home state." Wall Street knows its Al Smith at least as intimately as it knows its other agent, Herbert Hoover. If in the coming developments of republican politics, it turns out that Hoover is another Taft who cannot preserve the illusions of capitalist "democracy" among the farming population of the West—then the highest lords of American finance-capital have another candidate and another party equally acceptable—as the chief executive of United States imperialism, in the person of Al Smith and the democratic party as led by him. Then the cesspool of Tammany Hall becomes more than ever the mirror in which the capitalist Narcissus admires its image.

The New York district of the Workers (Communist) Party, the biggest section of the Party, would in all events be obliged to give the working class of the entire country and the other districts of the Party an inspiring example of the revolutionary use of the electoral campaign. And the fact that the fight is clearly dramatized as a struggle against the Tammany machine when that Tammany machine is assuming national leadership in capitalist politics, adds to the obligation and opportunity of the Communist Party to make a record in this district.

The fight of the Communist Party is against the capitalist state, the capitalist government itself. Being so, it is equally against all of the capitalist parties. Against the imperialist party of Coolidge and Teapot Dome, against the party of Tammany, the struggle must be directed also against that other party of capitalism—the so-called socialist party.

As a fight against the socialist party, the agency of the capitalists among the workers, the task of the New York comrades is also especially to be emphasized. In New York the yellow heart of the socialist party beats to send its thin blood to the other parts of the country. Though living on the spoils of office in Milwaukee and in Reading, Pa., the socialist party has its real corporeal center in the yellow daily newspaper in New York City—the Jewish Daily Forward. This paper, the organizing center for strike-breaking in the needle trades of New York, furnishes the financial support for most of what is called the socialist party in the United States. In New York City the best fight can and must be fought against the poisonous Hillquitism, which the workers have learned to understand.

New York workers who have in large masses come under the leadership of the Communist Party in the trade union struggle, must be made by our revolutionary campaign in this state, to realize that the class struggle is a political struggle, and that they cannot successfully conduct their splendid fight against the employers without giving their full political support to the Party they have learned to know as their best champion on the picket line.

In no state in the United States is the trade union bureaucracy more corrupt than in the New York state, and yet the advanced sections of the working class are exceptionally advanced in the same state. This ought to give the basis for early tremendous successes in the coming election by the New York comrades.

Our national campaign, with all of its international importance, ought to receive a tremendous impetus from the launching of the New York state campaign.

WALKOUT OF 600 WAS SMASHED BY FAKER

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BOSTON, (By Mail).—The building trades agreement expired April 1, 1928. A new agreement was supposed to be signed granting an increase of wages for almost every craft. At present, two months after the expiration of the old agreement, none of the crafts have got any increase, nor did they renew the old agreement and the old wage scale. The only ones that were promised a raise of 6¼ cents per hour, going into effect July 1, 1928, and another 6½-cents beginning April 1, 1929, provided any one of the crafts from now until April, [illegible] get an increase from the employers, were the painters. Two months after the promise to the painters, no agreement has been signed yet, and the chances to sign a new agreement are slim. The Master Painters' Association is cleverly fooling the painters' district council 41, delaying the meeting date from one week to another.

Strike in the Air.

Things have been in the air until now. Some two weeks ago, the iron workers went out on strike for an increase. On May 27, about 8,000 carpenters voted to strike. On May 31 at an overflow meeting, the Bricklayers' Union 3, almost unanimously voted to strike for a ten-cents per hour increase. Many other crafts are preparing to strike. It looks as if a general strike will be called of the Boston building workers.

About five months ago 600 workers of the building trades returned J[illegible] 9, 1928 back to work after a two week progressive strike. On the second week of the strike, it was settled by the general business agent, E. E Graves, of the Boston Building Trades Council, sending back the men to work by selling them out to the L. P. Soule & Son Co. The strike was caused when the company refused to pay the cement workers the 12½-cents per hour increase their agreement called for. The cement workers then struck on the Keith-Albee Theatres and John Hancock's Building.

The chief agent of the building trades council, Mr. Graves, who, by the way, has a very bad record as a betrayer of the Upholsterers' Union, Local 37, Boston, when called to court with all the other agents got scared for reasons best known to himself. He called on lawyer Marberry, the building trades' council lawyer and told him to settle the matter of libel before it came to court. So the lawyer, together with the agents, settled the case with the Soule & Son Co. satisfactory to both of them but bad for the workers.

Lack of funds again compels the omission of the customary cartoon by Fred Ellis. The contributions expected Saturday, although larger than on any previous day, were not sufficient to meet the demands of creditors. We hope the workers' support will enable us to continue Ellis' splendid cartoons tomorrow.

—EDITOR.

Imperialists Plunder and Divide

By SCOTT NEARING.

"Just see what we have done for the people of Haiti" is an argument running far back into history. Every great empire has done its best to render colonial territory prosperous because of the importance of colonial markets.

The Roman world in Western Europe was a case in point. The territory known as Gaul was covered by a network of Roman roads. These roads were extended as rapidly as the Roman conquest proceeded. Immediately, of course, they corresponded to a military necessity. In the last analysis, however, they were intended to provide avenues for commerce. They tapped resources and opened markets.

Scott Nearing

Roman imperial policy in Gaul may be taken as a model even by the most successful imperialists at the present time,—the British.

The peoples of Gaul lost their liberty. The Romans inaugurated law which was enforced by the Roman military machine. At the same time Roman citizenship was held out as a prize which the Gauls could win through faithful service to the empire. Partnership in the most powerful state of the period was the substitute for lost tribal freedom.

The tribes were persuaded by the Romans to abandon their rugged hill fortresses, to move to the valleys and to occupy the new towns which were being build up along the lines of trade. The Roman government offered every encouragement to agriculture and to industry. Banditry was suppressed. Trade was protected. As security increased and capital was amassed, interest rates fell. The more enterprising among the native population got into the commercial game and within a generation became members of the rich local business class. Gaul was not only one of the richest districts of the Roman empire. In many respects it rivalled Italy itself. Its great cities, its rich merchants, its mining enterprises were sources of vast profit to the local business class as well as to the business elements in Rome. There were, to be sure, a number of outbreaks after the "Roman Peace" had been imposed on Gaul, but on the whole its provinces enjoyed an era of almost continuous business prosperity.

As a result of this business prosperity, the farmers were pushed steadily from their farms, the wealth was concentrated in the hands of a small, rich class. The workers who left their farms and emigrated to the cities were employed there, or helped to make up the unemployed city slum population. The same system of exploitation which had been established in Italy was established likewise in Western Europe. With this exception, that in Italy the profits went almost entirely to the Italians, while the profits in the provinces were divided, part going to the local business class and part to the Roman rulers.

What the American empire does for Haiti, Panama and Nicaragua, the British empire has done for India, Egypt and the Straight Settlements and the Roman empire did for Gaul and for Asia Minor. Each imperial ruling class selects the territory where it proposes to carry on exploiting activities, constructs roads, exploits natural resources, builds up trade and utilizes the native labor as the basis for its business prosperity. If the imperial class is foolish it insists on hogging the spoils, and inevitably the colony revolts.

If the imperial class is wise it shares the spoils with the local exploiters, using local resources and local labor as the basis for the mutual enrichment of the imperial and colonial capitalists.

European imperialists in China like American imperialists in the Caribbean area are making a huge mistake. They are assuming that it is possible for an imperial ruling class to take everything. They might profitably turn the pages of their Roman histories and discover that the ruling class of the greatest empire of classic times was content to plunder and divide.

Militant Miners Rout Fishwick's Thugs

By JOE PETERS.

There was a big fight in the Monarch restaurant located on Main St. in Belleville, Ill. The gangsters had just been routed. As I looked around, the place appeared somewhat demolished; table cloths, broken chairs, cups and glasses littered the floor. The frightened customers, who had fled to the rear, again came forward. The waiter telephoned for the police.

After the Battle.

There nearest to the door stood Freeman Thompson with a gashing wound on his forehead, his scalp split from the blow of a stump instrument, face and shirt front covered with blood. But there was blood in his eyes too.

Next to the wall stood George Voyzey, his hands yet clasping the remains of a chair. Further back stood John Watt. He had just hurled a sugar bowl through the glass door as the gangsters fled. I felt just a slight pain in the left knee. It must have been struck by a chair.

Outside amongst the gangsters was Walter Nesbit, then yet secretary of the Illinois Miners' Fishwick administration. They were waiting for the police to rescue them. Nesbit sported a beautiful black eye. Some of the gangsters carried bruises. They had felt the heavy paws of the coal miners, made strong by heaving big lumps of coal.

That night the cells of the basement of Belleville city hall were filled. Although the whole affair was obviously framed by Walter Nesbit, he was not there.

There was political significance in that battle. It happened after the first day session of the Illin is Miners Speci. Convention about 1.30 in the morning.

I had just met these coal miners, old friends of mine. George Voyzey who stands well over six feet high of athletic built. He enjoys a good scrap. Freeman Thompson, tall and wiry, carrying the scars of many battles of the past. John Watt, slender built but quick in action and with some experience in the ring.

With John Watt, I went that evening to the Save-the-Union headquarters on Main street. He wanted to get some material. We noticed a gang across the street calling us names. When we again left the headquarters and made for the restaurant, the gang followed hollering after us. In the front of the restaurant another gang was loitering around. It was apparent they were all working together.

Coming inside the restaurant, we met Freeman Thompson and George Voyzey sitting by the counter. They joined us at our table as we told the story of what had happened. Voyzey seemed to be in fine shape and feeling good in anticipation of a scrap. Needless to say, having met them we felt better too.

Gang Attacks.

Walter Nesbit then came into the restaurant, calling Watt aside, telling him to leave as a gang was outside waiting to beat him up. We then understood the whole situation. Walter Nesbit was the one who had organized the gang to frame up these coal miners. After a minute he came back in once more, telling John Watt that the gang was now coming, and then as a cyclone they busted in on us from all sides; some of them having previously been placed at the counter and some of them coming from the outside.

The gangsters were of the type accustomed to quick work, but they counted without the heavy blows of the miners. Freeman Thompson and John Watt had obviously been pointed out to them in advance as they particularly ganged-up on these two. As I am not a coal miner and apparently not picked for a victim, altho kept busy, I could get a better view of the battle. Walter Nesbit tried his hand in helping his gang and on top of three or four others tried to land on Watt. George Voyzey had meantime kept himself busy hitting right and left and hitting heavy. I just saw him swing at Nesbit and later witnessed the result—a swollen black eye.

Chairs, cups, glasses and sugar bowls were flying in all directions. Such a reception was much hotter than the gangsters expected. Rapidly they made for the door and kept outside until the police arrived.

The police appearing on the scene, Walter Nesbit stepped forward, pointed the four of us out to be arrested and we were marched off to jail. Two of the gangsters were taken along so as to give an appearance of impartiality. They were the Taggert brothers, one of whom the year before stole milk and eggs at the Lyric hotel.

The Beans Are Spilled.

After being securely locked up, one of the Taggert brothers, the younger one who was not quite such a hardened sinner, spilled the beans. Obviously he had not expected to land in jail. He cursed Nesbit and hollered, "Tell that s———— to come down and get me out." His brother, fearing that he would give the whole story away attempted to quiet him down, but that further aroused his anger and he said, "What the hell. It is easy for you to talk. You received $100 from Nesbit."

Next morning our friends on the outside got busy and demanded our release. The police commissioner appeared in front of the cells telling us in a manner of lecture that they wanted law and order to prevail in the city; he had no objection to free speech and to the convention continuing with its work. He added: "Mr. Nesbit has not filed any charges against you." This brought a hearty laugh from the four of us. We asked him to please to go to the restaurant where he could get the whole story from the owner, and from the people there of how the gangsters had assaulted us and how the whole thing was clearly organized by Nesbit. At this report the police commissioner did not seem to care to enter into further arguments, but quietly unlocked the doors and we were again free.

Arriving at the convention hall where the next day's session just started the coal miners told their story, challenging Nesbit to prove that they did not hire gangsters to make a deadly assault upon them, admonishing the delegates that this was not merely an assault upon the three miners mentioned but upon the movement which was now struggling to free the union of all the corrupt influence, to free it from the control of the tools of the operators. The convention spirit rose to tremendous heights. The delegates pledged that there would be no let-up until this battle was finished, until the rank and file had taken complete control of the miners' union, not only in Illinois but throughout the country.

MILITANT COAL MINER TELLS OF RELIEF WORK

To the Editor of The DAILY WORKER.

Dear Mr. Editor:

I wish to say a few words in reference to the National Miners' Relief, formerly the Pennsylvania & Ohio Miners' Relief, how it was formed and what benefit it has been to the miners and their families.

It was on or about the 15th day of August 1927, that the question of forming a Sub-District Relief Committee was taken up in Local Union 971 of Yorkville, Ohio and of which I am president.

I myself called a mass meeting for the purpose of forming a Relief Committee. To this meeting I invited our Sub-District Officers.

Vice-president Pacifico, and some members of the sub-district board came to the meeting. There it was decided to wait until after the A. F. of L. Convention was held for the purpose of giving relief to the striking miners and families.

Call Second Meeting.

After the convention was held and we did not get relief, we called another mass meeting in Yorkville as our sub-district officers had never taken any action in forming a relief committee. At that meeting Yorkville Local Union No. 971 and Local Union No. 397 decided to work together for the formation of a relief committee of both locals. At that time the Pennsylvania miners had already formed their relief committee and learned that we in Ohio were also forming a committee. They sent representatives to Ohio to ask us to unite with them and form one committee. This we decided to do, and the coming together of these two committees was the means of forming the Pennsylvania and Ohio Miners' Relief Committee. This committee was the means of bringing the miners closer together.

Learn of Each Other.

We in Ohio began to learn the true conditions of our brothers and sisters in Pennsylvania and they also at the same time began to get to know what their striking brothers and sisters in Ohio were suffering. This was the means of bringing a higher and better understanding among our people. And even in the non-union field there arose a better feeling. In that field there are many men who were at one time some of the best fighting men that our organization has ever known, but who were driven out by the clique that were in the office, because the gang could not break the noble fighting spirit of these men.

On the 1st day of April 1928, in Pittsburg, these same men who had been driven from our union came to the Save-the-Union Convention to fight for the principles which they believe in. And when this convention was held in Pittsburgh, a high and noble feeling existed there as the men were all in harmony with one another, and all believed in the action that was taken there. And since that conference was held, the Save-the-Union Committee has been doing all it possibly can to aid the Pennsylvania and Ohio Miners Relief Committee.

Broaden Work.

Since our convention we have had to broaden the scope of its operations, as we have taken in every state in the union and Canada where miners are on strike. We have changed the name of our committee to the National Miners' Relief Committee. Our committee has had stiff opposition from all reactionary organizations. But we are glad to know that there are more progressive workers in the country than reactionaries, and we are glad to see our progressive brothers and sisters of other crafts and unions and many good friends come to our aid. They feel that the Save-the-Unionists are the most active, and are the first that they can depend upon for assistance should they in turn need assistance themselves, and therefore they are eager to assist them because they are altogether progressive and class conscious.

The National Miners' Relief Committee have done and are doing wonderful things in aiding the miners families and it has all been brought about by the generous assistance of the good and conscious workers of the land, who realize that the fight of the miners is their own fight, and our many supporters can rest assured that when this warfare is over, and the miners of the progressive United Mine Workers of America have the means we promise to help to repay a little of the kindness that has been shown to us in our time of need.

—JACK BELL, Tiltonville, Ohio.

HANDOUTS

An extremely entertaining exercise in naivete is noted in the latest issue of the Nation where its policy of "applauding" and "deploring" reaches newer heights of humor.

This week it lauds: Mr. Rockefeller's action in calling for the resignation of Robert W. Stewart as chairman of the board of the Standard Oil company of Indiana. Also: The endorsement by the German electorate of Premier Stresemann's peace policies.

Only political lethargy could account for its oversight in not praising Coolidge's superb Gettysburg address, Kellogg's home-made peace proposal, and the destruction of workers in the Mather collieries.

• • •

All Ready for Fame

"Oh Mama, who is the man in the funny pictures?"

"That is Mayor Walker, my child."

"Well why does he look so solemn?"

"He's having his statute made for posterity."

"Who's he?"

"Posterity is all the people that come after us when we are gone forever and ever."

"How does he know they will be interested in having his statute?"

"He doesn't. But he's going to be on the safe side. He'll have his statue already for them in everlasting marble."

"Well, Mama, in the picture which one is the marble?"

"Why, they're both....Adolph, eat the rest of your oatmeal or I won't let you lick the candy pan."

• • •

It can be learned by a perusal of capitalist newspapers that Chang Tsolin, dictator of Peking, is dead and that he is not dead. The capitalist correspondents find it difficult to reach a compromise on which fake despatch to send out.

• • •

Impartiality of the purest sort is shown by the American retiring collector-general in Nicaragua who rejoices in the name of Col. Clifford D. Ham. Urging that the U. S. Marines remain in Nicaragua to continue their slaughter, Ham says: "I am wholly neutral and do not care who wins."

MINERS LAUGH AS CHIEF THREATENS EXPULSION

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PITTSTON, Pa., (By Mail).—I want to write and tell you about a meeting which was held in my Local Union 1376, of the United Mine Workers at the Roseland Hall, Hazelton, on Friday, June 1st.

Two organizers, district and international, were present and demanded that we expel two of our brothers who were delegated by our local union to attend the Pittsburgh National Save-the-Union Conference. The organizers threatened that they would revoke our charters and made all kinds of other threats. We refused to take these threats seriously and told them to go ahead.

Then our district president, Andrew Mattey, arrived. Everybody was so surprised to see him that the whole membership began hollering and asking him, "Andro are you drunk today?" as a greeting. Mattey, of course, told them that he was not drunk and that he merely came to take his transfer from the local union. We, naturally wanting to see him go, gave him his transfer. This, of course, is a preparation to expel our local union, but we should worry. We are going to take away the union from Mattey, Kennedy and the whole bunch.

Then, also, the district officials sent a letter to the local union at Eckley that they must expel from their union two very active members because they dared to collect money from the rank and file in our district for relief of the rank and file in the soft coal and send it to the rank and file direct in the striking districts.

I just want to add that Friday at Local Union 1376, when Mattey was leaving the hall, he made the following statement: "I will be elected no matter what you do." Meaning that he would be elected president no matter if the rank and file is against him or not. Well, he is making a big mistake because we are going to kick out the whole machine and elect our brothers who are running on a program and a slate.

—T.

Blast on Commandant's Yacht Injures Sailor

Machinist's Mate Floyd Plutter, 23, of Elizabeth, N. J., was still in a critical condition yesterday as a result of a blast on the Admiral, yacht of Capt. Frank Lyon, acting commandant at the Brooklyn Navy Yard Wednesday. The yacht was an old model but three sailors had been ordered to condition it for the enhancement of the commandant's pleasure and prestige. Navy yard officials attempted to conceal the seriousness of Plutter's injuries. Two others narrowly escaped. The gasoline tank blew up.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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KLAN IS WORKING FOR HOOVER FOR U. S. PRESIDENCY

He Has Promised to Champion Open Shop, Keep Marines in Nicaragua

But the Mellons and Butlers Always Have a Dark Horse in the Party Stables

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

KANSAS CITY, June 11.—No little part of the support that has placed Herbert Hoover far in the front as candidate for the republican nomination for president in the pre-convention maneuvers comes from the Ku Klux Klan.

Grand Dragons, Kleagles and other professional klansmen are here in strength and Hoover is their favorite. The klansmen are buttonholing everybody who will talk with them to urge votes for Hoover. There are many klansmen, also, among the convention delegates. With the exception of those who are still holding out for the re-nomination of Calvin Coolidge the klan delegates are for Hoover almost to a man. The only factor that has caused anything resembling a split in the klan ranks is the favorite son campaign of Senator James Watson of Indiana. Watson is a klan senator and klan candidate and naturally the Indiana klansmen see more to gain from Watson's nomination than from Hoover's.

Coolidge and the Klan.

The support which Hoover is deriving from the klan shows indirectly also a close relationship between the klan and the Coolidge administration, since Hoover is running on a pledge to continue the open shop policies at home and the imperialist policies abroad of Coolidge's Teapot Dome government.

The convention is due to open tomorrow. And by the time the final ballot is cast the workers may see another demonstration of the fact that public school glorification of United States presidents is a myth. United States history shows that so-called dark horses have often been

(Continued on Page Two)

I. L. D. DENOUNCES FASCIST TERROR

Workers' Leaders Are Tortured

The sentencing of 37 members of the Italian Communist Party to prison terms aggregating 300 years is denounced by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense in a statement issued yesterday. The statement, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the New York section, follows:

"Mussolini's black-shirted despotism has again run true to form. 37 members of the Italian Communist Party—37 of the best fighters for one of the most oppressed working classes in the world, have been doomed to prison terms ranging from five to twenty-seven years. No one has any illusions concerning the dungeons of fascism. These 37 leaders of the Italian workers and peasants are being sent to torture and death.

"But not in Italy alone does the black hand of Italian fascism reach out to strangle every voice that is lifted in protest. Throughout the world, including the stronghold of capitalist 'democracy,' the United States, the agents of Mussolini are busy hunting down their prey with the active cooperation of the capitalist governments.

"The direct hand of the United States government in this bloody work was recently laid bare by A. Lozovsky, secretary of the Red Trade Union International, in connection with the mysterious disappearance of Isidoro Azario, a militant leader of the Italian trade union movement. Azario, while passing thru Panama, was arrested at the demand of the fascist government of Italy and turned over to Mussolini's agents. More than a year passed and no one knows what has been done with Azario. There can be little doubt that he was foully murdered before he ever arrived in Italy, a murder of which the United States was a direct abettor.

"The fight against fascism can only be waged on an international scale by workers of the entire world. In this country the International Labor Defense, the central defense organization of the American workers, has been in the forefront of this fight. The workers of New York, the capital of American finance capitalism, which works hand in hand with Italian fascism, can aid this international struggle in no better way than by supporting to the utmost the work of the International Labor Defense."

CHILDREN MAY BE TAKEN FROM MINE WOMEN PICKETS

Police Terror Devises New Torture

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WHEELING, W. Va., June 11. — Laura Calegari, coal digger's widow who is leading the strike of unorganized miners at the Elm Grove and Triadelphia mines of the Valley Coal Company, is threatened with permanent separation from her two children as a result of strike activity. Laura, as everybody in Triadelphia calls her, will have to appear in a Wheeling court in answer to a warrant charging neglect of her babies.

New Form of Terrorism.

"If I promised to stay off the picket line they'd be glad to drop the charge against me," Laura says.

Laura Calegari is the moving spirit in the strike which tied up all three mines and involved some 1,500 miners. It is she who keeps the picket lines moving daily before the three mines.

In a letter to the National Miners' Relief Committee, Mrs. Calegari reports that police told her, "We'll take that picket line habit out of your head even if we have to knock it out with a club."

Since her husband was killed three years ago under a slate fall at the

(Continued on Page Two)

KUOMINTANG WAR LORDS IN SPLIT

Arrest Canton Students at Demonstration

SHANGHAI, June 11.—A definite split, which may be accompanied by open warfare, is believed to be impending between General Feng Yu-Hsiang and General Yen Hsi-shan as the gradual investment of Peking brings the opposing, the cooperating forces face to face. The capital which has been partially occupied by the troops of General Yen is surrounded by Feng's troops on three sides.

Announcement that the Nanking government has ordered the Generals Pe Chung-si and Li Chung-yuen to desist from cooperating with Feng Yu Hsiang against General Yen, substantiates the earlier report. Chiang Kai-shek is understood to be supporting Yen.

Communications out of Peking are completely disrupted.

NEED MORE FUNDS FOR FIRST $5,000

Another $5,000 Must Be Raised by Saturday

Contributions received yesterday to save The DAILY WORKER far surpassed those of any single previous day, with $1,660.40 sent in by workers in various parts of the country. Contributions are however, still behind the $5,000 that was to have been raised last week by $179.39, while an additional $5,000 must be raised by the coming Saturday.

The following contributions were received yesterday:

S. Brocher, Cleveland, O., $7.95; J. Polin, collected, Superior, Wis., $30.00; Max Jenkins, Pittsburgh, Pa., $20.00; F. Polishuk, Peabody, Mass., $10.00; Sol Auerbach, Phila, Pa., $5.00; Mike Marks, Chicago, Ill., $2.00; M. Levin, Chicago, Ill., $5.00; Wm. Miller, Chicago, Ill., $1.00; V. Zelniek, Brooklyn, $2.25; B. Zmitris, Johnson City, N. Y., $5.00; S. Goodman, Phila., Pa., $2.50; Andrew W. Adaska, Hammond, Ind.,

(Continued on Page Two)

Workers from Coast to Coast Rally to Save Militant 'Daily'

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER:

Your militant spirit and self-sacrifice will save The DAILY WORKER. Of this we are convinced. Our revolutionary paper is not out of danger, but each day's mail and telegraph are bringing more encouraging response.

The score yesterday was $1,660.40.

Read this inspiring telegram:

"LOS ANGELES, June 11.

"Under no circumstances lost faith in the power of the workers to save the Daily. We will stand by at this end, and united we will weather the present storm.

"At a mass meeting last night $900.000 was collected and will be wired tomorrow. In spite of poor health I am back at my post.

"Let the Daily be a beacon light of the workers towards victory!

PAUL C. REISS."

And then read this letter:

Dear Comrades:

Enclosed find check for $110.00. This is only the first of a series that we hope to be able to send in. We had meetings of a number of nuclei last night and had a representative of the District Political Committee attend each of them. This $110.00 was brought in by Comrade Phil Raymond who was assigned to Street Nucleus 9 where he secured $60.00 in donations and to Shop Nucleus 5 which met in the same building, where he secured $50.00 in donations to save the Daily.

He is the only member of the District Executive who has reported thus far and we are rushing the money to you, hoping it may aid in keeping the paper alive.

All our forces are on the job for the Daily and every other campaign is held in abeyance until the crisis is passed. Our Daily Worker agent is also working to raise funds and you will receive remittances from that source independently of the District office.

With Communist Greetings,
H. M. WICKS,
District Organizer, Detroit.

P. S.—While addressing the envelope to you Street Nucleus 5, Section 3, came in with an additional 22.00, which I am also sending with a separate check. Other units will report during day or this evening and we will rush it in as fast as it comes.

Total $132.00.

Now another letter, from Sam Hammersmark, Daily Worker agent at Chicago:

Dear Comrades:

Enclosed find a check for $107.25 covering the following donations.

Kindly make mention in the Daily as soon as possible so others in Chicago will get the habit.

Street Nucleus 32, Chicago—collection taken after I spoke—$40.00; Martha A. Biegler, emergency fund, $10.00; Charlie Christian, emergency fund, $4.00; Street Nucleus 29, emergency fund $5.00; A. Vallentin, Street Nucleus 24, Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund, $1.00 John Maes, emergency fund, $4.00; Strete Nucleus 29, emergency fund for Daily Worker, $14.00; Street Nucleus 29, Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund, .50; Ed. Wasserman, emergency fund, $1.00; A. J. Vallentin, emergency fund, .50; John Siroka, emergency fund, $1.00; Milton Gibbs, emergency Fund, $1.00; Andrew Stelpbuk, emergency fund, $1.00; Robert Smith, Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund, $1.00; John Mokosh, emergency fund, A. L. D. L. D.—Branch 86—I.L.D. Lithuanian Branch 3, L. W. W. Ass'n of Am. Branch 29, $24.00; Dena Van Hecht and Dora Udutz, Street Nucleus 22, $2.25.

Total $107.25.

I expect to make a few nuclei in the next few days and will rush in whatever I can as soon as received.

S. T. HAMMERSMARK.

The record of help which you, Comrades, have thus far given The DAILY WORKER during the present crisis is:

Last week.	Monday	$161.99
	Tuesday	464.55
	Wednesday	556.30
	Thursday	576.60
	Friday	695.00
	Saturday	705.77
This week:	Monday	1,660.40
Total to last night		$4,820.61

This means that yesterday, Monday, we were still short by $179.39 of the first $5,000 which were to have last Saturday. So we are behind the schedule. Of the total $10,000 which we must have by the end of this week, we will have to raise $5,179.39.

It is no easy task to raise this sum which yet remains to be gotten. The danger is no smaller today than it was at the end of last week, when we succeeded in postponing some of the payments until yesterday. We must secure more funds very rapidly if we are to succeed. We are in no panic; we are sure that you, Comrades, will work harder than ever today—this week—to make up the total which still is necessary if The DAILY WORKER is to remain alive.

We apologize to the militant working class readers of The DAILY WORKER for the temporary omission of many splendid articles and much workingclass news which we are unable to print while we have but four pages. We assure you that with your continued help through this crisis we will restore our paper to the larger size and fight on stronger than ever.

But we must depend on you to send every dollar that you can possibly contribute immediately by telegraph, airmail or special delivery to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

A 'Hero' of Wall Street

Photo shows President Coolidge pinning the congressional medal on Lieutenant Frank Schild of the marines for his activity in the murder of Nicaraguan workers and peasants in the interests of Wall Street investors.

Philadelphia Banquet for District Leaders

PHILADELPHIA, June 11. — The District Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of this city has arranged a farewell banquet in behalf of J. Minkin and J. Feinstein, members of the committee who are leaving the city soon. The banquet will be held at the Party headquarters, 1214 Spring Garden St., on June 15 at 8.30 p. m.

YOUNG MINERS IN FIGHT ON LEWIS

Conference Adopts Plans for Struggle

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

BELLEVILLE, Ill., June 11.—An enthusiastic conference of young miners' delegates from nine mining camps of District 12 concluded its session here yesterday with a militant demonstration for a fight against wage cuts, and for greater participation of the young miners in the activities of the union.

The conference which was called at the recent special, district 12, convention of the United Mine Workers of America at which the treacherous Lewis-Fishwick machine was ousted from control, followed the lead of the older miners in adopting a program of struggle against the Lewis machine. Resolutions were also adopted against the citizens' military training camps, against underground work for young miners before eighteen years of age, and for a six-hour, five-day week.

Red Candidate

William F. Dunne, shown in the picture, has been nominated for governor of New York state on the ticket of The Workers (Communist) Party. The Party is planning an intensive election drive in New York state.

MEXICO CITY, June 11. — Capt. Emilio Carranza, Mexican aviator, hopped off at Valbuena field for Washington, D. C.

U. S. STRANGLEHOLD GRIPS CANADA

Investments Now Exceed Those of All Other Nations Combined

By LELAND OLDS (Fed. Press).

The strengthening of the investment chains holding Canada to the American financial empire is shown in a U. S. department of commerce report entitled The American-Canadian Financial Frontier. The title is misleading for the figures indicate that any frontier has been all but eliminated so far as the investment bankers are concerned.

The total investment of U. S. capital in Canada now exceeds that of all other nations combined, including Great Britain. This is a great change since 1914 when British investment in Canada exceeded that of the United States more than four times over.

The preliminary estimate of the Financial Post Year Book of Canadian business for 1928 places the total of Canadian securities owned in the United States at $3,031,000,000 compared with $417,100,000 in 1914. In the same interval British investment in Canada has increased from $1,800,000,000 to $2,110,000,000. Investment of other countries in Canada was $139,600,000 in 1914 and $236,000,000 in 1928. The share of the United States in the total foreign investment in Canada increased from 17 percent in 1914 to 56 percent in 1928.

Of the $2,711,242,015 of Canadian securities purchased by American investors since 1914 $740,000,000 were direct obligations of the Dominion government, $535,860,750 represented obligations of the various provinces and $185,749,170 obligations of Canadian municipalities. Practically all the remainder represented investment in Canadian corporations.

Between 1914 and 1928 U. S. investors put $498,255,000 into Canadian railway companies, $346,769,450 into the Canadian paper industry and $191,669,500 into Canadian public utilities. There also were investments on a smaller scale in banking and credit, steamship companies, harbors and docks, grain elevators, iron and steel, industrial machinery companies, chain stores, mining and smelting, lumber, hotels, oil companies, automobile companies, textile companies, etc. Altogether the figures afford a striking picture of the close affiliation of Canada to the financial system which centers in Wall Street.

WEST IS ACTIVE IN ELECTION CAMPAIGN OF WORKERS PARTY

N. Y. State Convention Fires Largest Cannon in Big National Communist Drive

Oklahoma and Idaho Against Great Obstacles Putting Militant Party on the Ballot

Reports of increased activities are reaching the national headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party from the various districts engaged in the national election campaign. With the launching of the New York State campaign Sunday when nearly two hundred delegates from every section worked out a program and nominated a slate of state officers, the national election drive may be said to have got entirely under way.

Western States Active.

Particularly active steps are being taken by districts in the western states, it was learned. District organizer of Seattle is now touring Idaho in an aggressive campaign to put the party on the ballot in that state.

From Kansas come reports that in spite of the difficulty and the many handicaps to be overcome due to the election laws intended to eliminate minor parties, and in spite of the open opposition of the state officials, there is a good chance of obtaining the necessary number of signatures which must be obtained in at least twenty counties before the 18th of June.

Drive In Oklahoma.

In Oklahoma the drive to secure the necessary 5000 signatures to put the Party on the ballot is going on systematically. The final date set is June 16th.

Chicago reports that arrangements are being made for a campaign picnic to be held on July 4th. Milwaukee has arranged a picnic to be held July 8th.

Minnesota is actively engaged in a great drive to build the Labor Party of that state and at the same time to defeat the third party elements masquerading as leaders within the Labor Party of the Shipstead camp.

TEXTILE STRIKE RANKS SOLID AS 9TH WEEK BEGINS

T.M.C. Tighten Lines to Prevent Mill Reopening

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 11.—The ninth week of the great strike of the 28,000 textile workers here, begins with every one of the 56 mills still completely shut down and with the strike ranks presenting a more formidable front than at the beginning of the anti wage-cut struggle, due to the growth of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union, a branch of the National Textile Mills Committee.

The T. M. C. union is rallying all its forces to mobilize the strikers for the inevitable attempt of the mill owners to reopen the mills with wage cut schedules.

The mobilization to fight this move will be, according to the strike leaders, heavily fortified picket patrols at all the mills, and the speeding up of plans of the Textile Mills Committee to spread the textile strike wave to other centers, particularly to the 25,000 workers in Fall River.

In addition to this, work for raising relief for strikers and their families, and the raising of funds for defense against the daily intensifying police terror, will also receive primary attention of the T. M. C. strike machinery. The national organizations of the Workers International Relief, and the International Labor Defense, are at the disposal of the textile union for these campaigns.

FORM MILL UNION IN FALL RIVER

Mills Committee Opens Permanent Office

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 11. — The "Fight-the-wage-cut" struggle and organization drive, inaugurated here by the Fall Rvier section of the Textile Mills Committee, gained added impetus as the leaders of the Mills Committee movement announced that they had established permanent local headquarters here at 161 So. Main St.

Despite the frenzied attempts of the mill barons and the officialdom of the American Federation of Textile Operatives to halt the progress of the Textile Mills Committee, that organization thru its leaders, James P. Reid and Peter Hegelias, announces the tide of strike sentiment rapidly rising. They also declare that large numbers of mill operatives are daily recruited into mill committee membership.

In a day or two the time and place of another mass meeting will be announced, a statement issued by the T. M. C. heads declares.

Ried Veteran Fighter.

James P. Reid, at the head of the work in Fall River, is known by young and old among the textile workers as an old fighter in the New England labor movement, the Union of Textile Workers, later the United Textile Union.

3 Dead, 2 Hurt in Destroyer Blast

NORFOLK, Va., June 11.—Three men were killed and two injured when the steamline in the U. S. destroyer Bruce exploded here today.

The dead, civilian workmen of the Norfolk naval yard, were: E. H. Munden, Charles H. Bryan and Joe Joyce, all of Norfolk. They were scalded to death.

Two members of the crew of the destroyer were scalded when they attempted to rescue the victims.

PROTESTS URGED AGAINST FASCISM

I. L. D. Scores Jailing of Italian Communists

The International Labor Defense, in a resolution being circulated, urges its local organizations thruout the United States and all labor bodies to protest against the sentencing to long prison terms of the 37 leaders of the Italian Communist Party.

Pointing out that their only "crime" consisted of opposition to the criminal and anti-labor fascist regime of Mussolini, the resolution urges unity of all workers and other anti-fascist elements in the fight against the blackshirt rule.

At the same time it demands an investigation by an impartial committee to ascertain conditions of political prisoners in Italy, and that trials of members of the Italian Communist Party and the victims of the Milan frame-up be conducted in the open.

The resolution charges that the fascist regime has imprisoned tens of thousands of workers and has been responsible for the death of thousands.

FIVE CLEVELAND WORKERS FINED

Arrested for Booing Counter - Revolutionary

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

CLEVELAND, June 11.—The five men and women arrested here recently on charges of having disturbed the speech of the counter-revolutionary Milyukoff at the peace conference, came before Judge Beebe of this city. Each was fined $20.00 and costs and sentenced to 5 days in the workhouse.

The men and women on the stand openly stated that they were sympathizers of Russia and had no use for such people as Milyukoff, who were thrown out of Soviet Russia ten years ago, and who are rank imposters working in the name of Russia. Betty Gannett, district organizer of the Young Workers League, stated that Milyukoff had lied against Russia, and that everyone knows that the workers and peasants of Russia support their government, which Milyukoff tried to disprove.

Young Workers League Representative Calls Kenosha Strikers to Mass Picket

7,000 APPLAUD HERMAN'S WORDS AT HUGE MEETING

Steele, Reactionary, Fails to Halt Speech

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KENOSHA, Wis., (By Mail).—On Monday evening, June 4, there was scheduled outside of the city hall in Kenosha a monster demonstration of workers. The great gathering of 7,000 workers was organized by the "Committee of 1000" composed of trade unionists and sympathizers. The occasion for the gathering was the presentation of a petition calling upon the city council to prohibit the out-of-town gunmen who are housed inside the Allen-A Co. from continuing to make the mill their sleeping quarters. The petition also called for the expulsion from the city of these thugs.

Huge Demonstration.

Slowly the "Committee of 1000" marched through the city from the vicinity of the striking hosiery workers' headquarters, with numerous flares lighting up the posters carried by the marchers. Some of them read: "The Gunman Must Go!" "City Council Do Something For the Welfare of the Kenosha People," and "Remove the Gunmen Menace From Our City." At last the parade reached the square around the city hall, where the huge crowd of ten thousand workers had been patiently waiting. Cheers greeted the arrival of the "Committee of 1000." The strikers began to shout their enthusiastic locomotive call: U---N---I---O---N; U--N--I--O--N; U-N-I-O-N, which was greeted by the applause of all workers present.

It was then that several workers and strikers began to urge the representative of the Young Workers League of America, Samuel A. Herman, to mount a chair and say a few words. They had previously heard him speak at open air meetings arranged by the Young Workers League, Local Kenosha, in the center of the downtown section of the city. The league member mounted a chair and the monster crowd gathered close about.

Fight Open Shop.

The league speaker called upon all those present to help the strikers picket the Allen-A Co. whenever they have the opportunity before work, during their lunch hour, or in the evening after through with work. He called upon the trade union workers to help the strikers financially and to help organize the hundreds of unorganized workers in the mill. When he finished speaking there was a deafening applause. Many workers urged the league speaker to again mount the chair and continue speaking. He again addressed the workers briefly and called upon them to give a powerful locomotive cheer for the striking union workers. This was done with thousands of workers participating and the cheer could be heard for blocks away.

As the league member stepped off the chair, the vice-president of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, Harold Steele, jumped up and addressed the workers. He told them that the previous speaker was not a striker and was not called upon to speak in an official capacity. The crowd could not make head or tail out of his remarks, as the league speaker had announced when speaking that he was speaking in behalf of the Young Workers' League.

When Steele had finished, the crowd of workers everywhere remained silent. They were extremely puzzled as to the cause of Steele's statements. Samuel A. Herman attempted again to mount the chair, but Steele and an official of the carpenters' union held the chair and would not let the league speaker get up. A slight tussle for the chair ensued in which the two officials, seeing the crowd surging about and demanding that the league representative be allowed to speak, thought discretion the better part of valor and released their grip on the chair.

Herman Shows Up Steele.

Herman told the audience how Steele and Budenz would not allow him to attend strike meetings and how they tried in every possible way to hinder the distribution of The DAILY WORKER, a real militant working-class paper. But though the leaders kept away League members and DAILY WORKER correspondents from the strike meetings, they could not keep them away from marching upon the picket line together with the strikers. Herman pointed out how regretable it was to have a leader of a union, at such a splendid occasion of working-class solidarity, attempt to cause dissention by denouncing the League. In conclusion, the League speaker stated that his faith was in the workers present and that if the workers asked him as a member of the League to address them, he would listen to them and not to any individual who tries to go against the wishes of the rank and file workers present. His remarks were greeted by tremendous applause.

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

Workers Thruout U.S.S.R. Write for the Press

The picture shows young leaders among the workers and peasants in the Soviet Union urging their fellow workers to become Worker Correspondents, and report the day-to-day events of their lives in the columns of their own working class press.

"Shorten Push Carts" Is New Graft Edict

PETTY graft in the New York police department has just taken on a slightly different form, according to hundreds of East side pushcart peddlers who were yesterday ordered to reduce the size of their carts from seven and eight feet to 54 inches.

At a meeting of resentful peddlers it was charged that the order was made so that officials of the department of public markets would have more pushcards on which to collect tribute. Market officials accept thousands of dollars yearly from illegally licensed East side pushcart peddlers and auction off licenses and desirable positions, the speakers said.

Acting Markets Commissioner Neal "innocently" denied the existance of graft in his department. "We had to make the change," he said, "because of the new order forbidding pushcart vending within ten feet of a fire hydrant."

MINE WOMEN MAY LOSE CHILDREN

New Form of Terrorism By Coal Police

(Continued from page one)

mine where she is now leading the strike, Mrs. Calegari has kept boarders for a living. Her one-story shack houses five roomers beside herself, her two youngsters and a large family of a striking miner which was recently evicted. The woman who is charged with neglect of her own two children feeds and prepares three meals daily for 65 children of strikers, "my little pickets" as she calls them. In addition she prepares breakfast for every member of the picket line each morning.

Sheriff—Snake.

"They've tried everything they know to keep me off the picket line," this miners' Joan of Arc confided to a representative of the National Miners' Relief Committee last week. "That snake Frank Muth (a deputy sheriff), came to my house one night and said he thought too much of me to see me get into trouble on the picket line without warning me. He said that they would try to take my kids away, but I told him they'd do it only over my dead body. They said that I'd get in trouble and finish in the electric chair, trying to scare me. They think I'm green. I told them, good, that's what I want, to die for the workers here, if I have to. They didn't like that."

Two nights after Muth's "warning" the widow was arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct. She was later discharged. Mrs. Calegari's house was raided a month ago by six state policemen. The excuse was a search for liquor.

Laura's little shack, which is the center of workers' activity in Triadelphia, is now security for a $2000 bond which she signed last week to release Phil Schatz, publicity representative of the National Miners' Relief Committee who was arrested while interviewing pickets last Monday, June 4.

Needs Help.

The first news of the redoubled persecution directed against the widow strike leader was received Saturday, June 9, in a letter sent by her to a member of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. "You see what they are trying to do. I only wish you were to help me."

The National Miners' Relief Committee will help Laura. But it costs money. The workers who cannot accompany Laura to court and on the picket must get into the fight with money. Send whatever you have, immediately, to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FUNDS HIGHER, BUT STILL BEHIND GOAL

Another $5,000 Must Be Raised by Saturday

(Continued from Page One)

$2.50; Stephen Moskas, Chiffside, N. J., $2.00; Karl J. Malmstroin, So. Bend. Ind., $3.00; Bernard Rosenberg, N. Y., $1.00 E. Demeyer, Lawrence, Mass., $25.00; Rose L. Klein, Bronx, $10.00; Mary Thalainen, Newark, N. J., $5.00; Geo. Spiere, Chicago, $2.00; Max Geiger, N. Y., $5.00; J. Miller, Bronx, $2.00; M. Powers, St. Paul, Minn., $1.00; Chas. Cassell, Kalamazoo, Mich., $2.00; Ida Cohen, Trenton, N. J., $5.00; Sam Kuchay, Gary, Ind., $1.00; Uj Elore, N. Y., $5.00; Helen Yerkevich, Brooklyn, $10.; Hungarian Workers Home, Newark, N. J., $25.00; B. Mosenson, Phila., Pa., $10; Alex Cumming, Fort Myeres, Fla., $5.00; Hyman, Forster, N. Y., $3.00; I. Borsky, Chicago, $2.05; Viola Ziemo, Forddson, Mich., $2.00; Geo. Minerich, No. Bessemer, Pa., $3.00; Sarah Victor, Detroit, $46.25; Ed. Hirsh, Cincinnati, $1.00; Sarah Feinstein, City, $2.00; Walter P. Sukut, Chicago, .25; Geo. De Santy, N. Y., $1.00 Frank Sand, Pittsburgh, Pa., $4.77; S. Brenner, Detroit, $5.00; H. Lapjsin, City, $3.00; J. Gralick, Phila, Pa., $1.00; A. Hedstrand, City, $2.00; Chas. Martyn, Chester, Pa., $2.00; John Smolyn, Hartford, Conn., $6.00 F. D'Angelo, Windsor, Ont., Canada, $5.00; B. Deutsch, Detroit, Mich., $5.00; Esther Markizon, Wilmington, Del., collected, $22.30; J. Banas, Chicago, $1.00; John Lugisky, Brooklyn, $2.00; A. Saarman, Burlington, Iowa, $2.00; M. Aylaian, Roxbury, Mass., $1.00; Henry Samek, Clifton, N. J., $5.00; M. Marey, Loupurea, Pa., $2.00; Rose Weinberg, Phila., Pa., $3.00; M. Baevich, Cicero, Ill., $10; G. Guilletti, New London, Conn., collected, $31.00; J. Shaffer, San Antonio, Tex., $15.00; Don Ylochin, Yukon, Pa., $4.00; L. Jaffe, Bloomfield, N. J., $10; Jos. Vitick, St. Paul, Minn., $1.00; Anna Schachtman, Detroit, $2.00; J. E. Curry, Kansas City, Mo., $1.00; Ed. Peterson, Jamestown, N. Y., collected, $9.00.

OUST CAPPELINI GANG AT MEETING

Collect Relief Despite Machine Opposition

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PITTSTON, Pa. (By mail).—At our meeting on June 4th, I want to report that we were able to kick out the whole Cappelini crowd which was headed by George Moleski, who was working hand in hand with the contractors, and who has continually thru actual force had control of our union and who at times used thugs, state police and county police to keep control.

It is very important that this local union should kick out the whole Cappelini crowd. We elected the following officers: Tony Mancino, president; Dan Cavanaugh, vice-president; Sam Latona, secretary.

It is of great significance that Brother Sam Licata and Ray Walasky were elected on our grievance committee. Not so very long ago when we were to overthrow our officials, the contractors beat up Brother Licata, splitting his head, etc. We are slowly but surely kicking out the whole Cappelini machine and I want to advise the brothers to clean out the local officials no matter where they are and only to elect brothers who are for a program and will fight for the rank and file.

Thomas Kennedy, secretary-treasurer of the Mine Workers Union, has again issued a slanderous statement against the local rank and file leadership in the anthracite tri-district, who are mobilizing their forces to gather relief for the bituminous miners.

He condemns the miners for gathering relief for the rank and file in the bituminous coal fields and claims that no collection can be made unless they have a credential from him or from William Green. He points out that the American Federation of Labor has also condemned sending relief to the rank and file in the soft coal field.

The statement does not have very much effect on the anthracite miners as they are going ahead gathering relief for their soft coal brothers. They well know his strikebreaking activities. His district at this time is in open revolt against him and his lieutenants, A. Mattey and Yourishin.

PIECE-WORK AND SPEED-UP DRIVE CANNERY SERFS

$12 Per Week is Usual Pay At Can Belts

(By a Worker Correspondent)

OAKLAND, Calif., (By Mail).—I wish to give other workers a few glimpses into the lives of us workers who slave every year in the canneries of California.

Long Hours, Small Pay.

California to us means the same long hours and the same small pay as any other state regardless of all the advertisements to the contrary about our gold and sunshine.

There is some sunshine here, but we only see the fruit which it blesses, except when we are out of a job, when we get plenty of sunshine but do not enjoy it.

One of the basic industries here is agriculture, and many men and women are engaged in the canneries during the summer months preparing fruit and vegetables to be shipped out all over the world.

The conditions of these workers are the worst in the land. At present asparagus is being prepared and canned on a piece work basis. We have a minimum wage here, but those who cannot make it on piece work don't last long. Only the fastest are kept.

The hours are from eight to twelve a day, mostly over eight hours with regular pay for overtime. We only make from $12 to $15 per week. The work is very hard and must be graded in about seven different varieties, with foreladies constantly at our elbows.

Speed-Up.

Fruit salad is also being made at this time and, altho this is not piece-work, everything is speeded-up as fast as possible with $18 a week pay.

Tin cans run on belts from six to eight inches apart and girls put in a certain number of pieces of fruit. Girls next to the belts cut and grade the fruit. From the cutting tables to the belts, girls carry pansful of fruit, sometimes two pansful in each hand. These girls are constantly on the run as they have to keep the girls supplied. The girls on the belts cannot even look around from their places without missing a can.

Nearly all of these workers have just barely existed during the winter and are depending on this work to catch up with payments.

There is no limit to the hours of the working day.

There are nurseries so that there will be an abundance of young women to be had easily. We are required to buy a uniform apron, a rubber apron and cap from the company and whatever working implements we need, such as knives, peelers, corers, pitters and also a numbered button, so that one slave can be distinguished from another. These things, of course, are paid for from our first pay no matter how badly we may need it.

The California state law also says that every woman shall sit whenever possible. The place where I work has an adjustable seat in each place that swings under the table. But no one is allowed to sit on these during working hours. This proves that the law is no good without the organized power of those whom they were made to protect behind them.

—M

VILLAGES FALL TO NICARAGUANS

Army of Independence Makes New Gains

MANAGUA, June 11.—Reports of fresh successes won by troops cooperating with the Nicaraguan army of independence, under General Augusto Sandino, are admitted by the American authorities here. Unfamiliar with the country, and hampered by the rainy season which has virtually ended any organized American offensive, the United States marines are now totally unable to make headway against the forces of General Sandino.

Reports from the interior state that two villages have fallen to the army of independence.

Want Jobless to Help Them Rake in Shekels

DES MOINES, Ia., June 11.—Iowa contractors are trying to use the unemployment situation to feather their own nests. The widespread unemployment in this state is being used as a plea for the adoption of a $100,000,000 bond issue for grading, draining and surfacing of the Iowa road system during the next 10 years. The propaganda factory of the altruistic backers of this project has begun pouring out large quantities of literature professing great concern for the condition of the unemployed. No mention is made of the millions of dollars, "legitimate" and illegitimate, that would accrue to the contractors and their flunkeys.

Sinclair's "Singing Jailbirds" to Open New Playwrights Season

An early announcement by the New Playwrights Theatre lists Upton Sinclair's "Singing Jailbirds" as one of the early productions for next season. The play was done in Berlin a short time ago by the Communist director Piscator, and received most excellent reviews.

Of the other productions being considered by the group are: "Airways, Inc.," by John Dos Passos; "Picnic," by Francis Edwards Faragoh; "The American Beauty," by Paul Sifton, and Dawn Powell's "Women at Four O'clock." There may be two or three other plays which are now being considered.

"Her Unborn Child," the play by Howard McKent Barnes and Grace Heyward, which played at the Eltinge Theatre some six weeks back, and recently showing on the Subway circuit, reopened last night at the 48th Street Theatre. Effie Shannon still heads the cast.

There is a rumor to the effect that John Erskine's "The Private Life of Helen of Troy," will be made into a musical comedy. Harry Wagstaff Goribble will make the adaptation, and Eugene Berton and Edward Eliscu will handle the score and lyrics.

James G. Peede's production of "Gold and Dust," a drama of modern life by Alura Farrell, opened at Werba's Brooklyn Theatre last night. The cast is headed by Thais Lawton and Roger Gray. Broadway may see the new opus later this season.

IN "GRAND STREET FOLLIES."

Dorothy Sands, who lends life and color with her impersonations in the new "Grand Street Follies" now in its third week at the Booth Theatre.

Bituminous Coal Production Lower

WASHINGTON, June 11. —The output of bituminous coal during the week ended May 19 was lower than in either the previous week or the corresponding period of 1927, according to statistics of the Department of Commerce. Lumber production continued to average lower than in either the previous week or the same week of 1927, while carloadings continued to reflect declines from last year.

Receipts of wheat at primary markets were higher than in either the previous week or the same week of last year. Cattle receipts, on the other hand, showed declines from both periods, but hog receipts registered increases over both the previous week and the same of last year.

TROOPS TO STAY IN NICARAGUA

WASHINGTON (FP), June 11.—Secret conferences at the state department regarding Nicaraguan finances have been followed by announcement of the resignation of customs collector Ham and high commissioner Hill, Americans.

This step indicates that an American receiver or financial adviser is to be named when the new loan is made by American bankers.

KU KLUXERS ARE BOOSTING HOOVER FOR PRESIDENT

Kansas City Is Full of Kleagles, Dragons

(Continued from page one)

nominated by both republican and democratic conventions. And the nomination of a dark horse shows as well as anything else that it is the determination on the part of a certain group of industrialists and financiers to dominate and not the pure personality of an individual which swings conventions, over all being the idea of the perpetuation of the capitalist system at the expense of the working class.

Klan Is Non-Partisan.

The two-party system of capitalism and the Ku Klux Klan is shown by the career and the presence here of M. O. Dunning, capitalist and klansman. He was a democrat in 1924 and one of those who tried to nominate William Gibbs McAdoo, who was the favorite also of many labor officials at the democratic national convention of that year. After the re-election of Calvin Coolidge, however, Dunning made a deal with the republican party and was given a job as snooper and raider by General Lincoln C. Andrews in the prohibition service. When Andrews quit his job the republican party continued to take care of Dunning and President Coolidge made him collector of customs at Savannah, Ga. Dunning is every inch a republican now and is busy here for the administration forces. So far he has been working for Hoover on the theory that President Coolidge will not again be a candidate.

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Dakota Farmer-Laborites Select Their Candidates for Primary Campaign

PLAN TO BATTLE THRUOUT STATE; HIT OLD PARTIES

Knutson is Speaker at Vital Meet

WILTON, N. D., June 11.—Legislative candidates to run on the Farmer-Labor ticket in the primary elections on June 27 were selected here at a recent meeting. Following are those chosen to make the fight in the coming campaign:

State senator, Oscar E. Anstrom, Baldwin; representatives, Andy Erickson, Bismarck; Hans Nelson, Baldwin; David M. Boat, Wilton. Plans were made for the immediate distribution of thousands of leaflets and stickers, and for the appointment of committees to interview voters, urging them to register Farmer-Labor. The sticker method is employed for the purpose of getting the candidates on the general ballot in the fall.

In a stirring speech, Alfred Knutson, editor of "The United Farmer" and candidate for U. S. senator on the Farmer-Labor ticket, emphasized the importance of putting up workers' candidates. "The candidates of both old parties are pledged to uphold the private banking and business interests." This was especially true of the I. V. A. and the N. P. L., Knutson said.

Another meeting to be held Sunday, June 17, will discuss further plans for the campaign and take steps for the organization of a unit of the United Farmers' Educational League. A committee composed of Frank Erickson and Oscar Anstrom was selected to make the necessary arrangements.

LEAGUE CLOSES; SETTLES NOTHING

GENEVA, June 11.—Complete failure to decide any of the more important issues facing it, characterized the closing of the fiftieth session of the League of Nations Council here. The critical situation engendered by the Japanese invasion of China was not even touched upon. The only question of moment to receive consideration was that of the Hungarian claimants against the Rumanian government for lands confiscated under the Bratianu agrarian policy. This question, which has been on the agenda of the League for five years, was left unsettled.

FRENCH PERMIT SYRIA ASSEMBLY

BEIRUT, June 11.—The Syrian assembly opened here yesterday with 69 delegates attending. The assembly will draw up a constitution for the country under the guidance of the French authorities who have chaperoned the movement from the beginning. Until the constitution has been framed, the government will continue to be chosen by the French high commissioner.

Chicago Bakers Renew Annual Agreements

Chicago bakers joined the national procession of locals that have renewed their annual agreements when 530 shops fell in line. The standard wages and hours were continued by Local 2. The Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union reports the vast majority of its locals signed up and several strikes settled. The Spokane lockout is hurting the boss more than the unionists who are boosting union bakeries and finding jobs for a good proportion of their locked out comrades. Strike trouble in the east has been largely settled.

Cleveland Workers Will Hold Picnic Soon

CLEVELAND, June 11. — The Workers (Communist) Party of Cleveland, District 6, will hold its first picnic of the Party this season, the ninth annual picnic, to be held on July 15, at Lakelands, 14711 Lakeshore Boulevard, Cleveland. (Take St. Clair-Euclid Beach car only.)

The picnic is scheduled to start at 11 A. M., and to last until late in the evening. Dancing and athletic exhibitions are being prepared for the early afternoon program, while at 2:30 there will be speaking.

Announce 5-Day Week for Organized Painters

A total of about 63,000 organized painters and paperhangers in the United States are working on a five-day week basis, it is announced.

Students at the Sun Yat Sen University

Hundreds of students from all over The Soviet Union and from all parts of Asia are enrolled at the Sun Yat-Sen University in Moscow where they study the problems of the working class, especially in the East. The picture shows a number of students waiting in line in the mess room.

CLEANER FORCED OUT OF UNION

Was Mysteriously Fired Next Day

(By a Worker Correspondent)

After the window washers have been on strike since January of this year against the conditions of slavery imposed by the Building Managers' Association, Local 34, of the Building Service Employes' International Union at a regular meeting held on May 30 was faced with the question of what to do to make this strike a success.

Passive Strike Harmful.

The passive strike which we have had since the beginning of our attempt to organize the unorganized is doing as much harm as a passive strike usually does.

The fight is of such a nature and the Building Managers' Association is so powerful financially, that unless we put up a militant fight, we cannot expect to win against our enemy who is protected by all the forces of the state and our reactionary labor fakers who advocate a passive strike.

At our union meeting I advocated that we let our enemies know that we are conducting a permanent strike against them, that we elect a live strike committee, who will see to it that this strike is intensified. Should we fail to win the strike before Labor Day of this year, we should call a general strike of all window washers in the city of Chicago.

Bars General Strike.

Our president, Czar Wills, who is also first vice-president of the International Union objected to this, stating that "never, as long as he was president would there be any general strikes of window washers."

I then pointed out that, to my knowledge, his record as president of the Window Washers' Union proved that he never did at any time encourage or advocate real strong militant fights against the bosses and that he was principally interested in having anyone who did this kicked out of the union. I said also that he was chiefly interested in getting us to cooperate with and support the bosses' policies, programs and political parties, as in the last primary elections when he urged the workers thru the Wage-Earners' League, of which he is secretary-treasurer, to support Len Small for governor of Illinois. Small helped to break the Illinois miners' strike. Crowe, whom he also supported, has a notorious strikebreaking record.

Favors Bosses.

I said further that Mr. Wills could not possibly be any good to us as president since his policy at all times was more in favor of the bosses than of the window washers.

In the course of the charges presented by me against Mr. Wills, he insists that I accused him of petty larceny. Now if this is so, I should like immediately to retract the charge, for the meaning of the word "larceny," could not possibly cover the great harm he has done to the window washers, the workers and the union.

As a matter of fact, I had no intention at this meeting, or at any other meeting, of accusing him of petty larceny. On the contrary, I wished to charge him instead with the worst type of yellow labor fakery and betrayal of the trust placed in him by the window washers of Local 34.

Scabs Sanctioned.

In this strike we have had more than one instance of his treachery. Now, while the strike is in progress, he permits scab labor to wash the windows of the First National Bank.

At the meeting of May 31, Mr. Wills commanded me to prove charges of petty larceny before a trial committee which would meet at 5 p. m., on June 1, for the purpose of proving that such a charge was impossible.

I appeared before the committee as requested. Mr. Wills, when he arrived, informed us that, in the absence of Oscar F. Nelson, president of the Building Service Employes, he, Mr. Wills, was now acting president and had used the power of his office to suspend me without trial or hearing. Then Wills requested the committee to approve his actions and take my card from me, claiming that he had the power to do this since at the last meeting I had made remarks reflecting on his character as an officer and unbecoming for a member of Local 34.

Now, as I was already suspended the committee could not very well try me and I retired from the meeting.

The next day I was informed by my employer that I was fired. I asked my employer who had fired me, and he informed me that he was not at liberty to say but he had received orders to put me off the job. He added that as far as he was concerned, however, my work was quite satisfactory.

—C. J.

MINER EXPOSES DISTRICT 7 GANG

"Progressive" Paper Betrays Workers

By A DISTRICT 7 MINER.
(Special to the Daily Worker)

HAZELTON, Pa.—"The Freeland Press," a paper which was built up because of its opposition to the Lewis-Kennedy-Mattey machine in District 7, came out on June 1 in an open attack against the opposition in this district. They have singled out two outstanding leaders of the opposition in that district, and have come out openly slandering them in every way possible without any reason whatsoever.

These are Gaffney and Ward who are leaders of an expelled Silver Brook local union which the officials of District 7 have been prosecuting for a couple of years and at the present time have an injunction pending against them.

Expose Stand.

In the same issue that attacks these militant leaders they also support the Brennan group in District 1, advising the miners of District 7 to follow the road of the Brennan forces in District 1. The miners and local unions who are at the present time with the opposition have built up the "Freeland Press" in that district as an opposition paper to the district machine. W. E. Joyce, editor of that paper, together with a few others, has betrayed the opposition and has tried to use all kinds of blackmailing in order to discredit the leaders of the opposition against the Lewis-Mattey-Kennedy machine.

Open Sell-Out.

It is becoming clear that Joyce, who by the way is not a miner, and the rest of the leaders without a program are trying to make an alliance with the officials of District 7 and with the Lewis machine. We miners know Joyce for what he is and his blackmailing will not go very far. We have had others who have betrayed the rank and file in District 7 and we will not let him discredit our leaders whom we, the rank and file, trust.

Many Books Read by Palestine Workers

TEL AVIV, Palestine (By mail).—The Central Library of the Histadruth (Jewish Federation of Labor) reports that it obtained between October 1927 and March 1928 a total of 1,902 new volumes. 977 volumes were purchased with funds supplied by the cultural department of the Histadruth. The other volumes were gifts. Of the books received as gifts 41 percent are in Hebrew, 28 percent in German, 12 percent in Russian, 10 percent in Yiddish, and 9 percent in English, Polish and other languages.

The Central Library loaned during the year 2,678 books to the branch libraries in the province. 60 percent of those books were in Hebrew. Two branches were closed and four new ones were opened within the last 12 months. In the main branch of Tel-Aviv there were read last year 20,693 volumes. 72 percent of these were in Hebrew, 19.4 percent in Yiddish; 4.6 percent in Russian, 2.8 percent in German, 1 percent in other languages. 89.7 percent of the books consisted of fiction, poetry, drama, and magazines; 17.6 percent of juvenile literature; 10.3 percent of works on science. Of the scientific books read 46.2 percent were on sociological and economic subjects.

DETERMINED TO WIN ARGENTINE HARBOR STRIKE

Strikebreakers Prove Total Failure

BUENOS AYRES, June 11.—Entering its second week, the strike of harbor workers which has been tying up the port of Bahia Blanca continues to hold nearly a dozen vessels idle at the wharves.

The spirit of the men is as firm as when the strike began, leaders of the strikers report, and in spite of police provocation, smashing of picket lines and demonstrations, the determination of the men to win is strong.

The government's attempt to introduce strikebreakers has been an almost total failure. Some of the men imported from northern cities stayed on the job a few hours, nearly all deserted shortly after their arrival.

The owners, who are losing thousands of dollars every day that the strike continues, are still unwilling to make terms with the men but are urging the government to interfere in their interest by suppressing the strike.

Sentiment among the workers in Bahia Blanca is thoroughly in favor of the strike and the recent twenty-four-hour general walk-out greatly helped to stimulate the enthusiasm of the longshoremen.

CHICAGO DRIVE TO FREE MOONEY

Labor Defense to Hold Big Picnic

CHICAGO, June 11. — The annual picnic of International Labor Defense on Sunday, June 24th, will be made the starting point for the campaign to free Billings and Mooney from the bastilles of California as well as to bring to the public attention the fate of Centralia class-war prisoners now languishing in the prisons of the state of Washington for many years.

Carl Haessler, managing editor of the Federated Press, who is intimately acquainted with the cases will speak about the new efforts being made to restore freedom to these victims of class war in America.

The picnic which will take place in Zahora's Grove, half mile west from the end of the Ogden Ave. car line, will also serve as a get-together of all friends of Labor Defense.

YOUTH AIDS NEW BEDFORD STRIKE

Many Groups Participate in Collections

BOSTON, June 11.—All units of the Young Workers ((Communist) League of the New England district, as well part of the New England Youth Conference for Textile and Miners Relief are arranging weekly collections for the benefit of the New Bedford strikers.

The Boston league will have its first weekly collection this Saturday. June 9. at 3 p. m. All members of the Young Workers (Communist) League are participating. Pioneers and sympathizers will be drawn in to the work.

The New England Youth Conference for Textile and Miners Relief is affiliated with the Workers International Relief and has a number of youth organizations affiliated with it. According to a statement issued by the Young Workers League they promise to raise at least $100 a week.

Youth organizations have been urged to affiliate with the New England Youth Conference for Textile and Miners Relief and help in raising substantial relief for the striking textile workers of New Bedford.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Roxbury League Meeting.

ROXBURY, Mass., June 10.—A special membershi meeting of the Young Workers (Communist) League, local Boston, will take place on June 16, 7 p. m., at the Roxbury League headquarters, International Hall, Roxbury. An informal banquet for the leaders of the New Bedford strike will take place after the meeting.

• • •

San Francisco Y. W. L. Festival.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the league with a demonstration at the Youth Festival, June 16, at Gymnastic Hall, 2460 Sutter Ave.

• • •

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 22, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

• • •

Detroit Labor Sports.

DETROIT.—The Detroit Labor Sports Union will hold a dance and athletic exhibition on June 12, 8 P. M., at the Finnish Labor Temple, 5969 14th St., near McGraw. All the proceeds will go to the Miners' Relief.

• • •

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

• • •

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

• • •

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for June 29 at Maple Grove Park.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

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Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

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Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows: Allentown, Pa., June 12; Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

• • •

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

OHIO STRIKERS PERSUADE SCABS

BELLAIRE, Ohio (By mail). — A group of would-be scabs bound for the Webb mine near here to get jobs were stopped and prevented from entering the mine by a mass picket line early on the evening of June 5.

The men were accosted by strikers who demanded that the strangers explain their business. The spokesman of the group of scabs replied that they were going fishing. When they continued in the direction of the mine, they were followed by the entire picket line and after argument, were persuaded not to apply for work.

Train Dispatchers Ass'n Win Increase

Wage increases ranging from $7.28 to $16 a month were won the past month by the American Train Dispatchers Association on western roads. The eastern wage movement has begun with mediation of the New York Central demands and a conference with the Chesapeake & Ohio. The C. & O. recently turned the shopmen down flat, both in mediation and arbitration.

The western increases bring the Spokane, Portland & Seattle rate to $265 a month, the Northwestern & Pacific and the Minneapolis & St. Louis to $255 and the Davenport Rock Island & Northwestern to $222.54. On the Texas & Pacific threats of union organization brought a raise to $266 a month.

INDICT 167 IN HUGE RUM RING

Pittsburgh Police Head and Judges Caught

PITTSBURGH, June 10.—As a climax to one of the biggest graft round-ups held since the advent of prohibition, the Federal Grand Jury here today returned indictments against 167 persons involved in a gigantic rum ring which dictated the liquor business of the city of Pittsburgh.

Included among the 167 were Peter P. Walsh, superintendent of police, three of his police inspectors, five ward chairmen of the republican party, two police magistrates, and twelve police lieutenants. Besides these, scores of liquor peddlers, "fix" men, "go-betweens," politicians and patrolmen are among those who must go on trial in federal court.

CHICAGO PLANS WORKERS SCHOOL

Youth Will Be Trained for Class Struggle

CHICAGO, June 11. — The Young Workers (Communist) League, Districts 7 and 8 will hold a Young Workers Training School for a period of six weeks. A conference has been called, to take place in Chicago, June 24, 2.30 p. m. at 2021 West Division St., where the matter will be discussed and definite plans laid.

The purpose of the school is to educate the young workers for the tasks facing them and the American workingclass in general—a school that will equip the young workers with the necessary organizational and political knowledge so that they can more effectively participate in the labor movement.

All organizations that can possibly aid in establishing this school are requested to elect delegates to the conference.

MINERS' RELIEF BODY IS ACTIVE IN STRIKE AID

Sends 100,000 Pounds of Supplies

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 11.—Approximately 100,000 pounds of groceries were rushed into Eastern Ohio Friday morning by the National Miners Relief Committee in response to urgent calls from numerous local unions of the United Mine Workers of America there. This shipment, which includes corn meal flour, rice, tomatoes, herring, sugar and beans, will be distributed among 5 thousand families.

The locals have been notified by Jim Vall, secretary of the district relief and Jack Bell of Tiltonville, the chairman, to send their relief committees and trucks to the railroad siding of the Old Wabash Railway in Yorkville to claim shares of the groceries. Almost a score of locals who have received no relief from the union since their charters were revoked for participating in the progressive "Save the Union" movement, will also be aided by this shipment.

"We haven't had a bite to eat in days," a letter forwarded by Jim Vall says. "Our boys are standing it—holding out solid, but we must get something for the children. Please, we don't want to be starved into scabbing!"

Relief committees in 150 large cities throughout the country are raising funds through fraternal, church and labor organizations.

Many locals of labor unions, from almost every state in the union have contributed to strikers' relief generously through the National Miners Relief Committee.

But this shipment, distributed among 5,00 families, will last only a very short time—no matter how skillfully it is managed. In spite of the intense hunger, Eastern Ohio is holding out. Only actual starvation can force them back. Make another shipment possible by sending your contribution to the relief headquarters at 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Arrest Bankers and Merchants in Fraud

VIENNA, June 11.—A dozen arrests, including directors of several banks and prominent merchants, have been made here in connection with alleged fraudulent drafts on American banks. The frauds are reported to total more than $470,000.

Among the persons arrested are a director of the Compass Bank of Vienna and directors of the Austrian Railways Accessories Co.

Report of the Fifteenth Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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Assistant Editor..............WM. F. DUNNE

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From John Brown to Andy Mellon

The republican party was born amid terrific class struggles over three-quarters of a century ago. It cut its teeth on the cannon of Lincoln's armies.

The republican party came into existence playing a role that was not reactionary—a role that had a revolutionary phase. "Free Soil, Free Speech, Free Labor and Free Man" was inscribed on the banner of the Free Soil party which can more or less be called the father of the republican party. In the year that the convention of left-wing Whigs, Democrats and Free Soldiers at Jackson, Michigan, gave the name "Republican" to the party that was to lead the country through civil war to modern capitalism, many of the same forces were making civil war against the United States government in "Bloody Kansas." The names of John Brown and James H. Lane in Kansas were the "sacred relics" of the republican party.

The republican party played one of the biggest world parts in the bourgeois revolution.

• • •

This morning the republican party meets in national convention in Kansas City, not far away from the Kansas that was once bloody. Not John Brown or Jim Lane carrying rifles on the backs of wild mustangs, but Herbert Hoover, the efficiency engineer, and Andrew W. Mellon, finance-capitalist, sipping gin rickeys in private cars, are the symbol of the republican party.

Jackson, Michigan, birthplace of the republican party, now has no further claim to fame than as the location of the prison where C. E. Ruthenberg was jailed.

The republican party, the classic party of the American capitalist class, has led the capitalist state through the cycle of development from an infant republic that still had a revolutionary task to perform to the fat and brutish imperialism of today which is the most colossal force for counter-revolution in the world. Civil war there is still—and the republican party and the class it represents are on the **opposite side** of civil war—the reactionary side, the slave-owners' side. The class it represents, and the state and federal governments of that class, are sending marines to drop bombs on the John Browns of Nicaragua, and troops and "ministers" to shoot and swindle striking wage-slaves. The United States government, which functions through the bureaucracy of the republican party and the democratic party (which is now only another "republican party"), is entirely and completely a force for reaction, for stagnation of all social development, for exploiting, enslaving, crippling, poisoning the life of the masses—for the capitalist class, whose government it is, is entirely parasitic, reactionary.

• • •

Andrew W. Mellon rolled into Kansas City in his private car, in his vest pocket the decisions which will become the program of the republican convention. Behind Mellon are the greatest bankers and overlords of industry who control the United States and who manipulate its government as though by push-buttons. These finance capitalists will decide or have already decided who the candidate of the convention will be. If it is not Coolidge, that is because these overlords believe that this fish of the white house can no longer preserve the illusions of the masses in the clowning which is called "democratic" government. In all probability it is Hoover—and the question there also is whether or not this ideal chief strike-breaker and slave master can preserve sufficiently the illusions of the slave-masses he is to whip.

The republican party convention is the convention of the highest bureaucrats on the payroll of the biggest bankers and trust magnates. It may not be feasible to keep this set of republican bureaucrats in office, even with the selection for the vice-presidency of a scavenger-politician of the West who has made a profession of playing "farmers' friend." And if it is not feasible—then this set of bureaucrats will largely pass out of active service in the governing apparatus, and another set of servants of the same masters—the democratic party, will obtain the job of suppressing the masses of the United States and conquering the world for the same ruling class.

Since 1860 no political party has ever won a national election in the United States except that party that had the largest campaign corruption fund. This has usually been the republican party. The only instances when the democratic party carried a national election were also the only instances in which the largest bankers and industrialists turned their contributions mainly to the democratic party instead of the republican.

The republican convention is busy trying to carry out the orders of the masters back in Wall Street so skilfully as to preserve the blind faith of the working class and the agricultural population in the government of Wall Street which is rapidly strangling that population.

If the republican convention, under Mr. Mellon's guidance and with the help of a few Curtises, can't do it, the masters will fall back on Al Smith for four years of service just as good.

A plague on both of the political houses of Wall Street!
Vote Communist!

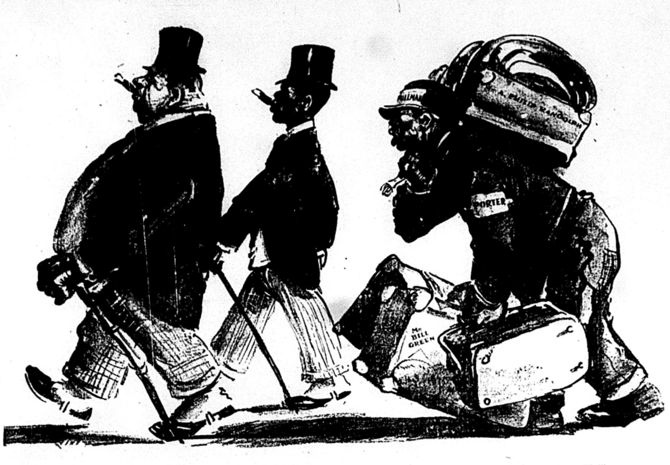
HISTORY

By HENRY GEORGE WEISS

The pendulum swings so far, and then
Return on itself it must,
And the moment comes when the beggars ride
And the kings lie in the dust.

Ever and ever the clock strikes one
After the longest hour,
And the whirlwinds of revolution sweep
The workers into power.

"NO STRIKE, GEORGE, THIS IS THE HIGHER STRATEGY OF LABOR." By Fred Ellis



PULLMAN PORTER: "Yes, Mr. Green and Mr. Randolph, but I am going to have something to say about this!"

Score Pullman Strike Betrayal

Statement of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party

The strike of the Pullman porters was called off by leaders of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters. The movement of the Pullman porters, which created the largest single trade union of Negro workers, is of great significance, and the betrayal of the militant strike movement of these Negro workers is of great import for the whole labor movement and for the entire working class of this country.

The very existence of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters belies the slander of the corrupt white bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor that Negro workers cannot be organized. The splendid fighting spirit shown by the practically unanimous strike vote of the organized Pullman porters is a flaming indictment of the Randolph-Webster leadership of the Brotherhood and of the bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. which choked the strike before it could develop.

Is the Strike Necessary?

The conditions of the Pullman porters are unbearable. They work 400 hours a month. The wealthy Pullman Company forces the porters to work under a disgraceful, humiliating tip system. A fight against the 13-hour day and for the establishment of an 8-hour day, a struggle against the tip system and for the establishment of decent wages is an imperative, pressing necessity for the Pullman porters.

Determined struggle—strike—is the order of the day for the workers on the Pullman cars. OnOly by means of a powerful mass organization, of a militant leadership, of a fighting policy will the Pullman porters be able to extract any improvement of their conditions and the recognition of their union from the Pullman capitalists.

The Treachery of the White Bureaucracy.

The organization of the Pullman porters is handicapped in many respects in entering into the struggle with the Pullman Company. The Pullman Company is one of the most powerful trusts in this country, follows the most ruthless open-shop policy, and applies the most brutal, crushing methods against the railroad workers. The unification of all trade unions of the railroad workers and the organization of the unorganized railroad workers is necessary to combat the powerful Pullman Company. The craft organization of the sixteen "standard" railroad unions are unable to carry on a really successful struggle against the centralized Pullman capitalists. The trade union bureaucracy within and without the A. F. of L. is responsible for the criminal split of the railroad workers and for the unorganized status of the overwhelming majority of the slaves of railroad capital. The white prejudices of the labor aristocracy and its corrupt leadership are responsible for the fact that the Negro railroad workers are excluded from the trade unions of the white railroad workers.

Narrow-minded craft and race prejudices are the leading principles of the "standard" railroad trade unions. But it must be stated that the present Randolph-Webster leadership of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters shares the responsibility with the white bureaucracy of the railroad unions. The Randolph-Webster leadership did not make any serious effort to combat the craft and race prejudices of the white labor aristocracy. Quite the contrary. They accepted craft isolation and accepted race segregation. The basic shortcomings of the organization of the Pullman porters are that it is a craft organization and that it never put up a sincere struggle against race segregation.

Strike Bluff or Strike Struggle.

The strike call issued by the present Randolph-Webster leadership of the organization was not for a moment meant seriously. It was only a bluff. It was only a speculation on the Watson-Parker law. It tried to induce President Coolidge to declare a state of "emergency" and set up a committee for arbitration. The treachery of the Randolph-Webster leadership consists in the fact that they want to build a movement based on the "emergency" of the capitalist railroads instead of basing the movement on the emergency of the dire situation of the Pullman porters. The present leadership of the Pullman porters called for the "intervention" of President Coolidge and the capitalist government instead of calling for the solidarity of all railroad workers. They based their strategy on the infamous Watson-Parker law, which institutes compulsory arbitration and makes all strikes illegal for the railroad workers. The present leadership of the Pullman porters has only played with the weapon of the strike, using it only as a bluff, and did not make serious preparations for a determined strike struggle. Randolph and Webster are the accomplices of Green and the other corrupt leaders of the white labor aristocracy. The wire of Mr. Green, advising the Pullman porters to call off the strike, was pre-arranged and is but a miserable alibi for Randolph and Webster. The present leadership of the Pullman porters is no better than the leadership of the white labor aristocracy. They accept the craft isolation, race segregation, and no-strike policy of the A. F. of L.

The Pullman porters must realize that the calling off of the strike and its "indefinite" postponement constitute a serious defeat and endanger the very life of the union. The powerful Pullman Company will now begin a merciless drive of extermination against the union. The policy of the Pullman porters must be: industrial union, solidarity of the Negro and white railroad workers, organization of the unorganized, and militant, sincere strike preparations.

The Communist Party and the Negroes.

The Workers (Communist) Party of America considers it its duty to expose the treachery of the corrupt bureaucrats of the white labor aristocracy and to fix responsibility on the Randolph-Webster leadership of the Pullman porter organization.

The Communist Party considers the organization of the Negroes into trade unions as one of its foremost historic duties. In the existing trade unions it fights for the admittance of Negro workers. If the white labor bureaucracy refuses to admit Negroes, the Communists help to form new Negro trade unions. At the same time we fight for the principle: **One trade union for each industry for white and Negro workers.**

The Communist Party proposes to organize inter-racial committees on trade lines for the purpose of organizing Negro trade unions and to work for the solidarity of Negro and white workers. The Communist Party demands the immediate removal of all restrictions in all trade unions against the membership of Negro workers. We fight for equal opportunity for employment, wages, hours, and working conditions for Negro and white workers.

Our slogan is: **Equal pay for equal work for Negro and white workers.**

The Communist Party is not only the party of the working class generally but also the champion of the Negroes as an oppressed race and especially the organizer of the Negro working-class elements. The Communist Party is the party of the liberation of the Negro race from all white oppression. The Communist Party considers it as its duty to unite all workers regardless of their color against the common enemy, against the master class. The Negro race must understand that capitalism means racial oppression and Communism means racial, social, and political equality for all workers. The employing class deliberately arouses the racial prejudice and hatred of the white workers against the Negro workers with the sinister aim to split and divide the ranks of the working class, thereby maintaining the oppression and exploitation of white and Negro workers alike. The white workers must realize that "labor in a white skin cannot emancipate itself as long as labor in a dark skin is branded." (Marx.)

The Communist Party—the Champion of the Negro Race.

The democratic party is the traditional party of Negro slavery. The republican party boasts that it liberated the Negro from chattel slavery, but reality shows that the republican party perpetuates the peonage and contract labor of the Negro tenant farmer and share-cropper in the South and the wage slavery of the Negro industrial worker in the North. The republican party, the party of Lincoln, has sunk so low that it has provided for measures to segregate the Negro delegates in its 1928 Kansas City nominating convention. There is the most dishonest and disgraceful "gentleman's agreement" between the two capitalist parties against the political rights of the Negroes. The Negroes are disfranchised. Lynch law is the law over the Negroes. The terror of the Ku Klux Klan is the constitution for the Negroes. The white masters try to reduce the Negroes to illiteracy. The socialist party accepts, without any serious resistance or struggle, the oppression of the Negro race. The bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. refuses to organize the Negroes into trade unions. The narrow white labor aristocracy refuses to recognize the Negro worker as its equal. The Communist Party is the sole party which fights for the liberation of the Negro race from racial oppression and for the emancipation of the Negro and white workers from capitalist exploitation and oppression.

The National Nominating Convention of the Communist Party, held on May 25-27, was the only political convention in which the Negro workers participated on a basis of complete political and racial equality. The southern states, as well as the working class Negro population of the north, were represented by numerous delegates. The platform adopted by the national convention is not only a platform of the working class generally, but it is also the platform of the Negro race. The Communist Party will carry its election campaign to all the states of the south, will present its complete program of emancipation of the Negro race, will challenge the rule of lynch law, the terror of the Ku Klux Klan, and the despicable dictatorship of the big southern landowners and capitalists.

The Communist Party calls upon the Negro workers to organize trade unions. It calls upon the white workers to help their Negro brothers in their struggle.

The Communist Party calls upon the Pullman porters to prepare for a big organizational drive, to carry out serious preparations for a future strike, to combat their present leadership, and to fight for rank-and-file control in the Pullman brotherhood organization.

Long live the common struggle of the Negro and white workers against their common enemy—capitalism!

Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party.

GROWERS GRIEVE OVER WORKERS' LEGAL COSTS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Calif., (By Mail).—According to a recent report, the new Mexican Mutual Aid Society of Imperial Valley has filed articles of incorporation proposing to promote the general welfare of its members and other persons of Mexican descent in the valley. Headquarters will be established at El Centro. Filemon B. Gonzales and 8 other El Centro workers are named as directors.

The Brawley News (May 25) says, in part, as follows: "Attorneys for the new society will be Harry Horton and Kendall B. Perkins, who drew up the articles for the Mexican society and will be legal advisers."

These men were criticized by growers and shippers, etc., and "investigated" by the authorities at the beginning of the strike in the cantaloupe fields, as reported in The DAILY WORKER at the time. Why? Because, in the opinion of exploiters, gunmen and prosecutors, etc., said legal lights charged the new organization too much for their work. So the bosses shed crocodile tears over high cost of labor organization. On the other hand, the same bosses thought that it was alright to arrest workers of both sexes by wholesale, beat them up, and fixed their bail at $1,000 each.

"The society is a non-profit organization," said Horton today, "a welfare body, merely to benefit the many Mexicans of the valley. It has nothing whatever to do as a labor organization, but is on the order of a lodge or fraternal body. There is no capital stock. It is a sincere effort for betterment of conditions of its members and others of the Mexican race, and an earnest purpose for better observance of the American laws," Horton declared.

It is up to the reader to figure out the real meaning of "better observance of the American laws" in connection with the brutalities and strike-breaking activities of the authorities during the strike.

K. Torira, ranch manager, and a large fruit packer, were fined each $125 recently for the offense of packing unripe melons. Justice Griffin of Brawley, who refused to lower the bail of jailed pickers, set the same fine for the boss and the worker, declaring that an expert packer of cantaloupes should know instantly when fruit was unfit for export, even if the field men had been uncertain. Testimony showed that about 100 crates of unripe melons had been packed.

—L. P. RINDAL.

HANdOuTS

THE following bit of hilarious writing domes from the pen of Dr. John Haynes Holmes, pacifist minister:

"I am supporting the socialist ticket in the present presidential campaign because the socialist party is now the only political party in this country pledged to constructive principles of reform.... for all the people."

Th doctor who is so anxious to reform conditions for both bed bugs and sleeping men under the same blanket has gotten himself all flustered trying to prove the socialist party is not a class party like the democratic, the republican or the Communist parties. He will serve out his reforms to all without embarrassing any class. This is his pledge. But pledges mean very little. The socialist party, like every other, is really a class party. Make one guess. Right!

• • •

ADVICE to pedagogues of the capitalist system on how to manufacture good slaves is handed out by a Wisconsin business man in the following words:

"Our process of home training and education must build into the consciousness and soul of the child a new philosophy of life, the philosophy of unselfish service, service without hope of reward, except that reward that comes from unselfish service."

That's the kind of reward on which workers find it very difficult to rear families.

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Special Notice.

Please rush contributions to the Daily Worker. Each day that the total is below $1,000, one hundred hairs turn white in the pate of A. Ravitch. If you know the man you know it would be utterly absurd to have him white headed, and absolutely impossible for the staff to function.

• • •

Indication of the speed with which the American Legion Monthly serves its readers can be noted in the latest issue. Rolling hot off the press is "The Murders of the Rue Morgue," by Edgar Allen Poe.

• • •

Defenders of the No. 1.

The perplexed face above belongs to William Hale Thompson, one of the nation's leading clowns, now resident in Chicago. His most famous parlor trick is to shake one fist so violently at King George that the workers won't notice him sticking the other out into the city's treasury. No sooner has he managed to keep the British monarchy at bay long enough for a breathing spell than a new enemy confronts him. This time it is the thirteen-month calendar. This has thrown William Hale Thompson into such a panic that he has overlooked entirely his private Chicago-British war that rages so violently between his mouth and his imagination. His terror is due to the fact that when the calendars are changed the dates will be so shuffled that the Fourth of July will be wiped out entirely and will probably fall on August 5 or some other ineffective date. Without any Fourth of July there won't be any patriotism and the Communists will take the country, Thompson believes.

• • •

A PICTURE of a fat and hypocritical business man scurrying around to meet the demands of all brands of ethics and morality, to get in good with god and at the same time get his mitts on all the cash that can be drained out of exploiting the working class, comes to mind on reading the following clauses from the pledge of the Rotary Club, the bourgeois business men's international:

"Fourth: To hold that the exchange of my goods, my service and my ideas for profit is legitimate and ethical provided that all parties in the exchange are benefitted thereby.....

"Seventh: To understand that one of the greatest assets of a professional or of a business man is his friends and that any advantage gained by reason of friendship is eminently ethical and proper."

White Culture Triumphs Mob Murders 2 Negroes

BOYCE, La., June 11.—The "flower of the South" upheld its tradition here when a mob of armed ruffians overpowered two ineffectual sheriff's deputies and murdered two Negroes in their custody. The Negroes, David and Lee Blackman, were being held in connection with the killing of a sheriff in which they had no part. Their brother and the sheriff had killed each other in a duel.

ONE-DAY TRIAL OF BELA KUN IS SET FOR JUNE 26th

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS: FOR TH[illegible]RGANIZATION OF THE [illegible]ORGANIZED [illegible]40-HOUR WEEK [illegible]ABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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MINE CONFERENCE PLANS NATIONAL CONVENTION

A. F. of L. Is Scheduled for Cold Reception from the Republican Politicians

OFFICERS FROM ALL DISTRICTS IN PITTSBURGH

Conference Takes Up Future Programs

PITTSBURGH, June 12. — Responding to a call from the new officers of district five United Mine Workers of America, officers and representatives of all organized districts as well as representatives from unorganized territory assembled here tonight for a second historic meeting to consider the situation in the union and to plan for a great national miners' convention in the near future.

Wide Representation.

The meeting which opens at six o'clock at Walton Hall will be attended by the new officers of district 12 of Illinois in which the Lewis-Fish-Fagan machine was recently ousted. Officers of district 5, from which the Fagan machine was recently ousted are already here. Representatives from the Ohio districts, from Indiana from Kansas are reported on the way.

Information that representatives of districts 1, 7 and 9, the anthracite are likewise on the way, came early today to headquarters.

In addition there will be representatives of district 2 of Pennsylvania. Officers and representatives of rank and file forces in other districts, from the unorganized and formerly unorganized fields, especially of western Pennsylvania will attend.

Plan National Convention

The conference is called for the purpose of considering the situation in the whole union and to lay plans for calling a national miners' convention.

Called a little over two months after the great rank and file April 1 conference which was attended by nearly twelve hundred delegates, the present meeting brings together the regularly chosen officers of nearly the whole of the United Mine Workers. The conference will again make history for the American labor movement by taking the next step in offsetting the employers' national open shop drive against the workers and in ousting the corrupt officialdom from the union.

RIOT GUNS SET AGAINST MINERS

Militants Stand Fast Despite Police

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

WHEELING, W. Va., June 12. — Riot guns manned by state police threatened the lives of more than 100 strikers who had come here from Philadelphia to demonstrate against the arrest of Oscar Guynn, Lansing Ohio miner. Guynn was taken into custody while addressing a mass meeting of the strikers at Triadelphia Monday.

One hundred and fifty men, women and children who marched on the Triadelphia number 2 mine of the Valley Camp Coal Company, and were listening to Guynn when he was arrested, piled into trucks and sped to the Ohio county jail at Wheeling to demand his release. The procession turned into a race when the auto bearing Guynn and his captors, sped to Wheeling in an effort to warn Ohio county authorities of the demonstration.

When the strikers arrived they found riot guns mounted on the steps leading to the sheriff's office and the jail.

The miners were ordered to disperse. Frank Henderson, young Ohio coal digger, then stepped forward and demanded Guynn's release.

Henderson, Betty Gannet, also from Ohio, with six others, were arrested when they refused to disperse and told police that "you will have to arrest all of us unless you release Guynn."

The meeting at which the arrest took place was held on private property not belonging to the company.

DANGEROUS EBB IN FUNDS FOR THE "DAILY"

Average of $1,100 Each Day This Week Required to Save Revolutionary Organ

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER.

COMRADES:

The funds contributed yesterday in the campaign to save The DAILY WORKER fell to a dangerously low ebb. From the high point of $1,660.40 received Monday, the amount of contributions received yesterday sank to $661.20—the lowest level since last Thursday. Since the campaign started this is the first time the receipts for any day have failed to be larger than those of the preceding day.

The amounts received up to last night are:

Last week.	Monday	$161.99
	Tuesday	464.55
	Wednesday	556.30
	Thursday	576.60
	Friday	695.00
	Saturday	705.77
This week:	Monday	1,660.40
	Tuesday	661.20
Total to last night		$5,481.81
Still required by Saturday		$4,518.19

This is a danger signal. The DAILY WORKER positively must complete the raising of the $10,000 required by the ultimatum of creditors on or before next Saturday, June 16. There is still to be raised $4,518.19 BEFORE NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT. This means that an average of more than $1,100 must be raised on each remaining day of this week, today included. We do not wish to create undue alarm, but the ultimatum stands before us that the DAILY WORKER will be closed unless the funds are forthcoming. It is very doubtful whether we can obtain any further leniency in regard to the time allowed for further payments.

Comrades, we are sure you will stand by us. We are determined not to let our revolutionary fighting paper die. Our Party's revolutionary campaign in the national elections is just getting under way. The fighting coal miners will need The DAILY WORKER during the coming months more than at any previous time. The textile workers, the needle trades workers, the unorganized and the unemployed workers now of all times must not lose their only daily which speaks in the language of the country.

Communists, sympathizers, militant workers, we are confident that you will not fail us. We will not fail you. Our Party Central Committee has declared that it will sacrifice anything rather than let our revolutionary central organ go out of existence. But in order to put this determination into reality, it is necessary that you act quickly—TODAY.

You are urged to redouble your efforts and to send all possible funds to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York, by telegraph, airmail or special delivery.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

Communist Nominee

Juliet Stuart Poyntz, who is running for Attorney General of New York state as the candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party. All the other candidates for this office are enemies of the workingclass.

TRIAL OF BELA KUN ON JUNE 26

Horthy Regime Has Spy Agency in Vienna

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

VIENNA, June 12.—The trial of Bela Kun, internationally known Communist leader, arrested several weeks ago, will be held here June 26th, it was announced today. At the same time it was revealed that the entire proceedings will consume but a single day.

Bela Kun

Meanwhile the Horthy fascist government of Hungary is continuing its demands upon the Austrian government for Kun's extradition which would undoubtedly result in his execution.

Startling revelations have just been made of the existence of a systematic spy agency and forgery mill maintained by the Horthy regime in Vienna where Kun was arrested.

Millions of workers thruout the world are continuing to hold protest meetings against the extradition of Kun and are vigorously demanding that he be set free at once.

One of the charges which the indictment is expected to list is "plotting to overthrow the Austrian government."

NY AMALGAMATED BARED AS CENTER OF GRAFT SYSTEM

Hillman to Pick Goats; Other Grafters Get By

One of the most astoundingly elaborate systems of organized graft ever found operating in an organization was discovered to be infesting the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union.

The general national office of the union is trying its utmost to stifle the sensational disclosures of a graft system that includes the setting and collecting of official graft prices for assistance to scab shops, for discharges of workers, for permission to put over wage cuts, and permission to inaugurate more and more vicious speed-up systems.

Share in Spoils.

The detailed facts were learned from a series of formal charges against the officialdom of the Knee Pants Makers Trade Board, and are sufficient to show that the bosses in the highest positions in the New York Joint Board also participated in the subdivision of the spoils. The charges were brought to President Hillman, who was compelled to choose a few scapegoats in order to shield his valuable henchmen who are the heads of the Joint Board. Hillman is preparing a decision requesting 3 of them to kindly vacate their berths. These are Louis Stern, manager of the Knee

(*Continued on Page Two*)

Workers Club Raises Daily Worker Funds

CHICAGO, June 12. — To raise funds to meet the present crisis of The DAILY WORKER, official organ of the Workers (Communist) Party, the Jewish Workers' Club has set up a temporary restaurant at its club rooms at 2736 W. Division St. There will be entertainment as well as food.

Japanese Imperialism Shooting Its Way Into Power In Shantung

Photo above shows Japanese troops firing into the city of Tsinan, Shantung, which they later captured after killing a large part of the population. This is one of the first authentic pictures of the march of Japanese imperialism in Shantung.

PARKER TEXTILE WORKERS STRIKE

Another Attempted Wage Slash Fails

WARREN, R. I., June 12. — The Parker Mills were again forced to shut down their plant when every operative to a man remained away from work, in a renewal of the strike against a 10 percent wage cut.

The strike was renewed when the company, which had recently rescinded a wage cut order to end a strike of several months' duration, again posted notices declaring that the reduction goes into effect next Monday.

The mill owners, who also operate plants in Fall River, state that the original settlement reached with the officials of the United Textile Workers was not for an unconditional withdrawal of the reduction order but called for negotiations for a final "solution" of the wage question. Apparently, the result of the "negotiations" with the union heads resulted in their concurrence with the new wage cut attempt.

MELLON AND BUTLER APPROVE OF HOOVER

KANSAS CITY, June 12.—With Secretary of the Treasury Andrew W. Mellon and William M. Butler, chairman of the republican national committee, publicly committed to the candidacy of Herbert Hoover, it looked today as if the convention would be organized tomorrow for his nomination.

Hoover's name has been seldom mentioned in recent exposures of corruption in the republican party and the Harding and Coolidge administrations. He has kept himself busy in the secretariat of commerce as an efficiency man for big business, increasing profits for the industrialists and bankers. But one of the strongest workers for his candidacy here is William S. ("Boss") Vare, senator-elect, of Pennsylvania, whose campaigns in Philadelphia have long been considered models in vote buying and slush-funding by the republican party officials. Vare's espousal of Hoover's candidacy preceded Mellon's by several hours.

Mellon, one of the nation's richest men, liaison man between the republican party and the government and big business, and the most important politician at the convention, will see to it that money is put out

(*Continued on Page Two*)

FESS IS MUM ON OIL GRAFT MESS

Keynoter Sings the Old "Prosperity" Song

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

KANSAS CITY, June 12.—Careful skirting of the notorious oil scandals of the Harding-Coolidge administrations and lavish—almost hysterical—praise for the present incumbent of the White House featured the keynote speech of Senator Simeon D. Fess of Ohio at the republican convention here today.

Defeated in his aspiration to be a delegate to the convention, Fess acted as keynoter upon the invitation of William M. Butler, chairman of the republican national committee.

Unblushingly, Fess whose overlord, Coolidge, vetoed even the fake "relief" McNary-Haugen bill, handled the present plight of the farmers extremely gingerly. "Sound relief," he said, "will avoid artificial stimulous such as government price fixing or government buying and selling."

Daughterty, Fall.

The merest hint of the oil thievery with which the present administration bought its way into the White House was suggested when Fess innocently announced at the conclusion of his speech:

"While moral delinquencies are to be found in all political parties, and while they sometimes reach places of influence, the general rule is a high type of character in our public service, and never more so than at the present time."

KELLOGG GRANTS US AN INTERVIEW

"Nicaragua Nothing to do With Peace," Secretary Declares

By SENDER GARLIN.

"WILL the peace proposals of which you just spoke stop the present war in Nicaragua?" I asked the pink-cheeked, doddering old man who was being escorted out of the Grand Ball Room of the Hotel Pennsylvania last night by the Honorable Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, former United States Senator from New Jersey.

"That has nothing to do with Nicaragua," he chirped irritably.

A Churchman.

Frank B. Kellogg, L. L. D. and secretary of state in the Coolidge administration was the principal speaker at the Tercentenary dinner of the Reformed Dutch Church of New York. He had spent half an hour reading from a prepared manuscript and spoke cheerlessly about the multilateral peace treaties which he, as a member of the Reformed Dutch Church, was sponsoring.

The orchestra was playing "I Dreamt I Dwelt in Marble Halls, when the DAILY WORKER reporter and an unshaven companion entered. Enquiring for the press table, we were escorted by an obsequious waiter to No. 61. We had finished the fruit salad order when a thoughtful churchman enquired militantly: "What papers do you represent?" The police card with "Daily Worker" engraved brought the response that the place was being reserved for a representative of the New York Times.

Slinking to a prominent position in the principal balcony, we sat diametrically opposite to the honorable secretary of state. Derisive laughter resulted in our being invited to the rear of the Grand Ball Room where

(*Continued on Page Three*)

"NON-PARTISAN" POLITICS IS DUE FOR KNOCK OUT

Secretary Davis Urges Tariff Support

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

KANSAS CITY, June 12. — Five minutes of groveling before the resolution committee of the Wall Street henchmen of the republican party after which they will be unceremoniously shunted out, is the program which Wm. Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, and his so-called non-partisan political campaign committee are expected to go through when they appear here some this week to present their terms of surrender to finance-capital.

"Crown Prince" Ill Received.

In 1924 when old Sammy Compers was still alive, his young "crown prince" Matthew Woll, vice president of the federation, received ten minutes from the committee in which to present what the yellow bureaucrats called the case of over three millions organized workers. Even with a third party then looming, little was feared from the obedient servants of big business. This year, it is understood, the A. F. of L. committee will receive five minutes.

Nineteen planks are contained in the program which the A. F. of L. declares it wants both the republican and the democratic parties to adopt.

Many Jokers.

Included in the A. F. of L. list of "demands" is one seeking the regulation of injunctions in labor disputes, one urging the acceptance of the "principle" of high wages and prosperity; another speaks of "constructive legislation" for the coal industry. This last demand is contained in a short paragraph of five lines embodying an issue which has practically led to the destruction of the mine workers' union and the most bitter struggle in labor history. A gesture is also made towards the five-day week, freedom of speech, against industrial conscription, etc.

* * *

KANSAS CITY, June 12. — Secretary of Labor James J. Davis, millionaire, labor hater, today echoed the words of Wm. Green, president of the American Federation of Labor when he declared for "good wages", and a protective tariff. This is seen as a challenge to the labor fakers to fall behind the republican program or remain silent. Davis also committed himself to the fact that "the right of labor to bargain collectively cannot be denied." Even more remarkable was his statement that "there is widespread complaint against the use of the injunction."

WORKERS' GROUPS AIDING THE 'DAILY'

Paper Again in Danger As Contributions Drop

Contributions to save The DAILY WORKER are being received from many progressive workers' organizations, including Workmen's Circles, councils of the United Council of Workingclass Women and other fraternal groups.

But despite the efforts of these organizations, as well as hundreds of individual workers, contributions are still far from what they should be. With only $661.20 received yesterday, the danger of suspension facing The DAILY WORKER becomes more imminent. The total of contributions thus far, $5,456.81, indicates that only $456.81 has been raised towards the second $5,000 that the "Daily" must have by Saturday.

Yesterday's contributions were as follows:

Emil Turins, West Allis, Wisc., 25c; Gokol Modrich, West Allis, Wisc., 25c; L. Burman, Baltimore, Md., $2; Nils Gustofson, Bklyn, N. Y., $2; I. Epstein, Chicago, Ill., $2; Walter P. Sakut, Chicago, Ill., 25c; Group of Progressive Bakers Local 237, Chicago, Ill., $10; M. Svimmer, Pittsburgh, Pa., $5; M. Weuk, Pittsburgh, Pa., $2; D. Westhandler, Pittsburgh, Pa., $2; O. Landis, Pittsburgh, Pa., $2; A. Halfgott, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Wm. Paransky, Pittsburgh, Pa., $2; I. Pascal, Pittsburgh,

(*Continued on Page Two*)

District 5 Miners Twice Defeat Treacherous Moves of Lewis-Fagan Gang

REJECT MOVE TO OUST MILITANT UNION LEADERS

Fagan Machine Again Routed

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., June 12. — Rank and file miners of Local Union 2086, Pike Mine twice administered a crushing defeat to the Lewis-Fagan machine here when they refused to carry out the orders of Lawrence Dwyer, international organizer for Lewis, calling for the expulsion of miners who attended the special district No. 5 convention recently held at Pittsburgh.

Report Meeting.

At a regular meeting of local 2086 held at West Brownsville, L. C. Knight, secretary and Mike Kovack treasurer of the union both of whom attended the special convention which turned out the whole Fagan machine in district No. 5, reported to the meeting.

These delegates were elected by a special meeting called by the rank and file against the wishes of Dwyer. After the delegates were elected a stoolpigeon named Thomas Beabans reported to Dwyer the action of the rank and file of L. U. 2086.

This stool pigeon was defeated at the meeting where the report of the delegates was made and accepted by the rank and file, when acting under the instructions of Dwyer, he made a motion to bring charges against the delegates.

Thomas W. Golden, another Lewis henchman acting secretary, and under Dwyer's instructions, posted a notice for a special meeting held June 8, 7 p. m. at the same hall for the purpose of expelling the delegates to the special convention. The meeting is said to have been called by orders of Pat Fagan, former district president. Here again stoolpigeon Thomas Beabans, in order to prove his loyalty to his Boss Dwyer, brought into the meeting as many supporters of the Lewis machine as possible to expel Knight and Kovack. After a hot fight the rank and file, demanding a standing vote, again won by 21 votes to 10 against the machine.

MOBILIZE BRITISH NEEDLE WORKERS

Make Many New Demands on Bosses

LEEDS, England, June 12. — A draft of demands of the 200,000 needle trades workers upon the Wholesale Clothing Manufacturers' Federation of England was drawn up at an all-day conference of rank and file representatives held here June 7. The conference issued instructions to their national officials to demand from the employers the signing of an entirely new national agreement, and to accept no compromise settlement until the union membership had ballotted.

Agreement Ends Soon.

The needle trades unions' membership had at meetings last month instructed their officials to inform the employers' association that the old form of agreement, now in existence, would be terminated on the day of their expiration, June 20. The old contract with the bosses has as its basis the signing of district settlements. This instruction was carried out by the officials because of the tremendous pressure of the rank and file.

Some of the demands made in the draft worked out at the conference include: a week's holiday with pay for all workers; men's and women's wage rates to be advanced by one half penny and one penny respectively; rates of pay of several categories of those working on a cheaper line be levelled to the rates paid to workers on certain specified better lines and national instead of district agreements.

Shopkeepers in U.S.S.R. Given Land by State

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

KOUDANOV, U. S. S. R. (By mail).—All the largest storekeepers here have closed their stores. The government has given them land for colonization.

The smaller shopkeepers are open still but they are struggling for their existence. Some of them are already applying for land, while others are learning some useful occupation.

It is an honor to be a worker in Russia now.

All power belongs to the workers.

—R. M. S.

EDITOR'S NOTE: Koudanov is in the Socialist Soviet Republic of White Russia.

Wall St. Man; Backer

Herbert Hoover, Wall Street's probable choice at the republican convention is shown above at left. William M. Butler, Massachusetts open shop textile magnate, and republican boss, who is backing Hoover, is shown at right.

MELLON, BUTLER ENDORSE HOOVER

Is Given O. K. As the Wall Street Candidate

(Continued from page one)

for Hoover just as it was for Coolidge in 1924 and Harding in 1920.

The keynote convention speech by Senator Simeon D. Fess was warning to all second and third string delegates that Mellon, Butler, Coolidge and Hoover expect them to go down the line in the balloting for the imperialist and open-shop policies of the present administration. Mellon, Varc, Harry F. Sinclair, who was the oil slush funder for the republican party in the Harding-Coolidge campaigns, and all the rest of that ilk have passed the word around that to vote for Hoover is to vote for a perpetuation of the present Teapot Dome government.

EXPOSE GRAFT IN NY AMALGAMATED

Permit Open Shop, Wage Cuts, etc., for Price

(Continued from Page One)

Pants Board of Trade, Patsy Contoro and Barnet Levine, business agents.

Try Whitewash.

It was also learned that many former participants in the graft scheme, edged out by the machine, have furnished Hillman with a large number of affidavits purtaining to the collection of graft. Whether these will be made public when resignations will be in order, is not known.

Several choice examples of the graft ring's operations were also obtained. Back pay for the employees of the firm of J. Klein, to the tune of $3300, was collected and pocketed by the grafters. The money was to have been divided among the workers. The deal with the boss was made by a worker in the shop who had close friends in the machine. He was later given a paid organizer job. Permission to bosses to send work to scab shops was given at a generally known (among the bosses) and official price.

Fired Militants.

The price paid for permission to discharge a worker, because of slowness, militancy' etc., was $200 a head. J. J. Price, a large firm, paid $400 to fire two workers. One of these was a friend of the grafters, but grafters are generally known not to sneeze at $200, even if a friend stands in the way.

A boss contractor is known to have been the collecting agent for the Amalgamated officials.

One of the chief witnesses is a contractor, who was formerly himself at the head of the ring, one B. Levy. He had been ousted by his colleagues of the A. C. W., and had become an employer. Probable refusal to "come across" led to his being prevented from operating his shop. Finally he squealed.

Stein, who will probably "resign" was one of the ruling triumvirate composed of A. Beckerman, joint board manager, and J. Orlovsky, manager of the cutters' local. All the available evidence shows conclusively that the system of graft could not have been operating without its being known by the ruling clique in the organization.

20 Die in German Drifts on Ice Floes

NUREMBERG, Germany, June 12. —Twenty-two persons were killed and nearly twenty others seriously injured when the Munich-Frankfort express train jumped the track and plunged down an embankment near Siegelsdorf.

Maintains 'Yellow Dog'

FT. DODGE, Ia. (FP),—June 12.—The U. S. Gypsum Company, making plaster, roof tile, plaster board, etc., remains unfair to organized labor and insists on a yellow dog contract from each employe.

BUILDING TRADE CHIEFS BETRAY UNION WORKERS

Scab Jobs Increase; Wages Below Scale

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BOSTON, Mass., (By Mail).—An open shop treat is contained in a statement issued by the board of councillors of the building trades employers after a meeting held May 31. The statement also openly asserts that they intend to start an employment agency and hire non-union men for all construction work and that no member of the National Building Trades Association will grant any increase in any craft whatsoever. It has been said that since the iron workers are on strike about 18 emergency jobs have been replaced by non-union iron workers. There is no question that after the successful trial of strength on the bosses' part on June 9, the employers are not going to sign any agreements.

Wages Are Cut.

In reality, if we were to analyze the conditions in the building trades we would find that about 75 per cent of the workers are working under the union scale of wages. This is true from electricians down to the painters.

The unemployment situation has the workers scared and the bosses have exploited this to their own advantage by promising to employ them steadily if they will work for less than the union wages. The workers, knowing the situation, are accepting this offer because they have to live.

Non-union Jobs Increase.

Every day non-union jobs are increasing. No attempt to organize the unorganized building trades workers has been begun by the building trade workers. High initiation fees are on the upgrade. The door is closed to adult, and especially to young workers. The ranks of the non-union army are swelling.

The Boston Building Trades Council is in a bad situation. As far as unity among the trade is concerned there is none. The carpenters are on the verge of breaking away. The other affiliated crafts are not on good terms either. Should a general strike break out, as is very likely, the strike would not be successful. One trade would scab on another on account of the misleadership, as was demonstrated in the big 1925 painters' strike.

The struggle in the building trades in Boston started with the iron workers going out on strike. We know that the leaders will look for every opportunity to settle this strike at the expense of the workers as happened on January 9, with the L. P. Soule & Son Co.

The workers in their respective union should insist on setting up strike committees of the rank and file. We must watch closely every move of the bosses and the union officials.

The building trades workers should make the following demands:

1. Increase of wages.
2. A uniform agreement for all trades expiring at the same time.
3. Enforcement of union conditions and scale of wages.
4. Control of jobs.
5. Active picketing should be established by the rank and file.

Unless we do this, unless the rank and file takes over the situation into their own hands, the case will be lost.

—S. WYNN.

Entire Mill Villages Bought By Companies

RICHMOND, R. I., June 12.—Two entire Rhode Island mill villages, Arcadia and Millville, were bought recently by N. Hendrick, according to information made public by the town clerk's office. The purchase includes forty tenement houses, several mills and all other property of the 250 acres involved.

Although the purchaser denies any other intent but speculative ones, information is available to the effect that big industrial interests are preparing to establish the same feuda' system of manufacture as exists now in the company owned coal towns in the Virginias. This is done in order to hold the whip of eviction over the workers occupying company owned tenements, and also to prevent union organizers from getting anywhere near town.

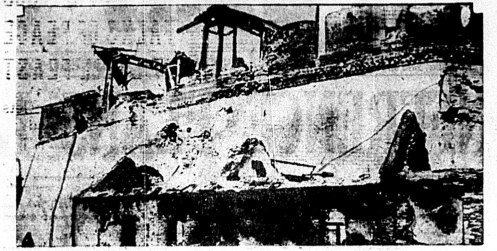
Automobile Deaths Exceed 1927 Total

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Automobile accidents caused 530 deaths in 77 large cities of the United States in the four weeks ended May 19, as compared with 530 during a like period a year ago. For the 52 weeks ended May 19, the total of automobile fatalities in the same cities was 7,206, compared with 6,938 during the year ended May 21, 1927.

ATTACK JAP PREMIER.

TOKIO, June 12.—An alleged attempt to assassinate Baron Tanaka the Japanese premier, at the railway station here is reported by the police.

"Impregnable Wall" Gives Way Before Onslaught of Japanese Troops



The Tsinan wall, which has stood up for centuries against the attacks of enemies, both native and foreign, proved vulnerable when battered by the guns of the Japanese imperialist army which has seized Shantung. The picture above, one of the first to reach this country, shows a section of the wall which suffered most from the fire of the Japanese guns.

'DAILY' IN PERIL AS FUNDS DROP

Workers, Organizations Sending Aid

(Continued from Page One)

Pa., $1; Peter Christian, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; John Matuzi, Trenton, N. J., $3; C. Engles, Wildwood, Pa., $1; Andrew Strapec, Remsen, N. J., $3; Bror Akerson, Little Falls, Minn., $2; John W. Trepp, Minneapolis, Minn., $3; St. Nuc. No. 12 collected at meeting, Chicago, Ill., $15.75; Mr. & Mrs. A. Gould, Montreal, Canada, $20; N. Stess, Milwaukee, Wisc., $1; P. Czarnooky, Hamtramck, Mich., $5; Frank Baruzs, Chicago, Ill., $2; Women's Progressive Branch 18, Hartford, Conn., $10; Collection at Alex Hadjis and Jennie Green Home, N. Y. C., $8; K. Ninomiya, Kiansburg, N. J., Y. Nishimura, Kiansburg, N. J., $4.46; Andrew Micsko, Detroit, Mich., $5; Workingmen's Sick Ben. & Edu. Fed. Br. No. 51, Newark, Ohio, $20; Houston Unit W. P., Houston, Texas, $25; W. C. Branch 133, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Section E. C. Section 1, Philadelhia, Pa., $9; Unit 3A, Philadelphia, Pa., $9; I. Minkoff, Philadelphia, Pa., $10; N. Tomarkin, Philadelphia, Pa., $3; J. Mirsh, Philadelphia, Pa., $1; Mrs. Stern, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Rose Love, Philadelphia, Pa., $10; F. Winkler, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; S. Rubin, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Mary Horenstein collected in shop, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; R. Glass, Philadelphia, Pa., $1.00; L. Bain, Philadelphia, Pa., $1.00; Nathan Soll, Philadelphia, Pa., $7.00; I. Lazarovitz, Philadelphia, Pa., $1.00 Frank J. Vitta Aho, Hanna, Wyo., $8.00; Ira Siebrasse, Genoa, Mont., $1.00; Mr. Motijaitis, Philadelphia, $3.00 Unit 3, Harlem, N. Y., $15.00; S. S. Frakcion, Whiting, Ind., $10; Frank Klein, Trenton, N. J., $1.00; Eli Johns, Waukegon, Ill., $1.00; Robert Siline, Whello, Iowa, $2.00; G. Michelini, N. Y. C., $2.00 W. C. Br. 271, Chotiner Yugend, N. Y. C., $11; Sam Fargotstein, Galveston, Tex., $10; Pontiac Unit, W. P., Pontiac, Mich., $16; A. L. D. S., Linden, N. J., $5; M. Uskarenas, Linden, N. J., $2; Math Krizman, Detroit, $5; W. C. Branch 399, Bronx, N. Y., $3.25; Nelson Dewey, Denver, Colo, $2; Sub-District No. 1 of McKeesport, Pa., $20; Jose Kovach, McKeesport, Pa., $1; Wm. Mikades, McKeesport, $1; G. Berletic, McKeesport, $1; A. J. Thomach, McKeesport, $2; N. Godich, McKeesport $1; M. Kirelich, McKeesport, $1; M. Godich, McKeesport, $2; J. W. A., Park City, Utah, $1.50; Nany N. Bunce, Inglewood, Cal., 50c; Vilarino, Inglewood, $1; N. S. Nucleus, St. Louis, Mo., $5; E. Stern, Philadelphia, $5; S. Socolow, Toms River, N. J., $2; M. Latterman, Toms River, $2; R. Jacobson, Toms River, $1; Ed Brenner, New York City, $5; L. E. C., Toledo, Ohio, $15; John Kalsaras, Rock Springs, Wyo., $2.50; Geo. Mitron, Rock Springs, $2.50 Geo. Morphis, Rock Springs, $5; Barber Shop, Bronx, N. Y., $3; St. Nuc. No. 16, Dist. 8, Chicago, $8.75; Nucleus No. 31, Dist. 8, Chicago, $20; Dan Agalos, Three Forks, Mont., $1.50; A. Antich, Maywood, Ill., $5; J. Zajtzeff, Uniontown, Pa., $1; George Niekerson, Minneapolis, Minn., $2; J. H. Jensen, Los Angeles, $20; Yarmolinitz Podoler Br. No. 91, W. C., N. Y. C., $15; Geo. Lahti, N. Y. C., $1; Ruikka, N.Y.C., $1; Hilma Sundwall, NYC, $5; Reino Kallas, NYC, 50c; Victor Lahti, NYC, 50c; Herman Johnson, N. Y. C., 50c; Majarin Frank, NYC, 50c; W. A. Brander, NYC, $1; T. Lahti, NYC, 50c; Anna Hakubnen, NYC, $1; Maria Ikonen, NYC, $2; Ida Ikonen, NYC, $1; Waine Kekkonen, NYC, 50c; Kath. Krook, NYC, $1; Tuo, NYC, 50c; A. Palmgren, NYC, 50c; John Waltonen, NYC, 5c; P. Summi, NYC, $1; Marian Gazma, NYC, 50c; S. Yli, Sipola, NYC, $1; Chas. Nelson, NYC, 50c; M. Mykynen, NYC, 50c; Wm. Arlson, NYC, 50c; H. Remo, NYC, 25c; A. Kuisela, NYC, 50c; Helenin, NYC, 25c; Katigim, NYC, 25c; Aug. Jakinen, NYC, 50c; Lahtikini, NYC, 50c; T. Olcen, NYC, 25c; Yja. Salmini, NYC, 25c; Nulo Kataja, NYC, 25c; Felix Aho, NYC, 25c; Einar Nurmi, NYC 50c; John Vautilo, 25c; A. Pietala, NYC, 25c; Y. Hanninen, NYC, 25c; P. Mattile, NYC, 25c; Abel Johnson, NYC, $1; H. Nelson, NYC, 25c; Sam. Sipili, NYC, 50c; J. Epstein, NYC, 25c; Theo Sappa, NYC, 25c; Pekka Aartola, NYC, $1; Aame Mynttula, NYC, 50c; J. Anttila, NYC, 50c; John Ruipo, NYC, $1; Annie Keinaren, NYC, 50c; John Nikkola, N. Y.C., 50c; O. Manislyla, NYC, 50c.

Irish Guild Players Present Three Tidbits at Playhouse

Of the three plays presented at the Provincetown Playhouse by the Irish Guild Players, "The Rising of the Moon" by Lady Gregory is the only one that gave the impression of having been adequately prepared for. The other two, "The Betrayal" by Padraic Colum, and "The Building Fund" by William Boyle, contained potentials for the stage which were not only left undeveloped but were even massacred by the poorness of the presentation and the flabbiness of the acting.

All three plays were written during the Irish literary renaissance, when the spirit of insurgence had gripped the younger literary men. It is because of this fact that the plays were revolutionary enough to have aroused expectations for something a bit more vital than the dilettantish offerings of the other little theatre groups now enjoying the heydey of their season. But this vitality, though pregnant in every word spoken last night, somehow missed birth, and suffered strangulation in the throats of the actors.

In "The Betrayal," a play depicting the domination of the Irish workers by the English agents in the eighteenth century, there was implicit in the plot a thread that, in spite of the awkwardness of the actors, kept the audience's interest to the end. But this interest was no credit to the Irish Guild Players. Padraic Colum, the author, should be thanked for it. "The Rising of the Moon" fared better at the hands of its actors. Sean Dillon as the sergeant and Joseph Smart as the ragged man did full justice to their parts.

Perhaps if the outworn expressions included in the dialogue had been eliminated, we might have enjoyed the plays far more than we did. Surely such sentences as "No word o' that shall e'er pass through my lips" are unconvincing to a modern, especially when they are supposed to be uttered in a moment of passionate anger. They give a certain stultifying and melodramatic effect to the presentation, which on the whole, hovered between a preventable mediocrity and a fresh genuineness.

A word should be said about Betty Deely, whose rendition of Mrs. Grogan in "The Building Fund" was the most thoroughly sustained and well-acted part of the evening.

—E. R.

Frame-up of Iron Workers Collapses

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12. — Four iron workers, framed up on a charge of having killed a scab, were declared not guilty in the superior court here. The frame-up was backed by the Industrial Association, the open-shop bosses' organization.

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YOUTH PROTESTS NEW DISMISSAL OF INSTRUCTOR

Pennsylvania Students Fill Hall

PHILADELPHIA, June 12. — The staid provincial burghers of Philadelphia saw something they did not expect to see when students and a large number of young workers turned out to protest against the dismissal of Sol Auerbach, instructor of philosophy at the University of Pennsylvania.

Auerbach was fired for praising the treatment of students in the Soviet Union, which he visited as a member of a recent student delegation.

The hall was filled as it had never been before. Many were turned away through lack of seats.

At this meeting Auerbach reviewed in detail his expulsion. Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League spoke on behalf of the young workers. Juliet Stuart Poyntz, of the New York Workers School, emphasized the class character of institutions like the University of Pennsylvania and told of her experiences in the educational field. Anita C. Whitney, formerly of Leland Stanford University, also told of her experiences. She has served time in California jails for her opinions.

With great enthusiasm a resolution was adopted protesting against the Auerbach ouster.

MEAT CUTTERS ORGANIZE.

JACKSON, June 12.—The Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butchers has chartered a new local here.

AMUSEMENTS

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play, Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St.
Mats. WED. & SAT.

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42nd ST & B'WAY WIS. 1789
Anthony Asquith's Daring Story—Behind the Scenes in a Movie Studio
"Shooting Stars"

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way Evenings 8:30.
Grand St. Follies
Mats. Wednesday & Saturday 2:30.

END OF ST. PETERSBURG.
Hammerstein's Thea., B'way & 53 St. Phone Col. 8380.
Twice Daily, 2:40-8:40. Prices, Mats., 50c to $1.00. Eves., 50c to $1.50
All Seats Reserved.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

LUNA PARK The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL | Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

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German Communists Appeal to Workers to Fight Coalition Government

SCORE SOCIALIST COALITION; URGE RULE OF WORKERS

Protest Tax Robbery, Militarism

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

BERLIN, June 12.—The Central Committee of the German Communist Party has issued an appeal to all the workers, including workers affiliated with the Social Democratic Party, to form a fighting bloc against a coalition and to struggle for a workers' and peasants' government.

The appeal protests against tax robbery, compulsory arbitration in industrial struggles, reactionary class justice and the militarist war policies.

* * *

BERLIN, June 12.—The resignation of the government headed by Dr. Wilhelm Marx was accepted today by President von Hindenburg. Hindenburg has requested the Social-Democrat Herman von Mueller to form a new coalition cabinet. The coalition will include a number of conservative parties.

The chief opposition to the new coalition in the Reichstag will come from the Communist Party which elected 54 members in the national elections held recently.

NEGRO WORKERS' CONDITIONS FOUL

Thousands Jobless As Construction Stops

(By a Worker Correspondent)

It is true that there are at least 5,000,000 people out of work in the United States today. It is true that the advent of machinery is continually throwing more people out of work. It is true that the prospects for the workers in this country is becoming glummer and glummer and the fact of their oppression and misery a startling reality.

But it is also true that too often we forget the Negro worker, the Negro comrade, who is on the lowest rung of the ladder, who is the first to suffer by any depreciation in industry and who is oppressed both as a Negro and as a worker.

I wish to give you a slight glimpse into the life of the Negro on Poplar Street, Philadelphia, a Negro "section," because so few of us have met the Negro on an intimate footing and have spoken to him as worker to worker. Capitalism in seeking to prevent class solidarity, has made the Negro mistrustful of the white man. In this way the Negro forgets that he is a worker, that he suffers because of lack of a united effort with his white brother against the boss, and to him his problem looms up as a race problem.

The Negro is religious. In order to be able to undergo this hell on earth, he has accepted the white man's heaven and hugged to himself the fripponeries of the white man's religion. The capitalist class knew what is was about when it imbued the Negro with religious fervor and so was successful in making him a servile slave.

In Philadelphia today, thru the machinations of a city beridden by Vare politicians and Mellon subscribers, all plans for construction are being laid aside. The city treasury is bankrupt. The greatest percentage of the Negroes are engaged in labor work. Practically their only means of making a livelihood has been taken from them. That is why one sees hundreds of them lined up early mornings in front of the "slave markets" downtown.

That is why one sees hundreds of disconsolate men lining Poplar Street today. Many firm, able-bodied men have been reduced to the alternative of picking rags and paper for 40 or 50 cents a day or starving. Their women, in most cases with large families, pregnant, with child at the breast, are forced to take in washing or go to scrub floors for the class that put their men out of jobs. The children are ill-fed and ill-clothed. They often feed themselves by picking food from the garbage cans of small storekeepers.

The greatest problem that the Negro must face is the rental problem. This Negro section is, as usual, the most dilapidated, oldest and unsanitary in the city. It abounds in reeking, stinking alleyways where are the miserable hovels they call homes. In a large number of these there are no toilets and, in many more, no running water. Their only means of getting warmth is an oil stove, and a lamp is the only light by which thousands of these families live.

Where the houses are of stone they are beginning to cave in and large numbers have been condemned by the public health authorities. The owners of these hovels are usually rich politicians so that the Negro keeps on existing in them as they are, since the city is loath to punish its favored children. Only a few months ago several Negroes were killed and others wounded in just such a place but the matter was hushed up after its first appearance in the newspapers. The Negro is forced to pay higher rent, comparatively, than any other worker in the city. Very often his rent amounts to one half of his week's wages. Bad housing conditions and high rents are two serious problems that face the Negro worker.

There are many others. All of these are supplementary to the Negroes' position in industry. The boss doesn't give a damn about the Negro's color if he is willing to work for less pay. Fellow worker, you are being exploited as a worker. Bridge the chasm of resignedness. Your only struggle is the struggle between master and slave. Enter the ranks of the militant workers in a common fight against a common enemy.

—ISABELLE A. KLEINMAN.

Imperialist Planes Wrecked by Storms

A 100 mile gale which struck Washington, D. C., wrecked 20 army planes at Bolling Field, one of the aviation centers of U. S. imperialism in its war preparations. Photo shows one of the wrecked planes.

LUMBERMEN SUFFER HUGE WAGE SLASH

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press).

The sharp deflation suffered by the unorganized lumber workers of northern Wisconsin and Michigan since 1920 is revealed in a report of the Northern Hemlock & Hardwood Mfrs. Assn. on mill and woods wages. These wage slaves of the north woods have been forced to accept cuts ranging as high as 50 percent. The trend of wages, already inhumanly low, continues down.

Loggers have been handed the sharpest cuts in wages. All but 2 of the 8 occupations in this group have been cut more than 40 percent since 1920 and as usual the biggest reduction hit the lowest paid workers. Swampers' wages, averaging $72.75 a month in 1920, have been cut in half. For May 1928 their average wage was $36.47, Engineers who averaged $142.12 a month in 1920 were cut only 10 percent. They got $111.86 in May 1928.

Out of 13 occupations in the sawmills 8 have been forced to accept wage cuts of more than 25 percent and only 2 were cut less than 20 percent. In this group common laborers were cut 32 percent, from $4.50 a day in August 1920 to $3.08 a day in May 1928. Lumber handlers have suffered almost as severely with wages reduced 31 percent, from $4.79 to $3.32 a day. At the other extreme are the relatively few skilled band sawyers whose wages have been cut only 12 percent, from $8.63 in 1920 to $7.65 in 1928.

SHINGLE WEAVERS UNION ORGANIZED

Demand Freedom of 8 Centralia Victims

HOQUIAM, Wash., June 11. — The International Shingleweavers Union held its first international convention here on May 21 to 23. The union now numbers 900 shingleweavers thruout the northwest. It is independent, having no affiliation with the American Federation of Labor.

Nine delegates attended the convention. The international organizers reported that even though the organization is only a year and a half old, many members have joined in districts where there never was any form of organization, and that every mill in the United States and Canada would soon have union members working in it.

The union went on record for the 40-hour week; for the organization of every section of the industry under the name of the International Shingleweavers' Union of America; for the immediate release of the 8 Centralia victims now in Walla Walla penitentiary.

League Celebrates Sixth Anniversary

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., June 12.—A series of successful meetings was held throughout District 15 of the Young Workers (Communist) League to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the League. The district includes Connecticut and southern Massachusetts.

A large number of young workers attended the celebration here, held at Victory Hall. Jack Rosen, member of the district executive committee of the league, spoke on the tasks of the organization and the significance of its six years of existence.

POLICE DESTROY MEXICAN PAPER

Authorities Deny What 50 Witnesses Saw

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By mail).—During the last 6 months I have had a lot of trouble with the police of this city in connection with El Machete, organ of the Mexican Communist Party. One of the paper's sub-agents, Taboada, was arrested several months ago; copies of the paper have been confiscated twice; intimidations are numerous.

On March, 1928, 50 copies were destroyed at the Plaza by Patrolman Geo. Lungu, No. 903. Instead of sending me to jail, he took me on a trip for rough handling in Chinatown—with its dens of protected vice.

On May 7, 1928, I outlined the case, in writing, and sent the same, including a bill amounting to $2.50 to Chief of Police James E. Davis. The chief's answer, dated May 16, 1928, follows:

"Dear Sir: Referring to your communication of May 7, 1928, against Officer Geo. Lungu, No. 903, alleging that he has destroyed papers belonging to you to the extent of $2.50

"We have investigated this case thoroughly and are in receipt of reports from the two officers who were concerned in this incident. Our investigation has disproved your allegation that Officer Lungu destroyed your papers.

Yours truly, James E. Davis, chief of police. By C. A. Hodson, deputy chief of police."

Professor Pedro Robles, Mexican naturalist, was speaking at the time said destruction took place. Robles and at least 50 other people were all eye-witnesses to the illegal act committed by Officer Lungu. He is however, too much of a coward to admit his lawlessness.

Although the chief didn't communicate with a single one of my witnesses, he has the nerve to falsely state: "We have investigated this case thoroughly, etc."

—L. P. RINDAL.

PICNIC TO HEAR PARTY NOMINEES

Big Program Planned for Red Affair

Foster, Gitlow, Dunne, Minor, Poyntz and Whiteman—all of the candidates on the Workers Party ticket will attend the Red Picnic. This picnic will be a mass reception for the leaders who have been chosen as our candidates and will be held on Sunday, June 24 at Pleasant Bay Park.

The candidates will not only be there to speak, but they will join in the day's fun. When "shaslick" is served between numbers of the Oriental dance and folk-song act, which will be the contribution of the Armenian section of the Workers Party—William Z. Foster will be seen eating his share.

Ben Gitlow intends to play baseball and Robert Minor will sing with the mass chorus. Other candidates will be found enjoying themselves at some of the many features of the program.

Klan Bombs Homes of Negroes in St. Louis

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 12. — The forty-second bombing of Negro homes by the Ku Klux Klan and its hoodlum sympathizers or employes injures Mrs. Anna Holliday, 4035 Evans Ave., and her 10-year old daughter. It was the second time within four months the Evans home had been bombed, apparently by dynamite. Four other families in the neighborhood received threatening letters.

OLD MAN KELLOGG TALKS OF PEACE AT SWELL FEAST

But "Daily" Man Gets Only Fruit Salad

(Continued from Page One)

we waited impatiently for the discourse of the old man.

We warmed to the inspiring words of the Reverend Edgar Franklin Romig, D. D., chairman, General Synod's Tercentenary Committee. "And now that we have presented the wonderful ladies of the arrangements committee, we will now ask everybody to drink to the health of the President of the United States in frozen, crystal water."

They all stood.

Mr. Kellogg was introduced by the former Senator Frelinghuysen who quoted bodily from "Who's Who" about the great man's achievements.

Lo, the Peace Maker.

"He is a prime mover in the cause of world peace. His usefulness and service is unsurpassed by any statesman in the world . . . He has been ambassador at the court of St. James . . . He participated in framing the Dawes Plan . . . He . . He . . He has received honorable degrees from six universities . . He . . He . ."

And Kellogg began.

His hands trembling, the pink-cheeked statesman read about the glorious history of the Dutch Reformed Church and the Coolidge administration. "The whole world is sick of war and are dedicated to the hope of renouncing conflict as a means of settling international disputes," he chirped. "Church fabric of civilization . . far-flung influence . . real opportunity . . peculiar responsibility . . preservation of peace . . grand conception . ."

"There are cynics," Kellogg reported contemptuously, "who underestimate the possibility of world peace, who refuse to listen to the plans being worked out by us."

* * *

An Historical Moment.

Applause. The chairman said he would entertain a motion "that the church approves every word of the speaker." Made, seconded and carried. The Old Man is preparing to leave. He looks flushed, frightened. He is coming to the door. Escorted by the huge Frelinghuysen. I approach. "How do you do, Dr. Kellogg." He accepts my hand modestly.

Innocently, I ask: "Will the peace proposals of which you just spoke stop the present war in Nicaragua?"

"That has nothing to do with Nicaragua," he chirped irritably. The pillars of the church forced me aside, and the big Jersey senator frisked the Old Man away to the elevator.

A great man!

* * *

It was a good dinner. The pious church people had a fine appetite. On the menu was found:

Coupe Carmen
Consomme Julienne
Sea Bass Sauté Meuniere
Breast of Chicken, En Casserole
Maison
(With Vegetables)
Salad Moderne
Mousse Pennsylvania
Cakes
Café

And then we joyously sang:

"We gather together to ask the Lord's blessing;
He chastens, and hastens His will to make known;
The wicked oppressing cease them from distressing;
Sing praises to His Name; He forgets not His Own!"

Chicago Agit-Prop Conference Planned

CHICAGO, June 12.—The election campaign, the campaign for The DAILY WORKER, miners' relief and the program for the fall term of the Workers School of Chicago will be on the agenda at the agit-prop conference of the Workers (Communist) Party to be held Friday, 8 p. m., at 2021 W. Division St.

Every nucleus will be represented. "We must build up the Agit-Prop machinery in order to stimulate the activity of the membership to make our campaigns a success," says M. Childs, agit-prop director of District 8 of the Party.

Massachusetts Old Age "Pension"—$.35 a Year

BOSTON, Mass. (FP), June 12.—Massachusetts legislature mocked aged penniless workers when it approved a measure establishing a public bequest fund. When $500,000 has been put into this fund by private donors, the interest becomes available for the relief of dependent old people.

Seventy-three thousand people over 65 years old in Massachusetts have neither property nor income. If the fund ever reaches the $500,000 mark, but $25,000 in interest would be available for the aged, or about 35 cents a year. Foreign born workers would not be included.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

CHICAGO.—An agit-prop conference of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held here at 8 p. m. Friday, at 2021 W. Division St.

* * *

CHICAGO.—A concert will be given by Section 4 of the Workers (Communist) Party at Freiheit Hall, 3301 W. Roosevelt Rd., Saturday evening.

* * *

PHILADELPHIA. — Jack Johnstone, national organizer of the Trade Union Education League, will report on the Fourth World Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions at a mass meeting under the auspices of the league here at 1628 Arch St. at 8 p. m. Sunday.

* * *

Roxbury League Meeting.

ROXBURY, Mass., June 10.—A special membershi meeting of the Young Workers (Communist) League, local Boston, will take place on June 16, 7 p. m., at the Roxbury League headquarters, International Hall, Roxbury. An informal banquet for the leaders of the New Bedford strike will take place after the meeting.

* * *

San Francisco Y. W. L. Festival.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the league with a demonstration at the Youth Festival, June 16, at Gymnastic Hall, 2460 Sutter Ave.

* * *

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 22, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

* * *

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

* * *

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

* * *

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Pittsburgh Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa. — The Workers (Communist) Party, District 5, will hold its third annual picnic here on July 4.

* * *

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Reading, Pa., June 13; Minersville, Pa., June 14; Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Tuesday, June 12, Arden, Del.
Wednesday, June 13, Wilmington, Del.
Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

PITTSBURGH TO HOLD PLENUM

Many Groups To Be Present

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 12. — A special enlarged meeting of the plenum of the district executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held at the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St., here on June 17, beginning at 10 a. m. All members of the district executive committee, candidates, department heads, members of the Young Workers (Communist) League district executive committee, and leaders of those units that have no members on the D. E. C. have been invited to attend.

At the plenum meeting a report will be given on the conditions in the district and on the work of the central executive committee plenum held recently in New York. Special attention will be given to the miners' strike and to the coming election campaign.

The work of the plenum will be followed by a membership meeting which will be attended not only by the members in Pittsburgh, but by all members of the neighborhood towns. This meeting will be held at the Labor Lyceum on June 24 at 2 p. m.

San Francisco Plans Party Press Picnic

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12. — A conference of all language fractions of the Workers (Communist) Party has been organized for the purpose of holding a grand Press Picnic in the Bay Cities on June 24 at Neptune Beach. All workers of San Francisco Oakland, Berkeley and the other Bay Cities will participate to make this affair one of the biggest of the year.

All proceeds of this picnic will be divided between the various language papers and the Daily Worker and a certain percentage will go towards the expense of sending students from District 13 to the Pacific Coast Summer School which will be held in Washington this year.

CHICAGO PLANS PARTY SCHOOL

Political Education of Young Workers Aim

CHICAGO, June 12.—The Young Workers (Communist) League, in the Detroit and Chicago districts will hold a Young Workers Training School for a period of six weeks during this summer.

A conference has been called, to take place in Chicago on June 24th, at 2.30 p. m. at 2021 West Division St., where the matter will be discussed and definite plans worked out.

The purpose of the school is to educate the young workers to the tasks facing them and the American working class generally — a school that will equip the young workers with the necessary organizational and political knowledge so that they can participate in the labor movement.

All organizations that can possibly aid in establishing this school are requested to elect delegates to the conference.

LABOR CONGRESS REPORT PLANNED

Johnstone to Speak in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, June 12. — The national organizer of the Trade Union Educational League, Jack Johnstone, will make a report on the 4th World Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions at a mass meeting at Grand Fraternity Hall, 1628 Arch St., next Sunday at 8 p. m., under the auspices of the Philadelphia Trade Union Educational League.

He will report on the congress and on the role of the left wing in the American labor movement.

KENTUCKY JAILS STARVE CONVICTS AND FAMILIES

Prisoners Earn $23.40 Per Year

WASHINGTON, June 12 (FP).—How poverty and suffering are forced upon the helpless families of men convicted of crime in Kentucky is graphically told in a report "Welfare of Prisoners' Families in Kentucky."

Until 1920 the laws of Kentucky did not provide payment to prisoners for their labor. Now the wage for convicts employed in contract shops is usually 10 cents, but in some cases is 15 cents a day. The maximum that a prisoner can earn and send home to his family is $23.40 a year, unless he is employed on road work. In that case he may get 50 cents to $1 a day. But no prisoner is required to send any of his earnings home. Families apply to the mutual welfare league, established by state reformatory inmates in 1920, through their breadwinner in prison, and he contributes 50 percent of his earnings as a part of the aid they render. This aid cannot be more than $5 a month for the mother and $1 for each child.

Three-fourths of the families studied were compelled, after the man went to prison, to leave their homes for cheaper quarters. Mothers found it "extremely difficult" to get employment. Most of them did domestic work or farming, while a few got into factories. One mother earned $9.65 a month in a cannery, to which she walked daily two miles while keeping her four children in school. When there was no work in the cannery she occasionally got a job as laundress.

More than four-fifths of these families had been self-sustaining before the father was imprisoned; after losing the breadwinner only one-fifth of them were self-sustaining.

Social Demcrat May Head German Cabinet

BERLIN, June 12.—The next cabinet will in all probability be headed by a socialist, it appeared today. President Hindenburg will accept the cabinet's resignation Tuesday, and will ask either Mueller or Loene, the latter, former leader of the Reichstag, to form the new body.

PITTSBURGH, PA.
M. RASNICK, *Dentist*
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Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new

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DON BROWN
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Introduction by Robert Minor

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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

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Wall Street Nominates Two Candidates

"Wall Street is against Hoover."

With these little words, among a thousand other things, Wall Street is nominating Hoover in the republican convention. Several months ago the "open secret" went out—from Hoover's headquarters—that "Wall Street considers Hoover unfitted temperamentally to be president."

But is there anyone so childish as to believe that Wall Street is against Hoover? Unfortunately there are tens of millions who believe it. This sort of stuff is effective in bewildering and neutralizing the minds of millions of the small capitalist elements as well as farmers and the most backward elements of the working class.

All the time Herbert Hoover was, as he remains, the first choice of the colossus of finance-capital—Coolidge's continuation in office being inexpedient.

To doubt that **Hoover** is the candidate of Wall Street would be to doubt that **Coolidge** is the highest servant of finance-capital.

"I am satisfied that such a course (the nomination of Hoover) . . . meets the approval of our beloved president," says Bill Butler, chairman of the republican national committee. Does anyone think that the chairman of the republican national committee, who is also the big open-shop boss now trying to starve and strangle the textile workers of Massachusetts, is fighting Wall Street?

Andrew W. Mellon, the personal example of the merging of the highest finance-capital with the government apparatus, has thrown the 79 delegates of Pennsylvania to Hoover. Is Andy Mellon fighting Wall Street? Andy Mellon is Wall Street.

The fact that the New York delegation is the scene of a sham battle with Charles D. Hilles in the role of "holding out" against Hoover, indicates only the same political strategy of putting Hoover over as a candidate unapproved of Wall Street.

The other fact—that the American Federation of Labor is begging at the door of the republican convention with proposed "planks in the interest of Labor"—together with the outright endorsement of Hoover by sections of the trade union bureaucracy, is but another indication that Hoover is the candidate of Wall Street. The American trade union bureaucracy, which today does not even support the second layers of capitalist society, but gives its support outright to the biggest trusts and banks, to finance-capital, inevitably seeks to support Hoover or Smith. The bureaucracy of the American labor movement makes the support of imperialism the center of its creed.

Hoover, the candidate of Wall Street, may not be elected—and yet Wall Street will not be defeated even in this event. For Wall Street has captured both conventions.

Finance-capital plays both of the big capitalist parties and wins both games. If it cannot put over Hoover, it can put over Smith with no further disadvantage than a shake-up of personnel in the apparatus of government.

When William Green appeals to the two large imperialist, open shop political parties, the gist of his purpose is indicated in his promise, as couched in his own slavish language, that a few dickerings with such treacherous bureaucrats as himself will tend "to create a feeling of hope and satisfaction among the masses of the people"—hope in, and satisfaction with, the brutal oligarchy of capital exploiting and ruling over the masses of workers and farmers.

Never before has the world seen such complete power in the hands of so small a group, as is exercised by the potentates whose candidate and alternate candidate are Hoover and Smith. But never before has there been such clear certainty that this oligarchical power will be destroyed, nor has ever before been so clearly visible the generating of forces that will destroy it. For never before have the masses been so completely in the position of subjection where there is no way out but the struggle against the capitalist power, centralized in the merger of finance-capital and government.

The duty of all militant workers and exploited farmers is to make this election campaign the means of developing and strengthening the influence of the revolutionary party of the working class—the only anti-capitalist party—the Workers (Communist) Party. To vote Communist, yes—and to build the Workers (Communist) Party by ripening and drawing into its ranks all of the courageous and class-conscious workers who can be made to understand its revolutionary program of struggle.

Fine Militant Carpenter $200

One of the most treacherous tricks ever played by John Halket, president of the New York Building Trades Council and his henchman, Sam Wilson, is the $200 fine recently imposed upon Brother J. Alchibigar of Carpenters Local No. 1164.

This case is more than a year old and has been fought out time and again in the local union, District Council and with General President Hutcheson.

The case in brief is as follows:

This brother was the shop steward in the Forest Trim Mills in Greenpoint, Brooklyn. The shop was signed up by the labor officials, but non-union men were permitted on the job. In some cases wages were increased from 25 to 50 per cent, due to the efforts of Alchibigar. Brother J. Alchibigar objected to hiring non-union men and the boss tried to bribe him, then offering him money and a better job. But failing to corrupt this union brother, the boss called upon Wilson, the General Shop Agent to help him. This servile tool of the bosses, Sam Wilson, induced the local business agent to prefer charges against Alchibigar for violation of Section 18 of the district council trade rules, against making false and slanderous statements regarding working conditions in the shop.

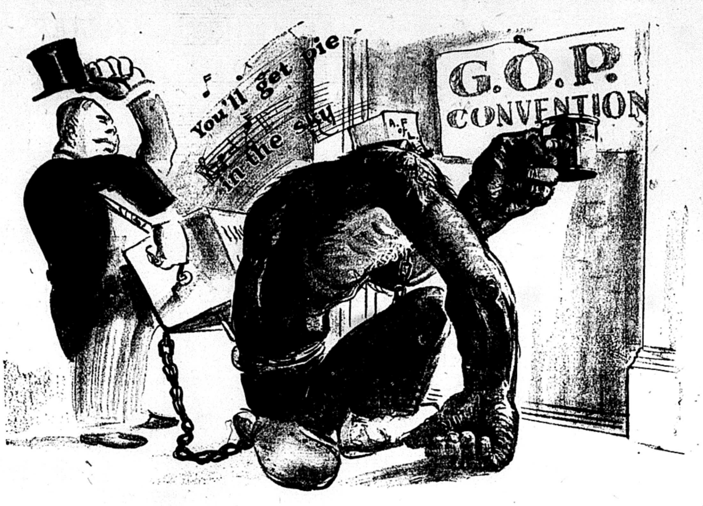
In charging Alchibigar with violating Section 18 all fundamental rights of a union member were violated, the charge not making any specifications, as to when, where and at what time such "slanders" were made. If these "slanders" were made at the local meetings then the local should have tried Brother J. E. The trial board should have consisted of five men, but this rule was also violated. No opportunity was given the union member to challenge the three members of the trial board as the rules provide. "Czar Johnny" Halkett was partial, as may be expected. Among other things he declared:

"The question is not as to conditions in that shop, but as to slanderous statements, which you made against the Business Agent."

What does this highly paid labor faker care for union conditions in the shops? He is concerned that his henchmen and business agents should not be "slandered." The charges at the same time grew out of bad shop conditions against which Brother Alchibigar objected to and tried to remedy.

MR. GREEN GOES TO KANSAS CITY

By Fred Ellis


You'll get pie in the sky
A.F. of L.
G.O.P. CONVENTION

And make a monkey of somebody.

District 7 Miners Adopt Militant Program

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

WILKES-BARRE, June 12. — The Tri-district Save-the-Union Committee of the Anthracite has adopted the following program of struggle against the corrupt Lewis machine officialdom and in solidarity with the soft coal miners.

* * *

To All Local Unions and
To All Members of District 7, U. M. W. of A.
Greetings:

This program is issued to the members of District 7 to call attention to certain glaring evils and dangerous developments which threatened the very life of our union.

The whole mining industry is in a crisis. In the soft coal fields mines have produced twice as much coal as can be absorbed by the market. This has caused unemployment and suffering for thousands of our members.

This situation affects the anthracite industry as well. The anthracite industry is only beginning with these crises while the soft coal industry has been going through them for a number of years. We here in the anthracite are seeing the introduction of machinery, the speed-up system, by which the coal companies have increased production; on the other hand in cutting wages, undermining of working conditions and the elimination of thousands of miners from employment. We also notice that such substitutes as oil, electric power and coke are narrowing down the market for anthracite coal.

A New Situation.

All this presents to our union a new situation which must be solved. Instead of trying to solve the problem our union officials of District 7, led by Kennedy and Mattey, are adopting the policy of John L. Lewis and the Consolidation Coal Company in the soft coal fields and excluding miners from the industry as they are trying to exclude 250,000 in the bituminous field.

Our district officials have done nothing to meet the speed-up, the introduction of machinery, the special mining contract system and unemployment.

The district board, led by Andrew Mattey, did not see fit to mobilize the miners of District 7 in preparation to fight against the coal companies who are taking advantage of this situation and are preparing an open shop drive as in the soft coal fields, and who have already proceeded with wage cuts in violation of the agreement, undermining working conditions and trying to get control of local unions.

The Lewis-Kennedy-Mattey machine in our district has concerned itself with only the question of how to get rid of fighters in our union, as in the case of the Silver Brook local in McAdoo, and with threats to take the charters from other local unions which refuse to expel from their ranks members who fight and stand with the rank and file.

Stand With Soft Coal Miners!

Immediate and concentrated action based on a program which will restore the union to the membership is needed:

(1) The fate of the union in the anthracite and our district is bound up with the struggle of the bituminous miners who have been so heroically fighting for fifteen months against the open shop and industrial slavery. If the operators succeed in smashing our union in the soft coal field, the anthracite operators will undoubtedly launch a desperate onslaught to break our union in Districts 1, 7, and 9. The same companies for which we are working in our district, own mines in the soft coal region and they have repudiated the agreement there. Our interests are bound up with the bituminous miners. We must stand by them 100 per cent.

Repudiate Lewis.

We repudiate the policy of John L. Lewis and his associates, who have carried on the policy of separating anthracite miners from bituminous miners, and who are at the present time dividing the soft coal miners by making separate agreements. In doing so they are helping the coal operators in destroying our union. Organize the unorganized is our slogan. John L. Lewis refused or has failed to do so. This alone is sufficient proof that John L. Lewis and his International Board cannot lead our union.

(2) Injunctions against striking miners have been used by the coal operators through their servants in court, which the Lewis machine have helped to put in by their so-called non-partisan policy. The Lewis machine has refused to carry on the fight against injunctions by mobilizing the masses of strikers on the picket line and by leading the picket lines themselves, and by working for a Labor Party, which would unite the workers to carry on the fight on the political field. The Lewis machine cannot fight against injunctions when here in our district it has used injunctions against the Silver Brook local union because the membership wants to build up and restore our union to the rank and file. How can he support the Labor Party, when he is a member of the party, whose judges and other public officials use their power to break the soft coal strike?

A Company Device.

(3) The Conciliation Board is a means used by the coal companies in our district to put the grievances of the miners on the shelf and not to solve them, to fool the miners and to postpone action.

We pledge ourselves to fight against the Conciliation Board and declare that the only way of settling differences is directly between the miners and the coal operators. We further declare that we do not favor the Anthracite Co-operative Association. Instead of unity with the coal operators, chambers of commerce, and other such organizations of the bosses, we are in favor of unity of action and solidarity with all workers in all trades for common action of the workers.

(4) It is a matter of common knowledge that grievances are almost never adjusted by district officials. Thousands of contract violations, refusals to settle grievances, underpayment of mine workers, actual wage cuts, unemployment, is all a part of the bosses' offensive against our union and working conditions, yet our officials do nothing.

(5) We want to further state that on the question of the assessment, that we are opposed to the continual assessment of the miners without a mandate from the rank and file and state that we prefer and will go on record to set up a machinery for relief for our striking brothers in the soft coal district, direct by the rank and file of the anthracite, so that the soft coal miners may preserve their union and working conditions. Their victory is our victory, as their union is our union.

Our union is in the greatest danger. Every honest rank and file fighter must stand by this program and fight for its realization, so we can clean out corruption in our union, restore our union once more into the hands of our membership and make it a union for which the miners in September 10, 1897 at Lattimer were massacred. Make it the kind of union they wanted it to be.

To do this, Lewis, Kennedy, and Mattey must go. In every local union, the rank and file element must organize to clean out corruption, elect rank and file members to local offices and do the same in the district and in the International.

Our position is open and clear. We speak openly to the rank and file, and will fight with them for a better, broader, and a larger program for our union.

We pledge if elected, to fight and work for the realizing of the following program.

(1) Six-hour day, five-day week.

(2) National agreement for the anthracite and bituminous miners. No division of forces in our union.

(3) No arbitration or conciliation boards in our agreement.

(4) Enforcement in full of all provisions of the present agreement, as to wages and working conditions.

(5) To abolish the special mining contract system. Expelling from the union all contractors and enforce this by strike if necessary.

(6) Wipe out all coal company corruption and influence in local unions and in our district.

Reinstate All Members.

(7) Reinstate all members and local unions which were expelled for their fight against the officials in this district and the international.

(8) Honest elections and democracy in the union.

(9) Against the introduction of machinery without the adjustment of the scale which will mean a benefit for the miners and a shortening of working hours.

(10) Equalization of work during the period of unemployment.

(11) Against the appointment of all field workers and for the election of all field workers in the district and international.

(12) The officers shall only receive the average wage of the miners and very moderate expenses.

(13) Against any reduction in wages.

(14) Relief from the rank and file, direct to the rank and file of the soft coal striking regions.

(15) Nationalization of mines.

(16) Labor Party.

(17) No shifting of taxation from the coal companies onto the workers.

(18) Full union wages for miners and all workers injured in and around the mines. Full support for families whose chief supporters were killed. For taking care of old miners, who either through old age, miner's asthma or other occupational diseases are unable to make their living. All expenses of the above to be borne by the coal companies with the union administrating same.

(19) A raise of wages for all young workers in and around the mines to a higher standard.

Solidarity of Workers.

(20) Solidarity and unity with the railroad men's organization in our common fight against the coal and railroad combination.

(21) Organization of the unorganized in the non-union bituminous fields.

(22) Education as to the aims of the labor movement of our membership.

(23) We condemn the terrorism against our brothers in District 1 leading to the deaths of Alex Campbell, Peter Reilly, Thomas Lillis and the shooting of Sam Greco and the frame-up of Sam Bonita; we lay these at the door of the special mining contract system for which Cappelini and the Lewis machine is responsible. We go on record to support and fight for the freedom of Sam Bonita, Moleski and Mendola.

(24) We declare that we will carry on an uncompromising fight against John L. Lewis and the international executive board's policy which is the policy of Kennedy and Mattey and our district executive board, as their policies in practice lead to the destruction of our union.

We stand for progressive measures and for rank and file expression as we believe that it will help in solving the problems of our unions. We ask all local unions and members to support in nominations and elections only those candidates who subscribe to this program.

FACTORY EMPLOYMENT NEAR 1921 LOW LEVEL

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press).

Factory employment turned downward in April after two months in which it managed to climb about 2 percent above the low point of January, according to the monthly employment report of the U. S. department of labor. A decrease of 0.5 percent brought the level down 5.4 percent below April 1927. Payroll totals fell off 1.4 percent from March to a level 6.9 percent under a year ago.

The report for April shows 70 percent of American factories operating with less than a full normal force and 23 percent operating part time. Reduced forces and part time, however, are more prevalent among the smaller factories. Treating manufacturing industry as a single going concern, it is operating 96 percent fulltime, with 86 percent normal working force.

Near 1921-22 Low Level.

Factory employment is now down to within a few points of the low level reached in the 1921-22 depression. It has fallen nearly 16 percent below April 1923 and 27 percent from the high level of April 1920. Between April 1923 and April 1928 more than 1,250,000 factory workers have been permanently laid off. Since April 1920 factory forces have been reduced about 2,700,000.

The total distributed to factory workers in wages has fallen 11.3 percent below April 1923 and 31.2 percent below April 1920. Although the purchasing power of individual factory wages has risen, there has been no increase in the total purchasing power of the population dependent on factory wages. Factory wages are running $25,000,000 a week less than in April 1923 and $90,000,000 a week less than in 1920.

Factory employment fell, compared with April 1927, in every division of the country except the east north central states, where it was sustained by increased employment in the automobile industry. In New England and the middle Atlantic states employment fell 8 percent or more, while factory wage totals are down about 10 percent compared with a year ago.

HANDOUTS

UNDER a workers' government people who make remarks such as the following by Judge P. L. Lincoln, of Richmond Center, Wisconsin, will be allowed six months credit at a sanitarium to recuperate:

"We are heirs and legates to the best government ever bequeathed to any posterity. We are fortunate to live in a republic and under a government dedicated to those fundamentals of human achievement, life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, when the greatest good to the greatest number is the guiding star."

In this respect it might be well to tell the story of the capitalist candidate who was asked what he considered the greatest object of legislation. He replied: "The greatest good to the greatest number." When asked what he considered the greatest number, he answered "Number 1."

* * *

Al in the Album

Even the toughest rooster was once a smooth white egg. The above picture taken in 1880 shows Al Smith as a boy leaning against his father's knee. In these days Al often leaned up against his father's knee in a horizontal position while his righteous parent operated the umbrella, shown left, in a decidedly vertical manner. This was because Al gave away the bananas of a neighboring fruit dealer to the boys of the baseball team in an attempt to become captain. Today there's nobody to use the umbrella on Al and he's using the banana technique with the people's money in an attempt to buy himself into the presidency.

* * *

Bagged Realtors

Twenty-one heirs of the late "Cap'n and Ma" Streeter, squatters shown above, are suing in Chicago courts for property worth $500,000,000 along the "gold coast" occupied by the richest families of Chicago. The descendants of the squatters are poor and have about as much chance of getting the return of the property from the wealthy occupants in capitalist courts as a Communist nucleus has of getting a column write-up on page one of the New York Times. Cap'n and Ma Streeter were poor and they lost everything in the capitalist courts. The only difference was that Cap'n Streeter had a lot of fun out of the fight. Life offers a lot worse experiences than going out every morning, when the sun glistens on the dewy grass, and shooting a real estate dealer in the pants. That's the way Streeter used to start his day.

Illinois Coal Mining Falling, Reports Show

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 12 (FP).—Coal like textiles seems to be moving south. The U. S. bureau of mines at Springfield announces that Alabama has pushed Illinois out of 4th place in bituminous coal production for April. Two other southern states, West Virginia and Kentucky, are also ahead of Illinois.

The April production was West Virginia 9,414,000 tons, Pennsylvania 9,250,000, Kentucky 4,720,000, Alabama 1,370,000, Illinois 1,270,000 tons. All large southern production is nonunion and Pennsylvania bituminous now largely nonunion. Illinois production in May averaged 500,000 tons a week. Its normal output is about 1,500,000 tons a week.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

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NEW NATIONAL MINE UNION

U. S. BIG BUSINESS IS SOLID FOR HOOVER AT KANSAS CITY

Mellon, Rockefeller, Butler and Morgan Crowned Hoover for Coolidge's Job

So-Called "Farm Revolt" Fizzles; Its Leaders Work With Wall Street

KANSAS CITY, June 13.—The oligarchy of big business and finance, as represented by Andrew W. Mellon, of the coal and steel group, William M. Butler, of the textile group, John D. Rockefeller, of oil, and J. P. Morgan, of Wall Street, extended its control today as the organization of the republican national convention proceeded.

This is the oligarchy which is represented in the republican party machine sense by Calvin Coolidge, who went into the White House with Warren G. Harding on Teapot Dome, Elk Hills and Salt Creek oil graft money, and by William S. ("Boss") Vare, of Philadelphia, whose campaigns for years have furnished models for the republican party in slush funding and vote buying.

Hoover Certain.

It still looked at the close of today's session as if these forces now in control of the imperialist capitalist class government of the United States, would put Herbert Hoover over as the party nominee to succeed Coolidge. Hoover has been groomed as a politician for the last eight years. There are many signs here of his "regularity," not the least of them being the fact that Vare broke the silence of the Pennsylvania delegation in declaring for his nomination. There is also the fact that Hoover men control the credentials committee 36 to 15. The permanent chairman of the convention, Senator George H. Moses, was one of the original Hoover partisans.

"If Coolidge has held any choice as to his successor among the various candidates," C. W. Barron, president

(Continued on Page Two)

HOOVER, SMITH TO BE EXPOSED

Communist Candidates to Tour Country

While propaganda is flooding the country intended to put over Herbert Hoover and Al Smith, most likely candidates of the republican and democratic parties, the true story of the forces behind the selection of these servants of big business will be told during the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party by its standard bearers, Wm. Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow.

Country-Wide Campaign.

The Workers Party campaign committee is already working on a series of election campaign tours which will carry the Party candidates for president and vice-president into hundreds of cities throughout the country from coast to coast.

Millions of workers will be given an opportunity to hear in full the program of the Workers (Communist) Party. The true character of the democratic and republican parties will be everywhere explained and analyzed.

Hoover will very likely dwell largely on the filth and corruption rampant in the democratic party. The compliment will be returned to the republican party by Smith who

(Continued on Page Two)

GREEK STRIKERS SHOT BY POLICE

ATHENS, Greece, June 13.—Ten workers were severely injured today when police and troops broke up a demonstration of striking tobacco workers at Drama. One worker was killed and a number seriously injured in Athens yesterday when police attempted to break up a similar demonstration.

The striking workers are employed by the American tobacco workers. Numerous meetings are being held to protest against the action of the police and the soldiers.

WORKERS PARTY HOLDS MEETING IN KANSAS CITY

Farmer Delegation Is Ousted from GOP Hall

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 13.—In this city where the republican party is now holding its Wall Street controlled nomination convention, the Workers (Communist) Party last night held a meeting at 7th and Minnesota Streets. The speakers, George J. Saul and D. E. Earley, stressed the fact that the republican party is the greatest enemy of the workers and farmers of the United States. A large crowd that was assembled there continually cheered the exposures of the speakers concerning the graft and anti-labor tactics of the G. O. P.

After the meeting, many signatures were obtained for the petition which will get the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in the state of Kansas in the coming presidential elections.

Farmers Protest Against Hoover.

Nine hundred farmers and farmer-delegates earlier in the morning picketed the convention hall with placards and banners on which were inscribed the slogans: "Anyone But Hoover;" "The 30,000,000 Farmers Don't Want Hoover;" and "We Don't Choose to Vote for Hoover." They attempted to enter the hall, but the few who managed to get in were immediately ejected. The rest were dispersed by the police.

They shouted: "Whose convention is this? Mellon's, the American autocracy's, or the American people's?"

14 STRIKERS JOIN THE YOUTH LEAGUE

New Bedford Workers Join Communist Party

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By Mail).—The young textile strikers of New Bedford know well who are their friends and who their enemies. This was demonstrated when 14 young strikers joined the Young Workers (Communist) League at its last meeting, held here on Friday last.

Seventy-five young workers attended this meeting in order to discuss the textile strike and the meaning it holds for the young workers.

The main speaker at the meeting was Gilbert Green, organizer for the League. He dealt with the cause and effects of the big strike of 30,000 workers, and concluded by pointing out that only by fighting and destroying the capitalist system can wage cuts and miserable working conditions be eliminated.

SPEED-UP INCREASES.

WASHINGTON, June 13. — The extent of the speed-up system in the United States is shown by a chart issued by the fedela department of commerce, in which the average productivity of the United States worker for his employer's profit is 100. By comparison the productivity of the workers of other countries is given as follows: Canada, 70; England, 66; Germany, 40; France, 33; Australia, 30.

More Contributions Needed to Save Revolutionary 'Daily'

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER.

COMRADES:

Contributions received yesterday in the campaign to save The DAILY WORKER were $712.65. This is slightly larger than the day before, but falls far short of what is necessary.

Facing the ultimatum of creditors, under the terms of which we must complete the raising of $10,000 before the end of this week, we are compelled to point out to you that some very heroic efforts will have to be made today, tomorrow and the next day if our revolutionary organ is to be pulled out of this very grave crisis.

The receipts of the campaign up to last night are:

Last week:	Monday	$ 161.99
	Tuesday	464.55
	Wednesday	556.30
	Thursday	576.60
	Friday	695.00
	Saturday	705.77
This week:	Monday	1,660.40
	Tuesday	661.20
	Wednesday	712.65
Total to last night		$6,194.46

Comrades, we have still the urgent need to raise $3,806.64 before this coming Saturday night. This is an average of more than $1,200 for each of the three remaining days. Can you help us to make it? As we told you yesterday, the situation will be very grave if we are compelled to try to obtain further time beyond Saturday when the ultimatum expires, under the terms of which we are forced to complete the $10,000.

We hope that you will hasten your help.

The Provisional Central Committee of the Alliance for the Support of the Chinese Workers' and Peasants' Revolution in America, of San Francisco, sent $10 yesterday with these words:

> "When world imperialism is preparing fresh intervention in colonial revolts and when world capital is launching an increasing offensive against the workingclass, we must not let The DAILY WORKER, the only English daily that speaks for the workingclass and the oppressed peoples of the world, go out of existence. Our crisis, is sending this small sum and we will call organization, though itself in a constant financial upon our members and sympathizers to make their contributions to save The DAILY WORKER."

The Workers (Communist) Party of Baltimore sends $25, saying:

> "Enclosed find check for the sum of $25 for the rescue of The DAILY WORKER. We shall continue working to safeguard the only revolutionary daily in the English language. There is no room for discouragement if every class-conscious worker would only do his duty to his paper.
> S. BERGER, City Organizer,
> Workers (Communist) Party, Baltimore.

We request all comrades, Communists, sympathizers, and all workers' organizations that recognize The DAILY WORKER'S unbending fight for the cause of our class to send all possible aid immediately by telegraph, airmail or special delivery to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York City.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

Carrying U. S. Empire's Death-Flag to Nicaragua

American marines carrying a death-flag, symbol of their activity in Nicaragua, where they have slaughtered hundreds of natives in the effort to establish Wall Street's rule.

1,500 MORE MARINES TO GO TO NICARAGUA

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Preparations are going on here today to send 1,500 more marines to Nicaragua for the purpose of "supervising" the Nicaraguan elections in November.

Several marine and navy officials, including Major General John A. Lejeune will place the proposal before President Coolidge at a white house conference today. All indications point to the immediate granting of the request. These reinforcements will bring the number of marines in Nicaragua to 5,200, according to official figures.

The action was decided upon after the receipt of a telegram from Brigadier General McCoy, in charge of the ruthless killing of citizens in Nicaragua, asking for reinforcements. The force at his command at present, he claimed, was insufficient to wipe out the forces of General Sandino, militant leader of the Nicaraguan revolutionists.

DONATE SECOND TIME TO "DAILY"

Workers Must Increase Contributions

Many workers are not contenting themselves with contributing once to the fund to save The DAILY WORKER. Realizing that great sacrifices are necessary to ensure the continued existence of their fighting "Daily" they are contributing a second and even a third time. One such worker is S. Brener of Detroit, who has sent in his second $5 contribution and promises to try to send more.

Only by such sacrifices can The DAILY WORKER be saved. Yesterday's contributions were higher than the day before, with $712.65 received, but still far below the rate they should come in to raise the second $5,000 that The DAILY WORKER must have by Saturday.

The contributions yesterday were as follows:

Peter Buzuid, Bklyn, N. Y., $1; Peter Poskitis, Bklyn, N. Y., 25c; Meris, Bklyn, N. Y., 50c; Jankaitis, N. Y. C., $1; M. Neff, N. Y. C., $1; P. Raines, N. Y. C., $1; Ivanoff, N. Y. C., $1; Weiner, N. Y. C., $1; Kappil, N. Y. C., $1; Breen, N.Y.C., $1; Konin, N.Y.C., $2; Goreluk, N.Y.C., 25c; Liboff, N.Y.C., 25c; Bisnov, N.Y.C., 50c; Bulvydas, N.Y.C., $1; Minow, N.Y.C., $1; Sherry, N.Y.C., $1; J. Puodziunas, Cicero, Ill., $1; J. K. Stalloratis, Cicero, Ill., $1; Jakutis, Cicero, Ill., $1; A. Demikis, Cicero, Ill., $1; Ch. Seveckis, Cicero, Ill., $1; M. Butvil, Cicero, Ill., $1; A. Sideravicius, Cicero, Ill., $3; L. B. B., Cicero, Ill., $1; J. J. Kabat, Binghamton, N. Y., $3; M. Mattly, Johnston City, N. Y., $3; Minnie Kocik, Johnston City, N. Y., $3; Minnie Vavra, Binghamton, N. Y., $3; P. Balchukonis, Binghamton, N. Y., $2.25; M. Grinbyig, Bronx, N. Y., 50c; Sarah Friedman, Bronx, N. Y., 50c; Pauline Roll, Bronx, N. Y., 50c; Annie Sammerstein, Bronx, N. Y., 50c; A. Lichtman, Bronx, N. Y., $1; Nathan Gigalman, Bklyn, N. Y., $2; S. Safran, Bklyn, N. Y., $1; Sam Mailman, Bklyn, N. Y., $1; Abe Chernoff, Bklyn, N. Y.,

(Continued on Page Two)

POWER TRUST PROPAGANDA AND "A. P."

Texas Lobby Director Is on the Associated Press Payroll

(By Federated Press.)

WASHINGTON, June 13. — Testifying under oath before Commissioner McCulloch in the federal trade commissioner's investigation of the power trust propaganda activities, June 12, William C. Grant of Dallas, Texas, director of the Texas Public Service Information Bureau since June 1. 1927, stated that he had remained "on the payroll of the Associated Press as relief editor" ever since that date. He had previously been a regular A. P. man, and was chosen by the public utilities propaganda bureau to succeed the late George McQuaide because of his wide personal influence with newspaper men.

"Do I understand," asked McCulloch, "that you are still connected with the Associated Press?"

"Yes, Judge, I work Saturday nights for them in Dallas."

Grant, as press lobbyist during the past year, "offered to the Associated Press numerous stories, many of which they have asked for and most of which they have used" dealing with public utilities.

* * *

CHIEF COUNSEL HEALY for the commission introduced in evidence a number of Grant's letters to utility men in Texas, in which Grant mentioned his relation with the A. P.

To Lynch Davidson, former lieutenant governor, Grant described his new job as publicity agent for the utilities, but said, "I am still, however, connected with the A. P. as a special writer, and

(Continued on Page Two)

LEADERS SUMMON CONVENTION FOR SEPTEMBER 9--16

Conference Attended By Officers From All Mine Districts and Unorganized Fields

Call Upon Rank and File to Rebuild Union Which Lewis Treachery Has Wrecked

PITTSBURGH, June 13.—Declaring that the Lewis machine had wrecked the once powerful organization of the mine workers, officers and delegates from every district of the organized and unorganized fields meeting in conference here today issued a call for a national miners' convention for the establishment of a new union.

The call for the convention which is to be held in Pittsburgh September 9 to 16 at the same time sent out word to the 900,000 anthracite and bituminous miners to take control of their union, to choose delegates for the September national convention, to make plans for the organization of the unorganized and the speeding up of relief for the strikers.

Spirit of Struggle.

The conference which closed here today was one of the most earnest and determined in the history of the miners' union. Called at the initiative of the newly elected officers of district 5, there were in attendance officers and representatives from district 2 of Pennsylvania, from districts 1, 7, and 9 of the anthracite, from Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, West Virginia, Colorado, Kentucky, from the formerly unorganized districts of Westmoreland County in Pennsylvania, from unorganized West Virginia districts and from other unorganized sections.

John Watt, well known mine leader, was chosen chairman of the meeting. Pat Toohey was made secretary. One of the principal tasks of the conference, besides the issuance of the September convention call, was the election of a national organization committee composed of representatives from every district in the union, officers of district 5 and in addition, John Watt and Pat Toohey.

The convention call points out that the Lewis machine took over the great and powerful mine union which had slowly been built through the sacrifices and courage of the miners, but which ever since Lewis took control has been going down until it has been

(Continued on Page Two)

NEW EXPOSURES IN GRAFT RING OF NY AMALGAMATED

Hillman Asks for Only Three Resignations

In addition to further astounding disclosures of malodorous details in the graft system which has hitherto been functioning smoothly in the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union, the expected action of President Hillman in asking the resignation of three associate officials was also made public yesterday.

Choses Scape Goats.

As was reported, Hillman, yesterday, chose his scape goats and, with gestures of horrified surprise, thru the columns of the socialist Daily Forward, requested the three officials of the Knee Pants Union vacate their positions at the receiving end of the elaborate graft apparatus developed under his leadership in the union.

Not only did Hillman fail to ask the higher-ups to quit their jobs, but his public request that the three men resign did not even cast a questioning glance at the Beckerman machine controlling the Joint Board, without whose knowledge the graft system could not have functioned.

The uncovering of all this sewage brought to light further proof that the machine in the Joint Board received graft for providing workers for the scab open-shops, and then contracted to receive more graft for providing this scab contracting shop with work. A boss willing to come across discovered that he could have at his disposal a machine that would bankrupt his rival. Wages in back pay and other forms were confiscated instead of being turned over to the workers who sweated for it.

WATSON BACKED FORGERY, CHARGE

INDIANAPOLIS, June 13. — The name of James E. Watson, Ku Klux Klan senator from Indiana and a candidate for the republican presidential nomination, has once more been smeared with mud as the result of a charge that he helped to finance a plot to file a false affidavit which yesterday led to the conviction of Earl Klinck, ex-lieutenant of D. C. Stephenson, former head of the Indiana Klan.

J. E. Watson

The charge was made by Thomas H. Adams, of Vincennes, in a telegram to William M. Butler, chairman of the republican national convention at Kansas City.

Klinck was today sentenced to serve one to three years in the state prison and fined $100 and costs for forging the name of William Rogers to an affidavit purporting to retract the testimony of Rogers, given in 1926, to the effect that Senator Watson carried an "imperial passport" issued by the klan. It is declared that Klinck is being used as a scapegoat to shield Watson.

NATIONAL GUARD TO LEAVE MINES

Strikebreakers Fail to Drive Workers Back

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 13. — The last of the Ohio National Guard "observers" who have been on duty in the eastern Ohio strike area since last September will be recalled not later than June 20, by authorities at Columbus, it was announced here today. The last excuse of the national guard to continue as watch dogs of the coal operators collapsed when the militia closed its relief kitchen early in May of the current year.

Despite the closing down of the kitchens, which were forced to shut down because the workers in other industries refused to have their money administered by the same hands which turn machine guns against the miners, a dozen "observer" officers remained in the field. These were active in directing the attacks of county police forces against mass picket lines which moved effectively before a score of mines in eastern Ohio. The need of the miners is becoming increasingly acute. Funds should be rushed to the National Miners Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

STREET CLEANER KILLED.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., June 13.—Israel Smith, aged 71, a street cleaner of this city, died yesterday from injuries received when struck by a machine while working at East Market and State Streets.

WORKER KILLED ON JOB.

WHEELING, W. Va., June 13. — Jack W. Blond, 24, a cable splicer for the C. & P. Telephone Co., was killed when he fell from a telephone pole at Warwood. His grip had been loosened when his hand received an electrical shock.

Mass Picketing Vital in Philadelphia Hosiery Strike, Correspondent Says

SPIRIT OF MEN FIRM IN FIGHT ON MILL BOSSES

Ajax, Emmet, Federal Factories Still Out

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By mail). —The hosiery strike here in Philadelphia is being bitterly fought by the workers against the capitalist exploiters. At the Ajax Mill picketing is going on, but to be effective both ends of the street ought to be picketed as the present line with only a few pickets on duty gives the boss and the scabs a false impression of the workers' fighting spirit. Mass picketing at all mills affected by the strike is what the bosses fear.

Boss Attack.

The present strike is the result of a serious attempt by the capitalist owners of the hosiery mills to slash wages and speed up the men. This attack on the workers for the purpose of lowering standards of living and forcing them to operate more machines, so that the bosses can have more profits while the workers who lose their jobs are forced into the ranks of the unemployed, this attack on the workers at the Federal, Ajax and Emmet mills, is the answer of the bosses to the collaboration proposal endorsed by the union leaders whom Mitten commends.

Capitalist Tools.

The workers have got to show the damn fiendish exploiters that they intend to fight them against the destruction of their unions. The workers effected by this strike see now that the capitalist tools, the judges who issue injunctions against the strikers at the bosses' command, and the police are ready to serve their masters in beating up and arresting the strikers, however peacefully they may be picketing.

Mass picketing must go on in this strike and the workers in all industries must co-operate with the strikers, as the capitalist owners of the hosiery mills are determined to crush the hosiery workers and smash their union. The bosses realize that the workers must and will win if mass picketing goes into effect.

Ex-Servicemen.

Some of the strikers are Americans who fought in the last war and are now forced to fight again, this time against those who are causing the arrests and clubbing of workers who are striking against the heavy conditions of slavery imposed on them. It is an inspiring sight to see these American men and women, denied liberty by force and injunctions, clubbed, terrorized, struggling against their oppressors, the hosiery bosses.

The slogan of the hosiery strikers must be mass picketing and the organization of the unorganized.

—W. C. P.

LOBBY DIRECTOR ON "A.P." PAYROLL

School Heads Use Trust Publicity

(Continued from page one)

whenever there is anything I can put out for you I shall be glad to do so."

* * *

SCHOOL principals throughout the state were solicited by him to ask for free supplies of "educational" pamphlets he issued, dealing with electricity, gas, street railways and telephones. Of 1,000 highschools, 350 responded, and he sent out 82,000 pamphlets. Some 600 addresses were delivered before highschool classes in the year, by his speakers. Professors from four colleges and universities were sent to a conference of the National Electric Light Association Committee on cooperation with higher educational institutions, at the expense of his group.

Hoover, Smith Will Be Exposed Before Workers

(Continued from page one)

can be expected to deal largely in oil. Much publicity will be given to their utterances, but there will be a "gentleman's" agreement not to expose each other as agents of the ruling class of America which is even now planning new conquests in foreign lands at the cost of fresh heaps of slaughtered American workers, dressed in the uniforms of American imperialism.

Only Working-Class Party.

The candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party, Foster and Gitlow, are the only ones interested in exposing the fact that the republican party with Hoover and the democratic party with Smith, are the agents and tools of the American capitalist class. Both will exert every possible effort to enlist the workers in the class struggle, and to rally them in a fight to establish a Workers' and Farmers' Government in America.

Big Business Speaks

William M. Butler, chairman of the republican national committee at Kansas City, where big business is engaged in choosing the likeliest tool to do its work for the next four years. Butler controls some of the largest textile mills in New Bedford, Mass., and heads the bosses' association which is attempting to starve out the 27,000 mill slaves that are striking against a 10 per cent wage slash.

BIG BUSINESS IS BACKING HOOVER

Mellon and Rockefeller His Supporters

(Continued from Page One)

of the Wall Street Journal, telegraphed his office for publication yesterday "it has been clear all along that he was most inclined toward Hoover."

Wall St. Likes Him.

This means that Wall Street was most inclined toward Hoover.

The highly press-agented farm "revolt," as was predicted, was derailed by the republican standpatters. The farm plank in the platform which the Mellon-Butler-Hoover-Coolidge group will put through the convention will carry enough pro-agriculture language to consolidate the republican ranks among the bankers, manufacturers and employing farmers in the Mississippi Valley.

"As far as Indiana is concerned we are all for the ticket," Senator Robinson, a leader in the agitation for the vetoed McNary-Haugen bill, said today. "We are all republicans."

Governor A. G. Sorlie, of North Dakota, who led one of the farm delegations to Kansas City, also said all talk of a bolt had evaporated.

Several hundred agriculturalists with a band paraded here and finally demanded entrance to the convention hall but at a word from the pro-Hoover sergeant-at-arms of the convention the Kansas City police force drove them away from the door.

It may be that Vice-president Charles G. Dawes, of Chicago, or Senator Curtis, of Kansas, may be nominated for vice-president as a further gesture for farm support, although Ambassador Alanson B. Houghton, of New York, is being urged to offset the effect of the expected nomination of Gov. Al Smith, of New York, by the democratic party.

The permanent convention organization is to be installed tomorrow.

BRITISH TEXTILE LOCKOUT LOOMING

MANCHESTER, England, June 13. —The action of the textile workers in serving notice on the owners of the textile mills in the Oldham area, that they will not spin cotton prepared by the newly hired non-union labor, may lead to a lockout in the entire factory district of Oldham, dispatches declare.

The situation was precipitated by the owners of the Ace Mill who attempted to produce work with non-union labor. This attempt of the bosses was met by an immediate strike by the other workers in the mill, resulting in a complete shutdown.

Chicago Workers Plan Matteotti Memorial

CHICAGO, June 13. — The Italian workers of this city have arranged a memorial meeting to honor the memory of Giacomo Matteotti, Italian revolutionist, murdered by the fascist government of Mussolini. The meeting will be held on Friday, at 7.30 p. m. at the Bowen Hall, Hull House, corner Halsted and Polk Sts., Chicago.

The speakers include Antonio Presi of the anti-fascist alliance; Professor Robert Morss Lovett of the University of Chicago and Attorney Cairoli Gigliotti.

DYER OFFICIALS HIRE GANGSTERS TO RULE UNION

Blackjacks, Knives and Clubs Feature "Visit"

(By a Worker Correspondent)

On May 11, a group of progressive cleaners and dyers held a meeting at 347 East 72nd St., New York City. A number of uninvited guests came to this meeting. Among them were Sam Weintraub, business manager of the Cleaners, Dyers and Pressers' Union, local 17797; A. Hammer, president of the union, and Sam Goldberg, business manager of local 813, of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters and Chauffeurs. This uninvited group, without much to do, thereupon proceeded to attack and beat up the members present with blackjacks, knives, clubs, and other implements.

This resulted in injuries to many of the members. Two were taken to the hospital and others were treated privately. The above named union officials were arrested.

On June 2, this gangster case was postponed for the third time at the fifth district magistrate court, by Magistrate Goodman.

The officials of the Cleaners, Dyers, and Pressers Union, utilizing the forces of corruption and graft, succeeded in obtaining a postponement of the prosecution of the gangster officials. This postponement was not requested by William Karlin, attorney for the corrupt officials, and was earnestly opposed by the counsel for the assaulted victims of the officials' gangsterism.

This prevention of the administration of justice is indicative of the extent to which these self-styled officials would go in order to prevent themselves from submitting to the consequences of their crime. Their yellow tactics of gangsters are consistent with their corrupt tactics in buying the means of prosecution. The case was postponed until two days after the time of the election of the officials for the coming term.

At the last nomination meeting of the union held on May 28 at the Union Hall, 151 Clinton St., over 50 union members in good standing were not admitted into the meeting hall. No opponent nominees were allowed at the nomination meeting, to make possible the renomination of the gangster clique.

Thus we see that labor can get no justice in the capitalist courts.

—J. B.

DONATE SECOND TIME TO "DAILY"

Workers Must Increase Contributions

(Continued from Page One)

50c; Ralph Harris, New London, Conn., $5; New London Units, New London, Conn., $10; Arturo Pettinary, New London, Conn., $4; John Parker, New London, Conn., $5; V. Gaudenzi, New London, Conn., $5; S. Tomecci, New London, Conn., 50c; P. Shaffer, N.Y.C., $5; J. Shaffer, N.Y.C., $1; I. Karas, N.Y.C., $5; H. Greenstine, Wilmington, Del., $1; A Sympathizer, Wilmington, Del., $2; V. DeSantis, Wilmington, Del., $1; J. Breda, Wilmington, Del., $1; N. A. Minptella, Wilmington, Del., 50c; T. Tofis, Wilmington, Del., $5; F. Cohen, Wilmington, Del., $2; S. Markizon, Wilmington, Del., $3; A Friend, Wilmington, Del., $1; Geo. Newcombe collected at I. L. D. meeting, Wilmington, Del., $2.90; Esther Markizon collected at I. L. D. meeting, Wilmington, Del., $2.90; John Smolyn, $5; William Hatman, $1; Sam Stein, N.Y.C., $1; Abr. Zalash, N.Y.C., 50c; Mat Disenporese, N.Y.C., 50c; I. Lichtor, N.Y.C., $1; Alex Bamban, N.Y.C., 50c; S. Funr, N.Y.C., 25c; M. Merker, N.Y.C., 25c; S. Merker, N.Y.C., 25c; Schnelier, N.Y.C., 25c; Murray Chall, N.Y.C., 25c; S. Sokotsky, N.Y.C., $1; Max Demsky, N.Y.C., 50c; Mike Varga, N.Y.C., $2; Dave Brody, N.Y.C., $5; John Kaplin, N.Y.C., $5; John Pitz, Detroit, Mich., $1; J. Kubilins, Muskegon, Mich., $1; P. Maskojanes, Cleveland, O., $2; Rose Cohen (collected), Cleveland, O., $28.50; Y. W. L., Milwaukee, Wisc., $3; B. Sklar, Milwaukee, Wisc., $2; Geo. Powers, N. Y. C., $10; Bernard Ollenberg, N. Y. C., $1; James Johnson, Chicago, Ill., $2.50; Chas. Calones, N.Y.C., $5; W. C. Br. 243, Bklyn, N. Y., $5; J. Shapiro, Bklyn, N. Y., $1; A Worker, Bklyn, N. Y., $5; Louis Losman, N.Y.C., $2; A. Glass, So. Elmhurst, L. I., $2; I. Stone, N. Y. C., $1; John Karaly, N. Y. C., $5; A. Sebek, Brooklyn, NY, $5; Girls of Odeon Hat Shop, NYC, 2.11; Progressive Telzer, J. Ungegend, Br. 491, W. C. NYC, $11; Eli Pavelich, West Allis, Wisc., $1; Steve Bichanich, West Allis, $1; S. M. Bichanich, West Allis, $1; Joe Wukelich, West Allis, $1; Chas. Samarzia, West Allis, $1; John Perkovich, West Allis, $1; Dane Dragicheirch, West Allis, $1; Joe Krznarich, West Allis, $1; Tony Pavicich, West Allis, $1; Joe J. Krznarich, West Allis, $1; Steve Sikich, West Allis, 50c; John Rano Smolcich, West Allis, 50c; Steve Resoich, West Allis 50c; Fabijan Fabyanchich, West Allis, 50c; Tony Mesich, West Allis, 50c; Bob Babich, West Allis, 50c; Mike Lopac, West Allis, 50c; Roko Dragichevich, 50c; Rade Perovich, West Allis, 50c; Jos Milakovich, West Allis, 50c; John Butorac, West Allis, 50c.

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Two Workers Hurt When Buckling Engine Derails an Eight-Car Train

Two workers were badly hurt when a Central Railroad of New Jersey engine buckled near Von Nostrand Ave. station, Jersey City, derailing the eight-car train it was pulling. Photo shows view of wreck.

BELIEVE CHANG TSO-LIN DEAD

Worker-Peasant Troops Boycott U. S. Goods

TOKIO, June 13. — Announcement of the death of Chang Tso-lin, northern warlord, has been received here from Manchurian sources. The warlord's death is the result of injuries sustained when the train, on which he was fleeing from Peking before the Nanking invasion, was bombed outside Mukden.

Chang had been dictator of northern China for more than two years.

* * *

Worker-Peasant Boycott.

SHANGHAI, June 13.—A boycott against all goods coming from the United States or manufactured by American factories has been declared by the administration of the Worker-Peasant army. It is intended to root out American manufactures in those districts controlled by the Worker-Peasant troops.

A similar boycott has been also declared against Japanese products.

* * *

Attack Wong.

SHANGHAI, June 13. — The Professors' Association of this city has issued an attack against the Nanking foreign minister, C. T. Wong, because of his action in acceding to the Japanese demands after the capture of Tsinan.

"The Cyclone Lover," New Play at Frolic, Has a Good First Act

A noisy and at times fairly interesting play called "The Cyclone Lover" is making an attempt to amuse summer audiences at the Frolic Theatre. While the play opens with a very promising first act, it decreases in interest until at the end most people sigh in relief at the fall of the curtain.

The play was written by Charles A. Bickford, a capable character actor, remembered for his remarkable performance several seasons ago in Laurence Stalling's "Outside Looking In" and in Maurice Watkins' "Chicago", and Fred Ballard, author of "Believe Me, Xantippe." If these two playwrights would discard the last two acts as they are now written and revise the play from the end of the first act, they may turn out a play they could be fairly well proud of. That is provided, the revised second and third acts equal the present first act which is a fine piece of farce comedy construction.

The plot is of practically no importance, being based on the usual slapjack stock in trade that is always brot in view at this time of the year when most plays are struggling to find an audience.

The play is about a shy young man who turns into a two-fisted fighter after he falls in love at first sight. During the progress of the play we watch how the he-man, who happens to be a Quaker, goes thru hell and then some, to save the fair maiden from the bad, bold Greenwich Village artist. Of course, in the end everything turns out for the best.

The hero of the evening is capably portrayed by Harold Elliott, who bravely does his utmost in a rather stupid role. The girl's role is handled by Emily Graham who is extremely active during the three acts. The villain is well acted by Theodore Hecht, while Al Roberts is fine in a small part. It is a pity that Mr. Roberts is not utilized more than he is. Other members of the cast include Thomas McLarnie, as the girl's father and John C. Browning as a hick judge.

—S.A.P.

CAL LEAVES FOR REST AFTER "TOIL"

Many Servants Go With Him to Oil Man's Camp

WASHINGTON, June 13. — Accompanied by a large retinue of servants, President and Mrs. Coolidge will leave tonight for a three-months' vacation at Pierce Lodge, Brule, Wisc., part of the estate of the late Henry Clay Pierce, millionaire oil man.

WILL PLAN NEW NATIONAL MINERS UNION AT MEET

Declare Lewis Machine Wrecked Old Union

(Continued from Page One)

wrecked. The convention call rings out a new challenge to the miners to take control of their unions in every district, to elect delegates on the basis of one to every hundred miners to the September convention. Unorganized fields and especially the west Pennsylvania districts are urged to fall behind the new national movement and are promised that no such betrayals as those put over by Lewis in 1922 will ever again be possible under the rank and file leadership of the new union.

One National Union.

A special call is sent out to the anthracite districts, warning the miners against so-called opposition leaders who advocate a separate union of the anthracite districts. The solidarity of the anthracite and bituminous miners is the great need of the union, the call declares.

Endorsement was made of the National Miners Relief Committee and a special appeal is made to hasten relief which is seen as one of the outstanding tasks facing the carrying on of the strike.

Stewart on Trial

WASHINGTON, June 13.—The case against Robert W. Stewart, chairman of the Standard Oil Co. of Indiana, on trial for contempt of the senate in the Teapot Dome oil graft investigation, was expected to go to the jury yesterday. Prior to the acquittal of Harry F. Sinclair of conspiracy, Stewart refused to answer questions as to the divisions of the over-night profits of the Continental Trading Co.

Brunswick
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59044 MOSKVA. National Song. Isa Kremer.
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59035 KAMARINSKY (National Dance). Solo, Zibulski.
59026 KOHANOTCHKA BALALAJKA. Orchestra Biljo.
40048 KORUBUSKA... Soprano Isa Kremer.
77005 VOSPOMINANIJA O ROSSII. Waltz. Patro Biljo.
59017 AMERIKANSKI BABI. Humorist S. Sarmatoff.
59048 KAVKAZKA MELODIJA. Kaukazus Orchestra.
15034 OJ, GORE KALINA. Ukrainian National Chorus.
59002 REVE TA STOGNE. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59004 VIJUT VITRI. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59029 ZAPOROJZI U SULTANA. Kornienko Ukr. Orchestra.

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Chief Engineer Now Admits Full Guilt in Trial of Donetz Plotters

MAID IMPLICATED KOLODUB IN CELL WITNESS DEPOSES

Mine Owners and Spies In Constant Touch

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 13.—Further evidence concerning the housemaid, Polya Boyeva, alleged to have been shot on the order of Kolodub, technician accused in the Donetz counter-revolutionary plot, was brot out by the witness, Golovtschansky, during yesterday's session of the court.

Heard Charge.

Golovtschansky was arrested by the whites as a member of the Communist Party and condemned to death by a court martial but afterwards pardoned. Polya Boyeva occupied the same cell with him during his imprisonment, the witness deposed, and he heard her statement that she had been arrested at the instigation of Kolodub.

Boyeva was shot together with a boy of sixteen.

The accused technicians, Lueri, Stoyanovsky and Sementschenko were also examined at the same session. Lueri denied his participation in the sabotage organization but admitted receiving money from the accused engineer, Sustschevsky and others.

The inquisition proved that Stoyanovsky and Sementchenko were active members of the organization altho they denied it.

Admits Full Guilt.

During the evening session the chief engineer Sustschevsky, of the Schtschertinov mine, was examined. Sustschevsky, who only admitted partial guilt during the preliminary inquiry, now admits his full guilt. The chief engineer's original statements were made by advice of his former counsel, Deiniket, but Sustschevsky has now taken a new counsel.

The chief engineer fully admitted his communication with former mine owners. He deposed that in 1921, Bychovsky brought him a letter from the former mine owner, Dvorschanschik. Bychovsky then went abroad again taking with him a letter containing news of the situation in the mines. After this a constant communication was maintained. Sustschevsky admitted receiving regular money from Dvorschanschik.

At a further session of the trial the examination of the German engineer Badstieber, was postponed owing to the illness of the defendant's counsel.

Badstieber's Life.

Badstieber describes his life as follows. After he finished his schooling he became a mechanic in the mines. He was taken prisoner by Russian soldiers during the war but returned to Germany in 1918. Since 1920 he has been with the Knapp company.

In 1926 Badstieber was sent to the Soviet Union by director Koester and worked in the Vlassovka mine. Badstieber admitted that the Knapp company had sent inferior and rusty machines to the Budovka mine. Russian experts issued a report rejecting the machines which Badstieber alleges that he signed. Koester was enraged and declared that Badstieber should not sign but should accept a commission of several hundred roubles.

During the visit of the Knapp expert, Sebold, Badstieber asserts that he complained of the machinery exported by the company. He declares that Sebold told him to mind his business and repair the machines. Badstieber obeyed.

Badstieber states that he saw no way out of accepting the machines as he did not want to be disloyal to Knapp and Germany.

"Probe" of Machado Regime Postponed

WASHINGGTON, June 13. — The congressional investigation into Cuban conditions has been postponed until next fall, it was announced today by Henrik Shipstead, so-called farmer-laborite and chairman of the subcomittee of the senate foreign relations committee, which was appointed to make this alleged probe into the activities of the reactionary Machado regime.

That the investigation may be entirely shelved is evident from Shipstead's statement that it will depend on developments in Cuba during the next few months.

Negro Bankers Swindle Savings of Own Race

MEMPHIS, June 13.—A lesson to Negro workers not to place hope for a higher standard of living and escape from the hardships of capitalism in the business men and preachers of their own race is found in the sentencing here of three Negro officers of the defunct Fraternal & Solvent Savings Bank & Trust Co. to the Tennessee State Penitentiary.

The bank, with 23,000 depositors failed through the thefts of funds by officers.

HOD CARRIERS AFFILIATE.

DENVER, June 13.—Hod Carrier's Local 720 has voted to affiliate with the Denver Building Trades Council, with four delegates.

Newsboy Shot by One of New York's "Finest"

Shot by a detective, Harry Piccaselli, a poor newsboy, is now at the Lincoln Hospital. The disablement of the boy, who aided materially in the support of his family, has placed the Piccasellis in financial straits. Photo shows Harry and his mother, who visits him daily at the hospital.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

BOSTON.—District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vankens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Shenandoah, Pa., June 15; Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

CLEVELAND.—Wednesday, June 20, all three sections of the Workers (Communist) Party of Cleveland will hold section membership meetings. Section 1 will meet at the Hungarian Home, 4309 Lorain Ave., Section 2 at South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., and Section 3 at Workers Home. There will be no general membership meeting that night. The election campaign will be organized at the section meetings.

Miners' Relief Picnic.

DETROIT.—The Italian fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party in Detroit is arranging a picnic for the suppport of the striking miners Sunday, at Dequindre St. and Nine Mile Road.

On the Labor Congress.

Following are the dates thus far announced for the tour of Jack Johnstone, of the Trade Union Educational League, to report on the recent Fourth Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions.

New Haven, Conn., Friday, June 15, Labor Lyceum.
Boston, Friday evening, 9 Appleton street.
Philadelphia, Sunday, June 17, Grand Fraternity Hall.
Pittsburgh, June 20, 607 Webster Ave.

CHICAGO.—An agit-prop conference of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held here at 8 p. m. Friday, at 2021 W. Division St.

CHICAGO.—A concert will be given by Section 4 of the Workers (Communist) Party at Freiheit Hall, 3301 W. Roosevelt Rd., Saturday evening.

PHILADELPHIA. — Jack Johnstone, national organizer of the Trade Union Education League, will report on the Fourth World Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions at a mass meeting under the auspices of the league here at 1628 Arch St. at 8 p. m. Sunday.

Roxbury League Meeting.

ROXBURY, Mass., June 10.—A special membershi meeting of the Young Workers (Communist) League, local Boston, will take place on June 16, 7 p. m., at the Roxbury League headquarters, International Hall, Roxbury. An informal banquet for the leaders of the New Bedford strike will take place after the meeting.

San Francisco Y. W. L. Festival.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the league with a demonstration at the Youth Festival, June 16, at Gymnastic Hall, 2460 Sutter Ave.

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 22, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vankens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Shenandoah, Pennsylvania, June 15; Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.
Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

Loans Increase

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 13. — Loans on stocks and bonds, including United States government obligations, for the week ending May 30 were $62,000,000 above the May 23 total, according to a statement of the Federal Reserve Board from the reports of 642 member banks. Increases of $40,000,000 and $23,000,000 respectively, were shown for the New York and Chicago districts and a decline of $9,000,000 for the Cleveland district.

CHICAGO TO HOLD RED PICNIC JULY 4; GITLOW TO SPEAK

Will Be the Opening of Party Campaign

CHICAGO, June 13.—The Chicago section of the Workers (Communist) Party is preparing for a great political mass demonstration as the opening gun of its election campaign. At its picnic set for July 4, at Chernauskas Grove, 79th and Archor, Ben Gitlow, candidate for vice-president of the United States on the Workers Party ticket will speak.

Ben Gitlow.

All party units and organizations sympathetic with the Communist Party are preparing to participate en masse on this occasion. Every organization will display signs, slogans and streamers. Lambs will be roasted on an open fire ready to satisfy the hunger of the picnickers. Refreshments of all sorts will be served. Wrestling, boxing, singing, sport exercises and dancing will also be features.

GERMAN BOSSES PILE UP BIG SUM

Capital Accumulation Is 12,000,000,000 Marks

Despite the large sums that German capitalists had to pay as reparations under the Dawes plan, they succeeded in grinding out of the workers during 1927 a net capital accumulation of 7,600,000 marks.

This is the proud announcement of Agent General Parker Gilbert in the report of the reparations commission, covering the first nine months of the fourth annuity year up to May 31.

In addition, Gilbert's report states, the importation of 4,000,000,000 marks from abroad brought the total capital accumulation to almost 12,000,000,000 marks. Gilbert fails to mention that this huge accumulation of capital, as well as the war reparations, have been squeezed out of the workers in the form of starvation wages, long hours, speedup and wretched living conditions.

Prosecutor Baits Labor, Lets Criminals Go Free

CHICAGO (FP), June 13.—The record of state's attorney Robert E. Crowe, bitter anti-labor Chicago prosecutor, in failing to convict criminals is statistically exposed in a report by the Illinois Association for Criminal Justice. Eighteen times as many criminals won their freedom through conscious or unconscious loopholes in the state's attorney's control as were acquitted by juries, the records show.

Crowe spent much of his time in office hounding labor men and women on strike or framing charges on them that were subsequently shown ridiculous.

Murderers, extortionists and swindlers, big and little, get away with it in Cook County, but let a few union pickets in the dressmaking industry or a group of union capmakers gather to discuss a lockout and Crowe is Johnny-on-the-spot for the bosses with arrests and convictions.

FARMER DIES OF INJURIES.

TOWANDA, Pa., June 13. — John Bennett, 41, a farmer living near here, died in the hospital as a result of injuries received when he fell beneath a tractor on his farm.

FARMERS DUPED BY REPUBLICANS

"Insurgents'" Betrayal Should Be Lesson

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KKANSAS CITY (By Mail).—The republican convention has completely exposed the Coolidge myth of prosperity by unmasking the deep-seated crisis in the agricultural area of the country.

The republican party is going to "solve" the farm problem not by improving the conditions of the great mass of the poor and middle farmer but by pursuing a policy aiming to fool the farmers, dampen their discontent, demoralize the anti-republican movement, stop the drift of the farmers towards independent class action and ultimately secure the farmers' support for the 1928 political year—in which finance capital is trying to entrench itself for four more years. This is what the republican politicians mean when they speak of solving the agricultural problem.

The farmers of the 14 west and north-western states are the cornerstone of the republican convention politics. The whole course of the convention revolves around the question of how far the masses of the farmers will go in their opposition to the republican party, or rather to what extent the farmers have developed for independent political action.

That the discontent of the farmers has assumed gigantic proportion has become evident even if one gathers information from the reports of the capitalist papers. The latter have carried on a campaign of poisonous ridicule against any sign of independent class action on the part of the farmers. Yet they are forced to admit that such a movement exists. The trouble with the farmers is that their movement is in a chaotic condition. The leadership is in the hands of the richest farmers and the republican politicians. The following list will illustrate the character of the farm leadership. Thomas D. Campbell of Hardin, Montana, largest grower of wheat in the world; J. R. Howard, Clemons, Iowa, President of the American Farm Federation; Sherman Houstan of Mo. a big cattle feeder; Orville Bullington, of Wichita Falls, Texas, cattle raiser; Patrick J. Hurley, Tulas, Oklahoma, cotton grower. These people are heralded as "farm leaders."

It is quite natural that rich farmers and the republican politicians cannot and will not fight for the farmers. They are only utilizing the farmers movement to wrest economical and political privileges from the higher capitalist powers. At the same time these politicians will lead the farmers revolt into channels perfectly harmless to capitalism. The farmers are desperate and like a drowning man they catch a straw to support them. The overwhelming mass of the farmers is behind the McNary-Haugen bill, not because they believe it will help the poor farmers, but to them it is a symbol of opposition to the capitalist class and Coolidge administration.

Evidence that the so-called farm leaders, republican "insurgents" and "radicals," and everything that is trying to reap political fortunes out of the plight of the farmers, have begun an intensive campaign to break up the farmers' movement is aplenty These fakers are working overtime to stop the mass of the poor and middle farmers from marching upon Kansas City.

The whole procedure and horse trading at the convention reveals that the actual bosses of the convention are the Wall Street financiers. The only force that is outside Wall Street control are the revolting farmers. These constitute a grave concern to the capitalist politicians.

—O.

Helping to Improve Imperialist Flying

The latest wrinkle in planes has been invented by Thomas Thompson, 410 W. 129th St. The inventor claims that this new type plane will stop short when the propeller is reversed.

WORKERS BUYING MINERS' STAMPS

"Solidarity Certificates" Aid Relief

"Solidarity Certificates," circulated by the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, are bringing a fresh response from workers thruout the city, it was announced last night. Each booklet contains certificates ranging from twenty-five cents to five dollars.

After a meeting of the Culinary Workers' Culture Club held at Manhattan Lyceum yesterday, several of the members got together and took up a collection for miners' relief. $25 was thus collected.

The Bronx Council No. 15 of the United Councils of Workingclass Women, at an affair held last week, collected fifty dollars, which was yesterday turned over to the National Miners' Relief Committee.

Dr. H. G. Hoffman, of 2105 Walton street, sold his book of "solidarity certificates" within four days after receiving it. He mailed the $25 in before all the booklets had been sent out to various individuals and organizations. The Ukrainian Committee for Miners' Relief, at a concert held last week, netted $27.85 for miners' relief.

Pressure Causes R. R. Owners to Improve Cabs

WASHINGTON, June 13. — Pressure by the workers has caused an order to be given to railroad owners in northern states to equip their locomotives with cab curtains in the winter for the protection of the firemen and engineers.

The railroad owners, reluctant to improve working conditions even at small expense, induced a few subservient employes by one means or another to report that such protection from winter weather was not necessary. But the interstate commerce commission thought it expedient on this issue to hold with the overwhelming majority of the employes and ordered the companies to make the installations.

WASHINGTON MINERS' AID.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Youth Committee for Miners' Relief has arranged an entertainment and dance to be held at the Pythian Temple, 1012 Ninth St., North Washington, on June 15 at 8:30 p. m. The entire proceeds will go to the striking miners.

34 IN HOSPITAL FIRE IMPERILLED

3-Story Wooden Frame Had Been Condemned

Thirty-four patients at the Midwood Sanitarium, 19 Winthrop St., Brooklyn, were imperilled yesterday when a fire broke out on the top floor. Twelve of them were infants, less than nine days old. All were carried out safely, when Eleanor Anderson, a trained nurse attached to the hospital, smelled the smoke at the inception of the fire and spread the alarm.

The building, in which the fire took place is a wooden frame structure, of the kind that has been so often condemned by the city. Action on the part of the city, after the condemnation, never materialized. Although uninjured by the fire, several of the patients have suffered relapses due to the sudden exposure that their hasty rescues involved.

RAILROAD BOSSES TRICK WORKERS BY SPORT CLUBS

Organize Athletics on Company Union Lines

CHICAGO (FP), June 13.—Capitalizing the sport interest of its employes along company union lines, the Chicago & Northwestern Railway has erected a gigantic system of athletics and will mobilize 1500 employe-athletes from all over its immense mileage in a championship meet in Chicago next August.

General manager G. B. Vilas of the road is president of the C. & N. W. Railway System Athletic Association and each division is organized athletically for baseball, track, tennis, golf, swimming, trapshooting and other sports. Winners of the August meet will represent "their" railroad in the huge championship contest of the Int. Railway Association.

Railroad athletics organized by company officials are another part of the drive against genuine unionism.

100 Brazilians Are Killed by Starvation

RIO DE JANIERO, Brazil, June 13.—Advices from northwestern Brazil, which has been stricken by a drought, say that more than a hundred persons have died of starvation.

A large part of the population is abandoning the region and a great number of cattle have perished.

TEXAS BAKERS EXPLOITED.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex. (FP), June 13.—Nowhere else in the United States are bakery conditions so bad and pay so low as in Texas, the Texas State Federation of Labor convention in San Antonio was told.

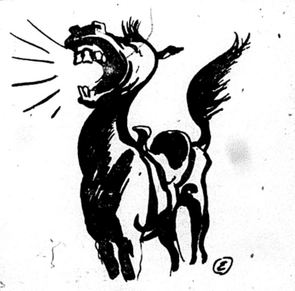
WORKERS FORM UNION.

CANTON, O., June 13. — Culinary workers of this city have organized a union.

Correction

The $100 donation from the Anthracite, sent in by the Daily Worker agent, was raised by the Subdistrict Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party. This was not made clear in our article which appeared in the June 9th issue and for this reason we are making this correction.

CAMP HULIET
LUMBERVILLE, PA.
Opens SATURDAY, JUNE 16th
with an excellent program.
Saturday—CONCERT, MASS PLAY, AND CAMP FIRE.
Sunday Morning—CALISTHENICS AND GAMES.
Sunday Afternoon—LECTURE BY MALICH EPSTEIN.
All those wishing to be present at the opening must register at the office of the Workers Co-operative Association, 317 South 5th Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Telephone Lombard 3891.
SPECIAL BUSES LEAVE SATURDAY AFTERNOON FOR THE CAMP FROM THE FREIHEIT OFFICE, 317 SOUTH 5th STREET.



Remember this "horse laugh" on funny Cal Coolidge in his cowboy outfit? That was one of the most amusing stunts in recent capitalist political follies. Fred Ellis made us laugh at it on more than one occasion. There is more good humor, aplenty keen satire, beautiful drawings and cartoons in the new

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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Editor.........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor.................WM. F. DUNNE

as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Build the New Miners' Union!

The conference of the executives of union districts at Pittsburgh yesterday took a step which makes history for American Labor.

These representatives of the Mine Workers are to be congratulated upon their courage and understanding of the situation before them, when they issued the call for a national convention to establish a new miners' union.

For fourteen months the United Mine Workers Union has been systematically disrupted by the concerted action of the foully corrupt bureaucracy, headed by John L. Lewis together with the open-shop coal operators. For more than a year of struggles, a weakened and broken shell of the former union has been standing in the place of the once powerful organization. The Lewis bureaucracy held on by every device to the official hulk—to what was left of the union. Having stolen the union elections three times, the Lewis machine continued to hold on by means of murder and "yellow dog" contracts. Nominally fighting the coal operators, Lewis in fact was fighting the coal mine workers of the whole country with both hands, and had not even a little finger left free to scratch at the coal operators.

Lewis, by the very nature of his profession as an agent of imperialist capitalism, could make peace with any coal operator; but he could wage only war with the masses of coal miners. Lewis and all the legion of petty office-holders who form his "army of occupation" in the Miners' Union are consistent supporters of the system of capitalist exploitation of Labor. A prominent member of the same imperialist political party to which Andrew Mellon, Calvin Coolidge, Rockefeller and Morgan belong, Lewis himself could see and think only in the terms of Mellon, the scab coal operator, Coolidge the strikebreaker, Rockefeller the creative genius of company unions, and Morgan the chief of the finance-capitalist control of the Steel Trust.

The struggle passed beyond the point where Lewis could even preserve the illusion that he was acting as "president of the United Mine Workers of America." The union, severely wounded by the earlier betrayals, was this time in the struggle in which its life was at stake.

Lewis could not support any course toward victory for the workers. He "led" the union to its death as far as he was able. Open strikebreaking which could no longer be concealed; deliberate expulsion of whole locals and even districts; support of police and troops against the miners; public organization of strikebreakers against the Colorado strike; an attempt to starve out the militant local unions by cutting them off from strike relief, while imposing the "yellow dog" agreement upon others—this course has led to the present situation where the immediate building of a new union is inevitable.

The mine workers have fought through these long years and especially the past fourteen months to save their union. Always the fight to save the union was first of all a fight against the chief strikebreaker who held the three-times-stolen office of president of the union. The fight to Save-the-Union has been one of the most heroic in the history of American Labor. It recently reached the stage of emergency district conventions for the ousting of the Lewis gang of company agents from office. In several districts this object was accomplished. The Lewis machine refused to recognize the actions of the emergency district conventions.

The new executives of the mine workers of these districts meeting Tuesday in Pittsburgh had the logic to face the present phase of the Save-the-Union struggle. Clearly they saw that the present phase of the struggle to save the union is in fact a struggle to build a powerful union where the old one has been destroyed.

The mine workers of the United States must be organized 100 per cent. They must have a powerful union embracing every mine where coal is dug. The open shop must be fought to extermination. Where Lewis has given up 70 per cent of the territory to the operators, the mine workers must fight and win back 100 per cent.

The national convention of the mine workers called for next September must perform its task of building a union where an old union has been destroyed. But the task should be well under way long before then—it should begin immediately. The strike from now on must be supported ten times more than ever before. Relief must be poured in to the National Miners' Relief Committee.

It is clear that the mine workers can organize themselves only against all agents of the operators.

The new miners' union must sweep the country and make itself the most powerful in the American labor movement.

Long live the miners' new union!

The Situation in Cleaners' Union

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

An astounding thing happened on Monday, May 28, 1928, at Clinton Hall where the members of the cleaners' and dyers' union were to nominate their candidates for the coming election of their new officials. It is customary in our organization to mail notices of the coming nominations and elections to the membership. This year I didn't receive any.

The following are significant, historic events indeed, as they never occurred in our ranks before. If I wasn't an eye witness, it would certainly be hard to convince me as to its truth. On my nearing the hall, I noticed that there were a group of men assembled, and were very much engrossed in heated conversation. I asked one of the men the cause of their meeting outside, when we had paid good money for the hall. Can you imagine my surprise when I was told they were all refused admittance?

On January 30, 1928, six of our members were expelled. The membership at large not being consulted in the matter. The six union brothers tried to acquaint the rest of us with the wrongfulness of the proceedings, but were rebuked by the corrupt officers of our union.

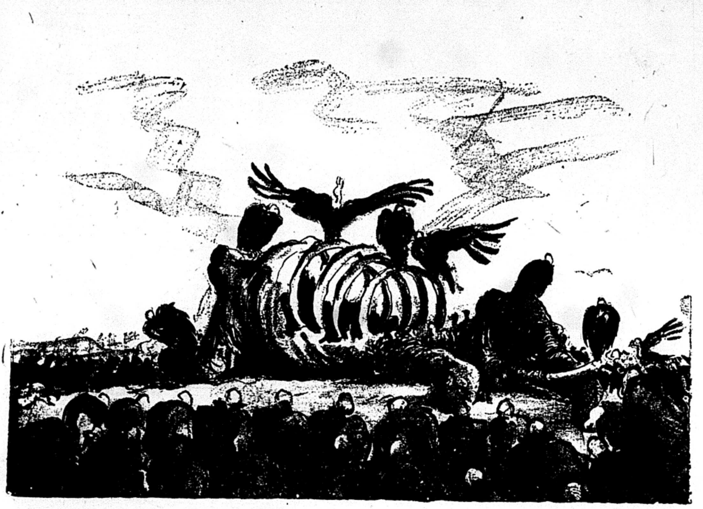
This situation caused the members to hire a hall by themselves, where they could freely discuss their problems and speak openly of anything and everything. When our corrupt leaders got wind of one of these meetings, a rowdy bunch of gangsters, under the leadership of Weintraub, Hammer, Cohn and Goldberg, broke in shouting, "Line up against the wall!" They carried knives, black-jacks, hammers and clubs. Chairs and windows were smashed to smithereens, two of our brothers were hospital inmates for some time after, a score suffered minor cuts and bruises. This occurred on May 11, 1928, and not in the dark ages as you well may think.

We held a mass meeting the Monday after at Irving Plaza where we simply discussed the reinstatement of our expelled members and nominated candidates of our own choice to represent us.

MAX ROSENBERG.

THE LINCOLN TRADITION

By Fred Ellis



The old republican party, the traditional party of abolition of chattel slavery, is dead. Its putrid corpse is food for a legion of corrupt politicians. But the elephant left a descendant—the republican party of today, party of Mellon, Rockefeller, Morgan, Coolidge and Hoover—the biggest party of imperialism—the maker of slaves.

The Challenge to Our Press

By MOISSAYE J. OLGIN.

SCRIBBLED in pencil or in cheap colorless ink; on scraps of paper torn from copy-books or picked up anywhere; with hands more used to hammer and drill than to the fragile pen; in words betraying little schooling and little knowledge of linguistic refinement—these numerous letters are full of such intense feeling, they flow from such depths of proletarian conviction, they speak a language so direct, lucid and effective, that no other documents can give a clearer understanding of what The DAILY WORKER means for the American working class.

Sold Clothes for "Daily."

"Dear Comrades and Brothers," writes Adam Getto from Bentleyville, Pa., "I am sending you $4.35 for The DAILY WORKER fund and I ask you to tell the world that the striking miners are behind The DAILY WORKER. We are striking here from April 1, 1927 and we were locked out since May 1, 1925, but this does not stop us from supporting our paper. I want to tell you how we raised the money I am sending. A group of miners known as the Vesta Group in Bentleyville had a lot of old clothing which was nothing but rags left over from what we had. This we sold to a junk man who gave us the enclosed money, and we send it immediately to save The DAILY WORKER. I want to say for the miners in Bentleyville that if they were working there would be no need of such emergency calls. Also we are asking of every worker in the United States to rally to the support of our paper. We can save it and make it larger if every one does his bit."

"I am sending $1.00 for the fund of The DAILY WORKER," writes A. Tosheff from the Herman Kiefer Hospital in Detroit. "I need money very bad myself, because I have been in the hospital for 41 months but I don't like to see our leader, The DAILY WORKER, stopped, especially now when the struggle is greater than ever before in the United States, and especially before the elections. So, comrades, and fellow workers, readers of The DAILY WORKER, I know you have given plenty already, but I am appealing to you: give all you can and some more because you know The DAILY WORKER keeps our hearts warm."

Out of Work 13 Months.

"We do not want The DAILY WORKER to be destroyed by our enemies," writes A. Turkaly from Bellaire, Ohio. "Therefore I am enclosing $2.00 and that is not all. I do my best to collect some more money. The coal strike has put us here in bad condition thirteen months. The DAILY WORKER has been our guardian in the fight. We do our best to help it as much as we can."

"Comrades, please find $4.00, two dollars to help The DAILY WORKER in its present great crisis," writes John E. Keller from Chicago, "and two dollars for a three-months sub for......(follows the name of a mining town in Kansas and an address "General Delivery"). This worker is a miner and of course in very hard circumstances. The DAILY WORKER has weathered the financial storms before and I'm sure it will again. If it does suspend, however, it will be only temporary, for the class for which it fights will yet be heard in plainer and louder tones."

"Daily" Gives Hope.

"For The DAILY WORKER to be in such a position which threatens its existence is bad enough at any time," writes George Elser from Cleveland. "But at this particular time, when the Party is just entering the biggest campaign it ever undertook, that of rallying the workers from all over the United States to vote 'Communist,' for The DAILY WORKER to cease publication would indeed be a crime to the workers. The DAILY WORKER fights valiantly to show the workers the only true path to freedom. No strike is too small, no battle too large but what The DAILY WORKER is there to give hope and leadership in order to bring it success.

Gives Week's Pay.

"If we were thrown out of work and found another position within a month, we would consider ourselves lucky. Well, let us consider ourselves unemployed for only one week and donate the week's pay to keep The DAILY WORKER aworking.

"I am enclosing my whole week's pay ($25.00) as a start, and I pledge myself (although having to support a family) that when one hundred Party members do likewise, I will send in another week's wages."

"Comrades, hold forth, help will come," writes J. Posickow from Chicago in sending in $5.00. "I firmly believe that the workers of America to whom The DAILY WORKER is dear as the only paper in the English language which fights for the emancipation of the workers, will not let it fall. We cannot permit out enemies to celebrate such a victory. Long live The DAILY WORKER!"

On Strike 15 Months.

A miner who, for obvious reasons, does not want his name to become known, writes from Dillonvale, Ohio: "I am awfully sorry to hear our fighting paper is near its crisis, but I am sending in a dollar for the ten thousand dollar fund. I would like to send more but I am one of the striking miners and have been on strike for fifteen months. I wish it was a hundred dollars I was sending instead of one dollar, as I would give anything to save the paper because I am very interested in The DAILY WORKER. I am one of the employed in the United States Coal Co. at a Bradly, Ohio, mine and I have received only $18.00 benefit in the fifteen months."

Another worker, who does not even sign his name, writes from Brooklyn, N. Y.: "Dear comrades of The DAILY WORKER, I have heard that the Daily is in danger of closing up because of a lack of funds. I hate to see The DAILY WORKER go under as it is the only daily labor paper in the country fighting for the workers and farmers under the capitalist system. So I will do my share by enclosing a dollar."

* * *

We have selected only a few of the many letters that came in with contributions in reply to the emergency appeal. The few letters disclose many important facts. They show, first of all, that The DAILY WORKER has become a necessity in the life and struggle of the workers, of large militant sections of the workers in this country. This is the best guarantee for the existence and the future growth of the Daily. There are few self-sustaining militant labor papers in the world outside of the Soviet Union. Most papers of the revolutionary class-struggle depend on the workers' aid for their existence. The old Pravda, in 1912-1914, appealed to the workers of Russia for funds, and the letters that came in from all parts of the Tsar's empire bore a striking resemblance to the letters now received by our Daily from various parts of the Wall Street Union. The workers appreciate its role. "No strike is too small, no battle too large. . . ." Herein lies the strength of The DAILY WORKER. Herein lies the strength of our movement.

Worst Exploited Give Most.

The letters show that the Daily is close to the heart of many workers in the industrial sections of the country more than anywhere else. It is no accident that a considerable portion of the letters came from striking miners. It is no accident that so many letters come from Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois. It is where the life-crushing wheels of the industrial mechanism turn the fastest that the voice of rebelling labor is heard the loudest.

The letters further reveal that though many of its readers and letter writers are foreign born, a fighting paper in English has become their weapon. Some of the letters were obviously written by children. The proletarian parents of these children may not have the courage or know how to write a note in English. Yet they read The DAILY WORKER. They understand that an English paper unifies the struggle of the various groups of the exploited; that, more than a labor paper in a foreign tongue for the foreign born workers of the United States, it gives class meaning to the various phases of the struggle.

"Daily" Is Political Weapon.

The workers realize the importance of the Daily as a political weapon. The elections campaign of this year is stressed in more than one letter. The venality of the capitalist press, its servility to the ruling powers, its suppression of news about labor victories the world over, its befuddling influences over the masses are vigorously contracted in the letters to the work of The DAILY WORKER.

Most of the letters came from non-partisan workers. Were they from communities alone, they would also signify great strides forward in the revolutionization of the American workers. For is not a Communist worker a first rank fighter in the class war? However, the letters indicate that the influence of the Daily, and the consciousness of the responsibility for its existence, are much more widely spread than the membership of the Communist Party.

"Daily" Achieving Aim.

Altogether the letters prove that The DAILY WORKER is increasingly becoming what Lenin told us a labor paper must be, namely: a mass organizer and mass propagandist. There is, however, one line in one of the letters that impressed me more deeply than any other. "We cannot permit our enemies to celebrate such a victory," writes a worker from Chicago. In these few words there is, perhaps, a more intensive picture of the situation than in many other more eloquent appeals. We are in an enemy camp. We are in an enemy land. The enemy is powerful. The enemy is ruthless. He wields the peoples' wealth. He wields the machinery of state. He is cunning and resourceful, omnipresent and mean. He knows we hate him, we loath his domination, we are full of revolt even if we do not know it clearly in our mind; we are great in numbers, great in strength, strong in will, but we have not come yet to realize what to do. The enemy has his agents, traitors and spies in our midst, but they appear as union officials, leaders of labor. Our enemies not only drink our life's blood in their factories and plants, but the enemies in disguise make us pay from our miserable earnings for their work of treason.

In the midst of this picture there appears The DAILY WORKER. It is unafraid. It tells the truth. It is with the worker in his daily life, in his struggle, small or big. It speaks not in the name of the officials but in the name of the masses. It defends not one group or one section, but all the working class as a whole. It organizes the workers for the struggle. It leads their class war against the most formidable enemy in the world.

Daily Holds Own.

What a picture! Talk of romance. Here is the most gripping romance in the world. American imperialism with its domination far flung over the globe on the one side; the intrepid revolutionary voice of the class struggle on the other. Untold means at the disposal of the exploiters on the one side, poverty and a chronic financial crisis on the other. The law, the court, the police, the militia, the army at the disposal of one side; persecution, blows and humiliation on the other. And still—The DAILY WORKER lives; it challenges the enemy; it predicts his fall; it helps undermine the ground under his feet. And The DAILY WORKER is strong—with the potential strength of the working class, with those enormous reserves of revolutionary energy which are beginning to come to the fore and which will in due time destroy all the enemy's power.

We are not strong yet—this very moment, but we are strong with the future battles of the working class for which it has already begun to mobilize in the coal fields, in the clothing shops, in the textile mills, in the automobile plants. We are the future. Victory is with us, for history is on our side. The enemy is doomed, for he can advance nothing if the workers understand their own interests and their own historic task.

All this is felt by the worker who puts it in such clear and simple words: "We cannot permit our enemies to celebrate such a victory."

No, we cannot permit, and we will not permit the enemy to wrest the weapon from the hands of the working class.

We will tide The DAILY WORKER over its present difficult position. We will make The DAILY WORKER live more vigorously, more fully—as the guiding banner of the revolutionary working class.

The DAILY WORKER is anchored in the hearts and lives of the class-conscious workers. With them, supported by their militant aid, the paper will continue to be what it has been—the great challange to the capitalist world.

Correction

The mine program of anthracite district 7 was adopted by 150 representatives from 20 local unions which met at Hazelton, Pa., on June 3, instead of by the Tri-district Save-the-Union committee as was inaccurately stated by the DAILY WORKER yesterday.

CHILD IMMIGRANTS.

Since 1868 approximately 90,000 child immigrants have been brought into Canada from the British Isles through the organized activity of overseas juvenile emigration agencies.

HANdOuTS

DETERMINATION to protect American institutions at any cost is seen in the fact that the wedding cake of Katherine Smith, daughter of Al, arrived at the gubernatorial mansion under police escort. Unemployed workers who are willing to labor a whole day for a chunk of bacon rind will be delighted to learn from the following lines that the wedding guests did not go hungry:

"The cake was brought to Albany from New York city on the night boat, with maitre d'hotel Malnatti of the Biltmore Hotel, donor of the three tiered creation in personal charge, aided by chefs and stewards. After the various sections of the great cake were carried to the executive mansion, Malnatti and his assistants spent all morning and part of the afternoon assembling their work of art."

* * *

THE republican party will appreciate the following words of Dr. Ely, physician of the payroll-padding expert Mrs. Knapp, who says it is unfair to regard her as guilty when everybody else in the party is getting as much or more:

"Mrs. Knapp is the victim of a frame-up. She took the rap for others. She knows far more than she told. Instead of throwing her cards on the table, she preferred to cover up others. She is the victim of a true loyalty to her party."

* * *

Views of the Big City

The above is a snapshot of the stockyards at Forty-second Ave. and Lexington Ave., showing cattle being herded into I. R. T. cars to be shipped to the Bronx. It is reported from reliable sources that the Interborough subway plans to bring in a skilled crew of Norwegian sardine packers to get more results from its Times Square factory. But no matter how tragic a ride in the subway is if you happen to be bringing home a dozen eggs the I. R. T. always provides comic relief in its quaint "Subway Sun." The latest issue of this wall newspaper contains the following joke "Fifteen years ago a nickle was worth a nickle. Now a nickle is worth only 3 cents. That is why the Interborough cannot properly pay its way on a five cent fare." This also explains why worker today is so much more able to pay a seven-cent fare. The Interborough is as logical as its passengers are comfortable.

Young Workers League Warns Against Wagner

Editor, The DAILY WORKER:

The Young Workers (Communist) League, New York district, wants to warn all labor and friendly organizations against a certain "Mr. Wagner" who claims to represent an organization known as the "International Students' Club" at 225 Broadway.

This individual made arrangements for a meeting to demand David Gordon's release, and claimed that he had obtained prominent Communist leaders to speak at this meeting. Upon investigation, it was found that the International Students' Club was non-existent; that the speakers advertized never agreed to speak, and that the whole affair was obviously intended to be used for personal gain.

On further investigation, it was also found that in the name of the organization he claimed to represent, he had obtained collection lists from the Penn-Ohio Miners' Relief Committee and from the Youth Conference for Miners' Relief. It was definitely established that he had raised funds on both of these lists but never turned them in.

This same "Mr. Wagner" obtained $36 in books from the Jimmy Higgins Book Store before that concern went out of business. The Young Workers (Communist) League at the same time warns all workers against the eavesdropping activities carried on by this individual.

TWO MINERS INJURED.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., June 13.—Two Lehigh Valley Coal Company employes were injured this morning in separate collieries by falls of rock. The condition of each is reported critical this afternoon by the General Hospital.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1928

CONVENTION CALL GOES OUT TO ALL MINE SECTIONS

REPUBLICAN PARTY IGNORES NEEDS OF WORKERS, FARMERS

Police Disperse Western Delegates as Bankers Ridicule Planks of Minority

Reaction Firm in Saddle Rides Roughshod Over All Appeals of Voters

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

KANSAS CITY, June 14.—With cynical disregard to the demands of millions of farmers verging on bankruptcy, with utter contempt for the crying needs of 5,000,000 industrial workers unemployed and a still larger total working at a wage below the minimum of subsistence, the leaders of the republican party, bankers, railroad magnates, corporation lawyers, under the leadership of the third richest man in the world, Andrew Mellon, secretary of the treasury, sat down today to frame the platform which will be offered to the country in the coming election campaign.

Self-Appointed Leaders.

Thirty minutes was allowed the self-appointed "leaders" of the farmers who have come to the convention to bargain away the spirit of revolt of the agricultural masses, to present their case. Cries of "No," "No," arose from banker representatives to the allotment of so much time. While these so-called farmers' representatives spoke, Mellon, sitting with the Pennsylvania delegation, drew a batch of letters from his brief case and busied himself with other business in an open show of contempt for the speaker. Other delegates left the hall altogether and did not return until the speaker had concluded.

Less than one third of the time allotted the farm speakers, it is expected, will be allowed William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, when he appears with his so-called non-partisan political committee to kneel at the feet of this capitalist party convention to beg for crumbs for the labor bureaucrats.

Pick Candidate.

A minority report handed in by Senator Robert M. LaFollette, Jr., which made certain gestures towards farm relief and concessions to labor was voted down by the convention 817 to 267. Having rejected the demands of the more liberal elements the convention today got down to the cut and dried task of picking a running mate for Herbert Hoover who is almost certain to receive the nomination for the presidency.

Indications are that some middle western candidate will be picked for the vice-presidency as a sop to the farm populations which may not be contented with the enormous "concession" of a federal farm bureau written into the majority report of the platform.

* * *

Police Disperse Farmers.

KANSAS CITY, June 14. — The morning's session of the national convention of the republican party opened with empty seats, there being not more than one-fourth of the delegates present. Outside the hall were seated on the streets curbs the farmers and farmer delegates who yesterday were ejected from the hall and dispersed by the police.

The order of business was the report of the resolutions' committee, the chairman of which was Senator Smoot of Utah, who made the majority report. After patting the republican party on the back with the usual demagogy he spent the rest of his time apologyzing for the marines being in Nicaragua, and handing out the usual bunk about a free and impartial election being the purpose of the convention.

TRAIN WRECK IN JERSEY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., June 14.—Two man were severely injured and ten others badly bruised and lacerated yesterday afternoon when a locomotive and a work train of the Jersey Central Railroad overturned.

COMMUNISTS TO WAGE INTENSIVE ELECTION DRIVE

Foster and Gitlow Will Visit Chief Cities

While the puppet show at Kansas City decides on which mannikin shall be the presidential candidate of big business, William Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow, candidates for president and vice-president, respectively, of the Workers (Communist) Party are preparing to carry the banner of the workingclass thruout the country.

An intensive campaign is being planned on a nation-wide scale, during which Foster and Gitlow will visit all the principal cities of the United States. The workers will be called upon to rally to the only party that is fighting for their interests and against the finance capitalism that holds them in its grip.

NANKING BOASTS LABOR BETRAYAL

Asks Recognition for Treason to Workers

SHANGHAI, June 14.—The Kuomintang, in the person of General Pai Chung-hsi, yesterday demanded recognition of the great powers because it had undertaken the task of eradicating Communism from China.

Taking possession of the Yang Tu Ting's palace in Peking, Pai Ghung-hsi, self-styled "terror of the Communists," under whose administration thousands of militant Chinese workers have been beheaded while hundreds have been thrown into the Chinese dungeons, issued this appeal to the western powers to recognize and cooperate with the Nanking government in the further suppression of the Chinese working class.

"The rest of the world does not know that the Kuomintang is the staunch bulwark against the spread of Communism in the Far East," Pai Chung-hsi declared.

1 Woman Worker Dead, 3 Others Burnt in Fire

WEYMOUTH, Mass., June 14.—One woman was burned to death and a number of other persons sustained injuries and burns in a fire which razed the Colonial Manor, an inn here, early this morning.

The dead woman, Mrs. Annie Olsen, was employed as a dishwasher by the hotel. Mary Murdock, a waitress, sustained a broken leg and dislocated shoulder in jumping from her room.

"GETTING AWAY WITH IT"

Power Trust Man Tells of "Publicity"

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Additional details of the high-handed propaganda methods of the power trust were revealed here at today's hearing before the federal trade commission's utility investigation.

Hugh M. Blain testified regarding his organization, the "Louisiana-Mississippi committee on public utility information" had been sending his publication, the Public Service Magazine to legislators since 1924.

Especially illuminating was a letter introduced in evidence today which was received by Blain from Charles W. Person, secretary of the publicity section of the American Gas Association. Congratulating Blain on the publication of his publicity organ, "Miss Lou's Review," Person wrote:

"I wouldn't dare to attempt any such thing in the schools here in the [illegible]. I don't see how you get away with it."

Appeal to Labor Organizations to Save Daily Worker in Crisis

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER.

COMRADES:—

The DAILY WORKER calls upon you to concentrate your efforts upon organizations of workers, today (Friday), and tomorrow (Saturday), to obtain donations, and to rush funds as quickly as possible to this office.

Yesterday's receipts of the campaign to save The DAILY WORKER fell very low — only $670.40 being received. An average of more than $1,200 for each of the remaining days of this week should have been the rate of receipts to meet the ultimatum of creditors, by which we are required to secure a total of $10,000 by tomorrow night. Thus far the drive has raised $6,864.86.

The receipts of the campaign up to last night are:

Last week:	Monday	$ 161.99
	Tuesday	464.55
	Wednesday	556.30
	Thursday	576.60
	Friday	695.00
	Saturday	705.77
This week:	Monday	1,660.40
	Tuesday	661.20
	Wednesday	712.65
	Thursday	670.40
Total to last night		$6,864.86

To complete the absolutely necessary $10,000, there is still to be raised $3,135.14. Can this still be raised before tomorrow night? This is a question of perilous meaning to The DAILY WORKER.

The Managament Committee is of the opinion that all efforts should be concentrated upon securing big contributions from workers organizations today and tomorrow. We ask you to do so. We are encouraged to expect some good results by such letters as the following:

> GARY, Indiana, June 12, 1928.
>
> COMRADES:—
>
> Realizing the danger of the only laboring paper publishing in English in U. S. of A., our society in the last membership meeting donated $100.00 (one hundred dollars), which you will find enclosed.
>
> GARY WORKERS' COOPERATIVE SOCIETY.

Such contributions count heavily in the total. For instance, organized Cigar Workers of Tampa, Florida, recently telegraphed to this office $290.00 for the campaign to same The DAILY WORKER. Comrades, a few quick and enthusiastic efforts such as these will save the revolutionary daily of our class.

Please rush all possible contributions by telegraph, airmail or special delivery TODAY and Saturday. Try to get as large a total as you can into this office before the ultimatum of our creditors expires Saturday night. We are confident that you will.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

AID NECESSARY AS DANGER NEARS

Workers Must Increase Pace to Save Paper

The outlooks once more looks black for The DAILY WORKER, with only $670.40 received yesterday to save the paper from suspending publication. This brings the total of contributions to $6,864.86, more than $3,000 short of the $10,000 that must be raised by Saturday.

Workers, do not slacken your pace now. Redouble your efforts, make every sacrifice to keep the only fighting workingclass newspaper in the English language from going under.

The following contributions were received yesterday:

Yarmolinitz Podoler, Br. 91 W. C., N. Y., $15; S. Brener, Detroit, Mich., $5; Committee for Support of Chinese Workers and Peasants' Revolution in America, San Francisco, Calif., $10; Workers (Communist) Party, Baltimore, Md., $25; E. Fitch, Newark, N. J., $10; Tom and Roy Skroza, Hartford, Conn., $5; Mildred Gaims, Denver, Colo., $2; M. Lundquist, Rockford, Ill., $1; E. Wallin, Rockford, Ill., $1; Ellis Carlson, Rockford, Ill., $1; Augruhson, Rockford, Ill., $1; Ed. Tanron, Rockford, Ill., $1; Emil Pedbeck, Rockford, Ill., $1; T. Anderson, Rockford, Ill., $1; Gust Johnson, Rockford, Ill., $1; T. Lindgren, Rockford, Ill., $1; P. Carlson, Rockford, Ill., $1; Fred Johnson, Rockford, Ill., $1; United Council of Workingclass W., Council 12, Bronx, N. Y., $5.50; Joe Mikovic, Leipsic, Ohio, $2; R. Gablen, NYC, $1; J. Berger, NYC, 50c; F. Stuart, NYC, 50c; G. Watson, NYC, 50c; Alfred, NYC, 25c; P. Beck, NYC, 50c; Abramovitz, NYC, $5; Anus, NYC, $5; Zanov, NYC, $1; Molnar, NYC, $1; X, NYC, $1; Jensen, NYC, $2; Kate, NYC, $1; Elkin, NYC, $1; Tepper, NYC, $2; Krupnick, NYC, $1; Dowhka, NYC, $5; Milgrom, NYC, $1; Melman, NYC, $1; Chobnick, NYC, $2; John, NYC, $2; Cymbola, NYC, $1; M. K., NYC, $1; Lurie, NYC, 50c; Brown, NYC, $5; Chasanowitz, NYC, $1; Etler, NYC, $2; I. Brown, NYC, 50c; Friedman, NYC $1; Silber, NYC, 50c; Roy Mraz, Massillon, O., $6; Chas. J. Corne, Kansas City, Mo., $5; Margaret Helander, Outlook, Mont., $5; Leonard Auberger, East Liverpool, O., $5; C. D. McLennan, Seattle, Wash., $2; John S. Cookerby, Los Angeles, Cal., $5; Amer. Lithuanian Workers' Literary Society, Branch 25, Baltimore, Md., $10; Chester Branch Workers Party, Chester, Pa., $5; Martha Jurva, New Castle, Pa., $10; F. Ackley, Philadelphia, Pa., $1; H. Zimmerman, Baltimore, Md., $1; Ferdinand W. Reed, Cambridge, Mass., $5; M. Kochkowski, Cleveland, O., $1; John Wild, Gloversville, N. Y., $1; Morris L. Landerman, McKees Rocks, Pa., $5; S. Hirsh, Philadelphia, Pa., $3; I. V. Stanley, Wilkes Barre, Pa., $1; Ph. Wentzel, Waverley, Mass., $1; Alex Wielachowski, Newark, N. J., $2; Ch. Homatas, Baltimore, Md., $1; G. Ignitewf, Washington, D. C., $2; G. Trusneff, Washington, D. C., $1; Victor Maki, Chester, Mass., $7; A. L. D. L. D. No. 190, Cleveland, O., $8.05; Abe Epstein, Stamford, Conn., $1; Morris Norkin, Sea Gate, C. I., N. Y., $2; S. Hadinca, Boston, Mass., $1; A. Lassila, Newport, N. H., $24; J. Kaslanskas, Plymouth, Mass., $5; G. Saskovich, Plymouth, Mass., $1; J. Samokaitis, Plymouth, Mass., $5; A. Melaske, Plymouth, Mass., $1; M. Karson, Plymouth, Mass., $1; J. Krutulis, Plymouth, Mass., $1; J. Chelick, Plymouth, Mass., $1; A. Chadnick, Plymouth, Mass., $1; F. Koimkevicia, Plymouth, Mass., $1; Unit 1F, Long Island Section, N. Y., $15; Street Nucleus 5, Detroit, Mich., $1; Street Nucleus 9, Detroit, Mich., $6.75; Street Nucleus 1, Detroit, Mich., $32; Br. 1, Y. W. L., Detroit, Mich., $4; Str. Nuc. 3, Detroit, Mich., $5.25; Emil Folk, Detroit, Mich., $3; T. Mullen, Detroit, Mich., $2; Shop

(Continued on Page Two)

Leaders Active in Formation of New Mine Union

John Watt (right) and Pat Toohey, two leading militants of the new miners' union which is calling a national convention for Pittsburgh, September 9-16. A call has been sent out to every organized and unorganized section in the country.

MINE CONFERENCE CONCLUDES TASKS

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 14.—Executive officers of the reorganized districts of the United Mine Workers of America and leaders of the insurgent movement from other states, adjourned their conference late yesterday afternoon in Walton Hall, Stanwix St., to return to their districts. They will continue the campaign to take control of the locals and districts for the National Conference in Pittsburgh, September 9, which will organize a new miners' union. An arrangement committee for the National Conference will meet today to make provisions for carrying out the decisions of the conference.

One representative from each district in the miners' union and the unorganized territories together with the entire progressive leadership of district five and John J. Watt as chairman, will comprise the committee.

Discuss Situation.

In the afternoon session, delegates discussed the situation in each district, telling how locals in Ohio, Illinois, Kansas, Indiana, etc., refused to deal any longer with the autocratic officialdom. Others described how locals had been thrown out of the union because they supported progressive policies.

In summing up the work of the conference, George Voyzey, president of the Illinois district said, "Now is the time for decisive action. Under the Lewis administration, we would be forced into open-shopdom or company unionism. We have been betrayed by these false leaders too many times. Now we must all unite to unload these misleaders and build a real miners' union; a powerful, progressive organization of miners who will fight as we did in the old days before the Lewis machine split it into fragments and expelled those thousands of militants—whole locals—who dared protest against his union-wrecking policies."

According to John J. Watt, the greatest task confronting the progressive movement, is the organization of the non-union miners in West Virginia, Kentucky, Pennsylvania and where the union has disintegrated "This has been one of Lewis' most serious crimes to the union, his stubborn refusal to draw the unorganized miners into our union. We will undertake this task with all possible vigor."

REFUSE TO FREE FRENCH DEPUTIES

Communists Are Kept in Prison

PARIS, June 14.—The fight to force the release of Cachin, Doriot and Marty, Communist deputies now in prison, was temporarily halted by a tactic of Premier Poincare in the Chamber of Deputies today.

Refusing to permit discussion on the motion, Poincare won a victory by making it a question of confidence. The chamber thereupon approved the government's motion.

STEWART, BIG OIL MAN, ACQUITTED

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Following the precedent set in the trials of oil grafters and jury tamperers, Robert W. Stewart, chairman of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana was today acquitted of contempt of court.

Stewart was indicted following his refusal to answer questions put him by the senate oil committee relative to Liberty Bond oil property of the Continental Trading Company. The latter was a fraudulent concern organized for the purpose of financing the republican campaign of 1924.

GERMAN BOURSE SAGS.

BERLIN, June 14.—Wall Street cast its shadow on the Berlin bourse this week, prices slumping generally as the New York market sagged.

HISTORIC MESSAGE BRINGS NEW HOPE TO COAL DIGGERS

Districts Take Up Tasks of Building New Union As Officers Return Home

Mine Relief Assumes First Importance With Need Everywhere Growing Acute

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, June 14.—Sent broadcast to every organized and unorganized mine district the call, issued yesterday by the Pittsburgh conference of mine executives, appeals to the nearly one million coal diggers in the country to muster their forces for the formation of a new mine union.

In the long document which is destined to make history for the American labor movement there is traced the record of struggles and achievement of the miners during a whole generation, ending with the treachery and wreck of the organization by the corrupt Lewis machine and the plans for the formation of a new union at the coming convention in September.

The call follows:

Pittsburgh, June 12, 1928.

To all members of the United Mine Workers of America.
Miners in the unorganized districts:
Greeting:

The time is now ripe for the rank and file miners to put a definite end to the domination of the corrupt and reactionary Lewis machine which has wrecked the once powerful United Mine Workers of America. To get rid of these false leaders and to establish an organization capable of uniting the great masses of unorganized miners and of protecting the interests of all the workers in the industry, are the purposes of the great national miners' convention which will be held in Pittsburgh, Pa., September 9-16.

The United Mine Workers of America was built by rank and file miners through a whole generation of struggle. Its history is full of heroic efforts of the miners to build it into a real union in the face of starvation, suffering, bloody assaults from company gunmen, organized attacks by the police, troops, injunctions, and courts of the government in the service of the coal operators, and all-too-often betrayals by the union's official leaders. Lattimer, Cabin Creek, Ludlow, are only a few of the glorious names in the early battles to establish the union. Nor were these struggles without success. With unbreakable solidarity and unconquerable fighting spirit, the miners slowly built the union. Gradually the organization extended its influence into almost every coal district and it brought about far-reaching improvements in the conditions of the miners. Powerful, progressive and militant, it stood at the head of the whole trade union movement.

But since the reactionary Lewis clique came into power the advance of the union has been stopped and the organization has gone rapidly downhill. Because of the criminally wrong policies of Lewis and his crowd, the union has lost heavily in membership, it has lost its one-time control of the industry, its former fighting spirit and progressivism have been swamped by reaction and conservatism. Meanwhile the improvements in wages and working conditions won in many a hard fought battle, have been gradually taken away from us by the operators. The UMWA is now practically ruined. When Lewis took hold of it only a few years ago it was a flourishing, growing, fighting union. Now it is a wreck. Lewis' reactionary policies have broken it and disorganized the miners in the face of the enemy.

Lewis' crimes against the miners, his wrong policies that have ruined our union and destroyed union conditions in the mines, are innumerable. It is a black record of betrayal of the workers and subservience to the employers. Merely to cite a few of them is to prove the Lewis regime the worst that has ever cursed any body of organized miners in the world's labor movement. Among the many union-wrecking, condition-destroying policies of the Lewis machine are the following:

1. ALLEGIANCE WITH THE COAL OPERATORS.

The Lewis leaders, the Fagans, Cappelinis, Murrays, Kennedys, Mitchels, Mattys, Macks, Halls, Fishwicks, etc., are the tools and agents of the coal operators. They belong to the same political organizations as the operators, which make up the government that attacks the miners. They usually go directly into the service of the coal operators after leaving union office. Often they are on the payroll of the employers and the union at the same time. Always they are the lick-spittles of the bosses. The Lewis regime is the very symbol as well as the product of company control of the union. It is this alliance with the operators which is the source of the reactionary policies that have wrecked the union.

2. REFUSAL TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED.

To unite the great masses of unorganized miners is a life and death problem for us. But Lewis has stubbornly refused to solve this great problem, and has sabotaged every attempt of the rank and file miners to accomplish it themselves. His agent in West Virginia, Van Bittner, tool of the bosses, is a pledge to the operators in that state that Lewis will not organize their men. Lewis betrayed the big strike of the unorganized in Pennsylvania during the 1922 national struggle, and he sabotaged the 1928 strike in the unorganized fields. Lewis' policy is to surrender the unorganized districts to the operators. As a result, the power of the union has steadily weakened, until now the whole organization is in a state of collapse.

3. STRIKE BETRAYALS.

Lewis, to gain favor with his friends the coal operators, has never hesitated to break strikes. Thus he smashed strikes in Kansas and Nova Scotia, ruining the union in those districts. Lewis' betrayal of the Fayette-Somerset-Westmoreland miners in

(Continued on Page Two)

SHOOT GREEK STRIKERS

10 Tobacco Workers Killed, 40 Wounded

ATHENS, Greece, June 14.—Determined to crush by terror and violence the quickly spreading strike of tobacco workers, police and troops today shot into a demonstration, killing six workers and wounding over 40.

The attack took place at Xanthi and was entirely unprovoked. Bitterness at the slaughter of the workers is causing the strike to spread in many cities. Yesterday cavalry charged the strikers at Drama, wounding ten.

The striking workers are employed for the most part by American tobacco firms, and principally by the American Tobacco Company.

A large number of meetings are being held thruout Greece in protest against the [illegible].

Twenty-Four Berlin Workers' Delegations Demand Amnesty Law in Reichstag

CONVENTION CALL BRINGS NEW HOPE TO MINE WORKERS

Rank and File Plan to Build Union

(Continued from Page One)

1922 was not only one of the most treasonable acts in the history of the entire labor movement but also one of the biggest disasters in the life of the UMWA. In the recent Colorado strike the UMWA officials played a strike-breaking part. Lewis' whole handling of the present bituminous strike situation, with his policies of separate agreements, reliance on corrupt politicians, and fake senate investigation, collaboration with the companies to drive out the unemployed, etc., is a record of betrayal. The general effect has been to isolate the strikers in Pennsylvania and Ohio and to enable the employers to shatter the strikers' forces at their leisure, thus undermining the whole miners' organization. Because of Lewis' criminal attitude the strike is now in a desperate situation. It faces the greatest dangers. The striking miners continue to struggle with unequalled heroism against Lewis' systematic treachery, wholesale arrests, and terrorism by the companies, police, etc.

4. Splitting the ranks of the miners.

Instead of extending the fighting front of the miners and making the demand for a national agreement to cover all miners a central policy of the union, which is now more necessary than ever in the face of the growing power of the coal operators, Lewis has systematically followed a program of dividing the miners against themselves, of narrowing down the fighting front of the union. One phase of this fatal policy was to split the anthracite miners from the bituminous miners by separate agreements expiring at different times. The five-year anthracite agreement was a crime against the miners. Another phase was the strike-breaking system of signing up some mines of a given company while the rest of its mines were permitted to operate open shop. In the present strike Lewis carried this policy of division still further by practicing a program of district and individual operator settlements. Even before the strike began he abandoned all fight for the Central Competitive field agreement. In a situation imperatively demanding a national strike. Lewis fought desperately against all efforts to spread the strike. He split the Miners' Union into bits, isolating the strikers in the key districts of Pennsylvania and Ohio and making the union an easy victim for the open shop operators. His whole strike policy has been a crime against the miners.

5. Speed-up agents of the operators

Lewis, Cappelini, Fishwick, etc., have become the speed-up agents, the slave drivers, of the bosses. In Illinois and the anthracite districts they are working hand in hand with the operators to introduce machinery and new driving systems at the expense of the workers. They disregard altogether that the job of union officials is to defend the interests of the workers at all times, not to become production experts for the employers. Thus while prosperity comes to the coal operators, conditions grow worse for the miners and the union is rapidly weakening. Lewis and his crowd want to turn the UMWA into practically a company union.

6. Betrayal of the unemployed.

The question of unemployment is a life and death matter for the miners. Never were so many of us out of work. Never was unemployment so chronic. The only way even temporary relief can be secured is by the establishment of the 6-hour day and 5-day week, and by the development of a system of government unemployment benefits. But Lewis opposes these vital proposals. Instead of this, he joins hands with the employers, demanding that 300,000 miners be forced out of the coal industry. This means they would have to starve in the general army of unemployed, which at present amounts to at least 4,000,000. Lewis also puts forward the employers' proposal for closing the so-called "uneconomic" mines and for the trustification of the coal industry. This would throw still greater masses into permanent unemployment, hasten the break-up of the union and strengthen the employers at the expense of the workers. The whole scheme is an open shop plan for the coal industry. John L. Lewis, agent of the operators, is its loudest advocate. Small wonder that recently he was publicly thanked by that big mogul of the open shoppers, John D. Rockefeller, Jr.

7. Abolition of union democracy.

Under Lewis' control the old-time union democracy of the UMWA has been completely destroyed. Elections are stolen; conventions are packed; the appointive power is autocratically used; everything is done by the crooked Lewis machine to prevent rank and file expression. The union is controlled by gunmen and sluggers closely allied to the coal companies. To accomplish any real change of leadership and policy in the UMWA through democratic procedure has become impossible. Union democracy is dead in the UMWA. The corrupt bureaucracy rules with a Mussolini-like autocracy.

8. Killing of progressivism and militancy.

The UMWA was once the most progressive union in the labor movement. It supported the labor party and industrial unionism, and it gave its active aid to every forward cause of the workers. It was an old enemy of the Gompers gang. Its splendid fighting spirit was well known in the American labor movement. But the Lewis machine has choked this progressive spirit. The Lewis program is "co-operation" with the employers, which means surrender to them. He has substituted fake "arbitration" methods for a real fighting policy. Controlling the union with gangster methods, the Lewis clique, in spite of the progressive attitude of the rank and file, have put the union on record against every progressive measure it ever stood for. They have rejected the old-time labor party policy and officially endorsed the reactionary program of supporting candidates on the tickets of the republican and democratic parties. They have flagrantly discriminated against Negroes and foreign born workers and the youth. They have degenerated the union into a supporter of the most reactionary elements in the A. F. of L. bureaucracy. They have filled the whole organization with pessimism and reaction. With its program of constant retreat, and with close support from coal operators, the Lewis gang has systematically warred against all militancy in the union, ruthelssly expelling hundreds of individuals and locals, the best fighters among the miners, simply because they have dared to insist upon a progressive, fighting policy, a real defense of the miners' interests.

9. Official graft and corruption.

The Lewis leaders are a body of self-seekers who have no other aim than to enrich themselves at the expense of the miners. Fabulous salaries, swollen expense accounts, graft from the employers, they use as means to this end. They live in mansions, while the miners suffer dire poverty in company houses and flimsy barracks. The depths of the UMWA officials' corruption were amply illustrated at the last international convention where Lewis and Murray used the packed delegations to raise their salaries to $12,000 and $9,000 yearly, although the union faced a life and death crisis. All through the long, bitter months that the Pennsylvania and Ohio miners have been starving and striking on a dollar or two a week relief money, these false leaders of labor have been drawing their enormous salaries and living on the fat of the land. From such venal, corrupt leaders the miners can only expect treachery and defeat. To get rid of them is the first condition to the establishment of a real union and union conditions in the mining industry.

The inevitable result of all these corruptions, betrayals, and wrong policies by the UMWA leadership is the present breakdown of the union. No union could survive with such misleadership. The UMWA is now rapidly decaying. Four years ago it controlled 70 percent of bituminous coal production; now it controls hardly 20 percent. And even this small control is being taken away by the present great drive of the operators. In Pennsylvania and Ohio the strike is in a most critical position after the 14 months of struggle. In Illinois and Indiana the Union is falling to pieces; the agreements being signed up are rank fakes. A similar condition exists in Kansas and other bituminous districts. West Virginia has been lost altogether, even as Colorado, Alabama, Kentucky, etc. Disintegration of union conditions and breakdown of the organization also sets in the anthracite districts; the policies of Cappelini and other Lewis agents, who have supported the infamous contractor system by a murderous reign of terror, are doing their deadly work. The Brennans and Boylans, who, while posing as progressives, refuse to fight Lewis and the basic evils in the union, are adding to the demoralization. The anthracite operators are now preparing to deliver a deadly attack against the union, either when the present agreement ends or sooner.

The only possible conclusion to be drawn from the situation is that the UMWA is falling rapidly to pieces. The Lewis clique try to explain away the breakdown of the union by blaming it upon overproduction in the coal industry. But this attempt is useless. With proper policies the union could have not only kept its position in the industry despite the coal crisis, but is could have strengthened itself. The collapse of the UMWA under the attacks of the operators and the government is the inevitable, inescapable result of the long record of treachery and reaction of the Lewis machine.

Must Build New Union.

To rebuild the collapsing UMWA into a powerful and progressive organization is impossible. We must build a new miners' union. Experience proves this. It is not possible to have the UMWA, dominated as it is by the Lewis gang, adopt the honest leadership and progressive policies necessary to save it from the destruction to which it is now travelling so rapidly. Democracy is dead in the UMWA. The Lewis officials, tools of the operators and hopelessly reactionary, hang onto the union with a death clutch, refusing themselves to undertake measures necessary to revive the union, and, with the help of the operators, blocking every effort of the rank and file to enforce the adoption of such policies. During the past two years the masses of miners, in the Save-the-Union movement, have demanded and fought for the necessary changes in leadership and policy. We have pointed out the deadly, ever deepening crisis of the union. We have carried majorities in union elections and conventions. We have held protest conferences in many districts, culminating in the great conference of 1125 delegates in Pittsburgh, Pa., on April 1st, 1928. We have initiated direct campaigns to organize the unorganized into the UMWA. We have tried to extend the present strike nationally so that it might be won.

But all our struggles to save and rebuild the UMWA have not budged the corrupt Lewis machine. This crowd of false leaders, supported by the coal operators, cling autocratically to control of the union, in spite of all rank and file efforts to dislodge them. Their policies are now more reactionary than ever. They maintain their control by terrorism and corruption. Our warnings of the dangerous position of the union have been ignored. Our efforts to elect an honest leadership have been defeated by wholesale stealing of elections. Shameful packing of the union conventions with false delegates has stripped the conventions of all rank and file expression.

Our efforts to organize the unorganized, to spread and win the bituminous strike, have been sabotaged. Our demand for a policy that would build the UMWA into an organization capable of defending the living standards of ourselves and our families has been met by organized campaigns of terrorism by the Lewis forces. Our efforts to develop the UMWA into a fighting organization have been resisted by expulsions from the union and blacklist from the industry. After the April 1st Save-the-Union Conference, many thousands of miners, many of whom have been on strike 14 months, were expelled from the union and denied strike relief. This was a strike breaking policy. The result of all this reaction and terrorism has been to disarm the UMWA in the face of the employers' attacks and to lead it to its present break up.

Mistake to Cling to UMWA.

It would be a disastrous mistake for us to cling any longer to the UMWA as the union of the miners. Locked in the death clutch of the corrupt Lewis gang and shattered by the employers' attacks, it cannot protect the interests of the miners. To depend further on the broken UMWA as our organization would be for us to sink deeper and deeper into open shop slavery. We must build a new union. We must take the situation in hand ourselves and break the control of the Lewis gang. We must organize a new miners' union, one with an honest progressive leadership and a fighting policy. In this way alone can we organize the unorganized, resist wage cuts, bring about the 6-hour day and 5-day week, relieve unemployment, and establish a national agreement for all miners. Only a new union can shatter the control of the Lewis machine. Only with a new, vigorous, powerful union can we put a halt to the open shop drive of the operators and re-establish union conditions in the mining industry, and prepare ourselves for the great struggles ahead in the industry.

To establish the new Miners' Union is the purpose of the great national miners' convention, to be held in Pittsburgh, September 9-16. The undersigned, representing the newly reorganized districts of the UMWA, and the progressive opposition in the other districts, and speaking in the name of the majority of miners, call upon all locals of the UMWA to send delegates to this convention, on the basis of one delegate for each 100 members. We also call upon the unorganized miners to hold conferences and send delegates on the same basis, thus helping the work of organizing the unorganized.

Time for Action!

We must not surrender the rank and file organization in the UMWA to the Lewis machine. We must win the locals, sub-districts and districts for the new organization and send delegates from them to the Pittsburgh Convention. Only in this way can we save what remains of value in the UMWA. Only in this way can we save unionism in the coal industry.

Miners! Now is the time for decisive action. Lewis and his whole rotten machine must go. Build a new Miners' Union. Take control of your local unions and swing them into the new organization. Come to the National Miners' Convention.

Greet Strikers.

Strikers! We fraternally greet you in your wonderful struggle for the Jacksonville scale and the right to organize in the face of the opposition of the combined operators and union misleaders. You have been systematically betrayed by the Lewis machine. We must now all unite to unload these false leaders and to build a real Miners' Union. We call upon workers everywhere to support the Pennsylvania-Ohio strike. Send all relief contributions to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Anthracite miners! Stand solidly with the bituminous miners for the new union. Only such a union can abolish the contractor evil and do away with the arbitration-conciliation swindle. Beware of these false leaders who advocate the formation of a separate union of the hard coal miners. Send delegates to the National Miners' Convention.

Miners of the unorganized districts! Now is the time to organize. Lewis and his corrupt agents have betrayed you time and again. But the new Miners' Union will recognize as its first task the organization of the unorganized and will undertake this job with all possible vigor. Hold conferences and send delegates to the Pittsburgh Convention.

Workers of the whole labor movement! Support the National Miners' Convention. Our fight is your fight. Our struggle against the reactionary Lewis machine, which has wrecked our union, is part of your general fight against the whole corrupt A. F. of L. leadership, which has brought the entire labor movement into a deep crisis.

Miners, stand together!

Lewis and his whole corrupt machine must go.

Build a new Miners' Union.

Come to the National Miners' Convention.

Imperialism Gets Ready

Germany, which will be ruled by a coalition government headed by a social-democrat, isn't letting any grass grow under her feet as far as preparations for the next imperialist war are concerned. Photo shows two residents of Berlin wearing the gas masks which all German citizens are being taught to use as part of the general "preparedness" drill.

CALL IS ISSUED TO WORKERS OF U.S.A. TO SAVE BELA KUN

Labor Defense Urges Mass Protest

A call has been issued by the New York section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, to all class conscious workers and working class organizations to renew their efforts to save Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, from being deported to fascist Hungary, and to demand his immediate and unconditional release.

The call, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the New York section, states:

"The trial of Bela Kun, leader of the Hungarian proletarian revolution of 1919, has been set for June 26th in Vienna.

"Only the united pressure of the workers of the world can compel the inquisitors who will sit in judgment over Bela Kun—over the whole workingclass—one June 26th to release him. They are planning to hand him over to the Hungarian terrorists so that he may be murdered. Their plans must be stopped! Workers, working class organizations, act now! Protest, adopt resolutions demanding the immediate and unconditional release of Bela Kun! Down with international fascism! Bela Kun must be saved!"

Farm Protest Mild Ripple in Waves of Bunk at Wall Street Convention

FARMERS DO NOT CHOOSE TO VOTE FOR HOOVER
AND WE DON'T MEAN MAYBE!

Photo on left shows a view of the opening of the republican nominating convention, where big business is picking its puppet for president. On the right, two farmers carrying a banner of protest. The farmers, who were the pawns of a different set of republican fakers, were twice thrown out of the convention hall when several hundred of them attempted to enter.

Newest Sovkino Film "Station Master" Opens at Cameo

The film version of "The Station Master," the latest and newest output of the Russian Soviet studio, will have its American premiere at the Cameo Theatre tomorrow. The author of the story, Alexander S. Pushkin, is considered as one of the great Russian writers along with Dostovieski, Tolstoy, Tohekov and Gorki. He writes, as do the others, humanly and with a fine dramatic power and in the particular piece selected for picturization he displays this talent conspicuously.

Moskvin

Ivan Moskvin, of the Moscow Art Theatre interprets the title role, and he has been acknowledged both here and abroad as one of the three greatest actors this generation has produced. His unique ability at illuminating a character by attention to details is especially suited to realistic parts such as accorded him in Pushkin's creation. Every scene in "The Station Master" was made at the exact spots which the author indicted in his story and an all-Russian cast supported Moskvin who directed as well as starred. The film arrives on an American screen after having met with great success in Europe. It has been acclaimed in England, France and Germany as a masterpiece. In Germany the film was called the Russian "Last Laugh" and Moskvin's work was held by many critics to be superior to that of Jannings. The Russian studio responsible for the production was Sovkino, producers of "The End of St. Petersburg," "Potemkin" and "Czar Ivan the Terrible."

As an incidental attraction on the Cameo program there is showing "The Suicide of a Hollywood Extra," filmed by Robert Florey at a total cost of $97.

Contributions Urged to Save Daily Worker

(Continued from Page One)

Nucleus 3, Detroit, Mich., $30; Shop Nucleus 1, Detroit, Mich., $26; Frank Gayer, Detroit, Mich., $2; Sam Regon, Duvango, Colo., $1; Chelsea Mothers' League, Chelsea, Mass., $5; James Saravanos, Pittsburgh, Pa., $10; Nick Kamberis, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Nick Chapoff, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Kosmas, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Geo. Gury, Pittsburgh, Pa., 50c; J. MacKenzy, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Sam Scarlis, Pittsburgh, Pa., 50c; John Bauman, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Peter Vomvas, Pittsburgh, Pa., $5; M. Spark, East Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Thos. Spicusa, McKees Rocks, Pa., 50c; Paul Cinat, Rankin, Pa., $1; John Bradus, Rankin, Pa., $1; Alfred Eklund, Frost Bragg, Calif., $25; Int. Br. 1 SS 3E, NYC, $3.50; Arnold Block, NYC, $5; J. Benhard San Francisco, Cal., $5; W. R. Dowler, San Francisco, Cal., $1; F. 4 213, NYC, $1.50; F. Needlman, NYC, $5; Max Kitzes, NYC, $5; Nucleus 10, San Francisco, Cal., $24; Samuel Moss, Bronx, N. Y., $1; John Davidon, Ossining, N. Y., $2; Arthur Evans (3B), NYC, $5; Section 1, NYC, $133; Saul Kartek, NYC, $1; 2C 4F, NYC, $9.50; Section 5, Br. 1, NYC, $8.50; Bessie Kislik, Bronx, N. Y., $2; 2A 4F, NYC, $5; 2A 5F, NYC, $7.40; Int. Br. 1 S. S. 3E, NYC, $5; 4S 3C, NYC, $10; 1S 3C, NYC, $7; Eva Cantor, Bronx, N. Y., $2; 4S 3C, NYC, $2; 1AC 4F, NYC, $14; Grace Hutchins, NYC, $25; Anna Rochester, NYC, $50; B. Robbins, NYC, $7; Morning Br. Sec. 1, NYC, $2; Finnish Work. Club, Pittsburgh, Pa., $5; Nathan Singer, NYC, $1; Friedman, NYC, $1; J. Schram, NYC, $1.

SOCIALISTS SHUN ISSUE; PREPARE COALITION MOVE

Thaelmann May Be the Next Vice-President

BERLIN, June 14.—The Reichstag opened here yesterday with delegations present from twenty-four Berlin factories representing militant labor, and the wives of numerous class war prisoners, representing their husbands and scores of others who are lying behind the walls of German jails.

The delegations of workers visited the Communist deputies, as well as the social democrats and Centrist party fractions, demanding full amnesty for all class war prisoners.

The People's Party is urging a trend to the right in Prussian politics while the social democrats have already made such concessions to the Centrists on the question of church influence in the schools that they have gone too far even for the democrats.

The workers' delegates urged the People's Party against entering the proposed coalition and demanded that the social democrats support the Communist demands. The social democratic leaders evaded any direct reply on the amnesty question.

Following the session of the bourgeois fraction to oppose the election of a Communist as vice-president of the Reichstag, the social democrats are making their attitude on the amnesty and other issues dependent upon the Communists' recognizing points of order in the Reichstag. They demand that the Communists do not oppose a candidate to Loebe and that they even vote for Loebe for vice-president.

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Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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Court Seeks Arrest of Koester, Sebold, Donetz Counter-Revolutionists

TESTIMONY SHOWS PLOTTERS URGED BAD MACHINERY

Hear Evidence of 2,500 Rouble Bribe

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 14. — During yesterday's session of the trial of the Donetz plotters, the accused technician Badstieber, reported a conversation which he had with the counter-revolutionary sabotagers, Koester and Sebold. Badstieber testified that Koester hastened the acceptance of the useless Knapp machinery, fearing that the Russians might discover the plot against the Soviet administration.

Badstieber asserts that Koester abused him for his refusal to accept the machines which caused an added expense. Kusma, chairman of the acceptance committee, is alleged to have given him a bribe of 2,500 roubles.

During his trip to Germany, Badstieber heard from the Knapp employes that the machines were old and bad. Badstieber, who was then unemployed, was compelled to work for Knapp and was sent to the Soviet Union with bribes for Gorlitsky, Nikischin and Gavryuschenko.

During the month of February, more Knapp machines were erected without trials with the result that several broke down immediately.

At this point in the inquiry, Krylenko interrupted to ask if Badstieber thought that Koester and Sebold were merely money makers or whether they were also sabotaging the Soviet government.

Badstieber admitted participating in the sabotage tho against his will. Nikischin admitted the truth of Badstieber's statement.

At the conclusion of the inquiry, the court commissioned the prosecutor to find Koester and Sebold, if they are within the territories of the Soviet Union.

LOCAL 3 GANG TO STEAL ELECTION

Electrical Workers In Strong Battle

Increasing evidences that the present administration of local 3 of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers is making plans to steal the coming election, have been increasing, according to information secured from a number of sources within the union. The officials of the union are determined to hold to their fat jobs at all costs, and have kept from meetings of the union all members capable of voicing a protest at the manner in which the officers are conducting the affairs of the union.

At the last meeting of the union, Armstrong, a union member in good standing, was forcibly ejected from the meeting by several henchmen of the reactionary clique. Armstrong came to the meeting it is known with no other intention than that of performing one of his duties and privileges, that of nominating candidates for officers in the coming elections.

Steam Roller.

The president of the union, Frank Wilson, waiting until all present officers of the union were again nominated by their henchmen, sitting in the front row of seats in the hall, immediately closed nominations thereafter. In addition all those elements that stand a chance of nomination for officers of the local in opposition to the present administration have, for "safety sake," been excluded from meetings.

Cooperation between electrical contractors and union officials to blacklist members of the union is now quite prevelant.

Paid Not To Organize.

As a reward for preventing the organizing of public utility workers, officers of the union have received compensation in the way of concessions of certain construction work employing only 200 or 300 members of the union, while thousands of utility workers doing electrical work remain unorganized. A good instance of this is a written agreement between officials of the union and officials of the New York Edison Co., which gives a certain amount of work to the union provided no attempt is made to organize the electrical workers in the employ of the company.

All honest and progressive members of local 3 have been urged to adopt the following program:

1. Democracy in the union.
2. Relief of the unemployed workers.
3. Detailed printed accounting of expenses of finances of organizing committee.
4. Effective and 100 percent organization of the industry.
5. Against keeping gangsters and police at the doors of union meetings
6. Against the autocratic dictatorship of representatives of the international.

"Labor Leaders" Grovel for Political Crumbs

The agents of finance-capital who are busy at Kansas City choosing Wall Street's favorite son to do its work for the next four years are even too busy to listen to their loyal servants, the high-salaried chiefs of the American Federation of Labor. The labor betrayers are being granted only five minutes in which to present "labor's platform." Photo above shows, left to right, William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor; John J Davis, millionaire secretary of labor; and Frank Morrison, vice-president of the A. F. of L.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Philadelphia Workers' Defense.

PHILADELPHIA. — The Downtown and West Philadelphia branches of the International Labor Defense will be reorganized Monday, the Downtown branch at 8th and Rittner Sts., and the West Philadelphia branch at the Progressive Library, 4035 Girard Ave. Thomas and Olkin will speak.

• • •

District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

BOSTON.—District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham.

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

• • •

CLEVELAND.—Wednesday, June 20, all three sections of the Workers (Communist) Party of Cleveland will hold section membership meetings. Section 1 will meet at the Hungarian Home, 4309 Lorain Ave., Section 2 at South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., and Section 3 at Workers Home. There will be no general membership meeting that night. The election campaign will be organized at the section meetings.

• • •

Miners' Relief Picnic.

DETROIT.—The Italian fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party in Detroit is arranging a picnic for the suppport of the striking miners Sunday, at Dequindre St. and Nine Mile Road.

• • •

On the Labor Congress.

Following are the dates thus far announced for the tour of Jack Johnstone, of the Trade Union Educational League, to report on the recent Fourth Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions.

• • •

New Haven, Conn., Friday, June 15, Labor Lyceum.

Boston, Friday evening, 9 Appleton street.

Philadelphia, Sunday, June 17, Grand Fraternity Hall.

Pittsburgh, June 20, 607 Webster Ave.

• • •

CHICAGO.—A concert will be given by Section 4 of the Workers (Communist) Party at Freiheit Hall, 3301 W. Roosevelt Rd., Saturday evening.

• • •

Roxbury League Meeting.

ROXBURY, Mass., June 10.—A special membershi meeting of the Young Workers (Communist) League, local Boston, will take place on June 16, 7 p. m., at the Roxbury League headquarters, International Hall, Roxbury. An informal banquet for the leaders of the New Bedford strike will take place after the meeting.

• • •

San Francisco Y. W. L. Festival.

SAN FRANCISCO.--The Young Workers (Communist) League will celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the league with a demonstration at the Youth Festival, June 16, at Gymnastic Hall, 2460 Sutter Ave.

• • •

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 22, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

• • •

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

• • •

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Shenandoah, Pennsylvania, June 15; Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Friday, June 15, Newark, N. J.

Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

COLOMBIAN BILL HITS COMMUNISTS

BOGOTA, June 14.—A law suppressing constitutional guarantees and granting extraordinary powers to the president of the Colombian republic, Dr. Migule Abadia Mendez, until the end of July 1929, has been submitted to the congress and will no doubt be accepted as the majority of the chamber is conservative and supports the president.

As justification for this law it is said that the Communists in Colombia are preparing to overthrow the government. The bill was submitted by the conservative deputy, Rodriguez Diago, and opposed by the liberal deputies, who are fearing for their own political future.

The "Socialist Revolutionary Party" of Colombia in September, 1926 affiliated with the Third International.

DENTAL UNION REPORTS GAINS

Break in Laboratory Owners Association

Hundreds of dental mechanics have returned to work with the recognition of their union and their other demands granted, according to a statement made last night at the office of the Dental Laboratory Workers Union.

There has been a break in the Dental Laboratory Owners' Association and such members of the Association as the Gottlieb Dental Laboratory, Green & Maslov, New Era, Herman & Goldberg, Karr, Ellar, Beacon, Progress and Eastern Dental Laboratories and many other smaller laboratory owners throughout greater New York and New Jersey, have settled in spite of the association.

Among the independent bosses, the following have settled: Shapiro & Baker. Furman & Horowitz, Journal Square, Levitt, Shalita, Consolidated, Imperial, Prosthetic and many others.

During the day settlements are made at the Labor Temple, Room 32, 2nd Avenue and 14th Street.

CLOAK COMMITTEE OF 500 IS FORMED

To Organize Open Shop Cloak Trade

The steps taken by the meeting of the active members of the cloakmakers union, held here last night, and a statement of decisions made at yesterday's meeting of the National Organization Committee, were the two most important developments yet recorded this week in the struggle of the workers in the industry to rebuild their union and drive from the trade the union wrecking Sigman-Schlesinger clique.

Successful formation of the Organization Committee of 500 which was decided upon at the recent Shop Chairmen's Conference as the first step to bring unionization to the New York market, was achieved at last night's meeting of the active cloakmakers. The meeting was held in the large hall of Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th St.

Charles S. Zimmerman, head of the organization department of the N. O. C., led the meeting's work of forming the committee of 500. After a short talk in which he exposed the hypocrisy of Schlesinger's "peace" statements, by citing proof of Schlesinger's continued campaign of throwing out from the shops those who had not registered.

To Choose Units.

The basic units of the Organization Committee will be formed by 10 workers headed by a captain who will be a member of the local branch of the N. O. C. A larger body of five units will be captained by a member of the N. O. C.

Joseph Borochovich, Rose Wortis and others also spoke. The chairman was J. H. Cohen, chairman of the local section of the National Organization Committee.

COMMUNISTS GET URUGUAY WORKERS MINIMUM WAGES

Capitalists Must Pay Or Go

MANTEVIDEO, June 14.—The proposition of the two Communist deputies to the Uruguayan parliament, Gomez and Wettstein, to establish a minimum salary for all workers in industry, commerce and agriculture, was accepted at the recent parliamentary session, with all votes of all fractions of the "Colorados," bourgeois liberal parties, and the two Communists against all votes of the "Blancos," the conservative party, now calling itself "Partido Nacionalista."

The proposal, which was accepted by a two-thirds majority, provided for a minimum salary of $70 per month or $3 per day for all workers in commerce and industry and government employes, and $30 per month for agricultural laborers. The Uruguayan dollar is generally a little above or at par with the U. S. dollar.

When at the first voting, the necessary two-third majority was not obtained for that part of the law referring to the government employes, as many deputies objected that that state of the budget did not permit such increase for so many government employes who have less than $70, the Communist deputy Wettstein proposed to increase the taxes on all landed property of which less than one-fifteenth is used in agriculture. This proposal was accepted, and consequently the minimum law refers also to the government employes.

The conservative deputies tried to bury the law by asking to have it passed to a commission to study the details, because the "national industry could not stand such high salaries" without disaster. The Communists answered that if the bourgeois deputies admit that the capitalist system cannot pay wages sufficient to maintain life for those who work they tell the workers that, by the admission of the conservative deputies, the capitalist system is unable to support the workers at a minimum wage and that they can have no hope in the present society and that consequently their only hope is the destruction of the capitalist system and its substitution by a proletarian society.

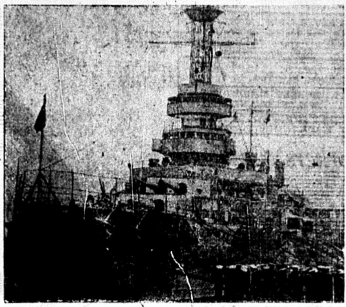
After this speech the bill was passed with a two-thirds majority.

MOCK ELECTION AT "RED" PICNIC

A mock election campaign will be one of the features of the "Red" Picnic which has been arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party, district 2, to be held at Pleasant Bay Park, June 24. A torchlight parade will follow.

The picnic committee reports a program of sports events such as has been rarely seen at radical affairs. The sports events will include a series of soccer games arranged by the Metropolitan Sports League, the Finnish Sports Club Vesa, and the Pioneers.

Dictator's Tools Inspect U. S. "Democracy"



Chilean naval cadets, who arrived in New York harbor on the training ship General Baquedano, went on shore to inspect the city. This is part of the course of training to enable them to do more effectively the bloody work of the oppressors of the Chilean workers and peasants, Dictator Ibanez.

NEGRO MEETING TO HEAR POLITICIANS

Los Angeles Gathering Opens June 27

In pursuance of its usual policy of seeking the favors and flattery of capitalist politicians, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, with headquarters at 69 Fifth Ave., announces that both Governor C. C. Young and Lieutenant-Governor Buron L. Fitts of California will address the 19th annual conference of the association, to be held in Los Angeles June 27 to July 3.

Lieutenant-Governor Fitts will present the Spingarn medal, awarded annually to the American Negro who is deemed to have best fulfilled bourgeois standards of distinction in some field of endeavor. Among those on the committee of award is the notorious reactionary and militarist, Col. Theodore Roosevelt; Bishop John Hurst, of Maryland; Dr. W. E. B. Du Bois, editor of "The Crisis," a liberal Negro magazine; and Oswald Garrison Villard, editor of the Nation.

Second Tourist Group Arrives in U. S. S. R.

A cable from London last night to the New York office of the World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave., announced the arrival of the second group of tourists which had recently sailed from New York en route to Soviet Russia under the auspices of the World Tourists, Inc.

Groups, accompanied by an English speaking guide of the Soviet Government Travel Buro, and a representative of the World Tourists, Inc., are now being organized for July, August and October.

CAL QUITS HIS "TOIL."

PITTSBURGH, June 14—President Coolidge was on his way to Wisconsin this morning, bound for the estate of Harry Clay Pierce, oil magnate, on Brule River, for a three months' vacation.

Demonstrate Against Japanese Imperialism

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10 (By Mail).—Hundreds of Chinese workers voiced their protest and hatred of Japanese imperialism at a large demonstration held here the other night. More than 2,000 leaflets both in English and Chinese were distributed, outlining the fight of the Chinese workers and peasants against foreign imperialists.

Resolutions were adopted denouncing Japanese imperialism and demanding the immediate withdrawal of Japanese troops from Chinese territory. The demonstration was held under the auspices of the Alliance for the Support of the Chinese Workers' and Peasants' Revolution.

For Miners' Relief

DETROIT, June 14.—A picnic for the relief of the striking coal miners and their families has been scheduled by the Italian fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party for Sunday at Dequindre St. and Nine-Mile Rd.

MINE RELIEF IN PHILADELPHIA SHOWS BIG GAIN

Committee Doubled by New Delegates

By C. RABIN.

PHILADELPHIA, June 14.—The enlarged conference for the relief of striking miners was a huge success, 24 more organizations joining the Philadelphia Committee of the National Miners Relief. Previously 26 organizations were affiliated by regularly selected delegates. Monday night's enlarged conference more than doubled the size of the local committee, as some of the newly affiliated organizations were made up of a number of subordinate organizations, language groups, trade unions and workers' fraternal clubs.

All the delegates promised to bring in more organizations and secure many new volunteers to assist in the work now in progress in Philadelphia, such as the house to house collection, held every Saturday.

The enlarged conference was addressed by a striking miner and by Mrs. Sokol, a striking miner's wife. After these speakers, direct from the coal fields, had concluded their tales of the dreadful suffering the miners and their dependents are now undergoing, many of the delegates wept. Mrs. Sokol's stirring appeal brought many sincere promises from the workers present for immediate active help in raising all possible funds to be rushed to the striking miners.

The weekly house to house collection has now been brought up to the point where last Saturday over $200 was realized. There is no doubt that beginning with the newly planned campaign, June 23, this collection will be more than doubled.

Scores of solidarity books were distributed to the new delegates, who will sell them to their organizations.

FEDERATION TO MEET.

KENOSHA, Wis., (PP).—The Wisconsin State Federation of Labor convention opens in Kenosha July 17.

Red---
White TERROR

Nicolai Krylenko explains the nature of White Guard terror as opposed to working-class revolutionary terror in the light of ten years' experience of the Russian revolution.

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All those wishing to be present at the opening must register at the office of the Workers Co-operative Association, 317 South 5th Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Telephone Lombard 3891.
SPECIAL BUSES LEAVE SATURDAY AFTERNOON FOR THE CAMP FROM THE FREIHEIT OFFICE, 317 SOUTH 5th STREET.

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Editor..................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

The Mine Workers' Call

"We must build a new union.

"We must take the situation in hand ourselves and break the control of the Lewis gang. We must organize a new miners' union, one with an honest progressive leadership and a fighting policy. In this way alone can we organize the unorganized, resist wage cuts, bring about the 6-hour day and 5-day week, relieve unemployment and establish a national agreement for all miners. Only with a new union can we shatter the control of the Lewis machine. Only with a new, vigorous, powerful union can we put a halt to the open-shop drive of the operators and re-establish union conditions in the mining industry, and prepare ourselves for the great struggles ahead in the industry."

These words from the call, issued by the conference of executives of miners' districts, for a national convention of mine workers in September should fire the entire labor movement to action.

The call for the building of the new mine union shows clearly the path which the biggest and traditionally the most militant section of the American trade union movement must blaze for the immediate future of organized labor. The call, published in full in today's DAILY WORKER, begins with a withering indictment of the foulest machine of betrayal that the capitalist class ever possessed within a large organization of our class.

Lewis, the well-to-do business man, has made a well paying business of his control of the United Mine Workers. When hundreds of thousands of mine workers were on the verge of starvation, Lewis made the chief task of the national convention of the union that of voting himself a big salary of $1,000 per month (as well as extra money for expenses) and the second task that of expelling from the union every coal miner who showed himself an enemy of Lewis' friends, the coal operators. It is true that Lewis had a minor quarrel with some of the coal operators—but the quarrel revolved merely about Lewis' contention that the operators should employ Lewis as an agency for the suppression of the mine workers. This quarrel is subordinate—Lewis' main quarrel is with the mine workers.

It was inevitable that Lewis, the friend of the coal operators and the bankers back of the coal operators, should betray the coal miners in 1919. Then in 1922, when the Miners' Union was face-to-face with the strike-breaking armed forces of capitalist government, it was but natural that Lewis, the republican, the friend of Harding, the former member of the government's fuel administration which compelled high production of coal during the war, should break the strike for the government and the coal operators. Again in 1925, Lewis quite consistently served his life's associates when it became necessary either to marshall the mine workers for a terrific struggle or to break the strike for the benefit of "business." In the spring of last year, again, Lewis and his horde of parasites in the profession of "labor leadership" for profit, went along with the mine workers only in order to hold control of their union and to use it against them.

Lewis has made himself known to hundreds of thousands of mine workers. The machine of which he is the head will be thrown out of the labor movement—the slogan which has been ringing through the mine fields with an ever louder echo will be realized: "LEWIS MUST GO!"

The formation of the new union of the mine workers does not mean that the militant movement runs away from masses of their fellow workers left under the control of the agents of the bosses. On the contrary the call indicates that the militants will not make that old mistake, but will continue to root Lewis out of control of whatever may remain for the time being of the old organization. Locals, subdistricts and districts of the U. M. W. of A. are called upon to send representatives to the great national convention of the mine workers in September. The drive is already on for the rank and file miners to take control of their own locals everywhere and to swing them into the real union being organized. In sharp contrast to Lewis' strikebreaking, the militant movement supports to the utmost the present strike which is in desperate straits because of Lewis' treason. A great drive for the organization of the unorganized is indicated as a supremely important task. None of the Brennan type of treason in a "separate anthracite union," but a vigorous drive for the welding together of anthracite and soft coal miners into a single, nation-wide union of the mine workers, is the program set forth in the call.

Rightly the whole labor movement is called upon to support this movement. Assistance to the striking miners should be sent to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

The mine workers of this country are about to hold the most momentous convention of their glorious history of struggle. The new union they will form will surely be the back-bone of a revived trade-union movement.

THE PRISONER

By JAMES A. MILLER.

He paused in the endless pacing. Grey walls, cold walls. It seemed he heard something in the far corner, something that was alien to the place. He dragged himself slowly to see where it seemed to come from, but there was nothing. He resumed his pacing, backwards and forward, ceaselessly like an endless shuttle weaving the loom of fate, tireless, inexorable, dumb—time like a worn out doll was threading her way, forgotten and discarded.

The endless pacing.

The west wall with its crack running diagonally across; wall where the rats came from at night, scurrying hither and thither until he chased them away with curses he had almost forgotten how to utter. Curses that oozed with the slime of iniquitous divinities of the world without these four walls: these four walls that continually pressed in upon him, over and around him like grim, forboding ghosts, that shrieked their silence when the little patch of sunlight dried up and went to sleep. Heavenly sleep that he craved, sleep that never came.

Then began the endless pacing.

The south wall where the strange noises came from. Some ghost of old time doing its penance in the cell. He wished it would go away and never bother him again: that word again was like the walls, monotonous and gray. Gray walls, gray days, gray thoughts—

Then began the endless pacing.

The north wall where the cold winds came from in winter, the winds that froze him to the bone and made him screech until the turnkey rattled his keys at the great door and demanded silence. He wished the wind would freeze him up forever like he had read of travellers in the far north being frozen, swiftly and silently in the vast grayness—

Then began the endless pacing.

The east wall where the door was, the outlet to that vague unimaginable liberty that had been his, it seemed eons ago. The door against which he had battered his knarled fists countless ineffectual times, sending dull echoes reverberating through the silent corridors deaf to his entreaties.

Then began the endless pacing.

The dull, gray floor stained with hundreds of filthy excrements. The driveling drain that carried its fluid away to where it mattered not. The uneven cobbles worn by his and countless other feet that had worked out their penance on the tread-mill that never moved except within their swirling brains maddened by the despair of solitude.

The light faded from the little opening and the rats came from the west wall and he heeded them not; and the noises creaked teasingly from the south wall. But he was trying to sleep again and he stared at the ceiling that pressed down upon him like a weight of lead. The top of his cage that hid the sun and moon and stars. Up there they said was God; God who made man to sit in judgment over men and send them into little holes like this to die smothering in stifling grayness.

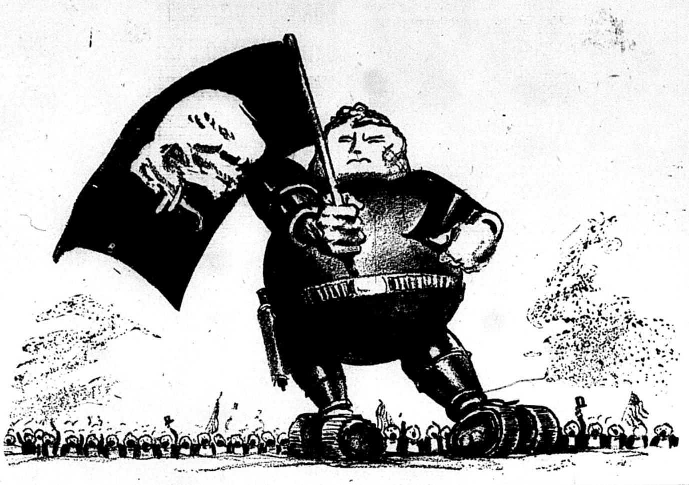
He closed his eyes and tried to sleep, but they wouldn't let him, these four walls. Then he struggled a little bit and thought of green fields in the spring and the ice coming down from the hills on the breast of the little river, but they always turned gray and the birds began singing the same eery tune of the noises. And the rushing of the water sounded so much like the rats. Then he screamed the way a rabbit does when you kill it and the turnkey made threatening gestures through the window and he ceased.

He looked at the south wall and north wall and the west and the east wall.

Then began the endless pacing—

THE CANDIDATE IS CHOSEN

By Fred Ellis



Young Workers Aid in Mill Strike

By JOE SPINNER, Young Striker.

The strike of 27,000 workers in New Bedford is now entering its eighth week of struggle. The mill owners are trying to take advantage of the slowness of the textile industry and have posted a notice of a ten percent wage cut. There have been two wage cuts previous, and the bosses thought they could get away with another one because the bosses knew that the majority of the workers were outside of any union.

The reactionary officials of the American Federation of Textile Operatives, an organization that has some two thousand skilled workers in its ranks, tried to stall off the strike, but due to the pressure of the unskilled workers and the honest rank and file in the A. F. T. O., the strike was declared.

One of the first public announcements of Mr. Batty, secretary-treas. of the A. F. T. O. was in advising the strikers to go to sleep until the strike was over, and telling them that they were tired and should take advantage of the strike to rest up. The New Bedford Textile Workers' Union saw the treachery of such advice and told the workers to pay no attention to Mr. Batty, and to come out on the picket line. The workers followed the advice of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, and one could notice daily the continuous growth of the picket lines. Today there are mass picket lines. As many as three hundred around a single gate. Due to the pressure of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, Mr. Batty has turned turtle. Now after seven weeks of strike, he is advising the members of his union to go on the picket line. These are beginning to go there anyhow. The New Bedford Textile Workers' Union has come out with a statement welcoming the members of the A. F. T. O. on the picket line, at the same time warning the workers against such leaders as Batty, who do not realize the importance of the picket line but only consent to the picket line due to the mass pressure from the strikers.

Relief Is Vital.

Early in the strike it could be seen that relief work would be an immediate necessity for all the strikers if the fight was to be won. Mr. Batty anticipating that the workers would come to his organization for relief came out with a statement to the effect that his union would only give relief to those workers who were members of his union before the strike. In plain language this meant that he would give relief to the 2,000 skilled workers only, at the same time neglecting the 28,000 unorganized workers outside his organization. He advised them to go to the citizens' and mayor's (scab) committees.

In spite of this betrayal of the great mass of textile workers by the A. F. T. O., they made appeals thruout the country for the relief of the 30,000 strikers, but only giving relief to their small group of skilled workers. When the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union saw the seriousness of the situation, they made arrangements with the Workers' International Relief to raise relief. It was agreed that relief would be given to anyone as long as he was a striker in need, and who went on the picket line. Last week the loom fixers' local of the A. F. T. O. paid out its last strike benefit of $4.00 per member, and is now advising its own members to go to the citizen's and mayor's committees for relief. The Workers' International Relief has announced that it will give relief to all workers regardless of what union they belonged as long as they go on the picket line.

S. P. Aids Fakers.

The socialist party has been giving active assistance to the misleaders of labor running the A. F. T. O. The Boston district of the socialist party recently in convention adopted a resolution supporting these bureaucrats. Mr. Norman Thomas spoke at the mass meetings of the strikers, and the S. P. has been raising relief, appealing in the name of the 30,000 workers but turning this relief over to Batty for his two thousand union members. J. Manning of the Y. P. S. L., who carries the distinguished title of "confidential secretary" of the strike committee, has been giving the bureaucrats active assistance in their fight against building a real textile workers' union in New Bedford. The S. P. by all these actions once again shows itself in its true role as the agents of reaction.

The young workers make up over 25 percent of the textile workers in New Bedford, and it therefore becomes very important that the union pay special attention to them if the strike is to be won. Due to the lack of militancy, these young workers lost all interest in the strike, but now with the growing militant policy which the New Bedford Textile Workers Union, is instituting, we find these young workers coming back into the strike movement and more and more taking an active interest in the strike. The New Bedford Textile Workers' Union in recognition of the importance of the young workers, has adopted a list of special youth demands which are as follows: (1) Minimum wage of $15 a week for all young workers. (2) Equal pay for equal work for young and adult workers. (3) Complete abolition of child labor under 15 with state maintenance for all those now working under that age. (4) No night work for young workers under 21. No overtime for young workers under 18. (5) Two fifteen-minute rest periods a day for all young workers. (6) 7-hour day, 5-day week for young workers under 18. (7) One hour for lunch and washing up on company's time. (8) Work schools for young workers under 15 and 18 on working time under union and young worker control.

The New Bedford Textile Workers' Union in the eight weeks of strike is as strong as ever. Picket lines are growing daily, and mass meetings likewise. The workers know that a real union has come to stay in New Bedford. The young workers know that they now have a union to fight for them, which is worth while fighting for. The young workers will fight like hell. They are chipping in their all to build a union of the New Bedford Textile Workers affiliated with the National Textile Mills Committee in New Bedford. All young workers' organizations are asked to support this militant struggle of these workers.

Lewis, Fishwick and Operators Combine

By ALBERT GLOTZER.

A statement issued by the Peabody Coal company, which was recently printed in the Illinois State Register thoroly exposes the present agreement between the operators and the Lewis-Fishwick machine. The statement is not only the statement of the Peabody company but is the voice of the organized operators in the state. Peabody has spoken for them and has laid down the program that will be followed by the operators in Illinois.

The content can be summarized as follows: The passing of the major part of the coal production to the unorganized fields must be dealt with. This one outstanding condition does not allow the operators here to continue paying the present Jacksonville scale of wages and still derive their enormous profits. In order to meet this competition the operators are asking the miners in Illinois to accept a wage-cut or else suffer the loss of their organization and a shut-down of the mines.

To the militant coal miners who have been fighting their corrupt officials for years, this statement is not a surprise. These miners have indicted their officials for their failure to organize the non-union fields; they have demanded a militant struggle against the operators; their cry has been, "a national agreement and a national strike;" for a six-hour day and a five-day week to solve the crisis in the miners' union.

The machine has given these miners its answer. The answer exhibits itself in the decadence of this once powerful organization, which is being bled to death by the combined efforts of the operators and the Lewis officialdom. In Illinois the Fishwick machine has signed separate agreements sending part of the miners back to work and leaving the rest unemployed. It has split the organization and has played into the hands of the operators. These agreements specify no conditions, no time limit; it gives the operators the right to abrogate them at will. The machine has issued statements declaring to the miners that these agreements were permanent. This declaration was made to the miners by Hindmarsh, Springfield sub-district president and renegade "progressive-socialist."

It would be well to quote from the Peabody statement which was published immediately after the declaration by Hindmarsh was made. The first paragraph reads:

Treachery Exposed.

"We have reopened two of our mines at Springfield under an agreement to pay the Jacksonville scale of wages TEMPORARILY."

It goes on further to say:

"We have offered and are willing to pay at our mines in Illinois wages and rates higher than those paid generally in the mines (referring to the non-union fields—AG) which now have the business that Illinois mines formerly had. We are asking our mine employees to accept only such MODIFICATION of the Jacksonville Agreement . . . This condition is not local. It applies in all the mining districts in the central western territory, which HERETOFORE operates under agreements with the United Mine Workers of America. (Emphasis mine.—A. G.)

Charges Proven.

The charges made by the rank and file are here substantiated by the voice of the operators. The operators have no one to fool, they represent only their own interests. The machine feels uncomfortable at this statement by the operators. It would rather not have the rank and file know these conditions and know that they are in league to destroy this hard fought for organization. But these conditions stand out boldly and stare the miners in the face. It confirms only again the need for taking the union from these fakers and making it the property of the coal miners rather than the property of the coal operators as it has been.

The administration is desperate. They are using every method imaginable to defeat the rank and file who are today holding their conventions to assume control over their organization. The slugging of such militants as Watt, Voyzey and Thompson at the Illinois miners' convention, the sending of anonymous threat letters to militants and their wives, and a wave of wholesale expulsion supports every charge made against the officialdom.

The officials in league with the operators make up the other side. They feel the forward surge of the miners and are squeezing all they can out of the union. Fearing that the rank and file will take control of the organization they have ordered the banks, at which the miners' money is deposited, not to allow the money to go into the hands of the local unions. They are in cahoots with the operators to turn over the check-off to the officials rather than the locals and are reducing the organization to a money agency which they bleed repeatedly. Hundreds of dollars are paid thugs to beat militants. All this in effort to stem the tide of the rank and file.

These methods will never destroy the movement in the miners' union. The struggle is not an easy one. It takes more than a day to break down this immense machine built on so huge a payroll.

But its fall is inevitable despite the combined efforts of the operators, the government and the officials.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

WE are indebted to Secretary of Labor Davis for the opinion that the depression in the coal industry constitutes a menace to the national prosperity but he sees hope in the movement among the operators to consolidate their mines. This is the panacea proposed by John L. Lewis which will undoubtedly work out to the advantage of the operators but will throw a few hundred thousand miners permanently out of the coal industry. Messrs. Lewis and Davis should worry!

• • •

THOSE who have been worrying about what to do with ex-vice-presidents and wage earners over fifty should take heart from one of Mr. Davis's latest pronouncements. The mechanization of industry has provided the solution. Of course, our ex-vice presidents will be provided with employment more congenial than steering an automatic coal-cutting machine. Lots of oil companies need vice-presidents, particularly if the vice-presidents are clever doodle bugs. And then there are always new brands of cigars and shaving soaps to be baptised!

• • •

BUT the slave who has passed his fiftieth birthday. What about him? Let Mr. Davis speak:

> "The mechanization of industry has furnished positions for old fellows who would have difficulty finding work otherwise. Employers are learning that the old fellows are better at running machines than the young. Realizing that it is the only thing they can do for a livelihood, they are more satisfied. They are steady and not easily startled. The old fellow may not have an elastic step but he has a trained brain and a trained hand. Hard work has already largely been done away with through machines, and accidents are being reduced. Under the condition there is no reason why men should not work until they are 65 or 70 years old."

• • •

SO the millenium for the aged is here! Theirs is a bright prospect. Work until seventy! No more will men of advanced years long for the days of their youth. Instead, youth will pine for the days when the blood begins to thin and the spirit begins to falter. A youth's place will be in the home until he is fit for the machine. Unless he chooses to join the marines and shoot up Nicaragua.

• • •

THE lead in the consolidation of the coal industry is taken by the Sunday school saint John D. Rockefeller, Jr. John has already shut down several of his high cost mines and is concentrating on the low cost ones. This means more money for John and nothing at all for hundreds of his former slaves. Operators in the Monongahela Valley are following the Sunday school teacher's example. Andrew Mellon's Pittsburgh Coal Company has adopted the Rockefeller plan. Indeed Andy may be justly entitled to the credit for the innovation but, not having Ivy Lee for a press agent, not he but John D. got the publicity.

• • •

THE frame-up system is working overtime in the mining strike area. The latest victim of this system is Frank Brobb, a striking miner of Northern West Virginia. Brobb is accused of dynamiting the homes of three scabs at Triadelphia. According to reliable information the dynamite was exploded by company stool pigeons, after Brobb was inveigled to the spot. If the operators succeed in convicting Brobb a twenty year penitentiary term faces him.

• • •

IT would be well worth the trouble and the expense to comb the penitentiaries of the United States, particularly those located in the feudal areas dominated by coal and steel with a view to ascertaining how many workers are buried in them for their activities in the class struggle, without the knowledge of the labor movement, outside of a small circle of their friends. Letters come quite frequently to the national office of the International Labor Defense at 799 Broadway, New York, from workers who are buried alive in capitalist dungeons, whose fate has thus been learned for the first time. No doubt there are hundreds of such cases.

• • •

THE appearance of a group of German Communist seamen at the New York state nominating convention of the Workers (Communist) Party and the message of greeting delivered by their leader was a rousing and encouraging incident. It was a graphic illustration of the international character of the Communist movement and the strong ties that bind all sections of it together. Here is a movement that has its roots in every industry and a net-work of organization all over the world, on sea as well as on land. This is the organization, yet comparatively weak in this country, which is destined to conquer the world for the working-class. The workers of the world are uniting alright.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

LEVIN [illegible] MARKET ST SAN FRANCISCO CA [illegible]

WALL STREET NAMES CURTIS TO TRICK FARMERS

MINE [illegible]IAL LEADS ATTACK ON PICKET LINE

Scabs Driven Back In Spite of Guns

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Kansas, June 15.—Armed scabs in the pay of the Pittsburgh Coal Company escorted by a small army of thugs and gunmen today rushed a picket line of about 1,000 miners before Mine No. 14 near here in an attempt to break up the demonstration.

In the skirmish which followed six scabs are said to have been beaten up including the superintendent of the mine who led the attack.

The scabs were armed with guns blackjacks and knives and although the strikers were unarmed they gave a good account of themselves, it is reported.

The Pittsburgh Coal Company which is a Mellon company has been seeking to open at the 1917 wage scale which calls for $5 a day. While Andrew Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury is at the republican convention at Kansas City virtually dictating his will to the entire country, his coal and iron police are using every device to beat back the miners to the starvation levels of pre-war times.

ILLINOIS MINERS HOLD CONVENTION

Sub-District 9 Ousts Officialdom

CHRISTOPHER, Ill., June 15. — Over seventy delegates from 15 local unions gathered at the French Club, Christopher, Ill., in a sub-district convention embracing practically all local unions of sub-district 9, district 12. The call for the convention was issued by Gerry Allard, acting secretary, by decision of the special district convention that was held in Belleville on May 19th and 20th. The convention was called for the purpose of setting forth new policies on the same line as the district convention and to oust the reactionary machine by electing rank and file miners to the positions.

Daniel H. Slinger, secretary-treasurer district No. 12, addressed the convention and received a great ovation. He clearly outlined the immediate task of the miners of Illinois and the miners nationally.

Seek Release of Prisoners.

Resolutions for the release of the Zeigler miners and all class war prisoners, support of the Coal Digger as the new official organ, for an International Convention, etc., were unanimously adopted.

The new officers of the sub-district are: C. Atkinson, president; William Owsley, vice-president, and Arley Staples, secretary-treasurer. The Sub-District Executive Board was abolished and a more simplified means of courts organized. Each local union is to elect a member to the grievance board, this member to come directly from the pit. Each member to the grievance board is to serve only for one month and to receive the same wages as the average miner. No pay is allowed on Sunday.

The high salaries of the present reactionary officialdom was bitterly assailed and to prevent further corruption the rank and file miners are determined to adjust their organization to prevent corruption in the future.

The spirit of the convention as reflected by the discussions of the delegation was truly remarkable. One rank and file miner won a great hand when he asserted, "John L. Lewis says that there are 300,000 too many miners, these 300,000 miners say that John L. Lewis must go!"

Three Militant Miners To Speak in Cleveland

CLEVELAND, June 15.—Three of the newly elected miners union officials of the Bellaire sub-district of Ohio who have expressed their confidence in the work of the International Labor Defense are Robert Matusek sub-district president, Frank Sepich vice-president, and Andy Plechaty secretary.

They will speak at the Miners' Defense picnic, of the International Labor Defense, Sunday, June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave.

In addition to these three speakers the program will contain music, athletic exhibitions, sports for the entire crowd, supper and dancing.

Ultimatum of Creditors of "Daily" Expires Today; Fund Short $2,418; Quick Help Needed Before 6 p.m.

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER.

COMRADES:

Today, Saturday, June 16 is the date of expiration of the ultimatum of creditors of The DAILY WORKER. According to the terms of this ultimatum we are compelled to complete the sum of $10,000, without which the creditors would close down The DAILY WORKER before 6 p. m. today.

We have not secured the $10,000.

The total raised up to the time of going to press last night is $7,581.67. This is short by $2,418.33 of the necessary sum.

Is it possible that we can raise $2,418.33 today?

We are striving our best to raise that sum. At the same time we are negotiating with creditors in the effort to get the extension of the time for payment until Monday.

Determined at all cost not to permit The DAILY WORKER to go out of existence, and confident that YOU, the militant workers and sympathizers of our revolutionary paper, will stand by us, we must nevertheless say that the situation today is a dangerous one.

We appeal to you now to do everything in your power to secure and rush funds to The DAILY WORKER office today to the limit of your capacity before six o'clock p. m.

We will nevertheless strive to secure a postponement of the expiration time of the ultimatum until Monday. Therefore all funds that cannot be obtained today should be rushed into this office Monday morning. Last Monday was a heavy day—we received $1,660.40—perhaps this coming Monday will also be large enough to make up the necessary total. But try to make it today, as we have no assurance that we can get an extension.

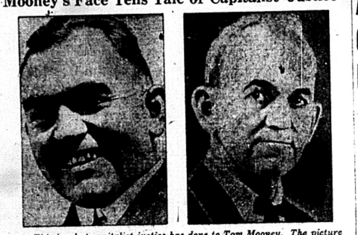
The receipts of the campaign up to last night are:

Last week:	Monday	$ 161.99
	Tuesday	464.55
	Wednesday	556.30
	Thursday	576.60
	Friday	695.00
	Saturday	705.77
This week:	Monday	1,660.40
	Tusday	661.20
	Wednesday	712.65
	Thursday	670.40
	Friday	716.81
Total to last night		$7,581.67

Comrades, please do not leave any effort undone. Send funds quick by telegraph if possible, otherwise by airmail or special delivery.

Fraternally yours,
THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

Mooney's Face Tells Tale of Capitalist 'Justice'



This is what capitalist justice has done to Tom Mooney. The picture on the left shows Mooney as he looked when arrested in 1916. On the right is Mooney after rotting for 12 years in the hell-holes of capitalism. The international Labor Defense has started a nation-wide movement to free this victim of one of the most vicious frame-ups in the history of American capitalism, who is condemned to spend the rest of his life in notorious San Quentin prison.

"FREE MOONEY" FIGHT GAINING IN STRENGHT

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15.—The agitational campaign to free Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, victims of the San Francisco frame-up is gaining momentum. Under the leadership of International Labor Defense, whose national headquarters are in New York City, a nation-wide protest has begun for the purpose of freeing the two workers from their cells in San Quentin and Folsom prisons.

Mooney, who was originally sentenced to die following the San Francisco explosion, had previously been active in the street carmen's union of this city and had incurred the enmity of the bosses here.

Now 47 years old, Mooney has been imprisoned for over twelve years. During that time he has become a physical wreck.

1,700 MARINES TO GO TO NICARAGUA

Makes Total Forces There 5,400

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The parley held yesterday between General Lejeune and President Coolidge to determine the sending of 1,500 more marines to "supervise elections" in Nicaragua and to continue the offensive against General Sandino, leader of the Nicaraguan revolutionists, on the request of General Frank R. McCoy, the jingo in command of the marines in Nicaragua, resulted in a decision to send 1,700 more troops to strengthen the already powerful forces.

This means that upon their arrival there will be 5,400 marines stationed in Nicaragua to carry on Wall Street's war.

This news was received here late tonight after a fake dispatch had been sent to all the newspapers stating that only 600 marines were being sent.

WINS STRUGGLE ON DEPORTATION

SAN FRANCISCO June 15. (By Mail).—Yielding to the protests of thousands of workers, liberals and students thruout the country, the Immigration Bureau has abandoned its efforts to deport H. T. Hsiang, young Chinese revolutionist and former editor of the Chinese Guide in America.

The efforts to deport Tsiang had come as a result of his militant opposition to the reaction in China and his espousal of the cause of the workers and peasants. He was defended by a Joint Defense Committee, consisting of the International Labor Defense, the Chinese Students' Alliance and the Civil Liberties Union.

BRAZIL CUTS PAY TO PREPARE WARS

Reduction of expenditures in government departments was urged by the President Luiz of Brazil in his yearly budget message with the exception of the ministries of marine, war and public works, whose appropriations must be increased by more than 6 million dollars. The increase in the expenses for war purposes is to be made by a reduction of the budget of education and the salaries of the government employees.

ARRESTS, JAILINGS CONTINUE IN NEW BEDFORD STRIKE

Whistling Strike Songs Brings Jail Terms

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 15. Another victim of the police phrase "disturbing the peace" which is being used by the mill barons in their attempt to terrorize the tens of thousands of textile strikers, was recorded when Elizabeth Dennele was arrested yesterday for leading a picket line of singing strikers' children.

A jail sentence of thirty days was imposed upon Bessie Katsikaros, who is charged as a second offender in the singing of strike songs and thereby "disturbing the peace."

More than forty of the most militant strikers and their leaders have been arrested and sentenced to months in jail on the charge of violating this or similar flimsy ordinances. Arrests for "disturbing the peace" were first made when the picketers shouted "scab" at the few straw bosses acting as strikebreakers. Arrests are now made of any striker caught even whistling a strike tune.

Elizabeth Denneley, who is an organizer of the Workers' International Relief, has also functioned for the New Bedford Textile Workers Union, of the T. M. C. as organizer of Children's Strike Clubs.

FALL RIVER MILL UNION CALLS MEN

Police Can't Stop Mill Committee Growth

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 15.—Giving the lie to the recently published reports in the capitalist press here and in New York that the Textile Mills Committee was compelled to retreat in its campaign to rally the textile workers here for a general strike because of police prohibition of meetings, a leaflet of the T. M. C. calling the workers to join was distributed by the tens of thousands at mill gates thruout the city.

The eagerness with which the circulars were snatched by the mill workers and the enthusiastic comment they made while reading it, shows that the sentiment for a struggle

(Continued on Page Two)

SUSPENSION THREATENS "DAILY," AID IS URGENT

Contributions to save The DAILY WORKER showed a slight increase yesterday over the previous day. But the amount received, $716.81, was still far below the pace necessary to place the paper on safe ground as it brings the total to only $7,581.67.

Large contributions are the great need now and for this purpose workers must canvass labor and fraternal organizations of all sorts. The danger signal is out. All efforts must be directed towards saving the only militant workingclass newspaper in the English language.

Yesterday's contributions were as follows:

James Bova and J. Weinberg, Buffalo, N. Y., $2; John L. Pesch, Detroit, Mich., $5; Walter M. Trumbull (collected), Maybury Sanitarium, Northville, $3; Mike Kronholm, Bryant, Wash., $5; John Steinham, Detroit, Mich., $2; Bruches (collected), Cleveland, O., $3.15; French Dye Works, Hartford, Conn., $1; A. J. Freeman, Hartford, Conn., $1; S. Luth, Hartford, Conn., $1; J. Tumer, Hartford, Conn., 50c; P. Greenberg, Hartford, Conn., 50c; Geo. Perl, Hartford, Conn., 50c; H. Slossberg, Hartford, Conn., $1; M. Bercovitz, Hartford, Conn., $1; D. Margolin, Hartford, Conn., $1; Jessica Smith, NYC, $5; G. Tuchelski, Detroit, Mich., $5; S. Akerstram, Portland, Ore., $1; B. M. Slater, Denver, Colo., $5; E. E. Dustman, Berlin Center, O., $2; M. Lindquist, Rockford, Ill., $1; Isidore Singer, NYC, $1; Swan Peterson, Vinalhaven, Me., $11.75; Frank Plotsky, Midvale, O., $1; F. Spahor, Midvale, O., $1; M. Bukovac, Midvale, O., $1; M. Sablar, Midvale, O., $1; J. Vucidvich, Midvale, O., $1; D. Kluchivsky, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Esthonian Workers' Club, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; M. Sepp, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Howard Wright, Toledo, O., $10; Hannah Keubbeler, Toledo, O., $1.50; W. Theo. Woodward, DeLand, Fla., $5; A. O'Hare, San Diego, Cal., $4; A. Wilins, Elizabeth, N. J., $1; Unit 5, Sec. 5 collected among the Prog. Delicatessen Un. N. Y., $7; A. Levy, NYC, $10; Blum, NYC, $1; Green, NYC, $2; Dirbach, NYC, $5; Kessler, NYC, $1; Metletz, NYC, $5; Young, NYC, $2; Flanenbaum, NYC, $7; M. O'Sullivan, Kansas City, Mo., $1; Morris L. Landerman, McKees Rock, Pa., $5; Paul Almond, Detroit, Mich., $2; Chas. Kotek, Omaha, Nebr., $5; Wm. Long,

(Continued on Page Two)

UNEMPLOYMENT IN N. Y. GROWING

ALBANY, June 15. — Industrial Commissioner James H. Hamilton admitted today that for the month of May unemployment in the state increased 1 percent. Fewer factory workers have been employed in the industries here than at any similar period since 1921.

The commissioner reported that this increase in unemployment is chiefly a seasonal occurrence.

Up-state brick and cement plants report a seasonal increase. On the other hand the clothing and textile industries of New York City find themselves in a great slump of unemployment.

POLICE ATTACK C. C. N. Y. STUDENTS

Two Arrested; Follows Campus Protest Meet Against Ouster

TWO members of the Young Workers (Communist) League, both former students, were arrested yesterday when police charged a meeting of 500 students on the campus after Dean Daniel W. Redmond and other members of the faculty had failed to disperse 500 students of the College of the City of New York. The students had gathered to protest against the expulsion of Simon W. Gerson, president of the Social Problems Club and member of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

The two who were arrested were taken to the police station on charges of disorderly conduct, where they were later released on $500 bail each, furnished by the International Labor Defense. They are Nathan Adler, of 1205 Boynton Ave., the Bronx, and Jonah Schnissman, of 584 West 137th St., both former students of the college. The names of dozens of the protesting students were taken by the jingo professors.

Adler and Schnissman had been carrying placards inscribed with the slogans, "Working Class Students: Fight Labor's Battles in the Schools!" and "Working Class Students: Fight Imperialism!" Both placards were signed "Young Workers (Communist) League of America." Their trial was set for the night court in the evening,

(Continued on Page Two)

BUY PUBLISHERS FOR POWER TRUST

Ginn & Co. 'Cooperated' by Deleting Books

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The Oklahoma Public Utility Information Bureau and one of the largest school book publishing concerns in the United States "cooperated" in deleting matter "unfavorable" to the Power Trust. This was revealed at today's hearing of the Federal Trade Commission's utility inquiry.

Edward F. McKay of Oklahoma testified that Ginn & Company, publishers, of New York and Chicago "welcomed" the review by the Power Trust of their manuscripts as the advertising factor in the sale and distribution of the text books.

Testimony of Fred R. Jenkins of Chicago, chairman of the committee and representative of the National Electric Light Association, and correspondence introduced showed that the utilities thought the large textbook publishers would "get in line."

JAIL NORWEGIAN PARTY EDITOR

"Left" Social-Democrats Cave in

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

STOCKHOLM, June 15.—Christiansen, editor of the central organ of the Norwegian Communist paper, has just been arrested and fined 500 crowns for violation of the recently enacted law prohibiting assistance to workers on strike. Other arrests are soon to follow, it is threatened. The trade unions which are helping strikers by subscriptions of one crown monthly will be penalized, it is expected.

At the party congress of the social-democratic party of Sweden the "left" wing headed by Engberg-Hoeglund has capitulated. The "opposition" abandons its main demand that the social-democratic party forms a government only when holding parliamentary majority.

The resolution is sponsored by the party leaders. On the question of "defense of the fatherland" the worker delegates demanded complete disarmament. The "opposition" capitulated and voted for social-patriotic resolution.

Strikes in India Become Frequent

AMSTERDAM, June 15 (FP).—Reports received here from Calcutta show that great strikes have been spreading in India for the past six months, due chiefly to employers' attempts to further reduce the miserable wages paid. The textile workers and many thousands of workers on the East Indian Railway lines are on strike.

MELLON MACHINE PICKED SENATOR FOR DUPE GAME

Betrayal of Farmers His Job

KANSAS CITY, June 5.—Following the juggernaut triumph of the Wall Street-Coolidge machine in the nomination of Herbert Hoover for president of the United States, the task of the machine was completed yesterday with the naming for the vice-presidency of Charles Curtis of Kansas.

As the scenes unfolded on the stage of this big hall it became clear that Curtis has been the nominee for vice-presidency picked out by the Mellon machine some time ago, and that the task of Curtis has been to hold at all cost the following and the faith of as large as possible a portion of the discontended farm elements and small-town capitalists which have been milling around the convention with anti-Hoover sentiments.

Curtis, whose leadership of the farm insurgency, had for its sole purpose the control, and not the development, of the demands of the farmers, has received his reward at the hands of the grateful politicians, by whom he is now acclaimed as a saviour.

Nominated by Senator Borah, self-styled progressive who as usual was drafted to turn the party's shrewdest trick, Curtis received the unanimous nomination of the republican delegates whipped into order by the machine leaders.

Curtis is a Mississippi valley man and it is the hope of the republican bosses that he may stem the threatening defection from the party ranks in the farming sections of the country.

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KANSAS CITY, June 15.—The nomination of Herbert Hoover and Charles Curtis with the adoption of the extreme imperialist platform by the republican national convention gives a dizzy picture of political road travelled since the Civil War toward consolidating the domination of the heavy industrialists and financiers over the working class and tenant farmers.

U. S. Steel, Washington.

In spite of the fact that the secretary of commerce of the Harding and Coolidge administrations is the heir of Coolidge and the man-higher-up to the professional slush-funding politicians like William S. ("boss") Vare, of Philadelphia, Hoover is of a different type of executive from the Taft-Harding-Coolidge brand. Hoover is an engineer and efficiency technician who, if elected next November, would relate the White House more frankly and directly than ever before to the executive offices of the United States Steel Corporation. As secretary of commerce, since his appointment by Harding in 1921, Hoover has devoted his talents to improving facilities abroad for the extension of iron-heeled American imperialism. The shadow of Hoover was beside Gen. Smedley Butler at Nanking and is now beside Brig. Gen. Frank R. McCoy in Nicaragua, where the marines are merely the bloodiest and most conspicuous expression of the incursions of American capital. So that similarly Hoover would relate the executive office of the United States Government more openly and directly than ever to the executive office of J. P. Morgan & Co.

Fascists Elated.

As soon as word of Hoover's nomination reached Rome the Associated Press correspondent at the Italian fascist capital cabled to his New York office that the nomination had "produced a generally favorable impression" there, in part because "it presaged a continuation of the policies so far pursued by the United States."

And in the spirit of fascism is a photograph bearing on the nomination published today in many leading capitalist dailies. One photograph in a half-page lay-out is of Hoover's birthplace at West Branch, Ia. This is a modest frame house with a vine-covered porch that might belong to a factory foreman in same small town today. Above this disarming photograph, however, is a photograph of Hoover's present Washington residence. There is only one human figure in this picture. And it is significant that this figure is a uniformed policeman with a club over his shoulder on the front sidewalk.

The convention was to adjourn today, with the prospect that the republican party would spend a large part of its millions of dollars of slush fund and hush fund money in the Middle West this year.

Philadelphia Hosiery Workers Still Tie Up Mills, Correspondent Writes

MASS PICKETING REMAINS URGENT NEED IN STRIKE

Bosses Confer for New Wage Slash

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., (By Mail). The strike of the American Full-Fashioned Hosiery workers is still on at the Ajax, Federal and Emmet mills, all in Philadelphia. This is going to be a long struggle and there must be more aggression and more mass picketing. If the strikers are to win the workers at the mills affected, they will have to show the scabs that they mean business by a plentiful display of pickets.

At the Ajax mill picketing is being carried on so far from the gate that the boss has no trouble in getting scabs to come and go without realizing there is a strike on.

The capitalist owners of the mills are engaging in another conference so the workers can look for further wage cuts. They intend to get together on a national scale to take away the decent standard of living that the workers are fighting so hard to keep. They will continue their attacks on the unions, continuing their shrewd tactics as they have at the Federal mill, where a republican gang judge has issued an injunction against picketing.

Attempts have been made at several other plants here in Philadelphia to force additional machines on the workers and the workers must be made to realize that only by organizing all the men and women in the hosiery industry can they resist the speed-up and wage cuts.

The present hosiery strike is of great importance as the workers have a strong union and have built up a big membership. It behooves all the workers to stand by the rank and file in this struggle against the big bosses of the hosiery mills.

—W. C. P.

DAILY WORKER FACES DANGER

(Continued from Page One)

Wellington, O., $5; J. J. Parkky, Hancock, Mich., $5; Jan Bruntink, St. Louis, Mo., $2; Ed. Hirsch, Cincinnati, O., $3; James Cejka, Chicago, Ill., $1; J. B. Curry, Kansas City, Mo., $1; Eneborg, Chicago, Ill., $2; Art. Stayrianadakis, Thermopolis, Wyo., $1; Chas. Lits, Sandusky, O., $1; I. Siegel, Brooklyn, N. Y., $1; Sec. 5, Br. 3, NYC, $11; Greenwitch, NYC, $1; Morris Oken, NYC, $2; Section 5, Br. 6, NYC, $48.50; Jacob Gostinsky, NYC, $1; John Virbast, NYC, $5; S. Tannenbaum, Brighton Beach, $3; John Zupasko, Hillside, N. J., $2; John Jaeken, NYC, $5; Unit 4F, Sec. 4, NYC, $3; Unit 3F 2B, NYC, $3; Unit 6F 2B, NYC, $1.75; L. Borenstein, Bklyn, N. Y., $2.25; Unit B, Sect. 4, NYC, $14; A. O'Hare, San Diego, Cal., $1; Howard Suth, Decatur, Ill., $1; B. Anderson, Uhrichsville, O., 50c; J. H. Oettey, Parsons, Kan., $4; Jack Bespalow, NYC, $2; M. Engleman, Boston, Mass., $2.50; Elsie Mortimon, College Point, L. I., N. Y., $1; Nucleus 3, Section 1, Worcester, Mass., $15; Louis Hochheim, Chicago, Ill., $3; Margaret Stresow, Central Islip, N. Y., $1; Street Nucleus 11, Sec. 4, Chicago, Ill., $14; Arabte Young, Mt. Vernon, Wash., $5; Lushka Verona, N. Y. C., $5; A Friend, NYC, $3; Geo. Kaloff, Spokane, Wash., $2; Section 5, Boston, Mass., $10; Adolph Meyer, Bridgeport, Conn., $1; A Worker, Bronx, N. Y., $1; Otto C. Steinhoff, Columbus, O., 50c; M. S. Waters, Rialto, Cal., $10; M. E. Bobb, San Bernardino, $3; N. Comar, San Bernardino, $2; Joe Levitzky, San Bernardino, $1; Frank Gayer, San Bernardino, $1; Herman Augustine, San Bernardino, $2; S. Gaster Tover, San Bernardino, $1; S. Zelman, San Bernardino, $1.50; A Boston Italian Comrade, Boston, Mass., $1; Sam H. Small, Maywood, N. J., $2; M. Morek, Jersey City, N. J., $1; Carl Haessler, Chicago, Ill., $5; F. I. Edler, Baltimore, Md., $5; J. A. Biasutch, Kellog, Iowa, $1; J. Taub, Phila., Pa., $2; R. & B. Weinberg, Phila., Pa., $4; B. Michton, Phila., Pa., [illegible] E. W. 1F, Phila., Pa., $3; J. Smith, Phila., Pa., $5; Carpenters' Progressive Group, Phila., Pa., $18; A. Coleman, Phila., Pa., $2; B. Canter, Phila., Pa., $1; Edwin Swan, Phila., Pa., $3; S. Rosenthal, Phila., Pa., $2; Alex Draznik, Gary, Ind., $3; John Auert, Ukiah, Cal., $10; Gonzalez Sato, Redwood City, Cal., $3; So. Slavic & Bulgarian Workers, Gary, Ind., $25; Fred Solbrig, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., $1; Peter N. Reno, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., $1; Lauri Johnson, Buffalo, N. Y., $10; J. Barsky, Conneaut, O., $5; Dr. J. E. Carlin, Freehold, N. J., $5; Section 1, Unit 2I, NYC, $8.50; Section 1, Unit 4F, NYC, $6.75; Section 1, Unit 8F, NYC, $4; Section 1, Unit 1I, NYC, $29; Section 1 Unit 1 I, NYC, $3; Section 1 Unit 1 I (R. S. F.), NYC, $14.25; Arved Brigader, NYC, 50c; Augusta Brigader, NYC, 50c; A. Ntrison, NYC, 50c; B. Spenser, NYC, 50c; Axel Carlson, Graniteville, Waterford, Conn., $5; Henry Ashlowitz, New Brunswick, N. J., $3; Alex B. Matulza, Elizabeth, N. J., $1; John Bedbavuy, Astoria, L. I., N. Y., $3; John Le Pouvre, Zanesville, O., $5; Elinard Nivax, Frederick, S. D., $1; Arvid Pennala, Frederick, S. D., $1; Nestor Anderson, Frederick, S. D., $1; Eino Niva, Frederick, S. D., $1; Toivo Rauma, Frederick, S. D., $1; Oscar Bygard, Frederick, S. D., $1; Emel Niva, Frederick, S. D., $1; Arthur Bay, Frederick, S. D., $1; Sulo Rauma, Frederick, S. D., $1; Andrew Bay, Frederick, S. D., $1; Oscar Luttio, Frederick, S. D., 50c; Erkki Rauma, Frederick, S. D., $1; Alex Kriksman, Frederick, S. D., 50c; Eddie Rauma, Frederick, S. D., $1; Jonas Maki, Frederick, S. D., 50c; Victor Ahlman, Frederick, S. D., $1; Eddit Kriksman, Frederick, S. D., 50c; Aug. Harhio, Frederick, S. D., 50c; John Bay, Frederick, S. D., 50c; John Alatalo, Frederick, S. D., $1; Matt Niva, Frederick, S. D., $1; Eino Forsty, Frederick, N. D., 50c; Arvid Thomson, Frederick, N. D., $1; Oscar S. Kotila, Frederick, N. D., 50c; Andrew Koikkala, Frederick, N. D., 50c; Nilo Niva, Frederick, N. D., 50c; [illegible] Pesio, Frederick, N. D., $1; Jakob [illegible]rvi, Frederick, N. D., 50c; H. Tan[illegible], Frederick, N. D., $1; John Matt[illegible], Frederick, N. D., 50c; Adolph [illegible], Detroit, Mich., $2; Mrs. E. J. [illegible], Kalamazoo, Mich., $3; Mildred [illegible], Ravenna, Ill., $5; Section 1, [illegible] $3

Caught With Goods

GEORGE MAYERS

MAYERS, LABOR SPY, IS EXPOSED

Pittsburgh Communists Trace Stoolpigeon

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, June 15.—George Mayers of Pittsburgh, whose picture is published above was proven to be a spy, according to an official report issued by A. Jakira, local district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party. Bayers was under surveillance by a committee of the Workers (Communist) Party for the last two years until a complete check-up on his activities were made.

These included spying on the Workers (Communist) Party, on the Machinists' Union and several other labor organizations. He claims to have come from Toledo, Ohio, where according to his own story, he "took part" in the shopmen's strike.

Up to the time that he was exposed he was "covering" various meetings indulged in conversations with workers and then made reports to his "firm" at the Wabash Bldg., Pittsburgh. He was at one time working in various machine shops, doing some spy work as a sideline. He was preparing to fill out an application to join the Machinists' Union at the time he was "caught with the goods."

Mayers is of German descent, five feet four inches tall, and has dark brown hair.

All workers and labor organizations are cautioned against this spy.

POLICE CHARGE CCNY STUDENTS

(Continued from Page One)

where they were to be defended by Mrs. Carol Weiss King.

The meeting, which had been announced in the morning when 2,000 circulars were distributed about the college, was called to battle against the dismissal of Gerson, president of the Social Problems Club, a student organization which for many years has led the movement to abolish military training at City College.

BUNGE COAL CO. SLAVES DRIVEN 11 HOURS A DAY

Owner Dupes Injured Workers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHICAGO, Ill. (By Mail). — The Bunge Coal Co. of Chicago, personally managed by A. J. Bunge, an iron-fisted capitalist of the old school and reputed to be the largest independent coal dealer in this city, owning six big yards, makes huge profits every year out of the most merciless exploitation of its employes.

11-Hour Day.

It would be hard to find another firm, even in this town, which could beat the Bunge company for treatment meted out to its workers. The working day is nominally 10 hours, but is usually nearer 11. The day starts at 6 a. m. with 30 minutes for lunch. The men are supposed to quit at 5.30 but there is no end to the overtime, paid for, in the case of the common laborers, at straight time. Fifty-five cents is the wage for coal shovelers and eighty-one cents for truck drivers with ninety-one cents for overtime.

There are any number of bosses to watch every move of every worker and see that there is never any let-up in the endless shoveling of coal. Spotters and spies are sent out with almost every delivery order of size to see that not a minute is lost in unloading. The latest wrinkle is for every truck driver to be assigned a time card which he must have punched by the customer for whom delivery is being made at the exact moment of arrival and again on leaving to return to the yards. You are put on a time allowance according to the distance you have to drive and the size of your load, and if you return later than the time allowed, you will hear aplenty about it. If you happen to work one half hour overtime, no pay is given you. The full hours only are counted.

The working week consists of 60 hours, but nearly every night there is overtime work for more than an hour.

No Water to Drink.

Not even a water supply is furnished the workers and Bunge himself has been known to allow the workers to get water only with the greatest reluctance. Any worker daring to make the least protest against the inhuman conditions prevailing is instantly singled out and discharged. Hardly any man of over 35 is ever hired. They have to be young to stand Bunge's pace.

The laborers have to pay $25 to join with dues of two dollars a month, the union being No. 701, Chicago, for the coal heavers and No. 704 for the chauffeurs or truck drivers. The union does absolutely nothing about the conditions and the Chicago Federation of Labor might as well be a million miles away for the interest they take in the members. The dues, however, are always collected regularly.

One man, an old employe, had a bad accident a number of years ago and Bunge persuaded him that, instead of paying a lump sum of money, he would give him a life-time "easy job" as soon as he got better. Several months ago this life-time slave, no longer able to keep up the pace and speed-up, was fired by Bunge after working for 38 years. And he had worked hard all that time.

—COAL WORKER.

Frequently Arrested Mill Strike Leaders at Courthouse

Left to Right:—Manuel Pacheco Rapoza, Alphonse Lameiras, William T. Murdoch, John Porterun and Edmund T. Alexander, New Bedford textile strike leaders. In the bosses' attempt to break the solidarity of the strikers, these leading figures in the struggle were placed under arrest several times for "disturbing the peace" by heading picket lines. "Peace disturbance" consists only of singing or whistling labor songs on the picket line. About 40 workers have been arrested and sentenced to heavy fines and long jail terms.

FALL RIVER MILL UNION APPEALS

Police Efforts to Halt Committee Fail

(Continued from Page One)

against the wage reduction they suffered has grown by leaps and bounds since the T. M. C. came to town. This has occurred despite all the city authorities have done with the aid of the officials of the American Federation of Textile Operatives and the United Textile Workers Union.

The call for membership in the Textile Mills Committee declares in part:

"The old wage scale must come back! No compromise. Every worker must organize and be prepared to wipe out these wage cuts. Only the T. M. C. comes with a fighting plan to the workers. The A. F. T. O. officials Tansy & Co., do everything in their power to prevent a strike. The U. T. W. officials, Campos & Co. jump around and do nothing. Meanwhile, weeks go by and the workers suffer more than before.

"Over in New Bedford the Textile Mill Committee has organized the workers and is leading them in a great fight against the bosses there. We must do the same here. The Fall River workers can fight just as the New Bedford workers can. Now is the time to fight.

"The Textile Mill Committee is here to stay. It is growing stronger all the time. Each day workers are coming down to the office at 161 So. Main Street (Room 5) to sign up."

Scientists From USSR May Join in Oslo Meet

Moscow, U. S. S. R., June 15.—The government of the U. S. S. R. has recognized as possible the participation of Soviet scientific institutions in the VI International Congress of Historical Sciences to be held in Oslo in August.

The People's Commissariat of Education and the People's Commissariat of Agriculture will send five delegates to the IV International Congress of Entomologists to be opened in August in the United States. In the last congress, which was held at Geneva in 1925, the Soviet entomologists could not participate for reasons of a political nature.

"Patience" to be Presented by Play-Arts Guild at Ambassador

THE Play-Arts Guild of Baltimore, announces that its Broadway premiere of "Patience," Gilbert and Sullivan's satirical operetta has been set for Monday evening, June 25, at the Ambassador Theatre. This same production played for twenty weeks in Baltimore, the home of the Play-Arts Guild. T. M. Cushing is the director.

During the past two seasons the Guild has established a repertoire of four Gilbert and Sullivan operettas and at the present moment has another—"The Gondoliers" in rehearsal. It is interesting to note that "Patience" was their initial attempt at light opera. All the work of staging this opera was carried on in the Guild's own workshop and studio in Baltimore—and by members of the Guild's own staff.

Mary Bokee, the prima donna of "Patience," made her debut in this opera. Others having principal roles are: Gertrude Gossman, Wilma Lanyon, Margaret Gilner, Donald Kirkley, Burt Royce, Jr., John Head and Edmund Leonard.

David E. Golden, who will make his debut as a producer via "Talked About" by Martin Mooney and Thomson Burtis, is now in the throes of casting the play, which will be tried out sometime in July.

"The Silent House" passed its 150th performance last night at the Morosco Theatre.

Rachel Crothers, the well-known author and playwright, will be in charge of production for the Schubert's next season.

Amy Revere will play the Shirley Vernon part and Bobby Jarvis, last seen here in "The Desert Song," will play the Gus Shy role in the London production of "Good News."

To Report on Congress

PITTSBURGH, June 15.—J. W. Johnstone, who recently returned from the World Congress of the Red International of Trade Unions, held in Moscow, is coming to Pittsburgh to address a mass meeting to be held Wednesday, June 20 at 8 p. m., at the McGeagh Bldg., 607 Webster Ave., 7th floor. The meeting is arranged by the Pittsburgh branch of the Trade Union Educational League.

URGE WORKERS OF WORLD TO FIGHT CHINESE TERROR

Meetings Planned for Immediate Relief

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, June 15.—An appeal to all affiliated organizations to stop the terror now raging against thousands of Chinese workers and peasants has just been issued by the Executive Committee of the Red International of Labor. The torture and slaughter of militants continued unabated, the appeal declares.

British, French, Japanese and American police have seized hundreds of workers during the past few days who are suspected of "Communistic tendencies."

An urgent cry for help has just come from the Chinese trade unions to the international proletariat. A campaign for a world-wide mass relief campaign is urged for the period between the 17th to the 31st of July to help the Chinese workers and peasants.

A Chinese emergency has been proclaimed thruout the Soviet Union, with meetings and demonstrations being arranged in many large centers. Collections of money in the shops and factories are being planned at the same time. A mighty international demonstration of solidarity with Chinese labor is urged.

Aids Soviet Citizens

MOSCOW, June 15.—The Executive Committee of the "Red Cross and Red Crescent Society" of the U. S. S. R. has published a communication on the procedure to be followed by the society for receiving and delivering information connected with inquiries regarding relatives and friends living abroad.

The "Red Cross and Red Crescent Society" will undertake to technically and materially assist citizens of U. S. S. R. in getting sums of money due to them abroad, such as heritage, life insurance premiums, etc., including help to needy citizens by way of advancing to them sums necessary for conducting their case.

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For Annoying or Painful Bladder Evacuation
Get the genuine Santal Midy
Effective-Harmless
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DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23rd St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
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AMUSEMENTS

THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTIONS
EUGENE O'NEILL'S PLAY
STRANGE INTERLUDE
JOHN GOLDEN THEA., 58th St., E. of B'way. Evenings only at 5:30 sharp.
Dinner Intermission at 7:40

A SARDONIC FARCE, BASED ON BEN JOHNSON'S FAMOUS COMEDY BY STEPHEN ZWEIG
"VOLPONE"
GUILD THEATRE WEST 52nd ST. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2:30.

PORGY
A FOLK PLAY
BY DUBOSE AND DOROTHY HEYWARD
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42nd St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42nd & B'way
BEGINNING TODAY
American Premiere

IVAN MOSKVIN
Famous Russian Artist, in
"THE STATION MASTER"
(The Russian Last Laugh)—A Sovkino Production
—And in Addition—
Remarkable Film made for $97
"SUICIDE OF A HOLLYWOOD EXTRA"
An FBO Novelty—Endorsed by CHAPLIN & FAIRBANKS.

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play.
Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St.
Mats. WED. & SAT.

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES

END OF ST. PETERSBURG
Hammerstein's Thea., B'way & 53 St. Phone Col. 8380.
Twice Daily, 2:40-8:40. Prices, Mats. 50c to $1.00. Eves., 50c to $1.50. All Seats Reserved.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL
Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
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Japanese Fascist Government to Inflict Death Penalty on All Communists

FORWARD AGENT JOINS FORCES WITH MINE SPY

Yellow Socialist Paper Upholds Acts

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, June 15.—The June issue of the United Mine Workers' Journal prints a statement by Julius Weisberg, Pittsburgh correspondent for "The Jewish Daily Forward," a socialist party publication, which supports the Lewis machine, in which Weisberg attacks the Pennsylvania-Ohio Relief Committee, now the National Miners' Relief Committee. To appreciate this statement, one must know about a certain Halapy.

The miners of district 5 are well acquainted with the name of Mike Halapy. This gentleman has been an official of the U. M. W. A. and in good graces with Lewis' official family. Halapy, at this moment, is alleged to be working for the Pittsburgh Coal Company, which is leading the present drive to smash the miners' union. Mr. Halapy is playing a leading role in helping the Pittsburgh Coal Company carry out its plans. But what about Mr. Julius Weisberg, where does he come into the picture?

"Great Friends."

Well, it seems that Weisberg and Halapy are great friends. On May [illegible]th and 29th the miners of district [illegible] held a convention in Pittsburgh at which Mr. Fagan, the machine president of district 5, and his entire administration were counted out of office. New officers were elected, who truly represent the rank and file, with Fred Siders at the head of the district. But again we ask what about Mr. Weisberg? It is a common truth that everyone knows two great friends when he sees them. During the entire convention these two, Mike Halapy, and Julius Weisberg were not separated for one moment. They came together, sat together, chummed together, went out to eat together and came back together. Indeed, their great friendship was so noticeable that miners who know Halapy came to the committee asking whether Halapy's friend works for the Pittsburgh Coal Company also. The Committee explained that Mr. Weisberg is the official representative of the socialist paper, "The Jewish Daily Forward."

What Is in It?

At the same time we would like to know what the relations between Mike Halapy, a stool-pigeon for the Pittsburgh Coal Company, and Julius Weisberg, the Forward representative, really are? Whatever the answer to this question may be we are certain that Mr. Weisberg and Mr. Halapy are not conspiring together to improve the condition of the miners and help build up again the miners' union.

FUR JOINT BOARD WINS IN STRIKE

While the dual right wing furriers Joint Council, established by the American Federation of Labor officials, is being torn by dissensions marked by increased bitterness, the left wing Joint Board Furriers Union is successfully carrying on its campaign to improve conditions in the shops. This has been proved by a general wage raise of $7, $8 and $9 won in a shop by 20 workers after a strike lasting three days.

The strike in the shop had been called after it was discovered that the employer, dazzled by the opportunities for greater exploitation which a shop of registered workers offered him, had ordered his workers to register in the fake right wing union. After three days of energetic picketing the firm, The Mitchell Fur Co., 305 Seventh Ave., it was compelled to ask the Joint Board for a settlement.

In the meantime the right wing group in the Joint Council, which is completely dissatisfied with the open shop conditions in the trade, are making sharper and sharper attacks against the Stetsky-McGrady clique, for having broken the once powerful Furriers' Union.

British Textile Wage Cut Parley Deadlocked

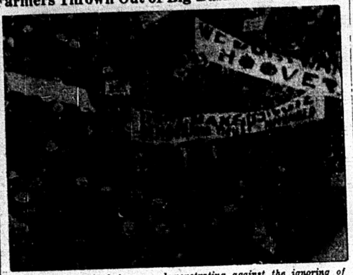
MANCHESTER, Eng., June 15.—The long drawn out negotiations going on between the employers and the representatives of the textile finishers' union ended yesterday without a settlement of the wage dispute being reached.

The mill owners still insist on a wage slash. The union officials have till now been prevented by the membership from making any concessions, under the threat of the workers to fight the reduction regardless of negotiation decisions.

GERMAN BOURSE SAGS.

BERLIN, June 15.—Wall Street cast its shadow on the Berlin bourse this week, prices slumping generally as the New York market sagged.

Farmers Thrown Out of Big Business' Convention



Several hundred farmers, demonstrating against the ignoring of their demands by the representatives of big business, were twice thrown out of the republican convention in Kansas City. The protest movement among the farmers which was captured by one set of republican politicians for their own ends, was originally advertised as mobilizing 100,000. Their demands were ignored in the republican platform. Telephoto above shows the farmers storming the hall. But the storm was controlled by fakers, who held out the false hope that the farmers might possibly gain something from the party of Coolidge and Wall Street.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Youth League Aids Strike.

BOSTON. — A special membership meeting of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Boston will take place Saturday at 7 p. m., at the Roxbury League Headquarters International Hall, Roxbury.

The New Bedford League members who are active strikers have been especially invited to attend this meeting as the question discussed will be on the New Bedford strike campaign.

• • •

Philadelphia Workers' Defense.

PHILADELPHIA. — The Downtown and West Philadelphia branches of the International Labor Defense will be reorganized Monday, the Downtown branch at 8th and Rittner Sts., and the West Philadelphia branch at the Progressive Library, 4035 Girard Ave. Thomas and Olkin will speak.

• • •

District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

BOSTON.—District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vankens farm, Cushing St., Hingham,

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

• • •

CLEVELAND.—Wednesday, June 20, all three sections of the Workers (Communist) Party of Cleveland will hold section membership meetings. Section 1 will meet at the Hungarian Home, 4309 Lorain Ave., Section 2 at South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., and Section 3 at Workers Home. There will be no general membership meeting that night. The election campaign will be organized at the section meetings.

• • •

Miners' Relief Picnic.

DETROIT.—The Italian fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party in Detroit is arranging a picnic for the support of the striking miners Sunday, at Dequindre St. and Nine Mile Road.

• • •

On the Labor Congress.

Following are the dates thus far announced for the tour of Jack Johnstone, of the Trade Union Educational League, to report on the recent Fourth Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions.

• • •

Philadelphia, Sunday, June 17, Grand Fraternity Hall.

Pittsburgh, June 20, 607 Webster Ave.

• • •

CHICAGO.—A concert will be given by Section 4 of the Workers (Communist) Party at Freiheit Hall, 3301 W. Roosevelt Rd., this evening.

• • •

San Francisco Y. W. L. Festival.

SAN FRANCISCO.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the league with a demonstration at the Youth Festival, tonight, at Gymnastic Hall, 2460 Sutter Ave.

• • •

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 23, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

• • •

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

• • •

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24; at Vankens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Y. W. L. Tour.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak in connection with the election campaign and the formation of League units as follows:

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Luzerne, Pa.; Hanover, Pa.; Nanticoke, Pa.; Jessup, Pa.; Pittstown, Pa.; Old Forge, Pa.; Olyphant, Pa.; Scranton, Pa.; Carbondale, Pa.

• • •

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

USSR to Provide Land For Jewish Families

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By Mail). The Presidium of the All-Russian Central Executive Committee has decided to allot land for the settlement of Jewish families in the Birsk-Bidjany district, in the Amur region of Eastern Siberia. It is proposed to settle 35,000 families in that district.

The general plan, as approved by the Soviet government, provides for the migration and settlement of 100,000 Jewish families in the entire Soviet Union.

So far, over 15,000 families have been settled and provided with land.

SCHOOLS LINKED WITH UTILITIES

Extensive Propaganda in All Fields

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Texas utilities interests are thoroughly "contacted" with all colleges in their territory and are influencing them to adopt their views against municipal ownership, the Federal Trade Commission learned today in its power investigation.

C. W. Davis, of the Southwestern Public Service Association, testified that the "educational system" has been propagandized by the association, by introducing speakers of the organization into all high schools and colleges in the territory.

Examination of William C. Grant, director of the Texas Public Service information bureau, revealed an extensive propaganda campaign reaching thru newspapers, schools and the public rostrum.

ARGENTINE PAPER HITS MUSSOLINI

BUENOS AIRES, June 15.—The conservative "Razon", the most important evening paper of Buenos Aires, publishes a long article answering the threats of the fascist press of Italy, particularly the article of Arnaldo Mussolini, in the 'Popolo d'Italia', published in Milan, which attacked Argentina as an enemy of Italy because it shelters anti-fascists.

The "Razon" answers by calling the article "excessively arrogant, and inopportune" and rejects the "veiled threats" against Argentina, and the attempt to make the Argentine government responsible for the recent bombing in the Italian consulate in Buenos Aires. The "Razon" points out that such bombings are possible not only in countries which give refuge to the anti-fascists but also in the countries where they are most persecuted, as for instance in Milan.

1 Woman Worker Dead, 3 Others Burnt in Fire

WEYMOUTH, Mass., June 15.—One woman was burned to death and a number of other persons sustained injuries and burns in a fire which razed the Colonial Manor, an inn here, early this morning.

The dead woman, Mrs. Annie Olsen, was employed as a dishwasher by the hotel. Mary Murdock, a waitress sustained a broken leg and dislocated shoulder in jumping from her room.

STREET GRAFTERS IN NEW YORK CITY UP FOR SENTENCE

Tammany to Go Easy on Own Henchman

The center of activity in the Tammany street cleaning graft scandal shifts back into the Bronx County Court today, when three payroll padders are to be sentenced and two men charged with the same offense arraigned.

Although the graft operators in the Bronx will hold the center of the stage, others in Manhattan and Brooklyn will play parts in the day's graft presentation.

In Manhattan, two indictments against minor employes of the 116th Street Stable understood to have been voted by the New York county grand jury are scheduled to be handed up to Judge Morris Koenig in General Sessions this morning. The indictments, it was said, have been drawn up, but for some unexplained reason were not returned in open court yesterday according to program.

The three men to appear before County Judge Albert M. Cohn for sentence are William J. Lougheed former foreman of the Cromwell Avenue Garage, and his assistant Benjamin Stoeber, both of whom pleaded guilty to first degree grand larceny charges, and William J. Oswald, district superintendent, convicted largely on the testimony of the first two.

SEWER GRAFT NOW COVERS FIVE UNITS

Only Small Area Has Been Covered So Far

The number of units of the Street Cleaning Department in which evidences of graft in padding of emergency laborers' payrolls and forging of checks made out to fictitious laborers has thus far been discovered by the several investigations into swindling in the department today had mounted to 5, of which 3 are in Brooklyn and 1 each in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Six indictments have been found in the Bronx, 2 are expected today in Manhattan and 3 others will probably be found in Brooklyn by the end of the week.

These 11 accusations of criminality, it is pointed out by the investigators, cover only one phase of the various kinds of grafting believed to have existed for many years, and affect only a small section of the area in which according to the knowledge now in hand, swindling of public funds has been going on.

ADD PIECE WORK TO GRAFT IN ACW

In face of the recent exposures of graft in the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, Sidney Hillman, president has refused not only to halt the sellouts for graft, but is preparing another betrayal of the union membership by taking the first steps to bring into all the New York shops the sweat shop system of piece-work.

This he is doing by calling together a meeting of the executive boards of the New York men's clothing makers' locals and proposing a series of measures whereby the system of piecework would be installed in all the shops of the inside manufacturers.

Due to the intense resentment of the membership against the grafting officials of the Beckerman machine and the imminent installation of the piece-work system, Hillman may ask for the resignation of one or two minor agents of the three grafters whom he was compelled to dismiss. He refuses, however, to take cognizance of the fact that the graft ring in the knee pants trade board could not have existed without the knowledge and active assistance of the higher-ups in the Beckerman machine of the Joint Board.

Interboro Train Worker Killed in Collision

Thomas F. Gillick, 21, of 1191 Clay Ave., the Bronx, an Interborough subway switchman, was crushed to death Wednesday when an empty 10-car train he was piloting, crashed into the rear end of another unoccupied train.

The first train, operated by Peter Mack, of 1520 Park Ave. had started for the station but had stopped in the middle of the track. Gillick failed to see the signal because of the mist that hung over the elevated structure, and drove his train head on into Mack's train.

School Children Injured by Runaway Truck

A runaway motor truck speeding down Claremont Parkway, the Bronx, injured a group of children on their way to school.

Picture shows one of the injured children, Matilde Ladutschko, nine, having her leg bandaged by her brother Henry.

ASK INJUNCTION TO 'FIGHT' BOSSES

Upholstery Union Chiefs Apply for Writ

Another set of officials in the "union business" is applying for an injunction to order employers to please refrain from breaking the agreement with the union. This new "request" was made by Local 73 of the Upholsterers' Union which filed an application in the supreme court Tuesday, to restrain the Continental Upholstery Co. from sending work to the non-union Aerial Upholstery Co.

This type of "militant unionism" is a well-established practice among the bureaucrats in control of this organization. Besides giving justification for the vicious anti-labor injunctions increasingly handed out by the judges, who say that unions only shout against injunctions when it hurts them, the union membership shows that the only result of "court unionism" is the speedy exhaustion of union funds.

START NEW ANTI-IMPERIALIST UNIT

Los Angeles Conference Tonight Will Organize

LOS ANGELES, June 15.—Delegates from local trade unions, fraternal and anti-militarist organizations will meet here tomorrow to take up means of organizing resistance to the Wall Street war against Nicaragua and set up a permanent Los Angeles branch of the All America Anti-Imperialist League (U. S. Section). The conference will meet at Cleveland Hall, 730 S. Grand Ave. and is expected to attract representation of important labor organizations of the community.

The Los Angeles Central Labor Council has elected three delegates who will represent it officially. Edith Berkman is provisional secretary of the conference.

The Los Angeles Provisional Committee signing the call for tomorrow's conference includes: Pablo Manlapit Filipino labor leader; Lew Head chairman, Progressive Club; Dr. Clinton J. Taft, director, Civil Liberties Union; Robert Whitaker, co-editor Open Forum; Mrs. Genevieve Mott-Smith, vice-president, Women's International League; Dr. James Keown; E. J. Sullivan, Painters Union No. 511; J. T. Hemmings, secretary Millinery and Capmakers' Union No 26; Julius Reese, Carpenters' Union No. 1976; M. Herman, secretary, I. L G. W. U. No. 52; Mrs. Fanny Bixby Spencer, prominent anti-militarist; Mrs. Lona Ingham Robinson, president, Women's Shelley Club.

Newark Plans Collection for Miners Relief Fund

NEWARK, N. J., June 15. — The Newark National Miners Relief Committee will hold a house to house collection on Saturday and Sunday, June 16 and 17. Headquarters for the collectors will be the office of the committee at 57 Broome St., top floor, room 2. The Newark Committee, which has already sent over $2,000.00 for the miners' relief, is still carrying on its work and will carry on to help the striking miners until they force the bosses to terms.

Renewed appeals have been sent for help to the miners. The miners are literally facing starvation unless the workers keep on sending in relief. Every worker and every sympathizer is expected to report on these two days to take part in the house to house collection. All organizations should see to it that their members are present.

Child Labor Grows

Only 14 states now require children to complete the 8th grade in school before a regular work permit will be issued to them.

KATE GITLOW TO BE HONORED HERE

Veteran Organizer Back From Soviet Union

Kate Gitlow, veteran Communist organizer, will be the guest of honor at a banquet given her by the United Council of Workingclass Women at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., Saturday evening, June 23. She has just returned from a six months' visit in the Soviet Union.

At the banquet she will report on the progress of working women in European countries, and particularly in the U. S. S. R.

Works on Soviet Union At Oakland Book Shop

OAKLAND, Cal., June 15.—A new lot of books dealing with the economic and political life of the Soviet Union has just been received by the Workers Book Shop, 2123 Telegraph Ave., here. These books are expected to still further strengthen the position of the Workers Book Shop as the only book store in the East Bay district where books and pamphlets dealing with the economic and political situation in most of the European countries, as well as China and the United States, can be found.

The Workers Book Shop also carries the most important books and pamphlets dealing with the labor movement in this country. The shop is open daily from 12 to 8 p. m.

Cigar Union Dwindles

ST. LOUIS, June 15. — Union cigarmakers in St. Louis, once numbering 1,200, now total 300.

MILITARISTS FEAR MILITANTS WILL AROUSE WORKERS

Proposal Follows Many Demonstrations

TOKIO, June 15.—Acting on a proposal made by the Japanese militarist cabinet, measures will be taken, it was announced yesterday, to change the punishment of members of the Japanese Communist Party convicted of "conspiring against the state" from ten years in prison, to the death penalty.

Since according to law this measure would have to wait several months until the next session of the Diet, the cabinet submitted its proposal today to the Privy Council, which has appointed a committee to "examine" it. This haste on the part of the cabinet, which desires to have the revised law promulgated immediately by imperial ordinance, is believed to be the result of demonstrations held recently thruout Japan in protest against the Japanese imperialist policy in China. The Communists have taken the lead in arousing the oppressed workers of Japan.

Soviet Scientific Body Increases Membership

MOSCOW, USSR., June 15.—At the plenary session of the central council of the section of scientific workers Mr. Oldenborg, permanent secretary of the Academy of Sciences of the Soviet Union made a report on the activities of the academy.

The fundamental work of the academy consists in the study of the natural resources and productive forces of the country, geographic and ethnographic studies, the organization of research expeditions, promotion of academic laboratories, organization of museums and scientific exhibitions. These museums and expeditions are meant not only for keeping scientific collections, but they are institutions of a scientific and educational nature.

The Academy of Sciences has connections with 1,700 geographic and ethnographic institutions. During the years of revolution, the academy organized as many as 300 research expeditions.

According to the new statute of the Academy of Sciences, approved by the government of the USSR, the total number of members will be raised at the pending elections to 85.

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PHILADELPHIA, PA.
REPORT of the Fourth World Congress of the Red International Labor Unions
at GRAND FRATERNITY HALL, 1628 Arch St.
Sunday, June 17th, at 8 P. M.
Speaker: J. JONSTONE, American representative to the R. I. L. U. and National Organizer of the T. U. E. L.
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Capitalist Efficiency Politics

The republican convention was surely the most remarkable example that has yet been seen of efficient "trust" methods in politics.

The most colossal merger of banking and industrial interests that has ever acted with a single purpose planned the course of the convention and dictated its outcome with almost that precision which is attained in the construction of a fifty-story skyscraper in New York.

Now that Hoover is put over as candidate there are two main jobs for the great engineering concern of Wall Street to go through with—first to cover up completely, in the eyes of the masses, the fact that Hoover is manufactured in Wall Street, and, second, to nominate (at the democratic convention) a fitting alternate for Hoover with the assurance that if accidents make Hoover's election difficult the democratic alternate of Wall Street's choice will go through.

A remarkable editorial which appeared Friday morning in the string of Scripps-Howard newspapers is a model of the highly skilled journalistic lying with which this job will be completed. The 26 newspapers, including the New York Telegram, but consisting largely of the "liberal" small-town type of papers, were recently enlisted as a bloc in the service of the Hoover campaign. Obviously it was an arrangement to "sell" the fat Wall Street candidate to the Middle West where the selling could be done only by this type of paper.

Speaking of the most completely boss-controlled convention ever seen, and in which the agents of these bosses with perfect adroitness controlled and diverted the "farm revolt" into their own mill-race this editorial says:

> **Conspiracies of party bosses could not use the legitimate farm revolt for their selfish purpose. Financial interests could not kill the candidate they feared.**

Speaking of a man who for eight years conspired with the Harding-Coolidge gang as a member of the cabinet to protect the Teapot Dome plunderers, it says:

> **Hoover has come none too soon. His historic and once-proud party is rotting with corruption. His predecessors have failed to check this ravage of the vitals of government by predatory wealth, theft and sale of public resources, pollution of the polls by officials whom it has not disavowed.**

To cover up the significance of the fact that Hoover and Curtis were put over by the Wall Street "interests" and the gang of bosses the editorial says:

> **From this day forward Hoover will be under pressure from the bosses and the interests. They have fastened themselves on him. Failing to destroy him, they crawled to the winning side. Some tried to change their spots before and others during the convention. Now they claim credit for his victory. They plot to share the fruits thereof.**

And then, in recognition of the fact that Wall Street, through its certainty of nominating another agent, Smith, in the democratic convention, is insured against any losses in this election, the Scripps-Howard editorial continues:

> **Hoover, in all probability, will go out to meet a fair and worthy opponent, Alfred E. Smith. Differing in type, in heritage and in party, they share a common character and consecration to duty.**
>
> **Rarely has this nation been more fortunate in both its party leaders. Never has it needed such leadership more.**

But, registering Wall Street's policy of avoiding any unnecessary break in the continuity of the bureaucracy:

> **In this era, when the increasingly complex domestic and foreign problems of our government are those of social engineering, we believe that Herbert Hoover is better fitted by training and experience for the presidency than is Smith.**

And then the final demagogic flourish for the benefit of the small-town "democracy". Of the Wall Street "social engineer" whose function is to crush out the last remaining shreds of what capitalism calls civil liberties, to consolidate the rule of finance capital, to steer this rule through the process of expropriation of the small farmers, to fasten the open shop and gunman control over the entire labor relations of industry, and to lead the most gigantic military power of all history in world conquest, this "liberal" editorial says:

> **Will he restore civil liberties?**
>
> **Will he guard the public resources, and curb the encroachments of financial and giant power interests?**
>
> **Will he give to our farms an economic equality with industry?**
>
> **Will he mitigate unemployment resulting from maladjustments of the machine system and widen the opportunity of labor to share the fruits of its toil?**
>
> **Will he renounce the imperialism which preys upon weaker countries?**
>
> **Will he keep the peace in the family of nations by justice toward others, by patience when provoked, and by lessening the economic and political conflicts which cause wars?**
>
> **We have faith in Herbert Hoover.**

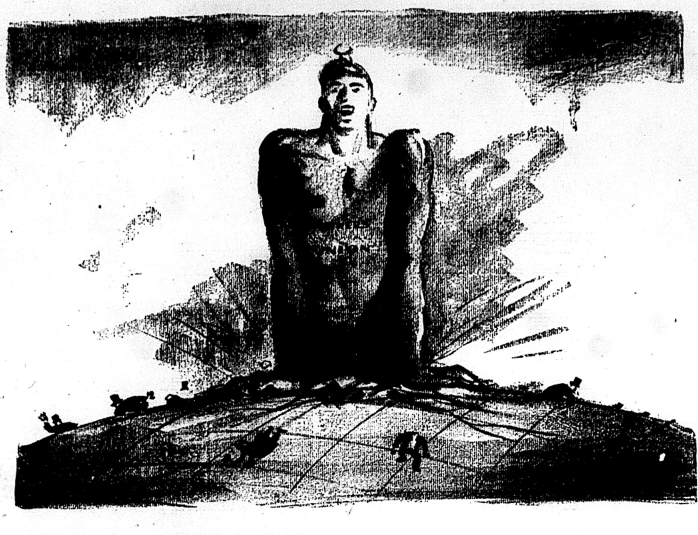
This is indeed the triumph of American capitalist efficiency. The advent of Hoover at the head of the classic political party of capitalism, is an omen for the American working class of not only the sharpest regime of strike-breaking, union-smashing and political repression, accompanied by ruthless expropriation of farmers,—but also the most efficient methods of such activities of the capitalist government ever known in history.

Hoover is capitalism's efficiency engineer. Smith is his alternate.

Vote Communist!

HAIL THE NEW UNION!

By Fred Ellis



Growth of Soviet Trade Unions

The following is from "Soviet Trade Unions," by Robert W. Dunn, published by the Vanguard Press.

* * *

THE Russian trade unions are comparatively young organizations. Capitalism got a very late start in the Russian Empire and the protective organizations of the workers were correspondingly late in making their appearance. Among the Russian trade unionists of today there are very few old workers who can share reminiscences about the early struggles of the unions as such. But you will find many who were active in the work of the Social Democratic Labor Party and who participated in spontaneous strikes before 1905 and in the difficult illegal political life of those days. If the Russian trade union leader has a "past," it will be largely a political rather than a union one. For the former was the dominant form of organization in the early days.

Beginning with the seventies and eighties of the last century the workers did resort to sporadic strikes. The leaders of these strikes were usually connected with some revolutionary party such as the Social Democrats. Such strikes, although often surprisingly widespread considering the small organization behind them, were usually crushed by the police and the leaders imprisoned or exiled to Siberia. There were thus strikes and struggles of the workers but not real unions. Mere membership in an organization was a crime. Clause 318 of the Russian Criminal Code of 1874 read in part:

"Persons accused of belonging to societies having the aim of rousing hostility between employers and workers as well as provoking strikes are liable to imprisonment for eight months with deprivation of rights and property and exile to Siberia."

In spite of this, however, there were underground workers' organizations with a political leadership. They collected strike funds and were capable, under favorable conditions, of calling widespread strikes. The mere distribution of a leaflet by such a group often resulted in a city-wide strike, even though only a handful of workers were members of the secret organization. These strikes were frequently effective in forcing the government to pass some law slightly reducing the hours of work for women and children or in getting other legislative crumbs calculated to keep down discontent.

Although the government promptly suppressed any organization that resembled a union, it permitted, under rigid supervision, the existence of mutual aid societies, credit organizations, sick and death benefit societies and similarly named fraternal bodies. These organizations were intended to have no relation to the economic or political struggles of the masses, and, if they showed any suspicious activity, were immediately disbanded by the police. Such societies were particularly popular among the printing trades.

Mention should also be made of the "legal" labor organizations sponsored by the police to combat the subversive, revolutionary influence of underground radical groups. The purpose of these police unions was to keep the attention of the working class centered on non-political and non-economic matters such as mutual aid and burial benefits. Unfortunately, however, from the point of view of the czarist government, these bodies frequently became centers for economic demands and even for strikes, and although fostered by the police to offset the influence of revolutionary groups, they ended by taking part in the agitation leading to the attempted revolution of 1905 and the labor outbreaks which accompanied it.

1905 and After.

Real unions came into existence with the uprisings of 1905. They were formed in practically every large town and city in the empire. Organizations previously underground appeared on the surface. A wave of strikes, led in part by these unions, swept the country. The revolutionary parties took the leadership in these strikes and did their utmost to strengthen and build substantial unions, making them the organs of political agitation.

The first All-Russian Trade Union Conference, composed chiefly of delegates from Moscow unions, was held in that city in October, 1905. Organizations, no matter what their names, that were "directly or indirectly fighting capital" were represented at this conference. It organized a Moscow District Bureau and a Central Bureau for the calling of a second conference which was held in 1906. This conference, with representatives from more than ten cities, reported that some 200,000 workers had been organized. It went on record in favor of continuing to form bona fide bodies independent of police persuasion. It also advocated the "one shop, one union" principal which was later to become the prevailing form of organization after 1917.

The Revolution of 1905 was drowned in blood and the labor union movement which had just gotten on its feet during the struggles was again driven underground and suffered the terrible vengeance of the monarchy. A period of severe repression set in. According to Losovsky, "The unions were prohibited from assisting strikers; they were closed down for attempting to intervene in the great strike movement; members of the executives were arrested and exiled to Siberia, funds were confiscated and books taken to the police stations; police were present at all meetings, which were closed down on the slightest pretext, and, very often, without any reason at all ...the iron fist of the victorious reaction ruthlessly crushed the labor organizations at their birth."

The czarist police reported in 1907 that it had closed down one hundred and seven unions. Some of the reasons given for their suppression shed light on the conditions prevailing under the Romanoffs. Unions and workers' societies were closed by the police for (1) Advocating strikes, (2) Participating in strikes, (3) Attacking employers in the press for discharging a union member, (4) Political unreliability of certain members of the society, (5) Participation of the members in political propaganda, (6) Distribution of revolutionary manifestos, (7) Discovery of socialist pamphlets in the dining room of a society, (8) A telegram to the second Duma promising to rise in its defense, (9) Opening of libraries without the permission of the police, (10) Passing resolutions for the celebration of the First of May, (11) Greeting the Social Democrats in the Duma, (12) Convening general membership meetings without police permit, (13) Collecting money for unspecified purposes.

As a result of this systematic suppression by the police the union movement declined, and almost disappeared from sight during the years 1908 to 1911. But in 1912 and 1913, just before the outbreak of the World War, revolutionary and strike agitation became more intense. This wave of organization was met by the government and the employers with ruthless measures of repression. Spies and provocateurs unearthed the secret meeting places of the unions. Their members were discharged and blacklists were drawn up. Cossacks rode into picket lines and demonstrations just as they had in 1905. From 1914 on, soldiers stood over the workers in the shops to prevent any organization, especially among the industries manufacturing war materials. The unions were thus practically wiped out again and it is stated that there were not more than 1,500 members in what we would call real labor unions in all Russia in the winter of 1916-1917.

(*To Be Continued.*)

Christian Civilization Has Shown Its Colors

By SCOTT NEARING

CHRISTIAN civilization showed its true colors in the African slave trade,—greed, ferocity, callous indifference to human suffering, self-righteous piety.

Scott Nearing

The Portuguese began the slave trade about 1450. At that time their merchant ships brought six or seven hundred Negroes each year from Africa to be sold in Western Europe. Slaves were still luxury. There was no considerable industry in which they were employed. For the most part they were house or body servants, adding to the distinction rather than the wealth of their masters.

* * *

After the sugar planting began to succeed the Company of Royal Adventurers Trading Into Africa was started in 1662. The Queen Dowager and James II of England both took stock in the company, which contracted to deliver 3,000 African slaves per year to the British West Indies. Under the treaty of Assiento (March 13, 1713), British traders and American colonists agreed to furnish slaves to the Spanish West Indies, who were to take 4800 Negroes a year for 30 years. In return the Royal Company agreed among other things to pay a quarter of its profits each to the Spanish and English kings.

Thus the royal houses in Europe, ruling by the grace of God, not only protected the slave trade but profited directly from it.

* * *

FOR a time the Portuguese and Spanish traders, representing the two great Catholic countries of Western Europe, held a virtual monopoly on the slave trade. During this period the Roman Church as well as European royalty were directly allied with the traffic in Africans.

The Protestant God as well as the Catholic God took a hand in the business. J. C. Spears in his American Slave Trade quotes a bill of lading of the Sierra Leone, a Yankee slaver of the middle of the 18th century, "shipped by the grace of God in good order and well conditioned" . . . rum, rood and shackles and other necessary materials for the slave trade . . . "and so God send the good schooner to her desired port in safety. Amen."

* * *

Spears tells the story of one good New England elder whose ventures on the slave coast had uniformly turned out well. He "always returned thanks on the Sunday following the arrival of the slaver in the harbor of Newport that an overruling Providence had been pleased to bring to this land of freedom another cargo of benighted heathen to enjoy the blessings of gospel dispensation."

Slavery at the beginning of the 19th century was widespread. English colonies held 800,000 slaves, French 250,000, Danish 27,000, Spanish and Portuguese 600,000, Dutch 50,000, Swedish 600. There were also about 2,000,000 slaves in Brazil and 900,000 in the United States. Christendom was building its prosperity on the African slave trade.

* * *

At this period the slave trade was important and profitable. The traders in every important mercantile country were competing for it with the active assistance of their political governments. "In Liverpool it made millions, and elsewhere in England, Europe and New England it brought prosperity not only to ship owners but to the distillers of rum and the manufacturers of other trade goods." (Phillips, American Negro Slavery.)

FROM these beginnings in the middle of the 15th century until the Proclamation of Emancipation in 1863, 400 years later, slavery was one of the principal sources of wealth among the Christian nations. Millions of Africans were torn from their homes, villages were devastated and turned back into wilderness, but the plantation owners of the Americas got their labor and the rising trading class of New England, New York and Europe their profits. Samuel Hopkins is quoted by Spears as stating that Rhode Island alone had 150 vessels in the slave trade in 1770. In 1787 Hopkins declares that "this trade in human species has been the first wheel of commerce in Newport, on which every other movement in business has depended . . . By it the inhabitants have gotten most of their wealth and reihes."

HANdOuTS

OVERCONFIDENCE in the average legionnaire's capacity for mental calisthenics is suggested in the following lines by Frederick Palmer in the American Legion Monthly:

"Among the delegates to the great political conventions will be legion members back of every candidate presented. Each legionnaire by completely divorcing his Legion self from his political self will be able to make his party's rule the better for the nation—thus holding the respect which he most prizes, that of his fellow legionnaires. As a legionnaires he may sit in only one national convention this year, that at San Antonio."

* * *

There is a campaign on foot by the militarists to persuade the sons of deceased war veterans to go to West Point and Annapolis, in accordance with a bill passed by the government. Boys who grew up without fathers may now be able to fix it so that their own sons may have the same advantages.

* * *

Swaggering pretense and insulting lies born of avarice are seen in the spacious advertising of the capitalists. Joe Cook, star of Rain or Shine, in order to raise a few extra dollars with which to buy Melachrino cigarettes, allow his name to be added to the following prize balogna:

"I thank good old Lucky Strikes for helping me to be versatile. I smoke Luckies all the time. They keep my voice clear and have never affected my wind. These are two assets of vital importance in my work. And that is why I can imitate four Hawaiians."

* * *

An infallible method of beating the ponies is by padding payrolls, according to William J. Oswald, indicted Tammany district street cleaning superintendent of the Bronx. Oswald declared that the "horses" never failed to win. Lougheed, his subordinate, agreed on the winnings but insisted on the padded payrolls as a more certain source of revenue.

Without quite saying so Oswald implied that his almost perfect record with the race horses was a result of his churchly ways. Oswald is a choir singer and regularly can be heard to warble:

"Let's all stand up for Jesus, we'll all stand up for Jesus."

Whereupon Oswald would go out to get a few more names to stand up on the payroll.

* * *

Learning Politics

Clarence Chamberlain (Right), transatlantic flyer, has recently been appointed city's air chief and will direct the construction of the city airport. In picture above one of the city officials is initiating him into the political mysteries of a metropolis and giving him lessons on how to deport himself as a political figure in a big city. Chamberlain is expected to attend the summer semester at Tammany college and take the full course in contract grafting. He may be given the privilege of having Mrs. Knapp as a private tutor for the rather knotty subject of payroll padding. He will then study at first hand the methods used in the great Bronx street cleaning experiment about which the whole world is talking. He will finish up with a post-graduate course in Queens sewer scandal. He will then be ready to take his place in the city hall. Even though he will be among more experienced men he won't have to feel ill at ease or ashamed of his ignorance.

* * *

A SUDDEN swing way from greed toward magnanimity on the part of the employing class is noted in the following virtuous words of Roe Fulkerson, labor exploiter:

"Unfortunately, many of us mistake the constituents of happiness. We think happiness consists of getting things; houses, lands, bonds, automobiles or what not. These are but dreams, airy piffle which, when acquired, become masters instead of servants."

* * *

MUSSOLINI is still running around belligerently trying to intimidate every worker in Italy into having more children. The workers are kicking.

An Italian paper has figured the cost of supporting a family of five, which Mussolini thinks should be the average. The cost of just keeping a family alive is set at $65 in American money. The average worker gets the equivalent of $32 per month. Evidently Mussolini doesn't realize that the raising of children depends on other things besides virility.

AGITATION MUST BE INTENSIFIED TO FREE BELA KUN

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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JA[illegible]N READY TO H[illegible] MANCHURIA AGAINST CHINESE

Raises Fortifications at Strategic Points, Will Close Door of Great Wall

Position Will Be Defended "At Any Cost," as Protectorate Is Announced

DARIEN, Manchuria, June 17.—Japan will hold Manchuria under a virtual "protectorate," it was semi-officially declared here yesterday and a warning amounting to a war threat was issued against any attempt to dislodge her.

The warning couched in the phrase that Japan will maintain peace in Manchuria "at any price" was issued by Yousuke Matsuoka, vice-president of the South Manchurian Railway, an official long connected with the Japanese foreign office at Tokio, and now holding a sort of unofficial post representing the Tokio government here.

Prepares for Siege.

Japan has been active during the past week strengthening a number of strategic points which she will hold against attack. Preparations for closing the Great Wall at Shanhaikwan, at the eastern end, have already been made. Other preparations against attack are being rushed frantically by Japanese military officials.

While stating that these efforts are being directed against the threatened advance of the so-called Nationalist forces which recently marched into Peking, Matsuoka's declaration raised the further question of whether Japanese preparations are in accord with understandings with other imperialist powers for cooperation against China.

Referring to the Japanese position

(Continued on Page Two)

GOAL OF "DAILY" MUST BE REACHED

$1,676,47 Is Urgent at Once in Crisis

On Saturday the sum of $741.86 was received at the business office of The DAILY WORKER from loyal readers who have vowed to keep the paper from destruction. In spite of the generous response of the DAILY WORKER army, a considerable amount is still necessary if the paper is to remain alive. In order that the goal of $10,000 be reached—a sum which must be paid to the paper's creditors—$1,676.47 must be raised at once.

Following are the names of the militant workers, who contributed on Saturday:

Jacob Maximovich, Detroit, Mich., $5; A Group of Cloakmakers, Los Angeles, Cal., $6; Branch 5, Sec. 5, Bronx, N. Y., $13.75; Section 5, Branch 4, Bronx, N. Y., $70; Section 5, Branch 3, Bronx, N. Y., $8.75; Branch 2, Section 5, Bronx, N. Y., $14.50; C. J. Bryan, Clifton, Ariz., $2.50; Greek Fraction, Detroit, Mich., $10; Ukrainian Women's Assn., Detroit, Mich., $15; Anna Oster, Chelsea, Mass., $1; J. F. Hancock, Kenilworth, Ill., $2; Frank Schuch, Los Angeles, Cal., $2; W. P. Crow (San Pedro Nucleus), San Pedro, Cal., $10; David Applesture, Santa Cruz, Cal., $5; S. Sussman, Chicago, Ill., $1; Chelsea Mothers' League, Chelsea, Mass., $5; Sec. 6, Unit 1, Boston, Mass., $15.50; Section 1, Unit 2, Boston, Mass., $5.50; Peter Skrtic, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Frank Peterson, Stratford, Conn., $2; W. D. Corkey, Toledo, O., $5; C. Benson, Bklyn, N. Y., $5; R. Askinasi, NYC, $2; M. H. Powers, St. Paul, Minn., $1; Carl Pelibiaso, Massena, N. Y., $3; I. Pollack, Jersey City, N. J., $5; S. Tomshewski, Pittsburgh, Pa., $2; Riva Weissman, Bklyn, N. Y., $3; Dr. M. J. Kostrzewski, Chicago, Ill., $10; Hyman Rubin, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Anthony Galamant, Nanticoke, Pa., $2; Wm. M. Coatley, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Viola Dehn, Knoxville, Tenn., $2; S. Gallen, Dorchester, Mass., $3; Mary Prosor, Newark, N. J., $7; S. Antoniades, Chicago, Ill., $3; Jos. Zemoitis, Waterbury, Conn., $5; George Sapoeru, Baltimore, Md., $2; Pete Saponru, Baltimore, Md., $2; Tommy the furrier, Baltimore, Md., $1; P. Yankoss, Syracuse, N. Y., $5; P. P. Bialys, Chester, Pa., $2; I. Ruderman, E. Orange, N. J., $1; John Lobay, Philadelphia, Pa., $3; Frank K. Onishi, Chester, Pa., $4; Joe Zenchak and Eva Lalich, Detroit, Mich., $6; I. Cataldo, Chicago, Ill., $5; A Reader, Pontiac, Mich., $2; L. Glustrom (collected), Atlanta, Ga., $21; Caliso, NYC, 25c; Vieyn, NYC, 25c; Alberto, NYC, 25c; Avila, NYC, 25c; Friere, NYC, 25c; Lopez, NYC, 35c; Casabi, NYC, 50c; Palan, NYC, 50c; Tocarras, NYC, 25c; Ponchito, NYC, 50c; Remigio, NYC, 25c; Martine, NYC, 25c; D. Manuel, NYC, 25c; Targento, NYC, 50c; Fernandez, NYC, 50c; Mon[illegible], NYC, 25c; Aurelio, NYC, 25c; [illegible]erena, NYC, $1; Tuesu, NYC, $1.40; Lithuanian Working Women's Alliance (3rd Distr.), Chicago, Ill., $10; S. M., a group of workers, Bklyn, N. Y., $5; Paul Burton, Detroit, Mich., $2; A. T. Harrington, Detroit, Mich., $2; Lillian [illegible], Detroit, Mich., $2; Joseph [illegible], Chicago, Ill., $2; Dr. Benjamin [illegible], Chicago, Ill., $5; Geo. [illegible], Detroit, Mich., $1; Jos[illegible]

KUN RELEASE RUMOR SEEN AS DECEPTION MOVE

World Workers Demand Prompt Release

VIENNA, June 17. — The pressure of world-wide agitation against the extradition of the Communist leader, Bela Kun, to Hungary, is believed to be responsible for a report here that Kun would soon be released. His execution by the reactionary terrorist government of Hungary is considered certain if he is sent to that country.

The report of an "expected" release, which emanates from ministerial circles here, is probably not based upon any real intention to free the noted prisoner, but is very likely only an effort of the Austrian government to quiet the agitation which has produced some embarassment to the government. It is not even claimed that the Communist leader of the Hungarian workers will be turned loose immediately, the government stating that he will first be given "a short term in prison for passport irregularities."

It is remembered here that this is an old pretext by which, many times, suspicions have been quieted, after which working class prisoners have been murdered extra-legally or given short shrift in court, facilitated by the overconfidence of the workers.

A.C.W. RIVAL SIGNS PHILA OPEN SHOP

Beckerman Is Avoiding Graft Searchlight

By signing up the employers in the largest open shop men's clothing manufacturing area in the country, the United Garment Workers' Union of the A. F. of L., severely aggravated the great "embarrassment" now being felt by the Hillman administration in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, because of the daily exposures of corruption and graft in the New York Joint Board.

The two firms, the King Kard Overall Co. and the S. Abrams Co., both employing a total of 375 workers, signed contracts last Friday with reactionary Rickert's United Garment Workers' Union. This, while not meaning very much to the workers involved, the U. G. W. being no better than a company union, becomes a source of embarrassment for the Hillman machine in the A. C. W. This is because the New York bosses always point to their non-union competitors in Philadelphia as reason for demanding more and more concessions, such as piece work and wage cuts.

Granted Boss Demands.

Instead of refusing the New York bosses' demands and beginning an organization drive in Philadelphia, the Hillman machine has granted every demand of the employers and done nothing to organize the open shops.

The last time the officials of the Amalgamated were placed in a similar position by the U. G. W. was during the negotiations for a new agreement in Rochester. At that time two firms, having pacts with the U. G. W. and one non-union shop, voluntarily granted the 40-hour week, fearing that their workers would leave them when the Amalgamated got the shorter work week into the contract they were negotiating for with the other bosses. In the meantime, they did not know that Hillman had not even argued for the 40-hour week, despite the demand of the entire membership for it.

Officials Know of Graft.

The latest developments in the graft scandal in the New York Joint

(Continued on Page Two)

Funds to Save "Daily" Short $1676; Creditors Give 3 Days

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER.
Comrades:

Only $741.86 was received Saturday in the campaign to save our revolutionary organ. Saturday evening at 6 p. m., the time of the expiration of the ultimatum of creditors of The DAILY WORKER, we were short by $1,676.47 of the necessary funds.

In negotiations with creditors Saturday night, an arrangement was reached by which the time for certain of the payments was extended. Some payments are to be made Monday—today. Other payments can be postponed until Tuesday if necessary, and some Wednesday.

The receipts of the campaign up to Saturday night are:

Week beginning June 5:	
Monday	$ 161.99
Tuesday	464.55
Wednesday	556.30
Thursday	576.60
Friday	695.00
Saturday	705.77
Last week (beginning June 10):	
Monday	1,660.40
Tuesday	661.20
Wednesday	712.65
Thursday	760.40
Friday	716.81
Saturday	741.86
Total to last Saturday night	$8,323.53
Still to be raised	1,676.47

This shortage of $1,676.47 of the sum necessary to pull The DAILY WORKER out of this crisis which threatens its life, must be raised immediately.

Today and tomorrow are crucial days. Funds received now are twice as effective as they would be at a later date. We urge the militant workers who read The DAILY WORKER to respond as generously as possible and quickly.

Today we have made good on one promise —that we would restore our revolutionary organ to the size which has been normal in the past—six pages. We must keep this up, as it is impossible to give the workers the necessary minimum of working class news, and especially information on the coal strike and the formation of the new union of the mine workers, the textile strike, etc., with a four-page paper.

The smallness of the amount received Saturday leaves a dangerous gap. If The DAILY WORKER should fail to receive very substantial sums today and tomorrow, the resulting situation would be very precarious.

We request you therefore, to rush every available dollar that you can possibly spare, by telegraph, airmail or special delivery, to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

TEXTILE STRUGGLE ENTERS 10TH WEEK

Picket Lines Balk Plan to Reopen Mills

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 17. —Although it is believed highly improbable that there will be a concerted attempt by the 56 strike-bound textile mills to reopen, organizational activities for the mobilization of strikers to the picket lines Monday morning was the chief task occupying the attention of the Textile Mills Committee yesterday. The ninth week of strike ends today.

The picket lines are to be concentrated around the few mills that have stubbornly, though vainly, attempted to resume partial operation with a handful of secondary foremen and other straw bosses. These are the

(Continued on Page Two)

BRITISH TEXTILE DYERS ON STRIKE

Other Finishing Crafts Expected to Join

BRADFORD, Eng., June 17.—The textile dyers' union decision to strike against the bosses' attempt to install piece work and lengthen hours goes into effect immediately, despite the action of the officials of the five unions in continuing negotiations with the employers.

It is believed highly improbable that the administrations of the other unions will succeed in preventing their membership from joining the dyers in strike action. The other unions represent other branches of the cotton finishing trades.

After negotiations continuing over a long period had ended with the bosses still insisting on their demands, the dyers' representatives were instructed to stop negotiating. Due to specific instructions from the membership of all unions, the workers' agents at the parleys are forbidden to make concessions to the bosses.

Last March of American Working Class Fighter

Photograph shows last honors being paid to William D. Haywood, American Communist leader, and for many years at the head of the revolutionary labor movement in the United States, who died recently in Moscow. At the left in the photograph is J. Louis Engdahl, representative of the Workers (Communist) Party to the Communist International and formerly editor of The Daily Worker. Chinese, Russian and other workers joined in the tribute.

CARPENTERS LAUNCH MILITANT PROGRAM

Calling upon all carpenters and carpenters' local unions to rally around a militant program and to elect delegates to the coming convention of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, who will support this program, the Progressive Carpenters' Committee of this city yesterday issued a warning of the dangers which the union is facing.

"While the building industry is still near its production peak," the call declares, there is prevalent throughout the country acute unemployment." The statement traces the complete revolution which has taken place in the building industry. "Today buildings are no longer put up; they are thrown together." The use of substitutes for wood, the ready made production of parts on a large scale with the consequent elimination of workers from the industry, constitute one of the chief issues the carpenters have to face, the call declares.

A Real Program.

The National Convention of the Carpenters' Brotherhood will take

(Continued on Page Two)

SPORTS FEATURE AT "RED" PICNIC

The Red picnic on June 24th will follow the pattern of great demonstrations such as the Russian workers make of their field days. The Russian sport festivals are Olympian in the best sense of the word, encouraging the youth to develop skill and physical strength, endurance and intelligence such as the working class must have in Soviet Russia to withstand the dangers which beset the First Workers' Republic. Workers' sport festivals, race tracks and fleet

Continued on Page Two)

OLD MILL TOWN HANGS ON TO LIFE

Workers Face Starvation in Decayed North Carolina Village

SAXAPAHAW, N. C., June 17 (FP).—Nearly 80 years of life seem to have lent little wisdom to the cotton mill village of Saxapahaw, North Carolina. Trouble has come again to its 175 workers with the mill shut down by a broken dam. The company which took over the plant this year after two years complete closing, tried to continue with the old wood-frame dam across rushing Haw River.

But mud piled up behind and finally pressed down the rotting timbers, flooding the mill basement and stopping the two water wheels from which its electric power comes. Now only a few of the men have work repairing the dam while the rest of the village is idle—and hungrier than usual.

Less Than $2 Day Average.

When little over $2 a day is the average textile wage for the state, the average for a tucked-away place like Saxapahaw is always a little less. And the week as long—55 hours.

"Yes, it is hard on us," said a woman spinner. "We don't know when we can get back to work; maybe not for three or four weeks." With her husband working "in the cards" and the oldest son, 14, already in the spinning room, she has

(Continued on Page Two)

25 MINERS HELD FOR ATTEMPT TO ENTER OWN HALL

Lewis-Fagan Machine Officials Padlock Meeting Room, Jeer at Coal Diggers

State Troopers Round Up Miners Who Are Held in Jail Without Charge

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 17.—The arrest of 25 progressive miners at Avella last night and the padlocking of the hall owned by the local miners' union which has been supporting the Save-the-Union movement, is the latest proof that the Fagan-Lewis machine in the Pittsburgh district is determined to disregard the will and rights of the rank and file of the miners, it was seen here today.

Arriving at the hall for a meeting called by the local union, the miners found the hall padlocked and a group of Lewis men under the leadership of Wolcott, father of Carlisle Wolcott, International organizer of the Lewis administration. It was later discovered that Wolcott hung the lock on the entrance. The Lewis machine men jeered at the members of the Avella local, challenging them to hold the meeting in their hall.

When Preston Henderson, a Negro progressive, attempted to force the lock, knowing that the hall belongs to the Avella local, Wolcott summoned four state troopers and a number of deputy sheriffs and induced them to place Preston Henderson under arrest. When the other progressive miners protested that the hall was theirs and they had a right to open it and hold their meeting, they, too, were arrested. State police were busy last night, calling at miners' homes and arresting every person who admitted having been in front of the hall during the disturbance.

Kept in Jail.

The 25 arrested miners were taken to the Washington county jail where officials refused to grant bail or to state the charges under which the men were held. They will be confined the legal 48-hour limit without being charged, police officials announced. Wm. J. White, secretary of the International Labor Defense in the Pittsburgh district, left for Avella early today to arrange for bond and defense of the 25 men.

WHITE GUARDISTS OF MANY LANDS IN DONETZ PLOT

Former Czarist Owners Directed Sabotage

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 17. — With the examination of Deter, one of the engineers accused of criminal sabotage in the huge Schachty district conspiracy against the Soviet Union, a new part of the trial was inaugurated. Upon investigation, it was learned that all evidence so far collected point to a body of foreign counter-revolutionists centering around Charkov. Dvorschanschik, the chief power in control of the former owners of the mines, was proven to have had such confidence in Deter, that he continually sent him sabotage instructions. The Soviet prosecution then went on to find that Pastuchov, manager of the mine, had continually communicated with Kusma and Schadlun in the Charkov central district.

Deter was a representative to the Charkov central conferences. He had previously been sent to the Berlin trade conference as a representative of the Donugal group. He denied, however, that he had acted for sabotage. But Matov, a member of the Charkov central committee, asserted that Deter had acted in favor of the sabotage in Berlin. Deter finally admitted that he had received money for his sabotage work from Dvorbegan. He accused Bratanovsky of being among the leaders of the saboschanschik, Matov, and other counter-revolutionaries.

The examination by Krylenko then tage organization. And Bratanovsky, like a hardened criminal, according to reports, calmly admitted his conscious villainy. He said that he was anxious to satisfy the demands of the old czarist owners, because they paid very well for the work he was doing. He admitted receiving money from French former owners. He also asserted that he had received sabotage orders from Deter. The Charkov committee commissioned Bratanovsky to form plans whereby the work of the mines would be obstructed and forced to continue idle.

Bratanovsky had a very important

(Continued on Page Two)

McNARY JOINS IN G. O. P. BETRAYAL

N.Y. Communists Speed Election Drive

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

WASHINGTON, June 17. — The republican landslide of betrayal of the workers and farmers yesterday swept up and carried along another pretender to the position of spokesman for agriculture when Senator McNary of Oregon, sidetracking the equalization fee plan of farm relief, announced his support of the Hoover-Curtis ticket of Wall Street.

McNary, who was one of the chief movers in the agitation over the McNary-Haugen bill announced his own position after a conference with Hoover, yesterday.

Hypocrisy Exposed.

Notwithstanding the fact that the republican platform bluntly brushes aside farm relief and that no one expects Hoover to do any more for the farmers than he will do for the industrial workers, McNary after the meeting announced that he had found the republican candidate "sympathetic and anxious to believe in the distress of the farm population." The real purpose of McNary's meeting with Hoover became clear when Mc-

(Continued on Page Two)

URGE FIGHT ON FASCIST TERROR

Pilsudski Excesses To Be Scored at Meet

Pointing out the existence of an international terrorist system by which Mussolini attempts to intimidate anti-Fascist workers in other countries, the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, in a statement issued yesterday, calls upon the workers of New York to protest against these terrorist activities and to wage an unceasing struggle against international fascism.

The statement, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the New York Section, follows:

"Not content with oppressing the workers and peasants of Italy and torturing and murdering all those who voice the slightest protest against Mussolini's black-shirted despotism, Italian fascism reaches out into other countries and conducts a systematic campaign of terrorism against Italian workers who pressume to oppose its blood-drenched rule.

Fascist Long Arm.

"We have had a striking example of how Italian fascism works in this country in the Greco-Carillo case, in which, thanks to the mass pressure exerted by the workers under the leadership of the International Labor Defense, the black machinations of Mussolini's agents were thwarted. But a much more subtle form of terrorism is being employed. Anti-fascist workers in this country are receiving letters from near relatives in Italy begging them to cease their opposition to fascism as they are being threatened with death by Mussolini's hangmen. Thus is the threatened murder of mothers and fathers, brothers and sisters of Italian workers in this country used as a bludgeon to beat them into submission.

Mass Meet Tomorrow.

"The workers of New York, the capitalist stronghold where fascism in Italy and other countries receives

(Continued on Page Two)

Lewis Machine Aids Police Break Up Mine Conference in District Five

HARWICK MEETING HALL SURROUNDED BY SHERIFF ARMY

Many Conferences to Take Over Union

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 17. — Cooperation of the John L. Lewis administration with the police in an effort to block the miners from taking control of their local and district organizations in preparation for the national miners convention to be held in September, is responsible for the action of the deputy sheriffs and state troopers who broke up a conference of the miners' union of sub-district 7, district 5, at Harwick yesterday, according to information received here today.

Building Union.

The sub-district conference was called for the purpose of re-organizing the sub-district to meet the progressive policies adopted by the district convention held on May 28-29 in Pittsburgh, and to elect new sub-district officials. The call for the conference was issued by Tom Myerscough, secretary of the reorganized district 5, immediately after the district convention and many locals in sub-district 1 elected delegates.

When the delegates assembled at the hall of the Harwick local union, one of the progressive locals of the Pittsburgh district, they were confronted by eleven deputy sheriffs, four state troopers and a squire who warned them that they would not be allowed to proceed with the conference.

Many Conferences.

The meeting was the first of seven sub-district conferences called to meet within a week in the Pittsburgh district in order to put the decisions of the district convention, which ousted the Lewis administration officials, into effect. Secretary Myerscough expressed the belief that Fagan, with the aid of the police, would attempt to break up the other scheduled conferences, but Myerscough declared that the progressive miners will go through with the conferences despite all interference.

McNARY JOINS IN G. O. P. BETRAYAL

N.Y. Communists Speed Election Drive

(*Continued from Page One*)

Nary announced that he would have nothing further to do with any "bolt" in behalf of the agricultural week.

* * *

N. Y. Communists Active.

With the record of the republican betrayal of the workers and farmers already written in their platform and with the equally certain betrayal by the democrats only a few days off, the Workers (Communist) Party yesterday announced an intensification of its election activities.

In a statement issued by the central executive of the Party, an appeal was issued to all members and sympathizers to speed up the agitation and propaganda for the campaign.

Red Picnic Ahead.

The New York state campaign will open with the Red Picnic scheduled for Pleasant Bay Park next Sunday. This event will mark, it is believed, the greatest combined political rally and out-door outing in the history of the New York labor movement. At this political rally will appear not only nearly every important leader of the Workers (Communist) Party but there will be seen as well among the many thousands who will attend the larger body of workers who today are leading the struggle for militant policies in practically every union and who will play the leading role in the great tasks before the American working class.

Sports Will Be Featured at Red Picnic

(*Continued from Page One*)

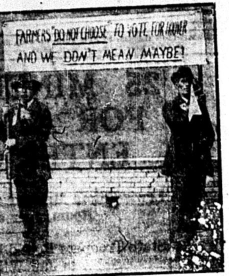
runners, endurance tests and skill in juggling and wrestling, in games and athletic matches are the forerunners of training for the Red Army. And with this the Russian workers have learned to turn their sport meets, picnics and athletic games into great workers' festivals.

The Red Picnic on June 24th at Pleasant Bay Park is to be the first sport festival of this kind. Pleasant Bay Park is being made ready for the meet, it is announced.

Trainman Killed on Car

Falling beneath a heavy roll of concrete re-enforcing iron wire on a freight car which was being backed into the New oYrk Central railroad yards early yesterday morning, William Slocum, 39, a trainman, was killed when the roll of wire toppled on him, crushing him to the floor of the car.

Farmers Get Cold Shoulder from G. O. P. Convention


FARMERS "DO NOT CHOOSE" TO VOTE FOR HOOVER
AND WE DON'T MEAN MAYBE!

After police had thrown a farm delegation out of the republican convention hall for protesting against the nomination of Hoover a sop was thrown the farmers in the shape of the Curtis vice-presidential candidacy. Photo shows members of the farm delegation picketing the convention.

CARPENTERS CALL TO PROGRESSIVES

Launch Plans for Next Convention

(*Continued from Page One*)

place in September but delegates are already being elected. The Progressive Carpenters' Committee has drawn up a program to meet not only the changes going on in the industry and the open shop drive of the employers now taking place but the attack of the union officials who during the past four years have conducted a campaign of persecution and open warfare against all progressive ideas and against progressive local unions and members.

The great majority of the members look upon the union not any more as a means of protection, but merely something that takes from them a certain portion of their wages every three months for being allowed to work in the trade. They are gradually realizing that they can obtain work without belonging to the union and are, therefore, drifting away from the Brotherhood. At the same time, the Brotherhood is securing a decreasing number of new members.

On the contrary, it is pointed out, the officers of the union are using their powers to demolish the organization even further. The charge is made that:

Record of Destruction.

"Since the last National Convention the outstanding events can be recorded: (1) In Denver the men were driven to work on the old basis after a signal victory for the 5-day week. (2) In Detroit the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America was smashed to keep the old administration in power. (3) In New York the District Council was given support in upholding the former officials of Local Union 2717 who were caught redhanded in stealing the funds of the Local Union. The charter of Local Union 376 was revoked on flimsy "constitutional" grounds. (4) In Chicago the steal of the District Council elections was given official approval. (5) In the San Francisco District the strike against the open shop drive was taken over by the National administration and the result was a miserable failure. (6) Throughout the country members have been arbitrarily framed up, fined and expelled because of their stand for the rights and privileges of the membership.

"The following program is proposed as a unifying platform for all progressives and we urge the nomination and election of delegates on the basis of support of this program.

Progressive Program.

"1. 5-day, 40-hour week. Weekly wages to remain the same as before.

"2. Uniform Building Trades agreements to expire at the same time and to include the clause: "ONLY UNION-MADE MATERIAL TO BE USED." All agreements to be ratified by a vote of the membership.

"3. Job control through a steward to be elected by the men on the job. This to eliminate indiscriminate hire and fire by the bosses and to eliminate the speed-up system.

"4. Joint drive with all other unions to organize the unorganized with the slogan, "A 100 Percent Organized Industry."

"5. United action with all other crafts for the enforcement of wage scales and union working conditions.

"6. For a state unemployment fund to be administered by local unions.

"7. To call a national conference for the amalgamation of all Building Trades International Unions.

"8. Mass violations of all injunctions in labor disputes, struggle against the enactment of the Federal Anti-Strike Law and for a LABOR PARTY based on the labor unions.

"9. Democracy in our union with full expression of opinions without discrimination, restoration of revoked charters and full reinstatement of all members expelled for their opposition to Hutcheson.

"10. For limitation of the powers of the general president, and for a convention every two years."

Support Appeals.

The call ends with the reminder that there are pending before the coming convention the appeals of a number of union members whose cases should receive the support of all delegates. These are the appeals of Fred Bobzin of Chicago, Bud Reynolds of Detroit, Joseph Lapidus of New York City and Local Union 376. The carpenters are urged to elect delegates who favor this program. Those who know of any grievances are requested to send information to the Progressive Carpenters' Committee, Room 311, 96 Fifth Ave., New York City.

Expel Student for "Cutting" College Chapel

BOSTON, June 17.—Demanding her reinstatement and claiming intrigue in her expulsion from Wheaton College, Miss Bertha Ludwig, of West New Brighton, S. I., has brought suit in Supreme Court for $25,000 damages. Benjamin Sanderson has been named as master.

Miss Ludwig charged that she had been expelled for the reason that the college dean and two students did not "like her." The charges against her are that she made "unnecessary noise" in her room after 10 p. m., cut chapel services, and burned incense in her room.

She was to have been graduated from Wheaton College this month.

OLD MILL TOWN HANGS ON TO LIFE

Workers There Face Starvation

(*Continued from Page One*)

no savings to live on in an emergency. Six young mouths to feed besides the parents. 15 years at this place, except during the shutdown when they became tenant farmers.

Saxapahaw's old houses are not the showplaces of southern mill men's bragging. For years nothing has been done to them. They scramble over the hillside above the mill on rutty red clay roads. Most of them have little trace of past paint coats on their plain boards. Some of the workers have tried to hide with bits of gardens and flower boxes but others stand nakedly out of the wild grass.

Decay.

True the company has promised new "covers" and "talks about bringing water to the houses." The one newly finished room shines out with its new shingles and makes its neighbors look more than ever shabby. Workers draw water from hillside springs, into which drainage from houses above seeps down —just as in old times. An old former resident sees little change in the town from Civil War days.

One old house, still occupied, he remembers sent five workers to the mill in the '50s. One went off to war with his father, a farmer. The Saxapahaw mill was one of four in Alamac county operating when the Civil War began. When it was founded in 1849 it was one of the earliest cotton mills in the south.

The mill still makes ginghams, bleaching, dyeing and finishing in its own small plant. It ships by truck to the nearest railroad, over 10 miles away. Alamac county boasts of 21 small mills similar to Saxapahaw and many of them on the same Haw river, hidden away in farming sections off the main highways.

Heflin, Klan Employe, Unhurt as Stand Falls

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 17. — Thousands of people, gathered around a wooden platform from which Senator J. Thomas Heflin, speaking in the pay of the ku klux klan, against Al Smith, big business' alternative with Hoover for the presidency.

JAPAN READY TO HOLD MANCHURIA AGAINST ATTACK

Raises Fortifications at Strategic Points

(*Continued from Page One*)

in Manchuria, Matsuoka did not hesitate over the fact that Japanese control there was intended to be permanent. "Call it a protectorate, if you will," he said.

Embarrassing—But

"I admit this is little to put us in an embarrassing position, but Manchuria is our first line of defense," he declared further, "but there are times when a firm attitude is essential and this is one of them."

While this attitude of Japan was being enforced through the "unofficial" declaration of Matsuoka, the so-called Nationalist government made public a request of the United States government for the negotiation of a new treaty which will revise the existing agreements between the two countries. This is seen as a virtual request for recognition from the Washington government. The request is based on the recent statement by the U. S. that she would recognize any responsible government at Keking—meaning, of course, any government which would repress the working class and peasant revolutionary movement.

* * *

Bids for Support.

NANKING, June 17—The so-called Nationalist government made a further bid for the support of the imperialist powers here yesterday by promising a continued campaign against the Communists and left wing labor organizations.

TEXTILE STRIKE OPENS 10TH WEEK

Plan Big Picket Lines for This Morning

(*Continued from Page One*)

Whitman, Wamsutta, Page, Sharp and Hathaway mills. It is generally conceded that the utter failure of these plants to reopen successfully, due to the picketing demonstrations, is the only thing that discourages the bosses from attempting the gesture of a general reopening.

Admit Success of Picketing.

Even the officials of the A. F. of L. Textile Council are now using the picketing tactics of the T. M. C Formerly they had made statements to the press ridiculing the picketing of mills which their owners had said would not be reopened. This change of front was made when they saw that picketing was rallying increasing thousands of strikers to membership in the T. M. C., while the council lost continually in influence.

Jackson W. Wales, a second year student in Harvard University, who for some time has been associated with the Textile Mills Committee, pleaded not guilty to two charges of disorderly conduct. He will come up for trial Monday.

Bosses Relieved of Texas.

While the city politicians at the head of the charity boards and also of the relief committee organized by the A. F. L. union are declaring that there are no funds for strikers' relief, the city government of New Bedford announced that 22 of the city's 26 textile corporations have been granted an abatement of 1926-1927 taxes amounting to a total of $248,922.

URGE FIGHT ON FASCIST TERROR

(*Continued from Page One*)

its greatest financial support, must carry on an unceasing struggle against this modern Inquisition, which has discovered tortures more subtle and terrible than were ever dreamed of by the professional torturers of the middle ages. Fascism is confined not to Italy alone, but rages in Hungary, Poland, Spain and in other lands; with the active support of all other capital countries, particularly the United States. A blow against the fascism of one country is a blow against fascism the world over. On Tuesday, June 19 at 8 p. m., a meeting has been arranged by the Committee Against Polish Fascism to protest against the sentencing of 37 members of the White Russian Hromada Party to long prison terms in Pilsudski's dungeons. The meeting will be held in Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place. The International Labor Defense calls upon all class-conscious workers of New York to show their solidarity with the victims of fascisms all over the world by attending this great protest meeting."

Chosen by Wall Street to Fill Cal's Shoes

Photo shows Herbert C. Hoover, picked at the republican convention at Kansas City to fill the shoes of Cal Coolidge as the servant of Wall Street. Hoover's wife is shown at left.

PORCH CLIMBING NEW TACTICS OF ZARITSKY

BOSTON, June 17.—In his efforts to destroy the Boston Capmakers' Local 7, Max Zaritsky, president of the Cap and Millinery Workers' Union, shows that not only will he use the assistance of the bosses and police, but also the services of gentlemen who climb porches and enter houses thru the windows for a living.

Rifle Desks.

This was demonstrated when the left wing leaders of the Capmakers' Union here entered the union headquarters and found the doors, windows and desks jimmied open and papers strewn about in great confusion. Every available depository for records and documents had been rifled.

However, nothing more valuable than the charter of affiliation to the international was in the office. This they took.

This is the second step in the campaign of Zaritsky and his clique-controlled general executive board to break up a union that has grown powerful under its militant leadership.

After failing in attempts to remove the leadership by special elections, in which Zaritsky candidates were soundly spanked by the membership, Zaritsky tried a 'putsch' a la Mussolini. This occurred last Thursday at a union membership meeting. Zaritsky came to this meeting armed with a ukase by the general executive board which gave him the authority to remove the legally elected leadership of the union and replace it with appointees from among his own henchmen.

Fails in Coup d'Etat.

Despite the squad of police he came prepared with, Zaritsky was forced by the membership to leave the hall. With the few that followed him out Zaritsky held a meeting in another hall and announced that the handful of right wingers that met with him are now the new officials of the union. Zaritsky's latest exploit, while of an extremely low character, fails to measure up to the less spectacular and yet more vicious work he himself is doing. He is drumming at the doors of all the bosses here and is promising them alluring concessions at the workers expense — if they would but withdraw recognition from the union that receives the memberships' support.

ACW RIVAL SIGNS PHILA. OPEN SHOP

Beckerman Would Avoid Graft Searchlight

(*Continued from page one*)

Board of the Amalgamated is the statement printed in the socialist Jewish Daily Forward by A. Beckerman, in which he declares that anyone else found to be connected with the taking of graft will be driven from the organization.

Beckerman makes this statement despite the proof offered in the graft exposures that this elaborate graft apparatus could not have existed without the knowledge of the highest officials of the New York Joint Board. Beckerman is manager of the New York Joint Board.

The proof of this is found in the fact that when the graft ring took money from employers who wanted to ship cut material for manufacture in scab shops, and when they took graft from scab shops for providing them with work, this transfer of goods to and from the two sources of graft could not have been accomplished without the knowledge of the officials of the Cutters' local and of the New York Joint Board heads.

WHITE GUARDISTS OF MANY LANDS IN DONETZ PLOT

Former Czarist Owners Directed Sabotage

(*Continued from page one*)

position in the Donugal Trust Co. He stated that the majority of his fellow officers and engineers are members of the sabotage organization. He claimed that he had been elected to the Soviet after the February revolution, and because of this he claims he had the friendship of the workers. His membership in the Soviet ceased after the October revolution. He described the Charkov central body, its methods of finance, its structure, etc. The high position of Bratanovsky and the rest of the plotters in the Donugal enabled them to form an efficient sabotage.

Sent Reports to Former Owners.

The Charkov central body supervised this sabotage, and sent reports of its progress to the former congress and council of South Russian imperialist mine owners abroad. The aim of the central body, was to gain influence over trade and union leaders and arouse discontent among the workers. For this purpose it received money from the former White Guardist owners of the mines. In this scheme the French industrialists also gave financial aid. Bratanovsky stated that German firms were also involved in the financial aid for the project against the Soviet Union.

Aim Counter-Revolution.

The further examination of Bratanovsky confirms these methods and aims of the sabotage organization. He said that the central body arranged the sabotage, communicated with Paris and Warsaw anti-Soviet organizations and with the central bodies of German firms. He admitted that the aim of the conspiracy was to execute an economic and political counter-revolution with the ultimate goal of overthrowing the Soviet control of the mines.

In order to accomplish this, he stated, there had been an intensive study on the part of the treacherous organization of the Soviet economic and political situation of the Russian Communist Party. In replying to Krylenko he said that the organization had established contacts with foreign governments which had supplied the money for the venture. The central body, he confirmed, had kept both Poland and France posted on the mine situation.

The intervention and complicity of these foreign countries in the plot had greatly helped the sabotage. There had been extensive sabotage propaganda spread among the workers. Further revelations were that Bleiman, the director of the Russian department, had promised him 10,000 rubles.

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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

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What are the various sections of the Communist International doing? Germany, France, U. S., England, Italy?

What are their achievements, shortcomings and future tasks?

B. Vasiliev, reviewing this pamphlet in the May 1 issue of the Communist International, says:

"Every active member of every Communist Party in capitalist countries must have a copy of Comrade Piatnitsky's little book among the number of absolutely necessary handbooks on everyday Party work."

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LETTERS OF WORKERS WHO FIGHT TO SAVE "DAILY"

"This morning I got a job, here's my $2;" Workers, Jobless or Employed, Fired College Professor, Determined Revolutionary Organ Shall Live

A letter from one of the most savagely exploited groups of workers in the country:

Gary, Ind.

Dear Comrades:—
Enclosed find $25. The steel workers of **Gary need The DAILY WORKER, which fights for the rights of the workers of the world. This money was raised at a picnic held the other day.**

COMMITTEE OF STEEL WORKERS.

• • •

The DAILY WORKER fights against the ruthless system that scraps old and incapacitated workers without making any provisions to enable them to live. And here is how a 75-year-old worker feels about the workers' paper:

Bridgeport, Conn.

Dear Comrades:—
Please accept my little mite of $1 to save The DAILY WORKER. I wish I could give you $75; that just would be one dollar for each year of my life time since I was born in 1853. On the first of last May it was 11 years since I am out of work and never got a job as toolmaker again. Materially I cannot help you any more, but I do so by talking to the people about Communism as the only remedy to get free from capitalism.

I was glad to hear in your paper about Mrs. Parsons, widow of Albert Parsons, that she is alive yet. After the Haymarket affair, she spoke in New Haven where I resided at that time and was on her reception committee.

Fraternally yours,
ADOLPH MEYER.

• • •

Walter M. Trumbull, who together with Paul Crouch helped to form a Communist League among the American soldiers in Hawaii, is now in a sanitarium suffering from tuberculosis. The original of this disease may be traced to his experience in Alcatraz Prison, where he and Crouch spent several years for their revolutionary activity. In a letter from the sanitarium he writes:

Dear Comrades:—
Because I am at present a patient in the Maybury T. B. Sanitarium, I've been unable to make a contribution of my own, having no income.

But I have interested an employee at the sanitarium to the extent of his contribution of $3, which I enclose herewith. I may be down, but not out. I can do that much for the 'Daily.'

Yours for saving our "Daily".
WALTER M. TRUMBULL.

• • •

Philadelphia.

Dear Comrades:—
Enclosed find a check for $45 to save The DAILY WORKER. This is the third shipment of donations from Philadelphia during the last few days ($77.50, $69 and $45). I believe that at least one more check will follow this week. We must have the "Daily" and more than that —an eight-page "Daily." I am confident that the revolutionary vanguard of the workingclass of the country will fulfill its duty.

A. SOKOLOV, "Daily Worker" agent.

• • •

A sympathetic organization sends $15 and writes:

Dear Comrades:—
As a good number of our members are readers of our militant "Daily," we decided to help the paper at once. By unanimous vote it was decided to donate $15, for which you find check enclosed. We are an organization to enable workers' children to spend their vacations out in the country.

MODERN SUNDAY SCHOOL CAMP
ASSOCIATION, INC.
JACK FEURER, Secretary.

• • •

New Haven, Conn.

Dear Comrades:—
Enclosed is a check of $10 from the New Haven branch of the Workers (Communist) Party to help meet the crisis. More money will be rushed at once.

S. S. KRESAS, Secretary.

• • •

The efforts of many units of the Workers (Communist) Party has done a great deal to keep the paper alive. Street Nucleus 11. Section 4, Chicago, writes:

Dear Comrades:—
Enclosed you will find a check for $14. At the last meeting we decided that every member should give a day's wages for our revolutionary paper. The rest of the money will be sent in a few days. We are sure that every worker must do the same, because if he is able to work for the bosses 365 days a year, he must work at least one day for the paper that is leading all the oppressed against the slavery of the capitalist system.

STREET NUCLEUS 11, SEC. 4, CHICAGO.

• • •

Roxbury, Mass.

Dear Comrades:
Enclosed you will find $1 in answer to your call for money to save The DAILY WORKER. I feel very sad that I am not able to send to the satisfaction of my feelings towards The DAILY WORKER. I only wish that I could send a million times more than this meagre sum for the greatest of all causes.

M. AGLARAU.

A worker in Hanna, Wyoming, donates a day's wages:

Comrades:—
Here you will find enclosed a postal money order for $8 for The DAILY WORKER as my donation to help the "Daily" out of its crisis. This is my one day's wages donation, and I would hope that every reader, friends and sympathisers of The DAILY WORKER will do the same.

Fraternally yours,
FRANK J. VIITA AHO.

• • •

This letter speaks for itself:

Dear Comrades:—
Here is my $2 to save The DAILY WORKER, that I gladly sacrifice being unemployed for a long time. This morning I got a job and tonight I feel my legs all broken so that I think I couldn't stand up to go back tomorrow. The bosses become wolves more each year. We hope that these cruelties would end some day and I will fight on to the end.

Fraternally yours,
G. MICHELINI, a concrete worker.

• • •

Another Workers Party unit shows the way:

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Dear Comrades:—
Enclosed find $15 for The DAILY WORKER from Street Nucleus 2, Pittsburgh. I sent you Tuesday $55, Thursday $20, and now $15. This will be $90. Wishing success in your campaign,

MAX JENKIN.

P. S.—I will send more money soon.

• • •

Mingo Junction, O.

Dear Comrades:—
I have seen your appeal in the Radnik, the paper of the Jugo-Slav workers, that the DAILY WORKER needs help. We went out and collected a little from the people and we received $11. I am also sending you a subscription for six months for a worker here. I am doing the best I can to show the people the right way to organize and support The DAILY WORKER which is the only paper in the English language which is protecting the interests of the laboring class.

SOJON MIKASINOVIK.

• • •

A worker in Norwalk, O., writes:

Dear DAILY WORKER Comrades:—
Enclosed find two dollars toward sustaining our DAILY WORKER. Who would want to go back to the days of being without it? I would call that a real calamity. It is not indifference on our part that we can not respond to all of the needs of the paper, but money is so damn scarce.

But that trouble is nothing, as compared to the worries and hardships of the comrades who are making possible The DAILY WORKER. It is "the University in Print" for the workers and we must keep it at all costs. The new feature of the paper, Handouts, is a very clever little column, and we enjoy it immensely.

Best wishes to The DAILY WORKER,
ANNE HOLLAND.

• • •

Highland Falls, N. Y.

Dear Comrades:—
Enclosed you will find a money order for $2, my bit for the DAILY WORKER. I am hoping that every comrade will give some little amount toward it, so it may keep on growing, because it is the best daily paper that fights for the workers.

Long Live the DAILY WORKER.
Comrade KUCERA.

• • •

The following brief letter reveals the spirit in which workers all over the country are responding to The DAILY WORKER'S call for help:

New York, N. Y.

Dear Comrades:—
Fight on for the life of the DAILY WORKER! Here is my $2 worth of ammunition. Sorry I can't do more for my paper.

Yours for Communism.
GUIDO D'ANDREA.

• • •

From Chicago comes the following spirited communication:

Chicago, Ill.

Dear Comrades:—
Enclosed please find check for $10. I am very sorry I can't give more at present. Will try to make up for it, though, by making other comrades realize the importance of giving.

I fervently hope we'll come out all right.

Yours. M. BAUMSTEIN.

• • •

Dear Comrades:—
At the meeting of the International Branch of the International Labor Defense of Wilmington, Del., we took the question of the "Daily" up for discussion. I am glad to say that we were able to raise the amount of $16.50. The two delegates from Wilmington to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, George Newcombe, of Arden, Del., and Esther Markizon, of Wilmington, gave $2.90 each, which is the amount paid to them for expenses to the convention. This makes a total of $22.30.

Comradely yours,
ESTHER MARKIZON.

Here is a letter from a non-party member who nevertheless realizes the role The DAILY WORKER plays in the struggle of the working class:

Wellington, Ohio.

Dear Sirs:—
Please find enclosed check for $5 to help you move and weather your present crisis. I wish I could send you more. I don't belong to the party, but I would hate to see the DAILY WORKER go under, as it is the best labor paper that I have ever read.

W. LONG.

• • •

This worker calls The DAILY WORKER his "best friend:"

Dear Comrades:—
Enclosesd you will find a money order for $2 as a contribution to the DAILY WORKER.

I would be very sorry if I should have to miss my best friend. I am very sorry that I am not able to send more, but my husband has been out of work for a long time.

With the best wishes for a long life to the DAILY WORKER,

Mrs. A. NEWMAN.

• • •

Peabody, Mass.

Dear Comrades:—
You will find enclosed a money order for the sum of $10. This fund was collected by our unit, District 1, Section 7. This is only a temporary contribution, as we will try to raise more funds to keep the DAILY WORKER going.

Comradely yours,
FRANK POLISCHUK.

• • •

The following letter from Utica shows the class-conscious spirit of those who are aiding The DAILY WORKER in its struggle to weather its present financial crisis:

Utica, N. Y.

Dear Comrades:—
We know that the DAILY WORKER is in need of money very badly. We also know that The DAILY WORKER is the only workingclass paper printed in the English language. We realize that it is our duty and the duty of every other comrade to support this paper in the best way we can. We hope that other cities will pay attention to the call of The DAILY WORKER and help as much as they possibly can. Our collection tonight amounted to $22.70. Therefore we enclose a money order for that amount.

Yours truly,
LEONA RIMKUS.

• • •

Astoria, L. I.

Dear friends:—
Enclosed find five dollar bill to help along the good work. Hoping you get the rest to keep going,

Yours truly,
P. ROWLEY.

• • •

Sol Auerbach, young instructor of philosophy, was recently expelled from the University of Pennsylvania for speaking favorably of conditions in the Soviet Union. Auerbach knows that The DAILY WORKER is fighting in this country for everything that the Soviet Union stands for, and tho he is now out of a job, he has sent a contribution with the following letter:

Dear Comrades:
Here is $5 out of my last pay from the University of Pennsylvania. The one militant pivot point in the American labor movement, The DAILY WORKER, must be kept swinging.

Fraternally yours,
SOL AUERBACH.

• • •

Another letter from an unemployed worker:

Dear Comrades:
Seeing in your paper that you need funds, I am enclosing a small sum of $2. I have a family to support and have been out of work for the last 14 months. I should hate to see our paper fall, for that is the only paper for workingclass people. If I could have helped more, I would have sent you more, but I just couldn't. And if I ever get a job, I will help you the best I can!

Your sincere comrade,
PAUL DE PAWLIS.

• • •

That The DAILY WORKER is really a workers' newspaper, one that is important to and loved by the masses, is proven by the fact that very few of those who donated money to the fund spoke of pulling "you" through the crisis. Most of the letters read "I hope we will come through this crisis stronger than ever." The workers of America do not look upon The DAILY WORKER as something foreign to themselves. They identify themselves with it.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

Comrades:—
Enclosed you will find a check for $31. This money was collected at the meeting of our section 7 last night.

We hope it will help to take our Daily through its present plight.

Comradely yours,
A. SAVOY, financial secretary.

A young school girl writes:

Comrades:
The DAILY WORKER will not be suppressed if the working masses can help it. I'm a young girl, not suffering as much as others, but I am for the liberty of my class. Here is my contribution ($2.50). If I could afford more, I would send it. Some social clubs will also send their contributions thru my recommendation.

Success, and may your and my class thrive, may we see liberty for the crushed masses ushered in soon.

Comradely,
VIVIENNE ZELNICK.

• • •

New York, N. Y.

Comrades:
Please find enclosed a one-dollar bill to save The DAILY WORKER, the only workingclass paper in the English language. Please comrades hold on to The DAILY WORKER. Don't let it die and leave our enemies to rejoice.

READER OF THE DAILY WORKER.

• • •

The intensity of feeling of many of the writers of letters to The DAILY WORKER is an indication of the place the paper holds in the workers' lives. The following is a good example:

San Antonio, Texas.

Dear Comrade Minor:
In reply to your communication of June 2, notifying us about the plight of The DAILY WORKER on account of lacking funds, I am sending you a check for the amount of $15. I am hoping that all of the comrades will realize the necessity and worth of The DAILY WORKER, as the fighting organ of the working class, and help you to continue your work in the future as you have done in the past.

Fraternally yours,
J. SHAFFER.

• • •

Worcester, Mass.

Comrade:
At a regular membership meeting of Nucleus 3, Section 1, of the Workers (Communist) Party of Worcester, Mass., many comrades responded to The DAILY WORKER'S call for help. Their contributions make it possible for us to send in a check for $15.

Fraternally yours,
D. H. KAUFFMAN, secretary.

• • •

After being unemployed all winter, a worker finally got a job and immediately sent $2 to The DAILY WORKER. He writes:

Chicago.

Dear Comrades:
Enclosed you will find $2 to keep up the best paper of the workers in the U. S. A. I have not worked all winter. I got me a job now and I wish 10,000 workers would send you a dollar or two each.

I work in a freight house, pulling a truck like a mule and conditions are pretty bad here as we have the speed-up system. I will be very sorry if our paper should discontinue. I am a foreigner and can't write much. Long live Russia! Down with all capitalist governments!

J. V.

• • •

A facetious note was struck by one worker in a letter in which he enclosed $3:

Dear Comrades:

I am sending you $3 as my "princely" contribution towards the saving of the "Daily's" life.

What's the idea of squandering all the millions you get from Moscow and then go a-begging for a handout? You surely have a bunch of bum financiers in your office. Kick 'em out! (I hope Judge Panken didn't copyright that expression.)

Comradely yours,
MAX MANDEL.

• • •

Yukon, Pa.

Dear Comrades:
Shop Nucleus 1, Yukon, Pa., recognizes the grave financial condition of The DAILY WORKER at the present time. So we are sending you $4. We regret that we cannot send you more because of the bad employment conditions.

DANY LOCHEN, secretary.

• • •

Workers' organizations have responded generously to the appeal for funds to save The DAILY WORKER. The following letter is typical:

Kansas City.

Dear Comrades:
The Russian Workers' Progressive Club is sending you a money order for $25 to help The DAILY WORKER. Long life for The DAILY WORKER.

E. MICKLISH.

Denver, Col.

Dear Comrades:
Just read the headline of The DAILY WORKER: "Grave Crisis May Close DAILY WORKER Soon." I am enclosing $5 to help out a little.

MRS. ARMINTA HOAR.

The response from unemployed workers has been unusually generous and many of them have written touching letters. Here is a worker who sends $5 despite the fact that capitalist "prosperity" is denying him a means of making a living:

Dear Comrades:
I am a long time reader of The DAILY WORKER and sympathizer, but I am long out of a job and I am sorry I cannot send more help. Today I send with my wife $5 as help to the paper.

JOHN STEPHANOU.

• • •

The DAILY WORKER is the only English language newspaper that fights for the oppressed colonial peoples. Class-conscious Chinese workers have learned that The DAILY WORKER is the constant, steadfast supporter of the struggle of the Chinese workers and peasants against their native bourgeoisie and the foreign imperialists. The following letter is eloquent testimony of the sentiment of the militant Chinese workers of New York towards the "Daily:"

Dear Comrades:
Enclosed please find banknotes amounting to $11. This is the first collection of our organization to meet the $10,000 drive of The DAILY WORKER. We hope a further sum can be raised in our next membership meeting.

Hoping the fund will be successfully raised,

Yours for The DAILY WORKER,
CHINESE WORKERS' AND PEASANTS ALLIANCE. LIU TANG, chairman.

• • •

A reader makes the unique proposal that workers donate the money they spend on tobacco and cigarettes to help save the "Daily." She herself is cutting out coffee for six months and turning the money over to The DAILY WORKER.

Boston.

Dear Comrades:
I am enclosing to you to help keep the "Daily" on its legs $1. In addition, I am cutting out my usual one cup of coffee a day and agree to send the cost for six months to The DAILY WORKER. I propose that all the comrades who love their pipes and cigarettes as well as I do my coffee should cut their tobacco and send the amount to The DAILY WORKER. Today I cannot afford to buy coffee at five cents and also give that amount to The DAILY WORKER. I choose to aid the "Daily" to live and prosper.

ELLEN WETHERELL.

• • •

An unemployed Portuguese worker, living in Brooklyn, sends $2 with the following letter:

Dear Comrades:
Last year in Providence I casually came to know about our "Daily," and when I read it, I was very glad to know that we had a real fighting paper. I am a Communist by heart and principles and am 35 years old. As soon as I get employment I will join the Workers Party. And tho I am not a member, I have been working in different ways.

Enclosed find $2 to help the "Daily." Would like to send more, but am out of work.

EDUARDO TAVARES.

• • •

Dear Comrades:
Enclosed find $15 collected at an affair held by Unit 3 of Harlem for the benefit of The DAILY WORKER.

Comradely yours,
S. KRENIK, secretary.

• • •

Sixty-seven years old and out of work 16 months—yet The DAILY WORKER must be saved, and so he sends a dollar bill.

Dear Comrades:
I am enclosing you a one dollar bill which is all that I can do as I am out of work for 16 months and cannot get any kind of work. I am living in hopes that I will be able to get to Soviet Russia. Altho I am 67 years old, I am just as active as a boy and possibly I would be able to give long years of service in Soviet Russia in my trade as a tinplate worker.

I hope that sufficient support will be given in time to save The DAILY WORKER for the sake of the oppressed toilers of this and other lands, for whom it so energetically fights. Its fall at this time would be a great calamity for the oppressed.

THOMAS M. WILLIAMS.

• • •

This worker also realizes the importance of The DAILY WORKER:

Caldwell, O.

Dear Comrades:
I realize what a terrible blow the workingclass will receive if The DAILY WORKER is suspended, so I am sending $5 to help keep it alive.

STEVE MORASKY.

FIFTY RIVETERS WALK OUT IN PROTEST AGAINST DOUBLE WORK AT SUN SHIPYARDS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHESTER, Pa. (By mail).—At the Sun Shipyard fifty riveters have walked off the job because of a request by the foreman that they drive rivets at two cents apiece.

They have been working on "car floats" and driving face rivets at two cents each. If given the work they have been able to make $1.000 per hour.

The request that caused the trouble was that they drive the same type of rivet with two additional operations, i. e., chip the loose hanging ends and set it all the way around with riveting machine or gun.

These two operations make more than double work. Hence the walkout.

They have no committee or leader, as I can understand. I am looking for further developments.

—S.

Arrest Young Worker League Member in Kenosha, Correspondent Writes

UNION OFFICIALS FIGHT MILITANTS WITH POLICE AID

Send "Observers" to Meeting

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KENOSHA, Wis. (By Mail). — Kindly publish the enclosed statement which was issued to the hosiery strikers at the Allen-A mill in Kenosha after the events it describes had taken place.

Striker.

Something has occurred which we think is necessary to bring to your attention. It reveals the revolutionary nature of one of the strike leaders to such an extent that we know the strikers and workers of Kenosha will repudiate such actions on his part.

All of you, we are sure, will remember the monster mass meeting called by the "Committee of 1000" in the square outside the city hall last Monday, June 4th. At this meeting one of our representatives, Samuel A. Herman, was present and was asked by several workers and strikers to speak. Only after our member had been urged by quite a number of workers to speak, and it was quite evident that no one else would address the crowd, did he consent to say a few words. He called upon the workers to stand solidly together with the strikers to help them picket the Allen-A. Co., and help the strikers out financially as this was not only a strike of 330 workers against the Allen-A. Co. but a strike of the workers of Kenosha against the open shop interests of Kenosha.

Urge Arrest.

No sooner did our representative utter a few words than Mr. Harold Steele, vice-president of the American Federation of Full-Fashioned Hosiery Workers, urged the police to arrest him. To the workers who witnessed this uncalled for incident it was a startling surprise. The workers had previously known only of cases where officials of the open shop Allen-A. Co. urged police to arrest strikers. But this was quite different, a union official ordering the police to arrest a member of a workingclass youth organization, The Young Workers League. We later learned that the reason the arrest was not made was because the police feared it would result in tremendous protests from the thousands of workers present.

Hand in Hand With Police.

Why was Steele so anxious to have our speaker arrested? The Young Workers' League had issued several bulletins to the strikers to conduct mass picketing all day long and thruout the week instead of neglecting to picket the mill or engaging in occasional picketing for a half-hour at a time only two or three times weekly. We urged the strikers to picket about both mills of the Allen-A. Co. and to make special efforts to call out the unorganized, unskilled workers, who are at present working for the Allen-A. Co. and piling up profits, which the firm uses to break the strike. We pointed out to the strikers the growing number of scabs that the company has been able to hire because the strikers did not conduct mass picketing from early in the morning until the evening, thus enabling the scabs to come to the company in the morning without any picket line being present.

We called upon the strikers to force their leadership to take some militant action to win the strike. No sooner did we point these things out to the workers, than the Steele-Budenz leadership began to become alarmed. Unwilling to engage in a real fight against the Allen-A. Co., unwilling to lead the strikers on the picket line and to inspire the workers by their presence, unwilling to call out the unskilled Allen-A workers in the other mill across the street, the reactionary leadership began a campaign against the Young Workers League. They started the attack against us by slandering our organization, though they know we have a record of participating courageously in all struggles of the working class youth.

On Wednesday, June 6, while helping the strikers picket, during the noon hour our member was arrested by police in a vicious manner. The police claimed later that the leaders of the strike did not want members of our organization around the strikers. The reason is plain. The leadership is afraid that our influence will grow among the strikers. They are afraid that the strikers will demand some real militant policy from their reactionary leaders. So the leaders are resorting to the most contemptible methods used by the open shop Allen-A. Co. against the strikers by ordering our arrest.

On Friday, June 8, the Young

ing of workers at the German American Home where the lessons of the Allen-A. Co. strike were to be discussed.

It was evident that the striking knitters received instructions from the union officials not to attend this meeting, for only a few of them were present. It was apparent that some of these were observers sent in by the union officials.

The meeting presented a remarkable sight. The hall was surrounded by police. Detectives took down every word of the speakers.

Here was a convincing proof to all the workers of Kenosha how the exploiters fear the militant policies and leadership of the Young Workers League and the Workers (Communist) Party. But strange to say, side by side with the bosses', police and detectives, were the unofficial observers sent in by the union officials. At the conclusion of the meeting, these observers followed the car in which the speakers were driving, around the corner.

We are sure that all workers will condemn the united front of certain officials of the union with the Allen-A. Co. controlled police against us because we are advocating militant strike policies in order to win the strike. The rank and file of the knitters have never sanctioned such action of the union officials as are described above

We say to the union officials: Fight the Allen-A. Co. and not the militants of the labor movement.

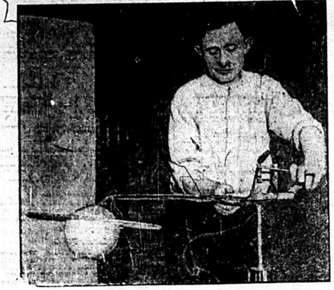
We will not be intimidated. We will continue the struggle in behalf of the heroic locked-out workers.

Our slogans remain as before:

- **Fight for the recognition of the union!**
- **Fight against the two machine speed-up system!**
- **Fight for a 44-hour week and two weeks vacation with pay!**
- **Picket in mass!**
- **Call out the unorganized!**
- **Win the strike.**

(Signed) YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE OF AMERICA, KENOSHA LOCAL.

New Air Invention to Aid Imperialist War



Claiming that his new type plane will stop short instantly when the propeller is reversed, Thomas Thompson, above, is shown demonstrating with his model. Imperialist propaganda is encouraging the attention of the American youth in the direction of aviation in its preparations for the next war.

CALLS ON SEAMEN TO FORM STRONG UNION

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The bureau of labor statistics of the United States department of labor recently made public a statement of the results of its survey of the amounts actually paid seamen in accident settlements, comparing these with the amounts which would be payable under the provisions of the Longshoremen's Act.

Covering 1,195 cases, the investigation showed, according to the bureau, that in the 899 cases not involving litigation, the average gross settlement was $1,317.03, while the estimated net settlement was $798.22, as compared with an average estimated settlement of $821.07 under the provisions of the compensation act.

Under the provisions of the act, the usual legal fee was found to be 50 per cent, in spite of the fact that the maritime law has long provided that seamen who are sick or injured while employed shall be entitled to treatment and wages until the end of the voyage. An injured seaman is nearly always obliged to sue the company thru a lawyer.

Silas B. Axtell, who is the attorney for the International Seamen's Union and the right-hand man of Andrew Furuseth, president of the union, won notoriety recently when he was tried as an ambulance chaser. Axtell doesn't have to employ chasers, however, as the International Seamen's Union apparently is made to do the chasing for him. Nearly all injured seamen's cases handled by Axtell are never tried in court. The victim is compelled to wait, sometimes for years, and then Axtell gives him a paltry sum which he calls a settlement. Or he gives nothing at all.

One is compelled to question the honesty of a union official who would employ the services of such an attorney to handle legal affairs for the organization. We do not wonder that Axtell knocked the Soviet Union as the workers there would not stand for having such underhand methods carried on by their union officials.

When the longshoremen and harbor workers' compensation bill was introduced into congress in 1926, it included seamen as well as the designated maritime workers, but before its passage the provision relating to seamen was eliminated.

If the 96 per cent of the seamen who are unorganized would organize, their strength could settle the question of how seamen are to fare under maritime law.

JOHN STANLEY MORGAN.

OLD SCAB AIDS LEWIS WAR ON PROGRESSIVES

Fights Save-Union Movement

(By a Worker Correspondent)

YORKVILLE, O. (By Mail).—I am writing to you about a man who belongs to the John L. Lewis machine When we miners went on strike April 1, of this year, Joe Vince, a checkweigman from Butte mine went to work for the Wheeling Steel Corporation at Yorkville. He worked there for over a year as a flunkey "bossing" as we call it.

But now, as the Save-the-Union has got too strong for the reactionary sub-district officials, they have called on him to help them break the strike Sucker that he is, he quit his job at the scab hole, as the Wheeling Company is known to be, and took the job for the reactionary officers.

And now he is going around local unions, trying to get the men to sign the "yellow dogs."

Listen, my dear union brothers when Joe Vince or any other reactionary tries to get you to sign that "yellow dog," throw him out of your hall head first. Because such action is what we call strikebreaking.

This man has also refused to help the relief work. He was working a year and a half around that hole of a Wheeling Steel Corporation while we coal miners were on the picket line getting clubbed, arrested and jailed and trying to get the scabs out. Now he is going around preaching to the people that the Save-the-Union movement is trying to break the strike.

But, brothers, who is it that is trying to break the strike? It is the skunks, low down robbers, thieves traitors, and strikebreakers like John Cinque, Adolphe Pacifico, Walter Jukovich and Joe Vince.

We also want to thank the National Miners' Relief Committee for the relief they sent to Yorkville, O Please publish this so all the good union brothers will know what kind of officials we have in Ohio.

—R. J.

NAME PRESIDENT FOR REICHSTAG

BERLIN, June 17.—Fighting the Communists in the Reichstag elections, the social democratic party yesterday elected their candidate Loebe as president.

As the fourth strongest party in the Reichstag, the Communist Party is now demanding the election of Stoecker as the fourth vice-president. In proposing Stoecker, the Communist Party has rejected the conditions with which the social democrats hoped to shackle it, and is determined to put up its own nominee.

The first vice-president is to be Esser of the centrist party, while Kardoff of the German people's party is to be his second. Graef, of the national party, is the third vice-president. The social democrats had hoped to elect Gertrud Baeumer to this post.

The people's party supported Graef for the third vice-presidency, in defiance of the coalition moves of the other parties.

Moskvin Is Superb in "The Station Master" at the Cameo

At the time Moskvin appeared with the Moscow Art players in this country, he received many offers from motion picture companies to appear in a production to be made in Hollywood. There is still a well-founded report that United Artists have him under contract. He recently appeared in an old Russian film called "Polykushka" and his next appearance will be at the Cameo Theatre in "The Station Master," a Sovkino production which opens today.

In the estimate of most critics "Czar Ivan the Terrible" achieved the highest level in individual characterization. This general judgement was arrived at before "The Station Master" was seen featuring Ivan Moskvin. It is the contention of most of the well-known European critics that in "The Station Master," Moskvin creates an almost perfect cinema portrait and even the German experts considered his performance superior to that of Jannings in "The Last Laugh." In fact many of them call "The Station Master" "a Russian 'Last Laugh'."

WORKERS MERELY ASKED PAY FROM MELON "QUEEN"

Case Made to Appear Holdup

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail).—According to reports from El Centro Imperial Valley, Cal., William Williams, alias Joaquin Ojara, 35, Melaland, was jailed recently for failure to pay wages. This is in the zone of the recent strike in the cantaloupe fields

"Strong-Armed" Wage Collectors Arrested.

Another report in The Brawley News reads as follows: "El Centro June 1.—Seven laborers accused by Miss A. Giraudo, 'cantaloupe queen,' of having forced her to write a check for wages undue pleaded guilty to the charge today before Superior Judge Finney and were given suspended sentences of 60 days in the county jail.

"Two of the group, E. C. Cruz and B. L. Lopez, pleaded not guilty and will stand trial. Miss Giraudo declared that the laborers had threatened her with guns and clubs into writing a check for $800."

Not a Holdup.

At first, the master class press made this affair look like a case of robbery, but judging from the "suspended justice" handed out by the judge, that was not the case.

The workers acted a little rough as collectors of their hard-earned money—that's all, according to information gained here. The term "wages undue" really means, it has been learned that the "queen" expected a few days of grace before making out her check But hunger has but little conscience—especially at times when the authorities and exploiters are violating every letter of the bill of rights.

—L. P. RINDAL.

Broadway Briefs

"The Case of Jonathan Drew," an English film directed by Alfred Hitchcock, will be shown at the 55th Street Playhouse the week beginning today.

Barbara Kent and Mary Nolan will play the principal roles in "The Shakedown," from an original story by Charles A. Logue. Barbara Kent has just completed "Retribution" for the British-Canadian Pictures.

Paul Fejos, Universal director, who recently completed "Lonesome," will next direct Conrad Veidt in "The Charlatan," adopted from the play by Ernest Pascal and Leonard Praskins

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Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

Are you a
"DAILY WORKER"
worker daily?

—DRAMA—

"By Request" New Nugent Comedy to Open at Windsor

THE first of George M. Cohan's new production of the season will open tonight at the Windsor Theatre. This is the Nugent comedy "By Request," and will have the following cast of players: the Nugents, father and son, Veree Teasdale, Grant Mills, Norma Lee (Mrs. Elliott Nugent), Harry McNaughton and Eleanor Williams. The play will be shown next week and the week after in Asbury Park and Long Branch, coming to Broadway sometime in August.

The Ring Lardner comedy, "Elmer the Great," another Cohan production, is also scheduled for tonight. It opens at the Blackstone in Chicago, with Walter Huston playing the principal role.

Cohan's musical show, "Batter Up!" will be placed in rehearsal sometime next month. Polly Walker, last seen in "The Merry Malones," will have an important role in the production.

ALEXIS DAVOR

Plays the principal role in "The End of St. Petersburg." The Sovkino film of the Russian Revolution is taxing the capacity of Hammerstein's Theatre at every performance.

Louise Groody, musical comedy star, will be one of the principal stars at the Palace this week. Others on the same bill include: Bertha Kalich, who will present "A Light From St. Agnes," a one-act drama written by Mrs. Minnie Maddern Fiske; Harland Dixon; Trahan and Wallace; George and Jack Dormonde; Ross Wyse, Jr., with Mr. and Mrs. Ross Wyse; Ed and Jennie Rooney.

Vaudeville at the Hippodrome will include: Al K. Hall, supported by Fred Dale, Lila Bay and Teddy Andre; Carl McCullough; Naomi Ray and Eddie Harrison; The Mangean Troupe; Anita and Betty Case. The feature photoplay will be "Hellship Bronson" staring Noah Beery and Mrs. Wallace Reid.

Sylvia Clark will be seen on the stage of the Broadway Theatre beginning today. Bobbie Kuhn, 1st; George Broadhurst; Charles Harrison and Sylvia Dakin and Don Cummings are the other acts. The feature photoplay will be "No Other Woman," starring Dolores Del Rio and Don Alvarado.

AMUSEMENTS

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play. Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St. Mats. WED. & SAT.

BOOTH Thea., 45 St. W. of B'way Evenings 8:30 Mats. Wednesday & Saturday 2:30.
Grand St. Follies

END OF ST. PETERSBURG
Hammerstein's Thea., B'way & 53 St. Phone Col. 8380.
Twice Daily, 2:40-8:40. Prices, Mats. 50c to $1.00. Eves. 50c to $1.50. All Seats Reserved.

LUNA PARK The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL | Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42nd St. & B'way NOW
American Premiere Famous Russian Artist, in
IVAN MOSKVIN
THE Station Master
A Sovkino Production
(The Russian Last Laugh)

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Famine Sweeps Through Mine Districts As Suffering Grows More Acute

WORKERS' AID IS ONLY HOPE FOR COAL STRIKERS

Suffering Grows More Acute Daily

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, June 17. — Delegates and executives who attended the mine conference here Wednesday at which the call for a national miners' convention was drawn up, on returning to their home districts are faced first of all with the most acute problem of relief for the thousands of miners and their families now in the fourteenth month of the strike.

Appeals reaching the offices of the National Miners' Relief Committee are in most cases of the most urgent character picturing the most abject and acute suffering. A virtual famine is sweeping over the mine areas at a time when "prosperity" is the slogan of the big business interests of the country.

Those who issue this slogan and seek with it to continue their deception of the working class will, of course, do nothing to relieve the suffering of the miners, their wives and children. Only the workers can be looked to in this great extremity. The National Miners' Relief Committee of 611 Penn Ave. yesterday issued another urgent appeal for funds which means actually the saving of life in the mine districts.

MELON PICKERS STILL SUFFER

15 Cents a Crate Not Living Wage

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By mail).—Cantaloupe pickers in Imperial Valley, Cal., continue to have considerable trouble with the authorities and the growers. The masters are jailing and fining the workers on various charges.

Francisco Hermandez, one of the 10 directors of the new Mexican labor union that made demands upon cantaloupe growers for increased wages for picking, has been sent to jail to serve a six-month suspended sentence, according to the Brawley News. The reason for the jailing is said to be that he failed to carry out the judge's order to shake the dust of the Imperial Valley off his feet and leave for a healthier climate.

Organized Power Opened Jail Doors.

Seventy, or more, Mexican strikers were jailed about 3 weeks ago. Their bail were fixed at from $250 to $1000. The latter sum was demanded in at least five cases. The bail of four workers was reduced to $500. But the judge made an exception in the case of the one-armed interpreter-director, Hermandez. So, rather than stay in jail, he pleaded guilty of vagrancy and received a suspended sentence. Although the majority were unable to put up any bail, all the rest of the workers refused to plead guilty and were released shortly after with the same status as they had before the strike.

Organized power and the smell of rotten melons opened the jail doors before the trial date, June 6th.

Hermandez made a mistake by pleading guilty, it seems.

It is admitted all around that skill is necessary to handle the crop the right way, but the growers don't like to pay for expert work. Even the increase from 12 cents to 15 cents a crate doesn't create a decent wage scale. And too much speed-up makes careful grading next to impossible—even for old-timers in the picking game. Ordinary speed means small wages, and rush stands for fines, black-listing and jailing, etc.

Waiting for Exploiters.

While the workers have to go through all kinds of hardship—including extreme heat, sometimes 110 degrees or more—the exploiters are sending their women and children into cooler places for a summer vacation. It is estimated that 9000 now are on their way to coast cities and mountain resorts, etc. The workers must sweat and slave and pay the bills of the parasites.

The press and commercial bodies, etc., are boasting about prosperity. Except for the heat, Imperial county is a paradise on earth, they say.—Yes, for the idle rich! But it is a hell-hole for overworked, underpaid, persecuted and prosecuted toilers. When will the labor movement of the Southwest take hold and inject some sunshine into the lives of the workers? To ignore the Mexicans and their struggles is a ruinous policy for the workingclass as a whole in this part of the country.

No Trials for 70 Strike Leaders.

The last report reads: "El Centro, June 2. Following consultation in which Dist. Atty. Elmer Heard, Mexican Consul H. E. Torres, Dr. Louis Balech of the state labor statistical bureau and Attorney Alfred Blaisdel, counsel for the defendants, participated, charges against 70 Mexican laborers were summarily dismissed in Imperial county court today.

"The Mexicans were arrested and charged with disturbing of the peace following recent strikes in the cantaloupe fields. The date of the trials of the men was set for June 6. Blaisdel had insisted on separate jury trials for the men."

—L. P. RINDAL.

Tammany Shows Its Pay-triotism on Flag Day

In appreciation for its opportunities to wallow in graft in all departments of the city government, Tammany Hall participated in the "flag day" ceremonies the other day. In photo, John Voorhis, grand sachem of Tammany (left) with acting grand sachem T. Darlington at the Sons of the Revolution exercises at City Hall.

MORE TAMMANY GRAFTERS OUT

While sentence of those already found guilty in the Tammany street cleaning graft scandals for reasons is being postponed, three more men, all employed in Manhattan, were yesterday dismissed from the department.

The three are Henry M. Lawrence, of 57 Lexington Ave., Brooklyn, assistant foreman of section No. 3; George H. Lake, of 2 St. Andrews Place, Brooklyn, foreman of section 14; and Henry M. Gerraty, of 434 East One Hundred and Fifty-seventh St., the Bronx, foreman of section 30.

How the Grafter Hides.

Dismissal was announced by Commissioner Alfred A. Taylor, believed to be the one higher up in the graft scandal and whom Mayor Jimmie Walker has been protecting.

At the same time, Taylor announced that the three would not be prosecuted criminally. No reason was given for this stand, but it is believed that there is fear of revelations against those really responsible for the systematic steals.

For the third time, indictments said to have been voted by the New York County Grand Jury against others known to be guilty did not materialize. No reason has been given to account for the delay.

Another Delay.

Sentencing of William J. Oswald William J. Lougheed, and Benjamin Stoeber has been postponed for a week. This is but another indication of the pressure Tammany Hall is exerting to save its guilty henchmen. Attorneys for these convicted men have charged that they were only minor offenders and that those higher up are being shielded.

Trick Cuban Workers To Nicaraguan Shops

SANTIAGO, Cuba, June 17. — Promising fabulous wage rates to Cuban workers who will go to Nicaragua, an employment agency in Santiago is taking a fee of $7 each from recruits for this migration. Severe unemployment in Cuba, due to business depression, has driven many workers to gamble on the truth of the claim that in Nicaragua they will find jobs at high pay.

SOLD FAULTY MILK.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 17. — Dirty milk, sold here recently, resulted in a $25 fine imposed on Peter Basting, Pewaukee, in district court here today. He was arrested by health department inspectors.

$200,000,000 COAL MERGER PLANNED

One hundred coal operators of Virginia and southern West Virginia will form a $200,000,000 bituminous coal merger according to information made public yesterday.

Representatives of these open shop organizations are planning a meeting for next Wednesday at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel at which the proposed consolidation will be formally outlined.

CLOAKMAKERS TO SEND ORGANIZERS

After successfully concluding the first steps towards launching the organization of the practically unorganized cloak and dress manufacturing shops in the New York market by beginning the formation of the Volunteer Organization Committee of 500, the Cloakmakers' National Organization Committee yesterday made public decisions at its last meeting to broaden out the campaign by appointing three field organizers to accelerate the movement and coordinate the work in all cloak manufacturing centers.

• • •

Meeting Monday.

A meeting of all those registered in the Organization Committee of 500 has been called for Monday evening, immediately after work in the office of the Joint Board, 16 W. 21st St.

This meeting will concern itself mainly with the formation of basic units of ten committeemen each. Captains will also be appointed according to the original plans of the general meeting of the Committee of 500.

Charge Against Fake Wool Co. Dismissed

BOSTON, June 17. — The Federal Trade Commission announced yesterday that a complaint of the commission against the Suffolk Knitting Mills of this city, charging use of such labels as "all wool" and "100 per cent all wool" to describe sweaters containing a large mixture of cotton has been dismissed by the commission.

Says United States Is Big Drug Consumer

"The United States is the largest consumer of opium in the world, and no healthy nation uses opium to the extent that America uses it," said Miss Sara Graham-Mulhall, former deputy commissioner of the New York State Department of Narcotic Drug Control in an address of habit-forming drugs.

HILLMAN WILL NOT PROBE INTO CLOAK UNION GRAFT RING

Fires 3 Goats; Gives the Higher-Ups Whitewash

With citation of fact after fact, showing the slimy history of graft in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union in the past few years, the Jewish Communist Daily Freiheit editorially exposes as the rankest hypocrisy the statements of Sidney Hillman and his socialist organ the Jewish daily Forward that the Communists are the only ones attacking Hillman after the graft exposures, and that they are sorry to see those indicted for graft dismissed from the union. The Forward also declares that Hillman is being flooded with congratulations for his speedy dismissals of the three indicted officials, doing nothing about the high-ups involved.

The editorial proves that Hillman, as well as the other high officials of the Amalgamated, have known for years of an existing and a functioning system of graft and corruption, while neither investigated nor acted with speed in the matter. This was because Hillman could not maintain control without the assistance of his corrupt machine. Some of the facts cited are:

In November 1924 Hillman received an affidavit from Samuel Sekuler, former secretary of the former Section B of Local 10, containing serious charges against the officials in the childrens' clothing locals. Sekuler therein charges that special taxes had been levied on the membership and were pocketed by the officials. Hillman being among those named, that workers were fined heavily for infraction of rules and that these fines also were pocketed; that collections for sick members were made and divided among the officials.

Three contractors, Ratir, Jeffe and Farner, came with charges of extortion in 1923, against Louis Stein, the official whom Hillman has now discharged. Stein and his agents demanded money from these employers declaring to them that they needed it for election expenditures in order to beat the "lefts." Hillman did not investigate the charges of the three employers. He gave the case to the Children's Clothing Joint Board which was headed by a partner of the grafters and the man who is now the chief witness in the present graft exposure. This is B. Levy who at that time was told to investigate his own partners.

The same B. Levy, in 1927, became severely ill. His fellow officials immediately organized a benefit lottery, and sold $1,700 worth of raffle tickets. Out of this sum Levy received an insignificant amount, having been betrayed by his own fellow grafters.

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Philadelphia Workers' Defense.

PHILADELPHIA. — The Downtown and West Philadelphia branches of the International Labor Defense will be reorganized Monday, the Downtown branch at 8th and Rittner Sts., and the West Philadelphia branch at the Progressive Library, 4035 Girard Ave. Thomas and Olkin will speak.

• • •

District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

BOSTON.—District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham.

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

• • •

CLEVELAND.—Wednesday, June 20, all three sections of the Workers (Communist) Party of Cleveland will hold section membership meetings. Section 1 will meet at the Hungarian Home, 4309 Lorain Ave., Section 2 at South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., and Section 3 at Workers Home. There will be no general membership meeting that night. The election campaign will be organized at the section meetings.

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On the Labor Congress.

Following are the dates thus far announced for the tour of Jack Johnstone, of the Trade Union Educational League, to report on the recent Fourth Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions.

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Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 22, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

• • •

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7061 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

• • •

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 4 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Van-Ikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

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Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

LAUNCH ELECTION DRIVE AT PICNIC

Interest in the Red Picnic, which will mark the formal launching of the New York State Communist election campaign, increased yesterday with the announcement of the unusual program in preparation for the event.

The Picnic which is to be held at Pleasant Bay Park on June 24 will follow the pattern of great demonstrations such as the Russian workers make of their field days. The Russian sport festivals are Olympian in the best sense of the word encouraging the youth to develop skill and physical strength, endurance and intelligence such as the working class must have in Soviet Russia to withstand the dangers which they are yet to face.

Raise $10,000 to Aid Palestine Betrayers

An additional $10,000 has been cabled to the Histadruth (Federation of Jewish Labor) in Palestine by the National Labor Committee, which is conducting a campaign to raise $300,000 for the Histadruth in this country. The committee had previously transmitted a total of $70,000.

The money, which is being raised largely among wealthy Jews in this country, will be used by the reactionary Histadruth to further its work in behalf of the Palestine capitalists whom it is aiding in the persecution of militant Jewish workers.

Kate Gitlow to Be Honored Here

Kate Gitlow, veteran Communist organizer, will be the guest of honor at a banquet given her by the United Council of Workingclass Women at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., Saturday evening, June 23. She has just returned from a six months' visit in the Soviet Union.

At the banquet she will report on the progress of working women in European countries, and particularly in the U. S. S. R.

Cedar Rapids Police Demand 8-Hour Day

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., (FP).—In an effort to secure an 8-hour day, the policemen of Cedar Rapids appealed to the Linn county district court for an order to instruct the city council to submit the matter to a popular vote.

Judge F. L. Anderson dismissed the petition, stating that in agreement with the city attorney he does not consider the matter is one which properly comes under the referendum statutes.

WOMEN TO HOLD SECOND MEETING IN NEW YORK CITY

N. Y. Federation Will Emphasize Relief

The second delegates' conference of the New York Working Women's Federation, to be held Thursday evening June 21st at the Labor Temple, will be greeted by a representative from the Pennsylvania mine strike area, a miner's wife who will address the federation on the role played by women in the mining strike. She will stress the acute need for a strong display of solidarity between working women engaged in other industries and the wives of the embattled miners.

According to Ray Ragozin, Secretary of the N. Y. Working Women's Federation, the dominant note of the second conference will be the question of miners' relief. This will carry on the work commenced at the initial conference of a few weeks ago, at which the federation was formed by the National Miners' Relief Committee.

WAITERS' UNITY STRIKE NEW SHOP

The Waiters' Unity Organization of 105 Rivington St., has called a strike against the Isaac Gellis Delicatessen, 1446 St. Nicholas Ave., near 182nd St., it was announced yesterday by David Siegel, secretary of the organization. The strike has been called for union recognition and for increases in wages.

The Isaac Gellis "Kosher" Delicatessen and Restaurant which is owned by Pulver and Haas, said to be members of the socialist party, advertises its goods over the Debs Radio Station, which is operated by that party.

The Waiters' Unity Organization has appealed to workers who previously have patronized the firm to be informed of the strike.

USSR Oil Exports Grow

MOSCOW, USSR., June 17.—The Oil Syndicate exported 3,560 tons of benzine and 20,350 tons of petroleum to Persia during the first half of the current economic year. In Baku the construction is being completed of new can works with a yearly production of 1,000,000 cans specially for export of oil products to the northern districts of Persia.

Why Every Miner Should Be a Communist

By JOHN PEPPER

What the WORKERS (Communist) PARTY stands for and why every miner should join it.

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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"FREEDOM FOR MOONEY AND BILLINGS"

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At ZAHORA'S GROVE, Ogden and Custer Avenues, Lyons, Ill.

SUNDAY, JUNE 24th, 1928

Come out and have a jolly good time with the friends of Labor Defense. Grove opens at 12 noon. — Refreshments — Games — Contests — Prizes — Dancing. — CARL HAESSLER, Editor Federated Press, will speak on "Mooney and Billings and Centralia Cases."

How to get there: Ogden Ave. car to end of line. Take bus or walk half mile west to Grove.

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Norris Is Also Necessary to Capitalism

Senator Norris of Nebraska is a member of the party of finance-capital.

The republican party exists only to facilitate the business of government, the suppression of the masses, the exploitation and enslavement of the working class, the exploitation and expropriation of the farmers for the benefit of the bankers, and the furtherance of American imperialism by fire and sword (and diplomacy backed by the sword) throughout the world.

Norris is a member of the republican party.

The republican party has consistently nominated for president the candidate who most nearly represents "these ideals," as Mellon would say.

Yet Mr. Norris reacts to the Hoover nomination with these rude words:

> "The rank and file of the great republican party will be disgusted and humiliated, but the power trust, as well as the Hoovers, the Daughertys, the Sinclairs, the Dohenys, the Falls, the Smoots, the Hayses, the Lenroots, the Fesses, the Moseses and the machine politicians everywhere, will be happy and delighted.
>
> "If this program is endorsed at the polls, it will be the duty of the senate when it reconvenes in December to apologize to Power Trust Insull and his man from Illinois, for whose election he contributed more than $100,000 to seat Boss Vare, the representative of the Philadelphia political machine; to reinstate Daugherty; to apologize to Sinclair and Doheny and to pass a law returning to them the property which the Supreme Court of the United States said they had fraudulently obtained; to give a certificate of character to ex-Secretary Fall; to ask for the pardon of Miller, who has been sentenced to the penitentiary; to destroy the incriminating evidence which the investigation brought forth of the fraudulent profits of O'Neil and Stewart; to invite Blackmer to return from his hiding place in Europe and to receive him in good society with open arms; to condemn the Supreme Court of the United States for declaring that the Fall-Sinclair-Doheny deals were disgraceful and fraudulent; to call upon the Federal Trade Commission to cease its investigation wherein it is disclosing the sinister attacks upon our government by the power trust, and to ask forgiveness for all its activities in disclosing fraud and dishonesty in high official places."

Senator Norris is absolutely correct in branding Hoover with the mark of Teapot oil. But he makes some mistakes. "The rank and file of the great republican party" will not be "disgusted and humiliated." It will go to the polls and vote for Hoover.

Norris is also wrong in saying that the senate when it convenes after the election, will have to apologize to the Power Trust, to Boss Vare, Daugherty, Sinclair, Doheny, Fall, Miller, O'Neil, Blackmer, Stewart, etc., etc. The senate will not have to apologize to any of the crooks of Teapot Dome, for these gentlemen know perfectly well that the senate has done them no harm, but has protected them. None of them is in jail. The fire-works in the senate were unavoidable. If Mr. Vare was not seated in the senate, nevertheless he remains one of those who dictates the course of government and chooses the president.

But it is outrageous for Senator Norris to say that the senate will have to "call upon the federal trade commission to cease its investigation" of the Power Trust. This investigation is as necessary to the Power Trust as are the turbines of its power plants.

The Teapot Dome investigation ended with a slavish eulogy of the highest chief of oil-company corruption in the United States—John D. Rockefeller, Jr. It is immediately followed by the triumph of the same Coolidge-Hoover-Mellon gang in national politics as the representatives of "ideals."

Such senate investigations are necessary to preserve the illusions of the masses in the government of finance-capital.

Also Senator Norris is necessary. Senator Norris, member of the same republican party, is a supporter of capitalism, which means the exploitation of labor, the ruin of the farmers, the suppression and demoralization of the masses. Norris criticizes capitalism while supporting capitalism. By raving against "sinister attacks upon our government by the Power Trust," Mr. Norris, no less than Mr. Berger of the socialist party, helps to obscure the fact that the Power Trust is "our government." The merger of the government bureaucracy with the biggest banking interests together with the industrial trusts, including the Power Trust, is the United States government.

Norris is useful to finance-capital somewhat as canary birds are useful in mine-disasters. Canary birds, being very sensitive to gas, quickly give signs of the slightest danger.

The screeching of such men as Norris to the effect that capitalism can be made to reform itself so as to be beneficial to the farmers, keeps many thousands of farmers blindly trusting the capitalism which is strangling them.

And Norris is a member of the chief party of finance-capital.

Workers and farmers can make themselves effective in the fight against capitalism only by supporting the party that is opposed to capitalism.

There is only one party opposed to capitalism.

It is the Workers (Communist) Party.

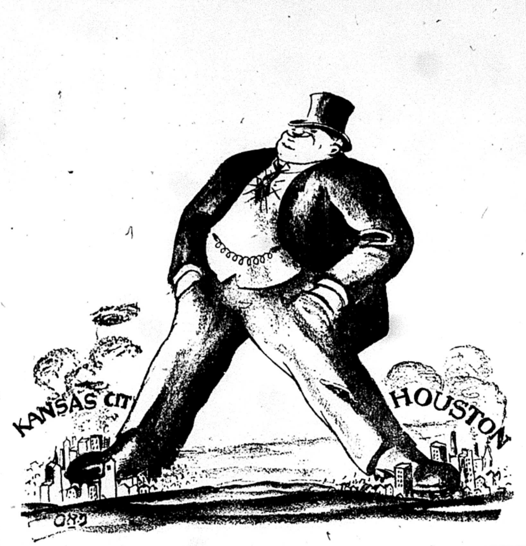
Vote Communist.

But voting will not destroy capitalism.

Join the Workers (Communist) Party and fight capitalism not only during the period of elections, but at all times and on all fronts until it is overthrown.

WALL STREET OWNS BOTH

By M. Pass



CAMP FOR CHILDREN OF WORKERS OPENS SOON

Rowing, swimming and fishing are but a few of the vacation pastimes available to the children who will attend the Workers' International Relief Camp at Wingdale, New York. A sports director will supervise athletic sports and contests on a spacious athletic field. Evening camp-fire meets, presided by camp counselors, will be enlivened by songs, games, and discussions.

Hikes and field-trips will be the laboratories for nature, study and wood-craft. The children will accumulate natural objects of interests in a special muse um corner, and contribute to a wall bulletin especially devoted to science and invention.

Each group, coming to camp for two weeks, will be given opportunity to write stories, plays and areticles for their edition of the camp magazine. Under trained instructors, they will also read and discuss juvenile literature depicting the life of the working class, or of historical interest. Plays, written or dramatized by themselves, will be presented.

American history and the struggle of the workers, their parents, under the capitalist system, will have important place in the educational program.

The low rate of $8 a week per child, barely covering the cost of the food, stamps this project as a real working-class camp. Yet the exceptional facilities and its location in White Rock mountains on a lake-site, offer vacation opportunities equalling and even surpassing those of high

HANdOuTS

The reputation of the New York police, known over the country for their brutality to strikers, especially women, will not be tarnished by the news that a Bronx detective shot a fifteen year old boy.

• • •

Any child can judge from the following paragraph in the Herald-Tribune whether it is the working man or the businessman who gets results from the senate:

"Discrimination against American interests seeking road building and drainage contracts in Greece may force the United States Senate to defer ratification of the proposed settlement of the Greek indebtedness to this country."

• • •

Real affection for condensed milk grows with the announcement that five escaping prisoners used a can of it in a stocking to knock down a deputy sheriff.

• • •

Unemployed workers should get a great deal of comfort from the A. F. of L. program submitted to the republican convention and which contains this battlecry in their behalf:

"Labor has repeatedly recommended that Congress and the government deal with the problem of unemployment in a practical and constructive way."

• • •

Biographical Note

The above honest looking chap is William Lorimer, "Blond Boss" of Illinois. Among the things he has done for his country is heading the Governor Len Small-Bill Thompson factions and depositing the results in the bank. He is noted for being one of the few expelled from the senate merely because he happened to have bought an election. That was in 1912. Today he is in Washington and claims he is working in the interests of a southern committee for the prevention of floods. It is said he will be able to pay his grocery bills during the present summer without difficulty.

• • •

A new analysis of the farm crisis is contained in the words of Professor Franklin H. Giddings of Columbia University, who says that the reason the young farm boys are leaving the rural districts for the cities is due to the lack of rural doctors. It is much more liable to be due to the presence of them.

• • •

Workers who look to the church for anything except entertainment should know that Department of Research of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ has just issued a bulletin in which it approves the plan of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., in closing many of its mines and throwing thousands of workers out of jobs.

• • •

A lot of feet are going to think their owners lack good judgment with the annoucement that many of the entrants in the long distance dancing classic have just finished walking from Los Angeles in the bunion derby.

• • •

Wanted for the Workers' Museum of Rare and Valuable Curiosities: One Dollar Bill paid in New York City taxes that didn't go for graft.

250 in Southern Silk Mill Go Out on Strike

Two hundred fifty workers in the Schwartenbach, Huber Company silk mill at Covington, Va., have struck against a wage cut and importation of northern labor, according to reports from Covington.

Child Welfare

Western Australia has a child-welfare department whose functions include the supervision of children placed in orphanages or industrial schools, boarded out with foster parents, or on probation from the children's courts; control of the placement of children for adoption, the payment of mothers' aid, and to unmarried mothers, and investigation of complaints with regard to ill-treatment of children. Children in institutions are required to attend school up to the age of 14, and are then trained for domestic or farming and placed in positions under supervision.

National Nominating Convention

By JAY LOVESTONE

Editorial Note—We print herewith the closing speech delivered by Comrade Lovestone at the conclusion of the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party. It is a summary and estimate of the Convention's deliberations and actions. It was delivered on May 27.

• • •

Let me try to sum up the last two eventful days to you delegates and workers, who have had the very good fortune to attend and participate in the deliberations of the greatest Communist convention ever held in the United States.

I have attended many conventions, Republican and Democratic, as a reporter for The DAILY WORKER, and Communist Party and Socialist Party conventions as a delegate. I have never yet witnessed so genuine, so stirring, so inspiring a scene as the one in which you comrades demonstrated your loyalty to the cause of the working class, demonstrated when the standard bearers of Communism in America were chosen by you today.

Achievements of the Convention.

Before the delegates depart, they should have a clear understanding of some of the achievements of this convention and of some of the questions this convention has answered, not only for the state and fraternal delegations, not only for our Party as a whole, but for the workers and the exploited farming masses of this country.

First of all, we have a good Communist platform—the best Communist platform that our Party has had, a Communist platform on which we can appear with pride, with confidence, with great determination to go forward towards victory.

Second, this convention serves as a splendid basis, a splendid center, to inspire, to mobilize our Party and the workers in the coming election campaign months.

Third, we have chosen sterling, model revolutionists, sterling, model standard-bearers. What more can we ask from a gathering of our Party?

Some Questions Answered

This convention has been a tremendous Communist success from every viewpoint. This convention has cleared up certain questions, I believe, for all of us. I believe this convention has answered four main questions.

Can Communism grow in America? We do not have to answer that question for you comrades and delegates here. I think that the way this convention was conducted, the way you delegates participated—the enthusiasm, the spirit, the militancy, the vigor, the determination—this is the proof that Communism can grow and will grow in the United States. (Applause).

Our Party represents the interests of the whole working class. Our Party has to date attracted to its banner, primarily the most exploited section of the working class. This happens to be largely the foreign-born workers. We are not ashamed of the foreign-born workers, we are proud of them, for it is they who have helped to build the railroads, build the ships, build the factories, which we will take back for the whole working class. (Applause).

This convention disproves one of the lies, one of the slanders, of the bourgeoisie, who say that we are not able to attract native American workers. The native American workers gathered here in our Party convention are as native as there are in the whole country. We are all workers regardless of whether we were born by accident in America or came here by choice.

Our Party is not a Party East of Chicago. Our Party is a National Party from Maine to Texas, from California to Massachusetts. (Applause).

Constructive Force.

Communism is shown by this convention as the most constructive force in the working class, despite the calumnies of the Socialist Party and trade union bureaucracy and other enemies of the working class. Any movement which starts as a movement of social progress, goes forward when it works hand in hand with the Communists. But when it deserts and attacks the Communists, and rejects the Communist leadership, it goes down.

Look at the ex-nationalist movement in China. Fifteen months ago the Chinese national movement swept terror into the hearts of the American, British, Japanese and other imperialists. Remember when our Chinese Party was the brains and heart of the leadership of the then advancing Nationalist forces. Eighteen months ago, the British imperial lion was shuddering and we did not know whether the tail was wagging the lion or vice-versa. Today the imperialists are able to insult, bully, cajole and smash at will the front of the betrayer Chiang Kai-shek. The Chinese National movement is down and out because it has deserted the Communist leadership and has become the home of the agents of the counter-revolution. Keep in mind the different treatment accorded to the Chinese masses when the Hankow concession was redeemed from the British plunderers and the recent massacre by the Japanese imperialists at Tsinan-Fu.

Socialist "Victory."

All the reward that the German workers got from the social-democratic leadership was the Dawes plan—the Dawes chain. This is the bitter fruit of the Socialist victory in Germany.

In Italy, where the Communists were defeated, we have bloody Fascism.

In the Soviet Union, where the Communists won, and where they kept the leadership and power, we have the only workers' and farmers' government in the world. (Applause).

We say to the capitalists of this country that this convention proves very definitely that we in this country have made a good start towards a national election campaign, towards pushing forward working class victory in America. The lessons and experiences learned and lived through by the workers of China, Germany Italy, the Soviet Union, are bound to hold true for the workers of the United States.

It is not an accident that we have with us here delegations of miners from Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Ohio. Where were the miners' delegations at the Socialist Party convention? The only miner at the Republican convention will be John L Lewis. The only miner at the Democratic Convention will be William Green. The miners who are worth while are coming our way. (Ap-

Let us look at the Negro masses Where are the Negro masses insofar as the Republican Convention is concerned? The paltry few that may be around this Wall Street gathering are misleaders of the Negro masses and even these are segregated because of their color. In the Democratic convention, the only welcome the Negro might get is the welcome of a lynching party. The Socialist Party? It had only one, and at that a misled Negro delegate.

The character of our Negro delegation is a tribute to the fact that the Communist Party is the only one that is ready to fight for the Negroes as well as for the other exploited and oppressed. (Applause). The most significant step in the history of our Party since its inception is the determination to go South, and to begin the difficut and dangerous task of smashing the solid South. Our Party aims not only to stop lynching, but to punish effectively the lynchers and to destroy the whole lynch system. Our Party hails and welcomes the Negroes. We are of them and for them. (Applause.)

The farmers: We have here dirt farmers. Senator Capper, a multi-millionaire newspaper owner among farmers, is the best farmer the Republican Party convention will have. There probably will be a little less wealthy farmers at the Democratic convention. The agricultural workers, together with the exploited farming masses, will yet be aroused to a mass struggle against the enemies of the workers in the cities, who are their enemies also.

Nor is it an accident that the Haitians, the Chileans, the Peruvians, —the colonial and semi-colonial masses—have sent delegates to this convention. We are their Party.

Working Class Traditions.

And it is not an accident that our Party is the inheritor of the best traditions of the American working class. Our working class has some splendid traditions—the traditions of Haymarket, the traditions of heroic strike struggles, the best of the traditions of every struggle and movement for the enhancement of social progress. We have inherited the best that was in anarchism, the best that was in syndicalism, the best that there was in the whole Socialist Party. The spirit of Ruthenberg and Debs and Haywood, the spirit of the Haymarket martyrs, the spirit of our dead leaders, and the spirit of vigorous youth coming forward, are ours today. Here is the best proof that our Party has inherited all that has been and that is most worth while in the American working class.

Last but not least, this convention has answered the question whether our Party will participate successfully in the election campaign. We, in splitting from the old Socialist Party, spurned and spat upon, reacted bitterly against the old parliamentary fakery and cretinism of the Hillquits and Bergers. In this wholesome reaction, we developed certain dangerously wrong syndicalist ideas and attitudes. This convention deals a mortal blow to these mis-conceptions. You delegates are going back to act as Leninists in this election campaign without socialist illusions and without syndicalist fears—in the most brutal, the most powerful, capitalist country. (Applause.).

On to Work and Fight!

You must go back to work. Work, work and fight! We must get on the ballot. To our Party the campaign for getting on the ballot must serve as a means of acquainting with Communism, of inspiring, of educating new thousands of working and farming masses. To Communists, getting on the ballot is an entirely different proposition from what we knew it to be and what it still is in the Socialist Party. The fight to get on the ballot should enable us to spread our ideas more widely, to distribute our literature more effectively, and to win new masses to our ranks.

We must do the small, the little things, the dirty insignificant, menial work from the very bottom. Nothing is unimportant. Even the most minute matters—this detail here and another detail there must be properly and promptly handled. You must become leaders in the Party work, in the coming campaign.

Destroy Lewis.

Our election campaign is not a separate campaign from our mining campaign. If we want to help save the miners, we must destroy Lewis If we want to destroy the corrupt Lewis machine, we must work overtime to help the miners. The same principles must guide us in the needle trades and textile campaigns. The election campaign is tied up with the fight against unemployment, against the speed-up system, against company unionism, against the labor fakers, the Socialist Party bureaucracy, the imperialist war in Nicaragua, the fight for recognition of the Soviet Union. The election campaign is a unifying campaign. We count on you to carry it out in that way. We expect you to go back to your territory and to bring back enthusiasm. Nothing is more contagious than revolutionary enthusiasm. Spread the contagion of revolutionary enthusiasm, and our Party will move forward with gigantic strides.

The work of the convention speaks for itself. The election campaign affords us a fine opportunity to build the Party. Keep this in mind above all. Our Party is the only Party, the only organization of the working class which is growing today. You have a very fine start. We want you to keep up the good pace. This convention will help usher in a new and better day for our Party. This convention is a symbol of the fact that our Party is not only a propaganda organization, not only a Party of revolutionary agitation, but is the Party of revolutionary organization of the American working class. Today our Party is the dynamic force in the American working class.

I will close with these remarks You have something to be proud of. You have participated in one of the greatest conventions of this Party of ours. To be a Communist is the highest honor, the greatest and noblest mark of distinction, that a worker can win—involving the most difficult task, the most arduous work. You are the front line fighters, the most advanced battalions of the workers. Communists must be worthy of this highest honor. We want you to be proud of our Party. We want you to fight for your Party, to love your Party, to build a bigger and better Communist Party. We know that you can, that you will do it, that you will work, that you will fight, and that we will take many a step to bring us nearer to victory for the cause of the Communist International in the United States—for the cause of the whole American working class and its allies in the decisive revolutionary battle against the Wall Street imperialists

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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[illegible]EEK WARSHIPS MUTINY; WORKERS FIGHT TROOPS

Thr[illegible] Pennsylvania Sub-Districts Pledge Support of Big Miners' Convention

POLICE ATTACK FAILS TO STOP ALLEGHENY MEET

Miners Enthusiastic in All Sections

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 18.—Two sub-district conferences of the United Mine Workers of the Pittsburgh district endorsed the call for a national miners' convention in September to form a new national miners' union. The call was issued by the national conference of the executive officers of the reorganized districts of the United Mine Workers of America and representatives from unorganized territories and the progressive opposition movements in the other districts, held this week in Pittsburgh.

Hold Meeting Anyway.

The sub-district 7, Allegheny Valley conference, which was called to meet in Harwick on Thursday, June 14th, after it was broken up by deputy sheriffs and state troopers, met later in New Kensington with 31 delegates representing 14 out of the 18 locals in the sub-district. The conference endorsed the call for a national miners' convention and elected leading progressives as the new

(*Continued on Page Three*)

MINE INJUNCTION IN WEST VIRGINIA

Nine Pickets to Face Trial Thursday

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

WHEELING, W. Va., June 18. — "You can't strike! Any attempt at strike activity will send you to jail." This is the mandate issued against miners on strike at the Elm Grove and Triadelphia mines of the Elm Grove Mining Company by the most drastic injunction issued in the present mine war. The injunction, granted to the company, names the Save-the-Union Committee which is leading the strike and 75 individual strikers. The restraining order forbids doing "anything in furtherance of the strike."

Among the actions interpreted as "furtherance of the strike" the 15 sections in the injunction name "conspiring to interfere with employes of the company, making employes break contracts of service, inducing employes to leave the mine, establishing picket lines adjacent to the mining property, congregating near the premises of the mining company, going to the homes or boarding houses of miners to induce them to leave work."

* * *

Picketing Cases on Trial.

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

WHEELING, W. Va., June 18. — Cases of nine pickets, including Oscar Guynn, Save-the-Union strike

(*Continued on Page Two*)

AUSTRIAN LABOR CONGRESS OPENS

Reformist Group Finds Loss in Membership

VIENNA, June 18.—The Tenth Congress of the Austrian Trade Unions opened here today, with 350 delegates and many guests from foreign countries present. Reports submitted during the session showed that there had been a tremendous falling off in membership in the five years that have elapsed since the last congress was held.

The question of trying to rejuvenate the organization was so pressing that not once during the entire session was an economic question even broached. The congress occupied itself with organizational matters, and futile plans for bringing its membership lists to a higher level, numerically.

Military Welcome

Captain Carranza, the Mexican aviator, was brought to city hall by Grover Whalen and received New York's formal official welcome from Mayor Walker.

TO SAVE THE "DAILY" $1,170 MORE NEEDED

Balance to Complete $10,000 Must Be Received Before 6 p. m. Wednesday

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER.

Comrades:

Yesterday's receipts in the campaign to save The DAILY WORKER were $505.48.

This leaves the amount of $1,170.99 to be raised TODAY and TOMORROW. If we succeed in raising this sum of approximately $600 today and $600 tomorrow, the total of $10,000 demanded by our creditors will be completed and The DAILY WORKER, revolutionary fighting organ of the working class of the United States, will be pulled out of the worst crisis that has yet threatened its life.

The receipts of the campaign up to last night are:

Week beginning June 5:

Monday	$ 161.99
Tuesday	464.55
Wednesday	556.30
Thursday	576.60
Friday	695.00
Saturday	705.77

Last week (beginning June 10):

Monday	1,660.40
Tuesday	661.20
Wednesday	712.65
Thursday	670.40
Friday	716.81
Saturday	741.86

This week:

Monday	505.48
Total to last night	$8,829.01
Still to be raised	$1,170.99

Comrades, the danger now lies in the very low receipts that came in Saturday and yesterday. We are close to the goal, and you are urged to do all in your power to put this drive over the top with the full $10,000 which is just as necessary today as it was at the beginning of the crisis when the creditors came to us with an ultimatum in which they declared that our Communist fighting paper would be forced to close its doors unless we could secure that sum by last Saturday night.

We did not succeed in getting the sum by that time, but we succeeded in getting an extension of time which now will expire Wednesday.

We realize fully that it is our duty to cut down expenses to the lowest possible minimum. To this end we are striving to secure the printing of The DAILY WORKER on a more economical basis at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, than the very wasteful basis on which it has been published in the old plant at 33 First St. Modern machinery produces more cheaply than old, broken-down machinery with its slower methods and waste of the labor-time of printers, stereotypers and pressmen.

Inspired by the splendid response with which the militant workers who read The DAILY WORKER have met our call of distress, we will do our best to live up to your trust and to utilize your help by transferring to the more economical plant. Further, we can give you a very much better DAILY WORKER if we can make the change.

The dangerously large sum of $1,170.99 remains to be made up in order to meet the creditors' terms. There can be no further extension of time. We therefore urge you to redouble your efforts to send to this office the largest possible amounts today and before tomorrow evening at 6 o'clock, the last moment of the creditors' ultimatum.

Send by telegraph, airmail or special delivery to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

Imperialists' Holiday at Governor's Island Garden Party

Realistic rehearsals of murder featured the special military carnival and garden party held at Governor's Island, New York City, recently. The imperialists, and their women, applauded vigorously as the soldiers dashed forward in the mock charge shown in the picture. To make the carnival as gruesomely realistic as possible, pigs, sheep and chickens were requested from various growers.

U. S. SOLDIERS READ COMMUNIST LEAFLET

By PAUL CROUCH.

While a fake lawn battle supposed to represent war was being staged by the U. S. army on Governor's Island on Saturday; two thousand leaflets were distributed to the soldiers by twelve girl members of the Young Workers (Communist) League, pointing out that the "battle" is a preparation for the next imperialist war. The empty talk of pacifist tools of militarists about "disarmament," "peace treaties," etc., at the time actual war exists against Nicaragua and new wars are being prepared was pointed out by the leaflet. After an account of the growing struggle between imperialist countries, the leaflet called attention to the danger of war against the Soviet Union. It was signed by the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League, District 2.

Read Eagerly by Soldiers.

Soldiers who received the leaflets read them carefully and put them in their pockets. Some scattered on the ground by the League members were picked up by the soldiers. Although most of them had never given any thought to these matters before, the greatest attention was given to the leaflet, which also presented some immediate demands such as increased pay and food ration, allotments for dependents, election of non-commis-

(*Continued on Page Three*)

Try Politician

OSSINING, N. Y., June 18. — Fred D. Grannis, superintendent of streets of Ossining, today faced a technical charge of homicide following the death yesterday of Stanley Jones, 14, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Jones, of Bell Avenue. The boy died of a fractured skull received Saturday when he was hit by an automobile said to have been driven by Grannis, who is at liberty on his own recognizance.

Fear More Floods

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 18. — Flood warnings were issued along the Oklahoma and Kansas river valleys today following weekend tornados and rains which did property damage of $2,000,000. Heavy rainfalls Sunday had swollen streams out of banks.

Eight lives were lost in Oklahoma in a tornado Saturday night which destroyed large portions of the towns of Blair and Headrick. Several tornados swept over Kansas City night and early Sunday but no lives were lost. Several persons were injured in Twisters near Tutchinson and Emporia.

LETTERS SHOW NEED OF "DAILY"

More Support Urgent to Save Paper

Letters that continue to pour into the office of The DAILY WORKER every day tell the tale of the workers' devotion to their paper. The entire page of such letters published in yesterday's "Daily" are only a few of the hundreds that have been received.

The letters indicate eloquently what The DAILY WORKER has come to mean to the class-conscious workers of this country. Great sacrifices of all sorts have been made by the workers in order to save their "Daily" from suspending publication. But The DAILY WORKER is not yet

(*Continued on Page Three*)

THE DEATH OF ZLADIS SLOTI, MINER

Pennsylvania Coal Digger Killed by "Fall of Rock" in Mine

By ED FALKOWSKI.

TAMAQUA, Pa. (FP),—A few lamps flickered about the top of the shaft. It was quite late at night, and the ambulance waited with sullen patience. In the nearby patch women stood on their front porches, watching curiously. In each of them was the hidden thought: "Thank goodness, my man is home!"

A few barefooted kids ran to the top of the shaft to see. Slowly the rope vibrated, drawing up the cage. The ambulance doors swung open. A few grim miners in big boots stood waiting. They spoke only in coarse whispers.

At last the cage landed. Two miners were on it, their lamps flaming brightly. On the floor of the cage was a blanket-covered figure. The blanket was stained with blood, and the face of the figure was covered completely. Beneath that gray flannel blanket lay Zladis Sloti of Tamaqua.

"A fall of rock," whispered one of the miners. This little phrase explained everything. As though there should be falls of rock, and miners should be carried out in this fashion!

THEY slid the stretcher into the ambulance. Another miner came with Zladi's dinner-can, which he also placed inside the car. A mournful honk, and the ambulance was off, slowly pushing over humps of dirt and over ruts.

But before it reached the hospital, Zladis breathed his last. His right side crushed completely under a few ton of rock, he failed to reach the hospital alive. There was nothing left now but to take him home where his wife and three children would suddenly realize the tragedy that is part of the normal operation of the hard coal industry.

CALL WORKERS TO TAKE ACTIVE PART IN ELECTION DRIVE

Workers Party Call Outlines Tasks

An appeal to the members and sympathizers of the Communist movement of the country was yesterday issued by the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of America urging the workers to prepare for an intensified participation in the local, state and national election campaign and especially pointing out the concrete tasks to be taken up.

The statement follows:

Intensified Campaign.

To the membership and all units of the Party!

Comrades:

We are now entering the next stage in our election struggle. It is the decisive stage of intensive agitation and propaganda for our program, our class struggle election platform, our candidates and our Party.

The National Nominating Convention, held in New York City, May 25 to 27, adopted the election platform of the Party and nominated its national candidates, Wm. Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow. It is now the task of the Party and its tens of thousands of sympathizers to bring the convention message to the toiling masses of the country. It is now the task of our entire movement to mobilize the widest possible support for our Party and against the capitalists, infusing the campaign with revolutionary consciousness and determination to struggle.

It was a great and successful convention that adopted our platform and selected our candidates. It was genuinely representative of all sec-

(*Continued on Page Five*)

Torture Young Worker

The fascist Horthy-Bethlen regime of Hungary, which is in existence by grace of Wall Street, has tortured thousands of workers and peasants since it crushed in blood the Hungarian proletarian revolution. Above is Zsoltan Weinberger, one of the leaders of the Hungarian Young Communist League, who is now being tortured in one of Horthy's dungeons for his devotion to the workers' cause.

DONETZ PLOTTERS PAID BY GERMANS

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 18.—The accused engineers, Vladimirsky, Potemkin, Stelbring, Vahikovsky and Yussevitch were examined in yesterday's session of the trial of the Donetz counter-revolutionary plotters.

They testified that Baschkin, the confidence man in Berlin for the sabotage group, proposed Yussevitch as the connecting link between Charkov and Berlin and Paris.

The central group at Paris gave Yussevitch and the accused engineer Matov 250,000 francs apiece for sabotage. Yussevitch was appointed to a post in Moscow which was not mentioned in the course of the trial.

Yussevitch made a number of vain attempts to deny his receipt of the sabotage money. Charkov confirmed the statement that Yussevitch was a member of the leadership of the sabotage organization.

WORKER SHOT IN STOMACH, JAILED

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, June 18.—Suffering from a shot in the abdomen fired by a police officer, Jesus Matos, Porto Rican worker, who attacked and stabbed Antoni Barcelo, president of the Porto Rican senate, was hustled off to jail yesterday.

Barcelo, who has a long record as a Porto Rican politician, received only a slight wound in the side. He was returning from a voyage to New York where he had been awarded an honorary degree by Colombia University in recognition of his services to Wall Street imperialism.

STREET BATTLES RAGE AS STRIKE GRIPS GREECE

Report Bloody Clashes in Piracus, Saloniki

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

PARIS, June 18.—One entire squadron of the Greek fleet has joined the revolt of the workers against the Greek government, according to late despatches from Athens.

Spread of the open conflict between the workers and police and troops which the government is hurriedly calling out is reported from towns as far apart as Drama and Saloniki in the north and Pireaus, the port of Athens where bloody fighting is reported to be raging in the streets.

Hundreds of strikers in all industries have reenforced the strike. The entire water system of Saloniki is tied up by a walk-out which is depriving the city of its accustomed water supply.

The arrests of leaders by the government, as a desperate measure to stem the revolt, has only increased the rage of the striking workers.

* * *

ATHENS, June 18.—Following the continued clashes between the strik-

(*Continued on Page Three*)

TAMMANY READY FOR CONVENTION

Farm Revolt Brings Fear to Old Parties

Geo. Van Namee, manager of Gov. Smith's convention campaign, entrained with a party of friends for Houston today. They will arrive on the scene of the democratic national convention Wednesday afternoon six days before the convention opens.

Van Namee, who is a public service commissioner and for this reason is probably violating the law in acting in the capacity of fund gatherer and campaign manager, was accompanied by Howard Cullman, member of the port authority and Geo. C. Norton, a friend of Governor Smith.

At Buffalo they will be joined by Norman E. Mack, exposed Tammany grafter and democratic national committeeman from New York and Mrs. Mack.

"Gov. Smith will have 650 delegates instructed for him at the start of the convention and we are confident of his nomination on an early ballot," said Van Namee, who declined to predict just what ballot.

* * *

Farm Revolt Spreads.

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The massive republican steam roller which in the past few weeks has flattened out every real and apparent opposition to Hoover, Wall Street candidate for the presidency, is now seen to have been operated by entirely too clever maneuvers and betrayals. Even the politicians who were most elated at their great "triumph" are now asking themselves if the "victory" really extends very far beyond Kansas City.

The farming sections, it is now admitted, are up in arms not only at the complete betrayal written into the republican convention, but are enraged equally at some of their "friends" whom they originally trusted, among whom are McNary, Curtis, Borah and others.

Reacting to this pressure from the farm districts, Senator George W. Norris has bolted the Hoover-Curtis ticket and made a bitter attack on both nominees. It is clear, of course, that Norris' stand is dictated by the fact that he knows the temper of the farmers better than, for instance, Curtis and is not as confident of his ability to "put over" such a deal as was made by Borah and Curtis both of whom went over to republican reaction and more recently by McNary, who several days ago likewise cashed in to the republican political chest the following which his farm "opposition" had gathered up. The character of Norris' bolt at the same time may be seen from the fact that he is careful to announce that he will not offend the powers that be to the extent of forming a third party. It is

(*Continued on Page Two*)

Textile Barons Try Ancient Ruse--Hope to Open Strike-Bound Mill Gates

URGE INTENSIVE PARTICIPATION IN ELECTION DRIVE

Workers Party Call Outlines Tasks

(Continued from Page One)

tions of the country, all groups of the American proletariat and all phases of its struggles. Negro and white, man and woman, youth and adult, North, South, East and West, all fused into one proletarian revolutionary body for the fulfillment of the historic mission of the American working class. Mining, textile, metal, garment, marine, railroad, general transport, building, agriculture, from all working class battle-fronts they came to the convention to lay the basis for and open the election struggle of the Workers (Communist) Party.

This basis has been laid. Now, to the mobilization of the toiling masses for a successful election campaign.

Several vital immediate tasks must be accomplished in the process of mobilization.

No Slackening!

1. The placing of the Party's national ticket on the ballot of the respective states. This work was begun prior to the Nominating Convention and was prosecuted reasonably well. More effort and energy must be put into this work now. No slackening is permissible. The Party's national ticket must be on the ballot in as many states as was decided upon by the National Election Campaign Committee.

2. State and local candidates and platforms. The Central Executive Committee has been stressing continually the necessity of our Party organization placing local and state tickets, formulating partial demands for the various localities and states and integrating this work with the national campaign of the Party as a whole. We again repeat and emphasize the need of this being done. Without an energetic struggle on local issues, and with local candidates, there can be no successful national campaign and vice versa.

Local Committees.

3. Organization of local and state campaign committees. The preliminary work of organizing these committees must be completed within the shortest possible time. Without them the campaign will not begin in earnest. The respective Party units must see to it that these committees take the field immediately and open up the work of mass agitation.

4. Distribution of campaign literature. The National Campaign Committee is preparing a plan for the nation-wide distribution of the first important items of our campaign literature. These will include the election platform, the acceptance speeches of Comrades Foster and Gitlow, also a brief resume of the platform. Every Party unit must immediately organize and prepare its distribution machinery for this nation-wide canvass of the working class with our literature.

5. Mass meetings and talks. Every Party unit must immediately begin to lay plans and prepare for a series of meetings, outdoor and indoor, by neighborhoods and at factory gates, by sections and cities. National speakers will be supplied by the National Campaign Committee, which is at present also laying plans for national tours for Comrades Foster and Gitlow and many other speakers.

Campaign Fund.

6. The campaign fund. Within a few days, the National Campaign Committee will communicate to the Party units a detailed plan for the raising of the $100,000 campaign fund. This will be a vital part of our general election campaign.

Comrades! In the present struggle, we aim at establishing our Party in the minds of the working masses as the political Party of the American workers. This is a great and difficult task, but one that can be accomplished if our Party and its sympathizers will give their best to the campaign.

The masses are stirring. The high pressure of capitalist rationalization is calling forth resentment and readiness to struggle among wide masses of workers. Our Party is the only Party that can and will supply the necessary political understanding and leadership for the struggle.

The responsibilities are great. But so also are the opportunities for the building and strengthening of our Party and the awakening and organization of the mass of American workers. Let us make the maximum possible use of the opportunities.

Illinois Senator Is Involved ni Election Graft Mess, Charge

CHICAGO, June 18. — Chicago's special grand jury, investigating election crimes, late today named state Senator James B. Leonardo of the [illegible] district, and eleven other men, in the first indictments returned by the special judicial body.

The charge against Leonardo is [illegible] to murder. Five of the men [illegible] have been seized by the police.

YOUNG DAUGHTER OF STRIKING MINER DEAD FROM STARVATION

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

ARNOLD, Pa., June 18.—The striking miners of New Kensington and Arnold marched behind the casket bearing Helen Pomfret yesterday morning, as a last tribute to the girl who had fought by their side in the fifteen months of their struggle for union conditions and decent wages. George Pomfret, her father, was playing music and making speeches about conditions in the mining camps, in meetings in Detroit, helping to raise money for the National Miners' Relief Committee when he received a telegram telling about the death of his daughter.

Dr. Farhar of New Kensington told the coal digger that malnutrition was largely responsible for Helen's death. The coroner's certificate very conveniently declares dropsy to be the cause.

"She was working, but we could never get her to take lunch along," Pomfret said. "She'd say, 'If I take lunch, it's that much less supper for all of us. I'm no better than the strikers. We've got to share, to hold out.'"

Nine other children died before Helen. There was always too little money in the house to give them the proper care.

Mrs. Pomfret clings to her last child, a thirteen year old boy. "When he has to work in the mines, I hope it'll be under better conditions than his dad's working. That's why we're all fighting."

Helen was to be married next month to a young man she met down at the aluminum works in New Kensington, only waiting until she turned twenty.

Last Wednesday night she was rushed to a hospital. Four o'clock Thursday morning she was dead. The strike toll is mounting.

Now George Pomfret is going out to speak at more meetings in the big cities, to tell them about the fight going on in the Western Pennsylvania and Ohio mining camps, about the hunger, disease and hardships the strikers and their families are living through, and urge that contributions be sent to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., to help in the great fight.

Tammany Hall Is Too Busy Grafting to Repair Broken Streets

MUST WE PAY TAXES
CONTINUE DOING THIS.

Photo shows housewives along Conkin Ave., Brooklyn, repairing the streets in their neighorhood which the Tammany city government has persistently refused to mend. Broken streets are responsible for a large proportion of the auto accidents that occur in New York City. Most of the streets, the contracts for which are awarded to the friends of the city politicians, are deliberately constructed so that they give way within a few years.

VARIETY PROMISED AT "RED" PICNIC

Sports, Entertainment at Affair Sunday

For years it has been the custom for ward politicians of the capitalist parties to run clambakes and outings for their constituents where with the help of rum, brass bands and hot air they led thousands of workers into the folds. Sundays one may see these expeditions crowded into huge vans with blatant horns and banners advertising this or that district leader or ward healer.

But the election picnic arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party to be held next Sunday, June 24, at Pleasant Bay Park will not be of this character, it is announced. It will be a genuine outpouring of masses of toilers from the shops and factories of the city to demonstrate their sympathy with the aims of the Workers Party, and the support of its candidates. The affair will include sports and games of all kinds, track and field athletes, mass singing by some of the well known working class singing societies like the Freiheit Gesangs Verein, the Lithuanian Chorus, etc.

Injunction Against West Virginia Miners Issued

(Continued from Page One)

leader from Lansing, Ohio, arrested Monday following the dispersal of a strike meeting at Triadelphia, will be heard June 21.

Trial was postponed Thursday, June 14, following the release of the nine on bond. All are charged with disorderly conduct and trespassing. Eight of the pickets were arrested when a parade of more than hundred miners stormed the Ohio county jail at Wheeling under the leadership of Frank Henderson and Betty Gannet to demand the release of Guynn. The miners had rushed to Wheeling in autos and trucks. Others had "bummed" rides on the highway. Bond for Guynn, Gannet and Henderson is fixed at $500 each. Three hundred each was required for the other six.

Would Take Children.

Laura Calegari, widow of a coal digger who was killed at the Triadelphia mine three years ago, who is leading the present strike there, faces a court fight to prevent the county from taking her two children from her on false charges of neglecting them. The warrant ordering her to appear in court and show cause why the county should not take her children, names her activity on the picket line as proof of neglect.

KATE GITLOW TO GET BIG WELCOME

Fine Program Arranged for Saturday Affair

A program of unusual excellence is being arranged at the "Welcome Home" for Kate ("Mother") Gitlow by the United Council of Workingclass Women at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., next Saturday evening, June 23.

Mother Gitlow has just returned from a six months' visit in the Soviet Union and will discuss the remarkable progress of women there. She will also tell of her experiences in other European countries.

Juliet Stuart Poyntz, candidate for attorney-general on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket; Bert Miller, organizational secretary of District 2, Ray Ragozin, general organizer of the United Council of Workingclass Women; and Sylvia Blecher of Local 43 of the Millinery Workers' Union will be among the speakers.

One of the highlights on the program of entertainment will be the appearance of the Konin trio.

BOSTON CAP LOCAL LASHES ZARITSKY

Vital Meeting Is Called for Tuesday

BOSTON June 18. — A scathing attack on the union-wrecking activities of Max Zaritsky, international president of Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers Union is contained in a statement issued today by the executive board of Boston capmakers' local 7. It will be distributed tomorrow in circular form.

Meeting Tuesday.

At the same time announcement was made by the leaders of the local capmakers that membership meeting will be held Tuesday evening in the union headquarters, 28 Hayward Place. The executive board requests that all members be present without fail.

The statement follows in part:

"During the six years that our local has been under a left-wing leadership, we have succeeded in establishing a record of struggle and devotion to the interests of the membership. Our local was the pride of the international and of the labor movement of Boston. Our local under the present leadership was victorious in gaining the 40-hour week, the unemployment insurance fund as well as increases of wages. Our local with this administration has commanded the full confidence of our membership, the respect and fear of the employers. The present leadership of our local has militantly protected the interests of the Boston Capmakers, participated in the struggles of the international as well as of the labor movement in general, for further accomplishments.

Trying to Destroy Union.

"Disregarding all these facts, Zaritsky and his general executive board are now trying to destroy our union, which was always on guard to enforce the union conditions gained by the workers thru years of struggle and sacrifice.

"Sisters and brothers: At this time, when the capmakers thruout the country are faced with meeting the attack of the employers and openshoppers, when we can clearly see the disastrous results brought about by the Sigman pogrom in the Cloak and Dressmakers' Union — at this time Zaritsky has started a pogrom in our union and the international.

"Why does he do it?

"This pogrom against our local was launched because we are militantly opposed to Zaritsky's attempt to force work upon the capmakers and the re-establishment of the 44-hour week. Zaritsky in collaboration with the traitor Percy Ginsburg have organized a lock-out against our Chicago brothers in order to drive them into submission to the piece-work system. Zaritsky wants to break local 43 in order to eliminate all obstacles in carrying out his criminal policy of starving out the capmakers, weakening of our union and make it possible for the employers to force their economic program of piece-work, longer hours and starvation wages upon the workers."

Negro Laborer, 89, Is Killed by Asphalt Mixer

FLUSHING, L. I., June 18.—William Alexander Jones, 89-year old Negro laborer is dead. He was killed, his body smashed beyond recognition, when he fell into an asphalt mixing machine in the plant of the Cleveland-Trinidad Paving Company at College Point, Causeway and Myrtle Ave., Flushing, today. It was necessary to take the machine apart to remove his body.

Jones had worked for the company for over 30 years. Recently he was "promoted" to work on the asphalt fixing machine.

To Confer on Camp in Grand Rapids Thursday

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich, June 18. The second conference to discuss plans for the camp of the Young Pioneers will be held Friday evening, at 7.30 at the S. & D. Hall, 1057 Hamilton, N. W. All sympathetic organizations are invited to send two delegates.

The pioneers are planning this year's camp on a much larger scale than formerly and vacations will be provided for a large number of workers' children in Western Michigan.

"MORE PICKETING" IS REPLY OF 28,000 NOW ON STRIKE

Plan Workers Offensive Immediately

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 18. The ruse unfailingly used by all employers whose plants are completely tied up by a strike is about to be used by the owners of the 58 textile mills, which are completely shut down by a strike of 28,000 workers. They are preparing to announce that they are about to reopen the mills with the 10 per cent wage cut order not withdrawn.

Although the great strike is entering its tenth week of struggle, the widespread attitude among the strikers toward this new development is one of ridicule; "the workers and not the bosses were the ones to say whether the mills reopen or not," they say.

Plan Big Picket Line.

While the 28,000 strikers here have the right to feel confident that the new ruse will meet with utter failure, the leaders of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mills Committee declare that all possible measures will be taken to ensure the unanimity of the workers' ranks by the mobilization of still larger picket lines.

The latest decision reveals the desperation of the mill barons, who are not accustomed to seeing the unanimous walkout of tens of thousands, it is pointed out. It was also shown that the continually falling value of the mill stocks, and the pressure of local business which has been undergoing a slow creeping paralysis, were important factors in provoking this move of the employers.

The reports have it that the dates for opening will be either June 25 or July 2, but the T. M. C. strike committee intends to throw heavily augmented picket patrols around the mills at once.

The officials of the A. F. of L. Textile Council for the first time yesterday marched in a picket line. After several days preparatory announcements they were able to muster about 45 pickets. The several hundred patrolling nearby mills under the lead of the Textile Mills Committee organizer, Fred E. Beal, later came over to join the council pickets, being received with cheers.

TAMMANY BEGINS HOUSTON FARCE

Old Parties Haunted by Farm Revolt

(Continued from Page One)

clear that the farmers have nothing to hope for here.

Resentment against Hoover is increasing rather than diminishing because of his systematic campaign to crush out all signs of farmers' grievances. The farmers remember only too well the fact that Hoover took from them about $300,000,000 a year for three years in Kansas alone through his wartime price fixing on wheat at the time when he was permitting the big bankers, steel magnates and other capitalists to reap huge harvests in war profits. Over four thousand new millionaires were created under the Hoover regime during the war days.

• • •

Again Moves To Deceive Farmers.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 18.—Farm "leaders" of the West will mark time until after the democratic national convention at Houston next week has passed into history, it was announced today by a number of so-called farm leaders who, fearing the result of a complete farm revolt, are planning additional maneuvers in behalf of their big political bosses.

Then they will assemble at Des Moines, Iowa, and agree upon a program of political action.

This was announced by Frank W. Murphy, president of the Farm Belt Association, who is in Minneapolis on his way home from the republican national convention where he set himself up as spokesman for various agricultural groups in an effort to have the McNary-Haugen plan for farm relief written into the G. O. P. platform.

"We can only wait now on the democrats. We are not sure, of course, what action they will take on the all-important agricultural question. The same program presented to the republicans will be advocated at Houston," Murphy said.

The aim is to hold back action by the farmers until their movement is exhausted.

JEALOUSY MAY HOLT FLIGHT.

HARBOR GRACE, N. F., June 18. Disheartened because her flying rival, Miss Amelia Earhart, was first to make a non-stop flight over the Atlantic, Miss Mabel Boll, of the plane Columbia, intimated today that her own flight may be cancelled. It is reportd that the Columbia will fly back to the United States.

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Social Democrats and Stresemann Confer on Coalition in Secret Meeting

TO COLLABORATE WITH HINDENBURG ON MANY ISSUES

Reach Understanding With Meissner

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BERLIN, June 18.—Bargaining between the social democrats and the capitalist parties with a view to forming a coalition cabinet reached a new stage yesterday with the calling of a secret conference between Stresemann and representatives of the social democratic party.

Secretary of State Meissner expressed to the delegates the desire of President von Hindenburg for the rapid formation of a coalition cabinet.

A full understanding is reported to have been reached during the meeting between Meissner and the social democratic representatives on all questions of foreign policy, on the evacuation of the Rhineland and the navy question.

Important economic issues are also said to have been discussed.

GREEK SAILORS HELP WORKERS

Mutiny When Rushed Against Strikers

(Continued from Page One)

ing Greek tobacco workers and the police at Saloniki, Kavalla and other centers, news that the crews of a number of warships have mutinied in the harbor of Lesbos, Mytilene, threatened yesterday to bring about a nationwide conflict between the workers and the troops, which the government is calling out all over the country.

Railway service between Athens and the north, where the conflicts are raging has been suspended, following the walkout of the railway workers in sympathy with the striking tobacco workers while the government is preparing to run troop trains to the north with engineers drafted from the armed forces themselves.

Spread of the conflict thruout the entire nation in anxiously awaited here as it is expected that the rank and file of the Greek Federation of Labor will force the immediate calling of a general strike.

The crisis is heightened by the bill to declare the Greek Communist Party illegal and to make a penal offense the reading, or discussing of labor literature and to make punishable with prison terms the mere discussion of politics, economics or religion.

The Greek workers are enraged at the attempt to destroy the Communist Party which has strong roots among the laboring masses and it is believed that the passage of the bill will be the signal for a general disturbance which may result in the disappearance of the present government.

It is unofficially reported from several sections in the north that action looking towards this end has already been taken.

The federal government employes have already passed a resolution declaring for an immediate walkout of the entire civil service as soon as the illegalizing measure is passed.

The present situation was precipitated by government action in attempting to employ force against the striking tobacco workers at Kavalla. The tobacco strikers are demanding recognition of their union and government prohibition of the export of unfinished tobacco, a struggle which they have been carrying on for years with the federal government.

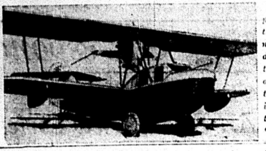
The present strike represents the first complete co-operation between the members of the two tobacco workers' unions, between which the government engineered a split, admitting one into the Greek Federation of Labor and excluding the larger union, which is under Communist leadership. The men in both unions are now co-operating and an amalgamation is expected under militant control.

CHICAGO I. L. D. PICNIC SUNDAY

CHICAGO, June 18. — A large crowd is expected at the picnic of the Chicago Local of the International Labor Defense, to be held next Sunday at Zahor Grove, Lyons, Ill.

Carl Haessler, managing editor of the Federated Press, will speak about the Mooney and Billings and the Centralia cases. Dancing at the picnic will continue far into the night and elaborate preparations for games and amusements of all kinds are being made by Hans Pedeson and Steve Rubikki, who are in charge of the affair.

With an Eye to Latin American Conquest



The Ireland amphibian, shown in the picture is a new type of plane developed under the watchful eye of American militarism. It can fly in the air, float on the water and taxi on the land.

"Maw" Guynn Leads the Mine Women of Lansing

By VERA BUCH.

LANSING, Ohio, June 18.—They call her "Mother" Guynn in these parts, but the name that suits her best is the one she had years ago back in the Cumberland mountains—just "Maw" Guynn. She is big and rugged like those mountains—rugged and strong and clean. Tall, raw-boned, white-haired, sixty-three years old, with a deep voice like a man's—a real soldier of a woman. But a soldier of the proletariat, every drop of blood in her, every thought of her mind, for the fight of the working class.

It's Maw Guynn that put the pep into the fighting women of Lansing. She led them, 51 strong—and a hundred more wanted to come but could not find trucks to go in—in the march to St. Clairsville that put them in jail that famous 24th of April. "They told us to take the children off the picket line," Maw Guynn will tell you. "And we did take them off the picket line. Then they arrested us. I was all bruised up that morning from fighting with scabs. My fingers were chewed, and my knees were all cut up, and my arms were all black and blue. Them state troopers just lined us up and marched the whole bunch of us women—51 of us—up to the jail. And we hadn't done a thing. I tell you, not a thing. A mile and a quarter in the pouring rain, and them troopers pushin' us on all the time and hollerin' 'Step on, step on!'

'They herded us in three cells, 21 of us, and the rest on the other side. We just wrang the water out of our clothes by the bucketfull. We had to sleep in turns on the iron floor, with nothing but a thin cotton blanket under us and one over us. Them cells was the filthiest thing I ever laid my eyes on. And the food! We couldn't eat a bite. A lot of garbage with roaches swimmin' in it. We sent for a big slop pail and we scraped all the food into it. Then we handed it out to the keeper. 'Here, Douglas', I says. 'If you know anybody that keeps pigs, here's something you can give him for them. It aint fit for us to eat and we aint goin' to eat it.' "

She comes of fighting stock, does Mother Guynn, Scotch-Irish, from the Maryland mountains. Her father was a miner and a Molly MacGuire. He died early and her mother took in washings to keep her log cabin home and bring up her family. Maw Guynn's brothers and uncles and sons are all miners and union men. "I was always a fighter," says Maw Guynn. "But somehow or other, I never got right out into the thing as I did in this strike. What changed me? Well, maybe it was when they put my two boys in jail that did it, I don't know. I used to always stick in the house and sew patch-work quilts. Never went out nowheres,—you just couldn't get me away from them patches. And my lands, I was sick all the time! But now that I've got out fightin' and organizin' like this, I don't know a sick day. And I don't spend time cleanin' my house, either, the way I used to. I used to think, if I didn't mop up that kitchen floor every day, something terrible would happen. But now—now I just leave everything and go out and fight. Pappy, he cleans up the place and washes the dishes. My boys don't have a clean shirt to their backs half the time, but they don't care. I just want to go out and FIGHT all the time!"

"I'm the only American woman in this town that ain't stickin' with Lewis," Mother Guynn will tell you to her sorrow. "They talk about Hunkies, but believe me, it's the Hunkies that's doin' the fightin' in this strike, and I stick with them. And if it comes to that, I think the Hunkies will have to go out and teach the Americans what's good for them."

It is when she talks to the Lewis men that Maw Guynn's best fighting spirit reveals itself. A steely gleam comes into her light brown eyes and a threatening ring to her deep voice. "You poor miserable, low-lived things," she says to them. "Do you mean to tell me you've signed over to John L. Lewis after he's robbed you and sucked the life blood out of you all these years! Just because he promised you a dollar a week more for relief. And you won't even get the dollar. I've seen the time in this strike when we didn't have a crumb of food in our house for four days together. And did John L. Lewis help us? Don't you ever come near me with any of your dirty yellow-dog Lewis papers," she shouts, shaking a powerful fist in their faces. "If you do I'll smash your face in so you'll never see again."

No yellow dog paper will ever come near Mother Guynn. She is feared by the Lewis gang in town as much as she is respected by the Save-the-Union people. We take off our hats to her, to "Maw" Guynn, the fighting leader of the mine women. Sisters of the working class everywhere, let us follow her! Let us leave our kitchens and in them our fears and sorrows of the past. Let us organize and join the fight of all the workers for the freedom of our class!

BROBB, FRAMED MINER, ON TRIAL

Machinery in Motion to Railroad Worker

WHEELING, W. Va., June 18.—Machinery in one of the most vicious frame-ups perpetrated against a worker during recent years, will be put in motion Tuesday when Frank Brobb, Triadelphia striker, appears before the Ohio county grand jury for a hearing on charges of dynamiting three houses sheltering non-union miners employed by the Elm Grove mining company.

A Pure Frame-Up.

Information which proves the charges to be a carefully engineered frame-up, is in the possession of the defense. Revelations of an elaborate spy system to keep track of Brobb's movements on the night of the blast which he is accused of having touched off, may be made by the defense at the grand jury hearing.

Brobb was arrested shortly after the explosion and beaten to a point near death by State Trooper E. W. Mazingo who attempted to force a confession of guilt from the striker. Mazingo's brutality was openly admitted by County Prosecutor A. C. Schiffler, in an interview with a defense representative.

Capitalist "Justice."

If Brobb names anyone of those who participated in framing him, he also exposes himself to charges of conspiracy and the danger of a longer jail sentence by a peculiar provision of the "Redman Act" which is part of the West Virginia penal code. By holding this threat over the defense, mining company officials hope to save themselves from being exposed. Flashlights, used to signal long distances over black hillsides to warn spies of Brobb's approach, figure in the elaborate apparatus employed in the effort to railroad the miner.

TRIBUTE TO 'DAILY' IN MANY LETTERS

Workers Tell of Paper's Significance

(Continued from Page One)

out of danger. More sacrifices must be made to keep the workers' paper alive.

Yesterday's contributions totaled only $505.48. Among the contributors were the following:

Street Nucleus 15, Chicago, $10; M. Leff, Brooklyn, $2; A. Caleski, Rockford, Ill., $1; M. Fox, Homestead, Pa., $2; L. J. Kashkevich, Newark, N. J., $10; Ralph P., Phila., Pa., $1; Finnish Workers' Club, Canonsburg, Pa., $14; S. Laskowsky, Philadelphia, Pa., $1; D. Hurowitz, New York, $1; W. H. Fletcher, Hadley, Pa., $5; S. Durr, Ohio, $1; H. Sarling, Dover, Ohio, $1; Mrs. A. Selfblin, Kansas City, Mo., $3; A Sympathizer, $2; C. Bergman, NYC, $5; M. Ostrow, Los Angeles, $5; Zwingilas, Conn., $2; M. Seder, Pittsburgh, Pa., $5; Louis Cohen, Pittsburgh, Pa., $5; P. Hanes, Pittsburgh, Pa., $2; A. Slackin, Pittsburgh, Pa., $3; E. E. Callen, Pittsburgh, Pa., $5; Spolorich, Pittsburgh, Pa., $2; A. Jakira, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; E. Morvich, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; E. J. Horacek, Pittsburgh, Pa., $2; V. Skirtich, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Fr. Sand, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; W. W. Nelson, Detroit, Mich., $5; I. Chilman, Brooklyn, N. Y., $2; E. Urchins, Lynn, Mass., $5; J. Joglowsky, Rutledge, Minn., $2; Milwaukee Sub-District W. P., $53; J. Zegan, Detroit, $3; V. Havnall, Fordson, Mich., $2; P. Davis, Newark, N. J., $2; K. Malinstrom, So. Bend, Ind., $5; S. V. Demetrove, Chicago, $1; R. C. T. 41, Chicago, Ill., $1; Agricultural Nucleus, Petaluma, Cal., $25; R. Ripley, Cleveland, $5; Dianowsky, Chicago, Ill., $5; J. M. Kaminskas, Chicago, Ill., $2; Stedham, Annona, Texas, $2; S. Felt, Bronx, N. Y., $2; Percy and Herbert Quimby, Westport, Conn., $5; Alfred Tiala, Waterville, Minn., $2; A. Korn, Miami, Fla., $2; C. Martinko, Trenton, N. J., $1; J. Volkman, Wilmington, Del., $2; Dr. A. Caspe, Bronx, N. Y., $5; Christ Foulas, Carlisle, Pa., $2; A. Stecko, Wilkinson, W. Va., $1; K. Weber, Port Washington, L. I., $5; L. Talmy, NYC, $5; H. Soloff, Bronx, N. Y., $2; A. Holty, Scranton, Pa., $5; Joe Zona, Scranton, Pa., $2; M. Varga, Scranton, Pa., $1; L. Illes, Scranton, Pa., $1; S. Nome, Newark, N. J., $2; John Leslie, Schenectady, N. Y., $2

Of Love and Struggle

(In Yiddish)

By I. L. DRUCKER

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THOUSANDS OF ARMY MEN GET "RED" LEAFLETS

Young Workers Active in Many Cities

(Continued from Page One)

sioned officers, and the right to vote and to join unions and political organizations. It concluded with the appeal: "Refuse to act against the workers in strikes! Refuse to be a policeman for the bosses! Support your fellow workers in their struggles for better conditions! Fight the war threat against the Soviet Union."

In spite of the fact that the distribution covered a period of more than two hours, and that it soon became known to the officers and the military police, the League members worked so efficiently that none of them were arrested.

* * *

Youth Active in Duluth.

DULUTH, June 18.—Hundreds of leaflets were distributed by six members of the Young Workers (Communist) League to soldiers of the 125th Field Artillery regiment as they were leaving this city for summer practice at Sparta, Minn. The soldiers read them with great interest, and some revealed this by personal conversation with League members who took part in the distribution.

The leaflet ridiculed the "wonderful life" promised by recruiting officers and stated that the League has nothing so enticing to offer as the false promises of the military authorities. Then an appeal was made to the service men to read the "Young Worker" and The DAILY WORKER, which have special departments for the enlisted men and are the only newspapers really defending their interests.

* * *

Attack Militarists in Concord.

CONCORD, N. H., June 18.—Excellent anti-militarist work is being done by the Young Workers (Communist) League in West Concord and Newport, and stickers exposing the nature of the Citizen's Military Training Camps have caused much worry to the "patriotic" business men of these towns. Leaflets are being distributed to the workers showing that the C. M. T. C. is a part of the military preparations of American capitalism to use the working class as cannon fodder for the interests of their exploiters.

In July, many young workers will be taught the art of murder and subjected to capitalist propaganda in the C. M. T. C.; but nevertheless the military authorities and the capitalists are not enjoying themselves—for they see much of their work being undone by the anti-militarist efforts of the Communists.

EARHART PLANE LANDS IN WALES

Will Leave Tomorrow for Southampton

SOUTHAMPTON, England, June 18.—The airplane Friendship, which landed near Llanelly, Carmarthenshire, Wales, this morning, carrying the first woman to cross the Atlantic by air, will not complete its flight to Southampton until tomorrow morning, according to word received here tonight.

Arrangements were made this evening for Miss Amelia Earhart to continue the flight from Llanelly, but at the last moment, Wilmer Stultz, who piloted the Friendship from Newfoundland, expressed the fear that it would be dangerous to land in Southampton harbor in the dark, and the hopoff was postponed until tomorrow. The expectation tonight was that the Friendship would reach here tomorrow morning between 11 and 12 o'clock.

American Militarism's Latest Bombing Glory

The JC-4 is shown in the picture as it sailed over downtown New York to advertise the military tournament at Governor's Island. The giant dirigible is the latest ship of this type, which is especially adapted for long bombing flights.

POLICE ATTACK ALLEGHENY MEET

Miners Enthusiastic in All Sections

(Continued from Page One)

sub-district officials: Hugh Haggerty as district board member and Joe Tashinsky as sub-district organizer.

A similarly successful conference of the Cartiers Valley section, sub-district 2, held on Friday, June 15th, at Cannonsburgh, also endorsed the call for a national convention electing Frank Note as district board member and Ben Audia as organizer.

Tom Myerscough, secretary of reorganized district 5, states that the Panhandle section conference meeting today at McDonald, and the Ellsworth and Monogahela River sub-district conferences to be held tomorrow, are also expected to support the call for a national miners convention and new union.

* * *

Third District Responds.

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

McDONALD, Pa., June 18. — An enthusiastic and successful sub-district conference was held here yesterday at which 50 delegates were present from 17 out of 24 locals in the sub-district. The biggest locals were all represented. Great enthusiasm was expressed over the call for the national miners convention to be held in September.

Tom Ray was elected district board member and Robert Baird was elected sub-district organizer.

DOLLAR VOLUME LOWER.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The dollar volume of business during the week ended June 2, as measured by check payments, was lower than in either the preceding week or the corresponding week of last year, according to the weekly statement of the Department of Commerce. Operations in steel plants showed smaller activity than in either prior period. The volume of new building contracts awarded averaged lower than in either the preceding week or the corresponding period of last year.

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REPORT 63 DEAD IN SHIP BLOW-UP

Only 22 Members of Crew Survive

BOGOTA, Columbia, June 18. — Semi-official reports today placed the casualty list from the explosion aboard the Columbian gunboat Hercules in the Magdenela River at 63.

The Hercules belonged to the Columbian river fleet and was cruising in the river when the boiler burst, according to reports received here. Only 22 members of the crew were saved, the war ministry said. Very few bodies have been recovered.

CRISE INDEX DECLINES.

The general index of wholesale prices again declined from the previous week, but was well above the level of a year ago. Prices for wheat averaged lower than in the previous week, but were higher than a year ago, while prices for cotton and iron and steel showed no change from the previous week, with cotton prices higher and iron and steel prices lower than in the same period of last year. Copper prices averaged higher than in either period.

COLOMBIAN PHONE STRIKE RECEIVES WIDESPREAD AID

Workers Raise Money to Continue Fight

BOGOTA, June 18. — Large subscriptions raised among all sections of the Colombian working class ensure the continuance of the telephone strike which has been tying up service here for some time.

In spite of attempts of the authorities to bring pressure upon the strikers in an effort to force them back to their posts, the spirit of the workers is unimpaired, their leaders state, and no immediate settlement of the strike is seen as probable.

The officials of the telephone company are making a determined effort to smash the strike but have so far met with no success.

There is reported to be widespread popular support of the strike.

VIENNA BANISHES TWO COMMUNISTS

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

BERLIN, June 18. — Complete violation of the right of asylum for foreign political fugitives has been effected by the Austrian government in the banishment from that country of the Communists, Lukacs and Szekely.

Despite the fact that the charges against the two men were completely refuted, the order for deportation is being enforced.

Another Communist, Lippay, still remains in Austria, but it is feared that the authorities may take action against him at any moment. He is charged with conspiracy and violation of passport regulations.

If the government can prove that he used a false passport to cross the Austrian frontier, it is intimated that his banishment will follow at once.

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ALLEN-A WORKER, ON STRIKE FOUR MONTHS, RUSHES SUBSCRIPTIONS TO AID THE 'DAILY

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KENOSHA, Wis. (By mail).—I am a knitter and have been on strike against the Allen-A Company, of Kenosha, for over four months and I have read with great sorrow that The DAILY WORKER is in need of money badly.

I will try to raise some during the next few days among my friends, as we must not let such a real workers' paper fail because of lack of money. Have talked to several of my neighbors and they have promised to send in their subscriptions immediately.

I think you can expect at least eight subscriptions and I will try my best to get more.

—A LOCKED-OUT KNITTER.

EDITOR'S NOTE—The workers of the Allen-A Hosiery Mill at Kenosha, Wisconsin, have been on strike against the company for the past four months. In spite of the terrorism which the Allen-A company has carried on, importing bands of thugs for this purpose and quartering them in the striking mill, the ranks of the strikers are perfectly firm. At present these courageous class fighters are carrying on their own struggle against a union officialdom, which has shown reluctance to call out the unorganized workers from the other mills of the Allen-A company or to organize mass picketing by which the strike can be made strictly effective.

Philadelphia Strikers Must Organize Mass Picketing, Correspondent Writes

WORKERS SHOULD GUARD AGAINST UNION OFFICIALS

Hosiery Slaves Cannot Co-operate With Boss

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By mail).—The hosiery workers here in Philadelphia, like other workers in other industries, are confronted with an everlasting problem existing in most unions, the problem of leadership, the corruptness or the ignorance of the men selected to lead the workers.

The striking workers in the Federal, Emmet and Ajax hosiery mills here must be made to learn that the bosses have attacked their union in a fiendish greed for more profits. They ought to learn, too, that if all the hosiery workers were organized in an industrial union they could tie up the entire hosiery industry and could bring those officials responsible for urging co-operation with the bosses, before the rank and file and ask them why the workers should co-operate and what they would gain by doing so.

The interests of the capitalist hosiery mill owner are against those of the workers in his mill. He gains by exploiting the workers. The worker can only lose. The capitalist gains by the speed-up system, the worker loses. He even loses physically, being unable to keep up with the madly rushing machinery. Besides, his speed-up is really creating a surplus of goods so that the boss will stop manufacturing and the workers will have to go on a part time basis, while many will be forced into the ranks of the unemployed. There is the time, too, when the boss will force wage cuts on his workers. Anyone advocating co-operation with the boss, knowingly or unknowingly, is betraying the workers.

Injunctions, like that issued in the present strike at the Federal mill, are a threat against the workers whereby they are commanded to cease interfering with the judge's masters in their efforts to subject the workers to their slavery.

The bosses, and their allies among the trade union officials, hate picketing and mass picketing. But mass picketing is very effective in helping to win the strike. Organizers are paid to organize a strike and the rank and file of the strikers should see to it that the organizers do their duty.

These are all problems which the strikers at the hosiery mills now on strike in this city ought to think about and act upon if they are going to win their strike. —W. C. P.

EDITOR'S NOTE—In connection with the above it is interesting to print here what Samuel A. Herman member of the Young Workers' League of America, who was recently arrested for urging the hosiery strikers at the Allen-A mill in Kenosha to organize mass picketing, has to say about the letters which the above Worker Correspondent has been sending regularly from Philadelphia.

"Stationed here in Kenosha and participating in the Kenosha strike situation, it goes without saying that I am deeply interested in any news of strikes of hosiery workers thruout the country," Herman writes. In this connection, I want to state that I appreciate greatly the splendid write-ups on the hosiery strike in Philadelphia by the Worker Correspondent, W. C. P. I am glad to learn that W. C. P. sees clearly the reactionary nature of the leadership of the American Federation of Full-Fashioned Hosiery Workers. Whether in the Philadelphia strike against the Ajax Co. or in the Allen-A strike at Kenosha, the official leadership clearly shows this. However, sooner or later, the workers will demand that their leaders organize all day mass picketing thruout the week."

First Fascist School, Opened in Baltimore

BALTIMORE (FP), June 18.—Promoted by Mario O. Ratto, Italian consul, the first fascist military training school for small boys—the Balilla—has been inaugurated in St. Leo's gymnasium, in Baltimore. A dozen boys have been put through ordinary physical workout drill for an hour, and have been told that they are preparing themselves to help defend the United States in some time of future need.

Generoso Pavese, a former fencing teacher, and Joseph Manfre, a former lieutenant in the Italian army, are in charge.

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

Escape From the Heat of the Crowded Tenements

Coney Island is the refuge of thousands of workers crammed into the tenements of New York City. Here in hot weather thousands spend the entire night lying out on the each to get a breath of cool air. The bosses think Coney is a good place too. There they get back, in the form of concessions and profits, part of the miserable week's wages they pay. The picture shows a section of the beach last Sunday.

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WEST VIRGINIA COAL CO. GETS AN INJUNCTION

Writ Would Prohibit Picketing, Meetings

(By a Worker Correspondent)

WHEELING, W. Va. (By mail).—Triadelphia, the scene of a recent display of working class solidarity, received another blow from the open shop operators when the Elm Grove Coal company was granted an injunction in the circuit court at Wheeling, which takes away all the rights of the miners by prohibiting picketing, meetings or speeches that will in any way interfere with the operation of the non-union mines.

The attorney for the coal company, in a carefully worded statement, prepared for the court, declared that the pickets affect the production of coal at the times. The statement, which took an hour and a half to read and had a drowsy effect on the judge, asked the judge to prohibit (so it seemed) the miners from doing anything but "peaceful breathing."

During the reading of the statement, officials of the coal company, court officials and police officers, seated on the same bench, winked at each other and seemed well pleased with the severe injunction which will prevent the miners from doing anything to improve their working conditions.

At the conclusion of the appeal for the injunction, the attorney, reading the statement, raised his voice and shouted, "In the name of the Elm Grove Coal company, I ask you to grant this injunction."

The judge, aroused from his sleep, with a stroke of his pen, granted the injunction,—the first in West Virginia.

This is the justice the workers, and now especially the miners, get from the capitalist courts. —IKE.

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—DRAMA—

Moscow Art Star in New Soviet Film at the Cameo Theatre

After seeing the modern, dynamic "End of St. Petersburg" and the earlier artistry of "Potemkin," "The Station Master" with all its interesting features becomes but meager movie fare. It is interesting in its simplicity and the strict attention given in telling a story. The typical colorful views of Russian peasant life and Russian countryside are also well worth seeing.

The story, however, is over-running with sentimentality, the movie work over-emoted to painful length at times. If it isn't Pushkin that is to blame, it must be the fault of the directors—and there were two of them, one, Ivan Moskvin of the Moscow Art Theatre, also playing the leading role. Obviously the picture was made at an earlier date than the two other classics "Potemkin" and "Petersburg" and Russian films are progressing so fast the earlier work does no justice to this progress. The comparison, also, is made with two films that are not only the best ever made in Soviet Russia but among the best ever made anywhere. A fairer base of comparison would be with the recently shown "Ivan the Terrible." But even "Ivan" is far superior.

Ivan Moskvin

The story written years ago is no doubt an accurate picture of the dissipated military class of the Czar that found fresh country girls legitimate prey for their passions. And that's the story with the additional results that this has on the girl's father whom it ruins and finally kills. In this day and age it all seems unnaturally weepy and sentimental. Its purpose gone, the interest has fled with it. Yet even here, surely, there are many to whom this tragedy of Russian life in the old days will strike close to home.

Ivan Moskvin emotes and emotes thru endless feet of film which could be cut to good advantage. The photography is but ordinary and the whole production, no doubt, following the story closely, does not aid it neither by direction, scenario or camera work. It is undistinguished by any of the great features which have made the movie world turn to the latest film productions of Soviet Russia.

American Films on Program.

In contrast, other features on the program at the Cameo Theatre this week must be mentioned. An old picture of Charlie Chaplin, "The Adventurer," is being shown. It is Charlie of the old slap-stick days drawing laughs from a healthy kick in the pants to a gob of chilling ice cream down a lady's back. Crude stuff, yes, vulgar, too, but funny, comrades, screemingly funny.

Another item of unusual interest is a short film made at the cost of only $97, called "The Suicide of a Hollywood Extra." This alone is worth a journey to the Cameo Theatre. It is an extremely clever bit of movie story telling, modern to the extreme, with brilliant shots of photography, sharp edged satire and a keen sense of humor. Comparatively unimportant, it is nevertheless an illuminating comparison to the stupid pictures on which so much money has been expended. —W. C.

IN "GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES."

Evelyn Law, one of the principals in the Shubert revue, the "Greenwich Village Follies," at the Winter Garden.

Miners Must Pay Police

LA PAZ, Bolivia, June 18. — The June issue of the "Bulletin of the Pan American Union" brings the following item:

"On petition of the Oruro Labor Congress an executive decree was issued on February 2, 1928, establishing in all mining centers of the Republic a mining police, to function in cooperation with the National Labor Bureau. They will be paid by a voluntary deduction of 1 per cent from miners' wages. Their duty will be to act as representatives of the miners, in which capacity they may take part in negotiations for labor contracts and the fixing of wages, investigate industrial accidents, prepare statistics, audit the investment of labor union funds, and perform other similar duties. They are expected to use their influence to maintain order among the miners, and are strictly forbidden to make propaganda against the companies and authorities."

Don Mullally, who wrote "Conscience" and "Laff That Off," will start casting this week for a new play which he will soon produce on Broadway. It is called "Wanted."

MEXICAN PEONS LIVE IN HOVELS IN LOS ANGELES

Landlords Reap Rich Harvest

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By Mail).—Mrs. Anna L. Saylor, director of social welfare, reported to Governor C. C. Young recently. Concerning the terrible conditions under which a great number of Mexicans live in this city of "prosperity," her report reads in part as follows:

"California must stamp out the ground rental system which enables unscrupulous landlords to receive as much as $1800 a year income from a single acre of ground leased to ignorant Mexicans."

The survey of conditions among Mexicans shows that "many of them live huddled together in rude shacks on such acres. These shacks are crudely constructed of tin cans at old boards. And at Belvedere Gardens, 'Peon Capital of the United States,' the average is 17 to 26 children in each house."

In this and similar sections investigated, the director reported, large families are living on "almost nothing."

Conditions need to be improved also at institutions, schools and jails populated largely by Mexicans, the report stated.

The undersigned has been over the ground mentioned above, distributing El Machete, organ of the Mexican Communist Party, and he knows that the "abundance" in Los Angeles and vicinity is of the nature described above.

—L. P. RINDAL.

Geographic Body Meets

LENINGRAD, U. S. S. R., June 18.—The yearly meeting of the Russian Geographical Society was held here under the chairmanship of Professor Shokalsky. The Council of the Society elected Professor Shokalsky and Professors Kuznetzov and Kovalevsky, as well as the British savant, Hugh Robert Mill, members honoris causa. As correspondent members of the Society there were elected from among foreign scientists Mr. Grandidier, secretary of the Paris Geographical Society, Professor Romer of Lemberg and Professor Meynardus Gottingen.

AMUSEMENTS

The Theatre Guild presents
Eugene O'Neill's Play,
Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St.
Mats. WED. & SAT.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings, at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42nd St & B'way NOW
American Premiere
Famous Russian
Artist, in
IVAN MOSKVIN
THE Station Master
A Sovkino Production
(The Russian Last Laugh)

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Evenings 8:30.
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Hammerstein's Thea., B'way & 53 St.
Phone Col. 8380.
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NATIONAL MINERS' RELIEF WEEK TO BEGIN JUNE 25

Committee Urges All to Participate Here

As the fifteenth month of the soft coal miners' strike enters its last week, workers throughout New York will usher in National Miners' Relief Week with a mass turnout for house to house collections, mass distribution of special miners' bulletins and pamphlets, and thruout the city there will be miners' relief meetings, indoors and on the streets. From June 25 to July 1, inclusive, this relief work will mobilize as never before the great number of New York workers engaged in all industries for miners' relief work.

The week will wind up with a mass collection for miners' relief, on all the highways and transit lines and places of congregation on Saturday and Sunday, June 30 and July 1. Workers' organizations thruout the city which have before participated in the various tag day drives conducted by the National Miners' Relief Committee, will again, it is expected, enlist their memberships, and the members will prevail on their shopmates and friends to help. Other organizations, heretofore inactive, will participate.

All To Participate.

Many workers and organizations will be reached by the New York Working Women's Federation, which will have its second delegates' conference a few days prior to the opening of the relief week—on Thursday evening, July 21, at the Labor Temple. The main business of the conference will be miners' relief.

At the next federation meeting, which takes place Thursday night at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., plans will be completed for sending a delegate from the women's shops to the coal fields for a special relief conference there.

Nearly one hundred dollars were collected in the shops last week as the beginning of the new drive, which is to be intensified during the Mass Collection Week, June 25th to July 1st.

Included in the shop collections are $29.30 from twenty girls of Local 43, Millinery Hand Workers; $9.50 from workers in the Frank Kat Hat Co., 725 Broadway; $10 from progressive knitting workers; $6.25 collected by Ida Bernstein in a clothing shop; $2.70 from workers in the Family Dress Shop; and $3.00 from nine girl workers in a shop controlled by Local 91, I. L. G. W. U.

ELECTION RALLY IN CHICAGO JULY 4

Gitlow to Be Chief Speaker at Event

CHICAGO, June 18. — Militant workers of Chicago are making extensive preparations to receive the Workers Party candidate for vice-president, Ben Gitlow, who will speak at the opening campaign rally on July 4 at Chernauskas Grove, 79th and Archer Ave. All Party units, sympathizing workers' clubs, and labor organizations are mobilizing for a mass attendance. An interesting entertainment program is being prepared.

Soviet Union Moves To Protect Authors

MOSCOW, June 18.—The Soviet Society for Cultural Relations has organized a literary section to protect the rights of foreign authors translated into Russian and circulated in the Soviet Union, as well as the rights of Russian authors translated abroad.

USSR Aid Nobile

The Soviet icebreaker, Malyghit, which left Archangel Tuesday night, for the relief of General Nobile and his men, directing its course toward Cape Leigh Smith, carries aboard a large Junkers seaplane, with special landing gear for alighting on the ice. Another ice-breaker, the Krassin, which left Leningrad last night, is proceeding to the north of Spitzbergen.

Why Every Miner Should Be a Communist

By JOHN PEPPER

What the WORKERS (Communist) PARTY
stands for and why every miner
should join it.

Five Cents

WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
39 East 125th Street, New York City.

Plane in Which the First Woman Crossed Atlantic After 20-Hour Flight

Like the men who have risked their lives for glory and imperialism, Miss Amelia Earhart, Boston social worker, has also made the trip by air across the Atlantic. Photo shows plane in which the flight was made.

WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention!

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

BOSTON.—District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham,

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 1 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

• • •

CLEVELAND.—Wednesday, June 20, all three sections of the Workers (Communist) Party of Cleveland will hold section membership meetings. Section 1 will meet at the Hungarian Home, 4309 Lorain Ave., Section 2 at South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., and Section 3 at Workers Home. There will be no general membership meeting that night. The election campaign will be organized at the section meetings.

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass.—The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 22, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

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Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

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Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

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Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

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Youngstown Picnic.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio. — The Seventh Annual International Picnic of the Youngstown Workers (Communist) Party will be held on June 24. Those wishing to attend should stop at 28 Sharon Line. "Why the Workers Party Is in the Presidential Campaign" will be the subject of a talk by a national speaker.

• • •

Cleveland Miners' Relief.

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—The Cleveland Conference of the National Miners' Relief Committee will hold a tag day on June 23. All wishing to participate should report at the South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., at 2 p. m.

• • •

Hammond Miners' Relief.

HAMMOND, Ind.—A picnic will be held here at Gruener's Grove, on Shifild Ave., on June 24, for the benefit of the striking miners' relief. All have been invited to attend.

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Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

LETTER REVEALS SHLESINGER FAKE

Further evidence has been offered by the New York Joint Board of the Cloakmakers' Union that the recent flourish of a fake amnesty made by Benjamin Schlesinger, co-partner with Sigman in destroying the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, was a bit of hypocrisy, in making public a letter given to a worker by his boss, which shows that the war on the cloakmakers continues unabated. Schlesinger recently declared that he is halting the attack on the cloakmakers with the one proviso that "Communists, their followers and sympathizers cannot hold office."

This letter, signed by Shapiro and Sons, 1333 Broadway, who have an agreement with the Sigman union, states that it is compelled to discharge the recipient, Martin Feldman, because the Sigman union insists upon it. The letter says, "You have been in our employ for a number of years and your services have been satisfactory." It says further, "We are fully aware of your opinions and sentiments." The employer concludes by saying that they have been forced to fire him because he refuses to register with the right wing.

• • •

Organization Units Meet Tonight.

The first meeting of the units of the newly formed Organization Committee of 500 will be held tonight in the office of the Joint Board of the Cloakmakers' Union, 16 W. 21st St., according to the plans announced by the local section of the National Organization Committee.

ELECTION DRIVE STARTED IN OHIO

To Conduct Intensive Canvass July 1-8

CLEVELAND, June 18. — The election campaign has begun in full force in "Red Ohio." Those who are directing the work believe that the Workers Party will be over the top in the amount of signatures collected long before time for filing. Already, reports show, 1,500 signatures out of the 20,000 required have been secured, and the petitions have been out for only two weeks.

Red Week for signatures will be the week of July 1 to July 8. During this week, all other Party meetings will be cancelled, and the entire Party membership throughout the state will carry on an intense house-to-house canvass in each of the cities where a Party unit exists. It is hoped that the greater part of the task will be completed at the end of the week.

In Cleveland two nuclei already have distinguished themselves by quick response, being the first two in the state. These are Nucleus 21 in Section 2, and Nucleus 34 in Section 3, who have already turned in filled lists.

Toledo has challenged Cleveland in the campaign for signatures and the South-Eastern Ohio mining section has challenged the rest of the state. In the mining section, not only Party members, but also militant miners outside the Party, recognizing the need of a real revolutionary Workers' Party in the election campaign of 1928, have taken petition lists and are circulating them among the miners.

The Young Workers League of Ohio is cooperating with the Workers' Party and all branches have taken petitions.

PittsfieldWeaversStrike

PITTSFIELD, Mass. (FP). — Hoosac Worsted Mill looms are silent due to the walkout of 46 weavers. They are demanding a substantial increase in pay, having turned down a niggardly raise offered by the company. The entire mill will be forced to shut down if the weavers do not return.

Sickness, Death Costly.

An economic loss of $15,000,000,000 annually is incurred in America through accident, sickness and death Charles H. Herty, adviser to the Chemical Foundation, Inc., told the annual meeting of the National Industrial Conference board.

DONETZ PLOTTERS ADMIT SABOTAGE

Espionage Also Part of "Mine Management"

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 18.—During yesterday's session of the trial of the Donetz counter-revolutionary plotters, the engineer Sokolov, son of the general in the service of the former tsar, admitted his membership in the sabotage organization He confessed that he had worked to extend the organization and that he was active in the field of sabotage

Sokolov further testified that he worked eagerly for intervention and utilized his position as a Soviet mine manager to promote sabotage.

At the same session, the accused technician, Boyarinov, denied his part in the guilt but admitted membership in the sabotage organization. He stated that he had received three letters from the former owner, Dvorschanschik, who sent instructions for sabotage in the mines in event of war in order to hinder the defense of the Soviet Union.

Boyarinov alleges that he was offered a large bribe. He also admitted taking part in espionage activity The public was excluded from the inquiry into his espionage work.

The accused technician Nekrassov admitted receiving money thru the accused technician Schadlun.

Venezuela Exports Half of American Crude Oil

CARACOS, June 18.—Venezuela is now supplying more than half of all the crude oil imported into the United States, Department of Commerce figures show. During the first four months of 1928 the United States imported a total of 24,687,000 barrels, as contrasted with 17,192,000 barrels during the first four months of 1927

Imports from Mexico for the first four months of last year totalled 7,409,000 barrels while Venezuela furnished 5,604,000 barrels. For the first four months of this year, however imports from Mexico totalled only [illegible]19,000, while imports from Venezuela rose to 14,139,00. At the same time oil imports from Colombia increased from 2,871,000 barrels during the first four months of 1927 to 4,629,000 barrels during the first four months of 1928.

TWO FRUIT CLERK PICKETS SLUGGED BY BOSSES' THUGS

Cooperative Built Near Strike Area

Despite the vicious terror by police, thugs and injunctions continued in the attempt to break the militant strike of the retail fruit store clerks, the strikers are waging a vigorous battle. Two workers picketing the store of Oland and Weinberg, Claremont Parkway and Bathgate Ave., were brutally assailed by a squad of thugs led by Oland himself. Nathan Baumfeld was later treated for injuries in the head and M. Welshinsky for knife cuts in back. Police, though nearby, refused to take notice of the assault.

An effective answer was given by the union and its sympathizers to the attempt of the owner of the store at 933 Tremont Ave. to break the strike by an anti-picketing injunction. A workers' cooperative fruit and vegetable store was opened by the union sympathizers across the street at 936 Tremont Ave.

A general membership meeting of the entire union is to be held tomorrow night in Stuyvesant Casino, Second Ave and Ninth St. A report of the strike situation will be rendered by the strike committee. The union urges all members to attend.

PITTSBURGH WILL HEAR JOHNSTONE

Speaks on Convention of Profintern

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 18.—The progressive workers of Pittsburgh and vicinity will hear Jack W. Johnstone, national organizer of the Trade Union Educational League, on June 20, 8 p. m., at a mass meeting in McGeagh Building, 607 Webster Ave.

Johnstone, chairman of the American delegation to the recent congress of the Red Trade Union International and just returned from the Soviet Union, will speak on the proceedings and decisions of the congress. The congress gave special attention to the labor movement in the United States, particularly to the problem of organizing the unorganized masses in the basic industries and the struggle against the reactionary American Federation of Labor leadership. The workers of the Pittsburgh district, with its many thousands of unorganized workers and the centre of the miners' struggle, have been advised not to miss this opportunity to learn the decisions of the Profintern affecting American labor.

The meeting is held under the auspices of the Pittsburgh local of the Trade Union Educational League.

Philadelphia Women To Hold Mine Aid Meet

PHILADELPHIA, June 18.—The Philadelphia Women's Committee for Miners' Relief will hold an enlarged meeting on Tuesday, June 19, at 8 p. m. at 1214 Spring Garden St. A striking miner will address the meeting, telling of conditions in the mine regions. A report of the executive meeting will be given on the work done up to the present time. Arrangements will be made for a miners' relief conference of women's organizations of Philadelphia.

SANDINO HAS 24 U. S. PRISONERS

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, June 18.—Twenty-four American prisoners including 18 U. S. marines are held captive by Augustin Sandino, leader of the Nicaraguan revolutionary forces. This report was brought by Esteban Pavlevitch who arrived here today from Sandino's headquarters in Nicaragua.

He also reported that Sandino won a pitched battle with marines June 11 at Zapote near Bacaye. The marines were routed and left a number of dead on the field, including their commander.

After June 14 Sandino will "no longer respect foreign properties except those owned by Spaniards and Latin Americans," Pavlevitch said.

The informant stated that Sandino has 2,000 well-armed and equipped men and that with the full development of the rainy season he expected to fight under favorable conditions.

Colombia Goes "Dry"

BOGOTA, June 18.—A law for the prevention of alcoholism was recently put into effect in Colombia. According to this law no intoxicating beverages can be sold between 4 p. m. and 8 a. m., nor on Sundays and holidays. Only one establishment selling alcoholic beverages will be allowed to every 5000 inhabitants. The loss in revenue will be compensated by indirect taxes on the consumption of native products.

Coal Worker Killed

George Kavilinski, 60, of 8126 Grand St., Maspeth, Queens, was killed last evening when, bounced off the top of a coal truck, he was crushed by a heavy chute. Kavilinski was riding on top of a truck owned by the Knickerbocker Coal Company of Brooklyn. In Forest Hills the truck struck a depression in the road and Kavilinski was thrown out. The chute fell on him, crushing him to death instantly.

COLLEGE CONTROL IS THE SCHEME OF POWER INTERESTS

Regular "Endowments" Plan Intended

WASHINGTON, June 18.—Control of colleges through permanent endowments and the placing of professors on utility company payrolls has been planned by the Power Trust, it was revealed today.

These plans were developed by responsible leaders in the industry in a written report subpoenaed by the Federal Trade Commission in its utilities investigation.

For fear to risk what one leader termed a "high-handed attempt" to control textbooks the project has been modified in some particulars but not in fundamentals, according to the commission's record.

Measures to control both teachers and textbooks in colleges are an extension of the editing and attempted rewriting of high school texts by Power lobby organizations. Other documents in the record show this editing, done by propagandists and other lesser lights, was approved by leading magnates.

It was proposed at one time the "biggest" men in the industry pass on manuscripts.

A report of a "subcommittee on program" of the National Electric Light Association's committee on cooperation with educational institutions, submitted in january, 1927, recommended engagement of "a man who is capable to make a survey of all educational institutions in this country where any course relating to the electrical industry is taught involving engineering, legal, economic or business problems."

Young Worker Killed By Scoop in Woodhull

WOODHULL, N. Y., June 18. — While his father, unable to aid him, looked on, Riley Miles, 23 years old, of Rathbone, was crushed to death by the scoop of a steam shovel near here today.

Miles and his father were both workers in the same gang constructing a bridge. The son was caught beneath the scoop as it descended.

COAL OWNERS BLAMED.

GREENSBURGH, Pa., June 18.—A coroners' jury blames coal mine owners for the recent Kinlock Mine disaster which took a toll of 12 lives. The mine was not operated according to law, and no safety devices had been installed in spite of repeated warnings, the jury declared.

CHICAGO

Arbeiter-Saengerbund der Ver. St. v. Amerika
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Introduction by Robert Minor

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as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Now Al Smith Will "Save the Farmers"

The democratic newspapers are generally agreed that Herbert Hoover is the most decent, the most upright and the ablest republican candidate for president. The republican newspapers are equally sure that Al. Smith is the ablest and most decent and upright democratic candidate for president.

This remarkable tone of the press of these two parties is worth thinking about. But it is the inevitable reflection of the following facts:

1. Both the republican party and the democratic party are parties of finance-capital, completely controlled by Wall Street groups which are composed in each case of almost identically the same men. Both parties have the same program, the same financial backers—and it might almost be said, the same candidate.

2. The same banking and industrial interests, merged into a colossal structure of finance-capital, have as their candidate for the republican nomination Herbert Hoover, and have as their candidate for the democratic nomination Al. Smith.

This is not so complicated as it may sound. Hoover is the perfect continuation of the Coolidge regime; he is the "heir apparent" of the present chief executive and his election would be the continuation of the unbroken line of the same administration.

But the same highest chiefs of Wall Street have had, not only a national government at Washington to maintain and control, but also a series of state governments, the most important of which is the New York State government. Wall Street has had not only its president at Washington but also its governor at Albany. The heir of the Wall Street president, and the Wall Street governor in person, are the rival candidates of the respective parties for the presidency.

Both nominees are Wall Street's choice. Never before has there been a situation in which each of the big capitalist political parties represents so perfectly the same class interests.

Hoover may be the candidate which Wall Street would prefer to elect—other things being equal. But other things might not be equal. It is conceded that the ruin of the farming population may react in such a way as to lose several Western states for the republican party. Through the clever use of a horde of shyster "farmers' friends" such as Curtis, the vice presidential nominee, Norris and others, further leftward, the Wall Street chiefs of the republican party have prevented the splitting away of any of the farming elements. Therefore, if the electoral vote of the doubtful Western states is cast against the republican party this year—it will be cast for Al. Smith, Wall Street's nominee in the democratic party.

The backers of Al. Smith are worried as to what position they ought to take (in words) on the farm question. The New York World, backer of Al. Smith, says:

> **"Democratic acceptance of what the republicans have rejected cannot be recommended for either political or economic reasons. On the political side the championship of McNary-Haugenism would alienate more votes in the East than it would win in the West."**

In practice, of course, Al. Smith's program for the farmers is the same as that of Hoover's—ruthless exploitation, foreclosure and ruin. But in words—that is another thing. The democratic politicians are fearful of making their party take on something of the color of Bryanism. The problem is to use such clever words as to make the farmers think that capitalism under the democratic party will not ruin the farmers, and yet say it in such a way as not to overstrain the sense of humor of the big Eastern lords of finance-capital.

But the program of Al. Smith no less than of Herbert Hoover is to push forward with the imperialist policies of their masters, which can have no other result than the progressive ruin of the small farmers.

And as for the industrial working class—the financial giants laugh. The program is the open shop, the destruction of the trade unions, the "hooverization" of industry at the expense of the working class.

This national election does not leave the workers or the exploited farmers without something to do. The thing for workers and farmers to do is to vote Communist, and to build the Communist Party—the only party that will and can fight capitalism on behalf of the workers and the exploited farmers.

Japanese Fascists Kill Workers

TOKIO, June 18.—The white terror had been gradually sharpening in Japan from 1923 on until the crisis caused by the earthquake brought about a sudden heightening of the class struggle.

"Heroic Deeds."

Some of the heroic deeds of the Japanese bourgeoisie are the murders of Comrade Kawai and seven other workers committed by the police, the murder of the anarchist Oosugi, his wife and brother, also committed by the police, the Corean pogroms, of which thousands of human beings were victims; the hanging of Nauba, who had made an attempt on the life of the prince regent, the hanging of the worker, Frut, who had made an attempt against the life of General Fukudu, the instigator of the Corean pogroms; and the sentencing to death of the Coreans, Paku and Kanoko, for high treason.

As part of its campaign against the workers and peasants, the Japanese government passed a number of extraordinary laws, such as the law against civil strife, the act for the preservation of law and order, which involves sentences of ten years for the least infraction, and labor legislation which permits the most thorogoing meddling by the police in economic struggles.

Fascist Organizations.

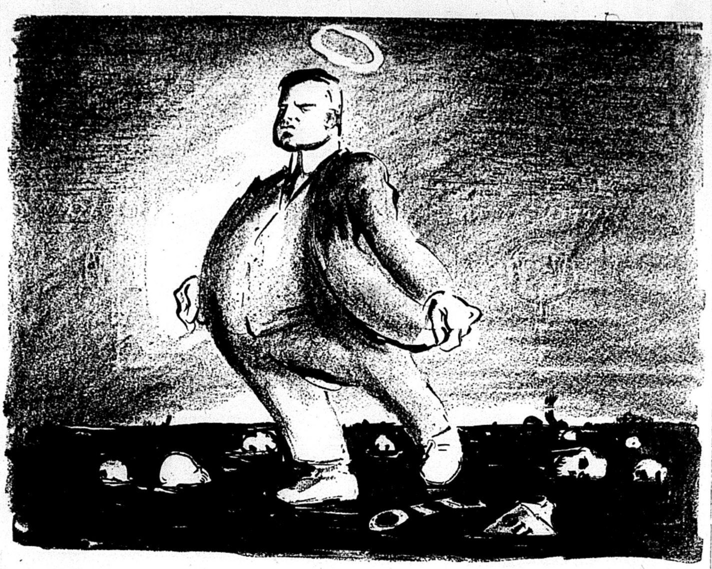
Besides these measures, the government is favoring a number of fascist organizations of which there are dozens in Japan, among others the Kokusaikai, the society for struggle against the Red peril, the defender of the imperial soldiers, the imperial youth league, the league of young patriots, and the league of patriotic women. These organizatiions take an active part in the struggle against strikes and revolutionary organizations in the shops and among the apprentices. They are chiefly active as denouncers and scab-herders.

The last few years have been characterized by the oppression of the peasant movement in Japan and the growth of oppression in Corea. During the peasant disturbances in 1926 in the Nagani prefecture, and others, 826 men were arrested, of whom 159 were charged with destroying police booths.

In 1928, as a result of the election campaign, there have been numerous arrests, particularly in the villages, where the Rodominto, which is demanding the distribution of the entire land among the peasantry, is very popular. For example in Kagawa, a small district in the island of Shikoku, over 1,000 workers were arrested The total of arrests in Tokio reached 120.

THE HOLY MAN WALKS ON THE SEA OF OIL

By Fred Ellis



Herbert Hoover, who for eight years sat in the oil graft cabinet of Harding, Coolidge, Daugherty, Fall and Mellon. But a Teapot Dome conspirator becomes a man of divine purity.

HANdOuTS

GEMS OF LEARNING

Rev. Dr. Selden P. Delany—"We are not worshipping bread and wine but the sacramental body and blood of our saviour, mysteriously present on our altars." Very mysteriously.

* * *

Rev. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick—"In one sense a five-hour day will put a heavier strain on the morale of the people than a twelve-hour day." Workers will take a chance.

* * *

H. F. Gresham, of Bradford, England, who has just returned from the orient—"The Red . . . soldiers . . . come from the lowest class and have no ethics of any kind to observe. There were even a few armored cars being driven through the streets by young students, who represent a dubious element in China. These students have usually been educated in England or in the United States. Unlike the Japanese young men, they do not seem to go to college to learn electrical engineering, medicine, or any specific trade or profession. They spend the greater part of their time on political theory and then come back to China, according to good information, to become agitators for some impractical political idea." Gresham then goes on to give a good description of himself, "I much prefer the merchant class."

* * *

Dr. Henry Sloane Coffin, president of the Union Theological Seminary—"There are many nominal christians and possibly some in this graduating class have no sense of being lifted or upborne by a mighty power." Ten chances to one, yes.

* * *

Bishop Ruiz of Morelia, Mexico—"It is immediately evident which are the outstanding laws which must be repealed. For instance some of the Mexican states have passed laws stating that all priests must be married. Obviously, if the Catholic church is to resume its work in Mexico this law must be repealed." The clergy's time honored privilege of promiscuity must be upheld.

Our Workers Party Candidates

What do the Communist candidates for president and vice-president in this election represent? What does their candidacy mean to the working class? The DAILY WORKER will publish in the next few days the speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow in acceptance of the nominations. To begin with, we publish below the speech of Robert Minor, who was chairman of the committee on nominations, by which the names of Foster and Gitlow were placed before the convention.

* * *

Comrades:—

Your committee on nominations has reached a unanimous recommendation. The committee is quite conscious of the fact that the nominations of candidates to bear the red flag of working class revolution, the flag of Communism, in a national campaign is a very serious one. The purpose of the Communist Party in making nominations is utterly different from the purpose of the republican party, the democratic party or a so-called socialist party in choosing standard bearers. We are not choosing men or women for the purpose of administering in a smooth manner the machinery of the capitalist state. In choosing the representatives of our party to go before the masses we are choosing men or women who will mobilize the working class against the capitalist state, against the ruling class, for the overthrow of the present form of society and for the establishment of a revolutionary state—purposes utterly antagonistic to the purposes for which the American democracy, so-called, was formed.

The men and women who go out as our representatives must go out as fighting men to mobilize the workers to support the strike of the miners, to support the strike of the textile workers, to carry on a vigorous drive against the labor bureaucracy and against the bosses for the saving and for the building of our trade union movement in connection with our election campaign.

These who represent us as candidates must go out as organizers of the working class to struggle for all demands of the workers of today and tomorrow, and at the same time to hold before them the aim of our revolutionary working class movement, the ultimate emancipation of our class.

I recall, comrades, an incident of the time when we were about to found our Workers Party, when our Communist Party was illegalized by the capitalist state, suppressed into secret existence. A little group of us as delegates of our Party to the Communist International at the Third Congress in Moscow, went at midnight after a session of the congress to visit and discuss our plans with Comrade Lenin.

One of the comrades who was still somewhat afflicted with some extreme leftist views asked Comrade Lenin whether or not our Party should put into the field at an election campaign any candidates for executive and administrative offices. (The view of that comrade was that we should only put up candidates for legislative positions.)

Comrade Lenin replied to us that in his opinion the action of Eichorn in the revolutionary crisis in Germany, in taking the post of chief of police of the city of Berlin and utilizing that post to pass out arms to the workers of Berlin was the answer to our problem.

We are putting up candidates to mobilize the workers for the class struggle. In reality it is not individuals, but our Party itself, which is the candidate. At the same time we must choose standard bearers who are tried and true leaders of our class, men and women who symbolize the revolutionary traditions, who are tested and proven leaders of our revolutionary Communist Party, the Party without whose leadership success is impossible for the working class. Those candidates go into the field as marshalls, but at the same time under the discipline of the Party and subject to the iron command to carry out the will and the program of our Party.

We of the committee, without any dissenting vote or dissenting thought, without the proposal of any other names, have been able to reach a conclusion, in favor of a candidate for president of the United States and another for vice-president.

We recommend for the presidential candidate a man whose name is associated first of all in the minds of the workers with that great struggle of the working class, the steel strike of some years ago. In this man we recommend are embodied the best traditions of the old days of the socialist party when we all—the older ones among us here—were in it; embodies the best traditions of the industrial workers of the world when that too was a revolutionary organization. He embodies that great portion which used to be larger than it is now inside of the American Federation of Labor, but which the bureaucrats are trying to crush out of it,—the revolutionary workers within the American Federation of Labor; the candidate we propose is a pioneer of the Communist movement who was himself in the old underground movement of our Communist Party in the days when we were illegalized; a man whom the capitalist class tried to imprison in Michigan, a member of the Executive Committee of the Communist International; a man whose name strikes terror and fear and hatred into the hearts of the capitalist class.

For vice-president we have to recommend a veteran of the trade union struggle in the largest city of the most brutal capitalism of the world. We have to recommend a fighter, a fighter for revolutionary principles in the socialist party, in the days when John Reed and Charles E. Ruthenberg led that revolutionary body; a man who represents our traditions as a founder of the left wing in the socialist party, a founder of the Communist Party, a founder of the American section of the Communist International, who has spend long years of prison and suffering in behalf of our class' emancipation.

Your committee nominates for president and vice-president of the United States, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow.

(Tremendous Applause.)

Growth of Trade Unions in the Soviet Union

(The following is from "Soviet Trade Unions," by Robert Dunn, published by the Vanguard Press.)

* * *

(*Continued.*)

Immediately after the March revolution a council of trade unions was formed in Moscow and another in Petrograd. These councils later cooperated in calling, in June, 1917, the Third All-Russian Trade Union Conference. This conference consisted of 247 delegates representing nearly 1,000 local unions and 51 central trades councils, embracing a total membership of about 1,500,000. The conference was controlled by the Menshevik and social revolutionary groups, and confined itself to advocating heavier taxation of the capitalists, the standardization of prices of certain articles consumed by the working class, state control of important branches of industry, and similar measures. A general tendency toward coalition and cooperation with the employers also manifested itself at this conference. Nevertheless, it advocated the industrial principle of organization and established a central organization for the trade union movement.

From this time on, however, the union movement swung sharply to the left, due, in part, to the vacillation and weakness of the Kerensky government and its desire to prolong Russia's participation in the war. The growth of the Bolshevik strength in the unions was due in part, also, to the attacks of the employers and their associations on the workers. The latter became thoroughly disillusioned concerning the government and were further aroused by attacks on what they conceived to be their rights and gains under the revolution. The employers not only provoked strikes of local unions which they then proceeded to crush individually, but also used the lock-out to combat the workers' demands for an eight-hour day, increased wages, workers' control, unemployment insurance and similar legislation.

In the bitter struggles between workers and employers which continued during the summer and fall of 1917 the unions of industrial workers supported Bolshevist policies and were, in fact, the fighting force that affected the overthrow of the coalition government and the setting up of the Soviet government in the October revolution. Their strikes, their agitation and their Red Guards were the instruments through which the revolution was carried out. It was they who, under Bolshevist leadership, took over state power for the workers and peasants. With the exception of the printers, commercial and bank employees, and the higher grades of railwaymen, practically all the unions were on the October barricades.

In Petrograd, Moscow and the other industrial cities union workers were the ones who carried out the final seizure of power and the disarming of the bourgeois classes and their faltering coalition.

Immediately following the revolution the unions continued their loyalty to the new government which they had created. They were in the forefront of the struggles against the sabotage of the higher officials of industries and state institutions. They declared that strikes during the period of consolidation of the state power in the hands of the Soviets constituted, in effect, counter-revolution, and did all they could to prevent them and to settle them quickly when they occurred. Their main job then was to help the workers' and peasants' government maintain order and put down its class enemies. The unions led the movement "back to work," realizing that the factories must be kept going, under workers' control, if the working population was to be supplied with clothes and needed commodities.

"Workers' control" at that time meant ownership of the factories and workshops by the particular group of workers employed in them, but rather operation of a sort of control committee to check up on the activities of the private employer and to see that he ran his plant with the greatest possible efficiency consistent with those turbulent days. If an employer fled from the scene this committee would take over the operation of the enterprise, which war forthwith nationalized. Workers' control was thus in itself not the socialization of the factory, but in practice it often proved to be the first step in this direction. In the working out of this process the union proved to be the uniting and integrating factor, giving order and uniformity to acts of local factory committees. In the course of this important duty the unions became themselves virtually a part of the machinery of government.

The new role of the unions was discussed at the First All-Russian Congress of Trade Unions called in Petrograd in January, 1918. This congress recognized the fact that the whole question of workers' control was bound up with "the general system of regulation of national economy; that it is the basis of state regulation." It likewise decided that the trade unions could not be neutral in the struggle to establish socialism during the period of proletarian dictatorship. Consequently it passed resolutions strongly supporting the Soviet Government and expressing its desire to work with it in the tremendous task of economic construction. The congress also confirmed the action of the conference of trade unions held the previous June, that "the factory committees must become local organs of the union" and should not carry on an existence separate and apart from the union movement. Accordingly it abolished the Central Council of the Factory Committees which hitherto had played an independent role in uniting the committees of various factories. This congress also strengthened the "production principle" of organization, provided fof a further centralization of the union on vertical lines and stressed the role of the unions in the industrial upbuilding of the country.

The story of the unions during the entire period of war communism would provide material for a separate volume. Briefly, it may be said that from this time on the unions, firmly led by the Communist Party, held economic and political views practically identical with those of the leaders of the Party and the government. During the long and trying period of the civil wars the unions were practically mobilization centers, and skilled union workers from the metal, textile and other factories were the shock troops that drove back the White armies and the foreign interventionists on every front. In regions where the counter-revolutionary forces were successful for a time the unions were wiped out and their leaders shot. Whenever the Red troops won territory the unions were restored and workers' organizations helped to reestablish soviet control. The history of the unions during this period is the colorful and dramatic story of military campaigns in which the forces of the workers were finally successful over the forces of the capitalists, the land owners and the foreign armies of intervention.

(*To Be Continued.*)

Psychologists Convene

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 18.—A number of prominent foreign scientists are taking part in the third All-Union congress of psychologists which recently opened in Moscow, namely professors Abderhalden, Trenrelenburg, Kraemer and Hoffmann and Haldane and also a number of Soviet scientists.

The congress will hear 180 papers on physiology, bio-chemistry and pharmacology.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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AMERICAN MINE OWNER INVOLVED IN DONETZ PLOT

Krijanovsky's Conspirator, Received a Salary of 300 Rubles a Month from U. S. Capitalist

Forced to Admit His Guilt After Severe Cross-Examination by Krylenko

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 19.—Engineer Krijanovsky, accused of criminal sabotage in the huge Donetz conspiracy against the Soviet Union, admitted upon examination yesterday that he had been paid a salary of 300 rubles ($150) a month by an American firm known as Stuart's, and that he had participated in the plot to destroy the coal industry of the U. S. S. R.

His admission of guilt followed a long statement against him by Prosecutor Krilenko of the Soviet Government, who had accused him of having continually backed the American Stuart firm in preference to that operated by the Soviet Union, in consideration of the monthly salary.

Following the adjournment of the trial this afternoon, the American, Stuart, in a statement to American newspaper men tried to excuse his action by asserting that he had merely paid the Soviet engineers "in strict accordance with the terms" of their contract, and for nothing more.

CONFER ON PLANS TO FOOL VOTERS

Hoover, Curtis Meet; Borah Backs Ticket

WASHINGTON, June 19. — Plans for spinning the great web by which millions of votes will be lured to the side of American capitalism's efficiency engineer were discussed this afternoon at the first conference between Herbert Hoover and eSnator Charles Curtis, candidates for president and vice-president, respectively, of the republican party. A formal conference will be held Thursday with the republican national committee.

Tentative plans call for an extensive stump-speaking tour by Curtis, who is expected to concentrate on the farmers.

Among those who visited Hoover at his home today were Secretary Mellon, millionaire boss of the republican party, and Senator Borah, alleged "progressive" and "insurgent" who expressed great satisfaction with the republican ticket and offered to stump in its behalf.

Smith to Pick Successor.

Al Smith will take a little time off from his personal campaign for the democratic presidential nomination to name the Tammany Hall candidate for his job as governor of New York state.

Among those mentioned as likely candidates for the Tammany reward of the governorship is Aldermanic President Joseph V. McKee, who was active in putting thru the traction betrayal and also backed the bus franchise sell-out to the Morgan controlled Fifth Avenue Bus Co.

Another possible choice is Controller Charles W. Berry, a close friend and admirer of Governor Smith and one of the most faithful servants of Tammany Hall.

MUST HEED LAST CALL OF "DAILY"

Workers Urged to Make Final Effort Today

The last call for contributions to raise the $10,000 fund to save The DAILY WORKER is out today. This will be a final test of the devotion of the class-conscious workers of this country to their fighting "Daily." Only $475.10 was received yesterday, leaving 695.89 still to be raised by 6 o'clock this evening.

Workers, what will be your answer? After so many heroic sacrifices, you must not fail at the end!

The following contributions were received yesterday:

Lithuanian Fraction, $69; J. B. Collins, NYC, $15; 3E 3F, NYC, $4; T. Sturgis, 2E 1F, NYC, $4; Frank Rosetta, NYC, $2; Clara Friedberg, NYC, $3; May Helfgott, NYC, $2.25; J. Lithinsky, Brooklyn, N. Y., $10; May Helfgott, NYC, $6; F. Grossman (shop collection, N. Y.), $4; Love, NYC, $1; 2A 1F, NYC, $1; 2A 1F, J. Cooper, NYC, $1; 2A 1F, [illegible] Cooper, NYC, $1; 2A 1F, S. Solomon, NYC, $1; 2A 1F, Takis, NYC, $3; 2C 1F, NYC, [illegible]; C. Zahn, NYC, $2; J. [illegible], NYC, $1; I. Lerner, NYC, $1; [illegible], NYC, 50c; Russian Ukrainian [illegible], N. Y., $17.50; Henry [illegible]

(Continued on Page Three)

MILL COMMITTEE DEFIES BARONS TO OPEN PLANTS

Continue Court Terror Against Pickets

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 19.—Responding to the news made public yesterday that the cotton manufacturers' association "threatens" to reopen the 56 mills shut down by the strike of the 28,000 textile workers here, the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the T. M. C. issued a statement declaring that they would welcome this challenge of the mill barons. "We would then prove that the employers could not get enough men to break ranks as would be required to operate a single plant," the statement says. The announcement that the employers intend to "open" the gates was made in the bosses' trade journals.

Fine Picketers.

Elizabeth Donneley, representative of Workers' International Relief, and the organizer of the children's strike clubs of the Textile Mills Committee, was fined $20 on the usual charge of disturbing the peace, which consists of singing or even whistling on the picket lines.

Jackson Wales, Harvard student, and New Bedford resident, who several months ago aligned himself with the Textile Mill Committee and participated in the picketing under their leadership, was fined $20 on each of two counts of "peace disturbance." He appealed, after being forced to provide $600 in sureties. Another "disturbing the peace" charge was added to the large number accumulated by William T. Murdoch, secretary of the union. He and thirteen others also appeared for trial in the criminal session of the Supreme Court Thursday.

Picket Mills.

The Textile Mills Committee picket leaders yesterday led over 350 strikers in a picket demonstration that encompassed the Hathaway, Page, Sharp, Gosnold and Wamsutta Mills. The mills committee picket line merged itself with the 50 pickets brought out by Textile Council.

PASSAIC MEET TO AID MILL STRIKE

Plan Tag Day for New Bedford Relief

Answering to the call sent out by the New Bedfordr textile strikers, 60 delegates, representing 32 organizations in Passaic, gathered in the Polish People's House on Monroe St. and organized a New Bedford Relief Conference in Passaic, as a permanent machinery to solicit funds for strike relief.

Gustav Deak, organizer of the textile workers in Passaic, who has just returned from New Bedford, gave a report on the strike situation, and urged the delegates to organize the mill workers to collect and rush funds to the strikers. The conference then unanimously adopted a plan proposing the holding of a tag day in Passaic on July 7.

A resolution calling upon all organized labor in the city to assist in and contribute to all relief raising plans was also unanimously carried.

Dam Burst in Canada

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 19.—A huge irrigation dam is reported to have burst at Kelowna, B. C., this morning, inundating several large fruit ranches, washing out the side of a mountain for a half a mile and swamping the Kettle Valley railway tracks where the waters took out several hundred yards of trackage and tied up the Vancouver-Nelson line traffic. No buildings were reported to have been in the way of the flood.

Fund to Save the Daily Worker Lacks $695, Must Finish Today

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER.

Comrades:

Yesterday's receipts in the campaign to save The DAILY WORKER were $475.10.

Today is the last day allowed by the ultimatum of creditors under the terms of which these creditors refuse to continue the mechanical production of The DAILY WORKER unless we complete the raising of the $10,000 before tonight.

As these words are being written a message was again delivered from these creditors who insist on an answer to the question whether this is to be the last issue of The DAILY WORKER.

Our reply is: No! This is not going to be the last issue of The DAILY WORKER. The splendid response of the militant workers determined to save their revolutionary paper must be successful. The DAILY WORKER must live and fight.

We have come within less than $700 of the total of $10,000 which we are obliged to have raised before the end of this day.

The receipts of the campaign up to last night are:

Week beginning June 3:	
Monday	$ 161.99
Tuesday	464.55
Wednesday	556.30
Thursday	576.60
Friday	695.00
Saturday	705.77
Last week (beginning June 10):	
Monday	1,660.40
Tuesday	661.20
Wednesday	712.65
Thursday	670.40
Friday	716.81
Saturday	741.86
This week:	
Monday	505.48
Tuesday	475.10
Total to last night	$9,304.11
Must raise today	$695.89

This $695 we are sure the militant working-class friends of The DAILY WORKER will contribute before this day is done. The office will remain open tonight until the balance is received. Today we urge all comrades, sympathizers, working class friends to do their best to carry us over the crisis.

New York City comrades and friends are urged to bring the funds directly to the office (the office in the Workers Center at 26-28 Union Square) of The DAILY WORKER. All others are urged to rush funds by telegraph, air mail or special delivery to The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York.

THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

CAR STRIKE FOR UNION RIGHTS

Demands Include 8-Hour Day

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 19.—Tramway transportation throughout central and western Connecticut will be tied up if the Connecticut Co. continues its refusal to recognize and deal with the street car men's union. A strike vote has authorized officers to call out thousands of trolley men as soon as international headquarters at Detroit gives its approval.

Recognition of the union, arbitration of the demand for the 8-hour day and a voice in the disciplining of employes are leading demands. Car men in Meriden, Hartford, Middletown, Stamford, Derby, Waterbury, Norwalk and New Haven are involved.

STRIKE AGAINST "LIBERAL" RULE

Communists Defend Swedish Workers

STOCKHOLM, June 19.—Despite protests, including a strike, by the labor movement, and vigorous opposition by the Communist Party, the liberal government has driven through parliament its two bills establishing an industrial court and making compulsory the exact observance of all labor agreements now in existence.

These collective agreements are to be made effective by a special court of 7 members, whose decisions will be final. No suspension of a collective agreement is to be permitted, even over a dispute as to what the agreement means.

Elections next fall will give the workers a chance to show how deeply they resent this harness.

Again Report Death of Chang Tso-lin

LONDON, June 19.—A Central News dispatch from Tientsin tonight stated that the Mukden authorities have officially announced the death of Chang Tso-lin, former dictator of the Chinese northern government.

Chang Tso-lin was reported injured during his trip from Peking several weeks ago when he left with his forces at the approach of the nationalist forces.

Back From Soviet Union

Kate Gitlow, militant leader of American women workers and secretary of the United Council of Workingclass Women, who has just returned from Soviet Russia, where she spent six months studying the conditions of the Russian working class.

'Mother' Gitlow Tells of Role of USSR Women

Six months in the Soviet Union have been six months increasing revolutionary inspiration to Kate Gitlow, secretary of the United Council of Workingclass Women and one of the leaders of the class-conscious women workers in this country.

Mother Gitlow as she is known is back in Ne wYork now after what she terms one of the greatest experiences in her life. Leaving New York in the latter part of October to attend the 10th Anniversary of the first workers' and peasants' republic as the delegate of the United Council of Workingclass Women, she remained for six months, studying conditions there and particularly the conditions of the workingclass women.

Socialism Being Built.

Her eyes glowed with enthusiasm as she sat in the office of The DAILY WORKER yesterday telling of her trip. "The spirit of the workers and their faith in the Soviet government are beyond belief," she said. "There is absolutely no doubt that socialism is being built in the Soviet Union The first impression that one gets everywhere is that this is a workers' country where the workers rule and

(Continued on Page Two)

MINER SMOTHERED BY FALL OF COAL

Operator Neglects Safety Provisions

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

WILKES BARRE, Pa., June 16. (By Mail).—News was received here today of the death of Anthony Morishus, a coal digger of Minersville who was smothered by a fall of coal while at work at the Thompson Colliery.

Rescue squads were sent to the scene but were too late to save his life. Insufficient supports to the roof and improper safety precautions by the company are believed to be the cause of the accident. Morishus was 35 years old and unmarried.

RUSH PLANES FOR NICARAGUA "POLL"

Officers Will Command Sections; Rush Bomber

MANAGUA, June 19.—Following the report that a fifth army bombing plane is on its way to this country from the Anacostia air station in the United States, plans are being perfected for rushing the operation of the electoral machinery in preparation for the approaching elections.

General Frank R. McCoy, American supervisor, under whose command the lections will virtually take place, has arrived in Nicaragua and had his first conference with president Diaz shortly after. Definite announcement was then made that the American marine officers will act as departmental heads during the balloting.

To Kill 48-Hour Law in Louisiana Legislature

NEW ORLEANS, June 19.—The bills introduced in the state legislature here, restricting the working hours of women to 48, are expected to get short shrift since it was learned that the Association of Commerce has signified its desire that these bills be killed.

The chamber of commerce also turned thumbs down on a measure which provides that employers pay 20 per cent of lawyers' fees in suits to collect back wages. Boss control of governmental machinery is so arrogant here that they don't even pretend to hide the hatred of labor.

MELLON SCABS KNIFE A MINE PICKET

Coal Diggers Force Demand for Expulsion of Strikebreakers

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 19.—While Raoul Daniel of McDonald, Pa., is in Mercy hospital here recovering from knife wounds inflicted by three scabs of the Pittsburgh Coal Company who attacked him near his home late last week, workers of McDonald are clamouring for the expulsion of all strikebreakers from the country.

Octavio Ourago and a man known as Almadarez, attacked Daniels after the latter asked them to join the strike as they passed him in the road. The men turned on the striker. One plunged a knife into Daniels' neck and another thrust into his abdomen. The third assailant is unknown.

THE demands of McDonald workers that steps be taken to remove all strikebreakers from the vicinity proved fruitless when county authorities protested that they had no power to act in the matter. Still indignant over the unprovoked assault, workers are insisting on action. The two knife-wielders are under arrest.

MINE CONVENTION COMMITTEE CALLS FOR LABOR'S AID

Chairman Watt Predicts Lewis Will Get Knock Out Blow at September Meeting

Appeals to Workers to Support Coal Diggers in Difficult Task of Building Union

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, June 19.—Calling upon the labor movement as a whole to make the miners' struggle its own, John J. Watt, chairman of the National Miners' Convention arrangements committee, and one of the leaders of the movement for a new mine union, yesterday issued a call for support in making the coming mine convention a success.

Rank and File To Act.

The time has arrived, the statement declares, when the rank and file in the miners' union must take matters in their own hands. The betraying policies of Lewis and his treacherous clique has crippled, beyond repair, the once powerful miners' union. At this moment the hundreds of thousands of miners in this country are at the complete mercy of the coal operators. Quick action is required to save the miners from the misery and slavery which faces them.

On June 12th, a conference of the recently elected executives of Districts 5, 6 and 12, and other nationally known miners was held in Pittsburgh, Pa. The result of this conference was the issuing of a call for a national miners' convention to form a new powerful union in the mining industry, to be held in Pittsburgh, Pa., on September 9-16, 1928.

Representative Convention.

Every worker must realize that it is of utmost importance that every local union of the crippled United Mine Workers of America is represented at this historical convention. It is also very essential that the miners of the unorganized territories, so treacherously betrayed by Lewis, be well represented at the convention.

This convention must be made a huge success. This convention will give the knockout blow to the entire rotten Lewis machine. A successful national miners' convention, and the organization of a clean and strong miners' union, will mean new hope and life to the entire working class of this country.

Difficult Task.

But to accomplish this is a difficult task. A great deal of organization work has to be done and much money is needed. Already the reactionary forces of the Lewis machine, with the assistance of the state troopers, deputies and coal and iron police, have started a campaign of terrorism against the progressive forces in the mining fields. Mass meetings and conferences are being broken up and the miners clubbed and arrested.

Workers! Come to our aid. This fight is your fight also! Without the aid of the entire working class we are doomed to fail. We promise you that nothing will stop us to bring this struggle to a successful conclusion. You must give us your support. We need funds at once.

Send help to Convention Arrangements Committee, 119 Federal St., N. S., Room 411, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN J. WATT, Chairman.

STRIKE IN GREECE SPREADS WHILE FIGHTING RAGES

Government Despatches More Troops

PARIS, June 19.—Admitting that the situation thruout the country is crucial for them, the Greek authorities, in spite of a severe censorship, yesterday indicated that martial law has been proclaimed in all sections where street fighting is going on, troops have been called out, and that a number of warships are being rushed to Lesbos, in the island of Mytelene, where a squadron of the fleet has mutinied in support of the striking tobacco workers and others.

While almost no news is being permitted to filter thru the rigorous censorship, which the government has clamped down, reports that the seamen have joined the general walkout of all industries have been substantiated.

Spreading thruout the country from the Piraeus to northern Macedonia, the general strike is bringing all sections of the workers out in a militant movement, which is unusual for its spontaneity. Actual call for a general strike has not yet been issued but it is thought that the spontaneous walk-out of the workers will force the leadership of the Federation of Labor to act today.

Reports of casualties due to the fierce fighting between the police and the workers in the struggles of yesterday and two day's ago are being completely suppressed, but it is believed that they may have been considerable.

FRANC STABLE AT LABOR'S EXPENSE

PARIS, June 19.—The stabilization of the franc promised by Poincare will be realized Saturday according to a decision of the French government, but at the expense of the workers.

The present exchange value of the franc is slightly above four cents instead of its normal rate of nineteen cents. This means that to satisfy the interests of French bankers and foreign creditors the French workers must permanently accept their wages with money less than one-fourth its face value. The French workers are living under a terrible system of exploitation and now they are assured of an indefinite continuation of their condition by the "stabilization" program of the Poincare government.

Peril of Italia Crew Is Growing More Imminent

LONDON, June 19.—The position of the Nobile party was described as extremely dangerous in a central news dispatch received from Kings Bay this afternoon. The dispatch said that fissures are growing in the melting ice pack upon which the explorers sought refuge.

Many Killed in Mexico

MEXICO CITY, June 19.—An unknown number of peons are reported to have been killed and scores are suffering as the result of the earthquake which is shaking half a dozen Mexican states.

Tuxtutepec, in Oaxaca, felt seventy-two shocks in twenty-four hours crashing many buildings and endangering many lives.

To Try Dirigible Flight.

LONG BEACH, Cal., June 18. — Dr. Hugo Eckner, noted as a builder of Zeppelins, will attempt a dirigible flight from Friedrichshafen, Germany, to this city in July, according to news reaching here today. The distance between the two cities is approximately 10,000 miles.

BERKELEY PICNIC ON NEXT SUNDAY

BERKELEY, Calif., June 19.—An unusually attractive program and entertainment and talks is promised for the annual DAILY WORKER picnic to be held at Neptune Beach next Sunday, June 24.

Thousands of militant workers of Berkeley and adjoining cities are expected to attend. The "Daily" picnic is one of the most popular events of the year.

Leninist Athletic Club Wins From Luxemburgs

BALTIMORE, Md., June 19.—After a hard fight watched by 800 people at the Cooperative Shore of Baltimore, the Lenin Athletic Club defeated the Luxemberg Athletic Club in a well-played game to the score of 5 to 1.

Isaacs and Rankin starred for the Leninists, while Marshall and Botkin performed well for the Luxemberg A. C.

JOBLESS PAINTER A SUICIDE.

Abraham Rabowitz, 48, an unemployed painter, committed suicide by slashing his throat with a knife yesterday in the bathroom of his home at 246 Clinton St.

Mrs. Rabowitz said that her husband had been despondent for weeks because he had not found work.

Piece Work System Is Shown as New Source of Graft in the Amalgamated

"SCRIP" IS SYMBOL OF THE PEONAGE AMONG THE COAL MINERS

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 19.—Two hundred and fifty non-union miners of the Sonmon Shaft coal company in Sonmon, Central Pennsylvania, will receive their next pay in "scrip," or company money, it was reported here yesterday to the National Miners Relief Committee.

"Scrip," little brass tokens, which are worthless except in company-owned stores, is a symbol of the peonage of the miners, and they so consider it.

The announcement follows on the heels of the third wage-cut made by the company since the beginning of the year. Daymen at the diggings are receiving $5 a day. Loaders are paid for net tonnage though they load cars which are designed to hold three gross tons. None of the loaders knows the exact pay he receives for a ton.

Unable to trade elsewhere, miners paid in scrip must pay exorbitant prices at the company stores. The mine management is generous with advances to employes between pay-days, which come only once in two weeks. The miners often find themselves with no money and in debt to the company when pay-day comes. An attempt to leave town under such circumstances means a beating and a jail sentence.

ANT CAMPAIGN IS ORGANIZED BY POWER BARONS

Reveal Nation-Wide Drive in Schools

WASHINGTON, June 19. — A giant campaign by organized electric power and gas interests to seize control of the country's entire educational system, clearing the way for domination of economic and political action, was disclosed yesterday.

The immediate object is to instil "sound" doctrine into all Americans from the child of seven to "political, legislative, administrative and regulatory bodies."

To this end propagandists of these interests are "in contact with school and college students in more than 30 states," re-enforced by powerful pressure upon textbook writers and publishers and the hammering home of "sound" ideas in thousands of columns of free newspaper space.

Of such overpowering proportions is this movement that one of the leading propagandists boasted that in a few years he and his fellows would "create for the first time in the long history of mankind, a definite, sound school of economic thought, not only among economists, but amng all the people."

These disclosures were made in a hitherto secret document supoenaed by the trade commission, reporting in fullest detail the proceedings at a meeting of 19 directors of the propaganda activity gathered together from all sections of the country.

This document is considered in official quarters a master key to propaganda activities which for eight years past, in mounting volume, have flooded with material what the power interests demanded should be thought.

It throws wide doors the commission has opened little by little, and summarizes and interprets — in the language of the power spokesmen themselves—reams of written reports which have gone into the commission's record piece-meal.

The extravagant prophecy that the first "sound school of economic thought" in history was to be set up was made by J. B. Sheridan of St. Louis, director of a network of propaganda in Missouri which has reached out to virtually every section of the country. He will be a witness in the investigation tomorrow.

The power interests delegated to this man, the task of reviewing the textbooks on civics and economics used in all parts of the United States, to find out what was being taught that they did not want taught, and how to have it "eliminated."

His accomplishments and his aims were set forth at the meeting described in the document. It was held during the seventh annual convention of the American Gas Association in Atlantic City in October, 1925, with many utility leaders sitting in with the propagandists at their session.

Since that time, the commission's record shows, hundreds of thousands of dollars have been poured into propaganda work, and every form of it has been extended.

Bomb Injures Seven In Detroit Building

DETROIT, June 19.—Seven persons were injured today when a bomb exploded in the corridor of the County Building here. The bomb was discovered in a lavatory and carried into the corridor where it exploded while several people were throwing water on it. Three men seen running from the scene were arrested.

U. S. Militarism is Proud of Him

Capt. Emilio Carranza is being employed by American and Mexican interests to play the role formerly given to Col. Charles Lindbergh. Carranza's recent flight from Mexico to the United States reflects the growing understanding between the big business interests of both countries which led to the neutralization of the oil legislation. The picture shows Major-General Hanson Ely, notorious militarist, with his hand affectionately embracing the Mexican fladgling.

WORLD TOURIST PRAISES U.S.S.R.

Cites Value of Soviet Union for Americans

"Russia is still a closed book to the millions in America, and a sensible method of building up a firm basis of friendship between these two great countries, is closer personal contact and the sweeping away of distorted pictures of each other's lives," said M. Maurice, a director of the World Tourists, Inc., of 69 Fifth Ave., New York City, who spent the past winter in Soviet Russia securing the renewal of the contract given to the World Tourists, Inc. to arrange tours thruout the Soviet Republics in cooperation with the official travel bureau of the Soviet government.

"No country has more beautiful natural wonders or greater treasures ot art than Russia," continued Maurice. "One can within a week, brouse thru the sub-tropics of Tiflis and Crimea, travel thru the scenic marvels of the Caucasas and trek the rick soil of the Volga district."

The World Tourists, Inc., at once visualized the tremendous tourist possibilities of this vast country and was the first company to bring this field of unusual tours and interest to the American people.

DEGREES FOR POLITICIANS

HANOVER, N. H., June 19.—Former Secretary of War Newton D. Baker and United States Senator George H. Moses were among those receiving honorary degrees today at the 150th annual commencement at Dartmouth College. They were awarded the degree of Doctor of Laws.

KILLED BY TRAIN WRECK

ONTARIO, Cal., June 19.—One man was killed and two others are believed to be dead as a result of the derailment of a Southern Pacific fast freight train, one half mile west of here today.

DONN BYRNE DEAD

CORK, Ireland, June 19.—Donn Byrne, short story writer and novelist was found dead today by his secretary beside his overturned automobile.

"BUILD THE CAMP" STAMPS NOW OUT

W.I.R. Builds Vacation Place for Children

"Build-the-Camp" stamps to aid in the building of the new children's camp of the Workers' International Relief are now ready for distribution, it was announced last night.

The fund to establish and maintain this workers children's camp must receive immediate support, if the project to invite non-paying children of strikers and unemployed workers is to be carried out, it was stated.

"Build-the-Camp" stamps come in twenty-five, fifty and one dollar denominations. It has an attractive green-tinted woodland picture of a camper's tent out of which six healthy youngsters peep merrily. These stamps are to be sold to those labor organizations and individuals who realize the importance of providing the children of the working class with a camp where they may vacation in an atmosphere friendly to labor.

Those interest may apply for the stamps at the Workers' International Relief Headquarters, Room 604, 1 Union Square, New York.

Plan General Strike in Bogota; Phones Tied Up

BOGOTA, June 19.—In spite of assurances by representatives of the British telephone company that they will grant the wage increase for which their operators have been on strike for some weeks, the strikers are going ahead with preparations for a general strike and boycott, in view of a breaking off of negotiations by the company.

The walk-out of the telephone workers, which has tied up telephone communications in Bogota for some time and has caused considerable losses to the British interests has had the full support of all sections of the Colombian workers. A recent drive to raise funds for the continuation of the strike brought about an unusual demonstration of solidarity with the strikers.

SOVIET WOMEN PLAY BIG ROLE, SAYS K. GITLOW

Banquet for Veteran Leader Saturday

(Continued from Page One)

where the power of the bourgeoisie has been destroyed.

"The workers and the poor peasants accept the leadership of the Communist Party and refer to it as 'Our Party,' even tho they themselves may not be members. And the Soviet government is a government under which women have equal rights, both political and economic, with the men. The condition of the women and children is the special care of the government. The maternity law excuses women from work two months before and two months after the birth of the child with full pay. After she returns to work, the mother is permitted to take one and a half to two hours off daily to nurse her child. The government also provides clothes for the infant and hospital care is free. Nurseries for children are attached to the factories.

Educational Program.

"A wide and intensive educational program," continued Comrade Gitlow, "is carried on among the working women and the workers' wives as well as among the peasant women. This work is carried on by the Communist Party, chiefly thru the women comrades. The results are truly remarkable. Only those who have known as I have the condition of the working and peasant women of Russia before the Revolution can appreciate the tremendous change that has taken place. Women who five years ago were illiterate, unable to read or write, are now active on workers' newspapers and are writing leaflets and pamphlets.

"I met an old peasant woman who is now 68 years old and has learned to read and write only within recent years. This old peasant woman is the author of a pamphlet on the homeless waifs in Soviet Russia which has had a tremendous circulation."

Attended Womens' Conference.

Comrade Gitlow attended a number of women's conferences during her stay in the Soviet Union. She was one of the speakers at a conference of factory women's delegates at the 10th anniversary of the Soviet Union. This gathering was also addressed by Clara Zetkin, Krupskaya and by a number of rank and file factory women. One of the most interesting meetings she attended was an All-Russian conference of the writers and readers delegates of a working women's newspaper, held in Moscow on International Woman's Day, March 8. This paper has a daily circulation of 200,000 and has 4,000 women worker correspondents.

Comrade Kate Gitlow will probably have more to tell of her experience in the Soviet Union when the militant women workers of New York officially welcome back this veteran of more than 30 years in the American revolutionary movement. The welcome will be in the form of a banquet that has been arranged by the United Council of Workingclass Women for Saturday evening at 6 o'clock at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E 4th Street. A large crowd is expected at this affair.

Flies Across Atlantic

Amelia Earhart, the first woman flier to successfully cross the Atlantic Ocean. Hopping off from Newfoundland, the airplane Friendship, in which the flight was made, landed in Wales less than 21 hours later.

MORE JOBLESS IN SHOE INDUSTRY

WASHINGTON, (FP), June 19. — Unemployment is worse in the shoe industry this month than in May, according to the mid-June report of the U. S. Employment Service, which always is optimistic. Seasonal slackness of activity is given as the reason why shoe workers have been laid off in great numbers.

New England cities in general show a "surplus of labor" in many lines, while the middle western states report better employment in the automotive industry and in farming and road work. Textile centers report no improvement.

Significant of the permanency of unemployment in America, as machinery has replaced man-power, is the report from Anderson and Kokomo, Ind., among other towns: "All plants were in operation throughout the month, but the volume of employment was not great enough to absorb all resident workers."

MAYOR RETREATS FROM Y. W. C. L.

Workers Put Stickers on Recruiting Signs

CHICAGO, June 19.—Anti-Militarist activities of the Young Workers (Communist) League here have aroused the wrath of Major Edmund R. Andrews, who is wondering what he can do about the matter. Following a bitter denunciation of the league and hopes of finding those who have "defaced" army recruiting signs with posters exposing the military preparations, which was published in the capitalist press here, the major received an official letter from the league. The District Organizer, Leon Plott, challenged Major Andrews to a public debate on the subject: "Resolved, that the C. M. T. C. is against the true interests of the American youth."

The letter from the youth league stated that "failing to accept the challenge will be interpreted by us as an unwillingness on your part to defend a weak case and we will do our utmost to make this known to the youth everywhere."

The major, who has just been so anxious to find members of the league, made a quick retreat when about to meet one in flesh and blood, and refused to accept the challenge.

STONE CUTTERS' UNION IN SUIT

Blackstone Comp. Asks $300,000 Damages

Following the precedent set in the New Bedford stonecutters case of last year which denied workers the right to refuse to work on non-union materials, another company has filed suit against the stonecutters' union for refusing to handle their non-union products. The company is the Blackstone Company of New Haven, which has filed suit against all organizations of the Stone Cutters' Union, both national and local, for $300,000.

The company, according to reports, has already secured federal injunctions against the union.

BOSSES OPENLY ADMIT CHANCES FOR CORRUPTION

Hillman Is "Blind" to Rich Pickings

An extremely clear connection is being established, between the imminent introduction of piece work in the men's clothing industry, which the union officials are enthusiastically putting thru over the protests of the tailors, and the recent exposures of a deeply intrenched system of graft in the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union.

Even employers are beginning to admit openly their fear that the system of piece work will be used as a inexhaustable source of graft by the corrupt machine controlling the workers organization. It is even admitted that the graft disbursments along this line are by no means in the future, information being available to the effect that first payments have already been made.

While all this is going on President Hillman is still conducting what he terms "an unrelenting investigation." Despite all his "probing" it is stated that he also knows of officials in the administration who are on the payroll of the Contractors' Association.

There are also individuals in the union administration who are at the same time partners in certain clothing manufacturing firms. Officials have been known to receive appreciative "gifts" not only from individual employers, but from an employers' association as a whole. Heads of the machine, it is further learned, have been sent on lengthy and enjoyable vacations, paid for by money given by doting bosses.

With all those facts easily available to Hillman, the "holp president" still continues to declare that he is dilligently digging for "evidence" of misbehavior.

Another interesting fact: At the recent convention of the A. C. W. in Cincinnati, the 300 delegates to the convention were accompanied by about 700 "guests." These were the paid officialdom, who did all necessary arranging for the maniacal horn-tooting and hammer-banging demonstrations that remained the outstading achievements of the convention. It was now brought to light that the money necessary to pay for the numerous parties and banquets, inudlged in by the machine "guests" from New York, came from a so-called voluntary tax of one hour's work levied on the workers here. Faced with convincing arguments by the Beckerman officials, that the job would be forfeited, most workers decided to "volunteer" the one hour tax.

SLAVES IN BYNUM'S COTTON YARN MILL

"I'm So Tired," Complains Girl Worker in Carolina Village

BYNUM, N. C., June 19. (FP) — "This is a cheap place," exclaimed an 18-year old night worker in Bynum's cotton yarn mill. "They won't put electric lights in the houses or do anything much for you. And they don't pay as much as some other places."

With electric street lamps nearby, she thought the J. M. Odell Manufacturing Company could put lights into its village houses. Only the super's house has electricity. The workers and under-bosses have to use coal oil lamps.

Tired.

"I'm so tired," the girl complained wearily. "Tending 14 sides (spinning) is hard work." She had worked from 6.20 p. m. to 5.40 a. m., the previous night and was up at noon. "Can't sleep any more after I'm once awake," she said listlessly, slumping into her chair. "I hate cotton mill work—not going to do it all my life, if I can help it."

This girl, with her two sisters working day shift, are the chief support of their family. The mother works as "midnight hand" from 6.20 p. m. until 12 or later, until she makes what she thinks she should for the shift. The day workers, one 21 and the other 16, go on at 6.20 a. m. and quit at 6.20 p. m., with one hour out for lunch. Night workers get only 20 minutes out for eating at midnight.

All Are Slaves.

The father, carpenter, finds work in his line scarce in the cotton mill village. So he tends the vegetable patch, chickens and pigs and does most of the cooking. The son, 12, has two more years at the county school before he will be taken into the mill.

"None of us has ever had any high school," the 18-year old girl said. Her oldest sister, now married, had started work at 13, and the rest at 14. She coughed harshly, although she had no cold.

• • •

BYNUM is another of the south's little country mills. North Carolina especially has many of them. It is on the same Haw river which gives power to Saxapahaw mill farther up. The Bynum mill was established in 1888. Its village is set on the steep hillside in blocks, most of the houses gray inside and out, or drab tan, and of similar pattern, with sheet iron roofs. Water has to be drawn from the half dozen pitcher-pump wells, Toilets are rough outhouses.

For a month the Bynum mill has been on short time—four days a week. It gives the workers a chance to catch up with their sleep but it does cut their earnings. The bright young spinner who speeds to tend 14 sides boasts that she can make up to $4 a night occasionally. Her weekly pay envelope is much fatter than the $2 plus daily average for southern mill workers. Her own sisters make considerably less as winders—$2.25 a day when they are lucky.

Bynum hasn't even a movie. The nearest is at Chapel Hill, the university town 12 miles away. The mother is pleased at this "because the children want to go every day, when one's near."

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Police Believed To Be Preparing Wholesale Persecution of Cuban Workers

MACHADO PLOTS CAMPAIGN WITH SECRET SERVICE

Forged Documents to Figure in Arrests

HAVANA, Cuba, June 19.—Wholesale arrests of leading workers are expected as the result of reports which have been made by the Havana police to the Cuban government. The police representations were made directly to president Machado.

Preparations for a countrywide drive against all militant and progressive labor organizations and leaders is believed to be contemplated by the Cuban authorities acting under the directions of president Machado. Dozens of forged documents implicating leading workers in revolutionary activity are reported to have been prepared by the police, and a general persecution is on the cards.

The chiefs of the secret and judicial police and of section 1 of the municipal police of Havana have been in secret audience with Machado and details were elaborated at that time for the campaign of terror, it is intimated.

The maneuver of the Cuban government is merely the last of a series which have resulted in the murder, [illegible]ding, jailing and deportation of scores of workers and their leaders.

RELIEF WORKER IS FINED $37.20

Arrested for Talking to Miners

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

WHEELING, W. Va., June 19.—Phillip Schatz, publicity assistant for the National Miners' Relief Committee who was arrested by a state trooper when he attempted to interview miners on the picket line before the Triadelphia number two mine of the Elm Grove Mining Company, was fined $37.20 by Justice of the Peace Wickham, Thursday, June 14. Schatz was charged with disorderly conduct and trespassing.

O. B. Pryor, superintendent of the mine near which Schatz was arrested, testified against the relief representative on both charges. Schatz paid the fine in lieu of serving a total of 40 days in jail.

Professor Urges Relief.

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

LAKE GENEVA, Wisc., June 19.—"How many present here have contributed even one dollar for the relief of the striking coal miners in the bituminous field?" This challenge to the avowals of active interest in Labor problems made by college students was hurled by Jerome Davis of Yale University, Thursday. More than 1,000 students assembled here at the annual conference of the Students Association.

Davis, an associate professor of sociology at Yale, was invited to address the conference on the relationship of the labor problem to industry. Besides advising students interested in labor questions to study conditions in the shops and industrial establishments of their fathers, the sociologist pointed to miners' relief as a fruitful avenue for work and study. "These miners need help," Davis told his audience, "and anyone interested in the labor movement will feed them as well as engage in dispassionate sociological study.

Urges Sale of Certificates

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 19.—"Press the sale of Solidarity Certificates," is the word from Alfred Wagenknecht, director of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. "With the institution of a campaign of police terror in West Virginia unequalled during the present strike, with new stories of privation coming to our office every day, the workers all over the country must not only talk solidarity. They must prove it with efforts never before equalled by a relief movement in this country," Wagenknecht declared.

Carnegie Steel Company Worker Dies of Injury

PITTSBURGH, June 19.—Antonio Pucci, 44, of 8 Duquesne Ave., Duquesne, died in the West Penn Hospital early yesterday from pneumonia resulting from a compound fracture of the right leg suffered on May 31 when he was caught in a bolt-cutting machine at the Duquesne plant of the Carnegie Steel Company, according to a coroner's report.

PRINTING TRADES CONVENE JULY 23.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y. (FP).—The 32nd annual convention, New York state allied printing trades council, meets in Glens Falls, July 23.

Conspirators All; but Wall Street Finances the Plot

The three men shown in the picture are three of the instruments by which Wall Street has seized upon Nicaragua for the purpose of exploiting its resources and enslaving its people. The last step in this process is to be the American marine-supervised elections by which the American interests intend to retain their grip on the country. From left to right the men are Brigadier-general Logan Feland who commands the marines that occupied Nicaragua. Next is Adolfo Diaz, American supported president, who connives at American seizure of his land. Next to him is Frank R. McCoy, deputized by the American interests to supervise the election.

MUST HEED LAST CALL FOR FUNDS

Nearly $700 Required to Save "Daliy"

(Continued from Page One)

Mobozsymuk, South Bend, Ind., $1: N. Dymytromylnyychuk, South Bend, Ind., $1: Charles Kleinfield, Chelsea, Mass., $2; M. Pechushy, Pittsburgh, Pa., $10; A. Daltch, NYC, 50c; L. Daltch, NYC, 25c; H. Splesisen, NYC, 25c; S. Bean, NYC, 50c; A. Sheps, NYC, 25c; S. Guthert, NYC, 25c; M. Cooperman, NYC, 25c; Central St. Nucleus of Milwaukee, Wis., $3: Ivan Vutu, Willard, Ohio, $1; Martin Narod, Willard, Ohio, $1: W. A. Colich, Willard, Ohio, $1: August Schlemmur, Chisago City, Minn., $5; G. W. Murphy, Ravenna, Ohio, $5; Joseph Fischer, Monroe, Mich., $1: Inyeborg Monsus, Elbow Lake, Minn., $2; Ralph Spink, Midland, Pa., $1: Wm. & Albert Pearlman (Pioneers), Baltimore, Md., $2; M. Kegel, St. Paul, Minn., $1; Dan Rodgers, Warren, Ohio, $1: Morris Becker, Monrovia, Cal., $4; L. Pastorelch, NYC, $1; S. Orlich, NYC, $1; M. Yarich, NYC, $3; Ph. Horvat, NYC, $5; F. Widovich, NYC, $2; V. Popovich, NYC, $3; Mania Marshall, Newark, N. J., $2; Harry Field, Chicago, Ill., $5; Roxbury Lettish Club, Roxbury, Mass., $10; John Vogel, Detroit, Mich., $5; Leopold Bostjancis, Sugar Notch, Pa., $3; G. Pearson, Hartford, Conn., $2; George Billy, Baltimore, Md., $1.50; M. Palant, Springfield, Mass., $1.50; Joseph Magnagco, Rowe, Mass., $1: A. L. Pemgrove, Philadelphia, $2; E. Erikson, Berkeley, Cal., $5; George Chiotis, NYC, $1; Micke Ergenis, NYC, $1: George Margers, NYC, $1; Andron Savoy, Yonkers, $1: Stanley Cyzenski, Northampton, Mass., $2; Chinese Workers-Peasants' Alliance, Philadelphia, Pa., $10; A. Y. Kie, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Chew York, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Wong Van Gong, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Wong Arek, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Quock S. Lee, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Hartmann Liu, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Foster Tan, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Yat Lo Chong, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Chan Kum Chow, Philadelphia, Pa., $5; Hock Ming, Philadelphia, Pa., $5: Che Tung, Philadelphia, Pa., $3: Chong Chai, Philadelphia, Pa., $3: Lam Chaong, Philadelphia, Pa., $3; Lee Wah, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Teung Sing, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Chang Poy Kee, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Chang Kum, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Chang Young, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Lee Wing, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Zede G. Tsai, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Chang Soy, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; C. V. Stephenson, Toledo, Ohio, $25; John Logisky, Brooklyn, N. Y., $3; N. Panovicht, Pittsburgh, Pa., $3; Frederick Rentz, Baltimore, Md., $1; Louis Epstein, Springfield, Mass., $2; Richard Pesala, Worcester, Mass., $1; O. Halonen, Worcester, Mass., $1; A. Hyrske, Worcester, Mass., $1; N. Salo, Worcester, Mass., $1; Matt Wiitala, Worcester, Mass., $1; Hagman, Worcester, Mass., $1; A. Justen, Worcester, Mass., $1; A. Ijegn, Worcester, Mass., $1; C. A. Parta, Worcester, Mass., $1; L. E. Laine, Worcester, Mass., $1; Tepman Wyko, Worcester, Mass., 50c; Marttila, Worcester, Mass., $1; Henry Laari, Worcester, Mass., $1; Otto Ytanen, Worcester, Mass., $1; Arvi Ketola, Worcester, Mass., $1; Elio Kangos, Worcester, Mass., 50c; Peter Kaski, Worcester, Mass., 50c; A. Kedberg, Worcester, Mass., $1; Ida Miltinen, Worcester, Mass., 50c; John Hakalo, Worcester, Mass., $1; M. Carnliow, Worcester, Mass., $1; Matt Penttila, Worcester, Mass., 50c; George L. Spencer, Providence, R. I., $5; F. Lauglbauer, St. Paul, Minn., $1; Th. Fellerrer, Bronx, NYC, $3; Papernos, Detroit, Mich., $10; Herman Jensen, Milwaukee, Wis., $5; Orma Steele, Peoria, Ill., $1; S. Bicanic, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; F. Thomas, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; Pavelic, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; N. Garfield, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; Sebastin, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; Saviky, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; Drazicevic, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; Bosch, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; To. Koleff, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; Louis Senoff, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; Collection, Milwaukee, Wis., $11.82; Djakovich, Milwaukee, Wis., $1; Siegfried Seller, Los Angeles, Cal., $3; W. I. Butcher, Palmyra, Ill., $2; Kohn, Ch., Sec. 6, F3, NYC, $1; W. Uborgi, Sec. 6, F3, NYC, $2; A. Bimba, Sec. 6, F3, NYC, $1; F. Wortis, Sec. 6, F3, NYC, $1; J. Undjno, Sec. 6, F3, NYC, $1; R. Napostock, Sec. 6, F3, NYC, $1; W. Vergun, Sec. 6, F3, NYC, $2; P. Alkedola, Sec. 6, F3, NYC, $1; Wilbur N. Patterson, Zanesville, Ohio, $5; Progressive Fancy Leather Goods Workers, NYC, $21; FD 2, SS2A, NYC, $7; 2B, NYC, $4; S. Mensch, Brooklyn, N. Y., $2.50; Br. 336 W. C., NYC, $1; 5F, Section 1, NYC, $6; 6F, Section 1, NYC, $8.75; 7F, Section 1, NYC, $3; N. Y., NYC, $2; Sonia Blum, NYC, $5; J. Harkory, NYC, $2; Mike Holdanov, NYC, $2; 2F 2D, NYC, $2; Unit 18, 3C, NYC, $4.75; 1S 3E, NYC, $11.25; Com. Dimitrin, NYC, $5; H. Gordon, NYC, $5; Saul Steinberg, Brooklyn, N. Y., $1; Brady Rosenstatek, NYC, $1; 3B, NYC, $74; Ameron, NYC, $1; Sect. 1, NYC, $22.50; Night Workers Br., NYC, $2; City Executive Committee, Grand Rapids, Mich., $15; William Valenta, Grand Rapids, Mich., $5; John Norsh, Grand Rapids, Mich., $5; Abe Sompolinsky, Grand Rapids, Mich., $5; Joseph Gerbert, Grand Rapids, Mich., $2; Andrew Evanoff, Grand Rapids, Mich., $2; Louis Druker, Grand Rapids, Mich., $4.20; Carl Hamalainen, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Joseph Johnson, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Frank Meiner, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Enock Kellman, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Albin Rataanen, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Barbara Dudich, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Charles Laakso, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Carl Arola, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Dominick Krasnauskas, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Carl Raeikas, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Charles Olgyiik, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Andrew Kashankas, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Anthony Oitianis, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; John Balis, Grand Rapids, Mich., $1; Mike Rupsis, Grand Rapids, Mich., 50c; Ben Faulkner, Grand Rapids, Mich., 50c; A. Alshansky, Alden, N. Y., $1; John Ellis, Steubenville, Ohio, $2; Albert Korman, Cleveland, Ohio, $1; John Fedor, Cleveland, Ohio, $1; Joseph Oliver, Hamtramck, Mich., $5; H. Benson, NYC, $1.75; M. Shapovalov, Riverside, Cal., $3; H. G. K., NYC, $125; Thos. Mountford, Boswill, B. C., $4; J. Lieberman, Brooklyn, N. Y., $1; Young Pioneer, Horace L. Gairnus, Denver, Colo., 76c; James Hegner, Irvington, N. J., $1.50; N. J. Kuely, Worcester, Mass., $1; $5; J. Davidonis, Worcester, Mass., $1; Arnold Amio, Duluth, Minn., $4; Downtown Jewish Workers' Club, N. Y., $10; Finnish Educational Club, New Castle, Pa., $11.25; Edward Tavores, Brooklyn, N. Y., $2; John Bruker, St. Petersburg, Fla., $2; Audilio Zeno and Friends, Somerville, Mass., $7; N. Peters, So. Boston, Mass., $2; Mike Slovich, Chicago, Ill., $2; L. Klarin, NYC, $5; J. Klarin, NYC, $5; Ed. Tampfer, NYC, $1; W. P. Bran, Gleason, Wis., $1.25; John Sinclair, West Vancouver, B. C., $5; Rudolf Ornberg, Hall Quarry, Me., $3; A. Weise, Newark, N. J., $2; Nucleus 11, Youngstown, Ohio, $5; E. Sarin, Spring Grove, Ill., $3; G. Galany, Boston, Mass., $1; Harry A. Battle, Orange, Mass., $1; T. Nilo, Sea Breeze, N. Y., $5; High School Student, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; Group of Students of the Morris Evening High School, NYC, $2; George C. Hosler, Astoria, L. I., $3; W. Reny, Washington, D. C., $2; J. Mullary, Butte, Montana, $5; P. Boran, Kenosha, Wis., $5; D. Kaufman, Cleveland, Ohio, $25; Sam Fargotstein, Galveston, Texas, $10; L. Astrusky, Detroit, Mich., $5; Miss Kaufer, Detroit, Mich., $2; S. Ovagelmian, Detroit, Mich., $5; Carl Miyl, Paterson, N. J., $5; F. J. Peel, Toronto, Ont., Canada, $2; J. Faria, Brooklyn, N. Y., $2; Ed. Vandewyngaerd, Chicago Heights, Ill., $1.50

Imperialists Get Big Profits From Panama

PANAMA, June 19.—The tremendous profits of American imperialism in Panama is revealed by official figures just made public here. They show that the American rule of Panama has brought receipts to the American government of $25,974,572, which is expected to be increased to $29,000,000 before June 30.

This tremendous profit is only the direct revenue to the American government and does not include the tens of millions made by the United Fruit, mining corporations, and other sections of American imperialism here. This income explains the interest in the internal affairs of the Panamanians and in "law and order" which will keep the workers here submissive slaves.

HIRE WICKERSHAM IN THE SOVIET SUIT

Bank of France Would Like U.S.S.R. Gold

PARIS, June 19. — George W. Wickersham, formerly Attorney-General of the United States, has been employed as attorney by the Bank of France in its suit for $5,200,000 in gold sent to New York by the Soviet government last February and later returned to Europe.

The suit of the Bank of France merely demands the money and interest since March 5, but omits all reference as to why they claim the money. This is because that following the first claim, it was pointed out that the gold was not the same as deposited with the Czarist government by the Bank of France before the Revolution. Then the bank took the position that it had a right to any gold from the Soviet Union.

The suit evidently is intended as propaganda against the Soviet Union as the gold has been returned to Moscow.

Amundsen Fails to Arrive at Kings Bay

LONDON, June 19.—The non-arrival of Capt. Roald Amundsen, Norwegian polar explorer, at King's Bay this morning led to the belief that he may be trying to make a direct flight from Norway to the ice floe upon which Gen. Nobile and his companions sought refuge after the wreck of the Italia, said a message from King's Bay this evening.

Amundsen and Lieut. Dietrichsen hopped off in Commander Guilbaud's French seaplane at Tromsoe, Norway, yesterday. It was understood that they would land at King's Bay to refuel before starting for the ice field.

THREAT AGAINST YOUTH LEAGUE

Fears Communists Will Abolish "Aristocracy"

WASHINGTON, June 19. — The fight against the Citizens' Military Camps and other war preparations by the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League has caused the militarists and reactionaries of this city to "see red." A spokesmen for these elements has written a letter to the League warning the young workers that they must not become too dangerous to the capitalist system, unless they wish to arouse the "American patriotism which is a dangerous force."

"Do not try our people to far," the letter continued. "When the time comes perhaps we can speak and act in no uncertain manner. Our creed and watchword — Trust in good but keep your powder dry! And by the lord, we shall keep that powder dry. There is no place for those who stick posters up at school doors in the effort to influence the minds of pupils against everything they should be taught to respect and love."

Just what children "should" respect and love is told by the writer of the threatening communication. The letter continues: "As long as the United States exists as a nation, I pray with all my heart that we shall never lose an aristocracy!"

The letter states: "I would sooner see this land go down like Atlantis of old than in the hands of those who are trying to substitute the red flag of the Commune for our own splendid banner."

Instead of accepting the warning and decreasing their efforts, the Communist youth league has challenged the writer of the threat to a public debate.

RELIEF DIRECTOR APPEALS FOR AID

Urges Larger Sale of Certificates

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 19. — "Money thus far realized from the sale of solidarity certificates is encouraging, but the actual sums are not enough to feed the thousands of miners starving in their fight to save their union and the whole labor movement," declares Alfred Wagenknecht, relief director for the National Miners Relief Committee.

Solidarity certificates were issued by the central office of the national relief organization two months ago. The certificates, sold in denominations from 25 cents to $10, symbolize the necessity of unity between coal diggers and workers in other fields of production as the only protection against the open shop and crushing wage-cuts for both. One hundred thousand books of solidarity certificates, each with a total value of $25 are now in circulation, according to the relief director. "Every certificate in circulation should be sold immediately," Wagenknecht declared, "and the money forwarded to headquarters."

Two Injured When Plane Hits Building in Ohio

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 19.—Two men were seriously injured last night when their airplane struck an apartment building and then crashed in an adjoining open space.

The men are Captain Kelley and Harry J. Neil. Both today were reported to be in a serious condition, although doctors said that they might recover.

The plane, a government machine, ripped off one corner of the building and then crashed in the open lot.

FRENCH ARMIES INVADE MOROCCO MOUNTAIN LAND

Start New Campaign Against Moors

ALGIERS, June 19.—An army of 45,000 French soldiers has carried the French campaign against the Moroccan tribes into the Atlas mountains and occupied a number of startegic positions. The immediate objective of campaign is the control of the sources of water used by the populations in the lower regions.

Plans have been made for the French invaders to halt at their present positions before continuing the campaign against the Chleuhs, the tribe of Moorish warriors against whom the present drive was chiefly directed.

Declining to risk a pitched battle against the vastly superior French forces, the Chleuh tribesmen have retreated farther into the desert and are believed to be waiting a more favorable opportunity for stopping the French advance when an atempt is made to push beyond the fortified posts in the mountains.

The movement of the French armies is considered as a final effort on the part of the French government to subdue the regions of Morocco which have so long withstood its power, particularly the Chleuh tribes.

'PROGRESSIVES' AVOID ISSUES

WASHINGTON, June 19. — Senators Brookhart of Iowa and Howell of Nebraska, progressive republicans, decline to say what they think of Herbert Hoover or the republican platform. Howell has been renominated by his party this year and will devote his attention chiefly to reelecting himself. He is a close associate of Senator Norris in the fight for public ownership competition with the power trust.

Brookhart says he will wait to see what the democrats do at Houston. He is interested primarily in farm relief and public ownership.

God Must Accept New Religion Forms of Turks

ANGORA, June 19.—Religion must be in harmony with the economic conditions and the worship of god a la mode, according to the Turkish dictator, Mustapha Kemal Pasha. An order has been issued that Turks in the mosques must wear shoes and sit in pews like the modern capitalist countries Mustapha Kemal is trying to imitate.

That god must submit to modern conditions is shown by the order to use organs and choirs instead of the droning of the priest, although music was specifically forbidden by Mohammed.

Hundreds Homeless Following Tornado

ST. LOUIS, June 19.—As a result of the tornado in Oklahoma, 300 families were reported homeless, 440 families were reported as requiring immediate aid, and the number was expected to be increased to 700 before long, according to William Baxter, in charge of the red cross division office here.

Reports here indicated the tornado centered its fury in the towns of Blair, Headrick and Snyder, besides damaging numerous farm homes and crops.

Plan His Overthrow

What is alleged by police to be a plot against the existing government of Ecuador has resulted in the arrest and jailing of a number of army officers. The men are said to belong to the "military league," which is charged with fostering the conspiracy. The picture shows Dr. Gonzalo S. Cordova, the recently elected president of Ecuador.

JAIL ECUADOR ARMY OFFICERS

"Conspiracy" Charged by Police

QUITO, Ecuador, June 19.—A number of high Ecuadoran army officers are in jail today as the result of the discovery by the police of an alleged plot to overthrow the existing government. The army officers had engineered the conspiracy, the police state.

The men were arrested immediately after their accusation and were at once stripped of their commands and thrown into jail.

The government is reported to be greatly alarmed over the discovery of the plot, which is the second thus reported since the election of Dr. Gonzalo S. Cordova, the new president of Ecuador.

The police allege that no civilians took part in the plot but that it was work of army officers organized in the "Military League."

Mexicans Deport American Smugglers

MEXICO CITY, June 19.—By orders of President Calles, 12 foreign merchants, including Americans, will be expelled from Mexico tomorrow for complicity in the contraband smuggling operations of Gen. Jose Alvarez, former presidential chief of staff. They will be placed aboard a Vera Cruz train tonight.

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UNEARTH FRESH ARMS SHIPMENT PLOT IN TYROL

Rifles Were Destined for Fascist Groups

PARIS, June 19.—A fresh attempt by fascist organizations to supply arms to similar groups in another region has been brought to light with the discovery by the Viennese police of a consignment of military rifles destined for a Tyrolese arms dealer named Mattezi.

The consignment, which was registered as "hunting pieces," was at first allowed to pass thru the East End station until police discovered the presence of several hundred modern army rifles.

Mattezi is being held for false declaration while the Austrian government is going thru the motions of an investigation to find out more about the Tyrolese fascist groups for which the arms were being shipped. It is believed that they are operating against the Austrian government for union with Italy.

Central Europe is just recovering from the alarm caused by a somewhat similar incident, the discovery at an Austrian depot of a shipment of arms from Italy destined for the Hungarian government.

Man Found Murdered

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 19.—The body of an unidentified man was found submerged in the Bronx River Parkway at the Woodland Ave. bridge here. Examination revealed that the man had been slain by a blow on the head with a club and the body then thrown into the Bronx River.

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PICKETS CHEER AS BEAL AND 200 TEXTILE MILL COMMITTEE STRIKERS JOIN THEIR LINES

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By mail).—The New Bedford textile strike is now 10 weeks old. Members and sympathizers of the textile mill committees have consistently picketed the gates of the mills every day during the strike.

The picket lines would form at the different mill gates and, at the close, march in body to headquarters on both sides of the city, where leaders of the T. M. C., Beal and Murdoch, would address the meeting. This would take place twice a day. William and Binns of the A. F. of T. O. and U. T. W. urged the workers under their control to stay in bed as the best method to win the strike. However, their members protested so strongly against this decision that these misleaders were forced to come out to urge at their mass meetings the necessity of picketing. So today for the first time in nine weeks 47 of their members picketed in front of the Pemequit mill. Two hundred of the T. M. C. pickets came on the line and joined with them, led by Fred E. Beal and Ellen Dawson, and were met by wild applause. Frank J. Manning led the Textile Council pickets.

Batty arrived by machine and joined the end of the line for one round and went back to the machine. Great crowds watched on the side lines as the cry went up that Beal and Batty were to be on the picket line together.

—JOSEPH G. PACHECO.

Textile Mills Committee Has Won Strikers' Trust, Correspondent Writes

FALL RIVER WILL JOIN IN WALKOUT SOON, HE SAYS

Fight on Wage Cuts, 53-Hour Week, Spreads

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By mail).—The rationalization of industry, the Dawes-plan and the general European competition, the extension of the industry to the southern states, have all had their effect in putting the textile industry in a state of chronic crisis. Since the war, the history of this basic industry is the story of one wage cut after another. The average weekly wage of the cotton mill workers, according to the bureau of labor statistics for 1926, show male $17.48, and female $15.89. Since then, because of more wage cuts, the average has been lowered considerably. The young workers in the industry receive as low as $7 and $8, and the children even less.

Workers Militant.

The above conditions are not a result of the lack of militancy of the textile workers. These workers have struggled heroically, one need only mention the Lawrence, Paterson, and Passaic strikes, but because of the continued betrayal of the A. F. T. O. and the U. T. W., have remained unorganized helpless victims to the onslaught of the bosses. It is because of these betrayals and sellouts, linked together with the extensive spy system in the industry, that created an attitude of wariness and general mistrust among the workers. However, the persistent and unscrupulous attacks of the bosses have given the workers no other alternative but to fight. To the extent where even the reactionary A. F. T. O. has been forced into struggle, altho betraying at the earliest possible moment.

The present struggle of the 28,000 textile workers in New Bedford must therefore be viewed from the general situation. Because of the lack of faith in unions, and because the field is divided between the reactionary A. F. T. O. and the new militant Textile Mills Committee, we find that this strike has thus far more or less assumed the character of a lockout. The "Batty outfit," afraid of struggle, and anxious to stand up to their splendid record of betrayal, told the workers to "stay home and sleep." However, today in the tenth week of the strike one can clearly see the growing influence and strength of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, affiliated with the Textile Mill Committees, and with this, the growing spirit, determination, and militancy of the workers.

One Mill, One Branch.

The workers are fast learning that the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union under the leadership of Murdock, Beale, and Weisbord, is the only organization that fights for their interests, and that has seriously undertaken the task of uniting the industry and organizing the unorganized. Instead of having as its panacea the "Lewis and Batty" theory of "too many workers in industry," this union is marching forward under the banner of "One mill, one branch. One industry, one union."

The bosses, realizing the growing menace of this new organization of struggle, and seeing the picket lines gradually change the entire complexion of the strike, have become worried. The conference between the mill representatives and Batty behind closed doors no doubt laid the basis of the betrayal, and worked out ways and means of first crushing the N. B. T. W. U. They know very well that as long as this union continues to grow and spread courage and solidarity in the ranks of the workers betrayal is impossible.

The aim of the bosses is "no compromise." In accordance with this aim their strategy is to smash the union and with it the resistance of the workers. The following are the tactics of the mill owners: (1) Arrest and imprison all strike leaders. (2) Use the press as a means of isolating the union, and breaking the support of its followers and sympathizers. (3) Create dissension within the ranks of the N. B. T. W. U., demoralizing it from within. (4) As soon as expedient issue injunction against picketing.

One need not go very far to show these tactics in action. The jail sentences looming before Murdock, Beale, Porter, and others, is a sign of the attempt to remove the leadership from the field, and to demoralize the picket line. The reading of the New Bedford Mercury, Times, and Standard for the past week shows the malicious intents of the press. The most assiduous action, however, has been the attempt to create inner dissension which was for a time used by stool-pigeons and spies working within the ranks of the union. However, in all of these attempts to crush the union, the bosses did not reckon with their host.

Wins Confidence.

The union has well counteracted all these attacks of the mill owners, and proved itself worthy of the confidence of the workers. The union, by the obvious attempt of the spies to destroy it from within, has only been strengthened, for all sincere workers can see thru this trick. The union has weathered the storm thus far, but it has a thorny and rocky path to travel before victory.

One of the healthiest factors in this new movement in the textile industry is the militancy and leadership shown by the young workers. In New Bedford, where the struggle is sharpest at this moment, the young workers play an integral role. Some of the finest fighters and leaders of the union are young workers. It is these young strikers that guarantee that whether the strike is won or lost, a strong militant union will stay in New Bedford.

In Fall River, where the A. F. T. O. refused to go on strike after its membership voted for strike by an overwhelming vote, the Textile Mill Committees are preparing the ground for the coming battle. The rise of the Fall River workers is inevitable, it is only a matter of time. In this center of gravity also the young workers are in the foreground. They have not had the sad experiences and gone thru the betrayals of the older workers. They have less dependants, and they are so much more exploited, that this section of the textile workers is by far the most militant and aggressive. Not only in Fall River, but in Providence, Taunton, Pawtucket, and thru the entire field one can see the start of a real textile union, and here as in New Bedford, the guarantee for the organization of the unorganized, for abolition of the wage cuts, for abolition of the 53-hour week, lies in the hands of the young workers. It is they who are laying the foundation for a militant mass textile workers' union.

—GILBERT GREEN.

Type of Strike Appeal Issued to Lumber Workers

NOTICE OF STRIKE At Schafer Bros. Shingle Mill

Montesano, Washington.

This is a strike based on the following points:

1st. Wage reduction on three machines, equal to $1.00 to $1.50 per day. Slugging of a sawyer by the foreman, Bob Shores.

2nd. Re-instatement on job of a sawyer whose work was up to grade but was dismissed to place a man on job who refused to work under a union card.

3rd. This is a strike to prevent disorganization of a union crew by introducing on the job of a man who is unfair to Union Labor.

YOUR HEARTY SUPPORT IS EXPECTED TO WIN THIS STRIKE

Above is a reproduction of the strike handbill issued to the workers of the Schafer Brothers Lumber mill who are striking against their bosses in the heart of Washington, one of the most reactionary states in the Union. The handbill was sent us by the Worker Correspondent whose letter appears below.

LUMBER WORKERS TIE UP WASHINGTON MILL

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MONTESANO, Wash. (By mail).—Owing to the strategical position of the workers in the Schafer Brothers' shingle mill, they have a good chance of winning their strike.

This is the same town where the members of the I. W. W. were brought in from Centralia under armed guard and tried by a jury that had been warned by the respectable ruffians of law and order, made up of lumber barons and business men and their lackeys the American Legion, that unless they brought in a verdict of guilty they would never leave the courtroom alive.

I am, of course, referring to the Centralia case of 1920.

The workers of this state have not forgotten the affair but they have already thrown down a challenge to the lumber barons again.

—T.

ELY, LEWIS TOOL, RUNS AS MONTANA BOARD MEMBER

Has Been in Mine for Years

(By a Worker Correspondent)

ROUNDUP, Mont. (By mail).—Renegade Stephen Ely is again seeking favors at the hands of progressive miners of Montana. Posing as a progressive he is trying to force the Lewis faction into line, and at the same time trying to play ball with the progressives.

"Fence Fixing."

Ely has been away from the pick so long that he should not be qualified to run for office in Montana. But a good subservient tool of the "Lewis machine" easily secures an organizer's commission near an election time when the machine needs some "fence fixing" done.

Ely as an organizer, as such, claims he is entitled to a place on the ballot irrespective of how far he has drifted away from knowledge of conditions.

Running for international board member from Montana, Ely is touring the mining camps of Montana trailing with Neil Ferry and Van A. Bittner, two members of the United Mine Workers, who are here in the interest of Senator Wheeler's candidacy.

They Know Steve.

The boys in Montana, knowing Ely to be a staunch Coolidge supporter, are wondering just what kind of a game "Slipper" Stephen is playing and how he will square himself with his copper-collared friends in Montana. Realizing that there is a doublecross in the offing, the progressive miners of Montana are being warned to be on the lookout for slippery Steve since his schooling in the Lewis machine has taught him the ways and means of gaining his personal ends as is demonstrated by his state federation fiasco.

Ely is the president of the Montana State Federation of Labor, by the grace of manipulation, and it is often said that since his ascendancy to this position, the state federation has been in a sorry state of affairs.

Rumor has it that he will be unseated at the coming convention to be held at Roundup, Montana, June 26th, 1928, if someone does not become so subversive as to sprag the wheels of honest expression.

—S. J. M.

JANITOR WANTED; 20 APPLICANTS AFTER EACH JOB

Lucky Men Put on Half Rations

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By mail).—A little army of 150 men will be employed as janitors in the new city hall. The salary rate calls for $100 to $115 per month. Official reports show that 3,000 applications had been received a week ago. Undoubtedly, the number of candidates has greatly increased by this time.

For examinations before the civil service commission, the applicants will be assigned to various places, including a number of school buildings, for the two hours of written work.

To be eligible, the applicant must be between 21 and 55 years of age, a citizen and a voter. He must be physically fit. He must have resided in Los Angeles at least one year, soldiers, sailors and marines excepted, and must have had a year's experience at janitor work "or aggregate, including work in marble, tile, furniture or vacuum cleaner jobs," or similar work.

Well, 150 jobs and 3,000 job-seekers. That means 20 men in line for each job. The number of applicants may be doubled before the examination takes place. In that case 40 workers will compete for each of the 150 jobs. When the qualifications, mentioned above, are taken under consideration, 40 to 1 or even 20 to 1 is a very high percentage against the workers and in favor of wage-cutting interests of every description. Suppose, for the sake of argument, that every man in this city between the age of 21 and 55 was given a chance to try his or her luck before the civil service commissioners, the number of applications would no doubt be 50 times 3,000 or 150,000. Such a figure would give a fair illustration of the labor situation in this city of fallen angels, invisible government and the greatest crime center in the world, according to a vice-crusading morning paper.

Janitors on Half Rations.

The so-called living wage in this country is about $2,200 a year. So this Mayor Cryer's oasis of abundance" places its $100 to $115 a month janitors on a little more than half rations—the starvation point.

The invisible government is well organized. Janitors and other victims of the present day society of special interests ought to do the same. The process of cleaning up a rotten society is a far more important job than the polishing of marble and brass, etc., in a master class institution like the new $9,000,000 city hall—with its 400 feet high tower pointing, hypocritically, towards the heaven of our missionized soup-house keepers, too numerous to mention.

City Jobs to Pay More.

On May 25 the city council raised the salaries of 247 city employees of a "higher" class. On May 31 came the turn for a raise to 800 technical men and 1,100 laborers. The latter men were granted a raise from $5.75 to $6.00 a day. The lowest paid workers were forgotten altogether by the mayor and the efficiency director. The city council, however, increased their wages, on June 1, from $4.75 to $5.00 a day. So this class of workers are now better off than the janitors. How long will the "dust-eaters" in the city hall stand for it?

Fear was expressed in the city council that the lowest paid city workers may join the forces of organized labor. The Los Angeles Times is keeping a close watch on the "dangerous" situation.

—L. P. RINDAL.

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Cooperatives in Soviet Union Are Expanding

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 19.—A summary of the most important work of the consumers' cooperatives of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics during the last 3 years shows these societies had 7,120,000 members, of whom 3,529,000 belonged to rural organizations in 1924, whereas in 1927 the total membership had grown to 15,075,000, of whom 9,026,000 were rural members.

Poor peasants predominate among the present shareholders. The cooperatives supplied rural people with [illegible] per cent of their purchases in

Worker Dies in Tank of Boiling Chemicals

Struck by a swinging bucket yesterday in the Bronx repair shop of the New Haven Railroad, James Reilly, an employee, plunged to death in a tank of boiling water and chemicals. Fellow workers were forced to drain the vat to recover the body.

The cauldron was used for cleaning grease from motor parts, which were lowered into it in buckets suspended from a crane. Reilly was standing at the edge of the tank when the bucket struck him, toppling him over. Reilly, an employee of the road for the past 24 years, is survived by four children.

Child Injured in Fall

His skull fractured by a fall down a 35-foot deep subway excavation near his home, Donald Pezzutti, 3, of 85 Sixth Ave., is in a serious condition today in St. Vincent's hospital. He crawled through a guarding fence and dropped through an airhole in the [illegible] roof.

DRAMA

"Elmer Gantry", "Jarnegan" Scheduled for Early Showing

AMONG the new productions listed for next season and scheduled for early opening here are "Jarnegan" and "Elmer Gantry."

Patrick Kearney made the dramatization of the Sinclair Lewis novel, which Joseph E. Shea will present at the Playhouse Monday, August 6. The play is now running in Cleveland. The Jim Tully story "Jarnegan" was adapted by Charles Beahan and Garret Fort, and is scheduled to open at the Longacre Theatre the week of September 3, after a tryout in the suburbs.

Charles Hopkins has a new play by T. C. Murray titled "The Blind Wolf," which was recently produced by the Abbey Theatre, Dublin. Murray's "The Wheel of Fortune" and "Autumn Fire" were produced here some seasons back.

"The Lawyers' Dilemma" by Seaman Lewis will be produced by S. L. Simpson at the Belmont Theatre on Monday, July 9. Stanley James will head the cast.

The 10 per cent government tax on theatre tickets costing $3 or less will be discontinued in legitimate theatres on Friday, June 29.

Jocelyn Lee has been signed by Universal to play an important role in "The Night Bird," Reginald Denny's comedy of the prize ring, which was written by Frederic and Fanny Hatton.

Milton Sills is next to play a railroad man. "The Wrecking Boss," written by Frank L. Packard, will be started upon completion of the current Sills' film, "The Barker."

Asher, Small and Rogers plan to make a film of "The Revolt of Modern Youth," by Judge Lindsey, as a sequel to "Companionate Marriage," on which they are now working.

"Batter Up!" is to be the title of the musical production which will be launched by George M. Cohan as soon as the Nugent play, "By Request," is out of the way.

DOLORES DEL RIO.

In "No Other Woman" the screen feature at the Broadway Theatre this week.

John Cumbefland has been engaged for the new Chopin operetta, "The Charmer." Mr. Cumberland was recently seen in "Furies" with Laurette Taylor, and in "Pickwick."

"Annabelle's Ancestors," a comedy by Frank Russell and Julian Thompson, is being placed in rehearsal by Oliver D. Bailey, lessee of the Republic Theatre. This will be the first play that Bailey has produced in some years. It will open on June 25.

Grace George, it is said, is considering a plan to produce a season of plays in New York next season, the organization being similar to that which she sponsored some dozen years ago at the Playhouse. During her year as an actress-manager she put on such plays as Langdon Mitchell's "The New York Idea," James B. Fagan's "Earth," and "Captain Brassbound's Conversion" and "Major Barbara," by Shaw.

AMUSEMENTS

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GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

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Hammerstein's Thea., B'way & 53 St. Phone Col. 8380.
Twice Daily, 2:40-8:40. Prices, Mats. 50c to $1.00. Eves., 50c to $1.50.
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POLICE DRAWN IN N. Y. AMBULANCE CHASER INQUIRY

Worked With Corrupt Lawyers and Doctors

Policemen work hand in hand with negligence and injury case attorneys and corrupt physicians, according to testimony rendered yesterday in the ambulance chasing investigation.

Detailed notes were taken while five witnesses before Supreme Court Justice Wasservogel declared that policemen that came to their aid in accidents had asked them if they "wanted a good lawyer."

The injured are said to have been directed to Albert Schlact, of 150 Delancey St.

The testimony of other witnesses showed that Schlact, as well as many other lawyers involved in the huge graft, had taken fees in excess of those ordered by the court in infant ones, and that he had also settled cases without obtaining court orders permitting compromise settlements.

* * *

An investigation of ambulance chasing doctors, blood-brothers of the legal shysters recently exposed in supreme court, is indicated in an article on the medical practice written by Sol Ullman, deputy attorney-general of New York state, for the Panel, the official publication of the Association of Grand Jurors of New York County.

He said that recent disclosures have established that a so-called "ring" of physicians has been in league with a number of ambulance-chasing lawyers. These physicians, who generally received as part of their compensation part of the settlement or recovery in negligence claims or actions, were at all times ready and did make false statements, false affidavits and false certificates.

In many cases the physicians who had not seen the alleged injured testified concerning fictitious injuries. They were invariably ready to perform any act required of them in

DECLARE STRIKES IN 2 CLOAK SHOPS

Call All Cloakmakers to Picket Duty There

The cloak manufacturing shop of Shapiro and Sons, 1333 Broadway, which was reported in these columns yesterday as having discharged a worker for his refusal to register in the Sigman cloak union, was declared on strike yesterday by the Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers' Union. Also, beginning with this morning, the shop of Bresaler and Friedman, 104 W. 27th St., is also declared on strike for dismissing two workers for refusal to register.

The strikes in these two shops are the first shots to be fired by the Joint Board in the newly launched offensive to rebuild a workers' organization in the cloak and dress manufacturing industry in New York. Due to the "reorganization" started 19 months ago by the socialist officialdom of the international union, the trade was driven into a chaotic condition, it being completely swamped with open shops.

Had Fired Worker.

The first mentioned firm had dismissed Martin Feldman, an active union member, because of direct orders from the Sigman office, which threatened to call a strike if the boss continued to employ him unregistered. The employer sent the worker a letter admitting therein, since he was an able mechanic, that he would not have been dismissed but for the insistance of the right wing union. The Joint Board in calling a strike demands his immediate reinstatement and the reestablishment of union conditions, which the Sigman union permitted the boss to dispense with.

The strike called in the other shop is for similar reasons.

Call to Picket.

In calling the strike the Joint Board appealed to the active union members to report for picket duty before the buildings where these shops are located. Cloak and dressmakers are asked to report early. It is also pointed out that the shop of Shapiro and Sons has two entrances, the most important one being the employees' entrance, 137 W. 35th St. and not the Broadway entrance.

Committee of 500 Meets.

The chief work of the meeting of the Committee of 500 held last night at the Joint Board headquarters, 16 W. 21st St., was a discussion of ways and means to be adopted in launching a drive to organize the majority of shops in the trade, which is now non-union. The strike calls reported above received particular attention at the meeting. The problem of assigning the members of the Committee of 500 to their respective units of ten each, which was begun before the meeting, was also completed yesterday. It was also decided to recruit additional volunteers for membership in the committee.

OIL OUTPUT INCREASES.

Oil production in California last week averaged 847,500 barrels, an increase of 1,500 daily.

Plane in Which Wilkins Flew Across Polar Wastes Arrives in New York

Photo shows the Lockheed-Vaga monoplane in which Capt. George Wilkins made his flight to the polar north, as it arrived in New York on board the Bergensfjord. Wilkins discovered new land in the ice-covered wastes.

TAMMANY CLEARS OWN DEPARTMENT

Rogers Gives Whitewash to Smith Fences

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

ALBANY, June 19.—Once more an "investigation" has been made to serve the cunning purposes of the politicians—this time of the Tammany graft Governor, Al. Smith, whom the republican politicians tried to embarrass last year through the revelations of corruption in the administration of the workmen's compensation bureau.

In the announcement yesterday of the results of the "investigation" by Lindsay Rogers, special Moreland commissioner appointed by Smith to investigate the department of labor, are seen the results of a republican and democratic deal to hush up a graft scandal which the republicans were at first intent upon making public.

The workmen's compensation law is being honestly administered, Rogers declared in his report. Charges of fraud are unsubstantiated and there is no evidence to show any employe of the bureau has been corrupt.

Last winter the industrial survey commission, a republican-controlled organization dominated by the open shop interests of the state carried out a series of investigations calculated to expose the widespread graft in the compensation payments by the insurance companies. As a matter of fact, numerous instances were uncovered by Henry D. Sayer who is the executive secretary of the survey commission, but the purpose of the "investigation" was to discredit the compensation laws and to prepare for changes in the interest of the employers and the private insurance companies. This fact was at the time exposed by the DAILY WORKER.

Following this first step the members of the industrial survey commission, Senator James S. Truman, chairman of the commission; Jasper W. Cornaire, another member and Sayer, issued a series of statements to the press charging widespread graft in one of Al. Smith's departments. Thereupon Smith instituted his "investigation" into the department. The meaning of this move soon became clear to the members of the industrial survey commission each of whom, and especially Sayer, had more than a little to hide themselves.

Governor Smith appointed his personal friend, Lindsay Rogers, to do the trick for him. Rogers was originally professor at Columbia University, later he served Smith well as the creator of the infamous governor's commission report in the needle trades issue, still later he became the "impartial" chairman in the cloak making industry and finally was rewarded by the bosses by being made executive chairman of the Skirt and Dressmakers' Association of this city, a job which he still holds. Rogers began the job for Al. Smith.

Thereupon the three republican "investigators" for the open shop interests and the insurance companies promptly denied any knowledge of graft in the department and repudiated their interviews to the press, although one after another of newspaper correspondents swore on the stand to the accuracy of the reported interviews.

The report now issued by Rogers, right hand man of Al. Smith, head of Tammany graft, completes the circle and ends the deal. Ten counts have already been made public in Rogers report each of which whitewashes the department of labor under which the compensation claims are handled. Everything is thorough and good according to Rogers, in spite of the fact that thousands of working men yearly are cheated by insurance lawyers of their real claims, kept waiting endlessly and deprived by others of large rake-offs for "services."

Bronx Cooperative Will Be Scene of Banquet

Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold a banquet on Friday, at 8.30 p. m. at the United Workers Cooperative Restaurant, near the Allerton Avenue station, the Bronx, to celebrate the installation of the new section executive committee. Part of the proceeds will be donated to The DAILY WORKER.

ANTHRACITE MINERS OPPOSE MISLEADERS

By B. K. GEBERT.

John L. Lewis, the misleader of the United Mine Workers of America, after the conference with the whole officialdom of District one, from his capital in Indianapolis, issued a statement in which he gave full support to the District President, Rinaldo Cappelini, the tool of the contractors and coal companies, to the little Mussolini of the anthracite and repudiated the special district convention held recently in Scranton. Messrs. Brennan, Harris and McGarry, who controlled the convention and who fought only against Cappelini and did everything to prove they were loyal to Lewis, were condemned by Lewis. Lewis showed that he cannot tolerate anybody who questions his policy.

Brennan and company did their best to prove that they are for Lewis. They ejected from the convention hall George Papcun, the leader of the Save-the-Union movement. They condemned the rank and file movement. Yet this was not sufficient for Lewis.

Action Predicted.

John L. Lewis' fullest support to Cappelini and condemnation of the action of the special district convention of District one was a natural result of his policy. This outcome was pointed out by the Save-the-Union forces, but Harris, McGarry, Brennan could not see it; they were sure that Lewis would recognize them as they believe that they can better deceive the membership than Cappelini and therefore serve Lewis more faithfully.

But Lewis cannot stand even for such demands as those which would eliminate the contractors from the mines and expel them from the union, because he has based himself on the contractors in the anthracite. He cannot stand for the shortening of hours, (the convention demanded a 6-hour day, five-day week). Because Lewis is for the coal baron's policy of eliminating 250,000 miners from the industry, Lewis can never agree to a policy of restoring to membership those whom he expelled from the union. Lewis cannot stand for improving working conditions and raising wages for the young miners. All these demands Brennanites were forced to accept by the pressure of the Save-the-Union forces.

Upholds Murder.

Lewis is for Cappelini, who is for the contractor system, which is responsible for the deaths of such militant rank and file leaders as Alex Campbell, Peter Reilly, Thomas Lillis, the shooting of Sam Greco, the frame-up of Sam Bonita and Steve Mendola. For deaths of these militants both Lewis and Cappelini are responsible.

Lewis is the arch enemy of the mine workers, a friend of the bosses; so is Cappelini. Cappelini knows his boss and knows how to serve him. The Brennanites who say that Cappelini is bad but that Lewis is different, fought against those who exposed Lewis. Now the Brennanites seem to be discouraged and cannot understand why Lewis does recognize them?

But Lewis understands very well that Brennan, Harris and McGarry will serve him even when they are condemned and they will fight against the best interests of the miners.

Lewis warned the Brennan forces not to call the special convention and to withdraw from the activity "before it is too late." The convention was called in spite of Lewis and Cappelini. Brennan went thru with the convention because he was afraid of being pushed aside by the rank and file if he did not call the convention; he figured that by calling a special convention controlled by them, he could best serve Lewis; otherwise, they believed, the Save-the-Union forces would go through with the convention and overthrow not only Cappelini but Lewis as well. The Brennanites did their best to serve Lewis and now they are not recognized! What a tragedy for these fakirs.

Afraid of Effect.

Lewis cannot recognize rump convention in District one for another reason; this would justify the special conventions already held by the rank and file in Districts 12, 6, 5, 2 and in other fields where the district machine has been overthrown and Lewis ousted.

Having failed to get recognition from Lewis, the Brennanites are proceeding with another "wise policy," go to the courts to fight for the establishment of themselves as officials in the District. They are going to the capitalist courts on the ground that at the convention 81 out of 139 locals were represented; a majority of locals and this convention did elect new officers. But courts are in the hands of the capitalists, and Lewis and Cappelini are the servants of the bosses, so courts will not recognize them. What next?

One More Plan.

The Brennanites have one more smart policy and this is an independent union of anthracite miners. In this policy they will get the support of some coal companies and capitalist politicians. This move will be betraying not only the miners of the anthracite but of the soft coal as well; it will be simply a company union.

The rank and file in District 1 must realize what the policy and aims of the Brennan, Harris, McGarry forces means to them; they must militantly resist the Lewis-Cappelini machine as well as Brennan-Harris-McGarry. They are all serving the same masters, only in different ways. Practically there is no difference between them.

We must repeat the words from the statement issued by the Save the Union Committee to the special district convention and to the membership:

"Join with the brothers of other districts in an effort to oust Lewis-Kennedy-Cappelini machine in our union.

"Beware of those who fight against Cappelini and the contract system by attacks against the very ones who are the most militant fighters in the district against Cappelini, against corruption and against the contract system.

"Miners take control of your union."

This is the program of the Save-the-Union Committee; these are the aims of the rank and file of the anthracite. To achieve this the miners must take control of the local union and the district. They must organize in every local union a group of the Save-the-Union supporters who stand on a program and will fight against the coal companies, contractors, Lewis, Cappelini, Harris, Brennan, McGarrys, and the part of the Cappelini machine represented by Boylan and Kmetz, who are uniting at the present time with the Brennan forces for their own interests and to fool miners once more as to their fake opposition.

Rank and File Leaders.

Leaders of the miners in the anthracite will come from the rank and file who will base themselves on the program of the Save-the-Union Committee and will fight for the interest of the whole membership. It has been sufficiently proven that this is the only way for the miners to take control of their union from the hands of politicians, bosses' servants, betrayers and arch enemies.

The task before the left wing is to expose the Brennan-Harris-McGarry group, to show to the rank and file that they are the enemies of the miners, parading under a fake cloak of progressivism.

Fight For Relief.

Fight for sending relief from the anthracite miners directly to the striking miners of the soft coal, to the National Miners' Relief Committee and not a penny to the Lewis machine. To send money to Lewis means to strengthen the Lewis machine in fighting against the miners of the soft coal and the anthracite.

The left wing must put up a militant fight against conciliation board and against the whole offensive of the coal companies. The left wing must organize a Labor Party.

The left wing in the anthracite must strengthen itself organizationally; it must become clear as to its aims in the present situation. Organize blocs of the left wing in every local because this is the only way it can successfully carry on the fight against the murderous Lewis-Cappelini machine.

Grand Jury in Chicago Returns 16 Indictments

CHICAGO, June 19.—Sixteen indictments naming twelve men were reported ready to be returned to Chief Justice Brothers by the Special Grand Jury now investigating the crime wave in Chicago. The indictments are the first results of an inquiry, financed by one group of Chicago capitalists, into murder, kidnapping, slugging and ballot irregularities, financed by other rich men, in recent elections.

The first batch of indictments was understood to be the outcome of the Grand Jury's inquiry into the murder of Octavius Granady.

5 TAMMANY MEN HELD IN STREET CLEANING GRAFT

Smith's Tool Refuses to Act

Five street cleaning department officials of Manhattan were yesterday indicted in the second forced round-up of the great $200,000,000 Tammany graft scandal as a result of which there has been involved mayors, street cleaning commissioners, superintendents, foremen and others more remotely connected with the department and involving, it is believed, even the Tammany mayor, Jimmie Walker, who at one time compared himself in honesty to some of those now implicated in the graft.

The five indicted are attached to Stable D in East 116th St., who recently have been doing "clerical" work in extensive payroll operations. They are James Purchio, forman of the stable, Albert A. Allen, assistant foreman, Charles Hoffmeister, assistant foreman, John Tyrell, driver and John Maher, stableman.

All five were named in one bill charged with the violation of the penal code. Judge Donellan, before whom they were arraigned in general sessions, fixed bail in each case at $1,500.

Numerous names on the lists made up at the stable never received the wages credited to them but the money was as in other cases turned over to those "higher up."

Max Schmillowitz, section foreman and James Gevlin, who were indicted last week, pleaded not guilty today before County Judge Cohn. Their case will probably come up next week for trial

Gasoline has been known to have been stolen from city supplies, other city supplies have disappeared, trick specifications have been tolerated, payrolls padded, city automobiles have been used for private purposes, supervision has been avoided, records falsified, but still old Tammany, new Tammany does nothing but cover up its trail.

ZARITSKY RAPPED TACTICS AT MEET

Call Local 24 Members to Bryant Hall

Thousands of circulars flooded the millinery manufacturing district yesterday, calling upon the millinery workers who are members of local 24 of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' International, to attend a mass meeting held at Bryant Hall, Sixth Ave. and 42nd St. to hear how and why their international officials are causing the destruction of their organization.

Beginning a few months ago, President Zaritsky and the general executive board under his control, decided to emulate the tactics of the right wing head of the cloakmakers' union, Morris Sigman. They began a campaign of removing from positions of leadership in the organization all officers disagreeing with his policy of installing the piece-work system and relinquishing the 40-hour week to the 44-hour week demand of the employers.

The rank and file committee of operators and cutters, which sponsored the meeting, explained this among other things as the real reason for Zaritsky's attempts to remove the militant leadership of the Millinery Hand Workers' Local 43, the Chicago Capmakers Joint Board and the Boston Capmakers' Union.

CENTER BARBERS TO AID "DAILY"

Workers Urged to Come to Non-Tip Shop

In order to aid it during its present fight for existence, the Non-Tip Barber Shop at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, will contribute 25 per cent of its income to The DAILY WORKER during the present week, it was announced last night.

The shop is located on the second floor of the Center, and is a neighbor of the "Daily" business office and the district office of the Workers (Communist) Party. It is one of the most modern and sanitary in the city, and five barbers are in constant attendance.

Especially for this week, and in order to accommodate readers of The DAILY WORKER, the barber shop will be open from 8 a. m. until 8 p. m., instead of the customary hours.

All readers and friends of the "Daily" are urged to patronize the shop and thus give material assistance to the paper.

CLAIM ARBITER CHOSEN.

MEXICO CITY, June 19.—Prof. M. Sindball, of the University of Copenhagen, has been named arbiter of the Mexican-American General Claims Commission.

Workers' Calendar

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

BOSTON.—District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham,

* * *

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

* * *

CLEVELAND.—Wednesday, June 20, all three sections of the Workers (Communist) Party of Cleveland will hold section membership meetings. Section 1 will meet at the Hungarian Home, 4309 Lorain Ave., Section 2 at South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., and Section 3 at Workers Home. There will be no general membership meeting that night. The election campaign will be organized at the section meetings.

* * *

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 22, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

* * *

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

* * *

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Youngstown Picnic.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio. — The Seventh Annual International Picnic of the Youngstown Workers (Communist) Party will be held on June 24. Those wishing to attend should stop at 28 Sharon Line. "Why the Workers Party Is in the Presidential Campaign" will be the subject of a talk by a national speaker.

* * *

Cleveland Miners' Relief.

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—The Cleveland Conference of the National Miners' Relief Committee will hold a tag day on June 23. All wishing to participate should report at the South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., at 2 p. m.

* * *

Hammond Miners' Relief.

HAMMOND, Ind.—A picnic will be held here at Gruener's Grove, on Shifild Ave., on June 24, for the benefit of the striking miners' relief. All have been invited to attend.

* * *

Philadelphia I. L. D. Meet

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Kensington and English branches of the International Labor Defense will meet on June 21, at 8 p. m. at the Kensington Labor Lyceum, 2nd and Cambria Sts.

* * *

Astoria Hungarian Workers' Dramatic Club.

ASTORIA, L. I.—The Astoria Hungarian Workers' Dramatic Club will hold a Goulash Picnic on June 24, starting at 10 a. m. in the Astoria Small Wood. Those who wish to attend will meet at the Hoyt St. station from 9:30 to 10 a. m.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St. 7:30 P. M.

EARTHQUAKE IN MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, June 19.—Hundreds of houses were damaged or destroyed by a series of 32 earthquakes in the state of Oaxaca yesterday according to advices from the city of Oaxaca this afternoon.

DRIVER OF TAXI DIES FOLLOWING POLICE ASSAULT

Tammany Fails to Act in Violation

Samuel Zorn, for 14 years a taxi driver, and one of four cabmen who, police claim, they mistook for gunmen during a hold-up on May 28 of the Actors' Inn, died at Bellevue hospital following a severe beating administered to him by Officer Hertz of the East 5th St. police station.

Zorn is the second driver to die as the result of this hold-up and of the Tammany police practice of beating up and slugging workers at will, without waiting to find out if the taxi driver whom he suspected had anything to do with the hold-up. Upon reaching the scene the officer took out his gun from his holster and started firing point blank at the innocent hackmen.

Beat Up Drivers Also.

Not satisfied with the deadly effect his gat had on the drivers, Hertz, with the aid of patrons began to club up the cabmen, altho they offered no resistance and were trying to explain that a mistake had been made and begged the cops to stop firing and clubbing them.

Louis Mishkin, a taxi driver and formerly a garment worker, also shot by Hertz, died a few hours after being transferred to the hospital. Isidore Temes received a severe beating and was seriously wounded. Harry Halpern, the fourth driver, escaped with a few scars and bruises.

The bandits who held up the place approached in a touring car and forced the drivers, who were hacking in front of the inn, to remain in their places.

Families Destitute.

As a result of the shooting Zorn's and Mishkin's families are left destitute and friends of the dead hackmen are raising a fund for them.

No action has been taken against Officer Hertz by the Tammany police commissioner, Warren, although Hertz had violated the order from the police commissioner's office that policemen must first give warning by firing a shot in the air before firing directly at any person.

HOUSE WORKERS GO ON STRIKE

Protest the Dismissal of Superintendent

Twelve striking employes of the twelve-story apartment at 645 West End Ave. picketed the place today while scabs worked in their places.

Yesterday the entire staff of employes, elevatormen, porters and doormen walked out in protest against the dismissal of Robert Jensen, superintendent. Joseph Freidman, owner of the house, was threatened with strikes in his other buildings.

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These Ocean Flights

Across the Atlantic flies a woman in a frail shell on wings. Across the frozen top of the world flies another plane. The lighter-than-air ship, Italia, wanders or lies in the perpetual ice of the Arctic. An airplane flies from California to Australia.

Almost within the life-time of a single man, the means of travel has been developed from the horse-drawn wagon and the sail ship used by the ancient Phoenecians to the degree that makes possible a 22-hour trip by air from the Western hemisphere to the Eastern.

At the same time within human society there has begun the process of the most violent and fundamental transformation that has ever been produced by history—the transformation of human social organization by revolution from hereditary absolute monarchy and capitalist class republicanism to the overthrow of these old forms and the establishment of the Soviet form of state ruled by the formerly enslaved classes. This also has begun rapidly—the first stage being accomplished in a revolution from absolute czarism to proletarian dictatorship in the largest of the world's nations within a single year.

* * *

What will be the effect of these trans-oceanic flights—made at this particular period—upon the course of human history?

The social revolution will, of course, ultimately claim the entire heritage of all attainment in science, in the knowledge and the control of nature, in the developments of mechanics and engineering by which man becomes the master of distance, of climate, of life.

But these present scientific and engineering conquests are being made, not in an abstract world, but in the same world in which the whole of human society is divided into classes. These classes are in violent antagonism, the class struggle determines the whole course of history—revolution and counter-revolution flame throughout the world and take as fuel all that exists in human affairs.

The flights across the oceans and over the frozen top of the world cannot be taken out of relation to these all-controlling social struggles of the classes.

The highest point in the development of air travel was reached in the struggles of imperialist nations in the world-war for the conquest of the globe by the various imperialists. Unquestionably the first large-scale use of the knowledge developed from ocean flights will be in the transport of fleets of heavy-laden bombing planes.

If the conquest of the Arctic for air travel is made in early time, there is no wild stretch of the imagination in the picture of monster fleets crossing the North-polar regions for quick military attack upon that which expresses all that is hated by United States imperialism—the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The conquest of the air in general will be the heritage of a human race when it is emancipated by revolution. But the conquest of the air by the imperialist nations and at this time, in the period of imperialism and the proletarian revolution, means the danger of even more ghastly suppression of the masses of all the world.

Lindbergh in the abstract might be called "the flying fool" the reckless hero conquering the skies "for mankind." But in the world as it is, Lindbergh is the imperialist acrobat leading the way for the death-machines of United States imperialism; those who fly the Atlantic are blazing the trail of war for the attempted conquest of Asia; the adding of a thousand miles to the radius of a war-plane (and all planes are potentially war-planes) means a further step toward enemy objectives in the bloodiest of all wars which is coming.

But in this world of concrete facts not all nations are capitalist nations. In the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics the unequalled creative power turned loose by revolution bends its attention also to the development of air travel. Scientific and machine development are spurting forward at a speed never before known. If the degree of machine development inherited from the old czarist Russia was of a low level, the released energies of the liberated proletarian class have a capacity undreamed of by the enemies of revolution.

It is the great good fortune of the working masses of all countries that during this period there exists the powerful proletarian state which also fosters the technique that will be used by it on the side of the exploited masses of the world in the all-embracing conflict that is coming.

All workers in capitalist nations should understand, however, that the "Lindy" and "Lady Lindy" heroes of the imperialist governments are developing a means of warfare against the working classes of all nations.

LABOR ENEMY IS HOOVER'S LEADER

WASHINGTON, June 19 (FP).—Harry Wardman, leading non-union building contractor in the national capital, is treasurer of the Hoover-Curtis club of the District of Columbia, which was organized by machine republicans as soon as the 1928 ticket was announced.

The Building Trades Defense League recently circularized the entire country with protests against the letting of the contract for the $500,000 new British embassy in Washington to Wardman. The scab builder is English-born, and is frequently shown honor by the ambassador, Sir Esme Howard.

MORE WORKERS ARE KILLED ON JOB

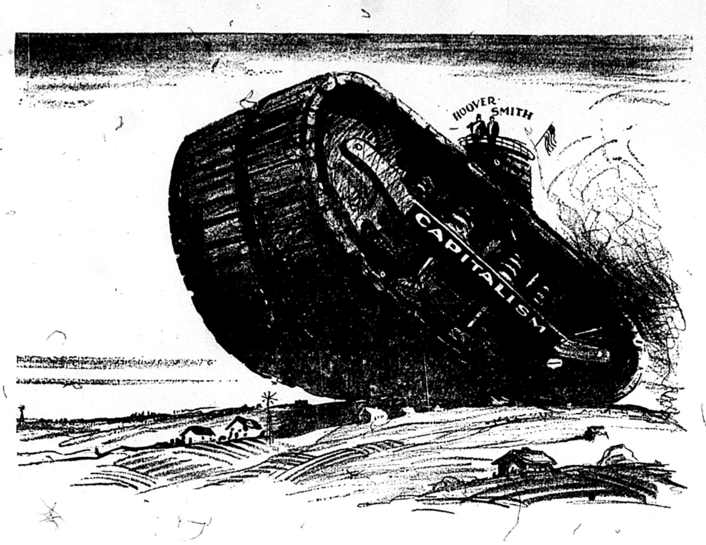
The number of workers killed at their occupations during May has increased greatly over the figures for April, according to the New York State Department of Labor. In April 145 such workers were killed. In May 191 were killed.

Of this number 8 were electrocuted, coming in contact with live wires. Thirteen were killed in falls; twenty-three other deaths followed injuries received in falls.

The workers killed during May left 101 widows, and 94 children and 36 other dependents.

DOWN ON THE FARM

By Fred Ellis



Foster's Acceptance Speech

Comrades: It is a very great honor offered me, when the Workers (Communist) Party asks me to be one of its standard-bearers in the national presidential elections. In accepting the nomination for president, I do it with full appreciation of this honor. By the fact that it is deemed I can be of service to the Party in such a role, I feel that I am a thousand times repaid for such efforts as I may have put forth in the course of my experience in the struggles of the workers. All I can say is that it will be my best ambition in the coming campaign, and in the years of work before me in the class struggle, to be worthy of this great honor conferred upon me by our Party.

A Wonderful Convention.

Comrades, as we live through this wonderful convention, we must realize the great progress our Party has made. What wonderful enthusiasm, what a splendid fighting spirit. Here we have a fine delegation of militants in the class struggle, from almost all the states, from all the important industries. This shows the grip our Party is getting amongst the very best elements in the American proletariat. This convention marks a new stage in the growth of our Party.

In the recent elections in Germany, in France, and in Poland, the Communist Parties showed greatly increased strength, and I am certain that our Party in the coming elections will also register an important increase in strength over the showing we made in the national elections of 1924. (Applause.)

Party Plays Leading Role.

Since 1924 our Party has had much mass experience. We have played a leading role in all the important struggles of the American working class, in the mining, shoe, needle, textile, and other industries. Every effort of the workers in the direction of a labor party has found us in the forefront. We have led the fight against imperialism. During these struggles, we have created around our Party a large body of sympathizers, and in the coming election period one of our principal tasks must be to mobilize these workers politically in favor of our platform, and behind our candidates. It is not enough that these workers follow us in strikes and general wage movements. We must also teach them to actively accept the leadership of the Workers (Communist) Party in its broad political struggles. We must draw these workers into this general political campaign, and induce them to vote for our candidates. We must draw them into membership in the Workers (Communist) Party. These are among the basic tasks confronting us in the present election campaign.

Our Revolutionary Purpose.

We are not going into the national election campaign solely for the purpose of getting votes. It is of course important that we register the extent of our Party's support in the working class by mobilizing the maximum number to vote for our candidates. It is also important, should the possibility present itself in any of the state or local elections, to elect Communist candidates, so that they can utilize the legislative bodies as a forum wherefrom to acquaint the workers with the iniquities of capitalism and the necessity of the Communist program. But we also have other, bigger objectives in the national election campaign. Our aim must be to arouse the class consciousness of the masses in a political sense and to mobilize them for struggle on all fronts. Vote-getting is only one aspect of this general mobilization of the workers.

Our Party, different from the socialist party, creates no illusions amongst the workers that they can vote their way to emancipation, that they can capture the readymade machinery of the state and utilize it for the emancipation of the working class. On the contrary, we must utilize this campaign to carry on a widespread and energetic propaganda to teach the workers that the capitalist class would never allow the working class peacefully to take control of the state. That is their strong right arm and they will fight violently to the end to retain it. The working class must shatter the capitalist state. It must build a new state, a new government, a workers' and farmers' government, the Soviet Government of the United States. (Applause.)

No Communist, no matter how many votes he should secure in a national election, could even if he would become president of the present government. When a Communist heads a government in the United States—and that day will come just as surely as the sun rises (Applause) — that government will not be a capitalist government but a Soviet government, and behind this government will stand a Red Army to enforce the dictatorship of the proletariat. (Applause.)

As to Immediate Demands.

Our convention has just adopted an election platform. This platform outlines a whole series of immediate measures, advocated by us to relieve unemployment, low wages, long hours, discrimination against the foreign-born, women, youth, Negroes, etc. I shall not, in the brief time at my disposal, review these demands. What I wish to say about them now is that we must lay great stress on these demands during the campaign. It is not enough that we simply put forward our revolutionary slogans. We must also organize and lead the workers in their everyday struggles against the most acute evils under capitalism. Our platform demands point the way to do this.

But on the other hand, we must not put forth our immediate demands in the sense that they of themselves make for the emancipation of the working class. In all our agitation around these demands we must emphasize the absolute necessity for the proletarian revolution. Our strategy is to utilize these immediate demands to educate and organize the masses in preparation for the final revolutionary struggle, which will abolish capitalism altogether. Reliance upon immediate demands would lead us merely to reformism. Our Party is a revolutionary Party. It aims not simply to ease conditions a bit under capitalism for the workers but to abolish capitalism altogether. (Applause.)

Permanent improvement in the conditions of the workers under capitalism is impossible. The inevitable crises born of the contradictions in the capitalist system of production and distribution, deepening and sharpening as world capitalism goes into its period of decline, and marked by chronic unemployment and organized attacks on the workers' living standards by the employers and the state, sweep away like chaff such reforms as may have been secured by the workers during the periods of capitalism's upward swing. The only way the workers can permanently better their conditions is by wiping out capitalism altogether and by laying the basis of a socialist system in which the capitalist principle of the exploitation of the great masses of producers for the benefit of a relatively few owners of the industries shall be unknown and where the workers will receive the full social value of what they produce. All this, and the whys and wherefores of it we must tell the workers in our election campaign.

Reformism Futile.

The working class of the world has had a vast experience with reformism and it all goes to show the utter futility of such reformism. All the conquests, all the little improvements in wages, hours, and working conditions that were secured by the reformist policies and organizations in Germany, England, France, etc., during the upward period of development of capitalism in these countries, in the pre-war days, were swept away with one great sweep in the breakdown and decline of European capitalism in the post-war period. About all that is left now of that period is a reactionary leadership, which after betraying the workers in the world war and defeating their revolutionary efforts just following the war, remains fastened upon the organizations of the workers and which now stands as one of the principal obstacles in the way of the emancipation of the working class. Although we advocate actively our immediate demands, we must always do it in this sense: that the workers should fight and struggle for these demands in the present period but that they must educate and organize themselves to put into effect eventually the full Communist program—the abolishment of the capitalist system itself and the establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

On the other hand—if limiting ourselves simply to a program of immediate demands would lose us in the swamp of reformism, failure to put forward such demands would condemn us to sectarianism. It would cut us off frrom the masses. It would make it impossible for us to participate in the actual every-day struggles of the workers and thus to educate, organize and lead them. The Workers (Communist) Party is a Leninist, Marxist Party. It knows how to participate in the daily struggles of the workers, even for the smallest demands, and it knows how to utilize all these struggles to develop class consciousness, organization and revolutionary leadership among the masses and thus to begin their mobilization for the eventual overthrow of capitalism.

Our Many Tasks.

The Workers (Communist) Party does not go into this campaign simply for the purpose of getting votes or merely to propagate our general Communist program. We enter the election campaign to further all our Party tasks, mobilizing the workers for struggle on every front. And in this period of militant American imperialism, of crisis in the labor movement, of widespread depression in industry, we have many and great tasks. History does not ask us whether we are a big Party or a little Party when it thrusts these tasks upon us. Small though our Party may be at the present time it must go forward bravely and energetically to the accomplishment of these tasks, however great they may be. I shall touch briefly upon some of the more important of these problems.

* * *

(Comrade Foster's speech of acceptance will be continued in tomorrow's DAILY WORKER. In the next instalment he describes the Communist Party's attitude to problems facing the working class.)

British Dyers Threaten Strike

MANCHESTER, England (FP). By Mail—In cotton, wool, silk and jute, workers and bosses are at swordspoints, with lockouts, strikes and protests flying thick through Lancashire and Yorkshire. At Nelson 16,000 weavers have been locked out in every mill because workers at one mill struck against the discharge of a women. In Yorkshire, wool dyers are on the verge of strike to gain collective piece work or higher time rates. They have been operating without an agreement for six months.

In Macclesfield, an important silk center, women workers complain that they are forced to go to work at 6.30 a. m. and must work 50 to 55 hours a week, in place of the agreed 48. Tuberculosis is making heavy inroads among their children. Public medical officers blame it on the need of mothers taking their babies from warm beds in early morning hours to place in nurseries while they work. Women in the silk mills, through their union, are trying to get 30 shilling ($7.50) minimum wage.

In Glasgow jute mills, operatives complain through the jute and flax workers' union that employers are nibbling at the 48-hour week by adding 15-minute periods both in the morning and at noon to work periods.

A Lancashire wide lockout of 500,000 cotton spinners to force a 12½ per cent wage cut and to increase the working hours above 48 was only avoided when the Federation of Master Cotton Spinners split badly on the issue. The mill barons in the American yarn section spinning coarser counts, voted 66 per cent for the lockout.

In a big mill at Oldham, cardroom workers quit because a woman was fired, and other workers served strike notice, as they refuse to handle non-union carded yarn. Oldham masters are threatening a district-wide lockout, similar to Nelson's.

Eighty thousand dyers in the Bradford district are on the verge of a strike for a new agreement increasing wages. Friction between several of the unions involved has delayed strike action.

HANdOuTS

Rear Admiral William A. Moffett, desk chief of the navy's air forces, is apparently satisfied with the lucrative graft offered by militarism. He is determined that his son will not go without the advantages of swashbuckling corruption. His offspring, George H. Moffett, graduated last week from the U. S. Naval Academy.

* * *

Understanding of the complications of modernism by the magazine Times is indicated by the statement that the Boulder Canyon Dam bill has not been passed due to "the difference in the culture of Arizona and California-rancher v. realtor." It might be added that a million dollars spent by a highly organized power trust in corrupting senators, bribing newspapers and spreading propaganda has some small bearing on the matter.

* * *

Inability of the republican politicians to completely submerge the relationship between oil and government is seen in the fact that one of the delegates to the G. O. P. convention is William Samuel Fitz Patrick, Kansas. Fitz Patrick is chairman of the Prairie Oil and Gas Company, whose previous chairman James E. O'Neil was caught in the oil scandals and departed without leaving an address. This indication of the wedding of oil and government that is wished compares to the invisible part as a periscope compares to the rest of a submarine.

* * *

A rotting carcass will draw a lot of strange birds. Among the delegates at the republican convention are Joseph Schenck, the movie producer and William H. Vanderbilt, Newport society devil.

* * *

The renowned worm fisherman and hobby-horse cowboy Cal Coolidge will have fourteen house servants at his summer home in Brule, Wisconsin. In order that he won't wander off the grounds and get lost or fall down and bend his nose he will be guarded by ten detectives and sixty infantrymen from Fort Snelling.

* * *

Toiling Royalist

"Oh Mama, who is the man in the white pants?"

"That's Frederick Wilhelm, darling."

"Does he work at Childs'?"

"No, Adolph. He's the former crown prince of Germany."

"Well, why is he posing like that?"

"He's playing tennis."

"Is that all they can use him for?"

"No. He can still draw a few dollars from American women when he's exhibited at a soiree."

"He wouldn't be a very good show. I'd rather go to Forty-second Street and see the flea circus."

* * *

The Griest Bill, reducing mail rates for newspapers has been passed. A senator must co-operate with a newspaperman if he wants to get his name in the paper.

* * *

Desire of the republican party to win purity at any cost is apparent in the fact that it has hired four preachers to pray for it at its convention. In order that there will be no doubt about making connections with God, four different denominations have been employed.

Borah Seeking a Fat Reward for Treachery

WASHINGTON (FP).—Sen. Borah, who last December announced himself spokesman of the progressives, and that Norris was their presidential candidate, and who turned up in Kansas City as a Hoover manager, is expected to be offered the secretaryship of state if Hoover should win. He is expected also to drop the idea of Russian recognition.

CAL'S SON GETS "SHEEPSKIN."

AMHERST, Mass., June 19. —Among the seniors receiving graduating degrees from Amherst College today was John Coolidge, son of the president. His future plans were not announced. Last year he got into the headlines by engaging in a boxing bout in the college "gym."

Attorney General John G. Sargent, a member of the Coolidge cabinet, was awarded the honorary degree doctor of laws by Amherst, as a reward for his services to American capitalism.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

MARKET ST SAN FRANCISCO CAL

M[illegible]L STRIKERS SLUGGED, JAILED IN POLICE ATTACK

New [illegible] Explosion in Open Shop Coal Mine Kills Five and Injures Fifteen

FOURTH ACCIDENT IN PIT OWNED BY FORMER SENATOR

Failure to Rockdust Is Cause

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., June 20.—Five miners were killed, and fifteen injured, one probably fatally early today when a gas explosion rocked the National No. 1 mine of the National Fuel Company, open shop operators of National, near here, early today.

Of the twenty-two men in the night shift of the mine only two escaped unhurt when the blast let go, two miles from the pitmouth.

"Scab" Senator.

The scab mine is owned by former U. S. Senator Davis Elkins, millionaire republican clubman of New York and Morgantown, and J. B. Hanford another open-shop capitalist. The gas explosion which occurred this morning as a result of the willful failure to rockdust the mine is the fourth explosion which has occurred here during the last seven years.

Of the fifteen injured some may not survive having been severely burned. The injured were taken to the Morgantown hospital.

Explosions and rock falls in open shop mines during the past month have resulted in the death of nearly three hundred coal diggers, the largest toll being that of over two hundred in West Pennsylvania. Evidence is accumulating that the open-shop operators, increasingly indifferent to the lives of the miners, are violating every safety precaution. A so-called "investigation" which was due to follow the Pennsylvania disaster has thus far failed to materialize.

FIGHTING STILL ON IN GREECE

Official Censorship Is Concealing Facts

ATHENS, June 20.—With clashes continuing between the workers and the police in many sections of Greece, the whole country is eagerly waiting for the declaration of a general strike.

In spite of the effort of the Greek government to create dissension in the ranks of the strikers reports that the strike is spreading thruout the country have been received from various sections yesterday.

The government has not succeeded in detaching various unions by making independent settlement with the individual unions.

Estimates of the dead and injured during the fighting which is still going on are not yet available owing to the extreme censorship which the government is maintaining, but it is known that they are heavy, especially in the north where pitched battles have been announced in some cities.

No information can be obtained concerning the mutiny of the seamen at Lesbos as the government is taking repressive measures with the greatest secrecy.

NOBILE GETS AID FROM AIRPLANE

ROME, June 20.—Major Maddelena has succeeded in reaching Gen. Nobile's camp on the ice off the north coast of Spitzbergen where he dropped supplies attached to a parachute from his Savoia—Marchetti seaplane, according to word received direct from King's Bay tonight. Although planes have been searching the ice floes off the Spitzbergen coast Maddelena, according to this dispatch, was the first to locate the refugees' camp and assist them.

General Nobile, utilizing the small radio outfit salvaged from the wreck of the Italia, directed Major Maddalena to the floating ice where the crew of the dirigible are stranded.

Maddalena dropped 650 pounds of food supplies, and then returned to Kings Bay, reaching there at 12:30 o'clock.

NEW SPANISH FLIGHT.

BARCELONA, Spain, June 20.—Ilario Martinez today began training for his forthcoming fight with Joe [illegible]

MILITANT WORKERS GAVE $9,639 TO "DAILY"

Revolutionary Organ of Working Class Will Live to Fight in the Class Struggle

To the Readers of The DAILY WORKER:

Comrades:

Last night marked the end of the time given us in which to raise the fund of $10.000 to save The DAILY WORKER in a crisis which threatened its life. During the past sixteen days the question of closing down the press faced us several times. Tuesday night at 10 o'clock it was uncertain whether Wednesday morning's DAILY WORKER would come out. Yesterday afternoon at 5:45 it was uncertain whether today's paper would appear.

The DAILY WORKER is not dead. It lives and will continue to live and to fight better than ever before. It will grow bigger and stronger. It will do so because you, as we are absolutely sure, will support it, fight for it, build up its circulation and help it in all ways on all occasions.

The Management Committee believes that constant appeals for money, when avoidable, are not healthful for the Party and the militant labor movement. In the campaign we have very nearly raised the total sum needed. We needed $10,000. You gave us $9,639.36. Although this is $360.64 less than the sum required by the ultimatum of creditors which precipitated the crisis, the Management Committee has decided to make no more public appeals, but to manage, through loans and postponements of some payments, to await further receipts which we are sure many friends and comrades will contribute in the near future.

At the same time it is absolutely necessary to reduce expenses to the lowest minimum.

We must not give way to undue optimism. The summer months are ahead of us, and these are always hard months.

Our plans are now to reorganize the whole printing arrangements of The DAILY WORKER, changing the place of publication to the more economical printing plant at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, and to change the size of the pages to the full standard newspaper size. This will mean not only a better newspaper for you, but also the opportunity to obtain advertising which will ease the financial burden.

Comrades, we are conscious of the magnificent spirit with which you, the militant workers and sympathizers, have responded to the appeal to save the only daily organ of our class in the language of this country. We pledge ourselves to do all in our power to deserve your trust.

The DAILY WORKER is quite sure that you will stand by your revolutionary organ and will continue to help us overcome all the obstacles ahead.

Fraternally yours.
THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

BRENNAN PLANS NEW TREACHERY

May Try to Separate Miners

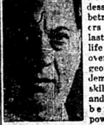
(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

SCRANTON, Pa., June 20.—The first step towards what is believed to be a plan for a separate anthracite miners' union has been taken by the Brennan-McGary-Harris forces which yesterday issued a statement which they hope will be accepted as a defiance of Lewis. The statement is in reply to the recent letter of Lewis which declared that the recent reactionary Brennan convention was "illegal." The Lewis reply is called "insulting" by the Brennan gang.

So far the Brennan-McGary-Harris misleaders who have been expelling rank and file miners from their meeting in approved Lewis style have been crawling on their knees before Lewis in the hope that they would be accepted by the arch union-wrecker in the place of Cappelini. Now it is believed, they may attempt to form a separate union of the anthracite but the rank and file miners, it is known, will refuse to follow any policy of separation from the bituminous miners.

BARONDESS, LABOR BETRAYER, DEAD

Joseph Barondess, labor renegade, Zionist demagogue and insurance agent, died Tuesday at Mount Sinai Hospital following an operation. He was 65 years old.



Barondess

A founder of the cloakmakers' and actors' union and once one of the most popular and powerful labor leaders among the Jewish workers of New York, Barondess systematically betrayed the workers and during the last 20 years of his life he openly went over to the bourgeoisie, where his demagoguery, his skill at flattery and obsequiousness before those in power soon made him a popular figure in the Zionist and Jewish welfare movements.

Barondess' official break with "socialism" came in 1907 when the pressure of competition made it less lucrative than it had formerly been. He resigned from the socialist party, declaring that the American Federation of Labor could do more for the workers. His career since then has been one of bitter opposition to every progressive tendency in the labor movement and support of the union-smashing policies of the Jewish Daily Forward.

U. S. AUTOMOBILES FOR SPAIN.

BARCELONA, June 20.—One ship from the United States today brought 500 American-made automobiles for sale in Spain.

Slug Strike Leader

Fred Beal, laborer, militant leader of the New Bedford textile mill strikers. Police beat up Beal yesterday while he was leading the strikers on the picket line.

ALEX BAIL WILL TOUR 3 STATES

Communist Organizer to Speak in Many Cities

Alex Bail, organizer of the New England district, is at present engaged in an extensive tour for the mobilization of all Workers (Communist) Party resources in the election campaign, and for the support of the New Bedford Textile strikers.

Organizers on Job.

In addition to his tour, which covers the states of Rhode Island, Massachusetts and New Hampshire, special organizers have been placed in the field to concentrate on certain sections. Toive Mantyla has been assigned to work in Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont; John Hurwitz has been placed in charge of the campaign in New Hampshire, Sam Wynn in Vermont, and James Kangas in Maine. Rhode Island is now being industriously canvassed to procure signatures for the petition which is expected to place the names of Wil-

(Continued on Page Five)

EARTHQUAKE IN CANADA.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 20.—Residents of Victoria felt a slight earth tremor at 7:37 a. m. today while breakfasting. The center of the disturbance appeared to be in the Strait of San Juan De Fuca, close to Victoria.

WOUNDED NEGRO LYNCHED BY MOB

Begs for Mercy as He Is Dragged from Hospital

HOUSTON, Texas, June 20.—Automobile parties composed of early-arriving delegates to the democratic national convention left several hotels here today to visit the scene of the murder of Robert Powell, 24 year old Negro, lynched early this morning.

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HOUSTON, Texas, June 20.—The body of Robert Powell, 24-year-old Negro, was found hanging from a bridge about eight miles from here today.

The body, suspended from the floor of the bridge by a rope was found by two detectives who were following at a discreet distance behind the gang of eight unmasked men who kidnapped the Negro from the Jefferson Davis Hospital here at 3 o'clock this morning.

Powell had been charged with the fatal shooting of a city detective, A. V. Davis, last Sunday. Powell was suffering from a bullet wound in the stomach and was being treated at the hospital.

According to the story of Jackson McCarter, Negro attendant at the hospital, eight men entered the ward where Powell was lying. They tied the wounded man's hands and feet, and as they did so he cried: "Lord have mercy on me." Delegates to the democratic convention are believed to have witnessed the hanging.

Worker Arrested for Distributing Leaflets

Quick action on the part of the International Labor Defense thwarted another attempt of police to jail a militant worker for distributing leaflets.

Benjamin Sturm was arrested early Monday afternoon on 37th St., near Sixth Ave., while distributing leaflets calling millinery workers to a meeting held last night in Bryant Hall. He was taken to the 30th St. police station, but the New York Section of the I. L. D. immediately secured his release on bail.

After a hearing before Judge Flood in Jefferson Market Court yesterday morning, the case was dismissed. Sturm was defended by Jacques Buitenkant, representing the I. L. D.

IRON WORKERS WIN STRIKE.

BOSTON (FP).—Structural iron workers are signing a new agreement for $1.37½ an hour after a short strike.

Leads Illinois Miners

One of the leading militants in the growing plans for a new national mine union is George Voyzey, new head of district 12. Voyzey was counted out in the 1924 election by the corrupt Lewis machine.

SPORT PROGRAM AT RED PICNIC

Communist Event To Be Held Sunday

An army of athletes is preparing for the big red sports carnival which will be one of the principal features of the Communist Election Campaign Picnic which to be held next Sunday, June 24, at Pleasant Bay Park.

Among the contestants will be the crack team of the Metropolitan Sports League, the Hungarian Workers' Sports Club which is a champion of the first division of this league. Among the stars who will participate in the game will be the following who have gained reputation in this field of sports: Vinze, Takacs and Ojelbam. Other participants in the tournament will be the famous girl teams, Rosa Luxemberg "B" and Rosa Luxemberg "A." These teams have gained a nationwide reputation for their prowess.

The Armenian Workers Educational Clubs report that all arrangements have been perfected for an excellent program of Caucasian folk songs, rendered on Persian instruments of unique make. The club will also give a number of vocal selections.

The district office of the Workers Party reports considerable difficulty in handling the rush for tickets, but arrangements are being made to extend the facilities at the park to accommodate the enormous crowd which is expected.

"RED ESSEX" TO LEAVE HERE TODAY

Burke, Perlman to Visit 14 Counties in State Election Drive

This morning and old "Essex" automobile will leave from the district office of the Workers (Communist) Party at the Workers Center.

Stocked with Communist literature it will be driven thruout New York State by Donald Burke and George Perlman who will speak on the vital issues facing its workers in the factories.

This is part of the great Communist state election drive which was inaugurated with the New York nominating convention held here on June 10. At that time William F. Dunne was chosen to be the state's gubernatorial candidate, Robert Minor its candidate for U. S. senator and Juliet Stuart Poyntz, the candidate for attorney-general, with Lovet Fort-Whileman as candidate for state comptroller.

Fourteen counties will be visited by Burke and Perlman and thousands of workers will be addressed from the "Essex." Leaving New York this morning, the tour will extend up the Hudson, touching numerous industrial centers.

Included among the cities to be visited are: Yonkers, Carmel, Putnam County; Poughkeepsie, Dutchess County; Hudson, Columbia County,

(Continued on Page Two)

SERB PREMIER SHOT TO DEATH

Attacked Fascist Treaty With Fascists

BERLIN, June 20.—It was reported from Belgrade late tonight that the Cabinet will resign tomorrow.

• • •

BERLIN, June 20.—Pavel Raditch, one of the leaders of the Croatian peasant Party, is reported to have been shot to death, according to advices from Belgrade.

Three others were seriously wounded. They are Stefan Raditch, another leader of the peasant party; Dr. Pernar and Dr. Basaritch, all members of the Chamber of Deputies.

Stefan Raditch had just made a fiery speech in which he accused deputies of the government party of urging ratification of the Nettuno treaty with Italy from personal motives. Suddenly shots rang out from the gallery. Pavel Raditch jumped in front of Stefan to protect him. A second later he dropped with a bullet in his body.

Buniza Racic, a government party deputy, who had fired the shots was immediately seized by the police and arrested. Leaders of the opposition party made formal demand that the cabinet resign to prevent further trouble.

The Nettuno treaty has been hanging fire for two years. It was signed by representatives of the two powers but never ratified by the Jugoslav parliament owing to widespread opposition. It gives wide concessions to Italians residing in Jugoslavia.

FLOOD PERILS MARYLAND TOWN

Hagerstown Reservoir May Burst, Is Fear

HAGERSTOWN, Md., June 20.—A huge reservoir, holding 100,000,000 gallons of water, towered threateningly over the towns of Edgemont and Greensburg today, while workers strove to divert the small creek that feeds it.

People living in the two towns were ordered to leave their homes yesterday, when it was feared that the reservoir would burst.

A six hour cloudburst changed the creek into a torrent, while all rivers in the section had risen nearly above their banks. The water in the storage reservoir had reached the 11-foot stage, six feet higher than the spillway.

All bottom lands surrounding Hagerstown have been flooded and the Potomac River rose two feet within an hour. The tracks of the Baltimore-Ohio Railroad in several sections have been flooded, and transportation has been seriously handicapped.

Trans-Atlantic Fliers Make Flight to Bremen

BERLIN, June 20.—Escorted by 50 planes and greeted by a salute of 30 guns, the crew of the German trans-atlantic airplane Bremen arrived here this afternoon from Bremen in the sistership Europa.

TEXTILE PICKETS PROTEST AT JAIL; ASSAULTED ANEW

Others Imprisoned and Heavily Fined

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 20.—Scores of workers were beaten and slugged, three women and six men were arrested, when a large squadron of imported police, led by Police Chief McLeed, charged a picket line of 700 striking textile workers, because they voiced their protest at the brutal manhandling of their leaders, Fred E. Beal and A. Dawson, whom the police had previously singled out for arrest. This took place yesterday at the Wamsutta Mill gates.

As the nine arrested pickets were carried to the station house after the police onslaught at the mill gates, the hundreds of textile strikers began to picket the police station in protest. Again a force of police charged the workers with drawn clubs, severely injuring many. Three of the police were injured when the workers defended themselves.

Ever since the textile mills committee began to lead large picket lines around the factories the police carried on a continual terror of numerous and repeated arrests of the picket leaders, hoping thereby to discourage the workers from continuing their demonstrations. Directions given to the pickets in a louder voice, singing or strike songs, or merely whistling, was sufficient excuse for arrest, and for the vicious Massachusetts judges to sentence the strikers to long jail terms and heavy fines.

In arresting Beal and Dawson today, the police head, McLeed began

(Continued on Page Two)

TAMMANY MOVES ON TO HOUSTON

Hoover Prepares Big Money Squad

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

HOUSTON, Tex., June 20.—The iron hand of the Wall Street powers that be, without which no capitalist candidate for the presidency can be nominated on either ticket, is seen here in the steady gathering in of elements behind the naming of Al Smith on an early ballot.

Without principles on the basis of which to rally any opposition to the big business candidacy of the Tammany Hall governor, the forces which appear to be seeking Smith's defeat are drifting helplessly. The nearest approach to a platform against Smith is that of the drys, who are as divided among themselves as the ranks of the petty business class itself. Senator James A. Reed of Missouri, another wet, has been losing ground in the attempt to build an opposition without a platform and merely on the slogan, "Against Al Smith."

The result is that Tammany Hall

(Continued on Page Three)

WORKERS DONATE IN BIG DAILY DRIVE

Additional Donations Expected

Contributions received yesterday totalled $335.25, leaving the fund $360.64 short of the $10,000 goal. The list of contributions follows:

J. Holmin, Chicago, Ill., $2; Hungarian Barber, So. Bend, Ind., $1.16; K. J. Mallinstrom, So. Bend, In., $2.50; John H. Farrell, Detroit, Mich., $5; A. T. Larrington, Detroit, Mich., $1; E. B., NYC, $3; Harry Barab, Newark, N. J., $4; Finnish Workers, Club of W. Allis, Wisc., $22.50; Saml. Goldberg, Philadelphia, Pa., $3; Wm. Meyerson,

(Continued on Page Three)

FIND BOY'S BODY.

Last Friday, Victor Laterra, 13 years, of 25 Henry St., was playing along the East River docks in a bathing suit. He disappeared, and early yesterday his body was found off pier 31 at Pike St.

Police Again Beat Up Hindu Seamen on Board Standard Tanker Comeric

ATTACK SAILORS FOR WANTING DAY OFF SHORE LEAVE

This Is Second Assault Within Few Weeks

For the second time within the past few weeks the Hindu firemen and seamen of the Standard oil tanker Comeric have learned that police clubs are always at the service of their American masters.

The tanker, moored at 10th St., Long Island City, is a typical floating dungeon, where the miserably underpaid and overworked slaves of the Standard Oil Co. are kept virtual prisoners.

The beating of the crew yesterday came again as the result of their desire to have a day off on shore. The men have sailed around various parts of the world, stopping at 14 ports, and have never been given a single day off. Finding the men in a temper that would brook no further refusal of their demand, Captain Abe Livingston, the master of the vessel, sent out a call for police. Swinging their clubs viciously, the preservers of "law and order" soon beat the firemen and seamen into submission.

Two of the crew, Ebhramanollo, a fireman, and Munaradan, boatswain's mate, were arrested. Both were suffering from fractures and numerous bruises.

"ESSEX" LEAVING IN N. Y. CAMPAIGN

Signatures Needed for Election Drive

(Continued from Page One)

Albany, Albany County, Troy, Rensellear County, Saratoga, Saratoga County, Schenectady, Schenectady County, Catskill, Green County, Kingston, Ulster County, Monticello, Sullivan County, Newburgh, Orange County, Haverstraw, Rockland and Rockland County.

Commenting on the tour of Burke and Perlman, Rebecca Grecht, state campaign manager of the Workers (Communist) Party, said:

"The first and most important thing that must be done in order for the Party to participate in the elections next fall is tha it be placed on the ballot. To do this, the Party must get 100 signatures of voters in every county of the state. The two comrades leaving on tour have lists of all readers of The DAILY WORKER in these counties, and will call on these readers for assistance in getting petitions signed.

"They will also hold street meetings in every sizeable town. They will sell literature and get subscriptions for the 'Daily.' All readers are urged to make preliminary arrangements in order to make these meetings a success."

Daily Worker-Freiheit Picnic in Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 20. — All the workers of Los Angeles have been asked to prepare for the press picnic to be held here soon for the benefit of the DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit. Preparations on the part of the arrangement committee are in full swing. Novelties and entertainments have been arranged to make the picnic a success. Every worker in Los Angeles is expected to attend, according to a recent statement.

Coolidge Hears Sermon on the "Frugal Life"

Calvin Coolidge attended the congregational church at Brule, Wis., the first Sunday after his arrival at the "modest" summer White House. Coolidge who has a personal staff of nearly 100 at the million dollar estate of the late but not lamented Henry Clay Pierce, oil pirate, listened to a sermon on "The Frugal Life." On the left of the famous statesman is Dr. John Taylor, pastor of the church, and on the right is Dr. R. E. Bayes.

POLICE ASSAULT TEXTILE PICKETS

Many Textile Strikers Are Slugged and Jailed

(Continued from Page One)

to slug Dawson so that he began to bleed from the mouth. In the onslaught that followed Antone Ceviceras, a striker, had his head split open.

This attack is indicative of the campaign of the police terror preparatory to an attempt on the part of the bosses to reopen the mill gates. It indicates that the mill barons by this stunt will only succeed in demonstrating that not enough strikebreakers could be obtained to resume production in one of the 8 plants shut down.

John Walersyzak, a vice president of the New Bedford unit of the textile mills committee was arrested yesterday afternoon while leading the line at the Hathaway Mills, for "disturbing the peace."

In addition to the $40 fines imposed the day previous on Jackson W. Wales, a Harvard student active on the picket line, a new sentence of two months in jail was imposed on him on another count of the same charge. He appealed to the superior court. His bail was increased to total $1,100. Four other strikers had their cases continued. The International Labor Defense is providing funds and attorneys for the strikers.

French Experts Plan New Gas War Defense

PARIS, June 20. — In preparation for the next war the French academy of medicine is making a detailed study of defenses against gas and other chemical attacks. Ten experts were appointed for this work to submit practical proposals for war emergency.

That the civilian population will face a helpless and devastating death from a chemical attack in the next war was reported by the international red cross commission which met in Brussels in January. The means of urban defense for a new war are totally inadequate it is reported.

Rebel Poetry Night at Labor Temple Tuesday

The Labor Temple Poetry Forum organized and directed by Anton Romatka, has arranged a Rebel Poetry Night, to be held on June 26, at 8.15 p. m. at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and 2nd Ave.

Many poets who have contributed to the radical press have been invited to read from among their own work. Among these are Henry Reich, Jr., David Gordon, Adelph Wolff, Herman Spector and many others.

Seamen from Germany Here Fight Tyranny

HOBOKEN, N. J., June 20.—Ten years of German "republican" or social-democratic rule in Germany have left seamen's conditions the same as under the kaiser. So charge hundreds of seamen from a score of German ships lying in harbor in Brooklyn, Manhattan and Hoboken.

Under a call of a committee from the steamer "Tirpitz," they met in a Hoboken hall and laid plans for a fight against the medieval discipline and conditions which exist at the present time. Incidentally, they are still governed by laws which began, "We, Wilhelm, by grace of God, etc." They will demand a new seamen's law.

Only 8,300 of the 50,000 German seamen are organized although 11,000 officers are fully protected by their own associations.

SCHOOL IS AIDING FASCIST TERROR

The opening of the first Italian fascist school in Baltimore is characterized as a further intrenchment of fascism in this country and an extension of the international system by which Italian fascism terrorizes militant workers, in a statement issued last night by the New York section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway. The statement, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the section, declares:

"Sponsored by the Italian consul, a fascist military training school for young boys has been started in Baltimore. This marks an important advance of fascism in this country, the establishment of a training ground where during the next few years hundreds of boys, in their most impressionable years, will be filled with the murderous doctrines of Mussolini and converted into loyal terrorists.

Future Blackshirts.

"This school will really be an extension of Mussolini's international terrorist system. American born children will be trained into special agents for intimidating and framing up anti-fascist workers in this country.

U. S.-Italy Solidarity.

"The announcement of the establishment of this first fascist school follows shortly after the sentencing of 37 members of the Italian Communist Party to long years of hard labor in the hell holes of Mussolini. It indicates the complete solidarity that exists between the government of the United States and the government of Italy."

NO "BUSINESS AS USUAL" IN ENGLAND

Economic Stagnation Gets Worse While Population Increases

By SCOTT NEARING (Fed. Press).

"BUSINESS as usual" was to be reestablished in Great Britain within 6 months of the end of the war. This remains an unfulfilled wish of the British business class. Not since 1880 has there been business as usual in Great Britain. Especially since 1920 the British ruling class has found itself face to face with an economic stagnation which grows more pronounced with the passing years.

Figures are now available for British production the first 3 months of 1928. During these three months in 1913 British mines produced 72,000,000 tons of coal. For the same months of 1927 coal production was 68,000,000, for 1928 65,000,000. Pigiron production first 3 months of 1913 was 2,565,000 tons, first 3 months of 1927 1,677,000 tons, first 3 months of 1928 1,704,000 tons. Exports of cotton yarn (in millions of pounds) were first 3 months of 1913 53, 1927 49, 1928 45. Cotton goods (millions of yards) were first 3 months of 1913 1,826, 1927 1,015, 1928 1,051.

Food Exports Rise.

Coal, iron and cotton are three great staples of British industry. In none has business been reestablished on the prewar basis.

Meanwhile food exports rise. Great Britain imported 22,000,000 hundredweight of wheat the first 3 months of 1913, 26,000,000 in 1927 and 26,000,000 in 1928. The British bill for imported meat was 12,000,000 pounds the first 3 months of 1913, 24,000,000 pounds sterling the first 3 months of 1928 (1 pound, $4.86).

Imports of iron, steel, tin and copper are greater in the first 3 months of 1928 than in the first 3 months of 1913. The imports of petroleum the first 3 months of 1913 were 114,000,000 gallons. In the first 3 months of 1928, 466,000,000 gallons.

Britain is losing her world markets. The story is told in her shrinking exports and in her failure to recover her trade during the economic war after the war.

Population Increases.

As British agricultural production shrinks, British population is increasing. Year by year more food must be imported. British resources are failing. Minerals, fuels and industrial raw materials must be imported in larger quantities even in the face of diminishing exports of finished commodities.

What is the answer of British capitalism to this disturbing economic situation? The files of 504 companies which published their accounts in the first quarter of 1928 show a 15 percent jump in net profits. The net profits were 61,800,000 pounds in 1928, 53,600,000 in 1927. In miscellaneous industries the ordinary dividend rate for 1928 was 14.2 percent against 13.5 percent for 1927. For textiles the dividend rate remained stationary at 13 percent; in shops and stores it rose from 15 percent to 17 percent, in iron, coal and steel it rose from 2.6 percent to 4.1 percent.

Miners, railway workers, textile workers have suffered wage cuts, increased working hours, increased intensity of labor and a rising ratio of exploitation. The excuse has been the failure of British markets. Meanwhile the British capitalist class exacts an increasing return on its investment.

Great Britain is the mother of capitalism. 40 years ago the British capitalists passed the zenith of their prosperity. Since then they have been driving down living standards while they forced up returns on capital.

STEEL MAGNATES FORM HUGE U. S. EXPORT COMBINE

Centralization of the Industry Complete

Alliance between the U. S. Steel Corporation and the Bethlehem Steel Corporation was effected yesterday thru the proposed organization of the Steel Export Association of America, a body formed to gain control of America's $160,000,000 annual steel trade abroad, and to offset foreign competition.

Application was made yesterday to the Federal Trade Commission under the Export Trade Act for authority to form the new association, which will monopolizo and control an outlet for from 75 to 80 percent of the rolled steel and other products shipped out of this country annually.

Further centralization in the control of the steel exports in the United States was indicated yesterday when it was learned that if the new association should be approved by the Federal Trade Commission, the independent producers of the United States, which control 20 to 25 percent of America's steel exports, would form a similar association.

FAMILY EVICTED BY COURT ORDER

Mrs. Louis Mishkin, whose husband was shot and killed on May 28 by a policeman who "thought he was a bandit," has been evicted by court order, together with her four children who were left destitute thru the criminal negligence of the police, from her apartment at 1140 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. Hannah, 17 years old, her oldest child, who is seeking a job as a stenographer, said yesterday that no help had been given her family by the city.

The total number of innocent persons killed by the reckless handling of guns on the part of the police is mounting steadily.

Graft in Roadbuilding Results in Accident

Rough spots on the Albany Post Road near Peekskill, N. Y., has caused six accidents in the last few weeks. Above, its latest victim, after turning complete somersault. Five occupants were sent to the hospital. Faulty construction is a routine matter inasmuch as it makes more frequent the necessity for road-building contracts with its gravy.

Hundreds Will Die July Fourth for "Patriotism"

By PAUL CROUCH.

WHILE soldiers in the army get only $21 per month and must buy their own tailor made uniforms, the government is planning to burn up $8,000,000 in fireworks July 4th, in efforts to arouse the "patriotic" spirit and prepare for new imperialist struggles.

Not only will huge fortunes be spent on noise while unemployed sleep on benches or join the army to avoid starvation, but the government is planning to offer hundreds of lives on the alter of Mars. Because of the intensive preparations, it is probable that the deaths will far exceed last July 1st when 200 lives were lost and 5,000 injured in nationalistic celebrations.

During the celebration of another "patriotic" occasion, "Independence Day," last year, 195 were killed and 3,179 injured. Among those murdered in honor of American imperialism were sixteen young children.

PILOTLESS PLANE FOUND.

With her left wing crushed and showing signs of having crashed into the ocean, a seaplane bearing the department of commerce markings HR-43 today was reported adrift 83 miles east of Ambrose Light and about 25 miles south of Long Island. No signs of pilot or crew were found by the freighter Heffron, which reported the derelict.

DANCING WAY TO PUBLICITY.

If one or more of the 16 couples who were still wearily shuffling away in the dance marathon here at noon today can last it out until after 8 o'clock tomorrow night a new world's record for derby dancing will have been set. Only about one of every eight couples who started in the grind remained as the 230th hour was passed at noon today. The present record, 262 hours, was set recently at New Kensington.

NEW INJUNCTION PROHIBITS TALK IN MINE FIELD

Miners Ordered Not to Address Scabs

PITTSBURGH, June 20. — Coal justice unlimbered itself of another injunction yesterday which breaks the record of restrictions thus far made against coal diggers by preventing them from speaking to scabs.

The new injunction has been granted to the McClane Mining Company in a preliminary order issued by Judge Gray of Common Pleas court and applies especially to the Treveskyb mine but will be extended, attorneys for the company declare, to a number of other mining concerns in whose behalf the McClane Company carried on the action.

The injunction does not restrict picketing as such, but prevents the particular acts which constitute picketing, such as meeting together, before the mine, speaking to scabs, displaying signs, and other such acts.

What I Saw in China
by TOM MANN
For the past three years the Chinese masses have been struggling for freedom from the clutches of Imperialism.
Everyone nowadays is either talking or writing China.
Tom Mann, "grand old man" of the British labor movement, contributes his observations after a stay of six months in China with the International Workers Delegation.
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The Organization of a World Party
By OSIP PIATNITSKY
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What are the various sections of the Communist International doing? Germany, France, U. S., England, Italy?
What are their achievements, shortcomings and future tasks?
B. Vasiliev, reviewing this pamphlet in the May 1 issue of the Communist International, says:
"Every active member of every Communist Party in capitalist countries must have a copy of Comrade Piatnitsky's little book among the number of absolutely necessary handbooks on everyday Party work."
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French Communist Party Convention Demands Increase of Mass Activity

URGES MOVE TO INCREASE TRADE UNION CONTROL

Districts Will Support Semard

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PARIS, June 20.—Following the convention of the Paris district, the national convention of French Communist Party has opened here in the midst of great enthusiasm.

Reporting on the situation confronting the Party, Semard, leading French Communist, pointed out that there is no catastrophic crisis now impending, but indicated the increased difficulties abroad.

Fight "Rationalization."

The speaker declared that stabilization of the franc affords a fresh basis for offensive in the form of rationalization causing an aggravation of the class struggle. He pointed to the numerous strikes in the past few months.

"The Communist Party must draw the correct conclusions for a united front for the purpose of influencing the social democrats," Semard urged. "There must be fewer negotiations among the heads and more work among the rank and file of the social democrats." he asserted.

He further urged the necessity of consolidating the work of the Party and its organization in the industrial centers. "We must collaborate to secure the Communist Party a leading role in the trade union movement," Semard declared.

Maintaining an opposition to the election tactics of the French Communist Party, Renaud Jean asserted that the shop nuclei are functioning poorly. He urged the formation of street nuclei and proposed a spread of theoretical propaganda.

Strengthen Nuclei.

Speakers from all the districts overwhelmingly disagreed with Renaud Jean. They proposed the strengthening of the factory nuclei at combatting of the overestimation of the importance of parliamentary success and a misunderstanding of tactics.

The conference has showed itself to be unanimous as regards the strengthening of the Party.

SEEK TO REGISTER THE FOREIGN-BORN

New Trick Is Devised to Put Over Law

WASHINGTON, June 20. — Alien registration, which organized labor looks upon as the first step toward espionage and persecution of labor agitators who happen to have been born abroad, is now being sought under a new pretext by Secretary of Labor Davis. The bureau of immigration in his department announces that beginning July 1, it will issue "identification cards" to all new immigrants. Hitherto, only Chinese have been presented with these cards upon entering this country, except that they have recently been issued to aliens who daily cross the Mexican or Canadian border.

Each year since Davis became secretary of labor he has urged that congress enact an alien registration law, requiring every alien now in the United States to register before a federal official, and to report at least once a year. Organized labor defeated this scheme in committee in the senate and house, pointing out that it would enable anti-labor employers to trace the records of their workers and to persecute them if they sought to improve wages or other conditions in industry.

THIRTY KILLED BY EXPLOSION

MEXICO CITY, June 20. — The death list from a boiler explosion in a public bath house in the southern quarter of this city reached 30 today when four more bodies were recovered in the wreckage. Fifty persons were injured.

The explosion was due to excessive steam pressure. According to the police the workmen in charge of the boiler were guilty of negligence.

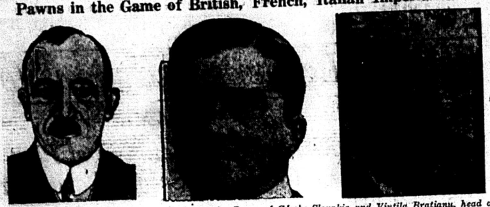
The bath house was located in a section of the city inhabited by the poorer class.

FINE HOMES FOR RICH

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 20.—Mae Murray. Blonde film star, who claims she was bilked in paying $50,000 for a $25,000 home today was awarded $32,295 damages against Jack Donovan, cowbody actor and architect.

The "house that Jack built" was filled with purported antiques, few of which were very old, the actress complained.

Pawns in the Game of British, French, Italian Imperialism



From left to right in the picture are Premier Benes of Czecho-Slovakia and Vintila Bratianu, head of present terrorist Rumanian government. Next to them is Admiral Horthy, notorious executioner of scores of Hungarian workers. Czecho-Slovakia, Rumania and Jugoslavia, obeying the nod of the British imperialists, have hastily convened a conference at Bucharest

PRIVATE KILLED IN ARMY DRILL

Bullet Rewards Service to Militarism

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., June 20. — Edward Greisbach, 22, of 516 West 162nd street, New York City, a private in Company "E," 102nd regiment of engineers, N. Y. N. G., is dead today. He died in Peekskill hospital here last night from a rifle bullet wound received on the rifle range at the national guard encampment near here on June 7.

Griesbach, working in the target pits during the state rifle matches, was struck at the base of the skull by a bullet which had recocheted from a stone in the back-stop of the pits. When taken to the hospital it was found he had a fracture of the skull.

LEWIS URGING MINERS' RETURN

Tries to Collect Aid Tho He Gives None

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SLICKVILLE, Pa. (By mail).—I'm writing these few lines for The DAILY WORKER to show all miners and workers how Lewis is trying to organize the miners for a "victory."

Today two ladies came from New Kensington to solicit money for the striking miners. They had credentials from the Kinlock local union. We asked one of them whether she represented the Save-the-Union Committee or the Lewis gang. They answered they were from the United Mine Workers, from Lewis' side. Then I asked whether they give money and food to all the strikers. They said Lewis takes care of it all. So I asked how it was that Lewis stopped all relief from going to locals like Harwick and Renton and other places in Districts 5 and 6 in Ohio where miners are on strike for a union. I said that Lewis and his gang were sending "relief" only to his supporters in the various locals of the districts. He stopped relief for strikers even before April 1. By cutting the relief Lewis tries to starve us into becoming scabs.

The women answered that the Save-the-Union Committee was payed by the coal operators.

"Yes, paid by clubbings for their fine work for the miners," I said, "arresting our leaders all the time."

Lewis is responsible for this trouble because he betrayed us in 1921 and '22. He's doing the same thing now by signing individual district agreements and making even local contracts. How can we win the strike this way? Our slogan is "united we stand, divided we fall."

These ladies told us to chase Lewis out after we won. So I said that if she wanted Lewis out she should join the Save-the-Union side, throw him out and select men who will lead us to victory. Then we wouldn't have such fights and betraying policies but one national contract and a good strong Union. I asked them to help us. But they replied, "Go back to work! You are making a mistake by striking with the Save-the-Union Committee. Go back, if you can get the job back."

All brothers can see how Lewis is organizing the miners, telling them to go back to work. His policy is to organize us into slavery. We appeal to every miner and worker in the country to promise that he will not allow John Lewis nor the operators to make scabs of us. But we need help, food and clothes, because we are starving as we fight. The only relief we get is from the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. We want nothing from the faker Lewis, we want all workers to help us in our big struggle.

—A. E.

Colombia Workers Win

BOGOTA, June 20.—The workers in the British telephone Co. have won an increase in wages after a strike of about two weeks. The agreement was signed yesterday. Late last night the telephone service of the city was renewed.

Oil Protests Smashed By Spanish Fascists

MADRID, June 20. — The suspension of any newspaper publishing the facts concerning the quality of petrol is threatened by the Spanish petrol monopoly, it is reported today.

There is a nation-wide protest against the low grade petrol. The government is taking extreme measures to silence all complaints.

Foreign and Spanish officials have been able to secure petrol from abroad through diplomatic permits.

SEND FUNDS AS BIG DRIVE ENDS

Additional Donations Expected

(Continued from Page One)

Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Hungarian Br. I. L. D., NYC, $5; Progressive Window Cleaners, NYC, $20; Fred Bosnich, Hammond, Ind., $2; A. & M. Barber Shop, Bronx, N. Y., $2; Chas. Ferri, McKeesport, Pa., $1; N. Sindelch, McKeesport, Pa., $1; L. Pezolesi, New London, Conn., $2; L. Quintiliani, New London, Conn., $2; A Sympathizer, New London, Conn., $5; S. Camillucci, New London, Conn., $2; A. Camillucci, New London, Conn., $2; Frank Zazmester, Gasport, N. Y., 50c; John Jorgenson, Alma, Wisc., $2.50; Dave Schlitz, collected, Portsmouth, Va., $13; J. Cannen, E. Boston, Mass., $1; A. Kratofil, Norwalk, O., $2; F. Mengstein, Bethlehem, Pa., $3; Marcellin Moulin, Roundup, Mont., $2; H. L. Goldberg, St. Louis, Mo., $5; Wm. Mollard, Turtleford, Sask., Can., $2; Carl Rakoski, Detroit, Mich., $1; R. A. Wetzel, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., $5; Emily Chicko, Chicago, Ill., $5; P. Anston, Roslindale, Mass., $1; Walter P. Sukut, Chicago, Ill., 25c; James McAllinden, Toledo, Ohio, $2; Leo Ars, Monroe Bridge, Mass., $5; J. J. Skohan, Hudson, Mass., $5; A Worker, Roseville, Mich., $2; A. Judelovitz, Denver, Colo., $10; Oreo McSwan, Denver, Colo., $10; James Jursik, Dillonvale, Ohio, $2; E. Williams, Baltimore, Md., $2; K. Beer, Somespoint, N. J., $2; B. Esecover, Bklyn, N. Y., $5; John Heino, Lanesville, Mass., $15; Weinberg, Philadelphia, Pa., $1; Mercus, Philadelphia, Pa., 25c; P. Oken, Philadelphia, Pa., $3; B. Burt, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Soares, Philadelphia, Pa., $1; Wakshul, Philadelphia, Pa., $1; Unit 2A, Philadelphia, Pa., $9.50; Al Paslowetz, Chicago, Ill., $3; J. Burgen, Boston, Mass., $2; Gunder E. Nylo, Holler, Minn., $1; Gregory Johnson, Detroit, Mich., $5; Aristides Jeorges, Detroit, Mich., $1; Nucleus 4, San Francisco, Cal., $5; Workers (Communist) Party, Los Angeles, Sub District, $119.60; A. Yakstas, Chicago, Ill., $1; J. Samalonis, Chicago, Ill., $1; J. Magriskas, Chicago, Ill., 50c; J. Plack, Chicago, Ill., 50c; A. J. Gusin, Chicago, Ill., 50c; J. Kslvelis, Chicago, Ill., 25c; V. Prusis, Chicago, Ill., 25c; T. & C., Chicago, Ill., $1; Percy Franklin, Leamington, Ont., $1; Jacob Glase, Bklyn, N. Y., $10; M. O. Sullivan, Kansas City, Mo., $1; D. Bloom, San Francisco, Calif., $.50; Shop Nuc. No. 201, Cleveland, Ohio, $3; John Prenell, Youngstown, Ohio, $3; Fred Bruerkner, Laramie, Wyo., $10; L. P. Irvin, Spokane, Wash., $10; Christ Stravina, Taylorville, Ill., $2; Women's Council No. 20, Bklyn, N. Y., $10; Anna Porter, San Jose, Calif., $20; H. Berenson, N. Y. C., $2; John Franholz, Cleveland, Ohio, $1; Anton Balazsie, Dillonville, Ohio, $1; Roxbury Lettish Club, Inc., Roxbury, Mass., $10; Freiheit Singing Society, Chicago, Ill., $12.35, collected at picnic. Frank J. Tupikaitis, Chicago, Ill., $5; Marvin P. Lewis, N. Y. C., $1; Finnish Labor Society of Worcester, Mass., $19.50; Chinese Worker-Peasants' Alliance, Phila., Pa., $20; Lee Gaim You, Phila., Pa., $10; A. Y. Kle, Phila., Pa., $5; Chew York, Phila., Pa., $5; Wong Van Gong, Phila., Pa., $5; Wong Arck, Phila., Pa., $5; Quock S. Lee, Phila., Pa., $5; Hartmann Lieu, Phila., Pa., $5; Foster Tan, Phila., Pa., $5; Yat Lo Chong, Phila., Pa., $5; Chan Kum Chow, Phila., Pa., $5; Hock Ming, Phila., Pa., $5; Cheu Tung, Phila., Pa., $3; Chong Chai, Phila., Pa., $3; Lam Chong, Phila., Pa., $3; Lee Wah, Phila., Pa., $2; Teung Sing, Phila., Pa., $2; Chang Poy Kee, Phila., Pa., $2; Chank Kum, Phila., Pa., $2; Chang Young, Phila., Pa., $2; Lee Wing, Phila., Pa., $2; Zedo G. Tsai, Phila., Pa., $2; Chang Soy, Phila., Pa., $2; W. P. Local, Toledo, Ohio, $25; Siegel Family, Ontario, Calif., $1; Kruppe, Milwaukee, Wisc., $1; Alex Perferio, N. Y. C., $1; S. Guid, Phila., Pa., 2; James Annutafellon, Albany, N. Y., $5; Jack Montono, Passaic, N. J., $2; A Worker, Passaic, N. J., $2; C. V. Carkson, Riverside, I. I., $2; H. D. Amstutz, Kansas City, Mo., $1; F. Martens, Moline, Ill., $5; Nais Jacto, Duluth, Minn., $10; Tom Santovic, Wadsworth, Branch 548, W. C., N. Y. C., $25; Greenblatt, N. Y. C., $1; H. David, N. Y. C., $1; A. Frier, N. Y. C., $1; M. Zimmerman, N. Y. C., $1; S. Gister, N. Y., $1; M. S., N. Y., $1; M. Purkin, N. Y., $2; Centure, N. Y., $.50; Silverstein, N. Y., $1; M. Rosen, N. Y., $1; Oberstein, N. Y., $.50; Taeman, N. Y., $.50; Polobofsky, N. Y., $.50; Wasseman, N. Y., $.50; B. Meltzer, N. Y., $1; Bozrad, N. Y., $1; I. Taback, N. Y., $1; Milner, N. Y., $1; Rappaport, N. Y., $1; Women Council 18, Boro Park Br., N. Y., $12; O. Mellino, N. Y., $1; G. Bradicick, N. Y., $1; I. Mariotti, N. Y., $1; F. Bono, N. Y., $.50; E. Mello, N. Y., $1; P. Robotti, N. Y., $1; A. Porrino, N. Y., $.50; G. Pollano, So. Norwalk, $1; F. L. R., So. Norwalk, $2; Hagon, So. Norwalk, $.50; A. Salvest, So. Norwalk, $1; D. Strein, So. Norwalk, $1; A. Millett, So. Norwalk, $.50; Chinese Branch of the Workers' Alliance, N. Y., $9; J. F. Pugliese, N. Y. C., $10; L. D. Ferrari, N. Y., $10; T. Omiliianoff, N. Y., $3; Jos. Tenzor, Detroit, Mich., $3; Armenian Fraction W. P. & I. L. D. Branch, N. Y., $66; B. J. Bergman, Clifton, Ariz., $2.50; Lazarous Spinos, Pasadena, Calif., $2; Meyer Bortnick, Blytheville, Ark., $2; J. W. Crowe, Oakland, Calif., $5; Louis Sherman, San Francisco, Cal., $2; Wm. Zussman, Kansas City, Mo., $1; Chelsea & Lynn Armenian Fr. of W. P. Mass., $30; Mrs. M. Libeck, Palidade, Minn., $1; Marie Lybeck, Palidade, Minn., $1; Davis Haines, Hutchinson, Minn., $2; Nucleus No. 1, Hancock, Mich., 10; Jos. Segerstein, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., $5; Mack-Eastlawn Auto Service, Detroit, Mich., $5; Bradford G. Williams, Lakeland, Fla., $2; Intl. D. Lith. Sec. 3rd Branch, Chicago, Ill., $5; Lith-Literary Soc. $6, Chicago, Ill., $2.

LITTLE ENTENTE OBEYS POWERS

Benes Proposes Danube Federation

PARIS, June 20. — Representatives of the little entente, the loose group of countries comprising Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo-Slavia and Rumania, met yesterday at Bucharest for the avowed purpose of discussing Danubian tariff revisions but for the covert purpose of discussing the power of the Italian government in Central European affairs.

Foreign Minister Benes, of Czecho-Slovakia. has proposed the formation of a commercial Danube federation, consisting of Czechoslovakia, Austria, Jugoslavia and Rumania. Hungary, it is stated, will be admitted when the Hungarians "give up their offensive tactics."

'PARTY ORGANIZER' FOR JUNE IS OUT

Interesting Articles in New Issue

The May-June "Party Organizer" has just come off the press. This magazine is devoted to the exchange of experiences of the Workers (Communist) Party in the field of organization work.

The May-June issue contains the following items: 1. An article dealing with the organization of mass meetings, outlining the important activities which must be followed in the organization of these meetings. 2. Our immediate tasks in the election campaign. 3. An article dealing with our work in the miners struggle. 4. The building up of our factory nuclei and the need of greater attention to the inner life of these nuclei. 5. The strengthening of our Party apparatus. and many other articles.

As there are only a small number of copies left, orders should be placed immediately with the National Office, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

WALL ST. LOAN FOR COLOMBIA

BOGOTA, June 20.—Following the suspension by special decree of the president, of legislature infavorable to American petroleum interests in Colombia, a loan of $13,000,000 from the New York firms, Hallgarten & Co. and Kissell, Kinnicut & Co. has been granted to the administration. This loan was authorized yesterday by the government.

The Colombian press is implying that American interests secured the suspension of the oil laws and that the persistent persecution of Colombian workers is due to American influence.

Huge Submarine for American Imperialism

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., June 20—The V-A, World's largest and most recalcitrant submarine, is learning how to go down today on the measured course off this Cape Cod town. The V-4 was brought down here several weeks ago and passed its surface tests, but refused to dive.

The addition of some 30 tons of lead to the weight of the Leviathan of the depths was expected to help the submersible to sink, so it was added.

She will dive today, with her added weight, quite near the spot at which the S-4 was sunk with the loss of forty lives last December.

CATHOLICS PLAN RETURN TO POWER WITH OBREGON

Way for the Hierarchy Is Made by Morrow

MEXICO CITY, June 20.—It is becoming more certain that General Obregon, at the dictation of ambassador Morrow of the United States, has arranged for the return of the priveleges of the Catholic church to take effect as soon as he becomes President of Mexico.

Further confirmation was given to the settlement between Obregon and the Catholic church arranged by the American ambassador by a half-hearted denial issued today by the only presidential candidate, in reply to angry protests from the workers who do not wish a return to the domination by the church and the interests it represents.

In his statement, Obregon expressed regret that the catholic hierarchy had failed to work with the government and to "heed changes," "and that they failed to co-operate in the evolution of the republic's social condition."

TAMMANY MOVES ON TO HOUSTON

Big Business Lines Up Behind Smith

(Continued from Page One)

with a history of graft, corruption, bribary, betrayal and worse, extending in increasing volume from the day of the founding of the American Republic, may yet be given an opportunity of moving the headquarters of its happy hunting grounds from the New York burlesque house on 14th Street to the White House at Washington.

• • •

Much Stir in Tammany.

Mayor Jimmie Walker, who yesterday visited his favorite barber shop for his most approved hair cut and shampoo, issued particular instructions to his pet manicurist, stocked up with several more suits of clothes, some of them full dress, in preparation for his departure for Houston where he will direct the campaign of Al Smith on the floor of the convention. "Traction" Jimmie, it is reported will go by automobile—whose make has not yet been announced, but it is rumored that the Equitable Coach Company has offered to set aside a bus for the mayor in appreciation of the bus franchises which Walker put over for them.

Another of the Smith managers will be U. S. Senator Robert F. Wagner, who with Smith during the days when both were in the state legislature were known as the "Murphy Gold Dust Twins"—they do Murph's dirty work. At present Wagner's relations with the traction interests are no less cordial than those of Walker and Smith.

• • •

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Herbert Hoover today completed his campaign organization, leaving only the formality of ratification here tomorrow by the special committee of 24 designated by the republican national committee, before the army of crusaders takes up the task of capturing by purchase and otherwise the presidency for the favorite Wall Street candidate.

To draw pay as a cabinet member and at the same time to spend one's time in outside work is, of course, not considered bad "form"—provided the work is done in the interest of the ruling bankers and politicians.

Shot in Parliament

After he had finished a fiery speech in the Jugoslav parliament against the ratification of the treaty of Nettuno with Italy, Stefan Radic, leader of the Croatian Peasant Party, shown in the picture, was shot and seriously wounded by a member of the government opposition. Another leader of the Croation Peasant Party, Pavel Radic, was seriously wounded.

POWER CZAR HAS TITLE TO MAINE

Insull Grabs State Thru Hale Nomination

PORTLAND, Me., June 20 (FP).—Samuel Insull, proprietor of Illinois and other fat bailiwicks, has added Maine to his power empire through the victory of Senator Hale at the recent primary over Governor Grewster for the republican senatorial nomination, tantamount to election. Fought by the entire republican machine, by nearly every newspaper in the state, Brewster went under by a 2 to 1 majority for the Insull-owned Hale.

The first immediate result of the Maine election will be the repeal of the Fernald law prohibiting the export of electrical power from Maine. Insull has gained control of the best Maine waterpower sites and desires to exploit them by selling the power to the rest of New England.

ASKS WARSHIP TO FIGHT STOWAWAYS

COLOMBO, Ceylon, June 20. — A wireless message asking for a warship to aid in quelling "eight desperate stowaways" has been received by the British cruiser Enterprise from the Australian commonwealth liner Jervis Bay, which left Adelaide June 9 for London.

Examine Children for W.I.R. Summer Camp

Physical examinations by a physician for admittance to the Workers' International Relief children's camp at Wingdale this summer are now being held at the Co-operative Health Center, 1800 Seventh Ave. At the rate of ten a day these examinations are being given without charge to the children. At camp a nurse will oversee the physical well-being of the children.

To provide for these necessary features of a camp for children of working class parents, organizations and individuals are urged to support the "Build-the-Camp" fund. Collection lists and stamps can be obtained at the Workers' International Relief headquarters, Room 604, 1 Union Square, New York.

BRITISH TEXTILE UNION ON STRIKE; 4,000 MEN OUT

Others May Follow, Report States

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

LONDON, June 20.—Four thousand British textile workers went out on strike yesterday in the counties of Lancashire and Yorkshire alone, according to a report from Manchester.

The strike follows a conference of the mill owners and leaders of the trade unions who have been attempting to arrange agreements with the individual mills and companies.

Only one of the six textile unions is on strike, but the strike feeling is reported to be strong among the rank and file of the other unions and it is intimated that action may be taken in the next few days.

REMUS, KILLER, GRAFTER, FREED

Released to Shield the Higher-Ups

COLUMBUS, O., June 20.—George Remus, self-confessed slayer of his wife and millionaire head of a notorious bootleg graft ring, was released today from the Lima State Hospital for the criminal insane by decision of the state supreme court.

The release of Remus marks the final chapter of one of the greatest travesties of "justice" which the courts ever staged. Remus was acquitted of murder several months ago in a trial in which, acting as his own counsel, he was permitted to make use of all sorts of sensational circus stunts in order to hamstring the jury. After the trial he was given a sanity hearing, declared "dangerous" and sent to the Lima State Hospital.

That the entire trial and the confinement of Remus to the state hospital were merely gestures to placate "public opinion" is now more evident than ever. Complete freedom for Remus is his reward for permanently holding his tongue about widespread prohibition graft in which many high officials are involved.

POLICEMAN BRIBED; FIRED.

BAYONNE, N. J., June 19.—Patrick Whalen, a police officer of this city, was discharged yesterday for having accepted a bribe of $20, and failing to summon to court a man and woman in a parked automobile. Two other policemen, James Connelly, and William Gibson, were fined 5 months' and 3 months' pay respectively on a charge of fighting hospital employes.

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BUSINESS AGENT STEALS CREDIT FOR UNIONIZING JAMISON REFRIGERATOR DOOR COMPANY

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHESTER, Pa. (By mail).—The Jamison Refrigerator Cold Storage Door Company has gone union.

The business agent took the credit of turning the trick which made this shop of 26 men union after it had been non-union for about 32 years.

The rate for union shop is 87½ cents in this district but the business agent compromised with the employer and signed them up for 80 cents.

A brother union man informs me that the credit should not go to the business agent, as the Jamison Cold Storage Door Company has a large plant in Baltimore which is union and has made lots of money by catering to union trade and sells goods with the union label. Also this shop had to become union and the business agent let them pull it over with a reduction of 7½ cents per hour.

The business agent is really secretary-treasurer of the district council, and while he has had that job for seven years, he wants it again. The last two years he has had opposition which he resents very much.

The night of the nomination, the 26 new members were brought in and they voted solid for yours truly. These men could have been brought in two weeks sooner, I am informed.

The job is safe for another year, because he has no opposition.

—S.

Mine Correspondent Sends Save-the-Union Leader's Questions to Lewis Tool

VOYZEY RECALLS NESBIT'S LITTLE SLUGGING PARTY

And the Black Eye He Was Presented With

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill. (By mail). — I'm sending you a copy of an open letter which George Voyzey, the fighting leader of the Save-the-Union forces in this field, sent to the traitor of a Lewis henchman, Mr. Walter Nesbit. It speaks for itself. —S.

Mr. Walter Nesbit,
Mine Workers Building,
Springfield, Ill.

Mr. Nesbit:

I have this day received your charges and to me they are a good joke. But they do give me a reason to write you an open letter.

I have been wondering what occupation you will follow when you are kicked out of that office—and out you are going. Hoda and Hindmarsh are small pebbles and are both ready tools to be used for any slimy program and your program is slimy enough to prove their qualifications.

I have been wondering, Walter, if you have told the membership about your slugging party at Belleville, where you left a gang of sluggers with expectation of doing a good job on Freeman Thompson, J. J. Watt and myself.

Dear Walter, have you told the membership how you organized those sluggers and how you arranged them in front of a restaurant in Belleville and how you came in to speak to Watt to advise him to leave because there was a gang going to give us a slugging, and have you told the membership that you were surprised when Watt refused to recognize you. And dear Walter, have you told the membership how you signaled the sluggers to charge into the restaurant, and Dear Walt, have you told the membership how surprised you were to see your gang of sluggers retreating when they seen it was too hot. And my dear Walt, have you also told the membership how gallantly you came to your sluggers' rescue when the tide was turning, and how you happened to have the Save-the-Union label put on your eye. And have you told the membership, dear Walt, how you found the city police so quick, and how you brought those officers into the restaurant and told them to put us under arrest. And have you also told the membership how surprised you were when one of the managers of the restaurant compelled the police to also arrest two of your sluggers. They sure played a dumb part when they did not run clean out of the county, did not they Walt?

And have you told the membership how much of their money you had to pay to hire those sluggers. It was a hard break, was it not, Walt, that two of them were compelled to stay all night in jail, and Walt, you should have stated to them, when you were organizing, that if they should be caught that they should keep their mouths shut. You know, Walt (yes sir), one of them, the famous butter and egg man, admitted that he was paid and the other one was sore as a wet hen because you had not paid him the full amount, as he stated that he was doublecrossed and fooled, because he did not get the full amount of "kale." And my dear Walt, have you told the membership how early you were down to the hall the next morning to get your bosom friends out of the "callaboose."

And Walt, possibly you have told the membership that you tried your best to get the proprietor of the restaurant to place charges against us, and was not you sad Walt, when the manager stated that he could not think of doing that because those fellows acted as gentlemen and they were justified for their action when they were being attacked. And Walt, have you also told the boys who pay dues and assessments, that you payed for all the broken furniture, dishes and etc. in the restaurantthat amounted to $75.

It really is hard to explain, Walt, first you told Watt to leave and when he refused, you remember, you stated that you would not be responsible, and then you came to their rescue and a beauty of an eye. Later you called police, and later yet, you got your friends out of the city jail, and still later you paid the full damages of furniture broken in the restaurant.

And Walt, again you caused me to wonder how are you going to turn this in? As expenses, as taxi, or train fare? Or will you just load it on the miscellaneous?

And Walt, I wonder how long you think you can carry on your silly program. I have been around the coal-camps quite a lot these last few weeks and I find you are about as popular as a snake and your wisdom is the equal of an ox. You and Little Harry surely don't think you can go on long with your wrecking policies. I notice you have paid the boys at Old Ben No. 8 in West Frankfort $10 a week commissary because they are out demanding the Jacksonville scale. How much have you paid the other boys who are out demanding the same scale of wages? They will have to be paid, Walt! And where will the money come from? You could not get more than $50,000 of a mortgage on the mine workers' building that you and your friends, Frank and Harry, paid $75,000 for.

You can not last much longer, Walt. Your ship is sinking and the membership is building another one much more substantial and, Walt, they are going to see to it that no other set of pie-counter experts are ever going to get control of it to run it on the rocks.

Yes, Walt, you and all those petty followers of yours are being dumped to oblivion with you. You are on the down hill run to the slimy pool of death. Your program is gaining more momentum each hour to your end, so to you and your kind bye-bye.

—GEORGE VOYZEY.

Steamer Penetrates Upper Allegheny River

The steamer Kittanning, an engineering vessel, has succeeded in navigating the upper reaches of the Allegheny. It is 31 years since a steam driven vessel has been able to travel so far upstream. The unusually heavy freshets made possible this feat which interested thousands of people lining the shores and bridges. Pittsburgh, on the lower part of the stream, is one of the greatest inland ports in the world.

AUERBACH IS HAILED AS AID IN STRUGGLE

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By mail).—The mass meeting here on June 7, protesting against the ousting of Professor Sol Auerbach from the University of Pennsylvania was more than a success. It proved to the very many who attended that the workers are ever willing to stand by those who have an education and who will fight hand-in-hand with the workers.

Professor Auerbach, like Scott Nearing and Juliet Stuart Poyntz and others, felt the ruthless wrath of the capitalist class. He told the truth regarding conditions of the workers' fatherland, the Soviet Union. For that he was expelled. He mentioned what is being kept from the workers in America.

He said that the workers in the Soviet Union have far more foresight than the Americans and better able to create a society where life is worth living and do not live in such a capitalist society as in America where a few rich live on the labor of millions of workers. There they know they are building a society for themselves, but the workers in America work only to make the rich richer and for a very little bread for themselves.

In view of this the working class appreciates such people as Auerbach because they have knowledge of workers' needs and can direct the workers well in their daily struggles. We welcome those who "betray" their own class, the bourgeoisie, and join to make an end to unemployment, wars, etc. These brothers are willing to sacrifice their very existence in order to help the workers in their struggles.

When a Sol Auerbach shows sympathy to the working class ideals, our capitalist owned universities expel him. They are afraid of their existence. But the workers will always gladly receive them in their own ranks and work together with them for a workers' and farmers' government, a co-operative system of society.

—W. C. P.

WORKERS CANNOT AFFORD TO WED

Marriage Bureau Clerk Calls It "Queer"

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By Mail).—According to George W. Miller, the chief clerk of the marriage license bureau in this city, the usual rush of lovelorn couples to secure marriage licenses has failed to materialize. Compared with previous Junes, the decline in the number of permits is very marked.

Mr. Miller, as becomes all good Vare-Mellon republicans in this, the citadel of Coolidge "prosperity" buncombe, probably reads the "Inquirer" and the "Evening Bulletin." He therefore does not know what is the reason for this unusual state of affairs.

He says, "No, there aren't as many people wanting to be married this June as in other Junes, and that's queer. Well, I don't know what causes it. People are funny."

However, the workers in this city who walk daily through the streets for miles for unattainable jobs know. To them there is nothing funny about it.

People simply cannot get married, because they do not have any work and workers cannot subsist on love alone. Something more substantial is needed, bread, meat, a roof over every loving couple's heads and things to wear, including shoes, in order to walk the streets looking for a job.

And besides, the fee at the marriage license bureau is $2.50, payable in cash only, and it's really surprising how many people cannot spare that small amount these days.

C. RABIN.

Mystery Connected With Roald Amundsen Flight

PARIS, June 20.—Ministry of Marine officials said this afternoon they had never been officially notified that Rene Guilbaud and Capt. Roald Amundsen had hopped off at Tromsoe in Guilbaud's French seaplane.

"The seaplane is still at Tromsoe so far as we know," it was announced. "We have never received any official notification that Guilbaud hopped off. We have asked the French consulate at Tromso to forward a detailed report."

SPIKE COMPANY SPORTS AS TRICK

CHICAGO, June 20 (FP).—The big publicity balloon sent up by the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad on its employe athletic system has been pricked by the local board of System Federation No. 12, Chicago. The company had boasted of mobilizing 1,500 athletes from its employes in a huge championship meet in Chicago in August. Baseball, track, tennis, golf, swimming, trapshooting and other sports were on the program.

Now the unionized shop crafts in Chicago have declared, at their monthly meeting, that they are opposed to the athletic association sponsored by the company. Various reasons were given. Some delegates branded it as smelling of company unionism. Some charged that the employes would pay for the equipment but the company would arrange the meets. This might compel the union teams of the company's shops to play against teams of non-union roads.

The federation also took a crack at the widely heralded safety committee of the Northwestern in which co-operation between masters and men is publicly emphasized. The unionists are strong for safety but they passed a resolution demanding that their representatives on the committees be elected by the men instead of appointed by the company.

The Northwestern is one of the roads that has adopted the Baltimore & Ohio plan of co-operation between management and the shop unions.

3 CHILDREN BURN TO DEATH

MILWAUKEE, June 20. — Three children of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Geier were burned to death in their home here today when the mother left them alone for fifteen minutes making a trip to a bakery.

WORKER BURNED ON JOB; COURT SWINDLES HIM

"We Don't Pay for Scars," They Say

(By a Worker Correspondent)

On December 28, 1926, while working for the Manhattan Bed Co., 1053-65 Metropolitan Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., I was trapped in a fire because the bosses put me to work in a small place with a gasoline tank. When the fire started I was unable to escape.

For 35 days I lay as dead in the Greenpoint hospital. Then I was discharged from the hospital because it had no more room for me. After this the Aetna Life Insurance Co., 100 William St., N. Y., took care of me.

At the end of a week the insurance carrier declared me able to go back to work. But I was not able. When my case came up for hearing at the Compensation Bureau, they, too, said I was fit for work again and the case was postponed for a final adjustment. I protested that I was not able to do my work. I couldn't do what I used to do before. But they refused to listen to me, showing that they don't give a damn about the workers who are forced to carry injuries from work for life. I will be one of these.

On April 19, 1928 my case came up for final adjustment. They decided to give me the same award they fixed the first time. And this was nothing. I protested that I wanted compensation for the permanent scars on my hand, face and chest. Because I protested, they called a policeman and forced me from the hearing hall.

—A. DE LUTIS.

—DRAMA—

Richard Herndon's First Play 'Caravan', Set for Labor Day

Ralph Cullinan's new play "Caravan" is all set for early production, according to an announcement sent out by Richard Herndon. This will be his initial production of the new season, and is scheduled to open at the Klaw Theatre, Labor Day. The play deals with gypsy life.

On August 20 "Caravan" will have a tryout performance at the Boulevard Theatre in Jackson Heights, followed by a week's run at Werba's Brooklyn Theatre, ere coming to the Klaw. George Marion and Kate Mayhew head the cast.

"The Silent House," now playing at the Morosco, will be transferred next Monday night to the Shubert Theatre.

"Hello Sue," a musical comedy, with all-colored cast, opened at the Alhambra Theatre Monday night. Russell Lee wrote the book and lyrics and Sandy Burns the music.

"Patience," Gilbert and Sullivan's merry satire, which was previously announced in these columns for the Ambassador, will open instead at the Theatre Masque next Monday. Mary Bokee and Donald Kirley will play the chief roles.

A screen version of "Danger Street," Harold McGrath's novel, is now in production under the direction of Ralph Ince. Warner Baxter, Duke Martin, Frank Mills, Bob Perry, Harry Allen Grant and Ole M. Ness are in the cast.

LOUISE GROODY

The noted musical star is headliner at the Palace Theatre this week, appearing in a miniature musical show.

WORKER IS STILL IN PRISON UNDER SYNDICALISM LAW

Leo Ellis, of I. W. W. in Folsom Prison

REPRESA, Cal., June 20 (FP).—By an oversight the Federated Press reported that all the criminal syndicalism prisoners in California had been released. Leo Ellis, an I. W. W. sentenced in Stockton to 2½ years, is still in Folsom prison. His time is up Sept. 19. He belongs to the agricultural workers' section of the I. W. W.

Though the I. W. W. will all be free with Ellis' release, Tom Mooney at San Quentin and Warren Billings at Folsom remain behind the bars, having put in over 10 years in the penitentiary and several years in jail while on trial and awaiting sentence.

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59006	BEAUTY and POLISH MAZURKA.
59001	KOROTCHKA. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59044	MOSKVA. National Song. Isa Kremer.
59010	PA D'ESPAGN. Russian Orchestra "Odessa".
59007	PERED RAZLUKOJ (March). Russian Orchestra "Odessa".
59009	UKRAINA (March). Russian Orchestra "Odessa".

UKRAINIAN RECORDS

59048	BAJATI (Kaukasian Melody). Kavazky Orchestra.
57001	EKH. RASPOSHEL (Balalaechny). Orchestra Gorskoy.
59016	FOURTEENTH STREET (Kupley). S. Sarmatoff.
59035	KAMARINSKY (National Dance). Solo, Zibulski.
59026	KOHANOTCHKA BALALAJKA. Orchestra Biljo.
40048	KORUBUSKA... Soprano Isa Kremer.
77005	VOSPOMINANIJA O ROSSII. Waltz. Patro Biljo.
59017	AMERIKANSKI BABI. Humorist S. Sarmatoff.
59048	KAVKAZKA MELODIJA. Kaukazus Orchestra.
15034	OJ, GORE KALINA. Ukrainian National Chorus.
59002	REVE TA STOGNE. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59004	VIJUT VITRI. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59[illegible]29	ZAPOROJZI U SULTANA. Kornienko Ukr. Orchestra.

POLISH RECORDS

77006	FANTASY ON SONG OF INDIA. Dance Oriental.
77007	FREEDOM MARCH—INTERNATIONAL—LA MARSEILLAISE.
60029	ALL RIGHT. Baryton Ochrymovicz.
60042	BAJ-BAJ (Komishe scene). Trupe Marskiego.
60048	DJABELSKA PIENS O PEKLE. Bassist Didur.
60014	MARSZ UKRAINSKY. Orchestra Warsaw.
60038	NAPISZE KARTECKE DO RZYMU. Tarnow Orchestra.
60036	NA WARSZAWSKIM BRUKU. Podgorsky & Pavlak.

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"Big Alex," A. F. of L. Lieutenant, on Trial for Attack on Fur Worker

THUGS WERE PART OF RIGHT WING'S TERROR CAMPAIGN

Witnesses Tell About Cowardly Assault

"Big Alex Fried" and five of his associates, who together assaulted Meyer Fineman, a fur worker, while he was walking in the fur manufacturing district last January 31, were suddenly called to trial yesterday in part 6 of the general sessions court, before Judge Collins. "Big Alex," who spent several years in prison for burglary, is the first assistant to Edward McGrady of the A. F. of L. in its campaign of destruction of the furriers' union. The trial will be continued today.

The day in court was ended after witnesses for the injured fur worker had testified to the cowardly methods used by the six thugs in waylaying Fiveman and stabbing him several times in the back. Lena Greenberg and Regina Herbst, two fur finishers, testified as eyewitnesses to the fact that while five of the thugs held Fineman, "Big Alex" stabbed him in the back. Dr. Silverman, a physician, testified that Fineman had been under his care for a long period due to the seriousness of his wounds. The worker's blood-stained and slashed clothing was also placed in evidence.

In picketing the jury, Samuel Markewitz, A. F. of L. Joint Council lawyer who is defending the six thugs, asked the prospective jurymen whether they are in sympathy with the Soviet Union. At the trial Markewitz was also compelled to admit that the chief defendant, "Big Alex Fried" served a term in jail for burglarizing a jewelry store in Massachusetts. The other five sluggers are J. Schiffrin, A. Reiss, M. Moskowitz, Harry Plitt and Moe Passman.

WOMEN RESPOND TO MEETING CALL

NY Women Federation Conference Tomorrow

The first delegate conference of the New York Working Women's Federation, to be held in Room 42, Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., tomorrow at 7.30 p. m., will be representative not only of organized trades, but of women from unorganized industries who were attracted to the first meeting, at which the Federation was formed.

The present conference will decide on the best means of showing solidarity with the striking miners, and lay plans for raising relief funds for the strike zones in Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Indications for an enthusiastic meeting are evident, judging from the number of delegates who have responded to the call. The Federation plans to use the delegate conference method as one means of reaching women in the shops and factories.

* * *

United Council Issues Call.

The executive committee of the United Council of Workingclass Women, thru Ray Ragozin, organizer, last night issued a call to all the councils of the organization to send delegates to the first delegate conference of the New York Working Women's Federation, to be held tomorrow at Labor Temple.

DEMAND RELEASE OF TOM MOONEY

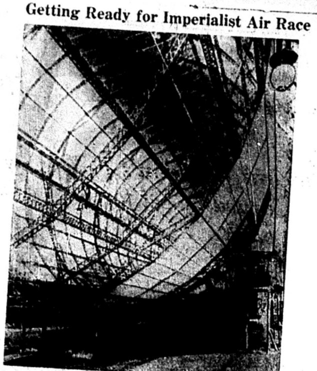
Milwaukee Unionists Ask for Release

MILWAUKEE, June 20 (FP).—On motion of the machinist delegate the Milwaukee Federated Trades Council went on record for the release not only of Tom Mooney and Warren Billings, but for the Centralia loggers sentenced to 25 years' imprisonment for defending themselves in the I. W. W. hall against armed attack by the American legion in 1919.

Meeting of Pittsburgh Workers Party July 1

PITTSBURGH, June 20.—An important general membership meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party of Pittsburgh and surrounding towns will be held Sunday, July 1 at 2 p. m., at the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St., here. The meeting was originally scheduled to be held on June 24th, but had to be postponed for one week because it conflicted with several affairs.

Getting Ready for Imperialist Air Race



Racing across the Atlantic by air is the latest stunt to boom imperialist flying. Photo shows the finishing touches being put on the German dirigible LZ-127, which will race with a rival British dirigible across the ocean.

RELIEF WEEK TO RALLY WORKERS

June 25 to July 1 Set for Intensive Drive

With plans for the National Miners' Relief Week being put into action, and the mobilization of workers' clubs and individual workers for participation in the intensive relief drive of the week of June 25 being organized, the National Miners' Relief Committee at 799 Broadway, held an executive meeting last night to make final arrangements for the drive.

At the conference were represented the Hungarian, Greek, Lithuanian, Polish and Russian Committees for Miners' Relief, all of whom reported a fine response to the relief mobilization call sent out through the various language newspapers. The National Miners' Relief Committee and its section and language committees are emphasizing the importance of shop collections during the week, to be preceded by the distribution of special miners' relief literature in the shops.

The worker gathering the largest amount of relief funds during the drive will be rewarded by a trip to the strike area, and the organization most active will receive a banner made by striking miners' wives.

ARREST 35 CLOAK WORKER PICKETS

Thirty-five cloakmakers picketing the shop of Shapiro and Sons, 1333 Broadway, which was declared on strike Monday morning by the Joint Board of the Cloakmakers' Union for dismissing a worker who had refused to register in the right wing union of Sigman, were arrested yesterday morning, and received suspended sentences when they came up for trial later before Magistrate Flood in Jefferson Market Court.

At the second of the two shops declared on strike for similar attempts at dismissals, a gang of thugs sent by the right wing union to act as escorts to strikebreakers, were driven away by the workers on strike and by the other cloakmakers who answered the call of the Joint Board for picket duty. This firm is Dressler and Freedman, 104 W. 27th St.

These are the first of a series of strikes in the newly launched offensive of the workers in the industry for the rebuilding of their organization under the leadership of the National Organization Committee. The local section of the N. O. C., thru its Volunteer Organization Committee of 500, plans a campaign to organize the open shops in the trade.

Cleveland Dance for Young Workers School

CLEVELAND, Ohio., June 20.—The Grand Bazaar and Dance of the Young Workers League of District No. 6 will be held on June 23, at the Finnish Hall, 1900 West 25th Street at 8 p. m.

All admission tickets are numbered, and the holder of the lucky number will be presented with a New Ford Coupe. Hundreds of workers from all parts of the state will participate in the bazaar and drawing.

The affair is being given for the benefit of the Young Workers Training School, which is to be held this summer at Ashtabula, O.

FUR BLOC JOINS FIGHT FOR UNION

Hold "Mass Caucus" in Webster Hall

"A mass caucus" was the official name of the mass meeting of 1,700 fur workers held last night at Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave. under the auspices of a body that calls itself the "Progressive Bloc of the Furrier's Joint Council." Beginning with this meeting, its spokesmen declared, the bloc officially comes out in the open in a struggle for the reestablishment of one union for the fur workers, which will again regain union conditions in the trade. Due to the establishment of a Joint Council by the A. F. of L., the Joint Board was greatly weakened, resulting in almost complete open shop conditions in the trade.

To Join Fight.

Hyman Sorgin and J. Winnick, leaders of the progressive bloc, read an official statement which concludes by saying: "The bloc is officially organized after seeing that the struggle between the Joint Council and the Joint Board has resulted in the complete destruction of union standards."

After the speakers made clear that by this action they did not intend to organize a third union in the industry, a resolution read by Winnick was passed by a unanimous vote. The resolution, after recounting the history of the disastrous struggle, made these demands of the International Union and of the A. F. of L.:

Make Demands.

1. That the workers be again re-united into one union; that all discriminatory measures aimed against workers of the trade for their political opinions, or for their party affiliations, be completely abolished. 2. Honest elections be held, thru which all workers will choose their administration officers and representatives. 3. That one union be established for the restoration of union conditions, and for the honest protection of the workers' interests. 4. That an immediate declaration be made by the Joint Council that the struggle is at an end and that a call be speedily issued for a conference of all warring sides in order to realize the demand of the workers for one union.

RED PICNIC WILL DRAW THOUSANDS

The "Red Picnic" to be held on Sunday at Pleasant Bay Park is attracting thousands of workers of this city and the vicinity. The picnic promises to be one of the biggest gatherings ever held here, according to a statement issued by the arrangement committee.

Among the features of the picnic will be proletarian sports and games, mass singing of revolutionary labor songs.

Reports from various parts of the city show an unusual rush for tickets.

Lawyer Admits $50,000 Fake Mortgage Charge

Nathan B. Finkelstein, lawyer, of 675 West End Ave., pleaded guilty to grand larceny in Brooklyn County Court yesterday. He will be sentenced on September 10.

The lawyer sold more than $50,000 worth of fake mortgages to 200 clients. He promised to make good the money, but so far has failed. More than 100 women appeared in court against him.

BISCUIT COMPANY SPEED-UP CAUSES DEATH OF WORKER

Was Mangled by Dough Mixing Machine

(By a Worker Correspondent)

A young worker, a Spaniard, employed as a dough mixer in the huge National Biscuit Company plant on Ninth Avenue, was crushed to death Monday, when his arm was caught in the dough-mixing machine. For several months previous to his death he had been employed at the 10th avenue plant of the company. This is one of the results of the speed-up here.

He had been transferred to his new position only last week to take the place of an experienced dough mixer. The reason for this was that experienced men receive $37 a week, whereas he, as a novice, was paid less than $30 a week. He did not know the work, and placing him in this new position resulted in the dismissal of an older worker, and in his subsequent death.

Discovered by Workers.

No one was near him when the accident occurred. It was discovered by a fellow worker almost an hour afterward. The fire department had to be summoned to extricate his mangled body from the huge vat in which the dough was churned. Even if the accident had been discovered immediately, he could not have been saved, workers said, because the power applied to the machines is so great that even after it is turned off the machine continues to revolve for three minutes.

The fact of the worker's death had been kept secret by the National Biscuit Company for two days before the workers learned of it. Now that his death has been discovered, the company is determined to keep his name from the press, and so far has succeeded in doing so. He was a young man, who had been married for less than a year. His death leaves destitute a young widow, who is soon to give birth to a child.

Workers Not Surprised.

All the facts brought out by this accident are no surprise to the workers in the plant. It is common knowledge amongst the workers employed by the National Biscuit Company that experienced men are fired as soon as a younger inexperienced man can be procured to fill his place. In so doing the lives of hundreds of men are placed in jeopardy every year, and the means of living taken away from hundreds of older men. This, since it saves money for the National Biscuit Company, has been adopted as the regular tactics of the company, in spite of the loss of life involved.

FREE LECTURES AT BOOK SHOP

Oakland, San Francisco Forums Attract Many

OAKLAND, Cal., June 20.—Popular free talks every Friday evening are a feature of the Workers Book Shop, with headquarters at 2123 Telegraph Ave. The talks deal with the latest important books, which are thoroughly discussed.

The Sunday evening open forums which are being held in San Francisco and Oakland are proving highly successful. The San Francisco forum is held at 1212 Market St. and the Oakland forum at Fraternity Hall, 708 Peralta St., West Oakland. Well-known speakers talk on important workingclass questions, after which they are discussed from the floor.

HOLD PICNIC IN PHILA. SUNDAY

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—Arrangements are going forward for the joint picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Parents Council of the Pioneers to be held Sunday at Strawberry Mansion Park.

The picnic is being arranged for the purpose of financing the immediate work of the Party in connection with the election campaign and as a means of contributing to the fund of the Pioneer Camp.

The Women's Work Committee of the Party is cooperating with the Parents Council in preparing a program of amusements and a fine "feed." All workers are urged to attend. No admission is charged. Refreshment tickets can be secured in advance or at the park from members of the joint committee. To get to the picnic, enter Strawberry Mansion Park at the Cumberland Avenue entrance.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

BOSTON.—District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham.

* * *

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

* * *

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 22, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

* * *

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

* * *

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

* * *

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Youngstown Picnic.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio. — The Seventh Annual International Picnic of the Youngstown Workers (Communist) Party will be held on June 24. Those wishing to attend should stop at 28 Sharon Line. "Why the Workers Party Is in the Presidential Campaign" will be the subject of a talk by a national speaker.

* * *

Cleveland Miners' Relief.

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—The Cleveland Conference of the National Miners' Relief Committee will hold a tag day on June 23. All wishing to participate should report at the South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., at 2 p. m.

* * *

Hammond Miners' Relief.

HAMMOND, Ind.—A picnic will be held here at Gruener's Grove, on Shifild Ave., on June 24, for the benefit of the striking miners' relief. All have been invited to attend.

* * *

Philadelphia I. L. D. Meet.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Kensington and English branches of the International Labor Defense will meet on June 21, at 8 p. m. at the Kensington Labor Lyceum, 2nd and Cambria Sts.

* * *

Astoria Hungarian Workers' Dramatic Club.

ASTORIA, L. I.—The Astoria Hungarian Workers' Dramatic Club will hold a Goulash Picnic on June 24, starting at 10 a. m. in the Astoria Small Wood. Those who wish to attend will meet at the Hoyt St. station from 9:30 to 10 a. m.

* * *

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing will feature.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

PROBE $16,000,000 TAMMANY GRAFT

Brooklyn Contract Made by Street Head

Inquiry into the Brooklyn Ash Removal Company the dealings of which have already revealed evidences of shady transactions in its contracts with the city, is scheduled to take place some time this week, possibly today, if Commissioner of Accounts, James A. Higgins, can be pushed or frightened into carrying out the investigation. Higgins has been doing his best to protect his Tammany colleagues.

Head of the street cleaning department, Alfred A. Taylor admitted yesterday his connections with the framing of the $16,000,000 contract made with this company last April but contended that most of the agitation was "unwarranted."

One of the directors of the company is the notorious James E. Gaffney, former Tammany Alderman and exposed at various times as one of the chief grafters of the wigwam. He was one of the right-hand men of Richard Croker and Charles F. Murphy in the days of "honest graft."

Attacks against the $16,000,000 contract last April brought out the fact that hundreds of thousands if not millions of dollars of Tammany graft is involved.

HALT INCREASE FOR TEACHERS

Rule That $1,200,000 Fund Is "Illegal"

The special appropriation of $1,200,000 by the board of education for "supermaximum" salary raises to 6,000 specially qualified school teachers cannot be "legally" distributed, according to an opinion handed down by corporation Counsel Nicholson.

The money was intended for teachers who have special aptitudes, or possess university degrees or credits for special courses. But Nicholson said that the education law provides for "supermaximum" salaries on the basis of length of service, but "makes no provision for special training."

11 GO TO TRIAL IN BRIBE PLOT

9 City Officials and 2 Contractors Accused

ELIZABETH, N. J., June 20. — Nine city officials and two contractors went on trial today charged with conspiracy, bribery and extortion in the administration of the affairs of Linden, N. J.

John J. Gall and Otto Cock were indicted for conspiracy to get the contract to supply cinders to the city and former Councilman Edward Wallace and Councilman Frank Kubiak were charged with having conspired with them.

Wallace and Kubiak also were alleged to have accepted a bribe of $500 in the appointment of a city auditor. City Auditor John F. Meakin of Roselle Park, N. J., was indicted, charged with giving them and Thomas Archipley, president of the city council, $500 to get his job. Archipley also was alleged to have extorted $100 in connection with the issuance of a city permit.

Building Inspector Joseph W. Kugler, City Tax Collector Herbert D. Banta and Councilmen Stephen Pekar, Daniel Schulhafer and Charles Hill have also been charged with "misconduct in office."

Union Offices for Rent at New Workers Center

Offices suitable for trade union offices are available at the new Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. Others are suitable for dentists, accountants or artists, it is announced. Space will be divided to suit the individual tenant, according to P. Amron, manager of the Center, who can be reached by calling either Stuyvesant 1201 or Stuyvesant 8100.

SPEAKING TOUR OF ALEX BAIL TO COVER 3 STATES

Other Organizers Have Been Placed in Field

(Continued from Page One)

liam Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers (Communist) Party candidates for president and vice-president respectively, on the ballot, as well as a full state ticket headed by Edward Theinert for governor and James P. Reid for senator.

Will Visit Many Cities

The following is a list of cities which Bail will visit on his tour. All party members have been asked to attend the meetings in their city. A call has been issued advising all workers who wish to join the party in any of the cities mentioned below, to get in touch immediately with the district office, 38 Causeway St., Boston, Mass.

Thursday, June 21, Worcester, Mass.
Friday, June 22, Providence, R. I.
Saturday, June 23, Fall River, Mass.
Sunday, June 24, D. E. C. in Boston.
Monday, June 25, New Bedford, Mass.
Tuesday, June 26, Brockton, Mass.
Wednesday, June 27, Norwood, Mass.
Thursday, June 28, Council in Boston.
Friday, June 29, Quincy, Mass.
Saturday, June 30, Newton Upper Fall, Mass.
Sunday, July 1, Finnish District Picnic.
Monday, July 2, Lynn, Mass.
Tuesday, July 3, Peabody, Mass.
Wednesday, July 4, Boston Daily Worker Picnic.
Thursday, July 5, Boston, Council Meeting.
Friday, July 6, Lanesville, Mass.
Saturday, July 7, Haverhill, Mass.
Sunday, July 8, Lawrence, Mass.
Monday, July 9, Lowell, Mass.
Tuesday, July 10, Nashua, N. H.
Wednesday, July 11, Wilton and Milford, N. H.
Thursday, July 12, West Concord, N. H.
Friday, July 13, Lebanon, N. H. (Enfield.)
Saturday, July 14, Newport, N. H.
Sunday, July 15, Keene, N. H.
Monday, July 16, Gardner and Hubbardston.
Tuesday, July 17, Fitchburg and Ashburnham.
Wednesday, July 18, Maynard, Mass.

Dates for Maine and Vermont will be announced later.

MANY QUAKES IN MEXICO

MEXICO CITY, June 20. — The Ministry of Commerce and Labor, after a study of the recent earthquake phenomena, declared today there had been 200 seismic disturbances in the republic since Saturday night, most of them in the states of Oaxaga and Guerrero. In the states of Puebla and Oaxaca earth tremors continue.

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Introduction by Robert Minor

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Editor....ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor....WM. F. DUNNE

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A Negro Hangs at the Door of the Democratic Convention

The hanging of Robert Powell within eight miles of the door of the convention hall at Houston is an "appropriate" preliminary to the opening of the democratic national convention.

The little business men of the convention city in which the stalwart democrat, Al Smith, will receive the nomination for the presidency, in the words of one capitalist newspaper correspondent, "are proud and excited, and they don't want anything to go wrong. Probably nothing will go wrong."

In the same issue of the same paper is printed an account of the abduction of a wounded Negro boy and his murder by hanging within eight miles of the Sam Houston Hall where the democracy will assemble, the act being committed by eight murderers who did not take the trouble to mask their faces as they drove their victim through the streets of Houston with a rope around his neck.

Indeed "nothing went wrong."

The young man, accused of keeping up his side of a gun fight with a white detective, both men being wounded, was taken from the "Negro ward" of the Jefferson Davis hospital and hanged from a bridge.

The petty capitalists who form the leading stratum of the democratic party in the Southern states, will approve fully of the "decoration" for the coming convention. The body of a murdered man, with a face that is black, swinging in the breezes within a pleasant afternoon automobile ride of the convention hall will delight the early-arriving democratic delegates. It might do much to unify the convention—the Ku Klux Klan on the one hand, and Tammany Hall on the other. Behind the superficial phenomena of klanism and Tammany, of course, are the real elements that must bring about the unity of the democratic convention: these are the power of finance-capital of Wall Street on the one hand and the vast herd of petty business interests of the South. The democratic party of the South, in its composition, still contains the vast majority of the small business elements. It is controlled at the top, and manipulated as a machine, by the Wall Street bankers who made Al Smith governor of New York. The practically certain nomination of Smith is the expression of this control of the party by the highest powers of Wall Street.

Why does the body of the young Negro man hang at the door of the democratic convention? Because the interests of capitalism in the South are served by keeping the working class and the working farmer class sharply divided into race divisions. Segregation, disenfranchisement, exclusion from trade unions, social inequality—and lynching, of Negroes, are a business necessity to the small business class which makes up the "democracy" of the South.

• • •

The republican convention did not have a Negro hanging by the neck at its door; it only needed to go so far as to keep the Negro delegates segregated.

The position of the two big parties of capitalism is the same on the Negro question. If the republican convention hall was not "decorated" with a Negro's dead body, it is partly because the convention was held further north where outward show of fashion is not so extreme, and because convenient occasion did not offer.

The republican party, which, in the South, used to be miscalled the Negro's party, is through with the Negro.

This is because the interests of capitalism as a whole coincide with the special suppression of the Negro workers and farmers—and even the suppression and disenfranchisement of the Negro small business class.

• • •

It is interesting to note the actions of the so-called socialist party in this connection. That party, also supporting capitalism, carefully refrains from interference with the racial segregation issue in the South "because if we take in the niggers, the whites won't join." This is its practice, though its pretense (in the North) is otherwise. We recall the sturdy defense of the Ku Klux Klan that was made in the socialist party convention four years ago, as well as the weazle words with which that party now evades the Negro question.

• • •

Take it from any angle, no political party can defend the cause of the Negro masses in the United States, unless that party faces the revolutionary connotations of such a course. Only a party that represents the interests of the most suppressed and exploited sections of the working class and farmers can speak and act unqualifiedly for the Negro against all discrimination, for full social, political and all other forms of equality. Any party that does this will be classed as "the nigger party" by the petty capitalist class and the section of labor aristocracy which follows the lead of capitalism. No party could, for instance, champion the dictatorship of the proletariat without facing the certainty of rule by workers' councils composed of Negro workers as well as white workers.

The only party that champions the Negro to the full limit in actions and program, accepting gladly all that is involved thereby, is necessarily the revolutionary party of the working class—the Workers (Communist) Party.

The only party that did not have, at least figuratively, the body of a lynched Negro hanging at the door of its national convention is the Workers (Communist) Party.

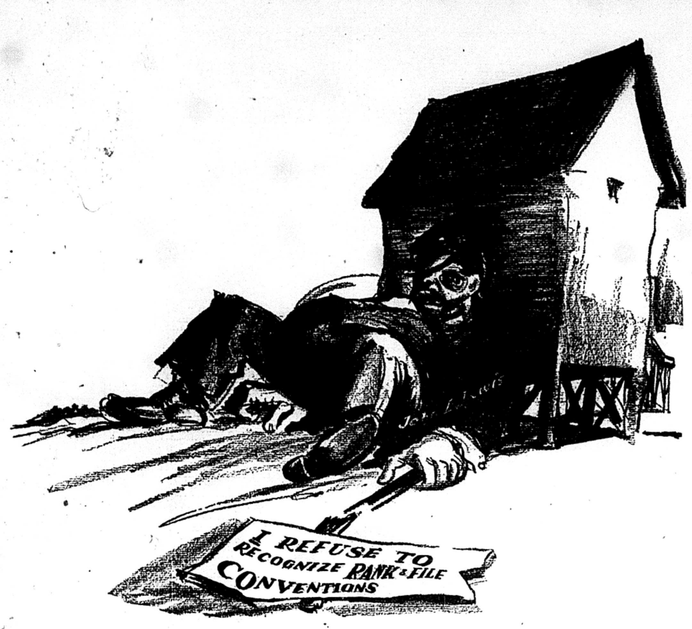
White workers and Negro workers! Vote Communist!

Workers of all races, unite! You have nothing to lose but your chains—and your ropes!

Join the Communist Party.

A BLACK EYE

By Fred Ellis


I REFUSE TO RECOGNIZE RANK & FILE CONVENTIONS

HANDOUTS

GEMS OF LEARNING

W. D. Mahon, President, Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America—"Capital, with its autocracy, must be curbed. Labor, with its curbed and chained power, must be freed; and our belief is that the way to bring about the proper labor and economic condition is to harness, through co-operative organization, labor and capital into a united team of industrial democracy, and through co-operation, each having its own organization, standing squarely upon its rights, with the provisions of arbitration, make them work even, each pulling its share of the burden and receiving its full share of the products produced, keeping in mind the public and their respective relations to the same in such a manner as to always keep in sight the fact that true success depends upon equal justice and the rights of all classes concerned."

Mr. Mahon should know that you can't team up any two horses. How would he like to plow a field with a white mare and Cal Coolidge's electric pony.

• • •

King Dykeman, President Kiwanis Club of Seattle—"I am honored to be the elected president of the Seattle Kiwanis club during the international convention year. . . . I reflect the feeling of every member of our Seattle club, of every Kiwanian in our great and truly international district, when I say that we welcome you with our whole hearts. The heartiness of our handclasp is only indicative of the warmth and love that glows within us." **It might be added that the profits of Kiwanian storekeepers are considerably boosted during convention periods.**

• • •

"Americana" of Pittsburgh writes in to inform us of the progress in the mechanization of the patriot-manufacturing business of the American jingoists. He clipped the following ad from the catalogue of I. Robbins and Sons, 203 Market street, Pittsburgh: "177-27 Musical Toilet Paper Distributor—When the paper is pulled the music starts to play 'The Star Spangled Banner'. A splendid creation, size of board 8½ by 5 3-8 inches, white enameled with strong holder, nickeled finish. A real musical instrument. A big hit. Each $4.50."

Americana suggests that if I. Robbins and Chas. S. Fletcher joined hands they would be able to make a nation of patriots.

• • •

Shylock's Agent

The above tintype is S. Parker Gilbert, the world's best known bill collector. He is agent-general of reparations and since he's been in Germany he's made a lot of friends. The railroad owners have been doing him a lot of favors and in return he's decided they must have a big boost in rates. As a favor to the working class Gilbert has increased hours, heightened the speed-up and slashed wages.

Foster's Acceptance Speech

(*Continued From Previous Issue.*)

THE WAR DANGER

One of our principal tasks in the coming election campaign is to arouse the workers to the danger of a new world war. Never was such a war more imminent. This danger manifests itself from various directions. The developing attack of the great imperialist powers upon the Soviet Union; the growing rivalries between the various imperialist powers for markets and world domination, especially between the United States and Great Britain; the attacks on the colonial and semi-colonial countries, as for instance, on China and Nicaragua at the present time (from the audience: "and Haiti"), yes, and Haiti too, and many other countries—all these tendencies, all these developments are pregnant with the danger of a fresh world war. A world war may start from any of these, and when it does come, the previous war will seem in comparison a pink tea affair.

Today we confront unprecedented preparations for war, armaments without parallel. Did you read in the papers, just a day or two ago, about the gas explosion in Hamburg, when a supply of gas was accidentally released, poisonous enough to have wiped out the entire poeple of Hamburg? Only a fortunate combination of circumstances prevented the gas from going, with frightful effects, into the most densely populated sections of the city. The militarist program that the world imperialists are developing provides for gases, armaments, instruments of war, more deadly and upon a more gigantic scale than ever before in the history of the world. And the whole thing is developing towards a climax in the sharpening antagonisms that I have just briefly indicated.

Imperialist Armaments.

All this great massing of armaments, these gigantic preparations for war, are being carried out under a marvelous camouflage of peace. Since the Versailles Treaty was signed we have been treated to an almost constant series of "peace" conferences, "disarmament" conferences, "anti-war" conferences, a whole stream of them. Yet at the end of all these years the armaments are greater than ever before in history and the war danger grows more and more imminent. The latest pseudo-peace maneuver for covering up the preparations for war by the imperialists originates nowhere else than in the United States. What I refer to is the so-called Kellogg proposal to outlaw war.

It is just a few months ago since the Soviet Union came forward with a proposition to abolish armaments all over the world. This created a great sensation. Among the masses of workers of the world the feeling grew that only the Soviet Union was serious in its proposals for world peace. With their militaristic program thus exposed in its nakedness, the capitalists had to do something to counteract the Soviet Union's proposition. The first attempted answer to the Soviet Union was that made by the British delegation at the conference where the disarmament proposal was made. And what did the British delegation say in substance? It was an answer of old-time diplomacy, an answer of the naked iron fist. That Great Britain does not agree with the Soviet Union's proposals for world peace; that she declares world peace to be a chimera, that the proposals for disarmament are impossible, and that she intends to maintain her armies and navies.

Race For Armaments.

This was the answer of Great Britain. But the United States, the leading imperialist country in the world, has a much more skillful answer to the Soviet Union than that. What does America say? She says through the mouth of Kellogg, "Let us outlaw war; let us come together and agree that there shall be no war." And the leading capitalist countries of the world are accepting this hypocritical proposal of America. What does it all mean? It means simply that under the slogan of "outlawing war" the world imperialists will continue their race for building up their armaments and preparations for world war. This deceitful hypocritical slogan is thrown out to blind the eyes of the masses, to make them think that the capitalists are really trying to stop war. The United States, highly expert in fooling the masses, has put out some clever slogans for covering up its war aims. The Kellogg proposal to "outlaw war," which is being endorsed by reformists all over the world, including the socialist parties, is perhaps the most skillful scheme ever set afloat since the days of Wilson's famous slogan: that the Allies were fighting the world war "to make the world safe for democracy."

To expose the real meaning of Kellogg's proposition, to fight against the vast war plans of the United States, to arouse the American working class against the militaristic program of American imperialism, to mobilize the workers against the war in Nicaragua, against the whole program of imperialist aggression in Latin America, in China, and the militarization of the workers in this country—these are basic tasks of our Workers (Communist) Party, and they must stand in the very forefront of our election campaign.

Defend Soviet Union.

Especially in this connection must we undertake to mobilize the masses of workers in defense of the Soviet Union. Today the Soviet Union advances with giant strides. It is making tremendous progress in building its industries, in establishing a socialist commonwealth in the face of the most tremendous difficulties. The very existence of the Soviet Union is a menace to the capitalist order the world over. It is an inspiration to the workers of the world, a living proof of the feasibility of the proletarian revolution. The capitalists of every country are determined to destroy the Soviet Union at all costs. They want to wreck its working class government and seize its great natural resources. And now, under the leadership of Great Britain and with most active participation by the United States, slowly, systematically they proceed with their mobilization of forces. They are awaiting the opportune time to strike at the Soviet Union with all their massed power.

Fundamental to the success of their attack on the Soviet Union will be to keep the world's workers demoralized and inactive while the counter-revolutionary struggles are being carried on. The capitalists depend on the social democratic parties of the world, who identify the workers' interests with those of their respective capitalist classes, to help them cut the Soviet Union to pieces. In the revolutionary upheavals in the years following the world war, it was the socialist parties that beat back the rising tide of proletarian revolt and preserved the capitalist system in Europe. The capitalists believe that the socialists will once more be able to deliver a master betrayal of the revolution, that they can hold back the working masses while the capitalists deliver their carefully prepared attack against the Soviet Union.

War On Capitalism.

But this time the imperialists are reckoning without their host. No longer have the social democratic parties their former undisputed leadership of the working class. In the last few years, in all the important countries, revolutionary Communist parties have been built up. They have sunk their roots deep among the masses. Under the leadership of the Communist International they are mobilizing their forces. The power of this great movement constantly grows. When the international capitalist class, when the imperialists of the world, assisted by their social democratic lackeys, deem the time opportune and strike at the Soviet Union the blow they are now preparing, they will wake up to a crushing defeat. When that war begins, the Communist International and the millions of workers thruout Europe and other countries that follow its lead will not simply adopt a defensive policy, they will not merely seek to withhold their government attacks from the Soviet Union. On the contrary, they will put into effect the great Leninist strategy. They will turn the imperialist war against the Soviet Union into a civil war of the workers against capitalism. They will destroy the capitalist order and begin the building of the proletarian society. (Applause.)

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

ECONOMIC DEPRESSION—EMPLOYERS' OFFENSIVE

Comrades, the United States is now in the midst of an industrial depression. American imperialism, embarrassed with the enormous masses of commodities produced by millions of super-speeded workers, is not able to dispose of these products. The workers, paid only a fraction of what they produce, cannot buy them back. The employers cannot sell them abroad. Many industries have been closed down. At least four million workers are unemployed at the present time. American capitalism, with all its power and with all the boasts of its defenders that it has found the formula of continuous prosperity, shows that it, too, is possessed of the weaknesses, and contradictions of capitalism in other countries. It also is subject to crisis. Many signs indicate that we are on the eve of a serious industrial depression.

The employers, quick to take advantage of the situation, are making a great drive against the living and working standards and organizations of the workers. They aim at developing a working class, docile, speeded up, and a tool in their schemes of world imperialism. Wage cuts have been widespread in the industries, especially among the armies of unorganized, unskilled workers. For the moment the organized skilled workers have mostly escaped the wage cuts, but their turn will come later. The employers forge ahead with their open shop drive. Wherever the workers resist they are confronted with an unprecedented use of the government against them, injunctions, troops, gunmen, etc.

Labor in Fighting Mood.

The workers are becoming increasingly in a fighting mood, especially is this true of the great masses of semi-skilled and unskilled workers in the basic industries who have suffered most from wage cuts, speed-up and unemployment.

The strike of New Bedford amongst the textile workers, the Haverill shoe strike of a few months ago, the Oshawa strike among the automobile workers, indicate their growing militancy.

General Motors Strike.

Perhaps most of you have not heard of the Oshawa strike of some four thousand workers of the General Motors Corporation in Canada. This strike, although a small one, was very significant and an indicator of conditions prevailing widespread in American industry at the present time. The automobile workers for years were among the best paid workers in the United States. But recently their wages have been repeatedly cut, they have been speeded up enormously; unemployment has borne down upon them; in short their former relatively favorable conditions have been taken from them to such an extent that a growing spirit of resistance is spreading among them, in Canada as well as in the United States. The strike of the Oshawa workers is a signal of the growing discontent among the great masses of automobile workers. The automobile industry has been held up, not only in this country but all over the world, as a most decisive achievement of American capitalism; as the industry in which American capitalism, with a formula of mass production and high wages, had laid the basis for a contented working class. Yet we see that under the weight of wage cuts, speed up, unemployment and generally worsened conditions the privileged automobile workers are being forced down to such a position that sentiment for organization and struggle is rapidly developing among them.

And what is true of the automobile workers is becoming the case in the various other basic industries. There the workers have been confronting wage cuts and similar conditions. A fighting mood develops among them. Undoubtedly they will wage many important struggles in the near future.

(*To Be Continued.*)

KANSAS MINERS CALL CONVENTION TO TAKE OVER UNION

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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NANKING RAIDS USSR CONSULATE IN NORTH CHINA

[illegible]RS PARTY PLANS SERIES OF ELECTION PICNICS

Fight to Put Candidates on the Ballot

A series of election campaign picnics at which national and local Communist candidates will appear are being planned for the summer months by the Workers Communist Party.

Benjamin Gitlow, vice-president nominee on the Communist ticket, will speak at a picnic in Chicago on July 4th.

On July 4th, Robert Minor, editor of the DAILY WORKER and the Party candidate for senator in New York state will speak in Baltimore.

Milwaukee is arranging one on July 8th at which, it is expected, Gitlow will appear. Final arrangements for the latter affair have not been completed.

Huge "Red Picnic"

What is expected to be the biggest affair of its kind ever held in New York City is the "Red Picnic" organized by the New York district of the Party for next Sunday, June 24th. It will be held in Pleasant Bay Park.

Since the great national nominating convention and the return of the delegates to their homes, there has been a quickening of Party activity throughout the country and hundreds of new connections have been made for the Communist movement. Despite the difficulties placed in the way of a working-class political party getting on the ballots, the comrades everywhere are bending to their tasks with the result that in nine states the required number of signatures have already been filed with the state authorities.

Utah Party Meeting

A general meeting of Party members will be held in Salt Lake City, Utah, on July 8th. Five hundred names are necessary in Utah to place a candidate on the ballot. Each of the names must be sworn to before a notary which places a heavy financial burden on the party.

On his return to his home in Phoenix, Arizona from the nominating convention, William O'Brien started a campaign to get subscriptions for the DAILY WORKER and is now busy getting out election campaign petitions.

BAIL TO TALK IN PROVIDENCE, R. I.

To Speak in 3 States on Organizing Tour

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 21.—Alex Bail, organizer of the New England district of the Workers (Communist) Party, will speak here tomorrow night as part of the tour which he is conducting to mobilize all the Party resources in the election campaign and for the support of the New Bedford textile strikers.

Bail is at present on a tour of various cities in Rhode Island, Massachusetts and New Hampshire. In addition, special organizers are also in the field in charge of the work in certain sections.

Election work in Rhode Island is at present concentrating on securing the required number of signatures to place the names of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, candidates for president and vice-president of the Workers Party respectively, on the ballot, as well as the state ticket. Edward Theinert is candidate for governor and James P. Reid for senator.

Bail's itinerary is as follows:

Friday, June 22, Providence, R. I.
Saturday, June 22, Fall River, Mass.
Sunday, June 24, D. E. C. in Boston.
Monday, June 25, New Bedford, Mass.
Tuesday, June 26, Brockton, Mass.

(Continued on Page Three)

SETTLE LEATHER STRIKE.

UTICA, N. Y., June 21.—The strike of togglers at the Barnett Leather Company has been settled. A number of the men have already returned to work. The rest will return within a few days.

FLOODS IN WESTERN N. Y.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 21.—Floods, caused by terrible rainstorms today, destroyed thousands of dollars worth of property, suspended school and business activities, greatly harmed crops and washed away the tracks [illegible] in western New York.

To Defend Workers

Unlike the United States, military training in the Soviet Union is in the interest of the working class, and the role of the Red Army is to defend the freedom of the workers against world capitalism. This young soldier will fight the Chamberlains and Mussolinis of the future.

TAMMANY TRICKS RULE IN HOUSTON

Party of Murphy Graft Plays Both Sides

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

HOUSTON, June 21. — Old Boss Murphy is dead but his policies lives on at Houston. "Divide and rule," "play both sides" and other famous maxims of the man who for two decades was the leader of the Tammany grafters are being put into practice here in the preliminaries to the democratic convention.

One of the typical devices of playing to both sides was witnessed here yesterday in the publicity on the prohibition issue given out by Norman E. Mack, one of the leaders in the Smith band of strategists.

A Speech With a Purpose.

Mack unburdened himself of a fiery tirade against prohibition. Holding no public office, the oft-exposed Tammany grafter has nothing to lose from taking the stand for which he was undoubtedly chosen.

Today before a whole group of [illegible] leader of the Smith campaign, called Mack on the carpet and "forced" him to repudiate his views and to declare they were not those of Smith.

[illegible] men who desire their beer may smile to themselves in the cunning conviction that Mack made a "slip" and has really spoken openly what Smith secretly intends to carry out. And the drys will have some straw to grasp at in the repudiation by Smith of the militant wetness of Mack. It need only be added that no such long tirade as was issued by Mack could have taken place without the complete understanding of the campaign managers.

Boss Murphy again was seen to live in the declaration of the Smith forces in the matter of choosing a vice-president. Everyone knows, of course, that if Smith is the nominee he will be practically all-powerful in choosing his running mate. Nevertheless, the voice of Murphy was today heard to say from the lips of Van Namee: "The convention will decide." This pleases the young hopeful politicians and adds to the "democratic" illusions which the Smith forces are peddling about.

Textile Strike Leader Faces Army Court Martial

BAIL IS DENIED TO YOUNG WORKER IN U. S. GUARD HOUSE

I. L. D., Y. W. L. Launch Huge Defense Drive

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 21.—The United States Army has been called to the aid of the textile operators in their efforts to break the strike here.

John Porter, a weaver, Vice-President of the Textile Mill Committee and organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League was turned over to the military authorities day before yesterday and is being held in prison denied the right of bail.

He is to be court-martialed for having left the army last year, after becoming conscious of the role of soldiers in fighting their fellow workers.

Finger-Print Porter.

The role of the military authorities in opposing the workers and the determination to use every means to get militant leaders of the masses behind bars is shown by the fact that the finger-prints of Porter, after his arrest for participation in the strike were compared with those who had left the army without discharges though the chances that he had been in the army were small.

Porter is being held in the military prison at Fort Rodman, and from there he will be sent to Fort Adams at Newport, R. I., or to Fort William, where he will be "tried" by a general court-martial composed of army officers specially selected for this purpose by the military commander of the post.

Efforts will be made to deny all civil rights and the War Department does not permit its victims to present any evidence in appeals to civil courts.

The intervention of the army in the effort to imprison Porter and to prevent him from participation in the textile strike follows repeated arrests for his militant struggle for the workers by civil authorities, and recently he was sentenced by Judge Frank A. Milliken to five months in jail. He was on bail pending appeal.

Among the crimes of Porter, as reported in the capitalist press of New Bedford, was that of collecting funds for the striking workers.

Entered Army As Boy.

Porter entered the army when hardly sixteen years of age, and was illegally accepted by the military authorities because of their desire for more cannon fodder. At that time he had no knowledge of the role of the army in defending imperialism and enslaving the working class. But for Porter the service proved to be a school, and within two years he began to realize the purpose for which he was being used. At this time, however, he did not know that the task of militant workers in the army is to expose the true nature of capitalist militarism to his fellow soldiers so that they will fight against the exploiters.

• • •

I. L. D. Defends Strike Leader.

The International Labor Defense has taken up the defense of Porter. legal defense will be given at the court-martial, and the working class throughout the country will be rallied for the greatest struggle against the military machine ever known in this country.

Soldiers are denied the constitutional right of bail and are forced to do hard labor while awaiting trial, often for many months. This is being done in the case of Porter, and for the first time the unconstitutional

(Continued on Page Two)

SECURE "DAILY," IS CALL

Must Insure Paper's Life for the Summer

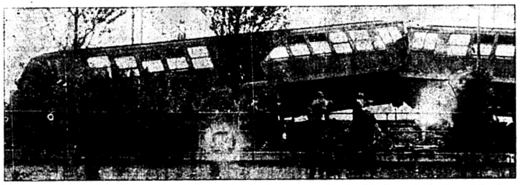
Contributions which continued to come in yesterday for the drive to save The DAILY WORKER brought the total up to last night close to $10,000. $301.55 was received yesterday.

However, much more than this amount must be raised if the existence of The DAILY WORKER is to be secured over the summer months. Summer is usually the most difficult period of the year for the "Daily," with the income from advertising and other sources falling off sharply. The $10,000 which has been so generously raised by workers thruout the country is necessary to meet creditors' bills. The workers must prevent another such crisis from occurring during the difficult summer months. And they must see to it that The DAILY WORKER remains six pages.

The DAILY WORKER has not as

(Continued on Page Two)

Wooden Subway Trains Endanger Lives of Hundreds of Bronx Workers



Wooden cars on the Interborough Rapid Transit lines have again placed in jeopardy the lives of hundreds of the city's workers. Photo shows two I. R. T. trains which telescoped late Wednesday night when they crashed on the elevated structure on Morris Park Ave., near the E. 180th St. station. Had any lives been lost, the company, as is its practice, would undoubtedly seek to shift the blame to the overworked and underpaid slaves who operate the lines. Merely as a gesture, the Transit Commission has on numerous occasions "ordered" the I. R. T. to replace its wooden cars, but the company has, with characteristic arrogance, refused to pay the slightest attention to it.

INCRIMINATE FOUR MORE IN THE HUGE DON BASIN PLOT

Gorletzky Proven Chief in Sabotage

(Special Cable to DAILY WORKER.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 21.—Gorletzky, one of the most prominent leaders of the huge criminal sabotage conspiracy against the Soviet Government, was today examined here on charges of his having been implicated in the plot. Gorletzky was a high-salaried mines director before the revolution, hated by the workers under his supervision. After the revolution, he became an active counter-revolutionist, and supported the cossack white-guardist, Krasnov, against the Soviet Union.

When questioned by the prosecution, Gorletzky told the court that socialism "is a Utopia that has no chance of ever being realized." It was revealed during the course of his examination that he had seized every opportunity that came to him to damage and defile the Soviet Union. In such counter-revolutionary activities, his last position, that of director of the mechanization department, gave him an unparalleled position in spreading such venom.

Gave Bribes.

The accused technician Tschinokal, an assistant of Gorletzky's, tried to shield him at first, but afterward admitted a mechanization sabotage involving several million rubles. Gorletzky also continued to deny his guilt, in spite of his open statement in court concerning the practicability of a socialist state, in spite of his own counter-revolutionary record that stamps him as one who would naturally become implicated in such a conspiracy, and in spite of the fact that most of the engineers accused with him in the same plot, designate him as the first to join and be active in the sabotage. He was also confronted with others of the accused, the testimony of all of whom incriminate him. All swore that they had received both money and sabotage instructions from him.

It was revealed that he had done immeasurable damage to the Soviet mines, by wrecking good machinery and getting useless machines.

Germans Implicated.

Later testimony in the trial brought to light the fact that Kasarinov and Tschinokal, both accused engineers, and members of the traitorous commission headed by Gorletzky, had negotiated with Knapp in Berlin, after they heard in Berlin that Knapp was perfectly ready to pay bribes to them. Gorletzky was proven to be on intimate terms with Knapp, together with engineers Koster and Sebold.

Colleges Get Cash for Imperiailst Flying

The board of trustees of the Daniel Guggenheim fund for the promotion of aeronautics has authorized appropriations totalling $339,000 to the University of Washington, the Harvard University graduate school of business administration and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology to further the study of aviation, it was announced yesterday by Harry F. Guggenheim, president of the fund.

KANSAS MINERS CALL SPECIAL CONVENTION

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

ARMA, Kansas, June 21.—Charging that the Lewis-Burr-Skahan machine of District 14 has brought the mine union to the verge of destruction nearly forty officers and representatives of local unions and sub-districts have sent out a call for a special convention to be held here on July 1 at which a program will be worked out to meet the crisis in the union to place the organization back into the hands of the rank and file miners.

The convention call is addressed also to miners of Missouri, Iowa, Oklahoma and Colorado who are urged to send fraternal delegates. Credentials to the convention are to be sent to Everett Cook at Mulberry, Kansas.

The call in full follows:

Rank and File Speakers.

To all Local Unions and
Members of District 14,
United Mine Workers of America
Greetings:

The rank and file of District 14 is hereby calling a special convention of District No. 14 of the U. M. W. A. to convene Sunday, July 1, 1928, 10 a. m., Eagles Hall, Arma, Kansas.

The purpose of the convention will be to work out a program to meet the deep crises which have been

(Continued on Page Two)

PHILADELPHIA TO HOLD RELIEF DAY

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—The Philadelphia Committee of the National Miners' Relief has more than doubled its active workers, the largest collection yet made in the weekly house to house collection will result this saturday, June 23, it was announced by the committee.

Six stations have been selected by the committee, where comrades and sympathizers as well as all class conscious workers desirous of assisting the courageous miners by volunteering to collect from house to house, will receive instructions, collection lists and boxes.

Every Philadelphia worker is expected to show up at 1 o'clock Saturday afternoon and transform into action his sentiments towards the striking miners.

The stations will be located as follows:

1. 4035 Girard Avenue (Progressive Library).
2. 2926 Gordon Street (Strawberry Mansion Workers' Club).
3. 125 W. Oxford Street.
4. 1208 Lasker Street (Italian Progressive Institute).
5. 2nd and Cambria Streets (Kensington Labor Lyceum).
6. 8th and Ritner Streets (S. Phila. Workers' Club).

POLICE AIDED LYNCHING

Murder "Annoys" Houston Democrats

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

HOUSTON, Tex., June 21.—At least one, and possibly more members of the Houston police force took a leading part in the lynching, here yesterday, of Robert Powell, 24-year-old Negro. His body had been found hanging from an old bridge about eight miles from the city.

Powell had been dragged from a cot in the hospital ward where he lay dying following an exchange of shots with a city detective, Davis, who shot into a crap game in which a group of Negro youths had joined.

Police in Line-Up.

This morning the witnesses to the kidnapping in the hospital were confronted with a whole watch of the police force at headquarters in an effort to discover just how many police were parties to the lynching.

While some of the local papers

(Continued on Page Two)

FASCIST FLEET MENACES GREECE

Workers and Police Are Still Clashing

ATHENS, June 21.—Arrival at Phaleon of an Italian squadron of twenty-two units, including battleships, is arousing the strongest resentment among all sections of the striking Greek workers who see in the move an attempt of the Italian government to overawe or, if necessary, to crush the strike which the Greek workers have been carrying on despite the bloody attacks of the police.

Spread of the general strike continued yesterday with hundreds of workers coming out in trades hitherto unaffected by the walk-out. The civil service workers, who have remained at their posts, are threatening to strike immediately, and seamen, railroad workers, harbor workers, and many others have joined the general strike.

While fighting between workers and police is known to persist in various sections of the country, the government is maintaining the strictest censorship and very little information concerning the actual events has been permitted to leak thru. The number of casualties are still unknown.

Only 6 of Italia Crew Safe; Amundsen Lost

LONDON, June 21.—Reports tonight from the ice breaker Braganza, off the north shore of Spitzbergen, that the arctic ice has begun to split hastened the efforts of the relief expeditions that have been undertaken to rescue the 16 men now lost in the icy wastes. While six members of the crew of the Italia have been located and are in danger, ten others have not been heard from in more than a month. Now it is also feared that Roald Amundsen and five companions who went to Nobile's rescue in a French seaplane have also met disaster.

Paris reports today announced that two warships had been ordered to Spitzbergen to aid the search for the Amundsen-Gilbaud party.

NEW OFFENSIVE AGAINST SOVIET OFFICIALS SEEN

Imperialist Powers Help Incite Raid

SHANGHAI, June 21.—In a raid which recalled that on the Soviet consulate here some time ago, police, operating under the orders of the Nanking general Fu-Tso-yi, yesterday invaided the consulate of the Soviet Union at Tientsin, according to despatches from that city.

The invaders occupied the consulate for several hours, overturning desks and ransacking cabinets in their efforts to find the quantities of arms which they declare Chinese Communists had secreted in the consulate premises.

Consul Grigoriev produced nine loaded revolvers, the only weapons in the consulate, which are kept for the purpose of defense against attacks by Russian white guardists in China.

The Chinese officials admit that they found neither arms nor Communist propaganda.

The raid is interpreted here as the first of a series which are scheduled to do for the diplomatic and commercial agencies of the Soviet Union in northern China what the Nanking police carried out in the southern offices at an earlier date.

It is believed that the Tientsin raid will be followed immediately by raids on the Soviet offices in other towns. British newspapers here have commended the raid.

"A. P." FAITHFUL LACKEY OF TRUST

Sends Out Much Power Publicity

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Further evidence that the Associated Press has been acting as propaganda agency for the power trust was revealed today in spite of much soft-pedalling in the investigation being conducted by the federal trade commission.

The spotlight turned on Missouri today with J. B. Sheridan, secretary of the Missouri Committee on Public Utility Information, testifying as to the readiness and efficiency of the Associated Press in serving the power interests. A letter was produced in which Sheridan told George McQuaid, of the Texas Publicity Bureau, that the Associated Press in Missouri "sends out practically everything we give them."

About 13 Missouri newspapers, Sheridan said, printed every power trust story sent to them by the Associated Press. Since 1926 an average of one story a week has been distributed in this way, he declared.

• • •

WASHINGTON, June 20.—A tale of power trust bribery of newspapers through advertising and public school

(Continued on Page Five)

$200,000,000 COAL MERGER IS NEAR

Secret Conference Is Working Out Plans

Plans for the formation of a $200,000,000 bituminous coal merger announced recently advanced another step yesterday when representatives of a number of open shop operators of West Virginia met in a secret session at the Waldorf Astoria and listened to reports of engineers who have made an appraisal of the properties to be included.

The companies included in the deal which will include the producers of 35,000,000 tons of coal yearly, are the Consolidated Coal Company, the John D. Rockefeller, Jr. interests, and the Coolidge interests of Boston, owned by a relative of Calvin Coolidge, the president, in addition to a number of other companies of lesser importance.

One Hundred Thousand Miners Face Actual Starvation, Relief Body Says

KANSAS MINERS WILL TAKE OVER UNION ON JULY 1

Special Convention Call Goes Out

(Continued from Page One)

brought upon the union by the incompetence and corruption of the Lewis-Burr-Skahan administration, to place the union in control of the rank and file and to remove the bankrupt officialdom.

The miners' union faces destruction at the hands of the coal operators. The Lewis-Burr-Skahan administration through their incompetence have rendered assistance to the operators. In District 14 our union is no more than a semi-company union. The operators dictate conditions and do not pay the scale in many cases, with the Lewis machine doing nothing to remedy this.

The Pennsylvania Ohio miners have been on strike for over 14 months fighting off the attempts of the operators to crush their union. They have been left alone to fight this battle. The separate agreement of Illinois, Kansas, and other temporary agreements of various kinds signed up by the officialdom without giving the members a chance to vote on the separate agreement has given away all conditions won through the hard struggles of the past.

Machine of Betrayal.

The Lewis-Burr-Skahan machine will not call a special convention, to consider the emergency in the miners' union and to take the necessary steps to remedy it. They are doing all in their power to pacify the members, expel the militant leaders of today's struggle, and collaborate with the operators.

Picketing of the rank and file "led" by Skahan while strip pits and mines work under separate agreement is betrayal of the miners by the officials.

President Lewis and Secretary of the U. S. Treasury Mellon both support Hoover. Lewis, the "labor leader," joins hands openly with Mellon, the scab coal operator.

The District 14 special convention called by this committee will elect temporary officers from the rank and file who are for the rank and file, and who will take care of the interest of the rank and file. The special District Convention must work out new policies in line with the interest of the members. It must help win the Penn-Ohio strike, take concrete steps in the Kansas strike, to fight for a national agreement, to fight against wage cuts, to fight for the organization of the unorganized, to fight for the six hour day and the five-day week.

Rank and File Acts.

Throughout the organized districts the rank and file have held conventions and are taking over their unions. In Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Penn. the miners have already registered their majority opinion behind the militant left wing of the U. M. W. A., the Save the Union Committee. It is up to the miners of District 14 to take control of their union and oust the Lewis machine. The miners of the southwest have been betrayed by the Lewis policy. Our convention, our call, is the battle call of the Southwest miners against the operators, the Lewis machine and their company union.

The rank and file demanded a special convention. The rank and file are calling a special convention. Miners of Missouri, Iowa, Oklahoma and Colorado, who have been betrayed by the Lewis machine should send fraternal delegates to the convention. Send your credentials to Everett Cook, Mulberry, Kansas. If your union does not hold a meeting before the 24th, call a special meeting at once.

Fraternally yours,

Everett Cook, Mulberry, Kan.

Robert Ramadge, Franklin; James Hunter, Arma; Frank Pernott, Arma; James Bousfield, Gross; Chas. White, Crowburg; Tom Wakefield, Mulberry; Amie Martier, Franklin; Joe Brasso, Mulberry; William Verren, Arma; William Cusic, Englevale; Geo. Pugh, Franklin; Quinto Borello, Arma; Stephen Welch, Pittsburgh; Joe Studdard, Arma; Ferdinand Goddard, Jr., Girard; Dan Fenoglio, Englevale; Lewis Marrshall, Gross; Matt Tait, Girard; Ray Smith, Arma; Joe Bierbrodt, Croweburg; John Keith, Girard; Albert Brtol, Arma; John Fleming, Frontenac.

MINER'S FAMILY, STARVING, LOSES ITS TINY SHACK BY FIRE

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 21. — The family of Mrs. Eva Kempa, of Library, Pa., which includes seven children, is in dire need of help. Mrs. Kempa's husband has been on strike for three years as have most of the miners in this town. The family, reduced to utter destitution by the strike, was living in a little two-room shack which it had built.

Three months ago the shack in which the Kempas lived was destroyed by fire. A bed, used by three of the younger children, barred the only door to the hovel and Mrs. Kempa was seriously burned when she climbed through the window after she had helped all her children to safety by the same route. Mrs. Kempa's husband was also severely burned. Every stitch of clothing owned by the striking family was destroyed in the blaze. They were given some clothes by neighbors.

Mrs. Kempa has written for help from the National Miners' Relief Committee. "Don't let my man go back to work now," she pleads. He has been holding out for three years and to go back now would be to lose these years of fighting." The relief committee can do nothing for Mrs. Kempa and thousands of families like hers unless the workers in other sections of the country give liberal sums of money and continue to give. All funds should be sent immediately to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SECURE "DAILY," CALL TO WORKERS

Must Insure Existence During Summer

(Continued from Page One)

yet been able to print the names of all those who responded to the call for funds. During the next few days we will publish those names that still remain unprinted. Among organizations that have responded to the appeal of the "Daily" was the Freiheit Singing Society and Mandolin Orchestra of Chicago, which has sent $12.85 and promises to send more. The Chinese Workers-Peasants Alliance in America of Philadelphia contributed $105. A letter to the "Daily" from this organization says in part:

"We clearly understood the saving of The DAILY WORKER was to save the spirit of the revolution, which is even more important than the saving of our own lives. At the present time most of us are out of work, but to keep the revolutionary fire burning we must make every sacrifice to save The DAILY WORKER, the vanguard of the militant struggle."

This spirit must be kept up during the next few months. Keep The DAILY WORKER going during the summer. Help it to become a better and more powerful organ of the class-conscious workers of this country.

Additional Contributors

The following are additional contributors to the fund to save The DAILY WORKER:

Joan Burger, Bklyn, $1; A Friend, Cleveland, $2; H. Duvemcy, Kansas City, $2; John Kolacio, Bettendorf, Iowa, $2; H. Goldstein, Niagara Falls, $12; A. Murhpy, Brooklyn, $5; Reva Malamud, NYC, $3; A Worker, NYC, $1; Fay Simon, NYC, 50c; G. Casarco, NYC, $4; G. Bursky, NYC, $1; Anna Esencraft, NYC, $1; P. Simon, NYC, $1; J. Caridi, NYC, $1; H. Goldfuter, NYC, $1; C. Bozio, NYC, $1; M. Epstein, NYC, 50c; Ginsburg, NYC, 50c; Pikarsky, NYC, 25c; I. Levitt, NYC, 25c; J. Woroloff, NYC, 50c; S. Weiner, NYC, $1; Jos. Miller, Toledo, $2; Jerry Andreatos, Pueblo, Colo., $2; T. Llewelly, Detroit, $1; R. Grazie, NYC, $1; Jamaica Finnish International Branch, $10; John Parkko, NYC, $2; H. Sjoman, NYC, $1; A. Moller, NYC, $2; T. Moller, NYC, $1; K. Salmi, NYC, $1; N. Kallio, NYC, $1; M. Nulasi, NYC, $1; A group of girls, NYC, $5; S. Lubowitz, NYC, $2; The Trimmers of the Trucikan Hat Co., $6; J. Hollenberg, NYC, $10; May Heifgot, NYC, $6; A. Y., NYC, $1; J. Kmet, $1; G. Kmet, $1; S. Greykowsky, $1; M. Hudyma, $1; S. Sndorio, $1; S. Estock, $1; Cremation Members, Dillonville, Ohio, $20; Czechoslovak Iron Workers, NYC, $10; Jos. Kolarik, NYC, $5; A. Hornicek, NYC, $5; V. Abraham, NYC, $5; Chas. Sjnagl, NYC, $2; A. Nespor, Jamaica, L. I., $2; John Kadla, NYC, $5; J. Hlavacek, Paterson, N. J., $2; Frank Ocenacek, collected, NYC, $70; John Tellick, $2; E. R. Ishler, Toledo, $1; Mrs. L. F. Hager, Dayton, O., $5; Fr. Gillespie, Cleveland, O., $5; A. Anastasiadis, Yorkville, Ohio, $5; Sideris, Yorkville, Ohio, $5; F. Okland, Yorkville, Ohio, $1; Vasilios, Yorkville, Ohio, $3; J. Alexiou, Yorkville, Ohio, $1; Batjilakis, Yorkville, Ohio, $5; A. Sherman, Yorkville, Ohio, $1; G. E. Nybc, Holler, Minn., 50c; P. Teem, Rochester, N. Y., $5; Karchefsky, Rochester, N. Y., $2; Mandwell, Rochester, N. Y., $2; Easman, Rochester, N. Y., $2; Douba, Rochester, N. Y., $1; A. Konowalchik, Salem, Mass., $1; J. Stepchin, Salem, Mass., $1; G. Toyo, Keansburg, N. J., $1; H. G. Ross, Tatamagouchi, N. S., $2; C. W. Lockirby, Tatamagouchi, N. S., $1; William E. Beler, Bethlehem, Pa., $1; Joe Rukavina, Akron, Ohio, $5; H. G. Berglund, Chicago, $2; Ant. Abraham, Oak Forest, Ill., $2; Sub-Section 3B, NYC, $30; Annie Hobson, Seattle, Wash., $1; Norwood Section Communist Party, Norwood, Mass., $15; J. M. Rouf, Chicago, Ill., $5; G. Dreuth, San Francisco, $1; A. A. Stillman, San Francisco, $1; Gus Haeck, San Francisco, $2.50; J. Adam, San Francisco, $1; Ukrainian Branch, Lasalle, N. Y., $10; Ukrainian Society, Elizabeth, N. J., $5; Tom. Santovic, Wadsworth, Ohio, $5; Alex Santovic, Wadsworth, Ohio, $5; M. Johonsen, Wadsworth, Ohio, $1; T. Lerich, Wadsworth, Ohio, $1; Ch. Menkin, Wadsworth, Ohio, $1; Mrs. P. Thomas, Wadsworth, Ohio, $1; T. Katz, Bronx, N. Y., $3; Unit 38 3C, NYC, $75; H. Meister, Chicago, Ill., $2; David Leberman, Philadelphia, Pa. $2; Section 1, Unit 1F, NYC, $10; Section 1, Unit 3F, NYC, $5; Section 1, Unit 2F, NYC, $4.75; Bernstein, NYC, $3; Section 1, Unit 2I, NYC, $4.50; Proletarische Buhne, NYC, $5; I. Kettula, Finlayson, Minn., $5; P. Nolan, Pinelawn, N. Y., 50c; R. Turkaly, Bellaire, Ohio, $1.

POLISH FASCIST PLANE.

WARSAW, June 20.—Premier Pilsudski of Poland today christened the airplane in which Polish aviators Kubala and Idzikowski will try to fly from Paris to the United States, the "Marshal Pilsudski."

Company "Stool"

JOSEPH DE LACROCE
Labor Spy

DE LACROCE IS EXPOSED AS SPY

Reported Mine Workers to Bosses

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, June 21.—Joseph De Lacroce, who has also gone under the name of Delacroce, has been exposed as a labor spy, according to information given out by A. Jakira, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party of District 5.

De Lacroce, who residence is at 1017 Western Ave., N. S. Pittsburgh, has been working among the miners, and the coal diggers especially are warned against him.

De Lacroce is tall, middle aged, dark complexion, speaks several languages, including Italian, English and some Slavish.

He was under surveillance by a committee of the Workers Party for several months. The information received shows that he has been traveling around the mining towns of West Virginia, Ohio and Penn. for the last few years. Last year he spent most of his time in and around Pittsburgh, especially Castle Shannon. He has posed as a bootlegger and as an agent, but all along was engaged in spying on the miners. He visited various labor meetings and was reporting to a coal company detective agency at the House Bldg., Pittsburgh.

Textile Leader Faces Army Court Martial

(Continued from Page One)

method of depriving military prisoners will be made a test case.

Habeas Corpus proceedings are to be made at once on the grounds that Porter is entitled to bail unless he has been sentenced and the sentence finally approved.

In civil cases, when bail cannot be furnished, prisoners awaiting trial cannot be forced to do hard labor But the militant striker will do work under guard of soldiers with shot guns.

Workers in every city will becalled upon to rally to the defense of Porter against the efforts of the army to stiffle labor with bayonet rule.

• • •

Youth League to Aid Porter.

The Young Workers (Communist) League has announced plans for huge mass protest meetings all over the country to demand the release of John Porter, textile strike leader active organizer of the League in New Bedford.

HOUSTON POLICE AIDED LYNCHING

Democratic Delegates Are "Embarrassed"

(Continued from Page One)

were making sanctimonious apologies for the lynching just before the opening of the democratic national convention, citizens of Houston remained calm, contented in the "job," and even expressed surprise for the editorial comment.

Press "Indignant."

Delegates to the convention, bored by the absence of excitement, had visited the scene of the lynching in groups. Automobiles that had brought the delegates were lined up as they viewed the dangling body of the murdered Negro youth.

Righteous "indignation" flows from the editorial columns of the newspapers here, and especially is this true of the democratic organs which claim to be embarrassed because the lynching occurred on the eve of the convention.

"May the outside world not take this as symbolic of the Houston spirit," exclaims the Scripps-Howard paper, the Press. "It was not men like these who died in the Alamo. If was not craven creatures like these who fought at San Jacinto."

"Houston has been shamed before the nation," says the Chronicle, published by Jesse Jones, candidate for the presidential nomination. "The people of Houston," it says, "do not approve of this."

Citizens Not Interested.

But on the streets there is no talk of the lynching among the "respectables," apparently no interest. But Negroes gather and whisper, alert lest they be overheard.

"Bob didn't kill the cop," they say. "The police just wanted blood."

The gory details of the lynching by the proud citizens of Houston are just seeping thru.

"Stick 'em up!" the lynchers shouted as they broke into the hospital ward. Four others put the rope around the neck of the Negro youth They carried him out. "Lord have mercy!" the victim was pleading. The men were laughing and there behind was the rope trailing along.

To give an appearance of sincerity to their "indignation," Houston officials are offering the munificent reward of $250 fo rthe apprehension of each of the lynchers.

Helping to Build a Camp for Workers' Children

While the children of the bosses are at exclusive profit-making summer camps, getting the advantages of physical activity and supervised play, the workers' children spend the hot months roving in the city streets. The Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, New York, is now building a camp for workingclass children at Wingdale, N. Y., adjoining Unity Camp. Each child will stay two weeks and the charge will be but $8 a week. Many children of unemployed and striking parents will be taken in free of charge. Photo shows workers engaged on construction at Unity Camp volunteering their services to aid the children's rest home on Sunday, their day off.

American Plan Denies Rights of Tacna Labor

SANTIAGO, Chile, June 21.—The government press here regards with favor the latest plan which is said to have been proposed by the United States in connection with the Tacna-Arica dispute between Chile and Peru.

The chief merit of the proposal is that it will abolish plans for a plebiscite and will leave the settlement to secret negotiations and private agreements between the governments of Chile and Peru. It is proposed that former Ambassador Collier of the United States be director-in-chief of the private trading involved.

WIRES APPEAL TO NEW YORK OFFICE FOR INSTANT AID

Local Committee to Hold Drive

The virtual state of famine existing in the mine districts was brought home to New York workers yesterday through the publication of a telegram sent by the National Miners Relief Committee of 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, to the New York headquarters of the committee requesting an immediate remittance by air mail or telegraph of all available funds in the possession of the committee.

Actual Starvation

The wire which was addressed to Fannie Rudd, New York representative declared that hundreds of miners' families are at the point of actual starvation and are beseeching the Pittsburgh headquarters for food. No other source of relief, other than this committee is available for nearly one hundred thousand miners from whom Lewis has cut off all help because they have refused to follow his policy of strikebreaking.

The Telegram follows:

Situation Desperate

"The situation here is so critica that we are compelled to demand immediately remittance by air mail all relief money in your treasury and whatever you can possibly secure otherwise. Please show this telegram to all language relief committees and other agencies in your city which can immediately help in the task virtually of saving life. Advise them to forward funds instantly. Miners families are at the point of starvation and are beseeching us to do secure something to eat for them. Organize a drive for more funds immediately.

A. Wagenknecht, Relief Director.

YOU CAN'T EVEN SING IN NEW BEDFORD

Mill Owners' Police Break Up Children's Demonstration

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (FP) (By mail).—Getting children to sing on the picket line is just as bad as singing yourself, the cops warned Elizabeth Donnelley. Then when the kids wouldn't stop singing, "We'll catch the boss and put him in the sauce and never let him go," the long arm of the law rang for the black wagon, pushed Elizabeth in, and gave her a taste of jail life as already experienced by 40 other cotton mill strikers.

Elizabeth, in charge of children's organization for the Workers' International Relief, for weeks has taught children strike songs, has told them of unionism, has asked them to picket with parents to help them save that $19 a week average wage against a 10 percent cut.

Curious logic used by New Bedford cops shone through in this dialogue:

"Cut out the singing, there. Shut up them kids."

"I've got a perfect right to sing."

"You've got a right to sing all right, but you got no right to disturb the peace by singing or otherwise and you got no right to make the children sing and disturb the peace. So in you go."

Jackson W. Wales, Harvard graduate student down to study industrial problems at first hand in New Bedford, is taking the complete course. They threw him in jail. Jackson made a speech to the pickets.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations Attention!

Airy, Light Rooms
To Rent
for OFFICES and MEETING ROOMS at the WORKERS CENTER, 26-28 Union Square.
Elevator Service. *Telephone Stuyvesant 1201.*

The Organization of a World Party
By OSIP PIATNITSKY
15 Cents

What are the various sections of the Communist International doing? Germany, France, U. S., England, Italy?

What are their achievements, shortcomings and future tasks?

B. Vasiliev, reviewing this pamphlet in the May 1 issue of the Communist International, says:

"Every active member of every Communist Party in capitalist countries must have a copy of Comrade Piatnitsky's little book among the number of absolutely necessary handbooks on everyday Party work."

Order from
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
39 EAST 125th STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Why Every Miner Should Be a Communist
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What the WORKERS (Communist) PARTY stands for and why every miner should join it.
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Twenty-Five Thousand Workers Strike in South Africa Diamond Fields

PICKET DIGGINGS DESPITE POLICE AND MINE OWNERS

Thousands Sleep in Public Buildings

CAPETOWN, South Africa, June 21.—Twenty-five thousand native workers went on strike yesterday as a result of dissatisfaction with the policies of the owners of the diamond diggings at Lichtenburg, according to a report from that town.

Lichtenburg resembled a huge refuge camp yesterday with thousands of the strikers camping in churches and other public buildings. The men have come in from the diamond fields which are outside of the town. In many cases they have brought their entire families with them.

Picketing of the diamond diggings is going on in spite of the company's effort to disperse the picket lines. Hundreds of natives have braved the growing squads of police to picket the fields.

Persistent efforts of the Industrial and Commercial Workers' Union of South Africa, the native labor organization, to join the South African Trades Union Congress have been repeatedly disregarded or repudiated by that body. The native union is reported to number more than 100,000 members.

Ex-Trooper Gets Life Term for Killing Wife

Walter McFall, former member of the State Troopers at Genesee, N. Y. the same righteous and patriotic organization used in clubbing striking workers all over the United States was sentenced in the Hudson County Court of Oyer and Terminer last night to life imprisonment after a jury, having deliberated for less than two hours, found McFall guilty of first degree murder.

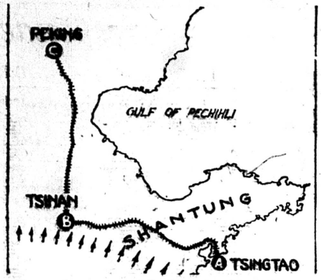
McFall shot and killed his wife, Florence Hersey McFall, in West New York last January.

Southern Floods Destroy Big Amount of Cotton

MEMPHIS, June 21.—Thousands of acres of cotton have been destroyed by the recent floods of the White and St. Francis Rivers. Nearly 1,000,000 acres of land have been flooded by the rising rivers.

Thousands of other acres are threatened if the levees which are now near the breaking point are destroyed.

Where Kuomintang Butchers Now Operate



The map shows a sector of the diplomatic and battle front of the imperialist powers and the warlords of the Kuomintang where bids are being made by the Nanking government for support of the foreign powers in crushing the Chinese working-class. The same map shows the scene of Japanese penetration of Shantung with the city of Tsinan, recently seized by the Japanese forces, and Peking recently seized by the Nanking reactionaries. Tientsin, directly southeast of Peking on the gulf of Pechihli is not shown on the map. It is the scene of yesterday's raid on the Soviet consulate.

TEXTILE WORKERS MAY REJECT PLAN

Discharge of Militant Led to Strike

MANCHESTER, Eng., June 21.—A joint central body committee composed of employers and union officials has worked out a set of recommendations to be adopted by the Nelson mill owners association and the 17,000 workers now out on strike. Even the employers' press admit that the strikers will probably refuse to accept the recommendations.

The situation developed out of the discharge of a militant worker in one of the Nelson mills. The immediate demand of the workers for his reinstatement on the job was followed by a lockout of 12,000 operatives, who then declared themselves on strike. This led 5,000 workers in the colored goods mills here to join the strike.

The recommendations of the joint committee of bosses and union officials are that the worker be not reinstated, and also that the dismissal of a worker shall henceforth not be considered cause for strike action. This action of the union heads is severely condemned by the strikers, particularly the second recommendation.

R. I. CITY WORKERS HEAR BAIL TONIGHT

Communist Organizer Tours Three States

(Continued from Page One)

Wednesday, June 27, Norwood, Mass.
Thursday, June 28, Council in Boston.
Friday, June 29, Quincy, Mass.
Saturday, June 30, Newton Upper Fall, Mass.
Sunday, July 1, Finnish District Picnic.
Monday, July 2, Lynn, Mass.
Tuesday, July 3, Peabody, Mass.
Wednesday, July 4, Boston Daily Worker Picnic.
Thursday, July 5, Boston, Council Meeting.
Friday, July 6, Lanesville, Mass.
Saturday, July 7, Haverhill, Mass.
Sunday, July 8, Lawrence, Mass.
Monday, July 9, Lowell, Mass.
Tuesday, July 10, Nashua, N. H.
Wednesday, July 11, Wilton and Milford, N. H.
Thursday, July 12, West Concord, N. H.
Friday, July 13, Lebanon, N. H. (Enfield.)
Saturday, July 14, Newport, N. H.
Sunday, July 15, Keene, N. H.
Monday, July 16, Gardner and Hubbardston.
Tuesday, July 17, Fitchberg and Ashburnham.
Wednesday, July 18, Maynard, Mass.

Dates for Maine and Vermont will be announced later.

FIRE NEGRO WORKERS.

PENSACOLA, Fla., June 21.—Negro workers employed by the city of Pensacola are rapidly being removed from their positions by the mayor.

DAVIS, DEMOCRAT LEADER, FIGHTS FOR RADIO TRUST

May Be Negotiations Committee Head

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Willing to let the country see that they are non-partisan when choosing tools with which to secure private monopoly, the Radio Corporation of America and its associates have come before the federal trade commission with an imposing array of political lawyers, asking that the radio trust's complaint against them be dismissed. John W. Davis, democratic presidential nominee in 1924, signed the briefs filed by the American Telephone & Telegraph Co. and the Western Electric Co., two of the principal defendants and creators of the Radio Corporation. Davis signed for his law firm, Davis, Polk, Wardwell, Gardiner & Reed. The Polk in this firm is Frank L. Polk, assistant secretary of state under the second Wilson administration.

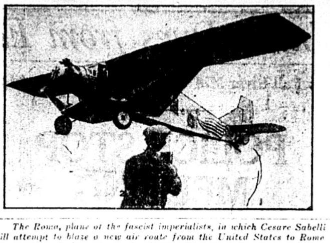
The importance of this incident lies in the fact that Davis is proposed as chairman of the resolutions committee—the platform making body—at te—the platform-making body—at Houston. As the General Electric is the original core of the electric power trust, his professional services to the power combine as well as to its offshoot, the radio trust, may be expected to continue when he reaches the convention. He will have the support, in that direction, of such power trust politicians as Senators Bruce, Tydings, Hawes, Tyson, Blease, Harrison, Ransdell, Simmons, Thomas, Joe Robinson, George, Edwards and Bayard, with Finis Garrett, floor leader in the house.

Plans to Lure Workers

HAVANA.—The increase of American investments in Cuba is leading to a demand for larger number of workers and agricultural laborers who will work at very low wages. Plans have been announced for bringing over workers from Europe, who will be virtual prisoners as they will not have the means to return and must accept such conditions as given them by American imperialists and the Cuban government. Promises will be made of land and houses—but on such terms as the government may later decide.

Efforts will be made to find illiterate workers in the Canary Islands and Northern Spain who do not know the story of Swiss farmers who came to Cuba in 1918, only to find the "agreement" repudiated by the Cuban government.

Fascists to Fly From Wall St. to Rome



The Roma, plane of the fascist imperialists, in which Cesare Sabelli will attempt to blaze a new air route from the United States to Rome this summer, is here shown in flight. The plane has been taken to Bridgeport for test flights.

SON CONFIRMS CHANG'S DEATH

TOKIO, June 21.—Chang Hsueh Liang, son of Chang Tso Lin, northern warlord, announced that his father died at 2 o'clock yesterday morning from wounds received when his train was bombed near Mukden on June 4, said a dispatch from Mukden.

• • •

Japanese-Nanking Tension.

SHANGHAI, June 21.—Following the confirmation of the death of Chang Tso Lin, northern warlord, by his son, the report that the Nanking armies are preparing to march north for a campaign against Manchuria is creating fresh tension between the Nanking regime and the Japanese government which declares that it will not tolerate interference with its occupation of Manchuria

"Call it a protectorate or what you will," one Japanese statesman is quoted as saying, "Japan intends to maintain her 'special position' in the northern province."

Arabian Cigar Workers in Palestine Strike

JERUSALEM (By Mail).—Arab workers went on strike in Haifa when the cigar factory "Mavrok" attempted to increase the number of hours from ten to twelve hours a day.

The strikers are receiving the solid support of Jewish workers in the city.

DECLARE MARTIAL LAW IN BELGRADE AFTER SHOOTING

Outbreaks Reported in Zagreb

VIENNA, June 21.—A state of virtual martial law prevailed in Belgrade yesterday as the result of the assassination of Deputy Paul Raditsch and Deputy George Basaritch, by Montenegrin Deputy Punica Ratchnitch in the Skuptchina Parliament.

Advices from Belgrade said that troops were patrolling the streets.

Violent anti-government outbreaks were reported from Zagreb, the stronghold of the Croatian Peasant Party.

A Belgrade telegraph said that the democratic members of the cabinet had decided to resign. Their resignations probably would result in the downfall of the whole ministry.

The shooting resulted from intense feeling that had been engendered by debate over the Jugo-Slavian treaty (Nettuno Treaty). This pact was before the chamber for ratification at the time of the assassinations.

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Growth of Soviet Trade Unions

(The following is from "Soviet Trade Unions," by Robert Dunn, published by the Vanguard Press.)

* * *

(Continued.)

In addition to their important role as aids to the Commissariat of War during this period, the unions exercised other political and economic functions. They were represented directly in the Central Executive Committee of the government. They took the lead in organizing the Supreme Council of National Economy (frequently called the Supreme Economic Council) which operated most of the nationalized industries. They organized the central board set up to manage various industries during that period, and they had a majority of the members on these boards. They were practically supreme in the management of individual factories, having one of their men either as manager or at least as assistant manager to share responsibility with the technician in charge of the plant. They also organized the Commissariat of Labor and put one of their leaders at the head of it. In fact this department was completely under their control, at least at its central headquarters in Moscow. One of the duties of this commissariat was to enforce decisions of the Central Council of Trade Unions. Through it the unions drew up wage scales, drafted all labor legislation and directed the extensive system of social insurance. Furthermore, the union acquired great [illegible]ance in the Commissariat of Workers' and Peasants' Inspection, a supervisory organization having extensive powers, used chiefly to resist bureaucratic tendencies in the government and in state industries.

This identity with the machinery of government was accompanied by compulsory membership in the unions, while union dues were deducted from the workers' wages. The unions naturally received subsidies from the government during this period, and were not compelled, as they are at present, to rely solely on membership dues and contributions to sustain their regular budget.

Under the New Economic Policy.

With the adoption of the New Economic Policy (NEP) in 1921, the [illegible] of private trade, and the [illegible] of the governmental industry, the trade unions altered their functions considerably. They turned themselves from virtual managers of industry into defenders and protectors of the workers' rights as against those of private employers, as well as against bureaucratic tendencies in the state industries. Some of the changes that took place as a result of the NEP were the following: The unions became economic collaborators and advisers but without any direct responsibility in the management of industry. They were represented, however, on "committees for drafting the programs of the economic organizations . . . the designation of undertakings to form part of a trust . . . or to be leased, foreign business relations, the determination of branches of industry in which private capital may be admitted to Russian industry." In other words the unions were to maintain the same general interest in economic matters while giving up the very broad powers they had possessed before in this domain.

With the decrease in their economic functions and their growing importance as independent protective organizations, the unions as we have noted, put themselves on a voluntary membership basis and union dues were paid individually. At the same time they instituted the present system of voluntary collective bargaining whereby collective agreements are made after a period of negotiation between the union and the employing state trust or private enterprise. There was, also, at least when the Trade Union Congress met in February, 1922, a considerable shifting of weight to the lower branches of the unions and a tendency away from the extraordinary centralization of the period of war communism.

The introduction of the NEP also resulted in the transfer of other functions previously performed by the unions. The Commissariat of Labor, for example, took over the legislative powers of labor protection as well as the administration of labor legislation. It also assumed the role of chief arbitrator in labor disputes. Likewise the unions, from then on, acted only in a consultative capacity to the Commissariat of Education. In general it may be said that the unions were denationalized and no longer formed a part of the machinery of the state. Being thus declared free, independent and autonomous bodies, their legal status was reduced in section XV of the Labor Code of 1922. This section designated the place the unions still occupy in the economic life of the country.

The Code declares, in the first place, that the unions "may appear before the various authorities in the name of the wage earners as parties to collective agreements"; they are not liable to registration by the state, but only with the central inter-union federations already in existence. It provides that the unions shall have certain services furnished them by the state, such as Labor Palaces and specified postal, telephone and transport facilities. Other instructions in the Code concern the organization of shop committees, which we shall touch on later in discussing trade union structure. Still other provisions deal with the unions' relation to collective agreements, work contracts, rules of employment, standards of output, hours of work, rest periods, apprenticeship, remuneration, settlement of disputes and other matters some of which will be dealt with in later chapters.

In general this Labor Code defined the position and rights of the unions under the NEP and laid the basis for the steady development in their power and influence that has been evidenced since 1922.

In considering the transition from war communism to the NEP we should mention the controversy that arose in government, party, and trade union concerning the role of the unions under the new regime. Trotsky and a certain element in the unions fought to keep them a part of the government apparatus. Trotsky himself, while president of the War Council, had issued orders to the First Revolutionary Labor Army, as it was called in January, 1920. He saw no reason why the unions should not continue to be at the beck and call of the government. Lenin, on the other hand, seeing the conflicts implicit in the economic regime about to be introduced, advocated the management of the industries by the technical men appointed by the state trusts. The unions, he argued, would have their hands full for a while, at least, defending the interests of the workers both against bureaucracy in the trusts and exploitation by the private "Nepmen." He contended that the socialist state would not be built overnight, that even the "Red Director" under the new economic plan would naturally give his first thought to making a success of his particular enterprise. The unions should therefore be independent of governmental machinery and devote their primary attention to guarding the workers' interests as workers. This position was set forth clearly in December, 1921, in a statement prepared by a commission of which Lenin was a member. It said:

> "On the Trade Union, in relation to socialized concerns, rests the absolute duty to safeguard the interests of the workers, to assist in every way possible the improvement of the material conditions, and constantly to rectify the faults and exaggerations of economic bodies in so far as they proceed from a bureaucratic perversion of the machinery of the state."

Expressed in another way:

> "The chief task of the trade unions is, from now onward, to safeguard at all times in every possible way the class interests of the proletariat in its struggle with capitalism. This task should be openly given prominence. Trade union machinery must be correspondingly reconstructed, reshaped and made complete—there should be organized conflict commissions, strike funds, mutual aid funds, and so on."

This was the policy at the beginning of the NEP, and it is still the essential policy of the Russian unions. The remarkable economic development of the country since that date, and the growth in the unions, has not materially modified it.

Correction

Stefan Radic was yesterday referred to in the columns of THE DAILY WORKER as premier of Jugo-Slavia. This is an error. Stefan Radic is a leader of the Parliamentary opposition and one of the leaders of the Croatian Peasant Party.

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TICKETS ON SALE AT 26-28 UNION SQUARE.

KENOSHA STRIKE GRATEFUL FOR THE DAILY WORKER; WANTS ALL DAY MASS PICKETING

By a Woman Worker Correspondent

KENOSHA, Wis. (By mail).—I certainly appreciate your paper and the splendid write-ups it gives to our strike in Kenosha. We are putting up a hard fight but we are handicapped because our leaders will not organize mass picketing throughout the whole day and because there are a number of unskilled workers at work whom our leaders have not called out on strike.

Personally, I am getting tired of the way this strike is being conducted and hope we get some real, courageous, militant leaders who would pursue militant tactics in the strike. I agree with the bulletins given out by the "Young Workers League" calling upon the leaders to call out the rest of the Allen-A workers. Since the strike began, I notice the open-shop Allen-A Co. is increasing the number of its scabs. About 50 machines are parked on the company grounds which the scabs use to drive in to and from work and I should judge there are over 250 [illegible]. I am sure that with mass picketing we could have [illegible] many from getting in. We must demand of [illegible] real action instead of talk.

—[illegible]

Check Off Union Dues from Expelled Miners' Pay, Correspondent Discloses

WHOLE LOCAL IS THROWN OUT FOR OPPOSING LEWIS

Coal Barons Help Tools Get Money

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

BELLEVILLE, Ill. (By mail). —Time and again cases have been cited about the activity of the Lewis machine in squandering and pocketing the money of the rank and file in the miners' union. I do not, however, believe that such an incident as the following has ever been witnessed before.

In O'Fallon, Ill., Local 705 was expelled from the United Mine Workers of America because they refused to accept the expulsion of their president, Luke Coffey and other militants in the local. Their charters was revoked and now the machine is trying to reorganize the local.

The men of this expelled local are at work and since being expelled they have no connection with the U. M. W. of A. Despite this the machine pulled one of the most brazen acts when the miners received their pay this week. One of the machine men, Dick Taylor went to the company and took the checkoff from the expelled members.

The statement of James McKenna, one of the expelled members, affords an interesting picture of how they have proceeded. McKenna works for the Perry Coal Co., St. Ellen mine. His pay statement shows a weekly earning of $40.20. Further down the statement reads, $1.00 dues, $2.00 special assessment, percentage off $1.20, making a total reduction from his wage of $4.20, leaving his weekly earnings at $36.00.

The audacity of the machine has never gone so far before. When McKenna went to the company superintendent to ask why this checkoff was made since he is no more a member of the miners' union, having been expelled, the sup replied that Dick Taylor had instructions to collect a checkoff from every miner working.

Such cases can be cited at will where the machine continually pockets these huge checkoffs from the rank and file miners who have been out of work for many months.

This only leads to more dissatisfaction among the miners with their corrupt officials and lends further indictment against these fakirs.

—ALBERT GLOTZER.

Reading Cigar Factory Cuts Wages to $14

READING, Pa., (F.P.)—Yocum's cigar factory has cut journeymen's wages to $14 a week and less thru short time and arbitrary rejection of cigars. As high as 35 per cent of the men's output is "rejected." These cigars nevertheless are sold and the men cheated of their just wages.

How Fall River Mill Workers Put Over Fast One

POLICE STOP MEETING OF TEXTILE WORKERS

WHY

BECAUSE THE MILL OWNERS OF FALL RIVER AND NEW BEDFORD ARE AFRAID THAT A

REAL UNION WILL BE ORGANIZED

AND

A FIGHT FOR THE RESTORATION OF THE 10% WAGE CUT WILL FOLLOW

THEY ARE RIGHT

THE WORKERS WILL ORGANIZE AND THE WORKERS WILL FIGHT

EVEN AS THE NEW BEDFORD WORKERS ARE DOING

Watch For Our Next Meeting

Above is the reproduction of a handbill issued to the Fall River textile workers by representatives of the Textile Mills Committee. Enraged and alarmed that at last a real militant organization, the Textile Mills Committee, has appeared to lead the exploited textile workers to victory against their masters, the Fall River mill owners had the police stop a meeting called by the T. M. C. Working all night, the members of the Fall River Textile Mills Committee wrote and printed the above call to the textile workers. The police were amazed in the morning, as the mill workers eagerly read the leaflet.

Workers Injured in Allentown Explosion

ALLENTOWN, Pa., June 21.—A brilliant flare in the sky, accompanied by an ear-splitting blast and seven of the 10 dynamite drying houses of the Trojan Powder Co. about 10 miles northwest of this city exploded early today.

Four night watchmen, the only employes reported on the reservation have been accounted for. One of them, however, Alfred Frittinger, was hurled several feet, being dazed and shocked, but otherwise uinjured.

Claiming Innocence, Man Assails Rosalsky

John Boylan, 27 years old, yesterday leaped for the bench of Judge Otto Rosalsky, labor hating judge who last year sentenced many militant furriers to long terms in prison, when the latter pronounced a life sentence on him for having stolen $390 from a garage, a crime that Boylan claimed he had not committed.

"You're a murderer! You're sending an innocent man to prison for life, and you know it," he shouted. Policemen in the court stopped him, beating him into unconsciousness before he gave up struggling.

RELIGIOUS DOPE IS BOSSES' FOOD FOR UNEMPLOYED

Used Revivals Against Dakota Farmers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHICAGO, Ill. (By mail).—Whenever there is industrial depression in the country, the great tribe of preachers and peddlers of every kind of religious bunk are always to be found working overtime.

This is no accident but is part of a settled policy of the ruling class to confuse the minds of the workers, to draw their attention to "god" and thereby help them to forget the real cause of their hard times.

In Chicago, at the present time, we witness no end of revivals, visits of nationally known evangelists and the radio programs loaded to the limit with every kind of religious propaganda, even to the extent of broadcasting it with loudspeakers near the parks where people are compelled to listen to it.

Having personally witnessed a lot of the bunk I want to describe what I saw happen in North Dakota at the time of the industrial depression of 1920-21 and when the Non-Partisan League was at the height of its power and was proving a real worry to the financial bosses dominating that state and the country.

I was at Wimbledon, N. D., during the winter of 1920-21 and a presbyterian revivalist came with a company of singers and started a series of revival meetings around Christmas.

It was well advertised and altho the feeling between the farmers and business men was not very good then, they flocked from far and near to hear the "great man."

He had a magnetic personality and put the call to Jesus over so well that a great many people of various denominations were "converted." He never failed to emphasize the need of money for his great work and, when he left, it was found out that the drought-stricken, hail-struck, deflated farmers had contributed over $700 for this preacher.

He was careful in his sermons to remain neutral on political subjects but he was no sooner gone than the converts began attending churches of their own choice where the big business-minded preachers without exception preached every Sunday the rankest capitalist propaganda. "Harmony" was the watchword of the hour.

When I travelled and studied conditions in the rest of the state in the spring I found that such revivals had been held in many other places.

"Harmony."

At Wimbledon a men's club was formed "for the purpose of bringing into harmony" the businessmen and the farmers. It helped a lot in making the farmers forget for a while and play into the hands of the old gang.

Not long after the Merchants' and Farmers' Bank in Wimbledon, the farmer-controlled bank, was compelled to close its doors thru pressure from the Twin City interests. The christian big boys came from the big towns and forced the now christian farmer stockholders to give them 51 percent of the stock before they would consent to have the bank re-opened.

Farmers who had never known a mortgage were compelled in some cases to mortgage even their furniture in order to save their interest in the bank. As the farmers were for the time very much under the spell of religion there was not such an outcry as there surely would have been a year earlier.

The Triumph of Religion.

The way things turned out in North Dakota the farmers were finally "harmonized" so completely and with so much assistance from "god's" churches that they gave up their splendid struggle for better conditions and became once more reconciled to let big business dominate the life of the state.

Today they have a "non-partisan" governor who announced when he started serving his term that he desired "harmony" and there is plenty of "harmony" in North Dakota today. But there is no justice for the great masses of exploited and small farmers and workers.

Governor Sorlie has kept his word!

—N. D.

EDITOR'S NOTE—The Worker Correspondent who sent us the above letter is the author of the excellent letter on conditions in the Bunge Coal Co. of Chicago which appeared in the Worker Correspondence of The DAILY WORKER a few days ago. He has not lived in North Dakota for some time, however, and while the above letter will be quickly recognized as a thoroughly good account of how American business interests deputize their hangers-on in the religious institutions to smother revolt among the workers and farmers wherever it appears, we believe that the author overstates the success which the bosses have in this work. Far from giving up their "splendid struggle," the poor farmers of the Dakotas are today carrying on with greater spirit than ever before.

NEW YORK SEAMEN AID GERMAN CREW IN BIG PROTEST

International Club Arranges Meeting

(By a Worker Correspondent)

A remarkable example of working-class solidarity was shown by the crew of the German steamship "Tirpitz," of the Hamburg-American line, when the vessel arrived in New York.

The ship captain offered the crew of 26 one dollar each for "carefare while in port." The seamen refused this, as the captain did not give them 10 percent of their wages, to which they are entitled to under the German maritime law.

However, conscious of the fact that the law was made by capitalist ship owners for the purpose of legally enslaving them, the sailors organized a mass meeting of all German seamen in the port of New York, under the auspices of the "International Seamen's Club." Four hundred seamen attended, comprising the crews of the steamships "Stuttgart," "Hamburg," "Tirpitz," and "Berlin," as well as seamen from American vessels.

Seaman W. Muller of the S. S. Tirpitz, was the speaker. His address was greeted with rounds of applause. Following him many other good speakers took the floor. Seaman "John Doe" of the International Seamen's Club acted as chairman.

A resolution was adopted pledging support to militant organization for American seamen in their fight for a higher standard of living on the sea and for a new maritime law which will be favorable to the men who go down to the sea in ships.

JOHN STANLEY MORGAN.

DROUGHT IN PALESTINE

PALESTINE, (By mail).—There is expected to be a serious crop shortage as the result of the drought. In a number of cases portions of the crops were saved by irrigation.

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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

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—DRAMA—

Ninety-seven Dollar Art--- And Worth the Money

Two artists evidently discussed art and the movies and got an idea. It is likely they did not have any money. Which is not strange among artists—as well as among workers. But they dressed their idea with some knowledge of art, added a sense of humor, spiced it with a bit of satire and turned it into a movie which they made in a kitchen. They probably borrowed the money for the film and other necessities. It was worth it. The result, called "The Suicide of a Hollywood Extra," being shown this week at the Cameo Theatre, would shame some of the movie producers into going back to the clothing business—if they had any shame.

The sets of the picture made of card-board and whatnot, become modern phantastic glimpses of hectic New York; at times they are Hollywood, the depths of the sea, a rooming house . . . even heaven. And why not? This is a gay little satire on a modern, futuristic background. It pokes fun at the movies, the mechanical production of stars and (even tho only half-seriously) the exploitation of the movie-struck extra. And thru it all one senses the dynamic speed of the life we live.

There's nothing great about this very short picture. But it's mighty clever. The possibilities it opens for the comparatively inexpensive production of artistic movies is revealing. The sets, the photography and the acting are excellent. The characters, like characters from "R. U. R." are acted by Jules Raucourt (Hollywood Extra No. 9415) and Voya Georges (the female extra). Their speech even is mechanical, their jaws working like the bill of a mechanical duck. It fits beautifully into the grotesque scheme of the whole.

"The Suicide of a Hollywood Extra," directed by Robert Florey and S. Vorkapitch, is more than a jolly experiment. It has intelligence and a sensitive artistic feeling in the story, photography and settings. It is shown this week at the Cameo as an addition to a program which includes "The Station Master," a Sovkino production with Ivan Moskvin of the Moscow Art Theatre, and "The Adventurer," with Charlie Chaplin. And it is by far the best thing on the program. Which is saying a lot.

—W. C.

AN ALL-STAR REVIVAL

William Faversham plays an important role in the all-star revival of Sardon's drama, "Diplomacy" at the Erlanger Theatre.

Bursting Levee Floods Large Area in Illinois

METROPOLIS, Ill., June 21.—Big Bay Levee, built to divide waters from streams in Pope and Massac Counties, broke today, flooding a large area. Water is running over the new Columbia levee in the north end of Massac County. All local streams are rising from continuous rains in the last 24 hours.

AMUSEMENTS

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KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42nd St. & B'way NOW

American Premiere Famous Russian Artist, in

IVAN MOSKVIN

THE Station Master

A Sovkino Production (The Russian Last Laugh)

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Concert, Dancing, Athletic Exhibitions, Baseball, Soccer, Basketball — Refreshments — Games for Young and Old, Women and Children.

ADMISSION 50c.

Communist Unity and the 1928 Election

By SIDNEY BLOOMFIELD.

Our national nominating convention was the dynamite with which to blast our membership into election campaign activity. The attendance of about 400 regular and fraternal delegates, the peculiar "American" election campaign and revolutionary working-class spirit pervading the convention atmosphere showed that at least the active elements in the districts were on the march.

This convention spirit must not be confined merely to the delegates or permitted to evaporate. This spirit must grip every individual who holds a party card. Every delegate as well as the party functionaries must be part of the gigantic apparatus that will muster the entire party membership for this important struggle. The election campaign must be conducted by the entire mass of party members, not by the leaders alone.

Struggle in Unions.

In the various campaigns conducted by the party such as the miners' struggle, the fight in the needle trades, etc., certain elements became more actively engaged in that work that seemed to them of most importance. Such sectional activity is somewhat similar to the decrepit system of craft unionism and has no place in the Communist movement. Communist parliamentary campaigns are conducted with the purpose of generalizing, uniting and broadening the isolated, local and sectional struggles of the working class thus politicalizing and developing the class-consciousness of the workers.

As the class struggle sharpens Communist participation in the election campaigns become more significant and of as tremendous importance as a huge general strike that rocks the very foundations of capitalist society. In the recent election campaigns in France, Germany and Poland the Communist parties rallied such huge mass support that the capitalists of the respective countries became terror-stricken and regarded the Communist victories with the same horror as a successful general strike. The advantages gained by our participation in the election struggles can be utilized for the further organization of the masses for greater victories.

Gains in Poland.

Jewish, Polish, Russian and Ukrainian workers participated in the election campaigns in Poland. German and French workers participate in the campaigns in their respective lands. The same is true of other countries where the workers vote. The notion that only native and popular comrades are ordained to conduct the election campaigns in this country and that the foreign-born and the "humble" rank and filer is not worthy of participation is a fallacy that must be stamped out. This inferiority-complex possessed by many foreign-born workers is the result of the persecution of these workers by the capitalist class. Like Negro disfranchisement and segregation this blight can be overcome only by increased participation of the foreign-born and Negro workers in the election campaigns.

The Communist Party will break down such artificial barriers. The right and the duty to do Communist work is the right and the duty of every worker. Even sympathetic individuals and organizations as well as the working class women, youth and children must be drawn into the Communist election campaign.

A Worker's Tour to Soviet Russia

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CHICAGO PLANS WORKING CLASS CHILDREN'S CAMP

Organizations Hold Big Conference

A successful camp conference was held on June 1st, for the purpose of organizing a huge working-class children's camp. Quite a number of fraternal organizations were present at this conference, including the Chicago Federation of Working Women's Organizations, Chicago Council of Housewives, Lithuanian and Finnish Clubs, Russian Mutual Aid Society, Workman Circle Branches, various Parents' Councils, the Young Workers (Communist) League, the Young Pioneers of America, and quite a few others.

Many plans were introduced as to how we could make this the biggest and best camp we've ever had. This will be the fourth camp of its kind in this district, and it will take in hundreds of working-class children for a period of two weeks each.

One of the important proposals brought up by some of the delegates was that of including in this year's camp children taken from the coal fields of Southern Illinois. This was taken up very enthusiastically by all the delegates present, and plans are already being made to bring groups of miners' children to the camp.

An executive committee was elected where the detailed work of the camp will be discussed.

In Chicago, where we have to combat the influence of 10,000 Boy Scouts, [illegible] to speak of the camps of the Y. [illegible] C. A. and others of like character, we are going to have quite a job on our hands to counteract all this anti-workingclass propaganda. However, with the plans outlined, at least a goodly portion of the working-class children here will have an opportunity to go to a camp and get a real working-class training, besides, of course, a splendid vacation.

REVEAL POWER TRUST POISON

Documents Show Wide-Spread Propaganda

(Continued from Page One)

propaganda was unfolded before the Federal Trade Commission today in lurid terms that put fiction to the blush.

At every point it was confirmed by official documents subpoenaed from files of power propagandists and by sworn testimony.

J. B. Sheridan of St. Louis, whose letters indicated that for nearly five years he had been at war with himself over the methods of the men he served, supplied both the documents and testimony. At the end of two hours his face was strained, his voice had dropped almost to a whisper, and he appeared on the verge of a breakdown.

In the subpoenaed letters and reports Sheridan demanded that Carl D. Thompson, a famous Chatauqua speaker who advocated public ownership of utilities, be "annihilated," and set powerful machinery of money and influence in motion to bring that about.

He acclaimed a project promoted by E. C. Deal of the Electric Bond and Share Company, never before disclosed, to seize control of the Boy Scout movement of the country and build up among the citizens-to-be a "friendly attitude" toward the power interests and their methods.

He circulated through his Missouri utility propaganda bureau a pamphlet which taught thousands of school children that the great electric power, light, and street car companies were owned by "widows and orphans."

He rejected openly and flatly the notion he and other power propagandists spent hundreds of thousands to spread from end to end of the country the thought that the man who favors municipal or state ownership of a utility enterprise is a "Bolshevik."

In letters subsequently taken from Sheridan's files, "lying, trimming, faking and downright evasion of trust" were attributed to "some of the so-called big men in the industry" with whom Colton had been working.

Sheridan testified that the movement to brand all those who disagreed with the utility leaders as "Bolsheviks" was launched at a utility men's meeting in New York last year.

Plan Excursion of Phila. Young Workers

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 21.—An excursion arranged for the benefit of The Young Worker, official publication of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will take place on July 7. Boats will leave the piers from Front and Chestnut Sts., at 8 a. m., 10 a. m., and 2 p. m. Tickets should be bought in advance at the headquarters of the League at 1214 Spring Garden St.

Amundsen and Crew Believed Lost in Arctic

Flying to the Arctic wastes in an effort to rescue Nobile and his crew, Capt. Roald Amundsen, famous Arctic explorer, and four of his companions are now believed to be lost. Photo shows the four men who accompanied Amundsen. They are, left to right, Gilbert Brazy, mechanic; Emile Valette, radio operator; Commandant Rene Guilbaud, pilot; and Naval Lieutenant Albert Cuverville.

TAILORS LOCKED OUT, BETRAYED

Hillman Is Jeered as Local Meeting

In the midst of the graft disclosures now being laid bare in the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union, two significant events have taken place in the last two days. One is a lockout of the childrens' jacket makers; the other is the latest demand of the employers that piece work be permitted even in the shops of the contractors.

When the workers in the childrens' jacket manufacturing industry came to work Tuesday morning, they were informed by their employers that they were locked out until the leaders of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union here gave them permission to make a general reduction in wages. This, they said, was due them because the union officials had allowed wage cuts in all other crafts of the industry.

"Piece Work For Contractors"

The representatives of the New York Clothing Manufacturers' Exchange yesterday made a demand at the conferences for a new agreement—that Hillman and the other leaders of the corrupted Amalgamated, grant the contractors of the large manufacturers the privileges of introducing the sweat-shop system of piece-work. The union officials had voluntarily granted this hated system of production to the larger bosses despite the vehement opposition of the entire membership.

As a result of the lockout another section of the membership of the Amalgamated, according to the sentiment bitterly expressed by many tailors, yesterday, now have the opportunity to enjoy the fruits of the policy of the graft system's leaders, in allowing bosses, individually and collectively to put over wage cuts and other such privileges — for a "consideration."

Jeer Hillman.

This, and far franker sentiments were expressed at a meeting of the locked-out workers held Tuesday night, and which also went on record as having greeted the entrance of their President Hillman with jeers and catcalls. At this meeting, rank and filers openly declared that not only was it the bosses who were responsible for the lockout, but also the machine in control of the union here, which has granted boss after boss permission to reduce the workers' wages.

Where is was too difficult to put over a wage cut, or too obviously a sell-out, the graft ring, members charge, would see to it that a lockout was made. In this manner the officials would receive less blame for capitulating to the bosses' demand for a wage reduction.

Know of Graft.

As to the demand of the employers' agents at the negotiations for a new contract, workers in discussions see themselves "between the devil and the deep sea." Even if Hillman will not grant the bosses' demand for piece work in the contractors' shops, they argue, they will get that permission individually. In support of this, they refer to the statements made public yesterday that Hillman knows of the fact that there are agents of the graft ring already on the payroll of the bosses' associations and individual firms who want piece work privileges.

GUARD "PROBE" OF ELECTION FRAUD

Lawyer Beaten Up in Chicago Inquiry

CHICAGO, June 21.—Extra guards were provided today for prosecutors, witnesses and members of the special grand jury conducting a so-called investigation into crime and election frauds, following an attack last night on Attorney Samuel Epstein, connected with the prosecution.

Epstein was set upon and slugged by gangsters in the very shadow of the criminal court building, where the special grand jury is in session.

The sluggers attempted to seize important memoranda dealing, it is said, with evidence in connection with the pre-election murder of "Diamond Joe" Esposito, a Deneen political worker. The attorney's papers also included a list of men who are to be indicted, it was said.

TWO MORE CLOAK SHOPS ON STRIKE

Cloak Picket Arrested; Held in $500 Bail

The newly inaugurated offensive of the cloak and dressmakers for the re-establishment of a union over the heads of the Sigman crew gathers momentum daily, as more shops are declared on strike by the left wing Joint Board Cloakmakers' Union. In addition to the two already tied up by strikes, the Classy Cloak Company, 553 Eighth Ave., and the Coat Craft Company, 247 W. 37th St., were also declared on strike.

At the buildings where all these shops are located, large picket lines marched back and forth despite the concentration of police who have made many arrests. The other two shops are Shapiro and Sons, 1333 Broadway, and Dressler and Freedman, 104 W. 27th St.

J. Benkal, a cloakmaker, was arrested while picketing the latter shop. He was later freed on $500 bail pending trial in the Jefferson Market Court later.

The Classy Cloak Co. had locked out its entire shop of 40 workers, in an effort to escape Joint Board control. The Coat Craft Co. had discharged eight workers for refusal to register in the Sigman scab union.

The Joint Board appeals to all workers, realizing the necessity for struggle in order to regain the union standards destroyed by the right wing and the employers, to join in the picketing of the shops this morning.

25 EDUCATORS TO LEAVE FOR USSR

Dr. Scott Assertion Is Branded "Nonsense"

Twenty-five American educators will sail this Saturday for the Soviet Union where they will spend the summer studying its educational institutions and methods. They will go to Gothenburg, Sweden, and then proceed to Leningrad by rail. Prof. John Dewey of Columbia University is chairman of the delegation which is making the visit under the auspices of the American Society for Cultural Relations with the U. S. S. R.

The society last night, thru its secretary Lucy G. Branham, characterized as "utter nonsense" the statement by Dr. Walter Dill Scott, president of Northwestern University, that he declined to join the delegation because he felt he would be expected to praise the Soviet Union.

CONVICT WEALTHY BROKER IN FRAUD

Percy Jay Fuller, wealthy stock broker, and promoter of schemes to place Grand Duke Cyril on "his rightful throne in Russia" and of making gasoline from garbage, is reported to have been taken to the Bellevue hospital last night in a "serious condition," a few hours after he had been convicted by a jury in federal court on all four counts of an indictment charging the use of the mails to defraud.

His private physicians announced that he was "suffering from gastritis and convulsions." Doubt, however, was expressed by several of his victims, who habe become rather skeptical of these sudden illnesses that invariably attack wealthy criminals after they have been convicted.

Boss of Tammany Grafters on Trial

John M. Phillips, so-called Queens "sewer pipe king," is scheduled to go on trial in the Brooklyn federal court today on indictments charging income tax evasions. The government claims Phillips owes $746,957.51 taxes on his income for the years 1924, 1925 and 1926.

Woman Found Dead in Tub of Boiling Water

Mrs. Catharine Cabell, 40 years old was found dead in a bathtub filled with boiling water in a room adjoining her own in the Manhattan House apartment hotel, 137 Hicks St., Brooklyn, yesterday morning.

McGRADY OUSTS "BLOC" LEADERS OF FUR WORKERS

4 Thugs Who Attacked Militant Released

Isidor Winnick, business agent, and J. Strauss, L. Elster and A. Abramowitz, delegates to the right wing Joint Council of the International Furriers' Union, have been suspended as officials by the McGrady clique in control of the Joint Council for sponsoring a "mass caucus" held Tuesday night in Webster Hall. At the mass meeting the four had aligned themselves with the masses of fur workers who are demanding the re-establishment of one union in the trade.

To Ignore "Suspension."

The suspended officials had predicted at the mass caucus meeting that the "Forward" clique in power at the Joint Council would in all probability take steps to get rid of them because they brought into the open the factional struggle they have been carrying on for many months. Winnick is also a vice president of the international union.

The belief prevalent is that the suspended functionaries of the McGrady union will refuse to recognize their suspension on the grounds of illegality, and will insist upon their right to hold their offices.

* * *

Four Thugs Released.

Four of the six thugs employed by the right wing Joint Council, who were on trial in General Sessions, Part 6, for knifing Meyer Fineman, a fur worker, had the charges against them quashed by Judge Collins before the case went to the jury. The trial of "Big Alex" Fried, ex-burglar and A. F. of L. agent in the destructive attacks against the furriers' union, and Harry Plitt, Fried's assistant in assaults on workers, is to be continued today.

Fried spent a few uncomfortable moments on the witness stand yesterday, when he was compelled to admit under cross-examination that he had served three years and six months in prison for burglarizing a jewelry store in Boston. Otherwise he came well provided with witnesses as to his "good character." Harry Weckstein and M. Bader of Bader and Eisenberg, fur manufacturers, obligingly testified to that. Two cloak manufacturers came to testify that the eye-witnesses of Fried's brutal assault were "mistaken." They said that Fried was in their shop at the time, making a "loan" of $100.

POSTPONE CASES OF TWO STUDENTS

Both Are Members of Young Workers League

The cases of Jonas Schiffman, 13 years old, of 84 East 137th St., and Nathan R. Adler, 19 years old, of 1204 Moynton Ave., the Bronx, both of whom are members of the Young Workers (Communist) League, were postponed yesterday by Magistrate Stern, of the Morrisania Court. They were arrested last Friday in a demonstration held on the campus of the College of the City of New York to protest against the expulsion of Simon W. Gerson, member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, president of the Social Problems Club of the college, and leader for several years in the fight against military training in the college. Magistrate Stern said that the court decision concerning their guilt, had not yet been "arrived at." The youths are both former students of the college.

The actual reason for their arrests was that both of them were members of the Young Workers (Communist) League and carried placards during the protest meeting calling upon the students to fight the teaching of imperialism in the schools. The "official" charge against them, as made by Professor Frederick Skene, one of the most persistent jingoes of the City College Faculty, is disorderly conduct, and the fact that they took part in the demonstration on the campus when they were not enrolled as students in the school.

SHOE WORKERS TO HOLD UNITY MEET

A general membership meeting of all organizations that participated in the shoe workers' unity conference, will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. at Lorraine Hall, 790-792 Broadway, Brooklyn.

The unity conference, which consists of many shoe organizations and groups, including the Shoe Workers Protective Union, locals 53 and 54; Associated Shoe and Slipper Workers of Greater New York; Boot and Shoe Workers' Union; Children's Shoe Workers' Union; Lasters and Woodheelers' Group; and the Unity Committee, which is made up of a shop crew, has successfully completed its organizational preparations.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Grand Rapids I. L. D.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—The International Labor Defense of this city will hold a "Free Tom Mooney and Warren Billings" Picnic on June 24, at the United Workers' Co-operative Camp, 6 miles past Bostwick Lake on M-44. Those who go are advised to watch for the signs directing them to the place.

* * *

Paperhangers of Boston.

BOSTON.—The Paperhangers' Union, local 258, will inaugurate a campaign for new members to extend over a period of 3 months, June, July and August. The initiation fee has been reduced from $100 to $25. The local calls upon all organized paperhangers of the city and vicinity to join the union and help to organize the non-union workers. The local union meets at the district council headquarters, corner Washington and Dover Sts., Boston.

* * *

District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

BOSTON.—District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham.

* * *

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

* * *

Roxbury Carnival and Ball.

ROXBURY, Mass. — The Massachusetts campaign committee for a workers' children's camp has arranged a carnival and costume ball, to be held June 22, at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., here. The proceeds will go to the camp fund.

* * *

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

* * *

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

* * *

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Youngstown Picnic.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio.—The Seventh Annual International Picnic of the Youngstown Workers (Communist) Party will be held on June 24. Those wishing to attend should stop at 28 Sharon Line. "Why the Workers Party is in the Presidential Campaign" will be the subject of a talk by a national speaker.

* * *

Cleveland Miners' Relief.

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—The Cleveland Conference of the National Miners' Relief Committee will hold a tag day on June 23. All wishing to participate should report at the South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., at 2 p. m.

Hammond Miners' Relief.

HAMMOND, Ind.—A picnic will be held here at Gruener's Grove, on Shifild Ave., on June 24, for the benefit of the striking miners relief. All have been invited to attend.

Astoria Hungarian Workers' Dramatic Club.

ASTORIA, L. I.—The Astoria Hungarian Workers' Dramatic Club will hold a Goulash Picnic on June 24, starting at 10 a. m. in the Astoria Small Wood. Those who wish to attend will meet at the Hoyt St. station from 9:30 to 10 a. m.

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing will feature.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

* * *

CLAIM THOMPSON TOOK CITY MONEY

CHICAGO, June 20.—Mayor William "Big Bill" Thompson, ardent patriot and leader of the Chicago swindling gang that for all the years of his administration has been robbing the workers of Chicago, was yesterday ordered, together with two of his gang associates, George F. Harding, city treasurer, Michael J. Flaherty, and other lesser gangsters, to return to the city the sum of $1,732,279.23, swindled from the city during the Thompson administration.

It is charged that this sum was paid in fees to real estate "experts" under the first Thompson administration.

D. A. R. Jingoes Try 2 Insurgent Members

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Mrs Helen Tufts Bailie of Boston, and Mrs. Mary P. Macfarland, of Mountain Lakes, N. J., members of the Daughters of the American Revolution, were on trial before the National Board of Management of that organization today, on charges of "conduct disturbing the memory of the society."

Nineteen members preferred the charges, signed by Mrs. George Thacher Guernsey, honorary president general and others. They are based on pamphlets and speeches of the two in which they protested against the D. A. R. blacklist of speakers, supplied to the organization by Fred Marvin, notorious labor baiter.

Hunt Lawyer in Probe In Ambulance Chasing

Efforts were being made yesterday to learn the whereabouts of Frank Rosenblum, a lawyer, whose office is at 5 Beekman St., revealed as the attorney to whom a number of doctors have been referring negligence cases in the ambulance-chasing inquiry. He is wanted for examination in the inquiry conducted by supreme court Justice Wasservogel.

MINERS' RELIEF WEEK JUNE 30

All Labor to Take Part in Big Drive

New York workers are mobilizing their forces for the most intense drive for funds conducted by the National Miners' Relief Committee,—to wind up with mass collection days on June 30 and July 1.

In answer to a brief and urgent telegram from the Pittsburgh strike area, the National Miners Relief Committee of 799 Broadway is spurring its activities for the National Miners Relief Week of June 25th to July 1st. Special literature is being printed for circularization among shop workers, calling on them to organize shop committees for miners' relief to take wekly collections in the shop.

On Saturday and Sunday, June 30 and July 1, thousands of workers in New York will finecomb the city with collection boxes and solicit money for miners' relief and for the defense fund of the Mineola prisoners, under the auspices of the National Miners' Relief Committee and the Joint Defense Committee. The proceeds of the two-day special drive will be divided between the two committees—75 percent to the Miners' Relief and 25 percent to the Joint Defense.

Fired, Kills Son and Chokes Self With Gas

NEWARK, N. J. June 20. — Mrs. Florence Wilson, of 252 Summer Ave., Newark, is in a critical condition at the Newark City Hospital and her 8-year old son, Leonard, is dead today as a result of gas poisoning.

The boy died on the way to the hospital. It is believed Mrs. Wilson became despondent because she was discharged yesterday from her position as waitress in a Newark restaurant.

TAMMANY DODGES GRAFT CONTRACT AS PROBE IS OFF

"Investigator" Again Postpones Hearing

The expected attempt to cover up the details of the $16,000,000 "bargain" contract with the Brooklyn Ash Removal Company took place yesterday before Commissioner of Accounts James A. Higgins, who is doing the "white-washing" act for Mayor Jimmie Walker.

In the so-called investigation which has already been postponed three times, everything depends upon how nearly the real nature of the contract is disclosed. Commissioner Higgins yesterday again let it be known that the contract would receive his attention "in the near future."

Tammany Breaks Ranks.

The contract was opposed by Aldermanic President McKee when it came before the Board of Estimate last spring and for reasons of his own he has sought to separate himself from the several millions of graft which the Tammany politicians are said to have put over in this instance.

Controller Berry, who has been holding up $300,000 of payments due the company in the terms of the contract with the city yesterday announced that the amounts had been paid and that he had become satisfied with the terms of the contract. Just what brought about this unusual expression of confidence at this moment was not indicated.

Under the terms of the contract, which became operative on April 1, the Brooklyn Ash Removal Company is to build three incinerators at a cost of $1,000,000. These will be subject to recapture by the city on expiration of the five-year contract and payment by the city of seventy-five per cent of the original cost—that is, if by that time legal action does not prevent.

When it was developed through evidence taken at Commissioner of Accounts Higgins' open hearings that work on these disposal plants had not been begun, Comptroller Berry held up payment of $260,000 due on last year's contract and approximately $40,000 due for work performed this year.

Brooklyn Mine Relief Conference Monday

Many organizations of Brighton Beach, Coney Island and other sections of South Brooklyn will hold a joint conference to decide on activities for the striking miners' relief, Monday, June 25, at 1373 43rd St.,

CHICAGO WORKERS!
"FREEDOM FOR MOONEY AND BILLINGS"
PICNIC
At ZAHORA'S GROVE, Ogden and Custer Avenues, Lyons, Ill.
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How to get there: Ogden Ave. car to end of line. Take bus or walk half mile west to Grove.
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Editor..............ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..............WM. F. DUNNE

[illegible] as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Death of Chang Tso Lin

Chang Tso Lin started out as a simple chief of an armed band of thieves and cut-throats, living by the petty gains of sacking villages, stealing cattle and looting shops. But Chang Tso Lin learned the way to the larger opportunities of the trade of banditry and murder. Imperialism has better use for Pershings, Joffres, Hindenburgs and Chang Tso Lins than to let them waste their talents on stealing chickens.

Chang Tso Lin, the bandit, became Chang Tso Lin the warlord; the cut-throat became the "civilizer," the looter became the "savior of China from Communism" on the pay-roll of more than one imperialist foreign power.

The revolutionary masses of China will rejoice that this murderer is dead. But the masses of China must not think that the passing of this defeated general out of the picture will greatly affect the situation. There are still the "gentlemen-bandits," Messrs. Chiang Kai-shek, Fu Tso-yi and other ex-nationalists, who rule, pillage and murder the Chinese people for the pay of the imperialist foreigners.

Chinese workers and peasants, with the support of international working class, must strengthen their own iron batallions, and must build up the influence and leadership of their Communist Party—these being the only means of driving the imperialists and their hired bandit-generals into the sea.

Speak Easy, Mr. Mack

Norman E. Mack, democratic national committeeman of Buffalo, talked too much.

He said:

> **"Take the Province of Ontario in Canada, for instance. Millions of dollars have been spent in that province by American people, principally for liquor. The people in the states of Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and New York spend a great part of their time and money imbibing the liquors so easily obtained in Canada in the various provinces. It is absolutely criminal for this country to lose the tremendous amount of money to foreign nations simply because of prohibition....**
>
> **"Governor Smith believes that if any state desires a certain alcoholic content of beverage, that state has the right to determine that content."**

Of course this is a true picture of the mind of a very large section of the smaller business men in the democratic party. That's just the trouble. Mack ought to know better, just before a party convention in which success can be measured by the skill used in lying to the masses.

Mack is "repudiated" by Al Smith's campaign manager for telling the world in outright plain English what Al Smith is hinting to his prospective followers in the lower layers of the capitalist class. Many of the latter are against prohibition for exactly the reason that Mack gave, but in this capitalist society anti-prohibition views must be handled on the "speak-easy" plan, just as prohibition whisky is handled.

But whatever impression Smith is boot-legging around to the effect that his election would mean an end to the spree which the official gunmen and graft-taking bureaucracy of Volsteadism are enjoying, the fact is that Smith, if elected, will do just exactly the same thing in regard to prohibition that Hoover would. Smith's personal views cut very little ice for this high-ball. His political actions would be precisely those actions dictated by his masters, the big business and banking interests of the country, who are also Hoover's masters.

Big employers, and consequently the dominant stratum of the ruling class, are for prohibition because it aids them in the exploitation of labor. Capital wants to control the personal lives of the workers, so that they will be more efficient slaves.

Al Smith wants votes, so he speaks for the petty business class, but he will do what big capital wants him to do when it comes to acts.

The working class should, of course, fight against alcoholism. But intelligent workers cannot support the attempts of capitalism to foster upon them an even greater control over their lives, and certainly not the attempt to govern their actions during the few hours outside the slave-pens of the bosses. The workers should fight against the maintenance of the piratical crew of spies, gunmen, grafters and petty tyrants which constitutes the prohibition enforcement arm of government.

Railro d Workers Decrease

The railroads reported fewer workers in every department in March than they had on their payrolls in March, 1927, according to the monthly wage statistics of the interstate commerce commission. Every department of railroad work also showed a reduction compared with a year ago in the average number of hours per working day.

March marks the regular annual expansion of railroad working forces, particularly in the maintenance of way department. This year the carriers took on 18,036 additional men, of whom 14,610 were maintenance of way workers. The only other important increase over February was 2,686 train and engine service workers added to the payrolls.

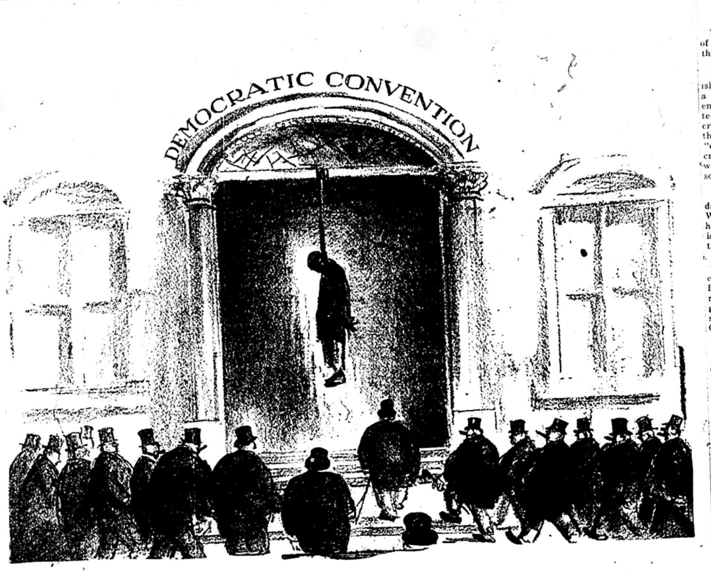
The commission reports 1,626,907 workers employed by class 1 railroads in March, compared with 1,730,661 in March 1927 and 1,816,479 in March 1923. Railroad workers have been reduced 104,254 or 6 percent in the last year and 190,072 or more than 10 percent in the last five years.

During March the railroads paid $237,634,118 in wages, compared with $249,655,580 in March 1927 and $255,447,764 in March 1923. In the course of five years speedup tactics have reduced the spending power of railroad workers as a group $17,813,646 or about 7 percent.

As a result of the speeding up the railroads reduced the average number of freight carmen from 91,694 in 1924 to 80,026 in 1927 in spite of considerable increase in traffic. This is typical throughout the industry, particularly in shop work. More production with fewer workers is the rule in railroading as in manufacture.

THE HALL IS DECORATED

By Fred Ellis



Foster's Acceptance Speech

(Continued From Previous Issue.)

THE CRISIS IN THE LABOR MOVEMENT.

In this situation the reactionary trade union leaders have proved themselves absolutely incapable of organizing and leading the masses. They refuse to fight the bosses. Their aim is to become the industrial drivers of the bosses, to speed up the workers. Their aim is to company-unionize the trade unions of the United States, and to become the personnel managers of the employers. Under the leadership of this reactionary bureaucracy the trade union movement of the United States, built by seventy years of bitter struggles by the workers, is being gradually destroyed.

Now it is not too much to say that under the combined efforts of the employers' offensive and the leaders' treachery, the American trade union movement is in a death crisis. It is in danger of being either wiped out completely or so deeply degenerated in the direction of company unionism as to be of no value to the workers. Loss of members, loss of militancy, loss of control in strategic industries, restriction of the unions to skilled workers—this is the experience of the American trade union movement. With its antiquated structure, craft policies and reactionary leaders, the trade union movement is unable to stand in the face of the great open shop attack by trustified capital. The craft union movement, hopelessly antiquated, is slated for destruction.

Reactionary Labor Leaders.

As the trade union movement goes more deeply into the crisis we find that the trade union leaders turn more and more to the right. The latest example of this policy, fatal to the development of organization amongst the workers, fatal to a successful defense of the workers' standards of living, was the surrender of the Street Carmen's Union to the Mitten Plan of Philadelphia. Here was a direct amalgamation of trade unionism and company unionism. Such is the program of the American Federation of Labor [illegible] the conservative independent unions. It is the ideal of the misleaders of labor. This is their fondest desire—to bring about an agreement with the capitalists so that the trade union leaders can turn the trade unions into company unions and use them as instruments for the exploitation of the workers. Then, although the interests of the workers would be sacrificed, the group interests of the labor bureaucracy would be conserved.

In Coal Industry.

Another example of policy which I may briefly cite to indicate the general tendency of the labor leaders to the right, is what is taken place in the coal industry. John L. Lewis has several points in his program. One was that instead of a militant campaign to organize the unorganized miners in West Virginia, he demanded the removal of the railroad rate discrimination in favor of the West Virginia mines against the mines in the Pittsburgh district. This, he declared, would win the strike and solve the union's problems. But now this rate discrimination has been abolished and who have been the gainers—the Pittsburgh Coal Company and the other big coal companies in the Pittsburgh district who are fighting the miners. That first point of Lewis' was capitalist in character.

Lewis has a second point in his program, equally capitalistic. This is that the industry shall be monopolized, the "uneconomic" mines closed down and 250,000 surplus miners driven out of the industry. Now we seem to be on the way also to have this point accomplished. The recent announcement by the Rockefeller interests that they will close down many of their "uneconomic" mines and turn loose into the surfeited labor market the surplus miners from the shut-down mines, is the beginning of the acceptance of the second proposal of John L. Lewis. In fact, Rockefeller publicly thanks Lewis for his assistance to the capitalists in monopolizing the industry.

Who will profit by such a procedure? Will the miners gain by it or the coal operators? It does not require much analysis to show which. What will happen in the Rockefeller properties and in the other districts where similar plans may be put into effect? The operation of the "uneconomic" mines, so-called, constitutes a sort of division of work amongst the great body of miners. What work there is is spread over most of the workers. But now the proposal is to throw large numbers of these miners into unemployment altogether and to give the others relatively steady work. The displaced miners will be thrust into the great army of the unemployed, there to starve. They have that alternative. Or, they may try to stay in the industry and compete with the workers who have jobs and in this way serve as an industrial reserve army to break down the conditions of the miners as a whole.

Lewis Is Bosses' Man.

Lewis, instead of organizing the unorganized miners and making a fight to establish the 6 hour day, 5 day week, and thus to re-absorb the unemployed miners and to protect their interests during the impending reorganization and trustification of the coal industry, acts as an efficiency expert of the operators by cooperating with them to close down the uneconomic mines at the expense of the miners. His policy sacrifices the interests of the workers and protects those of the capitalists. The whole thing is an open shop proposal. It means more economy in production, elimination of competitors, and hence more profits for the employers. It means starvation for hundreds of thousands of miners, the breakdown of wage and working standards, and the ruin of the U. M. W. A. It is such policies as this, with the union leaders acting as the agents of the bosses, that are liquidating the unions.

The socialist trade union leaders are proving themselves as reactionary as the old A. F. of L. leadership. In fact they are often taking the lead in the movement to the right, of surrender to the employers. The standards of production of Sidney Hillman were among the first signs of real company unionism in the American labor movement. It was the socialist trade union leaders in the needle trades who intensified the struggle against the left wing in the unions to the extent of splitting the organizations. In the needle trades they are the champions of piece work, of a "union management cooperative") and the whole employer program of devitalizing and company-unionizing the trade unions. The socialists are every bit as incapable of leading the workers in this crisis as the most reactionary fakers of the American labor movement.

The Struggle of the Coal Miners.

The debacle now taking place in the United Mine Workers of America is a basic expression of the crisis in the labor movement, a conclusive example of the absolutely incapacity of the present leadership of the trade unions to organize and lead the masses. The U. M. W. A., which just a few years ago controlled 80 per cent of production in the bituminous fields, has been reduced by the loss of district after district, to where it now controls not more than 20 per cent of the bituminous production. In the present strike the employers are destroying three of the key sections of the U. M. W. A. and thereby destroying the base of the whole union. All the heroic struggles of these miners have not been able to avail them against the treachery of their leaders in the face of this great attack by the employers. The present miners' strike is the most important strike in the history of America. Bound up with this strike is the very life of the old trade union movement. The breakdown of the miners' union in this struggle throws the whole trade union movement of the country into jeopardy.

It is not my point here today to dwell upon the heroic struggle of these miners, as it has been very much discussed during this convention. The rank and file miners seem to realize the tremendous significance of the strike. They have fought for 14 months against the coal operators, against the government, with a heroism unparalleled. One of the things, comrades, that we must do with all our vigor when we return to our various districts, is to mobilize all our forces to gather every possible dollar of relief for the brave coal miners of the strike districts. This relief money we must not send to the American Federation of Labor or to the U. M. W. A. where it would be used for the shameful purpose of paying the huge salaries of John L. Lewis and his labor grafter friends (which run to $12,000 a year) while the striking miners starve. Send it to the National Miners' Relief Committee in Pittsburgh which will use the money for actually feeding the impoverished miners who are out on strike. (Applause.)

The hope and promise of the coal industry is the growing revolt of the rank and file miners. More and more they are learning the futility of Lewis' policies, and realizing that such policies can only lead to the loss of their union conditions and the liquidation of all union organization. The Save-the-Union movement, with its historic slogans of "Lewis must go" and "Workers, Take Control of Your Union," is the greatest upheaval ever known in the American labor movement. From among the ruins of the U. M. W. A. wrecked by the treachery of the Lewis regime, the rank and file miners are building a new organization, one which, animated by a spirit of class struggle, will organize the great mass of miners and lead them victoriously against the operators. Our Party may well be proud of the role played by it in the present great struggle of the miners. (Applause.)

The present great task of our Party is to organize the millions of unorganized workers and lead them in struggle against the employers and the state. With ever larger numbers of unskilled and semi-skilled workers developing more militant moods, under the pressure of wage cuts, speed-up, etc., the possibilities for mass organization and mass struggles become brighter. In the strikes of the workers in the coal, textile, needle, shoe and other industries during the recent period, our Party has played a central role. No big strikes take place now in the United States without the Communists taking a decisive part. But in the still bigger struggles not far ahead our Party will have to play an even more decisive role.

The organization of the unorganized, the unification of the great masses of unorganized exploited workers, is our basic task in the industrial work and we must further that task with all our forces. Some may ask why it is that during a political campaign we talk about organizing the unorganized. This is because our Party is not merely a Party of vote-getters. It is a revolutionary Party of struggle. It organizes the workers for the fight on every front. It is especially in the election campaign when we have the ear of many thousands of workers that we must drive home to them the fundamental necessity of building great mass organizations in the industries.

More than ever it becomes necessary for us to take the lead in the formation of new unions in the industries. The old unions have been wiped out of many industries and have become hopelessly decrepit in many more. The reactionary leaders will not organize the unorganized. This is the task of the left wing. We must not limit ourselves to the old unions. We must be the champions, the leaders in the formation of new unions among the unorganized industries. Here we must place the great emphasis of our efforts to organize the unorganized.

But does this mean that we shall desert the old trade unions? By no means. The Communists will never surrender the control of 3,000,000 organized workers to the reactionary leadership of the A. F. of L. (applause.) We will fight to save, to build up, and to revolutionize all those trade unions which possess a mass character and real vitality. We will give active support to the TUEL and to all kinds of left opposition movements in these organizations aiming to revolutionize them.

The present situation teaches us this: the old trade unionism is going. American imperialism with its monopolized, highly mechanized industry, mass production, speed-up system, company unionism, open shop drive and ruthless use of state power, is too much for traditional craft unionism. The old unionism is being crushed and liquidated. A new and more revolutionary unionism is being born. It will be industrial in form and founded principally on the semi-skilled and unskilled in the trustified industries. It is a basic task of our Party to lead in the foundation of this new unionism.

(To Be Continued.)

HANdOuTS

GEMS OF LEARNING

The newspapers put the acquittal of Stewart on the front page as though it were news.

* * *

The apt attention which the British House of Commons pays to getting a food supply for the millions of unemployed is indicated by its keen interest in the debate on the new Prayer Book. The evangelical position on the proposed changes is that they "encourage adoration of the consecrated bread." What the jobless are worrying about is, where they can get some.

* * *

Philadelphia was described yesterday as a "workingman's paradise" by William H. Taylor. This judge of heavenly conditions for workingmen is President of the Philadelphia Electric company.

* * *

Golfers and other proletarian readers of the Milwaukee Leader, Victor Berger's socialist paper, should get a real thrill out of this editorial paragraph: "You no longer hear vocal sympathy for the horny-handed. Golfers don't need any sympathy."

* * *

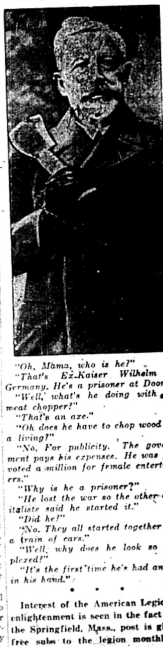
Slight lack of confidence in the American workers' ability to resist Communist ideas is indicated by the Providence Journal which ends up a 500-word editorial on the Workers (Communist) Party with the sentence, "The Workers Party will do well if it polls as many votes as it did in 1924. It does not deserve to do even as well as that for it is based on the attempted transfer of Russian revolutionary ideas to this side of the world where there ought to be no congenial soil for them."

* * *

Working class organizations shou not fail to snap up the bargain advertised in the following note from the Kiwanis Magazine: "The International Committee on Kiwanis education has prepared a splendid set of slides of the activities of Kiwanis. Accompanying them is an interesting and informative lecture. Slides and lectures are obtainable without cost except postage from Chicago and return."

* * *

Thinks He's Working



"Oh, Mama, who is he?"

"That's Ex-Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany. He's a prisoner at Doorn."

"Well, what's he doing with the meat chopper?"

"That's an axe."

"Oh does he have to chop wood for a living?"

"No. For publicity. The government pays his expenses. He was just voted a million for female entertainers."

"Why is he a prisoner?"

"He lost the war so the other capitalists said he started it."

"Did he?"

"No. They all started together like a train of cars."

"Well, why does he look so perplexed?"

"It's the first time he's had an axe in his hand."

* * *

Interest of the American Legion in enlightenment is seen in the fact that the Springfield, Mass., post is giving free subs to the legion monthly to ministers, judges, clubs and fraternal organizations.

* * *

Self-hypnotism of some American editors is shown by this sentence from an ad for the Scripps-Howard newspapers carried in a New York magazine: "Their editors listen to no commands." The real ruler of the press, however, is suggested by the last word of the sentence which followed: "And their readers form what is perhaps the most closely-knit and responsive body of buyers available to the advertiser."

* * *

It is difficult to tell whether Cal Coolidge's movement is progressio or retrogression. He has just bee elected honorary president of the senior class at Amherst college. If this keeps up he will soon be monito in a school for boys and a little late someone will hand him a bottle with a rubber nipple.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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MASSACHUSETTS JUDGES JAIL MILL STRIKE LEADERS

BARRICADES UP IN STREETS OF CROATIAN CITY

Troops Kill 4, Wound 43 in Fighting

VIENNA, June 22.—Street fighting, with the erection of barricades, followed the attempt of the enraged crowds to storm the Italian consulate at Zagreb yesterday as a result of the shooting of Stefan Raditch by a government deputy, dispatches from Belgrade report.

A violent outbreak of political fighting in which four persons were killed and 43 seriously wounded occurred at Zagreb. The outbreak resulted after the assassination of two Croatian peasant deputies in parliament at Belgrade on Wednesday, Paul Raditch and George Basaritch.

The bodies of the slain deputies arrived at Agram this morning and were received by a huge crowd, said a dispatch from Belgrade. The burial will take place on Saturday.

The Croatian (opposition) newspaper Noosti, published at Agram, charges that the assassinations "resulted from the plotting of a corrupt clique at Belgrade who sought to do away with the strongest leaders of the campaign for political independence for the Croatians."

This newspaper demands that separate and independent states be created for the Croats, Slovenes and Serbs. At the present time all these states are part of the Jugo-Slavian kingdom.

NEED FUNDS TO SECURE "DAILY"

All Groups of Workers Reached by Paper

That The DAILY WORKER is reaching workers in all parts of the country and in all trades is evident from the letters that have been received from militant workers in answer to the Daily's appeal for funds. The letters also show that The DAILY WORKER is not the paper of any particular section of the workingclass, but of all the workers, skilled and unskilled, employed and unemployed, native and foreign-born.

The results of the campaign for $10,000 to save The DAILY WORKER also shows that the most savagely exploited workers those that feel most intensely the brutality and oppression of the capitalist system are the readiest to come to its aid in time of need.

Striking Miner's Letter.

A striking miner of Dilonvale, O., writes as follows:

Dear Brothers:

I have read in the last few days that our paper is in very grave danger of going out of existence. It would be a very great blow to the workers of this country. I wish that all the workers would rally to save their only fighting paper. You know how long we have been on strike, so I cannot afford to send much. I am sending $2. I am 19 years of age and know that there is a great fight before us. For this reason The DAILY WORKER must be saved, because it is a very effective weapon.

JAME JURSIK.

But not only among the miners, who are waging such a determined fight for a new and stronger union.

(Continued on Page Two)

FEDERALS ROUT REACTIONARIES

MEXICO CITY, June 22.—Ten Federal soldiers and 21 counter-revolutionary soldiers led by Pedroza, Y Vega, a priest, were killed Wednes- in an eight-hour battle near La [illegible] in the state of Jalisco, according to Guadalajara dispatches to Excelsior.

The battle, in which 300 federal troops took part, was described as one of the hardest fought of the two years of warfare against the catholic hierarchy in the state of Jalisco.

Thirty Federal soldiers were wounded in the battle, while the number of counter-revolutionaries wounded could not be determined.

Will Speak in Chicago

Ben Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, will be the principal speaker at a campaign rally and picnic arranged in Chicago for July 4.

ELECTION RALLY AT CHICAGO PICNIC

Affair on July 4 Will Mobilize Workers

CHICAGO, June 22.—Preparations are rapidly going forward for making the great campaign rally and red picnic, to be held here July 4, the occasion for mobilizing all the militant workers of Chicago around the slogans and candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The rally and picnic which will be held at Chernauskas Grove, 79th and Archer Aves., will mark the launching of the election drive in this district on an intensive scale, with all the campaign machinery put in motion for reaching every section of the workingclass.

Ben Gitlow, candidate of the Workers Party for vice-president, will be the chief speaker at the affair. Delegations from a large number of sympathetic organizations, including Chinese, Mexican, Philippine and Negro groups, will greet Gitlow. Max Bedacht, Workers Party candidate for U. S. Senator from Illinois, will act as chairman.

CONFESSION IN TEXAS LYNCHING

First Attempt to Hang Powell Failed

HOUSTON, Tex., June 22.—A voluntary statement was made today to the authorities here by A. B. Wheeler of this city confessing that he was one of the group which kidnapped Robert Powell, 24-year-old Negro from the Jefferson Davis Hospital and lynched him about eight miles from Houston Wednesday night.

The young Negro was dragged from a cot where he lay dying following an exchange of shots with A. W. Davis, a local detective.

Wheeler said that the first attempt to hang Powell failed when he struck the ground. He said the victim was lifted back on the bridge after the rope was shortened and pushed off a second time.

While Wheeler named six others as members of the lynching party, he "discreetly" refrained from revealing the identity of the one or more policemen, who, it is generally suspected here, took part in the hanging of the young Negro.

Feeling of irritation at the untimely lynching of Powell, due to the nearness of the democratic national convention, is still evident in several of the democratic newspapers. It is expected that indictments against Wheeler and the other participants will be sought by the district attorney in order to make convincing the pretended wrath of some of the Houston citizenry.
9

FLOOD WATERS DROPPING

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 22.—Rivers which flooded lowland areas in southern Kansas and Oklahoma earlier this week were reported dropping today. Kansas wheat farmers have started threshing despite territorial rains.

LINDBERGH FLIES FAST

DETROIT, June 22.—Charles Lindbergh took off in his Ryan monoplane here late last night and flew east, his destination unnamed. He hopped off unaccompanied. It is believed that he is headed for New York.

Begin Fight to Free Strike Leaders From Army Jail

INCREASED FARE SCHEDULE FILED BY SURFACE LINE

Al Smith Is Connected With Move

The New York traction trust and its ring of supporting politicians yesterday opened fire on a new front in its war for an increased fare. News that the Third Avenue Railroad Company, the company which is controlled by Wm. F. Kenny, principal contributor to Al Smith's campaign fund, golf-partner and old crony of the Tammany governor, has filed a schedule for a seven-cent fare was announced by the New York State Transit Commission at noon.

Immediately securities of all lines in the city soared on the stock market in anticipation of the coming fare increase and in the confidence, apparently, that the Tammany Hall presidential aspirant was agreeable to the move.

Other Companies To Follow.

The Third Avenue Railroad Company filed the new schedule on behalf of the Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad, one of its subsidiaries. The new schedules call for a seven-cent fare beginning with July 24. It is known that the move by the Third Avenue Company is a preliminary to a city-wide filing of similar schedules by other lines.

The company has followed the precedent set by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company which last February filed its seven-cent fare schedules for an increased fare later granted by the federal statutory court and finally taken to the supreme court for final decision in October. The same claim for the increase, a plea that the present fares are "confiscatory," is known to be at the basis of the new demands. Whether or not the increase will be granted will be decided at a meeting of the New York Transit Commission next Wednesday, it was announced by James B. Walker, secretary to the Commission.

Smith Owned By Traction

The New York traction trust to which the whole Tammany administration in the city, the republican controlled legislature at Albany and particularly Al Smith are known to have sold out is planning for its final campaign to secure an increased fare and put over its so-called unification plan which will undoubtedly cost the workers hundreds of millions of dollars. The plan is scheduled to reach its climax immediately after the coming election.

It is known that the whole scheme was due to have been put over late in 1926 except that a temporary conflict between the B. M. T. and the

(Continued on Page Two)

Fourteen Killed in Swedish Train Wreck

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, June 22.—Fourteen people were killed late today when the Northern Express was wrecked near Bolinas. Two locomotives were overturned and four coaches telescoped.

The dead included the engineer and the fireman of the express train.

COURTS OBLIGE BOSS

In order to avoid paying the charges for a $1,000 bail bond Nathan Ressler, who is out on bail for a year under charges of burning his fur dressing factory in order to get insurance, requested yesterday in Supreme Court and was granted permission to reduce his bail to $10,000. Fur strike pickets recently were held on as high as $25,000 bail for walking up and down a sidewalk.

Returns to U. S. S. R.

MAXIM GORKY

Maxim Gorki Is Acclaimed in the USSR

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

MOSCOW, June 22.—"Alexi Maximitch, do not go back to Sorrento, we will create here for you the necessary conditions for rest and work."

This is the plea addressed to Maxim Gorki, Soviet Russia's favorite writer, by thousands of workers here.

Following an absence of over six years due to illness, Gorki returned to the U. S. S. R. and has received universal acclaim.

Beloved by millions of workers here not only for his great artistic works, but also for his consistent loyalty to the first Workers' and Peasants' Republic, Gorki has been showered with the highest honors in the possession of the Soviet government and the U. S. S. R. trade unions.

The progress of Gorki's special train from the frontier was a triumphal parade, with tens of thousands shouting their affection. The reception in Moscow was a fitting climax. Bucharin for the All-Union Communist Party and Anatole Lunacharsky for the government were in the forefront, and beyond them a waving, hurrahing mass of workers.

"A few more days like this," Gorki told a convention of railroad workers next day, "and I fear I shall die of joy."

Gorki's appearance anywhere, the mere rumor that he might be in a place, is the signal for crowds and more crowds.

25 EDUCATORS GO TO U. S. S. R.

To Study School Methods in Workers' Republic

The first American educational delegation to visit the Soviet Union will sail this noon on the "Drottningholm" for a Swedish port. It includes twenty-five of the most prominent educators and writers on education in America, and will be under the general leadership of Dr. John Dewey, of Columbia University, who is already in Leningrad.

The delegation will make a study of the new educational system of the Soviet Union at the personal invitation of Lunacharsky, Commissar of Education, and under the auspices of the American Society for Cultural Relations with Russia. It is entirely unofficial, members paying their own expenses through Russia, according Miss Lucy Branham, secretary of the society which organized it.

The itinerary of the delegation provides for a two-weeks' stay in Moscow and vicinity, five days in Leningrad,

(Continued on Page Two)

LAUNCH HABEAS CORPUS STRUGGLE TO FREE PORTER

League Statement Calls on Workers' Aid

Preparations were made today for one of the greatest campaigns in the American labor movement to force the release of John Porter, the textile strike leader who was arrested early this week in New Bedford by the military authorities.

It is expected that Porter will be brought to trial before a court-martial of army officers within a short time because of his desertion from the army last year after realizing the role of capitalist militarism against the labor movement.

No reliance will be placed on the "justice" of courts-martial, and it is realized that mass protests of the workers is the only force which can make the War Department set Porter at liberty.

The Young Workers (Communist) League, of which Porter is an active organizer, has announced that it will conduct a nation-wide drive for the textile striker, and that huge protest meetings will be held in cities throughout the country. Also, all labor organizations are called upon to join in the campaign. Workers are requested to send resolutions and letters and telegrams of protest to the War Department demanding the immediate release of Porter, who is a military prisoner as a result of his textile strike.
participation in the New Bedford

The International Labor Defense is preparing the legal defense of Porter and will participate actively in the drive to obtain his freedom.

. . . . Habeas Corpus . . . .

The first legal step in the case is an application for writ of habeas corpus, as the constitutional right of the prisoner to be released on bail is being denied.

It is the rule of the army to hold prisoners without bail, but this illegal custom will be challenged in the drive for Porter.

• • •

In a call issued today by the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League, all workers organizations are called upon to join the fight for the release of John Porter.

The statement follows:

The arrest of John Porter, a textile strike leader and organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, is a challenge to the workers and especially to the youth of America. It is the beginning of the intensive use of the army for the purpose for which it is intended—the suppression of strikes and all efforts against the exploiting class.

"As the class struggle becomes more acute the dictatorship of capitalism is forced to throw off the mask of democracy and use armed force to keep the masses enslaved. Young workers are being led into the army and navy, and the "Citizens Military Training Camps" where they are not only taught how to kill in the interest of their masters but also are subjected to patriotic propaganda with the purpose of keeping their minds blind to their role against their own class.

"The use of the military authorities in the textile strike after the civil government had failed to force the strikers back to work shows the immediate menace of militarism, and the court-martial of Porter is a challenge which the young workers in particular must take up.

"The Young Workers (Communist) League, the vanguard of the militant young workers of America, calls on all workers and labor organizations to

(Continued on Page Four)

BRING ON THE "PROSPERITY," PLEASE

Two Can't Live on Pay of One in Carolina Cotton Mill Village

By ESTHER LOWELL.

HILLSBORO, N. C. (FP), June 22.—Two people can't live on the pay of one in the cotton mill village of Eno, adjoining Hillsboro, N. C. At least one old couple has made that finding. The old man, still upstanding and strong from generations of farmer stock, has only $7 left in his pay envelope after the rent money is taken out.

True the rent is low, as his wife **says, 56 cents a week for their two-**room house. That's 25 cents a room plus a few cents for electric light. And unlike some companies, the Eno mill lets its workers use lights or current for ironing at any time of day or night.

Wife in Mill

Since short-time has come, several months ago, the wife has gone into the mill. While her husband works in the shipping room she irons down selvage edges and earns, when she **gets a full day's work, $2.10. Last** week she had only two days work. They work 10½ hours a day and only four days a week now. They fear the mill will "stand" for a whole week at July Fourth, cutting off their meagre earnings entirely.

The woman spoke of having to see a doctor. When asked if the company didn't supply one, or at least a nurse, she answered:

"No, the company don't give you nothing, except your pay, and not

(Continued on Page Two)

Textile Leader Jailed

William T. Murdoch, leader of the Textile Mills Committee of New Bedford, Mass., which is conducting the struggle of the 28,000 textile workers against the mill bosses, must serve a sentence of two months imposed upon him recently. This is the verdict announced yesterday by the Massachusetts Superior Court. Murdoch, jailed constantly since the strike began, was arrested on the customary charge of "disorderly conduct" when conducting a huge picket line in front of one of the mills.

MINE FAMILIES FACE DISASTER

Cave-ins Take Toll of Many Lives

SCRANTON, Pa., (F.P.).—Only the miner fights death beneath the surface in hard coal mines. But above his entire family may be entombed with barely more than a second's warning in one of the many cave-ins that make life exciting in Scranton. Large parts of the city cover abandoned mine workings.

Three families rushed to the street when a cave-in threatened to demolish their house within a stone's throw of the 1925 disaster when five persons were killed. Last year a boy was killed near the same spot when a foundation wall toppled over on him, due to the sinking of the earth. The other day, while working near the site of the latest cave-in, a miner in his garden would have been sucked into the earth had he not clung to a fence. A large pothole suddenly appeared.

• • •

WILKES-BARRE, Pa. (FP).—What a whale of a difference a few experts make. Engineers employed by the country assessor found powerful Glen Alden's coal lands to be worth $8,000,000. Experts employed by Glen Alden's "modestly" deprecated this figure and said the lands were worth but a paltry $2,000,000—so far as taxation is concerned.

Glen Alden and other companies make dummy sales of coal lands at nominal prices in order to establish low values for the county assessor, judges were told.

KENOSHA BOSSES ASK FOR TROOPS

Bosses Frantic as Mill Strike Gains

KENOSHA, Wis., June 22.—The open shop Nash Motor Company's flunkeys, who are the city and county authorities here, yesterday sent a demand to Governor Zimmerman that he immediately send State troops to Kenosha to crush the bitter six-month-old strike being conducted by the full-fashioned hosiery knitters of the Allen, A. Company.

Meanwhile fifty deputies have been added to the sheriff's force, after seeing that the things hired and heavily armed by the open shop interests here, were being fearlessly fought by the strikers.

Many strikers have been brutally slugged and even shot by the hirelings of the Allen-A mill owners, but in spite of this and additional elaborate strike-breaking machinery, such as anti-strike injunctions, the workers militant struggle is forcing the bosses to resort to desperate measures. **Tens of thousands of workers in other trades have participated in demonstrations of sympathy.**

MURDOCH GETS 2 MONTHS; BEAL, 11 OTHERS ON TRIAL

1,200 Strikers Picket Wamsutta Mills

BOSTON, June 22.—**A special meeting of the National Textile Mill Committees will be held this coming Sunday afternoon at 8 p. m., 38 Causeway Street, here for the purpose of considering the immediate steps to be taken in the textile industry.**

This meeting will issue a call for the immediate national organization of all textile workers.

The heroic struggle of the 26,000 textile workers in New Bedford, the growing restlessness of the workers in Fall River, the feelings of the workers in Rhode Island, in Paterson, Passaic and the other textile centers all demand that national action be taken and immediately for the formation of a national organization.

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 22.—With a cynical brutality surpassed only by their own colleagues in the state, the Massachusetts judges presiding in the Superior Court here, set about doing the bidding of the mill barons by jailing all the militant leaders of the strike of 28,000 textile workers here.

William T. Murdoch, secretary of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union, the local unit of the Textile Mills Committee, was sentenced to serve two months in jail when he lost his appeal from the decisions of the lower courts. His was the first of the 13 appeal cases to come before the Superior Court, and the undisguised viciousness of the court makes it apparent that all other appeals will meet the same fate.

The case of Fred E. Beal, Textile Mills Committee organizer, is the next to be heard. Nearly all the appellants have additional sentences to serve for leading the picket lines and

(Continued on Page Two)

WEAVERS IN FALL RIVER ON STRIKE

Average Wage of $12.50 Causes Walk Out

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 22.—With weavers of certain cloths in the Flint Mills here getting an average of $12.50 a week, and the refusal of the mill owners to discuss the wage question with the officialdom of the United Textile Workers Union, with whom they have an agreement, the 125 weavers in the plant walked out on strike yesterday, and demanded a raise in wages.

The action of these workers can be used as a guage of the sentiment ment among the 25,000 workers in Fall River, who were compelled to suffer several wage slashes in the last year. During recent months the American Federation of Labor union and the independent reactionary union have exerted all their power in preventing the workers in joining the New Bedford general strike, the two cities being almost adjoining. Strike votes have been stolen, police have been used to prevent meetings and other activities of the Textile Mills Committee from bringing out the workers in a struggle for the attainment of livable conditions. All this, however did not succeed in driving out the T. M. C.

Call Meet to Discuss Proposed Auto Merger

A powerful corporation with assets approximating $160,000,000 will be established with the proposed member of the Studebaker and Pierce-Arrow Motor Car Co., it was stated yesterday.

A special meeting of the directors of the Studebaker company has been called for next Thursday at South Bend, Ind.

Lewis-Fishwick Machine Moves to Force Illinois Miners Back to Work

OFFICIALS URGE REVISED SCALE; NEW AGREEMENT

History of Betrayal Is Pictured

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

HERRIN, Ill., June 22.—What is seen as a back to work move inspired by the Illinois operators acting together with the Lewis-Fishwick machine, is the demand made public yesterday of the officials of the local mine union for "a release from the present policy pursued by the administration of John L. Lewis, international president" in the matter of the existing wage scale.

The resolution condemns the present day wage basis for mechanical mining devises for the coal miners of the state and demands that a contract on a tonnage basis shall be set up. It also demands that the policy committee be assembled with the object of releasing the Illinois district from the present "agreement." The machine pretends the miners who are employed are operating under the Jacksonville scale, but actually the pay is much less.

There appears to be no doubt that the move is to be used by Lewis as a means of abandoning even the semblance of continuing the strike and to throw the blame on the miners themselves.

The Lewis-Fishwick machine was recently ousted from the control of the organization and the union taken over by a rank and file district convention at which George Voyzey, militant mine leader was chosen president.

* * *

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 22. — Increased activities are manifest amongst the Illinois rank and file coal miners in their struggle for control of the local unions, while the old Fishwick administration is more openly coming out for wage cuts. This represents two lines of activities heading for definite and decisive clash. They have been expressed in the special sub-district conference held by the rank and file members, on the one side, and on the other by the recent meeting held by the district executive board, sub-district officials and scale committee of the Fishwick administration held at the American Annex Hotel in St. Louis, Mo.

The special sub-district conventions held gave particular attention to organizing for the coming elections, and to take over all offices down to the local unions.

Wide Representation.

The first convention held in the Staunton sub-district had a representation of forty-six delegates coming from nine local unions representing thirteen mines. The next special convention was held in the Belleville sub-district with thirty-nine delegates present. The third convention of the Franklin county sub-district held at Christopher, Illinois, had a total of seventy-two delegates present. Similar special conventions are being held in all the rest of the sub-districts.

At the meeting of all the officials of the Fishwick administration about one hundred being present, the whole desperate situation of this officialdom became apparent. Trained in treason to the working class, but now having reached a point where the movement which will finally eliminate them has grown by leaps and bounds, they are falling out amongst themselves. A serious break is developing between the Fishwick administration and the national Lewis administration.

Fishwick Opens.

At this meeting held by all these deposed Illinois officials at the American annex hotel in St. Louis, Mo., Mr. Fishwick opened by calling for reports on the situation in the various sub-districts. The reports made were uniform in character: "Only a fraction of the men working, none of whom are on full time; great dissatisfaction amongst the rank and file miners bordering on open rebellion. The Save-the-Union movement is everywhere." This was the gist of the report made.

Like chickens without a head they were going around in circles. They did not seem to have great fears of the wage cuts threatened by the operators, but they did fear this movement. In fact the only remedy they could offer to save themselves and their salaries was to accept the wage cut.

"But", said one official, "Kentucky will further reduce wages; then wages will be so low that high dues will be impossible, and salaries could not be paid."

The policy of uncompromising fight side by side with the Pennsylvania and Ohio strikers was never mentioned. These old traitors had no solution for the problem. In saving the union they had no actual interest except insofar as their own salaries were concerned. They could, of course, as "respectable" fakers consider any of the real solutions for the union's existence proposed by the Save-the-Union Committee.

Operator's Step.

This meeting marked one further step of the campaign of the Peabody Coal Company for a wage reduction in the Illinois coal fields. Both the campaign as well as the policies of this meeting were directed by Fishwick's old friend and fellow traitor Frank Farrington, who is on the Peabody Coal Company's payroll drawing $25,000 a year. The meeting showed only one definite action, namely to call upon Lewis to call the national policy committee together "to draw up a uniform scale for Illinois."

Meanwhile the installment of loading machines, mechanical devices in every Illinois mine of any size is creating a constant problem for the coal miner and increasing the deepgoing dissatisfaction, whereas previously loaders could load not more than twelve tons of coal a day. One of the big loading machines in the southern Illinois mine, operated by nine men, is now capable of loading a total of 423 tons a day. This means 47 tons per man for which they receive a wage of $8.40, while the Jacksonville scale called for a tonnage rate of $1.08 a ton. Thus, the loading machine means a drastic wage cut, and hence displacement of labor power and consequently increasing the great unemployment.

The coal miners are tired of a union which does nothing whatever to solve these problems, but merely retaliates upon the militants by mass expulsions. 137 progressives were recently expelled in the Belleville sub-district, 22 in the Springfield sub-district. These are some of the reasons that the fight of the rank and file members led by the militants for complete control of the union is constantly gaining in volume.

LABOR IS CHEAP ON SIXTH AVENUE

Thousands of High School, College Graduates on Slave Market

By FEDERATED PRESS.

STEP right up, Mr. Boss! Take your choice here from thousands of eager youngsters, fresh from high school. $12 too much? Well, here's a bright young kid, well dressed too, polite and with a fine diploma in his hand. $9 a week. The kid will pay me his first week's salary. Next, please.

SO it goes on the New York office slave market, where practical employers are selecting the cream of high school graduating classes to train into clerks, salesmen and minor executives. Plenty of bookkeepers and typists for $12 to $18. Experienced office workers are knocked down for $20 to $25. With thousands milling about the employment offices, they grab eagerly at $20.

UNIVERSITY graduates are also in demand along the Sixth Ave. market. $20 is enough to bring a horde of likely-looking young fellows fresh from the campus and ready to work late at night down in Wall St., keeping up with the avalanche of stock market speculation. Brokers dangle indefinite bonuses to "reward" them for extra labors.

"Boy Wanted;" a Jobless Army Answers Advt.

SEVERAL hundred young boys stood outside of 80 E. 11th St. yesterday morning and fought to get to the entrance. Police appeared and after shaking up several of the boys, they were formed into a line stretching around Broadway.

An ad inserted in a morning newspaper by the Eureka Leather Goods Co., of 80 E. 11th St., asking for an office-boy, had brought down this army of unemployed boys, some of them out of jobs for months, many in shabby, bedraggled clothes, others looking as if they had hardly entered their teens—all of them after one job.

One of them got the job. He was momentarily happy. The others went away, downcast, discouraged, to beg again at the doorsteps of the bosses for a few crumbs of the Coolidge "prosperity."

TEACHERS LEAVE TODAY FOR USSR

Dewey Heads Delegation of 25 Educators

(Continued from Page One)

ten days in Odessa, and four days in Constantinople. Some of the members plan a general survey of the entire system, and others will make special investigations of their own, Miss Branham said. American educational experiments and practices, many of them initiated by members of the present delegation, have been widely adopted in Russia, she pointed out.

The delegation will land at Rothenburg, Sweden, and proceed to Leningrad by rail, where it will be met by Dr. Dewey, Dr. Stephen P. Duggan, Lucy Textor, and Dr. and Mrs. J. McKeen Cattell, who went to Russia last month.

The members of the delegation are: John Dewey, Columbia; J. McKeen Cattell, Lotus D. Coffman, president University of Minnesota; Donald J. Cowling, president of Carlton College; Evelyn Dewey; Dr. Stephen Duggan, Institute of International Education; Fola La Follette, City and Country School; Robert H. Gault, professor of psychology, Northwestern University; Mary L. Hinsdale, professor, Grand Rapids College, Michigan; Florence Holbrook, University of Chicago; Parke R. Kolbe, president, Brooklyn Polytechnic Institution.

Joshua Kunitz, College of the City of New York; Kenneth G. Matheson, president, Drexel Institute; James K. Norris, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; George D. Olds, president emeritus, Amherst College; Kurt E. Richter, New York University; Emily A. Stein, James Monroe High School, New York; Lucy Textor, Vassar College.

Thomas Woody, University of Pensylvania; Katherine D. Blake, former president of the Principals' Association; Lucy Gwynne Branham, Secretary American Society for Cultural Relations; John Barry, special writer.

EDITORS BRIBED BY TENNESSEE POWER BARONS

Schools Flooded With Publicity

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The complete cooperation that exists between the power trust and the press was once more established when it was revealed today that Hugh Doak, president of the Tennessee Press Association and editor of the Manchester Times, is in charge of all the publicity of the Tennessee power Newbern, who assists Doak in the trust. This was revealed by Guy P. work, in his testmiony before the federal trade commission.

Newbern also charged that a system of polite bribery is used by the power interests to secure newspaper publicity. An average of $18,000 a year is spent on publicity by the Tennessee trust, he said, and a large portion of this goes to entertain editors at luncheons and dinners.

A total of 21,246 news columns and 4,644 editorial columns has been obtained by the power interests since November, 1927, Newbern stated. Most of this material was supplied by the trust itself thru its publicity department.

Newbern also said that propaganda pamphlets supplied by the National Electric Light Association had been distributed in the schools of Tennessee. Ten thousand sets of three pamphlets each were placed in schools and libraries and sent to newspapers and state officials during 1927.

Bring on the Prosperity in North Carolina!

(Continued from Page One)

much of that."

Eno mills was established in 1896. Its village for 450 workers runs down the gully behind the mill and up the ridges beyond. The plain board houses are fairly well built but very much in need of painting. Cement walks have been put in to hurry feet that would otherwise lag in the slippery clay paths. Bucket-dip wells serve the workers water—one well to 25 or 30 families.

Mill children are taken through the fourth grade in the village school and then must go uptown to Hillsboro, a mile or more, for higher grades. But most of them go into the mill at 14. "There's a little girl in the shipping room can't be over 13 or 14," said the old man.

Hillsboro's boast is of its antiquity and of Lord Cornwallis' presence in revolutionary war days. But its two cotton mill villages—Eno and that of the much smaller Belle Vue Mfg. Co. —are poked off in a corner against the big hill. Travellers on the main highways never need see the straggly mill section.

HOLD COUNTERFEITERS

Five alleged counterfeiters, arrested Thursday night in a raid on a printing shop at 1064 Willoughby ave, Brooklyn, were arraigned before U. S. Commissioner Epstein, Brooklyn, yesterday.

Chiefs of Tammany Ring Headed by Boss Olvany Leave for Houston

The Tammany delegation, silent as Boss Murphy, left for Houston Thursday to extend the operations of Tammany Hall, if possible, to a national scale. From left to right, in the photograph are Daniel L. Ryan, David H. Knott, Joseph Johnson, George W. Olvany, James F. Eagan, John F. Carew and Charles L. Kohler. The real boss of grafting Tammany Hall, as is well known, is not Olvany, but Al Smith.

NEED FUNDS TO SECURE "DAILY"

All Groups of Workers Reached by Paper

(Continued from Page One)

but also among workers in the most reactionary unions is The DAILY WORKER gaining a foothold.

A Chicago worker on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, who requests that his name be withheld writes:

Dear Comrades:

The workers on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad must be prospering. At least if we believe the stuff that is handed out through the monthly magazine. I know that there are workers who have been in service on this road for years who are only drawing $23.60 a week, so I don't see where the prosperity comes in for the workers.

Find enclosed $1 to help the 'Daily.'

It is contributions such as these from workers living in all sections of the country, representing a great variety of trades, that helped to save The DAILY WORKER during the grave financial crisis which it has just passed through. The crisis is past, but the existence of The DAILY WORKER still remains insecure. Practically all of the nearly $10,000 raised by the militant workers of this country has gone to meet pressing financial obligations. This means that at any moment The DAILY WORKER may find itself in the midst of a new and even more serious crisis.

Secure "Daily" for Summer.

Contributions received yesterday were less than $100 and indicate a serious falling off in support. The summer months are ahead of us, the most difficult months of the year from a financial viewpoint. The existence of The DAILY WORKER must be guaranteed for these months. By the time the summer has been successfully passed, The DAILY WORKER will be moved into a more economical printing plant, we will be a larger and more effective working-class newspaper. Help us reach that road with your contributions. Save yourselves the great financial and nervous strain of another sudden crisis which might prove fatal to the "Daily." Prevent future crises by sending funds NOW.

The following is another list of militant workers who helped to save The DAILY WORKER:

Richard Bjorkbacka, West Concord, N. H., $6; Camp Trombenick, Glenham, N. Y., $31; C. Davidson, N. Y. C., $1; S. Gostin, N. Y. C., $1; Jennie Silverman, B'klyn, N. Y., $5; Sam Lambrojo, Bronx, N. Y., $5; J. Manicardi, West N. Y., $4.50; F. Shuster, N. Y. C., $1; I. Birnbaum, N. Y. C., $1; Charles Hedrich, Roxbury, Mass., $5; Anthony Karbel N. Y. C., $2; Chas. Kristofik, Cabridge, Mass., $6; I. Zilich, Keisport, Pa., $5; S. Aro, Schnectady, N. Y., .25; M. Elo, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; S. Kran Schnectady, N. Y., .25; F. Elo, Schenectady, N. Y., $1.25; A. Hautala, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; G. Sala, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; M. Miller, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; E. Bjers, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; V. Ahonius, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; F. Matson, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; E. Savola, Schenectady, N. Y., $1.50; V. Sparre, Schenectady, N. Y., $2; J. Solminen, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; F. Blomqvist, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; U. Auri, Schenectady, N. Y., $1; H. Lindstrom, Schenectady N. Y., $1; H. Drugge, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; H. Ahontur, Schenectady, N. Y., .25; V. Raulala, Schenectady, N. Y., .75; K. Keskinen, Schenectady, N. Y., .75; Ulgi Callegaro, Drumheller, Alta, Canada, $2; Artemis Stavianudakis, Thermopolis, Wyo., $1; Floyd Ramp, Roseburg, Oregon, $5; L. E. Seneyy, Rossland, B. C. Canada, $10; Dr. Leon Henri Goldberg (collected) Bronx, N. Y., $3.75; Vincent Sirola, N. Y. C., $1; H. A., a worker from Brooklyn, N. Y., 21; Martin Sellers (collected) Pittsfeild, Mass., $2; J. C. Criss, Lyman, Wash., $5; J. M. Lucos, Worcester, Mass., $1; D. Jusius Worcester, Mass., .25; J. Dekanis, Worcester, Mass., .25; K. Yaivada, Worcester, Mass., .25; H. Stankus, Worcester, Mass., $1; P. [illegible], Worcester, Mass., .25; V. Tumahis, Worcester, Mass., $1.50; J. [illegible], Worcester, Mass., .50; J. Sakauskas, Worcester, Mass., .50; J. Nowalas, Worcester, Mass., .25; K. Kruzdis, Worcester, Mass., .25; J. Karsokas, Worcester, Mass., .50; J. Gustaitis, Worcester, Mass., .25; J. Mathaweed, Worcester, Mass., .25; K. Vaisauskis, Worcester, Mass., .25; [illegible] Krisiukas, Worcester, Mass., .25; J. [illegible], Worcester, Mass., $1; T. [illegible], Worcester, Mass., [illegible] Bagochus, Worcester, Mass., .25; [illegible], Worcester, Mass., $1; Y. [illegible], Worcester, Mass., $1; J. Kuz[illegible] sympathizer, Brooklyn, N. Y., $3; Paul Puccetti, Harrison, N. Y., $1; Guglielmo Jannelli, Harrison, N. Y., $1; Ed. Drehner, N. Y. C., $5; J. Gladstone, Troy, N. Y., $1; Geo. Kunnap, Anacortes, Wash., $5; S. Mateuf, Berkeley, Calif., $5; Martin Sheaf, Seattle, Wash., $5; H. [illegible] K., Uhrichsville, Ohio, $1; Walter Swoney, Sioux City, Iowa, $1; J. Miles, Bronx, N. Y., $2; Krebs, Santa Cruz, Calif., $1; Carlton, Santa Cruz, Calif., $5; A. Scholtes, a sympathizer, Cleveland, Ohio, $2; Leon Clement, Sr., Lutz, Fla., $1; Leon Clement, Jr., Lutz, Fla., $1; Julien Clement, Lutz, Fla., $1; A. Ovariet, Lutz, Fla., .50; Felix Connell, South Euclid, Ohio, $2; Richmond Va., Unit 7, H. Stone, $46; [illegible], N. Y. C., $3; Unit 5, Sec. [illegible], N. Y. C., [illegible]; I. Nucleus, No. 15, Grossman, Cleveland, Ohio, $18.56; Unit 15, [illegible], N. Y. C., [illegible]; Unit 18, [illegible], N. Y. C., $3; Anna Soonhard, N. Y. C., 1; Night Workers' Int. Br. No. 1, N. Y. C., $20; 3C, 3S, N. Y. C., $5.75; Paul Bogdanoff, Brooklyn, N. Y., $2; H. Person, N. Y. C., $1; Edward Koenig, Brooklyn, N. Y., $2; Flint Nucleus, Detroit, Mich., $19.60; Sesesky (collected) Detroit, Michigan, $1; Wm. Bally, Detroit, Michigan, $10; Wm. Molenhauer, Detroit, Michigan, $10; Tom Davenport, Detroit, Michigan, $5; Shop Nucleus No. 10, $10; S. Georger, Detroit, Michigan, $5; A. Avrin, $1; Mr. Andrew Pastrick, Cleveland, Ohio, $3.50; J. B. Welzenbach, Wolf Point, Mont., $2; Dave Shoichet, Brooklyn, N. Y., $1; Sol Zipper, Brooklyn, N. Y., $1; Jack Feifer, Cincinnatti Ohio, $1; Julius Mandel, N. Y. C., $1; Mr. and Mrs. Sam Feifer, Brooklyn, N. Y., $1; Jack Feurer, N. Y. C., $5; Frank Flanders, Cleveland, Ohio, $1; Steve Erdrich, Hayward, Calif., $10; Chas. Bensky, N. Y. C., $2; Allan Markoff, N. Y. C., $4; Randolph Thomas Costello, N. Y. C., $1; A. Horowitz, Wingdale, N. Y., $10; M. Rifkin, Wingdale, N. Y., $5; B. Goldberg, Wingdale, N. Y., $5; H. Coblentz Wingdale, N. Y., $2.50; A. W. Nelson Rose Lake, Idaho, $3

Polish Priest Hired to Keep Workers Quiet

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

WEIRTON, W. Va. (By Mail). — The superintendent of the Weirton Steel Co. has paid $1,000 to an immigrant Polish priest to come here to preach to the Polish workers so that they will not interfere with the bosses' profits or participate in any industrial organization work which might take place at Weirton.

—P.

FEDERAL PRISONS CROWDED

WASHINGTON, (FP) June 22.—Federal prisons, located at McNeil Island, Wn., Leavenworth, Kans., and Atlanta, held twice as many prisoners, in June, as those prisons were planned by their builders to hold. The Department of Justice, announcing this congestion, predicts that there will be a further over-crowding when the federal courts begin to grind again in the autumn.

TRACTION LINE SEEKS 7c FARE

Tammany, Republicans in on Deal

(Continued from Page One)

I. R. T. over the control of the new city subways and the resulting scramble between Walker and Smith held up the deal. Now all forces are in harmony and they are now merely stalling until after election.

William F. Kenny, contractor, and millionaire traction owner, who controls the Third Avenue Railway, contributed $70,000 to Smith's campaign fund all "for love of Al," he declared. Kenny and Smith last winter went to the south together on the famous pilgrimage to spread Tammany Hallism in the land of Dixie.

Truck Driver Injured in Brooklyn Accident

Wet pavements caused a triple automobile collision and injuries to four persons yesterday at Rugby Rd., and Ditmas Ave., Brooklyn.

A light truck crashed into two heavier trucks and overturned. The driver, Francis E. McKinney, was taken to the Kings County Hospital with a collarbone fractured.

JAIL LEADERS OF TEXTILE STRIKE IN NEW BEDFORD

Murdoch, Union Head, Gets Two Months

(Continued from Page One)

thereby "disturbing the peace."

The 13 defendants came into court yesterday wearing red carnations in their buttonholes. An order by the court to remove them and an attempt by the attendants to carry out this order met with strikers' complete defiance. They continued to wear the flowers in court.

Despite the knowledge that their union leaders are unable to appeal further to avoid going to prison, the striking textile workers, led by the rank and file picket captains, conducted what is admitted even by the capitalist press to be one of the largest and enthusiastic picketing demonstrations yet held since the strike began on April 16.

1,200 Picket Mill

More than 1,200 strikers gathered last night at the gates of the Wamsutta Mills, where a squadron of police attacked the picket line a few days ago, and sang strike songs while patrolling the plant. The shouting of strike slogans and the singing of songs went on continually, despite the fact that the police expressly prohibited this. Nearly all the arrests to date were so-called "peace disturbances" caused by singing and whistling.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 22.—Four men and two women striking textile workers, picketing the factory gates of the Wamsutta Mills, were arrested this morning after they had defended themselves against a new attack on the picket lines by police. A picket demonstration was also held at the Nonquitt Mills where the owners and their straw bosses vainly trying to open the mills with a handful of imported scabs.

International Press Correspondence

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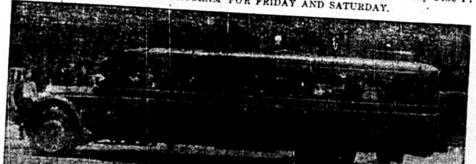

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10,000 Belgian Longshoremen Follow Belgenland Dockers Out on Strike

PARIS COMMUNIST CONVENTION HAS SECOND SESSION

Political, Economic Situation Discussed

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

PARIS, June 22.—The political and economic situation in France and the consequent tasks of the French Communist Party were discussed at yesterday's session of the national conference of the Party.

The delegates unanimously rejected Renaud's condemnation of the Party's electoral tactics. Speaker after speaker declared that the tactics were understood where explained, and protested any revision of the organization.

Chasseigne and Berlioz, reporting on conditions thruout the country, declared that there is no improvement in the economic prosperity of France. This is proved, they asserted, by the increasing class consciousness of the masses of French workers.

Bernard, of the Political Buro, upheld the Party's policies while admitting the general disregard of the danger of opportunism.

Speaking for the Youth League, Billoux addressed the convention on the need of combatting Party passivity. He declared that opportunism can be conquered by the co-operation of the Party leaders and not by distrust.

Jacob then urged the intensification of united front activity by helping the workers in their daily demands.

Presenting the trade union report, Monmousseau attacked the dangerous reformist delusions of class collaboration which are supposed to be for the workers' advantage, owing to increased production.

In spite of the efforts of the reformists in the labor movement, he pointed out, strikes are now more aggressive than ever. He further declared that anarcho-syndicalism must be wiped out, while the organization of the industrial districts must be speeded up.

Monmousseau also asserted the necessity of combatting the errors of the Paris district on the questions of leadership in the trade unions.

DON PLOTTERS DENY CHARGES

Others Show Machines Were Useless

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 22.—During yesterday's session of the trial of the engineers accused of counter-revolutionary activities in the Donetz coal fields, Krylenko stated that the public prosecutor had received a declaration on oath from the technicians, Koester and Sebold, of the Knapp company.

Both of the technicians denied the story of the accused engineer Badstieber. Sebold maintains that the Knapp machines were in excellent condition, irreproachable.

The prosecutor then read a document from the Knapp firm stating that the machines sent to the Soviet Union were the equal of those sent to France and Belgium. Krylenko declared that the machines sent the Soviet Union were not in good condition, notwithstanding.

Sebold has written the prosecutor offering to surrender to the court. The court has complied and withdrawn the arrest warrant against the technician on his promise to remain in the Soviet Union until the end of the trial.

The German engineer Hobe also offered evidence showing the sabotage activities of the Russian engineers, while the German mechanic, Krischevsky, confirmed the statements that the Knapp machines at the Vorovsky mine were useless.

TO HOLD PICNIC IN PHILA. TOMORROW

Joint Affair to Spur Election Drive

PHILADELPHIA, June 22.—Arrangements are going forward for the joint picnic of the Workers' (Communist) Party and the Parents' Council of the Pioneers, which will be held Sunday, at Strawberry Mansion Park.

The picnic is being arranged for the purpose of financing the immediate work of the party in connection with the election campaign and as a means of contributing to the fund of the Pioneer Camp.

FLYER KILLED

LEBO, Mass., June 22.—Flying in the teeth of a high wind, Wayne G. Neville, an experienced mail pilot on the Kansas-Dallas liner was killed instantly today when his plane crashed into a field six miles southeast of Lebo. The plane caught fire after it struck the ground.

Amundsen, Norwegian Explorer, Lost Hunting Fascist Flyer

Above the plane in which Ronald Amundsen, noted Norwegian explorer set out to rescue General Nobile, the Italian flyer who was recently found after his airship, the Italia, had landed in the arctic wastes. No word has been received from Amundsen since his flight.

STANDARD OIL BARONS CLEAN UP MILLIONS

By LELAND OLDS, (Federated Press).

How Standard Oil millionaires' millions multiply while they amuse themselves with such diversions as subsidizing a republican national administration is illustrated by the increase in the value of the Pratt trust fund analyzed in a recent issue of the Wall Street Journal. According to the journal's figures this fund, with a market value of $2,743,000 when it was created in December 1920, now has a market value of $4,109,569. If stock dividend shares turned over to the beneficiary are included the present market value rises to $4,711,331 an appreciation of more than 70 per cent in 7 years.

The trust was created by Herbert L. Pratt, now president of the Standard Oil Co. of New York, for the benefit of his wife. Pratt provided that the income from the trust should go to his wife and that on her death the principal should be divided among her 5 children. Today Mrs. Pratt is getting an annual income of more than $213,000 from the fund and from her share of the stock dividends declared on securities held by the trust.

Could Support 500.

This part of Mrs. Pratt's income alone would provide 100 families with a living wage according to the standard set by the U. S. department of labor. If there were no other wealth coming their way the 5 children would undoubtedly become millionaires on Mrs. Pratt's death with an assured income of more than $40,000 apiece whether they work or not. And they represent the third generation from the original Charles Pratt who as a Rockefeller associate founded the Pratt fortune.

The securities forming the original principal of the trust, with their market values in December 1920, were:

Pratt Trust, Dec. 24, 1920	Per Share	Total
1,000 shares Illinois Pipe Line	$157	$157,000
2,000 shares Ohio Oil	265	530,000
1,000 shares Prairie Pipe Line	180	180,000
2,000 shares S. O. of California	290	580,000
10,000 shares S. O. of Indiana	66	660,000
2,000 shares S. O. of New York	318	636,000
Grand total		$2,743,000

Increase Wealth.

These are all Standard Oil stocks and have consequently experienced their share of the stock dividends and split-ups which have characterized Standard Oil history since 1920. In 1921 Standard of California split its stock giving the owners 4 shares for 1; in 1922 Standard of New York did the same. In 1922 the trust received in stock dividends 6000 additional shares of Ohio Oil or 300 per cent, 16,000 additional shares of Standard of New York or 200 per cent, 8000 additional shares of Standard of California or 100 per cent, 2000 additional shares of Prairie Pipe Line or 200 per cent stock dividend and 10,000 shares of Standard of Indiana or 100 per cent. In 1926 there was another 25 per cent stock dividend by Standard of New York.

In the intervening years the trust disposed of its holdings in Illinois Pipe Line, purchased over half a million dollars worth of bonds and 500 additional shares of Standard of California. Out of stock dividends it turned over to Mrs. Pratt 985 shares of Prairie Pipe Line, 1771 shares of Standard of California, 1825 shares of Standard of Indiana and 1045 shares of Standard of New York.

After all these changes the securities forming the principal of the fund in June 1928, with their market values were:

Pratt Trust, June 4, 1928	Per Share	Total
18,000 shares Ohio Oil	$62.50	$500,000
15,118 shares S. O. of California	58.50	884,403
16,000 shares S. O. of Indiana	77.00	1,232,000
26,000 shares S. O. of New York	36 13	939,250
Bonds		548,000
Cash		5,916
Grand total		$4,109,569

In addition the stock dividend shares turned over to Mrs. Pratt have a market value of $601,762.

This trust is small compared with the billions made out of oil. It represents only a part of Mrs. Pratt's property, only a part of what she and her children will inherit. But its brief history shows clearly how the rich are automatically getting richer.

AUSTRIAL LABOR REFORMIST MEET

VIENNA, June 22.—The Congress of the Austrian Trade Unions yesterday accepted, without any debate on the subject, Otto Bauer's report on the political situation. Bauer declared that the post-war crisis of capitalism is completely over. His report on rationalization "proved" the necessity of forming a strict regulation of working hours, but, as usual, no corresponding demands were formulated. Every speaker narrowly defended the interests of his own trade and attacked industrial unions.

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Re-organized under the directorship of JAMES H. DICK (formerly of Mohegan Modern School), is now open and prepared to accept applications for day and boarding pupils.

A School for Workers' Children. Creative activities with a social environment developing responsibility and comradeship.

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ATTACK BRITISH LABOR PARTY

Appeal for Workers' Conferences

LONDON, June 22.—A manifesto attacking the present tendencies in regards to class collaboration in the labor movement, has been issued by the labor leaders, A. J. Cook and Maxton.

The manifesto after declaring against cooperation of the workers with the British capitalists, lays down the principle of an unceasing war against capitalism and asserts that the workers can win the products of their labor only by their own efforts.

The manifesto further condemns the view that the Labor Party should be a national and not a working class party.

The calling of rank and file conferences for the expression of the workers' views concerning the present policy is also urged. No concrete differences with the Labor Party are stated in the manifesto, however.

The London Daily Herald, organ of the British Labor Party, in a leading article violently condemns the manifesto.

The capitalist press, while hailing what it interprets as a split in the ranks of the British Labor Party, is alarmed lest the move turn out to the advantage of the Committee.

Four Applicants for Each Harrisburg Job

HARRISBURG, Pa., (F. P.), June 22.—Of 10,500 applicants for jobs at public employment agencies last month, but 25 per cent could be placed, asserts the Pennsylvania Department of Labor. 41 per cent of the applicants were women.

450 workers were killed in industry during the month and 36,426 were injured. 4,400 serious injuries were reported from hard and soft coal mines.

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Workingmen and women, protect your homes in case of fire. Join the insurance society of your own class.

For further information apply at 227 East 84th Street.

The Organization of a World Party
By OSIP PIATNITSKY
15 Cents

What are the various sections of the Communist International doing? Germany, France, U. S., England, Italy?

What are their achievements, shortcomings and future tasks?

B. Vasiliev, reviewing this pamphlet in the May 1 issue of the **Communist International**, says:

"Every active member of every Communist Party in capitalist countries must have a copy of Comrade Piatnitsky's little book among the number of absolutely necessary handbooks on everyday Party work."

Order from
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
39 EAST 125th STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

WORKER-PEASANT TROOPS DISARM REACTIONARIES

Nanking, Japan Draw Closer

CANTON, June 22.—Worker-Peasant troops operating in the northern part of Kwantung province have disarmed the reactionary general, Hu Feng-chiang, according to reports reaching this city from the interior.

Reports of the success of the Worker-Peasant armies continue to arrive here, stating that the spread of the influence of the troops is gradually being extended to include large sections of northern Kwantung and Kiangsi where they are said to be especially active in the neighborhood of Nanchang.

* * *

Strife Between Workers

SHANGHAI, June 22.—News of the growing strife among the Nanking and the Kuominchun warlords, and the understanding that the former are arriving at with the Japanese government is reflected in various reports reaching Shanghai from Peking.

The struggle between the northern warlords reached an acute stage when the soldiers of Feng Yu Ssiang, rival of the Nanking government in the race for the possession of Peking, disarmed the troops of the Nanking general, Pai Chung-tsi. The incident has caused deep resentment among the warring factions.

At the same time, a calculated co-operation between the governments of Nanking could be seen in the announcement that the Japanese fleet is to be withdrawn from the Yangtse.

This announcement follows the report that a meeting called by the Teachers and Students Union in Peking had been dispersed by the police and troops.

Army Chief, a Smuggler

General Jose Alvarez, former chief of staff in the Mexican army, is facing trial as a smuggler. Together with a well-known actress, he is accused of smuggling several thousand dollars worth of silks and fine stuffs.

DIAMONDWORKERS STILL ON STRIKE

Government Anxious to Crush Walkout

CAPETOWN, June 22. — South African native workers continued to stream into the town of Lichtenburg yesterday from the diamond diggings just outside where a strike involving 25,000 was declared two days ago.

Most of the strikers, many with their entire families, have left the diamond fields with all their possessions and have now no place to stay. Hundreds of the diamond workers are being temporarily housed in the town hall, in a number of churches and other available buildings. Their suffering, owing to the abrupt march, is in some cases considerable.

The police of the South African government are on hand and are threatening to take extreme measures to suppress any action the strikers may take in the course of meetings and demonstrations.

The government is reported to be thoroughly alarmed by what it regards as one of the most crucial situation in years.

EXPECT SEAMEN MAY JOIN HUGE HARBOR WALKOUT

Police Fail to Smash Meetings

ANTWERP, June 22.—Following the strike of the dockers discharging the grain cargo of the British Red Star liner, Belgenland, here, ten thousand longshoremen have joined in a huge walk-out that is threatening to tie up all domestic and foreign shipping in the principal Belgian port. The Belgenland was compelled to sail without unloading her entire cargo.

The walkout of the stevedores followed the refusal of the Red Star officials to accede to the demand of the dockers for a wage increase. The men unloading the big British ship walked out unanimously and were shortly afterwards followed by thousands along the waterfront.

A heavy fog hung over the Scheldt yesterday and as meetings of the strikers gathered in the narrow quays and streets, the police attempted to disperse the strikers. They were booed and hissed by the longshoremen and sympathizers.

Every effort is being made by the strikers to bring out the seamen who are sympathetic. Leaders of the harbor workers declare that the seamen will be out within the next few days.

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ADMISSION 35 Cents. Auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party.

TICKETS ON SALE AT 26-28 UNION SQUARE.

Labor Called Upon to Support Servicemen's Struggles Against Military Czars

ARMY DEMANDS ARE ISSUED BY YOUNG WORKERS

Y. W. C. L. Fights for Rights of Soldiers

By PAUL CROUCH.

The Young Workers (Communist) League has taken up the struggle for the rights and interests of the enlisted men. The National Executive Committee has officially issued a program of demands. All servicemen and all labor organizations are called upon to fight for the realization of these demands.

The League does not wish to give the illusion that any considerable improvement of the condition of the servicemen is probable under the capitalist system, and the fight for these immediate demands will be linked up with the struggle for a workers' and farmers' government which will free both the civilian workers and those in the military service.

The demands of the Young Workers (Communist) League as issued by the National Executive Committee follows:

1. 50 percent increase in base pay for privates and 25 percent increase in base pay for non-commissioned officers.

2. $1 a day food ration for all soldiers. Election of mess sergeant and inspection of commissary accounts by the men.

3. Government allotments to dependants in addition to soldiers' pay.

4. Tailor-made uniforms furnished free by the government. Laundry and all other necessities to be furnished free.

5. Maximum duty of 8 hours daily, including guard duty.

6. Abolition of K. P., civilian employes to be hired by the government for this work.

7. No restrictions in passes for soldiers off duty.

8. Abolition of restricted districts.

9. Use of salute only in line of duty.

10. Soldiers not to be restricted from any part of military reservation and to have free use of all recreational facilities including tennis and polo.

11. No compulsory special duty without agreement of soldier.

12. Right of union men joining service to retain union affiliations. Right of specialists to join unions of their respective trades.

13. The right to vote for soldiers.

14. The right to join labor and political organizations and to attend meetings.

Free Speech.

15. Free speech and the right of soldiers to select their own reading matter.

16. Abolition of general court martial with civil trial for serious offenses (ex.:—general court martial applies to sentences over 6 mos.) Substitution of trial by elected jury of soldiers for summary and special court martial.

17. Regular furloughs for all soldiers without discrimination inclusive of those in the colonies, with pay in advance. Right of soldiers in colonies to spend furloughs there if wishing.

18. Non-interference of officers in personal affairs of soldiers including right to marry without officers' consent, etc., etc.

19. Right of all soldiers to wear civilian clothes at any time when off duty.

20. Election of non-commissioned officers by the men.

21. No use of army in strikes at home or in the colonies.

Refuse to act in strikes!

Refuse to be a policeman for the bosses.

Support your fellow workers in their struggles for better conditions.

Refuse to act as a policeman for Wall Street!

Support the colonial peoples in their fight for freedom!

Fight the war threat against the workers' and farmers' government of the Soviet Union!

National Executive Committee,
Young Workers (Communist) League.

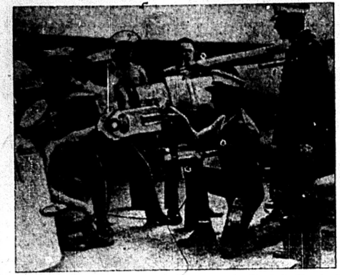
SERVICEMEN!

The DAILY WORKER is the only daily newspaper in the United States defending the interests of the men in uniform. At all times The DAILY WORKER fights for the servicemen in their struggles against the harsh treatment they are forced to endure, and is pages are open to their opinions.

Every Saturday, a section of The DAILY WORKER is devoted to letters from servicemen, articles on their problems and news of importance. In the future, many letters will be published from soldiers and sailors of Great Britain, France, Germany, Mexico and other capitalist countries; and letters from Red Army soldiers will be of great interest.

Servicemen! You come from the working class. Your place is in the class struggle by the side of your fellow workers! The DAILY WORKER belongs to both civilian workers and to the workers in uniform. Read the newspaper of the working class and write for its pages!

Getting Ready for New Imperialist Wars



Above target practice of the [illegible] of the U. S. S. Maryland. The sailors are being trained for service to protect the investments of United States capitalists.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS TELL OF CONDITIONS

Editor, The DAILY WORKER:

Your paper is the very thing we need for the sailors. I enjoy reading the letters from the servicemen, but don't see enough letters from the navy. Why don't you print more material about the life of the "gobs"?

Now, I've got a kick to make against some of your articles. Some of your writers seem to think we are enemies of the workers but that isn't so. We have just one reason for being in the navy, and that is to get three meals (however so poor) per day and a dry (sometimes) place to sleep.

I don't think any of us would wish to fight against our fellow workers. But I can't say much for the work we are doing at present—that of playing war to bluff the Chinese and Japanese into heeding the demands of our masters. We would refuse to do that if someone was able to point the way. Don't tell us what we are doing—but what we should do about it.

SEAMAN.

U. S. S. New Mexico.
June 2, 1928.

Editor, The DAILY WORKER:

I just got a copy of The DAILY WORKER from another soldier here, and I wish to say that the story about our conditions here is just like conditions we have here. It was read with the greatest interest by all the soldiers in my company.

We are glad to see that at least one newspaper is honest enough to tell the truth about the army.

Will you please send sample copies of The DAILY WORKER to ———— and to ————?

I would like to tell you some news here that might interest other soldiers.

Last month 38 soldiers from my post, Fort Davis, were sent to the Gorgas Hospital here with ptomaine poisoning. It is the result of the bum food we get down here, and I wonder if the people in the United States could do something about it.

One of my buddies, Pvt. John J. Schench, of the 14th Infantry, a fine young fellow, found conditions down here so bad with no hope of getting away that he put a bullet through his brain. He had been down here for four months—but in this hell hole that seems like a lifetime.

We are not permitted to go to most parts of the cities in Panama, can not wear civilian clothes, and must be in bed before 11 o'clock. Life in the army anywhere is bad enough, I guess, but words can't describe this place. Am trying to save money to buy out and once away from this place, no more "seeing the world for me."

BUCK PRIVATE.

Fort Davis, Panama.
June 10, 1928.

BRITISH SAILORS DIE FROM TUBERCULOSIS

By WILLIAM RUST

(Secretary of Young Communist League of Great Britain.)

A little known naval grievance has been just brought to light which shows that life in the great British navy is far from healthy. Those people who imagine that "life on the ocean wave" produces boys of the bulldog breed will be staggered to learn that in the British navy, which rules the waves, the percentage of deaths due to tuberculosis is double that among the civil population.

More Disease in Service.

In the navy 2.19 per thousand men suffer from the disease and the death rate is 34 per 1,000. In the army the figures are respectively .91 and .12 per thousand. The figures for the civil population are 1.52 and .17 per thousand.

The number of tuberculosis cases in the navy is all the more amazing in view of the fact that the tests for admission to the navy are extremely severe, only one out of every 10 of the would-be recruits are accepted.

Why Tuberculosis?

Why is it that this dread disease is rampant? Sir Bertram Falle M. P. was compelled to admit in parliament that the conditions under which men had to live on board ship were conducive to tuberculosis. It would be interesting to find out the extent of tuberculosis among the officers. We could then test the different effects of cramped quarters and spacious cabins.

Bad Food a Factor.

Bad food is also a factor. Medical officers' reports state that the great majority of naval sickness is due to stomach troubles and bad teeth.

The admiralty not only does nothing to stamp out tuberculosis, it also does its best to get out of paying a pension to men invalided out with this complaint. Even such an high officer as Rear-Admiral Beamish says, that there is considerable dissatisfaction in the navy with the manner in which invaliding out of the service is conducted. An exceedingly small proportion get either pension or gratuity. Generally the Medical Survey Board makes out that the unfortunate victim had the complaint before he joined up. Hundreds of men, broken in health, are being thrown on the stones without a penny recently.

These facts were brought to light in the house of commons by the tory M. P.'s representing ports. They are only concerned with vote catching and now having satisfied their consciences nothing more will be heard from them. The labor M. P.'s are just as bad or even worse. Last week, when the naval estimates were considered, they spent so much time advising the generals and admirals how to improve the technique of modern warfare that they forgot all about voicing the sailors' grievances. In fact the order which further limited the political rights of sailors was issued by the labor government.

This order was a bad blow at the lower deck for it is only by means of political activity that bad conditions can be changed.

That there is a growing demand in the army and navy for full political rights explains the small concession in a new regulation issued by the government this week as follows:

(a) In the event of a parliamentary election every facility should be given to officers and soldiers to record their votes.

(b) No political meetings are to be allowed within barracks and within camps, nor is canvassing in quarters to be allowed.

(c) Subject to (b) there should be no restriction on officers and soldiers attending political meetings in or out of uniform, whether in the vicinity of their quarters or no, always provided that the unit commander may use his discretion to forbid officers or soldiers to attend such meetings in cases where he has reason to expect that discipline may be prejudiced, or urgent military duties interfered with.

In clause (a) the order says "That the soldiers shall get 'every facility.'" In clauses (b) and (c) the generals take good care to withdraw the most important facilities.

In view of the approaching general election the Young Communist League is intensifying the campaign for full political rights for soldiers and sailors on equal terms with the civilian population.

Demands for Servicemen.

In the "Soldiers' and Sailors' Programmes" the Communist Youth puts forward the following demand:

"The right to join political parties and to organize branches of these parties in the army and navy, and the right to attend political meetings and demonstrations. The right of all men over the age of 21 to be elected to parliament and other bodies.

VETERAN TELLS OF MURDERS IN U. S. HOSPITAL

Forced to Sign Stories of "Good Treatment"

The story of how veterans are beaten to death, forced to sign statements that they had been well treated, and compelled to work without pay are told in a letter to the Veterans' Bureau by Patrick Connell.

The charges of Connell are admitted by the silence of the Veterans' Bureau, which refused to answer the letter.

In his letter Connell tells of how before his discharge the authorities wrote letters to his relatives in his name, though without his authorization, requesting money for his return home, in spite of the law that the Veterans' Bureau should furnish transportation. He goes on to tell about the brutalities he witnessed during his stay in the hospital.

The letter continues:

Pittsburgh, Pa.

I was forced to labor at the hospital for 660 days. I was there about 690 days all told. I reported Dr. Baines to the Veterans' Bureau at Atlanta, Georgia, in December 1926. They told me I would be allowed $2.60 a day while at the U. S. V. Hospital No. 62. But I never got a penny for the 22 months' work I did there.

Dr. Black, your medical advisor, wrote my attorney telling him that I said I was treated good at that hospital. I was forced to write what Dr. Thompson directed, or get killed, after I came back from Atlanta in December. He claimed I got him in wrong when I reported Dr. Baines to the Veterans' Bureau. He forced me to do as he directed. Dr. Whitmeyer had 5 big attendants beat me up in ward No. 6 for refusing to labor without pay.

Men Beaten to Death.

I also had the dates when they beat up some of the patients. And, too, when I saw men beaten to death. They died after the beating they got. One man was beaten in ward No. 9 under Dr. Walton, in the evening about 8:30 P. M. The next morning he was carried out dead.

Now, I saw 690 days of this. You trust the doctors; they are officials. But Dr. Baines knows everything that goes on. He knows the veterans are beaten to death and he is responsible.

I would sooner spend the rest of my life a prisoner in Portsmouth Naval Prison than to be a patient in a Veterans' Bureau Hospital. During the war I worked in hospitals and I have an idea of how a patient should be treated.

Yours,
PATRICK CONNELL.

The RED ARMY

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39 East 125th St., New York, N. Y.

DRAMA

THE ART OF MOSKVIN ON STAGE AND SCREEN

WHEN the Moscow Art Theatre was causing critical rhapsodies here a few years ago, one of its outstanding artists, Moskvin, came in for a special share of vigorous acclaim. His portraits ran the gamut of characterizations from his superb delineation of Czar Feodor and the gentle, verminous, old pilgrim in the "The Lower Depths" to the heart-wringing picture of the infinitely lowly, inadequate, intimidating Shegiryovi in "The Brothers Karamazov."

It is too much, however, to expect such an outstanding stage actor to contribute anything of merit to the screen as it is rare for an artist in the speaking drama to do anything first rate on the screen, but Moskvin upset this theory with the astonishing and almost perfect performance which he gave in "Polykushka"; as one critic said of his art in this film "he (Moskvin) says more to us with his little finger than many actors can express with every part of their body including the palate. It is black magic to watch the manner which the short, stumpy fingers of this little player begin to spell out a message of cheer, despair and enunciation. I believe whole-heartedly that it would be a fearful task for us to match Moskvin."

Now comes Moskvin with another outstanding creation in Pushkin's "The Station Master," a Sovkino production, which is having its American premiere at the Cameo Theatre.

His art may be generally characterized as a genial illumination of life, full of that unseen wealth and of that passionate truth that we see in the pictures of Memling and Brugge. Moskvin is not interested in the heroes of life but in its victims. His penchant is for the man who is ill-treated and insulted by existence, and particularly a man who silently bears these insults. With his remarkable naturalistic pathos, Moskvin catches all the minute details of the hysterical and twitching movements of the soul oppressed by a series of life's situations.

His portrait of Pushkin's "The Station Master" is brilliant in its wit and pathos. We are not treated with the usual "character achievement." His portrayal of the old postmaster whose sequestered life is suddenly torn from its moorings by an unforseen and seemingly harmless episode, he gives to the screen one of its most delicate portrayals of a kind, noble and simple human soul.

EVA LE GALLIENNE

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CALL FOR NATION WIDE DRIVE TO RELEASE PORTER

Young Workers League Challenges Militarism

(Continued from Page One)

join in the fight for the immediate release of Porter and the struggle to defeat the military machine of reaction in the first real battle. Porter symbolizes the struggles of the working class youth.

"Our fight must be carried into the ranks of the armed forces. The servicemen should follow Porter's example in joining the struggle of the workers and while learning how to shoot they must learn who to shoot in the struggle between the exploiters and exploited. They should not leave the army, however, but should win over the masses of young workers in the army to the causes of the workers.

"Fight for the Release of Porter!

"Stop the use of the army as a strike-breaker!

"Unity betwen soldier and civilian workers!

"A united front for the freedom of Porter—for the fight against capitalist militarism!"

National Executive Committee,
Young Workers (Communist) League.

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Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
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Joint Board Calls Fur Workers to Force Pay Increases, Shorten Hours

USE STOPPAGES AS WEAPON, CALL TO WORKERS SAYS

Only Way to Give the Jobless Work

While the last few days' developments in the fur industry have shown that the right wing union of the A. F. of L. is torn by a factional struggle which has burst into the open, the Joint Board of the Furriers' Union is proceeding with the campaign it mapped out for the regaining of the union conditions destroyed by the right wing and the bosses. A circular issued by the Joint Board and distributed to the workers yesterday, called upon the workers to take immediate action to secure the July raises in pay, the enforcement of the 40 hour week and thereby work for the jobless. The leaflet follows in part:

The wages have been cut more than fifty per cent. The cutters, operators, nailers and finishers are now getting $30 and even $40 less than they got in 1926 despite the fact that they are now producing twice as much work. Hundreds of thousands of dollars are weekly stolen from the workers to fill the pockets of the bosses. Cost of living and rent have not become cheaper; only the fur workers became cheaper. Why?

Because your ranks were broken and your union wrecked.

One strong united union, under the leadership of competent, devoted and militant workers will restore the union conditions, will put an end to the merciless exploitation in the shops, increase the wages, curb the appetites of the greedy manufacturers and reestablish the furrier's self respect and pride.

A July increase for every worker under all circumstances.

The first week in July all furriers get increases in wages. This has been the trade practice for many years; and the bosses were long ago forced to recognize this practice. Only last year the workers did not receive their rightful July increases because last year the council scab agents sold out to the bosses the July increases as well as all other union conditions.

A July increase for every worker without any exceptions or else shop stoppages.

Don't postpone. Don't be misled by empty promises of your boss or foreman or of the scabs in your shop. Act at once. Now there is already work in the trade. Forge the irons while they are hot.

Don't allow yourselves to be misled by the fake maneuvers or empty threats from the scab council. If necessary be ready and mobilize your power for a general stoppage to wrest from the bosses an increase for every worker.

You can force the bosses to return to you a large part of the slashed wages, and you can rout your enemies only by means of united, courageous and determined action. This will be your first step in adopting united mass pressure, which will restore higher wages and the 40 hour week. This will mean jobs for the unemployed and will restore all other union standards in the shop.

BARE BURGLARIES OF "UNION" AGENT

Denies Robbing Store; Says "It Was Actress"

"I was wrongly accused of burglarizing a jewelry store in Boston," whined "Big" Alex Fried, who was commissioned by the American Federation of Labor to lead the war of destruction against the Furriers' Union. "It was the house of an actress, and not a jewelry store," he asserted. This was the climax at the trial of Fried, who led a squad of thugs to knife Meyer Fineman, a fur worker.

Although there were six assailants of the furrier, four of them were dismissed by Judge Collins, who is presiding at their trial in general sessions, part 6.

Samuel Markowitz, lawyer for the right wing union, who is providing money for the defense of the sluggers, is trying to obtain Fried's release by proving that it is a frame-up because Fried refused to obey the order of I. Shapiro, of the Joint Board to join the Trade Union Educational League. This absurd tactic was adopted in order to scare the judge and the jury.

The case was summed up in yesterday's session in court, with the judge scheduled to charge the jury tomorrow. Markewitz's summing up was almost completely a speech condemning the militant leaders of the Furriers' Union, the rest of the speech was devoted to explaining away Fried's years in jail for burglary as mere youthful transgressions. He marshalled proof that he is a good boy now, pointing out that many manufacturers thought very highly of him.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Grand Rapids I. L. D.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—The International Labor Defense of this city will hold a "Free Tom Mooney and Warren Billings" Picnic on June 24, at the United Workers' Co-operative Camp, 6 miles past Bostwick Lake on M-14. Those who go are advised to watch for the signs directing them to the place.

* * *

Paperhangers of Boston.

BOSTON.—The Paperhangers' Union, local 258, will inaugurate a campaign for new members to extend over a period of 3 months, June, July and August. The initiation fee has been reduced from $100 to $25. The local calls upon all organized paperhangers of the city and vicinity to join the union and help to organize the non-union workers. The local union meets at the district council headquarters, corner Washington and Dover Sts., Boston.

* * *

District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

BOSTON.—District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham,

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

Cleveland I. L. D. Picnic.

CLEVELAND. — The International Labor Defense has arranged a picnic for the miners' defense to be held June 24, at New Sachsenheim Gardens, 7001 Denison Ave. There will be speakers, music, and refreshments.

* * *

Boston District Y. W. L. Anniversary.

District 1 will hold a truck party and picnic Sunday, June 24, at Vanikens farm, Cushing St., Hingham, Mass., to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

* * *

Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Custer Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Youngstown Picnic.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio. — The Seventh Annual International Picnic of the Youngstown Workers (Communist) Party will be held on June 24. Those wishing to attend should stop at 28 Sharon Line. "Why the Workers Party Is in the Presidential Campaign" will be the subject of a talk by a national speaker.

* * *

Cleveland Miners' Relief.

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—The Cleveland Conference of the National Miners' Relief Committee will hold a tag day on June 23. All wishing to participate should report at the South Slavic Hall, 5607 St. Clair Ave., at 2 p. m.

Hammond Miners' Relief.

HAMMOND, Ind.—A picnic will be held here at Gruener's Grove, on Shifild Ave., on June 24, for the benefit of the striking miners' relief. All have been invited to attend.

* * *

Astoria Hungarian Workers' Dramatic Club.

ASTORIA, L. I.—The Astoria Hungarian Workers' Dramatic Club will hold a Goulash Picnic on June 24, starting at 10 a. m. in the Astoria Small Wood. Those who wish to attend will meet at the Hoyt St. station from 9:30 to 10 a. m.

* * *

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing will feature.

* * *

Shachtman China Lecture Tour Dates

Sunday, June 24, Passaic, N. J. Workers' Home, 27 Dayton St., 7:30 P. M.

PIECE WORK FOR ACW CONTRACTOR

Officials to Permit It, Boss Paper Avers

Despite loud protestations now current in the Socialist Jewish daily Forward, to the effect that the Hillman administration in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union will not grant piece work to the contractors, an employers trade journal yesterday made public the fact that in the negotiations for a new agreement now going on between Hillman and the bosses, the union officials will probably permit piece work for "some" contractors.

The particular contractors referred to are those doing work for the manufacturers' association. When the larger employers demanded, as was reported yesterday, the piece work privilege for their contractors only, the Hillman machine declared that "under no circumstances will they grant piece work to any but 'responsible employers.'" Now the bosses' papers, in reporting the progress of the negotiations, say that "the labor group show a willingness to consider means of encouraging large production with permanent contractors," meaning, that the encouragement will be given by granting piece work.

The bosses' paper then admits that it will be difficult to build a machinery whereby piece work will be permitted on work done for the members of the bosses' association, while week work will be enforced when the same shop turns to the work of other manufacturers.

New developments which deepen the misery and intensify the exploitation of the mens' clothing workers occur daily, as the misleaders of the graft-infested Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union speed up their plans to help the bosses install the sweat shop system of piece work.

Colleges Get Cash for Imperiailst Flying

The board of trustees of the Daniel Guggenheim fund for the promotion of aeronautics has authorized appropriations totalling $339,000 to the University of Washington, the Harvard University graduate school of business administration and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology to further the study of aviation, it was announced yesterday by Harry F. Guggenheim, president of the fund.

Lewis Fearful Over Anthracite Mine Fight

SCRANTON, Pa., June 22.—John L. Lewis, union worker of the Mine Workers is following closely Rinaldo Cappellini's fight to retain the presidency of District 1.

Cappellini, unseated by a convention decreed illegal by Lewis, is carrying the fight into local unions to persuade them not to pay per capita to the officers just elected. The possibility of an independent anthracite union is seen. Murder of three progressive mine leaders at Pittston because of their fight on the contract system precipitated the uprising.

$3,000,000,000 AUTO MERGER PLANNED

Third Huge Combine in Last Two Days

MACKIMAC ISLAND, Mich., June 21.—Another move toward the centralization of the control of industry in the United States was made today when delegates to the Automotive Equipments Association of Chicago voted unanimously to merge with the Motor Acessory Manufacturers' Association of New York. The merger was described as one of the largest manufacturing organization combines in the automotive history of the United States and Canada.

More than $3,000,000,000 in trade volume and almost 200 separate, business organizations and trade activities covering every part of the civilized world are involved in this merger, which, following close upon the huge coal and steel mergers in the past few days, indicate the rapid passing of the control of the world's industry under U. S. domination.

MILLINERS PICKET DESPITE ARRESTS

Neither the strike-breaking activities of the right wing officials of the International Cloth Hat Cap and Millinery Workers' Union, nor the police terror of arrests and beatings can prevent the members of the Millinery Hand Workers Local 43, from massing in large picket lines daily around the 11 shops which locked out their members for refusal to obey the order of the International chiefs, to drop their membership in Local 43 and register in Local 24.

The two pickets arrested Wednesday night, Dotty Newman and Francis Schwartz, were released yesterday on $500 bail each for trial on July 10th on charges of disorderly conduct. The bail was fixed by Magistrate Flood in Jefferson Market Court.

The millinery union had declared strikes in many more shops that tried to assist President Zaritsky in his attempt to dissolve Local 43, but many of them had capitulated after the membership of the Local, nearly all of whom are young girls, had crippled production in their shops by militant picketing tactics.

* * *

Excursion Arranged.

The Social and Educational Club of the Millinery Hand Workers Local 43 announced yesterday that arrangements have been completed for the union's excursion to Camp Nitgadaiget on Sunday, July 1. The club sends an invitation to all workers to take the opportunity of going on an excursion that will have features seldom equalled in attractiveness. They conclude the assurance that at least 500 girls, members of the union, will take part in the excursion. Added to this there will be a banquet dinner at the camp dining room. The boat ride will be on the Central Hudson steamer "Benjamin Odell, which will dock at the Battery Park pier. All those going on the excursion will meet at Battery Park 8 o'clock on the morning of July 1st.

EXAMINATIONS START FOR W.I.R. CHILDREN'S CAMP

Urge Support From Workers

Physical examinations by a physician for admittance to the Workers International Relief's Children's Camp at Wingdale this summer are now being made at the Co-operative Health Center, 1800 Seventh avenue. At the rate of 10 a day these examinations are being given without charge to the children. At camp a nurse will oversee the physical well-being of the children.

To provide for these necessary features of a camp for children of workingclass parents, organizations and individuals are urged to support the Build-the Camp Fund. Collection lists and stamps can be obtained at the Workers International Relief headquarters, Room 604, 1 Union Square.

"MOTHER" GITLOW TO BE WELCOMED

Fine Program Arranged for Banquet Tomorrow

Kate Gitlow, veteran of more than thirty years of struggle in the labor movement of this country, who has just returned from a visit to the Soviet Union, where she spent six months studying the conditions of the Russian working class, will be welcomed back by the workers of New York City at a huge banquet to be held tomorrow evening at 6 o'clock at the Manhattan Labor Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St.

The United Council of Working Class Woman, which has arranged the banquet, announced yesterday that the most elaborate preparations had been made for this affair that have ever been made in the history of the organization. Artists in every field have been invited to entertain those present. Most notable of those will be the Konin Musical Trio. Speakers have also been procured.

ONTARIO LUMBER WORKERS STRIKE

150 Men Strike for Pay Increases

TORONTO, Can. (By Mail).—The Lumber Workers Industrial Union has declared a strike at the lumber camps of Faure & Krokback, Commee, Ont. The strike affects 150 workers.

The rates paid the men were $7 per eight-foot cord peeled.

The strikers are demanding increased rates. The demands are: $8 for eight-foot peeled, $5 for four-foot peeled, $5 for eight-foot rough and $3 for four-foot rough.

The strikers appeal to all lumber workers to stay away from the strike area and so help them to win the strike.

FAT JOB FOR CULBERTSON.

SUPERIOR, Wisc., June 21.—President Coolidge today appointed William S. Culbertson, Emporia, Kansas, to be ambassador to Chile. At present Culbertson is minister to Rumania.

Claim Graft in Order to Shorten Pushcarts

Pushcart men in Orchard street have been informed that they will be expected to have pushcarts no longer than 54 inches by tomorrow. The reason for this new limit in length was given as "a step to make room for an unencumbered space of ten feet around each fire hydrant."

The pushcart traders are objecting on the ground that this latest move is only a ruse, the real cause being, in their opinion, that those in charge of the allotment of space in the downtown district want to increase the total of the money they take in graft from workers. More pushcarts, they insist, will mean more money for the grafters.

CONDEMN C.C.N.Y. FOR EXPULSION

Gerson's Reinstatement Demand of Youth Club

Condemnation of the expulsion of Simon W. Gerson from C. C. N. Y. and a protest against the throttling of student opinion was voiced at a special membership meeting of the Fort Morris Youth Club, an organization composed of students and young workers of the Bronx, last night at the Lower Bronx Labor Center, 715 East 138th Street. The following resolution was passed:

"Whereas we, the Fort Morris Youth Club, feel that the expulsion of Simon W. Gerson from the College of the City of New York is 'an attack on the rights of students to fight military training and the right to hold independent political opinion, and

"Whereas, we realize the necessity of youth organizing against the danger of the next war,

"Therefore, be it resolved, that we condemn Gerson's expulsion as an effort to throttle student opinion and the organization of youth against the war danger and that we demand his immediate reinstatement at C. C. N. Y. with full privileges of a student, and

"Be it further resolved, that we send this resolution to the metropolitan press, to the faculty and board of trustees of C. C. N. Y., to organizations of students at C. C. N. Y. and to Mayor Walker."

* * *

Hank Rosner, vice-president of the Social Problems Club of the College of the City of New York, and right-end on the varsity football team, has been indefinitely suspended from the college by order of the faculty, it was learned today. This supension will delay his graduation for a year.

After the protest meeting, held last Friday, against the expulsion of Simon Gerson, president of the organization of which Rosner was vice-president, during which Nathan Adler, 19, of 1204 Boynton Ave., the Bronx, and Jonas Schiffman, 18, of 84 East 137th St., both members of the Young Workers (Communist) League, were arrested, Rosner applied for admission to the summer school of the college, because he needed two more points to receive his degree. His application was returned with a note informing him of his indefinite suspension, with a postscript added to the effect that if he "acts like a good boy from now on," the faculty would "consider" his reinstatement.

SEAPLANE HUNTS AMUNDSEN

BERLIN, June 22.—A powerful seaplane, fully equipped for arctic flying, was held in readiness today to hop off for King's Bay as soon as its assistance was required by the commander of the supply ship Citta Di Milano. The plane was placed at the disposal of the Nobile relief workers by Lufthansa, Germany's great commercial air company.

GIANT PICNIC ON SUNDAY TO DRAW MILITANT LABOR

Party Planning Similar Events Thruout U. S.

None of the militant workers of New York will remain in the city this Sunday.

They will all be at Pleasant Bay Park, where the Workers' (Communist) Party has arranged the great "Red Picnic," one of the banner events in the present election campaign.

Not only will it be one of the great working-class demonstrations of the year, excelled only by the monster May Day demonstration held last month at Madison Square Garden, but it will be a day of merriment and comradeship for thousands of workers.

Indicative of the spirit of the affair will be the old-fashioned torchlight parade with a band and banner, with the candidates of the capitalist parties burned in effigy. Cal Coolidge will be ridden on a rail, and with him will be the new gold dust twins, Herbert Hoover and Al Smith.

From thousands of lusty throats will resound the words of the "International" and comradeship will be the keynote of the political holiday next Sunday.

Party Leaders There.

The principal candidate of the Workers Party in the coming national and state elections will be there, and will participate not only by outlining briefly, the issues facing the American workers in the campaign, but will also join in the merry-making activities of the day.

Proletarian sports and games and a musical program will feature the "Red Picnic." Mass singing of revolutionary songs will precede and conclude the various contests that will be staged.

The "Red Picnic" will follow the great demonstrations such as the Russian workers make of their field days. Workers' sport festivals and relay races will be on the program.

Other participants in the tournament will be the famous girl teams, Rosa Luxuemberg "B" and Rosa Luxemberg "A."

The Freiheit Gessangs Verein and Lithuanian Chorus will contribute a rich and varied program, an dthe Armenian Workers' Educational Clubs report that all arrangements have been perfected for an excellent program of Caucassian folk songs, rendered on Persian instruments of unique make. The club will also give a number of vocal selections.

CHICAGO "NEEDLE WORKER" HAS FETE

On Friday, Saturday and Sunday, June 29, 30 and July 1st, the Chicago needle trades workers will celebrate the first anniversary of their fighting organ, "The Needle Worker."

Meals, amusements and dances will be prepared for those three evenings in the Workers Club rooms, 2736 W. Division Street. Hundreds of workers are expected to attend the celebration and indirectly strengthen the financial basis of their paper.

No Word Yet from Amundsen Expedition

KINGS BAY, Spitzbergen, June 21.—No word has yet been received from Captain Roald Amundsen, who with four companions left Tromsoe, Norway, Monday night to rescue the Nobile expedition and who are now believed lost in the Arctic wastes.

General Nobile, whose publicity stunt for Italian fascism ended in disaster, is now safe together with five companions. They are believed to have sufficient provisions to last until rescued. Attention now centers on the ten other members of the Nobile expedition, of whom there is as yet no trace, and on the lost Amundsen rescue party.

TAMMANY RING GETS $5,000,000

Wrecking Market for Trucking Firm

Charges that Tammany Hall and Governor Alfred E. Smith, in particular, have deliberately wrecked the city wholesale terminal markets in the interest of the United States Trucking Corporation of which Smith for two years was head, were made yesterday by William Bullock, director of the City Affairs Bureau of the republican county committee.

Facts Verified.

While made in the interest of republican propaganda these accusations have long been known to be correct, it was declared yesterday in informed quarters. The wrecking of the city market, it was charged, has enabled the trucking corporation to obtain a monopoly on supplying the city supply of food which yearly totals over $5,000,000, and which would otherwise have come in by direct rail connections at a great saving to the workers.

Harry N. Taylor, president of the trucking corporation, denied the truth of the charge. Smith's activities in connection with the company of whose board of directors he was chairman are, however, well known. In the fall of 1926, for instance, the Tammany governor vetoed a bill for a tunnel to Staten Island under the Narrows in order that the trucking company might keep hundreds of thousands of dollars of trucking which otherwise would have been diverted.

Mayor Walker and Tammany Hall for two and one-half years have been conducting a persistent propaganda against the food terminals. They have crippled the Bronx market, which they found built when they took office. Not only have they failed to open that market but they have turned over nearly fifty-two acres of the city's land for railroad purposes to the New York Central.

Salaries of Teachers Law, Report Proves

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Salaries paid to elementary teachers in cities of 100,000 population and over range from a low minimum of $950 annually to a maximum of $3,504 annually, according to the United States Bureau of Education. New York City, according to the statement, has the highest maximum. This maximum, however, is paid to an infinitesimal fraction of one per cent of teachers in the United States.

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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..............WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Don't Cast a Scab Vote!

The activities of John L. Lewis in trying to break the strike in the coal mines of the Mellon interests, and his efforts to get the mine workers to vote for the presidential candidate of the big finance-capitalist party of which Andrew W. Mellon is the leader, are quite consistent.

Scabbing and underhanded treachery intended to destroy the organizations of the workers, and to defeat their strikes, are tricks that the miners have learned to expect of Mr. Mellon's flunkey, Lewis. But these same workers generally fail to understand the connection between recruiting strikebreakers as Lewis did, to break the Colorado strike while Rockefeller's troopers were murdering coal miners there, and Lewis' advice to workers to support the political party of Rockefeller.

Millions of American workers do not see this. Yet they must begin to understand that the government of the United States and the state and local governments within his country are governments of, for and by the capitalist class. They see that the capitalists pay for the political parties which control the government, but they do not see that the capitalist get what they pay for. Millions do not yet understand that a member of the working class has no more business belonging to a political party of the capitalists than he has to belong to an open-shop association or any other scab agency of the bosses. Many workers still fight the boss heroically on the picket line—and then vote for the boss' political party at the polls.

The labor fakers and shyster politicians make this profession of blinding the workers and encouraging them to continue this suicidal process one of their chief tasks. Bill Green and John Lewis are past masters at this swindle. Hillquit and Berger, Norman Thomas and Jim Maurer, the "socialists," are doing the same thing in a somewhat more disguised manner. They tell the workers to vote for the "socialist" party, but at the same time they see to it that their so-called socialist party supports the capitalist state. The socialist party is another capitalist party, adapted by Hillquit, Thomas & Co., to catch voters in the interest of the capitalists.

Democratic labor leaders, republican labor leaders, socialist party leaders, all say to the workers that the government is, and can be, above the classes. While the federal and state governments are shooting and jailing workers, issuing injunctions and policing the bosses' plants against strikers, the workers are led by these charlatans to think that the government is "impartial."

The capitalist government of Reading, Pa., for instance, is composed of Jim Maurer and his fellow socialist party leaders of that city—and the first act after being elected was to promise the capitalists to "protect" their "property rights" as never before, against the workers in any strike that might come.

Lewis advises workers to vote for the political party of the scab boss Mellon. Other labor fakers will advise the workers to vote for the party of the traction trust, the Wall Street-Tammany Hall candidate, Smith. The socialist party fakers ask the workers to vote for capitalism by voting for the Reverend Norman Thomas who rejects the revolutionary Marxian principles and accepts capitalism, and for Maurer who promises the capitalists to help break strikes.

All of these, who advise the workers to vote scab, are enemies of the working class.

The workers must be reached in this electoral campaign as never before in this country with the agitation which will teach them to vote as they strike—for their own working class cause against the capitalist class and against capitalism.

Workers and exploited farmers! Leave the Wall Street parties! Leave the strikebreakers' parties! Vote as you strike! Vote Communist! Join the Workers (Communist) Party!

An Alarmist Professor

STANDING ROOM ONLY? By E. A. Ross, Ph. D. Century Co.
Reviewed by SCOTT NEARING.

THIS is a book into which the author has crammed dire predictions of unchecked population increase with its consequences in hardship, poverty, famine and premature death. Malthus in his most alarmist mood was an optimist in comparison with Professor Ross.

Malthus predicted a geometric increase in population with a much less rapid increase in food supply. His positive checks on population included war, disease and famine. In his time, however, disease and famine still continued to play havoc with people in all parts of the world.

* * *

Ross points out that within the last 50 years birth rates have been depressed by various birth control methods. During the same years, however, the advances in public health have reduced the death rate to such a point that the surplus of births over deaths is in many instances at least as great as it was in the time of Malthus.

What are the food possibilities of the world?

Ross quotes competent authorities to indicate that at least several times the present world population could be adequately supported on the world's available sources of food. He cites equally conclusive figures to show that, in the course of centuries, if the present rate of human increase continues, population will exceed the food supply possibilities as they are estimated at the present time.

The world population is now about 1,800 million. If the present rate of population increase continues, it will be 5,380 million in 2028; 17,040 million in 2128; 53,930 million in 2228, and 170,710 million in 2328.

* * *

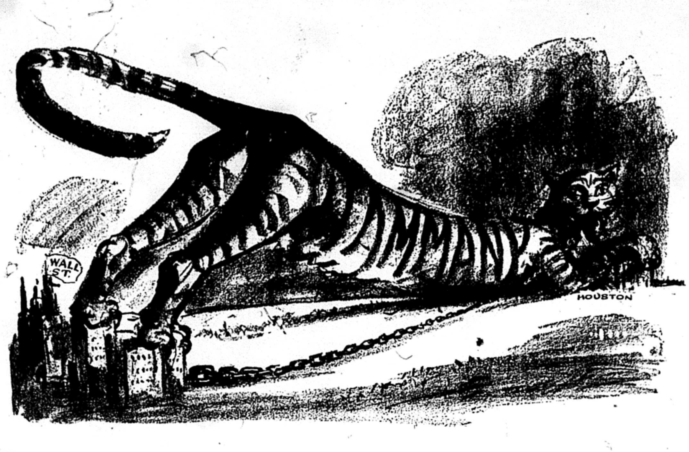
PROFESSOR ROSS'S analysis is clear and very convincing. His arguments, backed by an ample array of facts, lead to but one possible conclusion: mankind must put some rational check on the birth-rate; must regulate population increase in proportion to the possibilities of support.

The obvious next step for Professor Ross, after proving the need for limitation on population, is to outline an equally clear program for the control of birth, indicating the character of the campaign and the groups in society that can be relied upon to make the campaign effective. Social statesmanship can be content with nothing less, and Professor Ross, as a seasoned student of social affairs, must know that "scare heads" stir people up but that only simple slogans and clear-cut, understandable working programs accomplish scientific results in the field of social organization and administration.

"Standing Room Only?" is a scare head without any adequate social program. In this respect it is typical of the great majority of studies turned out from American college laboratories and libraries of social science. The case is stated, the facts are presented and there the professor stops.

"PR—R—R!"

By Fred Ellis



Foster's Acceptance Speech

(Continued From Previous Issue.)

Oppression of Negroes.

Comrades, one of the planks in our Party platform deals with the question of the oppression of the Negro race. This plank I want to emphasize here. The Workers (Communist) Party appears in the United States as the sole champion, organizer, and defender of the Negro race. Our fight is for full social, political, and industrial rights for Negroes. In all our work we must keep this phase of our Party program squarely before our eyes. In the past we have been all too inactive in this respect. But we must make this campaign the beginning of fresh efforts to unite the Negroes in behalf of their race and class interests, so that the world can recognize that the Workers (Communist) Party is really the defender and leader of the oppressed Negroes in this country. (Applause.)

At this time I shall not deal with the whole Negro question. There is only one angle that I want to touch upon now. Our election campaign will take us into the southern states. (Applause.) We have a plank in our platform on the Negro question that will arouse the most violent opposition in every element in the South that is determined to hold the Negro race in subjection. Nevertheless, we will go into the ultra-reactionary South and we will speak for the Negro. We will defend our platform. (Applause.) In the land of lynch law we will denounce lynching. (Applause.) In the home of Jim Crow, we will attack segregationism. (Applause.) The entry of the Workers (Communist) Party into the South, and the bold raising of the issue of the emancipation of the Negroes during the coming election campaign, will stand out as one of the historical events in the development of the class struggle in the United States. (Applause.)

The Political Parties.

Comrades, let me give you just a brief characterization of the various political parties. The workers have nothing to look for from the republican and democratic parties except a continuation and intensification of the hardships under which the workers suffer. Both are controlled by big capital. A list of the campaign fund donators to either party reads like a roster of trustified industry. Both represent the interests of big business. Their whole record is one of oppression of the workers for the benefit of the employers. In its policies the democratic party is as much the party of big capital, of big bankers and manufacturers, as the republican party itself. Smith is just as loyal a servant of capitalism as Hoover.

Between the two old parties there are no real issues. The issues that once divided them, the tariff, states' rights, etc., money question, etc., no longer play this role. Such differences as exist over farm relief, prohibition, religion, etc., are not differences between the old parties but of groups within each of them. The capitalists have made themselves masters of both big parties, with their miscellaneous following, and use them to further their own class interests.

The reactionary trade union officials who call upon the masses of workers to vote for the candidates of these two old parties are misleaders of labor. They betray the workers into the hands of their class enemies. They are the political lickspittles of the republican and democratic politicians, the agents of the exploiters of labor.

What is true for the workers regarding the two old parties is equally true for the poor farmers. All that the farmers can expect from the republican and democratic parties is support of the railroads, banks, meat packers, elevator combines and various other capitalistic interests robbing the farmers. Coolidge's recent cold-blooded, sneering, sarcastic veto of the McNary-Haugen bill shows the contempt with which the republican party, controlled by the great financiers of the country, looks upon the demands of the farmers for relief in their present crisis.

The socialist party is equally a blank so far as the workers and poor farmers are concerned. The socialist party, which carried the revolutionary traditions in the United States when the left wing was a section of that party, now has nothing to offer to the toiling masses but sellouts. It is an ally of the corrupt trade union bureaucracy. Its policy of betrayal expresses itself on both the political and industrial fields.

On the industrial field the socialist party makes no campaign for the organization of the unorganized masses, no struggle for amalgamation of the old trade unions, no fight against the widespread wage cuts and speed-up; on the contrary it accepts the craft union, class collaboration policy of Green, Woll, etc., to company unionize the trade unions. The socialist trade union leaders, who are the mainstay of the socialist party, are part and parcel of the corrupt dominant union leadership. They make no fight against Green and Woll but war to the death against the left wing, against every Communist in the labor organizations, against every element trying to build the labor movement and make it a fighting weapon in the interest of the workers. The socialist party is hopelessly wedded to the trade union bureaucracy and its corrupt practices.

On the political field the socialist party likewise makes no attack on capitalism. The socialist party cultivates amongst the workers every illusion and practice tending to strengthen capitalism. It preaches pacifism, class collaboration, parliamentary opportunism, capitalist efficiency socialism. It makes no effective fight for the workers' interests now, it does nothing to educate and organize them for the eventual revolution. Its impossible programs of trying to reform capitalism amounts in reality to a surrender to the present social system. Norman Thomas, the nominee of the socialist party for president, is in fact only a camouflaged defender of capitalism, a disguised supporter of the present system of exploiting the workers. The socialist party program tends to break up all real militancy amongst the workers. In a more revolutionary period it would express itself by the most flagrant betrayal of the revolution. This is amply proved by experiences in Germany, France, in every country in Europe. Had it not been for the flagrant sellout of the workers' cause by the social democratic party, capitalism would have been destroyed in Europe in the great revolutionary struggles immediately following the world war.

The proletarian party and the socialist labor party are but phrase-mongering sects. They play no part in the struggles of the working class.

Only the Workers (Communist) Party offers a program capable of organizing the workers for their everyday struggles and to prepare them for the revolution. I have already given you some broad outlines of this program. I shall not repeat what I have already said. But I must emphasize one more phase of our program. We must advocate energetically and clearly in the present campaign the formation of a labor party based on trade unions and other labor organizations. So long as the great masses of workers affiliate themselves to follow the line of the two capitalist parties, so long will they be poisoned by capitalist propaganda and so long will they be a zero politically.

The Workers (Communist) Party is the real fighter for the labor party. The socialist party, the ally of Green, Woll & Co., sabotages on all fronts the fight for the labor party. The Workers (Communist) Party makes a militant struggle to establish the labor party. But our Party has not illusions that the labor party will lead the masses to their emancipation. It will not. That is the task of the Communist Party. Inevitably a mass labor party in the United States will be filled with reformist illusions. But in the present period, when we have to break the masses from the old parties, it is a step forward. On this basis the Workers (Communist) Party supports the labor party.

Build the Party.

Now, comrades, let me emphasize a matter of basic importance for us in the present campaign. That is the building of the Workers (Communist) Party. Tremendous tasks confront our Party. I have already cited some of the most important of these. Our Party is small. Our Party is weak. But, it must be made large and strong. Our Party must be built up vastly in order to carry on the great struggles confronting it. This Party building can be done if we but proceed energetically along the proper lines. Around our Party are thousands, tens of thousands, yes, I can say a couple of hundreds of thousands of workers who sympathize in a general way with our struggle. From this great mass of workers, just awakening to the class struggle, we must draw new elements in large amounts to fill up and build our Party. In this way it can be made strong to carry out the great tasks confronting it.

The presidential elections campaign must be utilized definitely for the building of our Party, and its press. The campaign will be a failure if we do not succeed in doubling the membership of the Workers (Communist) Party. (Applause.) And all that I have said about the necessity of building the Workers (Communist) Party applies with equal force to the building of the Young Workers League. (Applause.) In every struggle in which our Party participates we find that the youth, the young workers, are playing an increasingly important role. In the industries they form a bridge between the native born workers and foreign workers. In the new unionism that is now beginning slowly to emerge the leaders will not be the old fossils and reactionary figures of the old trade unions, but new elements recruited from the youth of the country. We must build the Young Workers League. (Applause.)

Comrades, just a word in conclusion. Let us go into the election campaign in the sense that I have expressed our tasks. Let us not be discouraged by the magnitude of the problems confronting us, by the strength and arrogance of the enemy, by the weakness of our own forces. Today our Party is small and the parties of the capitalists are large and strong, but the day will surely come when the Communist Party will be the only political party in the United States. (Applause.) On that day it will be the Party of the victorious proletarian revolution. (Applause.)

In this period the American working class is relatively apathetic. But forces are at work, forces bred of the failures and contradictions of the capitalist system itself, forces that drive the workers into deeper oppression, that will one day, sooner perhaps than we realize, awaken them, radicalize them, revolutionize them and prepare them for a real attack against capitalism. Let us then build our Party in the daily struggles and in preparation for the revolution. Let us make our Party into a worthy brother of the Communist Parties of the Soviet Union, Germany, France, England, Czechoslovakia, China, and other countries, which under the leadership of the Communist International, are gradually mobilizing the working masses of the world for the overthrow of world imperialism and the establishment of the International Socialist Republic. (Applause.)

(This concludes William Z. Foster's speech accepting his nomination as presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist Party. The speech of Benjamin Gitlow, accepting his nomination as vice-president of the Party, will appear in the next issue.)

LABOR LAWS FAIL TO GET HATMAKERS PAY

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail). Several women hatmakers have complained to the local office of the state labor commissioner that Mrs. Charity Courtright, 747 South Hill street, proprietress of a wholesale millinery establishment, failed to pay them wages. Records of complaints are on file in the labor office at 416 South Olive street.

Mrs. Mary Reed, 653 West 59th street, who claims Mrs. Courtright owes her $66, asserted that she failed to receive action through the labor office. Other claimants, who say the same thing were: Mrs. Sallie Lore, Miss Estelle Parsons, Bebe Bywater and Peggy Monton. These women, or the first four of them, also have sworn out complaints thru the city prosecutor's office, separately charging that Mrs. Courtright violated the state labor law.

"The commissioner's office admitted that Mrs. Courtright had two previous offenses," Attorney Joseph Bernstein said, "but still refused to issue a warrant for her arrest because of his retention as attorney.

"If claimants retain counsel without ever having consulted us, we cannot handle their claims," Charles F. Lowy, attorney for the labor department, declared. "This attorney came to us and demanded that we arrest the woman and collect the account. If collected he would then get his fee for work we have done. Their only course of action as far as we are concerned is through civil suit."

Mrs. Reed, answering Mr. Lowy, claims she and her co-claimants retained Bernstein when they saw others fail in their attempts to get action from the labor commission.

Although unable to pay those who have claims against her, Mrs. Charity Courtright had advertised several times for women workers, Mrs. Reed stated.

Anyhow, the case of the defendant will be heard June 21. Whether or not the court will be as charitable with Mrs. Charity, etc., as the 'labor' commission, remains to be seen.

The progressiveness of California labor laws, enacted during the governorship of U. S. Senator Hiram Johnson, can be measured by their teethlessness. —L. P. RINDAL.

HANdOuTS

According to the capitalist papers Chang Tso-lin has died again. This is seven times in two weeks which is the highest mortality rate for any one man in the history of medicine.

* * *

Emilio Carranza, aviator who flew in from Mexico received a letter of congratulation from President Coolidge. This makes the list complete. Practically everyone now has a letter from the president. If you didn't get one you should write in immediately to Washington for yours.

* * *

The embroidered knee pads for submissiveness go to Dr. Henry Noble Mac Cracken, resident of Vassar college who defends the meekness of his institution before big business in the following words:

"My mission today is to repel the baseless charge that the colleges for women are lawless, that they teem with a subversive life, that we train students against law and government and that in the words of a high official we are 'enemies of the commonwealth'. There is no place within the United States more scrupulously organized for the processes of law and government."

Suggestion as to whether he is making his appeal to the working or wealthy classes is contained in his announcement that gifts during the past year amounted to $891,686.

* * *

An illuminating contribution to contemporary economics is made by the Atlanta, Ga., Chamber of Commerce in an ad in The New York Times inviting the bosses to establish branch plants in Atlanta:

> "For production and distribution from Atlanta are more profitable—and we can prove it. You save because labor is recruited from efficient, willing Anglo Saxons. . . ."

* * *

Equipped with the new musical horns a motorist may now hypnotize a pedestrian before running over him.

* * *

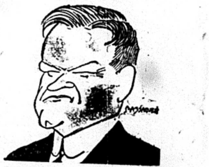
Inability of even the Island of Kauai to get away from the blight of modern civilization is seen in the announcement that the American Legion is very active there. Road signs bearing the legion emblem were constructed over 150 miles of roads. The actual work was done by 32 undernourished, native school boys, about twelve years of age who were drafted by the legionaires. Members of the legion supervised the work from nearby autos.

* * *

A. B. S. writes: "The sphinx in the White House swears by the bugs of Mohammed's whiskers that there is 'prosperity' in this country although five million workers are unemployed. If this is prosperity what is misery?"

* * *

Crafty Lad



Herbert's history:
Organized relief for Belgium; put fortune in bank.
Made everybody stop eating sugar; gained 15 pounds.
Built up reputation for despising politics; nominated.

* * *

GEMS OF LEARNING.

Governor John S. Fisher of Pennsylvania—"Americans should be inspired with new enthusiasm for unselfish service and rededicate themselves to the noble principles for which the national ensign stands." Injunctions, anti-picketing laws and jail for strikers.

John Stewart Bryan, editor and publisher of the Richmond News Leader and retiring president of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association — As lantern-trimmers for the conscience of man, as humble workers in the great lighthouses that throw across the world the beams of knowledge and the radiance of truth, I know today of no vocation which offers a greater field for dispelling deadly prejudice and enlarging life-giving liberty than that afforded by high-souled service through the press of the United States of America. Try and get a line in for the workers when there's a strike on.

Senator Ashurst—"Although of superb physical strength, you can take the heart even out of an elephant, the stomach out of an ostrich, and you may finally pierce the hide of a rhinoceros if you keep at him so great a time as the long and weary months that I have been practically on the gridiron, trying to prevent the great injustice this bill would perpetrate upon Arizona!" Neither did the senator know what he was talking about.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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[illegible] MINER IS F[illegible]ILTY IN DYN[illegible] CASE

Jury Packed With Mine Officials

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

WHEELING, W. Va., June 21 (By Mail).—Convicted in a framed-up dynamiting conspiracy in a trial in which the jury and the chief witnesses were mine officials and scabs, Frank Brbot, striking miner of Triadelphia, faces the eütreme penalty unless the mass protests of the working class can force his release.

Appeal to Prejudice

"And I ask every member of this jury as an American citizen, to bring in a verdict of guilty." With this appeal to anti-foreign jrejudice, A. C. Schiffler, prosecuting attorney of Wheeling County, closed the state's case against Brbot, who was convicted wednesday, June 20, of taking part in the dynamiting of a scab's house.

Argument on a motion for a new trial was opened Friday by Attorney Charles Roger Ahrens before Judge [illegible]itz in intermediate court. Though [illegible]bot was an active picket and [illegible]ked energetically for the furtherance of the strike, and though the majority of the state's witnesses were mine officials and scab employes, the defense was not permitted at any time during the two-day trial to introduce the strike as an issue directly involved in the case. One of the chief witnesses against the striker was O. B. Pryor, superintendent of the Triadelphia No. 2 mine of the Elm Grove Mining Company, where Brbot had been employed.

The prosecution's case was based on a confession wrung from Brbot by beating him into a state of semi-consciousness on the lonely hillside road where he was arrested.

A bit of irony flitted through the

(Continued on Page Two)

JAILED MINERS ARE RELEASED

Judge Advises Football but No Picketing

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

WHEELING, W. Va., June 24.—Oscar Guynn, young Ohio Save-the-Union strike leader, and the eight pickets from Triadelphia who were among the hundred that stormed the Ohio county jail here in protest against his arrest Monday, June 11 were freed Thursday, June 21, by Justice John Kindlberger. All were charged with disorderly conduct.

Most of the nine are 21 years old or younger. Squire Kindleberger advised the pickets "to confine their enthusiasm to foot-ball games in the future."

Guynn was arrested while addressing a mass meeting on private property which had been secured for the gathering. He was preceded by Frank Henderson, another young Ohioan, who had spoken for 40 minutes without molestation. When Guynn started to speak he was seized by state troopers. More than 100 strikers piled into autos and trucks and sped to Wheeling to demand Guynn's release.

The nine were defended by Attorney Charles R. Ahrens, retained by the International Labor Defense. When the strikers assembled in front of the jail and protested that Guynn had committed no offense, Sheriff Henderson ordered them to disperse. When they rfused, state troopers charged into the crowd and arrested eight including Henderson, and Betty Gannett, who had led the miners to the jail.

3 MARINE FLIERS KILLED IN CRASH

RICHMOND, Va., June 23.—Three aviators in an airplane on the way from Washington, D. C. to Nicaragua were killed yesterday when the plane made a nose dive near Bowling Field. Va. The avitors were Major Charles A. Lutz of the Marine Corps, Lieutenant H. T. Busbey and Corporal D. C. McChesney.

Major Lutz was scheduled to relieve Major Ross E. Rowell, now in charge of bombing native villages in Nicaragua.

RAILROAD ON ARCTIC COAST

What is said to be one of the oldest railroads in the world is in The Soviet Union. It was built to open up a port on the Arctic Ocean. Its northern terminus is Murmansk, 147 miles north of the Arctic Circle.

It is the only line operating dining car service in the Polar regions.

Seeks Aid for Miners

Mollie Sokol, shown in the picture, is the wife of a striking Pennsylvania miner. She is at present in New York City where she addressed an enthusiastic meeting recently. She plans to go to Philadelphia soon to carry on work for the striking miners in that city.

NEW CRISIS FOR "DAILY" LOOMING

Workers Must Keep Up Aid Over Summer

With all of the $10,000 raised by the militant workers of this country to save The DAILY WORKER already turned over to creditors to meet immediate obligations, the possibility of a new crisis within the near future begins to loom.

The importance of securing The DAILY WORKER for the summer months now becomes more apparent than ever. The "Daily" is in the position of a convalescent person, who, though he has successfully fought through his illness, is so weakened that he is in imminent danger of falling prey to some new disease The crisis of The DAILY WORKER has been successfully passed, but the "Daily" is without resources for the future and the piling up of new bills may at any moment precipitate another—perhaps as even more serious—financial crisis.

It is up to the militant workers of this country to tide the "Daily" over the summer, the most difficult period of the year. The sharp falling off of contributions during the last few days points to a danger. The DAILY WORKER ust not again face such a situation as it was confronted with only a short time ago, when its life was saved only by the generous response of workers throughout the country The eüistence of the "Daily" must be secured by a continuation of this response.

Camp Aids

That class-conscious workers are realizing this and are preparing to assure the Daily's eüistence is evidenced by a decision of the directors of Camp Trombenick, a workers' camp at Glenham, N. Y. This camp, which is ordinarily open only to members, will take in about 100 visitors over July 4 and turn over all the profits to The DAILY WORKER and the striking miners. The camp has also contributed $31.50 to the "Daily" and will send more.

Another organization that is helping to keep The DAILY WORKER going is the Workers Club of Chicago, which has sent in $75. Workers and workingclass clubs of various kinds must follow the eüample of these two organizations if The DAILY WORKER is to continue fighting in the interests of the American workingclass.

Contributors

The following is an additional list of contributions that helped save The DAILY WORKER:

Hisher, M. NYC, $.50; Freelix E. NYC, $1; Wand, Peter, NYC, $2; Robinson, Frank, Chester, Pa, $2; Karsten, E. Astoria, L. I., $2; Box 307, Dresden, O., $1; Schwannun, R., NYC, $1; Leib, L., NYC, $1; Feher, A., NYC, $1; Kleinman, NYC, $1; Redenst, B., NYC, $1; Zuckson, M., NYC, $1; Eisenberger, NYC, $.50; Yacelman, S., NYC, $.50; Horowitz, S., NYC, $.25, Halpern, C., NYC, $.50; Klein B. NYC, $1; Bornstein, F., NYC, $.50; Rosenfeld, E., NYC, $.50; Johen, K., NYC, $.35; Sarah, NYC, $.25; Sorkin, I., NYC, $.50; Schwartz, NYC, $.50; Rosenberg, S., NYC, 3; Stein, M., Chicago, $2; Keitske, A., Toledo, Ohio, $1; Mattison, A., NYC, $1; Finnish Workers Club, Jamaica, $5; Workers Party, Cleveland, O., $22.50; Kictman, N., NYC, $5, E. M., NYC, $5, Granitz, E., NYC, $5, Seclak, J., NYC, $5; Bratslvo, Pittsburgh, Pa., $10; Winoker, M. C., Chi-

Continued on Page Two)

New Compensation Law in Effect in Quebec

QUEBEC, June 24.—A new workmen's compensation is now in effect in the Province of Quebec Workers here state that they are dissatisfied with it. The governing commission is composed of three, with an advisory board of five. Labor sought representation on the commission, but was turned down.

6 ARRESTED BY COAST POLICE IN "RED RAIDS"

Anti-Imperialist Heads Are Seized

LOS ANGELES, Calif., June 24.—The beginning of a nation-wide persecution of Japanese and other Oriental workers is seen in the arrest of three Japanese, and the same number of American, workers in Los Angeles yesterday. It is expected that deportations will follow in the case of the three Japanese.

Following the police seizure of N. Nishimura, Y. Yamgehi and M. Kawaü, three Japanese, accused of Communist activities here, members of the bomb squad also entered the headquarters of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League at 122 West Third street, and arrested George Maurer well-known labor leader Edith Berkman, the local secretary of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League and Paul C: eiss, agent for The DAILY WORKER in the Los Angeles district.

Maurer and his companies were rushed to police headquarters where after a severe questioning, which lasted for nearly an hour, they were finally released.

The arrests are the result of the activities of the California police in running down alleged Communists and members of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League. It was in search of the latter, the police claim that they arrested the three Japanese workers.

Immediately after their raid, the police communicated with the Japanese consul, Midzusawa, who declared that his government is prepared to take extraordinary measures to assist the United States in suppressing Communism among Japanese immigrants in this country. None of the men arrested is said to be an American citizen.

Steps have already been taken to deport the three Japanese workers and it is blieved that a wholesale persecution of Japanese and other Ariental workers on the west coast is preparing.

The Los Angeles group of militant Japanese Communists is made up of farm workers and students, the police assert. Documents, which the police assert they found on the arrested workers, are being despatched to Tokio to assist the Japanese government in arresting leaders of the Communist Party in Japan.

ARMY MEN GET DAILY WORKER

Young Communists Distribute Paper

Girl members of the Young Workers (Communist) League distributed large numbers of The DAILY WORKER with the demands of the League for soldiers to servicemen Saturday evening at Battery Park. At the ferry gates, as soldiers were landing from Fort Jay on Governor's Island, the papers were given to them. Many began reading The DAILY WORKER at once and noticed the demands in their interests made by the League. A large number of the servicemen immediately expressed their appreciation and interest in the workers movement.

Many officers were nearby, as well as military police, but in spite of them the soldiers welcomed the papers and asked many questions of the League members. One asked for a number of extra copies to distribute to his fellow servicemen. Some of the officers of lower rank also began discussions with the League members.

One of the officers admitted that both the democratic and republican parties are ruled by Wall Street.

BUILDING WORKERS GAIN

JAMESTON, N. Y., June 24.—Building workers in this city are winning the five-day week. Painters plasterers and lathers have succeeded.

Arrest Militant

PAUL REISS

DEMOCRATIC MEET OPENS TOMORROW

Stage Is All Set for the Choosing of Smith

HOUSTON, Tex., June 24.—With the complete collapse of even the fake opposition of Senator James A. Reed, of Missouri, the stage is all set here for the several hundred mannikins who on Tuesday will begin going thru the motions of choosing Gov. Smith as the democratic candidate for president. Reed has declared he would support the ticket, no matter who runs.

Set against the background of the Negro lynching which occurred here several days age and which all the delegates have been finding it convenient to forget, the convention of the party that flavors its complete subservience to Big Business with remnants of southern feudalism will probably see even less "opposition" to the picked candidate than did the republican partyy convention at Kansas City.

Moody Rallies "Opposition."

At present this so-called opposition seems to be grouping itself around Gov. Dan Moody of Texas. Moody is supposedly rallying the "dry" forces, but his supporters include a number of "wets" as well. He is also being groomed as a possible running mate for Smith.

The great "issue" of the convention ostensibly centers around the prohibition plank. It is thought likely that Gov. Smith will be persuaded to modify his uncompromising wetness sufficiently to please both sides and gather in the votes of "drys" as well as "wets."

To Beg For Crumbs Again.

Having been twice thrown out of the convention hall at Kansas City, the delegation of so-called leaders of the farmers is preparing to try its luck at the democratic convention here. There is a strong possibility that the democrats will ceize the opportunity of making political capital out of the complete ignoring by the republican party of even the mild demands of this delegation by granting a few unimportant concessions in the hopes of rallying the farm vote.

While the traction interests of New York City prepare a new steal, the imminent arrival of their close friend, Mayor Walker, who will act as Smith's floor leader, is awaited here. Another Smith backer reported on his way is William F. Kenny, traction baron and contractor, who expressed his gratitude for the fat contracts that Tammany Hall sent his way by contributing thousands of dollars to the slush fund of its favorite son.

* * *

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

HOUSTON, June 24.—Prohibition looms as the cloak under which a number of other still unsettled feuds within the ranks of the democratic party will be fought out when the convention opens next week. Among these the issues of the Klan, Tammany, Catholicism, so much on the surface at the 1924 convention are still known to be smouldering underneath the surface. But no great fire is expected to break out.

The anti-Smith combination is making little progress, for the best of all reasons that it is unable to forge sufficient organized force against the steam-roller sent here from Wall Street to nominate its second choice for president, after Heavy Herb Hoover, candidate of the republicans.

FIRST MEDICAL SUPPLIES REACH SANDINO FORCES

General Thanks U. S. Workers for Aid

The first shipment of medical supplies sent by American workers direct to General Augusto Sandino, thru the All-American Anti-Imperialist League, has reached the army of independence in Nicaragua. This information was made known yesterday with the receipt of a letter of gratitude from General Sandino, expressing thanks to the American workers for their aid and excoriating the Wall Street government of the United States.

First Relief.

"I am happy to inform you that I have received from the hands of Gustavo Machado (who came to our encampment as the representative of the central body of the Hands-Off-Nicaragua Committee) a package containing, cotton, bandages, and other medicines to cure the wounds of our soldiers," Sandino writes.

"We are especially delighted that you, honest North Americans, manifest in this manner your protest and disapproval of the policies of aggression that the existing government of the United States is carrying on in Nicaragua.

"We know that the majority of the North American people is not responsible for the ferocious crimes that the marines commit every day in our country. Notice came to us of the meetings and public manifestations against sending the marines to Nicaragua. We well know the situation of the working class of your country, who also are the victims of the oppression of the exploiters, the same interests that are now fighting to enslave the peoples of Latin America.

"We want to transmit through you the feeling of gratitude of our army of liberation of Nicaragua to the anti-imperialist fighters in the United

(Continued on Page Two)

MENTAL DOPE FOR TRAINING CAMPS

Preachers to Help in War Preparations

It was announced yesterday by military authorities of the Second Corps Area that among the instructors at the Citizens Military Training Camps this summer there will be a large number of preachers.

For Plattsburgh camp alone, the following peddlers of mental opium have been assigned: "Rev. Dr." George C. Lonington of the Reformed Church of America, Rabbi Benjamin A. Tintner, and the "Rev. Father" William H. Hunt, Jr., of the Roman Catholic church. They will be given military titles ranging from First Lieutenant to Major.

A corporation attorney, Howard L. Campion, of Brooklyn, has been assigned as an instructor and "director of recreational facilities" at Fort Niagara, N. Y., with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel.

The officers for Plattsburg and Fort Niagara will report July 2; and those for the calvalry camp at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., will arrive July 5.

Railway Worker, Hurt On Job, Wins Meagre Payment From Erie

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 22.—A settlement for $19,500 was reached today in the $100,000 suit brought against the Erie Railroad by Runyon H. Robinson, a former railroad employe, of Mount Vernon.

The settlement was announced by Supreme Court Justice William F. Bleakley this morning shortly after the trial entered into its second day. Robinson received injuries to his left leg on August 28, 1927 when as an employee of the Erie Railroad he met with an accident in the Jersey City yards while breaking a train of freight cars. The injuries necessitated the amputation of a portion of his leg.

BEAL SENTENCED FOR PICKETING; TO "TRY" 5 MORE

Led Picket Demonstration in New Bedford in Spite of Police Edict

Plan Larger Demonstrations Than Ever; Judges Refuse Delay to Murdoch, Beal

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 24.—Fred E. Beal, organizer of the Textile Mills Committee, and one of the leaders of the textile strike here, was yesterday sentenced to serve 30 days in jail for leading a picketing demonstration at the gates of the Nonquit Mills. Five other strikers were arrested while picketing this mill, in defiance of police order, and are to go to trial in a few days.

The attorneys for the scores of strikers under heavy jail sentences and fines have succeeded in getting continuations of their cases till November, but the Massachusetts judges are refusing to grant delays to the two leaders of the strike, Murdoch and Beal. The strike leaders' attorneys are now attempting to appeal to higher courts for reversals and delays.

This tactic of the mill owners of jailing the strike heads is proving fruitless as the rank and file picket leaders, developed during the struggle, are leading larger and larger demonstrations to the mill gates every day.

Exceptionally large demonstrations are planned for this morning, as the demonstrations have hitherto prevented the mill owners from attempting to open the plants. The strikers strike enters the 12th week. These are already beginning to mobilize all their forces for an offensive against the bosses, who do not deny that they will try to open the mill gates July 2. Although the strong determination exhibited by the wide masses of the 28,000 on strike, shows that there will be no desertions from the ranks, the workers are prepared to prevent the importation of scabs.

Thanks U. S. Workers

General Augusto Sandino, above, is the leader of the Nicaraguan army of independence. A letter written by him to the All-American Anti-Imperialist League thanking the American workers for aid sent to his troops has just been received in this country.

2 STATES START ELECTION DRIVE

Party Campaign Now in Full Swing

DETROIT, Mich., June 24.—Carrying on the militant spirit prevailing at the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party iin New York City, a mass conference of the Party members of District 7 to be held in Detroit on July 1 will discuss the tasks before the membership in the coming electoral campaign.

At Detroit in the heart of the American automotive industry, the Workers' Party intends to carry its message to thousands of workers in the automobile factories of Ford's own city. A large attendance of nuclei fro mthe automobile factories is expected, as well as from other shop and street nuclei, and large delegations from out of town.

A representative from the Central Committee of the Workers' Party will report on the possibilities which the Party has thruout the country. Party members in the Detroit district are being instructed to register so that they can take an active part in the

(Continued on Page Two)

BLAST INJURES COAL DIGGERS

Miners Must Pay for "Safety" Device

CENTRALIA, Pa. (FP), June 22.—Miners working in one gangway of the Bast Colliery confused their charge-battery wires with those of another pair of miners nearby and by accident fired the prepared shot in the breast occupied by Charles Patrovich, 44, and Frank Polaski, 34. Both were seriously injured.

The Philadelphia & Reading Co., operators of the Bast mine, recently made a sweeping local campaign to compel miners to use batteries in place of fuse when firing shots. These batterised cost $15 apiece, and the miners were expected to purchase them from the company.

The miners refused, because they prefer fuses and object to paying the $15. The company then argued that batteries were necessary because they were "safer." Batteries were said to reduce the risk of gas explosions caused by applying gas matches to fuse in gassy places. The miners took the case to the conciliation board, where it is being thrashed out.

Meanwhile two miners using batteries are blown up by other miners out in the gangway who mistook the wires. Miners regard this as convincing proof that batteries are not so foolproof as the company would have them believe. It is told among miners that the company bought a pile of junk in the shape of batteries which they want to push onto the miner by compelling him to buy the device as a safety measure.

STRIKE CLOSES THEATRE

WORCESTER, Mass. (FP)—Musicians and stage hands' strike against the Plaza Theatre has resulted in its closing for the summer.

ILLINOIS MINERS REPLY TO LEWIS

Fight New Treachery of Machine

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BELLVILLE, June 24.—The rank and file miners of Illinois will not stand idly by while the Lewis-Fishwick machine continues to work out its scheme with the operators to force a back-to-work movement.

In the resolutions demanding that President Lewis call together the national policy committee to release the miners from the Jacksonville wage scale so they may negotiate a new scale with the operators, rank and file miners who know of this scheme see the hand of the betrayers, Lewis and Fishwick. They are now trying to save their meal tickets by having these resolutions introduced in various local unions. The Lewises and Fishwicks are responsible for this fatal policy and should be made to pay for it by removing them from office for their treachery

President Fishwick admits in today's issue of the 'Illinois Miner" that the policy which he helped to put into effect is wrong and says something must be done and still he continues to expell members who fought against this wrecking policy. The miners of the country will now recognize that the Lewises and Fishwicks are the ones who should be expelled in order to build a new and powerful union of the coal miners on a national scale.

BUILDING TRADES WORKERS IN PACT

Unions in Norway and USSR to Sign Treaty

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 24.—A provisional agreement has been signed by a delegation from the Norwegian Building Workers Union and the Building Workers of the U. S. S. R. regarding cooperation between the two unions.

The agreement calls for the creation of a unity committee for common struggle against capitalism, for unity of the international trade union movement and against the war danger.

It is expected that the building workers in Finland will also acede to this agreement confirmation of which will be made at some time during the autumn.

1,500 TAXI DRIVERS FIRED SATURDAY

Open Shops Kick Out Those With 'Bookings' Below Minimum

Ffiteen hundred taüicab drivers were fired without notice Saturday night for falling below their quota of "bookings."

This action, in which all of the open-shop taüi companies in the city acted as a unit, came after many of the drivers had worked as long as 16 and 17 hours at a stretch in an effort to overcome the effects of the bad weather which cut down fares below the $15 minimum required of them.

Taüi drivers throughout the city are aroused at this action of the cab companies, which comes as the climaü to a long series of persecutions in which the police have taken an active part. The minimum booking system in force in all the companies is used to drive the workers and intimidate them into submissiveness, taüi drivers say. The viciously open-shop Yellow Taüicab Co. fires all day men whose bookings are less than $60 and all night men with bookings less than $70 on a six-day shift.

The owner of a fleet of Mogul checker cabs in Harlem is reported to have blusteringly told his men: "I never fire a man. He fires himself." Paramount and Packard cab fleet owners have also been hounding their men mercilessly. In addition, constant police persecution with fines and suspensions clapped on for no reason at all and licenses frequently

(Continued on Page Two)

Paul Crouch, Ex-Serviceman, Calls Workers to Free Porter from Army Jail

MUST CAMPAIGN TO END SOLDIER STRIKEBREAKING

Real Struggle With War Department Now On

"John Porter must be released from his military prison by the power of the working class," says Paul Grouch who was himself a soldier and was sentenced to 40 years imprisonment for organizing a Communist League in the army, but was later released, after more than two years, as a result of nation-wide protests.

"The arrest of John Porter, a militant leader of the New Bedford textile strike and an organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, is not surprising to anyone who knows the army and the purposes for which soldiers are trained," says Grouch. "The fact that Porter is a former soldier, who realized the purposes for which he was being used and refused to be a tool of the master class any longer, will make the military authorities especially vindictive, and no mercy or justice can be expected from a court-martial.

Joined League.

"Porter did not follow a correct policy in deserting from the army but at that time he was not a member of the Communist youth league, and has just realized the role of the army against the working class. At that time he did not yet understand the importance of class conscious soldiers remaining in the army to win their comrades over to the cause of the Revolutionary workers. What he did do was to go on strike against being a strike-breaker—and every worker who is true to his own class must get behind the nation-wide drive which alone can free John Porter from a long sentence to the military prison at Governor's Island.

"The sentences of 40 and 26 years which Walter Trumbull and I received in Hawaii in 1925 was intnded as a warning to soldiers that they must not dare think for themselves and must be ready 'to do and die and not to reason why.' We were saved from life imprisonment by the organized power of the working class, and the same method can free Porter.

Why Jailed?

"The imprisonment of John Porter inan army jail is not because he is a deserter. It is because he is a militant textile strike leader who could not be forced from the struggle by five arrests and a five months' jail sentence. As a last resort, his finger prints were compared with those who have deserted from the army in the hope of finding another method of disposing of this young fighter for the workers' cause.

"If Porter is permitted to be sent t othe military prison at Governor's Island, where indescribable horrible conditions exist, it will mean that the army will increase its efforts against the workers and that its intervention in strikes will become more frequent.

Test Case.

"As the power of the class-conscious workers becomes a greater danger to capitalism, the armed forces—the last defense of the exploiters—are called upon the exploiters. We must begin now to conduct intensive propaganda to win over the soldiers who come from the ranks of the workers to their own class so that they will refuse to be strike breakers.

"The Porter case is a test case. It must be answered by the entire power of the working class—by a huge drive that will bring the War Department to its knees and release this militant young worker—who symbolizes the unity of soldier workers with civilian workers in their common struggle."

Lure West India Labor To Nicaragua to Toil On Coffee Plantation

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 24.—Labor contractors in the West Indies are being paid $7 a head for all of the workers sent to Nicaragua, according to charges made by the West Indian Workers' Federation.

Hundreds of workers have been sent to Nicaragua to work on coffee and banana plantations where they receive extremely low wages.

Tammany Toots Election Horn, Collects Graft, Leaves Streets Unpaved

While the Tammany bandwagon rides merrily along a pathway of graft to the democratic convention at Houston, residents of Brooklyn streets are compelled to resort to temporary ineffectual measures to make streets passable to vehicles and pedestrians. Above, residents tired of being ignored by Tammany repairing the street.

POWER BARONS BUY UP PAPERS

Editors Work for Trust, Evidence Shows

WASHINGTON, (FP), June 24.—Tennessee newspapers have been singularly pliant and eager to serve the private electric trust in its campaigns to grab Muscle Shoals, evidence taken by the Federal Trade Commission on June 22 demonstrated. Guy P. Newburn, former newspaper man of Memphis and Mobile, director of the Tennessee Public Utilities Information Bureau explained how this support of the newspapers was secured.

"In the first place, Newburn was a "mixer" and knew most of the influential editors in Tennessee. Then he employed as his assistant Hugh Doak, owner and editor of the most important country weekly in the state, the Manchester Times, at $225 a month. Doak had been provisional field secretary, for two years, of the State Press Assn., and now is its president. Giving dinners to editors, Newburn testified, was "part of my job." He and Doak both have an expense fund for editors.

Then there was Dan McGugin, nationally famous football star and coach of the Vanderbilt University eleven, who is also a lawyer and is publicity director for the power interests in eastern Tennessee. What editor could hesitate to print an article favorable to private ownership of power plant, when Dan McGugin handed it in?

Lobbyists Combine.

Major Stahlman of the Nashville Banner had been credited with insurgent views on the distribution of surplus power from Muscle Shoals but he came into camp. There was a conference at Memphis, too, arranged by C. A. Beasley, Washington lobbyist for the Alabama Power Co., with the late C. P. J. Mooney, editor of the Memphis Commercial Appeal, in 1926. Mooney was promptly converted to support of the Associated Power Companies' bid for Muscle Shoals, and opposed the Cyanimid bid for that giant source of power. When nine publicity agents for the power combine were summoned to Washington at the time the Associated Power Companies' bid was made, Newburn called up Mooney by long-distance phone, and arranged that the Commercial Appeal should broadcast the story which Newburn wrote for the paper's Washington correspondent.

Maintains Magazines.

This Tennessee propaganda bureau of the power combine issues a monthly magazine containing numerous attacks on public ownership. These are sent to schools, libraries and utility offices, as well as to state legislators. Newburn printed in this magazine last December an article taken from the financial column of the New York Telegram, a Scripps-Howard newspaper, wherein Ralph Hendershott, its financial editor, said of the Walsh resolution for investigation of the power trust: "Though entirely uncalled for, such an investigation would probably react favorably rather than unfavorably toward the companies in question. If nothing else, it would probably prove beyond a doubt, to a certain type of politician, that the days when they could make political capital out of attacking legitimate business enterprises are past . . . The companies should have no difficulty in proving to Congress that their business is being conducted both legitimately and ethically."

Pamphlets asserting that electric power and light companies are strictly regulated by the state governments, and that they do not earn any profits "in the ordinary sense," were purchased from the American Gas Assn., along with like propaganda as to gas and street railways, and were placed, by thousands of sets, in the high schools and libraries. Newburn wrote that his relations with the University of Tennessee were closely co-operative. He explained his pamphlets at a meeting of the State School Officers' Assn., and various executives of utility companies placed stocks of the pamphlets in the schools in Memphis and elsewhere.

In Newburn's files was a copy of minutes of the Natl. Electric Light Assn. meeting of June, 1923, at which Earle W. Hodge, Arkansas propagandist, said: "If we have any propaganda we so conceal or sugar-coat it with boosting and working for art, that it is generously entered into and gotten back of by all the chambers of commerce, civic clubs, men's and women's organizations all over the state."

Huge Worker Death Toll

Industry took a savage toll of life in New York State last month. Eight men were electrocuted through contact with live wires. Explosions burned and seared the life out of six workers. A welder and a carpenter died of burns when their clothing caught fire. One man was burned to death when a pot of flaming paraffin spilled over him. Another was burned to death when the tank car from which he was drawing gasoline caught fire. Four window cleaners met death in dizzy plunges. Five were killed in falls from ladders and scaffolds. Among 191 victims to industry were 10 women and eight children. 101 widows and 94 children were left by workers killed, according to a partial checkup.

ELECTION DRIVE ON IN 2 STATES

Party Campaign Now in Full Swing

(Continued from Page One)

primary election on September 4.

A Fourth of July picnic will be used as the opening for the campaign in District 7. All arrangements necessary for the success of this picnic is being made and the district expects a bigger turnout than ever before. The July 4th picnice is a party picnic for the purpose of raising finances to conduct our work. The July Fourth Picnic will be held at Rochester Park, between 16 mile and 17 mile roads.

Directions: By Auto: Out Woodward to Main St., thru Royal Oak to Rochester Rd., Picnic Place. By Street Car: Woodward car to Ford's, Big Beaver Bus to Park.

• • •

Connecticut Campaign.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 24.—The Communist Party campaign in Connecticut, is now in full swing. A list of candidates who are well known in the state will be submitted to the voters in the fall elections on the Communist ticket.

The job of getting the Partyy nominees on the ballot is now the main task of the Party in Connecticut. The success of the Party in mobilizing the membership for miners' relief and other capaigns is a guarantee that the necessary number of signatures will be forthcoming and that the Party will be able to establish itself more firmly than ever among the masses as the only political party of the workingclass worthy of its support.

MUST CONTINUE AID TO "DAILY"

Danger of New Crisis Begins to Loom

(Continued from Page One)

cago, $4; Walkura, A., Olympia, Washington, $2; W. P. Nucleus No. 10, Cicero, Ill., $6; Ferdinanda Reed, Cambridge, Mass., $5; Galgocy, J., Endicott, NY, $5; Taminer, Ed., NYC, $1; Section 2D-2F, NYC, $40; Gratama, E., NYC, $5; Machover, E. NYC, $1; Armenian Fraction, Boston $20; Chapa, M., Indiana Harbor, Ind., $1; Zumwald, G., Los Angeles, $1; Jacques, H., Los Angeles, $1; Stekloff, M., NYC, $5; I. T., NYC, $1; Dnailius, I., NYC, $2; Renner L., Bridgeport, Conn., $1; Brand, Ch., Bridgeport, Conn., $2; Ateins, Bridgeport, Conn., $1; Workers Party, Newark, N. J., $21.50; Kyle, T. J., San Diego, Calif., $2; Butorac, F., Seattle, Wash., $5.

Nierman L., National City, Calif., $5; St. Nucleus 7, Detroit, Mich., $19; Hloek, J., So. Omaha, Nebr., $4; Pigula, R., Paterson, N. J., $1.50; Finnish Labor Society, Worcester, $19.50; Siroky, I., Chicago, $1; Connell, James, South Euclid, O., $2; Dandres, Guido, NYC, $2; Sabbath, NYC, $1; Toney, NYC, $.50; Cslien, NYC, $1; Barish, A., NYC, $1; Malkin, NYC, $.25; Milman, M., NYC, $.50; Backer, S., NYC, $1; Dady, Jack, NYC, $.50; Leon, NYC, $.25; Landies, NYC, $.50; Weissberg, J. NYC, $1; Rich, L., NYC, 1; Mardel, S., NYC, $1; Richards, T., NYC, $.50; Kravitz, H., NYC, $.50; Bella, NYC, $1; Fulix, R., NYC, $1; Valoda, NYC, $.50; Feldman, S., NYC, 1; Chueids, NYC, $1; Fiedman, NYC, $1; Barken, M., NYC, $.50; Rosen, M., NYC, $1; Grinberg, M., NYC, $.50; Malnoff, H., NYC, 1; Margolis, F., NYC, $1; Vinus, H., NYC, $1; Spenner, H., NYC, $.50.

Libner, E., NYC, $.50; Nethely, NYC, $.50; Rochman, F., NYC, $.50; Shefer, NYC, $.50; Greenberg, M., NYC, $1; Snick, E., NYC, $.50; Onick, F., NYC, $.50; Brook, M., NYC, $.50; Kreichman, A., NYC, $.50; Applebaum, R., NYC, $.25; Levy, F., NYC, $.25; Rabinowitz, N., NYC, $1; Krout, M., NYC, $.50; Unterman, S., NYC, $.50; Frank, H., NYC, $.50; Frank, Ted., NYC, $.50; Shere-Ben, NYC, $1; Sigel, Anna, NYC, $.50; Esval, M., NYC, $.50; Thaler, S., NYC, $1; Horowitz, M., NYC, $1; Bermamm, L., NYC, $.50; Gandz, NYC, $1; Richard, NYC, $1; Blench, P., NYC, $.50; Karp, H., NYC, $1; Abram, B., NYC, $.50; Solomon, NYC, $.50; Gerald Hochmau, NYC, $1; David Sowman, Buffalo, $1; R. Hudeck, Buffalo, $3; Women Workers League, Cleveland, $5; I. Filetich, Pittsburgh, $50; Mary Diazic, Steubenville, $3.

Frances Glasso, Steubenville, $1; N. N., Steubenville, $1; Arthur A. Sockol, Stamford, $15; Henry Kromer, Newark, $1; James Fradican, Gary, $1; Chas. S. Close, Morgantown, $1; M. Klimberg, St. Paul, $2; James Cejka, Chicago, $2; J. Wolkowicz, YC, $.50; M. Michalowski, Maspeth, $1.00; El Desdichado, NYC, $1; Kabin, Boston, $1; Section 4, Unit 1, Boston, $1; A. Krubel, Chicago, $2; W. P. Section 4, Chicago, $15; Nucleus 26, Section 6, Chicago, $13.50; Nucleus 3, Section 2, Worcester, $2; Wm. Shubert, Indianapolis, $3; I. Sheralis, Elizabeth, $5; L. Kevorkion, Hartford, $2; Finnish Socialist Local of Waukegan, $71; B. Aggis, Norwalk, $2; A. Krotofil, Norwalk, $3; P. Thompson, Graham, $15; Henry Wessels, San Jose, $2; W. J. Knapp, Detroit, $1; J. Kapyla, Baltimore, $10; City Executive Comm., W.C.P., Grand Rapids, $25; P. Vlachos, Pittsburgh, $10; E. Albertson, Pittsburgh, $5; Carlo Orsini, Pittsburgh, $1; S. R. Crosset, Pittsburgh, $1; M. Goldstein, Pittsburgh, $1; S. Klotman, Pittsburgh, $1; N. Baker, Pittsburgh, $1; L. Weissman, Pittsburgh, $1; L. Pshenoff, Pittsburgh, $.50; Zina Getels, Pittsburgh, $2; Wm. Parauney, Pittsburgh, $.50; Horenstein, Pittsburgh, $.50; S. Altshuler, Pittsburgh, $.50; M. Soimer, Pittsburgh, $.50; Marcus, Pittsburgh, $.50; M. Goldspinner, Pittsburgh, $.50; Anna, Pittsburgh, $.25; Friedman, Pittsburgh, $.50; N. Blinn, Pittsburgh, $.25; D. Shore, Pittsburgh, $.20; Miss Snyder, Pittsburgh, $.25; Murman, Pittsburgh, $.25; H. Mellinger, Pittsburgh, $.50; E. Loufek, Pittsburgh, $.50.

FRAMED MINER IS FOUND GUILTY IN DYNAMITING CASE

Coal "Justice" Again Shows Teeth

(Continued from Page One)

court room as Fred H. Brinkman, assistant prosecuting attorney made the closing speeches for the state.

"The defense claims that Brbot's confessino was extorted through him by beating and that he was not responsible for any statement he made at the time of his arrest," Brinkman stormed. "Does this man look sick or injured now?" the prosecution demanded. "See him. There he sits and hale and hearty, a big, strong and capable man."

Brbot, pale from his month in prison and weak from the effects of the mistreatment he received, could sit upright in his chair only by supporting himself heavily on the table in front of him.

No Medical Care

Prison attendants admitted on cross-examination that Brbot received no medical treatment until six hours after he was brought to jail.

The prosecution capitalized the fact that Robert Chester who lived in the house damaged by the blast of which Brbot was accused, is a cripple. The non-union miner lost both legs under a slate fall in Pennsylvania thirteen years ago.

Rayon Workers Lose Eyesight After 2 Years

GHENT, Belgium, June 24.—The convention of the International Textile Workers Federation here has got no further than discussions. The most significant point reached during the debates was a formal "appeal" by the reformist leaders to the international labor office of the League of Nations to investigate conditions among the rayon workers. It is charged that the rayon workers are blinded after two or three years work.

English workers voiced their opposition to the [illegible] system, saying that it would [illegible] unemployment. Wage allowances for large families and works councils were warmly debated, and opposition to war voted. The next congress will be held in Berlin in 1931.

1,500 New York Taxi Drivers Are Fired

(Continued from Page One)

taken away has aggravated conditions beyond the point of endurance, taxi men declare.

Many of the drivers, in order to make up their minimum bookings, are compelled to put their tips on the meter and so lose a substantial source of their income. The sentiment for organization among the 60,000 cab drivers in this city is strong, reliable reports indicate, and the summary firing of 1,500 of their number, is expected to act as a spur to organization efforts.

SANDINO THANKS U.S. WORKERS FOR SENDING HIM AID

Revolutionists Receive Supplies

(Continued from Page One)

States for sending medicines, asking them at the same time to make known our opinion of the indifference of the North American people who permit the systematic extermination of a defenseless people by a country that is not officially at war, in violation of the constitution of the United States."

Carried On Horseback.

The medical supplies were sent by the Anti-Imperialist League to Dr. Turcios, Sandino's representative in Honduras, and were delivered directly to the Sandino encampment in Chipote by Gustave Machado, secretary of the Hands-Off-Nicaragua Committee of Mexico City. Machado made the perilous trip from Honduras to Sandino's camp on horseback to deliver the supplies. He was able to avoid the marines with the help of Sandino's followers.

This is the first direct communication received by the League from General Sandino. The letter will be used as a lever to spur further activities for the collection of funds for medical aid by the All-America Anti-Imperialist League.

ANOTHER ANTHRACITE MINER KILLED

John Snyder Is Hurled 70 Feet in Crash of Falling Coal

By ED. FALKOWSKI.

LAVELLE, Pa., (FP) June 24.—While the heavy hand of depression bears heavily upon the anthracite region, the miners are dark and treacherous as ever. There is a sinister humor to the illusive safety of a gangway. There is a snarl behind the silence of its lightless tunnels. There is tragedy to the patience of rotting timbers, cracking sentinels, holding up the crushing roof of rock above. And every once in a while the loose lump drops on the miner's head, as it happened to John Snyder, 26, at the [illegible] mine.

John Snyder was struck by a fall of coal and hurled down a manway 70 feet. He hit bottom, a ragged and messy shape. Tiny streamers of blood mingled with the brown sulphur water that murmured down the ditch.

Fellow workers hurried to his side—a few lamps struggling through the dark. Muffled whispers as the lights bent over the bleeding form, still quivering with the spark of life.

The company surgeon came into the mine—a bulbous gent with a medicine case. He seemed calmer than the rest—a professional gesture. Glaring eyes watched the doctor's hands as they lifted the cracked head and passed over the spot from which the blood spurted. Not a whisper. Only one miner was praying. He held his cap and lamp in his hands, his eyes piercing the collars of timber in his plea for divine assistance.

"Will he pull through," a husky voice broke the silence.

The doctor shook his head. "He's about done for—poor fellow!"

So the fellow gasped his last in the creaking gangway, surrounded by flickering lamps and whispering voices and popping eyes. Another contribution of the Anthracite to the cause of the national coal supply!

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DAILY WORKER

Troops Terrorize Shanghai Workers as 55,000 Now Tie Up All Textile Mills

80 FACTORIES EFFECTED BY BIG WALK-OUT

Frame-up of Chinese Spinners Is Cause

SHANGHAI, June 24.—Soldiers continued to terrorize the working class district of Shanghai yesterday as the last of the workers in the 80 spinning mills of this city walked out, bringing the total of striking textiles workers to more than 50,000 women and 5,000 men. The strike has been in process for some weeks.

Scores of workers have been joining the walk-out daily in spite of the efforts of the Kuomintang's "commission for the reorganization of the trade unions" to bring about a settlement in the interests of the authorities and mill owners. The Kuomintang has openly declared itself opposed to the strike and is trying to bring force to bear upon the trade union officials to settle the walk-out legally.

The workers struck following the arrest of two Chinese workers on charges of killing a Japanese worker in one of the mills. The charges are known to be false.

The real murderer is known to be a police sergeant who was acquitted by the mixed court of justice.

Attempts of the Nanking troops to smash the strike meetings and workers' demonstrations have proved as ineffective as the attempts of the Nanking government to force a settlement of the strike.

Palestine Communists Get Jail Terms For Protesting Whippings

TELAVIV, Palestine, June 24.—Three Communists have just been sentenced to jail terms for making public protests against the brutal whipping of prisoners.

Lipman was sentenced to 25 days, and upon his release he is to be ordered deported. Holzman must serve 30 days, and Rachel Ishefsky was sentenced to 10 days.

Aspires to Blaze German Imperialist Trail Across Atlantic

The picture shows the North Star, the plane in which Thea Rasche, German aviatrix, aspires to fly across the Atlantic this spring. The plane was bought for her by Mrs. Annie U. Stillman, wife of the former president of the National City Bank. The flight has been held up by process servers who refuse to permit her to use the plane.

INDIAN RAILWAY STRIKE GROWING

Demonstrations in Many Cities

LUCKMOW, India, (By mail).—A conference between striking railroad shop workers and the railroad officials of the East Indian R. R. who have been out for better conditions since January, resulted in a deadlock due to the arrogant attitude of the bosses.

The workers' committee presented seven demands, including recognition of the union and a 20 per cent wage raise. All demands were refused. The action of the bosses has resulted in a spread of the strike on the East Indian Line.

Big demonstrations by Indian railroad workers have taken place in many cities participated in by workers in other industries. The strikers are determined to fight to the end.

Train Dispatchers Win Wage Increase

CHICAGO, June 24.—Train dispatchers on the Spokane, Portland and Seattle Railroad have won an increase of $10 a month.

Effective May 1, dispatchers and chief dispatcher on the H. and St. L. also received a $10 a month increase. Texas and Pacific railroad dispatchers have won a $16 monthly increase.

DONETZ MINER TELLS OF WORKERS IN U.S.S.R.

(By a Worker Correspondent)

DONETZ BASIN, U. S. S. R. (By mail).—I am writing from the Soviet Union, from the Donetz coal field in the Ukraina. Not being in touch with you, I do not know what you are interested in concerning life in the USSR. All rumors and information reaching you through our emigrated bourgeoisie and the traitors of the workingclass, the social-democrats, mensheviki and social-revolutionists, are doubtless false.

6 to 8-Hour Day.

In contrast to the falsehoods spread by our enemies, we must state that the ruins of the coal mines and flooded pits, left to us by the bourgeoisie, have been recovered. They give us now a coal output of 1 million puds per month compared to 500-600 thousand puds under the capitalists. It is due to our rationalization, to the efforts of the working class and to specialists devoted to their work. The working day is not from to 12-10 hours as formerly, but from 6 to 8, and night work is seven hours.

Under the capitalists the worker knew nothing about leaves, homes of rest and health-resorts. Nowadays after having worked for five and one-half months gets a month's leave, and those who do not work underground, two weeks with pay. He has the possibility of spending his holidays in a home of rest with board free of charge, or undergoing a special treatment of the health resorts in such places, that formerly had been known by them only by rumors. Now they are used by workers at the rate of 80 percent and 20 percent employes and peasants. It can not be otherwise in the Republic of Workers and Peasants.

Medical Aid.

As to my particular coal mine, The Red Oktober, we had formerly one miserable medicine man, who treated his patients by antideluvial methods. At present we have a medical station with a medicine staff, the head physician, dentist, gynecologist and other specialists, well equipped with all means of transport to the nearest clinic. All the treatment is given to the workers free of charge and during illness the average wages are paid to them.

If a worker is hurt, he receives the average wages till his death and his family gets them till the boys are 18 years old.

In case of death, his family is paid by the coal mine. A man badly bruised or hurt to death during his work receives a two-month salary besides the sum paid by the state-insurance and the money given out for burial. There is also a medical consultation for children, where pregnant women are given advice, help, and the children are given food. The mother receives for every newborn child some money in order to buy baby clothes.

We are still developing; we still have little culture; the foreign bourgeoisie hates us and makes all kinds of mischief; it does not recognize us, and seizes our gold. Its specialists try to destroy our works. Perhaps you have read about the counter-revolution in the coal fields. Our own specialists studying in high schools have either not yet been graduated, or have little experience in practical work. There lie our difficulties, but we are growing rapidly. In our high schools preference is given to workers and peasants with industrial training.

Workers' Control.

Perhaps you will be interested to know who is controlling our mining industry. In the mining administration, the director is an old worker-miner; the manager an engineer, but his assistant is an old collier.

Our trust, Makeev's, has five works and 16 mines, with 30,000 workers employed. The Red Oktober mine, where I am working, is a part of this trust and 1,508 workers are employed there.

I am ending here, as I don't know what you are interested in concerning our life in USSR. I am sure of receiving questions from you which I shall be glad to answer and shall be happy to correspond with you.

With brotherly greetings to my American fellow-workers, from a free citizen in the Donetz valley of the Ukraina Republic.

—GLOUCHENKO.

REPORT PEASANT UNREST IN MANY CROATIAN TOWNS

Immediate Separation From Serbia Urged

BELGRADE, June 24.—Following the funeral of Pavel Radic and D. Basaricec, leaders of the Croatian Peasant Party, shot in the Jugo-Slav Parliament recently, wide-spread unrest is reported throughout the country, especially in the northwest, despatches from Zagreb state. Disturbances are reported in many smaller towns.

Two hundred thousand peasants are reported to have followed the coffins bearing the dead politicians to their graves while thousands more, who were forced to retire under the guns of the government troops at Agram two days ago, are believed to be seeking a new opportunity to [illegible] against the Serbian government.

The Croatian nationalist press is loud in urging that separation from the Sergian government be immediately effected. If separation is not granted it will be impossible for the leaders of the Peasant Party, who hav been restraining the masses of peasants in the interests of the Belgrade government, to control their peasants any longer, they intimate.

Austrian Trade Union "Leaders" Betray Walk-Out of Jute Workers

VIENNA, (By Mail).—The strike of the jute workers has been broken off after lasting ten weeks. A week ago the leaders of the trade unions declared that the conditions offered by the employers were absolutely insufficient and that no breaking off of the strike could be considered, now they have accepted these same conditions.

There is great indignation amongst the workers as the strikers demanded a wage increase of 25 per cent whereas the present conditions offer only an increase of from four to six per cent.

R. R. SIGNALMEN TO MEET

CHICAGO, June 24.—The convention of the Brotherhood of Railroad Signalmen will be held here beginning Sept. 19.

Greets Maxim Gorki

Among the leading Communists to greet Maxim Gorki on the occasion of his return to The Soviet Union is Nikolai Bukharin, editor of Pravda. The distinguished author is being beseiged with pleas to remain in the U. S. S. R. instead of returning to Sorento.

DONETZ PLOTTER OFFERS BRIBES

Imentow Had Money From Ex-Owners

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 24.—Yesterday's session of the trial of the counter-revolutionary technicians accused of sabotage in connection with their work in the coal fields of the Donetz basin, opened with the examination of the fiftieth of the defendants, Bojarschinow.

Bojarschinow was formrly the rector at Dowugol. His fellow defendants charge his active participation in the activities of the counter-revolutionary sabotage organizations.

Asserting that he had worked loyally for the Soviet government, Bojarschinow admitted his knowledge of the sabotage organization but declared that he had at on time took part in its activities.

Imentow, a member of the Moscow central group of the counter-revolutionists, denied that he was a member of the sabotage organization. He admitted, however, that he had twice visitd his son who is living as a whit guardist emigre in Hamburg.

The accused engineer, [illegible], declared on the stand that [illegible] had given his money on behalf of the former mine owners now living in France, as well as to the accused technician, Sokolow.

Imentow denied these accusations although they are substantiated by statements of many of the accused.

The court has declined the demand of the lawyer Worms, summoning the engineers, Wegener and Sebold, to testify.

SEAMEN MAY GO OUT IN ANTWERP HARBOR STRIKE

Police Attempt to Smash Meetings

ANTWERP, Belgium, June 24.—The strike of the ten thousand harbor workers continued to tie up this port yesterday in spite of the efforts of the police, co-operating with the wharf and ship owners, to break up meetings and in other ways provoke the strikers to action which might give the authorities a pretext for forcibly crushing the strike.

Alarm is expressed by the officials that the strike, which began when the stevedores unloading a cargo of grain from the Red Star liner Selgenland walked out, will spread to other workers in Antwerp harbor.

The seamen are known to be completely sympathetic and pressure is being brought by the rank and file upon their officials in order to procure the calling of a sympathetic strike. The authorities are willing to go to any extreme, short of a settlement, in order to avoid a seamen's strike.

Antwerp is the largest port in Belgium and virtually the only one of any importance and the commerce of the country is practically paralyzed by the action of the longshoremen.

Leaders of the strike declare that the spirit among the men is militant and that they are capable of carrying on a long strike. It is believed, however, that the owners will be forced to grant the demands of the men shortly in order to break the existing tie-up.

Movie Operators in Calif. Win Increase

SAN DIEGO, Calif., June 24.—A three year agreement negotiated by the Movie Picture Operators' Union, calls for a six-day week with the old seven day wage.

Form Chinese Worker-Peasant Alliance

The Chinese Nationalist Party which met at Philadelphia on May 30th decided to dissolve and to immediately take steps for the organization of the Chinese Workers and Peasants Alliance. The Chinese Nationalist Party was dissolved because it had become the tool of the imperialist powers and the enemy of the workers and peasants.

The convention decided to transfer all of the documents and property of the Chinese Nationalist Party to the Chinese Workers' and Peasants' Alliance.

The complete declaration of the conference follows in full:

* * *

The Declaration of the Chinese Nationalist Party at Philadelphia, Pa., May 31, 1928.

The Chinese Nationalist Party, the product of the late Dr. Sun Yat-Sen, has been recently dominated by the tools of imperialism, such as the militerists, the dirty politicians, the compradores, the landlords and the gentry. They all, claiming to be followers of Dr. Sun, deceive others and themselves. They all, under the pretext of working for the nationalist revolution, work for the counter-revolution. Since the so-called Fourth Joint Convention of the executive and control members of the control office of the Party which was controlled by Chiang-Shin, they have definitely adopted the program of counter-revolution, established the counter-revolutionary Nationalist Government and distributed all government posts among their followers. This is to practice counter-Sun-Yat-Senism under the name and banner of the Nationalist Party! This is to destroy the glorious history of the Nationalist Party! Therefore, the Nationalist Party has become a joint organization of the tools of imperialism, or more frankly, it has been transformed into a group of traitors headed by Chiang Kai-Shih.

Non-Compromise.

The spirit of Dr. Sun's revolution is non-compromise; its aims are the destruction of imperialism, the abolition of unequal treaties and the emancipation of the oppressed; its policies are alliance with Russia, co-operation with the communists and the rendering of support to peasants and workers and its principles are the equality of nationalities, people's rights and people's livelihood. But not long ago Chiang Kai-Shih went to Japan to ask for aid from Japanese imperialism and Li Chi Sun went to Hongkong to interview the Britsh governor for a similar purpose. Recently the Nanking government yielding to the American and the Japanese imperialism, has settled with the United States the questions of the Nanking incident of 1927 by paying indemnities for American bombardment of Nanking, and withdrew troops from [illegible] to let the Japanese occupy it, [illegible] has sent representatives to imperalist powers to ask for permission of revising unequal treaties; it has broken off relationship with Soviet Russia, shot the communists and massacred the peasants and workers; it has employed the counter-revolutionary experts such as those dirty politicians like Huang-Fu, Wang Chung-Ting, etc., and those militarists like Li Tsung-Jen, Pei Tsung-Hsi, etc., and it has burdened our people with excessive taxes regardless of their well-being and simply functioned for satisfying the personal desires of the few counter-revolutionary leaders. All these are absolutely contrary to the spirit, aims policies and principles of Dr. Sun's revolution. Thus the Party is no longer the revolutionary one left by Dr. Sun, but a counter-revolutionary union of all the tools of imperialism.

Imperialist Tools.

As to the overseas branches of the Party, they are also dominated by the ignorant, senseless people who, disregarding the Party's discipline, the Party's principles and the Party's policies, only do their best to please anyone who is in power. Even the executive and control members of the new Overseas Headquarters of the Party who were, for a time, opposed to the tools of imperialism and attacked upon their counter-revolutinary wrongdoings, now has also shamelessly bowed down before the militarists, praised them to the utmost, and even gone so far as to declare: "The Nanking Government is legal and not in violation of the Party's discipline and should be recognized as the central Nationalist Government, under whose direction all Party affairs should be managed." Toward the counter-revolutionary acts committed by the Nanking Government such as the violation of Dr Sun's revolutionary spirit, principles and policies, the dissolution of all local branches of the Party, the prohibition of anti-imperialistic mass movements and the massacre of revolutionists, these same executive and control members have shown their favorable attitude and characterized these acts as "prevention of disorder." With the yielding of the militarists to the British, Japanese and American imperialist powers, they have been in agreement and cheered it as "the maintenance of good friendship with other nations." Thus it is further proved that the Chinese Nationalist Party to-day is wholly counter-revolutionary, that it has mobilized its forces against the peasants and workers, that it has become a [illegible] shield of the tools of imperialism under which they could oppress and exploit the masses, and that it has been transformed into a union of all counter-revolutionists.

Dissolves Itself.

The Chinese Nationalist Party at Philadelphia, however, has since its formation struggled for Dr. Sun's principles and policies more vigorously and uniformly than other local branches, especially when there was a tendency of the Party toward wrong directions; and has thus been admired by our revolutionary co-workers at various parts of the world. But, as already pointed out, the Nationalist Party as a whole violated Dr. Sun's revolutionary principles, and policies deceived the masses, yielded to the imperialists and practiced counter-revolution. If our Philadelphia branch sticks to the name of the Nationalist Party, it would lose its revolutionary significance, spoil its past record of revolutionary work and ruin the personality of our Philadelphia revolutionary members. It is under these circumstances that our Philadelphia branch, in its general meeting of May 30, 1928, in memory of the May 30's incident unanimously passed the resolution that the Philadelphia branch be voluntarily dissolved in order to avoid the confusion with the counter-revolutionary movement.

Our fellow-citizens in America, our revolutionary co-workers, please note that the dissolution of the Philadelphia branch does not mean the cessation of our revolutionary work. The very purpose of our joining the Party in the beginning was our faith in Dr. Sun's revolutionary principles and not our admiration for the title to its membership or for its power. While our Philadelphia branch is dissolved, this purpose is intact. Nor are we discouraged by the degeneration of the Chinese Nationalist Party into a counter-revolutionary party. For the Chinese masses—peasants and workers—still desire revolution and they are doing their revolutionary work in accordance with Dr. Sun's revolutionary principles and policies. Be it also remembered that many districts in Inner Mongolia, Chihli, Kiangsu, Shantung, Hupeh, Hunan, Fukein, Kwantung and Kwansi have already been occupied by the workers' and peasants' revolutionary forces; and their rapid progress can be fairly predicted. Our Philadelphia branch, after having passed the resolution dissolving itself, immediately adopted another resolution to the effect that the Chinese Workers and Peasants Alliance at Philadelphia be organized at once; so that in order to accomplish our revolutionary purpose we should work harder than ever to support the Chinese workers' and peasants' revolutionary movement at home, to overthrow the counter-revolutionary Nationalist Party, and to destroy imperialism and its tools—militarists, dirty politicians, compradores, landlords, the gentry and capitalists.

Fellow-citizens in America; revolutionary co-workers; if you wish to continue your revolutionary work join our Workers' and Peasants' Alliance at once.

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MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
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ONE THOUSAND MEN TO BE LAID OFF AT SUN SHIP BUILDING YARDS IS LOCAL REPORT

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHESTER, Pa. (By mail).—In a former article mailed to you and printed in The DAILY WORKER of June 7, I mentioned that the Sun Shipyard had nothing in view in the way of work as they had no hopes of the ship-subsidy bill's passing.

I do not wish to take back anything that I said at that time as I had the information from a very reliable source.

In a discussion with two men they said that two Philadelphia papers denied the passage of the above mentioned bill and another paper was in doubt about it.

At the banquet, which I mentioned, the vice-president left the impression that the work was very remote.

The report is that the yard has been employing 1,600 men but they are now going to do with 600.

This week they have only worked five days and the papers say that we have already begun to feel the beneficial effects of the passage of the Jones-White bill. As a matter of fact there is a feeling of uncertainty in every man's talk and action. I was told by one worker that he heard we were to go on three days a week.

Moral: Live on promises, business, boost prices and rents.

—S.

Textile Workers Will Protest Porter's Jailing, Mill Correspondent Writes

WILL FIGHT TO FREE MILITANT WORKER-SOLDIER

Had Been Arrested 5 Times for Picketing

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By mail).—The activity and militancy of John Porter, organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League of New Bedford, in the textile strike, has caused his arrest by the police, and his shipment to Fort Rodman. This 19-year-old Communist and leader of the textile strike, is one of the vice-presidents of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, and at the time of his arrest was out on $1,300 bail, having been arrested five times for leading the picket lines.

At the age of 15, John understanding very litle joined the army. Altho under age, he was taken into the army and served three years. During this period he learned that the army, instead of being the place "to build men," was merely the means of training the youth for future wars. He realized that as a worker his interests belonged with his class, and that as a soldier he was only being used by the capitalists in defending their interests against the workers.

He worked for a short period in the mills, and when the strike came he was one of the first to join the Textile Mill Committees, and shortly afterwards became one of the outstanding leaders. Porter was arrested five different times on charges of disorder knowing all the time that his fingerprints would reveal his identity. However, undaunted and unafraid, he continued to fight militantly.

On June 18 Porter was arrested for the sixth time, and this time the mill owners demanded he be sent back to his army prison. The next morning he was removed to Fort Rodman, and has been there ever since. The military authorities and the federal government have decided to make another Crouch and Trumbull case out of this arrest.

The government is determined to break this young rebel by keeping him locked up for a number of years. This is his punishment for his allegiance to his class.

The striking textile workers of New Bedford are not going to permit this plan of the government to succeed. We are going to fight with all our means, so that Porter can be brought back into our ranks, and back to the strike. The International Labor Defense is taking care of the legal ends of the case, as Porter was under age when he joined the army, and as this imprisonment is undoubtedly a result of his strike activity.

Besides the legal end of this case, all workers must immediately protest against the imprisonment of this young worker. The Young Workers League all over the country is going to hold mass meetings of protest. We must not permit the ruling class to break the spirit of John Porter. A national fight for the liberation of John Porter will be the best means of fighting against militarism, and against the courts of this country that continue to lock up the best fighters of the working class.

—GILBERT GREEN.

Leaflet Distributed at Fall River Mills

Fight the Wage Cut

Join the Textile Mill Committee.

Textile Workers:

The old wage scale must come back! No compromise. Every worker must organize and be prepared to fight to wipe out these wage cuts. Only the T. M. C. comes with a fighting plan to the workers. The A. F. T. O. officials, Sonsly & Co., do everything in their power to prevent a strike. The U. T. V. officials, Campos & Co., jump around and do nothing. Meanwhile, weeks go by and the workers suffering more than before.

Over in New Bedford the Textile Mill Committee has organized the workers and is leading them in a great fight against the bosses there. We must do the same here. The Fall River workers can fight just as the New Bedford workers can. Now is the time to fight.

The Textile Mill Committee is here to stay. It is growing stronger all the time. Each day workers are coming down to the office at 161 So. Main Street (Room 5) to sign up.

Fellow Workers:

Now is the time to join the T. M. C. The quicker we grow the quicker the bosses will take back the wage cut. The stronger we get the better we can fight. The sooner we begin to fight the better for ourselves and for our Textile brothers in New Bedford.

Don't delay! Now is the time. Come to our office at 161 So. Main Street, Room 5. Open every day: 9-11 A. M.-3-9 P. M.

And Join Up!

TEXTILE MILL COMMITTEE
FALL RIVER UNIT

Watch for our Big Mass Meeting Soon!

MAY PAY CONVICTS

BOSTON, June 24.—The State senate has passed a prisoners' pay bill, which provides for compensation to inmates of the State prison, the Concord reformatory and the reformatory for women. The measure now goes to the governor.

REFUSE TO PUT LABORERS UPON CITY PAYROLL

Los Angeles Mayor to Veto Bill

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By mail).—The pay of day laborers in the employ of the city of San Diego was raised a year ago from $4 to $5 a day. Now the workers want to be placed on the monthly pay-roll. An ordinance to that effect was passed recently by the city council, but vetoed by Mayor Clarrk, "in the interest of the taxpayers," he said.

Remove Mayor!

Another ordinance was drawn up, one which would decrease rather than increase the city's expenses. City fathers, headed by Councilman Dowell, argued. Mayor Clark said, however, that the proposed ordinance, if adopted, would mean an expense to the taxpayers of $45,504.75 a year. If passed, I will veto document 224704, he declared.

The proposed ordinance also provided for two weeks' vacation and Saturday afternoons off—all with full pay.

What the workers and their spokesmen in the city council will do next remains to be seen. But, in the opinion of the progressive element, the immediate task of the workers seems to be the removal of the mayor and his labor-baiting gang.

Ragged Army.

San Diego was a lively city during the free speech fight in 1912. Real estate was the stock-in-trade at that time, and real estate sharks took a leading part fighting the I. W. W., some "socialists" and even a female preacher. The writer was a commander of one of the compaines organized in San Francisco and marched to San Diego. But that more than 600 miles hike over land with a ragged "Coxey's army" is another story, one which never has been told in full.

Since those days of fights and parades, etc., under the Red Flag, San Diego has been more or less dead—no labor movement worthy of the name at all. So it is about time to start something again in that city, a seaport built up and controlled by Spreckels, a sugar king. Fight for said ordinance, vacations and Saturday afternoons off anyway!

And, then, clear-thinking sailors, and other military men visiting San Diego may even make the southern city a center for a Communist League, the status Hawaii had a few years ago.

—L. P. RINDAL.

PAINTERS GET INCREASE.

HAMILTON, Ohio, June 24.—A wage increase of 12 1-2 cents an hour has been secured by the Painters' Union.

DRAMA

The N. Y. Times Gets Worried About "End of St. Petersburg"

"THE End of St. Petersburg" hit jaded New York critics like a sweep of fresh air. They unanimously voiced their hearty approval. Swept along by the force of it they went into ecstatic eulogies that overbalanced their usual calm, critical dignity. One and all—and even the staid N. Y. Times—they bowed before the sheer wizardry of a movie product of Soviet Russia.

The crowds came: those who were tired of the usual movie drivel and especially, and in greatest numbers—workers. After all this is THEIR picture. The suffering, the struggle and the victory of their class is literally steeped in this classic — and they heard about it. So they came, saw and went away inspired to pass the word to other workers and the world at large.

The N. Y. Times senses the effect of this achievement in motion picture art. It gets worried. Praising the picture, it must warn of its implications. It must advise that the Russian and "every revolution in history has sought to justify itself by rehearsing the intolerable state of affairs that rendered revolution just and inevitable." No mention is made of the American revolution we are going to celebrate on July 4. Nor would any American movie producer dare to present it in a picture as it happened.

The N. Y. Times must sagely remind us that in Russia there were two revolutions — "the second put through by Lenin in November, 1917, was a party revolution, and its purpose was not Russian emancipation." The Bolshevik party did not give the peasant the land. "The peasant already had four-fifths of the land under the Czars and had helped himself to the rest before Lenin delivered his coup"! Don't be fooled, the Times would imply. This darn thing they are showing is mental dynamite. It is class propaganda — and obviously, not for the class for which the N. Y. Times is speaking.

Yet the workers, perhaps not even understanding the causes and the results of the Russian revolution will see the "End of St. Petersburg" and understand instinctively the logical smile of the armed worker that concludes the picture. This is what worries the N. Y. Times of course. The sheer beauty of it also, the well-knit, enthralling action are sure to keep it running on Broadway for months—of further worry for the N. Y. Times.

"The End of St. Petersburg" is propaganda." So says the N. Y. Times and so it is. You can't picture the events of the Russian revolution truthfully without it being propaganda—for the workers. It is propaganda and it is art. Even the N. Y. Times editorial writer will go this far: "As a picture and a story it impresses even those who perceive that the motive is propaganda in favor of the Soviet Regime." Must be art!

The stupid concluding sub-titles shown on the opening night have been eliminated. It was obvious to everyone they "did not belong." The action now sweeps along to a climax that brings you to the victorious smile of the worker without the interjection of the illogical sub-titles, which would, for no reason at all, remind us of "democracy." Whatever they have cut out of the picture, they could not cut out that which so worries the N. Y. Times. And that is exactly what makes "The End of St. Petersburg" worth seeing.

W. C.

VALEDA DUNCAN

In "Good News," Ray Henderson's music show now in its tenth month at the Chanin's 46th Street Theatre.

HIT BROOKWOOD FAKER FOR HIS "MINER" LIES

Striker Who Has Given Will Keep on Giving

SPRINGFIELD, Ill. (By mail).—Would you kindly permit me a few words in your paper in regards to "Boyd's letter" in the "Illinois Miner."

In regards to Boyd, the Wyoming stoolpigeon at the Brookwood Labor College, who in his letter in The Illinois Miner of May 5, among other things stated: "I wonder where all this money is coming from?" Then, "On the other hand if the Pennsylvania-Ohio committee paid all of this money (convention expense) then they have robbed the striking miners of what was rightly theirs and if this could be proved, it could be made into a serious charge of misusing funds, because there must have been thousands of dollars spent on this convention alone."

Now for this reactionary-howling character's information, I may state that I as an ex-member of the U. M. W. of A. have contributed over fifty dollars toward the P.-O. and Colorado striking miners, since April and I am not done with it yet.

I also know of other ex-members here in New York, who have given ten, twenty and some over seventy-five dollars for the same cause, and so we have hundreds of them throughout the country. No one of us cares in what way that money is spent. It may be for food, clothes, hall-rent, conventions or even to form a new organization, if they should find it being necessary. So what is this Wyoming-wind-jammer going to do about it?

—W. H. H.

GROWTH OF A REAL WORKING CLASS CAMP

By A. B. MAGIL.

We were going to Camp Nitgedaiget to attend the official opening of the camp's summer season Saturday June 2.

The ride up the Hudson to Newburgh was an indolent daydream. Palisades, hills and boulders are piled in my mind. Sun floats on the river, jazz music, girls struggling with a young scamp of a wind that keeps blowing up their dresses.

From Newburgh a ferry chugged its way across to Beacon and then by machine to Camp Nitgedaiget just in time for lunch. There were about 200 people at the camp, all workers vacationing or out for the weekend, seated at long tables in the spacious dining hall, talking, laughing, singing. Food was good to the tongue and plentiful.

• • •

Nitgedaiget means Don't You Worry. And looking into my soul, I can say that not once during my two days at Camp Nitgedaiget did I worry even the slightest bit. Of course, it was rather hard to keep my thoughts from wandering in a certain direction every time I glanced at The DAILY WORKER on sale at the Nitgedaiget store, with its announcement of the critical financial condition of the paper. But this really wasn't my fault and it shouldn't be counted against me.

• • •

CAMP NITGEDAIGET sprawls on the side of a hill overlooking the Hudson, its back against the low sheer mountains rising leafcovered into the east. From the top of the camp an immense stretch of river and shore can be seen, along which the eye leaps tirelessly.

Five years ago a group of workers rented a piece of ground here, set up pup tents, ate their meals under the open sky and called it a camp. Each year saw changes, improvements, growth, until now all of these 240 acres of land are owned by the United Workers Cooperative, which conducts Camp Nitgedaiget. This year 10 acres of woodland have been converted into a park and 75 bungalows have been built which, together with the 236 tents, can take care of about 750 guests. A complete community has sprung up on the side of this hill. There are a dining room with a capacity of 750, an auditorium seating 800, a store, a barber shop, a swimming pool, showers and facilities for various sports.

And the camp looks after the cultural as well as the physical well-being of its worker-guests. Lectures are a regular feature and choral and dramatic work occupy an important place in camp activities. Incidentally, the mass play in this country had its origin at Camp Nitgedaiget.

Camp Nitgedaiget was the pioneer among workers' camps in the United States. Since it was founded, similar camps have sprung up near New York City, Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago. Workers aren't always able to take their vacations in the summer months and so the camp is open the year round, with winter accommodations for from 80 to 100. And during the summer the winter house is converted into a library, reading-room and hospital.

• • •

In a current liberal weekly there is an advertisement announcing that spring has come to Camp Tamiment, the "socialist" camp, conducted by the Rand School. And the coming of spring to Camp Tamiment has brought with it a special June rate of $32 a week. I look at the other camp advertisements in the same magazine and see that the "socialist" camp has made those run by private individuals look like pikers in the matter of special June rates. Hardly any of them have such aristocratic springs coming to them.

The rate at Camp Nitgedaiget the year round (the camp is so naive as not to jimmy up the prices during the rush season) is a measly $17 a week. And the spring that comes to the camp is just an ornery $17 a week spring. And the employes of Camp Nitgedaiget, the waiters, the kitchen help, etc., have never yet gone on strike because they were being overworked and fed rotten food — as has happened at the "socialist" camp Tamiment where weary lawyers, preachers and college professors gather annually at the conference of the League for Industrial Democracy to deplore the evils of capitalism. It pays to have the right kind of springs coming to our camp.

Having once worked at a summer camp, I know the conditions that prevail at the average commercial camp. During the entire season none of us ever got a single day or part of a day off, and it was only our repeated threats to strike that compelled the camp owners to hire sufficient help to enable us to feel half-alive at the end of the day's work. And I know that the workers in the kitchen and the chambermaids were even worse off. For we waiters were, after all, labor aristocrats of the camp.

At Camp Nitgedaiget, I was informed by B. Cohen, the affable camp manager, all the workers are equal in rank and all work an eight-hour day and a six-day week. (For the waiters this usually amounts to a six or seven-hour day.) The workers are part of the camp population, eat the same food and enjoy the same privileges as the guests. Strikes? This is a workers' camp!

• • •

On Sunday evening I stood on the porch of the casino, looking out over the Hudson. The sun had set in a tide of soft warm colors and a lean ribbon of light lay flat against the western sky. Slowly the lamps on the opposite shore thrust their placid yellow faces thru the darkness, gazing out over the calm Hudson, polished to a dark brightness.

Down along the edge of the river I had seen that very morning the hovels of Negro workers, the slaves of a brick factory. Their dark defeated faces swam up in my mind as I had seen them sitting in front of their shacks, leaning in doorways, looking out of windows. And I thought as I stood on the porch of the casino at Camp Nitgedaiget: here, rubbing elbows are two phases of the workers' struggle. Below near the river are the workers still chained to their misery and defeat, fighting each other for bread, the chattel of their ruthless masters. And up above on the hill are the workers who had learned to fight the common enemy in an organized fashion and had built this camp as one of their strongholds.

Some day, I thought, the workers down below near the river will arise out of their misery and tiredness and defeat and also climb the hill.

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WOMEN'S MEETING FOR MINERS RELIEF IS GREAT SUCCESS

Assure Quick Aid In Miners' Struggle

The first Delegate Conference of the New York Working Women's Federation, held Thursday evening at the Labor Temple, Second avenue, and 14th Street, responded enthusiastically to the appeal for immediate relief to the striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio.

One hundred and forty dollars was turned over to the National Miners' Relief Committee immediately after the striking appeal made by Mrs. Mary Nagle of Bentleyville and Mrs. Mollie Sokol of Vestaberg, both representing the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Miners' Union. Hunger, police brutalities, evictions and intimidation hold no terrors for the wives of striking miners, who have stood shoulder to shoulder with the miners on the picket line and defied the threats as well as the machine guns of the coal corporations, they reported.

Pledges Aid to Drive.

The conference pledged itself to do everything possible in the drive for relief, starting June 25 to July 1, to carry out the plans proposed by the Federation. Pauline Rogers, secretary of the Women's Committee for Miners' Relief, reporting on the plan, laid special emphasis on the need for creating shop committees for Miners' Relief, as a basis for continuing the delegate conferences of the Federation, the committees to serve as a connecting link between the shop representatives and the Federation.

Ray Ragozin, general secretary of the Federation reported on the activities since the last meeting one month ago at which time the Federation was launched. The report included a summary of the program adopted which pledged the Federation to make its major task the organization of the unorganized women, improving working conditions, social insurance, special maternity care, protection of children from industrial exploitation, the raising of demands for better schools, housing, and a clear cut policy of resisting all attempts of the employers to interfere with the workers struggle against injunctions, company unions, compulsory arbitration, co-operation and employers' welfare schemes and any other methods to restrain workers from mass action to better their conditions.

Report On Trades.

Delegates reporting on conditions in their industries included the Progressive White Goods Workers, Sylvia Blecher of the Millinery Workers' Union who urged spreading the propaganda of the Federation to build a strong, united organization; Gertrude Welsh, who reported on the activities of culinary workers in raising relief for the miners; Kate Gitlow who stressed the necessity of using the Delegate Conference as an effective means of getting industrial workers into the Federation and of carrying on the educational work to arouse their support in the drive for trade union organization. Representatives of the Women's Councils also reported on their activities in the Miners' relief campaign and expressed their confidence in the future usefulness of the Federation. Council numbers 10, 12, 17, and No. 4 were represented.

Next Meeting Aug. 4.

It was decided that the next Delegate Conference would be held on August 4 to discuss the political campaign, world imperialism and the war danger.

• • •

Mobilization for the city-wide miners' relief week which is to begin Monday and continue throughout next week has been practically completed according to an announcement at the local office of the National Miners' Relief Committee.

Throughout the week open air meetings will be held, to stress the importance of miners relief to the workers. They will be told of the national open-shop drive, of which the plan to break up the miners' union is the initial step, and warned that unless they rally to the support of the striking miners, they may themselves soon be appealing for support from labor.

Supported by Women.

At an enthusiastic meeting held Thursday evening by the Working Womens' Federation at the Labor Temple, support for the miners' week was unanimously endorsed. During the past week the Bronx Committeen have held enlarged meetings at which all the organizations affiliated with the various committees have pledged to participate in the drive by enlisting their full memberships for the activities of the week, including systematic house to house collections distribution of miners' literature, participation at outdoor relief meetings, and volunteering for the Mass Collection Days of June 30 and July 1st.

Language committees for miners' relief, have also mobilized for the drive. The Hungarian and Ukranian Committees reported last night their headquarters were being made temporary relief drive stations during the entire week, that the language societies forming the committees were co-operating fully in the matter of relief solicitors, and that special Miners' Relief parties were being arranged throughout the week by organizations and individual workers.

Other Activities.

Various Workmen's Circles are conducting affairs for miners' relief, among them Circle No. 548, Bronx, which is conducting an outing, to take place next Saturday. Women's Councils are also active in arranging parties for relief work. The Cloakmakers' Council and Council 12 will hold a tea party under joint auspices.

The National Miners' Relief Committee calls upon all workers to support the striking miners and their families.

Yellow Dogs and Spies Aid Kayser Production

BANGOR, Pa., (FP) June 24.—Julius Kayser Co. makes silk stockings by the aid of yellow dog contracts and labor spies. Ootherwise how could it keep knitters at their machines from 12 to 15 hours a day, how could it work the all day Saturday and even have them show up on Sunday?

Back in 1920 Kayser locked out highly skilled union workers affiliated with the Hosiery Workers' Federation. Now the majority of his output is exported, and the union wants to know if that is because American women are too discriminating.

CALIFORNIA PLANS DEFENSE PICNIC

Many Language Groups to Attend

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif.,—On July 4 the Branches of International Labor Defense of San Francisco, Alameda, and Contra Costa Counties will hold their Annual Picnic at East Shore Park, near Richmond. The Annual I. L. L. Picnic is becoming one of the main events in labor circles of the entire Bay Cities District. This year it will be bigger and better than ever, according to ticket sales thus far reported.

A number of language groups are making special efforts to bring out their own nationalities which will lend a distinctly international color to the Picnic. An outstanding feature will be a program of native songs and dances in costumes with balalaika accompaniment, presented by the Russian-Ukranian Workers' Chorus of San Francisco. As entertainers this group of workers has earned an enviable reputation. Sharing honors will be the offering of Madame Clare von Tobianas who will give a public exhibition of her famous Salome Dance. Her interpretation has been called the most perfect in this region. Kelly's Orchestra will supply the dance music.

The July 4th Picnic will draw all shades of the left wing and militant labor movement. Able speakers will give a workers' interpretation of the Declaration of Independence. There will be refreshments of all sorts.

To reach the Park from San Francisco, those desiring to go should take Key Route Ferry, then to San Pablo Ave., then the street car to the park. From Oakland any car to San Pablo Ave. and a transfer will take one to the park.

Tickets may be secured at Workers' Educational Club headquarters, 1212 Market street, San Francisco, at the Workers, Book Shop, 2123 Telegraph avenue, Oakland, or from members of the International Labor Defense.

JACKET WORKERS LOCKOUT ENDED

Beckerman Will Grant Wage Cut Privately

The lockout of the workers in the childrens' jacket contractors shops ended yesterday when Abraham Beckerman, head of the machine in power in the Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, told the contractors to bring their grievances to him, giving assurances that they will be well taken care of. The lockout was declared a few days ago, with the demand that wages be cut since reductions were permitted by the union to other crafts in the industry.

The other demand made of the union by the contractors in ordering the lockout was that the union stop work of larger employers and jobbers from going for manufacture to the scab-contracting shops, since these larger employers are under control of the union and sending work to scab shops can easily be halted. This also, Beckerman promises to "correct" in spite of proof exposed in recent days that work was being sent to scab shops under the guardianship of officials of the union who received graft from both the larger employer and from the scab shops.

But the contractors who locked out the workers are nevertheless always ready to listen to Beckerman, who has hitherto treated them with generous consideration, having permitted them individually, rather than as an associated body, to slash wages with great abandon.

ELECTRICIANS GAIN.

BEVERLY, Mass., (By Mail).—Electrical workers signed a two-year wage agreement that raises rates 10 cents an hour. The new scale is $1.25.

THREE TAMMANY HALL HENCHMEN ARE SENTENCED

Tammany Henchmen May Never Serve

Three Bronx officials of the Tammany Hall street cleaning department yesterday listened undisturbed to the pronouncement of sentence upon them to Sing Sing prison by Bronx County Judge Albert Cohn, confident that, as befits good Tammany grafters, they will never be made to serve their terms. The sentence followed their conviction in the expected move by the Tammany Hall machine to cover up the real depth of the graft scandal in a "sacrifice" of several relatively minor officials.

The Victims

William J. Oswald, former district superintendent, was sentenced to serve from three to ten years; William J. Lougheed, foreman of the Cromwell avenue garage, from one and a half to three years, and Benjamin Stoeber, assistant foreman under Lougheed, one to two years.

Lougheed and Stoeber received the consideration of the court because they had pleaded guilty and appeared as prosecution witnesses against Oswald and Charles A. McGee, assistant superintendent in charge of the Bronx, who was acquitted.

As Usual

That these officials will not actually be made to serve their terms or if they do that they will receive the customary consideration accorded influential grafters with the assurance of an early pardon was confidently asserted yesterday. In the meantime those higher-ups in the $200,000,000 Tammany graft scandal are enabled to go about their regular business.

RIGHT WING ENDS CAPMAKER STRIKE

Chicago Struggle Broken By Zaritsky

CHICAGO, June 24. — After removing the leadership of the Chicago capmakers strike because of a too determined stand they took against the attempt of the employers association to install piece-work thru a lockout, the International officialdom, which assumed control of the strike, yesterday announced that no more strike benefits will be paid to the 225 strikers, thus virtually admitting defeat by the bosses' association.

At the time the progressive leadership was removed, facts were made public to the effect that the lockout was ordered by the bosses after they knew that Zaritsky was opposed to a fight against piece work, this sweat shop system of work being publicly advocated by him at union meetings. Another exposure which laid the responsibility of the lockout at the door of Zaritsky, was his close personal friendship with the manager of the employers' association, Percy Ginsberg, a former vice-president of the union.

By removing the leadership of J. B. Salzburg, progressive, loss of the strike was incurred by the right wing. It was generally known that at the time the employers' ranks were cracking, in spite of injunctions and arrests. An employers trade journal reports a union official as saying that they were unable to fight the injunction. Now the trade is 75 per cent open shop, this official admits.

INDICT CONNOLLY FOR SEWER MESS

Former Borough President, Maurice E. Connolly of Queens Borough, involved in the $29,000,000 Queens sewer scandal, who resigned under fire in the investigation into the doings of his office, was indicted today by the Special Grand Jury convened to examine the evidence that had been collected in the investigation prior to Connolly's resignation.

John M. Phillips, racing stable owner and sole maker of "lock-joint, pre-cast pipe," especially specified for him in all Queens sewer specifications, and two others were also indicted by the Special Grand Jury.

National Teachers Union To Convene in Chicago

CHICAGO, June 24.—The annual convention of the American Federations of Teachers, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, will be held here in the Congress Hotel from July 25 to the 29. Mary C. Barker of Atlanta, Georgia, is the president and Florence Hanson is secretary.

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Workers' Calendar

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. — The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin.

San Francisco Picnic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—The branches of the International Labor Defense of San Francisco, Alameda, and Contra Costa counties will hold a picnic at East Shore Park, near Richmond, on July 4.

• • •

Paperhangers of Boston.

BOSTON.—The Paperhangers' Union, local 258, will inaugurate a campaign for new members to extend over a period of 3 months, June, July and August. The initiation fee has been reduced from $100 to $25. The local calls upon all organized paperhangers of the city and vicinity to join the union and help to organize the non-union workers. The local union meets at the district council headquarters, corner Washington and Dover Sts. Boston.

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

SEMARD SPEAKS AT FRENCH MEET

Concludes Debate at the Party Conference

PARIS, June 24.—Semard concluded the debate at the French Communist Party conference with a protest against the overestimation of the role of the peasantry in the French revolution.

"The Communist Party must recognize the dangerous reformist delusions. Opportunism must be fought and we must combat the sterile opposition," Semard said. The conference passed unanimously the theses on the political situation of the Communist Party.

(Other information about the Party conference will be found on page 3.)

N. Y. BLOCKERS GIVE MILLINERS $1,000 AS AID

Redeem Pledge to Help Fight Union Wreckers

The latest development in the struggle for existence of the Millinery Hand Workers Union Local 43 against the officialdom of the International Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers Union shows that the members of that militant local are receiving the wholehearted support of a growing section of the general organization. At a joint meeting of the executive boards of the Blockers Local 42, and Local 43, several decisions were made which spell doom to attempts of President Zaritsky and his cohorts to destroy the milliners organization.

Vital Decisions

The most important of these decisions was the one deciding that the boards of both locals 42 and 43 meet jointly in conducting the struggle against Zaritsky. It was also decided that the office staffs of both locals function together on questions of inter-local relations.

In redemption of the promise tendered by the Blockers Local 42 to the fighting local 43, that moral and financial aid will be given in their fight to maintain the union, the executive board of the blockers union yesterday presented to the Local 43 executive board a check of $1,000.

As has been a practice among the millinery workers, large picket lines turned out to patrol the shops which tried to assist Zaritsky by ordering their girls to disavow their membership in Local 43, and locking them out when they refused. The faithful (to the bosses and Zaritsky) police were also there "en masses." No arrests were reported, however, at a late hour yesterday.

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Excursion Tomorrow

The members of the union now at work gave another example of devotion to their fellow members. Collections in most shops are now in full swing for a fund to buy tickets for the girls on strike, in order that they too will be able to go on the excursion to Camp Nitgadaiget. July 1. All will meet at Battery Park pier, 8 o'clock Sunday morning.

WASH. FEDERATION MEET

WENATCHEE, Wash., June 24.—The annual convention of the State Federation of Labor will convene here on Monday, July 9.

In Prison For Life On Murder Charge, Cleared

The blind-folded goddess of "justice" barely missed taking the life of an innocent man it was discovered yesterday. James Sweeney was convicted of murder early last year in connection with a mail truck robbery in Elizabeth, N. J. He was sentenced to the electric chair, but a commutation resulted in his being sent to the state penitentiary in Trenton for life.

Frank Kiekart and Benjamin Haas, now in prison on other charges, confessed recently and have completely exonerated Sweeney.

Though proven innocent, however, Sweeney will not be freed until September because his application for a pardon was "not properly drawn."

CZECH PAPER IS VICTIM OF RAID

Youth Publication Is Ransacked

PRAGUE, Czech-Slovakia (By Mail)—Today the Prague police raided the editorial quarters of the "Roten Jugendwacht," a youth newspaper. The attention of the police inspector was drawn to the fact that the search warrant referred to the rooms of the Central Committee of the Young Communist League and not to the editorial quarters of the youth newspaper. Despite this, however, the editorial rooms were searched from top to bottom for an appeal to the working youth. The appeal was not found and the police contented themselves with confiscating two thousand copies of "The Outlines of Political Knowledge."

RAISE FOR OHIO PAINTERS

HAMILTON, Ohio, June 24.—A wage increase of 12 1-2 cents an hour has been secured by Painters' Union.

SUPERIOR SCHOOL HELPS YOUTH FOR CLASS STRUGGLE

Students Will Work in Labor Movement

SUPERIOR, Wisc., (By mail).—On Monday, June 18, the Young Workers League advanced courses opened in Superior, Wis. for District 9. Twenty-five young workers from all over the district are attending this school. They come from such important sections of the district as the Iron Range, the Michigan Copper Country, from the Twin Cities, and from the Head of the Lakes cities.

The courses will last for four weeks, beginning June 18, and ending July 14. The students will be taught History of Labor in the U. S., Economics, History, The Role of the Workers Communist Party, The Role of the Y. W. L., and organizational problems.

Much energy was spent in collecting money and mobilizing the support of the labor organizations and clubs, so as to make these courses a success. Especially did the Finish workers clubs, and the Womens Section help to make these courses a reality, by raising a large amount of money for the fund.

When the courses are over, and the students return to their home towns, it is expected that each will be able to carry on organizational and educational work in his part of the district, and thereby help to build a larger and better Young Workers Communist League in district 9.

VIOLATE AGREEMENT

DETROIT, June 24.—The Peninsular Stove Company violated its agreement with Molders' Union No. 30 and is importing strikebreakers.

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Traditional Party of Slavery Meets at Houston

The collapse of the anti-Smith forces at the opening of the democratic national convention is the collapse of a lame and blind petty-capitalist opposition to the Wall Street masters of that party.

In its historical origin chiefly a party of the owners of chattel slaves, the democratic party was split at the time of the Civil War and became the outright and unqualified party of Slavery. Defeated in the bloody struggles of 1861-65, it became the party of the bankrupted Southern land-owners. From this position, curiously enough, it swung to a short career as the party of petty-capitalist debtors with room in its ranks for some agrarian discontent.

The transition from Bryan to Wilson was the transition of the democratic party into the direct control of the biggest banks and trusts. American capitalism is traditionally "republican," but it was under the leadership of Wilson that American capitalism made its sharpest and furthest development into imperialism, the final flower of capitalism.

Since Wilson the democratic party has been one of the two parties whose apparatus is controlled directly by the highest masters of Wall Street.

The Wall Street leaders can afford to permit still a little "liberal" demagogy on the part of democratic politicians, and this "liberal" stuff is still blindly associated with something vaguely supposed to be beneficial to labor and to farmers. But the Smith-led democratic party is only serving Wall Street the better if it succeeds in this swindling demagogy.

The democratic party, traditional party of Slavery, is completely in the hands of the most reactionary forces of Wall Street, and is as much a party of wage-slavery and the open shop as is the republican party.

So far there is no "viewing with alarm" from either the republican or the democratic camps. The press of the democratic party is filled with benevolent smiles for Hoover, while the press of the republican party gently praises the "great and good" Al Smith.

It will be a "gentlemen's campaign" as between Smith and Hoover.

Neither the election of Hoover nor the election of Smith will be a defeat for Wall Street.

If the socialist party should receive a large vote, the upper strata of the American ruling class would only smile indulgently. The "liberal" capitalist newspapers would even speak with favor of this little flunkey-party to the big bourgeoisie.

The only possible defeat for the financial masters of the United States in this election, will be a large vote for Communism. The only chance that any capitalist paper can "view with alarm" anything whatsoever in this campaign, is that chance which arises from the plans for a vigorous, nation-wide campaign to poll a big vote for Foster and Gitlow as the standard-bearers of the Workers (Communist) Party, and a large increase in membership of the same party in connection with the campaign.

This would correctly be viewed with alarm by all capitalist organs alike as "the rise of Bolshevism" in the United States.

This is the only thing the masters of Hoover and Smith have to fear in this campaign.

It is likewise the only thing the working class and the exploited farmers have to hope for in this campaign.

Vote Communist.

The Socialist Party Sandwich

The current issue of the "New Leader" will provide the future historian of changing class forces in America some valuable data. A sort of middle class ham sandwich is being sought after by the socialists in the election campaign with the crumbs dropped from the republican larder as one layer, the leavings of the democratic party as the other layer, and a thin smear of neo-socialism in between to hold them together.

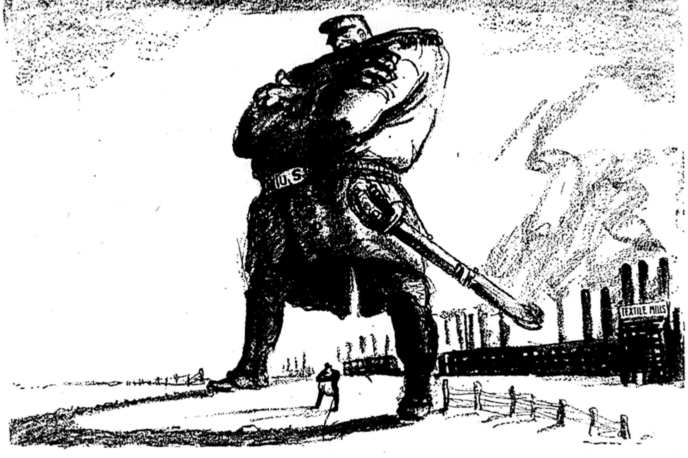
Thus the whole purpose of the "socialist" campaign is merely to capitalize the graft of Tammany Hall and the degree of reaction of the republican machine. No suggestion of any positive program; no attempt to support the various struggles waged by the working class; no pretense even of speaking for the rising force of proletarian consciousness.

Bidding for the disconcerted little shop-keepers who are rapidly being squeezed together between the upper millstone of trustified industry whose competition they are increasingly unable to meet and the nether millstone of rising overhead costs, increased rate of taxation and rising cost of living; catering secondly to those elements, progressives so-called, liberals, a small handful of intellectuals not connected with the life of the workers, a few ministers and other tender-hearted souls who find the march of imperialism a bit too hard going, the socialist party hopes to remain afloat holding on frantically to stray pieces of social wreckage.

The Reverend Norman Thomas in his weekly humorous column drives his strongest thunder at the wicked ways of the New Tammany. He condemns Heavy Herb Hoover for his connections with the power trust. But as for the actual struggle against these forces where the struggle counts, the position of the socialists can best be judged from the fact that the Jewish Daily Forward quite openly supports Al Smith; the New Leader is almost free of news of the trade union field; nothing of the mine struggle, little of the textile workers' fight and that basically unfavorable to the workers; nothing of the recent strike of the New Jersey oil workers; only contempt for the efforts of the Communists in the campaign to organize the traction workers, and only words where deeds are necessary. All of the socialist party's deeds are of the kind they resort to in the needle trades—outright strike-breaking.

THE STRIKEBREAKER

By Fred Ellis



In an attempt to weaken the New Bedford textile workers' strike, the U. S. Army authorities have seized John Porter, strike leader, whom they have thrown into an army prison as a deserter from the army.

Gitlow's Acceptance Speech

(This is the first installment of the speech made by Comrade Gitlow in accepting his nomination as Workers' Party candidate as vice-president in the coming elections.)

• • •

COMRADES:

It is a great honor to be one of the standard bearers of the only party of the exploited masses in the United States.

This convention throws out a challenge to the whole bloody capitalist ruling class of the United States.

The campaign which we are now entering is part of the war the exploited masses are waging against those who exploit them.

President Coolidge a couple of days ago declared that he was gratified at the action of the United States congress when it passed the tax bill giving a fat present to the capitalists of the United States in the form of tax reductions amounting to over $200,000,000. The particular reason for Coolidge's gratification was the fact that congress eliminated from the tax bill the provision for publicity on income tax returns. The bankers, the industrialists, the large stockholders in the United States do not want the workers and poor farmers of this country to know how much they steal and extract from the sweat and toil of the workers and farmers of the country. The Workers (Communist) Party on entering this campaign declares to the strikebreaker Coolidge, to the Ohio Gang that put Harding in power and made Teapot Dome famous, declares to the powers of Wall Street, declares to the pirates of Tammany Hall, and the plunderbund of the G. O. P. that in spite of the fact that the republicans and democrats combined in the last congress to keep out of the press the record of capitalist robbery in the United States, the Communists will do everything to write down in burning letters that will be understood, the whole bloody, crooked, contemptible and hypocritical record of the capitalist ruling class of the United States.

Record of Brutal Oppression.

The record of the capitalist ruling class in the United States is indeed a record of brutality against the working class. We have present at this convention the wife of one of the workers who was murdered together with others because he championed the cause of the oppressed and the working class. We received only a few days ago the news that a loyal fighter of the working class died in Moscow. Wm. D. Haywood was a memorable figure in the class war. For organizing the workers and fighting to improve their conditions he was persecuted, imprisoned and driven out of the country. Chas. E. Ruthenberg, one of the founders of our Party and a determined fighter against imperialism and imperialist war, was thrown and kept in prison for many long years by the capitalist ruling class.

We can recall at this time the many memorable struggles that took place in the United States, struggles in which workers were shot down like dogs. Struggles in which workers were hounded into bull pens, struggles in which workers were torn from their families and deported. These events cover pages in the history of the American class struggle. At this time when we enter the presidential campaign we must not forget that there are now behind prison bars in capitalist dungeons in America valiant fighters of the working class. Mooney and Billings are still in prison.

Remember Sacco and Vanzetti.

We must not forget that in spite of the opposition of the workers of all countries, American capitalism sent Sacco and Vanzetti, two innocent workers, to the electric chair. We must not forget that while we are living in a country of tremendous wealth, in a country which boasts it is the richest in the world, that though billions in wealth are piled up there are millions of men and women who are walking the streets looking for an opportunity to work, looking for a chance to eat, for a chance to live. We must not forget that in this country which boasts of liberty, which boasts of democracy, workers are not allowed to organize, workers are not allowed to strike, the injunction is used with effectiveness against the workers.

Oppression of Negroes.

We must not forget that in this country which claims that all peoples, all races are equal, millions of toilers because their skin is of a different color, because they are Negroes, are denied the franchise in the South, are persecuted, are treated worse than dogs and are lynched under conditions that are indescribable.

We must not forget that while on the one hand we have plenty, a tremendous display of arrogant wealth, on the other, millions of children toil in the mills, in the mines, and in the factories to pile up the fortunes for the capitalist ruling class of this country.

In this campaign we must declare that this capitalism, and the ruling class that maintains it, and the government that supports it and defends it with all its might, all this must go! The toilers, the workers and poor farmers must come into power.

This convention will be reported by the capitalist press as a red convention. We are not ashamed of the term red. This convention is a red convention. It is made up of men and women with red fighting blood in their veins.

At the present time we can point out that in one country in the world the reds are in power, the red flag flies as the flag of the country. That is the only country in which the workers and farmers have the power. In Russia exploiters have been overcome. There a system of society is now being built that will give to the toilers all the advantages that their labor and ability can provide.

Recognition of Soviet Government.

The United States Government, the government of Wall Street., the government of bankers, trusts, mergers, robbers, pirates, grafters, the government of the oil gang, etc., declared in the name of humanity that it cannot recognize a government where the working class is in power. This campaign is only an incident in the struggles between the workers, the farmers and the exploited masses with the exploiters who are in power. This struggle will have many phases, election campaign, strikes, demonstrations, parades, mass meetings, etc. One of the most important phases of this campaign will be the demand for the recognition of the Soviet Union.

If the United States will persist in its refusal of the recognition of our government, the Soviet government, we know that the time will come when the workers government in the United States—a Soviet government—will recognize Soviet Russia. (applause)

U. S. Imperialism.

American imperialism, drunk with the enormous profits that it won as a result of the world war is engaged in a very aggressive imperialist campaign. In South America, in Mexico, in Nicaragua, in Haiti and in the Philippines, the masses of toilers there are experiencing the bloody rule of American imperialism. In Asia the Chinese workers and peasants, who are engaged in a bitter struggle against the exploiters, feel the bloody hand of American imperialism.

All over the world the imperialists of the United States are fighting against the competition of imperialists of other countries. The policy of American imperialism is to drive the other imperialist powers out of the markets of the world. The result is a sharpening of the antagonisms between the imperialist powers. This aggressive imperialist policy of the United States is leading into a new world war.

The next world war will be on a more gigantic, on a more costly, and on a more deadly scale than the war we have just experienced. Linked up with the question of the breaking out of a new imperialist war is the formation of a block of imperialist nations against the Soviet Union. We enter this campaign fully aware of the great danger of war facing the working class of this country and every other country.

Our party is an international party, our party fight imperialist wars, our party joins hands with the workers and toilers of all countries in defense of the exploited and toiling masses everywhere and we declare that in the event of a war we will utilize the war to mobilize the workers, to mobilize the farmers, to mobilize the masses to make the war the burial ground for capitalism not only in this country but in every country in the world. (applause)

War vs. Soviet Union.

In connection with the subject of war against the Soviet Union, it is interesting to note that relative to the Kellogg proposal the French government declares with the British government that the proposals against wars must be considered as proposals not including the Soviet Union.

What does this mean? It means that the imperialists have in mind a war against the Soviet Union. This war has actually started. Encouraged by the hostile attitude of the imperialists against the Soviet Union paid for by the imperialists, the counter-revolution has attempted to raise its head inside the Soviet Union.

Imperialist Conspiracy.

The affair of the Donetz basin is only one initial step on the part of the imperialists to undermine the economic machine of the Soviet Union, so that the Soviet Union will not be able to supply its workers and farmers with the materials of war in order to withstand the attacks of the imperialists. Already it is to the credit of our government of the Soviet Union that it nipped this conspiracy in the bud, that the counter-revolution is crushed. We, members of the international proletariat, members of the exploited masses of the world, of the Communist Party and the Communist International, declare in the event of an attack, of a war against the Soviet Union, we will defend our country, the Soviet Union. (applause). We will do everything in our power to rout the imperialist enemies and bring about the victory of the Red Army.

We of the Workers (Communist) Party declare, to the enemies of the working class and to the capitalist government, that the objective of the revolutionary party of the working class is the overthrow of the capitalist system of society.

(To Be Continued)

HONEST ELECTIONS, IS DYERS' DEMAND

Raising the demand that an honest membership meeting be called so that the choice of the union's leadership be left for the members and not for psuedo-union men packed into a staged meeting, and appealing to all workers in the cleaners' and dyers union to come to union meetings to fight the gangster officials of the organization, the Progressive Group in the union yesterday distributed a statement to the workers in the shops, which says in part:

"The same corrupt officials who are terrorizing the membership by removing all those who refuse to be a tool of the corrupt machine from their jobs, are disregarding the demands of the membership for a new and legal nomination.

"The bosses assist the corrupt officials by removing good standing union members from their jobs who do not approve of the officials' policy.

"The same gangster oficials who nominated themselves at an illegal meeting are going to elect themselves to represent you for the coming year.

"No objection and election committees were elected at the nomination meeting. Over 50 loyal union members were not admitted to the meeting, because these gangsters fear the membership will recall a few of their betrayals. They know that we, the membership, still remember that we lost two weeks' pay in order to organize the bosses' association. We, the membership, still remember what the Effrat clique did to our regular elected Executive Board members.

"Sisters and Brothers: It is time that we show the gangster officials that the union is not their private property, that we, the membership of the union, will have our say in all the affairs of the union, with an honest rank and file leadership who will represent the will of the workers, not of the bosses' association. We want a leadership that will use our money to strengthen the union, not to hire gangsters to beat up our brothers with blackjacks and knives.

"The nomination was illegal, therefore, we, the members of the union, demand a new and legal nomination where all union members will be admitted to the nomination meeting and an honest election."

ELECTION SIDELIGHTS

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

As these lines are written, the Tammany Tiger is getting ready to boggle up the Democratic donkey. I do not know in what light a food faddist would regard a jackass as an article or diet but it is obvious that Tammany is prepared to take the beast into its seasoned tummy with every prospect of survival without having recourse to America's national medicine, advertised on the nation's billboards.

• • •

Radio announcers are informing an interested populace that the Smith managers are willing to give native sons and favorite sons a chance to break into the headlines before the striped beast of New York's political jungles decides lunch time cannot be postponed any longer. And if the favorite sons have any ideas to incorporate in the jackass platform they can wiggle their ears and bray. They may get in unless the great god who runs both capitalist parties decrees otherwise.

• • •

Did anybody hear of McAdoo, Wilson's Crown Prince, since the ballyhoo for the Houston convention got going? William Gibbs who had his name written on every treasury note during the war — good political advertising one should judge — is all wrapped up in his night shirt and pillow case and no Kluxor is mean enough to do him the honor of mentioning his name. Jim Reed of Missouri is playing the role of the last of the Democratic Monicans to sound the tocsin of war against that capitalist by-product, corruption, but the odor from Teapot Dome and the New York Sewer Scandals has evidently plugged the olfactory organs of the fellows who fill the columns of the employers' press for the edification of the voting populace.

• • •

The New York World no longer bleats about the traditional corruption of Tammany Hall. Tammany used to be crude in its methods but it has seen the light and learned from its betters. An Alfred has come to judgment. Smith may be blocked on his way to the White House by the boys from the prairies who hate incorporated breweries and the self-styled prisoner on the Tiber, but since J. P. Morgan is the financial agent in the United States for the papacy, the catholic church, as the most powerful bulwark of capitalism, will lose less by having a believer go down in defeat than by losing a nomination. Better to have run and lost than not have run at all.

• • •

The "average person" is deeply interested in the farce that is about to be staged at Houston. His way of arriving at conclusions is interesting. One would be justified in thinking that workers would have learned within the last ten years that American capitalism functions through both pet parties and that it will not turn down a chance at making profit, no matter which set of confidence men win. Yet one hears workers talking of Al, the boy who rose from the bottom. And others with a less emotional make-up sing the praises of Hoover, the efficiency man who will make two dollars out of one after he is elected.

• • •

The Socialist Party, through its spokesman, the Reverend Dr. Norman Thomas, wails like an alley cat because of the corruption of both parties and suggests that his party alone would give a fumigated administration to the country. There is no doubt of the willingness of the S.P. to serve the capitalist system as loyally as their contemporaries in Germany are doing it today and Ramsey MacDonald did it in England, starting with the putting across of the Dawes Plan on Germany and ending when the British rulers did not need the renegades any more to fool the workers. But Thomas hasn't got a chance. Wall Street does not yet need a Ramsey MacDonald.

• • •

The Workers Communist Party alone goes to the masses in this campaign with a program which places the responsibility of organizing for the overthrow of the robber system of capitalism squarely on the shoulders of the workers themselves under the leadership of the Communist Party. The Communists do not claim that the elimination of graft from sewers and oil wells would put more food on the worker's plate or better clothes on his back. Though the worker is fleeced in every possible way that a bourgeois parasite can think of, his problem is to get control of industry and run it for the benefit of the producing classes. To accomplish this purpose he must be organized politically and industrially. Trying to clip the claws of capitalism is a futile policy. The workers who work and vote for the ticket headed by Foster and Gitlow this year will be putting their time to good advantage. They will be doing effective work for the future when the revolutionary workers will be sufficiently organized to take the governmental apparatus out of the hands of the exploiters and organize a government in its place that will represent the interests of labor on factory, farm and sea.

TRIAL OF BELA KUN WILL START TODAY

AILY WORKER FIGHTS:
ORGANIZATION OF THE
NORGANIZED
40-HOUR WEEK
LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL
EDITION

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PORTER DEFIES ARMY CZARS, DEFENDS COMMUNISM

SEIPEL REGIME TO START BELA KUN TRIAL TODAY

Workers of All Lands Send Protest

VIENNA, June 25. — The trial of Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, on charges of passport violation will be begun here tomorrow. At the same time the power of international labor has compelled the Austrian government to desist from its purposes in part, and intimations have been received that the Seipel government will refuse to hand over Kun for extradition by the Horthy regime.

The Viennese workers are in a state of high tension on the eve of the trial of Bela Kun and the government is utilizing their excitement to justify extra quotas of police, on the pretext that they are needed to maintain law and order.

Hamper Defense

Every obstacle has been placed by the Seipel government in the way of the defense lawyers acting for Kun. At one stage of the case, Kun's lawyer was actually forbidden to confer with him.

The trial will last only one day. This is the opinion passed about in informed circles here. The Vienna government has marshalled its agents and their evidence and is prepared to judge Kun as a Communist, though it has contrived the necessary "legal" entanglements as a basis for proceeding.

While it is believed that sentence will be quickly passed, the Austrian government has already showed its fear of the power of international labor and it is unlikely that any further attempt to turn over Kun to any other government for prosecution will be made.

KANSAS MINERS FIGHT MACHINE

Officials Arrange With Operators

PITTSBURGH, Kansas, June 25.—The rank and file miners of District 14 are putting up a heroic struggle against the combined forces of the Operators and the Lewis-Burr-Skahan machine. As soon as the rank and file became active in the district the officials follow up and do all possible to take the lead of what they start.

Lately it has become so unpleasant for the officials that a conference was called at Franklin where delegates from each local were to discuss the District situation. The Western Coal and Mining Company, the largest in the field, desires to put their mines on the 1917 basis as they have done in Oklahoma and Missouri.

As soon as the meeting was called it is known from reliable sources that the operator of one of the large mines approached the officials and some miners and asked them to accept a compromise scale between the 1917 and the Jacksonville.

If the conference had voted to accept, the officials were ready to agree, and blame the reduction on the men. However, as soon as the issue was

(Continued on Page Two)

ARREST 15 WEST AFRICAN WORKERS

PARIS, June 25.—A campaign of persecution has been begun against militant leaders of the native workers in French West Africa, the Belgian Congo and British West Africa, reports from Dagar state.

Fifteen have been rounded up by government officials and plans are being made to deport them.

CHANG AIDE DEAD.

TOKIO, June 25.—General D. Swinschort, of Colorado, a well-known soldier of fortune, who took part in many campaigns in Mexico and South America and later was advisor to Chang Tso-lin, the late Manchurian war-lord was drowned today while swimming at the Kamakura Beach here.

Japanese Police Used Against Chinese Strikers

The picture shows Japanese motorcycle troops with mounted machine guns. Troops like these are used against the Shanghai textile workers, 80,000 of whom are now on strike to protest the frame-up of a Chinese worker charged with killing a Japanese citizen. The murder is known to have been committed by a police officer.

HOLD ELECTION RALLY IN BALTIMORE JULY 4

BALTIMORE, June 25.—A picnic and rally will be held here at the Workers Cooperative Shore July 4 for the purpose of mobilizing the militant workers of this city for the national election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party.

An elaborate entertainment program is being arranged, which will include bathing and all sorts of games. The chief speaker of the day will be Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER. Baltimore workers are showing great activity in the election campaign.

TAMMANY READY FOR FINAL BLOW

Convention Is Picture of Bankruptcy

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

HOUSTON, June 25.—A national political party so bankrupt of leadership that it is forced to accept Al Smith against its will, and so devoid of principle that Tammany Hall must become its symbol—this is the picture which the futile writhings of the "democracy" here calls forth, on the eve of the opening of the convention.

The democratic delegates have no one to offer other than Smith, so they are hurriedly scrambling to get on his band wagon. Frantic hand shaking takes place between the bone-dry representatives of the west and such soaking-wet, New York State Committeeman, as Norman E. Mack, oft-exposed Tammany grafter; between the virtuous southern colonels and the power-controlled, traction-owned George Van Mamee, public service commissioner of New York, manager of Al Smith's election campaign and chief fund-gatherer for the Wall Street candidate.

All forecasts point to the election of Smith on the first ballot. The Tammany tiger is even said to be considering how to withhold the force of his spring in order not to crush out the opposition too completely.

Leviathan Mail Robbery Larger Than Expected

All registered mail pouches consigned from New York to Berlin on the voyage of the Leviathan, completed Saturday, were rifled enroute, according to a cablegram received by postal inspectors here this afternoon. Bogus seals were used to reseal the pouches, the cablegram stated, and every envelope was neatly slit.

This discovery is expected to increase by at least 50 per cent the losses discovered Saturday when registered mail from New York to all points in Great Britain was found to have been rifled.

Chicago Trade Unions Help Striking Miners

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 25 (FP)—Chicago trade unions have been generous in contributing to the relief of destitute Indiana miner families, it is announced at district union headquarters in Terre Haute.

Among the donations were $100 from the laundry wagon drivers and $50 from the metal polishers, though that union is itself hard pressed by a strike and the costs of injunction proceedings assessed against it.

RED SPEAKER TO COVER 5 STATES

H. Benjamin Will Deal With Negro Question

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 25.—Five states, southern and central-eastern, will have an opportunity to hear the Workers (Communist) Party platform regarding the question of the Negro worker, when Herbert Benjamin, organizer of District 3 of the Workers (Communist) Party, begins his extensive tour through cities of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia.

This speaking tour, besides its primary purpose of making clear the Workers (Communist) Party stand on the Negro workers, will also mobilize the Party resources for the election campaign and the campaign for the relief of the striking miners. The question of unemployment will also be intensified in these cities by the presence of Benjamin.

The recent lynching of a Negro worker near Houston, Texas, before the opening of the democratic convention is a symbol of what the Negro workers in this country may expect from either the republican or democratic parties, according to a statement issued by Benjamin. "For

Continued on Page Two)

CAPTAIN STARVED SHIP STOWAWAYS

8 Imprisoned as British Liner Reaches Port

COLOMBO, Ceylon, June 25.—The Australian liner Jervis Bay, bound from Australia to England, came into port today accompanied by the British cruiser Suffolk, with eight persons aboard ship in chains.

According to the captain's statement, the eight now imprisoned aboard the ship were stowaways, who were found when the Jervis Bay was about three days at sea. Upon their being discovered the captain went on to say, they became mutinous. Statements from passengers, however, are directly contradictory to those of the captain. They say that the stowaways, upon being discovered, were immediately placed in imprisonment in a cabin, and were forced to go without food for several days. This, the passengers assert, was the cause of what the captain terms "their mutiny."

LEADERS IN JAIL, 7,000 RALLY FOR MILL PICKETING

Conference Held for Big National Mill Union

BOSTON, June 25.—A call for the immediate launching of a national organization of textile workers is being formulated here as a result of a decision made at the conference of the National Textile Mills Committee, held here Sunday afternoon, at 38 Causeway St. The heads of the T. M. C. movement, who have been leading tens of thousands of mill workers in their struggles are now preparing the official call.

• • •

Despite the imprisonment of the two leaders of the Textile Mills Committee, Murdoch and Beal, several thousands of textile strikers organized themselves under the leadership of rank and file picket captains and conducted picket lines this morning that were admittedly the largest and most enthusiastic since the strike of 28,000 workers began, 11 weeks ago today. More than 7,000 patrolled the mill gates.

Answering the severe police terror instituted in the last few days by the mill owners with tremendously intensified militancy, the strikers under the Textile Mills Committee leadership also turned out in large masses for picket duty on Saturday and Sunday. From the mill gates the thousands of strikers went each day to the union halls and lots to hold short meetings, preparatory to the daily mass meetings in the afternoon.

Instituted with the intention of

(Continued on Page Two)

SMITH REPORT IS ANTI-LABOR

Governor's Man Urges Insurance Changes

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

ALBANY, June 25.—Further centralization of state power in accordance with the program of Governor Al Smith who is said in this respect to be carrying out the definite program of Wall Street, is seen in the second part of a report on the state labor department issued yesterday by Lindsay Rogers, Moreland Act Commissioner, named by Smith to "investigate" the department. The first part of the report was made last week.

Rogers advises the elimination of duplicating activities in the department and the centering of work under the Industrial Board instead of as present divided betwen the Industrial Commissioner and the board. More significant still is the recommendation that the administration of the compensation bureau be run by an advisory committee of insurance company representatives. While stating that the rights of this bosses' board would be only "advisory" it is believed that the move is a step in the direction of cutting away what little effectiveness still is contained in the workingmens' compensation laws.

Rogers who is a personal friend and right hand tool of Al Smith also criticizes the Industrial Survey Commission, a republican whose activities last winter forced Al Smith to institute this new "investigation."

THEA RASCHE HOPS OFF.

CURTIS FIELD, June 25.—Harried by the efforts made to delay her trans-Atlantic flight, Thea Rasche today hopped off for a Newfoundland base, the first leg of her hop to Germany, according to reports here.

U. S. S. R. PROTESTS KUOMINTANG RAID

Score Attack on Tientsin Consulate by Tools of Imperialism

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., June 25.—The Foreign Office of the Soviet Government today sent a vigorous protest to the Chinese Embassy against the recent raid on the Soviet Union Consulate in Tientsin by police operating under the orders of Fu-Tso-Yi, traitorous Kuomintang general.

The raid, which occurred last Thursday, was a repetition of the Shanghai raid made last year. The invaders occupied the consulate for several hours, overturning desks and ransacking cabinets.

After the raid, however, Chinese officials admitted that they had found neither arms nor "Communist propaganda."

The protest sent to the Chinese Embassy by the Soviet Union Foreign Office has been transmitted by Charge d'Affaires Cheny Men-shin to the Nanking government, according to reports.

Mass Picketing: The Great Weapon of Miners

Above is a scene at No. 24 Western Mine, Arma, Kansas during a mass picketing demonstration of miners. Kansas miners are calling for a special convention July 1st to remove the corrupt officials who have betrayed district 14.

LABOR DEFENSE HITS JAILING OF PORTER

Isaac Shorr, a prominent New York attorney who has defended many labor cases, has been retained by the National Office of the International Labor Defense, 80 East 11th Street, to defend John Porter.

Shorr is leaving this afternoon for New Bedford to begin the defense of Porter.

• • •

I. L. D. Statement

The following statement on the case of John Porter has been issued by the National Office of the International Labor Defense:

"The arrest and impending court-martial of John Porter, vice-president of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union and organizer for the Young Workers (Communist) League, shows that the United States Army, at whose prison in Fort Rodman Porter is now confined, has been placed at the complete disposal of the textile barons of Massachusetts who are bending every effort to break the courageous resistance of the New Bedford textile workers.

Proved Mettle

"John Porter, although only nineteen years old, has already proved his mettle by his activities in the

(Continued on Page Two)

BANK FAILURE IN MINE TOWN

Pits Also Shut Down; City a Tomb

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

HIMLERVILLE, W. Va., June 25.—Bankruptcy of the Himlerville Bank with the loss of $68,000 of miners' money which they have been forced to deposit there by Martin Himler, owner of the bank, and the shut-down of the mines likewise owned by the same man, has made this town in which several thousand miners live, a veritable place of the dead.

Miners and their families are literally frantic, facing almost immediate starvation. A mortgage of $25,000 on the Himlerville bank is held by the bank at Huntington, which means that practically nothing will be left for the miners when the accounting is made.

The closing of the mines preceded the bank failure.

Himler, who practically owned the town in addition, forced the miners to buy worthless lots of land on which they erected their shacks. This is another reason why they are practically bound to the town which is now like a huge silent tomb. The miners were forced to place some of their wages in Himlers' bank in order to maintain their jobs. This accounts for the $68,000 of their money in the bankrupt institution.

URGE PICNICS TO AID THE "DAILY"

Barber Shop Donates 25% of Proceeds

During the difficult summer months, the militant workers of this country who by their financial help recently saved The DAILY WORKER from closing down, must not cease their aid. On the contrary, they must intensify their efforts in behalf of their fighting "Daily" if perhaps even more serious crises are to be avoided.

One of the ways in which working class groups can raise money for The DAILY WORKER is by arranging picnics and outings now that warm weather has arrived. All class conscious workers should immediately bring proposals for such affairs before the organizations to which they belong. They should also solicit their friends and sympathizers for individ-

(Continued on Page Two)

3,000 POLISH IMMIGRANTS.

WARSAW, June 25.—Three thousand Polish immigrants will be sent to Peru to settle on farms.

NO WORD YET OF AMUNDSEN PARTY

Work to Repair Nobile Rescue Plane

KING'S BAY, Spitzbergen, June 25.—Gen. Umberto Nobile, who was rescued from an ice flow by the Swedish plane Upland and taken on board the supply ship Citta di Milano is not in serious condition, according to word reaching here this afternoon.

The five members of the party left behind on the ice are trying to repair the Upland which capsized in making a second landing.

So far no word has reached here as to the whereabouts or fate of the Amundsen party which disappeared a week ago.

• • •

LONDON, June 25.—Capt. Amundsen, missing Norwegian explorer, has been located by the U. S. S. R. ice breaker Krassin and plans are being made for the rescue of himself and his companions, according to an exchange telegraph dispatch from Paris this afternoon quoting an unconfirmed report printed by the newspaper L'Information.

TRY STEWART ON PERJURY CHARGE

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Robert W. Stewart, chairman of the board of the Standard Oil company of Indiana, was indicted by a District of Columbia federal grand jury today on a charge of perjury.

The action grew out of the appearance of Stewart before a senate investigation committee, his refusal to answer questions pertaining to the mysterious continental trading company, and his subsequent trial for contempt before the district supreme court, when he was acquitted. Stewart has engaged in a struggle with the Rockefeller interests for the control of the Standard Oil company of Indiana.

TEXTILE STRIKER REMAINS TRUE TO WORKERS' CAUSE

Held Incommunicado in Military Prison

BULLETIN.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 25.—A huge protest meeting against the imprisonment by military authorities of John Porter, organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League and Vice-President of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union has been called for July 4.

The Y. W. C. L. and other working class organizations will participate in the demonstration, at which prominent speakers will be present.

• • •

By GILBERT GREEN

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 25.—John Porter hurled defiance at the military authorities here following his arrest and announced that he has no apologies for being a Communist and a leader in the strike against the textile barons.

"Yes, I am a member and organizer of the Communist youth league, and I am going to remain so, in spite of any sentence you may give me," was the challenge in the face of the army officers who questioned Porter.

John Porter took his militant stand in the face of a general court-martial and the certainty of a long sentence to the military prison at Governor's

(Continued on Page Two)

MINE WOMAN TO KEEP CHILDREN

Laura Calegari Put On "Good Behavior"

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

WHEELING, W. Va., June 25.—"If you keep off the picket line and turn that soup kitchen over to someone else, we'll let you keep your kids." This was the ruling of the squire's court before which Laura Calegari, coal digger's widow and strike leader at Triadelphia, appeared to answer a warrant charging her with neglect of her two children Virgil, seven, and Vera, four. The move to deprive Mrs. Calegari of her children was instituted as a means of forcing her to give up her activities on the picket line.

None of the 14 witnesses which Mrs. Calegari brought to testify to her good character and her faithfulness as a parent were permitted to testify. When the widow attempted to speak in her own defense she was silenced by the court.

"I'm not interested in anything you may have to say," the presiding justice informed her. "I can't take the word of a woman who is known to her

(Continued on Page Two)

SUB CAMPAIGN IN OHIO PROGRESSES

Excellent results are being obtained by L. Sisselman, special DAILY WORKER agent, who is now touring the Ohio district seeking subscriptions for the "Daily."

Today Sisselman will be in Conneaut and his itinerary for the latter part of June and the beginning of July includes: June 29, Warren; July 4, Youngstown; July 10, East Liverpool; July 14, Canton; and July 18, Cleveland.

Sisselman will then tour the western part of Ohio. This is the first time that the Ohio territory is being thoroly canvassed and Sisselman expects to spend an entire month there. All class-conscious workers should give him their utmost support and help spread the influence of The DAILY WORKER.

NO CURE FOR CANCER

BERLIN, June 25.—The problem of the origin, nature and cure of cancer still remains unsolved, declared Privy Councilor Dr. Blumenthal, leader of the Berlin Institute for Cancer Research, at the celebration of the 25th anniversary of the founding of the Institute. Much progress has however, been made during the last 25 years, he said, in the knowledge of the character of the cancer cell.

A. F. of L. Officialdom Grovels Before Gov. Smith at Houston Convention

MISLEADERS IN FINAL MOVE OF SECRET SELLOUT

Treachery Linked With Traction Deal

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

HOUSTON, June 25.—In accordance with a secret agreement known to have been worked out no less than four months ago, officials of the American Federation of Labor are here to make final arrangements to turn over whatever of labor's votes they can command, to Al Smith and the democratic party.

President William Green, vice presidents Morrison, Woll, Ryan and O'Connell, president of the Metal Trades Department of the federation, who constitute the organization's so-called legislative committee, are here to await their chance for a conference with the democratic convention resolutions committee. The same committee seeking crumbs at the heavily stocked larder of the republican convention at Kansas City last week was received figuratively with a stone. This likewise is known to have been a pre-arranged scheme in order that the A. F. of L. officialdom may more plausibly endorse Al Smith, who is expected to be nominated here tomorrow.

Pre-Arranged.

The plan to endorse Smith is known to date from the time when the New York State Federation of Labor gave its endorsement to Smith last winter. Just at that time, Green, and officials of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railways who were making a gesture at organizing the New York traction workers, made an agreement with the Tammany Hall machine to give up organizing, and not to call a strike in return for a "favorable" decision on the Interborough Rapid Transit Company injunction then pending against the federation and the Amalgamated.

Green then wired from Washington that "the time was unfavorable for a strike." The Amalgamated, in accordance with the agreement, called off the strike already scheduled, and prevented a meeting of the workers. Within a month the existing union of over 5,000 members was completely liquidated.

How It Is Done.

In due course the so-called "favorable" decision on the injunction was granted to the A. F. of L. These officials are now here to deliver the rest of the goods, their support for Al Smith. One more fact needs to be mentioned. The labor officials more than ever are adopting the policy of dividing the workers on the political field. Green and John L. Lewis are both officials in the miners' union. Lewis has come out in support of Hoover. Green supports Al Smith. The Railroad Brotherhoods support Hoover, the A. F. of L. officials support Smith.

Smith and Hoover support and are supported by Wall Street.

LAURA CALEGARI KEEPS CHILDREN

Move to Intimidate Her Fails

(Continued from Page One)

neighbors as immoral. I am ready to believe anything told me by these officers. The case is dismissed and you may have your children this time but the next funny move you make we'll take them from you," Mrs. Calegari was warned.

"Those kids that I feed in the soup kitchen are hungry," the woman strike leader says, "and I intend to feed them as long as their parents are on strike. If the National Miners' Relief Committee only continues to send us food I'll keep that kitchen going in spite of hell."

Relief and Picketing.

Mrs. Calegari is running the relief station single-handed. She feeds 65 children three times daily. The rest of her day's routine consists of two appearances on the picket line, caring for her own two children, and her little household.

Mrs. Calegari needs the help of her fellow fighters in other industries. Send as much as possible to the National Miners Relief Committee, 611 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Fists May Decide the Marathon Dance Meet

Prospects that the Madison Square Garden dance marathon may wind up in a good, old fashioned fist fight with hair pulling in the clinches, were considerably increased today.

A feud has developed between couple No. 3—Tommy Nolan and Miss King—and couple No. 31, James [illegible] and Florence Carlough, of [illegible] Couple No. 31 accused [illegible] No. 3 of "stalling" and the [illegible] are all set to get their [illegible] worth when officials of the [illegible] separated the pair.

Klan Senator Performs Before Admirers

Labor Senator J. Thomas Heflin of Alabama in a "dramatic pose" before addressing a gathering of 7,000 Klansmen and Klanswomen on the campus of Upsala College, Kenilworth, N. J. Heflin has received money from the Klan for numerous speeches.

AFFAIRS TO AID "DAILY" URGED

Picnics and Outings Can Supply Needed Funds

(Continued from Page One)

ual contributions. Get busy, workers!

The Non-Tip Barber Shop of 26-28 Union Square has contributed $45 to The DAILY WORKER. This is 25 per cent of last week's proceeds at the shop.

The following are militant workers who have helped to save The DAILY WORKER:

Council 2, UCWU, New York City, $1.50; Henry Saltes, Mike Vajda, N. Y. C., $5.00; Morris Cohen, Bronx, N. Y., $1; Bella Feld, N. Y. C., $1; R. Elkin, New York, $1.50; J. Sheman, Pittsburgh, Pa., $.50; R. Horavitz, Pittsburgh, $.50; M. Goldstein, Pittsburgh, $.50; I. Berman, Pittsburgh, $.25; Mellinger, Pittsburgh, $.50; H. Feldman, Pittsburgh, $1; Madassa Subkoff, Pittsburgh, $.50; Sirotnik, Pittsburgh, $.25; Della Goldman, Pittsburgh, $.25; I. Goldman, Pittsburgh, $.50; Kaplan, Pittsburgh, $.50; Anna Frank, Pittsburgh, $.35 M. Jenkins, Pittsburgh, $.20; F. H., Pittsburgh, $1; Nick Osadeznk, Hamtramek, Mich., $1; Hungarian Slov Br. ILD, Bethlehem, Pa., $15; Mirrow, Brooklyn, N. Y., $2; C. W., Brooklyn, N. Y., $2; Lithuanian W. Literary Soc., Hartford, Conn., $10; A. T. Harrington, Detroit, Mich., $2; San Francisco, $5; A group of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, Ridgewood, L. I., $44; Walter P. Sukut, Chicago, $.25; S. O. Borsheim, Zahl, N. Dak., $1; Anna Coxall, Alliance, $1; Ohio Nuclei, Martins Ferry, $15; George Andrews, Camp Talbot, $2; Section 1 9F, New York, $6.50; Ellckman, Brooklyn, $1; Andrew Morinone, Chicago, $2; Lee Guen, Philadelphia, $10; Chinese W. P. Alliance, Philadelphia, $20; J. Birlant, Brooklyn, $5; 2B 6F, New York, $2.10; Section 1 4F, New York, $1.25; Sec. 1 8F, New York, $10.75; Section 1 5F, New York, $2.25; Sec. 1 6F, New York, $1.75; Sec. 7, Brooklyn, $25; A Sympathizer, New York, $5; Subsection 2A FD2, New York, $5; Workers Party Branch, Jersey City, $10.50; Mike Hinlanov, New York, $2; Section 1 7F, New York, $6.25; Archie Karpatkin, New York, $1; Eli Soloway, Bronx, $3; 2A 6F, New York, $4; Joseph Wasserman, New York, $20; Abraham Feldman, Brooklyn, $5; Max Freed, Brooklyn, $1; Joe Samuel, Brooklyn, $1; Progressive Suitcase Makers, New York, $16.50; Branch 3 Section 5, Bronx, $2; P. Stein, New York, $2; W. Hubelt, New York, $4; Branch 3 Sec. 7, Brooklyny, $5; Aaron Spievak, White Springs, $5; P. Grover, J. S. Vargo, Alliance, $1; T. Williams, Denver, $2; J. Dickison, Denver, $1; Otto Dudeck, San Francisco, $3; Theresa Toth, Logan, $10; Alex Kutnyak, Milwaukee, $2; Louis Lovasz, Bridgeport, $5; Paul Du Val, Murrieta, 1; D. Lockshine, New York, $2; J. Mishalow, Coney Island, $.50; Vendel Teplizky, Washington, $2; F. Chopy, Los Angeles, $4; W. P. Section 1, Cleveland, $5.59; Slovenski Robotnicky Soolok, Obdor 43, Akron, $12; P. Bokos, Waterbury, $3; V. Krasnickas, Waterbury, $2; Louis Berinhono, Jacksonville, $10; Vendel Nagy, Detroit, $5; W. Cherry, New York, 2; Victor Bertolanc, Petaluma, $1; J. A. Mohr, Detroit, $1.50; Branch 5 Section 5, Bronx, $13; K. D. Tahtieff, Juneau, $2; A. D. Boroff, Juneau, $2; Harry Benazoff, Juneau, $1; Bechir Besaeff, Juneau, $1; Alex Sakoff, Juneau, $1; M. A. Wzilihoff, Juneau, $1; Frank Seknaeff, Juneau, 1; Phielino Dzasakoff, Juneau, $.25; D. B. Temisaeff, Juneau, $1; Mike Kosoff, Juneau, $.25; Taze Tagados, Juneau, $.25; T. S. Orton, Juneau, $1; Alex Boraff, Juneau, $1; Miners Pool Hall, Juneau, 2; Evan Zaloff, Juneau, $1; Tomy Ramonoff, Juneau $2; Ivan Sakoff, Juneau, $2.

MASS PICKETING DESPITE JAILING

National Textile Union Call in Preparation

(Continued from Page One)

weeks'-long textile strike. He has already been arrested five times while leading the picket lines of the strikers. In an effort to remove him from the strike field, a 'legal' pretext was concocted against Porter to bring him before a drum-head court-martial of military officers who intend to weakening the morale of the tens of thousands out in a struggle against the wage slashing, the vicious attacks of the police on picket lines, the scores of arrests, heavy fines, and jail terms meted out, succeeded only in awakening a blaze of resentment that manifested itself by drawing into active struggle thousands who have hitherto been inactive.

It was also learned through unofficial though reliable sources that a number of policemen on the New Bedford force have been summarily dismissed for refusal to participate in terrorizing the pickets. All these are being replaced by police from Boston and other nearby cities.

That the mill owners ranks are by no means unified becomes evident from the miserable failure of the attempt of the Nonquitt mills to secure scabs. They sent agents to the house of every skilled worker with "attractive" offers to return to work.

Labor Defense Scores Jailing of Porter

(Continued from Page One)

send him to prison for the maximum sentence. Porter is being charged with desertion from the army in which he enlisted a few years ago. The same military clique who are now so determined to enforce the 'legal point' of his having left the army after having served in it for two years and two months, were not so anxious to enforce the law when Porter was taken into the service although at the time of his enlistment he was not yet of legal age, being under sixteen years!

"The International Labor Defense condemns the arrest of John Porter as a malicious attempt to use the military arm of the government in the interests of the mill barons. It calls upon all workers to oppose this frame-up that was organized to crush the New Bedford Strike. We have retained attorneys and will do all in our power to obtain the immediate release of John Porter so that he may rejoin his fellow workers in the strike and fight on for a successful conclusion and a victory for the workers."

PORTER DEFIES MILITARY CZARS; FACING PRISON

Mass Protest Alone Can Aid Him

(Continued from Page One)

Island, unless mass protests of the workers all over the country force his release from the War Department.

Disregards Personal Dangers.

Porter knows the consequences of his present stand, just as he knew the danger to himself when leading the picket line with arrest for desertion facing him.

In spite of the fact that the army had his fingerprints and that he would face serious charges if he should fall into the hands of the military authorities, Porter was one of the most active leaders of the textile strike here and was arrested five times for activities in the workers' cause. At the time of being turned over to the military authorities he was out on bail of $1,300 pending appeal on a sentence of five months in jail.

Arrested For Singing.

The arrest which resulted in Porter being turned over to the army was on the charge of singing on the picket line. He was arrested at 4 p. m. June 18. When bail was furnished at 6 o'clock, the civil authorities refused to release him, saying that he would be turned over to the Federal government. At 10 p. m., he was sent to the military prison at Ford Rodman near this city.

At Hard Labor.

While awaiting trial by general court-martial, Porter is forced to do hard labor. He is held incommunicado and representatives of workers' organizations and friends are not permitted to see him. The right of bail has been denied him by the army officers.

Mobilizing For Defense.

The preparations for defense are being made by the International Labor Defense, and the Young Workers (Communist) League of this city has issued an appeal for the support of Porter by all labor organizations, pointing out that his arrest is due to his participation in the strike, and that his imprisonment is an intervention by the War Department on the side of the textile barons against the workers.

League Re-Elects Porter.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of New Bedford has declared its complete solidarity with John Porter in the struggle with the War Department by deciding that he will remain organizer of the League here, in spite of his imprisonment.

The military authorities are preparing to give Porter a sentence, to terrorize all soldiers who are unwilling to be tools of the exploiters, and only immediate huge protests by the masses can prevent long imprisonment of the militant young strike leader.

Kansas Miners Fight Treacherous Officials

(Continued from Page One)

raised the opposition was so strong that the officials changed their tune and talked for the Jacksonville scale. The conference was also to be used by the officials to rubber stamp their policy of betrayal and to go on record against the rank and file who were calling a convention to be held July 1st at Arma.

Machine Routed

Not one word was raised against the Save the Union Committee or the coming convention. The meeting adjourned with the Burr-Skahan machine in confusion, with drunks and gunmen of the machine on hand and the rank and file of the miners disgusted with the meeting.

Little Aid for Children

WASHINGTON, (FP) June 25.—Under the new child labor law for the District of Columbia, no child under 10 years may distribute newspapers over regular routes, and none under 12 years may sell papers. The 8-hour day and 48-hour week are provided for child workers of 14 to 18 years.

READING "DAILY WORKER" IS "CRIME"

Worker Gets Summons for Leaving Paper on Park Bench

It seems to be a crime in New York City to read The DAILY WORKER. At least, this has been the experience of Nathan Kaplan of 19 Stuyvesant Street.

Kaplan, who has been unemployed for sometime, was sitting yesterday morning in Madison Square at 23rd St. and Broadway, reading The DAILY WOKER. He observed a policeman standing near him, eyeing him fiercely. Every now and then the policeman would glance at the headlines with obvious disapproval.

After finishing the "Daily," Kaplan arose to go away, leaving the paper on the bench. "Hey there!" a voice bellowed in his ear. "What d'ye mean by leaving that paper on the bench?"

Kaplan turned to meet the furious glare of the policeman. He explained to the enraged officer of the law that other persons who read newspapers in the square are in the habit of leaving them on the benches and the police never object.

Kaplan's "Crime"

But it seems that the policeman had no objections to anyone leaving the Times or the World and he accused Kaplan of leaving it there for "subversive propaganda" purposes. Then to prove that "the law" would be served, he gave Kaplan a summons and ordered him to appear in court today.

Kaplan was scheduled to receive a hearing at 9 o'clock this morning in the Fourth District Magistrate's Court, 151 E. 57th St. He is being defended by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense thru its attorney, Jacques Buitenkant.

Too Poor to Bury Her Child, Scalded to Death

Even death under capitalism is on the side of the rich. Mrs. Vincenza Palito, 271 E. 154th St., has had to suffer not only the anguish of the death by scalding of her little daughter Carmella, three years old, but the additional grief of being so poor that she cannot afford to bury her. Photo shows Mrs. Palito and her three surviving children. They are, left to right, Vincent, 10; Jimmy, four; and Josephine, seven.

CURTIS PAYS PIPER TO PLAY FOR CURTIS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILA., Pa., (By Mail).—Readers of The DAILY WORKER are familiar with Upton Sinclair's "Money Writes." And even if they have never read this work, as progressive workers they would know how money writes, for this terse statement of fact is proven by every daily press except The DAILY WORKER, in the periodicals that flood the newsstands and in the books that fill the markets.

$1,000,000.

The most recent revelation in regards to the activities of the Joint Committee of the National Utilities Association, in other words the Power Trust, show that at least $1,000,000 was spent in the last three years for propaganda favorable to the gas, electric light and electric railway interests, so that they can continue to mulct the workers of this country of hundreds of millions yearly.

This money to write was spent all the way from Richard Washburn Child, former United States ambassador to Italy, for an unsigned "booklet" opposing government ownership of Boulder Dam, down to obscure text book writers who wrote "specially prepared" books for use in high schools. Of course, according to the investigation made by the federal trade commission, the "sane and sober" professors at our leading universities were not overlooked by any means, for $62,000 was spent at Harvard, $95,000 (estimated) at Northwestern University, over $12,000 at the University of Michigan, $5,000 at John Hopkins, $33,000 at Howard University, $3,000 at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, etc., etc.

"News Service."

Newspapers were paid for "news service" reports issued by these vultures who were even successful in placing such "news" in the editorial columns of many newspapers. All this kind of rubbish is a very old story and has become rather commonplace.

But now in Philadelphia money plays as well as writes. It plays the violin, the viola, the cello, the piano and other instruments. The Curtis Institute of Music, Josef Hoffman, Director, makes this announcement:

"Beginning with the school year of 1928-29, the Curtis Institute of Music will grant free tuition to all students who qualify for admission at the regular entrance examinations. As a result of this policy, every pupil of the Curtis Institute of Music will thus become a scholarship pupil."

The Curtis Institute of Music is endowed by C. H. K. Curtis and his wife. Curtis is the multimillionaire publisher who publishes the Saturday Evening Post, the Country Gentleman, the Ladies Home Journal, the Evening Ledger and the New York Evening Post. In all of these publications money writes and writes and writes. Not satisfied with money merely writing, Curtis and his friends hope to see to it that money also plays.

Worker Talent.

At the present time in Philadelphia some of the very best talent actually have the hardihood to play before working class audiences and at workers' entertainments. These men and women of talent, often of an origin purely proletarian, enjoy doing this and do it gratis. But the Curtis Institute will see to it, if they can, that talent of the future will play with the full consciousness of an obligation to the plutocrats. For Philadelphia plutocrats are conscious that highly talented names on a program of entertainment of workers may mean much to the workers, draw many people to the workers' organizations giving the program and aid greatly in the success of many workers' entertainments.

Therefore, they would, if they could, keep "worthy" talent for themselves, in their own halls and at their own private gatherings. And in order to absolutely insure against any "independent" tendencies amongst the talents of the future, they engage in this "scholarship" form of philanthropy.

However, workers' organizations in Philadelphia are growing, and in time they will have their own institutes of music, even as now the Young Pioneers are being taught to sing and to play.

Organizations like the Young Pioneers, trained in a proletarian class conscious and militant spirit, will more than offset the alleged philanthropy of plutocrats like Curtis, with their individualistic, patronizing scholarships.

Since the Philadelphia Public Leader and the Evening Ledger devote so much space to "mouth organ" contests and the merits of the saxophone, it is a wonder that they do not add to the curriculum at the Curtis Institute courses in playing the mouth organ and saxophone. This would be in line with the cultured development of the Philadelphia bourgeois class.

—C. RABIN.

SCORE FASCIST TERROR AT MEET

GRAND RAPIDS (By Mail).—A conference to protest against the white terror in Poland was held recently in Grand Rapids at the Ukrainian Hall, 59 Seward Avenue. The call for the conference was sent out by the Russian Workers Literary Circle.

The following organizations are so far affiliated with the conference: The Russian Workers Literary Circle, The Ukrainian Workers Dramatic Circle, The Polish Branch of the International Labor Defence, and the Ukrainian Working Women's Aid Society.

An executive committee of seven delegates were elected that started to function immediately. The committee resolved to pledge its fullest moral and financial support for the defence of the White Russian, Ukrainian, and other Minority Nationalities that are being oppressed under the present system of white terror in Poland.

The committee also decided to affiliate with the National Committee against the white terror in Poland which has its headquarters in New York City, and have all speakers sent out by the National Committee to tour the country, invited to speak in this city. It was also decided that in order to raise financial aid for the defence to arrange two picnics during the coming summer to be held on July 29, and on September 23.

The Organization of a World Party
By OSIP PIATNITSKY
15 Cents
What are the various sections of the Communist International doing? Germany, France, U. S., England, Italy?
What are their achievements, shortcomings and future tasks?
B. Vasiliev, reviewing this pamphlet in the May 1 issue of the Communist International, says:
"Every active member of every Communist Party in capitalist countries must have a copy of Comrade Piatnitsky's little book among the number of absolutely necessary handbooks on everyday Party work."
Order from
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
39 EAST 125th STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BENJAMIN, RED ORGANIZER, TO COVER 5 STATES

Negro Question, Party Drive to Be Stressed

(Continued from Page One)

the first time, the Negro workers of three southern states and two central-eastern states will learn the means of their emancipation, through the support of the only revolutionary party in this country, the Workers (Communist) Party," he said.

The problems of organizing the millions of unorganized in the heavy industries of these states will be mapped out. The formation of shop committees as the first step in building up powerful industrial unions, the formation of unemployed councils for the demand of Federal government subsidy, the intensification of miners relief work — these problems will be given foremost attention. Every party functionary in the following cities has been urged to make preparations for the meetings to be held. Every class-conscious worker has been asked not to fail to attend these mass meetings. The following cities will be visited by Benjamin in his speaking tour.

Monday, June 25—Easton, Pa.
Tuesday, June 26—Allentown, Pa.
Wednesday, June 27—Reading, Pa.
Thursday, June 28—Pottsville, Pa.
Friday, June 29—Minersville, Pa.
Saturday, June 30—Shenandoah, Pa.
Monday, July 2—Wilmington, Del.
Tuesday July 3—Arden-Newark, Del.
Wednesday, July 4—Baltimore, Md.
Thursday, July 5—Baltimore, Md.
Friday, July 6—Washington, D.C.
Saturday, July 7—Richmond, Va.
Sunday, July 8—Norfolk, Va.
Monday, July 9—Portsmouth, Va.
Tuesday, July 10—Trenton, N. J.
Wednesday, July 11—Atlantic City, N. J.
Thursday, July 12—Vineland, N. J.

WHITE PLAINS MAN INSANE.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 25.—Edward A. Kendrick, of Yonkers and Manhattan, a real estate operator, who has been in the Bloomingdale hospital for mental diseases since September 25, 1927, was formally pronounced insane today by Justice Arthur S. Tompkins in Supreme Court here, on application by his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Kendrick.

The RED ARMY

FIVE CENTS
Workers Library Publishers
39 East 125th St., New York, N. Y.

Mexican Communist Party Calls Upon Workers to Eject Union Misleaders

SAYS MORONES BETRAYED FIGHT OF OIL WORKERS

Calls CROM Struggle With Obregón "Sordid"

MEXICO CITY, June 25.—As a result of the open break between the Mexican Labor Party (PLM) and Obregón, the Communist Party of Mexico has taken a position officially of opposition to the false labor leaders and calls upon the workers to throw out intruding politicians from their organizations, to work for a united front and for a closer alliance between the city syndicates and the peasants. The manifesto of the Executive Committee of the Communist Party declares the present conflict "a sordid struggle between two political factions called Obregónism and Laborism."

Price of Treachery.

The Party points out that the Confederacion Regional Obrre Mexicana is now paying the price for previous traitorous acts towards the working class, toward independent unions, citing the breaking of the railway workers' strike last year, a policy which has resulted in the weakening of the CROM unions themselves, as in the case of the oil strike in Minantitlan. The CROM has consistently attempted to break the strikes of independent unions, and has even, as in the case of the mine workers' strikes in Jalisco, made alliances with the catholics to accomplish this end.

The Communist Party also points out the policy of class collaboration, supported by Morones, notably in the textile industry, has resulted in a weakening of the workers' organizations and has brought about lock-outs and the unemployment of thousands.

Morones is denounced for his failure to protest against the mutilations of the constitution with respect to petroleum, and the concessions made by the government at the behest of American ambassador, Morrow. The general alliance of the CROM leaders with American imperialism is vigorously denounced.

The struggle in general, is typified, not as signifying any real orientation toward the fundamental problems of the country, but a selfish struggle between the national capitalism and the petty bourgeoisie on the one hand and a small group of labor politicians belonging to even a pettier bourgeoisie on the other.

Political Rivalries.

The Party declares that Obregonism at one time represented the united front against clericalism, landlordism, and imperialism, but that the recent split reveals that for Obregón the united front now exists in his own person, and that he has called on the peasants, the middle classes and part of the upper classes to aid him. The Obregón group are not motivated by any sincere desire to destroy the false labor leadership and strengthen the labor movement but merely to destroy a strong rival political clique which interferes with their own ambitions. There are even those among the Obregonistas who wish to destroy the labor movement, reduce salaries, and abolish the social gains of the revolution.

The Party declares that Moronism is not the CROM and that the Labor Party does not represent the Mexican proletariat. Within the CROM itself are strong elements eager to abolish the parasitical and yellow leadership. The Party points out the alliances of Morones' group with American imperialism, recalling that the CROM leaders compelled the organization to parade in honor of Lindbergh, that the recent parades have carried no banners referring to American imperialism, and that the official machine of the organization is dominated by the American Federation of Labor, which is in turn but another imperialistic instrument, as exemplified particularly in Puerto Rico.

Against Division.

In view of these facts the Communist Party calls upon the revolutionary organizations to unite, to rid themselves of false leaders and support true class representatives. This is a dangerous moment for the working class, for there are among the politicians those who are working to create a new and emasculated organization, not merely to fight the CROM leaders, but to destroy the bona fide workers' organizations as well, cleverly taking advantage of the discontent of the bulk of the members of the CROM to lift themselves to political power. The Communist Party, therefore, calls upon the workers not to permit their organizations to be divided, but to work for greater unity which can be achieved by eliminating the present leaders and giving no heed to those who would foment syndicalist disunity and the formation of separatist federations. Class solidarity is the watchword of the Party in the present crisis.

The federation of labor in the states of Coahuila and Durango have withdrawn from the CROM, denouncing Morones as an agent of imperialism. Sometime ago when Morones called upon Obregón to declare his adherence to the CROM, Obregón refused and reminded Morones of the weakness of the CROM and the danger of such defections as have just occurred in Coahuila and Durango.

Delegation of Textile Workers From Erzgebirge

TEXTILPROLETEN
AUS DEM
ERZGEBIRGE!

A recent convention of the German Communist Party brought together workers from all sections of the German working masses. Nothing shows more plainly than the delegations from the mines and factories the mass character of the German Communist Party. A delegation of militant textile workers is shown in the picture. The banner reads: "Textile proletarians from the Erzgebirge."

TO PASS SEVERE ANTI-LABOR LAW

Colombia Senate to Legalize Terror

BOGOTA, Colombia, June 25.—The increasing number of successful strikes in Colombia is leading to the promulgation of severe legislation against Colombian labor and labor organizations. The latest measure, a direct attack upon militant labor, has just been submitted to the senate by a commission selected by this body from among the majority, the conservatives, for the purpose of "studying" the most efficient methods of fighting the "Communist danger."

The commission found the solution by proposing prison terms ranging from one month to 14 years for "meetings or distribution of propaganda by socialists, anarchists or Communists."

The conservatives have a two-thirds majority in the Colombian senate and there is little doubt that these recommendations will be accepted. This law is sufficiently inclusive to suppress any labor activity.

TO STABILIZE FRENCH FRANC

"Socialists" Vote With Poincaré Regime

PARIS, June 25.—Protesting that they were acting "for the good of the country" and were not supporting the government's financial policy, the French "socialist" deputies in the French chamber yesterday supported that financial policy by voting for stabilization of the franc. The final vote stood 450 to 22 in favor of stabilization, the Communist deputies being almost alone in the last struggle against the financial measure.

Covering their action with a play to the workers, the "socialists" voted with the Communists on a number of unimportant measures during the preliminary balloting. In the course of the day they introduced several amendments in favor of the small bondholders. But the final ballot found the "socialists" voting solidly with the Right parties.

ANTWERP HARBOR WORKERS STILL TYING UP THE PORT

Strikebreakers Fail to Unload Ships

ANTWERP, Belgium, June 25. — No immediate settlement of the strike of ten thousand harbor workers which began three days ago was forecast here yesterday as the men remained firm in spite of the efforts of the police to disperse the strikers' meetings and demonstrations along the waterfront.

Shipping in the largest port in Belgium is practically paralyzed and there is no immediate prospect that loading and unloading of cargoes will be resumed in the near future.

The attempts of the owners to use strikebreakers has proved entirely unsuccessful.

Belief that the seamen would join the walk-out of the harbor workers is still held here. The sailors of the port are enthusiastic in their support of the strikers and are bringing pressure to bear upon their officials to declare a sympathetic strike.

Stationery Engineer Killed in Altoona

ALTOONA, Pa., June 25.—Joseph Mann, 55, an engineer employed by the Harrison Walker Company at Blandburg, near here, was killed today when stationary engine exploded. The force of the explosion was so great that it carried both Mann and parts of the machine through the roof of the structure in which the machine was housed.

FREAK OHIO STORM.

COLUMBUS, O., June 25.—Tornadoes and storms that struck three central and southern Ohio communities, several days ago left a toll of one dead, and more than a score of persons injured, some seriously. Property damage to the extent of $750,000 was caused by the freak storm. Donald Thomas, Negro worker, was the one killed.

Mailed Hands Across the Sea; U. S., Chilean Militarists

The picture shows major-general Hanson D. Ely, commandant of Governor's Island, greeting the latest "good will" ambassador from a Latin American nation. This time it is Capt. Giulio Allardo of Chile who arrived appropriately on a naval training ship.

SCAB COAL AND TRANSIT UNITED

Both Companies Have Anti-Labor Records

The recent alliance between the yellow dog Interboro Rapid Transit Company and the Consolidated and Berwind-White coal companies has prompted an inquiry by the transit commission. Independent producers charge that the Interboro Rapid Transit disregards low bids and favors the Berwind-White combination. The reason given is that E. J. Berwind, head of the coal corporation, is also the chairman of the Interboro's executive committee, and as such, one of the directors of the huge traction trust that controls elevated and subway transportation in Manhattan and the Bronx.

The records of both the Interboro and the Berwind-White companies are notoriously anti-labor. The Interboro Rapid Transit has wrapped itself in a series of anti-labor injunctions and its workers in yellow dog contracts to keep the street-car men's union out of the subways.

U. S. BECKONS TO NEW 'PEACE' MEET

Many Latin American States Near War

The "Conference for Conciliation and Arbitration," decided upon during the Pan-American Conference in Havana, Cuba, in February, 1928, will open on December 10 in Washington. Invitations were sent by Kellogg on June 19 to all United States diplomatic missions in Latin America for delivery to the respective foreign offices. Canada is not invited. The United States will be represented by the secretary of state and Charles E. Hughes.

Many conflicting interests may clash at the December conference. Actual war danger exists between several Latin-American countries. Bolivia prepares to invade Paraguay in order to occupy the "Chaco Boreal," rich in oil fields. Chile is prepared to hold Tacna Arica, in spite of all protests of Peru. Ecuador protests against Colombia's transferring to Peru a territory which Ecuador gave Colombia under the express condition not to give it to Peru.

DIAMOND STRIKE IN SOUTH AFRICA MAKES HEADWAY

Police Intimidation Proves Failure

CAPE TOWN, South Africa, June 25.—Failure of provocative police tactics to break the strike of the twenty-five thousand native workers from the diamond diggings outside the town of Lichtenberg is arousing the authorities to a point where they are prepared to take any measures to end the walk-out.

The owners, too, it is reported, are making representations to the government, urging an immediate ending of the strike, forcibly if need be.

Hundreds of native families left the diamond fields at the time the strike began several days ago. They have since been housed in public buildings and the care of feeding and sheltering them has been taken over largely by native strike relief bodies. The suffering of many of the workers during the first few days of the strike was considerable.

Requests of the native unions to join the South African trade union federation have been repeatedly turned down.

20 INJURED IN TRAIN SMASH-UP

IOLA, Kan., June 25. — At least twenty persons were injured, three perhaps fatally, when the Rainbow Special, crack Missouri Pacific passenger train, struck a defective rail near Durand, Kan., today, sending two Pullman cars and a [illegible] a bridge into a ditch.

Seventeen of the injured were brought to a local hospital, the others being taken into Durand. Officials believed the sudden change to cool, wet weather to be responsible for the

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The Voice of the Communist Movement

By JAMES P. CANNON

AT a recent meeting of the Political Committee of our Party the report of the management of The DAILY WORKER was the first point on the agenda. It was not a new subject for us. The material difficulties of our paper have become an old story.

We have to admit that the leading committee of the Party, over-burdened with duties and responsibilities, has often taken the existence of our paper too much for granted and has not always given it the direct supervision and support, technically and politically, which its place as the voice of the Party demands. This negligence has been reflected in the Party circles also and we all share the blame.

At the meeting of the Political Committee to which I have referred, however, a changing attitude was shown and a new note of interest and concern for all the affairs of the paper was struck. I was especially sensitive to this new current because I had come back from my tour of the country with a higher regard for our daily organ and a greater appreciation of its worth to the movement than I had ever felt before.

The 'Daily' In Danger.

The report of the management gave the whole committee new realization that greater attention and support from the entire Party is a life and death question for the paper. Those who were present there know that the alarming notice of danger which has again been issued to the readers of the paper is no "wolf" cry, but a statement of actual facts.

The discussion on the report naturally covered a wide field and dealt with the various aspects of the Daily, since they are all bound together and are all part of one general problem. The discussion culminated in a motion to consider the political, technical and financial strengthening of The DAILY WORKER as one of the Party's foremost immediate tasks.

This was a necessary and a highly significant decision. It is true we have passed similar motions before which remained only on paper, but the recognition of the overshadowing importance of our central organ is growing and there is reason to believe this motion will bring positive results.

It is time now, in the light of this motion and the exigencies of the moment, to review the whole questions of our leading organ openly before the Party in order that the Party membership will participate in the work of giving life and substance to the motion.

Long before we started to publish the Daily we were many times admonished by the Executive Committee of the Communist International, and by Lenin personally, that we must take up this heavy task at all costs. Lenin often said that the publication of a national, daily political organ was one of the first prerequisites for the consolidation of a real political party. His maxim that such a paper should be "the collective propagandist, agitator and organizer of the movement" is familiar to most Communists.

Our paper, despite weaknesses and shortcomings, is fulfilling this role to a much greater degree than many of us realize. Its great authority and influence is especially to be noted by one who travels the country and sees the movement as a whole. The Daily shapes the ideological unity of the Party and gives a lead to the entire left wing movement on all decisive questions, even in the farthest outposts of the class struggle and the remotest sections of our vast country.

It is needless to say that the Daily is highly valued by the Party members and is the staff of life to the militants in every field of the labor struggle. The comrades in the field are of the opinion that the paper is improving in many respects. This does not mean that they are blind to its faults. They criticize it with a freedom and often with a sharpness which one only employs toward an institution he feels to be his own.

The party members know that the staff of the "Daily" performs miracles with the resources at hand and with the inadequate support they receive. When we criticize the paper it should be understood that we are criticizing the Party. The faults of our Daily are the faults of the movement and they can be overcome only insofar as they are freely discussed and the improvement of the paper becomes the collective responsibility of its supporters. The readers of a Communist newspaper must help edit it as well as finance and circulate it.

Needs of "Daily."

In line with the resolution of the Political Committee for the political and technical strengthening of the paper I wish to set forth a few ideas of what our daily organ needs and will gain with the help of the workers who maintain it.

A stronger staff, from a Communist political standpoint, is one of the first prerequisites to the execution of the decision of the Political Committee. The staff as a whole must be nearer to the Party and, for the most part at least, have a stronger background of Party experience and political understanding. It is true that newspaper work is a trade for which certain technical qualifications are more or less necessary. It is also true, however, that Communist journalism can be successfully practiced only by those who have a certain minimum of acquaintance with the principles of Communism and the history of the labor movement. Workers can be trained for these tasks. It is easier, as a rule, to make a journalist out of a Communist than to make a Communist out of a journalist.

Worker Correspondence.

Worker correspondence — letters from workers in the shops and in the fire of struggle—are the cornerstone of proletarian journalism. We have made but little headway in encouraging and training workers to write for our paper despite the efforts which have been made. More hammering along this line, more deliberate and systematic stimulation and organization of worker correspondence is a necessity.

Our paper should have more articles of a political and general nature and should not be confined to the groove of any established "newspaper" standard. We should not fear to blaze a new trail in form as well as in substance and to make a pattern of our own. We must have more features in the paper, especially light and interesting features, as a balance to the heavier material. The tabloids which have broken away from the old newspaper models consist mainly of light features. Without copying their substance we can learn from their technique. Too much emphasis cannot be placed on this point if we really want to extend our circulation and reach new strata of workers.

The staff of the Daily is short-handed and overworked, and underpaid to a scandalous degree. The lack of material resources prevents proper and necessary division of labor.

It has already been acknowledged by the leading Party committee that the Daily has been greatly handicapped by the limited number of qualified Party representatives assigned to work on the paper. Important matters are too frequently entrusted to politically inexperienced reporters, or still worse, we depend on reports of the Federated Press, with their inevitable liberalistic bias. Our daily badly needs, in addition to the present staff, a Washington correspondent and one or two political feature reporters who can be sent out to report important events, from a convention of a political party to a strike or a labor convention, with the assurance that he will draw the correct political inferences as well as tell the story in a readable and interesting way.

The style of our paper must be such as to make every incident in the class struggle an inspiration to the workers for further endeavors. The more accurate it is in handling facts, the more the readers depend on the truth of its accounts, the better will it succeed with this aim. Issues and events of the class struggle must be played up, not played down, but irresponsible exaggeration, which defeats itself, is a fault to be avoided. A reputation for reliability is one of the greatest assets of any publication. The more the workers learn to depend on the truth of our reports the greater will our real influence grow.

A Communist paper cannot take any other journalistic form for its model, least of all in determining the make-up of its staff. Journalists employed on capitalist and reformist papers are merely journalists. They are disconnected from life and struggle and become mere functionaries of a machine without any connection with its motive forces. That is why they almost always become good-for-nothing cynics, mere craftsmen whose trade is barren words.

Bureaucracy and routine are to a certain extent inherent in the trade of journalism, but they are alien to a Communist newspaper. The staff must be directly and organically connected with general Party activities and mass struggles of the workers and the contents, style and tone of the paper must be a true reflection of this party and labor life.

Our Daily which, in spite of enormous difficulties and many shortcomings, has nobly fulfilled its role of guide and voice of the movement for more than four years, is again in the direst straits.

We know that the appeal of the management committee was prompted by imminent danger to the life of the paper and we must stake everything on the hope and confidence that the loyalty and self-sacrifice of the workers who love The DAILY WORKER will pull it through the present crisis.

For the future we must aim to put a stronger and broader foundation under the paper. The resolution of the Political Committee showed the way for this and, it is to be hoped, will lead to a closer unity of the DAILY WORKER and its editorial and business staff with the entire Party and the left movement of the workers of which it is the voice.

If the greater prominence which the affairs of the Daily is to have on the agenda of the C. E. C. as indicated in the resolution, is reflected in the Party ranks, there can be no doubt that the new resources and energies drawn into the work for the paper will firmly establish and safeguard its future.

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KENOSHA KNITTER APPRECIATES "DAILY"; DENOUNCES EXPULSION OF YOUNG WORKER

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KENOSHA, Wis. (By mail).—As a striker against the Allen-A Co., I would like to let you know that I and many others here appreciate the real workers' paper, The DAILY WORKER.

I was very sorry to learn while reading in one of your recent issues that a Worker Correspondent to The DAILY WORKER, who was a member of the Young Workers League was kept out of our afternoon strike meetings. I cannot understand why our leaders would not allow a representative of such a splendid workers' paper as The DAILY WORKER, to attend.

Well, I'll end now by saying that I am sure the rest of our bunch will not approve such actions by our leaders. -KNITTER.

Class Collaboration Is Urged in "Industrial Survey", Mill Correspondent Says

TELLS OF OVER 300 ARRESTS IN HOSIERY STRIKE

'Adjustments' Are Only Boss Schemes

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KENOSHA, Wis. (By Mail)—In the May 19th issue of the weekly bulletin, "Information Service" published by the research department of the "Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America," there is revealed as clear a story of treachery of union officialdom as any that may come to light. This issue of the bulletin contains a survey of "industrial relations at the Real Silk Hosiery Mills, Inc., Indianapolis, Ind., and of the relations between employers and the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers in the Philadelphia district" which was conducted "jointly by the department of research and education of the Federal Council of Churches, and the Social Justice Commission of the Central Conference of American Rabbis."

Class Collaboration

Under the heading "The Policies and Methods of the Union," we learn that the "union stands for the elimination of waste and the increase of efficiency; that it will not tolerate other than a high standard of workmanship; that it advocates the maximum production; that it seeks to adjust its wage scale and hours in a way that is fair both to workers and to the manufacturers; that it makes allowances for the stage of technical development of each plant and the competitive conditions which it faces; and that it takes into consideration changing styles, the development of inventions and technique, and the necessity for adjustments which are to the mutual advantage of piece workers and employers." This is the philosophy of class collaboration with a vengeance! It would be interesting to know the exact direction of the "adjustments" that are periodically made and on whose shoulders the burden falls. Perhaps the answer can be found by this significant quotation from the survey: "although it (the union) has to look out for the welfare of the rank and file of its members, it calls upon them to make sacrifices in the interest of extending harmonious relations." So the cat is let out of the bag! Isn't it just too bad that the bureaucracy of the union "has to look out for the welfare of the rank and file of its members!" If it could just dispense with that entirely, it would perhaps call upon the rank and file members to make even greater sacrifices — perhaps to work without "remuneration" — all in the interest of extending "harmonious" relations to the fullest extent! Harmony, while the bosses are cutting wages! Prattling about even extending the harmonious relations, while the employers are slashing the living standard of the workers; To such depths sink the "labor lieutenants of capitalism" on the muddy road of class collaboration.

Nor is this all. The industrial survey continues "it (the union) asserts its readiness to arbitrate. It states that it is not merely concerned with compromising conflicting interests, but prefers to make adjustments which are to the mutual advantage to the employers and the union." And then, as if to prove that the betrayers of the workers in the unions have not yet reached a limit of treachery, the survey states: "It (the union) declares its belief that there is no need for fair-minded men to resort to strikes, lockouts, victimization of workers or the use of detective agencies for spying purposes or intimidation."

But yet, now and then, "fair-minded" men do not follow the advice of the reactionary officials, and lock out workers as at Kenosha where 330 knitters and toppers are locked out by Allen A. or again, "fairminded" men go on strike as the hosiery workers of Philadelphia are doing at present! But perhaps, only the union officials are "fairminded?" Or perhaps, cringing lackeys of the bosses! And to put the finishing touch to their subservience and bootlicking to the employers we learn according to the survey: "The officials declare that the union never has advocated any communistic doctrine and that so far as they know, none of the rank and file of the organization have done so." We are in a position to state that the officials are badly misinformed when they state "none of the rank and file" advocate communist doctrines, as, thanks to the activity of the Young Workers (Communist) League and Workers Party in exposing the treacherous policy of conducting the strike in Kenosha by discontinuing picketing and refusing to call out the unorganized unskilled and semi-skilled workers of Allen-A Co., an ever-greater number recognize the Communists as the real champions of the workers' interests. But one wonders at the miserable attempts to prove to the bosses how patriotic and loyal to the American government of injunction the union is under the leadership of such "gentlemen" as president Geiges and vice-president Steel. That the government is evidently impressed with their loyalty can be seen by the federal injunction against the Allen-A strikers in Kensha and the over 300 arrests that have been made since the beginning of the lockout on February 15th!"

Communists vs. Bureaucrats

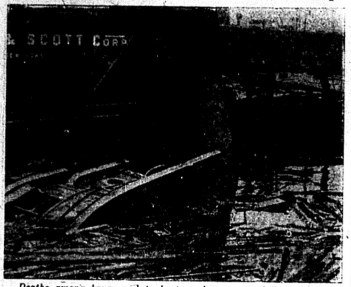
We are glad that these bureaucrats raise the issue of the "Communists." In this they are at one with the bosses, and their government, the "socialist party" leadership and the entire outfit of capitalist supporters. Locally and nationally, these labor bureaucrats betray the interests of the working-class. In Kenosha where they allow the strikers to picket occasionally, where they work hand in hand with the capitalist police, where they confine the strike to only the highly skilled workers, the open shop Allen-A Co. has been able to hire over 180 scabs and is holding out strongly against the heroic rank and file workers on strike. The Young Workers (Communist) League incurred the most bitter hatred of the union leadership by advocating militant policies. The issue on a local scale in Kenosha is between the policy of open betrayal practiced by the bureaucrats and the policy of courageously fighting for the interests of the strikers as advocated by the Communists.

And on a national scale it is likewise. The bureaucrats of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers advocate class peace, class collaboration, the Mitten plan, support of the Employers Mutual Benefit Association, a company union of the Real Silk Co. The industrial survey states: ". . . The union cites the fact that its members in the Ft. Wayne plant of the Real Silk Hosiery Mills worked in harmony with the Employees Mutual Benefit Association." The bureaucrats are in favor of "adjustments," such as wage cuts and the installation of speed-up systems. They are opposed to strikes. The bureaucrats allow the bosses to impose longer hours. They refuse to organize the unskilled workers. They help transform the union into a semi-company union engaged in getting more "efficiency" out of the workers. The Communists on the other hand, vigorously oppose such methods. The election platform of the Workers (Communist) Party has the following demands:

1. Shorter hours of labor. A five-day week. A minimum of 36 consecutive hours rest in seven days.
2. Fight for high wages. Strike against wage cuts.
3. Fight for the protection of the workers from the bad effects of capitalist rationalization of the technical advances of mass production. Struggle against the speed-up system.
4. Organize the unorganized. The American working-class cannot successfully resist the power of the trusts without building up a powerful organization of workers in the basic industries.
5. Destroy company unions, abolish the B and O and Mitten plans. Eradicate trade union capitalism.
6. Save the unions from the onslaught of the bosses and the treachery of the bureaucrats. Amalgamation of craft unions into industrial unions. The present corrupt leadership must be driven out.
7. Trade union methods alone cannot wage a successful fight. Trade union struggle must be supplemented by political struggle.

SAMUEL HERMAN.

Where Tugboat Workers Had Narrow Escape



Deaths among barge and tugboat workers are a daily occurrence. Collisions and drownings take a heavy yearly toll among these men. The picture shows one sinking where the tugboat workers had a narrow escape. The tug in the picture, sank off pier 36 at the foot of Pioneer St., Brooklyn.

RUNT OFFICERS GIVEN DEGREE BY BOSS SCHOOL

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By mail).—Being a worker and an ex-serviceman, I felt that I should witness the 69th annual commencement of the Pennsylvania Military College. So I went there.

There I saw Wm. L. Mellon, brother of Andrew Mellon, the world's third richest man, presented with a doctor's degree. Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, was also presented with the same token of acknowledgement that these capitalist exploiters were the real heads of this school of mass murder of workers in a war which their speeches intimated is very near.

After this I saw something of which every service-man, in and out of service, knows about: I saw a sham battle. Airplanes, infantry, artillery, machine guns, battle flames, these were seen in action. Bombing planes dropped their disastrous missiles, killing workers below, while the cadets watched. These cadets are the future military flunkeys of the capitalist murderers who will give the workers in the armies of the next war orders to shoot down their fellow workers of other countries.

I remembered the awful sights of the last war. Helpless women and children were killed by poison gases. Defenseless workers were torn apart by bombs. Always new and deadlier methods of warfare were invented by capitalist engineers.

From this sham battle I could picture the next war with my children forced to participate in it. I could see them shot down and my home destroyed. This "battle" was a preparation for the horrors of the war we will soon have.

The working class must protest against and prevent a new war to be started by the imperialist exploiters. It is their duty and is within their power. We must do away with the cause of wars by taking away from these exploiters all the mills and mines and industries which rightly belong to us. As long as capitalist society shall exist the working class will be oppressed and be sent to wars to protect capitalist interests with their own lives. The workers of all lands must learn the lesson of the last war and unite against oppression and get rid of the capitalist system of society. —EX-SERVICEMAN.

POLICE CHIEF GETS MAD

The Industrial Squad, notorious for its strike-breaking activities, the Fifth Ave. and Broadway squads, were all ordered on Sunday duty by a superior for failing to arrest the gunmen who shot the dope runner, bank robber, bootlegger and bandit, Edwin Jerge, last Sunday on crowded Herald Square.

NEW YUKON GOLD RUSH

WHITE HOUSE, Yukon, June 25.—A new rush of prospectors has followed reports of a gold rush strike on Squaw creek, in the new field just within British Columbia's boundary. Big Jim and Paddy Duncan, Indians are reported by H. Chambers, a trader from Champaigne, as the discoverers.

TIRPITZ SEAMEN DENOUNCE GERMAN NAVAL ORDINANCE

Call Soviet Union Their Fatherland

(By a Worker Correspondent)

German seamen in New York harbor held a mass meeting on June 18 at 127 Hudson St., Hoboken.

This meeting was called to protest against the German seamen's ordinance and the brutal treatment accorded the seamen on vessels at sea. The German seamen's ordinance was passed under the Kaiser in 1902. It is still in existence altho Germany has been a "republic" for the past ten years.

Thru the Canal.

Before I start to tell about the meeting I will describe what happened on the S. S. Tirpitz while going thru the Panama Canal. The crew of the Tirpitz and the International Seamen's Club arranged the meeting. The story was told to me by one of the crew of the Tirpitz.

"We were going thru the Panama Canal from west to east. Near the city of Callio on the western coast, some sailors were standing on deck singing folk and revolutionary songs.

"The captain heard this and told us to keep our mouths shut. We refused because we have a perfect right to sing. We told him that there were no flunkeys there.

"Then the captain came down and asked who was singing. We replied that we had all sung.

"The captain violated a law which says that all captains must stay on the bridge when passing thru the Panama Canal.

"Seeing that we were all united, the captain wanted to scare us so he grabbed one man by the collar and asked him if he had sung.

"We told the captain to take his hands off our brother. This led to a quarrel which lasted several minutes. The quarrel ended when he decided to send one sailor and the captain to the nearest German consul.

"When they came to the consul, he tried to arbitrate the question. He wanted that particular sailor to apologize to the captain. The man refused. Then the consul himself apologized in behalf of the whole crew to the captain. The consul did this because he knew that the captain was wrong.

One Dollar Apiece.

"When the boat arrived in New York harbor, the captain gave every man one dollar apiece. The International Seamen's Club gave us a lawyer and we wanted to sue the captain for more money. Seeing that he would get the bad end of it, the captain gave us all three dollars each.

"After this we called the protest meeting."

W. Mueller, of the S. S. Tirpitz, was the main speaker. He said in part: "It is a shame for every German seaman to receive such treatment as we do. Germany is not as free as you people in America imagine. We are not allowed to sing. When you do, you are punished.

"We can change the German seamen's ordinance by organizing a strong seamen's union on a revolutionary basis. We call upon all seamen for unity in our common struggle. We call upon the German labor parties and the trade union congress to support us. We will not make any compromises with the capitalists.

"We call upon the labor fractions in the Reichstag to help us gain our demands. Do not rely too much on the Reichstag, too, for our battles will have to be fought over the street barricades.

50,000 to Organize.

Mueller compared the life of the German seamen with the Russian seamen. "In the Soviet Union they get a vacation with pay. In Germany they get nothing. Only 8.500 German seamen are organized out of a total of 50.000. The fish we eat is decayed and the meat stinks."

The speaker then thanked the International Seamen's Club for their help in arranging this meeting.

Another said that the German trade union congress is not becoming revolutionary. It is becoming reactionary.

A resolution was then unanimously adopted protesting against the German seamen's ordinance of 1902. It calls upon the German government to annul the act. Further it calls upon the labor fractions in the Reichstag to fight against the act.

The chairman then spoke in English.

Mueller then summed up. He said, "The Soviet Union is our fatherland." This was followed by long applause. He denounced the German social democratic leaders for their neglect in not organizing the German seamen. He ended by saying, "The victory is ours."

The meeting was closed with the singing of the International and the salute of the Red Front Fighters. As the seamen filed out of the hall they sang a song about Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg. —A. B. S.

—*DRAMA*—

"The Hands of Orlac" Film Is Well Conceived Melodrama

"The Hands of Orlac" at the Greenwich Village Theatre, directed by Dr. Robert Weine, the creator of "Caligari," is an extraordinarily well conceived and executed melodrama, based on material, which if one is to trust the psychoanalysts, springs straight from the base of every person's being.

The guilt complex, the phantasy of the sinful hands, of the murdered father, the enormous force of suggestion, the power of the will, if any, to break the pattern of an ingrained habit, as well as the latest achievements of the Bertillon method and day after tomorrow's surgery, are woven into a drama which those who like that sort of thing will find perhaps as absorbing and original as "Caligari" itself.

Paul Orlac, a pianist, who loses his hands in a railroad accident, and has those of an executed murderer grafted on his wrists instead, is framed so skilfully on a murder charge that he himself almost comes to believe it. It would be a shame to tell any more of the story, or how the mystery is solved.

Conrad Veidt, as the hero, with his horrible self-suspected hands, justifies those of his fans who think him the greatest actor on the screen. Some of the other roles are perhaps a trifle over-acted. But the film as a whole is unusually well-staged and well-directed, and marks a distinctly important achievement among the dramas of its type.—R. W.

IN "VOLPONE"

Alfred Lunt, who has the important role of Mosca in the Theatre Guild production of "Volpone," Stefan Zweig's comedy at the Guild Theatre.

May Wirth, noted equestrien with Philo, the riding comedian and the rest of the famous Wirth Family has been engaged for Luna Park's Free Circus and commencing July 1st will appear daily in the new circus arena. The Gold Spot Pals visited the amusement center recently and Friday, June 29 will broadcast their impressions of Luna Park over station WJZ.

Marie Callahan, who is playing the Inez Courtney role in the Boston "Good News" Company, has been engaged for the new Schwab and Mandel musical play, "The New Moon."

WOULD A. F. OF L. CALL STRIKE TO RELEASE MOONEY?

Mexican Workers Win Right to Meet

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By mail).—The following appeared in the Brawley News, Imperial Valley, on June 7:

"If Thomas Mooney, San Francisco preparedness parade bomber, now serving a life sentence in San Quentin, ever gains pardon from Governor C. C. Young, it will be on merit after parole and not through organized campaigns in his behalf. Governor Young so indicated here when informed that the American Federation of Labor was planning to seek Mooney's release.

"Governor Young believes those who have been sent to prison should first gain a parole from the prison directors and then show meritoriou conduct in society that they a worthy of consideration before th seek a pardon.

"Because of this belief by the executive, little hope for Mooney's release is seen here unless he can gain a parole from the prison director."

Imperial Valley Mexicans are holding public meetings again, according to the Brawley News. At a recent gathering to welcome the new Mexican consul, Vincente R. Quijano, about 1,000 of his countrymen were present. The report says in part:

"Harmony prevailed at the meeting which was held under the auspices of the recently incorporated "Mexican Mutual Aid Society of Imperial Valley," a different atmosphere entirely from the prevailing situation a month ago when Mexican meetings were forbidden by the sheriff's orders and many were in jail for conducting similar congregations."

Well, the Mexicans went on strike and came out victors over Sheriff Gillett and the growers. Will the A. F. L. call a general strike to force the authorities to release Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings? This is a question asked by numerous workers these days.

—L. P. RINDAL.

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TRACTION MEN CALL STRIKE IN NEW HAVEN

Expect General Walk-Out Today

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 25.—Trolley workers thruout the state of Connecticut were ready to walk out on general strike at midnight last night.

In spite of the efforts of the federal commissioner to delay strike action, the spirit of the trolley workers is militant and they had maintained their determination to strike until a late hour last night.

Refusal of the company to recognize the union or to grant wage increases has inf[illegible]ted the men, in spite of the st[illegible] J. H. Reardon, head [illegible]ecutive board, that the men are fighting solely for the right of employes to arbitrate in all major disputes.

The union has already set up relief headquarters and is prepared to care for hundreds of the strikers and their families.

It is known that the company has been hiring strikebreakers for the emergency for some time but their whereabout in city have been kept a profound secret. The strikers are frankly sceptical that the company can maintain the "efficient and adequate service" which they are promising their patrons.

The District Executive Committee of the Workers Party of America has issued an appeal to the trolley workers which says in part:

"The Connecticut Company, a Subsidiary of the N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R, a concern of Wall Street, is making every effort to break your Union.

"Your Union is an instrument in your hands, with which you are able to protect your working conditions; to shorten your hours of work, to increase your wages and to protect yourselves generally. This the Company does not like, and is using every means available to destroy your Union, thereby making the men helpless before so powerful a monster as this company is.

"The only method by which you can win your just demands, and your right to be organized is that of militant struggle. The great danger facing your Union at the present time is that your Union leaders, incompetent, afraid and unwilling to engage in a real fight, will give the Connecticut Company a long sought chance to completely destroy your organization. Instead of immediately mobilizing the entire strength of the Union for struggle against the comany the Union officials dilly-daily, only too willing to concede these demands, which are most vital to the welfare of the men.

"On Friday, June 22nd, after a vote had registered an overwhelming sentiment for strike, Mr. Sullivan, State Board President, issued an informal statement to the press. This statement revealed that, in so far as Mr. Sullivan was concerned, it was satisfactory (to him) to abandon all the demands, except the one refering to arbitration of disutes of disciplinary matters. This is in line with Sullivans action in 1927.

You Can Never Win by Arbitration.

"The only way to win your just demands is to stand solid and fight your own battle. Strike till you win the recognition of your Union, shorter hours of work, an increase of wages and decent working conditions. THESE DEMANDS ARE VITAL TO YOU AND MUST BE WON.

"The Company will recognize only power, which you must show in this present fight.

"You must rally around the slogan 'A FIGHT TO THE FINISH.' 'NO ARBITRATION. NO GIVING IN TO THE COMPANY. DIRECT FIGHT WILL WIN YOUR DEMANDS.'

"The workers and people generally of Connecticut are behind you in this struggle."

MARVIN, FASCIST LEADER, IS SUED

Fred A. Marvin, celebrated labor baiter, and leader of the notorious Keymen of America, the fascist organization recently instrumental in bringing charges in an effort to suppress The DAILY WORKER, is being sued for $45,000 by Rosika Schwimmer, Hungarian feminist and pacifist. Rosika Schwimmer alleges that Marvin issued libelous statements about her in the information service which he offers to women's clubs and other organizations throughout the country. The case will come before supreme court justice McCook.

Mrs. Schwimmer also has pending a $100,000 libel suit against the Commercial Newspaper Co. formerly the New York Commercial.

U. S. GOLD FOR FASCISTS

American bankers are supporting the Hungarian Horthy government in the form of $5,000,000 worth of mortgage bonds. Investment of American capital in Hungary will be as favorable this year as in 1927, according to reports based on the shipment of American money to Hungary in the [illegible] months of the current year.

Dog Team Sets Out Over Icy Wastes to Bring Relief to Nobile Party

A team of dogs, driven by Varming, a Norwegian, and, Van Degen, a Hollander, shown getting out over the ice from Kings Bay in an effort to reach Gen. Nobile, fascist explorer, who was lost in the Arctic.

100 MINERS TOUR OHIO FOR RELIEF

Visit Many Cities to Aid Strikers

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 25.—Sleeping in open trucks and autos, and eating only occasional "hot-dog" sandwiches, more than 100 miners in groups of five and ten are touring Ohio as the vanguard of an army of miner-solicitors which is conducting house-to-house and store-to-store collections in every Ohio city.

The mass solicitors' movement is the result of a meeting held by the relief committees of 25 local unions in the eastern Ohio mining fields with Alfred Wagenknecht, director of the National Miners' Relief Committee. The new activity is under the direction of an executive committee headed by Jack Bell of Yorkville. James Vall, Dillonvale miner, is secretary of the committee. Miners' youth organizations, and organized groups of miners' wives, have promised to swell the ranks of the relief army. Groups of volunteers have already been dispatched to Canton, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Dayton, Akron, Youngstown, Toledo, and other cities. Two truckloads of food and $403 in cash was the immediate response of Canton workers.

One of the Canton solicitors reports a contribution of two cents from the child of an unemployed worker attracted to the miners by the unusual appearance of their pit clothes. The child had been sent for a pint of milk. The two cents was the remainder of the dime which she had been given for the purchase.

PLAN ACTIVITIES IN PITTSBURGH

Eight Subdistrict Meets To Be Held

By A. JAKIRA (District Organizer).

The struggle of the miners, the question of organizing the unorganized, the election campaign and the Labor Party, the rapid growth of the Workers (Communist) Party in District 5—these were the main problems considered by the District Plenum held in Pittsburgh several days ago. A number of representatives from the various nuclei were present in addition to the members of the District Committee, department heads and members of the District Bureau of the Young Workers League.

The work of the Plenum will be followed up by a series of eight sub-district conferences to be held in various parts of the district on July 15th. These conferences will consider the actions of the Plenum and will devote special attention to organization problems. Subdistrict executive committees will be elected at each of these conferences to carry on the work in their respective sub-districts.

Mobilize Party.

The entire district is at present being mobilized for the campaign for signatures in order to place the Workers (Communist) Party presidential candidates on the ballot in Pennsylvania. The nomination petitions are in the hands of the nuclei secretaries, and it is expected that many more signatures will be secured than it is required by the election laws of Pennsylvania.

The Workers (Communist) Party will nominate no candidates for congress or state legislature, but will support the candidates of the Labor Party. The labor parties of five counties in Western Penn, and Cambria county in Central Penna have nominated full tickets.

The Plenum also considered at length the situation in West Virginia where the Workers (Communist) Party will be on the ballot for the first time in the history of the Party. The District Committee is planning to launch an organization campaign in that state and to lay the foundation for the organization of the unorganized there.

Step Forward.

Many other problems, such as the work among the women workers, the relations of the Party to the Young Workers League, the situation in the trade union movement in this country—were given serious consideration.

The Plenum undoubtedly marks a step forward in the development of the Party in this district. All units and members are determined to double their energies in order to make it possible to put the Plenum decisions into practice. It is the aim of the district to increase its membership to fifteen hundred before the November elections take place.

New Compensation Law in Effect in Quebec

QUEBEC, June 25.—A new workmen's compensation is now in effect in the Province of Quebec. Workers here state that they are dissatisfied with it. The governing commission is composed of three, with an advisory board of five. Labor sought representation on the commission, but was turned down.

HOOVER WILL NOT WITHDRAW TROOPS

To Follow Coolidge Policies Exactly

WASHINGTON, June 25.—American marines will not be withdrawn from China, Nicaragua or Hayti while President Coolidge remains in the White House. Authoritative assurances to this effect have already been given in those countries.

If Secretary Hoover is elected president next November, American marines will not be withdrawn from China until a government appears there that will protect American property without the assistance of the armed forces of the United States. They will not be withdrawn from Nicaragua until the new president whom the Nicaraguan people elect November and his administration are firmly established. They will not be withdrawn from Hayti until the pending treaty between the United States and Hayti expires, or is abrogated by the American Congress.

Secretary Hoover has told leaders that he is just as strongly and sincerely in sympathy with the program of President Coolidge in the field of foreign relations as in the field of domestic affairs. This all important fact will be made plain in the address of acceptance which the Republican nominee for president will deliver from his home at Leland Stanford University late in July or early in August.

5,000 PRESENT AT HUGE RED PICNIC

Election Campaign Drive is Inaugurated

Five thousand workers gathered yesterday in Pleasant Bay Park on Long Island Sound to participate in the huge Red Campaign picnic arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party to inaugurate its election drive. The picnic, according to reports from those in charge of the affair, was a big success. The rain, which had lasted through the morning and part of the afternoon, failed to keep the workers away from this, the most significant affair held here this summer.

Communist sailors from the German ship Tirpitz came to the picnic carrying the red banner of the seamen's communist fraction aboard the vessel. Workers from all the trades were represented. Workers (Communist) Party members, Young Workers (Communist) League members, Young Pioneers, delegates from scores of labor organizations attended.

The workers gathered in the spacious grounds of the park were addressed by Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER, and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for U. S. senator from New York State, and by the spokesman of the German communist sailors.

The picnic came to an end with a dance in which all those who were present participated, and the initiation of the state-wide election campaign drive.

ROCKEFELLER IN WAR ON STEWART

The struggle between John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and Robert W. Stewart, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, for the control of the company was sharpened yesterday when Rockefeller issued a statement denying that he was taking steps to dispose of his stock in the corporation.

The Rockefeller interests made it clear that they were determined to carry on a struggle for the control of the company.

DRIVE FOR MINE RELIEF STARTS

N. Y. Workers Launch Campaign Today

This morning thousands of New York workers will launch an intensive drive for the relief of the striking soft-coal miners and their dependents throughout half a dozen states. For the past two weeks preparations have been going on, under the auspices of the National Miners Relief Committee of 799 Broadway. The drive will last from this morning to next Sunday, and will include house-to-house collections, special relief meetings by workers' organizations, open-air meetings which will emphasize the importance of miners' relief to New York workers, and will wind up with a mass collection on Saturday and Sunday.

The striking, heroic miners, now in their 15th month of resistance to the open shop onslaught of the coal operators, rely on the solidarity and support of other workers to help them win their long and bitter battle. Workers of New York, recognizing the grave consequences to the rest of organized labor should the miners lose their fight, are determined to expend every energy and make every sacrifice to help their valiant brothers of the mines win.

The National Miners Relief Committee calls on every worker in the shop and factory to do all he can to further the cause of the striking miners. Workers are urged to take up collections in their shops among their shopmates and wherever possible, to form shop committees for miners relief for the purpose of taking such collections regularly. The Relief Committee asks that workers call at its offices, 799 Broadway, for special literature to be distributed among their shopmates as a spur to relief activity.

House-to-house collections will form an important part of the week's activities. Especially will women workers be active in organizing and putting into effect such collections. For the wind-up of the week, every worker is asked to turn out with a collection box to solicit funds for the striking miners.

To make this drive effective, all beaches and nearby summer resorts will have to be severed, every transit line must have its hundreds of volunteers going through the cars, all important thoroughfares, in both residential and business districts must be canvassed by miners' relief workers. A minimum of $15,000 must be raised during the week, and this can be accomplished only by the cooperation of the thousands of New York workers.

NOBILE RESCUED WITH 5 OF CREW

Rescuers Now Looking for Amundsen Plane

LONDON, June 25.—With Commander Umberto Nobile, leader of the Italia expedition, brought to safety by a Swedish plane, and no fears felt for his five companions on an ice floe off North East land, the efforts of the rescuers were concentrated today on the hunt for Amundsen and his five companions, and the ten members of the Italia crew who are still unaccounted for.

With Amundsen in the French hydroplane were Lief Dietrichsen, a Norwegian; Rene Bilbaud, pilot of the plane, and three other Frenchmen. They are believed to have come down in the vicinity of Spitzbergen, a theory which receives credence from the fact that their radio had only a limited sending range.

• • •

LONDON, June 25.—Another SOS call came out of the Arctic today as plans were rushed to go to the aid of Roald Amundsen and his five companions lost since last Monday when they flew from Tromsoe, Norway in a French plane to search for missing members of the crew of the dirigible Italia.

LITTLE HOPE FOR MANTELL.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, N. J., June 25.—Little hope is held out for the recovery of Robert B. Mantell, noted actor. For two days he has been in a semi-conscious condition at his home here and his physician, Dr. John B. Boyd, said today that his strength was slowly slipping away. Due to his advanced age—he is seventy-four—it was feared he could not survive.

TRACTION RING MOVES QUIETLY FOR FARE DRIVE

Plan Summer Session for Propaganda

Quiet preparations on the part of a number of New York City transit lines to follow the lead of the Third Avenue Railroad in the new drive for a seven cent fare are taking place, it was learned yesterday from sources close to the New York Railways Corporation, one of the largest operators of surface lines in the city.

The New York Railways Corporation is owned by the Fifth Avenue Coach Company generally admitted to be under the control of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation. It has also been learned that interests close to the B-M-T and particularly Thomas L. Chadbourne, attorney for the road, and one of the principal holders of stock in that corporation, have in the past year quietly been buying into the Third Avenue Railway Company and that the move started Friday by the Third Avenue surface line for an increased fare is part of a concerted drive sponsored this time by the Brooklyn subway company for a 7 cent fare.

Although members of the Transit Commission have refused to discuss their plans in regard to the new increased fare move, it became known yesterday that a hearing is planned for this summer and that the issues at stake are so important that the commissioners are planning to give up their vacations in order to help carry out the program which it is understood the traction lines must put through this summer.

There appears to be no doubt now that all forces in the city government, the transit commission under the control of Governor Al Smith, and the republican controlled state legislature would be willing to grant the traction lines a fare increase immediately were it not for the effects of such a course in the coming election.

It was pointed out as significant, in this connection, that the large capitalist papers which favor Smith's nomination on the democratic ticket have been playing down the news of the new increased fare drive in order not to embarrass the Tammany leader at the moment when he needs the help of big business most. Al Smith for over a year was the chief supporter of the plan to turn the new city-built subways over to the B-M-T, but later postponed consent when his nomination loomed ahead.

SOCIAL WORKERS LOYAL TO BOSSES

Paid Uplifters Try to Keep Poor Docile

Social workers, adept at making slim grocery orders do for distressed families of workers, formerly toiled hard to change social and economic conditions responsible for poverty and unemployment, says Abraham Epstein of the American Association for Old Age Security.

Since the war he finds their point of view changed. Nowadays they stress getting workers "adjusted to life"—which in practice means teaching them to accept quietly any deal handed them by present employer-organized society.

Unemployment insurance, mothers' pensions, health insurance, says Epstein, draw little aggressive support from paid uplifters, whose numbers increased 65 per cent from 1915 to 1925.

OPEN-SHOP MILL FIGHTS WORKERS

BUFFALO, N. Y. (FP), June 25.—Five thousand copies of the Buffalo Hosiery Worker are informing interested citizens of the vicious fining system, the long hours and the yellow dog contracts in vogue at the Milfay hosiery mill. Union hosiery workers were locked out several months ago.

The eight-page special paper reviews efforts of a citizens' committee to settle the lockout, after a full investigation had brought from them condemnation of the firm's yellow dog, anti-union policies.

Even the ownership of the mill was veiled behind dummy names to confuse the mediators. The Duffys, owners of a silk mill supplying yarn to the Milfay plant, were finally forced to admit their responsibility for the importation of thug-strike-breakers. Through contracts, the Milfay bosses are tied up with the Berkshire Knitting Mills, chief foe of the hosiery workers.

NEGRO HARLEM WORKER DIES.

Napoleon Banks, 25, of No. 620 Nicholas Ave., a Negro, died in Harlem hospital of a fractured skull sustained when he was struck Friday by a car owned and driven by Wesley Wood, of No. 42 Fordham Rd. Detectives of the West 135th Street station exonerated Wood of responsibility.

Workers' Calendar

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin.

San Francisco Picnic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—The branches of the International Labor Defense of San Francisco, Alameda, and Contra Costa counties will hold a picnic at East Shore Park, near Richmond, on July 4.

• • •

Paperhangers of Boston.

BOSTON.—The Paperhangers' Union, local 258, will inaugurate a campaign for new members to extend over a period of 3 months, June, July and August. The initiation fee has been reduced from $100 to $25. The local calls upon all organized paperhangers of the city and vicinity to join the union and help to organize the non-union workers. The local union meets at the district council headquarters, corner Washington and Dover Sts., Boston.

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing will feature.

EDICT HITS POST OFFICE CLERKS

No Shortening of Hours for Night Workers

WASHINGTON, June 25. (FP)—A circular issued by Assistant Postmaster General Bartlett to all postmasters, instructing them as to applying the new law granting 10 per cent additional pay to post office clerks employed at night, says that there must be no general readjustment of work to reduce the proportion performed in night hours.

The Department fought the enactment of this legislation, which was designed to place a punitive handicap on night work, so that clerks would be permitted to do more work by daylight. Originally the National Federation of Post Office Clerks tried to secure a law reducing the daily hours of clerks employed in the night shifts. The bill now means only a slight increase in pay instead of a decrease in harmful working conditions.

MANY TAMMANY MEN ARE FREED IN N.Y. SEWER GRAFT

Complete Whitewash is Expected

The "investigation" of graft in the Bronx districts of the Department of Street Cleaning by the district attorney, will end tomorrow with a "report of activities" it was announced yesterday.

The early predictions that the so-called round-up of the grafters would end in an almost complete whitewash of the guilt of all those implicated in the graft scandal at the beginning of the investigations, was proven true, when the official statement was issued yesterday by the investigators to the effect that the committee had "found graft" in the Bronx but had "little proof on which to convict anyone."

With the district attorney dropping his action in the Bronx, the probability that all those who cheated the workers of New York City by padding payrolls and swindling money in various other ways, will be exonerated of all blame and allowed to continue their crooked tactics in the future.

PALESTINE JEWS HIT DEPORTATION

TEL AVIV, Palestine, June 25.—What a large percentage of the Jewish population of Palestine considers too free use of the power to deport immigrants on slight pretexts by the immigration authorities is arousing protests in various parts of the country, according to reports received here today.

Following a mass meeting here, at which 10,000 persons protested against the proposed deportation of four immigrant families for trivial transgressions of red tape technicalities, a protest was cabled by the municipality to the Colonial Office in London.

INDIA GETS U. S. MACHINERY

American capital is slowly capturing the British industrial market monopoly in India. The United States exported $3,325,616 of the total $36,656,146 worth of industrial machinery to India, according to an official report of the Indian government imports. During the fiscal year 1926-27, U. S. imports increased over those of the previous year.

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For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ X WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

War Cloud Has Red Lining

Two events remind us of the tremendous process transforming the United States into the most gigantic and ruthless imperialism that has or ever will be known to history.

One is the action of Kellogg, the weak and hysterical little old man whom the irony of history has made into the Hannibal of American imperialism. Secretary of State Kellogg has just given to the lesser imperialist nations of the world the text of his "treaty renouncing war as an instrument of national policy." The real characcter of the "treaty renouncing war" is that of a maneuver in preparation for the bloodiest war of all history, from which the United States will attempt to issue as the master of all the world, the overlord of all colonies, the super-exploiter of all the world's toilers.

The other event has to do with John Porter, a worker in the textile mills of New Bedford, and member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, who is now occupying the attention of the war department of the United States government.

Porter joined the army when he was sixteen years old. Then he discovered what the army is. Sensing its purpose and character as an instrument of violence against the working class, and not yet ripe enough in his understanding to see that he could serve his class by doing anti-militarist work in the imperialist army itself among his fellow soldiers to make them, also, see their duty to their class, the young man left the army.

Later, Porter became an active leader of the New Bedford textile strike and vice president of the union. Seeing the role of the Young Workers (Communist) League in leading the proletarian youth in the struggle, he joined the League and soon became its organizer.

Then the military arm of the United States government proved in action what the Young Communists had taught Porter of the character of the army. Keen to do anything in their power to break the fighting strength of any body of workers engaged in struggle against employers, the army authorities seized Porter and threw him into prison for military court martial.

This case will surprise Secretary of War Dwight F. Davis and all the rest of the Teapot Dome cabinet.

The graft cabinet in Washington will be astonished to learn that this is the period when many and rapidly repeated incidents are to be expected, in which young working class men are transformed from blind tools of imperialism into conscious members of their class. They will be surprised also to learn that this case will echo around the world.

We saw the light break on the horizon in 1925, when Paul Crouch and Walter Trumbull, two young American soldiers, were court martialled for organizing the Young Workers (Communist) League among the soldiers in Hawaii.

Again we saw the signs of a new day when two United States marines left the Wall Street forces to go over to the side of the Nicaraguans, fighting for liberty under Sandino.

American imperialism cannot enter the period of imperialism without the consequences following. Slowly but surely, the currents of class consciousness are finding their way among the young men and women of the American working class.

There will be more Paul Crouches, Walter Trumbulls and John Porters, and more marines such as saw their duty toward their fellow workers in Nicaragua. Imperialism will continue its bloody course, disillusionment will follow disillusionment. Instead of individual John Porters, there will be whole nuclei of John Porters; instead of isolated soldiers there will be regiments of soldiers which come to understand that American imperialism is their enemy and the enemy of their class.

It is time to congratulate our young comrades of the Young Workers (Communist) League. These young men and women are beginning to show that they too know how to serve their class. Freed from all the paralyzing taint of pacifism, they are reaching the minds and the hearts of the youth of the working class. This youth will conquer in the final struggle.

Let the encrusted militarists rave and curse and give thunderous verdicts against Comrade John Porter.

But United States capitalism has turned the corner of imperialism, and within the shadow of imperialism there is a red army.

Farm Labor Gets $2.46 a Day

THE raw material of the country's food and clothing is produced by labor averaging only $2.46 a day or $48.63 a month, according to a report of the U. S. Department Agriculture on the wages of farm labor. The report shows that farm wages have not kept pace with the cost of living. In 1927 they purchased 5 per cent less than the wages paid farm workers in 1913 and 15 per cent less than in 1906.

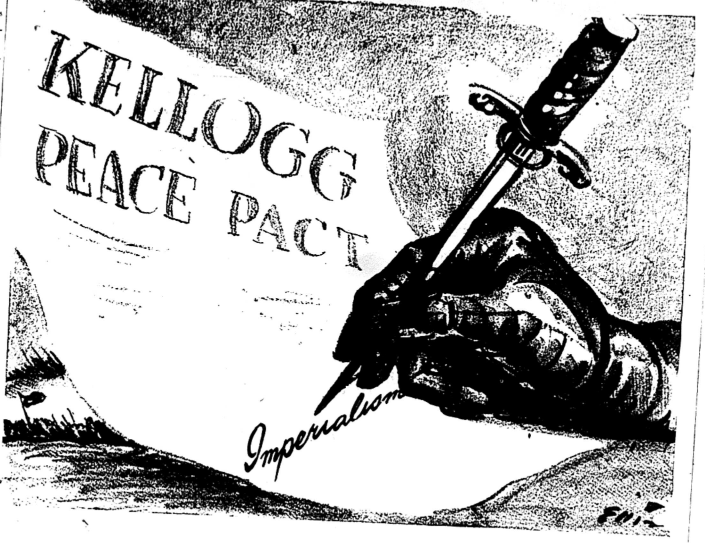
The daily and monthly wages noted are for farm workers who provide their own board. When the farmer provides the board the worker averages only $1.90 if paid on a daily basis or $34.58 a month. If it is [illegible] that these low wages apply [illegible] to hired farm labor while most [illegible] food is produced by the labor of the independent farmers themselves, it can be pointed out that the average farmer receives only about $850 for his own labor, the labor of his family and the return on his investment, and that only about half of this is in cash.

The average agricultural worker earns less than $600 a year but if we allow the average farmer any return on his investment his own wage falls considerably below that of his hired man. Here is one explanation of the lack of purchasing power for the products of industry which constantly forces curtailment of factory employment.

The average monthly farm wage of $48.63 compares with $65.05 in 1920 and $30.21 in 1913. This represents a drop of 25 per cent since 1920 to a level about 6. per cent above 1913.

CAMOUFLAGE IS AN ART OF WAR

By Fred Ellis



Gitlow's Acceptance Speech

(Continued From Yesterday)

Role of the Socialist Party.

At a time when the capitalist reaction is growing, at a time when the intensification of exploitation is increasing, what is the role of the socialist party in the labor movement?

The role of the socialist party in the labor movement is the role it demonstrated it can play so well in Germany, Italy, Poland, etc.

It is the role of the hangman of the revolution.

It is no accident that the day after the New Leader carries an attack against the textile workers in New Bedford, against the rank and file committees that are leading the strike, after it carries a vicious attack against the Communists, that Communists and the rank and file of the New Bedford Textile strike are arrested and thrown into prison.

Who is the standard bearer of the socialist party? The standard bearer of the socialist party is a sky pilot, a minister, who believes that revolution is too costly for the workers.

Well, how costly to the working class is the rule of capitalism and imperialism?

Where has a revolution taken place on the face of the earth that was so bloody as the imperialist war?

The result of capitalism is wage-cuts, unemployment, poverty, misery, frame-ups, white terror, fascism and imperialist world war.

These fruits of capitalism Norman Thomas favors, but he does not favor revolution to end all this.

The extent to which the socialist party has degenerated, its complete abandonment of the class struggle and the best traditions of Eugene V. Debs is clearly indicated in the article written by Victor Berger in the June issue of Current History.

The Honorable Mr. Berger writes as follows:

"If democracy is to survive, if the republic is to endure, we must have a political realignment. . . . And since both old parties are ultra-conservative we must have an opposition party, striving and fighting for progress."

Berger wants a political realignment. A political party of all classes. He does not want a working class party. Berger has no use for a working class revolutionary party that stands for the overthrow of capitalism. Berger is opposed also to a labor party. Berger only wants a reformist third party that fights for the vague thing progress. In other words Berger wants a "progressive" capitalist party. It is logical for Berger to maintain that the socialist party is such a party.

That the capitalists have nothing to fear from the socialist party, Congressman Berger is convinced, because he writes: "All classes will be benefited by the change." If the socialist party comes into power the capitalists have nothing to worry says Berger, they will be benefitted by the change.

Berger further writes:

"Socialism can never take root in a commonwealth that is venal. A social democracy can never be established in a nation that is rotten. More than any other citizen the socialist is interested in weeding out graft. More than any other Party, the socialist party must make it its task to unearth corruption and prevent moral decay."

No appeal here to the workers as a class to overthrow the whole corrupt edifice of capitalism. Socialism can never be established unless the rotten capitalist nation is made "clean and honest." The main task of a socialist party according to Berger is to unearth corruption and prevent moral decay. Eugene V. Debs must turn in his grave when he hears Berger state that the main task of the socialist party is to make capitalism and its government honest and to prevent its decay. The class struggle doesn't exist for Congressman Berger.

In the article on the socialist party and the 1928 election campaign, Victor Berger also makes the following statement, I will read it:

"The prime essential factor, however, is the awakening of the social genius of American people. Without such awakening a real change in our public life is impossible. Without a change in American psychology even a successful revolution will mean only a change of masters."

He continues:

"A similar instance we see in Russia where after all neither political or economic liberty was achieved."

Who does Mr. Berger want economic and political liberty for?

Have we got it in America?

Have you the right to strike? The right to vote? Do the Negroes have the right to vote? Quite the contrary. Who enjoys the economic and political liberties in the United States—Mr. Worker or Mr. Rockefeller?

Compares Soviet Russia.

The answer is very clear. Not the workers.

The Haymarkets, the Passaics, the coal strikes, the unemployment, the injunctions, the whole anti-labor strike-breaking activities of the capitalist government of the United States, its sham hypocritical class democracy is positive proof of the dominance, rule and dictatorship of the capitalists over the country.

In the Soviet Union it is different. In the Soviet Union the workers and peasants enjoy political and economic freedom.

Soviet Russia established the 7-hour day. Compared to wealthy United States, Soviet Russia is still a very poor country. Nevertheless it could afford to establish a 7-hour day. It was established without strikes, without pickets, without injunctions. Why, because Soviet Russia was established as the result of a successful revolution which crushed capitalism and set up a working class government with liberty and freedom, both political and economic for the workers and not for the shirkers.

I was a member of the socialist party over a period of 12 years. I know what is left of the socialist party. I know that the revolutionary and militant elements have been driven out of the socialist party.

I remember how I was expelled from the socialist party. A detective was planted in the central committee. The police encircled the party headquarters so as not to let us in. Now what is left of the socialist party? Where are its 100,000 members? What is left? The Norman Thomases, the Victor Bergers, the Hillquits, the O'Neals, the doctors, the lawyers, the dentists, the shopkeepers, the prostitute intellectuals, all lickspittles of capitalism. That is what is left in the socialist party. (applause)

The Communist Party out of this convention sends a clarion call to the West, to the North, to the South and to the East.

It sends a clarion call into every factory, into every mine, into every mill.

It sends a call to all workers, to all exploited, the farmers as well as workers.

It sends a call to the blacks, to the yellow races, to the whites, unite against the powerful enemy, crush capitalism, make the working class the ruling class, the Communist Party the ruling party. (Prolonged Applause.)

(THE END)

Donetz Conspirators Worked for Czarists' Return

(By Our Special Correspondent)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—(By mail) Sitting at the Donbas Company trial in the Hall of the Trade Union one is struck by the complete absence of the formalism and mock solemnity with which capitalist courts reek. The trial of course is being conducted according to the rules laid down by the Juridical Code, but no one, not even the accused with the weighty charges hanging over them, appear to feel any more restraint than one feels at a business meeting.

This is a serious business meeting of course. There is not the slightest suggestion of the theatrical. There is, it is true, the big audience in the hall, and the trial is taking place on a stage-like platform. But the audience in no way obtrudes upon the platform; indeed, they would appear ot be divided from it by a transparent curtain. Only very rarely does the chairman have to ring his bell to hush a subdued murmur that ripples through the hall at a more than usually interesting incident.

The trial is being given the widest publicity, but without sensation. Almost at the very beginning of the proceedings some of the accused complained of the glare of the Klieg lights while the cinema operators were "shooting" them. The president immediately ordered that cinema and all other photographing cease and there has been none since. Thus a valuable piece of publicity was sacrificed in deference to the feelings of the accused.

Then there is something unique about the bench. Only the two supreme court judges look their part. The two assessors sit there like working men with a serious job on hand. They follow the proceedings very closely and now and again put questions to the accused or to witnesses. But the bench is dominated by Comrade Vishinsky, the president of the court. A man of unbounded charm. Of slightly ruddy complexion, his face beams with kindness and sympathy. It is his manner of approach to the accused that causes them to turn to him smilingly to explain some obscure point in their evidence.

The following is a common scene at the trial: Prosecuting counsel hotly pursues a point in the evidence of one of the accused and pours a rapid fire of questions at him. The accused is being carried off his feet. The president intervenes:

To Krilenko: "Wait a minute, let him finish his reply."

To the accused: "Do you want to say anything more on this point?"

The accused explains what he wants to say.

To Krilenko: "Have you any more questions? Please continue."

Accused Flustered.

In the course of cross examination the accused will get flustered. Seeing this the president will take up the questioning himself and with a quip and jest put the accused at his case again and then only let the prosecuting counsel continue.

The accused are defended by counsel of their own choosing, the ablest in the profession here. The German Social-Democrats demonstratively demanded to be allowed to appoint a German lawyer to defend one of the Germans accused. But they made a mistake. The Soviet court does not permit the infringement of the sovereignty of the Soviet State. The defense of the German prisoners was arranged by the German Embassy here and the best counsel obtainable have been engaged.

In addition to their counsel the accused themselves are permitted to cross-examine witnesses. After each witness has given evidence and after he or she has been examined by defending counsel the president calls upon the accused concerned to question the witness if he desires to do so. Sometimes quite a wrangle takes place between the accused and witness, one asserting, the other denying a certain point that has been made until the president pulls them up:

"Witness says you did this thing; you deny it. Very well, you must now leave it to the court to decide."

This is avowedly a class court; the court of the proletarian dictatorship; but it is a scrupulously fair one and its verdict will be determined by the merits of the case.

(To Be Continued.)

HANdOuTS

The New York State Confectionary and Chocolate Manufacturers' Association, suddenly inspired by the angel of magnanimity and good-will, announces that it will distribute five tons of candy to 12,000 orphans and crippled children in New York City institutions. This move, announces the president of the association, is prompted by a desire "to fulfill man's duty to God on earth." Of course, front page publicity in all of the papers of the country will be accepted without protest by the candy manufacturers.

• • •

What the Well Dressed Bandit Will Wear

"Oh Mama how can the man afford to dress up so much in these hard times?"

"That's John D. Rockefeller, Jr. He's got more money than you could look at with a pair of field glasses in a 48 hour week."

"How did he earn it all. He must have had steady work."

"He did. He was industrious, put in a long day and kept his mind on his work."

"What's his calling?"

"Robbing workers."

"What does he do with so much?"

"He's always spending pocket money for this or that. The other morning he decided to have the town of Williamsburg, Va. rebuilt for $5,000,000."

"Won't that make him short?"

"Oh, no, He's closed down his mines in West Virginia and will let the workers starve."

"What else does he do?"

"He goes to church."

"If he ever comes here I'll sit on his hat."

"Adolph take your feet off my back and go to sleep."

• • •

With new reports coming in each day from Queens the height of daring is reached by a commission in White Plains which recommends the construction of a new sewer.

• • •

Graft Marvel.

The smooth article pictured above is George W. Olvany, chief graft collector of Tammany Hall, the envy of every politician who ever handed out a piece of brown paper for a cigar. The City of New York never buys a paper clip or a broom handle without getting Olvany's permission and giving him his rake-off. In order to keep supporters who might be inclined to edge away, due to the aroma of corruption, Tammany each year gives their children a picnic. This year at Central Park 33,000 youngsters were giving 15,000 quarts of ice cream, 10,000 quarts of milk and five tons of crackers. The native reporters of the capitalist press referred to the affair as an "event innocent and charming." But for every soda biscuit Tammany Hall puts out it takes in a house and lot.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

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BO[illegible]ALLS ON[illegible]RALIA CA[illegible]ISION

Washingto[illegible]role Body Ignores Petitions

WALLA WALLA, Wash. (By Mail).—Despite the fact that it has heard the evidence in the case of the eight Centralia victims three times, the parole board of the state of Washington has again postponed a decision on the ground that the evidence is too voluminous to permit an immediate verdict.

By this action or lack of action the parole board has shown its contempt for the petitions of thousands of workers and the delegates of workingclass organizations who were present and whose request for an immediate decision for or against is ignored.

Petition Presented.

The eight class war prisoners were represented by Elmer Smith of the Centralia Publicity Committee, delegates from the Tacoma and Spokane Central Labor Councils, the Centralia Liberation Committee of Seattle and the International Labor Defense of Seattle.

Elmer Smith presented a petition for pardon signed by 2,000 residents of Centralia. He reviewed the case briefly, pointing out that seven jurors have repudiated their original verdict and have asked for the release of these workers and that a similar request has been made by the prosecuting attorney, W. H. Abel, who

Continued on Page Two)

ZARITSKY THROWS MEN FROM JOBS

Union Heads, Bosses Breaking Boston Local

BOSTON, Mass., June 26.—The war of destruction led by Zaritsky, president of the International Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' Union, against the strong Capmakers' Locacl 7, here has begun in all its emviciousness, as the first of the employers began carrying out Zaritsky's request to discharge those workers not willing to drop membership Local 7 here, has begun in all its local he established. They are Jacobs Cap Co. and the Hahns Cap Co.

Jacob Miller, left wing manager of the Boston Local was ordered out of a shop where workers were dismissed, by the bosses, Zaritsky's lieutenant Herschkowitz, and a few Boston right wingers. Six workers from the shop of Hahns were also discharged, and when they did not leave the shop fast enough they were threatened with a beating by Zaritsky's agents there.

These employers enthusiastically carried out Zaritsky's lockout order, while frankly declaring that Zaritsky's dual union is far better for them. "Little Sigman" Zaritsky's agents are already acting as scab agents for the bosses, providing scabs to take the place of those dismissed for loyalty to the union.

The membership of the union is enraged over these union-wrecking tactics of the right wing. A leaflet issued by the office of Local 7 during the lunch hour called upon the workers to resist with all their power the attempt to destroy the organization whose militant policy brought gain after gain in their working standards in the shops. The circular declared on strike the two shops discharging the workers and called the membership of the union to carry on picket demonstrations at the factories. They are the Jacobs Hat Co., 7 Hudson St. and The Hahns Cap Co., 660 Washington Sq.

AMUNDSEN PARTY SIGHTED, REPORT

Explorer, Companions Seen by Seal Hunter

LONDON, June 26.—Raold Amundsen and his five companions are down on an ice flow southeast of Spitzbergen with a damaged plane, according to exchange telegraph dispatch tonight from Copenhagen. The dispatch was based on the story of an unidentified seal hunter who said he had seen the Amundsen party on the ice floe engaged in repairing the plane.

Amundsen, Lief Dietrichsen, and Lieut. Rene Guildaud and three French members of the French naval plane have been missing nine days after leaving Tromsoe, Norway, on a flight to north east land to search [illegible] members of the [illegible]

Kansas Miners Hear Report on New Mine Union

Above James Hunter, delegate to the recent executive conference held by miners from all organized and unorganized sections at Pittsburgh at which a convention call for a new national mine union was issued, speaking at Arma, Kansas. Kansas miners are calling a special convention of district 14, July 1 at which the reactionary Lewis officials will be ousted.

DISTRICT 1 MINERS FACE NEW TREACHERY

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

WILKES-BARRE, June 26.—The Cappellini administration in District No. 1 made its first move to expel leaders of the special district convention held recently together with the newly elected officials of District No. 1. After a meeting of the District No. 1 board, letters were sent to local unions demanding expulsion of Frank McGarry of Pittston, George Isaacs of Wilkes-Barre, Walter Harris of Parsons, who are President, Vice-President and Secretary-Treasurer elected by the special district convention.

Cappellini demands also the expulsion of John Bellfield, Edward Hogan, Frank Sobers and Joseph Dougher, district board members, and Ray Delaney of Avoca, elected as International board member. Letters to that effect were sent to the respective locals of which these men are members. It is generally believed that none of them will be expelled by their locals.

It is also believed that the next move Cappellini will make will be to

(Continued on Page Two)

STRIKING MINER AIDS THE "DAILY"

Funds Needed to Secure Paper Over Summer

"Enclosed within find $1 in bank draft to help The DAILY WORKER. Wish I could send more, but it is impossible. Am not working 15 months because of the coal strike out here.

"Anton Balazsi,
Dillonvale, O."

People who wonder how the striking miners live might also wonder how Anton Balazsi, who has been on strike at Dillonvale, O., for 15 long, bitter months, has been able to contribute $1 to keep The DAILY WORKER going.

Workers Cherish "Daily"

But such people do not understand what the "Daily" means to the militant miners. To them it is more than bread. And the miners are not alone in this feeling. Workers in every trade, of every nationality have been making similar sacrifices.

More sacrifices will have to be made if The DAILY WORKER is to continue to exist during the summer months. Summer is always the most difficult period of the year for the "Daily" and this year conditions are worse than ever because of the serious financial crisis which so nearly proved the death of The DAILY WORKER.

The acute crisis has been passed, but the critical situation still remains threatening at any moment to plunge the "Daily" into a new disaster. Only the continuation of contributions in a substantial way by workers and workingclass organizations throughout the country can avert a new crisis and secure The DAILY WORKER over the summer.

The following are additional contributions to The DAILY WORKER:

H. T. Ahrens, Spokane, $5; Alexander Miuhlberg, Elsinore, $5; Louis Hoehheim, Chicago, $2; Ed Hirch, Cincinnati, $2; Ernst Besselmann, Los Angeles, $2; Subsection 2A FD7, New York, $7.50; FD2 Subsection 2A, New York, $4; Clara Freedberg, Bronx, $1.10; TUEL, Local 2 ILGWU, New York, $7.45; Anton Loo, Bronx, Bronx, $6; P. Kilaskpa, San Francisco, $2; Dr. Rosa C. Powell, Richmond, $2; Cora P. Wilson, St. Nuc. 1, San Jose, $5; Jos. Ozanich, Centerville, $4; WP 1 Slovak Branch, New York, $25; Lettish Federation Bureau, New York, $2.50; Z. V. Engle, Detroit, $10; James Kazenis, Detroit, $5; A. Kamenoff, Detroit, $4; Nababedian, Detroit, $2; H. Harbieu, Detroit, $4; E. K. Feld, Detroit, 10; M. Havisco, Detroit, $1; Alex Theodoroff, Detroit, $1; Atanas Trendoff, Detroit, $1; A. G. Michailoff, Detroit, $.50; Peter Davey, Detroit, $1; N. A. Angelcoff, Detroit, $.25; Z. Conin, Detroit, $.50; Sarah Victor, St. Louis, $1; Sovo Klahn, San Francisco, $8; St. Nucleus 1 SF, San Francisco, $1; Himlefarb, San Francisco, $1; Bordonaro, San Francisco, $2.50; Erik Falk, San Francisco, $3; A Friend, San Francisco, $3; Vera Feinstein, Washington, $2; H. Colodny, Washington, $3; T. Colodny, Washington, $1.50; J. Minkin, Washington, $2; A. Rosan, Washington, $1; J. Hertz, Washington, $3; Charley Sotis, Chicago, $5; W. Choyrak, Chicago, $5; M. Hranen, Chicago, $2; J. Yreskenas, Chicago, $1; J. Wasiuk, Chicago, $1; W. Twash, Chicago, $1; Lenin Branch 625 W. C., New York, $10; Marcello, New York, $1; John Derevnuk, New York, $2; I. Vilgrate, New York, $.25; I. Giller, New York, $.50; B. Misell, New York, $.25; M. Zlotnick, New York, $.50; J. Roublat, New York, $.10; M. $1; Jack Rosen, New York, $.10; R. Reitz, New Zeinick, New York, $.10; R. Reitz, New York, $1; Goldberg, New York, $5; Bougman, New York, $.25; Solomon, New York, $.25.

Menchiejo, NYC, $1; Gusk Isidor, NYC, $1; Mishel, NYC, 50c; J. Marci-

(Continued on Page Four)

HUNT ARGENTINE FLYER

BUENOS AIRES, June 26. — All Argentina is being searched today for Major Baldasarre, of the Argentine army, who escaped from the penitentiary in a woman's dress just as he had begun to serve a 20-year sentence for killing another officer.

Labor Fakers of West.

WATERLOO, Ia. (FP).—The 36th annual convention of the Iowa Federation of Labor, with over 200 delegates, was opened in Waterloo by Pres. J. C. Lewis. Al Smith was indorsed for the democratic presidential nomination.

SPEED-UP REIGNS AT DELAVAL CO.

Poughkeepsie Firm Has Spies Everywhere

(By a Worker Correspondent)

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., (By Mail).—Working conditions in this town are rotten. The DeLaval plant pays the lowest wages and has the worst speed-up system I have ever seen.

We get only 40 to 45 cents per hour. Many get only 35 cents to start with and very few get more than 45 cents per hour. The women are very poorly paid, getting only 25 to 30 cents for work formerly done by men.

There are 2,000 employed in this plant, but we have no organization at all. They are very suspicious of one being a spy when unionism is mentioned, because the place is filled with actual company spies. Talk and you're fired.

The bosses are always trying to speed us up. They watch us to see if we can work faster. On one opera-

(Continued on Page Four)

5 Die in Explosion In Fireworks Plant

THOMPSONVILLE, Conn., June 26. — One worker and four boys were killed today in an explosion at a fireworks factory here. The blast occurred in the storage shed of the plant. The dead worker is Rosario Farno, of this city. Other workers in the plant narrowly escaped death.

LOSES FINGER IN MACHINE

Jeff Fligin, 24, of 1565 Lincoln Pl., Brooklyn, lost the third finger of his left hand this morning when it was caught in a machine in the National Garter Company, 1115 Broadway. He was taken to the New York Hospital.

"FREE PORTER," IS DEMAND OF MILL STRIKERS' UNION

Meet Here to Demand His Release

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 26.—An official statement was issued here today by the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mills Committee, denouncing in the strongest terms the arrest of John Porter by the military authorities, as an attempt to break the strike of 28,000 textile workers.

"It is as bald as the imprisonment of the other two leaders of the strike, William T. Murdoch and Fred E. Beal," the statement says. Porter is being held in confinement by the army bureaucrats pending a court martial on the charge of being a "deserter."

Isaac Shorr, New York attorney who is a specialist in military law, having defended hundreds of cases before courts martial during the war, is en route to New Bedford to take charge of Porter's defense, it was learned today. Upon his arrival he will immediately institute habeas corpus proceedings to obtain Porter's release.

After being held incommunicado for a period, contact was finally secured with the prisoner. He issued a statement which appealed to the workers to fight for his release. He also approved the plan of the Young Workers (Communist) League and the International Labor Defense to launch a nation-wide drive to obtain mass support for his fight for freedom.

The Young Workers (Communist) League announced from its headquarters in Boston that instructions have been sent to all units of the organization to immediately organize demonstrations for Porter's release. The first one of these meetings to have its arrangements completed is the one to be held here on July 4th. Paul Crouch, an ex-soldier who has served a prison term for trying to organize a Communist League in the American troops' barracks in Hawaii, will be the main speaker. Porter's colleagues in the leadership of the great textile struggle here will also speak at the meeting.

If convicted by the court martial, a sentence of life imprisonment stares Porter in the face. The viciousness with which those who infringe on the army czars' regulations are handled provoke fears that he may be given the most severe sentence. His case is especially grave when it is considered that he is in addition one of the leaders of a great labor struggle.

AL'S PAL GRABS AT GOVT. SHIPS

Smith Backer May Get Fat Reward

WASHINGTON, June 26. — The United States Steamship Lines may be put on the auction block by the shipping board within a short time, it was learned. The board will consider the project soon.

W. E. Kenney Gets Reward

Reports here indicate that M. F. Kenney, wealthy New Yorker who is one of Gov. Al Smith's big backers, has joined with L. R. Wilder, of New York and associates in a plan plan to bid for the United States lines which include the Leviathan, and to establish a large merchant fleet.

Kenney already has made an offer to charter the lines, but no recent overtures have been made to the board by the Kenney interests.

FLIES TO SPITZBERGEN

STOCKHOLM, June 26.—Swedish aviator Lieut. Ekman left today for the Malmsett Airdrome to make a flight to Spitzbergen to join the aviators who will search for the missing Amundsen and Nobile parties.

BELA KUN EXPOSES IMPERIALIST PLOT TO ATTACK SOVIET UNION

Defies Judges of Capitalist Court as Trial Gets Under Way in Vienna

Communist Party and Red Aid to Hold Huge Protest Demonstration

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

VIENNA, June 26.—In a courtroom framed in guards, confronting the legal experts of the enemy which is pre-determined to sentence him, Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, today stripped bare the pretence of justice which cloaks the proceedings against him and hurled defiance at international imperialism with the declaration that he had come to Vienna because he had cumulative proof that foreign powers were preparing an attack on the Soviet Union. Outside the courtroom the cordons of troops and police stood nine deep.

Point by point, the heroic Communist leader told his judges and the onlookers the steps by which the powers were preparing for the conflict while he graphically painted the fate of the workers during the next war.

From beginning to end of the session Kun maintained an attitude of composure, bringing frequent expressions of approval from the courtroom by his bearing and replies.

The Communist Party and the International Red Aid are planning huge protest demonstrations. Heavily armed detachments of police are patrolling the streets.

Protests from militant groups of workers in all countries have been received by the Seipel regime.

The Hungarian Communist Party has issued the following appeal to the workers of all countries:

Communist Appeal.

"The persecuted, secretly functioning party of the revolutionary Hungarian proletariat, the Communist Party of Hungary, sends you the following urgent message: Come to our aid immediately, determined action is necessary! Hurry to our assistance and do all you can to prevent the government of the Austrian Bourgeoisie from handing over the leader of our Party, Comrade Bela Kun, to the Hungarian murderers of workers.

To Overthrow Reaction.

"Under indescribably difficult circumstances, working under the ceaseless fire of the united persecutions of the Hungarian counter-revolution and Social Democracy, constantly suffering fresh losses, the vanguard of the revolutionary Hungarian proletariat, the Communist Party of Hungary, is fighting to rally the toilers of town and country to fight against the counter-revolutionary Hungarian regime and its backers, Italian Fascism and British reaction. Undaunted and backed by the persecutions, it is fighting to get the working masses to weaken, to undermine and to overthrow one of the chief pillars of the reactionary block in Southern Europe, Horthy-Hungary. The Hungarian working class know full well that they would thereby not only promote their own liberation, but also fulfil their international duty; the fight against the Hungarian bourgeoisie and landed proprietors, who are arming for war, is their part in the fight against imperialistic war; they are preparing the proletarian revolution in the rear of one of the most villainous lackeys of those who are agitating for war against the Soviet Union.

Save Communist Leader!

"But Hungarian Labor, the Communist Party of Hungary, can hold out against their oppressors only by exerting every ounce of their strength, only with the greatest sacrifice of their forces and by constantly rallying their broken lines. And now the foreign bourgeoisie has joined in the raging war of extermination carried on by the Hungarian bourgeoisie against our Party. The British and the Italian bourgeoisie are agitating to support Austrian reaction in its infamous intention to deliver Comrade Bela Kun, the champion of the Hungarian proletarian dictatorship, the leader of our party, into the hands of his murderers. The Communist Party of Hungary is too weak to withstand this vehement attack. In Hungary itself we have to fight against hundreds of enemies, and our strength does not suffice to ward off the danger which threatens Comrade Kun. The bourgeoisie of all countries, foaming with hatred, are bent on venting their spite against Comrade Bela Kun, because he fought in the front ranks of the party which—in the year 1919—was the first after our Russian brothers to hoist the flag of Communism in Central Europe. The bourgeoisie cannot forgive him for this, and this is the crime for which he is to be murdered.

"Help, brothers! If Comrade Bela [illegible]

Fights Collaboration

The reformists of the General Council of the British Trade Union Congress are planning to expel A. J. Cook, militant Secretary of the British Miners' Federation, because he attacked the Mond class collaboration scheme. A complete cable story of the current session of the General Council will be found on page 3.

LEWIS SEIZES LOCALS' FUNDS

Machine Moves to Grab Union Treasuries

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 26.—According to a report from Bellaire, Ohio, received by the National Miners' Convention Arrangements Committee, the reactionary Lewis officials in Ohio are now trying to deprive local unions, which have refused to follow the traitors, of the small funds left in their treasuries and which they need for their urgent running expenses.

The report states that the reactionaries have seized the funds of the Lansing local union, the Duncanwood local and the Big Run, Bellaire, local. They have also locked up the halls of several local unions and are trying to get possession of them through court action.

New Step of Betrayal.

This is the latest terroristic measure of the Lewis clique in its effort to stem the revolt of the miners against the treacherous policies which have wrecked the U. M. W. A.

The repudiated reactionaries have tried to intimidate the progressive rank and file by mass expulsions, by the strike-breaking measure of cutting off relief, by enlisting the aid of the police and state troopers to break up meetings. Now they are going one step further in their campaign of terrorism and treachery.

This new terrorism of the reactionaries, which incidentally would increase the funds under their control enabling them to draw a little longer their high salaries and swollen "expenses," will not halt the militant rank and file. It will only intensify their determination to rid themselves of the corrupt clique and to build a union which will unite the miners throughout the industry in one fighting front against the coal barons.

Big-Hearted John D. Gives Crumbs to Poor

The generosity of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., knows no bounds. The man who has starved thousands of miners' children in West Virginia and Colorado and whose officials killed Colorado strikers when occasion arose, has just donated $72,000 for "bettering" conditions that contribute to juvenile delinquency and ill health in the Columbus Hill Section and in Harlem.

HOUSTON FARCE OPENS IN PRAYER

Convention to Begin at 9:30 P. M.

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

HOUSTON, June 26.—Everything has been settled here in the preliminaries to the democratic convention except the unimportant little detail as to how to distinguish the democratic party from the republican. No one obviously has thought this worth worrying about and it is expected that the mere key-note formalities of putting the democratic donkey through its braying antics against the republican elephant will this year be as mild as possible.

Same Tailor.

Even ordinary observers recognize the make of the same Wall Street tailor in the suit now worn by the donkey and that sported by the elephant at Kansas City two weeks ago. Also everyone now admits that the same straddling of doubtful questions and the same avoidance of real issues

(Continued on Page Two)

EX-GOVERNOR IS PAID BY TRUST

C. H. Brough, Tool of Power Interests

WASHINGTON, June 26. — Former Gov. Charles H. Brough is director of power trust publicity in Arkansas, it was revealed before the federal trade commission today.

By this disclosure the government of the state of Arkansas is directly linked with the power interests despite the fact that former governor Brough did not become head of the publicity until three years ago, several years after he had completed his term of office.

Brough, who is head of the information bureau of the Arkansas power trust, receives a salary of $6,000 a year, Rex L. Brown, secretary and treasurer of the bureau testified. The former governor makes about 250 speeches a year in behalf of the trust, Brown said.

Brown also admitted that the power interests have "aided" financially an Arkansas publication called the Dixie Magazine. Since 1926 a total of $8.719 has been paid to this magazine, which prints power trust propaganda. In addition, 300 subscriptions have been taken for mailing throughout the state.

Forced by revelations of the active cooperation given by the schools of the country in foisting power trust propaganda on school children to take some action, organized education is planning to conduct a so-called investigation of its own. A resolution for such an investigation will be introduced at the National Educational Association convention at Minneapolis next week.

MARINES TO STAY IN CHINA—WILBUR

Ships Also to Remain to "Protect Property"

WASHINGTON, June 26. — The United States government has no intention of withdrawing the 3,900 marines now on Chinese soil and the ships of the Asiatic fleet in Chinese waters, Secretary of the Navy Wilbur declared today.

They will remain for an indefinite period "for the protection of American nationals and properties," he [illegible]

U. T. W. PLANNING STRIKE SELLOUT

"Fake Pact Won't Get Men Back," Mill Committees Say

By GILBERT GREEN

While the Superior Court was hearing the appeals of William Murdoch and Fred Beal, the two leading figures in the strike of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the T. M. C., the mill owners are holding conferences with the reactionary leadership of the New Bedford United Textile Workers Union of the A. F. of L. on the "labor extension plan.' These conferences very well illustrate the bank- [illegible] leaders, and prove to the blindest workers the character of the "class collaboration" policies of Batty Binns, Riviere, Campos, and Manning.

The chairman of this conference was Charles Mitchell of the Citizens' Mediation Committee. This gentleman, whom Mr. Batty recognizes as "impartial and unbiased," in his opening remarks showed the character of his impartiality. He said, "It is the duty of the employee to cooperate with the [illegible]

Details of the discussion that took place at these conferences prove clearly the contention of the leaders of the Textile Mills Committee that the Textile Council officialdom is anxiously awaiting the opportunity to betray the 28,000 strikers whom they purport to represent. The T. M. C. heads declare that these petty politicians do not even represent the sentiments of their own several thousand members. "Even the members of the [illegible]

(Continued on Page Two)

Corbishley, from Prison, Calls Upon Miners to Maintain Great Struggle

GERRY ALLARD IN INTERVIEW WITH UNION MILITANT

Has Not Seen Children for Long Time

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

BELLVILLE, June 26. — Neither prison walls nor the persecution of the police system of the capitalist class has been able to dim the enthusiasm nor deaden the confidence of Henry Corbishley, militant Illinois miner, imprisoned for his union activities.

Gerry Allard, young Illinois mine leader gives below the report of his recent interview with Corbishley:

* * *

By GERRY ALLARD.

Along the shores of the mighty Mississippi, situated in a high, rocky, mountainous district, the gray, dismal walls of the southern Illinois penitentiary is visible. As we approached the prison we noted that the fortress is well protected with an army of guards. We enter the prison through its heavy casted steeled doors; we are swallowed in an institution that holds in subjection some 1900 prisoners.

Among those that are confined in this dungeon of isolation are the various kinds of so-called social outcasts, criminals, burglars, thiefs, rapers, murderers, counterfeiters, and the like. All of these have originated from the "lower" class of society, presumably from the working class. The Harry Sinclairs, Daughertys, Denbys, Falls and other plunderers are not here.

This institution was erected for the benefit of the proletariat whose standard of living did not permit them to continue at large!

Class War Prisoners.

Among the inmates in this prison are the bodies of three militant, class conscious miners who fought for the preservation of a militant union and for the extermination of the corrupt and treacherous misleaders of their union.

Of these, Henry Corbishley, the leader of the Illinois rank and file miners, is one.

We waited anxiously for word from the prison warden for several minutes; the question of whether or not we were going to see our Comrade seemed very problematical from the manner that the officials were acting. After much waiting we finally were permitted to see Corbishley, although a limit of time was fixed for reasons best known to the keeper.

The form of Corbishley was now visible. As we approached with the keen pleasure of seeing our comrade once more, he extended a firm hand to us. His blue eyes shone like steel just as ever. His face, with determined jaws, had not lost its courage; yet slight grey streaks in his hair were becoming visible.

Ask About Children.

He asked about his children. His babies he had not seen for a long time. How about his little wife, Grace. We assured him that they were getting quite well and that they were being taken care of by the many comrades, brothers, and sympathizers.

Corbishley, showed great interest in the miners' struggle. He spoke lengthly on the great fight and gave us many suggestions that were very constructive. He was greatly concerned because he was unable to assist in the gigantic fight that his brothers were carrying on on the outside. He spoke with hope that we were doing all we could to have the doors opened for his liberation, and he seemed to understand that the movement for which he had fought was advancing thruout the country, a little step further day by day.

Spirit of Corbishley

Yes, the spirit of Corbishley and his colleagues has manifesting itself through, the great National Conference of April 1, at Pittsburgh, the many district conventions, sub-district conventions; the struggles on the picket lines and the heroism in the mine camps. Corbishley and the other class war prisoners speak in the struggles of the miners to erect on the ruins of the old, corrupted union of Lewis an organization which under the control of the rank and file will advance the miners to a new plane of life.

Name Hoover Lackeys to Make N.Y. Campaign

WASHINGTON, June 26.—William H. Hill, Binghampton, N. Y., mentioned for the post as eastern manager of secretary Hoover's campaign, today was named chairman of the New York State Campaign Committee.

George K. Norris, Amsterdam, N. Y., state chairman, announced the following as members of the committee which will be augmented as the campaign progresses: Allen Fox, New York, secretary; Herbert Strauss, New York, treasurer; and associate members: Rep. Bertrand H. Snell, Potsdam; Edwin H. Machold, Watertown; Richard W. Lawrence, New York; ex-senator M. Calder, Brooklyn; Alderman Ruth Pratt, New York; and Florence Wardwell, [illegible] Center.

MINE EXPLOSION BRINGS UNTOLD TRAGEDY IN ITS WAKE

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

LAUREL POINT, W. Va., June 26.—The full extent of the tragedy which occurred as a result of the explosion in the shaft of the non-union National Coal Company mine near here early Thursday morning is now coming to light. Six were killed outright. Six others were so seriously injured that they may not survive, according to reports received at the headquarters of the National Miners' Relief Committee. Even this is not the worst of the tragedy.

Leo. S. Stanley, 32, was the father of six children. The widow of Harry Brock, 49, will have to be the breadwinner for her eight children until they grow old enough to enter the coal pits—the only job available in this little mining town. Curtiss Stevenson, 23, died in a local hospital a few hours after he was taken out of the mine, overcome by the deadly fumes. Hugh Ankrom, 22, W. G. Henderson, 34, and Steve Herrick, 48, are the other martyrs of open-shopdom.

The miners declare that the explosion occurred in number five butt, where cutting machines are operated in close quarters and the atmosphere over-charged with coal dust while there is little ventilation. The Davis-Elkins interests, owners of the mine have neglected safety precautions and are being bitterly criticized by the miners for not having rock-dusted the diggings.

Almost 300 other coal diggers lost their lives in non-union mines during the past month. In the case of the Mather, Pa. disaster after protesting that the Mather mine had been "thoroughly" rock-ducted a short time before the blast which took 197 lives, the operators were forced to admit that coal dust was responsible for the explosion.

Need is Acute.

Thousands of miners in the unorganized fields are striking now, determined to keep out of the pits until their working conditions can be controlled through a strong union. This new disaster has strengthened their fighting morale, although many strike communities are living through actual starvation.

"Appeals for bread are received daily by Alfred Wagenknecht, relief director of the National Miners' Relief Committee. He urges that all sympathizers send as much as possible to relief headquarters, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., to save the striking miners from starvation and help them fight the onslaught of the operators' drive for open-shopdom."

District One Miners Face New Attacks

(*Continued from Page One*)

expel the locals of which they are members. Cappellini also threatens expulsion of all local unions which went on record to pay dues to the newly elected officials. It is also understood that Cappellini asked Lewis, the International president to place Local No. 1703 of Pittston which is known as one of the militant locals, on the delinquent list, which means that the local will automatically be dropped out of the union. The newly elected officials established their offices in Brooks Building, Scranton.

Moleski Elected

Adam Moleski was elected to succeed Frank McGarry as president of the Local No. 1703, Colliery No. 6, of the Penn. Coal Co. in Pittston. Moleski is one of the defendants framed up with Bonito and Mendola in the Agati case.

On Sunday, June 24, a mass meeting was held in Pittston by the newly elected officials in District No. 1, at which all the officials and Wm. J. Brennan spoke. In their speeches they confined themselves to Cappellini, and pleaded for support of the public against Cappellini. McGarry in his speech made a bluff that he is willing to close every colliery in District No. 1, if necessary, to force the coal companies to equalize the work of the collieries.

Unequal Work

At present, some of the collieries are working every day while others are either working a few days a week or are shut down completely. Among those completely shut down is Colliery No. 6, Penn. Coal Co. at Pittston.

Wm. J. Brennan in his speech declared that Lewis had made a mistake by not granting a special convention to investigate the conditions in District No. 1, and to eliminate company influence in the union. He also stated that he is not afraid that "his" membership will be taken, as he is fighting for the real United Mine Workers of America. The meeting was attended by 1,500 miners.

The newly elected officials were not clear in their speeches as to their next move. They are still trying to get Lewis to step into the situation. This of course is treason and the rank and file under the leadership of the Save-the-Union movement is demanding that the miners of District No. 1 break all relations not only with Cappellini but with Lewis as well, and prepare to join with the miners in other districts for the purpose of building a new union, to send delegates to the National Miners Convention which will take place September 9 to 16, in Pittsburgh.

Conference July 1

For this purpose the Save-the-Union forces of District No. 1 will hold a mass conference on Sunday, July 1st at 2 p. m. at the Italian Hall, 206 Oliver Street, Luzerne. It is generally expected that this will be one of the biggest and most representative gatherings of the Save and Build the Union movement in this district. John Watt, chairman of the Committee for Arrangements of the National Miners Conference has been invited to address the conference.

The miners of this district must build their own forces in their fight against the Lewis machine and also against the treacherous Brennan-Harris-McGarry gang which wants an independent union which in reality will be a company union.

BELA KUN DEFIES CAPITALIST COURT

Exposes Plan to Attack Soviet Union

(*Continued from Page One*)

Kun is extradited, his death is certain! Hungarian Labor—though it has already recovered from its great loss of blood and has once more taken up the class fight—is not strong enough to wrest the axe from the hand of the Hungarian executioner. For this reason you must prevent the extradiction of Comrade Bela Kun' International Labor must do its utmost to keep Comrade Bela Kun out of the hands of his would-be executioners!

"We appeal to you for help!

"Take over for us a section of the front we are holding! The extradition the murder of Comrade Bela Kun would mean the triumph of the raging thirst for vengeance of the bloody Hungarian counter-revolution, the victory of international reaction, a further repulse, and renewed weakening of Hungarian Labor.

"Do not permit Hungarian counts, priests, bankers and manufacturers to triumph!

"Uphold the right of sanctuary of the Hungarian revolutionaries!

"Protect Comrade Bela Kun, the plucky fighter for international revolution!

"With revolutionary greetings!
—"The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Hungary.

Tammany Convention Begins With Prayer

(*Continued from page one*)

will characterize the democratic platform as marked the republican blurb.

Everyone concedes that it is Al Smith on the first vote. Secondly, it is clear that the democrats will follow the republicans in the vaudeville stunt of casting up into the air a "farmers" candidate for vice-president, probably Joe Robinson of Arkansas, in the confidence that the real farmers will believe that it is their new agricultural Messiah. The subterfuge and deception which is being planned by the democrats on the farm issue is, if possible, even worse, because more indirect, than that practiced by the republicans.

The platform will speak of prohibition enforcement but will hold out a ray of hope for the wets; and the bootlegger whose industry is today the fourth or fifth largest in the country will, of course, take only delight in the arrangement.

No Leadership.

And against this background of planning and manipulation stands out in the boldest relief the same glaring fact which likewise marked the dull, dry and dreary republican convention, the fact that the "democracy" will accept the dictatorship of Wall Street in naming a candidate who has in this convention far more secret enemies than friends.

But Wall Street, which openly supports both Hoover and Smith, it is pointed out, needs just such small, pliable servants to do its bidding. The convention opened this afternoon at 2 p. m. with a prayyer and immediately adjourned to 9:30 p. m. when the dirty work will begin.

Sues Fascist Leader

Rosika Schwimmer, above, Hungarian feminist and pacifist, has brought suit for $45,000 against Fred Marvin, notorious for his anti-labor activities as head of the fascist Keymen of America. Rosika charges that Marvin issued libelous statements about her to women's clubs. Marvin led the efforts of the bosses to suppress The DAILY WORKER.

CENTRALIA CASE VERDICT PUT OFF

Board to "Reconsider" Evidence

(*Continued from Page One*)

was paid $5,000 by the lumber interests for his services.

Joseph Taylor, representing the Tacoma Central Labor Council, and W. J. Finn, of the Spokane Council, reported that the labor movements in their respective cities have unanimously adopted resolutions urging freedom for the men and that they have been sent by their councils to ask for an unconditional pardon. The Seattle Central Labor Council sent a telegram making a similar request.

Visit Prisoners.

When the parole board, in an effort to silence the protests, promised to render a decision within a "reasonable time," it was emphatically stated by the delegates present that the time had come for a definite decision by the board for or against. It was pointed out that years of effort have been put on the case to present evidence to convince the board of the innocence of these men, that the families have lived in suspense all these years and that all parties interested were entitled to a definite statement from the board not later than July 1.

The families of the prisoners were present throughout the proceedings. Following the parole board hearing the delegates and families visited the eight prisoners. Long years of imprisonment have not crushed their spirit or their devotion to the working class. They expressed great hope that they would soon be freed. The I. L. D. is mobilizing its full strength in the fight to win freedom for these courageous working class fighters.

FORM HUGE AIR CONCERN

ST. LOUIS, June 26. — A new factor in aviation industry was disclosed today with the announcement by Thomas N. Dysart of Knight, Dysart, and Gamble of the formation of the National Aviation Corporation with an authorized capital of $11,750,000.

U.T.W. PLANS MILL STRIKE SELL-OUT

"Fake Pact Won't Start Mills," T. M. C. Says

(*Continued from Page One*)

United Textile Workers will stay out on strike under our leadership if any attempt is made to betray the demands of the strikers," Mill Committee spokesman say.

Presents Scheme

Mr. Barnes, a mill owner and head of the Barnes Textile Service, presented the plan to the conference. The plan, simmered down, is nothing more nor less than a speed-up and efficiency plan to be installed at the expense of the workers in order to increase production. This plan is an attempt to make the workers do "the greatest amount of work in the least amount of time," and is properly called by the press the "multiple loom system." It is the same attempt as is being made today in the coal industry with the agreement of Lewis, "to throw out the excess labor in the industry."

This can be clearly seen by the following discussion that took place at the conference. Mr. Batty asked Mr. Barnes, "If more machines were assigned per operator, there would be a flat layoff, would there not?" Mr. Barnes answered to the affirmative. Mr. Batty then asked, "If there were too much production, there would be another glut of the market," which in other words means greater unemployment, and Mr. Barnes' answer again proved the intent of the plan, "There are economic conditions that cannot always be controlled," and so very nicely dodged the issue.

Mr. Batty, apparently trying to show his "opposition" to this plan, tried to prove to the operators that it would be much better for the industry if the weaker concerns dropped out. It was quite apparent, that all this was for the sake of the reporters, as Mr. Batty and the other reactionaries cannot at the present time openly endorse this plan. However, Mr. Ross of the Mule Spinners Union, not being so adept at diplomacy, let the cat out of the bag when he pointed out the "only objection" of the "labor representatives."

Mr. Ross said, "It is not fair to bring up the question of 'labor extension' at this time. People are out on the streets, and they will not take kindly to an innovation now. Get them back into the mills first, and then come along with this proposition. While the mills are idle, no new proposition, either theoretical or practical could be taken too kindly by the employees. This matter can be taken up only when the mills are running, and there is a better feeling among the employees." It is in this fashion that the position of the reactionaries was so bluntly split.

This has only made the workers become more militant. Batty's overtures to the picket lines, is very plainly recognized as an attempt to win back the confidence of the workers, in order to make the betrayal successful. More and more workers are joining the New Bedford Textile Workers Union, the picket lines are growing, the mass meetings are getting larger and larger, all going to prove that the workers have been betrayed once too often. They can very well distinguish between a leadership that goes to jail for them, and the leadership that bargains over the green table.

At the end of the conference a unanimous vote of thanks was extended Mr. Barnes for presenting his plan.

KILLS SON AND SELF

NACOGDOCHES, Texas, June 26.—John Flowers, 67, today shot and killed his son, J. W. Flowers, 33, a cripple, and then cut his own throat with a knife, inflicting fatal injuries, on a farm 16 miles west of here.

Just preceding the tragedy, the son had refused to "go west" with his father, it was stated. The coroner rendered a verdict of murder and suicide.

Baumes Law Sent 109 to Jail for Life

OSSINING, N. Y., June 26. — Under the Baumes Laws, 109 men, many of them in their early twenties, have received life sentences in the last 25 months Raymond F. C. Keib, Commissioner of Correction, said today.

Of these 109 men, over fifty have been sentenced to life imprisonment on the most petty crimes. One of those sentenced stole a nickel from a woman's purse. It happened to be his fourth offense, and as a result he has to spend the rest of his life in Sing Sing. Another was convicted on the simon-pure technicality of having opened a door to a room that was not his. Fourth offense. He got life imprisonment.

The Baumes Laws, including the one prescribing a life term for any prisoner convicted of four or more "felonies," went into operation July 1 1926. Commissioner Keib made a survey and gathered statistics of life prisoners committed under the Baumes fourth-offender penalty from that date until June 1 of this year.

NEWARK BARBERS OUT ON STRIKE

Strikebreaking Trick by Newark Ledger

NEWARK, N. J., June 26.—More than 450 barbers struck yesterday because the bosses refused to accept the agreement settled upon last year, for this year. The agreement the striking barbers wish to renew provides for working from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. from Monday to Friday inclusive, and from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. on Saturdays.

A drive for organization is being conducted simultaneously with the strike for the renewal of the agreement. Adolf Rosenbaum, general organizer of the Barbers' International, of the American Federation of Labor, is the organizer of the strike here.

An attempt to break the strike has been quickly initiated by the Newark Ledger, which did not hesitate to declare that the wives of the striking barbers were urging them to accept the dictates of the employers. The strikers are in a high, militant spirit and are being well supported, it is known. Picketing is being carried on at many barber shops throughout the city.

A strike meeting is being called for tonight at the headquarters of the Journeymen Barbers' International Union, Local 877, at 220 Plane St. Further plans for the strike will be discussed there.

CLERK KILLS SELF

AUBURN, N. Y., June 26.—The body of C. D. Robbins, 35 clerk in the Moravia post office, was found hanging in his garage early today. Coroner Park, upon examination of the body, gave a verdict of suicide. No reason was advanced for Robbin's act.

UNION "LEADERS" BETRAY TRACTION STRIKE IN CONN.

Call Off Walkout at Last Moment

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 26. — Within 24 hours of the scheduled strike of 2,500 union street car men against the Connecticut Co., union officials called off the walkout. The strike would have tied up all trolleys in central and western Connecticut. President W. O. Mahon, who helped betray the New York subway strike, is in the state.

The Connecticut Co., open shop New Haven railroad subsidiary, had amassed a formidable army of strike-breakers, special police, lawyers and spies to break up the strike. Through the New Haven railroad, which also controls bus lines through the section, rail and bus schedules had been devised to supply transportation needs.

Manufacturers rallied behind the Mfrs. Assn. of Connecticut and made a census of all employes who had experience in transportation work. These were offered to the Connecticut Co. to break the strike just as they were to the New Haven during the 1922 railway carmen's strike.

The proposed strike arose from demands of union car men for 75 cents an hour instead of 62 cents on two-men cars; 96 cents instead of 69 cents on one-man cars; 90 cents instead of 72 cents on busses. The union also demands official recognition, rather than parleys between the company and an employes' committee, the 8-hour day and representation on the company's discipline board.

Connecticut Co. workers have the "privilege," the company states, of appealing fines and other penalties to the president and "even" to the board of directors. Only one appeal, however, has ever been made to the board and none at all to the president during the past year.

$1.50 IS A DAY'S WAGE IN TENNESSEE

Building Trades Workers Toil Ten Hours; Many Are Jobless

DURHAM, N. C., June 26 (FP).—Driving through the backwoods towns of central Tennessee, a southern organizer found the cheapest labor conditions in many miles of travel. Building trades workers, the high-pay men of union cities, had to work 10 hours in backwoods Tennessee to make as much as union mechanics make in one hour in New York, Chicago or St. Louis.

Alfred Hoffmann, the organizer, was surveying the region for the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers. Some knitting mills have been moving south, where wages are lower.

Hoffmann told of a visit to Smithville, Tenn., a county seat of 1,000 surrounded by timber land. The union had word that a northern hosiery company was planning to put a mill there, if the citizens subscribed a certain amount of stock.

"Not a factory in miles," said the organizer, describing the setting of this prospective industrial community. "The only signs of industrial life as I approached the town were a few lumber wagons, creaking over the road between the trees. Barefoot women by the road indicated the poverty of the community." Entering Smithville, he found the town in ruins. A fire had burned the courthouse, the warehouse and the business block.

A merchant, whittling on a stick in front of his charred store, took Hoffmann for a hosiery company representative, and greeted him hopefully. The town needed the mill, he said, though the citizens could no longer put up their share of the stock. But labor was still cheap. "You can get all the help you want at $1.50 a day," he said. Bricklayers were getting only $2 and carpenters worked for $1.50 for a 10-hour day.

Unemployment curses this part of Tennessee and central Kentucky. At every filling station by the road bunches of young and middle aged men were hanging about, with nothing to do. Nothing, that is, except occasional work on the farms at 75 cents a day, supplying their own meals.

In eastern Tennessee there is a brisker life, with factories, though unemployment prevails there also in lesser degree. Chattanooga has strong unions in many of the city crafts and the general higher wage level is reflected in the textile industry where no union is recognized.

The work is long in all southern mills, but it grew longer in one town Hoffman visited. He happened to arrive Saturday noon and was "spotted." Immediately the superintendent notified the knitters that they must work on their half holiday. It would not do to give them a chance to listen to the organizer.

Take the
DAILY WORKER
With You on Your
Vacation

Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

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British Trade Union Reformists Endorse Class Collaboration at the Meeting

GENERAL COUNCIL MAY EXPEL COOK FOR OPPOSITION

Cook Attacks Mond Plan at Session

(Special Cable to DAILY WORKER.)

LONDON, June 26.—The most important questions concerning the British labor movement will come up at the meeting of the General Council of the British Trade Union Congress this week. The discussion of the future of Mond's "class collaboration" scheme is scheduled to come up for discussion today.

A. J. Cook, secretary of the British Miners' Federation, has brought up a motion demanding the immediate discontinuance of all negotiations. The vote against continuance of the negotiations was seven, while thirty-two members of the council voted to carry on the negotiations for the class collaboration scheme.

On Thursday the Council will meet with the E[illegible]utive of the Miners' [illegible]s the accusation of "in-union to [illegible] which have been made [illegible]ok because he published a [illegible] attacking the Mond scheme.

The demand for the removal of Cook from the General Council is being supported by the reactionary Scottish Executive which has nominated James Welsh.

The conference of Welsh miners opened yesterday. Jack Horner, Communist leader, has been proposed as chairman.

Prague Reformists Plan Attack on Communists in Cooperative Union

(Special Cable to DAILY WORKER.)

PRAGUE, June 26.—The reformists in the Cooperative Union are making plans for the expulsion of all Communist members of the Executive Committee. The unity in the Cooperative Union is endangered by this new move on the part of the reformists.

Worker Delegates to Militant German Reunion

Untergau Hamm westf.
Wir sind Kumpels
Westfalen
der Zechen
Sachsen, de Wendel.

The workers shown in the picture are delegates from the Hamm sub-district of the German Communist Party to the huge demonstration recently held under the auspices of the Party in Berlin. They are employes from the "Saxon" and "De Wendel" trusts. Hamm is an industrial junction town in Westphalia.

PRAGUE RED DAY DESPITE POLICE

4,000 Worker-Athletes at Sports Meet

(Special Cable to DAILY WORKER.)

PRAGUE, June 26.—The Prague police officially announced that it will outlaw all Red Day celebrations which are being planned by the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia. The edict is alleged to be based on the Austrian law of 1867 providing for the preservation of public order.

Red Day will be held in spite of the police order, it was announced.

The Red Sport celebrations were heavily attended yesterday. More than four thousand worker-athletes participated while the events were witnessed by 15,000 spectators.

FELAND VISITS EAST NICARAGUA

Airplane Base Arouses Peons

MANAGUA, June 26. — Successes of the Nicaraguan army of independence under General Augusto Sandino have caused General Logan Leland, commanding the United States marine corps in Nicaragua, to visit the east coast of the country. General Leland is traveling via the Panama Canal. With him are Admiral D. F. Sellers, commanding the special squadron.

The recent establishment of a large airplane base on the east coast is reported to be causing widespread resentment among the Nicaraguan peons who believe that it portends a resumption of the marine offensive against the forces of General Sandino after the rainy season.

ANTWERP STRIKE TIES UP BELGIAN FREIGHT TRAFFIC

Cabinet Fails to Reach Decision

BRUSSELS, Belgium, June 26. — The Belgian cabinet went into special session yesterday for consideration of the situation arising from the strike of ten thousand longshoremen and stevedores at Antwerp. No decision had been reached by them at a late hour yesterday.

* * *

ANTWERP, Belgium, June 26. — With every symptom of drawing in the seamen in the near future, the strike of ten thousand harbor workers continued here yesterday.

Virtually the entire traffic of the port, the largest in Belgium, is tied up by the strike. At least fifty vessels are lying at anchor in the Scheldt unable to load or discharge cargo, while it is estimated that more than 2,500 freight cars are paralyzed on the tracks in or outside the city yards, awaiting discharge.

The greatest enthusiasm prevails among the men, their leaders state, and there is complete confidence that the owners will be forced to accede to the demands of the men.

The strike began when the dockers loading the British Red Star liner, Belgenland, walked out owing to a refusal of a small increase. They were immediately followed by the other harbor workers.

ORDER MUELLER TO TAKE ACTION

BERLIN, June 26.—Issuing a curt expression of his desires that amounts to a command, foreign minister Stresemann yesterday announced that he wishes Herman Mueller, social democratic chancellor designate to end delay and form a coalition cabinet immediately.

The foreign minister further declared his opposition to the scheme to revive the Weimar coalition.

Mueller intimated that he will follow the foreign minister's instructions to the letter.

Give Raises to Better Paid Court Employes

One hundred and twenty-eight employes of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn have been granted salary increases, effective Jan. 1, 1929, by the Brooklyn Supreme Court Justices.

The increases are confined entirely to the better-paid employes. Sixteen secretaries have been raised from $5,000 to $6,000 a year; 12 court reporters, from $4,200 to $5,000; 60 clerks, one group from $3,000 to $3,250, another group from $4,000 to $4,500; and two confidential attendants, from $4,250 to $4,500.

No increases were given to the 88 court attendants, who receive from $2,700 to $3,000 a year.

Where Students Died for U. S. Air Imperialism

Frank Manznerzó and Stephen Milo took a plane from an airplane training school hangar recently and attempted to fly. The wreck of the plane which crashed at the Pine Valley Golf Club, at Clementon, N. J., is shown in the picture.

KELLOGG "PEACE" STARTS SQUABBLE

Treaty Called Blind to Aid Armament

PARIS, June 26.—Quibbling continues here over the wording of the latest note with which Secretary of State Kellogg is attempting to secure French assent to his multilateral peace treaties. While declaring that the note clarifies a number of points, French officials state that it does not make sufficiently clear the relations between the proposed compact and the League of Nations.

Kellogg, however, maintains that the league covenant does not force nations to go to war, it merely permits them, and hence there is no conflict between the league and the proposed treaty.

Reports from Berlin indicate that German circles, on the other hand, are hailing the treaty which they understand will give an opportunity for all nations to increase their armaments under the cover of peace moves. The catholic centrist organ Germania is especially loud in its praises.

Japan Likes It.

TOKIO, June 26.—A spokesman for the foreign office yesterday announced that the Japanese government sees itself in complete accord with the Kellogg peace proposals.

B. & O. TELEGRAPHERS RAISED

WASHINGTON, June 26. — Telegraphers on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad have forced the company to pay an additional 3½ cents an hour and an increase of 5 per cent for monthly workers.

TRY TO DYNAMITE MEXICAN TRAIN

Reactionaries in New R. R. Plot

MEXICO CITY, June 26.—A second disaster was narrowly averted today at the scene of the dynamiting of a railway passenger train in Queretaro, yesterday, when seven persons were killed, one an American.

The train was bound from Mexico City to the United States. The engineer, having been advised of yesterday's outrage was proceding slowly three kilometres south of Bernal when several sticks of dynamite were seen on the tracks. They were removed and the train continued without accident. Counter-revolutionists are alleged to have placed the charge.

DONETZ PLOTTER ADMITS, DENIES, RE-ADMITS GUILT

Was Economic Council Member

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 26.—During yesterday's session of the trial of the technicians accused of counter-revolutionary activities in the Donetz coal fields, the accused engineer Skarutto was examined.

Skarutto was the assistant director of the directorium of the supreme economic council for the Donetz-basin. At the same time, he was a member of the Moscow group of sabotagers.

The engineer at first denied but later admitted his guilt. Yesterday he again denied his guilt tho under cross-examination he admitted belonging to the Moscow organization where he was an organizer.

He also maintained direct connections with former mine owners and received money regularly. Skarutto cloaked his sabotage as a member of the Supreme Economic Council.

Two days ago Skarutto made a detailed statement in writing admitting his guilt which he yesterday withdrew, pretending that the details were invented. The facts, however, are too detailed to have been invented.

To Increase Sugar Output of U. S. S. R.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 26. — The production of sugar will amount to about 2.25 million tons by the end of the 5 years' industrial plan, according to the estimate of the Supreme Council of National Economy of the USSR. It is planned to enlarge 38 works that are in operation, to put 14 idle works into operation and start the construction of 13 new ones.

University of Penna. Fires a Teacher

By SOL AUERBACH.

SOME are still naive enough to believe that the freedom of speech theoretically guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States, that scrap-heap of worn out ideals, is still existent in this country. That belief is the central hobby of liberals who think that they can attain reformist ends by insisting on their civil liberties. Those of us who know better from experiences in strikes and radical activities, are not at all surprised when radicals are put in jail or expelled from unions or bourgeois institutions. It is in the run of things.

I was until a few days ago an instructor in the University of Pennsylvania, one of the most reactionary universities in this country. In a very polite and genteel way I was asked to leave the teaching of the precious young Americans to safer and more staid professors. In the ethics of a university I had committed a crime. This is the story of my crime.

Visited U. S. S. R.

Last summer I visited the Soviet Union as a member of the American Student Delegation. On April 6 I spoke at a public meeting in Philadelphia, arranged by the Student Delegation, on "The Educational System and the Student in Soviet Russia." Ten days later I was called to a meeting of the professors of the Philosophy Department. They were very polite and considerate. They asked me if I had spoken at this meeting on Soviet Russia. They wanted to know if I did not think that leaflets printed in red ink would not give the impression that it was a Communist meeting. I wanted to know if the professors thought that leaflets printed in green ink would be appropriate advertisement for a ku klux klan meeting. They remarked that an avowed Communist and agitator had spoken on the same platform as I did. They were very curious about my political views—was I connected with any active propaganda or revolutionary organization? How far would I go in my support of the Soviet Union, etc. (My views were already well known to them.) Throut the whole meeting it was very evident that some higher authorities had ordered this trial, for they continually referred to and quoted from a list of typewritten charges. One of the professors wishing to assert his good faith and give evidence of his impartiality repeated again and again: "Auerbach, I want you to understand that we are not responsible for this; but you are in trouble and we want to help you out." This same professor later said to one of the instructors of the department that they had come to the meeting hoping to fight for me, but that I had struck by my principles and they would do nothing for me. Keep this in mind in view of later developments [illegible] point of the conference came when one of the professors quoted from the "charges" a letter that had been sent to me thru special delivery. I had received this letter a few hours before the Soviet Union meeting on April 6 from Richard Hill, of Lincoln University, a member of the Student Delegation, who was scheduled to speak at the same meeting. In this letter he was sorry that he could not speak since "he had been advised that the meeting was not being held under the auspices of the delegation but under other auspices under which he did not care to speak." The University had a copy of this letter. I did not think that the espionage system had gone this far. Later I wrote a letter to Hill asking him to explain but he only referred me to William Johnson, president of Lincoln University who, he said, had advised him. I wrote to President Johnson on April 26 asking him to explain. I did not expect him to reply and he did not. Since then I have heard from neither of them. I suppose that Hill was forced to write this letter by Johnson if he wanted to get his diploma and then a copy of the letter was sent to the U. of P. Universities, unite to save the world from Communism!

"Shut Up or Get Out."

TO get back to the polite conference with my professors. They thought that my interest in "outside activities" was unhealthy for the University and the morals of the students. The head of the department thought that it would interfere with my teaching. He thought that a teacher should be interested in nothing but detached research, should not allow the practical problems of today to interfere with his philosophy. I pointed out to them that I had in no way neglected my university duties. (In fact, I had been recommended for my work both as a student and a teacher.) But they thought it "incompatible that a teacher should take a public stand on an important issue and at the same time retain the critical state of mind necessary for research and teaching." A teacher must be intellectually secluded. I asked them if they meant that I should shut up or get out. They said yes. I told them that I would not shut up since I thought that what I had to say about the Soviet Union was valuable, especially in view of the public ignorance on that subject and the lies that are broadcasted in the capitalist press. They told me not to be hasty, to think it over. They gave me another week to decide altho I did not need it.

"Activities."

It, however, gave me a chance to write a letter to Professor Singer, head of the philosophy department, which summed up most of our conversation. In that letter I insisted on my right to express myself publicly and that whatever other activities I was interested in did not fall under the jurisdiction of the university. I pointed out that there are other men on our department who were very active in the religious, business and professional world and who "seem to arouse no doubt as to their capacity to attain that intellectual seclusion. . . ." That there were professors all over the country who were active in public matters. I also said:

"It seems to me that instructors in philosophy should be encouraged to interest themselves in social problems (even practical ones) for the sake of a more complete, vital and comprehensive instruction in a course like ethics, and a more interested and concerned attitude towards the problems of philosophy. Especially do the most vital issues of today such as imperialism, industrial conflict and general social disorganization call for an unflinching criticism of existing social institutions and for the training for a critical attitude in the young men who attend universities.

"As the matter stands I cannot help but feel that I am being dismissed because of my point of view and my opinions."

The following is the answer I received from Professor Singer:

"My dear Mr. Auerbach:

The sentiments of your letter of April 28 are such as from the first we had understood yours to be. We should have been glad had you come to share our view, that other studies might better serve your end, as other students ours. But on this we can insist no further. In the end we are responsible for the future of the department, and can do no better than follow our best judgment in the matter of personnel.

In not recommending your reappointment, do not believe us to have withdrawn our personal interest in your future. When you quite feel like it, I should be glad to talk over some aspects of that problem if it is one with you.

Very sincerely yours,
(Signed) Edgar A. Singer, Jr."

I was fired.

About a week later Lewis S. Gannett, of The Nation, came to Philadelphia to interview Professor Singer. Singer refused to answer questions and avoided all issues. He gave a written statement to Gannett saying that "Mr. Singer had informed Mr Gannett that any formal statement of the reasons for a decision must be made from the administrative office."

Some students had learned about it and tried to get Professor Singer's side of the matter. He told them to go to the administration. The administration told them to go to Professor Singer. They went to one of the local papers and gave them the story. A reporter came to interview me. For two days all the local papers carried the story on the front page.

On the second day Prof. Singer issued a statement saying that I had been dismissed because of my irregularity in meeting classes.

(*To Be Continued.*)

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PERFUME FOR PACKING HOUSE WORKERS; BUT STINKING CONDITIONS ARE LEFT UNCHANGED

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KANSAS CITY, Mo. (By mail).—It is a known fact that packing house employes are forced to toil in most foul smelling places and that this stench remains on them after work, causing much vexation to people whom they may chance to go near. But at least this has been remedied at least in Kansas City.

No more will sensitive ladies turn away disgustedly when a tired packing-house slave sits down beside her in a street car. Nor will paunchy business men have their stomachs upset because of the obnoxious scent of packing house slaves going to and from work.

All this has been solved here. An energetic woman, awake to the opportunities to make money under this capitalist system, solved this problem for Kansas City. Each evening she sets up a stand near one of the large plants and sells strong-smelling perfumes. "Only ten cents a bottle, better grades (stronger-smelling) fifteen cents, two for a quarter," she yells. "Just try it," she says as she squirts a spray of the sweet-smelling water on the workers who pass.

Now if someone will only think of a way to kill the bad odor that permeates the air for a mile or two around the packing house district the Kansas City Chamber of Commerce can boast of the sweetest smelling packing house district and packing house workers in the world. This would do more toward placing Kansas City on the map than a dozen republican conventions.

—ROY STEPHENS.

Philadelphia Hosiery Strikers Are Militant, Factory Correspondent Writes

BUT OFFICIALS FAIL TO START MASS PICKETING

Refuse to Bring Out Scabs From Mills

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By mail).—The rank and file of the workers is still militantly carrying on the hosiery strike in the Ajax and Emmet mills. The Federal mills are filled with scabs due to the lack of effort on the part of the hosiery workers' officials attempting to organize the scabs. Picketing goes on, but there are so few pickets that if one were not acquainted with the situation one could not realize that a strike was taking place. Some days there are a few pickets at the Ajax mill and other days there none at all.

Bosses Gleeful.

Very recently the boss declared to a worker that he was almost ready to open his plant in Phoenixville and did not expect union interference. The Ajax mill is so filled with scabs that the bosses' tools, the police are no longer necessary in front of the mill. Mass picketing would have prevented the mill from operating but the workers have not yet learned how to force those, who, by the workers' hard earned toil, were paid to lead them to carry the strike to a successful end.

Why weren't the scabs organized? Why was there no mass picketing at the Federal and Ajax mills? The injunction the court issued was against picketing in front of the mills and not against mass picketing and organizing the unorganized. Why were the splendid militant pickets at the Ajax mill at the beginning of the strike replaced by a small group of pickets who were less militant?

Yet even now the strike is not hopeless, but the union officials must co-operate with the workers and not with the bosses as they have done until now.

The boss does not want to see the scabs organized, to see mass picketing and to see the hosiery workers fight against the lowering of their standard of living. He doesn't like to see the workers strike against the breaking up of the union. The hosiery workers must take a definite stand against their "leaders" co-operating with the workers' enemy, the boss.

Gangster Politician.

At a recent conference of the hosiery mill owners, the Philadelphia district attorney, John Monaghan, gangster politician, was elected president of the Wm. Brown hosiery manufacturers. He will be very effective and ever ready to serve his class by issuing injunctions against the striking hosiery workers and by continuously prosecuting them. Will the leaders of the striking hosiery workers ask the rank-and-file to co-operate with this labor hater in the coming election?

If the workers stop and think they will remember the sort of co-operation they received from the police tools of the bosses, whom district attorney Monaghan represents, when they were on the picket line. They were arrested. An injunction against picketing was issued. That is the bosses' form of co-operating with the strikers. The workers should discuss these problems confronting them. Their slogan should be: "Organize the unorganized, mass and effective picketing, solidarity of the workers against the bosses, against capitalist ownership of the mills, against unemployment and for a co-operative society of workers and farmers.

At this moment a grievance committee is on the verge of calling a strike at one of the biggest mills in Philadelphia for having a better contract this year.

—W. C. P.

Philadelphia Will Hold Y. W. L. Excursion

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 26.—An excursion for the benefit of the Young Worker, central organ of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will take place Saturday, July 7. Boats will leave the Chestnut Street Pier at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Tickets are 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Tickets must be bought in advance from the Young Worker, 1214 Spring Garden St. Otherwise the proceeds will not go to the Young Worker.

CHANGE NARCOTIC SERVICE.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—A general reorganization of the federal narcotic service was announced today by Col. L. G. Nutt, head of the unit. Ralph Oyler, agent in charge at New York, was transferred to Kansas City and George Cunningham, in charge at Knoxville, was given the New York assignment. Eight other important shifts were made.

German Munitions Workers Fight for "Amnesty"

The picture shows the delegation of workers from the Krupp armament works, the largest manufacturers of war supplies and wars, in Europe, and one of the largest in the world. These men, and other workers' delegations recently petitioned the Reichstag for amnesty for class war prisoners.

SPEED-UP REIGNS AT DELAVAL COMPANY

(Continued from Page One)

tion the rate was increased from 1500 to 2500 pieces per day, but the pay went up to only 33 cents.

We work on the bonus system. Anyone who does not want to work on the bonus system is not hired. It means that they set a high rate, and then offer 25 per cent more pay for exceeding the rate. But the rates are constantly being increased. And the machines are always being improved to produce more and hire less men.

Many are fooled by the company and work hard to make the bonus. But they will learn that even with the bonus they cannot earn a decent living.

The yearly wage report of one man, I learned from him, was only $1100 including the bonus and very hard work.

Another man, now on the police force, quit because he could not average $5 per day. He was thought to be earning big wages.

Other workers buy stock in the company. They get a few dollars dividends and think they will soon be rich. But some of us are waking up. We have seen how the company lays off men over 45 years of age because they can no longer produce the work so quickly.

Only three months ago a 60 year old inspector making 65 cents per hour was laid off without notice. A twenty year old boy took his place for 48 cents per hour. The inspector had worked fifteen years for this company.

While health conditions are generally fair, two departments are very bad. In one, men work in a perpetual cloud of dust. A friend of mine got consumption and died from working in that dust. In another place the men have to breathe acid fumes all day.

When we are hired we are given a physical examination. Then we get one every six months. In this way they eliminate any worker to whom they may have to give compensation. My friend who died of consumption was one of those laid off without compensation.

Some of us are waking up, I repeat. We know that we need a union. Not a craft union, but an industrial union which will include every worker in the plant. And we also know that The DAILY WORKER and the Workers (Communist) Party, which publishes it, are our friends. We know that The DAILY WORKER will print the letters of workers who want to tell about the conditions in their shops, and will see to it that those who work in the shop read the letters.

We are going to write more of this place. De Laval workers must have a union. Read The DAILY WORKER for an understanding of what we must do to put an end to these rotten wages and conditions.

—A WORKER AT DE LAVAL.

STRIKING MINER AIDS THE "DAILY"

(Continued from Page One)

eres, NYC, 50c; M. Parenzsete, NYC, 50c; Strikor, NYC, 50c; Rudemen, NYC, $2; M. Loventhal, Pittsburgh, Pa., $5; Lithuanian Workers' Literature Assn. Br. 225, Southbury, Conn., $5.25; Russian Branch Newton, Upper Falls, Mass., $3.50; M. Hagen, Section 4, N. Y. C., $40; John W. Thepp, Minneapolis, Minn., $2; E. M. Leete, NYC, $1; Street Nucleus 15, Section 4, Distr. 8, Chicago, Ill., $10; Samuel Opris, Detroit, Mich., $1; Nicholas Nadasau, Detroit, Mich., $1; Nick Kish, Newton Falls, Ohio, $1; Street Nucleus No. 2, Waukegan, Ill., $10; Tom Richter, Fordson, Mich., $5; V. Hartman, Martinez, Cal., $5; Abr. Auerbach, NYC, $1; Z. Barondes, NYC, $1; Kay Reich, NYC, $1; Pauline Stein, NYC, $1; T. Lifshitz, NYC, $1; Joe, NYC, $1; A. Lisband, NYC, $1; N. Singer, NYC, $1; Perman, NYC, $1; Chester Leiter, NYC, $1; Berton Karp, NYC, $1; Auerbach, NYC, $1; C. A. Whitney, Oakland, Cal., $6; Rebecca Rubin, Philadelphia, Pa., $2; Alex Garaczi, Chicago, Ill., $1; Fred Klick, Butte, Mont., $1; F. Peterson, Stratford, Conn., $2; Sam Karush, Chicago, Ill., $1.50; Camp Nitgedaiget, Beacon, N. Y., $20.75; Leon Leighton, Turlock, Cal., $1; Finnish Fraction, Bessemer, Pa., $11.15; John Auert, Ukiah, Cal., $5; Frank Basick, Glidden, Wis., $1; John C. Taylor collected, Oakland, Cal., $10; Svenson Finn Farm Workers' Club, Astoria, Ore., $5; Justin Swartz, Dorchester, Mass., $2; W. N. Paterson, Zanesville, Ohio, $5; Aberdeen & Hoquiam Finn Workers' Clubs, Aberdeen, Wash., $7.80; Ferdinand W. Reed, Cambridge, Mass., $1; Mrs. D. Raufman, Cleveland, O., $1; Tom Ray, McDonald, Pa., $2.50; E. W. Theinart, Valley Falls, R. I., $5; Dr. J. E. Cook, St. Louis, Mo., $3; Walter P. Sukut, Chicago, Ill., [illegible]; N. Mashanka, Roxbury, Mass., $2; E. Popinoff collected, Frederick, Colo., $6.25.

THOUSANDS ARE UNEMPLOYED IN PHILADELPHIA

Bosses Fire Workers on Least Pretext

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILA., Pa. (By mail). — Unemployment increases weekly in this city. In addition to the worsening of conditions and increase of those unemployed, the number of workers on part time schedule, which in Philadelphia usually means two days a week, is also increasing at a rapid rate.

$12 Per Week.

And those who are fortunate (?) enough to retain their jobs find themselves faced with wage cut after wage cut. Recently some of the "philanthropic" owners of department stores, such as Gimbels, put into effect a large wage-cut among the sales girls, wages coming down in many cases from $18 to $12 per week.

Furthermore, the bosses in all factories seek all possible pretexts, no matter how slight, to discharge their employes, because orders for products are coming in slowly or not at all, and in many cases the bosses refuse to make any products for stock, manufacturing for orders only.

How bad conditions are for the workers can easily be discovered by going out to any residential district. Inquiries at the corner groceries will reveal that workers are purchasing in very small quantities, and only the barest necessities, such as a loaf of bread, often half a loaf if the grocer is willing to cut it, coffee, sugar, potatoes.

Signs of "Prosperity."

A walk thru any "business" street of the working class quarters of the city, and these so-called business streets traverse all working class residential areas, shows innumerable signs as follows: "Bankruptcy Sale," "To Be Sold by Sheriff," "Constable Sale," "Going Out of Business," etc.

Even in the central business section of Philadelphia, many stores have found it necessary to close down, so small have their receipts become due to economic depression.

Hard times have hit the petit-bourgeoisie hard thru the inability of workers to purchase merchandise on meager wages or no wages at all.

A great deal of talk is heard to the effect that since this is a presidential year there is therefore the depression. This is pure hokum by which no intelligent worker is fooled, for conditions in Philadelphia have been bad for over two years.

Others say, "ah, after the elections, then prosperity!" More of the usual bunk. Intelligent workers know what the matter is and are telling others. They propose in this presidential year to vote for Foster, thereby proving that they have gotten down to the root of the economic problems that beset every worker.

C. RABIN.—

RAISE FOR ELECTRICIANS.

BEVERLY, Mass., June 26.—Electrical workers here have won a wage increase of 10 cents an hour. The new scale is $1.25.

—DRAMA—

"The Ladder" to Discontinue Free Performances This Week

THIS is final week of free performances of "The Ladder" at the Cort Theatre. Beginning Wednesday, July 11, following a week's rehearsal of a new version of the Davis play, which deals with reincarnation, the production will go back to regular scale of box office prices.

For the final free performances, "The Ladder" tickets will be distributed at the Cort Theatre 8 o'clock evenings and 2 p. m. for matinees—first come, first served.

"The Ladder," is rather unique in Broadway theatrical history. Beginning at the Mansfield Theatre, October 21, 1926, the play has had a varied experience. It has played more than 650 times in various theatres. Since last November, Edgar B. Davis, sponsor, has given away all seats free for each performance. As he is a wealthy oil man, the million dollars he has spent in keeping the show going, probably means little to him. So here is the final opportunity to see the play gratis. Carroll McComas plays the leading feminine role.

LON CHANEY.

In the chief role of "Laugh, Clown, Laugh," filmed from the David Belasco stage success, showing at Loew's State Theatre this week.

A RUSSIAN ACTRESS TAKES TO THE SCREEN

Appearing with Ivan Moskvin, the supreme Russian artist of the Moskow Art players in "The Station Master," a Sovkino production now showing at Cameo Theatre, is Malinoyskaya, an actress well-known to the Russian stage but new to the screen. It is impressive to see this Russian artist, inexperienced in cinema technique, create a sincere illusion through her effortless art. When Malinoyskaya wishes to present an atmosphere of genuine youth, she does not, like our own Lillian Gish, depend upon American sentimentalism which usually becomes over-emphatic and thereby destroys the element of truth.

Malinoyskaya, directed by Ivan Moskvin, whose art has brought to the screen all the finest achievement of artistic naturalism, reached to his supervision with all the beauty of sincere feeling and honest emotion. Similarly to Moskvin, she illuminates her role in Pushkin's famous story "The Station Master" with the careful attention to detail and we feel at all times that her approach to her playing is subjective.

SEASON OF LIGHT OPERA BEGINS TONIGHT

The first of a series of light operas and dances sponsored by the Convivial Club of this city will be held this evening at the Cameo Palace, Surf and Stillwell Avenues, Coney Island. Emma R. Steiner, conductor of the American Opera Association is guest conductor of the forty minute musical piece, "The Man From Paris," which will be a special feature.

Augustus Post, Mary McGill and Marion Greene head the group of opera personalities who will appear in the leading roles. The organization also includes a large number of singers and dancers.

Railroad Brakeman Sues for Injuries

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 26.—A jury was selected today for the trial of a $50,000 damage action by James Helms, 42, of Maybrook, N. Y., against the New York, New Haven, and Hartford Railroad. Trial was adjourned until tomorrow. Helms alleges that while employed as a brakeman for the railroad on June 27, 1927, he was thrown from a box-car roof and suffered permanent injuries to his spine which have made him unable to continue working. The car's brakes were faulty.

ATTACK SOUTHERN MOULDERS

BRIDGEPORT, Ala., (FP), June 26.—The open shop drive will exterminate moulders unions in the south unless labor elsewhere helps financially, according to J. C. Henson of Local 165, authorized to receive donations for the union at RFD 1, Box 111, Bridgeport, Ala.

URGES PLUMBERS TO VOTE AGAINST LOCAL 1 FAKERS

Must Watch Misleaders in Welfare Club

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The election for all officers of the Brooklyn Plumbers' Local No. 1 will take place at the end of this month.

There is great dissatisfaction with the present officers of the local. This is due to the great unemployment in the trade. The speed-up system and other evils in the trade are responsible for the dissatisfaction.

The officials of Local 1, who posed as "progressives," did nothing to improve these evils. The dissatisfaction of the rank-and-file of the local lead to the organization of the Welfare Club of Local 1. Many of the members of the Welfare Club are honest workers who really want to fight for real and honest trade unionism. Some of the members of the club are trying to use it for their own personal use. The plumbers of Local 1 should be on guard against the latter element. The club is very favorable to the plumbers' helpers.

The progressives of Local 1 have put up a full slate for the coming elections. Vote for the progressives and for real trade unionism.

The present officials of Local 1 have betrayed us long enough. It is time they were given the gate. You can do it by casting a vote against them on June 30.

—GATTI.

NEW-TRUST STIRS GERMANY

BERLIN, June 26.—A considerable flurry has been caused in German steel circles by a report from New York that leading American steel interests have formed a trust, known as the Steel Export Association of America, for the purpose of lowering quotations in European markets. The Frankfurter Zeitung looks upon the move as an effort to capture the world's steel market.

AMUSEMENTS

—Theatre Guild Productions—
PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St. Mats. WED. & SAT.

Eugene O'Neill's Play, Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30
Grand St. Follies

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
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Hammerstein's Thea., B'way & 53 St. Phone Col. 8380.
Twice Daily, 2:40-8:40. Prices, Mats., 50c to $1.00. Eves., 50c to $1.50. All Seats Reserved.

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Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
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Luna's Great Swimming Pool

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42d St. & B'way 2d Big Week
American Premiere
IVAN MOSKVIN
Famous Russian Artist in a Sovkino Production
THE Station Master
(The Russian Last Laugh)
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2,500 TAXI MEN FIRED IN DRIVE OF BIG FLEETERS

Bosses Maintain Secret Blacklist

One thousand more taxi drivers were yesterday fired in what has been learned is a drive by the Greater City Taxi Owners' Association, a recently formed bosses' organization, to force out thousands of workers from the industry and to control the trade. This brings the total of drivers who have lost their jobs since Saturday to 2,500. In every instance discharges are without warning, the only reason given being failure on the part of drivers to bring in the required minimum of "bookings."

Maintain Blacklist

At the same time information was secured from reliable sources that the officials of the Greater City Taxi Owners are maintaining a well organized and systematic blacklist which is compiled in cooperation with insurance companies who are working together with the taxi bosses to secure control of the industry.

Equally reliable information has been secured that a further move is planned to reduce the present 40 per cent commission for which the cabmen operate to 35 per cent, as an additional means of forcing out thousands of drivers. Under the present rate of 40 per cent commission, the drivers are forced to cruise twelve, fifteen and seventeen hours per day in order to make the minimum $10 "bookings" from which their earnings of $4 per day is insufficient to give them a living wage.

55,000 Taxi Drivers

There are 55,000 taxi drivers in the industry all of whom work under these unbearable conditions for open shop bosses subject to immediate discharge for any real or imagined reason and subject also to the most brutal discrimination from the police.

The Yellow Taxi Corporation, the largest single operating company in the industry, which is said to have 3,500 men in its employ, is the chief power in the Greater City Taxi Owners' Association and has likewise been one of the prime movers in the program of discharges which is being carried out. The aim is said to be an attempt to secure complete domination of the industry through forcing out twenty thousand men, a temporary reduction in rates and finally an increase in the percentage when the men have been eliminated.

The Yellow Taxi Corporation is controlled by the Morgan interests and some of its officers are known to be closely connected with the Tammany Hall administration. This reason is given by many drivers to account for the simultaneous drive which is going on by the police to forfeit drivers' licenses. The drivers are under complete police control.

Jack Dalton, president of the Taxi Owners' Association is also the vice-president and general manager of the Jefferson Auto Mutual Casualty Corporation, an employers' insurance guarantees to its members. This protective organization which furnishes insurance guarantees to its members. This company, it was learned, is closely connected with some o the large insurance underwriters and with their aid as well as with the cooperation of its own members has built up an extensive blacklist system which operates against the so-called "careless" drivers, a name given to those whom the bosses for one reason or another wish to eliminate.

Secret Blacklist

According to reliable information, Dalton recently sent out a secret communication to his members advising them that he has a "preferred chauffeurs list" which is available for any fleet owner.

Another large taxi firm or "fleeter" as they are called which is said to be cooperating in these moves and which is said to have discharged a number of men recently, is Maloney and Nichols, frequently referred to by drivers as "the biggest hounds in the business," because of its fearful speed up and driving of the workers. Another firm is the Moose Taxi Corporation of 45th St. and 11th Ave. A large number of Brooklyn firms are also said to be carrying on the campaign.

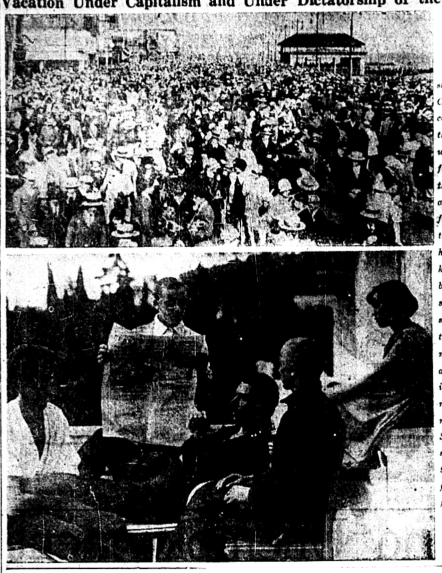
NANKING SEEKING U. S. RECOGNITION

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Representatives of the Nanking government in the United States are negotiating with the state department for the recognition of their government, it has been learned from authoritative sources.

The hostile attitude which the Nanking government has maintained toward the Soviet Union and the wholesale execution of Chinese workers and peasants indicate that the Nanking regime has definitely embarked on an internal and foreign policy which meets with the complete approval of the state department.

The Nanking government is represented by Dr. C. C. Wu, one of the most conservative members of the re- [illegible]

Vacation Under Capitalism and Under Dictatorship of the Proletariat



The upper photo shows a scene at Coney Island typical of hundreds of the United States, where workers are forced to snatch their vacations (if any) in hectic fashion and submit to being fleeced by hotels and shopkeepers. The photo below shows in striking contrast a summer resort in the Crimea, formerly the palace of an aristocrat. This is only one of the many resorts and rest homes where Soviet workers spen pleasant vacations of from two to four weeks with full pay.

SYRACUSEWORKER DIES IN ACCIDENT

Terrinoni Was Active in Workers Party

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 26.—Manual Terrinoni, member of the Workers (Communist) Party of this city and active for a long time in the labor movement both in the United States and Italy, died at his home yesterday at 515 Burnet Ave., from injuries received in an automobile accident.

Terrinoni was a member of the socialist party in Italy in 1918. He left that organization after its betrayal of the working class cause, and, coming to the United States, joined the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

Terrinoni helped to organize the Anti-Fascist League in Syracuse. He fought consistently up to the time of his death against all attempts to plant fascism in America, and as a member of the Workers (Communist) Party, against capitalist oppression in general.

The comrades here mourn his death and extend to his family their most heartfelt sympathy for the comrade who died in the ranks.

FUR UNION MASS MEET TOMORROW

July Raises and "Bloc" To Be Discussed

Thousands of leaflets were distributed among the workers in the fur trade yesterday announcing the calling of a mass membership meeting by the Joint Board of the Furriers' Union, for tomorrow evening, immediately after work, in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave.

Ben Gold to Report.

All workers, whether registered or unregistered are called to participate in the membership meeting. Ben Gold, manager of the Joint Board, will deliver a report on the general situation after which there will be a general discussion by the members from the floor.

The appeal which calls the attention of the workers to the problem of "July raises" says that they are the latest development of the organized opposition in the right wing union will be the subjects talked about by Gold and the membership at the meeting.

Due to the campaign of destruction carried on by the socialist agents of the American Federation of Labor officialdom, the July raises were sold out to the bosses last year, the leaflet states. It then calls for action to secure a July raise his season for every furrier in the industry. The wage raise in July is a custom developed by the Joint Board when it was powerful under the left wing leadership.

EDMONTON UNIONS GET RAISE.

EDMONTON, Alta., June 26.—Edmonton teamsters have won a 50 cents a day wage increase after a two weeks' strike. Time and a half will be paid after 6 p. m. on Sundays and holidays and after 1 p. m. on Saturdays.

Workers' Calendar

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio.—The Young Workers Club of Martins Ferry, Ohio, has arranged a picnic and dance to be held at the Volt's Farm here on July 8, from 10 a. m. thruout the day and night. All those wishing to attend should meet at the Hungarian Hall, Main and Central Sts. There will be refreshments, games, speakers, etc. Transportation to Volt's Farm is free.

• • •

Philadelphia Y. W. L. Excursion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—An excursion for the benefit of the Young Worker, central organ of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will take place Saturday, July 7. Boats will leave the Chestnut St. pier at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Tickets are 50 cents, children, 25 cents. Tickets must be bought in advance from the Young Worker, at 1214 Spring Garden St. Otherwise the proceeds will not go to the Young Worker.

• • •

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. — The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin

• • •

San Francisco Picnic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—The branches of the International Labor Defense of San Francisco, Alameda, and Contra Costa counties will hold a picnic at East Shore Park, near Richmond, on July 4.

• • •

Paperhangers of Boston.

BOSTON.—The Paperhangers' Union, local 258, will inaugurate a campaign for new members to extend over a period of 3 months, June, July and August. The initiation fee has been reduced from $100 to $25. The local calls upon all organized paperhangers of the city and vicinity to join the union and help to organize the non-union workers. The local union meets at the district council headquarters, corner Washington and Dover Sts., Boston.

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing will feature.

Seven Are Killed in Mexican Train Crash

MEXICO CITY, June 25.—The American engineer on the National Railways line train and six passengers were killed, and thirty passengers injured when the train was dynamited between Bernal and Quereyaro Sunday, according to reports received here today. The bombing of the train was attributed to rebels.

The American, Andrew Robinson, had lived in Mexico 35 years and was the only American locomotive engineer in the National Railway's service.

ELECTROCUTED IN PLANT

SHARON, Pa., June 25. — While making a test of an auto transformer late yesterday at Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co. plant here, Homer L. Bailey, 23, was electrocuted when he came in contact with 440 volts of electricity.

YOUTH TRAINING SCHOOL TO OPEN

Celebration Planned for July 2 at Holmes Park

WESTMINSTER, Mass., June 26.—Final arrangements have been made to open the New England Young Workers Summer Training School on July 2. The school will be located in this city, near Gardener, Mass. Sixty students have enrolled to receive a working class training course this year. They come from the most important industrial centers of New England and New York.

Students were admitted from Allston, Boston, Fitchburg, Gardener, Maynard, New Bedford, Norwood, Roxbury, Lanesville, Lowell, Peabody, Quincy, Weymouth and Worcester, Massachusetts. There were also several enrollments from Concord, Enfield, Newport, Troy and Wilton, New Hampshire; from Providence and Foster, Rhode Island; from Longcove, Maine; from several cities in Vermont and New York.

The school curriculum includes a study of the conditions of the workers and working youth of the United States; the problems and tasks of the youth movement; public speaking; and current event discussions. There will also be both physical and intellectual recreation such as participation in different sports, and library hours.

A mass meeting to celebrate the opening of the 1928-29 season will be held in Holmes Park on July 2 at 8 p. m. All have been invited to attend.

MORGAN SUES FOR A LOST FORTUNE

But What Is $32,000,000 Between Bankers

Injunction proceedings to restrain the competition of the $250,000,000 Dodge Bros.-Chrysler Corporation were successful yesterday on the part of the Morgan interests who three years ago were beaten by Dillon, Read and Company in the bidding for the Dodge Bros. Company then on the market. The injunction was granted late yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Lydon pending a hearing before Supreme Court Justice Mullan this morning.

Shareholders under direction of the J. P. Morgan banking interests claim that the proposed exchange of stock between the merging companies will deprive them of their property.

Charges are made that the Dillon, Read financiers made $32,000,000 on the deal. Smarting under this loss of what the Morgan banks thought would be their own revenue, the biggest banking house in the world has resorted to litigation which has extended over three years.

GAMBLERS ARRAIGNED

Three men who were indicted last week for operating a baseball pool in Albany were arraigned yesterday before Federal Judge Coleman. They were continued in $1,000 bail, with trial set for July. The men are J. J. Kelley, Matthew F. Dugan and Sam Cohen, all of Albany.

ZARITSKY MAKES PIECE WORK MOVE FOR N. Y. UNION

Left Wing in Call to Save Organization

Step by step the president of the International Cloth Hat Cap and Millinery Workers Union, moves toward forcing on the entire membership of the union the degradation known as piece-work, despite the overwhelming opposition of the workers. Following close upon the heels of his action in calling off the Chicago strike against piece-work, despite the overwhelming the trade journal of the employers in which he again openly declares himself as favoring this method of work to that of week-work.

In a long statement issued by the left wing in the capmakers union, and distributed in circular form to the workers in the market, the capmakers are warned of an impending attack of the New York employers who with the aid of Zaritsky's helping hand will come out with the demand for the 44-hour week and the sweatshop system of piece-work.

With the headline "Zaritsky Is Wrecking Our Union," the leaflet calls the attention of the workers to the systematic series of betrayals engineered by the right wing officialdom of the union. It is pointed out that Zaritsky in launching his policy of wholesale surrender to the bosses, violated the decisions of the International union convention which called for a fight against piece-work, the enforcement of the 40-hour week and ending of all factionalism in the organization.

In order to more efficiently foist upon the members the slavery methods of piece-work and longer hours, Zaritsky several months ago began an organized campaign to oust from union leadership and membership all those progressive enough to oppose his traitorous policy, it is explained. The Milliners Local 43 with a membership of 4,000 was dissolved; the leaders of the Chicago anti-piece-work strike were removed from all positions of leadership, the strike was called off, a dual union is being built to destroy the militant Boston organization and now an attempt is being made to dissolve the powerful Blockers Local 42. The leaflet concludes by calling the members of the union to rally behind a drive which will forestall the coming attack of the New York bosses, by organizing a movement to drive from power the reactionary clique now in control.

NO END SEEN TO TAMMANY GRAFT

Seven More Payroll Padders Suspended

Seven more suspensions yesterday brought the total to 48 in the assortment of padded payroll operators, ash contract manipulators and other grafters in the $200,000,000 Tammany street cleaning scandal.

At the same time it became known that additional "higher-ups" in the graft scandal had been uncovered although Commissioner James A. Higgins before whom the hearings are taking place again refused to make the names public. Higgins is believed to be planning a continuation of his four weeks whitewashing "probe" in which his outstanding aim is to shield his Tammany fellow.

Higgins adopted his usual procedure by declaring that the evidence discovered will be turned over to the district attorney, Charles J. Dodd of Kings County some time during the present week.

One of those suspended yesterday was Richard Walsh, foreman of Stable D. The other six were connected with graft in snow removal payrolls last winter, it was said.

Driver Pinned By Truck As Brakes Fail to Hold

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 25.—The condition of Charles Clowes, 60, employed at the Tarentum Reduction plant, who was pinned beneath a truck there, was reported to be critical today. The accident occurred yesterday when the brakes of the truck, driven by Clowes down a steep grade in Western St., Tarentum, failed to hold.

The truck overturned when Clowes swerved to avoid a building at 6th St. The injured man charges that he had asked to have new brakes placed on the truck for the last three months, but that he had been continually put off by the owners of the plant.

"Efficiency Experts" Drive Paper Workers

FITCHBURG, Mass., June 26.—Workers in the plant of the Fitchburg Paper Co. are being made to feel the pressure of the speed-up system. The bosses at the paper mill recently installed a crew of so-called efficiency experts, who began to drive the workers at an inhumane rate. Sunday work was instituted. Workers in the plant are thoroly aroused and may soon take action.

Policeman, Jilted as Too Old, Kills Girl

Patrolman Alexander Hall, 49, of 447 West 44th St., yesterday shot and killed Hilda Fenn, 24, of the same address, because she had broken her marriage engagement with him, saying that he was too old for her.

Hall followed Miss Fenn last night while she was walking with her sister, and pursued the girl on a porch and fired three bullets into her back. He had punched the muzzle of his weapon so roughly against the girl's shoulders that she fell forward on her face. Then he whistled for a taxicab and as he was being driven away pumped one more slug from his service pistol into his own head. The cab driver, James Fleming, kept on to Roosevelt Hospital, where the policeman died.

MINERS' RELIEF DRIVE CONTINUES

To Hold Mass Collection This Week End

Concerts for miners' relief, house to house collections, distribution of special literature, shop collections all week, various relief stations set up by sympathetic workers' organizations in every section of the city, this are the program for the final windup of National Miners' Relief Week to be followed by the Mass Collection Days of Saturday and Sunday.

Hard Month Ahead.

A mistaken belief is current that in the summer the suffering of the miners and their families is not so acute. However, weather which for New York workers is a signal for outings and picnics means that whatever little food is on hand in the barracks and tents of the mine camps, cannot be kept at all due to lack of ice; the food decays rapidly and the added danger of ptomaine poisoning is ever present. The danger of disease is also heightened by poor sewage disposal. Infants suffer with prickly heat. No powders or lotions are to be had.

Appeal For Aid.

The National Miners' Relief Committee, under whose auspices the drive is being conducted, calls on all workers to volunteer their services during the Mass Collection Days. A complete list of stations may be obtained at 799 Broadway, Room 236, and any required information may be obtained by telephoning the committee at Stuyvesant 8881.

Boston Stage Workers Demand an Increase

BOSTON, Mass., June 26.—Boston theatrical stage workers, members of the Stage Employes' Union 11, have demanded an increase in wages and betterment of working conditions. An agreement with the bosses ends Sept. 1.

TO HOLD PARTY ELECTION RALLY AT CHICAGO FAIR

To Show Pictures of Foster in Strike

CHICAGO, June 26.—An affair with the Workers (Communist) Party election drive will be given here next Saturday, June 30, at 8 p. m. at the Workers Hall, 2021 W. Division St., near Robey St.

An interesting program by the Workers Mandolin Orchestra, the Pioneers, and the Russian Singing Society is promised. The Russian dancers of Pullman will also participate. Pictures of the candidate for president, William Z. Foster, in action in the steel strike will be shown, together with pictures of the coal strike.

UTILITIES TRY TO DODGE BLAME

WASHINGTON, June 2[illegible].—A move by power trust propagandists to "get out from under" in their four-year campaign of censoring and rewriting the school text books of the land was disclosed in documents in the Federal Trade Commission files today.

A letter from J. B. Sheridan of St. Louis, who directed "surveys" of textbooks throughout the country, attempted to show that the utility propagandists were doing the same work that the National Association of Railway and Utility Commissioners sought to do.

The copy taken by commission investigators from Sheridan's files, however, was addressed to Bernard J. Mullaney, director of the Illinois propaganda committee and right-hand man to Samuel Insull, millionaire Chicago controller of the traction system of the city. It bore a note stating that copies had been sent to the 26 other propaganda committees and to Carl D. Jackson, chairman of the National Electric Light Association's committee on "cooperation with educational institutions." It also disclosed the huge network extending all over the country to propagandize the schools in its favor.

HOLD TEACHERS' PAY.

CUDAHY, Wis.—Thirty teachers in Cudahy had their pay checks held back last week by action of the president of the school board, who charged that the teachers were sympathetic to a school superintendent dismissed last November.

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For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Defeat the Hangmen!

As an example of cold-blooded attempts at political murder, the efforts of the British foreign office, the fascist government of Italy and the Horthy government of Hungary to put the hangman's noose around the neck of Bela Kun is unsurpassed.

Embarrassed by the world-wide agitation of the workers against the foul scheme to extradict Comrade Kun to Hungary, where certain death at the hands of the Horthy dictatorship awaits him, the reactionary authorities of Austria have made several attempts to soften the agitation by declaring that nothing was involved but a probable short jail sentence for alleged "passport irregularities." Of course such pretenses are only diplomatic lies. Not a mere few days in the hands of the Vienna police, but swift and certain death awaits the leader of the Hungarian Communist Party if the Vienna authorities succeed in quieting the international protest of the working class.

A glance behind the scenes will convince any intelligent worker that even much more than the life of Comrade Bela Kun is at stake. British imperialism which murders workers and colonial slaves as a matter of daily routine, is mixing into this affair for something more than a bloodthirsty desire to bring death to an individual. Great Britain, Italy and Hungary demand the blood of the leader of the Communist Party of Hungary because these three imperialist governments regard such a blow against the Communist Party of Hungary as a valuable step in a far-reaching plan for war.

As Comrade Kun is reported to have declared before the capitalist judges at his arraignment yesterday, the war plans of Great Britain are behind the creation of a bloc of fascist nations for a war for the destruction of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The plans for the imperialist war have advanced far. Horthy and Mussolini are the international gunmen of the British foreign office hired for the immediate assault. The presence of a leader of the revolutionary Hungarian workers in the vicinity of the Hungarian border requires no further explanation than this. For it is the duty of all workers, and especially the duty of the Communist leadership of the advance guard of our clcass, to make titanic efforts to mobilize the working class to defeat the plans of the imperialists and to defend at any sacrifice the Fatherland of the working class of the world—the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The appeal of the Communist Party of Hungary, which appears in the news-columns of The DAILY WORKER today, should be heeded by every worker and every workers' organization.

Workers! Protest against the impending crime of murder of our comrade, Bela Kun!

Defeat the hangmen of imperialism!

Defend the Soviet Union against all enemies!

Jobs Is Jobs

"... those criminal conspiracies which, masquerading as political organizations, gain and keep power by the protection of criminal classes and exist by tribute exacted from the underworld, from public officers and from plundering the public with the aid of the ones they have placed in office."

Surely these words can be nothing else than a description of—Tammany Hall! Jim Reed used them just at the last moment before Wall Street's steamroller, with Al Smith at the wheel, flattened out everything for the opening of the democratic national convention.

But this is probably the last we shall hear from Reed against Smith.

The fact that Smith was spawned in Tammany Hall, an institution based upon the organizing of police-graft, contract-swindling, prostitution, drug-peddling and bootlegging, could be a terrible weapon if the financial powers behind the politicians and the capitalist press—even the republicans—were not interested in "respectable-izing" the demagogic head of the democratic party who will eat out of their hands.

But they are so interested.

Smith, spawned in the filth of Tammany Hall, will be nominated as a "reformer," because Wall Street wants him nominated, and Reed will support Smith, Tammany and all, for the same reason.

Then there will be a "unity" of the little democratic politicians of the West with the democratic servants of the big bankers of the East.

For "pigs is pigs" when the trough of political spoils comes within sight of capitalist politicians.

And jobs is jobs. Reed will be good—and get paid for it.

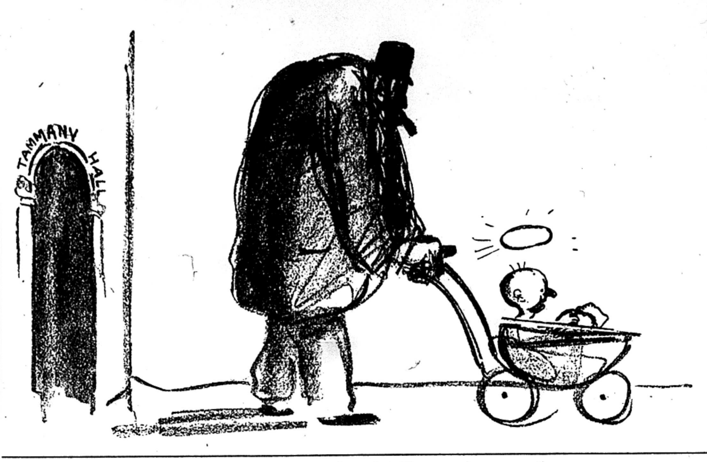
The interest of the workers is to utilize this election campaign to strengthen their own class party—the Workers (Communist) Party.

Vote Communist.

Join the Workers (Communist) Party.

THE HOLY CHILD

By Fred Ellis



A. F. of L. and Unemployment

By MARTIN ABERN

A review of reports given by organizers and leading union figures of various local unions in the May issue of the American Federationist, official organ of the American Federation of Labor, graphically indicates that the problem of unemployment is one which is affecting every stratum of the labor movement. These reports, however, further illustrate that the official labor bureaucracy has no concrete program to meet the menace of unemployment. They are given briefly by labor men from various cities and states throughout the country, and show that the problems which in one way or another are being discussed among the workers, organized and unorganized, are:

(1) Unemployment, (2) The Injunction Menace in the Labor Movement, (3) Unionization and the Counter-Menace, Company Unionism, (4) Lack of Labor Education in Trade Unions, (5) The Problem of the Replacement of Men by Women Workers, (6) A Slight Discussion on the Necessity of the 5-Day Week.

A Graphic Picture

To give a general picture of the views and reports of the labor situation throughout the country, as seen by these A. F. of L. men, the following will suffice. I have abbreviated the reports and placed them in quotas as substantially their reports:

"Lowell, Ariz.: Unemployment not serious problem. Safety first rules in shops enforced."

"Hot Springs, Ark.: Work rather slow in all trades at present."

"Venice, Calif.: Unemployment in all trades except printers. No public works undertaken to relieve situation because powers will not admit that it is serious. No changes in union scale of wages, but many cuts among the unorganized."

"Windsor, Canada: Nearly all trades have large numbers out of work. Toronto relieving unemployment through public work. Iron workers, carpenters, laborers, add to membership."

"Denver, Colo.: Considerable unemployment in Colorado among coal miners, building tradesmen, common laborers. Central bodies and local unions bombarding the senators and congressmen with resolutions favoring Shipstead-LaGuardia Anti-Injunction legislation. The Axton-Fisher Tobacco Company conducting splendid campaign in daily press for principles of American Federation of Labor. (!) Education Committee of Colorado Federation working out plans for a workers' summer school."

Factory Work Slack

"Elkhart, Ind.: Unemployment in general factory work. Union men talk against injunction and its misuse. New unions of teamsters and common laborers organized."

"Michigan City, Ind.: Unemployment in all trades."

"Muncie, Ind.: Union members instructed to include abuse of injunction in their addresses."

"Des Moines, Iowa: Unemployment in all trades. Non-union workers are hardest hit, especially those depending upon seasonal occupations. Asking city government to start public work for unemployment relief. Various companies developing company associations of various types or demanding workers sign yellow-dog contract."

"Waterloo, Iowa: Work dull among all building craftsmen, common laborers. John Deere Tractor Co. demands workers sign yellow-dog agreement. Hod carriers organized."

Railroad Company Unions

"Paducah, Ky.: Common laborers, carpenters, brick masons, cement workers, retail clerks out of work. West Kentucky Coal Co. and Illinois Central R.R. have company unions."

"Baton Rouge, La.: Only half of tradesmen working. Standard Oil men on half time. Injunction discussed."

"Portland, Me.: Unemployment all trades, especially building trades. Mass meetings discussing injunction issue throughout state. Textile and typographical unions have added to membership."

"Framingham, Mass.: Unemployment serious problem."

"Marlboro, Mass.: Unemployment in all trades. Petitions ask for injunction relief."

Building Trades Hit

"Ann Arbor, Mich.: Unemployment in all building trades."

"Lewistown, Mont.: Unemployment serious. All C. M. and St. P. Railroad shops closed. Arro Refinery closed indefinitely."

"Plattsburgh, N. Y.: Unemployment all building trades."

"Rochester, N. Y.: Unemployment among building trades, metal polishers, buffers. Taxi drivers local union disbanded."

"Durham, N. C.: Unemployment serious problem among seamless hosiery, cotton textile workers, carpenters. Greensboro and Durham C. L. U.s discussing injunctions."

"Minot, N. Dak.: Painters secured wage increase."

"Muskogee, Okla.: Slight increase in union membership."

"Tulsa, Okla.: Unemployment among carpenters and laborers."

"Elyria, Ohio: Much unemployment, women are replacing men at lower salaries."

The Injunction Menace

"Steubenville, Ohio: Unemployment all lines of work. Anti-injunction activity."

"Toledo, Ohio: Many unemployed in nearly all trades."

"Youngstown, Ohio: Much unemployment in steel industry. Subject of injunction before public at all times."

"Eastside, Ore.: Unemployment serious among building trades. Working conditions never so poor for 20 years."

"Canonsburg, Pa.: Miners striking. Injunction misuse discussed."

"Carbondale, Pa.: Unemployment in all trades. Men working at D. & H. shops must belong to company union."

"Pottsville, Pa.: Unions discussing 5-day week."

"San Juan, Porto Rico: Unemployment serious problem in all trades. Many sugar plants closed. Government employing convict laborers, aggravating unemployment crisis in island. Seven strikes since January to March."

"Friend" of Labor

"Memphis, Tenn.: Trades and Labor Council issuing synopsis regularly of labor situation. Stressing "friendship" between union labor and business. Big business man donates $1,000 for labor temple."

"Galveston, Tex.: Seamen, longshoremen, common laborers out of work."

"Marshall, Tex.: Local unions and central body campaigning against injunction."

"Orange, Tex.: Unemployment among longshoremen, carpenters, ship carpenters, caulkers, hod carriers and common laborers."

"Port Arthur, Tex.: Unemployment in all trades especially among oil field workers. 2,500 laid off last 3 weeks. Discussing evils of injunction."

"Ogden, Utah: Men out of work in all branches of industry."

"Alexandria, Va.: Unemployment all trades. Central body open meeting discussed injunctions."

"Burlington, Wash.: Unemployment in building trades."

"Milwaukee, Wis.: Auto mechanics being organized into special local union affiliated with I. A. of M. Organizer reports generally good attendance at union meetings."

In "Liberal" Wisconsin

"Wisconsin Rapids, Wis.: C. L. U. discussing injunction evil. Plant conditions ideal." (!)

"Morgantown, W. Va.: Unemployment serious. Miners, glass workers, common laborers, carpenters, barbers out of work. Special committee taking up injunction issue."

"Cheyenne, Wyo.: Local union of city fire fighters organized."

The above reports undoubtedly indicate a situation in the organized labor movement which is not isolated, but general. The reports from these various active union members and local organizers show that the A. F. of L., neither nationally or local, has any concrete, developed program to meet the needs of the labor movement on the unemployment situation. There is no advocacy of a definite program for equalization of work, a shorter work-day, increase of wages, demands upon the government, local, state and national, for unemployment wages at the expense of the government and employers

Reactionaries Without Program

Here and there we find a feeble request for public work, and even then no organized means are proposed to effect such action. There is no program indicated or even remotely suggested for the organization of the unorganized, though here and there it is hinted that unemployment and wage cuts are hitting the unorganized workers first, and finally the organized groups. Such organization as takes place is only among isolated unions, and then only in skilled or petty trades.

The reports show that the inroads of company unionism, yellow-dog contracts, etc., are heavy and sapping the vitality of the remaining trade unions. But no program for fighting the company unions inside the company unions and by a drive to organize bona fide trade unions is proposed. See concrete programs as, for example, those which are proposed by the Trade Union Educational League, and which are realizable through organized action and education are not thought of, of course.

Worried Over Injunctions

The injunction issue quite clearly is worrying every local union, and yet the only remedy suggested is to appeal to congressmen and senators to soften the injunction bill and to pass the mild Shipstead anti-injunction bill. Mass violation of the injunction through mass picketing, etc., when strikes occur, which even the fossilized Samuel Gompers stood for, if only in principal, are not offered.

Here and there it is indicated that women are replacing men at lower wages, but there is no program offered to organize the women into the trade unions along with the men and to fight for equal wages for equal work, etc.

Of labor education there is little or none, but collaboration with the employers at banquets, where the common interests of labor and capitalists are stressed, is gleefully reported.

In these reports it can be seen that the American Federation of Labor as the base for protecting the interests of the workers, for organizing vast masses of unorgaized workers in the basic industries, have almost completely disappeared.

They show that while the menace of unemployment and injunctions are being keenly realized in the ranks of the labor movement, the A. F. of L. bureaucracy is either baffled, or entirely incompetent and unwilling to do anything concretely to meet these dangers.

The American Federation of Labor now represents only the interests of a very small section of the skilled workers. The basic tasks of organizing the unorganized, where the stress of activity, of militancy, must now be laid, falls on the left wing, the Trade Union Educational League, and the vanguard of the working masses, the Communists.

HANdOuTS

Increase in the charming practice of exchanging gifts is noted among policemen. Patrolman Harry Kay, of the New Dorp, S. I., precinct, received a battery, a loud speaker and a wash basin and a faucet from ex-Patrolman Stephen J. Keiper. John Sjoholn of the same precinct received a home made radio set from the same man. It is now charged that the goods were stolen.

• • •

A cheering message to the exploited workers of the world is the following which appeared on the feature page of Victor Berger's socialist Milwaukee Leader:

"Today the styles and the vogue demand good health, excellent health, and as a consequence those same fashionable watering places are quite as much frequented, but now by a serious group of men and women who obey bathing and dietary laws in their efforts to rid themselves of rheumatism, arthritis and a general run-down condition."

• • •

Capacity of Bill Green to take his mind off the terrific struggle he is waging for the exploited bosses of America, for lighter things, is demonstrated by his printing the following poem in his American Federationist:

"LILACS

Sir Spring
Armored in green,
His purple lance upthrust,
For Beauty's sake, tilts gallantly
With winds.

LILIAN WHITE SPENCER."

• • •

Bill Kenney has made a fortune as a contractor from Tammany Hall contracts but why he should be given the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by Niagara University for it is not clear. This is what has just happened. Al Smith, who helped get the contracts for his friend Bill and who, in return, has received thousands of dollars for his presidential campaign expenses, attended the ceremonies. Among other scholars present was Johnny Raskob, chairman of the finance committee of the labor-hating General Motors.

• • •

Who are the real friends in America of the labor destroying fascist government of Italy can be seen from the words of Prince Ludovico Spada Varalli Potenziani, Governor of Rome, who has just returned to Italy following his visit to America. He says:

"President Coolidge showed me and my staff a cordiality which astonished even the White House servants, ...who are best acquainted with his (usual) reserve and scantiness of words and gestures.

"Like everybody else in the U. S. the president wanted to hear more of Mussolini....

"Mayor Walker of New York is a real old friiend."

Donetz Conspirators Worked for Czarists' Return

(Continued From Previous Issue.)

Meanwhile, the progress of the trial during the past week has brought out more clearly the motive that prompted these experts in their work of destruction.

In the evidence brought out mainly in the cross examination of the accused themselves, two lines of conduct was observed. One destructive and the other constructive, but both having the same object, viz., to damage the economic foundation of the Soviet State and to prepare for the return of the capitalist owners.

How can constructive work be damaging? You will ask. Herein, to a large extent lies the reason why the conspiracy could go on for so long without being discovered. But that is not all. The "constructive" work was carried on in such a way that no benefits accrued to Soviet industry. Stocks of new equipment were laid in, a certain amount of preliminary development work was carried on, but this was intended to enhance the value of the property of the former owners at the expense of the Soviet Government.

The accused Samoilov put it very cleverly. He said:

"We were the skilled jockeys riding to the winning post on other people's horses."

In Pay of Czarists.

The skilled jockeys were these specialists in the pay of the former owners and the mounts are a figurative expression for Soviet socialist industry; the winning post was the Donetz-Grushev Mining Company that formerly owned the mines of that name.

Samoilov was a mine manager in the Donetz-Grushev group and in his evidence he stated that he was astonished by the large amount of new machinery that was being accumulated in the district where he worked and not being used. He commented on this to Kolganov, the chief engineer, and the latter said: "Let it lay, it will come in handy."

Gorletsky, another of the accused also said to Samoilov: "Lay in as many machines as you can. They will come in handy under other conditions. We will not be able to get as many again."

What other conditions? Samoilov makes that clear.

Samoilov is a tall, fair, dry looking individual, peering through thin steel rimmed spectacles, and like most of the other accused has dressed conspicuously like a workman in a worn leather coat, cheap trousers and big miners' boots strapped at the knee. Now peering at the judge, but mostly looking shamefacedly down at the floor, he relates a conversation that took place at a social evening arranged at the home of Kolganov several years ago. Berzovsky was asked at this gathering whether the former owners of the Donetz-Grushev mine were still concerned about them. According to Samoilov, Berzovsky answered that indeed they were; that they had organized a small group in Paris and that they were watching the work of their former employees:

"They are watching our work," he said, "and they know what each one of us is doing. If we remain loyal we shall be amply rewarded."

And Samoilov with the rest, took the offer of the reward "both here and there." Their job was to keep the places warm for the bosses.

Confirmation of the destructive work carried on by these conspirators was given by Chernoknizhnik, the chief engineer of State Mine No. 1 and he too repeated the wearying story of the deliberate spoiling of machinery, etc., which he carried out, as he says, on the orders of Berzovsky. Later he was transferred to State Mine No. 3 where he found the mine machinery in bad working order. He reported this to Samilov and the latter said: "What are you worrying about, what has it got to do with you?"

Victims Exploited.

The heart of this case was touched when Emilian Kolodub was put on the stand. A little man, with flabby skin hanging in folds from his cheeks, small twinkling eyes lit up with cunning appeared as a former mine owner but lately was working as an engineer in the same group of mines. He pretends to be very simple and ignorant. But it turns out that this very simple old man in the good old days was one of the worst exploiters. So much so, that in 1905 the miners stormed his house and burned it to the ground. The riot was of course suppressed by the Cossacks that were called out, the workers say, at Kolodub's request. He now denies that he exploited the workers so badly or that he called for the cossacks.

Krilenko asked him:

"What did you do when your house was stormed?"

"Nothing."

This was one of the occasions when the president had to ring his bell for silence in the hall.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

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TEXTILE STRIKE PARADE DESPITE POLICE REFUSAL

“B[illegible]'T STOP MAR[illegible] SAY MILL UNION'S LEADERS

Thousands to Turn Out Saturday

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 27.—The request of the New Bedford Unit of Textile Mills Committee, that a permit be granted for a parade of the 28,000 textile workers out on strike here, was flatly refused by the police yesterday. The parade is planned for Saturday.

Immediately after the refusal the strike leaders issued a statement denouncing this action and declaring that permit or no permit a parade would be held. Organization plans for the parade have already been set in motion, it was stated.

New Boss Move.

Official announcements were issued by the mill owners to the effect that they intend to "reopen" the mills on July 9th. This is generally taken to mean that the bosses will bend every effort to import a few scores of strikebreakers in order to give the impression that strikers are going back to work. Even the bosses trade journals here and in New York admit that enough people cannot be obtained to operate the mills.

Mobilize Forces.

All the machinery and resources of the union are now being mobilized to answer this attempted reopening, those in charge of the Textile Mills Committee state. "Last Monday saw picketing demonstrations of 7,000

(Continued on Page Two)

EX-COAL HEAD IN DONETZ PLOT

Proved Guilty in Big Sabotage Case

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 27.—Following the examination of Skorutto, the technician accused of sabotage and counter-revolutionary activities in connection with the Don mining operations, the trial of the defendants in the Donetz conspiracy case continued yesterday with the examination of the former mine owner Rabinovitch.

At least two thousand workers crammed the great hall of prosecution to hear the testimony of the old man who had once been coal controller, holding a high place in the state planning commission.

They listened breathlessly as Rabinovitch denied his guilt in the conspiracy, while he declared that experience had taught him that the workers were absolutely loyal to the Soviet government.

No one left the crowded court room as the trial dragged on while witness after witness shattered the former mine controller's testimony, with evidence that he had not only been a participant in the counter-revolutionary activities of, but was actually the leader of the Moscow sabotage organization, maintaining secret relations with former mine owners in Paris and receiving funds from them for the purpose of bribing technicians and others in the Soviet Union.

Attempt to Wreck Train Discovered By Worker

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., June 27.—Hundreds of passengers of a New York-Boston express escaped death or serious injury by a hair's breadth today, when a track walker thwarted a deliberate attempt to wreck the train.

The arrest of three fairfield youths disclosed the attempt to derail the train. A worker, walking the tracks last Friday afternoon, it was learned, found a dozen railroad ties piled on the westbound rails about a quarter of a mile from the fairfield station.

Bela Kun In Danger

If Bela Kun (left) Hungarian Communist leader is deported to Hungary, he will undoubtedly be murdered by the fascist regime headed by the terrorist premier, Horthy (right). Only a world-wide protest of the working class can save Bela Kun.

DEMOCRATS SLAP AT NEGRO MASSES

Convention Segregates Them From Others

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

HOUSTON, June 27.—The party of Thomas Jefferson assembled in convention here today stripped itself quite shamelessly of the cloak of "democracy" with which it has been seeking to conceal its class-rule features and race-prejudice form when it ruled to segregate Negro visitors to the convention and to hold them apart from the white delegates and onlookers.

A section has been reserved for the Negroes at one end of the convention hall where the blue blooded southern parasites and the Morgan-controlled Tammany Hall grafters from New York will not be forced to look upon the most exploited sections of the working class.

Negro delegates here call attention to the fact that the Tammany Hall administration in New York City has sought to wall-in a whole section of Harlem to which it aims to confine the Negro workers, and that public office and the civil service is practically closed to the Negroes in "democratic" New York as in prejudiced Texas.

* * *

First Fight Over "Tolerance."

HOUSTON, June 27.—Balloting on the nomination for the presidency, which is due sometime tonight, is almost certain to result in the naming of Alfred E. Smith, Tammany Hall governor of New York State, on the first count.

The same convention which today went into an uproar over the issue of religious toleration when it was mentioned by Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas and which led to a free for all fight when the delegations of several states refused to join in the march which followed, is the convention which calmly segregated Negro visitors and delegates off in one corner of the hall.

SAY AMUNDSEN SIGHTED ON ICE

LONDON, June 27.—While several relief expeditions continued their search of the Arctic wastes for Captain Roald Amundsen, confirmation was eagerly awaited today of the report received at Copenhagen that the noted explorer had been seen by a seal hunter on an ice-floe, southeast of Spitzbergen.

According to the report, relayed from Copenhagen by the Exchange Telegraph Company, Peter Freuchen, the Danish explorer, who is now at Murmansk, was informed of the seal hunter's story by the crew of a fishing boat which met him.

EVICT 18 MINE FAMILIES

Open Shop Coal Operator Bids for Scabs

BRADLEY, Ohio, June 27.—Eighteen more families will be evicted today from houses owned by the U. S. Coal Company, which is attempting to reopen its mines here and in Smithfield. Four new barracks, containing 52 rooms, were built by the miners to house the evicted coal diggers' families. There are about 10 children in each family, according to reports received by the National Miners' Relief Committee.

Agents for this company are distributing cards broadcast through the strike fields of Pennsylvania and Ohio, calling for "men to work in coal mines; very good opportunity to obtain steady work and make money." The advertisement describes these mines as "very good places to live and work." But large picket lines will be posted at the pits to stop any strikebreaker from entering them, local leaders declare.

Fear New Austrian Move to Extradite Bela Kun

Tom Mooney Chosen Delegate to Molders' Convention

RANK AND FILE ACTION IN SPITE OF OFFICIALDOM

Free Mooney, Billings Fight Grows

Despite bitter opposition by the officialdom to his election as one of the five delegates to be sent by local 164 to the international convention of the Molders' Union, Tom Mooney, victim of the San Francisco frame-up with Warren Billings, was chosen by a huge vote by the membership of his union to represent them. This was the information reported last night to the national office of International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th St.

The union bureaucracy had presented a slate of candidates for delegates to the international convention and Mooney's name was not on it. From his prison cell in San Quentin penitentiary Mooney began to write to the local union of which he is still a member, urging upon the membership that they resist the attempts of the officials to tie the union to the anti-Mooney campaign.

His brother and his friends in the union worked so persistently and with such good effect in the local, that the officialdom tried a new tack by proposing to elect Mooney as an "honorary delegate," but Mooney countered this ruse with another letter exposing the bureaucrats' attempt to avoid a real vote of confidence in him by the membership.

Mooney's vote was among the highest. His imprisonment, of course, makes it impossible for him to attend the convention, but Jenkins, the first alternate and a staunch supporter of Mooney, will take his place as regular delegate.

The mass movement begun by the I. L. D. to free Mooney and Billings is meeting with the active support of workers and working-class organizations throughout the country.

PORTER TAKEN TO RHODE IS. FORT

Defies Army Czars in Statement

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 27.—Indicating an extremely ominous turn of events in the attempt of the army authorities to railroad to prison John Porter, comes the information that his jailers suddenly decided to ship him off to Fort Adams, Newport, Rhode Island. This was done Saturday it was learnt. Porter is the young vice-president of the mill strikers' union, and member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, who is to face a court-martial for having deserted the army.

Plan Protest.

The national campaign of protest planned to secure his freedom is getting into full swing, those in charge stated. A huge mass protest meeting of textile strikers will be held July 4th, it is stated.

While Porter was in prison here, and after contact with him had been made (he was held incommunicado for a time), it was learned that he had been compelled to work endless hours each day for seven days a week. The food was miserable.

Issues Statement.

As soon as Porter found it possible to reach the outside world by a communication he issued a statement endorsing the campaign being carried on for him by the Young Workers League and the International Labor Defense.

He also issued the following state-

(Continued on Page Two)

I Dead In Train Crash

CHICOPEE, Mass., June 27.—One man was killed and seven others injured today in a collision here when an automobile crashed into an approaching trolley car. Cornelius McCarthy of Holyoke, 65, was instantly killed in the smash-up.

Miners Set Up Tent Colony After Lewis Cuts Off Relief

Because their men-folk refused to support the strike-wrecking policies of the John L. Lewis officialdom and joined the Save-The-Union movement, these families of striking coal diggers of Avella, Pa., were cut off the relief list and refused lumber for barracks when the company evicted them from their homes. The National Miners Relief Committee furnished the tents and is saving over 800 families here from actual starvation. Fred Siders, newly elected president of District Five, is the second man standing from the left. Steve Paich, Philip Giambattista, rank and file organizers, are in the center.

PICKETS ATTEND OPENING OF MINE

No Scabs Enter Open Shop Pit

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

YORKVILLE, Ohio, June 27.—Large picket lines of striking miners under the leadership of the newly elected progressive officers and a score of state troopers were the only ones who responded this morning to the much heralded "resumption of operations" at four mines near here. Not even one miner applied for work.

The longest picket line marched before the mouth of the Blaine mine of the Lorain Coal and Coke Company. The other pits which were to open are the No. 4 mine of the Rail and River Coal Company in Stewarts; the Gaylord mine of the Sauters Coal Company, Martins Ferry; and the Red Bird mine of the Warner Collieries Company in Tiltonville. These mines are in the heart of the most militant strike district in the east.

Daily Demonstrations.

When coal operators tried to open another mine at Tiltonville, some weeks ago, a series of mass meetings at the tipple, daily picket lines and demonstrations crippled the attempt. Scores of men and women were arrested but later released.

Robert Matusek, progressive president of the reorganized eastern Ohio district, declares that the striking miners will continue to mass picket every pit where resumption is attempted on an open shop basis, regardless of injunctions and mass arrests.

In a letter received by Alfred Wagenknecht, relief director of the National Miners' Relief Committee, Matusek says that thousands of families are living on one meager meal a day, and many do not have even that.

Milk, even for the babies, is an undreamt of luxury. Wagenknecht urges that all sympathizers rush whatever funds they can to the Pittsburgh office, 11 Penn Avenue, to make an immediate shipment to Ohio possible. Hundreds of trucks from locals throughout Pennsylvania strike fields come to the Pittsburgh headquarters pleading for relief.

MORGAN SPEAKS UP FOR SMITH

At least twenty leading stocks in which the Morgan interests are dominant reacted favorably following statement by John J. Raskob, chairman of the Board of Directors of the General Motors Corporation, that "business big or little has nothing to fear from Governor Smith". The statement made by Raskob who is at Houston as one of the Morgan representatives to see that Smith is put over, was relayed to New York from Houston on the General Motor Company's private wires.

LEWIS THUGS KNIFE MILITANT COAL MINER

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

CURTISVILLE, Pa., June 27.—Because he was one of the successful progressive candidates at the local union election held here Friday, June 22, George Dillon was attacked and cut over the eye with a large knife in the hands of a Lewis supporter named "Monte" Bestwick.

The attack occurred when Dillon was returning to his home at the barracks, after the meeting at which all the contests for local offices were won by the progressives.

During the bitter fight of the elections, the machine used every method at its command in an attempt to "steamroller" the vote but the miners broke through these devices.

Gets Own Medicine.

Bestwick, tool of Frank Hefferly and Jack Hasson, the Lewis-Fagan organizers in this section, was himself beaten up when the progressives repulsed the attacks of his cohorts.

That the Lewis forces are getting desperate is evidenced by the hasty manner in which the relief of this local union was cut off. And soon as they received word of the progressive victory, which eliminated the Lewis relief "Bandit," Patsy Ammorosa, from the presidency of the local, "official" word was sent that there would be no more relief for the miners of Curtisville.

Still Fight On.

While things look black here as a result of this Lewis-Fagan action, the miners still fight desperately, realizing that they must struggle for every advance they make and this they are determined to do, despite the efforts of the machine to force them into submission.

WORKERS URGED TO CONTINUE AID

Need 'Daily' in Many Struggles

The financial aid which the workers of this country are continuing to send to The DAILY WORKER is helping materially to secure the existence of the only militant working-class newspaper in the English language. The manner in which the workers have responded to the appeals for funds, despite the widespread unemployment and low wage conditions, is proof positive of the significance of the "Daily" in the struggles of the American working-class.

A fund of $10,000 was raised within a short time when a sudden crisis threatened to shut down The DAILY WORKER completely. Since the raising of this fund and the successful passing of the crisis, class-conscious workers have continued to contribute in order to secure the existence of the "Daily" in the future. Yesterday

(Continued on Page Two)

MORE MILLINERY PICKETS HELD

Boss Says That Zaritsky Induced Lockout

A new wave of arrests was inaugurated in the millinery manufacturing district when five pickets, members of the Millinery Hand Workers Union were arrested for picketing the shop of Theodore Klaus, 32 West 39th St., which was declared on strike Monday evening for locking out the 40 milliners, with whose union Klaus had an agreement. The union attorney succeeded in getting the trial of the girls postponed till Thursday in Jefferson Market Court.

In declaring the lockout the employer stated that he wants no dealing with the administration of Local 43, because they have no inducements to offer him. Whereas, said the boss, President Zaritsky's Local 24 has already offered him many induce-

(Continued on Page Three)

LEWIS-FISHWICK IN NEW SELL-OUT

Hope to Force Miners Back to Work

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 27.—Maneuvering through officials of several local unions in Illinois, the Lewis-Fishwick machine is seeking to devise methods of escaping responsibility for its union wrecking policy and for wage reductions which it has helped put over on the miners of district 12.

The Lewis-Fishwick gang has engineered the adoption of resolutions by locals at Marion, Coulterville, Herring and Duquoin aiming at a return to work movement which will appear to come at the request of the rank and file.

A new national miners union under the control of the miners themselves is seen here as the only way to save the situation.

“DAILY” CONCERT JULY 14

Theremin to Perform at Coney Stadium

What bids fair to be the greatest musical event in the history of the revolutionary movement of this city will take place Saturday evening, July 14, when the great concert and entertainment of The DAILY WORKER will be held at Coney Island Stadium.

As this is also the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille, the concert will be a double celebration. A program of unusual elaborateness is being arranged, far surpassing anything that has hitherto been attempted in this city. Twenty-five thousand militant workers, including many from out of town, are expected to pack Coney Island Stadium on this occasion.

Prominent on the program will be Prof. Leo Theremin, the young Soviet scientist whose invention by which he draws music out of the air without the aid of a musical instrument has

(Continued on Page Two)

SEE SENTENCE AS TRICK TO STIFLE MASS PROTESTS

Labor Defense Issues Call For Action

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

VIENNA, June 27.—Surrounded by heavily armed guards Bela Kun, leader of the Hungarian Soviet Republic, was returned to jail yesterday.

His sentence has been received with expressions of regret by the capitalist press which is waging a steady campaign for his extradition, which is still likely.

Only the protest of labor all over the world prevented the Austrian Seipel government from immediately effecting the extradition of Kun, it is frankly admitted here.

Fear Trick.

Even yesterday well informed circles here expressed the fear that the sentence passed on Kun is merely a ruse on the part of the Austrian government to give the worldwide protests a chance to subside in order to proceed with extradition.

Substantiation is given these rumors by the resignation of Franz Dinghofer, minister of justice, who is believed to have given up his post in order to facilitate new moves against Bela Kun.

Armed Police.

Heavily armed police continued to patrol the streets of Vienna last night as the government viewed with alarm the rising tide of mass resentment against the sentence passed on Kun.

It is intimated that the government intends to continue the tactics of veiled terrorism at the trial where police stood nine deep around the building and every man or woman entering the courtroom was searched.

Early in the course of the trial the prosecution sought to withdraw those parts of the indictment which referred to the Soviet Union.

Exposes Imperialists.

Tearing off the mask of legality in which the attack on the Soviet Union was being veiled, Bela Kun charges the Austrian authorities with placing every possible obstacle in the way of the defense, even refusing to permit its lawyers from examining the necessary files or to interview Kun himself.

Kun was continually interrupted in the course of his testimony by the president.

Asked why he entered Austria with a false passport, the Hungarian Communist leader declared that his life would not have been safe had he lived in Vienna under his own name.

Court Alarmed.

Thoroughly alarmed, the court finally forbade Kun to say anything more.

On further examination experts admitted that Kun's letters had been translated. Material read by the prosecution proved to be nothing but Hungarian Communist Party matter and there were none of the sensations which the government had hoped for.

In his closing speech, however, the prosecutor declared that the Hungarian Communist Party is illegal and that therefore its members were guilty of secret association.

Bela Kun commenced his closing speech but was immediately stopped by the president.

At ten o'clock at night the court announced that Kun would receive three months solitary confinement, with one foodless day every month.

(Continued on Page Two)

Two Miners Crushed to Death in Fall of Slate and Coal at Open Shop Pit

RULES VIOLATED IN ABSENCE OF PIT COMMITTEES

Over 300 Deaths During Past Month

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

UNIONTOWN, Pa., June 27.—Harold Dayton, 37, was instantly killed by a slate and coal fall in the Allison mine of the W. J. Rainey Co. mine here yesterday. This mine is operating open-shop.

Stephen Sukovic, father of five children, was also caught under a fall of coal in the non-union Loyalhanna mine in Carrnbrook, Pa., and died soon afterwards.

Since these mines opened on a non-union basis without the protection of pit committees of miners a number of accidents and deaths have taken place.

Miners in West Virginia and Western Pennsylvania are fighting for a union which will be able to enforce measures to safeguard their lives and improve working conditions. Coal diggers in Pennsylvania and Ohio are fighting to save their union conditions and a living wage.

MURPHY, LABOR BETRAYER, DEAD

Led Gas-Workers Into Thompson's Hands

CHICAGO, Ill., June 27. — "Big Tim" Murphy, long identified as gangster and labor-baiter with the corrupt Sullivan and Thompson administrations in this city, was shot last night by members of an enemy gang on the lawn in front of his $25,000 cottage. He was forty-two years old, and had served as right-hand man to almost every political boss that ever controlled Chicago in the last 20 years.

As head of the street cleaners and gas workers union, Murphy participated in two of the blackest labor-frame-ups on record. When Thompson, at present mayor of Chicago, was trying to seize power for himself and defeat the Sullivan gang, then political bosses of the city, he went about it by getting control of all the job-contracts of the city, and placing lackies of his in the various unions. Murphy was made president of the Gas Workers Union. As such he received a salary of over $100 a week from the workers, while at the same time he was betraying them into the hands of the Thompson gang. All through his notorious career, while he lead an underworld gang, he was aided by the corrupt officials to betray the workers of the city.

Porter is Transferred To Rhode Island Fort

(Continued from Page One)

ment on the question of his desertion from the [illegible]

"I deserted the United States Army because I discovered that it was against the working class and was controlled by the capitalists.

"I now regret that I did not remain in the army to win over my fellow soldiers for the working class. For a working class army fighting for the freedom of the workers I am ready to give my life."

Ambulance Probe Aids I.R.T. Bosses

Protection of big corporations rather than of victims of ambulance chasers — generally poor workers—comes to light as the real aim of the campaign against ambulance chasing with the announcement that negligence claims against the Interborough Rapid Transit Co. have decreased 20 per cent since the Bar Association's investigation began.

James L. Quackenbush, general counsel for the company, testified before Supreme Court Justice Isidor Wasservogel yesterday that there have been 600 fewer negligence suits filed against the I. R. T. during the last half year. This means the saving of thousands of dollars to the company.

CONTINUE AIDING 'DAILY' IS CALL

Ask Workers to Secure Paper's Existence

(Continued from Page One)

$125 was contributed by H. Kretchmer, formerly a member of the Freiheit staff, where he wrote under the pseudonym of Lilliput. Kretchmer also promised to send in another $125 within a few weeks.

Must Continue Aid.

The DAILY WORKER wishes to thank all those who have helped to keep it alive during the past few weeks. But this aid must not cease. Hard times are ahead of us and in order to prevent the recurrence of financial crises and to enable the "Daily" to grow into an even more effective weapon of the workers, regular contributions from both individual workers and workingclass organizations are absolutely essential.

Workers, keep up your support! The DAILY WORKER is your paper. Build it into an even more powerful representative of your interests.

List of Contributors.

The following is an additional list of militant workers who have helped to keep The DAILY WORKER alive: Henry Renne, Philadelphia, $1.50; Louis Fisher, Galion, Ohio, $5; Leon Calvert, Maywood, Ill., $1; Oscar Friedland, Detroit, Mich., $1; Alex Drazinsky, Gary, Ind., $5; Walter P. Sukut, Chicago, $.25; Frank Kimiec, Milwaukee, Wisc., $1; Square Deal Grocery, Ontario, Calif., $1; Labino Martinez, Tampa, Fla., $2; M. Koster, Chicago, $4; Chas. Cassell, Kalamazoo, Mich., $1; Finnish Workers Party, Eureka, Calif., $10; Yetta Barshefsky, Jacksonville, Fla., $.50; Aaron Wieselman, Jacksonville, $1; Rosaline Fross, Jacksonville, $.50; Abe Wieselman, Jacksonville, $1; L. Berinhout, Jacksonville, $1; B. Berlin, Jacksonville, $.25; Vinikaw, Jacksonville, $.25; J. Coleman, Jacksonville, $1; C. Berlin, Jacksonville, $.25; Berkowitz, Jacksonville, $.25; Zum Brunnen Brothers, Hasty, Minn., $10; Fort Bragg, Calif., Comrades, $30; Street Nucleus 4, San Francisco, $15; G. Dimitroff, So. Bend, Ind., $1; St. Nucleus 4, W. P., San Francisco, $21.87; Elsie Pultur, collected, Boston, Mass., $1.55; Margaret Stresow, Central Islip, N. Y., $5; Cora P. Wilson, collected, San Jose, Calif., $5; Fairport Finnish Workers, Fairport Harbor, Ohio, $15; J. Mihordin, Pittsburgh, Pa., $1; M. Spolar, Pittsburgh, $1; L. Filitch, Pittsburgh, $1; A. Razpar, Pittsburgh, $.50; A. Horvat, Pittsburgh, $.50; L. Stepich, Pittsburgh, $.50; M. Satosek, Pittsburgh, $.25; F. Vrguka, Pittsburgh, $.25; R. Cerpite, Pittsburgh, $.50; T. Peter, Pittsburgh, $.50; A. Karpolic, Pittsburgh, $.50; J. A. Warusin, Pittsburgh, $.25; P. Hanas, Pittsburgh, $.50; Harry Kaplan, New York City, $2.50; August Dhaeret, New York, $.50; Rose Dahout, New York, $.50; J. Kruck, New York, $1; Rudolph Rawski, New York, $.50; August Dhauret, Jr., New York, $.50; Mathew Milovich, New York, $.50; Louid Dimarco, New York, $.50; H. Swasko, New York, $1; M. Liptzun, New York, $.50; George Galecky, New York, $3; Mike Enalut, New York, $3; Harry Karsun, New York, 2; R. Long, New York, $2; Baldo Vincend, New York, $1; A. W. Steckel, Tiffin, $1; C. M. Smith, Cos Cob, $3; F. Lagelbauer, St. Paul, Minn., $1; Louis Sobo, Chicago, $.50; Reuen Fanas, Chicago, $.50; Henry Felcki, Chicago, $.25; Joseph Berlolau, Chicago, $.50; Louis Getto, Chicago, $.50; Louis Barme, Chicago, $.50; Domakos Nagy, Chicago, $.50; Lazar Berta, Chicago, $1; Mand Geo. Jambo, Chicago, $1.25; M. R. Drikejnzo, Chicago, $1.25; E. M. Lett, New York, $1; Albert Gerling, Madrid, $2.50; Pursi Toveruudella, T. Ranttila, Allanwater, $5; Geo. Lucas, San Francisco, $1; Walter P. Sukut, Chicago, $.25; Katherine Wynne, Chicago, $2; Int'l Labor Day Federation, San Francisco, $10; R. Ornberg, Hall Quarry, $1; Finnish Comrade Club, Fort Bragg, $19.35; O. W. Finnestad, Portland, $4; Section 4, Unit 2, Boston, $5; E. Chinewich, Ravennah, $7.75; Mary Feldman, Bronx, $1; Central & North Eastern Branch W. P., Baltimore, $5; Russian Branch of Benefit Aid Soc., Plymouth, $4; John Larson, Alagnak, $1; Israel Barsky, Conneaut, $; S. H. Rabsosk, Conneaut, $1; A. Oddie, Brockton, $1; E. Grossenbacher, Philadelphia, $1; Panasik, Endicott, $23.15; C. H. Mayer, Bloomington, $5; Frank Peterson, Stanford, $2; Jessie Henderson, Boston, $5; John Barkovic, Pittsburgh, 10; Steve Merges, Pittsburgh, $2.20; Finnish Branch, Cotati Farm Club, Cotati, $6.65.

CONN. TRACTION WORKERS AGAIN VOTE FOR STRIKE

Last Ballot Betrayed By Mahon

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 27.—The 2,500 organized street car workers in New Haven, Hartford, Stamford, Bridgeport and other Connecticut cities today began to take a second vote for a general strike against the Connecticut Co., subsidiary of the New Haven R.R. Great dissatisfaction was voiced among the workers with the action of W. O. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Union in calling off the walkout.

The sentiment among the workers indicates an overwhelming desire for a walkout. The Central men demand 75 cents an hour instead of 62 cents on two man cars; an increase from 69 cents to 90 on one man cars; and from 72 cents to 90 on busses. The six day week, eight hour day, and official recognition of the union are also demanded.

The action of Mahon in calling off the strike added to the long list of the labor betrayals by the reactionary officials of the Amalgamated.

Manufacturers of Connecticut have formed a united front with the traction bosses by offering to supply strikebreakers from among their employees.

KLAN IN ELECTION STEAL, IS CHARGE

Indiana Organization Used Trickery

INDIANAPOLIS, June 27. — The hand of the Ku Klux Klan is once more revealed directing large-scale corruption and graft in Indiana. This time Archibald Hall, who was defeated for the republican nomination for Congress by Representative Ralph E. Updike, Klan candidate, charges the use of all sorts of ballot trickery to steal the election.

Hall's charges will be submitted to the new country grand jury next week, according to William Remy, county prosecutor. This will be the fifth investigation of the activities of the Indiana Ku Klux Klan, which has been in control of the state machinery, with representation in the United States senate through Senator James E. Watson.

Workers International Relief Aids Strikers and Their Families

The group of textile strikers (above), a fraction of the 28,000 who are entering the eleventh week of their strike in New Bedford, were photographed in front of the headquarters of the Workers International Relief. The relief organization has been caring for the needs of hundreds of the strikers since the strike began.

TRY TO BAN MILL STRIKERS PARADE

Will March Saturday in Spite of Ban, is Defy

(Continued from Page One)

workers; the days of the attempted reopenings will find tens of thousands before the mill gates," they concluded.

After the picketing this morning two mass meetings were held on open lots at the North and South End of the town. They were attended by several thousands, and showed the greatest enthusiasm.

Fighting Spirit.

The fighting spirit shown by the strikers during this and last week, which was marked by police attacks on the picket lines and the imprisonment of the two union leaders Murdoch and Beal, indicate that the call for a parade on Saturday will result in a vast outpouring of scores of thousands of strikers and sympathizers.

A demonstration of such great power and strength is obviously just what the politician hirelings of the mill barons want to avoid, the T. M. C. statement says.

Philadelphia Plumbers Helpers Meet Tonight

PHILADELPHIA, June 27. — A meeting of the Plumbers and Steam Fitters' Helpers Union of Philadelphia which was recently organized, will be held Thursday evening at Freelets Hall, 531 N. 7th St. at 8 P. M.

Due to bad weather, the last meeting of the organization was poorly attended but it is expected that tonight's meeting will draw the usual good crowd.

Daily Worker Concert To Be Held July 14

(Continued from Page One)

been hailed as one of the great discoveries of the century. Theremin has performed before distinguished scientists and musicians thruout the country, all of whom have acclaimed him with great enthusiasm and declared that his invention will revolutionize the science of art of music in the future.

Theremin's appearance at the Coney Island Stadium July 14 will be his first popular concert in this city. For the first time great masses of workers will have the opportunity of hearing this unique musical performance by one of Soviet Russia's most distinguished scientists.

TECHNICIANS SAIL FOR SOVIET UNION

Group Returns After 5 Months in U. S.

Two Russian engineers and six workers sailed yesterday on the "Berengaria" after a five months' study of the Canadian and American paper industries. Upon return to the Soviet Union all of these men will be employed in the $16,000,000 Volga paper mill, to be completed this year, which is the largest in the U. S. S. R. and one of the most modern in Europe.

Another engineer will remain here for some time in connection with additional orders to be placed for American paper mill equipment. This is the third group of Soviet workers and technicians sent here to acquire first hand knowledge of American production methods.

The Volga paper mill, which will start partial operation this summer, is designed to produce annually 50,000 metric tons of newsprint and 25,000 tons of other paper. The new factory will supply a large part of the requirements of the U. S. S. R. for newsprint which heretofore has been mainly imported from abroad.

The three engineers in the group are V. M. Klopov, B. V. Lopatin and E. A. Kajatz. The workers are V. Novikov, G. Veresov, P. Grigoriev, A. Price, A. Vasiliev and I. Tumanov.

BELA KUN STILL FACING DANGER OF EXTRADITION

See Sentence as Trick to Halt Protest

(Continued from Page One)

The time spent in prison will be deducted from his sentence.

Ilona Brauer, accused of aiding Kun, will receive one month in jail. She has already spent that much time in prison and it is expected she will be released at once.

George Mayerhoffer was acquitted.

I. L. D. Appeal.

Urging the intensification of the protest campaign for the liberation of Bela Kun, Hungarian revolutionary leader who is threatened with extradition and death at his trial which is now going on in Vienna, the national office of the International Labor Defense today issued an appeal to the American labor movement and the working class.

"Bela Kun, the leader of the Hungarian working class revolutionary movement, is on trial for his life" reads the appeal. "The Austrian government of the reactionary Seipel whose hands are already red with the blood of the Vienna workers which he shed last July, will do all in its power to extradite Bela Kun to Horthy's Hungary where immediate deat[h] awaits him at the hands of t[he] fascists.

Loyalty to Class.

"Bela Kun's 'crime' consists in his unswerving loyalty to the cause of the working class. For us this is not a 'crime' but the highest virtue of a labor leader. It is our sacred duty to mobilize our maximum power to prevent this hideous assassination. Only immediate pressure exerted on the Austrian government will effect the liberation of Bela Kun. Every workers' organization must immediately forward its protest to Vienna! Meetings and demonstrations must be arranged everywhere. Our voices must be united in an irresistible demand for the release of Bela Kun and the full right of asylum for all political emigrants! Act quickly!"

MINE WOMEN PROVE HEROIC AS MEN

Diary of Miner's Wife Reveals Militant Part They Play

By MARY JANIS.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 27. — Thousands of women have marched in Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, and the middle western bituminous coal fields, since their men-folk went on strike 14 months ago. They have marched on the picket line and in every skirmish that has taken place since the century's bitterest industrial battle opened.

Mothering striking miners, and living in constant fear of arrest, eviction, and every other method of terror that company directed law and order can muster while doing it, is a job for real women. These women glory in their chance to help their men fight for better living conditions. In spite of her heavy daily routine, made doubly difficult by the strike, Mrs. Louis Carboni, of Bentleyville, has found time to keep a daily record of strike events in her town. Excerpts from her diary tell a story of militant participation in strike activity by the women of Bentleyville. Part of her record kept in pencil on odd bits of papers.

The first entry on this section of the dairy reads: "We had a mass picket line, women, children, and men, and we marched to the mine. Just as we came to the mule barn, the yellow dogs and the state dogs started on to us all and we had to scatter in all directions to save our lives. This day we had five men beaten. They clubbed brother Martin Vilentick very bad as he is still in bed, and other ones on the arms, hands and legs and anywhere they could get them. They threw tear bombs at us on this day and they took one of our sisters, Flora Masanovic, to jail. She did not do anything. But the other sisters went right after and wanted her out. (The woman was released on bail.)

The presence of the striking coal diggers' women on the picket line is a gesture of protest against all of the unsung sacrifices made by the women since the gruelling industrial struggle started on April 1, 1927. Consider Mrs. Charlie Sanders of Curtisville, who was compelled to give up her beautifully enamelled and nickeled stove which she had bought from a Pittsburgh credit furniture house. Only $50 out of a total of several hundred which was paid on the other furniture acquired with the stove, remained to be paid.

"Now I've got to go into the back yard to cook my man some coffee," Mrs. Sanders mourns.

Or there is Mrs. Jim Smith, of Mollenaur, whose washing machine was hauled away one day when, impoverished by the strike, she had found it impossible to keep her payments up to date. For a miner's wife, who must work hard at best, such losses may assume the proportions of life tragedies.

Mrs. Carboni's diary continues: "Tuesday, April 17. Our women called a special meeting (of the ladies' auxiliary of the local union) and called all the sisters together of which there were anywhere from 200 to 300. We said we did not want men to come along with us. So after the meeting I said let's go ladies with the babies in our arms and see if they will do us as they do the men. So we went and we did not get half way until they struck an old lady, 63 years old on the head with a bomb (tear gas bomb) and caused a very deep cut and they threw about two or three dozen tear bombs at the crowd and told us if we did not keep away from the picket line we will get what is coming to us. So we told them that we are taxpayers and we will fight for our rights and we did. We took our wounded old lady to the burgess but he was not home so we went to the doctor. We started out that morning and did not finish until ten o'clock at night. We saw the burgess."

"... as we go marching, marching,
we battle too for men,
For they are women's children and
we mother them again."

Big Opening of the New Dining Room

Our Equipment:

A Tremendous Dining Room, Which Can Accommodate 1,000 Guests

This Dining Room is the most beautiful of its kind in the entire state of New York. The spacious verandas overlooking the lake and the surrounding chain of mountains, presenting an extraordinary view.

A Separate Dining Room for Children

In order that the children may not disturb the adults and vice versa, the Camp has established a separate Dining Room for children.

A Modern Comfort Station

A large, light, modern comfort station, which can compare with the best in the city.

Hot and Cold Shower Baths

What is a vacation-place without hot water and hot and cold shower baths? The Camp is now equipped for the comfort of the campers with the newest innovations for washing and bathing.

Boats

Row-boating to your heart's content.

A Department Store

A Department Store has been opened which is furnished with all necessities.

A Casino Near the Lake

The Casino which was built last year has proven to be too small and we have been forced to double its size. There is now enough room to dance and to present various performances. It will also be a desirable place for lectures and discussions which are always interesting and informative.

A Boardwalk

A boardwalk for your pleasure at all times.

UNITY CAMP

The
Modern Comfort Station
and Shower Baths
Are Already Completed

SATURDAY EVE.
June 30th

Children's Colony

All registration for the Children's Colony must be in

Monday, July 2nd

If you want your children to come to the Unity Children's Colony, register them immediately.

Busses leave from 1800 Seventh Ave. every Friday at 6:30 p. m. and Saturday at 1:30 p. m.

DIRECTIONS:
BY BUS—From 110th St. and Seventh Ave. direct to the Camp.
BY TRAIN—From Grand Central or 125th St. to Wingdale and there our machines will meet you and take you to the Camp.

FOR REGISTRATION:
Apply at main office,
1800 Seventh Ave., cor. 110 St.
Telephone: Monument 0111.

When you arrive at Wingdale
Phone:
WINGDALE 10 F 12.

British Labor Reformists to Continue "Peace" Conference With Lord Mond

TRADES UNION "LEADERS" VOTE FOR SELL-OUT

Class Collaboration Endorsed

LONDON, June 27.—Continuing the discussion of A. J. Cook's motion to end the conferences on industrial peace between the leaders of the Trade Union Congress and a group of employers headed by Lord Mond, the General Council of Trade Union Congress has put itself definitely on record for class collaboration by defeating the Cook resolution.

The capitalist press here is jubilant over the open endorsement of class collaboration which is implied in the refusal to end the industrial peace conferences.

At the same time the acceptance by the general council of the industrial committee of labor's report is causing intense resentment among British unionists and corresponding satisfaction to the employers' groups. The report calls for the establishment of national industrial council, one of whose functions will be to investigate any strike reported to there before it is declared. The council will consist of representatives from the national federation of employers' associations and the federation of British industries, together with the general council of the Trades Union Congress.

AXTELL CAP IN HAND AT HOUSTON

Silas B. Axtell, ambulance chaser and enemy of the Soviet Union will be among those with hat in hand, begging for a handout at the democratic convention at Houston.

Axtell, together with Capt. George Williams of the Neptune Association, will ask the Tammany-controlled convention for the extension of the right of franchise to all seamen. It is not known how many minutes he will be granted before being bowed out.

NINE WORKERS KILLED

SAN SALVADOR, June 27.—Nine workers were killed and several severely injured when a railway car carrying employees of a railroad in Guatemala was derailed and fell into a ravine.

At the Graves of Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemberg

The picture shows a delegation of Swiss workers standing at attention beside the graves of Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg in Berlin. The procession which marched to the graves of the two murdered revolutionary leaders included delegations from France, Great Britain, Austria and China.

CHAMPION OF SLAVE COURT AIDS HOOVER

WASHINGTON, June 27 (FP).—Former Gov. Henry J. Allen of Kansas, founder and exponent of the Kansas Industrial Court—known to organized labor from coast to coast as the "slave court" of compulsory determination of wages—has been made publicity director of Herbert Hoover's campaign for the presidency of the United States.

This is to be a battle of publicity. Hoover is perhaps the most effective advertising expert in the country. He will, from the nature of his experience and talent, keep a directing hand on the publicity machinery. In other words, he will have Henry J. Allen as one of his closest advisers and confidants.

Just before Hoover and National Chairman Work selected Allen for this key-job in the campaign, three big republican politicians were in conference with the nominee for the presidency. They were Sen. Edge of New Jersey who speaks for Standard Oil and the anti-union manufacturers and bankers of his state; Sen. Gillett of Massachusetts, who speaks for the anti-union manufacturers, railroads and bankers of New England, and especially of Massachusetts, and Bascom Slemp, millionaire non-union coal operator of Virginia.

Some years ago, when Gov. Allen was employing the Kansas state militia to break a coal strike in that state by actually digging coal, it was estimated that the state paid about $200 per ton to produce the small amount of fuel which was loaded at the mines. As a result of the operation of his industrial court law, trade union officers were sent to jail or prison.

"Doctor" Gets 30 Years For Death of Patient

WASHINGTON, June 27.—"Dr." Louis W. Hoffman, self-styled physiotherapist, late yesterday was sentenced to 30 years imprisonment by Justice Siddons in district supreme court, for the death of Eleanore M. Lehman, 26-year-old typist.

Hoffman recently entered a plea of guilty of second degree murder. The Lehman girl died from a broken neck on an operating table in his office on March 3 while supposedly undergoing an "adjustment" for a headache. It was contended by the prosecution that Hoffman had deliberately broken the girl's neck in an effort to conceal an attempted criminal operation.

University of Penna. Fires a Teacher

By SOL AUERBACH.

(Continued From Previous Issue.)

II.

THERE are many workers who still have faith in the "higher learning" and "impartiality" of the universities. They naively believe that no matter how rotten the rest of the system is the universities are alright and that somehow higher education will solve their problems. But the universities are only some of the many prostitutes that are kept by the same capitalists who exploit and reap profits. Take the University of Pennsylvania as an example and see how it works.

The department of philosophy receives its orders from the administration. And the administration receives its orders from the Board of Trustees. On the board there are the biggest capitalists in Philadelphia—presidents and vice-presidents of the Reading R. R., the Pennsylvania R. R., the General Electric company, the largest banks in the city, Senator Pepper their messenger-boy to congress. The reason that the U. of P. puts such big financial guns on their board is that these men contribute large funds to the endowment fund. An institution like the U. of P. lives by contributions from rich men. Do you think that these men will allow their university to degenerate? Do you think that they will allow a man on their teaching staff to talk favorably about the Soviet Union? Not on your life. They would be fools if they did. To let the workers whom they exploit in their mills, railroads, transportation [illegible], by mortgaging and fin[illegible] know the truth about the Soviet Union, the ideals and aims of the international Communist movement would be like suicide. It would mean the early death of capitalist society. So as soon as they hear of anyone on their teaching staff who misbehaves, who will not turn out students to order to fill pigeonholes in the capitalist desk, who insists on telling about the only workers' and peasants' government, who persists in telling of some of the realities of the present social system they will complain to the administration, the administration will talk to the department and the "poor" department will have to do the dirty work. "By no means will we allow," say the capitalists, "the wheels of our perfect university machine to become rusty or be put out of commission by the steel bar of [illegible] who, crazy fanat[illegible] [illegible] what they should [illegible]

A university is a class institution, and its aims and ideals are those of capitalist society. That institution will not be allowed to foster any critical elements.

Just at this time capitalist society has been good enough to throw up some more evidence that runs perfectly according to form. In the investigation of the Federal Trade Commission into the activities of a committee which represents $17,500,000,000 worth of privately owned public utilities it is found that about fifty educators in institutions of higher learning are participating in spreading propaganda against public ownership and for private ownership of public utilities. These professors in the pay of the corporations and under the cloak of academic learning and impartiality, in a very convincing and professional style, write textbooks and learned researches spreading propaganda for the capitalists.

"Gifts."

Ruggles, dean of the School of Commerce of Ohio State University, received $15,000 annually from the National Electric Light Association. The Harvard School of Business Administration gets an annual subsidy of $30,000 from the same organization "to produce an adequate textbook on public utilities corporations, it being obvious that such literature bearing the imprint of Harvard University would be quite generally adopted by other institutions." Professor Richard T. Ely's Institute of Research in Land Economics and Public Utilities gets an annual gift of $25,000. Iowa and Illinois high school textbooks are [illegible] prepared by the Utilities Corporation.

And at our own U. of P., Theodore Grayson, dean of the night school and extension school, and until recently assistant professor of finance has been receiving $250 per lecture from the N. E. L. A. and his own course at the university is partly subsidized by the association. When this came out in the press the U. of P. said nothing about it. He was on the side of the capitalists, I against them. Assistant professor Grayson was promoted to a professorship and I was promoted out. Just exactly what was to be expected.

BUT the University of Pennsylvania could not afford to be frank about it since they had to save their face and at least leave some semblance of academic freedom. So the university used the department of philosophy as a carpet to hide the rough floor of the actual facts. There are two tender designs on the carpet to please the eye and divert the mind. The first design that the Public was invited to gaze upon was that bit of academic thoroughness, "it is incompatible for a teacher to take a stand, etc. . . ." Curiously enough, the professor who formulated this as the policy of the department at the last moment's notice was a little too frank. Whether he realized it or not he had formulated the only conditions under which a university could exist in the present society. For a university, class institution that it is, can not actually do research work in social problems nor interest its students in matters that are embarrassing to the bosses. It either must abdicate entirely or become an intellectual hermitage.

The "Floor Design."

The second pretty little design on the carpet about irregularities in meeting my classes as the reason for my dismissal is so falsely colored and so evidently an unfortunate afterthought that I will say no more about it.

We are, however, interested in the basic floor design—the design under the carpet. The simplest reality that comes out of the matter is that there is no freedom of speech at the U. of P.—which is not news to many of us. The greater one is that the university must remain a class institution, financed by the capitalists, as long as our present system of society exists. As such, the financial masters are also the moral and educational masters. Students must be continuously guarded and the faculty must always report to the confessional cage of finance. The process of education must be a twofold one: first the process of doping. The fumes of bourgeois impartiality close the eyes of the students to the most important issues of today. The second stage is comparatively simple—it is easy to fill a doped brain.

Organize, Slaves!

I sympathize with those faculty men who are conscious of the conditions and must suffer them. There is one way out: organization. Why don't you form a union?

Students should take their lesson from [illegible] of the Soviet Union [illegible] where the students [illegible] in the revolutionary [illegible] world.

[illegible] University of Penn. [illegible] a mistake by putting me on [illegible] and the Philadelphia press made a similar mistake in giving two days publicity to a Communist.

NEW EFFORT TO SUPPRESS ORGAN OF COMMUNISTS

Machado Asks Mexico to Suppress Machete

MEXICO CITY, June 27. — Sidelights on the plan of persecution of workers which the Machado government of Cuba is known to have planned against the Cuban workers is reflected here in the demand of the Cuban government that the Mexican authorities take steps to suppress El Machete, the organ of the Mexican Communist Party. The demands have been made through the Cuban embassy in Mexico City and are based on the statement that the paper is encouraging unrest among Cuban workers.

The action of Cuban government follows the announcement that president Machado had conferred with secret agents and members of the Cuban police force with a view to beginning a campaign of imprisonment against leading Cuban workers.

The Cuban government has also asked the suppression of Cuba Libre which recently carried an attack against the policies of the Machado government.

FASCIST KILLER PRATES OF PEACE

I. L. D. Calls for Fight on Mussolini Terror

The speech delivered recently by Mussolini before a gathering of fascist capitalists, in which he declared that the class struggle is disappearing and urged complete collaboration between the workers and the bosses is denounced by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense in a statement issued last night by Rose Baron, secretary of the section. The statement follows:

"Mussolini's arrogance and his contempt and hatred for the workers were never better displayed than in the soothing words which he poured into the ears of the fascist capitalists at their first national congress.

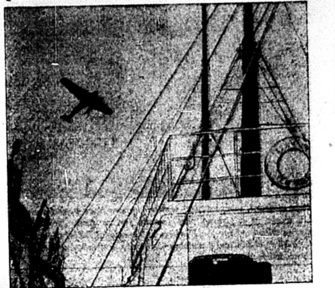
"'We are witnessing the eclipse of class struggles,' purred this murderer of thousands of Italian workers and peasants. Mussolini has only recently illustrated what he means by the eclipse of class struggles. Thirty-seven leaders of the Italian Communist Party have been sentenced to long years of unspeakable torture in the filthy dungeons of this black-shirted apostle of peace. Thousands of other militant workers are rotting in the hell-holes of the fascist paradise.

"With the trade unions destroyed and their militant leaders imprisoned, murdered or hunted into exile, with the Italian working class driven into virtual slavery, with the slightest vestige of protest relentlessly stifled and with his hands dripping with the blood of Matteotti, Sozzi and hundreds of other leaders of the workers, this mad monster talks of 'the eclipse of class struggles.'

"Mussolini does not rule in Italy alone. He is here in the United States where he has recently opened a military school and where his agents are persecuting anti-fascist workers. He owes his power, fed on the blood of the Italian working class, to the direct aid of the United States government.

"Only the workers will wage a militant struggle against fascism. And the workers of New York, the stronghold of American capitalism, which helped to establish Mussolini's rule, must join with the workers of the world in fighting against this monstrosity. Down with government by murder! Demand the release of all the victims of the fascist terror!"

Imperialism At Sea; "Friendshp" Greets Vessel



A day out from Southampton, the airplane, "Friendship," in which Amelia Earhart carried on the plans of U. S. imperialism by once more proving that the Atlantic is passable by airplane, circled over the ship "America." A photograph snapped on the "America" is shown here.

NEW BLOW AIMED AT LEWIS' CROWD

District 7 Miners Aid Soft Coal Diggers

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

HAZLETON, Pa., June 27.—Miners of Local Union 250 of Lattimer upon hearing that officials of District 7 are driving away delegates of striking miners sent by District 2 to collect funds went on record at a local meeting to invite a representative of District 2 to report on the exact situation.

Killinger, one of the delegates who has been working here, was invited. Local 250 is to pay his fare and he will address this and many other local unions in District 7.

Many local unions in District 7 have refused to pay the assessment to Lewis, and now as the delegates of the soft coal fields arrived, it is generally expected that relief will be forwarded direct to the rank and file of the soft coal from the rank and file of District 7.

Nick Sieba, who is a candidate for district president on the Save the Union platform, won the first victory when he was elected as president of Local 250 in Lattimer. Lattimer maintains the tradition of the struggle of 1897 when 17 miners were massacred by state troopers headed by Sheriff Martin. Lattimer gave birth to the union in District 7, years back, and today she is leading the fight against the treacherous Kennedy-Mattey-Lewis machine and the coal operators.

BOSTON REJECTS SIGMAN MEASURE

Dress Union Vote Down Yellow Dog Pact

BOSTON, Mass., June 27.—A membership meeting of the Dressmaker Local 46 again made an official decision, which showed that it intends to fight the union wrecking clique of the International Sigman-Schlesinger and Co. and its agents in the Boston local by overwhelmingly rejecting for the second time the Sigman measure of "Yellow Dog Contracts." This measure, passed at the fake cloakmakers' convention, demands that all those running for offices sign a statement that they are not Communists or left wingers.

The attempt of the Sigman agents to force thru this measure was done by slyly maneuvering this question into the minutes of the executive board, and then calling for a vote on the local minutes. A demand was raised by the membership that this clause be expunged from the minutes. The Sigman officials refused to allow this. The minutes as a whole were then rejected by an almost unanimous vote.

A week or two ago a meeting of all the executive committees of Boston cloak and dressmakers' locals, although composed wholely of right wingers, and called together to discuss organization work, declared by a large majority sentiment that it was no use talking organization work as long as the militant left wingers were not permitted to take part in leading the drive. Vice President Amdur at that time refused to permit this question to come to a vote, fearing a defeat.

At the next meeting of the Joint Board, comprising all locals, a letter was received from the Sigman headquarters in New York ordering the use of the yellow dog contracts. This though not acted on was incorporated in the Joint Board minutes. It was these minutes which were defeated at the recent membership meeting of the dressmakers' local. It is believed that the other locals will take similar action.

NEW TERRORISM HITS ARGENTINE WORKING CLASS

Police Seize Several in Raids

BUENOS AYRES, June 27.—The general persecution of progressive and militant workers, ushered in two nights ago when Buenos Ayres police raided the headquarters of the Bakers Union where they allege they "found" a bomb was in full swing yesterday, with at least ten men known to be under arrest.

Workers' organizations and homes as well as private houses are being ransacked by the police in their latest efford to paralyze the labor movement in the Argentine thru the arrest of the militant leaders.

The pretext given for the continued raids is the search for evidence which will clear up the explosion of a bomb at the Italian consulate on May 23.

At the time hundreds of workers were jailed and examined by the police in the hope of extorting incriminating evidence from some of them. The authorities were afterwards forced to liberate all arrested men as no grounds for prosecution could be discovered in any of the cases.

It is believed that the present wave of persecution is connnected with the numerous strikes which have broken out in the country within the last six months, especially among the harbor workers whose strikes tied up the ports of Rosario, Santa Fe and Bahia Blanca successively.

MORE MILLINERY PICKETS HELD

Boss Says That Zaritsky Induced Lockout

(Continued from Page One)

ments to break the Local 43 contract and sign one with them. Zaritsky had recently dissolved Local 43 with a membership of 4,000 because of its progressive leadership.

The first steps in the attack of this boss was in his dismissals of several workers. A demand by the union for their reinstatement led to the lockout of the entire staff of 40 girls.

At the shop meeting to which the girls immediately went they unanimously voted to go out on strike till the boss comes to terms. This decision was immediately followed by organized picket demonstrations, leading to the heretofore mentioned arrests.

Hand Workers' Affair.

The social club of the Millinery Hand Workers' Union announces that the tickets for their projected boat ride and banquet at Camp Nitgadaiget, are being sold fast.

In addition to the union members who are rapidly buying tickets, workers from other trades are buying them. The affair gives promise to be one of the most successful ever arranged by the organization. The steamer Benjamin Odell will take the whole party from the pier at Battery Park on Sunday morning at 8 o'clock, to a big banquet at the camp. After spending several hours there the party will go back to New York by daiget are being sold fast.

INJUNCTIONS--EVICTIONS--POLICE BRUTALITY
CANNOT BEAT THE STRIKING MINERS!
FAMINE and DISEASE MAY--
UNLESS YOU RUSH RELIEF!

National Miners' Relief Week
June 25th to July 1st

MASS COLLECTION DAYS--SATURDAY AND SUNDAY!

NATIONAL MINERS' RELIEF COMMITTEE
799 BROADWAY (Stuyvesant 8881) ROOM 237

Woman Mine Correspondent Describes Treacherous Tactics of Lewis Machine

FAGAN TALKS BUT CAN'T FOOL MANY MEN IN RENTON

Fire Any 50 Men at All Is Order

(By a Worker Correspondent)

RENTON, Pa.,(By Mail).—I would like the readers of the "DAILY WORKER" to know what is happening in Renton, Pa. A few months ago I asked and answered questions I read in the Miners' Journal in a long letter to its editor. I never read anything in the Journal that didn't condemn the Save-the-Union Committee. Since I noticed that all of the articles contained lies I decided it was about time the editor was answered. So I did it.

Embarrassing Questions

The first thing I asked him was how the Pittsburgh Coal Co. could be so foolish as to pay the Save-the-Union Committee to get the miners out 100 per cent on strike and then pay state police to arrest the speakers, beat them up and send around stool-pigeons among the miners asking them not to listen to the Save-the-Union. Why do the operators go to the same expense by repeating the story at Export, Pa., and at White Valley, Pa?

But the Lewis machine did not want to answer these questions and others useless to put down here. I asked the editor to be kind enough to answer them, no matter what his answer might be. It seemed that my letter was too hot for that rusty Lewis machine. All they did was write an answer by mail that it was too bad I allowed myself to be mislead by the "strike-breakers".

On June 13, 1928, Pat Fagen came to Renton to hold a meeting. We knew nothing of the meeting until some of our men were notified by the state police and the chief of deputies. At about 1:30 P. M. chief of deputies Anderson and general J. S. Clark arrived at the union hall in a car. Then came Fagen and T. Robertson and Hefferly, after whom followed two state policemen on horses. Then men who were at this meeting were all of the Lewis machine. There was one big truck with nine men; the other trucks may have had a few more but there were only four of the Renton men there. This didn't bother Fagen who made out he was speaking to all the Renton men.

No Hall For Traitors

The best part of it all was that the men could not get into the hall. They asked me for the key to open it, but I didn't have it. They asked the janitor for it, but he was too wise to give it up. He told Fagen that when our district representative would come to town he would open the hall but not for a bunch like that. So the meeting was held outside.

Two Conventions

This Lewis gang spoke of the two conventions, the Save-the-Union one on April and the Lewis one on May 28. I was a delegate from the Ladies Auxiliary to both of these conventions. From the minute the latter convention opened to the minute it was closed nothing was said about anything except the Lewis machine. They steam-rollered the convention so, that the rank-and-file couldn't put in a word for itself. At the May 28 convention the reactionaries had the day. However, at the April 1st convention every delegate was given the floor to express his opinion without being thrown out or told to sit down. At this Save-the-Union convention no blue-sky delegates, as at the Lewis convention, were present. If we had any stool-pigeons there they would learn something that would do them good.

As this Fagen group in Renton went on speaking they had lots to say about our good leaders Pat Tooey and J. Watt. Fagen said that Fannie Toohey was "poisoning" the children's minds, teaching them not to believe in "God". He tried to put her in bad by saying she was most probably not the legal wife of Pat Toohey, that such kind of people believe in free love only. There's a strong man of Fagen's in Renton who has been believing in free love for some time now. But that's alright since he is a stool-pigeon.

We have a progressive union here in Renton that is very strong and also a Ladies Auxiliary which is likewise progressive. Each of these organizations are doing good work.

We must fight for our rights and follow our new leaders and not let the Lewis machine divide us any more. We must fight for better conditions, but we will never get them from the Lewis machine.

We brother and sister miners must stand together solidly for the Save-the-Union and save the strike. This is our only chance. This fight as well belongs to the non-union brothers as to us. We must all get on the picket line, organize ourselves and fight for better conditions.

OKLA. STEREOTYPERS GAIN

OKLAHOMA CITY, June 27. — Newspaper stereotypers raised wages to $45 for day work and $46.50 for night work. The old scale was $43.50 and $46.

Strikers Bring in Own Relief At New Bedford

New Bedford, where 30,000 textile workers have been on strike for eleven weeks, is a fishing port famous for its fleet. Above strikers returning with food for the Workers International Relief after a fishing trip. Fish is cheap and furnishes the needy, but militant strikers, with much-needed food.

Defenders of THE DAILY WORKER

Juneau, Alaska.	
K. D. Tohtieff	$5.00
Mihal Dgibilopf	5.00
Tony Ramonnoff	5.00
Alex Boroff	5.00
Tony Mushin	5.00
Wik Kobak	2.00
Anna Kobak	2.00
A. D. Boroff	5.00
Ivan Sakoff	3.00
Aleck Sagoff	5.00
Temefey Ortabaeff	5.00
Bechir Besaeff	5.00
George Bidnier	5.00
Harry Rebazoff	5.00
Cyril Zahogg and wife	2.00
New York, N. Y.	
Alex Ambrose	1.00
Mary Ambrose	1.00
Sarin	1.00
G. Lubriwski	1.00
S. Lehki	.25
L. Sasko	.25
(Collection)	1.50
A Friend	1.00
Miss Carmen	.50
B. Lockshine	.50
Paul Tamer	.50
D. Lockshine	.50
Park City, Utah.	
Frank C. Garcia	2.00
Wheeling, W. Va.	
Kammer	1.00
Fackion	1.00
Cordoglon	2.00
Stamatiades	1.00
S. Phillips	1.00
H. Phillips	2.00
Jacovides	1.00
Milwaukee, Wisc.	
Flutcher Anderson	.25
A. Rosenberb	.50
J. Vloscw	.50
Jos. Flamm	.25
M. Radoikovich	.50
M. Moetenski	.25
Nick Meizir	.25
J. Hluskoso	.50
Henry Ollin	.20
Thos. Tiaskus	.20
Peter Zaremba	.25
Nick Pituke	.20
Van Akutz	.25
John Matuckat	.25
Henry Bosch	.50
Gr. Bolstein	.25
Chois Sicowitz	.25
Boston, Mass.	
American Fraction	13.00
Sectional, Unit 2	2.00
Mrs. M. Frukman	.25
I. Senhowitz	.25
George Jones	.25
L. Silber	.25
R. L.	.25
A. Gold	.25
A Friend	.50
South Omaha, Nebr.	
A. Jones	.50
J. Drobny	1.00
Fred Petron	1.00
R. Morovac	1.00
Kotek	1.00
Los Angeles, Calif.	
E. W. Briggs	3.00
S. Blembot Nucleus No. 25	3.00
B. A. Victor	2.00
M. Ostrow Nucleus 32	2.00
Spicak Kushner (collection)	1.50
Peter Pan	.60
Chester, Pa.	
Morinoff	1.00
M. Goldberg	1.00
Graham	1.00
L. Rosenthal	1.00
C. Martyn	2.00
J. Goldberg	1.00
Harritz	2.00
Sariny	1.0
Slayins	1.0
D. Cenpalinsky	1.0
Shudney	1.0
Fnociroa	1.0
Gittelman	1.0
Preice	1.0
Section 5, W. P.	21.0
Pittsburgh, Pa.	
J. Minordin	1.0
M. Spolar	
L. Filitich	1
A. Razpar	.5
A. Horvat	.5
L. Stepich	.5
M. Satosek	.2
F. Virguka	.2
R. Cerpite	.50
T. Peter	.5
A. Kapolic	.5
J. A. Warusin	.2
P. Hanas	.5
G. Bonardi, NYC	1.00
F. Torrione, NYC	1.00
T. Methedios, NYC	5.00
Y. Yollis, NYC	.25
Gaisel Kish, Elhart, Ind.	1.00
Dr. Jacob C. Hoffer, NYC	10.00
Section 4, NYC	40.0
Jack Feurer, NYC	3.00
Fred Olson, Jamestown, N. J.	1.50
C. Moschel, Cincinnati, O.	5.00
R. Michelson, Port Neville, Can.	1.00
Joseph Spirgel, NYC	2.00
Margaret Miller, Chicago, Ill.	3.00
W. E. Falk, Buffalo, New York	4.00
W. P. (collection)	
W. P. (Collection Ruthenberg Memorial Meet, Paterson, NJ	15.00
Detroit, Mich.	
Shop Nucleus No. 1	5.00
J. Terzer	11.00
John Pesch	3.00
Stret Nucleus No. 6	3.00
Chas. Michelson	3.00
Alex Rosko	1.00
Lewis Fisher	5.00
Shop Nucleus No. 10	5.00
Marrillan, Ohio	
A. Mineff	1.00
G. M. Beckoff	1.00
Shop Nucleus No. 402	5.00
Geo. Gordanoff	1.00
Cleveland, Ohio	
Em. Mikalos	1.00
M. Kalogrides	1.00
Thoe. Mitsos	1.00

Two Workers Injured When Derrick Falls

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 27.—The condition of J. E. Goddard, 30, of Butler St. here, who suffered severe bruises and several fractured fingers when a derrick collapsed in Grand St. yesterday, was reported serious by the Mercy Hospital today. The derrick was hoisting stone in construction of new steps on the Allegheny County Court House when it broke.

Joseph Chicok, 40, of Lilac St., is also in Mercy Hospital because of injuries suffered when the derrick fell. Many pedestrians narrowly escaped injury.

FLIER KILLED IN CRASH

RIVERSIDE, Cal., June 27.—L. S. Draper, 22, of Portland, Me., was instantly killed near March Field here today while making a solo flight. The plane plunged to earth with the motor going at full speed. The exact cause of the accident has not been determined.

TRAIN KILLS BOY

ERIE, Pa., June 27.—Roy Covey, 14, eldest of a family of eight children, was killed today by a Nickel Plate train at Lawrence Park, when trapped on a small bridge while he was picking coal.

LYNCHINGS IN DEMOCRAT TEXAS GO UNPUNISHED

Negro is Murdered at Convention Door

By WILLIAM PICKENS

Houston stages a lynching as a sort of "semi-final" to the democratic national convention. This is certainly bad advertising for Texas, the South and the whole democratic party. The officials of Texas seem sensitive because of that bad advertising: in other words, it is not so much the lynching as it is the inopportuneness of the affair, that angers the officials. They would like to punish this particular set of lynchers for not showing better taste.

The feeling is somewhat like this: "If these fellows just had to lynch a Negro, why in thunder couldn't they wait until after the convention was over, and maybe until after the election in November? Or why couldn't the lynching have taken place somewhere else, not in the very city where the convention crowds are even now assembling?"

Any lynchers so bone-headed as that ought to be punished.

Earlier Lynching Unpunished

That is just where the leadership of the South fails: it cannot see that the only way to insure against an inopportune lynching, is to prevent all lynchings at all times and in all places. For example, just one month before this Houston lynching, a Negro was lynched in a little town known as Center, Texas.

If some of those who had lynched "Buddy" Evins on May 21 in Center were now serving in the Texas penitentiary, then these eight men in Houston would never have dared to commit another such crime.

If the law had been enforced and the criminals punished in the former affair, those tempted to commit this crime would have hesitated. No criminal would expect to "get away" with anything in Houston that he could not even get away with in Center.

Usually Self-Defense

Note that: Both in Center and in Houston the Negroes were charged with killing some white man, and that nobody has yet proved that the Negro did not kill merely in self-defense in both instances.

Everybody who knows anything about "race relations," knows that when a man of the helpless and hopeless minority people kills a man of the dominant people, nine cases out of ten it is a pure animal act of self-defense on the part of the man of the weaker race.

But whatever the crime, the only way to avoid the embarrassment of inconvenient lynchings, is to abolish lynching altogether and everywhere.

To Punish Lynchers?

We would respectfully insinuate that if the governor of the State of Texas had taken as effective action against the Center lynchers as they threaten to take against the Houston lynchers, there would have been no Houston lynchers.

While glad to publish the views of Mr. Pickens, the editor is of the opinion that the Negro masses cannot depend on suggestions that "the governor and the state of Texas" do something or other. We are of the opinion that the remedy lies in what the Negro masses will do. They can find allies only in the militant section of the Labor movement, which fights for the abolition of race division in the labor movement, and the action of the workers, black and white against the ruling class. Negroes cannot wait for freedom until the slave owners become abolitionists.—Editor.

100 MINERS MAKE BIG RELIEF TRIP THROUGHOUT OHIO

House to House Drive in Ohio Towns

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 27.—Sleeping in open trucks and autos, and eating only occasional "hot-dog" sandwiches, more than 100 miners in groups of five and ten are touring Ohio as the vanguard of an army of miner-solicitors which is conducting house-to-house and store to store collections in every city in Ohio.

The mass solicitors movement is the result of a meeting held by relief committees from 26 local unions in the eastern Ohio mining field with Alfred Wagenknecht, director of the National Miners' Relief Committee. The new relief is under the direction of a miners' executive committee headed by Jack Bell of Yorkville, Ohio. James Vall, of Dillonvale, is secretary. Miners' youth organizations and organized groups of miners' wives have promised to swell the ranks of the relief army. Groups of volunteers have already been dispatched to Akron, Canton, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Dayton, Youngstown, Toledo, and other cities.

Two truckloads of food and $403 in cash was the immediate response of Canton workers. One of the Canton solicitors tells of an unemployed worker attracted to the miners by the unusual appearance of their pit clothes. The child had been sent to the grocery for a pint of milk. She contributed two cents, the change from the dime given her for the purchase.

A letter received by the office of the National Miners' Relief Committee from James B. White, captain of the Cincinnati group, pictures the hardships faced by the miners on the road.

Miner Writes.

"Arrived in Cincinnati this morning, broke. We sure had some trip, traveled a lot. I have met the relief committee here in Cincinnati and the mayor said he wouldn't let us solicit in Chillicothe and Portsmouth. Said he'd see all the children die before he'd let us solicit. The mayor in New Boston and the one in Irontown were sure good to us. They gave us the run of the town, but it was too bad we couldn't do anything because the town is very poor.

"We ran out of money so we had to sleep out in the truck and the machine and lived only on sandwiches until we arrived in Cincinnati.

DRAMA

"The Bells" Revived by East Side Stock Company

The East Side Stock Company, a new group of players, opened its summer season at 22 East 54th street last Saturday night with "The Bells". This new organization has installed special price of 35 and 50 cents for the present run. A new play will be given each week during the limited summer engagement. Later productions will include "Married for Money", "Frou-Frou", "Robert Macaire", "Camille", and East Lynne". The cast is headed by Byron McGrath, Lisa Remboy, Howard Claney, Emily Floyd, Marion Crowne, Lydia Cortese, Helen Grayson, Walter Ellsberg, Karol Remboy and Herbert Ratner.

"The Play Goes On," from a story by James A. Creelman, will be Conrad Veidt's next picture for Universal. Dr. Paul Fejos will direct. Veidt's most recent work was in "The Man Who Laughs," now at the Central.

Three features will go into production this week at the Metro studios. They are: "The Devil's Mask," starring John Gilbert; "A Single Man," co-starring Lew Cody and Aileen Pringle, and "Morgan's Last Raid," a frontier feature starring Tim McCoy.

Metro has purchased the screen rights to "Trader Horn," the best seller by Alfred Aloysius Horn and Etheledra Lewis.

Ludwig Berger is to make three more pictures for Paramount. This German director recently completed "The Woman From Moscow," in which Pola Negri and Norman Kerry are starred. Later on he is to direct one picture with Emil Jannings.

The Sovkino film at the Cameo Theatre, "The Station Master," has been doing fine business, and will be held over another week, along with the 97-dollar film, "The Suicide of an Hollywood Extra."

"The End of St. Petersburg," the other Sovkino classic, now showing at the Hammerstein Theatre, is also doing well—in fact the film is drawing a crowded house at each performance. This seems to be a Russian film season on Broadway.

The Jim Tully film, "Beggars of Life," is nearing completion at the Paramount studio in Hollywood. The company is headed by Wallace Beery, Richard Arlen and Louise Brooks.

BILLIE BURKE

Starred in Harrison Owen's comedy "The Happy Husband", now in its second month at the Empire Theatre.

"King's X," the play by Bruce Gould and Beatrice Blackmar, will be Jed Harris' second production of the season and will start an out-of-town engagement at Long Branch, Monday night. Ruth Gordon has the leading role and the cast includes Roger Pryor, Phyllis Povah, Osgood Perkins, Elizabeth Patterson and George Mac-Farlane. "King's X" will be brought into New York ea in September following the presentation of "The Front Page," the Ben Hecht-Charles MacArthur play, in August.

Edward Clark is preparing for his forthcoming production called "Relations." The comedy recently closed a run of nine weeks at the Vine Street Theatre, Hollywood. Edward Clark is the Author of "De Luxe Annie," and "Cinders."

The Columbia Theatre will continue playing Mutual burlesque shows at that theatre for the next five years. The Mutual now has forty-eight traveling companies and a circuit of forty-six theatres located in the larger cities.

Horace Liveright has signed Seymour Felix to do the dances for "The Dagger and the Rose," his forthcoming production which opens in Atlantic City, September 3. Seldon Bennett, Florence Earle, Ruth Tester have been engaged for important roles in this musical version of "The Firebrand."

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HILLMAN BETRAYS WORKERS IN NEW UNION-BOSS PACT

Workers Denied All; Satisfies Bosses

The officialdom of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union have finally completed their betrayal of the mens' clothing workers in the New York market and have signed an agreement with the employers association which grants them the slave-driving system of piece work, the calling of a stoppage for the benefit of the bosses association and other points.

Complete Sell-Out

In return for all this the "field marshalls of labor strategy," president Sydney Hillman and his satellites, have blessed the tailors with an unemployment insurance fund a la Beckerman, which will be contributed to by the employers, and "distributed" by the graft machine in control of the New York Joint Board. Hillman also agreed not to ask for the 40-hour five-day week.

At a joint meeting of all the executive boards of New York locals, together with the delegates of the Joint Board, the agreement brought to them by Hillman, who came from the meeting with the bosses, was passed after not a single word of discussion. The meeting was attended by several scores of Hillman's functionaries. It was plain to even the staunchest followers of Hillman that the union leaders had given the bosses everything and had gotten nothing in return. When a vote was called for, there were several scattered "ayes," several isolated "nayes," while the great majority remained silent.

The officialdom of the once militant but now corrupted Amalgamated are calling approximately 400 shops out on a stoppage for the benefit of the bosses association, and for the further intrenchment of the union administrative machine. The stoppage affects the shops of the independent manufacturers, their contractors, and also those who are termed by the association as their own recalcitrant members. By stopping work in the independent shops and their contractors, the officialdom hopes to force them into membership in the association. By halting production in the factories of the "recalcitrant" bosses, the union chiefs intend to whip them into line to compel them to pay up their back debts to the employers organization, which is not strong enough to use pressure on its own members.

A Gentlemen's Agreement

The granting of piece work to the employers was accomplished without incorporating it into the agreement proper. It is an arrangement called by the bosses and Hillman a "gentlemen's agreement."

This new contract opens to the graft ring encircling the union apparatus wide vistas of golden opportunities for bribery. Piece work was not granted to the contractors, in general. But the contractors working for members of the association will get piece work. The query heard on every side is, "what can prevent the grafting officials from giving piece work privileges to any contractor?" "All that is necessary is for the officials to declare that this contractor is working for a large manufacturer," the outraged workers declare in answer.

Harlem Restaurant Will Donate to Mine Relief

The Health Food Restaurant of 1600 Madison Avenue, Harlem, will donate 35 per cent of its receipts on June 28th and June 29th to the relief of the striking miners and their families. The money will be turned over to the Harlem Committee for Miners Relief, affiliated with the National Miners Relief Committee.

Tammany Grafters in Full Glory at Houston Meet

Left to right: George W. Olvany, leader of Tammany Hall; Senator King, of Utah; Senator Robinson, of Arkansas, and James Eagan, secretary of Tammany Hall. An unusual view which shows types of amiability, craft and brutality which make up the politicians of the capitalist parties.

TAMMANY HALL IN $20,000,000 GRAFT

Twenty millions of dollars worth of city supplies which may or may not have been purchased but which in any case the taxpayers directly, and the workers ultimately, paid for and for which no books or records can be found — this is the picture uncovered by further probing into the $20,000,000 Tammany, street cleaning graft scandal.

Testimony before Commissioner of Accounts James A. Higgins who has been doing his best to sidetrack the revelations which seem to ooze forth in spite of him, disclosed that probably $20,000,000 worth of supplies have passed through the Department of Street Cleaning Warehouse in Brooklyn without any record of the specific goods being kept by the various Tammany officials in charge.

Automobiles to brooms, street cleaning machines to machine oil are the range of articles on the list which covers a period of twelve years. The chief clerk in charge, is Walter E. Roessler, who draws officially $2,455 a year for this "tremendous" task of accounting.

Although records are supposed to have been made in the general ledger at the main office, this has not been done in ten years, it was shown.

1,500 "VETERANS" JOBLESS IN PHILA

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 27.—Approximately 1,500 men who fought for American imperialism, at present living in this city, are out of work, and many of them are without food or shelter, it was learned yesterday.

These 1,500 men, only a small fraction of the unemployed workers of Philadelphia, are the "grand veterans" of the World War, the war with Spain, the Boxer uprising in China and the rebellion in the Philippine Islands.

Many of the men tell of being thrown out of their homes for being unable to pay their rent, and others tell of being sadly in need of food almost continually. Their service records, many say, are handicaps to them in obtaining employment.

So far, however, nothing has been done to relieve the intensity of their plight. Many of those who entered applications for jobs are still walking the streets of Philadelphia, while waiting for word to come from the jingoist organization. Families are still being evicted from their homes for failure to pay rent. And despite the fact that these men, who were tricked to the trenches during the war, are skilled workers in various trades, the seriousness of their situation remains unremedied.

PLUMBERS WIN RAISE

TORONTO, June 27. — Organized plumbers compromised their wage demand and will be paid an additional 5 cents an hour.

Workers' Calendar

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio.—The Young Workers Club of Martins Ferry, Ohio, has arganged a picnic and dance to be held at the Volt's Farm here on July 8, from 10 a. m. thruout the day and night. All those wishing to attend should meet at the Hungarian Hall, Main and Central Sts. There will be refreshments, games, speakers, etc. Transportation to Volt's Farm is free.

• • •

Philadelphia Y. W. L. Excursion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—An excursion for the benefit of the Young Worker, central organ of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will take place Saturday, July 7. Boats will leave the Chestnut St. pier at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Tickets are 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Tickets must be bought in advance from the Young Worker, at 1214 Spring Garden St. Otherwise the proceeds will not go to the Young Worker.

• • •

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. — The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin.

• • •

San Francisco Picnic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—The branches of the International Labor Defense of San Francisco, Alameda, and Contra Costa counties will hold a picnic at East Shore Park, near Richmond, on July 4.

• • •

Paperhangers of Boston.

BOSTON.—The Paperhangers' Union, local 258, will inaugurate a campaign for new members to extend over a period of 3 months, June, July and August. The initiation fee has been reduced from $100 to $25. The local calls upon all organized paperhangers of the city and vicinity to join the union and help to organize the non-union workers. The local union meets at the district council headquarters, corner Washington and Dover Sts., Boston.

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing.

• • •

Paterson I. L. D.

The Paterson Branch of the International Labor Defense will conduct a lecture by Max Schachtman on "Bleeding China." This lecture will be given at the Associated Hall, 201 Market St., Paterson, N. J., on Friday, June 29th, at 8 p. m.

TRAIN CRASH IN MASS.

SOMERVILLE, Mass., June 27.—Jumping the rails near Union Square this afternoon, two new locomotives of the Boston and Maine Railroad smashed against a concrete wall, dragged three freight cars with them and blocked the line of the Fitchburg Division. Thirty-four freight cars kept the rails. The train crews were bruised when they jumped or were thrown to safety. Two hundred feet of rails were ripped up.

BISCUIT COMPANY WORKERS SLAVE

(By a Worker Correspondent)

With the greatest interest I have read in your paper some articles exposing the conditions under which the workers of the National Biscuit Company are employed. I worked there for several years myself, and I can tell you that every word some of my fellow-workers have written is true. It's very consoling to know that we workers of the National Biscuit Company have at last begun to think how we can in some way get some protection against the oppression of our palm beach suit bosses and against the speed-up system which lays us off one or two days a week. There is no doubt that a workers' organization is the only power which can help us to obtain human working conditions, better wages and more protection for those of us who get sick.

If a worker gets sick in the National Biscuit Co. he very often loses his job. If he stays home two days he is sure of losing his job. Two months ago, two workers were discharged by the company because they were sick, and I remember that at the time they were hired—about five years ago—they were very strong and healthy. They gave their health up so that the company might build more plants; at the end of those five years they find themselves out of work because of blood infection! The doctor also told them that their condition was caused by bad blood due to overfatigue and lack of plenty of food. This is one of many such accurrences. If we had a strong union here which would fight for our rights as workers, these two and many others would not now be out of work. The company would not only not have discharged them, but would have paid them compensation during their illness.

—T.

JAPAN PLANS NEW INTERVENTION

SHANGHAI, June 27. — Belief that the Japanese government is intentionally fostering new anti-Japanese disturbances in China in order to have a pretext for intervention gains ground here daily as Japanese nationals continue to flout the anger of the Chinese crowds with every fresh arrival of troops.

The legation guard at Peking has been increased by 1,500 soldiers which is considered indicative by foreign opinion here.

Japanese troop trains of eighteen cars in length are no curiosity in China today and there is every reason for believing that the Japanese intend to extend their conquests beyond Tsinan in the immediate future.

BROACH SET FOR ELECTION STEAL IN LOCAL THREE

Workers Expose "Little Caesar"

Further evidence substantiating the charge that officials of Electrical Union 3 are planning an open election steal this Saturday when the union votes on its officers, was offered yesterday in quarters close to the administration of the union. These sources who for the time being do not care to be quoted, pointed out that at the union meeting held last Thursday at Central Opera House, H. H. Broach, International vice president, openly admitted the plan to steal the local elections.

Broach hinted that there is more than one way of stealing the elections, when at the last union meeting he said, "There is more than one way of killing a cat." In addition he strongly mphasized the fact that if he has anything to do with it there will be no change in the administration after the coming elections.

"By taking this stand on elections," it was declared, "Broach places himself in the class of Major George Berry, renegade president of the Printing Pressmens' Union, who has completely ruled out elections and is using the union merely for his own business purposes as a newspaper publisher."

"Broach has told the membership that it will require at least three more years to clean up New York. There are at least 20,000 unorganized electrical workers. In local 3 there are only 6,000 electrical workers, less than one-third of the workers employed in the electrical industry of the city. Not a finger has been moved nor a word spoken by International Vice-President Broach or the union officials in relation to the organization of the unorganized thousands of utility and alteration electrical workers.

"At a meeting held some months ago Broach stated that only 'two Communists and one half baked nut' were being excluded. At the last meeting these figures suddenly jumped to 85 members. Such deceptive statements by Broach do not erase the fact that more than 300 members are being excluded from union meetings. And yet our benevolent Mr. Broach speaks of cleaning up New York and obtaining better working conditions for the membership.

"At the last meeting of the local a resolution calling for the expenditure of more than $10,000 for the purchase of new automobiles for the Business Agents was placed before the membership. This at a time when unemployment and suffering of the workers is great. The purchase of new automobiles for the Business Agents is given precedence over the institution of relief measures for the unemployed members. What has Broach's machine in the local done to deserve reelection?"

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Anthracite Sub-District Stages Picnic Saturday

The first picnic of the year in the Anthracite Subdistrict of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held June 30, Saturday, at Avondale Hill, Plymouth Township.

Dancing from noon 'til midnight, good music, games, in one word: a good time for everybody at the picnic; the proceeds will go to the Party organization fund. Admission is only 25 cents. Direction: Take W. Nanticoke bus at Plymouth, get off at Avondale mine; ask the committee for further direction.

TO DEMAND JULY RAISE AT FUR MEET

A mass membership meeting called by the Joint Board of the Furriers Union will be held tonight at Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave., immediately after work.

Ben Gold, manager of the Joint Board will open the meeting with a report of the general trade situation, on the questions of the Progressive Bloc in the Joint Council, and on a campaign to secure the July wage raises for every fur worker in the trade.

"Last season," a leaflet calling the meeting declares, "the right wing Joint Council succeeded in selling out the fur workers to the bosses, who took advantage of this by dispensing not only with July raises but with all union conditions." This year plans must be formulated so that every worker in the trade will compel the recognition of the custom our militancy has established, namely, the granting of the July raises."

RAISE FOR OHIO PAINTERS

HAMILTON, Ohio, June 27. — A wage increase of 12½ cents an hour has been won by the Painters' Union.

CAPMAKERS WILL HOLD ANTI-PIECE WORK MEETING

To Demonstrate Against Zaritsky

All members of the Capmakers Union have been called to a mass meeting tomorrow evening, to protest against the organized and deliberate policy of President Max Zaritsky to foist the sweat shops system of piece work upon the New York membership. The meeting will be held in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th St. immediately after work.

The meeting will be a demonstration of protest against Zaritsky's destruction of the entire organization, by the expulsion and the dissolution of locals whose leadership is opposed to his policy of granting piece work to the bosses and the return of the 44-hour week, instead of the present 40.

In a statement issued by the left wing members of the union, it is pointed out that it was first necessary for the right wing to get rid of all militant elements who struggle against Zaritsky's continual surrender to the employers of the workers gains.

First Zaritsky removed the leadership of the Chicago strike against piece work, and then he called off this strike in spite of the fact that the season is now beginning. Holding out for a short period would have seen the capitulation of the bosses in the desire to avoid the loss of another season, the statement says. Zaritsky therefore tried to break the struggle by removing the progressive leaders, and now he calls off the strike outright.

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For Vice-President
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☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

Mr. Raskob Booms the "Smith Market"

Alfred E. Smith as president would give the country a constructive business administration. Business, big or little, has nothing to fear from Governor Smith. There is no occasion for business timidity during a presidential campaign. Business has outgrown the feeling that there is something to fear in campaign years. It is on too big a scale for that.—John J. Raskob.

Mr. Raskob is that prophet of the Stock Exchange whose word to a newspaper sent the prices of all leading stocks soaring. Raskob is chairman of the finance committee of General Motors and one of the monarchs of American finance-capital.

The whole life of Raskob is given to the organization and financing of huge concerns for the efficient exploitation of labor. Of supreme interest to him is the matter of forcing the hardest possible conditions of labor upon the hundreds of thousands of workers employed by the giant General Motors corporation and other concerns in which he and his associates are interested. Especially at this moment his corporations are concerned in the greatest possible lengthening of the working day. This is one effect of the universal spread of high machine development. When in all leading industrial countries the number of workers employed is decreasing in relation to the amount of investment in tremendous modern machine plants, the capitalists' greed for surplus value can be met only by increasing the length of the working day, intensifying exploitation and worsening conditions. Of most vital concern to Mr. Raskob at this time is the complete barring of all labor organization in automobile and steel manufacture and coal production.

Mr. Raskob is no fool. He knows that in the immediate years ahead there will be big and restless movements for the organization of huge mass unions in the automobile, steel and machine trades, and that the great mass union of the mine workers is now in process of being born. Raskob knows that right ahead will be strikes as big and even more important than the great steel strike of 1919-20 and the railroad and coal strikes of 1922.

Raskob knows, because he is no fool, that the full power of the central government and of the state governments will be required by himself and his fellow finance-capitalists, to crush the coming strikes, to attack and destroy the more vital labor movement that will grow out of the overthrow of such men as John Lewis, for instance, and the building of new, militant unions in the coal industry, the steel industry, etc.

* * *

Mr. John J. Raskob is interested in politics, because he is no fool, because no "syndicalist" illusions of "unimportance" of the state power have trickled through to his splendid offices. He knows that the state power is the decisive power in all class struggles.

Mr. Raskob is officially a republican. But that does not matter. He is one of those industrial-financial kings compelling the democratic national convention at Houston to nominate Alfred E. Smith for president (just as the same powers compelled the nomination of Hoover at Kansas City).

Raskob, living in Wall Street, knows that Smith has been advertised as somewhat "pro-labor" and "liberal," and that such names stick in the gullet of his Wall Street associates.

So Mr. Raskob tips them off again. "Big business has nothing to fear from Governor Smith." This means that Smith will obediently serve his masters, such as Raskob, in using the full power of the government, the army and the navy if needed, to crush the coming strikes, the most powerful executive office in the world to back up all legislation and court injunctions to devastate the trade unions. Mr. Raskob knows that a decision by the board of the General Motors, supported by the interlocking directorates of the big banks and the Steel Trust, would be instantly reflected in diplomatic notes of Smith's secretary of state and in orders of Smith's war department that would send United States armies marching in China, or Argentine, or to the borders of the Soviet Union.

* * *

Big business has nothing to fear from Al Smith, any more than from Hoover.

But the working class of America has everything to dread in the actions of Al Smith as president of the United States. The farmers have that to fear in the rule of Mr. Raskob through his servant, Al Smith, which they had to fear in the rule of the country by Mr. Raskob (with Morgan, Rockefeller, Mellon, etc.) through Coolidge—ruin, bankruptcy, expropriation. Even the "little business" referred to by Raskob can expect nothing but extinction at the hands of the trusts.

* * *

The Wall Street vultures represented by Raskob have something to fear only from one party. It is the party that is already furnishing all of the organized vitality that is behind the movements among the trade unions and unorganized workers for the big struggles which Mr. Raskob is afraid of. It is the revolutionary party of the working class, which is utilizing this election to rally the workers against capitalism—the Workers (Communist) Party.

Mr. Raskob is no fool, and he knows where there is danger to the rule of his class.

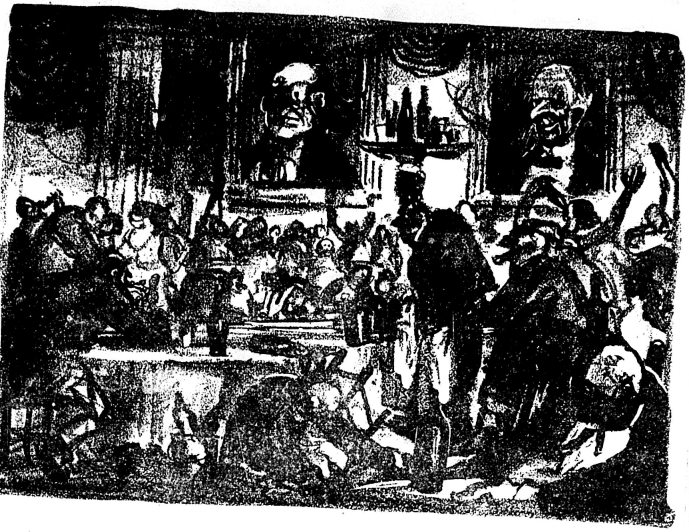
Many thousands of workers and exploited farmers will also learn it in the big red campaign of the Communist Party.

Vote Communist.

Join the Workers (Communist) Party.

THE PROHIBITION CAUCUS AT HOUSTON

By Fred Ellis



Holds Its Last Session.

A Crimson Day in Red Berlin

By LENWICK TONG.

The 27th of May was a bright and beautiful Whitsuntide Sunday on which the powerful, militant and well organized Red Front Fighters had their demonstration.

This was the fourth annual affair since their organization. But this year the demonstration has greater significance.

In the first place, the war danger has accentuated. A demonstration of this kind to show the strength of the workers certainly would make the capitalistic imperialists reckon many times before they dare to plan a war on Soviet Russia.

In the second place, before the election the German reactionaries did their worst to suppress this organization. But the high courts did not dare such an open act of repression against such a powerful organization.

In the third place, this demonstration was held right after the election which had showed a sweeping victory for the Communist Party. In many districts the Communist Party has shown an increase of over 50 per cent. Even in the most bourgeois territories the Communist element has increased more than that of any other party. Consequently, the Communist Party stands today second in Berlin and is the fourth party in Germany.

In this fourth demonstration the Lustgarten (The pleasure garden of the former German Emperors) was the place for concentration. The right of way was given to the demonstrators and all traffic to this square had been suspended by the police. As we have travelled in other capitalistic countries witnessing the arbitrary and oppressive measures of the police in suppressing any and all legal but radical meetings we wonder why the police in Berlin are so "different." But the reason is not far to seek, the Red Front Fighters organization is too powerful to be ignored.

* * *

Long before the time scheduled for the demonstrators to march in the immense throng had already overflowed the Lustgarden. Women and children had on their holiday clothes. Many wore red capes and dresses. Everybody was decorated with a red flower in his or her botton-hole.

The square is bounded on one side by the former imperial castle, at its right is the Dom or the Cathedral, on its left is a canal and opposite is an art museum. Covering the length of the Dom was a big red banner with the following slogan: "Comrades, The Red Front Enters the Communist Party." While that strung across the imperial castle was inscribed: "We swear that we are ready to defend the Soviet Union," and the same banner continued: "Each Factory is a Fortress of the Red Front."

On the museum steps stood a male choir of two or three hundred strong, while trucks with car-loads of young pioneers were parked alongside the cannal.

Promptly at 2:30 p. m. bands appeared from all the avenues leading to the square. Armies of Red Front Fighters were marching in to their appointed places. These armies were gathered from all parts of Germany or at least divisions were sent. They had been parading or marching thru the city since 6 o'clock in the morning. But all were in good spirits and showed no sign of weariness.

Aside from numerous red flags they carried there were many banners and placards with slogans of the following nature: "The Only Way to Victory is Over the Barricades," "We Will Revenge The Murder of Voikoff," "War Against War," etc.

Of course the square was entirely too small to accommodate the 500,000 people, 100,000 being Red Front Fighters and the rest being onlookers. Therefore people were overflowing the avenues.

* * *

The bugle soon announced the opening of the program. The choir sang the most stirring revolutionary songs. Although in the open, the strong voices were carried even to the most remote sections. Then speakers rose up at various quarters speaking to different groups. The shouting of "Hoch, Hoch, Hoch," or "Rote Front, Rote Front" were echoed and re-echoed everywhere.

At the end of the speech the speaker would read the pledge and his audience would follow and repeat each line. "This pledge or oath is certainly inspiring, herewith is the translation:

"Never to forget that world imperialism is preparing the war against Soviet Russia.

"Never to forget that the destiny of the working class of the whole world is bound up with Soviet Russia.

"Never to forget the experience and the suffering of the working class in the imperialist World War.

"Never to forget the 4th of August, 1914 and the betrayal of the reformists.

"Always and forever to fulfill my revolutionary duty to the working class and socialism.

"Always and forever remain a soldier of the revolution.

"Always and forever in all proletarian mass organizations in industries and factories to be a pioneer of the irreconcilable class war.

"On the front and in the army of imperialism to work only for the revolution.

"To lead the revolutionary fight for the destruction of class rule of the German bourgeoisie.

"To defend the Chinese Revolution and the Russian Soviet Union by any and every means.

"I swear:

"Always and forever to fight for Soviet Russia and for the world revolution."

* * *

The uniform of the Red Front Fighters is made of gray cloth. Some who came from South Germany, so I was told, wore khaki. The First Aid Squad was clad in white, as were the sport squads.

To show the popularity of the Red Front Fighters we only need to relate an incident: 75,000 of them jammed into the city of Berlin from various parts and they were accommodated and well cared for by their fellow-workers; while some time ago the Steel Helmet or fascist organization had a demonstration and they gathered about 16,000 people to come to Berlin, but no quarters were found for them. Besides, the Red Front Fighters individually or in group go around the city freely and always are warmly welcomed by workers, but when the Steel Helmets go around they are hissed and booed and often have to get police protection for their loafing about or demonstration.

In a word, the police had to be set in action to protect the Steel Helmets from the population.

Four Years Old.

The Red Front was organized in 1924. Ever since it has developed by leaps and bounds. Now there are 200,000 members in the organization besides the 50,000 Red Youth Front 30,000 Red Women Front and 20,000 Pioneers.

They are all in uniform and under one organization.

About 25 per cent of the Red Front belong to the Communist Party, while the rest are mostly workers of non-political connections, although some belong to the Social Democratic Party.

Any one with red blood in him would join this active and progressive organization, but, of course, when a disloyal member is found out he is kicked out.

Anyway, the Red Front is absolutely under the Communist direction and in case of an imperialist war it would be the "Storm Troops" of the proletariat. Moreover, 200,000 strong is no guage of the strength of the Red Front, for, only those above 21 can join the organization, while those under that age would belong to the Red Youth.

The social-democratic leaders would sell out when the crisis comes, but many of the workers in that organization will come over to the Communists. To illustrate, the Communist Party in Germany may not have members up to the mark of 150,000 but according to the return of the election about three and a half millions voted for the Communist ticket.

Again, the actual number of the Red Front in Berlin has shown a decrease this year due to the strict discipline and the time required of them. The policy is to make every one active and weed out all dead timber. Despite this the voting on the Communist ticket even in Berlin has increased more than any other party.

In Key Industries.

The strength of the Red Front is firmly established in the key industries, such as the chemical, steel and metal, including the harbor workers.

In the agrarian district of East Prussia since the attempt of the reactionary to suppress this organization 1,800 new members have been recruited from there.

* * *

Again, to estimate the real strength of the Red Front we must not overlook its superb morale. Compare it with the Steel Helmet which is nothing but a mercenary horde of the capitalists. Even the well trained and equipped soldiers of the imperialists would go into the battle fields for no other purpose than to earn their bread and butter. The Red Front Fighters are an army of class conscious hard working men. If they fight they are fighting for a cause. They fight to loosen their own chains and to free their fellow workers under oppression elsewhere. Therefore when they take that oath as quoted above they fully realize its meaning and when they sang "The International" with the following words they surely cannot fail to grasp the significance:

"Arise! ye prisoners of starvation!
"Arise! ye wretched of the earth:
For justice thunders condemnation,
A better world's in birth!" etc.

In the Red Youth Front annual conference a couple of days before this demonstration we witnessed similar revolutionary display and atmosphere. It is certainly an inspiration without proceeding further into that home of the proletariat—Moscow. Anything comparable to this outside of Russia would be the mass demonstration in China when the revolution was in the hands of the proletariat and under Soviet advice.

Although all the capitalistic countries now are getting more and more reactionary and fascistic, the workers are becoming more and more class conscious, better united and organized. We certainly cannot presume that the German ruling class is merciful and tolerant. Force is the only argument that the ruling class can understand.

Let workers of other capitalistic countries organize as well as those of Germany. The most die-hard imperialistic cliques in America, France, Japan, Italy, Poland, etc. would be just as "tolerant" as that in Berlin by permitting such open revolutionary meetings and demonstrations—if they have to be.

WORLD TRUST GRIPS CHEMICAL INDUSTRY

Byy LELAND OLDS.
(Federated Press.)

A capitalist chemical colossus bestriding the world is revealed as successor to the pre-war international munitions ring in the report of Chairman Alfred Mond to the first annual general meeting of the Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd.

The Imperial Chemical Industries has interests in Canada, Australia, New Zealand, China, Japan, the United States and on the European continent. It is rapidly expanding. In 1927 it acquired more than 99 per cent of the capital stock of Brunner Mond, Nobel Industries, United Alkali and British Dyestuffs together with practical ownership of Cassel Cyanide, Union Acid and several other important chemical companies.

"I. C. I.," said Mond, "now has complete controlling interests in 40 manufacturing and trading concerns and a large measure of control over more than 30 other companies. The principal constituent companies have always worked in relations of complete harmony with several foreign companies, notably with Solvays, Allied Chemicals and DuPonts. With foreign concerns interests must touch at many points and it is only natural that all should desire to reach understandings on such matters as exchange of technical information and prevention of uneconomic production."

Imperial Chemical has investments in DuPonts, General Motors and Allied Chemical. Recently the alliance has been strengthened by the establishment of the Finance Co. of Britain & America, Ltd., with capital stock held equally by Mond's combine and the Chase National Bank of New York. Its purpose, according to Mond, is to supply credit, reorganize and develop industries in any part of the world except Russia.

HANdOuTS

The lyric cry of recognition that rises to the lips of one apologist for capitalism when he beholds another brother of the ilk quivered upon the pages of the New York Times when Evans Clark, star "economist" of the Times, rose on his hind legs and crowed for all the world to hear that George Bernard Shaw's new book, "The Intelligent Woman's Guide to Socialism," is a "monumental" work.

In addition to tooting the kazo for George, whose whiskers are the pride of the Second International, Mr. Clark also tried to take Karl Marx down a few pegs. Marx may have been right as far as British capitalism is concerned, Clark chortles, but he was all wrong about the land of the brave and home of the free where the bosses are cooperating to keep prices as low and wages as high as possible. And to prove that Marx was wrong this ex-socialist proceeds to pervert him. Which really proves that Mr. Evans Clark has an acute, un-Marxian nose for whiffing the direction from which his pay-check comes.

* * *

Our prosperous contemporary, the Wall Street Journal, announces that a 10 per cent cut has been made in the prices of Firestone Tires. This should be hailed with a rousing cheer by the proletariat. No worker now need let his Hispana-Suizas, or Rolls-Royce fall into decay for lack of a few dollars.

* * *

Frank G. Gannon, superintendent of Street-Cleaning now on trial for graft in New York, managed to save $111,588 in 3 years on a salary of $3,800 a year. When asked to explain this phenomenon, Gannon answered "A little birdie gave it to me." Which means of course, that Gannon, while playing golf with the business men of the city, arranged the graft between shots.

* * *

GEMS OF LEARNING

Fred C. W. Parker, in the Kiwanis Magazine: "Shelley, I believe, once said, 'Hell is a city like ......' If Shelley were referring to our convention city he would revise his statement and say, 'Heaven is a city like Seattle'." Not if he worked in the sawmills.

William J. Smith, Business man: "I'll tell you what has been my most valuable idea. In learning to be grateful for what I have, I learned the most important lesson of my life. People are usually fighting to gain material things, and when they learn to be satisfied with what life has given them they begin to be happy." If life has given you yellow jaundice and pyorrhea be satisfied with it. Don't ask for more!

An Appeal to Those Who Toil

By PAUL REISS

Comrades! Workers!

There is little to be added to the things already said and written through the numerous appeals in The DAILY WORKER, how important it is to rush aid in the form of funds in order to keep The DAILY WORKER. Our DAILY WORKER. Your paper and my paper, the mouthpiece of the revolutionary workers that is in grave danger.

The DAILY WORKER is in danger of being destroyed and at this time not by direct force of the authorities, the enemy of the working class, but by lack of support from the workers themselves; by lack of funds to keep up the spark of the most important fighter for the worker's cause everywhere.

Time For Action.

This is not a time for beautiful nor sentimental appeals; nor is it a time for sighing and crying about how bad it is that our DAILY WORKER may have to go down. Some of the appeals have been very beautifully worded and very entertaining to those who like to listen but are not up to act. Beautiful words are good in peace time, not in time of war and danger. At such time, action counts. The hour for action is here. You are playing a tremendous part in this struggle to save The DAILY WORKER. The way to keep alive the spark of the revolutionary mouthpiece of the workers of America is not by listening to beautiful words and appeals but by action,—quick and determined.

Comrades, you must act now. This very minute. You must dig deep into your pockets and contribute the last nickle, the last penny, that you have. Contribute until it hurts—now as never before. YOU MUST! YOU WILL!

Making History

This very minute you are making history of the working class. Every minute that you lose in hesitation you are postponing that much further the gains and the victory of the workers. Altogether with united effort we shall win, save and keep our DAILY WORKER. We shall make it much stronger, much more powerful than ever before. Let The DAILY WORKER be the beacon light of the workers towards victory.

From the White Spot of the world—from Los Angeles, we the comrades are appealing to you comrades in different parts of the country and ask you to do your share.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

NATIONAL EDITION

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DEA[illegible]ENTENCE FOR [illegible]UNISTS IN JA[illegible] LAW

Fascist Re[illegible] Fears Growing Influence

TOKIO, June 28.—A new "peace preservation law" approved today by the Privy Council will make liable to capital punishment any person who seeks to change the "fundamental constitution of Japan." The law is admittedly directed against the Communist Party and other left wing workers' organizations.

The legislation is the culmination of a series of laws and police raids directed against militant sections of the working class. Since the gains made by left wing workers and peasants in the last national elections, the government has used every means in its efforts to curb the growing radicalization of the masses.

The new law also provides for a minimum punishment of ten years imprisonment for all persons joining "secret societies" aiming at the destruction of private property.

Thousands of workers were arrested and jailed in the recent "red raids." A number of left wing newspapers and organizations were suppressed.

• • •

TOKIO, June 28.—Reinforced with cabinet's ten votes, the privy council is expected to pass the measure, which the opposition has been delaying for a number of days, making

(Continued on Page Three)

YOUNG WORKERS HOLD CONFERENCE

Communist League of District 5 Meets

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 28.—A special district "Build the Young Workers League" conference was held here on Sunday, June 24, 1928, in the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St.

There were 44 delegates at this conference, representing almost all the units of the Young Workers League in the district. The majority of the delegates were young miners representing many units in the mining camps of Western Pennsylvania. During the 14 months of struggle against the coal operators and their agents the Lewis administration, the young miners were fighting in the front ranks. At present they are rallying to the banners of the Young Workers (Communist) League in all parts of the district.

Representatives of the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers League yesterday reported on the miners strike and the role of the Young Workers League.

Party and League

A report on the Party and League relations was made by the District Organizer of the Workers Party, A. Jakira, in which he emphasized the necessity of maintaining the correct relations with the party which is the leader of the workers in their struggles.

The main report to the conference was made by District Organizer of the Young Workers League Dave Mates on the necessity of building the League in the district and deeply rooting the Young Workers League among the young miners and steel workers in western Pennsylvania.

SHIP LEAVES TO SEEK AMUNDSEN

OSLO, Norway, June 28.—Another relief expedition was scheduled to leave for Spitzbergen tonight from Aslesund to aid the search for Raold Amundsen, Norwegian explorer, and his five companions who were lost on a flight to rescue the members of the Nobile Arctic expedition. The ice ship Veslekari, chartered for the trip, will be in command of Captain John Olsen, an experienced Arctic man.

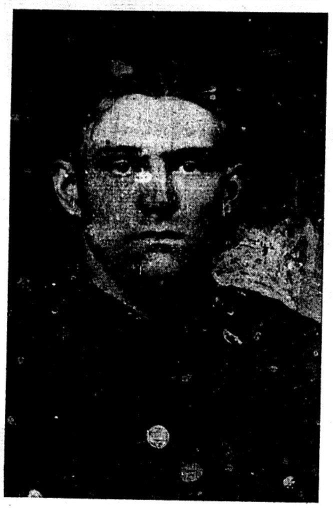
Major Grant and two Norwegian fliers will be aboard the Veslekari with a contingent of planes, and will make flights over North East Land and Spitzbergen after the ship has established a base.

The campaign to raise funds for the expedition is going ahead enthusiastically. More than 70,000 kroner were collected today.

BUILD GIANT ZEPPELIN.

FRIEDERICHSHAFEN, June 28.—A giant new Zeppelin is completing construction here. The Maybach motors, using gas fuel, have been increased by 100 horsepower, but such speed prevents the motors from working as smoothly. The engineers expect to overcome this deficiency, however. Trial flight will be made late in July.

Young Worker in Toils of U. S. Militarists



John Porter, organizer of the Young Workers League and vice-president of the New Bedford Textile Union, who may be sentenced to a life-term in jail if the United States militarists have their way. He is now in Fort Adams jail, Newport, R. I., awaiting court martial for deserting the army. Only the mass protest of the workers can force his release.

CROUCH WILL VISIT PORTER IN HIS CELL

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 28.—John Porter, young textile strike leader who deserted the U. S. Army because it is against the working class, and then joined the Young Communist League, is still being held in the prison of Fort Adams, Newport, Rhode Island, to face court martial.

Paul Crouch, the Communist ex-soldier who was sentenced to a 40-year term for trying to organize a Communist League in the army post at Hawaii, started out yesterday for Fort Adams with Porter's attorney to pay Porter a visit, it was learned yesterday.

The International Labor Defense the Young Workers (Communist) League, as well as the New Bedford Textile Union, of which Porter is vice-president, have been trying to obtain his release, but have been unsuccessful till now. The attorneys for the I. L. D. are trying to force the case into the civil courts.

This is because it is feared that a brutal sentence may be passed by the army czars sitting in court martial. They have full power to throw him into jail for even a life term.

A.F.L. COMPLETES POLITICAL DEAL

Green and Morrison At Houston

HOUSTON, June 28.—The prearranged program by which officials of the American Federation of Labor carried out its political betrayal of organized labor took form here today when Wm. Green, president and Frank Morrison, secretary of the Federation appeared before the platform committee of the democratic party.

Most significant of the demands was one for federal control of the coal industry which is taken to mean that the A. F. of L. is ready openly to abandon all struggle in the mining districts.

"Labor wants the five-day week," Morrison declared, "as soon as social and economic conditions would permit." This qualification it is pointed out brings the demand well within the limits to which even Andrew Mellon, notorious open-shop coal operator, and secretary of the treasury, can go.

Green went even a step further in what is seen as its increasingly open support of trustified industry when he appealed for modification of the Sherman anti-trust law. In addition Green and Morrison sought a plan calling for 2.75 per cent beer, an issue which is seen as a move to strengthen the position of Al Smith.

MAINTAIN DONETZ PLOTTER'S GUILT

Rabinowitch Fails to Shake Witnesses

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U.S.S.A., June 28.—Huge crowds of workers, cramming the court of justice where the trial of the technicians accused of counter-revolutionary activities in the Donetz basin is in progress, yesterday heard the former coal controller Rabinovitch try and fail to shake the evidence that witnesses had brought against him.

All the witnesses again and again repeated that Rabinovitch had been a member of the sabotagers organization.

Following the examination, the report of the technical experts was read.

Tomorrow's session of the court will be held in camera.

Dry Raiders Seize New Jersey Coal Tar Plant

Property valued at $1,500,000, the entire plant of the Atlantic Coal Tar Distillates Company, of Elizabeth. N. J., was seized Monday by Prohibition agents, it was revealed yesterday. It is alleged that the company was operating an illicit distilling plant.

The seizure was announced by Colonel Arthur JJ. Hanlon, New Jersey prohibition administrator, acting under orders from Washington. He led the raiding party of 19 men, who entered the plant during working hours ordered all the employees to quit the premises and settled down to retain possession.

So far as was learned, no arrests have been made.

SEE EFFORT TO EXTRADITE BELA KUN TO HUNGARY

Reactionary Press Yelps For His Murder

(Special Cable to DAILY WORKER.)

VIENNA, June 28.—Continuing to lament that Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, sentenced two days ago by the Austrian "socialist" government, received only a three month jail term, the capitalist press here is attempting to re-open the whole question in the hope that Kun may yet be extradited at the bidding of the Horthy government.

The capitalist press is indulging in the most savage expressions of regret that Kun was not sentenced to a longer term, the organ of the Pan-Germans, the party of which Dinghoffer, who feigned to oppose the extradition of Kun, is a member, going so far as to regret that Bela Kun was not murdered.

The Communist press here sees in the continued press campaign an attempt to re-open the whole extradition question.

OHIO MINERS IN DRIVE ON SCABS

Lewis Shuts Off All Relief

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

GLOUCESTER, Ohio, June 27.—A shipment of scabs from the south brought into Hocking Valley by the Sunday Creek Coal Company in an attempt to open three of its mines was stopped and turned back by a mass picket line of determined coal diggers. The strikers and their women folk paraded the roads from railway station to the tipples day and night during the past weeks, thus defeating the operators' att pt to resume work at the mines on an open shop basis.

Continues Treachery

Oral Daugherty, deposed president of this district of the United Mine Workers of America, has claimed a large following in his "back to work" movement in this part of Ohio. Daugherty advocated return to work "for whatever you can get" or "starve to death" as the alternative. He is openly supported by business men's organizations. However, in spite of the wide publicity the general press is giving his propaganda and the admitted support from the business men, mass picket lines prove that Daugherty has few if any adherents in his home district. He does not even claim a following anywhere else, although his propaganda is spread broadcast.

Picket Eastern Ohio Mines

A similar attempt to open four mines in eastern Ohio Tuesday, June 26, was also met with defeat. Four picket lines and state troopers were present, but not one applicant for a job made an appearance.

In eastern Ohio no relief at all is distributed by the union. The National Miners Relief Committee alone is saving thousands of families from literal starvation. In Hocking Valley, however, families of six, seven or more receive only from $1 to $1.25 a week.

Urgent Appeal

Alfred Wagenknecht, relief director, has sent telegrams to relief committees in the large cities, asking that all funds on hand be sent to the national relief headquarters, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, to permit another carload to go forward to Ohio immediately.

AID MINE RELIEF.

On Saturday, June 30th, there will be an entertainment organized by the Spanish Workers' Club at 55 W. 113th Street. All proceeds of the affair will go to the Miners' Relief. The entrance is absolutely free. All are invited.

TEXTILE WORKERS TO HOLD DEMONSTRATION DESPITE POLICE EDICT

Mill Barons' Police Still Refuse to Permit Demonstration in Spite of Protests

Textile Mill Committee Plans Campaign to Meet New Boss Offensive

(Special to the DAILY WORKER)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 28.—Isaac Sherr, a New York attorney sent here by the International Labor Defense, has begun a fight for the immediate release of William T. Murdoch and Fred E. Beal, leaders of the striking textile workers here who are in jail for leading picket demonstrations at the mill gates. Murdoch is imprisoned under a 90 day sentence, and Beal, 30 days.

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 28.—Thousands of textile strikers are expected to turn out for the giant mill workers' demonstration Saturday in spite of the fact that the police still refuse to grant the New Bedford Textile Mill Committee a permit. The Committee has announced that the workers are overwhelmingly in favor of the demonstration in spite of the police edict.

On the picket lines this morning and at the gatherings of workers later in the North and South End halls, the chief topic of conversation was the so-called reopening of the mills, blared forth by the local press here as scheduled for July 9. This loudly heralded gesture of the mill owners is correctly estimated by the workers themselves as a ruse and an empty boast.

"We are the ones who closed the mills, and not the bosses; and we alone can open the mills," is the sentiment among the strikers. At the mass meetings held daily by the strikers when they come back from day's picketing and also held in the afternoons, the leaders of the union tell the strikers that it is to be expected that a few scores of scabs from out-of-town may be imported in order to create the illusion that the employers succeeded in getting workers back to work. This will give the bosses' newspapers a chance to fill the air with a smoke screen that the strike is ending. Therefore the strike leaders call upon the strikers to meet the challenge of the employers on July 9.

• • •

Harry Ehrlich, on tour for Workers International Relief in New England, reports that workers in New England are beginning to realize that the New Bedford strike is of vital importance not only to the workers in New Bedford but for all the workers in the textile industry.

The workers in Lawrence, Lowell, Nashau, Concord and other textile centers in New England have organized relief sections of W. I. R. Tag days, house to house collections, picnics, are now on the order of the day to help out the New Bedford strikers.

It is interesting to note, Ehrlich reports, the anti-strike activities by those who profess to be leaders of labor. The A. F. T. O., and the U. T. W., now in a holy alliance, have secured the aid of the politician and police departments in various cities, in an effort to stem the relief that is pouring into the W. I. R. relief offices, which is taking the leading part in relief work for the New Bedford strikers.

To Be At 'Daily' Affair

Prof. Leo Theremin, distinguished U. S. S. R. scientist and inventor, who will perform on his new invention, by which he draws music out of the air, at the great DAILY WORKER concert at Coney Island Stadium July 14.

Prof. Theremin Will Star at the "Daily" Concert

Music in the modern manner will be the order of the day at the great concert and entertainment, to be held July 14 at the Coney Island Stadium. In addition to Prof. Leo Theremin, who will exhibit his famous invention that enables music to be drawn out of the air, Volpe's Orchestra of 50 musicians will play futuristic jazz in a way that will make it hard for the 25,000 workers, who are expected to pack the Coney Stadium, to sit still.

The announcement that Theremin will be on the program has aroused widespread interest among the workers of this city. Prof. Theremin, who arrived in this country only a few

Continued on Page Two)

MINERS ASK MOND TALKS SUSPENDED

Reject Collaboration with Employers

LONDON, June 28.—The Miners Conference of South Wales has resolved to suspend the so-called "industrial peace" negotiations between members of the general council of the Trades Union Congress and a group of employers headed by Lord Mond.

Resolution has been handed to the South Wales miners' delegation in the Trades Union Congress which has been instructed to vote against continuance of the negotiations.

The general council of the Trades Union Congress has accepted the proposal to form a permanent industrial committee of workers and employers. In September, the Trades Union Congress will be asked to ratify this acceptance.

GOVERNOR WILL NOT PARDON MOONEY

Only Hope Is Nation-Wide Protest by the Working Class

Following closely upon the heels of the agitational campaign for the freedom of Mooney and Billings from life imprisonment, begun by the International Labor Defense, comes the report from Sacramento, Califronia, that Governor Young will not consider issuing a pardon to the two victims of the frame-up system.

This action, it is pointed out here, is a thorough vindication of the position taken by International Labor Defense which is urging that no reliance be put upon the courts and governors who are part and parcel of the enemies of Mooney and Billings, but that all efforts be put into organizing a working class protest movement throughout the world which will exert sufficient pressure to force the release of the two labor fighters.

Already, as a result of agitation organized by the I. L. D., a number of labor organizations and labor papers have taken a renewed stand for Mooney's and Billings' freedom. Only a few days ago, the Milwaukee (Wisc.) Federated Trades Council upon a motion by Jac. Friedrick of the Machinists' Union, adopted without a dissenting vote a motion for the release of Mooney and Billings. At the same time it recorded itself in favor of the freedom of the Centralia I. W. W. who have now been imprisoned for nine years in Walla Walla., Wash. prison.

As a part of its campaign, the Labor Defender, the official organ of the International Labor Defense, has given over its July issue to a special Mooney-Billings number. The story of the entire frame-up case a letter from Tom Mooney and photographs of the figures and incidents in the fight are features in this issue.

DEMOCRATS DODGE ALL REAL ISSUES

Tammany Tiger Goes Bone Dry

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

HOUSTON, June 28.—Politics as it is played on a national scale by performers who have neither principle nor conviction to maintain was illustrated here in the recommendation to the democratic convention by its platform committee of a prohibition enforcement plank which completely repudiates the position of its assured candidate for president, Al Smith.

And Al Smith will swallow the plank, dry as it is in one gulp—and will unquestionably claim that he likes it, except in the East where he will do the trick with a slight wink of one Tammany eye.

Gone is the boasted states rights issue. In its place is a quibble about amendment if the "consciousness of mankind" demands it.

Dubious Farm Plank.

Other planks recommended are one equally dubious on farm relief which amid an onslaught of verbiage promises precisely nothing. In addition considerable is said about the corruption of the republican party which is apparently to be the main issue of the coming campaign. In other respects also the platform will follow the obscure and straddling model set up by the republicans at Kansas City two weeks ago. A good platform from the capitalist point of view, it has been said, should be like a many-colored stained glass window: whoever gazes through it should

(Continued on Page Two)

ZINOVIEV BACK IN PARTY, RUMOR

Kameneff, 36 Others Readmitted, Report

BERLIN, June 28.—It is reported here in the conservative press that the Praesidium of the All Union Communist Party has voted to take back into the party Zinoviev, Kameneff and thirty-six other former members of the opposition.

Zinoviev, Kameneff and the others acknowledged their errors and completely repudiated Trotskyism, the report states.

No verification of the report has yet been received.

Discover Huge Deposit Of Feldspar On Farm

ALSTEAD, N. H., June 28.—An enormous slab of feldspar, 100,000 feet square, said to be large enough to meet the requirements of America for a generation, has been discovered on a farm here. The deposit is adjacent to feldspar and mica mines which are among the largest in the world.

The announcement, which dismisses a fear that this country's supply of fluxing agents for glass, tiles, pottery, brick, etc., might be approaching depletion, was made today by the industrial development department of the Boston and Maine Railroad, after a report by Charles E. Locke of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

JOINT DEFENSE JAMBOREE JULY 7

Thousands Expected At Gala Affair

The great picnic and jamboree of the Joint Defense Committee of Cloakmakers and Furriers, which will be held Saturday, July 7, in Starlight Park, is expected to attract thousands of workers. Present plans indicate that this will be one of the greatest working class celebrations of the year.

An elaborate program of entertainment is being arranged, which will last thruout the day and well into the evening. Sports of all kinds, swimming and dancing are included. In order to enable all militant workers to attend this affair, The DAILY WORKER has decided to postpone its picnic in Pleasant Bay Park, which was originally scheduled to take place July 8. It will be held about the middle of August.

FIND BARGE WORKER'S BODY.

MT. VERNON, N. Y., June 28.—The body of John Scott, 26, of 68 Lawrence St., Brooklyn, today was recovered from the waters of Eastchester Creek here.

Sweeping Injunction Bars Iron Workers Union from Picketing Open Shop

STRONG LOBBY IN INDIANA KEPT UP BY POWER TRUST

Schools, Newspapers Use Propaganda

WASHINGTON, June 28.—A powerful lobby was maintained before the Indiana State Legislature to oppose legislation unfavorable to the public utilities corporations of that state, John Mellett, of Indianapolis testified before the Federal Trade Commission's power trust inquiry today.

Mellett's testimony concerned the period from 1920 to 1927, when he was executive secretary of the Indiana Public Utilities Association and director of the Utilities information Bureau. He resigned these posts last year.

Albert Stump, Democratic nominee for United States Senator in Indiana, was paid about $1,300 in 1921 and 1922 for making speeches on public utilities subjects, according to Mellett's testimony.

Mellett testified that 30,000 to 35,000 column inches of information published in his "Hoosier Utility," a weekly bulletin, has been reprinted in Indiana newspapers. The "clip sheet" was sent to all newspapers of the state, high schools, women's clubs and libraries.

In addition to the bulletin the utilities association issued six "school bulletins" annually to about 300 high schools. In 1925, 21,790 of these pamphlets were distributed. School principals were sent copies and asked whether they could use them in their classes, and usually responded in the affirmative.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—Thirteen thousand school children in Kansas are being taught from a textbook which power propagandists compiled and distributed, and which a leading educator riddled with criticism, the Federal Trade Commission learned today.

H. Lee Jones, director of the Information Bureau of the Kansas Public Service Companies, testified in the commission's investigation of the Power Trust that only "immaterial" changes had been made in the book after the criticism. The record showed that the statements the educator challenged were not changed. Seventy five percent of the book—"The story of our public utilities"—is "an exact reproduction" of text material prepared by the Illinois propaganda committee, Jones testified.

Jones submitted the book manuscript three years ago to Dr. P. F. Walker, dean of the school of engineering of the university of Kansas. Walker was paid $40 for examining and criticizing it. Correspondence showed he did not know it was to be used in schools.

Gas

A section of the book teaching the children about natural gas, the one not taken from the Illinois committees publications, began with this statement:

"One of the duties of the Bureau of Mines is to publish information showing how efficiency in the production and utilization of fuels may be increased and waste prevented. In accordance with that duty this manual has been prepared for distribution to those who use natural gas in their homes".

The pamphlet then quoted the late Joseph A. Holmes, first director of the bureau.

"The impression is given that the pamphlet is a Bureau of Mines Publication", Dean Walker noted in his report. The bureau is a federal agency, under the Department of Commerce.

And Profits

A discussion of the relative efficiency of an electric motor and a steam engine, in the same book, made an unfair comparison and gave "an erroneous impression", Walker reported. Depreciation was confused with maintenance in one section, essaying to teach the children about utility financing, according to Walker.

The book also taught that utilities "make no profits in the sense that most businesses do".

DISABLED MINER THROWN ON SCRAP HEAP BY CAPITALISM

By W. J. WHITE

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, June 28.—Martin Kasper was hurt in the mine of the Indiana and Jefferson Coal Co., at Iselin, Pennsylvania. His foot was broken and crushed by a fall of slate in the mine. This happened in August, 1925. After being out of work for two months the Compensation Agent L. S. Kishbaugh, 910 U. S. National Bank Building, Johnstown, Pa., sent Kasper to a company doctor by the name of Griffiths, who was to pass on the injury, and if he said Kasper was fit to go to work then he was to return to work.

Sent to Hospital

Dr. Griffiths sent Kasper to the hospital at Indiana, Pa., where his foot was examined by a certain Dr. Moore, who on examining the X-ray of the foot told Kasper he was to lay off work for at least seven or eight months. In spite of this fact Kasper was ordered back to work by the company doctor after he had been out of work for two weeks.

Kasper, who was in no condition to work, came to Pittsburgh to see the Polish Consul at 249 N. Craig St. The Consul sent Kasper to a doctor Landon who upon examination reported on December 3, 1925, that Kasper was not fit to go to work, and that he must have monetary support until he was able to find an easy job.

Finally, Kasper, after many months of weary waiting, secured a lawyer to take his case on the 17th of Oct., 1927, but the only result of this hearing was that the compensation board was sustained by the courts and now after nearly three years, this worker in the prime of life is in the county home at Mayfair, Pa. He paid the lawyer $45, the doctors $15, and the Polish Consul $2.90 for postage out of a compensation of $234.

Kasper is a permanent cripple and can not work, nor can he get the necessary money to have an operation performed on his broken foot. In his present state he is on the capitalist scrap heap for the rest of his life, and the coal companies are freed from taking care of him. The International Labor Defense is taking his case up with a lawyer, but the chances are very slim that he will ever get any more compensation. In the rush for profits he is merely tossed aside.

SOVIET WOMEN SEND GREETINGS

Kate Gitlow Brings the Message to U. S.

(Greetings from the Women Workers and Peasants of the City of Moscow and Moscow Province to the working class women of America. The greetings are sent with Kate Gitlow.)

The working women of Moscow, the Red proletarian capital of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, send their greetings to their dear comrades, the working women of capitalist America.

Availing ourselves of the opportunity we wish to convey to you thru the comrade departing for America that we to-day, free builders of the first Soviet country, always remember you are caught in the shackles of the capitalist order.

"Land of Gold"

They say of America that it is a land of gold. Yet we know that this gold represents the blood and sweat of millions of toilers, and we know that this gold is concentrated in the hands of a small clique of parasite exploiters wallowing in luxury and enjoying all the pleasures of life while the overwhelming masses of worker-producers have been dispossessed of the fruits of their toil and committed to a miserable existence. We know that in your country there are 2 millions of unemployed, and that the burden of oppression rests heaviest of all on the proletarian women.

We call upon you to rally round your Communist Party in order that you very effectively raise the banner of struggle against the capitalist class. For our part we pledge to the proletariat of America all our help and support.

We deem it appropriate to relate to you the great success we have achieved within the space of ten years of our Revolution. We, the women workers, actively assist in the building of our Socialist state, in the development of our industry since we are the owners of our country. We are socializing agricultural life, consolidating small and weak patches of land into great electrified communities using powerful equipment.

In Union Work

We take a prominent part in the councils of workers and peasants and thousands from our ranks have assumed leadership and are occupying most responsible governmental positions. You will find us in the midst of trade union work, of cooperatives, and other social organizations, functioning as equal members of one working class family. We devote a great deal of our energy to the organization and maintenance of kindergardens, working homes and various institutions devoted to the care of babies and children. The number of such institutions grows yearly providing additional accommodations for thousands of babies and children. No country in the world, including America, can compare with us in the matter of caring for our mothers and their children.

Yet what we have accomplished is only the beginning. Our achievements are bound to multiply in as much as our national wealth becomes greater and the wounds inflicted upon us by the world war and civil war heal completely. At present we still have tremendous difficulties. However, we realize that while we are surrounded by countries where the capitalists and landowners have intrenched themselves, there is one country where a proletariat is at the helm.

Face Tasks

Great is our land with its hundred and fifty million people. There are regions within our territory where there are no railroads, where camels, dogs or even reindeer are our means of communication and where ther is almost absolute illiteracy. We are faced with a task of raising the cultural level of many of our nationalities whose backwardness is due to the oppression they suffered during the regime of the monarchy, but we face our task cheerfully believing that we will surmount our difficulties providing the international capitalism, our deadly enemy, should not be permitted to interfere with us. To this you have to see. The proletariat of America must defend the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics from attacks. Appealing to you to help us in this we know that you watch with interest the progress we are making and that you rejoice at every improvement we bring about.

Long live the international solidarity of the working class.

International solidarity—here is our banner:

The Communist International—there is our leader.

Long live the American proletariat men and women.

Forward to attack capitalism.

(Signed)

Women Workers and Peasants of the City of Moscow and the Moscow Province.

May 5, 1928.

Children of Textile Strikers Aid Parents in Fighting Mill Bosses

The children of the striking New Bedford textile workers know from their own sufferings the significance of the heroic struggle their parents are waging. Photo shows a group of workers' children picketing outside the Nonquitt Mill in New Bedford.

DEMOCRATS DODGE ALL REAL ISSUES

Tammany Tiger Goes Bone Dry

(Continued from Page One)

be able to see whatever color he likes.

* * *

HOUSTON, June 28.—The nomination of Al Smith, Tammany governor of New York, is all but settled on the first ballot. It is also fairly certain that Joseph Robinson, democratic whip, from Arkansas will be his running mate.

The appearance of the American Federation of Labor so-called nonpartisan political campaign committee, headed by William Green, president, and Frank Morrison, secretary, with its terms of surrender of the workers' interests to the democratic party, reminded the Tammany delegates that in New York one of the supporting pillars of its graft organization is the labor officialdom. Accordingly the members of the platform committee listened to Green and Morrison for about twenty minutes after which they retired to formulate a "labor" plank no doubt as remarkable as the one on prohibition.

Ohio Grafters Freed

TOLEDO, O., June 28.—Seven men, headed by Guy Huston, president of the Chicago Joint Stock Land Bank, charged with using the mails to defraud, are free of charges today following action of Federal Judge John M. Killits yesterday when he ordered the indictments returned by the grand jury June 7, 1927, to be squashed.

LIVELY MUSIC AT THE DAILY AFFAIR JULY 14

(Continued from Page One)

months ago from Soviet Russia, has been the sensation of the musical and scientific world. By means of his new invention, music of the greatest beauty can be drawn out of the air without the aid of a musical instrument. Theremin literally plays on air, the different tones being produced by different movements of his hands thru the air.

Prof. Theremin's previous appearances in this city have always been at exclusive, high-priced concerts before small audiences generally composed of musicians and scientists. At the great concert July 14 this distinguished product of the only workers' republic in the world will for the first time perform before a working class audience. Theremin is only one of the many famous artists who will take part in the program.

The affair will be a double celebration since it will also observe the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille, which marked the opening of the French Revolution. The concert will thus offer an opportunity for the revolutionists of today to join hands with the revolutionists of a former day.

SOCIALISTS PAY LOW WAGES

MILWAUKEE, June 28.—A hearing on a new county wage scale for county employees was again put off by county authorities last week. Tho this county is controlled by socialists and so-called progressives, the wages of public employees is low, and open shop contracting firms are hired for public building.

MELLON NAMED IN TRUST SUIT

Behind Aluminum Co.'s Activities, Charge

BOSTON, June 28.—Naming Andrew J. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, as a participant in the policies of the Aluminum Company of America, the Baush Machine Tool Company of Springfield today had on file in Federal Court a suit for $9,000,000 against that firm and its officers. Secretary Mellon was mentioned in the declaration of the plaintiff, but was not made a defendant in the action.

The Springfield Company alleged a conspiracy to create an aluminum monopoly. The company claims damages of $3,000,000, but sued under the statutory three-fold damage provision.

The bill of the Baush Company stated that although Mellon resigned as a director of the defendant company in 1920, he continued to participate in its policies and management and had been a "dominating factor therein."

NANKING TRANSFERS MAIL.

NANKING, June 28.—Instructions that the Peking office of the director general and the co-director general of posts must be removed to Nanking have been received by them from the Chinese ministry of communications. This is in line with the policy of the Nanking regime to favor Nanking as the capital instead of Peking.

NOTED ACTOR DEAD.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, N. J., June 28.—Robert B. Mantell, noted Shakespearean actor, died shortly after noon today at his country home, "Brucewood" here.

DECISION HITS AT STRIKE AGAINST OPEN SHOP FIRM

May Force Union to Pay Damages

A sweeping injunction forbidding the Architectural Iron, Bronze and Structural Workers Union from picketing the open-shop German Iron Works, 59 David St., Long Island, was granted yesterday by Justice Burt J. Humphries of the Kings County Supreme Court.

Justice Humphries' decision practically outlaws the strike which the union has been conducting since Jan. 27 against the German Iron Works. The strike was called when the company, which previously had been union, decided to turn open shop. Previous to becoming open-shop, the Garman company laid off about half of its 30 workers. The rest went on strike, at the call of the union, and have since been waging a militant struggle for union conditions.

In addition to granting the injunction, a new blow at the union is seen in Justice Humphries' decision that a referee be appointed to consider the damages involved in the strike. The union is planning to appeal the injunction.

Anthracite Sub-District Stages Picnic Saturday

The first picnic of the year in Anthracite Subdistrict of the W ers (Communist) Party will be June 30, Saturday, at Avondale H Plymouth Township.

Dancing from noon 'til midnight, good music, games, in one word: a good time for everybody at the picnic; the proceeds will go to Party organization fund. Admission is only 25 cents. Direction: Take W. Nanticoke bus at Plymouth, get off at Avondale mine; ask the committee for further direction.

MAN, 74, INJURED.

LOS ANGELES, June 28.—Until today, Williams Burness, 74, had never operated an automobile. Today he was fatally injured at the steering wheel, in an effort to save his two granddaughters, Marjorie Warner, 5, and Jean, 8.

CHURCH LINKED WITH POWER TRUST

Ministers Aid Magnates' Propaganda Campaign in the South

WASHINGTON, (FP) June 28.—Earle Hodges, former newspaper man and secretary of state of Arkansas, organized the Ministerial Alliance of Little Rock, at a dinner-bill cost of $66.15, as one of his endless activities for the electric and gas utilities in his state. Every clergyman in Arkansas knew and liked him, and most of them were friendly to the utility companies, according to his own testimony before the Federal Trade Commission in Washington on June 26.

So closely did Hodges tie up the church leaders, the teachers, editors and business men to the power trust chariot, in the years 1922-1925 when he was director of the Arkansas Public Service Information Bureau, that he was taken to New York in 1925 by the H. L. Doherty branch of the power combine.

Rex I. Brown, secretary-treasurer of the Arkansas bureau, testified that he had loaned to the "Dixie Magazine," which was to become the official organ of the State Chamber of Commerce, a total of $3,600 together with subscriptions and advertising amounting to $5,000 more, since 1926. The magazine reprinted a great many bits of propaganda in favor of private utilities and against public ownership. When Brown tried to evade the question put him by Chief Counsel Healy for the Commission as to whether this money was not paid to control the magazine and use it in his propaganda campaign, Healy pinned him down with evidence from his own files.

Big Opening of the New Dining Room

Our Equipment:

A Tremendous Dining Room, Which Can Accommodate 1,000 Guests

This Dining Room is the most beautiful of its kind in the entire state of New York. The spacious verandas overlooking the lake and the surrounding chain of mountains, presenting an extraordinary view.

A Separate Dining Room for Children

In order that the children may not disturb the adults and vice versa, the Camp has established a separate Dining Room for children.

A Modern Comfort Station

A large, light, modern comfort station, which can compare with the best in the city.

Hot and Cold Shower Baths

What is a vacation-place without hot water and hot and cold shower baths? The Camp is now equipped for the comfort of the campers with the newest innovations for washing and bathing.

Boats

Row-boating to your heart's content

A Department Store

A Department Store has been opened which is furnished with all necessities.

A Casino Near the Lake

The Casino which was built last year has proven to be too small and we have been forced to double its size. There is now enough room to dance and to present various performances. It will also be a desirable place for lectures and discussions which are always interesting and informative.

A Boardwalk

A boardwalk for your pleasure at all times.

UNITY CAMP

The Modern Comfort Station and Shower Baths
Are Already Completed

SATURDAY EVE. June 30th

Children's Colony

All registration for the Children's Colony must be in

Monday, July 2nd

If you want your children to come to the Unity Children's Colony, register them immediately.

Busses leave from 1800 Seventh Ave. every Friday at 6:30 p. m. and Saturday at 1:30 p. m.

DIRECTIONS:
BY BUS—From 110th St. and Seventh Ave. direct to the Camp.
BY TRAIN—From Grand Central or 125th St. to Wingdale and there our machines will meet you and take you to the Camp.

FOR REGISTRATION:
Apply at main office.
1800 Seventh Ave., cor. 110 St.
Telephone: Monument 0111.

When you arrive at Wingdale
Phone:
WINGDALE 10 F 12.

Japanese Government Plans Death Penalty for Communist Party Leaders

CABINET VOTES TO MAKE BILL'S PASSAGE SURE

Wave of Persecution Is Expected

(Continued from Page One)

leadership in the Japanese Communist Party a crime punishable with the death penalty. The measure, however, is aimed not only at Communists, but at all militant workers.

No opposition has been expressed by privy council members, or in the press, concerning the increased harshness of the penalty but the measure has been resisted by elements which oppose legislation by edict. Repeated appeals by the government, which has pointed out the "urgency of the case," have failed to break the opposition.

With the addition of the cabinet's votes, it is expected that the edict will be passed within 48 hours.

A great wave of persecution is expected to follow the passing of the death penalty bill and the government is reported to be making preparations for nationwide raids on labor and fraternal organizations of every type.

The present laws make activity in the labor movement punishable by not less than five years imprisonment.

SOCIALIST FORMS [illegible]MP COALITION

German Alliance Goes On Rocks

BERLIN, June 28.—President von Hindenburg yesterday afternoon gave official approval to the new coalition cabinet formed by Chancellor Herman Mueller, social democratic leader. It will begin to function at once.

Earlier in the day Mueller notified President von Hindenburgh that he was able to form only a provisional cabinet which probably will have to be reorganized in the autumn.

Negotiations for the grand coalition cabinet were shattered when President von Hindenburg and Dr. Gustav Stresemann vetoed former Chancellor Wirth's candidacy for the vice chancellorship.

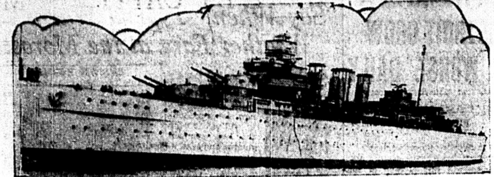
Gordon Will Read Poems Over WEVD on Wed.

David Gordon, member of the district committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of New York, and recently released from the New York City Reformatory at New Hampton Farms for a poem that appeared last year in the new magazine of The DAILY WORKER, will read from his own work over the radio from Station WEVD on Tuesday, at 10:40 p.m. The reading is held under the auspices of the Rebel Poets, of which Henry Reich, Jr., a frequent contributor of verse to The DAILY WORKER, is secretary.

PLAN ANTHRACITE PICNIC

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—The first annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held this Saturday, June 30, at 2 p.m., at Avondale Hill, Plymouth Township. Direction: Take W. Nanticoke bus, get off at the Avondale colliery, ask the committee for further direction.

British Imperialism Floats Another Giant Armored Cruiser



The Kellogg multilateral peace treaties seem a boon to the British imperialists who see in them the chance to go on arming faster and faster while keeping up appearances of peace. The latest addition to Britain's "peace plans" is the cruiser Cumberland, one of the swiftest war machines in the world.

START HARTFORD PETITION DRIVE

Organizations Support Communist Campaign

HARTFORD, Conn., June 28.—With the holding of a conference of delegates from sympathetic organizations here the other night the campaign for petitions to put the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in this city is now definitely in swing.

Twenty-nine delegates, representing nine workers' organizations, attended the conference. It was reported that a number of other organizations have expressed a desire to cooperate in the campaign.

Charles Mitchell, acting district organizer, explained the critical situation of the American labor movement and pointed out the necessity for united action to put the workers' candidates on the ballot. It was decided to appoint a visiting committee to visit the various working class organizations of the city who were not represented at the conference. An executive committee of 13 was elected, with a management committee of three, instructed to immediately organize the campaign to secure signatures.

The Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League of District 15 have issued an appeal to all workers' organizations in the state, urging them to aid the campaign to put the Workers Party o nthe ballot.

URGE SUPPORT OF GREEK STRIKERS

Red Labor Int'l Hits At Reformists

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., June 28.—With reference to the Greek general strike the Executive Committee of the Red International of Trade Unions has issued an appeal to the workers of the world.

The appeal points out the strike is in defense of elementary political and organizational rights of the workers.

The role of the reformists in attempting to end the strike by compromise is indicated and flayed by the appeal.

The statement concludes with a strong appeal to the international working class to support the Greek workers in their stake.

Count Karolyi, Once Premier of Hungary Is Declared Pauper

BUDAPEST, June 28. — Count Michael Karolyi, one time premier and reactionary dictator of Hungary, and once estimated to be the richest man in the Balkans, was informed by telegraph today that the present monarchist regime at Hungary had declared him a pauper and admitted to the privileges of the poor law.

At the same time the court rejected Karolyi's request for the resumption of his suit to recover vast estates which the Horthy terrorist government confiscated upon Karolyi's fall and flight from Hungary.

Karolyi, whose government was as reactionary as Horthy's regime is at the present time, is now living in a furnished room in Paris. The slave-driving whip has merely been transferred from his hands to Horthy's.

200 STARVE IN SERB PRISONS

Arrested Peasants Join Hunger Strike

AGRAM, Jugoslovia, June 28.—Two hundred of the 400 persons arrested in connection with the political disturbance in this district were on hunger strike yesterday. The disturbances resulted from the assassination of the Croatian Peasant Deputies Paul Raditch and George Basaritch at Belgrade.

After having forcibly suppressed the disturbances among the peasants in Croatia and the open street fighting in Agram, the Jugoslav parliament is preparing to ratify the treaty of Nettuno, according to a dispatch from Belgrade yesterday. Widespread resentment is created thruout Jagoslavia by this move.

Philadelphia Pioneers To Send Representative Into Anthracite Region

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 28.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Pioneers of this city, at its last plenum session decided to send a representative of the Young Pioneers into the anthracite region in order to organize and develop the Pioneer movement.

Since such a project means that money for expenses must be raised it calls upon every class-conscious worker to help by contributions. This should be sent to E. Carroll at 1214 Spring Garden St., Philadelphia, Pa

DETROIT AIDING MINE STRIKERS

Over $800 Raised in Single Week

DETROIT, Mich., June 28.—The Miners' Relief Conference of this city received a telegram Thursday from the National Miners' Relief Committee asking that all available funds be rushed with all speed, as the national committee was in desperate need. The Detroit committee had sent their last remittance of $400 a few days before and not enough time had elapsed since that time to collect more funds.

However, due to the tireless activity of the workers in the city, money was soon raised. The same night an Italian worker brought in $100, the net proceeds of a recent picnic held under the auspices of the Italian Fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party. The Detroit Miners Relief Conference sent $200 to the National Committee.

It did not stop here. Continued activity on the part of the various language fractions of the Workers (Communist) Party made possible an additional remittance of $200 on Monday morning.

Pittsburgh Mine Relief Issues Call For Aid

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 28.—The National Miners Relief Committee of this city and its Women's Section will hold a big house to house collection on July 1 in the Pittsburgh District for the relief of starving miners, their wives and children.

The committees were arranged to bring over 200 miners and their wives to the city to assist in this campaign. It calls upon all sympathizers and workers in the Pittsburgh District to place themselves at the disposal of the committee by coming to the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St., on July 1. All workers are requested to be there not later than 9 o'clock in the morning.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23rd St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY.
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

"SOCIALISTS" IN FIGHT ON PORTO RICAN FREEDOM

Iglesias, Labor Faker, Fights Independence

SAN JUANA, June 28.—Porto Rico's "socialist" party, led by Santiago Iglesias, secretary of the Pan-American Federation of Labor and friend of vested American interests, declared emphatically against projects of independence for the island, in its annual convention at Arecibo. A resolution proposing independence with or without an American protectorate was defeated. A motion protesting against the "colonial status" of Porto Rico, and demanding a greater degree of insular sovereignty than is now permitted by the United States, was ruled out of order.

Right-wing influences triumphed in the direction of compromise with the left bourgeois party, the "pure republicans," when the convention voted, 103 to 13, to authorize further negotiations with that party for another electoral coalition. By 87 to 45 the delegates rejected a resolution forbidding the territorial committee to alter the name or emblem of the Socialist party.

Iglesias was re-elected president of the party and chairman of its territorial committee, and was renominated as senator-at-large in the island legislature, where he has been a "socialist" member for the past 10 years. Rivera Martinez, vice-president of the party, was nominated for resident commissioner in congress. All members of the official body of the party are members of the A. F. of L.

SHOT IN TAXICAB.

James Feliccia, 38, of Brooklyn, was shot four times while riding in a taxicab in Brooklyn, early today and died soon afterwards in a hospital, without having recovered consciousness.

NEW SCHOOL HEAD NAMED.

CHICAGO, June 28.—William J. Bogan was elected superintendent of the Chicago public schools today to succeed William McAndrew, whose term expired while he was on "trial" before the board of education. Bogan was elected to a four year term at a salary of $15,000 a year.

Bankers Love Him Now

Elias Plutarco Calles, shown in the picture, is negotiating a new loan agreement with Wall Street bankers and their agent, Dwight W. Morrow, now. Plans are under way for Mexico to begin payments on her national debt much of which will go to the United States. Calles aided the American interests in neutralizing the oil legislation.

Protest Lynching Of Negro at Meeting

A meeting in protest against the lynching of a Negro Worker in front of the convention hall in Houston and against the Tammany convention now being held in the same city will be held on corners 138th St. and 7th Ave. tomorrow evening.

CALLES PLANNING NEW LOAN PACT WITH WALL ST.

Hundreds Idle as Mills Shut Down

MEXICO CITY, June 28.—Following reports that hundreds of workers have been thrown out of work as the result of a shut down of textile mills in Vera Cruz, Orizaba and other industrial centers, announcement that the Mexican government is contemplating a new agreement with the international committee of bankers on Mexico which will load the Mexican peon for decades with financial burdens is causing general discussion here. With the conclusion of the projected agreement, it is intimated that Mexico will begin making payments on its foreign debts.

American interests, in whose hands is control of the debt, are reported to be willing to realize an agreement, even tho it is only for the present, on the basis of intensive oil operations for which Calles' action on the oil legislation has cleared the way and in which American capital is largely interested.

It is further rumored that Ambassador Morrow is now in the United States in part to give a favorable report to the Lamont loan commission. Morrow is a former co-partner of Lamont's in J. P. Morgan and Co.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations Attention!
Airy, Light Rooms
To Rent
for OFFICES and MEETING ROOMS at the
WORKERS CENTER, 26-28 Union Square.
Elevator Service. Telephone Stuyvesant 1201.

OVER 100,000 MINERS ARE FIGHTING FOR YOU!
Will You Support Them?
IF SO---SAY IT WITH RELIEF.
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Ruling Strips 60,000 Cab Drivers of Compensation, Taxi Correspondent Says

MEN LEARN WHEN "CONTRACT" IS NOT A CONTRACT

Strong Union Is Vital Need of Chauffeurs

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Due to a ruling made by referee Lane of the workmen's compensation board, upwards of 60,000 taxicab drivers in Greater New York find themselves denied any chance of collecting compensation under the New York state compensation act which is supposed to cover all workers.

Injured at Work.

The decision handed down on June 22 covers the case of David Price, a taxicab driver who was injured while in the employ of the P. A. W. corporation on April 25. He was disabled for two weeks.

While the company did not deny the truth of Price's claim, it nevertheless disclaimed any responsibility by contending that Price was not an employe, but had "hired" the taxi which he drove for them. A "contract" in the form of a card bearing the following wording was introduced into the evidence by the defendant company:

"The undersigned hereby rents from the .... (name of company), a taxicab designated on daily trip card, and agrees to pay a rental sum equal to 60% of the total receipts as appears from the meter readings on each shift.

"It is further agreed and understood that undersigned shall be responsible for any accidents due to his negligence, damage to cab or loss of same. Signed .... (driver's name), address, witness and witness' signature."

Deny Claim.

The referee, Mr. Lane, ruled that by signing such a "contract," Price became an individual contractor, who had agreed to work on a percentage basis of 40% of the gross receipts and, since he was not an employe within the meaning of the workmen's compensation act, his claim for compensation for injuries was denied.

The form of "contract" mentioned above is used by all fleet owners who are members of the Greater City Taxi Owners' Association, in which are found most of the fleet operators, and represents a clever attempt on their part to evade all responsibility in case of injury or death suffered by one of their drivers. All drivers are compelled to sign such an "agreement" before they can go to work.

With one exception, namely, the Independent Taxi Owners' Association, whose members do pay wages to their drivers, chauffeurs work for 40% of the bookings.

Even if an injured driver should sue and succeed in obtaining an judgment from the court, he would find it practically impossible to collect anything. The reason is that cabs are usually purchased on the installment plan and belong to the finance company until the last payment is made. By that time, which may be something like one year or 18 months from the date of purchase, the car, which meantime has been operated both day and night, has been reduced to a load of junk. Therefore there is usually nothing of value to levy upon and the injured driver or his dependents find that the judgment is simply a "scrap of paper."

Competition Keen.

Drivers who want to keep their jobs are expected to book not less than sixty dollars on the day line and not less than ninety dollars on the night line. Since competition is very keen, drivers are compelled to take many chances, thus exposing themselves to the possibility of having accidents. Now, in view of referee Lane's ruling they are denied any chance of collecting damages under the workmen's compensation act, in case of injury or death.

Such a ruling, affecting an industry containing over 60,000 licensed drivers, is possible only because of the entirely disorganized state in which these men find themselves.

There is a remedy within reach. If the drivers would combine their strength into a powerful union and try to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor, they could easily compel these greedy fleet owners to pay full compensation in case of injury or the death of a driver, besides improving conditions thruout the industry.

An effort to build such an organization will doubtless be received with enthusiasm by the drivers, especially in view of referee Lane's most recent decision in favor of the bosses.

—DRIVER.

Latest Militarist Flight to Hop Across Pacific

The Tail Wind, shown in the picture, huge plane in which Capt. C. B. Collyer and John H. Mears will attempt to encircle the globe in 23 days, is shown in the picture. The American officers aspire to blaze a trail for other army fliers across the Pacific ocean.

UNITY COOPERATIVE GROWTH WAS RAPID

By A. ROVNER.

It is the second year since the Unity Cooperative has been located in its own home in the White Rocky Mountain region near Wingdale, N. Y. At the time the Cooperative purchased this camp it had a membership of only a few hundred workers. It has previously experimented by running a camp on a rented plot near the Mohegan Colony at Peekskill, N. Y.

The organization realized that in order to draw more members and in order to be able to serve the workers in a more efficient manner, it would become imperative to get a permanent location were the best accommodations could be provided for a workers' vacation institution. For this purpose the present site of 245 acres was purchased. It has been recognized by every expert to be an ideal location for a workers' camp.

Enthusiasm.

The enthusiasm of the members made it possible to get the necessary funds to pay the initial installments and get the camp going for the first season. It was, however, out of the question to provide this camp from the very start with all the required improvements.

The organization has, thanks to the new location and to the confidence it has won by the efficient manner in which the camp was run the first season, increased its membership considerably. When the last summer season was over the organization had a net gain of a few hundred additional members and over $12,000 profit in the camp. This increase in membership has stimulated the organization to take one more step in its forward march and in the fall of last year the Unity Cooperative purchased a 9-story building at 110th St. and 7th Ave., facing Central Park. This building was converted into a cooperative home where there are over 250 members of the organization accommodated in the 224 rooms the house contains.

Success of Camp.

The success of the camp for the first year and the successful purchase of the cooperative house encouraged the organization to go into an extensive program of improvements in the Unity Cooperative Camp. After a thoro study of all necessary improvements it was decided to build a large dining room with accommodations for 1,200 people, modern comfort stations with cold and hot showers, a large department store on the premises, an enlarged casino and a boardwalk on the lake. This building program is at present being successfully concluded at a cost of over $65,000 and the Unity Cooperative organization may pride itself in saying that its camp is at present an ideal place to provide an excellent vacation for workers.

Masses of Workers.

The Unity Cooperative has from the very beginning of its history carried in mind the importance of utilizing the gathering of large masses of workers for the carrying on of mass educational activity. For this purpose an educational program has been mapped out and during the last season when there were over 4,600 workers in the camp at various times a series of lectures, discussions and entertainments of an educational character were carried out. It is the intention of the organization to expand this work considerably during this summer. Every phase of the struggle of the workers, the history of the cooperative movement; its principles and practice will be taken up by competent lecturers in the camp. There is besides this issued a Daily Bulletin and a weekly paper. There is also being carried on an elaborate program of entertainments consisting of musical programs, dramatic plays, etc. During this season the camp is starting a new venture, a colony for workers' children for those from 5 to 9 years of age. A set of experienced counsellors will take charge of this colony in order to give the children a good vacation, imbue them thru play and song with an esteem for work and love for the workers' cause. There is also located in Unity Camp the WIR camp which will accommodate over one hundred workers' children. The Unity camp has made it possible to run this institution by renting the plot gratis and by charging for food and accommodation the bare costs with no profit whatsoever.

Large Attendance.

It is expected that the attendance in Unity Camp will be much larger this summer since the newly provided accommodations make it so much more attractive and the enlarged attendance will in its turn give additional strength to the organization and impetus for new undertakings in the field of cooperation. The success of the Unity Cooperative and of its summer camp along with the success of Nitgedaiget, the summer camp of the United Workers' Cooperative, the pioneer cooperative organization amongst the Jewish workers, will stimulate as it has already done in some cases, the workers of every other city to take up the problem of building a cooperative movement in this country.

Ideal Summer Resort.

The completion of the dining room and other buildings is being celebrated this Saturday, June 30th, with an appropriate program at the camp and many hundred visitors are expected for this occasion. Representatives of all workers' cooperative organizations will be present when the doors of the new building are thrown open to the workers who will enjoy this spacious palace and the grandeur of the views opening from its large porches to the mountain regions and Lake Ellis at the foot of the hill.

The workers will far more enjoy this ideal summer place since it has been made possible by the united efforts of the workers and for the workers.

Labor Defense to Hold Annual Picnic July 21

The annual picnic of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, will be held Saturday, July 21, at Pleasant Bay Park.

An elaborate program of entertainment is being prepared for the occasion, including any unusual feature numbers. All the proceeds of the affair will go for the defense of militant workers now being attacked by the capitalist courts.

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CONDITIONS IN DETROIT GROW WORSE DAILY

Progressive Union Flourishes

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

DETROIT, Mich. (By Mail).—Enclosed you will find a copy of the Auto Workers News. It tells about the rotten conditions in this so-called "prosperous" city, and where most of the bunk comes from, the capitalists, manufacturers and slave drivers who advertise Detroit all over the world.

I am a born Detroiter, always lived here and conditions are getting rottener from day to day as I see it. I will say that organization of the workers to fight imperialism is the only sure remedy and the sooner the better.

Am a daily reader of your paper and it should be in the hands of every worker to fight this menace.

—E. B.

Editor's Note: The Auto Workers News mentioned by the Worker Correspondent who wrote the above letter is issued by the United Automobile, Aircraft and Vehicle Workers of America, Local 127. The correspondent points out the following interesting story from the "News":

In one of the biggest departments of the River Rouge Plant, production was running smoothly. In fact, more production was being turned out by this particular superintendent than by any of the others. Nevertheless, an efficiency expert one day walked over to him and told him to fire fifteen men. "Which fifteen men?" asked the head of the department. "Oh, any fifteen will do." "And the reason?" asked the superintendent? "You don't have to give any reasons," was the reply. "Well, even if I don't give the men a reason, I want to know why just the same," insisted the speaker.

"Very well, then, I'll tell you," said the efficiency expert. "You are too friendly with the men. We have noticed that when you go through the department no one is afraid of you. No one is more on the alert, more uneasy and trying to work harder than before. It is different in the other departments. Any one can tell when the superintendents are passing through. The men are all uneasy and trying to goad themselves to the maximum effort. All the men think the heads of their departments are sons — —s."

"Are you not satisfied with the production record here?" asked the superintendent. "That part is quite O K," was the reply.

The superintendent then stated, "Henry Ford may be able to make what he wants out of other men but he is not going to make a son — — out of me. I quit."

Something like the above story could be told about executives in the Fisher Body, Pontiac plant, and in other plants of the automobile industry. It illustrates the labor policy of this industry. Manufacturers don't want leaders, they want slave-drivers. They don't want workers to have any spirit of independence and self-respect, they want obedient, docile slaves. Are the manufacturers going to get what they want? That is entirely up to the workers. The only reply to further enslavement is organization. Build up the Auto Workers' Union.

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—DRAMA—

"Say When" Typical Warm Weather Fare at the Morosco

Alison Skipworth

A typical summer musical comedy called "Say When" has opened at the Morosco Theatre. Lack of real competition among the new shows probably will aid it over the lean summer months and send it home a winner. That does not mean that the play is of great importance or even unusually interesting. It is a warm weather entertainment and must be judged on that basis.

The play is a musical version of the play "Love-in-a-Mist" by Amelie Rives and Gilbert Emery in which Madge Kennedy appeared several seasons ago. The book of the present opus is by one Calvin Brown and is presented by Carl Reed and Elizabeth Marbury.

Among the many songs is one written by New York's butterfly, Mayor Jimmie Walker. It is called "Cheerio" and while not the worst of the evening almost reaches that stage. Some of the songs sponsored by other song writers are not so bad. Especially "Love Boat" and "Little White Lies."

The real hit of the show is Cora La Redd, who certainly knows how to sing and dance. On several occasions she stopped the show with her stepping and wiggling.

The role which Madge Kennedy portrayed in the play goes to a newcomer, Dorothy Fitzgibbons, who struggles along to secure the interest of the audience.

Alison Skipworth is one of the real life-savers of the production. Whenever the play become unusually dull she manages to appear and pep things up for a while.

The production suffers from a lack of comedy, also from loose direction.

For an evening's pastime the show can be recommended, as no great amount of mental energy is necessary to enjoy the unimportant and harmless theatre it presents. —S. P.

"The Great Fire in the Opera House," another new play by Georg Kaiser, translated by Winifred Katzin, has been acquired by Charles Hopkins for production next season. Another Kaiser play, "The Phantom Lover," was recently announced for Broadway showing next season.

"Elmer Gantry" opened in Cleveland, Ohio, last Sunday night, for the official censors gave Patrick Kearney's dramatization of the famous Sinclair novel an O K. There is nothing objectionable in the play, according to the prudes. Joseph E. Shea is the producer, and the show is due on Broadway soon.

EVELYN KERMAN

In "Here's Howe!" the musical comedy current at the Broadhurst Theatre.

"VOLPONE" AND "STRANGE INTERLUDE" TO MAKE MANY CAST CHANGES

The cast changes of the Theatre Guild productions of "Volpone" and "Strange Interlude" are as follows: Alan Josslyn has replaced McKay Morris as Leone in "Volpone." In the same play Ruth Chorpenning is playing the role of Canina, formerly played by Helen Westley. Douglass Montgomery will take over the role of Mosca, played by Alfred Lunt. Claude Rains will play the title role of Volpone, created by Dudley Digges. Phyllis Connard supplants Margalo Gillmore as Colomba.

In "Strange Interlude" Judith Anderson replaces Lynn Fontanne tomorrow. Richard Barbee will have Earl Larimore's role and Warburton Gamble succeeds Glenn Anders. The departing players in both companies go on vacation, with the exception of Miss Westley, who remains in "Strange Interlude."

Constance Talmadge will play the role of Mrs. Cheney opposite John Barrymore in the film of "The Last of Mrs. Cheney." Ernst Lubitsch will direct the Lonsdale comedy.

"Sins of the Father," instead of "The Man Who Never Missed," is the title for Emil Jannings' next production. The picture is based on Mildred Gram's story, "The Feeder." Mr. Jannings will be seen as a veteran vaudeville trouper.

TO SELL DAILY WORKER NOW AT ALUMINUM PLANT

Collect Aid For Paper At Picnic

(By a Worker Correspondent)

ARNOLD, Pa., (By Mail).—I want to inform you that The DAILY WORKER will be sold instead of being given away free of charge, in front of the plant of the United States Aluminum Co. at New Kensington, Pa.

I also want to let you know that there was a hat collection at the picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party nucleus at the Fabian's Farm which amounted to $20.25. This was turned over for the benefit of The DAILY WORKER. This was done altho the conditions for the picnic were not the best on account of unemployment in the factories and crisis in the mining industry.

Even if conditions are not the rosiest we will try to hold another picnic in the near future so that we can again help our militant organ, The DAILY WORKER which helps us so much in the class struggle.

—S. E. C.

Barrere Little Symphony to Give Longer Season

GEORGE BARRERE, flute virtuoso and conductor, sent out an announcement that his Little Symphony Orchestra and the Barrere Ensemble of Wind Instruments will become permanent feature next season, filling engagements during the musical season from Oct. 1 to May 1. The Little Symphony will give a longer series of New York concerts next winter than in past years, and Mr. Barrere will also make several appearances in New York as solo flute player.

For twenty-three years Mr. Barrere was associated with the New York Symphony Orchestra as first flute. Walter Damrosch brought him to this country from France in 1905. The Barrere Ensemble was founded in 1910. Four years later Mr. Barrere assembled and became conductor of the first Little Symphony Orchestra in America. Its personnel was made up entirely of members of the New York Symphony and it limited its engagement to periods when the larger organization was not giving concerts.

AMUSEMENTS

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CAPMAKERS FIGHT TO SAVE UNION ON ALL FRONTS

Defend Union in Many Cities

Events in the past week show that the newly launched campaign of the Zaritsky machine in the International Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers Union to smash the organization is meeting with a resistance so widespread and simultaneous, as to give conclusive proof that the union's membership will successfully defend the life of its union.

Fight Zaritsky Policies.

The Zaritsky policy of expulsion of all opponents of his plan to inaugurate piece work is being fought on all fronts.

All members of the Capmakers' Union have been called to a mass meeting here tonight, in order to protest against the Zaritsky policy of wrecking the organization by expulsions, removals, the dissolution of large and flourishing locals, and the bringing back of piece work and the 44 hour week. The meeting will be held immediately after work, at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St.

A committee from the Millinery Local 43, whose 4,000 members Zaritsky has expelled, will appear to address the meeting. M. Miller will also be one of the speakers as well as the leader of the New York left wing movement in the union. Miller is manager of the Boston Capmakers Local 7, which is facing a bitter fight [illegible] the dual union established by the right wing.

* * *

Local 24 Clique Calls Meet.

In face of the growing drive of the union officials to carry out the wish of Zaritsky and the bosses by installing the piece-work system and restoring the 44 instead of the 40 hour week, the clique rulers of Local 24 have called a local meeting for tonight. They find no room on the order of business for the burning problems of the workers. The chief point to be taken up will be the election of a "finance committee."

The left wing in this local yesterday issued a statement calling upon the members of the local to come to the meeting en masse. The members can then force upon the administration a discussion of the vital problems before them, such as calling a halt to the disruption of the organization now being engineered by the rulers of the organization.

* * *

Chicago Mass Meet.

CHICAGO, June 28.—A mass meeting of all Chicago cap and millinery workers will be held today in the Capitol Building to protest against the disruptive policy of the clique controlled general executive board and in particular the betrayal it engineered by calling off the strike of the Chicago capmakers when the season was about to begin. The bosses would have been compelled to settle rather than take a chance of losing the coming season.

At this meeting Gladys Schechter, the leader of the supposedly dissolved Millinery Local 43 of New York, and M. Golden, manager of the Blockers Local 42 will speak. Zaritsky is also theatening this local with the loss of its charter.

The workers here are enraged at the second step in selling out and breaking their struggle, taken by Zaritsky. First he removed the militant leadership of the bitter struggle against piece-work because they were determined to win. And now he openly makes a statement that the strike is broken, calling it off.

Councils Plan Tea Party and Concert for Miners

As part of miners' relief activities during this week, set apart as National Miners Relief Week, Council No. 12 and the Cloakmakers' Council of the Bronx, United Councils of Workingclass Women, will run a Tea Party and Concert on Friday evening, June 29th, at the Workers Club, 1472 Boston Road, the Bronx. The proceeds are to be given to the National Miners Relief Committee at 799 Broadway.

All Bronx workers have been asked to support the striking miners in their fight for a living wage by attending in mass. For workers not residing in the vicinity of 1472 Boston Road, a concert will be held the same evening at 1400 Bronx Park East, under the auspices of Workmens Circle No. 548. Violin and piano soloists will render choice selections and several vocal artists will contribute to the evening's entertainment.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio.—The Young Workers Club of Martins Ferry, Ohio, has arranged a picnic and dance to be held at the Volt's Farm here on July 8, from 10 a. m. thruout the day and night. All those wishing to attend should meet at the Hungarian Hall, Main and Central Sts. There will be refreshments, games, speakers, etc. Transportation to Volt's Farm is free.

* * *

Philadelphia Y. W. L. Excursion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—An excursion for the benefit of the Young Worker, central organ of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will take place Saturday, July 7. Boats will leave the Chestnut St. pier at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Tickets are 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Tickets must be bought in advance from the Young Worker, at 1214 Spring Garden St. Otherwise the proceeds will not go to the Young Worker.

* * *

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. — The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin.

San Francisco Picnic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—The branches of the International Labor Defense of San Francisco, Alameda, and Contra Costa counties will hold a picnic at East Shore Park, near Richmond, on July 4.

* * *

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing.

* * *

Paterson I. L. D.

The Paterson Branch of the International Labor Defense will conduct a lecture by Max Schachtman on "Bleeding China." This lecture will be given at the Associated Hall, 201 Market St., Paterson, N. J., on Friday, June 29th, at 8 p. m.

2,500 FURRIERS AT BIG UNION MEET

Disregarding the stifling heat, 2,500 furriers crowded Webster Hall where they stubbornly remained in their seats to hear discussions of the problem of rebuilding their once powerful organization and securing for themselves the July raises by a new and organized offensive against the bosses and their agents in the scab union.

Worker after worker arose with accounts of the severe exploitation endured since the American Federation of Labor and their Socialist and gangster leutenants wrecked the organization about a year ago. Others told how, under left wing leadership, the bosses had been compelled to obey the union and grant the customary July wage raises, but since the union was wrecked, not only were no raises granted last July but conditions were reduced to the slavery point.

Ben Gold, manager of the union, told the workers that only through renewed struggle could the July raises this year be secured, a struggle both against the bosses as well as against the scab union now torn apart by splits within. Gold referred to the recent open breach effected in the right wing ranks by the Progressive Bloc in the Joint Council.

"This is the strategic moment," said he, "because the Joint Board has already passed its most critical and trying period.

At the end of his speech which received prolonged and enthusiastic applause, the whole assemblage rose to pass unanimously the following resolution:

Whereas, the manufacturers with the assistance of the Federation-Council Scab Agency have destroyed the union, wiped out union conditions and slashed our wages, and

Whereas, the fur workers had been getting July increases every year except last July when the bosses' agency sold out the increases and the union conditions, and

Be it therefore resolved, that we, the fur workers, assembled at Webster Hall, on Wednesday, June 27th, 1928, hereby direct the Joint Board immediately to mobilize all of the forces in our union in order to wrest from the manufacturers July increases for every worker in the fur trade.

BOYS SLAVE IN STATE QUARRY

OKLAHOMA CITY, June 28.—Hundreds of boys are employed under slave conditions in the rock quarry and crusher operated by the Granite state reformatory, it has been revealed.

The rock dust injures the health of the boys and causes tuberculosis.

TEACHERS' SALARIES LOW

Salaries paid to elementary teachers in cities of 100,000 population and over range from a low minimum of $950 annually to a high maximum of $3,504 annually, according the United States Bureau of Education.

ZARITSKY HAS CAPMAKER FIRED

Union Heads Begin to Break Boston Local

BOSTON, June 28.—The war of destruction led by Zaritsky, president of the International Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers Union, against the strong Capmakers Local 7 here, has begun in all its viciousness, as the first of the employers began carrying out Zaritsky's request to discharge those workers not willing to drop membership in Local 7, and register in the dual local he established. They are Jacobs Cap Co. and the Hahns Cap Co.

Jacob Miller, left wing manager of the Boston local was ordered out of a shop where workers were dismissed by the bosses, Zaritsky's lieutenant Herschkowitz, and a few Boston right wingers. Six workers from the shop of Hahns were also discharged, and when they did not leave the shop fast enough they were threatened with a beating by Zaritsky's agents there.

These employers enthusiastically carried out Zaritsky's lockout order, while frankly declaring that Zaritsky's dual union is far better for him. "Little Sigman" Zaritsky's agents are already acting as scab agents for the bosses, providing scabs to take the place of those dismissed for loyalty to the union.

The membership of the union is enraged over these union-wrecking tactics of the right wing. A leaflet issued by the office of Local 7 during the lunch hour called upon the workers to resist with all their power the attempt to destroy the organization whose militant policy brought gain after gain in their working standards in the shops. The circular declared on strike the two shops discharging the workers, and called the membership of the union to carry on picket demonstrations at the factories.

TAMMANY MAN IS FORCED ON TRIAL

Nearly two months of so-called probing into the depths of the Tammany street cleaning scandal in Brooklyn has thus far yielded only a forced trial of one man, Frank C. Gannon, suspended president of the borough department, who went before the court yesterday.

Gannon appeared in Adams Street Court to answer charges in connection with the dumping deal of the Remsen Sand Company in which he is a partner. The case was adjourned until 10:30 o'clock this morning.

Through his brother-in-law, Edward Yunker, Gannon entered into a contract with the Brooklyn Ash Removal Company permitting that concern to dump ashes on his own land, for a consideration. Other more serious charges will be passed against him, it was indicated.

In Tuesday's hearing it was revealed that $20,000,000 of city supplies has passed through the Brooklyn warehouse without an accounting or record. How much of this was graft can only be surmised.

LEFT WING CALLS TAILORS TO FIGHT HILLMAN SELLOUT

Scores Stoppages For Bosses' Benefit

A leaflet issued by the left wing in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, in answer to the sell-out Hillman put over when he signed the new agreement with the bosses several days ago, has been circulated in the clothing manufacturing district. The contents of this leaflet echoes the wrath of the membership of the union expressed everywhere against a leadership that gave the bosses every one of their demands and got nothing in return.

The circular discusses mainly the stoppage called by the leaders of the graft machine in the market here for the bosses' benefit. It follows in part:

"We are called by our officials to stop from work today. Every worker will ask, why? What for? In whose interests is this stoppage being called? The only answer to this question is that this stoppage is a stoppage in the interests of the bosses; to enforce their demand of piece-work upon the workers; more profits for the bosses; a graft fund for the officials, and more misery for the workers. This is the result of negotiations for a new agreement with the employers, which were going on for the last few weeks. The bosses came to these conferences with demands that would increase their profits and still more enslave the underpaid starving clothing workers, thru the establishment of the piece-work system.

"In this demand, the employers have the full support of those who are supposed to represent the interests of the workers at this conference. The Hillman-Beckerman clique has granted this demand to the employers without considering of what we, the workers, would demand at this time.

"Hillman and Beckerman "faithfully" pledged that: 'No piece work will be granted to the contractors.' But the contractors are also demanding a pound of flesh from us. There can be no doubt in anybody's mind that our officials will grant piece work also to them, against the wishes and the will of the greatest majority of the members.

"Sisters and brothers! Our conditions at this time are deplorable. The Hillman-Beckerman clique has brot the clothing workers of this city to a desperate condition.

"This last criminal act on the part of these leaders will undermine our very existence, it tends to destroy our union of which we, the workers, will be the sufferers. The Hillman-Schlosberg-Beckerman clique has mobilized all forces of reaction in support of the employers to crush us. They are calling this stoppage in order to strengthen the bosses' association."

Are you a
"DAILY WORKER"
worker daily?

Second Worker Dies of Fumes in Factory Tank

Anthony Zimba of Monroe Ave. and 21st St., Kenilworth, N. J., one of the three men overcome by fumes while rescuing a fellow worker from a tank in the refinery at the Protexol Corporation plant, Kenilworth, Tuesday, died at Elizabeth General Hospital yesterday. George Beiswinger, another victim, died several hours after he was taken out of the tank.

PLAN BIG PICNIC IN KANSAS CITY

Will Stress Freedom of Mooney and Billings

KANSAS CITY, Kansas, June 28.—The International Labor Defense of Kansas City has arranged a huge Labor Picnic to be held at the City Park on July 4. Festivities will begin at 10 o'clock in tthe morning and continue thruout the day until midnight.

The picnic will serve as a rallying point for all those residing in the vicinity in the campaign now being carried on by labor groups thruout the country to free Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, now in prison more than twelve years on a trumped-up charge. Nationally known speakers have been announced to address the assemblage.

In addition to the speeches, there will be wrestling and boxing exhibitions. Homer Wright, Kansas City heavyweight wrestling champion, will meet Chicago Strong Boy, heavyweight champion of Chicago. In the boxing match Jimmy Savage will meet Sam Corbett. There will also be dancing, sports, racing, and many other competitive games, Prizes and refreshments will be given out in abundance.

NAKED SWIMMERS PARDONED

FREEPORT, L. I., June 28.—A nervous woman complained to the police late yesterday when thirteen high school students went swimming without suits just outside the city limits. They explained to Police Judge Neu that they were cooling off after their annual flag rush. He suspended sentence.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 28.—Mary Gallegher, 70, of 5417 Kentucky St., died in the homeopathic hospital last night from pneumonia induced by internal injuries suffered on May 12, when she fell down a flight of stairs in her home, according to a coroner's report.

CABMEN LOSE OUT ON COMPENSATION IN NEW YORK CITY

"Contractors," Says Tammany Referee

Over 55,000 taxicab drivers in Greater New York are affected by the ruling just handed down by Referee Lane of the Workmens' Compensation Board in which the Tammany-controlled referee held that taxi drivers, unlike other workers, are not entitled to compensation for their injuries, that in fact a taxi driver is not a worker at all but a sort of commission merchant and must take his own chances as to injury.

Part of Plan.

The decision which came as another step in the program of concentration and control which is being planned by the big fleeters in the industry, and with whom the Tammany Hall city administration and its police force are cooperating, was made in the case of David Price, a driver who was injured on April 25, while in the employ of the P. A. W. Corporation.

The company made no denial of the character and the extent of Price's injuries but offered in evidence a contract form which it and other concerns are forcing drivers to sign and under which the chauffeurs declare that they are "renting" the cabs from the fleeters.

The referee ruled that by this agreement the worker had become an "individual contractor," and as such was not entitled to compensation.

Considerable agitation has been caused among the taxi drivers at what they claim is obviously a "framed-up" ruling on the part of the Tammany controlled labor department. Drivers point out the fact that the N. A. W. Corporation is a member of the Greater City Taxi Owners' Association in which the Yellow Taxicab Corporation is the dominant power and that this large bosses' association has openly launched a drive to force out 20,000 taxi chauffeurs from the industry.

It has also been shown that the association maintains an extensive blacklist which it sends out to its members, an act which is supposed to be against the law. Nearly three hundred thousand drivers are said to have already been forced out of the industry through the activities of these fleeters.

It has also been charged that the "Taxi Weekly," a trade paper, which pretends to serve the taxi drivers is connected indirectly with the Yellow Taxicab Corporation. Drivers point out that H. A. Innes Brown, editor of the paper, has consistently failed to carry news favorable to the "Yellow," an instance in point being the recent New Jersey taxi drivers' strike which occurred in the plant of a subsidiary of the New York firm.

Amusement Co. is Sued For Death of Young Man

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 28.—A suit for $5,000 damages was instituted in circuit court here today for Ralph S. Drews, 23, who was thrown from his seat on a roller coaster in State Fair Park and who died from the injuries.

The action is filed by his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Watkins.

At the time of the accident, the State Fair Amusement Company, in an attempt to escape the suit, filed a statement that Drews had stood up in his seat.

CHICAGO YOUTH PLANS BIG MEET

CHICAGO, Ill., June 28.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago has set aside July 22 as the day for an organizational conference on shop nuclei. This will be one of the largest organizational conferences ever held in District 8. All comrades in the district working in large factories will attend. Also the leading functionaries of the units will be present. The meeting will be addressed by a representative of the National Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

The experience of the organization in the field of factory work will be gone into in detail with the view of crystalizing it into strong nuclei organizations.

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At JOHNSON PARK
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Directions—FROM MINNEAPOLIS: Take Bryant-Johnson car to end of line.—FROM ST. PAUL: Como car to 4th St. and E. Hennepin, change to Bryant-Johnson car. — FOLLOW THE SIGNS TWO BLOCKS.
UKRAINIAN & FREIHEIT CHORUS—FINNISH ATHLETIC CLUB—GAMES—DANCING—REFRESHMENTS.
C. R. HEDLUND, Speaker
Farmer-Labor Candidate for Congress, 10th District.
DAILY WORKER COMMITTEE.

SEATTLE, WASH.
Picnic and Dance
PEOPLE'S PARK, Renton Juct.
SUNDAY, JULY 8, 1928
7—Hours of Dancing—7
Sports--Prominent Speakers—Refreshments.
PROCEEDS TO THE STRIKING MINERS.
Interurban leaves Occidental and Yesler on the hour.
Admission: Gentlemen, 50 cents; Ladies, 25 cents.

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Best Time of the Year!
DAILY WORKER
PICNIC
At CALEDONIAN GROVE
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Wednesday, July 4
Games — Dancing — Sports — Bruno's Jazz Orchestra
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
AUSPICES BOSTON DAILY WORKER BUILDERS' CLUB.
Take Spring St. Car at Forest Hills Station and Get Off at Grove.

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WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
JULY 4th PICNIC
AT ROCHESTER PICNIC PARK
Rochester Road, Between 16 and 17 Mile Roads.
DIRECTIONS—By Auto: Out Woodward to Main St. thru Royal Oak to Rochester Rd. Picnic Place.—By Street Car: Woodward car to Ford's, Big Beaver Bus to Park.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

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Editor............................ROBERT MINOR
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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!
For the Workers!

"Religious Tolerance" from Jefferson to Al Smith

Thomas Jefferson "rejoiced in the provision of the constitution that declares no religious test shall ever be required as a 'qualification for office or trust in the United States.'" said Senator Robinson. And this was the signal for a wild demonstration in behalf of a presidential candidate belonging to the church which built the greatest clerical tyranny in all history.

What did Jefferson mean in his denunciation of religious qualifications for public office?

Jefferson's position was taken in opposition to all efforts to fasten a church hierarchy upon the then young and revolutionary republic. Jefferson was against the religious "qualification for office or trust" because he wanted neither the Roman Catholic church, the church of England, nor the various Puritan churches (then burning witches in New England) to fasten upon the young nation a union of church and state.

The Roman Catholic church, even more than any other church, historically symbolizes exactly the opposite of Jefferson's view. It built its great power upon the union of church and state. It forced upon every people that came under its sway the iron law, which it has enforced throughout centuries by military force, that the Roman catholic religion shall be the first "qualification for office or trust." There is no single nation where the Roman catholic church ever was dominant, in which it has not spilt blood in warfare, using all force and violence at its command to enforce catholicism as the compulsory state religion. In Spain, for instance, the Roman catholic church to this day holds on to this power, with the ruthless violence of the state dictatorship to back it up. In Mexico within the past few months the church put through a bloody attempt at counter-revolution which if it had been successful would never have stopped willingly with less than the restoration of the privileges of state religion.

In no country in the world has the Roman catholic church willingly given up the law requiring lip service to its faith as a "qualification for office or trust."

Historically, traditionally and actually, the catholic church is for the compulsory enforcement of all the religious "qualifications" that were once enforced by Torquemada through the rack and thumbscrew and the stake of the Inquisition. Wherever it now enjoys less than this, it has been driven or kept out of those privileges by force.

But wherever the catholic church has not had or has lost the privileges of state religion—the catholic church is for "toleration" such as that so eloquently pleaded for by the supporters of Tammany at Houston.

Of course no sane person can take seriously the idea that if Smith is elected, Rome will rule America. No; more than half the gold in the world is in the United States; the United States bankers are ruling the pope. The pope is even now on his knees in Wall Street, receiving loans. No, the explanation is entirely different from that given by the half-witted Senator Heflin. As we have said before, the real "pope" who will and does command Al Smith is not in Rome, but in the banks of New York.

Just what is the role of the Catholic church in American politics today? It is peddling itself to the United States capitalist government as a sort of "service company" for use in helping to subjugate Latin America for United States imperialism.

The Catholic church wants to be "tolerated" in the United States, and, more important, to be used by the United States as an instrument for political intrigue among "inferior" nations which United States capitalists want to rule.

But in the weaker nations which it wants to help subjugate for United States bankers, it wants to start with "tolerance," backed up with American bayonets, and wind up with as much of its old privilege of plunder and tyranny as it can enjoy under the bayonets of United States marines, while collaborating for mutual benefit with the ruling class of the "great Protestant nation" of the North.

Wants Campaign Corner

To the Editor of The DAILY WORKER:

Now that we are entering into an interesting political campaign, I want to recommend the creation of a "Campaign Corner" in The DAILY WORKER, to appear daily.

In this "Campaign Corner," should be discussed every important issue in the current campaign.

In this "Campaign Corner," experiences should be related by the active participants in the campaign. Questions should be asked by those interested, and answered by those who know. Objections commonly raised should be stated, and how those objections were and are to be overcome should be explained.

In this "Campaign Corner," The DAILY WORKER readers should give as well as receive historic facts, appropriate to the present campaign. National, state and local data should be made available to all of us for further constructive use.

In this "Campaign Corner" should be discussed the methods of approach to the workers in the various localities, of various nationalities, and to the various races. Also, to the farmers.

In this "Campaign Corner" should be found biographical sketches of our candidates and leaders. We should also give pen-sketches of our political and class-opponents so that we may see who they actually are, and whom they truly represent.

To this "Campaign Corner," our Workers (Communist) Party candidates, leaders, writers and functionaries should contribute, as well as all the worker-correspondents.

Through such "Campaign Corner" we are all certain to learn. Then knowing what and how—to teach.

And last, but postively not least this will serve to increase the circulation of The DAILY WORKER.

Comradely yours,

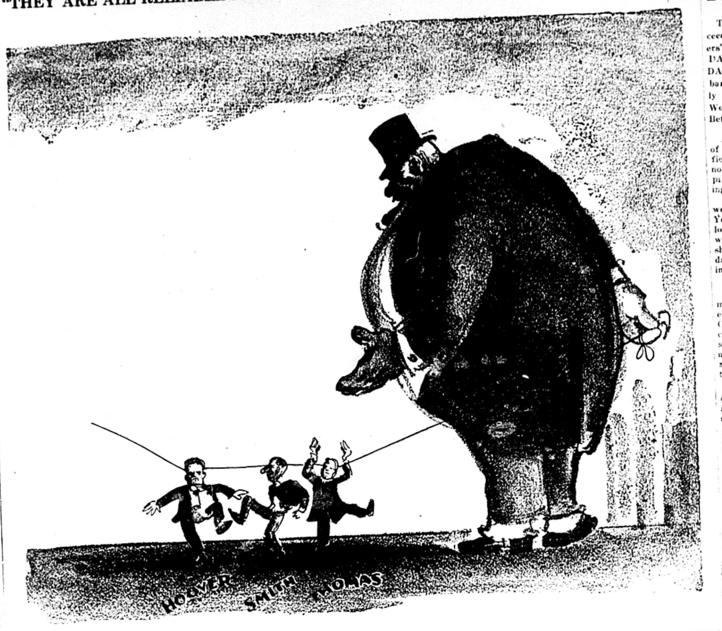
—MAX KITZES, New York

* * *

EDITOR'S NOTE—All right. Send in your work to the "Campaign Corner."

"THEY ARE ALL RELIABLE MEN"

By Fred Ellis



Students And Miners' Struggle

By P. FRANKFELD.

The miners' strike is now in its 15th month. The miners have been battling against great odds. The great sacrifices that the miners have been making for American labor* has evoked a real feeling of solidarity on the part of great masses of workers not directly concerned in the strike. Not only has the working class generally responded to the call and need of the miners—but also all sections of the working class. The working class youth, the working women, Negro workers, and the children of the workers as well.

We expect much from the workers. The workers instinctively feel the pulse of the struggle, the workers know what a prolonged strike means. Therefore when workers in New York City respond liberally to the various relief appeals that are made, it is an expression of class solidarity, a sign of recognition of the mutual interests of the working class as a whole.

Students, however, are a bit different. Students, as a class, are petty-bourgeois. Not that we do not recognize various strata among the students. There are students whose parents are proletarians. There are students who work part time. There are students whose parents are small business men. And still others whose parents are big capitalists.

Student Ideology.

But students as a class have a special ideology. They are isolated from the class struggle. Their training in capitalist institutions of learning distorts their views of society. Their very presence in those "institutions of higher learning" is proof that they are eager to rise above the ranks of the working class into the ranks of the professional classes (teachers, doctors, lawyers, dentists, technicians, engineers, etc.). It is a well known fact, and even sadly admitted today by various professors that the sole purpose of most students going to college is to be in a position of making an easy livelihood. Education in America is on a mass scale, like everything else, and the students that go thru the mill of education are imbued with anti-working class spirit and outlook.

We have the example of the students in the Colorado colleges participating in the slaughter of the striking miners there. These students were part of the National Guard. We have the example of students playing the role of strikebreakers. The C. M. T. C. is recruited to a large extent from the students.

It is, therefore, of special interest to us to know of the reactions of the students to the great miners' strike now in progress and how they responded to the call of the miners for relief.

Influence of League.

We have only given one side of the picture concerning students. That side is a very black one indeed. However, one can see the influence of the Young Workers (Communist) League members in any universities and colleges. We must not be blind to nor underestimate the importance of the Communist struggle against all forms of militarism in a place like City College. No doubt, in spite of all the walls of bleak learning which college authorities attempt to create between the students and the working class the fact that there are a large number of working sudents, the fact that a section of the students have sprung from proletarian homes, brings them in contact with the class struggle, and we find that even in the rich man's college, Yale, a group of students do participate in picketing of an open shop neckwear factory.

In New York City we have a Youth Conference for Miners' Relief. The overwhelming majority of the 50 odd youth organizations which are affiliated are working class in character. There are, however, about a dozen student groups affiliated with it. What have these groups done for the striking miners? How much have they contributed? What has been the response of the students generally to the agitation for relief?

This the article will attempt to answer. The scope of this article will naturally be limited to the experiences in New York only. Whether or not this is a general or local phenomenon, this students relief, cannot be answered here.

Some Students Help Workers.

For general propaganda, meetings were arranged in many high schools and colleges. Sometimes the meetings were highly successful, sometimes very poorly attended. We have had the experience that the first time we send around a speaker on the miners' strike the attendance is usually good. That is, about 75 to 100 or over attend the meeting. In places where we have had speakers more than once, we find that the second time the response is not so very good. This observation is based on experience in City College, Hunter College, and one or two high schools. However, the interesting fact is that when we proceed to hold our second tag day there the response in money is much better than the first time.

Teacher Sees No Struggle.

On the meetings that were held: When Tony Minerich was in New York we sent him to several places to speak. The response was favorable. Sabatini was toured thru several colleges. In the last month, however, we succeeded in arranging meetings in City College again, in Hunter College, in Morris High School, in Hunter College Annex on 32nd St., etc. In Morris High School and in Hunter College Annex, the meeting were very well attended, and in Morris High School the lecture took on the character of a debate because a certain teacher tried to tell the students that there was no class struggle and no classes. When the speaker got thru answering the insipid arguments of that senile pedagogue there was a storm of applause from all the students present. Everywhere, the coal strike was shown to be a part of the class struggle generally, and the students that were spoken to listened most attentively to the recital of the entire strike from its very beginning.

In a high school, New Utrecht, a petition was gotten up, the Miners' Relief Committee demanding official recognition on the part of the principal, and also the right to hold a tag day. Over 800 students signed this petition. In various colleges, City College Evening Session, Hunter, etc., leaflets were issued on the strike. These leaflets were put into every student's hand. The leaflets gave a clear exposition of the facts on the coal strike. In most instances, these leaflets were very well received by the students.

Student Contributions.

Money was raised in two ways by the student groups. One was the arrangement of affairs; and two, the holding of special college and high school tag days. Hunter College, the main building committee, arranged an affair and made $54.63. In tag day collections in Hunter, $37.21 was taken in by the main building group. In the 32nd St. Annex, $53.78 was collected, and in the Brooklyn Annex, $6.52. In City College a tag day netted $23.50. In New Utrecht High School, $16.22. In New York University, the University Daily News gave the miners' strike some excellent publicity. And when a tag day was held in the Washington Square Branch one hour's collecting totaled $107.87. That tag day was broken up by the police. In George Washington High School $23.78 was collected. A Teachers' College group sent in $121. Barnard College club has turned in to date $48.61 in general collections, and over $90 in tickets, etc. Union Theological Seminary turned in $7 for miners' relief. Over $600 was collected by student organizations for miners' relief.

Must Win Students.

The miners' struggle has found a certain response among the students. They have shown a real live interest in the miners' fight. Of course, there is no use hiding the fact that the elements responsible for most of the work in the colleges, high schools, and universities of New York have been the members of the Young Workers (Communist) League. A step forward as far as clarifying the students on the issue of the miners' strike has been accomplished. The bourgeois ideology in the high schools and colleges must be ruthlessly combatted, and the students, as much as possible, must be made into class conscious fighters in the ranks of the working class.

Communists Face Important Election Tasks

By SIDNEY BLOOMFIELD

During a strike the workers are interested in the issues of the immediate struggle. Communist activities receive recognition because the workers comprehend that only the communists advance the true interests of the working-class. The masses are interested in the broader aspects of the struggle during election campaigns because they are confronted with an incessant capitalist campaign propaganda coming from every avenue of information during this period.

The masses are becoming more responsive to revolutionary agitation. We must be as active and thorough in the election campaign as we are in strikes, with the understanding that the smallest details of the campaign must receive our attention. A Bolshevik is ever alert to seize upon the minutest detail, the most common routine task, in order to give it political content and use it as a means of advancing the main struggle of the workers. Communists must regard parliamentary campaign work of equal importance to a strike. The election campaign must find every Communist zealously at work.

Getting Signatures

Heretofore one of our major tasks, getting signatures of voters in order to place our candidates on the ballot, a formality which must be complied with and without which the proper kind of campaign is not always possible, has been left in the hands of a few comrades in each district, or some paid worker was detailed to carry out the task. This 'uncommunist procedure has tended to isolate our membership from the masses, and the party has in the past been unable to get on the ballot in many states where a little effort would accomplish the task. In some instances our Party was compromised in the eyes of the workers because of this carelessness.

Procuring signatures on the petition is a very important political job and the whole Party must be mobilized for this work. Obtaining signatures should become a competitive task, one that will create interest and enthusiasm amongst the comrades. When a Bolshevik can boast of having been in jail or on the picket line, he can only boast of being half a Bolshevik. We must have American Bolsheviks who can boast that they have helped in getting signatures and otherwise participated in the struggles of the American working-class, one of the most important of which is the election campaigns.

A Job Worth While

Getting signatures is a rich and colorful experience and not the menial task that shirkers pretend it to be. Most workers and middle-class elements will sign their names to our petitions if properly approached. The most reticent comrade will become a hustler after a little experience. Uninitiated comrades may be sent out in pairs until they can do the work alone. It is well to give literature, copies of the Daily Worker, etc., to those signing the petition.

In going about this work one learns, through conversation with the workers, their conditions, their problems, their struggles and their wishes. One observes the attitude and reactions of the workers toward certain problems, and at the same time becomes an active propagandist in the course of the discussions with those who manifest ignorance of or opposition to the revolutionary movement. In short, this activity draws our comrades into the pulsating life of the American working-class, and that is a big achievement.

Lenin's View

Lenin considered this phase of parliamentary activity of vital importance to the revolutionary movement when he gave our leftists along with the leftists of England, Germany and Italy the following bit of advice in 1920:

"The Communists of Western Europe and America must learn to create a new parliamentarism, entirely distinct from the usual opportunist, office-seeking form. This new parliamentarism must be used by the Communist Party to set forth its program: it must be used by the real proletarian, who, in co-operation with the unorganized and very much ignored poor, should go from house to house of the workers, from hut to hut of the agricultural proletariat and isolated peasantry, carrying and distributing leaflets.

"The Communist should penetrate into the humblest taverns, should find his way into the unions, societies, and chance gatherings of the common people and talk with them, not learnedly, nor too much after the parliamentary fashion. He should not for a moment think of a 'place' in parliament; his only object should be everywhere to awaken the minds of the people, to attract the masses, to trip the bourgeoisie up on their own words, utilizing the apparatus created by them, the election contests arranged by them, the appeals to the whole people issued by them, to preach Bolshevism to the masses.

"Under the rule of the bourgeoisie this is possible only during an election campaign—not counting, of course, the occasion of great strikes, when a similar apparatus of general agitation may be utilized (Lenin speaks of parliamentary campaigns and strikes in the same sentence and considers them both of equal importance; S. B.), as we utilized it, still more intensely. It is exceedingly difficult to do this in Western Europe and America, but it can and must be done, for without labor the problem of Communism can in no way be solved."

HANdOuTS

Twenty-five per cent of the proceeds of the barber shop in the Workers' Center last week went to The DAILY WORKER. It's time The DAILY WORKER trimmed these barbers. They've trimmed practically everybody in District 12 of the Workers Party. (Note to printer: Better kill it.)

* * *

Attempt of the board of education of Newcomerstown, Conn., to limit the field of instruction for its teachers is noted in its resolution just passed prohibiting teachers and pupils having dates during the school year.

A slight misconception of what workers enjoy on the part of a New York newspaper is noted in the following sentence relative to subway workers: "Men willingly give up sunshine and fresh air to work in the dark, dank underground." Not willingly. Only after starvation.

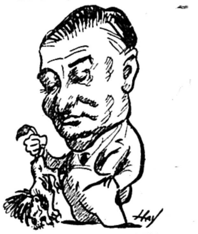
* * *

An example of how to spend your money after you've spent a lifetime exploiting workers is set by Frances Clyne of Manhattan. She has secured an entire room in the Anderson galleries, which usually displays a dozen or more pictures, to hang a single canvas. The picture is a portrait of herself.

The press is quite sympathetic to George Hicks, 60, who was uninjured although he was run over by three subway trains. He laid down flat. But why have pity on him. He was just as comfortable underneath the trains as he would have been inside.

* * *

U. S. By-Product



Picture shows the mayor of Chicago, William Hale Thompson, one of the powers now at war with Great Britain. The most recent casualty in the conflict is the rooster shown above which has long been suspected of Pro-British sympathies due to his habit of hanging around the British consulate and crowing when the Union Jack is unfurled. Many people think Big Bill is a clown. He's not. He's a respectable business man getting rich rapidly from the official taxes levied by the city and the unofficial taxes levied on the bootlegging industry.

BIG NEW YORK CITY MINE RELIEF TAG DAY STARTS TODAY

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

NEW BEDFORD MILL STRIKERS TO PARADE TODAY

ADDED CHARGES PLANNED TO JAIL PORTER 99 YEARS

Forced to Shovel Coal 10 Hours a Day

(Special To The DAILY WORKER)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 29.—In addition to the charge of desertion from the U. S. army, which the young vice president of the Textile Mills Committee, John Porter, is facing, it is now learned that the army authorities are planning to weave around him a net of numerous other charges by which they hope to sentence this militant worker to the maximum penalty of 99 years' imprisonment. These charges are: participation in a strike, activity on the picket lines, and civil arrests in connection with these activities.

Others Jailed.

While civil strike leaders are also being jailed for similar activities here, mere participation in a strike while under army jurisdiction, is punishable by a life term in prison as a maximum sentence.

More facts are being brought out to show with what premeditated viciousness the mill owners planned to get rid of Porter. This was done in so open a manner that patrolmen on the picket line threatened Porter three times that the federal authorities would be notified of the fact that he was a deserter, if he didn't quit strike activities.

Porter in prison, with a life term staring him in the face, answers this with the same militancy as was his answer to the demand of police that he quit strike activities, according to Paul Crouch, who visited him yes-

(Continued on Page Two)

MINERS' RELIEF TAG DAY TODAY

Workers in Different Trades to Participate

Thousands of New York workers will gather at half a hundred stations thruout the city this morning and armed with collection boxes, red flowers, wearing a relief appeal on their sleeves, will spread out thruout the length and breadth of the city to solicit aid from the millions of people of New York for the striking miners and their families. Tomorrow the scene will be repeated, with special concentration on the nearby beaches and summer resorts.

The miners' strike, about to enter its sixteenth month, finds the embattled miners as determined to win for themselves a militant union as they were when the strike began.

All Trades Help.

This solidarity of labor is well demonstrated by the number and variety of trades in which the mine relief soliciters are engaged. Among them are furriers, garment makers, millinery workers, window cleaners traction workers, and women employed in unorganized shops and factories, such as Schrafft's and the National Biscuit Co.,—the latter mobilized by the New York Working Women's Federation of New York.

From the northernmost point in the Bronx to the tip of Brooklyn at Coney Island, and extending far out into Queens County, miners' relief stations are established. Downtown Manhattan has 13, Harlem has 8 there are 12 in the Bronx, 5 in Brownsville, 3 in Williamsburg, 4 in lower Brooklyn, 1 each in Coney Island and Brighton Beach, and 3 in Queens County. The mobilization is expected to gather at least five thousand volunteers, workers young and old men, women and children.

Party Members Needed For Work on Tuesday

All Party members are asked to report for important work at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, on Tuesday, July 3, at 10:30 a. m.

—J. BALLAM.

Wall St. Names Lackeys

Wall Street has found Al Smith, head of Tammany graft ring, reliable. It has put him over as democratic candidate for the presidency. The democratic convention has selected Joseph Robinson (right) at Smith's running mate in its bid for the farm vote.

Joe Robinson, "Dry," to Run with Al, "Wet"

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

HOUSTON, June 29.—Joseph T. Robinson, senator from Arkansas, democratic whip in the senate since 1922, was today nominated by the Houston convention as vice-presidential running mate to Al Smith, who was named fourteen hours earlier in a cut and dried program exceeded for its deadly control only by that staged at Kansas City two weeks ago.

Nothing here failed to take place as expected, from the staged public statements of endorsement by Wall Street spokesmen to the switching of the Ohio delegation vote in support of Smith. Both facts happened on schedule. It was known that the Morgan interests had passed out the word to name Smith, that Smith would exert his influence to secure Robinson

Same Methods.

In the naming of Robinson, today, the same calculated and methodical program was carried out. Robinson fully answers the demands of the democratic politicians. He is a protestant, a point which will be used to offset Smith's catholicism. He is a bone dry—for publication, of course, just as Smith, in spite of the hypocrisy and camouflage of the str[illegible] forcement plank in the platfo[illegible] remain a partial wet—for publi[illegible] Robinson is also a "farm" spok[illegible] as these have come to be known since the republicans put over Curtis in an equally camouflaged betrayal of the farmers' interests.

* * *

Platform of Camouflage.

HOUSTON, June 29.—The platform adopted by the democratic party convention is seen here to be a near masterpiece of evasion and camouflage couched in language which yet gives the appearance of calling forth real battle.

CLOAK CHAIRMEN MEET IS PLANNED

The local committee of the National Organization Committee will hold a business meeting Monday to prepare the order of business for the coming full conference of the Shop Chairmen's and Delegates' Council, which will be held Monday, July 9. This was the announcement issued yesterday from the headquarters of the N. O. C., 16 W. 21st St. The local committee will meet at these offices immediately after work.

The Shop Chairmen's Council is a permanent institution established at an all day conference of shop representatives in Webster Hall recently, and is fast becoming the moving force behind the drive of the workers in the ladies' garment industry to rebuild their union over the heads of the Sigman gang.

* * *

Call Workers to Picket.

All active cloak and dressmakers are called by the Joint Board Cloakmakers' Union to come to the picket lines thrown around the shops declared on strike by the Joint Board. They are Shapiro & Sons, 35th St. and Broadway; and the Classy Cloak Company, 39th St. and Eighth Ave. Both these firms are strike-bound because of their attempt to carry out the orders of the Sigman-Schlesinger clique by discharging workers who refused to register with the right wing union. The Classy firm locked out a whole shop of 40 workers.

Reveal Donetz Plotters Served as Spies of Imperialists

CONSPIRED WITH FOREIGN POWERS AGAINST U.S.S.R.

Find Lenin Predicted Situation Years Ago

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., June 29.—The final examination of traitorous engineers involved in the huge criminal sabotage plot in the Don Basin today revealed that in addition to their sabotage activities, certain engineers had supplied foreign institutions hostile to the Soviet Union with information concerning the military strength and positions of the USSR Government.

The examination of those accused in the conspiracy ended yesterday. The court questioned the defendants on their relations with foreign institutions in closed session. The technicians Budny, Matov, Sushtchevski, Shadlun, and Skorutto admitted that they were members of the sabotagers organization and that they had supplied not only economic information to the white guardist former owners of the mines, but also information concerning the military strength and positions of the Soviet troops.

They also said that they had been fully prepared to cooperate with the anti-Soviet foreign group in case the latter organized a new military offensive against the Soviet Union.

Prosecutor Krylenko, in his speech for the prosecution, reminded the court of Lenin's statement concern-

(Continued on Page Three)

NOTED CONDUCTOR AT GREAT CONCERT

Volpe's Orchestra to Perform July 14

Music-loving workers will be treated to an unusual symphony concert at the great concert and entertainment to be held at Coney Island Stadium July 14. Arno Volpe's Symphony Orchestra of 50 musicians will render several of the most famous numbers in the symphonic repertoire as part of a program that will include many notable artists.

Volpe is one of the leading American orchestra conductors. He was the founder and first conductor of the stadium concerts and last year acted as guest conductor at these concerts. He is therefore already well known to thousands of workers.

Plans for the great July 14 concert have not yet been completely worked out, but present indications point to its being the greatest proletarian musical event that has ever been staged in this country. Among the other artists on the program will be Prof. Leo Theremin, the young Soviet scientist and inventor, whose discovery of a method of drawing the most beautiful music out of the air without the aid of musical instruments has been the sensation of the musical and scientific world for the past few months.

Twenty-five thousand of New York's militants are expected to pack Coney Island Stadium for this remarkable concert.

Communist Candidates For Congress in Coming Election Campaign

From left to right above are Melach Epstein, editor of the Freiheit, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for congress from the 12th congressional district in New York City; James P. Cannon, secretary of the International labor Defense, congressional candidates 20th district, and Ben Gold, head of the Furriers' Joint Board, candidate 23rd Congressional District.

SPEED PLANS FOR BIG N.Y.C. ELECTION DRIVE

Plans for placing the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in the city and state and for mobilizing the Party membership and sympathizers, were discussed at an enthusiastic election conference, which was attended by 75 delegates from language bureaus and industrial groups of the Workers Party, including section organizers, campaign managers, agitprop directors, delegates from the Negro committee, the women's department and the Young Workers League.

Plans were discussed which promise to lay the foundation for a widespread, intensive drive for support of the Communist program and candidates such as New York has not yet seen.

To Start Signature Drive.

The conference was addressed by Bert Miller, organization secretary of District 2, who spoke on the program of the Party, and Rebecca Grecht, state campaign manager, who reported on the signature drive and the problems of organization.

It was decided to begin the signature campaign immediately. The services of sympathizers will be enlisted in every section. Various headquarters will be established in each assembly district where candidates have been nominated, from which the drive will be conducted.

All Sections of Workingclass.

Special emphasis was laid on the need of reaching workers in shops, the mobilization of all left wing forces for the campaign in the unions and unorganized factories, and the problem of reaching the workers in language, fraternal and other labor bodies. The decision to organize campaign committees in every industry and in all language organizations met with hearty support.

In this year's election campaign, the Party proposes to carry on intensive propaganda among the Negro workers in Harlem and Brooklyn. The importance of this task and the broad possibilities for activity were

(Continued on Page Three)

Daily Worker Agents

All DAILY WORKER agents of District 2 are asked to report at the business office of the "Daily," 26-28 Union Square, Wednesday evening at 8 p. m., in reference to the July 14 concert at Coney Island Stadium.

TROOPS OF FENG, CHIANG TO CLASH

Report Army Revolts in Hankow

SHANGHAI, June 29.—Armed clashes between the troops of Chiang Kai-shek and those operating under Feng Yu-hsian are expected to break out at any moment, according to dispatches received here from Peking.

The main body of Feng's army is north of Hokien but a section is in control of the Laufang railroad and it is for possession of this road that hostilities are expected to ensue.

The Kuomintang is alleged to have promised Feng the Control of Peking should it fall to the Nanking troops and those of Feng, and the latter has for some time been preparing to assert his side of the understanding, it is reported.

* * *

Hankow Army Revolts.

SHANGHAI, June 29.—Dispatches rushed here from Hankow report that the army under Chen Cien is in revolt against the Hankow government and that the fall of government is imminent. No further details could be obtained.

REPORT FIGHTING IN CROATIA TOWN

BELGRADE, June 29. — Street fighting, in which several persons have been injured, is reported to have broken out between Serbians and Croatians in Sebenico, according to a dispatch from Zara yesterday.

The fighting began when Croats, who were demonstrating against the shooting of Raditch, leader of the Croatian Peasant Party, passed thru the main thoroughfare of the town.

Sebenico is a port on the coast of Croatia. Feeling against both the Serbs and the Italians is reported to run high in the city.

BANKERS AGAIN ENDORSE SMITH

Schwab Gives Indirect Approval

No political party would dare to oppose big business, Charles M. Schwab, chairman of the board of directors of the Bethlehem Steel Company, declared yesterday in an address before the opening session of the Bolt Nut and Rivet Manufacturers' Association. "I'd like to see the political party that attacks business because it is prosperous," Schwab warned.

Approves Smith.

His remarks were taken as an expression of confidence in the eminent safety for big business of Al Smith on the eve of whose nomination for the presidency by the democratic party Schwab spoke. "I am a republican and will probably vote the republican ticket," Schwab said by way of further elaboration, "but I am not afraid that politics is going to hurt business."

Schwab also urged a "czar" for the manufacturers such as now is maintained in the motion picture industry and in baseball.

The banker and steel magnate's declaration on the safety of Al. Smith is the second which has been offered in the past two days. The first endorsement was by John J. Raskob, chairman of the board of the General Motors Company and personal friend of Smith. Stocks in Wall Street sky-rocketed following Raskob's announcement.

It is considered significant that the General Motors Company with which Raskob is connected is a Morgan controlled concern and that the Schwab's Bethlehem Steel Company has just combined with the Morgan-directed United States Steel Company.

These facts are taken to prove the oft repeated charge that Al Smith is Morgan's man.

FUR SHOP STRUCK FOR JULY RAISE

Transforming into action the instructions given to the Joint Board of the Furriers' Union by the fur workers at the recent mass meeting to launch a campaign to obtain July wage raises for the furriers, Ben Gold, manager of the union, announced that the first strike for this purpose was declared yesterday morning.

Work in the fur factory of Fiel & Ellowitz, 145 W. 28th St., was halted when the 15 workers in the shop went out on strike after they had presented a list with the raise demanded alongside each name.

The workers, upon leaving the factory, immediately began to picket the shop. They were soon joined by many other workers in the market, who were enthusiastic at the prompt action of the Joint Board, whose action, they said, shows that the union considers resolutions passed by the members as no mere mouthing of words.

POLICE THREATEN ATTACK ON MASS DEMONSTRATION

Polish Workers Sign Up With Mill Committee

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 29.—Mayor Ashley answered the committee of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mills Committee, who came for a reversal of the decision of the police not to grant a parade permit to the strikers for tomorrow, with a categoric refusal. He declared that anyone trying to parade will be arrested.

Strike leaders immediately countered with a call to the workers to come to the parade. The strikers will march permit or no permit, they said.

Police are preparing all their forces to break up the demonstration of tens of thousands of textile strikers and their sympathizers.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 29.—The Textile Mills Committee representatives yesterday appeared before the City Council with a demand that the decision of the police chief not to grant a permit for the parade planned for Saturday be reversed. In spite of the City Council's refusal to do so, the Committee announced later that plans for the parade were going ahead.

Coming to the Board of Aldermen and the City Council with an official letter from the union, a committee led by Eli Keller was informed that its request has been placed on file! At the City Council meeting Keller was not even permitted to speak in spite of being the representative of tens of thousands of the city's population. After coming out of the building the committee declared that it will hold the parade even if the appeal to the mayor which is planned for tomorrow will be fruitless, as is expected. This course of action was later confirmed at the union headquarters by Organizer Rubenstein.

Polish Workers Join.

The largest meeting of Polish strikers yet held in New Bedford,

Continued on Page Two)

JAIL NORWEGIAN COMMUNIST HEAD

Many Workers Arrested for Aiding Strikers

OSLO, Norway, June 29.—A leading member of the Norwegian Communist Party, Christiansen, has been arrested here in connection with the printers' and building workers' strike. The arrest was made under the law which prohibits strikes, passed recently by the Norwegian parliament. The law also imposes penalties on persons helping strikers.

Further arrests are expected as a result of the stringent execution of the law. A number of persons have already been fined up to 500 crowns for aiding the strikers.

Trade union members, who have been lending support to the strike by regular contributions of a crown monthly, are to be penalized. At the present time such subscriptions are being collected for the striking printers and building workers.

VILNA DEMANDS HANDED POLAND

KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia, June 29.—The Lithuanian government has handed the Polish delegation in Kovno a security pact demanding recognition of the Lithuanian frontiers as they existed in 1920, according to a dispatch from Kovno.

The Lithuanian frontiers as sketched in the demands include Vilna.

The reply of the Polish government is expected within forty-eight hours.

WHERE DEATH COMES AFTER SPEED-UP

Heavy Death Toll Among 625,000 Workers in Auto Industry

By ROBERT W. DUNN.
(Federated Press.)

DETROIT, Mich., June 29.—Despite "safety first" campaigns, safety managers and the oceans of propaganda against accidents put out by such employers' bodies as the National safety council, accidents continue to increase in the industry that makes our Packards, Chevrolets, Studebakers and Model T Fords. Hazards to workers' life and health increase as mass production intensifies its drive for the 625,000 workers directly employed by the automobile companies and by motor parts and accessory manufacturing concerns. This is the conclusion of a study on "Safety and Production" recently completed by the American Engineering Council.

More Speed, More Accidents.

In auto factories studied by the council, in its survey of some 40 industries, accident figures had increased more than four per cent in four years in the face of all current safety drives and propaganda. But far more significant is the discovery that the increase in the severity of accidents in these auto plants was 22 per cent during the same period, and greater than the increase in production itself. The survey covered four specimen plants embracing 15,000 workers.

Commenting on these and similar arresting figures for certain other

(Continued on Page Two)

Chicago Labor Union Officials Are Exposed in a Million Dollar Graft Ring

JOIN WITH GLASS MANUFACTURER IN HOLDUP OF TRADE

Get $500 to $5,000 From Hundreds of Firms

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

CHICAGO, June 29.—A million dollar a year union official and employer graft combination was disclosed here yesterday when the federal grand jury indicted two glass manufacturers and three officials of the Chicago Glaziers' Union in a conspiracy to control the industry.

The graft deal which extended over the entire glass manufacturing and distributing trade in Chicago and vicinity involved primarily Charles Pheiffer, president of the union, Timothy Rice, business agent, and Frank C. Harris, one of the directors of the organization. How many others are implicated has not yet been disclosed.

On the employers' side the principal figures are George H. Myers, millionaire president of the George H. Myers Glass Company and an officer of the Illinois Glass Dealers' Association, Benjamin Beris, who is also president of the American Glass Company.

High Finance.

While charged with conspiracy to violate the Sherman Anti-trust law, these union officials and employers are known to have participated in much more direct manipulations than is indicated by the charge.

Over a score of manufacturers were compelled to pay annual lump sums each of from $500 to $5,000 yearly for "strike insurance" and premiums on being permitted to manufacture their articles. In other cases a bonus of $25 was exacted from each dealer on every cabinet or similar article produced.

In addition over fifty wholesale dealers in kitchen and bathroom supplies, and scores of members of the Illinois Glass Dealers' Association were compelled to pay a corresponding tribute. Over a million dollars a year is believed to have been the yield to the ring.

The refusal to install the products prescribed by the ring or the failure to pay tribute or "strike insurance" was met with the immediate calling of a strike by the union officials. This method usually brought a stubborn employer to terms.

At the same time the workers in the trade are known to receive little or no protection against discrimination by the bosses. They are gangster-controlled and in many instances work far below the union scale.

The exposures among the officials of the Chicago unions are expected to follow. It is known that corruption here as in other large cities, especially among the building trades unions, is rife.

BIG PROGRAM AT DEFENSE AFFAIR

Workers of All Trades to Attend Carnival

The huge sports carnival and jamboree of the Joint Defense in Starlight Park next Saturday will be a demonstration of solidarity on the part of the militant workers of New York with their comrades among the cloakmakers, furriers and dressmakers who have been framed up by the bosses in co-operation with the right wing.

Workers of all trades will gather to view exhibitions by hundreds of the leading workingclass athletes of the city. The program includes a parade of all the athletes, boxing, wrestling, gymnastics, pyramids, a moonlight swimming contest, fancy diving, soccer games and music by the Hungarian Symphony Orchestra.

The organizations that will take part will include the Scandinavian Workers' Athletic Club, the Greek-American Athletic Club, the Workers' Gymnastic and Sports Alliance, the Metropolitan Women's Soccer League, the Bronx Workers' Gymnastic Club and the Young Pioneers.

The admission will be 50 cents and all the proceeds will go for the defense of the nine needle trades workers who have been sentenced to serve from two and a half to five years for strike activity.

Children of the Poor Make the Best of the Sweltering Heat

Photo shows a group of poor children in the city making the best of the sweltering summer heat. The Children of the poor cannot go to the country to escape the heat; thousands are forced to share the few playgrounds provided by the city.

HIGH DEATH RATE IN AUTO INDUSTRY

Toll Heavy Because Of Speed-Up

(*Continued from page one*)

big scale industries, the council says:

"Apparently the increased seriousness of accidents during the last few years has been the direct result of the increased intensity of industrial activity during that period. There are, however, forces inherent in mechanization itself and in the consequent speeding up of industry which have a direct tendency to increase the seriousness of accidents."

Earlier government figures place the average annual accident rate in the auto industry as 315 for every 10,000 workers. This means that about one worker in 30 is injured, at least to the extent of causing recorded temporary disability, every year. This figure includes about three deaths, 40 permanent disabilities and 272 temporary disabilities for every 10,000 workers annually. In addition there are the almost daily minor injuries, small cuts and bruises that are patched up in company first aid stations and hospitals.

A student who worked in the Chrysler plant last summer found that despite all safety rules, "the number of minor accidents such as splinters, scratches, bumps, etc., is alarmingly large. Even those experienced in their speeded work grow careless or suffer because of a defect in material or equipment." This student estimated that there is at least one cut per worker per day and that the dangers of infection are very great because of the materials they are required to handle.

Employers are interested in accident prevention purely from the standpoint of production. As the safety director of the General Motors Co. puts it: "Our increased production has paid for all our safety work and it has done a lot more—it is about time we got at it. Otherwise we will have more stringent laws."

The labor movement, in other words, might secure legislation that would raise the compensation rates, thus interfering with profits. The employers' safety movement, though often saturated with humanitarian phrases, is basically an outgrowth of labor's struggle for compensation measures. It is sustained in the fear that labor may become more powerful and secure more legislation harmful to company profits.

Workers in many Detroit plants complain that accidents are due to speed-up methods employed which render caution and care almost impossible. It is also observed that the largest percentage of accidents occur in the last hour, or hours, of work, thus indicating the influence of the long working day—or working night—on the accident rate.

Fiesta For Mine Relief Planned By Spanish Club

The recently organized Pro-Miners' Relief Committee of the Spanish Workers Club of New York City has arranged a tea-party for Saturday evening. The party will be held at the club rooms, 55 West 113th St. Workers and their wives have been invited to attend this fiesta, which according to all present indications will be a "boomerang."

Although no charge will be made at the door, all those attending have been urged to donate whatever they can to the cause of the striking miners, which is also the cause of the entire American working class.

Jefferson City Shoe Workers Go on Strike

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., June 29.—The strike at the Tweedie Footwear Corporation factory here was in full swing last night when the striking workers issued a statement to the effect that they would continue their struggle until the company agrees to meet their demands.

The workers went out on strike when a new clock system was installed at the local factory last week. When they learned that the new system would reduce their wages from $2 to $6 each week, a storm of protest arose. At a meeting held the same evening, the workers voted unanimously to demand the reinstallation of the former system. When their demand was refused the next morning, they went on strike.

The same day a statement appeared in the Daily Capital News, the Jefferson City business-controlled paper, signed by W. R. Tweedie, vice-president of the corporation, asking every "loyal employe to return to work." This failed to have any effect on the determination and morale of the striking workers.

The next day the following notice appeared, occupying a quarter page in the paper: "Factory jobs open; an opportunity for those who want good steady jobs making shoes at good prices. Inexperienced and experienced apply now at Tweedie Footwear Corporation." It was signed by W. Wheeler, superintendent of the plant.

MORE CHARGES AGAINST PORTER

Forced to Shovel Coal 10 Hours a Day

(*Continued from Page One*)

terday in his cell at Fort Adams prison, Newport, R. I. Crouch reports that Porter reiterates his stand in admitting his desertion, though he regrets not having stayed in the army to convince other soldiers that the army was the greatest enemy of the working class.

Confiscate Check.

Porter is a member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, and a check sent him by the Boston district of the League for organization work was confiscated by the army czars.

Isaac Shorr, retained for Porter's defense by the International Labor Defense is preparing the case for when he comes before the court martial scheduled for next week. Porter's jailers refuse to give the check either to him, or back to the League. It is believed that they intend to use it as evidence in the trial.

Crouch reports that conditions in the prison are extremely bad, but are many times worse for Porter. He is compelled to work 10 hours a day for seven days a week shoveling coal.

The mother, sister and sweetheart of Porter visited him in his cell in prison yesterday. Though they came from New Bedford especially for this purpose, they were permitted to see him for only ten minutes with an officer standing watch over them.

CHILD LABOR IN N. Y.

Nearly 54,000 boys and girls under 16 years of age were released from full-time school attendance in New York State and were granted employment certificates during the year ending August, 1926, according to figures recently compiled by the New York Child-Labor Committee in co-operation with the State Education Department.

TEXTILE STRIKERS TO MARCH TODAY

Will Parade in Spite of Police Threats

(*Continued on Page Two*)

was held last night by the Textile Mills Committee in the union headquarters. More than five hundred Polish workers attended. Thruout the entire duration of the meeting, and especially after it was adjourned scores of Polish strikers swarmed around the committee signing up new members of the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committee. Despite the special Polish organizers imported by the A. F. of L. union they have never as yet succeeded in holding so large a meeting. M. Pelczar spoke in Polish after the Textile Mill Committee leaders and addressed the meeting.

Police Sargeant McCarthy yesterday morning tried to halt the effectiveness with which the picketing is now being done. After the lines from the North and South End had converged, strikers began forming in double file, to start a picket march to other mills. This attempt of the police failed, however, when the workers continued to march. The police are seeking to stop the marchers by declaring the picket lines a "parade."

A. Gensalves, one of the picket leaders ordered to break up the "parade" was arrested later on a special warrant issued against him. This is the fourth time he has been placed under charges of "peace disturbance."

OUTWIT POLICE; HOLD MILL MEET IN FALL RIVER

Paid Hall Closed, 3,000 Meet on Open Lot

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 29.—Despite elaborate preparations by the police force here to prevent the Textile Mills Committee from holding a mass meeting of the textile workers, a successful meeting attended by about 3,000 workers was held yesterday under the joint auspices of the Textile Mill Committee and the American Civil Liberties Union.

The meeting was held on an open lot after the owner of the largest hall in town, the Casino, had refused to open his doors to the assembled workers because of police intimidation, despite the fact that a contract for the hall had been signed and was in the possession of the sponsors of the meeting.

Led by James Ried, organizer of the T. M. C. here, and by representatives of the American Civil Liberties Union, the thousands of workers were led from the hall to the lot that had been prepared beforehand, thus catching the police completely off their guard.

After an introductory speech by the Civil Liberties Union speaker, Rev. Smith O. Baxter gave a talk in which he declared the meeting a free speech fight and turned it over to the Mills Committee chairman, Ried. Albert Weisbord, head of the National T. M. C., a Portuguese speaker and Ried then conducted the meeting to a successful conclusion before the city authorities had time to decide to break it up.

Every mention by the speakers of the necessity of the Fall River workers to begin a struggle to regain the wage cuts they had suffered, by joining the general strike of the New Bedford workers was met with the greatest enthusiasm.

Toward the end of the meeting hundreds attending the meeting surged forward to stand in line and wait till they were signed up as members of the Textile Mills Committee unit.

The union leaders announced that another mass meeting would be held in the same lot, which can accommodate 7,000, on Monday.

Form Textile Research Institute For U. S. S. R.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—An institute for textile research has been established in the Soviet Union, according to information made public by the Soviet Information Bureau here.

All state colleges will place their laboratories at the disposal of the Institute during the time special research laboratories are built for them. Every phase of cloth making, from vegetable, animal and chemical fibres down to the manufactured piece of clothing, will be investigated and improved on by the institute.

ARREST ALLEGED SPY.

BERLIN, June 29.—Captain Lembourn, a Danish army officer alleged to be a French military spy, has been arrested at the Danish border and brought to Berlin for examination.

KILL 31 MEXICO REACTIONARIES

Federals Rout Counter-Revolutionaries

MEXICO CITY, June 29.—Twenty-six counter-revolutionists have been killed and an unknown number wounded in fighting which took place between government and counter-revolutionary forces at Mulita in the state of Guanajuato. The battle lasted three hours.

Five of the counter-revolutionists were captured and executed by a drumhead court martial immediately.

The federal troops are reported to be pursuing the counter-revolutionary fugitives. No federal casualties are reported.

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This Dining Room is the most beautiful of its kind in the entire state of New York. The spacious verandas overlooking the lake and the surrounding chain of mountains, presenting an extraordinary view.

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NOBLE ART OF EXPLOITING CHILDREN

Textile Barons Perfect Technique of Sweating Child Slaves

Child labor has its problems, too, for the efficient, up-to-the-minute mill superintendent. Just how to make the kids produce has engaged the study of one cotton mill manager who, veiled under the initials, K. C. L., gives the benefits of his researches into speeding up juvenile workers to readers of Textile World, standard trade paper. In an article entitled, Management of Operatives, he suggests:

"It requires a great deal of diplomacy on the part of the spinning room overseer to bring all his help up to the same standards of efficiency, due to the fact that most of them are children. Children do not respond to the requirements of systematic work as readily as grown-ups; and as they have a will of their own and want to set their own standard they are not so easy to train to obey orders.

"They have to be constantly watched or they will go from bad to worse in order to make more time for play or rest. The overseer should never give up until he gets them to where they will give him a good day's work with a minimum of trouble."

Turkish Government Tries 7 Charged with Spreading Communist Leafleats

FIVE MEN AND TWO WOMEN FACE HOSTILE COURT

Allege Torture Used in Jail

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 29.—Trial of seven alleged Communists, two of them women, has been begun here by the Angora government. The seven workers are accused of participating in May Day activities which were harshly restricted by the Turkish police.

Attempts of the state to prove that the workers took part in the disturbances in January in connection with the unrest among tobacco workers have failed. The government, however, charges that the present defendants were among those who chalked "Long Live Lenin!" on the walls of the state tobacco warehouse, and distributed Communist literature to the tobacco workers.

The Turkish press, and smaller papers in other languages, are engaged in spreading wild accounts of the seven workers now on trial. The Angora government has shown itself savage in its repression of Turkish workers, especially in the tobacco industry and it is expected that every effort will be made to give the seven [illegible]kers long jail terms.

[illegible] is alleged that they have been [illegible]red to obtain confessions.

NAME CANDIDATES IN NEW YORK CITY

Workers Party to Wage Intensive Drive

(Continued from Page One)

clearly outlined by Richard B. Moore, Workers Party candidate for congress in the 21st district and leader of the Negro militants.

Women Workers.

How to reach the women workers and the working class housewives was also considered. It was pointed out that the Workers (Communist) Party is the only party fighting their battles in the city and state, as well as nationally and that they must be mobilized in support of the Communist election campaign. Definite plans for this work are being prepared, according to the report made by Ray Ragozin, secretary of the Women's Department of District 2.

Industrial and foreign language conferences and section membership rallies to mobilize the widest possible support for the campaign will be held in the near future, it is announced.

* * *

New York City Candidates.

The following candidates have been chosen as standard bearers of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York City, the campaign committee announces:

Manhattan: 4th Assembly District, Elias Wattenberg; 6th Assembly District, Boris Lifshitz; 8th Assembly District Louis Hendin; 12th Congressional District, Malech Epstein; 14th Congressional District, Alexander Trachtenberg; 14th Senatorial District, Bert Miller.

Harlem: 14th Assembly District, Charles Musil; 17th Assembly District, Albert Moreau; 18th Assembly District, Abraham Markoff; 21st Assembly District, Edward Welsh; 18th Senatorial District, Nicholas Napoli; 20th Congressional District, James P. Cannon; 21st Congressional District, Richard B. Moore.

Bronx: 3rd Assembly District, Philip Frankfeld; 4th Assembly District, Charles Zimmerman; 5th Assembly District, Rebecca Grecht; 6th Assembly District, Sam Nessin; 7th Assembly District, George Primoff; 22nd Senatorial District, Joseph Boruchowitz; 23rd Congressional District, Ben Gold.

Brooklyn.

Brooklyn (Williamsburg, Brownsville and Boro Park): 6th Assembly District, Peter Midolla; 13th Assembly District, Anton Bimba; 14th Assembly District, Herbert Zam; 22nd Assembly District, Sam Liptzin; 23rd Assembly District, Ray Ragozin; 9th Assembly District, Alexander H. Chalupski; 7th Senatorial District, David Benjamin; 10th Congressional District, Bertram D. Wolfe.

Queens: Boro President, George Powers; 1st Assembly District, Abe Harfield; 2nd Congressional District, Paul Crouch.

Residential Sections.

The headquarters of residential sections are Section 1, Downtown Manhattan, 60 St. Marks Place; Section 4, Harlem, 43 East 103rd St.; Section 5, Bronx, 2075 Clinton Ave.; Section 6, Williamsburg, 29 Graham Ave.; Section 7, Boro Park, 764 40th St.; Section 8, Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

A greater number of local candidates is being put out by the Workers Party than in any previous election. Candidates for the 1st Assembly and 22nd Congressional Districts [illegible] the Bronx are being considered.

Two Killed As Imperialist Plane Goes Into Nose Dive

Victims of the latest disaster which air militarism has caused in the United States, Irva C. Miller, and Alvin La Forge, pilot were killed when their plane crashed in a sudden nose dive near the Rockaway air station at Queens, New York City.

APPEAL SENTENCE OF ITALIAN COMMUNISTS

MILAN, June 29.—The counsels for the defense in the trial of the leaders of the Italian Communist Party have entered an appeal against the verdict of the special court at Rome, and have applied to the supreme military court and the court quashing judgments.

The appeal is substantiated by numerous formal errors, and by the fact that legal rights have been exceeded.

The law upon which the special court is based does not permit of an appeal so that the counsels for the defense are not demanding a revision of judgment, but simply the quashing of the verdict. It is stated that Mussolini himself will deal with the question.

Of the 18 peasants and agricultural laborers arrested in Latium, 120 are still being kept imprisoned. They are accused of having destroyed the vineyards of fascist owners, and of taking part in the reorganization of the peasants' league, affiliated to the Italian Trade Union Federation. Several of those arrested have been tortured.

In Rome the journalist Giuseppe Amoretti, former editor of the "Unita," as also Anna Bessonne, have been arrested on the charge of reorganizing the Communist Party in Latium. Amoretti was severely ill-treated by the police. His family is entirely without news of him, and extremely anxious over his fate.

DONETZ PLOTTERS SERVED AS SPIES

(Continued from Page One)

ing the Donetz Basin. "He (Lenin), once said that the Donetz Basin was the basis of the socialist reconstruction in the Soviet Union, and pointed out that this would be made the center of attack, therefore, by counter-revolutionary organizations," Krylenko said. "This statement, anticipating the recent sabotage conspiracy, again proved the far-sightedness of Lenin."

He then went on to declare that the accused were not Russian intellectuals, as the capitalist press tries to paint them, but capitalist agents, and demanded stern punishment for the conspirators, who by their traitorous acts had aimed an attack against the entire Soviet Union.

The court was adjourned until evening, when Prosecutor Krylenko was to close up the case.

MORROW PLANS WALL ST. LOAN

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Dwight W. Morrow was requested to confer with New York bankers by Secretary Kellogg yesterday prior to the former's departure shortly to Mexico City as American ambassador.

It is rumored that the bankers through Morrow plan to float a new Mexican loan, although details of the conference were not disclosed.

22 Dead, 75 Injured In Railroad Wreck

LONDON, June 29.—Twenty-two persons were killed shortly after midnight today when a heavily crowded excursion train and a freight train collided just outside of the Darlington Station. Six of the victims were killed instantly. The others died in various hospitals after the crash.

Many of the excursionists were women and children.

Seventy-five injured persons were in hospitals today. Many of them are so seriously hurt that it is believed they will die.

"POTEMKIN" RETURNS TO CAMEO THEATRE TODAY

The Sovkino master film "Potemkin," which plays a return engagement at the Cameo Theatre commencing this noon, has been revived in Berlin where the censors have lifted the ban altogether and they are permitting it to play in its original version of nine reels. It has created another sensation in this new form and from present indications will exceed its former box office popularity. The Film Arts Guild is requesting the Amkino office here to try to obtain a nine reel version for later presentation at the Cameo Theatre.

On the same program with "Potemkin" the Cameo is presenting Emil Jannings in "The Last Laugh" and Charlie Chaplin in "Shoulder Arms."

STUDENTS OUT OF COLOMBIAN JAIL

BOGATA, June 29.—Growing pressure of mass protest has forced the authorities here to liberate a number of students who were arrested recently when police attempted to break up a meeting at which the Venezuelan student, Gonzalo Carnevalli, was speaking.

The action of the police in arresting the students has been widely pointed to here as an indication that the government intends to carry out its policy of persecution which is embodied in a number of anti-labor measures now before the chamber.

Carnevalli was discussing conditions in Venezuela at the time the police interrupted the meeting. He urged that the dictator, Gomez, be overthrown.

The mayor of Bogota has advised Carnevalli that he will not be permitted to make further speeches in Colombia.

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DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23rd St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
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URGES FIGHT TO SAVE BELA KUN

Labor Defense Warns of Danger

Warning that the sentencing of Bela Kun to three months in jail may be only another ruse designed to facilitate his extradition to fascist Hungary, the New York section of the International Labor Defense, in a statement issued last night, calls upon all workers not to cease their agitation for his immediate release.

The statement, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the section says: "The sentencing of Bela Kun, leader of the Hungarian proletarian revolution, to three months in prison, of which he has one month to serve, must not become the signal for the cessation of agitation for his immediate release. The workers who have been tricked so often by the 'justice' of the capitalist courts must not allow themselves to be the victims of any new ruse that will leave the way open for extraditing Kun to fascist Hungary where his murder is certain."

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Brooklyn: Every Monday and Thursday from 6:30 P. M. until 8:30 P. M. at the Labor Lyceum, 949 Wiloughby Avenue.

Jersey City: Every Monday between 7 and 9 at Fraternity Hall, 256 Central Ave.

Union City: Every Thursday, between 7 and 9 at the Swiss Hall, West and 23rd St., near Oak St.

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For One Week—Beginning July 1st
PRICES: 50c week-days, 75c Saturday and Sunday. Children 25c.
MENTION THE DAILY WORKER AT BOX OFFICE.

BIG HUNGARIAN GULYAS PICNIC
Sunday, July 1, at Edenwald Park
Benefit of the UJ ELORE
Hungarian Communist Daily.
Program: Mass Chorus—Hungarian Singing Society—
Women's Football Team—Sports and Athletics.
GENUINE HUNGARIAN HOME MADE GULYAS.
Under the auspices of the New York Hungarian Societies and Hungarian Labor Organizations.
DIRECTIONS: Third Avenue elevated to 133rd Street, from there to Westchester R. R. to Dyer Avenue station. The park is one block from the station.

DEMAND ALSATIAN AUTONOMISTS BE FREED FROM JAIL

Communists Appeal as Poincaré Fumes

PARIS, June 29.—While President Poincare whipped himself into a fury of futile indignation and the conservative benches roared and shouted in a "union sacre" of sound with the radical deputies who have made a temporary alliance with them, the Communists yesterday continued to demand the release of the imprisoned Alsatian autonomist deputies, Rosse and Ricklin.

For minutes at a time it was impossible for an individual speaker to make himself heard above the tumult, altho the government finally succeeded in announcing that it would take no action while the affair was before the courts.

The Communist fraction time and again asserted that the government action in imprisoning deputies while they were serving in the chamber is illegal.

The "socialists" made a play for popular support by sustaining the Communists in this protest.

Leaders of the radical party have announced that a satisfactory agreement has been reached with the government which will enable it to vote with the Poincare administration on all important questions. Terms of the agreement were not made public. The radical leaders, however, are eagerly stating that the agreement is of a temporary nature.

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Tortures Workers

Mustapha Kemal, president of the Angora government is shown in the picture. His government is now trying seven workers, two of them women, charged with Communist activties. One of the heinous crimes of which they are accused is writing "Long Live Lenin!" on the walls of the state tobacco warehouse. The prisoners are reported to have been tortured in jail.

VENIZELOS MAKES MOVE TO REGAIN CABINET CONTROL

Conservatives Believe He Will Crush Strike

ATHENS, June 29.—A new move to regain the political power which he lost when he went into virtual exile in Crete in 1925 has been made by Eleutherios Venizelos, former Greek premier, in forcing the withdrawal of support from the cabinet by the "Liberal" Party.

The possibility of Venizelos being called to form a new cabinet within the next few days is widely discussed in the press thruout the country. There is growing sentiment for him among conservative elements who believe that he will take a strong stand in suppressing the general strike which continues to tie up industry in

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Given by the
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Saturday, July 7th
SPORTS
Soccer competition of Metropolitan workers' Soccer League.
Boxing, Wrestling, Gymnastics, Pyramids, Moonlight Swimming Contest, Fancy Diving.
The famous athlete, MAURICE BERTI, will exhibit most wonderful trapezical work and other spectacular exhibitions.
ALEX FOX, the strongest man in the world.
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AMUSEMENTS
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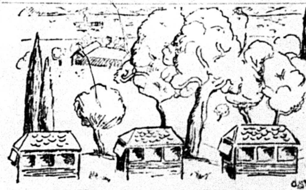

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Cut Lasters' Pay Six and One-Half Cents Per Pair, Correspondent Writes

COMPANY UNION DOES BOSSES' DIRTY BUSINESS

Workers Refuse to Accept Cut

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

The I. Miller Shoe Co. has been systematically cutting the wages of its workers by many schemes.

1. It lays off workers and takes them back at less money.

2. It fires workers and puts on others at less money than it paid before.

3. It continually forces the workers to work on a piece work basis with readjustment of the scale.

4. It forces direct wage cuts on the workers with and without excuses.

In all of its attempts to get greater profits from its workers it has the support of its tools or servants, the officials of the company union. This week we had another sample of how the company union fights for us.

A meeting of two hundred lasters took place Monday night under the chairmanship of one of the company union officials who told the lasters to swallow this brazen steal.

A six and one-half cent cut on every pair of shoes for which the company will supply shoes to the lasters with the tacks pulled.

The two hundred lasters were indignant and refused this cut. They demanded to see the boss himself. Mr. Charlie Miller then came. Mr Miller gave no reasons for this cut but promised if they would take it he would give them steady work till winter.

The lasters replied that it would be impossible to make a living wage with this cut. They have to loose a great deal of time in waiting for work even with this present system.

Charlie Miller and his company union tools don't care about the workers earning a decent wage. All he wants is more profits for the company.

Next week I will have a letter showing the profits that I. Miller Sons, Inc., has made the last few years and the enormous profits it has made from the workers so far this year.

Railway Worker, 70. Killed by Engine

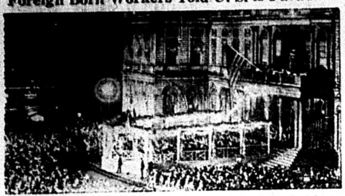
BAYONNE, N. J., June 29.—John D. Preston, 70, of 112 Broadway, a worker on the Jersey Central Railroad, was killed here yesterday by a passenger train. He had been in the employ of the railroad for thirty years.

He leaves three sons and three daughters.

The New Plays

"GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS" will have its premier at the Apollo Theatre beginning Monday night. The book of the new production is by William K. Wells and George White, with most of the music by De Sylva, Brown and Henderson. Principals in the cast include Willie and Eugene Howard, Ann Pennington, Tom Patricola, Frances Wilson and Harry Richman.

Foreign Born Workers Told U. S. is Paradise



The scores of unemployed workers who spend the day and night on the benches in City Hall Park were kept out of sight by able-bodied police while hundreds of foreign born workers heard numerous politicians extol the benefits of life in the United States where every worker enjoys the liberty to starve. The meeting is part of the campaign by which the American capitalists are attempting to convince the foreign born workers that jailing, lynching, and murder are privileges while unemployment is an exclusive luxury of the working class.

Defenders of THE DAILY WORKER

Mrs. Maurice Kafetanky, Detroit, Mich.	$3.00
J. Larkin, Chicago, Ill.	2.00
Amer. Lithuanian Workers Literature, Ass'n., Union City, NJ	50.00
Julius Rosenthal, NYC	1.00
C. Karavas, Cincinnati, O.	2.00
Lithuanian Working Womens Alliance of America, B'klyn, NY	10.00
K. Grubeth, Brooklyn, NY	2.00
Elsie Pultur, Boston, Mass.	2.00
F. Hurzog, Fort Wayne, Ind.	1.00
N. Miller, Bronx, NY	2.00
M. L. Vawtu, Rialto, Calif.	5.00
South Slavic Fraction, Milwaukee, Wisc.	10.00
Cleveland, Ohio.	
Pete Pavlinovac	1.00
Mike Morovich	.50
Any Klash	.50
Nick Ariloff	.50
Martin Medvidovich	.50
Andy Dimitroff	.50
Katherine Dimitroff	.50
Helen Middleman	1.00
Seo. Schneider	1.00
Belkin	1.00
J. Goldman	.50
M. J. Sellun	1.00
D. Bayer	.50
W. Miseyko	.25
A Worker	.25
Mrs. L. Bach	.05
Max Bulen	.25
B. Luneth	.25
Mikepsich	.15
Pete Senjo, Chicago, Ill.	2.00
K. Marlmstorm, South Bend, Ind.	2.00
Estella Torkoff, Boulder, Colo.	1.00
A. Voytuk, Pittsburgh, Pa.	1.00
Eva Schuster, NYC	.50
R. F. Shyns, San Francisco, Calif.	2.00
Nucleus 402 W.F., Massillon, O.	16.50
M. Streson, Central Islip	1.00
A. Short, Symour, Conn.	2.00
F. Peterson, Stratford, Conn.	2.00
N. Hirnyak, Cleveland, O.	1.00
S. T. Yhdistys, L. I. N. Y. (Collected)	25.00
Lithuanian Working Womens Alliance, B'klyn, N. Y.	1.00
V. DeSantis, Wilmington, Del.	1.00
A. Porter, San Jose, Calif.	20.00
G. Mustel, NYC	2.00
J. R. Snow, New York City	1.00
E. R. Nagle, Lawrence, Mass.	25.00
E. M. Leete, New York City	1.00
Joe Richtor, Fordson, Mich.	5.00
J. Goudner, Chicago, Ill.	3.00
Ambridge, Pa.	
Pet Maniunis	.50
T. Kazuris	.50
M. Kazuris	.50
S. Kampoures	.50
Geo. Maich	.50
Youslav FKP No. 115, Sheboygan, Wisconsin	2.00
A. Nagvant, Phila., Pa.	2.00
H. Meyer, Olympia, Wash.	3.50
E. Person, Long Cove, Maine	1.00
M. Havrishko, Detroit, Mich.	3.00

MINERS' RELIEF BODY REPORTS

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, June 29.—The National Miners' Relief Committee has issued a call for renewed and additional activity in the collection of funds for miners' relief which says in part:

"We cannot impress upon you too strongly the need for your steady application to relief work at this time. Many friends think that they only need to assist once or twice and that then their duty is done.

"Yet more than fifty mining camps above the number we give relief to have asked, begged, appealed to us, for a little flour for bread for the children. We could not help because of lack of funds. It is hard for us to deny them assistance, yet what can we do—unless you and your friends make steady remittances and resolve to remain loyal to the striking miners until the very last day of the struggle?

"Children are going hungry day after day. Ever more evictions—and in the last few weeks we have moved dozens of miners' families into tumbledown houses, barns, woodsheds, and have bought and erected tents whenever possible.

"We have defense cases in great number—miners arrested for picketing, for walking down a public highway, for trying to hold meetings.

"Crowds of miners' committees besiege our offices hoping to get a little food relief for their camps. They return day after day upon our promise that as soon as a little more money comes in we will help them a bit.

"The appeals of these miners for aid to appease the hunger of their wives and children must be met. You, our sympathizers and friends in all cities must do your very best to remain active, to become more active in the relief campaign. We must have money! Collect funds in the best way you can—but please do something to send us money—quick —very quick."

CHURCH ATTACKS ORGANIZATION OF MINE CHILDREN

Tries to Keep Them Ignorant with Lies

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BENTLEYVILLE, Pa. (By Mail). —I wish to write a few lines for The DAILY WORKER about local labor haters.

Organize Children

At the beginning of 1928 the striking miners, of whom I am one, realized the necessity of organizing the children. Our slogan was that we will organize the children in spite of all obstacles. We did organize them because we saw that we have to teach the youngsters to be on the side of labor and not with the capitalists.

Thus the Young Pioneers started with a membership of 300 or more. This marked the rise to "action" of labor-fakers, stool-pigeons, etc., of the bosses and of Lewis. The spies spread lies about the children's clubs, stating that they were taught not to go to school and church. They poisoned the minds of many parents who afterwards did not send their children to the meetings where they would learn something which would be of benefit to them as workers in the future. They would learn never to be tools of the capitalists, but would, on the contrary, smash all attempts of the capitalist class to oppress the workers. Had the older folks such an opportunity as their children have now, they would not be in the present great coal strike of life and death.

These narrow minded stoolpigeons should have been taught this and perhaps they would be on the side of the strikers and not be committing such horrible acts. The religious movement, catholic and protestant alike, forgot one another's creed, allied themselves with the bosses, Lewis and his henchman, to crush in the bud all movements for organization.

Father Skrak

The leader of this movement was Father Skrak of the catholic church. I would not want to have a father like that. The reason for this I will show shortly.

He included in his gospel direct attacks against those who want to do something for the labor movement. He criticized the Save-the-Union Committee and the miners who send their children to Communist meetings. He warned his church lambs not to send any of their boys or girls to these meetings. He stated before the U. S. Senate that the children are being taught not to go to church (not to bring a last cent for the weekly collection, he means) nor attend school. He seems to know everything, yet he was never at any Communist meeting.

One Pioneer, 13 years of age, told him what she thought of him. He accused her of being sent by the superintendent. I asked myself whether he was a man and came to the conclusion he was not.

It happened that some time before this a scab priest in our town received scab coal from the company for preaching their propaganda. The striking miners gave him 50 tons of coal because they thought he was with them. After all these sacrifices they were disappointed. He repaid them bitterly. He launched attacks against us, expelled strikers' children from school for which they supplied coal.

He calls himself a union man but I don't call it unionism when he had 70 per cent scabs in his school who were warmed by the union coal while the expelled children were freezing and starving throughout the winter.

There is one woman whom we call Sister Cockeye who brings him lies of our meetings, all of which he believes. She was expelled from the Women's Auxiliary because she tried to break up the organization. She went around from house to house and told the women not to go to the meeting and that when she would become the head of a new organization she would repay them. Thus far she has failed to corrupt the organization.

There are many other traitors among us. We must get rid of them. We must block all their moves. We must smash every attack on our strike and proceed to victory.

A Striker.

TO ARREST ALL STUDENTS WHO PUT UP POSTERS

Anti-Training Camp Bills Stir Police

(By a Student Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, D. C. (By Mail). —"Schools to Ignore Anti-War Posters," states a large headline in a recent issue of the Washington Sunday "Star," commenting upon the recent display of Anti-CMTC posters on the walls of Washington high schools. The "Post," the "Herald," and other local newspapers state in one breath that Mr. Stephen E. Kramer, in charge of military training of the local schools, says that "they want us to get excited, and personally, I don't think we will." In the same article it says that the superintendent of the local police, Major Hesse, issued orders to the entire police force, saying that "placards signed 'Young Workers (Communist) League of America,' expressing opposition to the citizens' military training camps, have recently been found posted on the corridors of business high school and elsewhere. Be on the lookout for any one placing these posters, and, if possible, arrest the person or persons responsible therefore and present the facts to the prosecuting officers at police court."

The local war-mongers surely place themselves in a ridiculous position, when in their pretension to "ignore the plastering of the Anti-CMTC leaflets," the newspapers are stirred to announcements such as "Arrest of Communists Ordered by Major Hesse;" "Attack Training Camps;" "Communist Poster Stirs Police Chief." Poor Major Hesse! His legs must have shaken badly when he read those posters, exposing to the youth of Washington the true role of the CMTC as the bosses' tool to prepare cannon fodder for the coming big scrap between Wall Street and another outfit of parasites or for the contemplated attack upon the only Workers' Republic, the Soviet Union. Moreover, we are somewhat inclined to doubt the tranquility of Mr. Allan Davis, principal of business high school, and Dr. Franklin W. Ballou, superintendent of the local public schools, at the sudden sight of such enlightening posters. As a matter of fact, they have not yet recovered from the shock of seeing these stars.

Nevertheless, we are sure that Major Hesse's hysterical order to the Washington police won't dampen in the least the militant spirit with which these young workers and students convey the truth to the high school students about the capitalists' preparations for imperialist wars. We are sure that many students, after reading these posters, will NOT go to the CMTC, but will join us in unmasking the CMTC to show the true function of this institution—to train loyal soldiers, loyal to the parasites of humanity.

DRAMA

"Patience" Is Fairly Well Sung by the Play Arts Guild

WHEN professionals, in the sense that they make their whole living on or about the stage, sing the opening chorus of "Patience" the first two lines run:

"Twenty lovesick maidens we—
Maidens all against our will."

Mary Bokee

But the group of actors' daughters, college English teachers and students, editors of little reviews, etc., from Baltimore, calling themselves "The Play Arts Guild" evidently have mamas, and these ladies have told them to be good. So they sing it (sing it very well) now at the Theatre Masque:

"Twenty lovesick maidens we—
Lovesick all against our will. . . ."

And that is, as it were, a keynote speech of the Play Arts presentation. The chorus singing is excellent, but the play is all flattened out, reduced to its essential proprieties, which, considering the prevailing taste on Broadway, is going some.

The more enduring parts of Gilbert and Sullivan, the flashing knife work with which the gas bags of aestheticism are laid open, are preserved. Donald Kirkley as Bunthorne and Edmund Leonard as Grosvenor make one wish that these two and Gilbert could have collaborated to do something about Joseph Hergesheimer. Kirkley, especially, is a nimble and earnest poet with his feet. The noble lords of England appear as affected jackasses.

JUDITH ANDERSON

This talented actress will take up the role of Nina Leeds tonight in "Strange Interlude," Eugene O'Neill's forceful play at the John Golden Theatre.

The thunderous heavy dragoons, parading down into the side aisle and making a glorious patch of color have such good voices that you forget they handle their sabres in a most unmartial manner. Somebody should tell a few of them that in the return sabre, the point is inserted in the scabbard without three or four unnecessary jabs at the opening.

Mary Bokee, as Patience, despite the fact (if it be a fact) stated in the program, that her experience is confined to the Play Arts Guild productions, manages to make up in startling resemblance to a movie actress. In this part, it adds a touch of exoticism, however, and is certainly not to be condemned. Patience and Lady Jane, done by Gertrude M. Gossman (previous experience not stated by the program) get the most out of their foolery. Probably they will not have to teach school for a living. The very pretty Lovesick Maidens chorus is not a little stiff and careful of its feet. It is swathed in more drapery than is usually needed in a chorus, and its movements are too much patterned after the dragoon drill. But it sings well, and that, I suppose, is the main thing.

It is a good show, because the people on the stage give honest and able attention to the beautiful and humorous lyrics of Messrs. Gilbert and Sullivan. But it is not as good a performance as others have done.

—V. S.

VOLUNTEER! VOLUNTEER!

MASS COLLECTION DAYS

Today and Tomorrow, June 30 and July 1

FOR MINERS' RELIEF

Help the Miners! LIST OF STATIONS: *Help the Miners!*

DOWNTOWN

Joint Board, Furriers Union, 22 East 22nd St.
Joint Board I. L. G. W. U., 16 W. 21st St.
Progressive Workers Club, 60 St. Marks Place.
Jewish Workers Club, 35 Second St.
National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Rm. 236.
Progressive Labor Centre, 103 E. 14th St.
101 W. 27th St.
Window Cleaners Union, 15 E. 3rd St.
Ukrainian Miners' Relief Committee, 17 E. 3rd St.
New York Working Women's Federation, 80 E. 11th St. Room 533.

UPTOWN

Hungarian Workers Club, 350 E. 81st St.
Harlem Miners Relief Committee, 143 E. 103rd St.
Ukrainian Miners Relief Committee, 1533 Madison Ave.
Unity Co-operative House, 1800 7th Ave.
Finnish Workers Club, 15 W. 126th St.
Negro Com. for Miners Relief, 200 W. 135th St.
Czecho-Slovak Workers House, 347 E. 72nd St.
Spanish Workers Club, 55 W. 113th St.

BRONX

Jewish Workers Club, 1472 Boston Road.
Women's Council, 1400 Boston Road; 1622 Bathgate Ave.
United Workers Co-operative, 2700 Bronx Park East; 1668 Vyse Ave.; 2075 Clinton Ave.
Women's Council, 1387 Washington Ave.
Women's Council, 542 E. 145th St.; 802 Forrest Ave.
Lower Bronx Workers Club, 715 E. 138th St.; 753 E. Tremont Ave.; 3451 Giles Place.
Working Women's Council, 2771 Williamsbridge Rd.

BROOKLYN

Workers School, 1373 43rd St.
Original Assn. of Russian Workers, 118 Cook St.; 764 40th St.; 1940 Benson Ave.

BROWNSVILLE

East N. Y. Workers Club, 604 Sutter St.; 118 Bristol
122 Osborne St.; 1111 Rutland Road.
Workers Centre, 154 Watkins St.

WILLIAMSBURG

101 Grand Ave.; 29 Graham Ave.; 48 Ten Eyck St.

CONEY ISLAND

2901 Mermaid Ave.

BRIGHTON

217 Brighton Beach Ave.

LONG ISLAND

1 Fulton Ave., Middle Village.

QUEENS

Queens Labor Lyceum, Putnam Ave.; 2919 24th Ave., L. I. City.

NATIONAL MINERS' RELIEF COMMITTEE
799 BROADWAY (Stuyvesant 8881) ROOM 237

ATTENTION

Party Units, Sub-sections, Sections, Workmen's Circle Branches, Women's Councils, Trade Union Educational Leagues, Workers' Clubs, etc.

You Can Get

500 Tickets for $20

with the Name of Your Organization on Your Tickets.

Make $100.00 Profit

By Participating in the

FREIHEIT PICNIC

SATURDAY, JULY 28
ULMER PARK
Brooklyn

Send your Check, Money Order, or bring your cash to the
"FREIHEIT"
30 Union Square, N. Y. C.

AMUSEMENTS

THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTIONS
PORGY
A FOLK PLAY
BY DUBOSE AND DOROTHY HEYWARD
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42nd St. Evs. 8:40. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:40.

EUGENE O'NEILL'S PLAY
STRANGE INTERLUDE
JOHN GOLDEN THEA., 58th St., E. of B'way. Evenings only at 5:30 sharp
Dinner Intermission 7:40 to 9.

A SARDONIC FARCE, BASED ON BEN JOHNSON'S FAMOUS COMEDY BY STEPHEN ZWEIG
"VOLPONE"
GUILD THEATRE WEST 52nd ST. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2:30.

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42nd STREET and BROADWAY NOW
Greatest Screen Program Ever Assembled!
ARMORED CRUISER POTEMKIN
RUSSIAN FILM CLASSIC
EMIL JANNINGS
In His Finest Characterization
"THE LAST LAUGH"
CHARLIE CHAPLIN 'SHOULDER ARMS' In His Best Comedy
A Film Arts Guild Presentation.

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30
Grand St. Follies

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:25 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

END OF ST. PETERSBURG
Hammerstein's Thea., B'way & 53 St. Phone Col. 8380.
Twice Daily, 2:40-8:40. Prices, Mats., 50c to $1.00. Eves., 50c to $1.50. All Seats Reserved.

LUNA PARK The Heart of Coney Island Battle of Chateau-Thierry MILE SKY CHASER TILT-A-WHIRL Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing Luna's Great Swimming Pool

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

DETROIT MEET TO PROTEST AGAINST WAR PREPARATION

Fascist Activities Will Be Sounded July 7

DETROIT, Mich., June 29.—A United Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of Detroit, the Balkan Central Committee, the Anti-Fascist Alliance of America and the International Labor Defense have arranged a mass protest meeting against the growing war danger in the Balkans to be held on July 7, 8 p. m. at the Workers Home, 1343 E. Ferry Ave.

A statement issued yesterday by the United Committee follows:

"The reactionary Fascist Government of Italy and Yugo Slavia are playing a desperate game which is likely to plunge Europe in another World War far more deadly and terrible than the last imperialist holocaust.

"Italy and Yugoslavia are playing the leading roles on the surface, but behind the scenes are England and America, the imperialist giants fighting for a united front against the Soviet Union, and France manipulating for advantages in setting up her sys[illegible] of war alliances in the Balkans. [illegible] this struggle, if it develops into w[illegible] will not long be a war of Italy a[illegible] Yugoslavia. The "great powers" w[illegible]ke a hand in this war, just as [illegible]n the last, but it will be the [illegible] and peasants of these "great [illegible] who will have to do the fight[illegible]ainst their brother workers from other countries and leave their lifeblood on the field of battle.

"The United Committee calls upon all workers, Italian, Jugo Slav, American and all other nationalities, to attend this mass meeting on July 7 and to vigorously protest and fight against the criminal war preparations of international Fascism."

FEAR AMUNDSEN PARTY IS DEAD

Will Continue Search for Lost Explorer

LONDON, June 29.—With five ships searching for the missing members of the Nobile expedition and the lost Amundsen relief party, three more are expected to join the hunt within a few days. They are the Norwegian ice breaker Veslekari, the steamship Hobby and the French warcraft Luxembourg.

Advices from King's Bay and Virgo Bay, Spitzbergen, said that no trace has been found of the missing men.

Weather conditions have improved off the Northern coast of Spitzbergen and Northeast land and it is expected that Major Maddelena and Major Penzo will soon hop off in their Italian seaplanes to search for the lost men. Fears are growing both here and at King's Bay that the nine miss- members of the Nobile expedition [illegible] the Amundsen party have lost [illegible] lives. However, the search for [illegible]em will continue indefinitely.

Machine Kills Worker in Fiske Rubber Plant

CHICOPEE, Mass., June 29. —lecsub Prokub, 39, an employee of the Fiske Rubber Company, was killed today when his head was caught and drawn between the rolls of a cooling machine. Other workers called by his cries stopped the machinery but it was too late to save him.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Kansas City Picnic.

KANSAS CITY.—The International Labor Defense of Kansas City has arranged a labor picnic to be held at the City Park on July 4. The keynote of the affair will be the struggle to free Mooney and Billings. There will be speeches, refreshments, athletic exhibitions, and sports for all.

* * *

Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

* * *

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio.—The Young Workers Club of Martins Ferry, Ohio, has arranged a picnic and dance to be held at the Volt's Farm here on July 8, from 10 a. m. thruout the day and night. All those wishing to attend should meet at the Hungarian Hall, Main and Central Sts. There will be refreshments, games, speakers, etc. Transportation to Volt's Farm is free.

* * *

Philadelphia Y. W. L. Excursion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—An excursion for the benefit of the Young Worker, central organ of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will take place Saturday, July 7. Boats will leave the Chestnut St. pier at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Tickets are 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Tickets must be bought in advance from the Young Worker, at 1214 Spring Garden St. Otherwise the proceeds will not go to the Young Worker.

* * *

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. — The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin.

San Francisco Picnic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—The branches of the International Labor Defense of San Francisco, Alameda, and Contra Costa counties will hold a picnic at East Shore Park, near Richmond, on July 4.

* * *

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

* * *

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing

Pittsburgh Miners' Relief.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The National Miners' Relief Committee of this city will hold a Pennsylvania Miners' Relief Picnic on July 4 at the Eldora Amusement Park, near Charleroi and Mononghehala City.

* * *

OMAHA, Nebraska.—The Workers (Communist) Party here will hold a picnic July 1, at Elmwood Park. Speakers will address the assemblage. Tickets are sold at the All Union Restaurant at 1210 Douglas St.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

I. L. D. Outing.

The German Branch 43 of the International Labor Defense will hold its annual "Waldfest" in "Edenwald" on Sunday. If it rains, the picnic will be postponed till July 8. To reach the picnic grounds, take the Third Avenue L to 133rd St., then change and take the Boston and Westchester Railroad to Dyre Ave. Then walk to the right.

* * *

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

WORKERS PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK—NEW JERSEY

Bronx Speakers Class.

Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold the first session of a class in preparation for out-of-door speakers on Monday at 7:45 p. m. The class will be held every Monday night throughout the summer season, at 2075 Clinton Ave. All comrades enrolled in the Bronx sections of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League who are qualified for the class are urged to join. No fees will be charged. Harry Blake will be the instructor.

* * *

Coney Island Branch.

A concert and package party will be given by Coney Island Branch Saturday, June 30, at 2901 Mermaid Ave.

* * *

Y. W. L. Fete.

An open air garden festival and concert will be given by the Young Workers League of Harlem on Saturday, June 30, at 8 p. m. at 143 E. 103rd St.

* * *

Open Air Meetings—Week of June 25.

Topic: The Miners' Struggle, Miners' Relief, Role of the Capitalist State in that Struggle.

STRIKE ANSWERS SPEED-UP ORDER

Weavers Go Out When Demands Are Refused

PITTSFIELD, Mass., June 29.—An attempt made by the Hossac Worsted Mills in North Adams to speed up the weavers by ordering them to operate two course goods looms each instead of one fine and one coarse goods loom, resulted in a strike of the weavers when the employers refused to raise wages to 10 cents a yard.

After a committee of the striking workers had gone in to the management with their demands and had been refused, a meeting held soon after unanimously decided to stay out on strike till their demands were met.

ACTOR DEAD IN VIENNA.

VIENNA, June 29.—Leo Dietrichstein, well known American actor and producer, is dead here today at the age of 66. He died suddenly last night in Auersperg sanitarium of heart disease.

CHICAGO PLANS BIG PICNIC AND CAMPAIGN RALLY

Ben Gitlow Will Be the Principal Speaker

CHICAGO, Ill., June 29.—The campaign rally and picnic arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party of Chicago promises, according to the sales of tickets so far recorded, to be the biggest affair of the season. A monster demonstration on the grounds will precede the meeting, with Ben Gitlow, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for vice-president, as principal speaker.

The campaign rally, however, will not interfere with the festivities of the picnic. South Slavic workers are preparing a barbecue with dozens of fresh lambs roasted on the fire while all those present wait for their share Branches of the Labor Sports Union have prepared a sports meet that will feature boxing, jumping, and other exercises. One of the best bands in the Windy City has been procured to supply the dance music.

The program will begin at noon Refreshments of all sorts will key the workers up so that they may be insured of a perfect day.

Lindbergh Is Given Post on Labor-Baiting Pennsylvania Railroad

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—Appointment of Col. Charles A. Lindbergh as consulting engineer to the Pennsylvania Railroad in connection with the road's plans for air mail transportation, was formally announced today by General W. W. Atterbury.

Col. Lindbergh accepted the appointment effective July 1. He will serve in an advisory and consulting capacity in the development of the Pennsylvania Railroad's part in the coast to coast air mail line to be operated by the Transcontinental Air Transport Company of which he is chairman of the technical committee.

GITLOW TO TALK AT BUFFALO MEETING

BUFFALO, June 29.—Ben Gitlow, vice presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, will be the principal speaker at an election banquet to be held here Saturday at 8 p. m. at 605 Main Street, 3rd floor, the local party headquarters.

The banquet will mark the beginning of the intensive election drive which the Party intends to carry on in northern New York State. In addition to speeches, an elaborate entertainment has been arranged for the banquet.

CROPS IMPROVING IN SOVIET UNION

27 Per Cent Above the Average in Spring

M. G. Gurevitch, acting chairman of the Board of Directors of the Amtorg Trading Corporation, yesterday announced the receipt of the following cable from the Commissariat for Trade in Moscow:

"According to data of the Central Statistical Board of the U. S. S. R. the condition of crops in the Soviet Union as of June 15 shows considerable improvement. It is estimated that the crop will be greater than the average and also greater than last year's crop. The condition of all crops on June 15 is estimated at 17 per cent above the average. The spring crop reports are especially favorable, the crops being estimated at 27 per cent above the average. The winter crops are estimated at one per cent below the average."

BUILD NEW CO-OP RESTAURANT HERE

Workers Center Houses New Lunch Room

A completely new and spacious Cooperative Restaurant is now being built by the Proletcos at 26-28 Union Square (Workers Center Building).

The present Cooperative Restaurant at 30 Union Square which is much smaller in size will serve as an annex to the new place. The front space of the present restaurant will be occupied by the Workers Book Shop, whereas the rear of the present place where the kitchen and food counter are now located will be remodeled to allow more space for consumers. A small luncheon room which will be a feature of the new restaurant will be built on a gallery in that corner.

The kitchen and food counter which will be located in the main restaurant, 26-28 Union Square, will be built along the most modern and sanitary lines. The present congestion at the counter will be entirely eliminated.

the Cooperative Restaurant, themselves, as to whether the remodeled place shall be completed at the shortest time possible. The Proletcos has issued bonds to finance this considerable undertaking. The bonds bear six per cent interest from the day they are bought to the day they are surrendered.

OPEN AIR MEET STARTS ELECTION DRIVE IN READING

Hundreds of Workers Attend

READING, Pa., June 29.—The local organizations of the Workers (Communist) Party opened the 1928 election campaign with an open air mass meeting last night at Mulberry and Marriott Streets.

Hundreds of workers from Reading and vicinity made the meeting a success.

Herbert Benjamin, district organizer of the Philadelphia district of the Workers (Communist) Party, was the main speaker. A collection was made after his speech and many DAILY WORKERS were sold.

Paper-Power Merger Controls $550,000,000

The creation of the International Paper and Power Company will bring into one organization properties whose securities have a combined market value of over $550,000,000, of which 55 per cent represents segregated power and utility properties.

These facts were cited in the letter mailed last night to stockholders of the International Paper Company by the board of directors, setting forth the plan and agreement dated June 28, 1928, for the reorganization of the company.

PHILADELPHIA
The work we make is good. Organizations' work—our specialty.
Spruce Printing Co.
153 N. SEVENTH ST., PHILA., PA.
Bell—Market 6383 Union
Keystone—Main 7040. Printers.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to
The DAILY WORKER
Advertising Dept.
26-28 Union Sq. New York City.

AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS
Bakers' Loc. No. 164
Meets 1st Saturday in the month at 3468 Third Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.
Ask for Union Label Bread.

Phone Stuyvesant 3816
John's Restaurant
SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES
A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet
302 E. 12th ST. NEW YORK

Health Food Vegetarian Restaurant
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Corner Union Square
Tel Algonquin 3356, 8843.

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SAM LESSER
Ladies' and Gents' Tailor
1818—7th Ave. New York
Between 116th and 117th Sts.
Next to Unity Co-operative House.

"For Any Kind of Insurance"
CARL BRODSKY
7 E. 42d St. New York City
Telephone Murray Hill 5550.

Airy, Large
Meeting Rooms and Hall
TO HIRE
Suitable for Meetings, Lectures and Dances in the
Czechoslovak Workers House, Inc.
347 E. 72nd St. New York
Telephone: Rhinelander 5097.

No Tip—Center Barber Shop
NEW WORKERS CENTER
26-28 Union Sq. 1 Flight Up
NEW YORK CITY
Individual Sanitary Service by Experts. — LADIES' HAIR BOBBING SPECIALISTS.
Patronize a Comradely Barber Shop.

MARY WOLFE
STUDENT OF THE DAMROSCH CONSERVATORY
PIANO LESSONS
Moved to
2420 BRONX PARK EAST
Near Co-operative Colony. Apt. 5H.
Telehone ESTABROOK 2459.
Special rates to students from the Co-operative House.

Workers Co-operative Clothiers, Inc.
WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE CLOTHIERS Inc.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER.
READY MADE SUITS.
Quality—Full Value
872 BROADWAY, New York
Cor. 18 St Tel. Algonquin 2223.

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Lumberville, Pa.
Spend Your Vacation at a Workers' Camp.
Register at Our Office:
317 South 5th St.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Directions for reaching Camp
Take bus from our office direct to Camp.

Rational Vegetarian Restaurant
199 SECOND AVE.
Bet 12th and 13th Sts.
Strictly Vegetarian Food.

All Comrades Meet at
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VEGETARIAN HEALTH RESTAURANT
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Telephone—Kilpatrick 8448.

PHILADELPHIA
FIFTH **PICNIC** FIFTH
of the FREIHEIT GEZANGS VEREIN
Will be held
Saturday, June 30, 1928, 12 noon, till midnight
MAPLE GROVE PARK
PROGRAM—Freiheit Gezangs Verein—Sharlip's Orchestra will play and the Youth will Dance—Special Games. — Admission 35 Cents.
DIRECTIONS—Take Car on Fifth Street and Get Off at Olney Avenue.

BOSTON **BOSTON**
Best Time of the Year!
DAILY WORKER
PICNIC
At CALEDONIAN GROVE
West Roxbury
Wednesday, July 4
Games — Dancing — Sports — Bruno's Jazz Orchestra
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
AUSPICES BOSTON DAILY WORKER BUILDERS' CLUB.
Take Spring St. Car at Forest Hills Station and Get Off at Grove.

DETROIT **DETROIT**
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
JULY 4th PICNIC
AT ROCHESTER PICNIC PARK
Rochester Road, Between 16 and 17 Mile Roads.
DIRECTIONS—By Auto: Out Woodward to Main St. thru Royal Oak to Rochester Rd. Picnic Place.—By Street Car: Woodward car to Ford's, Big Beaver Bus to Park.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

SEATTLE, WASH.
Picnic and Dance
PEOPLE'S PARK, Renton Juct.
SUNDAY, JULY 8, 1928
7—Hours of Dancing—7
Sports—Prominent Speakers—Refreshments.
PROCEEDS TO THE STRIKING MINERS.
Interurban leaves Occidental and Yesler on the hour.
Admission: Gentlemen, 50 cents; Ladies, 25 cents.

The Achievement of the Century
Professor
Theremin
Plays the Music of the Air
at the
Coney Island Stadium
Saturday, July 14th
25,000 People Will Attend the Largest Concert of the Season
Further Announcements of the Program Will Be Made Later.

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Editor....ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor....WM. F. DUNNE

[illegible] as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Grover Cleveland, Woodrow Wilson and Al Smith

Alfred E. Smith is the democratic candidate.

The New York World, which offered in 1920 to support Herbert Hoover on *either* ticket, tried in this campaign to make itself the outstanding spokesman for the nomination of Smith on the democratic ticket.

The World says:

> "In the nomination of Governor Smith the democratic party is making its third attempt since the Civil War to transform itself from an asylum for lost and discredited causes into a responsible and liberal instrumentality of government. . . . We are witnessing now the attempt of the democracy to do again in 1928 under Alfred E. Smith what it did in 1884 under Cleveland and in 1912 under Woodrow Wilson.
>
> "Three bad causes have three times wrecked the party in the last seventy years: slavery, populism and prohibition. Three leaders have fought to save the party: Cleveland, Wilson and Smith."

From the point of view of the highest ranks of the capitalist class, there is much meaning in these words.

The capitalist class of this country throughout its history has enjoyed peculiar advantages. Economic and historical conditions have, since 1865 given the American bourgeoisie a remarkable degree of immunity from political opposition to its interests. In its youth the American capitalist class arose and crushed in war its rival, the land-owning aristocracy of the South which had shared political control since the birth of the republic. Its leadership in doing this was the republican party which remains the classic party of the capitalist class.

While the republican party championed the big capitalist cause in the trustification of industry, the democratic party became, in some cases, "an asylum for the lost and discredited causes" of the petty capitalists, city and rural, ruined by the trustification of industry and the growth of the power of the banks.

Such resistance to the capitalist monopolization as was crystallized in political form tended to be drawn into the democratic party, which, of course, never really represented but always betrayed the cause of the farmers as well as that of the future-less petty bourgeoisie. When economic conditions swelled the opposition, there was always a superficial demagogue, typified by Bryan, to mislead this opposition to defeat. But in other cases a straight-cut representative of big business succeeded in corralling the varied elements of the democratic party behind him and at the same time became the choice of the big monopolists for the presidency. These are the cases named by The World, when Grover Cleveland and Woodrow Wilson were nominated and elected.

If there is any disposition to doubt this, we can cite the fact that precisely four times the democratic campaign fund has been larger than the republican campaign fund: in 1884 and in 1892, in which years Cleveland was elected, and in 1912 and 1916 when Wilson was elected. Of course it is possible also to say that Alton B. Parker in 1904 and John W. Davis in 1924 were Wall Street's men, but the point is that they were not the choice of Wall Street for *election*.

The clear-cut capitalist cause has not failed to elect its first choice in a national election since 1854.

Capitalism made no mistake in throwing its support to Cleveland, who used the federal troops against the working class in the Chicago Pullman strike in 1894, nor in throwing its support to Wilson, who showed himself a "responsible instrumentality of government" for Wall Street by putting the United States into the world war for "democracy."

What The World wishes to say is that American finance-capital has yet another time come to the right conditions in which to throw its support to a democratic candidate. The World really means that for the fifth time in American history the democratic campaign fund will be larger than the republican campaign fund.

It is true, as John J. Raskob says, that finance-capital "has nothing to fear" in the election of Smith.

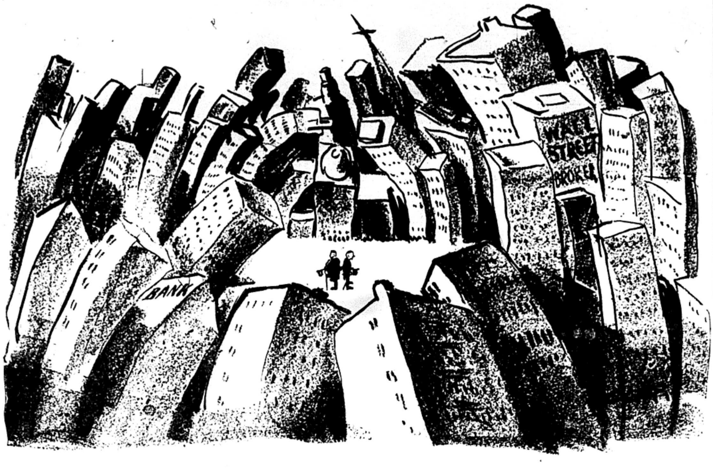
But it is not so certain that Wall Street will prefer Smith to Hoover.

Is Smith another Grover Cleveland, another Woodrow Wilson? It may be that he is merely another Alton B. Parker or John W. Davis. Smith is certainly the choice of Wall Street for the nomination—but it may be that Hoover is the choice, even above Smith, for the *election*.

We will do the best we can to examine the campaign funds.

Meantime, workers and exploited farmers, serve your cause. Workers, build your own class party—the Workers (Communist) Party. Vote Communist, and join the Workers (Communist) Party.

WALL STREET GREETS ITS CANDIDATES! By Fred Ellis



Taxi Drivers Have Vicious Grind

Declaring that the present drive by the Greater City Taxi Owners' Association to force out 20,000 taxicab men from the industry is largely motivated by the Yellow Taxi Corporation, Morgan-controlled and largest firm in the business, cab drivers yesterday pointed out that the Yellow Taxi Corporation provides lowest paying hack job in the city. Its men receive 40 per cent of the bookings if they work 6 days. If they work 5 days they get 35 per cent, if they work 4 days only 33 1-3 per cent. Drivers working for the independents get a flat commission of 40 per cent.

Four years ago the Brotherhood of Taxi Chauffeurs, an independent union, organized all drivers working for the Mogul Checker Fleet owners. The Yellow Taxi drivers were left alone. Before the strike the drivers were getting 33 1-3 per cent and after the strike, which lasted 7 days effecting 7,000 drivers, and due to their victory the men raised it to 40 per cent. About four months thereafter the union broke up, due to inefficiency and lack of organizational experience on the part of the organizers.

Neither the Brotherhood of Taxi Chauffeurs nor the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs and Stablemen Helpers' Union, has ever made a serious attempt to organize the drivers of the Yellow Taxi Corporation in spite of the fact that the men have been waiting for some one to take the lead.

At the Bretton Hall Hotel stand of the Yellows, 14 out of 17 drivers answering a DAILY WORKER reporter wanted to know when a union was going to be formed.

Chauffeurs along Eighth Ave. and 45th Street and along Sixth Ave., in the midst of the theatre district, interviewed between 10 and 11 o'clock p. m. who stated that they are working for the open shop "Yellows" and the independent fleet owners, 70 out of 95 drivers wanted to be organized into a union.

Union Sentiment.

At 60th Street and First Ave., where the Yellows have a double garage, one chauffeur, with the company six years, said, "Well, it's about time the organizers did come down here. Conditions are terrible. Men are not making a living. It's getting worse and worse."

At the hackstand on 4th Ave. and 32nd St., Brooklyn, a driver who was broke in by the "Yellows" five years ago said, "When the company broke me in to drive, I was told that I would be making my fifty 'bucks' a week. I have been driving their 'Loads of Iron' around the streets for 5 years now, and the best I could average on the night shift is $30 per week, working six and seven days weekly and 12 and 14 hours a night."

One driver working for Benny Engle, of 327 Delancey Street, said, "I have been working for this man for the past three weeks. He is known as one of the biggest 'hounds' in the industry. I must bring in $15 a night or better and if I don't it means that I have to look for another job.

"Last week I was about to pull in to the garage with $13.65, when I met one of the drivers who had just turned his cab in. He had booked $11. It meant that he was given the 'air.' I turned my cab around and started out working again. By three-thirty I managed to get another dollar and putting the other 35 cents of my tips on the meter I had my 3 pounds ($15). I pulled in and the night boss took my bookings with a smile and a pat on my back. What a smile and what a pat on the back I would have gotten if I would have fallen below the average."

Kate Gitlow Brings Greeting of Soviet Women

By TILLIE LITTINSKY.

Very, very inspiring, and by far exceeding the expectation of the most sanguine among us, was the banquet tendered to Kate Gitlow by the United Council of Working Class Women on her return from the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The affair took place on Saturday night at the Manhattan Lyceum New York.

To see the spacious hall crowded to capacity, and seats all taken and a goodly throng standing about the walls and in the doorway, was enough to strike joy into the hearts of all militant workers devoted to the working class movement, and to make our enemies feel bluer than blue Monday. Faces were beaming; hearts were throbbing joyously and the jubilant spirit was so high that it was with difficulty that the toastmaster, Ray Ragozin, managed to control the merry-makers and to make them listen to the representatives of various organizations, who came to greet Kate Gitlow and the women's movement she represents on this occasion.

Comrade Lilienstein, as chairman, briefly introduced Ray Ragozin as the toastmaster. She, in turn, welcomed Kate Gitlow in the name of the United Council of Working Class Women, pointing out to "Mother" Gitlow that, far from slacking down in her absence, the councils had expanded, grown and thrived and expect to keep right on with the good work.

Comrade Nessin, in the name of the Workers (Communist) Party, greeted Kate Gitlow and promised the Women's Movement the support and aid of the party in their work of organizing the unorganized women and intensifying the work within their own ranks.

Mania Pearlman, in the name of the Joint Board; Rose Baron, spokesman of the International Labor Defense and Mrs. Burroughs, in the name of the Associated Negro Women, tendered greetings to Comrade Gitlow.

Mrs. Campbell, in the name of the Negro Labor Congress, stressed the need of solidarity of all workers, irrespective of race, color or creed. A Grossfield, in the name of the Nonpartisan Workers Children Schools; Comrade Fishman, of the United Co-operative Colony, and Sylvia Blecher the militant young leader of the Millinery Hand Workers Union, Local 43, paid due respect to Kate Gitlow as pioneer worker in the Woman Movement.

Last, and best, came Kate Gitlow, to whom the hitherto incontrollable crowd listened breathlessly. She said the trip to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics had rejuvenated her and given her courage and energy for further work.

"The Bolsheviki have done a thorough job," said she.

The 140,000,000 people are devoted to "Our Party," as they alude to the Communist Party, whose leadership is generally accepted.

Unlike America, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics properly acknowledges the right of its women for equality in all things for which they are especially trained through clubs, schools and delegate conferences. The Soviet Government takes care of mother and child and through proper instruction teaches working women how to care for themselves and their children. Working women serve on important committees in factories, co-operatives, soviets and all other activities in the Soviet Union.

Comrade Gitlow stressed that for all the splendidly constructive work in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics there are still many hardships to overcome, the prime danger being the possibility of an armed attack of world capitalist governments on the Soviet Union. However, the people of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics are well prepared and will stand firm in the defense of their newly won freedom (real freedom), such as is unknown here in our land of the free. She was greeted with a wild ovation before and after her speech.

Comrade Ragozin then read a greeting which the Moscow women sent our women through Kate Gitlow. This greeting called upon American working women to show their solidarity with their class in Russia by opposing any attack against the Soviet Union by the capitalists. This greeting was enthusiastically received by the women present.

Symphony Concerts for Workers Feature in Moscow

SYMPHONY music in Moscow continues to be provided by the two fundamental concert organizations: the Concert Bureau of the Academic Theatres, (formerly the Russian Philharmony), and Persimfans, (First Symphony Ensemble).

The Concert Bureau mainly organizes concerts by musicians from aboard. Among the foreign guests should be mentioned the German conductor Scherchen, who recently gave an excellent programme of both Russian and Western modern composers, like Starvinsky, Myaskovsky, Krzenek and others. Another foreign guest was the conductor Scheinflug, who presented the compositions of Schubert, Beethoven and Tchaikovsky.

As to chamber music, among the concerts organized by the Bureau, mention should be made of interesting concerts given by Barer, Sofronitsky and Iturbie.

The activities of Persimfans the past season led along a new field, special work consisting in the organization of symphony concerts in the working class districts of Moscow, for which purpose a subsidy was granted by the Soviet government which enabled the organization of some thirty popular concerts for working class audiences.

"Conductorless" Orchestras.

In its regular concert activity, Persimfans continues to make use of solo players in combination with collective "conductorless" playing. Regular symphony concerts were given during the current season from the works of Beethoven, Tchaikovsky, Glasunov and Balakirev. An interesting and refreshing novelty was furnished by the celebration concerts last season organized by Persimfans, introducing the work of the young Leningrad composer I. Schillinger who endeavors to reflect in the form of symphony the whole complexity of post-revolutionary life.

The Association of Modern Music, an organization of musical radicalism, has introduced a great number of novelties, among which the central role was played by another Leningrad composer, the young and highly talented Shostakovitch. This composer some time ago produced a most profound symphony dedicated to the October Revolution. Mention should also be made of the work of the Moscow composer Roslavetz, who produced a Cantata in 5 parts for choir soloists and orchestra.

Among operatic productions produced in Moscow special mention should be made of two, the production of the "Heroic Apotheosis" in the Grand Theatre and of "Flengo" in the Experimental Theatre. Both of these were produced the past season.

Chamber Music Popular.

In regard to chamber music, mention ought to be made of the concerts given in the Home of Scientists, and in the State Academy of Art Research. Among concerts of this kind, special concerts were given by the Moscow Conservatory and Stradivarius string quartets, the Lieder Abende given by Mme. O. Bogoslavskaya and the piano concerts by S. E. Feinberg.

In conclusion, it would not be amiss to say a word or two on the concerts of western European music organized by VOX. One of the recent musical evenings organized by VOX introduced a Moscow audience to Danish music, which has almost been entirely unrepresented in the U. S. S. R. The value of such musical evenings is self-evident as they contribute considerably to the broadening of the musical outlook of the audiences.

Dwight Morrow, Kellogg Confer

WASHINGTON, June 29. — Dwight W. Morrow, Ambassador to Mexico and former partner in J. P. Morgan & Co., conferred with Secretary of State Kellogg today. He will again confer with Kellogg tomorrow and is expected to leave for Mexico City Saturday.

Among the questions discussed was the Mexican financial situation.

HANdOuTS

This is the time of the year when thousands of bright young boys and girls, trembling upon the Threshold of Life, bid farewell to Old High School and Dear Old College and sally forth to do or die for god and capitalism. But they might spare us the speeches.

• • •

Society Note: Morris Hillquit, well-known corporation lawyer, has left for a trip to Europe. He will study business conditions in France, Germany and Austria.

• • •

A waiter picketing the Isaac Geller's Delicatessen and Restaurant at 1446 St. Nicholas Ave. was arrested for talking to a patron. Under capitalism a worker's mouth is of very little value to him. He's not allowed to talk and he hasn't the price to eat.

• • •

Socialist Party activities on behalf of the American working class as reported in a current issue of the "New Leader:"

> Births and marriages seem to be occupying the attention of the members these days. Following the birth of a girl to Frank and Kate Brodsky, Jack Afros led Flora Lewinger to the altar. Not to be outdone, Jacke Wolfe followed in the footsteps of Jack Afros, by taking unto himself Lillian Cohen as his lawfully wedded wife.
>
> Now along comes Joe Co one of the organizers of the bra and startles the placidity of the mosphere with the announcem that his wife, Lee, the forme M. Nagier, had borne him a ter. The members are no ing the question, "Who and next?"

• • •

H. Thaw, Fireman

America is the land of the free—at least for rich murderers. Abo is a picture of Harry K. Thaw, who was irritated with Stanford Whit several years ago and killed him Thaw is now touring Europe. Thaw failed to treat the British immigration authorities with the consideration one shows a jury if one is a murderer. He bid too low and the authorities refused to let him enter the country. The jury declared Thaw insane. In the above picture Thaw is shown as an honorary member of the Rouss Volunteer Fire Company, of Winchester, Va., wearing a red shirt and carrying a horn under his arm, leading the fire brigade in the Shenandoah Apple Blossom Festival at Winchester. This would indicate the jury was right.

Police Seize Distillery In Garden City Home

GARDEN CITY, N. Y., June 29.—County police and federal prohibition agents early today seized what they declared was a distillery worth between $75,000 and $100,000 in an eight-room house at 16 Lloyd Ave. here and arrested four men.

The men arrested said they were James Armenaki, who, police say, owned the house; Joseph Faollio, 127 Delancey St., Manhattan; Frank Triente, 167 Mott St., Manhattan; Joseph Rosa, 358 Broome St., Manhattan.

The men were taken to the Merrick police station where charges of violating the Volstead Act, operat of an unlicensed still and conspi were lodged against [illegible] charges of manufac [illegible] legally and of conspi [illegible] against the other thre

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

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POLICE CLUB, ARREST NEW BEDFORD MILL STRIKERS

CONFIRM ZINOVIEV READMISSION TO ALL UNION PARTY

Admit All Errors; Give Up Fractional Work

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, July 1.—The Praesidium of the Central Control Commission of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union has decided to readmit to the party Zinoviev, Kameneff, Yevdomikoff and thirty-five other members of the former opposition because they signed statements recognizing the fundamental errors of their former position, abandoned the Trotskyist platform, gave up their fractional activity and promised to completely subordinate themselves to the decisions of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Communist International.

Their former membership in the party will be reckoned and note made of the interruption of their membership since their expulsion.

In addition to Zinoviev, Kameneff and Yevdomikoff, those readmitted to party membership are: Avdeyev, [illegible], Bakayev, Belais, Belenki, [illegible], Waintraub, Gertik, Hessen, [illegible], Yelkovitch, Savarakina, [illegible], Kuklin, Lashevitch, Levin, [illegible], Lyalina, Matveyev, [illegible], Minitschev, Nikolaiev, Pin[illegible], Prigoshin, Rabkin, Ravitsch, So[illegible], Solovyev, Federev, Furtichev, [illegible]konov, Sharov and Shepsheleva.

WOLL ATTACKS U. S. S. R. TOUR

Denounces Comintern, Workers Party

WASHINGTON, July 1.—In accordance with their policy of bitter [illegible] to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, Matthew Woll, [illegible] for the bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor, has [illegible] the tour of Soviet Russia [illegible] educators as "a propaganda device." This was disclosed [illegible] in a correspondence made [illegible] by Woll, acting president of [illegible] Civic Federation and [illegible] of the A. F. of L. [illegible] Tennessee Federation, which [illegible] the tour, asked Woll, as [illegible] of the International Labor [illegible] America, to give publicity [illegible] on the tour. Woll's attack [illegible] was directed as a re[illegible] the Tennessee Federation. There are two hundred trade union [illegible] comprising the Labor [illegible].

[illegible] W. C. Birthright, of the [illegible] Federation, described to [illegible] in a letter to J. B. Matthew, [illegible] of the members of the tour, as [illegible] learned professor and a [illegible] on the bible in Scarritt College. Matthew's plan is to send [illegible] on the tour as the par[illegible] through Russia.

[illegible] to Birthright, Woll said: "[illegible] be advised that the American [illegible] of Labor had defin[illegible] the present Russian re[illegible] has condemned it in no [illegible] terms. The Russian government [illegible] expressed through the [illegible] International has sought [illegible] years the overthrow of the [illegible] government and as a con[illegible] to this, the over[illegible] of the American Federation [illegible].

"[illegible] is no distinction between [illegible] (Workers) Party, [illegible] International and the So[illegible]. They are one and the [illegible], it has been the experience [illegible] American labor movement [illegible] no real insight can be obtained [illegible] the workings of the Soviets [illegible] existing there, because [illegible] in which such delegations [illegible] investigators are received [illegible]. They are shown [illegible] best to show them [illegible] access to many [illegible] conditions would not [illegible] shedding of light."

[illegible] SPEAKS AT [illegible]ORE MEET

[illegible] are actively pre[illegible] national election cam[illegible] which will be held in that [illegible] with Robert Minor, [illegible] DAILY WORKER and [illegible] on the Com[illegible] New York State, as [illegible].

[illegible] be held in the Work[illegible] on the 4th of [illegible] about 11 a. m. It [illegible] the entire left-wing [illegible].

[illegible] the speaking there [illegible].

Addresses Militants

Albert Weisbord, organizer of the Passaic strike, addressed thousands of New Bedford textile workers after their demonstration had been broken up by a police attack. Thousands heard Weisbord, though he spoke in an open lot in a heavy rain.

TEXAS DELEGATES REPORT ON PARTY NOMINATION MEET

Lauderdale Enthusiastic About Convention

BRECKENRIDGE, Texas, July 1.—The delegates from Texas to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party held recently in New York, delivered a verbal and written report to the Oklahoma and Texas sub-district of the Party. The written report, signed by E. H. Landerdale and Harry Lawrence is quoted in full and says:

My report on the Workers (Communist) Party Nominating Convention was delayed since it took me some four days to reach home after adjournment and my crop required immediate attention upon arrival home.

The convention was held as announced on the 25-26-27 of May of this year in the city of New York. Delegates attended from 39 states and the District of Columbia. Fraternal delegates attended from some of the South

(Continued on Page Five)

ELECT OBREGON IN MEXICO POLL

Communist Party Calls Him Careerist

MEXICO CITY, July 1 (UP).—The Mexican national elections, at which General Alvaro Obregon, former president, and friend of president Calles, was the sole presidential candidate, passed quietly throughout the country today with a fairly heavy vote, according to reports received at the capital this evening.

Obregon will assume office December 1.

• • •

MEXICO CITY, July 1. — The hollow formality of the Mexican presidential election was gone thru today with General Alvaro Obregon as the sole candidate. Fearing election disturbances, the entire Mexican army was ordered on active duty, and all the courts kept open.

Obregon had the support of the American interests with investments in Mexico, as well as the middle classes and part of the upper class. His attitude towards the lauded Church interests has steadily bended to become more conciliatory.

In reference to the Obregon candidacy, the Mexican Communist Party issued the following statement: "Obregonism at one time represented the united front against clericalism, landlordism and imperialism, but the recent split reveals that for Obregon the united front only exists in his own person. He has called on the peasants, the middle classes and part of the upper classes to aid him. The Obregon group has no sincere desire to destroy the false labor leadership of the CROM and strengthen the labor movement, but to destroy a strong rival political clique which interferes only with their own ambitions. Many of the Obregonistas even wish to destroy the labor movement, reduce salaries and abolish the social gains of the revolution.

A break is developing between the Obregon group and the Mexican Labor Party. The Communist Party of Mexico has as a result taken a position of opposition to the Mexican labor misleadership, lead by Morones. The Party has termed the conflict between Obregon and the CROM a "sordid struggle between two political factions called Obregonism and Laborism."

Currency in circulation, as of April 1, 1928, amounted to 1,613,300,000 rubles, of which State Bank notes were [illegible],300,000 rubles, treasury notes [illegible],000,000 rubles, silver coin 163,[illegible] rubles, and bronze and copper [illegible] rubles.

Missouri Miners Enraged Over Shooting by Scabs

MANY INJURED IN ATTEMPT TO OPEN COAL PIT

Operators Try to Set Up 1917 Scale

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Kan., July 1.—Miners of the Minden Mines, Mo. fields are enraged over the murderous assault made upon a picket line here Friday when armed scabs and gunmen fired into the crowd, wounding a number of coal diggers. Whole mine districts here have taken on the appearance of armed conflict.

• • •

MINDEN MINES, Mo., July 1.—Serious injuries to miners and scabs resulted here from a clash which followed the attempt by the Western Coal and Mining Company to force open its pits at the 1917 scale. A picket line of striking miners of District 14 here was fired upon by armed scabs when the company imported strikebreakers from Oklahoma.

At Western 23 Mine the company planned to pitch tents for its scabs on

(Continued on Page Two)

GREAT MUSIC AT STADIUM CONCERT

Theremin, Orchestra of 50 to Perform

Thousands of New York workers will have the first opportunity to enjoy a demonstration of one of the most remarkable inventions of our day, when ~~Professor~~ Leo Theremin of the Soviet Union will extract from the air what are admittedly the most beautiful musical sounds ever heard. This and other great features will be presented at a concert to be held in Coney Island Stadium, July 14.

Volpe and his orchestra of 50, one of the leading musical institutions in the country, will also be on the program of the concert.

The stadium's seating capacity of about 25,000 is expected to be filled at this concert which will be the most elaborate proletarian event ever arranged in America.

CREW ESCAPES DEATH.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 1 (U.P.).—The captain and 15 members of the crew of the fishing schooner Eugenia had a narrow escape from death when the vessel foundered on the rocks near Beaver Tail Light here early today, sinking within 20 minutes.

WASHINGTON, July 1 (U.P.).—Lieut. Lowell Harding, noted pilot, was injured here today when his airplane took a nose dive into the Potomac River. William P. Cassidy, who was with Harding, also was injured.

Red Candidates for Congress From New York City

At left is Bertram D. Wolfe, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for congress from the 10th congressional district in Brooklyn; Paul Crouch, Workers Party candidate from the 2nd congressional district in Queens, is shown at the right.

STEEL TRUST ORDERS NEW MINE WAGE CUT

UNIONTOWN, Pa., July 1. — A wholesale wage cut which will in some cases bring the pay level of non-union miners to that of pre-war times was announced yesterday by H. C. Frick Coke Company, a subsidiary of the United States Coal Company. Reductions of 10, 12 and in some cases of 15 per cent were announced for all grades with the exception of pit coal diggers who have already been cut to below $3.00 for a nine-hour day average.

The cut affects about 35,000 men in Fayette and Westmoreland Counties and will become operative if the miners do not in the meantime walk out on strike on July 11.

Machine drivers under the new scale would receive a 10 per cent slash. Drivers, cagers, blasters, tracklayers will receive a similar reduction. Outside laborers will be reduced to about $3.50 per day and mine laborers to $3.05.

Definite information has been secured that other operators in the Connellsville region will follow the lead of the U. S. Steel Corporation.

CARNIVAL TO AID FRAME-UP VICTIMS

All roads will lead to Starlight Park next Saturday where the great Joint Defense Sports Carnival will be held. Thousands of workers, representing every trade and every nationality will gather there to [illegible] the greatest proletarian sp[illegible]tacle ever held in this [illegible]

But the sports carniv[illegible] Defense will not be [illegible] ment event. It [illegible] stration of soli[illegible] New York's [illegible] their needle [illegible] have been [illegible] smashing [illegible] collabor[illegible]

WAGE INCREASE WAITED 4 YEARS

Stereotypers Learn of Tammany Tactics

Forced after over four years of stalling and deliberate tactics of evasion to meet the issue, a Tammany arbitration board, it was learned yesterday, is about ready to hand down its decision granting a wage increase to members of the stereotypers union of New York City.

Under the decision which will be announced shortly the workers receive a wage increase of $5.50 per week and other increases are said to be in prospect. It is understood, however, that the decision which is not retroactive, is made public only after the employers, who are chiefly newspaper publishers, have become certain that they can soon begin steps for a general wage slash. In any event the workers lose four years of increases which they now declare they could easily have won through a strike.

Democrat Women Drys To Vote For Hoover

WASHINGTON, July 1 (U.P.).—The women of democracy "will bolt their party rather than vote for Gov. Smith," and they will support Herbert Hoover in an active campaign, Mrs. William Atherton Du Puy, Liberty Press representative for women [illegible] groups at the Houston convention, declared in a statement here tonight.

BEGINNI[illegible], JULY 9

Daily Worker

will appear in its "new dress" with pages in full standard size, eight columns to the page instead of the seven columns as heretofore.

Complete telegraph service direct to its office from all countries of the world, including the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, has been secured.

The opportunity to establish the workers' revolutionary daily paper on a more economical basis with great saving in cost of publication and great improvements in quality, is given by the splendid response of the militant workers and sympathizers in the crisis which threatened the life of the Daily Worker.

New Address: 26-28 Union Square, New York.

The Daily Worker is confident of the continued support of the militant workers.

BREAK PARADE; SLUG, TRAMPLE ON MARCHERS

Thousands Hear Weisbord at Giant Mass Meet After Demonstration Despite Rain

29 Parade Leaders Jailed; Are Charged With "Inciting to Riot"

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 1.—Twenty-nine strikers were arrested, many men and women were clubbed by police and trampled, banners and even flags were torn from the hands of carriers when the heavily augmented New Bedford police force broke up the parade of over six thousand textile strikers marching under the leadership of the Textile Mills Committee, in defiance of a police refusal of permit.

The divisions of marchers coming up from the North End had gone about five blocks, and that from the South End had marched about two blocks, when large truckloads of police, their numbers heavily increased by prohibition agents and others, jumped out and began the clubbings and arrests.

Charge Picket Lines.

Many more thousands of strikers and sympathizers were densely crowding the sidewalks, waiting to get into line when the police assault on the strikers began.

The two lines of the parade, starting from the two far ends of the city, began promptly on schedule time, 2 o'clock and were to meet and jointly go to the final destination. Several policemen walked before the two marching lines and kept the space in front open for the parade, giving the impression to the numerous thousands on the sidewalks that a permit had been granted.

The thunder of cheers that greeted the passing parade was transformed into hoots and jeers when the police leaped from the many big Mack trucks and began to charge the lines of the men, women and children marchers, after the order to halt had been defied by Eli Keller and Jack Rubenstein, leaders of the two lines.

Weisbord Speaks.

Huge mass meetings, addressed by Albert Weisbord, leader of the National Textile Mill Committee and the

(Continued on Page Two)

HORTHY FASCISTS ARREST THIRTY IN WAVE OF TERROR

Arrests Follow Bela Kun Trial

(By Cable To DAILY WORKER.)

BUDAPEST, July 1.—Thirty arrests were today made here in a police dragnet of the Horthy Fascist dictatorship in "conspiracy" which the police claim to have discovered in connection with the Bela Kun trial and activities in Vienna.

The Horthy police are concealing the names of the persons arrested and no information of charges against them can be obtained. In the meantime arrests in the provinces are taking place.

• • •

VIENNA, July 1.—The lawyer for Bela Kun on trial here refrained from appealing against the sentence so that the sentence is now valid. It expires on July 27th.

SEAMEN READY FOR NEW UNION

Worker Writes About Child Labor

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Ninety-six per cent of the American seamen are unorganized because the corrupt officialdom of the International Seamens Union will not organize them. There is a crying need, in every seaman's opinion, for a new union to combat the grasping shipowners as well as the bureaucratic officials and their recently exposed ambulance-chasing attorney.

Child Labor

The shipowners are gloating over the profits they are making out of child labor this summer. Approximately 54,000 children under 16 years of age were forced from their schools during the year ending August, 1927, in order that they might enter the slave market of the shipowner's as cheap labor. These figures were re-

(Continued on Page Four)

MINE GRIEVANCE BOARD EXPOSED

Coal Diggers Exposed of Betrayals

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

HAZELTON, June 30.—The conciliation board, which consists of coal operators and union officials, is meeting here to settle many grievances brought up by the miners against the coal companies. The conciliation board, in a majority of cases, are upholding the position of the company, actually burying the grievance of the miners, or sending them to Umpire O'Neil in Washington, who is "impartial" and knows how to serve the coal operators.

Many Grievances

There are many grievances that miners bring up which indicate that the bosses are on the offensive. Here is the list of grievances from District No. 7:

Bratticemand and Roadman, Lattimer Colliery vs. Pardee Bros. & Co., Inc. In re: Hourly rate.

Certain miners, Lattimer Colliery vs. Pardee Bros. & Co., Inc. In re: Rock Hole rate.

Certain patcher, No. 4 Oneida Col-

(Continued on Page Two)

PLAN PITTSBURGH ELECTION DRIVE

Put Forward Communist Ticket in Virginia

By A. JAKIRA
(Organizer, Pittsburgh District.)

The struggle of the miners, the question of organizing the unorganized, the election campaign and the Labor Party, the rapid growth of the Workers (Communist) Party in District No. 5—these were the main problems considered by the District Plenum held in Pittsburgh several days ago. A number of representatives from the various nuclei were present in addition to the members of the District Committee, department heads and members of the District Bureau of the Young Workers League.

The work of the Plenum will be followed up by a series of eight sub-district conferences to be held in various parts of the district on July 15. These conferences will consider the actions of the Plenum and will devote special attention to organization problems. Sub-district executive com-

(Continued on Page Five)

GITLOW TO BE AT CHICAGO PICNIC

New Step in Election Drive in Illinois

Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for the vice-presidency of the United States, will be the principal speaker at a picnic in Chernauskas Grove, Chicago on the afternoon of the 4th of July.

The picnic will mark a step in the intensive election drive which the party is carrying on in the Chicago district. In addition to Gitlow, Max Bedacht and a number of other party leaders will speak.

WHO KNOWS THE HEART AND COURAGE OF THESE MINERS—AND THEIR WOMEN FOLK!

By BARBARA RAND.

IMPERIAL, Pa., July 1.—In a hovel built of clay and odd pieces of lumber, several hundred feet from the dirt road leading to the Inland Coal Company mine, over a swampy foot path covered with boards, James Crawford, a striking miner, is dying. In a corner of the dark, dingy shack, the coal digger is gasping out his last breath. The doctor says there's no hope.

Charlotte Crawford, his wife[illegible] prematurely grey, a wizened little French woman, nurses him and mourns her five absent children. She tells a familiar story of the coal country, where operators, police and courts cooperate to fashion the hideous weave of the miners' existence. Months of striking, only the food sent in by the National Miners' Relief Committee to ward off starvation and always several children's mouths to feed; two of the children have died.

Lose Belongings.

Some months ago, Constable John Cheseborough came to their little hut on the side of the swamp and arrested Crawford. Then he came and took away two hogs, 12 rabbits, their few chickens and pigeons. These were never returned. The same day, all five children, from two year old Mary up, were taken away to county institutions. The mine woman has not seen them since.

Crawford was charged with vagrancy. C. B. Burns, hated company squire, promised to release him if he went back to scab.

"No one can make a scab of me," was the answer. He was held in jail twenty days.

When he came out Crawford was taken down sick. The worry about the children, how they were being taken care of, his own lack of food, had their effect. His wife drove herself nearly mad trying to get her children back.

Constable Cheseborough and Squire Burns were the only "authorities" in Imperial; she got no information from them. Ther[illegible] money to go to the county [illegible]

Appeals For Help

When Crawford's illness became alarming, the little coal woman walked the miles to the distribution camp of the National Miners' Relief Committee. Isabel Henderson went to the house to help. Dr. Broadhurst was called in. The other miners' families scrimped so the Crawfords could have a little more milk and bread. Help came late.

Meanwhile the strike toll is mounting. Hunger and the struggle are marking their trails of agony. Still there is determination to fight on even after fifteen months of untold hardship. Who knows the heart and courage of these miners—and their women folks?

Illinois Mine Leader Calls for Renewed Struggle Against Coal Barons

DAN SLINGER IN APPEAL AGAINST LEWIS MACHINE

Urges Mobilization for New Union

BELLEVILLE, Ill., July 1.—A picture of the conditions in the Illinois mine fields which have resulted from the treacherous policies of the Lewis-Fishwick machine and a call to all coal diggers to continue the struggle against the operators was yesterday issued by Dan H. Slinger, newly elected secretary-treasurer of District 12 Mine Workers. Slinger, who was chosen to office when the rank and file ousted the corrupt Fishwick machine last month, calls for the formation of a labor party as one means of combating the attack of the bosses. George Voyzey was elected president of the district. The call follows:

Call to Struggle

Brothers, the time has arrived when every miner should take his place in the struggle now going on in the coal mining industry of this country.

The miners of the State of Illinois have never been in a more serious position than at the present time. Wherever mines are opening up machines are being installed, and as a consequence only one-fourth of the miners are able to obtain a job. And too often we find that these few work only one or two days a week. We see as a consequence thousands of miners driven from their homes to seek employment in some other industry.

No Jobs

But often after looking for a job for months they are forced to return to their homes without finding employment. When asked the reason for their return the answer is that the other industries have unemployment, too.

What then is the answer to this problem? For many months the Save-The-Union Committee has been pointing out to the miners that to throw 200,000 coal miners out of the industry only helped to solve the problem for the coal operators, and meant only starvation for these 200,000 miners, or else taking the job for less wages. This condition is just what the coal operators and other employers of labor want, in order to keep the men who have the job from revolting against the terrible conditions. We propose the following as a remedy:

Less Hours

First, a six-hour day; second, a five-day week; third, a tonnage rate on the loading machine; fourth, a restriction on the amount or number of tons each man shall load; fifth, against temporary agreements; for a national strike and a national agreement; seventh, for the organization of the unorganized, and to fight against all wage cuts.

The miners must resist all attempts to lower their standard of living, and should receive the support of all the organized workers, because this is their fight, too. If the miners lose, then just as surely will the rest of the organized labor movement lose.

We are not opposed to the use of machinery by the operators, but we do say that the coal miners who are going to operate them must be the ones to receive the benefit. The machine must not be allowed to enslave thousands of miners in order that a few coal operators may reap a larger profit.

Lewis-Fishwick Treachery

Mr. Fishwick says that something must be done; he asks that the policy committee of the national organization be called together for the purpose of releasing the officials from the national policy. He makes the statement in his official organ, the "Illinois Miner," that this policy all at once has grown inadequate. In plain English, he means their policy has failed. Yet we find him in the special convention held in Peoria in 1927 telling the delegates what a wonderful document this policy was. A winning policy, he termed it, because, he said, Jack Walker won with it in 1910. Time means nothing to Fishwick.

Many rank and file miners arose and protested on the convention floor against this losing policy, but to no avail. Fishwick and his lieutenants carried out their policies and they have brought ruin and disaster to the once powerful and militant United Mine Workers of America.

They have revoked charters and thrown thousands of miners out of the organization because they dared to voice their protest against the losing policy. The press reports carry a story that local unions around Herrin are passing resolutions asking Mr. Lewis to grant the Illinois miners' officials the right to revise the policy, a revision downwards, which means that the Peabody Coal Company's full-page advertisement advising a reduction in [illegible] will be put into effect.

[illegible] and file miners say that this [illegible] being passed by the local [illegible] a counterpart of the one which was passed by the meeting held at the American Annex in St. Louis by the officers and scale committee of Illinois. Does any sane person believe that a reduction in wages will help the Illinois miners? This can not and will not help, because where coal mines are operated non-union the operator simply cuts the wages by posting a notice. The question arises: Will the miners allow these betrayers still to lead them? We believe not. We have faith in the fighting spirit of the rank and file of the United Mine Workers of America.

Will the sufferings and hardships, the giving of life itself by the Ohio and Pennsylvania miners, have been in vain? Must miners, their wives and children be beaten, slugged, thrown in jails, murdered again and again, before the workers learn that they must organize into a great labor party on the political field?

The hope of the miners' future lies in ridding their union of these betrayers, the Lewises, Fishwicks, Cappellinis and all of their ilk. The simplest and easiest way is to stop sending dues and assessments to them. Begin preparing now for the National Convention called by the rank and file to take place in Pittsburgh, September 9, 1928.

Capitalism Provides Workers' Children With Sewers in Which to Swim

Above children of New York workers swimming in the polluted Hudson River, where boats dump their oil and garbage. Under capitalism, the children of workers in large cities are compelled to resort [illegible] sewers like these to seek relief from the burning pavements.

POLICE ATTACK TEXTILE PARADE

Trample on Women and Children

(Continued from Page One)

local strike leaders were held on big open lots at the city's ends before formation for the parade took place.

Twenty-one of the arrests were made in the assault on the South End line. At the North End, Jack Rubinstein's reply that the strikers intend to retain their constitutional rights led to his immediate arrest and the arrest of John Pelcazar, Ellen Dawson, Louis Katsicas, his daughter Bessie, Andrew Bourassa and two others.

Appeal For Aid.

Although considerable bail was raised from strike sympathizers, the leaders of the union and the International Labor Defense sent out an immediate appeal which brought in enough to release all those arrested before night. Despite the offer to put up sufficient bail bonds, the police delayed the strikers' release for several hours.

All those arrested are facing the charge of inciting to riot, assaulting policemen, and disturbing the peace.

After the parade had been broken up thousands packed the two lots on the North and South Ends in a heavy rain to listen to Albert Weisbord deliver a slashing attack on the police terror.

Many Join Committee.

Unusually large numbers of the members of the American Federation of Textile Operatives are joining the Mill Committees it was also shown. The thousands attending the mass meetings expressed the greatest enthusiasm yet exhibited at any time during the strike, which enters its twelfth week.

Huge Picket Line

The largest picket lines that have as yet appeared at the mills during the strike, are expected to come out for duty Monday morning. This is due, not only to the tremendous fighting spirit generated by the attack on the parade, but also to the fact that the mill owners have threatened to reopen their mills Monday, July 9. Literally tens of thousands are expected to jam the cotton manufacturing district.

DECREASE IN AUTO ACCIDENTS.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—A slight decrease in May and June automobile accidents from the corresponding period last year was reported today by the department of commerce. During the four weeks ending June 16 there were 498 fatalities in 77 of the largest cities as compared with 506 last year.

Photograph Taken at National Nominating Convention Are Ready

The National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has secured limited number of photographs of the nominating convention held in Mecca Temple New York City, and of the banquet which was held during the course of the convention.

It is expected that there will be a rush to secure copies of the photograph of the first national nominating convention ever held by the Workers (Communist) Party. Each picture sells for one dollar. Two dollars forwarded to the national office of the Workers (Communist) Party, 4 East 125th Street, New York City will bring a copy of each picture to your door.

TO "PROBE" POWER TRUST LOBBYIST

Widespread Propaganda Campaign Carried on

WASHINGTON, July 1. (United Press).—John N. Cadby, of Milwaukee, secretary of the Wisconsin utilities Association, will testify Monday at the opening of the last week of the Federal Trade Commission's utilities investigation prior to its recess for the summer.

The commission will question Cadby regarding activities of his bureau in influencing public opinion against municipal ownership of power projects.

Investigators for the commission already have examined correspondence from Cadby's files and this data will be used as a basis for questioning him.

On Tuesday, A. F. Herwig of Milwaukee, director of the Wisconsin Public Utilities Information Bureau will be questioned by commission investigators on activities of his organization. Later in the week Frank O. Cuppey, Lafayette, Indiana, utilities executive, will be asked to tell of his organization's activities.

At last week's hearings, Indiana publicity bureau files disclosed that Cuppy was paid for lobbying in Indianapolis, state capital, and he is to be asked for an explanation of what he did with the money he received.

The commission plans to recess until September after this week, when it's investigation into other state utilities publicity bureaus will be resumed.

SUM UP CHARGES IN DONETZ PLOT

Evidence Shows Huge Conspiracy

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, July 1.—The irrefutable existence of a giant counter-revolutionary sabotage organization, the object of which was the complete ruin of the Soviet Union coal industry in the Donetz Basin was proved by evidence submitted at the Donetz trial, according to Prosecutor Krylenko. The organization was connected abroad with the former Czarist owners of the mines and with official foreign institutions, Krylenko declared.

The accused, the prosecutor charged, were not only guilty of sabotage and espionage, but planned to create disorder in the rear, if the Soviet Union were attacked by the imperialistic powers.

After summing up the evidence against the members of the sabotage organization, Krylenko demanded death sentences for Beresovsky, Kalganov, Boyarinov, Budny, Sushtchevski, Adrei Kolodub, Vassilyev, Alexander Nekrassov, Matov, Bartanovski, Kasarinov, Boyarshinov, Gorletzki Shadlum, Kusma, Bashkin, Meshkov Yussevitch, Krishanovski, Skorutto and Rabinovitsh.

He demanded terms of imprisonment for Imenitoff, Kelnin, Samoilov, Ivan Krassov and Ehilian Kolodub. The indictment against the German, Meier, was dropped because he had been falsely accused by Bashkin.

Krylenko demanded the condemnation of the German, Badstieber, with probation and a sentence of six months for the German technician, Otto.

MACHINE PLANT IN TURKESTAN

A new machine building plant, the first [illegible] gion, has recently been op[illegible] shkent, the capital of [illegible] e factory, built at a [illegible] rubles, will produce [illegible] and agricultural ma-[illegible]

[illegible] SOURCES.

[illegible]—The Soviet [illegible] the study [illegible] The state [illegible] of the [illegible] 4,000,-[illegible] 00 in [illegible] are [illegible] al [illegible] pr[illegible] rese[illegible] being [illegible] 3,000 to [illegible]

POISON AGAINST LABOR IS SPREAD BY INSULL TRUST

Mysterious Payments Made by Magnates

By LAWRENCE TODD
(Federated Press)

WASHINGTON (FP), July 1.—Why did a public utilities lobbyist, W. C. Frazee, of Rushville, home village of Sen. Jim Watson, draw $5,270.60 for his "services and expenses" at the 60-day session of the Indiana legislature of 1923? Why did the Indiana Utilities Assn., state branch of Sam Insull's nationwide system of propaganda and lobbying activities, pay Frazee $3,286 for the session of 1925, and $3,500 for the session of 1927?

That is one of the many mysteries presented to the Federal Trade Commission June 28 when John Mellett, former university instructor and newspaper man, for 7 years director of the power trust propaganda in Indiana, was on the stand. Mellett could not explain why Frazee, Jim Watson's townsman, was so expensive. He said he never saw an itemized bill for these services and expenses. Mellett gave up his job last September.

Mysterious Payments

Then there was a mysterious payment of $2,500, during last year's session, to Frank O. Cuppy, to whom Mellett afterward paid in cash an additional $1,000 as "salary." This was strange, Chief Counsel Healy for the Commission pointed out, as Cuppy was on regular salary as secretary-manager of the LaFayette Telephone Co. and of the Indiana Telephone Assn. He registered at the state-house as a lobbyist.

Albert Stump, Tom Taggart's Democratic nominee for U. S. senator in 1926 and again this year, was employed by Mellett's bureau in 1921 and 1922 to deliver speeches in the state. He talked before Rotary and other "service" clubs on patriotism and the utilities. The first season, when he was merely tried out, he was paid $165.69, but in 1922 he drew $1,161.51. He was not advertised as a hired man of the power trust, but as a "patriotic orator."

Insull Propaganda

In a pamphlet circulated in Indiana high schools, and called "The Half-Century Miracle," Mellett's bureau employed the standard Insull school-propaganda arguments for private ownership and non-interference. But there was inserted an argument against strikes—evidently at the instance of the anti-union management of the traction company in Indianapolis.

Anti-Labor Poison

"When street railway transportation was suspended by strikes in Boston, Denver, and Chicago, merchant trade fell off 50 per cent, and multitudes of working people, besides those on strike, lost wages because they could not get to work on time or at all. In the summer of 1919, telephone service in Christian, Shelby and Montgomery counties, Illinois, was suspended by a strike of operators."

This poison against organized labor was offered to 210 high-schools and was accepted by 64. A speech by Sam Insull and one by Harry M. Daugherty were mailed to 1,000 utility executives, politicians and newspapers. For this work Mellett first [illegible]t $5,000 and later $6,000 a year.

Rasputin's Daughter Suing Yousoupoff

PARIS, July 1.—Madame Soloviev, daughter of the Russian Monk Rasputin, confidential adviser to the Russian Royal Family, has brought suit for 25,000,000 francs damages against Prince Yousoupoff for the assassination of the monk, and against Grand Duke Dimitri, who was in Yousoupoff's home when the assassination occurred.

Whether the case will be heard is extremely doubtful, following assertions by Yousoupoff and his followers that the murder was of a purely political character. Moreover, as the parties involved are under the protection of the League of Nations, having rejected the nationality of the Soviet Republic and not having assumed French nationality, the jurisdiction of the French courts in this respect is a subject of debate in the corridors of the Palais De Justice.

Mme. Soloviev admits the excessive drinking habits of the priest, but naively adds that he did it because he knew he was condemned and that the fatal hour was approaching. She attributes to Prince Yousoupoff a sinister design for overthrowing the czar, placing the Grand Duke Dimitri on the throne, and himself becoming the power behind the new ruler.

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The Krasnodar plant of northern Caucasus will use peat as fuel and will be completed in October, 1930.

MINERS WOUNDED BY ARMED SCABS

Operators Try to Set Up 1917 Scale

(Continued from Page One)

company property in order to start their mines. Yesterday morning a car of five miners heading for the shaft was stopped by the pickets several hundred feet from the entrance. The scabs, who were heavily armed, started firing into the picketing lines. Two strikers were immediately wounded. Eagleton was shot through the neck and another, Stahota, was shot through the eye. The five in the automobile were taken out and severely beaten, it is reported. Several are not expected to live.

Scab Agreements

The sheriff of Barton County, Missouri, and the district officials arrived just after the shooting. The strip pit miners are working in the district, under individual agreements and are turning out enough coal to supply the company. This separation of the mining forces by the betrayal of the Lewis officials is slowly strangling the strike in spite of the heroic effort of the rank and file to hold their own against the effort to introduce the 1917 scale.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations Attention!

Airy, Light Rooms
To Rent
for OFFICES and MEETING ROOMS at the WORKERS CENTER, 26-28 Union Square.
Elevator Service. *Telephone Stuyvesant 1201.*

SEATTLE, WASH.
Picnic and Dance
PEOPLE'S PARK, Renton Juct.
SUNDAY, JULY 8, 1928
7—Hours of Dancing—7
Sports—Prominent Speakers—Refreshments.
PROCEEDS TO THE STRIKING MINERS.
Interurban leaves Occidental and Yesler on the hour.
Admission: Gentlemen, 50 cents; Ladies, 25 cents.

CHICAGO, ILL.
Mass Picnic and Campaign Rally
JULY 4th
at Chernauskas Grove
79th Street and Archer Avenue
BENJAMIN GITLOW will speak.
BARBECUE WRESTLING GAMES DANCING
The Grove Opens at Noon.
ADMISSION 50c.

Big Pennsylvania Miners' Relief
Picnic and Dance
Will be held
Wednesday, July 4th
at
ELDORA AMUSEMENT PARK
Between Monongahela St. and Charleroi.
UNION MUSIC—DANCING ALL DAY—RACES—GAMES AND OTHER AMUSEMENTS.
DIRECTIONS: From Pittsburgh take Charleroi car at Grant and Liberty Avenues. By Automobile follow Castleshannon Road to Monongahela Pike, follow it to the Park. From Washington, Pa., take the Pittsburgh car and change at Castle Shannon Junction to Charleroi car.
Auspices: National Miners' Relief Committee
803 McTeagh Building
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Seven Hour Day in U. S. S. R. Textile Industry Is Called Blow to Reformists

ALL UNION PARTY POINTS TO GAINS IN TEXTILE MILLS

Realize 7-Hour Day on National Scale

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—A decision of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union has been published in Moscow press on the first results of the seven-hour day in the textile industry. The decision summarises the experience of about 3 or 4 months in this greatest enterprise of the Soviet Government in the textile industry and maps out a series of measures with the object of facilitating the further extension of the 7-hour day in other enterprises.

"We will remember — says the 'Pravda'—the attitude of the bourgeois press to this Soviet undertaking. We also remember the attitude of the Social Democratic press. The Manifesto of the Central Executive Committe of the Soviet Government proclaiming the 7-hour day was a powerful blow for the bourgeoisie fighting against us and against the proletariat of their respective countries.

"It was also a blow for the Social Democrats who conceal the bourgeois attack on the 8-hour day and malignantly slander the U. S. S. R. It was a blow to the Trotskyists who lost their faith in the potentialities of the proletariat. But at the same time it was a cause for the greatest enthusiasm of the workers of all countries.

"The bourgeoisie, the Social Democrats, and those who side with them were at first joking over the slogan. They maintained that this was nothing but a sheer declaration to the effect that at one time something will happen, something will commence, etc. Later they were forced to adopt the tactics of silence, to give the impression that nothing has happened.

"The capitalists and Social Democrats, however, will not succeed in keeping this from the workers! The truth will be known to all of them! All will find out that this tremendous social-political, cultural and economic socialist measure, the 7-hour day, is being realized in the U. S. S. R. on a national scale."

LABOR DEFENDER, JULY ISSUE, OUT

Has Articles on Mooney Frame-Up

With this month showing a record circulation for its almost three years of existence, the July number of the Labor Defender, official organ of the International Labor Defense, has just come off the press filled with attractive and interesting features in the form of articles and photographs which have earned for it the name of the "pictorial review of the class struggle."

Among the features in the July issue of this popular labor magazine, which is a special Mooney-Billings number, are:

A full size portrait of Tom Mooney on the cover, together with articles by Walt Carmon and Max Shachtman which give the history of the case which has stirred the labor movement of this country and elsewhere for twelve years. The articles are well illustrated and are accompanied by a full page spread of photos, one of which is a hitherto unpublished picture of Mooney as he looks today and an unusual scene from the interior of San Quentin prison where he is confined.

Grace Hutchins, right on the grounds in New Bedford, writes a moving story of the strike which is now assuming greater proportions and significance, and Barbara Rand writes the story of the frame-up of Frank Erbot, the West Virginia miner whose case has just been decided by a kept judge and jury in Wheeling.

Art Shields, the well known labor correspondent, who is now in the South, writes an interesting sketch of "Hard Times in Old Virginia." Manuel Gomez reminds the reader of the need for an "Independence Day" on July 4th for the oppressed peoples who are under Uncle Sam's golden heel—and another for the workers of the United States.

Other features include Tom O'Flaherty's "Recollections of Bill Haywood"; Carl Brannin's story of the fight for the Centralia I. W. W.; Stephen Kennedy's article on the anniversary of the July uprising in Vienna; and Nicola Napoli on the Italian Communist trials.

TRADE MARKS IN SOVIET.

Foreign manufacturers may obtain patents for trade marks in the U. S. S. R. if they are permitted to do business on the territory of the U. S. S. R. or if the laws of the applicant's country permit registration of trade marks for citizens of the U. S. S. R. This rule extends to citizens of the United States whose laws permit registration of trade marks for applicants from the Soviet Union. The term of registration is fixed by the applicant. The filing fee is 10 rubles and registration fee 5 rubles per year. During the past three years 1779 trade marks, including 891 of foreign firms, have been registered.

Seek Wall Street Aid

The Kuomintang reactionaries who have proved themselves worthy tools of the imperialists by the wholesale murder of Chinese workers and peasants and by raiding the Soviet Union consulates in China, are seeking the recognition of the Nanking regime by Wall Street Government in Washington. C. C. Wu (above), Nanking's representative here has held a number of conferences with Secretary of State Kellogg.

MINE GRIEVANCE BOARD EXPOSED

Coal Diggers Exposed of Betrayals

(Continued from Page One)

liery, vs. Coxe Bros. & Co., Inc. In re: Refusal to permit work.

Certain blacksmith, Jeddo Colliery No. 4, vs. Jeddo-Highland Coal Co. In re: Change of rate.

Certain machinist, Lansford No. 6 Colliery, vs. L. C. & N. Co. In re: Rate.

Shortage of Pay

Certain miners, Lattimer Colliery, vs. Pardee Bros. & Co. In re: Shortage in pay.

Certain miner, Lattimer Colliery, vs. Pardee Bros. & Co. In re: Payment for Rock Hole.

Certain miner, No. 9 Slope, Candlemas Colliery, vs. Haddock Mining Co. In re: Yardage for heading.

Certain miners, Lansford No. 6 Colliery, vs. L. C. & N. Co. In re: Rate.

The conciliation board is a form of arbitration bureaucracy in the union. Instead of fighting for the miners, taking up ther grievances to the conciliation board and trying to show to the miners that they are doing something for them, the officials are actually betraying the miners and escaping struggles directed against the coal companies.

Progressive Leadership

The save the union movement is giving leadership to the rank and file by exposing the conciliation board and taking up the grievances by fighting against any attempt on the part of the coal companies to lower the wages, cutting down the prices on piece work, or any other means by which the companies are attempting to cut down the wages and worsen working conditions.

Miners, on the whole, regard the conciliation board as a graveyard for their grievances; 90 per cent of their grievances are always lost. In the 10 per cent which nominally are "won," only minor grievances are included.

SPORTS PROGRAM AT DETROIT PICNIC

Games, Races at July 4th Outing

DETROIT, July 1.—Through the courtesy of the Detroit Labor Sports Union, sports will be the big attraction at the Workers Party picnic to be held on the 4th of July at Rochester and Sixteen Mile Road.

The program as arranged by the Detroit Labor Sports Union consists of a soccer game between two of the best workers' soccer teams of Detroit, a baseball game between the Yemans A. C. and the Finnish Young Workers baseball teams. These two baseball teams have played many times in the last two years, with the Finns coming out the winners in most of the games.

Besides the soccer and the baseball game there will be a tug-of-war between the South-Slavs and the tug-of-war team of the party. There will also be running races for boys, girls and children.

All those that are interested in sports in the militant labor movement as a whole should not fail to be present at this picnic. A good time is promised to all.

U. S. S. R. HEALTH WORK.

Health work in the U. S. S. R., which was at its lowest ebb during the years of civil war has made considerable progress during the recent years. Coupled with the general improvement in living conditions the health measures taken by the state have resulted in a much lower rate than in 1913. New hospitals, day nurseries, dispensaries and free medical service have been introduced to an extent never before known in Russia.

URGE SUPPORT OF SILK WORKERS ON STRIKE IN CHINA

Red Labor Int'l Sets Aside Fortnight

MOSCOW (By Mail).—An appeal urging aid for the 55,000 silk workers in Shanghai who are striking for better working conditions and against the recent wage cuts has been issued by the Women Workers International Committee of the Red International of Labor Unions. The appeal says, in part:

"Once more 55,000 workers of the silk spinning mills in Shanghai, of whom 50,000 are women, are out on strike. You know the hellish conditions of their labor. In the hot, damp, close air of the silk mills adult workers work as many as from 12 to 16 hours per day, and 5-year-old children work 12 hours a day.

"The miserly wages are still more decreased by the fraudulent fines, which at times swallow up the whole day's wage of the worker.

Beat Children

"The administration and the factory police systematically beat up the women and children. Not infrequently matters go as far as murder, which remains unpunished.

"The insolent employers, with the help of the treacherous Kuomintang government, are once more attempting to deprive the women workers of their first achievements. The workers replied to this by the present strike. They are starving, but they fight.

"Comrades! women workers! help your Chinese sisters in their heroic struggle. Raise your voice against the unheard of exploitation of the Chinese women workers and their children, against the bloody persecution of the Chinese proletariat.

Urge Collections

"Prepare for the fortnight of help for the Chinese proletariat, which is being organized by the R. I. L. U. from the 17th to the 31st of July.

"Prepare for mass collections in aid of the women and men workers of China.

"The governments of Japan, England, the United States, France and Italy are sending warships and troops to China. Fight against imperialist intervention against the workers and peasants of China.

"Down with imperialist intervention in China!

"Down with the Kuomintang government—the executioner of the workers and peasants.

"Long live international proletarian support for the proletariat of China!

"Long live the coming victory of the Chinese workers and peasants!

"All to the aid of the Chinese proletariat in her heroic struggle."

WOMEN WORKERS' INTERNATIONAL TRADE UNION COMMITTEE RILU.

SOVIET MANGANESE.

The Chiatury manganese deposits in the Georgian Republic are the most important in the world. Other valuable deposits in Soviet Russia are found at Nikopol (Ukraine) and in the Urals. The reserves are estimated at from 220 to 250 million tons of ore.

TREASURY REPORT.

WASHINGTON, July 1. — The United States Treasury closed the fiscal year, June 30, with a surplus of $398,000,000, Secretary Mellon announced today.

DRAMATIST DROWNS.

PARIS, July 1 (U.P.).—Avery Hapwood, the American playwright, was drowned at St. Juan Les Pins at 8 p. m. tonight while bathing with a party of friends.

Drill Huge New Oil Wells in the Soviet Union

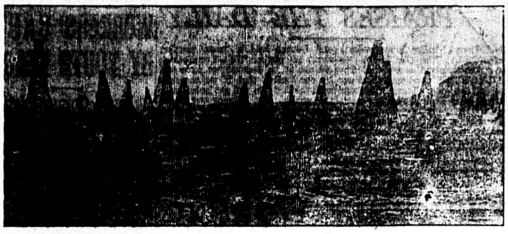

Photo shows a group of oil wells recently constructed by the Soviet government near Baku, in the Caucasus. Oil workers in the Soviet Union work only 7 hours a day, receiving 2 weeks vacation each year with full pay. Such products of capitalism as Doheny or Sinclair, oil grafters, do not exist in the Soviet oil fields.

WAGES LOWER IN ALL INDUSTRIES

Unemployment Shows Increase

WASHINGTON (FP) July 1.—The level of employment in manufacturing industries in May, 1928, was 4.7 per cent lower than in May, 1927, and payroll totals were 5.8 per cent lower, says the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Only the vehicle group, of 12 groups of industries studied, showed increased employment (2.4 per cent) in this 12-month period. Its gain was due to the upward trend of employment in the automobile plants.

Pronounced decreases in employment were shown in the miscellaneous group, and in the chemical, stone, clay, glass, textile, leather, lumber and iron groups. There were gains of 15.7 per cent for agricultural implements, 14.2 per cent for automobiles and 3.5 per cent in machine tools, as against employment losses of 26.3 per cent in shipbuilding, 15.9 per cent in sugar refining, 15.6 per cent in petroleum refining, 13.8 per cent in brick, 13 per cent in carriages and wagons, and about 12 per cent in the cotton goods, cast-iron pipe and the piano industries. The East North Central geographical district was the only one of the eight in the country that showed an employment gain in May, 1928, over May, 1927.

Per capita earnings for workers in 54 industries, combined, were 1.1 per cent lower, for Bay, 1928, than a year earlier. Decreases in earnings per capita in May, 1928, over April, 1928, were shown in 20 of the 54 industries.

Outstanding among these 20 were the millinery, women's clothing, shipbuilding, rubber tire, and petroleum refining industries. Wage cuts averaging 10.1 per cent and affecting 2,983 employes were reported for May from 25 establishments in 10 industries. Wage increases in 33 establishments in 14 industries affected 1,978 workers and averaged 7 per cent.

Discover New Mineral Deposits in U. S. S. R.

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—Deposits of blue lithographic stone have been discovered 12 miles from the city of Ashkabad, the capital of the Turkoman Republics. Tests have shown that the stone is higher in quality than either the Caucasian or German lithographic stone.

BALLOON RACE.

DETROIT, Mich., July 1 (U.P.).—Twelve balloons were believed still aloft late today in the Gordon Bennett International Cup Race which started here Saturday. Fair weather and a brisk wind was driving the bags eastward, apparently somewhere over southern Pennsylvania. Five balloons were reported today, three from Weirton, W. Va., and two from Steubenville, Ohio.

BAR GERMAN FILM.

The German film, "The City Without Jews," based upon a story by Hugo Bettauer, will not be permitted to be exhibited in New York State, following an order issued by the New York State Board of Censors. The picture was declared "objectionable" by the censors on account of its theme. The film had been previously passed in Chicago, without deletion.

NEW CLASHES AT TSINAN-FU, REPORT

Japanese Forces Arrest Twelve Chinese

PEKING, July 1.—A number of clashes between Japanese troops, and members of the Nanking forces are reported to have occurred at Tsinan-Fu in the past few days. One Japanese and one Chinese soldier are reported to have been killed. The wounded included a Nanking brigade commander. A dozen arrests of Chinese have been made by the Japanese military authorities.

Serious clashes between Japanese troops and the Nanking forces have occurred frequently since May, when Nanking troops took the city. Casualities have been estimated at thousands.

SOVIET COAL RESERVES.

MOSCOW (By Mail).—Total coal reserves in the U. S. S. R. are 474,673,000,000 metric tons.

SHANGHAI WAR LORDS CLOSE UP DOCKERS UNION

Imperialists Arrest Communist Leader

SHANGHAI, July 1—The municip police of the international settleme at Shanghai has arrested Chinese students, men and girls, alleging that a illegal printing office and Communi literature have been found in the dwellings. The head of the Chines garrison at Shanghai demands the extradition of the arrested to the Chines authorities.

The authorities of the internation settlement have delivered over to th Chinese authorities the Communis Tschang-Mei-Pu, charged to have le the insurrection in February in T Jang, in the province of Shantung.

The authorities have called up th premises of the dock workers' trad union in Putun (the Chinese quarte of Shanghai, on the right bank of t Wanpu river), alleging that "revolutionary" literature has been found i the houses of many of the arreste Communists, and stating that this ha been distributed to the trade unio The secretary of the trade union ha been arrested.

* * *

SHANGHAI, July 1.—The Toh agency reports from the province o Shantung that Red Lances, dissatisfied with the enormous taxes impose by Feng Ju Hsiang, have attacked th taxation office, destroyed it completely, and killed twenty officials.

SEEK AIR MAIL PLANE.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—The Robertson Aircraft Corporation today instituted a search for Leslie Smith, air mail pilot 12 hours overdu here from Houston, Texas, with pictures of the democratic national convention. Smith left Little Rock Ark., at 7:10 p. m. last night and w scheduled to arrive here at 10 p. m.

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Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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PARTY PLANNING ELECTION DRIVE IN PITTSBURGH

Put Forward Communist Ticket in Virginia

(Continued from Page One)

mittees will be elected at each of these conferences to carry on the work in their respective sub-districts.

Election Campaign

The entire district is at present being mobilized for the campaign for signatures in order to place the Workers (Communist) Party Presidential candidates on the ballot in Pennsylvania. The nomination petitions are in the hands of the nuclei secretaries, and it is expected that many more signatures will be secured than is required by the election laws of Pennsylvania.

The Workers (Communist) Party will nominate no candidates for Congress or State Legislature, but will support the candidates of the Labor Party. The Labor Party of five counties in Western Pennsylvania and Cambria County in Central Pennsylvania have nominated full tickets.

Plan Organization

The Plenum also considered at length the situation in West Virginia, where the Workers (Communist) Party will be on the ballot for the first time in the history of the party. The district committee is planning to launch an organization campaign in that state and to lay the foundation for the organization of the unorganized there.

Many other problems, such as the work among the women workers, the relations of the party to the Young Workers League, the situation in the Trade Union movement in this country—were given serious consideration.

The Plenum undoubtedly marks a step forward in the development of the party in this district. All units and members are determined to double their energies in order to make it possible to put the Plenum decisions into practice. It is the aim of the district to increase its membership to fifteen hundred before the November elections take place.

COMMUNISTS OF TEXAS CAMPAIGN

Lauderdale Reports on Nominating Meet

(Continued from Page One)

American Republics, Central America and the Islands of the Gulf of Mexico. The absence of lawyers, preachers, real estate agents, small merchants and doctors was in striking contrast to socialist conventions your delegates has attended in the past. The personnel of the delegation was strikingly working class and represented miners, leather and garment workers, building and needle trades workers, farmers and furriers and other workers. A large delegation of Negoes attended and participated actively in the proceedings.

General Agreement.

Immediately upon convening the convention got down to business. Committees were elected on program, platform, rules and ways and means; while the Committees were deliberating delegates were called on to report. Since delegates were present from Maine to California and from Florida to Washington a very good picture of industrial American was presented. No factional division was noticeable, the several hundred delegates were as one in the adoption of the platform in all fundamentals.

Our party leaders know well how to drop differences when decisions are made, they are able and well worthy the confidence of every comrade as well as the entire working class. The party functionaries, The DAILY WORKER Staff and the National Office force are working overtime and often without pay in building the Communist movement of this country; in appreciation it is not too much to urge and urge again increased contributions to the party and especially greater support for the party press.

Huge Success.

The popularity of the presidential and vice-presidential candidates, Wm. Z. Foster and Benj. Gitlow, was very marked as evidenced by the enthusiasm that greeted their nomination.

All in all the convention was a huge success, after nearly ten years of struggle and party growth we have [illegible] legal existence and we may look for a steady increase in membership if we do our best to build the party. The kindness and consideration accorded the out of town delegates by the New York Comrades shall ever be a pleasant memory.

NEW WALL ST. ENVOY

WASHINGTON, June 29. — As American Minister at San Salvador [illegible] Jefferson Caffery, who [illegible] been appointed Minister at [illegible] President Coolidge, it is believed here, intends to send as his [illegible] a member of the foreign service with a record of successful experience in Latin America to his [illegible]. No experienced outsider will be [illegible] for this post. Warren Robbins of New York is believed to be slated for promotion from [illegible] of the Embassy at Rome [illegible] at San Salvador.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Kansas City Picnic.

KANSAS CITY. — The International Labor Defense of Kansas City has arranged a labor picnic to be held at the City Park on July 4. The keynote of the affair will be the struggle to free Mooney and Billings. There will be speeches, refreshments, athletic exhibitions, and sports for all.

• • •

Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill. — The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

• • •

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio.—The Young Workers Club of Martins Ferry, Ohio, has arranged a picnic and dance to be held at the Volt's Farm here on July 8, from 10 a. m. thruout the day and night. All those wishing to attend should meet at the Hungarian Hall, Main and Central Sts. There will be refreshments, games, speakers, etc. Transportation to Volt's Farm is free.

• • •

Philadelphia Y. W. L. Excursion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—An excursion for the benefit of the Young Worker, central organ of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will take place Saturday, July 7. Boats will leave the Chestnut St. pier at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Tickets are 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Tickets must be bought in advance from the "Young Worker, at 1214 Spring Garden St. Otherwise the proceeds will not go to the Young Worker.

• • •

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. — The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin.

San Francisco Picnic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—The branches of the International Labor Defense of San Francisco, Alameda, and Contra Costa counties will hold a picnic at East Shore Park, near Richmond, on July 4.

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS. — The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing

• • •

Pittsburgh Miners' Relief.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The National Miners' Relief Committee of this city will hold a Pennsylvania Miners' Relief Picnic on July 4 at the Eldora Amusement Park, near Charleroi and Mononghehala City.

BRITISH FRIENDS OF USSR IN MEET

LONDON (By Mail).—At the recent national congress of the Society of Friends of the USSR in Great Britain, there were 223 delegates representing all local branches of the society.

The Congress received a report of the national Committee of the Society. According to the report the members of the British delegation of the USSR have spoken at more than a thousand meetings since their return. The report of the delegation entitled "Soviet Russia of Today," has been distributed in 20,000 copies.

Show Film of Russian Revolution in Chicago

No event in the history of the world has started such a mass of contradictory stories as the revolution in Russia. Every faction in every nation has distorted the facts to suit its own purpose.

Now, for the first time, an authentic, unbiased documental motion picture history of the event has come to the screen. It is called, suitably enough, "The Russian Revolution" and will open for a limited engagement at the Playhouse, 410 South Michigan Boulevard, beginning Sunday, June 1.

"The Russian Revolution" is an intense, vivid drama of the events leading up to and including the overthrow of the Czar and the establishment first of the Kerensky, then the Lenin-Trotzky government. It is an account of human suffering in oppression, of a people driven mad by imperialism, who sacrificed their own lives for generations to come. Every scene in the film is authentic and was photographed during the stormy days of the revolution.

FASCIST PLANE FORCED DOWN.

MITCHEL FIELD, N. J., July 1.——The Bellanca sesqui-plane Roma, in which Capt. Cesare Sabelli and Roger Q. Williams were attempting to make a 24-hour test flight, landed at Mitchel Field at 12:15 a. m. today after having been in the air since 8:20 a. m. yesterday. The flyers were forced down because of weather conditions. It was the last test flight which will be necessary before the plane's proposed hop to Rome, Williams said.

WISCONSIN IS ACTIVE IN BIG ELECTION DRIVE

Concert, Mass Meeting at Milwaukee Friday

MILWAUKEE, July 1.—The opening of the Workers (Communist) Party presidential campaign in Milwaukee will be marked by a great concert and mass meeting to be held next Friday evening at the Bahn Fret Hall, 1120 North Ave. Max Bedacht Committee of the party, M. Schuchter, president of the United Workers' Co-operative Society and D. Sklar secretary of the Wisconsin campaign committee will speak at this meeting.

In the concert the Freiheit Band the Freiheit Singing Society and the violinist Max Plavnick will take part.

At the picnic arranged jointly by the Workers' Party and the Freiheit Workers on July 8 at the Pleasant Valley Park Bedacht will also speak. All preparations are being made to assure the complete success of the picnic. The admission is 25 cents and includes admission to the dance pavillion.

FUR STRIKE FOR PAY RAISE WON

After a strike of less than two days, the left wing Joint Board of the Furriers' Union compelled the firm of Fiel & Ellowitz, 145 W. 28th St., to come to terms and grant a wage raise averaging more than $6 each to the 15 workers employed in the shop.

Far more significance than that ordinarily deserved by a single strike is to be attached to the quick victory of the Joint Board here because this is the first shop to be tied up by a strike for a July wage raise since the A. F. of L. attack that ended in the destruction of unionism in the trade more than a year ago.

The victory of the union in this shop climaxes an astounding series of developments that have taken place among the fur workers in the past few weeks. The renewed offensive of the furriers against the A. F. of L. union wreckers and their socialist agents in the effort to upbuild a single union has gained great momentum in the last few weeks.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to
The DAILY WORKER
Advertising Dept.
26-28 Union Sq. New York City.

Workers Party Activities

Subsection 3C.

There will be a special subsection membership meeting of subsection 3C today, 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Important matters will be taken up. Comrades will be held responsible for not attending.

• • •

Executive Meet Subsection 3C.

An executive meeting of subsection 3C of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Thursday, 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All comrades must be present.

• • •

Night Workers Meet.

The Night Workers International Branch will meet tomorrow instead of Wednesday at 2:30 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square, 6th floor.

• • •

Party Members Needed For Work on Tuesday.

All Party members are asked to report for important work at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, on Tuesday, July 3, at 10:30 a. m.—J. BALLAM, Acting District Organizer, District 2.

• • •

7F 81 Meet.

An educational meeting of Unit 7F 81 will be held Tuesday, July 3rd, at 60 St. Marks Place. Pasternak will speak on "Our New Orientation Toward the Trade Unions." Sympathizers invited.

• • •

July 4 Leaflets.

July 4 leaflets are now on hand at the district office at $2.00 per thousand.

• • •

2C 3F.

Unit 2C 3F (formerly 2E, FD3), meets in future at 108 East 14th St.,

CEMENT WORKERS FACE DISEASES

Dust and Poison Bring Lung Attacks

WASHINGTON (FP) July 1.—Three years' study of the health of workers in a dusty cement plant, by the U. S. Public Health Service, has been summed up in a report showing that workers exposed to the calcium dusts generated in cement making are doomed to "an abnormal number of attacks of disease of the upper respiratory tract, especially colds, acute bronchitis, diseases of the pharynx and tonsils, and also influenza, or grippe."

The sickness rate for these diseases, among the workers in the plant, was shown to be 60 per cent higher than for men in comparatively non-dusty departments of the concern. Limestone dust appeared to be somewhat more harmful than cement dust.

top floor. Next meeting today at 6 p. m. Discussion on "Platforms of All Parties."

• • •

Bronx Speakers Class.

Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold the first session of a class in preparation for out-of-door speakers today at 7:45 p. m. The class will be held every Monday night throughout the summer season, at 2075 Clinton Ave. All comrades enrolled in the Bronx sections of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League who are qualified for the class are urged to join. No fees will be charged. Larry Blake will be the instructor.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

Treasury Surplus for Year Is $1,000,000,000

WASHINGTON, July 1 — The surplus for the year in the United States Treasury is estimated to be $405,000,000, according to a statement given out by Andrew W. Mellon. The debt reduction will amount to close to $1,000,000,000, he indicated adding that the state of the treasury's finances were "excellent."

YOUNG WORKERS TO HOLD PICNIC IN ST. LOUIS, MO.

Mine Strikers To Be Admitted Free

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—All striking miners, their families and friends, will be admitted free to the picnic, dance and celebration which is being given by the Young Workers Communist League on July Fourth at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway Str., St. Louis, Missouri. This free admittance is given the miners in appreciation of their heroic strike and to show the League's working class solidarity.

Prizes, free dancing and atheltic events are some of the features of this first League picnic held for the young workers of St. Louis and nearby towns. A good time is assured everyone attending. There will be fun for young and old alike.

TRAIN INJURY FATAL.

Edwin Woolley, 23, of 3335 158th St., Flushing, Queens, was fatally injured today when he fell under a moving westbound Long Island railroad train at the Broadway Station, Flushing. He died later in Flushing Hospital.

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of the
July Communist
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CONTENTS:
RESOLUTION ON TRADE UNION WORK.
OLD UNIONS AND NEW UNIONS—Wm. Z. Foster.
TRADE UNION QUESTIONS—James P. Cannon.
RESOLUTION ON REPORT OF POLITICAL COMMITTEE.
IMMEDIATE PARTY PROBLEMS—by Jay Lovestone.
WM. D. HAYWOOD—"UNDESIRABLE CITIZEN"—J. L. Engdahl.
ASPECTS OF THE SITUATION IN NEW BEDFORD—by A. Weisbord.
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DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23rd St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY.
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

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83rd and Tinicum Ave.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Beautiful nature spot. Splendid Picnic ground with a dance hall of 1,000 capacity. Will accommodate any labor organization.
DIRECTIONS: Take trolley car south-bound to Moyamensing Ave., then Southwestern car going westward. Also Subway line No. 37.

Pittsburgh District
Third Annual Party
Picnic and Dance
(All Day Dancing)
SUNDAY, JULY 8
NICHOLSON FARM, Swissdale, Pa.
Dancing—Games—Tonsil curing refreshments—Roast Lamb á la South Slavic—Delicious baked ham sandwiches and what not....
DIRECTIONS: Car No. 64, get off at Braddock and Hawkins Ave. Swissvale Pennsylvania R. R. get off at Hawkins Sta., Swissvale, Pa. B. & O. R. R. or P. & L. E. R. R., get off Rankin Station, walk to Hawkins Station. The Picnic ground is five minutes' walk from Hawkins Station.

BALTIMORE, MD.
ROBERT MINOR, Editor "DAILY WORKER"
Will speak at a
GRAND PICNIC, Wednesday, July 4th, 1928
At the WORKERS' CO-OPERATIVE SHORE
BATHING ROWING DANCING GAMES REFRESHMENTS.
For the Benefit of the Workers' Press.
ADMISSION 25c.
DIRECTIONS: Take 22 car to Mace Ave. From there our bus will take you free of charge to Shore.—BY AUTO: Eastern Ave. to Josenhan's corner, turn to right, follow our signs.
"DAILY WORKER" READERS ARE ESPECIALLY WELCOME.

CAMP HULIET, Lumberville, Pa.
A PLEASURE WEEK
From July 3rd to July 11th
Dancing—Camp-Fire—Performances by the Camp Dramatic Studio—Living Newspaper—Stories told by a famous novelist, and lecture by Comrade Almazov.
SPECIAL BUSSES will leave from 317 No. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa., July 3rd at 7 p. m. and July 4th at 8:30 a. m.

The Achievement of the Century
Professor
Theremin
Plays the Music of the Air
at the
Coney Island Stadium
Saturday, July 14th
25,000 People Will Attend the
Largest Concert of the Season
Further Announcements of the Program Will Be Made Later.

THE DAILY WORKER

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!
For the Workers!

The Democratic "Labor" Plank

The democratic party has always had a "labor plank." Its first labor plank was—chattel slavery.

After its defeat at the polls in 1860 on that "labor plank," the democratic party favored secession from the Union and civil war for the preservation of slavery.

After its military defeat in 1865, the democratic party's "labor plank" became peonage—the nearest possible approach to the restoration of slavery.

If the foregoing relates most specifically to Negro labor and the South it is nevertheless in keeping with the whole attitude of the democratic party toward the working class as a whole, black and white, of city and farm. The democratic party is traditionally the party of slavery.

• • •

If it were only a matter of historical association about a name, these facts would be of little importance. But the democratic party of Al Smith is as truly a party of slave labor as was the democratic party of John C. Calhoun and Jefferson Davis. Adapted to historical conditions, it is now (just as it is in the republican party) a party of wage slavery, the open shop, strikebreaking by military force, and the imperialist conquest of weaker nations for the exploitation of colonial slaves.

Because Woodrow Wilson's second administration marked the tremendous acceleration of United States imperialism, requiring intensive corruption of the American labor bureaucracy, this vulture-parasitism feeding upon the American trade unions has created the myth that the democratic party performs some puny service to the organized portion of the working class—or rather to the higher-skilled labor aristocracy.

The democratic party has on several previous occasions had "labor planks" which attempted to capitalize on this myth. But the labor plank of the present campaign is the most cruel joke in the whole history of this traditional party of slavery.

It is an open secret that William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, now engaged in the most extensive campaign of gutting the trade unions in alliance with the open shop employers "against the reds," had a big part in devising this vicious (anti-) labor plank of the democratic party.

The most outstanding point in this "labor" plank is the pledge of the democratic party to enact legislation for a federal anti-strike law intended to rob the trade unions of any rights of action in labor disputes they may yet theoretically possess and to establish a dictatorship of the federal executive over the trade unions. This is called an anti-injunction provision!

This portion of the democratic party's labor plank is a promise to put into law the infamous anti-labor project which Green hatched in conspiracy with a committee of the American Bar Association and others high in the councils of the open-shop manufacturers and which has come to be known as the "bar association" project. It reads:

> "The expressed purpose of representatives of capital, labor and the bar to devise a plan for the elimination of the present evils with respect to injunctions must be supported and legislation designed to accomplish these ends formulated and passed."

Note: "Representatives of capital" and "the bar."

This is the only portion of the plank which promises "legislation." On other points the plank "favors the principle of collective bargaining" and thinks "labor should choose its own representatives," etc., but no legislation is promised and it means nothing more than that Green is invited to drag as much as possible of the working class to support the bosses political party with no promises given.

• • •

There has scarcely ever been a fouler piece of political treachery than this collaboration of Bill Green with the Tammany servants of the open shop manufacturers.

Other labor skates, for example John L. Lewis, are calling upon the working class to support the republican candidate of the open shop capitalists, Herbert Hoover. But in this campaign undoubtedly the "labor face" is to be painted under Al Smith's brown derby by the dominant trade union misleaders.

• • •

For those workers who have the intelligence to understand that a federal anti-strike law is the nearest thing to a "labor plank" that a capitalist party can offer, the treachery of the A. F. of L. bureaucracy will not be hard to discern. But this is only an eye-opener of the crudest sort. What the American working class must learn is that under no circumstances is it possible for a capitalist political party to do anything whatever for the working class, irrespective of the camouflaged "labor planks" which may be adopted.

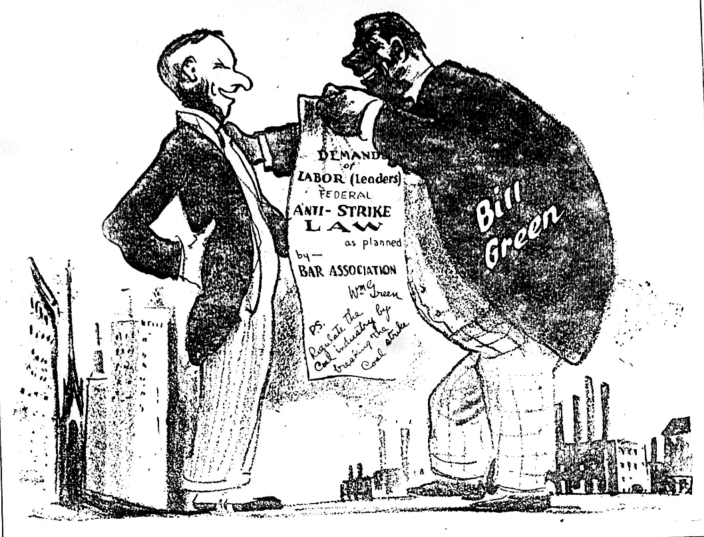
The only political party which can offer anything to the working class is the class party of the working class itself. Just as the republican party, the classic party of capitalism, had the historic mission of putting the capitalist class into power as the ruling class, so now the only party which can claim to be the class party of the workers must be a party whose purpose is to put the working class into power as the ruling class.

There is only one such party. It is the Workers (Communist) Party.

Vote Communist.

"YOU KNOW ME, AL"

By Fred Ellis


DEMANDS of LABOR (leaders)
FEDERAL
ANTI-STRIKE LAW
as planned by—
BAR ASSOCIATION
Wm Green
P.S. Regulate the Coal industry by breaking the Coal strike
Bill Green

Communist Press and Literature

By V. I. LENIN.

THE socialist proletariat must consider the basic principles of the literature of the Workers Party in order to develop these principles and express them in their most complete form. These principles are in contrast with bourgeois customs, with the commercialized bourgeois press, with the individualism of the ambitious adventurers of bourgeois literature and their "splendid freedom," and with the scramble for profits.

What do these principles consist in? Not only in the fact that the literature of the proletariat must no longer be a means of enriching groups or individuals but still more that it ought not to bear an individual character nor be independent of proletarian control. No more "non-party" writers; no more literary super-men!

Literary activity should be a part of the whole work of the proletariat. It should be a cog in the great machine which will be put into motion by the whole vanguard of the working class. Literature should become one part of the work of the party, organized, thought out, unified, and revolutionary.

"All comparisons limp," says a German proverb. It is so of my comparison of literature with a cog in the machine of the movement. There will be no lack of hysterical intellectuals to yelp in distress at this conception, which, according to them, will debase, will destroy, will "burocratize" and mechanicalize the free "struggle of minds," free criticism, free "literary endeavor," etc. Their laments are nothing but an expression of bourgeois intellectual individualism.

• • •

Obviously, literature is the last thing to be treated mechanically; it cannot easily be graded by, or submit to, the decisions of the majority. In this matter, one ought undoubtedly to allow a great deal of scope for individual initiative, for personal inclination, for inspiration and imagination, in form and content.

All this is indisputable but it proves only one thing; that the literary side of the Party's work cannot be mechanically identified with the other side of proletarian activity.

This by no means destroys the truth—incomprehensible and strange as it may seem to intellectuals and bourgeois democrats—that literary work ought to be most strictly bound to the rest of the socialist work of the party. Writers ought to enter the party without making any stipulations. Publishing establishments, bookshops, reading rooms, libraries, everything to do with literature ought to be placed under the control of the party.

The organized socialist proletariat ought to supervise and control all this work; it should infuse into it the vital spirit of the workers, and in this sphere, should throw off the outlook of the mercenary bourgeoisie, who see in the writer only the man who sells his writings to earn his living, and in the reader simply a customer who brings in money.

Naturally we do not imagine that this change in literature can be brought about at one swoop, especially in this Russian literature, which has so long been crippled by an "Asiatic" censorship, and corrupted by a Europeanized bourgeoisie. We are far from expecting any panacea whatever in the shape of decisions and resolutions settling the whole thing in an arbitrary manner. That is not the point. What concerns us is that our class-conscious proletariat should understand that here is a new problem that has to be faced frankly, and everything possible done to solve it.

After having delivered ourselves from the chains of censorship, we do not want to be the captives of bourgeois commerce and its relationships. We want to create a press that is freed not only from police control, but also from the influence of capital and from private ambitions, and above all freed from anarchist-bourgeois individualism.

These last words will be an object of derision to many of the reading public. "Good heavens!" some burning apostle of "intellectual freedom" will doubtless exclaim. "Good heavens! You want to submit to the masses so subtle and so personal a thing as literary workmanship. You want workmen to decide, by the majority of votes, high questions of philosophy, science, and taste. That is the way you suppress the spirit's freedom to work, which is essentially what is for and what is against the Party we have the program of the Party as a criterion, its tactical resolutions, its statutes, and finally the experiences of International Socialism, the whole experience of the voluntary associations of the proletariat.

Our Party is becoming a party of the masses; we are in an epoch of rapid transition towards an open legal organization, and at this period many useless people (from a Marxist point of view) and perhaps a few who are Christians or mystics as well, join us. But, we have a strong digestion; we are Marxists hard as adamant. We shall assimilate all the confusionist elements.

Furthermore, may we inform our friends, the bourgeois individualists, that their talk about "absolute liberty" is nothing less than pure hypocrisy.

In a society which maintains itself by the power of capital, and where the mass of the workers lack the necessities of life, there is no real liberty. Are you free in relation to your bourgeois individualists, are you free in relation to your bourgeois public, which demands from you pornography and prostitution as a supplement to "sacred dramatic art"?

Absolute freedom is a bourgeois or anarchist fiction (for anarchism is a bourgeois theory the wrong way round). The freedom of the bourgeois writer, or artist, or actress, is a mask of independence concealing a real dependence on the money of parasites and souteneurs.

We Marxists tear aside this hypocrisy and unmask their false standards, not to arrive at a literature "above class" (that will only be possible in a socialist society, in a society without classes), but to oppose this so-called free literature which is really allied with the bourgeois a literature bound openly to the proletariat.

This will be a literature truly free, because corruption and ambition will have no place there, and socialist ideals and sympathy with the oppressed will continually bring into it new forces and new groupings.

This will be a free literature, for it will not depend on the blase heroine nor the ten thousand bored and fattened high-brows, but on the millions and millions of workers who are the pick of the country, its power and its future.

This will be a free literature, which will enrich itself with the latest creations of revolutionary thought, with the experience and living work of the socialist proletariat.

Get down to the job, then, comrades! We have before us a great and difficult problem; we must create a rich literature, narrowly and indissolubly bound to the socialist workers' movement.

It is only after this work that socialist literature will deserve the name; it is only then that it will be capable of carrying out its tasks; it is only then that even within the framework of bourgeois society, it will be able to free itself from bourgeois bondage and bind itself to the movement of the truly revolutionary class.

Young Communists Pledge Defense of Soviet Union

By I. AMDUR.

The Eighth Congress of the All-Union Young Communist League opened here May 6. The Bolshoi (Big) Theatre was crowded with delegates and guests. The delegates, of whom there are about 900, represented a gathering of the most active of the youth of the League organizations from every quarter of the vast country. Here were White Russians and Great Russians, Caucasians and Armenians, Tartars, Uzbekistans, Siberians and representatives from the German Volga Republic. Here could be seen young Kirghizian girls from Central Asia who have still not yet quite freed themselves from the superstitions and religious traditions of the extremely backward people of their far country away in the Asiatic steppes. One young girl in particular, I noted, looked around somewhat timidly at this huge congregation of singing, joyous youth, and it was perhaps only now, sitting in the Red Capitol and surrounded by this happy, gay spirit of the young Communists, that she realized to what heights the revolution placed her and her womenfolk who, until but a short few years ago, lived in the most wretched conditions of semi-slavery.

Even today, the position of the Kirghizian women and of the women generally in the Far Eastern portions of the Union are none too enviable—ten years is a very, very short time in which to combat successfully the century-old traditions and superstitions of an almost, in some respects, primitive people—but they are no longer treated like so many cattle and beasts of burden, and their election to the village soviets and other official bodies is slowly bringing about a tremendous change in their ideological make-up, that will place the rising generation of girls on a totally different social level after some years.

Came 4,000 Miles to Congress.

And this young Kirghizian girl, who in all probability has never ventured further than the boundaries of her village in the steppes, had come over a distance of some 4,000 miles in order to attend the congress and to relate to these wonderfully enthusiastic young workers of the work that the Communist youth are doing in her far-away republic; of how the spirit of revolution has permeated the Kirghizian youth and of the hard and difficult battle that they are putting up against old customs and traditions; of their struggle in agitating the parents to permit children to attend the schools which are being established with each year; of the struggle for the introduction in the household of the elements of hygiene.

A storm of cheering announced the opening of the congress by Chaplin (general secretary) who briefly marshalled the most important of the problems that the congress discussed, the role of the youth in rationalization; the position of the League in the village and its work in the cooporizing and communalizing of the rural economy; the problem of developing and increasing the strata of young worker specialists (engineers, technicians), and here the shadow of the Donetz economic counter-revolution arose before one; and finally, the question of the day, the problem of preparing the youth for the defense of the republic. The threat of war was a very actual one and its realization was imminent. The latest move of Downing Street (Birkenhead's trip to Germany) in the forming of an Anglo-French-German anti-Soviet bloc is fraught with the possibilities of plunging the world into another blood-bath. The League must prepare its forces and lead the way for the youth in military preparation.

Youth Receives Honors.

The entire house rose to its feet and the roof was almost lifted when Commander Unschlicht (member Presidium Revolutionary War Tribune) on behalf of the Central Executive Committee of the Soviet government, presented the Order of the Red Banner to the League in recognition of the great services rendered by young Communists during the years of intervention, civil war, and in honor of the thousands of its brave young members who fought and fell in defense of the first Workers' Republic.

Replying, Comrade Chaplin in a ringing voice pledged that the League, which has always, in the hour of need, given its whole-hearted support to the Party and to the government, as in the civil war, during the struggle against counter-revolution, during the inner-Party discussion, in the present period of socialist construction—will be prepared, when the moment comes, to throw itself into the front ranks for the defense of the revolution.

The entire assembly rose to its feet and the International was sung as it has rarely been sung before.

The congress met at a moment when the hovering war-cloud was nearer than it has ever been, and if it bursts it will find that the youth of the Soviet Union are sprung from the same steeled stock that scattered and smashed the enemies of the toilers during 1917-21.

Miners Laud Daily Worker

Appreciation of the part played by The DAILY WORKER in the great mine struggle was voiced in a letter received from a Renton, Pa. coal digger who declares the miners will fight on until a new union is established His letter follows:

"Dear Editor:

"I am a striking miner and I will take this opportunity to express my gratitude as well as that of my fellow strikers for the splendid support given by The DAILY WORKER in behalf of the miners' cause.

"Here at Renton the men say that it is the best paper that they have ever read.

"The state cossacks (mine police) call us "Red Neck" and hundreds of other names that they don't even know the meaning of. But although we have been on strike for 15 months we don't intend to go back until the new miners' union is established in every mining camp in the country.

"For a Complete Victory.—B. [illegible]"

HANdOuTS

Gems of Learning

Nathan Straus: "The rise of Alfred E. Smith from a lowly East Side home to the governorship of the Empire State is a dramatic illustration of the possibilities in American life." Give any boy a brown derby, a strong, hand-shaking right and a corrupt and powerful machine like Tammany and he ought to make the grade in American politics.

Bernarr MacFadden, Editor of the Graphic:—"Make your body strong with wholesome food and outdoor exercise. Breathe in the air to the fullest capacity of your lungs. Give God's sunshine a chance to vitalize your body." This is O. K. for Rotarians and bank bandits, but try and do it on a worker's salary.

C. Augustus Lindbergh, tool of the Imperialists: "It is time the public started landsliding. It surprises me they didn't start sooner." All of us.

Louis Behr, Jewish student winner of the Kenneth Sterling Day trophy for "Christian character" at University of Wisconsin: "If I have the personal requisites for the Kenneth Sterling Day award—if I have a sound moral character—it is because my parents and my religion have taught me the wisdom of not having an immoral character. If I have the power in any way to influence the life of the student body, it is because the student body is inherently good." He ought also to have been awarded one slice of meatless bologna for being a champion f. thead.

Flaming Youth

"Oh Ma! Quick! Look at the picture! What in the world have they slipped under the hat?"

"That's John Coolidge. He has just graduated from Amherst College."

"How did he do it?"

"Adolph, there are some things in life that science cannot explain."

"Well, what does his old man do?"

"Everybody. When anybody on Wall Street wants a drink of water or a change of linen he gets it for him."

"What do they teach a student at college?"

"How to keep the workers down."

"Do they learn fast?"

"Some of them. But unfortunately the most receptive part of the average student's head is his mouth."

"Well I think they ought to teach them where to buy hats."

• • •

The German Red Aid sent amongst other things a collection of Honoré Daumier's political caricatures to a political prisoner Max Schulz in prison in Luettringhausen. This comrade then wrote that he had been refused these pictures by the authorities. Sure enough a few days afterwards the authorities themselves returned the cartoons with the remark that "all the things sent were unfitted for the prisoners, in particular, however, the cartoons of Daumier!"

• • •

Don't Shoot!

The man in the picture, who dresses so well and knows so little he ought to be a mayor, is Sir John Buchanan Jardine. People who have the habit of making scurrilous remarks have referred to him as the "Jimmy Walker of England." The two most important things he does in life are help spend a big proportion of the national income on horse racing and entertain the workers by appearing in the above masquerade costume. Among the comodities used to establish the above trick effect are a gray top hat, neck-tie and umbrella. After the workers revolution in England the light gray umbrella shown above will be replaced with a dark brown shovel.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

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HUGE PICKET LINES IN NEW BEDFORD

SANDINO WRITES FRIEND OF FIGHT WITH U.S. TROOPS

Beats Invaders After Temporary Defeat

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras (By [illegible]).—Writing to Dr. Froylan Turcios, his representative in Honduras, General Augusto C. Sandino tells of an encounter with U. S. marines near [illegible] in which Sandino defeated a detachment led by Capt. Williams on May 14, 1928.

The letter in part follows:

"El Chipote, May 15, 1928.

"Don Froylan Turcios,

"Tegucigalpa, Honduras.

"Dear Friend:

"I have the pleasure to communicate to you the success achieved by our army against the invaders.

"After reconnoitering along the [illegible] coast, one of our cavalry [illegible] under the command of Gen. [illegible] M. J. Ruano, ambushed a column of American pirates who were coming from Jinotega to Puerto de [illegible]. The fight took place on the [illegible] of this month in a place called [illegible], 20 kilometers east of Jinotega.

"Our cavalry was encamped on the road leading from Jinotega to Bocay, in a place called La Chuscada, where it was necessary for the beasts of [illegible] to cross. I was informed of the movement of the enemy, and without losing any time I ordered the cavalry of Gen. Giron to march to [illegible] with the object of impeding the advance of the American pirates. But when we came to the place known as Los Cedros, General Giron was informed by one of our peasant [illegible] of the proximity of the [illegible]. Immediately General Giron [illegible] the forces under command to prepare for attack, and the first shots were fired by our advance guard. There ensued a bitter struggle. Our [illegible] were ably employed by our [illegible]. The response of the enemy was formidable. We were forced to retreat in spite of all we were able to do, and the enemy took the [illegible] over which we were fighting.

"The next day, four o'clock in the afternoon, we surrounded the Americans, and with the force of the right, the Fighters for Independence of Nicaragua impetuously threw themselves upon the Yankees, it being this time impossible to withstand the attack of our brave soldiers. We captured the position and the Yankees were forced to flee shamefully, leaving the camp strewn with dead, and among them the first and second in command. The American rifles, ammunition, horses and provisions were taken for our use."

FINE BALLET FOR STADIUM CONCERT

Theremin, Arno Volpe to Perform

One of the finest ballets in the country has been secured for the [illegible] concert and entertainment to be held Saturday, July 14, in Coney Island Stadium.

The dancing of the ballet is expected to prove one of the leading features at this unusual concert, which, from present indications, will surpass any proletarian musical event ever held in this country.

The star number on a program of great variety will, of course, be Prof. Leo Theremin, the great scientist and inventor of the Soviet Union, whose latest invention by which he draws music out of the air without the aid

(Continued on Page Two)

K.K.K. INVITES AL SMITH TO SPEAK

May Address 25,000 Klansmen

Al Smith, the Democratic candidate for President, has been invited by the New York Klan to address a meeting of 25,000 klansmen, to be held on July 4. The Ku Klux Klan, [illegible] its solidarity with Smith and [illegible], and wishing to assure him of its good will, promises him nothing will happen "incompatible with the dignity due you as Governor of the State and candidate for the high office of President of the United States." The invitation further goes on to reassure Governor Smith that the invitation is extended because "of the sincere desire of the leaders and members of the Ku Klux Klan to know you more [illegible]."

The lynching of a Negro in Texas [illegible] of the democratic convention has evidently won new admirers for Smith. Governor Smith has not accepted the invitation.

Miners, Caught in Flood, Face Death; Escape

MT. CARMEL, Pa., July 2 (U.P.).—Forty-nine men imprisoned in the Locust Springs Colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company at Locust Gap, near here, when a dam burst and flooded the shaft, were rescued today.

* * *

Open-Shop Mine Flood

MT. CARMEL, Pa., July 2.—Non-union miners of the scab Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Mining Company at Locust Gap narrowly escaped death from drowning when a poorly constructed dam burst and flooded the mine shaft. Forty-nine miners are said to have been in the shaft at the time the dam burst. Warning that the dam was poorly constructed and a danger to those working in the vicinity has frequently been given, but nothing was done by the authorities.

James Carey of Girardsville, one of the miners, required medical attention.

Inevitable Happens

The dam burst, as was predicted, and sent a wall of water rushing into the fifth level, where the 49 men

(Continued on Page Two)

INTERVIEW MILL CITY POLICE HEAD

Evades Questions Put to Him by Crouch

By PAUL CROUCH

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 1.—With an evasiveness that nevertheless clearly showed that police measures will become more brutal to the striking textile workers here as the sharpness of the struggle becomes more pronounced, Chief of Police McLeod answered the questions put to him by the Daily Worker correspondent.

Q. "Do the police contemplate any change in regulation, governing picketing in connection with the attempt

(Continued on Page Three)

TROOPERS FIGHT SINGING MINERS

Scabs Must Not Be Disturbed

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

ROSSITER, Pa., July 2.—Striking miners who were barred from singing hymns and holding services in the Magyar Presbyterian Church because it "disturbed" the scabs who work in the mine directly behind the church, were routed by mounted state troopers when they attempted to hold open air services. Nevertheless, they will congregate again next Sunday, they say.

The miners came together beyond the Indiana county line, where, they insist, Judge J. N. Langham's recently issued injunction does not apply. The troopers rode over the line into Jefferson County regardless, and Pastor Phillips hastily sent to Brookville for legal advice. The advice came, the services were opened and the troopers rode into the congregation trampling women and children.

MEXICO FEDERAL TROOPS KILL 26

Counter Revolutionaries In Queretaro Battle

MEXICO CITY, July 2.—Twenty-six counter-revolutionaries of a force of 200 were killed in a five hours' fight with federal soldiers near Queretaro, a dispatch to the excelsior said today.

The battle between the counter-revolutionaries occurred while Alvaro Obregon was being "elected" president of Mexico without opposition. Numerous other clashes occurred thruout the country.

$7,000,000 Maine Power Plan Backed By Insull

AUGUSTA, Me., July 2.—Formal announcement of the projected construction of a $7,000,000 hydro-electric development on the upper Kennebec River was made today. The development, which will be the largest of its kind in New England, will include a 60,000 horse-power station with a ninety foot dam. It will be completed in the spring of 1931.

At a meeting last week directors of the company voted to proceed with the project, and financial support has been extended by Martin J. Insull, president of the Middle Western Utilities Company, and labor-baiting controller of the entire traction interests of the state of Illinois.

N. Y. COMMUNISTS TO OPEN ELECTION DRIVE ON JULY 4th

Communist Candidates to Speak at Rallies

Candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party running in New York City for assembly, congress and state senate, and Robert Minor, candidate for U. S. Senate, will speak at 12 open air demonstrations against United States imperialism throughout the city on Wednesday night, July 4. This will be the first public appearance of the local and state standard bearers of the party in this year's election campaign. In connection with this opening shot in the Workers' Party election campaign, District 2, Workers Party, issued the following statement:

"It is significant that July 4 has been chosen as the day on which to open the Communist election rallies. On July 4, 1776, the American masses broke away from the oppressive rule of the British bourgeoisie, under promises of freedom and liberty for themselves, only to fall under the yoke of their own bourgeoisie. On July 4, of this year, the militant workers of New York City will demonstrate against the powerful giant of U. S. imperialism, against the increasing oppression and exploitation to which they are subjected by American capitalism.

The political conventions which have just been held have shown that the capitalist parties are merely the tools of American imperialism. Only the Workers (Communist) Party carries on the struggle against imperialism, against war, against the bitter attacks upon the American working class. Its election program is a program of struggle against the brutal rule of Wall Street at home and abroad.

The standard bearers of the Workers (Communist) Party in every section of the city will bring to the workers of New York the call of the party for the fight against imperialism, against Wall Street and its political puppets, against the socialist party which in today following in the footsteps of the capitalist parties.

Demonstrations will take place in the following sections, with the candidates as principal speakers:

Rutgers Square: Speakers, Melech

(Continued on Page Five)

Important Meeting of 'Daily' Agents Thursday

An important meeting of all section, subsection and unit DAILY WORKER agents of District 2 will be held Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at 26-28 Union Square. The meeting is being called for the purpose of discussing plans for the great concert that is being arranged for Saturday, July 14, in Coney Island Stadium.

An appeal has been issued to all DAILY WORKER agents by Harry Fox, campaign director of the "Daily," to give this undertaking their utmost support.

They did Not Fear Police Brutality, New Bedford Pickets!

Textile strikers picketed the mills in New Bedford last Saturday in spite of rumors that the police would attempt to smash the demonstration. The officers made their charge; swinging their clubs and slugging the men, and kicking many of the women as they fell to the ground. Twenty-nine workers were arrested by the mill-owners' police.

OBREGON ABJECTLY BOWS TO WALL ST.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—General Obregon, the newly elected President of Mexico, is planning a tour of the United States before he takes office and will meet the newly elected President of the United States in the late fall. This is believed to indicate the complete capitulation of the new Mexican government to American imperialism. The surrender of Calles and Obregon has been arranged through the agency of Dwight W. Morrow, former partner in J. P. Morgan & Co.

* * *

MEXICO CITY, July 2.—Serious clashes, which began during the election of Alvaro Obregon as President of Mexico on Sunday, were still continuing in various parts of the country. Ten persons were reported killed in a pistol battle at Panuco between police and partisans of Marquez, a candidate for the Chamber of Deputies.

Fights occurred throughout Mexico City. The polls throughout the city and the Federal District were guarded by police and soldiers with drawn guns and fixed bayonets.

Obregon is reported to be sworn to a path of reconciliation with the clerical elements of Mexico. He is regarded by American business interests in Mexico as being of the "safe and sane" reactionary type. Mexican Catholics at present in exile in the United States expressed confidence yesterday in the settlement of the return of their property by Obregon, and expressed themselves as expecting many concessions. Obregon was called a careerist and anti-labor man by the Communist party of Mexico.

Heflin Speaks For Klan

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 2.—Senator Thomas Heflin of Alabama addressed a crowd of 8,000 at Grand Field, Georgiaville, Ku Klux Klan rendesvous, yesterday. Heflin spoke under the auspices of the Roger Williams Klan, and the audience included many klansmen in full regalia.

CANADIAN RUBBER WORKERS STRIKE

Walk-Out of 1000 Effects Many Departments

MONTREAL, Quebec, July 2.—A strike involving nearly 1,000 workers of the Dominion Rubber Company here is on line in full swing at the Papineau factory of the company.

Among the departments affected are the following: The cutting, shoe quarter, lathe, bootmakers, packing, carton, shipping and mill rooms.

The spirit of the strikers is excellent and their enthusiasm is high, it is reported. There is a marked silence concerning the strike on the part of the company officials.

Need Help at Workers Center This Morning

All comrades are asked to come to the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, this morning at 10:30 a. m., for special work. Two open autos are wanted at the same time.

JOHN J. BALLAM,
Acting District Organizer.

Watch for the

Daily Worker

on Monday, July 9,

when it will appear for the first time in its "new dress" and in the standard 8-column pages.

Direct cable news from all countries of the world—Soviet Russia included—by wire in our own office is just one feature of the many improvements after moving into our new editorial office at 26-28 Union Square, New York.

Will you get a new reader for The Daily Worker?

New address: 26- 28 Union Square, New York.

New telephone: Stuyvesant 1696.

3 WOMEN CLOAK PICKETS JAILED

To Serve 3 Days Charge of Disorderly Conduct

Three women cloakmakers, arrested yesterday morning with four others while participating in a picketing demonstration called by the Joint Board, Cloakmakers Union, were sentenced to serve three days in jail by Magistrate McGrath when they came up for trial on charges of disorderly conduct later. The other four, men, charged with violating a minor city ordinance, were dismissed.

These workers had answered the call of the Joint Board to picket the cloak manufacturers, Shapiro and Sons, Broadway and 39th St. A strike has been in effect here since the employers had decided to obey the demand of the Sigman Union that all workers refusing to register with the right wing be dismissed. The discharge of a left wing cutter was immediately answered by a strike call from the Joint Board.

The jailed workers are: Ida Klien, Fania Shapiro and Clara Fox. Morris Senamon, Louis Strauss and Morris

(Continued on Page Two)

CALL VENIZELOS AFTER BIG STRIKE

Greek Fascist in Fear of Revolt

ATHENS, Greece, July 2.—President Conduriotis has decided to invite Eleutherios Venizelos, former premier of Greece to form a cabinet. This request was made when the president was faced with the resignation of the Zaimas ministry.

Although in "retirement" for several years, Venezelos has been called in as a result of the tobacco strike which took on the form of a revolt against the government.

Reports that the so-called "strong man of Greece" would shortly return to power in the government have been frequent during the last few months, especially since the great strike.

Work Visits Coolidge; To Offer Resignation

SUPERIOR, Wis., (UP) July 2.—Secretary of the Interior Work, recently selected chairman of the Republican National Committee, arrived here today enroute to Cedar Island Lodge, the summer White House, to submit his resignation from the cabinet to President Coolidge.

Asked specifically about his resignation, Secretary Work said "I have it in my pocket."

Detroit Women Plan Tag Day for Miners' Relief

DETROIT, Mich., July 2.—The Detroit Federation of Workingclass Women will hold a tag day for the relief of the striking miners on July 7.

All women in Detroit have been requested to volunteer to help in this tag day. Those who volunteer to work should meet at the headquarters of the Workers Educational Association at 1967 Grand River Ave., 2nd floor. The activities for the day will begin at 10 a. m.

29 ARRESTED AT PARADE WILL BE TRIED JULY 13th

Police Terror Sharpens Big Textile Struggle

(Staff Correspondent of The DAILY WORKER.)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 2.—The case of the 29 strikers arrested in the parade Saturday afternoon were postponed until July 13 after a hearing beginning at 9 o'clock in the morning in the local courthouse was completed.

All strikers pleaded not guilty to the charge filed against them. Twenty-five of the arrested are charged with inciting to riot and many others, particularly the most active strikers, have additional counts to face.

The International Labor Defense is providing attorneys and bail bonds necessary for the strikers' legal defense.

* * *

Huge Picket Line.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 2.—The greatest picketing demonstration that has as yet been seen in this city took place this morning. Many thousands of textile strikers completely blocked passage in the streets where the mills are located, demonstrating that the police attack on Saturday's parade had sharpened and not blunted the militancy of the 28,000 on strike here.

Jack Rubinstein, union organizer and leader of picket lines in the Passaic textile strike of 1926, declares that picketing here has now assumed the size and enthusiasm of the demonstrations seen in Passaic at the climax of that struggle.

One of the mills which has been most anxious to resume operations, the Nonquitt Mill, opened its north gates this morning. An invitation for the strikers to come back was completely disregarded. The few overseers and foremen that have been working here, were brought to the plant in an automobile that dashed into the mills yards at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour.

Expect Bigger Lines.

Despite the tremendous size of the picket lines this morning the leaders of the Textile Mills Committee predict that the response to the picketing call for next Monday will be much greater. Monday, July 9 is the date set by the mill owners for their intended reopening.

The courthouse here this morning was entirely surrounded by large details of police, who refused permission to enter to all but those whose cases were to be heard, or to court functionaries.

Twenty-five of the 29 arrested yesterday are charged with "inciting to riot," and parading without a permit. The average bail for all those under arrest is $600 each. Manuel Silva and Manuel Machade have an additional charge of "disturbing the peace," and were compelled to furnish $900 before they were freed. Virginia Zidre also has an additional charge of assaulting a policeman.

WAITERS STRIKE IN 3 RESTAURANTS

Demand Increase and Shorter Hours

Waiters and waitresses of the Truefood Vegetarian Restaurants Inc., went on strike this morning in protest against the treatment given to the workers at all of the corporation's three restaurants, located at 110 West 40th St., 153 West 44th St. and at corners of 7th Ave. and 38th St.

The strike was called by Local 1 of the Waiters' and Waitresses Union. The demands, as announced this morning at the office of the union, call for higher wages, better treatment at the hands of the company officials, and shorter hours.

In a statement made public later in the day, the union urged all workers to stop patronizing the restaurants until the demands of the striking workers were granted.

2 Passenger Ship Lines Will Be Sold By Govt.

WASHINGTON, July 2 (UP).—Sale of the United States Lines, including the Leviathan, queen of the American Merchant Marine, and the American Merchant Lines, two government-owned passenger services, was approved today by the Ship Sales Committee of the U. S. Shipping Board.

The plan of sale, which would practically take the government out of the shipping business, was not disclosed

Socialist Party Organ, 'Milwauke Leader', Boosts Traction Company Union

BERGER'S PAPER PRINTS PUBLICITY OF ELECTRIC CO.

Also Aids Open-Shop "Welfare" Schemes

MILWAUKEE, July 2.—The Milwaukee Leader, "socialist" newspaper owned by Victor Berger, is shown to be openly co-operating with the traction company union of this city by a recently printed caption and news item.

The second page of the Leader of June 27 contains a picture of a boy wearing a motorman's cap and carrying packages under his arm. "Off to Electric Co. Picnic" is the line over the picture and underneath the following caption:

"That faraway look in the conductor's eye as you gave him the transfer today may have been the payments on the piano, but more likely it was the picnic of the Electric Co. employes at Waukesha Beach.

"Those unable to picnic today will have their chance to relax, dance and eat ice cream cones on the second day of the picnic tomorrow.

"Above is Henry Winsewski, six, 914 Greenbush St., loaded with lunch and all set for anything Waukesha Beach may have to offer."

Following this is a news item giving details of the picnic with the information that "committees of the Employes Mutual Benefit Assn. of the company are in charge of the outing." The Employes Mutual Benefit Assn. is the company union established by the Electric Co. after it broke up the union of the conductors and motormen several years ago.

The Milwaukee Leader is also boosting the fake welfare undertakings of the International Harvester Co. and other open-shop companies of this city.

BIG LEFT WING MEET IN BOSTON

Weisbord, Hyman Speak At Rally Thursday

BOSTON, July 2.—The rapidly developing offensive of the needle trades workers in every section of that industry is assuming nation-wide proportions, necessitating the immediate rallying of all left wing and progressive forces. To this end the Trade Union Educational League, Boston district announced that a meeting of progressive workers of all trades will be held Thursday, July 5, immediately after work in the Scenic Auditorium, 12 Berkley St.

Particular attention will be paid at this meeting to the recently instituted attempt of the right wing Zaritsky gang to destroy the well organized Cap and Millinery Workers Union of Boston. The situation in the cloakmakers' union and in the furriers union will also be reported on.

Louis Hyman, manager of the New York Joint Board of the Cloakmakers Union, Albert Weisbord, who is now a directing force in the great New Bedford textile struggle, will be the principal speakers at the meeting. J. Miller and A. Ager of the Boston Capmakers Union will also address the meeting.

Zionists Near Fist Fight at Annual Meet

PITTSBURGH, July 2.—Delegates at the 31st annual convention of the Zionist Organization of America were today making desperate and somewhat ludicrous efforts to pour oil on the troubled waters of American Zionism and give the appearance of harmony to the convention despite the bitter fastional struggle that is now on.

Near fist fights marked the opening of the convention yesterday, which started the ball of hokum rolling by electing Louis Lipsky, president of the organization and the center of the internal struggle, as honorary chairman of the convention.

Today's little clowning act consisted of a "harmony" luncheon at which Lipsky was toastmaster and Dr. Stephen S. Wise, chief leader of the "opposition," was the guest of honor.

The convention opened against a background of odorous revelations by a committee of leading Zionists to the effect that the present administration had indulged in considerable juggling of funds.

In his opening address to the convention Lipsky praised the imperialistic activities of Great Britain in Palestine.

CHILDREN'S CAMP TO OPEN MONDAY

Workers Int'l Relief Appeals For Funds

The first group of 100 children leaves next Monday for the Workers International Relief Children's Camp at Wingdale, New York. They will depart by bus from the Unity Coöperative House, 1800 Seventh Ave. at 9 a. m.

The camp opens later than the original date planned in order that additional improvements may be installed. Everything for the comfort and well-being of the children while at camp has been provided.

Funds are badly needed at this time to insure the proper upkeep of this camp for the children of workers There are many cases of children whose medical examinations disclose absolute need of a full summer vacation in the out-of-doors.

With little money available for thir purpose, the W. I. R. is calling upon its friends to send immediate donations to provide for these cases. Organizations and individuals who would like to undertake full or part expenses of one or more of these children should communicate with the W. I. R. headquarters, Room 604, 1 Union Square, phone Algonquin 8048.

Registrations for the second period of the camp, which begins July 16 should be sent in at once, it is announced.

Biedenkapp to Talk At 'Daily' Picnic in Boston

BOSTON, July 2.—Fred G. Biedenkapp, national secretary of the Workers' International Relief, will be the chief speaker at the DAILY WORKER picnic to be held here Wednesday, July 4.

An elaborate program of entertainment has been arranged for this picnic, which is expected to attract several thousand militant workers of Boston and vicinity.

NEWS AGENCIES IN WISCONSIN TOOLS OF POWER TRUST

2 Wisconsin University Professors 'Aided'

WASHINGTON, July 2. — The United Press, as well as the Associated Press, acted as agents for the distribution of power trust propaganda in Wisconsin, a letter from A. F. Herwig, director of the publicity bureau of the Wiscocnsin trust, reveals. The letter, written to Bernard J. Mullaney, of the Illinois publicity bureau, was entered as evidence during the testimony of Herwig today before the federal trade commission.

Herwig testified concerning the three-fold propaganda campaign of the Wisconsin power interests, including distribution of publicity to newspapers, public speaking and work in the schools. In line with the work in the schools he "co-operated" with two professors of the "liberal" University of Wisconsin in the preparation of textbooks favorable to the utilities interests. The two professors whom Herwig so obligingly aided are Prof. Martin J. Glaesser and Prof. Frank B. Woy. Asked whether any power company helped to finance either of the two books, the publicity director of the power companies expressed complete ignorance on the subject.

Supply Speakers.

Herwig stated that utility speakers are regularly supplied to schools, clubs and other groups in the state.

Herwig's letter to Mullaney declared that practically "every daily newspaper in the state uses some of the stories from the clip sheet. When we have information requiring immediate publication we send it throughout the state through the United Press and the Associated Press."

TEXTILE YOUTH TO HOLD PARLEY

Big Conference to Be Held in New Bedford

An important Youth Conference will take place in New Bedford July 21. This conference will be composed of young textile workers' delegates from all important textile centers of New England. The conference will discuss the conditions of the young workers (long hours, low wages, speed-up, lack of organization), all of which are vital problems effecting the young workers.

The reports from different textile cities and towns indicate that the conference will be a success. Already Lowell, Lawrence, Nashua, Newport and Troy have elected delegates to this conference.

The conference will prepare definite plans for the organization of the unorganized young workers and for the improvement of their working conditions, as can be seen by the problems that will be taken up and acted upon, as equal pay for equal work, minimum wage for young workers, no speed-up, etc.

Important centers have already sent in credentials. All young textile workers are urged to organize textile clubs or mill committees, and to send in credentials to 5 Lowell St., Boston, care of Nat Kay.

Boss Threatens Black-List of Seaman

I am quartermaster on a coast-wise steamship between New York and Galveston, Texas. By the mate' orders we are entitled to one day off each trip in N. Y. my freedom on May Day and only

On April 23 I asked the mate for told him that it was important that I have that special day off. He said, "I'll see about it." This with him usually means "yes." But on the thirtieth of April he asked me if the third or fourth wouldn't suit me just as well. I said no and he demanded the reason for it. I therefore tried to explain to him what May Day means to the workers of the world over, thinking that he would understand and let me off.

But the mate said, "Don't savvy Communism." He started to bawl me out for belonging to the "Young Workers Communist League." Here are a few of his phrases: "I am ashamed of you, a young American boy belonging to an organization like that. What's wrong with our president? The best thing you can do is to resign right away, etc., or it may cost you your job." Then he flatly refused to let me off to attend the May Day demonstration.

It happened that I was on the watch from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M., so rather than lose my job I said no more for I would only be late for the march up to the Garden and had just enough time to witness my first May Day celebration.

Would Not Leave League.

I "turned to" on May First and at noon the mate called my buddie, who bunked with me, to his office and questioned him as to myself in general, my character, what I say on deck, etc. My buddie stood up for me, but it did no good. The mate called me up and started on me again. (My buddie, I'm sorry to say, is only a sympathizer.) I tried to tell him of the social injustice in this world, but he wouldn't listen.

He insisted that I was a trouble-maker, but he afterwards admitted that I made no trouble up-to-date. His final argument was, "If you don't resign, I'll have to fire you." So I politely told him I wouldn't leave the League for any job. "Well," he said, "the shipping master has heard of you and said I must get rid of you. The best thing you can do is to go up and try to straighten it out with him if you want to keep your job.

Not so much for my job, but because I knew the shipping master was misinformed, I went up to him. I walked into his office, introduced myself and my mission. I told him I understood I was to be fired by his orders, so said the mate. "No," he said, "I told the mate that if he must fire you for that reason I would black-list you from the company." Then I explained to him what I had been doing aboard ship. I was and am trying to get them to think about Communism in a social and organized way.

Threatens Black-list

The ship master could see no harm in that. But what about my wanting to get a day off to attend a meeting of this Party. He was sure that the Southern Pacific would never stand for that. I could see by our conversation that followed the uselessness of further arguments so I asked him how the matter stood about me and my job.

"If the mate fires you for being a Bolshevik, I'll have to black-list you. As far as keeping a man out of work, I don't want to do that but we can't keep a trouble maker aboard our ships." I returned to the mate and told him what took place in the ship master's office, and emphasized about who wanted the firing done.

"That's it," he said, "the mate is always the goat. Alright, go back to work providing you promise not to talk of this thing to anyone on board and not to bring any literature on the ship. I promised; but I had no intentions of keeping it, and I don't. I work more in the dark now and am careful that he does not hear me say anything but am also careful that I am promised he does not hear of it.

It is hardly necessary for me to add to this that on the ships that sail under the "Morgan Line" flag conditions are just as bad as on ships of other lines. Bum food, bad stuffy quarters, long hours and low wages with lots of abuse from our officers. The last is thrown in for good measure, so that we may have the freedom of living a real 'dog's' life. Only a dog is luckier; he doesn't have to work while we must. I like to work a reasonable amount of time, if I profit by it in other ways than getting wages, let's say providing I can get half decent food to eat.

The people wonder why a sailor doesn't act human when he gets ashore. I don't know the reason they think so and neither do my mates.

J. E. C.

U. S. Imperialism Prepares to Overawe Chinese Workers

The marines (above) were landed from the United States cruisers, Pittsburgh and Isabel. Their twofold purpose in parading with arms thru the streets of Shanghai is to overawe the masses of Chinese workers and to back the designs of the Nanking murderers.

MINER BURNED IN COKE OVEN

Falls When Roof of Furnace Caves In

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

UNIONTOWN, Pa., July 2.—The roof of a coke-oven at the non-union Phillips mine near here collapsed, and Elmer E. Wilson, 40-year-old miner fell into the oven. The miner died a horrible death a few hours later in the Uniontown Hospital.

The coal diggers in the coke fields are working under conditions even more dangerous than those in the bituminous and anthracite mines. Wages, which are usually paid in script or company-coined money and exchangeable only at company-owned stores, are among the lowest paid miners anywhere. There are no pit committees, as in union mines, to demand safety measures to protect the lives of the workers.

Most of the mining towns in the coke fields are entirely company owned. For those who do not work in these towns, merely to walk thru the streets is an offense. Coal and iron police, licensed by the state, but hired and paid by the company, are on hand to see that nobody attempts to organize the men.

According to reports brought to the headquarters of the National Miners' Relief Committee by coal diggers from the various mining camps, the cokeworkers are nevertheless secretly organizing themselves.

NEW PLAN HITS POOR CONSUMER

Brooklyn Union Gas Co. to Increase Rates

If the proposed rates of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company go into effect, the workers of Brooklyn will be forced to pay more for their gas than in any other large city in the U. S according to Dr. E. M. Bemis, statistician and economist.

At the hearing before the Public Service Commission he asserted that by increasing the initial charge, the poorer consumers, more than two thirds of the company's customers would have to bear the brunt of the increase. When one of the consumers arose at the hearing to protest against the increase he was promptly silenced by the chairman, and his statements were ordered out of the stenographic report.

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Strictly Vegetarian Food.

WE ALL MEET
at the
NEW WAY CAFETERIA
101 WEST 27th STREET
NEW YORK

Bursting Dam Perils 49 Non-Union Miners

(*Continued from Page One*)

were working.

Hearing the rush of the water, the men had barely time to reach a travelway, crawl into safety holes and make their way to the No. 1 level, where they were rescued.

The dam had been weakened by the heavy rains of the past few days.

3 WOMEN CLOAK PICKETS JAILED

To Serve 3 Days Charge of Disorderly Conduct

(*Continued from Page One*)

Ostrolits were dismissed. Another and bigger picket demonstration is planned by the union for today, according to an appeal issued to the members to report there for picket duty.

• • •

The Joint Board announced that an open forum will be held this afternoon in Bryant Hall at 2 p. m. All cloakmakers are invited to come to participate in the discussion of the present situation in the trade.

J. Kern, chairman of the local section of the National Organization Committee, will preside and open the discussion.

• • •

The local section of the National Organization Committee, at a meeting held last night in the headquarters of the New York Joint Board, were completing plans for the forthcoming conference of shop delegates, which is scheduled to take place next Monday, July 9.

This will be the second shop delegates conference since the Webster Hall conference decreed that these conferences become a permanent institution. Its executive body, elected at the last conference, is now serving as the local section of the N. O. C.

BALLET AT BIG CONEY CONCERT

To Hear Theremin For First Time

(*Continued from Page One*)

of an instrument, has caused a tremendous sensation in the musical and scientific world and has, in the space of a few months, made his name known to millions of people in every part of the globe.

Many other famous artists will appear at this unusual concert. One of them will be Arno Volpe, founder and first conductor of the stadium concerts, who will conduct a symphony orchestra of 50 musicians in a program of well-known selections. At least 25,000 militant workers of this city are preparing to attend this great concert.

NOBILE RESCUERS LOST BY NEGLECT EXPERTS CHARGE

Governments Failed to Heed Soviet Experts

MOSCOW, July 2 (U.P.).—A wholly unconfirmed report was received here today that the Russian ice-breaker Krassin had rescued Captain Einar-Paal Lundborg and five of the crew of the lost dirigible Italia from an ice floe off North East Land.

• • •

MOSCOW, July 2.—Because the advice of the Soviet Union aircraft experts was ignored by the various nations which sent out rescue planes and ships for the lost Nobile crew, the twelve steamers, thirteen airplanes and 1,500 men engaged have not accomplished their purpose., Sege Kamenev, inspector general of the Red Army, is alleged to have stated yesterday.

Because the Soviet experts' appeal for co-operation was ignored, Captain Roald Amundsen, five companions and a Swedish plane have been lost, Kameneff believes.

Lack of desire for co-ordinated work was shown when the Soviet government's ice-breaker, Maligin, was not informed of a change of position of the Nobile crew. Furthermore, a man of Amundsen's exploring experience should not be flying, but should head a department for uniting the efforts of the rescue work, Kameneff asserts.

ITALIAN FLIERS OFF.

ROME, July 2.—Weather permitting, Major Rturo Ferrarin and Major Carlo De Prete are expected to hop off tonight from Rome on their non-stop flight to Buenos Aires, carrying the bid of Italian Imperialism to South America. If they accomplish this 6,000 mile flight it will mean so much more prestige for Mussolini's blackshirt government.

Pittsburgh District
Third Annual Party
Picnic and Dance
(All Day Dancing)
SUNDAY, JULY 8
NICHOLSON FARM, Swissdale, Pa.
Dancing—Games—Tonsil curing refreshments—Roast Lamb á la South Slavic—Delicious baked ham sandwiches and what not....

DIRECTIONS: Car No. 64, get off at Braddock and Hawkins Ave. Swissvale Pennsylvania R. R., get off at Hawkins Sta., Swissvale, Pa. B. & O. R. R. or P. & L. E. R. R., get off Rankin Station, walk to Hawkins Station. The Picnic ground is five minutes' walk from Hawkins Station.

Coney Island Stadium
Saturday
JULY
14th
Theremin
The Noted Inventor of Soviet Russia, Who Draws Music From the Air, Will Appear at the Concert and Demonstration of 25,000 Workers.
More details will appear in coming announcements.

Soviet Trade Union Council Sends 100,000 Roubles to Help Chinese Workers

GIVE FUNDS TO HELP MILITANT LABOR STRUGGLE

Nanking Planning New Terror Campaign

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 2.—Announcement has been made that the Council of Trade Unions of the Soviet Union has donated 100,000 roubles for the relief of the Chinese workers.

This contribution which it is emphasized has been made by a trade union body within the Soviet Union the message accompanying the donation declares, will strengthen the bonds between the free workers and peasants of the U. S. S. R. and their fellow workers in China, who are struggling to free themselves from the yoke of the warlords, imperialists and native capitalists.

The money will be used for the relief of trade union members who have suffered under the terrorism of successive warlords and for strengthening the trade union organizations.

The contribution is considered especially opportune at this time when the Nanking government is preparing to undertake a new campaign against trade unions and other labor organizations thruout the country.

U.S.S.R. EXECUTES SMUGGLERS AIDES

BATUM, Georgia, July 2.—Four customs officials, it was announced by the Georgian Secret Service, have been shot for systematic collaboration with smugglers. The officials, in the service of the Soviet government, included the head of the Batum Customs House.

The Soviet government is energetic in its search for the elements within its own house who aid the enemies of the U. S. S. R. in their campaign of sabotage and illegal buying and selling. Smugglers, bringing their products across the Black Sea, help in importing illegal goods, in this way counteracting the economic program of the Union.

THE NECESSITY OF A BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM

Notes to the Party Press.

1. A good bibliography in the press has three fundamental tasks: firstly, teaching Party members to read, secondly, polemical advocacy of the policy of the Party and Leninism for the outside world, thirdly, complete and prompt information of the Party on the ideologies existing in the various classes and Parties. Therefore, it is not only a fundamental condition for any kind of propaganda, but over and above this an important auxiliary means in the matter of determining the course of the policy of the Party.

2. Up till now, bibliography in any newspaper or periodical of the Communist Parties has not attained this end. The main defects are: (a) Lack of regularity in publication; (b) casual selection of discussion literature; (c) erroneous selection and inadequate guidance of reviewers; (d) erroneous character and non-Marxist method of the reviews themselves.

3. Regularity is the fundamental condition for the creation of good bibliography. It should appear regularly on definite days (for instance Sunday) and should be given a definite place in the newspaper. It should always keep to a certain number of spheres (social democratic, trade union, fascist, syndicalist, etc., literature, colonial policy, militarism, Soviet Union, etc.). Especially Party periodicals of the CPSU and social democratic and trade union periodicals should be continually followed and studied.

4. System in the selection of books which are to be discussed is another fundamental condition. Good bibliography should be up-to-date, namely, on the one hand it should deal promptly with important new publications, and on the other hand, it should indicate and criticize very fully literature (also older literature) in connection with important events and incidents. It should, as far as this is possible, discuss the various books in connection with similar publications appertaining to the same sphere. Entire literary or ideological tendencies should be singled out and analyzed.

5. Selection of reviewers is a third fundamental condition for good bibliography in the Party press. Criticism of books should not be entrusted to comrades not in touch with the practical work of the Party, for the mere reason that they are "experts," but above all to comrades who are active Party workers, for they are the people to know what can be useful or not to the Party in the book [illegible]. Nor should one entrust [illegible] work to comrades who discuss [illegible] in a mechanical manner. Here [illegible] should be pointed out that by asking comrades to review a book one [illegible] helps them to come out of [illegible] of torpor to do ideological [illegible]

6. Regular GUIDANCE of REVIEWERS by the editor can be [illegible] about by discussions by regular correspondence, criticism and instruction (publication of hints "what should a good review be like" as a supplement to the discussion number, also a letter giving the main viewpoints). Nor should one be afraid to return reviews and criticisms several times for further elaboration. Such regular collaboration could be successfully developed by the introduction of lump sum fees. It is essential that the agitprop departments should exercise regular control over the reviewing of books.

7. THE CHARACTER OF THE REVIEWS AND CRITICISMS THEMSELVES is of course the main point for every good bibliography. A review should NOT be:

(a) A mere enumeration of chapters and incidents.

(b) An academic discussion between "experts."

(c) A mere opportunity for the reviewer to show his importance by "running down" the book.

(d) An opportunity to air his views on other matters.

Good criticism must always bear in mind the three tasks of a bibliography in the Party press; information, polemics, instruction how to read. Therefore, it must be written from the standpoint of the Party and with the responsibility which this implies. It must indicate in what way the book reviewed can be useful for Party work, it must give useful quotations. Above all it must be as brief and concrete as possible.

8. WHAT SHOULD BE THE CONTENTS OF A GOOD REVIEW?

(a) A survey of the state of affairs and literature in the respective sphere.

(b) Statement of the contents and of the main ideas of the book in question.

(c) Criticism and polemics.

(d) The book's usefulness for the Party.

(e) Who should read the book.

(f) What book can be considered as a supplement, an argument against or a substitute.

9. MARXISM-LENINISM is the viewpoint from which a review must be written. Therefore, it is essential: firstly, to define in every criticism or review the basic standpoint of Marx and Engels (if possible by carefully selected quotations), secondly, to apply the method of historical materialism in the discussion itself. It is not enough to criticize the theoretical errors of the respective ideology—this ideology itself must be explained on the basis of the material facts of the class struggle.

MOSCOW, July 2.—The average number of workers employed in large scale state industry in the Soviet Union during the first half of 1927-28 was 2,103,000, an increase of 5.5 per cent over the corresponding period of 1926-27.

Militant Czecho-Slovak Workers Send Delegation

P.A.F.
TCHECHOSLOVAKEI

During a recent reunion in Germany under the auspices of the German Communist Party, hundreds of workers from many countries demonstrated for international solidarity. The picture shows the Czecho-Slovak delegation of workers organized along the lines of the Red Front Fighters in Germany.

TAMMANY PLANS BIG SLUSH FUND

Smith Calls Big Conference Here

Preliminary plans by which the democratic machine now dominated nationally by Tammany Hall, hopes to secure the necessary slush fund to put over its candidate, Al Smith, will be outlined this week when the democratic national committee meets with Smith in a series of conferences.

These conferences, which will be held in New York City, will, it is understood, bring together some of the representatives of big business who are to provide the necessary cash for the campaign. In addition the major politicians of the party and of big business will discuss the task of how best to iron out the wrinkles caused by the bone dry plank adopted at Houston last week, how to appease the protestant vote and how to deceive the labor masses.

On Wednesday Smith will make two public appearances, addressing 15,000 new citizens who will be forced to listen to him at the city hall and speaking at the annual fourth of July meeting of the Tammany society.

INTERVIEW MILL CITY POLICE HEAD

Evades Questions Put to Him by Crouch

(Continued from Page One)

of the mill owners to open the mills on July 9?"

A. "We will make arrangements to meet the occasion to the best of our ability."

Q. "You stated that the reason for refusing a parade permit was that the reason given for it was that it is to be a demonstration. What would your reply have been if Keller had given another reason, such as, 'a parade in honor of the strikers' bravery.'"

A. If it were to be like what we have had in the past few weeks I felt fully justified in refusing a permit, and did refuse.

Q. Does the chief refer to the picket lines by "the past few weeks?"

A. Yes, you can put that down.

Questioned about the Porter case, he stated that they suspected him of being a deserter but had no evidence. After the last arrest the police asked the War Department and in three hours received an answer in the affirmative.

When asked about Porter's statement to the effect that he had been threatened 3 times by the police that he would be turned over to the army authorities if he did not quit the strike, the chief did not deny this but answered, "I don't know."

When seen later, the textile strike leaders declared that they knew the police were marshalling all forces to interfere and halt the picketing, declaring at the same time however that these attempts were doomed to miserable failure.

Society for Cultural Relations in the USSR

An All-Union Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries has been established in the U. S. S. R. for the purpose of bringing about closer contact between cultural and scientific organizations of the U. S. S. R. and those of other countries. The Society, of which O. D. Kameneva is the president, has headquarters at Malaia Nikitskaia No. 6, Moscow, U. S. S. R. The Society maintains a Service Bureau for foreign visitors at the above address.

The American Society for Cultural Relations with Russia (U.S.S.R.), a correspondent of the Soviet organization is located at 49 East 25th Street.

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CHIANG RUSHES TO PEKING AS CLASHES LOOM

Chang Tso-lin's Son New Dictator

SHANGHAI, China, July 2.—Chiang Kai-shek, southern warlord, and leader of the Kuomintang armies in their advance on Peking, has rushed to that city to be on hand should Feng Yu-hsiang, tentative ally of the Nanking government, attempt to seize power immediately. Clashes between the armies of the two warlords are expected hourly.

• • •

SHANGHAI, July 2.—It was reported today that young Chang Hsueh-liang has succeeded to the dictatorship of his father, the late Chang Tso-lin. Experts here believe that young Chang will follow closely in the dead war lord's footsteps. He has represented Chang Tso-lin both on the battlefields and at political conferences many times.

Like his father, young Chang has strong anti-Communist tendencies. At the same time he could protect his own interests if the nationalists asked him to join with them.

SLUG DEPORTED CUBAN WORKERS

HAVANA, July 2.—Charged with spreading Communist propaganda, for which they were being deported from Cuban territory, two workers aboard the military transport Maximo Gomez were severely injured yesterday as the result of a struggle with their jailors.

The boat is reported to have been lying at her wharf when the ship's authorities attempted to terrorize the deported workers. The men put up a fight altho they were overpowered by numbers of the crew whom the officials called to their assistance.

Both of the workers were injured, one of them critically, from blows over the head with a club.

The men were deported as part of the campaign of terror which the Machado government is practising against the Cuban workers.

Try to Patch Peace in World Oil War

BERLIN, July 2 (FP).—On the eve of the apparent collapse of the negotiations of the Vacuum Oil Company of London it was understood here today there still is an eleventh hour possibility of preserving peace in oil circles by prolongation of the Vacuum's option to purchase the Medway's interests.

The option originally was granted in New York in March, pending the Vacuum Company's eventually unsuccessful attempts to persuade Moscow to modify the contracts for the delivery of Russian oil to the Medway Company.

BALTIMORE, MD.
ROBERT MINOR, Editor "DAILY WORKER"
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Training Them For the Imperialist Blood Party

Soldiers of the Seventy-first regiment, New York National Guard, are shown in the picture on their way to camp at Peekskill, N. Y. It is young workers like these that the Young Workers (Communist) League is making more and more conscious of their origin in, and duty towards, their own class, the working class.

MAY SEND MILITIA IN KENOSHA STSIKE

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KENOSHA, Wis. (By Mail).—The class nature of the much lauded "progressive" government of Wisconsin is coming out in bolder relief as local officials of the "better city" of Kenosha are speeding towards Madison, the capital, to petition Governor Zimmerman to send militia to perform strike-breaking activities against the young locked-out knitters and toppers of the Allen-A.

Hot Foot for Troops

On Thursday, June 21, the Kenosha News came out editorially with an appeal for troops. A day later, chief of police Logan, district attorney Powell, city manager Osborn, sheriff Wattles and councilman H. E. Barden, all notorious tools of the Allen-A Co., Nash Motors, Simmons and American Brass, were on their way to the state capital to ask for help in maintaining their open shop "law and order" based on the most miserable wages and exploitation of the workers of Kenosha.

Refuse Mass Picketing

On the other hand the reactionary leadership of Budenz, Steele and Co., who have persistently refused to extend the strike by calling out the rest of the un-skilled Allen-A workers, in the mill across the street from the full fashioned department, and who have failed miserably in organizing all day picketing and instead allowed the strikers only an occasional half-hour of picketing, have prattled constantly about the police as "friends" of the workers, and have fostered illusions about the government. They confined their attacks against the city manager form of government in vogue here and have painted in glowing terms the "aldermanic" form of government in vogue in most large cities of the country.

However, the workers are awaking to the real nature of the capitalist government. The Young Workers (Communist) League of Kenosha intends to carry on an intense campaign amongst the national guardsmen to refuse to participate in strike-breaking activities against the heroic locked-out workers. At the same time the League will renew its efforts to rally the youth to support the strike by helping picket the mill. And along with all this, it will continue to expose the vacillating policies of the reactionary leaders. It will put forth more than ever before its militant policies of calling out the unorganized and all day mass picketing around both mills of Allen-A so that the strike will be won.

Samuel A. Herman.

BIRDS OF A FEATHER

BERLIN, July 2 (U.P.).—Charles E. Hughes, who is visiting here, was received in audience today by President Hindenberg.

SAY PILSUDSKI AIM TO CRUSH POLE CHAMBER

See Resignation As a Mere Trick

KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia, July 2.—That the resignation of Marshall Pilsudski, premier of Poland, "because he was disgusted with parliamentarism," is a carefully calculated play directed towards a sudden crushing of even the semblance of parliamentary rule in Poland, has been virtually substantiated both by the turn events have taken in Warsaw within the last forty-eight hours, and by the statements which Pilsudski himself has not hesitated to make public. It is believed by well-informed circles here that the former premier's maneuver is calculated to allay foreign and domestic fears while the plans for the crushing of parliament are being effected.

Pilsudski has resigned in name only, reports from Warsaw reveal. He insists that he will continue to direct Poland's foreign policies.

"I asked myself whether I should crush parliament or retire," Pilsudski stated formally to representatives of the press, "and I chose the latter course."

Reports that Pilsudski and his followers are preparing an immediate coup against parliament are rife and it is expected that Pilsudski will attempt to rule alone in future.

National Biscuit Gains Control of Canada Firm

The National Biscuit Company announced today that it had virtually completed negotiations for the acquisition of a controlling interest in the outstanding shares of Christie, Brown and Company, Ltd. The market value of stock involved in the transaction is about $18,645,000.

PLENUM NUMBER
of the
July Communist
Enlarged Issue.
CONTENTS:
RESOLUTION ON TRADE UNION WORK.
OLD UNIONS AND NEW UNIONS—Wm. Z. Foster.
TRADE UNION QUESTIONS—James P. Cannon.
RESOLUTION ON REPORT OF POLITICAL COMMITTEE.
IMMEDIATE PARTY PROBLEMS—by Jay Lovestone.
WM. D. HAYWOOD—"UNDESIRABLE CITIZEN"—J. L. Engdahl.
ASPECTS OF THE SITUATION IN NEW BEDFORD—by A. Weisbord.
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AMUSEMENTS
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Girl Hosiery Striker Shot by Allen-A Thug, Mill Correspondent Reports

SLUGS LODGE IN VICTIM'S NECK; WORKERSAROUSED

"Athletic Director" Arrives

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KENOSHA, Wis. (By mail). — I want to tell you that we thank you for printing the stuff that I sent you. Many strikers at the Allen-A mill get The DAILY WORKER now and are glad to read about Kenosha in your paper.

I am sending you a copy of the Kenosha Hosiery Worker. It is an extra published when Emil Mittman, one of the scabs at Allen-A shot Siama Helli, who works for the Kenosha Steam Bath Company.

Girl Shot by "Scab."

One of the most brutal assaults in the series of attacks by "scabs" of The Allen-A company of Kenosha citizens took place at midnight last night.

Miss Siama Helli, 20, an employe of the Kenosha Steam Bath company, was riddled with shotgun slugs while riding home with her escort, Alan Steele, 6123 35th avenue. Miss Helli was shot from ambush by Emil Mittman, 60th street, a strikebreaker for the Allen-A company. She was taken to the Kenosha Hospital by her escort, where she is now confined. It is too early to learn the exact condition of the victim. It is known that she has received a number of shots in her face and neck, which may disfigure her for life.

Mr. Steele and Miss Helli were returning from a dance. While passing Mittman's residence on the way to Miss Helli's home, they were attacked without warning. Shots rang out, and Steele was shot in the hand, pluckily driving the more serously injured victim to the Kenosha Hospital. The couple were unable to defend themselves, as they had no firearms or other weapons with them.

Before noon today, scores of telephone calls had been received at union headquarters and by locked out workers, in which citizens of Kenosha express their indignation at the outrage.

"Athletic Director."

All citizens will want to know of the numerous characters of mysterious origin who are being added to the population of Kenosha by the Allen-A company.

One of the most conspicuous of these is the new "athletic director" of the company, sometimes answering to the name of Hoffstetter. What mystery lies behind this man no one knows. But it is an eloquent fact that he did not wish his true name to be known to the authorities when he applied, in the usual Allen-A routine way, for "protection."

What need this physical giant and gorilla-appearing "director" had for "protection" likewise remains a mystery. He accompanies the strikebreakers to the courthouse and haunts that place.

Many have wondered, as they looked upon him, how he came to lose his trigger-finger. Others have wondered what connection he had with "Yellow-Dog" MacDonald and the 60 gunmen whom he promised to send into Kenosha. Perhaps the mystery will be unravelled in a few days.

—SAMUEL A. HERMAN.

Red Front Fighters, Terror of German Capitalists

The picture shows a group of Red Front Fighters resting. The Red Front Fighters, the terror of the German capitalists, is the idol of the working class. Recent attempts of the German government to disband the militant workers' organization caused so great an outburst that they had to be abandoned.

TRAINING THE YOUTH FOR CLASS STRUGGLE

The important role that the young workers play in the economic and social life of this country is now being universally recognized. Hitherto, the employers were the only ones who paid any attention to the youth in industry and in schools, and attempted to win them under their influence. In the attack against the American workers, the capitalists concentrated at first on splitting away the young from the adult worker and generally training the minds of the young workers with anti-labor propaganda, trying to prevent them from realizing the real conditions of the American working class, and particularly of the American youth. In the past the youth question did not receive the attention from the labor movement which it deserves, possibly because the young workers were not such an important factor in industry, and were mainly employed as white collar slaves. At the present time, with the close of immigration, the young workers have became the only source of cheap labor and with the introduction of machinery and the simplification of production are entering, in ever larger number, the shops, mills and factories.

To win the youth under their influence, the employers use all kinds of means and methods. They utilize the school, press, movies, and all other propaganda means to make the youth of this country more obedient and docile slaves.

In addition to this they set up special agencies to which the youth can be trained more effectively to help the capitalist class of this country to maintain itself in power. During the summer months we have numerous camps set up in various parts of the country which are supported by the most vicious anti-labor interests in the United States. Into these camps, the employers by their skillful propaganda recruit yearly thousands and tens of thousands of young workers. We also find that practically every big industrial concern has its training schools for young workers. There the youth get its training in all sorts of efficiency schemes and also is imbued with anti-workingclass ideology.

The Young Workers (Communist) League, fighting militant organization of American young workers, is constantly carrying on a campaign to counteract the influence of the employers and win the youth for the struggles of the American working class. We want to bring to the attention of the American workers the fact that we alone will not be able to solve this important task. Every labor organization, every class conscious worker must recognize the important role of the young workers in industry and how they are being exploited by the capitalist class. The duties of the labor organizations are not only to take cognizance of this task, but to take immediate steps to win the youth on their side.

Y. W. L. Training Schools.

The young workers must be made familiar with the tasks, problems, and conditions of the American workers, and be trained to take an active part in our struggle. The education the young workers receive in their public schools does not in any way prepare them to become active fighters for the cause of labor. For this purpose, the Young Workers' League is organizing Training Schools in all parts of the country where young workers will first be acquainted with the problems facing the American workers, and also acquire the necessary organizational and political knowledge to become effective fighters in the American labor movement.

Such training schools will be opened in the state of Illinois, arranged under the jurisdiction of District 7 and 8, Young Workers (Communist) League. Today more than ever before is it necessary for the labor movement of the mid-western states to train the youth for participation in the struggle.

The employers of this state are carrying on a vicious campaign against the labor movement as is manifested in their attack on the United Mine Workers.

From our past experiences with these schools, we know the great benefit the organizations helping to build the schools receive as a result of the training of these young workers. The students after going thru such a training school become active leaders in their community. We are sure that the results of this year's school will be still greater than in the past.

WHITING MEAD CO. WORKERS SLAVING 16 HOURS A DAY

Have to Speed-up to Live

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal. — A young man was sitting on a bench outside the public library today reading The DAILY WORKER. The writer spoke to the worker, a Czecho-Slovak, and gained the following information:

Organize I. L. D. Branch.

There are over 3,000 Czecho-Slovaks in Los Angeles, I was told; nearly all organized. A Czecho-Slovak branch of the I. L. D. is in the making—for a starter, he said. The first meeting may be held at Party headquarters next Wednesday, June 27. Many workers have lined up already, and numerous letters have been sent to others.

Factory Conditions Bad.

The Whiting Mead Co., Vernon and Santa Fé Sts., is operating a foundry, lumber yard and a house wrecking plant. From 30 to 50 Czecho-Slovaks are working there. A few highly skilled mechanics are guaranteed $1 per hour. A number of mechanics are doing piece-work, however, and they are forced to speed up a great deal in order to make $5 for a day of 9 to 10 hours. The pay for common labor is 50 cents per hour. This concern is a strictly open shop outfit.

The hours are from 8 to 16 a day. At other times no work at all. The roof of the plant is in such condition that no work can be done in rainy weather. Piece-workers are worse off than common laborers. Hiring and firing of workers every day.

Workers Beginning to Kick.

Every mechanic used to have a helper. In the last two weeks, however, an efficiency scheme has been put into effect. Each helper is now expected to be the handy man for two mechanics. That means that the helpers must move twice as fast as they did in the past. So the helpers and piece-workers are beginning to kick, my informer, who used to work at said shop, declared.

Booze and Forget, Boss Says.

Answering the kicking, the head boss, on one occasion, advised his men to drink, feel happy and forget the conditions in the shop.

Well, the program is: First an I. L. D. local, and then organization on a "never-forget-plan."

D. W. Salesmen Needed.

My new-found friend just left the library. He went home to prepare an article for the "Daily" about his present job—in one of those so-called co-operative chain restaurants—the Leighton outfit. So it looks like competition in the field of Worker Correspondence from this paradise of the plunderbund. Glad of it, indeed. The Worker Correspondence editor will be pleased as well to deal with new names in this connection. But Los Angeles needs distributors of The DAILY WORKER as much as writers. Comrades and sympathizers, what are you going to do about it?

—L. P. RINDAL.

NASH MOTOR AND CHALMERS SERFS DRIVEN 12 HOURS

Thousands Tramp Street for Jobs in Milwaukee

MILWAUKEE, Wis. (By mail). — Speaking before the meeting of the Machinists' Union, Local No. 66, the International Organizer Schoenberg complained about the lack of response on the part of the workers. Only a few of them respond to the call to attend organization meetings, he said. He expected to find the workers of this city more militant, more radical than in other cities, but it is quite the opposite.

Those who live in Milwaukee are not surprised at this. The "socialist" fakers controlling the labor movement here have sapped it of every trace of militancy. No attempts are made to develop an organization campaign among the great masses of the unorganized workers. Wages here are at the lowest level. Hours are long. In the big manufacturing plants like the International Harvester, Nash Motor Co., Allis Chalmers, A. O. Smith Co. the night shifts are working twelve and more hours while thousands of unemployed are looking for jobs.

Whenever there is a struggle by the workers themselves to establish an organization or to defend the existing union, the "socialist" fakers content themselves with meaningless speeches instead of mobilizing the entire labor movement for the support of these struggles. No action was taken by the Federated Trades Council in support of the locked out Amalgamated members in the Adler clothing shops.

In our union, the Machinists' Local No. 66, the business agent is a "socialist." At our last meeting he was opposing a motion from the floor to instruct the delegates of the union to the Federated Trades Council to request this body to take action against the attempt of the open shoppers in Kenosha to have the governor send the National Guard to suppress the strike of the hosiery workers. In the course of discussion Schoenberg stated that the Federated Trades Council was dead from its neck up and that it failed to give him any help whatsoever in his organization work.

The fate of the striking workers under the attack of the exploiters did not worry the socialist business agent of our union. He was more concerned with securing credentials to the State Federation Convention which will be held on July 17 in Kenosha. He induced the already elected delegate to make a motion that credentials be issued. The reason given by that delegate in making his motion was that the business agent was very much interested to attend the convention.

—A MACHINIST.

NEEDLE TRADE SCHOOL CONTROLLEE BY BANKS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

It was a recent Thursday evening when the thing occurred. It was raining heavily, nevertheless the Central Needle Trade School held its graduation exercises.

The program was introduced with the playing of a march. The graduates entered a small auditorium decorated with American flags. The girl graduates were dressed in white while the boys wore black.

Those astonishing, curious, happy and sad faces reminded me of people in a theatre waiting anxiously to see what would happen next.

The heat in the auditorium caused many disturbances. Here and there fans were raised by many in the audience, handkerchiefs were taken out to wipe the sweat from their faces. On the platform were seated a group of people.

Among those honorables were some well known Wall St. bankers, millionaires, members of manufacturers' associations and delegates from various unions.

The program was begun by the welcome of our principal, "Mr. Ritter," to all our guests and graduates. He introduced as first speaker Mr. Seigel, well known in Wall St. and director of continuation and evening schools. He told us some trash and appealed to the labor betraying "unionists" to grant us apprentice books free of charge, which would force us to work for less than a union man, in other words to lower the standard of living.

The second speaker was also a well known Wall St. man and in addition vice-president of the board of education. He told us the history of his early life and mentioned that "it is no difference where you work, in a factory or in an office. If you are not ashamed to wear those beautiful clothes then you should not be ashamed to make them."

It seems strange that all wealthy people begin in life exactly the same way. They all say they were poor in their early life, but worked hard and thus attained wealth. Why, this man said that he earned only $1.50 per week, of which sixty cents was spent for fares. The main point in his speech was, "Honor thy father and thy mother."

A man representing the dress manufacturers' association then spoke. He aired the same stuff. He had earned very little when he was young. He said: "You have no kick coming because years back I worked from 7:30 A. M. to 7:30 P. M. and you work from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. and only five days per week.

Of course we had many left wing sympathizers there but they could do nothing for the place was surrounded by police and plain-clothes men, who were ready to bounce us if we should show any signs of protest. Although they could do nothing much they showed their dislike by buzzing while the different capitalist speakers addressed the audience.

After all the hardships we overcame in listening to all those speakers our principal introduced yet another speaker: Miss Cohen of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

She spoke a great deal, but I didn't feel as disappointed as the rest when she didn't mention a work concerning organization of the unorganized students and graduates of the trades school.

As usual the graduation was closed by the pledge to the flag. To me it did not seem as a successful graduation but as a dismal failure.

Students of all trades schools, organize yourselves under the only youth labor league that fights for your interests, the Young Workers (Communist) League. Demand only true union representatives who stand elected by the workers and stand for them to speak at our graduations. Let us all stand together and once for all get rid of capitalist society.

—KLINGHOFFER.

IN NEW "SCANDALS"

Margaret Manners, one of the big cast of players in the latest George White Revue, "Scandals," which opened last night at the Apollo Theatre.

AMUSEMENTS

—Theatre Guild Productions—
PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St. Mats. WED. & SAT.

Eugene O'Neill's Play, Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30.
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MOSCOW, (By Mail).—Production of coal for the first six months of 1927-28 amounted to 18,511,000 metric tons, an increase of 15.2 per cent over the first half of the preceding year.

FAT PROFITS FOR AUTOMOBILE BOSSES

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press

That five automobile companies made multimillionaires of their owners in the short space of four years is revealed in a Wall Street Journal analysis of the increase in the market value of their securities between 1924 and 1928. In the interval, according to the journal, the market value of these motor stocks increased by $3,925,240,046, or more than ten times the increase in the book value of the assets behind them.

This huge addition to the wealth of stockholders in these concerns represents in large measure a capitalization of increased profits or good will as it is termed in the financial world. The combined net income of the five corporations rose from $83,507,129 in 1924 to $294,400,114 in 1927, an increase of 250 per cent. But the increase in market value is also due in part to the surplus of capital now looking for profitable investment.

The five companies included in the comparison are General Motors, Studebaker, Packard, Chrysler and Hudson. In 1924 the book value of their combined assets was $617,467,088 while the market value of their securities aggregated $741,734,511. By the high point of 1928 their book value had only increased to $980,870,661 but their market value had increased to $4,666,974,557. Here we have the extraordinary picture of the market value of securities exceeding the book value of the real investment of the owners by $3,686,103,896 or more than 350 per cent.

General Motors has been the chief coiner of wealth for the Morgan-DuPont financial clique. In the four-year period its market value increased from $475,624,570 to $3,824,649,660 or about 700 per cent while the assets behind its securities increased from $430,370,000 to $714,047,375 or only about 66 per cent. Its market value now exceeds its book value by $3,110,602,294 or 370 per cent.

General Motors profits in 1927 amounted to $235,104,826, an increase of about 350 per cent over 1924.

Fat Profits

A recent compilation by the Chrysler corporation throws more light on the profits of the owners of motor stocks in the last fi[illegible]rs. Assuming that on Jan. 2[illegible] an investor put $100 into the s[illegible] of each of the corporations listed [illegible] the value of the equivalent stoc[illegible] June 15, 1928, exclusive of dividend[illegible] received, would have been: Chrysler, $1,756; General Motors, $903; Packard, $879; Hudson, $390, and Studebaker, $143. Adding dividends received in the interval the $100 investment in each of these stocks would have produced $1,977, and in the case of Chrysler, General Motors, $1,034; Packard, $1,002; Hudson, $469, and Studebaker, $200.

Soviet Agricultural Purchases Increases

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The value of total purchases of agricultural products by Soviet marketing agencies for the first six months of 1927-28 was 965,000,000 rubles, an increase of 21.5 per cent over the first half of 1926-27. Purchases of wheat for the period amounted to 3,299,000 metric tons, a decline of 12.9 per cent from the preceding year, while purchases of rye totaling 1,673,000 metric tons showed a gain of 9.6 per cent. Purchases of meat increased 200 per cent, seeds—75 per cent, sugar beets—61 per cent, hemp—55 per cent, wool—[illegible] per cent, tobacco—40 per cent, [illegible]—36 per cent, skins—30 per cent, cotton—20 per cent, hides—20 per cent, butter—18 per cent, flax—13 per cent.

MOSCOW, July 2.—The Grozny [illegible] of northern Caucasus, capacity 21,000 [illegible], which was commenced in [illegible], will be completed in October, [illegible] at a cost of $4,500,000.

U. S. S. R. Large Scale Industry Increases

Production of large-scale industry in Soviet Russia supervised by the Supreme Economic Council for the year 1926-27 was valued at 8,339,000,000 rubles, an increase of 16 per cent over 1925-26. Since a reduction of industrial prices of 5 per cent took place during the past year, the increase measured in physical volume of output was somewhat greater.

The value of the output of state large-scale industry for the first six months of 1927-28 was 4,897,000,000 rubles, an increase of 15.2 per cent over the first half of 1926-27. The physical volume of output increased 21.2 per cent.

HEAVY CANAL TRAFFIC.

BALBOA, C. Z., July 2. (UP).—Panama Canal traffic for the fiscal year set a new record. Commercial ships passing through numbered 6,450 and paid a total of $26,000,000 in tolls. The previous fiscal year record was a thousand ships less and a total of $3,600,000 in tolls.

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LANSING MINERS SHOW SOLIDARITY AT BIG MASS MEET

To Back Save - Union Movement to Limit

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

LANSING, O., (By Mail).—At a meeting held on June 4th in Lansing, the miners showed what real solidarity meant. Fully three hundred and fifty of them packed the hall where only two days before the deposed sub-district officials, aided by the women-jailers, sheriff Hardesty and his deputies, and a representative of the American Federation of Labor, could not get fifty men in, altho they sent trucks and cars to various parts of the sub-district to transport Lewis men to the meeting.

The meeting was opened by Frank Sepich, the new sub-district vice-president, who spoke on the need for the rank and file to control the union and its officers.

John Barto, one of the local men and also one of the new trustles, was interrupted thruout his speech by applause and it was very soon proved to him that we could hold a meeting in peace for the Lewis gang did not have nerve enough to come down and break up the meeting. So we did not need sheriffs to protect us.

Brother Weber told of the school training received by the children and pointed out that each child would have a chance to be president if he first became a nationally known strikebreaker. He told of governor Danahey and his "milk men" who protect the scabs and his democracy in Ohio by using clubs, jailing women and starving babies.

When asked if they were willing to give up now and go back where they were thirty-eight years ago when the union was built, there was a murmuring dissent and not a single man was in favor of doing it.

Miners Behind Save-the-Union.

In conclusion, president Bob Matusak, of the sub-district, spoke. Here more than anywhere else the miners showed that they are all for the Save-the-Union movement.

Bob speaks in a convincing tone and has no flowery speeches to make. One amusing incident he told was as follows. At Duncanwood he and the vice-president were present to hear what the fat boys had to say. There was quite an argument and in the course of it, a man who used to work in a non-union field got up to defend the chairman, who was a reactionary.

The chairman, evidently mistaking his intention, said, "You shut up, damn you. You used to be a scab." This so enraged the man that he finally changed to the Save-the-Union bunch on the other end of the hall and it was very soon proved to him that we can hold a meeting in peace.

A speaker emphasized the difference between the reactionary officials with their sheriffs and the Save-the-Union meeting with so much enthusiasm. He told of the money that was being used by the reactionaries in taking away the charters and seals while the babies go hungry. He also proved that Lewis must break up the union or face charges of embezzlement in the next convention.

Brother Joe Weber, who is very active thruout the sub-district, was the next speaker. His opening words were, "I am very much disappointed, my good friend and women jailer, Mr. Sardesty, is not present." But he was not to be disappointed for altho the sheriff could not be present the chief of police of Bridgeport was there. He did not stay long, however, when he found he was not wanted.

At the conclusion of this meeting, this appeal was made: Fight for your kiddies! Give support to your new sub-district officers!

The way the applause sounded it would take more than a few of John L. Lewis' scab dollars and more than a few blows on the head from clubs of strikebreaking county and state officers to change their minds.

FIVE NOBILE AIDES HOPELESSLY LOST

OSLO, Norway, July 2. (U.P).—Lieut. Einar-Paal Lundborg and five members of the crew of the Polar Dirigible Italia drifted helplessly toward death tonight while the agencies of five great nations fought desperately but futily to save them.

Arctic experts were pessimistic regarding chances for the rescue or of finding the nine other members of the Italia's crew or the six including Roald Amundsen—who were lost attempting to find Nobile.

[illegible] Hansen, companion of Amundsen when he discovered the South Pole, told Peter Freuchen, [illegible] Danish explorer, that he believed Amundsen dead. The Latham seaplane, he said, was able to float only about two hours. He believed Amundsen was forced down in the open sea, the machine turned turtle and the passengers were drowned.

Fascist Flight Ill-Planned.

[illegible] deplored the mishap to the Nobile expedition, saying its failure likely would hurt the future of Arctic exploration. He also deplored the fact that many of Sweden's, Norway's and Russia's best arctic explorers were risking their lives for the sake of the Italia. He insisted [illegible] expedition was ill-planned and said Nobile was warned not to [illegible] in view of the fact he was not [illegible] explorer and lacked ex-

Last Photo of Fascist Crew of Italia Before Start of North Pole Flight

Photo shows the crew of the fascist dirigible, Italia, at Kings Bay, Spitzbergen, before the flight to the North Pole, on which the dirigible was wrecked. The photo was the last taken of the crew before the start of the expedition. Efforts to rescue the lost fascist flyers were due to the fact that various expeditions disregarded the advice of USSR experts.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Kansas City Picnic.

KANSAS CITY.—The International Labor Defense of Kansas City has arranged a labor picnic to be held at the City Park on July 4. The keynote of the affair will be the struggle to free Mooney and Billings. There will be speeches, refreshments, athletic exhibitions, and sports for all.

• • •

Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

• • •

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio.—The Young Workers Club of Martins Ferry, Ohio, has arranged a picnic and dance to be held at the Volt's Farm here on July 8, from 10 a. m. thruout the day and night. All those wishing to attend should meet at the Hungarian Hall, Main and Central Sts. There will be refreshments, games, speakers, etc. Transportation to Volt's Farm is free.

• • •

Philadelphia Y. W. L. Excursion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—An excursion for the benefit of the Young Worker, central organ of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will take place Saturday, July 7. Boats will leave the Chestnut St. pier at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Tickets are 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Tickets must be bought in advance from the Young Worker, at 1214 Spring Garden St. Otherwise the proceeds will not go to the Young Worker.

• • •

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin. on July 4.

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South Broadway, on July 4. Dancing, refreshment, games and athletic concerts have been planned.

• • •

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 5, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing

• • •

Pittsburgh Miners' Relief.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The National Miners' Relief Committee of this city will hold a Pennsylvania Miners' Relief Picnic on July 4 at the Eldora Amusement Park, near Charleroi and Monongahela City.

• • •

Chatham Colony Party.

NEWARK, N. J.—The Chatham Colony (New Jersey) School has arranged a school party and camp fire to be held on the fourth of July. Newark comrades are especially invited to attend.

• • •

Philadelphia Open Air Meets.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Workers (Communist) Party of Philadelphia will celebrate July 4 this year with a number of open-air meetings held throughout the city. The role of American imperialism and a demand for the independence of Nicaragua will be placed before the workers of the city. The following is a list of open air meetings and the speakers:

Kensington and Orleans: Benjamin and Stanley.

32nd and Cumberland: Herman, Croley, and Y. W. L. speakers.

40th and Lancaster: Ball; Sokolovansky.

5th and Ritner: Thomas, Forson.

Marshall and Girard: Mozer, Olken.

• • •

Brownsville Youth Hike.

The Young Workers' Social Culture Club of Brownsville will go on a hike tomorrow. Those wishing to attend should meet at the club headquarters, 113 Bristol St., near Pitkin Ave., at about 8:30 a. m. All young people are welcome, and are urged to come on time.

• • •

Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville English Branch of the International Labor Defense will meet today at 8 p. m. at 347 East 72nd St. All members are urged to be present.

NO CLUE YET TO MURPHY SLAYER

CHICAGO, July 1.—Gangland has been silent and little progress has been made in the investigation of the murder last week of "Big Tim" Murphy, gangster, labor betrayer and recognized "King of Racketeers," police admitted today.

Several men have been questioned and one, John Hand, organizer of a Cleaners' and Dyers' organization into which Murphy had attempted to "muscle in," was arrested, but further than that police have made no headway towards solving the most recent underworld murder.

Hand was released under bond of $10,000 Friday and his hearing set for July 6, but the attorney for the state practically admitted he had little incriminating evidence to hold the accused on a charge of murder.

Murphy was shot and killed by four men who fired a volley of bullets from a curtained automobile last Tuesday night.

200 BARBERS WIN STRIKE IN NEWARK

About 200 of the 500 striking journeymen barbers of Newark have returned to work, after compelling the master barbers to renew the agreements with them.

The return of nearly half of their number to work marks an important victory for the barbers who went on strike last Monday against the efforts of the boss barbers who went on strike last Monday against the efforts of the boss barbers to cut wages and lengthen hours. The agreement which the bosses refused to renew calls for wages of $35 a week and 50 per cent of all sums over $50 which the barbers collect at their chairs during the week.

Those men still out on strike are determined to enforce union conditions and are conducting a vigorous organization drive among the non-union shops.

HOLD MILLINERS MEET IN CHICAGO

Hundreds Pledge Fight Against Zaritsky Gang

CHICAGO, July 2.—Hundreds of millinery and cap workers of Chicago gathered at a mass meeting in the **Capitol Building in answer to a call issued by the Women Millinery Workers Union of Chicago.** The purpose was for consideration of the present situation in the International and to lay plans how to continue organization activities in Chicago.

The speakers pointed out the role of Zaritsky and his clique, and the ruination policy they were pursuing. They called upon all conscious cap and millinery workers of Chicago to stand solid behind their progressive leaders and to continue the splendid organization campaign they were conducting before general officers came to Chicago. They stressed the fact that though the obstacles are now greater than heretofore, that the rank and file will have to fight bosses and officialdom's clique, they must at the same time defend their Union and build it up.

A pledge was given to the New York representatives to continue to build the millinery and cap makers union in Chicago, to give all support to the locals carrying on a fight against Zaritsky and the clique.

The meeting was addressed by J. Feingold, leader of the Cap Makers Local 5 of Chicago, Gladys Shecter, organizer of Local 43, Women Millinery Workers, Max Goldin, Manager Blockers Local 42 of New York, J. B. Salsberg, general board member, and Anna E. David, sec'y. of the Chicago Joint Board and organizer of Local 52, Women Millinery Workers of Chicago, was Chairman of the meeting.

BROACH MACHINE STEALS ELECTION IN ELECTRIC UNION

Applying the expected methods of intimidation, exclusions and other forms of coercion, officials of the Broach-Wilson machine in Local 3 of the Electrical Workers' Union Saturday counted out the progressive opposition slate headed by Christian Houlihan, who with four members of his ticket had previously been barred from meetings of the union.

Although failing to break through the steam roller tactics and election stealing methods of the Broach-Wilson officialdom the progressives were able to come within a few hundred votes of victory. Tellers of the machine were forced to record Houlihan. 1618 were counted for Frank Wilson, president and Broach henchman of the local.

Progressive spokesmen saw reasons for encouragement at the showing made by their ticket in spite of adverse obstacles. Under any fair election, they declared, the Broach-Wilson clique would have been overwhelmingly defeated.

Information of the full details of the methods by which the election steal was put over is in the possession of The DAILY WORKER and will be published in a later issue. Evidence is at hand which proves conclusively that the Broach-Wilson machine among other things, cooperated with boss-contractors to force men on their jobs to vote the administration ticket. Slips handed out by these bosses under this method of coercion are now in the possession of The DAILY WORKER.

Tactics of the administration were described as "the most open and unashamed steal" in the history of the organization. Tellers to count the votes were appointed (nominally elected) at a meeting of the union from which hundreds of the progressives were excluded. The candidates on the progressive ticket immediately upon their nomination were likewise excluded from the meeting.

(EDITORIAL NOTE: The DAILY WORKER has learned upon reliable authority that the Broach-Wilson gang is planning a systematic process of reprisals against the progressives on the jobs and within the union. The DAILY WORKER as in the past will conduct a fearless campaign against the betrayers of the workers in Local 3, and will give detailed reports of their activities.)

BATUM POWER PLANT.

MOSCOW, July 2.—The Batum plant in the Caucasus, capacity 5,500 k.w., will be completed next summer at a cost of $2,500,000.

WORKERS PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK—NEW JERSEY

Executive Meet Subsection 3C.

An executive meeting of subsection 3C of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Thursday, 6:30 p. m., at 101 West 27th St. All comrades must be present.

• • •

Night Workers Meet.

The Night Workers International Branch will meet today instead of Wednesday at 2:30 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square, 6th floor

• • •

Party Members Needed For Work on Tuesday.

All Party members are asked to report for important work at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, today, at 10:30 a. m.—J. BALLAM, Acting District Organizer, District 2.

• • •

7F, S1 Meet.

An educational meeting of Unit 7F S1 will be held today at 60 St. Marks Place. Pasternak will speak on "Our New Orientation Toward the Trade Unions." Sympathizers invited.

• • •

July 4 Leaflets.

July 4 leaflets are now on hand at the district office at $2.00 per thousand.

• • •

Subsection Executive Meets.

Subsection 2C Executive will meet at 6:30 this evening at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Subsection Members to Report.

All members of Subsection 2C who have not yet been assigned to units are asked to report to the Subsection Executive tonight between 6:30 and 8 o'clock at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

N. Y. COMMUNISTS TO OPEN ELECTION DRIVE ON JULY 4

Candidate to Speak at City-Wide Rallies

(Continued from Page One)

Epstein, Elias Wattenberg, B. Lifshitz. 10th St. and 2nd Ave.: Speakers, Alexander Trachtenberg, Louis Hendin. Union Square: Speaker, Robert Minor.

Harlem

110th St. and 5th Ave.: Speakers, Abraham Markoff, Albert Moreau. 138th St. and 7th Ave.: Speakers, Richard B. Moore, Edward Welsh.

Bronx

Intervale and Wilkins: Ben Gold, Charles Zimmerman, Joseph Borochovitz, Rebecca Grecht. 138th St. and St. Anne's Ave.: L. A. Baum, Joseph Padgug.

Brooklyn

Grand Street Extension: Anton Bimba, Peter Midolla, Samuel Nesin, George Primoff. Pitkin and Bristol: Ray Ragozin, Sam Liptain, David Benjamin.

Queens

Steinway and Jamaica: George Powers, Paul Crouch, Abraham Harfield.

Besides these candidates, other well-known speakers will address the meeting. Demonstrations are also being arranged in Coney Island and Boro Park.

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Editor............................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor.................WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

A "Clean Campaign"

The republican and democratic parties are curiously unanimous on one point—both want what they call a "clean campaign." It is delightful to hear that organ of "Peaches" Browning, the New York Evening Graphic (not the Evening Pornographic) proclaim the need of cleanliness in the campaign contest between the Tammany candidate and the Teapot Dome candidate. Says the Graphic:

> "Thinking voters on both sides will be disappointed if this campaign is not conducted on the highest level of calm objective discussion, as far as Smith and Hoover are concerned.

The New York World also has come out for a clean campaign, and what it fears more than anything else is an election campaign which will bring to the surface the facts and connections of its favorite son, Al Smith, acknowledged head of the most corrupt political ring in the history of the country. Accordingly the World has combined a sort of frantic appeal with an open warning to the republican politicians that this campaign must be fought out cleanly.

There has been no campaign in this generation where so much hysteria has lain just under the surface, the World declares. By this statement the World admits under the peculiar cloak of its characteristic verbiage that there is more than a little which it would rather not have disclosed. So it seeks to strike a bargain with the republican grafters: Quid pro quo. Very likely the bargain, if not already consumated, will be agreed upon between the two camps.

But The DAILY WORKER naturally is not bound by this "gentlemen's agreement." The DAILY WORKER will do all in its power to expose not only the graft infested character of both candidates of the old parties but it will strive equally to bring to light their activities to defeat the working class and their relations with the big business interests whom they serve.

As the election campaign develops the spot light will be thrown on that sanctimonious figure beneath the brown derby. Tammany Al from the days when he was paid by the democratic machine to make up for the "pittance" of $1,500 a year which he then received as assemblyman to the days when he sat in secret conference with the traction interests; from the days when he opposed workingmen's compensation legislation and struck a bargain with the Barnes republican machine to bring back the corrupt state nominating convention, to his activities in paving the way for increased fares in practically every upstate city; from the days when he carried out the orders of "Boss" Murphy to railroad Governor Sulzer, to his frantic efforts to put over the billion dollar traction steal—in an attempt to hand over the new city subways to the B.-M. T.—from the beginning to the end of the career, Al Smith will be exposed for what he is: one of the slickest hypocrites in politics and the truest servant of Wall Street.

The activities of Herbert Hoover, engineer of international finance-imperialism, his connections with the Ohio gang, his contemptible part in Hungary assisted by his tool, Gregory, in putting down the workers and peasants' republic of that country in 1919, his more recent bargains with the Vare machine of Pennsylvania, will receive equal attention.

When the World says that in the choice of Herbert Hoover and Al Smith democracy has proved its capacity for self government, it is necessary only to point out that Vare and Olvany gave the final push by which these illustricus sons were put over the finish line.

"TEN MINERS TOMBED"

"Ten miners tombed!" small headlines weakly cry.
(It was twice ten.)' That a lone man should die
Is sometimes news enough to fill a page,
While twenty miners caught beneath a rage
Of falling coal is but a passing note.
A scandal fills the newsboy's raucous throat,
While twenty dead men get but one slight glance
From eyes that scan the headlines' daily dance.
Now twenty workers lie beneath the ground
In self-made tombs where they at last have found
Their rest from toil. These hunkies and these wops
Who mangled lie beneath the fallen props
Were but the victims of the mighty beast
Who preys upon the workers and makes feast
Upon these dead, who sets his profits high
Above the lives of workers—let them die.
"Ten miners tombed!" small headlines weakly cry!

HENRY REICH, Jr.

How Long?

As once a carpenter
fashioned a cross
on which to crucify
one of his craft,
as a member of his own union
drove the train
that bore Gene Debs to prison.
And workers toiled long
to make the chair
in which the martyrs died.
They spun the noose,
they built the scaffold,
they reared the jails,
they forged the shackles.
How long, O workers of the world,
will you stand
one against the other
obeying the commands of the masters?

HENRY REICH, Jr.

Be Proud California!

By HENRY GEORGE WEISS

Be proud, California!
Ye've reason to be!
San Quentin and Folsom
Are accounted to thee!

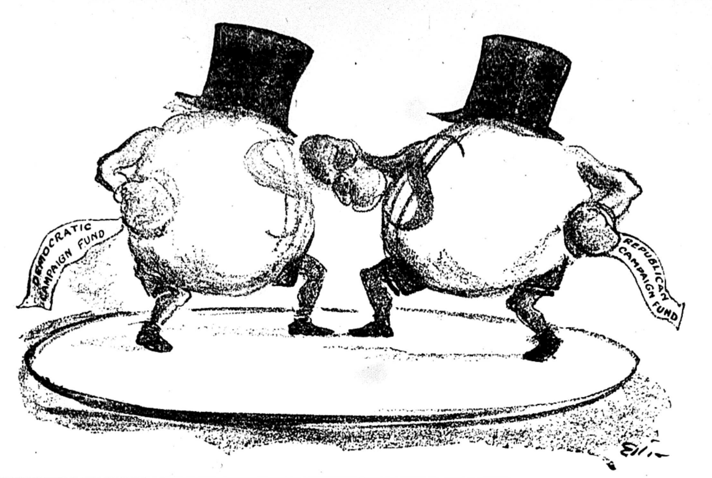
Be proud, California!
Thy mountains and plains
Are enhanced by the justice
Of Mooney in chains!

Be proud, California!
Of they Dymond and Coutts,
Thy bosses like Caesars,
Thy judges like brutes!

Be proud, California!
Our praises are loud.
Thou lovely and damned,
We say it—be proud!

THESE BOYS WILL SETTLE THE CHAMPIONSHIP

By Fred Ellis



U.S.S.R. Workers Manage Mills

By CLARINA MICHELSON

Thirty thousand textile workers in America find it impossible to live on their wages, and are on strike in New Bedford, Mass. This follows the long struggle in Passaic, N. J., where other thousands of textile workers fought for a union, for better working and living conditions. What about the textile workers in Russia? What are their conditions?

We have just visited the city of Serpuhov, two and a half hours by train from Moscow, where there are three textile factories, employing 13,500 workers. After a 2 mile drive from the station behind a fat izvoshtihik, in a long black woolen coat, gathered at the waist, past rows of one-story wooden buildings, past churches, past an old fortress, past some peasant women washing clothes at a river's edge, our droshky drew up at the gates of the Krasny Textilschik, the largest of the factories, where 6,500 workers are employed, two-thirds of them women.

The director, a stocky blond-haired Russian, greeted us. It seems he had worked there at the age of 12, had been in the war, was in a German prison four years, came back to Russia, was in the Red Army, went back to work in the factory, became assistant director, and had recently been given his present job. The assistant director was also a former worker in the factory. We went all through the factory seeing the bales of raw cotton, bought for the most part in America, coming in from the station, to the finished product, which is turned out at the rate of 210,000 meters a day. Some of the machines are new, improved models, but many are old.

This year $930,000 is being spent to improve the machines, to install better systems of ventilation, etc. The factory runs on two shifts of 8 hours, although there are some apprentices who work only 5 hours a day. The 7-hour day will also be introduced here, as it is being done in the majority of textile factories throughout Russia. 97 per cent of the workers belong to the union. "It is not 100 per cent," our interpreter told us," because some are new, some are seasonal workers, and some are behind in their dues."

Have these workers done anything to improve their conditions?

Up a street opposite the factory are two rows of large, red brick houses, set in big yards, homes for the workers, owned by the factory. The workers receive money for rent above their wages—if they live in these houses they get less than if they live elsewhere, as these rooms, which are in great demand, are the cheapest in the neighborhood—$3.50 a month for a room, with electricity, and generally a radio thrown in for good measure.

A short walk from the houses is a large one-story wooden building with two wings, in one of which is a kindergarten and in the other a restaurant able to accommodate several hundred people. There we had soup, veal meat balls, rice, tea and bread—very good—for 20 cents. The workers now want a kitchen which will serve 12,000 2-course dinners a day, at 11 cents, for the workers of the 3 factories. This will cost $450,000. They have raised $150,000, half from the textile trust and half from the Cooperative and the Soviet. They will get a long term loan from the government but before the building can be started they must raise $57,000 more. This they will do by all donating 2 days' pay. It was so voted at a recent meeting of representatives of the workers of the three factories.

There is one Cooperative in Serpuhov with a membership of 12,000. Members can get credit from the stores through the factories, the director agreeing to deduct from their wages the amount credited. One large cooperative store, with a monthly turnover of $50,000, handling groceries, dry goods, shoes, samovars, etc., is directly opposite the Krasny Textilschik. A sign flapped gloomily across the street hung out by a private shopkeeper, "I am closing my window. I am no longer in business." The cooperatives are fast displacing the private stores, to such an extent in Serpunov that during the last year private stores fell off 50 per cent.

Near the store is a year-old one-story brick building. Here the women come, hundreds of them a day, take off their clothes, check them, and go into a huge room, where naked as the day they were born, they do the family washing. There are big tin wash tubs and plenty of boiling hot water. Soap they bring. It is given them at the factory, so much a month. Quite a change from scrubbing in the cold water of the river. The woman in charge was so efficient, and our Russian so shaky (our male interpreter was not allowed to enter) that it was only by the merest chance that we too did not join the crowd of naked women and begin washing.

Another brick building nearby is a bath house where women can go and take the weekly Saturday-night. Both these establishments are free.

A few minutes walk from these buildings is the library. On the outside wall the workers are greeted daily by a big sign, "Are you a member of the library?" Near this is a huge map of the world, which can be illuminated at night, and a space for news of the day. The librarian told us they had 14,000 books and could and did get any other books wanted. On one wall is a box for readers to place questions about the books they have been reading. Above are the answers. A large streamer reads, "Books will help us build a real commonwealth of labor." Nearby a booth carries local and national newspapers.

A small park with a statue of Lenin, adjoins this. Here there is also a booth for a summer library. Another large park not far away features moving picture shows every evening in summer. For this a worker pays $1.63 for his season ticket.

There are 3 kindergartens for the children of the workers of the Krasny Textilschik, and 2 nurseries. One we visited is an airy, sunny one-story building, managed by a woman doctor. Children from 2 months to 3 years come here to play, sleep and eat while their mothers are at work. As the children are brought in, their clothes are removed and placed in individual bags, they are weighed, looked over by the doctor and put in fresh clothes. In a room whose walls are covered with educational charts and posters concerning baby hygiene, the nursing babies are visited by their mothers who are given time off from the factory. "The mothers are well taken care of," the doctor said. "They are released from the factory 2 months before and 2 months after the baby's birth, with full pay. They are also given $15 to buy the necessary things for the baby, and get an additional $4.00 a month during the nine months they nurse the baby." (Some of the textile workers of Passaic give birth to their babies at the machines.)

Another achievement of these textile workers of the Krasny Textilschik is a clinic and hospital with a staff of 28 doctors, also within a short walking distance of the factory. The director of the hospital showed us thru the spotlessly clean wards, explaining that besides the medical and surgical work, the staff makes special studies of fatigue, posture, etc., of the workers at work, and also studies industrial diseases. They had recently made a report on the effects of dyes in one of the textile factories and made recommendations which were already in operation. Every two years these doctors go to one of the large cities for a 4months'course of study. The entire staff of the hospital—doctors, nurses, cleaning women, cooks, etc., are union members.

All these achievements have been organized and carried through by the workers of this one factory, these 6,500 weavers, spinners and other workers of the Krasny Textilschik—and all since 1922, through their trade union organization, the Communist Party nucleus and the Cooperative, with the help of the government.

They have also organized a club where a large auditorium is the scene of debates, plays, musical entertainments and frequent reports by the factory director. The latest one had been "Rationalization in the Factory." There are also classes in sewing, physical culture, etc. This is by no means their only cultural achievement. There are classes to liquidate illiteracy, evening schools, special technical schools and political schools. One of the most interesting of their educational activities is a month's course where 100 "activists" from the factory, such as dues collectors, chairmen of departments, etc., go each month to learn how to become more efficient union members, and to understand the problems of their factory. A beautiful estate 20 miles from Serpuhov is where these textile workers are getting trained. We told a group of them, 50 men and 50 women, something of the Passaic strike and something of the textile strike in New Bedford. A sturdy, barefooted woman, with a red kerchief round her head, stood up and said: "Before the revolution conditions were very bad for us workers. But now we can live. Please take our greetings to our struggling brothers and sisters in America. Now that we are free it is our duty to help them until they also become free."

Girls in Polish Fascist Jail

By S. KAEMRAD.

ON the outskirts of Polish towns there are low and gloomy buildings surrounded by high palings and watched by armed guards. They are situated amidst the miserable hovels of the poorest of the poor amongst the town population. Only picked people who have earned the hatred of the Polish secret police ever come here. There is one such building on the outskirts of Byelostock. In the evenings when the short twilight is slowly turning into dusk the few passers-by may often hear the faint strains of a song borne from the windows of this building out into the still air.

Young girls, members of the Young Communist League of Poland and political prisoners, are the singers. The song is one of our songs, a song of the revolution, of the victorious workers and peasants. On the first of May the singing of revolutionary songs was the only way in which these girls could express their solidarity with the masses of revolutionary working men and women outside the prison walls.

Many young girls are incarcerated in this prison, several dozen. They are all accused in the process of the "133." This process has been postponed from month to month and finally fixed for the middle of April.

Vera Khorunshaya is one of these young girls. She has not gone thru the hard school of the factories, but life itself showed her face to face the most brutal terrors that a degenerating capitalism is capable of producing. Vera saw the drunken bands of Bulak-Balakhovitch plundering and raping in the towns and villages of West White-Russia. She heard the groans and shrieks of the workers and peasants maltreated by the elegant Polish legionnaires. This experience lighted the fire in Vera's breast which has not yet burnt out, but burns clearly and persistently, the fire which has made her the revolutionary fighter for the cause of the workers and peasants she is today.

Before she took up the struggle with the master class Vera supplied herself with a thorough knowledge of the working class cause. She went to the school where Marx, Lenin and Plechanov were taught, where revolutionaries were provided with the knowledge necessary to carry on their struggle.

Over her books she never forgot the idea of revolutionary work. This idea was summed up in the one word—quicker! Quicker, quicker, finish off the lessons and then to work! Finish with the books and commence the practical work!

Vera overcame all hindrances. Some of these difficulties were of a nature that would seem absurd to those out side, but for conspirative work they were very important and played a very considerable role.

Vera had short hair. This form of friseure usual amongst young Communists was compromising for conspirative work, it aroused suspicion. And in general the whole attitude of Vera was not at all in accordance with the role which she was to play in the illegal movement, i. e. the role of a daughter of a "highly respectable" family. She, however, was the embodiment of a young Communist in these times of stress and strain.

The winter of 1924 found Vera at last engaged in the illegal work she had longed for.

Considerable organizational capacities quickly put her into the front ranks amongst the best workers of the Young Communist League. She carried out a tremendous amount of work with untiring energy and resourcefulness. The Polish secret police already knew of Vera, but she was not to be found.

"Defying the power of the Polish master-class we are growing and strengthening to the delight of the Young Communist International," Vera wrote. "We are winning the masses of the working class and peasant youth and driving new roots deeply in the factories and in the villages."

"We are not only recruiting new members, and organizing new groups and districts, but we are winning more and more the sympathy and support of the working population. This fact gives us immeasurable strength and increases our courage and daring . . ."

The illegal work against the regime of terror of the Polish master class is difficult and dangerous, almost unbelievably difficult. Much has already been written upon the subject, but the brilliant examples of heroism and self-sacrifice will never be exhausted.

"Our most dangerous and merciless enemy is the Polish secret police. This enemy has so many faces, so many ears, so many eyes and so many arms that it seriously hinders us in our work.

"The quicker we work, the quicker disappear the few legal possibilities of work which still remained for us, and we are then compelled to work still more illegally, and still deeper underground. We must use our leaflets still more often. Prohibitions must mean nothing to us. Almost every week out proclamations are pasted up onto the walls of the towns and the villages and in the soldiers barracks.

"It is a feeling of deep satisfaction and pleasure the next morning to see swarms of police with pails and pots washing off our work or smearing it over with black color. But innumerable leaflets have disappeared into the pockets of the workers on their way to work in the morning, and these leaflets are lost for the police.

"From its underground political world, from the small towns and the far off villages of West White-Russia our Young Communist League which never loses its energy and courage, calls over the heads of the Polish secret police to the Communist youth of the whole world:

"Long live the fearless and courageous activity of the Young Communist International all over the world!"

HANdOuTS

While Secretary of the Navy Wilbur was on his way to lunch at the Congressional Club in Washington he saw three Negro caddies in a hot battle with clubs. With the righteous gait he learned as a Sunday school teacher, the secretary strode out and stopped the fray. After lunch back in his office he denied to newspapermen the report that the United States intended to withdraw the 3,900 marines from China. He then busied himself with his campaign to get several millions more to build death-dealing battleships.

• • •

Mrs. Coolidge left Brule, Wisconsin, the other day and went to Duluth where she spent $28 in a beauty parlor. The money was no doubt wisely expended but it would be better the next time if she would bring Cal along and leave him for a few days with a plastic surgeon.

• • •

A man was stabbed in an I. R. T. washroom. Anyone who would go into a subway washroom deserves to be.

• • •

A man doesn't have to be very smart to know that Americanism stands for wage cutting for workers and coupon cutting for capitalists. This is the kind of a burlesque show that looks bright to the capitalists down in front and tawdry to the workers behind the scenes. Whenever you hear anyone shouting his throat hoarse for the American system you can be sure he hasn't mopped many American floors.

The bosses of the McCord Radiator Company of Detroit were so anxious to ladle out a couple of spoonfuls of opiate to their workers that they stopped the plant for half an hour and gathered the men together. After a speaker had proved by statistics and oratory that it was better to be an American wage slave than a capitalist the following card was passed around for the workers to sign:

"Broadcasters of Americanism

"I hereby register as a member of the Broadcasters of Americanism. As a token of my loyalty to the country wherein I live, I agree to do all within my power to combat every movement which attempts to destroy our present form of government. I also subscribe to the following creed:

> "I believe in the United States of America as a government of the people, by the people, for the people; whose just powers are derived from the consent of the governed; a democracy in a republic; a sovereign nation of many states; a perfect union, one and inseparable; established upon those principles of freedom, equality, justice and humanity for which American patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes.
>
> "I therefore believe it is my duty to my country to love it; to support its constitution; to obey its laws; to respect its flag; and to defend it against all enemies.
>
> William Tyler Page.

"Employed at ...... Signed ....
"Date .... Address ....

Most of the men signed. Those who demurred at first were asked so many questions and given so many dirty looks they decided it was cheaper to turn in their signatures. But measured in loyalty to the robber system it didn't mean anymore than if they had scribbled their names on a board fence, a cement sidewalk or signed up for a package of "Slim Jim" pretzels.

• • •

Our indisposed contemporary, The Nation, has often proudly described Ben Stolberg as "one of the keenest students of the American labor movement." Conclusive proof of this fact is found in the following letter printed in a recent issue of that liberal weekly:

"To the Editor of The Nation:

"Sir: In my article The Tailors and the Scientific Method, in The Nation for June 13, I said that "During the last two years (Sidney Hillman) told the convention (of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers) the union has in three instances given financial assistance to manufacturers exposed to the danger of liquidation. These three firms employed more than one thousand workers." These three firms employed more nearly four thousand workers. I gave the resources of the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago as close to $9,000,000. Its resources are about $3,500,000. I mentioned an election quarrel in the "Buffalo Joint Board." It should have read the "Rochester Joint Board."

New York, June 13

Benjamin Stolberg"

TERRITORY OF U. S. S. R.

The present territory of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, according to revised estimates, is [illegible] sq. kilometers, about half a million sq. kilometers less than the area of the Russian Empire in 1913. On the territory seceded from Russia there have been created the so-called Baltic states and Poland. The U. S. S. R. has the largest continuous territory of all the countries of the world.

U. S. S. R. POPULATION GAINS

MOSCOW, July 2.—The population of the U. S. S. R. as of January 1, 1928, according to the estimate of the Central Statistical Administration was 149,900,000, a gain of [illegible] for the calendar year 1927. The population of the Soviet Union [illegible] 17, 1926, according to the [illegible] census was 147,013,600.

POWER STATION IN SARATOV

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The Saratov power station, commenced [illegible] will have two turbo-generators of 5,500 k.w. each in operation by October, 1929. It will cost about [illegible]000.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

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COMMUNISTS DRIVE FOR $100,000 ELECTION FUND

MILL COMMITTEE DEMANDS PART IN STRIKE PARLEYS

Mediators Call Confab; T.M.C. Warns Workers

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 4.—As signs rapidly multiply to show that a majority of the mill owners are exceedingly anxious to resume operations at any cost, the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration has issued a call to the mill bosses and the officials of the Textile Council of the United Textile Workers to come to a conference tomorrow for a discussion of a basis for a strike settlement. Despite the fact that the Textile Mills Committee here represents and is leading the vast majority of the 28,000 on strike, they are not invited. The T. M. C. strike committee, however, issued a public statement yesterday demanding participation in the conferences.

Elect Officers

A strike committee meeting last night elected Elulalia Mendez secretary, Andres Izyk, treasurer; Antone Costa, Ellen Dawson, A. Mackham, Mary Correia and Eli Keller as a negotiations committee which will seek admittance to the conferences in the name of the majority of the textile workers out on strike. The conference is to be held in the New Bedford City Hall.

In the official statement of the T. M. C. strike committee the workers are warned of an attempt by the Textile Council leaders to betray their heroic struggle. This charge is backed up by reminding the workers that the officialdom had nothing but the highest praise for the "labor extension" scheme proposed at a recent conference called by the citizens' committee. His scheme, which also had the bosses' hearty endorsement, was merely a highly intensified speed-up system by which the workers would produce much more.

At that time the bosses refused to obtain endorsement of the plan by the union misleaders. This they readily got. Now, when they can no longer stand the pressure of the market for cotton goods, they may go so far as to withdraw half of the wage cut order, some observers believe.

The Textile Mills Committee also points out these dangers, saying to the strikers, "The bosses cannot hold

(Continued on Page Two)

FASCIST REGIME LIKELY IN GREECE

Unrest Due to Strike Forces Strong Tactics

ATHENS, July 4.—The critical situation in Greece and the continued state of unrest may lead to an almost certain dissolution of the Chamber of Deputies on Saturday. Eleutherios Venizelos, the war-time premier, is again being pushed to the front by the reactionary forces.

The Conservatives are very much alarmed at the state of affairs following the tobacco workers strike, which almost assumed the proportions of a general strike and a probable revolution. The strike, starting among the tobacco workers, spread to the dock workers, threatening to draw other workers from nearly all industries into the walkout, and even won the support of the Greek sailors. Greece is still in a state of ferment and has alarmed the government considerably.

MINERS DEFENSE WEEK JULY 22-29

PITTSBURGH, July 4.—Plans for the mobilization of the forces of labor in a nation-wide relief and defense week under the auspices of the National Miners Relief Committee in conjunction with the International Labor Defense were yesterday made public here in a statement outlining the plans for the campaign.

July 22 to 29 inclusive, the week set for the drive, is to inaugurate one of the greatest efforts by the two bodies ever attempted in the field of relief.

The National Miners Relief Committee, which has fed hundreds of thousands of families during the miners' strike, and the International Labor Defense which has defended thousands of workingclass prisoners have joined hands to make the drive a success. Every city Miners Relief

(Continued on Page Two)

Anti-Jingoist Poster Shocks Boston Swells

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

BOSTON, July 4.—Boston patriots woke this morning to the horrifying sight of huge posters and stickers exposing the Citizens' Military Training Camp and denouncing this and other militaristic schemes of American capitalism. They were signed by the Young Workers (Communist) League.

The fake attractions blazoned forth on the numerous army and navy recruiting signs were obscured by the anti-militaristic pasters stuck on. They were also prominently posted on the State Capitol door, and even on Governor Fuller's office. All public buildings, the armory, and even the naval base did not escape the stickers.

No arrests have as yet been reported.

DEFY SIGMAN AT BOSTON MEETING

Members Demand Right to Hold Own Election

BOSTON, July 4.—Membership meetings of the two Boston locals of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, held here Monday night, repudiated the action of their Sigman controlled Joint Board and elected a committee to take charge of the union elections despite specific instructions to the contrary.

Because the membership of the two locals had, by an overwhelming majority, voted down the proposal to endorse the Sigman yellow dog contract the Joint Board had sent a communication to the International asking them to send a special committee to take charge of the Boston elections. The "yellow-dog contract" is a document Sigman requires every candidate for office to sign and which states that he is not a Communist, nor a Communist follower or sympathiser.

Not only the membership of the two locals, which are the Dressmakers' Local 46 and the Cloakmakers' Local 56, had rejected the use of this document, but even a recent meeting of all the executive boards of the Boston locals had repudiated this degrading order. Even the right wingers, the joint executive board members, had at that time declared that no organization work could be carried out successfully as long as active union members cannot run for office.

Despite the decisive action of the membership and the executive boards, the Sigman agents may try to impose their specially sent committee to supervise the elections.

WORLD TOURISTS GET NEW VISAS

Workers to Visit USSR Thru New Agreement

A cable from Moscow was received today at the office of the World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave., from its president, J. Brodsky, conductor of the third group that sailed under the auspices of the World Tourists, Inc.

Extensions of the visas of the individual tourists enabling each one to travel all over the United Socialist Soviet Republics has been arranged for through the office of the World Tourists.

This privilege is securable on the basis of an agreement consummated last year between the Travel Bureau of the Soviet Government and the latter organization.

These tours afford the opportunity to those desiring to visit relatives or study conditions in the Soviet Union to do so.

To Hold Meeting of All "Daily" Agents Tonight

All section, sub-section and unit DAILY WORKER agents of District 2 are asked to report at 26-28 Union Square this evening at 8 o'clock for an important meeting.

Plans for the great concert and entertainment to be held at Coney Island Stadium July 14 will be discussed under the direction of Harry Fox, campaign director of The DAILY WORKER.

HEAT KILLS IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, July 4 (UP).—Intense heat, with accompanying humidity, caused nearly a score of holiday deaths in the middle west today as thousands of persons sought the beaches, resorts and picnic grounds for temporary relief.

District Fourteen Miners Oust Lewis Machine Officials

BIG CONVENTION RAISES ISSUE OF NEW MINE UNION

Elect, New Rank and File Officers

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

ARMA, Kan., July 4.—Rank and file miners of District 14, meeting here Sunday in an enthusiastic convention, ousted the corrupt Lewis-Burr-Skahan machine officials, elected temporary officers to carry on the business of the union and voted to prepare for the miners' national convention to be held in September, which is to lay plans for a new miners' union.

Lavery, former president and International Board member, together with McCluey, vice president of the district, ousted officials and some of their henchmen, stood on the corner near the convention hall while the ousting proceedings were in full swing. Their henchmen reported affairs to them. The convention was open to the miners of Kansas and no gunmen or thugs were guarding the door. All were welcome to hear the proceedings.

Large Attendance.

The meeting hall was packed with rank and file coal diggers. In spite of the terrorism and warfare car-

(Continued on Page Three)

SENATE 'PROBES' SINCLAIR AGAIN

To "Look Into" Salt Creek Activities

WASHINGTON, July 4.—The senate public lands committee today prepared to start another so-called investigation into the oil operations of Harry F. Sinclair.

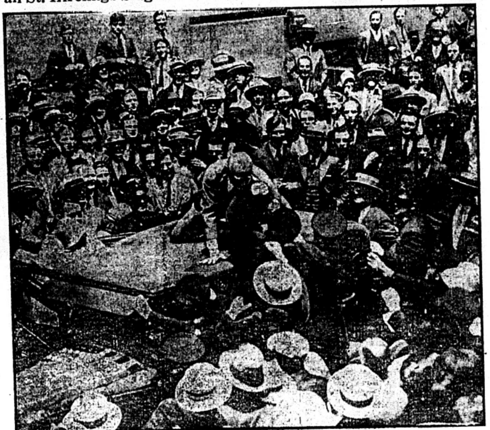
The Committee plans to send a sub-committee to Wyoming this month to investigate the case of Royalty Oil from the Salt Creek Field to the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Company.

While Sinclair's Teapot Dome lease was cancelled, the oil magnate has continued to obtain millions of dollars worth of Royalty Oil yearly from the Salt Creek tract under a five-year lease he holds with the interior department.

The sub-committee will also "investigate" to learn whether there was any fraud in the leasing of Salt Creek Field oil rights.

Sinclair was acquitted several weeks ago of "conspiracy to defraud the government" in the Teapot Dome oil lease, despite weighty evidence proving his guilt.

Wall St. Hirelings Slug Workers in Attack on Anti-Imperialist Meet



On the eve of July 4th a demonstration in Wall St. demanding independence for Nicaragua and the immediate withdrawal of American marines was attacked by police who slugged workers and arrested 16. Photo shows Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for U. S. Senator, being pulled down by police from the top of an automobile which he had mounted to address the workers. Minor was thrown down, kicked and beaten and then arrested.

THEREMIN, MUSICAL WIZARD, AT CONCERT

"The Russian Edison" was what they called Prof. Leon Theremin after he had demonstrated a television apparatus before the All-Russian Congress of Physicists in 1925.

Now they are hailing him thruout the world as even greater than Edison because of his remarkable invention by which musical sounds can be drawn out of the air without the aid of a musical instrument. Prof. Theremin's first appearance in New York last January, after numerous triumphs in the leading cities of Europe, was acclaimed by the foremost musicians and scientists as marking a revolutionary discovery that would completely change musical development in the future.

Musical Experts Amazed.

"I am amazed," said Sir Henry Wood, famous English musician. "The whole thing seems inconceivable, yet there is no doubt about its authenticity. Its musical possibilities are infinite."

"The apparatus produces a tone-color," declared Ottorino Respighi, the great Italian composer, "approximating to the human voice."

The chorus of praise that has been sung to this young inventor and musician (he is only 31 years old) has

(Continued on Page Three)

USSR CONTINUES ITALIA RESCUE

Soviet Ice-Breakers Are Near Survivors

VIGRO BAY, SPITZBERGEN, July 4.—The Soviet Union continues in its undertaking to rescue the missing Italia crew in spite of lack of co-operation from other nations.

The ice-breakers, Krassin and Maligin, are almost within reach of the Italia ice-floe camp, it is reported. The ice-floes prevent the rescue ships from advancing further, it was learned by radio message from them.

The Krassin is approaching from the northeast, while the Maligin approaches from southwest.

On next Monday the

Daily Worker

will for the first time appear in its "new dress" as a standard 8-column newspaper. Monday will mark the beginning of the introduction of a number of new features that will make The DAILY WORKER a more powerful organ of the militant American workers.

In the meantime we request the readers to excuse some faults in both appearance and regularity of delivery, due to disorder in the mechanical departments, incident to moving into our new quarters in the Workers Center on Union Square.

We ask all workers to help their "Daily" grow by spreading its influence among other workers. Buy several extra copies and distribute them among your shopmates and friends. Get one or more new subscriptions to The DAILY WORKER. Boost your "Daily!"

New Address: 26-28 Union Square, New York.
New telephone: Stuyvesant 1696.

MINOR UP FOR HEARING TODAY

15 Other Jailed Workers to Be Tried Monday

Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for U. S. Senator, will appear this morning at the First District Criminal Court, Center and Franklin Sts., to answer charges in connection with the anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall St. Tuesday afternoon, which was attacked and broken up by the police. Together with 15 others Minor was slugged and jailed, but was released on $500 bail, furnished by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense.

The others arrested were all released Tuesday night on the recognizance of the lawyer, Jacques Buitenkant, representing the I. L. D., with the exception of Nathan Kaplan, who was released on $1,500 bail after being charged with felonious assault. Kaplan was slugged by a policeman and two plainclothesmen. They will all come up again for a hearing next Monday.

EXPECT 50,000 AT DEFENSECARNIVAL

Fifty thousand workers are expected to attend the huge sports carnival and jamboree of the Joint Defense at Starlight Park on Saturday. Militant workers from every trade and every nationality will be present at this greatest proletarian sporting carnival ever held in this country.

Athletes from the leading workers' clubs of New York City will disport themselves on this gala occasion, exhibiting their prowess in baseball, soccer, swimming, boxing, wrestling, track, gymnastics, acrobatics and many other branches of sport. In addition to the athletic events, the Hungarian Symphony Orchestra will render an unusual musical program and a children's ballet will perform classical and modern dances.

SOVIET AVIATOR RETURNS SAFELY

KINGS BAY, SPITZBERGEN, July 4 (UP)—The Russian ice breaker Maligin sent a wireless message today saying Soviet aviator Babushkin, lost for four days, returned to the Maligin this morning.

Babushkin said he had been forced to land in open water on account of fog and he and his two companions worked strenuously to prevent the plane being crushed by ice.

PARTY APPEALS FOR AID IN WAR ON IMPERIALISM

Calls For Support of Workers and Farmers

Pointing out that the Workers (Communist) Party enters the election campaign as the leader of the workingclass struggle against capitalism, the Central Executive Committee of the Party has issued a statement announcing a drive for a $100,000 election campaign fund.

The statement follows in full.

Big business, trustified industrial and finance capital, rapacious, brutal, bloody American imperialism has spoken. They have nominated their two candidates. Mr. Herbert Hoover—who has won fame crushing the revolutionary working-class uprisings in Europe, an exponent of capitalist rationalization, efficiency speed-up, etc., through the intensified exploitation of the workers—is the candidate of the Teapot Dome Party, the Republican Party. Governor Alfred E. Smith of New York—Tammany Hall politician, favored son of the New York traction interests, Wall Street bankers, etc.—is the candidate of the Democratic Party.

Big business, says Mr. Rascob, general manager of General Motors, one of the largest industrial combines in the United States, has nothing to fear from the election of Smith. Mr. Schwab, head of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, declares: "'I am not afraid that politics is going to hurt business." Of course not. The two old parties are the Gold Dust Twins of big business, its most faithful servants. It is the workers and poor farmers who sweat and toil who have everything to fear from the oppressive and corrupt rule of Republican and Democratic politics.

Aides of Capitalism

Mr. Norman Thomas, a minister of the Gospel, is the candidate of the Socialist Party. The Socialist Party no longer recognizes the class struggle. It no longer nominates a worker and a fighter like Debs for its standard-bearer. It bows before the labor fakers. It blesses the class collaboration, the friendship and co-partnership between the capitalists and the labor bureaucracy. It opposes working-class, independent political action. It stands for capitalist law and order. It is opposed to proletarian revolutionary action, and loudly proclaims its support of capitalist democracy.

The Socialist administration in Reading has assured the capitalist exploiters, open-shoppers and enemies of the working-class that it will defend its property against attack on the part of workers during strikes The Socialist Party libels the name of Socialist.

It has degenerated into a petty-bourgeois party of capitalism. It has driven out of its ranks the valiant and heroic fighters in the American class struggle. The party is to be despised and bitterly fought by every militant, class-conscious worker. It is a party of betrayal and treachery to the workers.

The Workers (Communist) Party is the only party in the United States that is conducting a campaign against the capitalists and their strikebreaking government. It has nominated two valiant fighters in the class struggle, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow. Both are workers and members of trades unions. Both have been the objects of hatred and persecution on the part of the capitalists.

Champion of Workers

The Workers (Communist) Party, the party of the class struggle, enters this campaign as the champion of the workers and poor farmers, of Negro and white workers, and of foreign-born and American-born workers. Its interests are identical with the interests of these millions of oppressed and exploited masses in the United States who comprise the majority of the population.

American imperialism, whose hands are dripping with the blood of Nicaraguan workers and peasants, fat with the profits extracted from the millions of workers employed in its trustified industries, and from the tribute it collects from all parts of the globe—can no longer boast that its mass production, efficiency methods and world expansion are in the interest of the great masses of the people. Capitalist prosperity is now exposed for the fake that it is. Over four million workers are unemployed in the United States. No provisions whatsoever are made by the capitalist government for these unemployed.

The Capitalist State

In a land boasting billions in profits a drive is being made against the

(Continued on Page Two)

Workers Communist Party Plans Intensive Fight in Presidential Campaign

$100,000 FUND IS NEEDED TO CARRY ON ITS STRUGGLE

Appeals to Workers and Farmers For Aid

(Continued from Page One)

workers to further speed them up and to reduce wages.

The competition of the European and Japanese imperialists must be met by a ferocious drive against the workers to further lower their miserable living standards.

The whole power of the state is being used against the workers and their organizations in this drive. Government by injunction, denial of the right to organize, jailing of the workers and their leaders, brutal use of the police and military, absolute denial of freedom of speech and assembly, the evictions of workers and their families from their homes, and numerous other tactics are used by the strikebreaking Democratic and Republican government to browbeat the workers into submission.

The reactionary officialdom of the labor movement, the willing tools and lackeys of American imperialism stands between the masses and the capitalists, fights every manifestation on the part of the masses to take a militant stand, fights to accept the terms of the capitalists fights every move to strengthen the workers' organization, with the result that the trade unions are today in a crisis and the workers are subjected to one demoralizing defeat after another.

Bloody Imperialism

American imperialism, desirous of extending its dominance over new fields, has embarked on an aggressive imperialist policy. In Latin America it crushes the workers and peasants. Opposition to its rule is met by the machine-gun fire of the marines and the bombing of defenseless villages. The murderous bloody campaign of the marines in Nicaragua is an example of the savagery of American imperialism in its mad desire to subjugate and bring completely into its sphere of exploitation and robbery Latin America.

It crushes revolutionary movements of the masses with gunboat fire, troops, bayonets and machine guns, as for example in China.

It is the factor leading to increased militarism, enormous expenditures for the army and navy. American imperialism is the driving force in world politics leading the world into another world imperialist slaughter.

It fights the Soviet Union, refuses it recognition and lines up with the forces that are now energetically doing everything to provoke a war against the Soviet Union.

It supports Fascism and supports with loans of hundreds of millions of dollars the fascist governments of Italy, Hungary, Rumania, Poland, etc.

It refuses to recognize a Workers' and Farmers' Government—the Soviet Union.

It is this imperialism that in the campaign the Workers (Communist) Party will fight with all its determination and power.

The election campaign of the Communists issues calls to the workers and farmers to rally against imperialism, at home and abroad. Its slogans are:

Down with imperialism! Down with capitalist militarism! Against the imperialist war!

Full support to the poor workers and poor farmers in their fight against American imperialism!

Solidarity with the workers of all countries against the imperialists!

Full support to the revolutionary workers and peasants in the colonial and semi-colonial countries in their fight for freedom and liberation from imperialism!

Recognition of the Soviet Union! Rally to its defense and defeat the attackers of the only workers' and farmers' republic in the world!

Mobilize Workers

The campaign will be a campaign to mobilize the workers and farmers to fight in their own interests. The powerful combines of American industry must be met with powerful industrial organizations of the workers. New trade union organizations of the workers must be built. The unorganised workers in the basic and key industries must be organized.

Wage cuts must be fought. The miners' fight against the drive of the capitalists and the strike of the New Bedford textile workers must become the fight of the whole working class in the United States.

The needle trades workers' and miners' struggle for a union under militant leadership, free from the reactionary, corrupt and treacherous Lewis and Sigman machines, will be made part of the election struggle to indicate the need for a militant fighting unionism in the United States in opposition to the company unionization of the trade unions resulting from the class-collaboration policies of the reactionary officialdom.

In the election campaign a fight for the unemployed must be made with the demand of work at union wages for the unemployed or else full support to the unemployed in the form of union wages during periods of unemployment.

The Strikebreaker Government must be fought, and government by injunction and police and military terrorism against the workers ended.

The issues of the campaign are many. The election battle between the workers and poor farmers, on the one hand, and the capitalists will be a bitter one. The Workers (Communist) Party will be the champion of and fighter for the workers and farmers. Wall Street with its billions will be championed by Hoover and Smith. The Wall Street gang will have millions to spend to maintain their rule. The Workers Party needs thousands to mobilize the workers against capitalism.

The Workers (Communist) Party is, therefore, launching a drive for a $100,000 campaign fund.

$100,000 to fight the mighty Wall Street powers with their billions.

$100,000 needed to make the campaign a red nightmare to the corrupt capitalist politicians and their bosses the capitalists.

$100,000 for a campaign against wage cuts, longer hours, rationalization and all exploitation of the workers.

$100,000 against imperialism and imperialist war.

$100,000 to fight for the unemployed.

$100,000 to fight the Klan, lynching, all race discrimination, for social, economic and political equality for the Negroes.

$100,000 for militant industrial unionism.

$100,000 for organizing the unorganized rubber workers, automobile workers, textile workers, steel workers, transportation workers, miners etc., into powerful industrial unions willing and ready to fight the capitalists.

$100,000 for the recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.

$100,000 for a campaign to arouse the workers and poor farmers to revolutionary struggle against the capitalists and their government to the end that we establish in the United States a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

The Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party appeals to you, the workers and poor farmers of America, to raise this fund of $100,000.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

Textile Militants Shake Hands After Trial

Beal and Dias are shown here before the former was jailed on a thirty day term. Beal is one of the courageous leaders of the Textile Mills Committee which has been fighting for the demands of the 30,000 textile workers who have been on strike for 11 weeks in New Bedford. Dias, a loom fixer, was one of the earliest workers to join the militant movement.

RIGHT WING FUR UNION OUSTS 3

Leaders of Bloc Get 3 Years Suspension

Isidore Winnick, business agent, Julius Strauss and M. Abramowitz, who are part of the leadership of the progressive bloc in the right wing Joint Council, were officially suspended from that organization for three years for their "detrimental conduct." This is understood to refer to the open struggle they launched against the reactionary socialist-A. F. of L. allies who oppose the one union movement in the right wing dual union.

Winnick and the other two have been suspended without trial after he had refused to go to a pre-arranged "grievance board," claiming it had no jurisdiction over his activities. The particular issue used for his expulsion was the holding of a caucus meeting of his bloc recently. Winnick declared that the International general executive board had ruled that caucuses were legal. "What Stetsky and McGrady object to is not against caucuses, because this measure was passed so that they as the ruling group can hold caucus meetings. Stetsky objects to the fact that we held a caucus meeting, and a somewhat larger one at that," Winnick said.

In a statement Winnick, who is also a vice president of the International, said, "Long before the three years are up the people who voted for my suspension will have long been separated from the union." He then explained, "We are in this battle for one union and honest elections, and we will fight to a finish to attain our objectives. He then declared that he doesn't recognize the suspension, since the ouster is merely an attempt of the controlling clique to maintain themselves in power.

PILOTS HURT.

WASHINGTON, July 4 (UP). — Lowell S. Harding, 34, General Manager of the Potomac Flying Field, and W. P. Cassidy, 30, a pilot, were seriously injured here yesterday when a hydroplane they were testing dived into the Potomac River.

Cab Driver Is Fined $10 for 2-Minute Bite

Charged with disorderly conduct and with soliciting calls, Martin Neilson, taxi driver, of 1664 Nelson Ave., Bronx was convicted and fined $10 by Magistrate Dodge, in West Farms Court. Magistrate Dodge, according to Neilson, branded 95 per cent of all taxi drivers as "fresh guys."

Neilson was arrested two weeks ago by Officer Echartz, of the Bronx Park Police Station, after an argument with the officer at the corner of Tiebout Avenue and Fordham Road. He had succeeded in having his case postponed twice and had obtained legal aid in his attempt to fight what he termed "an absolutely false charge." To win his case he had been depending upon the testimony of his fellow taxi drivers who witnessed the arrest, but at the last moment they failed to appear in court.

Intimidation.

Friends of Neilson point out that had they appeared in court they would all be chased from the corners of Fordham Road and it would not be a hard task for either officer Echartz or his brother Tammany cops to frame these hackmen on trumped-up charges and to have them all "on the carpet" before Commissioner Ruttenberg in charge of the Hack Licence Bureau, with the certain result of either the suspension or revocation of their licences. At any rate their failure to appear brought Neilson a conviction.

The driver was arrested after he had left his cab in front of a coffee pot on Fordham Road and Tiebout Avenue and had stepped inside to get a bite to eat. He remained in the coffee pot not more than two minutes but when he came out the cop was waiting for him.

As Neilson approached his cab, the cop said: "Now I have you. Let me have your license." The driver gave the cop his license without protest and the cop then proceeded to "strip" the cab. When the driver protested against the cop stripping the cab the officer started to beat him across the legs with his night stick.

Neilson was then taken to the Bronx Park Police Station and booked on a charge of disorderly conduct. His hack license was taken from him and he was put in a cell.

Fake Charge.

In the morning when his case came before Magistrate Dodge, Neilson discovered that he was being charged not only with disorderly conduct, but with "soliciting calls from other than a hack stand," which is a violation of the hack regulations.

Neilson's conviction and fine by no means ends the case. His license which was taken from him at the police station was not returned to him, and Neilson must again face charges before Commissioner Ruttenberg in the Hack License Bureau for the same "offense."

These are the conditions which the hack drivers daily encounter.

BROOKHART WITH WALL ST.

DES MOINES, Iowa, July 4.—Senator Brookhart of Iowa, alleged "liberal," has turned to offer his full support to Herbert Hoover.

ZIONIST MACHINE TRIUMPHS; LIPSKY RE-ELECTED HEAD

Famous Labor-Baiters Active in Convention

PITTSBURGH, July 4.—The steamroller of the bureaucracy in power in the Zionist Organization of America flattened out every vestige of the so-called opposition with the reelection of Louis Lipsky as president of the organization at the concluding session last night of the organization's 31st annual convention.

Lipsky had prior to the opening of the convention been declared unfit to hold any office by a commission of leading Zionists which investigated the finances of the Zionist organization and found considerable fund juggling with Lipsky himself involved in several shady transactions. Lipsky had also announced at the beginning of the convention that he would not be a candidate for president. His sudden change of mind and consequent re-election are regarded in reliable circles as an indication that the Zionist Organization will continue its present policy of complete subservience to Great Britain's imperialistic ambitions in Palestine.

A prominent part in the closing session of the convention was played by Deputy Police Commissioner Nelson Ruttenberg, well-known for his persecutions of New York taxi drivers. Judge Otto Rosalsky famous labor baiting jurist, notoriou for the vicious sentences he impose on striking cloakmakers last yea was also active in work connecte with the convention.

START DRILLING AT PLATTSBURG

Train Youths For Next Imperialist War

PLATTSBURGH BARRACKS, N. Y., July 4.—The training of nearly 1,500 youths for cannon-fodder in the next imperialist war began in earnest here yesterday when the last of the arrivals, young men tricked to the camp by promises of "free vacation," "build your health" and other false rhetorical phrases, changed their civilian suits for the olive drab uniforms used in the U. S. army. The youths were tutored in the arts of saluting, drilling, and killing fellow workers by officers from the Twenty-sixth Infantry, the camp's "parent organization."

Despite the intense heat, the army fledglings were forced by the camp officials, to undergo a severe period of military drill on the sun-baked field. Of the 1,484 young workers and students duped into attending the camp, only six were rejected, the authorities said, because of "extreme physical unfitness." The rest, even though cases of physical weakness were discovered among them, were given orders to remain, so ardent is the desire of the imperialist organization to train as many men as possible for future warfare and the suppression of colonial freedom.

Tomorrow the youths will be awakened by the Twenty-sixth Infantry band at 6 o'clock in the morning, and at 9 a. m. they will hear the formal "address of welcome" by Colonel John F. Madden, jingo-in-charge. They will take the oath of allegiance to the U. S. Army and its imperialist principles, and will be greeted by a representative of the Chamber of Commerce.

Miners Defense Week Will Start On July 22

(Continued from Page One)

Committee, every language Relief Committee, youth committee, every organization that has givn support to the miners' struggle, every local and branch of these organizations will play a part in the week's drive.

(Full details of the campaign will be printed in a later issue of The DAILY WORKER.)

PLENUM NUMBER
of the
July Communist
Enlarged Issue.

CONTENTS:

RESOLUTION ON TRADE UNION WORK.
OLD UNIONS AND NEW UNIONS—Wm. Z. Foster.
TRADE UNION QUESTIONS—James P. Cannon.
RESOLUTION ON REPORT OF POLITICAL COMMITTEE.
IMMEDIATE PARTY PROBLEMS—by Jay Lovestone.
WM. D. HAYWOOD—"UNDESIRABLE CITIZEN"—J. L. Engdahl.
ASPECTS OF THE SITUATION IN NEW BEDFORD—by A. Weisbord.
BOOKS SELF-STUDY CORNER (LENINISM AND WAR)

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Fascists Greet German Imperialist Fliers

Captain Koehl, Baron von Huenefeld and Major Fitzmaurice, their co-partner in the trans-Atlantic flight of the plane, Bremen, are being welcomed back home by the interests which backed the adventure. Huenefeld has been frank in indicating the political implications in the Bremen flight. The picture shows their arrival in Bremen, Germany.

RECORD PICKET LINES AT MILLS

Trial of 29 Arrested At Parade Set For July 13

(Continued from Page One)

out much longer. Stick to your demands for a wage raise."

No Compromise

The overwhelming sentiment for struggle against all compromise proposals on fundamental strike issues give rise to the general belief that the U. T. W. officials will not succeed in selling out the strike.

Forrest Bailey, of the American Civil Liberties Union, yesterday telephoned a statement by his organization, which denounced in the strongest terms the breaking up of the T. M. C. parade by police last Saturday. Minken, a local attorney, refused to help in the defense of the 28 strikers arrested at the parade, or in the trial on the right to parade, when the American Civil Liberties Union attempted to hire him.

Huge Picnic

Thousands of strikers will today participate in a huge picnic arranged by the women's section of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the T. M. C. The picnic will be held on the Madieros Farm outside of the city. The use of the farm was donated free of charge. Even for this the city authorities refused to grant a permit till payment for two police guards was guaranteed by the union.

James P. Reid, organizer of the Fall River unit of the Textile Mills Committee, conducting a bitter fight against the police officials for the right to conduct an organization drive there, spoke at the mass meetings held here yesterday. The mass meetings held here daily are becoming so crowded as to tax the capacity of the fields upon which they are held.

Aid John Porter

A general call issued by the T. M. C. to a conference for the organization of a defense committee for John Porter is being received with an enthusiastic response from many workers organizations as credentials continue to come in. The U. T. W. Textile Council officialdom, however, refused to participate in this united front conference which will seek the release of a striker who faces a long term of imprisonment for army desertion because of his activity in the strikers' cause.

Taxi Drivers News to Feature Monday Issue

A number of articles and news features relating to the lives and struggles of Greater New York's 60,000 taxicab drivers will appear in The DAILY WORKER issue of next Monday. It is planned to get a copy of the paper into the hands of every driver in the city on that day.

Every Workers Party member and sympathizer, every reader of The DAILY WORKER is asked to join in this plan by purchasing one or more extra copies of the paper next Monday and pass them to a taxi driver. This plan is simple, feasible and must be cooperated with.

Go to your newsdealer today and order your Monday copies in advance. Do not delay but act now, so that we can know how many papers to print. Ask the newsdealer to send in the order immediately. Do this for your paper and your class.

This and many other features will appear in the Monday issue.

STORM CAUSES DAMAGE.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 4 (UP).—Severe wind and rain storms swept over North Dakota and Minnesota today. Two persons were reported injured and much property damage done.

RESULTS OF N. Y. MINE TAG DAY TO BE ANNOUNCED

Returns Still Coming in From Sections

Result of the Tag Days Drive held by the Miners' Relief Committee are not yet obtainable, it was announced yesterday. Most of the stations have not turned in their boxes. Many of the workers who collected last Saturday and Sunday for the relief of the striking miners are holding on to their collection boxes, so that they can be used on the 4th of July at the various beaches and nearby summer resorts. According to Fannie Rudd, Secretary of the National Miners' Relief Committee, over $5,000 will probably be collected.

Besides the proceeds from the Tag Days, relief funds to the National Miners' Relief Committee are coming in daily from the sale of Solidarity Certificates. These certificates, ranging in amount from 25 cents to ten dollars, are being bought by workers thruout the city as an evidence of their solidarity with the striking miners in their fight against the open shop operators.

The National Miners' Relief Committee has urged all workers to buy and sell the booklets of Solidarity Certificates, which may be obtained at 799 Broadway, Room 237. Reports from the striking areas indicate the need for relief to be greater than ever,—especially among the miners' children who are suffering from the heat and lack of shelter from the sun.

FASCIST MEETS FASCIST

ROME, July 4 (UP).—One hundred Hungarian students, who proved most efficient in studying Italian during the school year, were due to arrive at the Ligurian Riviera today to spend a month of their vacation as guests of the Italian government.

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Do not forget at all times to mention that you are a reader of The DAILY WORKER. Fill out this coupon stating where you buy your clothes, furnishings, etc.

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Theremin

The Noted Inventor of Soviet Russia, Who Draws Music From the Air, Will Appear at the Concert and Demonstration of 25,000 Workers.

More details will appear in coming announcements.

German Communists to Vote No-Confidence in "Socialist's" Rump Cabinet

USSR DELEGATE HITS POLICY OF AMSTERDAM INT'L

Increased Wages Far Behind Bigger Expenses

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker)

VIENNA, July 4.—Yesterday's session of the International Congress of Food Workers here was characterized by sharp discussion and debate between delegates from the Soviet Union and the executive committee of the food-workers union.

The delegates from the Soviet Union attacked the policy of the International Federation of Trade Unions, which is splitting the labor movement in all the countries where it is in control, and sabotaging labor struggles. The International Federation of Trade Unions is concentrating on the International Labor Office in Geneva and on the League of Nations, neglecting completely the struggle of workers all over the world against the war danger, the Soviet delegates said.

Spotnikov, the second Soviet delegate, proved by quoting recognized statistics that the petty increases in wages are limping weakly behind the rising cost of living. He declared that the Foodworkers International had no fighting policy, and pointed out of the 90,000 Swiss francs of the union's money, only 2,000 had been spent in fights for bettering the conditions of the workers within its ranks. The rest of the money, 88,000 Swiss francs, had been expended on "administration expenses" which might very easily have been cut down.

After he had completed his speech, Schifferstein, secretary of the International Food Workers, answered with a violent attack upon the Soviet Union, declaring that the situation of the working class there was worse than in the rest of Europe. This, however, was denied by the Soviet representatives, who again offered statistical proof to defend the Soviet situation.

* * *

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER.*)

VIENNA, July 4.—The Food Workers International Congress opened here to-day. The Congress represents seven hundred thousand European food workers. This includes the workers of the food industries of the Soviet Union.

A furious campaign against all places where night-baking is prohibited is being waged by the employers, according to the report of Secretary Schifferstein.

THEREMIN WILL PLAY AT CONCERT

To Perform at Coney Island Stadium

(*Continued from Page One*)

sent his name thruout every portion of the globe. In this country, however, only the few, the wealthy, have hitherto had the opportunity of seeing and hearing this sensational invention.

First Appearance Before Workers.

Now for the first time Prof. Theremin is preparing to appear before a real working class audience in this country. And it is fitting that this distinguished representative of the only workers' and peasants' republic should give his first concert before American workers on a revolutionary holiday, July 14, the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille. And it is also fitting that his first appearance should be before a mass gathering of militant workers—25,000 of them—all of whom will be present at Coney Island Stadium July 14 at the greatest proletarian musical event ever held in the United States.

But Theremin will be only one of the performers at this concert. Arnold Volpe with his famous symphony orchestra will be there and a wonderful ballet and—but we can't divulge all of the great program just now. The tip for all workers is: get your tickets early.

HUGHES ON WORLD COURT.

GENEVA, July 4 (UP).—The secretarist of the League of Nations was informed today that Sweden had nominated Charles Evans Hughes for judge of the World Court of International Justice at the Hague to succeed the late John Basset Moore.

Report of the Fifteenth Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union

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U.S.S.R. Workers Form Audience At Trial of Donetz Conspirators

Photo shows an audience of workers in the court-room in which the Donetz Basin engineers are on trial for conspiring with the Czarists to destroy the Soviet coal industry.

U. S., BRITISH FUNDS SEEK VENEZUELA OIL

MARACAIBO, Venezuela, July 4.—A hundred-mile pipe line with a daily capacity of 20,000 barrels, from the Tara field to Lake Macaraibo, Venezuela, will shortly be laid by the newly formed Colon Oil Corporation, organized by the Royal Dutch Shell group and the Carib Syndicate. The new Royal Dutch subsidiary will take over the entire capital stock of the Colon development company. Thirty wells have already been completed on the property. This will open about 2,100,000 acres of hitherto undeveloped oil fields. The financing of this new enterprise will be done through the American investment bankers, Lee Higginson and Co. and Hayden Stone and Co., who will place on the American market $10,000,000 of convertible debenture bonds of the new company. While American capital will participate in this British oil venture in Venezuela, the British have provided for keeping control of the company by the issuance of 2,200,000 shares of authorized common shares, the majority of which will be owned by the Royal Dutch Shell group.

The Royal Dutch group represents the most important and oldest oil interests in Venezuela, where the British have still greater oil investments than the Americans. The latter, however, are entering into Venezuelan oil exploitation and almost all other oil companies organized later are American controlled. At present American capital, which had only a very small interest in the Royal Dutch Shell group is joining in a larger measure the British enterprise.

Venezuela has outstripped Mexico in oil production and has no laws restricting foreign exploitation.

TO PROTEST U. S. NICARAGUAN WAR

Mexican Government Fears for Loans

MEXICO CITY, July 4.—Mingled with messages of good will to Ambassador Dwight W. Morrow, on his return from the United States, where it is understood that he consulted with New York bankers concerning the advisability of further loans to the Mexican government, the newspapers here are carrying expressions of fear that the meeting of the All-American-Anti-Imperialist League, which is scheduled for this afternoon, may interfere with co-operation with the American financial interests.

The demonstration which the League is planning will protest against the presence of American marines in Nicaragua and other Latin American areas.

* * *

For "Love" of Wall St.

MEXICO CITY, July 4.—The under-secretary of education, Moises Saenz, has appointed a committee of educators and newspapermen to lead a movement thru the public schools. Their purpose will be to teach children to "love the United States."

Moises Saenz is the brother of Aaron Saenz, former secretary of state and manager of the Obregon campaign. He is at present governor of Leon.

The New York Times Contradicts Itself

In a news item appearing in the New York Times yesterday, dated from London, the buying of grain on the world market by the U. S. S. R. government was interpreted as evidence of a crisis in U. S. S. R. grain and the possibility of a famine. The item cites information from Riga reports, one of the most unreliable news centers for news of the Soviet Union. The news itself is probably broadcasted by Reuter's, the British government dispatch agency.

A few days ago the New York Times carried a report from Walter Duranty, Moscow correspondent for the Times, which emphasized the favorable crop prospects, and cited favorable reports from all parts of the main grain centers of the Soviet Union, such as Southern Ukraine and Siberia. The latter report is far more reliable, especially since it is reinforced by oficial Soviet government reports.

Four Building Workers Are Killed in Storm

TORONTO, July 4. (UP)—Four men were killed and many injured at Leaside Station when a derrick fell during an electrical storm this afternoon. They were working on telegraph poles. A youth was struck by lightening at a city brick yard and killed.

CALL MONEY DOWN

Call money fell to 6 per cent shortly after noon today, the second reduction of the day from the 8 per cent renewal rate. This is a 4 per cent drop from the overnight rate of 10 per cent.

TROOPS TO FIGHT BOLIVIA INDIANS

SUVE, Bolivia, July 4.—The Bolivian government has sent troops to Puerto Acosta against the Indians who are said to be massing for attacks on the towns.

This year has seen a number of other Indian revolts in Bolivia, Peru and Ecuador against their white and mestizo masters which were all suppressed with the aid of the army.

Issue New Chervonetz

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 4. — To satisfy the needs of the monetary circulation in banknotes of small value, the state bank is issuing, besides one and three-chervonetz notes, also two-chervonetz notes, according to the decision of the Soviet government.

Like the one chervonetz notes, the new two-chervonetz will have a seal in colors, while the inscriptions showing the value of the note are made not in one, but in six languages of the Union Republics.

PLANE FALLS IN AFRICA.

PARIS, July 4. — A Paris-bound French ariplane, used in the Paris-South American Mail Service, was believed today to have fallen in the wild Rio De Oro region of Africa where a crew of Uruguayan aviators was held prisoners a couple of years ago.

!

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KANSAS MINERS OUST OFFICIALS

Prepare for New Union of All Districts

(*Continued from Page One*)

ried on by the machine, 29 delegates representing all sections of the district were present.

Tom Wakefield was unanimously elected temporary president; Stephen Walsh was unanimously elected secretary-treasurer and Joe Stoddard temporary vice president. The rank and file miners of Kansas discussed the situation in the district. Freeman Thompson of Illinois gave a report on conditions in the east pointing out what steps would have to be taken by the miners to remedy their plight.

No Democracy.

Delegates showed that no democracy was left in District 14. The remedy was the removal of the Lewis machine throughout the country and the building of a big powerful union, they declared.

An indictment of the officials of District 14 was read and adopted.

Delegates pointed out the need of political action along with the building of a powerful union of the workers. They showed that the "Sun" and the "Searchlight," local evening and morning papers printed on the same press, are the republican and democratic mouthpieces of the operators. At the same time it was pointed out that Burr was a republican and Skahan a democrat and both sat in the newspapers' office regularly and gave their printing to this concern.

REPORT FURTHER SANDINO GAINS

MANAGUA, July 4. — While information received from the interior reports that the army of independence under General Augusto Sandino continues to operate successfully against the American marines despite the rainy season, every effort is being made here today to distract the minds of the Nicaraguans from Sandino and center it on the American Fourth of July celebration and the coming elections.

With a view to impressing the country with the power of the American marine forces now in Nicaragua, reviews and parades are being held in all the towns and districts where American forces are stationed.

* * *

Return From East Coast.

BALBOA, Panama, July 4. — Brigadier-general Logan Feland has reached here on his return trip from the Nicaraguan east coast where he reviewed the American marine forces and inspected the new flying field.

FRENCH AIRMAN KILLED

NANCY, France (UP) July 4.—Lieut Piel, army airplane pilot, was killed and his two companions were injured when a bombing plane crashed into the steeple of the Municipal Hospital. Ther steeple collapsed.

CZECH AVIATORS DROP LEAFLETS CALLING RED DAY

Officials Stop Press From Printing Fact

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker)

PRAGUE, July 4. — Among the leaflets dropped on the city streets today by military airplanes during the parade of the Checko-Slovakian fascist legionnaires, were leaflets propagating the coming Red Day, issued by the Communist Party.

Authorities, however, suppressed all reference to the incident and stopped the whole press of the country from publishing the fact.

Burke and Pearlman to Speak at Troy Meetings

TROY, N. Y., July 4.—Plans were formulated to organize open air meetings and to secure signatures to put the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in New York State at a meeting held here yesterday of the Troy Unit of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Donald Burke and George Pearlman are scheduled to speak at the open air meetings, which will be held on the following days at the following places:

Thursday, July 5—Albany, N. Y.
Friday, July 6—Troy, N. Y.
Saturday, July 7—Schenectady, N. Y.

Worker Crushed to Death in Machine

NEWARK, N. J., July 4.—Pulled by the hand into a machine that he was oiling, Anthony Carrino, 40, was crushed to death here today. He was employed by the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company.

Witnesses said that Carrino was leaning over the apparatus when he apparently slipped on the oil that was on the floor near the machine, and his hand was caught in the mechanism. A wheel and a belt pulled him in bodily.

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WE ALL MEET
at the
NEW WAY CAFETERIA
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NEW YORK

London Workers Hold Anti-Fascist Meet

LONDON, (By Mail).—On June 10 a mass-demonstration against the new wave of terror in Italy was held in Trafalgar Square.

More than 6000 were present and a collection of over £11 was taken up. The march to the Italian embassy which had been proposed was banned by the police.

WILL PERSECUTE COLOMBIA LABOR

BOGOTA, Colombia, July 4.—Passage of further anti-labor legislation was assured and immediate steps will be taken against all Colombia workers and workers' organizations, it is believed, as the result of the official adhesion of the minister of war to the program of labor persecution outlined in the senate recently.

The minister of war announced yesterday that his department would stand solidly behind the senate and the executive department in the "heroic measures" enacted against the workers in Colombia.

PLANES DESTROYED.

WASHINGTON, July 3 (UP)—Hoover field, commercial airport across the Potomac River from Washington, was swept by fire today. The one hangar and eight planes in it were destroyed. Damage was estimated at $81,000.

MUELLER TO GET ADVERSE BALLOT IN NEXT 48 HOURS

Expect Further Action to Follow

BERLIN, July 4.—After careful deliberation, the Communist members of Reichstag today decided to submit a motion of no-confidence in the new cabinet formed two days ago by Chancellor Mueller. Formal notice will probably be given in the next 48 hours.

The no-confidence vote is felt to be a dramatic criticism by the Communists of the class collaboration policies of the German social democrats and has caused great excitement thruout the country.

Chancellor Mueller formed his "rump" cabinet, the so-called "cabinet of personalities," after the failure to secure a coalition among the leading German parties in the Reichstag.

The formation of such a cabinet called forth unusual comment among the workers and their leaders, as reflecting the complete betrayal of the working class by the social democratic party.

It is believed that further action will be demanded by the Communists within the next few days. A dissolution of the present cabinet as at present constituted is seen as not improbable.

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Soccer competition of Metropolitan workers' Soccer League.
Boxing, Wrestling, Gymnastics, Pyramids, Moonlight Swimming Contest, Fancy Diving.
The famous athlete, MAURICE BERTI, will exhibit most wonderful trapezical work and other spectacular exhibitions.
ALEX FOX, the strongest man in the world.
ART
Hungarian Workers' Symphony Orchestra in a classical program.
Ballet by children of Nonpartisan Workers' Schools.
AMUSEMENTS
Parade by all athletes, pioneers and children of Nonpartisan Workers' Schools.
DANCING CAMP FIRES
ADMISSION 50c.

Union Officials Wrecked Connecticut Car Strike, Traction Correspondent Says

MEN MILITANT AS MISLEADERS ACT TO STOP WALKOUT

Bosses' League, Press, Aid Treason

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW HAVEN, Conn. (By mail).—The traction workers of the state of Connecticut, with headquarters in New Haven, five days ago voted almost unanimously to strike on Tuesday morning, June 26, unless the Connecticut company, a huge monopoly of the trolley system in the entire state, and a subsidiary of the N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R., acceded to the following demands: (1) recognition of the union; (2) reduction of hours of work to 8; (3) an increase in wages, and (4) an improvement of the conditions of work.

Official Treachery.

When the men cast their vote, they did this with unmistakingly militant determination to fight for what they thought was their right. This action of the men was at once met with alarm by the union officials. First by the smaller fry and then by the big ones. They suddenly realized that these men meant it all. But would they allow such an embarrassing thing as strike to happen? Oh no. This is the age of "the higher strategy of Labor." Such an undesirable event is not allowed by the officials. And so from the very beginning they prepared to maneuver that turned out to be one of the lowest pieces of treachery ever pulled off.

When the workers took the strike vote, it was admitted even by the capitalist press that it was unanimous. The actual vote was seven to one thru the entire state. Such a powerful and almost uncontrollable sentiment in favor of a strike produced a very undesirable effect, not only among the company officials and the employers generally but also among the socalled labor "leaders,'" which culminated in the line-up of three powerful forces, determined to teach the workers a lesson for their "unexpected" move, namely the labor "leaders," the company officials and the open shop manufacturers' association.

Forced Arbitration.

Two of these union officials were Mr. John H. Reardon, international organizer and member of the international executive of the union and John L. Sullivan, member of the state board of the union and chairman of the local union of Middletown. Mr. Sullivan has a very interesting history in connection with his past activity as an official of his own local of Middletown. In 1926 and again in 1927, this man Sullivan reversed a unanimous decision of the local executive board for a strike for union recognition and forced it to accept arbitration, which materialized in a very peculiar silence on the part of the arbitrators. In 1925, the entire crew of officialdom strained every effort to convince the workers to accept arbitration. The workers accepted it. The result was the workers belonging to the union got nothing and the award was handed down to the non-union bus drivers. This the arbitrators did purposely, in order to discourage the workers from joining and belonging to the union.

In the present situation the union leaders, for reason best known to themselves, assumed the attitude of favoring a strike. Suddenly a peculiar situation was created. The company officials refused to arbitrate altogether. The union leaders insisted and "threatened with a strike" unless the company agreed to arbitrate. Originally and when the men voted for the strike, the demands were: recognition of the union (the union is not recognized officially by the company): eight-hour day and an increase in wages, the first of these being the outstanding one. But according to a preconceved plan on the part of the union leaders a consistent propaganda was began for arbitration and this the company "refusing" to consider, resulted in focusing the entire attention of the workers away from their real demands. This in my opinion was a very profound and clever maneuver on the part of the misleaders of the union. They themselves showed to be master Judases and played their game worthily and will be rewarded generously for it.

Up till the very last moment, the company stood its ground, refusing to budge in accepting arbitration.* At the same time all preparations were made—and this was officially and openly announced in order to scare the workers into submission, about which the union leaders kept silent—to bring in strikebreakers to replace the men in case of a walkout. Meanwhile the open shop manufacturers' association publicly declared that a strike of the trolleymen at this time would not be tolerated, that in case of its actually occurring, it would lend the Connecticut company experienced men, now employed in the factories, who formally worked on the street car lines.

Bosses United.

This sounded like a solid front of the bosses against the workers, but again the labor officials, in the face of this direct challenge to labor, kept silent, did nothing and said nothing. Instead of mobilizing the entire strength of the union and put up a real fight to realize the demands of the workers, they dilly-dally, only too willing to yield to the company's least resistance.

The bosses here presented a solid united front and prepared for a well aimed and crushing blow to labor. At exactly 7 hours before the time set for the walkout the final link of the chain of betrayals was forged.

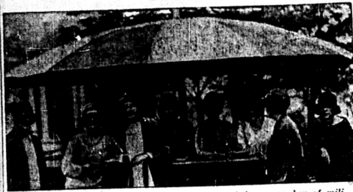
Mysteriously, a delegation of the Hartford local claiming to represent the majority sentiment of the local, suddenly appeared before the headquarters in New Haven, and notified the international officials, who were evidently waiting for such a delegation, that the Hartford local, the biggest in the state, would not strike! They claimed that the men did not know what they were voting for at the time, and that the whole business was misunderstood! This was evidently a very clever trick. But it was a bombshell for the rank and file and caused a great convulsion.

This also made it obvious that there would be no strike, and the international officials perfected the way out of this situation by hastening to announce that the strike was called off and that there would be another vote taken on the question the following week. In the meantime the propaganda against the strike was intensified thruout the entire capitalist press, strongly emphasizing the fact that the men misunderstood the whole procedure of the vote and, anyhow, this, that or the other local was not in favor of a walkout. This propaganda resulted into a confusion of the worst kind. Locals were pitched against each other, each blaming the other for causing the calling off of the strike. Besides this, there was actually a terror prevailing and the situation created as the result was not the best for a vote in favor of a strike. And no sooner were the ballots distributed and long before the vote was completed, the press thruout the state carried the story to the effect that the men had voted almost two-thirds against the strike. The leaders, of course, welcomed it and without any announcement of any kind went away, leaving the workers to the mercy of the company officials.

And so ended another tragic episode of the American Labor movement!

—TROLLEY WORKER.

Capitalists' Daughters, Wives Are Bait for Soldiers



During the sham battle which was staged for a number of militarists and prominent politicians and business men, society girls were on hand to smile at the thirsty soldiers as they offered them drinks. Smiles come easy when one stands in the shade and watches war maneuvers.

PIONEERS AID IN WALL ST. DEMONSTRATION

(By a Pioneer Correspondent.)

The demonstration reached Broad and Wall St. at about 12:20 P. M. The first line consisted of a group of members of the Young Workers (Communist) League and of the Young Pioneers. Immediately the cops took away our signs. In the meanwhile about 300 people had gathered about the demonstrators. The same thing happened to the other groups that arrived. Then about 2,000 people gathered there.

A meeting was opened by some of our comrades. A hundred or so workers grouped about us. Two policemen and several detectives broke up the meeting.

There were some German seamen from the Int'l Seamen Club. They protected our group of Pioneers. When the "dicks" took away our signs we went over to the debris on Broad St. and started to hold a meeting. A whole lot of "dicks" came over, big tall fellows, and started to chase the little people away from the meetings, they didn't go near the big people. These seamen came over and they wanted to protect the meeting. One of them, a readheaded fellow, went over to the detective, the biggest one, and gave him such a sock in the jaw and another in his nose, that he lost a couple of teeth and his nose started to bleed. After that the dicks didn't bother our meeting any more. The people listened with much more attention. All the office boys were laughing at the dicks and he said he would arrest them.

More meetings were begun and similarly broken up by the police and the detectives. The Pioneers were the most harassed because the brave police thought they were more dangerous than the grown-ups! And the seamen were always on the job; always ready to protect us.

One huge seaman punched the biggest detective in the jaw and nose so that the latter lost a few teeth and bled at his nose. But the representatives of "law and order" didn't bother us any more. When the cops took away our signs we went over and organized meetings on the rails that were lying in the street. They thot we were just a bunch of kids and they didn't bother us much. We had about 4 meetings. The dicks didn't bother us after the seamen beat them up. The pioneers gave out the Party leaflets in the meanwhile.

—CHARLES WILSON.

CHILE FASCISTS EXILE 40 MORE

Over 300 Now on Mas Afuera Islands

LIMA, Peru, July 4.—Forty more men have been deported by order of the Chilean dictator Ibanez to the Mas Afuera islands, where 300 Communists and anarchists were deported after the coup d'etat by which Ibanez established his dictatorship of Chile.

Repeatedly news comes from Chile that the deportees have been allowed to return, but actually permission to return has been granted only to those renegades among the labor leaders who promised to support Ibanez.

USSR to Make Clocks

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 4. — The Supreme Council of National Economy of the USSR has recognized it necessary to establish a new factory for the manufacture of timepieces in the Moscow district. The production of this new plant is calculated at first to reach 1.5 million ordinary clocks, 400,000 alarm-clocks, 45,000 electric clocks, 25,000 regulators, etc. per year. Besides, these works will, for the first time in the USSR, manufacture watches, beginning with a yearly production of about one million pieces.

A special commission is being detailed to Germany, Switzerland and America to study the latest methods of production and ascertain the possibility of entering into an agreement with the respective foreign firms concerning technical aid in establishing the production of watches in the USSR.

USSRGrowsMoreCotton

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 4. — The Ekonomitcheskaia Jizn publishes information on the contracts for cotton purchases, according to which on May 11th there was contracted throughout the USSR 995,309 hectares of cotton area, as against 978,400 hectares provided for by the plan.

Last year's plan of contracts, which was by 12 percent smaller than this year, had been executed by May 11th, 1927, only in the limits of 90 percent.

WINDOW CLEANER KILLED

Maurice Nelson, of Brooklyn, a window cleaner, fell to his death while cleaning a window on the fourth floor of a building when his safety strap broke.

LAKEHURST, N. J., July 4 (UP). —The navy dirigible Los Angeles left today for a training flight off the Atlantic Coast. Lieut.-Commander Charles E. Rosenthal said he expected to return by sunset.

Progressive Miners Thank Daily Worker

(By a Worker Correspondent)

YORKVILLE, O. (By mail).—I wish you would publish these few lines in our wonderful newspaper, The DAILY WORKER. I want to thank our many good and kind friends in Canton, especially Brother Carl Guillod, members of the Fleet Foot Tribe of Red Men, the Lodge of Engineers, the ladies of the Loo Moose, and our many other friends in Canton, and also Cleveland, Akron, Ohio, New Boston, Ironton, Cincinnati, Beech Bottom, Baltimore, Md., for their generous assistance to the cause of the progressive striking United Mine Workers of America.

We surely appreciate everything they have given and are still sending to us, and may they still continue with their untiring efforts to send and give aid to the needy miners' wives and families till we win our strike.

We must win.

We must fight on.

—JACK BELL.

BOSSES VIOLATE MINIMUMPAYLAW IN LOS ANGELES

$1.50 Per Day for Best Paid Workers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By mail).—California has a minimum wage law for women. And like many other so-called labor laws, it was made to be broken by the employers, it seems. The document prohibits the "weaker sex" in the manufacturing industry to work for less than $16 a week—after they have passed the 6 months apprenticeship period.

Piece-work in the home is not allowed without special permission of the state industrial welfare commission. The state standard of the local commission requires that at least 33½ cents per hour be paid for all home work done by women.

$1.50 a Day.

The following letter was published by a local liberal daily recently.

"I understand there is a minimum wage scale for women here which prohibits less than $16 per week pay. There are hundreds of garment workers who work piece-work at their homes, and the price per piece of goods is so low that the best of them make no more than $1.50 per day. My wife, born and raised in Mexico, is an expert in the work and was employed before our marriage in a fine shop here at $24 a week. Recently she found some spare time and took work from a shop on Los Angeles street.

"The owner gave her a complicated piece of work to do at home, but would not tell her the price, as he wanted to sample her work. She spent a good four hours on it and they allowed her 80 cents. The manager was not in when she called to get the money and she waited two hours before they said they would send it by mail.

"My wife does not have to work, but there are dozens of refined girls (mostly Spanish) who do, and because of lack of the English language are handicapped, and these employers put things over.

"Some are poor and must keep themselves and children alive, and must accept anything, almost, for their work, sometimes 25 or 30 cents for two hours' work. What can be done to remedy these situations and sweatshop practices?"

Mrs Edsen's answer, for the state, follows:

"It has been impossible to apply this $16 a week wage for home workers who are working by piece.

Order 11-A.

"The industrial welfare commission has ruled (see order No. 11-a in the manufacturing industry, section 11) that 'No employer shall give work to women or minors to be performed outside the place of business of said employer except upon permit issued by the industrial welfare commission.'

"It has been most difficult for this department to find the employers of women for home work who do not have regular shops in which women are employed within the shop.

"In fact, the only way that we get the names of the employers giving out home work, who do not have regular shops, is when a complaint comes to this department, which we are always glad to get and investigate.

"I assure you that we will immediately look into the question of home work referred to by the Trentway resident."

"Honor" Instead of Bread.

This commission has done a lot of "investigations" in the last few years. The benefit to the workers, however, has always been next to nothing.

About 3 years ago, female movie extras were granted a hearing concerning the miserable conditions under which they worked (or, rather, starved) in the picture industry—ruled over by Will Hays who, as a flunky of Wall Street, helped to make Harding president and Daugherty and Fall cabinet members. Some of the girl were very militant at that time and started a near riot in the chamber of commerce building. But all they got out of it was the "honor" of being called "artists" instead of "extras"—something they neither demanded nor cared for. In the opinion of most empty stomacks, fake honor is a poor substitute for bread, anyhow.

Loop-Hole in Law.

The apprenticeship clause in the minimum wage law is the loop-hole through which many employers escape the responsibility of paying the minimum wage, $16 a week, to women and girls. They do it by discharging the workers as soon as their apprenticeship period of 6 months is up. Then they hire "green" hands to take their places. This has been done in laundries and other lines of work in this city and state.

Mrs. Edsen says "that it has been most difficult" for her department to locate violators of this law. Why? It it because they are employers? Workers, who are wanted, are generally easily caught by the authorities.

Jewish Girls Not Wanted.

Jewish women and girls are not popular in the eyes of wage-cutting slave drivers of this city. Employment sharks have orders to turn them down, according to an article in a morning paper, not so long ago, by a Jewish girl in behalf of a number of female workers of her own race and class.

Why do the open-shoppers of this burg act that way? Is it because the Jewish women generally are more radical than the rest of their sex?

It is suggested that Mrs. Edsen hire a few militant workers to catch violators of the minimum wage law.

—L. P. RINDAL.

—DRAMA—

"Gioconda" to Inaugurate Free Opera Season at Starlight Park

Arrangements are now being made to give New York another season of free opera, to be presented every Thursday evening at Starlight Park Stadium.

The season will start tonight with a presentation of the opera "La Gioconda" and will continue with the following repertoire: July 12, "Rigoletto"; July 19, "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Pagliacci"; July 26, "Faust"; August 2, "Aida"; August 9, "Lucia di Lammermoor"; August 16, "Il Trovatore"; August 23, "La Traviata"; August 30, "Carmen"; September 6, gala night, with acts from different operas.

Among the young singers with whom Captain Whitwell is now negotiating are: sopranos, Marguerite Cobbey, Ora Hyde, Yolanda Renaldi, Julia Benson, Olga Muscat, Marguerite Speaks, Agnes Hennessy and Pauline Kittner; contraltos, Martha Melis, Zara Jay, Ada Paggi and Euine Harper; tenors, Vincent Carelli, S. Sciaretti, Julian Oliver, F. Bertini, F. D'Angelos and G. Cavadore; baritones, Guiseppe Interrante, Giuseppe Maero, L. Dalle Molle; bassos, Martin Horodas, Miguel Santacana and E. Palazzi.

IN "ROSALIE"

Doris May who is appearing in "Rosalie" at the New Amsterdam Theatre.

NEW WAGE SCALE FOR STAGE HANDS AND MUSICIANS

The International Theatrical Association through its Labor Committee is about to begin negotiations with the local stage hands' union for a new wage scale. The present scale expires September 1. So far no definite plans or demands have been made by the local union body.

Negotiations are also going on with the American Federation of Musicians for a new wage scale for the road musicians.

Both the musicians union and the stage hands' organization are strongly organized in this part of the country.

THREATEN TO CUT WAGES OF 40,000 IN COKE MINES

Progressives Forming Strong Union

(By a Worker Correspondent)

UNIONTOWN, Pa., July 4.—The H. C. Frick Coke Co. threatens to cut the wages of almost 40,000 unorganized coke miners in Fayette and Westmoreland counties. Notices have already been posted at the mouths of each of their mines. Almost every day miners are killed or permanently crippled in coke mines. Elmer Wilson was burned from his neck to the soles of his feet in a coke oven at a mine near here, only a few days ago.

Rank and file progressive miners are secretly organizing coke workers in all four unorganized counties of Pennsylvania. Miners from Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois are organizing the coal diggers of West Virginia, Kentucky, Kansas, and other unorganized mine fields into a strong union which will not only fight wage cuts but demand better wages. The National Miners' Relief Committee is doing its share by supplying relief to the families of thousands of miners who are striking for union working conditions and a living wage. All funds sent to their headquarters at 611 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., are used for this purpose.

—EDGE.

More Jewish Settlers Colonized in U.S.S.R.

KHABAROVSK, U. S. S. R., July 4.—Up to 35,000 Jewish families are to be settled in the vacant area of the Birsk-Bidjanny district in the Amur zone, according to the plan approved by the Soviet government. This measure will make it possible to establish in this region a Jewish national administrative community.

From the beginning of spring, there have arrived to the Birsk-Bidjany district about 600 Jewish settlers who have been settled, partly, in the Birsk test field and, partly, in the rice fields of the Ekaterino-Nikolsk district.

MOSCOW, July 4.—In 1926-27 the port of Vladivostok had a turnover of 1,989,000 metric tons, Novorossisk 1,806,000 tons, Leningrad 1,720,000 tons and Batum 1,610,000 tons.

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EACHERS HELP EXTILE BARONS IN NEW BEDFORD

Senator Butler Buys Up Sky-Pilots

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (FP), July 4.—Former Senator William M. Butler, through private detectives, has ordered New Bedford preachers to tell workers to return to the cotton mills under a 10 per cent wage reduction. Indirectly he has promised to "take care of" them if they will help break the strike from their pulpits.

At least a dozen ministers have confirmed the story of the Rev. Linden H. White, pastor of St. Martin's Episcopal Church, who revealed activities of the Butler-bossed private detectives. J. Aspin Reed, head of a Boston detective agency, called on White and urged him to help call off the strike. He was to call on manufacturers to open their mill gates to hungry workers, although they had already published their intention of opening July 9.

Bribe Preachers

"Will the manufacturers take down the wage cut notices," asked Linden.

"No," was the detective's immediate reply. Turned down, Reed came back the second time. The minister stuck to his guns, and then Reed remarked pointedly and cooly:

"Do you mind, Mr. White, if I take your answer back to Senator Butler? You know he is interested in the mills here."

Reed also offered to "take care of" the pastor. To some he offered automobiles. Bribery unavailing, Reed threatened White that he would call up the mill treasurers and notify them of the preacher's refusal to serve them.

Linden's public statement followed a plea from Father Noon, Catholic clergyman, imploring the mill workers to stick it out. He asked the bosses to rescind the cut, asserting that even the previous wages had been far too low.

Uses Private "Dicks"

Butler, former chairman of the National Republican Party, former U. S. Senator from Massachusetts and confidante of President Coolidge, is a firm believer in the efficacy of private detectives in breaking up strikes and smashing unions. Between 1918 and 1922 he paid $250,000 to the Sherman Service to disrupt the union, corrupt leaders and tear down resistance to wage cuts.

The attitude of the New Bedford Council of Churches in urging arbitration of the dispute has been officially commended by the State Church Federation. The Federal Council of Churches is understood to be deeply interested in the New Bedford struggle and is making a preliminary study of the struggle to determine whether it should conduct a formal survey.

Worker Killed, Forty Injured When Crowded Brooklyn Trolleys Crash

One worker was killed and 40 injured, when a crowded Bergen Street trolley jumped a switch and crashed into another trolley at St. John's Place and Ralph Ave., Brooklyn. Negligence in failing to keep switch in repair is said to be the cause of the crash. Photo shows the damaged cars after the wreck.

BOSS DISCOMFITS HILLMAN MACHINE

Says 50,000 Garments a Week for Scab Shops

Despite all the ballyhooing of the Jewish Daily Forward, who together with Sidney Hillman of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union are trying their utmost to convince the world that workers in the trade are prospering under the Hillman regime several uncomfortable facts come to light to expose the chaos in the trade First it was the graft scandals that were exposed, and now the almost complete disorganization of the industry becomes known through the admission of the bosses.

As many as 50,000 garments per week are being sent to non-union contracting shops from New York manufacturers, is the announcement made by the manager of the Children's Clothing Contractors' Association.

Not only can this traffic be stopped. the workers bitterly complain, but even if it couldn't, the officialdom should launch organization drives to unionize the out of town open shops To prove that it can be stopped, it is then pointed out, all it is necessary to know is that the material shipped out is all cut goods, and a strict and honest control of the cutting end of the work would prevent this work from going to scab shops. It will be remembered, however, that the recent graft exposures showed the union officialdom as aiding and helping to ship these orders out of town for a cash consideration.

BERLIN, July 4.—Telephonic communication with Mexico was opened yesterday at 267 marks for three minutes of conversation—considered a prohibitive price.

Imperialism and Fourth of July

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press)

To millions of workers slaving throughout the world to provide the tribute exacted by the American dollar empire the 4th of July will loom as anything but the birthday of liberty. They will view it as the day set apart by the world's greatest exploiters to glorify their rise to power. Gradually it will be transformed into Empire day, demanding worship of imperial power, wherever the dollar has established its dominion.

The change in the character of the 4th has been in progress many years. But it has proceeded most rapidly since the world war enabled American capitalism to declare its financial independence. This transformation is reflected in the recent expulsion from the Daughters of the American Revolution of a member who protested the blacklisting of scores of prominent persons for professing the principles of the declaration of independence.

Prior to the world war the United States was still in part an economic colony of Europe. Its workers had each year to produce the tribute required by European capitalists on the five to six billion dollars which they had invested in America. The greater part of this tribute went to England which held about $4,000,000,000 of American securities.

War Profits for U. S.

Huge war profits shifted the balance of power to American capitalists. They bought back a large proportion of the American securities held in Europe. They bought the investments of England and other European countries in Central and South America. They established New York as the moneylending center of the world and with the end of the war began to pour dollars into all parts of the world, taking mortgages on governments, buying up industries, engrossing power resources, building railroads and factories.

The latest census of America's investing dollars shows $5,200,000,00 invested in Latin America, $4,300,000,000 in Europe, $3,900,000,000 in Canada, $700,000,000 in China, Japan and the Philippines and $400,000,000 in other parts of the world. These dollars, which extend the domination of American capitalists over the economic activities of other peoples, are increasing more than $1,000,000,000 a year.

Enslave Latin America.

The growth of imperial power over Latin America is evident in the increase in dollar investments in Cuba from $220,000,000 in 1912 to $1,400,000,000 in 1918, by the increase in dollar investments in Mexico from $800,000,000 in 1912 to $1,288,000,000 in 1928, by increases in China from $15,000,000 to $451,000,000, Brazil from $50,000,000 to $388,000,000, Peru from $35,000,000 to $169,000,000, Venezuela from $3,000,000 to $162,000,000 and so on all the way down to ments increased from $3,000,000 to $20,000,000.

U. S. Investments First.

In total foreign investments the United States is still second to Great Britain, if British investments in the dominions are included. But American foreign investments are increasing more rapidily and in economic power there is no comparison. The annual income of the United States at $90,000,000,000 is nearly equal to the entire national wealth of Great Britain which is estimated at $100,000,000,000. American wealth is estimated as high as $550,000,000,000. In productive power the United States stands preeminent.

U. S. Dollar Controls World.

The dollar has stabilized capitalism in Europe, blocking the spread of bankruptcy and social revolution. It is recognized even by British bankers as the world standard of value. American bankers, bulwarked by the federal reserve system, are capitalizing the situation. Under their direction American dollars are boldly storming the economic defenses of other nations or filtering in as the situation requires. And behind the dollars are the American marines and the enormous potential war strength of the American people.

All this is summed up in the celebration of 4th of July 1928. It marks the development of empire worship.

To Work For Hoover Following Resignation

CHICAGO, July 4. (UP)—Secretary of the Interior Hubert Work arrived here yesterday from Superior, Wis. after submitting his resignation to President Coolidge.

Work held conferences here with republican leaders regarding a western manager for the campaign of Secretary of Commerce Hoover, republican presidential nominee.

There was no indication of who would be appointed. James W. Good, who has been under consideration, is understood to have refused the offer because of press of "personal business."

Workers' Calendar

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

• • •

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio.—The Young Workers Club of Martins Ferry, Ohio, has arranged a picnic and dance to be held at the Volt's Farm here on July 8, from 10 a. m. thruout the day and night. All those wishing to attend should meet at the Hungarian Hall, Main and Central Sts. There will be refreshments, games, speakers, etc. Transportation to Volt's Farm is free.

• • •

Philadelphia Y. W. L. Excursion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—An excursion for the benefit of the Young Worker, central organ of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will take place Saturday, July 7. Boats will leave the Chestnut St. pier at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Tickets are 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Tickets must be bought in advance from the Young Worker, at 1214 Spring Garden St. Otherwise the proceeds will not go to the Young Worker.

• • •

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. — The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin.

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing

POLISH AIRPLANE PILOTS STRIKE

Pilsudski Government May End Walk-out

BERLIN, July 4.—Pilots of the Aerolot Company, a Polish commercial airplane concern, have walked out on strike, according to dispatches received here from Warsaw.

Repeated demands for increased wages had been disregarded or refused by the company, the reports state. The men finally lost all patience and declared the strike.

The company made an immediate appeal to the government and it is believed that action will be taken to force the men to resume work at once.

Leaders of the strike declare that the men will not go back to work until the company complies with their demands.

Mexican Troops Halt Band of Reactionaries

MEXICO CITY, July 4.—In the course of four fights between Federal soldiers and a reactionary catholic band, 79 were killed. It is believed that the band was led by four catholic priests, two of whom were killed in the encounter.

The fighting occurred near Santa Isabel and Zapotlan Del Rey, the Federal troops losing eleven.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations Attention!

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Elevator Service. ***Telephone Stuyvesant 1201.***

PHILLIPS, SEWER GRAFT KING, DIES

Tammany Ring Still in Control

John M. Phillips, dictator of the corrupt Tammany Hall political machine in Queens and under indictment in connection with the $29,000,000 sewer graft scandal, died at Atlantic City yesterday from acute kidney trouble.

Phillips was to have gone on trial this summer in federal court charged with failure to pay income taxes amounting to nearly $1,000,000.

He also was to have appeared in Supreme Court this month to answer an indictment charging him and Maurice E. Connolly, former Borough President of Queens, with conspiring to defraud the city of millions of dollars in the letting of contracts for sewer construction. Phillips had the exclusive agency in Queens for a special type of sewer pipe which was sold to the city at exorbitant rates.

The Queens political ring, controlled by Connolly and Phillips, was one of the most powerful in any city borough. Phillips dictated the city sewer contracts. An investigation which stalled for many months recently was finally force to return indictments.

Tammany Hall did some window dressing in preparation for its national nominating convention by forcing out the too brazen Connolly. It was noted, however, that the same machine is still in power as was proven by the character of the committeemen sent to the convention at Houston all of whom were attached to the string manipulated by Phillips.

STORMS IN WEST KILL FIVE PERSONS

More Than 20 Hurt; Reports Incomplete

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 4 (UP).—Hail, wind and rain storms over Minnesota, Wisconsin and North and South Dakota during the last two days left five deaths in their wake and property damage amounting to more than $2,000,000, reports indicated today.

It is definitely known that five persons have been killed and a score or more injured. Communication still was disrupted to parts of the states and the complete toll probably will not be known for several days.

Reports last night were that nine persons had been killed, but with the establishment of more complete communication, the death list was cut down.

Amundsen Reported Rescued By Yacht

TROMSOE, July 3 (UP).—An unconfirmed report received here tonight said the British yacht Albion had rescued Raold Amundsen near South Cape, Spitzbergen. The Albion had reported early today that she heard faint radio signals which might have been sent out from the seaplane in which Amundsen and his companions started on an expedition to the relief of the crew of the dirigible Italia.

The reports, which were without other confirmation, said a Norwegian sealing vessel assisted the Albion in the rescue and that both vessels were proceeding to Tromsoe.

LAUNCH CAMPAIGN TO AID ALL TEXTILE MILL STRIKERS

Forming Tag Days, Picnics in New England

BOSTON, Mass., July 4.—The New England Textile and Miners Relief Conference of the Workers International Relief is planning huge undertakings for the relief and defense of the striking textile workers of New Bedford, Mass.

Some of the activities for the next few weeks have already been mapped out in detail and are presented here Many other elaborate affairs are now being outlined by the conference functionaries.

On July 8 a house to house collection will take place in Boston, Dorchester, Cambridge, Roxbury, Malden Mattapan, Winthrop, Revere and Chelsea. Two hundred couples are needed to participate in this canvas

Every sympathizer of the struggles that these workers carry on at this time are urged to report at one of the above centers for duty, Sunday, July 8, at 9 a. m. The headquarters will be announced later.

A huge New England outing to Camp Nitgedaiget, Franklin, Mass. has been arranged for July 15. The various conferences and relief committees existing throughout New England will organize truck and bus excursions to Camp Nitgedaiget on July 15. This day will open the National Park week drive for the relief and defense of the New Bedford strikers. Busses will leave from Springfield, Worcester, Brockton Haverhill, Chelsea, Lynn, Roxbury and Boston at 10 a.m. The various headquarters in these cities will be announced later. Reserve this date Every class-conscious worker should come out on this day as an expression of solidarity with the strikers of New Bedford.

A lecture on "The Significance of the New Bedford Strike and the Role of Relief Strikes" will be given by F. G. Biedenkapp, of the W. I. R., on July 20. The purpose of this lecture is to acquaint the broad masses of workers with the real facts in the New Bedford strike and rally them to the active support of these struggles. The lecture will take place in New International Hall, July 20, at 8 p. m. The proceds will go for the benefit of the New Bedford strikers

ASKS RHINELAND FREE OF POWERS

Mueller Has Few Words For Labor

BERLIN, July 4.—Renewing the demand for the liberation of the Rhineland from the occupation of Allied troops under the world war treaty, Chancellor Mueller yesterday said: "Early restoration of the sovereignty of the Rhineland is essential if the barrier to international understanding is to be removed."

Mueller had only a few words to give to the labor problem, stating that Germany would "adhere" to the eight hour day agreement. The rest of his declaration was taken up with proposals for keeping the army out of politics.

MOSCOW, July 4. — Undeveloped hydraulic resources in the Soviet Union are estimated at 62,380,000 horse power.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

• • •

Brighton Beach I. L. D.

The Bill Haywood branch of the I. L. D. will meet Friday evening, July 6th at 227 Brighton Beach Ave., Brighton Beach.

• • •

Bakers Council 1.

Bakers Council 1, of the United Councils of Working Class Women, will hold a lecture and tea party on the evening of July 6, at 1387 Washington Ave. near 169th St. at 8:30 p. m. The lecture will deal with the situation in the striking miners' district.

• • •

Council 10.

Council 10, of the United Councils of Working Class Women will hold a lecture July 10 at 1940 Benson Ave., Brooklyn, at 8:30 p. m. The subject of the lecture will be "The New Stage of the Women's Movement in America To-day." Ray Ragozin will be the speaker.

WORKERS PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK—NEW JERSEY

Executive Meet Subsection 3C.

An executive meeting of subsection 3C of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held today, 6:30 p. m., at 101 West 27th St. All comrades must be present.

• • •

Section 7 Conference.

The section campaign conference of section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Friday evening, at 1940 Benson Ave., Brooklyn. All petitions and instructions will be given to members of the section at the meeting. No one must fail to be present.

Electrical Workers in Newburgh Go on Strike

NEWBURGH, N. Y., July 4.—The electrical workers in this city went on strike today, after company offcials refused to consider the demands of the electrical workers union.

The striking workers are demanding $11 a day and a five-day week, whereas the employers say that they will not raise the present standard of wages and working hours, which are: a five and one-half day week and ten dollars a day wages.

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FLOODS DESTROY CROPS OF MINE STRIKERS IN OHIO

Situation Becomes Desperate

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

RENDVILLE, Ohio, July 4.—The striking miners of Hocking Valley are standing by helplessly, watching the flood destroy their summer food supply. Thousands of coal diggers have worked on little garden patches for weeks, looking forward to the vegetables to supplement their one-meal-a-day fare, only to see it all carried away by the high waters.

Picket lines are active on every road leading to the mines. The attempts of the Ohio Collieries Coal Co. and the Sunday Creek Coal Co. to operate to their mines open-shop are meeting with complete failure. No matter how hungry they are, the coal diggers are on the line morning and evening.

Now that the gardens are gone, appeals more poignant than ever before have come to the National Miners' Relief Committee, urging that their locals be included in the relief lists. Conditions in this part of Ohio are probably more desperate than in any other section of the strike area. The National Miners' Relief Committee is appealing for more funds, so that it can expand its activities to take in these camps. All funds sent to 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., are immediately converted into food and send into the strike camps.

ATTENTION

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Editor……………………ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor……………WM. F. DUNNE

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For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

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For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

The Socialist Leadership of the New York Times

An amusing editorial—and in a certain sense an instructive one—appeared in the New York Times last Tuesday. While this authoritative newspaper of the New York bankers is not precisely a socialist party organ, nevertheless it descended just for one moment to fill the function of "Comrade" Oneal's New Leader.

The editorial starts off:

> "Among the working classes of Europe the standard of living is higher than before the war, according to a survey conducted by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace."

The Times then quotes "Comrade" Sidney Webb for a testimonial in testimony for the magnificent helpfulness and generosity of capitalism to the working class. And then a scolding of "other British labor unionists and Socialists," who,

> "though in a minority, find it hard to concede that the capitalist devil is not quite so black as they believe Karl Marx painted him."

The Times is merely stepping into that necessary backyard of capitalist political activity which is called the "socialist" movement, to apply a little discipline. The Times says plainly that it wants its socialist servants to hearten up their fight for opportunist revisionism, their fight against their masters' enemies, the Communists. The Times continues:

> "For it is now more than thirty years since the German Revisionist Socialists broke with the Marxian creed of the increasing poverty of the masses under capitalism. Today it is only the fanatics of the Cook type and the preachers of Communism who cling to the dogma of a working class sinking deeper and deeper into destitution and servitude. Responsible and intelligent Socialists have not left it for 'capitalist' investigators like the Carnegie Endowment to proclaim that life has been growing easier and fuller for the workers. Higher wages, shorter working hours, the security of social insurance, larger opportunities for recreation—these are undeniable facts which have convinced Socialists in every country that the Marxian 'truths' of 1864 stand in need of serious revision. Instead of poverty and enslavement they now stress justice and democratic control of industry.

So the New York Times was a "socialist" organ Tuesday. On Wednesday it came back to the Republican-Democratic fold after the little excursion into its "servants' hall."

• • •

Is there a single honest worker left in the "socialist" party that cannot learn from this that the cause of Revisionism—which is to say, the cause of Hillquit, Berger, Oneal, Thomas and Maurer—is the cause of capitalism, as advocated within and on the fringes of the working class? In other words, the so-called socialist party has precisely nothing in common with Socialism, nothing in common with Marx, nothing in common with the cause of the working class. The Times defends the "responsible and intelligent socialists" who, it says, take the position "that the Marxian 'truths' of 1864 stand in need of serious revision." And the Thomases and Maurers, in turn, defend the "democracy" by which bankers rule.

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The cause of socialism is represented solely by the party which struggles to make the working class the ruling class; it is only after the establishment of the rule of the working class that it becomes possible to begin the building of socialist society. The only party that fights to establish the rule of the working class is admittedly the Communist Party; while the socialist party fights for the continuation of the present governmental system of capitalist "democracy"—so eminently satisfactory to the New York Times and finance-capitalism.

When the socialist party's candidate for the presidency, "Comrade" Reverend Norman Thomas, openly writes in the organ of the socialist party that he is not an "orthodox" Marxian, of course it cannot be disputed that his reverence means that he and his party are the Revisionists of whom the Times speaks with such approval.

Workers who hold to the views of Marx and Engels and want to fight for Socialism have precisely one way in which to realize their hopes. They must join the party of Marx and Lenin, the Workers (Communist) Party.

Let this red election campaign result in drawing many thousands of new members into the Workers (Communist) Party, the American section of the world party which fought for and established the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

Or are you a "socialist" of the kind approved by the New York Times, organ of Wall Street?

CHILD LABOR IN D. C.

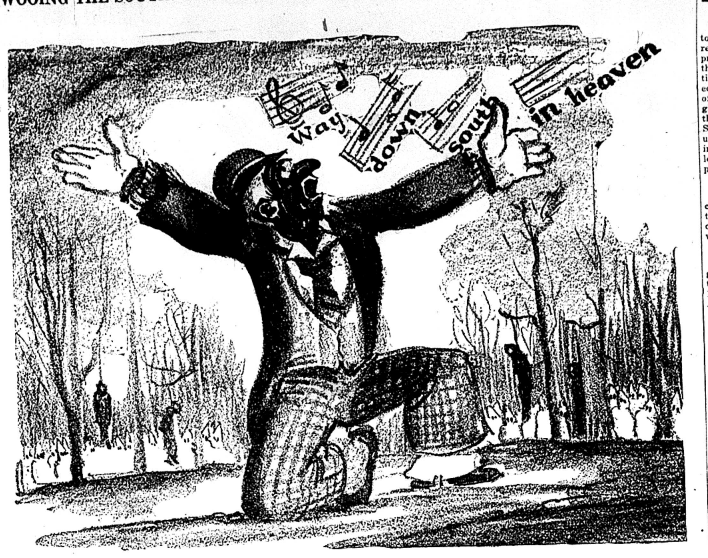
WASHINGTON (FP), July 1. — Employers of children in the District of Columbia are being personally notified of the provisions of the law taking effect July 1, passed recently by Congress. As a result, there is registered a sharp increase in the number of applications for working papers. Enforcement is directed by the department of school attendance and work permits.

Boys under 16 and girls under 18 are forbidden to work between 7 p. m. and 7 a. m., and boys under 18 cannot work after 10 p. m. Girls under 18 cannot be employed in hotels, cigar stores, places of amusement, or as messengers for telegraph companies or parcels delivery. No minor under 18 will be allowed to operate any passenger or freight elevator, or work in any quarry or tunnel, or in any place where tobacco is prepared for manufacture, or in any cigar factory.

Employment of a minor in his parents' store, whether paid or unpaid, is subject to the provisions of the law. No boy under 16 is allowed to sell newspapers or magazines, in any street or public place, after 7 p. m. The six-day work week is established.

WOOING THE SOUTH. . . .

By Fred Ellis


Way down south in heaven

Southwest Miners Fight Fakers

By HUGO OEHLER.

The miners of the southwest coal fields in District 13, 14, 21, 24 and 25 have endured several years of the worst labor betrayal and treachery that an organization as militant as the miners could live through.

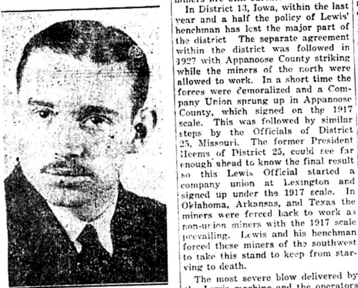
In Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas where the miners were well organized they enjoyed conditions better than workers of other organizations. The organized miners of these states proved what a body of men in an industry can do if organized and fighting as a unit against the operators.

Result of Treachery.

But for the last several years, the Lewis administration of the United Mine Workers has shown what a reactionary grafting set of "labor leaders" can do to a powerful organization. From an organization that challenged the operators at every turn, the union has changed to one which day by day relinquished points won through bitter years of hardship and struggle. A once militant organization has been transformed into a Semi-Company Union because of a leadership which has grafted itself upon the organization.

Today, the miners of the southwest stand on the crossroads leading either to complete destruction if the path of Lewis is continued or to the rebuilding of the organization if the path of the left wing, the road of class struggle is followed.

Some years ago Districts 21 and 24 were lost to the union when the miners of Oklahoma struck and were betrayed by the Lewis Machine. The same policy of leaving one district work while the other district was on strike lost Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas at the beginning of the struggle. While the Oklahoma miners were fighting the operators Lewis was cutting down their forces.



HUGO OEHLER

The meetings of the operators with the union officials in the Keith and Perry Building in Kansas where contracts were signed were usually transformed into booze parties. In Kansas City Lewis perpetrated his betrayal of the eastern miners by signing up separate agreements. This policy was later perfected by district officials until now they have it down to a science with individual mines signing up in such a way that the forces of the miners are still further weakened.

In District 13, Iowa, within the last year and a half the policy of Lewis' henchman has lost the major part of the district. The separate agreement within the district was followed in 1927 with Appanoose County striking while the miners of the north were allowed to work. In a short time the forces were demoralized and a Company Union sprung up in Appanoose County, which signed on the 1917 scale. This was followed by similar steps by the Officials of District 25, Missouri. The former President Heems of District 25, could see far enough ahead to know the final result so this Lewis Official started a company union at Lexington and signed up under the 1917 scale. In Oklahoma, Arkansas, and Texas the miners were forced back to work as non-union miners with the 1917 scale prevailing. Lewis and his henchman forced these miners of the southwest to take this stand to keep from starving to death.

The most severe blow delivered by the Lewis machine and the operators against the miners of the southwest was the combined attack of the industrial court law and the Lewis betrayal of the Howat-Dorchy, Kansas miners' strike. After the defeat of this strike and the coming of Van Bittner the back of the miners of the southwest was broken and it was only a matter of time before the miners' organizations of the nearby states, mainly Oklahoma, Arkansas, Iowa and Missouri would be strangled. And such did follow until now the bulk of these miners are non-union; others are in company unions while the United Mine Workers of America is no more than a semi-company union in the entire southwest.

The first blow against the miners by the operators and the Lewis machine was delivered in District 14 and today after years of betrayal, treachery, graft and corruption on the part of the officials we find that the first battle of the rank and file in line with the struggle of their comrades in the east is taking place.

Repeat Struggle.

Seven years ago the miners of District 14 put up a heroic battle against the operators and Lewis machine and today these same miners are repeating this struggle.

Yesterday it was at the head of the attack by the operators. Today the miners are attacking the operators by calling a rank and file convention to oust the reactionary officials of District 14 and to lay the basis for the new miners' union of the southwest in line with the national miners' conference.

New Life for National Minorities Under U. S. S. R.

By I. AMDUR.

The October Revolution has undoubtedly done much for the Russian workers and peasants. Only under its own dictatorship could the working class, together with the wide masses of peasants, have reached the comparatively high level of cultural development and economic emancipation that they now enjoy.

However, one must turn to a survey of the existing conditions among the numerous national minorities—scattered throughout the four corners of this vast expanse, with one foot embedded deeply in the modern, contemporary achievements of western civilization, and the other just as firmly entrenched in the ancient mysticism of the East—that the far-reaching effects of the October clash for the rights of self-determination may be properly judged.

More than a hundred national minorities live on the territory of the Soviet Union. Until 1917, these numerous peoples and tribes (in some of which are no more than two or three hundred people) existed under conditions that had undergone no change for hundreds of years; without schools, without literature, with no public institutions, no modern culture, many of them even without an alphabet. They were indeed little removed from the early Tartar and Mongol hordes that swept through the eastern portions of Russia centuries ago.

Darkness Under Tsarism.

Tsarism made no attempt to civilize these semi-barbarous tribes. It was not the policy of the Tsarist regime to introduce reforms among them; such a policy would have entailed enormous money grants, and, besides, it was a dangerous business to have the light of knowledge brought to the minorities as this light could quite easily set the spark to their consciousness of their conditions, and the resultant awakening would not at all have been for the good, or profit, of the Romanovs and the preceding dynasties.

The only time when the powers that were turned their attention to these peoples was when the latter, having experienced a particularly poor harvest, were unable to pay the taxes in kind which were demanded. Then bands of cossacks were despatched to these regions, and a bloody lesson taught to these "refractory" tribes.

The problem of the cultural development of the national minorities was, and is, one of the principal and most difficult tasks of the Soviet Government.

New Life Under U.S.S.R.

A Commissariat of Nationalities (since reorganized as the Council of National Minorities) was set up immediately after the seizure of power by the Bolsheviks. Expeditions of ethnographers were sent out to study and gain the confidence of the tribes. The Commissariat issued an appeal for social workers, and hundreds of men and women teachers and instructors volunteered to go out and work among them. Schools were opened, and this great mass of oppressed illiterates, representing almost 33 per cent of the entire population (46,000,000) entered into a new life.

Special commissions of scientists and men of letters were set up to create alphabets for those of the minorities who were devoid of them. Literature was unknown among many of the tribes, and some of them had never before seen a printed book.

A publishing house catering solely to the national minorities was founded and many schools opened. This publishing house is, despite its untold difficulties, successfully grappling with a work that no institution of a similar character has ever before attempted. At the present moment, it is publishing literature in 42 languages. During 1927, almost 40,000 elementary readers in these languages were printed.

Along with educational development, these backward peoples find a gradual upliftment of their culture.

Libraries and schools have been opened in nearly all autonomous states. Travelling cinemas and theatres have finally roused the once semi-barbarian tribes to a desire for their own native folk-lore and culture, and today theatres with native performers, staging their own plays, can be found in every decent-sized town. Authors and poets have appeared from among them, and with each year the number of native publications is increasing.

The right of self-determination of peoples is being enjoyed by the national minorities, and the able brotherly aid that is extended by the Soviet Government has awakened feelings of the utmost confidence for the central government and co-jointly with it, share in the great task of socialist construction.

A Typical Mongolian Communist

Freiheit-Daily Worker Ball in Coney Island

Workers organizations in New York City have been asked not to arrange any affair for the evening of August 4. The Freiheit Sports Club, in cooperation with The DAILY WORKER, has arranged a concert, sport exhibition and ball for that evening, to be held at the Pythian Temple, 2864 West 21st St., Coney Island.

KILLED IN STORM

CAMDEN, N. J., July 4 (UP).—A freak electrical storm left one dead and three hurt in South Jersey today. Aldo Bruno, 14, Philadelphia, was killed by a bolt while riding a horse at the farm of Umberto Batchino near Vineland, N. J. The horse was uninjured, but Batchino was stunned and his feet blistered.

HANdOuTS

The fourth of July did not turn out to be so hot, after all. The spirit of revelry about which the capitalist press delivers its annual ballyhoo on the day before the Fourth, was noticeably absent yesterday. From the editor's window, on the fourth floor of the Workers' Center, a few straggling figures could be seen wending their listless way across Union Square. The dredges that are being used in remodelling the little "park" in the center of the square were silent, and lended to the general appearance of somnolence.

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The ear-shattering reports of firecrackers failed to materialize. A few taxis bleeted with their soprano musical horns. A few American flags waved tiredly in the sky.

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Finally, at six o'clock, the skies began to weep—for the wrongs perpetrated by the imperialist America of 1928 in the name of the Revolutionary America of 1776.

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In Church Too!

There are a lot of thinks going on in church besides the manufacture and distribution of religion. The preachers are usually impartial to labor and capital until a struggle breaks when they decide it is more pious and profitable to line up with the bosses. In the church shown above the pastor's wife and a handsome choir singer busied themselves teaching the workers the tactics of christianity; that is if the boss slaps you on one cheek, instead of biting him on the knee, give him the other cheek to disfigure. These two however did find time to hold hands once in a while underneath the hymn book. They used to spend a hard day giving out morality and then, when they had none left, they would meet clandestinely it is said. Things then transpired only distantly related to the theory and practise of Christianity. The pastor is now suing for divorce charging infidelity. The reason the wife wanted a little new company is shown below. He is the Rev. John R. Reeves of the Reformed Church of Hawthorne, N. J. The wife's name is Margaret and the choir singer is Charles D. Petrie. The members of the congregation are pretending to be extremely shocked. They haven't been found out yet.

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Kindness of Rich

You can look in any capitalist paper and find proof that the workers are getting a lot more than they deserve. If you couldn't what would be the good of a capitalist paper? In the above picture which appeared in the capitalist press we see the orphans desporting themselves at Luna Park. Some people might think that orphans are forced to live in cheerless and unsanitary institutions. But this picture is proof that they are being well provided for by getting a ride on an elephant's head once every solitary year. Perhaps you think the unemployed are left starving and forgotten. They may starve a little, but they are remembered in some of the most sympathetic resolutions ever passed in the history of buncombe. The poor are lucky too under capitalism. Every Christmas they get a basket of groceries that the rich don't get. The baskets are filled right up to the top too to provide for a family of five until the next Christmas. After such kindness anyone who criticizes the capitalist system can be proved ungrateful by any capitalist reporter.

Marathon Dancers Get Less Than $1 an Hour

Each of the eighteen dancers who established a world's record of 481 hours at Madison Square Garden received $477 last night from the promoter, Milton D. Crandall.

000 ANTHRACITE MINERS OUT IN BIG SYMPATHY STRIKE

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1928

URGE WORKERS TO SUPPORT $100,000 RED ELECTION FUND

Appeals to Workers and Farmers to Rally to Workers (Communist) Party

Statement By Agitation Department Denounces Capitalist Parties

In connection with its nation-wide election campaign with Foster and Gitlow as candidates for president and vice-president, the department of agitation and propaganda, the "Agitprop," of the Workers (Communist) Party yesterday issued a statement denouncing the parties of capitalism and pointing out the necessity of the working class to support their own cause in the coming election.

The statement in full reads:

The two parties of American imperialism, smeared with oil graft and polluted with sewer graft, have finished the task of nominating their national candidates for the next Presidential term. Wall Street is well satisfied with both—with Al, the ex-fish peddler and leader of Tammany Hall, and with Herbert Hoover, the efficiency man who came from some tumbled-down shack in the west—as they like to boast.

The Republican Party recently went through the farce of holding a convention to elect standard-bearers. Wall Street had already decided that Hoover was the man, so after a few native [illegible] were carried out on stretchers no other than the "unholy" Bill Vare of Philadelphia was used as Wall Street's instrument in breaking down all obstacles against the nomination of finance-capital's favorite son.

The Ohio Gang

It was Harry Daugherty, the [illegible] Ohio politician, afterwards red-baiting attorney general, who brought about the nomination of President Harding for the Presidency. And under the Harding regime the Ohio gang became notorious. Now the Pennsylvania gang under Vare will probably take the place of the Daugherty crowd.

And if Tammany Hall gets into the White House what a story there will be to tell four years hence! The Democratic Party is as corrupt as the G. O. P. and equally willing to serve the interests of the capitalist class.

Wall Street's "Liberal"

The Democratic Party is also backed by Wall Street. Al Smith, who has been considered liberal in the liberal and socialist press, enjoys the complete confidence of Wall Street.

Both parties are equally corrupt. While the Republican grafters took to the oil fields, the Democratic grafters dove into the sewers for their loot. The Democrats did not have a chance for eight years to loot the national treasury, and the Tammany Tiger is now purring with pleasant anticipation of four years of national pillage.

Exploitation Chief Robbery

But while the graft and corruption that goes on under those two parties makes good copy for the press and proves that capitalist politicians are frauds and hypocrites when they talk of patriotism, the robbery that chiefly concerns the Workers (Communist) Party is the robbery of the workers at the point of production.

The capitalist governments function as strikebreakers for the employing classes, and it does not make a particle of difference to the workers which set of politicians are in power. Both will break strikes, issue injunctions through their compliant judges, persecute the Negroes and the foreign-born, and wage war against the peoples of weak nations in whose territories are deposited resources that can be exploited to the profit of American imperialism.

Challenge Capitalist Parties

It is on these fundamental issues that the Workers (Communist) Party challenges all other political parties in the field, including the degenerate Socialist Party, and calls on the working class to organize for the overthrow of the system which those parties serve.

The Socialist Party has repudiated the class struggle, nominated a canting clergyman for President and supports the reactionary officialdom in the labor movement, which constitutes the strongest bulwark between the [illegible] class and the revolutionary [illegible] which aims to overthrow [illegible]. Under a socialist administration the government apparatus [illegible] be used to crush strikes and [illegible] warships to Nicaragua and [illegible]

[illegible] social-democratic government [illegible] crushed a proletarian [illegible] and under the premiership [illegible] MacDonald the British [illegible] dispatched warships to [illegible] crush a strike of Chinese [illegible]

[illegible] S. P. a Capitalist Party

[illegible] Party would maintain [illegible] through which capi[illegible] apparatus. This ma[illegible]

(Continued on Page Two)

LAUNCH ELECTION DRIVE IN DIST. 2

Successful Open-Air Rallies Held

The election campaign of District 8, Workers (Communist) Party, was launched Wednesday night, July 4, with open-air rallies in various sections of the city. They were among the most successful meetings held by the Party during recent weeks and proved to be real demonstrations for the Workers Party against American imperialism.

The subject of discussion at these meetings was, "Our Heritage from the American Revolution, the Struggle Against American Imperialism and the Program of the Workers Party."

Bronx Meeting

In the Bronx a meeting was held at Intervale and Wilkins Ave., the principal speaker being Rebecca Grecht, candidate for assembly in the 5th Assembly District, who was arrested at an anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall St. the day before. Other speakers were Harry Eisman, of the Young Pioneers, and Goldman, a member of the Laundry Workers' Union. About 500 workers listened attentively to the speakers and a collection of over $17 was taken.

Another open-air meeting was held

(Continued on Page Three)

NEW PLANS LAID TO SAVE ITALIA

Russian Icebreaker is Still in Ice-Pack

VIRGO BAY, Spitzbergen, July 5 (UP).—The work of rescuing the stranded men of the transpolar dirigible Italia was placed upon a new basis today when it was decided to have the Swedish seaplane Uppland establish a gasoline and food supply station nine miles from the ice encampment from which General Umberto Nobile was rescued.

The Uppland will establish this station on the coast of North East Land.

Meanwhile, the rescue ship Braganza disembarked the seaplanes which Captain H. Riiser Larsen and Lieutenant Luetzow Holm will fly. The Braganza started for North Cape, carrying a Finnish airplane which will be used at the new base to be established by the Uppland.

The Russian icebreaker Krassin has been unable to extricate herself from the packed ice.

Michigan Governor May Pardon Rich Criminal

LANSING, Mich., July 5 (U. P.)—Gov. Fred W. Green said today that he has taken under consideration a plea of George R. Rich, wealthy Battle Creek steel manufacturer, to pardon his son.

Arthur Rich, the son, is serving a life sentence in Jackson state prison for an assault and beating administered to Louise King, of Washington, Pa., Battle Creek college co-ed.

The governor told the United Press that he had ordered x-rays, introduced by the state at Rich's two trials as those of Louise King, taken to Ann Arbor and examined by a dental expert at the state hospital.

The father has claimed that the x-rays were not Louise King's, the governor said.

Governor said that the x-ray report would be considered with other data on the case in the application for a pardon.

ANOTHER DANCE MARATHON

BUFFALO, July 5 (U. P.)—The Common Council of Buffalo will issue a permit to promoters who plan to stage a dance marathon contest here in the fall.

DRAFT SCRAPS OF PAPER

GENEVA, July 5 (U. P.)—The League of Nations Security Commission adjourned yesterday after adopting model drafts of five treaties designed to prevent war.

MINOR DENOUNCES POLICE ATTACK ON PROTEST MEETING

Workers Party Nominee Shows Tammany Role

Robert Minor, candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party for U. S. Senate from New York State, who together with 14 other participants was arrested on Tuesday, July 3, at the demonstration in Wall street in front of J. P. Morgan & Co., organized by the All-American Anti-Imperialist League as a protest against the war of American imperialism against the Nicaraguan people, issued through the New York State Election Campaign Committee of the Workers Party the following statement yesterday:

"The tyrannical action of New York City police in breaking up the demonstration against Wall street and its oppression of Nicaragua, in assaulting and arresting workers peacefully demonstrating their solidarity with the oppressed peoples of Haiti, Porto Rico, Cuba, the Philippines and China, on the day before July 4, the very day on which the American people themselves, 152 years ago, overthrew their foreign oppressors, shows very clearly the real role of the American government as the government of Wall Street, the government of the bankers and manufacturers.

Police Tools of Capitalists

"The Tammany police, as the republican administration in Washington, are at the beck and call of Morgan and Rockefeller to attack workers, their meetings and their strikes in this country, just as they are carrying out the wishes of the financial interests with 4,000 marines in Nicaragua today.

"Governor Smith, democratic candidate for president, stands at the head of Tammany, whose police broke up the peaceful demonstration of

(Continued on Page Two)

NOTED BALLET AT STADIUM CONCERT

Theremin, Orchestra in Big Program

The famous ballet of the Roxy Paramount Theatre has been secured to take part in the great concert and entertainment that will be held at Coney Island Stadium Saturday evening, July 14. This ballet, one of the finest in the country, will perform a program of modern and classical dances specially prepared for the occasion.

Together with Prof. Leon Theremin and Arnold Volpe's Symphony Orchestra the Roxy Ballet will help

(Continued on Page Three)

CALL MONEY DOWN

Call money dropped to 5 per cent today on the Stock Exchange, compared with 10 per cent yesterday. Renewals were made at 8 per cent, the highest rate since February 9, 1921.

Demand His Release

Thousands of New Bedford textile mill strikers will take part in a huge mass meeting today to demand the release from prison of John Porter (above), member of the Young Workers League and textile strike leader. Porter, held in Fort Adams military prison, Newport, R. I., faces a 99-year sentence for his strike activities.

PORTER PROTEST MEETING TODAY

New Bedford Strikers to Fight For Release

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 5.—Plans for the huge mass meeting called in protest against the imprisonment of John Porter in an army jail are completed, the International Labor Defense committee announced. The meeting is to be held tomorrow afternoon on Sauliner's open field.

Many thousands of striking textile workers are expected to turn out in a demonstration for the release of Porter, who is a vice-president of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee.

It was because of his activities in the strike here that he was thrown into jail by the army authorities and now faces compound charges of desertion, participation in a strike and several other points, any one of them punishable by long prison terms, according to army statutes. Porter is also a member of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Paul Crouch, young Communist ex-soldier who himself served a prison term for his activities as a Communist while in the army, will be the chairman of the meeting. Other speakers are Jack Rubenstein, strike organizer; Theresa Valente, from the union, and representatives of the International Labor Defense.

Theresa Valente, who is secretary of the Provisional National Committee for Porter's Defense, announced that a national conference of sympathetic labor and youth organizations will be called in New York soon, with the date of the official call to be issued later.

8,000 MINERS IN ANTHRACITE JOIN IN BIG WALKOUT

District 1 Progressives Hold Conference

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., July 5 (UP).—Operation was suspended today in the collieries of the Lehigh Valley Coal and Navigation Company when 8,000 men went out in a sympathy strike. The strike was a result of suspension of operation in collieries Nos. 4, 5 and 6.

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

Complete Shut Down

HAZELTON, July 5.—Nearly nine thousand miners employed by the contractor system mines of the Lehigh Valley Coal and Navigation Company near Mauch Chunk walked out on sympathetic strike today when the company shut out its employees in collieries 4, 5 and 6 in what is believed to be an attempt to force down wages and weaken the power of the union. Progressive miners of District 1 have advocated the calling of a general strike against the contractor system which the reactionary officials of District 1 are refusing to fight.

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WILKES-BARRE, July 5.—One hundred-fifty representatives from fifty local unions of the anthracite attended a rousing conference called by the Save-The-Union Committee at Luzerne, and after listening to speeches by leading militants of the districts resolved to unite behind the struggle of the bituminous miners and to support the National Miners' Relief Committee.

Elect Officers

Bill Gebert was elected chairman of the conference and George Papcun secretary. Mike Harrington, from Avella, Pa., District 5, spoke in the name of the striking miners of that region and told the miners picturing the true situation in that region where striking miners have to fight not only the coal operators, state police, but also the reactionary machine.

Papcun pointed out that the mining industry in both sections in anthracite and bituminous are in crisis. "The officialdom of the union do not even attempt to help the situation," he said.

In District 1 miners are on to

(Continued on Page Three)

FASCISTS SIGN COMMERCE PACT

ROME, July 5.—Another step in the commercial and military understanding between the Italian and Hungarian governments was effected today when Premier Mussolini and Hungarian Minister Horthy signed a treaty of commerce and navigation.

It is believed that this is the first of a number of projects involving co-operation between the two governments to be consummated.

"MEDIATION" MEET BARS DELEGATES OF MILL STRIKERS

"Batty, Binns Do Not Represent Workers; Parley Decisions Invalid," Says Mill Committee

Mass Sentiment Demands Return of 10 per cent Cut Before Union Goes to Conferences

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 5.—Following a conference held today by Mayor Ashley, Chief of Police McLeed, Major Winslow and Lieutenant Perry of the 101st Field Artillery, an announcement was issued by Mayor Ashley to the effect that 40 national guardsmen, as much a mounted force as is obtainable will be used to assist the police Monday, when the mill owners will try to reopen the mill gates. In addition the entire police reserve and the civil service force will be called out to augment the police forces.

Monday is scheduled to be the real test day of the strike as tens of thousands of strikers are being mobilized to picket duty at the 56 mills.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 5.—In an attempt to clear the road ahead for an attempted sell out of the 28,000 textile workers on strike here, the State Board of Conciliation Conference, in which officials of the Textile Council and mill owners participated, refused admittance to the eleven representatives of the Textile Mills Committee on the grounds that they were not invited.

The strike committee of the T. M. C. upon learning of the exclusion, issued a statement declaring that the conferences are not valid since the Textile Council is not representative of the vast majority of workers on strike.

Secret Confab.

Although the conference was called for 10:30 a. m. in the City Hall, an announcement was issued by them that sessions will start in the afternoon and will be held in secret, not even representatives of the capitalist press being permitted admittance.

In view of the heretofore expressed eagerness of the Council officials to end the strike on any degrading terms offered, this move for secrecy merely emphasizes the charge that the conference is engineered as an attempt to betray the heroic fight of the workers.

(Continued on Page Two)

COOK VOTE RAPS LABOR SELL-OUT

Fights to End Against Official Treason

LONDON, July 5.—A. J. Cook, militant miners' leader continued to struggle against the action of the officials of the Trade Union Congress in conference with business leaders headed by Lord Mond, by casting his vote against the report providing for the establishment of an industrial council.

Cook, who sees in the industrial council the latest maneuver of the industrial leaders and union officialdom for class collaboration has fought the measure from the start.

The report which deals with trade union recognition and the prevention of strikes was drawn up largely under the direction of the business leaders headed by Lord Mond. In the fall it will be submitted to the Trade Union Council and the national confederation of employers' organizations who are expected to accept it.

Strikes are throttled under the provisions of the report. Though the idea of compulsion is discarded, it is specifically stated that no stoppage of work is permissible while the national industrial council is reporting.

Under the phrase "rationalization of industry," it is believed that Lord Mond and the group he represents and leads intends to introduce a nationwide speed-up and increase in efficiency, with corresponding elimination of workers.

Characterizing the measure publically, Cook declared it to be "a mere fig-leaf upon naked capitalist autocracy in industry."

WHITEWASH COAT FOR REMUS CASE

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 5.—George Remus, bootleg king and confessed wife-slayer, who was released from the state hospital for the criminally insane at Lima, Ohio, recently, was given a complete carte blanche today when Judge Chester R. Shook, of Hamilton County Common Pleas Court, dismissed a contempt citation made against the millionaire bootlegger during his murder trial last November.

Remus is now resting at his home here and says he expects to remain here indefinitely.

Workers School Offers Free Six-Weeks Course

A special course in the Fundamentals of Communism with A. Markoff as instructor. will begin in the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square, today at 7:30 p. m. The course will consist of six sessions, on consecutive Fridays. Ten Negro workers have already registered for the course. Thru a special arrangement, no fee will be charged.

The course will analyze capitalism, thru the stage of imperialism, the nature of the Dictatorship of the Proletariat, and Communism. It will conclude with a discussion on the working class movement of today, and the role of the Communist Party.

INDIA JUTE STRIKE

CALCUTTA (By Mail).—The strike in the jute industry has spread to the works of the Wellington Company, where 7,000 workers have stopped work in protest against the cut in wages.

"PROBE" OF POWER TRUST TO RECESS

Last Witness Up Today; to Resume in Fall

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Only one witness remained today to clear the decks in the Federal Trade Commission's power trust "investigation," prior to taking on the summer recess.

Frank M. Cuppy, Lafayette, Ind., will be questioned at a short session tomorrow. Cuppy, a power trust executive, was shown in previous testimony to have received substantial sums in connection with lobbying activities in behalf of Indiana utilities interests. He will be questioned regarding disbursement of the money.

When the commission has finished with Cuppy, it intends to recess open hearings until September, when Pacific coast and northeast utilities propaganda activities will be investigated.

Klansmen Fail to Hear Heflin; Can't Burn Cross

Klansmen gathered at Bailsley Park, South Jamaica, Queens, waited for several hours yesterday for the appearance of Senator Heflin, who had been scheduled to speak to them. Heflin, however, did not appear, sending a message that he was detained in Jackson, Michigan. Over 3,000 members of the Klu Klux Klan waited patiently in the hot sun, until they got tired of waiting.

Finally, when they had just about decided to burn their hundred-foot cross, it began to rain, making the affair a complete failure.

Lindburgh to Study Mexican Air Routes

MEXICO CITY, July 5.—The New York correspondent of the Excelsior said today that Col. Charles A. Lindbergh planned to spend three months in Mexico early next year, studying new air routes.

MORE IMPERIALIST PLANES

MELPOURNE, Australia, July 5.—Thirty modern airplanes have been ordered by the Australian government to be used as light bombers and two-seater fighters.

MELLON TO GO ABROAD

WASHNGTON, July 5 (UP).—Secretary of the Treasury Mellon announced today he will start a month's vacation on July 11, spending about two weeks abroad.

Watch for Monday's

Daily Worker

of improved quality and bigger pages, in which will begin the publication of the new **Draft Program of the Communist International,** just completed by the Program Commission, to be submitted to the Sixth Congress at Moscow. When acted on, this program in its final form will become the program of all Communist Parties of the world, the program of the proletarian revolution.

The first instalment, to be published Monday, will consist of the foreword and introduction, to be followed on the succeeding days by a complete chapter until completed.

Don't miss The DAILY WORKER Monday.

Get your fellow workers to become new readers.

New address: 26-28 Union Square, New York.

New telephone: Stuyvesant 1696-1697-1698.

Watt Exposes Move of Lewis Machine to Force Back Miners to Scab Pits

MILITANT LEADER SHOWS FISHWICK BEHIND BETRAYAL

Coal Diggers Will Not Be Stampeded

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 5.—"John L. Lewis is now ready to surrender the Jacksonville scale," John Watt, chairman of the Arrangements Committee of the National Miners' convention called for September 9-16 to organize a new miners' union, declared in a statement issued today. "Lewis's whole strike policy was aimed at bringing the miners to the point of exhaustion, when a wage cut could be forced on them, and he is now taking the final step. This is the real purpose of the meeting of the policy committee called by Lewis," Watt said.

In his statement Watt showed that the ostensible reason for the meeting of the policy committee, the demand of Fishwick's executive board that the Illinois district be allowed to "negotiate a separate agreement," is obviously false, since Lewis's publicly declared strike policy was based all along on negotiating separate agreements.

Opposed by Militants

This policy was fought from the very beginning of the strike by the progressives in the U. M. W. A. as leading to the isolation of the miners of western Pennsylvania and Ohio, where the main attack on the miners' union was taking place.

Fishwick's executive board really demanded permission to abandon the Jacksonville scale, and this was given support in resolutions passed within the past two or three weeks by a number of locals in Illinois which are still controlled by the Lewis-Fishwick forces. According to Watt, Lewis will now submit to the "pressure" from the Illinois miners, engineered by himself and Fishwick, and will abandon the Jacksonville scale, although the public statement that will be issued by the policy committee following its meeting may be couched in vague and evasive terms.

Miners Undaunted

The effect of this on the membership of the U. M. W. A., Watt said, will be to increase their determination to get rid of their false leaders and to bring larger numbers of them to the new progressive union which will be organized at the September convention.

FERRY-WORKERS WIN WALK-OUT

Tie-up of July 4 Crowds Forces Victory

When sixty men, employed by the Brooklyn and Richmond Ferry Company on their four boats, walked out on strike, at 10:30 a.m., July 4 crowds being at their thickest, traffic to Staten Island was held up for the day. The men asked for an increase of five dollars per week and time and a half for overtime, but a slight improvement on their present earnings.

The motorists, angered at this power of the ferry-workers to spoil a perfectly good day for them, waited in ever-increasing lines for hours.

Commissioner Goldman delayed a prespective pleasure trip long enough to act as a scab-herder for the ferry company. He put the city ferries at the disposal of the company.

But to no avail, since all traffic could not be accommodated. The company was finally forced to grant the workers' demands and the lines began working again at 6 p. m.

POETS HELP MINERS.

The Labor Temple Poetry Forum, which meets every Tuesday at the Labor Temple, 2nd Ave. and 14th St., will devote next Tuesday's session to proletarian poets. Those who will read include Harold Anton, David Plotkin, Herman Spector, Reiss, and others. Twenty-five per cent of the proceeds will be given to the National Miners' Relief.

RECOVER SHIP'S TREASURE

ST. NAZARIE, France (UP), July 4.—The Italian steamer Artiglio, seeking to salvage the valuable cargo of the Belgian liner Elizabethville that was sunk off Belle Isle, today recovered tons of ivory tusks. The steamer's real object is to find a shipment of diamonds lying in a dynamite-surrounded safe.

FIRE DESTROYS HOTEL

RALEIGH, N. C. (UP), July 4.—Fire, threatening an entire business block, including the city auditorium [illegible], was brought under control in mid-afternoon after the Yarborough hotel virtually was destroyed. Fire fighting equipment was called from Durham, 26 miles away, to aid local firemen in controling the flames.

MAIL PLANES LOST

PARIS, July 4 (UP).—A French airplane that was feared lost in the wild Rio De Oro region of Africa was located far off its route and was expected at Toulouse today. Another mail plane has been gone without trace since it left Casablanca, Morocco, Saturday.

No Public to Break Up This Demonstration

The Ku Klux Klan held a demonstration and celebration in Jamaica July 4. The patriotic ardor of the Klansmen was somewhat dampened by the failure of their beloved Klan senator, Heflin of Alabama, to show up. Photo shows the girls purchasing tickets to the celebration.

DRIVE FOR RED ELECTION FUND

Require $100,000 For Campaign Fight

(Continued from Page One)

chinery can never serve the purpose of the new order which will be set up when the workers seize power, as was done by the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union, and proceed with the reconstruction of society on the basis of the interests of the workers and exploited farmers.

The Workers (Communist) Party alone of all the parties in the field raises the revolutionary banner and urges the workers to organize themselves for a militant struggle for immediate improvements in their living conditions and for the final overthrow of the capitalist system and the organization in its place of a Workers' Soviet government in the United States.

Revolutionary Candidates

In this national election campaign the standard-bearers of the Workers (Communist) Party, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, with a lifelong record of struggle in the American labor movement, will sound the call for the organization of the American workers into the Communist Party to fight against the strike-breaking injunctions issued by Republican and Democratic judges, to fight against the reactionary bureaucracy of the A. F. of L., to oust it from control of the unions and to organize the workers into powerful, militant unions under a leadership that will recognize the class struggle and oppose class peace and class collaboration.

The Fighting Party

The Workers (Communist) Party will fight for the immediate recognition of the Soviet Union, the immediate withdrawal of the armed and governing forces of Wall Street from Nicaragua and other colonies, to support the struggles of the striking miners and textile workers, to organize the Negroes for a fight against racial discrimination as well as industrial exploitation, to fight against the persecution of the foreign-born workers, to urge the organization of a mass Labor Party, and to demand the immediate release of all class-war prisoners.

These are only a few of the issues that the Workers (Communist) Party will bring before the masses in this campaign. The contest between the only party of the workers and poor farmers and the parties of the capitalists will be a bitter one. The billions of Wall Street will be behind Hoover and Smith. The dollars of the workers and poor farmers will be behind the Workers (Communist) Party ticket.

The Workers (Communist) Party is launching a drive for a $100,000 campaign fund to fight the mighty Wall Street powers with their billions.

The billions of Wall Street will be used to befuddle the workers with poisonous propaganda and to purchase votes on election day.

The campaign fund that the Workers (Communist) Party is raising will be used to carry the fight against wage cuts, longer hours, rationalization, and the exploitation of the workers into every corner of the United States. The Workers (Communist) Party is asking the exploited masses of the United States, whether in factory or farm, to contribute to this fund.

Workers and exploited farmers! Get behind this drive for the $100,000 Communist Party Election Campaign Fund!

July Defense Bulletin Is Mooney-Billings Issue

The July issue of the Labor Defense Bulletin, which has just been published by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, is a "Free Mooney and Billings" number. Articles in its pages trace the history of the frame-up of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings; stresses the long struggle against a labor-hating and imperialist government to free the two militant workers, and appeals to the workers of New York to help in the mass drive that has been inaugurated by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense.

The cover design shows Mooney and Billings caught in the spider web of dollar diplomacy.

STRIKERS BARRED FROM CONFERENCE

Mill Committee Brands Parley as Invalid

(Continued from Page One)

ers against the 10 per cent wage slash.

Another fact indicating the purpose of the conference was presented by qualified observers who said that the mill owners hope thru the calling of this hearing to demoralize the ranks of the strikers in preparation for the coming Monday. According to a recent decision of the mill owners they will make an attempt to reopen the mills then.

Big Demonstration.

The Textile Mills Committee leaders, however, are confident that the picketing demonstration arranged for this Monday will be so tremendous in size as to compel the bosses to again close the plants. The sentiment among the striking tens of thousands shows that New Bedford will see the greatest manifestation of working class solidarity in the history of New England's labor struggles, the union leaders declared.

That the union leadership participate in no conferences, nor join in calling one until the mill barons are ready to give a preliminary guarantee that the 10 per cent wage cut order will be withdrawn, is the sentiment of the strikers.

"If negotiations are to be held," the workers say, "let there be negotiations over our other demands." This refers to the demands put forward by the Textile Mills Committee and among which are a 20 per cent wage raise and a 44 hour week.

"Impartiality."

An interesting fact that can be related is that one of the members of the State Arbitration Board is at the same time the chief official of the Mule Spinners Union of the Textile Council, Samuel Ross. His membership on the board requires that he be strictly impartial in a controversy between the workers and the bosses. Not only are the bosses satisfied with his impartiality, but his speeches to the strikers, in which he scolded them for not wearing cotton instead of silk stockings, shows him to be more than partial—to the bosses.

This morning saw large and enthusiastic picket lines covering many mills at both ends of the town.

At the Whitman Mill about several hundred pickets of the Textile Mills Committee marched. Suddenly from around the corner came a line of about half a hundred pickets of the Textile Council. They tried several times to outmaneuver the Textile Mill Committee pickets and cut them off from the mill gate. Their leader stated that under no circumstances would their line leave before the Textile Mill Committee members. But by about eleven o'clock all the Mill Committee members were still there while the Council pickets had completely faded away.

VERMONT FARMER RUINED BY FLOOD

Land Destroyed, Stock Gone, Lot Hopeless

The devastated condition of the farmlands of Vermont constitute a serious drawback to the rehabilitation of these farms, according to a survey completed by the United States Department of Agriculture.

The floods of last November, followed by the spring floods, have wrecked havoc with the small farms and meadowlands. In spite of the serious danger of further erosion and back-sliding of the river banks, the government has as yet done nothing. The task is too great for the farmers to handle alone, since it requires the building of dams, dikes and jetties which is quite out of the question for the already exhausted farmers, who are threatened with complete annihilation.

Many of the farms were covered with a layer of unproductive earth and gravel, livestock washed away homes ruined and huge boulders taking the place of chicken-houses and barns. It is estimated that 10,000 acres of meadowland have been entirely ruined, and the remainder require complete reseeding.

AUSTRALIA GOVT. PASSES DRASTIC ANTI-STRIKE LAW

Reactionaries Aim to Wipe Out Unions

SYDNEY, July 5.—The Australian parliament has just passed a labor law that is even more severe than the British anti-strike legislation. This instrument of suppression has been passed in a land whose six states either have a "labor" government or had one for a short time.

The new law forbids everything which has "the character of a strike or an uprising," not approved by the Higher Court of Arbitration. The penalties are set at 1,000 pounds fine for an organization and 50 pounds for a single person, but when the organization excludes its militant leaders the fine may be cut from 1,000 pounds to 100. So when a union in Australia gets rid of its most revolutionary leaders it can save itself a cost of 900 pounds sterling.

The law further provides for a nullification of organization charters, which practically means that a union, at the time of an industrial conflict, is recognized only as a collaboration partner. If the law would only go one step further it would mean the entire destruction of legal unions.

The law also provides for the wiping out of union laws that are judged to be dangerous, and can override the will of the union leaders. Anyone who publishes anything against the lawful carrying out of these decisions will be fined 100 pounds.

DENOUNCE POLICE ATTACK ON MEET

Workers Party Nominee Shows Tammany Role

(Continued from Page One)

workers in Wall street, at which 16 workers and speakers were arrested, while Hoover, the republican candidate for president, is pledged to carry on the policy of the Coolidge government which is today waging war against Nicaragua.

Fights for Workers

"The only political party which fights for the exploited workers and farmers and against the invasion of colonial countries by American imperialism is the Workers (Communist) Party. In the coming elections all workers and poor farmers should protect their own interests by rallying around the platform of the Workers Party and its standard-bearers."

The case of Minor, which was supposed to come up for a hearing yesterday, was postponed until Monday when he will come up, together with 14 others arrested at the demonstration. Reports published in the capitalist press that he had forfeited his bail of $500 are untrue.

Postpone Case

The case of Rose Plotkin, 13-year-old member of the Young Pioneers arrested at the demonstration, was also scheduled to be heard yesterday. She appeared before Judge Samuel D. Levy in Children's Court, 127 E. 22d St., but the case was postponed until Tuesday. In the meantime she was confined to the Hecksher Foundation, 5 E. 105th St. Jacques Buitenkant, representing the International Labor Defense, who is defending all those arrested, is preparing a writ of habeas corpus to secure the release of the young militant.

ISSUE APPEAL TO DEFEND WORKERS

Scab Mines Indifferent to Life

An appeal for funds to help defend the 16 workers who were arrested Tuesday afternoon when police attacked an anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall Street was issued last night by the New York section of the International Labor Defense which has taken charge of the defense work. The appeal, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the section, says in part:

"The International Labor Defense secured the temporary release of all those arrested and they will come up for hearing Monday. The I. L. D. also furnished bail of $500 for Robert Minor and $1,500 for Nathan Kaplan. For all this defense work immediate funds are necessary. Not one of those arrested must be sent to jail for even a single day, or a precedent will be set which will be used against militant workers in the future. The International Labor Defense appeals to all class-conscious workers to save their comrades from the 'justice' of the capitalist courts by sending funds for their defense to its office, 799 Broadway, Room 422.

"The I. L. D. also asks all workers to aid its work by attending en masse the great outing which it is arranging in Pleasant Bay Park for Saturday, July 21. All the proceeds of this outing will be used for the defense of workers in the clutches of the capitalist courts."

Children of Poor Find It Hard to Keep Cool

While the children of the rich disport themselves at exclusive beaches, hundreds of thousands of poor children in New York City are compelled to resort to all sorts of makeshifts in their effort to escape from the heat. Photo above shows children playing in an improvised pool.

TAXI NEWS IN MONDAY ISSUE

Many Feature Stories of Cabmen's Lives

Organization tasks of the 60,000 New York taxi drivers, the role played by the police in ruling the lives of these workers, a reprint of a letter sent out by the Taxi Bosses' Association, enclosing the blacklist against hundreds of drivers—these and many other features will be published in the Monday issue of The DAILY WORKER.

It is planned to get a copy of the paper into the hands of every cab-driver in the city on that day. This is a great and important task and requires the co-operation of thousands of workers.

Every Workers Party member and sympathizer, every reader of The DAILY WORKER is asked to join in this plan by purchasing one or more extra copies of the paper next Monday and pass them to a taxi driver.

Go to your newsdealer today and order your Monday copies in advance. Do not delay but act now, so that we can know how many papers to print. Ask the newsdealer to send in the order immediately. Do this for your paper and your class.

COMMUNIST VOTE AGAINST MUELLER

Socialist Will Carry On Former Policies

BERLIN, July 5.—Speaking before the Reichstag today, Chancellor Mueller emphasized that his government would continue its predecessor's foreign policy.

Mueller's statement was made in the face of the vote of non-confidence which was given him by the Communist members of the Reichstag. One hundred and thirty-four deputies voted against the Mueller government. Twenty-eight abstained from voting.

Mueller, a social democrat, formed his rump coalition when his efforts to form a grand coalition failed.

MICHELSON RECOVERS

CHICAGO, July 4 (UP).— Professor Albert A. Michelson, of the University of Chicago, well-known scientist who recently conducted experiments on the measurement of speed and light, is recovering from an attack of anemia and digestive disorders.

MORE SCRAPS OF PAPER

GENEVA, July 4 (UP).—The League of Nations Security Commission today adopted drafts of non-aggression and mutual assistance treaties which will be submitted to the September League assembly.

FIND MORE GRAFT IN DEMOCRATIC MACHINE IN N. J.

Erie Railroad Inspector Admits Pay From City

The republican-controlled State Legislative committee of New Jersey, seeking to forestall exposure of G. O. P. corruption moved yesterday to make public the huge graft in Mayor Frank Hague's regime in Jersey City.

According to a statement by the committee, an analysis of the payrolls of Jersey City contains enough political dynamite to blow up the Hague democratic machine. Hague is vice-chairman of the Democratic National Committee in addition to being mayor of Jersey City.

An investigation now being conducted by the committee revealed that John Quirk, 820 Pavonia Ave., who has been an inspector and supervisor for the Erie Railroad for forty-five years, has at the same time been on Jersey City or Hudson County payrolls intermittently since 1911, and that since last April 1 he has been drawing $7 a day as a street construction inspector for the Hudson County Boulevard Commission.

Mayor's Kin on Pay-Roll

At the hearing last week, it was brought out that a sister and a brother of the mayor are drawing salaries from the city for "services" that have not yet been definitely discovered.

During the questioning, Quirk admitted that his job on the Erie railroad was supervising the loading of freight of eight stations and several docks in Jersey City, and that he had about 80 men under his control. For this he receives, he said, $262 a month.

Can't Remember His Job.

Considering the time that this work requires, the fact that he has held many other "city jobs" for years has thrown the question of graft into the foreground. He testified that in 1911 and 1912 he was employed by the Fire Commission at $1,000 a year, and for a half year in 1913 by the Police Commission. After that he was given "odd jobs" as "inspector of streets and public works" at $6 a day. Since then he has had city jobs "whenever there was a chance to get one."

Under examination, however, he was unable to give any details of the work he was supposed to inspect.

FIND ABANDONED PLANE

TOULOUSE, France (UP), July 4.—A steamer reported today it had found a seaplane or land airplane abandoned off the African coast.

In July the Banks Are Paying Half Yearly Dividends

Transfer Your Savings to a

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Subsidiary of the United Workers' Co-operative Ass'n.

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dividends are being paid from the first day of deposit on gold bonds in denominations of $100, $300, $500 and $1,000 secured by the second mortgage of the second block of houses in the Co-operative Workers' Colony.

The GOLD BOND CAMPAIGN Will Be Ended in July

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Revolt of Indian Peasants and Land Workers in Northern District of Bombay

THOUSANDS HOLD DEMONSTRATION IN CITY AT NEWS

Tax Extortion Brought About Outbreak

BOMBAY, India, July 5.—An uprising of peasants and agricultural workers in the Gijerat, the northern agricultural region of the Bombay presidency, is defying the British authorities and organizing more than 80,000 land workers for revolt.

This information, which was received here yesterday evening, was the occasion for the most enthusiastic demonstration that Bombay has seen in many years. Thousands of workers, many of them striking textile workers, of whom more than 30,000 are on strike at the mills here, paraded through the city in sympathy with the revolting peasants and land workers in the northern districts.

While the British government is taking every precaution to prevent news of the revolt from reaching the south, it has been learned that the immediate cause of the outbreak of the peasants was the recently imposed land tax. Brutal attempts by the officials to extort the tax precipitated the revolt.

It has also been learned from unofficial sources that the revolutionary organization in the Gijerat has forced the resignation of seventy-nine headmen who were attempting to enforce the tax collection.

Mohandis K. Ghandi and Vallababhai Patel are reported to be active in the outbreak.

Grave alarm is reflected in the measures which the government is reported to be taking to crush the uprising. According to reports from Delhi, the call for troops will be dispatched to the scene of the revolt at once. It is believed here that men are already entrained.

The attitude which the Indian railway workers may be expected to take in the present situation is causing the greatest excitement among the workers. Recent unrest among the strikers in the shops at Howrah and other centers, which was suppressed by troops from the Northwestern Rifles, has incensed the railway workers.

In event of their refusal to man the trains carrying troops against the revolting peasants, it is expected that the government will use troops to run the trains.

DEATH TAKES NEW TOLL OF MINERS

Labor Defense Seeks Aid for Victims

JAMESTOWN, Pa., July 5.—Michael Rabick was crushed and instantly killed while working in Mine No. 28 of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Corporation, when a five-ton fall of rock buried him under its weight. His widow is now faced with the problem of being bread-winner and keeping house for her eight little children.

Young Frank Walters also died yesterday in the Big Mountain Coal Company plant, near Columbus, Ohio. He was electrocuted as he attempted to place a fuse.

The death toll is constantly mounting since inexperienced scabs have been working the mines that union men struck fifteen months ago. Accidents in the unorganized fields, coal dust explosions, gas blasts and coal and slat falls continue daily. Comparatively inexpensive safety precautions like rock-dusting the mines, are rarely taken unless union pit committees demand them.

* * *

Miner Fatally Injured

SHENANDOAH, Pa., July 5.—John Hughes, 36-year-old miner, was fatally injured Saturday, when he fell down a slope entering the Park Colliery mine here. Besides many serious internal injuries, he suffered a fractured skull, lacerations and contusions of the head and body.

* * *

Another Death

WELLSBURG, Pa., July 5.—Coal miners at the West Virginia-Pittsburgh mine near here discovered the body of John Colatine lying beside the tracks in the mine, dead.

The 24-year-old driver of the man-trip was covered with marks which indicated that he had been squeezed between the side of the entrance and the cars and crushed to death.

Pittsburgh Workers to Hold Picnic on Sunday

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 5.—Thousands of workers of western and central Pennsylvania and West Virginia are expected to gather at the Workers (Communist) Party's third annual picnic to be held July 8 at Nicholson's Farm, Swiscville, Pa.

All-day dancing, music, games, good food, including roast lamb, European style, are some of the attractions. A special program has been arranged for the youth, who are expected at the picnic in large numbers.

Polish Aviators to Risk Lives in Latest Propaganda Flight

The picture shows commandants Casimir Kubala and Louis Ldzikowski, Polish aviators, who will attempt to fly their Amiot plane from Le Bourget field near Paris, to the United States in a propaganda flight for the fascist Pilsudski regime.

RETRACT PERMIT FOR SPORT MEET

Czech Officials Alarmed by Red Celebration

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PRAGUE, Czecho-Slovakia, July 5.—Losing its head completely over the coming celebration of Red Day thruout Czecho-Slovakia, the government officials have retracted their permission to hold a Red physical culture demonstration in the stadium here.

The authorities alleged the political nature of the sports demonstration as grounds for their refusal.

Permission to hold the physical culture meet was barely 12 hours old, having been granted to the Sports Federation the day previous.

URGE INDUSTRIAL LOAN IN U.S.S.R.

Called Fitting Answer to Don Plotters

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 5.—Appealing to the government of the Soviet Union to answer the sabotage of the counter-revolutionary technicians in the Donetz basin and other centers of sabotage organization with a mass response, scores of meetings held thruout the Donetz valley in the last few days have urged upon the government the advisability of launching a new industrial loan.

The appeal has been put in the form of a resolution by numbers of meetings who urge that the funds acquired in this way would go far towards the building up of industry thruout the Soviet Union.

PROGRESSIVES OF DISTRICT 1, MEET

Workers Party Nominee Shows Tammany Role

(Continued from Page One)

the situation and beginning to fight. The general discontent of the rank and file is capitalized by the fake progressives, Brennen and company.

Many rank and file took the floor and told the condition in their local unions and mines, pointing out that bosses are on the offensive and that the officialdom of the union is not taking up the fight for the miners.

Miners were urged to subscribe and distribute the "Coal Digger," the official organ of the militant miners. Many miners subscribed.

The conference elected a committee of 21 composed of the outstanding rank and file leaders thruout the district.

Brother Chas. Killinger from Portage, District 2, told the miners that if it had not been for the National Miners Committee, miners in that section would have been forced to go scabbing.

Detail Lewis' Treachery

Joe Kislyn, candidate for vice-president in District 7, greeted the conference in the name of the progressive and the militant element in that district. He assured delegates that 90 per cent of the membership of District 7 are against present reactionary Lewis, Kennedy, and Mattey machine. He told the brothers in District that the Lewis-Kennedy-Mattey machine in District 7 have taken out an injunction against the local union in MacAdoo. He condemned this action and said that we do not need an injunction to oust Lewis, that the rank and file will do the work.

The conference closed with a short speech by chairman Gebert urging the miners to organize themselves for a future fight and to give a 100 per cent support to the National Miners' Convention.

* * *

Vote Support

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 5.—Local 1616 at Plains, after a plea of Brother Mike Harrington, and Chas. Ziniewski, voted $100 for the striking miners in the bituminous fields.

A permit was secured from Burgess and from Kingston to solicit funds for striking miners in the bituminous fields.

NANKING TROOPS SHOOT OWN MEN

Mow Down Soldiers Who Ask Pay

SHANGHAI, July 5. — Troops of the Nanking government yesterday surrounded and mowed down by gunfire seventy soldiers of the former northern army at Tientsin.

The men had professed their allegiance to the Nanking government but demanded $20 per man before they would retire to a village outside Tientsin where the Kuomintang officers wished them to take up quarters.

The men were surrounded by Shansi soldiers and killed unmercifully.

The incident has become the pretext for patrolling the streets of Tientsin with hundreds of troops and armored motor cars.

* * *

PEKING, July 5.—Chang Hsuehliang, son of the former northern warlord, Chang Tso-lin, has telegraphed the Nanking leaders that he is preparing to withdraw all his troops north of the Great Wall.

Chang is also reported to be sending peace envoys to Peking.

BALLET TO DANCE AT BIG CONCERT

Thousands Expected at Coney Affair

(Continued from Page One)

make this great concert a musical event such as has never been witnessed by the workers of this country.

The name of Prof. Theremin is already well known to most workers. This young scientist, a product of the Soviet Union, has astounded the scientific and musical world with his new invention by which he draws the most beautiful music out of the air without the aid of a musical instrument. Theremin will appear before an American working-class audience for the first time at Coney Island Stadium and will demonstrate how he produces music merely with movements of his hands.

The program of symphony music by Arnold Volpe's Symphony Orchestra of 50 musicians will itself be equal to the best of concerts. Volpe, founder and first conductor of the stadium concerts, has gathered together one of the leading orchestras in the country.

Tickets for this unusual concert should be secured at once by all those who want to make sure of being among the 25,000 militants who will pack Coney Island Stadium July 14. They are on sale at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

AUSTRIAN SOCIAL DEMOCRATS MAKE BID FOR POWER

Attack Seipel's Stand With Fascists

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

VIENNA, July 5.—The political struggle for power between the Austrian fascist government and the social democrats, who are seeking to succeed it in office, took a new turn yesterday with the public censure in a social democratic organ of Prime Minister Seipel's policy in kowtowing to Mussolini on the Tyrol question.

Choosing an issue where they believe they can rely on the nationalist feelings of many Austrians, the social democrats believe that they can win power for themselves by a strong criticism of Seipel's administration at this time.

The prime minister's action in effecting the recall of the Italian ambassador to Vienna was accomplished without the knowledge of parliament, the social democrats urge.

At the same time they demand an immediate convening of parliament to deal with the Italian issue.

The maneuver on the part of the social democrats is causing the most widespread discussion here in public and in the press. The prevailing opinion is that the maneuver is an attempt of the social democrats to overthrow Seipel. In this way they calculate to obtain the support of the Austrian diet, especially the Tyrolese diet, it is believed.

HOLD ELECTION DRIVE RALLIES

Workers Party Opens Dist. 2 Campaign

(Continued from Page One)

in Harlem at 138th St. and Seventh Ave., in the heart of the Negro section. The principal speaker here was Richard B. Moore, candidate for congress in the 21st Congressional District. Other speakers were George Padmore, young Negro militant; Henry Rosmond, a fur worker, and Morris Yusem, who spoke for the Young Workers' League. Hundreds of Negro workers were present at this meeting, special leaflets being distributed among them.

1,000 at Union Square Rally

About 1,000 workers were present at an open-air rally in Union Square This was an unusually successful meeting. Speakers were Max Shachtman, John Sherman, Laurence Ross, Emanuel George, a striking miner, and Nathan KaKplan. Shachtman George and Kaplan had been arrested at the anti-imperialist demonstration and received ovations. Many copies of The DAILY WORKER and of various pamphlets were sold.

Ray Ragozin, candidate in the 23d Assembly District; Sam Liptzin, candidate in the 22d Assembly District and D. Benjamin, candidate in the 7th Senatorial District, were the chief speakers at an open-air meeting at Bristol and Pitkin Aves. More than 500 workers were present. Several socialists tried to heckle the speakers but they were booed down. A generous collection was taken.

Three Negroes joined the Workers Party at an open-air meeting at Myrtle and Prince Sts. Edward Wright was the chief speaker at this meeting.

DONETZ PLOTTERS TO GET VERDICT SHORTLY

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 5. — The final speeches of the defendants in the case of the engineers and technicians accused of sabotage work in connection with mining operations in the Donetz basin, were completed yesterday.

A courtroom crowded to the doors by hundreds of workers heard the majority of the defendants admit their complicity while, at the same time requesting leniency.

The accused German engineer, Otto Meier pleaded not guilty, however. While the German technician, Badstieber, admitted his guilt. He declared that he had committed his offenses under pressure from German engineers.

Verdict in the case is expected within the next twenty-four hours.

GOVT. WILL SELL ALL ITS VESSELS

May Hand Ships Over to Capitalist

WASHINGTON, (UP) July 4.—Eight alternative methods for purchasing the United States lines, the American Pelmetto Line and the American Merchant lines, have been offered ship operators by the U. S. Shipping Board.

The board hopes private concerns are now ready to succeed the government in running three of America's greatest shipping lines, but unless satisfactory bids are received the government will continue to operate the two services.

Advertisements of the sale will be issued late this month and bids will be opened September 1. Twenty-three ships, including the Leviathan, are offered and the board expects them to bring at least $25,000,000.

Storm Causes Damage To Communication Lines

OMAHA, Neb., July 4 (UP).—Telephone and telegraph communication suffered severely, trees were uprooted, and damage to farm property was reported throughout Nebraska and parts of Iowa by a severe wind storm which struck the two states today.

Sharp lightning, accompanying the 60-mile gale, struck trees and house chimneys but no deaths or injuries were reported.

Wires of the A. T. & T. company were hit hardest in this section but the damage will not cause any serious interruption in communication, the company reported.

A heavy rain accompanied the wind. Only slight delays were caused in railroad schedules and after the storm had passed, practically all trains were running on time.

The fast Chicago-Denver train No. 10 on the Urlington Road, arrived here at the height of the storm and was held for 45 minutes until the wind had abated.

The rain brought some relief from the heat in Omaha and surrounding territory.

800 MARINES FOR NICARAGUAN WAR

Practice Bombing of Helpless Villages

SAN PEDRO, Cal., July 5.—Eight hundred more marines, under the command of Lieut.-Col. Gerard M Kincade, sailed aboard the repair ship Medusa for Nicaragua today. The marines have been in training with the battle fleet here for more effective bombing of Nicaraguan villages and are now considered ready to join the forces operating against the revolutionists under Gen. Augustine Sandino.

The coming election in Nicaragua serves as an excuse for the dispatch of more United States troops, which are supposed to guarantee a "safe and fair election," but are in reality engaged in an attempt to crush the revolutionary movement and to insure the existence of a puppet regime headed by Gen. Moncada.

HOLIDAY COST 7 LIVES

SAN FRANCISCO, July 4. (UP).—Holiday tragedies cost seven lives on the Pacific Coast today.

DEWEY TO STUDY CULTURE IN USSR

LENINGRAD, July 5 (UP).—Prof. John Dewey and a delegation of American scientists and educators arrived today to study cultural life in the Soviet Union.

Thirty-one more members of the delegation will arrive tomorrow.

KILLED IN AUTO CRASH.

PORT WASHINGTON, L. I., July 4 (UP).—James Wood, 37, of Bayonne, N. J., was killed and Thomas Coogan, of this city, and John Carr, of Bayonne, were injured today when their auto overturned near here.

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The Pioneers of Youngstown
will hold a
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SUNDAY, JULY 8th
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REFRESHMENTS
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International Midsummer Festival to be held at the Swedish Beach, Geneva-on-the-Lake, JULY 8, 1928, all day and evening, under the auspices of the Swedish Workers' Club of Cleveland. The best of speakers, good music, eats and soft drinks served; sports and bathing, etc. This will be a day you will remember, so come early. ADMISSION FREE.

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Soccer competition of Metropolitan workers' Soccer League.
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Hungarian Workers' Symphony Orchestra in a classical program.
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AMUSEMENTS
Parade by all athletes, pioneers and children of Nonpartisan Workers' Schools.
DANCING CAMP FIRES
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Progressives Offer Program to Adler Shop Workers, Correspondent Writes

OFFICIALS SEEK TO DISCREDIT MILITANT GROUP

Rank and File Would Build Amalgamated

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MILWAUKEE, Wis., (By Mail.—I am enclosing the leaflet of the amalgamated progressive group addressed to the locked-out workers of the Adler Shops in Milwaukee which has aroused the anger of the Amalgamated officials here.

The officials are trying to persuade the members of the union that: 1. There is no progressive group in the union. The leaflet is the work of the "outsiders," the Communists. 2. The leaflet is the work of the agents of the Adler Co. who seek to disrupt the ranks of the union. 3. The facts in the leaflet are not correct.

In making all these accusations the union officials are sidestepping some of the important points contained in the leaflet.

The main question is: Is the program outlined in the leaflet of the progressive group a correct program, a program in the interest of the members of the Amalgamated union? The demands of the progressive group are:

No promises by the union to make the bosses prosperous. A 100 per cent union shop. Higher wages. A 40-hour week. Elimination of piece work. Elimination of the arbitration clause from the agreement.

What is wrong about these demands?

Instead of answering this question the union officials engage in Red baiting and accuse the progressive group of being the agents of the Adler Co.

It is proper to ask the question: Who are the agents of the Adler Co.? The progressive group which says: "No promises by the union to make the bosses prosperous"? Or those, who like Sidney Hillman, the president of the Amalgamated, says: "The policy of the Amalgamated is to make the firm (that is the Adler Co.) as prosperous as possible"?

The union officials question the correctness of the facts contained in the leaflet. Is it not true that "the policy of the union officials preceding the strike was "close co-operation with the bosses, giving in on almost every demand made by the bosses at the expense of the membership"? Is it not true that the union officials instead of making an appeal to the workers of the Latin shop in Wisconsin Rapids to join the union and to help the Adler workers to win their struggle were appealing to the boss Latin, the man who conspired with the Adler Co. to break the Amalgamated union in Milwaukee?

The time of the struggle is no time for criticism of the leadership, say the officials of the union. We say: the advocacy of the policy of co-operation between the union and the bosses is especially dangerous at the time of the union's struggle for its existence and must be combatted if the union is to survive. Some of the Amalgamated officials do not hesitate to practice such criticism in regard to other unions engaged in struggles as for instance Mr. Krzycki, when he criticizes (justly) the Lewis machine in the United Mine Workers for its betrayal of the workers. But when the Amalgamated officials become involved in the same policies they must not be criticized. Why?

The best guarantee for the success of the union is the militancy of its membership. It is this militancy that built the Amalgamated into a powerful union. The progressive aims to keep alive the militant traditions of our union. Despite the statements of the officials it is a bona-fide group uniting those who stand for militancy in the trade union movement and against class collaboration (the cooperation between the union officialdom and the bosses). The progressive group is here to stay and will strive to win the confidence of the rank and file on the basis of its correct policies.

A PROGRESSIVE.

Train Crash Kills 2, Injures Score, Report

SAN FRANCISCO, July 4. (UP)—Filled with holiday travelers, the Southern Pacific's Shore Line Limited crashed into a freight train at the Bayshore Yards, south of here, today. The engineer and fireman were reported to be dying and a score of passengers were injured.

CALIFORNIA SOCIALIST CONVENTION PITIABLE

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By Mail).—The "Socialist" Party State Convention was held here recently. About 70 people were present in the convention hall, 126 No. St. Louis St., including visitors, curiosity-seekers and children. The speakers' stand, and other parts of the small hall, were carefully decorated with national colors—stars and all. So, of course, the cops didn't attend the meeting. Communists, only, have police "protection" here.

The literature in evidence consisted of the Labor World, a very small "Socialist" weekly, anti-rodeo-cruelty leaflets, and so forth.

Nominations

Lena Morrow Lewis, San Francisco, was nominated for U. S. Senator and Chris Sorensen, Pasadena, and Harry Scherr, Los Angeles, were named as candidates for Congress in the 9th and 10th districts, respectively. Thirteen presidential electors were also nominated to cast their votes for the preacher candidate, Norman Thomas, and James H. Maurer.

A rich woman, who declined to accept the nomination for U. S. Senator, sent the S. P. her $1,000 check "as a starter." But if Mrs. Lewis is going to make a real fight for the senatorial shoes of Hiram W. Johnson she may be compelled to spend more than that amount for shoestrings in order to keep up the expensive style of the "progressive" ex-Bull Moose.

Mass Meeting in Name Only.

A "socialist" mass meeting was held the day before the convention. Although the southern part of this state is the "stronghold" of "socialism" in California, according to Cameron H. King, editor of The Labor World, who acted as chairman—only about 150 people attended the meeting, mostly Jewish.

"Many 'socialist' have lost interest," King said. "They think that nothing can be done. Might be able to get them back—but we have not time to do it," he continued.

Funerals to Be Life of S. P.

So the editor of the official S. P. organ in this state recommended the formation of a temporary campaign organization, an insurance scheme and the establishment of the necessary "machinery to look after 'socialist' funerals." The lack of the latter is a "draw-back to our party," he pointed out. Mr. King may be of the opinion that a dead "socialist" is a better organizer than a live one. After giving up the class struggle, the S. P. went on its "sick bed," it seems.

No, Mr. King didn't mention labor banks—but the possibility is that Matthew Woll, vice-president A. F. of L., is the "inspiration" back of the proposed (S. P.) insurance business, rumors say.

Paper Pays $15 a Week.

Editor King said that The Labor World is "not a going concern." The paper pays no wages, except $15 a week to Lena Morrow Lewis, the s. p. state secretary.

Attack German Communists.

Saul Ellstein spoke (Jewish) about his visit to Russia and other parts of Europe. The social democrats are going to take over the affairs of the world very soon, according to the speaker. Pointed to the last election in Germany in that connection. This lead Secretary Lewis to blame the Communists for drawing large numbers of workers away from "socialism" of the murderous Noske brand and into Communism.

Upton Sinclair was the principal speaker at the s. p. banquet.

—L. P. RINDAL.

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LOS ANGELES

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V. A. Carus	1.00
General collection	2.68
Ponogopulos	5.00
Legun	3.00
Filtzman	40.00
Total	$1,021.03

MILITANTS ARE EXPELLED FROM JEWELRY UNION

Welfare Club Growing Stronger

(By a Worker Correspondent)

It's a long time now since the reactionary "socialist" cliques, in conjunction with the corrupt A. F. of L. officials started the drive against the progressive elements in the trade unions. They smashed union after union in their dastardly attempt to rid them of the militants.

Brother Beardsley, organizer of Local 1 of the International Jewelry Workers' Union, the local of the platinum and gold mechanics, was busy helping in their "noble" work wherever he could. But not even his own local was able to stand such treacherous work. For this reason he could not do more than raise some noise against the 'Reds."

Now, however, the "prodigal son," Beardsley, who withdrew from the A. F. of L. during the fight against the corrupt international secretary-treasurer, Greenstein, has returned, together with the locals which once also withdrew, to the fold of the A. F. of L. He likewise decided that he must earn a name in the inner circles of the yellow union. So the game began:

He made a move to organize a jewelry workers' welfare club and workers in allied trades. In other words, a mutual-aid and social club. This club was illegal in view of the fact that in 1926 we passed a resolution to forbid the formation of groups to discuss local union questions.

That the club did not discuss such questions did not matter to Beardsley and his right wing clique which misleads the local. In their argument they pointed out that the club was a menace because it might discuss local union questions and that it might have an opposition slate in the election, so it's illegal anyway. The active members of the club were not given a chance to answer all their "arguments" and now Beardsley & Co. are kicking the life out of the union.

Brother Abe Rubin, one of the most active members of the local for years, has already been expelled for this "crime." The writer of these lines, a member of good standing since the inception of the union in 1915, is slated to be pushed out. With us several other active members were called before the (Inquisition) Executive Board. All were expelled. That the resolution which they drew up is contrary to the rules of the constitution and illegal from every point of view any logical member can see, but such trifles don't disturb the sleep of the "democratic" s. p.-ites.

However, the expelled members are not going to bow to the vicious union-wrecking activities of the reactionary clique. We will insist on our right to membership in the union and are confident that in a short time that the rank and file of the local will see through this dirty game and will compel them to reinstate us, in the interest of our mutual protection against these disguised attacks of the bosses.

The Jewelry Workers' Welfare Club grows rapidly despite the attacks of the yellows and will continue to spread its influence among the workers of the jewelry and its allied trades. We will have our first picnic on Sunday, July 15, at Interstate Park, for which an interesting program is being arranged.

CHARLES SWARTZ.

1,784 VETERANS SEEK SITUATIONS 177 GIVEN WORK

Ex-Service Organization Forced to Feign Aid

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILA., Pa., (By Mail).—What is the lot of the men who risked their all for J. P. Morgan and Co. in 1917-18 in the so-called city of brotherly love? How are they faring? Are the much feted heroes of "the war to end war" properly appreciated by the great government of Andy Mellon ten years later?

There have been murmurings and slight rumblings of discontent. It seems that about two years ago many men were thrown out of work and that the number has been constantly increasing. And the fact that a man gave part of his chin or part of his thigh to "make the world safe for democracy" and incidentally to pile up profits for the capitalists doesn't help him to get a job or to hold one.

These murmurings have increased and today an explosion burst forth—in the capitalist press.

What the weary, job-hunting veterans have known for a long time could no longer be kept quiet.

One Samuel J. Karsevar spilled the beans. It became known that the situation is so bad that the organization called the "Veterans of Foreign Wars" has been compelled to establish an employment bureau to show the veterans that some sign of interest is being taken in them.

Despite the well-known antipathy and fierce dislike of many, in fact of the majority, of the veterans to be in any way connected with veterans' organizations, 1,784 men applied for jobs. And out of this number only 117 were placed, according to Karsevar, who charges that many manufacturers and business people flatly refuse to cooperate with his employment bureau.

Now that so much publicity has suddenly been given the situation, it would be interesting to know what number the 1,784 applications for work has swelled. But those who know their Philadelphia know that both Karsevar and the local press will keep positively mum in the future.

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—DRAMA—

Two Musical Plays Get Early Showing by Hammerstein

Arthur Hammerstein, who is presenting the "End of St. Petersburg" at his own theatre, yesterday sent out the announcement that he had engaged for a long term of years the English prima donna, June, who will be starred this season in a musical adaptation of the Ina Claire-David Belasco play, "Polly With a Past." The production will have the title of "Polly," in its musical setting.

Another musical play planned by Hammerstein, and scheduled to open at his theatre on August 22, is "Good Boy," written by Otto Harbach, Oscar Hammerstein 2nd and Henry Myers. The score is by Herbert Stothart, Bert Kalmer and Harry Ruby. John Wenger will design the production.

The following list of principals have been engaged to date: Eddie Buzzell, Borah Minevitch, Helen Kane, Barbara Newberry, Hal Sherman, Sam Hearn, Effie Shannon, Charles Butterworth, Evelyn Percival and the Norris Sisters.

DOLORES COSTELLO

Co-starred with Conrad Nagle in "Tenderloin," showing on the Broadway Theatre screen this week.

Sigmund Romberg, composer of "The New Moon," which Schwab and Mandel will place in rehearsal in two weeks, has been making a study of Creole folk music and will incorporate several Creole themes in the score of the new operetta, the scenes of which are laid in old New Orleans and the Caribbean Sea.

Billie Burke, in "The Happy Husband," will close this Saturday at the Empire Theatre.

Annette Earl, now understudy in "The Silent House," will play the leading role next season in a new melodrama by John G. Brandon and George Pickett, who are also the authors of the Chinese thriller at the Morosco.

"The Greenwich Village Follies" registered its one hundredth performance at the Winter Garden last night.

Jugo-Slovakian Fascists Make Record of Terror

In Jugoslovakia, during the month of April, 1928, 163 workers were arrested, forty workers were sentenced to a total of 105 years, eight months in jail, and six political executions of revolutionary workers were carried out. In the prisons 19 workers went out on a hunger strike, fasting, in total for a period of 69 days. In Jugoslovakian jails today there are 148 political prisoners, with a total sentence of 697 years.

Accused Pastor Ousted; Called By Other Church

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., July 5.—Accussed of having attempted "undue familiarities" with Mrs. Anna Stewart, a member of his church, the Reverend S. A. Downer has been enjoined by the congregation of the Shiloh Presbyterian Church from entering his pulpit.

This, however has not deterred people in Atlanta, Ga., from offering him a pulpit in that city, it was revealed today.

AMUSEMENTS

—Theatre Guild Productions—
PORGY
By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42d St. Mats. WED. & SAT.

Eugene O'Neill's Play, Strange Interlude
John Golden Thea., 58th, E. of B'way
Evenings Only at 5:30.

VOLPONE
Guild Th., W. 52d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way Evenings 8:30.
Mats. Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30
Grand St. Follies

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

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CHARLIE CHAPLIN
in "SHOULDER ARMS"

MOSCOW, July 4.—In 1926-27 the port of Vladivostok had a turnover of 1,989,000 metric tons, Novorossisk 1,806,000 tons, Leningrad 1,720,000 tons and Batum 1,610,000 tons.

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SHOW BALANCE OF TRADE FAVORABLE TO BOSSES ONLY

Owning Classes Exploit Internationally

By LELAND OLDS (Fed. Press).

CHICAGO, Ill., July 5.—Trips to Europe and the South Seas for the wealthy and their hangers-on. Foreign securities for their strong boxes. With these America's ruling class compensates for the excess of exports over imports. This injustice to American producers is apparent in a report of the U. S. department of commerce on foreign transactions of the United States in 1927.

The report shows that the international business of the country in 1927 reached $18,236,000,000 but that only $9,826,000,000 or a little more than half of this was exchange of goods. At least $6,000,000,000 of the remainder involved the tribute paid by American and foreign workers to the international owning class. Another $1,000,000,000 involved the expenditures of persons privileged to enjoy foreign travel.

In 1927 the United States exported $5,037,000,000 of the products of its workers, grouped by the department under the general head of commodity exports. This should have entitled the workers to receive in exchange the same value in products of other lands. But instead the imports of commodities amounted to only $4,489,000,000, leaving a balance of $548,000,000 to be made good in other ways.

This $548,000,000 excess of exports over imports is called a favorable balance of trade. But it is favorable only to the privileged owning class and its well paid retainers. To the workers and farmers who produce the goods it is an unfavorable balance because it means that they get less goods in return for what they produce.

An important feature of the report is the magnitude of investments in the United States by foreigners during 1927. In a single year foreign investors purchased nearly $1,000,000,000 of American securities. Foreigners are also collecting $281,000,000 a year in income on the American securities they already hold. Such figures show the international character of the owning class. The wealthy exploiters in the United States, England, Holland, Germany, France and other capitalist nations are all skinning the workers not only of their own but also of foreign lands. All are living in luxury on the products of the workers throughout the world.

PRESENT RUSSIAN FILM IN CHICAGO

The Russian Revolution Opens at Playhouse

CHICAGO, Ill., July 5.—No event in the history of the world has started such a mass of contradictory stories as the Bolshevik revolution in Russia. Factions opposed to the Soviet government in every nation have distorted the facts to suit their own purposes.

Now for the first time, an authentic documental motion picture history of the event has come to the screen. It is called, suitably enuogh, "The Russian Revolution," and it will open for a limited engagement at the Playhouse, 419 South Michigan Blvd., Chicago, beginning July 5.

"The Russian Revolution" is an intense vivid drama of the events leading up to and including the overthrow of the czar, the establishment of the Kerensky menshevik government, its overthrow, and finally the establishment of the peasants' and workers' government under the leadership of Lenin. It is an account of human suffering in oppression, of a people driven mad by imperialism, of people who sacrificed their own lives for the generations to come.

Every scene in the film is authentic and was photographed during the stormy days of the revolution.

3 Dead, 11 Injured in Colorado On July 4th

DENVER, Colo., (UP) July 4.—Holiday accidents claimed three lives in this section.

William Robinson, 19, was drowned in the North St. Vrain River while on a picnic with his grandparents.

Mrs. Rose Thornton, 35, died as the result of an automobile accident while returning from a mountain trip and Mrs. C. H. Hinds, 35, succumbed to injuries after her car had gone in a ditch near Beatrice, Neb.

Eleven persons were injured in automobile mishaps throughout Colorado.

12 BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

PUGWASH, N. C., July 5.—Fire that originated in an abandoned fish [illegible] today destroyed that building, seven stories, a meeting hall, two [illegible] and two unoccupied buildings.

PASTOR CAUGHT IN RAID.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 5.—The Reverend W. A. Venerable, a Baptist [illegible], was arrested last night with [illegible], Mrs. Mary Coleman, when police raided the red light district of this city last night.

Fighting to Save Survivors of Fascist Nobile Crew Stranded in North

Several countries have joined in the direct effort to save the followers of Gen. Nobile who are stranded in the icy wastes of the North as well as the lost Amundsen party. The Soviet Union has played a prominent part in this rescue work, sending the ice-breaker Maligin and the aviator Babushkin out over the treacherous frozen seas. The upper left photo shows the plane of Major Umberto Maddalena, who first found Nobile and his party of five, arriving with the news at Kings Bay, Maddalena conferring with Nobile's brother (left) and Commander Romagna (center). Right, Lieut. Einar Lundborg, Swedish aviator, who rescued Nobile and is now stranded with the Nobile party.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill. — The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

• • •

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio.—The Young Workers Club of Martins Ferry, Ohio, has arranged a picnic and dance to be held at the Voit's Farm here on July 8, from 10 a. m. thruout the day and night. All those wishing to attend should meet at the Hungarian Hall, Main and Central Sts. There will be refreshments, games, speakers, etc. Transportation to Voit's Farm is free.

• • •

Philadelphia Y. W. L. Excursion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—An excursion for the benefit of the Young Worker, central organ of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will take place Saturday, July 7. Boats will leave the Chestnut St. pier at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Tickets are 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Tickets must be bought in advance from the Young Worker, at 1214 Spring Garden St. Otherwise the proceeds will not go to the Young Worker.

• • •

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. — The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin.

• • •

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

• • •

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing

• • •

Michigan Speaking Tour.

DETROIT, Mich.—The District Organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Detroit will make a tour of this district for the purpose of organizing new branches of the League throughout the state. The following cities will be visited:

Monday, July 9, Grand Rapids.
Tuesday, July 10, Muskegon.
Wednesday, July 11, Grand Rapids.
Thursday, July 12, Saginaw.
Friday, July 13, Flint.
Saturday, July 14, Pontiac.

All young workers are invited to attend these meetings.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

• • •

Brighton Beach I. L. D.

The Bill Haywood branch of the I. L. D. will meet this evening at 227 Brighton Beach Ave., Brighton Beach. ton Beach.

• • •

Bakers Council 1.

Bakers Council 1, of the United Councils of Working Class Women, will hold a lecture and tea party this evening, at 1387 Washington Ave., near 169th St. at 8:30 p. m. The lecture will deal with the situation in the striking miners district.

• • •

Council 10.

Council 10, of the United Councils of Working Class Women will hold a lecture July 10 at 1940 Benson Ave., Brooklyn, at 8:30 p. m. The subject of the lecture will be "The New Stage of the Women's Movement in America Today." Ray Ragosin will be the speaker.

DIES IN SUBWAY.

Joseph P. Greaves, of Spring Valley, N. Y., died in a Lexington Ave. express just as the train was about to leave the Brooklyn Bridge station.

FORD SETTLEMENT STIRS UP BRAZIL

PARA, Brazil, July 5.—Widespread attacks against the governor of the state of Para for virtually giving away huge rubber concessions to Henry Ford continue with the arrival here of the first technicians and materials for the establishment of the Ford colony.

To ensure a healthy supply of workers, Ford's engineers have planned hospitals and general sanitation work to render the feverish Amazon river country into a colony where white workers can survive.

In line with this policy, hospitals will be among the first buildings constructed.

Hostility to the Ford rubber project is causing widespread hostility to the present Para administration. A number of similar "gifts" to American investors in all sections of Brazil has recently incensed public opinion.

WOMAN KILLED IN FALL.

Tenants at 137 Rivington St. heard something fall into the night court early yesterday. The found the body of Lena Schors, 40. Police think she went to the roof for air, and tripped falling over the roof rail.

Negro Forced to Leave Alabama Town by White Shoe Business Firm

Edgar Rasberry, Negro shoe worker of Columbiana, Shelby County, Alabama, has been forced to leave town with his wife and four small children.

Rasberry had a little shoe repairing shop in the town, and because he would not sell his business for half its market value to a white firm that wanted the place, he was sent many threatening anonymous letters, ordering him to leave town under penalty of death if he ignored the order.

1 Dead, Another Lost When Boats Collide

SAN PEDRO, Calif., (UP) July 4.—One sailor was drowned and another was missing today as the result of a collision in San Pedro Harbor between an officers boat of the West Virginia and the Standard Oil Tanker, "District of Columbia."

H. D. Cook, 19, seaman second class, of the West Virginia was drowned, and H. E. Hale is missing.

The engine in the officer's launch from the West Virginia stalled and the small craft drifted into the path of the tanker.

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DIRECTIONS: Car No. 64, get off at Braddock and Hawkins Ave. Swissvale Pennsylvania R. R., get off at Hawkins Sta., Swissvale, Pa. B. & O. R. R. or P. & L. E. R. R., get off Rankin Station, walk to Hawkins Station. The Picnic ground is five minutes' walk from Hawkins Station.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations Attention!
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PLAN CLEVELAND YOUNG WORKERS' TRAINING SCHOOL

Courses Will Begin On July 30

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 4.—The Young Workers' Training School here will open its sessions in Ashtabula on July 30, and will continue for a period of five weeks. Students who have enrolled for the training course so represent the state of Ohio Michigan, Pennsylvania, and upper New York

Places for twenty young miners who have been the most militant leaders and fighters in the miners' struggle, have already been reserved. The spirit of the students so far enrolled is high; they are all eager to begin the course so that they can return to their factories, mills and mines to organize the young workers into a strong mass youth movement.

Contributions from workers and party members for the maintenance of the school have been coming in constantly in the past few weeks. Additional contributions—and many are needed—should be sent to T. Gilberg. 3705 Clinton Ave., Cleveland, O. Immediate help is needed to make the Young Workers' Training School a permanent institution.

Village Destroyed By Forest Fire in U.S.S.R.

ALEXANDROVSK. U. S. S. R., (UP) July 5.—A series of forest fires today threatened the coal mine and oil well district near here today, according to reports received here. The village of Nutovo has been completely destroyed, and the entire population of the affected area is engaged in fighting the flames in order to prevent them from spreading to other towns in this district.

BAR NEGRO FROM HOSPITAL.

Discovery that she was not white led to the barring last week of Miss Dorothy Marie Rennie, of Antigua, Leeward Islands, from the Babies Hospital.

WORKERS PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK—NEW JERSEY

Unit 1F, Subsection 2A.

Unit 1F, Subsection 2A will hold its regular meeting today at 26-28 Union Square. All members are urged to attend.

• • •

Y. W. L. Notice.

Mary Sorkin is urged to communicate with the Young Workers (Communist) League office, 26-28 Union Square, 6th floor, immedaitely. It is on very important business.

• • •

Newark Y. W. L. Hike.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Newark, N. J. will hike to Eagle Rock on July 8, at 8 a. m. Those attending the hike will leave the Workers Center of Newark, 93 Mercer St., at that time.

• • •

Bronx Open Air Meet.

An open air meeting will be held on Saturday evening on 149th St., between Brook and Bergen Ave. The subject that the speakers, Louis Baum, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for assemblyman, and Joseph Padgug, will discuss, will be the Present Election Campaign

• • •

Section 1 Attention.

A special membership meeting of Section One is called for Monday, July 9th, at 6:30 sharp, at 60 St. Marks Place. The meeting is called for the purpose of taking up the immediate steps in the election campaign. Comrade Grecht will address the meeting.

• • •

Section 7 Conference.

The section campaign conference of section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held this evening, at 1340 Benson Ave., Brooklyn. All petitions and instructions will be given to members of the section at the meeting. No one must fail to be present.

Worker Injured While Working in Colliery

HANOVER, Pa., July 5.—Andrew Berea, 49 years old, of 625 Jones St., laborer at the Truesdale colliery, received injuries of the left hand while at work yesterday. While putting up a prop, a pile of rock fell down on him, narrowly missing his head. He was removed to the Nanticoke State Hospital for treatment.

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July Communist
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RESOLUTION ON TRADE UNION WORK.
OLD UNIONS AND NEW UNIONS—Wm. Z. Foster.
TRADE UNION QUESTIONS—James P. Cannon.
RESOLUTION ON REPORT OF POLITICAL COMMITTEE.
IMMEDIATE PARTY PROBLEMS—by Jay Lovestone.
WM. D. HAYWOOD—"UNDESIRABLE CITIZEN"—J. L. Engdahl.
ASPECTS OF THE SITUATION IN NEW BEDFORD—by A. Weisbord.
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Editor..............................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..............................WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

Campaign Funds

There are indications that campaign funds this year will be bigger and busier than ever. This country is richer than it was four years ago. That is, the rich are richer and the poor are poorer. The individual worker is producing more wealth than before, and his portion of it is less than ever. Several new millionaires have been created by the aeronautic industry. Prohibition is more remunerative than ever. The capitalist groups behind each party will throw in their coin into a great gamble. Special favors may mean millions in additional profits. An humble garbage contract in New York surreptitiously let to a friend of the administration with a bid netted the favored one over a million. If a million can be made out of a heap of dung, what could not be gotten out of a contract to feed the army and navy?

Yes, hundreds of millions will be spent by the democrats and republicans in the coming contest. It will be used to befuddle the masses and to corrupt them. It will be used to purchase votes on election day. It will be used to purchase corrupt leaders of foreign-born communities, who are base enough to barter their influence with their people for a mess of pottage.

The Workers (Communist) Party, on the other hand, though standing for the interests of the millions of wage-earners and exploited farmers is out to raise only $100,000. If the workers and farmers were class conscious, this sum could be made $100,000,000. Some day they will be and then there will be no more need of raising campaign funds to contest the elections with the parties of Wall Street. There won't be any parties of Wall Street.

But sufficient unto this day are the duties thereof. The Workers (Communist) Party must raise that $100,000 to help put its national and state tickets on the ballot in every possible state in the union.

This is the biggest campaign the Party has ever undertaken.

Tons of literature must be printed.

Hundreds of speakers will be routed.

The whole Party will be mobilized to bring the message of Communism into every corner of the country, to organize the workers for the struggle against capitalism, and, in doing that, to expose the republican and democratic parties as Wall Street's puppets and the socialist party as a betrayer of the interests of the working class. Let's have that $100,000.

Those Ambulance-Chasers

Big Business's complete control over the machinery of government in the United States is again indicated by the recent "ambulance chasing" investigation in New York. After having punished several lawyers, doctors and policemen involved in fleecing the worker by instigating suits in which the worker receives less than fifty percent of the damages recovered by the lawyers, the big corporations announce that damage and negligence suits have decreased about 50 percent since the inquiry began.

This is exactly what the New York courts wanted to accomplish by its inquiry. The entire investigation was begun and overseered by the big corporations of the country in an attempt to throttle suits of this nature—suits in which the worker demands reimbursement for the loss of limb and even life in industrial accidents.

But the worker should not be fooled by the announcement that these suits have decreased by 50 percent. They should not think it is a victory for them. On the contrary, this move, which will save millions of dollars yearly for the big corporations, is really a slap in the face of workers whose lives are imperilled daily in industrial plants. It is an act of legal intimidation against the worker.

The punishment of a few corrupt lawyers, doctors and policemen who prey upon the worker by taking more than half the "recompense" for lost flesh and blood, should not blind the worker to the fact that the authorities, in fighting "ambulance-chasers," are trying to beat injured workers out of all instead of only half of such damage-money.

Such are "reforms" that come from above.

Textile Strikers Determined

(Reprinted From July Labor Defender)

With a spray of lilac in each picket's buttonhole and the longest picket lines since the strike began, New Bedford strikers answered the bosses' move to open the mills, and the mills did not open. Portuguese workers remembered that flowers have always been the symbol of victory for their armies, so lilacs picked in the country yesterday were handed out today when the pickets first came on the line.

At least 2,000 strikers at the south end and 3,000 or more at the north end picketed or watched at the gates of the Hathaway, Page, Nonquit and other mills. As the long line of pickets, marching two by two, moved up and down past the big red brick buildings, police watched silently and [illegible] of other strikers across the [illegible] stood unmoving for an hour and a half. Green picket cards of the [illegible] Mills Committees entitling [illegible] to food at the relief stations were punched by members of the New Bedford committee. Children in the line got their cards punched before hurrying on to school.

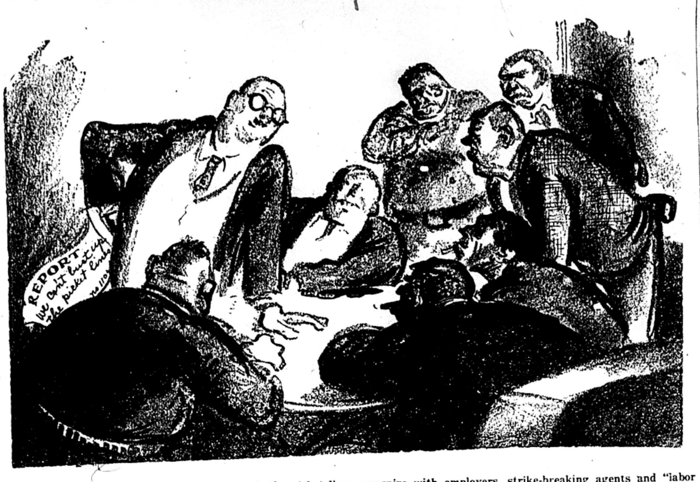
Lines of pickets from different mills at the south end marched on to a great meeting on Sauliner's lot, singing to the tune of John Brown's Body:

The men all stick together and the
boys are fighting fine,
The women and the girls are all
right on the picket line,
No scabs, no threats can stop us
when we all march out on line,
In One Big Textile Union.

The young song and cheer leader, Elizabeth Donelley, is out on the picket line again. She is tireless in mobilizing the singing brigades of children, grown ups and young workers. Antonio Adao, speaking in Portuguese, keeps the strikers laughing and applauding. He is a former I. W. W. man and led 5,000 Portuguese strikers once before.

William T. Murdoch, whose sentence to 90 days for "disturbing the peace" is appealed to a higher court goes back and forth with Fred Beal from north to south end speaking at the hall and then at Sauliner's lot. Ann Craton of the Workers International Relief visits relief stations and holds the fort at headquarters.

"DON'T CALL IT A CONSPIRACY, CALL IT A CONFERENCE."


REPORT
We can't bust up the picket lines

New Bedford textile barons, unable to break the picket lines, conspire with employers, strike-breaking agents and "labor leaders"—and call it a "Conference."

Tasks of Red Labor International

MOSCOW.—Conferences, plenums and meetings of the International Committees for Propaganda and Action were commenced immediately after the conclusion of the Fourth Red Labor Union International Congress. Their activities were to study and take up in a concrete fashion those questions and problems outlined by the Fourth Congress as a basis for the trade union movement during the next few years. Below we give a brief survey of the work of these conferences, plenum sand meetings of the International Committees for Propaganda and Action.

* * *

WOODWORKERS' PLENUM

A marked veering to the right on the part of the reformists has been observed of late (Switzerland, Belgium, Poland, Germany and France), while arrests are on the increase (Rumania, Yugoslavia, Hungary and Latvia). Trade union activities in England, Norway, Italy and in the Balkans have been undermined.

In those countries where the woodworking trades are experiencing a depression, wages are being lowered and hours lengthened. The curtailment of production is causing unemployment in countries like Czecho-Slovakia, France, the Balkans and Hungary. In Germany, where general business conditions are relatively more favorable, the workers in the woodworking trades have to contend with the ever increasing pressure of the employers.

In view of this situation the plenum stressed in its resolutions the necessity of intensifying and defining all class contradictions, to prepare the masses for the coming struggles, to reinforce the fight for unity and strengthen our political influences by penetrating the reformist unions, by putting up revolutionary candidates at elections and by combating the expulsion of revolutionary elements urges the necessity of transforming the factory committees into genuine proletarian organizations, to organize them where they do not exist, to from the unions, etc. Outlining organizational measures the plenum set up a single Woodwerkers International and to enhance the activities of the I. C. P. and A., etc.

The same questions and decisions were examined from the point of view of their practical application in various countries

BUILDING WORKERS PLENUM

Noting the general strengthening and growth of the building workers' movement, on one hand, and existing defects and shortcomings in trade union activities, on the other, the plenum in the main recognized the necessity of putting greater energy into the work, and of enhancing same. The defects observed, which the plenum considers must be eradicated at all costs, are: The weak connections of the I. Cä P. and A. with the various countries, the poor supply of information, the weak reaction to events and inadequate publicity activities.

Outline Tasks

The basic tasks outlined by the Building Workers Plenum are: To direct all activities to achieve the united front, to organize the unorganized workers, to set up organized and centralized leaderships in all the minorities, to reinforce the factory committees, to extend activities among the unemployed, to enhance cultural educational work and to set up mutual aid funds.

Examining the position of building workers in various countries, the plenum in its resolution drew up ways and means and instructions on realizing in a practical fashion the decisions of the Fourth Congress in accordance with the conditions obtaining in each given country, as, for example, in the United States, France, Jugoslavia, Holland and Czecho-Slovakia.

TRANSPORT WORKERS PLENUM

Sizing up the present position of the transport workers, the plenum considered that capital's attack on them has increased in all countries. Their position is becoming increasingly worse. The 12 and 13-hour day is being introduced. Wages are coming down, standards are being lowered and these measures are receiving the active support of the reformists. Meanwhile, however, the influence of the I. C. P. and A. is growing. At the Fourth Conference the I. C. P. and A. registered that the number of countries with which it had connections had grown from 15 to 43. Especially has its influence grown in the Far East.

In view of the situation at the present moment, the plenum urged first of all that the struggle against the reformists be increased, to struggle for trade and union unity, for better labor conditions and to raise the living standards of the transport workers. The following were outlined by the plenum as basic demands: The 7-hour day, social insurance at expense of employers, supply of special working clothes, workers to be engaged through the trade union organizations, etc. It has been recognized necessary likewise to conduct a campaign to increase wages, to abrogate laws prohibiting strikes and the right of coalition, to get the factory committees or corresponding organizations recognized and to get equal rights for colored and white workers.

Having discussed a whole series of organizational questions, the plenum recognized the necessity of establishing a single Transport Workers International and committees of friendship and fraternity, and of enhancing organizational and agitational activities of the unions. Furthermore, the establishment of opposition groups in the reformist unions was also considered essential. A struggle must be waged against the expulsion of left wing elements, to set up Transport Committees of Action, control points and International Clubs which will serve as organizational bases for the transport workers' struggle. It was also considered necessary to reinforce the press.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS MEETING

This meeting was held to make preparations for the conference and its convention in Germany. The agenda drawn up for this conference can be summarized as follows: Reports from the locals, I. P. C. report, organizational questions (connections, publicity activities, organization of minorities), the question of unity and attitude to Amsterdam.

NEEDLE WORKERS' MEETING

The characteristic feature of the present moment is the fact that most of the gains that the needle workers won during the last few years are being filched from them, thanks to the increased onslaught of the capitalists, and the treacherous policy of the reformist leaders. In their struggle against the workers these leaders are either utilizing the policy of mass expulsion of left wing elements from the unions, like in Germany, or are uniting with the police, as in America!

This meeting, therefore, urged the following vital tasks: To recruit new members for the unions, efforts to be made first of all among the unorganized workers to achieve this. To get control of the strike movement, to set up strike committees and factory committees and local trade union branches at the enterprises. By carrying out concrete tasks to struggle for the united front. As women are mostly employed in the needle trades, the necessity was recognized of including in the general program demands to defend the interests of women workers—equal pay for female and male labor, pregnant women to receive 8 weeks' leave previous to and after confinement, etc. To enhance organizational activities among the unorganized, to reinforce publicity activities, to set up firmer connections between the I. C. P. and A. and the locals and to increase the I. C. P. and A. funds!

The keynote of the Food Workers' meeting was to exchange information. Eighteen delegates from the Fourth Congress attended this meeting. The question of the union's affiliation to the International Food Workers' Federation was discussed. Organizational questions of a purely internal character were likewise taken up.

(To Be Continued.)

Building the Young Workers League in the Factories

By C. MILLER
District Organizer, Young Workers (Communist) League of Philadelphia

The Young Workers League at the present time is engaged in the task of entrenching itself among the masses of the young workers. At this time more than ever before must we take concrete organizational measures to build our nuclei in the factories. In accordance with this a series of shop nuclei organization conferences are being held throughout the country.

In our district the conference will take place on Sunday, July 15. The agenda for this conference will be:

1. Report of the district organizer on situation in the district in connection with shop activity.
2. Reports of the delegates from the factories and mines.
3. Concrete tasks in each factory.

Wide Representation

The following will attend this conference: Unit organizers, unit industrial organizers, comrades working in large factories, young miners, representatives of the party shop and mine nuclei, representatives of the District Executive Committee and a representative of the National Executive Committee.

The possibilities of building the league in this district are great. We find here the following industries: Anthracite coal, textile in Philadelphia (the largest textile city in the country with over 80,000 workers) steel, including the Bethlehem Steel mill in Baltimore, in which the party has a shop nucleus; rubber industry in Trenton, N. J., where the league has recently organized a unit, besides a large manufacturing industry In Philadelphia and vicinity alone there are about 10 per cent of all the workers engaged in manufacturing in the whole country.

The conditions of the young workers in this district are very bad. In the silk industry in the anthracite the young girls receive as low as 10 and 15 cents per hour. This is no exaggeration. The girls here, in order to make several dollars per week are forced to work 10 and 11 hours per day. In other industries the conditions are not much better.

In the anthracite where the Lewis-Cappelini machine and now the Brennen machine are engaged in the process of wrecking the standards of the workers, the young miners have their part to play. It will be up to the Young Workers (Communist) League to mobilize the young miners to resist the joint attack of the bosses and union bureaucrats. Thru the organization of mine nuclei we are in the best position to mobilize these young miners.

This conference will have as its aim to take concrete measures for the building of the shop nuclei. This task must be connected with some concrete form of activity if we are to be really successful.

In the city of Philadelphia the league is taking the initiative to organize a working youth conference. This working youth conference unlike the one called by Brookwood College is expected to take active measure in establishing a machinery for the unionization of the young workers. In the work for this conference it will be the league that will have to take the initiative. The shop nucleus conference will help to mobilize the league for this work in the factories. Similarly in the anthracite where a working youth conference is being called.

At this conference we will also have to answer how we will mobilize the young workers in the factories for the relief of the miners, for the support of the Communist candidates in the election campaign, and for the other campaigns of the league. Above all the struggle against the war danger and for the defense of the Soviet Union must be brought into the factories.

This conference will have to lay the basis for the actual building of nuclei and for the bringing of the different campaigns into the factories.

This conference is a step in the process to "Make the Factory the Fortress of Communism!"

The "Mental Hygiene" Bunk

By MYRTLE DE MONTIS.

Not only is there real danger to the working people through the exploitation of little children of the poor as is carried on through the juvenile courts under Dr. William Healy in Massachusetts, and of the helpless shell-shocked veterans under Dr. William A. White, head of the national asylum called St. Elizabeths Hospital, Washington, D. C.—these two men being prime-movers of the Lunacy Trust of America—but also in the new-fangled "Mental Hygiene" laws being passed in many different states because of the teachings of these experts, which are pernicious.

This is Dr. Ralph Hamill, president of the Illinois Society for Mental Hygiene, speaking to the representatives of large industrial and commercial enterprise whom I quote:

"If the mental health of the worker is normal he functions efficiently and falls into the category of contented employes.

"If his mental health is impaired his efficiency suffers and the employe develops a complex and becomes grouchy, or suspicious, over-bearing and over-sensitive; he worries, day dreams, loses the power to concentrate and becomes a burden to industry." Dr. Hamill said. But you don't find the learned doctor discovering any fault in industrial conditions, do you?

He continues "Why does a worker kick? or suffer other forms of mental and emotional disturbances that cause many losses of millions of dollars annually?" So if you kick, you're just simply cookoo, that's all!

It is to be noted that where "Mental Hygiene" flourishes the strongest is in the New England industrial centers, and that there are more unfortunate victims locked up in the wretchedness of asylums there than anywhere else in America.

Workers, beware of the Lunacy Trust! It comes hand-in-hand with industrial exploitation. It grabs little children for child labor to compete with adult labor. It waxes fat on the plight of our gassed and shell-shocked soldiers, and now through the laws it is passing everywhere it can grab you if you are dissatisfied and kick about the conditions under which you are forced to work!

HANdOuTS

Struggle for existence of the American capitalist class is vividly presented by the announcement that the Postum Company, Inc., makers of the famous hay and molasses drink which is supposed to taste like coffee, has just declared a dividend worth $300,000,000.

* * *

America is a free country. Anybody who is industrious can enter business and work his way up to the top. The Taggart Corporation has just been organized on a $25,000,000 basis to manufacture paper. Any worker who wants to get out of the ranks of the proletariat and is willing to work hard can compete with the Taggart Company on a fair basis if he happens to have $25,000,000 in the bank.

* * *

How surprised the British leisure classes will be when they wake up some morning and find they have a Workers government is suggested by the fact that when John Hennessey appeared before them to play tennis for the Davis cup in a pair of striped flannel trousers they were unutterably shocked. A few years ago another American player tried to take the same advantage over his British opponent at Eastborne and was required by the South England championship committee to change into white trousers before the match went on.

* * *

Cal Coolidge says he is undecided as to what he will do when he retires from office. It has been suggested he get a job as standing before a cigar store as an Indian, breaking in hobby horses or testing arm chairs.

* * *

Workers who for any reason have a slight lack of confidence regarding American courts should be reassured on hearing that Judge Allesandroni, who last March absentmindedly sentenced Irving Cohen to a term of 34 years, yesterday admitted his mistake and freed the man.

* * *

A picture of sport under capitalism is painted in the following words of Charley Paddock regarding the Olympic Games of 1924:

"It was suggested that the American who drew the inside lane that day, the moment that he was set, should start running. The rest of us would know what to expect and could save ourselves. But Abrahams, the Englishman, in order to protect himself would have to go, too, expending his energy. Of course if the first American was not called back he would undoubtedly win. But if he did not get away with it, then the next American would try, and the next, until each American would have started twice, while Abrahams would have had to start hard eight times. In that many chances it was very probable that one American would get away. But if no one did, it would not make any difference, because Abrahams would be so worn out from his eight trials that an American would win anyway."

Why didn't they just let him run in a pair of rubber boots and be sportsmanlike?

* * *

The real horror of a trans-Atlantic airplane flight is at last revealed. Miss Earhart during her trip lived on Horlicks Malted Milk.

* * *

Yale University has received $1,000,000 from Abraham E. Fitkin, public utilities magnate. None of it will be used to teach workers the class struggle.

* * *

Harry F. Sinclair, central grafter in the Teapot Dome corrupt political-financial orgy, is slated to appear again before an investigating committee on charges of being involved in shady transactions in the Salt Creek Oil Fields.

There are two morals to this: the first is, that America's so-called "investigating committees" aren't worth a plugged nickel, insofar as real investigation goes. The second is that (in these glorious U. S. of A.) you can't keep a good grafter from rising to the top of the financial world.

Mine Women Fashion Silken Relief Banner

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

RENTON, Pa., July 4.—The striking miners' wives are gathered in front of the Renton barracks, planning a silken banner which they will embroider and send to the Detroit, Michigan, branch of the National Miners' Relief Committee. It will be awarded to the organization affiliated with the committee that collects the most funds for relief purposes in a special campaign Detroit is planning for the near future. Mass meetings, house to house collections and tag days are being considered. Complete plans will be announced soon.

According to Mrs. Anna Mondale, the Renton women have decided to use red silk as the background and embroider the letters in gold.

BIG JOINT DEFENSE CARNIVAL AT STARLIGHT PARK TODAY

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS:
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

FINAL CITY EDITION

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CALL TROOPS, MOUNTED FORCE TO MILL STRIKE AREA

DEATH SENTENCES GIVEN TO ELEVEN DONETZ PLOTTERS

Commutation for Six Is Recommended

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 6.—After a deliberation of forty-eight hours sentences of death have been handed down on eleven of the half a hundred citizens of the Soviet Union charged with sabotage in connection with counter-revolutionary activities in the Donetz coal fields and other sections of the U. S. S. R.

Of the eleven men sentenced to death, the sentences of six have been recommended for commutation.

Less severe sentences, in proportion to the degree of criminality of the various sabotagers, have been passed upon the other defendants. These are chiefly terms of imprisonment.

Several of the Russian prisoners have been paroled by order of the court and, of the three accused German engineers, two have been acquitted while one has been paroled.

The sentencing of the eleven sabotagers concludes a trial which has gripped the attention, not only of the Soviet Union, but of the entire world, for weeks. The seriousness of the offense and the ramification of sabotage organization has aroused workers throughout the world and led to the belief that the government would demand the severest sentences to put a final end to similar treachery on the part of its technicians.

• • •

Generous Politician.

BERLIN, July 6. — The German section of the League for the Rights of Man has prepared a petition to the Soviet government urging that a number of the engineers convicted of sabotage and counter-revolutionary activity in the Donetz basin be spared the death penalty.

A second petition, which is reported to be in preparation, is signed by Heinrich Mann, celebrated German novelist, and several other notables.

THOUSANDS TO BE AT BIG CARNIVAL

Proletarian Athletes in Many Sports Events

All roads will lead to Starlight Park today. Workers from every part of the city will throng to the huge sports carnival and jamboree of the Joint Defense that promises to mark a turning point in the history of proletarian sports in this country.

The great carnival will be a social event with a serious underlying purpose. Militant needle trades workers have been framed up by the union-smashing right wing cliques in co-operation with the bosses. Immediate funds are needed for their defense and these funds will be supplied by the great carnival today.

The carnival will be the greatest gathering of proletarian athletes ever witnessed in this country. The leading workers' sports clubs of the city are cooperating in the affair. Baseball, soccer, swimming, boxing, wrestling, gymnastics, are among the athletic events included. In addition to the athletic program there will be dancing all afternoon and evening, a concert by the Hungarian Symphony Orchestra, a children's ballet by the Non-Partisan Workers' Children's schools and a literary open forum by members of the young group of writers known as "Union Square."

Fifty thousand workers from every part of the city, every trade, every nationality, will be in Starlight Park today. Admission is only 50 cents, and half price for children.

GENERAL STRIKE LOOMS IN MEXICO

VERA CRUZ, July 6. — Vote for a general strike to become effective the [illegible] part of July was taken by the Mexican Federation of Labor, [illegible] yesterday.

[illegible] received from Mexico [illegible] no further details, though [illegible] intimation that the strike [illegible] based upon a protest [illegible] of the arbi[illegible]

Tammany Police Celebrate "Independence" Day

A demonstration in Wall St. on July 3, demanding the withdrawal of American marines from Nicaragua, was attacked by the police who showed their patriotic fervor by slugging and arresting workers. Photo shows Fanny Toohey, one of the demonstrators, being taken to jail by two of Wall Street's policemen.

25,000 WORKERS TO ATTEND BIG CONCERT

Coney Island will be the center of the map of the world for 25,000 workers on Saturday evening, July 14. This is the evening when the great concert and entertainment of the left wing movement of New York will take place in Coney Island Stadium. And it will be the night when 25,000 fortunate workers will for the first time see and hear the greatest invention of the century that enables the most beautiful music to be drawn out of the air without the aid of a musical instrument.

Prof. Leon Theremin himself, the great Soviet scientist responsible for this sensational discovery, will be on hand to display his invention. Merely by moving his hands he will draw forth tones of unrivalled beauty and play the most difficult compositions. Coming from the country where the realization of the proletarian revolution has made this great invention possible, Prof. Theremin will greet the revolutionary proletarians of this country for the first time at Coney Island Stadium.

Prof. Theremin alone would be attraction enough, but in addition other famous artists will perform. Among them will be Arnold Volpe and his noted Symphony Orchestra and the Roxy Ballet. Tickets are selling fast and all those who want to make sure of being at this great proletarian concert should secure them at once at the Daily Worker office, 26-28 Union Square.

SUPPORT MINE DEFENSE CALL

Labor Defense Drive On July 22-29

An urgent appeal for support to the joint miners' defense and relief drive to be conducted by the International Labor Defense and the National Miners' Relief Committee was today issued from the national office of the I. L. D. at 80 E. 11th St., by assistant secretary Martin Abern.

Plans are now being perfected for the drive, which is to last from Sunday, July 22, to Sunday, July 29, inclusive.

The I. L. D. statement points out the pressing necessity for adequate means to carry on the defense of the hundreds of miners who have been arrested, indicted or imprisoned in the present miners' struggle. Among the most important cases cited are those of Anthony Minerich, chairman of the National Miners' Relief Committee, whose appeal is now before a higher court; John Brophy and Pat H. Toohey, the framing up of Frank Brbot, a striking miner of Triadelphia, W. Va., the cases of the 51 women in St. Clairsville, O., and hundreds of others who are victims of the violent llass "justice"

Friends and sympathizers are requested to send funds for the joint drive during that week to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

SIGNATURE DRIVE MAKES PROGRESS

Communist Drive To Get on Ballot

Much progress is being made in the campaign for signatures to put the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in New York State, according to reports received from the Red Essex, the special automobile which is touring various parts of the state. Donald Burke and George Pearlman, who are in charge of the Red Essex report great interest in the Workers Party campaign thruout the state.

Burke and Pearlman have also been doing some organization work in addition to securing signatures. They organized a Workers Party branch in Poughkeepsie with about a dozen members. This is the first time a Party branch has been organized in Poughkeepsie.

Distribute Daily Worker.

Burke and Pearlman also took charge of the distribution of 250 copies of The DAILY WORKER at

(Continued on Page Three)

Progressive Miners Victorious in Elections

ILLINOIS COAL DIGGERS DEFEAT LEWIS MACHINE

Fishwick Gang Resorts to Terror

(Special To The DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 6.—Incomplete reports of the elections now being held in the Illinois local unions of the United Mine Workers of America show widespread victories of the progressive forces, despite the terror resorted to everywhere by the Lewis-Fishwick machine.

The most complete returns so far received come from Sub-District 9, Franklin County. The Vallier local elected a full progressive slate. Christopher Local, No. 2376, all officials progressives. Coello, No. 232, all progressives. Buckner, reactionary. Orient No. 1, Local No. 303, reactionary officials appointed by Lon Fox, Fishwick's sub-district president, after revoking charter and reorganizing local. In the Orient No. 2 local, the reactionaries resorted to one of their characteristic tricks to invalidate the election.

Large Attendance.

A count of the members at the meeting showed 1192 present. The election of three tellers, all progressives, was sufficient warning to the reactionaries that the progressive slate was certain of winning, and three reactionary officials constituted themselves part of the board of tellers. The reason for this became clear when the ballot boxes were opened.

Before the ballots were distributed they were marked by the three elected tellers with their initials. But when the ballot boxes were opened 1392 ballots were counted, 200 of them without the tellers' initials. These had obviously been put in by the reactionaries, but in an attempt to conceal this they marked some of them for the progressive candidates.

Game Exposed.

The progressives demanded that the vote for the candidates be counted, feeling certain that even if 200 votes cast for the progressive candidates were disregarded the progres-

(Continued on Page Two)

Tickets For Concert On Sale at 'Daily' Office

Tickets for the great concert at Coney Island Stadium July 14, at which Prof. Leon Theremin will be one of the leading performers, are now on sale. All workers who want to make sure of being present at this unusual proletarian musical event should secure their tickets at once at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

Fight For His Release

Eugene Barnett, one of the eight Centralia I. W. W. prisoners at Walla Walla, Wash., who were condemned to life terms in 1919 at the instigation of the American Legion and the lumber interests of the northwest. The International Labor Defense, in co-operation with a number of other labor organizations, is now waging an intensive campaign for their release.

Fight to Free Eight Victims of Centralia

Renewed interest and a determination to "see the fight thru" are being shown throughout the organized labor movement in the northwest and even more easterly points in the case of the eight Centralia I. W. W. prisoners now confined in Walla Walla, Wash., penitentiary. This case is at present being considered by the Washington state parole board.

Among the labor organizations which have already passed resolutions advocating the immediate release of these framed-up labor fighters are the Seattle Central Labor Council, the Spokane Central Labor Council, the Tacoma Central Labor Council, the Everett Central Labor Council, the Seattle Labor College, the Western Progressive Farmers' convention in Washington, and the Milwaukee central labor body. In most cases the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The next step in the fight is to a certain extent waiting upon the decision of the Parole Board which has the case under review. At its session a little while ago, Mr. Finn, representing the Spokane unions, Charlotte Todes of the Seattle I. L. D., Elmer Smith and Mr. Taylor, representing the Tacoma unions, spoke strongly for the imprisoned workers.

MILITARY LAW AS MILLS WILL TRY TO OPEN MONDAY

Jingo Apparatus Called Mere Gesture of Bosses, As No Strikers Will Break Ranks

Tens of Thousands Expected to Turn Out For Picket Demonstration at 56 Mills

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 6.—Virtual military rule will grip this city when the National Guard units, Battery D of the 101st Field Artillery, and a special mounted force of more than 100 march in to reinforce the police and reserves mobilized by Mayor Ashley and the mill barons as a sinister threat against the tens of thousands of strikers who will picket the 56 mills when they attempt to reopen Monday morning, July 9.

The decision to call in the troops was "officially" reached after a conference between Mayor Ashley, Chief of Police McLeod, Major Winslow and Lieutenant Perry of the 101st Field Artillery. But the mayor, whose friendship to the mill bosses can be dated to before the time he received a $20,000 gift from them, got his unofficial instructions, it is stated, before the above mentioned conference.

Expect Many Pickets.

The resentment of the masses of strikers, and even of the general public, toward this threatening gesture, is so intense that it conclusively in-

(Continued on Page Two)

COMMUNISTS GET POSTS IN BRITISH MINERS' UNION

Secure Majority on the Executive Committee

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, July 6.—The election of officials in the Lanarkshire Miners' Union here yesterday resulted in an overwhelming victory for the Communists, when both the highest offices of the union were obtained by members of the Communist Party of Great Britain.

McAnulty was elected president of the union and Allan was given the post of secretary. Both are members of the Communist Party. Hunter, who was elected vice president, is a close sympathizer with the left-wing movement in England.

In addition to procuring the two highest offices, the Communists also secured the majority of places in the executive committee of the Lanarkshire Miners' Union.

RAP NEW YORK POLICE TERROR

Communist Children Issue Call

The Communist childrens' organization in America, the Young Pioneers, District 2 issued a statement yesterday calling upon all workers and the children of workers to protest against the recent arrests and clubbings of its members for participating in a demonstration against American imperialism in Wall St. The statement says:

"On July 3 a demonstration called by the All American Anti-Imperialist League was held in Wall Street.

"This demonstration protested against the sending of marines by the American capitalists to the American colonies and to Nicaragua and China to murder and oppress the workers and their children for the benefit of insuring the profits of Wall Street.

"While the workers were protesting, the police brutally attacked the workers and children present, and arrested many of the most active ones.

Rose Plotkin, an active member of the Young Pioneers and a member of the leading committee, was one of those arrested for participating in the demonstration.

"The demonstration was arranged on the anniversary of the fight of the American people for freedom against colonial oppression, in that case British oppression. This shows how the capitalist class treats those who on July 4th, so-called Independence Day, dare to raise their voices in the fight for freedom against American oppression in the colonies.

"Rose Plotkin has been arrested and is being held in the Children's Court because she dared to distribute leaflets demanding that the marines be withdrawn from the Philippines, Nicaragua, China and other American colonies.

Calls For Protest

"The Young Pioneers of America call on all workers and workers' children to protest against the arrest of Rose Plotkin.

"The Young Pioneers call on all workers and workers' children to support the fight against colonial oppression, and to join hands with the rest of the workers and their children in the colonies against their common enemy the American bosses.

TAMMANY GANG UP FOR TRIAL

Connolly Pleads Not Guilty

NEW YORK, July 6 (UP).—Maurice E. Connolly, former borough president of Queens, and Frederick Seely, former sewers engineer for the borough, pleaded not guilty today when they were arraigned charged with conspiracy to defraud in the construction of sewers.

Supreme Court Justice Tompkins, in Long Island City, set their trial for September 4.

• • •

"Investigation" Nears End

Testimony was completed yesterday in the hearing of charges against Frank C. Gannon, suspended superintendent of the Brooklyn street cleaning department, who is accused of violating the city charter provision against a city employe having a financial interest in companies handling city contracts. Magistrate Dale reserved his decision until next Friday.

Gannon and his partner have been shown to have raked in hundreds of thousands of dollars in the current Tammany Hall graft scandal.

The principal witness today against Gannon was Edward Yunker, his brother-in-law, of 120-20 209th St., Bellaire, Quenns.

He said that he had received sums ranging from $2,500 to $6,500 from the Brooklyn Ash Removal Company, with which the prosecution has tried to connect Gannon.

60,000 Taxi Drivers To Receive Copies of Daily Worker is Plan

Thousands of copies of the DAILY WORKER will be distributed Monday among the New York taxi drivers in accordance with the plan announced by the business manager of the paper. The Monday issue will be featured by a number of special news items showing the blackmail system in force among the cabmen, urging organization of these exploited workers, and exposing the police control of the industry.

Every Workers Party member and sympathizer, every reader of The DAILY WORKER is asked to join in this plan by purchasing one or more extra copies of the paper next Monday and pass them to a taxi driver.

Go to your newsdealer today and order your Monday copies in advance. Do not delay but act now, so that we can know how many papers to print. Ask the newsdealer to send in the order immediately. Do this for your paper and your class.

THE NEXT ISSUE OF THE

Daily Worker

will be larger in size of pages and will have a new and better appearance. Watch for it on the news stands. Ask for it if you don't see it.

If you fail to get The DAILY WORKER Monday, you will miss the first instalment of the new Draft Program of the Communist International, which we will begin publishing Monday and will continue in daily instalments until completed.

Direct telegraph service from all countries.

The only reliable labor news.

There will be many other attractive features. For instance, an article by Jack Stachel, an article on the Donetz trial by Moissaye Olgin and —Tom O'Flaherty is back with his column.

Get a new reader for The DAILY WORKER.

Graft and Reaction Mark Sessions of Massachusetts Old Political Parties

SACCO, VANZETTI HANGMAN SHOWN AS RECORD CROOK

Republicans, Democrats For Power Interests

BOSTON, July 6 (FP).—Surrender to organized gas and electric interests, continued subservience to the banking clique in control of rapid transit in Greater Boston and the outbreak of noisome scandals at the state house mark the passing of the long drawn out session of the Massachusetts legislature.

Expose Grafter

The session's high light was the impeachment of Attorney General Arthur Reading, found guilty by a special committee of extortion and misconduct in office. A brisk, go-getting political climber, Reading was well on his way to the governorship when it was proved after a sensational trial that he had used his high office to collect secretly and by extortion 446,000 from the Decime Club, a get-rich-quick outfit, and $50,000 or more from an auto finance corporation. Faced by impeachment, Reading resigned.

Reading will be remembered by friends of Sacco and Vanzetti for his part in the conspiracy to kill the two labor men. Half an hour before midnight of August 22 defense lawyers sought Reading's help to stay the execution a few hours to give them time to reach a federal judge by airplane. They claim he promised help. While they waited at the East Boston airport for his reply, news came by telephone that the two men had been executed.

Crook Defends Hangman

Later Reading defended Judge Thayer and the Massachusetts courts before the American Bar Association at Buffalo. It is reported he asked the bar association to endorse the conduct of the judicial witchhunters in Massachusetts and to censure William G. Thompson, counsel for Sacco and Vanzetti for "unethical conduct" in accepting money from "Reds."

Despite all efforts to smother it, scandal broke out concerning the disposal of seized liquors to Republican politicians for use at banquets and outings. Other charges that legislators staged a drinking bout under the golden dome itself were also whitewashed.

NOBILE RESCUER SAVED BY PLANE

USSR Vessel to Resume Search For Amundsen

STOCKHOLM, July 6. — Lieut. Einarpaal Lundborg, the Swedish airman, whose plane overturned while he was attempting to rescue five survivors of the Italia crew, has been rescued from the ice near Foyn Island.

The Soviet ice-cutter Krassin had succeeded to reaching within fifty miles of the stranded fliers, but was delayed by ice and fog, and a broken propellor. In good condition again the Krassin, with the Soviet flier Babushkin who had recently returned to the ship when he was believed to have been lost, is resuming its search for Amundsen and his five companions. Babushkin is preparing for another flight.

LOOSE POLE KILLS WORKER.

ASHBURY PARK, N. J., July 6.—George J. Woodruff, night linesman for the New Jersey Bell Telephone Company, died of injuries received when a pole upon which he was working fell. Woodruff called at midnight to eliminate cross-wire trouble and was found crushed beneath the pole which had been loosened by recent storms and not repaired by the company. He died in the hospital two hours later.

Railroad Workers Risk Lives Daily On Job

This huge engine, overturning in the South Station, at Boston, nearly brought death to more than 50 persons. By some miracle all, including the workers in the engine, escaped without serious injury.

MILITIA CALLED TO STRIKE AREA

Bosses Will Try to Open Mills Monday

(Continued from Page One)

dicates that the turnout to the picket lines will be far greater than if the police mobilization had been confined to the city's own resources.

The leaders of the Textile Mills Committee reiterated their frequent statement that on Monday the mill owners will clearly demonstrate their utter inability to resume operations in even one of the 56 manufacturing plants.

One of the reasons for this elaborate mobilization of strikebreaking machinery is the knowledge of the mill owners that they will be unable to open the mills. The whole military apparatus with full war equipment basis is being called in to create the impression here and outside that many strikers are ready to return, but are in need of "adequate protection." Nothing is further from the truth, the union confidently declares. The ranks of the 28,000 on strike are as solid as on the first day of the strike, when not one worker remained working in the mills.

Barons Desperate.

Everywhere the belief is expressed that the mill owners have become desperate with the sight of the remarkably solid strike ranks. They have therefore decided, with the beginning of the thirteenth week of the strike, to resort to desperate measures. The military has been mobilized for a wild attempt to shatter the strike by an attack launched against the picket lines, it is seen.

At all the daily strike meetings, picket demonstrations, picnics and thru the distribution of leaflets, the Textile Mills Committee has been rallying the strikers for Monday's demonstration.

More than six thousand strikers came to the July 4th picnic of the T. M. C. Interspersing the games and other pastimes speeches were made by their union leaders and other labor organizers, calling for Monday's mobilization. Theresa Valente of the strike committee was chairman, Paul Crouch, ex-soldier and Communist, A. Lamieres, Donneley, Kelley, Jack Rubenstein, Pachede, Cabral, Peleazar and Pachece of the T. M. C. spoke as did Nat Kay of Boston.

ILLINOIS MINERS WIN ELECTION

Lewis Machine Resorts to Terror

(Continued from Page One)

sive slate would still have a majority. But for this very reason the reactionaries could not accede to this demand. They called in the sheriff and had the ballots removed to the bank.

It is certain that the election will be declared void by the sub-district and that they will take some means to put their reactionary tools in charge of the local.

Similar reports, though less complete, come from the other sub-districts in southern Illinois. Wasson No. 1 and 2, Carrier Mills, and Old Gary No. 10 elected the progressive slates. At the Harco local there were two elections held and two sets of officials elected. The bulk of the members of this local live at Harrisburgh and they held a meeting there and elected progressives. But the reactionaries insisted on holding an "election" at Harco with the few members who live there and claim the election for their candidates.

Progressive Victory.

In the Staunton Sub-District No. 6 five locals have elected progressives. A report as yet unverified mentions another three locals as having carried the progressive slates.

In Springfield the terrorism of the reactionaries was successful. Joe Loda and Hindmarsh, who formerly posed as progressives, showed their real face. They made the rounds with a squad of gunmen, threatening and warning the miners to vote for the machine candidates, and they now claim a complete victory. But there is keen resentment among the miners which will soon make itself felt.

The National Miners' Convention Arrangements Committee has requested all progressives to send in immediately all information of the elections in their sections, giving the locality and number of the locals and the names of the officers elected. All reports should be addressed to the Convention Arrangements Committee, Room 411, 119 Federal St., N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Roumanian Workers Are Planning Picnic

The Roumanian Workers Educational League will hold a picnic on July 15 at Witzel's Park, 2d Ave. and 10th St., College Point, L. I., for the benefit of "Desteptaria," the weekly Roumanian language Workers (Communist) Party paper.

Besides dancing, which will begin at 2 p. m., there will be songs, recitations and refreshments. J. O. Bentall will talk on "The Labor Movement of Today."

Fascists See Ex-Kaiser

DUBLIN, July 6.—Baron Huenefeld, trans-atlantic flier and member of the German fascist organization, Steel Helmets, departed yesterday from Ireland after a brief visit here to pay his respects to the ex-kaiser. Fitzmaurice, Huenefeld's Irish partner in the Bremen flight, refused an invitation to go to Doorn, where the ex-kaiser is in exile.

Major Fitzmaurice is to receive a two years' leave of absence from the government with full pay, during which time he will study aviation, it is reported. A lecture tour in the United States will also be included in these two years.

INDIA PEASANTS SEIZE LANDS IN SPITE OF EDICT

Excitement Spreads to Other Sections

BOMBAY, India, July 6.—Peasants in the Gijerat, the northern section of the Bombay presidency, are harvesting the crops on the lands declared forfeit for unpaid taxes in spite of reports that the government is rushing troop trains to subdue the district. Information to this effect reached here last night.

The peasants are reported to have streamed spontaneously into the fields for the harvest, and the action has ben sanctioned by the peasant organization acting in the Gijerat.

The proportions which the peasant results has assumed in the last few days is reflected in the number of villages headmen deposed. Of the eighty-eight headmen, seventy-nine have been driven from office by the peasants. These village officials have been opposing the revolt of the peasants and the expulsion of the government tax collectors which preceded the outbreak.

While no definite information permitted to leak thru by the government, reports that troop trains are already en route from a number of points north and east of Gijerat continue to arrive here. Estimates of the number of forces entrained have not been made, but it is believed that they are large, as the government fears a dangerous situation.

Widespread excitement still prevails in Bombay City over the news from the north. Following the huge demonstration yesterday, in which thousands of striking textile workers participated, the enthusiasm over the outbreak in the northern section of the presidency is reported to be spreading to other industrial centers. Sholapur, the second largest textile center in India, has been especially aroused by reports of the revolt in the north.

I. MILLER MAKES IMMENSE PROFITS

Competition Talk Is the Bunk

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Mr. Chas. Miller has been threatening to hire Goodyear stitchers on a piece-work basis and if they produce more than the time-work stitchers he will put them on a piece-work basis or else speed them up.

He has also been hiring lasters for the miserable low price of fifty cents a pair. He also demands as good a job as that for which he pays seventy-seven cents a pair.

I. Miller & Sons, Inc., have been giving their workers wage-cut after wage-cut, depriving them of a decent standard of living. The excuse is they find it impossible to compete with the cheap shoes made in Europe. He gives promises of steady work with his wage-cuts. He makes good his wage-cut promises but falls down on the steady work.

The I. Miller Co. lies when it says it cannot compete with the cheap European shoes.

In 1926 the company made the enormous profit of $412,204.84. In 1927 the profits went up more than 25 per cent to $520,516.09. In the first thre months of this year, 1928, it increased the profits to more than $210,000. At this rate the profits for this year will be $840,000. More than double it was two years ago.

These figures are the net profits after all expenses had been deducted. These figures are correct and can be proven.

These profits have been made out of us who work in his factories. It is we who make these profits for them.

Dont believe Charles Miller's lies about his poverty and competition. In the last three and a half years they have made two million dollars clean profit from our work.

I. Miller & Sons, Inc., can afford to give everyone of his worker's an increase in pay and a decent standard of living.

Organize and fight to get back what I. Miller has stolen from us. Join the newly consolidated organization: the Independent Shoe Workers of Greater New York.

ALLEGE PLOT ON ALBANIA LEADER

VIENNA, July 6.—Alleging that a new and daring plot against his life has just been revealed by the Albanian police, Ahmed Zogu, president of Albania, did not dare to leave his palace yesterday.

Using the alleged plot as a pretext the police have rounded up a number of suspects, chiefly Macedonians, and Major Ismail Shanin, who is said to represent the former premier, Hasan Pristina. The men are in jail.

Zogu, who depends upon Italian support for his safety, is reported to be greatly alarmed at this attempt.

Was Cal's Birthday Cake Baked in Oil?

President Coolidge is resting after his great labors in behalf of Big Business by catching fish, walking and reading the bible on the estate of the late Henry Clay Frick, millionaire oil man, where the Teapot Dome President feels perfectly at home. Photo shows Wall Street's footman, in vacation make-up, cutting a 17-pound cake on his 56th birthday.

MOTHER JONES LAUDS DAILY WORKER FIGHT

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Mother Jones, veteran revolutionary fighter of the labor movement and with Mother Bloor the only women members of the United Mine Workers Union, has declared her praise of The DAILY WORKER and the struggle which it is making. The letter, written to Roger Baldwin, director of the American Civil Liberties Union, indicates Mother Jones' keen interest in the crisis through which the paper is passing.

Mother Jones is very ill at the present time, but is confident that she will soon be well and as active as ever.

The letter follows:

My dear Mr. Baldwin:

Your very kind letter reached me some time ago, but owing to my health could not write to you. I appreciate your kind consideration of me with all your other responsibilities.

Hopes It Will Survive

I hope the New York DAILY WORKER will survive. It is a very good paper. They come out fearlessly and show up the mistakes being made and I want to say that this is the time the workers want an awakening. I would not miss that paper, as I enjoy it very much.

I hope some day to be in Los Angeles and stir those fellows up a little bit. I have been invited to go out there. I wish I could go to New York and see you, but I am not well enough to take the trip.

Convey my best wishes to the boys on The DAILY WORKER and tell them I appreciate their kindness in sending me the paper every day. Tell them to keep up courage and keep up the fight. A fight that is easily won is not worth the winning. When the battle is over, then you feel that you have done your share to right the workers.

With my best wishes to all friends. I hope some day to see you.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) MOTHER JONES.

RUMANIA TERROR IN BESSARABIA

KISHINEV, Rumania, July 6.—The Rumanian police arrested Mme. Kollantay, aunt of Alexandria Kollantay, U. S. S. R. Ambassador to Norway, on the pretext of "plotting" for the returning of Bessarabia to Soviet Russia.

The arrest followed the murder of the editor of a monarchist newspaper, who, it was charged, while pretending to act as a spy for the Soviet government, was actually connected with the Rumanian foreign service.

LEGISLATURE IN INDIANA BRIBED BY POWER TRUST

Spent $3,500 in 1927 On "Entertaining"

WASHINGTON, July 6 (UP).—An Indiana utilities lobbyist spent $3,500 in 1927 on entertainment of members of the state legislature and utilities men, the Federal Trade Commission learned today. Most of the money was spent on dinners and theatre parties, Frank O. Cuppey, Lafayette, Ind., testified.

Cuppey said he was employed by the Indiana Utilities Association as a registered lobbyist at the state capitol and had formerly done similar work for Indiana telephone interests.

The agreement was, Cuppey said, that he would receive $3,500, of which $1,500 was expenses and $2,000 salary. However, Cuppey testified, the entire $3,500 was spent for expenses in entertainment of the legislators and others.

'ORDER' BLACKMER TO APPEAR OCT. 15

Sinclair Pal to Face Contempt Charge

WASHINGTON, July 6. (UP)—An order directing Harry M. Blackmer to appear in District of Columbia Supreme Court Oct. 15, to show cause why he should not be adjudged in contempt of court for failure to appear as a government witness in the last trial of Harry F. Sinclair, was signed today by Justice Bailey

Bailey also signed an order directing U. S. Marshal Snyder to seize $100,000 worth of Blackmer's property and hold it pending the proceedings.

A similar order had been issued when Blackmer failed to obey a subpoena to testify last fall in the conspiracy trial of Albert B. Fall and Sinclair. Blackmer's attorneys placed $100,000 in bonds in the National Savings and Trust Co. to cover that first action.

PAINT IS DEATH TO AUTO WORKERS

Benzol Destroys Bloodmaking Powers, Causing Hemorrhages

By ROBERT W. DUNN.
(Federated Press.)

In addition to suffering a high accident and severity rate, workers who build Hudsons, Chryslers, Buicks and Hupps have to worry about very definite dangers to health.

Health dangers vary from factory to factory and operation to operation. One of the worst lies in the spray painting of auto bodies and chassis and in the use of benzol, wood alcohol, lead and other injurious ingredients in auto paints and lacquers. Spray given off by the use of these substances is highly injurious. "And during this hot weather," the auto body paint sprayer will tell you, "it is torture to wear the mask," provided as a partial protection against the poisonous spray.

Despite superficial measures taken to reduce dangers of spray painting, the Workers Health Bureau experts declare that "even where carried on in specially constructed booths with provision for 100 feet of air constantly passing by the working face of the booth and where lead, benzol and wood alcohol have been removed from the materials, there is no assurance that workers will not be poisoned." It must be remembered in this connection that Michigan in particular has no adequate health protective legislation applying to automobile workers. It is all left to the whim and "good intentions" of the giant motor corporations.

Other dangers to motor workers' health are lead poisoning growing out of the dry sandpapering of auto bodies and the dust and industrial poisons common to wood workers—skin inflammations caused by the acids, oils and varnishes used in treating wood. Those working in the drop-forging plants suffer from the dangers of intense heat, sharp changes in temperature and the breathing of dust, smoke, fumes and fuel gases.

High power machines and speed-up systems in many departments lead to excessive fatigue, nervous disorders and broken health. In brass foundries and in electric and acetylene welding departments the air is frequently so thick from fumes that the workers can scarcely see each other. The gas exhaust from motors under test is often heavy in carbon monoxide and leads to the same choking and nauseating effects noticeable among workers in garages and repair shops.

Can workers speak out against occupational diseases and detrimental conditions in open shop auto plants of Detroit where according to the Employers Association there is no "labor problem"? Perhaps the chief reason little protest is heard lies in a story told by a student who worked two summers in the River Rouge plant of the Ford Motor Co. In talking with a worker one day he was told that two others employed on the same kind of work had been poisoned. The worker himself was afraid of the same fate.

"Why don't you say something about it," asked the student. "One word of complaint and I'd be fired," was the reply. This happened at a time when bosses were telling men that "40,000 men in Detroit want that job if you don't."

In July the Banks Are Paying
Half Yearly Dividends

Transfer Your Savings to a

Co-operative Workers' Finance Institution

CONSUMERS FINANCE CORPORATION

Subsidiary of the United Workers' Co-operative Ass'n.

6%

dividends are being paid from the first day of deposit on gold bonds in denominations of $100, $300, $500 and $1,000 secured by the second mortgage of the second block of houses in the Co-operative Workers' Colony.

The GOLD BOND CAMPAIGN Will Be Ended in July

Subscribe Now, Don't Be Left Out!

Consumers Finance Corp.

Office: 69 — 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.
TELEPHONE: ALGONQUIN 6900.

Branch Office: 2700 Bronx Park East (Co-operative Workers' Colony)
TELEPHONE: OLINVILLE 894.

COMMUNIST PARTY ELECTION CAMPAIGN FUND OF $100,000

All Sections of the Working Class to be Drawn In; To Rally Masses Behind Platform of the Class Struggle

Both the Republican and Democratic Parties will spend millions in the coming election campaign. Hoover and Smith are the candidates of the Big Capitalists and Bankers. Schwab and Morgan will give support to both candidates. The Wall Street Interests, the Coal Barons, Steel Barons, Oil Kings and other Industrial Barons know that only the workers and poor farmers will lose, that they will be the winners whether Hoover or Smith is the next president of the United States.

The Socialist Reverend Thomas will have his election campaign chest filled by the small business man and the professionals that make up the base of the petty bourgeois Socialist Party. It is true their chest will not be a very heavy one for the nature of the petty bourgeois soul is to measure everything by success, and they have no faith in their party and its standard bearers as far as the results of the elections go.

The candidate who will receive the greatest favors from the bankers and the big business interests will be the candidate that will win the elections. This has been done since 1892 with only one exception in 1916, when Wilson was re-elected on the platform: "He kept us out of war," only to expose the hypocrisy of the Democratic Party and the Democrat Wilson a few months later when the United States was plunged into the war.

The sums spent by both parties since 1896 are as follows:

Republicans		Democrats	
1896—McKinley	$3,500,000	1896—Bryan	$675,000
1900—McKinley	2,500,000	1900—Bryan	425,000
1904—Roosevelt	1,900,000	1904—Parker	700,000
1908—Taft	1,655,518	1908—Bryan	900,000
1912—Taft	1,070,000	1912—Wilson	1,130,000
Roosevelt (Prog.)	$670,000	1916—Wilson	1,958,000
1916—Hughes	3,829,000	1920—Cox	1,318,374
1920—Harding	5,319,729	1924—Davis	903,908
1924—Coolidge	3,063,952	La Follette	$221,977

That these figures are only given as official figures and that many times this sum is spent goes without saying, but the sums spent are no doubt in proportion to the sums officially recorded.

The outstanding fact remains that the party with the largest campaign fund is the party that wins the election.

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

The Workers (Communist) Party is the party that fights for the interests of the workers and exploited farmers. The Workers (Communist) Party is the deadly enemy of the capitalist system. It works for the overthrow of capitalism through the setting up of a true Workers' and Farmers' Government in the United States, through the dictatorship of the proletariat.

Our party appeals only to the workers and poor farmers of this country for support in this campaign. This party calls upon the workers and poor farmers to rally to the support of their party. In entering the election campaign the Workers (Communist) Party has no ullusions as to the possibility of abolishing capitalism through the ballot. Just the opposite, our party exposes the sham capitalist democracy as in reality a capitalist dictatorship in the interests of a few and against the great mass of workers and exploited farmers. Our party enters this campaign with the main object in mind of utilizing the elections as a means to agitate among and mobilize the masses for a struggle against capitalism and the capitalist government. When we seek the election of our members to the legislature, we do so with the object of utilizing the legislatures of the states and nation as a forum from which to better mobilize the masses against capitalism and the capitalist legislature.

$100,000 COMMUNIST ELECTION CAMPAIGN FUND

It is on this basis that our party comes to the workers and poor farmers asking them to support their party in the election campaign.

It is on this basis that we ask the workers and poor farmers to mass their pennies and their dollars to make up the the Communist Campaign Fund.

A $100,000 campaign fund for the platform of the class struggle.

WHERE WE WILL COLLECT OUR $100,000 CAMPAIGN FUND

1. From the trades unions.
2. From the workers fraternal organizations.
3. In the shops, mills, mines, etc.
4. In the workers homes.
5. In the street, among the workers.

HOW WE WILL COLLECT OUR $100,000 CAMPAIGN FUND

1. 1928 Election Assessment levied on all members of the Workers (Communist) Party. Every member must buy a 50 cent Communist Election Campaign Assessment Stamp.

2: Through donations from trades unions and other workers organizations, such as Workers Fraternal Societies, Cooperatives, Womens Councils, etc., and through donations from shop committees and individuals.

3. Through the sale of Communist Campaign Stamps, to be sold in all organizations, shops and to individuals. These stamps to be used to paste on all mail sent by the workers throughout the campaign to advertise the Communist campaign. A book of stamps for a dollar will contain 100 stamps on ten pages, to be sold to workers at 10 cents a page.

4. Through contribution lists to be circulated everywhere among the workers and workers' organizations.

5. Through affairs, picnics, etc.

6. Through two huge National Communist Campaign Tag Days.

7. Collections from mass meetings, open air meetings, shops, unions, fraternal organizations and from workers social affairs.

8. Income from mass meetings.

9. Income from literature.

10. Income from sale of campaign buttons.

11. Income through collections by the Communist press.

WHAT $100,000 CAMPAIGN FUND WILL BE USED FOR

1. To place the Communist presidential ticket (Foster for President and Gitlow for Vice-President) on the ballot in as many states as possible. The capitalists provide the most difficult laws to make it most difficult for the workers to place their candidates on the ballot.
2. **To Publish Literature:**
   Communist platform, campaign pamphlets, campaign leaflets.
3. **Mass Meetings:**
   For hall rents, railroad fare, advertising.

We are planning to send dozens of prominent speakers throughout the country. We are planning to break into new territory in the South and West. The capitalists control halls and the railroads. We must have funds to make the national tours of Foster and Gitlow and Scott Nearing and many others possible.

4. **Publicity:**
   Posters with appropriate cartoons and slogans, campaign buttons, throwaways, press publicity.
5. **Campaign Committee Expense:**
   Printing and office expense, campaign workers and organizers, publicity workers, campaign field organizers.

MUST HAVE MONEY IMMEDIATELY

While we feel certain that the workers will provide the party with the $100,000 fund to carry on the work, it is now a question of the immediate need of money.

The following is a schedule of how we expect to raise the funds:

August 1st	$20,000	October 1st	$75,000
August 15th	30,000	October 15th	90,000
September 1st	40,000	November 1st	100,000
September 15th	50,000		

While most of the $100,000 fund will have to be spent before the 1st of November, we will be able to contract debts to the amount not raised by that time as the need arises, with the hope that the money that will come in up to November 1st will complete the $100,000 and we will make good our debts, but we are working on the basis of

A HUNDRED THOUSAND-DOLLAR CAMPAIGN FUND

Organization for the Drive:

The success of the drive will depend upon the organization work of our party and its closest sympathizers who must be drawn in actively into the campaign. If we succeed in mobilizing the party we will be able to rally the left wing and progressive workers for our Party Election Campaign.

Every shop nucleus.
Every street nucleus.
Every sub-section executive.
Every section executive.
Every city executive.
Every sub-district executive.
Every district executive
must in addition to electing a campaign committee select one comrade who is charged with being the director of the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund Drive.

In all trades unions there must be organized a campaign committee and there must be elected a Campaign Fund Drive Director.

Where the union supports the Party election campaign, such a committee must be elected officially at the union meeting.

Where we are in the minority, the supporters of the Communist Election Campaign must be organized and everything done to draw in as much of the union membership as possible. As the campaign develops non-party workers must be given leading positions in the campaign committees, organized by the unions or in the unions.

Likewise in all other mass organizations of the workers we must organize campaign committees no matter if we are in the majority or in the minority. This holds true for cooperatives', womens', and other workers organizations.

LANGUAGE ORGANIZATIONS

All language bureaus of the party, national and local, must form a campaign committee and appoint a special Campaign Fund Drive Director.

The bureaus are responsible for the organization of sub-committees in all workers mass organizations of their language, whether officially or of the left wing minorities.

In the factories, mines, mills, committees drawing in non-party workers should be formed with a drive director. In the neighborhood, thru the initiative of our street nuclei, campaign committees drawing in non-party masses must be formed.

Thruout the campaign, great care must be taken that the Negro workers, women, young workers and the working class children become an organic part of the drive.

CENTRALIZATION AND CONTROL

The National Campaign Committee in charge has worked out a whole system of centralization and control of the finances raised. Accurate bookkeeping has been set up and all donations and contributions will be recorded in the entire party press. 20 per cent of the funds collected will go to The DAILY WORKER. The rest of the fund will be divided for work of the National Campaign Committee and for work in the state and local organizations.

Workers support your party—Support the Platform of the class struggle—Support the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund.

$100,000 to fight the mighty Wall Street powers with their billions.

$100,000 is needed to make the campaign a red nightmare to the corrupt capitalist politicians and their bosses, the capitalists.

$100,000 for a campaign against wage cut, longer hours, rationalization and all exploitation of the workers.

$100,000 against imperialism and imperialist war.

$100,000 to fight for the unemployed.

$100,000 to fight the Klan, lynching, all race discriminations, for social, economic, and political equality for the Negroes.

$100,000 for militant industrial unionism.

$100,000 for organizing the unorganized rubber workers, automobile workers, textile workers, steel workers, transportation workers, miners, etc., into powerful industrial unions willing and ready to fight the capitalists.

$100,000 for the recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.

$100,000 for a campaign to arouse the workers and poor farmers to revolutionary struggle against the capitalists and their government to the end that we establish in the United States a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

The Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party appeals to the workers and farmers of America to raise this fund of $100,000.

TRUEFOOD WAITER STRIKE STILL ON

Demand Higher Wages, Union Recognition

The strike of the waiters and waitresses of the Truefood Vegetarian Restaurants, Inc., located at 153 W. 44th St., 110 West 40th St., and 524 Seventh Ave., is now entering its second week.

For a long time before the strike was called the working conditions in the restaurants were reported to have been unbearable. The waiters worked from 11 a. m. to 12 p. m. every day, a period of thirteen hours a day, for the miserable wages of $12 a week. The case of the waitresses was even worse. They worked 10 hours a day, and were paid a dollar for each day's work.

Demand Human Conditions.

Now that the workers in the Truefood Restaurants have organized themselves, they are demanding human conditions. These demands include the recognition of their union, 8-hour day for men and an 8-hour day for women, $20 per week for the men and $15 for the women.

In a letter sent out recently by the owners of the restaurants the waitresses are told that their jobs are still open to them under the same conditions that they had before.

Mayor Walker Holds Confab with Hearst

LOS ANGELES, July 6.—Jimmie Walker, mayor of New York, is to leave Hollywood for an indefinite stay with William Randolph Hearst. While participating in the pleasures of Hearst's ranch they are expected to settle some problems relative to city administration and the national campaign of Tammany.

PHILADELPHIA
The work we make is good. Organizations' work—our specialty.
Spruce Printing Co.
[illegible] N. SEVENTH ST. PHILA. PA.
[illegible]—Market 6883 Union
[illegible]—Main 7940. Printers.

SIGNATURE DRIVE MAKES PROGRESS

Communists Get Names For Ballot

(Continued from Page One)

the De Laval cream separator plant in Poughkeepsie. The new branch which helped in the distribution, will conduct more of this work in the future.

In a letter to the New York party headquarters, Burke writes:

"To date we have covered four counties. The first, Weschester, was easy to complete. Our batting average was high in this county.

Auto Mechanics Sign.

"The next county, Putnam, was a tough one. Our best source of signatures was among auto mechanics. A few of the farmers signed.

"We then turned our wheels toward Chatham, hoping to glean an occasional signature here and there. One may imagine our surprise and pleasure when two and one-half hours in Chatham netted 55 signatures.

To Continue Campaign.

"There is no doubt that thru participation in the elections, thru campaign literature, thru personal conversations with workers at the time we ask them to sign our petitions and thru open-air meetings, we are getting to the exploited masses.

"The Red Essex still runs and its passengers are carrying on the campaign. We will cover Albany, Troy and Schenectady during the next week. Noon-day meetings will be held before factories and in other ways we will try to assist local comrades in the campaign work."

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23rd St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7462 R 1.

Cleveland Workers to Hold Big Picnic Soon

CLEVELAND, July 6.—All militant workers of Cleveland are preparing for the ninth annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, which will be held at Lakelands, 14711 Lakeshore Blvd., on July 15. The picnic will begin at 11 a. m. and continue throughout the day.

The program will include sports, speeches, refreshments, dancing to the music of a well known Cleveland orchestra, and a swimming contest. Picnickers are urged not to forget their swimming suits.

ITALIAN WORKERS BURNED.

TURIN, July 6.—A fire destroyed a paint and lumber factory and nearby residences today. Many workers are reported dead. Three firemen were injured while fighting the flames.

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NEW WORKERS CENTER
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NEW YORK CITY
Individual Sanitary Service by Experts. — LADIES' HAIR BOBBING SPECIALISTS.
Patronize a Comradely Barber Shop.

GREEK DICTATOR DISSOLVES HOUSE

Venizelos Popular with Bosses

ATHENS, July 6.—In a state of unrest due to the tobacco strike and with possibilities for a general strike, Premier Venizelos, the war-time minister of Grece who recently formed a new cabinet, has declared parliament dissolved and set August 19 for a new election.

Venizelos, popular with the conservatives because he is calculated to be able to wield strong-arm methods for the "stabilization" of Greece, urged "harmonious relations between capital and labor" and "efforts to augment the national resources by productive labor" by a thorough speed-up system.

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SAM LESSER
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Between 110th and 111th Sts.
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WASHINGTON, July 6 (UP).—Lieutenant Camilio Daza of the Colombian army will resume his New York to Colombia airplane journey tomorrow or Saturday, the war department announced today. He arrived at Bolling Field here on July 3.

SCHUETZEN PARK
83rd and Tinicum Ave.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Beautiful nature spot. Splendid Picnic ground with a dance hall of 1,000 capacity. Will accommodate any labor organization.
DIRECTIONS: Take trolley car south-bound to Moyamensing Ave., then Southwestern car going westward Also Subway line No. 37.

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GREATEST CARNIVAL
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JOINT DEFENSE RELIEF COMMITTEE
At
STARLIGHT PARK
East 177th Street, Bronx
Saturday, July 7th
SPORTS
Soccer competition of Metropolitan workers' Soccer League.
Boxing, Wrestling, Gymnastics, Pyramids, Moonlight Swimming Contest, Fancy Diving.
The famous athlete, MAURICE BERTI, will exhibit most wonderful trapezical work and other spectacular exhibitions.
ALEX FOX, the strongest man in the world.
ART
Hungarian Workers' Symphony Orchestra in a classical program.
Ballet by children of Nonpartisan Workers' Schools.
AMUSEMENTS
Parade by all athletes, pioneers and children of Nonpartisan Workers' Schools.
DANCING CAMP FIRES
ADMISSION 50c.

Kansas Coal District Throws Out Corrupt Lewis Officials, Miner Writes

PROGRESSIVES TO FILL POSTS PENDING VOTE

Delegation to Help in Organizing New Union

(By a Worker Correspondent)

ARMA, Kan. (By mail).—In spite of the efforts of the Barr-Skahan machine, Lewis' tools in Kansas, to sabotage the special district convention of the UMWA, a good convention was held on July 1st here and the reactionary district officials were indicted and removed and temporary district officials elected.

Although some locals were held back from sending delegates through the lack of finances, the convention met with 29 delegates present from over 15 locals. The interest of the rank and file was manifest in the large attendance of miners throughout its proceedings. From beginning to end the convention showed real fighting spirit and proved that the Kansas miners will no longer submit to the terrorism and bulldozing of the Lewis clique.

Delegates after delegates took the floor to expose Lewis' treacherous policies which wrecked the miners' union in District 14 long before the present strike. The effect of these policies nationally was brought home to the delegates and visitors in a scathing indictment of the Lewis outfit by Freeman Thompson, progressive leader of the Illinois miners, and member of the National Convention Arrangements Committee.

A resolution of indictment was adopted unanimously, charging the officials of District 14 with inefficiency, incompetence and misbehavior, and their offices were declared vacant. It was pointed out that secretary-treasurer, Harry Barr, was arrested in 1926 and held in jail for "intoxication." The temporary officials elected are: Tom Wakefield, of Mulberry, president; Joe Studdard, of Arma, vice president, and Stephen Walsh of Pittsburgh, Kansas, secretary-treasurer.

The reports of the delegates showed that the Kansas miners are determined to send a large delegation to the National Miners' Convention to be held at Pittsburgh on September 9-16 and to help in organizing a new, militant miners' union.

I am sending you, also, the indictment against the Lewis gang.

Indictment of District 14 Officials.

Whereas, the officials of District 14 have served the interest of the operators and have been a millstone around the necks of the miners, having betrayed the miners time and time again, and

Whereas, Harry Burr, secretary-treasurer, is incompetent and is charged with drunkedness and disorderly conduct while in office, in Feb., on the 24th day, in the year of 1926, he was arrested and held in jail for "intoxication"; and the stealing of elections by the holding up of the mail, as was done in 1924 to keep a miner from running for Joint Board member who had a sufficient number of votes at the post office to assure his election; to the throwing off the ballot all oppositional candidates in order to have his name listed to assure his election. In all cases where unions nominate men who stand for the rank and file Burr used any method to eliminate them from running for office. In the 1926 election Corona Local 1963 was induced to withdraw the name of Brennan and put up another candidate whose name was thrown off on technicalities. This practice has been carried out and all the rank and file candidates have been swept before election, thereby enabling Burr to perpetuate his rule and stifle all democracy in the union. The unseating of bona fide delegates at convention is a regular practice to retain office and power.

Whereas, James Skahan, known to us as president of District 14, is charged with doing nothing but surrendering job conditions in the district until we have reached the stage of a semi-company union, and

Whereas, the other officials, international board member, international organizer and all other appointees and henchmen and hangers-on of the Lewis machine and Burr and Skahan are charged with upholding the separate and individual agreement which is crushing our union. They are also guilty of lavish expenditure of our funds.

Whereas, the officials are deemed guilty of these crimes against the membership of District 14 and in so far as the members concerned are so charged and hereby indicted, therefore be it resolved,

That we declare their offices vacant and place on the order of business of this convention the election of a temporary president, vice president and secretary-treasurer to serve until an election can be held when the truly rank and file selection of all district officials can be made, when appointive power will no longer exist.

—S.

Scab Operator Forces Work On Coal Miners

CADIZ, Ohio, July 6.—Because Dan Rensi, scab coal operator, did not carry insurance on his mine near here coal diggers employed there will be forced to rebuild the tipple which was burned down yesterday morning, on their own time, according to reports received by the National Miners' Relief Committee. The mine is operated non-union.

Type of Leaflet Distributed at Adler Shops

To the Strikers of the Adler Co.

Our strike can be won. Our struggle for 9 weeks has shown our power. We have succeeded so far in keeping the Adler shops closed to the scabs. But to make sure of victory, we must see that our General Executive Board organizes those shops where our bosses are trying to have our work made. We must smash the injunction.

WRONG POLICY BEFORE THE STRIKE

The policy of our officials preceding the strike was close co-operation with the bosses, giving in on almost every demand made by the bosses at our expense. This the bosses interpreted as weakness on our part, and they decided to crush us completely by declaring a lock-out. We must emerge from the strike victorious not only in forcing recognition of the union, but also the elimination of the policy of co-operation with the bosses at our expense.

SMASH THE INJUNCTION

The present injunction is hailed as a victory for us by our officials. It permits us to picket. But how? We cannot disturb the scabs from entering the shops. How can we stop Adler Co. from working when we permit the scabs to enter the shops? We must do real mass picketing to prevent the scabs from going into the factory. We must ask the support of the rest of the labor movement in Milwaukee to fight with us against the injunction and the open shop.

STOP WORK OUT OF TOWN

Our victory depends upon our ability in stopping Adler Co. from making their work in out of town shops. Wisconsin Rapids is one of the places where Adler Co. is having some of their work made. Waukesha is another place. Wisconsin Rapids and Waukesha endanger our chances of victory. We must call upon the national office to immediately organize these towns. Our national organization has sufficient forces and resources to successfully stop Wisconsin Rapids and Waukesha scabbing upon us.

FIGHT FOR THESE DEMANDS

The experiences of other strikes in other cities must serve as a lesson for us. The strike of the International Tailoring Co. in Chicago brought a victory that was almost a defeat for the workers in that shop. When the workers returned to the shop they found that their conditions were even worse than before the strike, because settlement made by the officials was not made for the interest of the workers. We must not permit such situations to happen to us. Our victory must be based upon the following demands:

No promises by the union to make the bosses prosperous.
A 100 per cent union shop.
Higher wages.
A 40-hour week.
Elimination of piece-work.
Elimination of arbitration which works in favor of the bosses.
Stand together! Fight to the finish! Smash the injunction!
Victory shall be ours!

—AMALGAMATED PROGRESSIVE GROUP.

BOYS IN U. S. FAIL TO GET SITUATION

Some Are Lucky but Many Hunt in Vain

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The work of our public school teachers for the season is ended. They are packing up for their summer trips—out into the wide and balmy spaces—for the much needed rest.

From amongst the millions of children they have been teaching hundreds of thousands have graduated. And for once the worried and hard-working father and mother let their faces light up with a broad smile, and press their kisses on Johnny's cheek. "Good for my boy." This is their holiday.

But just as every other holiday has its termination so has graduation day. Our young friend all of a sudden stands face to face with a new world. His way through life has just begun.

He will have to answer newspaper ads for jobs, wait for the boss an hour. See our boy being hired, him and the rest turned away. He will be reprimanded by his parents for failing to obtain a position, for being a load around their neck. His life will not be what he expected it would be shortly before his graduation.

For did not his teacher and principal in their lectures expound the opportunities a young American boy has in our great prosperous and glorious country, providing he is industrious and honest? He must be thankful to destiny for having been born in this land.

Well, let us be fair and admit that every boy in our land is not out of a job; let us admit that the majority are employed. But what about the hundreds of thousands of youth who are compelled to leave their parents' home to shift for themselves, a great many who go to the bad. Does our government care very much if they become criminal tramps, etc.?

It is always ready to send them to prison, state farms, the crazy house, hospital. Does it see to it that they get a job, a vocational training to fit them for life. It is the business of a real government, a workers' government to take care of its unemployed; and how much more of its youthful unemployed, who are not yet strong enough to resist temptations which lead them to ruin?

But we cannot expect a change in this problem—as long as our bosses hold the power. When all real men and women will realize, that the emancipation of the worker is the mission of the workers themselves, then we can look forward for a brighter day.

—H. BLOOM.

PERUGIAL, July 6.—A fire here destroyed a chocolate factory today. Great damage was done.

SANTAL MIDY
Night Bladder Weakness or Kidney Pains of the Aged
Relieved promptly with genuine Santal Midy
Effective-Harmless

DRIVE MONESSEN TIN MILL SERFS TILL THEY DIE

Sick Men Are Fired for Going Home

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MONESSEN, Pa. (By Mail).—Herewith I will enclose some of the details of the death of one steel worker in the mill in which I work.

William Hanan, tin mill worker, died at his home on 431 Reed Ave., Monessen, Pa., recently. He was a roller in the American Steel and Tin Mill and was in the best of health before his death. Mr. Hanan went to work Tuesday night and was played out or all in when he got home. He got a cramp in the stomach and lay sick for about 10 hours before he passed away. He is survived by a wife and one child.

It sure is terrible here in the mills, because when a man plays out and can't work any more if he asks the boss for a helper or says that he is going home the boss will tell him, 'If you go home you can stay there." That is one reason why the steel workers here play themselves out or get sick so they have to lay off for days, sometimes weeks.

We have also the speed-up system here, which makes it so much harder. The roller's job is about the best paid job in the tin mill and a man has to work quite a number of years before he gets a job as roller.

Fascists See Ex-Kaiser

BUENOS AIRES, July 6. (UP).—Six workers were killed here today when a locomotive entered an engine shed in reverse.

—DRAMA—

NEGRO ACTORS TO HAVE A UNION OF THEIR OWN

A new actor's organization is on its way. Acting on the advice of Frank Gilmore, executive secretary of Equity, the Negro actors are forming an independent organization patterned on the lines of Equity. The new union will probably obtain a charter from the Four A's—the international organization.

Salem Tutt Whitney, a colored actor, and Billy Pierce are the sponsors for the new movement which aims to unionize all Negro actors. At the present time, colored actors who are members of white companies are permitted to join Equity, but otherwise Negro entertainers have not been encouraged to join the chief organization of the white actors. Efforts in the past have been made to organize the Negro actor, but nothing came of it. This time, however, it may prove successful.

Marie Callahan has retired from the Boston company of "Good News" in order to join the new Schwab and Mandel musical play, "The New Moon."

Arthur Hammerstein yesterday signed Dan Healy for an important role in his musical play, "Good Boy."

"The Silent Assertion," by Butler Davenport, is the current bill at the Davenport Theatre on East Twenty-seventh street. The play will continue for three weeks.

Norma Shearer, in her new starring vehicle, "The Actress," with Ralph Forbes and Owen Moore, comes to the Capitol Theatre today. The story is Arthur Wing Pinero's "Trelawney of the Wells" and has been adapted for the screen by Albert Lewin and Richard Schayer.

"The Grip of the Yukon," starring Neil Hamilton and Douglas Fairbanks Jr., will be shown on the Hippodrome screen beginning Monday.

In the "Greenwich Village Follies," the revue now current at the Winter Garden.

"The House of David," a new film, will be shown at the 55th St. Playhouse the week beginning today.

Ernst Lubitsch has been assigned to direct John Barrymore in a film version of Frederick Lonsdale's "The Last of Mrs. Cheyney." The play was produced on Broadway two seasons back.

"The Man Who Never Missed," based on a story by Mildred Gram, will be Emil Jannings next picture for Paramount.

Emil Jannings will appear in "The Street of Sin," at the E. F. Albee Theatre this coming week.

"The Loves of Jeanne Ney," a new UFA production, will be presented at the Cameo Theatre today.

THOUSANDS OF COMMUNISTS ROT IN FASCIST CELLS

Party Leaders Sent to Dark Dungeons

From Rome comes a report that Mussolini had ordered the lately convicted Communists to be transferred to the prison of Volterre (Toscana).

This prison is known as the worst of all Italian prisons. The prison has awful dirty and mouldy single cells under ground in which even the healthiest of men could not last very long. D'Annunzio, once many years ago, described this prison in gripping words. He called the prison of Volterra the spot of shame of modern Italy and demanded its immediate close-down.

To this prison Mussolini has sent the convicted Communist functionaries and members in order to get rid of them the sooner.

STORM KILLS 5.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 6 (UP).—Five persons were killed and five others injured by lightning in electrical storms in North Carolina and Georgia, it was learned today.

AMUSEMENTS

THEATRE GUILD PRODUCTIONS
PORGY
A FOLK PLAY
BY DUBOSE AND DOROTHY HEYWARD
REPUBLIC THEA., West 42nd St. Evs. 8:40.
Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:40.

EUGENE O'NEILL'S PLAY
STRANGE INTERLUDE
JOHN GOLDEN THEA., 58th St., E. of B'way.
Evenings only at 5:30 sharp.
Dinner Intermission 7:40 to 9.

A SARDONIC FARCE, BASED ON BEN JOHNSON'S FAMOUS COMEDY BY STEPHEN ZWEIG
"VOLPONE"
GUILD THEATRE WEST 52nd ST. Evenings 8:30.
Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2:30.

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30.
Mats. Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30
Grand St. Follies

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

END OF ST. PETERSBURG
Hammerstein's Thea., B'way & 53 St.
Phone Col. 8380.
Twice Daily, 2:40-8:40. Prices, Mats. 50c to $1.00. Eves., 50c to $1.50.
All Seats Reserved.

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Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL | Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

CLEVELAND, O. CLEVELAND, O.
EXTRA-ORDINARY PICNIC EXTRA-ORDINARY
International Midsummer Festival to be held at the Swedish Beach, Geneva-on-the-Lake, JULY 8, 1928, all day and evening, under the auspices of the Swedish Workers' Club of Cleveland. The best of speakers, good music, eats and soft drinks served; sports and bathing, etc. This will be a day you will remember, so come early. ADMISSION FREE.

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COMPLETE TOUR
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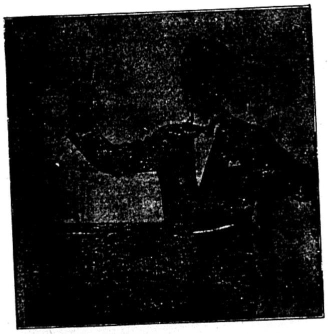

Symphony Orchestra of 50
ARNOLD WOLPE, Conductor
ROXY BALLET Russian and Oriental Dances
Coney Island Stadium
Surf Avenue and West 6th Street
SAT. EVE., JULY 14, 1928
Tickets: 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.
ON SALE AT: 26-28 Union Sq.; 30 Union Sq.; 2700 Bronx Prak East; 1310 So. Boulevard (Book Store); 15 West 126th St.; 1600 Madison Ave. (Restaurant); 202 E. Broadway (Book Store); 17 E. 3rd St.; 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn.

ILLINOIS BOSSES IN DOUBLE DRIVE AGAINST UNIONS

Use Blacklist and Stock Ownership Scheme

By CARL HAESSLER

CHICAGO, July 6 (FP).—Within a single week the Illinois Manufacturers Association has permitted the curtain to be drawn back from two subtle activities against organized labor. The first binds the worker to his job by stock-owning substitutes for good wages. The second keeps him out of a job by the blacklist disguised as physical examination.

The Old Stock Scheme

The association, which has always been hostile to unions under the leadership of the late John M. Glenn, has a president who doesn't care where he spills his beans. "There is nothing like a financial interest in a business to stimulate the best efforts of the working force, from the bench hand to the president," declares President James D. Cunningham of the association, glorying in the extent of the employe-ownership drive.

Figures accompanying Cunningham's statement show that employes constitute about a fifth of all stockholders in the 487 Illinois corporations studied in the association's survey. They own 18 per cent of the stock. Everybody on the corporation payrolls is counted as an employe which explains Cunningham's further statement that "in quite a number of companies all the stock was held by employes." It means that the president and other high employes of the corporation are the boys that hold most of the stock and control the works

Here and there the wage workers hold a share or two apiece, tied to the corporation by a tiny financial interest, unwilling to risk a strike to improve wages or shorten hours. Stockowning "gives employes a better understanding of industrial problems," Cunningham candidly remarks.

"Live-Longer" Racket

The other development is a campaign by director Samuel M. Hastings of the Illinois Manufacturers Association to have corporations join the Live Longer Club. This is a camouflage for enforcing physical examinations on all their employes.

"You can require your employes to take physical examinations on their application for employment," Hastings declares in an open letter to the association members. "Urge them to continue these examinations once a year. Twice a year would be better." Then to conceal the real purpose of the live-longer racket, he adds:

"Promise that physical examinations will not interfere with the employes' jobs or chances with the company."

Hastings enumerates as benefits to employers from the examination of their men reducing accidents, keeping contagious diseases out of the factory, fitting the worker to the job where he can make good, etc. But the most valuable feature to the boss, Hastings says, is that it "gives employers a valuable record of physical conditions."

The value of that record is almost as great as actual fingerprints. A union man can dye his hair, shave his moustache, get artificial teeth to get around the blacklist, but he will find it hard to alter or even to recognize the various body marks that a doctor, keen on the scent, will discover in the physical examination and add to the "valuable record of physical conditions."

The infinite detail of company blacklisting and espionage systems, maintained with great intelligence and persistence, has recently been exposed by Frank Palmer, Federated Press correspondent, in his book, Spies in Steel. The blacklist and spy operations of the Oliver Iron Mining Co., the Minnesota steel trust subsidiary, are there described. The Universal Portland Cement Co., another steel trust subsidiary, is represented on the board of the Illinois Manufacturers Association.

Food Costs Rise in 46 Out of 51 Cities

WASHINGTON, July 6.—Increases in the cost of food in 46 out of 51 cities are reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The increase was [illegible] in Louisville, where food [illegible] jumped 4 per cent. Baltimore, Birmingham and Cincinnati reported [illegible] per cent increases.

DIES OF MINE DISEASE

PITTSTON, Pa., July 6.—Andrew [illegible], a former coal miner, who suffered with miner's asthma for seven years, died of the disease here yesterday. His death leaves a widow and four sons and four daughters, all young children, destitute.

FISHERMAN DROWNS

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 6.—Elmer Woodward, 28, of 582 Maple St., was drowned in Waubesee Lake when he fell from a cliff while fishing. It is believed that he struck his head on a rock and was knocked unconscious. A Milwaukee rescue squad was unable to rescue him.

FIRE CRACKER CAUSES RIOT

A small riot was narrowly averted here yesterday in a City Hall park [illegible] when a patron with an after-the Fourth complex exploded a fire cracker while the place was jammed with people.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

* * *

Martins Ferry Picnic.

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio.—The Young Workers Club of Martins Ferry, Ohio, has arranged a picnic and dance to be held at the Volt's Farm here on July 8, from 10 a. m. thruout the day and night. All those wishing to attend should meet at the Hungarian Hall, Main and Central Sts. There will be refreshments, games, speakers, etc. Transportation to Volt's Farm is free.

* * *

Philadelphia Y. W. L. Excursion.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—An excursion for the benefit of the Young Worker, central organ of the Young Workers (Communist) League of America, will take place Saturday, July 7. Boats will leave the Chestnut St. pier at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Tickets are 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Tickets must be bought in advance from the Young Worker, at 1214 Spring Garden St. Otherwise the proceeds will not go to the Young Worker.

Milwaukee Party Picnic.

MILWAUKEE, Wis. — The second summer picnic of the Milwaukee Workers (Communist) Party and Freiheit Workers' Club will take place July 8, at the Pleasant Valley Park, Woodlawn Ave., West Allis, Wisconsin.

* * *

Pittsburgh District Picnic.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The third annual picnic of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 5 has been postponed from July 4 to July 8. It will be held at Nicholson Farm, Swissvale, Pa.

* * *

Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. — Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

Highland Park, Ill.

The Workers Party of Highland Park, Ill., will hold a picnic for Miners' Relief on Sunday, July 8, at Zahnle Grove. Refreshments, games, dancing.

* * *

Michigan Speaking Tour.

DETROIT, Mich.—The District Organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Detroit will make a tour of this district for the purpose of organizing new branches of the League throughout the state. The following cities will be visited:

Monday, July 9, Grand Rapids.
Tuesday, July 10, Muskegon.
Wednesday, July 11, Grand Rapids.
Thursday, July 12, Saginaw.
Friday, July 13, Flint.
Saturday, July 14, Pontiac.

All young workers are invited to attend these meetings.

HALT MEET FOR VIENNA REBELS

Social Democrats Stop Memorial

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker)

VIENNA, Austria, July 6. — The social democratic party, growing more reactionary and anti-laborite as time goes on, again perpetrated a bit of official trickery when it prevented Vienna yesterday when it prevented the Communist Party from holding a memorial meeting at the graves of the workers who were shot down by the agents of the fascist government in the huge workers' revolt last year.

The Communist Party of Austria had arranged a memorial meeting to be held at the graves of the victims of last year's revolt on the first anniversary of the shooting, July 15. In accordance with the plans, a notice of the meeting was given to the authorities.

Call Similar Meet

After this notice was made public the social democratic party announced its intention of holding a similar meeting at the same time and at the same place.

Today the social democratic party informed the Communist Party that there would be a social democrat municipal guard at the cemetery which would form a cordon around the place and preevnt members of the Communist Party from entering the grounds.

Police Keep Workers Out

Later the police prohibited the Communist Party from meeting, because the social democrats had informed them of their meeting and asked for police aid in keeping the members of the Communist Party away. This was done in spite of the fact that the Communists had been the first to announce their intention of meeting, and in spite of the fact that they had been the first to arrive on the field.

The social democratic party, it can be recalled, had condemned the uprising in Vienna last July and would never have thought of holding their "memorial" meeting if the Communist Party had not intended to do so. As a result the police are now preventing Communist meetings all over the city while at the same time permitting such rank actions on the part of the social democrats.

BEHRENS' DRIVERS OUT ON STRIKE

Call on Housewives to Boycott Firm

The chauffeurs and helpers of the firm of A. W. & H. H. Behrens, wholesale grocers, 370 Vernon Ave., Brooklyn, who have been on strike for 14 weeks, issued a call to workingmen to help the strikers by boycotting the firm.

The workers are striking for shorter hours and more wages. They were paid 30 cents per hour for chauffeurs, and helpers received from $22 to $27.50 per week. Nothing was paid for overtime. The company will not allow the workers to organize and protects the scabs by a force of from six to eight policemen daily.

Declaring that while the firm has money enough to pay for the police they refuse to pay the workers, the call issued by the strike committee calls upon the housewives to help the workers in their fight by refusing to buy in those stores served by Behrens. The Behren trucks are painted red and are all guarded by policemen.

Gets Slight Sentence for Murdering Negro

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 6.—For the murder of a young Negro in cold blood a white man was sentenced to no less than ten years nor more than twelve years in the state prison, but with the recommendation of a parole after five years.

The slayer was only pronounced guilty by the jury after it was told by the judge that it was the only verdict acceptable under the circumstances.

YOUTH TO HOLD BIG CONFERENCE IN PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia Meeting July 20

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, July 6.—Delegates from a large number of unions, fraternal organizations and sport clubs, it is learned, will assemble in Philadelphia Friday evening, July 20, for a preliminary youth conference at which the problems of youth will be discussed.

The conference call, which is sent out by the Provisional Committee for a Working Youth Conference, 2605 No. 33 St., is signed by a number of representatives of trade union organizations. Three delegates from each union or other body will be represented at the conference, which will be held at Free Lets Hall, 531 No. 7 St., at 8 p. m.

11,000,000 Young Workers

At the present time there are about eleven million young workers gainfully employed. Every year more young workers come into industry.

The bosses realize the importance of the young workers and the company unions are developing such activity as sports, dancing and others that appeal to the young workers. The bosses also utilize the young workers who work for low wages to reduce the standard of living of the workers.

"In the last few months," the call declares, "two conferences were held on this problem in connection with Brookwood Labor College. The shortcomings were that the young workers themselves were not in the lead at the conference and that no steps were taken as a result of the conference. Most of the members of this committee have participated in these youth conferences. Realizing the importance of such a conference we have taken the initiative to call it.

"We hope that you will send the delegates. We propose that you include as many young workers in your delegation as possible.

"Fraternally yours, Dominick Flaiani, Amalgamated Clothing Workers; Norman Kiesewetter, Plumbers and Steamfitters Helpers; Jack Cooper, Machinists Union; M. Stepansky, Furriers Union; E. Kornfeld, United Textile Workers."

Workers Party Activities

Newark Y. W. L. Hike.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Newark, N. J. will hike to Eagle Rock tomorrow at 8 a. m. Those attending the hike will leave the Workers Center of Newark, 93 Mercer St., at that time.

* * *

Bronx Open Air Meet.

An open air meeting will be held on this evening on 149th St., between Brook and Bergen Ave. The subject that the speakers, Louis Baum, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for assemblyman, and Joseph Padgug, will discuss, will be the Present Election Campaign

* * *

Section 1 Attention.

A special membership meeting of Section One is called for Monday, July 9th, at 6:30 sharp, at 60 St. Marks Place. The meeting is called for the purpose of taking up the immediate steps in the election campaign. Comrade Grecht will address the meeting.

* * *

Subsection 3E.

The executive committee of subsection 3E will meet Monday at 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

* * *

International Branch 1.

The International Branch of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet Monday, 9 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must attend.

* * *

Unit 3E, 1F.

Unit 3E, 1F of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold its regular meeting on Tuesday, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

* * *

Unit 3E, 2F.

Unit 3E, 2F will hold an important membership meeting on Wednesday, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

* * *

Subsection 3C.

All units of subsection 3C of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet on Monday at 101 West 27th St. at 6:30 p. m. All members are urged to attend.

* * *

Subsection 3C Executive.

The executive committee of subsection 3C will hold its meeting on Wednesday, 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All executive members must attend. A roll call will be taken.

* * *

Women Unit Organizers.

Unit women's work organizers will meet on Wednesday, at 5 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. Important matters will be taken up, including the organizing of women for the election campaign of the Party. All organizers must attend.

* * *

Women's Federation Meet.

The Action Committee of the New York Working Women's Federation will meet Thursday, July 12, at 26 Union Square. All members are asked to attend.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

* * *

Council 10.

Council 10, of the United Councils of Working Class Women will hold a lecture July 10 at 1940 Benson Ave., Brooklyn, at 8:30 p. m. The subject of the lecture will be "The New Stage of the Women's Movement in America Today." Ray Ragozin will be the speaker.

HICKMAN MUST HANG

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6 (UP).—The California State Supreme Court yesterday denied the petition for a new trial of William Edward Hickman, convicted murderer of Marion Parker. The ruling means that Hickman, now in the death cell at San Quentin prison, must hang for the kidnaping and murder of the Los Angeles schoolgirl.

NOTE, MARY SORKIN

Mary Sorkin is asked to communicate with the office of the Young Workers (Communist) League, at 26-28 Union Square (Workers Center), sixth floor, immediately. Very important.

GROWTH OF SOVIET UNION PAPERS HAS BEEN RAPID

Circulation 3 Times That of Czarist Russia

MOSCOW, July 6.—Today 550 newspapers are being published in the Soviet Union, and their total circulation is 8,250,000, which is three times the total pre-war newspaper circulation in Russia. This is the statement of the Soviet Union Review for July, published in Washington.

The most remarkable part of this development is the growth of newspaper circulation among the peasants. Almost one-third of the total circulation is in rural sections. One farm out of ten, on the average, subscribes to a newspaper. Before the revolution peasant readers were virtually unknown.

Another, and peculiarly Russian revolutionary development is the creation of a volunteer army of peasant and worker correspondents for these newspapers. There were last year 192,768 peasant correspondents and 115,607 worker correspondents writing for the press.

Magazine circulation in the Soviet Union has reached 8,403,000 copies, distributed among 1,291 magazines of all kinds. Scientific and satirical magazines have the larger vogue, but the art magazines have many times the number of readers that were secured before the war. In all, 49 languages are used as the medium for reaching the readers of newspapers.

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THE ROUMANIAN WORKERS' EDUCATIONAL CLUB
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GRAND PICNIC
SUNDAY, JULY 15th
from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. at
WITZEL'S HOTEL AND RESTAURANT GARDEN
Second Avenue and 10th Street at COLLEGE POINT, L. I.
Admission 50c.
Directions: Take "Corona" subway to the last stop (Flushing and Main St.), from there "College Point" trolley car will take you to Second Ave. and 10th St. where you will see the picnic place.
There will be Dancing, Declamations, Speakers and Athletics.

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The Pioneers of Youngstown
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Hours 12 to 6.
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SUNDAY, JULY 8
NICHOLSON FARM, Swissdale, Pa.
Dancing—Games—Tonsil curing refreshments—Roast Lamb á la South Slavic—Delicious baked ham sandwiches and what not....
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on SUNDAY, JULY 8th
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Farm open from 10 A. M.
DIRECTIONS: Take Subway No. 37 at 13th and Market Sts. Go as far as 87th St. and Eastwick Ave. A committee will wait for you there.
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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Big Business Trusts Al Smith

"Big business won't fight Al Smith. Wall Street won't fight Al Smith. That portion of big business which is not for him will adopt a pacifist attitude in this presidential campaign."

It is Grover Whelan speaking. Grover, the official glad-hand man of the City of New York, who greets kings, queens, presidents of small European republics, and celebrities of all kinds who do not have to get chalk-marked on Ellis Island before setting foot on the pavements of the Metropolis.

Grover delivered himself of this bit of information in New Orleans on June 30. He further added that big business had a high regard for Smith's sanity, which means that Al believes big business has a perfect right to run the country as it sees fit without being embarrassed by political interference.

Whalen is right. Big business trusts Al Smith and will open its coffers to him. Wall Street feels perfectly safe in plunging on Hoover and Smith. It is playing a sure game. Heads the working class loses; tails the capitalists win.

• • •

It is no new innovation in American politics to have the employers finance the candidates of both parties. Indeed it is a tradition. In Illinois Samuel Insull spent huge sums of money on democrat and republican alike. He knew what he was doing. His money was not wasted. He is now the dominating influence in the state. The politicians eat out of his hand.

Smith and Hoover are the darlings of big business, the former insurgent republicans and progressive democrats have is engaged in singing hymns to democracy. There is only one being engaged in singing hymns to democracy, there is only one party in the field in this election campaign that deserves the support of the working class and the exploited farmers.

• • •

The Workers (Communist) Party, with its national ticket, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, and its candidates in the states, goes before the masses with a revolutionary program which calls for the abolition of the capitalist system and the substitution therefor of a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

The Communist campaign will wage war on the hypocritical pretensions of the capitalist politicians and the fake socialist party. It will rally the workers against the strikebreaking injunctions, against the imperialist war in Nicaragua. It will fight against wage cuts, and will call upon the masses to support the heroic struggles of the striking bituminous miners and the textile workers in New England.

• • •

To bring the many burning issues that confront the working class today to the attention of the millions of workers and exploited farmers in the United States a large fund is necessary. For this reason the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has organized a drive to raise a Communist Campaign Fund of $100,000. This drive is now in full swing.

Everywhere throughout the country Communists and sympathizers are urged to collect money for the $100,000 Communist Party Election Campaign Fund. Money writes, talks, and does lots of other things. It takes money to print literature, route speakers, and perform the hundred and one other tasks that a national election campaign calls for.

Against the millions of Wall Street, thrown in behind both Al and Herbert, the workers and exploited farmers must raise thousands. Big business trusts Al Smith but does not relish a $100,000 Communist campaign fund.

The ten-dollar bill or even the dollar bill that may be contributed to the campaign may be the means of introducing a worker or a poor farmer to Communism. Where is the class-conscious worker who would hesitate to make a contribution—no matter how small—to the Communist Campaign Fund, if he thought that this contribution would be the means of winning a wage slave away from the ideology of capitalism?

Yet every contributor may rest assured that his contribution will share in the conversion of the thousands of workers who will join the Communist movement and the Workers (Communist) Party in the course of this election campaign.

• • •

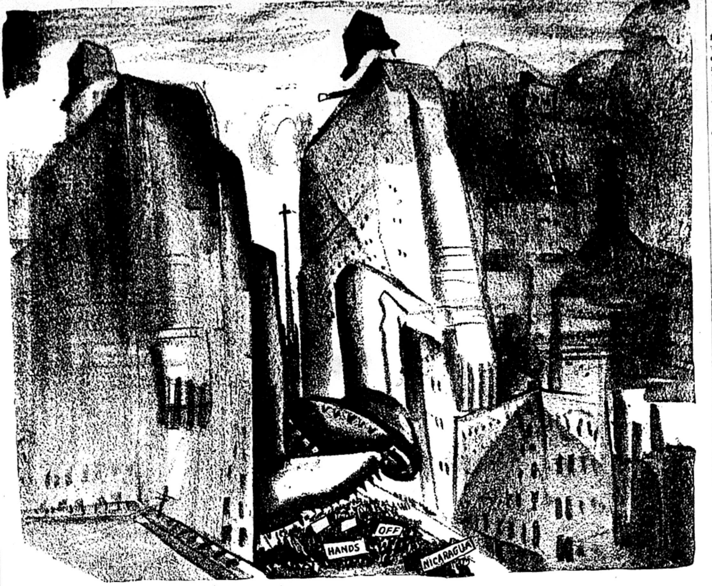
Tammany Hall, that political cesspool of graft and corruption, will dig into its financial sewers for the sinews of war to cover the country with propaganda for its leading candidate. It will have the millions of finance-capital behind it, or a section thereof.

The oil magnates who made hundreds of millions out of the concessions given them by the republican administration, the coal operators who were aided in their fight to crush the miners' strike and smash the miners' union, the automobile magnates, the bankers who have moneys invested in foreign countries—will swell the treasury of the republican party.

To the exploited workers and farmers the Workers (Communist) Party appeals. The dollars of the many against the thousands of the few. Help put the $100,000 Communist Party Election Campaign Fund over the top!

THE SIDEWALKS OF MR. MORGAN

By Fred Ellis



On the Island of Death

(Translated from the German by Sol Auerbach.)

The two brothers Ruffi lived in Bologna. Vittorio, the youngest, worked as a compositor in a local printing shop and Mario was a draftsman for the government. Both were married, had children, and lived a quiet family life. The brothers Ruffi did their best to satisfy hungry stomachs with pea-soup and macaroni, working from morning to night. Always working, always weary from work, Vittorio and Mario saw each other very seldom, often no more than twice a year.

When they saw each other at the beginning of November, 1926, the countenances of the Ruffis bore signs of utmost anxiety. It was shortly after the attempted assassination in Milan. A wave of persecution and pogroms was set in motion by the fascisti over all Italy. All who were suspected of "being unfriendly to fascism" were thrown into prison. Vittorio Ruffi, although not belonging to the Communist Party, had made some contacts with one of its leaders and had occasionally shown his friendliness to the Party Cell of the printing shop where he worked. The day after the brothers had met, Vittorio was arrested by the carbineers, dragged out together with five other workmen under blows of the gun-butts. They were not, however, taken to prison. All the prisons were so overcrowded that there was no room for newcomers. The carbineers changed the route of the prisoners most of them being led for the purpose of "dispatch to Pisa." The "convicts made attempts at escape," said the police, and they were "accordingly shot by the accompanying guard." That also happened to Vittorio. . . .

People who did not belong to the category of "suspicious characters" but were relatives or on friendly terms with them were ranked as "criminals of second rank." Mario numbered among these. Suddenly and unexpectedly he found himself where, according to his understanding, his brother Vittorio should be found.

The "Defense of the Fatherland"

At this time the law of the defense of the fatherland was put into effect with lightning speed. The law gave the authorities the right to banish prisoners to uninhabited, devastated islands scattered on the Mediterranean Sea. Banishment was allotted without any kind of trial or investigation. A dialogue, such as the following, can easily be imagined:

"Are you a Communist?"

"No, I am not a Communist!"

"Do you sympathize with fascism?"

"I am a workingman, your honor, and I have to sweat hard for my bread."

"Aha, so you are a revolutionary. Enough, take him away!"

Enemy of Fascism

After this hearing Mario Ruffi was labeled as "an enemy of fascism" and as one "suspected of revolutionary deeds." Like thousands of others, he was banished on the ground of such and similar statements to the island of Ustica, where, it was explained to him, that "he could travel about freely" but must be at home from 6 o'clock in the evening until 8 in the morning; must not visit any of the other exiles or receive them at his house; not be seen in restaurants saloons or other public places, and must not correspond with any one without the permission of the police etc.

At first Mario Ruffi tried to get along with the few pennies that he had accumulated by the sale of his coat, hat and boots. The climate of the island seemed to allow him to do without these articles of luxury. But this miserly fund was soon used up—and Mario worried about his family. Privation threw him on the sick bed.

He was sick for two months. For the whole period he lay entirely alone in the fisherman's hut assigned him as a dwelling. When he felt himself strong enough to get up from his bed and to make a few steps Mario decided to no longer bow to the cruel rules for exiles and to undertake something.

In the first place he wanted to write to his people. Not a letter which looked like a stencil, written under the gun-supervision of the police, but a letter which told everything that must be told, which asked everything that must be known. And Mario also wanted, if only for a moment, to have a few words with the other exiles in order to tell them what must be done if they wanted to survive.

Mario Ruffi tried to carry out his plan.

The Conspiracy and the Conspirator

In order to send the letter to Bologna, Mario had a hasty talk with a fisherman who did not live far from his hut. He told him his story, showed him the pictures of his children and called upon the brotherly union of the workers. At first the fisherman was afraid, but later, moved by the pleading and the tragic story of Mario, he agreed to forward the letter to Italy past the lines of the police. At the same time Mario tried, at first timidly but then always bolder and more thoroughly, to hold conversation with the other exiles whom he encountered on the shore or on the small streets of the fishing village. Mario already began to have good hopes, when suddenly everything that he had built up with such care crashed to the ground. Among the "suspicious characters" were spies. The police held the strings of the plot in hand.

On the day when Mario wanted to give his letter to the fisherman he, the fisherman and six other exiles were thrown into an underground cell which, at that level of civilization, was called a prison. The police sent a report to Rome and attempted to make from this opportunity a sensational trial against the "banished Communist conspirators."

In Rome the "efficiency" of the Ustica police was approved. The miscreants must be strongly punished. The principal thing was that everything should be done without too much noise. The prisoners were taken to Beggio and in this small town were taken before the Special Court. It performed its duty quickly. The defendants were sentenced to from 15 to 30 years of prison, and Mario, as ring leader of the conspiracy, to lifelong term.

Everything took place without noise and in miniature form, almost like the trial in Rome against the Italian Communist Party.

ELECTION SIDELIGHTS

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

John J. Raskob, chairman of the finance committee of General Motors, which has the backing of the House of Morgan, reached New York on the same train as Al Smith. This is the Raskob who recently stated that big business had nothing to fear from Al Smith. Raskob is quite right.

• • •

The executive council of the A. F. of L. will meet in Atlantic City on August 31 to outline the policies and program to be followed in the campaign. The report will be something like this:

"The executive council of the A. F. of L. confirms the wisdom of the policy of non-partisanship which has secured so many beneficial results for labor. As hitherto we advise trade unionists to study the records of candidates on the democratic and republican tickets and to vote only for those who have shown themselves to be friends of labor. As in the past, 'Reward our friends and punish our enemies' shall be our slogan in the coming campaign."

• • •

Hoover, it is said, will be favored by railroad labor leaders, because he tried to force a settlement of the railroad strike in 1922 on terms which would have saved the faces of the leaders. He will undoubtedly have the support of John L. Lewis, whose face he saved at Jacksonville, in 1924, when he induced the operators to sign an agreement on the old scale.

• • •

Claude G. Bowers, editorial writer of the Evening World, set a good many people thinking when keynoting at the Houston convention. "To your tents, O Israel," he perorated, while the befuddled delegates didn't know whether they were being advised to go to bed or to charge the enemy with empty bottles. It may have been the custom in Biblical days for the favored of the Lord to spend some time in prayer before picking up their scimitars with the intention of carving up the foe. In this case the foe was the Republican Party, whose chief sin is insisting on squatting on the treasury in Washington and taking therefrom hefty fistfuls of coin which the Democrats dearly desire to take into their jeans.

• • •

A newspaper headline reads, "Smith to make his stand clear." One would imagine that a man announcing the fact that he intended to tell the truth when delivering a speech on his attitude towards the various public questions would receive no more attention than if the same man said that he scratched his ear when that organ receives the attentions of a mosquito. But evidently it is big stuff when a capitalist politician even promises to tell the truth.

• • •

Smith will not tell anything that is liable to lose him a vote. He is convinced that a certain number of voters will vote for Hoover anyhow, and every good politician knows that the fellows who make a virtue of regularity must have some hot stuff to keep their danders up. Smith is for enforcing the Volstead law in the South and for winking at it in the North. He will tempt the voters of the industrial sections with the suds and in the arid areas he assures the natives that he will keep an eye on their cider. Hoover, on the other hand, though a member of the party that has a former whiskey distiller as cabinet member, must come out strongly for prohibition enforcement lest he offend the Anti-Saloon League, which was suckled by the Ohio gang of odoriferous memory. So this is capitalist politics.

Plan for Great Miners' Relief Campaign

To combat the onslaught of police and coal operators who are attempting to destroy the miners' union and break the strike by forcing hundreds of militant leaders out of the fight and confining them to prisons, the National Miners Relief Committee and the International Labor Defense are entering a nationwide campaign. National Miners Relief and Defense Week has been set for the week of July 22 to 29. In every city of the United States workers are being mobilized for the monster drive. Hundreds of thousands are expected to participate.

• • •

To All Miners' Relief Committees and Contributing Organizations.

Greetings:

We are face to face with a situation that demands immediate attention of all those who sympathize with the miners in their historic struggle. Thousands of striking miners' families are starving. Local miners' relief committees telephone our office daily appealing to us for just a little flour for bread for the striking miners' children. Electricity, gas, and water has been shut off in thousands of miners' home. Evictions continue. Miners' families are being thrown out of their homes into the roads of the coal operators.

And police terrorism continues. The arm of the law, at the bidding of the coal corporations, has entered into subtle maneuvers to break the spirit of the strikers. Threats of deportation, threats to take children and babies away from mothers, threats to foreclose on homes that the miners have built with their hands...

Starvation and Terrorism.

This starvation and terrorism, throughout the strike area must bring us all to our feet at once ready to lend a hand. Without the loss of a moment we must enlist and fall into line to assist these fighters.

A decision has been reached to make the week of July 22nd to July 29th inclusive a National Miners' Relief and Defense Week. The National Miners' Relief Committee, which has fed hundreds of thousands of families during the miners' strike, and the International Labor Defense which has defended thousands of working class prisoners, will join hands to make this the biggest week ever held for the support of workers engaged in defending their wages, their homes, their very lives, against unscrupulous employers and their courts and police. Every City Miners' Relief Committee, Language Miners' Relief Committee, Women's Miners' Relief Committee, Negro Miners' Relief Committee, Youth Miners' Relief Committee, Children's Miners' Relief Committee, every organization that has given support to the miners' struggle; every local and branch of the International Labor Defense, will take part, is actually duty bound to make this the most successful event ever entered into for the benefit of workers engaged in struggle.

Plans for the campaign follow. Read them carefully! Hold closely to the line! Mobilize!

1. Every city is to hold a joint conference of all City Relief Committees and affiliated bodies, together with the International Labor Defense and its affiliations, plus all leading workers, on July 8th, or during that week. This will be a preliminary mobilization conference. Plans for the Miners' National Relief and Defense Week are to be thoroughly discussed. The names of all relief workers who can take part in an excursion to the strike area on July 14th and 15th, are to be taken. A mobilization of automobiles for this purpose must be made.

2. Automobile excursion to Pittsburgh, Saturday, July 14th, and Sunday, July 15th. Expenses for this excursion to be borne by those participating.

Final Mobilization.

3. Immediately upon returning from Pittsburgh, and up to July 22nd, the representatives that came to Pittsburgh shall report to their organizations. On July 22nd every city shall hold a final mobilization conference at which the representatives returning from Pittsburgh shall again report. At this conference final plans shall be made for all activities to be undertaken during the National Miners' Relief and Defense Week—July 22nd to 29th inclusive. All affiliations of the City Relief Committees and International Labor Defense, additional Workers' Fraternal Organizations, and all interested workers shall participate. The conference of July 22nd must be a mass conference, to which every delegate from every sympathetic organization and every worker who will aid during the week will be invited.

4. Every possible activity for the collection of funds shall be undertaken during the week of July 22-29th.

(a) A thorough canvas of al lorganizations of the city for relief and defense funds shall be made.

(b) Relief and defense collections shall be undertaken in all shops, mills, and factories; collection at shop, mill and factory gates shall be made; collections shall be made at all labor union meetings, meetings of workers' fraternal organizations, and wherever else possible.

(c) A thorough circularization by mail of al. lists of sympathizers and organizations shall be made.

(d) Street meetings, and meetings in the various sections of the city shall be held during the week for the purpose of mobilizing workers for the campaign. Shop meetings, meetings before factory gates shall be held.

House To House Collection.

(e) The activities of the entire week shall concentrate upon a maximum mobilization of all forces for a stupendous house to house collection or tag day on Saturday and Sunday, July 28th and 29th. In the larger cities relief collection stations must be established in each section of the city for these two days to which all the collectors operating in that section shall report. In the larger cities organizational forms for successfully prosecuting the house to house or tag day collection for these two days shall be devised.

(f) Sunday night, July 29th, each city is to hold a hunger banquet to which all collectors, representatives from organizations, and workers who took part in the campaign are to be invited. At this gathering a general report of the week's work is to be made and the question of further relief and defense activity to be considered.

Special Literature.

5. The National Miners' Relief Committee and the International Labor Defense jointly will issue special literature for this campaign, namely, contribution lists, posters, leaflets, buttons, and will undertake a broad campaign of press publicity and advertising. A national circularization of all labor papers and other mailing lists will be made. Field relief organizers will visit the larger cities to assist in the campaign.

The National Miners' Relief Committee secretary and the International Labor Defense secretary shall confer at once upon receiving communications from their respective organizations in order to arrive at an understanding regarding the prosecution of this joint drive. In all cities where a National Miners' Relief Committee and an International Labor Defense local exists, the literature will go forward to the National Miners' Relief Committee secretary, and the International Labor Defense secretary shall secure the literature needed for his affiliations from the city National Miners' Relief Committee.

And now to work, and immediately You have before you the largest task that has ever been given to workers and organizations that understand the immediate need of a nation-wide attest of solidarity with the miners and their families, who have fought, starved and suffered during fifteen months of struggle against the most ruthless employers in this country the open shop coal operators from Andrew Mellon, Rockefeller, and Schwab down. Let us all prove that we know how to fight this enemy that we know how to conquer.

Fraternally,
DUNCAN McDONALD, Chairman.
ANTHONY MINERICH, Secretary.
ALFRED WAGENKNECHT, Relief Director.
VINCENT KEMENOVICK, Treas.

RAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL ON PAGE 3

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY 9, 1928

OVER 15,000 TEXTILE STRIKERS TO PICKET; DEFY ARMY DISPLAY

LECTION DRIVE OF WORKERS PARTY IN FULL SWING NOW

Mobilize Forces Thruout Country; Will Carry Campaign to Every Factory and Farm

Collections in Factories and Street Corners, Tag Days, Sale of Stamps, Buttons Planned

The launching of a drive to raise a fund of $100,000 to place the Communist ticket on the ballot in at least thirty states of the union and carry the message of Communism into every corner of the United States was the outstanding feature of the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party last week, according to a statement issued by the National office of the Party yesterday.

Never before did the members of the Workers (Communist) Party display as much enthusiasm as they are showing in this election campaign. From one end of the country to the other district organizers and campaign managers are reporting to national headquarters that the comrades are bending to the task with the energy that spells success.

Collections in factories and street corners, tag days, and the sale of stamps and buttons are some of the methods that will be used to raise the $100,000.

Prospects Bright.

It is generally admitted that the prospects for waging a successful campaign were never brighter than this year. The Workers (Communist) Party has already established itself as the only party of the proletariat in this election. In spite of the sentimental squawks that come from the clerical candidate of the Socialist party, there is no opposition to big business expressed politically outside of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Since the republican and democratic conventions were held the former insurgents in the G. O. P. and the alleged progressives who bore the democrat label have climbed on the bandwagons of the old parties.

Those "Insurgents."

Herbert Hoover—the imperialist efficiency engineer, the wrecker of the Hungarian Soviet government the stool-pigeon who used the funds of the American Relief Administration in an attempt to overthrow the Soviet government of the U. S. S. R.—has been busy purchasing the disgruntled insurgents who sniped at Coolidge and Mellon during their term of office.

The latest "insurgent" to fall into Hoover's lap is Senator Smith W. Brookhart of Iowa. Brookhart was always a thorn in the side of the administration, but Hoover pulled his teeth, and the Iowa senator now pretends that Hoover has the interests of the farmers at heart.

Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin still poses as a progressive, but was quite cordially received at the Kansas City convention. The opposition to big business inside the G. O. P. always anemic, has been liquidated.

Al Smith, who is as popular in Wall Street as Hoover, is experiencing a little trouble in the South, but the opposition to him there is based on his religious affiliation and his partiality to the cup that cheers. This opposition is not serious. The Southern democrats, hungry for a chance to plunder the national treasury, are willing to muffle the southern conscience for material considerations. They can soothe their wounded spirits by lynching Negroes. It should not be forgotten that a Negro was lynched right in the city of Houston on the very eve of the democratic convention and that neither Al Smith nor any other leader of the party uttered a word of protest against the outrage.

The two capitalist parties are now lining up their forces and mapping out the campaigns that will bring one or the other into the executive mansion in Washington for four

(Continued on Page Four)

UTILITIES MAKE RECORD PROFITS

Public utility corporations which are conducting a nationwide campaign for increased rates and fares and for reductions in taxation show record earnings according to figures made public by ninety-five such public utility companys which report their earnings to the United States Department of Commerce.

Representing gas, electric light, heat, power, traction and water services, power, traction and water services including telephone and telegraph companies, they comprise practically all of the important organizations in the United States outside the communications field.

BOSSES FEAR TO END UNION PACT

Fur Trimmers Denying Break with Union

The strongest pressure the Associated Fur Manufacturers were able to muster against the Fur Trimming Manufacturers Association in their long standing campaign to force them to break the contract with the left wing Joint Board Furriers Union, was insufficient to outweigh the decided advantage of being able to keep their shops running, which the union would have prevented had they capitulated to the entreaties of the A. F. of L. agents and their allies, the Associated.

Denies Rumors

This fact was definitely learned when the president of the trimming bosses organization, A. Goldsmith, made public an official statement denying rumors that they were about to break off contractural relations with the Joint Board and become a partner to the so-called contract the Associated has with the right wing Joint Council.

In order that the trade, and particularly the workers, shall have no doubts about the matter, Goldsmith made certain that his statement was decidedly clear and emphatic. It said: "We are not interested in the internal affairs of the union. . . . We are simply interested in whether we get good mechanics or not. Unless some cause developes which we do not now foresee, we will probably renew the contract with the Joint Board when the present pact expires in January, 1929."

Severe Blow

All observers acquainted with the situation in the trade, the outstanding feature of which is that the Joint Board is now carrying on a renewed offensive against the right wing as well as the bosses in order to obtain July raises for the workers, agree that this is the biggest blow received in a long time by the fake Joint Council as well as the Associated Fur Manufacturers Association.

The campaign of the Joint Board for July wage raises was able to chalk up two more victories. The shops of B. Elfenstein, 145 W. 28th St., was compelled by the union to grant wage raises to all their workers amounting to $5 and $10 each. The Prime Fur Company also capitulated before the threat of a strike and granted each worker a raise of from $5 to $7.50 each. The campaign however, is only beginning, the Joint Board declared in a statement.

NOBILE PARTY MEMBER DIES

VIRGO BAY, Spitzbergen, July 8 (UP).—Natal Ceccioni, chief engineer of the ill-fated transpolar dirigible Italia, died today as a result of injuries received when the airship crashed May 25 on its return from the North Pole.

The death of Ceccione, who was marooned with Nobile on a small icefloe, leaves but four known survivors of the Italia still held captive by the northern elements.

Two of these today were reported seriously ill as a consequence of their life on the melting ice. They are believed to have contracted pneumonia.

Apartment Life Gains Among U. S. Families

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Declining ownership of individual homes by the American family and a trend toward the rented apartment is indicated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

In 1921 58 per cent of the families provided for in all classes of new building were housed in one-family dwellings. In 1927 this proportion fell to 38.3 per cent. Since 1921 the proportion of apartment houses in total new building construction has doubled.

LEAGUE MEMBER FRAME-UP CASE ON TRIAL TODAY

Labor Defense Appeals For Funds

A new frame-up of a militant worker looms with the appearance this morning in the First District Criminal Court, Center and Franklin Sts., of Nathan Kaplan, a fur worker, who faces a charge of felonious assault as a result of his participation in the anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall St. July 3. Kaplan will come up this morning for a hearing with 14 others against whom the charge is disorderly conduct.

The case of Rose Plotkin, 13-year-old member of the Young Pioneers, who was also arrested when police attacked the demonstration, will be heard tomorrow in Children's Court, 137 E. 22nd St. She has been confined to the Heckscher Foundation, the court refusing to release her on a writ of habeas corpus. A threat of deportation to her home town in Indiana hangs over the Young Pioneer.

Labor Defense Issues Appeal

All of the 16 workers arrested are being defended by Jacques Buitenkant, representing the New York Section of the International Labor Defense. An appeal to workers to help smash the frame-up of Kaplan and the threatened deportation of Rose Plotkin, as well as the cases of the 14 others arrested, by contributing funds for their defense has been issued by the New York Section of the I. L. D. through Rose Baron, secretary. The statement follows:

"The capitalist courts have decided that a scapegoat is needed to punish the militant workers who demonstrated against American im-

(Continued on Page Two)

9 DEAD AS HEAT WAVE HITS CITY

Worker, 60, Dies on Job Here

Nine persons died from heat prostration, two were drowned, and another was reported seriously injured in a traffic accident due to the tremendous exodus from the scorching city yesterday.

Over 2,000,000 persons are estimated to have fled from New York City in an effort to escape the oppressive wave of heat. High humidity added to the discomfort.

William K. Ferguson, 60, of 196 Lefferts Pl., Brooklyn, a watchman at 116 Broad St., collapsed and died at his job before the noon hour. Irving Fergfeler, 25, of 111 E. 107th. St., sought the cooling waters of the Hudson at the foot of 117th St. He disappeared in the stream, and it was being dragged last night for his body.

An unidentified youth of 20 was drowned in the surf at Coney Island at the foot of 12th St. Thousands of wage slaves swarmed over the island all day in an effort to escape the heat.

A Coney Island bus side-swiped a trolley car on Seweall Ave., near Neptune, and the conductor of the trolley was hurled to the street. The condition of the conductor, Richard Elrod, of 433 Sixty-ninth St., Brooklyn, is reported grave.

BACK OLD-AGE PENSIONS

WATERLOO, Iowa, July 9.—Old-age pensions was indorsed by the annual convention of the Iowa Federation of Labor.

Still Behind the Bars

For 12 long years Warren K. Billings, shown above, has been behind the bars of Folsom Jail, joint victim with Tom Mooney of one of the most brazen frame-ups in the history of American labor. Billings and Mooney, betrayed and forgotten by the official labor bureaucracy, now look to the workers as the only force which can free them. A mass movement to secure their release has been started by the International Labor Defense.

DEMAND RELEASE OF JOHN PORTER

3,000 Hear Speakers in New Bedford

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 8.—Over three thousand workers rallied to a mass meeting held here Friday to protest against the imprisonment of John Porter, textile strike leader and member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, and to demand his release from Fort Adams, Newport, R. I., guardhouse, where the army authorities are keeping him pending a court martial for desertion and strike participation.

Vote Solidarity

A resolution addressed to the secretary of war and to the commander of Fort Adams was enthusiastically passed by the assembled strikers and strike sympathizers after they had listened to several speakers. The meeting also voted that a telegram be sent to Porter, expressing their solidarity and pledging aid in his fight for freedom.

The speakers declared that Porter is now locked in solitary confinement because he had admitted deserting the army when he saw that it was an instrument of the bosses against the workers, but that he now regretted not having stayed so as to convince the other soldiers of this fact.

His apprehension by the army was effected only after he refused to obey a police order to cease strike activities, the spokesmen of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union declared. Porter is vice-president of the union.

Organizer Figurede of the local Young Workers (Communist) League; Nat Kay of Boston; Ed Winn of the Boston Paper Hangers Union; Jack Rubenstein and Theresa Valente of the Textile Mills Committee were among the speakers. The International Labor Defense, the Young Pioneers and the Portuguese Workers Club also were represented by speakers. Paul Crouch, ex-soldier and Communist was chairman.

A national conference will soon be held in New York for the purpose of organizing a national committee for Porter's defense. The headquarters of the drive, however, will remain in New Bedford, it was announced.

Ft. MacKenzie Federal Employes Form Local

SHERIDAN, Wyo., July 8.—Federal employes at Fort MacKenzie have organized with 50 charter members.

TAXICAB DRIVER BARES NEW TRICK OF MISLEADERS

'Hackmen's Political Party' Exposed

(By a Taxi Corespondent)

I have been a taxi driver for nearly twelve years. It is no exaggeration to say that conditions are worse in this trade today than at any time that I can remember Many times I have asked myself the question, what is the reason for this? No doubt other drivers ask the same question.

The most interesting thing about the very bad conditions in our trade is that more than any where else there are dozens of schemes on foot individuals and organizations offering to help and to fight to correct these evils. The one I want to talk about here is the "Taxi Weekly," a trade paper run by a man called H. A. Innes Brown.

Would-Be Politician.

In addition to editing the paper Brown is also now trying to build up a Hackman's Political Party. He claims to have enrolled nearly 8,000 cab drivers in his scheme. Even if he has one-third that number, this shows you what the taxi men have yet to learn.

Brown doesn't give any aims or program for the party he is running He has held no open meetings. No officers have been elected. No one knows just exactly what his game is, any more than his statement that it is "for better legislative and administrative treatment of the taxicab man." He gets the men to send in their names "in secret." They pledge themselves to vote in some sort of vague "primary to be held by this party."

Brown came to New York from Boston where it is said he was officially connected with the Mogul Checker Cab Company, one of the open-shop, union-hating fleeters of that city. In 1923 we find him in the employ of the Mogul Checker Cab Manufacturing Corporation of New York with offices at 59th St and Broadway. Among other things he was at that time editing the "Checkerboard," the official scab paper put out by this concern for distribution among the drivers of the city. When the taxi drivers employed by the Mogul Checker fleet owners went out on strike in the summer of 1924, Brown was a man to be reckoned with. He had previously received a good training in the spirit of strike-breaking in the U

(Continued on Page Four)

MARINE WORKERS MOVE FOR UNION

Plans for the organization of the marine workers, the mobilization of the seamen and longshoremen against attacks being made by the shipping bosses on the living standards of these workers will be discussed at a meeting called for this evening under the auspices of the International Seamen's Club of 28 South St.

"The vast majority of the marine workers are either totally unorganized or belong to organizations which refuse to fight for their welfare," the call for the organization meeting declares.

Hundreds of marine workers are expected to attend the mass meeting tonight Conditions in the trade have come to a point where action is imperative. Organization tasks, the grievances of the workers, the methods of solving the problems of the trade, will be discussed in detail. Prominent speakers will address the meeting, which is called for 8 p. m. tonight at the headquarters of the eSamen's Club, 28 South St. There will be rank and file discussion from the floor.

Spirit of New Bedford Strikers Unbroken

The beginning of the 13th week of the New Bedford textile strike will witness today the greatest mass picketing demonstration since the strike started in answer to the attempts of the bosses to open the mills. Photo shows typical picketing demonstration which will be increased manifold today.

Poverty Halts Graduation in Socialist City

MILWAUKEE, July 8. — The family of Grace Soldt, 14-year-old Milwaukee girl, did not see her among the graduates at a public school here recently. The girl herself had been looking forward to the exercises for an entire year, but at the last moment was prevented from being among her classmates.

The School Board, of which Mrs. Victor Berger is a member, yesterday received a stinging communication from the family citing the circumstances surrounding the incident. Grace's mother had purchased a colored dress for her just a month before the date of graduation. A few days later the school principal, Miss Sarah J. Carroll, announced the girls should wear white dresses.

Poverty, however, prevented the parents from getting their daughter the white dress, the letter says, and the girl wore her colored one. She was asked to leave the auditorium just a few minutes before the formal exercises, and was handed the diploma several days later.

VOTE TO OUST LEWIS MACHINE

Mine Local Condemns Cappelini

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

WILKES BARRE, July 8.—Demands for the ousting of the Lewis-Cappelini machine in district 1 were made in the form of a resolution drawn up by local union 1635 of Plymouth. The resolution denounced the district officials for their treachery and betrayal of the miners and attacked the international board members of the United Mine Workers union for its refusal to oust Cappelini after a special district convention had voted to remove him.

The resolution further declares that Cappelini is incompetent and unable to carry on the unions' business.

NO VOLUNTEERS; MILITIA DRAFTED

New Bedford Captain Threatens Workers

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 8.—The entire local force of National Guard regiments, which contains many strike sympathizers and the relatives of strikers and strikers themselves, refused to volunteer for strike duty Monday morning when the textile mills will make an attempt to reopen.

At the regular Saturday night drill in the state armory Captain Charles Perry, Jr., and Lieutenant Charles A. Stanley stood before the assembled guardsmen of the 2nd Battalion of the 101st Field Artillery and saw their repeated calls for volunteers for strike duty go completely unanswered. Not a single man stepped forward at the command.

Threatens Men

A frantic call for Major Harold Winslow, battalion commander, was then dispatched. The major arrived. After a long harangue alternating between cajolery and threats of drastic draft orders, only nine of the whole battalion stepped forward This in spite of the fact that he had informed the men that an insufficient response would be followed by a draft of the entire battalion. Before the threat was delivered the officers stated that the volunteers would be paid at the rate of $4.25 a day, while draftees would only get $1 a day.

Major Ashly this morning issued a precept requiring all commanding officers to assemble battalions and report men failing to appear. All National Guardsmen failing to put in an appearance will face courts martial, the statement declares.

The Textile Mills Committee issued a statement pointing out to the strikers the deadly use to which their own brothers and relatives will be put. It then appealed to all militiamen to avoid under all circumstances any action that will hurt the cause for which their fellow workers are struggling.

NON-UNION COAL DIGGERS STRIKE

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

ELM GROVE, W. Va., July 8.—The night shift of the Elm Grove mine laid down their tools last night and joined the strike of unorganized coal diggers in northern West Virginia. "We couldn't stand the rotten conditions any more, so we're joining the fight," they told strike leaders at Laura Calegari's shack. "We're willing to die starving rather than go back without a union," they said.

"Airtight" Injunction

Since the famous "airtight" injunction was granted to the Elm Grove Mining Co., Mrs. Calegari's house has become the center of strike activity. No mass meetings are allowed; no two people are permitted to walk together, or talk together on the road; strikers especially are not permitted to speak to scabs.

"They told us a new mine was starting up and they needed people

(Continued on Page Two)

T. M. C. Urges Militia Not to Aid Bosses

Batty O.K.'s Use of Mounted Police

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 8.—In defiance of heavily armed units of National Guardsmen and mounted forces, in addition to the entire police power, striking textile workers here will stage one of the greatest picketing demonstrations ever seen when the mill owners make their gesture of opening the 56 mills tomorrow morning. Twenty-eight thousand workers have just entered the 13th week of the strike. Chief of Police McLeod posted an announcement this afternoon ordering "all not concerned in the issue to remain outside areas in which police will be working."

Attack Expected.

Sheriff Willetts today named and immediately swore in four deputy sheriffs to go out tomorrow morning and assist him in commanding the dispersal of the tens of thousands of pickets expected, after which he will officially invoke the "Riot Act" as the militia marches in.

In answer to the police announcement that the mills will swing their gates open at 6:45 in the morning, the call went around among the strikers to turn out en masse long before that hour.

Bill Keller, in the name of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee, issued an appeal to the troops "to refrain from any action against their brothers who are fighting the battle of the working class, of which they themselves are part."

Warns Against Spies

The T. M. C. statement further declares: "Our picket captains are especially instructed to offset the attempts of provacateurs whom, we are certain, the manufacturers will plant among the picket lines to arouse disturbances among the pickets, thereby providing the labor-hating army officials with an excuse to order the militia to an attack.

"Through military discipline and the fear of court martial the bosses and their agents, the city and army authorities will attempt to force these troops, strikers and the relatives of strikers to attack our lines."

The picket captains of the Textile Mills Committee will be provided with orange arm bands, with the name of the union printed thereon in full.

Another occurence here, which has aroused much bitter resentment among the masses of strikers, as do the bosses' threats of a coming military and police terror, is the statement made by the officials of the Textile Council of the United Textile Workers.

Batty Endorses Terror

In view of the massing of an elaborate apparatus to break the strike by onslaughts of armed forces, William Batty, secretary of the council, announces to the press that "technically, we are satisfied with the preparations being made for police protection Monday. The Textile Council will be chagrined if the impression went out that the New Bedford authorities were forced to resort to mounted police to keep order in the ranks of labor." Batty then openly displayed his role as provacateur when he endorsed the use of mounted police after his question as to whether the horses were trained or not was answered in the affirmative.

The New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association is scheduled to meet at 10:30 tomorrow morning to plan joint action on whatever the developments may occur during the morning's demonstrations.

Tonight's mass meetings of the Textile Mills Committee are expected to be attended by the largest crowds since the beginning of the strike. The meetings will be held at both ends of the city.

EDUCATOR AND SON SHOT

ESTES PARK, Colo., July 8.—Dr. George H. Sleight, 59, head of the department of education at the University of Illinois, and his son, Virgil, 25, professor at Hamilton University, Clinton, N. Y., were shot by a mysterious stranger early today as they slept in a tent in [illegible] Park, near here. Both were brought to a hospital here.

THEREMIN TO DRAW MUSIC OUT OF AIR SATURDAY

Famous Soviet Scientist to Perform at Great Coney Island Stadium Concert

The finishing touches are being put on the plans for the great concert and entertainment to be held Saturday evening at Coney Island Stadium. Though the committee in charge has not yet completed the entire program the announcements made thus far leave no doubt that the will be the greatest pr[illegible] musical event ever held in this country.

The mere fact that one of the performers will be the world famous Prof. Leon Theremin, the Soviet scientist, is sufficient to make this concert an outstanding event on the musical calendar. This great scientist has discovered the principle by which music can be drawn out of the air without the aid of a musical instrument. This principle is the transformation of electro-magnetic energy into acoustic energy. Merely by moving his hands through an electro-magnetic area Prof. Theremin achieves changes in pitch, timber and volume which enable him to produce music of the greatest beauty.

Volpe to Perform

Less sensational than Prof. Theremin, but equally distinguished, is another artist who will perform at the concert Saturday evening. This distinguished artist is Arnold Volpe, founder of the Lewisohn Stadium concerts and one of the foremost living American conductors. Volpe will conduct an orchestra of 50 musicians in a program of well-known symphonic selections.

Then there will be the Roxy Ballet. Those who have seen this noted ballet will require no recommendation. It is considered one of the best groups of terpsichorean artists now performing before the American public.

Tickets on Sale

Other details of the great program on Saturday evening will be announced later. Meanwhile the important question of tickets must be settled by workers individually. All those who want to be sure of being present at this epoch-making concert must get their tickets at once as they are selling fast. They are on sale at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

Class Loyalty, Stronger Than Hunger, Moves Starving Mine Strikers in All Fields

ESTITUTE, THEY GE RELIEF FOR THE MORE NEEDY

"Go First To Portage" Is New Slogan

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, July 8.—Striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio are proving what the best leaders of the working class have always maintained, that the bonds of class loyalty and sacrifice are greater than any other impulse; that this loyalty and sacrifice remains firm in the face of suffering, need, even starvation. Such confirmation is to be found in reports sent out by the National Miners' Relief Committee.

"According To Need.

"Go First To Portage" is the request of Cresson, Pa., miners to relief workers of this committee. There nearly 9,000 miners, an entire community, has been living for over a year on 93 cents a family a week. Cresson miners, themselves destitute and starving, nevertheless, feel that the conditions in Portage are even worse. "Yes, we are in a bad way here," they say, but our brothers up the line aren't even able to go to the relief stations, they are so weak."

Local stores are failing. Company stores, which never extended a cent of credit to strikers, are closing now. Miners' debts pile up from $10 to $600 or more being owed by individual families to friendly storekeepers and local tradesmen for rent and groceries. Private property is all heavily mortgaged.

Relief Campaign.

What is to become the greatest single effort for organized strike relief is now being planned by the National Miners' Relief Committee in conjunction with the International Labor Defense for the week of July 22-29.

A caravan to the strike fields of Western Pennsylvania by automobiles from all cities east of Chicago will be one of the principal preliminary features of the drive. Relief workers and sympathizers will be able to see the flimsy barracks and actual living conditions of the miners, and learn about their struggle directly. All expenses will be borne by those participating. The caravan will reach Pittsburgh Saturday, July 14, and a Relief-Defense Conference will be held the following day.

Will Mobilize Masses.

First a joint mobilization conference will be held in every key city on Sunday, July 8, when plans for the caravan will be perfected. International Labor Defense branches and local relief committees as well as organizations represented in these two bodies, will be represented. During the week of July 16 following the return of the caravan to their home cities, and preceding the drive, a thorough mobilization of all forces for the series of mass meetings, tag days and house to house collections will be effected.

Relief and defense collections will be held in factories and at local union meetings. Open air meetings will take place in all parts of large cities. A special Relief-Defense bulletin will be printed and widely distributed. These are the preliminary plans arrived at today in a joint conference held by Alfred Wagenknecht, relief director of the National Miners' Relief Committee whose headquarters are at 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, and Martin Abern, representative from the National office of the International Labor Defense.

OTTEN VESSEL SINKS; 291 LOST

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 8 (UP).—The wreck of the Chilean war transport Angoms, with men, women and children aboard, was described today by the four known survivors of the 295 persons aboard when the ship battered itself to pieces and sank in darkness and storm at 1 a.m. Saturday off Punta Chimpel, seven miles south of Lebu and only a short distance from land.

The Angomus ran on the rocks at 11 p.m. Friday during a terrific storm. The radio was wrecked and all lights aboard the ship went out. Scores were washed overboard and pounded to death against the rocks. About twenty children were among the lost.

Eighty bodies were reported to have been recovered, several of them having been washed ashore at Morguillas Beach. Slight hope was held that any of those aboard would be found alive on the sparsely settled shores near the scene of the disaster.

Search for victims today was virtually impossible because of the gale which also had interrupted telegraph and telephone services.

FRENCH BUILD FORTS

PARIS, July 8.—France and Belgium are flinging across their eastern borders a wall of fortifications as nearly impregnable as modern science will permit, while France is playing a leading role at Geneva as one of the sponsors of the Locarno peace agreements and an advocate of the Kellogg anti-war plan.

TAMMANY PAYS ITS LAST TRIBUTE TO GANGSTER

The same police department which only two days before brutally attacked an anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall St. joined in paying tribute to Frankie Yale, notorious gangster murdered in a gang war. Five hundred police escorted the princely funeral procession in a demonstration of the solidarity of Tammany Hall with the criminals of the underworld, the alliance which is receiving the backing of Wall St. Photo shows a view of the funeral procession.

15 WORKERS GET HEARING TODAY

Frame-Up of Militant Furrier Looms

(Continued from Page One)

perialism in Wall St. July 3. The charges of disorderly conduct against 14 of those arrested are not sufficient. Nathan Kaplan, young fur worker, has been selected to pay a greater penalty. The charge against him is felonious assault for 'biting' the finger of Policeman Keegan. The manner of this 'biting' is highly interesting. Policeman Keegan smashed Kaplan in the face. His fist caught on Kaplan's teeth and a finger was cut. Therefore, according to capitalist law, Kaplan 'bit' Policeman Keegan and feloniously assaulted him.

"Kaplan is now out on $1,500 bail furnished by the International Labor Defense. The frame-up machinery of the capitalist courts will be set in motion this morning when he appears for a hearing. Every effort will be made by those who are paid to persecute the workers to send him to jail. It will be a great truimph for them and a blow to the workers. This frame-up must be smashed. We have had enough of frame-ups. It can be smashed only by the workers rallying to the defense of their comrade by aiding the International Labor Defense in its efforts to free Kaplan from the clutches of the capitalist inquisitors.

"The case against Rose Plotkin must also be smashed. This 13-year-old militant has been kept prisoner in the Heckscher Foundation for participating in the demonstration and efforts are being made to take her away from the field where she can be of most service to the workers by sending her back to her home town in Indiana.

"And the legal hirelings of the capitalist class must also be compelled to dismiss the cases against the 14 other workers arrested. For all this defense work immediate funds are absolutely essential. Not a single day in jail, not a penny fine for any of them must be our slogan. The International Labor Defense calls upon all class-conscious workers to send their contributions at once to its office, 799 Broadway, Room 422, in order that their comrades may be saved."

Workers Party Picnic in Cleveland July 15

The workers of Cleveland are to have a picnic on July 15 under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party at which there will be prominent speakers. Besides the speakers a very interesting program of entertainment and proletarian sports is being arranged.

Further details can be obtained at the Party office in Cleveland.

LATIN LEADER BACKS SANDINO

Ugarte Scores Liberals As Wall St. Tools

In the name of four European student organizations Manuel Ugarte has issued a statement from Nice, condemning both the Liberal and Conservative Parties of Nicaragua as agents of U. S. imperialism, and commending General Sandino for his heroic struggle.

The student organizations, the Hispano American University Federation of Madrid, the General Association of Latin American Students of Paris, The University Students of Berlin, numbering about Association of Latin American Students of Berlin ,numbering about 10,000, are in full agreement with the statement.

Assigning the crisis in Nicaragua to the "plutocracy of the United States, desirous of accentuating its imperialistic irradiations," and the selfish and narrow vision of the Nicaraguan politicians who are only concerned with attaining power for themselves he says, ". . .we do not admit any difference between Liberals and Conservatives. We form a bloc against the defeatists, against the presidents greased by the White House."

"The only one who merits our enthusiastic support is General Sandino, because General Sandino represents, with his heroic followers, the popular reaction of our America against faithless oligarchies and the resistance of our aggregation to Anglo-Saxon Imperialism."

NOT ENOUGH JOBS IN PHILADELPHIA

Only 300 Out of 1000 Can Get Appointments

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—William Rowen, president of the board of education, has seen fit to issue a prepared statement in regards to the large number of school teachers in this city who are without jobs and for whom the great city of Philadelphia can do nothing—except prepare public warnings.

No Jobs

Dr. Broome, in backing up the statements of Rowen (Broome, by the way, is superintendent of schools) said that Mr. Rowen should broadcast the dearth of teaching positions over the radio in order that every parent and student be made fully acquainted with the situation over which these school officials claim to have no control.

According to Rowen's statement, there are at present 1,000 fully qualified teachers seeking places in Philadelphia classrooms. Only 300, however, can be cared for in the fall by the opening of new schools. When the class of February, 1929, graduates from the Philadelphia Normal School, there will be at least 250 more teachers looking for jobs. Mr. Rowen announced that there will be no jobs to be had, however, and no prospect of positions for teachers so far as the schools in this city are concerned for at least three and possibly four years more.

Rowen further states that the "overflow" teacher problem has become a serious matter of such grave concern to the Quaker City educational officials that he asks parents to urge their children to prepare for other professions than that of teaching.

It is in this part of the statement that Rowen unintentionally becomes humorous. He requests teachers to look for jobs in other parts of Pennsylvania, and then admits that the teacher supply of the state is by far outdistancing that of the demand. In fact so much so that some cities in Pennsylvania have abolished their normal schools altogether, hoping, thereby, to solve the problem.

In urging parents to prepare their children for other professions than that of teaching, Rowen is merely "passing the buck" in the political parlance of this city.

What other professions? Rowen does not say. Very likely he does not care. Perhaps he does even not know that all sorts of young workers in or out of the profession can get nothing to do.

The young workers of this city, of whom the 1,000 unemployed teachers are but a small part, find themselves in a sad predicament. There are no jobs available, not even much despised work in the poorly-paying department stores and chain stores of the city.

And the teachers who are working find themselves overburdened with classes numbering as many as fifty and sixty pupils.

The city of Philadelphia has a special "school tax" which is high enough to furnish adequate teaching facilities for every child. Classes could be cut one-half their present size, furnishing several thousand more teachers with work.

But the board of education is a part of the stupendous graft machine which "governs" the municipality of Philadelphia. The financial requirements of Vare and his henchmen, the band of brothers, as they are known, come first. The needs of teachers and pupils are only incidental.

Enormous commissaries are made periodically for all kinds of supplies and text books. And vast sums of money are spent to build, repair and keep up school buildings.

Numerous jobs are at stake all the way "down" from janitor to superintendent of schools. These jobs are a part of the "patronage" that furnish the basis of the Vare machine, to which Hoover owes his nomination for president.

And as for Vare's (nearly senator) contractor friends, none of them have been known to die of malnutrition. All of them are known to live off the fat of the land — and off the backs of the workers.

C. RABIN.

Foreign Trade Makes A Large Increase

WASHINGTON, July 8.—European purchases of American gold in May were $17,000,000 more than purchases in the same month last year, according to figures of the department of commerce. Purchases by the United States of European goods in May were $5,000,000 more than in May, 1927.

The Trial of the Donetz Conspirators

By MOISSAYE J. OLGIN.

The Don trial marks a new stage in the capitalists' struggle against the proletarian dictatorship and a new victory of the Workers' Republic. The danger for the workers may not have been as spectacular as white regiments' attacks or foreign invasion, yet it was real enough, and it touched the very vitals of the new order. In a sense it was even greater than the danger of open challenge. For while the latter inflames the imagination and enhances the fighting spirit of the workers, the Don conspiracy was meant to discourage the workers, to convince them of being inferior to private business men as organizers of industrial production, at the same time to do material damage to one of the fundamental industries of the Soviet Union.

Workers Blocked Scheme.

"Most of the sabotage was planned rather than executed," says the New York Evening Post in its Saturday's editorial. It was not a question of sabotage, but of directly damaging mines and mining—the official designation freely applied by state, counsel and defendants being damager, a word hitherto used only in connection with insects destroying the crops—and if the coal industry of the Don region has survived in spite of all and has even shown marked progress, it was not because the "damagers'" plans were not "executed." but because the rank and file workers devoted themselves to the reconstruction work with so much enthusiasm and love that all obstacles were overcome.

Far-Flung Conspiracy.

The plan was cunning indeed. Its execution was conducted decisively if subtly. The organization was a perfect unit. Way up, in Warsaw London and Paris, groups of former owners plus remnants of the old Manufacturers' Association of the South. Back of them, the governments of the former entente who in providing funds the "disinherited" may lack, are interested not only in sticking a knife into the Soviet industrial backbone, but also in obtaining specific information as to the location of industrial plants railroads, terminals, ammunition stores, etc.—information that may be of value in case of war.

Connections between the "bosses" abroad and their agents in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics are maintained by mining engineers dispatched abroad for business or education, and by certain "dark personages" visiting the Soviet Union in the double capacity of political spies and industrial agents of the owners. Those intermediaries bring specific orders from the superiors and, to substantiate them, large sums of money. The money goes to the Moscow center whose members are known to only a few. The Moscow center communicates with the Kharkov center—the institution managing all the mines of the Don and belonging to the conspiracy as a body. From Kharkov money and orders go out to the individual mines and groups of mines. The local "damagers" carry out instructions. Secrecy is maintained all along the line.

Method of Sabotage.

"Most of the sabotage was planned rather than executed." However, this is what the defendants admitted and corroborated at the trial. The richest coal deposits were to be reserved for the former operators (of whose return either as full-fledged owners or at least as concessionaires the gentlemen were perfectly sure). The poor deposits were worked at excessive costs. Dozens of small worthless mines were dug where two or three large ones could have yielded much more coal at a considerably lower cost. Machinery suited for soft coal was used in hard coal mines, with the result that they soon wore out and had to be scrapped.

Avowedly worthless machinery was purchased abroad from German firms, the delivering Germans being made part of the plot. Mines flooded during the civil war (1918-1921) remained flooded for years so as not to be utilized by the Soviets. Well working mines were flooded by the engineers under one pretext or another. Underground corridors were dug in places where they were not needed at all. Ventilation pumps were ordered stopped and the mines filled with gas—the damage resulting in the loss of lives and suspension of work for a long while Costly cables imported from abroad were deliberately broken, and bars of iron found their mysterious way into the heart of complicated machinery playing havoc with the work.

Pretended "Accidents."

It would take a volume to enumerate all the varieties of "damaging" confessed to in the court There is the story about the forgetfulness of the German engineer Wegener. That high technician was supposed to help in putting into operation a newly constructed turbine He was to arrive from Kharkov with a load of small parts, cables screws, etc. The thing was urgent because the workers wished to time the commencement of work with the tenth anniversary of the November revolution.

Wegener arrived, but he conveniently left one box in Kharkov with the most essential parts. There is another story about eight wagonloads of coal, one of the mines dispatched to Leningrad as a gift on the occasion of the Tenth Anniversary and which upon arrival turned out to be eight wagonloads of rubbish.

There is the story about the two plants that were connected with one of the mines: a briquette plant and a phenole plant, and that were reduced to naught after the engineers ordered the machinery dismantled and placed in storage there to rust away and lose all value. There is the story about phantastic plans for years deliberated by the engineers in all earnestness, while the necessary and urgent work was not done.

Was Peculiar "War."

It was a plan well conceived and cleverly executed. It was a continuation of the war waged by Kolchak Denikin, Yudenich, Wrangel and other white generals, but with other means. It was a continuation of the starving-out policy pursued by world imperialism in relation to the Soviet Union. But whereas formerly world imperialism gave money and encouragement to military specialists left over from the old regime, they now did the same thing with the technical specialists. (It is noteworthy that this conspiracy started in 1922-1923 after the military attacks had all collapsed.) And whereas formerly it was planned to break the physical resistance of the workers, it was now planned to break their morale (outside of doing them economic harm).

Defeated by Workers.

The vigilance of the rank and file workers, their interest in their economic life, and their devotion to the revolution have triumphed over this enemy as they triumphed in the civil war.

A great victory has been won by the workers of the U. S. S. R. It must be hailed by every worker the world over.

FAKE MEDIATION MOVE BY MILL BOSSES EXPOSED

Charge State Board Is Owners' Agent

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 8.—The prediction of the Textile Mills Committee that the recently held conference between the Textile Council officials, the mill owners and the State Board of Conciliation was a preliminary scheme of the bosses to demoralize the morale of the strikers when them come on the picket lines Monday, was borne out when the conference ended with the bosses still insisting on the 10 per cent wage cut.

When the conference was called, however, the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee demanded participation in the name of the great majority of strikers, whose spokesman it is This demand was made in a public statement which frankly characterized the conference as a maneuver of the mill owners, but nevertheless demanded representation to safeguard the workers' interests. Due to the subsequent refusal to admit the T. M. C. delegation, the statement of the T. M. C. takes an added significance. It follows:

"The strike commitee of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, at its last meeting, considered the conference called by the State Board of Arbitration to which were invited the employers and the officials of the A. F. T. O.

"After a full discussion it was decided to send a committee from the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union to this conference. The New Bedford Textile Workers' Union feels that it and it alone represents the interests of the vast majority of the workers, and this is true in spite of all efforts, particularly by the local press, to call the workers supporting the new union a small group of "reds," "radicals" and such like.

"Sooner or later the employers must learn that not Batty, Binns and Rexiere control the strikers but the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, and no negotiations or dealings of whatever kind will be considered valid by the workers till their own real union is consulted.

"We have no illusions as to this conference. The employers are not sincere. They wish a test of strength. If the employers really wished to settle the strike they could do it in short order. But what the employers really wish to do through this conference is to soften the fighting spirit of the workers, to give the workers illusions that the strike will be soon over, etc., while at the same time the employers themselves will be preparing for a long and hard battle. Besides this purpose the state board has other things in mind. First of all it wants to lend the impression that the state is "impartial" and "fair." The state board feels that the actions of Mayor Ashley have already compromised him too much, so it runs to the rescue. Second, the state board wants to bolster up the waning authority of Batty, Binns and Riviere. This the board does by calling them alone to the conference, as though they really controlled the situation. In the third place, the board is afraid of the success of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union This is the main reason why it has changed its "hands off New Bedford" policy and has suddenly decided to enter the situation.

"However, while we have no illusions as to this conference, we shall send our committee so as to guarantee to the workers that their true interests will be adequately protected.

"We anticipate that perhaps our committee will not be given official place at this conference. This will not worry us. It will be only another indication that the state board is not a friend of the workers, recognizing not those chosen by the workers themselves, but only those misleaders who are not trusted by the workers. Such an action by the state board will only betray still further the fact that the state board has the real purpose not of settling the strike but of breaking it. This the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union will never permit to happen."

'Labor Defender' Sets Are Now For Sale

Sets of the last three issues of the Labor Defender, pictorial monthly of the International Labor Defense, containing a historical review of the Mooney Billings Frame-Up, a visit to both Mooney and Billings at San Quentin and Folsom prisons by James P. Cannon, photographs of all the figures in the case, together with a letter from Tom Mooney to American workers, are being sold through the Labor Defender, at 80 East 11th St., New York, for 25 cents a set as material of general interest for workers and to serve as data for speakers, workers' clubs and libraries.

The unusual photographs in these issues, now being displayed in workers' halls and the press generally throughout the country in the reviving campaign to "Free Mooney and Billings," include pictures of Tom Mooney in 1916 and as he looks today after 12 years of imprisonment, and a remarkable photo from the files of the San Francisco police, showing Israel Weinberg being given the third degree.

These and other photos have attracted widespread attention and have already been syndicated thru the International News Reel and other press photo services.

NON-UNION COAL DIGGERS STRIKE

Night Shift Out In West Va. Town

(Continued from Page One)

to build the houses and shafts," the strike recruits said. "The pay was supposed to be much higher, too. Our kids are just as hungry as yours, and you've been striking for months, and we've been working like dogs!"

These strikers will need help almost immediately. The coal diggers of Elm Grove are ready to share what relief they get with the new strikers. The National Miners Relief Committee has promised to strain its resources and send a little more relief in the next shipment, if enough money is sent by sympathizers to their headquarters at 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

WALL ST. BACKS RUMANIAN LOAN

Fascists Make Bid For $80,000,000

New York bankers, backing the proposed "Stabilization Loan" of $80,000,000 to the fascist Rumanian government, have just announced that the loan "may now be considered as an accomplished fact."

A large group of the basic industries of Rumania will be turned over to American financiers as collateral. Denial of reports that the loan would not materialize was made Saturday by Dr. Max Winkler of Betron, Griscom & Co. Of the total amount, he said, $80,000,000 is scheduled to be placed in this market, and an offering will be made as soon as market conditions assume a more favorable aspect.

Among the securities being taken over by the American capitalists are the shares of the Resita Iron and Steel Company, Rumania's largest industrial corporation, and those of the Buhush, the country's largest textile company.

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CONTENTS:
RESOLUTION ON TRADE UNION WORK.
OLD UNIONS AND NEW UNIONS—Wm. Z. Foster.
TRADE UNION QUESTIONS—James P. Cannon.
RESOLUTION ON REPORT OF POLITICAL COMMITTEE.
IMMEDIATE PARTY PROBLEMS—by Jay Lovestone.
WM. D. HAYWOOD—"UNDESIRABLE CITIZEN"—J. L. Engdahl.
ASPECTS OF THE SITUATION IN NEW BEDFORD—by A. Weisbord.
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Stress Sharpening of Class Struggle in Draft Program of Communist International

EMPHASIZE GROWTH OF THE SOVIET UNION, DEVELOPMENT OF THE CHINESE REVOLUTION

Program Points Out Sharpened Imperialist Offensive Against U. S. S. R.

Capitalism, With Aid of Social Democrats, Adopts Weapon of Fascist Terrorism

To All Sections of the Communist International:

The Programme Commission of the Executive Committee of the Communist International is publishing a DRAFT PROGRAM.

The Commission thinks it its duty to declare that while the text of this draft is of course based on the same fundamental principles as those upon which the draft programme provisionally passed by the Fifth Congress of the Communist International was based, nevertheless, it differs very considerably from that draft. The Program Commission felt that in view of the great changes that have taken place in many important spheres of international life and particularly in the revolutionary movement since the Fifth Congress, it could not confine itself to making merely editorial changes in the original draft. A change has taken place in the form of the general crisis of capitalism; a change has taken place in the relationships between various groups of powers. Great events have taken place, like the great revolution in China, which once again emphasized the significance of the agrarian-peasant question. Great progress has been made in building up socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The struggle between the aggressive capitalist world and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is becoming acute. Fascism is growing and becoming transformed into the terrorist dictatorship of big capital. Social democracy has degenerated into Chauvinist imperialism. The lessons that have been learned by the Communist International in the fight against opposition tendencies and finally the growth of Communism, the fact that the movement has really become internationalized, the new tasks that confront the Communist International as a single organization—all this has inevitably made it necessary considerably to alter and enlarge the former draft.

The general tendency of the changes that have been made is towards more concreteness and greater emphasis upon THE INTERNATIONAL aspects both in the theoretical section as well as in the sections dealing immediately with the struggles of the Communist Parties.

Acting on the decision of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, the Programme Commission, in publishing this draft program, calls upon all comrades to express their opinion and criticism of it in articles, remarks and concrete suggestions. The work done on the program has revealed how difficult it is to embrace in a single document all the problems of the present-day world Communist movement. The question of the program will be one of the central questions at the Sixth Congress. It is essential that sufficient material be collected by the time the discussion of the question takes place at the Congress. The Commission therefore invites all comrades to join in the fruitful discussion of the program.

THE PROGRAMME COMMISSION OF THE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

INTRODUCTION

The epoch of Imperialism is the epoch of moribund Capitalism. The crisis of Capitalism, which arose on the basis of Imperialism, signifies that the material pre-requisites for Socialism have already matured.

But the development of Imperialism not only creates the material pre-requisites for Socialism; it simultaneously creates the conditions for the overthrow of Capitalism.

Imperialism subjects large masses of the proletariat of all countries — from the centres of capitalist might to the most remote corners of the colonial world — to the dictatorship of finance capitalism. With elemental force Imperialism exposes and accentuates all the contradictions of Capitalist society. It intensifies class oppression to the utmost limits. It intensifies the contradiction between the growth of the productive forces of world economy and national state barriers to an exceptional degree. It inevitably gives rise to imperialist wars of world-wide dimensions, which shake the whole system of prevailing relationships and inexorably lead to the world proletarian revolution.

Imperialism binds the whole world in the chains of finance capital. With bonds of blood and iron it ties the proletarians of all countries, nationalities and races, to the yoke of financial and capitalist plutocracy. It intensifies the exploitation, oppression and enslavement of the proletariat to an immeasurable degree and thus directly confronts it with the task of capturing power. In this way Imperialism creates the necessity for uniting the proletariat of all countries, irrespective of nationality, race, sex or profession, into a single international proletarian army that cuts across all state barriers. Thus, while Imperialism creates material conditions for Socialism, *it at the same time* confronts the proletariat with the necessity for organizing in a militant international association of workers, which is essential for the overthrow of Imperialism.

On the other hand, Imperialism splits off the better placed section of the working class from the main and more oppressed section of the masses. This is the upper stratum of the working class, bribed and corrupted by Imperialism. They comprise the leading elements of the Social Democratic Parties. They have an interest in the Imperialist plunder of the colonies. They are loyal to their "own" bourgeoisie and their "own" Imperialist State and in the midst of decisive class battles were found on the side of the class enemy of the proletariat. The split which took place in the Socialist movement on these grounds in 1914 and the subsequent treachery of the Social Democratic Parties, which became bourgeois labor parties, demonstrated and proved that the International proletariat can fulfil its historic mission—to throw off the yoke of Imperialism and establish the proletarian dictatorship—only by ruthless struggle against Social Democracy.

Thus, the organization of the forces of the international revolution becomes possible only on the platform of Communism. The opportunist Second International of Social Democracy, which has become the agency of Imperialism in the ranks of the working class, is inevitably confronted by the *Communist* International.

The war of 1914-1918 gave rise to the first attempts to establish a new, revolutionary international, to counterbalance the Second, Social-Chauvinist International and to be used as a weapon of resistance to bellicose Imperialism (Zimmerwald and Kienthal). The victorious proletarian revolution in Russia gave a powerful impetus to the formation of Communist Parties in the centres of capitalism and in the colonies. In 1919, the Communist International was formed, and for the first time in history the most progressive strata of the European and American proletariat were really united with the proletariat of China and India and with the colored toilers of Africa and America on the basis of practical revolutionary struggle.

As a united and centralized international proletarian Party, the Communist International is the only Party to continue the organizational principles of the First International and to apply them to the revolutionary proletarian movement on a new *mass* basis. The experience gathered from the first imperialist war, from the subsequent period of revolutionary crisis of capitalism, from the series of revolutions in Europe and the colonial countries; the experience gathered from the dictatorship of the proletariat and the building up of Socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and from the work of all the Sections of the Communist International, which has been recorded in the decisions of its Congresses, and finally, the fact that the struggle between the imperialist bourgeoisie and the proletariat is more and more assuming an international character, makes it possible, necessary and opportune to draw up the *program of the Communist International*, which shall be the common program of all its Sections.

The program of the Communist International is the supreme generalization of the experience of the international revolutionary proletarian movement and is, therefore, the program of the struggle for world proletarian dictatorship, the program of the struggle for world Communism.

As an organization uniting the revolutionary workers, who lead millions of the oppressed and exploited against the bourgeoisie and their "socialist" agents, the Communist International regards itself as the historical succesor to the "Communist League" and the First International founded by Marx and as the inheritor of the best traditions of the Second International. The First International laid the ideological foundations for the international proletarian struggle for Socialism. The Second International, in the best period of its existence, prepared the ground for expanding the labour movement and spreading it widely among the masses. The Third, Communist International, continuing the work of the First International and accepting the fruits of the work of the Second International, resolutely lopped off the latter's opportunism, its social chauvinism and its bourgeois distortion of Socialism and set out to establish the dictatorship of the proletariat. In this way the Communist International preserves the continuity of all the glorious and heroic traditions of the international labor movement: the British Chartists and the French insurrectionists of 1831; the French and German working class revolutionaries of 1848; the immortal warriors and martyrs of the Paris Commune; the brave soldiers of the German, Hungarian and Finnish revolutions; the workers of former Czarist Russia—the victorious bearers of the proletarian dictatorship; the Chinese proletarians—the heroes of Canton and Shanghai.

In its theoretical and practical work, the Communist International bases itself on the historical experience of the revolutionary labor movement in all continents and among all peoples, and entirely and unreservedly adopts the point of view of *revolutionary Marxism*, which found its completion in *Leninism*. Leninism is nothing more nor less than Marxism of the epoch of Imperialism and proletarian revolutions.

The Communist International advocates, propagates and applies the revolutionary method of dialectical materialism of Marx and Engels and actively combats all forms of bourgeois philosophy and all forms of theoretical and practical opportunism. It takes its stand on the basis of consistent proletarian class struggle and subordinating the temporary, partial, group and national interests of the proletariat to the latter's lasting, common and international interests; it ruthlessly exposes every form of the doctrine of "class peace" — which the reformists have accepted from the bourgeoisie — ("civil peace," defense of imperialist "fatherland" in time of war, the gospel of bourgeois pacifism, "peace in industry," etc. etc.).

The Communist International expresses the historical need for a revolutionary organization of revolutionary proletarians—the grave diggers of the capitalist system—and is therefore the only international organization which has the dictatorship of the proletariat and Communism for its program and which openly comes out as the organizer of the international proletarian revolution.

• • •

(The Daily Worker will publish tomorrow Section One of the Draft Program, which covers the subject: "The World System of Capitalism, Its Development and Inevitable Destruction.")

Taxi News To Be Emphasized By This Paper

The DAILY WORKER will hereafter print news of the struggles and problems of the taxi drivers regularly. The DAILY WORKER is not only a news-reporting organ, it is a fighting weapon which goes into the fleeters garage to battle for you; it fights for better wages, shorter hours, against police discrimination, for a trade union of the taxi drivers.

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All together for a united battle in behalf of the 60,000 New York taxi drivers. Read, distribute, talk about your paper!

BUTLER, TEXTILE BOSS, HIRE DICKS

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 8.—The Reid Detective Agency of Boston has been retained by former Senator Butler, a heavy mill owner, to spy on union leaders, to disrupt unions and to influence preachers to advocate surrender by the workers. Textile council leaders are aware of the private detectives' work in the unions. Efforts to bribe preachers failed signally when many appealed publicly to the workers not to return to the mills until the wage cut had been taken back.

Cotton mill workers on strike since April 16 spent Independence Day preparing to demonstrate once more their revolt against the 10 per cent wage cut ordered by William M. Butler's Manufacturers' Assn.

CALL COLOMBIA NEW ARENA OF PETROLEUM WAR

British Creep Closer to Panama Canal

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Will the government of the United States go to war against the government of Great Britain—thereby starting a world-wide holocaust—to determine whether Standard or Royal Dutch-Shell shall dominate the oil supply of the globe?

Ludwell Denny, former newspaper man, has written a book to point out to the two nations the peril of this competition for petroleum. His book is entitled "We Fight For Oil," and is published by Alfred A. Knopf. It is a well-proportioned history of the way in which the United States State Department has fought the British government, in every oil-bearing corner of the earth, to bring final control over the oil markets of the world to American rather than to British capital. It is closely packed with documentary quotations that will surprise the ordinary citizen. It tears the mask off diplomatic moralizing, and shows the United States and the British government facing each other in relentless mutual determination to win the race for oil, even if it comes to the wholesale massacre that is called war for national self-defense.

The British government owns a majority of the stock in the Anglo-Persian Oil Company, which is one of the most aggressive of the big competitors who are getting control of vast tracts of oil lands in the Near and Middle East, in Central and South America and elsewhere.

Under complete governmental direction also, Denny shows, is British-controlled oilfields, which has concessions that surround two-thirds of the Caribbean Sea. Both of these agencies of the British government have maneuvered in the direction of the Panama Canal thereby stirring the state department to some of its strongest anti-British protests. The story of Latin-American relations with Washington, as Denny recites it by means of quotations from the utterances of the department, is soaked in oil. And so, too, is the story of American policy toward the Soviet Union, Turkey, Armenia, Persia and Rumania.

Sir Henri Deterding, the "Napoleon" of the petroleum industry since he became the dominating figure in Royal Dutch-Shell and began his march toward control of the world supply of oil, is traced through this maze of intrigues, international conferences, double-crossings, bluffings, reconciliations—always the strong man against whom the intelligence of Standard and the power of the state department are pitted. By turns Deterding woos the Soviet government and denounces it in tones of horror—according to the moment's success or failure in his long game of getting the Russian oil supplies. When Standard defeats him there his rage is loosed and Charles Evans Hughes is brought forward as moral endorser of the arrangement Standard has made with Moscow.

Denny amuses himself and his readers by quoting the editorials from reactionary American papers last fall sympathizing with Standard's action in buying Soviet oil although Deterding shouted that this was "stolen" by the Soviet government from its former owners. And the author mischievously brings in the fact that the United States Shipping Board last winter purchased from Standard 24,000 tons of this same "stolen" oil, delivered to it in Near East ports.

But an American oil shortage is near, and oil prices are likely to go up unless rapid improvement in conserving the supply, both in the amount used and the way it is used shall be secured. Private competition in developing wells in America is wasting a great deal of the narrowing supply. A crisis is ahead when greed will rule every move of the two giants. Britain's companies will have cornered most of the remaining oil. Denny predicts that the anti-British propaganda which can be evoked by a Mayor Thompson will be called forth by oil interests, and war will come—unless the British make a compromise.

And the Kellogg war-abolition treaty? Familiar with every detail of its discussion, Denny ignores it as a peace factor.

Hoosac Mill Workers Win Pittsfield Strike

PITTSFIELD, Mass., July 8 (FP).—Three weeks of strike won a readjustment in piece rates for 46 unorganized weavers of the Hoosac mills. The workers were transferred from caring for one fine and one coarse loom each to two looms on coarse goods, suffering a loss of $3 to $5 a week.

In the meantime Hoosac mills branch of the Arlington mills at Lawrence, shifted unfinished work by truck to Lawrence. Piece rates on the coarse goods looms have been boosted as the result of the strike.

CITY CHARITY IS AID OF BOSSES

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 8.—The New Bedford Board of Public Welfare, whose granting of charity to strikers was exposed as a ruse to cover its role as a scab agency for the mill owners, but which nevertheless received the enthusiastic endorsement of the Textile Council of the United Textile Workers, has finally come out in its true colors and announced publicly that no aid will be given after Monday to these strikers who refused to go back to work when the mill owners open the mills.

The decision of the City Council to open the Welfare funds for the relief of the strikers was hailed by Binns and Batty as a wonderful gesture of the friendliness of the mill-boss controlled city politicians. This despite statements by the Textile Mills Committee that workers had been offered a "chance" to go scabbing when they applied for relief.

To the strikers here this is not any more surprising than the action of Mayor Ashley in calling troops to aid the mill bosses in trying to crush the strike, but, they declare, it merely adds more proof to the contention that the Textile Council officials are themselves important enemies of the strikers.

In an attempt to stem the immense tide of popularity among the strikers enjoyed by the Textile Mills Committee, the Textile Council leaders are trying to obtain followers among the workers by importing "special Polish" and "special women" organizers.

The great majority of the Polish workers here are adherents of the Mills Committee. Nearly all the women strikers are also enthusiastic allies lined up with them. More than that, the Mills Committee strike committee as well as posts as organizers, are occupied by many women strikers. The Council has hired a research worker of the British Independent Labor Party as a women's organizer, in addition to one from the Women's Trade Union League. So far their progress can be recorded as nil.

FASCIST TERROR INTENSIFIED ON BY MUSSOLINI

Framed Bombing Excuse for Torture

The fascist reign of terror in Italy has assumed even greater proportions since the attempted assassinations of the King in Milan, according to news received through underground channels at Zurich. The fascist police employ all forms of torture to extract "confessions" from political prisoners, and raid the homes of anyone who is considered in anyway dissatisfied with the fascist regime.

The report cites raids and arrests of prominent professors who have contributed to harmless liberal journals, of workers who are demanding a living wage. The system of fascist espionage and terror has rounded out its machinery by placing at the head of the Italian prisons Judge Albertini, who presided over the court of appeals that hushed up the Matteotti case.

The bombing of a train that carried Mussolini, although the bombs carried the seal of the state arsenal, has served for further persecution of workers, and those who practiced propaganda activity for the Italian Communist Party, even before it was declared illegal. Mere membership in the Communist Party serves as a pretext for the most horrible "information-extracting" tortures, and long terms of imprisonment in unenbearable jails.

MOSCOW SUES FOR DEBT

MOSCOW, July 8.—The Moscow Yiddish art theatre, now playing in Berlin, which owes the Moscow Social Insurance Fund 45,000 roubles, will shortly be sued for the said amount by Ambassador to Germany Krestinsky upon instruction from the Soviet Government.

Fascists Give Ford a Medal for Services

DETROIT, July 8.—Large-scale exploitation of workers and anti-semitic propaganda received official recognition here yesterday with the conferring of the Grand Cross of the Order of the Crown of Rumania upon Henry Ford. The honor was conferred by Andrew Popovich, secretary of the Rumanian legation at Washington as a tribute from the fascist, Jew-hating Bratianu dictatorship to the flivver king.

In his speech of presentation Popovich referred to the great exploiter as "a benefactor of mankind" and "a friend of labor." In reply Ford promised to continue in the future the policies which had won him such wealth and the approval of the capitalist class of the world.

AUSTRIA LEADERS GREET PILSUDSKI

VIENNA, July 8.—Officials of the Austrian government gave a warm reception to Marshal Pilsudski, Polish fascist, when he arrived here on his way to Rumania.

Pilsudski made no further comment on his resignation but intimated that he will spend the summer in Rumania.

After paying his respects to the Austrian government, Pilsudski will go south tomorrow.

FAKE MINIMUM WAGE.

MONTEVIDEO, July 8.—Whether the minimum wage law passed here recently by the Uruguayan parliament includes the workers in private capitalist industries is doubtful. The wage law provides that government employees receive a minimum monthly wage of 50 pesos (about $51) and a daily wage of 2½ pesos.

GERMAN SAILOR ISTROUBLESOME TO SHIP'S BOSS

His Crime is Teaching Seamen Economics

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The captain of the S. S. "Tirpitz" of the Hamburg-American line does not seem to be very satisfied wi his crew.

"All my men are good," said one time to another captain of a different ship, "except Herr Mueller. He is the only troubl maker on the boat."

What does this "trouble-maker" do anyhow?

His "crime" consists in being an instructor in economics to a class which the seamen of the above vessel have organized. Otherwise Mueller attends to his work well. He is an oiler on the said boat. Inst of gambling or wasting his time for nothing he prepares the seam to be true to the workers' cause.

When the captain tried to get of Mueller all the men fought him unitedly and he remained the vessel.

If the seamen had many mo "trouble-makers" like Mueller would be better off.

Let the crew of the "Tirpitz" an example to all seamen.

A. B. S.

FLYER HALTED.

HORTA, Azores, July 8.—Cap Frank T. Courtney, British fly who is attempting the eastwa flight across the Atlantic, took o for Trepassey, N. F., today on the second leg of his journey, but wh he was 350 miles out he met an impenetrable fog bank and was forced to return.

Courtney had been held here, after a flight from Lisbon, by the necessity of repairs on his radio.

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Tickets: 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.
ON SALE AT: 26-28 Union Sq.; 30 Union Sq.; 2700 Bronx Park East; 1310 So. Boulevard (Book Store); 15 West 126th St.; 1600 Madison Ave. (Restaurant); 202 E. Broadway (Book Store); 17 E. 3rd St.; 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn.

lacklist, Police Terror, Low Wages and Long Hours Rule Lives of Taxi Drivers

LLOW TAXICAB VER PICTURES AB CONDITIONS

ys Workers Ready For Action

(By Taxi Correspondent.)

I am a driver in the Yellow Cab rporation and I want to say that re has been a good deal of re- ntment in the ranks of the driv- s of this company because of the ossibility of making a living ving for this scab firm.

Yellow taxi drivers get 40 per commission on the dollar, pro ing they work six days. If a ver works 5 days he gets 35 pe and if he works 4 days 33 1-3 cent. Drivers working for the pendent fleet owners get a flat of 40 per cent.

Under Thumb of Police.

here are in this city 60,000 tax' ers and the job of each one is r the thumb of the police de- tment. Licenses are revoked and pended at the will of Police Com sioner Warren or his subordin-

Taxi drivers are bulldozed and rworked as few other workers The taxi driver is a piece rker. At the end of the week which often means seven days) of g hours, nagging by passengers lice and company inspectors, the iver is lucky to have made $35 ll the money that a driver takes is not clear. If he is arrested d fined for speeding—and the na- re of his work compels him to ed—he has to pay his own fines The general public is not aware struggle of the taxi driver in der to make a living. In the win- r time, after hours of driving in ar zero weather, the strain cou- led with the cold, becomes unbear- ble. Taxi drivers suffer from colds, constipation, frozen feet and ther difficulties. Newspaper stor- es favorable to the taxi drivers are t mentioned by the daily press They fail to mention that as many as eleven taxi drivers were mur- red in the past five years, by pas- gers who hire the drivers' cab rder him into a side street, steal is day's "bookings" and cab and n give him the "works."

Some Life.

Taxi drivers are forced by police ulations to accept any call. A iver is never sure that he is not a drunken and abusive cus- mer or perhaps a criminal. The iver must post a police, criminal ntification card in his cab, giving is name and number and photo- aph so that he can easily be re ted by any passenger—or framed

the driver should lose this card many times they are stolen om their frames in the cab, he rfeits his right to earn a living a period ranging anywhere from ve days to 2 months and some mes he has his license revoked.

Taxi drivers want the licensing partment made independent of lice control. At the present time y patrolman can act as inspector demand his bit of graft on pain reporting a driver for a petty or agined offence.

To be reported means license sus- ion or revokation and inability arn a living for the time, so t drivers give the cop a ride and something soothing into his

Individual cab owners have three anizations, the Amalgamated d Street, and the Independent Owners' Association. These anizations take into their ranks ver owners and furnish legal aid rance; but there is no union of drivers.

The lot of the taxi driver is a d one and the only remedy is ization along trade union

"OLD TIMER."

UMBERS BOSS UNION MEMBER

(a Worker Correspondent)

r. Adolph Grobstein operates a on E. 138th St., Bronx. He mostly new building work, little jobbing and alteration thrown in. His partner, Mr. ey Davis, is a member of the mbers Local 463 of Manhattan the Bronx.

A partner who is a member of a bers' local and a partner to a bing firm is known as a "si- partner." According to the of Local 463 no boss may be- to the union or work on a job. is is not the first time that charges were made. In the there were other charges sim- to the one that was brought up meeting of Local 463. The promised to make an in- ation but none was ever made. know of two more instances partners of firms are mem- of Local 463. Mr. Moe Derin Manson plumbing company Theriot Ave., Bronx, is one. was brought up at the but nothing was ever done. one is Mr. Abraham of plumbing company, E. 112th St., N. Y. C. are many other such cases. of Local 463, demand a investigation. CASSELL.

His Life Always in the Hands of Others

The above photograph was taken when a private car ran into a taxicab. By a recent ruling of Tammany Compensation Commissioner, Lane, taxicab drivers are not entitled to compensation for injuries. The driver was injured and is now out of work but he has not the right of other workers to collect for his losses. The taxi bosses' organization, the Greater City Taxi Owners' Association, has boasted that it was through its efforts that this vicious decision of Commissioner Lane was put through. The Tammany Hall political machine is connected directly with the bosses and their organizations.

TAXI FLEETERS USE ILLEGAL BLACKLIST

An organized conspiracy on the part of the big fleeters under the domination of the Yellow Taxi Corporation to force out thousands of drivers from the industry among other means by the maintenance of a secret blacklist has been uncovered through the efforts of The DAILY WORKER with the assistance of a number of hackmen.

Documentary evidence, part of which is herewith produced, is now in the possession of the DAILY WORKER showing that the Greater City Taxi Owners' Association, Inc., of 1841 Broadway, a bosses' anti-union, labor-hating organization is now sending out regularly a blacklist of names of taxi drivers whom for one reason or another the bosses are seeking to drive from the trade. Thousands of names of "undesirables" are now on this list, it has been learned. Additions are made each month. In most cases these are drivers who either refuse to be speeded up or "assert themselves" against the bosses.

The letter below sent to one of the members of the association enclosed the June list on which are printed over one hundred new names whom the fleeter is instructed, indirectly of course, not to employ.

Same Gang

The Greater City Taxi Owners' Association is dominated by the Yellow Taxi Corporation, a Morgan-controlled, open-shop concern which is directly connected with the Tammany Hall machine and its police force in New York City.

Fourth Deputy police commissioner Nelson Ruttenberg, "Taxi Czar," and Tammany henchman has used the power of his office to suspend drivers for little cause or none at all, in conjunction with the same scheme, it is believed. The Tammany controlled police force keeps cab-drivers other than those of the Yellow Cab Corporation off Fifth Avenue and other desirable cruising streets and localities. Scores of drivers have had their licenses revoked for no greater "crime" than that of asserting their rights in the face of some Tammany Hall cop.

A copy of the letter containing the bosses blacklist is printed below:

• • •

Greater City Taxi Owners Ass'n, Inc.

1841 BROADWAY
New York, N. Y.

June 22, 1928.

Mr. O. Blume,
31 East 133rd St.,
New York City.

Dear Sir:

You will find enclosed Drivers List for the month of June, which you should add to the names heretofore furnished you.

Please be advised that the Directors have decided that on and after July 1st, 1928, it will not be necessary to collect dues at the rate of 50c. per car per month, but all members are requested to pay up their past dues to June 30th, immediately as the treasury of the Association is in need of funds to meet current obligations.

You may hear certain false rumors that the Association is about to disband, but this is absolutely not the case, and the work will be carried on as heretofore. Please continue to send in your chauffeurs' reports, and you may expect to hear some definite news with regard to the Compensation Law affecting taxicab operators using Association Day Cards very shortly.

Very truly yours,

GREATER CITY TAXI
OWNERS' ASSOCIATION, INC.

M. H. Lowitt,
Secretary.

Workers Party Drive Is On

(Continued from Page One)

more years. This promises to be a bitter campaign. The spoils of office are well worth fighting for. The political lackeys of capitalism are vying with each other in their willingness to serve the imperialists and incidentally profit individually from the service.

Hordes of highly paid speakers will sing the praises of the leading candidates on both tickets. Those "workers" in addition to getting paid for their services hope to be further remunerated by official sinecuros in the event hteir candidate is victorious. This is the incentive to labor under capitalism!

Launch Drive.

The Workers (Communist) Party is also limbering up for the greatest campaign ever undertaken by it during the nine years of its existence Poor in financial resources but rich in courage, enthusiasm, devotion and the spirit of self-sacrifice, the prospect for putting the Party on the map is exceedingly bright.

Already the necessary number of signatures have been filed to place the party on the ballot in seven states. This is an excellent showing, considering that in 1924 the Communist candidates were on the ballot in fourteen states only. When the time limit for filing signatures has expired, it is expected that the workers and exploited farmers at least in thirty states will be able to mark the official ballot under the names of Foster and Gitlow.

Need Funds.

The raising of funds to enable the Workers (Communist) Party to wage an aggressive widespread campaign is now the most pressing problem confronting the party and the most important duty for every Communist and Communist sympathizer.

With a campaign fund of $100,000, tons of Communist literature can be printed and distributed, and the revolutionary program of the Communist Party, which calls for the overthrow of the capitalist system and the establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' Government brought to the attention of the exploited producers in the United States, in field and factory.

As a first step in the drive to raise the $100,000 Communist Party Election Campaign Fund, a campaign assessment stamp of 50 cents to be bought by every party member, has been ordered to be issued This assessment is depended upon to bring in enough funds to make a good start in the campaign work.

DRIVER INJURED AS PRIVATE CAR CRASHES TAXICAB

New Ruling Prevents Compensation

(By Taxi Correspondent.)

This will give you an idea what we taxicab drivers are up against Last Thursday about 4:15 p. m. a taxicab was struck by a private Buick touring car at 47th St. and 6th Ave. The two men passengers of the cab and the driver were tossed about and injured. The officer on the beat nearly got his and the cab was a pretty mess.

Then it was found that the driver of the Buick had no current chauffeur's license and was driving his car on a license which expired June 30, 1928. For this serious offense he merely got a summons from the cop for "not having a license," even though he had disobeyed an officer's signal and had overrun a red light

Another Story.

Now if a cab driver had done this he would have been asked to drive to the nearest police station where he would have been put in the coop for "reckless driving" in addition to the charges mentioned above. He would have had his credentials "lifted" and after a trial in the traffic court he would have been chased to the Hack Bureau to meet "Czar" Ruttenberg who runs this industry for Tammany Hall and the Yellow Taxi Corporation.

Why does the taxi driver meet with so much discrimination by the police and the courts. The answer is simple. He is unorganized.

Organize.

There is only one way to beat this game and solve the hundreds of problems which are facing us drivers: trade union organization Three are plenty of freak organizations in our trade now, but the real thing is yet to come. Let's get together in one, big, powerful trade union of all the drivers. Will some of you who read these lines, write to me about this, in care of The DAILY WORKER, the only paper which will give us drivers a real break.

"MACK."

DRIVER EXPOSES EDITOR BROWN

Shows Taxi Editor Is Tool of Tammany

(By Taxi Correspondent.)

There are tricks in all trades but I guess the politicians in this game have learned more than their share

On April 30, 1928, the great "champion" of the taxicab drivers Mr. H. A. Innes Brown, editor of the "Taxi Weekly," announced that he would form a new Hackmen's Political Party. In the May 7 edition of his paper Brown announced editorially that "the Taxi Weekly is backing the Hackmen's Political Party because it believes that it is only by political activity that any progress and prosperity can be brought to the rank and file of the industry under present conditions."

First Attempt.

Well, we can all look back and remember the "Square Deal Auto League" which came out in 1925 with the announced purpose of "a square deal" for the hackmen provided they supported "Our Jimmy," meaning the light-footed, lightheaded, Tammany Hall, cake-eater The "Square Deal" outfit was headed by Philip J. O'Brien, a one-time president of the Amalgamated Taxi Association. O'Brien was ousted from this office by the membership for good reasons.

An active campaign was carried on among the taxi drivers. Offices were maintained in the Times Square district at 43rd St. and Broadway. The votes of the hackmen were swung for "our" Jimmy but after election it was discovered that "our" Jimmy forgot "us." Did the drivers get the square deal as per promise. Well, you know what the chicken got! And how!

Tammany Blessings.

Here are some of the "blessings" which have come down from the Tammany heaven to the hackmen: stricter police control, increasing police oppression and discrimination against drivers, "Czar" Nelson Ruttenberg, and badges that fall apart suspensions, increasing revocations of licenses and greater and greater difficulties in making a living.

So when Mr. Brown talks to us about the benefits of his new political party, we ask him: What progress or prosperity did the rank and file receive when we took a dose of political activity as per the dose of "Doc" Brown the last time? Also what assurance have we when we take another shot of his "dope" that we won't find ourselves after election out in the cold again. What is Brown's program for solving low wages, discrimination, the blacklist? Just whom is Brown planning to support in the election? Let Mr Brown answer these questions.

Short time, instead of tying Georgia mill workers to their jobs, has resulted in 15 to 20 per cent increase in labor turnover, say astonished and nonplussed mill bosses.

POLICE TERROR RULES TAXIMEN WITH IRON HAND

Tammany Shown As Tool of Big Fleeters

(By Taxi Correspondent.)

Some time ago new traffic laws were introduced in the city and since then the lot of the taxi driver has become even worse than it was before.

According to the new regulations issued by the police department parking is prohibited on Fifth Ave below 59th Street from 5 p. m. to 7 p. m. During the 1926 I. R. T strike, emergency regulations prohibited parking from 4 to 7 p. m But due to objections from the Fifth Avenue Merchants' Association a change was made, resulting in the "No Parking" rule beginning one hour later every day.

No Relief.

The new regulations will not and has not relieved traffic on that avenue, as the heavy traffic begins about 3 p. m. At that hour all the brokers start on their way home after a "hard" day's work on the floors of the stock exchange in Wall Street. Pierce Arrows, Rolls Royces, Packards and other high priced cars are parked at the curb on Fifth Ave., while their owners are shopping or having tea at the club, making the task of the taxi driver one which is a strain on his nervous system.

Another difficulty which they must face is the Fifth Ave. buses According to the franchise issued to the Fifth Avenue Coach Corporation no more than two (2) buses are to be permitted on the avenue in one block. Yet 12 and 14 buses are often seen crowded together in one block.

Always Blamed.

Whenever a difficulty arises the taxi driver is the "fall guy" for he is the one who is always wrong all attempts being made to satisfy the Fifth Ave. Coach Company or the Fifth Ave. Merchants' Association. All at the expense of the taxi driver.

While there is no city ordinance which prohibits taxi drivers from cruising on Fifth Ave. the Tammany cops stationed on the avenue have for the past four years been handing out summonses to taxi drivers so unfortunate as to be caught there.

H. A. Innes Brown, the editor of "Taxi Weekly," knows of these abuses, such as the discrimination against the taxi driver on Fifth Ave. and the violation of the franchise issued by the city to the Fifth Ave. Bus Corporation, but not once has he raised his voice in protest against these conditions. Why should Brown, self-styled "champion" of the rights of the taxi drivers, raise his voice against the Fifth Avenue Coach Company? Brown's paper is the advertising medium of General Motors, of which it is said the Fifth Avenue coach is a subsidiary. Nearly every week the "Taxi Weekly" runs full page adds of the General Motors.

The above enumerated regulations are carried over as part of the policy of Former Police Commissioner Enright, who served under Mayor John F. Hylan.

Fake Campaign.

When the present mayor, James J. Walker, was a candidate, his taxi friends in the industry carried on an extensive campaign among the taxi drivers, promising them "justice" and a "square deal" if he was elected. They went so far as to organize the "Sqquare Deal Taxi League." And also to publish a small paper called "The Square Deal," which called on the taxi drivers to rally around "Our Jimmy."

As bad as Red Mike (referring to Hylan) was, our Jimmie is worse! That's what we get for voting for these Tammany fakers. But never again.

N. M. P.

PALACE

Ted Lewis and "His Musical Klowns"; Adele Rowland; Coram. the British ventriloquist; Marjorie White and Eddie Tierney; The Mangean Troupe; Billy Reed and Lew Duthers, and the Mitkus.

HIPPODROME

Nitza Vernille; Norville Babtie and Gladys Lamb; Bud Harris and Van; Jack Hanley, and The Colleanos. "The Grip of the Yukon," starring Neil Hamilton and Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., will be shown on the screen.

E. F. ALBEE

Brooklyn premiere, Emil Jannings, in "The Street of Sin"; "The Devil's Circus," featuring Edna Miller, Leo Raymond, and Bob La Marre; Besser and Balfour; Boyle and Della.

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BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

Taxi Driver Exposes Trick of the Bosses

(Continued from Page One)

S. Army from which he was discharged as a captain.

When the three thousand drivers went out, Brown is said to have been the man that fought against the Brotherhood of Taxi Chauffeur which sought to make a settlement with the bosses of the Mogul cabs.

Next we hear of him as editor of the Taxi Weekly, at 8 Columbus Circle. The new union because of the inefficiency of its officials and for other reasons had gone out of existence. But during the summer of 1925 Jack Cohen, Czar of the Funeral Drivers Union, Local 643, started a campaign to organize the taxi drivers. To help him he took under his wing a certain Jack Truhaft, a Bronx taxi driver and a friend of Brown's.

Birds of a Feather.

Cohen and Truhaft in their union activities collected, it is said, as much as $7,500 from the drivers at $5 per head. The game lasted about three or four months. No meetings were held and no accounting was ever given as to what happened to the money. My own $5.00 is still there too!

The next thing we find Truhaft as circulation manager of the "Taxi Weekly" under Brown. You will still find him at the same job. Draw your own conclusions.

Space does not permit to give more recent history of Brown, his favoritism of and connections with the Yellow Taxi Corporation. Some other time.

Just to end up with his trick political party.

In the Taxi Weekly of April 26, 1926, which I have saved, we read a very interesting letter sent to Mayor Jimmie Walker, by H. A Innes Brown:

Tammany Tool.

"Sir:

"During the democratic primaries in 1925, this paper supported you against Mayor Hylan, from the first moment your name was mentioned until you obtained the nomination In the election a few months later it also championed your cause..." (etc., etc.)

In this week's issue of the Taxi Weekly we see a big headline: "Hackman's party may sway Smith's election." The plot thickens as they say in the movies. But you don't have to be any smarter than a fool to see the ears of the democratic donkey sticking out of this Brown-Tammany Hall scheme to turn over the votes of the taxi drivers to Al Smith, friend of the traction gang. Here's hoping The DAILY WORKER puts up a real fight for the cabmen.

(Signed) "O'Ma."

DRAMA

'No Limitation to Future of Theremin Invention', Szigeti

Joseph Szigeti, the noted Hungarian violinist, in a recent talk on the invention of Leon Theremin expressed himself as follows:

"A singer," Szigeti says, "is limited by his lung capacity and a violinist by the length of his bow but there is no limitation on this instrument. Another striking thing is its even sweep of the chromatic scale. There is no absolutely perfect fusion of note into note on any other instrument. As it stands now, the instrument is the raw material of music. What can be done with it remains to be seen Its future depends on what men of genius do with it.

"I have practiced on it and played on it. It is not easy to learn. There are no rules or forms. You put your hand in one position. If the sound is wrong, you change its position It is all empirical. As it stands today, the musician must work out his technique for himself."

Rudolph Ganz, another authority on music, and a talented musician himself, expressed his opinion of Theremin's demonstration in the following terms:

"The striking feature for me is that it is the first time that music has been extracted from something instead of being put into something and that there is nothing between the human being and the music itself—no wood, no steel, no string no horsehair—and that the personality of the performer is more sensitively presented than on any existing instrument.

"It is very, very interesting Scientifically it is marvelous and I believe that it has a great future in music. It was surprising to me to find that it had no mechanical tone. It seemed to have soul."

Prof. Leon Theremin will demonstrate his principal of getting "Music from the Ether" at the Coney Island Stadium. The noted inventor of Soviet Russia will be the chief feature of the concert to be given this Saturday night. Tickets are now on sale at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square.

IN "END OF ST. PETERSBURG"

Alexis Davor, who plays the role of the hero in the Sovkino masterfilm "The End of St. Petersburg," at Hammerstein's Theatre.

AMUSEMENTS

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Fruit Store Boss-Gangster-Judge Alliance Fails to Break Clerks' Strike in the Bro

SINGLE COMBINE CONTROLS WORLD MATCH OUTPUT

Lends Nations Millions to Increase Sales

WASHINGTON, July 8 (UP).—The penny match business is able to loan and donate millions of dollars to foreign governments to promote sales, according to reports obtained today from the department of commerce.

Every third person in the world who lights a match, lights one manufactured by the greatest monopoly in history—the International Match Company of New York, and the Swedish Match Company of Stockholm.

The story of the little safety match is one of the most amazing in modern commerce. Its output is practically controlled by the two companies, which are interlocked by joint stock holdings.

50,000 Workers.

This mammoth organization with 50,000 employes and 90 plants in 32 countries of the world, capitalized for only $48,200,000, has been able to loan and pay outright millions of dollars to foreign governments in the last few years—in exchange for monopoly rights on the sale of matches.

There is not a nation in the world, according to commerce department reports, that is not connected in some way or another with the Swedish company in the use of matches.

Even the United States, at one time regarded as the greatest manufacturer of matches, has fallen under the influence of the Swedish company. Safety box matches, which previously bore the marking "made in the U. S. A.," now are stamped "made in Sweden."

Commerce department reports give a few of the foreign loans made by the Swedish company in exchange for monopoly rights as follows:

Enormous Loans.

$75,000,000, in 1927, to France for a 20-year monopoly on sale of raw materials and match machinery. The loan, the reports show, was used by France to apply on its debt to the United States.

$5,000,000 to Greece for a 38-year monopoly.

$2,500,000 to Ecuador, January, 1928, for a 25-year monopoly.

$1,000,000 a year for 20 years to Peru.

$6,000,000 to Latvia, July, 1928, for a 30-year monopoly.

$7,500,000 to Esthonia, 1927.

The Swedish company offered a few weeks ago to loan Hungary $36,000,000 for a 30-year monopoly, the reports show, and has asked for an agreement to be signed by July 15.

Monopolize South America.

The Swedish company now holds a monopoly on the sale of matches in Bolivia, which expires in 1929. It is reported to the commerce department that a loan, running into the millions of dollars, has been offered for a renewal of the monopoly.

Twenty companies in Argentina now are controlled by the Swedish Match Company, the reports show, and the Compania Chilena De Fosforos, the largest match factory in Chile, recently disposed of 36 per cent of its stock to the Swedish company and gave it an option on 50 per cent of the stock.

An agreement has been reached with Germany to limit German match production to 35 per cent and permit the Swedish company to monopolize 65 per cent of all match sales.

In 1927, the Swedish company gained control of the Eddy Match Company of Canada, which dominates the Canadian market. It already has control of British markets.

The Manila Match Company, the only one of its kind in the Philippine Islands, is owned by the Swedish company.

In a recent annual report, the Swedish company said:

"The Swedish Match Company now produces one match a day for every person in the world. If the eight-months production of match boxes were laid end to end they would reach from the earth to the moon.

Forces Out Japan.

"Slowly but surely the Japanese match industry has been driven from one market after another. The Japanese are losing all of the markets they gained during the war."

Since this report was issued, U. S. commercial attaches advised the department that the Swedish company has acquired a majority of stock in the Japanese companies.

T. O. Klath, U. S. commercial attache at Stockholm, recently advised the commerce department that "absolute control of this world-wide organization is centered in Stockholm and almost entirely in one man—Ivar Kreuger."

The reports show that in the past [illegible] years the Swedish company has paid an average dividend of 25 per cent on its common stock. This profit is in addition to the millions loaned or given to foreign governments.

WOMEN IN "SOCIALIST" CITY HAVE 50-HR. WEEK

READING, Pa. (By Mail).—Reading women work on an average of 50 hours a week, statistics show. The result is that the women are overworked, get ill and lose much time, in this way reducing their working hours to 48.

Illness From Speed-Up.

In almost any survey of time lost by workers, statistics show that illness accounts for a large part of the loss. In a survey made by the U. S department of labor, women's bureau, on lost time and labor turnover in cotton mills, it was found that sickness of the workers comprises 23.2 per cent of the time lost, an average loss of 10.2 days per woman worker for illness alone and these figures do not include illness due to pregnancy and confinement nor accident.

In a study on waste in industry the federated American engineering societies have brought together from several sources figures that are of interest in this connection. It is pointed out that investigations of the U. S. commission of industrial relations in 1913-15 covers a survey of sickness prevalent among approximately a million workers of representative occupations, revealing an average loss to more than 30,000 wage earners of about nine days per year.

Workers, in compiling these reports, found that a half-sick woman usually will work if the need of her earnings are imperative. The following chart will show that the time lost by overworked women through illness is greater than through any other cause:

Cause	Time Lost
Illness of self	23.2
Illness of others	9.6
Home duties	19.8
Rest, recreation, vacation	12.5
Another job	7.6
No work, shut down, laid of.f	2.0

The "Remedy"!

The above is quoted from the "socialist" Reading Unionist. And what do you think is the remedy according to the Reading "socialist"? An appeal to the employers for better and humanitarian conditions for the working women. Here is what they say:

"It is the belief of union workers that by the "state-wide establishment of the eight-hour day the work done by the women will be more efficient because their health would be better and they would not lose so much time through illness.

"Because of this increase in efficiency, the employer would be gaining rather than losing and the women workers would not only be saving doctor bills but would also be healthier and happier."

This is the propaganda stuff by which the Reading "socialist" are trying to organize the workers. Appeal to the bosses, instead of the class struggle. It is no wonder that the Reading workers are becoming disillusioned and disgusted with the "socialists" and often one can hear them say that the "socialists are too damn slow and they don't promise anything and don't give anything."

The average worker doesn't know the difference between the present "socialist" administration and a republican one. They can't be blamed since there is really very little difference.

The workers of Reading as well as of other cities are beginning to understand that the "socialist" party is nothing but a capitalist party and the only way the workers can gain anything at all is by kicking out of office the lackeys of the bourgeoisie and through a final class struggle organize a government of their own.

—A WOMAN WORKER.

TAMMANY HIGHER UP ELUDES HUNT

Grafters Still Roam Unmolested

The "man higher up" in the $200,000,000 Tammany street cleaning graft scandal is now being closely pursued, according to information given out by Commissioner of Accounts, James A. Higgins, yesterday. Commissioner Higgins during his past two months of investigation is said to have made a record of chasing grafters under cover. There have been a number of "suspensions" and a few resignations, but no real change has resulted in the system.

Two minor officials were sentenced to Sing Sing, but the real grafters whose connections are said to extend directly to the city hall, have been left to continue unmolested.

Unofficial information emanating, it is believed, from the offices of Higgins declare that the "man higher up" is a substantial contributor to past Tammany political campaigns" and to have had "close personal relations with Alfred A. Taylor, Commissioner of the Street Cleaning Department.

The DAILY WORKER has repeatedly charged that the "man higher up" is Taylor himself. It has further been charged that Mayor Jimmie Walker who has risen to defend Taylor at a definite moment about two months ago when Taylor was threatened with exposure by Controller Craig, is himself involved in the situation.

GONE BUT NOT FORGOTTEN

SEATTLE, July 9 (FP).—Robert Bruce Allen, for 10 years secretary of the West Coast Lumbermen's Association, is now unemployed, but not penniless like jobless lumberjacks. He took $30,000 of his employers' funds and is being sought on a grand larceny warrant.

PARTY ELECTION BUTTONS READY

Stamps Designed by Ellis For Sale

Half a million "Vote Communist" stamps and a quarter million "Vote Communist" buttons with the Foster-Gitlow pictures are being prepared for distribution by the National Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party with headquarters at 43 East 125th St., it was learned yesterday.

The stamps were designed by the noted proletarian artist, Fred Ellis of The DAILY WORKER editorial staff. Printed over the red Hammer and Sickle is the slogan "Vote Communist" in black. The photographs of Foster and Gitlow are tastefully worked into odd corners of the stamp, which also carries the slogan "Vote for the Party of the Class Struggle," while underneath in a heavy black border the name Workers (Communist) Party, stands forth like the shining headlight of a locomotive.

Sell Stamps.

"The whole stamp is just about the size of a special delivery stamp. They will form a wonderful medium of propaganda, for they were gotten out with the idea that they are to be posted on envelopes, letters programs, shop papers, bulletins and all other printed matter and stationery gotten out by the movement," a statement issued by the National Campaign Committee says

"From now to the end of the campaign no letter should be sent thru the mails without one of these stamps. Everything must carry our election campaign label. Order a book of eighty stamps at once from the Campaign Committee, Department C, 43 East 125th Street, New York. Each book contains ten pages with eight stamps to the page. Each page can be resold to your shop-mates and fellow-workers for ten cents. Send in your first dollar now before the first edition is sold out. Enclose as many dollars as you want books. Answer before you lay this aside.

"In quantity lots these books will sell: 55 books for $50; 90 books for $75; and 125 books for $100.

The Buttons.

"The 'Vote Communist' button is also in three colors. The design for the button has been specially worked out by Comrade Ellis. The price of these buttons in quantities is 10 cents a piece, 5 cents in lots of 100 or less; 4 cents in lots of 100 to 1,000; 3 cents in lots of 1,000 to 5,000; and 2 cents in lots of 5,000 or over.

"Both the stamps and the buttons are excellent devices for bringing the party to the attention of the masses as the political party of the working class.

"As a first step in the drive to raise a $100,000 Communist Party Election Campaign Fund, the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has levied a 50-cent Assessment Stamp on the party membership."

HACKMAN HELD UP BY GUNMAN

One of Score Each Week-End

Leslie Dale, a Bronx taxi driver of 248 Powers Ave., near E. 142nd St., who was held up in one of the regular week-end taxi hold-ups, which average between fifteen and twenty each week, escaped possibly with his life when the gangster was stopped by a policeman.

The gunman, John Bailey, boarded the driver's cab at Lenox Ave. and 136th St. At 104th St. the gangster drew his gun and ordered the driver to obey instructions. After forcing the driver east to First Ave., Bailey ordered Dale to pass over all his money. A passing policeman, who noted the queer behavior of the cab, made the arrest

Taxi drivers must run their own risks against hold-ups, accidents and other trials of their trade. They are held up most frequently, it is charged, not only by the professional gunmen, but by Tammany police, who take their "rake-off" for permitting the drivers to operate. Under a recent ruling of Tammany Compensation Commissioner Lane, drivers are not entitled to compensation for accidents and injuries like other workers.

CAROLINA MILLS DOMINATED BY DUKE MONEY

Bosses Organize To Fight Workers

By ESTHER LOWELL
(Federated Press)

GREENSBORO, N. C., July 8.—Big financial interests dominate the North Carolina Cotton Manufacturers Association, their choice of officers for the coming year plainly shows. The annual convention met at King Cotton Hotel, Greensboro, with about 200 executives attending from the state's main mills. All of North Carolina's 500 mills are anti-union. Most are no longer independent units but are linked into chains by common ownership.

Duke money, in Duke power which supplies many Carolina textile mills with electric current, registers heavily in the cotton manufacturers association. Duke money is still in the tobacco trust companies once led by J. B. Duke. It is allied with the Mellons in power and American Aluminum and is in banking and other enterprises, north and south.

Duke money controls Piedmont & Northern Railway, in which many of the textile association executives are directors. First Vice-President J. H. Separk, of a string of Gastonia yarn mills, is one. C. A. Cannon, of the huge Cannon Mills group, is another. Cannon interests are putting a mill in Badin, N. C., the American Aluminum town, in response to an ad for an industry to use surplus wives and daughters of aluminum workers. B. B. Gossett, of Chadwick-Hoskins' many mills, is a cotton association executive and rail director.

However disorganized their workers are, North Carolina mill men are well organized. Their association has its active tax committee for getting more lenient laws for mills. Bernard Cone, of Greensboro's biggest mills, is chairman. He and his brothers started as southern mill owners from Baltimore commission merchants and are now in control of many Carolina plants. The mill men have permanent committeemen for joint buying of cheap southern coal and for handling more effectively their traffic needs with the railroads.

North Carolina, with more than 6,000,000 spindles, had nearly all working in May and actually more operating than Massachusetts, which has more than 9,000,000 spindles in place. The southern state had an average of nearly three times the spindle hours of the Bay state, which limits women's work to 48 hours, vs. North Carolina's 60, and bans their night work. Carolina's wages are at least a third lower, also.

New uses for cotton was the convention theme. Ernest Morse, of the Cotton Textile Institute, and William Carmen, Jr., of the federal department of commerce, gave the main addresses. C. G. Hill, retiring president, reiterated the old theme that the mill men are imbued with the brotherhood of man spirit in relations with their workers. This was the only reference to the folks who make goods and profits for their employers with 11 and 12-hour day and night shifts and wages averaging little more than $2 a day.

ANOTHER PLAN TO CHAIN INDIA

Sir Ganesh Singh, England's minister to the Bihar and Orissa government of India, has recently sent a plan to Sir John Simon, the head of the (British labor-sponsored) Simon legation, which was boycotted by the Indians in spite of the attempted explanation by the laborites, suggesting another plan of "self-government." The Singh plan is looked upon by Indian publications as an attempt to save the face of the Simon commission and to foist a "self-government" on India that would help to hide the reality of British domination.

SYDNEY, July 9 (FP).—To eliminate bonus payments for speeding up the boilermakers union has instructed its members to hand any bonus payments to the union.

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Wall Street's Government Preparing For New Imperialist War

Photo shows the Keystone Super-Cyclops, the latest in bombing planes for the murder of workers in imperialist war. The new plane has been constructed for the U. S. Army and can carry 8 tons of explosives.

ARREST WAITERS FOR PICKETING

The arrest of two picket strikers Saturday marked the opening of the second week of the strike in the Trufood Vegetarian Restaurants Inc., located at 153 W. 44th St., 110 W. 40th St. and 524 Seventh Ave. Abe Auerbach and Alex Sagy, the framed pickets, were arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct made by the bosses. Both Auerbach and Sagy were given suspended sentences.

Besides arresting the two pickets the bosses have placed a sign in the window stating that workers in their restaurants are not on strike that the conditions of the workers are good and that the strike has merely been declared because the union officials have brow-beaten the workers into the strike for the benefit of the former alone.

These statements are denied by strikers. Women workers work from 55-60 hours per week receiving not more than $25-$30 per week wages. The waiters work thirteen hours a day and receive slightly higher wages.

OHIO MINE WOMEN TO STAND TRIAL

ST CLAIRSVILLE, O., July 8.—Mrs. Janet Guynn and Mrs. Mary Barto, two leaders of the 51 women pickets who were herded into the Belmont County jail at St. Clairsville, Ohio., on April 21 must stand trial in September on charges of "riotous assemblage." The Civil Liberties Union has asked an investigation of their cases by its Pittsburgh representatives, with a view to aiding in their defense.

Tricked into entering the prison when they marched there in protest against the imprisonment of their striking menfolk, the 51 women were held for 72 hours in packed vermin-infested quarters, where four cots furnished the only sleeping accommodations. Nursing mothers in the group were not allowed to have their babies brought to them until the second day, even though fathers carried them to the prison gates and begged admission.

The other 49 women, who were allowed to sign bonds for their own release, were told by County Prosecutor Paul Waddell that a special session of the grand jury would be called to press indictments against them if they continued active in the strike, but that they would not be molested "if they behaved."

Crump, U. S. Capitalist Admirer of Mussolini

Stephen A. Crump, president of the American Chamber of Commerce for Italy, in a special report prepared for the International Power Securities Corporation, praises the forceful tactics of Mussolini, in stabilizing industry, keeping industrial peace and exploiting the Italian colonies for cheap raw material.

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Workers Party Activities

Section 2B "Daily" Agents.

A meeting of The DAILY WORKER agents of Section 2B will be held tonight at 6 o'clock at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Section 1 Attention.

A special membership meeting of Section One is called for today at 6:30 shap, at 60 St. Marks Place. The meeting is called for the purpose of taking up the immediate steps in the election campaign. Comrade Grecht will address the meeting.

• • •

Subsection 3E.

The executive committee of subsection 3E will meet today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

• • •

International Branch 1.

The International Branch of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet today at 9 . m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must attend.

• • •

Unit 3E, 1F.

Unit 3E, 1F of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold its regular meeting tomorrow, at 6:15 p. m. at 27th St.

• • •

Subsection 3C.

All units of sub-section 3C of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet today at 101 West 27th St. at 6:30 m. All members are urged to attend.

Labor and Fraternal

Working Class Women.

Council No. 4 of Williamsburg will hold a lecture on Tuesday evening at 29 Graham Ave., Brooklyn, at 8:30 p. m. The lecture will be given by Dr. Hoffer. The subject to be discussed is the election campaign.

• • •

Council No. 22, the English speaking council of the United Co-operative Houses, will hold a lecture, tomorrow at 8:30 p. m., in the Auditorium. Lecturer to be announced. Subject—Election campaign.

• • •

Council No. 21 of Flatbush, will hold a lecture, Wednesday evening, July 11th, at 1321 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn. The lecture will be given by Grace Campbell. The subject will be Negro "Women in Industry."

• • •

Iron Workers Meet.

A general membership meeting of the Iron & Bronze Workers Union will be held on Tuesday evening, July 10th, at 7 E. 15th St. at 8 p. m. A report about the outcome of the elections will be given. A financial report for the last six months and a report about the union's activity will also be rendered.

California Children's Camp to Run 6 Weeks

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 8.—The workers' children's camp that opened on June 24 will continue to accept children until August 4. The camp site is located on the Russian river, five miles from Healdsburg Calif. The camp was organized by a conference of bay cities working class organizations called by the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers of the bay cities.

The entire equipment for the camp was either donated or built by workers. Children from the ages of 7 to 16 years may come there for their vacations.

4 JINGOES SAIL FOR NICARAGUA

The United States army transport Somme, which has sailed for Nicaragua from the army base in Brooklyn, has among her fifty passengers Col. Arthur W. Brown, judge-advocate general of the United States army, who is sailing to assume command of part of the 5,500 troops now waging Wall Street's war against Sandino and Nicaraguan independence.

Other militarist jingoes aboard include Major Louis M. Borne, Jr., Lieut. Berverly S. Roberts, and an army chaplain.

They will assume various commands immediately upon their arrival, announcements state, and will augment the present force in Nicaragua in preparing to "supervise the Nicaraguan elections."

Claiming Innocence, Dies on Electric Chair

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., July 8.—Harold Hammond, 30, convicted of murdering Mrs. Ingram, and her baby at Atlanta a year ago, died in the electric chair here at noon today.

He insisted to the end that he was innocent.

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JUDGE DOURAS IS PART OF BOSSES' TERROR MACHINE

Union Will Continue Bathgate Strike

Despite the co-operation of the police, gangsters, Judge Douras, of the local magistrates court, and numerous injunctions, the owners of a group of retail fruit-stores on Bathgate Ave., between Claremont Parkway and 174th St., have not succeeded in breaking the strike of the fruit store clerks which began April 9.

Hired thugs have repeatedly made murderous assaults on the picketing strikers. Magistrate Douras is pursuing a deliberate policy of mulcting heavy fines from the pickets after they are brought into court, still bearing the marks of the gangsters' blackjacks and lead pipes.

Despite the protests of the union attorneys, the city authorities refuse to permit the usual procedure of different judges rotating in the magistrates court. Douras has been kept here so as to serve the same purpose as the underworld character—to terrorize the pickets.

Defying the wholesale terror, the fruit clerks union declares its readiness to expend all its energies in continuing the strike here.

Since the calling of the general strike the union has succeeded in forcing over 100 employers to agree to union conditions on a signed contract. Only the present market and one other firm still remains out on strike.

This firm is also controlled by the group of bosses in the Bathgate Ave. market. The store of A. Taub, 933 Tremont Ave., was forced into bankruptcy by the strike of the fruit clerks in spite of a drastic anti-picketing injunction obtained by the owner. Now the store is owned by the Bathgate Ave. bosses and the former owner, Taub, works as foreman of a few scabs, receiving a weekly salary. A co-operative fruit and vegetable store across the street and operated by the strikers was an extremely potent weapon in the workers' hands. The strike, however, still continues.

On Bathgate Ave. only two stores have signed with the union. They are at 1610 and 1688 Bathgate Ave.

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For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers! For the Party of the Class Struggle! Against the Capitalists!

On With the Miners' Struggle!

The coal operators and their agents, the officials of the Lewis machine of the United Mine Workers, have pursued a well-calculated policy of "rationalization" in the industry—ruthless, determined and yet—unsuccessful.

Two main objectives appear to have motivated the operators—the elimination of three hundred thousand miners which under the new conditions of internal and foreign competition have become a "surplus," and secondly the elimination of the less profitable mines which cannot be brought under the regime of the new mechanization in the industry, a process which, of course, is directly connected with the first aim.

In order to accomplish the elimination of a quarter of a million workers it was necessary to exterminate unionism in the industry. To accomplish the rationalization it became necessary to consolidate and reorganize scores of mine holdings by mergers, etc.

Thus far these processes have been largely limited to the bituminous fields. That the same developments are due to be attempted in the anthracite districts is clearly indicated by the sympathetic walkout of about 10,000 hard coal miners employed by the Lehigh Valley Coal and Navigation Company near Hazelton, Pa., after this company had deliberately violated its agreement with the union by wholesale discharges in its so-called "unprofitable" mines.

In the two main purposes of the operators, the fullest support of the Lewis machine officials has always been at their disposal. Because of this help, the operators have made much progress toward their objectives—and yet in the long run both objectives are due to prove unsuccessful.

In the first place, the confident hope of the operators that, with the destruction of the once powerful United Mine Workers organization, all unionism would disappear in the industry, has been proved futile.

The increasing number of spontaneous strikes prevalent even in the non-union fields point to an entirely opposite development.

The call by the progressive miners for a new union convention next September is an event of the greatest significance.

Also indicative of the inability of coal capitalism to solve its inner contradictions are the new factors arising in connection with the mechanization of the industry. The further this mechanization is pushed, the greater will be the struggles of the workers in the future. The level to which "rationalization" has brought the miners' standards is in fact a starvation level.

The coal industry is, par excellence, the one in which capitalism is training its own grave diggers.

The further attempts by the coal operators to "rationalize" the industry at the expense of the working class will meet with such resistance as will make even the present record struggles in the mine districts appear tame by comparison. The response of the coal diggers must be the concentration of all their forces and energies towards mobilizing for the September convention which like the April 1 Pittsburgh conference will mark a milestone in their struggles toward freedom.

Not "The Same As"

"The Arbitrator," an obscure, weak and watery monthly "digest," in supporting the Reverend Norman Thomas for president, goes out of its way to slander us. It says:

> "The Communist platform is the same as the socialist, with the added clause demanding the overthrow of the existing social order."

It is true that the Workers (Communist) Party demands the overthrow of the existing social order, as did Marx, Engels and all others having any claims on the loyalty of the working class. It is also true that the Reverend Thomas' "socialist" party renounces Marx, does not want to overthrow the capitalist social order but defends it. But the blithering idiot who wrote that the Communist platform is the same as the socialist party's platform, if he is honest, needs quick service from Bellevue.

The Communist platform not only calls for the overthrow of the existing capitalist social order, but also calls for militant struggle for the every-day demands of the workers and exploited farmers. The socialist party deleted from its platform all reference to the class struggle; the socialist party is opposed to the workers' engaging in the class struggle because that party has lost all working class character and wishes to preserve the existing capitalist social order, which it defends as "democratic."

The socialist party is in reality a party of capitalism; the Communist Party is the party of the working class and consequently of the working class revolution.

The two don't mix. The Communist platform is **not** "the same as"—in any respect.

"Only" $3,000,000

It is reported along the Rialto that thru some sort of telepathic arrangement the democrat and republican parties have set $3,000,000 as the limit of their expenditures in the election campaign.

$3,000,000 each!

"What kind of a beggarly campaign is this going to be?" ask the horde of willing "workers" in one voice and with bated breadth. This sum could not purchase enough votes to elect dog-catchers for the state of Rhode Island, not to speak of bringing the unpurchasable gangsters of New York, Pennsylvania, and Illinois to the polls to cast their bullets for their most generous favorites.

We saw this in the papers, as Hennessy might say to Dooley. We also read that individual contributions would be limited to $20,000.

This information brought tears from the eyes of Mr. William F. Kenny, New York contractor and Al's favorite pal. Kenny is said to be willing to back Al to the tune of millions, and "Bill" Todd, the millionaire ship-builder, is also reported ready to throw millions of his boodle into Al's campaign chest.

But all this is to laugh with a scornful and skeptical chuckle. Back of the headlines and the text of the story we can see Al putting on a super grin and tossing his brown derby in the air and 'Erbert 'Oover developing laugh wrinkles around his chin.

In other words, this is the bunk. Anybody who would believe this is a fit candidate for the Elks.

The capitalist parties will spend more money in this campaign than ever before. Many millionaires and plutocrats believe there is a chance of electing Smith, and they will plunge their millions on him.

The coterie of capitalist brigands that use the G. O. P. as a base of operations will defend their positions and their graft with their gold cohorts. It will be a prosperous campaign for the hangers-on and the touts of the two parties.

The Workers (Communist) Party is not afflicted with the scruples that seem to weigh so heavily on the scarred consciences of Wall Street's two parties. The Workers (Communist) Party wants a $100,000 campaign fund and does not care who knows it. In fact, it wants the whole world and the working-class housewives to know it.

The Workers (Communist) Party would ask for a $3,000,000 campaign fund, if it only knew how to get it from the working class. But the workers are at the short end of the golden flood, and are lucky if they can spare a few dollars after supplying the necessities of life for their families. So $100,000 is all the Communist Party asks for its election campaign.

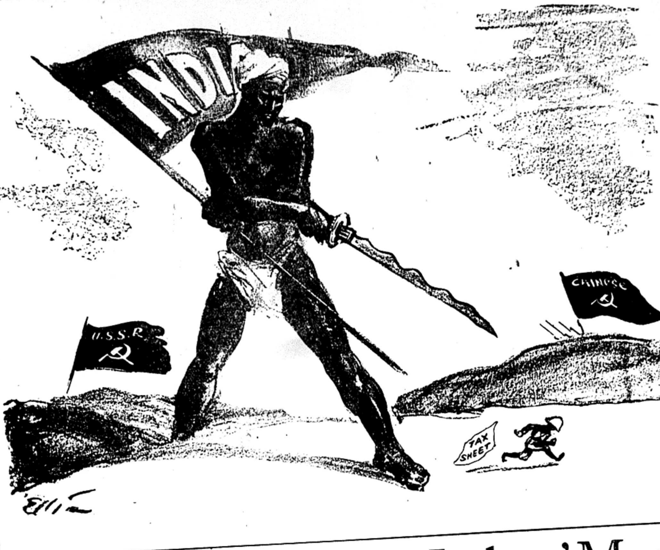
The Workers (Communist) Party will not purchase votes; neither will it promise federal and state jobs to its active election workers. With the $100,000 it expects to raise in this campaign it will flood the country with Communist literature, send out hundreds of speakers, and through its propaganda bring thousands of new members into the Party.

In this election campaign of 1928, the greatest campaign to mobilize the working class ever undertaken by the Workers (Communist) Party, finances are of extreme importance. The elections offer a rare opportunity to get the Communist message to the workers and exploited farmers and to build the Party. A strong Communist Party is the best guarantee for a strong, fighting, virile labor movement. When contributing to the $100,000 Communist Party Election Campaign Fund, you are striking a blow in behalf of the striking miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and West Virginia, and for the textile strikers of New Bedford; you are protesting effectively against the unholy war of Wall Street against the people of Nicaragua; you are striking a blow at wage cuts, injunctions, and the many other evils that the capitalist government visits on the workers, and you are driving a nail into the coffin of American imperialism.

Every Communist and Communist sympathizer is expected to do his duty in raising the $100,000 campaign fund.

"IT'S ABOUT MY TURN"

By Fred Ellis



Told You So

There is a revolt in the ranks of the "democracy," as democratic leaders are in the habit of referring to the conglomeration of conflicting aberrations that struggle inside the party of Jefferson, Al Smith and Tom Heflin. The revolt may not amount to much. It is led by the unterrified women of the South, who may be expected in the long run to accept a trip around the world at the expense of Tammany Hall in return for the internment of their religious and spiritual scruples.

• • •

Mrs. Clem Shaver, wife of the fellow who contributed to the defeat of John W. Davis in 1924, did not see any good reason why she should not have a place in the sun, so she turned loose a blast against Al Smith and the perfidious males of Southern democracy who were lulled into a sense of spiritual security by the soft purring of the tiger at Houston. Mrs. Clem cannot be fooled so easily.

• • •

Mrs. Clem did not take note of the ominous silence of Al Smith and his Tammany braves when news of the lynching of a Negro at the gates of Houston shocked that part of the populace which is still capable of being shocked. Her main objection to Al is that he pays homage and tribute to the self-styled prisoner on the Tiber and that he backs the saloon industry rather than the prohibition industry. Between the Northern tiger and the Southern dromedary the working-class have no choice. Capitalist politicians, wet or dry, have the same attitude towards the workers. They believe that they were intended by nature for exploitation.

• • •

An international speculator, reputed to be the richest man in the world, committed suicide by walking out of an airplane that was crossing the English channel at a height of 4,000 feet. The result—a flurry on the stock exchanges of the world and much publicity in the press. The wheels of industry revolved as usual: the work of the world went on just the same. This "genius," who made most of his fortune by speculating and selling material to the warring nations during the great carnage, is less of a loss to the industrial world than a street car conductor. If all the multimillionaires in the world simultaneously conceived and executed the idea of bumping themselves off they would not cause as much social inconvenience as a housekeeper who would elope without warning with her favorite roomer.

• • •

Now that Calvin Collidge chooses to fish instead of to run for President it does not matter so much what kind of bait he uses as it did last year when he sojourned in the Black Hills of North Dakota. That Cal is running for something is certain. Perhaps for a vice-presidency of one of Harry Sinclair's oil companies. Or the chairmanship of the U. S. Steel Trust. Or the editorship of the Ladies' Home Journal. Cal is fishing, and he took along a battery of photographers. He is pictured with six trout and in another scene he is shown cutting a cake. Verily, indeed, a good provider and a handy fellow around the house.

• • •

A United Press dispatch from Moscow advises us that the freedom of criticism enjoyed by the press in the Soviet Union has fooled many foreign capitalist correspondents in that country into believing that the government was confronted with so many serious problems that its fall was imminent. The Soviet press hammers away at bureaucracy, inefficiency and dishonesty wherever found with a vigor that would be regarded as lese majeste in most European countries and in some would certainly mean indictments and jail sentences.

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There is no country in the world where the masses enjoy more freedom of expression. When the enemies of Communism rage against censorship in the Soviet Union they have in mind the restrictions that are imposed on the Nepmen, who are permitted to operate until socialist economy is sufficiently developed to enable the workers and peasants to dump them. The Soviet press criticizes administrative weaknesses and is encouraged to do so by the Soviet government and the Communist Party. Fancy the Republican Party encouraging the capitalist press to lay down a propaganda barrage against Teapot Dome or Al Smith insisting that the New York Times flay Tammany Hall for its connection with the underworld, garbage and sewers.

Tom O'Flaherty

Politicians' 'Farmer-Labor' Meet

By JACK STACHEL.

A number of politicians of the West and Mid-West have issued a call for a "Farmer-Labor" Convention to nominate candidates for president and vice president, to be held in the city of Chicago on July 10th.

Among the names mentioned as possibilities for presidential candidate, the most outstanding ones are Senator Norris of Nebraska and ex-Governor Pinchot of Pennsylvania.

Both of these politicians have already informed the two capitalist parties that they will not form a third party and that they will not be candidates on any such party. Senator Norris stated that he is of the opinion that although the platforms of both the republican and democratic parties are not satisfactory for him, nothing can be done at the present time.

It is quite impossible that in this situation, this convention will not even be held, for in the very beginning it represents nothing more than a few politicians who are trying to utilize the farmer-labor sentiment for the purpose of bargaining with the capitalist parties for their own benefit and for the benefit of the interests of well-to-do farmers and independent capitalists that they represent.

At the same time it is important for us to bear in mind what these politicians represent and what their main objective is.

Parties and Classes.

The parties of any significance that will enter into the present election campaign are the two capitalist parties, the republican and democratic parties, the socialist party and the Workers (Communist) Party. As for the other parties, such as the socialist labor, prohibition, etc., they are of no importance in this campaign.

The republican and democratic parties—both are the parties of big business, both are the parties of the bankers and the large industrial interests, both are the enemies of the workers and poor farmers. Our party in its platform states:

> **"There are no real political differences between the two big political parties. Both are parties of capitalism; both are the enemies of the working class. The very existence of the two-party system is the most reactionary factory in American politics. It is one of the factors which are responsible for the lack of an independent mass political party of the working class. Both capitalist parties try to put up the semblance of being defenders of the farmers, vying with each other in putting forward fake 'farm relief' measures. The 'struggle' between the republican and democratic parties is a staged fight, a mock struggle. There are no political issues between these two parties. On the question of tariff, prohibition, taxation, imperialist war, farm relief, League of Nations, and all other discussed political issues, there is much more division within each party than between the two parties."**

The socialist party is a petty bourgeois party. It is a party of small business men, professionals, and retired radicals. The socialist party which was once a party of the workers, is today nothing more than the party of the petty bourgeoisie. It has demonstrated both in its platform and its activity that it is an enemy of the working class and of the poor farmers. The platform of our Party adopted at the last nominating convention had the following to say on the socialist party:

"The socialist party of today is for the protection of capitalist law and order, is against revolution, is against the working class government of Soviet Russia, and supports every measure of the A. F. of L. bureaucracy for class collaboration. The socialist party has transformed its party organization from a membership organization into a ward organization of voters. It has shifted its class basis from a working class entirely and definitely to the lower middle class. The last national convention of the socialist party in April, 1928, went so far as to drop the class struggle pledge that applicants for membership had to sign in the past."

The socialist party is today in active opposition to a labor party. It stands for a third party, that is a petty-bourgeois party, a capitalist party, and it claims that it is the third party of the United States. It openly boasts that its ambition is to inherit the traditions of the La Follette movement of 1924.

The Workers (Communist) Party is the only party of class struggle in the United States. It is the deadly enemy of class-collaboration, because it is a deadly enemy of capitalism. The Workers (Communist) Party is the champion of the interests of all the working class and the working farmers. It is the advocate of the most exploited sections of the working class, the unskilled workers. It is the champion of the interests of the oppressed Negro race, both as a race and as a section of the working class. It is the organizer of the struggle against war and imperialism. It is because it fights for the interests of the workers, because it fights for the organization of the unorganized, because it fights against the bureaucracy, because it champions the interests of all the oppressed.

It is for this very reason that all the forces of capitalism, of the bureaucracy of the A. F. of L., of the leaders of the socialist party, have mobilized against the Communists. The republicans, the democrats, the socialists, the labor bureaucrats have one common platform as far as its fight against Communism is concerned.

The group of so-called insurgents, the Borahs, the Norrises, the La Follette movement which betrayed the interests of the working class and the working farmers and helped to lead into peaceful channels the discontent of the masses existing at that time. At the present time most of these politicians are already actively in the camps of the republican and democratic parties, championing the nominations of Hoover and Smith and the platforms of oppression against the masses adopted at both Kansas City and Houston.

These politicians are not even ready to support a third party, a bourgeois party, not to speak of a party that champions the interests of the exploited masses. This they cannot do because their class interests are different than the interests of the workers and poor farmers. Their only role is to fight against the interests of these masses, and the special role of the so-called insurgents which makes them even more dangerous in a sense than the old guard politicians of the capitalist parties, is that they pose as friends of the people, and in this way try to lead the discontent of the workers away from revolutionary struggle and lead them back into the capitalist parties.

The Chicago Convention.

The Chicago convention can have only one object, that is to liquidate whatever genuine labor party sentiment there still exists in the various localities and lead it into the camp of the old parties. Many of those who sponsor the convention in Chicago have already expressed themselves toward the indorsement of Tammany Smith. There is no doubt that what they desire is to endorse Smith at the Chicago convention and create the impression that the farmer-labor movement has been liquidated and is to be found in the Tammany camp.

Not only will they not form a farmer-labor party with a national ticket, at Chicago, but even a third party will not be formed. The labor bureaucrats of the A. F. of L. and the railroad brotherhoods who in 1924 supported La Follette, are today to be found in the camps of Hoover and Smith. They are not willing even to support a third party.

The Workers (Communist) Party alone carries on a fight to unite the workers of this country through their organization into a labor party. The Workers (Communist) Party has issued the slogan to the workers, "Let your union affiliate with the Labor Party and you join the Workers (Communist) Party." This slogan sums up the position of the Workers (Communist) Party. The Workers (Communist) Party stands for a labor party not because a labor party will solve the tremendous problems facing the American working class and will abolish exploitation and oppression, but because such a party will be taking the first step on the part of the American working class to break with the old capitalist parties.

The Workers (Communist) Party supports the formation of those labor parties that are based on trade unions and other organizations of the working class. It is willing to participate in the formation of such labor parties because it considers this the first decisive step towards independent political action by the working class, the first step of the workers to break away from the parties of the bosses.

At the same time, the Communist Party considers it its duty to tell the workers frankly that a labor party has its limitations and that it will not be able to lead the workers in their final struggle for their emancipation. Only a Communist Party can do this. Only under the leadership of the Communist Party can the American working class emancipate itself from the yoke of capitalist exploitation and oppression.

Support Workers (Communist) Party.

In the present election campaign, all those who stand for a genuine labor party based on the class struggle, have only one choice, and that is to support the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party and to support the demands put forward by our Party for the struggle against capitalism. The platform put forward by the Workers (Communist) Party in connection with the building of a labor party states:

> "The Workers (Communist) Party stands for the independent political action of the working class; the formation of a labor party on a national, state, and local scale. A genuine labor party must be based on the trade unions and other labor organizations, on factory, mill, and mine committees of the unorganized workers. A genuine labor party must exclude all politicians of big and small business. It must include as a true federated body all sections of the working class, without any discrimination, which will accept the general principles of the class struggle and will be willing to fight for the interests of the workers and exploited farmers."

The Chicago convention is in the interests of the capitalists, for the liquidation of any genuine labor party sentiment existing.

The workers, therefore, must see clearly that the Chicago convention called by these politicians who have not yet openly announced that they are part and parcel of the two capitalist parties in the present election campaign, is nothing more than an order to lead those elements of the workers and exploited farmers who are breaking away from the capitalist back into the republican and democratic parties. In this case, most likely, these politicians gathered in Chicago will try to lead this sentiment into the Smith camp.

In this connection our Party and its representatives everywhere will carry on a struggle to expose these elements as the enemies of the working class, as the enemies of the interests of the exploited farmers. Our Party will expose them as the agents of capitalism, as the agents of the capitalist parties.

The Workers (Communist) Party calls upon all those who really stand for a labor party, based on the class struggle, to support the only workers' party in the present elections, the Workers (Communist) Party, the Party of undying opposition to capitalism and capitalist rule.

HANDOUTS

Policeman John Keegan hit Nathan Kaplan, a worker, in the mouth at the Wall Street demonstration. Keegan's fist collided with the worker's teeth. Keegan declared later in court that Kaplan had bitten him. Be reasonable! Even a poor worker can find something better to eat than New York policemen.

• • •

Miss Earhart is terribly embarrassed over the reception she is getting. She persists she merely made the airplane flight over the Atlantic Ocean to get to London quickly to do some shopping.

• • •

A good picture of the state of education in American capitalist colleges is painted in the following words of Hayward Kendall in a letter to President Livingston Farrand of Cornell:

"My friends speak of a heritage I have gotten from Cornell University. The only legacy I am certain I received from that institution of learning was the licker habit. It took me years to get over it. And, quite frankly, I could have acquired the same habit in two years at Harvard, while it took me four at Cornell."

GEMS OF LEARNING.

Al Smith: "I have listened to a great deal of public and very caustic criticism of Tammany and I asked myself the question, 'How can anything live in this country 139 years that is not all right?'" How about ring worm?

Rev. Dr. Shailer Mathews, Dean of the Divinity School of the University of Chicago: "You can't make religion absolutely intellectual and make it effective. We can't know what it all means." **Nor what it's all about.**

Jacob Nosovitsky, labor spy: "For thirty-eight years I have been insane. I have been living in a fog but not now. At last I understand what you were to me. A fool there was." **No worker can object to this frank appraisal.**

Omaha World Herald, concerning Al Smith: "He will lead with all the fervor of Bryan, all the grim determination of a Jackson, into the thick of such desperate and bloody battle as they have not dreamed of since Heck was a pup." **He'll lead a fight all right. For the last ounce of energy in the American working class.**

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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Price 3 Cents

20,000 MILL STRIKERS DEMONSTRATE BEFORE NEW BEDFORD PLANTS

Not a Single Operative Responds to Plea to Return to Silent Looms

Bosses, Desperate, Order Militia to Mill Gates In Hope to Crush Strike

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 9.—Twenty thousand striking textile workers hurled defiance at the mill barons' threat of violence by heavily armed troops and police, and turned out yesterday to stage one of the most enormous demonstrations of picketing yet recorded. At the same time they went on record to a man as spurning contemptuously the plea of the owners of the 56 mills that they leave the ranks of the strikers and return to operate the silent looms.

Long Threatened.

Since the first day of the strike, over twelve weeks ago, when 70,000 looms were silenced by the unanimous walkout, the manufacturers have always tried to explain away their inability to begin operations in even one plant by declaring that they did not want to open.

It was only until about two weeks ago, after the textile employers had secretly arranged for the assistance of the city and state military and police apparatus, that they published the announcement that they had finally "decided to reopen the mills" with the ten per cent cut still effective.

The New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee readily accepted this challenge and welcomed the test of strength, responding immediately, however, with calls for preliminary mass demonstrations. These included parades and larger picket lines. The work of arousing the strikers spirit to meet the bosses' challenge was systematically sabotaged by the Textile Council of the United Textile Workers Union to the point of an open endorsement of the use of mounted police yesterday by its chief official, William E. G. Batty.

Police Terror

In an attempt to dampen the strike morale, the bosses launched an immediate police terror of clubbings, the break up of a parade by violence and the jailing of the strike leaders, Beal and Murdoch. The terror culminated in the mobilization of several companies of militia to inform the striking textile workers that they would be supplied with sufficient protection if they chose to enter the mills.

Today, however, not a single worker walked into any of the mills. This is frankly admitted not only in the local press, but even in the textile bosses' trade journals.

The manufacturers' association this morning held a special meeting and issued an announcement that the mills would be kept open "to give the strikers a chance to return."

This the Textile Mills Committee leaders characterized as a "consolation statement."

Picketing Only Effective Weapon

The masses assembled today in the mill districts were too overwhelming in numbers for an attack to be launched on the picket lines. The continued presence of the militia means but one thing, strike leaders say. It is an open threat of breaking the strike with violence. The Textile Mills Committee heads declare that they intend to begin the immediate mobilization of many more thousands for regular picket duty than have responded even heretofore.

WALL ST. SEWS UP NICARAGUA FOR MONCADA

Rules 2 Conservatives On Old Parties

WASHINGTON, July 9.—Presidential candidates of the two conservative factions in Nicaragua have been ruled off the November ticket by the National Board of Elections, Minister Eberhardt informed the U. S. state department today.

Dr. Carlos Cuadro Pasos, former foreign minister, is the candidate of the "moderate" conservatives led by President Diaz, Wall Street puppet, and Vincent Raphacioli, wealthy coffee planter is the candidate of the "extreme" conservatives. Raphacioli has the support of former president Emiliano Chamorro.

While the official explanation for the exclusion states that "the board previously decided that neither faction had established the right to be recognized as representing the party to the exclusion of the other, it has been pointed out that the actual basis for the order is found in the fact that neither candidate is at present needed in order to maintain Wall Street rule in Nicaragua. With the complete subservience of Gen. Moncada, renegade liberal, to the aims of American imperialism, the other candidates have found that their services are no longer required.

FINANCIER DEAD, FAMILY INSISTS

All Anxious to Get Share of Fortune

BRUSSELS, July 9.—In consequence of the various rumors concerning Alfred Lowenstein's death, his family today issued a statement declaring that there was no doubt that he was dead and that all evidence proved that he had entered his plane at Croyden and was not in it when it landed, and that all evidence showed that his death was due to an accident.

Acting on legal advice, the family summoned all who were in the plane from which the financier is believed to have fallen to come to Brussels and give depositions in an effort to establish legal evidence of his death.

Settlement of the estate gives promise of becoming a matter of almost unprecedented entanglement because of the vast interests involved and the mysterious manner of Lowenstein's disappearance. Even if legal evidence of the death is established, serious difficulties are liable to arise if the body remains undiscovered, it is said, and it may be ten or even thirty years before the whole question of inheritance can be settled.

MINER IS KILLED IN FALL OF COAL

POTTSVILLE, Pa., July 9. — William Ochs, 42, was killed today when he was caught under a fall of coal at Bear Gap colliery, at Tremont. Ochs is survived by a widow and seven small children. The Bear Gap is one of the large group of contractor-infested mines in this region.

SEARCH SEA FOR CHILIAN VICTIMS

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 9 (UP) —The search at sea for possible survivors of the Chilean army transport Angamos, destroyed on the rocks Saturday morning with the loss of nearly 300 lives, was held up today by terrific gales which forced ships to put out to sea to ride out the storm.

Two additional survivors were found on the beach at Punta Chimpei today—two young men who had been badly bruised, were suffering from exhaustion and the rigors of the severe winter weather.

Numerous corpses were found strewn along the rocky shore, and it was apparent some of them had died after reaching land, where they lay exhausted and exposed to the intense cold. Only six persons are known to have survived of the 295 or more aboard the vessel.

BOMB EXPLOSION IN MOSCOW, IS BERLIN REPORT

Plot Laid to Czarist Conspirators

BERLIN, July 9. — Reports reached here today of a bomb explosion which injured several persons and partially destroyed the building of the Gaypayoo, the Soviet political police, in the Lublianski Square, Moscow. The explosion was the work of monarchist plotters.

Fire engines and ambulances were rushed to the building, and a cordon of police and soldiers was placed around the square, it was reported.

* * *

The most recent bomb explosion in Moscow follows several traced to conspiracies organized by czarist emigres getting financial aid from Great Britain. Last fall bombs were set off at the office of the Gaypayoo and at the Communist Club in Leningrad. Several workers were killed and a large number injured at that time.

MANY FEATURES IN LABOR UNITY

July Number the Best on Record

Thomas Myerscough, provisional secretary of the National Conference of newly elected officials in the districts of the United Mine Workers and representatives of the unorganized, tells in July Labor Unity, now ready for sale, just why the historic call for the formation of a new miners' union was issued by that conference.

Plain Story

In a plain spoken article he relates the history of the fight to instill democracy into the United Mine Workers of America and break the strangling death grip of the corrupt Lewis machine. The miners wanted to control and save their union, and Lewis forbade them. He wanted to destroy it. By use of gang tactics, rotten bourough system and general vote stealing, open betrayal to the employers, he has about succeeded. Myerscough tells the workers how the miners can still have a fighting union.

Other articles deal with the recent amalgamation conference of railroad workers, the plans to organize the marine transport workers, the New Bedford situation at present, the British and Chinese unions, the Fourth Conference of the Red International of Labor Unions (by Jack Johnstone, chairman of the American delegation there), working women, miners' relief and other topics. Henry George Weiss has another of his pointed short stories. There are many illustrations.

Labor Unity is the organ of the Trade Union Educational League, 2 West 15th St., New York City. It sells for $2 a year, or 20 cents a copy.

Coal Worker Loses All Fingers of Right Hand

Frank Holman, 25 years old, a coal loader, of 398 Tenth Ave., lost all five fingers of his right hand yesterday when it was caught in the loader as he was working at Pier 63, at the foot of 25th St., North River.

20,000 Textile Pickets Massed in New Bedford

Not a single worker was trapped by the manouever of the New Bedford textile barons in their attempt to re-open the mills yesterday. Over 20,000 pickets jammed the entrances to the 56 mills which have been shut since the strike first began over 12 weeks ago. Photo was taken after the strike had been in progress several weeks. Since that time picketing has increased tremendously.

APPEAL FOR AID FOR CHINESE WORKERS

An appeal on behalf of the Chinese Trade Unions, initiated by the Red International of Labor Unions and supported by the National Executive Committee of the American Trade Union Educational League has been sent out with a call to all workers of the United States to rally to the support of the Chinese masses.

The Trade Union Educational League which represents the class conscious workers of the United States has announced that it will set aside the last two weeks of this month for plans in support of the Chinese workers.

Meetings, conferences, house-to-house collections, shop collections, tag days, etc. will be among the methods to raise financial support.

The appeals follows:

To All Workers and Workers' Organizations:

The Chinese trade unions need our help. The Chinese trade unions are appealing to us at this grave hour.

The Chinese workers are the most exploited in the world. The weekly wage of the best paid worker in the building trades does not exceed $3.00. The weekly wage of a painter is hardly above $3.00. Common labor gets from $1.00 to $1.50 a week. The labor day is seldom shorter than 12 hours—often longer. Child labor is the rule. No age limit is set. No laws to protect the workers are in existence. The workers must protect themselves and you must assist them or your own standards will be lowered.

Many Enemies.

The Chinese trade unions must carry on in the face of the Chinese and foreign manufacturers and the Chinese militarists and foreign imperialist powers who protect with an iron hand the foreign and Chinese exploiters in China. There were times in the last few years when the workers, rising against their intolerable situation were helping the native businessmen to wrest from the foreign invaders the extraordinary privileges they had secured for themselves at the bayonet's point. At the same time the workers were also improving their own conditions. But the native capitalists, afraid of the growing strength of the working class, decided rather to make peace with the foreign imperialists than to make concessions to the workers. Thus the Nationalist movement, at first progressive and aggressive, surrendered to the United States. Japanese, British, French and Italian diplomats and navies, and together they try to crush the working class.

Courageous Struggle.

The workers have not lost courage. They continue the revolutionary struggle in alliance with the exploited peasants. They are consolidating their forces. They continue vigorously the work of organization. They continue the struggle for economic demands. They do so under most trying conditions. Labor unions are persecuted, labor representatives are seized both by the foreign imperialist forces and by the native exploiters—and "seizing" in China means executing without much ado. Heads of workers are being chopped off without even a semblance of trial. Twenty-five thousand workers have been killed this year.

Unions Persist.

Still, the labor unions have become an established fact. The Chinese workers are carrying on a courageous and determined fight for their own lives and the lives of their families. They need money and the

(Continued on Page Two)

GREEK CHAMBER IS DISSOLVED

Act in Accordance with Venizelos Demand

ATHENS, Greece, July 9. — The chamber of deputies was dissolved today in accordance with the demand of the newly appointed premier Venizelos, who was called into power by the president after the great strike of the tobacco workers and soldiers in Greece. Venizelos, called the "strong man of Greece" was premier until several years ago, and his iron rule was again summoned when Greece was threatened with revolution at the time of the strike.

The American Tobacco Company, which controls the factories where the rotten conditions forced the workers to strike, is said to have played a big hand in the re-instalation of the imperialist and labor-hating Venizelos.

At present, reports from Greece state that the president, who officially called Venizelos back to the premiership, and the premier, are clashing on the question which Venizelos proposed, embodying a change in the voting system.

CHICAGO PICNIC TO BE FEATURE

Great Event Planned For Miners' Relief

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

CHICAGO, Ill., July 9.—In aid of the striking miners of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, now out for fifteen months and still battling the mine owners for the right to live, a huge picnic at one of Chicago's largest amusement parks will be staged on Saturday, July 14.

10,000 Attendance

Riverview Park, at Belmont and Western Ave., will be the scene of the gathering of at least ten thousand Chicago workers expected to turn out in support of the miners. The picnic will go on at 12 noon Saturday and end up at one o'clock after midnight.

Mother Bloor, veteran of many labor struggles and an honary member of the United Mine Workers of America, will address the afternoon meeting. Races, games and refreshments will enliven the afternoon during which attendants at the picnic will be entitled to all the numerous concessions of Riverview Park.

12-Piece Band

In the evening, a twelve-piece band, one of the best in the city, will provide music for a monster dance. The frolic will end an hour after midnight. Steve Rubicki and Hans Peterson, old-timers at staging huge and lively outings, are in charge of the arrangements for the picnic.

PLAN TAG DAYS FOR COMMUNIST ELECTION DRIVE

Funds Urged For Fight Off Ballot

"Success in presidential election campaigns has always been on the side of the heaviest campaign chests, and the Workers (Communist) Party does not expect that the workers will ever buy their way into the White House or knock the shackles of capitalism from their limbs at the ballot box. But it takes money to educate the masses, to agitate them against the system that holds them in slavery, and to organize them for the immediate struggles for better living conditions and for the ultimate overthrow of capitalism. An election campaign finds the workers in a listening mood, and presents a splendid opportunity to teach them the meaning of Communism and what they must do to free themselves from wage slavery." This was the statement made last night at the National Campaign headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party in commenting on the appeal of the Central Executive Committee of the Party for a $100,000 Communist Party Election Campaign Fund.

The first stage in the financial drive is now over, and the work of raising the money has begun.

An election assessment stamp is being issued, and every Party member must purchase a 50 cent stamp This alone will bring in thousands of dollars.

Unions To Contribute.

Donations will be solicited from trade unions and other working class organizations, such as fraternal societies, cooperatives, women's councils, and thru donations from shop committees and individuals.

Communist Campaign Stamps are being issued to be sold to all organizations and individuals. The stamps carry the pictures of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow

(Continued on Page Two)

JUGO-SLAV JAILS ARE HELL-HOLES

Rats in Food, Disease; Indescribable Tortures

JUGO SLAVIA, July 9.—The prison near the small town of Pojarevac is to receive the young Communists who were recently convicted in Belgrade. The prison of Pojarevac differs in no way from the other awful prison of Jugoslovakia and is called the Hell of Pojarevac. Political prisoners are treated as the worse kind of criminals and have no political rights The prison administration expropriates the sums that are supposed to be used for the prisoners and allows them to starve. No one is concerned about it, since this art of thievery of the state officials is a system in Jugoslavia.

The dirtiness of these prisons surpasses all description. Often the prisoners find cooked rats and mice in their food. One prisoner who once showed the director such a cooked mouse, was so mishandled that he lost consciousness.

There are no facilities for bathing in this prison. The cells are covered with human refuse and are never disinfected. Among the prisoners there are about forty syphilitics who were not accepted by other prisons. Tuberculosis runs rife

8 WORKERS JAILED IN FRAME-UP; MINOR IS BEATEN UP IN COURT

Eight Who Participated in Demonstration in Wall Street Are Jailed

Labor Defense Issues Statement Denouncing Trial as Example of Capitalist Justice

"You are doing the work of Morgan, your master, for contributions to Al Smith's campaign fund."

This was the accusation hurled at Magistrate Maurice H. Gottlieb by Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for U. S. Senator, as he was dragged away by three policemen, roughly manhandled and slugged in the First District Criminal Court yesterday.

Minor together with nine others appeared for a hearing yesterday on a charge of disorderly conduct in connection with the anti-imperialist demonstration on July 3 which was attacked by police. The proceedings quickly took the form of an inquisition, with Magistrate Gottlieb usurping the powers of the prosecuting attorney in an obvious effort to railroad the workers to jail.

Demands Right to Speak

The climax was reached when Minor, just before sentence was passed on him, requested, through Jacques Buitenkant, defending attorney, representing the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, that he be allowed to address the court. This is one of the constitutional rights of all accused in a court of law. Magistrate Gottlieb summarily refused. When Minor protested, he was seized by three policemen and dragged to the side. Struggling with the preservers of "law and order," he shouted out his accusation showing the real forces behind the trial. One of the policemen swung his fist at Minor's face and gagged his mouth with his hand to prevent him from saying any more. Everybody in the audience arose and it seemed as if many of those in the audience were on the point of rushing to Minor's defense. The bluecoats dragged Minor from the courtroom when he flung back at the magistrate: "You're no judge; you're a prosecutor!" It summed up the entire proceedings of what was supposed to be a trial in a court of "justice." Magistrate Gottlieb looked grave and pounded his gavel. He offered not a word of censure of the brutal behavior of the police. He then proceeded to impose the sentences.

All Choose Jail

Minor, Rebecca Grecht, Workers Party candidate for assembly and election campaign manager of District 2, Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, which arranged the demonstration; Emanuel George, a striking coal miner; and Robert Wolf, poet and novelist, were condemned to five days in the Tombs or $25 fine. Fanny Plotkin, Anna Bloch and Phil Frankfeld were given two days or $10 fine. The cases against Kate Gitlow and Sophie Melman were dismissed. All of the accused chose to serve their terms in jail.

Prior to this incident Magistrate Gottlieb, a former shyster lawyer who has a high standing with inside Tammany circles, had given an astonishing exhibition of "impartial" conducting of a trial by a presiding magistrate. When the trial started in the morning, he was comparatively mild and the machine did not seem to be functioning as smoothly as it should. Jacques Buitenkant, the attorney for the accused, was permitted to tie officer John Rochford, the first witness, into a knot of contradictions and inconsistencies.

Officer John Word, the second witness, unwittingly revealed the imperialistic psychology of the hundred percenter by saying that the accused had "demanded the withdrawal of American marines from Nicaragua and other possessions of the United States government."

Rev. J. Hall, the third witness, who was conducting a revival meeting in Wall Street at the time the demonstration took place, bowed and scraped before the magistrate. He declared he had not seen police slug any of the demonstrators and in general seemed to have seen only that which it is proper for a pious minister of the gospel to see.

After a recess of several hours the trial was resumed at 2:15 in the afternoon. It was at once evident that the machine had smoothed out all difficulties in the interim. The witnesses for the prosecution, all of whom were members of the police force, rattled off their testimony in glib fashion. Magistrate Gottlieb, who has acted as "arbitrator" in many labor disputes, took the case completely out of the hands of the prosecuting attorney, and used his authority as presiding magistrate to tie up the defending attorney hand and foot. Objection after objection was overruled and the magistrate kept up a constant heckling fire during Buitenkant's cross-examination of witnesses.

Sneers at "Foreigners"

During the cross-examination of Phil Frankfeld, district organizer of the Young Workers League, he injected an anti-foreign prejudice. "Where did you come from, other side?" he croaked. "I was born right here in the U. S. A." Frankfeld replied. The magistrate leaned back in his chair with a disappointed look. Later he remarked about the fact that "most of the accused seem to be of foreign extraction" and also stressed the fact that they were members of radical organizations.

The cases of five other workers arrested at the July 3 demonstration will be heard Thursday in the same court. One of these is Nathan Kaplan, who faces a charge of felonious assault. The case of Rose Plotkin, 13-year-old Young Pioneer, which was scheduled to come up this morning will probably be postponed.

* * *

I. L. D. Raps Frame-Up

Branding as a frame-up the sentencing to jail of eight workers who participated in an anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall St., July 3, the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, in a statement issued last night, denounces the entire proceedings as a vicious example of class justice and calls upon all class-conscious workers to support it in its fight to free the other arrested workers. The statement, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the section, follows:

Judge Brazen

"In a trial in which the magistrate made no secret of his hatred for the accused and did everything in his power to railroad them to jail, eight workers have been sentenced to prison for the crime of taking part in a demonstration which demanded that Wall St. government loosen their bloody grip in Nicaragua and other colonial countries. Throughout the hearings Magistrate Maurice H. Gottlieb usurped the powers of the prosecuting attorney, heckled the accused and Jacques Buitenkant, the defending attorney, and aided the Tammany policemen in distorting evidence. He laid particular stress on the foreign extraction of some of the defendants and on their radical political opinions in a trial which revealed once more the hollowness and hypocrisy of the justice of the American capitalist class.

"The climax of the entire proceedings was reached when Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Commu-

(Continued on Page Two)

EXPLOSION OF BOILER KILLS 6

Machines Not Properly Examined

CASSEL, Prussia, July 9. — Six workers were killed, three were injured beyond hope of recovery, and five were less severely injured today by a boiler explosion in the Hessian Gypsum Works at Altmorschen.

The boiler, which had only been put in commission this morning, blew up on account of excessive pressure. Workers claim that it had not been properly examined prior to its installation.

One of the victims was completely torn to pieces. The other five died on the way to the hospital, or shortly after they had arrived there, from the poisonous gas which they had inhaled when the explosion occurred.

ROXY BALLET TO FEATURE SATURDAY'S CONCERT

Theremin, Symphony Orchestra to Perform; Proceeds Go to The Daily Worker

The famous Roxy Ballet will be one of the chief features of the great concert and entertainment to be held next Saturday evening at Coney Island Stadium. This noted ballet will serve as a pleasant interlude in the musical program and will perform classical and modern dances in its own original style.

The Roxy Ballet is now arranging a special program for the concert that will be sure to be a revelation for the 25,000 workers that are expected to pack Coney Island Stadium. The other artists who will participate in this great proletarian musical event are also busy putting the finishing touches to their programs. Prof. Leo Theremin, the world-famous Soviet scientist, is certain to create a sensation when he draws the music of the "International" out of the air without the aid of a musical instrument by means of his latest discovery.

And Arnold Volpe is busy rehearsing orchestra of 50 picked musicians in a program that will include some of the best known selections in the symphonic repertoire.

The proceeds of this great concert will go to The DAILY WORKER Tickets should be purchased at once at the office of the "Daily," 26-28 Union Square, as they are in great demand.

The proceeds will help secure the position of The DAILY WORKER during the summer months and enable it to continue its struggle for the American working class.

"Big Guns" of Lewis Machine Meet with "Flop" as Miners Refuse to Respond

T STARTS AS NG HURLS LIE BOUT LEADERS

Fagan Shouted Down in Neffs, O.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 9.—Reports reaching the National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee from the mining fields show that the mass meetings called by the Lewis machine, despite the widest publicity and the bringing in of "big guns" as a special attraction, are a decided flop everywhere.

The mass meetings were arranged as part of the frenzied campaign and included terrorism, cutting off relief, breaking up of progressive meetings and conferences, which the reactionaries started following the issuance of the call for a new union by the rank and file.

A Fake "Liberal."

A mass meeting at Neffs, Ohio, on July 3rd, was the opening of their campaign in eastern Ohio. The convention of this sub-district held about the end of May, with 43 locals out of the 45 in existence officially represented, showed the miners in this section practically unanimous against the Lewis gang. The Neffs miners were curious to hear what the reactionaries had to say, with the result that the hall was packed to capacity, with no standing room left. Thomas Robison, vice-president of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, was the first speaker. Knowing what he was up against, he steered clear of any "dangerous" subjects. No reference at all to the internal situation in the United Mine Workers of America and the revolt of the rank and file. He confined himself to an attack on the coal operators and the government, injunctions, use of police and state troopers against the miners, etc.

The fireworks started when Pat Fagan, of District 5, began to orate. The meeting had been going on quite peacefully, and Fagan made the mistake of assuming that he could get away with his "regular stuff." He opened an attack on the progressive forces, trying to peddle off his customary lies about Pat Toohey, Secretary of the Convention Arrangements Committee. The meeting was immediately in an uproar. "Shut up," "You're a rotten liar," "Down with the Lewis Gang," came from all over the hall. This continued for a few minutes then the bulk of the audience walked out of the meeting en masse.

Only about 70 individuals remained in the hall, including a few progressives, who stayed to see what would happen, and a truckful of "huskies," obviously drunk, who were brought in from the outside before the meeting opened. After a while, the few local reactionaries got into a wrangle about the "relief" distribution. It seems that some of them were getting only $3 or $4 a week while the more favored were getting $20 and more.

The mass meeting at McGovern Field, Washington County, Pa., held on Sunday, proved a similar failure for the machine. The advance publicity spoke of 10,000 miners that were going to attend it. But only about 200 miners showed up, at least 150 of them, progressives. The speakers, Robison, Phil Murray and Fagan, had nothing to say about the strike—and how the miners are going to win it. Most of their time they gave to boosting Al Smith and the democratic party. Again it was Fagan who started to attack the progressives, with the result that the bulk of the audience demonstratively left the meeting.

Same Story.

Similar reports come from other sections, showing that the mass of the miners are anxiously awaiting the national convention in September and the organization of a new progressive miners' union.

The Convention Arrangements Committee appeals to all workers to help in making the national convention a success and the building of a strong fighting miners' union. The miners have been on strike for over 15 months and are not in a position at this time to contribute the necessary funds for organization work, mass meetings, agitation, and to bring the delegates to the convention. The Arrangements Committee calls upon the workers in all industries to send donations to the Convention Arrangements Committee, Room 411, 119 Federal St., N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Appeal For Aid For Chinese Workers Issued By Militants

(Continued from Page One)

feeling that workers all over the world are coming to their help.

To help the Chinese labor unions, the Trade Union Educational League, representing the class-conscious workers of the United States, has decided to set aside the last two weeks in July for action in favor of our Chinese brothers.

It will be an international action simultaneously undertaken in all countries at the advice of the Red International of Labor Unions (Profintern). The world proletariat and all friends of the labor movement must extend a brotherly hand to the Chinese proletariat.

Methods Used.

We appeal to all workers of the United States! Comrades and friends, rally to the support of the Chinese workers. Call meetings, organize conferences, make house-to-house collections, make shop collections, organize tag days, arrange affairs, create substantial sums for the Chinese trade unions. Make every worker understand the significance of the Chinese workers' struggle which is a struggle against world imperialism, the greatest enemy of the working class.

Begin preparations at once!

Down with capitalist exploitation!

Down with imperialism!

Long live the Chinese militant workers!

National Executive Committee
Trade Union Educational League

Send all contributions and make checks payable to:

National Executive Committee,
Trade Union Educational League,
2 West 15th Street, New York City.

WORKERS PARTY PLANS TAG DAY

(Continued from Page One)

who head the national party ticket. They can be affixed to mail sent out by the workers during the campaign.

Hundreds of thousands of Campaign Buttons are being prepared for distribution. These, like the stamps, will carry the photographs of Foster and Gitlow. They are printed in three colors, and were designed by the famous proletarian artist, Fred Ellis.

Plan Tag Days.

Two huge National Communist Campaign Tag Days are planned during the summer.

Thru affairs, such as picnics, house parties, dances, and collections from mass meetings, open air meetings, shops, unions, the Workers (Communist) Party expects to raise the $100,000 that is the minimum requirement for putting the Party on the ballot in at least thirty states and waging a campaign that will establish the Party as the political party of large sections of the working masses.

The campaign is on. Tours are being arranged for the heads of the national ticket. From now until the first week in November, when the ballots are cast, there will be no let-up. Every member of the party is expected to get into the campaign. No duty is more important now than the raising of funds. With the raising of funds goes our propaganda. After making their contributions to our campaign the workers will feel more anxious to participate in the struggle. And they must be encouraged in every way.

Money Needed.

Money for the election campaign is needed now. One dollar today is better than three dollars three months from today. For the struggle against the mighty financial power of American imperialism $100,000 is only a paltry sum, but behind this $100,000 are the many millions of American working men and women, the persecuted Negroes—doubly persecuted because of race and because in overwhelming numbers they belong to the exploited army of labor, the poor farmers who work from sunrise to sundown with the mortgage banker's shadow ever hanging over them.

$100,000 and millions of wage earners against the billions of Wall Street and the corrupt hangers-on of the capitalist system.

Here is a challenge that should stir into action every class conscious worker in the United States.

Send your contribution at once to the National Campaign Headquarters, 43 East 125th Street, New York City—Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

RED CONVENTION TO OPEN JERSEY ELECTION DRIVE

Nearing and Weisbord Will Be Speakers

NEWARK, N. J., July 9. The Ratification Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party in New Jersey to ratify state candidates chosen for the 1928 elections will be held on August 5 at 10 a. m. at the Workers Progressive Center, 93 Mercer St., here. It will be preceded by a Red Proletarian Banquet on Saturday evening, August 4, at 8 p. m. at the same place.

Since this date is the same as that of the 14th anniversary of the opening of the last World War, the banquet will be made the occasion for a tremendous demonstration against the danger of a new world war, and the menace of American Imperialism. Among the speakers at the banquet and at the convention will be Scott Nearing, noted authority on American imperialism and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for Governor of New Jersey, and Albert Weisbord, leader of the Passaic Strike and candidate for U. S. Senator.

In a letter sent to various labor and fraternal organizations throughout the state and vicinity, the following note was stressed:

"The election campaign this year is of the greatest significance to the workers of this state. Now, Jersey, the home of big corporations and special interests, notorious for its anti-labor record, is ruled by the democratic machine through Mayor Hague and by the republican machine through U. S. Senator Edge, the corporation lawyer. Those two parties are functioning more and more openly, as agents of Big Business. Injunction after injunction has been issued against workers on strike. Free speech has been violated in many cities. Police terror and brutality have been practiced with immunity as in the Passaic textile strike. Unemployment has been steadily rising, but no relief has been given to the unemployed in the industrial centers. The killing of labor bills in the New Jersey legislature is a constant practice. Big Business, especially the railroad and public service interests, dominate the government of New Jersey.

"The New Jersey State Ratification Convention is part of the National Election Campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party and will be the beginning of the campaign among the New Jersey workers. It will mobilize them against the Hague democratic machine, against the Edge republican machine, against the socialist party, which today is following in the footsteps of the capitalist parties."

Neckwear Workers Hit By Judge's Injunction

POUGHKEEPSIE, July 9. — By a decision handed down by Supreme Court Justice Tompkins, the United Neckwear Makers' and Cutters' Union is permanently enjoined for picketing the local plant of C. Stern and Mayer, Inc. The corporation moved here from New York to elude unionization.

Poor Flee City For Public Beaches As Record Heat Takes Big Toll of Workers in New York

A record heat wave, which reached as high as 92 degrees, resulted in the death of 23 in New York City and vicinity. Photo shows a few of the thousands of workers at Coney Island who attempted to escape from the hot pavements.

MACHINERY FORCES OUT NEW MILLIONS

By LELAND OLDS
(Federated Press)

The extraordinary rate at which machinery has been displacing labor in the blast furnaces of the country is shown by U. S. Commissioner of Labor Statistics Ethelbert Stewart in the monthly review of the department of labor. Stewart shows that the average blast furnace employe in 1925 was producing 50 times as much pig iron as he could have produced with the machinery available in 1850 and nearly 4 times as much as he could have produced at the beginning of the 20th century when J. P. Morgan's great steel trust was in process of formation.

Machine Revolution

In 1925, 29,188 blast furnace workers produced 36,700,566 tons of pig iron, or an average of 1,257 tons per man. In 1914 the number was almost exactly the same as in 1925, but they produced only 23,332,244 tons of pig iron, or 795 tons per worker. In 1919, 43,296 blast furnace workers, or 48 per cent more than the number on the payrolls in 1925, produced 31,015,364 tons, or 16 per cent less than the 1925 production.

The epochmaking fact shown in Stewart's figures is that an increase in pig iron production from 504,245 tons in 1850 to 36,700,566 tons in 1925 added less than 9,000 to the 20,298 jobs which blast furnaces afforded in the earlier year. At the close of the 19th century the blast furnaces were employing 39,241 workers, at least 10,000 more than in 1925, yet were producing only 13,620,703 tons of pig iron.

Permanently Unemployed

To secure the 1925 production with the productivity of 1899 would have afforded employment to more than 105,000 workers instead of the 29,188 actually employed. The difference indicates the number of workers displaced by machinery in this industry in a quarter of a century.

Blast furnace Productivity	Number of Employes	Total Production	Tons per Employe
1850	20,298	504,245	25
1860	15,927	881,794	55
1870	27,554	1,832,976	67
1890	33,415	8,845,185	265
1899	39,241	13,620,703	347
1904	35,078	16,497,033	470
1909	38,429	25,795,471	671
1914	29,356	23,332,244	795
1919	43,296	31,015,364	716
1921	18,698	16,688,126	331
1923	36,712	40,361,146	1,099
1925	29,188	36,700,566	1,257

Boss vs. Worker

Commenting on the trend shown in these figures Stewart says: "In other words the manufacturing industries particularly as represented by the blast furnaces are not going to take care of the increase in the working population. It must be apparent that the attitude which one will take toward these figures will depend upon whether one is interested in the prosperity that comes from enormous production and almost startling output per employe or whether one is looking for a job. The problem today is to reconcile these two points of view."

Whither Capitalism

In the age of iron and steel, with the population of the country increasing from 23,000,000 to 115,000,000, the number of workers required for the production of pig iron has increased only 44 per cent. The vast expansion was secured by employers through the substitution of machinery for men.

Census of manufacture figures show that in the last 25 years the proportion of blast furnace wages to the total value of the pig iron produced has fallen from 9 per cent to 6 per cent.

WASHINGTON, July 9 (UP).—The U. S. Steel Corporation and 92 affiliated companies filed a suit today for $111,000,000 against the United States government for tax refund.

The corporation alleges it was over-assessed in income and profit taxes in 1917.

Lose Hope For the Crew of Fascist Polar Airship Italia

VIRGO BAY, July 9.—Hope virtually was abandoned today for all but four of the 21 men, including rescuers, scattered over the Spitzbergen area as the result of the wreck of the dirigible Italia.

Four men in the icefloe camp of North East Land, who are in airplane and radio communication with the world and who, it is hoped, will be saved—or whose bodies will be recovered, for they are in desperate straits, it finally has been admitted.

MINOR SLUGGED IN COURT ROOM

(Continued from Page One)

nist) Party candidate for U. S. Senator, asked permission to exercise his constitutional right of addressing the court before sentence was imposed. The request was refused and Minor was forcibly dragged away by several bluecoated ruffians, manhandled and slugged, while the magistrate looked on, offering not a word of censure. This again indicates the sort of terroristic 'justice' that workers who appear in an American court can expect.

A Frame-Up

"The International Labor Defense brands this so-called trial as a shameless frame-up in which the magistrate and prosecuting attorney, acting upon orders from higher up, conspired to railroad innocent workers to jail. Once more the administrators of the law, the paid hirelings of the capitalist class, have revealed the leering face of the justice which is always a bludgeon used to beat the workers into submission.

"The International Labor Defense calls upon all workers to protest against the jailing of their comrades and to rush funds to its office, 799 Broadway, Room 422, in order that the other workers arrested, who will be tried later in the week, may be saved."

ATTENTION

Party Units, Sub-sections, Sections, Workmen's Circle Branches, Women's Councils, Trade Union Educational Leagues, Workers' Clubs, etc.

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CONTENTS:
RESOLUTION ON TRADE UNION WORK.
OLD UNIONS AND NEW UNIONS—Wm. Z. Foster.
TRADE UNION QUESTIONS—James P. Cannon.
RESOLUTION ON REPORT OF POLITICAL COMMITTEE.
IMMEDIATE PARTY PROBLEMS—by Jay Lovestone.
WM. D. HAYWOOD—"UNDESIRABLE CITIZEN"—J. L. Engdahl.
ASPECTS OF THE SITUATION IN NEW BEDFORD—by A. Weisbord.
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What I Saw in China
by TOM MANN

For the past three years the Chinese masses have been struggling for freedom from the clutches of Imperialism. Everyone nowadays is either talking or writing China. Tom Mann, "grand old man" of the British labor movement, contributes his observations after a stay of six months in China with the International Workers Delegation.

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NEW DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONA

1. The World System of Capitalism. Its Development and Inevitable Destruction.

CAPITALIST SYSTEM RAPIDLY APPROACHING ITS COLLAPSE DRAFT PROGRAM POINTS OUT

Sees Sharpening of Fundamental Contradictions of Capitalism at Rapid Pace

Stresses Struggles of Colonial Workers, Peasants and Imperialist Powers

To All Sections of the Communist International:

The Programme Commission of the Executive Committee of the Communist International is publishing a DRAFT PROGRAM.

The Commission thinks it its duty to declare that while the text of this draft is of course based on the same fundamental principles as those upon which the draft programme provisionally passed by the Fifth Congress of the Communist International was based, nevertheless, it differs very considerably from that draft. The Program Commission felt that in view of the great changes that have taken place in many important spheres of international life and particularly in the revolutionary movement since the Fifth Congress, it could not confine itself to making merely editorial changes in the original draft. A change has taken place in the form of the general crisis of capitalism; a change has taken place in the relationships between various groups of powers. Great events have taken place, like the great revolution in China, which once again emphasized the significance of the agrarian-peasant question. Great progress has been made in building up socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The struggle between the aggressive capitalist world and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is becoming acute. Fascism is growing and becoming transformed into the terrorist dictatorship of big capital. Social democracy has degenerated into Chauvinist imperialism. The lessons that have been learned by the Communist International in the fight against opposition tendencies and finally the growth of Communism, the fact that the movement has really become internationalized, the new tasks that confront the Communist International as a single organization—all this has inevitably made it necessary considerably to alter and enlarge the former draft.

The general tendency of the changes that have been made is towards more concreteness and greater emphasis upon THE INTERNATIONAL aspects both in the theoretical section as well as in the sections dealing immediately with the struggles of the Communist Parties.

Acting on the decision of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, the Programme Commission, in publishing this draft program, calls upon all comrades to express their opinion and criticism of it in articles, remarks and concrete suggestions. The work done on the program has revealed how difficult it is to embrace in a single document all the problems of the present-day world Communist movement. The question of the program will be one of the central questions at the Sixth Congress. It is essential that sufficient material be collected by the time the discussion of the question takes place at the Congress. The Commission therefore invites all comrades to join in the fruitful discussion of the program.

THE PROGRAMME COMMISSION OF THE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

The characteristic feature of capitalist society, which arose on the basis of the development of commodity production, are the monopolization of the means of production by the capitalist class, the exploitation of the wage labor of the proletarian class and the production of commodities for the purpose of profit. The relationships of exploitation and the economic domination of the bourgeoisie find their political expression in the state organization of capital as an instrument for the suppression of the proletariat.

The development of capitalism has wholly confirmed Marx' doctrine concerning the laws of development of capitalist society and the contradictions of this development, which must inevitably bring about the doom of the capitalist system.

In their quest for profits the bourgeoisie were compelled to develop the forces of production on an ever-increasing scale and to strengthen and expand the domination of capitalistic relationships of production. As a consequence, the development of capitalism constantly reproduces on a wider basis all the inherent contradictions of the capitalist system and primarily, the decisive contradiction between social production and the private acquisition of the results of production,—between the growth of the forces of production and capitalist property relationships. The predominance of private ownership of the means of production and the anarchy prevailing in production have disturbed the economic equilibrium between the various branches of production; for the developing contradiction between the unlimited expansion of production and the restricted consumption of the masses of the proletariat has led to periodical and devastating crises and mass unemployment among the proletariat. The predominance of private property also found expression in competition—within each separate capitalist country as well as on the constantly expanding world market. The latter form of capitalist rivalry resulted in a series of wars which are the inevitable accompaniment of capitalist development.

At the same time a change took place in the internal structure of capitalist society. The technical and economic advantages of large-scale production have led to the destruction of pre-capitalist economic forms in the course of the competitive struggle and to the continuously increasing concentration and centralization of capital. In the sphere of industry this law has manifested itself primarily in the direct destruction of small enterprises and partly in their degradation to the position of auxiliary units of large enterprises. In the sphere of agriculture, it not only found expression in the process of differentiation among the peasantry and the proletarianization of broad strata of the latter, but principally in the tacit and ovowed subordination of peasant-farming to big capital; the small farmers have been able to maintain an appearance of independence only at the price of exhausting toil and systematic starvation.

The increasing employment of machinery, the constant improvement in technique and the uninterrupted rise in the organic composition of capital, which is accompanied by greater division of labor and an increase in the productivity and intensity of labor, signified also the more extensive employment of woman and child labor and the formation of enormous industrial reserve armies, which are constantly being recruited from among the proletarianized peasantry who are forced to leave their villages and among the ruined petty and middle urban bourgeoisie. The existence of a small group of billionaires at one pole of social relationships and of an enormous mass of proletarians on the other, the constantly increasing rate of exploitation of the working class, the reproduction on a wider basis of the profoundest contradictions of capitalism and their consequences (crises, wars, etc.), the constant growth of social inequality, the rising indignation of the proletariat; united and trained by the mechanism of capitalist production itself,—all this has inevitably undermined the foundations of capitalism and has brought nearer the day of its collapse.

The period of industrial capitalism in the main was a period of "free competition," a period of relatively smooth evolution and expansion of capitalism throughout the whole world amidst conditions of the partition and armed conquest of unoccupied colonies and the steady growth of the contradictions of capitalism, the burdens of which fell mainly upon the shoulders of the crushed and oppressed colonial peoples.

Towards the beginning of the 20th century, however, this period gave place to a new period,—the period of Imperialism. In this period capitalism develops spasmodically and in the midst of conflicts; free competition has given place to monopoly; the "unoccupied" colonial lands are all divided up and the struggle for a redistribution of colonies and spheres of influence is primarily assuming the form of armed conflicts.

The ramifications and truly world-wide scope of the contradictions of capitalism found most striking expression in the epoch of imperialism (finance capitalism) which historically signifies a new form of capitalism, a new system of relationships between the various parts of world capitalist economy and a change in the relationships between the principal classes of capitalist society.

This new historical period came in as a result of the development of the principal dynamic laws of capitalist society. The law of the concentration and centralization of capital led to the formation of powerful monopolist combines (cartels, syndicates, trusts), to new forms of gigantic combinations of enterprises linked up by the banks. The merging of industrial capital with bank capital and the monopolistic character of this form of capitalism transformed the epoch of industrial capital into the epoch of finance capital. "Free competition" of the period of industrial capitalism, which came in to take the place of feudal monopoly and merchant capital monopoly, is in its turn being transformed into finance capital monopoly.

The growing employment of complex machinery, of chemical processes and electrical energy, the rise in the organic composition of capital and the consequent decline in the rate of profit, which is only partly offset by the high, cartel prices policy still further stimulate the quest for colonial super-profits and the struggle for a re-distribution of the globe. Standardized and mass production creates the necessity for seeking new foreign markets. The rise in the price of raw materials and fuel stimulates the quest for the sources of these materials. Finally, the system of high protection creates an added stimulus for the export of capital, and this is becoming the decisive and specific form of economic contact between the various parts of world capitalist economy. The total effect is that the monopoly of colonial markets, of sources of raw materials and of spheres of investment of capital has extremely accentuated the general unevenness of capitalist development and has intensified the conflict between the "great powers" of finance capital over the redistribution of the colonies and spheres of influence.

The growth of the productive forces of world industry thus leads to the further internationalization of economic life and at the same time to the struggle for a redistribution of the globe,—which is already divided up among the biggest finance capitalist states, and to a succession of such struggles in an increasingly acute form. To an increasing extent it leads to the method of fighting, by forcing down prices, being abandoned in favor of methods of forcible pressure (boycott, high protection, tariff wars, wars proper, etc.). Consequently, the monopolist form of capitalism is inevitably accompanied by imperialist wars, which by the area they embrace and the destructiveness of their technique are unexampled in the world's history.

Under such circumstances state power and the armed forces of the state acquire special significance for the bourgeoisie. Hence, finance capital reveals a tendency to develop state capitalist forms, which on the one hand facilitate the struggle for foreign markets and the military mobilization of industry, and on the other hand lead to the exceptionally monstrous growth of militarism (armies, naval and air fleets, the employment of chemistry and bacteriology).

Thus the epoch of imperialism reproduces the fundamental contradictions of capitalism to an ever-increasing degree. Competition among small capitalists ceases, only to make way for competition among big capitalists; where competition among big capitalists subsides, it flares between gigantic combinations of millionaires and their governments. Local and national crises become transformed into crises affecting a number of countries, and subsequently into world crises. Local wars give place to wars between coalitions of states and to world wars. The class struggle is transformed from isolated actions of separate groups of workers into nation-wide struggles and subsequently into an international struggle between the world proletariat and the world bourgeoisie. Two main revolutionary forces are organizing against the powerfully organized forces of finance capital; on the one hand the workers in the capitalist states; on the other hand, the masses of the people in the colonies oppressed by foreign capital are marching under the leadership of the revolutionary proletarian movement in the imperialist home countries.

This fundamental revolutionary tendency, however, is temporarily paralyzed by the corruption of certain sections of the European, North American and Japanese proletariat by the imperialist bourgeoisie and by the treachery of the national bourgeoisie in the semi-colonial and colonial countries who have become scared by the revolutionary mass movement. By plundering the colonies and semi-colonies, the bourgeoisie in the most powerful imperialist states obtain supplementary excess profits, out of which they raised the wages of a section of the workers in the home countries and in this way gave them an interest in this plunder and bought their loyalty to the imperialist "fatherland." This systematic bribery particularly affected the aristocracy of labor and the bureaucratic strata of the working class: the leading elements of social democracy and the trade unions, who proved to be the direct channels of bourgeois influence among the proletariat and stalwart pillars of the capitalist system.

But, by stimulating the growth of the corrupt upper stratum of the working class, imperialism at last destroys the influence of that stratum among the working class, because the increasing contradictions of imperialism, the worsening of the conditions of the broad masses of the workers, the enormous cost and burdens of military conflicts, the fact that certain Powers have lost their monopolistic position in the world market—loss of colonies, etc., undermine the basis of social democracy among the masses.

Similarly, the treachery of the national bourgeoisie in the colonies and semi-colonies and their rapprochement with the imperialist powers leads, in the final analysis, to the intensification of imperialist oppression, to the decline of national bourgeois influence among the masses of the people, to the intensification of the revolutionary crises, to the unleashing of the mass agrarian revolutionary movement and to the creation of favorable conditions for establishing the hegemony of the colonial proletariat in the popular, mass struggle for independence and complete national liberation.

Imperialism has greatly developed the productive forces of world capitalism. It has created all the material prerequisites for the socialist organization of society. By its wars it has demonstrated that the productive forces of world industry—which have outgrown the restricted boundaries of imperialist states—now demand the organization of industry on a world, or international scale. Imperialism strives to eliminate this contradiction by cutting a road by fire and sword towards a single world state-capitalist trust, which is to organize the whole of world industry. But this ultra-imperialist utopia so highly praised by the social democratic ideologists—encounters objective obstacles of such magnitude that capitalism must inevitably fall beneath the weight of its own contradictions. Imperialist wars, which are growing into world wars and by which the law of the centralization of capitalism strives to reach its utmost world limits—a single world trust, are accompanied by so much destruction and impose such burdens upon the shoulders of the working class and of millions of colonial proletarians and peasants that capitalism must inevitably be crushed beneath the hammerblows of the proletarian revolution.

Imperialism is the highest phase of development of capitalism. It developed the productive forces of world industry to enormous dimensions and has re-fashioned the whole world to its own model. Thus it draws within the orbit of finance capitalist exploitation all the colonies, all races and all nations. At the same time, however, the monopolist form of capital increasingly develops the elements of parasitical degeneration, decay and decline of capitalism. Monopoly capital is destroying the driving forces of competition. In conducting a policy of high cartel prices, and having undivided mastery of the market, it reveals a tendency to retard the further development of the forces of production. In squeezing enormous sums of excess profits out of the millions of colonial workers and peasants and accumulating colossal incomes from this exploitation, Imperialism is creating a type of decaying and practically degenerate rentier state and whole classes of parasites who live by clipping coupons. Imperialism has developed socialized labor to an enormous scale and created the organizational prerequisites for socialism; but the intensification of the inherent antagonisms among the "Great Powers" gives rise to wars which cause the breakdown of united world industry. Imperialism, therefore, is moribund and decaying capitalism. It is the last stage in the development of capitalism. It is the threshold of world social revolution.

Hence, international proletar
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(The second section of the Draft Program of the Communist International will appear in tomorrow's DAILY WORKER. It is entitled: "The General Crisis of Capitalism. The First Phase of World Revolution.")

The Election Drive Is a Party Test

By I. AMTER.

The Workers (Communist) Party has been carrying on many campaigns. The workers of the country know the activity of the Party in Passaic. They know that the Party members have been active in the miners' strike, in the strike in New Bedford. They know that the Communists have done their full share in raising relief for the miners and textile workers, and in providing for the defense of the arrested workers.

The workers know that the Communist Party is the only force in the country for combatting imperialism. They know that there is no pacifism in the propaganda and organization of the Communist Party, and that the anti-imperialism of the Workers (Communist) Party is not the "anti-imperialism" of the socialist party, of the democratic party and of the numerous pacifists. The workers recognize in the fight of the Communists against American and world imperialism, a mobilization of the workers for militant action to prevent, if possible, another world slaughter.

"Informal" War.

In the struggle against the butchery of Nicaraguan workers and peasants by "brave" American marines and aviators, the socialist party made protest only against the fact that Coolidge had failed formally to declare war on Nicaragua. In the murder of the Chinese workers and peasants by "courageous" American marines, in conjunction with British and Japanese marines, the British Labor Party and its "eminent" leaders, Ramsay MacDonald ad J. H. Thomas, proposed not only that British "interests" should be protected, but if protection were to be given at all, then a large army should be sent.

In the fight that has been going on in the United Mine Workers, the socialists have given full support for relief to John L. Lewis. The money they collected for relief went to Lewis to pay the salaries of himself and his hundreds of organizers and other officials—and all their expenses.

Lewis, in a letter to a republican committeeman, declared that he would be satisfied with the nomination of Hoover. Who nominated Hoover? It was none other than Andrew Mellon, the open shop scab coal operator of the Pittsburgh Coal Company, one of the first to repudiate the agreement with the United Mine Workers.

Birds of a Feather.

A fine line-up: Mellon, Hoover Lewis, the socialist party.

In the fight that is going on to organize the miners, the textile workers, who is taking the lead? The socialists? The socialists are doing everything in their power to prevent the organization of these unorganized workers. It is the Communists who have formulated the proper policy and members of the Communist Party are in the front rank battling for organization of these workers.

It is the Sigmans, Hillmans, Zaritskys who now represent and personify the policy and leadership of the socialist party. Today this party is aligned with the capitalists. One has but to look at their platform to discover that in some respects the Wall Street candidate Smith, is more "progressive" than the "socialist" Norman Thomas. Certainly no capitalist candidate elected to office has been more brazen than the vice presidential candidate of the socialist party, James Maurer, who together with the other socialist members of the City Council of Reading, Pa., on taking office declared that "in case of strikes the employers will be given more protection than ever before."

If it is becoming clear to the workers that the Communists are the only fighters for the working class—on all fronts—then these workers must be induced to show their sentiment in the election campaign. These workers should be shown why it is important both for the Communist Party and for the working class that fighting spokesmen be sent to the legislative and executive office to fight for the workers, to expose the sham and hideousness of the system, to mobilize the workers from the chambers of parliament. But just as the Communists make the workers no promises, but plainly tell the workers that the working class alone can emancipate the workers out of the morass, so too, the elected Communist candidates will only be able to sound the call, but the workers in their organizations, in the shops, through resolutions, demonstrations through strikes, will build the movement that will put terror into the hearts of the capitalists.

A Test.

This election campaign therefore will be a test for the Communist Party. Have the members of the Party freed themselves completely from the sectarian policy of "boycotting the elections," which once was advocated by our Party? (Not that under certain conditions the Party may not again call for a boycott of the elections.) Do the members of the Party realize the importance of engaging in this campaign in which millions of workers are interested and will vote, thereby binding themselves once more to the capitalists?

There are several reasons why our Party members must throw themselves with full energy and enthusiasm into the election campaign:

1. Because the workers and farmers still have faith in elections and expect relief from their troubles through the capitalist parties.

2. Because too many workers follow us on the industrial field, who do not regard us as a political party.

3. Because the more states in which we get on the ticket, the more significant will our campaign be—not a mere propaganda campaign—but one in which many workers will be able to vote for our Party, who would otherwise be forced to vote for the other parties.

4. Because, until the Communists establish themselves as a political party nationally, we will not have the political standing in the eyes of the American workers that the Party deserves.

Tasks Ahead.

The election campaign will be a real test for the Party. It will demonstrate whether we ourselves comprehend the importance of parliamentarism (and let no comrade underestimate its value, particularly in a backward country like the United States, where the workers as a whole, have only the faintest notion of the workings of "their" government, and have great faith in capitalist "democracy".)

It will also be a test of the Party in that it will show the extent to which we have been able to direct the attention of the workers to the questions of government. The overthrow of the system and of the capitalist government is the aim of the Communist Party. How many American workers have lost all faith in the American form of government? Many who are merely disgruntled but do not understand the fight that will be necessary—on all fronts—till that government is no more.

We know that tens of thousands of workers support the Party and would follow and vote for the Party, but they are not citizens. But it is the duty of every Party member to bring to the polls every last worker citizen.

Get Out Communist Vote.

And last of all, every Party member who is a citizen must not fail to vote. This is self-evident, and yet many Party members, believing that the elections are not worth while (sectarians, they are, suffering from Left Sickness), and in the further belief that Communists cannot be elected, fail to register and vote. This is not only a neglect of Party duty, but a serious hindrance to our Party.

It is not impossible for state and county candidates of the Communist Party to be elected this year! It is totally within the range of possibility—but only if every Party member, every sympathizer, every militant worker gets into the harness and helps the Party in this campaign. With the proper energy, organization and enthusiasm, the Workers (Communist) Party can become a real factor in the political life of the United States, holding not in our eyes alone, but in the eyes of the American workers and farmers, the uncontested and incontestible position of leader of the American workers and farmers.

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...osha Worker Correspondent Describes Arrest of Herman, Militant League Picket

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...Worker Correspondent.)
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...Earhart Home ...Imperialist Trip

...TON, July 9.—Ameila Ear-
...left here 36 days ago as
...unknown social worker,
...today a famous womar
...the Ford tri-motored plane.

Miners in Need of Defense and Relief

Fifteen months of strike, starvation, evictions, police terror — life in barracks, tents, in the open fields, families living on 90 cents a week — and others dying on this amount — this is the lot of the miners. Virtual famine has been avoided only through the literally remarkable efforts put forth by the National Miners' Relief Committee. For July 22-29, this body together with the International Labor Defense are planning a huge defense week which is expected to make a record in the history of relief activities.

The Life and Death of Gastone Sozzi

(Translated from the German by Sol Auerbach)

(The following is the translation of a part of a pamphlet published by the Mopr Press, Berlin, called "The Crimes of the Fascist Inquisition."—S. A.)

I.

The Life of Sozzi

GASTONE SOZZI was born of a socialist family, in Cesena on March 7, 1903. The twenty-five years of his life was consecrated to the ideals and hopes of the proletariat. From his childhood on he experienced the bitterness of the class struggle. Mussolini, who at this time still played revolutionary, was the leader of the socialist movement in the territory of Forli and was a frequent visitor in the Sozzi home. As a guest of the Sozzi family in Cesena, this coming leader of the Blackshirts, elated over the precocity of the little Gastone, assured the father that a future as a practical revolutionary fighter awaited the youngster. Mussolini knows from the reports of his sheriffs that Sozzi remained until his death an heroic revolutionary fighter.

In his early youth he enlisted in the ranks of the socialist movement. In 1921 he joined the Communist Party and became secretary of the Young Communist League in the province of Forli. When fascism first lifted its head Sozzi stood in the front ranks of fighters against the armed bands of Blackshirts. The workers who knew him remember his zeal and his passion; but they also remember his nerve and his courage in battle against the enemy. In the fire of the civil war which accompanied the "March on Rome," Gastone Sozzi had learned how to unite the enthusiasm of a fighter with the coolness of a revolutionary leader, who must know all the difficulties of battle.

Hated, hunted, he was forced in 1922 to go into hiding for the first time in order to escape the police, who had cooked up a false charge against him and other workers of Forli for the murder of a fascist. Sent by his party to the Lenin Institute in Leningrad, he excelled as a student fired by a revolutionary proletarian spirit. In the meantime the charge of the police was openly discredited. Towards the end of 1924 Sozzi could return to Italy. After a year of military service he placed himself again at the disposal of his party. Forced to live as an "illegal," he was very active in the Communist Party, and was the editor of the illegal paper, "The Proletarian Child."

II

The Martyrdom of Gastone Sozzi in the Prison of Perugia

THE bloody strike of Gallarate (October, 1927), in the course of which two workers were killed, the broadening of the labor movement in Venice, in the province of Milan and in Piedmont let loose a new wave of terror against the working class. The pressure of the police grew. The arrests and raids were no longer to be counted. On November 4, 1927, Gastone Sozzi fell into the hands of the police in Milan. He spent a few weeks in the prison of San Vittore. At the beginning of December he was transferred to the prison of Perugia by six plain-clothes men. In spite of his strong constitution the countenance of Sozzi gave evidence of great suffering. His face bore signs of blows. In Perugia he was confined in an underground cell, which was ordinarily used as punishment for those who attempted escape. Sozzi was not permitted to write to his family, so they knew nothing about his arrest or his transfer to Perugia.

Immediately after Sozzi's arrival at Perugia there came to this small Umbrian town General Ciardi, military head of the Special Court, and an inspector from the state department. Sozzi was considered responsible for a large part of the illegal deeds of the Communist Party. Sozzi, therefore, "knew" something: he must "speak." The martyrdom of Gastone Sozzi began.

Was Tortured

He was at first submitted to a preliminary examination by his inquisitors, at which every negative answer was followed by blows of a horsewhip. This failing, he was placed in solitary confinement, for many days without food, in the hope that long fasting would weaken his power of resistance. Again forceful methods were used. He was beaten on every part of his body with clubs and horsewhips. This procedure was continued for many weeks, but the officer and the inspector did not succeed in tearing a single word from Sozzi. The executioners tried other means. They knew that for a month's time he had been father of a child which he had not seen. They gave him permission to write home and receive answers. Sozzi's wife and father learned that Gastone was imprisoned in Perugia. In vain did they try to arrange a meeting with him or, at least, for a lawyer to visit him.

The exchange of letters between the prisoner and his family lasted for some time. Then again unendurable silence. Finally a short laconic notice from the police that "Gastone Sozzi has committed suicide by hanging himself from the bars of his cell on the night between the 6th and 7th of February."

What happened to Sozzi?

Fascist Terror

When every means at the disposal of Rome to obtain a confession was employed and failed, more awful tortures were invented. A fascist chemist of Perugia suggested to the Blackshirts a new form of torture—injections of a strong iodine solution. Gastone Sozzi received such injections. The iodine transformed the bowels into sore shreds. The prisoner fell unconscious. When he had regained consciousness for a few moments he was offered complete freedom and a monthly stipend of 5,000 lire if he would take service with the fascist police. Sozzi refused. It now only remained for the vile fascist officials to finish their work. On the night between the 6th and 7th of February Sozzi was murdered in his cell.

The autopsy of the body would have revealed many things. But Mussolini would not grant this to Sozzi's father and wife, who had hurried to Perugia with the child Sergio as soon as they had heard of his death. The relatives saw Gastone Sozzi on his death bed in a prison cell; and they also saw no sign of hanging on his neck. After many days of "negotiations" between Perugia and Rome permission was granted to remove the coffin to Cesena, the resting place of the martyr, but no permission was granted for a burial. Sozzi was guarded by fascist sheriffs until he was buried.

COURT PAROLE IS IMPRISONMENT

Religious Groups Glad to Give Up Violators

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Being a constant reader of your newspaper of truth and facts, I hereby call your attention to the existence of the Parole Commission that handles only cases of persons sentenced to the indefinite term of the city penitentiary. I mean to show you how unnecessary it is to keep this commission in existence, which consists of a chairman, who receives a salary of $8,500 a year, and two of his associates who receive $6,500 a year each. Also others such as secretaries, ex-officios, clerks, etc., all of whom are appointed by the capitalists.

Now I will start at the root and prove my contention beyond the shadow of a doubt. (1) Before sentence, a court parole officer or investigator makes a very careful investigation of the defendants past record of his entire lifetime and presents such findings to the court.

(2) Then the court sentences the defendant to the city penitentiary.

(3) The case goes into the hands of this parole commission and they fix the length of time that the defendant is to serve.

(4) Such time as they fix must be sanctioned by the court.

Can anyone deny that our courts are not able to fix the time that the defendant is to serve. Surely our high-priced judicial minds should be capable of performing such a minor undertaking and bring some relief to the working class and the real tax-payers of this city.

Jobs to Favorites.

I only give you this as an example that exists not only in the Department of Correction but in every department of the present Tammany government of this city that manufactures these jobs as personal favors for votes to uphold the bosses, who are the representatives of the capitalists.

To clean the house thoroly and do away with all unnecessary positions will save many millions of dollars yearly of the poor people's money.

Try as you may to get other papers to copy. Oh, no, not in this Tammany stronghold.

The voters who go to the polls and sign their names on the dotted line should open their eyes and see how their money is used to buy other votes and to benefit the capitalists of this city.

When the former chairman of the parole commission, B. De N. Cruger, resigned, Jimmy Walker, the mayor, expressed regret that this city should lose such an ardent and dutiful servant. Let us ask Night-Club Jim Walker just what duties did this $8,500 a year man perform? The answer is, very, very little, and not at all needed.

Report Violators.

For men out on parole, we have the Catholic Big Brothers, Jewish Board of Charities, Salvation Army and other organizations that would gladly have paroled men to report to them and report violators to the committing judge and do all this work gratis.

I hope I made myself very plain and that you will notify our friends.

Begging to remain a friend,

—JAMES CARROLL.

MINE OWNERS IN PENNSYLVANIA IN NEW WAGE SLASH

Accidents Increase in Scab Mines

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 9.—Following the wage-slashing move of the H. C. Frick Coke Company, coal operators in the bituminous area are launching a drive to cut still further the starvation wages they are now paying. The Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Co. is cutting loaders' pay from 65 to 58 cents a ton, and cutters' pay from 12 to 11 cents.

An unusually large number of serious accidents have occurred at the Pittsburgh Terminal mines within the past month, according to reports received by the National Miners' Relief Committee.

John Motko, 48, was killed Friday, July 6, by a slate fall in Mollenauer, at the number three mine Mike Susko had his leg broken in the same mine, and many others were seriously burned by motors and cutting machines. These workers are having their pay slashed.

Any disputes which may arise in these open shop mines, between superintendent and miners is invariably settled by the coal and iron police who are always at hand. These police, who are hired, fired, paid and entirely at the disposal of the coal company, are licensed by the state and enjoy full police power. There are no checkweighmen or miners' pit committees as in union mines, to demand fair weight and full pay.

The non-union miners, mostly Negroes imported from the south, live in company houses penned in by high walls. They buy their food in company-owned stores with script money coined by the operators, at the price their store representatives demand. It is such virtual peonage that thousands of bituminous miners are striking against. The National Miners' Relief Committee is raising funds to save their families from starvation. All funds sent to their headquarters at 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, are used for the purpose of helping the strikers.

DEFEATS STRIKE VOTE ISSUED BY RANK AND FILE

"Lip Service," But No Real Action

(By Miner Correspondent.)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa. (By Mail)—At the meeting of the General Grievance committee of the Pennsylvania Coal Co., at which local unions from the following collieries were represented: No. 6, Ewen Central, No. 9, Butler, Barnum and No. 14, a motion was presented to declare a general strike of all the collieries of the Pennsylvania Coal Co.

Frank McGarry, the so-called new president of District No. 1 of the United Mine Workers of America fought against this motion and the meeting was adjourned with a heated discussion lead by delegates from local unions Ewen and No. 6 who demanded a call for a general strike.

Demand General Strike.

Miners who are employed by the Pennsylvania Coal Co. demand a general strike to force the company to eliminate contractors and reopen the closed collieries, and prevent the company from using mechanical loaders without adjusting wages and shortening working hours.

This shows McGarry is against a general strike altho he says he is in favor of closing every colliery in District No. 1 if it is necessary to eliminate the special mining contract system, and to equalize the work. Also to that effect a resolution was adopted by the special district convention held recently in Scranton.

McGarry's opposition today to the strike proves that he is not willing to fight for the interests of the miners; this new misleader of the miners already shows that the coal diggers must depend on their own forces and not to depend on McGarry, who only gives a lip service against the contractors system and refuses to fight against the contractors.

The Save-the-Union Committee of District No. 1 is leading a fight for a general strike of the mines under the Pennsylvania Coal Co.

NEW ENGLAND HEAT WAVE

BOSTON, July 9 (UP).—New England still suffered today from the most severe heat wave of the season, with no relief in sight before tomorrow night.

Pittsburgh to Organize Speakers for Campaign

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 9.—The Workers (Communist) Party of Pittsburgh District is making arrangements to prepare for an effective election campaign. Reports from the field indicate that the workers are busy getting signatures for the Nomination Petitions and it is expected that the required number of signatures will be secured within several days.

Preparations are under way to hold open air meetings regularly in various parts of the City of Pittsburgh. A number of comrades were selected who will be trained to speak at these meetings on the various issues of the campaign. A meeting of all these comrades will be held at the District Office, 805 James St., N. S. Pittsburgh, July 12, at 8 p. m.

Anthracite Miners Rising in Revolt Against Wage Cuts

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 9.—At the meeting of the Local Union No. 310 of Dupont, miners and mine workers complained that their wages have been cut to the point at which laborers are getting about $1.65 a day; miners cannot make more than $3.50 or $4.00 per day. Members of the local are employed in the Florence Colliery of the Lehigh & Wyoming Coal Mining Co. It was also reported that in Slopes No. 2 and No. 4, rates were cut down. Miners decided to go on strike if company will not live up to the existing agreement.

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—*DRAMA*—

A Curious Picture About Communists at the Cameo

"THE Loves of Jeanne Ney," a Ufa film imported from Germany, presents what would be called a new orientation in the treatment of Communists in motion pictures. The Bolshevik is beardless, and thruout most of the film, human. In fact a Communist is the hero, the defeated aristocrats of Russia are degenerates and the villain is the worst of them. We have come to this, comrades. But don't cheer. With all this, the picture is by and large a lot of unvarnished drivel. It is absurd in story and undistinguished in acting.

It is also one of the most curious things ever shown on the screen. "The Loves of Jeanne Ney" is so titled only to lure the price of admission from what you have left after paying the rent. The story isn't that kind at all. It is a perfectly moral tho absurdly foolish tale of only one love, not many, of a Communist leader and the ward of a counter-revolutionist and peddler of czarist diamonds that find their way out of Russia.

The story is laid in the Crimea after the revolution. The Reds drive out the debauched aristocrats and one of the rewards of our Communist hero for his share in the job is to be sent to Paris where his sweetie has gone. He is sent by the leading committee who do this as a favor, knowing the weakness of our hero for the ward of the counter-revolutionist, who was shot by our hero himself, in person.

In Paris our hero almost gets into a lot of trouble but for the happy assistance of his lady friend and everything comes out just fine in the end. The hero, who is on party work among the French seamen, is to be led out of jail and his Communist activity is not only not disclosed but is not even presented to his discredit. Of course, a few scenes of a Red firing squad in action are not aimed to make the Communists more popular. Yet, in the main, the story is simply as related here: a story with a Communist hero, in which there is an aristocratic villain and in which the nobility is just so much mud.

There you are. As queer a fool thing as ever you saw. And if it isn't a new orientation it isn't either a picture that should have necessarily been imported all the way from Germany. Surely we do as bad here. Uno Henning, acting the handsome Communist, does it well and handsomely. His sweetie Jeanne, who isn't as bad as the title makes her, is nicely acted by a young and attractive lady named Edith Jehanne.

Better Coming.

On the same program at the Cameo Theatre this week, is one of the very early Chaplin pictures "The Vagabond." Every Chaplin picture, no matter how old, has some funny stuff in it. Also, there is an announcement that soon there will be shown a bill composed of "Hunting Big Game In Africa" and "The Arctic Seal Hunt." Now that's better. We have never seen a really bad animal picture.

W. C.

AMUSEMENTS

LUNA PARK The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
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Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
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SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'way
Now
Film Arts Guild Presents American Premiere
Thrilling Drama of Russia and REAL Paris

"LOVES Of Jeanne Ney"
A UFA Production
Featuring Brigette Helm of "Metropolis"
Directed by G. W. Pabst, director of "SECRETS OF THE SOUL"
Also Showing:
Chas. Chaplin in "The Vagabond"

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Fruit Store Boss-Gangster-Judge Alliance Fails to Break Clerks' Strike in the Bronx

JUDGE DOURAS IS PART OF BOSSES' TERROR MACHINE

Union Will Continue Bathgate Strike

Despite the co-operation of the police, gangsters, Judge Douras, of the local magistrates court, and numerous injunctions, the owners of a group of retail fruit stores on Bathgate Ave., between Claremont Parkway and 174th St., have not succeeded in breaking the strike of the fruit store clerks which began April 9.

Hired thugs have repeatedly made murderous assaults on the picketing strikers. Magistrate Douras is pursuing a deliberate policy of mulcting heavy fines from the pickets after they are brought into court, still bearing the marks of the gangsters' blackjacks and lead pipes.

Despite the protests of the union attorneys, the city authorities refuse to permit the usual procedure of different judges rotating in the magistrates court. Douras has been kept here so as to serve the same purpose as the underworld character— to terrorize the pickets.

Defying the wholesale terror, the fruit clerks union declares its readiness to expend all its energies in continuing the strike here.

Since the calling of the general strike the union has succeeded in forcing over 100 employers to agree to union conditions on a signed contract. Only the present market and one other firm still remains out on strike.

This firm is also controlled by the group of bosses in the Bathgate Ave. market. The store of A. Taub, 933 Tremont Ave., was forced into bankruptcy by the strike of the fruit clerks in spite of a drastic anti-picketing injunction obtained by the owner. Now the store is owned by the Bathgate Ave. bosses and the former owner, Taub, works as foreman of a few scabs, receiving a weekly salary. A co-operative fruit and vegetable store across the street and operated by the strikers was an extremely potent weapon in the workers' hands. The strike, however, still continues.

On Bathgate Ave. only two stores have signed with the union. They are at 1610 and 1688 Bathgate Ave.

HACKMAN HELD UP BY GUNMAN

One of Score Each Week-End

Leslie Dale, a Bronx taxi driver of 248 Powers Ave., near E. 142nd St., who was held up in one of the regular week-end taxi hold-ups, which average between fifteen and twenty each week, escaped possibly with his life when the gangster was stopped by a policeman.

The gunman, John Bailey, boarded the driver's cab at Lenox Ave. and 138th St. At 104th St. the gangster drew his gun and ordered the driver to obey instructions. After forcing the driver east to First Ave., Bailey ordered Dale to pass over all his money. A passing policeman, who noted the queer behavior of the cab, made the arrest.

Taxi drivers must run their own risks against hold-ups, accidents and other trials of their trade. They are held up most frequently, it is charged, not only by the professional gunmen, but by Tammany police, who take their "rake-off" for permitting the drivers to operate. Under a recent ruling of Tammany Compensation Commissioner Lane, drivers are not entitled to compensation for accidents and injuries like other workers.

Joseph Bruno, Paper Plate Militant, Dead

(By a Worker Correspondent)

I am sure that The DAILY WORKER is the only paper that would print these few lines concerning the sudden death of our Brother Joseph Bruno on last Friday, so I send this to you.

Joseph Bruno was a progressive member of the Paper Plate and Bag Makers' Union Local 107. He worked for fourteen years in the same paper plate factory in Brooklyn and became a member of the union since its inception some ten years ago. He has often contributed funds for the support of The DAILY WORKER, for the aid of the striking, starving miners.

Brother Bruno was sixty-one years of age when he left our ranks. As soon as he was pronounced gone, the Shop Committee declared a five minute halt in the work in honor of their lost Brother's memory.

The funeral of our departed Brother Joseph Bruno took place on Monday morning, July 9.

A SHOP BROTHER.

Latest in the Preparation For the Coming Imperialist War

U. S. militarists are hailing the Sikorsky bomber shown above as the latest word in the technique of slaughtering the workers in imperialist war. Photo at left shows new bomber in full view; at right plane is shown in flight.

TAMMANY HIGHER UP ELUDES HUNT

Grafters Still Roam Unmolested

The "man higher up" in the $200,000,000 Tammany street cleaning graft scandal is now being closely pursued, according to information given out by Commissioner of Accounts, James A. Higgins, yesterday. Commissioner Higgins during his past two months of investigation is said to have made a record of chasing grafters under cover. There have been a number of "suspensions" and a few resignations, but no real change has resulted in the system.

Two minor officials were sentenced to Sing Sing, but the real grafters whose connections are said to extend directly to the city hall, have been left to continue unmolested.

Unofficial information emanating, it is believed, from the offices of Higgins declare that the "man higher up" is a substantial contributor to past Tammany political campaigns" and to have had "close personal relations with Alfred A. Taylor, Commissioner of the Street Cleaning Department.

The DAILY WORKER has repeatedly charged that the "man higher up" is Taylor himself. It has further been charged that Mayor Jimmie Walker who has risen to defend Taylor at a definite moment about two months ago when Taylor was threatened with exposure by Controller Craig, is himself involved in the situation.

Farmers Arrested, Erroneous Charges

JUGO SLAVIA, July 9. — The farmers Mato Stankovic and Mato Brlic were arrested in the village of Martinska on the 13th of May and brought to the prison of Sisak. There they were so badly maltreated and beaten by the warden that their whole body, especially the face and neck were covered with wounds. It went especially bad with Brlic, who after taking a few steps collapsed and was only brought back to consciousness after choking him and pulling his hair.

Both farmers are now being set free, since it has come out that their conviction was an erroneous one.

Fascists Kill Nine

BUCHAREST, July 9.—Nine out of ten prisoners sentenced for life were killed in an attempt to escape from the Horthy government prison here today.

A hole was dug in the wall of the prison to effect their escape. The tenth victim was wounded and recaptured.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Pittsburgh Party Speakers.

A meeting of all comrades who have been selected to be trained to speak at open-air meetings will be held at the District Office, 805 James St., N. S., Pittsburgh, July 12, 8:00 p. m. daylight savings time. At this meeting the general policies of the speakers will be discussed.

Much work has already been done in connection with the election campaign. A successful speakers' meeting will further our activities greatly.

• • •

Philadelphia Picnic.

Workers (Communist) Party, District Three, will hold a picnic and carnival on Labor Day at Shutzen Park. Benjamin Gitlow will speak.

• • •

Four A's Meet.

A meeting of the A. A. A. A. of Chicago will be held Wednesday, July 11, at the Co-operative Center, 1628 W. Division St. (second floor), near Ashland Ave., at 8:00 p. m. promptly. Carl Haessler will lecture on "The Campaign Against Religious Reaction in the Soviet Union," illustrated by colored posters. Admission free.

• • •

Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

• • •

Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

Michigan Speaking Tour.

DETROIT, Mich.—The District Organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Detroit will make a tour of this district for the purpose of organizing new branches of the League throughout the state. The following cities will be visited:

Tuesday, July 10, Muskegon.
Wednesday, July 11, Grand Rapids.
Thursday, July 12, Saginaw.
Friday, July 13, Flint.
Saturday, July 14, Pontiac.

All young workers are invited to attend these meetings.

MARINE WORKERS MOVE FOR UNION

Plans for the organization of the marine workers, the mobilization of the seamen and longshoremen against attacks being made by the shipping bosses on the living standards of these workers will be discussed at a meeting called for this evening under the auspices of the International Seamen's Club of 28 South St.

"The vast majority of the marine workers are either totally unorganized or belong to organizations which refuse to fight for their welfare," the call for the organization meeting declares.

Hundreds of marine workers are expected to attend the mass meeting tonight. Conditions in the trade have come to a point where action is imperative. Organization tasks, the grievances of the workers, the methods of solving the problems of the trade, will be discussed in detail. Prominent speakers will address the meeting, which is called for 8 p. m. tonight at the headquarters of the eSamen's Club, 28 South St. There will be rank and file discussion from the floor.

Salmon Trollers Win Organization Fight

SEATTLE, July 9 (FP).—The 3-week strike of salmon trollers from the Columbia River and Puget Sound ended in compromise. They got a smaller price for salmon than they demanded, but their greatest victory was solid organization in the Trolling Vessel Owners Association to which all of the trollers now belong. The solidarity was surprising, for the troller is an individualist worker.

DETROIT MINERS PICNIC JULY 29

Relief Week Planned July 22-29

DETROIT, Mich., July 9.—The Detroit Miners' Relief Conference will hold a picnic at Woodgrove Park on July 29th which will have new and unusual features, it is announced.

A big sport program including football and baseball games is being arranged by the Labor Sports Union. An unusual feature is an international dance contest with a prize for the winners of a beautiful Red Silk Miners' Banner which is being made at present by the miners' wives of Renton, Pa.

From Saturday, July 22, to July 29 will be National Miners' Relief and Defense Week, and the picnic will be the culminating event of the "week."

The picnic will be held at Woodgrove Park, 11 Mile and Dequindre. Directions by street car: Take car to Ford's Highland Park Plant, then take John R. Bus to 11 Mile Road and our trucks will take you to picnic grounds. By auto: 11 Mile Road to Dequindre and turn 1 block north of 11 Mile Road.

Rebecca Grecht Will Speak at Section Meet

A general section membership meeting of Section 5 will be held tonight at 8:30 p. m., at 2075 Clinton Ave. Rebecca Grecht will report on the immediate steps to be taken in the election campaign.

Every member of the section has been urged to attend this meeting, which will be the most important one held up till now. A roll call will be taken.

The Wall Street White Collar Slaves

By PHILIP FRANKFELD.

Those of us who have participated in Wall Street demonstrations on one occasion or another have observed an interesting phenomenon which deserves attention. This is the reaction on the part of the white collar slaves to our efforts.

In the British Embassy demonstration held a year ago, our line was not molested by the police at all. Perhaps it was due to the excellent organization work; perhaps due to the fact that the cops were Irish. At any rate at the very beginning our line of march was not interfered with or broken up by the police.

It was the office workers, the clerks and typists, who jeered at us, who laughed, sneered and tried to stop us.

During the meeting our speakers were all showered with clips, pins ink bottles, the ink was of many colors. They tore down our banners and yelled down our speakers

Same Objectors.

When the demonstration was held in Wall St. as a protest against the brutality and murderous actions of the National Guard on the Rockefeller mines in Colorado, again it was the white collar slaves who bore down on our handful of comrades tore down their signs; and beat up some of us.

In the last Wall Street demonstration held on July 3rd, the very same thing took place. While the police were determined to cut the demonstration short, and were well prepared for us, nevertheless the Wall St. hoodlums booed, jeered threatened, and at one point raised the cry of "Lynch the Red," "Kill the dirty Bolshevik," and other such cries were heard as Comrade Minor was yanked off the car and marched off to the station house. One little $12 a week shipping boy was so enraged at us that he kicked the car with all his might, and finding that he could not make an impression in that fashion, picked up one of our signs and tore it to small pieces.

What is the reason for these violent reactions on the part of these white collar workers? What can be done about the matter?

Underpaid.

In the first place, we must understand that these office workers receive miserable wages. But their proximity to the world's greatest banking institutions; the illusions which they still cherish about being able to duplicate the careers of any one of their "heroes," the education they have undergone in the public schools plus their prejudices, and ignorance of general social problems make them into excellent inflammable material against the Party and League. The yearly bonus which some of them receive in their various places of employment, are like a bone thrown to a dog; they grab it up eagerly and are very thankful for it.

Even the elementary expressions of the class struggle failed to move these workers; the call of unionism fell on empty ears.

Are we to permit these white collar slaves to retain their hostility towards us? No—absolutely not! The least we can do is to neutralize them towards our movement and towards our ideas. Many of them may never be on our side. Many of them will refuse at all times to listen to us. Others in the course of time will have their illusions destroyed; still others will just be indifferent; and a few may be won for our cause. This will require our issuing leaflets to them; this will mean that a campaign to unionize them may have to be carried on.

600,000 Office Workers.

New York is a commercial center and employs about 600,000 office workers. These office workers will have to be organized, will have to be won for the class struggle. We will have to educate them to the principles of our Party and of our League. This does not mean that we will concentrate only on these white collar workers. Our main emphasis will and must always be on the unskilled and the semi-skilled workers; and our main work will always be amongst the masses of unorganized and exploited youth and adult workers.

9 DEAD AS HEAT WAVE HITS CITY

Worker, 60, Dies on Job Here

Nine persons died from heat prostration, two were drowned, and another was reported seriously injured in a traffic accident due to the tremendous exodus from the scorching city yesterday.

Over 2,000,000 persons are estimated to have fled from New York City in an effort to escape the oppressive wave of heat. High humidity added to the discomfort.

William K. Ferguson, 60, of 196 Lefferts Pl., Brooklyn, a watchman at 116 Broad St., collapsed and died at his job before the noon hour. Irving Fergfeler, 25, of 111 E. 107th St., sought the cooling waters of the Hudson at the foot of 117th St. He disappeared in the stream, and it was being dragged last night for his body.

An unidentified youth of 20 was drowned in the surf at Coney Island at the foot of 12th St. Thousands of wage slaves swarmed over the island all day in an effort to escape the heat.

A Coney Island bus side-swiped a trolley car on Seweall Ave., near Neptune, and the conductor of the trolley was hurled to the street. The condition of the conductor, Richard Elrod, of 433 Sixty-ninth St., Brooklyn, is reported grave.

Sports Meet Will Be Held in Moscow Soon

MOSCOW, July 9.—On August 11 there is to be held an All-Union Spartakiade in Moscow, which is expected to be the biggest sports festival ever held in the U.S.S.R. Up to 5,000 working class sportsmen from all parts of the union will participate in the Spartakiade.

Almost all the nationalities in the Soviet Union will be represented, demonstrating their colorful games and national sports. Working class sports teams are also expected from Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Great Britain, Scandinavia, Finland, Czecho-slovakia, France, America and other countries. Uruguay, South America is sending a football team.

FARM VALUES SHRINK

GALESBURG, Ill., July 8 (FP).—Farm lands in Knox county, Illinois, have shrunk in value more than $32,000,000 since the wartime peak, according to census figures cited by the county farm bureau.

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BOSSES FEAR TO END PACT WITH THE JOINT BOARD

Fur Trimmers Denying Break with Union

The strongest pressure the Associated Fur Manufacturers were able to muster against the Fur Trimming Manufacturers Association in their long standing campaign to force them to break the contract with the left wing Joint Board Furriers Union, was insufficient to outweigh the decided advantage of being able to keep their shops running, which the union would have prevented had they capitulated to the entreaties of the A. F. of L. agents and their allies, the Associated.

Denies Rumors

This fact was definitely learned when the president of the trimming bosses organization, A. Goldsmith, made public an official statement denying rumors that they were about to break off contractural relations with the Joint Board and become a partner to the so-called contract the Associated has with the right wing Joint Council.

In order that the trade, and particularly the workers, shall have no doubts about the matter, Goldsmith made certain that his statement was decidedly clear and emphatic. It said: "We are not interested in the internal affairs of the union. . . . We are simply interested in whether we get good mechanics or not. Unless some cause developes which we do not now foresee, we will probably renew the contract with the Joint Board when the present pact expires in January, 1929."

Severe Blow

All observers acquainted with the situation in the trade, the outstanding feature of which is that the Joint Board is now carrying on a renewed offensive against the right wing as well as the bosses in order to obtain July raises for the workers, agree that this is the biggest blow received in a long time by the fake Joint Council as well as the Associated Fur Manufacturers Association.

The campaign of the Joint Board for July wage raises was able to chalk up two more victories. The shops of B. Elfenstein, 145 W. 28th St., was compelled by the union to grant wage raises to all their workers amounting to $5 and $10 each. The Prime Fur Company also capitulated before the threat of a strike and granted each worker a raise of from $5 to $7.50 each. The campaign, however, is only beginning, the Joint Board declared in a statement.

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Letter Reveals Fascist Justice to Communists

The following is from a letter of the Italian correspondent of an American capitalist paper. The letter is dated, Lugano, June 16, 1928.

"The cruelty of the Italian court against the twenty Communists, and this Fascist comedy of justice has awakened a storm of protest all over the world. Now certain incidents are known that will illuminate the brutality of Mussolini "justice." The trial was officially declared open to the public. American journalists, who wished to attend the trial, were, however, not allowed to enter the court-room by the fascist policemen who guarded the entrance. No reasons were given. Thereupon we interviewed the highest chief of the State Police. The General, very friendly, said, 'naturally, the trial is public'—'Then why can we not enter?'—'No, that you cannot do. You need a special permit.' A permit? That could not be procured . . . . because the issuance of such permits had been discontinued two years ago. . . . All foreign journalists received the assurance that the trial was public and — no entrance."

Union Engineers In Ohio Win Increase

MIDDLETOWN, O., July 9 (FP)—Union engineers in the Middletown waterworks will get $2,000 after January 1, a $200 yearly raise. They are members of Local 924, Steam & Operating Engineers.

INDIA DELEGATES ASSAIL BRITISH LABOR TRAITORS

Withdraw From Fake Conference

LONDON, July 9.—The position of the British Labor Party against independence for India was affirmed here in a statement issued yesterday. The declaration followed the sensational withdrawal from the Commonwealth Labor Conference last Wednesday of the entire Indian delegation, led by Chamankal, after a resolution demanding the independence of India was thrown out.

The insincerity of the British labor reformists is revealed clearly, the Indian delegates pointed out, by the fact that the resolution was not even read by the conference delegates or circulated. They further charged that the British Labor Party was hostile to India's demand for independence and sympathetic to the Indian Statutory Commission, headed by Sir John Simon.

A particularly scathing attack has been levelled against George Lansbury, Labor M. P., for his assertion that the interests of Indian labor were "safeguarded by British labor representation on the Simon commission."

Communist Sentenced, Quoting Lenin At Meet

PRAGUE, Czecho-Slovakia, July 9. — The young Communist Taborsky was sentenced to five months at hard labor for quoting from Lenin at a mass meeting.

Baborjak, also a young Communist, was sentenced to 13 months of labor for speaking at two public meetings.

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Assistant Editor....................WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Contemptible Democracy

In the sentencing of our editor, Robert Minor, and several of our comrades to serve terms in jail for their part in the July 4th demonstration against the imperialist war in Nicaragua, the little kept courts of the American ruling class have again justified their reason for existence. The "justice" which has made a mockery of all supposed guarantees in the mine districts and has branded its brutality and class vengeance alike on the breasts of nursing mothers and on the bent backs of decrepit old men, the "justice" which keeps Mooney and Billings rotting in jail and burns Negroes at the stake before the very doors of a "democratic" convention—this justice has again been vindicated.

When Comrade Minor, asked by the little judge mumbling over his instructions from the wigwam, if he had anything to say, declared to the little Tammany henchman: "You are not a judge, you are a prosecutor!"—everyone including the nearby policemen thought he had said "You are a prostitute!"

No mistake of the ear ever revealed more expressively what the instinct of the masses has long grasped to be the fact. No marking of labels upon the poisonous brands of "justice" handed out by the Tammany administration of graft and corruption and the republican rulers of the oil scandal and of the Ohio gang is necessary to warn the masses of workers as to the real nature of these forces.

These are the products of "democracy." More accurately they are the products of a "broad" and "open" democracy. The broader the democracy, the greater the corruption, Lenin pointed out.

These efforts of "democracy" and its kept courts to shield itself against inevitable exposure by the representatives of the working class are proving valuable lessons to the masses. Notwithstanding the coming election campaign during which both old parties must again attempt to appear in the guise of liberality, the Wall Street rulers are forced ruthlessly to suppress the greatest menace to their power.

There will be very little in the future of free speech to fight for, even as an issue by those who are still deluded by the phrase. We will have only "democracy"! The kind that is handed out on Independence Day.

When the New York World said recently that in the nomination of such men as Herbert Hoover and Al Smith, democracy has been justified, the answer is: certainly your democracy has there been vindicated quite as it has been vindicated the sentencing of our comrades to jail. For such democracy the working class has only the strongest contempt.

The working class also seeks "democracy." And it is learning how to get it. Our comrades in the Soviet Union have already learned this most valuable lesson: the nature of capitalist democracy.

Here in the United States the Communists during the coming election campaign will do their part to make the subject clear. And no small share in this most important task will be taken by our comrades now in jail.

For a Better Daily Worker.

The appearance of The DAILY WORKER in its new form, and we hope, with improved content, surely will bring a thrill of proletarian pride to those readers who have watched and struggled with their paper during four years of repeated crisis and acute difficulty. That this change could have been brought about immediately after what was probably the most serious crisis through which the paper has passed is more than anything else a testimony to the virility, the indomitable courage, the fighting spirit of the working class.

No one need be under the illusion that the difficulties of The DAILY WORKER have been solved, temporarily or permanently. But in a spirit of the sanest realism, we can say: The DAILY WORKER will not be downed—because the working class will not be downed.

The shortcomings of the paper, its weaknesses are better known by its editorial staff than by the enemies of our movement. So that when we rejoice in the upward climb of our paper it is not for a moment to forget that our greatest tasks are yet to be accomplished. To this end the paper honestly seeks criticism and suggestions for its improvement. Within the limits set by financial and other walls, efforts will constantly be made in that direction.

The paper is undergoing a rebirth just as our movement is undergoing a rebirth. We are sinking our roots more deeply into the soil of the American working class. No one need feel pessimistic over the prospects ahead.

And this is where the really essential work begins—

For our paper this means, the systematic building up of a body of workers, comrades, sympathizers who in the most literal sense will become the basis of The DAILY WORKER. Our reporters must be the members of the working class. Capitalist papers report the "news" from the outside. We must have the news from those who directly help make the news—from the inside. Our news must carry the ring and the spirit of the struggle which it details. The eyes and the heart of The DAILY WORKER must be made to see and to hear the sounds and the views which appear to the working class. This can be accomplished only through the co-operation of the workers in a far greater degree than has yet been given.

A worker correspondent in every shop!

A DAILY WORKER reporter in every local trade union!

A correspondent for the working class in every strike!

A reporter to The DAILY WORKER from every mine district, from every textile section, from the farm belts, from every state and city.

Buy, read, distribute The DAILY WORKER. Agitate and propagandize its message: For the Workers—Against the Bosses! The DAILY WORKER.

Hackmen Must Organize.

Working conditions and wage standards among the 60,000 taxicab drivers of Greater New York have been forced down to such low levels that united action on the part of the rank and file is but a matter of months if not weeks. The average wage of the drivers is said to be about $30 per week. Hours vary from a minimum of about 50 to 90 per week. A large majority of drivers work the seven-day week.

The whole industry is on a piece-work, or more accurately, on a speed-up "commission" basis. Unemployment in other trades, the current economic depression and the relatively easier opportunity of securing a job as a hackman than elsewhere has brought about a steady increase in the number of workers in the field. The taxicab owners, the big fleeters, have taken advantage of these conditions to institute one of the most vicious speed-up systems to be found anywhere.

This industry will not remain indefinitely in its present state of frenzied competition. Already the bosses under the leadership of the Yellow Taxi Corporation, union hating, Morgan-controlled, "yellow-dogged," have moved to rule out competition, and as a necessary accompaniment to that proecss, to force out thousands of workers from the trade.

Again we find the common practice of "rationalization" at the expense of the workers. The industry lends itself very easily to combinations and mergers. The only reason that this development has not long since taken place on a large scale is because of the competition of the small owner-driver who by working long hours at a low income has been able to hold back the merging of the larger fleeters.

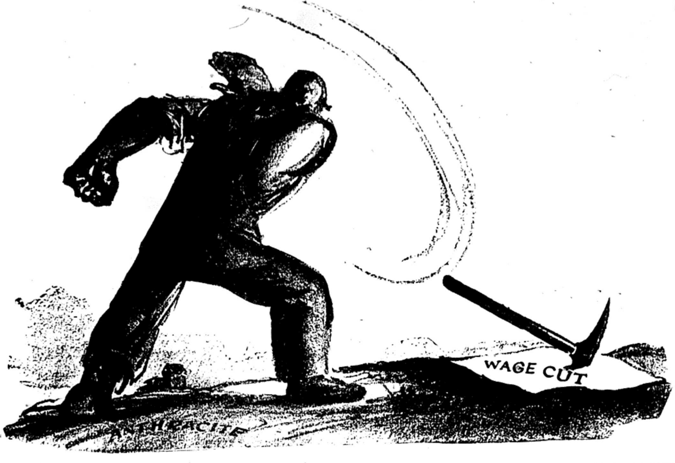
The Greater City Taxi Owners Association is now attempting to meet the problem in another way, through legislation intended to curb the little fry in the industry. The Tammany connections of these bosses will help them in their efforts, which it is understood are to be brought to a climax, "after election"—the time when many good things are scheduled to come true for the franchise seekers, the increased fare grabbers and the grafters who live on the fat of capitalism under the blessings of Tammany Hall.

The efforts to capitalize the evils in the industry have again taken the typical form of "political" agitation in a move by the editor of the "Taxi Weekly," a trade paper, toward the formation of a Hackmens' Political League. This is a palpable, Tammany Hall-Al Smith, fraud and will be exposed as such.

The taxi drivers can begin to solve their problems only through the formation of a militant, fighting union. The others are all bosses' schemes. The political power of the drivers must likewise be used to register on the workers' side, their own side, by voting the ticket of the only workers' party, the Communist Party.

MEETING THE CHALLENGE

By Fred Ellis



Told You So

A verdict of guilty was delivered by a jury against Fred Marvin, Peephole Man of America and special adviser to the Granddaughters of the American Revolution. Likewise comes the conviction of Mr. Nosovitsky, international spy, agent provocateur and general stool pigeon, on a charge of bigamy. Marvin made a living drawing up blacklists of alleged reds and Nosovitsky brought home the bacon by forging documents and marrying solvent females. Marvin is now scratching his head over the problem of how to raise $17,000 libel damages and Nosovitsky is scratching himself in jail for reasons just as disagreeable.

• • •

The way of the plebian stool-pigeon is strown with thumb tacks. Once his services are no longer required he is thrown aside with as little compunction as a scavenger would feel over pitching a dead cat into a garbage can. It is doubtful if Marvin could raise the price of a meal from his former customers, now that he has been discredited; and as for Nosovitsky if he needed the price of a delousing operation he would probably be handed a bed bug.

• • •

While on the subject of patriots, it may be of interest to our readers to know that Attorney General Reading of Massachusetts, one of the most bitter enemies of Sacco and Vanzetti, was driven from his position because of his acceptance of a $25,000 fee from the Decimo Club while the organization was under investigation by the government. This is the "patriot" who helped send the two labor leaders to the electric chair. Whenever you hear a man insisting on his burning love for his country see if his right hand is not behind his back, palm upwards.

• • •

NEITHER the republican nor democratic platforms, or at least the planks that vaguely take cognizance of the existence of the trade union movement, are satisfactory to the officials of the American Federation of Labor, according to a Washington dispatch dated July 3. A group of disgruntled labor leaders were pictured wending their way from Houston to Washington, wounded in spirit and with humbled pride. What they were doing in Houston until now was not stated. Perhaps they were sleeping off their disappointment.

• • •

BEING somewhat skeptical about the statements and motives of reactionary labor leaders, this writer is of the opinion that the boys are holding out for a better price. It would never do to give in too soon. Or probably they do not want to give the trade union membership the impression that they sold out on the first bid. It is dollars to peanuts that the labor fakers will be found ballyhooing on the democrat and republican bandwagons when the election campaign gets into its stride, regardless of how little consideration Wall Street's two parties showed the labor movement.

• • •

THE garbage inquiry now conducted by commissioner of accounts Higgins is raising a lot of dust if nothing else. It appears that there is more graft in garbage than anybody, except those most closely acquainted with it, expected. One firm friendly with both the Hylan and Walker administrations, made a cool million out of a choice chunk. Higgins' solution of the problem is to transfer department officials from one graft area to another. Thus the seed shall be spread.

Tom O'Flaherty

Placing the Party on the Ballot

By JACK STACHEL

It is no easy job to place the Communist ticket on the ballot for the presidential elections. The masters of this country have seen to it (and are improving on the situation every day as far as placing obstacles in our path is concerned), that democracy shall have her way by making it most difficult in most states and almost impossible in some states for a Workers Party to get on the ballot. Democracy is reduced to the right of the workers to vote for either of the picked candidates of the capitalists and the bankers. In the present presidential elections the capitalists are offering to the workers their two faithful servants, Big Hearted Hoover and Honest Al Smith, and the workers have full freedom to choose which of the two shall break their strikes, send the National Guards against them. And even here it must be stated that the bosses sometimes have preferences as to who shall be their office boy and these preferences are translated into campaign contributions, and it has been without exception since 1892 that the candidate with the biggest campaign fund became his masters' servant.

Why We Nominate Candidates

The Workers (Communist) Party has nominated its candidates for President and Vice-President, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, respectively. Both are workers who have proved their ability to lead the masses and their willingness to do everything that will advance the interests of their class.

The Workers (Communist) Party in nominating these candidates does not come to the workers with the hope that if its candidates were elected that this would mean the end of the rule of capitalism. We have no illusions as to the willingness of the masters to surrender without a bitter struggle in which the workers and poor farmers will defeat them. The Communist Party of America is a revolutionary party. It considers as its main task in the present election campaign the mobilization of the masses for a struggle against capitalism. While it participates in the election campaign in order to mobilize the masses for struggle, it exposes capitalist democracy, and teaches the workers that only through a revolutionary struggle can capitalism be abolished. It teaches the workers that they can not take over the capitalist state and use it against the capitalists, but that they must destroy it and set up a workers' and farmers' government (dictatorship of the proletariat) and use it for the organization of a socialist society and for the suppression of the present day ruling class.

At the same time our party, when it nominates its candidates for the various legislative bodies, is out to elect them; to elect them in order that they may use these legislative bodies as a forum from which to speak to broader masses against capitalism and capitalist parliament and organize them for the overthrow of capitalism.

Must Place Party on Ballot

The Workers (Communist) Party is the party of the workers and exploited farmers. The workers must help to place their ticket on the ballot. Not only must they sign the petitions, but our sympathizers everywhere must come to the office of the Party in their locality and give their services as canvassers for petitions to place our Party on the ballot in their state. Only if a large number of non-Party workers are drawn in to help in this work will we be assured that we will collect such a large number of petitions for the Communist candidates that the state officials will not dare to keep the workers' candidates off the ballot.

A great deal of benefit can be derived for our Party in the process of the collection of signatures by spreading the program and platform of our Party and by making important contacts for our Party. It goes without saying that our press can be greatly advanced in this work. We must not allow any of our workers to degenerate into merely going out for signatures. They must recognize that our getting on the ballot, our staying on the ballot (for many times we are taken off by the officials even after we have fulfilled all requirements) depends on the mass support of the workers. We must, therefore, do everything possible to promote the Party and its work among the masses in the collection of signatures as the best guarantee of placing the Party on the ballot, and in the first place to mobilize the masses for struggle against capitalism, to acquaint them with our literature and in every way draw them closer to our Party.

In proceeding to place our ticket on the ballot, we are confronted with different laws and regulations in every state. It is understood, of course, that the obstacles placed against the Communists are greater than against any other minority party. Every effort is being made to keep the Communist ticket off the ballot. In some states the officials openly boast that they will not allow the Communists to go on the ballot no matter what the laws provide for. It is under such conditions that our Party is working to place its presidential candidates on the ballot in order not to disfranchise those workers who want to cast their protest vote against capitalism and who no see that the Workers (Communist) Party is the only party that holds high the banner of the class struggle in the United States.

Must Collect Petitions.

In only a few states can we place our candidates on the ballot thru a state convention of our Party. Where this is allowed, it is a simple matter, aside from the fact that the state officials can place all sorts of obstacles in our way if they are determined to keep us off the ballot.

In most states, we can get on only through the collections of petitions of citizens of the state. To make it more difficult some of the states require that a certain number of signatures be secured in every county of the state. Some of these counties may have very few workers, and although we may have, let us say, instead of the required signatures in New York State over 200,000, unless we get at least 50 signatures in every county in the state we will not get on the ballot.

We have not much time in which to do this work. In some states we have to file very shortly. In all states the work is going on at this time.

We have already placed our ticket on the ballot in seven states, New Jersey, Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Michigan and Kansas.

In the 1924 presidential elections, we were on in only 14 states. This year we hope to be on in a minimum of 30 states, and perhaps we will succeed in getting on in about 35 states. We are, of course, concentrating on the most important industrial states and on the most important agricultural states. If we get on in only 30 states, these states will represent about 80 per cent of the population and about 90 per cent of the industrial workers in this country.

The job is a difficult one but it can be done. It will be done with the full mobilization of our Party membership for the collection of signatures and with the help of all our sympathizers.

Great Opportunity For Party.

We have the opportunity in the coming elections of placing the Party before the workers as a serious political party fighting in their interests. We have shown the masses that we can lead them in the miners' struggle, needle trades struggle, the struggle of the textile workers and a score of other important struggles. We have never fully mobilized our strength to show them that we are also their leader in the political struggles and even in the election campaign which to us is part of the same class struggle that rages in the mines, mills and factories.

The socialist party, which is today nothing more than a petty bourgeois party—a party of small shop keepers, professionals and retired radicals—in this campaign does not even make the pretense as it once did, that it is a party of class struggle. At the last convention, the socialist party deleted the class struggle pledge from its membership application card and substituted a pledge to follow the policy of independent political action. Mind you, not working class independent political action, but just merely independent political action. Independent only of the democratic and republican parties, but not independent of capitalism.

The socialist party is ready for another third party like the La Follette movement of 1924 and in fact claims that it has become the inheritor of the La Follette traditions and is the third party. It is true that the ideology of the La Follette movement has been substituted for Marxism in the socialist party but the votes of La Follette will go to Hoover and Smith and many of the socialist leaders will be found on the Smith bandwagon. Already a number of them, including the socialist Negro leader, A. Philip Randolph and the socialist councilmen of Milwaukee, have gone in favor of Smith. Even the Forward, the organ of the socialist party, is not very strong in its criticism of Al Smith. One thing is certain, the socialist party has ceased being a workers' party. It will not gain much favor among the petty bourgeois elements on whom it is basing itself. These elements will vote for Smith. They believe in success.

In this situation, our Party has great opportunities as the only party of the class struggle in the United States. Give the militant workers an opportunity to demonstrate their growing class consciousness on election day by voting the Communist Party ticket. Place the Party on the ballot so that they will have an opportunity to do this.

The Tasks of the Red Labor International

(Continued.)

Workers in the leather trades throughout the world are experiencing more adverse conditions today. The burden of rationalizing the enterprises is being shifted entirely onto the shoulders of the workers. The profits of the employers are being enhanced at the expense of the wages of the men. The policy of the reformist leaders is to aid the employers.

In view of the general situation and especially the outstanding features observed here, the Leather Workers' Conference urged in its resolutions that a struggle be taken up first of all to combat the lowering of the living standards of the workers. The basic slogans of this struggle are to be the following demands: Seven-hour day, wage rates to be preserved in conformity with the living minimum, protection of labor, especially for women workers and juniors, to struggle against the consequences of rationalization and to combat obligatory state arbitration. Furthermore, the resolution stresses the necessity of maintaining connections with, and having the support of, the whole proletariat of the U. S. S. R. and especially of the U. S. S. R. leather workers.

MINERS' CONFERENCE

Between 1926 and 1927 the exploitation of the workers in the mining industry has increased, while yet more speed-up systems have been introduced. Meanwhile in all countries a new movement is gaining ground to struggle against the capitalist onslaught. The new strike wave was enhanced after the defeat of the British miners in 1926. New disputes and collisions are therefore inevitable. A further intensification of the struggle will take place. Realizing these facts and the relative weakness of the revolutionary miners' organizations, this conference considered it necessary to strengthen organizational and agitational activities, to reinforce trade union influence in the large industrial centers and to enhance the struggle against the reformists for the leadership of the miners' movement.

The following basic questions were taken up: The question of organizing mutual aid during strikes and lockouts on a wider scale, questions of strike tactics, to increase the struggle to legalize the activities of the oppositions, to struggle against unemployment, to combat the fascist, reformist and company unions and especially the "Miners International," which is, in fact, a scab organization. To carry out the tactics of unity, organize the unemployed and unorganized workers, to reinforce publicity activities and organize "fraternities"—these being the basic tasks put forward by the conference for execution during the coming period.

METAL WORKERS' CONFERENCE

The conference noted that as a result of the intensive introduction of capitalist rationalization exploitation of the workers in the metal trades has increased during the last few years. The economic position of this branch of industry is such that a direct and unconcealed attack on the gains of the workers is inevitable. Unemployment is on the increase, labor conditions are becoming worse and hours are being lengthened, which will cause and is already causing more disputes and strikes in all countries. In this process the role of the reformists is seen in their active support of the capitalists by preventing the mobilization of the metal workers' forces. This conference noted at the same time that the metal workers are discarding their former passivity and entering a new period of active class struggles. A new rise of the economic and strike movement is now becoming apparent. In view of these facts of the present situation the Metal Workers' Conference considers it necessary to conduct a campaign to win over the broad masses of social-democratic and non-party workers in the unions for the revolutionary oppositions, making clear to the workers at large the political significance of the strike struggle and the necessity of mercilessly combating the idea of industrial peace. The conference considers the central task of the present movement to be the strengthening of the struggle against the reformists, exposing their tactics and their true character. Turning to organizational questions the conference urged the following basic tasks—to get organized control of the growing movement among the workers, to reinforce connections with the Metal Workers' I. P. C. and take direct participation in the activities, to strengthen its financial base, and revise its rules in connection with several changes in its activities.

The creation of a real militant class international of workers in the iron and steel trades is the basic task confronting the revolutionary metal workers' trade union movement; all the efforts of the M. W. I. P. C. must be concentrated to bring this about.

DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL ON PAGE 3

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

LEWIS MACHINE MOVES TO BREAK MINERS' STRIKE

Orders 7,500 Coal Diggers Back

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

MAUCH CHUNK, July 10.—Further strike-breaking activities on the part of the John L. Lewis machine were disclosed here when Andrew Matty, district president of the United Mine Workers, ordered 7,500 striking coal miners back to work.

The miners went out last week on a sympathy strike when the Lehigh Valley Coal and Navigation Company, by whom they are employed, locked out a number of its workers in other pits in direct violation of the existing agreement. Considerable resentment has been aroused among the miners of the anthracite over the establishment of the contractor system and the failure of the Lewis machine officials in all districts to fight against this and other evils.

The attempt by Matty to break the strike of the Lehigh Valley coal workers will, it is expected, meet with the firm resistance of the rank and file. The progressives, under the leadership of the Save-the-Union movement, have endorsed the strike and are fighting for the elimination of the existing evils in the anthracite and against the Lewis machine.

AUTO CARAVANS TO MINE FIELDS

Prepare For Defence Week July 22-29

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, July 10. — In preparation for the Miners' Defense Week July 22-29, a caravan of automobiles carrying relief workers and sympathizers direct to the industrial battle front in western Pennsylvania will leave every city and town east of Chicago where there are relief committees or International Labor Defense branches, this Friday. The New York City National Miners' Relief Committees are arranging the caravan; participants will take care of their own expenses.

Those who go will see the mounted state troopers and coal and iron police patrol the roads. They will see the scab patch, where imported strikebreakers live, hemmed in by high walls.

See Scenes of Attack.

Renton, scene of the infamous attack of the state troopers upon men, women and children pickets who gathered along the road to keep the first shipment of scabs from entering the coal pits, will be one of the first camps visited. Thirty mounted

(Continued on Page Two)

ASSAILS BROTHER IN CAFE STRIKE

Sazar, Left Winger, Will Picket

The workers on strike for the recognition of their union against the owners of the True Food Vegetarian Restaurant, 44th St. and Broadway, received new encouragement yesterday when the brother of the restaurant owner issued a statement denouncing him for his anti-labor stand and agreeing to go on the picket line for the workers on strike.

Henry Sazer, himself the leader of the left wing in the Cloth, Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers Union, yesterday condemned his brother, Benjamin Sazer, who, he said, had made all his money out of the patronage of union men, and declared, "I always stand ready to help my union brothers, even if it means to assist in a fight against my own brother."

Sazer further explained that his brother and his partner, Tofilofsky, had always posed as a semi-radical in order to retain the good will of his customers. His brother, he said, is still a member of the Jewish National Workingmen's Alliance, a socialist-controlled organization. He also stated his intention to picket the restaurant in order to assist the strikers.

Particularly emphatic was Sazer's condemnation of his brother, who on the one hand can pose as "sympathetic" to labor and on the other hand can order the arrest of pick-

Militarist Is Crook

Harlow Hardy, 30, graduate of the Annapolis Naval Academy, who found his jingo education of great value in his trade of skipping hotels without paying bills. Hardy rose to the top of his profession, becoming known as the "King of Hotel Deadbeats." His latest stopping place is Sing Sing Prison, where this 100 percenter will have to spend two to four years before being allowed to skip.

MOSCOW PLANS BIG CELEBRATION

Anniversary of USSR Constitution

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 10.—A delegation comprising six hundred Kharkov workers arrived here yesterday to participate in the celebrations on the occasion of the fifth anniversary of the proclamation of the U. S. S. R. constitution.

They were cordially met by workers of Moscow, when they arrived at the railway station. The celebration, according to reports received here so far, and according to the spirit and overwhelming enthusiasm that the Moscow workers are showing at present, seem to be a certain indication that the jubilee will be one of the most impressive and joyous demonstrations held here.

BISCUIT SLAVE URGES UNION

Hot Weather Adds to Misery in Plants

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The other day I read in The DAILY WORKER about the miserable conditions in the National Biscuit Company.

Being an employe of that plant myself, I not only approve of the statement, but also want to add that it is even worse. The speed-up system of the place is almost intolerable. New machinery is being brought in practically every day which means that less workers are employed and the employed are therefore driven to do more work. And if anyone complains, the bosses have a quick and ready reply: "If you don't like it you can look for another job."

During the summer the heat in the National Biscuit plants are unbearable. There are no electric fans, and sometimes the workers are compelled to close the windows which are slightly opened because of interference with the work. The foremen in their palm beach suits have made an art of slave-driving.

I want to say to the fellow-workers in the National Biscuit plants: It is about time that we realized what is happening about us. It is about time we organized a union to fight for us and protect us. We cannot expect anything from the company. The company is organized against us.

MINOR, 4 OTHER WORKERS, HELD INCOMMUNICADO

Young Pioneer Ordered Sent to Indiana

While Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for U. S. Senator, and four other workers were held in jail practically incommunicado for taking part in an anti-imperialist demonstration July 3, another participant in the demonstration was yesterday caught in the machinery of capitalist "justice" when Magistrate Samuel D. Levy of the Children's Court condemned Rose Plotkin, 13-year-old Young Pioneer, to be sent back to her home town in Indiana.

The young militant had been kept prisoner in the Heckscher Foundation since her arrest. When she appeared for trial yesterday morning, Jacques Buitenkant, defending attorney, representing the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, asked that the case be postponed in order that Fanny Plotkin, the sister and guardian of the young accused, might have an opportunity to testify. Fanny Plotkin was serving a two-day sentence for her part in the demonstration. The magistrate, evidently acting on instructions fro mhigher up, refused, declaring that Fanny Plotkin was "unfit" to be the guardian of the Young Pioneer. Rose Plotkin will be released from the Heckscher Foundation today and sent back to Indiana.

Three Workers Freed.

Three of the workers who were yesterday given jail-terms by the viciously anti-labor Magistrate Maurice Gottlieb, of the First Criminal District Court, were released yesterday at 4 p. m. upon the completion of their two-day terms. They are Phil Frankfeld, Fanny Plotkin and Anna Bloch.

The other five, Robert Minor, Rebecca Grecht, Harriet Silverman, Emanuel George and Robert Wolf, who are being held virtually incommunicado, will be released Friday afternoon. The men are in the Tombs and the women in Jefferson Market Jail.

When Lydia Gibson, Minor's wife, attempted to see her husband yesterday, prison authorities refused her entrance. They also refused to allow books or copies of The DAILY WORKER to be sent to Minor, stating that prisoners are perrmitted to receive only underwear. When she asked to have underwear delivered to him, she was told that prisoners can purchase underwear at the prison store. This is an obvious attempt to compel inmates of the Tombs to boost the profits of the prison store.

The cases of Max Shachtman, D. Benjamin, George Powers, Nathan Kaplan and I. Zimmerman, five other workers arrested when police attacked the anti-imperialist demonstration, will be heard at the First District Criminal Court tomorrow morning. Kaplan is charged with felonious assault, while the others are accused of disorderly conduct.

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The District Executive Committee of the Young Pioneers last night issued a statement condemning the action of the magistrate in ordering Rose Plotkin, 13-year-old member of the Young Pioneers, to be sent back to Indiana for participation in an anti-imperialist demonstration July 3.

Want 500 Volunteers At Center Tomorrow

Five hundred volunteers are wanted at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, tomorrow evening at 7:30 for important organization work in connection with the concert at Coney Island Stadium Saturday. All volunteers are asked to report on the fourth floor. Proceeds of the affair will go to The DAILY WORKER.

NOTED ARTIST TO APPEAR

Volpe and Theremin Prepare Program

"One of the foremost of American conductors" has been the practically universal comment of critics concerning Arnold Volpe, who will conduct an orchestra of 50 picked musicians at the great concert to be given at Coney Island Stadium Saturday for the benefit of The DAILY WORKER.

Volpe was the founder and first conductor of the Lewisohn Stadium symphony concerts and last summer acted as guest conductor at these concerts. He has also been the founder and conductor of a number of other well-known orchestras in this country. Volpe is a former pupil of the famous Leopold Auer, teacher of Mischa Elman, Jascha Heifetz and other leading violinists of the world.

To Play Famous Overture

A program of some of the best known symphonic selections is now being rehearsed by Volpe and his orchestra. One of the numbers will be Tschaikovsky's famous "1812 Overture," written on the defeat of Napoleon's invasion of Russia.

The Roxy Ballet is also rehearsing its program under the personal

(Continued on Page Two)

Join in Spoils Hunt

Senator Joseph T. Robinson of Arkansas (left) didn't always like Gove. Al. Smith (right). Robinson has most of his political support from the benighted south where Ku Klux Klanism reigns supreme. Besides, Robinson is a so-called Dry while Smith is a so-called Wet. The marriage of convenience took place when Robinson was nominated as Smith's running mate in the forthcoming election in an effort to capture some of the southern votes which Smith might not be able to corral. Both candidates have the blessing and enthusiastic support of Wall Street.

SOVIET VESSEL NEARS "ITALIA"

"Krassin" Only 2 Miles Away

VIRGO BAY, Spitzbergen, July 10.—A radio message from the Russian Icebreaker Krassin said today that the ship was only two miles from the dirigible Italia ice camp off North East Land.

The same message said that one of the Italia survivors, apparently mentally deranged, had wandered away from the camp.

Within sight of land on a melting icefloe four members of the crew of the dirigible Italia, headed by Lieutenant Alfredo Viglieri, today were reported in dispatches from the north as losing hope of rescue.

Latest dispatches from the Arctic area told how the men were undernourished, unkempt and suffering acutely from cold and exhaustion. Their plight is pitiful, dispatches said, because the ice is melting so swiftly that it is next to impossible for a plane to land. Captain Thornberg of the Swedish expedition messaged that relief must be carried to the men within a few days, otherwise they must be abandoned to their deaths.

All hope has been exhausted for saving six other men—three members of the Italia group and the Captain Sora relief expedition of three. They can not be found and probably died on North East Land.

STRIKERS FINED IN SCAB FRACAS

Say Milliners Broke Umbrella Over Head

Despite testimony favorable to the defendants, brought out by their attorney's examination of a policeman, Magistrate Jean Norris, in Jefferson Market Court yesterday fined Betty Newmann and Francis Schwartz, striking miliners, five dollars each for allegedly breaking an umbrella over the head of a strikebreaker.

The two workers have been striking for many weeks against the attempt of several employers who have united with International President Max Zaritsky in a campaign to destroy their union, the Millinery Band Workers Union Local 43 of the Cloth Hat Cap and Millinery Workers International.

The policeman testified that the disputed umbrella had been not in the hands of either of the defendants, when the arrest was made, but in the hands of the husband of the strike-breaker. The workers were arrested last week at 30th St. and Broadway.

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The right wing clique in the Cloth Hat Cap and Millinery Workers Union have again demonstrated that they will stoop to any terrorist methods in order to quiet the protest of the membership who see their union being wrecked by the Zaritsky gang. In the offices of Local 24 a worker was brutally assaulted yesterday by a hired thug acting as a "guardian" of the officials.

J. Rosen, one of the many unemployed workers who congregate at the union headquarters was assaulted with a blunt weapon wielded by Sam Blechman, a paid escort of scabs sent to work in shops in the officials' fight against Local 43.

OUST STRIKEBREAKING MAYOR OF NEW BEDFORD, IS DEMAND

Drive for Red Election Fund Under Way

CONTRIBUTIONS POURING INTO PARTY OFFICE

Over $2,000 Already Received

Contributions to the Communist Campaign Fund are already pouring into the national office of the Workers (Communist) Party at 43 E. 125th St.

Over $2,000, in amounts ranging from $5 to $500, has already been received.

Bishop William Montgomery Brown, the heretic of Galion, O., and an international figure thru his war on the superstitions of the church and his espousal of Communism, leads off with a contribution of $500.

Other Contributions.

Other contributions are: Albert Gerling, Madrid, Iowa $5; T. Gerlach, $25; Benny Smith, Charlotte, N. C., $5; I. Haberman, Minneapolis, $3; Hyman Slomberg, McKeesport, Pa., $5; Alice MacFadlin, Luscon City, Ariz., $10; collected at Mecca Temple mass meeting, $1,662.37; collected at convention banquet, $74.68; S. Rubin, Minneapolis, $25; Julius D. Lore, Philadelphia, $50; Stavros Heas, High Coal, W. Va., $10; M. Eisenstat, Endicott, N. Y., $15; Branch No. 80, Philadelphia, $5.

Candidates Jailed.

Several candidates of the party are in New York jails for having participated in an anti-imperialist demonstration in front of J. P. Morgan's offices in Wall Street.

The capitalist press is filling its pages with drivel about the virtues of the two sets of capitalist candidates. While some papers support one set against the other, there is no hard feeling. This furnishes additional proof of the Communist contention that there is no difference between the two parties, except the rival ambitions of the respective political leaders.

The boodle of the employing classes will be poured into the treasuries of both parties. This money will be used to drive the workers into a frenzy over Al Smith "who started life as a newsboy" or Herbert Hoover who was born in a shack in the west.

Same Old Hokum.

The worker who does not realize that a class struggle exists and who sees nothing in this campaign except a struggle between personalities will be confused by this propaganda. It is therefore extremely urgent that the Workers (Communist) Party should be in a position to publish literature to counteract this political poison of the capitalist parties.

The raising of funds for the Communist election campaign is now in full swing. Money is needed at once. One dollar now is better than three later on in the campaign. Every worker who can spare a dollar should mail it at once to the National Campaign Headquarters, 43 E. 125th St., New York City, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

OFFICIALS BLOCK NECKWEAR UNION

The United Neckwear Makers' Union, 11,016, will limit itself to "legal" means, it was learned yesterday, to fight the strangling injunction issued against it by Supreme Court Justice Arthur Tompkins of Nyack, who held that picketing activities of the union had "unlawfully obstructed the sidewalks" before the shops of the bosses.

The decision to carry on a purely "legal" fight against the injunction which is one of the most drastic on record, is understood to have followed the policy adopted by the leaders of the union on the advice of their attorney, Louis Waldman, former socialist assemblyman of New York. On his advice the neckwear workers' officials adopted a policy of "making a test case" of the issue, it is reported. No mass picketing or violation of the injunction first issued last November was permitted.

Need Relief For Militant Textile Strikers

The 28,000 heroic textile workers who are carrying on a militant struggle against a ten per cent wage-cut are in need of relief. Aid is coming largely through the Workers International Relief, which has issued an appeal for funds.

CLOAK COUNCIL MEET TOMORROW

N. O. C. Committee Issues Parley Call

The official call of the New York Local Committee of the National Organization Committee of the Cloakmakers International Union for the first monthly conference of shop delegates was issued to the workers in the industry yesterday. It stresses the need for the cloak and dressmakers to be represented 100 per cent at the conference. It declares:

"Tomorrow at 6 o'clock, representatives of the cloak and dress shops of New York will assemble in Webster Hall for the first monthly conference of the Council of Shop Delegates to discuss the activities of the past month and lay down plans for future work.

"The cloak and dress season is approaching! The bosses of our industry are eager to continue the chaos, the sweat shop system, the long hours and the starvation wages so that they may make millions of dollars' profit from our labor! The leaders of the "Company Union" (the agents of the bosses) will once more raise a turmoil about organizing the trade and establishing union conditions. But just as during the past four seasons, this is only a fake slogan through which the clique will seek to maintain its domination over the workers, thus increasing the chaos and demoralization in the interests of their allies, the bosses, at whose mercy their "Company Union" exists!

"The last Shop Chairmen's Conference, held on June the 2nd, has laid the basis for making an end to the present situation by uniting all the constructive elements for the purpose of building the Union. A mass organization committee was formed and plans for an organization campaign worked out. The united front of all constructive elements is a living fact today. Hundreds of passive cloak and dressmakers joined the ranks of the National Organization Committee during the past few weeks. Now is the time to take up the great task of building the Union with all our strength.

"No shop chairman or shop committee can afford to stay away from great moment. No one must be main passive or indifferent at this grerat moment. No one must be under the illusion that the work will be done without him. Let us get together to build the Union. Let us through our united strength make an end to the misery, degradation, the sweat shop system and the "Company Union" which has brought it all about."

EXECUTE FIVE DON PLOTTERS

Commute Sentences of Six Others

MOSCOW, July 10.—Five of the eleven conspirators who were sentenced to death for organizing the Donetz coal conspiracy were executed today. Commutations of sentences had been recommended and granted in the cases of the six other conspirators. Those executed were Budney, Krishanovsky, Gorlietzky, Yusewitch and Boyarinof.

The trial of the conspirators, which lasted a month, revealed the existence of an imperialist plot to wreck the economy of the Soviet Union. Foreign official, as well as private capitalist enterprises, were involved in the plot.

RED CONGRESS REPORT FRIDAY

Speakers Will State New Policy

In order that the recently decided policy of the Red Trade Union International for its adherents in this country be clarified, Local New York of the Trade Union Educational League has called a mass meeting, Friday night, where a report will be given by the leaders of the recently returned delegation to the World Congress. The meeting will begin at 8 o'clock at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St.

27 Lands Represented

The Congress of the Red Trade Union International, held in Moscow, brought together the organizers of the revolutionary unions of 27 countries. The congress exposed the role which the reformist and reactionary labor leaders are playing in every country in collaboration with the government and employers towards the defeat of the revolutionary unions of the organized working class.

The congress devoted considerable attention to the American trade union movement and laid down a

(Continued on Page Five)

'FARMER-LABOR' MEET ON

Lawyers, Businessmen Are Delegates

CHICAGO, July 10. — Mildly denouncing both the republican and democratic parties, delegates to the "Farmer-Labor" convention assembled here today to choose a presidential candidate.

While Herbert Hoover, republican presidential nominee was mentioned in the keynote speech of Laura Hughes Lunde, of Chicago, no direct reference was made of Gov. Al Smith. Hoover was referred to as "a member of that cabinet which knew what was going on" — a timorous hint of the oil scandals and corruption in the Harding administration.

Four men appear outstanding candidates for the presidential nomination, according to the United Press. Among them are former senator George W. Norris, of Nebraska; former governor Gifford Pinchot of Pennsylvania and Gov. Sweet of Colorado. The fourth is a dry southern democrat whose name was not revealed.

The majority of the delegates are small business men, lawyers and other professional men and a scattering of "gentleman farmers."

ASHLEY INCITED TERROR, CHARGE MILL STRIKERS

Picket Demonstration Great Success

BULLETIN

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 10.—A mass meeting is to be held of all the workers in the ten textile manufacturing plants not on strike in New Bedford, according to an announcement made by Eli Keller of the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee.

The workers in these plants are to take up the question of joining the strike of the 28,000 men working in the factories of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturing Association.

The ten mills mentioned include the Firstone Tire Fabric Mills and other automobile fabric concerns. The workers in these plants did not have their wages reduced when the general wage cut went into effect, but nevertheless suffered reductions in the recent past.

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NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 10. — The slogan, "Oust Mayor Ashley," which was put forward several days ago by the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee is being taken up by so large a section of the entire New Bedford population that it no longer assumes the character of a strikers' protest alone. It was revealed yesterday that a citizens' body is in process of formation which will lead the fight to rid the city of the textile bosses' agent, Ashley.

Inquiries made at the office of the Textile Mills Committee later brought a statement from its spokesmen to the effect that they would be ready to give their whole-hearted endorsement to any such move. It was also learned there that a mass meeting to which the general public will be invited is already being planned.

Mayor Seeks Violence

Many sections of the New Bedford population are expressing the deepest resentment against Ashley's open attempt to provoke bloodshed in the big textile strike here, by ordering heavily armed troops to the 56 mills yesterday morning. Ashley, it is charged, was well acquainted with the fact that the mill owners had planted provocateurs among the 20,000 who turned out to picket the mills.

In addition to this, it is shown that the mayor had pursued a deliberate policy of breaking the strike, by a series of wholesale arrests for no greater crime than singing on the picket lines. These arrests were followed up by jailings of strikers and their leaders. Over 46 were arrested and either heavily fined or jailed for this "offense." Murdoch and Beal, the two leaders of the T. M. C. are still imprisoned for leading picket lines.

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(Special To The Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 10.—The mill owners staged the same farcical performance today as they did yesterday, when they had the factory whistles blow long and imperative blasts early in the morning, to show the strikers that they were ready to resume operations if they would only come back to work. The thousands of pickets of the Textile Mills Committee greeted the whistles and the wide-open gates with the same contemptuous scorn.

The widespread protest roused by the threat of armed terror is so great as to have caused the announcement that the militia will be withdrawn after today.

Enthusiastic Meetings

Mass meetings where the greatest enthusiasm yet exhibited were held yesterday. The strikers are thoroughly convinced that yesterday's events gave conclusive proof that the strike will be won. In addition to the local leaders of the strike, Albert Weisberd, national head of the Mills Committee, also spoke.

arines in Nicaragua Face Insects, Reptiles, Diseases and Take Places of Oxen

RVICEMAN IN TER EXPOSES ISTREATMENT

rced to Carry 94 Lbs. 30 Miles Daily

terrible conditions of those are fighting to protect Wall investments in Nicaragua own in a letter from a marine has just reached The DAILY KER.

reatment which makes the ma- as ready to face death as to taking the place of oxen pulling wagons through deep is vividly told.

The letter was sent to a member of the Young Workers Communist League and follows, in part:

Marine "Worse Than Reptile"

"Well, I don't know just what you about what we are going or just what kind of a coun- is. Well, here goes of what to make this country—scor- snakes, tantalors, lizzards, fleas, ticks, ants, alligators, mosquitoes, mud, thorns a million other things of filth; every kind of fever and and sores—and the marine supposed by the officers to be than them all. That is just reason we show them we can up with it and if some of those -pushing frogs who put that in the papers about how easy down here would go through we go through for one day we have to dig a hole and throw in right off the bat.

Long Marches—Heavy Loads

Here is a sample of what we doing here. Before we leave we swing on a belt and a of bandeliers of ammunition is not light by any means, a field rifle, a mess of hand and most of them are automatic rifles or a gun or a Stokes mortor the equipment necessary for it average of ninety-four pounds every marine.

Thirty Miles Through Mud

With this load we hike thirty a day in mud up to our knees, in the rainy season, which has here now, it only rains 23 in one day and the next day and more of it.

When we go on a trip we don't who is going to come back. don't care a helluva lot.

Another nice thing we have to to take ox-cart trains from quarters to all outposts in our which is Nicaragua in full. the carts sink into the deep the marines are automatically ferred to the place of the oxen ling the supplies.

have been in the tropics for — and expect to do — more. only thing we have to do to time away is to drink (and times we have to drink a bot- castor oil). Every time we see the "doc" for a toothache paint your feet with iodine.

Barracks Minus Roof, Floor

The barracks we sleep in consist four walls, minus roofs and . . .

Don't forget to read this to your comrades and, if possible, put it in papers, so the people will know something about what we have to with here.

No "Freedom of Speech"

sure to destroy my name and . . . If you don't, you may me making little ones out of

Adios.

"———————,
"——————— Regiment,
"———————, Nicaragua."

rachute Fails To Unfold; Kills Flier

YMOUR, Ind., July 10.—Ever- Via, 22 years old, of Indianap- fell 300 feet to his death here when the third parachute parachute leap from a failed to open. Via fell first into a field, the body be- buried two feet in the ground.

LD RICH EMBEZZLER.

Robert L. Rotto, former director the Pierce Oil Corporation in City, was arrested today with embezzling $50,000 of company's funds. Rotto arrived Mexico Saturday. He was without bail by Federal Com- Garrett Cotter for a hear- August 10.

N ROUND-WORLD FLIGHT

RIS, July 10 (UP).—Dieu- Costes, French trans-atlantic is planning a 15-day round- world flight via San Francisco Japan in a new Breguet air- The plane is due at Le Bour- drome tomorrow for its trial

STORM CAUSES DAMAGE

July 10 (UP).—Several were injured, poultry was windows were broken, electric down, and great was done to crops during a storm of huge hailstones.

LING KILLS TWO.

July 10 (UP).—A Rocco Di Corno Della Grotte killed

Children of Poor Resort to Hydrants to Keep Cool in Hot Weather

While the children of Park Ave. and other wealthy residential sections spend their summers at fashionable seaside resorts, working class children are compelled to suffer in the heat of the city. Photo shows a group of children who sought to gain temporary relief by turning on the hydrant at Fourth Ave. and 28th St., Brooklyn, a section populated largely by workers.

30,000 ATHLETES PARADE IN MOSCOW

By CLARINA MICHELSON.
(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 10.—Red Square was a moving mass of color today. 30,000 physical culturists from the trade unions paraded before Lenin's tomb where they were greeted by Tomsky, Maxim Gorky, Mihalov and Uhanov. Textile workers, transport workers, clothing workers, metal workers, food workers, municipal workers, wood workers—workers from every union,—swept by, bare-legged, five abreast. Each union had its own colors, light blue sweaters with dark blue shirts, red with white, green with black,—every conceivable color combination. Each union had its own banners and its own bands.

Many Sports.

The Metal Workers' Union alone was represented in 30 different groups—football, tennis, swimming, pole vaulting, disc throwing, etc. A group of chess enthusiasts carried a huge cardboard "castle," on which was written: "In October we checkmated capitalism. A little more effort and it will be eliminated all over." Another banner read: "Physical culturists: Fight for a new and healthy life." And another: "Long live healthy descendants of the builders of socialism." Several hundred tennis players, all in white, men and women, held their rackets aloft in salute as they passed the mausoleum. 1,500 bicyclists, several hundred motorcyclists and a group of physical culturists on horseback were also in the parade which took over two hours to pass the grandstand where thousands of onlookers watched the demonstration. Moscow Province, which 5 years ago had 20,000 physical culturists in the unions, now has 115,000. There are 3,000,000 organized physical culturists in the U. S. S. R. organized in the last 10 years.

Tomsky Greets Workers.

M. Tomsky, in the name of the Central Council of Trade Unions, greeting the workers, said: "Today's parade of physical culturists is a part of our cultural revolution and shows an achievement. Moscow physical culturists have in their ranks 30,000 workers. Red Square is already too small for them. Physical culture in our country is very necessary, in order to make our workers strong in the struggle, physically and morally. The industrialization of the country lies on the shoulders of the workers."

CONTRIBUTIONS

South Slav Fraction, Canton	$10.00
Wk's Party Local, Baltimore	11.00
No Tip Center Barber Shop, New York	45.00
Sin Sing Foy, Honolulo, Hawai	2.00
Daily Worker Social, Grand Rapids.	
Daily Worker Social	5.50
Joseph Johnson	2.00
Joseph Sokol	2.00
Joseph Gerberg,	2.00
Jacob Korf	2.00
Gunnar Paulson	2.00
Mike Rudik	2.00
A. & P. Gasper	2.00
James Barkin	1.00
Anthony Senkus	1.00
Wesley Shusta	1.00
Louis Dykstra	1.00
Louis Nadolsky	1.00
Carl Hamalainen	1.00
Oscar Lindholm	1.00
Emil Sundberg	1.00
John Vledder	.50
Milford, N. H.	
Eaimi Maki,	.50
Annie Matson	.50
Kikko Sarri,	.50
Amalia Moisio	.50
Ed Salo	1.00
Henry Harris	.25
Simo Heino	.50
Wm. Strom	.50
Charles Layman	.50
W. Kallio	.50
Miina Sorni	.25
Hulda Lehtinen	.25
American Lithuanian Workers Literary Ass'n., Branch 136, Harrison, N. J.	10.00
St. Nucleus 8, Chicago	8.00
A. Donnelun, Methuen, Mass.	1.00
B. Donegian, Methuen, Mass.	1.00
J. Sereduk, Methuen, Mass.	1.00
E. Hamnernik, Mathuen, Mass.	1.00
H. B. Turhinjia, Methuen, Mass.	1.00
Int'l Branch W. P., Union City N. J.	5.00
The Finnish Women Worker, Newport, N. H.	12.67
Scandinavian Workers Club, Hartford, Conn.	10.00
B'klyn Finnish Workers Ass'n, Brooklyn	10.00
Branch 1, Sec. 5, Bronx	10.00
Geo. Anderson, New York	2.00
Hannah Seigel, Bronx	3.00
Johnu Hadbarney, Astoria	3.00
Int'l Branch W. B., Elizabeth, New Jersey	16.00
L. Ham's, Patterson, N. J.	4.45
Int. Br. 2, Sec. 1., New York	3.25
Unit 1S, SS3C, New York	4.00
X. Y., New York	2.00
J. K. Chaplin, Oakland	10.00
J. H. Seitz, Willoughby	5.00
Mary Greenberg, Los Angeles	1.00
G. J. Anderson, New York	2.00
Workmen's Circle Branch, 671, Brooklyn, N. Y.	3.00
M. Mayers, Brooklyn	5.00
Clairton	
N. Cvitanovich	.50
H. Kudich	.25
C. Bratovich	.25
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John Halor	.50
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T. Kistof	.50
S. Knezevich, Donora	.25
S. Petricivich, Clairton	.25
M. Gvlevich, Clairton	.50
W. W. Denton, Estis Park, Colo.	2.00
Passaic Council of Workingclass Housewives, Passaic, N. J.	5.00
Sec. 1, Dist. 8, Chicago	15.17
J. Stanilour, River Rouge, Mich.	2.00
D. Goldin, New York	2.00
Conrad Sam, New York	5.00
Mrs. Mako, Easton	7.35
Galveston Nucleus, Galveston, Texas	7.50
Alex and Nellie Kutnyak, Milwaukee	1.50
Finnish Fraternal, Monessen, Pennsylvania	15.00
Erevan Club, Detroit	3.00
Freiheit Club, Petaluma	20.00
Czechoslovak Fraction, W. P., Chicago	10.
Chicago	10.00
W. P. Sukut, Chicago	.25
Nucleus No. 4, San Francisco	5.00
Kultur Club, New Brunswick	10.00
Greek Fraction, Canton	5.00
H. E. Olevider, Los Angeles	2.00
M. Bernhart, San Diego	2.00
Mrs. Rovitch, Los Angeles	1.00
E. Frankil, San Diego	2.00
A Comrade, San Diego	1.00
A. Ohrn, Sec., Gilbert Minn	5.00
E. Havemeister, Juneau Ala.	14.00
M. A. Miller, Bozeman, Mont.	1.00
Scranton Picnic, W. P., Scranton, Pennsylvania	20.00
Geo. Bloxum, Spokane, Wash.	1.00
2B-2F, New York	3.25
3E-3F, New York	3.00
L. Platt, New York	3.00
2A-3F, New York	5.00
2B-2F, New York	25.00
R. Heimovitz, New York	2.00
Pebotatis, New York	1.00
Br. 6, Sec. 5, Bronx, N. Y.	3.75
Lithuanian Working Women's Alliance, Pittsburgh, Pa.	4.05
Freiheit Rehearsal, Newark,	5.00
Kmiec, Milwaukee	1.00
Unit B, Section 4, New York	5.00
I. Ortenberg, New York	5.00
Charles Mesko, Rankin, Pa.	$1.00
Albert Wooton, Pittsburgh	1.00
East Pittsburgh	
John Bendik	.50
Frank Prebanik	.50
George Damico	.50
Floyd Rossetti	.50
Lovi Dmuzoe	.50
E. Terzini	.50
J. Connely	2.00
Frank Soilvero	.50
M. Schindler	1.00
Arnold Nucleus, Arnold, Pa.	25.00
Monessen, Pa.	
N. Niukkanen	.50
E. Olsa Vicki	.25
Alli Ranta	.25
N. Alhainen	.35
A. Soderholm	.25
J. L. Maki	.50
Senja Niemi	7.00
Ohiehinin	.25
Oscar Okkonen	.25
Emil Tusa	.25
L. Kauppila	.25
P. J. Savo	1.00
A. Anderson	1.00
T. Hietamaki	.25
Mrs. Nevalainen	.25
Alex Kallio	.25
Jack Woure'a	.25
Mrs. Menkelin	.25

7 ADMIT ERRORS OF OPPOSITION

Ask To Be Readmitted To Communist Party

(Special Cable To Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 10.—Seven members of the former opposition in Leningrad, those who supported Trotzky in his opposition tactics, yesterday filed statements with the Central Control Commission of the Communist Party in which they admitted the errors that they had made in following the oppositionist policy last year, and requested that they be readmitted to the party.

Another announcement made by the commission states that the cases have been taken under consideration, and word of their readmittance will be officially given soon.

• • •

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 10.—The Presidium of the Central Control Commission of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union has published the following decision: "Having regard to the fact that Avdeyev, Babachen, Bakayev, Batashev, Belais, Belenkin, Burzev, Weintraub, Gertik, Hessen, Guralski, Yevdokimov, Yelkovitch, Savarykina, Saluzki, Zinoviev, Kamenev, Kuklin, Lashevitch, Levin, Lepeshinskaya, Lyalina, Matveyev, Machov, Minitchev, Nikolaiev, Pinson, Prigoshin, Rabkin, Ravitch, Retzkan, Sokolov, Solovyev, Fedorov, Furtitchev, Charitonov, Sharov and Shepshgleva have lodged declarations recognizing their fundamental errors, abandoning the platform of the Trotzkists, abandoning their fractional activity and announcing their absolute subordination to the decisions of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and of the Communist International, and having regard to the fact that they have ceased their oppositional activity, they are to be re-admitted into the party upon the basis of the decisions of the fifteenth congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union concerning the opposition which was adopted on the 18th and 19th of December, 1927. The whole term of their party membership will be reckoned to them in their papers, but the time of the interruption of membership commencing with their expulsion is also to be noted."

Flint Glass Workers Want Dry Law Change

CUMBERLAND, Md., July 10.—The Flint Glass Workers' Union, in an annual session here today, adopted a resolution offered by President Clarke, calling upon congress to amend the Volstead Act "to the extent that wholesome beer and light wines may be made and sold under government control. The resolution was adopted by a 98 2-10 per cent standing vote.

MEXICAN BANDIT SLAIN.

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, July 10.—Travellers coming from the region of Tierra Blanca say that Mateo Amador, bandit chieftain who for a long time operated in the state of Vera Cruz, was recently assassinated. It is believed that one of his followers killed him while he slept. His body was taken to Tierra Blanca and exhibited in the Plaza.

LEAGUE PROTESTS USE OF NATIONAL GUARD IN STRIKE

Letter Calls Servicemen Not to Fight Workers

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 1.—Letters signed by members of the Young Workers Communist League in the National Guard were distributed today in the armory and elsewhere to the other National Guardsmen appealing to them to not allow themselves to be used as strike-breakers.

False Promises

The letters stated that the National Guardsmen had been led to enlist by false promises, only to find that they were trained to fight against their own interests, and that in the case of the New Bedford textile strike they faced the danger of being called upon to shoot down their own sisters and mothers on the picket lines. Many of the National Guardsmen in this city are strikers themselves and were drafted to fight their own families — and renounce their own struggles to protect their jobs from scabs. These facts were pointed out in the letters.

Protest Meeting

An appeal was made by the young Communists to their fellow guardsmen to take part in a protest meeting called here to fight against the use of servicemen for the mill owners against themselves and their fellow workers. They are asked to wake up before it is too late and to refuse to be strike-breakers.

The New Bedford Young Workers (Communist) League has announced that it will take action this week to expose the use of the National Guard in the strike, and to bring the issue more clearly before the workers, but the acting Organizer, Figuredo, will not say in advance just what the course of action will be.

The League has called attention to the fact that Major Winslow, who is commanding the National Guard against the strikers, is connected with the "Textile Council" which pretends to be a labor union.

AUTO PARADE TO VISIT MINE AREA

Prepare For Defense Week July 22-29

(Continued from Page One)

troopers swooped down upon the pickets that day, firing revolvers and tear gas bombs into their midst, the strikers say. Dozens were wounded.

There is one striker in Renton who remembers too well how the troopers returned the next morning, broke down the doors with their horses' hoofs and clubbed men women and children. His wife died as a result of the beating.

Avella, Library, Mollenauer, Castle Shanon, Coverdale, Harwick Harmarville, Newfield, Coverdale all famous as militant mining camps, will be visited by the caravan. Life in the barracks, hardships the fighting miners are enduring, the children running about barefoot and chattering about the strike, the union, picket lines, "them scabs and yeller dogs," the union hall where the state troopers ban meetings—all will be seen by the relief workers.

Begins Friday.

Some automobiles will start for the strike fields Friday and others Saturday, depending upon the distance. Everybody who wishes to participate in the caravan should get in touch with the local branches of the National Miners' Relief Committees or International Labor Defense branches in their cities, or get information directly from the national office at 611 Penn Avenue Pittsburgh, Pa. Remember, July 1? is the date set for the tour. Organizations, especially, are invited to send delegates to get first hand information of the relief organizations' activities.

RED SOLDIER IS KILLED BY BOMB OF MONARCHISTS

Blast Same Day as Shakhta Verdict

MOSCOW, July 10.—One soldier was killed when two Russian monarchist officers threw a home-made bomb into the headquarters of the Soviet political police on July 6, it was announced by Tass today.

One of the two officers, George Ratkievitch, was killed while trying to escape. The other was captured in a village outside the capital with the assistance of peasants.

The bombing occurred the day after the verdict was pronounced in the trial of 50-odd men for conspiracy to wreck the Donetz Basin mines.

According to the official story, the two monarchist officers arrived from Paris via Bulgaria and Roumania, where it is declared Roumanian spies helped them cross the frontier.

The two bombers ran, and were chased through the streets. Ratkievitch, said to be a former officer in the army of Gen. Wrangel, white guardist, was killed.

Federal Certificates on Cotton Cancelled

WASHINGTON, July 10 (UP).—The agriculture department today cancelled federal certificates on 1519 bales of untenderable cotton stored in New York City.

The action, taken by Secretary Jardine, was the result of a senate investigation. It was found that many samples were shy of requirements of the law.

FIRE CHIEF ON BOND.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 10 (UP). — William Kirschenbaum, Newark, N. J., fire insurance investigator, was bound over to the September term of criminal superior court in bonds of $9,000 today on charges of conspiracy in connection with a fire in a local rubber goods factory.

UNKNOWN MAN SUICIDE.

NIAGARA FALLS, July 10 (UP).—Authorities here today still were without any clues to the identity of the middle-aged man who climbed the railing of the Falls View Bridge and plunged to his death in the Niagara River, 175 feet below, on Sunday night.

Movie Must Be Pure, Walker Tells Scribes

HOLLYWOOD, Calif., July 10.—Living up to his reputation as a comedian, Mayor James J. Walker of New York today delivered himself of a moral sermon to the movie press agents of this community last night.

Politics of a national nature have no place in film circles and certain movie executives have appeared "rather silly" by participating in republican affairs, he told the press agents.

"For the movie to do anything but remain on a strictly neutral basis during a national election would be ruinous," the mayor declared. Expressing further his fear of the ill-fortunes of the democratic party, which converted him from a third-rate Broadway song writer to a mayor of equal standing. Walker said that "the screen should remember its fans."

NOTED ARTISTS AT BIG CONCERT

Theremin, Volpe, Roxy Ballet to Perform

(Continued from Page One)

direction of S. L. Rothafel ("Roxy"). The rehearsals take place after midnight, when the Roxy Theatre is empty, and an unusual program of Russian and Oriental dances is being ararnged.

Theremin Preparing Program

Prof. Leon Theremin, the great scientist from the Soviet Union, who has discovered the revolutionary principle of drawing music out of the air without the aid of a musical instrument, is keeping the detail of his program for Saturday evening a dark secret. All that he has announced thus far is that he will play both solos and selections, accompanied by Volpe's Symphony Orchestra.

Tickets for this concert of the century are now on sale at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square. All workers who want to make sure of being present at this epoch-making musical event should purchase their tickets without delay.

INTERNATIONALE COMPOSER NOW IN SOVIET UNION

Greeted by Thousands Upon Arrival

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 10.—Pierre DeGeyter, composer of the "Internationale," revolutionary anthem sung all over the world, arrived here today, materializing a visit to the Soviet Union that he had contemplated making for a long time.

He was received at the station by representatives of almost every trade union, cultural and athletic organization in Moscow. Thousands of the assembled group sang his own composition as he alighted from the platform. Young Pioneers and representatives from the Alliance of Communist Youth also joined in the huge reception.

During his stay in the Soviet Union, DeGeyter will be conducted through almost every form of activity now in existence there. He will visit the musical conservatories, the cultural clubs, the factories, the trade union organizations, and will address the youth of the Soviet Union in many cities.

COP ARRESTED AS THIEF.

Patrolman John H. Conlon, arrested on Sunday for holding up a soft drink store and robbing $40 from it, will be tried today at the Harlem court. Conlon was held without bail.

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NEW DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

II. The General Crisis of Capitalism. The First Phase of World Revolution

DOCUMENT TRACES COURSE OF REVOLUTIONARY DEVELOPMENTS AND PARTIAL STABILIZATION

Points Out Treacherous Role of Social Democracy and Rise of Fascism

Pictures Processes Corroding Capitalism and New Forces of Revolution

To All Sections of the Communist International:

The Programme Commission of the Executive Committee of the Communist International is publishing a DRAFT PROGRAM.

The Commission thinks it its duty to declare that while the text of this draft is of course based on the same fundamental principles as those upon which the draft programme provisionally passed by the Fifth Congress of the Communist International was based, nevertheless, it differs very considerably from that draft. The Program Commission felt that in view of the great changes that have taken place in many important spheres of international life and particularly in the revolutionary movement since the Fifth Congress, it could not confine itself to making merely editorial changes in the original draft. A change has taken place in the form of the general crisis of capitalism; a change has taken place in the relationships between various groups of powers. Great events have taken place, like the great revolution in China, which once again emphasized the significance of the agrarian-peasant question. Great progress has been made in building up socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The struggle between the aggressive capitalist world and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is becoming acute. Fascism is growing and becoming transformed into the terrorist dictatorship of big capital. Social democracy has degenerated into Chauvinist imperialism. The lessons that have been learned by the Communist International in the fight against opposition tendencies and finally the growth of Communism, the fact that the movement has really become internationalized, the new tasks that confront the Communist International as a single organization—all this has inevitably made it necessary considerably to alter and enlarge the former draft.

The general tendency of the changes that have been made is towards more concreteness and greater emphasis upon THE INTERNATIONAL aspects both in the theoretical section as well as in the sections dealing immediately with the struggles of the Communist Parties.

Acting on the decision of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, the Programme Commission, in publishing this draft program, calls upon all comrades to express their opinion and criticism of it in articles, remarks and concrete suggestions. The work done on the program has revealed how difficult it is to embrace in a single document all the problems of the present-day world Communist movement. The question of the program will be one of the central questions at the Sixth Congress. It is essential that sufficient material be collected by the time the discussion of the question takes place at the Congress. The Commission therefore invites all comrades to join in the fruitful discussion of the program.

THE PROGRAMME COMMISSION OF THE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

The imperialist struggle among the largest capitalist states for the re-distribution of the globe led to the first World Imperialist War (1914-1918). This war shook the whole system of world capitalism and marked the beginning of the period of its general crisis. It bent to its service the whole of the national economy of the belligerent countries, thus creating the mailed fist of state capitalism. It increased unproductive expenditure to enormous dimensions, destroyed enormous quantities of means of production and human labor power, ruined large masses of the population and imposed incalculable burdens upon the industrial workers, the peasants and the colonial peoples. The war inevitably led to an intensification of the class struggle which grew into revolutionary mass action and civil war. The imperialist front was breached at its weakest link, in Czarist Russia. The FEBRUARY revolution of 1917 overthrew the domination of the big landlord autocracy. The "October" revolution overthrew the domination of the bourgeoisie. This victorious proletarian revolution expropriated the expropriators, took the means of production from the landlords and the capitalists and for the first time in human history set up and consolidated the dictatorship of the proletariat in an enormous country, brought into being a new Soviet type of state and laid the foundations for the International Proletarian Revolution.

The powerful shock to which the whole world of capitalism was subjected, the intensification of the class struggle and the direct influence of the October proletarian revolution gave rise to a series of revolutionary actions on the continent of Europe as well as in the colonial and semi-colonial countries: March, 1918, the workers' revolution in Finland; August, 1918, the "rice riots" in Japan; November, 1918, revolutions in Austria and Germany which overthrew the rule of the semi-feudal monarchies; March, 1919, the proletarian revolution in Hungary and the rebellion in Korea; April, 1919, the establishment of the Soviet government in Bavaria; January, 1920, the bourgeois national revolution in Turkey; September, 1920, the seizure of the factories by the workers in Italy; March, 1921, the uprising of the advanced workers in Germany; September, 1923, the uprising in Bulgaria; the autumn of 1923, the revolutionary crisis in Germany; December, 1924, rebellion in Esthonia; April, 1925, rebellion in Morocco and in Syria in August; May, 1926, general strike in England; 1927, the workers' uprising in Vienna. All these events, as well as the rebellion in Indonesia the deep ferment in India, the great Chinese revolution which shook the whole of the continent of Asia, are links in a single international revolutionary chain and the component parts of the profound general crisis of capitalism. The unity of world economy finds its expression in the international character of the revolution. The uneven development of its various parts is reflected in the uneven development of the revolution in separate countries.

The first attempts made to bring about a revolutionary change, which sprung from the acute crisis of capitalism (1918-1921) ended in the defeat of the proletariat in a number of countries. These defeats were brought about primarily by the treacherous tactics of the social democratic leaders and reformist trade union leaders and also by the fact that Communist parties had not yet been established in a number of important countries and that the majority of the working class had not yet accepted the lead of the Communists.

These defeats enabled the bourgeoisie to bring about a partial stabilization of capitalist relationships. The exploitation of the proletariat and of the colonial peoples was greatly intensified and their standard of living sharply depressed. The forces of production of world economy again began to increase, considerable progress was made in technique, the process of the trustification and the rationalization of industry was accelerated, the tendency of development towards state capitalism was resumed and the pressure brought to bear upon the working class and the colonies was increased.

In the course of progress of the international revolution the social democratic and reformist trade union leaders on the one hand and the militant capitalist organizations of the fascist type on the other, acquired special significance as a powerful counter-revolutionary force actively fighting against the revolution and actively supporting the partial stabilization of capitalism.

The war crisis of 1914-1918 was accompanied by the disgraceful collapse of the social democratic second international. Notwithstanding the thesis laid down by Marx and Engels in the "Communist Manifesto" that under capitalism the proletariat has no country, and notwithstanding the anti-war resolutions passed at the Stuttgart and Basle congresses, the leaders of the national social democratic parties, with a few exceptions, voted the war credits and strongly advocated the defense of imperialist "fatherlands" (i. e. the state organisations of the imperialist bourgeoisie) and instead of opposing the imperialist war became its most loyal soldiers, propagandists and its bards (social patriotism, which grew into social imperialism)

In the period that followed the social democrats supported the predatory treaties (Brest, Versailles). They came out as an active force on the side of the militarists at the time of the bloody suppression of proletarian uprisings (Noske); they conducted armed warfare against the first proletarian republic (Soviet Russia); they despicably betrayed the proletariat when it took power (Hungary); they joined the imperialist League of Nations (Albert Thomas, Paul Boncour, Vandervelde, Breitscheid); they openly took the side of the imperialist slave-owners against the colonial slaves (British "Labor Party"); they actively supported the most reactionary executioners of the working class (in Bulgaria and Poland); they took the initiative in introducing imperialist "military laws" (France); they betrayed the great general strike of the British proletariat; they helped to strangle the miners' strike. They helped strangle China and India (the MacDonald government); they act as the propagandists of the imperialist "League of Nations." They are capitalism's heralds and the organizing force in the fight against the dictatorship of the proletariat in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics (Kautsky, Hilferding).

In systematically conducting this counter-revolutionary policy, social democracy operates alternately first with one and then with the other of its two wings: the right wing of social democracy, avowedly counter-revolutionary, is essential for negotiating with the bourgeoisie; the "Left Wing" is essential for the subtle deception of the workers. While playing with pacifist and sometimes even with revolutionary phrases "Left Wing" Social Democracy in practice acts against the workers at the most critical moments (the British "independents" and "Lefts" leaders of the general council at the time of the general strike in 1926 Otto Bauer & Co. at the time of the Vienna uprising) and is for that reason the most pernicious fraction of the social democratic parties While serving the interests of the bourgeoisie within the working class and adopting entirely the principle of class cooperation, the social democrats periodically take up the position of an opposition party and pretend to lead the economic struggle in order to win the confidence of sections of the working class and in this way more shamefully to betray the lasting interests of the working class, particularly in the midst of decisive class battles.

In the domain of theory, social democracy has wholly and completely betrayed Marxism. It passed through the stage of revisionism to complete liberal-bourgeois reformism and avowed social imperialism; it has distorted the Marxian doctrine of class war into the advocacy of class peace. Instead of the doctrine of proletarian dictatorship it advocates the theory of coalition with the bourgeoisie. Instead of destruction of the bourgeois state it advocates active construction. Instead of pointing out that imperialist wars are inevitable under capitalism it advances the theory of peaceful "ultra-imperialism," and instead of international solidarity of the proletariat it preaches the doctrine of defense of imperialist fatherlands It has substituted the dialectical materialism of Marx by idealistic philosophy and playing with bourgeois religious trash.

Thus, international social democracy in all its shades: the Second International and its trade union branch, the Amsterdam Federation of Trade Unions, have become the reserves of bourgeois society and its most loyal pillar of support.

Side by side with social democracy through and by which the bourgeoisie suppresses the workers or lulls their class vigilance, is fascism

The epoch of imperialism, the growing acuteness of the class struggle and the growth of the elements of civil war,—particularly after the imperialist war,—have led to a crisis in parliamentarism. The instability of capitalist relationships in the post-war period, the existence of large declassed social elements, the impoverishment of broad strata of the urban petty bourgeoisie and intelligentsia (primarily in the European countries), and finally the constant menace of the mass proletarian action have caused the bankruptcy of parliamentarism as the democratic, camouflaged form of the bourgeois dictatorship and gave rise to fascism as a method of unconcealed dictatorship of the bourgeoisie. In order to secure for itself a more stable, firm and permanent rule, the bourgeoisie is being compelled more and more to abandon the parliamentary system and to adopt the method of fascism irrespective of inner-party relationships and combinations. It masks its "national idea" by the system of representation of the "professions" (i. e. of the various groups of the dominant class) and turns to its own advantage the discontent of the petty bourgeois, intellectual and other masses by a peculiar form of social demagogy (anti-semitism, sporadic attacks upon usurer capital, displays of indignation in the parliamentary "talking shop") and corruption—by creating a compact and well-paid hierarchy of facist units, party apparatus and bureaucracy.

At the same time fascism strives to permeate the working class. It recruits the most backward strata of the workers and turns their discontent with the passivity of social democracy to its own advantage The principal function of fascism is to destroy the revolutionary labor vanguard, i. e. the Communist units and the leaders of the proletariat The combination of social demagogy, corruption and active white terror conducted simultaneously with extreme imperialist aggression in the sphere of foreign politics, is a characteristic feature of fascism. In the periods most critical for the bourgeoisie, fascism, to suit its own ends, gave utterance to anti-capitalist phraseology. When it had strongly established itself at the helm of state it cast aside its anti-capitalist rattle and is now more and more revealing itself as the terroristic dictatorship of big capital (Mussolini, Pilsudski).

The bougeoisie resorts alternately to the methods of fascism or to the method of coalition with social democracy, according to the changes in the political situation. In this, social democracy not infrequently plays an openly fascist role (Noske in Germany, the Polish Socialist Party, etc.). Both these methods are unusual for "normal" capitalism; they are symptoms of the general capitalist crisis. Nevertheless, they retard the rate of advance of revolution.

The experience of the whole of the historical post-war period has shown however, that the stabilization of capitalism obtained by acts of repression against the working class and the systematic depression of its standard of living cannot but be a partial, temporary and decaying stabilization. This stabilization gives rise to new and more profound contradictions which cause the general crisis of capitalism to become more acute and create the conditions for a new phase in the world proletarian revolution.

As a result of the first round of imperialist wars (the world war of 1914-1918) and of the October victory of the working class in the former empire of the Russian Czar world economy has split up into two fundamentally hostile camps: The camp of the imperialist states and the camp of the dictatorship of the proletariat in the United Socialist Soviet Russia. The differences in class structure and the class character of the two states, the fundamental differences in the aims each pursues in internal, foreign, economic and cultural policy, the fundamental difference in the direction of development of the two camps, brings the capitalist world into sharp conflict with the victorious proletarian state. Two antagonistic systems are in conflict within the framework of a single world economy: the system of capitalism and the system of socialism. Hitherto, the class struggle was conducted in forms determined by the fact that the proletariat was not in possession of state power. Now it is being conducted on an enormous and really world scale and moreover the working class now has its own state,—the only fatherland of the international proletariat. The existence of the Soviet Union and the influence it exercises upon the masses of the toilers and oppressed all over the world is in itself the most striking expression of the profound crisis of the world capitalist system and of the expansion and intensification of the class struggle to a degree hitherto unparalleled in history.

The capitalist world, powerless to eliminate its inherent contradictions is striving to set up an international organization (the League of Nations) the main purpose of which is to restrain the surging tide of the revolutionary crisis and to strangle the Soviet proletarian republics by blockade or war. On the other hand all the forces of the revolutionary proletariat and of the oppressed colonial masses are rallying around the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The unstable, internally corroding, but well armed coalition of capital is confronted by a single world coalition of labor.

Thus, as a result of the first round of imperialist wars new fundamental antagonisms have arisen of world historical scale and significance: the antagonisms between the Union of Socialists Soviet Republics and the capitalist world.

Meanwhile, the antagonisms within the capitalist sector of world economy have become more acute The economic centre of the world has shifted to the United States of America; the "dollar republic" has become the exploiter of all countries and this has caused the relations between United States and European capitalism, primarily British capitalism, to become more acute. The conflict between Great Britain, the most powerful of the old conservative imperialist countries, and the United States, the greatest of the young imperialist countries and which has already won world hegemony for itself, is becoming the pivot in the world conflicts of finance capital states. Germany, though plundered by the Versailles peace is now economically recovered and is again taking the path of imperialist politics. Once again she stands out as a serious competitor of Great Britain and France on the world market. The Pacific is becoming involved in a tangle of contradictions caused principally by the conflict between America and Japan Simultaneously the antagonism of interests between the constantly changing and unstable groupings of powers is developing, while the second-class powers act as auxiliary instruments in the hands of the imperialist giants and their coalitions.

The productive capacity of the industrial apparatus of world capitalism has been increased. Simultaneously the home markets in Europe have become restricted as a result of the war and of the Soviet Union, dropping out of the sphere of purely capitalist circulation. This and the close monopoly of the principal sources of raw materials and fuel have caused the conflicts between capitalist states to become wider. The "peaceful" struggle for oil, rubber, cotton, coal and metals the struggle for a redistribution of markets and spheres for the export of capital are inexorably leading to another world war, the destructiveness of which will increase parallel with the furious development of the technique of war.

Simultaneously, the antagonisms between the imperialist countries and the colonial and semi-colonial countries are growing. As a result of the war, the development of capitalism in the colonies, of the influence of the Soviet revolution and of the centrifugal tendencies going on within the principal naval and colonial empire, Great Britain (Canada, Australia, South Africa) European imperialism has become weakened and this has helped to release rebellion in the colonies and semi-colonies. The great Chinese revolution, which roused hundreds of millions of the Chinese people to action, has made an enormous breach in the imperialist system. The unceasing revolutionary ferment among hundreds of millions of the Indian workers and peasants threatens to break the domination of the world citadel of imperialism, Great Britain The existence of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics as the most important factor of revolutionary development opens up for those countries the prospect of transition to socialism.

Thus, the revolutionary process in the colonies which is drawing the overwhelming majority of the population into the fight against imperialism is also the expression of the profound general crisis of capitalism.

Finally, the revolutionary crisis is inevitably maturing in the very centers of imperialism—the bourgeois attack on the standard of living, the organizations and the political rights of the working class rouses growing resistance on the part of the broad masses of the proletariat and causes the class struggle between the working class and trustified capital to become more acute. The great battles between labor and capital in Great Britain (the general strike in 1926), in Germany and in the United States of America, the accelerated swing to the left of the masses, the growth of the influence and authority of the Communist parties, the enormous growth of sympathy of the broad masses of workers towards the land of the proletarian distatorship—all this is a clear indication that the revolutionary tide is again rising in the center of imperialism.

Thus, the world imperialist system, and with it the partial stabilization of capitalism, is being corroded from different causes; these are the conflicts and antagonisms among imperialist states, the rise to the struggle of millions of the masses in the colonies, the rise of the revolutionary proletariat in the home countries and, finally, the hegemony exercised over the whole world revolutionary movement by the proletarian distatorship in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The international revolution is developed.

Against this revolution, imperialism is gathering its forces. Expeditions against the colonies, a new world war, a campaign against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics are now practical questions of imperialist politics. This will lead to the release of all the forces of international revolution and the inevitable doom of capitalism.

* * *

The third installment of the draft program to be printed in tomorrow's issue of the Daily Worker is headed: "The ultimate aim of the Communist International: World Communism."

POWER HEARING IS POSTPONED

Summer Recess Called By Commission

WASHINGTON, July 10 (FP).—Hearings before the Federal Trade Commission on the power trust inquiry ordered by the Senate have been suspended until September. Meanwhile the power companies are trying to answer questionnaires sent them by the commission's economic staff, as to watered stock, bond issues, customer ownership, rates, etc.

Since the investigation began 71 witnesses from 40 states and representing state committees or regional sub-divisions of the National Electric Light Association, American Gas Association and the Joint Committee of National Utility Associations have been examined in public hearings. Some 4,877 pages of testimony has been taken and 3,600 exhibits have been put in the record. All of this has dealt merely with the publicity and propaganda against public ownership and against strict public regulation of utilities.

States whose propaganda mills have yet to be exposed in similar testimony are Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah and Washington.

German Reformists Aid Imperialist Plan

BERLIN, July 10. — Kellogg's anti-war pact was hailed by the German socialist leader, Rudolf Breitscheid, at a meeting of the Reichstag Foreign Affairs Committee, as a favorable omen. He said that it would draw the United States into the league of nations.

In this way, it is thought, the European bloc against the Soviet Union would be strengthened and it would help to consolidate European forces.

HUGE LOSSES IN STOCKS CHARGED

Worthless Securities Sold By Millions

Charges that securities in excess of $1,000,000,000 sold since the war have defaulted or become worthless were made yesterday by Assistant Attorney General Timothy J. Shea in charge of the bureau of securities of the attorney general's office.

Shea said that "further revelations" would be made later, but did not name any individuals, groups, securities or plans for prosecutions.

Worthless Stock Sold.

"Revelation of the condition of affairs," the statement said, "is based upon an investigation of the activities of the "over the counter" market, the groundwork of which has just been completed. It was found that during the past years the number of over the counter dealers and traders has increased by hundreds. Millions of dollars of worthless securities have been sold. Many defaults and failures were also recorded by firms whose securities were floated through the over-the-counter market.

Policeman Shoots and Throws Gun at Man

CHICAGO, Ill., July 10.—Harold Grant, fleeing from police after he had violated a petty traffic law, was shot at by a policeman here today. After failing to shoot Grant, the policeman threw his machine gun at him, and struck him in the back. Grant was captured, after being injured by the gun.

ART DEALER DEAD.

LONDON, July 10 (UP). — Charles Carstairs, 63, of Philadelphia, president and London manager of the famous New York, Paris and London art dealer, Knoedler and Company, died last night.

Most Amazing Invention of the Twentieth Century

Professor
Theremin
Produces Music From the Air
(Without Aid of Any Instruments)

ARNOLD VOLPE

Symphony Orchestra of 50
ARNOLD VOLPE, Conductor

ROXY BALLET Russian and Oriental Dances

Coney Island Stadium
Surf Avenue and West 6th Street

SAT. EVE., JULY 14, 1928

Tickets: 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

ON SALE AT: 26-28 Union Sq.; 30 Union Sq.; 2700 Bronx Prak East; 1310 So. Boulevard (Book Store); 15 West 126th St.; 1600 Madison Ave. (Restaurant); 282 E. Broadway (Book Store); 17 E. 3rd St.; 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn.

nited States Lines Rob Seamen of Pay by Taxing System, Writes Correspondent

HANdOuTS

Parker Gilbert, Agent General for Reparations, is showing a sudden and deep concern for the welfare of the German workers. He is the real master of Germany and has just disapproved a 6 per cent general wage increase. He frankly admits this is a move for the benefit of the working class, because wage increases cause higher prices and therefore "tend sooner or later to cancel themselves." Gilbert's idea of liberating the working class would be to cut wages in half. This would cut down the price of commodities and all workers would then have plenty.

* * *

Sunday at Home

Capitalism is so corrupt that you can't find a cranny in the old edifice that hasn't got an odor of its own. In advertising thousands of men spend all their time and energy in an activity that is almost completely an economic loss. Their work is to doll up dishonesty in a new dress. If Diogenes were looking for an honest man in the advertising business he would blow out his lantern and use a navy searchlight. Nobody but a deaf, dumb and blind man from Mars would expect to find any truth in theatrical advertising which pays the very highest prices for fake publicity. The above picture, put out by an advertising agent, shows Camilla Crume, actress in "The Skull." She is supposed to have been smoking a pipe since she was 18. As a matter of fact she has never smoked anything in her life but cubebs and when she was handed the pipe, to pose for this picture, she didn't know which end to put in her mouth.

* * *

The Pope last week handed the Cross of the Order of St. Gregory the Great to Nick Fred Brady, New Yorker, because of his "civic virtue." It might also be added that Nick, who is a financier and labor exploiter, has given about a million to the Catholic Church.

* * *

Costly Switchman

Hardly a day goes by that Mayor Walker doesn't do something for the working class. He needed [illegible] switch on [illegible] beacon and so he hired Clarence Chamberlain, transatlantic flier, shown above, to do the work. The beacon will guide airmen to a safe landing and will be operated impartially for the benefit of any workers who happen to be flying to and from the factories or members of the wealthy classes. The mayor's thoughtfulness is shown by the fact that he didn't let anybody turn on the light, who happened to be closest to the switch, but took the trouble to go out and hire an experienced aviator by the year to do the job.

* * *

GEMS OF LEARNING

James W. Good, Hoover campaign manager—"A large number of efficient men with experience in politics came forward and assisted to perfect the organization. Then they went ahead and did efficient work. Oh, yes, I will admit that it was an efficient organization." Most [illegible] million dollar outlay.

U. S. SHIPPING HEADS EXTORT SAILORS' PAY

Union Formed to Fight Shippers' Tyranny

(By a Seaman Correspondent)

Recently there has been worldwide publicity in the capitalist press concerning the half million dollar mail robbery which took place on the S. S. Leviathan during its outward voyage from New York to Southampton. In investigating this robbery the authorities did not consider it necesary to grill the crew. Because they are aware of the fact that the crew of this ship is constantly watched and kept working from the time it signs on for the voyage until they pay off and couldn't possibly have robbed the mail. Robbery on this ship is a common occurrence however.

A dirtier, meaner method of robbery was never perpetrated than that which is being practised by the officials of the United States Lines in conjunction with the U. S. A. Shipping Commissioners. Of a total of 1165 comprising the crew of this giant liner an average of 900 are logged or docked a portion of their wages. Every 18-day voyage the fines range from two days' pay to as high as the total wages due. It is quite clear to all seafarers that those vultures have set a standard amount which they will wrest from the wages each trip.

On one of my trips as able seaman there were drunken passengers smoking on the foredeck while I was on the bow-watch from 12 p. m. to 2 a. m. with an ordinary seaman. Curtis, the second mate, summoned me by telephone from the bridge. When I went up, he led me to the chartroom, and asked me how long I had been going to sea. When I told him, he said it was long enough to know better than to smoke while on the lookout. I told him it was a passenger and not I who was smoking. He called me a liar and fined me four days' pay, which was deducted from my wages at paying off time. Now this dirty scoundrel Curtis knew perfectly well that I was not smoking.

Thousands of dollars are wrested from the poor seafarers' wages in various ways, and the only way left for the slaves of the sea to combat this tyranny is organization. Seafarers carry the trade of the world on their backs and get the least recompense. Seafarers of the world unite. You haven't anything to lose but your chains and a world to gain. Seamen organize yourselves into a new union; one which is not tarnished with the corruption of A. F. of L. officials. Marine workers' progressive committees are now organized in all the principal ports of the U. S. A. for the purpose of organizing a union which will stand for industrial amalgamation for the seafarers of the world. This organization has the support of marine workers in all countries. Join it, fellow seamen, and with our economic strength we can ring a higher standard of living out of the shipowner, and lead a decent life on the seas.

MISLEADERS TO STOP ELECTIONS

Machinists Officials In New Racket

WASHINGTON, July 10 (FP).—Arguments opposing the abandonment of the referendum system of election of officers and abandonment of the present executive council, in the International Association of Machinists, printed in the July issue of the Machinists Monthly Journal, show that a lively fight will mark the convention at Atlanta. Charles W. Fry, business agent of Lodge 126, Chicago, is sponsor for the proposed constitutional changes. He is opposed by Vice-President P. J. Conlon, by William R. Young of Lodge 202, and others. Fry's further proposal that the insurance feature be made mandatory on a basis of $1,000 insurance for $1 added to the dues, is opposed in an article by O. G. Remy, recording secretary of Lodge 234.

Fry argues that the referendum election should be abolished in order to keep the general officers busy at their trade union duties. He says they play politics at the expense of the union. Young replies that convention politics is worse than referendum politics, and he points out that only about one-fourth of the lodges are able to pay the cost of having a delegate at the convention. Their lack of money would disfranchise them in the selection of general officers.

NEW LACKEY APPOINTED

SUPERIOR, Wis., July 10 (UP).—President Coolidge today appointed William Leffingwell Redrow, Ohio, to be Examiner In Chief United States Patent Office, succeeding the late Sydney F. Smith.

300 Lose Lives; Faulty Chilean Army Transport Crashes On Rocks

Only four survived when the Chilean army transport, Angamos, crashed on the rocks at Punta Chimpel. The ship carried army conscripts and passengers. Faulty construction as well as the carelessness of the Chilean authorities are blamed for the tragedy. Photo shows officers of the Chilean naval vessel that attempted to make a rescue.

DIPLOMA NO AID IN GETTING JOB

High School Graduate Not Wanted

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHICAGO, (By Mail).— In our beloved richest country in the world everyone is claimed to have an equal chance to live happy. I find it is not true. I will give you an example of my father.

When my father came to this country in 1908, he was a boy of seventeen. He began work in a restaurant, which was washing dishes for $3.00 per week. He worked so hard that he could not stay any longer than three days. It was impossible for a man to work fifteen hours a day.

He then began to look around for work. Finally he found another job as a presser and at that time he worked very long hours for a very little salary. It was impossible to exist. He joined the union. The wages which he received under the United Garment Workers were so little that he became a union man with his heart and soul, although he did not receive very much education. The live spirit of the working class was on him.

Then began class struggles and strikes. He was always on picket duty. He never had to be told to go in the front line to fight, he always went because he always felt it was his duty to better the conditions of himself and his fellow workers.

When he became a family man he started to feel more than ever the class struggle to raise his little family. He wanted to give us children an education what he claimed that every American child is entitled to. Also my teacher said that education is a great value in this country.

We children were not behind in our father's principles because we felt there were many goods things in this country that we could not get. We know that our father is not lazy to work, but he gets only $15 a week and it isn't enough to buy bread for us to eat.

I have already reached the age of sixteen and am capable of working. I have received the so-called education of high school and am now looking for a job to use my great education, but I cannot find any. Any place I go I find hundreds of girls waiting for jobs and I, only a young girl, already feel the unemployment crisis.

When I need any clothing and my father can't afford to buy me any, I smile at the words: America, the richest country in the world, everyone has a chance to become rich. Communism is the only way to solve the problem of unemployment. Communism stands for the freedom of the working class from slavery and exploitation from capitalism's brutal yoke.

—ETHEL JAFFEE.

STEVEDORES TIE UP FINN PORTS

13,000 Workers Are Reported Out

WASHINGTON, July 10 (FP).—Frederick B. Lyon, American commercial attache at Helsingfors, has reported to the department of commerce on the stevedores' strike which began June 2 in Finnish ports. He says that it affected all Finnish harbors; that lumber yard workers as well as truck drivers carrying goods to and from the docks went on strike in sympathy with the stevedores and that the saw mill workers might also join in the sympathetic walkout.

"The strike is the result of a demand for higher wages," he reported," and the number of workers on strike, including those who have joined through sympathy, is estimated at 13,000. Voluntary labor has been called upon and it is thought that some 2,000 workers are now spread over the various Finnish harbors.

Miners' Relief Week Now in Progress at Workers Camp Huliet

LUMBERVILLE, Pa., July 10.—This week, July 9 to July 16, is Miners' Relief Week at Cooperative Camp Huliet, at Lumberville, Pa. There will be a continuous program of activities, all the proceeds of which will go to the support of the miners' strike.

On Friday, July 13, the Pioneers will give a play. On Saturday, July 14, there will be a Miners' Relief Dance at the camp. On Sunday, July 15, at 3 p. m., there will be a concert and mass meeting.

This promises to be the biggest week of the whole summer at this proletarian camp. Already, a half dozen workers' clubs have decided to visit it in a body this week end.

The arrangements for the week are being made by the Philadelphia Conference for Miners' Relief, 39 North 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

DUAL UNION OF U. S. WORKERS

Federal Employes Plan Organization

WASHINGTON, July 10 (FP).—Dissatisfied with the degree of militancy shown by the National Federation of Federal Employes in general, and by its president, Luther C. Stewart, in particular, a group of government clerks in Washington has set up a dual union. The president of the new organization—called the League of the American Civil Service—is Mrs. Margaret Hopkins Worrell, who led a procession of 3,000 clerks to the first hearing of testimony on the Welch salary-increase bill before the house civil service committee last December.

Chairman Smoot of the Senate finance committee is recognized in the capital as boss of the civil service. For many years past he has made it his business to resist all wage increases and to cut down the appropriations for civil service staffs wherever possible. He is the most powerful foe of the Federation of Federal Employes. Under Smoot's control is the Bureau of Efficiency, headed by Herbert Brown. When Smoot wants evidence that civil service conditions are too easy on the employes, Brown furnishes him with the expert reports to support his contentions.

Whether the hand of Smoot or Brown is behind the dual union enterprise is doubtful, since Mrs. Worrell and her associates were quite active in demanding higher pay, during the Welch bill discussion. But if the new organization gets a start among the tens of thousands of federal workers who fail to maintain union membership, Smoot and Brown will be able to play the one group off against the other. Since the new organization has no affiliation with the regular labor movement its policies will be ruled by considerations of temporary advantage for the ruling element.

STORMS HINDER CHILIAN SEARCH

Only 6 Have Survived Boat Disaster

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 10 (UP)—Terrific storms still broke along the Chilean coast today seriously interfering with search for possible survivors of the disastrous sinking of the Chilean transport Angamos.

Upwards of 200 persons are believed to have perished. An official report said there was a crew of 133 aboard and that there were 82 passengers when the transport, attempting to escape furious winds, cracked onto a reef and went down immediately. Previous reports had indicated there might have been 300 persons aboard the vessel.

Only six survivors have been found thus far. They were among those who leaped into life boats when it was seen the vessel was a loss, only to be pitched clear of the fragile crafts once the heavy rolling sea was encountered. All six were landed on the beach some 200 yards from the scene of the disaster and recovered consciousness to find that the big transport had sunk, leaving not a trace except debris scattered along the coast line.

The last two survivors found were Carlos Avaniano and Sierpe Olegario.

AIRWAY CONTRACT MADE

WASHINGTON, July 10 (UP).—Second assistant postmaster general Glover today awarded the contract for operation of air mail service between Key West and the Panama Canal zone, to the Pan-American Airways of New York City at $2 per flying mile.

SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES
For Annoying or Painful Bladder Evacuation
Get the genuine
Santal Midy
Effective-Harmless
Sold by All Druggists

CAMP HULIET
(Over the Delaware)
LUMBERVILLE, PA.
JUST A PLACE FOR A WORKER'S VACATION
Directions—By Bus or Trolley to Doylestown and then by Camp Bus to the Camp.
By Train—To Raven Rock, N. J., on the Penna R. R.
Form New York—By Train to Raven Rock, N. J.
For further information and registration apply to:
Workers' Co-operative Assn.
317 So. 5th St. PHILA, PA.

Tha Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

The Organization of a World Party
By OSIP PIATNITSKY
15 Cents
What are the various sections of the Communist International doing? Germany, France, U. S., England, Italy?
What are their achievements, shortcomings and future tasks?
B. Vasiliev, reviewing this pamphlet in the May 1 issue of the Communist International, says:
"Every active member of every Communist Party in capitalist countries must have a copy of Comrade Piatnitsky's little book among the number of absolutely necessary handbooks on everyday Party work."
Order from
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
39 EAST 125th STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

FORMER SAILOR TELLS MISERY OF LIFE IN NAVY

Willing to Give Aid to Fellow Workers

(By a Navy Correspondent)

DETROIT, (By Mail).—I write these few lines to the best paper I read.

I am very sorry for John Porter, arrested recently in New Bedford Mass., because he was a striker.

I was in the navy before the war and when war came I was kicked out with a B. C. D. You see, I tried to do all I could to get the men to rebel against the terrible food. For this I got ten days on bread and water.

We must say yes, sir, and no sir, to our masters. I got 10 days of bread and water again for not saying yes, sir. Two weeks later the same thing happened when I refused to salute a big jackass they call captain. This was in Norfolk Virginia.

When I was put out of the navy I was asked whether I had cold feet if I was afraid to fight. I told them I wanted to leave only because I didn't want to shoot down my fellow workers.

You see, I am no church fellow was fined $62 for not wanting to go to war, but I didn't care because I had no money. They put me out anyway.

If I can help my fellow workers in anyway, I would like to know.

EX-SERVICEMAN.

Broadway Briefs

The matinees of "The Grand Street Follies" at the Booth have been shifted to Tuesdays and Thursdays. This schedule will continue until after Labor Day week when the former schedule of Wednesdays and Saturdays will again be in force.

A. L. Erlanger has added another new playhouse, the Jefferson Theatre at Birmingham, Ala., to his chain. The house will be renamed the Erlanger Theatre.

DUPONTS TO FIRE MORE.

The plants of E. I. Duponts de Nemours may be put on a five day week, it was announced. This would affect thousands of workmen with the likelihood of many being thrown out of work and wages lowered. This step is believed able to meet the decreasing buying power of the public.

DRAMA

A Miracle Explained--the Russian Edison's Invention

RENEWED interest has been aroused to see the young Russian inventor, Leon Theremin, and his invention for obtaining music from the ether, in the announcement that the Soviet scientist will appear this Saturday night at the Coney Island Stadium. Theremin will again give a demonstration of his invention.

The instrument which the "Russian Edison," as they call the youthful physicist in Soviet Russia, has built, produces the entire audible tone scale by electrical means. After demonstrations in Berlin, Paris and London, and New York the new machine was pronounced by scientists, artists and laymen alike barely short of the miraculous. Tones are produced by free movement of the hands in air before two antennae attached to the apparatus.

Transforms Electricity Into Sound

The principle utilized by Professor Theremin is that of the transformation of electro-magnetic energy into acoustic energy. By altering conditions in an electro magnetic area by means of introducing into it an electrical conductor (the human body) he achieves changes in pitch, trimbre and volume.

Leon Theremin is 31 years old. He was born in St. Petersburg August 15, 1896, now Leningrad, Russia, the son of a prominent lawyer. At an early age he is said to have startled his teachers by his aptitude in solving the trickiest of scientific problems. This, coupled with the youngster's predeliction for music and art, branded him as a boy prodigy.

IN "BURLESQUE."

Barbara Stanwyck, who is featured in Arthur Hopkins' production of "Burlesque," now in its eleventh month at the Plymouth Theatre.

The judgment of his elders was justified by the events of later years. After completing his course at the state gymnasium he entered the School of Physics and Mathematics of the University of Leningrad, majoring in physics and astronomy.

The apparatus acts as a terminal and is never really touched by the hands, even tho the music rendered is closely allied to the artist's personality because it reproduces the music in the player's mind. There is nothing miraculous—it is merely the application of known scientific principles.

AMUSEMENTS

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE-SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL
Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'way
Now
Film Arts Guild Presents American Premiere
Thrilling Drama of Russia and REAL Paris
"LOVES Of Jeanne Ney"
A UFA Production
Featuring Brigette Helm of "Metropolis"
Directed by G. W. Pabst, director of "SECRETS OF THE SOUL"
Also Showing
Chas. Chaplin in "The Vagabond"

Winter Garden Eve. 8:30, Mats. Tues. & Sat.
Greenwich Village Follies
GREATEST OF ALL REVUES

A late additional booking for this week's bill at the Palace Theatre is Will and Gladys Ahern, with brother Dan.

In July the Banks Are Paying Half Yearly Dividends
Transfer Your Savings to a
Co-operative Workers' Finance Institution
CONSUMERS FINANCE CORPORATION
Subsidiary of the United Workers' Co-operative Ass'n.
6%
dividends are being paid from the first day of deposit on gold bonds in denominations of $100, $300, $500 and $1,000 secured by the second mortgage of the second block of houses in the Co-operative Workers' Colony.
The GOLD BOND CAMPAIGN Will Be Ended in July
Subscribe Now, Don't Be Left Out!
Consumers Finance Corp.
Office: 69 — 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.
TELEPHONE: ALGONQUIN 6900.
Branch Office: 2700 Bronx Park East (Co-operative Workers' Colony)
TELEPHONE: OLINVILLE 894.

BOR DEFENSE TINGPLANNED OR JULY 21ST

dications Point to Huge Success

e of the greatest proletarian ngs ever held in New York will place Saturday, July 21, in sant Bay Park, under the aus- s of the New York Section of International Labor Defense.

arting at noon, there will be a tinuous program of unusual va- y that will last until late at t. This will include athletic ts of all kinds, games, open air ing to the music of a first-class band, a torchlight parade and reshments.

The two chief features will be mass scene, symbolising the t to free class-war prisoners, in ich a large number of workers l participate, and the taking of ving pictures of the outing. All se who are present at the out- will thus be able to see them- ves on the screen a few days er.

Though all the details of the pro- am are not yet complete, the I. D. outing this year promises, ac- ding to present indications, to surpass all previous events of kind.

OLD ANTHRACITE INE CONFERENCE

orty Progressive Leaders Meet

(Special To The Daily Worker)

HAZELTON, Pa., July 10. — rty leaders of the progressive ces of district Nos. 1, 7 and 9 embled at a Tri-district confer- e gave full endorsement for a tional Miners Convention to be ld in Pittsburgh September 9th 15th. Wm. Gaffney the outside nding progressive leader in dis- ct No. 7 was elected chairman of conference, and Bill Gibert, sec- tary.

John Watt, chairman of the Na- nal Arrangement Committee for National Miners Convention told conference how Lewis machine eaks the union in the bituminous lds, and showed that the next l operators' attack will be cen- red in the anthracite. He showed at miners no longer can save the ion from Lewis and that a new ion must be built. The anthra- te miners he declared must unite ir forces with those of the bitu- inous miners.

No Union Conditions

Tom Howell, president of the ntral labor union of Pottsville owed that union condition in the thracite have broken down, that one case a miner received only .73 for four days' work that in other case a miner received $35 r 19 days' of work. The reaction- y officialdom, Howell said is do- g nothing. He also showed that ere is no more democracy in the ion.

Geo. Papeun of district No. 1 ld the conference of the struggle the Pittston miners and of the ndition in district No. 1 in gen- al. he explained that Brennen and cGarry movement is degenerating anks to its false policy and that is the duty of the rank and file fight these fake "progressives."

Committee Organized

The conference elected 15 mem- rs to form the Tri-district section the National Miners Convention rrangements committee. An Exe- tive committee of 6, consisting of illiam Gaffney, Dan. Moran, Thom. owell, Joe Pajeris, Geo. Papgun, d Bill Gebert, was elected to act a Tri-district committee. Con- rence went on record in support the general strike in the Lehigh alley Coal and Navigation Com- ny and for support of the rank d file in district No. 1 for a gen- al strike.

The Conference also supported drive for relief for the striking others in the bituminous fields, d that assessments shall be sent the National Miners Relief com- ttee. It endorsed "Coal Digger" official of the progressives in anthracite.

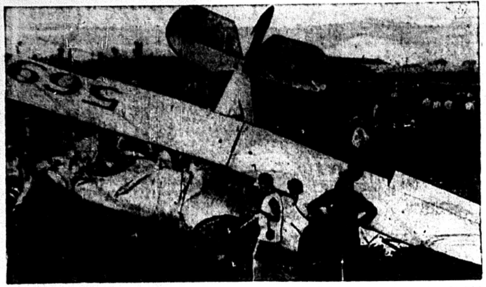
Stress was laid on necessities of ganizing a left wing movement in districts, sub-districts, and lo- ls, and to give full support to the picnic which will be held on nday, August 4th, in Lake View, few miles from Hazelton for the nefit of the striking miners.

rance Will Accept Kellogg Plan Soon

PARIS, July 10. — During this [illegible] it is expected that the final [illegible] answer will be made to Sec- [illegible] Kellogg's proposal for a mul- [illegible] treaty "outlawing" war.

The reply, prepared by the [illegible] imperialists acting on the [illegible] of business interests of [illegible] who are close in spirit to [illegible] American exploiters, will, ac- [illegible] to all present indications, [illegible] an acceptance. It will [illegible] the French govern- [illegible] willingness to sign along [illegible] the other imperialist powers [illegible] acceptance of [illegible] proposal.

Plane Crashes While Fascists Hold Field Day At Curtiss Field



Bystanders had a narrow escape when a plane piloted by Richard Robertson crashed during the fifth annual air circus of the American Legion at Curtiss Field. Photo shows plane after crash.

A Letter to Japanese Workers

(From the All-China Labor Federation)

Dear Comrades:

Reaction sweeps over the Japanese islands and seas. Persecution and suppression of revolutionary workers and peasants is going on persistently and systematically in your country. The crushing of your class-conscious trade union and proletarian party organizations is the order of the day in the realms of the Mikado. The arch-reactionary Seiyukai's government in the most brutal fashion is throwing your militant and revolutionaries in the prisons for many years. The Fascistic General Tanaka government is trying to break the backbone of your movement; to disarm you from working-class policies' and leadership: to switch your trade unions and proletarian parties into class collaboration and reformist swamps: to corrupt your movement—all for the benefit of the master class, the bourgeoisie and the landlords.

Urge Fight on Exploiters

We have no doubt, dear comrades, that you will meet and oppose the offensive of the exploiters and oppressors with determination and mass mobilization by closing your ranks and unifying your forces upon a militant program; a fighting program for your daily needs, for the defense and liberation of the arrested comrades, for the emancipation of your class from the yoke of capitalism and landlordism. To all workers and peasants who are organizing and fighting in this direction, and to all imprisoned comrades, the All-China Labor Federation sends its heartiest greetings and best wishes.

Kuomintang Betrayal

We are writing to you these few words from our bitter experience. Thus a couple of years ago we have not closed up our ranks sufficiently upon a clear-cut revolutionary program and have permitted to too great on extent the right wing and class-collaborationist elements within the Kuomintang and other organizations to exercise control and leadership of our revolution—the great Chinese revolution. The leaders of the Kuomintang, as you are well aware, have betrayed us, the Chinese workers and peasants, in the most vicious manner. They even turned the Kuomintang from a revolutionary organization into an instrument of extermination of the forces of the revolution. Indeed, the Kuomintang became the henchman of the imperialist oppressors of our country, and the executioner of tens of thousands of our comrades, not to speak of the endless and tireless persecution and suppression of strikes and our trade union and peasant organizations. And although the treacherous Kouminting—the Chiang Kai-sheks, Li Chi-suns, Feng Yu-hsians, etc., are beheading and heaping the bodies of our comrades piles upon piles; although these running dogs of the Chinese feudalists, financiers and merchants were able to defeat Soviet Canton and are driving a merciless war against the many local Soviets in South and Central China rural regions, yet the revolution is far from being crushed On the contrary, the revolutionary forces are steadily gathering and growing, regardless of the oppression and executions. The general discontent and unrest is not only widening but also deepening. The Chinese revolution has developed into a higher stage, namely, into the stage of the establishment of Soviets. Therefore, our slogans are: Down with the Kuomintang government! Long live the Soviets!

Fight Imperialism

But we are confronted not only by the Kuomintang as our deadly enemy, but also we have to fight against the imperialists—the Japanese, British, American, French, etc., invaders of our country. The imperialist powers have sent and stationed in Chinese ports large numbers of warships, police, spies and soldiers, who are all jointly with the Kuomintang, oppressing and strangling us at every occasion. They crush our strikes, they arrest us and kill our comrades by tens of thousands; they look upon us, the toiling masses of China, not as human beings, but rather as inferior people and beasts, and treat us accordingly. They occupy our cities and plunder our country; they have jointly ejected from our country the representatives of the only power friendly to the Chinese revolution—namely, Soviet Russia. At the same time in the plunder of our country. Rivalry among the imperialist powers is sharpening, which will inevitably result in a bloody war.

The Japanese imperialists are the most aggressive and provocative. Their military occupation of Shantung is aimed to divide our country, to subjugate it to a foreign control and exploitation for ages to come.

Drive Japan From China

We are, of course, determined to fight and drive out of our country the Japanese and all other imperialists with all our might and force. Likewise, with determination we will fight to the finish the running-dogs of imperialism—the Kuomintang government. But we want to state most emphatically that while we hate and condemn the Japanese imperialists and their running-dogs at home and abroad, we have the greater sympathy and love for the revolutionary workers and peasants of Japan. Ahd upon you, dear comrades, we call to intensify the campaign for the Hands Off China movement. Upon you, comrade trade unionists, we call to demand the immediate withdrawal of the Japanese army and naval forces from our country. Upon you, peasants and workers, we urge to arise in mass action.

Down with imperialism!

Long live the revolutionary working class bonds between the Japanese and Chinese workers!

Long live the workers and peasants government of Japan!

Long live the Chinese revolution!

ALL-CHINA LABOR FEDERATION
Sou Chao-jen, Chairman,
Li Min, Secretary.

LABOR DEFENSE SCORES TERRORISM OF FASCISTS

Commenting on th eadditional information concerning the Mussolini terror that has been received through underground channels at Zurich, the New York section of the International Labor Defense, in a statement issued last night, calls on all class-conscious workers to continue their fight against Italian fascism and to demand the immediate release of all class-war prisoners in Italy. The statement signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the section, follows:

"Mussolini's hangmen never go unrewarded. News has been received at Zurich through underground channels that Judge Albertini, the judge of appeals who hushed up the Matteoti trial, has now been made director general of the Italian prisons. We all know what this means. The judge who helped murder Matteoti has now been promoted to torturer-in-chief of Italian fascism.

"This is thoroughly consistent with all the other news concerning the fascist terror that has leaked out of Italy despite the rigid censorship. The murder of Matteoti and Sozzi were not isolated instances. Hundreds of others have been similarly murdered for no other crime than opposition to the bloody fascist regime. No one knows how many of the class-war prisoners of Italy are still alive. The recent trial of members of the Italian Communist Party condemned 18 of them to prison terms aggregating 383 years. How long will Mussolini, drunk with the blood of thousands of Italian workers and peasants, permit these leaders of the workers and peasants to remain alive?

"Workers of New York, the struggle against Italian fascism is your struggle and the struggle of workers of the world. This black monster that feeds on the blood and toil of the Italian workers owes its existenie to Wall St. and the Wall St. government. You must keep up the fight against fascism. Strike a blow for your own freedom by demanding immediate freedom for all those brave fighters who are now rotting in the dungeons of Italian fascism."

Workers Culture Club To Hold Mine Meeting

The story of the epic struggle of the striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio and their present struggles will be discussed at a special miners' educational meeting of the Workers Culture Club, 1940 Benson Ave., Bath Beach, Brooklyn, Friday evening at 8:30.

A speaker representing the National Miners' Relief Committee will tell of the latest plans for aiding the struggle of the miners.

The club has continuously given moral and financial aid to the miners, and during the recent Tag Days turned its headquarters into a relief station.

TEACHERS GAIN WAGE INCREASE

BOSTON, July 10 (UP).—Over vigorous opposition, the Boston school committee has adopted a new salary schedule for teachers, increasing the salaries of 25 mess groups $288 a year, and the salaries of 12 women's groups $96.

Only teachers now receiving socalled "maximum salaries"—the highest pay of their rank—will be immediately eligible for the pay increase.

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ALLISON, FREED, GREETED BY RED INTERNATIONAL

Lately Released From Indian Jail

LONDON, July 10.—A Losovsky, general secretary of the Red International of Trade Unions, recently greeted George Allison, a member of the executive bureau of the International, upon his release from prison after his activity in organizing the Indian Trade Unions The message, which was sent to him after thousands of militant English workers had received him back into their ranks, follows:

"The Executive Bureau of the Red International of Trade Unions sends you hearty greetings and expresses its conviction that your stay in an Indian prison has not undermined your militant spirit and not only has not weakened, but on the contrary has strengthened your will to struggle for the independence of India and the establishment of fraternal connections between the proletariat of India and the revolutionary labor movement of the whole world."

The telegram was signed "with hearty greetings, A. Losovsky, general secretary, Red International of Trade Unions."

Allison went to India in 1926 to further cement and connect the proletariat of India with that of England. He began to work in the Indian trade unions. This was immediately noted with dissatisfaction by the British imperialist government, the Indian bourgeoisie, and the reactionary leaders of the trade unions, controlled by the British business interests.

After a series of frame-ups, he was sent up for "trial" and sentenced to imprisonment for a period of eighteen months. After he was freed, recently, the police bought a ticket for him under the name of Smith, and deported him from India.

Allison arrived in London, where he was warmly greeted by the militant workers of London, who recognized the significance of a strong united front of the English and Indian proletariat. It was here that he received his message from the Red International of Trade Unions praising him for his proven courage and expressing its faith in his future activities for the emancipation of the Indian and English workers

SHOP DELEGATES MINE MEET HERE

Conference July 27; Relief Urgent

Calling on all workers in shops and factories between 14th Street and 59th Street to rally to the relief of the striking miners and their dependents, the Provisional Committee for Shop Delegates' Conference at the Workers Club, 101 W. 27th St. is today issuing a call for a large shop delegates' conference for miners' relief, to be held on Thursday, July 26.

The provisional committee urges all workers in whose shops the conference call is not received, to elect one or two of their number as delegates to the conference; or, if this is impracticable, to attend themselves as individual representatives. The committee calling the conference, realizing that in the shop and factory the workers may best be reached for miners' relief, intends to establish a permanent Shop Delegates Miners' Relief Committee, to be elected at the conference July 26th.

All Militant Workers
Should Hear the
REPORT
of the
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FRIDAY, JULY 13, 8 P.M.
BEN GITLOW
CHARLES ZIMMERMAN
will make the main reports
JOHN J. BALLAM, Chairman.
Reports from delegates on Marine Transport, Youth, Needle Trades, Food Industry, Shoe and Leather, Building Trades, etc.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS AT THE DOOR.
Auspices:
Trade Union Educational League, Local New York.

Workers Party Activities

Night Workers Meet.

The night workers will meet today at 26 Union Square, top floor, at 3 p. m. A member of the Agitprop Dept. will speak.

* * *

Section 1 Literature Squads.

Section 1 literature agents and literature squads will meet at 60 St. Marks Place at 6:15 p. m. tomorrow.

* * *

Speakers Class.

The speakers class of Section 1 will be held tomorrow at 60 St. Marks Place at 8 p. m. All registered for this class are required to come on time.

* * *

Unit F4, Section 6.

Unit F4, Section 6 will hold an educational meeting this evening. Comrade Geltman will speak on the election campaign.

* * *

National Campaign Committee.

The next meeting of the National Campaign Committee will be held today at 3 p. m. sharp. Please be on time to enable us to get through with the considerable volume of business that must be transacted.

Coney Island Branch

A business meeting of the Coney Island Branch will be held today at 8:30 p. m. at 2901 Mermaid Ave., Coney Island.

Section 2-3 Meet.

Section 2 and 3 will meet tomorrow at 6.30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

* * *

Unit FD1

Unit FD1 will hold an important meeting today at 6.30 p. m. at the Freiheit Building, 30 Union Square, first floor. All members are urged to attend.

* * *

Subsection 3C Executive.

The executive committee of subsection 3C will hold its meeting today, 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All executive members must attend. A roll call will be taken.

Women Unit Organizers.

Unit women's work organizers will meet on today at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. Important matters will be taken up, including the organizing of women for the election campaign of the Party. All organizers must attend.

Women's Federation Meet.

The Action Committee of the New York Working Women's Federation will meet tomorrow at 26-28 Union Square. All members are asked to attend.

* * *

6S, Subsection B.

Unit 6S, Subsection B, will hold its meeting tonight at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

Bath Beach.

The unit meeting of the Bath Beach unit will be held Friday, July 13, at 1940 Benson Ave., 8 p. m. sharp.

Brownsville W. Y. L.

Brownsville Section W. Y. L. Attention! An open air meeting will be held Thursday night at 8:30 p. m. at Hopkinson and Pitkin Aves.

Section 2 and 3.

There will be a general membership meeting of sections 2 and 3 on Monday, July 16, 6.30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th Street. All members must attend since very important matters will be taken up.

Labor and Fraternal

Spanish Workers Dance.

On Saturday, July 14, at 8:00 p. m. there will be a dance and entertainment, in behalf of the Centro Obrero (Spanish Workers Center), at the headquarters of that organization 55 West 113th St.

* * *

Jewelry Workers Outing.

The Jewelry Workers Welfare Club will hold its first annual outing on Sunday. Those who attend will meet at the Dyckman St. Ferry at 9 a. m.; from there, they will go to the Interstate Park, where an interesting program of entertainment has been arranged.

* * *

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

* * *

Council No. 21 of Flatbush, will hold a lecture this evening at 121 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn. The lecture will be given by Grace Campbell. The subject will be "Negro Women in Industry."

4 INJURED IN AUTO MISHAP.

PALMER, Mass., July 10 (UP) —Four persons were injured, one fatally, when an automobile overturned near here late yesterday. Mrs. Elizabeth Bouchard of Sayresville, N. J., died enroute to a hospital. Her husband, Frank J Bouchard, and two daughters, were not seriously hurt.

RED CONGRESS REPORT FRIDAY

Gitlow, Zimmerman to Speak at Meet

(Continued from Page One)

policy for the adherents of the R. I. L. U. in the United States, about which there is considerable controversy. The yellow socialist press and the I. W. W. have interpreted this decision to place the emphasis in the present situation upon the organization of the unorganized and the building of new unions as a movement on the part of the communists and left wing to desert the reactionary unions and to stop "boring from within."

This interpretation has been repudiated by the T. U. E. L. There still remains considerable confusion as to the real policy adopted at the congress for work in the American trade unions, for building up new unions of the unorganized workers.

Gitlow Among Speakers

Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, will make the main report. Sasha Zimmerman will report for the needle trades. There will be additional reports from other members of the delegation on the various industrial conferences held, such as marine transport, shoe and leather, food industry, building trades, youth, etc.

Questions and discussions will be permitted from the floor. John J. Ballam, secretary of the Local New New, Trade Union Educational League, will preside.

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U. S. S. R. FORMS HUGE SYSTEM TO PURCHASE GRAIN

Harvest Prospects Now Greatly Improved

By EUGENE LYONS
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

MOSCOW, July 10 (UP). — The Soviet regime is forming one of the world's largest grain purchasing and distributing organizations in an effort to prevent a repetition of the 1927 difficulties in collecting grain.

Meanwhile, the harvest prospects appear to have improved and the peasants are selling more readily. Total collections to June amounted to 355,000 tons, compared with 281,000 in May and 310,000 in June, 1927.

Bread supplies in Moscow have noticeably increased.

All grain trading groups are being merged into a giant "bread trust" with a basic capital of 300,000,000 rubles.

Vice chairman Kapelinsky of the trust declared he will operate 40 large mills and 89 elevators.

The formal opening of grain collections July 1 was not auspicious and it was reported that the Ukraine and other sections were rationing bread, in some instances rather strictly. Flour is rationed throughout the nation.

In connection with the campaign to increase the winter wheat sowing, authorities were forced to admit that the crop was seriously short and for this reason the government was preparing to distribute 18,000,000 pounds of staple winter seeds and is arranging huge credits for farm machinery.

UNION EMBLEM AFW CENTRAL EX. BOARD
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Ask for Union Label Bread

BUTCHERS' UNION
Local 174, A.M.C. & B.W. of N.A.
Office and Headquarters: Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St., Room 12
Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M.
Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.

ARBEITER BUND, Manhattan & Bronx; German Workers' Club.
Meets every 4th Thursday in the month at Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. New members accepted at regular meetings. German and English library. Sunday lectures. Social entertainments. All german speaking workers are welcome.

Window Cleaners' Protective Union—Local 8
Affiliated with the A. F. of L.
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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ✗ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

American Dictatorship

When the New York Times attempts to laugh off by referring to the "Dew tell" of the Vermont farmer and the "Oh Shucks" of the Kansas rangeman, the challenge of a French critic that there is now an "American dictatorship, capitalist, liberal and industrial," the New York Times fulfills its function but convinces no one.

M. Bernard Fay, who writes in the Paris Figaro on the presidential nominee of the republican party concludes in substance that the "internationalism" of Hoover is a myth; that he is a tried and true imperialist and that his reputed "warm love for Europe" should be taken with a ton of salt; nor will it prevent him from carrying on "the enormous development of American resources," which is his genius to fulfill.

Against this, of course, the New York Times, chief organ of the American ruling class, protests vehemently. But it protests too much.

It is true that certain sections of finance capital and various powerful banking interests made a gesture of opposition to the nomination of Hoover. Rather few telegrams of congratulation were sent to him by the Wall Street operators, a fact in striking contrast to the deluge which was poured over the victorious Coolidge. The financial journals are tireless in pointing out that Hoover is surly, sullen, sour, opinionated, and has a bump on himself. All this, of course, the campaign managers of the great engineer will utilize for their own interests. Hoover is not the bankers' man we are told because not all of the bankers were for him.

No one offers the opposition of the farmers to Hoover as an evidence that democracy was justified in his choice. No one claims that the working masses of the country are for Hoover, with the exception of such "workers" as John L. Lewis, arch-wrecker of the mine union. It can be taken as one of the significant proofs of the French critic's thesis that there is an American dictatorship, capitalist, liberal and industrial, that the outstanding spokesmen of this dictatorship find it necessary in their attempts to refute the charge to insist merely on certain insignificant differences between banking groups.

The real facts are that certain "doubts" about Hoover existed among the banking groups interested chiefly in industrial capital. The highest strata of finance capital know their Hoover. Who is so naive today as to believe that any candidate on one of the old political parties can be nominated against the wish of Morgan, Mellon, Baker and the Rockefellers. One might as well try to obtain a Tammany judgeship without contributing to the wigwam treasury.

None of this is, of course, new to Communists. When foreign critics speak thus openly of the American dictatorship it is because they fear the rising power and oppression of the western colossus. The American dictatorship through its Federal Reserve Banking system is in practical control of the finances of the earth. American gold has just stabilized the French currency. The Bank of England, nominally on a gold basis, has been forced to guard itself against extremity through a borrowing arrangement with the Federal Reserve System. The same Federal Reserve System is now engaged in a well-calculated policy of retrenching credit with the known purpose of depressing prices and wage levels within the country in order to meet the disparity between farm prices and industrial prices. In this way it hopes to solve the contradictions between agriculture and big business.

All this the American dictatorship does figuratively by pressing a button in offices centering about Wall and Broad Streets. Nor are the "lesser" things neglected.

When it becomes necessary to jail a few workers agitating against the war in Nicaragua, the thing is done smoothly and with precision. The cops jump, the judge wraps up and hands out a sentence, the jail opens, the papers report Reds who violate laws and democracy is justified.

Yes, there is an American dictatorship, ruthless, brazen, drunken with its super-power and unchallenged brutality.

But there is also a working class!

Miners' Defense Week

The week of July 22-29 has been set aside as Miners' Defense Week. The national Miners' Relief Committee, without whose activities the great mine struggle would long since probably have come to a disastrous conclusion, and the International Labor Defense, an organization which has won the right to demand the support and confidence of the working class, are co-operating in the nationwide drive.

The great mine struggle now in its fifteenth month has made labor history. It will unquestionably serve as one of the milestones in the development of a class conscious American labor movement. No matter what degree of immediate success will result from the struggle, the experience the miners have already gained will be of the utmost value to them in the even greater struggles ahead.

Arrests, imprisonments, fines, frame-ups, these are the inevitable accompaniments of the fight. The role of the International Labor Defense has become increasingly important.

The mine struggle must receive the continued support of the working class. The building up of a spirit of solidarity and sacrifice between groups and sections of workers is an obligation which rests especially on the militants. Amid the multiplicity of calls for relief the individual worker often stands dismayed, but the organized and more advanced sections of workers will not be discouraged by the growing demands upon them.

Support of the Miners' Defense Week is a major task in which every organization and unit of the Party must participate.

Bethlehem Steel Company Cuts Wages

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

SPARROWS POINT, Md. (By Mail).—Soon another edition of the "Sparrows Point Worker" will be issued; a shop bulletin edited by the militant steel workers of the Workers (Communist) Party working in the Bethlehem Steel Company located at Sparrows Point, Md.

Our shop bulletin appears just at a time when the Bethlehem Steel Company is waging a mighty campaign of wage cutting, speed-up and slave driving tactics against these unorganized steel workers. The steel workers' interests are completely disregarded by the bosses. Many workers who never dreamed that the bosses would exercise such absolute methods see the real color of things and feel the urgent necessity of organizing into unions.

Wage Cuts.

The order of the day in the Bethlehem Steel Company are wage cuts ranging from ten to fifty per cent on top of the already extremely low wages. New speed-up machinery is being introduced in every department accompanied by the discharging of many steel workers who are being displaced by modern machines requiring less men. In cases where foremen or superintendents have been showing signs of being in the human race or who appeared to be friendly to a group of workers, have been replaced by other bosses who have established a reputation in other mills as being regular "Simon Legree's." In some departments where the production level was considered a little too low, bosses of these departments have been discharged and replaced by bosses who are past masters of speeding up workers and raising production.

"Yellow-Dog."

Just recently in the company owned city, Sparrows Point, Maryland, the workers living in the houses were forced to sign new yellow dog contracts with clauses such as—that workers' families will be evicted if they allow men or women in their houses who are members of a union. Another clause where men or women or members of the family who have ever been evicted from Sparrows Point cannot be allowed in company owned houses to see their friends or it may even be a close relative. No worker can hold any kind of entertainment, social or dance in his house without consulting the company. Failure to comply with the clauses of the contract will be eviction within five days. These are typical of the many methods that are being conducted by the company to crush every right of the workers.

With the distribution of 1500 shop bulletins among the fifteen thousand steel workers, we carry to many of them for the first time the message of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Workers Party ticket nominees. They are especially enthusiastic over the demands to organize into a real workers' union for our demands. The exploited Negro workers here in sunny Sparrows Point, Maryland are elated when they see in our bulletin demands set up for the abolition of Jim Crowism, better wages conditions and less hours for the Negro workers. They take on new hopes when they run across the demand for organization of the Negro and white workers into one union.

Begin Last Search For Lost Amundsen

KINGS BAY, Spitzbergen, July 10 (UP).—The last search for Raold Amundsen, discoverer of the South Pole, who has been missing with five companions since June 18, began today when three ships started a twelve-day cruise of Arctic waters.

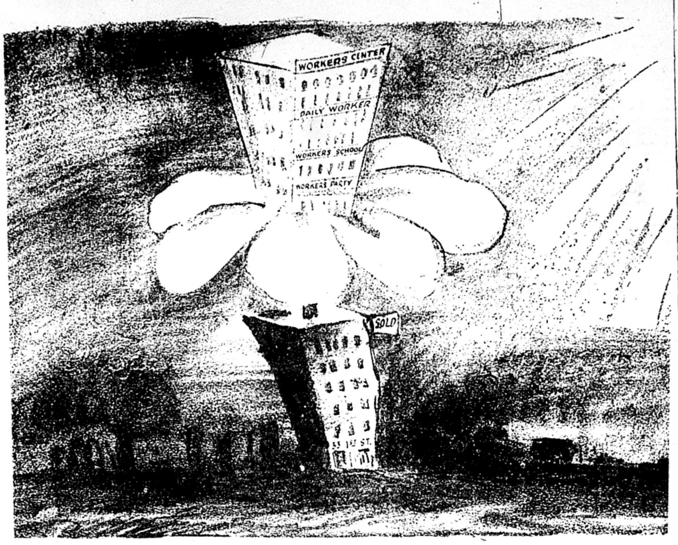
If no trace of the explorer is found by July 21, it was announced, he would be definitely given up as lost and rescue efforts abandoned.

NEW AIR MAIL ROUTE.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—An air mail route may be established between Louisville, Ky., and Dallas, Texas, with stops at Memphis, Nashville, and Little Rock, the Post Office Department announced today. A survey of the route has been ordered.

GROWTH

By Fred Ellis



Nurtured by the working class, this flower blooms for the delight of class conscious workers. Keep up the nourishment.

Shoe Workers Form New Union

Formation of a new union of shoe workers, the Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York and Vicinity, has been announced following a series of conferences initiated by the Unity Conference of shoe workers. The statement of policy and plans for the new organization follow:

One Union of Shoe Workers for Greater New York.

The conditions of the shoe workers of Greater New York have become so deplorable that they are beyond human endurance. Prices and wages have been constantly reduced, while at the same time working hours have increased. The 44-hour week standard is a thing of the distant past. Because of the long hours which at times range as high as 70 and 75 the army of unemployed is steadily increasing.

These conditions are the result of the failure to mobilize the 40,000 shoe workers of Greater New York into one powerful union. The workers were kept divided by the selfish, reactionary leaders into small petty craft unions which were concerned only with their narrow interests.

Bosses' Organization.

While the workers were engaged in a bitter struggle against the bosses during the year of 1919, the American Shoe Workers' Protective Union was organized by the bosses. This was a company union which the workers refused to join. The workers were, however, forced to join or lose their jobs, and gradually began to take an active part in its affairs. The bosses realizing that they were losing control over their company union, first forced a strike and succeeded in smashing it through the aid of their henchmen and stool-pigeons in the union.

When the Shoe Workers' Protective Union made its attempt to organize the trade in Greater New York it achieved some success as long as it relied upon the co-operation of the workers, but when the FitzGerald-Nolan machine began to apply their reactionary policies of expulsions and refused to aid in the struggles against the bosses in which the district council was involved, the workers lost confidence and the Protective began to disintegrate.

Revoke Charters.

The Nolan-FitzGerald machine, fearing their defeat in the Protective, preferred to smash the union by expelling the progressive elements and revoking the charters of the district council and four locals. Not satisfied with expulsion the Nolan-FitzGerald machine resorted to the injunction, which is the bosses' method of breaking unions in order to completely destroy the district council in furthering their rule or ruin policy. As a result of this, the workers of the shops which the former district council controlled sought protection in the movement to build a union which would be able to defend the interests of the workers. Several mass meetings were held which launched the Associated Shoe and Slipper Workers of Greater New York.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' Union tried to enter the situation upon the invitation of a few individuals who expected that the general office would spend thousands of dollars to organize the shoe trade in New York, but every shoe worker knows that the Baine-Lovely machine which is in control of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union will never fight in the interests of the workers. The Boot and Shoe Workers' Union in New York has remained just as small, weak and ineffectual as when it first came here. The shoe workers keep away from it because they want an organization whose policy is to carry on a struggle for the betterment of conditions instead of betrayal to the bosses. They want a workers' union instead of a company union controlled by the bosses and their agents, the Baine-Loveley machine.

Various groups of workers composed of different crafts began to organize themselves separately.

Unity Conference.

Such a group which held itself together as an organized body in one shop realized that without the unity of all organized forces, trade union conditions and standards of the workers cannot be successfully maintained. This group initiated a call for a unity conference which was held on May 19th, 1928. The various shoe workers' unions and groups responded to the call at which the question of establishing one union for Greater New York was discussed.

The first question before the conference was to unite all groups into one union in Greater New York. This question was decided by a unanimous vote to get together. The second question was whether this organization shall be national or local.

The delegation of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union attempted to convince the conference that the Boot and Shoe is the only national organization. Their attempt was in vain, because the delegates representing the other organizations have shown that the Boot and Shoe is not interested in organizing the unorganized. Its policy is one of conscious betrayal of the workers and it is no better than a company union. Although the conference voted to form a local organization they are ready to join a national organization provided the leadership and the policies of such an organization shall be militant and fighting for the interests of the workers and for organizing the unorganized.

Important Problems.

The question of a national organization was discussed at length. The Shoe Workers' Protective Union as well as the Boot and Shoe have been considered and it was plainly proven that neither one has a policy which will protect and organize the shoe workers. While the Protective had every opportunity of building a strong organization it has instead followed a policy of disruption and betrayal. The Protective is a national union only in name, being practically non-existant except in one city. Thus the question of joining any existing national organization has been voted down and the conference voted to stand by a local organization.

The delegation of the Associated Shoe & Slipper Workers of Greater New York pledged their full support, even to the extent of completely fusing with the new union.

One Union.

Though the Boot and Shoe delegation was absent from the second conference held on June second, a more important factor in the trade came in, a group of lasters and wood-heelers, which has recently been formed. After this group was informed of the proceedings of the previous conference, the delegation pledged its full support to the new movement and all indications point towards the direction that one union will be established in Greater New York.

An executive board was chosen to work out the necessary details and the drawing up of a constitution for the newly formed organization. The results of the conference was presented at a general membership meeting held on June 22, at Lorraine Hall, Brooklyn, N. Y. A name for the new organization was unanimously chosen at this meeting. The new union is to be known as the **Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York & Vicinity.** Constructive plans were mapped out, among which was the issuing of new books to begin July 16th and by that date all members of the different groups are to pay up their dues. Arrangements for a picnic to raise funds for organization work to be held on July 22 at Hause's Park & Casino in Astoria, L. I. was reported on and received with acclamation by those comprising the newly formed organization.

All Workers Invited.

The headquarters of the union will be located temporarily at 51 E. 10th St., N. Y. C. All shoe workers of Greater New York are invited to call at the office and file applications with the new organization.

With united forces, build one union for shoe workers of Greater New York!

Stop the bosses from imposing slave conditions in the factories!

Build one powerful union to raise wages and improve working conditions in every shoe factory in Greater New York!

Join the Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York!

Unity Conference of Shoe Workers of Greater New York.
I. Kaplan, chairman.

Capitalists Aided in the Donetz Conspiracy

(Altho the Donetz trial is over, The DAILY WORKER publishes this article on the court proceedings because of the tremendous importance of the revelations which clearly indicate the existence of an imperialist sabotage plot. Evidence presented at the trial clearly proved that foreign official as well as business firms joined with the former Czarist owners of the Donetz mines in a conspiracy to wreck the coal industry of the Soviet Union.)

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(Special Correspondence)
Moscow, June 21, 1928.

The court this week has been engaged in investigating the operations of the so-called Kharkov center of the sabotage organization that directed the work of economic destruction in the Don Basin. A number of the accused were examined in this connection. Some admitted their guilt entirely, some admitted part of the charges and others strenuously denied them all. But by cross-examination, the evidence of witnesses and the confronting of the accused with one another, the grim story of how this Kharkov center systematically sabotaged the development of work of the Don Basin and inflicted colossal damage on the coal industry, was dragged out of them.

The principal figure in this stage of the trial was the accused Baranovsky, who was a leading member of the Kharkov center and who, as he himself stated in concluding his evidence, "hoping to be pardoned and enabled to start a new life," made a clean breast of it.

Describes Meetings

Baranovsky described the meetings of the organization at which instructions received from the ex-mine owners abroad, Russian and foreign, were discussed and plans for carrying them out laid down. In the early period, Baranovsky stated, it suited the plans of the ex-owners abroad to have improvements carried out in the Don Basin. They gave instructions to the organization accordingly, which the latter carried out. Baranovsky at that time was manager of the Ekaterinov group of mines, and the order came to him. He, accordingly, set to work to carry it out, but, as he himself stated, he was "too zealous" and improved too much. For that (he was "cautioned" by the center and ordered to "go slow," and, as he said, he soon "rectified his mistake" and made up for it by committing a number of definite acts of destruction.

The method adopted at the Kharkov center in recent times was deliberately to delay the drafting of plans of development. "Procrastination and red tape was developed into a system," said Baranovsky. Plans were drawn up, "some of them positively fantastic," and then discussed at length, amended, again discussed and redrafted, and so without end, and when finally they were sent down to the district managers, who were in the plot, "they knew what to do with them."

Anti-Soviet Propaganda

Cross-examined by the prosecution, Baranovsky admitted that the aims of the organization were not purely economic. At the meetings of the Kharkov center they discussed political questions, such as methods of anti-Soviet propaganda, foreign intervention, the internal state of the Communist Party, etc. Krilenko put it to the accused:

"This organization was a political organization?"

"An economic-political organization," Baranovsky corrected him.

"But its ultimate game was the overthrow of the Soviet State?"

"Yes."

"Is it true to say that it was a political counter-revolutionary organization, having contact with foreign government institutions; that it was a branch of foreign capitalist state organizations?"

"Yes; in the latter period of its existence it became a foreign subsidized organization, operating on the territory of the U. S. S. R., for the purpose of definite sabotage in the event of intervention."

Cash From French Ex-Owners

The manner in which contact with foreign government organizations was maintained will be investigated in camera in a day or two. At this hearing Baranovsky stated that sums of money were received from the French ex-owners, who, accused presumed, obtained them from government sources. The accused stated also that sums of money were obtained in the form of "commissions" from German firms for orders placed with them. The firms mentioned were the Allgemeine Elektrische Geselschaft, Eihoff and Knapp, and money was expected from Siemens. This money was transmitted through representatives of the firms visiting Russia or through members of the organization on "business visits" to Germany.

It is significant that Prof. Wurms, counsel for the accused German engineers, in cross-examining Baranovsky, did not seek to refute the allegation that money was paid by the German firms to the Russian engineers; he strove to show that this was merely a "commercial custom."

A number of the accused indicated by Banarovsky's evidence were confronted with him. Their efforts to shake his testimony led to "scenes" and the president had to pull them up. Baranovsky remained unshaken.

Told You So

PHILLIPS, the sewer grafter, did a good job for Tammany hall when he died of kidney trouble in Atlantic City the other day. There are reports now that those political higher-ups who were involved with Phillips will go unscathed. Dead men tell no tales. It appears that the christian deity is not always on the side of the good. He seems to take a diabolical pleasure in doing the wicked a favor once in a while.

• • •

FIFTEEN thousand citizens surrounded a catholic church in Brooklyn to see a gangster buried. Thirty-eight flower-laden automobiles followed him to his grave. A catholic priest said mass for the repose of his soul. The gangster had paid for it in advance. This thug, Yale by name, made his living holding up small business men, furnishing strikebreakers and in other equally reprehensible ways. But he was generous to churches and the "deserving poor," the poor who voted for his political patrons on election day in return for a crumb now and then.

• • •

YALE'S political patrons are members of Tammany Hall. Despite the bunk that is peddled in the capitalist press to the effect that the Tammany of today is not the Tammany of Boss Tweed or Dick Croker days, that political institution is as closely connected with the underworld as ever. It is said that Yale, through this strong arm squad and his philanthropic activities, controlled 30,000 votes which he was able to sell at a good price.

• • •

PREMIER Poincare of France paid tribute to the dove of peace on the Fourth of July. He sincerely hoped that war would be forever banished from the face of the earth. What the honorable gentleman meant is that the bandit powers should be able to settle their differences without having to resort to war so that they would be able to fleece their colonial slaves and keep their own workingclass under the iron heel. A few days after July 4, the newspapers carried the story that the French navy had just launched the fastest warship afloat.

• • •

THE British trade union bureaucracy took a flying leap ahead of even the officialdom of the American Federation of Labor in discarding class warfare and joining hands with the employers in keeping the peace. Henceforth all will be quiet along the Thames between capital and labor, if the British labor fakers can help it. The General council of the British Trade Union Congress formed a united front with a committee of British industrialists to review British industry with a view to developing a plan whereby the best interests of industry could be served at the expense of the workers of course.

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COINCIDENTAL with the announcement of this decision, J. H. Thomas, political secretary of the railwaymen's union, declared that the railroad workers must be prepared to accept a wage cut. Most of the official labor leaders and particularly J. H. Thomas are wealthy and care little whether the workers' standard goes up or down as long as they are permitted to retain their positions which give them prestige in the social world and enables them to mix freely with kings, queens, lords and dukes. But docile though the British workers have been there is a limit to their patience. There are some interesting developments in the British labor movement. The Communist Party recently decided to contest the elections against the labor party as well as against the liberal and tory parties. The Labor Party, under the leadership of MacDonald, Snowden, Thomas and others, is just as imperialistic as the tory and liberal parties. It has gone so far to the right that Maxton, the chairman of the independent labor party, the socialist kernel in the Labor Party, is now making open war on MacDonald and threatening to split the labor party. In this fight he is joined by A. J. Cook, the secretary of the Miners Federation, who is liable to be ousted from his position by his own reactionary executive backed by the General Council.

Tom O'Flaherty

ATTEND "DAILY" CONCERT SATURDAY, WORKERS PARTY URGES

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, $8.00 per year. Outside New York, by mail, $6.00 per year.

Price 3 Cents

TEXTILE STRIKERS PICKET MILL ALL NIGHT

Minor, Grecht, at Union Square Protest Tomorrow at 4 P. M.

SOVIET FLYER FINDS 3 LOST "ITALIA" CREW

Braves Great Dangers On Ice Floe

By EUGENE LYONS.

MOSCOW, July 11 (UP).—Three men of the ill-fated trans-Iolago dirigible Italia who have been struggling for 42 days from ice floes toward land, and who had been given up for lost, were found today by an unknown Russian aviator on the Arctic wastes off Cape Platen, north east land.

The Russian ice ship Krassin reported that Soviet aviator Chuknovsky had circulated over the men—Prof. Finn Malmgrem, Swedish physicist, and Captains Adalberto Mariano and Filippo Zappi of the Royal Italian navy, and that it was hoped they could be rescued tonight or Thursday.

Chuknovsky circled over the bedraggled figures, outlined on the ice by the dazzling sun, and sought to find a place to land. Two of the men were standing and waved their hands to the aviator. The third was stretched out on the ice and Chuknovsky was uncertain whether he moved.

After he had made certain there was no safe landing place in the vicinity, Chuknovsky returned to his base ship, the Krassin, and the Russians began rushing preparations to rescue the three men, whose condition could be nothing less than desperate.

While only a short distance separates the Krassin from the Castaways great difficulties face the

(Continued on Page Two)

PARTY IN CALL FOR BIG CONCERT

Mass Demonstration Urged Saturday

An appeal to all class-conscious workers of New York to attend the great concert at the Coney Island Stadium Saturday night was issued last night by the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party. The appeal, which urges that the concert being arranged under the joint auspices of The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit be made a mass political demonstration, follows:

"Comrades! Fellow Workers!

"The two greatest dailies of our party, The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit, have organized a great concert and rally to take place at the Coney Island Stadium on Saturday evening, July 14. This concert is more than an ordinary entertainment, just as July 14 is more than an ordinary day.

"July Fourteenth is Bastille Day This day is written with letters of fire in the history of the great French Revolution. It is the day when the masses of France, rising against their feudal oppressors took by storm and partly destroyed the formidable political prison of their old rulers, the citadel of Bastille. Our comrades of The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit did well to choose this revolutionary day for their undertaking.

(Continued on Page Five)

SOCIALIST MAYOR HELPING SEIPEL

Vienna Communists To Demonstrate July 14

(Special Cable To Daily Worker.)

VIENNA, July 11.—The social-democratic mayor of Vienna, Seitz has refused to countermand the police prohibition of the Communist Party demonstration July 15 on the anniversary of the working class uprisings last year. The Communist Party announces that the demonstration will be held on July 14 instead.

Section 2 Membership Meet Off Till July 16

On account of the conflict with the meeting of the shop chairmen, called by the National Organization Committee, the membership meeting of Section 2 has been called off and will be held Monday, July 16, at 101 West 27th St.

MARY SORKIN WANTED

Mary Sorkin is asked to communicate immediately with the district office of the Young Workers (Communist) League, at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square. It is very important

To Appear at Concert

A. Nelle, former dance partner of Pavlowa, who will appear together with the Roxy Ballet at the great DAILY WORKER concert at Coney Island Stadium Saturday evening.

Program of Big Concert. Is Announced

At last the details of the program of the great concert to be held at Coney Island Stadium Saturday night have been completely worked out. And the program indicates that the committee in charge has done itself proud.

The first part of the program will consist of a concert by Arnold Volpe and his symphony orchestra of 50 musicians. The orchestra will open with the Coronation March from Meyerbeer's opera, The Prophet. Then will follow the famous Rienzi Overture of Wagner, Caucasian Sketches by Ippolitow-Ivanov, Fantasy from Bizet's opera, Carmen, and the ever-popular Marche Slav by Tschaikovsky. All of these numbers are among the most popular in the symphonic repertoire.

Ballet's Program.

After an intermission of 15 minutes, the noted Roxy Ballet, under the direction of A. Nelle, former partner of Pavlova, will present its program. This will consist of a Gypsy Dance and Mazourka from Delibes' ballet, Coppelia, and dances from Gounod's opera, Faust. The dancing of the ballet is certain to be a revelation to all those present.

Following an intermission of 10

(Continued on Page Two)

DRIVE FOR NEW UNION SPREADS

Urge Anthracite To Stand Solid

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 11.—The call for a national miners' convention to be held at Pittsburgh on September 9-16 for the purpose of forming a new national miners' union, was forwarded to all local unions of the United Mine Workers with a request for the election of delegates to the convention, according to an announcement by Pat Toohey, secretary of the convention arrangements committee. Toohey added that the convention arrangements committee printed 100,000 copies of the Call for the convention for wide distribution among the miners in both the organized and unorganized sections of the industry.

Warns Miners.

The announcement warns the progressive miners that the Lewis henchmen will do everything in their power to prevent the local unions from taking action on the Call for a national miners' convention. Toohey therefore urges the progressive miners to make sure that the Call is brought before their local unions and that delegates loyal to the rank and file are elected to the convention.

In a scathing denunciation of John L. Lewis and the other officials of the United Mine Workers of America, declaring that they wreck-

(Continued on Page Five)

JAILED WORKERS TO SPEAK UPON TOMBS RELEASE

Kate Gitlow Assails Vicious Judge

When the five cell doors in the Tombs swing open tomorrow, liberating the workers who were Monday sentenced to serve a five-day term for participating in the anti-imperialist demonstration at Broad and Wall Sts., July 13, a crowd of workers will greet them outside of the prison to escort them to Union Square.

There a monster protest meeting will be held at 4 o'clock. The speakers will include Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for U. S. senator, Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, which arranged the meeting; Rebecca Grecht, candidate for assembly and state campaign manager of the Workers (Communist) Party; Robert Wolf, novelist and poet, and Emanuel George, a striking miner from Ohio.

The meeting is expected to draw thousands of workers who will attend as a protest against the brutalities of Tammany's New York police and the vicious prejudice shown by Magistrate Gottlieb in the trial of the five militant workers during the farcical trial.

The huge protest Friday, which is being held under the auspices of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, will be the beginning of a vigorous campaign for members among all workers and sympathizers for the fight against American imperialism.

A letter was last night addressed to Magistrate Gottlieb by Kate Gitlow, head of the United Council of Workingclass Housewives, an or-

(Continued on Page Two)

AFFAIRS AIDING MILL STRIKERS

W. I. R. Appeals For Relief Activity

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 11.—The Workers International Relief, which has now become the chief strike relief distributing agency in the New Bedford strike of 28,000 textile workers has issued an appeal to workers' organizations to undertake activities that will bring in funds for strike aid. The statement enumerates the affairs already arranged and says in part:

"A smashing defeat was delivered to the textile corporations on Monday, July 9, when the mill gates were opened for the first time in 12 weeks. Not a striker returned to work. The attempt of the bosses to intimidate the workers by calling out an additional force of mounted police and the state militia was answered by the strikers by mass picketing.

State Stops Aid.

The state of Massachusetts announced through the press that since the mills were opened the state would no longer aid in giving relief to the needy. The city of New Bedford and the chamber of commerce who have been doling out charity will no doubt follow this capitalistic example within a few days in the hope that this will defeat and force the workers back into the mills.

"F. G. Biederkapp of the Workers International Relief says that the W. I. R. is arranging to open up ad-

(Continued on Page Five)

PIONEERS RAP COURT

Denounce the Verdict on Rose Plotkin

Bitter condemnation of Magistrate Samuel D. Levy of the Children's Court who on Tuesday condemned Rose Plotkin, 13-year-old member of the Young Pioneers, to be sent back to her home town in Indiana is contained in a statement issued by the Communist youth organization last night.

The young militant was arrested at the anti-imperialists' demonstration at Broad and Wall Sts., July 3, and has been kept prisoner in the Heckscher Foundation since her arrest. Magistrate Levy had refused the request of Jacques Bruitenkant, representing the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, that judgment be postponed in order that Fanny Plotkin, sister of the young accused, might have an op-

(Continued on Page Two)

Feeding the 28,000 New Bedford Mill Strikers and Their Families

FOOD FOR THE NEW BEDFORD TEXTILE STRIKERS

During the entire 13 weeks that the 28,000 textile workers of New Bedford have been on strike, the Workers International Relief has been supplying food for them and their dependents. The magnificent picketing demonstration last Monday, in which over 20,000 participated, indicated that victory is not far distant. Meanwhile relief is urgent. Photo shows but a small proportion of the thousands cared for by the W. I. R. relief kitchen in New Bedford. For a few weeks city charities provided some relief, but the moment the mill barons announced that they would attempt to reopen the mills if the strikers would return, the charity agencies ceased giving relief, telling the workers to return to the looms.

ACTION BEGINS IN PORTER CASE

Shorr, I.L.D. Attorney, Goes to Ft. Adams

By PAUL CROUCH

John Porter, imprisoned in an army jail for his militant strike activities, membership in the Young Workers Communist League and on the technical charge of desertion, will soon be brought before a court-martial or a civil court.

The National Office of the International Labor Defense, 80 East 11th St., has announced that Isaac Shorr, the attorney retained for the defense, is leaving today for Fort Adams, R. I., to start action on the case to attempt to stop the brutal methods being used in an effort to crush Porter's spirit.

Information was received yesterday that the military authorities, who have kept Porter in solitary confinement for almost a week, are resorting to the most extreme measures in their attempts to break the militant revolutionary stand of the young soldier-worker, although it is more than a month since John Porter was turned over to the military authorities.

The International Labor Defense has decided that the authorities will not be permitted to continue their brutal treatment of Porter, and Shorr will demand that the case be brought to trial immediately. If this is refused, action will be started in the civil courts.

On his visit to Porter in the prison cell, Shorr will be accompanied by Porter's sweetheart, Theresa Valente, a New Bedford strike leader and secretary of the National Committee recently formed to mobolize the young workers of the country for Porter's release and to expose the role of the army.

TO HOLD CONEY ISLAND DANCE

The Coney Island Workers Club will hold a Moonlight Dance, Saturday, July 14. The dance, which will begin at midnight, will be held at the Pythian Temple, 2864 W. 21st St., Coney Island.

The affair had originally been arranged to take place on the afternoon of the same day, and notices had appeared both in The DAILY WORKER and in other publications to that effect. But because it would have conflicted with The DAILY WORKER concert at the Coney Island Stadium at which Theremin, the noted Soviet musician is to play, the club moved the time ahead to midnight.

POLICE ARREST THREE DETROIT COMMUNISTS

DETROIT, Mich. (By Mail).—The first open air meeting in the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign was broken up by police the other night and three workers arrested. They are Alfred E. Goetz, Philip Bart, district organizer, Young Workers League, and Morris Fleishman. They were taken to the police station and at midnight were taken out of their cells by Detectives Delesle and Pendergrass, who were both under the influence of liquor, and severely beaten up.

The workers later declared that they were taken to the fourth floor of police headquarters and before questioned, were beaten up. They were beaten until they were unconscious, then forced to stand up and take another beating. The workers were then held incommunicado for two days when they were freed by the court without having had any charges preferred against them.

The Detroit campaign committee plans to take up the whole matter and will get out a complete policy on open air meetings in relation to the campaign. The committees will proceed with meetings on the street corners in spite of the police terror

SMITH IN PLEDGE TO BIG BUSINESS

Pick Morgan Bankers to Lead Drive

Governor Alfred E. Smith, in an interview given out to the press yesterday, boldly declared that the campaign of which he is to take personal direction will be based upon a determined effort to win the support of the big business interests of the country

In conformity with this plan the Tammany leader announced his choice of John J. Raskob, chairman of the finance committee of the finance committee of the General Motors Company, as head of the national committee of the democratic party and Herbert H. Lehman, head of several Morgan-controlled banks of New York City, as the treasurer of the committee.

Raskob, who is a republican, in a public declaration intended obviously for G. O. P. consumption yesterday assured them that Smith would not disturb the present status of the tariff.

Fur Shop Chairmen's Meeting Tonight at 6

"To All Active Fur Workers:

"All shop chairmen, Joint Board delegates, Executive Board members, and active union members must be present at to-night's shop-chairman's meeting immediately after work at the union office, 22 E. 22nd St.

JOINT BOARD.
FURRIERS' UNION."

N. Y. COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN IS ON

First Sprint For Big Signature Quota

Evidence that the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York State and particularly in New York City was swinging into mid-season form was had yesterday with the announcement through Bert Miller, organization secretary of District 2, that a number of successful meetings have already been held in the drive to secure 25,000 signatures to put the local candidates of the Party on the ballot.

Running Start

While the full force in the campaign may not get under way before next week, it was announced, various sections have already begun with the house to house campaign to secure the necessary signatures. Those in charge report a greater degree of enthusiasm and interest in the present political campaign than was manifest in previous years when the value of political activity had not yet been so fully realized.

At a section meeting held in the Harlem headquarters of the Party, 143 E. 103rd St., last week preliminary plans were laid for the carrying out the campaign in that district. Signature squads were appointed under a program of activity which includes a seven-day drive until the necessary quota is secured. Every member is to report daily at 7 p. m. for work in the evening.

(Continued on Page Five)

SOVIET UNION TRIES 10 SPIES

MOSCOW, July 11 (UP).—Trial of ten Russians and one German accused of economic espionage began today before the military section of the Supreme Court.

The defendants are charged with spying on behalf of Sweish concessionaires of the Alfa Laval and Diabolo Separator companies, and gathering and selling secret agricultural data.

DELAY MOONEY APPEAL

Gov. Young Must Take Vacation Now

The hearing for the unconditional pardon of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings before Gov. Young on July 27, the date originally set, has been postponed until the middle of August, according to information just received by James P. Cannon national secretary of International Labor Defense, in letters from both Fremont Older, editor of the San Francisco Call and Frank P. Walsh prominent New York attorney. Both have been deeply interested in the frame-up case and have been working for the release of Mooney and Billings since 1916. Clarence Darrow and Arthur Garfield Hays, who have served as counsel in other famous labor trials in past years, are also active in this latest move for the freedom of Mooney and Bill-

(Continued on Page Two)

18,000 MARCH TO KILBURN MILLS AS SCAB RUMOR RISES

United Textile Worker Rank and File Defies Batty; Fraternize with Mill Committee

Pickets in Fishermen's Boats Guard Mill Gate on Waterfront Against 8 Scabs

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 11.—The most dramatic single event to take place since the big New Bedford textile strike began more than 12 weeks ago, occurred yesterday when it was rumored at a meeting of the Textile Workers Union strike committee that eight strikebreakers had entered the Kilburrn Mills and had started the looms.

The immediate call for a picket demonstration issued by the strike committee spread like wild-fire thruout the city and resulted in the formation of a picket line marching 3,000 strong, with over 15,000 other strikers and sympathizers jamming the entire South End where the Kilburn plant is situated.

Huge Demonstration.

Then followed a huge all night demonstration, spontaneity and enthusiasm of which did not diminish even after daylight had come. The picket line stretched along Rodney French Boulevard for several city blocks.

The peak of the demonstration was reached at about midnight, the many thousands of workers then going home, but many hundreds still stubbornly watched the waterfront thru which the eight scabs were reported to have entered the mills.

As the hours crept toward the early dawn, hundreds of men and women came to augment the picket line despite a pelting rain. Mothers who had left the Kilburn plant to take their children home returned to patrol the mill gates and the water front

Spirit High.

The entire city is as one in agreement with the belief that this demonstration did more to display the iron determination underlying the spirit of the strikers than any other manifestation of strength.

Again the yellow role of the leaders of the textile council was shown here when Lieutenant Manning, and Chief McLeed in charge of the emergency police force called out, asked the picket line leaders that the mass picketing and the singing of strike songs be stopped. McLeed and Manning asked this of the picket captains of the Textile Workers Union of the T. M. C., Caesare Barbosa and August Gonsalves Pinto; and also of the Council leader Batty.

Batty Aids Bosses.

Batty immediately responded to the police request that picket lines be reduced to six at each gate and that marching cease. The T. M. C. Picket captains gave an immediate unconditional refusal to obey the police request.

Quits Picketing.

Batty then followed with a call to the council membership that they withdraw from the picket line and move to an adjourning lot. The council pickets protested saying that they wished to remain on the picket lines as long as the Mills Committee pickets were there. A large majority of his pickets remained on the line after disregarding his express order to withdraw.

At 2 a. m. the T. M. C. captains collected doughnuts and cookies from three bakers and handed them out to the pickets. At 3 a. m. a big truck loaded with sandwiches, milk and coffee with sent by the T. M. C. Relief Station and distribution to the Council as well as to the T. M. C. pickets. The Council picket captain at first hesitated, but then accepted

(Continued on Page Five)

AUTO WORKERS IN FLINT, MICH., OUT ON STRIKE

Several Hundred Join in Walkout

FLINT, Mich., July 11.—Several hundred auto workers have walked out on strike in the Fisher Body Plant here. The spontaneous strike developed out of the speed-up system and the general worsening of working conditions.

The men are determined to put up a strong fight and are calling upon the rest of the workers in the plant to stand with them in the fight because it is a fight of all workers in the industry.

The strike and picket line have been organized under the leadership of the Auto Workers' Union. Philip Raymond, the organizer of the union, is in the strike field directing and leading these workers in their struggle against the open shoppers. Mass meetings are being arranged and all indications show that these meetings will be successful. It is the general feeling among strikers that the only way to stop General Motors from cutting their wages is by having all the workers organized into an Auto Workers' Union.

FUR UNION WAGE RAISE DRIVE ON

Wkr's in Right Wing Shops Join Campaign

The first repercussions of the drive for July wage raises now being conducted by the Joint Board Furriers Union, were heard yesterday when, as a result of the success the campaign is so far registering, the workers in two shops of the Associated Fur Manufactuers went out on strike after their demand for wage increases had been refused by the bosses.

Despite the fact that the shops of the Associated all have so-called agreements with the right wing Joint Council and do not recognize the Joint Board, the ability of the Joint Board to call and win several shop strikes in other shops caused the workers here to put up spontaneously these demands to their own bosses. In prosecuting the drive the Joint Board had thrown out the slogan to all workers in the trade to fight their bosses for the July raises.

The two shops in which the workers struck are Bloom and Gerber, 144 W. 27th St., and Brownstein

(Continued on Page Five)

500 WANTED AT CENTER TONIGHT

Five hundred volunteers are wanted tonight at 7:30 on the fourth floor of the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. The volunteers are needed to organize the demonstration at the great DAILY WORKER concert at Coney Island Stadium, Saturday evening.

Over 5,000 Troy Shirt Workers Plan Sympathy Strike Against Wage Reduction

[illegible] ALREADY ON STRIKE AGAINST BIG WAGE SLASH

New System Means Cut of 35 to 50 Per Cent

TROY, N. Y., July 11.—The strike of 900 workers employed at the Cluett, Peabody and Company Collar and Shirt Manufacturers, has aroused such high feeling on the part of the rest of the workers in the city that the entire working force of over 5,000 are threatening to walk out on a general sympathy strike to come to the aid of their fellow workers.

After the stoppage of work caused by the strike of 900 workers. the company announced that it would close one of its local plants in retaliation against the buttonhole makers who walked out in protest against the inauguration of what the company calls "a new method of wage payments." This new method, the workers claim, is actually a crooked plan whereby the weekly wages of those employed in the plant will be greatly reduced.

Declare Solidarity.

When it became known to the rest of the workers that the company contemplated closing one of its plants the rest of the workers assured the strikers that if the action is taken, they would march out 5,000 strong, in a sympathy strike, thus tying up the entire works.

Wages Reduced 50 Per Cent.

The new system which the company tried to install, and in protest against which 900 workers went on strike, calls for a plan whereby workers will be paid on an hourly basis instead of on piece work. Approximately 1,000 workers would be affected by the new "system." This system, called by the officials of the company the "Bedeaux system," would result in a cut of from 35 to 50 per cent in the weekly earnings of the workers.

PROTEST FRIDAY AT UNION SQUARE

Minor To Speak Upon Tombs Release

(Continued from Page One)

organization consisting of several thousand women in New York and other cities in the U. S.

"I and my organization are in full agreement with the policies of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League. We fully approve of the action of the Anti-Imperialist League in selecting the day before Independence Day to remind the workers that Independence Day is the symbol of the day when the American people have, thru fight and revolution, freed themselves from the yoke of England. This is Minor and the other seven workers as a result of the anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall Street on July 3.

"Mother" Gitlow was acquitted of the charge although she took an active part in the demonstration, and her letter points out the inconsistency of freeing her and convicting Minor and the others. Her letter follows:

"Magistrate Gottlieb.
First District Court.
New York City.
"Dear Sir:

"I am writing in reference to the dismissal of my case, in connection with the conviction of Robert Minor, Robert Wolf, Rebecca Grecht and the rest of my comrades, on July 9th, in the First District Court by Judge Gottlieb.

"I was one of the participants in the demonstration of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League on Wall Street, July 3 representing the United Council of Working Class Women, with offices at 80 E. 11th St. The U. C. W. C. W. is an or- Workingclass Women, protesting against the conviction of Robert [illegible] let the workers know that America today like England at that time is waging an imperialist war against the smaller nations which it can exploit. The workers must know this and must demand that the U. S. government keep off Nicaragua, Santo Domingo, etc.

"It was in this spirit that I participated in this peaceful demonstration with Robert Minor and the rest of our comrades. The accusation against me by the police officer was that I pushed the police. This accusation is as false as the accusation against Robert Minor and the others sentenced to 5 days in the workhouse, that they incited to riot. I was arrested when I passed by [illegible] as an officer seized a young [illegible] and knocked her to the pavement. I protested against such action and this resulted in my arrest.

"I and my organization protest against your decision of the conviction of Robert Minor and the others as an abuse against the use of free speech. I protest against the dismissal of my case. I accept this as an insult. If Robert Minor and the others are guilty, then I am guilty. If, however, I am not guilty, then, of course, Minor and the others are not guilty. I therefore demand that either convict me or that you dismiss the charges against Robert Minor and the rest.

(Signed) "KATE GITLOW."

WHY HAVE ROBERT MINOR AND SEVEN OTHER WORKERS BEEN JAILED?

By MOISSAYE J. OLGIN.

Robert Minor, militant editor of The DAILY WORKER, is serving a sentence in jail. Why is he there?

He appeared in a certain street of New York on July 3. He was in company with a number of workmen and women who carried placards. There were inscriptions on the placards. The inscriptions demanded the withdrawal of United States marines from Nicaragua and China.

Is this a crime? In which statute book, in which code of laws is it written that a citizen of the United States may not express his dissatisfaction with the policies of the powers that be? The marching workers did their duty before their fellow workers, before the masses of this country, when they voiced a protest against the outrages of the strongest republic in the world crushing weak, innocent peoples. Is this a crime?

Minor and his fellow protestants were arrested on the spot. Why? The policemen invented an excuse. They said the marchers had no permit to march. This was an open subterfuge. Peaceful picketing is an act allowed by the state of New York. Any picket may carry a sign. Minor and his comrades picketed Morgan's office while carrying signs. They committed no crime even from the point of view of capitalist law.

Minor and his comrades were brought before a magistrate charged with "disorderly conduct." This charge is also a subterfuge. The law punishing disorderly conduct had in view drunkenness, open prostitution, abuses of peaceful passers-by. Minor and his comrades did nothing of the kind. They attacked nobody. They interfered with nobody's work. They used the sidewalks of New York which are the common property of all. They expressed their political views on certain issues of public life. What is "disorderly" about their conduct?

They say: "Minor made an attempt to address the crowd." What is wrong in this? Since when has it become a crime to address fellow citizens on a political or other issue? At the spot where Minor was arrested, a minister of a church was addressing the crowd. Why was he not molested? Hundreds of people speak in the streets of New York every day. Why did the long arm of the bluecoated "law" single out Minor and his friends?

They were brought before a magistrate. Why did the magistrate behave like a bulldog, not like a judge? Why did he bark at Minor instead of maintaining at least a semblance of balance? Why did he not permit Minor to use his constitutional right to address the court? Why did he not interfere when policemen mishandled the defendant? Why did he stress the fact that the defendants were members of a "radical organization?" What business has a judge, if the case is not political, to pry into the political views of the accused? Why did he remark that the accused were mostly "of foreign extraction?" Is there a law in the U. S. according to which citizens of foreign extraction are to be more severely punished than citizens of American ancestry? (The magistrate's name Gottlieb surely indicates that he is of Mayflower descent!)

Why did all these people disregard and violate their own law? What made them rave?

O, a great crime was, indeed, committed by our comrades! A grave, unpardonable sin! They invaded the holy confines of Wall Street! They dared tread the street before the offices of the real American Emperor, Morgan! They protested against Wall Street's bloody hand in other countries!

Police are mobilized, judges bulldozed, jails are packed—not because a law of the land is violated (there are plenty of imbecilic laws made to oppress the workers), but here not even a capitalist law was violated! But the might of Wall Street is here concerned: "Wall Street, Wall Street ueber alles." No law higher than Wall Street. No government above Wall Street. Every American government, only a servant to Wall Street.

Minor is in jail because he protested against Wall Street. Minor and his friends were charged with disorderly conduct because in the eyes of American capitalism nothing is more disorderly than challenging Wall Street. The judge behaved like a prosecutor because he did the bidding of his masters in Wall Street. The judge referred to "radicalism" because in reality he sentenced our comrades **not for disorderliness but for opposing Wall Street. The judge imposed a political sentence under a flimsy and** ridiculous disguise. The judge crawled on his knees before the Moloch of Wall Street.

We, the workers of America, will not submit to this. We serve notice that we will not tolerate such treatment. We shall fight for our political rights. We shall protest whenever and wherever we see fit. We shall fight class justice, manipulated in favor of the Morgans. We, not the handful of imperialist plunderers, are the people of this country. We shall mobilize the working masses to resist Wall Street and its lackeys.

Volga Peasants Discuss Problems of U. S. S. R.

These Russian peasants are on their way down the Volga on a river steamer to participate at the meeting of the Rayon Soviet. They are busy discussing the needs of the peasants and attempting to solve some of their problems. When this picture was taken they were discussing the recent exemption from taxation by the Soviet Government of another 25 per cent of the peasantry.

PIONEERS SCORE PLOTKIN EDICT

Order Young Militant to Indiana

(Continued from Page One)

portunity to testify. The latter was serving a two days' sentence for participating in the same demonstration.

A large number of active Young Pioneers and a group of Young Workers League members participated in a farewell demonstration for Rose at Grand Central Station yesterday evening at 7 o'clock, just prior to her departure for La Porte, Indiana.

The statement of the Young Pioneers follows, in part:

"Rose Plotkin has been sent back to Indiana because she is an active Pioneer and realizes the role of capitalist justice. The Young Pioneers of District 2 know that she will be just as active in Indiana or wherever else workers children are as she has been in New York.

"The Young Pioneers therefore call upon all workers and workers' children to help it in its fight against the arrest of children and workers who take part in demonstrations of the workers against the bosses; against the capitalist courts who penalize workers' children when they protest against capitalist justice; against the children's society, which works hand in hand with the bosses. It also advocates a real workers' government, where children would not be arrested because they are active in workers' struggles.

"YOUNG PIONEERS OF AMERICA, DISTRICT 2, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE."

FINANCE CAPITAL MODIFIES POLICY

Also Speeds Drive on Workers' Wages

By JOHN L. SHERMAN

Informed circles here are viewing with considerable doubt the announcement that the Chicago Federal Reserve Bank has increased its rediscount rate from 4 1/2 to 5 per cent primarily as a further curb on the speculative wave which has flowed over the country particularly on the New York stock market.

It is admitted here that the attempt to decrease brokers' loans, which form the basis for speculation in securities may be one of the factors in the present policy of the Federal Reserve Bank. It is pointed out, however, that previous to this month these loans had decreased by nearly a half billion from an earlier peak. The reason for the present policy must be looked for in another direction, it is stated.

Aimed At "Prosperity"

The policy of the Federal Reserve Bank which for over four years has been to maintain "easy money," was motivated, it is declared, by the desire to maintain "prosperity." Easy money, free credit, extension of installment buying, these it was believed would tend to maintain the upward trend of business.

The general aim, it is understood, is to restrict credit, force down prices and hence wages and thus "solve" the critical price question at the expense of the working class. This is the meaning of the increased discount rates. Other reserve banks will follow the lead of the Chicago branch which in the past has been the first to put into operation any changes.

MINERS REFUSE TO DO BIDDING OF 2 LABOR FAKERS

10,000 Lehigh Workers Will Continue Strike

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

HAZLETON, Pa., July 11.—The order of District President Andrew Mattey of District 7 of the United Mine Workers of America in betraying the 10,000 striking workers of the fourteen collieries of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company by telling them to go back to work today, even though the demands for which the miners struck have not been granted, was frustrated today by the rank and file of the coal workers.

The General Mine Committee has refused to sanction the order of the district president, Mattey, who is serving the best interests of the coal barons instead of the miners whom he is supposed to represent. The coal barons for whom the corrupt Mattey is working recently sent a letter to all the local unions demanding their members be present at a meeting. At this meeting it is understood that machine men will be present to try to force the striking miners to return to work.

Another Faker Joins.

Thomas Gallegher, president of the Panther Valley sub-district of District 7, joined Mattey in his attempts to break the strike and issued a similar order that the miners return to work today. No response has thus far met the reactionary orders of the two corrupt officials.

The miners working at the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company went on a sympathy strike some time ago with the mass of mine workers now fighting for better conditions in the various American mining fields. Their strike closed fourteen collieries and the company was forced to close down mines Nos. 4, 5 and 6. The sympathy strike was declared by the workers against the "advice" of the union bureaucrats who are at present trying to crush the strike and force the miners into submission. But so far their orders have not affected the 10,000 miners who are on strike.

SPAIN ARRESTS 40 MILITANTS

PERPIGNAN, France, July 11.—Forty Communist and syndicalist leaders have been arrested at Barcelona, Spain, on the "charge of fomenting a revolutionary plot," travellers arriving here reported today.

PORTER'S TRIAL WILL BEGIN SOON

Soldier-Worker Remains Firm; Would Give Life for Cause

By PAUL CROUCH

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 11.—The case of John Porter is moving rapidly, and unless there are mass protests of the workers immediately this brave soldier-worker may get a far worse sentence than Walter Trumbull and I received in 1925 (26 and 40 years, respectively).

According to military law, a prisoner must be brought to trial within one month after arrest and charges made one week before trial. To date, there has been no investigation or official charges made against Porter, but there can be no longer delay, and the case is coming to a climax.

Will Never Bow to Masters

The prospect of a militant fighter before a court martial is not pleasant to the authorities. They are trying to break his spirit—using the most brutal treatment in their efforts to make him submissive, but John Porter says that he will never. never become a cringing creature on his knees before the masters and the exploiters of his class. On the contrary, his spirit and determination has become like steel since he has been treated like a slave and thrown into solitary confinement because of his militant position.

In a recent letter to me, John Porter revealed his determination—his true character. He wrote little about himself, being more concerned about the struggles of his fellow-workers. "I am hoping to see the day when the people will be strong enough to say: 'Here, you've made your profits; now we'll have a workingman's government and receive living wages.'"

Porter continues:

"And that day, Comrade Paul, I believe is not so far away as one may think. Of course, it takes time, but so it did in Russia. My blood seems to be boiling to go out and do more for the working-class in the class war struggle. I look forward to that day and hope that it will soon come."

Interested in Strike

Always interested in the strike of the New Bedford textile workers, from which he was taken to a military prison, Porter writes:

"I am very glad to hear that the people of New Bedford are still showing solidarity. I hope they will continue to stick and fight until they win."

Speaking of the danger of years in prison he is facing, Porter says: "Regardless of the sentence that may be imposed upon me, I am ready to sacrifice even my life for the working class. I am now locked in a solitary confinement cell and am called a rebel, but nothing can make me turn my face from the working-class. . . . Hoping to hear from you again, I remain

"Comradely yours,
("Signed) JOHN PORTER."

The working-class must not permit this brave fighter to remain in prison. He must be released—free to continue his fight for the cause of the workers.

• • •

Asks for Correspondence

An appeal was issued today by the National Porter Defense Committee to workers to write personal letters to John Porter, assuring him that he has not been forgotten and that the working-class is with him in the struggle. Letters should be addressed to:

John Porter (Walerysiak), Guard House, Ft. Adams, R. I.

Books and printed matter can not be sent. Money or fruit, clothing and personal needs can be sent to the secretary of the National Porter Defense Committee, Theresa Valente, P. O. Box 278, New Bedford, Mass., as these articles may be sent to him by mail.

Doing a Lindbergh Stunt For the Bankers and Oil Operators

Awaiting favorable weather, Capt. Emilio Carranza, Mexican flyer, is ready at Roosevelt Field to make the 2,400-mile flight from here to Mexico in a non-stop hop of 27 hours. Photo shows plane being fueled. The success of Col. Charles A. Lindbergh as a press agent for American imperialism furnished a precedent for the spectacular flights by Carranza, who represents the Calles-Obregon regime which is becoming more and more obedient to the dictates of Wall Street.

DELAY MOONEY PARDON HEARING

(Continued from Page One)

ings.

Fremont Older, who, as editor of the San Francisco Call, helped to center attention on the frame-up by the publication of the famous Densmore dictaphone report and other evidence of the innocence of Mooney and Billings, writes of the inability of the various members of the group to arrive in time for the hearing before Gov. Young leaves on his vacation, from which he will not return until the early part of August.

As further aid in the campaign to "Free Mooney and Billings," led by the International Labor Defense ~~Fremont Older writes he~~ will contribute an article for an early issue of the "Labor Defender," monthly pictorial of the I. L. D., which is serving as an invaluable aid in the campaign.

On the receipt of the letter from Fremont Older, another letter from Frank P. Walsh confirms the information from Older in regard to the postponement of the hearing set for July 27.

SOVIET AVIATOR LOCATES ITALIA

(Continued from Page One)

rescue workers; jagged, melting ice which prevented airplanes landing near; open water and rough ice on which dog sleds would be under the greatest handicaps, and pack ice through which the Krassin possibly could not force her way.

The giant ice ship Krassin left Leningrad, June 15, with 134 persons aboard, including a crew of 110, scientists, radio men, and newspaper reporters, and the aviator Chuknovsky, who had a reputation at home for intrepid aerial work in the Arctic.

At Bergen the Krassin picked up the explorer Adolph Hoel, a valuable aid to Prof. Samoilovitch, director of the expedition and an expert in Arctic exploration.

Day by day, the Krassin crept northward and then eastward, often held immovable for days in the thick ice, just breaking under the spring thaw. Only a few miles were made in many days, for many days no miles were made at all, but Chuknovsky avers they flew over the snowy land in search of the lost Italians.

Tuesday the Krassin reported she was only a short distance away.

The Nobile survivors had become so weak they could not stand upright—hungry, cold, threatened with pneumonia and with insanity. Russians aboard the Krassin had volunteered to attempt to row to the castaways, when suddenly the ice pack thickened, gripped the Krassin, and held her fast for hours.

Another Russian ice ship—the Maligin, from which another Soviet aviator, Babushkin has flown in valiant efforts to find the Italians, and once himself was lost for four days—is in the vicinity of the Krassin, but a magnetic storm and unfavorable weather for the last twelve hours have prevented communications between the two vessels.

The Maligin has two airplanes aboard, but one of them has been damaged. The ship left Archangel and for weeks has been waging a tenacious campaign with the ice floes to reach Nobile's companions.

HEAT-CRAZED, KILLS SELF.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 10.—Harry Clement, 38, crazed by the heat, dived 35 feet from the roof of his home to the brick pavement yesterday and died.

Thunderbolt in Attack on N. J. Worship Outfit

THE alleged Almighty was apparently dozing on the job in Newark, N. J., on Tuesday.

A wicked dent was made in his vaunted reputation for omnipresence and omnipotence when it was discovered that the saintly First Congregational Church, at Clinton Ave. and Wright St., had its steeple walloped by a passing thunderbolt and the cross hurled to the street below.

It is not known whether any social significance can be attached to the incident in view of the fact that a local business men's club was scheduled to hold a "good-will" luncheon in the rooms of the Men's Brotherhood later in the evening.

GREAT PROGRAM AT BIG CONCERT

(Continued from Page One)

minutes, the third part of this rich concert program will begin—the part which every person in the audience will look forward to with the greatest eagerness, the appearance of Prof. Leon Theremin. Prof. Theremin, the world-famous Soviet scientist, will demonstrate his invention by which he draws music out of the air and will play both solos and with orchestra accompaniment. In the solos he will be accompanied on the piano by Arie Abileah.

His solo numbers will be Night by Rubinstein and Etude by Scriabine. With orchestra accompaniment he will play Golterman's Concerto in A Minor and Saint-Saens' famous composition, The Swan.

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WHITE GUARDISTS ATTACK CHINESE-USSR MAIL TRAIN

4 Killed in Assault Aided by Japanese

MOSCOW, July 11.—The attack on the Chinese Eastern Railway mail train near Harbin on July 5 has caused great indignation here. Four passengers were killed and seven seriously wounded, while 40 were kidnapped, including citizens of the Soviet Union. The attack is believed to have been carried out by white guardists with Japanese protection.

• • •

The Chinese Eastern Railway is jointly owned by the Soviet Union and the Chinese government. The white guardist attack on a mail train of the railway, which is believed to have received the sanction and protection of the Japanese government, is looked upon in authoritative circles as an additional effort to further Japanese imperialistic ambitions in China and to strike a blow at the Soviet Union. The Chinese Eastern Railway is a strategic connecting link, much coveted by the imperialist powers, who have made efforts in the past to capture it.

HIGH DEATH RATE.

ALBANY, July 11 (UP).—A bulletin on infant mortality issued by the state department of health showed Albany's record of 120 infant deaths for May was the highest in the state.

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NEW DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

III. The Ultimate Aim of the Communist International—World Communism

COMMUNIST SOCIETY TO ABOLISH PRIVATE PROPERTY, CLASS RULE, EXPLOITATION, PROGRAM STATES

Work Will Cease To Be Toil; Property Will Disappear; Coercion Will Expire

Superstition, Mysticism, Religion, To Be Replaced by Rational Knowledge

The Programme Commission of the Executive Committee of the Communist International is publishing a DRAFT PROGRAM.

The Commission thinks it its duty to declare that while the text of this draft in of course based on the same fundamental principles as those upon which the draft programme provisionally passed by the Fifth Congress of the Communist International was based, nevertheless, it differs very considerably from that draft. The Program Commission felt that in view of the great changes that have taken place in many important spheres of international life and particularly in the revolutionary movement since the Fifth Congress, it could not confine itself to making merely editorial changes in the original draft. A change has taken place in the form of the general crisis of capitalism; a change has taken place in the relationships between various groups of powers. Great events have taken place, like the great revolution in China, which once again emphasized the significance of the agrarian-peasant question. Great progress has been made in building up socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The struggle between the aggressive capitalist world and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is becoming acute. Fascism is growing and becoming transformed into the terrorist dictatorship of big capital. Social democracy has degenerated into Chauvinist imperialism. The lessons that have been learned by the Communist International in the fight against opposition tendencies and finally the growth of Communism, the fact that the movement has really become internationalized, the new tasks that confront the Communist International as a single organization—all this has inevitably made it necessary considerably to alter and enlarge the former draft.

The general tendency of the changes that have been made is towards more concreteness and greater emphasis upon THE INTERNATIONAL aspects both in the theoretical section as well as in the sections dealing immediately with the struggles of the Communist Parties.

Acting on the decision of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, the Programme Commission, in publishing this draft program, calls upon all comrades to express their opinion and criticism of it in articles, remarks and concrete suggestions. The work done on the program has revealed how difficult it is to embrace in a single document all the problems of the present-day world Communist movement. The question of the program will be one of the central questions at the Sixth Congress. It is essential that sufficient material be collected by the time the discussion of the question takes place at the Congress. The Commission therefore invites all comrades to join in the fruitful discussion of the program.

THE PROGRAMME COMMISSION OF THE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

The ultimate aim of the Communist International is to replace world capitalist economy by a world system of Communism. Communist society, the ground for which has been prepared by the whole progress of historical development, is mankind's only way out, for it alone can abolish the fundamental contradictions of the capitalist system which threaten man's degradation and destruction.

Communist society will abolish the division of society into classes, i. e. simultaneously with the abolition of anarchy in production it will abolish social anarchy. The place of conflicting classes will be taken by members of society cooperating in the labor of a single world society. The enormous unproductive expenditure of human energy, which in previous forms of society was called forth by the struggle of classes, will cease and the human energy thus released will be diverted to the struggle against nature and for the uplifting and development of the power and might of humanity.

After abolishing private property in the means of production and converting them into social property, the world system of Communism will replace the elemental forces of the world market, competition and the blind process of social production, by consciously organized and planned production. Devastating crises and still more devastating war will be abolished simultaneously with the abolition of anarchy of production and competition. The colossal waste of productive forces and the spasmodic development of society will give place to the planned management of all the resources and painless economic development on the basis of unrestricted, planned and rapidly developing productive forces.

The abolition of private property and classes will abolish the exploitation of man by man. Work will cease to be toiling for the benefit of a class enemy; instead of a means of livelihood it will become a necessity of life. The concepts of poverty and wealth will disappear because economic inequality, the poverty of enslaved classes and a wretched standard of material existence generally will disappear. The hierarchy established by the division of labor and with it the antagonism between physical and intellectual labor will be abolished. At the same time the organs of class domination and the state in the first place will disappear. The state, as the embodiment of class domination will die out in so far as classes die out and with it all laws of coercion will expire.

With the disappearance of classes monopoly of education in every form will be broken. Education, from elementary to the highest, will be accessible to all. Consequently, it will be impossible for any group to dominate over humanity and a great field will be opened for the selection and advancement of talent and genius in all spheres of culture.

In Communist society no restrictions of a social character will be imposed upon the growth of the forces of production. Private property in the means of production, the selfish desire for profits, the artificial retention of the masses in a state of ignorance, the poverty of the masses, which retards technical progress in capitalist society, and enormous waste will have no place in Communist society.

The forces of nature and the natural and climatic conditions of production in the various parts of the world economic system will be utilized to the best advantage. The distinction between town and country, which arises from agriculture systematically remaining at a lower technical level than the rest of the industry, will be removed. Science and technique will be combined to the utmost extent. Research work will be developed and applied to practical use on the widest social scale. Labor will be organized on the most scientific system. The most perfected methods of statistical accounting and planned regulation of economy will be employed. There will be a rapid increase in social requirements, the most powerful internal driving force of the whole system. All these will secure the maximum productivity of social labor, which, in its turn, will release human energy for the powerful development of science and art.

The development of the productive forces of world Communist society will render possible an improvement in the welfare of the whole of humanity and consequently will enable culture to flourish as never before in history. Humanity, united for the first time, will possess a culture that cuts across all state frontiers and will be based on clear and transparent mutual relations between men. For that reason it will destroy for ever all mysticism, religion, prejudice and superstition and give a powerful impetus to the development of all-conquering, rational knowledge.

This higher stage of Communism is the stage in which Communist society has already developed on its own foundation. Men and women have simultaneously acquired all-sided development and the forces of production have undergone enormous growth. In this stage, society has already inscribed upon its banner: "From each according to his abilities, to each according to his needs!" But this stage presupposes a lower stage of development as a preliminary historical condition. At this lower stage Communist society only just emerges from capitalist society and bears all the economic, ethical and intellectual birthmarks inherited from the society from whose womb it is just emerging. The socialist forces of production are as yet inadequately developed to permit of a distribution of the products of labor according to needs—these are distributed in accordance with the labor expended. The division of labor, i. e., the recognition of definite labor functions for definite groups of persons, and particularly the distinction between physical and intellectual labor has not yet been abolished. Although classes have been abolished, relics of the old class divisions of society, and consequently relics of the state power of the proletariat, coercion, rights, even "bourgeois rights" (rights to the private ownership in means of consumption), still exist. Consequently, certain traces of inequality, which have not yet managed to die out, still remain. The distinction between town and country has not yet altogether disappeared. But none of these survivals of the old society is protected or defended by any social force. They form part of a definite level of development of productive forces and will disappear as rapidly as mankind, emancipated from the fetters of the capitalist system, subordinates to itself the forces of nature, becomes itself trained in the spirit of Communism and passes from Socialism to complete Communism.

(The fourth section of the Draft Program of the Communist International will appear in tomorrow's DAILY WORKER.)

The Oil Peace Between the United States and Mexico

By H. LOWEN.

President Calles signed on March 27, 1928 the excutive regulations for the new petroleum law. In these executive regulations it is expressly stated that the Mexican oil law has no retrospective force and that confiscations are not permissible. All rights acquired before 1917 remain valid. It is true that they must be confirmed, but upon application for confirmation a permanent concession is granted instead of the former concession limited to fifty years.

In this manner the ten-year oil war between Mexico and the United States has come to a conclusion The petroleum trust of the United States, the Standard Oil Company, has won the fight. The attack of the Mexican oil capitalists (backed up by the British oil trust) upon the properties of the Standard Oil Company in Mexico has been beaten off. The "peace" just concluded between the United States and Mexico leaves behind a conqueror and a conquered. Therein lies the germ of fresh fights for the future.

Standard Oil Wins.

By this means the Standard Oil group will harvest the fruits of the world oil peace conducted in 1922 The world oil peace, which was negotiated between the two largest oil trusts of the world, viz., the Standard Oil group of the United States and the British-Dutch Royal Shell group, was directed against the Soviet Union. The two oil trusts formed an alliance in order to seize possession of the oil of the Soviet Union.

However, the Soviet Union was stronger than the two imperialistic trusts took it to be. From every conference the Soviet State emerged secure. It therefore became plain to the two capitalist trusts that the policy adopted in the year 1922 would not lead to the desired result. For this reason the oil trust of the United States betrayed its ally, the British oil trust, and entered on its own into negotiations with the Soviet Union, without the knowledge of the British concern. By so doing it secured oil concessions in the South of the Soviet Union.

The oil trust of the United States made very good use of the period of the world oil peace, which was in reality only an armistice. It consolidated its positions in North, South and Central America, but it employed the armistice chiefly to bring the oil war between the United States and Mexico to a successful conclusion.

The Mexican State had for a number of years defended itself energetically against the policy of strangulation followed by its big American brother. It was decreed by state law that foreigners having property in land in Mexico must bind themselves not to appeal to their home countries for diplomatic protection but must regard them selves in all legal relations as citizens of Mexico. The so-called Calles bill further decreed that all companies in possession of land, leases of land or concessions had within three years to convert themselves into Mexican companies, i. e. into companies, whose share capital should be in the hands of Mexican citizens to an extent of at least 50 per cent.

Owing to the resistance of the United States this law could not however, be put into force. The requisite "nationalization" (not to be confused with socialization) of the companies signified nothing less than that the petroleum magnates of the United States should withdraw from Mexico or give up their nationality and become Mexican citizens. As a result of this pressure the conflict became more acute. A lively exchange of notes began between the two countries.

At the negotiations, which took place in Mexico City between a committee representing the oil companies and, on the other hand, the Mexican authorities, there were many collisions. These negotiations of the representatives of the Standard Oil Company with the Mexican government were never broken off from 1925 on, until in March 1926 it came to a rupture. The representatives of the Standard Oil Company left the city. They threatened to intensify the fight by hinting that they had the Mexican petroleum industry in their hands and that they were in a position to bring the Mexican oil industry to a standstill. They also declared that they had for years been sabotaging the Mexican oil industry in order to compel the Mexican government to give way. The manager of the Association of American Producers of Petroleum in Mexico made it known in an unmistakable manner that the "attempts of the Mexican government to confiscate oilfields belonging to foreigners" had already resulted in a recession in the year 1925 of about 115,000,000 barrels in the crude oil output of Mexico. In accordance with this the revenue of the Mexican government from export dues would have fallen from $43,000,000 in 1923 to $21,000,000 in the year 1925.

The Mexican government was thus subjected to a double pressure On the one hand, it had to fight against private economy, i.e. against the Standard Oil Company, and against the power of the United States, on the other hand Mexico had to succumb to this pressure.

Calles Surrenders.

An agrement was arrived at Calles dropped his demand that the companies should be nationalized to an extent of at least 50 per cent of their capital. The demand that the oil magnates from the United States should become Mexican citizens was also dropped. The right of possession of oilfields by foreign individuals or trusts was acknowledged in principle. However, the foreign companies in question were to volunteer to apply to the Mexican state for concessions. This was to serve as an ostensible triumph for Mexico.

Capitalist "Peace."

The oil peace betwen the United States and Mexico means, in the first place, that the oil trust of the United States by adroitly exploiting the world oil peace has inflicted a defeat in North America on the British oil trust. In the second place, the oil trust of the United States has decided the ten-year fight against the Mexican oil capitalists in its own favor. The oil magnates of the United States, who are much stronger economically than the Mexican oil industrialists, have swallowed up the latter. Peace has been created in the genuine capitalist fashion.

This peace means that the oil trust of the United States now has on its own continent a free hand in the fight against other competitors; against the British oil trust and against the Soviet Union, the administrator and owner of the Russian mineral oil sources. The conclusion of peace in North America is therefore a peace action, which amounts to preparation for new and bigger fights.

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Work of White Collar Slaves Nerve-Wrecking, Says Worker Correspondent

HANDOUTS

son of John D. Rockefeller, has been given a job at $40 a week. If he proves capable at the age he's 35 his old man has promised to give him $42.50 a week to get married on.

* * *

Senator Norris said yesterday: "I am chock full of fight, with no place to fight." He is standing out on "No Man's Land" and doesn't know there's a war going on.

* * *

Merchants' Friend

"Oh Ma who is the young man?"

"That's Robert M. La Follette, the most radical man who ever fought a battle for the rich farmers."

"No!"

"He's the big hero of the little business men."

"You don't say."

"He's a trust buster from Wisconsin."

"Yeh. What party is he in?"

"The republican party."

"Oh does it believe in bustin' the trusts?"

"No, the trusts grew stronger than ever under Coolidge."

"Well Ma if La Follette wants to bust the trusts why is he in the party that builds them?"

"Adolph don't wipe your chin on your sleeve it calls the flies."

* * *

Twelve young ladies from girl schools will spend a couple of afternoons studying New York tenement houses to determine once and for all the cause of poverty under the auspices of the Charity Organization Society. They will then divulge their solution of the problem in a three-hour examination. This will be a good example of the unequal distribution of the world's humor. These twelve examination papers will be in the hands of one examiner, while Handouts has to carry hither and yon for a bit of fun.

* * *

Blindfold Test

Out of twenty brands of popular politicians, Old Iron, the canine, in spite of being blindfolded with two thicknesses of mosquito netting immediately picked out Al Smith, shown above, on right, on account of his delightful aroma of Tammany corruption.

* * *

J. Mullaney publicity director of the Illinois Public Utilities Committee, says:

"We are trying to promulgate the idea rapidly among the newspapers that public utilities offer a very fertile field developing regular, prompt-paying customers advertising columns of the newspapers. When the idea penetrates the United States, unless human nature has changed, we will have less trouble with newspapers than we have had in the past."

The capitalist newspaper is a prostitute who would never descend to a discussion of morality. But why? That's business.

Gems of Learning

W. A. Johnston, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court:—"The thing that wins in politics is integrity." Mr. Johnson, you know better than that.

Edward Martin, Chairman of the Pennsylvania Republican State Committee:—"Members of the party who are playing or place will be expected to line up four-square for the ticket." They will. Republicans are not so much interested in what they support as what they get.

Frank:—"It is our weakness that we consider the nations merely as units of power, measuring them by a common standard—standard of military and economic power." Glenn Frank heads a University of Wisconsin, that supports a Reserve Officers' Training

'LEDGER JOCKEYS' WORST SLAVES, PENPUSHER SAYS

Correspondent Shows Wall Street Chances

(By a Worker Correspondent)

I take liberty to write of what I have never seen written about in The DAILY WORKER. It concerns the real Wall Street white collar Ledger Jockey. I happen to be one of these, not from desire, but from the conditions thrust upon me, after being locked out and black-listed in the Pressed Car Shops in Chicago and drifting to this "rosy" path of white collar slavery.

A great many outside of this job imagine the work of an office stiff to be soft. On the contrary, it is the most nerve-wrecking, as bad as any other line to which the masters harness us, especially, when one looks at this stupid, miserably exploited crowd without even the slightest semblance of an organization.

"Grand Profession."

After an aspirant for an office position graduates from a grammar school, two or four years of high school, he is started at the lowest "salary," which enables him to have spending money, providing his papa is furnishing the room and board. If he studied that "grand" profession every Henry Dubb studies, bookkeeping, after about five years he receives the enormous sum of $30 to $35 per week,—in some cases. If he is bounced by the good master for asking for more pay, the next place he may get, he must take a cut of $5 or more, "because you do not know our line of business." But the only difference between one or the other is their different system of files and routine which one is able to learn in two weeks. If you can't learn it, out you go.

One studying to be an accountant after going through high school and four years of grilling at this subject, gets $20 per, and after a year one advances "rapidly" to $30. But what I really mean is by a season, because only at such seasons that come on annually from about October to June when "most," or all of the corporations turn in the income tax. After that one walks around the ring as one of our cartoonists displayed some time ago—job, job, where? Finally one lands a place; again, "you don't know the method, so we'll have to start you off at $25, and if you prove good we'll raise you."

Out on the Street.

By that time you're mainly "raised" out on the sidewalk. Only through sheer luck some reach in and this is to them that all the practicin instructors in school point. These same poor slaves that carry all their lives, teaching day and night and studying when others sleep, after all of this strain most of them receive what a union plumber or a bricklayer earns.

I remember clearly several poems hung on the door-wall of our classroom, pointing to the dollar as the greatest aim, the thing to have, the one goal. The poisoned pupil goes out with this poem hanging on his nose. That is all he knows of and thinks. But it is like the straw that was tied before the head of a mule that would not pull its load.

Employment Agency Hoax.

The only place we white collar slaves can apply for a job is at the grafting employment agency. They charge us with a week's wages for merely furnishing us with an address to look for a job. The agency cannot do a wiggle in helping us get a position. An applicant must possess the required qualifications and many times many more than are actually necessary. The bosses usually call for a mere bookkeeper, but in many cases they require one to have years of experience and some knowledge of accounting and then offer him a common bookkeeper's assistant's wages.

Race Discrimination.

Last winter I, also, had a good dose of Coolidge's prosperity. I tramped around from one agency to another with battalions of men seeking work. In my daily routine I came in contact with a great number of Jewish lads, and old American "democracy" showed her hideous method of dealing. We are told of fair and square treatment to all, but the Anglo-Saxon masters that squawk about equality on the 4th of July, discriminate against the Jewish boys as they do against the Negroes. To every office that I accompanied with a Jewish lad, the master would curtly answer "nothing doing," but would hire the "real" Americans, all mainly of English birth. Or whenever they hire a number of Jewish workers, then they likewise hire a similar number of Christians, in order to have them nagging at each other in order to make them divided against each other instead of against the boss.

The American Telegraph and Telephone Company does not employ Jewish workers and a great many of the other Wall Street houses, as they suspect them all of socialism, laziness, and what not.

During this mad profit-making that is now going on in Wall Street the miserable Henry Dubbs are worked from morning to midnight and even until two and three in the morning. Whenever any of you readers of The DAILY WORKER happen to pass around that end of the exploited town look in towards the rear of the houses and you will see poor beings, who imagine they are "in with" the boss, working away. This is not the night shift, but those who start work early in the morning. When at 5 p. m. you see a crowd coming out of the buildings, don't imagine they are very lucky, being let off early, because on another day, when it's their turn they must remain at work late.

Last March I was working in a big French Pastry Company on 47th St. Upon hiring me the boss said that I was to start in the mornings. I was surprised and did not know when I was to leave at night. I soon found out. I was led to the rear of the building where the cashier's and bookkeeper's office is, a dungeon with no air and no daylight, with the stench of the bakery products to breathe. There I noticed a cot. I soon learned that the last bookkeeper worked day and night and that at night he had the privilege to lie on the cot whenever he felt exhausted. The work included slaving Saturdays and Sundays also, in order to retain that $30 per week. Not a cent extra for all this overtime. There was seldom any steam-heat.

"Efficiency."

I contracted a beastly cold. After some three weeks of work there, a new manager came in with some of his efficiency schemes. In fact they knew only one—reducing the wages. He hired two eighteen-year-old children, a girl and a boy, at $14 per week and laid me off. From this place I drifted to Wall Street.

The very same system that prevails in the mines is found in office work. Every bit of the day's work is postponed and overburdened. The bookkeepers are overtaxed with voluminous books to take care of. A minute check-up of their work is constantly made. They have a few "boss patriots" who speed up at a maniacal pace. If you cannot keep up with them out you go. These "patriots" get a tap on the shoulder and a nice smile from the foremen for their speed.

As to the general clerical work, every operation is timed and one is told how much he is to do and when it must be done. The slaves race and try to beat each other to show the boss how good they are. Anyone in poor health is simply out of luck. Such people are most of the time walking around the ring looking for that sign "Job."

Such is the case of the white-collar slave. Will any Wall Street Ledger Jockey answer me to the contrary?

AN OFFICE WORKER.

Handing the Glad Hand to a Fascist Flyer

One of Mussolini's favorite propaganda stunts is the dispatching of aviators on spectacular flights, incidentally spreading the blackshirt message. Photo shows Capt. Sabelli being greeted by Carranza, Mexican flyer, on the eve of the former's flight to Rome.

USSR METAL WORKERS' ADVANTAGES GREAT

By CLARINA MICHELSON

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

LENINGRAD, U. S. S. R. (By Mail).—The many buildings of the metal foundry, the Red Putilov Works, stretch along the "Street of Strikes," in Leningrad. A river runs through the property, there is a large park and tracks run criss-cross between the many buildings. Here 12,000 workers make tools, cars, engines and tractors. The workers of Putilov have always been militant. In 1905 the demonstration led by the priest, Gapon, upon the Winter Palace to demand justice from the Czar was started by a strike in the Putilov Works. Throughout the revolution the Putilov workers were in the front rank. And now, when the Workers and Peasants government needs tractors, it seems appropriate that they are being made by Putilov workers. It is a 100-per cent union shop. Of the 12,000 workers, 7,000 are "activists," men and women, engaged in committee work, dues collecting and other active work; 2,200 are communists and 2,500 comsomols, members of the League of Communist Youth.

Wages Higher

During the World War there were as many as 39,000 workers in this great foundry, but after the war the plant was shut and not reopened until 1924. Four years is a short time for many achievements, but here are some of the accomplishments of these 12,000 metal workers, through their union, the Communist Party nucleus, and the Co-operative, with the help of the government.

Wages are in every case higher than before the revolution—this year they are 16 per cent higher than last year. All the workers get two weeks' vacation with pay and the men who work in the melting department get four and even six weeks. They work only 6 days out of every 8. The women get 2 months' leave before and after childbirth, with full pay. They get $15 to buy necessary things for the baby and receive $4 a month for nine months after the baby's birth. The plant still operates on an 8-hour day, though in a few departments, where there are two shifts, the late shift is 7 hours.

Youths Work Only 4 Hours

There are 200 "apprentices" from 16 to 18 years old who spend 4 hours in the factory and have 2 hours for theoretical training. About 350 young workers of 16 and 17 years also attend the three-year course in the factory school, 4 hours factory work and 4 hours school work. The workers of both these groups get paid and as they all belong to the union they also receive full union benefits. There is also a three-year evening technical school for workers of 21 and over who become lower grade engineers. Besides this, there are classes in history, courses on the labor movement, political classes, classes of all kinds, and many workers are sent to the universities.

Cultural Advantages

In the center of the grounds is a book store, where about 100 books are sold daily—80 per cent are books on technical subjects, although Tolstoy, Gorky and other novelists are popular. The new Soviet Encyclopedia of 20 volumes, costing $150, is in great demand, and for this and other books the workers can get long credit terms. Newspapers and magazines are also sold here. The Putilov workers get out their own printed paper every two weeks and in every department there is the usual wall paper written by the workers. Once a week each department receives a visit from the agent of a circulating library, who delivers books and takes orders in the half hour allotted to this. In some of the departments there are "Red Corners," where there are radios and tables where the workers eat their lunch and make their tea. At the same time, artists and speakers frequently come to entertain them. In every department one sees notices of excursions, notices of lectures and debates and many accident-prevention posters. The workers have their own library, a club, a theatre, a kino, a bath house, a restaurant and a fine chemical laboratory.

Fine Homes for Workers

On the streets near the foundry crowding out old wooden buildings, are many new stucco apartment houses, with large windows, balconies and gardens; homes for the workers, built by the Co-operative and the city. Nearby is a beautiful new building, "The House of Culture," put up by the Metal Workers Union and other unions of Leningrad, to celebrate the tenth anniversary. Here is a hall seating 2,000, where the finest Leningrad plays are often produced; 2 kinos, each seating 300; 2 concert halls, each seating 500; a reading room, a smoking room, a chess room, a billiard room, a buffet—over 70 rooms in all. This House of Culture is used each evening by over 5,000 workers—workers from the Red Putilov Works and other workers of the district. Across the front of the building a huge red banner reads: "Without books there can be no education. Without education there can be no Communism."

Three Plead Guilty in Ball Pool Graft

Matthew S. Dugan, J. J. Kelly, and Sam Cohen, all of Albany, pleaded guilty today to an indictment charging them with participation in the Albany ball pool.

The three were scheduled for trial today and entered their plea to the court after a short conference with their attorneys before the trial began.

They will be sentenced today.

Collision Reported by Ship; No Damage

LONDON, July 11 (UP). — The Royal Mail Steam Packett company informed the United Press today of receipt of a radio message from the liner Demerara, saying the ship had been involved in a collision off [illegible] but was entirely safe and was proceeding to Lisbon.

The ship, bound for South American ports, was due at Lisbon today. In reporting the collision, the liner did not say what damage if any, it had incurred or what ship it collided with.

6 HURT IN TRAIN WRECK.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 11 (UP) —Twenty passengers were injured today when a state coach bound from Portland to Seattle crashed with a city garbage truck here.

OLD WORKER WHO WAS FIRED KILLS SELF IN DESPAIR

Youths at Less Pay Replace Adults

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—How the capitalistic system of society throws workers on the scrap heap as it does with used out machinery was again gruesomely illustrated in this city, today.

To make both ends meet, Mrs. Mary Seum, 58, did housework by day. Her husband, Harry Seum, was a baker, when he could get the job. Since last Christmas, however, he worked only two days. He is 61 and the bosses need younger men to work under their speed-up system.

Fire Old Workers.

When Mary Seum arrived in her little home from her long and tedious day's work, she went straight to her bedroom.

Here she found a note from her husband which read: "Dear Mary, When I went to work this morning they told me they had taken on a younger man in my place. When you read this I'll be far away. Everything in the house I leave to you." This last sentence referred to the few little belongings, chairs, bed, etc.

Mary thought the note was a joke, but going into the bathroom she saw her husband's body hanging by the neck in the doorway with a short length of rope.

Constantly Unemployed.

Since last Christmas, until two days ago, a period of nearly seven months, Harry had been together with thousands of his fellow workers searching wearily and in vain for work. Finally, two days ago, he secured a employment on Dauphin St. in a bakery.

Despair Ends in Suicide.

For two days his troubles were apparently ended. But yesterday when he entered the bakery to start his day's work, the boss told him the job was no longer his.

Seum went home, wrote the note, drove a nail in the wall near the bathroom door, got a rope which he put around his neck, fixed the rope to the nail, climbed up a ladder, stepped off and thus ended permanently his vain search for employment in the alleged prosperous United States.

—C. RABIN.

'PHANTOM PILOT' RUNS AIRPLANE

To Be Used in Bombing Raids

PARIS, July 10 (UP).—A "phantom pilot" created by Max Boucher French war flier, has been secretly tested at the Istres Aerodrome, it was revealed today. The tests were successful. The "phanton pilot" is constructed of steel and provided with muscles which respond instantly to controlling apparatus on the ground, permitting the plane to be maneuvered through any paces desired.

Extensive details of Boucher's creation were published today by La Petite Journal which said the secret tests had been conducted for many months during which the experiments were completed with great success.

Today's tests revealed the "phantom pilot" could go through regular maneuvers and bring the plane to earth at a speed of sixty miles per hour without the slightest shock. Experts of the aeronautics division who conducted the tests for the government were reported as highly pleased with the performance.

It was predicted that control of the mechanical pilot from a distance of 100 kilometres would be possible soon. The control is established by signals and a system of stabilizers which work through the automatic pilot.

The government probably would make use of the "phantom pilot" in bombing plane raids, it was said

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DRAMA

"The Actress" at the Capitol Based on Pinero's "Trelawney"

SO THEY TOOK this old play out of the cannery, dusted it off a little, put a few nice faces in it and made a movie out of it. As a result you can see Pinero's well-known play "Trelawney of the Wells" as a movie called "The Actress" this week at the Capitol theatre.

It has all the virtues of unlimited American movie resources: fine photography, a capable cast headed by the beauty Norma Shearer, some good direction and lavish costuming. And all this is wasted on a lot of English poppycock that is aimed to prove that despite all their shortcomings and idiosyncrasies, the "upper clawses" are not so bad after all.

The story is of stage people. The little actress with a heart of gold, falls in love with a young blond of the near-nobility who's got spunk all over though by the looks of him you never would have guessed it. For blood will tell — blood is that way. Anyway, the old grandfather was at the bottom of all the trouble. But once a gentleman, always a gentleman. When he realizes that the cute little actress is no gold-digger, but loves the young noble blond nobly, he contributes his blessing and a little money besides.

Blood always tells. The story goes to prove it and it goes to say also that even poor working girls can marry nobility. It doesn't leave the field restricted to the Vanderbilts and the Astors. Could anything be sweeter? It's propaganda. An atrocious, sentimental sticky kind of class propaganda, too. Made for the most gullible, glorifying the titled "upper classes," throwing the sop of hope to the simple, that they too can enter this supposedly exclusive charmed circle, some day, perhaps——

Ralph Forbes, one of the newer of the handsome Harrys, is the full-blooded blue-blood. Owen Moore has a prominent part and so have such well-known movie people as Virginia Pearson, Roy D'Arcy, Gwen Lee, Lee Moran and others.

The usual program of Capitol presentations is on the bill: Walt Roesner and his orchestra, dancers, singers and it should be added, a theatre so cool on these hot days, that it's worth the price of admission to get into the rest rooms to read a book.

W. C.

PISA, July 11 (UP).—Minister of Finance Mosconi and Minister of Economy Martelli took the oath of office yesterday at King Victor Emmanuel's summer lodge at San Rossore.

Mine Relief-Defense Pictorial Out Soon

PITTSBURGH, July 11.—A four-page tabloid size relief-defense pictorial will be off the press by the end of this week. New pictures of the strikefields, picket lines, barrack life, the militant women pickets who were tricked into the jail in St. Clairsville, Ohio, prominent strike leaders, Laura Calegari of Elm Grove, W. Va., and her two babies the courts threatened to take away unless she gave up her picket line activities all will be seen in the new pictorial. New feature stories and first hand news from the industrial battle front!

The pictorials will sell for five cents apiece. Order your supply for the National Miners' Relief-Defense Week, July 22nd to the 29th.

Australian Grafters Charged With Bribery

SYDNEY, Australia, July 11 (British United Press).—Three former aldermen were charged on state government summonses today with being concerned in the alleged payment of big bribes by a British firm interested in city contracts.

One of the men was charged with accepting $53,000; a second with taking $37,500, and a third with being implicated in certain acts alleged to be connected with acceptance of bribes.

AMERICAN SAILOR PREFERS LIFE ON SHIP OF SOVIETS

"Bolshevism So Good Would Die For It"

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SEATTLE, Wash., (By Mail).—I write this just before we sail for Vladivostok on the S. S. Apex, recently bought by the government of the Soviet Union.

Soviet Employ Liked.

Just a few days ago I was on the beach here, had been for a month and it might have been months more if it wasn't for the Bolsheviks for whom I am now working under the following conditions. Seventy-five dollars for three watches; first class grub; plenty of vegetables and coffee; time in the middle of each watch; smoking at the wheel.

Everybody here is comrade, none of this Mr. and sir stuff.

The captain, who has been to the Soviet Union before with another ship which the U. S. S. R. bought in 1924, knows what conditions are on the Soviet ships. He suggested that we form a soviet on this ship so we are sailing with a ship's committee in control, composed of one A. B. (able-bodied seaman), one oiler, the captain and the mess-boy.

Proud of Bolshevism.

We have just received the Soviet flag from Amtorg (Russian American Trading Co.). I am sorry that I have no time to tell all that I would like to as we are taking on stores, and what stores!

AMUSEMENTS

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau-Thierry
MILE SKY CHASER
TILT-A-WHIRL
Free Circus, Concerts and Dancing
Luna's Great Swimming Pool

BOOTH Thea. 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Keith-Albee
CAMEO
42d & B'way
Now
Film Arts Guild Presents
American Premiere
Thrilling Drama of Russia and REAL Paris
"LOVES Of Jeanne Ney"
A UFA Production
Featuring Brigette Helm of "Metropolis"
Directed by G. W. Pabst, director of "SECRETS OF THE SOUL"
Also Showing:
Chas. Chaplin in "The Vagabond"

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. First Mat. Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

TRIPOLI, July 11 (UP).—Gen. De Bono completed today an airplane inspection trip during which he visited the garrisons at Ghadames and Nalut.

In July the Banks Are Paying Half Yearly Dividends
Transfer Your Savings to a
Co-operative Workers' Finance Institution
CONSUMERS FINANCE CORPORATION
Subsidiary of the United Workers' Co-operative Ass'n.
6%
dividends are being paid from the first day of deposit on gold bonds in denominations of $100, $300, $500 and $1,000 secured by the second mortgage of the second block of houses in the Co-operative Workers' Colony.
The GOLD BOND CAMPAIGN Will Be Ended in July
Subscribe Now, Don't Be Left Out!
Consumers Finance Corp.
Office: 69 — 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.
TELEPHONE: ALGONQUIN 6900.
Branch Office: 2700 Bronx Park East (Co-operative Workers' Colony)
TELEPHONE: OLINVILLE 894.

WORKERS PARTY CITY ELECTION DRIVE SETS OFF

First Sprint For Big Signature Quota

(Continued from Page One)

On Saturday the drive begins at 1:30 p. m. The Sunday work begins at 10 a. m. and lasts until 1 p. m.

Reports indicate an enthusiastic response to the work which is to be strengthened this week.

Section 1 Meeting

At a special meeting of the membership of Section 1, downtown Manhattan, the response, and the spirit and willingness displayed, has proven again that the Party members are fully aware of the importance of the campaign and are ready to do their best to make the campaign a success.

Definite plans of how to carry the campaign into the shops, factories and the residential sections, as well as how to extend the plan of the campaign within the party were presented.

A report by a district representative on the immediate technical methods of approach in the process of signature getting was taken up.

In line with the general mobilization of the Party membership for the collection of signatures in the city each section has called a general membership meeting to take up the technical points in the drive and to discuss the campaign. The meetings scheduled for this purpose are:

Tonight at 8 p. m. Astoria General membership meeting at Bohemian Hall, Woolsey and Second Sts., Astoria, L. I.

6:30 p. m. Monday, July 16: Sections 2 and 3 at 101 W. 27th St.

6 p. m. Monday, July 16: Williamsburgh Section at 29 Graham Ave.

WHITE GUARDIST BOMBER CAUGHT

Rumanian Espionage Aided Plot

(Special Cable To Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, July 11.—Two white guardists threw the bomb in the ante-room of the headquarters here at 9:15 p. m. on July 6 which killed one Red Guardist and seriously injured another. One of the bombers Georg Radkovitch, 30, ex-member of the Imperial Page Corps, was shot dead, while the second bomber was caught in Podolsk, near Moscow.

The bombers came last week from Paris via Rumania with the assistance of the Rumanian espionage service. Peasants aided in the hunt for the white guardist.

BIG PICKET LINE IN NEW BEDFORD

(Continued from Page One)

the proffered refreshments for his pickets.

Picket Together.

When morning was reached the two picket lines were picketing together in the friendliest manner. When morning came the U. T. W. line was asked to share the breakfast sandwiches of the T. M. C. pickets. This was done with great enthusiasm.

Fishermen Help.

A sudden report circulated among the pickets in the early hours of the morning that the scabs were about to leave in boats brought an immediate proffer of aid from the fishermen, who are active strike sympathizers. The union accepted this offer and immediately ten pickets were dispatched in five boats to guard the waterside entrances of the mill.

AFFAIRS TO HELP MILL STRIKERS

(Continued from Page One)

ditional relief stations in addition to those already operated in order to meet the situation. Biedenkapp states that at present more than 1,000 families receive cooked food at the two W. I. R. relief stations and that milk and bread is daily distributed to thousands of children. He further states that the demand for relief is growing greater day by day and that it is imperative for the friends and comrades of the strikers to come to the aid of the W. I. R.

"The week of July 15 to the 22nd is Textile Relief Week. Every organization and its members and all workers in general must give their time, energy and money.

"Picnics, outings, entertainments, house to house collections, and other affairs must be arranged for and relief funds raised. The New England Relief Conference is holding an auto excursion Sunday, July 9. The destination is Camp Nitgedaiget at Franklin, Mass. A big program for the entertainment of all is provided. [illegible] will come from Boston, Franklin, Worcester, Chelsea, Re-[illegible] Malden and other places. The [illegible] Saturday's DAILY [illegible] full particulars.

Where American Imperialism [illegible] Canal

In order to "protect" its growing imperialist interests in the Pacific and its Latin-American colonies, Wall Street's government in Washington is planning the construction of a new canal in Nicaragua. Photo above shows site of the proposed canal.

'FARMER-LABOR' PARTY FADING

Ready To Merge With Old Parties

CHICAGO, July 11.—A resolution to combine the Farmer-Labor Party with the Prohibition Party was introduced at the conventions of the two parties today, after the Prohibition Party was confronted with a resolution to choose Hoover, Republican nominee, as their candidate for president.

The resolution was decided upon last night, the committee being in session until 2 a. m. today. It stated that the committee favored a coalition of the two parties during the 1928 campaign.

The Prohibition Party voted to table the resolution until the platform is decided upon. The Farmer-Labor convention started discussion of its platform without considering the resolution.

The complete degeneration of the so-called Farmer-Labor Party is seen here in its willingness to endorse Al Smith or possibly even Hoover while making a pretense of attacking the reaction in both old parties.

CLOAK COUNCIL MEETS TONIGHT

Representatives from the shops of cloak and dressmakers will tonight hold their first monthly conference of shop delegates at 5 p. m. in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave.

The intense organization campaign prepared by the Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers Union and the Local Committee of the National Organization Committee will be officially launched by the conference tonight.

Represents Thousands

The conference, which will represent the great majority of the workers in the ladies' garment industry of New York, will take immediate steps to begin the fight against both the bosses and the right-wing Sigman clique in regaining union conditions in many of the New York shops. It will also move to launch an organization drive among the overwhelming number of open shops now swamping the trade, according to preliminary information of the agenda.

JAILS BROTHER FOR PICKETING

Henry Sazer, who yesterday declared that he intends to picket the Truefood Restaurant, owned by his brother, as a demonstration of sympathy to the workers on strike there, was arrested yesterday while marching before the place, together with the two union pickets usually permitted by the police.

In spite of being previously informed of the fact that the police would permit no more than two pickets, Sazer nevertheless determined to join the line.

Is Arrested

A huge crowd gathered in the Times Square section where the restaurant is situated. It watched Sazer as he patrolled the place carrying large signs denouncing his brother and calling for a boycott on the anti-labor place.

Several policemen at first tried to intimidate Sazer, but he insisted on his right to picket the place, disavowing any direct connections with the Waiters' and Waitresses' Union. He nevertheless maintained his own right to picket in sympathy with the strikers, police decided to arrest him.

Pose As Labor's Friends

The strike against this firm, the members of which made their money through the patronage of labor sympathizers, pose as semi-radicals, according to Sazer's statement. They own three restaurants, all of which are on strike. They are located at 153 W. 44th St., 110 W. 40th St., and 522 Seventh Ave. The strike is now in the third week.

Four Bodies Recovered in Pittsburgh Rivers

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 10.—Pittsburgh rivers today had surrendered the bodies of four persons who disappeared within the last few days during the heat spell.

Late last night the bodies of two women were recovered from the Ohio River. It was believed that they were suicides. The bodies of two boys, drowned while swimming near Sharpsburg, were taken from the Allegheny River near the Highland Park bridge.

URGE HELP FOR GREEK MILITANTS

Flays Reformists For Betrayal

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By Mail).—In a statement issued here yesterday by the Red International of Labor Unions, the workers of Greece who have undergone brutal treatment at the hands of the Greek fascists, headed at present by Venizelos, and the imperialist officials of the American Tobacco Company in whose plant the strike originally broke out, were called upon to mobilize and continue their militant fight. The statement, which is addressed to "the proletariat of Greece, conducting an heroic fight," and to "the proletariat of the whole world," follows:

Imprison Thousands.

Hundreds and thousands of fighters in the cause of the working class are thrown into prisons. The troops and the police have been mobilized against the workers.

This struggle has been transformed into a spontaneous general strike of the Greek proletariat for the defense of its political rights and its organizations.

Reformists Betray Workers.

The reformist leaders of the Greek Confederation of Labor who a few weeks ago criminally split the trade union movement of Greece and expelled from its ranks the Tobacco Workers' Union and other revolutionary organizations, has now hypocritically joined the general strike. In reality the social-fascists are taking all measures to end the general strike of the Greek proletariat in a shameful compromise.

This must not take place. Immediate and decisive help of the international proletariat is required.

The Red International of Labor Unions expressing its fraternal solidarity with the Greek proletariat calls upon all trade union organizations, all workers' organizations, the workers of the whole world, to hurry to the aid of the heroically struggling proletariat of Greece.

A powerful act of international proletarian solidarity will prevent the execution of the plans of the Greek bourgeoisie and will defend the class organizations of the Greek proletariat.

Long live the victory of the fighting Greek proletariat!

Long live the united revolutionary class trade union movement of Greece!

Long live International Proletarian Solidarity!

International Relief Children Greeted At Unity Camp Reception

WINGDALE, N. Y., July 11.—All the children that were registered for the first two weeks at the Workers' International Relief camp arrived safely on Monday afternoon at their camp grounds at Wingdale, N. Y. An enthusiastic reception was given them by the campers and workers of the Unity Co-operative camp. When the children arrived in two big busses they were received with banners, cheers and songs.

The workers left their jobs and the campers came out of their resting places or the cool water to join in the reception. Long before the children arrived they were waiting patiently in the hot afternoon sun along the road which the busses had to pass. The construction workers carried a flag greeting the children of the Workers International Relief camp.

Other banners read "The Workers Child for the Working Class," etc. When the children stepped out of the busses everyone sang the International.

FUR UNION WAGE RAISE DRIVE ON

Wkr's in Right Wing Shops Join Campaign

(Continued from Page One)

and Wollin, 330 Seventh Ave.

Seven workers in the former factory and one of the leading members of the Joint Board, Irving Potash, were arrested yesterday morning by detectives of the industrial squad who were called to the bosses' rescue by a right wing hireling of the Joint Council, Sam Weiner.

The events leading up to the arrests were related as follows: The workers of Bloom and Gerber's shop were telling Potash that they had decided to send a committee to their employer, who is a member of the board of directors of the Associated, and demand from him a wage raise for the entire shop. Weiner, a right wing agent in the factory heard this and immediately ran to call up the police. By this time the workers had received the bosses' reply that no raise would be granted and were already picketing the shop, when the police squad arrived and literally forced them back into the shop.

Those arrested were later haled before Magistrate Norris in the Jefferson Market Court. Potash and another worker who prefers his name not mentioned, were fined five dollars each, while the others were dismissed.

Cheers Up Boss

The workers of the shop of Brownstein and Wollin declared a strike when they were refused a wage raise, and declared their determination to picket the place till the bosses give in.

Later in the day the entire office force of business agents of the Joint Council came to Bloom and Gerber and assured them before the workers in the shop that they would not permit the workers to ask for any more raise or any other improvement in working standards.

Three Wall St. Fliers Bomb Nicaraguans

WASHINGTON, July 10.—It was reported to the navy department today that three American airplanes, which tried to exterminate a group of 10 Sandino followers by bombing, succeeded, it is believed, in killing one.

CONTRACT AWARDED

The Canadian Colonial Airways, Inc., New York City, was awarded the contract for operating a one-way air mail route from New York City to Montreal via Albany at 96 cents per mile.

All Militant Workers
Should Hear the
REPORT
of the
DELEGATION to the
PROFINTERN CONGRESS
held in Moscow, April, 1928
at
MANHATTAN LYCEUM
66 East 4th Street
FRIDAY, JULY 13, 8 P.M.
BEN GITLOW
CHARLES ZIMMERMAN
will make the main reports
JOHN J. BALLAM, Chairman.
Reports from delegates on Marine Transport, Youth, Needle Trades, Food Industry, Shoe and Leather, Building Trades, etc.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS AT THE DOOR.
Auspices:
Trade Union Educational League, Local New York.

URGE WORKERS ATTEND BIG 'DAILY' AFFAIR

Mass Demonstration Urged Saturday

(Continued from Page One)

"Many years have since passed. The bourgeoisie, helped to power by the masses' revolt in 1789, 1830 and 1848, soon became a reactionary force. The place of the old feudal lords was taken by the captains of industry and finance. The place of the old bondsman was taken by the new working class. In a different society, under different economic conditions, exploitation and oppression of the masses never ceased. The accumulation of wealth, the concentration of production brought about a rise and concentration of the working class. And now we are going through a period of new revolutions; the working class is rising against its capitalist overlords who are in command of the capitalist state.

"The era of proletarian revolutions began in 1917 with the establishment of the Soviet Republic in place of the Russian bourgeois state. The coming of proletarian revolution is felt everywhere. The proletarian revolution is the aim of all the Communist Parties of the world, including our own Workers (Communist) Party. The revolt against the capitalist distatorship of the United States is animating our militant dailies, The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit.

"We, too, have a fortress to take. We, too, have a Bastille to destroy. It is the fortress of finance capital. It is the Bastille of Wall Street. It is to remind us of this historic task that the comrades chose the Fourteenth of July. Only several days ago a number of our comrades were sentenced to jail for protesting against the murderous actions of American imperialism in foreign lands. This rally of July Fourteenth must be also a mass demonstration against the enemies of the working class.

"We appeal to every class-conscious worker to join the demonstration. The concert and rally is planned as a means to secure funds for our papers. This alone should be sufficient ground to make it a success. Our dailies are the greatest weapon of the working class in all its struggles. Now that we have entered the election campaign in which we wish to mobilize large masses of workers for the revolutionary class struggle, the work of our dailies is more urgent and has a wider appeal than ever before. The task of improving their financial conditions should in itself be of great concern to the militant workers.

"The task, however, is not confined to funds. We want to make this a mass demonstration of the militant labor movement. We want this to be the first election rally where rare entertainment is combined with sympathy for the Workers (Communist) Party its candidates, its platform. We want this rally to be worthy of July 14th.

"We appeal to all party members to help make this undertaking a red banner day. We appeal to all workers to come to the Coney Island Stadium and demonstrate by their very numbers.

"Comrades and Fellow Workers! Remember July 14th! Make this a day of mass protest and a day of aid for the Red Press.

"CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY."

FEDERAL GRAFT IN SOUTH.

ATLANTA, Georgia, July 10.—A senate committee investigating the republican graft in the southern states found that local postmen, in order to keep their jobs, must "contribute" an annual sum to the republican party campaign funds.

Workers Party Activities

Lower Bronx Y. W. L.

Lower Bronx unit of the Young Workers League will hold an open air meeting Friday evening at 138th Street and Willis Ave. Stein, Adler, Grant, Perl and Smith will speak.

• • •

Section 2 and 3.

All comrades in Section 2 and 3 are asked to report at section headquarters, 101 West 27th Street, promptly at 12 o'clock, Saturday, July 14, without fail, by order of the District Office. Attendance will be checked.

• • •

Bronx Open Air.

Lower Bronx Section Open Air Meet will be held at 138th Street and Brook Ave.

• • •

Section 1 Literature Squads.

Section 1 literature agents and literature squads will meet at 60 St. Marks Place at 6:15 p. m. today.

• • •

Speakers Class.

The speakers class of Section 1 will be held today at 60 St. Marks Place at 8 p. m. All registered for this class are required to come on time.

• • •

Section 2-3 Meet.

Section 2 and 3 will meet today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

• • •

Women's Federation Meet.

The Action Committee of the New York Working Women's Federation will meet today at 26-28 Union Square. All members are asked to attend.

• • •

Bath Beach.

The unit meeting of the Bath Beach unit will be held Friday, July 13, at 1940 Benson Ave., 8 p. m. sharp.

• • •

Brownsville W. Y. L.

Brownsville Section W. Y. L. Attention! An open air meeting will be held tonight at 8:30 p. m., at Hopkinson and Pitkin Aves.

• • •

Section 2 and 3.

There will be a general membership meeting of sections 2 and 3 on Monday, July 16, 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th Street. All members must attend since very important matters will be taken up.

Labor and Fraternal

Workers Culture.

The Workers Culture Club of Bath Beach will have an Outing Sunday, July 22nd, 9 a. m. at 1940 Benson Ave.

• • •

Spanish Workers Dance.

On Saturday, July 14, at 8:00 p. m. there will be a dance and entertainment, in behalf of the Centro Obrero (Spanish Workers Center), at the headquarters of that organization 55 West 113th St.

• • •

Jewelry Workers Outing.

The Jewelry Workers Welfare Club will hold its first annual outing on Sunday. Those who attend will meet at the Dyckman St. Ferry at 9 a. m.; from there, they will go to the Interstate Park, where an interesting program of entertainment has been arranged.

• • •

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

CHINESE JINGOES BREAK SILK UNION

Use Guns in Attempt To Break Strike

SHANGHAI, July 10.—The strike of 55,000 silk workers in the factories here was forcibly broken when the commander of the Chinese garrison in Shanghai used bullets to dissolve the union of the silk spinners because the union refused to appeal to the striking workers to return to work in accordance with the militarists' demand.

The spinners went on strike almost a month ago, when the conditions under which they had been working in the factories became unbearable. They struck against the long hours and the excessive overtime that they were forced to put in every day of the week; against the pay, which was even smaller than that of workers in American factories, and against the inhuman slave-driving treatment they received at the hands of the bosses' officials.

In spite of the forcible dissolution of the union by the military forces, however, only half of the factories originally hit by the strike have recommenced work.

6 "PARTY DAYS" CALLED IN N. Y.

Election Main Issue For Discussion

Six "Party Days" have been designated by District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, according to a statement issued last night by John J. Ballam, acting district organier and Bert Miller, organization secretary.

These "Party Days," called for the purpose of discussing the major party campaigns, are designated for July 23, 24, 25, 30, 31 and August 1.

The statement says in part:

"Many of our comrades are engaged in activities in the union and Party auxiliary organizations which take a great deal of their time and energy and fail, on this account, to attend to Party units.

"The major activity of our Party for the coming months will be the election campaign and it is for the purpose of clarification and discussion that these 'Party Days' are being called."

Speakers Conference To Be Held Saturday

A speakers conference of District 2 will be held Saturday at 2 p. m. at the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square.

All Workers Party speakers must attend this conference. D. Benjamin, district agitprop director, will lead the discussion.

DRIVE FOR NEW UNION SPREADS TO ALL FIELDS

Urge Anthracite to Stand Solid

(Continued from Page One)

ed the miners' union, the Call charges Lewis with refusing to organize the unorganized miners, smashing miners' strikes in Kansas and Nova Scotia; betraying the Fayette-Westmoreland miners in 1922 by leaving them out of the strike settlement, and playing a strike-breaking role in the recent Colorado strike.

Record of Betrayal.

Splitting the anthracite from the bituminous miners through separate agreements expiring at different times, and the policy of separate agreements in the present bituminous strike, is responsible, the Call declares, for the disastrous condition of the strike. The general effect of these policies has been "to isolate the strikers in the key districts of Pennsylvania and Ohio and to enable the employers to shatter the strikers' forces at their leisure, thus undermining the whole miners' organization." During all the long months of the strike, while the Pennsylvania and Ohio miners "have been starving on a dollar or two a week relief money, these false leaders drew their enormous salaries and lived on the fat of the land."

Lewis Sabotage.

"The inevitable result of all these corruptions, betrayals, and wrong policies by the leadership of the United Mine Workers of America, the Call concludes, "is the present breaking of the union. Democracy in the United Mine Workers of America is dead. To depend further on the broken United Mine Workers of America as our union, would be for us to sink deeper and deeper into open shop slavery. We must build a new union. We must take the situation in hand ourselves and break the control of the Lewis gang. We must organize a new miners' union, one with an honest progressive leadership and a fighting policy."

MONEY, BUT WHERE?

Washington, July 10.—The United States' population on July 1 was estimated at 118,364,000, the Treasury Department announced today. Money in circulation totalled $4,796,408,000 or $40.52 per capita, a 40 per cent increase in a month but a 96 per cent loss over last year. Total money stock in the U. S. was $8,117,768,786.

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Assistant Editor...............WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

New Ways of Old Politicians

The conviction of a few minor Tammany officials in the last chapter of the graft serial which the wigwam itself has been running for the edification of its gullible readers would be highly amusing were it not for the fact that thousands of workers will undoubtedly be deceived into believing that the tiger is attempting a real house cleaning.

Al Smith, that pure and sweet flower that has bloomed forth from out of the dunghill of Tammany corruption, may now venture to waft his delicate fragrance to the national political winds without the least suspicion on the part of his innocent Ku Klux Klan countrymen of what oderous stuff the perfume has been compounded.

Have not Al Smith and the "New Tammany" themselves taken the initiative in eliminating the aged-in-the-wood aroma of Tweed, Croker and Murphy!

This is the meaning of the mighty and courageous graft hunting now going on under the direction of the tiger. No doubt the tiger is anxious for its prey. A few clews would set him on the trail of new victims. He might even if properly directed catch up with the real grafters, those "higher-up." Let us see.

There sits at the head of Mayor Jimmie Walker's Department of Transportation a gentleman by the name of John H. Delaney. Delaney has one of the most responsible jobs ever held by a public official in the city of New York. Through his hands pass contracts for subway building amounting to a billion dollars.

This is the same John H. Delaney who for many years was the go-between Thomas F. Ryan, I. R. T. traction magnate, and Boss Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall. John H. Delaney's fingers have felt the touch of Ryan's dollars—some of which he turned over to "the Chief." For this Delaney has already once been exposed. But there he stands.

The head of the street cleaning department, Alfred A. Taylor, has been accused of being the chief culprit by no less an authority than Controller Charles W. Craig, chief watchdog for Al Smith in New York City. Here is an opportunity for some real head hunting.

But why consider the lesser culprits. There is Jimmie Walker himself, chief Tammany cake-eater, man about town and patron of the fine arts in New York night clubs. Jimmie Walker was able on a salary of $25,000 to report an income to the government last year of $[illegible]7,000. Looking at the genial Jimmie you might suppose he hardly knew enough to go into his regular Greenwich Village speakeasy from the rain. Not so, however. Early in 1926 after his election, he began buying Interborough stock at about 26. Now it stands at about 45. And watch it after election. . . .

Who really expects that Tammany Hall will clean house? Who believes that Al Smith will expose his connections with the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation, their temporary differences and their present reconciliation? Who supposes that Jimmie Walker will expose the scheme by which he and former Controller Craig with the sanction of Al Smith and the republican state legislature planned to sell to the city for a paltry seven millions three systems of junk called the Eighth Avenue Railroad, the Ninth Avenue Railroad and the Fourth and Madison Avenue Line. It was not their fault that the scheme did not go through.

Investigations have their purposes. There was the recent mine "investigation," as an example. It helped do the trick expected of John L. Lewis by the Mellon coal companys. The present Tammany graft hunt also has its purpose, that of helping put over Al Smith.

Graft is an integral part of the capitalist system, just as exploitation of the workers is its main characteristic. To eliminate graft just as to eliminate exploitation only one remedy is adequate: the overthrow of capitalism. There is a way to prepare the ground for that task: Vote Communist! For the Workers against the Bosses! Join the Workers Communist Party!

Negro Worker and the Elections.

The "Negro World," organ of Marcus Garvey, in the issue of July 7, carries a lengthy editorial commenting on the presidential candidates of the democratic and republican parties and the relation of the Negro to both parties.

"The United States of America," says the Negro World, "it is pretty well agreed, will be as safe with Smith as it will be with Hoover, but this does not touch the consideration that of necessity is uppermost in our minds. It will be beyond a doubt safe for the white citizenry, but what of that considerable band of fifteen million black men and women who, also accounted citizens, owing allegiance to the stars and stripes, yet are buffeted and hamstrung by an unsympathetic majority of their fellow citizens against all law and justice? These, we submit, should not be as satisfied with either choice as the rest of the citizenry."

The "Negro World" states quite correctly that the United States will be as safe with Smith as with Hoover. This means that both men are equally willing to serve the capitalist system.

What the "Negro World" ignores completely is the relation of the Negro as a worker as well as a member of an oppressed race to the capitalist system which is represented by both the democratic and republican parties.

The republican party which in the interests of the then revolutionary capitalism conducted a war against chattel slavery is today working in the interests of the new counter-revolutionary capitalism for the perpetuation of wage slavery. The republican party of today is nothing but a party of trusts, of finance capital of the biggest business interests of the country.

The democratic party was in the early stages of its history the party of slavery, against Northern capitalism and in the interests of the Southern plantation owners. Today though sometimes masked with phrases of liberalism it stands for the perpetuation of the peonage of Negroes in the South and for the maintainance of wage slavery throughout the country.

The election platform of the Workers (Communist) Party of America states:

> **"There are no real political differences between the two big political parties. Both are parties of capitalism; both are enemies of the working class. The very existence of the two-party system is the most reactionary factor in American politics, is one of the factors which are responsible for the lack of an independent mass political party of the working class. . . . There are no political issues between these two parties. On the question of tariff, prohibition, taxation, imperialist war, farm relief, League of Nations and all other discussed political issues there is much more division within each party than between the two parties."**

The "Negro World" is misleading the oppressed millions of Negro workers when it holds out a hope to them that Smith and Hoover or whoever of the two is elected, can do much for the harrassed Negro.

There is no record of Hoover ever having opened his mouth in protest against the lynching of Negroes and against the thousands of indignities that have been heaped on the Negroes in the south and also in the north.

A Negro was lynched at the gates of Houston on the eve of the democratic convention and Al Smith did not protest.

The only solution for the many evils that confront the Negro working class population is unity with the white exploited worker in a struggle against capitalism. Negroe leaders who urge the colored masses to isolate themselves from their white brothers and sisters are paying the game of the master class.

They must fight for political and social equality for the Negro race.

They must fight for the abolition of all Jim Crow distinctions. They must fight for a federal law against lynching and the protection of the Negro masses in their right of self-defense.

They must fight for the abolition of the convict lease system and of the chain gang and for equal pay for equal work for Negro and white workers.

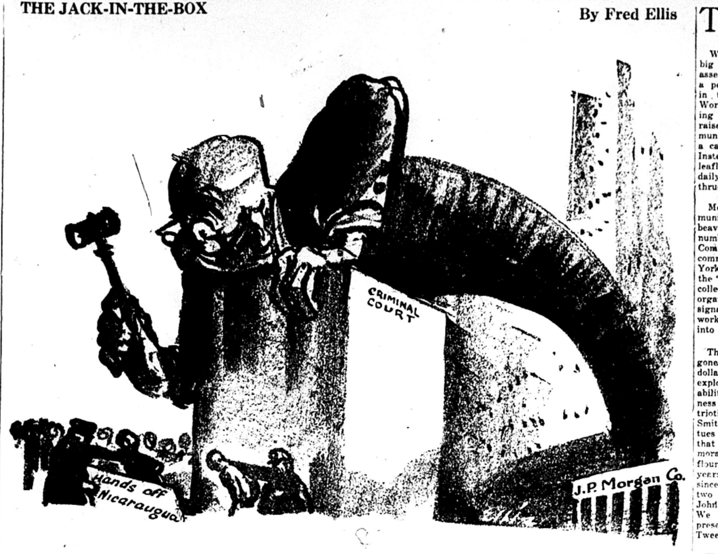
The Negroes must wage this struggle in conjunction with their exploited comrades regardless of color. The parties of Al Smith and Herbert Hoover may be willing to confer favors on renegade Negro leaders who are ready to sell out their people for a mess of pottage. But those parties have nothing for the Negro masses but chains.

The Workers (Communist) Party is the only party that has a program which calls for the abolition of the capitalist system, a program that will free black and white alike and which calls for the building of a new society where the prejudices and hatreds fostered by the exploiting classes for centuries will be swept away and where all will be truly equal under a social order where the rendering of service and not the acquisition of wealth will be the badge of honor.

Negro Workers!
Vote Communist!
Join the Workers (Communist) Party!

THE JACK-IN-THE-BOX

By Fred Ellis



Hints on Open Air Meetings

By JULIUS CODKIND.

To be successful, an evening open air meeting should be opened at eight o'clock sharp, and in no case should it last above two and one-half hours. Usually two hours is sufficient to hold a meeting. Within this time the speaking, literature sale, and collection should be made and questions answered. Exceptions to the two-hour rule are advisable only when there is great interest or great excitement or enthusiasm.

It is always bad to have a crowd melt away while the meeting is still in progress. It is much better to discontinue a meeting at the two-hour limit with the announcement of when the next meeting will be held on the same spot. As a rule the crowd will come back for the next meeting, if your meeting was successful in gaining their interest or attention.

Advertising the Meeting.

Open-air meetings can be built up very easily with a little organization. If the meeting is to open at 8 p. m., the platform should be on the corner with a sign at least an hour earlier, announcing the time when the meeting will be opened. Try this a couple of times, and you will soon discover that the function of the chairman is to make a pleasant five-minute introduction of the meeting rather than to act as loud-speaker extraordinary. Where there is a newspaper, the meetings should be announced in the press. In small towns the local bourgeois paper will often carry a notice of even Communist meetings. A little three or four-line notice is often very helpful.

Building the Meetings.

In large cities open-air meetings can be built up by choosing a particular evening of the week for a given corner and having a meeting on the corner on the same evening every week. The crowd will soon learn to come to that corner every Monday or Wednesday or Friday, as the case may be.

Maintaining Order.

Maintain perfect order. An open-air meeting is a favorite spot for certain types of comrades to gather for sociability. They will stand around in groups, generally below the platform, and carry on all sorts of discussions. They become very noisy, become highly offended when approached to maintain order, and quickly succeed in demoralizing the meeting. Many good speeches are interrupted and numerous splendid meetings are destroyed by this nuisance. A strong committee, trained to deal gently but firmly with this evil, will quickly rid a corner of it.

Disturbers.

A worse evil even than the one above described is the disturber who knows more than the speaker. With a few telling remarks, he quickly destroys the faith of an audience in any speaker. This type of a crank can never be enticed to go up on the platform to show what he can do.

Very often he will not express his opinion openly. He simply decides that the speaker is not making a good job, so he finds a victim and sets out to convert him to Communism in his own way. Our crank is soon in the midst of a most enticing, know-nothing political discussion. The crowd, always attracted by a novelty, will quickly commence to gather around the debaters, a third will enter into the discussion, then a forth. The debaters split off into two teams each with its circle of admirers. This process continues until the speaker finds himself talking to several circles of backs, and the meeting quickly comes to an end.

The best method of dealing with this disease is to have a member of the committee break up the discussion by calling the debaters quietly aside and appealing to the debater who is friendly to discontinue. If he refuses, he can be invited to go to another corner and hold his own meeting. Sometimes a show of force is necessary. Sometimes a very popular speaker can appeal to the audience to expel the disturber. This nuisance is an ever-present danger, with which it is most difficult to deal.

The trouble lies in the fact that these disturbers secretly believe that they are superior to the speaker. As a general rule, this is not true. A speaker can be successful only thru special study of his subject, and is, therefore, the one best qualified as a propagandist. Besides this the speaker always has the advantage of being on a platform, which helps him to carry a mass appeal and to gain results far beyond anything that can be hoped for from the best of cranks.

"Packing" the Audience.

Interest is contagious. A crowd standing around with plenty of room to move around in will never have as good results as an audience that is closely packed. A well-organized committee can quickly pack a crowd by going to the outskirts and gently pushing forward. This is a very delicate maneuver. The crowding forward must be so carried out as to seem entirely unintentional and the result of great interest in what the speaker is saying. If clumsily done, trouble is very likely to result.

Patrolling the Meeting.

The best and most experienced comrades should be posted on the outskirts of the crowd to safeguard the meetings from disturbances of all kinds, to be ready to deal with cranks and nuisances, and to attend to the process of packing the crowd.

Order of Business.

A well-conducted meeting will open at 8 p. m. sharp with a five-minute speech by the chairman, not for the purpose of getting a crowd but to make a few important remarks and announcements. Chairmanship of this sort is first-class training for beginners.

About 75 minutes should be given to speaking, to be followed by a collection, then the sale of literature, and then questions. Special announcements can be made after the sale of literature. Good speakers do not lose the crowd by making a collection. If the crowd cannot be held thru a collection, it is best not to attempt the collection.

While the collection is being taken and literature sold, the speaker must frequently refer to the fact that the meeting is about to be opened for questions.

Pittsburgh and Steel in the Next War

By W. J. WHITE

No war can be carried on today without steel, chemicals and motor cars. Steel goes into the manufacture of guns, munitions, motor cars and trucks. Not a battleship, either submarine or destroyer, dreadnaught or fast cruiser but must be built out of steel these days. Even the super-dreadnaught must be built of steel and be covered with a belt of steel above the water line from 24 to 36 inches thick in order to withstand the most powerful of projectiles and torpedoes. Steel tanks played a ghastly and dreadful part in the last war, and in the wars of the future the "dry land dreadnaught" will play an even more ghastly and dreadful part. The steel "air cruiser" will sail over our cities in the next war and drop tons of poison gas into the streets. Great fleets of tanks will be part of the equipment of the thoroughly manned army in the next war. No battle will be fought without these death-dealing "dry land ships" being in the action and part of the main line of either defense or advance. Amored cars, made out of steel, will rush through our cities in the next war and nothing except specially made, heavy calibered machine guns can stop their advance.

100 Mile Range

Projectiles carrying tons of nerve-destroying explosives will be sent out on their errands of death from belching mouths of steel. Big Berthas with ranges that may be as far as 100 miles. Steel airplanes with cruising ranges of from three to four thousand miles, carrying the modern chemical poison gas bomb by tons into the interior of the enemy country, will be common in the next war. The super undersea dreadnaught, carrying guns of from six to eight inches calibre, with unlimited sailing ranges, will ravish the shipping of the enemy and destroy his ships of commerce in any of the seven seas. Chemicals, dealing their deaths to the thousands of non-combatants, will be dropped from the clouds in steel capsules and bombs. Bacteria will be sent out on its journey to impregnate and innoculate the man power and woman power of the enemy—and what matter if it come into contact with the child in its innocence. In all of this steel will play its part and be in at the death.

We can today say of steel what Shakespeare said of gold in one of his plays: "Much of this doth make of vice a virtue."

Greatest Steel Mills

All of this comes to me today as I look out on the hills of Pittsburgh, where the greatest combination of steel producing units in all the world are gathered. Here, in the industrial heart of the United States, the greatest of steel mills stand ready to turn out the steel for all of the above. Here we are ready to make the steel which will go into the projectiles and bombs for the subjugation of the insurgents of India. The Chinese have already felt the "blessing of our steel" on Socony hill. The plains of Manchuria will run red with the blood of the Chinese soldier—thanks to the guns and munitions of war coming from the mills of Pittsburgh and vicinity. The Yangste river has reverberated with the roar of "our guns" on "our battleships," the steel for which came from the vicinity of Pittsburgh and from the mills of the corporations of this district. In Nicaragua today the steel products of Pittsburgh are wiping out whole villages in order that the "blessings" of our "civilizing rule" of "Wall Street" may come down on the heads of the 'bandits" in the ranks of Sandino's noble army and show them the errors of their way. On the Amazon in South America "our steel barges" and steamboats" are plowing their way for the Armours and Wilsons, who are seeking new worlds to conquer. These barges and boats will turn to vipers and hissing adders when the time comes to pay the debts owed to Wall Street. Then will the South American hear the roar of "our guns" as did the Chinese in their efforts to shake from their back the imperialists of America and the world. Haiti and the Philippines have had their workers annihilated by the steel guns and the munitions of war manufactured in this industrial bee hive of imperialism.

Terrific Strain

Here the world's labor market has been raped for the workers who could stand up under the strain of the seven-day week and the 12-hour day. Here has been gathered the workers who have spoken the languages of the Indias and the lands of every clime under the sun, in order that steel might be produced and the few grow rich. Here the idealist has seen his visions and dreams turned into guns and munitions of war. Here he has seen the child of his fancy turned into the carnage and the blood bath of battle. Here has been gathered the private army of private wealth in order that the long toilsome road of organized labor might be wiped out in an hour of bloody battle. All of this in order that the slaves of steel might not stand in the way of the predatory parasites and their money bags in an organized body against the next war.

The workers in the steel mills of Pittsburgh, in the next war, or even before the next war, **must be organized and educated,** in order that they may lay down their tools and refuse to make the guns and munitions of war which will be aimed not only at the crushing out of organized resistance of all the workers in all those countries which are now tied to the wheels of the war chariots of the American and world imperialism, but also to destroy Soviet Russia.

In this drive there is only one organization that has the will to win the workers to this organized campaign against war and that is the Workers (Communist) Party. This organization, and it alone, can do this much-needed work. Let our party not lose an hour or a day, for there is not a day or an hour to be lost in this work. It is our task. Let us do it with a will to win.

Kansas Young Worker League Shocks Meet of Baptist Patriots

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 11. — The international convention of the Young People's Baptist Union closed here yesterday. Delegates were present from most of the western states and some from Canada. During the discussions the forum leader spoke of the war danger and was followed in the regular "church" manner by speakers speaking of the horrors of war and pious wishes for its cessation. Furthermore all delegates pledged allegiance to the flags and spoke of the glory of giving one's life for his country. That was an indication of the "peaceful" spirit.

On the closing day the Young Workers League of Kansas City distributed one thousand leaflets calling upon the workers and students to fight the citizen's military training camps and the capitalist war.

The leaflets were well received.

Told You So

While the managers of the two big capitalist parties are modestly asserting that they will not expend a penny more than $3,000,000 each in the presidential elections, the Workers (Communist) Party is going boldly ahead with its plans to raise $100,000. In fact, the Communists would have no objection to a campaign treasury of $5,000,000. Instead of printing and distributing leaflets we would have a few more daily papers strategically located thruout the country.

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Members of the Workers (Communist) Party are working like beavers collecting the necessary number of signatures to place the Communist ticket on the ballot. Two comrades are touring parts of New York state in an automobile called the "Red Essex." Not only are they collecting signatures but they are organizing party units. Collecting signatures, funds, and organizing workers into the Party fit in nicely into the general campaign plan.

• • •

The Fourth of July has come and gone. Hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of firecrackers were exploded, which is a tribute to the ability of the great American business man to mix business with patriotism. The "Happy Warrior," Al Smith, waxed lyrical over the virtues of Tammany Hall, and declared that only a sound and politically moral organization could exist and flourish in this country for 139 years. Al may not know any better, since he admits that he only read two books in his life: The Life of John L. Sullivan and the Holy Bible. We suggest that Mrs. Moskovitz present him with a copy of "Boss" Tweed by Denis T. Lynch.

• • •

The estimable Tweed, while grand sachem of Tammany, took unto himself the tidy sum of $30,000.000 in less than three years, and it is estimated that the total "take" of the Tammany ring was in excess of $40,000,000. Even the Teapot Dome boys had nothing on Tammany. All the way down to "Glucose" Charlie Murphy, the abstaining saloon keeper, the leaders of Tammany headed a gang of plunderers that were without peer in the annals of American history.

• • •

Tammany is now waging a fake fight against the sewer pipe burglars in the Borough of Queens headed by Connolly and Patten. The truth is that Connolly and Patten are on the Tammany blacklist because they supported the Hylan ring and perhaps do not care to share their graft with the citizens of the Manhattan wigwam. How the teeth of the 14th Street (now Park Avenue) sachems must water at the prospect of getting their hands on this booty. One can imagine Tammany elders prospecting all over the sidewalks of New York, and muttering "Thars gold in them thar sewers."

• • •

Herbert Hoover is reported to be having trouble with his campaign managers. Some of the outstanding leaders of the G. O. P. are sulking in their tents. We suggest that Herbert commissions the Westinghouse people to build him a dozen mechanical men who will move in the best modern engineering fashion with the pressing of a button. This might give the capitalists hope that when Hoover is elected, if he should be, he will provide them with enough robots to man their factories, so that they could dispense with the pesky working class. Still there are drawbacks. Mechanical men would not consume the commodities, which are produced by the workers not primarily for their own consumption but for the greater glory and profit of the capitalists, and furthermore there would not be much of a thrill for Du Pont in manufacturing bullets that would glance off the robots like pebbles off the side of a ship. Too many contradictions in this system. I suppose they will have to bear with the workers as long as the workers will bear with them.

• • •

The democratic platform mildly protests against the occupation of Nicaragua, and yet when the All-America Anti-Imperialist League demonstrated against this crime in Wall Street, the protestants were arrested and beaten by policemen under the direction of a democratic police commissioner. The southern democrats have no scruples against the lynching of Negroes, but they have little to gain by an imperialist venture in Latin America. Morgan has tho. And Al Smith is the white-haired boy in the vicinity of Broad Street.

• • •

Democrats, socialists, and republicans are concerned only with catching votes in this election campaign. The two big parties are amassing their millions for the great political fair next November. The poor decrepit socialist party is collecting shekels from lawyers, pawnbrokers, and the handful of labor fakers that still pay lip loyalty to socialism. It is appealing to the liberal "conscience" and the "sad young men" of the colleges to get behind the reverend Thomas. The class struggle is completely ignored. The vote's the only thing.

Tom O'Flaherty

OIL EXPLOSION HURTS 2

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 11.—A 7,000 gallon oil tank exploded and injured two workmen here. The tank was empty, accumulated gases and exploded while the workmen were working close by.

THE DAILY WORK
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FOR A LABOR
FOR A WORKERS'
GOVERNM

Vol. V. No. 165.

CASE OF FRA MILITANT FOR GRAND

Four Other Ar Workers Dismi

With the holding over of of Nathan Kaplan, youn arrested in connection with imperialist demonstration Street July 3, for a grand j in, the frame-up of this worker begins to loom n inously.

Kaplan appeared yesterd ing in the First District Court, Center and Frankli answer a charge of felon sault. He was accused by Keegan of having bitten h at the July 3 demonstration the fact that a witness for t cution repeatedly contradic self and three defense w Laurence Ross, D. Benja Nathan Adler, testified tha jury to Keegan's finger l sustained when he punche in the face and his fist c the defendant's teeth, M George Washington Simp fused to dismiss the case.

The New York Section o ternational Labor Defense, defending all the workers in connection with the de tion, was also compelled to an additional $1,500 bail t Kaplan's release.

Four other workers, Max man, D. Benjamin, George and I. Zimmerman, who w rested at the anti-imperialis stration, also came up for yesterday morning. Thou charges against them were t as against eight others who day were given jail terms

(Continued on Page T

WELCOME FR WORKERS TO

Union Square Meet To Protest Frame-up

The release of four of the workers who were jailed for participation in an anti-imperialist demonstration on July 3 will be celebrated with a huge welcome in Union Square at 4:30 this afternoon at which several thousand militant workers are expected to be present. The welcome will also take the form of a protest against the jailing of the workers and particularly against the frame-up of Nathan Kaplan, young furrier, who is now out on $1,500 bail on a charge of felonious assault, awaiting a grand jury hearing. Kaplan, it is pointed out, has been selected as the scapegoat, and unless the class-conscious workers of the city launch a drive for his immediate release, he will be railroaded to jail.

The chief speakers at the welcome and protest meeting this afternoon will be the four released workers, Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers Party candidate for U. S. Senator; Rebecca Grecht, Workers Party candidate for assembly and election campaign manager of District 2; Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the All - America Anti - Imperialist League, which arranged the July 3rd demonstration, and Robert Wolf, poet and novelist.

Kate Gitlow, secretary of the United Council of Workingclass Women, who was also arrested and later released, will also speak and demand that she be given the same treatment as her comrades.

VIENNA FORBIDS DEMONSTRATION

Fear Show of Power By Communists

VIENNA, July 12. — Fearing the pressive demonstrations of mili- labor now being planned in lebration of the July uprising of Vienna workers last year, police today forbade all public meetings, semblies and parades between July and August 12.

The order is specifically aimed at the Communist Party which has been in the forefront in exposing the treacheries of the social-democratic rulers of the city.

KILLS WIFE, COMMITS SUICIDE

OMAHA, Neb., July 12 (UP).— Belief that Clifford McWilliams killed his wife and then committed suicide was expressed by police today. The bodies of the two were found in their rooms in an apartment house here late today. Police learned that Mrs. McWilliams returned from Bristol, Col., this morn-

... director, to relief committees and sympathizers all over the country, for funds to furnish roofs to cover the heads of the striking miners' children.

Houses Dilapidated.

Thousands of families in McDonald, Atlasburg and Primrose will be affected. The company houses are smoky, broken-down shacks, bordering the hills in crooked rows. The walls are streaked with the remains of years' old paper, holes in the windows are stuffed with rags, there is hardly any plumbing and the roofs are leaky. But they are the only roofs the miners' families have to protect them from the frequent rain storms. Hunger, lack of clothing, privations and hardships innumerable they have lived through, these fifteen months. Nevertheless the threat of losing what little shelter they have, comes like a thunderbolt.

Great Solidarity Week.

"The greatest manifestation of solidarity that the workers of America have ever shown for their striking brothers will be seen everywhere during the week of July 22 to the 29th" Wagenknecht said in the appeal sent broadcast from the Pittsburgh office. "The International Labor Defense is cooperating with us to raise money to buy tents for the evicted miners, food for their children and defense for their arrested leaders."

"The miners are in the vanguard of the struggle against the open shop and slave standards of work and life for all labor," Martin Abern of the International Labor Defense added to the appeal. "They are on the firing line, and we must rush ammunition to them. Every dollar, every dime available must be rushed to the relief headquarters at 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh. Every worker must join the drive, to swell the national relief-defense week drive, July 22 to the 29, to mass proportions!

Join the Caravan.

"Join the caravan to Pittsburgh, Saturday, July 14, and see for yourself how the courageous strikers and their families are living!" the official communication concluded.

Arrangements for joining the automobile campaign can be made through local national miners relief committees or International Labor Defense branches, or directly through the national headquarters in Pittsburgh.

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879

NATIONAL EDITION

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Union Sq., New York, N. Y.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1928

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Price 3 Cents

TEXTILE BOSS TRADE ORGAN CONCEDES MILL STRIKE VICTORY

"Krassin" Rescues Two of Nobile Crew

WORKERS PARTY NEEDS $20,000 BEFORE AUGUST

$100,000 Required For Election Drive

The first response to the call of the National Election Campaign Committee for contributions to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund have been highly gratifying and have given the fund a fine start, according to a statement issued by the Committee last night.

Hereafter, until the full quota is reached, the job will require steady work by all elements in the Communist movement.

The National Office of the Workers Party is reporting an extreme shortage of funds. Work on the campaign has been steadily carried on for months. Numerous organizers and speakers have been maintained in the field thruout this period. Much of the preliminary work of organizing the campaign on a country-wide basis and of putting the party on the ballot has already been accomplished.

Neew Funds Now.

Quite a number of states are already on the ballot. Several more states are daily expected to report success in this field, while reports from all sections of the country indicate that everywhere the tempo of the election campaign is increasing.

Launch Tours.

If the success already gained are to be continued, twenty thousand ... fore August ... sums. The campaign depends wholly on the contributions of large numbers of individual workers, and the Campaign Committee is confident that the workers will respond generously.

All contributions should be addressed to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer, 43 East 125th St., New York.

To Speak at Concert

Benjamin Gitlow, acting secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party and vice-presidential candidate will speak at the huge Coney Island Stadium Saturday demonstration and concert at the evening.

Thousands to Hear Theremin Play Tomorrow

"Theremin."

This is the magic name that has on the lips of thousands of New workers during the past two Theremin is the wizard of w age who performs his s not by superstitious hocus- but thru the application of ic principles that he has been t to discover.

orrow evening 25,000 workers at last have the opportunity to and hear this distinguished scientist of the Soviet Union at the greatest proletarian musical event ever held in this country, the concert at Coney Island Stadium arranged by The DAILY WORKER.

Theremin's program has already been announced, a program that will display to the full all the possibilities of his wonderful invention which enables music of the greatest beauty to be drawn out of the air with movements of the hand. In another part of this paper a special interview with Theremin will be found which discusses in fuller detail the achievement of this great scientist.

Theremin alone would be a sufficient attraction to pack Coney Stadium. But in addition to him the committee in charge has secured Arnold Volpe and his famous orchestra of 50 picked musicians in a program of symphonic favorites and the Roxy Ballet in oriental and Russian dances under the direction of A. Nelle, former dance partner of Pavlova.

Tickets have been selling so fast that it is likely that the demand will surpass the supply. Workers who want to make sure of not missing this event of the centurry should therefore buy their tickets at once at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

CZECH POLICE TERROR GROWS

Workers Sports Clubs Disbanded

PRAGUE, Czechoslavakia, July 12.—Smirchov and Vysocan, the leaders of the relief organizations and Vrsovic of the Federation of Proletarian Physical Culture received an order from the Prague police that their organizations are from now on dissolved, and that all their possessions and documents are to be turned over to the police. The order was based on certain slogans which were used by these organizations in a demonstration. The wording of these slogans were censured by the police.

Similar organizations were disbanded by the police in Liben and Klado, and in the latter place the children were forbidden to participate in proletarian sport festivals. The police at Liben expropriated the treasury of the sport organization and all their papers.

Over 8,000,000 Women Workers In the U. S.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 12.—According to the figures of the Women's Bureau of the Department of Labor there are about 8,500,000 women wage-earners in the United States. Of these three-fourths are between the ages of 20 and 44.

Thirty-three and two-tenths per cent are engaged in domestic and personal work; 24.3 are employed in industry, 17.3 per cent in agriculture, 8.1 per cent in trade, 6.1 per cent in clerical work, and 1.4 per cent in transportation service.

BLIND NEGRO AIDS PARTY

H. Lackett Is Fearless Militant in Ohio

By LOUIS SISELMAN
(Special to DAILY WORKER)

AKRON, Ohio, July 12.—It is now fourteen years since Harold Lackett, a colored worker, was robbed of his sight. He was injured while working for the Central Gas and Pipe Company of Lisbon, Ohio. But Lackett understands the oppression of his class and is an active member of the Workers (Communist) Party. When Lackett was injured, he was robbed not only of his sight, but also of the compensation which the law grants for such accidents in Ohio State. He received, instead of a much larger sum which he should have gotten, only $3 a week.

But the $3 weekly, which he used to receive as city pension for the blind, was also taken from him in 1926, for the reason that he dared

(Continued on Page Two)

BREMEN WORKERS SCORE FASCISM

BREMEN, July 12.—At a large demonstration for amnesty of political prisoners a resolution was also passed against the Italian fascist terror, which was sent to the Italian embassies at Berlin and Duesseldorf.

The resolution turned sharply against the blood rule of the Special Court at Rome and closed as follows:

"Free the martyrs of the white terror from the Italian prisons! Free the condemned immediately! Down with the bloody terror of Italian and international fascism!"

Police Suspected of Drinking Seized Beer

SARANAC LAKE, July 12 (UP). —The whole town is wondering what happened to a load of beer seized by police on the night of June 21. When prohibition agents came to claim the load there were but four pint bottles left. The village trustees have questioned Chief of Police Jennings and two of the patrolmen about the mystery.

Swiss Workers Score Terrorism in Italy

GENEVA, July 12.—In a swell attended mass meeting the workers of Switzerland gave their opinion of the methods of Italian fascists. A resolution, unanimously adopted, pledged solidarity with the fascist terrorized workers of Italy and refuge for political emigrants.

MALMGREN DEAD; FIRST SEEN BY SOVIET AIRMAN

Five U. S. S. R. Fliers Now Missing

By EUGENE LYONS
(U. P. Staff Correspondent)

MOSCOW, July 12.—The giant Russian icebreaker Krassin today rescued Captain Adalberto Mariano and Captain Filippo Zappi, of the dirigible Italia.

The third man of the group of three which left the dirigible Italia ice camp forty-three days ago—Finn Malmgren, Swedish meteorologist—was dead. He died a month ago.

With Malmgren's body, over which they had kept vigil, the two Italian naval officers were taken aboard the Krassin, which resumed at once her fight through the ice to effect other rescues.

The rescue was made possile by flights Tuesday of the Russian aviator, Chukhnovsky, and four companions, who today were themselves stranded on the Arctic ice awaiting rescue by the Krassin.

Plane Damaged

They were forced to attempt a landing on the ice when they lost their bearings on a later flight. The plane was damaged, and today, with ample provisions and a radio, they waited for rescue by the big icebreaker.

Zappi and Mariano said that they had abandoned hope until Chukhnovsky's airplane roared through the air toward them through the fog, sighted them as they waved with excitement and circled over them five times, to indicate that it had seen them.

During the intervening hours they knew that rescue was near, they said.

Zappi and Mariano had been without food for thirteen days when they were found. Chukhnovsky and his companions, flying over the ice between the Krassin and the camp where four members of the Italia crew are awaiting resuce, spotted the three men who had been given up for lost. Two were standing on the ice waving their arms to attract the plane's attention. The third was lying on the ice. It was not known until today that this was Malmgren, dead.

Wrecked on Third Flight

Chukhnovsky flew back to the Krassin, reported his discovery and returned to attempt to land near the men. He was unable to find a safe landing place on the rough ice and returned to the Krassin.

He started out on a third flight, it was brought out today, this time to drop a message to the party that help was only a few miles away—a litle more than thirteen, to be exact, for the Krassin was reported earlier only that distance away, fighting her way, nosing aside one by one the ice floes in her path.

This time Chukhnovsky and his companions met disaster themselves.

They made a forced landing on the ice and smashed their plane. Taking their fourteen days' rations, the fliers made for the coast, found it and radioed their position to the Krassin.

MUSSOLINI URGES MORE SLAVERY

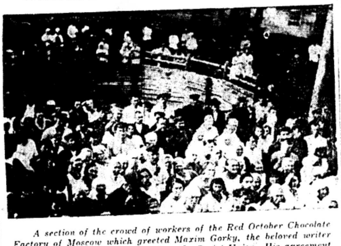
ROME, July 12. — At the first national conference of fascist industrialists Mussolini, in his keynote address, laid the basis of fascist "labor" policy by proclaiming that "Wage workers should accept wage reductions in time of crisis."

He patted the fascist bosses on the back for recognizing the fact that "high wages are impossible in Italy" for workers and urged them to continue their present policy. He promised them that any worker who goes on strike to better his conditions will be immediately arrested.

MUST BE KICKLESS.

WASHINGTON, July 12 (UP).—Sale of unfermented grape juice with instructions how to turn it into wine is a violation of the prohibition laws, Prohibition Commissioner Doran notified dr. administrators today.

Workers in Moscow Greet Maxim Gorky



A section of the crowd of workers of the Red October Chocolate Factory of Moscow which greeted Maxim Gorky, the beloved writer of the masses, who has returned to the Soviet Union. His agreement with the principles of the Workers' and Peasants' State, and his sincere feeling for the masses has awakened great enthusiasm among the workers and peasants of the U. S. S. R.

"FARMER-LABOR" MEET NOMINATES MILL BOSS

CHICAGO, July 12.—Will Vereen, of Moultrie, Ga., a cotton mill owner who operates a non-union shop, was today chosen to be the vice-presidential candidate of the "Farmer-Labor" party in session here. Vereen has never been a farmer or wage worker, one delegate charged, in opposing his nomination

Vereen's selection followed the naming of Sen. Norris of Nebraska to be the party's presidential choice Despite Norris' refusal to run, the "organization for a time at least must consider him its candidate." This was announced today by Bert Martin, of Denver, chairman of the executive committee of the party.

The convention, which consists for the most part of petty businessmen lawyers, accountants and a sprinkling of "gentlemen farmers," floundered between Norris and Norman Thomas for its presidential hope, and finally settled on the western senator. In the final ballot Norris received 16 votes and Thomas 14.

The plan of colition with the prohibition party has been dropped by mutual consent.

THREE KILLED IN MINE BLAST

Gas Explosion Brings Down Walls

MINERSVILLE, Pa., July 12 (FP).—A black ambulance scurried toward the mine, throwing dust into the eyes of patch people as they followed its progress. It waddled through mud and shimmied over humps, finally arriving at the top of the shaft of the Lytle colliery.

Pinched old women wearing sunbonnets rushed through their gardens to the colliery. Wives, mothers, barefooted kids, trotted to the top of the shaft to see. Everybody asked everybody else, "What happened? Who is it?"

Who Is It?

Minutes seemed hours, as they watched the cages of the shaft bringing loaded cars up, taking empty ones down. It didn't seem there was any hurry about bringing up the man—whoever he was Finally the shaft bell rang for an "empty cage." Everyone watched the vibrating rope as the cage came up. But when it landed, a surly-faced fireboss got off it, holding a lighted safety lamp. "Who is it?" they asked in unison.

"We don't know yet," replied the fireboss gloomily. "Three men closed in by a gas explosion down the second lift. Gotta dig 'em out We'll know tonight when the tickets are in."

Men and Disks.

He referred to the numbered metal discs miners use for checking themselves in and out of the mines. When they leave the mine they hang up the discs in the places assigned them, each miner having a number.

The explosion started a heavy fall of rock and it would probably take two days to get the men out. The women gradually disappeared; the kids stood for hours, waiting. But many hearts beat fast all that day trusting that those three unlucky devils were "someone else." The victims, finally dug out of the rockfall, were all from nearby patches.

ENGLISH IMPERIALIST DEAD

LONDON, July 11 (UP).—Sir George Alfred Wills, 74, president of the Imperial Tobacco Company of Great Britain and Ireland and a director of the Great Western Railway, died here today. He was a member of the Reform Club, the University and Literary Club and the Bristol Club.

FIGHT TO FREE BELGIUM LEADER

Red Aid Organizes Big Demonstration

ANTWERP, July 12.—To demand the release of the fiery working class leader, Jef van Extergem, who has already been in prison for five years, the International Red Aid staged a huge demonstration in which 6000 workers participated. Among them were the striking dock workers of Antwerp, who have awakened great sympathy in the city.

A resolution was passed demanding the freedom of all political prisoners.

32 Rescued From Sea After Yacht Capsizes

ROCKPORT, Mass., July 12 (UP).—Although handicapped by darkness and a choppy sea, coast guards succeeded early today in rescuing 32 persons, including 15 young women, after the Gloucester yacht Connie had crashed onto submerged rocks off Sandy Bay, about two miles from here.

The wrecked yacht quickly filled with water and became partially submerged on the ledge, but red flares brought a crew from the Straits South Coast Guard station in time to save all on board.

GERMAN SAILORS MUTINY

Workers Greet Them With Cheers

HAMBERG, July 12.—When the Tirpitz, a freighter of the Hamburg-American Line, left New York for Hamburg on June 27 the watch from his look-out on the mast called "All's well" at the ringing of the bells. In the course of the trip there was no one to yell "All's well" from the masthead, for the crew, under the leadership of the Communist Nucleus, has rebelled against their officers.

The workers of Hamburg heard of the mutiny. When the ship reached Hamburg the docks were covered with a mass of workers singing the International and the sailors heard the cheering of their fellow-workers. From dockhand to sailor, from factory worker to stoker, from working woman to stevedore came the greetings "Long Live the International Working Class!" "Long Live the Soviet Union!" "Long Live the Communist International!"

BATTY BANKRUPT ADMITS HE CAN'T CHECK MEMBERS

Couldn't Stop His Men Picketing with T.M.C.

The principal trade organ of the textile manufacturers, The Daily News Record, published in New York, in its leading textile article declared yesterday that there is "dissatisfaction among manufacturers and a disinclination to continue idle, leading to the opinion that the struggle will soon end favorable for the operatives."

This, alone, clearly shows that a split is expected in the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association.

The article says further: "Many mills are not in favor of continuing the struggle much longer . . . There is growing talk that dissatisfaction is spreading among the ranks of the manufacturers. With assurances that the operatives will not return to the mills this week while the gates are open, there is every indication that some manufacturers will protest against closing the mills for another indefinite period. The association will soon find itself in an embarrassing situation as a result of this difference of opinion."

The publication then continues: "There is a tendency among some members of the manufacturers' association to question the authority of a few of the older members of the body, and the smoldering fire may soon break into flame."

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(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 12. —Conclusive proof that the Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mills Committee is now the outstanding leader of the 28,000 textile workers in their thirteenth week of strike against a wage reduction, has come from no less a reliable source than the officials of the Textile Council of the United Textile Workers' Union.

An open admission that they are panic stricken at the growing power and prestige of the T. W. U. was made by William E. G. Batty, Council secretary, in a statement to the local press yesterday. The police had criticized him for permitting the Council membership to participate in an all-night picket demonstration together with the Mill Committee members at the Kilburn Mills.

No Heed, He Says.

Batty's response to this criticism was a public statement absolving himself and the other Council leaders from blame for the irresponsible behavior of his members. He reassured the police that he had done all that was possible to call off the pickets but to no avail. Some refused to leave the mill, he said, and others came back after he had led them away.

Completely confessing his bankruptcy despite the lavish aid being rendered him by the socialists, Batty declares: "As a result of my interview with Chief of Police McLeod, the chief says he is satisfied that I gave 100 per cent cooperation. He is satisfied I am not responsible for men who stayed on the picket line after I thought they had left. I could not have done any more.

Criticized.

"Already I am being roughly criticized by my own people for cooperating with Chief McLeod as much as I did. Lieutenant Manning told me the chief wished I could cooperate with the department as far as possible in clearing the crowd away from the mill. Despite murmurs from my own people that I was going too far, and despite the fact that they wanted to keep on picketing I worked up to the head of the line and led it off to the South End, calling on those behind me to follow me.

"I led the line away from the plant to a vacant lot and spoke to them till 11:30 p. m., when I left for home in the belief that the several hundred Textile Council pickets would also leave for home. This morning I learnt that they had returned to the mill and had picketed all night." Batty at the same time denied that the Textile Council members had joined the T. M. C. pickets in singing strike songs on the picket line.

l Smith's Campaign Manager Exposed as Biggest Scab Boss

ION BUSTER IS POWER TRUST, LANNING STEAL

Connected With Mellon and Republicans

WASHINGTON, (FP), July 12.—Al Smith has dealt a stinging blow in the face of the labor movement of the United States, by designating his personal friend John J. Raskob vice-president and chairman of the finance committee of the General Motors Corporation, as chairman of the democratic national committee.

Raskob is a duPont executive by training. He has been treasurer, vice-president and member of the finance committee of the E. I. duPont de Nemours Company, and through the duPont capture of General Motors from Durant some years ago he was placed in charge of the financing of the biggest non-union employing concern in the world. Recent estimates have placed the number of wage workers employed by General Motors and its subsidiaries at more than 500,000. Not 1 per cent of these—so far as is known—are organized.

Company Unions.

The only dent made thus far in the solid anti-union front maintained by General Motors under the Raskob regime has been the revolt of the company union in the Canadian plant at Oshawa, Ont., when some 2,500 workers joined the various trade unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. After a vigorous fight they compelled this Canadian branch to recognize the unions.

In the huge plants of General Motors in Michigan, especially, the industrial spy system is maintained at pitiless efficiency. Let a man become known in his section of the shop as a trade union sympathizer and he becomes conscious that his fellow-workers are afraid of being seen talking with him. Let him propose any step toward unionism and he loses his job. The slugging of trade union sentiment is as ruthless as in the mills of the United States Steel Corporation or in the shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad. While the heads of these latter corporations are supporting Hoover and the republican ticket, Raskob has shown other anti-union bosses that the democrats are equally anxious to line up with them as a pledge of industrial policy for the coming four years.

Labor Fakers Pretend.

American Federation of Labor executives who support Smith were momentarily staggered by the news of the Raskob appointment, but quickly recovered with the suggestion that other high officials of General Motors were for Hoover. Leaders of the metal trades unions who did not want to be quoted in connection with the political campaign—on the ground that religious and other feeling might be aroused, to the injury of their unions, pointed out that both the republican and democratic national committees have now declared their debts paid, thanks to the kindness of big business corporations.

Who Are Al's Pals?

Another phase of the Raskob appointment is seen in the power trust influence over Raskob's career. The duPonts are heavily interested in waterpower, especially through their connection with the American Pioneer Power Co., which proposes development of power along the St Lawrence when the deep waterway to the Great Lakes is constructed. The Mellon and General Electric interests are in this venture with the duPonts. Raskob, in other words, is one of the power trust group. His influence on democratic party policy, in the next congress, as to operation of giant power stations, can easily be forecast. And the whole power trust group is anti-union in labor policy, just as the duPonts and General Motors are anti-union.

Whitewashing Fuller in Six Big Volumes

NEW YORK, July 12. — A record of the trial and execution of Sacco and Vanzetti has been printed in six volumes. Although the kind individuals who financed the publication are not known the whitewashing nature of the volumes can be estimated from the committee in charge of the publication. They are Newton Baker, former secretary of War, John Davis, former candidate for president of the democrats and Elihu Root former secretary of State.

ANTI-JINGO POSTERS WORRY DETROIT COPS

DETROIT, July 12.—The department of justice and the local police force of Detroit are usy trying to find a way to satisfy their rage, following the appearance of gummed posters exposing the citizens' military training camp, which were pasted on public buildings, recruiting signs, etc., the night of July 4.

Philip Bart, of the Young Workers (Communist) League, was arrested here a few days ago at an open-air meeting. While he'd in prison, he was [illegible] unmercifully [illegible] and later questioned by an agent of the department of "justice" regarding the stickers. They tried to intimidate him, saying that they had a copy of a letter of instructions from the league regarding the stickers; but when challenged to produce the letter were unable to do so.

Two party members, arrested at the same time, also were questioned regarding the stickers and instructions for their use, but none of them were able to give the department of "justice" any information about the [illegible]

TROY COLLAR WORKERS WIN STRIKE AGAINST FIFTY PER CEN

TROY, N. Y., July 12.—The nine hundred employes of Cluett, Peabody and Company, Inc., shirt and collar manufacturers, who went on strike Monday against the installation of a new "system" of wage paying, which actually meant a 35 to 50 per cent reduction in the wages of the workers employed at the plant, were back on their jobs today with their demands completely won.

Solid United Front.

The cause of the capitulation on the part of the company was the solid united front of the workers in the other plants owned and operated by the Cluett, Peabody Company, who threatened, as soon as the strike was declared by the 900 workers, to go out on a general sympathy strike, 5,000 strong, unless the demands of the strikers were immediately granted.

The general sympathy strike threat was made more acute when the company officials declared that unless the striking workers went back to work immediately, it would close another of its plants in "retaliation against" the 900 out on strike. This added to the militancy and solidarity of the workers of the entire company, who said that if the action was taken, they would quit work, thus tying up the entire works.

Victory Won at Parley.

With the threat of a complete tie-up hanging over them, the company officials decided to hold meeting with a committee of workers representing the strike At the meeting, the officials tri to cajole the workers into acceptin the new system but the committ never lost sight of its demand maintaining throughout the mee ing that unless the old wage syst were reinstalled, they would st

Waifs in the Djerjinsky Orphanage

The picture shows a group of orphans, who are being taken care of and trained in the Djerjinsky Orphanage near Moscow. The homeless children of the Revolution have been picked up from the streets and put into such institutions throughout the whole U. S. S. R. Here they are trained to be useful members of a proletarian state. When they leave the institute they know a trade and have already received an education equivalent to a high school training.

KAPLAN CASE GRAND JURY

Framed Militant Is Out On Bail

(Continued from Page One)

same court by Magistrate Maurice Gottlieb, Magistrate Simpson dismissed their cases.

"Free Speech"

In a hypocritical speech Magistrate Simpson declared that the defendants had merely exercised their right of "free speech" and had not broken the peace. The fact that only one witness, the policeman who claimed to have made the arrests, appeared against them, the others (also policemen) being away on their vacations, as well as the unsavory publicity the entire case has received, is believed to have been responsible for the magistrate's hypocritical dismissal.

Jacques Buitenkant, representing the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, defended all the accused. The I. L. D. has issued an appeal, through its secretary, Rose Baron, for funds with which to fight the threatened frame-up of Kaplan. The appeal also urges support of the I. L. D. outing Saturday, July 21, which will help furnish funds for the defense.

DISCOVER FAKED SUITS IN COURT

Corporations Still Halt Genuine Claims

An elaborate system of inventing accident cases, in which girls posed as plaintiffs and men fell over manhole covers and other obstructions in the street before feigning injury to collect damages on faked doctor's certificates, was uncovered yesterday at the ambulance chasing inquiry. Daniel Lamlicht, who is now serving a three-year sentence in Great Meadow prison in connection with the system, took the stand and named thirteen doctors and several lawyers alleged to have participated in fraudulent claims.

Business Overseers' Inquiry

These new revelations followed closely on the arrest of the lawyers who had participated in false suits and who had swindled workers, injured through the negligence of corporations, of over half of the damages they collected.

Reports from workers involved in these accidents state that the inquiry is being continued merely as a move on the part of the corporations in order to do away with legitimate suits of workers actually injured in accidents.

STORMS CAUSE DAMAGE.

McCOOK, Neb., July 12 (UP).—Damage done crops in southwestern Nebraska by wind, hail and rain this week has been estimated at $1,000,000. Harlen and Phels Counties and part of Furnas County were the hardest hit. A small tornado did some damage near Oxford Neb.

AID FOR MINERS URGED BY I. L. D.

"Fighting the Great Battle of Labor"

An urgent appeal for support to the joint miners' defense and relief drive to be conducted by the International Labor Defense and the national relief committee was yesterday issued from the national office of the I. L. D., at 80 East 11th St., by ass't ant secretary Martin Abern

Plans are now being perfected for the drive which is to last from Sunday, July 22nd to Sunday, July 29th inclusive.

The I. L. D. statement points out the pressing necessity for adequate means to carry on the defense of the literally hundreds of miners who have been arrested, indicted or imprisoned in the present miners' struggle. Among the most important cases are cited those of Anthony Minerich, chairman of the national miners relief committee, whose appeal is now before a higher court; John Brophy and Pat H. Toohey, the framing up of Frank Brbot, a striking miner of Triadelphia, West Virginia, the cases of the fifty-one women in St. Clairsville, Ohio, and hundreds of others who are falling victim to the violent class "justice" of the coal operators' police and judges and courts in the Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia and Illinois mining districts.

"The miners are fighting the battle for all of labor," said Abern. "They are in the vanguard of the struggle against the open shop and slave standards of work and life. These imprisoned and indicted fighters need the support of all. The International Labor Defense has been called upon repeatedly for aid, and it has not been found wanting in a single instance. Just because the resources of our enemy are so great, must our work of solidarity be generous and swift. Every worker must respond to the appeal of the men and women behind the bars."

Friends and sympathizers are requested to send funds for the joint drive during that week to the national miners' relief committee, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. In the present drive this office has been established to centralize and make more efficient the collection of funds to be used for both the purpose of defense and relief.

DAILY WORKER FOR SERVICEMEN

Y. W. C. L. Distributes Paper to Soldiers

Members of the Young Workers (Communist) Leage yesterday evening successfully conducted a distribution of The DAILY WORKER, containing a letter from a marine in and sailors received copies

The distribution was carried out at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, where the Daily Worker was given to marines and sailors by two girl League members, and at the Battery Park ferry, where many soldiers, mariner are not as bad as those in Nicaragua

Members of the Marine Corps said they approved the work being done by the League for improvement of the conditions in the service, and the withdrawal of the forces of intervention from Nicaragua. One stated that even in posts in this country, where conditions are not as bad as those in Nicaragua exposed by the Daily Worker a very large percentage of the recruits desert when they discover what they have been lured into by recruiting officers.

The servicemen expressed their gratitude for the papers distributed to them by members of the League

MINE DELEGATES WELL RECEIVED IN ANTHRACITE

Soft Coal Diggers Report on Strike

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 12.—The delegations from the striking miners of Districts Two and Five now visiting the anthracite, are getting splendid response from the rank and file miners in the tri-district territory, despite the sabotage and terrorism of the Lewis machine, according to information reaching the National Miners' Convention Arrangements Committee from Hazleton, Pa., in District 7.

Machine Tactics.

The delegation has everywhere encountered an attempt on the part of the reactionary officialdom to block them from speaking before the local unions, although they had credentials from many locals in the strike area. A "warning" that they must not be accorded the privilege of the floor was carried prominently in the "Anthracite Miner," the tri-district organ of the reactionary machine. Letters to the same effect were sent to all local unions And on top of this the delegations were constantly trailed by henchmen of the machine and some district official would follow them into the meetings of the local unions personally to terrorize the membership.

Only in a few cases was the terrorism successful. In most cases after listening to warnings and threats from one or two of the district officials the miners would give the delegation the floor and then vote a donation for relief from its treasury.

Locals Contribute.

Thus, the Eckley local, No. 1507 gave $125. The McAdoo local, No 5516, $100. Another small local in McAdoo, No. 2168, gave $25. The Lattimer local, No. 250, in addition to donating $215 from its treasury made a collection on the floor for the fare and living expenses of the delegation, and wound up with inviting the delegates, Charles Killinger and Mike Vasilaney, of District Two, to visit the local again in the near future.

It should be borne in mind that the anthracite miners have been paying a monthly assessment of $2 presumably for strike relief. After learning that the rank and file strikers have been getting only $1 a week, with the addition of 25 cents for the wife and 20 cents for a child—and even this not regularly—and that many locals and thousands of progressive miners, in reprisal for taking a stand against their betrayers, have been altogether cut off the relief lists, the anthracite miners are now asking how much of the assessment is really going for the salaries and "expenses" of the Lewis officials and their campaign to bolster up their autocratic rule.

For a New Fighting Union.

The effect of this, and of the terrorism of the Mattey-Kennedy-Lewis machine in District 7, is to increase the determination of the membership to smash the machine and to elect the progressive slate The rank and file is lining up with the miners in the rest of the country for a successful national convention at Pittsburgh on September 9-16 and for a new, progressive and fighting union.

Blind Negro Worker Works with "Daily"

(Continued from Page One)

to speak against the injustice done to his class by the steel magnates and the government.

Jailed for Speech.

It was in 1926 that Lackett spoke to a group of workers, in Midland, Pa., in which he attacked the capitalist system. Immediately he was thrown into jail, and deprived of his pension. The blind Negro worker at that time realized that a strong organized labor force is required to take up the cause of the workers. And under the influence of Roy Mahoney, he joined the Workers (Communist) Party.

Now "Daily Agent"

Lackett is now a fighter for his cause and an active member of the Workers (Communist) Party. In spite of his blindness, he recently collected over thirty signatures to put the Communist candidates on the state ballot. And, most of all, he has now become the Daily Worker agent at East Liverpool, Ohio.

Often Lackett comes out to speak to and for the colored workers, and tells them about our "democracy." Since his release from jail, he has become a fearless revolutionary fighter.

Women of the Workers' and Peasants' Repul

Millions of the women working the factories of the Soviet Un
recreation and body-building in the numerous sport clubs and p
U. S. S. R. Photo shows group ready to participate in a "Spartk

ILLINOIS WOMEN TOIL LONG DAYS

Wages Are Between $10 and $19

By LELAND OLDS.
(Federated Press.)

Less than two-thirds of t
en wage earners in Illinois
tected by any law which lim
hours of work, according t
vey by the state departmen
bor. Out of the 540,938 ga
employed women and girls in
state 197,499 are not covered eith
by the 10-hour law or by the child labor law. Most of them are at the mercy of their employers.

The greatest number of women and girls outside the protection of the laws in regard to hours of work are those in domestic and personal service. The department estimates the number without protection in this group at 95,337 or 76 per cent of the total number in these occupations. It also finds 64,024 or 97.5 per cent of those engaged in professional service and 17,947 or 14.6 per cent of those engaged in manufacture unprotected by the laws limiting hours of work.

"No More Than 10 Hours."

The present law, which has been in force since 1911, provides "that no female shall be employed in any mechanical or mercantile establishment, or factory, or laundry, or hotel, or restaurant, or telegraph or telephone establishment, or in any place of amusement, or by any person, firm or corporation engaged in any express or transportation or public utility business, or by any common carrier, or in any public institution, incorporated or unincorporated in this state, more than 10 hours during any one day."

Wage Slavery.

A study of wage rates given on accident reports involving 1934 accidents to women and girls in 1926 shows that those 16 years of age average between $10 and $14 a week while women from 17 to 64 years of age average $15 to $19 a week. In other words the average wage of these women throughout their lives corresponds to the wage paid boys of 17 years. The average wage for men does not become stationary until they reach 25 years after which their range is from $30 to $34.

Kansas City Youth To Meet For Mine Relief

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 12.—The Kansas City Young People's Committee for Miners' Relief has decided to reconvene the conference and to invite many new organizations to affiliate with the committee. The conference will be held at the Musicians' Union Hall, 1017 Washington St., July 15, at 3 p. m.

Britain Attempts Strengthen Empire Air Route to Ind

LONDON, July 12 (UP).—We
air service between England an
cia will be
air

SYDNEY,

The Australian government has forbidden the following publications: "The Red Helper," "Red Aid Correspondence," "Five Years of the Red Aid" and other International Red Aid publications.

The Australian Workers' Aid Committee has broadcasted an energetic protest against this command and has appealed to the Australian workers to support them.

being discussed

squelching of this militant working class organization is urged in the memorial favoring the adoption of the said laws.

It is probable that brutal methods will be used to halt the development of Communism here since the memorial signers wish the most effective means to be adopted by the government.

1852 THE SAME ADDRESS OVER 75 YEARS 1928
METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK
ASSETS EXCEEDING $29,000,000
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rther steps in the campaign
Mooney and Billings" ini-
y the International Labor
a letter has been sent out
ew hundred noted people
out the country requesting
y issue statements on the
Billings frame-up for press
on in the latter part of
ich marks the twelfth anni-
of the frame-up.
Mooney and Warren Bill-
e innocent victims of a
who have been confined
fornia penitentiaries for
ears now," reads the letter
hrough assistant secretary
Abern, "is again becoming
issue and we believe that
ll want to take part in the
f a great movement of pro-
inst their confinement.
o Print Statements.
national Labor Defense is
arrangements with a large
of labor and sympathetic
for the printing of a series
ments by prominent individ-
behalf of these two victims
open shop interests of the
f California. The publica-
such statements will help
ly in the publicity cam-
o again bring the case of
and Billings to the atten-
the workers and sympathetic
of America and the world."

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American Legionnaires Aid Mill Barons in Attack on Kenosha Pickets

[illegible]TS

[illegible] Heywood, American play- [illegible] to the water at a [illegible] Hotel em- [illegible] Heywood got [illegible] after taking re- [illegible] It is now said the re- [illegible] liquid.

[illegible] song was written [illegible] for the musical [illegible]

[illegible] Cheerio!
[illegible] us smile,
[illegible] a trial.
[illegible] Cheerio!
[illegible] smiling's worth while.
[illegible] your cares 'way up on a
[illegible] world how happy you are.
[illegible] Cheerio!
[illegible] your troubles and smile.

[illegible] of this song is suf- [illegible] convince anyone that the [illegible] better stick to grafting.

• • •

[illegible] Yosuke Matsuoka [illegible]-Owned South Man- [illegible]: "Our policy, frank- [illegible] at any price. Japan will [illegible] door to any Chinese army [illegible] to carry on civil war [illegible] of the Great Wall. . . ." Japan [illegible] to have peace if it's neces- [illegible] kill every Chinese to get it.

• • •

Not Politician

[illegible] drowsy-looking, household [illegible] pretends to be [illegible] is supposed to be in [illegible] of being fought by a lady [illegible] near Seville to entertain [illegible] highly cultivated minds of [illegible] Victoria of Spain and her [illegible]. If this toreador throws [illegible] bull in masterly style she will [illegible] brought to the United States [illegible] compete with Al Smith, Sena- [illegible] Heflin and Trader Horn for [illegible] World's Championship.

• • •

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE SCORES THE JINGOISTS

Fail, Trying To Break Communist Meeting

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KENOSHA, Wis., July 12.—Recently the Loyal Order of Moose, in collaboration with the other "loyal" elements of the capitalist system of this city, staged a large parade through the main section of the city as a climax to their state convention. Militia, mounted on horses, participated, as well as American Legion squads, carrying guns on their shoulders as they marched with their faces flushed by other causes beside the balmy air of the city.

As they marched by, the Young Workers (Communist) League, Kenosha section, held an open-air meeting in the center of the downtown section. A crowd, estimated at over 800 people, listened to the league speaker, Herman, as he pointed out the role of the patriotic organizations, such as the American Legion, the Moose, Elks and the rest. The conditions of the workers in America, and the role of the government as a strikebreaker at home and abroad, were exposed in detail.

"All the noise of the patriotic bands of the Moose and the American Legion, all the noise of the cluttering heels of the mounted militia's horses, all the hurrahs of the paraders as they march by," the league speaker said, "can not drown out the misery of the millions of child workers in this, the most prosperous nation in the world, or the wretchedness of the 5,000,000 unemployed workers who tramp the streets daily in search of work.

The meeting lasted for one hour and a half, and the huge crowd that blocked the street and sidewalk responded enthusiastically every few minutes. Many striking workers of the Allan Company were present, as well as workers from the local factory of the Nash Motor Company. Nearly 200 copies of The DAILY WORKER were sold, and the necessity of subscribing to the only militant daily paper in the English language was stressed constantly throughout the meeting.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Kenosha has been holding regular weekly meetings, Saturdays, in the downtown section, as well as frequent meetings outside the American Brass, Nash Motor Company plants, Simmons Company and the unorganized mills of the Allan A. Company. The Workers everywhere are familiar with the Young Worers (Communist) League, The DAILY WORKER and the Workers (Communist) Party.

To Perform at Coney Island Stadium Concert

A. Nelle and his partner—

NEW UFA FILM AT THE CAMEO DIRECTED BY PABST

The new UFA film, "The Loves of Jeanne Ney," which is showing at the Cameo Theatre this week was directed by G. W. Pabst. The director is best remembered for his remarkable film, "Secrets of a Soul" based on Freud's theories on psychoanalysis. Some of his other films were "Streets of Sorrow" with Greta Garbo and "The Treasure" with Werner Karus.

In "The Loves of Jeanne Ney," Pabst has evolved some new ideas in camera work as well as lighting and the acting of Brigitte Helm who was last seen in "Metropolis," Fritz Rasp, Edith Jehanne, Uno Henning, Vladimir Sokoloff, recently of the Reinhardt troupe, make this film of outstanding interest and indicate that the UFA productions are beginning to return to their former high level of excellence.

ITALIAN BIRTHS DROP GREATLY

MILAN, July 12 (UP).—Italy's population of 50,000,000 will be reduced to 30,000,000 or less within 50 years unless birth control is halted in central and northern portions of the country, the Popolo D'Italia asserted today.

During the last 20 years, the newspaper said, the birth rate for the country has decreased from 35 per 1,000 of population to 27 per 1,000. In all towns, large and small, from Rome northward, it was said, the birth rate is on the decline.

Manslaughter Charged Flier For Two Deaths

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 12 (UP) — A charge of manslaughter was filed against Lieut. Archer H. Saki, aviator, today in connection with the plane crash at Spring Lake Heights Sunday in which Mary Jobling, English actress, and C. P. McCormack, Cleveland, O., engineer, were killed.

COLLEGES HELP MILL BARONS IN NORTH CAROLINA

Boast of 'Cheap White' Labor

CHAPEL HILL, N. C. (FP). — Onto the bandwagon of boosters of southern cheap white labor the University of North Carolina has climbed.

"Our labor supply is home raised, adequate and dependable, and is not of the kind that falls prey to the radical organizer," reads a recent university extension bulletin on Alamance county. Chamber of commerce stuff—paid for by the university, Alamance county funds and the Burlington chamber of commerce. Burlington is the county's largest industrial town—population 6,000.

Protest Standards.

"Wages are as good here, as in northern states, and a more comfortable living is always afforded," is the amazing statement of the student-author, John W. Harden, O. K.'d by professors of rural social-economics. Burlington hosiery workers who joined the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers and struck last fall tell a different story. Some are now working in Philadelphia union shops for over twice what they made in Alamance county. Cost of living is hardly higher for the same things, but the northern standard is considerably above the southern in comforts.

Alamance textile workers have at various times protested against their low standards by strikes. As long ago as the early nineteen hundreds there was a protracted strike for union and better living. The county has about 30 small cotton mills scattered through its rural districts. Most are old as southern mills go, and some, like the Saxapahaw and Haw River, have dilapidated old mill villages. The 30 or more hosiery and knitting mills are mostly newer than the cotton mills and have no villages attached. Several furniture factories, including a big coffin plant, and a dozen or so miscellaneous small factories, complete the county list of industries.

Poorly Paid.

Even county employes are poorly paid in Alamance. True, white rural high school teachers average $144.82 a month. But white rural elementary teachers average only $85.10 and rural colored teachers (high and elementary) average $62.13. The county jailer and his wife get living quarters at the lockup but only $40 a month salary between them. The wife cooks for the prisoners, getting 60c per prisoner to feed him two meals a day, and what she saves off the prisoners' food goes to increase her joint wage. The jailer gets 30c turnkey fee for each prisoner put in or discharged.

—DRAMA—

"Alice in Wonderland" in Hammerstein Season Plays

Lewis Carroll's classic fantasy, "Alice in Wonderland," is the latest new addition upon the production schedule of Arthur Hammerstein this coming season, according to news sent out by the producer yesterday.

Besides the two musical shows peviously announced, "Good Boy and "Polly," "Golden Dawn," "Rose Marie," and an Americanization of the Hamburg success, "The Optimists," are also listed for early production. Two motion pictures, "The End of St. Petersburg" and "Ten Days That Shook The World," both Russian Soviet pictures, the first named current at Hammerstein's Theatre, and the latter scheduled for an imminent New York showing, will be released in the fall to the entire country.

"Alice in Wonderland" will be presented in Hammerstein's Theatre Christmas week, when the Lewis Carroll classic will be prepared for the stage by Henry Myers with a score by Herbert Stothart. This project has long been a pet proposal of the producer. It will be played by juvenile actors only, and its production is possible at Hammerstein's Theatre, because of certain scenic and mechanical equipment to be given the theatre by virtue of the impending presentation there of "Good Boy."

"Golden Dawn," with Robert Chisholm heading the cast, will open its key cities tour in Boston on Labor Day. "Rose Marie," with the same cast which has been touring for the past four years, will tour Canada.

JOAN MADISON.

In "Skidding," the comedy now current at the Bijou Theatre.

EPIDEMIC CHECKED

LEE, Mass., July 11 (UP).—With no new deaths and only four new cases reported, state and local officials today believed the septic sore throat epidemic which has claimed 16 lives here in the last two weeks, has een definitely checked.

TREASURY REPORTS BALANCE

WASHINGTON, July 12 (UP).—The treasury net balance for July 10 was $197,380,824.35. Customs receipts this month to July 10 were $11,536,959.48.

FASCISTS FACING ECONOMIC CRISIS AS WAGES DROP

Volpi Loses Job as Conditions Worsen

GENEVA, July 12. — In an attempt to hide the present financial and industrial crisis in Italy, Mussolini has accepted the "resignation" of Count Volpi, who has been minister of finance for the last three years. Trying to conceal the actual state of affairs Mussolini has announced that Volpi may be sent as ambassador to either Washington or London, probably the former.

Although the fascists have done their utmost to prevent the facts from leaking out, figures are available, from reliable sources, that show the almost complete collapse of Italy's finance.

In a recent speech before the national convention of industrialists in Rome Mussolini urged them to do all at their power to keep wages as low as possible, and promised them that any worker who objected would immediately be thrust into jail.

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Film Arts Guild Presents American Premiere
Thrilling Drama of Russia and REAL Paris
"LOVES Of Jeanne Ney"
A UFA Production
Featuring Brigette Helm of "Metropolis"
Directed by G. W. Pabst, director of "SECRETS OF THE SOUL"
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NEW DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

IV. The Period of Transition from Capitalism to Socialism and the Dictatorship of the Proletariat.

DOCUMENT SHOWS MEANING OF BOURGEOIS DEMOCRACY AND PREDICTS COMING WORKER RULE

Conquest of Power by Proletariat First Prerequisite of Socialism

Soviet Democracy of the Toiling Masses To Replace Democracy of Exploiters

The Programme Commission of the Executive Committee of the Communist International is publishing a DRAFT PROGRAM.

The Commission thinks it its duty to declare that while the text of this draft is of course based on the same fundamental principles as those upon which the draft programme provisionally passed by the Fifth Congress of the Communist International was based, nevertheless, it differs very considerably from that draft. The Program Commission felt that in view of the great changes that have taken place in many important spheres of international life and particularly in the revolutionary movement since the Fifth Congress, it could not confine itself to making merely editorial changes in the original draft. A change has taken place in the form of the general crisis of capitalism; a change has taken place in the relationships between various groups of powers. Great events have taken place, like the great revolution in China, which once again emphasized the significance of the agrarian-peasant question. Great progress has been made in building up socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The struggle between the aggressive capitalist world and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is becoming acute. Fascism is growing and becoming transformed into the terrorist dictatorship of big capital. Social democracy has degenerated into Chauvinist imperialism. The lessons that have been learned by the Communist International in the fight against opposition tendencies and finally the growth of Communism, the fact that the movement has really become internationalized, the new tasks that confront the Communist International as a single organization—all this has inevitably made it necessary considerably to alter and enlarge the former draft.

The general tendency of the changes that have been made is towards more concreteness and greater emphasis upon THE INTERNATIONAL aspects both in the theoretical section as well as in the sections dealing immediately with the struggles of the Communist Parties.

Acting on the decision of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, the Programme Commission, in publishing this draft program, calls upon all comrades to express their opinion and criticism of it in articles, remarks and concrete suggestions. The work done on the program has revealed how difficult it is to embrace in a single document all the problems of the present-day world Communist movement. The question of the program will be one of the central questions at the Sixth Congress. It is essential that sufficient material be collected by the time the discussion of the question takes place at the Congress. The Commission therefore invites all comrades to join in the fruitful discussion of the program.

THE PROGRAMME COMMISSION OF THE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

Capitalist society is separated from socialist society by a period of revolutionary transformation, in which the one changes into the other. To this corresponds a political transitional period in which the State can be nothing else than the revolutionary dictatorship of the proletariat. The transition from the world dictatorship of imperialism to the world dictatorship of the proletariat extends over a long period of proletarian struggles, defeats and victories. This is a period of continuous general crisis in capitalist relationships and maturing social revolution; a period of national wars and colonial rebellions, which, although not in themselves revolutionary socialist proletarian movements, objectively become a component part of the world proletarian revolution in so far as they undermine the domination of imperialism. It is a period in which capitalist and socialist economic and social systems exist side by side in "peaceful" relationship and armed conflict. In this period federations of socialist Soviet states are formed which wage war against imperialist States, establish closer and closer ties with colonial peoples, etc.

Bourgeois revolutions signified merely the political liberation of a system of productive relationships that had already established itself and became economically dominant in the transference of power from the hands of one class of exploiters to the hands of another. The proletarian revolution however, signifies the forcible invasion of the proletariat into the domain of bourgeois property relationships, the expropriation of the expropriating classes and the transference of power to a class whose aim is the radical reconstruction of the economic foundations of society and the abolition of all exploitation of man by man. Bourgeois revolutions took centuries to put an end to the political domination of the feudal barons all over the world and broke that domination in a series of separate revolutions. The international proletarian revolution will not be a single and simultaneous act, but will extend over a whole epoch; nevertheless, owing to the closer ties that now exist between countries, it can fulfil its mission in a much shorter period. A prolonged epoch of intense work of building up world socialist economy will set in only after the world socialist revolution has been completed and after the proletariat has consolidated its world power.

The conquest of power by the proletariat is a pre-requisite for the growth of socialist forms of economy and for the cultural growth of the proletariat, which changing its own nature, is ripening into the [illegible] of society in all spheres of [illegible] is drawing into this process [illegible] of transformation all other [illegible] and in this way laying the [illegible] for the abolition of classes.

In the struggle for the dictatorship of the proletariat and for the subsequent transformation of the social system, an alliance of workers and peasants is formed against the alliance of the landlords and the capitalists, under the intellectual and political hegemony of the proletariat, and this alliance serves as the basis of the dictatorship of the proletariat.

The characteristic features of the transitional period are: the ruthless suppression of the resistance of the exploiters; the organization of socialist construction; the mass training of men and women in the spirit of socialism and the overcoming of classes.

The transitional period begins to change into Communist society only after these great historical tasks have been fulfilled.

Thus, a necessary condition precedent for the transition of world capitalist economy to socialist economy is the dictatorship of the world proletariat. This dictatorship can be brought about only after socialism has achieved victory in certain countries, when the newly established proletarian republics have entered into federation with already existing proletarian republics, when this federation has grown and attracted to itself the colonies which have emancipated themselves from the yoke of imperialism and finally when this federation of republics has become the World Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, which will unite the whole of mankind under the hegemony of the international, State organized proletariat.

The conquest of power by the proletariat is not the peaceful "conquest" of the existing bourgeois State machine by means of a parliamentary majority. The conquest of power by the proletariat is the violent overthrow of bourgeois power, the destruction of the capitalist State apparatus (bourgeois armies, police, bureaucratic hierarchy, courts, parliaments, etc.) and its replacement by a new organ of proletarian power, primarily as a weapon for the suppression of exploiters.

As was shown by the Russian and Hungarian revolutions — which immeasurably enlarged the experience of the Paris Commune of 1871 — the most expedient form of proletarian state power, as a rule, is the Soviet State.

This is precisely the type of State, which emerging directly from the very broadest mass movement, brings out the maximum of mass activity and consequently serves as the surest guarantee of final victory. The Soviet form of State represents the highest form of democracy, namely, proletarian democracy, as distinct from bourgeois democracy, which represents bourgeois dictatorship in a masked form. Unlike bourgeois democracy, proletarian democracy openly admits its class character and aims avowedly at the suppression of the exploiters in the interests of the overwhelming majority of the population. It deprives its class enemies of political rights and grants to the proletariat a number of temporary privileges over the diffused, petty bourgeois peasantry in order that its role of leadership may be consolidated. At the same time the Soviets represent an all-embracing form of unity and organization of the masses under the leadership of the proletariat, and consequently they in fact draw the masses of the proletariat and peasantry into the struggle and into the work of building up socialism, and into the practical work of administering the State. In all their work they rely on the mass organizations of the working class, put into practice the principles of broad democracy among the toilers and are immeasurably closer in touch with the masses than any other form of government. The right of electing and recalling delegates, the combination of the executive with the legislature, the electoral system based on production and not on place of residence (election by the workshops, factories, etc.) — all this marks the sharp difference that exists between the bourgeois parliamentary republic and the Soviet dictatorship of the proletariat.

Bourgeois democracy, while formally recognizing the equality of all citizens before the law, is really based on crying, class, material and economic inequality. By leaving inviolable and even strengthening the capitalist class monopoly of the means of production and other vital forms of material wealth, bourgeois democracy converts this formal equality before the law, and these democratic rights and liberties into a juridical fiction as far as the exploited classes and particularly the proletariat is concerned, and consequently, it utilizes them as a means of deceiving and subjugating the masses. Hence, it is capitalist democracy. On the other hand, the Soviet State, by depriving the exploiting classes of the means of production and securing for the working class houses, public buildings, printing plants, means of travelling, etc., first and foremost guarantees to the working class and to the toilers generally the material conditions for the exercise of their rights.

In the domain of formal rights, the Soviet State, by depriving the exploiters and the enemies of the people of political rights, for the first time utterly abolishes inequality among citizens, which, under the exploiting systems was based on differences of sex, religion and nationality; in this sphere it establishes an equality that exists in no other country in the world. At the same time, the dictatorship of the proletariat steadily lays down the material basis for the actual realization of this equality by such measures as the emancipation of women, facilitating the industrialization of former colonies, etc.

Soviet democracy, therefore, is proletarian democracy, democracy of the toiling masses, democracy directed against the exploiters.

The Soviet State presupposes the complete disarming of the bourgeoisie and the concentration of arms in the hands of the proletariat: it is the State of the armed proletariat. The organization of the armed forces is carried out on the basis of the class principle, which corresponds to the whole system of the proletarian dictatorship and guarantees the role of leadership to the industrial proletariat. This organization rests on revolutionary discipline but at the same time provides for the maintenance of close and constant contact between the warriors in the Red Army and Navy and the masses of the toilers, and for their participation in the administration of the country and in the work of building up socialism.

The victorious proletariat utilizes the conquest of power as a lever of economic revolution, i.e., the revolutionary transformation of the property relationships of capitalism into relationships of the socialist method of production. The starting point of this great economic revolution is the expropriation of the landlords and capitalists, i.e., the conversion of the monopolized property of the bourgeoisie into the property of a proletarian State.

In this sphere the Communist International advances the following as the fundamental tasks of the proletarian dictatorship:

1) Industry, Transport and Communication Services.

(a) The confiscation and proletarian nationalization of all large industrial enterprises (factories, works, mines, electrical power stations) in the hands of private capital and the transference of all State and municipal enterprises to the Soviets.

(b) The confiscation and proletarian nationalization of private capitalist railways and waterways and the air transport services (commercial and passenger air fleets) and the transference of State and municipal transport services to the Soviets.

(c) The confiscation and proletarian nationalizatoin of private capitalist means of communication (telegraphs, telephones, and radio) with the transference of state and municipal communication services to the Soviets.

2) Agriculture.

(a) The confiscation and proletarian nationalization of all large landed properties in town and country (private, church monasterial and other lands) with the transference of State and municipal landed properties including forests, minerals, lakes, rivers, etc., to the Soviets; to be followed subsequently by the nationalization of all the land.

(b) The confiscation of all property connected with production belonging to large landed estates, such as: buildings, machinery and other stock, cattle, enterprises for the working up of agricultural produce (large flour mills, dairy farms, fruit and vegetable drying works, etc.).

(c) All large estates, particularly model estates and those which are of considerable economic importance to be transferred to the management of the organs of the proletarian dictatorship and the Soviet farm organizations.

(d) Allotments of land, particularly those which have been cultivated by tenant farmers, to be handed over for the use of poor and partly also of middle peasants (the amount of land to be so transferred to the peasantry to be determined by economic expediency as well as by the necessity to neutralize the peasantry and to win them over to the side of the proletariat. This must necessarily differ in accordance with different circumstances).

(e) The prohibition of the sale and purchase of land. Breach of this law to be vigorously prosecuted.

(f) To combat usury. The annulment of all transactions imposing conditions of bondage. The annulment of all debts of the exploited strata of the peasantry.

(g) The organization of credit schemes for the improvement of agriculture.

(h) Financial and other support of agricultural cooperative societies collective farms and communes.

3) Trade and Credit.

(a) The proletarian nationalization of private banks (including the transfer to the proletarian State of the whole of the gold reserve, securities, deposits, etc.) and the transference to the proletarian State of State, municipal, etc., banks.

(b) The centralization of banking; the subordination of all nationalized big banks to the Central State Bank.

(c) The nationalization of wholesale trade (warehouses, elevators, stores, stocks of goods, etc.) and their transference to the organs of the Soviet State.

(d) The monopoly of foreign trade.

(e) The repudiation of State debts to foreign and home capitalists.

4) So-called "Intellectual Production."

(a) The nationalization of printing plants.

(b) The monopoly of newspaper and book publishing.

(c) The nationalization of the big Cinema enterprises, theatres, etc.

5) Housing.

(a) The confiscation of big house property.

(b) Confiscated houses to be transferred to the administration of local Soviets.

(c) Workers to be removed to the bourgeois quarters.

(d) Palaces and large private and public premises to be placed at the disposal of working class organizations.

(6) The Working Day and Workers' Management of Industry.

(a) The roduction of the working day to 7 hours and the regulation of the working day in harmful occupations with a view to still further reduction.

(b) The organization of workers' management of industry. The establishment of state organs of management with provision for the close cooperation of the trade unions in the management of industry.

In carrying out all these tasks the dictatorship of the proletariat must bear in mind the following postulates:

(1) The complete abolition of private property in land and the nationalization of the land cannot be brought about immediately in the more developed capitalist countries where the principle of private property has become deep-rooted among broad strata of the peasantry. In such countries the nationalization of all the land can only be brought about gradually by means of a series of transitional measures. Nationalization of industry should not, as a rule, be applied to small and middle-sized enterprises (peasants, small artisans, handicraftsmen, small and medium shopkeepers, etc.). First of all because in the first phases of the dictatorship the proletariat in power may not have sufficient organizing forces at its disposal for the purpose of destroying capitalism and at the same time to organize contacts with the small and medium individual units of production on a new socialist basis. Secondly, because the proletariat cannot but draw a strict distinction between the property of the simple commodity producer working for himself, who can and must be gradually brought into the groove of socialist construction, and the property of the capitalist exploiter, the liquidation of which is an essential condition for any worker of socialist construction.

(2) The existence of a considerable number of small units of production (primarily, peasant farms, farmers' enterprises, small artisans, small shopkeepers, etc.), not only in colonies, semi-colonies and economically backward countries where the petty bourgeois masses represent the overwhelming majority of the population, but even in centres of capitalist world industry (the United States of America, Germany, and to a certain extent also England), makes it necessary to some extent, in the first stage of development, to preserve market forms of economic contacts, the money system, etc. The existence of a variety of economic forms (from socialized large-scale industry to small peasant and artisan enterprises), of a variety of class groups having a variety of stimuli for their economic activities and the existence of a variety of interests corresponding to these economic forms demands that the proletariat, in its management of industry, shall properly combine large-scale socialist industry with the small-scale economy of the peasant simple commodity producers, who are linked up with each other and with the towns by market relationships. For that reason, if diffused, peasant labor occupies a relatively important place in the general economy of the country, market relationships will occupy a correspondingly important place in that economy, and planned economic management will occupy a correspondingly minor place. The general economic plan will be to a greater extent based on forecasts of unorganized economic relationships. On the contrary, if small-scale economy occupies a relatively minor place, social labor will be correspondingly larger. The concentration and socialization of the bulk of the means of production will be greater; the extent of market relations will be smaller. Planned economy will play a much greater part than unorganized economy and the methods of directly planning production and distribution will be applied on a larger and more universal scale.

If the proletarian dictatorship carries out a correct policy, the technical and economic superiority of large-scale, socialized production, the centralization of all the most important economic key-positions (industry, transport, large agricultural enterprises, banks, etc.) in the hands of the proletarian state, planned management of industry and the power of the state apparatus as a whole (the budget, taxes, administrative legislation and legislation generally) will lead to the continuous and systematic squeezing out of private capital as well as of the new outcrops of capitalism which emerge with the development of simple commodity producing economy in the period of more or less free commercial and market relationships. At the same time, by organizing peasant farming on cooperative lines and as a result of the growth of collective forms of economy, the great bulk of the peasant enterprises will be systematically drawn into the general system of developing socialism. The outwardly capitalistic forms and methods of economic activity which are connected with market relationships (money form of accounting, payment for labor in money, buying and selling, credit and banks, etc) serve as levers of the social revolution in so far as they, to an increasing degree, serve the consistent socialist type of enterprise, i. e., the socialist section of economy.

Thus, in the conditions of proletarian dictatorship, and providing the Soviet state carries out a correct policy, market relationships, in the course of other development, bear within themselves the seeds of their own destruction: by helping to squeeze out private capital, by changing the character of peasant economy,—while the means of production are becoming more and more centralized and concentrated in the hands of the proletarian state, they, at the same time, help to destroy all market relationships.

(3) In view of the possibility of capitalist military intervention and of prolonged counter-revolutionary wars against the dictatorship, of the for a war-Communist economic proletariat, the necessity may arise policy ("War Communism") which is nothing more nor less than the organization of rational consumption for the purpose of defence at a time when there has been a sharp decline in the productive forces of the country, and when the individualist stimuli to production of small producers are seriously disturbed (the system of confiscation and requisition). Although this policy undermines the material basis of that strata within the country that is hostile to the working class, secures a rational distribution of available stocks and facilities the military struggle of the proletarian dictatorship,—which gives it its historical justification, nevertheless, it cannot be regarded as the "normal" economic policy of the proletarian dictatorship.

The dictatorship of the proletariat is a continuation of the class struggle under new conditions. The dictatorship of the proletariat is a stubborn fight,—bloody and bloodless, violent and peaceful, military and economic, pedagogical and administrative, against the forces and traditions of the old society: against external capitalist enemies, against the remnants of the exploiting classes within the country, against the outcrops of the new bourgeoisie which arises on the basis of still existing commodity production.

In the conditions prevailing during the liquidation of the civil war, the class struggle continues in other forms, primarily, in the form of the struggle between the survivals of previous economic systems on the one hand and socialist forms of economy on the other; and these forms of struggle undergo a change at various stages of socialist development.

In the first stage of the proletarian dictatorship the policy of the proletariat towards other classes and social groups within the country is determined by the following postulates:

1. The big bourgeoisie and big landlords, and the loyal adherents, the officer class, the generals and the higher bureaucracy, are consistent enemies of the working class against whom it is necessary to wage ruthless war. The organizing skill of a certain section of these may be utilized, but as a rule, this is possible only after the dictatorship has been consolidated and after all conspiracies and rebellions of exploiters have been decisively crushed.

2. In regard to the technical intelligentsia, which has been brought up on bourgeois traditions, the proletariat must ruthlessly suppress every counter-revolutionary action in their ranks but at the same time bear in mind the necessity for utilizing this skilled social force for the purposes of socialist construction. In the process of developing this work of construction,—economic, technical and cultural, on a wide social scale, the proletariat must systematically win over the technical intelligentsia to its side, subject it to its ideological influence and secure its close cooperation in the work of social transformation.

3. In regard to the peasantry, the task of a Communist Party is to rely on the agricultural proletariat but strive to win over to its side all the exploited and toiling strata of the rural districts. The victorious proletariat must draw strict lines of distinction between the various groups of the peasantry, properly judge the relative importance of each and render every support to the propertyless and semi-proletarian strata of the peasantry. It must transfer to the latter part of the land of the big landlords, help them in their struggles against usurer capital, etc. Moreover, the proletariat must neutralize the intermediary strata of the peasantry and actively repel every attack on the part of the rural bourgeois,—which enters into alliance with the landlords. As its dictatorship becomes consolidated and socialist construction develops the proletariat must abandon the policy of neutralization and adopt the policy of direct alliance with the masses of middle peasantry; but it must refrain from adopting the point of view of sharing power in any way.

4. The petty urban bourgeoisie which constantly oscillates between extreme reaction and sympathy for the proletariat, must also be neutralized and as far as possible won over to the side of the proletariat. This can be achieved by permitting it to retain its small property and a certain amount of freedom of trade and by abolishing usurious credit, etc.

In the course of fulfilment of all these tasks of the proletarian dictatorship a radical change takes place in the tasks and functions of the mass organizations and primarily of the labor organizations. Under capitalism, the mass labor organizations in which the broadest strata of the proletariat are for the first time organized and trained, i. e. the trade (industrial) unions, represent the principal weapon in the industrial struggle and subsequently in the mass struggle against trustified capital and its state. Under the proletarian dictatorship, these organizations become transformed into the principal lever of the dictatorship, into a school of Communism which draws overwhelming masses of the proletariat into the work of the socialist management of industry. Thus, in so far as they promote from their ranks leaders in the work of construction, in so far as they draw into this work the broad strata of the proletariat and insofar as they set themselves the task of combating the bureaucratic distortions which inevitably arise as the result of the inadequate cultural development of the masses and of the operation of class influences alien to the proletariat, the trade unions become the backbone of the economic organization of the proletarian state.

Notwithstanding reformist utopias, cooperative organizations under capitalism are doomed to play a relatively modest part and in the environment of the general conditions of the capitalist system not infrequently degenerate and become transformed into a mere overweight to capitalism. Under the dictatorship of the proletariat however, they may become the most important units of the distributing apparatus. Finally, peasant agricultural co-operative societies (sale, purchasing, credit and producing co-operatives) with proper guidance and providing the influence of the toiling sections of the rural population who support the dictatorship of the proletariat is maintained in them, may become one of the principal organizational means of linking up town and country. To the extent that they are able to maintain their existence at all under capitalism, co-operative peasant enterprises under the capitalist system inevitably become transformed into capitalist enterprises, for they are dependent upon capitalist industry, capitalist banks and capitalist environment. Under the proletarian dictatorship however, they develop amidst a different system of relationships and depend upon proletarian industry proletarian banks, etc. Thus, providing the proletarian conducts a proper policy, providing the class struggle against the capitalist elements in the rural districts is systematically carried on and providing socialist industry exercises guidance over it, agricultural co-operation may become one of the most important levers for the socialist transformation and collectivization of the countryside.

In the course of all this militant and constructive work carried on through the medium of every variety of proletarian organization (primarily the trade unions and Soviets), which indeed should serve as the levers of the Soviet state and link it up with the broad masses of every stratum of the working class, the proletariat secures and exercises unity of will and action by means of the leading role played by the Communist Party in the system of proletarian dictatorship.

The Party of the proletariat relies directly on the trade unions and a number of other organizations which embrace the masses of the workers and through them the peasantry (Soviets, Co-operative societies, Young Communist League etc.), and by means of this system of levers guides the Soviet system as a whole. The proletariat can fulfill its role as organizer of the new society only if the Soviet government is loyally supported by all the mass organizations, only, if the unity of class will is maintained and only under the guidance of the party.

The role of organizer of the new human society presupposes that the proletariat will become culturally ripe, that it will transform its own nature, advance from its ranks increasing numbers of men and women capable of acquiring a knowledge of science, technique and administration for the purpose of building up socialism and a new socialist culture.

In destroying the monopoly of the capitalist class in the means of production, the working class must also destroy its monopoly of education, i. e., it must take possession of all the schools, from the elementary schools right up to the highest universities. It is particularly important for the proletariat to train members of the working class as experts in the sphere of production (engineers, technicians, organizers, accountants, etc.), as well as in the spheres of science, military affairs, etc. Simultaneously the cultural level of the masses of the proletariat must be raised; their political education and their general standard of knowledge must be raised; their technical skill and their abilities for public work and administration must be developed and the survivals of bourgeois and petty bourgeois prejudices, etc., must be combated.

A particularly important task in connection with the fight against bourgeois prejudices and superstitions is that of combating religion —which is opium for the people. The struggle against religion must be conducted systematically and persistently. The proletarian government must abolish all state support of the church which is an agency of the dominant classes and imperialist cliques. It must prevent all church interference in state organized education and ruthlessly crush the counter-revolutionary activities of ecclesiastical organizations. While carrying on anti-religious propaganda by all the means at its disposal—although permitting freedom of worship and abolishing the privileged position ocupied by previously predominant religions—the Soviet government must at the same time reorganize all its educational work on the basis of scientific, materialist philosophy.

The International proletarian revolution is a combination of processes varying in time and character—purely proletarian revolutions; revolutions of a bourgeois-democratic type which grow into proletarian revolutions; wars for national liberation; colonial revolutions. The world dictatorship of the proletariat comes only as the final outcome of the revolutionary process.

The uneven development of capitalism, which became more accentuated in the period of imperialism, has given rise to a variety of types of capitalism, to differences in stage of ripeness in various countries and to a variety of and specific conditions of revolutionary process. These circumstances make it absolutely inevitable that the proletariat will come to power by a variety of ways and degrees of rapidity; that in a number of countries certain transitional stages leading to the dictatorship of the proletariat and a variety of forms of building up socialism will be necessary.

The various conditions and ways by which the proletariat will achieve its dictatorship in various countries may be divided schematically into three main types:

Countries of highly developed capitalism (United States, Germany, Great Britain, etc.) with powerful productive forces, a high degree of centralization of production, relatively small significance of small production and with a long established bourgeois, democratic, political system. In these countries, the fundamental political demand of the program is direct transition to the dictatorship of the proletariat. In the sphere of economics the most characteristic are: The expropriation of the whole of large-scale production; the organization of a large number of state Soviet farms, only a small share of the land to be transferred to the peasantry; unorganized market relationships to be permitted only on a small scale. Socialist development generally and the collectivization of peasant farming in particular to proceed at a rapid rate.

Countries with a medium development of capitalism (Russia up to 1917, Poland, etc.), having considerable survivals of semi-feudal relationships in agriculture, a certain minimum of industry, sufficient for successful socialist construction and with as yet incomplete bourgeois democratic reforms. In these countries the bourgeois-democratic revolution may grow into social revolution. Here democratic demands may be advanced which, in the process of the struggle, may grow into the demand for a workers' revolution. In these countries the agrarian revolution plays a more or less important part. The dictatorship of the proletariat may not be brought about immediately, but in the process of the bourgeois democratic revolution growing into the social revolution, i. e., in the process of transition from the democratic dictatorship of the proletariat and the peasantry to the socialist dictatorship of the proletariat and the peasantry to the socialist dictatorship of the proletariat. In the process of expropriating large landed property a considerable portion of the confiscated land is placed at the disposal of the peasantry. The extent of market relationships is considerable. The task of organizing the peasantry in co-operative societies and later to combine them in production is one of the most important tasks in the work of socialist construction. The rate of this work of construction is much slower than it will be in the countries in the first mentioned group.

Colonial and semi-colonial countries (China, India, etc.). In these countries industry is in an embryonic stage, sometimes in a fairly well developed stage, but inadequate for independent socialist construction. Feudal medieval relationships predominate in the economics as well as in their political superstructure, and the important industries, commerce, banks and principal means of transport, etc., are concentrated in the hands of foreign imperialist groups. The most important task in such countries is to fight against feudalism and consistently to conduct the agrarian peasant revolution on the one hand, and to fight for national independence against the foreign imperialists on the other. The transition to the dictatorship of the proletariat in such countries is possible only through a series of preparatory stages, only after the bourgeois-democratic revolution has grown into social revolution. Successful socialist construction will be possible only on the condition that direct support is obtained from countries in which the proletarian dictatorship is established.

In the present epoch, in which the task of the proletariat capturing power has come to the front in developed capitalist countries, in which the dictatorship of the proletariat is already established in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and represents a factor of world significance, the movement for liberation in colonies and semi-colonial countries brought into being by the penetration of world capitalism into these countries, may—notwithstanding the unripeness of social relationships in these countries—lead to their socialist development, provided they receive the support and assistance of the proletarian dictatorship and the international proletarian movement in general.

The special conditions of the revolutionary struggle prevailing in colonial and semi-colonial countries, the inevitably long period of struggle required for the democratic dictatorship of the proletariat and the peasantry and for the growth of this dictatorship into the dictatorship of the proletariat, and, finally, the decisive significance of the national aspect of the struggle impose upon the Communist parties of all countries special tasks which represent preparatory stages to the general tasks of the dictatorship of the proletariat. The Communist International considers the most important of these special tasks to be:

1. To overthrow the rule of the feudal rulers, of the landlord

(Continued on next page)

WORKING CLASS RULE SEEN IN DRAFT PROGRAM

Explains Real Meaning of "Democracy"

(Continued from previous page)

democracy and of foreign imperialism.

2. To establish the democratic-dictatorship of the proletariat and the peasantry.

3. To secure complete national independence and national unity.

4. To nationalize the large enterprises (industrial, transport, banking and others) belonging to the imperialists.

5. Confiscation of landlord, church and monasterial lands. Nationalization of all the land.

6. Introduction of the 8-hour day.

7. The establishment of Soviets of Workers and Peasants Deputies.

Colonial revolutions and movements for national emancipation are of enormous significance from the standpoint of the struggle against imperialism and of the conquest of power by the working class. Colonies and semi-colonies are of importance in the transitional period also for the reason that they represent the world rural districts in relation to the industrial countries, which are the world towns, and that the problem of organizing socialist world economy is the problem of relation towards the former colonies of imperialism. Consequently the establishment of a fraternal militant alliance with the toiling masses of the colonies is one of the principal tasks to be carried out by the world industrial proletariat.

Thus, in rousing the workers in the home countries for the struggle for the dictatorship of the proletariat, the progress of the world revolution simultaneously rouses hundreds of millions of colonial workers and peasants to the fight against foreign imperialism. In view of the existence of socialist centers represented by Soviet Republics of increasing economic power the colonies which break away from imperialism economically gravitate and gradually combine with the industrial centers of world socialism, are drawn into the groove of socialist construction, thus avoiding the capitalist phase of development as the predominating system and obtain opportunities for rapid economic and cultural development. The peasant Soviets in the backward ex-colonies and the Soviets of workers and peasants in the more developed type of ex-colony group themselves politically around the centers of proletarian dictatorship and join the general system of the growing federation of Soviet Republics and consequently the system of the world proletarian dictatorship.

The development of socialism as the new method of production obtains world-wide scope.

(To be continued)

JAILS BROTHER FOR PICKETING

Henry Sazer, who yesterday declared that he intends to picket the Truefood Restaurant, owned by his brother, as a demonstration of sympathy to the workers on strike there, was arrested yesterday while marching before the place, together with the two union pickets usually permitted by the police.

In spite of being previously informed of the fact that the police would permit no more than two pickets, Sazer nevertheless determined to join the line.

Is Arrested

A huge crowd gathered in the Times Square section where the restaurant is situated. It watched Sazer as he patrolled the place carrying large signs denouncing his brother and calling for a boycott on the anti-labor place.

Several policemen at first tried to intimidate Sazer, but he insisted on his right to picket the place, disavowing any direct connections with the Waiters' and Waitresses' Union. He nevertheless maintained his own right to picket in sympathy with the strikers, police decided to arrest him.

Pose As Labor's Friends

The strike against this firm, the members of which made their money through the patronage of labor sympathizers, pose as semi-radicals, according to Sazer's statement. They own three restaurants, all of which are on strike. They are located at 158 W. 44th St., 110 W. 40th St., and 522 Seventh Ave. The strike is now in the third week.

SENTENCE BANKERS FOR FRAUD.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 11 (UP).—W. R. Manley, former president of the Bankers Trust Company which failed two years ago taking more than 80 Georgia and Florida banks with it, must serve from nine to ten years in the state penitentiary for fraudulent insolvency, the Georgia supreme court ruled today.

Playing the Clown in Anticipation of Campaign For Presidency

Not to be outdone by Cal Coolidge's ten-gallon hat, Al. Smith, democratic presidential nominee, has gotten himself a 100-gallon brown derby. Photo shows the valuable gift which was presented to him by his supporters among the Boy Scouts on the governor's annual visit to the scout camp at Bear Mountain, N. Y.

FUR UNION WAGE RAISE DRIVE ON

Wkr's in Right Wing Shops Join Campaign

The first repercussions of the drive for July wage raises now being conducted by the Joint Board Furriers Union, were heard yesterday when, as a result of the success the campaign is so far registering, the workers in two shops of the Associated Fur Manufacturers went out on strike after their demand for wage increases had been refused by the bosses.

Despite the fact that the shops of the Associated all have so-called agreements with the right wing Joint Council and do not recognize the Joint Board, the ability of the Joint Board to call and win several shop strikes in other shops caused the workers here to put up spontaneously these demands to their own bosses. In prosecuting the drive the Joint Board had thrown out the slogan to all workers in the trade to fight their bosses for the July raises.

The two shops in which the workers struck are Bloom and Gerber, 144 W. 27th St., and Brownstein and Wollin, 330 Seventh Ave.

Seven workers in the former factory and one of the leading members of the Joint Board, Irving Potash, were arrested yesterday morning by detectives of the industrial squad who were called to the bosses' rescue by a right wing hireling of the Joint Council, Sam Weiner.

The events leading up to the arrests were related as follows: The workers of Bloom and Gerber's shop were telling Potash that they had decided to send a committee to their employer, who is a member of the board of directors of the Associated, and demand from him a wage raise for the entire shop. Weiner, a right wing agent in the factory heard this and immediately ran to call up the police. By this time the workers had received the bosses' reply that no raise would be granted and were already picketing the shop, when the police squad arrived and literally forced them back into the shop.

Those arrested were later haled before Magistrate Norris in the Jefferson Market Court. Potash and another worker who prefers his name not mentioned, were fined five dollars each, while the others were dismissed.

Cheers Up Boss

The workers of the shop of Brownstein and Wellin declared a strike when they were refused a wage raise, and declared their determination to picket the place till the bosses give in.

Later in the day the entire office force of business agents of the Joint Council came to Bloom and Gerber and assured them before the workers in the shop that they would not permit the workers to ask for any more raise or any other improvement in working standards.

SMITH IN PLEDGE TO BIG BUSINESS

Pick Morgan Bankers to Lead Drive

Governor Alfred E. Smith, in an interview given out to the press yesterday, boldly declared that the campaign of which he is to take personal direction will be based upon a determined effort to win the support of the big business interests of the country

In conformity with this plan the Tammany leader announced his choice of John J. Raskob, chairman of the finance committee of the finance committee of the General Motors Company, as head of the national committee of the democratic party and Herbert H. Lehman, head of several Morgan-controlled banks of New York City, as the treasurer of the committee.

Raskob, who is a republican, in a public declaration intended obviously for G. O. P. consumption yesterday assured them that Smith would not disturb the present status of the tariff.

International Relief Children Greeted At Unity Camp Reception

WINGDALE, N. Y., July 11.—All the children that were registered for the first two weeks at the Workers' International Relief camp arrived safely on Monday afternoon at their camp grounds at Wingdale, N. Y. An enthusiastic reception was given them by the campers and workers of the Unity Co-operative camp. When the children arrived in two big busses they were received with banners, cheers and songs.

The workers left their jobs and the campers came out of their resting places or the cool water to join in the reception. Long before the children arrived they were waiting patiently in the hot afternoon sun along the road which the busses had to pass. The construction workers carried a flag greeting the children of the Workers International Relief camp.

Other banners read "The Workers Child for the Working Class," etc. When the children stepped out of the busses everyone sang the International

FINANCE CAPITAL MODIFIES POLICY

Also Speeds Drive on Workers' Wages

By JOHN L. SHERMAN

Informed circles here are viewing with considerable doubt the announcement that the Chicago Federal Reserve Bank has increased its rediscount rate from 4 1/2 to 5 per cent primarily as a further curb on the speculative wave which has flowed over the country particularly on the New York stock market.

It is admitted here that the attempt to decrease brokers' loans, which form the basis for speculation in securities may be one of the factors in the present policy of the Federal Reserve Bank. It is pointed out, however, that previous to this month these loans had decreased by nearly a half billion from an earlier peak. The reason for the present policy must be looked for in another direction, it is stated.

Aimed At "Prosperity"

The policy of the Federal Reserve Bank which for over four years has been to maintain "easy money," was motivated, it is declared, by the desire to maintain "prosperity." Easy money, free credit, extension of installment buying, these it was believed would tend to maintain the upward trend of business.

The general aim, it is understood, is to restrict credit, force down prices and hence wages and thus "solve" the critical price question at the expense of the working class. This is the meaning of the increased discount rates. Other reserve banks will follow the lead of the Chicago branch which in the past has been the first to put into operation any changes.

WHITE GUARDIST BOMBER CAUGHT

Rumanian Espionage Aided Plot

(Special Cable To Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, July 11.—Two white guardists threw the bomb in the ante-room of the headquarters here at 9:15 p. m. on July 6 which killed one Red Guardist and seriously injured another. One of the bombers Georg Radko [illegible]tch, 30, ex-member of the Imperial Page Corps, was shot dead, while the second bomber was caught in Podolsk near Moscow.

The bombers came [illegible] st wee[illegible] from Paris via Rumania with the assistance of the Rumania espionage service. Peasants aided in the hunt for the white guardist.

FIND WOMAN'S BODY.

MIAMI, Fla., July 12 (UP).—Identity of a woman whose body was found by two small boys in the northern section of Miami yesterday was being sought by police today. Authorities said they believe the woman had been strangled or poisoned. She appeared to be about 40 years of age.

6 "PARTY DAYS" CALLED IN N. Y.

Election Main Issue For Discussion

Six "Party Days" have been designated by District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, according to a statement issued last night by John J. Ballam, acting district organier and Bert Miller, organization secretary.

These "Party Days," called for the purpose of discussing the major party campaigns, are designated for July 23, 24, 25, 30, 31 and August 1.

The statement says in part:

"Many of our comrades are engaged in activities in the union and Party auxiliary organizations which take a great deal of their time and energy and fail, on this account, to attend to Party units.

"The major activity of our Party for the coming months will be the election campaign and it is for the purpose of clarification and discussion that these 'Party Days' are being called."

Speakers Conference To Be Held Saturday

A speakers conference of District 2 will be held Saturday at 2 p. m. at the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square.

All Workers Party speakers must attend this conference. D. Benjamin, district agitprop director, will lead the discussion.

WORKERS PARTY CITY ELECTION DRIVE SETS OFF

First Sprint For Big Signature Quota

Evidence that the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York State and particularly in New York City was swinging into mid-season form was had yesterday with the announcement through Bert Miller, organization secretary of District 2, that a number of successful meetings have already been held in the drive to secure 25,000 signatures to put the local candidates of the Party on the ballot.

Running Start

While the full force in the campaign may not get under way before next week, it was announced, various sections have already begun with the house to house campaign to secure the necessary signatures. Those in charge report a greater degree of enthusiasm and interest in the present political campaign than was manifest in previous years when the value of political activity had not yet been so fully realized.

At a section meeting held in the Harlem headquarters of the Party, 143 E. 103rd St., last week preliminary plans were laid for the carrying out the campaign in that district. Signature squads were appointed under a program of activity which includes a seven-day drive until the necessary quota is secured. Every member is to report daily at 7 p. m. for work in the evening. On Saturday the drive begins at 1:30 p. m. The Sunday work begins at 10 a. m. and lasts until 1 p. m.

Reports indicate an enthusiastic response to the work which is to be strengthened this week.

Section 1 Meeting

At a special meeting of the membership of Section 1, downtown Manhattan, the response, and the spirit and willingness displayed, has proven again that the Party members are fully aware of the importance of the campaign and are ready to do their best to make the campaign a success.

Definite plans of how to carry the campaign into the shops, factories and the residential sections, as well as how to extend the plan of the campaign within the party were presented.

A report by a district representative on the immediate technical methods of approach in the process of signature getting was taken up.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

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Chicago Election Campaign.

CHICAGO, Ill.—A meeting of the district speakers' bureau will be held July 13, at 8 p. m. at 2021 West Division St. The district is swinging into the election campaign and 100 percent mobilization of all available speakers is absolutely necessary. All comrades who are not on the regular speaker's list should attend this meeting.

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Philadelphia Picnic.

Workers (Communist) Party, District Three, will hold a picnic and carnival on Labor Day at Shutzen Park. Benjamin Gitlow will speak.

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Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

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Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

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Michigan Speaking Tour.

DETROIT, Mich.—The District Organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Detroit will make a tour of this district for the purpose of organizing new branches of the League throughout the state. The following cities will be visited:

Friday, July 13, Flint.
Saturday, July 14, Pontiac.

All young workers are invited to attend these meetings.

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Philadelphia T. U. E. L. Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Trade Union Educational League of Philadelphia will hold a Grand Picnic at Maple Park Grove on August 4, beginning at 9 a. m. and ending at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing, and musical programs will be added to the speeches of prominent members returned from the U. S. S. R. All are invited to attend.

SOCIALIST MAYOR HELPING SEIPEL

Vienna Communists To Demonstrate July 14

(Special Cable To Daily Worker.)

VIENNA, July 11.—The social-democratic mayor of Vienna, Seitz has refused to countermand the police prohibition of the Communist Party demonstration July 15 on the anniversary of the working class uprisings last year. The Communist Party announces that the demonstration will be held on July 14 instead.

Section 2 Membership Meet Off Till July 16

On account of the conflict with the meeting of the shop chairmen, called by the National Organization Committee, the membership meeting of Section 2 has been called off and will be held Monday, July 16, at 101 West 27th St.

MARY SORKIN WANTED

Mary Sorkin is asked to communicate immediately with the district office of the Young Workers (Communist) League, at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square. It is very important

NEW HAVEN WILL GIVE FAREWELL

To Send 3 Connecticut Workers to U.S.S.R.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 12.—A farewell party for Sol Kreas, Pauline Sandler and Anna Kreas who are leaving on a trip to the Soviet Union soon, will be held Friday at 8 p. m. at the Labor Lyceum 28 Howe St., New Haven, Conn.

They are leaving for a period of six months, during which they intend to visit besides the Soviet Union many others of the European countries. After the six months are over they will return to the ranks of the Workers (Communist) Party and continue their Communist activity. All three have been members of the Workers (Communist) Party for a long time, and are identified with the most active members in the district.

The affair will serve a double purpose by inaugurating the local Workers (Communist) Party election campaign to which the entire proceeds of the affair will be given over. Every Party member and sympathizer is invited to attend.

URGE WORKERS ATTEND BIG 'DAILY' AFFAIR

Mass Demonstration Urged Saturday

An appeal to all class-conscious workers of New York to attend the great concert at the Coney Island Stadium Saturday night was issued last night by the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party. The appeal, which urges that the concert being arranged under the joint auspices of The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit be made a mass political demonstration, follows:

"Comrades! Fellow Workers!

"The two greatest dailies of our party, The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit, have organized a great concert and rally to take place at the Coney Island Stadium on Saturday evening, July 14. This concert is more than an ordinary entertainment, just as July 14 is more than an ordinary day.

"July Fourteenth is Bastille Day. This day is written with letters of fire in the history of the great French Revolution. It is the day when the masses of France, rising against their feudal oppressors took by storm and partly destroyed the formidable political prison of their old rulers, the citadel of Bastille. Our comrades of The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit did well to choose this revolutionary day for their undertaking.

"We appeal to every class-conscious worker to join the demonstration. The concert and rally is planned as a means to secure funds for our papers. This alone should be sufficient ground to make it a success. Our dailies are the greatest weapon of the working class in all its struggles.

BOSTON, MASS.
Support the New Bedford Strikers
Grand Bus Excursion
SUNDAY, JULY 15th at 9 A. M.
to Camp Nitgedaiget, Franklin, Mass.
PROGRAM.
STRIKERS BAND OF NEW BEDFORD—CHILDREN'S STRIKE CHORUS—VIOLIN SOLO BY GUSSIE GASMAN—SACK RACES—SWIMMING—ROWING.
SPEAKERS.
F. G. BIEDENKAPP, ALBERT WEISBORD
ALEX BALL.
Arranged under the auspices of the Workers International Relief for the New Bedforrd strikers.
Busses to leave from: Boston, 38 Causeway Street; Roxbury, 42 Wenonah Street; Chelsea, 453 Broadway.

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FREIHEIT PICNIC
SUNDAY, JULY 22nd
at BAER'S GROVE
ATHLETICS DANCING REFRESHMENTS
FIRST CLASS ORCHESTRA.
ADMISSION: At gate 45 cents, in advance 35 cents.
DIRECTIONS—Kedzie, California North to Irving Park Boulevard.

A Self-Study Corner
in the
July Communist
Here is a new and welcomed feature in the July issue of the ever-improving and growing Communist.
The lesson this month is entitled "Leninism and War." It contains an outline, questionnaire and references.
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ATTENTION, CHICAGO!
AFTERNOON PICNIC and NIGHT FROLIC
Rain or Shine
Moonlight Picnic
FOR BENEFIT OF
STRIKING COAL MINERS
SATURDAY NOON, JULY 14, 1928
RIVERVIEW PARK
WESTERN AVE. & ROSCOE ST.
GROVE OPEN 12 NOON DANCING UNTIL 1 A. M.
REFRESHMENTS GOOD MUSIC
Come, have a good time and help to feed the miners and their starving women and children.

Daily Worker

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ | ✗ | WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

"More Business in Government"

When John J. Raskob declares that "Governor Smith is a strong advocate of less government in business and more business in government," he speaks with the unquestionable authority of the man who has inherited the mantle of Elbert H. Gary and who is recognized as one of the leading spokesmen of big business. If anything further were needed to prove Raskob as an authority on the Tammany governor, there is the added fact that the latter-day Smith is the full-blown flower of Raskob's planting and nurture. Smith boasts of the fact and the records confirm him.

The declaration of Raskob is not an idle one. The Morgan industrialist and banker has no time for trifling. Less government in business, more business in government. In this slogan, Raskob, newly named chairman of the democratic national committee, has summarized not only the full program of Al Smith but of the whole democratic party. And, of course, of the republican party as well.

Less government in business. To millions of deluded, hene exploited, wage slaves and poverty-stricken farmers, this phrase, as it is intended, will still mean less interference with "prosperity," less tampering with "efficiency," less red tape. For the most part they will read and nod a sort of passive assent. To the small minority comprising the ruling class in the country, the phrase is intended to carry the full measure of assurance already indicated by Raskob that Smith will do the right thing; that the tariff will not be molested, that nothing will be done to interfere with the supertrustification process now going on; that the "government," in a word, will take orders.

More business in government. This is even more important. For the powers that be to doubt even for a moment that business would not be free to enter government at will would be disastrous to the prospects of any candidate. But how, more business in government. More than Andrew Mellon in the treasury? More than Dwight W. Morrow in Mexico? More than Wall Street already become the capital of the United States?

The explanation of Raskob's paradoxical remark is not as difficult as may appear on first sight. As was recently pointed out, the control over government by big business through the democratic party and particularly through Al Smith, has been indirect rather than immediate as with the republican party. Big business has worked in Al Smith's state and Jimmie Walker's city through the public service commissions, through legislative bodies, thru other appointees of the "democracy" rather than directly as in the case of Mellon, Morrow, Daugherty, Fall, and the others of the republican regime.

Al Smith has at various times hedged a bit about carrying out orders, notably two years ago when the Morgan-controlled General Electric Company desired to put over its state power steal. At the time they had to be content with a postponement and a temporary compromise worked out between them and Al Smith by that great "Inquisitor," Samuel Untermeyer. At another time in his relations with Jerry Dahl of the B-M.T., Smith has even "double-crossed" the great ones, a fact happily now atoned for again through the instrumentality of the omnipresent Untermeyer.

So what Raskob means is, that from now on business will not have to enter through the side door to control the democratic party and the "untainted" Al Smith. Their relations will be direct, immediate and in the open. Less government in business; more business in government in business, a fitting slogan for the greatest political hypocrite on the modern stage.

Porter Must Be Saved.

John Porter has sent an urgent call for immediate aid. The military authorities at Fort Adams are using the most extreme means to crush this militant's fighting spirit.

This appeal from Porter is no sign of weakness. In a recent letter, after having been thrown into solitary confinement, he wrote: "I am ready to give my life, if necessary, for the working class." Now, he realizes that there are only two roads to freedom. First, surrender to the enemies of his class and complete repudiation of his principles. Second, the nation-wide protests of the workers.

The army czars do not wish to permit John Porter to defend his cause and thereby to expose the role of the army in a court-martial scene open to the public. The military authorities have kept him in prison for almost a month under inhuman conditions without trial or even any charge against him. During this time, they have resorted to increasingly brutal methods to crush his militant spirit. Even death would be preferable to a continuation of Porter's present existence.

Porter refuses to desert the cause of the working class. His hope is that the working class will come to his aid.

Everything possible on the legal side is being done by the International Labor Defense. The attorneys retained by the International Labor Defense are now seeking to force the authorities to bring him to trial at once.

But there should be no illusions about the sort of "justice" to be expected from a military court-martial, and unless action by the workers begins at once Porter will be faced with a living death in a military prison compared with which the frightful lot of other prisoners may be considered tame.

The Porter case is another indication of the rise of class consciousness in the army, which was shown for the first time in Hawaii in 1925 by the organization of a Young Workers (Communist) League at Schofield Barracks. For their efforts in this work, Grouch and Trumbull received sentences of 40 and 26 years, later reduced to 3 and 1 years through mass protests of the working class under the leadership of the Communists.

The imprisonment of Porter is of special significance because of his activities in the New Bedford strke. The case is again significant in its clear portrayal of the role of the military forces in industrial conflicts.

Even though American capitalism as yet faces no real danger from the rising class consciousness of its soldiers, the military authorities are sufficiently alert to make an example of Porter.

The army intends to use this as a test case. The workers must take up the challenge and by mass demonstrations notify the war department that the issue of John Porter will resound about the earth.

Thousands of workers participated in a mass protest meeting in New Bedford a few days ago, demanding Porter's release. There will be a huge protest meeting in Boston Sunday, and others have been called.

The voice of the workers throughout the country must be raised!

Save Porter for the working class!

BIG PROFITS FOR TELEPHONE BARONS

(Federated Press.)

The $185,000,000 additional stock offered to shareholders in the American Telephone & Telegraph Co. calls attention to the extraordinary growth of this corporation's annual contribution to the investing class. Within the last decade the annual cash dividends disbursed by the A. T. & T. have just about [illegible], reflecting profits multiplied [illegible] over since 1918.

The cash dividends to the owners of this great communications trust amounted in 1927 to $97,379,934. This year they will run to more than [illegible] while within a year they will exceed $116,000,000. Ten years ago the annual dividends amounted to [illegible].

Fat Profits.

The telephone trust's regular method of expanding its capital is to offer stockholders the right to subscribe to a certain number of shares at par. As the shares always have a market value considerably over par such an offering really includes what amounts to a stock dividend.

This year's offering gave the right to subscribe to 1 new share for each 6 shares held. The present market value of a share of American T. & T. stock is about $178 which makes the right to subscribe worth something more than $12 a share. These rights have been selling on the stock exchange at $10 to $16. Altogether the transaction may be reckoned as a gift of more than $125,000,000 to the stockholders.

Much publicity is being given the elaborate machinery to make sure that every one of the 430,000 stockholders hears of the opportunity to subscribe to new shares of stock. To handle the correspondence the financial department is expanded from 250 to about 1,000 chiefly by hiring college boys out to make money during vacation. The object of all this noise is to convince the public that the ownership of the telephone trust is widely distributed among small investors.

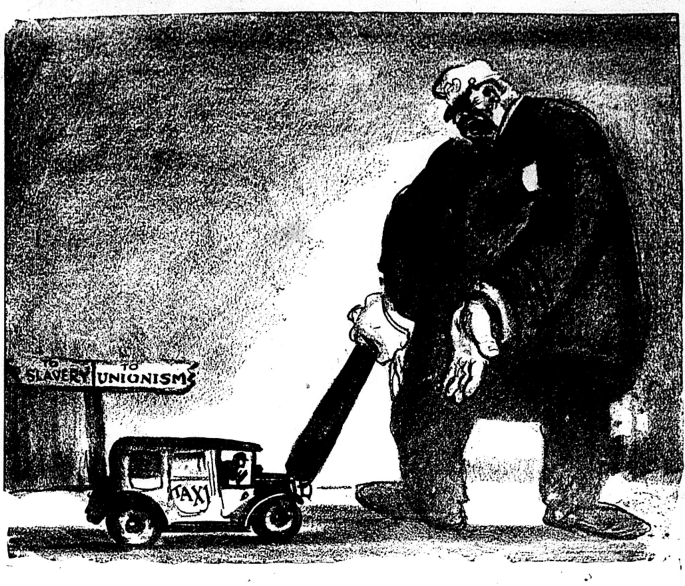
The stockholders average about 26 shares apiece. This average at par means an investment of $2,600 in a single block of stock, which puts it considerably above the average wage earner or salaried worker. And there is some heavy concentration of ownership in the stockholder list.

Morgan Busy.

The Sun Life Assurance Co. has a block of 76,711 shares. It is only 1 of 20 holding from 9,000 shares up. The most interesting figure in the stockholder list is George F. Baker, chairman of J. P. Morgan's First National Bank of N. Y. Baker holds personally 53,322 shares of A. T. & T. stock. Holdings of 31,391 shares by D. T. Waters and 21,000 shares by F. H. Pierson, both of Baker's bank, are generally assumed part of his interest in the telephone trust.

GET OFF THE MAIN THOROFARE!

By Fred Ellis



Drawing Music from the Air

An Exclusive Interview With Professor Leon Theremin

By A. B. MAGIL

PROF. LEON THEREMIN led the way into the modestly furnished bedroom of his suite at the Plaza Hotel. With me was William Abrams of the Freiheit, and it was lucky, for Prof. Theremin speaks no English, I speak no Russian and Abrams — a versatile fellow — speaks both.

It sounds a little incongruous to call him professor — he looks so boyish. Tall and slender, with close-cropped brownish-blond hair and a small mustache, he looks several years younger than his almost thirty-two. His face is sensitive — the face of an artist rather than a scientist — and he looks at you out of two soft blue-gray eyes behind which there lies something cool and strong.

Theremin sat between us and we talked. Or rather, Abrams and he talked while I listened, trying to catch a word here and there and asking my questions through Abrams. Theremin is both friendly and reserved, modest yet assured, a person who is evidently intent on his work in a clear, resolute fashion.

* * *

Eight years ago this man, hardly more than a boy then, first startled the scientific world by demonstrating the production of musical tones without the aid of a musical instrument. The tones were "drawn" out of the air by converting electromagnetic energy into acoustic energy. No one before him had ever demonstrated that the air is a potential musical instrument of infinite possibilities, containing tones that could not be produced on any musical instrument known to man. This great discovery immediately brought the young physicist to the attention of the scientists of the world, though he remained unknown to the general public for a number of years. In 1925 Prof. Theremin made another important discovery, this time in the field of television. But his primary interest has been in his original invention.

* * *

He told us of his work, work that never ends. I noticed that every room in his suite is a laboratory. Even in the bedroom where we were sitting odd-looking instruments were installed. And as we talked strange, ethereal sounds came out of the room next door, a familiar melody in unfamiliar tones: a pupil of his was practicing on the new ether-music instrument. Prof. Theremin told us of his pupils and his plans.

"I have about thirty pupils now," he said, "whom I am instructing in the art of producing this new music. Eventually, when they are fully trained, they will constitute an orchestra that will be able to give concerts such as have never been heard before. No music is too difficult to be played. On the contrary, variations of tone are possible which cannot be produced on any ordinary musical instrument."

* * *

BUT Prof. Theremin's work is by no means completed. He has greatly improved his invention since he first began his experiments, but there is still much to be done. The beauty of tone, which has been remarked by all who have heard Theremin play, is still far from that beauty which it will some day be possible to produce.

As Abrams and he did most of the talking, I had ample opportunity to observe this great product of the first workers' and peasants' republic as he sat there with his calm blue eyes and his long slim hands resting easily on his knees. He is the new scientist, the scientist who has come out of the pain and turmoil of the greatest of revolutions and who has pursued his work under the stimulus of the proletarian dictatorship. And though his work leaves him little time for social and economic questions, it is evident that the Soviet Union is close to Prof. Theremin's heart.

* * *

Prof. Theremin has visited many European countries, where he has been warmly received. In Germany and England he created a sensation. His first public appearance in this country was in New York last January when scientists and musicians were astounded at his remarkable discovery and its even more remarkable possibilities. Theremin showed us copies of some of the comments concerning his new invention.

"Professor Theremin's invention has made the deepest impression on me," wrote Bruno Walter, famous German conductor. "Here indeed seems to be new country. I cannot say which affected me most, the method of tone production which suggests the miraculous or the completely novel character of the tone itself. In any case it was a moving experience."

Ottorino Respighi, the great Italian composer, declared: "Without claiming to be a prophet I can readily assure you that the Theremin apparatus will have the greatest importance for the orchestra. What interests me above all else is that the apparatus produces a tone-color approximating the human voice."

After hearing Prof. Theremin for the first time Leo Slezik, famous singer, said: "One is confronted as with a miracle on seeing a man picking about in the air and conjuring from the void notes of unprecedented beauty and splendor such as no existing instrument is capable of producing."

"A real miracle has been produced," said Morris Gest. "There is no absolutely perfect fusion of note on any other instrument," declared Joseph Szigeti, distinguished violinist.

This is the comment of Ossip Gabrilowitsch, famous pianist and conductor: "Leon Theremin's musical invention is indeed epoch-making. I am convinced that it opens a vista of unlimited possibilities in the future development of musical art. The many different ways in which the discovery can be applied can hardly be foretold now, but undoubtedly its influence on the music of the future will be revolutionizing."

* * *

AT THE concerts that Prof. Theremin has thus far given in this country he has appeared before audiences composed largely of scientific and musical experts and the wealthy bourgeoisie. The workers, the great toiling masses who have heard so much of the achievements of this great discoverer, have been unable to hear him because of the forbidding prices. But the tables will be turned at the great concert tomorrow evening at Coney Island Stadium where Prof. Theremin will perform. There are not likely to be many members of the wealthy bourgeoisie there. Instead there will be some 25,000 workers listening under the open sky to a new music drawn out of the air by the representative of a new culture at a proletarian music fest arranged jointly by The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit.

We asked Theremin whether he had ever appeared before so large an audience before. He told us that he had played before large crowds in the Soviet Union and in London, but that never had he performed before an audience of 25,000. He also expressed gratification that he was able to bring his new music to the American masses in this fashion. His concerts are few as his work occupies most of his time, and Theremin's appearance tomorrow will be one of his last in this country.

In the next room the girl was still playing, her hands trembling over the mysterious instrument. Theremin shooks hands with us warmly as we left and his soft blue eyes escorted us to the door.

MINE TOWN IN UPROAR AS WORKERS JEER SCABS

By BARBARA RAND.

PITTSBURGH, July 12.—The Avella barracks were in uproar yesterday. Dish pans, pots and tin pails were banged with spoons. Children cried out scornfully, "You're scabbing on our dads!" All the women were shouting at the same time in half a dozen languages, to make sure they'd be understood. "When you see what conditions and pay they'll give your man, you'll want to come back. You'll be sorry you didn't stick with the strikers."

Company agents are combing the mining towns, spreading defeatism and looking for men to return to the open shop mines. Exhorbitant wages are promised to strikers who will betray their brothers. Moonshine is dispensed liberally until the victim becomes maudlin, and then the plight of his "hungry babies" is dinned into his ears; as a "good American citizen and a decent father," it is his duty to scab against his fellow-workers, he is told. As soon as a "yes" is drilled out of him, a company truck calls at the barracks, escorted by coal and iron police, to carry his furniture to a company house near the mine, and his family to the scab patch.

Whole Family in Fight.

Not many Avella boys are convinced so easily. Avella is known thruout district five as one of the most militant strike communities. The women are banded together into a women's auxiliary to help their men win the strike. The children, several hundred strong, are organized into strike clubs. The whole family is in the fight in Avella.

When a company truck came to the barracks the other day, Avella strikers went wild with indignation. "You can't bring that truck into our grounds," they cried. Two state troopers came down to watch the job. The company agent wanted his commission, and wasn't taking any chances about the miner changing his mind. "We've got an injunction against the company, too!" two women declared scoffingly. The troopers were nonplussed—miners getting injunctions against the coal barons? Surely, this was something new. The truck was not brought on the barrack property, and the strikers' families were jubilant at having hoodwinked the cops.

Turn Live Stock Loose.

As the furniture was carried from the barracks to the road, the children pranced and shouted, the women played their tin cans derisively, and an old accordion was dragged from the storehouse by a striker to add to the uproar. The children turned loose the ground hogs and rabbits which were perpetually running between the legs of the moving men.

The wife of the miner who was returning to the scab pits attempted to justify her husband's desertion. Her children had no shoes, no clothing; there was no food in her cupboard.

"Our stomachs are just as empty!" the militant women shot back at her. See, our toes are coming out of our shoes. Look at our children! Are they any better off than yours? But we're sticking! We've got to fight now, or it'll always be like this.

"The National Miners' Relief Committee will send out relief soon," they said. "They're helping us all they can. Even if they didn't—this is our fight, and if we don't stick together, what'll happen to us? We left the mines together, and we must go back together!"

The National Miners' Relief Committee is swamped with heartrending appeals for bread. Thousands of families are being fed once or twice a day, sometimes once or twice a week. Thousands of other families are urging that their locals be added to the relief lists. "We don't want to scab," is reiterated in almost every letter received at the relief headquarters, 611 Penn Ave. Every dollar sent to the relief committee is a blow against open-shopdom, against scabdom.

Pacific Coast School for Workers Opened

WOODLAND, Wash., July 12.—A network of cities stretching from as far south as Los Angeles to as far north as Vancouver B. C. are represented by students at the Pacific Coast Workers' Summer School at Woodland, Washington. On June 24, official date of the opening of the school, fifty-two students gathered in the Finnish Hall, which thanks to the cooperation of farmers of the district, is being utilized for classes during the six weeks which school is to be in session.

The students enrolled range in age from seventeen to thirty-four representing thirteen nationalities.

The curiculum, numbering among courses economics, social and labor history of the United States, theory practice and organizational forms of the world's labor movement, current events, etc., is composed of those subjects which are of vital importance to a correct understanding of the problems of the working class.

Told You So

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER has entered on his ninetieth year and, as is quite proper, the capitalist press has taken due notice of such an important event. A special article written by a sob-sister in a Scripps-Howard sheet dwells on the good relationship that exists between John and his domestic employes. Oh, no, John does not call out the army and navy to mow down his domestic flunkeys! It's hardly worth while and the spirit of revolt is seldom found among footmen, doormen and valets. John condescends to nod to his servants and he even distributes dimes among them once in a while.

* * *

Roscoe Anguvine, gatekeeper at the Rockefeller estate at Pocantico Hills, is cheered by a daily nod from his master. He tells of the annoyances to which a wealthy man is sometimes subjected. For instance, a woman walked in on the grounds one day and insisted on seeing John D. She wanted $2,000,000. The servants had her consigned to a crazy house. "Anyone is crazy who thinks they can walk in and get two million," commented Roscoe. "I have been here ten years and all I've gotten is some shiny new dimes and the usual $50 present at Christmas time. And I haven't had any new dimes in more than a year." The reward of faithful service! Perhaps Roscoe will be buried decently with John saying a prayer for the repose of his carcass.

* * *

There will be no third party this year writes Ludwell Denny, staff correspondent for the Scripps-Howard newspaper syndicate, but he believes there will be one in 1932. The third partyites lack a popular leader, he thinks, and furthermore Al Smoth and Herbert Hoover are going to gobble up all the liberal votes. But the liberals are going to be disappointed with Al or Herbert and four years from now they will be on the war path. The liberals are always getting disappointed. No doubt they will have another good reason for postponing the threatened revolt in 1932.

* * *

In the meantime the workers and exploited farmers have an opportunity to express their opposition to the capitalist system in the elections this year through the Workers (Communist) Party. The Communists are not waiting for a Messiah house of bondage. They believe in organizing the workers for their own emancipation. Unlike the liberals who would merely clip the claws of the capitalist tiger, the Communists intend to tear up the robber system by the roots and substitute for it a social order based on the interests of the producing classes.

* * *

The New York Welfare Council reports that a single person cannot live independently and decently on less than $25 a week. Hundreds of thousands and perhaps millions are doing it nevertheless. That is, they are living on less, but whether independently or decently is another question. During the industrial quiz conducted by Frank P. Walsh, in the good old muckraking days several years ago, J. P. Morgan was asked if he thought ten dollars a week was a sufficient wage for a longshoreman. "Yes," he replied, "if he is satisfied with it." Likewise we suppose a million a year would not be enough if the recipient did not think it adequate.

* * *

While walking along the waterfront one hot day last week I noticed a small army of men lined up four deep outside the entrance to the Cunard Line docks. They were longshoremen with hooks slung over their shoulders and dressed in overalls that bore marks of hardship. They were as silent as so many mummies. Two stevedores walked up and down the line picking the huskiest. Rarely was a word spoken. One of the stevedores would crook his finger and the worker beckoned to would walk out of the crowd and receive a badge. When a sufficient number of men were hired to unload the two Cunard vessels the stevedores walked away and so did the men who failed to get work. It looked like a slave market alright.

* * *

Mayor Jimmy Walker is visiting William Randolph Hearst at the publisher's California ranch. While the song and dance mayor is ostensibly out for a good time and relaxation, the real object of the visit is to attempt a rapprochement between Hearst and Al Smith. Hearst has already declared for Hoover but it would not be surprising to see the yellow journalist switch from the elephant to the jackass in the middle of the election stream.

* * *

There is a regular epidemic of "jumps" among capitalists these days. A Belgian multimillionaire jumped from an airplane flying at an altitude of 4,000 feet. Another plute jumped from a liner in mid-ocean. The president of a New York bank jumped from a fourth story hospital window and was saved by a plucky nurse who got a grip on his shins and held on until policemen and taxi drivers came to his rescue.

Tom O'Flaherty

EXPECT 25,000 at “DAILY” CONCERT AT CONEY ISLAND TONIGHT

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 14, 1928

SOVIET SHIP SAVES ALL SURVIVORS OF NOBILE FLIGHT

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Walk Out When Boss Attacks Worker

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

NANTICOCKE, Pa., July 13. — Thre thousand miners and mine workers of collieries 5 and 7 of the Suquehanna Coal Company went on strike when section foreman of the colliery, Robert Davis, beat up the motorman, John Beyer. The miners demand that section foreman Davis be discharged and punished in accordance with the mine rules. Beyer was beaten up by the foreman when he 'disobeyed' some rulings of the boss.

This brutally of the bosses has aroused miners in Nanticocke, and they are determined to stay on strike until boss Davis will be discharged.

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(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 13. Over 1,500 mine workers, members of the local union No. 1432, working in Maxwell colliery No. 20 of Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Co. went out on strike today against the coal company who by speeding up has in the past several weeks fired 30 men from the job without making any provisions for them. District organizer Mile Sweeney, as usual is trying to force the local union No. 1432 into going back to work without provisions being made for the discharged miners.

TAXI INSPECTORS IN NEW RACKET

Drivers Complain of Lost Cards

Charges that hack inspectors, acting under orders from the Hack License Bureau, were stealing criminal identification cards from taxicabs as drivers were inside of restaurants, attending to other business, have been made during the past two weeks by taxi drivers and officials of taxi associations.

Hugo Werber, business manager of the Broad Street Taxi Owners Association, has been quoted as saying that "thousands of taxi drivers have had their card- taken in this way."

Inspectors have had orders, it was learned, from Commissioner Ruttenberg, in charge of the hack bureau, to pick up cards in cabs that are left vacant. According to hack regulations, cards must be displayed conspicuously in the driver's cab.

Garages Raided

The Tammany hack inspectors, drivers state, are not satisfied with picking up these identification cards on the streets. These inspectors are known to go to garages and pick up cards left in the cabs by their owners.

Drivers going to work in the morning, on examining their cabs, are known to have found their card missing. The driver then must report the loss to his precinct station house. Here he is usually told that his card is on the way downtown. If the driver lives in the far end of the Bronx or Queens, this means a trip down to the hack license bureau on Grenwich St. By the time he arrives there half his day is usually gone. There he must stand in line and wait his chance to inquire from one of the clerks about the

Continued on Page Four

DEMAND STRIKE IN FALL RIVER

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 13.—Over three thousand Fall River textile workers responded to a mass meeting called by the Textile Mills Committee, and showed the greatest enthusiasm when the speakers threw out the slogan "Prepare for a Strike."

The meeting was held on a lot located in the heart of the mill district and was purchased outright by the T. M. C. for $1,000 contributed by Fall River workers. This was imperative because of the police refusal to permit any landowner to rent a meeting place to the T. M. C.

Youth League Has Military Training Now

A new course in the curriculum of the summer training schools for young workers this year is military training. While the capitalist military organizations are preparing for imperialist wars, and to use the military forces against the workers, the students in the training schools are obtaining military knowledge to use for their own class interests.

The Young Workers (Communist) League is opposed to capitalist militarism and will continue to fight the C. M. T. C. and other institutions of this type, but we realize that pacifism is an equally effective instrument of imperialism. The military courses for young workers demonstrates our stand for military knowledge—when it will be used for the interest of the working class.

GREAT THRONG AT CONCERT TONIGHT

25,000 are Expected to Hear Theremin

Tonight is the night. Thousands of workers — to be more specific, some 25,000 of them — will gather in Coney Island Stadium at the greatest proletarian concert ever held in this country, arranged by The DAILY WORKER.

All the participating artists, who have been rehearsing faithful'y during the past few weeks, have put the finishing touches on their work. When Arnold Volpe lifts up his baton to lead his orchestra of 50 picked musicians in the Coronation March from Meyerbeer's opera, The Prophet, it will inaugurate an event which will make musical history.

In the event of rain tonight The DAILY WORKER concert will be held on Saturday, July 21, at the Coney Island Stadium.

The Roxy Ballet, under the direction of the famous dancer, A. Nelle, former partner of Pavlowa, is certain to find favor with the great stadium crowd tonight. The ballet will present a program of dances of an international character.

But of course Theremin will be the hero of the evening. The fame of this great Soviet scientist has spread to every part of the world. Tonight thousands of workers will have their first opportunity of hearing this new ether-music.

Revolutionary Demonstration.

Tonight's affair will be something more than a concert. It will also be a demonstration of the New York workingclass in celebration of the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille. The spirit of the evening will be in keeping with the revolutionary traditions of the day and for this great occasion Ben Gitlow, acting secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, will appear to bring the revolutionary message of July 14 to the thousands assembled in the stadium.

Five hundred volunteers are needed for important work in connection with The DAILY WORKER concert. All willing to assist should report from 2 in the afternoon on. Ask for Harry Fox.

Just how many will try to get in to Coney Island Stadium tonight is unknown. What is known is that only those lucky enough to have tickets will be admitted. The only way to be lucky enough is to buy these precious little pasteboards at once. They are on sale at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

FREED WORKERS WELCOMED AT DEMONSTRATION

Hundreds Gather at Union Square

A demonstration in which hundreds of workers braved the rain late yesterday afternoon was held at Union Square to welcome the four workers released from the Tombs and the Workhouse, where they had served a sentence of five days for participation in an anti-imperial demonstration in front of the office of J. P. Morgan on July 3.

Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Communist) candidate for U. S. Senator, and Robert Wolf, novelist and poet, were freed from the Tombs; Rebecca Grecht, New York state campaign manager of the Workers Party, and Harriet Silverman, secretary of the local branch of the Anti-Imperialist League, which arranged both the July 3 demonstration and yesterday's meeting, were released from the Workhouse.

Speakers at the meeting included Minor, Grecht, Shachtman, editor of "The Labor Defender"; D. Benjamin, asistant director of the Workers School, and Arthur Stein of the Young Workers League and Jessie Taft of the Young Pioneers.

The speakers denounced the brutal attack on the demonstration and called for continued agitation against the imperialistic aggression of American capitalists.

"Jail sentences do not frighten us Communists," Minor declared. "That is what we expect as long as we continue our fight on the ruling class of the United States and in the interests of the workers.

"We were not thrown into the Tombs because we violated any so-called statute. Beside us in the street a minister speaking on a subject which did not menace the ruling class was, of course, unmolested.

"But such acts of intimidation and terrorism will not prevent the Communists from bringing their message to the working class. It will only heighten our agitation and spur us to greater activity."

WORKERS PARTY SPEEDS DRIVE

Reports reaching the national campaign headquarters of theWorkers (Communist) Party from all sections of the country indicate that interest in the Communist campaign is daily becoming more widespread Everything points to the fact that the Party will succeed in mobilizing a tremendous following of militant workers and farmers thruout the country, if successful in its efforts to secure a place on the ballots of the various states. This will enable the Party to carry on the vigorous fighting campaign for which the situation is actually rotten ripe.

In a statement issued by the national campaign headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, the need for political organization, and an appeal for funds to make possible this political organization, was stressed. The appeal follows:

"The need for funds to put the Party on the ballot in the numerous states still remaining to maintain the many speakers and field organizers thruout the country, and to print the immediately necessary

Continued on Page Two

GORKI FINDS A DOUBLE

Relates Incident of His American Visit

MOSCOW, July 13.—At a banquet given in his honor Maxim Gorky related the following story to the great amusement of his listeners.

While on one of his visits to the United States Gorky was greatly surprised one day to see advertised on a bill board that the "great Maxim Gorky" was to appear on the stage of the theatre where "The Lower Depths" was to be played.

The writer went to see the play. On the stage there appeared a man, greatly acclaimed by the public, who looked exactly like him. During the intermission Gorki wished to make the acquaintance of his double. The latter was overcome with fear, and his whole body trembling, he said to the novelist.

"I am an unfortunate man, encumbered with a large family. I have a contract with the director to represent the author of all plays that he stages. You are my specialty, but I have posed successfully for Suderman, Rostand and Donnay.' '

Gorky had pity on the poor devil, and did not unmask him.

Behind Throne

Big Business will direct the campaign of Al Smith directly without recourse to a middleman. So Al has "selected" John J. Raskob, shown above, who is chairman of the finance committee of the viciously open-shop Morgan-controlled General Motors Corp., as chairman of the democratic national committee. Raskob is worth more than $100,000,000.

HOLD MEETINGS TO FREE PORTER

Youth Takes Up Fight For Young Rebel

The voice of the working class is beginning to be heard in answer to the challenge of Porter's imprisonment for his revolutionary labor activities while technically subject to military law.

In New Bedford, where three thousand workers took part in a protest meeting, the first drive for Porter's freedom was launched, so far as the masses are concerned. The International Labor Defense and the Young Workers (Communist) League issued appeals immediately to the workers to come to the defense of John Porter—to defeat the sinister purposes of the military authorities, and now the fight against the capitalist military machine is gaining momentum.

This drive must be intensified if Porter is to be saved from a living death behind iron bars during the rest of his life. Arrangements are being made for defense committees, composed primarily of young workers, in cities all over the country to

Continued on Page Four

FASCISTS PLAN WAR ON U.S.S.R.

BUCHAREST, July 13. — The French general, Rond, arrived here today. Pilsudski, military dictator of Poland, is expected to arrive momentarily as well as representatives of other Little Entente states for the purpose of holding a secret military conference which is to take place under the direction of the French general staff.

According to reliable information the purpose of this conference is to prepare the way for war on the Soviet Union.

ELECTION MEET AT BISCUIT PLANT

For the first time the Election Campaign Committee of Section 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party conducted an open-air noonday meeting at 15th Street and Tenth Avenue, alongside the four huge plants of the National Biscuit Company yesterday.

The workers of the Nabisco plants, usually idle during their lunch hour, gathered around Bert Miller and listened attentively to his talk on the Workers (Communist) Party and what it means to workers. Besides speaking on the election campaign, Miller emphasized the fact that the poor conditions in the Nabisco factories were due to lack of organization among the workers, and urged his eager listeners to organize into a union.

Despite the spy system used by the Nabisco bosses, the workers listening to the speaker evinced great interest, interjecting occasional words of approval. Copies of "The Coolidge Program" and "The Workers (Communist) Party And What It Stands For" were distributed

Jail 37 New Bedford Textile Mill Pickets

6 MONTHS, HEAVY FINE FOR EACH OF DEFENDANTS

Bosses Desperate As Ranks Hold Firm

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 13. —The vicious hatred of the Massachusetts courts for the workers here has again made itself felt when the judges of the District Court today imposed six months' jail sentences and $20 fines on each of the 37 New Bedford textile strikers tried before them yesterday.

Most of the defendants, who include the most active unionists, were arrested when the New Bedford police force broke up a strikers' parade arranged by the New Bedford Textile Workers Union on July 1. Three were arrested for picketing July 6; six of those tried were arrested during a monster picket demonstration last night that continued far into the early hours of the morning.

4,000 Picket

More than 4,000 strikers marched in picket formation up and down before the gates of the Whitman, Page, Nield and Nonquist Spinning Mills, while about 11,000 strikers and sympathizers jammed the streets leading to the factories in a demonstration that lasted many hours late last night. They had come out at the call of the T. W. U. strike committee when the news spread that a few scabs had gone to work.

A tremendous wave of indignation spread rapidly throughout the entire city as the news of the half-year prison sentences imposed upon the strikers became known. Many of those imprisoned are middle-aged workers who are heads of families.

The attorney for the International Labor Defense announced that all cases would be appealed immediately. Release of the strikers, however, is dependent upon the raising of a total of $20,000 for bail bonds. It was not learned whether the necessary total had been secured.

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(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 13. —An excellent guage of determining which is the real union in the New Bedford textile strike was offered here late Wednesday night when the strike committee of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the T. M. C. went to the picket lines before the Kilburn Mill and led the thousands of pickets away from the mill in parade formation to a huge mass meeting in Saulnier's field. This contrasts sharply with the impotent leaders of the Textile Council, who publicly admitted not being able to influence the actions of their members.

The T. M. C. leaders had told the workers to halt picketing here so that they can go home and take a needed rest before coming out for the big demonstration at other mills in the morning.

The membership of the council, on the other hand, had defied the order of their officials when they were ordered to cease picketing with the members of the mills committee.

Enthusiastic Meeting

The mass meeting, which was held about 10:30 p. m., presented an inspiring sight as the huge electric bulb over the platform lit up the sea of listening faces.

Eli Keller, one of the speakers, pointed to the iron discipline that existed in the Textile Workers Union, and concluded by saying that they were the only organization that has complete control of the New Bedford strike.

Jack Rubinstein, speaking later declared that the continuous picket line that lasted more than 36 hours showed conclusively to the mill bosses that the strikers will fight

Continued on Page Two

Notice For Members Of Section 2 and 3

All members of Sections 2 and 3 of the Workers (Communist) Party are asked to report at section headquarters, 101 West 27th St., promptly at 12 a. m. today without fail This is by order of the district office.

Attendance will be checked.

Picketing in the Waiters' Strike

WE ASK
9 HOURS WORK
6 DAYS A WEEK
15 — WEEK — WOMEN
20 — WEEK — MEN
ARE WE UNREASONABLE?

Gertrude Walsh is a member of the Waiters' and Waitresses' Union which has declared a strike against the Truefood restaurants in New York. She is militantly engaged in the strike for better working conditions.

ARCTIC VETERANS ON SOVIET ICE-BREAKERS

In order to effectively organize the rescue expedition for Nobile and his companions the Soviet government appointed a special commission. Each of the two ice-breakers, the "Krassin," the most powerful in the world, and the "Malygin" included in their parties scientists and aviators with long experience in Artic exploration. Professor Samoilovich, the leader of the "Krassin" party, is director of the Institute of the North and has made extensive researches in the region of Spitzbergen. Aviators Chukhnovsky and Babushkin are considered among the foremost of Soviet aviators, having made many notable flights in the Arctic regions.

Veteran Explorer.

Professor Wise, the chief explorer of the "Malygin," spent considerable time in making a reconnoissance of the regions of Novaya Zembla and Franz Joseph Land with the Saydov expedition in 1912 and 1914. The foggy weather which so greatly hampered the work of rescue was predicted in the reports of Professor Multanovsky, director of the meteorological section of the Central Geophysical Laboratory, on the basis of observations made by Nansen in 1893-96, by the Saydov expedition and by others. According to these studies, as many as 25 foggy days have been observed during the month of June in this region.

Powerful Ice Cutter.

The "Krassin," which is of 10,000 indicated horse power, is commanded by Captain Egge who is assisted by four special sub-commanders from other steamers added to the party on account of their wide experience in the Arctic regions. The "Krassin" left Leningrad for Kings Bay on June 15. It is capable of cutting through ice from 3 to 4 meters in thickness. The "Krassin" radio works on wave lengths of 450, 600 and 800 meters The short wave station operates on a length of from 30 to 40 meters.

The ice-breaker "Malygin," commanded by Capt. Chertkov, was completely overhauled last winter at Since 1923 it has been used each Hamburg and is perfectly equipped summer to accompany the commercial fleet carrying freight from the mouth of the Yenisei River in Siberia through the Kara Sea to european ports. It carries coal sufficient for twenty days cruising in the open sea. When used in the ice, however, with only one boiler working in order to furnish light and heat, the supply of fuel is sufficient for 80 days.

The expedition is organized under the direction of J. Unschlicht, assistant commissar of war, with the cooperation of the All-Union Society for Aviation and Chemistry M. Groza, chairman of the rescue committee, stated that the ice-breakers and aeroplanes of the Soviet expedition carried supplies sufficient for three months.

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The following radio message was sent yesterday to the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin by M. G. Gurevitch, vice-chairman of the board of directors of the Amtorg Trading Corporation, and other Soviet citizens in the United States:

To crew, aviator Chukhnovsky and his assistants, Prof. Samoilovich and captain icebreaker Krassin:

Soviet citizens in the United States hail the skill and courage which have made possible the rescuing of the marooned Italia explorers. Public opinion is deeply moved by the supreme heroism of your aviators and crew. Your act is another illustration of the spirit of sympathy and self-sacrifice which manifests itself in times of great human need and reveals the strong bonds of international good will underlying the stress and strain of everyday life.

M. G. GUREVITCH,
PROF. A. SHAROV,
G. DELGASS, and others.

Carranza, Mexican Flyer Is Killed

Capt. Emilio Carranza, Mexican aviator, was killed yesterday in a crash in New Jersey in an attempt at a non-stop flight from New York to Mexico City.

OFFICERS FEAR “DAILY”

Sailors May Get 6 Months for Reading

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—Reading the DAILY WORKER is a serious crime, according to the naval authorities, and they have announced that sailors who continue to read the Communist paper will be imprisoned at hard labor for six months and fined one hundred dollars.

Many of the sailors on the U. S. S. Oklahoma were called before the authorities and charged with reading the DAILY WORKER and the Young Worker. They were question individually how they happened to get the papers, whether they approved the principles of the Communist organizations, etc.

The officers then announced that those who continue to read the DAILY WORKER and Young Worker will be court-martialed; and made threats of "action against those sending the papers." Then, they indulged in extreme abuse of the Young Workers Communist League.

Several of the sailors practically told their officers that they were liars, because they had been at meet-

Continued on Page Two

REPORT 5 OTHERS FOUND IN THE FAR ARCTIC WASTES

Icebreaker Searching for Amundson Now

By EUGENE LYONS.

MOSCOW, July 13 (UP). — A tale of triumph of a sturdy Soviet ice ship and hardy Soviet seamen, scientists and navigators over the ruthless, elemental forces of the Arctic was told in messages from the Steamship Krassin which reported today the rescue of all known living survivors of the transpolar dirigible Italia.

This rescue accounted for all of the sixteen men aboard the Italia when it crashed on its homeward journey from a flight over the North Pole, except the six men blown away in the hulk of the dirigible after the commander and nine men had been thrown on the ice from the shattered gondola.

The Krassin sighted the Viglieri group from a distance of three miles —a faded red silk tent and bits of wreckage from the Italia's cabin surrounded by blocks of ice—and sounded its siren.

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MOSCOW, July 13 (UP). — On the last short stage of the most triumphant voyage of rescue in modern history, the Russian ice-breaker Krassin radioed today that she had picked up two dogsled men off North East Land and was proceeding to rescue five men stranded on the coast with their damaged airplane.

In her last brief message, the Krassin wirelessed that she had rescued Capt. Sora and Sefj Van Dongen, who with a dogsled team had gone in search of survivors from the wrecked dirigible Italia.

At almost the same moment, an unconfirmed report from Virgo Bay said that Ludwig M. Varming, third member of the Little Expedition had been picked up with the dogsled team where Sora and Van Dongen had left him, near Cape Brun.

The only other party of known survivors now on the Arctic ice that fought such a long, bitter and for a time winning battle to rescue the victims is that of aviator Chukhnovsky, off Cape Platen. Chuknovsky and four companions crashed after they had flashed back word that they had located Capt. Filippo Zappi and Capt. Adalberto Mariano, of the Italia.

During their vigil on the ice, the two men saw eight airplanes pass over them. They almost went insane, they said, as they waved their blankets and rags vainly, and saw each plane disappear.

Then Chuknovsky's big plane roared over them, turned, circled over them five times, and sped back to the Krassin, its powerful radio crackling out the news of their discovery.

As it pushed its way along the coast to the rescue of the Sora and Chukhnovsky's parties, the Krassin radioed she had aboard seven men brought back from death to life after the wrecking of the Italia.

In describing the rescue it is revealed that two hundred yards away from the two men the Krassin could get no further through the ice. The two men were on a floe 24 feet in width. They were balancing themselves with difficulty on the block

Continued on Page Two

8,000 PORTERS DEMAND STRIKE

Over 8,000 members of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters are due to strike shortly unless the officials of the organization, working together with President Green of the American Federation of Labor, again forestall the move as they did several weeks ago.

Secret strike directions are said to have been issued in concealed envelopes, it became known yesterday. According to A. Philip Randolph, general organizer of the union, who was instrumental in calling off the previous order for a walkout, these envelopes are not to be opened until orders are received from a two-man strike committee composed of Randolph and M. P. Webster, division organizer of Chicago.

Workers and Peasants of Mexico Elected 4 Communists to the Chamber of Deputies

HEADS OF R. R. UNION, PEASANT LEAGUE CHOSEN

Glavan and Laborde are Members of C.E.C.

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

MEXICO CITY, July 13.—The incomplete election returns indicate that four Communist deputies have been elected in Mexico. Among these are Ursulo Galván, leader of the National Peasants League, and Hernán Laborde, leader in the Railwaymen's Union. Both are members of the Central Executive Committee of the Mexican Communist Party.

* * *

The elections now taking place in Mexico, with Obregon slated as the successor of Calles and his victory assured, have thus far resulted in the election of four Communist deputies to the legislature. The National Peasants League, which has a strong Communist faction, and the Railwaymen's Union, many of whose leaders are Communists, are two of the central points of the revolutionary peasants and workers.

The success thus far in the elections for the Communists has surprised the reactionary leaders of the CROM, the Mexican Federation of Labor, who have attempted by all means to suppress the voice of the rank and file of Mexican labor.

Navy Officers Fear The Daily Worker

Continued from Page One

ings of the League and "found them the finest bunch we ever met."

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The Young Workers (Communist) League has sent official protests to the postal authorities and to the naval authorities demanding that the interference with mail sent to sailors be discontinued at once. Recently, many papers to sailor subscribers were returned by the naval officers.

AUSTRALIAN GOVT. DEFICIT.

SYDNEY, Australia, July 13—(UP)—A budget deficit of $13,210,000 for the financial year was announced by the Government today. A surplus of $240,000 had been expected.

More Troops for Wall Stre et's Latin American Colonies

Photo shows the government transport St. Mih iel leaving New York with a detachment of troops for Porto Rico, official property of American imper ialism, and Panama, "unofficial" property of American imperialism. They are going there to preserve "order" and protect "American interests."

2 MORE RESCUED BY SOVIET SHIP

Soviet Flyer Crashes After Finding Men

Continued from Page One

of ice. It was swirling in the churning sea around it. Bit by bit it was breaking up. The errant winds had been driving it to and fro.

Volunteers from the Krassin leaped overboard onto the ice that jammed against the ship. Planks were handed out to them, and one by one the planks were pushed ahead in a path over and between the floes the 600 feet to the party.

In her reports, the Krassin said that Malgrem was dead, and indicated that his body was taken aboard.

But latest reports from the Krassin indicate that the body of the explorer is not aboard and that it has not been found.

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MOSCOW, July 13—(UP)—The Russian ice-breaker Maligin, one of the Soviet boats sent into the Arctic area for Italia relief work, today was ordered to make another attempt to locate the Roald Amundsen Party and then return to Archangel.

The Soviet Committee ordered this last search for Amundsen—who with five aides has been missing since June 18—in the belief the party still might be alive some place in the treacherous, ice bound territory from which seven members of the Italia crew have been brought out alive.

Ford Stole His Invention, Says Worker in Suit

DETROIT, Mich., July 13.—Henry Ford was sued today for approximately $2,000,000 by one of his former workers, who claimed the automobile manufacturer failed to pay him for certain inventions used on Ford cars and tractors.

Antonio Felix Jajalish, the plaintiff, charges that Ford promised to compensate him for improvement made on the fans, used in the Ford car and tractor, and oil pipe, coil box and fuel tank for the tractor.

Pajalich is a native of Istria, in the ancient republic of Venice. He came to America in 1906 and was employed in the Ford factory for six years, much of the time, he said, being in the Ford laboratories at Dearborn.

Foreign Capitalists On Visit to Mussolini

TURIN, Italy, July 13.—One hundred and twenty Italian business men, residing in France, arrived today and were welcomed by the Prefect. They will tour the country under the special supervision of the fascists and will have an interview with Mussolini.

The visit is looked upon as an attempt to save Italy from economic collapse, which has been especially marked during the last year, when banks failed for billions of lire With the aid of foreign capitalists Mussolini will attempt to attain stabilization, it is thought.

37 MILL STRIKE PICKETS JAILED

Workers Sentenced to Six Months Each

Continued from Page Two

till they have won their demands.

Lines of pickets marching to a central point at the south end of the city and moving in increased numbers from 4 o'clock in the morning were enthusiastically cheered by the workers waiting for the whistle at the Fiske, Goodyear and Firestone Tire Fabric Mills. Committees of workers from these mills had asked the Textile Mills Committee to form them into an organization. This is being done, the union stated.

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NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 13.—Over twenty-five English and French workers, members of the Textile Council of the United Textile Workers Union, came to the headquarters of the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee yesterday and requested that a joint meeting of the membership of both organizations be called by the T. M. C. The voluntary delegation declared that the A. F. T. O. members were overwhelmingly dissatisfied with their officials.

This request was complied with and a meeting will be held for A. F. T. O. members at the Potomska St. Hall, Saturday at 10 a. m. Albert Weisbord leader of the National Textile Committee will be one of the speakers.

ORGANIZATIONAL NEED FOR TROY WORKERS URGENT

Worker Says Factory Council Needed

(By a Worker Correspondent)

TROY, N. Y., July 13. — The 900 Cluett Peabody collar workers employed at the Jay St. factory here have won their strike. They have prevented the introduction of a new system of wage-paying which would have meant a reduction of 35 to 50 per cent in the workers' weekly wage.

The strike started spontaneously on Monday morning after the cut had been announced for only one department, the buttonholers. At once every worker in the plant, the majority of them girls, 900 in all, refused to work. All stood solidly behind those who had been affected by the wage slash. No one walked out. Even without leadership, they understood what had to be done. They stayed on the job, came to the factory for three days, but did no work.

Workers Gave Support.

You have won your fight, Jay Street workers! The Workers Party hails your victory as one more proof of the growing fighting spirit of American workers, and young workers.

But, what are you going to do now? Do you think for one minute that Cluett, Peabody and Co. have given up the idea of cutting wages? Not a bit. They are waiting for an opportunity to break your ranks, buy off or fire your leaders and then will come the same cut in different language.

Form Factory Council.

Jay Street workers, you must have a permanent factory workers council. You have the basis for it in the committee just elected to deal with the bosses in this strike. Make that committee a permanent committee.

Form a Jay Street Factory Workers Council. Prepare to defend yourselves against further attacks on your already too low wages, and perhaps to win back the losses of former cuts.

And read the DAILY WORKER. Daily Worker representatives were with you in Troy during the strike. We were ready to help you win your strike had the bosses not given in at once. Wherever workers are fighting for better wages or to prevent any cut in their wages or conditions—the DAILY WORKER is on the job to help them. The DAILY WORKER is the weapon which fights in every struggle of the workers.

How Workers Will Be Murdered in Next War

Photo shows soldiers of the 71st Regiment, which is camping at Camp Smith, Peekskill, N. Y., giving a graphic illustration of the workings of the Kellogg "peace" plan.

GERMAN POLICE SHOOT STRIKERS

Attempt to Break up Textile Walkout

BERLIN, July 13. — The newspaper Allgemeine Zeitung reported from Cattowitz today that 14 workers and two policemen had been wounded in a clash that resulted when police attempted to break up a textile workers demonstration.

ELECTION DRIVE IS INTENSIFIED

Campaign to Win Over Auto Workers

Continued from Page One

literature and campaign advertising material is becoming more pressing daily. Help must come in at once to prevent a slackening down in the work.

Appeal to Workers.

"A special appeal now in preparation will shortly be sent out to 100,000 militant workers and farmers thruout the country. Almost a half million separate pieces of printed material have already been ordered for this job alone. Together with the enormous cost of mailing, this item alone will mount into thousands of dollars, most of which must be paid for on delivery.

"The National Election Campaign Committee appeals to all Communists to help build the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund. Address all communications to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer, National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York, N. Y

POLICE BAN ON TEXTILE STRIKE TAG DAY SCORED

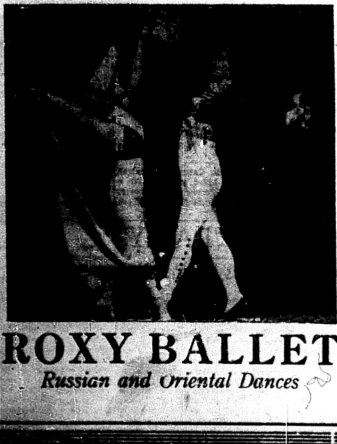
Passaic Relief Body to Defy Order

The action of the Chief of Police of Passaic in withdrawing his previously granted permit for a tag-day for the New Bedford textile strikers relief, was condemned in a statement issued recently by the Textile Strikers Relief Conference of Passaic. It was also learned that the higher officials of the United Textile Workers Union had been very active in getting the police head to rescind the permit. The statement, which is signed by Stephen Milus, Jr., the conference secretary, says in part:

"We are determined to carry on our activity and raise funds in Passaic and vicinity for the New Bedford strikers, despite all attempts to stop us.

"Twenty-eight thousand textile workers have been on strike for 13 weeks—the mill bosses have tried to open the mills Monday morning, July 9, the militia was called out to intimidate the strikers, and the strikers of New Bedford answered the bosses by mass picket lines around 56 mills on strike. The New Bedford Textile Workers Union represents the main body of strikers, the unskilled men and women. In order to win the strike they must be fed. Since when have the Passaic authorities supported strikes? Why are they so anxious now to support Fuller?

"Neither the city authorities nor Fuller cannot deny us our right to help our fellow-workers in New Bedford. We intend to carry out our purpose for which the new Bedford Strikers Relief Conference of Passaic was organized—to raise money for New Bedford, and do everything possible to support them so that they can win their strike."



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NEW DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

V. The Dictatorship of the Proletariat in the USSR and the International Social Revolution

CAPITALIST CRISIS MARKED BY DIVISION OF WORLD INTO TWO ECONOMIES, PROGRAM DECLARES

Proletarian Dictatorship in the Soviet Union is Base of World Revolution

World Workers Must Rise to Defense of USSR in the Event of War

The Programme Commission of the Executive Committee of the Communist International is publishing a DRAFT PROGRAM.

The Commission thinks it its duty to declare that while the text of this draft is of course based on the same fundamental principles as those upon which the draft programme provisionally passed by the Fifth Congress of the Communist International was based, nevertheless, it differs very considerably from that draft. The Program Commission felt that in view of the great changes that have taken place in many important spheres of international life and particularly in the revolutionary movement since the Fifth Congress, it could not confine itself to making merely editorial changes in the original draft. A change has taken place in the form of the general crisis of capitalism; a change has taken place in the relationships between various groups of powers. Great events have taken place, like the great revolution in China, which once again emphasized the significance of the agrarian-peasant question. Great progress has been made in building up socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The struggle between the aggressive capitalist world and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is becoming acute. Fascism is growing and becoming transformed into the terrorist dictatorship of big capital. Social democracy has degenerated into Chauvinist imperialism. The lessons that have been learned by the Communist International in the fight against opposition tendencies and finally the growth of Communism, the fact that the movement has really become internationalized, the new tasks that confront the Communist International as a single organization—all this has inevitably made it necessary considerably to alter and enlarge the former draft.

The general tendency of the changes that have been made is towards more concreteness and greater emphasis upon THE INTERNATIONAL aspects both in the theoretical section as well as in the sections dealing immediately with the struggles of the Communist Parties.

Acting on the decision of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, the Programme Commission, in publishing this draft program, calls upon all comrades to express their opinion and criticism of it in articles, remarks and concrete suggestions. The work done on the program has revealed how difficult it is to embrace in a single document all the problems of the present-day world Communist movement. The question of the program will be one of the central questions at the Sixth Congress. It is essential that sufficient material be collected by the time the discussion of the question takes place at the Congress. The Commission therefore invites all comrades to join in the fruitful discussion of the program.

THE PROGRAMME COMMISSION OF THE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

The principal manifestation of the ofound crisis of the capitalist stem is the division of world onomy into capitalist countries on e one hand and countries building Socialism on the other. Consently, the internal consolidation of e proletarian dictatorship in the SR, the successes achieved in the rk of Socialist construction, the owth of the influence and author- of the USSR among the masses the proletariat and the oppressed oples of the colonies, signify the ntinuation, intensification and exnsion of the international social volution. The proletarian dictarship in the USSR is an important mponent part of the international cial revolution; it is its vanguard d the base for its development.

Possessing in the country the necssary, and sufficient material prequisites for the overthrow of the ndlords and the bourgeoisie as ll as for the establishment of mplete Socialism, the workers in Soviet Republics, aided by the [illegible] proletariat, heroically pelled the attacks of the armed es of the internal and foreign unter - revolution, consolidated ir alliance with the bulk of the santry and have achieved conerable successes in the sphere of cialist construction.

The proletariat was enabled to ake a rapid advance along the ad of socialist construction beuse of the proper contacts it esblished between proletarian Soalist industry and small peasant onomy, which secured the growth the productive forces of agricule and guarantee the leading role Socialist industry; because of the ks it established between Social- industry and agriculture, thus eventing the latter from serving unproductive consumption of rasitic classes; because it proses, not for capitalist profit but order to satisfy the constantly owing needs of the mass of conmers,—which in the last analysis ually stimulates the whole pros of production, and finally because the economic key positions re concentrated in the hands of proletarian State, planned manement acquired increasing sigficance and as a consequence the ans of production are being disibuted more economically and exdiently.

Having raised the productive ces of the whole economy of the ntry to a hihger level and deloping large-scale industry at a e exceeding that of capitalist ntries to establish a financial and onomic boycott, the proletariat of USSR is systematically increas- the share of the socialised (So- [illegible]) section of national economy the total output of means of proction, in the total output of instry and the total trade of the ntry.

[illegible] by manipulating the levers [illegible] trade, of rapidly growing cooperation and the nationalization of the land, State Socialist industry, transport and banking are leading small and minute petty peasant farming in their train, to an ever-increasing extent.

In the sphere of agriculture particularly, the raising of the level of the forces of production proceeds amidst conditions which restrict the process of differentiation among the peasantry (nationalization of the land—and consequently the prohibition of the sale and purchase of land; sharply graded progressive taxes; the financing of poor and middle peasants' cooperative societies and productive organizations; the laws governing the hiring of labor; depriving the kulaks of certain political and public rights etc.). However, in so far as the productive forces of Socialist industry have not yet grown sufficiently to enable a broad new technical base to be laid for agriculture and consequently to enable an immediate and rapid productive combination of peasant farms into large public enterprises—collective farms—the kulak class tends to grow and establishes economic, and later, political contact with elements of the so called "new bourgeoisie."

The proletariat of the USSR holds the principal economic key-positions in the country. It systematically squeezes out the remnants of urban private capital, which has considerably diminished during the last few years of the "New Eoconmic Policy." It imposes all manner of restrictions upon the exploiting strata in the rural districts, which spring out of the development of commodity-money relationships. It draws the bulk of the peasant, simple commodity producers into the general system of Soviet economic organization and consequently into the work of Socialist construction through the medium of rapidly-growing cooperation—which in the conditions of proletarian dictatorship and the economic leadership of Socialist industry is identical with the development of Socialism, and is passing from the process of restoration to the expanded reconstruction of the whole productive and technical basis of the country. Thus, the proletariat of the USSR has undertaken and is adready fulfilling the task of large-scale construction (the production of means of production generally and the development of the heavy industry and electrification in particular) and simultaneously with developing, selling, buying and credit cooperation, has undertaken the task of organizing the peasantry in productive, cooperative societies on the basis of collectivism.

Socialism is already a decisive economic force in the USSR which in the main, determines the whole economic development of the country and by that very fact stimulates still greater progress in its development.

Owing to the technical and economical backwardness of the country and the damage caused during the imperialist and civil wars large capital outlays have to be made for renewals of equipment and developing new enterprises and this places serious obstacles in the path of socialist development. Nevertheless the standard of living of the working class and of the broad masses of the toilers is steadily rising and simultaneously with the socialist rationalization and scientific organization of industry the 7-hour day is being gradually introduced.

Thanks to the economic growth of the USSR and to the growing importance of the socialist section of industry and relying upon the poorer sections of the rural population—while maintaining a durable alliance with the bulk of the peasant population, viz., the middle peasants, the working class, united and led by the COMMUNIST PARTY—which has been seasoned in revolutionary battles, is able to draw increasing numbers of the toilers into the work of building up Socialism. The most important means employed for this purpose are: the development of broad mass organizations (the PARTY, the trade unions, the YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE, co-operative societies of all forms, women's organizations,—for working women and peasant women, various kinds of so-called "voluntary societies," worker and rural correspondents' societies, sports clubs, scientific societies, cultural and educational organizations); encouragement of the initiative of the masses and the promotion of fresh strata of workers to high posts in all spheres of economy and administration. The continuous attraction of the masses into the process of Socialist construction, the continuous renewal of the whole state, economic, trade union and PARTY apparatus by infusing into them workers from the factories, the practice of training workers generally and young workers in particular in the higher educational establishments and special courses, etc., as socialist experts in all branches of construction—serve as a guarantee against the bureaucratic ossification and social degeneration of the proletariat directly engaged in administration.

Having defeated Russian imperialism and liberated all the former colonies and oppressed nations in the Russian Empire the dictatorship of the proletariat in the USSR guarantees not only formal but actual equality for the various nationalities in the Union. It is systematically laying a firm foundation for their cultural and political development by industrializing these territories. It clearly establishes the legal position of the autonomous territories, autonomous republics and allied republics in the constitution of the Soviet Union and carries out to the full the principle of the right of nations to self-determination.

The USSR is the land of the dictatorship of the proletariat and of socialist construction. It is a land in which the working class has won enormous gains and established a close alliance with the peasants. It is the land of a new culture which follows the banner of Marxism Hence, the USSR is inevitably becoming the base of the world movement of all oppressed classes, the centre of the international revolution, the greatest factor in world history.

In the USSR the world proletariat for the first time acquires a real fatherland of its own and the USSR becomes the greatest centre of gravity for colonial movements.

Thus, the USSR is a great factor in the general crisis of capitalism not only becouse it has dropped out of purely capitalist economic intercourse, and has created the basis for the socialist system of production but also because it plays an exceptionally great revolutionary role generally: it is the international driving force of the proletarian revolution, stimulating the proletariat of all countries to strive to capture power. It is a living example of the ability of the working class not only to destroy capitalism, but to build up socialism. It is the prototype of the fraternal relations between all nationalities that will exist in the World Union of Socialist Republics and of the economic unity of all toilers in the single world economy of socialism that the conquest of power by the proletariat in all countries will establish.

The simultaneous existence of two economic systems: the socialist system in the USSR and the capitalist system in the other countries, imposes on the proletarian State the task of repelling the blows showered upon it by the capitalist world (boycott, blockade, etc.,) and at the same time compels it to resort to economic manoeuvres and make use of economic contacts with capitalist countries (by means of the monopoly of foreign trade, credits loans, concessions, so-called "technical aid," etc.). The principal and fundamental line to be adopted in this respect is the establishment of the widest possible contacts with foreign countries within limits determined by the advantages they will bring for the USSR, i. e., primarily for strengthening industry in the USSR itself, for the purpose of laying a basis for its own heavy industry and electrification and finally for the development of its own socialist engineering industry. Only to the extent that the economic independence of the USSR in the midst of a capitalist environment is secured can guarantees be obtained against the danger of the work of socialist construction in the USSR being disturbed and of her becoming an adjunct of the capitalist system

On the other hand, the capitalist states continuously oscillate between their commercial interest in the markets of the USSR and their fear of the growth of the USSR which signifies the growth of international revolution. For that reason the principal and fundamental tendency in the politics of the Imperialist Powers is to encircle the USSR and to conduct counter-revolutionary war against her for the purpose of strangling her and of establishing a world, bourgeois, terrorist regime.

However, the systematic attempts of Imperialism politically to encircle the USSR and the growing danger of military aggression against her to prevent the Communist Party of the Soviet Union,— a Section of the Communist International and leader of the proletarian dictatorship in the USSR,—from fulfilling its international obligations and from rendering assistance to all the oppressed, to the labour movement in capitalist countries, to the movement of colonial peoples against imperialism, and to the struggle against national oppression in all its forms.

As the USSR is the only fatherland of the international proletariat, the principal bulwark of their achievements and the most important factor in the cause of international emancipation, the international proletariat must facilitate the success of the work of socialist construction in the USSR and by all means in their power defend it against the attacks of the capitalist powers.

> **"The world political situation has now brought to the front the dictatorship of the proletariat as an immediate issue and all the events in world politics are inevitably concentrating around one central point, viz: the struggle of the world bourgeoisie against the Soviet Russian Republic, which must group itself around the Soviet movements of the advanced workers of all countries, on the one hand, and all the national liberation movements of the colonial and oppressed nationalities on the other." (Lenin).**

In the event of the Imperialist states declaring war upon and attacking the USSR, the international proletariat must retaliate by the boldest and most determined mass action and struggle for the overthrow of the imperialist governments with the slogan of dictatorship of the proletariat and alliance with the USSR.

In the colonies, and particularly in the colonies belonging to the imperialist countries which are attacking the USSR, it is necessary to take advantage of the diversion of the imperialist military forces to develop the anti-imperialist struggle to the utmost and to organize revolutionary action for the purpose of throwing off the yoke of imperialism and of winning complete independence.

The development of socialism in the USSR and the growth of its international influence not only rouse against her the hatred of capitalist states and their social democratic agents, but they also inspire towards her the greatest sympathy of the broad masses of the toilers all over the world, and stimulate the readiness of the oppressed classes of all countries to fight in defence of the land of the proletarian dictatorship in the event of an imperialistic attack upon her.

Thus, the development of the contradictions within modern world economy, the development of the general capitalist crises and the military attacks of the Imperialists upon the Soviet Union must inevitably lead to a mighty revolutionary outbreak which must overwhelm the capitalist system in a number of so-called civilized countries, unleash the victorious revolution in the colonies, widen the basis of the proletarian dictatorship to an enormous degree and by that carry us a tremendous way nearer to the final world victory of socialism.

(To Be Continued.)

Labor Fakers Admit Mussolini's Union

GENEVA, July 13. — In spite of the protests of workers the International Labor Conference has recognized Mussolini's fascist union and admitted it to the Conference.

The fascist "Union" delegation was headed by Rossini, who at one time headed an anarchist paper in Boston.

4 COMMUNIST EDITORS JAILED

Fascists Hold Militants Incommunicado

GENEVA, July 13. — The former leading officials of the free trades union confederation (Confederazione Generale del Lavoro) and members of the Communist Party have been arrested and tried by the Fascist police in Rome.

Those arrested are: Giuseppe Amoretti, former editor of the "Unita," the legal and official organ of the Communist Party of Italy: Anna Amoretti, his wife: Dr. Girolamo Li Causi, the former responsible editor of the "Unita"; Signora Li Causi; Eduardo D'Onofria, the former editor of the "Avanguardia", the legal and official organ of the Young Communist League of Italy, and Grandi, a former employee of the "Unita."

Although the arrests took place four weeks ago, the friends and relatives of the arrested men and women have not yet been able to secure any information whatever from the authorities concerning the fate of those arrested. No information can be obtained concerning the charges that will be made against the prisoners.

The maltreatment and torture of prisoners which has been made into a system since the explosion in Milan, for which the Fascists were themselves responsible, justifies the worst fears for the fate of the prisoners.

PORTER PROTEST MEETING SUNDAY

Communist Gathering on Boston Common

BOSTON, Mass., July 13. — The Young Workers (Communist) League of Boston will hold a protest meeting on the Boston Commons on July 15, at 4 p. m. for the defense of John Porter, Young Workers (Communist) League militant who is at present imprisoned for his active participation in the New Bedford textile strike, and because of his refusal to serve in the United States Army as a tool of American imperialism.

Two Soap Companies Effect Big Merger

(UP).—Directors of the Palmolive Peet Company and Colgate & Company have agreed to a plan of consolidation of the two firms, subject to action of stockholders. The merger would be effective as of July 1, 1928, if approved, it was announced today.

PLAN ARCTIC STUDY

BOSTON, July 13 (UP).—The U. S. coast guard patrol boat Marion, under command of Lieutenant Commander Edward H. Smith, oceanographer for ten years connected with the North Atlantic ice patrol, left Charlestown Navy Yard today on a cruise to the far north to study icebergs and ocean currents between Labrador and Greenland.

Thousands Hear Noted Mexican Artist Tell About Soviet Union

MEXIÇO CITY, July 13.—Three thousand persons attended a lecture upon the cultural and economic progress of the Soviet Union, given in the auditorium of the National Preparatory School by Diego Rivera, the distinguished Mexican artist.

Rivera recently returned from the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, where he went as a delegate to the celebration of the Tenth Anniversary. After completing his series of murals in the ministry of education, depicting the history of the Mexican workers' and peasants' struggles, Rivera will return to Moscow, where he will decorate the walls of several buildings.

WORKER SCHOOL IN WASHINGTON

Offer Large Variety of Courses

WINLOCK, Wash., July 3 (By mail).—Fifty-two students at the young workers training school here are engaged in the study of class study problems so that they may be of greater service to the labor movement.

The school began June 23 with a program given by the students and teachers. Soon the classes were organized and the students began work.

Subjects taught at the training school this year are sociology, economics, history of the United States (from the workers' viewpoint), theory, practice and organizational forms of the world's labor movement, public speaking, study circles and discussion periods. The study is by no means confined to the class work and visits are made to factories in this section for actual study of conditions.

Many nationalities are represented at the school, including two Letts and one Chinese student. Instructors are from New York, California and Washington.

After the training school for young workers last year considerable progress was made in organizing the Young Workers Communist League in this district, and the school this year is certain to be of considerable value to the revolutionary youth movement on the Pacific Coast.

Catholic Reactionaries Hang Three Mexicans

MEXICO CITY, July 13.—Catholic counter-revolutionists hanged Carasco Sandoval and his brother, Carlos, yesterday. The former was a federal deputy and the latter the mayor of the town Tacambaro.

The Catholic group was lead by Ladislao Medina. Medina and his accomplices attacked a passenger train and captured the brothers.

A catholic priest, Aristeo Pedroza, and his band were defeated in a skirmish with federal troops at La Concepcion ranch near Leon. The catholics fled, leaving behind twenty-one of their dead. Thirteen more were killed when they were ambushed at Atotoniquillo.

WALL ST. LOANS GRIP THE WORLD

Foreign Loans Exceed Record

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Foreign loans during the period from January 1 and July 1 of this year accumulated to over $1,053,164,000, according to the figures of the department of commerce.

This is the first time in American history that capital was shipped at such a rate into other countries, exceeding any previous period and even exceeding the war loans offered for sale in this country during any half year.

The principal borrower is Europe, with Germany as the highest, Canada obtaining largest sums and Latin America running a close third. Latin America, which had borrowed so profusely during 1927, is still borrowing heavily from United States capitalists.

G.O.P. BUYS UP ELECTION VOTE

Vare Elected By Bribe is Accusation

PHILADELPHIA, July 13 (UP).—Less than 24 hours after he testified before the senate committee investigating the election of William S. Vare to the senate in 1926, Frederick Schadt, former deputy tax collector, was arrested and taken before the magistrate he named as the payer of tax receipts for some voters.

In his testimony Schadt said the former republican ward committeeman and present Magistrate Edward J. Connor had paid the tax receipts for some of the voters who registered. Yesterday Schadt appeared before Connor for violation of the peace.

Federal Reserve Bank Raises Rediscount 5%

The advance in the Chicago Federal Reserve Bank rediscount rate Tuesday was met by the New York Bank yesterday after a long meeting. The rate was raised to 5 per cent from 4½ per cent. The latter rate has been in effect since May 18. It is the first time that a rate of 5 per cent has been in effect since Nov. 3, 1921, when the rate was cut from 5 per cent.

Chicago and New York Federal Reserve Banks are the only institutions with a 5 per cent rate.

Woman Badly Burned When Fumes Explode

Mabel Farmer, 22 years old, of 115-68 155th St., Jamaica, is confined to her bed at home with burns she received following an explosion which occurred while she was cleaning a dress in the kitchen of her home yesterday. She was using gasoline, the pilot light in the gas range was burning, and the fumes exploded, starting a fire in the kitchen.

Michigan's Children's Camp Will Open Soon at Cooperative Lake

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 13.—The second annual workers' children camp in Western Michigan will have its grand opening July 22 at the Co-operative Lake. The camp will run for a period of four weeks and will be on a much larger scale than before.

The camp will teach the children cooperative living and will bring them closer to understanding the class struggle. Swimming, field sports, educational work, nature studies, and the conducting of a model Pioneer Group is but a minor part of the program.

In order to make the camp available to all workers' children the fee has been set as $3.50 per week for each child.

Registration can be made any evening at Room 209, 211 Monroe, or 1057 Hamilton N. W. The camp will be in charge of an experienced camp director.

Make Huge Profit

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13.—While the Sante Fe Railroad bought up the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railroad about four years ago and made a profit of $6,000,000, the men working on these systems will have their wages cut so drastically that they will be the lowest paid railroad workers in the country.

When the workers appealed to the Railroad Board of Labor and Mediation, the board meditated. When Coolidge was appealed to, he appointed a board of investigation which reported that the workers were "unjustified" in asking for more money.

U.S.S.R. DENIES GERMAN SPYING

Soviet Berlin Embassy Surprised at Charge

BERLIN, July 13.—The Soviet embassy here yesterday denied knowledge of the existence of espionage in the German aeronautic works by spies working for the Soviet government, as charged by Berlin police. The statement of the Soviet ambassador said that not only had the Soviet government had nothing to do with the alleged espionage, but that it had not heard anything about it until the announcement was made by the Berlin police.

The cause of the charges is the arrest yesterday of Wilhelm Ludwig and two other Germans for their alleged participation in the betrayal of German flying secrets to Moscow.

VESSELS COLLIDE AT SEA

LONDON, July 13 (UP). — The Royal Mail liner Demerara, bound for South America, collided with an unnamed vessel off the port of Lisbon and returned to that city today, the line announced. The accident occurred during a fog. It was not made known what damage was done.

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HANdOuTS

Chiang Kai-shek has just completed weeping at the tomb of Sun Yat Sen. If Sun Yat Sen were alive he would weep over the way Chiang has betrayed the cause of the Chinese masses.

* * *

Yu Vawn Shotts, the baby who gained the attention of the world by talking when she was a few weeks old, already shows some signs of comprehending materialism. The first words she uttered were "Eat! Eat! Eat!"

* * *

Political Tactician

"Musical Charlie" Arnett of Wichita Falls, Tex., plays the concertina to drum up enthusiasm and win votes for Al Smith. Those who have heard Charlie play have been unkind enough to maintain he is in the pay of Herbert Hoover. Al doesn't need a concertina. His instrument is Tammany which plays a melody sweet to the ears of corrupt politicians all over the U. S.

* * *

Louis Rothbard, a lawyer, pleaded ignorance of the law when charged with ambulance chasing. He wouldn't be the first lawyer who knew nothing of the law. This recalls the character in Jack London's story who was a lawyer called "Necessity," because Necessity knows no law.

* * *

Emerald, the class conscious ant, says: "Politicians' relatives on New York payrolls constitute the real army of the unemployed."

* * *

Here's a Kick.

"Ma, Who is it?" "A daughter of the club." "What's she working at?" "Taking the itch out of a new bathing suit." "Is that all the rich do?" "Mercy no! They're very busy spending the time and money they steal from workers." "What has she got her shoes on for." "She's going for a walk. Only fish swim nowadays."

Gems of Learning

* * *

F. Trubee Davison, Assistant Secretary of War, in charge of Aviation says: "...our new attack planes...have demonstrated their high efficiency and our new type of bombing plane...is rapidly replacing other types now in use. The bombing planes to be put in service this year will be even superior to those that were obtained in 1927-28." Isn't that strange. And Secretary Kellogg hasn't said a word about war.

Brig. General John Henry Russell of the Marine Corps, American High Commissioner to Haiti who has just arrived in New York says: "You can go anywhere in Haiti alone and be safe. That is more than you can say for some countries." A jailor can stroll through Sing Sing without much danger.

* * *

Eleanor Boardman, wife of King Vidor, movie director, made a two-months' tour of Europe to track down a new name for her daughter. The name was changed from Joyce to Antonia. When it comes time to teach the young girl to drive an automobile Eleanor will probably take her to a public library.

Frank J. Hogan, lawyer for Col. Stewart, oil man who defied the senate and was recently acquitted: "Justice has been done....It is time the Walshes, Nyes and Norrises should learn that prosecutions of this kind cannot prevail...." It is time.

Col. C. D. Ham, ex-Nicaraguan collector general of customs: "The marines should not be withdrawn after the elections. It makes no difference which side wins." Ham is a hard boiled egg. He knows the marines will stay until U. S. bankers can get everything they can lay their hands on.

MOTHER OF TOM MOONEY GIVEN HUGE OVATION

Hold Picnics, Meetings for Frame-Up Victims

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif. (By Mail). — Mrs. Mooney, mother of Tom Mooney, noted class war prisoner, now in San Quentin, was given a great ovation when introduced by Comrade J. E. Snyder at the annual Bay District I. L. D. picnic, held in East Lake Park on July 4.

The picnic, a joint affair of the I. L. D. locals of San Francisco, Oakland, Berkeley and Richmond was turned into an impressive demonstration in the campaign to "Free Mooney and Billings." This opened the Pacific Coast campaign under the direction of Edgar Owens, organizer of the I. L. D., who was principal speaker of the day.

Mrs. Mooney was visibly impressed with the great ovation of the assembled workers. She expressed her pleasure in this demonstration of labor solidarity and her confidence that such support thru the renewed campaign of the I. L. D. was sure to secure the release of her son Tom Mooney and his Comrade Warren K. Billings.

The social feature of the outing was the singing of the Russian-Ukrainian chorus of San Francisco which was cheered into repeated encores.

* * *

More picnics and public meetings are being turned into demonstrations for the release of Mooney and Billings according to word from the national office of the I. L. D. Those scheduled for the coming weeks are: Cleveland Mooney-Billings demonstration on the public square, July 27; Akron Picnic July 29; New York Outing at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, July 21; Detroit Mooney-Billings International Picnic at Rochester Park, Sunday, August 5.

CAB INSPECTORS LIFT TAXI CARDS

Tammany Officials in New Graft Racket

(Continued from Page One)

card. The chances are ten to one, drivers report, that the mailman has not delivered the mail with his card and he is then told to come back the next day.

Wilful Delay

Hundreds of drivers complain that hack inspectors have held up their cards two and three days before mailing them downtown. One driver, who had left his cab in front of an office building on Park Row, had his card picked up. He had merely gone into the building to wash his hands. When he came out he noticed that his card was missing. A private chauffeur told him that a hack inspector had "lifted" the card. The taxi driver went to the Ook St. police station, where he was told by the captain in charge to go to the hack license bureau. It took this driver three days to get his credentials back. This case is typical.

Hack inspectors who take cards in this way are guilty of larceny and are liable to civil or criminal prosecution. Many taxi drivers, it is said, have paid graft to inspectors for the return of their cards.

Same Story

Another driver stated that his card had been taken from his cab while he was inside a coffee pot on Seventh Ave., Harlem, and declared that it was "just another scheme to mulct graft from us drivers. If a meter seal should break on my clock, and they break quite often, it costs me just one 'buck.' But to get my card back is more expensive. If I only had a 'pound' ($5) I could get my card back from that louse (pointing to an inspector walking in the next block) in thirty minutes. It's just a case of graft, graft, graft."

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Workers Party Activities

Section 7.

Section 7 will hold a Red Sunday for the election signatures drive. Every member of the section is requested to call at section campaign headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Boro Park, Sunday 10 o'clock.

Section 4 Agitprops.

Section 4 Agitprop Directors and Literature Agents will hold a meeting on Monday, 8 p. m. at 143 E. 103rd St. Agitprop directors and literature agents must come to this meeting.

* * *

Brownsville Y. W. L.

An open air meeting at Williams and Sutter Ave. will be held Monday at 8:30 p. m. by the Brownsville Young Workers League. Speakers: Frum, Clark, Gudisman, Lipshitz and Polchack.

* * *

Tuesday Night.

An open air meeting will be held Tuesday at Fulton and Rochester Aves., at 7 o'clock. Speakers: Kaso, Nielman and Williams.

* * *

Friday Night.

An open air meeting at Hopkinson and Pitkin Aves. Speakers: Spector, Stone, Willison, Piaturac and Borts.

* * *

Subsection 3E.

Unit 3E 1F will meet Tuesday, July 17th at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Unit 3E 2F.

Unit 3E 2F, will meet on Wednesday July 18th at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Branch 4, Section 5, Attention!

On account of a very important Party meeting the branch will meet on Tuesday July the 17th instead of Monday.

* * *

Section 7.

Section 7 will hold a membership meeting Wednesday, July 18th, at 8 p. m. at 764 40th St., Brooklyn.

* * *

Subsection 3C.

Units of Subsection 3C will meet Monday at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All units, must elect campaign directors for the election drive. Directors must give report to the executive.

* * *

Section 1.

A meeting of all unit Women's Work Organizers of Section 1 will be held Tuesday, July 17th, 7:30 p. m., at 60 St. Marks Place.

* * *

All Section Campaign managers must hand in reports on signatures and get material needed at the district office on Thursdays of every week.

* * *

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

* * *

Section 2 and 3.

All comrades in Section 2 and 3 are asked to report at section headquarters, 101 West 27th Street, promptly at 12 o'clock today without fail, by order of the District Office. Attendance will be checked.

* * *

Section 2 and 3.

There will be a general membership meeting of sections 2 and 3 on Monday, July 16, 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th Street. All members must attend since very important matters will be taken up.

Labor and Fraternal

Bessarabian I. L. D.

A membership meeting of the Bessarabian I. L. D. branch will be held on Monday, July 9th, 8 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

* * *

Workingclass Women

Council 1 will have a lecture on Tuesday evening, July 17th, 8:30 p. m. at 143 E. 103rd St. The subject to be discussed will be the election campaign. Dr. Hoffer will lecture.

Council 2 will hear a lecture on Wednesday evening, July 18th, 8:30 p. m. at 1400 Boston Road, Bronx. The subject to be discussed will be the election campaign. Lecturer will be announced.

* * *

The District Women's Committee will meet on Wednesday evening, July 18th, 7:30 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square.

* * *

The Executive Committee of the Working Women's Federation will meet on Thursday evening, July 19th, 7:30 p. m. sharp, at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave. in Room 32.

* * *

Workers Culture.

The Workers Culture Club of Bath Beach will have an Outing Sunday, July 22nd, 9 a. m. at 1940 Benson Ave.

Spanish Workers Dance.

This evening at 8:00 p. m. there will be a dance and entertainment, in behalf of the Centro Obrero (Spanish Workers Center), at the headquarters of that organization 55 West 113th St.

* * *

Jewelry Workers Outing.

The Jewelry Workers Welfare Club will hold its first annual outing tomorrow. Those who attend will meet at the Dyckman St. Ferry at 9 a. m.; from there, they will go to the Interstate Park, where an interesting program of entertainment has been arranged.

* * *

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

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CLOAK CHAIRMEN PLAN BIG DRIVE

Boston Workers Spurn Sigman Pledge

Despite a torrential downpour of rain that continued from the time the workers quit their shops and lasted far into the evening, hundreds of cloakmakers came to the first monthly shop delegates conference yesterday, called by the local committee of the National Organization Committee and occupied every available seat in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave.

The meeting of workers' representatives enthusiastically discussed and carried thru a series of measures that will further the fight for the reestablishment of union conditions in the ladies' garment making industry.

Hyman Discusses Situation.

After the meeting was opened by J. Cohen, chairman, Louis Hyman, leader of the National Organization Committee, gave a brief survey of the present status of the cloakmakers in the struggle with the bosses and Sigman.

He ridiculed the new blare of trumpets with which the right wing was heralding a second fake organization drive.

A report by the committee secretary on the work of the Organization Committee of 500, which was organized since the original shop delegates' conference, was then delivered.

Plan for Future Work.

The meeting then adopted a plan for future work, the six major points of which are:

1.—Shop chairmen must join the work undertaken by bringing in complaints to the Joint Board and by reporting information about the open shops in the trade.

2.—An intensive campaign is to be launched to bring workers into the organization with the payment of a fee of $3.30.

3.—The organization campaign shall begin with a mass meeting in the Bronx Stadium, which has a seating capacity of between 15,000 and 18,000.

THE ROUMANIAN WORKERS' EDUCATIONAL CLUB
will hold a
GRAND PICNIC
SUNDAY, JULY 15th
from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. at
WITZEL'S HOTEL AND RESTAURANT GARDEN
Second Avenue and 10th Street at COLLEGE POINT, L. I.
Admission 50c.
Directions: Take "Corona" subway to the last stop (Flushing and Main St.), from there "College Point" trolley car will take you to Second Ave. and 10th St. where you will see the picnic place.
There will be Dancing, Declamations, Speakers and Athletics.

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Special rates to students from the Co-operative House.

SHIRT WORKERS FIGHT WAGE CUT IN PERTH AMBOY

Young Pioneers Give Picket Aid

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., July 13. —The second day of the strike of young shirt workers here finds the ranks holding fast and firm. A large and strong line of strikers picketed the Jaco Co. today. No one has returned to work and all were present at the strike meeting held this afternoon. The Young Workers (Communist) League is actively participating in the struggle of the young strikers.

The publicity committee, elected yesterday, was refused any space in the local newspapers for news of the strike. The one woman, 74 years of age, who remained in the shop, joined the strike, it was learned late last night.

A leaflet was distributed today to all shirt workers in Perth Amboy urging them to join the Jaco Co. strikers in their fight against the wage-cut and against the speed-up. It calls upon all workers to organize into a union, demands the abolition of the wage-cut, a minimum of $20 a week in place of the $3, $5 and $9 average the bosses intend to pay, an 8-hour day, no piece work, jobs back to those fired when the cut came and recognition of the union so that the workers "will be protected against further cuts.

The Young Workers (Communist) League donated $10 of its own meager funds to aid the young shirt workers in carrying on their strike to victory. The Young Pioneers, the children's section of the Young Workers (Communist) League, has decided that it will aid the strikers in their picket work.

FARM WORKERS FOUND DEAD

CHARLES CITY, Ia., July 13 (UP).—William Schmidt, 39, a farmer, and Leland Van Sickle, 24, employed on Schmidt's farm, near here, were found shot to death on the farm today. Whether it was a case of suicide or both were murdered has not been determined.

FOR SALE OR RENT
Furniture suitable for three rooms. Includes two daybeds, one single bed, chest of drawers, gateleg table, two rockers, white kitchen set of table and five chairs, straw carpet, three small rugs, dishes, pots, linen and all the other fixings for a home. Will sacrifice the entre houseful for $75.00. Phone Stuyvesant 1696 and ask for Fannie. May consider renting apartment.

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UNITED PICNIC
For the Benefit of the
EMPROS AND NOR ASHKAR
Under the Auspices of Greek and Armenian Sections of the Workers (Communist) Party
will be held
SUNDAY, JULY 15
at
PLEASANT BAY PARK
ADMISSION 35c CHILDREN FREE
Directions: Take 180th St. Lexington Ave. Subway. Get off at 177th St. Take Union Port Car. Get off at last stop. Those coming by Third Ave. should get off at 180th St. and then take the Union Port Car. Bus rides free.

NOW OPEN
Workers Book Shop
Temporary Headquarters:
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1 Flight Up
Books, Pamphlets, Magazines, on all subjects.
OPEN DAILY UNTIL 9 P. M.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations Attention!
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To Rent
for OFFICES and MEETING ROOMS at the WORKERS CENTER, 26-28 Union Square.
Elevator Service. *Telephone Stuyvesant 1201.*

Wall Street Will Drive Al Smith's Bandwagon

John J. Raskob, vice-president and chairman of the finance committee of General Motors, the greatest open-shop concern in the world, has been chosen by Al Smith to be chairman of the democratic national committee. Thus Al dispels all those malicious rumors that it would be a sour day for Big Business if he is elected to succeed the Wall Street footman, Coolidge. Photo shows a happy family scene: from left to right, front row: Nellie Taylor Ross, "progressive" ex-governor of Wyoming; Gov. Smith, Raskob, Senator Joseph T. Robinson, democratic candidate for vice-president; and Herbert H. Lehman, millionaire banker and finance chairman of the democratic national committee.

GIVE OUT "DAILY" AT BELLAS PLANT

Threats of the manager of the Bellas Hess Suit and Cloak Co., on 24th Street, that he would call the police failed yesterday to break up a distribution of hundreds of copies of The DAILY WORKER in front of the shop or prevent the workers from accepting the paper.

Alarmed by the eagerness with which the workers accepted the paper, the manager appeared shortly after distribution began and threatened to call the police.

By the time a policeman arrived however, all the papers were gone and the baffled officer was finally forced to give up.

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READY MADE SUITS.
Quality—Full Value
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Cor. 18th St.—Tel. Algonquin 2223

YOUTH CONDEMN PLOTKIN ARREST

WINGDALE, N. Y., July 13.—The court sentence against Rose Plotkin, member of the Young Pioneers of America, children's section of the Young Workers' (Communist) League, was protested today by the children of the Workers' International Relief Camp, here Rose Plotkin was arrested in connection with the July 3 demonst tion on Wall Street against Am ican imperialist aggression in Ni ragua. The court ordered her return to Indiana, where her pare live.

The W. I. R. children's can which is situated in Wingdale, N. has its business office at 1 Uni Sq., N. Y. C., and is composed children of workers.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to
The DAILY WORKER
Advertising Dept.
26-28 Union Sq., New York City

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Bakers' Local 1
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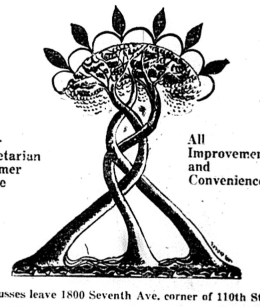

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Workers' children from 5 to 9 years
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MINERS' RELIEF SOLIDARITY FAIR ON AUGUST

Record Attendance i Expected

The National Miners' Re a Defense Week, set for the week July 22nd, will be utilized by N York workers and sympathizers wi the striking miners to mobilize f the huge Miners' Solidarity Fair be held on August 5th at Pleasa Bay Park.

The fair, conducted by the N tional Miners' Relief Committee 799 Broadway, will have an elab ate program of entertainers a athletic events, as well as a lar bazaar.

This is the first outdoor affair miners' relief to be conducted New York City, and a record atter ance is expected. Tickets at cents are now on sale at the off of the Committee, Room 237, 7 Broadway. Organizations purch ing blocks of tickets of one hundr will be given a special reduced r of $20 per hundred, it is announc

International Outing
To Aid Class War Prisoners and Their Families
SATURDAY, JULY 21st, 1928.
PLEASANT BAY PARK, BRONX.
ATHLETICS—JAZZ BAND—OPEN AIR DANCING
GAMES—TORCH LIGHT PARADE—MASS SCENE—REFRESHMENTS.
Movies Will Be Taken at the Park.
Admission 35 cents
Auspices: International Labor Defense New York Section
DIRECTIONS: Take Bronx Park Subway or L to 177th St., then take Union Port Car to end of line. Free busses to park.
TICKETS on sale at: Workers' Center and I.L.D., Room 422, 799 Broadway.

THE BIGGEST EVENT of the YEAR

A PLEASANT JOB FOR LIFE; A SHORT STORY

BY MARTIN MORIARTY

ON the time clock the shuffling old man with the stolid expression of the oldtimer who has served his twenty-one years in the army was Watkins, No. 939. In the paper cable department of Jolson and Killicks, Electrical Enginners, Inc. he was old Sam. When a rush made him excited he shouted too many orders. Then he became bloody old Sam.

But labels, whether from fellow-worker or time clock, did not worry Sam. He plodded round the shop, chewed richly colored plugs of tobacco contentedly, tightened bolts on the cable drums, taking a just pride in the record of Watkins No. 939 who had punched the time clock ten minutes late only once in fifteen years.

Sam was a good worker. So ruthlessly had army discipline been ironed into him that he had learned to do what he was told without question. He had learned to move with the mass without concerning himself over the wisdom of the movement. His life as a soldier had been planned with the precision of a time-sheet, from "reveille" to "lights out." So, if he was asked to get through with a job by 10:30 he would report ready for the next one at 10:25. He would never sneak out two minutes before quitting time to wash his hands. He would wait for the siren. True, like the others he went outside for a smoke in the morning. But the toilet attendant was never obliged to call "939" to remind Sam that his eight minutes were up. Sam was a good worker. . . .

• • •

Sam always swung a wrench in his hand in his wanderings round the shop. His job was to supervise gangs of five or six men as they unwound paper-lapped cable into the pickling tank. At stated periods of the day, in accordance with an instruction slip given him by the shop foreman, Sam would let out the oil in the tanks and adjust the heating apparatus. Then the foreman would give him a gang.

A drum of paper-lapped cable would be pushed into position, and hoisted on a pair of lifting jacks. One man would turn the drum. Another would pull up slack cable. Two others would flake it in the bottom of the tank. Theirs was the worst job. The edge of the tank was hot and sticky with resin and oil. The heat would rise up from the bottom of the tank, making the throat dry and wafting a smell of stale smoked fish in the nose.

• • •

SAM would stand by, giving a hand where necessary. He had a thick, bellowing voice and was not slow to shout when the foreman was around. The gang would either laugh loudly as if they knew how to take a joke, or mutter something about bloody old Sam and what he could do with his cable drums. For even though he had the patience of stolidity, he could become irritated by trifles. If a new man wanted to tie a tag on a cable end, Sam would tell him to get out of the way. He liked to tie the tag himself.

Newcomers to the factory would find Sam interesting and amusing. They would wonder sometimes at his absorption in a world of wrenches and cable drums. If they wanted to razz him, they would quote the remark of an office clerk who once said that Sam's coming was heralded half an hour in advance. He did possess rather a full nose. It was broad and pugnacious. It was the nose of a private who had drunk beer in the army canteen for twenty-one years.

His eyes were pale blue and watery—the eyes of the city, dull, lifeless, seeing nothing but cable drums, wrenches and time sheets. His misshapen teeth were stained a dull brown from chewing many plugs of tobacco. Two front teeth were missing, which accounted for a slight lisp in his bellowing voice. The few strands of colorless hair on his head were brushed into a military quiff. The "quiff" would show beneath the peak of the old cap thrown on the back of his head.

For fifteen years Sam had obeyed orders, tightened bolts and organised vacuum tank gangs till he performed his job as naturally and mechanically as he shined officers shoes and cleaned latrines in the army.

• • •

THEN the job changed.

Jolson and Killicks had made handsome profits for several years. Engineers were reorganizing the shop machinery. New equipment did better work with less men. On the latest model paper cable lapping machines electric clocks were installed. They stopped when the machine stopped. On a slip of paper attached to the clock the driver wrote down the reason for the stoppage. Four speed men were fired—they were no longer necessary.

Huge vacuum tanks were built in place of the old, and in the great work of re-organization Sam was called upon to fit in. He had to empty the oil from the tanks just as before. When cable was ready for soaking he signalled Jack the crane driver. While Jack was coming he swung open the doors of the new tanks. Two men slung the cable drum to the crane hooks. They helped guide it into position as the crane lifted the drum into the tank. Then they would go, and leave the rest to Sam.

The wrench was still Sam's crucifix. He closed the doors and tightened up every bolt from the bottom to the top of the tank religiously. He would kneel on the concrete floor to tighten the lower bolts. To get to those at the top he would use a ladder.

• • •

THE taste of noon-day beer was still in Sam's mouth as he climbed the ladder on Monday afternoon. He drew his hand across his mouth reminiscently before he started working with the wrench. The bolts were good and and tight. Up one step. Tighten. Another step. Turn. His head was nearly level with the crane rail.

Jack the craneman was busy. The foreman had bawled him out for punching in after second siren after lunch. Everyone wanted him. He slammed the controller of the crane to high as the lead press man signalled.

Sam was at the second bolt from the top. They had good beer at the Brown Bear. Turn wrench. Try the Bear again tomorrow. "Look out Sam!" someone yelled.

Jack was too slow with the brakes. The iron girder of the crane smashed into Sam's face as he turned around. The edge of the girder sliced off the tip of his nose like a razor blade as the crane was slowing down. The blood gushed from his forehead and eyes and nose and he felt the crunch of breaking teeth. The wrench hit the concrete floor with a little clang. He dropped, shrieking in agony. But he got up, pointing a trembling finger to Jack, while the blood soaked into his shirt, "Oh, you b——!" he shrieked. "You done it!" You done it! You mad b——!" Then he fainted.

A machine driver brought an old sack for him to lie on. It was greasy and stank of oil and resin. Then the ambulance came.

• • •

SAM was off work six months before he swung the wrench again. The surgeon had left some of his nose. There was a big scar on his forehead which showed up white against the yellow skin. His eyes watered a lot, and he had to bathe them with boracic every night. And once, when he was working night shift, he found Ted the wire-winder pouring tea in his cup. "Don't use that cup, Ted," he said. "I just washed me eye in it." "Oh Christ," Ted said, and vomited.

The suggestion of the lisp was gone—he had no teeth. And he was no longer the loud mouthed old b—— Sam. He became old Sam. His voice was thin and piping, like the voice of an old man selling shoelaces on the market square.

The machine driver who put the sack under him would tell the story to every new man told off to help him.

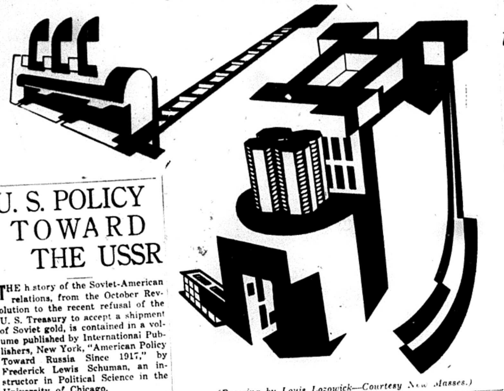
"What compensation did he get?" he was asked one night.

"Ah, he got compensation while he was out. When he came back the firm offered him a lump sum or a job for life. He took the job for life. Sam always wanted a steady job."

Huge Air Program is Planned by Japan

LONDON, July 13. (UP). — A Daily Mail dispatch from Tokio reported today that the Japanese war department had decided upon a new five-year aerial defense program that would cost $15,000,000.

Spirit of Industrialism



(Drawing by Louis Lozowick—Courtesy New Masses.)

U. S. POLICY TOWARD THE USSR

THE history of the Soviet-American relations, from the October Revolution to the recent refusal of the U. S. Treasury to accept a shipment of Soviet gold, is contained in a volume published by International Publishers, New York, "American Policy Toward Russia Since 1917," by Frederick Lewis Schuman, an instructor in Political Science in the University of Chicago.

The author traces the gradual development of American policy from blockade and armed intervention in 1917-1918 to the pretended policy of "Trade Without Recognition" in 1928. In conclusion, the policy of the United States toward the Soviet Union is summarized as follows:

"The United States, alone of the world powers, has refused recognition and has acted upon the assumption of the impossibility of peaceable intercourse and the inevitability of conflict. . . . Few would contend that the American government has handled the Russian problem since 1917 in a manner to contribute to international peace and understanding. Its past behavior, though intelligible to the American student as a natural manifestation of the fear and aversion with which the dominant class of one social order views another which casts its sacred idols in the mire and threatens it with destruction, can appear to Russians only as an incomprehensible combination of muddle-headed stupidity and scheming malevolence. Its present policy, like that of the Baldwin cabinet in Great Britain since May, 1927, rejects all hope of peace and reconciliation and proclaims implacable war between capitalism and Communism until one has destroyed the other or both have destroyed civilization between them."

• • •

THE recent attempts of Secretary of State Kellogg and Under-Secretary of the Treasury Mills (Hoover's lieutenant) to assert that the policy of non-recognition is no obstacle to commerce are refuted by the actions of the state department and the treasury department, respectively, in opposing Soviet credits and refusing to accept Soviet gold. The author points out that the recent gold rejection, "like the ban on long term loans, constitutes an important qualification to the official policy of 'trade without recognition.'" "The official position maintained at Washington, that non-recognition does not constitute an obstacle to commerce, is therefore not in accordance with the facts."

The Story of Sacco and Vanzetti in Literature

By WALT CARMON

THOUGH the monstrous murder of Sacco and Vanzetti occurred only one year ago, there is already a substantial and growing literature to remind us of the facts of their innocence, their courage, their loyalty to the working class and the great movement of world labor in their behalf. Workers will find in this literature much interest and much inspiration for their activity in the struggle.

"The Life and Death of Sacco and Vanzetti," by Eugene Lyons, is dramatic reading. It is the complete story of the two workers who came from Italy to the "land of opportunity," their struggle for a livelihood, their activity in the labor movement and finally their judicial murder.

"Sacco and Vanzetti—Labor's Martyrs," by Max Shachtman, presents just as dramatic reading, with a sharper working class viewpoint.

John Dos Passos, noted poet and playwright, wrote of the frame-up more briefly in a pamphlet, "Facing the Chair."

"The case of Sacco and Vanzetti," by Felix Frankfurter, is a lawyer's analysis of the evidence and facts.

All of these have much of interest for the worker. Here is the history, the evidence, the drama and the lessons of the great crime. But poetry and art were also effected. Stirred by the fierce struggle between the oligarchy and the workers for the lives of Sacco and Vanzetti, Fred Ellis, noted staff artist of The DAILY WORKER, for a full month preceding the execution, contributed a series of powerful cartoons that attracted attention not only throughout the country, but in Europe and Latin America as well. These drawings are issued in the collection, "The Case of Sacco and Vanzetti in Cartoons."

"An Anthology of Poetry on Sacco and Vanzetti" contains but little of value. Editing and most of the poetry coming from writers far removed from the labor movement, their horror is expressed in purely humanitarian approach. It does, however, include some good verse which appeared in the radical press, particularly "Murder at Midnight," by A. B. Magil.

Motion pictures of those stirring days have been ordered destroyed. The ruling class wants no visible evidence of their black deed. The daily press accounts and magazine articles must be found in the files of libraries. This literature, meager as yet, but growing, will serve as labor history to remind us ever of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti—two martyrs of our class.

• • •

The Life and Death of Sacco and Vanzetti. By Eugene Lyons. International Publishers. $1.50.

Sacco and Vanzetti—Labor's Martyrs. By Max Shachtman. International Labor Defense, New York. 25 cents.

Facing the Chair. By John Dos Passos. Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee, Boston. 50 cents.

The Case of Sacco and Vanzetti. By Felix Frankfurter. Little, Brown & Co., Boston. $1.

The Case of Sacco and Vanzetti in Cartoons. By Fred Ellis, DAILY WORKER, New York. 25 cents.

Anthology of Poetry on Sacco and Vanzetti. Workers Library Publishers (distributors). 25 cents.

"Everyone in Moscow Now Buys Books"

By CLARINA MICHELSON

ALL Moscow is buying books. The annual two weeks' "Book Market" is on. On a long boulevard stretching from the statue of Pushkin to the statue of Timiriasev are over 100 gaily decorated booths where books are being sold—scientific books, children's books, works by Lenin, French magazines, books on economics, books on the theatre, books of poems, books of cartoons, English Tauschnitz editions, books on the radio, the new Soviet Encyclopedia, old books, new books, books on every conceivable subject.

An orchestra is playing. Some children are dancing. Others are digging in a large sand pile. Red streamers stretched across the boulevard read: "Books are needed as much as bread." "Without books man is blind." "Without books workers are slaves." Up and down the workers, men and women, looking, buying, reading.

STEEL WORKERS CALL OFF 7 YEAR STRIKE

NEWPORT, Ky., July 12 (FP).—The steel strike of Newport, begun July 7, 1921, is over. It was called off after exactly 7 years of struggle, ending in defeat for Locals 5, 15, 16 and 17 of the Amalgamated Assn. of Iron, Steel & Tin Workers. The fight was waged for union recognition. The Andrews Steel Co. and the Newport Rolling Mill Co. were ready to recognize Local 5 of the skilled steel workers but would not recognize the semi-skilled and unskilled in the other locals of the union. All the 1900 workers struck together.

Governor Sends Tanks.

It was a winning strike until Gov. Morrow of Kentucky sent armored tanks and machine gun companies to Newport. Homes of strikers were riddled with bullets, tanks rode down pickets. Federal Judge Cochran granted injunctions that set a new record for judicial oppression though they have been surpassed since by many other state and federal judges. Gunmen ran wild.

"Our" Government.

Morrow's political career in Kentucky did not last long after that but the Harding-Coolidge national administration rewarded his services to the steel trust by putting him on the rail labor board. When the railroad unions succeeded in having the board abolished Coolidge put Morrow on the rail mediation board under the Watson-Parker act.

The steel workers, out for 7 years, will try to regain their old jobs. The companies are said to be willing to rehire a considerable proportion.

Workers of Two Trains Escape Death

SHELBURNE FALLS, Mass., July 13 (UP). — Members of two train crews escaped injury here today when a locomotive and eight cars were derailed at the Shelburne Falls station of the Boston and Maine Railroad.

A Troy-Deerfield freight train was standing near the station when a Mechanicsville-Ayer freight train crashed into it. Several cars were demolished and their contents thrown against the station, one end of which was considerably damaged.

FASCIST POLICE TORTURE WOMAN

KISHINEFF, Rumania, July 13.—After being submitted to cruel tortures for three days by the Rumanian police to extract "information," Mme. Kollantay, aunt of the Soviet ambassador to Norway, was declared insane and taken to an insane asylum in a straitjacket.

She was arrested in connection with the murder of an editor of a monarchist newspaper, and the Rumanian police took this as an opportunity to attempt to make her "talk." The information extracting torture was so severe, that either she really became insane or was declared so by the police in order to get rid of her after their false charges.

She was charged with lodging a Soviet spy in her house, and was therefore considered by the police as a person who had much desirable information.

McGarry Forces Mine Strikers Back to Work

WILKES-BARRE, July 13—Frank McGarry, so-called insurgent president of district No. 1, forced miners of the Florence Colliery working under the Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Valley Coal Mining Co., at Dupont to go back to work, stating that grievances would be taken up by him with the representatives of the same company.

DRAMA

Theremin, Volpe, Roxy Ballet to Feature Big Concert Tonight

THE program of the massive concert and entertainment, to be given tonight at the Coney Island Stadium, will be divided into three parts. Arnold Volpe and a symphony orchestra of fifty musicians from the major orchestras of the city; the Roxy Ballet, directed by I. Nelle, and Prof. Leon Theremin, the noted and brilliant Russian inventor.

Arnold Volpe will lead his orchestra in the following program: the Coronation March from Meyerbeer's opera, "The Prophet"; the famous Rienzi Overture of Wagner, "Caucasian Sketches" by Ippolitow-Ivanov, Fantasy from Bizet's opera, "Carmen," and the popular "Marche Slave" by Tschaikovsky.

The orchestral numbers will be followed by the Roxy Ballet under the direction of I. Nelle. The numbers include popular Gypsy dances and the Mazourka from Delibes' ballet, "Coppelia" and a group of dances from Gounod's opera "Faust." Other numbers will follow later in the evening.

Prof. Leon Theremin, the world-famous scientist and inventor, called the Russian Edison, will be reserved for the climax of the evening's entertainment. Theremin will again demonstrate his remarkable invention by which he draws music out of the air, and will play both solos and with orchestra accompaniment. In the solos he will be accompanied on the piano by Arie Abileah.

His solo numbers will be "Night" by Rubinstein and Etude by Scriabine. With orchestra accompaniment he will play Golterman's Concerto in A Minor and Saint-Saens' famous composition, "The Swan."

"STARK LOVE" AND "MOANA" AT CAME OTODAY

Beginning today the Film Arts Guild is presenting at the Cameo Theatre for its revival showing "Stark Love," the motion picture of life among the southern mountaineers, which is actually portrayed by the natives. This film which was directed by Karl Brown, is being shown coincidentally with its release in Europe where it received an excellent reception in all the continental capitals.

The companion film to "Stark Love" is Robert J. Flaherty's cinema of the South Sea Islands, "Moana." On the same program the Film Arts Guild has exhumed from private vaults some unique examples of the earliest films ever taken including what is reputed to be the very first motion picture ever "shot," that called "The Charge of the French Brigade." This selection is particularly notable because it contains the very first screen test ever submitted to by Charlie Chaplin. In the short space of about fifty feet we see Charlie exhibiting his famous waddle-walk and shoulder-shrug, which was later to convulse the nations and to give him the first universal niche in the motion picture hall of fame.

League Worries CMTC Officers

FORT EUSTIS, Va., July 13. — The first lecture given to the Citizens Military Training Camp recruits here was devoted to denunciation of letters sent to those going to the camps by the Young Workers (Communist) League in Philadelphia.

C. M. T. C. recruits were warned of the danger of reading radical literature, and all who believe in the rule of Morgan were called upon to defend "their" institutions against the "Reds."

The letters, which worry the military authorities so much, pointed out to young workers going to the camps the role of the CMTC and the nature of the preparations for new imperialist wars.

Labor Fakers Brew Votes for Wall St.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 13 (U P).. — The executive board of the International Union of Brewery, Flour, Cereal and Soft Drinks Workers has endorsed Gov. Smith for president.

The board denounced the present republican administration because it is committed to destruction to local government through attempted enforcement of the Volstead act, unwarranted invasion of personal rights, destruction of the principles of personal liberty and destruction of home life and child welfare.

HEADS THE ROXY BALLET AT MASSIVE CONCERT

I. Nelle, noted and talented dancer will appear with the famous Roxy Ballet in the special concert at the Coney Island Stadium this evening.

4 British Airplane Workers are Killed

LONDON, July 13. (UP). — Four persons were killed today when a small, single engined Imperial Airways plane crashed at Purley, the Imperial Airways announced.

All of those killed were employes of the Croydon airdrome.

Early reports said that the plane, generally used to carry baggage on the London-to-Continent air route, had been taken out by several members of the Croydon staff. Those in the plane included two women, and three men besides the pilot.

CANNON EXPLOSION KILLS 10.

BUDAPEST, July 13.—(UP)—Ten soldiers were reported killed and several wounded when a cannon exploded at the artillery proving grounds at Hajmasker.

AMUSEMENTS

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Assistant Editor..............WM. F. DUNNE

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Signs of Coming Storm

The crash of the stock market for a record drop since the declaration of the World War in 1914 following upon an almost equal drop a month ago undoubtedly points to certain significant forces at work both in the financial and industrial structure of American capitalism. These are not yet basic, but they cut both deep and wide.

Primarily the present developments are connected with gold movements and with credit operations. But these in turn are directly related if not entirely determined by the increasing surplus of goods which the American market is unable to absorb and the continued disparity betwen agricultural and industrial wages.

Under the theory that "easy money," that is easy credit, would by facilitating borrowing for commercial purposes, increase business and maintain "prosperity," the Federal Reserve System has since the war adhered to a policy of a low rediscount rate. Whether or not the ruling finance capitalists who operate through the Federal Reserve Bank and through it control practically the world economic structure, really believed that they could by this means solve the fundamental contradiction of capitalism, the inability of the masses under a money economy to buy back the product which they create, is not important. The program of encouraging business by tremendous credit extensions, installment buying, low discount rates, nevertheless, met with the inevitable wall of the surplus value which the working masses do not, of course, receive and which the capitalists cannot consume.

Rising unemployment, an increasing disparity between agricultural and industrial prices, forced a change in policy about the middle of last year. A qualified restriction of credit effected by an increase in the rediscount rate was adopted. At the same time the Federal Reserve Bank dumped hundreds of millions of government securities on the market with the object of absorbing free funds in use for either speculation or excessive business operations. The heavy export of gold used to stabilize European currencies, particularly that of France, has acted similarly to restrict the basis of credit operations in this country.

None of these have suffered to solve the inevitable contradictions of capitalist economy. The stock market not now as indicative of basic conditions as in the past, nevertheless, in its record crash reflects the play of fundamental processes. Referring to the sudden spurt in call money which rose to 10 per cent on the stock market on Monday July 2, Emerson Wirt Axe, writing in the "Annalist" of July 6th declared:

> "Under normal conditions money does not go to 10 per cent even temporarily. It is high time that the public realized that we are faced today with a credit situation nearly as dangerous as that of 1906 or 1920."

Finance capital in the United States still believes there is a way out of the growing disparity between agricultural and industrial prices: depression in wages of labor. American policy in recent weeks has been devised specifically to increase the value of gold with the ultimate aim of depressing the wage scale and thus restoring parity between the farmer and the wage slave.

It is an elementary proposition in Marxian economics that this device will only add to the existing contradictions by creating larger surpluses which the "market" cannot consume.

American capitalism is not yet facing a major crisis but it will have its hands full with the growing youngster.

Those Bolsheviks —

Seven men, given up as lost in the ice-deserts of the north, have been rescued by the Soviet ice-breaker, Krassin. After weeks of heart-breaking effort, of petty rivalry among various "humanitarian" capitalist countries, it remained for an aviator of the Soviet Union, Chukhnovsky, and a Soviet ship to effect the rescue of the fascist Nobile party.

The policy and tactics of the Soviet Union thruout this rescue work have been in striking contrast to the behavior of the capitalist nations. The expedition of Gen. Umberto Nobile into the north was hardly actuated by scientific motives. It was primarily an inflated publicity stunt for the greater glory of Italian fascism and Gen. Nobile himself. Yet when it became definitely known that the Nobile party had met with disaster and was in danger, the Soviet Union immediately offered the resources at its command in the rescue work. The original aims of the expedition had failed miserably. Only the practical task of saving 16 human beings now remained.

What co-operation did it receive from the rescue parties of other countries? None at all. The Soviet government proposed that a central commission be formed to direct the rescue work in an organized fashion. The fascist Italian government and the governments of the countries that had sent out rescue parties refused. It would have been too great a concession for the capitalist nations for them to accept the plan of their hated enemy, the first workers' and peasants' republic.

And when Lieut. Lundborg, the Swedish aviator, finally succeeded in locating one group of the lost expedition, whom did he rescue? The fascist Gen. Nobile, leaving the others to shift for themselves.

Now even the capitalist press is forced to praise the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin and the heroic aviator, Chukhnovsky, who has himself been temporarily stranded with his companions. It is a bitter pill for the capitalist countries to swallow. The Krassin is proceeding with the rescue work. Seven men have been saved and another party is reported to have been sighted.

Meanwhile the toll of this grandiose fascist expedition thus far is two known dead, with 15 others, including the Amundsen rescue party, still lost—perhaps forever.

Marine Life in Nicaragua

Capitalism has little gratitude for those who do its dirty work. Soldiers may be "heroes" when there is a shortage of cannon fodder, but after the bosses' profits are safe the brave are but rubbish cast aside.

The life of servicemen in Nicaragua, revealed by a letter from a marine, published a few days ago in The DAILY WORKER, illustrates the gratitude of Wall Street to those who defend its investments.

Visions are presented to the young workers of the delights to be enjoyed in Nicaragua. When on arrival he finds himself actually a prisoner with no prospect of release, the glitter of abstract soldiering turns into the dross of reality, when the recruit finds himself forced to carry ninety-four pounds of equipment thirty miles daily thru mud knee deep, to replace oxen in pulling supply wagons the enchantment borne of distance and the lying tongue of a recruiting officer soon fades.

These marines learn to know the facts of their actual conditions, but few realize that when they are fighting against the freedom of Nicaragua they are continuing their own enslavement.

The two marines who deserted the imperialist forces of intervention to join the army of Sandino pointed out the only road to their freedom and followed the true interests of the servicemen who have been sent to Nicaragua by Wall Street.

TORTURE USED IN INDIAN PRISONS

LONDON, July 12.—Writing in the Communist newspaper, Workers' Life, George Allison, who recently was released from prison in India, tells of prison conditions there.

Allison, an English miner, went to India to help trade union organization. To prevent his activities among the Indian workers, Allison was imprisoned 18 months on a technical charge of violating passport regulations. He served his sentence in the Yeravda prison, near Poona.

Breakfast of "Kunji."

Were the conditions of the "white" prisoners are much better than those of the natives, they were subjected to extremely harsh treatment and brutal tortures.

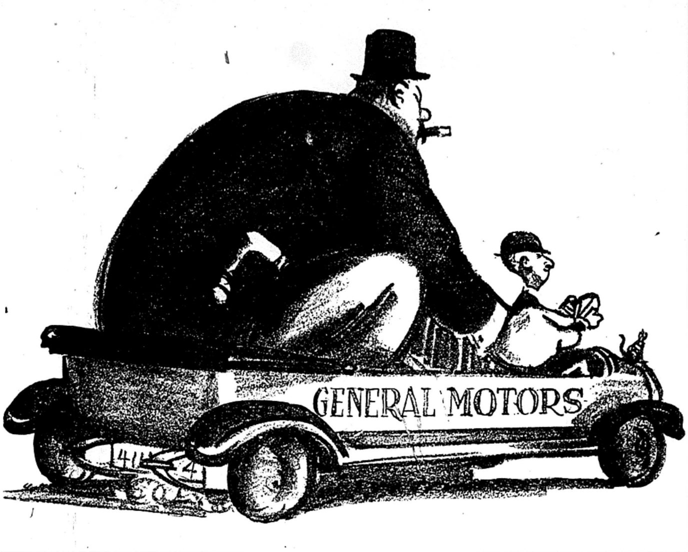
They rose at 6 every morning were given thirty minutes' drill and then breakfeast of "Kunji." During the rest of the day, until 4 o'clock, they worked in their cells. The work, for the most part, consisted of grinding meal between two small millstones, making envelopes and making quinine tablets. At night, during most of the period Allison was confined, there were no lights in the cells.

Use Salted Rod.

For the slightest excuse, the prisoners were punished by flogging, being forced to wear clothing next to the skin made of coarse sacking, and to work with iron bars fastened to the legs from ankles to the waist. On some occasions, as many as 30 prisoners were flogged in one day. The victims were tied to a triangular wooden frame, their arms stretched upwards, and flogged with a salted rod. Among the "crimes" for which such punishments are given is that of having a pencil.

MORGAN, BACK-SEAT DRIVER

By Fred Ellis



Racketeers of Justice

Lawmakers as Lawbreakers and Why They Are Out of Jail

(EDITORIAL NOTE: The following letter written to The DAILY WORKER by Charles Bright, an engineer and former builder, who has fought crooked judges, officials and politicians and "money power" their master, big business and other servants of big business for many years, is timely in connection with the arrests of our comrades for their participation in the July 4 demonstration in Wall Street.)

• • •

Editor, DAILY WORKER:
Sir:

From the daily press and The DAILY WORKER I gather that Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for the United States senate, was assaulted by the police and dragged by the heels from an automobile when making an address near the corner of Broad and Wall Sts., New York City, against the imperialist acts of our president in waging an illegal and unauthorized war carried on at the behest of interested American capitalists, schemers, and their political tools against that part of the patriotic people of a weak and almost defenseless nation. Nicaragua who object to and resist such invasions of their sovereignty—people who refuse to acknowledge the authority of Diaz, a former clerk of these foreign capitalists, to act as president of Nicaragua.

Acts of Terrorism.

This man Diaz, they declare, has been unconstitutionally seated there by the money and armed forces of foreigners, and is now sustained in power by the military forces of the United States and principally by their acts of terrorism in dropping bombs from their places of vantage and safety in the American military planes above, upon the homes of these patriots and their non-combatant women and children, and upon their heads in the brush where they rush for shelter and safety should they unfortunately make any movement that would indicate the presence of an animal or human being to the American military aviators above.

The daily press further stated that the candidate for the U. S senate was charged at the police station with the offense of speaking without a permit. From the same sources I learned that when Minor attempted to exercise his legal rights to address the court after Magistrate Maurice H. Gottlieb had pronounced the sentence of $25 fine or five days in jail, he was manhandled and forced into prison.

Misconduct of Police.

Upon these two points, "Arrests for speaking without a permit," and "misconduct of police magistrates of the city of New York in denying accused parties their legal and constitutional rights and fair hearing." I happen to be a qualified expert and perhaps New York's most successful expert judging by results. For I have won out in the end in every case, either at the station house, or in a dozen cases tried out at the police courts, and in one case of alleged criminal libel tried out before a jury for nine days in the Court of General Sessions, all ending with "not guilty."

In each case I traced the false arrest or interference back to its source. In the beginning I always found the arrest was due to the agents of the crooked judges, officials and lawyers whom I am exposing for conniving with the Rockefeller group in putting through the courts a series of frauds.

These criminal acts are now the subject matter of an action pending and brought by me in the supreme court of Queens county against the Rockefellers, certain judges, and others for damages for their guilty participation in said frauds.

Improper Influences.

Of late I have found that I was interfered with and molested and even arrested but the charges not accepted at the precinct station, not only because of the above mentioned improper influences, but because I was interfering unwittingly with certain "Racketeers of Justice," or what might be described in short as the "graft" of certain magistrates, police court clerks, prosecuting attorneys and officials and a few police officers and the politicians or district leaders, or their captains, lieutenants and aides, and other accomplices involved.

In the Bronx I have just completed gathering the necessary legal evidence against a magistrate, a prosecuting attorney, a clerk of the court, a police sergeant, detectives and others who utilize the West Farms Police Court as a base from which they work this racket.

"Absent" Officials.

I am forced to go slow because the district attorney of the Bronx is absent on vacation, likewise his assistant Mr. Ryan. Then the Commissioner of Police Warren is hard to see on such matters. The acting mayor objects to go into such matters while the mayor is absent and the mayor is not expected before August. So we are now preparing to lay it before Governor Smith who has the power of removing the district attorney for negligently failing to act after being advised of these violations of the criminal law and who likewise can act should Mayor Walker fail to compel the police commissioner to do his duty.

Since I have unwittingly interfered with and spoiled the graft of these Racketeers of Justice, I am suffering a new form of molestation as a result of a conspiracy in violation of Section 19 of the U. S Criminal Code to feloniously prevent me, among other things, from exercising my legal rights under the first and fourteenth amendments of the constitution to circulate and obtain signatures to a petition to congress of the Equality League, Inc. for investigation and impeachment of certain federal judges.

This new hostile spirit was manifested as soon as a late copy of my magazines "Vigilante" and "The Vigilant American" disclosed the fact that the sheriff of New York was involved and that some of the big "higher-ups" in Tammany had been influenced by George Gordon Battle, the "liason officer" employed by the Rockefeller group in procuring certain democratic magistrates, judges, and district attorneys and officials of justice to misconduct matters officially before them. I am sending you several issues of my magazines that contain these charges as well as part of the incriminating documentary evidence to sustain and prove my charges.

While police headquarters admit that I have the legal right to do what I am doing, and the manner in which I am proceeding, it is obvious that the police department heads are woefully inefficient and incompetent, or that they are not acting in good faith.

At any rate, they are not able to stop the unlawful acts, illegal molestations and uncalled for interferences of their patrolmen, sergeants and officials, and with the evidence our Vigilantes have now collected, I can not resist the conclusion that it is but the carrying out of a criminal conspiracy to injure, threaten, coerce and intimidate me and others associated with me in the exercise of our legal rights in violation of section 19 of the Criminal Code which makes such offenses punishable with 10 years imprisonment and $5,000 fine.

Distort Law.

This law was originally passed to suppress the activities of the Ku Klux Klan, but now covers all conspiracies against the legal rights of citizens. I note that while Police Commissioner Warren is quick to take action against assemblage and processions of the K. K. K., he is practically inaccessable when a citizen wishes to end the criminal practices of certain members of his force when operating in collusion with certain "Racketeers of Justice."

(Signed) CHARLES BRIGHT.

Told You So

The Workers (Communist) Party will regard the Communist vote cast in the next elections as a barometer of the revolutionary temperature of the masses, but campaigning for votes for the sake of votes is not on its agenda. A glance at The DAILY WORKER or any other Communist organ proves this. The Party concerns itself with the miners' strike, with the textile workers' strike, with the fight to release class war prisoners, with the organization of the unorganized, and with the many other burning issues that face the American workers today.

The Communist Party participates in the elections in order to mobilize the masses for struggle, to expose capitalist democracy, and to teach them that only thru a revolutionary struggle can capitalism be abolished. Nevertheless, when it nominates its candidates for the various legislative bodies, it intends to strive to the utmost to have them elected, in order that these legislative bodies may be used as a forum from which to advocate the overthrow of the capitalist system.

• • •

The socialist "New Leader" boasts that Herr Hermann Mueller, the German socialist leader, has succeeded in organizing a cabinet tho this cabinet includes only four socialists out of a total of eleven. What a victory! Is it not surprising that the old monarchist worshipper, Von Hindenburg, should approve this selection?

• • •

The British labor party, headed by the socialist MacDonald, has issued its platform, which declares its approval of American imperialism by endorsing the fake Kellogg peace treaty. It should not be forgotten that it was during the premiership of MacDonald that the Dawes Plan was fastened on Germany with the valuable assistance of MacDonald. International socialism is all things to all imperialisms.

• • •

Every dollar contributed to the Communist Election Campaign Fund will help to bring the workers a step nearer to a Workers' and Farmers' Government, which means the rule of the workers and farmers with the capitalists having the choice of going to work or quietly starving. There can be no solution of the class struggle short of this. Leaders may sell out to the enemy, but the great mass of the workers and farmers cannot be bribed by the capitalist class. There are too many of them.

In this campaign the Workers (Communist) Party will mobilize the workers in the industries and the exploited farmers in agriculture for a fight against the capitalist system. The $100,000 Communist Party Election Campaign Fund will be used for this purpose. The treasure chests of the other parties will be used to put officials in office who will serve the master class and who will profit by the system they live on and defend. The raising of this Communist campaign fund is a first charge on the duty of the Party membership.

• • •

Andrew Mellon, secretary of the treasury, is able to show a treasury surplus of $398,000,000. This is offered as evidence by the supporters of the republican administration that prosperity is still with us. Unfortunately for this contention however approximately 4,000,000 unemployed and the low wages received by those employed does not bear out the boasts of the G. O. P. boosters.

Tom O'Flaherty

The Textile Strikers and the Election

New Bedford Mill Workers Rally Behind the Workers (Communist) Party

By OLGA GOLD

The process of "rationalizing" the textile industry has affected it to a greater extent than most other industries. Not only has the installation of new machinery left thousands of experienced workers jobless, but the shifting of textile mills' cotton to the southern states, silk to the coal regions, have contributed greatly to this process.

The capitalists have discovered that the south is an extremely good place for the slave driving textile industry. In the first place, it is close to the raw material; in the second place, there is, as yet, no sign of organization among the workers. In the south, where all the evils of chattel slavery exist in practice, the workers are consequently more submissive.

Must Sign Contract

In many instances a worker cannot obtain employment in the south unless he signs a contract that his whole family will work for the same slave driver. The following table, from the "Monthly Labor Review," shows average wages and hours of labor in cotton goods manufacturing for 1925; since then several wage cuts have been forced upon the workers:

State	Hours	Wages
Georgia	57	$11.39
Alabama	54.8	10.51
Maine	53.9	16.67
Massachusetts	48.5	18.78
North Carolina	55.8	13.63
South Carolina	55.1	13.42
Virginia	55.2	10.33

The mills in the coal regions are of no less value to the bosses. There, too, they can get cheap coal, cheap rent and cheaper labor. Workers are paid as low as 15 to 20 cents an hour. They are on a different economic plane from the workers in the textile centers, because there men and women find their only means of earning a living, whereas in the mining region, except for a few mechanics, the workers are all women and children, who use their work as a side job to help out the meager earnings received by the miners. The bosses here, therefore, pay a much lower wage than even the very low average paid in the textile centers.

The general outcome of this situation for the workers is the unprecedented growth of unemployment, wage cuts, etc. Official government statistics show that in March 1928, only 38 per cent of cotton workers were working full time. While in April, 1928, cotton goods workers only 32 per cent, silk goods workers 48 per cent, woolen and worsted workers 28 per cent worked full time.

There are thousands of skilled workers in the New England textile centers who have lost hope of ever securing employment. Hundreds of families who have resided in the textile area for years are compelled daily to leave the communities. In New England men depend economically on the women, who, because their labor power is much cheaper, obtain work more easily than the men. A specific instance is that of a Polish woman of my acquaintance who made $16.00 weekly and had to support her husband and little ones. And such cases are extremely common.

Some Factors

Some of the important factors of the present cotton workers' strike in New Bedford are as follows: First, it indicates the awakening of the most exploited section of the American working class; that the sufferings of these workers have reached such a degree that they can no longer endure it. They are beginning to awaken to the need of calling strikes, protesting and demanding their rights. They are determined to build a new union to include not only a few loomfixers and a few other skilled workers, but to embrace the entire mass of textile workers. Another important factor of utmost significance is that the strike is taking place during an election year at the time when the capitalist class is most energetically and effectively carrying on a campaign to poison the minds of the workers with various injurious illusions about its government. These workers are learning daily on the picket lines and at mass meetings about the nature and structure of this government. The knowledge which the workers are obtaining about the functioning of the capitalist state during strikes is of far greater value than that gained through academic education.

Become Disillusioned

Here the workers, directly through the harsh, tyrannical measures of the police, are slowly becoming disillusioned about the impartiality of our governmental apparatus. It is thus shown to the workers that against the efforts of the working class to improve its standard of living, to demand a little more of the values which we, the workers, have produced, the capitalists are fighting with all the weapons in their possession, press, court, church, etc.

During election they will challenge the bosses; that they will do this is shown by the fact that they sent representative Eulalie Mendes to greet the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, which was held in New York City May 25, 26 and 27. In her greetings on behalf of the 26,000 workers she told us of the role of the police, of the discovery of who is their enemy and who their friend, and that they see that those leaders who are labelled as Communists are always in the forefront of the struggle, unafraid of the terrors the bosses use against them.

Our Own Candidates

She told us, too, that she was instructed to ask the Workers Party to put up Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mills Committees, in opposition to Butler, who is chief adviser to Coolidge and himself a manufacturer.

We are sure that the workers of New Bedford will not only register their vote for labor candidates, but the most class-conscious of them will follow in the steps of the 500 fighting miners who recently joined the Workers Party and together with the thousands of militant men and women fight the battles of the working class, to its victory.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS'
GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

NATIONAL EDITION

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THREE THOUSAND MINERS STRIKE IN ANTHRACITE

Walk Out When Boss Attacks Worker

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

NANTICOCKE, Pa., July 13. — Three thousand miners and mine workers of collieries 5 and 7 of the Suquehanna Coal Company went on strike when section foreman of the colliery, Robert Davis, beat up the motorman, John Beyer. The miners demand that section foreman Davis be discharged and punished in accordance with the mine rules. Beyer was beaten up by the foreman when he 'disobeyed' some rulings of the boss.

This brutally of the bosses has aroused miners in Nanticocke, and they are determined to stay on strike until boss Davis will be discharged.

* * * *

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 13. Over 1,500 mine workers, members of the local union No. 1432, working in Maxwell colliery No. 20 of Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Co. went out on strike today against the coal company who by speeding up has in the past several weeks fired 30 men from the job without making any provisions for them. District organizer Mile Sweeney, as usual is trying to force the local union No. 1432 into going back to work without provisions being made for the discharged miners.

PORTER IS HELD INCOMMUNICADO

I. L. D. to Force Hearing in the Courts

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., June 13. —John Porter, textile strike leader and organizer of the Communist Youth League here, is being held incommunicado at the Fort Adams R. I. guard house. No news has been received from Porter for several days, and it is feared that the authorities are using the most extreme tortures to break down his spirit and prevent the militant stand before the court-martial he has declared that he will make. No reply has been received to letters and telegrams sent to Porter.

The last news from Porter said that the authorities are trying to weaken his attitude. At that time, he was in solitary confinement because of his revolutionary stand and had become ill as a result of the brutal treatment to which he has been subjected since arrest June 18.

The International Labor Defense has announced that action will be started in the courts; and if the army officers continue their refusal to make charges and set a date for trial, the I. L. D. attorneys will begin habeas corpus proceedings.

JUGOSLAV CHIEF OF POLICE KILLED

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, July 13 —The unrest in the Jugoslav Serb-Macedonia-Croat kingdom arising out of the enmity of the national groups and precipitated by the assassination of Gen. Protogeroff Macedonian nationalist leader, has led to the assassination of Lazarevitch, chief of the political police and chief of the police in Belgrade.

Lazarevitch was chief of the Macedonian department of the ministry of the interior before he assumed his post in Belgrade. While in Macedonia he ruthlessly suppressed all strikes and national uprisings, and made a [illegible] for himself as a terrorist.

PRISON FOR AID TO SERVICEMEN

LONDON, July 13.—Four Blantyre miners recently were sentenced to jail for one month on a charge of "exciting disaffection, commotion and resistance to lawful authority" by distributing a leaflet to troops at Hamilton Barracks.

The leaflet called on the soldiers to make "doddering old commanding officers sit up" and to fight for the right to join unions and to wear civilian clothes when off duty.

According to the British laws, any one [illegible] sent to prison for agitating [illegible] better conditions for the servicemen.

Behind Throne

Big Business will direct the campaign of Al Smith directly without recourse to a middleman. So Al has "selected" John J. Raskob, shown above, who is chairman of the finance committee of the viciously open-shop Morgan-controlled General Motors Corp., as chairman of the democratic national committee. Raskob is worth more than $100,000,000.

DAILY WORKER CONCERT TONITE

Gitlow to Speak at Big Demonstration

Tonight is the night. Thousands of workers — to be more specific, some 25,000 of them — will gather in Coney Island Stadium at the greatest proletarian concert ever held in this country, arranged by The DAILY WORKER.

All the participating artists, who have been rehearsing faithfully during the past few weeks, have put the finishing touches on their work. When Arnold Volpe lifts up his baton to lead his orchestra of 50 picked musicians in the Coronation March from Meyerbeer's opera, The Prophet, it will inaugurate an event which will make musical history.

The Roxy Ballet, under the direction of the famous dancer, A. Nelle, former partner of Pavlowa, is certain to find favor with the great stadium crowd tonight. The ballet will present a program of dances of an international character.

But of course Theremin will be the hero of the evening. The fame of this great Soviet scientist has spread to every part of the world. Tonight thousands of workers will have their first opportunity of hearing this new ether-music.

Revolutionary Demonstration.

Tonight's affair will be something more than a concert. It will also be a demonstration of the New York workingclass in celebration of the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille. The spirit of the evening will be in keeping with the revolutionary traditions of the day and for this great occasion Ben Gitlow, acting secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, will appear to bring the revolutionary message of July 14 to the thousands assembled in the stadium.

Just how many will try to get into Coney Island Stadium tonight is unknown. What is known is that only those lucky enough to have tickets will be admitted. The only way to be lucky enough is to buy these precious little pasteboards at once. They are on sale at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

CHILE AND PERU ACCEPT U.S. PLAN

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Secretary of State Kellogg announced today that the governments of Chile and Peru have resumed diplomatic relations and accepted the proposals made by the American government.

The American plan is to settle the disputes by secret negotiations and to prevent any choice by the inhabitants of the disputed Tacna-Arica section. Representatives of U. S. imperialism will supervise the negotiations and no settlement will be reached contrary to interests of Wall Street.

WORKERS PARTY ELECTION DRIVE IS INTENSIFIED

Campaign to Win Over Auto Workers

Reports reaching the national campaign headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party from all sections of the country indicate that interest in the Communist campaign is daily becoming more widespread Everything points to the fact that the Party will succeed in mobilizing a tremendous following of militant workers and farmers thruout the country, if successful in its efforts to secure a place on the ballots of the various states. This will enable the Party to carry on the vigorous fighting campaign for which the situation is actually rotten ripe.

In a statement issued by the national campaign headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, the need for political organization, and an appeal for funds to make possible this political organization, was stressed. The appeal follows:

Must Organize Politically.

"The automobile workers now on strike at Flint, Michigan, will not be allowed to forget the fact that Mr. Raskob, the general manager of the corporation, feels that big business has nothing to fear from the election of Governor Al Smith. The Workers Party in Michigan, while helping the workers to continue their strike to a victorious conclusion, can be depended upon to teach the workers that their fight is part of the general class struggle and that they must organize politically as well as economically.

"Fortunately, the Party is already on the ballot in Michigan, and the workers can be shown definitely just how best to organize politically.

"The need for funds to put the Party on the ballot in the numerous states still remaining to maintain the many speakers and field organizers thruout the country, and to print the immediately necessary

Continued on Page Two

AUTO CARAVAN BEGINS TODAY

Great Mine Defense Week Under Way

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

PITTSBURGH, July 13. — A unique auto parade, the cars of which will start at scores of cities east of Chicago and converge on the industrial battle front in Western Pennsylvania begins Saturday in preparation for the Miners' Defense Week, July 22-29 which is being arranged under the joint auspices of the National Miners' Relief Committee and the International Labor Defense.

Those who go will see the mounted state troopers and coal and iron police patrol the roads. They will see the scab patch, where imported strikebreakers live, hemmed in by high walls.

See Scenes of Attack.

Renton, scene of the infamous attack of the state troopers upon men, women and children pickets who gathered along the road to keep the first shipment of scabs from entering the coal pits, will be one of the first camps visited. Thirty mounted troopers swooped down upon the pickets that day, firing revolvers and tear gas bombs into their midst, the strikers say. Dozens were wounded.

First Hand View.

Avella, Library, Mollenauer, Castle, Shanon, Coverdale, Harwick, Harmarville, Newfield, Coverdale, all famous as militant mining camps, will be visited by the caravan. Life in the barracks, hardships the fighting miners are enduring, the children running about barefoot and chattering about the strike, the union, picket lines, "them scabs and yeller dogs," the union hall where the state troopers ban meetings—all will be seen by the relief workers.

GORKI FINDS A DOUBLE

Relates Incident of His American Visit

MOSCOW, July 13.—At a banquet given in his honor Maxim Gorky related the following story to the great amusement of his listeners.

While on one of his visits to the United States Gorky was greatly surprised one day to see advertised on a bill board that the "great Maxim Gorky" was to appear on the stage of the theatre where "The Lower Depths" was to be played.

The writer went to see the play. On the stage there appeared a man, greatly acclaimed by the public, who looked exactly like him. During the intermission Gorki wished to make the acquaintance of his double. The latter was overcome with fear, and his whole body trembling, he said to the novelist.

"I am an unfortunate man, encumbered with a large family. I have a contract with the director to represent the author of all plays that he stages. You are my specialty, but I have posed successfully for Suderman, Rostand and Donnay."

Gorky had pity on the poor devil and did not unmask him.

Youth League Has Military Training Now

By PAUL CROUCH

A new course in the curriculum of the summer training schools for young workers this year is military training. While the capitalist military organizations are preparing for imperialist wars, and to use the military forces against the workers, the students in the training schools are obtaining military knowledge to use for their own class interests.

The Young Workers (Communist) League is opposed to capitalist militarism and will continue to fight the C. M. T. C. and other institutions of this type, but we realize that pacifism is an equally effective instrument of imperialism. The military courses for young workers demonstrates our stand for military knowledge—when it will be used for the interest of the working class.

HOLD MEETINGS TO FREE PORTER

Youth Takes Up Fight For Young Rebel

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 13.—A huge protest meeting was held here yesterday at 8 p. m., demanding the release of John Porter. Speakers exposed the role of the army, pointing out that Porter is imprisoned for his militant participation in the struggles of the workers while subject to military law, and that mass protests must prevent the War Department from giving him a 99 year sentence.

The protest meeting was held under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

* * *

By PAUL CROUCH.

The voice of the working class is beginning to be heard in answer to the challenge of Porter's imprisonment for his revolutionary labor activities while technically subject to military law.

In New Bedford, where three thousand workers took part in a protest meeting, the first drive for Porter's freedom was launched, so far as the masses are concerned. The International Labor Defense and the Young Workers (Communist) League issued appeals immediately to the workers to come to the defense of John Porter—to defeat the sinister purposes of the military authorities, and now the fight against the capitalist military machine is gaining momentum.

This drive must be intensified if Porter is to be saved from a living death behind iron bars during the rest of his life. Arrangements are being made for defense committees, composed primarily of young workers, in cities all over the country to

Continued on Page Four

CHICAGO PICNIC PLANS NOW SET

Affair For Miners' Relief

(*Special To The Daily Worker*)

CHICAGO, July 13.—An affair to which the eyes of the whole militant and progressive labor movement in this city has been directed and which according to all present indications will be attended by over ten thousand workers is the picnic to be held Saturday, July 14, at Riverside Park, Belmont and Western Aves. one of Chicago's largest amusement places.

Aid of Miners.

The picnic which is being given in aid of the striking miners will begin at 12 noon and will continue after midnight.

Among the speakers to be present is Mother Bloor, veteran militant of the labor and revolutionary movement. Mother Bloor has just returned from an extensive tour from the mine fields and other battle fronts of the class struggle.

Band and Frolic.

In the evening a twelve-piece band, one of the best in the city will provide music for a monster dance. The frolicing will end an hour after midnight. Steve Rubicki and Hans Peterson, old times at staging huge and lively outings are in charge of the arrangements for the picnic.

FARM WORKERS FOUND DEAD

CHARLES CITY, Ia., July 13 (UP).—William Schmidt, 39, a farmer, and Leland Van Sickle, 24, employed on Schmidt's farm, near here, were found shot to death on the farm today. Whether it was a case of suicide or both were murdered has not been determined.

JAIL FOR 37 MILL PICKETS

2 More Rescued by Soviet Ship "Krassin"

REPORT 5 OTHERS SIGHTED IN FAR ARCTIC WASTES

Icebreaker Searching for Amundson Now

By EUGENE LYONS.

MOSCOW, July 13 (UP). — A tale of triumph of a sturdy Soviet ice ship and hardy Soviet seamen scientists and navigators over the ruthless, elemental forces of the Arctic was told in messages from the Steamship Krassin which reported today the rescue of all known living survivors of the transpolar dirigible Italia.

This rescue accounted for all of the sixteen men aboard the Italia when it crashed on its homeward journey from a flight over the North Pole, except the six men blown away in the hulk of the dirigible after the commander and nine men had been thrown on the ice from the shattered gondola.

The messages being received here from the Krassin and other rescue ships—coming in four languages—Russian, Italian, Norwegian and Swedish—did not make clear whether all the men in the Viglieri group were alive.

The Krassin sighted the Viglieri group from a distance of three miles —a faded red silk tent and bits of wreckage from the Italia's cabin surrounded by blocks of ice—and sounded its siren.

Viglieri had ordered a smoke signal sent up when the survivors had first seen the ship and the smoke from the burning pieces of wreckage and rags of the explorers' clothing was clearly visible in the bright light.

The ragged men had scarcely been brought aboard, however, before a heavy mist descended which would have held up rescue had it appeared half an hour earlier—perhaps have meant the loss of the lives of Viglieri and his companions who were being swept about the swirling currents of the Arctic Sea.

* * *

By EUGENE LYONS.

MOSCOW, July 13 (UP). — On the last short stage of the most triumphant voyage of rescue in modern history, the Russian ice-breaker Krassin radioed today that she had picked up two dogsled men off North East Land and was proceeding to rescue five men stranded on the coast with their damaged airplane.

In her last brief message, the Krassin wirelessed that she had rescued Capt. Sora and Sefj Van Dongen, who with a dogsled team had gone in search of survivors from the wrecked dirigible Italia.

At almost the same moment, an unconfirmed report from Virgo Bay said that Ludwig M. Varming, third member of the Little Expedition had been picked up with the dogsled team where Sora and Van Dongen had left him, near Cape Brun.

The only other party of known survivors now on the Arctic ice that fought such a long, bitter and for a time winning battle to rescue the victims is that of aviator Chukhnovsky, off Cape Platen. Chuknovsky and four companions crashed after they had flashed back word that they had located Capt. Filippo Zappi and Capt. Adalberto Mariano, of the Italia.

During their vigil on the ice, the two men saw eight airplanes pass over them. They almost went insane, they said, as they waved their blankets and rags vainly, and saw each plane disappear.

Then Chuknovsky's big plane roared over them, turned, circled over them five times, and sped back to the Krassin, its powerful radio crackling out the news of their discovery.

As it pushed its way along the coast to the rescue of the Sora and Chukhnovsky's parties, the Krassin radioed she had aboard seven men brought back from death to life after the wrecking of the Italia.

In describing the rescue it is revealed that two hundred yards away from the two men the Krassin could get no further through the ice. The two men were on a floe 24 feet in width. They were balancing themselves with difficulty on the block

Continued on Page Two

REDISCOUNT RATE RAISED.

WASHINGTON, July 13. (U. P.) — A general federal reserve rediscount rate of 5 per cent seemed probable today, with the Chicago, New York and Richmond Reserve Banks already raised to that basis.

A Militant Leader in the Waiters' Strike

WE ASK
9 HOURS WORK
6 DAYS A WEEK
15 A WEEK WOMEN
20 A WEEK MEN
ARE WE UNREASONABLE?

Gertrude Walsh is a member of the Waiters' and Waitresses' Union which has declared a strike against the Truefood restaurants in New York. She is militantly engaged in the strike for better working conditions. The picture shows her conferring with Louis Rifkin, president of the union.

FASCISTS PLAN WAR ON SOVIET UNION

BUCHAREST, July 13. — The French general, Rond, arrived here today. Pilsudski, military dictator of Poland, is expected to arrive momentarily as well as representatives of other Little Entente states for the purpose of holding a secret military conference which is to take place under the direction of the French general staff.

According to reliable information the purpose of this conference is to prepare the way for war on the Soviet Union.

BIG STATE FARMS PLANNED IN USSR

Soviet to Pay Higher Prices for Grain

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 13.—A modification of the policy of collecting grain from the peasants of the Soviet Union, entailing the establishment of huge collective farms under the direct supervision of the state, was recommended here today by the Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party.

The decision stated that higher prices would be paid to the farmers for their produce, that freedom of the peasants to sell their grain in the open market would be assured, and that huge collective farms should be established.

This latest move is in direct line with the Soviet policy of releasing the burden placed on the peasants during the revolution and during the counter-revolutionary attacks on the Soviet Union in the years after the revolution when food famine threatened the existence of the peasants and workers of the entire U. S. S. R.

SACCO FILM

The International Red Aid, from its central office in Germany, has cabled the International Labor Defense in this country for the use of all available photographs used in its monthly pictorial, the "Labor Defender," and all other photographs that can be secured on Sacco and Vanzetti, the film to be shown throughout Europe.

DEMAND STRIKE IN FALL RIVER

Workers Prepare For Big Walkout

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 13.—Over three thousand Fall River textile workers responded to a mass meeting called by the Textile Mills Committee, and showed the greatest enthusiasm when the speakers threw out the slogan "Prepare for a Strike."

The meeting was held on a lot located in the heart of the mill district and was purchased outright by the T. M. C. for $1,000 contributed by Fall River workers. This was imperative because of the police refusal to permit any landowner to rent a meeting place to the T. M. C.

Speakers at the meeting were Albert Weisbord, leader of the National T. M. C.; James P. Reid, Fall River organizer, and other unionists and strikers from New Bedford.

Even the officials of the two reactionary unions here are afraid to oppose a strike that will affect tens of thousands. The meetings of the U. T. W. and of the A. F. T. O. are in continuous turmoil by the demands of the workers for a general strike to regain the 10 per cent wage cut.

Hundreds of members are streaming daily into the Textile Mills Committee Unit in Fall River, signed cards show.

GREET AUSTRIAN PARTY

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

PRAGUE, July 13.—The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Chekoslovakia on the anniversary of the fifteenth of July shootings in Austria addressed an open letter to the Austrian Communist Party stressing the latter's heroic role in the July struggles of last year.

The letter also condemns the treacherous attitude of the Social-Democratic Party and expresses full solidarity of the Chekoslovakian Party with the Communist Party of Austria.

OFFICERS FEAR "DAILY"

Sailors May Get 6 Months for Reading

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—Reading the DAILY WORKER is a serious crime, according to the naval authorities, and they have announced that sailors who continue to read the Communist paper will be imprisoned at hard labor for six months and fined one hundred dollars.

Many of the sailors on the U. S. S. Oklahoma were called before the authorities and charged with reading the DAILY WORKER and the Young Worker. They were question individually how they happened to get the papers, whether they approved the principles of the Communist organizations, etc.

The officers then announced that those who continue to read the DAILY WORKER and Young Worker will be court-martialed; and made threats of "action against those sending the papers." Then, they indulged in extreme abuse of the Young Workers Communist League.

Several of the sailors practically told their officers that they were liars because they had been at meet-

Continued on Page Two

6 MONTHS, HEAVY FINE FOR EACH OF DEFENDANTS

Bosses Desperate As Ranks Hold Firm

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 13. —The vicious hatred of the Massachusetts courts for the workers here has again made itself felt when the judges of the District Court today imposed six months' jail sentences and $20 fines on each of the 37 New Bedford textile strikers tried before them yesterday.

Most of the defendants, who include the most active unionists, were arrested when the New Bedford police force broke up a strikers' parade arranged by the New Bedford Textile Workers Union on July 1. Three were arrested for picketing July 6; six of those tried were arrested during a monster picket demonstration last night that continued far into the early hours of the morning.

4,000 Picket

More than 4,000 strikers marched in picket formation up and down before the gates of the Whitman, Page, Nield and Nonquist Spinning Mills, while about 11,000 strikers and sympathizers jammed the streets leading to the factories in a demonstration that lasted many hours late last night. They had come out at the call of the T. W. U. strike committee when the news spread that a few scabs had gone to work.

A tremendous wave of indignation spread rapidly throughout the entire city as the news of the half-year prison sentences imposed upon the strikers became known. Many of those imprisoned are middle-aged workers who are heads of families.

The attorney for the International Labor Defense announced that all cases would be appealed immediately. Release of the strikers, however, is dependent upon the raising of a total of $20,000 for bail bonds. It was not learned whether the necessary total had been secured.

Stirred by Fall River News

As a result of the brutal sentences the picketing tonight, as well as tomorrow morning, is expected to bring added thousands out of their homes to the mill gates, it is generally believed.

Another situation that is stirring the workers here is the news that the tens of thousands of workers in Fall River are considering the question of going out in a general strike to regain a wage cut forced upon them by the mill owners and condoned by the officials of the American Federation of Textile Operatives.

* * *

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 13. —An excellent guage of determining which is the real union in the New Bedford textile strike was offered here late Wednesday night when the strike committee of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the T. M. C. went to the picket lines before the Kilburn Mill and led the thousands of pickets away from the mill in parade formation to a huge mass meeting in Saulnier's field. This contrasts sharply with the impotent leaders of the Textile Council, who publicly admitted not being able to influence the actions of their members.

The T. M. C. leaders had told the workers to halt picketing here so that they can go home and take a needed rest before coming out for the big demonstration at other mills in the morning.

The membership of the council, on the other hand, had defied the order of their officials when they were ordered to cease picketing with the members of the mills committee.

Enthusiastic Meeting

The mass meeting, which was held about 10:30 p. m., presented an inspiring sight as the huge electric bulb over the platform lit up the sea of listening faces.

Eli Keller, one of the speakers, pointed to the iron discipline that existed in the Textile Workers Union, and concluded by saying that they were the only organization that has complete control of the New Bedford strike.

Jack Rubinstein, speaking later, declared that the continuous picket line that lasted more than 36 hours showed conclusively to the mill bosses that the strikers will fight

Continued from Page One

Workers and Peasants of Mexico Elected 4 Communists to the Chamber of Deputies

HEADS OF R. R. UNION, PEASANT LEAGUE CHOSEN

Glavan and Laborde are Members of C.E.C.

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

MEXICO CITY, July 13.—The incomplete election returns indicate that four Communist deputies have been elected in Mexico. Among these are Ursulo Galván, leader of the National Peasants League, and Hernán Laborde, leader in the Railwaymen's Union. Both are members of the Central Executive Committee of the Mexican Communist Party.

* * *

"The elections now taking place in Mexico, with Obregon slated as the successor of Calles and his victory assured, have thus far resulted in the election of four Communist deputies to the legislature. The National Peasants League, which has a strong Communist faction, and the Railwaymen's Union, many of whose leaders are Communists, are one of the central points of the revolutionary peasants and workers.

The success thus far in the elections for the Communists has surprised the reactionary leaders of the CROM, the Mexican Federation of Labor, who have attempted by all means to suppress the voice of the rank and file of Mexican labor.

Navy Officers Fear The Daily Worker

Continued from Page One

ings of the League and "found them the finest bunch we ever met."

* * *

The Young Workers (Communist) League has sent official protests to the postal authorities and to the naval authorities demanding that the interference with mail sent to sailors be discontinued at once. Recently, many papers to sailor subscribers were returned by the naval officers.

AUSTRALIAN GOVT. DEFICIT.

SYDNEY, Australia, July 13—(UP)—A budget deficit of $13,210,000 for the financial year was announced by the Government today. A surplus of $240,000 had been expected.

More Troops for Wall Street's Latin American Colonies

Photo shows the government transport St. Mihiel leaving New York with a detachment of troops for Porto Rico, official property of American imperialism, and Panama, "unofficial" property of American imperialism. They are going there to preserve "order" and protect "American interests."

2 MORE RESCUED BY SOVIET SHIP

Soviet Flyer Crashes After Finding Men

Continued from Page One

of ice. It was swirling in the churning sea around it. Bit by bit it was breaking up. The errant winds had been driving it to and fro.

Volunteers from the Krassin leaped overboard onto the ice that jammed against the ship. Planks were handed out to them, and one by one the planks were pushed ahead in a path over and between the floes the 600 feet to the party.

In her reports, the Krassin said that Malgrem was dead, and indicated that his body was taken aboard.

But latest reports from the Krassin indicate that the body of the explorer is not aboard and that it has not been found.

* * *

MOSCOW, July 13—(UP)—The Russian ice-breaker Maligin, one of the Soviet boats sent into the Arctic area for Italia relief work, today was ordered to make another attempt to locate the Roald Amundsen Party and then return to Archangel.

The Soviet Committee ordered this last search for Amundsen—who with five aides has been missing since June 18—in the belief the party still might be alive some place in the treacherous, ice bound territory from which seven members of the Italia crew have been brought out alive.

Ford Stole His Invention, Says Worker in Suit

DETROIT, Mich., July 13.—Henry Ford was sued today for approximately $2,000,000 by one of his former workers, who claimed the automobile manufacturer failed to pay him for certain inventions used on Ford cars and tractors.

Antonio Felix Jajalish, the plaintiff, charges that Ford promised to compensate him for improvement made on the fans, used in the Ford car and tractor, and oil pipe, coil box and fuel tank for the tractor.

Pajalich is a native of Istria, in the ancient republic of Venice. He came to America in 1906 and was employed in the Ford factory for six years, much of the time, he said, being in the Ford laboratories at Dearborn.

Foreign Capitalists On Visit to Mussolini

TURIN, Italy, July 13.—One hundred and twenty Italian business men, residing in France, arrived today and were welcomed by the Prefect. They will tour the country under the special supervision of the fascists and will have an interview with Mussolini.

The visit is looked upon as an attempt to save Italy from economic collapse, which has been especially marked during the last year, when banks failed for billions of lire. With the aid of foreign capitalists Mussolini will attempt to attain stabilization, it is thought.

37 MILL STRIKE PICKETS JAILED

Workers Sentenced to Six Months Each

Continued on Page Two

till they have won their demands.

Lines of pickets marching to a central point at the south end of the city and moving in increased numbers from 4 o'clock in the morning were enthusiastically cheered by the workers waiting for the whistle at the Fiske, Goodyear and Firestone Tire Fabric Mills. Committees of workers from these mills had asked the Textile Mills Committee to form them into an organization. This is being done, the union stated.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 13.—Over twenty-five English and French workers, members of the Textile Council of the United Textile Workers Union, came to the headquarters of the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee yesterday and requested that a joint meeting of the membership of both organizations be called by the T. M. C. The voluntary delegation declared that the A. F. T. O. members were overwhelmingly dissatisfied with their officials.

This request was complied with and a meeting will be held for A. F. T. O. members at the Potomska St. Hall, Saturday at 10 a. m. Albert Weisbord leader of the National Textile Committee will be one of the speakers.

ORGANIZATIONAL NEED FOR TROY WORKERS URGENT

Worker Says Factory Council Needed

(By a Worker Correspondent)

TROY, N. Y., July 13. — The 900 Cluett Peabody collar workers employed at the Jay St. factory here have won their strike. They have prevented the introduction of a new system of wage-paying which would have meant a reduction of 35 to 50 per cent in the workers' weekly wage.

The strike started spontaneously on Monday morning after the cut had been announced for only one department, the buttonholers. At once every worker in the plant, the majority of them girls, 900 in all, refused to work. All stood solidly behind those who had been affected by the wage slash. No one walked out. Even without leadership, they understood what had to be done. They stayed on the job, came to the factory for three days, but did no work.

Workers Gave Support.

You have won your fight, Jay Street workers! The Workers Party hails your victory as one more proof of the growing fighting spirit of American workers, and young workers.

But, what are you going to do now? Do you think for one minute that Cluett, Peabody and Co. have given up the idea of cutting wages? Not a bit. They are waiting for an opportunity to break your ranks, buy off or fire your leaders and then will come the same cut in different language.

Form Factory Council.

Jay Street workers, you must have a permanent factory workers council. You have the basis for it in the committee just elected to deal with the bosses in this strike. Make that committee a permanent committee.

Form a Jay Street Factory Workers Council. Prepare to defend yourselves against further attacks on your already too low wages, and perhaps to win back the losses of former cuts.

And read the DAILY WORKER. Daily Worker representatives were with you in Troy during the strike. We were ready to help you win your strike had the bosses not given in at once. Wherever workers are fighting for better wages or to prevent any cut in their wages or conditions—the DAILY WORKER is on the job to help them. The DAILY WORKER is the weapon which fights in every struggle of the workers.

How Workers Will Be Murdered in Next War

Photo shows soldiers of the 71st Regiment, which is camping at Camp Smith, Peekskill, N. Y., giving a graphic illustration of the workings of the Kellogg "peace" plan.

GERMAN POLICE SHOOT STRIKERS

Attempt to Break up Textile Walkout

BERLIN, July 13. — The newspaper Allgemeine Zeitung reported from Cattowitz today that 14 workers and two policemen had been wounded in a clash that resulted when police attempted to break up a textile workers demonstration.

ELECTION DRIVE IS INTENSIFIED

Campaign to Win Over Auto Workers

Continued from Page One

literature and campaign advertising material is becoming more pressing daily. Help must come in at once to prevent a slackening down in the work.

Appeal to Workers.

"A special appeal now in preparation will shortly be sent out to 100,000 militant workers and farmers thruout the country. Almost a half million separate pieces of printed material have already been ordered for this job alone. Together with the enormous cost of mailing, this item alone will mount into thousands of dollars, most of which must be paid for on delivery.

"The National Election Campaign Committee appeals to all Communists to help build the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund. Address all communications to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer, National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York, N. Y.

POLICE BAN ON TEXTILE STRIKE TAG DAY SCORED

Passaic Relief Body to Defy Order

The action of the Chief of Police of Passaic in withdrawing his previously granted permit for a tag-day for the New Bedford textile strikers relief, was condemned in a statement issued recently by the Textile Strikers Relief Conference of Passaic. It was also learned that the higher officials of the United Textile Workers Union had been very active in getting the police head to rescind the permit. The statement, which is signed by Stephen Milus, Jr., the conference secretary, says in part:

"We are determined to carry on our activity and raise funds in Passaic and vicinity for the New Bedford strikers, despite all attempts to stop us.

"Twenty-eight thousand textile workers have been on strike for 13 weeks—the mill bosses have tried to open the mills Monday morning, July 9, the militia was called out to intimidate the strikers, and the strikers of New Bedford answered the bosses by mass picket lines around 56 mills on strike. The New Bedford Textile Workers Union represents the main body of strikers, the unskilled men and women. In order to win the strike they must be fed. Since when have the Passaic authorities supported strikes? Why are they so anxious now to support Fuller?

"Neither the city authorities nor Fuller cannot deny us our right to help our fellow-workers in New Bedford. We intend to carry out our purpose for which the new Bedford Strikers Relief Conference of Passaic was organized—to raise money for New Bedford, and do everything possible to support them so that they can win their strike."

Most Amazing Invention of the Twentieth Century!

TONIGHT!

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Produces Music from the Air

ROXY BALLET

Russian and Oriental Dances

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ARNOLD VOLPE

Conductor

TONIGHT

TICKETS FOR SALE ALL DAY AT THE STADIUM

Admission: 75c; $1.00; $1.25 and $1.50

CONEY ISLAND STADIUM

Surf Avenue and West Sixth Street

NEW DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

V. The Dictatorship of the Proletariat in the USSR and the International Social Revolution

CAPITALIST CRISIS MARKED BY DIVISION OF WORLD INTO TWO ECONOMIES, PROGRAM DECLARES

Proletarian Dictatorship in the Soviet Union is Base of World Revolution

World Workers Must Rise to Defense of USSR in the Event of War

The Programme Commission of the Executive Committee of the Communist International is publishing a DRAFT PROGRAM.

The Commission thinks it its duty to declare that while the text of this draft is of course based on the same fundamental principles as those upon which the draft programme provisionally passed by the Fifth Congress of the Communist International was based, nevertheless, it differs very considerably from that draft. The Program Commission felt that in view of the great changes that have taken place in many important spheres of international life and particularly in the revolutionary movement since the Fifth Congress, it could not confine itself to making merely editorial changes in the original draft. A change has taken place in the form of the general crisis of capitalism; a change has taken place in the relationships between various groups of powers. Great events have taken place, like the great revolution in China, which once again emphasized the significance of the agrarian-peasant question. Great progress has been made in building up socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The struggle between the aggressive capitalist world and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is becoming acute. Fascism is growing and becoming transformed into the terrorist dictatorship of big capital. Social democracy has degenerated into Chauvinist imperialism. The lessons that have been learned by the Communist International in the fight against opposition tendencies and finally the growth of Communism, the fact that the movement has really become internationalized, the new tasks that confront the Communist International as a single organization—all this has inevitably made it necessary considerably to alter and enlarge the former draft.

The general tendency of the changes that have been made is towards more concreteness and greater emphasis upon THE INTERNATIONAL aspects both in the theoretical section as well as in the sections dealing immediately with the struggles of the Communist Parties.

Acting on the decision of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, the Programme Commission, in publishing this draft program, calls upon all comrades to express their opinion and criticism of it in articles, remarks and concrete suggestions. The work done on the program has revealed how difficult it is to embrace in a single document all the problems of the present-day world Communist movement. The question of the program will be one of the central questions at the Sixth Congress. It is essential that sufficient material be collected by the time the discussion of the question takes place at the Congress. The Commission therefore invites all comrades to join in the fruitful discussion of the program.

THE PROGRAMME COMMISSION OF THE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

The principal manifestation of the profound crisis of the capitalist system is the division of world economy into capitalist countries on the one hand and countries building up Socialism on the other. Consequently, the internal consolidation of the proletarian dictatorship in the USSR, the successes achieved in the work of Socialist construction, the growth of the influence and authority of the USSR among the masses of the proletariat and the oppressed peoples of the colonies, signify the continuation, intensification and expansion of the international social revolution. The proletarian dictatorship in the USSR is an important component part of the international social revolution; it is its vanguard and the base for its development.

Possessing in the country the necessary, and sufficient material prerequisites for the overthrow of the landlords and the bourgeoisie as well as for the establishment of complete Socialism, the workers in the Soviet Republics, aided by the international proletariat, heroically repelled the attacks of the armed forces of the internal and foreign counter - revolution, consolidated their alliance with the bulk of the peasantry and have achieved considerable successes in the sphere of Socialist construction.

The proletariat was enabled to make a rapid advance along the road of socialist construction because of the proper contacts it established between proletarian Socialist industry and small peasant economy, which secured the growth of the productive forces of agriculture and guarantee the leading role to Socialist industry; because of the links it established between Socialist industry and agriculture, thus preventing the latter from serving the unproductive consumption of parasitic classes; because it produces, not for capitalist profit but in order to satisfy the constantly growing needs of the mass of consumers,—which in the last analysis greatly stimulates the whole process of production, and finally because the economic key positions were concentrated in the hands of the proletarian State, planned management acquired increasing significance and as a consequence the means of production are being distributed more economically and expediently.

Having raised the productive forces of the whole economy of the country to a hihger level and developing large-scale industry at a rate exceeding that of capitalist powers to establish a financial and economic boycott, the proletariat of the USSR is systematically increasing the share of the socialized (Socialist) section of national economy in the total output of means of production, in the total output of industry and the total trade of the country.

Thus, by manipulating the levers of State trade, of rapidly growing cooperation and the nationalization of the land, State Socialist industry transport and banking are leading small and minute petty peasant farming in their train, to an ever-increasing extent.

In the sphere of agriculture particularly, the raising of the level of the forces of production proceeds amidst conditions which restrict the process of differentiation among the peasantry (nationalization of the land—and consequently the prohibition of the sale and purchase of land; sharply graded progressive taxes; the financing of poor and middle peasants' cooperative societies and productive organization of the laws governing the hiring of labor; depriving the kulaks of certain political and public rights etc.). However, in so far as the productive forces of Socialist industry have not yet grown sufficiently to enable a broad new technical base to be laid for agriculture and consequently to enable an immediate and rapid productive combination of peasant farms into large public enterprises—collective farms—the kulak class tends to grow and establishes economic, and later, political contact with elements of the so-called "new bourgeoisie."

The proletariat of the USSR holds the principal economic key-positions in the country. It systematically squeezes out the remnants of urban private capital, which has considerably diminished during the last few years of the "New Eoconmic Policy." It imposes all manner of restrictions upon the exploiting strata in the rural districts, which spring out of the development of commodity-money relationships. It draws the bulk of the peasant, simple commodity producers into the general system of Soviet economic organization and consequently into the work of Socialist construction through the medium of rapidly-growing cooperation—which in the conditions of proletarian dictatorship and the economic leadership of Socialist industry is identical with the development of Socialism, and is passing from the process of restoration to the expanded reconstruction of the whole productive and technical basis of the country. Thus, the proletariat of the USSR has undertaken and is adready fulfilling the task of large-scale construction (the production of means of production generally and the development of the heavy industry and electrification in particular) and simultaneously with developing, selling, buying and credit cooperation, has undertaken the task of organizing the peasantry in productive, cooperative societies on the basis of collectivism.

Socialism is already a decisive economic force in the USSR which in the main, determines the whole economic development of the country and by that very fact stimulates still greater progress in its development.

Owing to the technical and economical backwardness of the country and the damage caused during the imperialist and civil wars large capital outlays have to be made for renewals of equipment and developing new enterprises and this places serious obstacles in the path of socialist development. Nevertheless the standard of living of the working class and of the broad masses of the toilers is steadily rising and simultaneously with the socialist rationalization and scientific organization of industry the 7-hour day is being gradually introduced.

Thanks to the economic growth of the USSR and to the growing importance of the socialist section of industry and relying upon the poorer sections of the rural population—while maintaining a durable alliance with the bulk of the peasant population, viz., the middle peasants, the working class, united and led by the COMMUNIST PARTY—which has been seasoned in revolutionary battles, is able to draw increasing numbers of the toilers into the work of building up Socialism. The most important means employed for this purpose are: „the development of broad mass organizations (the PARTY, the trade unions, the YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE, co-operative societies of all forms, women's organizations,—for working women and peasant women, various kinds of so-called "voluntary societies," worker and rural correspondents' societies, sports clubs, scientific societies, cultural and educational organizations); encouragement of the initiative of the masses and the promotion of fresh strata of workers to high posts in all spheres of economy and administration. The continuous attraction of the masses into the process of Socialist construction, the continuous renewal of the whole state, economic, trade union and PARTY apparatus by infusing into them workers from the factories, the practice of training workers generally and young workers in particular in the higher educational establishments and special courses, etc., as socialist experts in all branches of construction—serve as a guarantee against the bureaucratic ossification and social degeneration of the proletariat directly engaged in administration.

Having defeated Russian imperialism and liberated all the former colonies and oppressed nations in the Russian Empire the dictatorship of the proletariat in the USSR guarantees not only formal but actual equality for the various nationalities in the Union. It is systematically laying a firm foundation for their cultural and political development by industrializing these territories. It clearly establishes the legal position of the autonomous territories, autonomous republics and allied republics in the constitution of the Soviet Union and carries out to the full the principle of the right of nations to self-determination.

The USSR is the land of the dictatorship of the proletariat and of socialist construction. It is a land in which the working class has won enormous gains and established a close alliance with the peasants. It is the land of a new culture which follows the banner of Marxism Hence, the USSR is inevitably becoming the base of the world movement of all oppressed classes, the centre of the international revolution, the greatest factor in world history.

In the USSR the world proletariat for the first time acquires a real fatherland of its own and the USSR becomes the greatest centre of gravity for colonial movements.

Thus, the USSR is a great factor in the general crisis of capitalism not only becouse it has dropped out of purely capitalist economic intercourse, and has created the basis for the socialist system of production but also because it plays an exceptionally great revolutionary role generally: it is the international driving force of the proletarian revolution, stimulating the proletariat of all countries to strive to capture power. It is a living example of the ability of the working class not only to destroy capitalism, but to build up socialism. It is the prototype of the fraternal relations between all nationalities that will exist in the World Union of Socialist Republics and of the economic unity of all toilers in the single world economy of socialism that the conquest of power by the proletariat in all countries will establish.

The simultaneous existence of two economic systems: the socialist system in the USSR and the capitalist system in the other countries, imposes on the proletarian State the task of repelling the blows showered upon it by the capitalist world (boycott, blockade, etc.,) and at the same time compels it to resort to economic manoeuvres and make use of economic contacts with capitalist countries (by means of the monopoly of foreign trade, credits, loans, concessions, so-called "technical aid," etc.). The principal and fundamental line to be adopted in this respect is the establishment of the widest possible contacts with foreign countries within limits determined by the advantages they will bring for the USSR, i. e., primarily for strengthening industry in the USSR itself, for the purpose of laying a basis for its own heavy industry and electrification and finally for the development of its own socialist engineering industry. Only to the extent that the economic independence of the USSR in the midst of a capitalist environment is secured can guarantees be obtained against the danger of the work of socialist construction in the USSR being disturbed and of her becoming an adjunct of the capitalist system

On the other hand, the capitalist states continuously oscillate between their commercial interest in the markets of the USSR and their fear of the growth of the USSR which signifies the growth of international revolution. For that reason the principal and fundamental tendency in the politics of the Imperialist Powers is to encircle the USSR and to conduct counter-revolutionary war against her for the purpose of strangling her and of establishing a world, bourgeois, terrorist regime.

However, the systematic attempts of Imperialism politically to encircle the USSR and the growing danger of military aggression against her to prevent the Communist Party of the Soviet Union,— a Section of the Communist International and leader of the proletarian dictatorship in the USSR,—from fulfilling its international obligations and from rendering assistance to all the oppressed, to the labour movement in capitalist countries, to the movement of colonial peoples against imperialism, and to the struggle against national oppression in all its forms.

As the USSR is the only fatherland of the international proletariat, the principal bulwark of their achievements and the most important factor in the cause of international emancipation, the international proletariat must facilitate the success of the work of socialist construction in the USSR and by all means in their power defend it against the attacks of the capitalist powers.

> "The world political situation has now brought to the front the dictatorship of the proletariat as an immediate issue and all the events in world politics are inevitably concentrating around one central point, viz: the struggle of the world bourgeoisie against the Soviet Russian Republic, which must group itself around the Soviet movements of the advanced workers of all countries, on the one hand, and all the national liberation movements of the colonial and oppressed nationalities on the other." (Lenin).

In the event of the Imperialist states declaring war upon and attacking the USSR, the international proletariat must retaliate by the boldest and most determined mass action and struggle for the overthrow of the imperialist governments with the slogan of dictatorship of the proletariat and alliance with the USSR.

In the colonies, and particularly in the colonies belonging to the imperialist countries which are attacking the USSR, it is necessary to take advantage of the diversion of the imperialist military forces to develop the anti-imperialist struggle to the utmost and to organize revolutionary action for the purpose of throwing off the yoke of imperialism and of winning complete independence.

The development of socialism in the USSR and the growth of its international influence not only rouse against her the hatred of capitalist states and their social democratic agents, but they also inspire towards her the greatest sympathy of the broad masses of the toilers all over the world, and stimulate the readiness of the oppressed classes of all countries to fight in defence of the land of the proletarian dictatorship in the event of an imperialistic attack upon her.

Thus, the development of the contradictions within modern world economy, the development of the general capitalist crises and the military attacks of the Imperialists upon the Soviet Union must inevitably lead to a mighty revolutionary outbreak which must overwhelm the capitalist system in a number of so-called civilized countries, unleash the victorious revolution in the colonies, widen the basis of the proletarian dictatorship to an enormous degree and by that carry us a tremendous way nearer to the final world victory of socialism.

(To Be Continued.)

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4 COMMUNIST EDITORS JAILED

Fascists Hold Militants Incommunicado

GENEVA, July 13. — The former leading officials of the free trades union confederation (Confederazione Generale del Lavoro) and members of the Communist Party have been arrested and tried by the Fascist police in Rome.

Those arrested are: Giuseppe Amoretti, former editor of the "Unita," the legal and official organ of the Communist Party of Italy; Anna Amoretti, his wife; Dr. Girolamo Li Causi, the former responsible editor of the "Unita"; Signora Li Causi; Eduardo D'Onofria, the former editor of the "Avanguardia", the legal and official organ of the Young Communist League of Italy, and Grandi, a former employee of the "Unita."

Although the arrests took place four weeks ago, the friends and relatives of the arrested men and women have not yet been able to secure any information whatever from the authorities concerning the fate of those arrested. No information can be obtained concerning the charges that will be made against the prisoners.

The maltreatment and torture of prisoners which has been made into a system since the explosion in Milan, for which the Fascists were themselves responsible, justifies the worst fears for the fate of the prisoners.

PORTER PROTEST MEETING SUNDAY

Communist Gathering on Boston Common

BOSTON, Mass., July 13. — The Young Workers (Communist) League of Boston will hold a protest meeting on the Boston Commons on July 15, at 4 p. m. for the defense of John Porter, Young Workers (Communist) League militant who is at present imprisoned for his active participation in the New Bedford textile strike, and because of his refusal to serve in the United States Army as a tool of American imperialism.

Two Soap Companies Effect Big Merger

(UP).—Directors of the Palmolive Peet Company and Colgate & Company have agreed to a plan of consolidation of the two firms, subject to action of stockholders. The merger would be effective as of July 1, 1928, if approved, it was announced today.

PLAN ARCTIC STUDY

BOSTON, July 13 (UP).—The U. S. coast guard patrol boat Marion, under command of Lieutenant Commander Edward H. Smith, oceanographer for ten years connected with the North Atlantic ice patrol, left Charlestown Navy Yard today on a cruise to the far north to study icebergs and ocean currents between Labrador and Greenland.

Thousands Hear Noted Mexican Artist Tell About Soviet Union

MEXICO CITY, July 13.—Three thousand persons attended a lecture upon the cultural and economic progress of the Soviet Union, given in the auditorium of the National Preparatory School by Diego Rivera, the distinguished Mexican artist.

Rivera recently returned from the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, where he went as a delegate to the celebration of the Tenth Anniversary. After completing his series of murals in the ministry of education, depicting the history of the Mexican workers' and peasants' struggles, Rivera will return to Moscow, where he will decorate the walls of several buildings.

WORKER SCHOOL IN WASHINGTON

Offer Large Variety of Courses

WINLOCK, Wash., July 3 (By mail).—Fifty-two students at the young workers training school here are engaged in the study of class study problems so that they may be of greater service to the labor movement.

The school began June 23 with a program given by the students and teachers. Soon the classes were organized and the students began work.

Subjects taught at the training school this year are sociology, economics, history of the United States (from the workers' viewpoint), theory, practice and organizational forms of the world's labor movement, public speaking, study circles and discussion periods. The study is by no means confined to the class work and visits are made to factories in this section for actual study of conditions.

Many nationalities are represented at the school, including two Letts and one Chinese student. Instructors are from New York, California and Washington.

After the training school for young workers last year considerable progress was made in organizing the Young Workers Communist League in this district, and the school this year is certain to be of considerable value to the revolutionary youth movement on the Pacific Coast.

Catholic Reactionaries Hang Three Mexicans

MEXICO CITY, July 13.—Catholic counter-revolutionists hanged Carasco Sandoval and his brother, Carlos, yesterday. The former was a federal deputy and the latter the mayor of the town Tacambaro.

The Catholic group was lead by Ladislao Medina. Medina and his accomplices attacked a passenger train and captured the brothers.

A catholic priest, Aristeo Pedroza, and his band were defeated in a skirmish with federal troops at La Concepcion ranch near Leon. The catholics fled, leaving behind twenty-one of their dead. Thirteen more were killed when they were ambushed at Atotoniquillo.

WALL ST. LOANS GRIP THE WORLD

Foreign Loans Exceed Record

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Foreign loans during the period from January 1 and July 1 of this year accumulated to over $1,053,164,000, according to the figures of the department of commerce.

This is the first time in American history that capital was shipped at such a rate into other countries, exceeding any previous period and even exceeding the war loans offered for sale in this country during any half year.

The principal borrower is Europe, with Germany as the highest, Canada obtaining largest sums and Latin America running a close third. Latin America, which had borrowed so profusely during 1927, is still borrowing heavily from United States capitalists.

G.O.P. BUYS UP ELECTION VOTE

Vare Elected By Bribe is Accusation

PHILADELPHIA, July 13 (UP). —Less than 24 hours after he testified before the senate committee investigating the election of William S. Vare to the senate in 1926 Frederick Schadt, former deputy tax collector, was arrested and taken before the magistrate he named as the payer of tax receipts for some voters.

In his testimony Schadt said the former republican ward committeeman and present Magistrate Edward J. Connor had paid the tax receipts for some of the voters who registered. Yesterday Schadt appeared before Connor for violation of the peace.

Federal Reserve Bank Raises Rediscount 5%

The advance in the Chicago Federal Reserve Bank rediscount rate Tuesday was met by the New York Bank yesterday after a long meeting. The rate was raised to 5 per cent from 4½ per cent. The latter rate has been in effect since May 18 It is the first time that a rate of 5 per cent has been in effect since Nov. 3, 1921, when the rate was cut from 5 per cent.

Chicago and New York Federal Reserve Banks are the only institutions with a 5 per cent rate.

Woman Badly Burned When Fumes Explode

Mabel Farmer, 22 years old, of 115-68 155th St., Jamaica, is confined to her bed at home with burns she received following an explosion which occurred while she was cleaning a dress in the kitchen of her home yesterday. She was using gasoline, the pilot light in the gas range was burning, and the fumes exploded, starting a fire in the kitchen.

Michigan's Children's Camp Will Open Soon at Cooperative Lake

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 13. —The second annual workers' children camp in Western Michigan will have its grand opening July 22 at the Co-operative Lake. The camp will run for a period of four weeks and will be on a much larger scale than before.

The camp will teach the children cooperative living and will bring them closer to understanding the class struggle. Swimming, field sports, educational work, nature studies, and the conducting of a model Pioneer Group is but a minor part of the program.

In order to make the camp available to all workers' children the fee has been set as $3.50 per week for each child.

Registration can be made any evening at Room 209, 211 Monroe, or 1057 Hamilton N. W. The camp will be in charge of an experienced camp director.

Make Huge Profit

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13.— While the Sante Fe Railroad bought up the Kansas City, Mexico and Orient Railroad about four years ago and made a profit of $6,000,000, the men working on these systems will have their wages cut so drastically that they will be the lowest paid railroad workers in the country.

When the workers appealed to the Railroad Board of Labor and Mediation, the board meditated. When Coolidge was appealed to, he appointed a board of investigation which reported that the workers were "unjustified" in asking for more money.

U.S.S.R. DENIES GERMAN SPYING

Soviet Berlin Embassy Surprised at Charge

BERLIN, July 13.—The Soviet embassy here yesterday denied knowledge of the existence of espionage in the German aeronautic works by spies working for the Soviet government, as charged by Berlin police. The statement of the Soviet ambassador said that not only had the Soviet government had nothing to do with the alleged espionage, but that it had not heard anything about it until the announcement was made by the Berlin police.

The cause of the charges is the arrest yesterday of Wilhelm Ludwig and two other Germans for their alleged participation in the betrayal of German flying secrets to Moscow.

VESSELS COLLIDE AT SEA

LONDON, July 13 (UP). — The Royal Mail liner Demerara, bound for South America, collided with an unnamed vessel off the port of Lisbon and returned to that city today, the line announced. The acciaent occurred during a fog. It was not made known what damage was done.

Labor Fakers Admit Mussolini's Union

GENEVA, July 13. — In spite of the protests of workers the International Labor Conference has recognized Mussolini's fascist union and admitted it to the Conference.

The fascist "Union" delegation was headed by Rossini, who at one time headed an anarchist paper in Boston.

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Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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HAndOuTS

Chiang Kai-shek has just completed weeping at the tomb of Sun Yat Sen. If Sun Yat Sen were alive he would weep over the way Chiang has betrayed the cause of the Chinese masses.

* * *

Yu Vawn Shotts, the baby who gained the attention of the world by talking when she was a few weeks old, already shows some signs of comprehending materialism. The first words she uttered were "Eat! Eat! Eat!"

* * *

Political Tactician

"Musical Charlie" Arnett of Wichita Falls, Tex., plays the concertina to drum up enthusiasm and win votes for Al Smith. Those who have heard Charlie play have been unkind enough to maintain he is in the pay of Herbert Hoover. Al doesn't need a concertina. His instrument is Tammany which plays a melody sweet to the ears of corrupt politicians all over the U. S.

* * *

Louis Rothbard, a lawyer, pleaded ignorance of the law when charged with ambulance chasing. He wouldn't be the first lawyer who knew nothing of the law. This recalls the character in Jack London's story who was a lawyer called "Necessity," because Necessity knows no law.

* * *

Emerald, the class conscious ant, says: "Politicians' relatives on New York payrolls constitute the real army of the unemployed."

* * *

Here's a Kick.

"Ma. Who is it?" "A daughter of the rich." "What's she working at?" "Taking the itch out of a new bathing suit." "Is that all the rich do?" "Mercy no! They're very busy spending the time and money they steal from workers." "What has she got her shoes on for." "She's going for a walk. Only fish swim nowadays."

Gems of Learning

* * *

F. Trubee Davison, Assistant Secretary of War, in charge of Aviation says: "...our new attack planes...have demonstrated their high efficiency and our new type of bombing plane...is rapidly replacing other types now in use. The bombing planes to be put in service this year will be even superior to those that were obtained in 1927-28." Isn't that strange. And Secretary Kellogg hasn't said a word about war.

Brig. General John Henry Russell of the Marine Corps, American High Commissioner to Haiti who has just arrived in New York says: "You can go anywhere in Haiti alone and be safe. That is more tnan you can say for some countries." A jailor can stroll through Sing Sing without much danger.

* * *

Eleanor Boardman, wife of King Vidor, movie director, made a two-months' tour of Europe to track down a new name for her daughter. The name was changed from Joyce to Antonia. When it comes time to teach the young girl to drive an automobile Eleanor will probably take her to a public library.

Frank J. Hogan, lawyer for Col. Stewart, oil man who defied the senate and was recently acquitted: "Justice has been done....It is time the Walshes, Nyes and Norrises should learn that prosecutions of this kind cannot prevail...." It is time.

Col. C. D. Ham, ex-Nicaraguan collector general of customs: "The marines should not be withdrawn after the elections. It makes no difference which side wins." Ham is a hard boiled egg. He knows the marines will stay until U. S. bankers can get everything they can lay their hands on.

MOTHER OF TOM MOONEY GIVEN HUGE OVATION

Hold Picnics, Meetings for Frame-Up Victims

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif. (By Mail). — Mrs. Mooney, mother of Tom Mooney, noted class war prisoner, now in San Quentin, was given a great ovation when introduced by Comrade J. E. Snyder at the annual Bay District I. L. D. picnic, held in East Lake Park on July 4.

The picnic, a joint affair of the I. L. D. locals of San Francisco Oakland, Berkeley and Richmond was turned into an impressive demonstration in the campaign to "Free Mooney and Billings." This opened the Pacific Coast campaign under the direction of Edgar Owens, organizer of the I. L. D., who was principal speaker of the day.

Mrs. Mooney was visibly impressed with the great ovation of the assembled workers. She expressed her pleasure in this demonstration of labor solidarity and her confidence that such support thru the renewed campaign of the I. L. D. was sure to secure the release of her son Tom Mooney and his Comrade Warren K. Billings.

The social feature of the outing was the singing of the Russian-Ukrainian chorus of San Francisco which was cheered into repeated encores.

* * *

More picnics and public meetings are being turned into demonstrations for the release of Mooney and Billings according to word from the national office of the I. L. D. Those scheduled for the coming weeks are: Cleveland Mooney-Billings demonstration on the public square, July 27; Akron Picnic July 29; New York Outing at Pleasant Bay Park Bronx, July 21; Detroit Mooney-Billings International Picnic at Rochester Park, Sunday, August 5.

SHIRT WORKERS FIGHT WAGE CUT

Strike in Perth Amboy Against Speed-Up

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., July 13.—A strike was called this morning in the Perth Amboy Shirt Manufacturing Company against a vicious wage-cut and speed-up initiated by the proprietor, Mr. Schwartz. Sixty-two of the sixty-six workers have joined the shirt makers' strike; those remaining are old women and little children. The Young Workers (Communist) League is taking an active interest in the strike.

The conditions of the Schwartz factory are miserable, it is reported. Girls have been receiving $6 and $7 per week, sometimes $12 and, in rare occasions, more. The wage cut means a reduction of $6 to $4 and of $5 to $3 in a number of instances. One young worker's wage was cut from $18 to half, $9. For the remainder of the workers the cut means a 10 per cent lowering of wages.

Mr. Schwartz's speed-up scheme meant the firing of three girls. It also meant that other girls had to do an extra section of the entire work, in addition to their regular work. No increase in pay was intended to be granted with this doubling of work.

Veronica Kovacs, a young shirt worker, was fired because she is one of the most militant fighters for better conditions, against the wage-cut and speed-up. A strike leaflet demands that she and the other girls be taken back, that the cut be removed and the strikers organize a union.

Together with the fired young workers, members of the Young Workers (Communist) League distributed leaflets calling the strike and carried placards in demonstration at the factory. At the strike meeting this morning a league representative spoke, giving the strikers courage and greater conviction to carry on their fight to a successful end.

With great enthusiasm a strike committee was formed. Veronica Kovacs, militant striker, was made a member of it.

A committee was elected to present demands to the bosses. The strike committee decided to distribute a leaflet to all shirt workers in Perth Amboy to fight against the wage-cut which will shortly be instituted in all shirt factories.

The strike committee particularly urges the importance of forming a strong union, to have it as a means of effectively combatting the wage-cut and speed-up and for winning the present strike.

Two Workers Injured in Train Derailment

COLUMBIA, Pa., July 13. (U. P.) — Two trainmen were slightly injured at Chickies, near here today, when a westbound Pennsylvania freight train was derailed and wrecked.

The injured men were J. W. Ritchie, flagman and J. P. Jacobs, conductor, both of Enola, Pa. The freight cars were derailed and wrecked, when the engine jumped the track after splitting a switch.

Wall Street Will Drive Al Smith's Bandwagon

John J. Raskob, vice-president and chairman of finance committee of General Motors, the greatest open-shop concern in the world, has been chosen by Al Smith to be chairman of the democratic national committee. Thus Al dispels all those malicious rumors that it would be a sour day for Big Business if he is elected to succeed the Wall Street footman, Coolidge. Photo shows a happy family scene: from left to right, front row: Nellie Taylor Ross, "progressive" ex-governor of Wyoming; Gov. Smith, Raskob, Senator Joseph T. Robinson, democratic candidate for vice-president; and Herbert H. Lehman, millionaire banker and finance chairman of the democratic national committee.

LABOR DEFENSE PICNIC TO BE HELD JULY 21

The annual outing of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense at Pleasant Bay Park, Saturday, July 21, promises to be a truly international affair Workers of many nationalities are co-operating in the arrangements for the outing, and the thousands of workers who will be present will also be representative of almost every nationality in a single demonstration of international solidarity.

The program for the affair will be of great variety, including athletics and games of all sorts, open air dancing to the music of a jazz band, a torch light parade, refreshments and a mass scene symbolizing the struggle of the workers to free their comrades behind the bars.

A unique feature will be the taking of movies of the outing and its various activities. These movies will be shown sometime shortly after the outing and workers will be able to see themselves and their friends on the screen.

The outing will be one of the red-letter days on the proletarian social calendar of the year and many workers thruout the city are preparing to attend. Since all the proceeds of the affair will go to aid class war prisoners and their families, workers are strongly urged to attend the outing and secure the attendance of their friends. Tickets are on sale at the office of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, Room 422, and at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

THOUSANDS OF TAXIS LAID UP

Driver Pictures Bad Conditions

(By Taxi Correspondent)

Twenty-five taxicabs, covered with a layer of dust and with tires flat, yet in otherwise good running condition, bear mute testimony to the fact that conditions among taxi drivers are not so rosy as pictured by H. A. Innes Brown, editor of the Taxi Weekly, who since his open-shop paper came into existence has been editorializing on the "prosperity of the taxi industry and of the nation generally.

Rest In Idleness

The twenty-five cabs, originally owned and paid for by hackmen, have ben resting in idleness for the past four months in a garage on Fourth Ave., Brooklyn. The cabs, which are in "dead" storage, will remain there until the police stop their daily raids on the hackmen of this city, a condition which is making it increasingly impossible to work in the trade.

"The cabs you see there were stored months ago," said the owner of the garage, "and the owners would not touch them until the cops stop 'hounding' them."

When asked if there were many other cabs stored away by their owners, the garage man said: "In the borough of Brooklyn there are over 1,500 of them in storage and in Manhattan and the Bronx there are two thousand more. The men are discouraged and disgusted. Some have taken jobs on trucks and others are driving for fleet owners. Most of them are probably walking the streets."

One driver, who did not want his name mentioned and who has "deadened" his cab, said to the owner of the garage in the presence of a reporter for The DAILY WORKER: "Last week, after struggling for 18 months to pay off the cab, which cost $2,800, I decided to lay her up. The conditions on the streets are getting worse and worse. If it is not the passengers it's the cops and if it isn't the cops it's the hack inspector.

"Last month I had the cab passed for inspection, which must be done every four months. Yesterday, while cruising on Fourth Ave., Brooklyn, I was stopped by hack inspectors three different times."

Police and Big Fleeters

"Every thing seems to indicate," said an official of one of the independent taxi associations, that the police department and the big companies are trying to force the little fellows off the streets. It is far easier for the cops to regulate taxis operated by a few large companies than to be worrying over a lot of individuals."

500 COMMUNISTS JAILED IN SPAIN

BORDEAUX, France, July 13.—Spanish military officials yesterday seized and threw into prisons over 500 members of the Communist Party of Spain, after alleging that they had come into knowledge of a nation-wide "plot" to overthrow the Spanish monarchy. The raids were held throughout the country, but the greatest number of arrests were centered around the provinces of Catalonia and Galicia.

The so-called plot is alleged to have been arranged for July 17, when King Alfonso and the fascist premier, Primo de Riviera, are to attend the opening of the Pyrennes tunnel at Canfranc, a small Spanish town.

After the brutal arrests and beatings administered to the Communist Party members seized in the raid, an official government note was released to the press, calling upon all "patriots" to refuse to "respond to the invitations of the "conspirators."

HOLD MEETINGS TO FREE PORTER

Youth Takes Up Fight For Young Rebel

Continued from Page One

direct the fight against the military authorities for Porter's freedom and to make the issues of the case known to every worker in the country. These defense committees are being formed as a part of the International Labor Defense drive for Porter's freedom, and will be directed by the Porter Defense Committee of the International Labor Defense.

The Young Workers (Communist) League has announced that it will actively participate in aiding the work of the Porter Defense Committee of the I. L. D. to free Porter from the danger of life imprisonment at Governor's Island.

Theresa Valente, active member of the Textile Strike Committee of New Bedford, will remain secretary of the Committee, but the headquarters will be in New York instead of New Bedford, as previously announced, and mail should be sent to:

Porter Defense Committee of I. L. D., 80 East 11th Street, N. Y. C.

WISCONSIN MEET TO RALLY UNITS

Factory Problems Will Occupy Conference

SUPERIOR, Wis., July 13.—The Sub-District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Superior is arranging an industrial organization conference of all the units in the Minnesota and Wisconsin territories for August 5.

This conference will be the first step in the direction of the Young Workers (Communist) League in the Superior sub-district to initiate activity among the young workers in industry, and of drawing the working class youth of the vicinity into the Young Workers (Communist) League. The keynote of the conference will be "The League Must Face the Factory Youth."

The conference will be attended by young workers from the Iron Range, from the lumber mills at the head of the lakes, girls from the big mills and stores, and all functionaries from the units. Besides the regular members, the members of the district executive committee and a member of the National Executive Committee will also be present.

JAILS 5 IN FREE SPEECH FIGHT IN ILLINOIS

Young Wkr's League to Defy Police

WAUKEGAN, Ill., July 13.—Five members of the Young Workers (Communist) League were arrested yesterday for trying to hold an open-air street meeting in the downtown section of the city.

The authorities of this industrial town have always shown a violent hatred toward the Communists, whom they fear particularly because of their organizational activities among the large working population here.

Samuel Herman, who has been active in the Kenosha, Wis., strike against the Allen-A Hosiery Company and who acted as the chairman, was the first to be placed under arrest. He had spoken for about thirty minutes.

Kay Ahola, Joe Plotkin, Gertrude Cranholm and Sulo Karjala were dragged off the platform in turn as they rose to speak. One of the speakers, before being pulled down, pointed out to the large assemblage of workers the mockery of the bosses' "democracy." They are all to come up for trial tomorrow.

The Young Workers (Communist) League has declared its intention to conduct a free speech fight here until meetings can be held undisturbed.

BRUTAL ATTACK ON FRUIT CLERK

Striker Assaulted By Bsss' Thugs

A gang of thugs, armed with iron pipes made a brutal assault yesterday upon a striking fruit store clerk while he was buying provisions for the workers' co-operative fruit and vegetable store in the Harlem wholesale market. The striker was compelled to receive treatment at a neighboring clinic for wounds in his head.

He and five other fruit store clerks have been working in the co-operative fruit store at 936 E. Tremont Ave. since shortly after Taub's Fruit Market, at 933 E. Tremont Ave., was declared on strike by the Retail Grocery, Dairy and Fruit Clerks' Union.

As a result of an almost complete boycott affected by the working class residents of the district against the anti-union store, effectively carried through when they transferred their trade to the workers' co-operative across the street, the bosses' association, to which the store belongs, had hired a gang of thugs to put the co-operative out of existence.

Twenty-one cases of previously arrested fruit store strikers came up for trial yesterday in the 8th District Magistrate Court. Magistrate H. Bush dismissed eight of them and postponed the trials of the 13 others until July 30.

Six Killed in Street Fighting in Jugo Slavia

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, July 13.—As a result of the murder of the Macedonian Nationalist leader, General Protogeroff a few days ago six persons were killed and several wounded in street fighting at Petrich and Sofia.

APPOINT RAILROAD MANAGER

WASHINGTON, July 13 (UP).—O. F. Ohlson, superintendent of the Lake Superior division of the North Pacific Railroad, has been appointed general manager of the Alaska Railway, Secretary of the Interior Work announced today. The Alaska railroad is operated by the government.

LENINISM

By
JOSEPH STALIN

A masterly exposition of "Marxism of the epoch of imperialism and of the proletarian revolution."

$2.50

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NEW YORK.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

* * *

Philadelphia Picnic.

Workers (Communist) Party, District Three, will hold a picnic and carnival on Labor Day at Shutzen Park. Benjamin Gitlow will speak.

* * *

Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

* * *

Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

* * *

Michigan Speaking Tour.

DETROIT, Mich.—The District Organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Detroit will make a tour of this district for the purpose of organizing new branches of the League throughout the state. The following cities will be visited:

Saturday, July 14, Pontiac.

All young workers are invited to attend these meetings.

* * *

Philadelphia T. U. E. L. Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Trade Union Educational League of Philadelphia will hold a Grand Picnic at Maple Park Grove on August 4, beginning at 9 a. m. and ending at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing, and musical programs will be added to the speeches of prominent members returned from the U. S. S. R. All are invited to attend.

MARKET CRASHES AS MONEY RISES

Big Business Fears Growing Depression

Following the increase in the rediscount rate by the Chicago Federal Reserve Board, the New York branch, as was expected, yesterday set its own rate at the 5% figure adopted by Chicago.

The policy of increasing rediscount rates, which is given as the major reason to account for the greatest break in the stock market since the world war, is believed to be a precautionary measure against the increasing financial and industrial depression which is facing U. S. industry.

The earlier policy of easy money rates has failed to maintain permanent "prosperity" as was promised. The growing inability of wages to purchase back the increased American product is understood to be behind the present policy of depressing prices in the hope of bringing about a balance between prices and wages.

District Speakers Meeting Tomorrow At Workers Center

There will be a District Speakers' Conference tomorrow at 2 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square, 5th floor, to discuss the platforms of the republican and democratic parties.

D. Benjamin, district agitprop director, will lead the discussion Speakers' Conferences will be held regularly every two weeks during the election campaign to analyze and discuss the important issues in the present election campaign.

All unit, sub-section and section agitprop directors; all members of speakers' classes being held in various sections; all comrades assigned to speak at open air meetings by the District Agitprop Department; all who speak at open air meetings arranged by the sections should attend this conference.

DAILY WORKER AGENCY
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A. SOKOLOV, Mgr.
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317 So. 5th St. PHILA, PA.

'DAILY' TO START SPORTS SECTION

New Department Begins Next Tuesday

In response to numerous requests from workers thruout the country The DAILY WORKER has decided to start a sports department. Beginning next Tuesday, news of the sports world in every field of athletic activity will appear daily.

The DAILY WORKER is of course particularly anxious to give as much space as possible to labor sports. Tho labor sports have not in this country reached the stage of development that they have elsewhere, there have been many signs of increased interest in this important field of workingclass activity. The DAILY WORKER wants to encourage and further this interest at all times.

In addition, the sports department will print all the important news of the capitalist sports world the latest baseball scores, the results of boxing bouts, etc.

The decision to start a sports department is in line with the general improvements that have recently become part of The DAILY WORKER and which have been made possible by the generous support of the workers.

15 COMMUNISTS FACE TRIAL IN FASCIST COURT

120 Poor Peasants Are Imprisoned

ROME, July 13.—A new trial is the Special Court at Rome of 15 members of the Communist Party of Florence, Turin and Bologna and a few other small towns is now in session. Three of the prisoners escaped while the twelve others are being tried.

One hundred and twenty farmers, imprisoned in Latium, are scheduled to appear before the court shortly. They are charged with belonging to a peasants organization that is connected with the labor movement.

The former editor of "Unity," Giuseppe Amoretti, was arrested in Rome because he attempted to reorganize the Communist Party. Anna Bassone was arrested with him. Amoretti was so mishandled that he lost consciousness.

RED LABOR INT'L REPORT TONIGHT

Full reports on the recent world congress of the Red International of Labor Unions held in Moscow recently will be made at a meeting tonight at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St.

The Fourth Congress is believed to have marked a turning point in the outlook of the militant labor movement thruout the world. Reports on the discussion, the program and perspectives of the great congress will be given in full by speakers tonight, including Ben Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party; Jack W. Johnstone, national organizer of the Trade Union Educational League, and Charles Zimmerman, one of the leaders of the needle trades.

John J. Ballam, acting district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party will act as chairman.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Daily Worker Picnic
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PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT
will hold a
Red Election Rally and Picnic on Monday, Sept. 3rd
AT SCHUETZEN PARK
83rd and Tinicum Ave.
WATCH FURTHER ANNOUNCEMENTS
A conference of Workers Party units, trade union locals, workers clubs, shop delegates and fraternal organizations to support the Election Campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held on Friday, August 3, 1928

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PLEASANT JOB FOR FE; A SHORT STORY

Y MARTIN MORIARTY

he time clock the shuffling man with the stolid expres- f the oldtimer who has served wenty-one years in the army Watkins, No. 939. In the pa- able department of Jolson and ks, Electrical Enginners, Inc. s old Sam. When a rush made excited he shouted too many . Then he became bloody old

labels, whether from fellow- r or time clock, did not worry He plodded round [illegible] shop. d richly colored [illegible]gs of to- contentedly, tightened bolts on able drums, taking a just pride e record of Watkins No. 939. had punched the time clock ten tes late, only once in fifteen .

m was a good worker. So ruth- y had army discipline been d into him that he had learned o what he was told without tion. He had learned to move the mass without concerning elf over the wisdom of the ment. His life as a soldier had planned with the precision of ime-sheet, from "reveille" to ts out." So, if he was asked et through with - job by 10:30 ould report ready for the next at 10:25. He would never sneak two minutes before quitting time ash his hands. He would wait the siren. True, like the others. went outside for a smoke in the ning. But the toilet attendant never obliged to call "939" to ind Sam that his eight minutes e up. Sam was a good ker. . . .

• • •

am always swung a wrench in hand in his wanderings round shop. His job was to supervise gs of five or six men as they round paper-lapped cable into pickling tank. At stated peri- of the day, in accordance with instruction slip given him by the p foreman, Sam would let out the in the tanks and adjust the heat- apparatus. Then the foreman uld give him a gang.

A drum of paper-lapped cable uld be pushed into position, and sted on a pair of lifting jacks e man would turn the drum. other would pull up slack cable. o others would flake it in the bot- n of the tank. Theirs was the rst job. The edge of the tank s hot and sticky with resin and . The heat would rise up from bottom of the tank, making the roat dry and wafting a smell of ale smoked fish in the nose.

• • •

AM would stand by, giving a hand where necessary. He had a ick, bellowing voice and was not w to shout when the foreman was round. The gang would either ugh loudly as if they knew how take a joke, or mutter something out bloody old Sam and what he uld do with his cable drums. For en though he had the patience of olidity, he could become irritated y trifles. If a new man wanted to a tag on a cable end, Sam would ll him to get out of the way. He ked to tie the tag himself.

Newcomers to the factory would ind Sam interesting and amusing hey would wonder sometimes at his bsorption in a world of wrenches nd cable drums. If they wanted o razz him, they would quote the emark of an office clerk who once aid that Sam's coming was herald- d half an hour in advance. He did ossess rather a full nose. It was road and pugnacious. It was the ose of a private who had drunk beer in the army canteen for twen- ty-one years.

His eyes were pale blue and watery—the eyes of the city, dull, lifeless, seeing nothing but cable drums, wrenches and time sheets. His misshapen teeth were stained a dull brown from chewing many plugs of tobacco. Two front teeth were missing, which accounted for a slight lisp in his bellowing voice. The few strands of colorless hair on his head were brushed into a military quiff. The "quiff" would show beneath the peak of the old cap thrown on the back of his head.

For fifteen years Sam had obeyed orders, tightened bolts and organized vacuum tank gangs till he performed his job as naturally and mechanically as he shined officers shoes and cleaned latrines in the army.

• • •

THEN the job changed. Jolson and Killicks had made handsome profits for several years. Engineers were reorganizing the shop machinery. New equipment did better work with less men. On the latest model paper cable lapping machines electric clocks were installed. They stopped when the machine stopped. On a slip of paper attached to the clock the driver wrote down the reason for the stoppage. Four speed men were fired—they were no longer necessary.

Huge vacuum tanks were built in place of the old, and in the great work of re-organization Sam was called upon to fit in. He had to empty the oil from the tanks just as before. When cable was ready for soaking he signalled Jack the crane driver. While Jack was coming he swung open the doors of the new tanks. Two men slung the cable drum to the crane hooks. They helped guide it into position as the crane lifted the drum into the tank. Then they would go, and leave the rest to Sam.

The wrench was still Sam's crucifix. He closed the doors and tightened up every bolt from the bottom to the top of the tank religiously He would kneel on the concrete floor to tighten the lower bolts. To get to those at the top he would use a ladder.

• • •

THE taste of noon-day beer was still in Sam's mouth as he climbed the ladder on Monday afternoon. He drew his hand across his mouth reminiscently before he started working with the wrench The bolts were good and and tight Up one step. Tighten. Another step. Turn. His head was nearly level with the crane rail.

Jack the craneman was busy. The foreman had bawled him out for punching in after second siren after lunch. Everyone wanted him. He slammed the controller of the crane to high as the lead press man signalled.

Sam was at the second bolt from the top. They had good beer at the Brown Bear. Turn wrench. Try the Bear again tomorrow. "Look out Sam!" someone yelled.

Jack was too slow with the brakes The iron girder of the crane smashed into Sam's face as he turned around. The edge of the girder sliced off the tip of his nose like a razor blade as the crane was slowing down. The blood gushed from his forehead and eyes and nose and he felt the crunch of breaking teeth. The wrench hit the concrete floor with a little clang. He dropped, shrieking in agony. But he got up, pointing a trembling finger to Jack, while the blood soaked into his shirt, "Oh, you b——!" he shrieked. "You done it!" You done it! You mad b——!" Then he fainted.

A machine driver brought an old sack for him to lie on. It was greasy and stank of oil and resin. Then the ambulance came.

• • •

SAM was off work six months before he swung the wrench again The surgeon had left some of his nose. There was a big scar on his forehead which showed up white against the yellow skin. His eyes watered a lot, and he had to bathe them with boracic every night. And once, when he was working night shift, he found Ted the wire-winder pouring tea in his cup. "Don't use that cup, Ted," he said. "I just washed me eye in it." "Oh Christ," Ted said, and vomited.

The suggestion of the lisp was gone—he had no teeth. And he was no longer the loud mouthed old b——Sam. He became old Sam. His voice was thin and piping, like the voice of an old man selling shoelaces on the market square.

The machine driver who put the sack under him would tell the story to every new man told off to help him.

"What compensation did he get?" he was asked one night.

"Ah, he got compensation while he was out. When he came back the firm offered him a lump sum or a job for life. He took the job for life. Sam always wanted a steady job."

Huge Air Program is Planned by Japan

LONDON, July 13. (UP). — A Daily Mail dispatch from Tokio reported today that the Japanese war department had decided upon a new five-year aerial defense program that would cost $15,000,000.

STEEL WORKERS CALL OFF 7 YEAR STRIKE

NEWPORT, Ky., July 12 (FP).—The steel strike of Newport, begun July 7, 1921, is over. It was called off after exactly 7 years of struggle, ending in defeat for Locals 5, 15, 16 and 17 of the Amalgamated Assn. of Iron, Steel & Tin Workers. The fight was waged for union recognition. The Andrews Steel Co. and the Newport Rolling Mill Co. were ready to recognize Local 5 of the skilled steel workers but would not recognize the semi-skilled and unskilled in the other locals of the union. All the 1900 workers struck together.

Governor Sends Tanks.

It was a winning strike until Gov. Morrow of Kentucky sent armored tanks and machine gun companies to Newport. Homes of strikers were riddled with bullets, tanks rode down pickets. Federal Judge Cochran granted injunctions that set a new record for judicial oppression though they have been surpassed since by many other state and federal judges. Gunmen ran wild.

"Our" Government.

Morrow's political career in Kentucky did not last long after that but the Harding-Coolidge national administration rewarded his services to the steel trust by putting him on the rail labor board. When the railroad unions succeeded in having the board abolished Coolidge put Morrow on the rail mediation board under the Watson-Parker act

The steel workers, out for 7 years, will try to regain their old jobs. The companies are said to be willing to rehire a considerable proportion.

Workers of Two Trains Escape Death

SHELBURNE FALLS, Mass., July 13 (UP). — Members of two train crews escaped injury here today when a locomotive and eight cars were derailed at the Shelburne Falls station of the Boston and Maine Railroad.

A Troy-Deerfield freight train was standing near the station when a Mechanicsville-Ayer freight train crashed into it. Several cars were demolished and their contents thrown against, the station, one end of which was considerably damaged.

U. S. POLICY TOWARD THE USSR

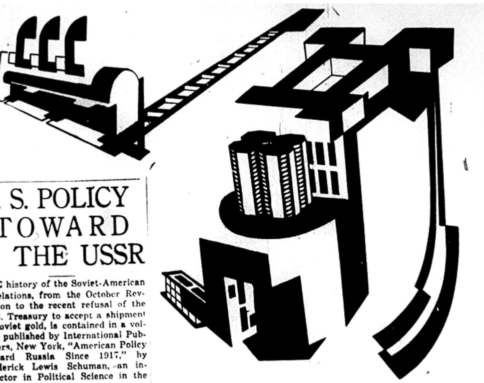
THE history of the Soviet-American relations, from the October Revolution to the recent refusal of the U. S. Treasury to accept a shipment of Soviet gold, is contained in a volume published by International Publishers, New York, "American Policy Toward Russia Since 1917," by Frederick Lewis Schuman, an instructor in Political Science in the University of Chicago.

The author traces the gradual development of American policy from blockade and armed intervention in 1917-1918 to the pretended policy of "Trade Without Recognition" in 1928. In conclusion, the policy of the United States toward the Soviet Union is summarized as follows:

"The United States, alone of the world powers, has refused recognition and has acted upon the assumption of the impossibility of peaceable intercourse and the inevitability of conflict. . . . Few would contend that the American government has handled the Russian problem since 1917 in a manner to contribute to international peace and understanding. Its past behavior, though intelligible to the American student as a natural manifestation of the fear and aversion with which the dominant class of one social order views another which casts its sacred idols in the mire and threatens it with destruction, can appear to Russians only as an incomprehensible combination of muddle-headed stupidity and scheming malevolence. Its present policy, like that of the Baldwin cabinet in Great Britain since May, 1927, rejects all hope of peace and reconciliation and proclaims implacable war between capitalism and Communism until one has destroyed the other or both have destroyed civilization between them."

• • •

THE recent attempts of Secretary of State Kellogg and Under-Secretary of the Treasury Mills (Hoover's lieutenant) to assert that the policy of non-recognition is no obstacle to commerce are refuted by the actions of the state department and the treasury department, respectively, in opposing Soviet credits and refusing to accept Soviet gold. The author points out that the recent gold rejection, "like the ban on long term loans, constitutes an important qualification to the official policy of 'trade without recognition.'" "The official position maintained at Washington, that non-recognition does not constitute an obstacle to commerce, is therefore not in accordance with the facts."



(Drawing by Louis Lozowick—Courtesy New Masses.)

The Story of Sacco and Vanzetti in Literature

By WALT CARMON

THOUGH the monstrous murder of Sacco and Vanzetti occurred only one year ago, there is already a substantial and growing literature to remind us of the facts of their innocence, their courage, their loyalty to the working class and the great movement of world labor in their behalf. Workers will find in this literature much interest and much inspiration for their activity in the struggle.

"The Life and Death of Sacco and Vanzetti," by Eugene Lyons, is dramatic reading. It is the complete story of the two workers who came from Italy to the "land of opportunity," their struggle for a livelihood, their activity in the labor movement and finally their judicial murder.

"Sacco and Vanzetti—Labor's Martyrs," by Max Shachtman, presents just as dramatic reading, with a sharper working class viewpoint.

John Dos Passos, noted poet and playwright, wrote of the frame-up more briefly in a pamphlet, "Facing the Chair."

"The case of Sacco and Vanzetti," by Felix Frankfurter, is a lawyer's analysis of the evidence and facts.

All of these have much of interest for the worker. Here is the history, the evidence, the drama and the lessons of the great crime. But poetry and art were also effected. Stirred by the fierce struggle between the oligarchy and the workers for the lives of Sacco and Vanzetti, Fred Ellis, noted staff artist of The DAILY WORKER, for a full month preceding the execution, contributed a series of powerful cartoons that attracted attention not only throughout the country, but in Europe and Latin America as well. These drawings are issued in the collection, "The Case of Sacco and Vanzetti in Cartoons."

"An Anthology of Poetry on Sacco and Vanzetti" contains but little of value. Editing and most of the poetry coming from writers far removed from the labor movement, their horror is expressed in purely humanitarian approach. It does, however, include some good verse which appeared in the radical press, particularly "Murder at Midnight," by A. B. Magil.

Motion pictures of those stirring days have been ordered destroyed. The ruling class wants no visible evidence of their black deed. The daily press accounts and magazine articles must be found in the files of libraries. This literature, meager as yet, but growing, will serve as labor history to remind us ever of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti—two martyrs of our class.

• • •

The Life and Death of Sacco and Vanzetti. By Eugene Lyons. International Publishers. $1.50.

Sacco and Vanzetti—Labor's Martyrs. By Max Shachtman. International Labor Defense, New York. 25 cents.

Facing the Chair. By John Dos Passos. Sacco-Venzetti Defense Committee, Boston. 50 cents.

The Case of Sacco and Vanzetti. By Felix Frankfurter. Little, Brown & Co., Boston. $1.

The Case of Sacco and Vanzetti in Cartoons. By Fred Ellis, DAILY WORKER, New York. 25 cents.

Anthology of Poetry on Sacco and Vanzetti. Workers Library Publishers (distributors). 25 cents.

FASCIST POLICE TORTURE WOMAN

KISHINEFF, Rumania, July 13 —After being submitted to cruel tortures for three days by the Rumanian police to extract "information," Mme. Kollantay, aunt of the Soviet ambassador to Norway, was declared insane and taken to an insane asylum in a straitjacket.

She was arrested in connection with the murder of an editor of a monarchist newspaper, and the Rumanian police took this as an opportunity to attempt to make her "talk." The information extracting torture was so severe, that either she really became insane, or was declared so by the police in order to get rid of her after their false charges.

She was charged with lodging a Soviet spy in her house, and was therefore considered by the police as a person who had much desirable information.

McGarry Forces Mine Strikers Back to Work

WILKES-BARRE, July 13—Frank McGarry, so-called insurgent president of district No. 1, forced miners of the Florence Colliery working under the Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Valley Coal Mining Co., at Dupont to go back to work, stating that grievances would be taken up by him with the representatives of the same company.

"Everyone in Moscow Now Buys Books"

By CLARINA MICHELSON

ALL Moscow is buying books. The annual two weeks' "Book Market" is on. On a long boulevard stretching from the statue of Pushkin to the statue of Timiriasev are over 100 gaily decorated booths where books are being sold—scientific books, children's books, works by Lenin, French magazines, books on economics, books on the theatre, books of poems, books of cartoons, English Tauschnitz editions, books on the radio, the new Soviet Encyclopedia, old books, new books, books on every conceivable subject.

An orchestra is playing. Some children are dancing. Others are digging in a large sand pile. Red streamers stretched across the boulevard read: "Books are needed as much as bread." "Without books man is blind." "Without books workers are slaves." Up and down the workers, men and women, looking, buying, reading.

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

Theremin, Volpe, Roxy Ballet to Feature Big Concert Tonight

THE program of the massive concert and entertainment, to be given tonight at the Coney Island Stadium, will be divided into three parts. Arnold Volpe and a symphony orchestra of fifty musicians from the major orchestras of the city; the Roxy Ballet, directed by I. Nelle, and Prof. Leon Theremin, the noted and brilliant Russian inventor.

Arnold Volpe will lead his orchestra in the following program: the Coronation March from Meyerbeer's opera, "The Prophet"; the famous Rienzi Overture of Wagner, "Caucasian Sketches" by Ippolitow-Ivanov, Fantasy from Bizet's opera, "Carmen," and the popular "Marche Slave" by Tschaikovsky.

The orchestral numbers will be followed by the Roxy Ballet under the direction of I. Nelle. The numbers include popular Gypsy dances and the Mazourka from Delibes' ballet, "Coppelia" and a group of dances from Gounod's opera "Faust." Other numbers will follow later in the evening.

Prof. Leon Theremin, the world-famous scientist and inventor, called the Russian Edison, will be reserved for the climax of the evening's entertainment. Theremin will again demonstrate his remarkable invention by which he draws music out of the air, and will play both solos and with orchestra accompaniment. In the solos he will be accompanied on the piano by Arie Abileah.

His solo numbers will be "Night" by Rubinstein and Etude by Scriabine. With orchestra accompaniment he will play Golterman's Concerto in A Minor and Saint-Saens' famous composition, "The Swan."

"STARK LOVE" AND "MOANA" AT CAME OTODAY

Beginning today the Film Arts Guild is presenting at the Cameo Theatre for its revival showing "Stark Love," the motion picture of life among the southern mountaineers, which is actually portrayed by the natives. This film which was directed by Karl Brown, is being shown coincidentally with its release in Europe where it received an excellent reception in all the continental capitals.

The companion film to "Stark Love" is Robert J. Flaherty's cinema of the South Sea Islands, "Moana." On the same program the Film Arts Guild has exhumed from private vaults some unique examples of the earliest films ever taken including what is reputed to be the very first motion picture ever "shot," that called "The Charge of the French Brigade." This selection is particularly notable because it contains the very first screen test ever submitted to by Charlie Chaplin. In the short space of about fifty feet we see Charlie exhibiting his famous waddle-walk and shoulder-shrug, which was later to convulse the nations and to give him the first universal niche in the motion picture hall of fame.

League Worries CMTC Officers

FORT EUSTIS, Va., July 13. — The first lecture given to the Citizens' Military Training Camp recruits here was devoted to denunciation of letters sent to those going to the camps by the Young Workers (Communist) League in Philadelphia.

C. M. T. C. recruits were warned of the danger of reading radical literature, and all who believe in the rule of Morgan were called upon to defend "their" institutions against the "Reds."

The letters, which worry the military authorities so much, pointed out to young workers going to the camps the role of the CMTC and the nature of the preparations for new imperialist wars.

Labor Fakers Brew Votes for Wall St.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 13 (U P).. — The executive board of the International Union of Brewery, Flour, Cereal and Soft Drinks Workers has endorsed Gov. Smith for president.

The board denounced the present republican administration because it is committed to destruction to local government through attempted enforcement of the Volstead act, unwarranted invasion of personal rights, destruction of the principles of personal liberty and destruction of home life and child welfare.

I. Nelle, noted and talented dancer will appear with the famous Roxy Ballet in the special concert at the Coney Island Stadium this evening.

4 British Airplane Workers are Killed

LONDON, July 13 (UP). — Four persons were killed today when a small, single engined Imperial Airways plane crashed at Purley, the Imperial Airways announced.

All of those killed were employes of the Croydon airdrome.

Early reports said that the plane, generally used to carry baggage on the London-to-Continent air route, had been taken out by several members of the Croydon staff. Those in the plane included two women, and three men besides the pilot.

CANNON EXPLOSION KILLS 10.

BUDAPEST, July 13.—(UP)—Ten soldiers were reported killed and several wounded when a cannon exploded at the artillery proving grounds at Hajmasker.

AMUSEMENTS

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Editor..........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor................WM. F. DUNNE

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For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

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For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Signs of Coming Storm

The crash of the stock market for a record drop since the declaration of the World War in 1914 following upon an almost equal drop a month ago undoubtedly points to certain significant forces at work both in the financial and industrial structure of American capitalism. These are not yet basic, but they cut both deep and wide.

Primarily the present developments are connected with gold movements and with credit operations. But these in turn are directly related if not entirely determined by the increasing surplus of goods which the American market is unable to absorb and the continued disparity betwen agricultural and industrial wages.

Under the theory that "easy money," that is easy credit, would by facilitating borrowing for commercial purposes, increase business and maintain "prosperity," the Federal Reserve System has since the war adhered to a policy of a low rediscount rate. Whether or not the ruling finance capitalists who operate through the Federal Reserve Bank and through it control practically the world economic structure, really believed that they could by this means solve the fundamental contradiction of capitalism, the inability of the masses under a money economy to buy back the product which they create, is not important. The program of encouraging business by tremendous credit extensions, installment buying, low discount rates, nevertheless, met with the inevitable wall of the surplus value which the working masses do not, of course, receive and which the capitalists cannot consume.

Rising unemployment, an increasing disparity between agricultural and industrial prices, forced a change in policy about the middle of last year. A qualified restriction of credit effected by an increase in the rediscount rate was adopted. At the same time the Federal Reserve Bank dumped hundreds of millions of government securities on the market with the object of absorbing free funds in use for either speculation or excessive business operations. The heavy export of gold used to stabilize European currencies, particularly that of France, has acted similarly to restrict the basis of credit operations in this country.

None of these have suffered to solve the inevitable contradictions of capitalist economy. The stock market not now as indicative of basic conditions as in the past, nevertheless, in its record crash reflects the play of fundamental processes. Referring to the sudden spurt in call money which rose to 10 per cent on the stock market on Monday July 2, Emerson Wirt Axe, writing in the "Annalist" of July 6th declared:

> "Under normal conditions money does not go to 10 per cent even temporarily. It is high time that the public realized that we are faced today with a credit situation nearly as dangerous as that of 1906 or 1920."

Finance capital in the United States still believes there is a way out of the growing disparity between agricultural and industrial prices: depression in wages of labor. American policy in recent weeks has been devised specifically to increase the value of gold with the ultimate aim of depressing the wage scale and thus restoring parity between the farmer and the wage slave.

It is an elementary proposition in Marxian economics that this device will only add to the existing contradictions by creating larger surpluses which the "market" cannot consume.

American capitalism is not yet facing a major crisis but it will have its hands full with the growing youngster.

Those Bolsheviks —

Seven men, given up as lost in the ice-deserts of the north, have been rescued by the Soviet ice-breaker, Krassin. After weeks of heart-breaking effort, of petty rivalry among various "humanitarian" capitalist countries, it remained for an aviator of the Soviet Union, Chukhnovsky, and a Soviet ship to effect the rescue of the fascist Nobile party.

The policy and tactics of the Soviet Union thruout this rescue work have been in striking contrast to the behavior of the capitalist nations. The expedition of Gen. Umberto Nobile into the north was hardly actuated by scientific motives. It was primarily an inflated publicity stunt for the greater glory of Italian fascism and Gen. Nobile himself. Yet when it became definitely known that the Nobile party had met with disaster and was in danger, the Soviet Union immediately offered the resources at its command in the rescue work. The original aims of the expedition had failed miserably. Only the practical task of saving 16 human beings now remained.

What co-operation did it receive from the rescue parties of other countries? None at all. The Soviet government proposed that a central commission be formed to direct the rescue work in an organized fashion. The fascist Italian government and the governments of the countries that had sent out rescue parties refused. It would have been too great a concession for the capitalist nations for them to accept the plan of their hated enemy, the first workers' and peasants' republic.

And when Lieut. Lundborg, the Swedish aviator, finally succeeded in locating one group of the lost expedition, whom did he rescue? The fascist Gen. Nobile, leaving the others to shift for themselves.

Now even the capitalist press is forced to praise the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin and the heroic aviator, Chukhnovsky, who has himself been temporarily stranded with his companions. It is a bitter pill for the capitalist countries to swallow. The Krassin is proceeding with the rescue work. Seven men have been saved and another party is reported to have been sighted.

Meanwhile the toll of this grandiose fascist expedition thus far is two known dead, with 15 others, including the Amundsen rescue party, still lost—perhaps forever.

Marine Life in Nicaragua

Capitalism has little gratitude for those who do its dirty work. Soldiers may be "heroes" when there is a shortage of cannon fodder, but after the bosses' profits are safe the brave are but rubbish cast aside.

The life of servicemen in Nicaragua, revealed by a letter from a marine, published a few days ago in The DAILY WORKER, illustrates the gratitude of Wall Street to those who defend its investments.

Visions are presented to the young workers of the delights to be enjoyed in Nicaragua. When on arrival he finds himself actually a prisoner with no prospect of release, the glitter of abstract soldiering turns into the dross of reality, when the recruit finds himself forced to carry ninety-four pounds of equipment thirty miles daily thru mud knee deep, to replace oxen in pulling supply wagons the enchantment borne of distance and the lying tongue of a recruiting officer soon fades.

These marines learn to know the facts of their actual conditions, but few realize that when they are fighting against the freedom of Nicaragua they are continuing their own enslavement.

The two marines who deserted the imperialist forces of intervention to join the army of Sandino pointed out the only road to their freedom and followed the true interests of the servicemen who have been sent to Nicaragua by Wall Street.

TORTURE USED IN INDIAN PRISONS

LONDON, July 12.—Writing in the Communist newspaper, Workers Life, George Allison, who recently was released from prison in India, tells of prison conditions there.

Allison, an English miner, went to India to help trade union organization. To prevent his activities among the Indian workers, Allison was imprisoned 18 months on a technical charge of violating passport regulations. He served his sentence in the Yeravda prison, near Poona.

Breakfast of "Kunji."

Even the conditions of the "white" prisoners are much better than those of the natives, they were subjected to extremely harsh treatment and brutal tortures.

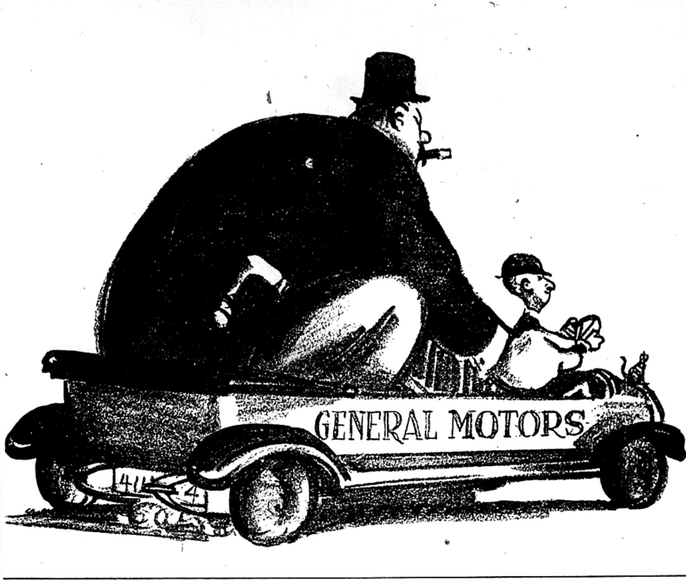
They rose at 6 every morning were given thirty minutes' drill and then breakfeast of "Kunji." During the rest of the day, until 4 o'clock, they worked in their cells. The work, for the most part, consisted of grinding meal between two small millstones, making envelopes and making quinine tablets. At night, during most of the period Allison was confined, there were no lights in the cells.

Use Salted Rod.

For the slightest excuse, the prisoners were punished by flogging, being forced to wear clothing next to the skin made of coarse sacking, and to work with iron bars fastened to the legs from ankles to the waist. On some occasions, as many as 30 prisoners were flogged in one day. The victims were tied to a triangular wooden frame, their arms stretched upwards, and flogged with a salted rod. Among the "crimes" for which such punishments are given is that of having a pencil.

MORGAN, BACK-SEAT DRIVER

By Fred Ellis



Racketeers of Justice

Lawmakers as Lawbreakers and Why They Are Out of Jail

(EDITORIAL NOTE: The following letter written to The DAILY WORKER by Charles Bright, an engineer and former builder, who has fought crooked judges, officials and politicians and "money power" their master, big business and other servants of big business for many years, is timely in connection with the arrests of our comrades for their participation in the July 4 demonstration in Wall Street.)

• • •

Editor, DAILY WORKER:
Sir:

From the daily press and The DAILY WORKER I gather that Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for the United States senate, was assaulted by the police and dragged by the heels from an automobile when making an address near the corner of Broad and Wall Sts., New York City, against the imperialist acts of our president in waging an illegal and unauthorized war carried on at the behest of interested American capitalists, schemers, and their political tools against that part of the patriotic people of a weak and almost defenseless nation, Nicaragua who object to and resist such invasions of their sovereignty—people who refuse to acknowledge the authority of Diaz, a former clerk of these foreign capitalists, to act as president of Nicaragua.

Acts of Terrorism.

This man Diaz, they declare, has been unconstitutionally seated there by the money and armed forces of foreigners, and is now sustained in power by the military forces of the United States and principally by their acts of terrorism in dropping bombs from their places of vantage and safety in the American military planes above, upon the homes of these patriots and their non-combatant women and children, and upon their heads in the brush where they rush for shelter and safety should they unfortunately make any move...ent that would indicate the presence of an animal or human being to the American military aviators above.

The daily press further stated that the candidate for the U. S senate was charged at the police station with the offense of speaking without a permit. From the same sources I learned that when Minor attempted to exercise his legal rights to address the court after Magistrate Maurice H. Gottlieb had pronounced the sentence of $25 fine or five days in jail, he was manhandled and forced into prison.

Misconduct of Police.

Upon these two points, "Arrests for speaking without a permit," and "misconduct of police magistrates of the city of New York in denying accused parties their legal and constitutional rights and fair hearing." I happen to be a qualified expert and perhaps New York's most successful expert judging by results For I have won out in the end in every case, either at the station house, or in a dozen cases tried out at the police courts, and in one case of alleged criminal libel tried out before a jury for nine days in the Court of General Sessions, all ending with "not guilty."

In each case I traced the false arrest or interference back to its source. In the beginning I always found the arrest was due to the agents of the crooked judges, officials and lawyers whom I am exposing for conniving with the Rockefeller group in putting through the courts a series of frauds.

These criminal acts are now the subject matter of an action pending and brought by me in the supreme court of Queens county against the Rockefellers, certain judges, and others for damages for their guilty participation in said frauds.

Improper Influences.

Of late I have found that I was interfered with and molested and even arrested but the charges not accepted at the precinct station, not only because of the above mentioned improper influences, but because I was interfering unwittingly with certain "Racketeers of Justice," or what might be described in short as the "graft" of certain magistrates, police court clerks, prosecuting attorneys and officials and a few police officers and the politicians or district leaders, or their captains, lieutenants and aides, and other accomplices involved.

In the Bronx I have just completed gathering the necessary legal evidence against a magistrate, a prosecuting attorney, a clerk of the court, a police sergeant, detectives and others who utilize the West Farms Police Court as a base from which they work this racket.

"Absent" Officials.

I am forced to go slow because the district attorney of the Bronx is absent on vacation, likewise his assistant Mr. Ryan. Then the Commissioner of Police Warren is hard to see on such matters. The acting mayor objects to go into such matters while the mayor is absent and the mayor is not expected before August. So we are now preparing to lay it before Governor Smith who has the power of removing the district attorney for negligently failing to act after being advised of these violations of the criminal law and who likewise can act should Mayor Walker fail to compel the police commissioner to do his duty.

Since I have unwittingly interfered with and spoiled the graft of these Racketeers of Justice, I am suffering a new form of molestation as a result of a conspiracy in violation of Section 19 of the U. S Criminal Code to feloniously prevent me, among other things, from exercising my legal rights under the first and fourteenth amendments of the constitution to circulate and obtain signatures to a petition to congress of the Equality League, Inc. for investigation and impeachment of certain federal judges.

This new hostile spirit was manifested as soon as a late copy of my magazines "Vigilante" and "The Vigilant American" disclosed the fact that the sheriff of New York was involved and that some of the big "higher-ups" in Tammany had been influenced by George Gordon Battle, the "liason officer" employed by the Rockefeller group in procuring certain democratic magistrates, judges, and district attorneys and officials of justice to misconduct matters officially before them. I am sending you several issues of my magazines that contain these charges as well as part of the incriminating documentary evidence to sustain and prove my charges.

While police headquarters admit that I have the legal right to do what I am doing, and the manner in which I am proceeding, it is obvious that the police department heads are woefully inefficient and incompetent, or that they are not acting in good faith.

At any rate, they are not able to stop the unlawful acts, illegal molestations and uncalled for interferences of their patrolmen, sergeants and officials, and with the evidence our Vigilantes have now collected, I can not resist the conclusion that it is but the carrying out of a criminal conspiracy to injure, threaten, coerce and intimidate me and others associated with me in the exercise of our legal rights in violation of section 19 of the Criminal Code which makes such offenses punishable with 10 years imprisonment and $5,000 fine.

Distort Law.

This law was originally passed to suppress the activities of the Ku Klux Klan, but now covers all conspiracies against the legal rights of citizens. I note that while Police Commissioner Warren is quick to take action against assemblage and processions of the K. K. K., he is practically inaccessable when a citizen wishes to end the criminal practices of certain members of his force when operating in collusion with certain "Racketeers of Justice."

(Signed) CHARLES BRIGHT.

Told You So

The Workers (Communist) Party will regard the Communist vote cast in the next elections as a barometer of the revolutionary temperature of the masses, but campaigning for votes for the sake of votes is not on its agenda. A glance at The DAILY WORKER or any other Communist organ proves this. The Party concerns itself with the miners' strike, with the textile workers' strike, with the fight to release class war prisoners, with the organization of the unorganized, and with the many other burning issues that face the American workers today.

The Communist Party participates in the elections in order to mobilize the masses for struggle, to expose capitalist democracy, and to teach them that only thru a revolutionary struggle can capitalism be abolished. Nevertheless, when it nominates its candidates for the various legislative bodies, it intends to strive to the utmost to have them elected, in order that these legislative bodies may be used as a forum from which to advocate the overthrow of the capitalist system.

• • •

The socialist "New Leader" boasts that Herr Hermann Mueller, the German socialist leader, has succeeded in organizing a cabinet tho this cabinet includes only four socialists out of a total of eleven. What a victory! Is it not surprising that the old monarchist worshipper, Von Hindenburg, should approve this selection?

• • •

The British labor party, headed by the socialist MacDonald, has issued its platform, which declares its approval of American imperialism by endorsing the fake Kellogg peace treaty. It should not be forgotten that it was during the premiership of MacDonald that the Dawes Plan was fastened on Germany with the valuable assistance of MacDonald. International socialism is all things to all imperialisms.

• • •

Every dollar contributed to the Communist Election Campaign Fund will help to bring the workers a step nearer to a Workers' and Farmers' Government, which means the rule of the workers and farmers with the capitalists having the choice of going to work or quietly starving. There can be no solution of the class struggle short of this. Leaders may sell out to the enemy, but the great mass of the workers and farmers cannot be bribed by the capitalist class. There are too many of them.

In this campaign the Workers (Communist) Party will mobilize the workers in the industries and the exploited farmers in agriculture for a fight against the capitalist system. The $100,000 Communist Party Election Campaign Fund will be used for this purpose. The treasure chests of the other parties will be used to put officials in office who will serve the master class and who will profit by the system they live on and defend. The raising of this Communist campaign fund is a first charge on the duty of the Party membership.

• • •

Andrew Mellon, secretary of the treasury, is able to show a treasury surplus of $398,000,000. This is offered as evidence by the supporters of the republican administration that prosperity is still with us. Unfortunately for this contention however approximately 4,000,000 unemployed and the low wages received by those employed does not bear out the boasts of the G. O. P. boosters.

Tom O'Flaherty

The Textile Strikers and the Election

New Bedford Mill Workers Rally Behind the Workers (Communist) Party

By OLGA GOLD

The process of "rationalizing" the textile industry has affected it to a greater extent than most other industries. Not only has the installation of new machinery left thousands of experienced workers jobless, but the shifting of textile mills' cotton to the southern states, silk to the coal regions, have contributed greatly to this process.

The capitalists have discovered that the south is an extremely good place for the slave driving textile industry. In the first place, it is close to the raw material; in the second place, there is, as yet, no sign of organization among the workers. In the south, where all the evils of chattel slavery exist in practice, the workers are consequently more submissive.

Must Sign Contract

In many instances a worker cannot obtain employment in the south unless he signs a contract that his whole family will work for the same slave driver. The following table, from the "Monthly Labor Review," shows average wages and hours of labor in cotton goods manufacturing for 1926; since then several wage cuts have been forced upon the workers:

State	Hours	Wages
Georgia	57	$11.39
Alabama	54.8	10.51
Maine	53.9	16.67
Massachusetts	48.5	18.78
North Carolina	55.8	13.63
South Carolina	55.1	13.42
Virginia	55.2	10.33

The mills in the coal regions are of no less value to the bosses. There, too, they can get cheap coal, cheap rent and cheaper labor. Workers are paid as low as 15 to 20 cents an hour. They are on a different economic plane from the workers in the textile centers, because there men and women find their only means of earning a living, whereas in the mining region, except for a few mechanics, the workers are all women and children, who use their work as a side job to help out the meager earnings received by the miners. The bosses here, therefore, pay a much lower wage than even the very low average paid in the textile centers.

The general outcome of this situation for the workers is the unprecedented growth of unemployment, wage cuts, etc. Official government statistics show that in March 1928, only 38 per cent of cotton workers were working full time. While in April, 1928, cotton goods workers only 32 per cent, silk goods workers 48 per cent, woolen and worsted workers 28 per cent worked full time.

There are thousands of skilled workers in the New England textile centers who have lost hope of ever securing employment. Hundreds of families who have resided in the textile area for years are compelled daily to leave the communities. In New England men depend economically on the women, who, because their labor power is much cheaper, obtain work more easily than the men. A specific instance is that of a Polish woman of my acquaintance who made $16.00 weekly and had to support her husband and little ones. And such cases are extremely common.

Some Factors

Some of the important factors of the present cotton workers' strike in New Bedford are as follows: First, it indicates the awakening of the most exploited section of the American working class; that the sufferings of these workers have reached such a degree that they can no longer endure it. They are beginning to awaken to the need of calling strikes, protesting and demanding their rights. They are determined to build a new union to include not only a few loomfixers and a few other skilled workers, but to embrace the entire mass of textile workers. Another important factor of utmost significance is that the strike is taking place during an election year at the time when the capitalist class is most energetically and effectively carrying on a campaign to poison the minds of the workers with various injurious illusions about its government. These workers are learning daily on the picket lines and at mass meetings about the nature and structure of this government. The knowledge which the workers are obtaining about the functioning of the capitalist state during strikes is of far greater value than that gained through academic education.

Become Disillusioned

Here the workers, directly through the harsh, tyrannical measures of the police, are slowly becoming disillusioned about the impartiality of our governmental apparatus. It is thus shown to the workers that against the efforts of the working class to improve its standard of living, to demand a little more of the values which we, the workers, have produced, the capitalists are fighting with all the weapons in their possession, press, court, church, etc.

During election they will challenge the bosses; that they will do this is shown by the fact that they sent representative Eulalie Mendes to greet the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, which was held in New York City May 25, 26 and 27. In her greetings on behalf of the 26,000 workers she told us of the role of the police, of the discovery of who is their enemy and who their friend, and that they see that those leaders who are labelled as Communists are always in the forefront of the struggle, unafraid of the terrors the bosses use against them.

Our Own Candidates

She told us, too, that she was instructed to ask the Workers Party to put up Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mills Committees, in opposition to Butler, who is chief adviser to Coolidge and himself a manufacturer.

We are sure that the workers of New Bedford will not only register their vote for labor candidates, but the most class-conscious of them will follow in the steps of the 500 fighting miners who recently joined the Workers Party and together with the thousands of militant men and women fight the battles of the working class, to its victory.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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FASCISTS DESERTED MALMGREM TO DIE OF HUNGER, COLD

Zappi and Mariano Abandoned Swedish Scientist to Death In Arctic Ice

Saved Own Lives with Dying Companion's Food and Compass

KINGS BAY, Spitzbergen, July 15.—The fascist fliers, Captains Adalberto Mariano and Filippo Zappi now claim that Prof. Finn Malgren, Swedish scientist, died June 15 beside a grave in the ice which he had directed them to prepare for him as death approached.

Mariano and Zappi were rescued by the Russian icebreaker Krassin after they had been wandering for 43 days over the shifting Arctic ice.

The statement issued by the two fascist officers, who admittedly deserted the Swedish scientist, declared Malmgren became exhausted June 15 and was unable to proceed. They claim that he insisted that his companions continue toward land and safety.

Admit Desertion

Malmgren, according to Mariano and Zappi, directed that a grave be excavated for him in which he could place himself as death approached. They left him dying on the ice as they sought safety for themselves.

The Italians took with them Malmgren's compass. Their latest conflicting story is that although they left him, injured and freezing, after they had gone a short distance they looked back and saw Malmgren lift his head. They say they returned to him and found him dead.

The statement of Mariano and Zappi, the first definite announcement that Malmgren actually was dead, was issued tonight by the two fascists in an attempt to put at rest the storm of rage aroused by their earlier admission that they had simply deserted the Swedish scientist in a dying condition on the ice, wounded and freezing. They had previously indicated that their only attention to their dying companion was to take his food supply for themselves, but the new version is that after deserting him in a feeble condition they sam him raise his head, returned and saw him dead.

A New Version

Mariano and Zappi, whose physical condition is surprisingly good after so prolonged a stay on the ice without sufficient food or clothing, related the alleged circumstances surrounding Malmgren's death with great reluctance. Previously the ugly rumors of their treachery to Malmgren and the silence of the two men fitted together. But it is pointed out here that the only changes in their present story are two—that they say that Malmgren "insisted" that they leave him to die, and, second, that after deserting him they returned long enough to see the body after death.

They had, at first, been reported as having remained with Malmgren's body for a month.

The report of the Soviet aviator, Chukhnovsky, who first sighted Mariano and Zappi was that a third man was with them, that two waved to him and one remained motionless on the ice.

Swedish airplanes will search the ice for the body of Malmgren, to bring it back to Sweden for burial.

* * *

Fascists Angry

ROME, July 15 (UP).—The Italian government tonight issued an official denial of "slanderous" reports published in foreign newspapers regarding the disaster of the trans-polar dirigible Italia.

"Many foreign newspapers have specialized in slanderous campaigns against Italy and affirmed that the polar disaster was due to an order to General Nobile to reach the North Pole May 24, the anniversary of Italy's intervention in the world war," the official statement said.

"Such an order never was imparted, and, therefore, the story is another lie."

* * *

VIRGO BAY, Spitzbergen, July 15 (UP).—The reported rescue of Roald Amundsen and his five companions by the Russian icebreaker Maligin was without confirmation tonight.

Messages received here tonight indicated the Maligin still was searching the ice barrier in the vicinity of King Carls Land.

Amundsen, with Major Rene Guilbaud of the French Navy, and four other men, left Tromsoe, Norway, June 18, to search for General Umberto Nobile and his companions. He has not been heard from since.

* * *

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 15.—A gruesome tale of virtual murder by cold and starvation inflicted on a wounded man was revealed here today when dispatches from the Soviet icebreaker Krassin gave the world the true story of how Zappi and Mariano, officers from the wrecked fascist airship Italia, left

Continued on Page Five

Army Officers Won't Permit News of Porter

FORT ADAMS, R. I., July 15.—The military authorities here refuse to permit any communication with John Porter, imprisoned here for his activities in the New Bedford textile strike, while subject to military law.

The officers are keeping Porter strictly incommunicado and even refuse to permit his physical condition to be reported to friends. The last message from Porter reported that he had become ill following the brutal treatment to which he has been subjected, and stated that the authorities are trying to weaken his militant attitude and prevent him from exposing the role of the army before a public court-martial. At that time he had been thrown into solitary confinement.

Efforts to learn about Porter's present condition have been unsuccessful. A message was sent through the Western Union by the National Office of the Young Workers (Communist) League asking for information as to Porter's condition and developments of the case. The military authorities here informed the Western Union that there is a "military censorship on all communication with this man."

Efforts are to be made tomorrow or Tuesday to establish contact with Porter again by a visit from an attorney, and unless he is brought before a court-martial at once legal action will be started in the civil courts.

* * * *

Kansas City Protest Resolution

KANSAS CITY, July 15.—At the huge Porter protest meeting held in Shawnee Park Wednesday the following resolution was adopted unanimously:

"We, the citizens of Armourdale, Kansas City, Kansas, assembled in a meeting at Shawnee Park, Armourdale, on July 11, having heard a report on the arrest and detention of John Porter, hereby resolve:

"That the imprisonment of John Porter is caused by his activity on behalf of the New Bedford Textile Workers. He was imprisoned after warnings by the police that if he does not leave his work in the strike he would be "fixed up proper";

"That we recognize that the cause of the New Bedford Textile Workers is the cause of the workers of Kansas City and that the cause of John Porter is our cause likewise;

"That we therefore demand that John Porter be released by the military authorities;

"That a copy of this resolution be sent to the Secretary of War, to the President of the United States, to the Governor of Massachusetts and to the local and labor press."

Another Reverend Is Named By "Socialists"

ALBANY, N. Y., July 15 (UP).—The socialist party's New York State convention ended here today with the selection of candidates and the endorsement of a plank favoring "light wines and beer."

The convention nominated the following candidates:

Louis A. Waldman of New York, for governor.

Rev. Herman J. Hahn of Buffalo, for lieutenant governor.

William Karlin of New York for attorney general. Mrs. Elizabeth D. Roth of Buffalo for state comptroller. Hezikiah Wilcox of Elmira for judge of the court of appeals. McAlister Coleman of Brooklyn, for United States senator.

BRITISH TOILERS SLAVES

Workers Are Privileged Class in USSR

By LELAND OLDS
(Federated Press)

Two items in the same issue of the London Daily Herald suggest a remarkable contrast. Both deal with tribute, one the tribute paid by an English working girl to the multimillionaire oligarchy in America, the other the tribute of an English worker's wife to Russia. But paid in very different coin.

Josephine Wilson was the English working girl who paid her tribute to American capital. It was her last tribute, for she paid it with her life. She poisoned herself because life did not seem worth while on the 24 shillings ($5.80) a week she received from Woolworth's.

Exploited by Woolworth

Yes, her employer was the same Woolworth that exploits thousands of girls in the 5 and 10 cent stores

Continued on Page Two

BERLIN AMNESTY PROVES FRAUD; FEW RELEASED

Poland, Too, Makes Empty Gesture

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

BERLIN, July 15.— Nationwide resentment has followed the passage by the Reichstag of an "amnesty act" by which a relative handful of class war prisoners has been released from jail while thousands are to remain for varying terms in their cells. Characterized as treason and betrayal by militant labor leaders thruout the country, the "amnesty act" is arousing increasing protest from the German working class.

Altho the government organs are triumphant in proclaiming the "amnesty," official distinction is being made between political prisoners and "political murderers." In the latter category the government is including all the leading militant workers who are now in German jails.

The two hundred class war prisoners who have been released in answer to the tremendous mass protest for an amnesty are but a fraction of the thousands who are vainly asking when they will be liberated. The authorities are frankly admitting that a large number will never leave their cells under the new edict.

Thousands of the prisoners who expected that they would receive full liberty within the next few days now learn that trivial reductions in their terms of imprisonment are the best they can hope for from the government's action.

CONCERT PUT OFF UNTIL SATURDAY

Theremin Volpe and Ballet to Perform

Since the weather on Saturday took such a counter-revolutionary turn, the great DAILY WORKER concert at Coney Island Stadium has been postponed until next Saturday evening. This postponement is expected to prove an advantage in several ways. The participating artists will have an opportunity to perfect their programs in greater detail during the coming week, while many workers who were for some reason unable to purchase tickets will be able to do so for next Saturday.

The committee in charge announces that all tickets bought for the concert will be good next Saturday. The concert will be the same as previously announced, that is, the greatest proletarian musical event ever held in the United States. The entire program will be put on without change. Arnold Volpe and his orchestra will present a program of symphonic favorites; the famous Roxy Ballet, under the direction of A. Nelle, former dance partner of Pavlova, will perform their unique dances; and Prof. Leon Theremin, the great Soviet scientist, who is the "star" of the concert, will draw his remarkable new ether-music out of the air in a program of unusual distinction.

Tickets for this great concert can still be secured, but they are not likely to last much longer. All those who want to make sure of being at Coney Island Stadium next Saturday should buy these tickets immediately at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

Republican Politician Dies At Chicago

CHICAGO, July 15 (UP).—The death of Henry R. Rathbone, 57, republican congressman - at - large from Illinois, and nominee for reelection, at the presbyterian hospital here today, will leave a vacancy on the republican ticket which will be filled by the party's state central committee. Richard Yates stands out prominently among possibilities for the nomination.

ISSUE CALL FOR NEW TEXTILE UNION

Matthew Woll's New Boss Racket in Drive on Labor

UNION OFFICIALS HELP OPEN SHOP MILITARY SCHEME

Employers Lay Plans For Soldier Law

CHICAGO, Ill., July 15.—A newfangled class collaboration scheme by which Matthew Woll, reactionary vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, and several other labor skates sought to creep a bit closer to the bosom of the bosses met with a tragic end here when the employers sprung the trap a bit too soon and forced the labor officials to claim "immunity."

The Illinois Association For Criminal Justice has issued a recommendation for the establishment of a state constabulary to fight labor.

Respectable Strikebreakers

The association is one of the numerous alleged reform organizations that put a respectable front on the legislative and judicial conspiracies of big business.

Part of the front is a window dressing of liberals and labor officials, behind whom the anti-union financiers and employers operate In this case Vice-President Matthew Woll, President John H. Walker of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, President Agnes Nestor of the Women's Trade Union League and ex-President George W. Perkins of the cigarmakers international provided the labor screen on the board.

The association suddenly released to the press a strong recommendation for a state cossack system. At the same time it branded a number of Chicago labor men as sluggers, murderers, bombers, gunmen and extortionists. The survey committee of the association assumed responsibility for these astonishing actions and Woll is a member of that committee.

Sit With Open-Shoppers

Some of Chicago's most notorious open-shoppers, like Jim Patten of the Landis committee and Tom Donnelley of the scab printshops, sit on the board of the Illinois Association for Criminal Justice with Woll and Walker and the other fakers.

TRACTION PLAN IS MADE PUBLIC

Untermeyer Has New Bridge to 7c Fare

Plans for the acquisition of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit Corporation at a price still to be determined, for the organization of a so-called quasi-public corporation which will finance the newly reorganized subway lines, and for the possible recapture of the Interborough in the event that road does not "concede" to the plan was made public yesterday by Samuel Untermyer, special counsel to the Transit Commission who for the past nine months has been working on the scheme.

No 5 Cent Fare.

The five cent fare, according to Untermyer, will be retained. This is the same announcement made by him last year on first making public his proposal which the present one resembles in practically every respect. It is known, however, that Untermyer insists that the subways must be "self-supporting." The

Continued on Page Five

G.O.P. OFFICIALS ARE INDICTED

BILOXI, Miss., July 15 (UP).—A federal grand jury investigation of alleged patronage in federal appointments in Mississippi will go into its second week Monday, with results already showing.

Four indictments were returned by the grand jury Saturday, and two of the men arrested. They were released later on bonds of $10,000 each. A. P. Cook, former postmaster at Leakesville, Miss., was arrested Friday night, charged with falsifying records in his office.

New Bedford Strikers Stage Great All-Night Picket Demonstration

The most dramatic event of the New Bedford strike took place recently when a rumor that eight scabs had started the looms in the Kilburn mill brought out 18,000 strikers who continued to picket thruout the night. Pickets in fishermen's boots kept guard at the mill gates on the waterfront in this tremendous demonstration of the strikers' solidarity. Photo shows a group of pickets outside the Kilburn mill.

JUDGE REFUSES NEW TRIAL FOR STEVE MENDOLA

Upholds Frame-up of Militant Miner

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 15.—The reactionary Judge McLean has refused a new trial for Steve Mendola, one of the fighting Pittsburgh miners framed up by the Cappellini machine because of their struggle against the contractors' system which has led to the murder of several Pittsburgh miners.

This same judge has also sentenced Sam Bonita, a rank and file leader to six to 12 years. Judge McLean, in refusing to give a new trial to Mendola, was very much aroused over the fact that the jury did not bring the verdict of second degree murder.

Judge McLean is a coal operator and is acting in behalf of Cappellini and the Lewis Machine. He is also a colonel in the state militia of Pennsylvania and has done his bit during the world war in directing the slaughter of the workers. It is a well-known fact that in the regiment under his command during the world war forty soldiers were court-martialed for minor offenses and some of them sentenced to death.

Adam Moleski, the third victim of the frame-up, will probably come up for trial in the September term of the criminal court. He is now out on bail.

BOSSES SLASH TAILORS' WAGES

A.C.W. Heads Help In Pay Reduction

Announcement by J. Freedman, one of the largest manufacturers in the men's clothing industry of the resumption of the week work system of manufacture came as an astonishing occurrence to the workers in the trade. Their surprise soon faded, however, when they saw their employer demand and receive from tho union officials of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union permission to make a wage cut.

Following the merciless slashing of wages, workers explain, the boss immediately announced that the shop would go back to the piece-work system with the lower week work rate as a measure. By this method, the workers declare, the employer can nullify at will the piece-work rates originally agreed on when piece-work as a system went into effect.

The firm of Cohen and Lang, another large employer, adopted the same method to put over a wage reduction, it was learned.

Unemployed Open Forum

The second weekly open forum of unemployed tailors will be held this morning at 11 o'clock in the Workers Center, 28 Union Square, according to a circular distributed in the men's clothing workers market recently. The meeting is being sponsored by the Progressive Tailors League. Sam Lipsin, Nelson and other active members of the Amalgamated will participate in the discussion on the present status of the members of the union.

Another angle of the complete chaos existing in the ranks of the Amalgamated Union, which com-

Continued on Page Five

CONVENTION CALL FOR A NEW TEXTILE UNION

The following is the official call for a convention of textile workers organiations and mill committees for the formation of a national industrial union of all textile workers. Due to its tremendous importance since it affects the workers in one of the country's major industries, the call is presented in full. Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mills Committee, signs the document.

"To All Textile Workers' Organizations, Textile Workers' Mill Committees, Tetile Workers Clubs and Associations, Textile Unions.

"Greetings:

"The textile industry is in the throes of reorganization. Intense speeding up, mass unemployment, longer hours, and wage cuts are the order of the day. Not satisfied with their tremendous profits, the textile manufacturers are doing everything possible to squeeze the workers harder than ever before.

"At the present time the textile employers are planning a new drive. The drive has formally begun against the cotton workers in New England and over one hundred thousand workers have already received a ten per cent wage cut.

New Bedford Struggle.

"But just as the Passaic workers in 1926 did not take a cut lying down, but under our leadership put up a great and memorable struggle, so today, again under our leadership, the textile workers are in battle against this new ten per cent wage cut.

"In New Bedford, Massachusetts, now for over three months, 28,000 textile workers have been on strike against the ten per cent wage cut, for better conditions, and for the right to have their own union. Mass picket lines have closed the mills down tight in spite of the terror of the police and the militia which had been called in, and in spite of the treachery of the bureaucrats of the A. F. of L.

This brave fight in New Bedford shows that everywhere the textile workers are ready to move. In Fall River, Massachusetts, already the workers are mobilizing for struggle. Elsewhere too, the textile workers are demonstrating that the time is now amply ripe for struggle.

No Union.

What has prevented the textile workers from carrying on an active fight is the fact that there was no militant leadership and no union to lead them. Outside of a few tiny independent groups, the only union in the field is the small union of the American Federation of Labor, the United Textile Workers.

"The officials of this United Textile Workers are of the most reactionary character, with a long series of betrayals to their credit. They have done their utmost to divide the workers and to defeat them. After many years of existence the United Textile Workers stands a small handful of skilled workers, pitifully helpess to resist the attack of the bosses.

Must Build Textile Union.

"This situation means that especialy now, the textile workers must take things in their own hands and build a national textile union, that will be a real workers' union, organizing the over one million textile workers in this country and actually resisting the wage cuts and worsened conditions imposed by the employers. This is the immediate task at the present time, the building up of a national textile union that will mobilize the workers for effective struggles.

"To accomplish this end, the National Textile Mill Committees hereby calls all textile workers' organizations to a national convention to be held in New York City Saturday and Sunday, September 22nd and 23rd, 1928. The convention will be opened at 2 p. m. September 22nd at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St., New York City.

"All bona fide textile workers' organizations are urgently requested to elect two or more delegates to attend this convention.

"ALBERT WEISBORD.
"National Secretary,
"Textile Mill Committees."

CAP UNION MEET RAPS ZARITSKY

Chicago Joint Board Defies International

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

CHICAGO, July 15.—Delegates of the Chicago Joint Board of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers International Union, at a meeting held here July 11, defeated the motion forced upon them by the general executive board's emissary J. Roberts, that the union wrecking policies of President Zaritsky and Co. be endorsed, it was learned today.

Roberts insisted on a vote for this motion in a speech to the Joint Board made on the eve of his departure from Chicago, in which he openly threatened to cut off financial assistance from the International for the Chicago union's organizational work, and demanded that Zaritsky's policies and tactics be endorsed.

The Joint Board members, re-

Continued on Page Five

WRECK PRINT SHOP

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 15.—After having printed pamphlets attacking Governor Alfred E. Smith, a printing shop was almost wrecked here yesterday. Much of the anti-Smith printed material was stolen. The looters, apparently Smith supporters, smashed the shop's windows and scattered the type.

"DAILY" WANTS PHOTOS

Workers Are Asked to Send in Pictures

Workingclass photographs are wanted by The DAILY WORKER. Workers who own cameras are asked to co-operate in improving their "Daily" by taking pictures of workingclass activities and sending them in. The summer season offers a particularly good opportunity for worker-photographers to develop their talents.

The type of photographs that are most desirable are those showing people in action, taken close up. Pictures of picket-lines, or working class demonstrations and of other vivid incidents of the class struggle are especially valuable. Glossy finish photographs are most suitable for reproduction. Every picture that is printed will carry the name of the worker who took it.

Camera fans, get busy. Become a worker-photographer for The DAILY WORKER.

CONVENTION TO BE HELD HERE SEPT. 22 - '3

Mill Groups, Clubs, Unions Called

A call for the formation of a countrywide textile workers industrial union was issued yesterday from the headquarters of the National Textile Mill Committees, 96 Fifth Ave., this city.

The convention is to be held here on Saturday and Sunday, September 22nd and 23rd at the Irving Plaza Hall, Irving Place and 15th St. and is scheduled to be opened at 2 p. m Saturday.

All textile workers' organizations mill committees, clubs, asociations and textile workers' unions are called upon to send delegates to the convention.

Thousands Unorganized

The call is issued over the signature of Albert Weisbord, National Secretary of the National Textile Mill Committee. Weisbord was the leader of the great strike of Passaic textile workers in 1926.

The amazing growth of the mill committees in all sections of the country and particularly in the New England textile manufacturing district shows that the delegates from the committees alone will represent tens of thousands of mill workers.

Despite the concentration of most of the forces of the National Textile Mill Committee in the New Bedford strike area, where 28,000 workers are entering the 14th week of the struggle against a wage cut under the leadership of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committee, recruiting work in other fields show that hundreds of new members are forming mill committees.

A. F. of L. Aids Bosses.

The weak-kneed leadership of the American Federation of Labor textile union, who meet the bosses offensive by advocating a surrender policy where they are not openly the employers speed-up agents, is

Continued from Page One

STRIKERS FORCE PARADE PERMIT

Mill Workers March July 28

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 15.—forced to yield by the tremendous public indignation that followed the breaking up of the textile strikers parade held recently by the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mill Committee, Mayor Ashley has granted a parade permit to the organization for Saturday, July 28.

The permit was granted after a committee, especially chosen by the T. W. U. strike committee for that purpose, had approached the mayor. The permit, however, stipulates that the final issuance of the permit depends upon the strike developments until the 28th.

May Revoke Permit.

Despite the fact that the mayor still has ample opportunity to revoke the permit, the granting of official sanction to the Textile Workers' Union is considered a reluctant tribute to the tremendous mass following of the Textile Mill Committee.

Leaders of the Textile Workers' Union later signified their satisfaction over the outcome of the test strength between the textile workers and the mill boss controlled city officials. "Now the New Bedford Workers' Union intends to go full speed ahead with plans for staging the biggest parade ever held in this city," union spokesmen declared, adding, 'The workers of the entire country will then see a tremendous demonstration of the union's strength."

Successful Meeting.

Albert Weisbord, Eli Keller and other Textile Mill Committee leaders addressed a meeting especially called for the members of the Textile Workers of the A. F. of L. The meeting, which was held at the request of a committee of 25 U. T. W. members resulted in many enrollings in the T. M. C. The attendance consisted mainly of French and Brtish workers, occupied in the skilled crafts. A lengthy discussion followed the speeches of the union leaders.

r Committee of the All-Union Communist Party Discusses Draft Progr

EPARE GRAIN RCHASE PLAN; URGE RESERVE

esent Collection easures Temporary

OSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 15.— Plenum of the Central Com- and the Enlarged Central mittee of the All-Union Com- Party continued its sessions yesterday.

agenda included questions be- the Communist International, Comintern program, the grain chase policy and the general eco- situation in the U. S. S. R., organization of new state organi- for grain purchase and im- proved training for new specialists.

Approve Draft Program.

The Plenum accepted the infor- contained in the report and approved the essentials of the Com- ided to leave any alterations in the draft program. It was de- program to the World Congress.

The Plenum pointed out, in its decision concerning the grain pur- chase policy, that the low level of agriculture, especially of grain pro- duction, together with the swift de- velopment of Socialist industry car- ries with it the danger of a breach between the Socialist town and the petty bourgeois village.

In order to solve this problem, the production of individual, small and middle farms must be furthered along the lines laid down by Lenin in his co-operative plan. The neces- sity of extending the collective farms upon a modern technical basis was also pointed out.

After describing the conditions under which the recent grain pur- chase campaign was made, the de- cision points out that the Central Committee of the All-Union Com- munist Party has absolutely stated that the extraordinary measures employed in that campaign are only temporary and are not the organic result of the decision of the Fif- teenth Party Congress to increase the offensive against the capitalist elements in the villages.

The Plenum also denounced the accusation that the NEP, New Eco- nomic Policy, is being abandoned and reiterates the policy of the Fifteenth Congress in maintaining the offensive against the kulaks. It declared that the NEP remains the basis of the proletarian state policy.

In the coming grain purchase campaign, it is indicated that the Party must systematically liquidate the errors in leadership which have been made.

The decision of the plenum condemns the recrudescence of former methods and declared itself in favor of elasticity in regulating trade, for a slight increase in grain prices and for a correct distribution of indus- systematic struggle against secret trial products in the country, for a distilleries and for the formation of a state grain reserve.

In conclusion the Plenum decision declares that support of the poor resulted in a considerable extension and middle peasants with seed corn of the land under seed and that this fact, together with the favorable harvest outlook, should ensure a normal tempo in the grain purchase campaign until the autumn.

Flight of Mexican Aviator, Carranza, Ends In Catastrophe

On the first leg of his journey from New York to Mexico City, Capt. Emilio Carranza, Mexican flyer, met death when his plane was hit by lightning in New Jersey. The Carranza flight was an exchange of courtesy in recognition of Lindbergh's trip, as part of the general program of the Mexican government of furthering American imperialist ambitions. Photo shows Carranza's plane being fueled just before he hopped off.

3 Class War Prisoners Have Birthdays Soon

GRANADA, Minn., July 15 (FP). —Birthdays in August of political and class-war prisoners in American penitentiaries are announced as follows:

At Walla Walla, Wash.: Aug. 15 James McInery, Box 520-9410; Aug. 25 John Lamb, Box 520-9412.

At Menard, Ill.: Aug. 25 Ignatz Simich, Southern Illinois Prison, Randolph Co., Ill.

Cards and letters are appreciated by these men.

Fascists Take Diploma from Labor Lawyer

GENEVA, July 15.—Because Bruno Casinelli, who was not even sympathetic to the Communists, defended the 16 workers at the trial before the Special Tribunal in Rome on June 22, his diploma as a lawyer has been taken away from him.

The sentence of the court, which sent five of the defendants to serve terms of 21 years of hard labor each and the others to two to nine years of hard labor each, concludes with the following sentence:

"The Special Tribunal examined the conclusion of the lawyer Bruno Cassinelli, who 'requested the exclusion of Paragraph 3, Article 1, as in his opinion the continuity and the accumulation of a number of penal defenses from the same action is absurd.' The Special Tribunal considers this conclusion in the form, in which it has been expressed as insulting to the dignity and the reputation of the court, orders that the objectionable expression be erased from the court records and decides to hand the matter over to the royal commission of the Lawyers' Chamber for such disciplinary action as the case demands."

Appeal Issued to Aid Chinese Trade Unions

An appeal to devote the last 2 weeks of July to meetings in aid of Chinese trade unions is issued by the Trade Union Educational League. The league states that the weekly wage of the best paid Chinese building worker is only $3 while common labor gets $1 to $1.50 a week, usually working 11 to 12 hours a day. Child labor is universal. Labor laws are unheard of. Both native and foreign imperialists are torturing and executing active labor men and women.

The American agitation is to be part of a world-wide labor protest.

Philadelphia Plans Relief Collections

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 15.—House to house collections will be held here on two Saturdays, July 21 and July 28, for the benefit of the striking mners throughout the country, in connection with National Miners' Relief Week. The volunteers will meet at 1 A. M. on these days at 4035 Girard Ave.; 2926 Gordon St.; 1331 North Franklin St.; the Kensington Labor Lyceum, 2nd and Cambria Sts. (entrance from rear); the Northwest corner of 8th and Ritter Sts., and at 1208 Tasker St.

Every worker in Philadelphia has been urged to do his bit in collecting funds for relief work among the striking miners.

BRITISH TOILERS' SLAVERY SHOWN BY BIG CONTRAST

Soviet Workers Are Privileged Class

(Continued from Page One)

scattered throughout the United States. The Woolworth chain extends to England where it employs girls at about $5.80 a week to pile up part of its enormous profits. Last year's profits of $35,350,473 represented a return of more than 1000% on the original investment of the owners.

Room rent absorbed more than half of Josephine's earnings. In fact after paying for the room and a morning cup of tea she had less than $2.70 a week left for food, clothing, carfare and the other necessaries of life. And her workplace is surrounded by gorgeous hotels, restaurants and shops purveying the most costly luxuries to the rich. The Daily Herald comments:

"Presumably Woolworth's will not miss her very much. There are so many other girls available. But is this firm, which is owned and controlled by an American millionaire, proud of the payment it made to Josephine?"

Worker's Widow Lauds U. R. S. R.

The tribute to Russia is from the pen of Mrs. James Morton, widow of an English worker who accepted Lady Astor's offer to pay the traveling expenses of any worker who would go to live in Russia. Mrs. Morton writes that she is receiving a pension from the Soviet Union of about $58 a month and continues:

"When you stop to think of what would have happened if we had remained in England during Jim's long illness, then I think I am fortunate in spite of all our misfortune. By this time in England we would all have been in the poorhouse. I can never tell you how kind they have been to us all the time during his illness. We had the best physicians, professors, hospital treatment and nurses. Nothing was spared to make it better for him and for the rest of us as well."

Young Militarists Honor Al Smith

With Wall St. directing his campaign, Al Smith can now turn his attention to proving himself as hundred per cent jingo as possible. Photo shows Al with a group of Boy Scouts just after he had been re-elected Chief Good Scout by the young fascist military organization. The Tammany sachem feels perfectly at home in a military uniform.

Holds Up Store As Manager Refuses Food

MILWAUKEE, July 15—A man in dirty overalls and minus a shave for many days realized that cash is necessary to live in the "land of the free," and that those unable to find work are "free" to starve.

Going into the Atlantic and Pacific store at 21 Wells street, a typical looking victim of American "prosperity" asked for something to eat. He was reminded that food is for sale, not to give away. The man left, but returned the following day and again asked for food The refusal was repeated more energetically than before. Finding pleas of no value, the man drew a revolver and forced the manager O. S. Wallace, into a corner, and then took $24 from the cash register

SIGN WRITERS ORGANIZE.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., (FP) July 15.—Sign writers have organized as a local of the painters brotherhood

Lewis Gang Circulates More False Reports

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

NANTICOKE, Pa., July 15.—Reports have been circulated that Local Union 900 of the Bliss colliery of the Glen Alden Coal Co., where a progressive leader won out in election against the reactionary officials headed by board member, John Kmetz, are protesting the recent elections because Joe Christian a well known fighting progressive, was elected as secretary of Local Union 900.

The reactionary officials are trying to discriminate against Christion because they claim that he attended the National Save the Union Conference held recently in Pittsburgh. This is only an excuse, it is known, because Christian was put up and defeated John Kmetz, the reactionary board member who is part of the Cappellini machine and who is president of Local 900.

BILLPOSTERS JOIN UNION.

HIBBING, Minn., (FP) July 15.—Billposters on the iron range are now enrolled in Local 99, Int. Assn. of Billposters & Billers.

NATIONAL CALL ISSUED FOR NEW TEXTILE UNION

Convention Here In September

Continued from Page One

opening the eyes of the mill workers to the need of a real national union that will try to organize the industry and its more than one million workers, it is pointed out.

Very few thousands of the 1,100,000 textile workers are organized at all, investigation shows. Even the organized workers are being led by a set of bureaucrats who act as the mill barons' effiicency aides, experiences of mill workers thruout the country reveals.

Reports from all over New England show that this is the opportune moment for the launching of a new union in the industry. The hundreds of new members obtained each week by the Fall River unit of the T. M. C. shows that the workers there are prepared to enter a struggle to win back the wage cut recently enforced by the bosses and the officialdom of the reactionary independent union there, the American Federation of Textile Operatives.

Mill Committees Popular.

Not only has the firmly intrenched prestige of the T. M. C. in the New Bedford strike been one of the major causes for the growing popularity of the mill committees, but the very form of the organization has captured the imagination of the masses of mill workers. The idea of an industrial union that sets as its task the organization of the entire industry and not only the comparatively few skilled workers, is one of the chief factors explaining its rapid growth everywhere.

The official call, sent out to all the enumerated bodies of textile workers, is printed in full in another column of this issue.

Credentials sent along with the call are to be filled out and sent in to the Textile Mill Committee national offices here. The credentials officially state that its subject is a delegate to a convention whose purpose is the building of a new national union of textile workers.

Postponed Until Saturday Evening, July 21

Most Amazing Invention of the Twentieth Century!

PROFESSOR

THEREMIN

Produces Music from the Air

ROXY BALLET

Russian and Oriental Dances

Symphony Orchestra

ARNOLD VOLPE

Conductor

Saturday, July 21

TICKETS FOR SALE ALL DAY AT THE STADIUM

Admission: 75c; $1.00; $1.25 and $1.50

CONEY ISLAND STADIUM

Surf Avenue and West Sixth Street

NEW DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

VI. The Strategy and Tactics of the Communist International. (The Road to the Dictatorship of the Proletariat.)

DOCUMENT ANALYZES VARIOUS COUNTER REVOLUTIONARY FORCES OPERATING IN LABOR MOVEMENT

Emphasizes the Need of Struggle Against Imperialist War

Reaffirms That Communism Can Be Achieved Only By Revolution

The Programme Commission of the Executive Committee of the Communist International is publishing a DRAFT PROGRAM.

The Commission thinks it its duty to declare that while the text of this draft is of course based on the same fundamental principles as those upon which the draft programme provisionally passed by the Fifth Congress of the Communist International was based, nevertheless, it differs very considerably from that draft. The Program Commission felt that in view of the great changes that have taken place in many important spheres of international life and particularly in the revolutionary movement since the Fifth Congress, it could not confine itself to making merely editorial changes in the original draft. A change has taken place in the form of the general crisis of capitalism; a change has taken place in the relationships between various groups of powers. Great events have taken place, like the great revolution in China, which once again emphasized the significance of the agrarian-peasant question. Great progress has been made in building up socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The struggle between the aggressive capitalist world and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is becoming acute. Fascism is growing and becoming transformed into the terrorist dictatorship of big capital. Social democracy has degenerated into Chauvinist imperialism. The lessons that have been learned by the Communist International in the fight against opposition tendencies and finally the growth of Communism, the fact that the movement has really become internationalized, the new tasks that confront the Communist International as a single organization—all this has inevitably made it necessary considerably to alter and enlarge the former draft.

The general tendency of the changes that have been made is towards more concreteness and greater emphasis upon THE INTERNATIONAL aspects both in the theoretical section as well as in the sections dealing immediately with the struggles of the Communist Parties.

Acting on the decision of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, the Programme Commission, in publishing this draft program, calls upon all comrades to express their opinion and criticism of it in articles, remarks and concrete suggestions. The work done on the program has revealed how difficult it is to embrace in a single document all the problems of the present-day world Communist movement. The question of the program will be one of the central questions at the Sixth Congress. It is essential that sufficient material be collected by the time the discussion of the question takes place at the Congress. The Commission therefore invites all comrades to join in the fruitful discussion of the program.

THE PROGRAMME COMMISSION OF THE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

Communism is a revolutionary tendency in the labor movement and the only representative of revolutionary Marxism-Leninism; as such it is opposed to all other tendencies within the labor movement.

Anarchism, whose most prominent representatives (Kropotkin, Jean Grave, Kornelissen and others) treacherously deserted to the side of the imperialist bourgeoisie during the war of 1914-18, repudiates the necessity for broad, centralized and disciplined proletarian organizations and by that leaves the proletariat helpless in the face of the powerful organizations of capital. By advocating individual terror it diverts the proletariat from methods of mass organization and mass struggle. By repudiating the dictatorship of the proletariat for the sake of abstract "liberty," anarchism deprives the proletariat of the most important and sharpest weapon against the bourgeoisie—against its armies and against all its organs of repression. It is remote from any kind of mass movement in the important centers of the proletarian struggle and, is therefore tending to become a sect, which, by its tactics and its attitude, including its hostility to the dictatorship of the working class in the U. S. S. R., is objectively joining the united front of the anti-revolutionary forces.

"Revolutionary" syndicalism, many of whose leaders (Arturo Labriola, Jouhaux and others) deserted to the camp of the "anti-parliamentary" counter-revolutionaries of the fascist type, also repudiates the political struggle (and particularly the parliamentary struggle) and the revolutionary dictatorship of the proletariat. It advocates craft decentralization in the labor movement generally and in the trade union movement in particular. It repudiates the party of the proletariat, and fails to understand the necessity for rebellion and exaggerates the importance of the general strike ("the fold arms tactics"). As a result, whenever it has any influence it hinders the masses from becoming revolutionary. Its attacks on the U. S. S. R., which spring from its repudiation of proletarian dictatorship, place it in this respect in the same category as the social democrats.

"Constructive socialism" (MacDonald & Co.) continues the liberal-philanthropic, anti-revolutionary and bourgeois traditions of Fabianism (the Webbs, Bernard Shaw and others) and repudiates on principle the dictatorship of the proletariat and "violent methods" generally. It stands for "capturing power" through parliament and declares the class struggle to be a "pre-scientific" concept. "Constructive socialism" advocates a moderate program of nationalization with compensation, taxation of land values, death duties and the super-tax as means for the abolition of capitalism. It is utterly hostile to the dictatorship of the proletariat in the U. S. S. R., and, therefore, in complete alliance with the bourgeoisie, is an active enemy of the proletarian Communist movement and of colonial revolutions.

So-called **guild socialism** (Penty Orage, Hobson, Cole) starts out with the demand for the abolition of the "wage system" as an "immoral" institution. The majority of the guild socialists are strong opponents of revolution. While ignoring the extremely important question of power, the majority of guild socialists strive to combine the workers on the basis of federated trade "guilds" and to convert this organization by peaceful means into an organization for the control and management of industry within the framework of the bourgeois state. Notwithstanding the imperialist nature of the bourgeois state, in their scheme, it occupies a place above classes as the representative of the interests of the "consumer." By simultaneously repudiating parliamentarian and direct action guild socialism reduces the working class to complete inaction and passivity. Thus, it represents a peculiar form of trade unionist, utopian, opportunism and as such cannot but play an anti-revolutionary role.

The British **Fabians** (Mr. and Mrs. Webb, Bernard Shaw and others) base their "socialism" on liberal philanthropic grounds. They are deliberately hostile to revolution and on principle are advocates of gradualness.

All these tendencies agree with social democracy—the principal enemy of proletarian revolution—on the fundamental question of policy—the question of the dictatorship of the proletariat. Hence, all of them more or less definitely fall in line with social democracy in their attacks upon the U. S. S. R. On the other hand, having utterly and completely betrayed Marxism, social democracy is coming more and more to rely upon the ideology of the Fabians and constructive and guild socialists. These tendencies are becoming converted to the official, liberal, reformist ideology of the bourgeois "socialism" of the Second International.

In the labor movement in colonial countries Communism encounters the influence of peculiar tendencies which, in certain phases of development, played a useful role, but which in the new stage of development are becoming a conservative force.

Sun Yat-Senism, as the ideology of petty bourgeois socialism, played a very great positive role in the first stage of the Chinese revolution. As a result of the class differentiation that has taken place in the country and the further development of the Chinese revolution, and because of its obscuring of the class struggle and its "democratic" and "above class" interpretation of socialism, Sun Yat-Senism has become transformed into a conservative force which retards the development of the revolution.

Tendencies like **Ghandhism** in India which are thoroughly saturated with religious notions, advocate passivity, repudiate the class struggle and in the process of development of the revolution is becoming transformed into an openly reactionary force, must be resolutely combated by Communism.

Communism differs from all these tendencies, and particularly from social democracy, in that, in complete harmony with the doctrines of Marx and Engels, it carries on a theoretical and practical struggle for the dictatorship of the proletariat.

The success of the struggle of the Communist International for the dictatorship of the proletariat presupposes the existence in every country of a compact, disciplined, centralized, Communist Party, hardened in the struggle and having close contacts with the masses.

The party is the vanguard of the working class and consists of the best, most class-conscious, active and courageous members of the working class. It is the embodiment of the combined experience of the whole proletarian struggle. Based on the revolutionary theory of Marxism and representing the general and lasting interests of the working class as a whole, the party personifies the unity of proletarian principles, of proletarian will and of proletarian revolutionary action. It is a revolutionary party, bound by iron discipline and a strict revolutionary system of democratic centralism, this is achieved as a result of the class-consciousness of the proletarian vanguard, its loyalty to the revolution, its ability to maintain inseparable contact with the masses of the proletariat and of correct political leadership, which is tested and clarified by the experience of the masses themselves.

Before it can fulfil the historical task of establishing the dictatorship of the proletariat, the Communist Party must first of all set itself and carry out the following **strategical** aims:

Spread its influence over the majority of the members of its own class, including working women and young workers; spread its influence over wide circles of the masses of the toilers generally (urban and rural poor, the lower strata of the intelligentsia and the so-called "small men," i. e., the petty bourgeois strata) and in this way establish the political hegemony of the proletariat, guided by the Communist Party. It must discredit, expose and destroy the political influence of social democracy and of the yellow trade union bureaucracy, who are the most reliable bulwark of capitalism. It must spread its influence over the broad mass proletarian organizations (trade unions, co-operative societies, factory councils, etc.).

Of special importance is the work—which must be carried on day in and day out, with the view to capturing the trade unions, which are the broadest mass proletarian organizations. Work must be carried on with ability even in the reactionary trade unions with the view to capturing them, and to secure a "change in the reformist leadership," for this, too, is one of the most important tasks of the preparatory period.

Of enormous significance also is the winning over of the broad strata of the poorest peasants and the neutralization of the middle strata of the peasantry. In the preparation of the class forces for the decisive clash, the fight between the proletariat and the bourgeoisie for the broad strata of the peasantry occupies an extremely important place. For that reason to work among the peasantry, to win over its most prominent (proletarian and semi-proletarian) strata as well as the small allotment holders and small peasants, to subordinate these to the political and intellectual hegemony of the proletariat and in this way convert the proletariat into the guardian of the interests of the whole people and the leader of the broad masses of the people in their struggle against the oppression of finance capital—is a necessary prerequisite for victorious Communist tactics on the road to power.

In determining its **tactical line**, the party must take into account the concrete internal and external situation, the relation of class forces, the degree of strength of capitalism, the degree of preparation of the proletariat, the attitude of the intermediary classes, etc. The party formulates its slogans and determines its methods of work in accordance with circumstances. In the growing revolutionary situation the party must advance transitional slogans and partial demands as determined by the concrete circumstances, but it must subordinate these demands and slogans to its revolutionary aim of seizing power and overthrowing bourgeois capitalist society. Isolation from the every-day needs and the every-day struggles of the working class and restricting the activities of the party to these every-day needs and struggles are alike impermissible. The task of the party is—starting out from these needs, to lead the working class into the revolutionary struggle for power.

When the revolutionary tide is flowing, when the dominant classes are disorganized, the masses are in a state of revolutionary ferment, the intermediary strata are inclining towards the proletariat and the masses are prepared for action and for sacrifice, the task of the party of the proletariat is to lead the masses into the direct attack upon the bourgeois state. This is to be achieved by propaganda in favor of all transitional slogans (Soviets, workers' control of industry, the slogan of peasant committees for the seizure of the landlords' land, etc.), and the organization of mass actions, to which all other branches of party work, agitation and propaganda, including parliamentary work, must be subordinated. This includes strikes, strikes combined with demonstrations, the combination of armed demonstrations and strikes and finally the general strike conjointly with the armed uprising against the political power of the bourgeoisie. This struggle must be subjected to the rules of military art; it must be conducted according to a plan of war and in the form of a military offensive. It calls for the devoted loyalty and heroism of the proletariat. Such actions must be preceded by the organization of the broad masses in military units, which, by their very form attract and set into action the maximum number of toilers (councils of workers' and peasants' deputies, soldiers' councils, etc.), and by intensified work in the army and the navy.

In fulfilling these tasks and in taking up new and more acute slogans, the party must be guided by the fundamental rule of the political tactics of Leninism which calls for the ability to lead the masses to the revolutionary positions in such a manner that the masses may be convinced by their own experience of the correctness of the Party's line.

Failure to observe this rule will inevitably result in the party becoming isolated from the masses, in putschism and the ideological degeneration of Communism into doctrinaire "Leftism" and petty bourgeois "ultra-Left" adventurism, adventurism, which must be combated no less strenuously than the right social democratic deviations in the Communist movement.

If the revolutionary tide is not flowing, the Communist Party, in accordance with the every-day needs of the toilers, must advance partial slogans and demands, develop them and link them up with the fundamental tasks of the Communist International. Refusal to advance partial demands and transitional slogans is incompatible with the tactical principles of Communism, for this dooms the party to inactivity and cuts it off from the masses. In this connection the tactics of the united front represent an important part of the tactics of the Communist Party throughout the pre-revolutionary period.

These partial demands and slogans include:

In the sphere of the **labor problem** in the narrow sense of the word,—the economic struggle (resistance to the offensive of trustified capital; wages; the working day; compulsory arbitration courts; unemployment) growing into problems of the general political struggle (big industrial conflicts; rights to strike; the political rights of the trade unions).

Then follow questions of an immediate political character (taxes; high cost of living; fascism; persecution of revolutionary parties, white terror; the policy of the government in power, etc.).

Finally, these problems must be linked up with problems of world politics: attitude towards the U. S. S. R.; Chinese revolution; fight for the unity of the international trade union movement; resistance to imperialism; combating the danger of war and systematic preparation for combating imperialist war.

The partial questions in the sphere of the **peasant problem** are questions connected with taxation policy, indebtedness of the peasants through mortgages, combating usurer capital, the provision of land to poor peasants, questions of rent and the metayer-system, etc., etc. Starting out from these partial needs, the Communist Party must accentuate the various slogans and generalize them into the slogan for the confiscation of the land of the big landowners, the slogan of the workers' and peasants' government, etc.

It is equally necessary to carry on systematic work among the proletarian and peasant youth and among the **working women and peasant women**. This work must start out from the special conditions of their life and labor, and their demands must be linked up with the general demands and fighting slogans of the proletariat.

In the colonies and semi-colonies where the working class plays a trial conflicts; right to strike; the where the bourgeoisie has already crossed over to the camp of the avowed counter-revolution, or is crossing over because of the development of the mass proletarian and peasant movements, the Communist Party must steer a course for the hegemony of the proletariat, and for the dictatorship of the proletariat and peasantry, which will ultimately grow into the dictatorship of the working class. In such countries, the Communist Party must concentrate their efforts mainly upon creating broad mass proletarian organizations (trade unions) and revolutionary peasant unions, and upon drawing up demands and slogans directly affecting the working class. It must propagate the idea of the independence of the proletariat as a class which on principle is hostile to the bourgeoisie, a hostility which is not removed by the possibility of temporary agreements with it. It must imbue the masses with and develop among them the idea of the hegemony of the working class; advance and at the proper moment apply the slogan of Soviets of Workers' and Peasants' Deputies.

On the basis of the community of interest between the proletarian revolution and the struggle against imperialism in the colonies, the sections of the Communist International must be guided by the following postulates:

The Communist parties in the **imperialist** countries must render systematic aid to the revolutionary movements for liberation in the colonies. The obligation to render the most active support rests principally upon the workers in those countries upon which the oppressed nations are colonially or financially dependent (campaigns for the withdrawal of imperialist troops from the colonies; propaganda among the troops in favor of the oppressed countries fighting for their liberation, refusal to transport troops or war material; strike and other forms of mass protest). Propaganda must be carried on for the recognition of the right of colonies to separation and for such separation, i. e. to carry on propaganda for the independence of colonies from the imperialist states. Propaganda must be carried on for the recognition of the right of colonies to take up arms in defense against imperialism (i. e. the right to rebellion and revolutionary war), and propaganda must be carried on for active support to this defense by all possible means.

In the **Colonial and Semi-Colonial** Countries the Communist Parties must conduct a bold and consistent struggle against foreign imperialism and unfailingly carry on propaganda in favor of friendship and alliance with the proletariat in the imperialist countries. They must advance, carry on propaganda for and supply the slogan of agrarian revolution, rouse the broad masses of the peasantry to the fight for the overthrow of the oppression of the landlords and lead the struggle against the reactionary and medieval influences of the priests, missionaries and similar elements. At the same time, the workers and the peasants must be organized in independent organizations and liberated from the influence of the national bourgeoisie. Temporary agreements with the latter may be made only insofar as they will not hamper the revolutionary organization of the workers and peasants and are genuinely fighting against imperialism.

While organizing revolution against imperialism under the banner of proletarian dictatorship in so-called "civilized states," the Communist International supports every movement against imperialist violence, not only in the colonies but also in formally independent countries (for example in Latin America). It conducts propaganda against all forms of chauvinism and imperialist ill-treatment of great and small and enslaved races (attitude towards Negroes, "yellow labor," etc.) and supports the latter's struggle against the bourgeoisie in the oppressing nation. The Communist International conducts a particularly strenuous struggle against chauvinism in the imperialist countries having national minorities, a chauvinism which is preached both by the imperialist bourgeoisie as well as by its social democratic agency, the Second International. It contrasts the conduct of the imperialist bourgeoisie with the conduct of the Soviet Union, which has created fraternal relationships between various nationalities.

The Communist International must devote special attention to systematic preparation for the struggle against the danger of imperialist war. The Communist Parties must ruthlessly expose social chauvinism, social imperialism and pacifist phrasemongering, which serve to screen the imperialist plans of the bourgeoisie. They must carry on propaganda in favor of the principal slogans of the Communist International, and carry on every-day organizational work in this direction, unfailingly combining legal and illegal methods of work. The following should be the principal slogans of the Communist International: Convert the imperialist war into civil war; defeat of the "home" imperialist government; defense of the U. S. S. R. and colonial countries in the event of an imperialist war against them by all possible means. To carry on propaganda in favor of these slogans, to expose "socialist" sophisms and the "socialistic" screening of the League of Nations, and to constantly recall the experience of the war of 1914 is the unfailing duty of all the sections and of every member of the Communist International.

In order that revolutionary work and action may be properly led and coordinated the international proletariat must maintain international class discipline which must be preserved above all in the ranks of the Communist Party. This international Communist discipline must be expressed in the subordination of the partial and local interests of the movement to its general and lasting interests and the unfailing execution of all the decisions of the leading organs of the Communist International.

Unlike the social democratic parties affiliated to the second international which accept the discipline of "their own" national bourgeoisie and their "fatherland," the sections of the Communist International recognize only one discipline—international proletarian discipline, which guarantees victory in the struggle of the workers of all countries for world proletarian dictatorship.

Communists do not think it necessary to conceal their views and intentions. They openly declare that their goal can be achieved only by the violent overthrow of the whole of the present social system.

Let the dominant classes tremble before the Communist Revolution! The proletariat has nothing to lose but its chains! It has the whole world to gain! Workers of all countries unite!

Program Commission of the **E.C.C.I.**

(THE END.)

PRISON TERROR IN BULGARIA

Militant Editor Put In Jail

SOFIA, July 15.—The situation in the Bulgarian prisons grows worse every day.

The unfortunate ones who have been put in chains in the central prison of Sofia, because they decorated their button-holes with red ribbon on the first of May, are in a lamentable situation.

One of them, Nicolas Ilief, is dead. Another, Theodore Petkof, had to be transferred to the hospital.

The journalist, Draganof, editor-in-chief of "Novini" has been put in chains because he placed two red roses on the walls of his cell. The journalist, D. Andonof, mistreated by the wardens, is now on a hunger strike.

The food is abominable. The situation in other prisons is still worse.

HORTHY FASCISTS SERVE AS SCABS

VIENNA, July 15. — Organized strikebreaking is part of the reactionary tactics of Hungarian fascists, according to the Committee Against the White Terror in the Balkans.

In Budapest during a recent wood workers' strike for higher wages, organized fascist bands served as scabs, and conducted provocative street demonstrations against the strikers, the committee asserts. Although all public demonstrations are strictly forbidden by the reactionary Horthy government, the fascists were supported by the police when, unprovoked, they attacked and severely beat strikers in the streets. Later the victimized laborites were prosecuted for "rioting," and their assailants were allowed to appear as witnesses against them.

BOSTON, (FP).—Employers here have given in to demands of 1,600 union bricklayers for a 10-cent advance to $1.50.

Increase Australian Lumber Mens' Hours

MELBOURNE, July 15.—At a largely-attended meeting of members of the Victorian Branch of the Australian Timber Workers' Union held at Melbourne, it was stated that serious industrial trouble was threatening owing to Judge Lukin in the Federal Arbitration Court, interpreting the Timber Workers' Award as meaning to provide a 48-hour working week in the industry.

Various speakers pointed out that members of the Union had been working a 44-hour week since 1921 when the original award was made. In some mills the employees had been informed they must work 48 hours weekly, and there was a grave danger that this would lead to a stoppage of work.

HELD FOR WHITE-SLAVERY.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 15.—Walter Cherry, alias Charles Brown, 29 who declares he is a Baltimore tailor was under arrest here today on white-slavery charges preferred by one of the three women he brought to Chicago for alleged immoral purposes.

Radical Periodicals Wanted for Research By Lenin Institute

The Lenin Institute in Moscow having for one of its tasks the research into the history of the radical labor movement in America, is collecting the literature of the Communist, Socialist and I. W. W. labor movements issued during the last imperialist world war, as well as after the organization of the Communist International and further up to date.

All comrades possessing complete sets of newspapers, magazines, and other periodicals as well as books pamphlets and leaflets relating to the above period are requested to get in touch with Dr. M. Mislig 37-43 West 93rd St.

26 NOW DEAD OF POISONED MILK

4 More Die in Lee of Disease; 200 Ill

LEE, Mass., July 15.—Four more were added yesterday to the list of those who have died here from septic sore throat poisoning, brought on by a poisoned milk supply. This brings the total number of deaths here since the epidemic started to 26. Among those who died today was George Palmer, 16, one of the few young persons who has been a victim of the disease. Most of those who have been fatally stricken have been over 60 years of age.

Health authorities today estimated that the number of cases still existent was 200. Altogether there have been approximately 700 cases since the epidemic started two weeks ago.

The city board of health met today and decided upon a two week's quarantine for all those still suffering from the disease. Other quarantine measures were still in effect

English Power Trust To Dominate Country

LONDON, July 15.—A program for tremendous trustification of electric supplying power is being planned for Great Britain and Ireland. The plan intends to harness all available water power, demolish unnecessary plants, and concentrate the whole industry into a circle of 100 power producing plants.

This state-owned industry is expected to bring in tremendous profits and save millions for the British government.

HUNGER STRIKE IN POLISH JAIL

Political Prisoners In Protest

WARSAW, July 15.—Since June 16th the political prisoners detained at the jail of Low have been on a hunger strike to protest against the new rules of the prison administration, which aggravate the already unbearable conditions.

The protestants make the following demands:

1.—Hastening of their trial.
2.—Papers every day.
3.—A bath once a week.
4.—A walk of two hours every day. (At present they are permitted a half hour.)
5.—Proper blankets. (Without vermin.)

The demands of the political prisoners bear witness to the lot that hundreds of political prisoners in Poland must suffer.

CHILDREN MUST BOW TO FASCISM

GENEVA, July 15.—According to dispatches from Rovigo, Italy, the school board has ordered the children to wear the sign of fascism, the lictor bundles, on the breast or on the arm. Children of the primary schools have already for some time had to wear the black shirt, and at the beginning and the end of sessions were forced to pledge allegiance to Mussolini.

A demonstration in Roviga, participated in by the school children and their parents, protested the new order but with the result that Piola, a worker, was arrested and deported for three years.

Political Prisoners In Rumanian Hell-Holes

GENEVA, July 15.—From Jilava, Rumania, come new reports of the unbearable position of political prisoners. Boris Stefanov is held in solitary confinement.

All prisoners are kept in underground single cells and are only allowed one hour in the open air. They can hold no communications with the outside. Every request is forbidden. All newspapers are denied them. The lawyer of Stefanov could only come to Jilava after he had protested strongly to the cabinet.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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Send your Check, Money Order, or bring your cash to the
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30 Union Square, N. Y. C.

HANDOUTS

Bob Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER was dragged from the top of an automobile and slugged by half dozen Tammany cops. This was because he wasn't selling five pairs of socks for a collar, demonstrating a bamboo fountain pen or boosting Al Smith for president.

• • •

The walking fish brought to this country from Siam by Dr. Hugh M. Smith have caused comment. They wouldn't surprise anybody who had ever attended a socialist party convention.

• • •

"No! No!" She Cries

The pretty girl shown above is none other than Mrs. Leah Cobb Marion whose slender fingers weave about the money bags of the Women's Christian Temperance Union. She has helped spread the belief that the reason the millionaire is rich is because he is industrious, and the reason the worker is poor is because he stops once in a while for a drink of beer. As a matter of fact, the average American millionaire can consume more liquor in a year than a locomotive can water. How can a worker get rich if a thief enters his room every night and takes everything he has? This is what the capitalist does, only he robs the worker before he pays him. The prohibition issue is drummed up in the capitalist press to keep workers' minds off the main issue: they produce everything and have nothing.

• • •

A traveling salesman has been unearthed in Lexington, Ky., who can't remember a thing he's done in the past two years. Some of the farmers he visited will remember though for two years to come.

• • •

They Spend For Us

This is a view of a large gathering of cripples at the Belmont race track. They are society folk, crippled in the brain. Their minds work like a one lung motor that hasn't been used for fifty years. You don't have to be very smart to say, "Mother, dear, are you sure Dandelion will win?" and then throw away $50 of money stolen from workers in a fixed race on a horse you don't know ever ran all way around a race track. What society people exercise is not their brains. Its what they eat with and sit on. When a worker wonders why he works so long and gets so little he should look at this picture and remember that this is only part of the crowd he has to support. Where society folks look best is where they have to think least, for instance, dealing out sugar wafers at a tea party. In any organized society they would be dealing out fertilizer in the farming sections.

• • •

Gems of Learning

Primo de Rivera, dictator of Spain—". . . we have no intention of modifying our fundamental system, which has served so well during our last lustrum. . ." Served whom? You guess.

Senator Underwood—"I have read the newspaper accounts of the Houston convention with meticulous care and I listened over the radio to the entire sessions of the convention." He must have bought asperin for a week.

Edward M. Bemis, in testimony before the Public Service Commission—"If there is to be any setback charge whether it be open or concealed it certainly should not exceed what could be easily explained to the majority of the gas users." A high-priced gas company expert.

MASS PICKETING NOT ALLOWED BY PRESENT LEADER

Refuse to Call Out All Non-Equl Men

(By a Worker Correspondent)

READING, Pa., (By Mail).—A strike of twenty full-fashioned knitters is taking place in the plant of the Non-Equl Textile Mills, Inc. here.

It is significant that Earl White of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, disclaims responsibility for "provoking" the walkout. This is very likely correct, since his organization has failed to organize any appreciable number of the many full-fashioned knitters employed in Reading plants to say nothing of the other hosiery workers, such as seamless knitters loopers, toppers, etc. The latter classifications of workers are wholly unorganized and there are thousands of them in Reading and vicinity, most of whom are young workers. Nothing is said about calling out and organizing the Non-Equl workers other than full-fashioned knitters.

"Socialists" Betray.

Furthermore, Earl White, in common with the Reading "socialist" trade union officialdom and reactionary misleaders of labor generally, is opposed to struggle with the bosses, advocating instead boss worker cooperation and appealing to employers to favor unionism as a step profitable to themselves. It is very unlikely, in view of these facts that he would like to "embarrass" the employers by initiating a strike However, when unorganized knitters "walk out" spontaneously in protest against the two-machine system, White's union is quick to take charge—in order to control the strike, limit its extent and prevent "rough stuff" which the "socialist" mayor, J. Henry Stump, in the case of a recent carpenters' strike, said he would not tolerate.

Must Be Militant.

Reading workers may be sure, that in conformity with the policies of the present strike leadership, the workers in the Non-Equl plant other than full-fashioned knitters, will not be called out on strike nor will they be invited to join the knitters' union. All day mass picketing will not be had. Unless militant policies are put into effect, and it is certain that White and his fellow class-collaborationist "leaders" will not adopt them, the strike of the twenty knitters will surely result in a crushing defeat. Non-Equl and other hosiery workers as well, if they hope to win their fight, must put forward their own rank and file leadership, organize all the workers in the plant solidly, allow no one to remain in the shops to scab and to make the strike effective by all day mass picketing. —A KNITTER.

WOLL, HOOVER STAGE POWOW

WASHINGTON, July 15 (FP).—Matthew Woll, vice president of the American Federation of Labor and acting president of the National Civic Federation, called on the republican presidential nominee just before Hoover started West. Woll is known as the member of the executive council of the A. F. of L., who is nearest to sympathy with Hoover. He is supposed to have carried a message from William Green.

W. N. Doak, legislative representative of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and a close friend of Bascom Slemp, former secretary to Coolidge, and non-union coal operator, has likewise had a talk with the G. O. P. nominee. Doak is looked up as Hoover's adviser on "labor" strategy.

RED AID SCORES GREEK FASCISM

BERLIN, July 15.—The Red Aid of Germany has sent the following telegram on the situation in Greece to the embassy in Berlin:

"In the name of 500,000 members we protest strongly against the murder and imprisonment of striking workers by the Greek government. We demand a general strike and condemn in the sharpest manner the treatment of the masses by the police and courts.

"THE RED AID OF GERMANY."

Protest Treatment of Palestine Prisoners

BEIROUT, July 15.—Because of barbaric treatment of political prisoners and of the decision by the government that ten of these political prisoners be deported from the country, numerous mass meetings were held all over the country where protest resolutions were adopted against whipping of political prisoners. Palestine labor is determined to erase such outrages from Palestinian judicial and criminal procedure.

Huge Sums Spent for "Amateur" Sports Meet

The Olympic sports meet, which will be held in Amsterdam this year, will involve the expenditure of thousands of dollars, all in the name of "amateur" sports. Hundreds of athletes, who are professionals in everything but name, from every European country except the Soviet Union, will vie for honors at this huge sports spectacle. Photo shows a group of American athletes just before sailing for Europe.

CONTRIBUTIONS

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WORKERS SCORE FASCIST TERROR

N. Y. Police Break Up Demonstration

Police Saturday broke up a demonstration of 300 workers before the Italian Consulate, 20 E. 22nd St., who protested against the fascist terror and demanded the release of all class-war prisoners in Italy. The demonstrated was arranged by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway.

Gathering in front of the consulate shortly after 1 o'clock, the workers marched up and down holding high their placards. Some of the slogans read: "Wall St. Supports Fascism—Fascism Murders Workers—Fight Fascism"; "We Demand Freedom for 6,000 Workers in Fascist Jails"; "Mussolini, Mass Murderer!" "Down with Fascism! Long Live Workers' Solidarity!" "We Demand the Right of Legalized Existence for All Political Parties"; and "To Fight Fascism in America Join the International Labor Defense."

Police Threaten Workers.

The demonstration had been in progress for about 10 minutes when a policeman appeared on the scene and began threatening the workers. He took Leon Litwin, who was leading the demonstration, out of line and tried to disperse the others. Finding that the workers were not intimidated by his threats and abuse, the policeman went into the consulate and phoned for reserves. A sergeant, five patrolmen and five detectives soon arrived on the scene and began tearing up and confiscating the placards. Workers were pushed around and threatened, but the majority, defying the police, continued to walk in front of the consulate.

While the demonstration was in progress, Rose Baron, secretary of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, and Joseph Magliacano, one of the demonstrators, went up into the consulate, and in the absence of Consul General Grazzi, delivered to one of his attaches a letter voicing the protest of the workers of America against the fascist terror and demanding that this protest be forwarded to Mussolini.

45-Minute Demonstration

The demonstration lasted for about 45 minutes, the police continuing to threaten and manhandle workers. Having accomplished all that they could, the demonstrators finally dispersed.

One of the policemen turned to the attache of the Italian consulate. "Are you satisfied?" he asked. The attache smiled contentedly.

SPORTS COLUMN FOR THE 'DAILY'

Will Start Tomorrow; to Appear Daily

Tomorrow the new sports department of The DAILY WORKER begins. It will be published daily thereafter. By means of a special international news service it will be possible to print the latest news of both labor and capitalist sports in every part of the world, including the Soviet Union.

This new department is being started in response to many requests from workers in various parts of the country. It is only one of the many news features that are contemplated in the bigger and better DAILY WORKER. Labor sports, which are still in their infancy in this country, will of course be given as much space as possible. For this the cooperation of all labor sports organizations is necessary. Organizations located in New York or vicinity should phone in the results of games as soon as they are over. Communications telling of sports activities are welcome and should be addressed to the Sports Editor, DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

Tell your friends and shop-mates of this new department. Sports fans have now no reason to read the capitalist press which ignores labor sports entirely. Keep in touch with the world of sports by reading The DAILY WORKER every day.

Circus Performer Hurt, Not Expected to Live

CHICAGO, July 15 (UP).—Two of her front teeth pulled out as Mrs. Bessie B. Gunn, circus performer, swung high above a crowd at a circus here, and Mrs. Gunn plunged to the ground. She is not expected to live.

Mrs. Gunn, advertised by the Robinson Circus as "the woman with the iron jaw," was spinning her body as she swung above the crowd, clinging solely by her teeth.

Two teeth suddenly loosened and broke off and she plunged to the ground. At the St. Joseph's Hospital in Elgin it was found she suffered four fractures of the spine, her right arm fractured and four ribs broken.

CHURCH WITHOUT "LAMBS"

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—Without a single member the Faith Presbyterian Chapel was opened today at Siüty-second St. and Lindbergh Boulevard. Clergymen delegates from West Philadelphia will act as a nucleus to get members.

CARPENTERS IN PENNSYLVANIA GET 90 CENTS

Corrupt Officials Are Ruining Union

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHESTER, Pa., (By Mail).—The carpenters of Delaware and Montgomery counties are entering a stage nearing a crisis.

According to a report rendered by the secretary-treasurer of Delaware county, conditions are reaching a stage which will be worse than 1881.

Fake Unionists.

The business agent reports the loss of a very prominent contractor. Five jobs have been called and one of the jobs is already manned by non-union men. He went to the contractor and tried to persuade him to hire union men but he refused to have anything to do with them as he could get all the men he wanted at 90c to $1.00 per hour. The present rate in this district is $1.25 per hour.

The jobs were called after several men were fired and disclosed the fact that the union men had been scabbing for some time, working at 90 cents an hour.

My God! where are we drifting to? We can't trust our own men.

The officials charge the men as being responsible for the conditions here. If they would only stick out and not work.

The men say the officials have played favorites and have sat still and have not tried to keep the union contractor in line.

Must Picket.

A single picket was placed on the job in Sharon Hill and was paid $35.00 for his services. The picket reports that there is no use to stay any longer as he came very near being arrested. No one has talked of a mass picket as no one seems to think enough of the job.

Several of these jobs are public school jobs and the business agent thinks the same ruling should apply to "boroughs as applies to cities," for example—contracts of this kind should be and must be awarded to union men at the prevailing rate of wage. —S.

Swedish Paper Men Demand Cut

STOCKHOLM, July 15. — The cellulose and paper industry employers have denounced the wage agreement and demanded a reduction of the maximum wages, which will affect about 3,000 of the 12,000 workers of the industry. It was found impossible to reach an agreement, the employers, therefore, proclaimed a lockout, which came into operation on January 2 and was later extended to the sawmills and further into the paper industry, so that it now comprises about 12,000 members of the Sawmill-Workers' Union and some 27,000 members of the Paper Industry Workers' Union. Besides wage cuts, the employers are trying to make changes for the worse in the general conditions, such as the holiday pay, medical attendance, over time allowances, payment of repairs and the right of the Union to safeguard the interests of workers under age and older workers.

Australia Miners to Fight Wage Reduction

SYDNEY, July 15.—Aggregate meetings of mining employees were held at various centres throughout the Newcastle and Maitland coal fields on Sunday to protest against wage reductions and alterations in working conditions proposed by the mine owners.

Various speakers pointed out that a reduction in wages or any increase in working hours would not remedy the present slackness in the industry. The demand for coal had eased because of the increasing use of oil as fuel, mass production of electricity, and the development of coal resources in other countries Even if the miners worked for nothing there would be no greater demand for coal.

Musicians Raise Million Dollar Fund to Fight Foes' Attacks

ONE of the foremost and most strongly organized unions, the American Federation of Musicians, has decided to raise no less than a million dollars for a defense fund.

The defense fund will be raised by assessment which was voted at the union's recent convention at Louisville. The amount may even run over $1,000,000 and perhaps reach $1,500,000.

According to an interview with Joseph A. Weber, president of the federation, the fund will be set aside and used only to "fight any attempts of employers to lower the present standard of wages or working conditions."

Also, it applies only to the members of the union who are employed in theatres, since it is from the big theatre chains that the only real danger of an onslaught on union conditions exists. The theatre musicians, who form about one-sixth of the federation's membership, will pay the assessment of 2 per cent of their wages, the other members not being assessed. Similarly, the fund is to be used only in theatre strikes or lockouts.

The defense fund was voted upon and approved unanimously at the convention. A circular letter, sent out to the membership of some 15,000, explained the purpose of the defense fund and reads as follows:

"The theatrical field is now controlled to the tune of at least 80 per cent by corporations, and such control grows by leaps and bounds, so that it can be easily seen that same will soon reach 100 per cent. Several of these corporations now control hundreds of theatres in as many cities. A corporation is in a position to stage an indefinite fight or prolonged controversy with a local or several of them, accepting the loss caused as a matter of course, having same carried by all the other numerous theatres under its control.

Union Must Be Prepared

"Local or locals involved in such a prolonged controversy is or are not in such a favorable position, and as there is the possibility that the Federation may be forced to involve additional locals, the danger always exists that many hundreds of thousands of members may be called on strike. Therefore, it is imperative that the federation find itself able to pay indefinite strike benefits and to assume the same position as does the corporation by simply considering the strike benefits paid as a loss borne by the local unions.

"In connection with this matter, I call your attention to the fact that the open shop organizations appear to be paying particular attention to the musicians and stage hands. They advise our employers that we are arbitrary organizations and invite them to cut loose from our domination and despotism and are ready to assist theatrical managers financially or otherwise without stint if these managers will prolong a controversy with either our locals or those of the stage hands to such extent as to practically destroy the further value of same to their members."

Miner's Wife Goes On Hunger Strike

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

POTTSVILLE, Pa., July 15.—Mrs. Chas. Burilla, wife of one of the three miners entombed in the Lyttle colliery at Lyttle near Pottsville, has gone on a hunger strike and has not eaten since the accident occurred. The rescue workers have about 400 tons of debris to clear away before it is possible to reach the miners who have been under the pile of rock and coal. Hope has been abandoned for them. A second fall of rock and coal has prevented finding the unfortunate miners who are the victims of the greed of the coal operators.

The Vege Inn-Tarry
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JACK DONAHUE

Principal comedian in "Rosalie," the musical show now running its merry way at the New Amsterdam Theatre.

KELLOGG STAGES "PEACE" FARCE

Peru, Chile Dictators Lend Hand

WASHINGTON, July 15 (FP).—Press photographers took flashlight pictures of Secretary Kellogg, seated between the Peruvian and Chilean ambassadors, in the state department reception room, July 13, after Kellogg made public the formal letters whereby they announced that their governments had decided to resume diplomatic relations with each other. Chile and Peru have had no drect diplomatic relations in the past 17 years.

Back of this stage-setting is the fact that the Peruvian dictator Leguia, and the Chilean dictator, Ibanez, began informal discussions through their diplomats at the Havana conference last January When these talks had reached the point where it was clear that they would resume formal relations Kellogg came in with a formal letter to both, urging them to make up their quarrel. And as each dictator wanted to reduce the interest rate on his future borrowings in Wall Street, and as Kellogg wanted to slip out of his bad position as arbitrator in their Tacna-Arica boundary dispute, they decided to let him play peace-maker

One consequence of this stage-play is that Chile will be able to suppress the report on the Chileans' violent interference with his proposed plebiscite in Tacna-Arica. Chile remains in possession of that region.

PRINTERS GET NEW SCALE:

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., (FP) July 15.—The new scale for printers in Oklahoma City newspaper offices is $48 a wek for day shift, $51

150,000 EXTRA BALLOTS SHOW CORRUPTION

Those Vare Majorities Not Surprising Now

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., (By Mail)—The "election" methods in vogue in this great citadel of 100 per cent Americanism were brought out vividly at the investigation being conducted before U. S. Senator Chas. A. Waterman, of Colorado who is here taking testimony for the senate committee on privilege and elections in the Wilson-Vare senate contest.

Wilson, who ran on the democratic ticket, charges that the election was stolen by the Vare republican organization for their leader, Wm. S. Vare.

Huge Ballot Steal.

It was admitted by County Commissioner Harry Kuenzel, and by Maurice A. Roesch, superintendent of the commission's bureau of elections, that after official ballots are printed to cover every name on the assessment lists, an extra 150,000 copies of the official ballots are run off on the presses.

What becomes of this huge number of extra ballots? The county commissioners attempted to prove that they were finally destroyed However, the investigators, the investigators' attorney and the audience were not convinced.

One thing is certain, nevertheless Unusually huge majorities are rolled up by the Vare machine on every election day. Majorities, so huge, the thinking public wonders at it. And now comes the revelation that 150,000 extra ballots are printed.

"Corrupt and Contented."

Of course they may not be used. But then, oh! well, this is a democracy and democratic practises prevail and even that great sage of the republican party, Elihu Root, characterized Philadelphia as "corrupt and contented." So the bright boy at the head of the class will please come forward and explain why 150,000 extra ballots are printed and what is done with them each election day. —C. RABIN.

Chicago Plans Banquet For Active Workers

CHICAGO, Ill., July 15.—A banquet has been arranged here for the workers who helped in making the July 4 picnic a success. An interesting program has been completely planned, and the hall at 2021 West Division St. has been enlarged and will be decorated especially for this occasion.

Workers who wish to attend have been asked to make their reservations beforehand, because only a limited number of tickets to the banquet will be sold.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:25
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SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
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SEATS NOW ON SALE 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
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Eves. 8:30 Mats. Wed & Sat
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YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE HOLDS BIG CONFERENCE

100 Delegates Present From Many Shops

More than 100 delegates from all of the units of the Communist Youth League were present at an organizational conference that was held yesterday in the Workers Center.

The question of organization of shop nuclei was the main point on the order of business and many were present from large shops and from New Jersey.

Yusem, representative of the National Executive Committee, the first reporter, spoke on the letter sent by the Young Communist International to the American League. He analyzed the reasons for the league's failure to establish more shop nuclei in the large factories and pointed out that the shop nucleus was the basis of organization of every Communist Youth League.

Frankfeld, acting district organizer, reported for the District Executive Committee on the general situation in New York and New Jersey. The workers, and especially the young workers, show greater willingness to struggle, he said.

After a detailed report on the social composition of the New York membership, the various leaflets and bulletins issued in the past six months, he reported a dues paying membership of over 600 in the New York League.

Jack Perrila, reporting on the Working Youth Conference to be held in September, pointed out that the two so-called Brookwood youth conferences had succeeded in exposing the inability of the progressives in organizing the young workers and showed that in this period of greater fighting powers on the part of the workers the youth will and must play an important role.

The league set a minimum of 10 shop nuclei as the aim of its present factory work.

One active worker in the Perth Amboy strike reported on the developments in the shop, the spirit of the workers and the militancy of the shirt makers. It is the aim of the strikers, she said, to spread the strike to all 2,000 shirt makers in Perth Amboy.

A general discussion lasting several hours followed. Representatives from the International Handkerchief Company, from Klein's Department Store, from Wasserman Clothing Company, shoe factories, fur pointing shops, millinery shops, a radio factory and many other factories reported. All pledged themselves to work for the organization of shop nuclei and of the masses of young workers in the factories into unions.

The conference, it was declared, marked a great step forward in the work of the New York League and will serve to mobilize the entire league membership in the campaign to organize the working youth of the city and to build the Communist Youth movement on the basis of shop nuclei.

BOSSES SLASH TAILORS' WAGES

A.C.W. Heads Help In Pay Reduction

Continued from Page One

pletely negates the contention of the Hillman administration that things are "harmonious" among the officials themselves, is the recent demonstration of "Shipping Clerks' Local 158 of the A. C. W." before the offices of the Amalgamated Bank on Union Square.

More than a score of members of this organiation, led by no less a person than the former chief of the "education squad," and one of Beckerman's closest "pals," marched before the bank with large signs until dispersed by the police. The "educational squad" is a Beckerman creation used to terrorize the union members courageous enough to protest against the betrayals of the Amalgamated leadership.

The reason for the demonstration was explained by the slogans on the signs, which demanded that Hillman recognize the Shipping Clerks' local. This local also recently held a protest meeting against the statement of Hillman that no such local is in existence, and that the so-called officials are imposters. It was definitely ascertained at that time that the "leaders" of the local are in possession of an A. C. W. charter, which was revoked several years ago when Hillman signed a pact with the bosses agreeing to abolish the local. The "educational squad" chief is said to be trying to resurrect the shipping clerks' local.

Young Workers League Membership Meet Fri.

The membership meeting of the Young Workers (Communist) League which was originally scheduled to be held on Friday, July 13, was called off last week because it conflicted with the mass meeting held the same night on the Red International of Labor Unions report.

It will be held Friday, July 20. All Young Workers (Communist) League members should be present, with their dues books.

Lady Parasites Will Hunt Votes for Wall Street Nominee

The women of the leisure class can hear their master's voice as well as the men. Some will work for Herbert nad some for Al, but all will work for Wall St. Photo shows five of the women who will try to drum up the feminine vote for Smith. They are, left to right, Jean Springstead Whittemore, Porto Rico; Mrs. Florence Farley, Kansas; Nellie Taylor Ross, former "progressive" governor of Wyoming; Mrs. O. H. MacDouglas, Oklahoma, and Mrs. Charles Donahue, Maine.

CIGAR WORKERS GET $12 WEEKLY

Workers Face Loss of Hands in Machines

PHILADELPHIA (FP).—Listening to discussion of Pres. Coolidge's latest prosperity talk, a girl cigarmaker termed it all humbug, at least to cigar factory workers.

She works for Bobrow Bros., Inc. 220 S. Fifth St., with several hundred other employes, mostly girls They work on a piece rate basis—95c a thousand. At the rate of 3 to 4 thousand cigars a day, they earn $15 to $20 a week, if there are no deductions for bad cigars. The deductions sometimes runs as high as 900 out of 3,600 cigars a day.

When cigars are bad the whole crew of 4 working on a machine suffer deductions; thus 900 bad cigars cause a cut in pay on 3,600 It makes no difference whether the part of work handled by the first or last girl on the machine is bad, the cigars are finished, broken up and the work not paid for.

Face Loss of Hands.

Operators can't repair machinery out of order when work starts going, because there is danger of getting hands caught in the machine and losing a finger or worse. The onl yway to set things straight is to stop the machine, but it must be kept running.

When a girl wants to go to a washroom she can't leave the machine until an extra girl on the floor comes to take her place. Sometimes she must wait as long as 45 minutes.

Poor Ventilation.

If one of a crew isn't well and fails to come in for the day, the other 3 girls lose that day's work The same happens when one gets injured on faints during the day Fainting is common, caused by lack of ventilation. Open windows would cause the tobacco to dry, so all windows are kept shut and hundreds of employes forced to work in rank tobacco odors. Many modern cigar factories have good ventilation systems—but greed keeps the others from making improvements.

TRACTION PLAN IS MADE PUBLIC

Untermeyer Has New Bridge to 7c Fare

Continued from Page One

newly constructed lines are in fact compelled by law to pay their way out of fare charges, which under the enormously overcapitalized valuations of the lines can never be accomplished. It is believed therefore that the Untermyer plan is merely a "bridge" leading to a fare increase and the eventual turning over of the old lines together with the billion dollar new ones, normally to be under public control, to the operation and profit of a private company.

Another provision contemplated by the plan is the allowance to the present lines of enormous sums in the event of "recapture" for lines which have been allowed to depreciate and are now worth only a fraction of their recapture cost.

Tammany Deal.

It is believed that the present willingness of B.-M. T. to do business is the confirmation of the charge that the Tammany Hall city administration and the state republican organization have fully reconciled whatever differences they may have previously had.

The time for the fare increase and for the billion dollar traction steal is said to be set for after election.

GREEK WORKERS, SAILORS IN JAIL

ATHENS, July 15.—After the bloody suppression of workers at Kawalla, the workers Zaurelis, Eucharis, Katos, Alfondis, Kluaris and many others, whose names are not known, have been thrown into jail.

At the Naval Court in the Piraus six sailors are being tried who are charged with distributing Communist leaflets among the sailors. Biblia was sentenced to 5 years hard labor and 10,000 drachma fine, Papulias to 2 years prison and 5,000 drachma fine, Zacharias to 1 year prison, and the rent to 3 months prison.

Palestine Apprentices Labor Without Wages

BEIROUT, Palestine, July 15.—The status of the youthful worker in Palestine today is far from what could be desired. About half of them work more than 8 hours a day Young apprentices must work for a long time, frequently without pay. in order to learn a trade. Past experience has shown that the privately owned trades are no fit places for learning a trade.

Recently the workingclass youth has succeeded in arranging an exhibition of the work of some of these young workers. Some fine specimens of work were shown.

HEAT PREVENTS SEAMENS' MEET

Committees Forming to Build Union

A mass meeting, scheduled for Monday, July 9th, at the International Seamen's Club, 28 South St., was called off on account of the extreme heat, it was learned yesterday.

The thermometer registered 96 throughout the dav. The meeting, which was called for the purpose of forming a Marine Workers Port Committee for New York, will be held within two months, it was announced. Committees are being formed in all the principal ports throughout the United States for the purpose of organizing a new Transport Workers Union, which will honestly fight for a higher standard of living for the American transport workers.

MINERS JEER AT STRIKE COWARDS

PITTSBURGH, July 15 (FP).—Avella barracks were in uproar as operators' agents came for two deserting miners. Dish pans, pots and tin pails were banged with spoons in derision; the children cried out scornfully, "You're scabbing on our dads!" All the women were shouting at the same time in half a dozen languages.

Company agents are combing the mining towns, spreading defeatism and looking for men to return to the open-shop mines. Exorbitant wages are promised to strikers who will betray their brothers. Moonshine is dispensed liberally until the victim becomes maudlin. As a "good American citizen and a decent father," it is his duty to scab against his fellow workers, he is told. As soon as a "yes" is drilled out of him, a company truck calls at the barracks and carries his family to the scab patch.

FASCISTS LEFT MALMGREN TO DIE

(Continued from Page One)

Dr. Finn Malgren, noted Swedish scientist, and their companion in the dash for land," to die alone in the polar ice.

In spite of official denials by the Italian government, the information received from the Krassin is authenticated and without any question relates the true facts.

Brutality unparalleled among men facing a common danger characterizes the action of the two Italians in abandoning their wounded companion after they had taken his food and his compass.

The true facts of the "heroism" of the two Italians whose fidelity to their companion has been lauded for days in the European and American press were ascertained by officers of the icebreaker after the ship had been guided to them by the Soviet flier Chukhnovsky. Chukhnovsky was wrecked in the attempt.

The later reports of the fascist captains so contradicted their first story that the suspicions of the Krassin's officers were aroused and they closely questioned the Italians.

According to their latest confession, the men dug a grave in the ice for Malgren when he could go no further and left him there to die of hunger and cold after having appropriated his compass and provisions.

In the meantime the Soviet icebreaker Krassin has been ordered to seek further for Amundsen and his companions, in spite of heavy fog and icefloes. The Malignin, another Soviet vessel, has also been ordered by the Soviet Rescue Mission to continue with the search.

REFUSE AID TO SHIRT STRIKERS

Amalgamated Officials Keep Scab Cutter

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., July 15.—"Obligations" on the part of Amalgamated Clothing Workers' representatives who have been sent here from New York to lead the strike of the young shirt workers "prevented" them from offering any aid to the strikers, it was stated yesterday.

The young strikers continue their struggle against the wage-cut and speed-up with the same spirit and enthusiasm which marked the inception of the strike, last Tuesday. Members of the Young Workers (Communist) League picketed with the strikers yesterday as they have each day of the strike.

Workers Aroused.

Workers expressed their indignation at a conference between the bosses and an Amalgamated official not sanctioned by the Strike Committee.

The Amalgamated officials have refused to call out a cutter who is scabbing and is a member of the Amalgamated. Since they are not "responsible" for the strike they will allow this scabbing to go on, they say.

Because the Amalgamated officials refused to call out the other shirt factories on strike and because they stated that the bosses would sooner settle the strike with them than with the Strike Committee, the strikers have insisted that before they affiliate with the Amalgamated that the officials must call out the scabbing cutter, that the Amalgamated lend financial support to the strike and that the Strike Committee itself must retain the leadership of the strike even when the shirt workers affiliate with them. The young strikers received the foregoing in a report given by Veronica Kovacs, militant strike leader, with great enthusiasm.

Pledges Support.

P. Frankfeld of the Young Workers (Communist) League, who pledged the support of his organization yesterday and donated $10 to help carry on the strike was met with great enthusiasm. He told them that in Monday's picketing they would be helped by 15 members of the organiation he represented. Lottie Marks, member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, who has aided the strikers since the beginning of the strike and has picketed with them each day, was also greeted with applause by the strikers. She urged the strikers to continue with their militant work and praised them for having kept their ranks intact.

Police halted a distribution of leaflets Friday at the Raritan Shirt Factory because it called on the workers to go on strike against an imminent wage-cut. This persecution made the Jaco Co. strikers more determined to spread the struggle throughout Perth Amboy. Leaflets will be distributed to the shirt factories here tomorrow, it was said.

CAP UNION MEET RAPS ZARITSKY

Chicago Joint Board Defies International

Continued from Page One

fusing to aid Zaritsky in his campaign to introduce piece-work, the 44-hour week and expulsion of progressives, voted down this proposal.

Roberts, it was learned threatened the expulsion of Millinery Workers Local 52, because of its own stand in support of the recently expelled Millinery Workers Local 43 of New York, and theatened further retribution against the Joint Board if it too supports the New York local.

Walks Out.

When local 52 representatives proposed to reorganize the Joint Board organization committee, which had atrophied during Roberts stay as Joint Board manager, the proposal was carried despite Roberts strenuous opposition. After failing in an attempt to break up the meeting, Roberts left, followed by a few of his henchmen.

Before leaving Roberts announced the imminent arrival of another Zaritsky appointee called Gerther a Chicago manager. The Joint Board declared that he would meet the same fate as Roberts.

BARBERS OUT ON GENERAL STRIKE IN PHILADELPHIA

Plan to Organize All Progressives

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 15.—Journeymen barbers all over the city here have gone on strike against an attempt on the part of the bosses to cut their wages and reduce their working conditions to the pre-war level.

Many of the patrons at the various barber shops, upon learning of the strike, left the barber chairs with lather on their faces, partly shaved. Girls refused to permit scabs to bob their hair. Today many pickets are patrolling in front of hundreds of shops throughout the city.

Workers Present Demands.

Some of the demands presented by the striking workers are that all barbers should be hired through the union: that journeymen barbers be paid $35 per week and 50 per cent commission for over $50 taken in in five days; that one day off a week be allowed them. In the center of the city, where the shops are busiest, the workers demand $32 per week and 50 per cent commission for over $47; $6 per day and 50 per cent commission for over $8 Evening helpers, working between 5 and 8 p. m. shall be paid $3 and 50 per cent for $5. Other demands are that Saturday's pay shall be $12 and 50 per cent for $16, and that barber shops shall be opened at 8 a. m. and closed at 8 p. m. In the center of the city ten hours shall constitute a day's work.

At a conference held here with the bosses, the latter refused to recognize the demands of the workers, and were willing to "concede" conditions and pay much lower than those demanded by the striking workers.

Officials Betray Workers.

According to latest reports, the strikers are showing fine spirit and are confident that their power will force the bosses to grant their demands. Active rank and file members of the union, however, are dissatisfied with the actions of the officials of the union. It is pointed out that union officials, in negotiating with the employers, gave up the demands for increases in wages thereby placing the union in a defensive position. The employers took advantage of this and imposed a wage-cut on the workers.

The militants among the rank and file are preparing to organize the progressive workers with the purpose of preventing further compromise of their demands.

HAIL VIENNESE WORKER REVOLT

Czech Communists Send Greeting

PRAGUE, Czecho-Slovakia, July 15.—On the anniversary of the uprising of the Vienna workers against the Austrian government, the Czecho-Slovakian Communist Party has addressed an open letter to the Communist Party of Austria stressing the latter's heroic part in the July struggles.

The letter also denounces the treacherous role of the social democrats during the July insurrection.

The letter expresses the complete cooperation of the Czecho-Slovakian Communist Party with the Communist Party of Austria.

Workers Party Activities

Section 4 Agitprops.

Section 4 Agitprop Directors and Literature Agents will hold a meeting today, 8 p. m. at 143 E. 103rd St. Agitprop directors and literature agents must come to this meeting.

• • •

Brownsville Y. W. L.

An open air meeting at Williams and Sutter Ave. will be held today at 8:30 p. m. by the Brownsville Young Workers League. Speakers: Frum, Clark, Gudisman, Lipshitz and Polchack.

• • •

Tuesday Night.

An open air meeting will be held tomorrow at Fulton and Rochester Aves., at 7 o'clock. Speakers: Kaso, Nielman and Williams.

Subsection 3E.

Unit 3E 1F will meet tomorrow 6.15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Unit 3E 2F.

Unit 3E 2F, will meet on Wednesday July 18th at 6.15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Branch 4, Section 5, Attention!

On account of a very important Party meeting the branch will meet tomorrow instead of Monday.

Section 7.

Section 7 will hold a membership meeting Wednesday, July 18th, at 8 p. m. at 764 40th St., Brooklyn.

Subsection 3C.

Units of Subsection 3C will meet Monday at 6.30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All units must elect campaign directors for the election drive. Directors must give report to the executive.

• • •

Lower Bronx Y. W. L.

The Lower Bronx Unit of the Y. W. C. L. will hold an open air meeting tonight on "New Bedford and the Election Campaign" at 138th St. and Brook Avenue.

• • •

Upper Bronx Y. W. L.

The Y. W. L. Upper Bronx Unit 1 will hold an open air meeting tomorrow at 8.30 p. m. at the corner of 174th St. and Vyse Ave. on the subject "The Party Election Campaign." The speakers will be H. Stone, P. Green, E. Taft, Jackerson and Wall.

• • •

Branch 5, Section 5.

A special meeting to mobilize the members for signature collecting will be held by Branch 5, Section 5 at 2075 Clinton Ave. today at 8:30 sharp.

Section 1.

A meeting of all unit Women's Work Organizers of Section 1 will be held tomorrow, 7.30 p. m., at 60 St. Marks Place.

• • •

All Section Campaign managers must hand in reports on signatures and get material needed at the district office on Thursdays of every week.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

• • •

Section 2 and 3.

There will be a general membership meeting of Sections 2 and 3 today at 6.30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. All members must attend since very important matters will be taken up.

Labor and Fraternal

Besarabian I. L. D.

A membership meeting of the Besarabian I. L. D. branch will be held today at 8 p. m., at 60 St. Marks Place.

• • •

Workingclass Women

Council 1 will have a lecture tomorrow evening at 8.30 p. m. at 143 E. 103rd St. The subject to be discussed will be the election campaign. Dr. Hoffer will lecture.

• • •

Council 2 will hear a lecture on Wednesday evening, July 18th, 8:30 p. m. at 1400 Boston Road, Bronx. The subject to be discussed will be the election campaign. Lecturer will be announced.

• • •

The District Women's Committee will meet on Wednesday evening, July 18th, 7:30 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square.

• • •

The Executive Committee of the Working Women's Federation will meet on Thursday evening, July 19th, 7:30 p. m. sharp, at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave. in Room 32.

• • •

Workers Culture.

The Workers Culture Club of Bath Beach will have an Outing Sunday, July 22nd, 9 a. m. at 1940 Benson Ave.

• • •

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

SHOE WORKERS' PICNIC JULY 22ND

Affair Expected to Draw Thousands

The arrangements committee in charge of the shoe workers' picnic has announced that it expects an unusually large attendance at the affair, which will be held on Sunday, July 22, at Hauses Park and Casino, 463 Flushing Ave., Astoria, Long Island.

A first-class concert program has been arranged; there will also be dancing, good music, refreshments and other enjoyments.

This picnic is to celebrate the unification of all former groups under the banner of the Independent Shoe Workers Union of Greater New York, it was announced.

Obregon to Cooperate With U. S. Investors

MEXICO CITY, July 15.—A persistant policy of understanding between the Mexican government and American investors was forecast by President-elect Obregon in his speech at Guadaljara yesterday.

"Our foreign relations," Obregon asserted, "will be conducted in a spirit of harmony and mutual cooperation."

Ambassador Morrow recently returned to Mexico after a stay in the United States where he is known to have conferred with bankers regarding a Mexican loan.

THOUSANDS TO BE AT I. L. D. OUTING THIS SATURDAY

Big Program Planned For Annual Affair

Thousands of New York's militant workers are expected to be present at the great outing of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, to be held next Saturday in Pleasant Bay Park. Workers of every nationality and every trade are preparing to attend what promises to be one of the greatest proletarian outings ever held in this city.

The committee in charge is now busy working out the details of the elaborate program for the day. The events thus far announced are so varied that every person present will be certain to find something of interest. The number will include athletic events and games of all sorts, open-air dancing with music furnished by a first-class jazz band, a torchlight parade, a mass scene of unusual interest to all workers and moving pictures of the outing. Refreshments will also be served.

The outing will start at noon and last until late at night. In the evening great arclights will illuminate the entire scene. Tickets for this annual I. L. D. affair are already on sale and can be secured at 35 cents each at the office of the I. L. D., 799 Broadway, Room 422, and at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

Three Workers Killed In Locomotive Blast

MONTREAL, Que., July 15.—The engineer, fireman, and conductor of a Canadian Pacific freight train were killed today near Glacier, B. C., when the boiler of the engine exploded. The Canadian Pacific officials said that the explosion was caused by a water shortage.

The dead are M. Rogers, engineer; W. Stanbury, fireman; and W. Clay, conductor, all of Revelstoke.

FOR SALE OR RENT

Furniture suitable for three rooms. Includes two daybeds, one single bed, chest of drawers, gateleg table, two rockers, white kitchen set of table and five chairs, straw carpet, three small rugs, dishes, pots, linen and all the other fixings for a home. Will sacrifice the entre houseful for $75.00. Phone Stuyvesant 1696 and ask for Fannie. May consider renting apartment.

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Editor..........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭	✗	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

Green's No-Strike Philosophy

When social parasites and labor betrayers, as the case may be, find it necessary to continue nefarious practices against the masses whose "god-appointed" leaders they claim to be, their common recourse is to invent a philosophy to justify their treachery.

William Green, writing in the current issue of the American Federationist, affords another such horrible example.

The day when labor had to resort to the use of the strike is past, says this voluble sounding-board of the bosses. At the moment when United Mine Workers of America, of which he is himself a member, has been practically destroyed through his own and John L. Lewis' treachery in sabotaging the only method by which the organizaton could have been saved, a really vigorous prosecution of the strike and the calling out of both the anthracite and the unorganized fields, this union-wrecker has the affrontery to declare himself against strikes. Says he:

> "In the early union days the main argument of the union was one of force—the strike. Force was necessary to establish the fundamental right of status. Employers would heed no other argument."

But now, according to this flunky of the open-shop coal operators, it's all different. Because:

> "Fundamental changes have taken place in industry. . . . Instead of relying wholly on refusal to work, unions must be ready to point out mistakes in policy or method by argument and facts to convince management, and then outline a substitute policy."

The justification for the early use of the strike, we are told, was the necessity of fighting the legal status of the trade union.

Nothing can more clearly illustrate the utter hypocrisy and contemptible sophistry of these words than the fact that in its report to the last convention of the American Federation of Labor, the executive council was forced to admit that organized labor has not yet attained legal status in the United States. What is the whole pretended fight against the "yellow dog" contract which the labor officials have time and again declared is a threat to the legal existence of organized labor, if not a denial of the so-called legal status of the trade unon? And how will that status, if ever under capitalist government, be attained if not by the strike?

The full meaning of Green's proposals becomes clear when we read his further suggestions in connection with certain developments which have recently taken place in Colorado. "Unions must be ready to point out mistakes in policy to convince management and to outline a substitute policy for the strike."

When the Rocky Mountain Fuel Company, which, after years of struggle against even the bankrupt A. F. of L. officials, became convinced, through the costly Colorado strike of last year, that it would be more profitable to utilize the labor fakers than its own company union, and when it made arrangements to prevent real unionization by the device of conspiring with labor fakers to put through a fake "unionization" of its mines, it gave as its reasons for the change in policy:

> "To prevent another strike, to insure constant and sufficient supply of coal at reasonable prices . . . to stabilize production costs . . . in short to protect . . . business and labor from a recurrence of this past year's lost and waste . . ."

Green confirms this understanding. "It is an advantage to employ miners who belong to the union," he says, "for the union could prevent the recurrence of most strikes from which Colorado has suffered."

It is necessary only to add that the company unions, which Green is seeking to put over, will not succeed any more than the company unions organized by the bosses themselves, in the effort to prevent the workers from utilizing the only weapon which directly or indirectly is responsible for whatever gains they may secure under capitalism.

Was there ever a more disgusting sight than this traitor Green, as he expounds to the working class his now open philosophy of treason?

That New York Fare

The silence which is hanging heavily over the developments now taking place in the seven cent fare issue and in the so-called rapid transit unification plan is undoubtedly part of the generally agreed upon plan among the politicians and traction companies to let the matter rest until after the November elections. This can only mean that the traction ring which operates within both old parties is quite sure of its ground, otherwise there would now be a continuation of the public clamor and wailing on the part of the poverty-stricken Morgan and Chase National Bank interests that they are unable to make ends meet on the lowly nickel.

The announcement by Samuel Untermeyer that he has practically reached an agreement with the B.-M. T. group under which the company will consent to recapture by the city, a trifling arrangement which will involve several hundred millions of dollars, received only casual mention in the capitalist press. The Interborough recently ordered a supply of 7c fare tokens which were manufactured by a New England concern. It is known that the surface lines are preparing to follow the example of the Third Avenue subsidiary by making application for fare increases. But all is still among the servants of the public.

Within a few months an issue involving the virtual turning over of the new city built subways, the estimated construction cost of which is a billion dollars, will be decided by Tammany Hall and republican city and state officials who own traction stock, represent the transit companies as attorneys, and have entered into secret agreements to put over the greatest steal in the country, with the possible exception of the power grab.

Here is an issue which is burning and immediate, one on which approach may be made to hitherto untouched masses of workers. No political speech in the present campaign, no propaganda which is sent out should fail to emphasize this question.

Bar Garment Left-Wing Candidates

BOSTON, Mass., July 15.—Two right wing emissaries from the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, sent here by Sigman as "supervisors" of the elections in the Boston locals, presided over the meeting of the election committee Friday and rejected all candidates for office who refused to sign the right wing yellow dog contract, which stipulates "that the undersigned is not a Communist nor a Communist follower or sympathizer."

Four Members Signed

Even one of the right wing members of the election committee which was elected at membership meetings of Locals 46 and 56 declared that he would reject any one that does sign the document.

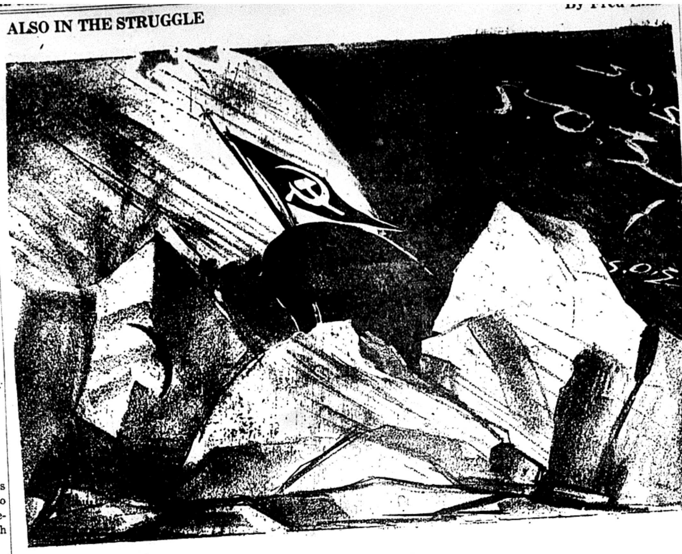
As a result of this action the reactionary clique in control of the International found that but four members were willing to sign and run for the Local 46 executive board and that only two signed the yellow dog document as candidates to the Joint Board from that local. Only one man could be gotten to run for the Joint Board from Local 56.

A joint meeting of the Boston local executive boards with the Joint Board was held here July 10 to hear the instructions handed them by the Sigman supervision committee, Halpern and Gingold.

Several right wing members pleaded with "Little Czar" Sigman's ambassadors to give permission to abandon the yellow dog contract, but to no avail. They finally approved the action of the Sigman clique despite express instructions to the contrary from the membership.

At the membership meetings of these locals, held recently, even some right wing followers had declared that no organization work could be done as long as the left wing was not allowed to participate in the union leadership.

ALSO IN THE STRUGGLE



Election Laws in United States

Framed By Capitalists to Keep Working Class Parties Off the Ballot

By JULIUS CODKIND.

The United States of America is perhaps the only country in the world where the elections are governed under a law which makes it possible for the ruling class to so confuse the technical qualifications to be overcome by new or small parties seeking a place on the ballot as from the very outset to practically prohibit all effective opposition in any election campaign to the two "old" parties dominated by Wall Street.

Only in America is it possible for a regular presidential candidate of a political party to run or to be on the ballot only in spots. For example, the Workers (Communist) Party candidates will surely not be on the ballot in a large number of the forty-eight states. Of equal interest is the fact that under the law of some states, a candidate for president may be on the ballot in spots in those states. A party seeking to place its candidates officially in nomination on the ballot is confronted with the problem of solving forty-eight separate and distinct sets of laws.

Congressional Election.

To understand this, a few words of explanation are necessary.

In theory, the country is supposed to be a federation of sovereign states. The Federal Constitution provides that the power of each state in the Central Government shall be relative to the percentage of population as a whole. Thus each state elects a given percentage of the total number of congressmen but this is modified by a section of the constitution which provides that there shall be a senate consisting of two senators from each state. The constitution also provides that each state shall elect as many electors as it has congressmen plus senators, and that the day of election of congressmen and senators must be the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.

The president is not elected by direct vote. Under the constitution he is chosen by the electors. The direct object therefore of the old parties is not to gain a maximum number of voters throughout the country but to win a maximum number of the electors, and under the constitution it is possible for a candidate for the presidency who has secured the greatest total of direct votes to be defeated in the electoral college. Thus in 1916 it was at first reported that Wilson had been defeated for re-election, although his vote proved to be 600,000 greater than that of his opponent. Later reports from California, however showed that Wilson had won the state by a plurality of about 3,800 which gave him the entire electoral votes of the state and with it a small majority in the electoral college.

1916 Poll.

A few illustrations will make this process even clearer. Taking the elections in 1916 as an example, we find that in California there were 466,200 votes for Wilson and 462,394 for Hughes. This gave Wilson the entire 13 electoral votes of the state. In New York the vote for Wilson was 759,426 and for Hughes 869,115. Hughes got the entire 45 electoral votes of the state.

In Minnesota, Hughes received 179,544 while Wilson got 179,152 Although Hughes had only 392 more than Wilson, he received the entire 12 electoral votes of the state. It is also interesting to note that actually, Hughes received 27,910 votes less than his three leading opponents combined in this state.

These are not exceptional occurrences. The constitution has deliberately provided for just this. The result is that in states where the democratic or republican party is preponderant there are practically no presidential election campaigns at all, both parties confining themselves largely to such states as New York, Missouri, New Jersey, Oklahoma, Ohio, Maryland, California and Massachusetts, where the control swings from one party to the other. These states, with a few others, known as the doubtful states decide the issue of the presidency. Presidential candidates as a general rule are politicians whose home states must be New York, Ohio Massachusetts or California as the issue of "Favorite Son" is often quite enough to swing enough votes to carry one of these states.

It is already clear from all this that the makers of the constitution had in mind the objective of retaining within their own hands the entire political power and all the patronage going with it, in their respective home states.

As noted, the constitution provides that each state shall elect its electors, congressmen and other officials in its own way, with the result that in every state there is a different set of laws governing the elections. Of far greater consequence is the fact that under the constitution each state prescribes its own conditions as to the procedure to be followed by parties or independent groups who seek to place their candidates on the ballot or officially in nomination.

It is worthy of note that as a general rule the states in which the republican and democratic parties conflict most, impose the most severe restrictions against new or weaker parties seeking a place on the ballot for their candidates while those states which are safely republican or democratic have little or no legislation on the question, and in several instances nominations are legally made by state conventions of any group or party. This procedure is not actually statute law. It is merely a mode legalized by custom.

The obvious reason for the severe restrictions against new or weaker parties imposed by law in the doubtful states is the fact that through this means the politicians of the two dominant parties protect themselves against the rise of minority groups capable of wielding a balance of power and thus dominating the political situation within the state.

New York furnishes an excellent illustration of this condition. The restrictions against the nomination of candidates by new or weaker parties for state-wide office are most severe. From "new" parties the law requires a minimum of 12,000 signatures on petitions, including at least 50 from each of the sixty-one counties in the state, but a new party seeking to place a candidate for the state assembly in nomination in every assembly district in the state would require no less than 120,000 signatures or five per cent of the total vote. Provided the numerous technicalities of the law are correctly complied with this number of signatures, if none are invalidated by the officials, would be sufficient to place in nomination a candidate for every elective office within the state from presidential electors, governor and United States senator down to dog-catcher.

It is obvious that the laws were framed generally with the object of excluding minority, and, of course working class parties from the elections, by making it very costly and difficult for independent, new or weak parties to place candidates officially in nomination, and this automatically entails the greatest sacrifices on the part of working class parties seeking to enter the field It happens very often that tremendous efforts, together with heavy financial sacrifices, are made by workers to place candidates in nomination, only to meet with failure either because they have failed to comply with some technicality or because they were unable to gather sufficient signatures within the time allotted, and very often failure may be traced to the mere caprice of some petty official.

(To be continued).

Sidelights on the Workers' Party Election Drive

The first dollar for a b oook of 80 three-color "Vote Communist" stamps has been received by the National Election Campaign Committee at 43 E. 125th St., New York, from P. Williams.

We are on our way to a million.

The prices of these in quantity lots are: 55 books for $50; 90 books for $75; and 125 books for $100. Single books of 10 pages for $1 each, and can be resold for 10 cents per page.

* * *

George Saul, party field organizer at Denver, reports the circulation of petitions to put the party on the ballot in Colorado has commenced and he is preparing to go to New Mexico to start the work there.

While in Denver, Comrade Saul incidentally helped organize the dairy clerks and led them in a successful strike. During his spare time Saul helped the local comrades arrange for the Colorado State ratification convention, to be held at Denver on Saturday, July 28.

* * *

Arthur Starr, agricultural district organizer, reports from Bismachk North Dakota, that he is preparing to go into South Dakota to help the local comrades put the party on the ballot.

* * *

The Iowa State Nominating Convention to put the party on the ballot will be held at Des Moines on Sunday, July 15.

The Foster-Gitlow three-color "Vote Communist" campaign buttons are now ready. Everybody will want one at 10 cents each.

Prices in quantity are: Four cents in lots of 100; 3 cents in lots of 1,000, and 2 cents in lots of 5,000 or over.

* * *

Roy Stephens, party field organizer, reports from Omaha that the comrades are commencing to circulate petitions to put the party on the ballot in the State of Nebraska.

* * *

Hugo Oehler, District No. 10 organizer, is having a hard tussel with the Oklahomo State officials, who are fighting the Communist electors from going on the primary ballot of the Oklahoma farmer-labor party.

* * *

Word received from Oehler is that the Oklahoma fight is in good shape and that he is now on his way to Little Rock to see what can be done to put the party on the ballot in Arkansas.

* * *

Willis L. Wright reports from Montana that there is no question about the party going on the ballot in that State. The possibilities of securing the endorsement by the Montana farmer-labor party of the candidacies of Foster and Gitlow are good.

* * *

Have you sent in your dollar for a book of 80 Vote Communist stamps? You need them to post on envelopes, letters, programs, factory papers, bulletins, and all other printed matter and stationery.

Militant Mine Family Blacklisted Since 1919

By VERA BUCH.

BLACKLISTED since 1919. Unable to work in the mines for nine years because of unusual militancy in the 1919 strike. And just as active now, one of the best of the best fighters among all the militant miners. This is the record of Thomas Ray of McDonald, Pa.

But on Tom Ray's household, on his wife and seven children, the bosses' discrimination has fallen very heavily. They live in one of those black, tumble-down, mean looking houses which you sometimes see bordering the railroad tracks in little towns, and wonder when you see them, "Does anyone live in that?" In such a house lives or rather exists, Tom Ray's family.

You ask Mrs. Ray, "How have you managed to get along all these years?" She smiles quietly and sadly. "I don't know. We have one boy sixteen years old. He gets a job in a mill, sometimes."

It seems hard for her to talk, as though she never saw anyone, as though she had lived alone for a long time among worries and dreariness. Rarely does Mrs. Ray leave the house. She is ashamed to go out in her worn woolen dress, the only dress she has. These nine years have crushed Mrs. Ray, have drained her vitality. Yet she is still a young woman.

From all the corners of that dingy home, Tom Ray's bright active children peer at you with lively brown eyes. They are not crushed—they are eager to hear about the strike and the union. Tom Ray is bringing up seven young fighters to carry on the fight in the future. He has been in New York City raising money thru the National Miners' Relief Committee for the hungry strikers and he tells the eager children about the strikes he's heard about there.

JOHN J. RASKOB, chairman of the finance committee of the General Motors Corporation is now the chairman of the Democratic National Committee by unanimous vote. There is no doubt that Al Smith is one of the two darlings of big business. The House of Morgan is behind General Motors, so in case Al gets licked the House of Morgan will have Hoover. Heads, Wall Street wins; tails, the working class loses.

* * *

THE fiction prevailed for a long time among the workers that the G. O. P. was the party of big business and that the jackass party was the party of the working-class. Without doubt the G. O. P. was the favorite party of big business until the world war chop-sueyed lots of things. The south was the virgin base of the democratic party but the exigencies of the great conflict opened up the south to industry. Now the pope-hating southern democrat and the pope-hating northern democrat can sit over the loving cup together and drink a toast to four years of looting under the auspices of the Tammany Tiger.

* * *

How lightly party badges sit on the chests of capitalist leaders is proven by the election of Raskob as chairman of the Democratic National Committee. Raskob used to be a republican. Four years ago he voted for Calvin Coolidge. But he also voted for president Wilson. He is quite impartial. The workers who vote the democratic ticket because their grandfathers voted for it should take a lesson from Raskob.

* * *

Apparently Tammany is sure of the support of the trade union bureaucrats so it is using all its energies to convince big business that it will do the right thing by it. Tammany leader George W. Olvany said in comment on the election of Raskob: "I think it was a very good selection. It will show the people throughout the country that Big Business need not be afraid of the Democratic Party when the party is willing to leave its affairs in the hands of a man conspicuously identified with one of the biggest business corporations in the world."

* * *

RASKOB is the responsible representative of the Du Pont powder interests in General Motors. The manufacturers of munitions of war cannot be expected to visualize a state of society where the dove of peace will take the place of the war eagle. Should war be "outlawed" as the sappy liberals would have it, Du pont would have to scrap his war making machinery and turn to the manufacture of ginger ale. Al Smith as president, will order the battleships to Latin America to collect interest on Morgan's loans and many Smith boosters will leave their bones to pulverize on South American battlefields for the profit of the Du Pont powder interests and the glory and profit of Tammany Hall.

* * *

WITH Raskob as its national chairman the democratic party should have no difficulty raising an effective campaign fund. The manipulation of the stock market by an insider should prove an easy way out of financial difficulties. The average 100 per cent American is willing to sell his vote for anything from a ten dollar bill to a thousand. The price depends on what he is able to deliver. Already Tammany touts are canvassing the city for willing young men who are ready to park their scruples in return for a promise of a job should Smith win.

* * *

THOSE of you who are weary and heavy laden with financial worries should take heart from the experience of John J. Raskob, General Motors official. His first job paid him $7.50 a week. See where he is today. He worked as a stenographer in public works to support his mother, two sisters and a brother. Virtue is supposed to be rewarded. Raskob was blessed by the pope last April. What more could a man ask for?

* * *

WILL Rogers the imperialist clown, comes out against political conventions. One would have expected something better from a professional humorist. There is more material for the kind of nonsense that brings home the bacon for capitalist columnists in capitalist conventions than even at dance marathons. Will should not kill the goose that lays the golden eggs.

* * *

While the two capitalist parties are insisting that they do not intend to buy all the votes that are necessary to elect their candidates the Workers (Communist) Party i busily engaged raising a Communis Campaign Fund of $100,000. W are doing this quite shamelessly an ostentatiously. $100,000 would pu chase half a dozen capitalist war heelers. But it will pay for th printing of tons of Communist lite ature and it will help to pay th expenses of hundreds of Communi speakers. Don't forget to send your contribution to the Nation Campaign Headquarters, 43 Ea 125th Street, New York City Alexander Trachtenberg, treasur Trachtenberg is not a powder ma nate, but your contribution will h blast the capitalist system i smithereens.

Tom O'Flahert

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS'
GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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NATIONAL
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ISSUE CALL FOR NEW TEXTILE UNION

Matthew Woll's New Boss Racket in Drive on Labor

FASCISTS LEFT MALMGREM TO DIE OF HUNGER, COLD

Zappi and Mariano Abandoned Swedish Scientist to Death In Arctic Ice

Saved Own Lives with Dying Companion's Food and Compass

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 15.—A gruesome tale of virtual murder by cold and starvation inflicted on a wounded man was revealed here today when dispatches from the Soviet icebreaker Krassin gave the world the true story of how Zappi and Mariano, officers from the wrecked fascist airship Italia, left Dr. Finn Malgren, noted Swedish scientist and their companion in the dash for land, to die alone in the polar ice.

In spite of official denials by the Italian government, the information received from the Krassin is authenticated and without any question relates the true facts.

Brutality unparalleled among men facing a common danger characterizes the action of the two Italians in abandoning their wounded companion after they had taken his food and his compass.

The true facts of the "heroism" of the two Italians whose fidelity to their companion has been lauded for days in the European and American press were ascertained by officers of the icebreaker after the ship had been guided to them by the Soviet flier Chukhnovsky. Chukhnovsky was wrecked in the attempt.

The later reports of the fascist captains so contradicted their first story that the suspicions of the Krassin's officers were aroused and they closely questioned the Italians.

According to their latest confession, the men dug a grave in the ice for Malgren when he could go no further and left him there to die of hunger and cold after having appropriated his compass and provisions.

Nobile, the commander of the Italia and the first to b rescued, evidently feeling the need of an explanation, has issued a statement saying that there had been no misunderstanding between himself and Malgren and that there was no enmity between any members of the party.

A telegram received from the Citta de Milano, the Italia baseship, read: "Malgren died of expesure on June 15. Nobile is better. His dog, Titina, feels fine."

In the meantime the Soviet icebreaker Krassin has been ordered to seek further for Amundsen and his companions, in spite of heavy fog and icefloes. The Malignin, another Soviet vessel, has also been ordered by the Soviet Rescue Mission to continue with the search.

FORD TAKES JOB IN HOOVER DRIVE

Named Official of Engineers' Group

WASHINGTON, July 15.—As the first gun in its campaign to match millionaire for millionaire, the republican national committee announced yesterday, through Chairman Work, that Henry Ford has been chosen as a vice-president of the Hoover-for-President-Engineers' National Committee.

The "selection" of the famous Detroit exploiter, who is one of the richest man in the world, is loowed upon as a move to counteract the naming of John J. Raskob, chairman of the finance committee of the General Motors Corp., as chairman of the democratic national committee.

Among the others who will act as vice-presidents of the Hoover-for-President Engineers' National Committee are Thomas A. Edison and Michael I. Pupin, inventor and professor at Columbia University.

1,500 MORE OUT IN ANTHRACITE

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

SCRANTON, Pa., July 15.—Fifteen hundred mine workers have struck at the Tripp Drift of the Diamond Colliery, Glen Alden Coal Company, at West Scranton, because the company has refused to give the miners back pay on a grievance which was settled favorably to them and the coal company was to pay them some back wages. The striking miners are members of Local Union 113.

Army Officers Won't Permit News of Porter

FORT ADAMS, R. I., July 15.—The military authorities here refuse to permit any communication with John Porter, imprisoned here for his activities in the New Bedford textile strike, while subject to military law.

The officers are keeping Porter strictly incommunicado and even refuse to permit his physical condition to be reported to friends. The last message from Porter reported that he had become ill following the brutal treatment to which he has been subjected, and stated that the authorities are trying to weaken his militant attitude and prevent him from exposing the role of the army before a public court-martial. At that time he had been thrown into solitary confinement.

Efforts to learn about Porter's present condition have been unsuccessful. A message was sent through the Western Union by the National Office of the Young Workers (Communist) League asking for information as to Porter's condition and developments of the case. The military authorities here informed the Western Union that there is a "military censorship on all communication with this man."

Efforts are to be made tomorrow or Tuesday to establish contact with Porter again by a visit from an attorney, and unless he is brought before a court-martial at once legal action will be started in the civil courts.

• • •

Kansas City Protest Resolution

KANSAS CITY, July 15.—At the huge Porter protest meeting held in Shawnee Park Wednesday the following resolution was adopted unanimously:

"We, the citizens of Armourdale, Kansas City, Kansas, assembled in a meeting at Shawnee Park, Armourdale, on July 11, having heard a report on the arrest and detention of John Porter, hereby resolve:

"That the imprisonment of John Porter is caused by his activity on behalf of the New Bedford Textile Workers. He was imprisoned after warnings by the police that if he does not leave his work in the strike he would be "fixed up proper";

"That we recognize that the cause of the New Bedford Textile Workers is the cause of the workers of Kansas City and that the cause of John Porter is our cause likewise;

"That we therefore demand that John Porter be released by the military authorities;

"That a copy of this resolution be sent to the Secretary of War, to the President of the United States, to the Governor of Massachusetts and to the local and labor press."

Canadian Unions Show Effect of Young Blood

MONTREAL (FP).—Revolts of unorganized workers and growing militancy of union workers have been featuring the Canadian industrial scene. A younger generation with larger ideas and appetites is entering the ranks of labor. Aggressive spirits crossing the border in search of better jobs in the United States are disappointed. Thus the Canadian labor movement is strengthened.

Heavily subsidized immigration increases the difficulties of the labor movement and recent court decisions have been designed to cripple unions. But most trades moved forward last year, and most of the reactionary efforts of employers this spring have been defeated by stubborn resistance.

Unusual and of more than passing significance is the role women and girls have played in recent strikes.

BERLIN AMNESTY PROVES FRAUD; FEW RELEASED

Poland, Too, Makes Empty Gesture

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

BERLIN, July 15.— Nationwide resentment has followed the passage by the Reichstag of an "amnesty act" by which a relative handful of class war prisoners has been released from jail while thousands are to remain for varying terms in their cells. Characterized as treason and betrayal by militant labor leaders thruout the country, the "amnesty act" is arousing increasing protest from the German working class.

Altho the government organs are triumphant in proclaiming the "amnesty," official distinction is being made between political prisoners and "political murderers." In the latter category the government is including all the leading militant workers who are now in German jails.

The two hundred class war prisoners who have been released in answer to the tremendous mass protest for an amnesty are but a fraction of the thousands who are vainly asking when they will be liberated. The authorities are frankly admitting that a large number will never leave their cells under the new edict.

Thousands of the prisoners who expected that they would receive full liberty within the next few days now learn that trivial reductions in their terms of imprisonment are the best they can hope for from the government's action.

• • •

Leaders Remain in Jail.

WARSAW, Poland, July 15.—Disappointment is widespread here today as the government's "amnesty act," rushed thru parliament recently in response to mass pressure, has resulted in the liberation of relatively few of the thousands of class war prisoners held in the Polish jails.

Five thousand workers, most of them jailed merely on suspicion of participation of Communist activity, have been set free to date, but it is believed that the government has no intention of making further releases.

The Polish militant leaders are without exception still in prison.

POLE-LITHUANIA PARLEY WRECKED

Pilsudski to Address Fascists in Vilna

KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia, July 15.—Announcement that Marshall Pilsudski will go to Vilna to inspect the frontier and to celebrate the anniversary of the formation of his military legion, followed immediately after the collapse of the economic conference between the Polish and Lithuanian delegates at Warsaw, according to dispatches from that city.

The conference went to pieces on the question of the Kovno railroad, accozrding to the Polish dispatches. Other issues are believed to have played a crucial part in the outcome, however. The coming secret military conference of the Little Entente called by the French at Bucharest is reported to be one of these.

Whether or not Marshall Pilsudski will make any overt threats during his harrangue to the legion at Vilna is not known yet, but it is anticipated that the relations of Poland and the Soviet Union will form a feature of his speech.

Pilsudski will also make public at that time his plans for the revisio nof the constitution. The suppression of the Polish parliament may depend upon the reception of this Vilna speech, it is intimated.

After his Vilna trip, Pilsudski will go to Bucharest for participation in a secret conference under the direction of a member of the French general staff.

BRITISH TOILERS SLAVES

Workers Are Privileged Class in USSR

By LELAND OLDS
(Federated Press)

Two items in the same issue of the London Daily Herald suggest a remarkable contrast. Both deal with tribute, one the tribute paid by an English working girl to the multi-millionaire oligarchy in America, the other the tribute of an English worker's wife to Russia. But paid in very different coin.

Josephine Wilson was the English working girl who paid her tribute to American capital. It was her last tribute, for she paid it with her life. She poisoned herself because life did not seem worth while on the 24 shillings ($5.80) a week she received from Woolworth's.

Exploited by Woolworth

Yes, her employer was the same Woolworth that exploits thousands of girls in the 5 and 10 cent stores

Continued on Page Two

UNION OFFICIALS HELP OPEN SHOP MILITARY SCHEME

Employers Lay Plans For Soldier Law

CHICAGO, Ill., July 15.—A newfangled class collaboration scheme by which Matthew Woll, reactionary vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, and several other labor skates sought to creep a bit closer to the bosom of the bosses met with a tragic end here when the employers sprung the trap a bit too soon and forced the labor officials to claim "immunity."

The Illinois Association For Criminal Justice has issued a recommendation for the establishment of a state constabulary to fight labor.

Respectable Strikebreakers

The association is one of the numerous alleged reform organizations that put a respectable front on the legislative and judicial conspiracies of big business.

Part of the front is a window dressing of liberals and labor officials, behind whom the anti-union financiers and employers operate. In this case Vice-President Matthew Woll, President John H. Walker of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, President Agnes Nestor of the Women's Trade Union League and ex-President George W. Perkins of the cigarmakers international provided the labor screen on the board.

The association suddenly released to the press a strong recommendation for a state cossack system. At the same time it branded a number of Chicago labor men as sluggers, murderers, bombers, gunmen and extortionists. The survey committee of the association assumed responsibility for these astonishing actions and Woll is a member of that committee.

Sit With Open-Shoppers

Some of Chicago's most notorious open-shoppers, like Jim Patten of the Landis committee and Tom Donnelley of the scab printshops, sit on the board of the Illinois Association for Criminal Justice with Woll and Walker and the other fakers.

FASCIST TERROR SWEEPS SPAIN

Blame "Disturbances" For Arrests

BORDEAUX, France, July 15.—Arrests of thousands of workers, liberals and Catalan nationalists are being continued by the Spanish police as part of a wave of terrorism which they began following announcement by the authorities of a widespread attempt to overthrow the present regime, alleged to have been discovered by the government's secret agents.

Nation-wide arrests of workers are reported from cities as far apart as Saragossa, Madrid and Barcelona Scores of workers engaged in constructing the Theatre Royal near the royal palace in Madrid have been detained, while many trade union organizations have been raided and others are being watched by the police.

Absolute censorship of all newspapers has prevented a word of the government's actions from appearing in the news in Spain, but, in spite of official efforts to close the frontiers to information, reports of events are leaking through.

Passengers on international trains are being subjected to the most thorough-going search by the border guards at the French and Portuguese frontiers. Many have been closely questioned and an effort is being made to prevent all persons suspected of labor activities from entering the country.

Unconfirmed reports reaching here from travellers who are hastily leaving Spain allege considerable unrest in the interior. Especially from Barcelona there are reports of disturbances among the textile and harbor workers, and a number of Catalan nationalists are said to have been detained by the police.

NO JOBS IN OIL FIELDS.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kan., (FP) July 15.—Oilfield workers around Arkansas City find jobs hard to get Over half are unemployed.

New Bedford Strikers Stage Great All-Night Picket Demonstration

The most dramatic event of the New Bedford strike took place recently when a rumor that eight scabs had started the looms in the Kilburn mill brought out 18,000 strikers who continued to picket thruout the night. Pickets in fishermen's boats kept guard at the mill gates on the waterfront in this tremendous demonstration of the strikers' solidarity. Photo shows a group of pickets outside the Kilburn mill.

JUDGE REFUSES NEW TRIAL FOR STEVE MENDOLA

Upholds Frame-up of Militant Miner

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 15.—The reactionary Judge McLean has refused a new trial for Steve Mendola, one of the fighting Pittsburgh miners framed up by the Cappellini machine because of their struggle against the contractors' system which has led to the murder of several Pittsburgh miners.

This same judge has also sentenced Sam Bonita, a rank and file leader to six to 12 years. Judge McLean, in refusing to give a new trial to Mendola, was very much aroused over the fact that the jury did not bring the verdict of second degree murder.

Judge McLean is a coal operator and is acting in behalf of Cappellini and the Lewis Machine. He is also a colonel in the state militia of Pennsylvania and has done his bit during the world war in directing the slaughter of the workers. It is a well-known fact that in the regiment under his command during the world war forty soldiers were court-martialed for minor offenses and some of them sentenced to death.

Adam Moleski, the third victim of the frame-up, will probably come up for trial in the September term of the criminal court. He is now out on bail.

U. S. TROOPS IN HAWAII 'ILLEGAL'

HONOLULU, July 15. — The United States administration of Hawaii has recently found it necessary to "create and establish" a Hawaii National Guard. Although the guard was actually in existence since 1893, when Hawaii fell under the domination of U. S. imperialism it was discovered that the regiments never had a legal existence.

When first instituted the Guard consisted of but one company, but due to the necessity for "protection" it soon grew into five companies composed of men of thirty races.

The armed forces grew steadily until figures today shows an enlisted strength of 1,560 men and 101 commissioned officers. The Hawaiian National Guard has more men and officers than the guard of any other state or territory with an equal population, having one guardsman to every 157 persons.

By a new order of the War Department the forces are to be increased even more. They are to have a force of 3,068 men and officers.

Workers Lose Out In New Law

WASHINGTON, July 15 (FP).—Private insurance companies have a profitable monopoly of the business, and workers have to safeguard their own chance of compensation for accident, under the new workmen's compensation law in the District of Columbia, which became effective on July 1. The worker whose employer has violated the law by failing to take out insurance cannot collect if he is injured. It is small satisfaction to him to know that his boss may be fined or jailed.

CONVENTION CALL FOR A NEW TEXTILE UNION

The following is the official call for a convention of textile workers organiations and mill committees for the formation of a national industrial union of all textile workers. Due to its tremendous importance since it affects the workers in one of the country's major industries, the call is presented in full. Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mills Committee, signs the document.

"To All Textile Workers' Organizations, Textile Workers' Mill Committees, Tetile Workers Clubs and Associations, Textile Unions.

"Greetings:

"The textile industry is in the throes of reorganization. Intense speeding up, mass unemployment, longer-hours, and wage cuts are the order of the day. Not satisfied with their tremendous profits, the textile manufacturers are doing everything possible to squeeze the workers harder than ever before.

"At the present time the textile employers are planning a new drive. The drive has formally begun against the cotton workers in New England and over one hundred thousand workers have already received a ten per cent wage cut.

New Bedford Struggle.

"But just as the Passaic workers in 1926 did not take a cut lying down, but under our leadership put up a great and memorable struggle, so today, again under our leadership, the textile workers are in battle against this new ten per cent wage cut.

"In New Bedford, Massachusetts, now for over three months, 28,000 textile workers have been on strike against the ten per cent wage cut, for better conditions, and for the right to have their own union. Mass picket lines have closed the mills down tight in spite of the terror of the police and the militia which had been called in, and in spite of the treachery of the bureaucrats of the A. F. of L.

This brave fight in New Bedford shows that everywhere the textile workers are ready to move. In Fall River, Massachusetts, already the workers are mobilizing for struggle. Elsewhere too, the textile workers are demonstrating that the time is now amply ripe for struggle.

No Union.

What has prevented the textile workers from carrying on an active fight is the fact that there was no militant leadership and no union to lead them. Outside of a few tiny independent groups, the only union in the field is the small union of the American Federation of Labor, the United Textile Workers.

"The officials of this United Textile Workers are of the most reactionary character, with a long series of betrayals to their credit. They have done their utmost to divide the workers and to defeat them. After many years of existence the United Textile Workers stands a small handful of skilled workers, pitifully helpess to resist the attack of the bosses.

Must Build Textile Union.

"This situation means that especialy now, the textile workers must take things in their own hands and build a national textile union, that will be a real workers' union, organizing the over one million textile workers in this country and actually resisting the wage cuts and worsened conditions imposed by the employers. This is the immediate task at the present time, the building up of a national textile union that will mobilize the workers for effective struggles.

"To accomplish this end, the National Textile Mill Committees hereby calls all textile workers' organizations to a national convention to be held in New York City Saturday and Sunday, September 22nd and 23rd, 1928. The convention will be opened at 2 p. m. September 22nd at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St., New York City.

"All bona fide textile workers' organizations are urgently requested to elect two or more delegates to attend this convention.

"ALBERT WEISBORD.
"National Secretary,
"Textile Mill Committees."

HUNGER STRIKE IN SOFIA JAIL

SOFIA, July 15.—The prisoners in the central jail at Sofia who were punished by one month of hard labor for wearing red ribbons on May Day, are forced to suffer an additional 10 days of punishment. This was announced to them shortly before the term of their original punishment came to an end.

This additional punishment of hard labor, which has already resulted in the death of one, Nikola Iliew, and has led the political prisoners to declare a hunger strike as a protest against the terrorism of the wardens. All except M. T. Atanasoff, who is seriously ill, have already been on strike for ten days.

Palestine Apprentices Labor Without Wages

BEIROUT, Palestine, July 15.—The status of the youthful worker in Palestine today is far from what could be desired. About half of them work more than 8 hours a day Young apprentices must work for a long time, frequently without pay, in order to learn a trade. Past experience has shown that the privately owned trades are no fit places for learning a trade.

Recently the workingclass youth has succeeded in arranging an exhibition of the work of some of these young workers. Some fine specimens of work were shown.

"DAILY" WANTS PHOTOS

Workers Are Asked to Send in Pictures

Workingclass photographs are wanted by The DAILY WORKER. Workers who own cameras are asked to co-operate in improving their "Daily" by taking pictures of workingclass activities and sending them in. The summer season offers a particularly good opportunity for worker-photographers to develop their talents.

The type of photographs that are most desirable are those showing people in action, taken close up. Pictures of picket-lines, or working class demonstrations and of other vivid incidents of the class struggle are especially valuable. Glossy finish photographs are most suitable for reproduction. Every picture that is printed will carry the name of the worker who took it.

Camera fans, get busy. Become a worker-photographer for The DAILY WORKER.

CONVENTION TO BE HELD HERE SEPT. 22 - 23

Mill Groups, Clubs, Unions Called

A call for the formation of a countrywide textile workers industrial union was issued yesterda from the headquarters of the N tional Textile Mill Committees, Fifth Ave., this city.

The convention is to be held he on Saturday and Sunday, Septembe 22nd and 23rd at the Irving Pla Hall, Irving Place and 15th St. an is scheduled to be opened at 2 p. m Saturday.

All textile workers' organization mill committees, clubs, asociations and textile workers' unions are called upon to send delegates to the convention.

Thousands Unorganized

The call is issued over the signature of Albert Weisbord, Nation Secretary of the National Texti Mill Committee. Weisbord was t leader of the great strike of Pass textile workers in 1926.

The amazing growth of the m committees in all sections of t country and particularly in the Ne England textile manufacturing di trict shows that the delegates fro the committees alone will represe tens of thousands of mill workers.

Despite the concentration of mo of the forces of the National Texti Mill Committee in the New Bedfo strike area, where 28,000 work are entering the 14th week of t struggle against a wage cut und the leadership of the New Bedf Textile Workers Union of the T tile Mill Committee, recruiting wo in other fields show that hundre of new members are forming m committees.

A. F. of L. Aids Bosses.

The weak-kneed leadership of t American Federation of Labor te tile union, who meet the bosses fensive by advocating a surren policy where they are not ope the employers speed-up agents.

Continued from Page One

STRIKERS FORCE PARADE PERM

Mill Workers Mar July 28

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July —forced to yield by the treme public indignation that followed braking up of the textile str parade held recently by the Bedford Textile Workers' Unio the Textile Mill Committee, Ashley has granted a parade to the organization for Sat July 28.

The permit was granted aft committee, especially chosen by T. W. U. strike committee fo purpose, had approached the The permit, however, stipulate the fina lissuance of the permit pends upon the strike developm until the 28th.

May Revoke Permit.

Despite the fact that the still has ample opportunity voke the permit, the granti official sanction to the T Workers' Union is considered luctant tribute to the treme mass following of the Textile Committee.

Leaders of the Textile Wor Union later signified their sa tion over the outcome of th strength between the textile ers and the mill boss controlle officials. "Now the New B Workers' Union intends to g speed ahead with plans for th the biggest parade ever held i city," union spokesmen de adding, "The workers of the country will then see a treme demonstration of the uni strength."

Successful Meeting.

Albert Weisbord, Eli Keller other Textile Mill Committee ers addressed a meeting called for the members of the tile Workers of the A. F. of L. meeting, which was held at th quest of a committee of 25 U. members resulted in many in the T. M. C. The atte consisted mainly of French British workers, occupied skilled crafts. A lengthy followed the speeches of the leaders.

[illegible] Committee of the All-Union Communist Party Discusses Draft Progr

PREPARE GRAIN PURCHASE PLAN; URGE RESERVE

Present Collection Measures Temporary

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 15.—The Plenum of the Central Committee and the Enlarged Central Committee of the All-Union Communist Party continued its sessions here yesterday.

The agenda included questions before the Communist International, the Comintern program, the grain purchase policy and the general economic situation in the U. S. S. R., the organization of new state organizations for grain purchase and improved training for new specialists.

Approve Draft Program.

The Plenum accepted the information contained in the report and approved the essentials of the Com- cided to leave any alterations in the intern draft program. It was de- program to the World Congress.

The Plenum pointed out, in its decision concerning the grain purchase policy, that the low level of agriculture, especially of grain production, together with the swift development of Socialist industry carries with it the danger of a breach between the Socialist town and the petty bourgeois village.

In order to solve this problem, the production of individual, small and middle farms must be furthered along the lines laid down by Lenin in his co-operative plan. The necessity of extending the collective farms upon a modern technical basis was also pointed out.

After describing the conditions under which the recent grain purchase campaign was made, the decision points out that the Central Committee of the All-Union Communist Party has absolutely stated that the extraordinary measures employed in that campaign are only temporary and are not the organic result of the decision of the Fifteenth Party Congress to increase the offensive against the capitalist elements in the villages.

The Plenum also denounced the accusation that the NEP, New Economic Policy, is being abandoned and reiterates the policy of the Fifteenth Congress in maintaining the offensive against the kulaks. It declared that the NEP remains the basis of the proletarian state policy.

In the coming grain purchase campaign, it is indicated that the Party must systematically liquidate the errors in leadership which have been made.

The decision of the plenum condemns the recrudescence of former methods and declared itself in favor of elasticity in regulating trade, for a slight increase in grain prices and for a correct distribution of indus- systematic struggle against secret trial products in the country, for a distilleries and for the formation of a state grain reserve.

In conclusion the Plenum decision declares that support of the poor resulted in a considerable extension and middle peasants with seed corn of the land under seed and that this fact, together with the favorable harvest outlook, should ensure a normal tempo in the grain purchase campaign until the autumn.

Flight of Mexican Aviator, Carranza, Ends In Catastrophe

On the first leg of his journey from New York to Mexico City, Capt. Emilio Carranza, Mexican flyer, met death when his plane was hit by lightning in New Jersey. The Carranza flight was an exchange of courtesy in recognition of Lindbergh's trip, as part of the general program of the Mexican government of furthering American imperialist ambitions. Photo shows Carranza's plane being fueled just before he hopped off.

3 Class War Prisoners Have Birthdays Soon

GRANADA, Minn., July 15 (FP).—Birthdays in August of political and class-war prisoners in American penitentiaries are announced as follows:

At Walla Walla, Wash.: Aug. 15 James McInery, Box 520-9410; Aug. 25 John Lamb, Box 520-9412.

At Menard, Ill.: Aug. 25 Ignatz Simich, Southern Illinois Prison, Randolph Co., Ill.

Cards and letters are appreciated by these men.

Fascists Take Diploma from Labor Lawyer

GENEVA, July 15.—Because Bruno Casinelli, who was not even sympathetic to the Communists, defended the 16 workers at the trial before the Special Tribunal in Rome on June 22, his diploma as a lawyer has been taken away from him.

The sentence of the court, which sent five of the defendants to serve terms of 21 years of hard labor each and the others to two to nine years of hard labor each, concludes with the following sentence:

"The Special Tribunal examined the conclusion of the lawyer Bruno Cassinelli, who 'requested the exclusion of Paragraph 3, Article 1, as in his opinion the continuity and the accumulation of a number of penal defenses from the same action is absurd.' The Special Tribunal considers this conclusion in the form in which it has been expressed as insulting to the dignity and the reputation of the court, orders that the objectionable expression be erased from the court records and decides to hand the matter over to the royal commission of the Lawyers' Chamber for such disciplinary action as the case demands."

Appeal Issued to Aid Chinese Trade Unions

An appeal to devote the last 2 weeks of July to meetings in aid of Chinese trade unions is issued by the Trade Union Educational League. The league states that the weekly wage of the best paid Chinese building worker is only $3 while common labor gets $1 to $1.50 a week, usually working 11 to 12 hours a day. Child labor is universal. Labor laws are unheard of. Both native and foreign imperialists are torturing and executing active labor men and women.

The American agitation is to be part of a world-wide labor protest.

Philadelphia Plans Relief Collections

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 15.—House to house collections will be held here on two Saturdays, July 21 and July 28, for the benefit of the striking mners throughout the country, in connection with National Miners' Relief Week. The volunteers will meet at 1 A. M. on these days at 4035 Girard Ave.; 2926 Gordon St.; 1331 North Franklin St.; the Kensington Labor Lyceum, 2nd and Cambria Sts. (entrance from rear); the Northwest corner of 8th and Ritter Sts., and at 1208 Tasker St.

Every worker in Philadelphia has been urged to do his bit in collecting funds for relief work among the striking miners.

BRITISH TOILERS' SLAVERY SHOWN BY BIG CONTRAST

Soviet Workers Are Privileged Class

(Continued from Page One)

scattered throughout the United States. The Woolworth chain extends to England where it employs girls at about $5.80 a week to pile up part of its enormous profits. Last year's profits of $35,350,473 represented a return of more than 1000% on the original investment of the owners.

Room rent absorbed more than half of Josephine's earnings. In fact after paying for the room and a morning cup of tea she had less than $2.70 a week left for food, clothing, carfare and the other necessaries of life. And her workplace is surrounded by gorgeous hotels, restaurants and shops purveying the most costly luxuries to the rich. The Daily Herald comments:

"Presumably Woolworth's will not miss her very much. There are so many other girls available. But is this firm, which is owned and controlled by an American millionaire, proud of the payment it made to Josephine?"

Worker's Widow Lauds U. R. S. R.

The tribute to Russia is from the pen of Mrs. James Morton, widow of an English worker who accepted Lady Astor's offer to pay the traveling expenses of any worker who would go to live in Russia. Mrs. Morton writes that she is receiving a pension from the Soviet Union of about $58 a month and continues:

"When you stop to think of what would have happened if we had remained in England during Jim's long illness, then I think I am fortunate in spite of all our misfortune. By this time in England we would all have been in the poorhouse. I can never tell you how kind they have been to us all the time during his illness. We had the best physicians, professors, hospital treatment and nurses. Nothing was spared to make it better for him and for the rest of us as well."

Young Militarists Honor Al Smith

With Wall St. directing his campaign, Al Smith can now turn his attention to proving himself as hundred per cent jingo as possible. Photo shows Al with a group of Boy Scouts just after he had been re-elected Chief Good Scout by the young fascist military organization. The Tammany sachem feels perfectly at home in a military uniform.

Holds Up Store As Manager Refuses Food

MILWAUKEE, July 15—A man in dirty overalls and minus a shave for many days realized that cash is necessary to live in the "land of the free," and that those unable to find work are "free" to starve.

Going into the Atlantic and Pacific store at 21 Wells street, a typical looking victim of American "prosperity" asked for something to eat. He was reminded that food is for sale, not to give away. The man left, but returned the following day and again asked for food The refusal was repeated more energetically than before. Finding pleas of no value, the man drew a revolver and forced the manager O. S. Wallace, into a corner, and then took $24 from the cash register

SIGN WRITERS ORGANIZE.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., (FP) July 15.—Sign writers have organized as a local of the painters brotherhood

Lewis Gang Circulates More False Reports

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

NANTICOKE, Pa., July 15.—Reports have been circulated that Local Union 900 of the Bliss colliery of the Glen Alden Coal Co., where a progressive leader won out in election against the reactionary officials headed by board member, John Kmetz, are protesting the recent elections because Joe Christian a well known fighting progressive, was elected as secretary of Local Union 900.

The reactionary officials are trying to discriminate against Christion because they claim that he attended the National Save the Union Conference held recently in Pittsburgh. This is only an excuse, it is known, because Christian was put up and defeated John Kmetz, the reactionary board member who is part of the Cappellini machine and who is president of Local 900.

BILLPOSTERS JOIN UNION.

HIBBING, Minn., (FP) July 15.—Billposters on the iron range are now enrolled in Local 99, Int. Assn. of Billposters & Billers.

NATIONAL CALL ISSUED FOR NEW TEXTILE UNION

Convention Here In September

Continued from Page One

opening the eyes of the mill workers to the need of a real national union that will try to organize the industry and its more than one million workers, it is pointed out.

Very few thousands of the 1,100,000 textile workers are organized at all, investigation shows. Even the organized workers are being led by a set of bureaucrats who act as the mill barons' effiicency aides, experiences of mill workers thruout the country reveals.

Reports from all over New England show that this is the opportune moment for the launching of a new union in the industry. The hundreds of new members obtained each week by the Fall River unit of the T. M. C. shows that the workers there are prepared to enter a struggle to win back the wage cut recently enforced by the bosses and the officialdom of the reactionary independent union there, the American Federation of Textile Operatives

Mill Committees Popular.

Not only has the firmly intrenched prestige of the T. M. C. in the New Bedford strike been one of the major causes for the growing popularity of the mill committees, but the very form of the organization has captured the imagination of the masses of mill workers. The idea of an industrial union that sets as its task the organization of the entire industry and not only the comparatively few skilled workers, is one of the chief factors explaining its rapid growth everywhere.

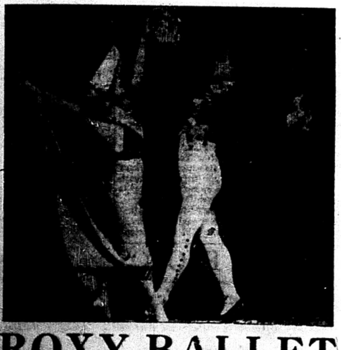
The official call, sent out to all the enumerated bodies of textile workers, is printed in full in another column of this issue.

Credentials sent along with the call are to be filled out and sent in to the Textile Mill Committee national offices here. The credentials officially state that its subject is a delegate to a convention whose purpose is the building of a new national union of textile workers.

Postponed Until Saturday Evening, July 21

Most Amazing Invention of the Twentieth Century!

PROFESSOR
THEREMIN
Produces Music from the Air



ROXY BALLET
Russian and Oriental Dances

Symphony Orchestra
ARNOLD VOLPE
Conductor

Saturday, July 21

TICKETS FOR SALE ALL DAY AT THE STADIUM
Admission: 75c; $1.00; $1.25 and $1.50

CONEY ISLAND STADIUM
Surf Avenue and West Sixth Street

EW DRAFT PROGRAM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

VI. The Strategy and Tactics of the Communist International. (The Road to the Dictatorship of the Proletariat.)

OCUMENT ANALYZES VARIOUS OUNTER REVOLUTIONARY FORCES OPERATING IN LABOR MOVEMENT

mphasizes the Need of Struggle Against Imperialist War

eaffirms That Communism Can Be Achieved Only By Revolution

The Programme Commission of the Executive Committee of the ommunist International is publishing a DRAFT PROGRAM.

The Commission thinks it its duty to declare that while the text f this draft is of course based on the same fundamental principles s those upon which the draft programme provisionally passed by he Fifth Congress of the Communist International was based, never- heless, it differs very considerably from that draft. The Program ommission felt that in view of the great changes that have taken lace in many important spheres of international life and particularly n the revolutionary movement since the Fifth Congress, it could ot confine itself to making merely editorial changes in the original raft. A change has taken place in the form of the general crisis of apitalism; a change has taken place in the relationships between arious groups of powers. Great events have taken place, like the reat revolution in China, which once again emphasized the signifi- ance of the agrarian-peasant question. Great progress has been ade in building up socialism in the Union of Socialist Soviet Re- ublics. The struggle between the aggressive capitalist world and he Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is becoming acute. Fascism growing and becoming transformed into the terrorist dictatorship f big capital. Social democracy has degenerated into Chauvinist mperialism. The lessons that have been learned by the Communist nternational in the fight against opposition tendencies and finally he growth of Communism, the fact that the movement has really ecome internationalized, the new tasks that confront the Communist nternational as a single organization—all this has inevitably made necessary considerably to alter and enlarge the former draft.

The general tendency of the changes that have been made is wards more concreteness and greater emphasis upon THE INTER- ATIONAL aspects both in the theoretical section as well as in the ctions dealing immediately with the struggles of the Communist arties.

Acting on the decision of the Executive Committee of the Com- unist International, the Programme Commission, in publishing this raft program, calls upon all comrades to express their opinion and riticism of it in articles, remarks and concrete suggestions. The ork done on the program has revealed how difficult it is to embrace a single document all the problems of the present-day world Com- unist movement. The question of the program will be one of the ntral questions at the Sixth Congress. It is essential that sufficient aterial be collected by the time the discussion of the question takes ace at the Congress. The Commission therefore invites all comrades join in the fruitful discussion of the program.

THE PROGRAMME COMMISSION OF THE
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE
COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

ommunism is a revolutionary ency in the labor movement and only representative of revolu- ary Marxism-Leninism; as such opposed to all other tenden- within the labor movement.

narchism, whose most prom- t representatives (Kropotkin, Grave, Kornelissen and others) cherously deserted to the side he imperialist bourgeoisie dur- the war of 1914-18, repudiates necessity for broad, centralized disciplined proletarian organiza- and by that leaves the prole- t helpless in the face of the rful organizations of capital. dvocating individual terror it ts the proletariat from meth- of mass organization and mass gle. By repudiating the dic- ship of the proletariat for the of abstract "liberty," an- ism deprives the proletariat of most important and sharpest on against the bourgeoisie— st its armies and against all rgans of repression. It is re- from any kind of mass move- in the important centers of the tarian struggle and is there- tending to become a sect, which, s tactics and its attitude, in- g its hostility to the dictator- of the working class in the U. R., is objectively joining the d front of the anti-revolution- forces.

evolutionary" syndicalism, many hose leaders (Arturo Labriola, aux and others) deserted to the of the "anti-parliamentary" er-revolutionaries of the fascist also repudiates the political gle (and particularly the par- ntary struggle) and the revo- ary dictatorship of the prole- t. It advocates craft decen- ation in the labor movement ally and in the trade union ment in particular. It repudi- the party of the proletariat, fails to understand the neces- for rebellion and exaggerates nportance of the general strike fold arms tactics"). As a re- whenever it has any influence ders the masses from becom- volutionary. Its attacks on J. S. S. R., which spring from pudiation of proletarian dicta- ip, place it in this respect in e category as the social dem-

nstructive socialism" (Mac- d & Co.) continues the liberal- thropic, anti-revolutionary and ois traditions of Fabianism Webbs, Bernard Shaw and oth- nd repudiates on principle the rship of the proletariat and methods" generally. It for "capturing power" parliament and declares the truggle to be a "pre-scien- oncept. "Constructive social- ocates a moderate program nalization with compensa- zation of land values, death nd the super-tax as means abolition of capitalism. It y hostile to the dictatorship of the proletariat in the U. S. S. R., and, therefore, in complete alliance with the bourgeoisie, is an active enemy of the proletarian Communist movement and of colonial revolutions.

So-called **guild socialism** (Penty Orage, Hobson, Cole) starts out with the demand for the abolition of the "wage system" as an "immoral" institution. The majority of the guild socialists are strong opponents of revolution. While ignoring the extremely important question of power, the majority of guild socialists strive to combine the workers on the basis of federated trade "guilds" and to convert this organization by peaceful means into an organization for the control and management of industry within the framework of the bourgeois state. Notwithstanding the imperialist nature of the bourgeois state, in their scheme, it occupies a place above classes as the representative of the interests of the "consumer." By simultaneously repudiating parliamentarian and direct action guild socialism reduces the working class to complete inaction and passvity. Thus, it represents a peculiar form of trade unionist, utopian, opportunism and as such cannot but play an anti-revolutionary role.

The **British Fabians** (Mr. and Mrs. Webb, Bernard Shaw and others) base their "socialism" on liberal philanthropic grounds. They are deliberately hostile to revolution and on principle are advocates of gradualness.

All these tendencies agree with **social democracy**—the principal enemy of proletarian revolution—on the fundamental question of policy—the question of the dictatorship of the proletariat. Hence, all of them more or less definitely fall in line with social democracy in their attacks upon the U. S. S. R. On the other hand, having utterly and completely betrayed Marxism, social democracy is coming more and more to rely upon the ideology of the Fabians and constructive and guild socialists. These tendencies are becoming converted to the official, liberal, reformist ideology of the bourgeois "socialism" of the Second International.

In the labor movement in colonial countries Communism encounters the influence of peculiar tendencies which, in certain phases of development, played a useful role, but which in the new stage of development are becoming a conservative force.

Sun Yat-Senism, as the ideology of petty bourgeois socialism, played a very great positive role in the first stage of the Chinese revolution. As a result of the class differentiation that has taken place in the country and the further development of the Chinese revolution, and because of its obscuring of the class struggle and its "democratic" and "above class" interpretation of socialism, Sun Yat-Senism has become transformed into a conservative force which retards the development of the revolution.

Tendencies like Ghandhism in India which are thoroughly saturated with religious notions, advocate passivity, repudiate the class struggle and in the process of development of the revolution is becoming transformed into an openly reactionary force, must be resolutely combated by Communism.

Communism differs from all these tendencies, and particularly from social democracy, in that, in complete harmony with the doctrines of Marx and Engels, it carries on a theoretical and practical struggle for the dictatorship of the proletariat.

The success of the struggle of the Communist International for the dictatorship of the proletariat presupposes the existence in every country of a compact, disciplined, centralized, Communist Party, hardened in the struggle and having close contacts with the masses.

The party is the vanguard of the working class and consists of the best, most class-conscious, active and courageous members of the working class. It is the embodiment of the combined experience of the whole proletarian struggle. Based on the revolutionary theory of Marxism and representing the general and lasting interests of the working class as a whole, the party personifies the unity of proletarian principles, of proletarian will and of proletarian revolutionary action. It is a revolutionary party, bound by iron discipline and a strict revolutionary system of democratic centralism, this is achieved as a result of the class-consciousness of the proletarian vanguard, its loyalty to the revolution, its ability to maintain inseparable contact with the masses of the proletariat and of correct political leadership, which is tested and clarified by the experience of the masses themselves.

Before it can fulfil the historical task of establishing the dictatorship of the proletariat, the Communist Party must first of all set itself and carry out the following strategical aims:

Spread its influence over the majority of the members of its own class, including working women and young workers; spread its influence over wide circles of the masses of the toilers generally (urban and rural poor, the lower strata of the intelligentsia and the so-called "small men," i. e., the petty bourgeois strata) and in this way establish the political hegemony of the proletariat, guided by the Communist Party. It must discredit, expose and destroy the political influence of social democracy and of the yellow trade union bureaucracy, who are the most reliable bulwark of capitalism. It must spread its influence over the broad mass proletarian organizations (trade unions, co-operative societies, factory councils, etc.).

Of special importance is the work —which must be carried on day in and day out, with the view to capturing the trade unions, which are the broadest mass proletarian organizations. Work must be carried on with ability even in the reactionary trade unions with the view to capturing them, and to secure a "change in the reformist leadership," for this, too, is one of the most important tasks of the preparatory period.

Of enormous significance also is the winning over of the broad strata of the poorest peasants and the neutralization of the middle strata of the peasantry. In the preparation of the class forces for the decisive clash, the fight between the proletariat and the bourgeoisie for the broad strata of the peasantry occupies an extremely important place. For that reason to work among the peasantry, to win over its most prominent (proletarian and semi-proletarian) strata as well as the small allotment holders and small peasants, to subordinate these to the political and intellectual hegemony of the proletariat and in this way convert the proletariat into the guardian of the interests of the whole people and the leader of the broad masses of the people in their struggle against the oppression of finance capital—is a necessary prerequisite for victorious Communist tactics on the road to power.

In determining its tactical line, the party must take into account the concrete internal and external situation, the relation of class forces, the degree of strength of capitalism, the degree of preparation of the proletariat, the attitude of the intermediary classes, etc. The party formulates its slogans and determines its methods of work in accordance with circumstances. In the growing revolutionary situation the party must advance transitional slogans and partial demands as determined by the concrete circumstances, but it must subordinate these demands and slogans to its revolutionary aim of seizing power and overthrowing bourgeois capitalist society. Isolation from the every-day needs and the every-day struggles of the working class and restricting the activities of the party to these every-day needs and struggles are alike impermissible. The task of the party is—starting out from these needs, to lead the working class into the revolutionary struggle for power.

When the revolutionary tide is flowing, when the dominant classes are disorganized, the masses are in a state of revolutionary ferment, the intermediary strata are inclining towards the proletariat and the masses are prepared for action and for sacrifice, the task of the party of the proletariat is to lead the masses into the direct attack upon the bourgeois state. This is to be achieved by propaganda in favor of all transitional slogans (Soviets, workers' control of industry, the slogan of peasant committees for the seizure of the landlords' land, etc.), and the organization of mass actions, to which all other branches of party work, agitation and propaganda, including parliamentary work, must be subordinated. This includes strikes, strikes combined with demonstrations, the combination of armed demonstrations and strikes and finally the general strike conjointly with the armed uprising against the political power of the bourgeoisie. This struggle must be subjected to the rules of military art; it must be conducted according to a plan of war and in the form of a military offensive. It calls for the devoted loyalty and heroism of the proletariat. Such actions must be preceded by the organization of the broad masses in military units, which, by their very form attract and set into action the maximum number of toilers (councils of workers' and peasants' deputies, soldiers' councils, etc.), and by intensified work in the army and the navy.

In fulfilling these tasks and in taking up new and more acute slogans, the party must be guided by the fundamental rule of the political tactics of Leninism which calls for the ability to lead the masses to the revolutionary positions in such a manner that the masses may be convinced by their own experience of the correctness of the Party's line.

Failure to observe this rule will inevitably result in the party becoming isolated from the masses, in putschism and the ideological degeneration of Communism into doctrinaire "Leftism" and petty bourgeois "ultra-Left" adventurism, adventurism, which must be combated no less strenuously than the right social democratic deviations in the Communist movement.

If the revolutionary tide is not flowing, the Communist Party, in accordance with the every-day needs of the toilers, must advance partial slogans and demands, develop them and link them up with the fundamental tasks of the Communist International. Refusal to advance partial demands and transitional slogans is incompatible with the tactical principles of Communism, for this dooms the party to inactivity and cuts it off from the masses. In this connection the tactics of the united front represent an important part of the tactics of the Communist Party throughout the pre-revolutionary period.

These partial demands and slogans include:

In the sphere of the **labor problem** in the narrow sense of the word,—the economic struggle (resistance to the offensive of trustified capital; wages; the working day; compulsory arbitration courts; unemployment) growing into problems of the general political struggle (big industrial conflicts; rights to strike; the political rights of the trade unions).

Then follow questions of an immediate political character (taxes; high cost of living; fascism; persecution of revolutionary parties, white terror; the policy of the government in power, etc.).

Finally, these problems must be linked up with problems of world politics: attitude towards the U. S. S. R.; Chinese revolution; fight for the unity of the international trade union movement; resistance to imperialism; combating the danger of war and systematic preparation for **combating imperialist war.**

The partial questions in the sphere **of the peasant problem are questions connected with taxation policy, indebtedness of the peasants through mortgages, combating usurer capital, the provision of land to poor peasants, questions of rent and the metayer system, etc., etc. Starting out from these partial needs, the Communist Party must accentuate the various slogans and generalize them into the slogan for the confiscation of the land of the big landowners, the slogan of the workers' and peasants' government, etc.**

It is equally necessary to carry on systematic work among the proletarian and peasant youth and among the working women and peasant women. This work must start out from the special conditions of their life and labor, and their demands must be linked up with the general demands and fighting slogans of the proletariat.

In the colonies and semi-colonies where the working class plays a trial conflicts; right to strike; the where the bourgeoisie has already crossed over to the camp of the avowed counter-revolution, or is crossing over because of the development of the mass proletarian and peasant movements, the Communist Party must steer a course for the hegemony of the proletariat, and for the dictatorship of the proletariat and peasantry, which will ultimately grow into the dictatorship of the working class. In such countries, the Communist Party must concentrate their efforts mainly upon creating broad mass proletarian organizations (trade unions) and revolutionary peasant unions, and upon drawing up demands and slogans directly affecting the working class. It must propagate the idea of the independence of the proletariat as a class which on principle is hostile to the bourgeoisie, a hostility which is not removed by the possibility of temporary agreements with it. It must imbue the masses with and develop among them the idea of the hegemony of the working class; advance and at the proper moment apply the slogan of Soviets of Workers' and Peasants' Deputies.

On the basis of the community of interest between the proletarian revolution and the struggle against imperialism in the colonies, the sections of the Communist International must be guided by the following postulates:

The Communist parties in the imperialist countries must render systematic aid to the revolutionary movements for liberation in the colonies. The obligation to render the most active support rests principally upon the workers in those countries upon which the oppressed nations are colonially or financially dependent (campaigns for the withdrawal of imperialist troops from the colonies; propaganda among the troops in favor of the oppressed countries fighting for their liberation, refusal to transport troops or war material; strike and other forms of mass protest). Propaganda must be carried on for the recognition of the right of colonies to separation and for such separation, i. e. to carry on propaganda for the independence of colonies from the imperialist states. Propaganda must be carried on for the recognition of the right of colonies to take up arms in defense against imperialism (i. e. the right to rebellion and revolutionary war), and propaganda must be carried on for active support to this defense by all possible means.

In the **Colonial and Semi-Colonial** Countries the Communist Parties must conduct a bold and consistent struggle against foreign imperialism and unfailingly carry on propaganda in favor of friendship and alliance with the proletariat in the imperialist countries. They must advance, carry on propaganda for and supply the slogan of agrarian revolution, rouse the broad masses of the peasantry to the fight for the overthrow of the oppression of the landlords and lead the struggle against the reactionary and medieval influences of the priests, missionaries and similar elements. At the same time, the workers and the peasants must be organized in independent organizations and liberated from the influence of the national bourgeoisie. Temporary agreements with the latter may be made only insofar as they will not hamper the revolutionary organization of the workers and peasants and are genuinely fighting against imperialism.

While organizing revolution against imperialism under the banner of proletarian dictatorship in so-called "civilized states," the Communist International supports every movement against imperialist violence, not only in the colonies but also in formally independent countries (for example in Latin America). It conducts propaganda against all forms of chauvinism and imperialist ill-treatment of great and small and enslaved races (attitude towards Negroes, "yellow labor," etc.) and supports the latter's struggle against the bourgeoisie in the oppressing nation. The Communist International conducts a particularly strenuous struggle against chauvinism in the imperialist countries having national minorities, a chauvinism which is preached both by the imperialist bourgeoisie as well as by its social democratic agency, the Second International. It contrasts the conduct of the imperialist bourgeoisie with the conduct of the Soviet Union, which has created fraternal relationships between various nationalities.

The Communist International must devote special attention to systematic preparation for the struggle against the danger of imperialist war. The Communist Parties must ruthlessly expose social chauvinism, social imperialism and pacifist phrasemongering, which serve to screen the imperialist plans of the bourgeoisie. They must carry on propaganda in favor of the principal slogans of the Communist International, and carry on every-day organizational work in this direction, unfailingly combining legal and illegal methods of work. The following should be the principal slogans of the Communist International: Convert the imperialist war into civil war; defeat of the "home" imperialist government; defense of the U. S. S. R. and colonial countries in the event of an imperialist war against them by all possible means. To carry on propaganda in favor of these slogans, to expose "socialist" sophisms and the "socialistic" screening of the League of Nations, and to constantly recall the experience of the war of 1914 is the unfailing duty of all the sections and of every member of the Communist International.

In order that revolutionary work and action may be properly led and coordinated the international proletariat must maintain international class discipline which must be preserved above all in the ranks of the Communist Party. This international Communist discipline must be expressed in the subordination of the partial and local interests of the movement to its general and lasting interests and the unfailing execution of all the decisions of the leading organs of the Communist International.

Unlike the social democratic parties affiliated to the second international which accept the discipline of "their own" national bourgeoisie and their "fatherland," the sections of the Communist International recognize only one discipline—international proletarian discipline, which guarantees victory in the struggle of the workers of all countries for world proletarian dictatorship.

Communists do not think it necessary to conceal their views and intentions. They openly declare that their goal can be achieved only by the violent overthrow of the whole of the present social system.

Let the dominant classes tremble before the Communist Revolution! The proletariat has nothing to lose but its chains! It has the whole world to gain! Workers of all countries unite!

Program Commission of the E.C.C.I.
(THE END.)

PRISON TERROR IN BULGARIA

Militant Editor Put In Jail

SOFIA, July 15.—The situation in the Bulgarian prisons grows worse every day.

The unfortunate ones who have been put in chains in the central prison of Sofia, because they decorated their button-holes with red ribbon on the first of May, are in a lamentable situation.

One of them, Nicolas Ilief, is dead. Another, Theodore Petkof, had to be transferred to the hospital.

The journalist, Draganof, editor-in-chief of "Novini" has been put in chains because he placed two red roses on the walls of his cell. The journalist, D. Andonof, mistreated by the wardens, is now on a hunger strike.

The food is abominable. The situation in other prisons is still worse.

HORTHY FASCISTS SERVE AS SCABS

VIENNA, July 15. — Organized strikebreaking is part of the reactionary tactics of Hungarian fascists, according to the Committee Against the White Terror in the Balkans.

In Budapest during a recent wood workers' strike for higher wages, organized fascist bands served as scabs, and conducted provocative street demonstrations against the strikers, the committee asserts. Although all public demonstrations are strictly forbidden by the reactionary Horthy government, the fascists were supported by the police when, unprovoked, they attacked and severely beat strikers in the streets. Later the victimized laborites were prosecuted for "rioting," and their assailants were allowed to appear as witnesses against them.

BOSTON, (FP).—Employers here have given in to demands of 1,600 union bricklayers for a 10-cent advance to $1.50.

Increase Australian Lumber Mens' Hours

MELBOURNE, July 15.—At a largely-attended meeting of members of the Victorian Branch of the Australian Timber Workers' Union held at Melbourne, it was stated that serious industrial trouble was threatening owing to Judge Lukin in the Federal Arbitration Court, interpreting the Timber Workers' Award as meaning to provide a 48-hour working week in the industry.

Various speakers pointed out that members of the Union had been working a 44-hour week since 1921 when the original award was made. In some mills the employees had been informed they must work 48 hours weekly, and there was a grave danger that this would lead to a stoppage of work.

HELD FOR WHITE-SLAVERY.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 15.—Walter Cherry, alias Charles Brown, 29 who declares he is a Baltimore tailor was under arrest here today on white-slavery charges preferred by one of the three women he brought to Chicago for alleged immoral purposes.

Radical Periodicals Wanted for Research By Lenin Institute

The Lenin Institute in Moscow having for one of its tasks the research into the history of the radical labor movement in America, is collecting the literature of the Communist, Socialist and I. W. W. labor movements issued during the last imperialist world war, as well as after the organization of the Communist International and further up to date.

All comrades possessing complete sets of newspapers, magazines, and other periodicals as well as books pamphlets and leaflets relating to the above period are requested to get in touch with Dr. M. Mislig 37-43 West 93rd St.

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26 NOW DEAD OF POISONED MILK

4 More Die in Lee of Disease; 200 Ill

LEE, Mass., July 15.—Four more were added yesterday to the list of those who have died here from septic sore throat poisoning, brought on by a poisoned milk supply. This brings the total number of deaths here since the epidemic started to 26. Among those who died today was George Palmer, 16, one of the few young persons who has been a victim of the disease. Most of those who have been fatally stricken have been over 60 years of age.

Health authorities today estimated that the number of cases still existent was 200. Altogether there have been approximately 700 cases since the epidemic started two weeks ago.

The city board of health met today and decided upon a two week's quarantine for all those still suffering from the disease. Other quarantine measures were still in effect

---

English Power Trust To Dominate Country

LONDON, July 15.—A program for tremendous trustification of electric supplying power is being planned for Great Britain and Ireland. The plan intends to harness all available water power, demolish unnecessary plants, and concentrate the whole industry into a circle of 100 power producing plants.

This state-owned industry is expected to bring in tremendous profits and save millions for the British government.

HUNGER STRIKE IN POLISH JAIL

Political Prisoners In Protest

WARSAW, July 15.—Since June 16th the political prisoners detained at the jail of Low have been on a hunger strike to protest against the new rules of the prison administration, which aggravate the already unbearable conditions.

The protestants make the following demands:

1.—Hastening of their trial.
2.—Papers every day.
3.—A bath once a week.
4.—A walk of two hours every day. (At present they are permitted a half hour.)
5.—Proper blankets. (Without vermin.)

The demands of the political prisoners bear witness to the lot that hundreds of political prisoners in Poland must suffer.

CHILDREN MUST BOW TO FASCISM

GENEVA, July 15.—According to dispatches from Rovigo, Italy, the school board has ordered the children to wear the sign of fascism, the lictor bundles, on the breast or on the arm. Children of the primary schools have already for some time had to wear the black shirt, and at the beginning and the end of sessions were forced to pledge allegiance to Mussolini.

A demonstration in Roviga, participated in by the school children and their parents, protested the new order but with the result that Piola, a worker, was arrested and deported for three years.

Political Prisoners In Rumanian Hell-Holes

GENEVA, July 15.—From Jilava, Rumania, come new reports of the unbearable position of political prisoners. Boris Stefanov is held in solitary confinement.

All prisoners are kept in underground single cells and are only allowed one hour in the open air. They can hold no communications with the outside. Every request is forbidden. All newspapers are denied them. The lawyer of Stefanov could only come to Jilava after he had protested strongly to the cabinet.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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"Socialist" Denies He Provoked Reading Knitters' Strike, Mill Correspondent Say

HANdOuTS

Bob Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER was dragged from the top of an automobile and slugged by half dozen Tammany cops. This was because he wasn't selling five pairs of socks for a dollar, demonstrating a bamboo fountain pen or boosting Al Smith for president.

* * *

The walking fish brought to this country from Siam by Dr. Hugh M. Smith have caused comment. They wouldn't surprise anybody who had ever attended a socialist party convention.

* * *

"No! No!" She Cries

The pretty girl shown above is none other than Mrs. Leah Cobb Marion whose slender fingers weave about the money bags of the Women's Christian Temperance Union. She has helped spread the belief that the reason the millionaire is rich is because he is industrious, and the reason the worker is poor is because he stops once in a while for a drink of beer. As a matter of fact, the average American millionaire can consume more liquor in a year than a locomotive can water. How can a worker get rich if a thief enters his room every night and takes everything he has? This is what the capitalist does, only he robs the worker before he pays him. The prohibition issue is drummed up in the capitalist press to keep workers' minds off the main issue: they produce everything and have nothing.

* * *

A traveling salesman has been unearthed in Lexington, Ky., who can't remember a thing he's done in the past two years. Some of the farmers he visited will remember though for two years to come.

* * *

They Spend For Us

This is a view of a large gathering of cripples at the Belmont race track. They are society folk, crippled in the brain. Their minds work like a one lung motor that hasn't been used for fifty years. You don't have to be very smart to say, "Mother, dear, are you sure Dandelion will win?" and then throw away $50 of money stolen from workers in a fixed race on a horse you don't know ever ran all way around a race track. What society people exercise is not their brains. Its what they eat with and sit on. When a worker wonders why he works so long and gets so little he should look at this picture and remember that this is only part of the crowd he has to support. Where society folks look best is where they have to think least, for instance, dealing out sugar wafers at a tea party. In any organized society they would be dealing out fertilizer in the farming sections.

* * *

Gems of Learning

Primo de Rivera, dictator of Spain—". . .we have no intention of modifying our fundamental system, which has served so well during our first lustrum. . ." Served whom? One guess.

Senator Underwood—"I have read the newspaper accounts of the Houston convention with meticulous care and I listened over the radio to the entire sessions of the convention." He must have bought asperin for a week.

Edward M. Bemis, in testimony before the Public Service Commission—"If there is to be any service charge whether it be open or concealed it certainly should not exceed what could be easily explained to the majority of the gas users." By high-priced gas company ex-[illegible].

MASS PICKETING NOT ALLOWED BY PRESENT LEADER

Refuse to Call Out All Non-Equl Men

(By a Worker Correspondent)

READING, Pa., (By Mail).—A strike of twenty full-fashioned knitters is taking place in the plant of the Non-Equl Textile Mills, Inc. here.

It is significant that Earl White of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, disclaims responsibility for "provoking" the walkout. This is very likely correct, since his organization has failed to organize any appreciable number of the many full-fashioned knitters employed in Reading plants to say nothing of the other hosiery workers, such as seamless knitters loopers, toppers, etc. The latter classifications of workers are wholly unorganized and there are thousands of them in Reading and vicinity, most of whom are young workers. Nothing is said about calling out and organizing the Non-Equl workers other than full-fashioned knitters.

"Socialists" Betray.

Furthermore, Earl White, in common with the Reading "socialist" trade union officialdom and reactionary misleaders of labor generally, is opposed to struggle with the bosses, advocating instead boss-worker cooperation and appealing to employers to favor unionism as a step profitable to themselves. It is very unlikely, in view of these facts that he would like to "embarrass" the employers by initiating a strike However, when unorganized knitters "walk out" spontaneously in protest against the two-machine system, White's union is quick to take charge—in order to control the strike, limit its extent and prevent "rough stuff" which the "socialist" mayor, J. Henry Stump, in the case of a recent carpenters' strike, said he would not tolerate.

Must Be Militant.

Reading workers may be sure that in conformity with the policies of the present strike leadership, the workers in the Non-Equl plant other than full-fashioned knitters, will not be called out on strike nor will they be invited to join the knitters' union. All day mass picketing will not be had. Unless militant policies are put into effect, and it is certain that White and his fellow class-collaborationist "leaders" will not adopt them, the strike of the twenty knitters will surely result in a crushing defeat. Non-Equl and other hosiery workers as well, if they hope to win their fight, must put forward their own rank and file leadership, organize all the workers in the plant solidly, allow no one to remain in the shops to scab and to make the strike effective by all day mass picketing. —A KNITTER.

WOLL, HOOVER STAGE POWOW

WASHINGTON, July 15 (FP).—Matthew Woll, vice president of the American Federation of Labor and acting president of the National Civic Federation, called on the republican presidential nominee just before Hoover started West. Woll is known as the member of the executive council of the A. F. of L. who is nearest to sympathy with Hoover. He is supposed to have carried a message from William Green.

W. N. Doak, legislative representative of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and a close friend of Bascom Slemp, former secretary to Coolidge, and non-union coal operator, has likewise had a talk with the G. O. P. nominee. Doak is looked up as Hoover's adviser on "labor" strategy.

RED AID SCORES GREEK FASCISM

BERLIN, July 15.—The Red Aid of Germany has sent the following telegram on the situation in Greece to the embassy in Berlin:

"In the name of 500,000 members we protest strongly against the murder and imprisonment of striking workers by the Greek government. We demand a general strike and condemn in the sharpest manner the treatment of the masses by the police and courts.

"THE RED AID OF GERMANY."

Protest Treatment of Palestine Prisoners

BEIROUT, July 15.—Because of barbaric treatment of political prisoners and of the decision by the government that ten of these political prisoners be deported from the country, numerous mass meetings were held all over the country where protest resolutions were adopted against whipping of political prisoners. Palestine labor is determined to erase such outrages from Palestinian judicial and criminal procedure.

Huge Sums Spent for "Amateur" Sports Meet

The Olympic sports meet, which will be held in Amsterdam this year, will involve the expenditure of thousands of dollars, all in the name of "amateur" sports. Hundreds of athletes, who are professionals in everything but name, from every European country except the Soviet Union, will vie for honors at this huge sports spectacle. Photo shows a group of American athletes just before sailing for Europe.

CONTRIBUTIONS

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St. Nuc. 23, Chicago, Ill.	10.00
Harlem Progressive Youth Club, N. Y. C.	10.00
St. Nuc. 11, Detroiet, Mich.	20.00
S. Tantgalian, Detroit, Mich.	3.00
W. Nussbaum, Detroit, Mich.	5.00
W. Miller, Detroit, Mich.	1.00
A. Kamanur, Detroit, Mich.	1.00
S. Rubinowitz, Beaufort, S. C.	3.00
E. J. Beggs, Portsmouth, Va.	4.00
Ukranian Frac., Hudson, N. Y.	8.00
Dr. O. O. Juroa, Duluth, Minn.	1.00
Dr. J. R. Juroa, Duluth, Minn.	1.00
J. Lambert, Maplewood, N. J.	5.00
E. Weihuell, Boston, Mass.	1.50
Council 8, United Council of Workingclass Women, NYC.	3.85
Unit 2F, SS 3D, N. Y. C.	2.50
SS 3C 1F, N. Y. C.	5.00
F. Theme, N. Y. C.	5.00
Int. Br. Night Workers, N. Y. C.	6.00
Finnish Wks., Club, Ashtahula, Ohio	4.83
FD 4, SS 2A, N. Y. C.	1.00
B. Lichtman, Bronx, N. Y.	1.00
6F 3D, N. Y. C.	1.50
Sec. 1 5F, N. Y. C.	2.00
A. Walenchuk, Wingdale, N. Y.	3.00
B. Goldberg, Wingdale, N. Y.	3.00
J. Sklar, Wingdale, N. Y.	2.00
A. Walters, Wingdale, N. Y.	3.00
A. Horowitz, Wingdale, N. Y.	3.00
Workers and Sympathizers, Denver, Colo.	17.50
C. Hagapian, Providence, R. I.	14.00
Sec. 1 6F, N. Y. C.	5.25
Sec. 1 7F, N. Y. C.	5.50
Local, Plentywood, Mont.	25.00
A. Sahagian, Racine, Wis.	1.00
Stores Division Employes of the United Workers' Co-operative Ass'n., Bronx, N. Y.	5.00
S. Ollich, Weirton, W. Va.	1.00
M. Yorich, Weirton, W. Va.	3.00
P. Harvat, Weirton, W. Va.	5.00
P. Vidorich, Weirton, W. Va.	2.00
W. Popovich, Weirton, W. Va.	3.00
No Name, Weirton, W. Va.	1.00
N. Knerivich, Weirton, W. Va.	1.00
M. Tier, New York City	.25
R. Silver, New York City	.25
N. Plecher, New York City	.50
M. Sickich, New York City	1.00
I. Obradovich, New York City	1.00
J. Grieber, Chelsea, Mass.	7.50
Independent Workers' Circle Br. 1, Boston, Mass.	4.10
J. Spellman, Roxbury, Mass.	1.00
Sec. 2, Unit 2, Boston, Mass.	.70
Peter Yezerinac	.50
Mrs. Lehto	.50
Wm. Kuosman	.25
H. Karjalainen	.25
Minnie Senitta	.25
Jack E. Maki	.25
Mrs. C. Swanson	.25
A. Niemi	.10
Anna Soderholm	.10
V. Pattiniemi	.25
M. Butorac and I Gasperac, Ironton, Minn.	12.00
E. Carnale, New York	2.00
G. Vlasov, Milwaukee	1.00
L. Anamek, Milwaukee	1.00
Branch 5, Sec. 5, Bronx N. Y.	1.00
Branch 3, Sec. 5, Bronx, N. Y.	4.00
Section 1, 4F, New York	4.45
Section 1, 9F, New York	1.00
Sec. 1, 8F, New York	2.00
Section 1, Int. Br. 1, New York	15.50
3C-1F, New York	12.50
3E-1F, New York	3.00
F D 4, 2B, New York	3.00
Br. 2, Sec. 5, Bronx, N. Y.	102.00

WORKERS SCORE FASCIST TERROR

N. Y. Police Break Up Demonstration

Police Saturday broke up a demonstration of 300 workers before the Italian Consulate, 20 E. 22nd St., who protested against the fascist terror and demanded the release of all class-war prisoners in Italy. The demonstrated was arranged by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway.

Gathering in front of the consulate shortly after 1 o'clock, the workers marched up and down holding high their placards. Some of the slogans read: "Wall St. Supports Fascism—Fascism Murders Workers—Fight Fascism"; "We Demand Freedom for 6,000 Workers in Fascist Jails"; "Mussolini, Mass Murderer!" "Down with Fascism! Long Live Workers' Solidarity!" "We Demand the Right of Legalized Existence for All Political Parties"; and "To Fight Fascism in America Join the International Labor Defense."

Police Threaten Workers.

The demonstration had been in progress for about 10 minutes when a policeman appeared on the scene and began threatening the workers. He took Leon Litwin, who was leading the demonstration, out of line and tried to disperse the others. Finding that the workers were not intimidated by his threats and abuse, the policeman went into the consulate and phoned for reserves. A sergeant, five patrolmen and five detectives soon arrived on the scene and began tearing up and confiscating the placards. Workers were pushed around and threatened, but the majority, defying the police, continued to walk in front of the consulate.

While the demonstration was in progress, Rose Baron, secretary of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, and Joseph Magliacano, one of the demonstrators, went up into the consulate, and in the absence of Consul General Grazzi, delivered to one of his attaches a letter voicing the protest of the workers of America against the fascist terror and demanding that this protest be forwarded to Mussolini.

45-Minute Demonstration

The demonstration lasted for about 45 minutes, the police continuing to threaten and manhandle workers. Having accomplished all that they could, the demonstrators finally dispersed.

One of the policemen turned to the attache of the Italian consulate. "Are you satisfied?" he asked. The attache smiled contentedly.

SPORTS COLUMN FOR THE 'DAILY'

Will Start Tomorrow; to Appear Daily

Tomorrow the new sports department of The DAILY WORKER begins. It will be published daily thereafter. By means of a special international news service it will be possible to print the latest news of both labor and capitalist sports in every part of the world, including the Soviet Union.

This new department is being started in response to many requests from workers in various parts of the country. It is only one of the many news features that are contemplated in the bigger and better DAILY WORKER. Labor sports, which are still in their infancy in this country, will of course be given as much space as possible. For this the cooperation of all labor sports organizations is necessary. Organizations located in New York or vicinity should phone in the results of games as soon as they are over. Communications telling of sports activities are welcome and should be addressed to the Sports Editor, DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

Tell your friends and shop-mates of this new department. Sports fans have now no reason to read the capitalist press which ignores labor sports entirely. Keep in touch with the world of sports by reading The DAILY WORKER every day.

Circus Performer Hurt, Not Expected to Live

CHICAGO, July 15 (UP).—Two of her front teeth pulled out as Mrs. Bessie B. Gunn, circus performer, swung high above a crowd at a circus here, and Mrs. Gunn plunged to the ground. She is not expected to live.

Mrs. Gunn, advertised by the Robinson Circus as "the woman with the iron jaw," was spinning her body as she swung above the crowd clinging solely by her teeth.

Two teeth suddenly loosened and broke off and she plunged to the ground. At the St. Joseph's Hospital in Elgin it was found she suffered four fractures of the spine, her right arm fractured and four ribs broken.

CHURCH WITHOUT "LAMBS"

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—Without a single member the Faith Presbyterian Chapel was opened today at Siüty-second St. and Lindbergh Boulevard. Clergymen delegates from West Philadelphia will act as a nucleus to get members.

CARPENTERS IN PENNSYLVANIA GET 90 CENTS

Corrupt Officials Are Ruining Union

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHESTER, Pa., (By Mail).—The carpenters of Delaware and Montgomery counties are entering a stage nearing a crisis.

According to a report rendered by the secretary-treasurer of Delaware county, conditions are reaching a stage which will be worse than 1881.

Fake Unionists.

The business agent reports the loss of a very prominent contractor Five jobs have been called and one of the jobs is already manned by non-union men. He went to the contractor and tried to persuade him to hire union men but he refused to have anything to do with them as he could get all the men he wanted at 90c to $1.00 per hour The present rate in this district is $1.25 per hour.

The jobs were called after several men were fired and disclosed the fact that the union men had been scabbing for some time, working at 90 cents an hour.

My God! where are we drifting to? We can't trust our own men.

The officials charge the men as being responsible for the conditions here. If they would only stick out and not work.

The men say the officials have played favorites and have sat still and have not tried to keep the union contractor in line.

Must Picket.

A single picket was placed on the job in Sharon Hill and was paid $35.00 for his services. The picket reports that there is no use to stay any longer as he came very near being arrested. No one has talked of a mass picket as no one seems to think enough of the job.

Several of these jobs are public school jobs and the business agent thinks the same ruling should apply to "boroughs as applies to cities," for example—contracts of this kind should be and must be awarded to union men at the prevailing rate of wage. —S.

Swedish Paper Men Demand Cut

STOCKHOLM, July 15. — The cellulose and paper industry employers have denounced the wage agreement and demanded a reduction of the maximum wages, which will affect about 3,000 of the 12,000 workers of the industry. It was found impossible to reach an agreement, the employers, therefore, proclaimed a lockout, which came into operation on January 2 and was later extended to the saw-mills and further into the paper industry, so that it now comprises about 12,000 members of the Saw-mill-Workers' Union and some 27,000 members of the Paper Industry Workers' Union. Besides wage cuts, the employers are trying to make changes for the worse in the general conditions, such as the holiday pay, medical attendance, overtime allowances, payment of repairs and the right of the Union to safeguard the interests of workers under age and older workers.

Australia Miners to Fight Wage Reduction

SYDNEY, July 15.—Aggregate meetings of mining employees were held at various centres throughout the Newcastle and Maitland coal fields on Sunday to protest against wage reductions and alterations in working conditions proposed by the mine owners.

Various speakers pointed out that a reduction in wages or any increase in working hours would not remedy the present slackness in the industry. The demand for coal had eased because of the increasing use of oil as fuel, mass production of electricity, and the development of coal resources in other countries Even if the miners worked for nothing there would be no greater demand for coal.

Musicians Raise Million Dollar Fund to Fight Foes' Attacks

ONE of the foremost and most strongly organized unions, the American Federation of Musicians, has decided to raise no less than a million dollars for a defense fund.

The defense fund will be raised by assessment which was voted at the union's recent convention at Louisville. The amount may even run over $1,000,000 and perhaps reach $1,500,000.

According to an interview with Joseph A. Weber, president of the federation, the fund will be set aside and used only to "fight any attempts of employers to lower the present standard of wages or working conditions."

Also, it applies only to the members of the union who are employed in theatres, since it is from the big theatre chains that the only real danger of an onslaught on union conditions exists. The theatre musicians, who form about one-sixth of the federation's membership, will pay the assessment of 2 per cent of their wages, the other members not being assessed. Similarly, the fund is to be used only in theatre strikes or lockouts.

The defense fund was voted upon and approved unanimously at the convention. A circular letter, sent out to the membership of some 15,000, explained the purpose of the defense fund and reads as follows:

"The theatrical field is now controlled to the tune of at least 80 per cent by corporations, and such control grows by leaps and bounds, so that it can be easily seen that same will soon reach 100 per cent. Several of these corporations now control hundreds of theatres in as many cities. A corporation is in a position to stage an indefinite fight or prolonged controversy with a local or several of them, accepting the loss caused as a matter of course, having same carried by all the other numerous theatres under its control.

Union Must Be Prepared

"Local or locals involved in such a prolonged controversy is or are not in such a favorable position, and as there is the possibility that the Federation may be forced to involve additional locals, the danger always exists that many hundreds of thousands of members may be called on strike. Therefore, it is imperative that the federation find itself able to pay indefinite strike benefits and to assume the same position as does the corporation by simply considering the strike benefits paid as a loss borne by the local unions.

"In connection with this matter, I call your attention to the fact that the open shop organizations appear to be paying particular attention to the musicians and stage hands. They advise our employers that we are arbitrary organizations and invite them to cut loose from our domination and despotism and are ready to assist theatrical managers financially or otherwise without stint if these managers will prolong a controversy with either our locals or those of the stage hands to such extent as to practically destroy the further value of same to their members."

Miner's Wife Goes On Hunger Strike

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

POTTSVILLE, Pa., July 15.—Mrs. Chas. Burilla, wife of one of the three miners entombed in the Lyttle colliery at Lyttle near Pottsville, has gone on a hunger strike and has not eaten since the accident occurred. The rescue workers have about 400 tons of debris to clear away before it is possible to reach the miners who have been under the pile of rock and coal. Hope has been abandoned for them. A second fall of rock and coal has prevented finding the unfortunate miners who are the victims of the greed of the coal operators.

JACK DONAHUE

Principal comedian in "Rosalie," the musical show now running its merry way at the New Amsterdam Theatre.

KELLOGG STAGES "PEACE" FARCE

Peru, Chile Dictators Lend Hand

WASHINGTON, July 15 (FP).—Press photographers took flashlight pictures of Secretary Kellogg, seated between the Peruvian and Chilean ambassadors, in the state department reception room, July 13, after Kellogg made public the formal letters whereby they announced that their governments had decided to resume diplomatic relations with each other. Chile and Peru have had no direct diplomatic relations in the past 17 years.

Back of this stage-setting is the fact that the Peruvian dictator Leguia, and the Chilean dictator Ibanez, began informal discussions through their diplomats at the Havana conference last January When these talks had reached the point where it was clear that they would resume formal relations Kellogg came in with a formal letter to both, urging them to make up their quarrel. And as each dictator wanted to reduce the interest rate on his future borrowings in Wall Street, and as Kellogg wanted to slip out of his bad position as arbitrator in their Tacna-Arica boundary dispute, they decided to let him play peace-maker

One consequence of this stage-play is that Chile will be able to suppress the report on the Chileans' violent interference with his proposed plebiscite in Tacna-Arica Chile remains in possession of that region.

PRINTERS GET NEW SCALE.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., (FP) July 15.—The new scale for printers in Oklahoma City newspaper offices is $48 a wek for day shift, $51

150,000 EXTRA BALLOTS SHOW CORRUPTIO

Those Vare Majoriti Not Surprising Nov

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., (By Ma —The "election" methods in vo in this great citadel of 100 per c Americanism were brought vividly at the investigation be conducted before U. S. Sena Chas. A. Waterman, of Colora who is here taking testimony for senate committee on privilege elections in the Wilson-Vare sen contest.

Wilson, who ran on the de cratic ticket, charges that the el tion was stolen by the Vare publican organization for th leader, Wm. S. Vare.

Huge Ballot Steal.

It was admitted by County C missioner Harry Kuenzel, and Maurice A. Roesch, superintend of the commission's bureau of e tions, that after official ballots printed to cover every name on assessment lists, an extra 150, copies of the official ballots are off on the presses.

What becomes of this huge n ber of extra ballots? The cou commissioners attempted to pr that they were finally destro However, the investigators, the vestigators' attorney and the a ence were not convinced.

One thing is certain, neverthel Unusually huge majorities rolled up by the Vare machine every election day. Majorities, huge, the thinking public won at it. And now comes the rev tion that 150,000 extra ballots printed.

"Corrupt and Contented."

Of course they may not be u But then, oh! well, this is a de racy and democratic practises vail and even that great sage of republican party, Elihu Root, c acterized Philadelphia as "cor and contented." So the bright at the head of the class will pl come forward and explain why 1 000 extra ballots are printed what is done with them each e tion day. —C. RABI

Chicago Plans Banqu For Active Worker

CHICAGO, Ill., July 15.—A quet has been arranged here for workers who helped in making July 4 picnic a success. An inte ing program has been comple planned, and the hall at 2021 V Division St. has been enlarged will be decorated especially for occasion.

Workers who wish to attend been asked to make their rese tions beforehand, because onl limited number of tickets to banquet will be sold.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St. W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves 8:30 Mats. Wed & Sat
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Isl
May Wirth, Phil & Fam in BIG FREE CIRCU
BATTLE OF CHATEAU-THIER
Luna's Great Swimming
50 Acres of Real Fu

Winter Garden Evs. 8:30, Ma Tues. & Sa
Greenwich Village Folli
GREATEST OF ALL REVUE

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'
Wis. 17
Premiere Revival Showing
"STARK LOV
also Robert Flaherty's "MOANA"
"The Birth of Films," Charlie C lin's first screen test

The Vege Inn-Tarry
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

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PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTIZERS

Do not forget at all times to mention that you are a reader of The DAILY WORKER. Fill out this coupon stating where you buy your clothes, furnishings, etc.

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Your name ....
Address ....

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10 Days
MOSCOW—LENINGRAD
Free Visés
(Extensions Arranged for to Visit Any Part of U. S. S. R.)
TOURS TO SOVIET RUSSIA
COMPLETE TOUR
$450.
AND UP
SAILINGS:
S. S. "ROTTERDAM" — Aug. 4
S. S. "PARIS" — — — — Aug. 10
Via: LONDON — COPENHAGEN — HELSINGFORS
Return: WARSAW — BERLIN — PARIS
World Tourists, Inc.
69 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK CITY
Telephone: ALGONQUIN 6900.

BERS OUT ON IERAL STRIKE PHILADELPHIA

to Organize All Progressives

ADELPHIA, Pa., July 15.—ymen barbers all over the ere have gone on strike an attempt on the part of sses to cut their wages and their working conditions to -war level.

y of the patrons at the vari- rber shops, upon learning of trike, left the barber chairs ather on their faces, partly . Girls refused to permit to bob their hair. Today many are patrolling in front of ds of shops throughout the

orkers Present Demands.

e of the demands presented by triking workers are that all rs should be hired through the ; that journeymen barbers be $35 per week and 50 per cent ission for over $50 taken in ve days; that one day off a be allowed them. In the cen- f the city, where the shops are t, the workers demand $32 per and 50 per cent commission over $47; $6 per day and 50 cent commission for over $8 ing helpers, working between d 8 p. m. shall be paid $3 and r cent for $5. Other demands that Saturday's pay shall be and 50 per cent for $16, and barber shops shall be opened a. m. and closed at 8 p. m. In center of the city ten hours shall titute a day's work.

t a conference held here with bosses, the latter refused to ognize the demands of the work- and were willing to "concede" ditions and pay much lower than se demanded by the striking rkers.

Officials Betray Workers.

According to latest reports, the ikers are showing fine spirit and confident that their power will rce the bosses to grant their de- ands. Active rank and file mem rs of the union, however, are dis- tisfied with the actions of the of- ials of the union. It is pointed t that union officials, in nego- ating with the employers, gave up e demands for increases in wages ereby placing the union in a de- nsive position. The employers took vantage of this and imposed a ge-cut on the workers.

The militants among the rank and e are preparing to organize the ogressive workers with the pur- se of preventing further compro- ise of their demands.

IVE OUT "DAILY" T BELLAS PLANT

Threats of the manager of the llas Hess Suit and Cloak Co., on h Street, that he would call the lice failed yesterday to break up distribution of hundreds of copies The DAILY WORKER in front the shop or prevent the workers m accepting the paper.

Alarmed by the eagerness with ich the workers accepted the per, the manager appeared shortly er distribution began and threat- ed to call the police.

By the time a policeman arrived wever, all the papers were gone d the baffled officer was finally rced to give up.

ew Bedford Strikers Vill Get Proceeds of Massachusetts Picnic

BOSTON, Mass., July 15. — The rkers of Brockton will join the rkers of Boston, Worcester, Rox- ry, Chelsea and Springfield in the w England excursion to Camp kgedaiget. The busses will leave ockton Labor Lyceum at 10 a. m. Sunday, July 15.

For the first time the Children's ike Chorus of New Bedford will rform in public. These children ve organized their chorus since strike began and are singing as ll as fighting by the side of their ents on the picket lines every y. They have learned all the rea' olutionary songs and by singing m help to keep up the spirit of strikers.

In addition there will be a per- mance by textile strikers, who, addition to leading strike activity ve organized a real workers' band t is cheering up the adult work- s.

The busses will leave the follow- stations at 10 a. m. Sunday ing: 38 Causeway St., Boston; New International Hall, 42 Wen- St., Roxbury; the Chelsea La- Lyceum, 453 Broadway, Chel-

AE workers in Massachusetts e been invited to attend the pic-

rmour Co. Fined For Short Weight

ICAGO, Ill., July 15.—Armour Company was fined $25 in dis- court here for giving short The complainant was Thomas, dealer, of 1029 Ga- who had bought s beef hed only 20 pounds. s billed as weighing

Lady Parasites Will Hunt Votes for Wall Street Nominee

The women of the leisure class can hear their master's voice as well as the men. Some will work for Herbert nad some for Al, but all will work for Wall St. Photo shows five of the women who will try to drum up the feminine vote for Smith. They are, left to right, Jean Springstead Whittemore, Porto Rico; Mrs. Florence Farley, Kansas; Nellie Taylor Ross, former "progressive" governor of Wyoming; Mrs. O. H. MacDougias, Oklahoma, and Mrs. Charles Donahue, Maine.

FREED WORKERS WELCOMED AT DEMONSTRATION

Hundreds Gather at Union Square

A demonstration in which hundreds of workers braved the rain late yesterday afternoon was held at Union Square to welcome the four workers released from the Tombs and the Workhouse, where they had served a sentence of five days for participation in an anti-imperial demonstration in front of the office of J. P. Morgan on July 3.

Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER and Workers (Communist) candidate for U. S. Senator, and Robert Wolf, novelist and poet, were freed from the Tombs; Rebecca Grecht, New York state campaign manager of the Workers Party, and Harriet Silverman, secretary of the local branch of the Anti-Imperialist League, which arranged both the July 3 demonstration and yesterday's meeting, were released from the Workhouse.

Speakers at the meeting included Minor, Grecht, Shachtman, editor of "The Labor Defender"; D. Benjamin, asistant director of the Workers School, and Arthur Stein of the Young Workers League and Jessie Taft of the Young Pioneers.

The speakers denounced the brutal attack on the demonstration and called for continued agitation against the imperialistic aggression of American capitalists.

"Jail sentences do not frighten us Communists," Minor declared. "That is what we expect as long as we continue our fight on the ruling class of the United States and in the interests of the workers.

"We were not thrown into the Tombs because we violated any so-called statute. Beside us in the street a minister speaking on a subject which did not menace the ruling class was, of course, unmolested.

"But such acts of intimidation and terrorism will not prevent the Communists from bringing their message to the working class. It will only heighten our agitation and spur us to greater activity."

MINERS JEER AT STRIKE COWARDS

PITTSBURGH, July 15 (FP).—Avella barracks were in uproar as operators' agents came for two deserting miners. Dish pans, pots and tin pails were banged with spoons in derision; the children cried out scornfully, "You're scabbing on our dads!" All the women were shouting at the same time in half a dozen languages.

Company agents are combing the mining towns, spreading defeatism and looking for men to return to the open-shop mines. Exorbitant wages are promised to strikers who will betray their brothers. Moonshine is dispensed liberally until the victim becomes maudlin. As a "good American citizen and a decent father," it is his duty to scab against his fellow workers, he is told. As soon as a "yes" is drilled out of him, a company truck calls at the barracks and carries his family to the scab patch.

DEMOCRAT P. O. GRAFT REVEALED

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UP).—Postmaster General New told the Brookhart senate committee yesterday that democrats through the national committee, solicited campaign contributions from postmasters when the democrats were in power.

He submitted a file of letters sent out by W. D. Jameson, director of finance of the democratic national committee from 1917 to 1920, asking contributions of postmasters throughout the country.

1,000,000 English Children Are 'Unfit'

LONDON, July 15.—There are over 1,000,000 "unfit" children in the schools of Great Birtain, says a recent deport. Half a million of these children are dull and backward and the other half need medical attention. Poverty and bad housing conditions have much to do with malnutrition, the report says.

ARCTIC VETERANS ON SOVIET ICE-BREAKERS

TAXI INSPECTORS IN NEW RACKET

Drivers Complain of Lost Cards

Charges that hack inspectors, acting under orders from the Hack License Bureau, were stealing criminal identification cards from taxicabs as drivers were inside of restaurants, attending to other business, have been made during the past two weeks by taxi drivers and officials of taxi associations.

Hugo Werber, business manager of the Broad Street Taxi Owners Association, has been quoted as saying that "thousands of taxi drivers have had their cards taken in this way."

Inspectors have had orders, it was learned, from Commissioner Ruttenberg, in charge of the hack bureau, to pick up cards in cabs that are left vacant. According to hack regulations, cards must be displayed conspicuously in the driver's cab.

Garages Raided

The Tammany hack inspectors, drivers state, are not satisfied with picking up these identification cards on the streets. These inspectors are known to go to garages and pick up cards left in the cabs by their owners.

Drivers going to work in the morning, on examining their cabs, are known to have found their card missing. The driver then must report the loss to his precinct station house. Here he is usually told that his card is on the way downtown. If the driver lives in the far end of the Bronx or Queens, this means a trip down to the hack license bureau on Grenwich St. By the time he arrives there half his day is usually gone. There he must stand in line and wait his chance to inquire from one of the clerks about the card. The chances are ten to one, drivers report, that the mailman has not delivered the mail with his card and he is then told to come back the next day.

Wilful Delay

Hundreds of drivers complain that hack inspectors have held up their cards two and three days before mailing them downtown. One driver, who had left his cab in front of an office building on Park Row, had his card picked up. He had merely gone into the building to wash his hands. When he came out he noticed that his card was missing. A private chauffeur told him that a hack inspector had "lifted" the card. The taxi driver went to the Ook St. police station, where he was told by the captain in charge to go to the hack license bureau. It took this driver three days to get his credentials back. This case is typical.

Hack inspectors who take cards in this way are guilty of larceny and are liable to civil or criminal prosecution. Many taxi drivers, it is said, have paid graft to inspectors for the return of their cards.

Same Story

Another driver stated that his card had been taken from his cab while he was inside a coffee pot on Seventh Ave., Harlem, and declared that it was "just another scheme to mulct graft from us drivers. If a meter seal should break on my clock, and they break quite often, it costs me just one 'buck.' But to get my card back is more expensive. If I only had a 'pound' ($5) I could get my card back from that louse (pointing to an inspector walking in the next block) in thirty minutes. It's just a case of graft, graft, graft."

Television Progresses

The practicability of television was demonstrated Wednesday at the Bell Telephone Co. laboratories. The television camera, attached to a radio, showed clear pictures of a man playing tennis on the roof for the sake of the experiment.

It was proven that the sun was sufficient to "paint" the vision on the lense. Formerly powerful electric lights were used for this. The camera will be able to operate on hazy days, but clouds that shut off sunlight weaken the camera's vision.

Experimenters stated that the television camera is yet in its experimental stage since only experts are able to operate it, especially as attached with the radio.

CO. RENEWS AGREEMENT.

WOODLAND, Me., (FP) July 15.—The St. Croix Paper Co. has renewed its union agreement effective to May 1, 1929.

In order to effectively organize the rescue expedition for Nobile and his companions the Soviet government appointed a special commission. Each of the two ice-breakers, the "Krassin," the most powerful in the world, and the "Malygin" included in their parties scientists and aviators with long experience in Artic exploration. Professor Samoilovich, the leader of the "Krassin" party, is director of the Institute of the North and has made extensive researches in the region of Spitzbergen. Aviators Chukhnovsky and Babushkin are considered among the foremost of Soviet aviators, having made many notable flights in the Arctic regions.

Veteran Explorer.

Professor Wise, the chief explorer of the "Malygin," spent considerable time in making a reconnoissance of the regions of Novaya Zembla and Franz Joseph Land with the Saydov expedition in 1912 and 1914. The foggy weather which so greatly hampered the work of rescue was predicted in the reports of Professor Multanovsky, director of the meteorological section of the Central Geophysical Laboratory, on the basis of observations made by Nansen in 1893-96, by the Saydov expedition and by others. According to these studies, as many as 25 foggy days have been observed during the month of June in this region.

Powerful Ice Cutter.

The "Krassin," which is of 10,000 indicated horse power, is commanded by Captain Egge who is assisted by four special sub-commanders from other steamers added to the party on account of their wide experience in the Arctic regions. The "Krassin" left Leningrad for Kings Bay on June 15. It is capable of cutting through ice from 3 to 4 meters in thickness. The "Krassin" radio works on wave lengths of 450, 600 and 800 meters The short wave station operates on a length of from 30 to 40 meters.

The ice-breaker "Malygin," commanded by Capt. Chertkov, was completely overhauled last winter at Since 1923 it has been used each Hamburg and is perfectly equipped. summer to accompany the commercial fleet carrying freight from the mouth of the Yenisei River in Siberia through the Kara Sea to european ports. It carries coal sufficient for twenty days cruising in the open sea. When used in the ice, however, with only one boiler working in order to furnish light and heat, the supply of fuel is sufficient for 80 days.

The expedition is organized under the direction of J. Unschlicht, assistant commissar of war, with the cooperation of the All-Union Society for Aviation and Chemistry. M. Groza, chairman of the rescue committee, stated that the ice-breakers and aeroplanes of the Soviet expedition carried supplies sufficient for three months.

• • •

The following radio message was sent yesterday to the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin by M. G. Gurevitch, vice-chairman of the board of directors of the Amtorg Trading Corporation, and other Soviet citizens in the United States:

To crew, aviator Chukhnovsky and his assistants, Prof. Samoilovich and captain icebreaker Krassin:

Soviet citizens in the United States hail the skill and courage which have made possible the rescuing of the marooned Italia explorers. Public opinion is deeply moved by the supreme heroism of your aviators and crew. Your act is another illustration of the spirit of sympathy and self-sacrifice which manifests itself in times of great human need and reveals the strong bonds of international good will underlying the stress and strain of everyday life.

M. G. GUREVITCH,
PROF. A. SHAROV,
G. DELGASS, and others.

English Police Protect Mussolini in Liverpool

LONDON, July 15.—Many protests by various workers organizations against the terror justice in Italy are taking place all over England, under the auspices of the International Red Aid. In many parts of the country such demonstrations take place regularly. In Liverpool, for example, in the week of June 23, there was on the average of three mass meetings per night in various parts of the city.

The workers of Liverpool, at a huge mass meeting in the largest square of the city, was to demonstrate the fascist terror by a tableau. The British Police forbid the showing at the last minute.

GIRL WORKERS IN CIGAR FACTORIES EARN $12 A WEEK

Woorkers Face Loss of Hands in Machines

PHILADELPHIA (FP).—Listening to discussion of Pres. Coolidge's latest prosperity talk, a girl cigarmaker termed it all humbug, at least to cigar factory workers.

She works for Bobrow Bros., Inc. 220 S. Fifth St., with several hundred other employes, mostly girls They work on a piece rate basis 95c a thousand. At the rate of 3 to 4 thousand cigars a day, they earn $15 to $20 a week, if there are no deductions for bad cigars. The deductions sometimes runs as high as 900 out of 3,600 cigars a day.

When cigars are bad the whole crew of 4 working on a machine suffer deductions; thus 900 bad cigars cause a cut in pay on 3,600 It makes no difference whether the part of work handled by the first or last girl on the machine is bad, the cigars are finished, broken up and the work not paid for.

Face Loss of Hands.

Operators can't repair machinery out of order when work starts going, because there is danger of getting hands caught in the machine and losing a finger or worse. The onl yway to set things straight is to stop the machine, but it must be kept running.

When a girl wants to go to a washroom she can't leave the machine until an extra girl on the floor comes to take her place. Sometimes she must wait as long as 45 minutes.

Poor Ventilation.

If one of a crew isn't well and fails to come in for the day, the other 3 girls lose that day's work The same happens when one gets injured on faints during the day Fainting is common, caused by lack of ventilation. Open windows would cause the tobacco to dry, so all windows are kept shut and hundreds of employes forced to work in rank tobacco odors. Many modern cigar factories have good ventilation systems—but greed keeps the others from making improvements.

Working 49 hours a week under such conditions, girls make $12—and if lucky as high as $20 a week This accounts for the high labor turnover which makes it necessary for cigar factories to hire new workers every day—even in this period of unemployment.

3 CHICAGO SEWER WORKERS DEAD

CHICAGO, July 15.—The bodies of three workers were removed this afternoon from the district sewers along 125th St. here, where rescue workers had labored for 12 hours in an attempt to save their fellow workers. The workers, more than 30 of them, engaged in construction work in the sewer, were placed in danger when an official order, announced without regard for the lives of the workers trapped in the sewer pipes, that the entire sewer system be flooded.

After the bodies had been recovered from the pipes, the officials of the construction company announced that the water had been turned on by "mistake."

One of the bodies was identified as that of Carl Chiaro, hero of the disaster, who had seven times gone down into the tunnel, diving into the swirling water at the risk of his life, each time bringing up a comrade. He failed to return after his eighth attempt. The other two bodies were those of Negro workers who have not yet been identified.

During the rescue work, Edward M. Lamie, another worker, was electrocuted while repairing a cable of 20,000 voltage that had been broken by the sewer flood.

The company tried to keep the disaster secret at first, but after the arrest of one of the officials, they admitted that their negligence had caused the deaths.

Bosses Slash Wages Of Shingle Workers

ABERDEEN, Wash., July 15. — Shingle workers employed at the Shafer Bros. mill, this county, suspended work because of wage reductions that range from $1 to $1.50 a day.

The company is paying straight time in its logging camps for a 10 and 12-hour day.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Philadelphia Picnic.

Workers (Communist) Party, District Three, will hold a picnic and carnival on Labor Day at Shutzen Park. Benjamin Gitlow will speak.

• • •

Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

• • •

Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

Philadelphia T. U. E. L. Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Trade Union Educational League of Philadelphia will hold a Grand Picnic at Maple Park Grove on August 4, beginning at 9 a. m. and ending at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing, and musical programs will be added to the speeches of prominent members returned from the U. S. S. R. All are invited to attend.

CLOAK CHAIRMEN PLAN BIG DRIVE

Despite a torrential downpour of rain that continued from the time the workers quit their shops and lasted far into the evening, hundreds of cloakmakers came to the first monthly shop delegates conference yesterday, called by the local committee of the National Organization Committee and occupied every available seat in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave.

The meeting of workers' representatives enthusiastically discussed and carried thru a series of measures that will further the fight for the reestablishment of union conditions in the ladies' garment making industry.

Hyman Discusses Situation.

After the meeting was opened by J. Cohen, chairman, Louis Hyman leader of the National Organization Committee, gave a brief survey of the present status of the cloakmakers in the struggle with the bosses and Sigman.

He ridiculed the new blare of trumpets with which the right wing was heralding a second fake organization drive.

A report by the committee secretary on the work of the Organization Committee of 500, which was organized since the original shop delegates' conference, was then delivered.

Plan for Future Work.

The meeting then adopted a plan for future work, the six major points of which are:

1.—Shop chairmen must join the work undertaken by bringing in complaints to the Joint Board and by reporting information about the open shops in the trade.

2.—An intensive campaign is to be launched to bring workers into the organization with the payment of a fee of $3.30.

3.—The organization campaign shall begin with a mass meeting, in the Bronx Stadium, which has a seating capacity of between 15,000 and 18,000.

HAT UNION TRIES ORGANIZING SHOP

SCRANTON, July 15 (FP).—Fourteen members of Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers Local, 22, are planning to follow the Scranton Cap Company to Stroudsburg, Pa., where it moved recently. Lower wages and longer hours were inducements held out by the Stroudsburg Chamber of Commerce to the Scranton firm, which changed its name to the Monroe Cap Co.

The union workers were brought to Scranton with the promise they would have long-time jobs there. Now they are considering sending a group to Stroudsburg to see if the fleeing boss can't be forced by organization work among the new employes, to sign up with the union.

YOUTH CONDEMN PLOTKIN ARREST

WINGDALE, N. Y., July 15.—The court sentence against Rose Plotkin, member of the Young Pioneers of America, children's section of the Young Workers' (Communist) League, was protested today by the children of the Workers' International Relief Camp, here. Rose Plotkin was arrested in con-

LEGAL TRUST FORMED

FRENCH LICK, Ind., July 15.—A merger of 153 moving and storage firms of the United States was completed here yesterday. The corporation is named the Allied Van Lines, Inc. All stock is held by the National Furniture Warehousemen's Association.

FASCISTS PLAN WAR ON U.S.S.R.

BUCHAREST, July 15.—The French general, Rond, arrived here today. Pilsudski, military dictator of Poland, is expected to arrive momentarily as well as representatives of other Little Entente states for the purpose of holding a secret military conference which is to take place under the direction of the French general staff.

According to reliable information the purpose of this conference is to prepare the way for war on the Soviet Union.

8,000 PORTERS DEMAND STRIKE

Over 8,000 members of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters are due to strike shortly unless the officials of the organization, working together with President Green of the American Federation of Labor, again forestall the move as they did several weeks ago.

Secret strike directions are said to have been issued in concealed envelopes, it became known yesterday. According to A. Philip Randolph, general organizer of the union, who was instrumental in calling off the previous order for a walkout, these envelopes are not to be opened until orders are received from a two-man strike committee composed of Randolph and M. P. Webster, division organizer of Chicago.

LABORERS UNION ENROLLS 161

ASHEVILLE, N. C. (FP) July 15.—The common laborers union has enrolled 161 new members.

400 JOIN UNION.

HOLLYWOOD, Cal., (FP) July 15.—400 cameramen recently joined the union.

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WORKERS PARTY ELECTION MEET AT BISCUIT PLANT

For the first time the Election Campaign Committee of Section 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party conducted an open-air noonday meeting at 15th Street and Tenth Avenue, alongside the four huge plants of the National Biscuit Company yesterday.

The workers of the Nabisco plants, usually idle during their lunch hour, gathered around Bert Miller and listened attentively to his talk on the Workers (Communist) Party and what it means to workers. Besides speaking on the election campaign, Miller emphasized the fact that the poor conditions in the Nabisco factories were due to lack of organization among the workers, and urged his eager listeners to organize into a union.

Despite the spy system used by the Nabisco bosses, the workers listening to the speaker evinced great interest, interjecting occasional words of approval. Copies of "The Coolidge Program" and "The Workers (Communist) Party And What It Stands For" were distributed.

Mussolini Forbids All Visits to Kin Abroad

GENEVA, July 15.—Mussolini, in an attempt to trap the emigrant Italian workers into the fascist prisons, has forbidden the families of these workers to join them abroad.

Thousands of Italians have fled to France to escape the fascist terror, and many nad to leave their wives and children in Italy. When they attempted to get their families out of Italy Mussolini did not grant passports. The Italian Consul at Toulose said that "the government in Rome is determined to crush the emigrants."

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ **WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY**

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

Green's No-Strike Philosophy

When social parasites and labor betrayers, as the case may be, find it necessary to continue nefarious practices against the masses whose "god-appointed" leaders they claim to be, their common recourse is to invent a philosophy to justify their treachery.

William Green, writing in the current issue of the American Federationist, affords another such horrible example.

The day when labor had to resort to the use of the strike is past, says this voluble sounding-board of the bosses. At the moment when United Mine Workers of America, of which he is himself a member, has been practically destroyed through his own and John L. Lewis' treachery in sabotaging the only method by which the organizaton could have been saved, a really vigorous prosecution of the strike and the calling out of both the anthracite and the unorganized fields, this union-wrecker has the affrontery to declare himself against strikes. Says he:

> "In the early union days the main argument of the union was one of force—the strike. Force was necessary to establish the fundamental right of status. Employers would heed no other argument."

But now, according to this flunky of the open-shop coal operators, it's all different. Because:

> "Fundamental changes have taken place in industry. . . . Instead of relying wholly on refusal to work, unions must be ready to point out mistakes in policy or method by argument and facts to convince management, and then outline a substitute policy."

The justification for the early use of the strike, we are told, was the necessity of fighting the legal status of the trade union.

Nothing can more clearly illustrate the utter hypocrisy and contemptible sophistry of these words than the fact that in its report to the last convention of the American Federation of Labor, the executive council was forced to admit that organized labor has not yet attained legal status in the United States. What is the whole pretended fight against the "yellow dog" contract which the labor officials have time and again declared is a threat to the legal existence of organized labor, if not a denial of the so-called legal status of the trade unon? And how will that status, if ever under capitalist government, be attained if not by the strike?

The full meaning of Green's proposals becomes clear when we read his further suggestions in connection with certain developments which have recently taken place in Colorado. "Unions must be ready to point out mistakes in policy to convince management and to outline a substitute policy for the strike."

When the Rocky Mountain Fuel Company, which, after years of struggle against even the bankrupt A. F. of L. officials, became convinced, through the costly Colorado strike of last year, that it would be more profitable to to utilize the labor fakers than its own company union, and when it made arrangements to prevent real unionization by the device of conspiring with labor fakers to put through a fake "unionization" of its mines, it gave as its reasons for the change in policy:

> "To prevent another strike, to insure constant and sufficient supply of coal at reasonable prices . . . to stabilize production costs . . . in short to protect . . . business and labor from a recurrence of this past year's lost and waste . . ."

Green confirms this understanding. "It is an advantage to employ miners who belong to the union," he says, "for the union could prevent the recurrence of most strikes from which Colorado has suffered."

It is necessary only to add that the company unions, which Green is seeking to put over, will not succeed any more than the company unions organized by the bosses themselves, in the effort to prevent the workers from utilizing the only weapon which directly or indirectly is responsible for whatever gains they may secure under capitalism.

Was there ever a more disgusting sight than this traitor Green, as he expounds to the working class his now open philosophy of treason?

That New York Fare

The silence which is hanging heavily over the developments now taking place in the seven cent fare issue and in the so-called rapid transit unification plan is undoubtedly part of the generally agreed upon plan among the politicians and traction companies to let the matter rest until after the November elections. This can only mean that the traction ring which operates within both old parties is quite sure of its ground, otherwise there would now be a continuation of the public clamor and wailing on the part of the poverty-stricken Morgan and Chase National Bank interests that they are unable to make ends meet on the lowly nickel.

The announcement by Samuel Untermeyer that he has practically reached an agreement with the B.-M. T. group under which the company will consent to recapture by the city, a trifling arrangement which will involve several hundred millions of dollars, received only casual mention in the capitalist press. The Interborough recently ordered a supply of 7c fare tokens which were manufactured by a New England concern. It is known that the surface lines are preparing to follow the example of the Third Avenue subsidiary by making application for fare increases. But all is still among the servants of the public.

Within a few months an issue involving the virtual turning over of the new city built subways, the estimated construction cost of which is a billion dollars, will be decided by Tammany Hall and republican city and state officials who own traction stock, represent the transit companies as attorneys, and have entered into secret agreements to put over the greatest steal in the country, with the possible exception of the power grab.

Here is an issue which is burning and immediate, one on which approach may be made to hitherto untouched masses of workers. No political speech in the present campaign, no propaganda which is sent out should fail to emphasize this question.

Bar Garment Left-Wing Candidates

BOSTON, Mass., July 15.—Two right wing emissaries from the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, sent here by Sigman as "supervisors" of the elections in the Boston locals, presided over the meeting of the election committee here Friday and rejected all candidates for office who refused to sign the right wing yellow dog contract, which stipulates "that the undersigned is not a Communist nor a Communist follower or sympathizer."

Four Members Signed

Even one of the right wing members of the election committee which was elected at membership meetings of Locals 46 and 56 declared that he would reject any one that does sign the document.

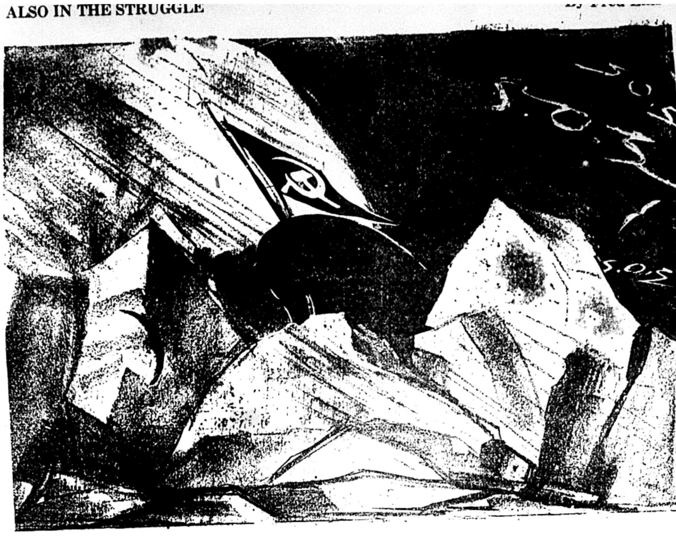
As a result of this action the reactionary clique in control of the International found that but four members were willing to sign and run for the Local 46 executive board and that only two signed the yellow dog document as candidates to the Joint Board from that local. Only one man could be gotten to run for the Joint Board from Local 56.

A joint meeting of the Boston local executive boards with the Joint Board was held here July 10 to hear the instructions handed them by the Sigman supervision committee, Halpern and Gingold.

Several right wing members pleaded with "Little Czar" Sigman's ambassadors to give permission to abandon the yellow dog contract, but to no avail. They finally approved the action of the Sigman clique despite express instructions to the contrary from the membership.

At the membership meetings of these locals, held recently, even some right wing followers had declared that no organization work could be done as long as the left wing was not allowed to participate in the union leadership.

ALSO IN THE STRUGGLE



Election Laws in United States

Framed By Capitalists to Keep Working Class Parties Off the Ballot

By JULIUS CODKIND.

The United States of America is perhaps the only country in the world where the elections are governed under a law which makes it possible for the ruling class to so confuse the technical qualifications to be overcome by new or small parties seeking a place on the ballot as from the very outset to practically prohibit all effective opposition in any election campaign to the two "old" parties dominated by Wall Street.

Only in America is it possible for a regular presidential candidate of a political party to run or to be on the ballot only in spots. For example, the Workers (Communist) Party candidates will surely not be on the ballot in a large number of the forty-eight states. Of equal interest is the fact that under the law of some states, a candidate for president may be on the ballot in spots in those states. A party seeking to place its candidates officially in nomination on the ballot is confronted with the problem of solving forty-eight separate and distinct sets of laws.

Congressional Election.

To understand this, a few words of explanation are necessary.

In theory, the country is supposed to be a federation of sovereign states. The Federal Constitution provides that the power of each state in the Central Government shall be relative to the percentage of population as a whole. Thus each state elects a given percentage of the total number of congressmen but this is modified by a section of the constitution which provides that there shall be a senate consisting of two senators from each state. The constitution also provides that each state shall elect as many electors as it has congressmen plus senators, and that the day of election of congressmen and senators must be the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.

The president is not elected by direct vote. Under the constitution, he is chosen by the electors. The direct object therefore of the old parties is not to gain a maximum number of voters throughout the country but to win a maximum number of the electors, and under the constitution it is possible for a candidate for the presidency who has secured the greatest total of direct votes to be defeated in the electoral college. Thus in 1916 it was at first reported that Wilson had been defeated for re-election, although his vote proved to be 600,000 greater than that of his opponent. Later reports from California, however showed that Wilson had won the state by a plurality of about 3,800 which gave him the entire electoral votes of the state and with it a small majority in the electoral college.

1916 Poll.

A few illustrations will make this process even clearer. Taking the elections in 1916 as an example, we find that in California there were 466,200 votes for Wilson and 462,394 for Hughes. This gave Wilson the entire 13 electoral votes of the state. In New York the vote for Wilson was 759,426 and for Hughes 869,115. Hughes got the entire 45 electoral votes of the state.

In Minnesota, Hughes received 179,544 while Wilson got 179,152 Although Hughes had only 392 more than Wilson, he received the entire 12 electoral votes of the state. It is also interesting to note that actually, Hughes received 27,910 votes less than his three leading opponents combined in this state.

These are not exceptional occurrences. The constitution has deliberately provided for just this. The result is that in states where the democratic or republican party is preponderant there are practically no presidential election campaigns at all, both parties confining themselves largely to such states as New York, Missouri, New Jersey, Oklahoma, Ohio, Maryland, California and Massachusetts, where the control swings from one party to the other. These states, with a few others, known as the doubtful states decide the issue of the presidency Presidential candidates as a general rule are politicians whose home states must be New York, Ohio Massachusetts or California as the issue of "Favorite Son" is often quite enough to swing enough votes to carry one of these states.

It is already clear from all this that the makers of the constitution had in mind the objective of retaining within their own hands the entire political power and all the patronage going with it, in their respective home states.

As noted, the constitution provides that each state shall elect its electors, congressmen and other officials in its own way, with the result that in every state there is a different set of laws governing the elections. Of far greater consequence is the fact that under the constitution each state prescribes its own conditions as to the procedure to be followed by parties or independent groups who seek to place their candidates on the ballot or officially in nomination.

It is worthy of note that as a general rule the states in which the republican and democratic parties conflict most, impose the most severe restrictions against new or weaker parties seeking a place on the ballot for their candidates while those states which are safely republican or democratic have little or no legislation on the question, and in several instances nominations are legally made by state conventions of any group or party. This procedure is not actually statute law. It is merely a mode legalized by custom

The obvious reason for the severe restrictions against new or weaker parties imposed by law in the doubtful states is the fact that through this means the politicians of the two dominant parties protect themselves against the rise of minority groups capable of wielding a balance of power and thus dominating the political situation within the state.

New York furnishes an excellent illustration of this condition. The restrictions against the nomination of candidates by new or weaker parties for state-wide office are most severe. From "new" parties the law requires a minimum of 12,000 signatures on petitions, including at least 50 from each of the sixty-one counties in the state, but a new party seeking to place a candidate for the state assembly in nomination in every assembly district in the state would require no less than 120,000 signatures or five per cent of the total vote. Provided the numerous technicalities of the law are correctly complied with this number of signatures, if none are invalidated by the officials would be sufficient to place in nomination a candidate for every elective office within the state from presidential electors, governor and United States senator down to dog-catcher.

It is obvious that the laws were framed generally with the object of excluding minority, and, of course working class parties from the elections, by making it very costly and difficult for independent, new or weak parties to place candidates officially in nomination, and this automatically entails the greatest sacrifices on the part of working class parties seeking to enter the field It happens very often that tremendous efforts, together with heavy financial sacrifices, are made by workers to place candidates in nomination, only to meet with failure either because they have failed to comply with some technicality or because they were unable to gather sufficient signatures within the time allotted, and very often failure may be traced to the mere caprice of some petty official.

(To be continued).

Sidelights on the Workers' Party Election Drive

The first dollar for a b oook of 80 three-color "Vote Communist" stamps has been received by the National Election Campaign Committee at 43 E. 125th St., New York, from P. Williams.

We are on our way to a million.

The prices of these in quantity lots are: 55 books for $50; 90 books for $75; and 125 books for $100. Single books of 10 pages for $1 each, and can be resold for 10 cents per page.

• • •

George Saul, party field organizer at Denver, reports the circulation of petitions to put the party on the ballot in Colorado has commenced, and he is preparing to go to New Mexico to start the work there.

While in Denver, Comrade Saul incidentally helped organize the dairy clerks and led them in a successful strike. During his spare time Saul helped the local comrades arrange for the Colorado State ratification convention, to be held at Denver on Saturday, July 28.

• • •

Arthur Starr, agricultural district organizer, reports from Bismachk North Dakota, that he is preparing to go into South Dakota to help the local comrades put the party on the ballot.

• • •

The Iowa State Nominating Convention to put the party on the ballot will be held at Des Moines on Sunday, July 15.

The Foster-Gitlow three-color "Vote Communist" campaign buttons are now ready. Everybody will want one at 10 cents each.

Prices in quantity are: Four cents in lots of 100; 3 cents in lots of 1,000, and 2 cents in lots of 5,000 or over.

• • •

Roy Stephens, party field organizer, reports from Omaha that the comrades are commencing to circulate petitions to put the party on the ballot in the State of Nebraska.

• • •

Hugo Oehler, District No. 10 organizer, is having a hard tussel with the Oklahomo State officials, who are fighting the Communist electors from going on the primary ballot of the Oklahoma farmer-labor party.

• • •

Word received from Oehler is that the Oklahoma fight is in good shape and that he is now on his way to Little Rock to see what can be done to put the party on the ballot in Arkansas.

• • •

Willis L. Wright reports from Montana that there is no question about the party going on the ballot in that State. The possibilities of securing the endorsement by the Montana farmer-labor party of the candidacies of Foster and Gitlow are good.

• • •

Have you sent in your dollar for a book of 80 Vote Communist stamps? You need them to post on envelopes, letters, programs, factory papers, bulletins, and all other printed matter and stationery.

Militant Mine Family Blacklisted Since 1919

By VERA BUCH.

BLACKLISTED since 1919. Unable to work in the mines for nine years because of unusual militancy in the 1919 strike. And just as active now, one of the best of the best fighters among all the militant miners. This is the record of Thomas Ray of McDonald, Pa.

But on Tom Ray's household, on his wife and seven children, the bosses' discrimination has fallen very heavily. They live in one of those black, tumble-down, mean looking houses which you sometimes see bordering the railroad tracks in little towns, and wonder when you see them, "Does anyone live in that?" In such a house lives or rather exists, Tom Ray's family.

You ask Mrs. Ray, "How have you managed to get along all these years?" She smiles quietly and sadly. "I don't know. We have one boy sixteen years old. He gets a job in a mill, sometimes."

It seems hard for her to talk, as though she never saw anyone, as though she had lived alone for a long time among worries and dreariness. Rarely does Mrs. Ray leave the house. She is ashamed to go out in her worn woolen dress, the only dress she has. These nine years have crushed Mrs. Ray, have drained her vitality. Yet she is still a young woman.

From all the corners of that dingy home, Tom Ray's bright active children peer at you with lively brown eyes. They are not crushed—they are eager to hear about the strike and the union. Tom Ray is bringing up seven young fighters to carry on the fight in the future. He has been in New York City raising money thru the National Miners' Relief Committee for the hungry strikers and he tells the eager children about the strikes he's heard about there.

JOHN J. RASKOB, chairman of the finance committee of the General Motors Corporation is now the chairman of the Democratic National Committee by unanimous vote. There is no doubt that Al Smith is one of the two darlings of big business. The House of Morgan is behind General Motors, so in case Al gets licked the House of Morgan will have Hoover. Heads, Wall Street wins; tails, the working class loses.

• • •

THE fiction prevailed for a long time among the workers that the G. O. P. was the party of big business and that the jackass party was the party of the working-class. Without doubt the G. O. P. was the favorite party of big business until the world war chop-sueyed lots of things. The south was the virgin base of the democratic party but the exigencies of the great conflict opened up the south to industry. Now the pope-hating southern democrat and the pope-hating northern democrat can sit over the loving cup together and drink a toast to four years of looting under the auspices of the Tammany Tiger.

• • •

How lightly party badges sit o the chests of capitalist leaders i proven by the election of Raskob a chairman of the Democratic National Committee. Raskob used to b a republican. Four years ago h voted for Calvin Coolidge. But h also voted for president Wilson. H is quite impartial. The worker who vote the democratic ticket because their grandfathers voted fo it should take a lesson from Raskob.

• • •

Apparently Tammany is sure o the support of the trade union bureaucrats so it is using all its energies to convince big business tha it will do the right thing by it Tammany leader George W. Olvany said in comment on the election o Raskob: "I think it was a very goo selection. It will show the peopl throughout the country that Bi Business need not be afraid of th Democratic Party when the party i willing to leave its affairs in th hands of a man conspicuously identified with one of the biggest business corporations in the world."

• • •

RASKOB is the responsible repr sentative of the Du Pont powd interests in General Motors. Th manufacturers of munitions of w cannot be expected to visualize state of society where the dove peace will take the place of the w eagle. Should war be "outlawe as the sappy liberals would have Du pont would have to scrap his w making machinery and turn to t manufacture of ginger ale. Smith as president, will order t battleships to Latin America to c lect interest on Morgan's loans a many Smith boosters will leave th bones to pulverize on South Ame can battlefields for the profit of t Du Pont powder interests and t glory and profit of Tammany Ha

• • •

WITH Raskob as its national cha man the democratic party shou have no difficulty raising an eff tive campaign fund. The mani lation of the stock market by an sider should prove an easy way of financial difficulties. The av age 100 per cent American is willi to sell his vote for anything fr a ten dollar bill to a thousand. T price depends on what he is able deliver. Already Tammany to are canvassing the city for willi young men who are ready to p their scruples in return for a pro ise of a job should Smith win.

• • •

THOSE of you who are weary heavy laden with finan worries should take heart from experience of John J. Raskob, G eral Motors official. His first paid him $7.50 a week. See wh he is today. He worked as a st ographer in public works to s port his mother, two sisters an brother. Virtue is supposed to rewarded. Raskob was blessed the pope last April. What m could a man ask for?

• • •

WILL Rogers the imperi clown, comes out against po cal conventions. One would expected something better fro professional humorist. There more material for the kind of sense that brings home the b for capitalist columnists in cap ist conventions than even at d marathons. Will should not kill goose that lays the golden egg

• • •

While the two capitalist pa are insisting that they do not tend to buy all the votes that necessary to elect their candi the Workers (Communist) Pa busily engaged raising a Comm Campaign Fund of $100,000. are doing this quite shameless ostentatiously. $100,000 would chase half a dozen capitalist heelers. But it will pay for printing of tons of Communist ature and it will help to pay expenses of hundreds of Comm speakers. Don't forget to se your contribution to the Nat Campaign Headquarters, 43 125th Street, New York C Alexander Trachtenberg, trea Trachtenberg is not a powder nate, but your contribution will blast the capitalist system smithereens.

Tom O'Flahe

500 MORE STRIKE AT GENERAL MOTORS PLANT IN FLINT, MICH.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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FISHER BODY WORKERS JOIN BIG WALK-OUT

Movement Spreads As Men Organize

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)
FLINT, Mich., July 16.—The Fisher Body plant of the General Motors Corporation in Flint, Mich., was seething with strike sentiment yesterday when five hundred more men joined the walk-out of auto workers in protest against the policy of wage slashing the company is instituting throughout the industry.

The striking men have proclaimed their intention of standing behind the strike committee, which is composed of representatives from the different departments, who are making every effort to spread the walk-out movement to other plants of the General Motors Corporation in Flint.

Plan Union

The shop committee of the Buick plant have already organized their strike committee, together with the organizers of the Auto Workers Union.

Philip Raymond, Arnold Zeigler and others, who are active in the strike, are organizing plans for raising immediate relief and to establish the Auto Workers Union as the instrument of the workers in the Flint automobile industries.

A huge mass meeting, to which it is expected that thousands of workers will rally, is being arranged and militant speakers will address the strikers.

A. F. of L. Sabotage

Leaflets distributed throughout the plants of the General Motors Corporation are informing the workers of the issues involved in the

Continued on Page Two

TAXICABS RAIDED IN CONEY ISLAND

Tammany Police Keep Up Racket

Raids by the Tammany controlled police force against taxicab drivers have continued with special severity over the week end, it was learned yesterday from drivers who charged that the move is part of the plan to eliminate 20,000 drivers from the industry and to permit the large fleeters, such as the Yellow Taxicab Corporation, to dominate the industry.

Raids were especially vicious, it was learned, in Coney Island where scores of drivers were driven from the main thoroughfares such as Surf Avenue, Mermaid and Neptune Avenues.

Companies Get Protection.

The ground for thus preventing the drivers from making a living is usually that of "congestion of traffic" although it is pointed out by drivers that bus lines operated by large companies on friendly terms with the Tammany Hall city administration virtually crowd out all traffic from these streets.

These bus lines are the Luna Sightseeing, the Greeley Sightseeing, and the Knickerbocker Sightseeing Company all of which operate lines between Manhattan and Coney Island.

Violate Regulations.

Drivers charge that these companies constantly violate regulations with complete immunity and that there is an understanding among the police officers that their buses are not to be molested. A squad of fifty police, it was learned, were sent to Coney Island from headquarters to carry out the raids.

WOMAN'S LEGION AIDS SANDINO

Heroic in Battle, Says General

BARANQUILLA, Colombia, July 16 (UP).—General Sandino, Nicaraguan revolutionist leader, has organized a women's battalion to aid him in his struggle against the government and United States marines, General Jose Cesar Rivas said in an interview in the newspaper La Nacion today.

The women, General Rivas said, already had done "heroic service" in battle. They were quartered at Campo Bonanzo, he said.

Forty Colombians, including a general, are fighting with Sandino, General Rivas said, and these are referred to in the Sandino camp as the "Colombian Battalion."

Preparing for the Next Sacred Slaughter

The military camp at Peekskill, N. Y., is where national guardsmen are being trained to kill or be killed for Wall St. in the next imperialist war. Photo shows the 107th regiment marching along Park Ave., New York, on its way to Peekskill.

SMITH FAVORS OPEN SHOPPER AS GOVERNOR

ALBANY, July 16.—The name of Owen D. Young, open-shop chairman of the General Electric Company, whom Al Smith has suggested for governor of New York State, on the democratic ticket, has been sent out as a trial balloon, it became known today. If the response appears favorable then the Morgan-allied, multi-millionaire will be placed on the Tammany ticket which is already being led by John J. Raskob, another Morgan official and biggest anti-labor boss in the country. Young's record is perhaps second only to that of Raskob as a bitter enemy of the workers.

Al's Master

Like Raskob, Young has been one of the strong supporters of Al Smith and Al Smith has in turn been a faithful and obedient servant to the power magnate. Smith has previously supported Young for the officer of state water power "dictator," under a plan which the Tammany governor advocated in 1926 by which the billion dollar power resources of the state would have been turned over to the private operation of the Morgans.

In December, 1926, through the sell-out of the republican controlled State Power Commission, these re-

Continued on Page Five

MORE MARINES TO NICARAGUA

Anti-Imperialists Will Hold Protest Meet

MANAGUA, July 16.—Two fresh battalions of United States marines, 666 men, reached Nicaragua yesterday. The men, who were transported aboard the supply ship Meduas, arrived at the west coast port of Corinto.

One of the battalions proceeded immediately to Managua, where it is expected that the men will be used in the coming elections.

The arrival of these reinforcements raises the number of marines in Nicaragua to nearly 6,000.

* * *

Anti-Imperialists Protest

A meeting to protest against American imperialism in the Caribbean area will be held at the Community Church, Park Ave. and 34th St., at 8 p. m. Friday, under the auspices of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League.

Among the speakers who will address the meeting are Robert Minor, Editor of The DAILY WORKER; Robert Dunn, Richard B. Moore, national organizer of the American Negro Labor Congress, and Floyd Dell and Robert Wolff, well-known authors. Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League, will be chairman of the meeting.

GRAFTERS GET MINOR SENTENCE

Tammany Higher-Ups Still at Large

Five minor Tammany officials convicted in Special Sessions of grafting were sentenced yesterday in one of the major developments of the Department of Street Cleaning graft investigations Eight men now have been jailed as a result of the inquiry and another is awaiting sentence.

Albert J. Courtney, thirty-eight, of No. 2331 Linden Avenue, Brooklyn, employed as a foreman, and Walter McClutchy, forty, of No. 299 Mount Eden Avenue, the Bronx, an assistant foreman, each received an indeterminate sentence of six months to three years in the penitentiary.

Workhouse sentences of three months each were imposed on the others. Those "higher up" are still free.

CLOAK PICKETS ARRESTED, FINED

Active Members Meet Thursday

Ten cloak and dress workers, among whom were several leaders of the Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers' Union, were arrested yesterday morning during a picket demonstration before the struck dressmaking shop of Rosenberg and Hershkin, 39th St. and Seventh Ave. Fines of $5 and $10 each, mechanically imposed upon the pickets, workers declare, are an indication that Magistrate Farrel before whom they appeared is working with the employers.

Those arrested are Rose Wortis, secretary of the National Organization Committee, J. Stenzer, chairman of the Joint Board, Abraham Lupin, Gussie Brownstein, Miriam Gross, M. Silverman, Sara Finkel, Sam Sweger, Ida Bernstein, I. Kutolsky.

* * *

Open Forum.

All unemployed cloak and dressmakers are called to an open forum tomorrow afternoon at 2 p. m. in Bryant Hall, 42nd St. and Sixth Ave. One of the leaders of the local Committee of the N. O. C. will open the floor for a discussion of "What

Continued on Page Five

OWN BRAINS OF SLAVES

Dictaphone Firm Grabbing Inventions

By HAROLD Z. BROWN,
(Federated Press).

A tricky new kind of yellow-dog contract gaining popularity with American employers is typified by an agreement which must be signed by every worker entering the employ of the Dictaphone Sales Corp., largest distributors of office dictating and transcribing machines. Framed by legal master minds trained to think of everything, it signs away not only the employe's right to organize, but his right to the products of his future ingenuity—if any.

Even the humblest stenographer or porter must execute this agreement, making over to the company "any and every invention, improvement, or modification" made while in their employ and relating to dictating machines, their parts, appliances, supplies, production or sale "or in any way to the dictating machine industry." This covers everything from a mechanic's plan for a better electric gadget to a cub salesman's newest bright idea for putting sales resistance to sleep.

"Valuable considerations" for which Dictaphone Corp's. hired hands and rented brains must do this are duly recited: One dollar "in hand paid"; a weekly pay check generously given after it has been worked for; a job where the compliant robot "may be" in a position to learn something about dictating machines and to work with the company's "tool and appliances and

Continued on Page Two

MILITANT STRIKE LEADER TO FACE COURT MARTIAL

Violates Law to Frame John Porter

Paul Crouch, formerly of the 21st Infantry, Hawaii, who was sentenced to 40 years for Communist activities in the army, left last night for Fort Adams. He will report the developments of the Porter court-martial for The DAILY WORKER.

* * *

(*Special To DAILY WORKER.*)
FORT ADAMS, R. I., July 16.—The court-martial of John Porter, imprisoned for his militant strike activities and leadership in the Young Workers (Communist) League while subject to military law, and on a technical charge of desertion, will begin here tomorrow morning.

The methods of the military authorities in framing and railroading its victims to prison are revealed by the procedure in the case, which even violated military law

Continued on Page Five

CONCERT PLANS MAKE PROGRESS

Trousands to Be At Big Coney Affair

The rain which last Saturday caused the postponement of the DAILY WORKER concert at Coney Island has resulted in no dampening of ardor among the thousands who had planned to attend this great proletarian musical festival, according to all indications. Several additional thousands, in fact, are expected.

Prof. Leon Theremin, the great Soviet scientist, promises that his new ether-music will be even more beautiful this Saturday because of the week's extra practice that he now has had. All the other artists—Arnold Volpe and his symphony orchestra of 50 picked musicians, the Roxy ballet—are continuing to rehearse in an effort to make their performances as perfect as possible.

All tickets purchased for the concert last Saturday will be good this Saturday. In the sale of the tickets that remain the rule will be: first come, first served. Workers who wish to make more of their seats should buy their tickets at once, at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

PROTEST BRINGS HOELZ RELEASE

Thousands to Celebrate Return to Berlin

BERLIN, July 16.—Due to the nation-wide protest of German workers, expressed by mass meetings and demonstrations, the Reichstag has been forced to release Max Hoelz, the Communist leader of the Revolution in Saxon in 1921. Convicted on a trumped-up charge of killing a real estate man, Max Hoelz was in prison for seven years.

The workers here are dissatisfied with the Amnesty Bill, just passed and are arranging for huge mass meetings all over the country to demand the unconditional and full release of class war prisoners.

The women have fought side by side with the men and one of them, Senora Adriana Florez, died on the field of battle, according to Rivas.

The general said his wife and the wife of Sandino are in command of the women and both have been through a number of battles. Margarita Aroaz, Sandino's wife, replaced Senora Florez as a leader of the women when the latter was killed.

"These women have distinguished themselves in the fighting side by side with the men whose dangers they share without shirking," Rivas said.

Rivas asserted Sandino has a following of 2,000 men, always short of food and half naked, but well equipped with guns and ammunition. Scores of old women and children have attached themselves to the revolutionary leader and follow him about through the hills. Entire villages, in the districts where the Americans dropped shells from airplanes, have left their homes and joined the army of independence, Rivas continued.

A great number of dynamite grenades, wrapped in hides, have been manufactured by Sandino's troops, who are able to use them with deadly effect.

SOVIET SHIP SAVES 9 MORE

British Troops Massacre Indian Strikers

FIRE INTO LARGE JUTE WORKERS' DEMONSTRATION

May Call Troops As Mass Feeling Rises

CALCUTTA, India, July 16.—Firing into a procession of several hundred jute mill workers, who were demonstrating for a number of their fellow employes who had been discharged, British police yesterday killed and wounded twenty-three of the demonstrators.

Instantly the news of the outrage spread thru all working class sections of Calcutta and thousands of workers were waiting sullenly yesterday for the next move which the British might make to suppress the strike by violence.

Following the revolt of the peasants in the Gijerat, who have driven the tax collectors from the northern section of the Bombay presidency and, under the instructions of a peasant revolutionary administration, have harvested the crops in the fields declared forfeit by the government, the British are prepared to take any measures against the Indians, and the calling of troops to Calcutta is foreseen as a consequence of yesterday's massacre.

Whether the workers on the Indian National Railways will man the British troop trains is being eagerly awaited by both the workers and the government tonight.

* * *

Bombay Workers Aroused.

BOMBAY, India, July 16.—Mass movement against the British authorities was forecast here today as news of the massacre of twenty-three Indian jute strikers by British police in Calcutta yesterday reached this city.

Headquarters of the textile strikers, fifty thousand of whom are on strike in Bombay alone, were besieged with crowds of workers demanding news of the atrocity in Calcutta.

The huge textile strike which has involved over one hundred thousand workers for months, threatened to assume even more militant proportions as the news of the murder of the jute strikers fell like a thunderbolt among the textile workers today.

WORKER INVENTS WIRELESS DEVICE

Every Receiver Can Be Transmitter

NEW YORK, July 16 (UP).—The genius of Earl W. Davidson, a Reading Railroad telegraph operator who likes to tinker around with radio sets in his off hours, has made it possible for the long-suffering radio fan to shout his sentiments right into his loud speaker with the sweet assurance that people for miles around will hear his protest.

Davidson has invented a dingus that can change all of that and make radio a man-to-man sport, like baseball and politics.

The workings of the gadget invented by the genius, Davidson, are very simple, according to him. The effect is to transform any loud speaker into a broadcasting microphone that will ride out into the air on the wave-length of the station into which you are tuned. Davidson's "phantom radio" really steals a ride on somebody else's waves.

Forest Fires Cause Damage On Coast

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16 (UP). Widespread property damage and curtailment of water supplies were threatened today by a series of forest and brush fires in various sections of Pacific Coast states.

Three dangerous fires were burning in Southern California, the hills bordering the San Joaquin Valley were being swept by flames and hundreds of men toiled in blistering heat to halt other fires in Northern California and in the Grays Harbor region of Washington.

Cincinnati Contributes $4,000 to Miners

Above is a group of miners who have been visiting various organizations in Cincinnati in behalf of the starving coal diggers. Cincinnati has contributed about $4,000, which has been distributed through the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

The three miners are, left to right, Oliver Rigot, Harry Logsdon, and James White of Eastern Ohio. Next to the miners is W. A. Weeks, a carpenter who has been active in the relief work. Standing (left to right) are Hobart Scott, William Foster and Wallner, who have likewise been active in the work.

PHILA. TEXTILE MEN JOIN MILL COMMITTEE

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—The heroic performance of the Textile Mill Committees in its leadership of the big New Bedford textile strike, is giving tremendous impetus to the growth of the National T. M. C., reports from this as well as all other textile centers indicate. Philadelphia mill workers are called to another mass meeting of that organization, to be held Thursday, evening July 19, at 8 o'clock at Kennington Labor Lyceum, 2nd and Cambria Sts.

In a call to the textile workers of that district the Philadelphia T. M. C. hails the coming convention called by the National Textile Mill Committees, to be held September 22 and 23 in New York. The official call was made public yesterday.

The Philadelphia unit also declares that the workers in all cloth weaving sections are recruiting in amazing numbers into the T. M. C because they are disgusted with the craven leadership of the United Textile Workers Union of the A. F. of L., who have laid down before general wage cut onslaught of the mill barons all over the country.

The call then cites the need of a national textile workers union which will replace the reactionary U. T. W.

Continued on Page Five

FULLER SPURNED AS "ARBITRATOR"

New Bedford Strikers Resent Insult

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 16.—Confronted with the impassible barrier presented by the unyielding ranks of the 28,000 textile strikers here, agents of the mill owners, in the role of "mediators," are again beginning to suggest that the wage-cut question be arbitrated. This time the mediators have gone so far as to suggest as "arbitrator" the murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti Massachusetts Governor Fuller.

In a searching denunciation of those who dare to put forward the name of Fuller as a participant in any kind of labor parley, Eli Keller issued a statement for the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mills Committee which declares that the mere suggestion of his name immediately brands the whole move as the preparation for a betrayal of the strike.

"To suggest the instrument for the government's murder of Sacco-Vanzetti, who died because they fought for the workingclass as the union is now fighting against the mill bosses, shows how much the strikers can expect from that sort of 'mediation,'" the union statement declares.

The strike committee of the T. W. U. is now devoting much of its

Continued on Page Five

"MORALITY" GUARDIANS

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16 (UP).—Two suits aimed against San Francisco police for arresting the manager and cast of the play "The Captive" were filed in federal court here today.

One, filed in behalf of Horace Liveright, New York publisher and owner of all rights to the play, asked an injunction to prevent police from interfering further with the production.

OFFICIALS PUSH SUBWAY STEAL

Propaganda Mill Gets Under Way

Propaganda by city officials for the so-called Untermeyer transit readjustment plan began to take form yesterday as was expected. John H. Delaney, Chairman of the Board of Transportation, issued a statement declaring that the plan "is a most important development."

Soft Pedal.

The soft pedal is being applied to the news that the plan was worked out by Untermeyer in conjunction with attorneys for the Brooklyn-

Continued on Page Five

SACCO MEETS PLANNED

Many Cities Honor Martyrs in August

In response to the call of the International Labor Defense that memorial meetings on the anniversary of the murder of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti be arranged, branches of the organization throughout the country have informed the national office, 80 E. 11th street, of the preparations that are now being made for a series of gatherings that will cover all of the important cities of the country.

New York's meeting will be held in the Central Opera House on Aug. 22. Cleveland will pay tribute to the two martyrs on the same day at the Public Square. Denver, Colorado, Detroit, and Chicago also meet on Aug. 22. Philadelphia's International Labor Defense will have its Sacco-Vanzetti meeting at the Labor Institute on Aug. 24.

Announcement has already been made of meetings in numerous other cities and the exact date and place of the gatherings will be published shortly. Meetings that are in the process of being arranged, include the following cities:

Seattle, Portland, Spokane, Astoria, Oakland, San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Jose, Canton, Toledo, Flint, Grand Rapids, St. Louis, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Akron, Duluth, Martins Ferry, Wilmington, Newark, Passaic, Boston, Haverhill, Springfield, Providence, New Haven, Hartford, Stamford, Waukegan, Pittsburgh and Buffalo. It is expected that a minimum of 75 cities will hold memorial meetings this year.

CHUKHNOVSKY, 4 COMPANIONS ARE RESCUED

Krassin Searches On For Amundsen

By EUGENE LYONS
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

MOSCOW, July 16.—After bringing to a climax today, with the rescue of nine men, the most triumphant relief voyage in Polar history, the Russian icebreaker Krassin steamed through the Arctic ice for Advent Bay to re-coal and resume her rescue work.

The Krassin embarked at 10 p. m. yesterday her aviator, Chukhnovsky, his four companions who had crashed with him last week on the ice in the rescue flight, the Norwegian huntsman Noyes and three Italian Alpine chasseurs who had been in search of survivors of the Italia disaster.

Krassin Rescues 16

These nine men joined the seven survivors of the Italia who had been embarked last week—two of them from a small icefloe and five

Continued on Page Five

HUGE FUR MASS MEET TOMORROW

Scab Council Fights July Raises

A huge mass meeting of fur workers, called for the purpose of discussing the question of the July wage increases and other important problems, is to be held tomorrow evening in Cooper Union, 8th St. and Fourth Ave., immediately after work.

The meeting tomorrow will be the climax of the "July raise drive" carried on by the Joint Board Furriers Union in the past few weeks. It is nevertheless to be the starting point of a triply intensified campaign for wage raises, which the Joint Board intends to prosecute, according to statements by its officers yesterday.

In addition to a full report on the results of the drive to date, which will be given by the union manager, Ben Gold, plans will be presented on the method to be adopted to secure July increases for every worker in the industry.

A report will also be delivered, it became known, on some "one union" negotiations that were carried on with the officials of the American Federation of Labor. A thoro analysis of the "Progressive Bloc" in the Joint Council, and the role they play in the workers fight for one union in the fur industry, is also to be made, union spokesmen say.

Each day finds the Joint Board able to report the successful furthering of the wage raise drive. The Joint Boards' activity in getting raises for the workers in their shops and the intense propaganda they

Continued on Page Three

150 FORD WORKERS IN POISON CASE

Eat Food; Drop in All Parts of Shop

SOMERVILLE, Mass., July 16.—Approximately 150 employees of the Ford Motor Company plant here collapsed at their work today as the result of illness believed to have been caused by food eaten at noon. Ambulances and private vehicles took the sick to hospitals. Work was suspended at the plant.

The sickness was first noticed at 2 o'clock when several workmen collapsed. For an hour workmen dropped in all parts of the shop.

The city ambulances were called and motorists passing the plant were pressed into service as the sick were taken to two hospitals. All available doctors were called.

Forty persons were taken to the Central Hospital while several others were taken to Medford.

Federal Government Plans Imprisonment of Workers for Anti-Military Activities

[illegible]E JAILED IN WAUKEGAN FOR OPEN AIR TALK

Fight Against Militarism Worries Officer

WAUKEGAN, Ill., July 16.—The authorities here have announced that [illegible] A. Herman, active anti-militarist leader of the Young Workers (Communist) League, probably will be tried by federal authorities for his activities against the military preparations of the government. At present, Herman is held under bail on the charge of "inciting to riot." He has been active in the textile strike in Kenosha. Also, the authorities say he is "guilty" of leading the anti-militarist activities at the Waukegan high school.

Secret service agents make no secret of the fact that every effort is being made to railroad Herman to prison on any pretext. Their fury knows no limit, following the challenge by Herman to Howard P. Savage, past national commander of the American Legion to a debate on the R. O. T. C., and the distribution of anti-militarist leaflets at the high school.

Herman was arrested for speaking at a street meeting and "advocating Communism." Others arrested on the same charge are Gertrude Gran[illegible], Ray Ahola, Joe Plotkin and Sulo Karjala.

Chorus, Cabaret Girls Organize In Chicago

CHICAGO, July 16 (FP).—Organization of chorus and cabaret girls is under way in Chicago. Minimum wages to $35 a week in Chicago and $45 on the road are among the demands of the embryo union. A 5-hour shift on the cabaret floor is another demand. Organizer [illegible] Clevenger says: "In the cabarets the girls are often required to sit with bald old birds and kid them along because they are good spenders. This should not be expected of the girls."

Thousands Crowd New York Beaches In Effort to Keep Cool

The beaches of New York City are the favorite recreation grounds of thousands of workers who crowd them in an effort to snatch a few moments of relief from the summer heat. Photo shows a view of part of the crowd at Coney Island.

POSSESS BRAINS OF THEIR SLAVES

Dictaphone Company is Guarding Invention

Continued from Page One

other facilities placed for its benefit at his disposal."

No worker with the right attitude it seems, can look at this show-window of benefits and remain unwilling to "assign promptly to the said Dictaphone Sales Corp. upon demand" anything of value he has thought of, is thinking of, or might think of. He is also bound at the company's pleasure to apply for patents on his inventions in all countries and to turn such patents over to the company without further thought of worldly gain.

Some of the signers, at least, never see the dollar "in hand paid" which they receipted for, the boss remarking in an off-hand way when the contract was signed that he didn't have any change handy. Any real American, of course, would blush to bring the matter up again; the boss might think he was a cheap skate.

Such thrift and foresight, practised throughout 1927, enabled the company to net a profit of $656,000 to pay extra dividends each quarter since last December, and to declare a 10 per cent stock dividend in June.

Hundreds Fighting California Fires

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., July 16 (UP).—Hundreds of men struggled today to check menacing forest and brush fires that already have swept many thousands of acres in widely separated sections of California.

Three fires were reported in the southern part of the state. A series of fires burned in the hills bordering the San Joaquin Valley. Two others occurred in northern California.

Young Lieutenant Dies in Plane Crash

MT. CLEMENS, Mich., July 16 (UP).—Second Lieutenant Charles E. Bradshaw, 26, of West Haven, Conn., who only two weeks ago completed his flying instructions at Kelly Field, Texas, and joined the first pursuit squadron here, crashed and was killed in Lake St. Clair. Bradshaw was practicing diving in one of the fast P-1 planes alone.

Theatre Press Agents Organize Trade Union

Two hundred theatre press agents have formed a union affiliated with the A. F. of L. If stage stars find it profitable to join Actors' Equity press agents should also organize, they argued.

$3,000,000 SEWER FUND BOX FOUND

Locate Phillips Bank Deposits in Canada

MONTREAL, (UP) July 16.—Ernest Bertrand, K. C., Krown prosecutor, who is acting locally for the people of the State of New York in the Queens sewer scandal case, told the United Press today that the safety deposit box purporting to contain the missing $3,000,000 which is alleged to have been obtained illegally from the city of New York had been located in the Montreal Safe Deposit Company under the name of Francis Phillips. Francis is a son of the late indicted contractor. Bertrand said he and his colleagues would seek a writ from the superior court to compel the bank in question to divulge the contents of the box.

The money is alleged to have been deposited in this city at the instigation of the late John Phillips wealthy Brooklyn sewer pipe contractor, against whose estate the three million dollar suit is being pressed by Albert Ottiner in his capacity as attorney General of New York State.

NAVY WILL STAGE AIR MANEUVERS ON WEST COAST

Demonstration Part of War Preparations

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The navy department has announced that for more than one month, beginning July 26, there will be war maneuvers of the largest number of naval planes ever assembled in the United States. The demonstration, which will be held at San Diego, Calif., is intended to show the power of American imperialism and to feed the jingo spirit in this country.

A total of 204 airplanes will take part in the maneuvers, including 54 pursuit craft, 36 light bombing, 30 scouting, 36 torpedo planes, 36 observation and 12 utility machines.

In its war preparations, the navy department is speeding up the development of the air force. Even the higher officers have been instructed to study aviation. Promotions are being given to the officers who are acquainted with air warfare.

From September 14 to 15, the air force will join the Pacific Coast fleet for operations "against an imaginary enemy."

British Dollars vs. American in Brazil

LONDON, July 16.—The application for a British loan by Brazil of 3,000,000 pounds is to be granted tomorrow. Brazil has been borrowing heavily from both British and United States capitalists, and this latest loan will greatly increase the British imperialist power in Brazil.

To counteract this Wall Street is granting Brazil a loan of $15,000,000, which will also add greatly to the amount of American capital invested in South America.

WILL PROBE PROHIBITION

WASHINGTON, July 16 (UP).—Prohibition Commissioner Doran today appointed a committee of dry administrators to study the prohibition situation in territory bordering inland rivers of the United States.

Did Their Bit to Boost Jingo Flying

Photo shows the American members of the Southern Cross crew that flew across the Pacific, waving to the crowd that greeted them on their return home. From left to right they are: Capt. Harry Lyon, navigator; his mother, Mrs. Leila Lyon; and James Warner, radio operator.

Student-Worker Killed in Fall

DENVER, Colo., July 16.—Ernest Ford, a student at the University of Denver School of Commerce, plunged four stories to the pave- was killed yesterday when he ment after a safety belt broke while he was working on his part-time job as window washer on the Continental Oil Company building here.

Ford was working his way thru college, and had only recently started to work as a window washer. Ten minutes before his death his pay had been raised from 9 to 10 cents an hour.

One Killed in Greek Train Derailment

ATHENS, July 16 (UP).—One person was killed and three were injured today when a landslide derailed a train between Athens and Thessaly and crushed six cars.

Socialist Defrauds Polish Immigrants

BERLIN, July 16.—A socialist customs official at Leipzig defrauded Polish citizens by the sum of from fifty to one hundred dollars apiece by giving them forged passports to America, it was revealed by the Leipzig police.

When the socialist learned that he had been discovered he could not face the consequence and committed suicide.

1,500 Texas Farmers Discuss Co-operative

LEVELLAND, Tex., July 16 (FP)—Co-operative marketing of cotton the principal crop of western Texas was the subject at a conference of 1,500 farmers from 21 counties held at Levelland.

500 JOIN STRIKE AT FISHER BODY AUTO FACTORY

A. F. of L. Officials Refuse Union Hall

Continued from Page One

present strike, and the attitude of the American Federation of Labor officials, who are apparently determined to ignore the strike in Flint.

That the A. F. of L. officials have no intention of interfering with the General Motors Corporation, which is one of the biggest open-shop concerns in the country, was clearly shown by the incident of the Flint Labor Temple.

A. F. L. Refuses Hall

After the Flint Labor Temple had been promised to the workers, the American Federation of Labor officials closed the hall and put up a notice that the auto workers would not be permitted to hold their meeting in the building.

Only the united pressure of the rank and file compelled the officials to turn over the hall to the meeting.

18 Sick In Michigan From Poisoned Food

IONIA, Mich., July 16 (UP).—Investigation today by city health authorities indicated that poisoned food caused ptomaine poisoning which affected 18 members of two families attending a reunion picnic.

The city health inspector said that two salads or chicken pie eaten at the gathering may have been contaminated and caused ill effects. He sought to locate samples of the food and send them to the state health department at Lansing. He already had sent samples of ice cream, which first was believed to have caused the poisoning.

HEAT HITS WORKERS

PHILADELPHIA, July 16 (UP).—Heat, which sent thousands to resorts and the water side for relief, claimed nine lives over the week-end. Six of the deaths were from drowning, two from auto accidents, and the other from heat prostration.

Postponed Until Saturday Evening, July 21.

Most Amazing Invention of the Twentieth Century!

PROFESSOR

THEREMIN

Produces Music from the Air

ROXY BALLET

Russian and Oriental Dances

Symphony Orchestra

ARNOLD VOLPE

Conductor

Saturday, July 21

Admission: 75c; $1.00; $1.25 and $1.50

CONEY ISLAND STADIUM

Surf Avenue and West Sixth Street

Fifty Thousand Austrian Workers Commemorate Death of Martyrs of July Revolt

POLICE DO NOT DARE TO HALT BIG PROCESSION

Pledge Continuance of Struggle at Graves

VIENNA, July 16.—In spite of the decree of the Vienna police authorities prohibiting all demonstrations during the present month, fifty thousand Austrian workers yesterday participated in the commemoration services for the workers who fell during the July revolt of last year.

Forming a long procession, thousands of workers marched from the capital to the cemetary where the class war dead are buried and placed wreathes upon the graves of the victims.

In spite of the police called out by the government to intimidate the marchers, scores of labor and fraternal organizations took part in the huge anniversary commemoration.

The police did not venture to break up the procession and there was no disorder of any kind on the part of the participants.

Hundreds of onlookers along the route taken by the marchers greeted the procession as it wound thru the city.

Speeches were made at the cemetary pledging the Austrian workers to continue the struggle in which the victims of the July revolt in Vienna had died courageously. After the addresses the demonstrators sang the International.

Little Done for Child Workers by Legislation

"Bad" child labor states improved little or not at all in their legislation in 1928 while some of the better states handed out meager crumbs of assistance, says the National Child Labor Committee. Neither Louisiana nor Mississippi legislators cared to improve their deficient laws.

South Carolina, with the weakest law in the country, reduced from 12 to 10 years the age limit for children of poor parents to be hired out on farms and other non-factory jobs. Compulsory attendance period was strengthened, but the governor vetoed appropriations to enforce the law.

Three Negroes Injured When Car Strikes Pole

BALTIMORE, Md., July 16.—Three men were injured here today when the car in which they were riding struck a telephone pole. The three, who gave their names as James Hubbard, Wilbur Burley, and Furnace Brance, were removed to Johns Hopkins Hospital, where they remained suffering from fractures of the arms, legs, and ribs, and probable internal injuries. All three are Negroes.

Off for Official Start of Bunk Campaign

Herbert Hoover, candidate of the Teapot Dome party, has left for official notification ceremonies in California. Photo, taken on rear platform of the train, shows, left to right, Representative John Q. Tilson, a Hoover yes-man; Herbert himself; Mrs. Tilson and Mrs. Hoover.

TELEPHONE TRUST TRIPLES RAKEOFF

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press).

The $185,000,000 additional stock offered to shareholders in the American Telephone & Telegraph Co. calls attention to the extraordinary growth of this corporation's annual contribution to the investing class. Within the last decade the annual cash dividends disbursed by the A. T. & T. have just about tripled, reflecting profits multiplied 3 times over since 1918.

The cash dividends to the owners of this great communications trust amounted in 1927 to $97,379,934. This year they will run to more than $100,000,000 while within a year they will exceed $166,000,000. Ten years ago the annual dividends amounted to $35,229,699.

Stock Dividend.

The telephone trust's regular method of expanding its capital is to offer stockholders the right to subscribe to a certain number of shares at par. As the shares always have a market value considerably over par such an offering really includes what amounts to a stock dividend..

This year's offering gave the right to subscribe to 1 new share for each 6 shares held. The present market value of a share of American T. & T. stock is about $178 which makes the right to subscribe worth something more than $12 a share. Altogether the transaction may be reckoned as a gift of more than $125,000,000 to the stockholders.

The growth of telephone profits and dividends since 1918 is shown in the table:

Super Profits.

A. T. & T. Profits	Bal. for dividends	Dividends Paid
1918	$43,901,322	$35,229,699
1919	44,395,791	35,356,334
1920	51,821,216	35,376,793
1921	54,002,704	42,674,403
1922	66,170,428	52,971,252
1923	81,692,181	63,274,388
1924	91,046,321	70,918,227
1925	107,405,046	81,044,426
1926	116,990,400	86,496,345
1927	128,614,910	97,379,934

Much publicity is being given the elaborate machinery to make sure that every one of the 430,000 stockholders hears of the opportunity to subscribe to new shares of stock. The object of all this noise is to convince the public that the ownership of the telephone trust is widely distributed among small investors.

The stockholders average about 26 shares apiece. This average at par means an investment of $2600 in a single block of stock, which puts it considerably above the average wage earner or salaried worker. And there is some heavy concentration of ownership in the stockholder list

Concentrated Holdings.

The Sun Life Assurance Co. has a block of 76,711 shares. It is only 1 of 20 holding from 9000 shares up. The most interesting figure in the stockholder list is George F. Baker chairman of J. P. Morgan's First National Bank of N. Y. Baker holds personally 53,322 shares. Holdings of 31,391 shares by D. T Waters and 21,000 shares by F. H. Pierson, both of Baker's bank, are generally assumed part of his interest. This would give Baker 105,923 shares with a par value of more than $10,000,000 and rights in the new stock issue worth at least $1,200,000. Morgan henchmen like Baker are skimming the cream in the remarkable expansion of the telephone industry.

STIMSON URGES U. S. CAPITAL

Filipino Freedom Not Mentioned in Speech

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.—American capital must be invited to the Philippine Islands if the economic development of the island and the future prosperity of the Filipinos are to be assured, Governor-General Stimson, declared today in his annual address before the Manila legislature. The address was made public here.

The necessity of encouraging the introduction of American capital, he asserted, "probably is the fundamental problem of the Philippine Islands today, underlying nearly all other problems."

The governor-general said nothing about independence in the course of his address.

FASCIST JUSTICE ROLL

Record of Sentences for Late April

Italian newspapers have been received here that disclose the following sentences against workers in Italy for the latter part of April:

April 23, 1928—Accused: The workers Marcello Gorneiro and Gino Quintavalle. The former was charged with having had in his room four leaflets and a number of the "Battaglia Sindicali" (trade union organ). The second accused was charged with having often met Gorniero in a public house. Sentences: Gorniero, 4 years' hard labor; Quintavalle, 1 year's hard labor.

April 23, 1928—Accused: The social democratic workers Mario Molteni, Angelo Rainoldi and Pietro Zanoni. The accused were charged with having received Communist leaflets. Sentences: Molteni, 7 years and 6 months' hard labor; Rainoldi and Zanoni, 2 years' hard labor each. ("Corriere della Sera," April 24, 1928.)

April 25, 1928—Accused: The workers Angelo Scucchia and Libero Stagnetti. Stagnetti was accused of having received leaflets of the trade unions from Scucchia without having denounced the latter to the police. Sentences: Scucchia, 6 years and 3 months' hard labor; Stagnetti, 1 year and 3 months' hard labor. ("Corriere della Sera," April 26, 1928.)

April 25, 1928—Accused: The Transport worker Antonio Dell'Agilo of having "with persons unknown considered the advisability of actions calculated to let loose civil war and insurrection against the state power." Sentence: 7 years and 6 months' hard labor. ("Corriere della Sera," April 26.)

April 28, 1928—Accused: 16 Communist workers from Apulia. According to the evidence of the police inspector, Vincenzo Grano, the police had learned that for some time preparatory sessions had been held for the organization of a conference on June 20, 1926, at which conference a revolutionary action on a large scale was to be discussed. Grano then caused the conference hall to be surrounded and arrested everyone in it. The conference in question was a normal district conference of the Italian Communist Party, which at the time was perfectly legal, it being prohibited only on November 9, 1926. No matter. Sentences: Eduardo Voccolo, 12 years and 6 months' hard labor; Giuseppe LaTorre, 12 years and 3 months' hard labor; Consiglio Carmignani, 6 years and 8 months' hard labor; Angelo de Roma, 6 years and 3 months' hard labor; Attilio Viola, 6 years and 3 months' hard labor; Francesco Nardelli, 6 years and 3 months' hard labor; Giuseppi Guarino, 5 years hard labor; Pietro Dal Conso, 4 years and 2 months' hard labor; Rodolfo Raffoni, 4 years and 2 months' hard labor; Fosco Marinelli, 4 years and 2 months' hard labor; Egidio Valeri, 4 years' hard labor; Olimpio Crocicchia, 3 years and 4 months' hard labor; W. Voccoli, 3 years' hard labor; Francesco Manzi, 2 years' hard labor; Maria Schirano, 2 years' hard labor; total, 87 years' hard labor. ("Corriera della Sera," April 29, 1928.)

French Fascists Ban Workers Newspaper

PARIS, July 16.—Two working class newspapers, one Spanish and the other Polish, have been banned by the French Government. The newspapers are printed in Paris for the Spanish and Polish workers who live there. They criticized sharply the fascist dictators Primos de Riveras and Pilsudski.

Those are no exception since the French Government has already banned a number of foreign papers, printed in France. Those that have already been forbidden are the Italian "Unity," the Polish paper "Robotnik" and the Trybuna Robotnitza." Little Entente.

TWO COMMUNIST PAPERS STOPPED IN COLUMBIA

See Dictatorship Looming

BOGOTA, Columbia, July 16.—Whether the law "against Communism" submitted by the Colombian government is accepted by the two chambers of parliament or not, the Colombian government will pursue its relentless suppression of any labor movement, according to its own declaration.

There is considerable opposition in both chambers against the "law against Communism," which would not only attempt to suppress any labor movement, organizations, strikes or labor press, but would even put in danger any bourgeois liberal publication and facilitate the establishment of an uncontrolled conservative dictatorship, which is now in the making. For these reasons the liberal deputies of the chamber and even a few conservative senators oppose this bill.

Though its ultimate acceptance is possible, several liberal and conservative deputies and senators have attempted to remove the worst and most "elastic" sections and to delay its acceptance by obstruction.

In answer to the speeches of a deputy who asserted that this law would make any public activity impossible, the minister of finance, as spokesman of the government said: "The government will defend society when that law is passed, but it is also prepared to defend it, even if the law is not passed."

In the meantime the official organ of the Colombian section of the Communist Party, "La Humanidad," of Cali, and other labor paper, partly edited by Communists, the "Vox Populi," of Medellin, have been suppressed.

MILK DEATHS IN LEE NUMBER 30

No Action Taken Yet Against Company

LEE, Mass, July 16.—Another death, resulting from the septic sore throat epidemic in Lee brought about by a poisoned milk supply, occurred today. This increased the number of persons dead so far of the disease to 30.

The latest victim is Benjamin W. Aires, who contracted the disease here, but whose death occurred in Springfield after the malady had developed into pneumonia.

More cases of the disease were discovered after health authorities made a round of the city to discover new aspects of the epidemic The authorities, however, did not disclose how many new cases had been found. It is thought that these number almost a hundred, which, added to the 700 now known to be in existence, indicates a sick population of about 800.

No concrete action has been taken so far against the milk company whose supply has caused 30 deaths and almost 1,000 illnesses.

MUSSOLINI FOR KELLOGG PACT

Press Ridicules New Scrap of Paper

ROME, July 16.—In a note addressed to the American state department, the Italian government yesterday announced its willingness to sign the Kellogg multilateral peace treaty. The note was signed by Premier Mussolini and briefly stated the satisfaction of the fascist government with the American proposals.

The Italian press, however, is ridiculing the treaty as another scrap of paper bound to be violated at the first serious international crisis..

The press is also pointing out the discrepancy between Kellogg's peace proposals and the war that American marines are waging in Nicaragua.

SEE NEW PLOT AGAINST U.S.S.R.

BUCHAREST, July 16.—Intimations that a secret military conference is being planned under the direction of an officer of the French general staff and for the purpose of planning an offensive against the Soviet Union have been made with the arrival here of the French general Rond.

Marshall Pilsudski is also expected within the next few days together with other representatives of the

Express Drivers and R. R. Clerks to Meet

CINCINNATI, July 16 (FP).—The jurisdictional dispute over express drivers which has kept the railway clerks out of the American Federation of Labor for two years will be ironed out in Cincinnati Aug. 13, it is unofficially reported. Clerks teamsters and A. F. of L. chiefs will have a joint meeting then.

FULLER SPURNED AS "ARBITRATOR"

New Bedford Strikers Resent Insult

Continued from Page One

attention to work out plans for the coming parade of the textile strikers, it was learned. The elaborate preparations now under way and the extreme interests being manifested by the masses of strikers in the parade, gives evidence that this will be one of the mightiest labor demonstrations in recent times.

The Textile Workers Union was granted a permit to hold a strikers' parade several days ago by Mayor Ashley. The overwhelming indignation of the people here at the police attack on the parade several weeks ago forced a change of front by the city politicians.

Signs are rapidly multiplying which support the belief that a mill owners' offensive through a police terror is imminent. This is seen in the recent statement of Police Chief McLeod, who threatened drastic measures if the mass picketing of tens of thousands is continued. The manufacturers also gave a hint to what is being prepared by saying that some strikers would go to work if police action was "stricter."

Picketing Increasing

Picketing at the mills still assumes the character of huge turnouts of thousands of strikers. Even the few tens of scabs the mill owners have been able to muster are rapidly dwindling as each day finds some walking out of a plant to join the picket line.

Another ominous sign is the steps the police are taking to keep the thousands of spectators at each mill moving and not permitting them to congregate as heretofore.

Crowds View Bier of Carranza [illegible]

The so-called "Good Will" [illegible] of American imperialism, was cut short tragically when his plane crashed in New Jersey, [illegible] the flyer. Photo on left shows Mexican dignitaries before the bier of the dead aviator. Photo on right shows crowd waiting to view the body.

FASCISTS FRAME MORE WORKERS

Two Trials In Rome Every Week

GENEVA, July 16.—A new trial of 21 anti-fascists began last week in Rome before the Special Tribunal. They are charged, as usual, with "plotting to overthrow the state power."

The chief defendant is Luigi Scarmigan, who is charged with reorganizing the Communist Party of Italy. To be tried with him are: Ardiccio Donegani, Christino Rossini, Alcide Bertelli, Umberto Tangetti, Pietro Tosani, Carlo Tofarelli, Italo Nicoletti, Marcelle Verdina, Luigi Bardelloni, Luigi Vivaldini Luigi Gatta, Dante Mozzo, Allesandro Valzelli, Giuseppe Mazzanini, Tomasco Imperadori, Antonio Gheno Cesare Bagni and Primo Ghidinelli

Judging from the verdicts that have been handed down regularly twice a week against groups of anti-fascists and Communists, frightful punishments are to be expected.

CMTC IS AIDING CAPITALIST WAR

Many Young Workers Trained For Slaughter

According to an announcement at the Governor's Island military headquarters yesterday, 570 young workers will be prepared for imperialist wars at the August "Citizens Military Training Camps" at Fort Hancock and Fort Monmouth, both in New Jersey.

Young workers for these camps have been recruited from New York, New Jersey and Delaware. The majority, 354, have been assigned to Fort Hancock, and 216 will be sent to Fort Monmouth.

False Promises.

These young workers have been recruited by promises of a free vacation from the long hours of labor in the factories, and in many cases the bosses even continue pay on condition that they attend the camps. Some, especially the students, have been attracted by the appeal of "adventure."

During the month at the camps, those in the C. M. T. C. will receive military instruction to make them more efficient tools for use against workers of this country.

"Citizenship" Bunk.

But even this is regarded by the capitalists and the authorities as a relatively minor matter in comparison with the courses in "citizenship," and the nationalistic propaganda at the camps.

During the month of August, the 570 young men at Fort Hancock and Fort Monmouth will be taught absolute submission to the will of the bosses.

FUNDS NEEDED IN PORTER CASE

The International Labor Defense is answering the challenge of the war department in its effort to railroad John Porter to prison, according to an announcement made by the organization today. Isaac Shorr, the attorney retained by the I. L. D. in the case, is to defend Porter at the trial beginning today. Not only will every possible effort be made in the courts, but the masses must be mobilized in this important struggle with the military authorities, it was stated.

The Porter case will be very expensive, and the I. L. D. will be called upon to face all the forces at the disposal of the government. It is necessary for the workers to aid in this fight. Funds for the defense are urgently needed, it was pointed out. All contributions should be sent to International Labor Defense, 80 East 11th St., New York.

Printers In Merger

Vanguard Press, publishers of 50c labor books, has merged with Macy-Masius to enable it to publish more expensive books on a basis to reward labor authors through royalty payments. Vanguard has published 75 titles in the 50c series and distributed 250,000 volumes.

PALESTINE PRISONERS CALL HUNGER STRIKE

BEIROUT, Palestine, (By Mail).—When the political prisoners in the Jerusalem jail were just about to set out on their allotted walk, they were ordered to return to their cells, because the time had not quite come for their airing. When the prisoners resisted slightly, they were brutally taken in hand by the police and beaten. Prisoner Kaniewski's nose was broken. They were all forcibly dragged to their cells. The feeling of the prisoners was aroused at this injustice and they declared a hunger and thirst strike.

Tortured.

When the wardens discovered the determination of the prisoners three of the hunger strikers, Kaniewski, Seidmann and Langmann, were dragged into a cell, strongly bound and each one was given twelve strokes of a hide whip on their naked bodies. When the commander saw that the strokes were too "weak" he grabbed the whip and beat them himself. The cries of pain of the beaten prisoners and the calls of protest from the other prisoners filled the jail for hours. The three strikers were then taken into separate dark cells and put in chains. Following this the numerous other political prisoners decided to go on a hunger strike. They decided to begin the strike on June 6, since they were assurred that the workers would take up the struggle for the rights of class war prisoners.

Defends Terrorists.

The report of this incident, with many serious omissions, was given to the English representative in Palestine, who telegraphed it to England, where it led to some discussion in the House of Commons. The labor member of parliament Kenworthy, asked the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Amery whether he knew of this incident and whether it were possible for the House to make a decision on it. The secretary defended the terrorists of the Jerusalem jail and added: "Beating is a customary punishment for misdemeanors in prison and His Honor the English Minister has declared that this punishment was just."

On the question whether it was a crime to be a member of the Communist Party in Palestine, Mr Amery declared that he was not in the position to answer this question.

The Red Aid of Palestine has decided not to allow this crime against the political prisoners to go unanswered. All over the country protest meetings are being held and the workers demand special rights for political prisoners.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 16 (UP).—The Rev. Alphonse Steel, 41, was arrested here today on advice of Fort Valley, Ga., authorities, who said he is wanted there on a charge of murder.

HELENA, Mont., July 16 (UP).—Damage estimated at more than $1,500,000 was caused by fire in the business district here today.

LABOR OFFICALS FINED BY COURT

Defy Injunction and Picket Shop

CHICAGO, (FP) July 16.—Fines of $75 and $50 were levied on business agent John Werlik and Louis Kanule of the metal polishers union for violation of an injunction obtained by the Chicago Flexible Shaft Co. forbidding picketing and other union activities. Werlik and Kenule paraded with placards before the plant against which the union has been conducting a strike for over 15 months. It was the only union shop that refused to raise the scale from $1 an hour to $1.10 a year ago last spring. It is now operating openshop. The company has refused to arbitrate the dispute though the union is willing to accept any Chicago judges the company may select as arbitrators.

FUR WORKERS TO MEET TOMORROW

Will Further Drive For Wage Raises

Continued from Page One

have carried on have caused many right wing shops to revolt against their "socialist" scab union officialdom and go out on "outlaw" strikes when their bosses refused a raise. The right wing officials met this by sending the industrial squad to beat up and arrest their mutinous members, as was done at the shop of Bloom and Gerber.

Circulars, issued by the Joint Board, which draw a parallel between the raises secured for the workers when the left wing was in control and the miserable pay given now, has aroused the thousands of furriers to a high pitch of indignation.

Meanwhile, the Progressive Bloc in the Joint Council has also launched a damaging barrage of leaflets against the McGrady-Stetsky machine. Those leaflets enumerate facts of deliberate betrayals of the registered fur workers when they attempted to gain wage raises.

The most significant part of the bloc leaflets is the call they issue to the furriers to stop paying dues to the McGrady gang. The bloc leaders, who were until a week or so ago officials of the right wing union, charge that this money is being used to pay graft to the police industrial squad, which now acts openly as the official organizers for the right wing union.

MILITANCY OF ROSARIO LABOR ALARMSBOSSES

Argentine City Is Rid Of Strikebreakers

ROSARIO, Argentine, July 16.—Continuing their attempts to break the organizations of the harbor and other workers, whose increase in strength and militancy during the last few months has been alarming the merchants and authorities of this and other cities thruout the Argentine, a number of large business houses here have announced that they will not open their doors until the future attitude of the strikers warrants. This is understood to mean until the strikers discontinue driving strikebreakers out of Rosario.

The commercial firms shut their doors in protest against the success of the workers and their organizations in ridding the city of scabs.

Traffic in Rosario harbor continues to be impeded as the ship owners and exporters have failed to come to satisfactory terms with the men.

The efforts of the ship owners to import an army of strikebreakers has failed, hundreds of those brought into the city having been run out again by the unions.

Frantic appeals of the owners to the municipal authorities have failed to bring other results than a number of arrests which have in no way materially altered the situation.

G O P NEGRO SOLD PUBLIC OFFICES

Indictment Returned Against Howard

BILOXI, Miss., July 16.—An indictment charging sale of public offices in Mississippi has been returned against Perry W. Howard national Negro republican committeeman, by the federal grand jury here, it became known today.

The indictments were returned Saturday but were not made public until today. Howard is now in Washington.

20 GIRLS KEPT FROM SCABBING

Bureaucrats Hamper Shirt Strike

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., July 16.—Members of the Young Workers (Comunist) League considerably aided the young shirt strikers here in gaining a victory over the bosses today. Many League members participated in this morning's picket work, as was promised by a representative of the League to the strikers on Saturday.

There were 60 pickets on this morning's line.

Twenty girls were about to apply for jobs at the Jaco Company, at which the strike is taking place, but were persuaded by the pickets not to weaken their fight against the wage-cut by scabbing on their sister workers. None of the girls went inside the factory to apply.

A meeting between the strike committee and the officials of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, which was to have taken place this morning, was not held, due to the failure of the Amalgamated officials to show up. These officials refused to call out the cutters at the Jaco shop to strike with the others, because they were not given control of the strike. At another time one of the officials conferred with the bosses without the agreement of the strike committee.

ARREST 10 BOOTLEGGERS.

DETROIT, Mich., July 16 (UP).—With seven recent bootleg war deaths, Detroit police today made a dozen arrests in an effort to clear up the murder of Peter Ziola, 20, alleged hijacker. Ziola was killed and Carl Fitzgerald seriously wounded Saturday when they attempted to steal a liquor shipment, police said.

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Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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"FREIHEIT"
30 Union Square, N. Y. C

I. W. W. "KING'S" SPEECH SHOWS SEAMEN WHY WOBBLIES PLAY NO REAL PART ON WATERFRONT

(By a Seaman Correspondent)

James P. Thompson, the recognized king of the I. W. W., spoke to a small gathering of about seventy-five people recently at the corner of Whitehall and South Sts. After listening to about one hour and a half of his tirade against the Workers (Communist) Party, we can readily understand why the I. W. W. is playing such an insignificant part in the American Labor movement today. Thompson's efforts to confuse the minds of the audience, showing the Workers (Communist) Party in the role of the old bourgeois political parties, and in many cases referring to the Workers Party as labor politicians, was laughed at by the audience, many of whom understood the role it is playing in the struggle for the liberation of the workers and farmers from the yoke of capitalist slavery.

Referring to Communist activities against imperialism in China and Nicaragua, Thompson says that they should let foreign imperialists exploit the masses in those countries until they become industrial proletariats, before organizing them on a revolutionary basis, thus showing that the I. W. W. can be placed in the same category as the "socialist" party, evolutionary, instead of revolutionary.

The save-the-union movement is a failure, Thompson maintains, not mentioning the fact that this movement has drawn thousands of organized miners, as well as unorganized, from the reactionary Lewis machine, and is organizing them in a new miners' union with a militant program and leadership.

The Passaic strike was led to the slaughter by the A. F. of L. reactionary officialdom, says Thompson, but little does he know that the militant rank and file workers who led that strike went into the A. F. of L. with it, or that in this present strike of the New Bedford textile mills we see something big appearing on the horizon as a result of the activities of the Communists in these two fields.

He also referred to the International Seamen's Club program for forming marine workers' progressive committees as a failure and as a dual organization, but "King" Thompson might bear in mind that the marine transport workers of the I. W. W. has been in the field for seven years and today we can estimate its membership on all coasts at not more than two hundred and fifty, in this respect being surpassed by the International Seamen's Union of America, affiliated to the A. F. of L., who at least have a membership of 6,500, out of about 125,000,000 workers actually engaged in the marine industry.

Neither did Thompson mention why the M. T. W. of the I. W. W. lost a membership of 45,000, which it had in the years of 1923 and 1924; not a word was said as to why the I. W. W. refused to affiliate with the Red International of Labor Unions in 1921, and we can readily see that today it is only a national organization without any support from militant labor in other parts of the world.

The I. W. W. is a rank and file organization, he declared, but we must remind Thompson that the only time the I. W. W. amounted to anything was when the late Bill Haywood was dictating the policies of the organization and when Haywood went to the Soviet Union the I. W. W. started to go haywire. The emergency split also helped its downfall to a great extent.

The I. W. W. today is not the I. W. W. of yesterday, and our reply to Thompson is to step aside and let something big take its place in the freeing of the American workers from capitalist exploitation, and that is the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

BLACKIE.

Philadelphia Barbers' Demands Sold Out by Officialdom, Correspondent Reports

HANdOuTS

This is a free country but in it some are little freer than others. Among those who got a big slice when liberty was passed around are the public utility corporations. They have the privilege of appearing in the schools and telling Johnny and Mary that the workers never could operate the utilities successfully and that the American system is O.K. even if papa is too poor to give them a dime on Saturday night to go to the movies.

* * *

The methods by which the corporations obtain these results are clearly shown in a letter from R. R. McGregor, assistant director of the Illinois committee on Public Utility Information, to J. B. Sheridan, director of the Missouri committee:

"More recently we have adopted the plan of having a third party organization make the arrangement with the schools. In strict confidence the Illinois Chamber of Commerce handled it for us during the last summer. We, of course, paid the bill. We try to keep away from announcing the talks to have anything to do with public utilities, our last talks being on the government of business.

"In placing speakers before schools the job is most complete when you make arrangements with the speaker who should be an educator of the highest standing, well known and accepted throughout the state."

* * *

This is freedom of speech under capitalism. O course if a poor worker wanted to deny the statements of the public utility hireling he has the freedom to go out into the woods and explain his position to a crowd of poison ivy and locust leaves. But unless he has the backing of the Chamber of Commerce and the spare change to bribe the states' leading educator he wouldn't make connections with the public school audience.

* * *

Emerald, the class conscious ant, says: "America imports $40,000,000 worth of diamonds annually from South Africa and New York ferry workers toil 19 hours in a row on Sundays."

* * *

Clean Cut Art

White soap sculptors are exhibiting their work at the Fourth Annual Small Sculptures Exhibition at the Anderson Art Galleries. Above Billie Morton of Montclair, N. J., is looking over some of the work in soap. After the sculptors finish their work for the day they wash with a piece of marble.

Police Can Do Nothing In Hobo "Jungle"

BURLINGTON, Ia. (FP).—The Rock Island jungle in Burlington is controlled by an ex-hobo who rented a small piece of land adjacent to the tracks. He uses part for his shack and garden. The balance he devotes to a jungle, equipped with tables, frying pans and others things dear to a traveling 'bo. Since it is private property, neither the railroad nor the city police can drive the guests out.

AGREE TO TERMS OF MASTERS AT $32.50 PER WEEK

Urge Rank and File War On Treason

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, July 14. (By Mail).—At the last meeting of the Philadelphia Central Labor Union, on Sunday, July 8, Brother Doughtery of the Hosiery Workers Union disclosed the fact that Brother Allison, business agent of the District Council of the Building Trades, had buttered his bread on both sides at the expense of the union, and had proceeded to eat it. Brother Allison was sent as a delegate to the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor convention with the understanding that the Central Labor Union would have to bear no expense, since Allison is a paid official of the Building Trades. But lo! and behold! at the meeting in June Allison and his friends had pushed through a bill of expenses of $50 for the 4 days of convention!

Criticism Suppressed

Doughtery was then steamrollered in beautiful style, being ruled out of order in several different ways. All the cronies in the C. L. U. rushed to the defense of the fat boy who, as representative of the Building Trades machine, plays a substantial role in controlling the reactionary C. L. U. One of these rescuing knights was Brother McKew, international vice-president of Major Berry's Printing Pressmen, who, among other things, notified Philadelphia labor that he had just returned from the Democratic convention at Houston.

Allison's $50 are safe. Doughtery will be carefully straightened out and will "forget" about bringing the matter up at the next meeting, to which it was referred. Unsophisticated workers who did not understand previously why Allison weighs about 350 pounds, are now beginning to see the light.

Meeting Reactionary

The rest of the meeting went off in true reactionary fashion. A report of the strike situation developing among the Philadelphia Journeymen Barbers was made. The journeymen barbers are demanding an increase in wages from $32.50 a week to $35.00, and a decrease in hours from 57 to 53 a week. The master barbers insist on a cut in wages to $28.00, and the old 57-hour week. In the negotiations of the union officials with the master barbers the officialdom agreed to the old rate of $32.50 a week, selling out the demands of the rank and file in order to avoid a struggle against their "friends."

However, the master barbers were not satisfied with this sell-out. They knew that the limit of betrayal of these labor fakers had not yet been reached. They insisted on the cut to $28.00. A strike will ensue, and the Central Labor Union decided to "co-operate and support the journeymen barbers." With the misleaders that they do have, being assisted by the labor fakers in the C. L. U., the rank and file workers will have to take things into their own hands, and, behind the leadership of the T. U. E. L., put up a fight against the betrayal by these false leaders.

More Anti-Labor Policies

The great, noisy campaign of the Elevator Constructors and Operators to organize the handful of operators in the Snellenberg store, and against the anti-union policy of that concern, was again inflicted on the C. L. U. after everybody thought it had died. The organization methods of Frank Feeney's outfit are certainly interesting, if not particularly novel. There is no strike. Of course not! There is no picketing. That is unthinkable with Injunction-Judge McDevitt just around the corner. No, tens of thousands of letters and postcards are being signed by trade unionists in Philadelphia, and have been sent to the Snellenberg store, declaring that no business would be done with that firm until they recognized the Elevator Constructors and Operators.

Thus far, the Snellenberg store hasn't budged, although the Elevator Constructors claim to have sent 40,000 letters. They intend fighting along this line, even if it takes all summer. With a fighting, competent leadership, not only the elevator operators, who are only a handful, but the thousands of girls and young men who sweat in the department stores of Philadelphia for $10, $12 and $15 for 50 hours a week could be organized with half the money expended. But the Feeneys do not want to fight. They think that it is easier, and it is, to convince the firms that it pays to have a handful of union men, and then advertise itself as a union concern, "friendly" to labor, while grinding out greater profits by constantly speeding up the workers and paring down their pay envelopes.

STRIKE!

To All Shirt Makers in Perth Amboy:

SUPPORT THE STRIKE IN THE JACO CO.

ORGANIZE 100% FOR A SHIRT MAKERS' UNION IN PERTH AMBOY!

We, the workers in the Jaco Co., have gone on strike against a wage-cut. Our wages were very low before the cut. Now they are still lower and it is impossible to get along on them. Our factory walked out 100% against the wage-cut.

SHIRT-WORKERS! All of you have received a cut, too. Those who are not cut yet can expect one if the workers do not put up a fight against it. The reason we have all received such wage-cuts is because we are not organized into a union.

STRIKE AGAINST THE WAGE-CUT! If we all go out the bosses will have to listen to us and give us our demands.

WE DEMAND:

1.—RECOGNITION OF OUR UNION SO THAT WE WILL BE PROTECTED AGAINST FURTHER CUTS!

2.—NO WAGE-CUT!

3.—AT LEAST $20 FOR EACH WORKER!

4.—JOBS BACK TO THOSE WORKERS WHO WERE FIRED WHEN THE CUT CAME!

5.—8-HOUR DAY! 44-HOUR WEEK!

6.—NO PIECE WORK!

JOIN THE STRIKE!!

DON'T BE YELLOW!!

UNITED WE WILL WIN OUR DEMANDS!!!

JACO COMPANY SHOP COMMITTEE
383½ STATE ST.

POLICE BREAK UP CHICAGO MEETING

5 Speakers Arrested; Brutally Handled

WAUKEGAN, Ill., July 16.—Five members of the Young Workers (Communist) League were arrested here yesterday when police broke up an open air meeting that was being held by the Leauge.

The meeting had been progressing peacefully until a well-dressed spectator began to interrupt the speaker and ask questions. The speaker answered all the questions he asked, but the man continued to disturb the meeting. The crowd of workers, who had been listening to the speakers, asked him to keep quiet and listen. He refused to do so, and notified the police that "some Reds are starting a riot." The police came, and without ever questioning the speaker, Sam Herman, or requesting him to stop speaking, pulled him from the stand and placed him under arrest.

Immediately after this, Ray Ahola mounted the stand to protest. He was also arrested. Three others who started to protest against the police tactics and continue the meeting were pulled down and placed under arrest in quick succession. The police handled all of the speakers brutally, and tore the clothes off one.

Until the interruption, over two hundred workers had cheered continually the speaker's explanation of the role of the United States government in working hand in hand with the exploiters of the working class.

After being in jail for several hours, all were released on bail except Sam Herman. The police kept him in jail with the statement that he was "under investigation."

The Young Workers (Communist) League, however, will continue to hold these open-air meetings regularly every week at the same corner

Man Drowns as Many Are Saved in Flood

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—One man was drowned when the Perkiomen Creek, swollen by heavy rains during the last few days, overflowed its banks yesterday into the Perkiomen Valley, north of here. Scores of summer campers were rescued from tents and bungalows, many of which were carried away by the floods.

The man who was drowned was William Bloomer, 21 years old, who lost his life when he set out with two friends in a canoe to explore the flooded area.

PRISONERS SLAVE IN GEORGIA STATE FARM

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

I have had a fifteen thousand mile adventure in the U. S. A. of which I am now writing to you. I will tell you about America as I found it in my travels in the highways of the land.

I found in the great, free America as I traveled over it, institutions that are called work-houses and reform schools, penitentiaries, poor houses and orphans' homes. Here you find what America really is. Is it free? It certainly is not.

State Farm.

If you should venture down south to Georgia state you would see a state farm controlled by your government. On this farm there are 5,000 prisoners. It is known as a turpentine farm.

The inmates work 12 hours a day and gather sap from the trees. This is made into turpentine and then they extract a higher oil known as oil of juniper and from the products come tar and rausam.

The inmates are men caught by railroad "bull" or are picked up by regular police for vagrancy and are fined $90 or sentenced to 11 months and 29 days to jail. They most often do not have the money and are, therefore, sentenced to the "farm." They are shackled, at this farm, to a ball and chain on their ankles. With this on their feet they are unable to run away.

If the inmates do anything wrong they are tied to a whipping stump, bound hand and foot to it and are beaten by one white and one Negro inmate who are threatened with beatings themselves if they do not beat their fellow inmates and severely at that. The punished man is beaten by a long leather trace to which a bar of lead is attached. The two men used in inflicting the punishment are always the strongest.

"Working Out" Clothes.

Many serve as much as three years before they are granted their freedom. Here are some of the reasons. Shoes and clothing are necessary, to last the 11 months and 29 days since it is hot as hell there. If money can be had then everything is O K. But no one has any money and so in order to get the clothes ordered in a commissary they allow time to be added to their original sentences for them. This is known as working out their clothes. Ninety days are added for a pair of shoes, which are not at all good.

If a man takes sick he gets the "black bottle."

The majority of the men here are northerners and easterners. They travel down south for a job and land in the farm for 11 months and 29 days and often more than that.

Does dear old Al Smith know about this? I'm sure he does. Do Hoover and Coolidge and all the priests and salvation armyists know this? They do. Why don't they do anything about it? It's because this is a capitalist country and because religious institutions are for poisoning the minds of the workers and not for helping them.

These capitalist birds sing "Where is My Wandering Boy Tonight." Yes, he's to be found in such institutions as the Georgia farm, for lack of a job, or else he's 6 feet under from drinking the black bottle given him while he was sick.

No Aid To Workers.

None of these guys will help any workers. They'll only fool them with ideas about becoming president some day. Repeat the constitution to any judge in Georgia today and he will tell you politely to forget it since it was dead and buried when Jefferson and Tom Paine died. The declaration of independence also died with these men, the learned judge says.

But there are many scissorbills, lickspittles of the capitalists. They say they are getting by when they don't even always get mission flops and hardly ever can beg enough for coffee an'. They expect pie in the sky, but I for one would prefer it on earth.

Well, this is only a very little bit of what I have seen and experienced. But you can bet I'll write more about this glorious United States that beats up workers when they want to do something for themselves.

JOHN WM. FITZGERALD.

SUB WORKERS ARE VICTIMS OF EXPLOITATION

Union Man Forced to Earn Boy's Wages

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The foundation and subway contractors of this city have an organization for mutual protection. The executives had a meeting recently to devise some means for preventing the night-watchman from selling their gasoline and oils to the taxi drivers and other auto owners. They have also been selling other materials to the small contractors.

It was suggested by an outsider that if these companies paid their workers a living wage they would not have to become thieves in order to secure an existence. If these contractors paid a living wage they would have all their men be reliable and honest and would not be engaging illiterates, drunkards and ex-convicts, which types have never been union men and never will be.

The A. F. of L. needs this kind of men so that they may shake the bosses down, as Brindell did. I'd like it explained to me why the A. F. of L. union man turns his work over to a man who is widely known as a strict non-union man and works with non-union help on a union job. You will find a man working on 17th St. as a night watchman, who claims to be a "socialist" and a union coal miner from Pennsylvania. How can this man be working 14 hours a day and seven days a week for a boy's wages and yet call himself a union man? He is a good sample of the A. F. of L.'s method of bettering the conditions of the workers.

CANDIDATES IN COLORADO SOON

Plan Workers Party Convention in Denver

DENVER, Colo., July 16.—The Colorado State Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held in Denver, in the Barnes School Auditorium, 1410 Glenarm Pl., on July 28, beginning at 7:30 p. m.

Delegations of miners, steel workers, packing house workers, department store clerks and working farmers will be present. One speaker for each industry, one for the Negro workers, one for the Young Workers (Communist) League, and one for the Young Pioneers will be given the platform. The nominating and acceptance speeches will then be in order.

Practically all state offices and some county offices will have Communist candidates in the present election campaign.

Two French Workers Trapped in Cave-In

PARIS, July 16.—Two Italian workers, trapped alive when the walls of a tunnel near Bramans Savoie caved in Friday night, were fed milk through a 20-foot rubber tube late today when rescue workers had established communication with them.

The men are Joseph Massiglio 25, and Joseph Peccos, 26. The French women who were trapped in the cave-in died of injuries.

The two survivors complained of cold and hunger when the rescue party first established communication with them.

The bodies of the victims of the collapse had not been recovered late tonight because of the great danger to workers who were attempting to reach them.

Arnold Volpe Outstanding Figure in Musical World

ARNOLD VOLPE is universally recognized as one of the few conductors of the foremost rank. His many activities in the cause of musical art, both here and abroad, have made him pre-eminent in the musical realm. They stamp him as an outstanding figure in the musical life of the nation.

Coincident with his activities in the orchestral field of conducting, he is prominent as a violinist, chamber music performer, teacher and composer. His greatest achievements are as founder and conductor of organizations that have proven important factors in the education and musical growth of America. They have made musical history.

Arnold Volpe's criticisms attest his genius as a conductor of extraordinary ability. He is in sympathy with all schools of compositions, from Bach and the early masters of classical literature, through the romanticists, including Caesar Franck, the modernists Richard Strauss and Debussy, as well as the ultra-modern Stravinsky. There is a well balanced mixture of power and poetry in his interpretations. Virility and delicacy contrasted to an infinite degree. Elasticity of tempo consonant with the mood reflected, all resting upon a solid foundation of masterly municianship, potent personality, impartial sincerity and well balanced poise. He has a very retentive memory and, therefore, conducts without a score.

He has the power to sway an audience, and the performers are enthusiastic over his interpretations. That he makes composition pulsate with a life-like spirit by his inspired fervor, poetic warmth and sympathetic understanding is manifested by the numerous testimonials in the form of criticisms which have appeared in the press throughout the country. Such is the art of Arnold Volpe.

Born in Russia, Arnold Volpe began to study the violin at the Warsaw Institute of Music. Later he became a pupil of the noted Leopold Auer at the Imperial Conservatory of St. Petersburg (Leningrad). He graduated with highest honors. He concertized for two years, then again re-entered the same institution for the purpose of mastering theory and composition. He received his second diploma, after completing his studies with Nikolai Soloview.

In 1898, Arnold Volpe came to the United States. Among his numerous activities some of the outstanding achievements are as follows:

In 1918, Arnold Volpe founded and conducted the Lewishon Stadium concerts. It was the first attempt to democratize symphonic music. Also the first successful symphony concerts given at popular prices under the stars, a pioneer achievement, which is being imitated throughout the musical world.

In 1904, Arnold Volpe became founder and conductor of the Volpe Symphony Orchestra.

Its programs featured the works of native composers, attracting wide-spread attention. The performances won national recognition for its leader.

In 1902, Arnold Volpe founded the Young Men's Symphony Orchestra of this city. Hundreds of young students have became professional musicians under the expert guidance of this remarkable leader. In the symphony orchestras throughout the country these same young men are becoming famous as concert masters and leaders of their respective choirs.

Volpe will conduct a symphony orchestra of fifty musicians at the postponed concert, which is scheduled for next Saturday night at the Coney Island Stadium.

SCENE FROM "STARK LOVE"

Helen Munday and Forrest James, who play the leading roles in "Star Love," which is being shown at the Cameo Theatre this week.

4 KILLED IN CLIMB

GENEVA, July 16 (UP).—Four Frenchmen were killed today, when they attempted to climb Breithorn. The men were without guides. The accident was said to be the worst in mountaineer history in this district within the last 25 years.

TRUFOOD BOSS' BROTHER JOINS PICKET LINE

Waiters, Waitresses on 3 Weeks' Strike

(By a Worker Correspondent)

A large crowd was witnessing the latest developments of the waiters' strike of the Trufood Restaurants.

Henry Saser, the brother of one of the owners, was arrested for picketing. Previously he made a statement for the labor press in which he said that his sympathy is with the strikers and if his brother would refuse to sign a settlement he himself would join the picket line of the strikers.

On Wednesday, July 11, he appeared on the picket line with a large placard. It read as follows: "The Demands of the Strikers are Justified." The other side read: "The proprietor of the Trufood is my brother. My Sympathy is with the Strikers."

The strike of the waitresses and waiters is entering its third week. The bosses still refuse the just demands which are nine instead of thirteen hours work per day for the waiters, eight hours per day for the waitresses, ten and fifteen dollars per week for the waitresses instead of seven dollars per week and twelve dollars per week for the waiters instead of twelve dollars.

—N. J.

SENTENCED TO DEATH

TOLEDO, O., July 16 (UP).—Charles Hoppe, former Toledo chauffeur, who kidnaped and murdered 7-year-old Dorothy Szelagowski several weeks ago, was sentenced to death in the electric chair today.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied
With Play.

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
May Wirth, Phil & Family
in BIG FREE CIRCUS
BATTLE OF CHATEAU-THIERRY
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'way
Wis. 1789
Premiere Revival Showing
"STARK LOVE"
also Robert Flaherty's "MOANA" and "The Birth of Films," Charlie Chaplin's first screen test

GREETS IMPERIALISTS

ROME, July 16 (UP).—Premier Mussolini was to receive today a delegation of 120 Italian industrialists, residents in France, who are touring the country.

TO ALL OUR READERS:

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTIZERS

Do not forget at all times to mention that you are a reader of The DAILY WORKER. Fill out this coupon stating where you buy your clothes, furnishings, etc.

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A Worker's Tour to Soviet Russia
TO WITNESS THE CELEBRATION OF THE NOVEMBER REVOLUTION
"EVERY WORKER SHOULD PARTICIPATE"
The Group Sails October 17th on the Cunard Express Steamer "MAURETANIA"
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HUKHNOVSKY, 4 COMPANIONS ARE RESCUED

Krassin Searches On For Amundsen

Continued from Page One

im the ice camp off Foyn Island. The Italia survivors are under hysicians' care, but they, who had iven themselves up as sure to die, re even more jubilant than the Krassin's complement, and there is onstant rejoicing aboard the ship.

To Hunt for Others

The Krassin, with Chukhnovsky's damaged plane in tow, will make for Advent Bay to recoal and proceed o search for the six men carried way with the dirigible's gasbag and or Roald Amundsen, discoverer of he South Pole, and the five men who disappeared with him in a French seaplane.

The story of how Dr. Malmgren was left alone on the icefloe while his two companions, Mariano and Zappi, who were saved last week, truck out on an expedition for aid, became known today.

Was Malmgren Alive?

There was every belief, reports here indicated, that Malmgren had died June 15 as his companions marched onward towards where they believed land could be found.

Direct reports here from the steamer Krassin, however, would indicate that Malmgren had been abandoned while he was still alive. Government advices indicated that the two Italians, wearily cold and facing what seemed inevitable death, had left the Swedish explorer alone.

• • •

Amundsen Rescue Rumored

VIRGO BAY, Spitsbergen, July 16. (UP).—A wholly unconfirmed message—and one that appeared to be somewhat garbled—today indicated that the Russian icebreaker Malligin had rescued Roald Amundsen and two members of his party.

• • •

Sweden Plans Probe

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, July 16.—A special cabinet meeting was held today to discuss methods of holding an official investigation of the circumstances of the death of Professor Finn Malmgren, Swedish meteorologist of the dirigible Italia.

JERSEY MAYOR PUT ON STAND

Democratic Graft Is Exposed

Amid a staged demonstration of his political henchmen Mayor Frank Hague of Jersey City, vice chairman of the democratic national committee, whose Hudson County organization is credited with being one of the most efficient political graft machines in the country, strode into the presence of the Case Legislative Committee investigating Hudson County affairs late yesterday afternoon.

Mayor Hague was questioned only on the acquisition by Jersey City six years ago of Split Rock Pond in Morris County for water supply purposes. He demanded to be cross-examined on the charges of voting frauds and political corruption and his pleas were seconded by Assemblyman Morris Barison, democratic member of the committee.

It was disclosed that this pond which was originally bought for $15,000 cash, has cost the city over $323,000.

SMITH FAVORS OPEN SHOPPERS

Continued from Page One

sources were about to be turned over to the American Pioneer Power Company, a corporation controlled by Mellon, Young and the dePont interests.

Changes Tactics

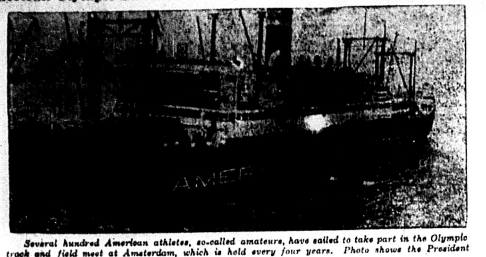
Al Smith had at first agreed, but later objected because of the fear that it would have an adverse effect on his presidential aspirations. Accordingly he sent Samuel Untermeyer to adjust the matter with Young. A deal was worked out by Untermeyer, under which the original investment in the project instead of being made by the private companies by means of their own funds, would be furnished by the state. Young's corporation "voluntarily" withdrew its bid and a sort of "quasi-public corporation," such as now advocated by Untermeyer for the traction situation, was recommended by Smith in his next message to the legislature. And to head the concern Smith recommended his master, Owen Young. "I am in full agreement with Young's views on power development," said Smith at the time.

Young is credited with being the real author of the Dawes Plan, under which Germany is tied to the chariot of the American bankers.

GIOLITTI SERIOUSLY ILL

CAVOUR, Italy, July 16 (UP).—Former Premier Giolitti was unconscious late today, and it was feared he was dying. He had shown improvement last week.

American Olympic Stars Sail for Spectacular Amsterdam Sports Meet



Several hundred American athletes, so-called amateurs, have sailed to take part in the Olympic track and field meet at Amsterdam, which is held every four years. Photo shows the President Roosevelt, in which the athletes sailed.

RUTH WALLOPS 35TH AS YANKS TAKE TWO

Babe Ruth boosted his season's total to 35 home runs when he walloped another in the third inning of the Yankees' first game with Cleveland yesterday. Last year the Bambino didn't get his 35th homer until August 5. The Yankees beat the Indians 7 to 3, George Pipgras winning his 16th straight game. The Yankees also took the second game, 6 to 2.

YESTERDAY'S SCORES

American League

New York 7, Cleveland 3 (1st game).

New York 6, Cleveland 2 (2nd game).

Chicago 4, Boston 0 (1st game).

Chicago 9, Boston 1 (2nd game).

Philadelphia 3, Detroit 2 (1st game).

Detroit 11, Philadelphia 6 (2nd game).

St. Louis 4, Washington 2.

National League

New York 3, Cincinnati 2 (10 innings).

St. Louis 7, Brooklyn 6.

Pittsburgh 8, Boston 3.

Chicago 10, Philadelphia 5.

ORGANIZE WORKERS' SOCCER LEAGUES

(Labor Sports Press Service)

Spurred on by the success of the Metropolitan Workers Soccer Ltague of New York, members of the latter organization are proceeding with the work of organizing similar leagues in Brooklyn and New Jersey. Conferences for this purpose have been called in those localities and a basis for two more soccer leagues will be laid. For information concerning the Brooklyn league write S. Friedman, 1042 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn.

The Metropolitan Workers Soccer League entered the field last winter with only a few teams, but by the time the curtain had rung down on the season it had three divisions with more than 32 teams.

Chicago and Detroit are also busily engaged in the organization of workers soccer leagues. Conferences are being called in both cities to set these leagues going. Detroit last season had a league in the field, composed of six teams. As a result of the plans which are now being carried through it is expected that at least six new teams will be brought into the league. In Chicago five teams are backing the call for the conference, which is expected to lay the basis of a strong workers' soccer league for the coming season.

TILDEN NAMES U. S. DAVIS CUP TEAM

PARIS, July 16 (UP).—William T. Tilden announced definitely today that George Lott, John Hennessey and Francis Hunter would be the other three members of the American Davis Cup team. Wilbur Coen, boy star from Kansas City, Mo., is too young to enter the international matches, Tilden said. Hennessey and Tilden probably will play in the singles.

GERMAN WOMEN BREAK 2 SWIMMING RECORDS

BERLIN, July 16 (UP).—Two women's world records were broken here yesterday in the German Olympic trials. Lottie Muehe swam the 200-metre breaststroke in 3 minutes, 11. 2seconds, and Elsa Rablein put the shot 11.06 meters.

ELKINS BARRED, IS FINAL VERDICT

ABOARD S. S. PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, July 16 (UP).—Fait Elkins, decathlon star, will not be allowed to compete in the Olympic games.

The American Olympic committee took up the case of the former University of Nebraska athlete today and voted to stand on the team as it was picked at Cambridge, Mass.

PORTER FACES MILITARY TRIAL

Continued from Page One

itself. Porter has been held incommunicado for some time and the authorities have been trying to weaken his spirit.

Violated Law.

According to military regulations, a week's advance notice of court-martial is necessary to enable the defense to study the case and call witnesses. However, notice was not sent to Isaac Shorr, International Labor Defense attorney retained for Porter's defense, until today, so he can arrive only in time for the beginning of the trial.

Details Secret.

No details of the charges are known. There is every indication of a determined effort to railroad Porter to prison.

A statement issued by Theresa Valente, secretary of the Porter Defense Committee of the International Labor Defense, calls on the workers to prevent the war department from giving Porter a life sentence.

PREPARING FOR MINERS' AID MEET

Great Response From Workers

Throughout the hundreds of shops and factories between 14th and 59th Sts., workers are meeting and electing delegates to represent their shops at the Shop Delegates Miners' Relief Conference to be held on July 26th at 101 West 27th St., according to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway.

Calls for the conference, issued by the Provisional Committee, were circulated among the workers by the thousands. According to the provisional committee for the Shop Delegates' Conference, a great impetus was given to the work of mob- 26th by the Cloakmakers' Union at ilization for the conference of July at Manhattan Lyceum. There the a recent membership meeting held conference was endorsed and confer-

Coming as it does during the na- ence calls distributed.

tion-wide Miners' Relief and Defense Week, which is being held by the National Miners' Relief Committee and the International Labor Defense from July 22nd to July 29th, the delegates at the confer- activities throughout the country to ence will be given a picture of the raise funds for the relief and defense of the striking miners and their families.

RICH TORY BUYS 'LIBERAL' DAILY

LONDON, July 16 (UP).—Lord Reading has sold the controlling interest in the Daily Chronicle Investment Corporation, which controls the liberal Daily Chronicle and Sunday News, as well as several provincial papers, to William Harrison, a conservative, on behalf of the Inveresk group, it was announced tonight.

The purchaser of the Daily Chronicle controls millions of pounds of invested capital, including a large chain of paper making companies in Great Britain, on the continent and in the United States.

159 New York Workers Lost Lives In June

ALBANY, N. Y., July 16 (UP).—One hundred and fifty-nine workers lost their lives while in pursuit of their regular occupations in the state during June, James A. Hamilton, industrial commissioner, reported today. The ages of the workers ranged between 16 and 85. Among those killed were 5 women all more than 21, seven men less than 21 and six men more than 70.

Of the 159 deaths, the New York district reported almost two-thirds Albany 22, Buffalo 15, Syracuse 10 and Rochester 10.

FORD PLANS PURCHASE

ORANGE, N. J., July 16.—Menlo Park, the birthplace of the incandescent electric lamp, the phonograph and numerous other twentieth century inventions, may become the property of Henry Ford.

It is learned the automobile magnate is negotiating for purchase of the park, where in 1876 and for 11 years afterwards, Thomas A. Edison worked on his inventions.

SEATTLE, July 16 (FP).—Five dollars a day was set as the minimum wage by the conference of lumber workers, recently held in Seattle.

CHIANG IN NEW BLOW AT FENG

Call Army Reduction Move Against Rival

PEKING, July 16.—Following the dictates of the financiers in Shanghai and this city, Chiang Kai-shek and other warlords assembled in conference at Peking have agreed to reduce the Kuomintang armies for purposes of economy.

Reduction in the size of armies is also seen as a blow to the forces of various individual warlords who threaten the domination of Chiang Kai-shek.

The reduction in armed forces does not, of course, contemplate the abolition of the Kuomintang armies who are being held in readiness for a campaign in Manchuria if the heirs of Chang Tso-lin refuse to accede to Nanking's terms.

Chiang Kai-shek has not yet settled accounts with Feng Yu-hsiang and his troops are being distributed with a careful regard to sudden advances into the territory controlled by Feng should the opportunity arrive.

Immediate settlement of the Chinese Eastern Railroad which is partially controlled by the Soviet government is also under consideration by the warlords at the Peking conference.

DISTRICT PLANS MANY MEETINGS

Election Campaign Is Under Way

The Agitprop Department of District 2 announces the following open-air meetings. Attention open-air speakers and section election drive directors:

WEEK OF JULY 16

Tuesday, July 17

Grand St. Ext. and Havenmeyer, Brooklyn—Padgug, Pollack, Shapiro, Padmore, Taft.

Wednesday, July 18

Second Ave. and Tenth St.—Bert Miller, I. Cohen, Stevens.

Wilkins and Intervale—Gussakoff, Blake, Frishkoff, Yusem.

Myrtle and Prince, Brooklyn—Midola, Gitz, Silber, Rosemond, Padmore.

Union Square—Powers, V. Smith, Bentall.

Seventh Ave. and 138th St.—Moore, Ed. Walsh, A. Suskin, S. LeRoy, M. Reiss.

Thursday, July 19

Steinway and Jamaica, L. I.—Markoff, P. Shapiro, Harfeld, Rock.

138th St. and St. Ann's—Mendin, DiSanto, Primoff, Wright.

40th St. & 8th Ave.—M. Schachtman.

Allerton and Kruger, Bronx—Padgug Milgrom, Baum.

25th St. and Mermaid Av., C. I.—Midola, Magliacano, Benjamin.

Friday, July 20

Nabisco—J. J. Ballam, 12 a. m.

Bristol and Pitkin Av., Brooklyn—Pasternack, Lipzin, Lileinstein, G. Cork.

Varet and Graham Ave., Brooklyn—Auerbach, Weich, Ragozin, Williams.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St.—LeRoy, Jacobson, Codkind, Baum.

Newark, N. J., Market and Plaza—J. Marchall.

Sutter and Williams St., Brooklyn—Pollack, Napoli, V. Smith, G. Cork.

Saturday, July 21

13th Ave. and 42nd St., Brooklyn—Sherman, Chalupski, Huiswood, Wright.

1st Ave. and 79th St—Padgug, Nessin, Lillienstein, G. Welsh.

$180,000 Asked for Injuries to Worker

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 16.—Three suits asking damages aggregating $180,000, were filed by workers in federal court here today against the Pennsylvania Railroad

The plaintiffs, all from Altoona Pa., seek damages as follows:

Carl Rider, $30,000 for a crushed foot, injury sustained in Altoona yards.

Mrs. Sarah Isett, $75,000 for the death of her husband Roy, who was killed June 14.

Mrs. Essie May Breese, $75,000 for the death of her husband John fireman on the "Pittsburgher" killed May 20.

SURPLUS MONEY EMBARRASSING TO CAPITALISTS

But Increased Wages Isn't Considered

By LELAND OLDS
(Federated Press)

Don't be fooled by all this talk about stock speculation being due to excessive brokers' loans and the cure being achieved by manipulation of the federal reserve rediscount rate on loans. It all deals with symptoms, instead of with the fundamental illness of the present economic order. The present fever of stock market gambling, which has been boosting the prices of stocks and bonds to unwarranted levels, is nothing more than a symptom of the unjust distribution of the country's income. The country's circulatory system is out of order.

Surplus Capital.

Too much money is pouring into the treasuries of the investing class and too little is available for consumers. That is the real trouble.

The business bulletin of the La-Salle Extension University blurts out the truth about this big capitalist humbug. Probably it would have been more circumspect if written for any but business eyes. According to LaSalle the stock market inflation is due to the fact "that new capital flotations are not nearly large enough to absorb the surplus of investment capital that is available."

"In the past 5½ years," says La-Salle, "new capital flotations have shown steady increases, from $4,300,000,000 in 1923 to $7,700,000,000 in 1927, but even with this annual expansion of $700,000,000 during that five-year period new capital flotations have not been nearly large enough to absorb the new investment funds coming into the market. Our production and distribution facilities have been increased enormously during the last 5½ years—both as to quantity and as to efficiency—and we have reached the point where it is becoming more and more difficult to make new capital assets return adequate profits. That is why such large proportions of available capital have been going into securities which represent the ownership of, or a claim against, existing assets.

"The large increase in the proportion of total capital financing represented by refusing issues and the unprecedented rise in the prices of so many stocks have the same origin. It is merely the case of a country having more capital than it has available uses for that capital."

Artificial Expedients.

There you have it. The country has too much capital and still every possible means is adopted to assure that it will continue to produce an ever-increasing supply of capital. Instead of cutting down the share going to profits and increasing the share going to wages, the captains of credit manipulate rediscount rates and talk learnedly about the probable effect of the sale of government securities by the federal reserve banks. In the eyes of La-Salle economists these are artificial means.

"The great wave of stock speculation," says the LaSalle bulletin, "offers a real problem for American business, but not the problem that it is usually represented to be. And the solution lies in artificial measures to curb speculation.

BOSS ASSAULTS FRUIT PICKETS

Store Clerks Union to Hold Nominations

Three striking fruit store clerks, members of the Retail Grocery and Dairy Clerks Union, picketing near the open-shop district on Bathgate Ave., were attacked yesterday by an employer named A. Gingold.

Having injured three workers, Gingold had two of them arrested for disorderly conduct.

Frank Isrealowitz and Sam Shapiro, the workers arrested, tried to press charges against Gingold, but were deprived of this right by the officer in charge of the 48th precinct police station.

Magistrate Storm later released the workers in custody of the union attorneys for trial July 24th.

A general membership meeting of the Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks Union will be held tonight at 8 o'clock at Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Ave., according to announcements by the union. Second nominations for officers of the organization will be taken up.

Seattle Ferry Goes Aground On Island

SEATTLE, Wash., July 16 (UP).—The City of Victoria, automobile ferry plying between Edmonds and Victoria, B. C., went ashore today on Whidby Island about 35 miles from here. More than 140 passengers were reported aboard.

The coast guard cutter Snomohish was standing by. It was expected the vessel would be floated clear within several hours.

Workers Party Activities

Night Workers Tomorrow.

Night Workers Branch will meet Wednesday at 8 o'clock at Workers Center, 4th floor. Continuation of last week's lecture will take place.

• • •

Subsection 2C.

The executive committee of Subsection 2C will meet Tuesday, 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

• • •

Section 5 Agitprop.

Section 5 (Bronx) will hold a section agitprop campaign conference on Thursday, July 19, at 8 p. m., at 2075 Clinton Ave. All unit agitprops, DAILY WORKER agents, literature agents, as well as all campaign committees of each unit and of the Section Executive Committee must attend. All aspects of the campaign, as well as the question of the reading circles will be considered.

• • •

Tuesday Night.

An open air meeting will be held today at Fulton and Rochester Aves., at 7 o'clock. Speakers: Kaso, Nielman and Williams.

• • •

Subsection 3E.

Unit 3E 1F will meet today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Unit 3E 2F.

Unit 3E 2F, will meet tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Branch 4, Section 5, Attention!

On account of a very important Party meeting the branch will meet today instead of Monday.

• • •

Section 7.

Section 7 will hold a membership meeting tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 764 40th St., Brooklyn.

• • •

Upper Bronx Y. W. L.

The Y. W. L. Upper Bronx Unit 1 will hold an open air meeting today at 8:30 p. m. at the corner of 174th St. and Vyse Ave. on the subject "The Party Election Campaign." The speakers will be H. Stone, P. Green, E. Taft, Jackerson and Wall.

• • •

The Executive Committee of the Working Women's Federation will meet on Thursday evening, July 19th, 7:30 p. m. sharp, at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave. in Room 32.

• • •

Section 1.

A meeting of all unit Women's Work Organizers of Section 1 will be held today at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

• • •

All Section Campaign managers must hand in reports on signatures and get material needed at the district office on Thursdays of every week.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

• • •

The District Women's Committee will meet tomorrow evening at 7:30 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square.

Labor and Fraternal

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A membership meeting of Young Workers Social Club will be held on Thursday July 19 at 8 p. m. at 118 Bristol St. near Pitkin Ave., B'klyn.

• • •

Coney Island I. L. D. Meet.

The Bill Haywood Branch of the International Labor Defense will hold an open air meeting on the corner of Coney Island and Ocean View Aves. today at 8 p. m. Several well-known speakers will address the meeting.

• • •

Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville branch of the I. L. D. will hold an open air meeting today at 8 p. m. at 79th St. and First Ave. L. A. Baum, secretary of the Photographers' Union, will speak on "The Frame-up System."

• • •

Volunteers For I. L. D.

Volunteers are wanted at the National Office of the International Defense, 80 East 11th St., Room 402, anytime between 9:30 a. m. and 6 p. m.

• • •

Council 2 will hear a lecture tomorrow evening at 8:30 p. m. at 1400 Boston Road, Bronx. The subject to be discussed will be the election campaign. Lecturer will be announced.

• • •

Workingclass Women

Council 1 will have a lecture this evening at 8:30 p. m. at 143 E. 103rd St. The subject to be discussed will be the election campaign. Dr. Hoffer will lecture.

• • •

Workers Culture.

The Workers Culture Club of Bath Beach will have an Outing Sunday, July 22nd, 9 a. m. at 1940 Benson Ave.

• • •

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

Officials Push Subway Steal

Continued from Page One

Manhattan Transit Corporation and that the company is ready to "do business" with the city at a price which while nominally said to be still in the stage of discussion is actually already agreed upon. This figure is said to be far in excess of the actual value of the lines and for this reason, the five cent fare which is claimed as a desirable feature of the plan will not be possible after the plan is put into operation.

Staged Effect.

It is further charged that the apparent hesitancy of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company in accepting the plan is merely staged for effect so that it may be later "forced" to accept and the public be led to believe that it has secured a bargain.

STUDENT LOSES SUIT

TAUNTON, Mass., July 16 (UP).—Miss Bertha Ludwig of Staten Island, N. Y., today lost her $25,000 law suit against various members of the faculty and student body of Wheaton College. The suit was based on the young woman's expulsion from the college.

PHILA. MEN JOIN MILL COMMITTEE

Hail Convention For New Textile Union

Continued from Page One

and the other innumerable small independent craft unions now in existence.

In discussing the particular condition of the industry in the Philadelphia district, the T. M. C. call declares:

Wage Cuts, Speed-Up.

"At the present time the textile workers here are faced with wage-cuts, speed-up systems, unemployment and a vicious open shop offensive of the employers. The tapestry carpet weavers in Philadelphia received a 15 per cent cut in wages. A few months ago the Wilton carpet workers were handed a 10 per cent wage cut. The hosiery workers have seen similar reductions in the pay envelope. Workers are receiving a starvation wage, working two, three and four days a week. Nine-tenths of the textile workers are unorganized; and the one-tenth organized are led by trade union officials that have no intention of carrying on the struggle against the bosses.

Not only have the A. F. of L. misleaders failed to organize the workers for a fight against the bosses' attack, the statement says, but they have now become the official speed-up and efficiency agents of the mill barons.

"On April 28 and 29 the United Textile Workers officials had a conference in Knitters' Hall to discuss a remedy for the textile industry. At this conference the officials received with great enthusiasm Mayor Mackey, who helped smash the strike of the Fetterolf carpet workers. The remedy arrived at by the labor misleaders was to elect a committee to 'co-operate' with the bosses in securing a higher tariff on upholstery fabrics.

Condemnation of the betrayal and mismanagement of the strike of the Wilton carpet workers, which could have been won with an honest and militant leadership, is registered in the statement.

Betrayals

These organized betrayals of the mill workers extends to every section where the A. F. of L. or similarly reactionary bodies have a foothold. Thousands of textile workers are joining the Mill Committee in Fall River, Rhode Island, New Hampshire and other New England states, giving rise to the popular demand for the organization of a national industrial textile workers organization.

WAITERS GO ON STRIKE AGAINST NEW YORK FIRM

Call Upon Workers to Refuse Patronage

A strike by the Waiters and Captain's Local 16 affiliated with the American Federation of Labor against the Gaiety Delicatessen and Restaurant, located on the Southwest corner of Broadway and 46th St. has been called it was announced yesterday.

The union is fighting for recognition. For nearly a year according to the announcement the firm employed union members, but is now refusing to deal with the organization and has employed scabs. A picket line has been established before the place and the premises will be picketed until the firm surrenders, union officials declared.

Local 16 has called upon all workers and trade unionists and sympathizers to refuse patronage to the place for the duration of the strike.

CLOAK PICKETS ARSESTED, FINED

Active Members Meet Thursday

Continued from Page One

steps to take to rebuild the Cloakmakers' Union."

These open forums are one of the most popular gatherings of workers in the ladies' garment industry. The Joint Board holds them each week in Bryant Hall.

The same night Propaganda Committee of the N. O. C. will meet to map out a plan of further action in the struggle against the bosses and Sigman-Schlesinger. The meeting will be held in the headquarters of the National Organization Committee, 16 W. 21st St.

• • •

Thursday Meeting.

A meeting of all the active members of the Joint Board Cloakmakers' Union is to be held this Thursday evening, immediately after work in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th St.

Joint Board leaders will give a report of accomplishments in the organization drive to date and will also bring up for discussion plans for further prosecution of the campaign to organize the open shops.

• • •

Membership Meeting.

The membership of Local 3 of the Joint Board Cloak and Dressmakers' Union are called to a membership meeting tomorrow evening at 6 o'clock in the headquarters of the Joint Board, 16 W. 21st St. All members are called to attend without fail, since business of great importance to their local as well as to the entire union will be taken up.

FOR SALE OR RENT

Furniture suitable for three rooms. Includes two daybeds, one single bed, chest of drawers, gateleg table, two rockers, white kitchen set of table and five chairs, straw carpet, three small rugs, dishes, pots, linen and all the other fixings for a home. Will sacrifice the entre houseful for $75.00. Phone Stuyvesant 1696 and ask for Fannie. May consider renting apartment.

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

Fascists Explore the Arctic

The wild story of the Arctic also has to do with Bolshevism.

All big nations of Europe taxed their prowess to find the lost aviators of the Italia. In the severe test of human skill, scientific knowledge and courage, one nation consistently and systematically outdid all others. This was the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. It was a feat in the struggle with the forces of nature.

There is deep satisfaction in this. Man's struggle with nature antecedes the struggle between men and will reach its greatest triumphs only after the struggle between classes has ended. That a collectivist society is better fitted to conquer nature's forces than the diseased individualist society of capitalism is a truth of Communism.

One reason the capitalist wise men cannot conceive of the strength and resourcefulness of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is their inability to understand that a collectivist society is better fit for such struggles.

The collectivist spirit, the Communist spirit, dominates the whole of the actions of society in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The individualist spirit, the spirit of capitalist acquisition dominates all social acts of other nations.

In the details of the Arctic epic connected with the Italia expedition, the two spirits are shown time and again in sharp contrast. A braggart tone pervaded all preparations for the expedition of Italian fascist officers seeking prestige for Mussolini's dictatorship—the dictatorship which becomes more and more the ideal of capitalism. Capitalism lives and breathes of the rights of individual, private property. The arrogant Nobile is a glorified ambitious clerk of the capitalism of Italy—ambitious for superior acquisition of wealth, if not in gold then in the personal glory that is later peddled for gold. Fascism in politics finds its level in orgies of corruption for the individual enrichment of fascist politicians, for the ideal of fascism is the private property system, the exploitation of the masses to make a wealthy few. What, then, was more natural than for the exalted commander of the expedition to save his own hide, when it came to disaster, and to leave "his men" to death? Nobile, the cowardly commander, is no more than the reflection of a hundred million cowardly bourgeois—the traditional cowards of the market place. Nobile, the coward blustering as the bravest of them all, is only the reflection of the blustering coward Mussolini.

When Zappi and Mariano, fascist officers under Nobile, after their leader had run away to leave them to die, in turn with a heartsickening cravenness stole the food supply of their companion, the Swedish scientist Malmgren, and left him to die on the ice, they too were acting quite naturally as fascist officers, as smaller Nobiles, as little Mussolinis, as uniformed mirrors of the bourgeoisie in the imperialist period.

Then there are Chukhnovsky and his comrades, flyers for the Socialist Soviet Republic.

"Never mind us, save the others." The Soviet airmen willingly remained in the icy wilderness with their wrecked plane so that Mariano and Zappi, their bodies kept warm with the food filched from their crippled and dying comrade, could be saved.

* * *

Once in a while a sea captain goes down with his ship rather than save himself while those under his command must drown. But this is out of the individualist spirit of the capitalist society in which we live. Such things attract attention when they happen, because they are an anomally in capitalist society.

Nobile and Zappi and Mariano are more in the spirit of capitalist society. "We left him on the ice; we took his food and compass and left him to die." Mussolini's breed. The kind that obtained financial assistance through the American ambassador to organize an army of cutthroats with which to do battle against the working class for the rights of private property. This is in the spirit of capitalism.

* * *

The working class of the world gets a fine glimpse of the latest prototype of present capitalists heroes in the sneaking, lying, deserting cowards, Zappi, Mariano and Nobile.

And we are proud that in the struggle with the wild forces of Nature in the Arctic, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, fatherland of the world's working class, shows that science and human courage are thriving there.

There is Bolshevism.

BILL HAYWOOD'S LAST DAYS

By SAM DARCY.

IS is being written about a week after Bill Haywood died. Looking on the last moments that J. s Engdahl, Haywood's wife, and writer spent with him we must our admiration for him, a revolutionist, who even on his bed thought only in terms of the proletariat along cor- revolutionary struggle.

r those who know him, it is cessary to characterize Hay- It was fitting that the most tant section of the working class ld have produced him. At nine s of age he joined his father e mines. At thirty he led his strike (a miners' strike in). There followed thirty year struggle so intensive in char- and filled with heroism as the best revolutionaries in any try and very few in the United s can show.

had no clear and correct y to guide him. But he had ited courage, unyielding loyal- his class, a keen intelligence tremendous dynamic energy. won him his place among the rs. It is not exaggerating to that during the period 1891 to he left the states, workers ed him more trustingly and more militantly under his ship than they did under that other leader.

His Last Hours.

powerful man was lying on -sheeted bed as we came in. g full well that his hours counted. Three or four times the previous two weeks we told that he would be gone in hours. But he held on. Now, r, he lay calmly, awaiting . Part of him was paralyzed speak only with great ef- he could digest no food. answered our first few ques- very briefly. He felt no pain however, very tired. He ceived everything he wanted coming home soon? He a tear that forced its way did not answer. He heard the Central Committee of the Communist Party had bled asking after his health. pleased him immensely. Finally he wanted news.

We told him of the latest developments in the strike of the coal miners, and of the textile strike in New England. Occasionally he interrupted and asked questions.

We told him that Lewis had issued an expulsion order. He looked scorn and hate.

"Now the miners can get somewhere. They've got to kick Lewis out. The Save-the-Union movement has big mass support. It must use it and not be afraid to go forward. It will have difficulty getting enough good organizers. We always have that difficulty. But they can do it if they stick together. The Party is doing good work. In this respect the miners are better off than they have ever been. In the old days we never had any Communist Party to help us."

He was by this time panting for breath. His nurse looked angrily at us. A clumsy silence ensued. He turned his head towards the window.

"It's summer-time, eh?"

We nodded. Another silence.

A Big Job.

"Too bad the New England strikers didn't go out while Passaic was tied up. They weakened their chances by separating. They got to get the unorganized out. This is the biggest job they face, and it won't be easy. But it's the only way they can win."

Again silence. We showed him a Pittsburgh paper with his picture next to a story on the coal struggles.

"That picture is from Kuzbas."

We said we knew it. We showed the picture to his nurse and his wife who had just come in. Also a batch of other newspapers containing stories of his illness.

Soon our visiting time was at an ehd and we had to leave.

Much of the discussion we have not set down here. But the above gives a glimpse of the man and somewhat explains why the workers always trusted him. His mind and heart were always completely occupied with the class struggle. There are few miners, lumber-jacks, or textile workers who do not know of his work. The South, which even up to the present, has hardly been penetrated by labor organiations, has felt his hand. He was one of the few who succeeded in bringing white and black workers together. Who that knows the South does not appreciate the struggle that this alone must have involved?

Many Stories to Tell.

We knew stories of his work that we picked up among the workers in various parts of the country, But once in a discussion with him we asked him to tell us about them. He embarrassedly laughed, "there is nothing to tell—you simply fight and let your proletarian conscience be your guide."

But there are many stories to tell. He went through the stormy days of the Western Federation of Miners, of which he was secretary-treasurer, and of the early militant I. W. W. of which he was one of the founders. He went through the Cripple Creek struggle, the famous Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone trials, the Lawrence, Lowell, Paterson and many other textile strikes. He went through the anti-war agitation and was one of the few who did not compromise with the bourgeoisie. He was the leader and organizer of dozens of small strikes. The story of the most militant struggles 1890-1919 is the story of the location of his activity.

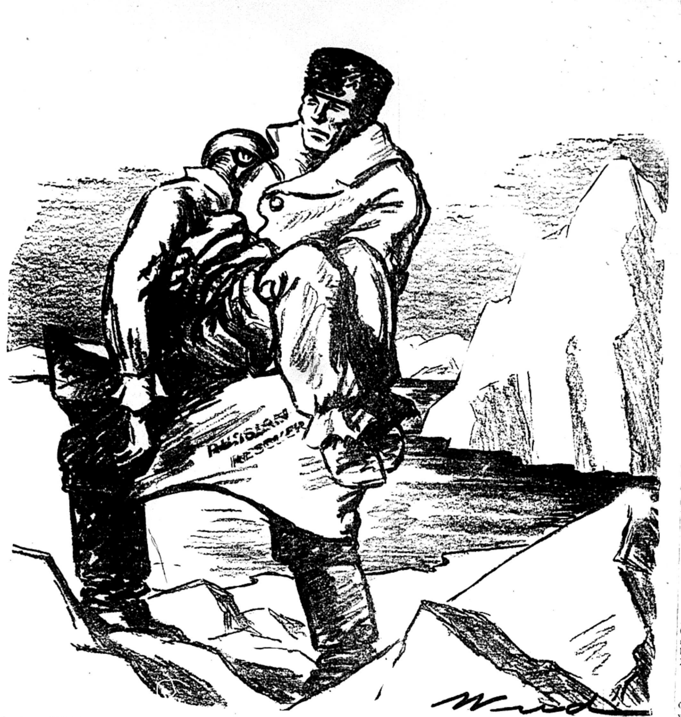
He represents the best traditions of the American class struggle of his time. It is a sign of strength of our Party that a working class leader of his mettle, experience, and ability should himself come and bring many of his best followers to the banner of the Communist International.

Reveal Big Drop In Textile Employment

BOSTON, July 16 (FP).—But 46 per cent of the number of workers employed in Massachusetts cotton mills in 1919-23 are at work in that industry now. Although the New Bedford strike of 27,000 workers accounts for part of the drop, only 64 per cent of the 1919-23 number was employed before the big strike.

BOLSHEVIK!

By Clive Weed



Courtesy of N. Y. Evening World

Mine Disasters Take Big Toll

373 Coal Diggers Killed In May; Bosses' Negligence to Blame

By B. K. GEBERT.

Wyoming Valley in Pennsylvania is celebrating the 150th anniversary of the massacre of soldiers and the white settlers in this region in 1778. All patriotic societies, city boards and villages in the mining region from Pittston to Kingston and in the surrounding territories are going wild with partiotism. The old struggles between the whites and Indians of this region are retold, and the old fable repeated that the Indians were murderers while the whites were the victims.

But while they go back 150 years to eulogize struggles, we shall not go so far. We shall mention a few outstanding facts in the present day industrial history of the anthracite region:

Miners Hanged.

About 52 years ago in the city of Pottsville, 19 miners were hanged for organizing workers in this region. In 1897 in Lattimore, 13 miners were massacred by the state troopers under the sheriff Martin. Of these pioneers and martyrs in the cause of labor in the anthracite, not only the "public," but even the bureaucracy of the union have "forgotten." These officials of the union "remember" their connections only with the American legion, the chambers of commerce, the coal operators, and the government. In celebrating the battle of Wyoming not a word naturally, is said of those who lost their lives in fighting and building a union of the coal diggers in this region.

It will also be interesting to know that in the month of May according to the U. S. Bureau of Mines, 373 men lost their lives in the mines, but miners are not worthy of consideration to the greedy coal operators and officials of the union. Out of these 373 miners 50 of them came from the anthracite.

Death Rate Doubles.

The death rate per million tons of coal mined during the month was 8.34 based on a production of 44,748,000 tons as compared with 4.29 for May 1927, based on an output of 43,397,000 tons and 186 deaths.

The unusually high rate for the month of May was due to 230 deaths caused by four explosions. Without these deaths the rate per million tons of coal produced would have been 3.20 which is a normal figure and comparable with other months and years. The fatality rate for May, 1928 for bituminous coal alone based on a production of 36,624,000 tons and 323 fatalities, was 8.82 per million tons, which is also much above normal.

Excluding 220 deaths which occured in three major disasters in bituminous mines, the rate would have been 2.81. The rate for anthracite mines, with a production of 8,124,009 tons and 50 fatalities was 6.15 per million tons. In May, 1927 the fatality rate for bituminous mines was 3.76 that for anthracite was 6.62 and for the industry as a whole it was 4.29. The rates for May, 1928, compared on a normal basis with April of the present year are lower for bituminous mines and slightly higher for anthracite mines.

The bureau of mines records show that during the first five months of 1928 accidents in coal mines caused the loss of 998 lives. The production of coal for this period was 230,128,000 tons, showing a death rate of 4.29 per million tons as against 3.85 for the same five months of 1927, based on 1,053 deaths and 273,642,000 tons of coal. The record for bituminous coal alone from January to May, 1928, was 979 fatalities and 198,326,000 tons, with a fatality rate of 4.02; while that for anthracite showed 191 deaths, 31,802,000 tons and a death rate of 6.01. The same period for 1927 showed 829 deaths in bituminous mines and 240,002,000 tons produced, wth a rate per million tons of 3.45, for anthracite, 224 deaths and 33,640,000 tons produced, with a death rate of 6.666; while for both bituminous and anthracite 1,053 deaths were reported, wth a production of 273,643,000 tons and a fatality rate of 3.85.

Four Major Disasters.

Four major disasters, that is disasters in which five or more lives are lost, occurred during the month of May, 1928. All of these disasters were explosions. One at Mather, Pa., on May 19, killed 195 men. On May 22, an explosion at Harlan, Ky., caused the death of eight men and another at Yukon, W. Va., on May 22, killed 17 men. An explosion at an anthracite mine at Parsons, Pa., on May 25, killed 10 men. These four accidents bring the total number of such disasters to eight, with a resulting loss of 284 lives during the first five months of the present year, as compared with seven for the same period of 1927, with a loss of 140 lives. Fatality rates based exclusiyely on these figures for major disasters were 1.25 and 0.51 per million tons for 1928 and 1927, respectively.

Comparing the record as to causes of accidents from January to May of the present year with that for the same period of 1927, a reduction is noted for haulage, explosives and electricity. No material change occurred in the rates for falls of roof and coal. Because of the unusual number of deaths caused by explosions, that rate was much higher for the 1928 period than for 1927.

Miners' Lives Cheap.

This report of the government office shows that the miners' lives are cheap. In no instance have the coal operators, who are responsible for these deaths been brought under charges of murder. Every coal digger knows that accidents in the mines can be reduced to a minimum, but this would cost money; so the operators let the miners die. They let miners cover the black coal with their blood; and out fo this coal and blood the gold is produced for the capitalists.

Only the miners themselves can stop this butchery; the miners must take control of the union, they must unite with other workers and farmers, to form a labor party and challenge the capitalist government, which at present puts the rubber stamp of "O. K." on the massacres of the coal diggers.

Fake "Farmer-Labor" Convention Ends

Politicians, Lawyers, Bankers, In Aimless Talkfest

By THURBER LEWIS.
(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

CHICAGO, Ill., July 15 (By Mail).—Norman Thomas, nominee of the socialist party, came within one vote of being the pominee of the farmer-labor party for president of the United States. He was beaten by Senator Norris of Nebraska who had already declined the honor.

Thirty delegates, with almost as many different ideas about what the party should do, wrangled for three days over a platform that will probably never be presented to the electorate and then nominated for president a man who may not run.

If Thomas had gone over, Maurer would have been chosen running mate. But with the nomination of Norris, Will Vereene, a wealthy garment factory and cotton mill owner of Moultrie, Georgia, was elected for vice presidential nominee. He is an old Watson supporter in the south, a dry (although the Georgia delegate confided he liked his corn liquor) and is said to be willing to finance his own campaign with a bigger fund than the socialists have.

Futile Convention.

Futility marked the convention throughout. While there were delegates from 11 states and the District of Columbia, it is certain they represented practically no one. Illinois had the strongest delegation, eight, representing a paper organization. The next largest delegation, Colorado with five, came by car as a sort of family group and were probably mandated by not many more than their own number. One or two each came from Minnesota, South Dakota, Oklahoma, Missouri, Iowa, Georgia and Nebraska. The ubiquitous William V. Mahoney, realtor of Washington, D. C., was there. And a former resident of New Mexico, Karl Jursek, side-kick of Murray King of the socialist party, represented that state.

The party, if such it may be called, almost split on the nomination of Norris. Thomas' support was strong. The slate makers for Thomas and Maurer were led by David McVey of the plasterers, a delegate to the Chicago Federation of Labor. He placed Thomas in nomination. William V. Mahoney, representing the Lincoln-Jefferson League of Washington, D. C., is given credit for unwittingly wrecking the hopes of the socialist candidates. He made the mistake of rising to second the nomination of Thomas. This peeved the Colorado delegates.

Petty Bickering.

William Penh Collins, a lawyer of that state, rose to begin a speech with, "We will refuse to be a tail to the Hoover kite," making reference to a speech Mahoney had made to his league earlier in the week about the chances of defeating Smith in a number of southern states with a strong third party ticket.

Collins accused Mahoney of wanting a combination of socialists and farmer-laborites to go south and take democratic votes from Al Smith. He thereupon threw Colorado's five votes to a farmer delegate, Plageman of Iowa, on the first ballot. This made a majority impossible. On the second ballot, a Thomas supporter, evidently thinking the vote to be on vice president, threw a marker for Maurer into the hat and left Thomas with fifteen votes against Norris' like number. That ballot would have made Thomas the candidate. The third ballot stood, Thomas 14, Norris 16.

But the issue is still unsettled. Norris won't run although many delegates think Vereene's thousands will be an inducement. The newly elected executive is, at this writing, still trying to find a successor to Norris in the probable event of his flat refusal. The fighting in committee went on all day and continued into the next. Rumor has it that the big scrap was over whether to have a candidate or not. What few level heads there are realize the whole business has been for nothing.

(To Be Continued.)

CAMPAIGN CORNER

PAT DEVINE, Minnesota district organizer, ventures to predict that after this election we will be a legal political party in Minnesota. All that is necessary is to get eleven thousand votes counted for us in the entire state. So say we. It seems that Pat is not very venturesome.

* * *

One book of the beautiful new Vote Communist Stamps or twenty Vote Communist buttons will be sent free of charge to anyone who can write a political fairy tale as good as the story about Al Smith and the poor little crippled boy's spotted fawn. We believe that this story will prove a far better vote catcher than the best yet produced by Norman Thomas. This contest closes Thursday, July 19, at noon. The Campaign Corner Editor will judge all contributions and publish the best.

* * *

The Election Program is now on sale by the Workers Library Publishers. Price 10 cents, 30 per cent discount in quantity lots.

* * *

Our Ohio comrades have already gathered 4,000 signatures to put the party on the ballot in that state. They need 20,000. Watch their total grow!

* * *

THE Lithuanian Working Women's Alliance is the first women's organization heard from with a donation of five dollars to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund.

* * *

On being asked how many votes the Communists expect to get, a certain young Pioneer replied: "Too busy to count now: The more we count now, the less we'll count on election day." We must put the party on the ballot. Buy a book of Vote Communist stamps and help boost the campaign.

* * *

Who will be the first to make a House Party collection for the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund and send it in to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer, 43 East 125th St., New York City?

* * *

We have a question.

Campaign Corner Editor: Dear Comrade: Do you think our party will be on the ballot in thirty states this year? A. H., Hartford, Conn.

Answer: Yes, if we work very hard and more if we work harder. It depends on the comrades in each state.

* * *

Philadelphia has issued a special card for use at open-air meetings. This card is used to register sympathizers.

* * *

We note that Albert Gerling of Madrid, Iowa, has bettered an earlier contribution of $5 to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund. This time he sends $10.

* * *

August 19 to 26 will be National Tag Day Week to help build the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund.

Barbusse Edits New French Weekly 'Monde'

THE appearance of the first two numbers of "Le Monde," a new weekly in Paris under the direction of Henri Barbusse, noted Communist author and editor, has attracted universal attention.

Writers contributing to the first two numbers include Panait Istrati, young Rumanian writer who tells of the last days of Christian Rakovsky, former Soviet ambassador to France and his friend for years; Rene Marau, Negro author of "Batouala," who begins a new novel; an article by Tagore, Hindu writer, and poems by Luc Durtain, outstanding literary figure in France. Prof. Einstein and Maxim Gorki are collaborators. Miguel de Unamuno, exiled Spanish philosopher, is on the directory which includes Upton Sinclair.

In the first two issues Henri Barbusse himself begins a serial of his trip to Soviet Russia. His most recent contribution to the American press was an article on the fascist terror in one of the last issues of the "Labor Defender."

Philadelphia Barbers Picketing All Shops

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 16.—The journeymen barbers who went on strike here recently are today picketing the hundreds of barber shops in the city and holding meetings for the purpose of further organization among the barbers of the city and vicinity.

The spirit of the strikers is reported to be as strong as ever. The unanimous decision is that no one will return to work until the new hour and wage scale is granted by the bosses.

COMMUNIST WORLD CONGRESS OPENS SESSIONS IN MOSCOW

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1928

OBREGON, MEXICAN PRESIDENT-ELECT, IS ASSASSINATED

DELEGATION OF U. S. WORKERS, NEGROS, ATTEND

Leningrad Endorses Plenum Results

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., (UP) July 17.—The World Congress of the Communist International opened today with 20 United States delegates, including several Negroes, participating. Six hundred Communist leaders from all over the world were present.

The congress will review the accomplishments of International Communism since the last session and will study the problems of the international working class.

* * *

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 17.—A meeting of officials of the All-Union Communist Party yesterday heard the report of Rykov, president of the Council of Peoples' Commissars, on the results of the plenary session of the Central Committee of the All-Union Party, and adopted a resolution completely approving the report.

Approve Results.

The resolution of the Leningrad officials approved the results of the plenary session after hearing the report of Stalin, general secretary of the All-Union Party.

The draft program of the Communist International was also approved.

The plenary session of the All-Union Communist Party elected Kaganovitch, the former secretary of the Ukrainian Communist Party as vice president of the All-Union Party.

Stalin addressed the Leningrad officials concerning the tasks of the Sixth Congress of the Communist International. He pointed out that the main difference in the imperialist camp since the Fifth Congress is that Anglo-American antagonism has now become the dominant feature in the world situation.

Antagonisms Remain.

The antagonisms between the United States and Japan, Britain and France, France and Italy, Germany and France, etc., still exist, however.

The main imperialist problems, the speaker pointed out, oil markets, capital exportation, set routes,

Continued on Page Three

WATT URGES AID TO COAL MINERS

Seeks Support for Big Convention

(Special to The DAILY WORKER).

PITTSBURGH, July 17.—Emphasizing the importance of the coming national convention of the Mine Workers, John Watt, chairman of the Convention Arrangements Committee and leading millitant of the new union, yesterday issued an appeal to all friends of the movement to aid in the important tasks before the coal diggers. Watt stressed the need of funds to pay for the necessary expenses of the meeting such as payment for the hall, printing, etc. In addition there will be the problem of paying the fare of scores of delegates who otherwise would be unable to come to the September convention. The address of the arrangements committee is 119 Federal St., N. S., Pittsburgh.

Watt's statement follows:

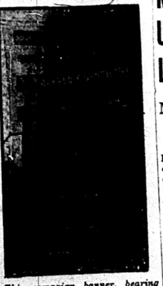
"Once more conditions in the mining industry compel us to turn to our friends in our moment of need. The struggle has now reached a stage where, with a hearty helping hand on the part of all workers, we can strike a knockout blow to all enemies of the miners.

Decisive Action Needed.

"It has now become clear that decisive and prompt action is necessary to save the hundreds of thousands of miners from dire poverty and misery, which is the aim of the coal operators. All efforts of the Save the Union Committee to save the once powerful miners' union has met with the most stubborn resistance on the part of John L. Lewis. It is plain that Lewis intends to

Continued on Page Three

Wall St. Wants 'Em



This campaign banner, bearing the names of Al Smith and Joseph T. Robinson, has been stretched across Wall St., where the real campaign headquarters of the democratic party are located. It is said to be the first time in 80 years that a democratic banner has graced the capital of Big Business, indicating that the democratic party has at last made good.

GERMAN POLICE FIRE ON CROWD; HURT 5 WORKERS

Many Demonstrate When Hoeltz Is Held

BERLIN, July 17.—Five workers were wounded tonight when police fired on a crowd of demonstrators protesting after learning that prisoners to be released under the recent amnesty law will be held until the middle of the week.

Thousands of workers had gathered at the railroad station expecting to receive the prisoners with an ovation and when it was learned they would not arrive a demonstration began. The crowd refused to disperse on orders from them and the officers fired among the crowd.

A large number of political prisoners, including Max Hoelz, German Communist leader, are among those who were not released at this time.

NICARAGUA WAR COSTS MILLIONS

Coming Elections to Require More

WASHINGTON, July 17.—With 302 commissioned officers and 5,318 enlisted men of the marine corps now on duty in Nicaragua, the forthcoming presidential elections will require additional funds from the United States treasury to maintain the hold of American imperialism on the "colony," it was learned here today.

The base cost—pay and subsistence of the enlisted men—would run something over $8,000 a day. General expenses on top of this would add many thousand dollars more to the daily outlay. Even taken at a minimm of $10,000 a day, the cost would be $30,000 a month or at the rate of $360,000 a year.

FIND MISSING BROKERS

James G. Hall and Enos Curtin, Wall Street brokers, who were believed lost in a seaplane in the Canadian woods above Oskelaneo Que., were located today 150 miles north of that place, a telegram received here said.

MALIGIN, SECOND USSR SHIP, SEEKS LOST EXPLORERS

Malmgren Complained of Nobile Blunders

MOSCOW, July 17.—With the Krassin temporarily out of the rescue field, because of the necessity of refueling, the Soviet icebreaker Maligin has set out to hunt for the Amundsen party. The Maligin reported its position today as 40 miles east of King Karl Island, south of North East Land. It is fighting its way through a heavy storm, which has been making progress difficult since early morning. The aviator, Babushkin, is attached to the Maligin.

* * *

Italia Mismanaged

MOSCOW, July 17.—While the Russian icebreaker Krassin sped through the Arctic waters today in an effort to save the life of Captain Adalbert Mariano, one of the two members of the fascist Nobile party whom she rescued off an icefloe near Foyn Island, Prof. F. Behounek, a member of the second party rescued, who is now safe aboard the Krassin, revealed details concerning the last hours before the Italia crashed.

Prof. Finn Malmgren, the Swedish

Continued on Page Five

FOOD BOSS GETS BIG "WELCOME"

Strikers Visit Him At Vacation Haunt

Alec Bohm, striking member of the Waiters Local 1, was arrested while picketing the open-shop Trufood Restaurant, 44th St. and 6th Ave., yesterday afternoon. The strike here is now more than 4 weeks' old and is effective against the 3 stores owned by the same partners, Sazer and Tofolofsky. The striker later received a suspended sentence when brought before the magistrates court.

* * *

Boss Gets Welcome

A demonstration against conditions in the three restaurants of the Trufood Co., employes of which are now on strike, took place Sunday afternoon at the Naturalist Colony, near Plainfield, N. J.

One of the restaurant corporation, Benjamin Sazer, a member of the colony with reputation as a "liberal," had his reputation badly shattered at the meeting when nearly a dozen restaurant workers appeared with their picketing signs and told the assembled colonists, Sazor's neighbors, of the bad conditions on their job and of the refusal of the firm to recognize their union, Local 1, Waiters and Waitresses, A. F. of L.

"Mediators"

A volunteer committee, composed of acquaintances and friends of Sazor, as well as of Tofolosky and Tyre, also firm members, went to interview the three bosses in behalf of the strikers. This committee was composed of A. Bloom, former manager of the Volkzeitung, German newspaper; Chaitt, member of the International Brotherhood of Painters and Paperhangers, and Goldstein, former official of the Dressmakers Local, I. L. G. W. U.

On the grounds that he is "not doing business on Sunday," Sazer

Continued on Page Five

VIENNA, July 17.—Twenty children in Kattowitz, Upper Silesia, were killed yesterday when one of them picked up a hand grenade which exploded. Kattowitz was the scene of much heavy fighting during the World War.

WOULD KILL FOR PROFIT

Remove Ban on Milk that Killed 30

BOSTON, July 17.—New York City's ban against milk originating in the Berkshire district of Massachusetts, centering around Lee, where thirty deaths have occurred in a septic sore throat poisoning epidemic brought on by the poisoned milk supply, was pronounced "no longer necessary" by Dr. George H. Bigelow, State Health Commissioner.

This was the advice given to Dr. Louis I. Harris, Commissioner of Health of New York, in a note stating that the menace was "definitely over."

Meanwhile, at the same time that notice of the epidemic's decline was being broadcasted by the company-hired physicians and state lackeys, over two hundred people were still sick of the disease in Lee. In an attempt to save the milk company

Continued on Page Two

Strike Sentiment Spreads at General Motors Plant

AUTO WORKERS UNION PLANNING MASS RALLIES

A. F. of L. Faker Stays At Company's Hotel

FLINT, Mich., July 17.—Rapid spread of the strike to other departments of the General Motor corporation here was forecast today, following the walk-out of over five hundred men in the Fisher body plant of the big automobile company.

Establishment of the strike committee in the Buick plant of the same corporation has broadcast strike sentiment among thousands of the auto workers, that is crystalizing in the extent of swiftness with which strike and relief organization has already been prepared by the Auto Workers Union. The Auto workers union is playing an increasingly active part in leading the men against the wage slashes the bosses have attempted to introduce.

Arrange Mass Meets.

The strikers under the leadership of Philip Raymond, and Arnold Zeigler, organizers of the Auto Workers Union, are arranging for a series of mass meetings where plans for bringing out on strike the rest of the General Motors departments in Flint and for mass picketing of the struck plant will be discussed.

Following the initial action of the American Federation of Labor officials in ignoring the strike in the Fisher body department, the statement of A. F. of L. organizer Duffy that the workers, if they want to be organized, must come to him at the Hotel Durant, has incensed the men.

Strikers Aroused.

The Hotel Durant is known to be controlled by the General Motors Corporation and the backwardness of the A. F. of L. officials in organizing the men, and this open manifestation of their understanding with the General Motors Corporation is having a profound effect in arousing the strikers.

The strike committee has already stated that it will stand behind the Auto Workers Union in the present struggle since they alone are organizing the men, while the American Federation of Labor officials remains inactive in the Hotel Durant

BISCUIT COMPANY PAYS LOW WAGES

Miserable Conditions Revealed by Worker

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The workers in the National Biscuit Company listened with a great deal of interest to the meeting held last Friday at 15th Street and 10th Avenue by the Workers (Communist) Party. I know, because I was one of them, and all afternoon we workers talked about it. I wish that these meetings are kept up. We all like them and we learn a lot from them. It will be a better way of spending our lunch hour than playing ball on the open lot.

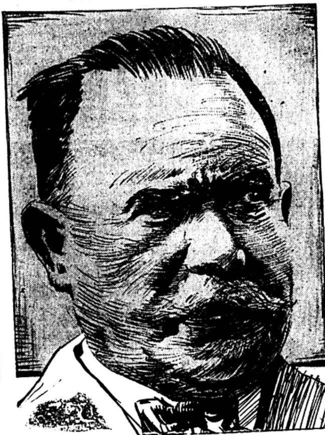
I noticed that when the speakers' stand was first set up in the open lot, a cop came over and said the company won't allow it on their property and made the speaker move the stand over to the corner. That doesn't surprise me, because our bosses don't want us to learn about organizing so that we can demand better pay and better working conditions. In fact, it wouldn't surprise me to have the company soon take some steps against allowing us to listen at all. There are a lot of spies around, and I'm sure that the whole meeting was reported to the bosses.

Receive Low Wages.

We workers in the National Biscuit Company get the most terrible wages, especially in the department where I work, the packing department. In the 10th Avenue to 9th Avenue factories. This department is under the charge of two managers, Mr. Kloper and Mrs. Delure. Mr. Kloper is an old man with a bitter smile, and the other never smiles. They keep our wages lower even than those of the workers in other departments. It is the fault of these two managers that we get as low as

Continued on Page Five

General Alvaro Obregon



President elect of Mexico, who was yesterday assassinated by a Mexican army officer.

CHINESE SEAMEN ARM, SEIZE U. S. A. VESSEL

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., July 17.—With the grim courage of despair, a crew of Chinese seamen aboard the Panama Mail steamship, Venezuela, yesterday stood off a superior detachment of coast guardsmen, continuing to fight until cornered and driven below by the government forces.

Driven to Revolt.

The story of their struggle is an epic in the history of persecution by officers, and resistance by' men, under the rigid discipline of the sea.

Goaded by their brutal officers, driven to the verge of frenzy by intolerable conditions, the Chinese seamen two days ago found courage

Continued on Page Five

DISTRICT MILL MEN TO PARLEY

Regional Conference For New Union

The first of the regional preliminary conferences which will be held in various sections of the country in preparation for the coming national convention of textile workers organizations is to be held next Saturday, July 21, according to an announcement issued yesterday by the National Textile Mill Committees. The conference will be held in the Progressive Labor Center, 101 E. 14th St. and is cheduled to open at 2 p. m.

All textile industrial centers in the states of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut are to be represented at this preliminary parley, the main function of which will be

Continued on Page Two

MOBILIZE FORCES FOR 'PARTY DAYS'

Anti-War Demonstration Is Planned

Throughout District 2, members of the Workers (Communist) Party from the lowest functionary to the highest, are preparing for the Party Days, which have been called for July 23, 24, 25, 26, 30, 31 and August 1. It is expected that these Party Days will result in a tightening-up of the entire election campaign machinery of the district, and also in elaborate preparation for a huge turnout at the anti-war demonstration on August 4.

The letter sent to the members of the Workers (Communist) Party reads in part as follows:

"Every party in the Communist International has specially designated days which are called Party Days. The American party has not availed itself of this opportunity in the past. We now propose to do so.

Plan Mobilization Day.

"The purpose of these Party Days is to have one Mobilization Day on

Continued on Page Five

FUR WORKERS MEET TONIGHT

Gold to Bare Fakers Peace Pleas

Forced to the wall by the rising offensive of the fur workers the right wing scab union, the Joint Council, A. F. of L. leaders, who are the bosses of the Council, sought to engage in fake peace negotiations with the leaders of the left wing Joint Board, who are leading the workers in the drive. This, as well as questions of equal importance will be reported on in full by Joint Board speakers at the big mass meeting to be held tonight in Cooper Union immediately after work.

Will Make Exposure.

Ben Gold, manager of the Joint Board, announced yesterday that he would make public the dealings with the labor fakers at the "negotiations" which he recognied immediately to be a bid for a breath-

Continued on Page Three

EXPOSE BIG FRAME-UP

Documents Show Centralia Conspiracy

Documents presented by representatives of the prisoners to the members of the Parole Board of the State Penitentiary of Washington, who are considering the requested release of the eight Centralia I. W. W prisoners who have been behind the bars almost enight years on framed-up charges, show thoroughly the spurious nature of the charges as well as the shamelessly unjustified character of the conviction. Extracts from the documents are being made public by the national office of International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th St.

One affidavit after another proves that it was the American Legionaires, led on their parade by Warren Grimm, who first attacked the hall of the I. W. W. with the intention of lynching the leaders of the organization, as they later did with Wes-

Continued on Page Two

REPORT MURDERER IS A REACTIONARY OFFICER OF ARMY

Five Shots Are Fired Into Body of President-Elect; Death Reported Instantaneous

Was to Have Assumed Office December 1st; Alleged Killer Is Caught

MEXICO CITY, July 17 (United Press).—General Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico, was assassinated shortly after 2 p. m. today near the town of San Angel, close to the capital.

A man believed to be a captain in the army by the name of Juan Escapulario entered the restaurant and fired five shots into Obregon's body at close range. The president-elect was reported to have died almost instantly.

President Calles went immediately to San Angel to investigate the murder. Police in the town stopped all traffic except for official business and invested the assassination with such mystery that details were unavailable for hours.

It was reported late this afternoon that Luis M. Morones, minister of industry, commerce and labor, has been shot and killed by infuriated Obregonistas. This report is without confirmation.

Morones has been considered as a presidential candidate against Obregon and was one of the faction opposed to the general.

Obregon was the fourth president of Mexico to be murdered within a space of little more than ten years.

The body was reported to have been taken to the center of San Angel but all traffic entering the city, including the automobiles of newspaper correspondents, were halted on the outskirts of the town.

Several of Obregon's friends in San Angel attempted to kill the assassin but police and others prevented. The man was reported to be Juan Escapulario but late today details regarding him still were lacking.

According to reports from San Angel Escapulario reached Obregon's side by posing as an artist

Continued on Page Five

CONCERT TO BE DEMONSTRATION

Workers Will Honor Soviet Union

The great DAILY WORKER concert Saturday at Coney Island Stadium will be a demonstration of the militant workers of New York in honor of the Soviet Union, the country which gave Prof. Leon Theremin the opportunity to discover and perfect his marvelous ether-music.

Prof. Theremin is a citizen of the Soviet Union and will appear at this unusual proletarian musical festival as the representative of the first workers' and peasants' republic. It is considered no accident that this astounding discovery should have been made in the Soviet Union. Only there have all workers, including scientists and artists, the opportunity to work without fear of op-

Continued on Page Five

Fines In Liquor

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Prohibition Commissioner Doran announced today that more than $1,000,000 was collected in civil penalties from liquor law violators during the fiscal year ended June 30.

Automobiles worth $5,000,000 were seized last year and more than 50 per cent of the 80,000 cars captured had been sold under liens by dealers, he said.

Harry Anslinger, Chief of the Foreign Control Section of Prohibition Bureau said that in the last twelve months, 5,000,000 gallons of liquor was shipped from foreign countries presumably for entrance in the United States.

WALL STREET SLOWS UP.

NEW YORK, July 17 (UP).—Wall Street has reacted to the recent announcement of the Federal Reserve Board—an announcement frowning on speculation—with the result that desultory trading marks activity on the New York stock exchange for the first time in months.

Some of the pivotal issues yesterday closed from two to six points lower. Radio was down more than six points.

INDIA WORKERS STRUGGLE GROWS

Authorities Fire On Strikers

CALCUTTA, India, July 17.—A wave of unrest threatens to engulf all leading industries of India.

The strength of the recently organized unions is increasing and their growth appears to be on a permanent basis.

Strikes and lockouts have affected virtually every important industry in the country, and for nearly four months there has been a series of disturbances with which employers, police, civil and military authorities have found it difficult to deal.

Jamshedpur now is the seat of the movement. The Tata Iron and Steel Company's works there—lovingly fostered by the legislature because it is the only Indian industrial concern of any magnitude, although it is largely managed by Europeans—has been convulsed by strikes which have become a lockout.

Industry Tied Up

The East Indian railway shops at Lillooah, Calcutta, are idle; the Bombay cotton industry is paralyzed, and the jute industry here has ceased functioning, due to the strike of 10,000 workers.

The wave of unrest culminated in an open struggle at Bamangachi. Ghurka troops fired on the strikers by order of Captain Christie. A Bombay jury completely approved the action of the city superintendent of police in firing on strikers under almost identical circumstances.

RUMOR USSR CHANGES

BERLIN, July 17 (UP).—A wholly unconfirmed report circulated in this city today states that Leo Kamenev may replace V. V. Kubyscheff as chairman of the Supreme Economic Council of the Soviet Union, while Gregori Zinoviev may replace A. V. Lunacharski, as Commissar of Education. Kubyscheff and Lunacharski will assume ambassadorships, the rumor states.

40 DROWNED ON RHINE

MANNHEIM, Germany, July 17 (UP).—Forty bathers in the Rhine, between Karlsruhr and Bingen, were drowned today, while seeking relief from the heat wave.

creased Fare Drive Sweeps Over Country

CAGO TO PAY [illegible] CENTS; ISSUE [illegible] IN NEW YORK

Baltimore On 10c Fare, Others Pending

(Special to *The DAILY WORKER*)

CHICAGO, Ill., July 17.—The granting of a 10-cent fare to the Chicago elevated lines yesterday and the filing in New York City of a petition for an increased fare by the Eighth and Ninth Ave. lines, the third group in New York to apply for the increase, bring into bold relief the country-wide drive of traction and public utility corporations to increase fares, raise rates and pick the pockets of the workers generally.

Work With Politicians

In all cases the hold-ups are being accomplished under the eyes and with the obvious sanction of public service commissions, city officials and the federal courts, whose supposed reason for existence is to prevent the very things which they are now seen to be furthering. Baltimore lines recently put through a [illegible]-cent fare. Practically every upstate corporation in New York has been granted increases. Many applications throughout the country are pending.

Three federal judges, sitting yesterday, granted a temporary injunction to the Chicago lines for the [illegible]-cent fare. After announcing their decision the judges referred the whole matter to a master in chancery, the usual method of putting through fare and rate increases.

Old Plea

The injunction was granted on the company's plea that the present fare is "confiscatory." The same plea is at the basis of the New York increased fare moves. As in New York, the Chicago lines are several hundred per cent "water." In past years dividends paid out have many times equalled the original investment and the present "failure to earn a reasonable return" is really a huge subterfuge in which city and state officials take part.

DISTRICT MILL MEN TO PARLEY

Regional Conference For New Union

Continued from Page One

to prepare plans to present to the National Convention on September [illegible] and 23.

Plan Immediate Steps

Albert Weisbord, general secretary of the National Textile Mills Committee, is to open the regional conference by his presentation of an analysis of the present situation in the textile industry. The conference, its initiators state, will then occupy itself with planning immediate steps to be taken in preparation for the national convention.

The official call heralding the regional conference asks all active workers in Passaic, Patterson, Rutherford, West New York in New Jersey, New York City, Corona, Long Island, Bridgeport, Shelton and other mill centers in Connecticut to come to the conference to participate in the proceedings.

Big Event for Labor

The national convention in September, which is sponsored by the National Textile Mill Committees for the purpose of building a new industrial union in the textile industry, is seen to be one of the greatest developments of the labor movement in recent times. Of more than [illegible] workers engaged in the manufacture of textiles, an insignificant number belong to the A. F. of L. and other reactionary unions, who do not show the slightest desire to organize the large masses of unorganized in the industry.

For this and other reasons enumerated in the official convention call the Textile Mill Committees are calling all workers and their organizations to a New York gathering, where the foundations of a new textile workers industrial union will be laid.

[illegible] Victims Dying For Bosses' Profits

Continued from Page One

[illegible] supplied the milk that caused [illegible] deaths and almost a thousand cases of sickness in the city, the commissioner not only has failed to [illegible] the company for having [illegible] so serious an epidemic through its own negligence, but has gone to the extent of notifying other parts of the population who are supplied by the company, that the product is no longer dis[illegible]

In addition to the letter to New York Commissioner of Health [illegible], Bigelow also sent letters to the same effect to the boards of [illegible] of Otis, Tyringham, Bicket, [illegible], Stockbridge, Pittsfield and [illegible].

Religion and Fascism Go Hand in Hand

For three days 115th St. has been decorated with bunting and American and fascist flags in celebration of the feast of Our Lady of Mount Carmel. The aforementioned lady is highly thought of by Mussolini, who finds her and her fellow-saints active in doping the Italian masses into docile submission to the rule of the big Italian capitalists and the fascist terrorists.

THOUSANDS JAILED OR IDLE IN JUGO-SLAVIA

By HAROLD Z. BROWN
(Federated Press)

PARIS, July 17.—Jugoslavia, synthetic state created 10 years ago by world-fixers at Versailles, is rivaling fascist Italy in the number of political arrests, murders and exiles, asserts a recent press dispatch from the Committee of Fighting the White Terror in the Balkans.

Thoroughly mix sundry minorities of Dalmatians, Slovenians, Croatians and Macedonians with a dominant quantity of Serbs, and you have something that to a Jugoslav minister of the interior seems a "balance of peoples." To the committee it seems "the Macedonian Hell," a "balance of terror and misery."

White Terror

The balancing process has produced 30,000 political arrests and convictions, 7,000 political emigres, 15 political executions and 5,800 open and secret political murders. Further triumphs of "balanced" statesmanship are 200,000 unemployed workers and 100,000 starving peasants. On the other side of the ledger are 120 pensioned ministers, 140,000 holders of government jobs, 300,000 soldiers and 30,000 policemen.

One Belgrade citizen admits having voted 28 times at the last election. As a member of the reactionary nationalist party supporting the present government it was his duty to vote on behalf of himself and 27 dead and absent members of the party, and he got plenty of police protection while he did it.

Wages Low

Low wages and no overtime for workers fortunate enough to have jobs, is another achievement of the Jugoslav regime. Children of 12 do night work for meager wages. Workers who take too much interest in their unions receive domiciliary visits from the police, have their homes ransacked and may consider themselves fortunate if they are only held for some time incommunicado without charges being placed against them.

Political leaders who oppose the government are likely to be assassinated. Stefan Raditch, head of the Croatian peasant party, hangs between life and death now from bullet wounds inflicted in the chamber of deputies. Peasants suspected of the wrong kind of political activity are placed under police surveillance, which means that they must remain in their dwellings from nightfall until 6 a. m. and must rise at least once during the night to report to police, who enter and inspect their homes. They must not leave their villages, possess weapons or keep dogs.

Soldiers who keep this government in power complain that they are fed on insufficient quantities of putrid meat and unclean flour.

PROVE FRAME-UP IN I. W. W. CASE

Documents Presented to Parole Board

Continued from Page One

ley Everest. One even testifies to the fact that it was Lieutenant Cormier who blew the whistle which started a group of Legionaires on towards the hall for the purpose of breaking into it. The I. W. W.'s in the hall defended themselves against this criminal attack.

Witnesses in the court during the trial, whose testimony was twisted into conclusive proof of the prosecution's charges, now declare that their testimony was intended to prove no such thing, and quote from the court records to substantiate their present declarations.

A juror in the case, E. E. Torpen, swears that "if these men had not been affiliated with the I. W. W organization they would never have been convicted of the crime."

The International Labor Defense together with other labor and progressive elements, is now engaged in a vigorous campaign to obtain the release of all of the eight men who have suffered so intensely for their loyalty to the working class. The agitation for their release is particularly strong in the Northwestern part of the country, where labor and farmer organizations by the score have gone on record for the prisoners.

UNION LEADER WARNS MINERS IN ANTHRACITE

Papcun Shows Danger Facing Coal Diggers

By GEORGE PAPCUN.

It is now over two months since the special district convention in District 1 was held in which the Brennen, McGarry, Harris forces were the dominating factors and which expelled and removed Cappellini as president of District 1. It is very important for the miners of District 1 to take into consideration the action of the new district officials as it has become more evident that they will not carry out even the weak program which they adopted at the special convention because of being forced by rank and file. Immediately after the convention and even now in spite of the onslaught by Lewis against them the Harris, Brennen, McGarry and Issac combination still thinks that Lewis will recognize them, are still spreading the illusions among the miners about Lewis, saying that Lewis is different from Cappellini. Outside of establishing headquarters, the McGarry, Harris combination has done nothing.

Discrimination Remains.

The discrimination against the rank and file willing to fight is being intensified by the old officials and the coal operators. The contractors system still remains and is spreading rapidly. The Pennsylvania Coal Co. has again locked out the miners of the No. 6 colliery, the unemployment situation is getting worse, there is a general worsening of the conditions and wage cuts are taking place, yet the new district officials refuse to put up a fight and lead the miners in the struggle against these deplorable conditions. The rank and file thruout District 1 is ready for a fight. This has been demonstrated by the fact that many local unions have refused to pay the special assessment to the Lewis machine, and in many cases are sending money direct to the rank and file in the soft coal strike districts. There is the other proof that many local unions are daily on strike against the grievances which confront them.

The left wing in Pittston has shown up McGarry for what he actually is to the miners of Pittston. Here where the miners are the first to be attacked, the McGarry forces are doing nothing, the left wing presented a resolution for a general strike of all the Penn. coal miners. While the rank and file was for the resolution, McGarry saw fit not to bring the resolution to a vote.

McGarry is allowing the Penn Coal Co., the contractors and the Cappelini-Lewis-Kennedy machine to starve, demoralize and whip the miners into submission. The new district officials have consistently fought against the national movement of the miners to destroy the Lewis, Murray, Kennedy machine, and are at this time, though not openly, fighting against the National convention, which is to be held in Pittsburgh, Sept. 9 to 16.

Miners Must Fight.

The miners of the anthracite, particularly of District 1, must fight and force the new officials to fight for the National convention, and for the building of a new miners' [illegible]. The miners must understand that the movement cannot be limited to kicking out Cappelini, who is but a part of the Lewis machine. The whole machine must be kicked out. The so-called leaders must give up their scramble for office in District 1 with which they are destroying the miners' union. The miners must also ask why it is that the new district officials do not concern themselves with the condition of the miners in District 1. Why is it that the new officials are not preparing for the time of struggle when the operators will try to destroy the miners' union completely in the anthracite. It must be clear to everyone that the operators today are preparing to deliver the final blow to the miners' union at the expiration of the 5 year agreement or even sooner. The miners must also ask the new district officials why they are so anxious to form a new anthracite miners' union separated from the soft coal, as it is a well known fact that a union separated from the soft coal miners will tend to become a company union used by the company to promote their own purposes.

EGYPT'S MINORITIES AWAIT CITIZENSHIP

CAIRO, Egypt, July 17.—The draft of a law to regulate Egyptian nationality, now before parliament, is meeting with strong opposition from business and financial elements among the Egyptians, who fear that the nationality thus conferred would strengthen the power of the vigorous competitive minorities in the country.

The new law would confer Egyptian nationality upon every child born in Egypt of a foreign father or born in Egypt and attached by race to a people speaking the Arabic language or of the Moslem religion. This clause, particularly affecting Syrians, has met with bitter opposition.

Particular facilities are offered to Turks, many hundreds of whom, banished from their native land by the republican government of Mustapha Kemal Pasha, have found shelter in Egypt, but are deprived of any kind of legal status. Thousands of former Ottoman subjects are awaiting passing of the law to acquire legitimate status.

Within the frontiers of Egypt are thousands of former Ottoman subjects, who claim Egyptian subjection. The most important category of these are Syrians, the majority of whom are well educated and consequently have a great advantage over the average Egyptian. Practically the entire press of Egypt is in the hands of Syrians. In the administration most of the positions requiring higher qualifications are occupied by Syrians. Syrian doctors, dentists, chemists, and lawyers are legion in both Cairo and Alexandria. The commerce of Egypt is likewise controlled chiefly by Syrians, who own banks, enormous merchandise establishments in the chief cities, and are found directing every enterprise of importance.

GREAT INTEREST IN 'DAILY' IN OHIO

Youngstown Organize Builders' Club

Great interest is being shown in The DAILY WORKER thruout Ohio it is reported by L. Siselman, special DAILY WORKER agent, who is now covering Ohio territory. Many new subscriptions have been secured, as well as pledges to The DAILY WORKER Sustaining Fund.

In Youngstown 11 workers pledged a regular sum in order to secure the "Daily" over the summer months and 20 more promised to pay in the near future. A special campaign committee for The DAILY WORKER was elected, consisting of Ruth Williams, Henrietta Bona, Murray Fradin, Morris Been, Nathan Glass, Dominico Ezza and Abe Kass. Lambroza Sambles is The DAILY WORKER agent.

Organize "Daily" Builders.

This special committee will also constitute the executive body of The DAILY WORKER Builders Club that is being organized in Youngstown. Similar organizations will be formed by Siselman on his tour of Ohio.

Street Nucleus 7 of Youngstown has sent its congratulations to The DAILY WORKER on its appearance in its "new dress" with the regulation eight columns.

Cities in Tour.

Siselman's itinerary will include: July 19, Akron; July 21, Mansfield; July 23, Bucyrus; July 26, Columbus; July 29, Springfield; July 31, Dayton; Aug. 2, Cincinnati; Aug. 7, Lima; and Aug. 9, Toledo.

A special mass meeting of all DAILY WORKER readers in Cleveland is being arranged for Aug. 16 at which Siselman will be the chief speaker. The problems of the "Daily," as well as the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party, will be discussed at the meeting.

SATURDAY EVE., JULY 21

Most Amazing Invention of the Twentieth Century!

PROFESSOR
THEREMIN
of Soviet Russia

Produces Music from the Air

ROXY BALLET
Russian and Oriental Dances

ARNOLD VOLPE, Conductor
SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF 50 MEN

CONEY ISLAND STADIUM
Surf Avenue and West Sixth Street

TICKETS FOR SALE ALL DAY AT THE DAILY WORKER, 26-28 UNION SQ.
Admission: 75c; $1.00; $1.25 and $1.50 All Seats Reserved

French "Socialist" Party Executive Endorses Briand Policies by Huge Majority

COLLABORATION URGED; RHINE EVACUATION HIT

Call Rationalization Essential

(Wireless to The Daily Worker)

PARIS, July 17.—The enlarged executive committee of the French "socialist" party has ratified Paul Boncour's League of Nations mandate by a vote of 2,129 against 846.

The committee further declared that rationalization is absolutely necessary. No move was made, however, to protect the workers from the consequences of rationalization.

Collaboration between the workers and the capitalists along the lines of the scheme laid down by Lord Mond in England was also favored by the committee.

Defense of the fatherland was also approved by the "socialists." One section of the committee even went so far as to protest against the evacuation of the left bank of the Rhine.

The policies of Briand were given absolute endorsement.

The session reveals that the French "socialist" party has a completely bourgeois basis.

BIG GRAFTERS HIT MINOR OFFICIALS

Republicans Stage New "Housecleaning"

WASHINGTON, July 17 (UP).—Attorney General Sargent today suspended Perry W. Howard, Mississippi politician from his post as a special assistant to the attorney general.

Howard is under indictment in the Biloxi, Miss., patronage investigation.

Howard was notified in a formal order that he was "suspended from pay and duty as an attorney in this department beginning today and continuing until further notice."

A similar order was sent James S. Hubbard, deputy U. S. marshal for southern Mississippi.

Howard is alleged to have disposed of a deputy United States marshalship for $1,500. dersigned is not a Communist nor a Kellogg Talks

MORE APPROVE "PEACE" PACT

British See Screen for Armament Race

LONDON July 17.—In spite of obvious credulity concerning the power of the Kellogg multilateral peace treaties to function in time of crisis, the British government is apparently preparing to accept the Kellogg pact tomorrow.

Comments in the British press are frank in questioning multilateral issues, stating that they are obviously designed to protect American investors abroad. Skepticism is general concerning the feasibility of the treaties.

That the arrangement will not prevent the British from increasing their armament activities while affording them a diplomatic screen, is the best feature that some sections of the British press can see in the Kellogg plan.

* * *

Belgium Approves.

BRUSSELS, July 17 (UP).—The cabinet today approved the text of the government's reply to the United States proposals for an anti-war treaty.

FORCE PARDONS TO AUTONOMISTS

PARIS, July 17.—Widespread resentment and growing autonomist pressure today forced President Doumergue to sign pardons for three of the leaders of the Alsatian autonomists jailed some time ago on charges of separatist activities.

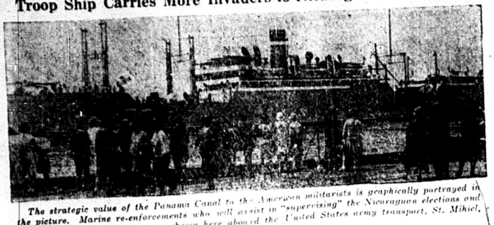
Dr. Georges Eugene Ricklin, one of the principal figures among the autonomists, was not pardoned, however, the government alleging that Ricklin had appealed from his conviction, and hence a decision of the supreme court was necessary before action can be taken to free him. When the supreme court will decide has not been established.

Of the men pardoned, two, Rosse and Schall, are deputies to the French chamber.

Train Crash Kills 1

ATHENS, July 17 (UP).—One person was killed and three injured when six cars were crushed and a freight train derailed by a landslide Sunday between Athens and Thessaly.

Troop Ship Carries More Invaders to Nicaragua Via Panama



The strategic value of the Panama Canal to the American militarists is graphically portrayed in the picture. Marine re-enforcements who will assist in "supervising" the Nicaraguan elections and in "pacifying" the country are shown here aboard the United States army transport, St. Mihiel, as they passed thru the Canal.

SHOOT MEXICAN REACTIONARIES

Fifty-four Killed In Last Month

MEXICO CITY, July 17.—Two army officers and two civilians were executed after court martial for selling arms to counter-revolutionists, a San Luis Potosi dispatch to the newspaper Universal said today.

Many civilians have been arrested on similar charges, it was said.

A dispatch to the newspaper from Ciudad Manuel Doblado, in Guanajuato state, said that 54 counter-revolutionists had been killed in seven fights during the past month. In the largest fight, 200 men under the famous leader, El Catorce, were engaged against federal soldiers Twenty-three counter-revolutionists were killed. In the other fights bands of from 25 to 80 reactionaries participated.

WOMEN TO FIGHT ON WAR DANGER

Federation Announces Second Conference

The Second Delegate Conference of the New York Working Women's Federation was announced last night by the secretary, Ray Ragozzin. The conference will be held Thursday evening, August 2, at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and 2nd Ave.

The conference is called to arouse working women to the reality of the war danger and to organize women to combat the forces of imperialism. The call to the second conference, issued at a time when news comes of the death of President Obregon in Mexico, throws into bold relief the gathering war clouds. The struggle against imperialism in Latin-American countries, of which the latest development in Mexico is but a part, marine rule in Nicaragua and general suppressions in all colonial countries, all point to the threatening war danger, the New York Working Women's Federation declares These acts will plunge the workers into another world war more devastating than the last. The Second Delegate Conference of the Working Women's Federation calls all women workers from shops and industries to attend.

Biscuit Workers Will Hold Meeting Friday

The second meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party at the National Biscuit Company will be held at 15th Street and 10th Avenue on Friday, July 20th, at 12 o'clock noon The speakers will be John J. Ballam Acting District Organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party and one Italian and one Spanish speaker

According to reports from some of the workers at the National Biscuit Company, the first election campaign meeting held here last Friday was hailed with great interest by the workers. It formed the subject of discussion all that afternoon and the next day. At the first meeting, the chairman was requested by some of the workers present to have an Itaian and a Spanish speaker at the next meeting

Immunity of M .P.'s In Poland a Joke

WARSAW, July 17.—In the home of a worker the Communist representative Baszynski was arrested, after his immunity had been declared null.

Baszynski is accused of being a traitor on the ground of the one-time tzarist paragraph No. 102, which means that he will be imprisoned for more than ten years.

Arrested with him were the residents of the dwelling, Ignaz Erzynwicki and a woman, Pascynska, who were in the house when the police appeared.

BIG BUSINESS MOVES SOUTH CHEAP LABOR

(By Federated Press).

Southern industry, far from having ended its period of rapid post-war growth, is on the eve of its greatest expansion, according to a survey just completed by Case Pomeroy & Co. This firm lists $170,000,000 to be spent in establishing new manufacturing plants along the Southern Railway. This does not include millions appropriated for factories and mills along the Atlantic Coast Line, Louisville & Nashville, Illinois Central and a score of smaller lines.

Nor does it include enthusiastic estimates on tremendous expansion said to be just ahead for Texas. In the Lone Star State, itself an empire, industrialists are predicting that cotton mills within the next decade or two will rival Carolina's and far surpass New England.

Reason: Low Wages.

No less an authority than M. D. C. Crawford, of Fairchild Publications standard textile trade service, lends a willing ear to boasts that Texas through low wages of poor whites Negroes and immigrant Mexicans and proximity to the best cotton fields, will be the center of the American textile industry.

Carolina's future is seen to lie in finer grades of cotton goods while coarse goods will be made in Texas. Already, northern bankers and textile interests are complaining of the competition for labor in the larger Carolina communities. As for New England, Crawford remarks that "it is said by many textile men that New England would make the finest summer resort in America."

In these words is the threat of annihilation for jobs of at least 200,000 textile workers in New England's cotton mills.

Intense Activity.

From Virginia on the north, says the Case, Pomeroy report, stretching along the western fringe of North Carolina and on into more southerly states, notably Georgia and Alabama, and swinging northward into Tennessee, the plants projected by industries, either as extensions to present sites or as new locations, show an unparalleled era of construction activities.

Largest of all the projects is the plant of the Allied Chemical & Dye Corp. at Hopewell, Va., on which an estimated expenditure of $100,000,000 will be made. The Dupont Rayon Co. plans the erection of a $10,000,000 plant in Richmond and another in Tennessee, while further to the west, at Covington, Va., the rayon industry is being further expanded by the contemplated location of another $10,000,000 project of the Industrial Rayon Corp.

Also Morgan Firm.

At Elizabethton, in the northern corner of Tennessee, the American-Glanzstoff Corp. is listed as planning a $7,000,000 plant. This little mountain town has also been selected as the site of the $5,000,000 plant of the American Bemberg Corp Both are rayon (artificial silk) firms.

The DuPont Co.'s second rayon plant is to be located at Old Hickory, Tenn., a few miles north of Nashville, where a $5,000,000 plant is to be thrown up. The Troy Cotton & Woolen Mfg. Co. is to spend $5,000,000 at Waycross, Ga., where the raw supply may be grown alongside the mills. A like expenditure is to be made by the American Chatillon Co. in Rome, Ga.

The Viscose Corp., in Roanoke Va.; Bemis Bros. Bag Co. in Talladega, Ala.; Alabama Mills Co. in 10 towns in that state; Chevrolet Motor Co. which will erect a $2,250,000 factory in Atlanta; Pullman's $1,500,000 shops in the same city; and the various plants of the Kraft-Phenix Cheese Co. are among other projects.

Great Increases.

Additions to their present mills totalling $3,000,000 in each case, are contemplated by the Lincoln Mills in Huntsville, Ala. and the Gulf States Steel Co. in Birmingham. The five southern states listed are estimated to have manufacturing establishments valued at $869,000,000 The $169,000,000 expansion noted by Case, Pomeroy represents a 20 per cent addition.

In Mexico City Raid

MEXICO CITY, July 17—Twenty-one counter-revolutionists have been arrested here for celebrating mass illegally.

It is believed that the illegal church services serve as a rallying center for counter-revolutionary activities. The government is making a determined effort to stamp out such activities thruout the country.

FORUM ASSAILS SIGMAN SCHEME

Active Members Meet Tomorrow Night

Over eight hundred cloak and dressmakers, crowding Bryant Hall to capacity yesterday afternoon at an open forum called by the Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers Union, demonstrated their contempt for the latest fictitious organization campaign now being heralded by the right wing organ, The Jewish Daily Forward.

The discussion revolved about the new maneuver of the bankrupt Sigman-Schlesinger machine to extract dues payments from the workers in these shops that recognize the scab union of the right wing, and in forcing more dismissals of left wing workers from those factories.

Free Discussions

Discussions at these open forums are conducted with the greatest freedom and are participated in by the majority of the rank and file. The slogan raised by the leaders of the Joint Board, who opened the discussion, was, "throw out of the shops any gangster agents of the Sigman clique" who appear.

The meeting elected a committee to go to the office of the Jewish Day to tell its "impartial" editors that they are excellent allies of Sigman. "The Day," now masquerading in a cloak of "impartiality" for circulation purposes, recently published an account of the fake Sigman organization drive

* * *

To Present Plans

Joint Board officers will come to the meeting of active members tomorrow night in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., to present to the meeting a series of plans mapped out for the successful prosecution of the organization drive soon to be launched by the Cloakmakers Union. All active members of the union are urged to arrive immediately after work.

* * *

A meeting of the propaganda committee of the Local Committee of the N. O. C. is to be held tonight at its headquarters, 16 W. 21st St.

FUR WORKERS MEET TONIGHT

Gold to Bare Fakers Peace Plea

Continued from Page One

ing spell for the Joint Council.

Other questions to be reported on are the burning issue of July wage raises for the fur workers.

This question is now the major campaign of the Joint Board. Not only has the Joint Board secured raises for the workers in their own shops but the campaign has so aroused the furriers that raises are being forced thru in shops not recognizing the Joint Board.

Order Attacks.

This despite the active opposition to wage raises put up by the Joint Council, who have gone to the extent of ordering the police industrial squad to beat up and 'arrest their own members when they strike for higher pay.

Inside the right wing Joint Council is a group of organized opposition to the gang in control. They are now broadening the fight for one union in the trade and have split so far from the crew in control as to issue leaflets denouncing them as betrayers and at the same time enumerating in detail the various sell-outs of the Stetsky-McGrady clique.

URGE FRENCH TO HOUND EXILES

ROME, July 17 (UP).—Under-Secretary Bottai of the ministry of corporations, receiving 120 Italian industrialists who are residents of France, told the visitors they could perform effective work among the Italians in France who still are obstinately opposed to fascism.

"They need patient persuasion but they are bound to join the fold and receive the light which emanates from Rome," the undersecretary said.

STALIN ADDRESS STRESSES U. S.-BRITISH FIGHT

Points Out Tendencies Towards War

Continued from Page One

all tend toward a struggle for supremacy between Breat Britain and the United States.

The struggle between imperialism and the colonies has been intensified since the Fifth Congress. Since then the revolutionary movement of the Chinese workers and peasants has developed tremendously as has also the national revolutionary movement everywhere.

The antagonism between the Soviet Union and the capitalist world has also intensified. During the period of the Fifth Congress there existed a fairly stable balance between these two worlds. Today, however, the balance has almost ended.

Pacifist Talk Is Cloak.

These antagonisms tend toward imperialist wars and intervention. Imperialist war is now the main world problem before the League of Nations and disarmament talk is nothing but a cloak for increased war preparations.

Stalin pointed out that the social democracy is the chief agent of imperialist pacifism in the camp of the working class. The social democracy alone, however, is not sufficient for the imperialists, because without the suppression of the working class, the basis of capitalism is unsound. Fascism exists for the purpose of suppressing the working class.

The tasks of the working class are struggle against the social democracy, exposure of all forms of pacifism, the winning of the majority of the workers, the formation of a united front between the workers of the capitalist countries and the toilers of the colonies in order to prevent war or to transform the imperialist war into civil war for the overthrow of capitalism, the setting up of Soviet power, the freeing of the colonies and their organization for the defense of the workers' and peasants' state.

WATT URGES AID TO COAL MINERS

Seeks Support for Big Convention

Continued from Page One

cling to the helm of the union until the union is completely smashed. This he does in spite of the persistent demands of the big majority of the miners to leave them alone and let them organize a strong miners' union, which will embrace every miner of this country.

"In view of the above situation, and taking the only course left to us, a call, signed by nationally-known rank and file miners, was issued for a National Miners' Convention, to be held on September 6 to 16 at Pittsburgh, Pa., to form a strong rank and file miners' union.

"It is of utmost importance that this convention be made a huge success. This convention will give the knock-out blow to the entire rotten Lewis machine. A successful National Miners' Convention, and the organization of a clean and strong miners' union, will bring fresh hope and courage to the entire working class of this country. But to accomplish this is a difficult task. A great deal of organization work has to be done and much money is needed.

"Fellow workers! Come to our aid! Our fight is your fight, also! Without the aid of the entire working class we are doomed to fail. You must give us your support! We need funds at once!"

SUPPRESS PAPER OF COMMUNISTS

BRUSSELS, July 17.—Because of an article that was addressed to the soldiers and sailors and which asked them, in case of a war, to feel their solidarity with all the soldiers of the capitalist governments, and to turn their weapon against their own bourgeois, the Communist newspaper, "The Red Flag," was expropriated by the government.

The writer of the article, De Boeck, and the Communist representative in the Belgian parliament, Jacquemotte, who is the responsible editor for the newspaper, have been invited to an "investigation."

There are two charges against Jacquemotte, one for the above mentioned article, for which he is considered responsible, the other for an article which he himself wrote and which he entitled: "The Courts by Order of the Government Turn Against Our Party."

Jacquemotte brushed the charges aside and protested against his arrest since he was granted immunity as a member of parliament, and it had been ignored. He refused to answer, on this ground, all further questions.

Pioneers of the U. S. S. R. Hold Study Hour

[illegible] their meeting room. These children Communists begin to study the fundamentals of Marxism and Leninism at an early age, and realize fully the important role they will have to play in building the Fatherland of the Proletariat.

ОКТЯБРЁНОК

KELLOGG TALKS PEACE; NAVY PREPARING WAR

WASHINGTON, July 17.—While Kellogg talks of "peace" conferences and treaties to "outlaw war," the navy department is increasing its forces and rapidly preparing for war, figures on armament reveal.

During the session of congress just closed, larger appropriations for the navy was made. The enlisted personnel has been increased to 84,000. Of this number, 60,186 have been assigned to the sea-going forces and 23,814 will be sent to air stations and other shore stations, training posts, etc.

Officers Increasing.

The number of non-commissioned officers is increased considerably The plans call for an increase of 60 chief petty officers, 124 first class petty officers, 109 second class petty officers, and 205 third class petty officers. Another 252 are included in non-rated groups.

In addition to the enlisted personnel, training will be given this summer to more than 8,000 reserves This means 92,000 sailors for war purposes, in addition to those who will be drafted.

New Warships.

While newspapers have been carrying reports of "disarmament," the government has been constructing two new modern cruisers, the "Pensacola" and the "Salt Lake City." Both were completed last week.

The preparations for war are not confined to armaments and increases in the enlisted personnel. Efforts are being made to popularize the service, and for this purpose "Fleet Week" celebrations will be held in Seattle August 6 to 11, inclusive.

False Propaganda.

A revival of world war propaganda methods are seen in falsehoods published in "Our Navy," such as stories that Sandino murders wounded marines and even wounded soldiers of his own forces The authorities deliberately circulate these falsehoods, despite the testimony of those who have visited Sandino's army.

TEXTILE PICKET GETS 3 MONTHS

Strikers Hail Move For New Union

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 17.—Another textile striker, Joseph Correia, Jr., 17 years old, has been sentenced to serve three months in jail for picketing the gates of one of the 56 mills tied up by the walkout over 14 weeks ago of 28,000 mill operatives.

This time the charge of singing or disturbing the peace was dispensed with, because the New Bedford police had framed up a case of "breaking factory windows."

Judges Vicious

Manuel Dos Santos and John Braz, two other strikers arraigned on the same charge, had their cases postponed till the following day. They, too, will in all probability be jailed for several months, it is believed. The judges in the local courts have been indulging in an orgy of viciousness, sentencing 37 strikers to 6 months each for participating in all-night picket demonstrations.

Attorneys for the International Labor Defense promptly appealed the case of the 17-year-old striker and obtained his release after posting a bond of $500.

Favor New Unions

Thousands of strikers here have registered the most enthusiastic approval of the step taken by the National Textile Mill Committees in issuing a call for a nation-wide convention for the creation of a new textile workers organization.

Although no definite steps have as yet been announced by the New Bedford Textile Workers Union, which is affiliated with the Textile Mill Committees, it is believed that a conference will soon be held, where plans will be formulated for presentation to this convention.

HORTHY POLICE TERROR INCREASE

Hundreds of Workers Framed, Tortured

BUDAPEST, (By Mail).—In Hungary terrorism in the jails is increasing. During the last few days mass arrests of workers who are suspected of "Communism" are taking place in Budapest. In the provinces also numerous workers and even more working women have been arrested.

The arrests are made on the ground of the material that has fallen into the hands of the police during the trial of Bela Kun. In reality Schweinitzer and Hetenyi, the chiefs of the Horthy police, are basing their action on the reports sent them thru the last few weeks by the Austrian police.

Forced "Confessions."

The police demanded from the prisoners "confessions" that they have sent letters to Bela Kun. Schweinitzer hopes in this way to prove which members of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Communist Party are at this moment in Budapest.

The prisoners were put thru fearful mishandling and torture. Even such a bourgeois paper as the "Prager Presse" describes the doings in the Budapest jails as follows: "There investigations were carried on for the whole night as usual, which means, "confessions" obtained thru torture and maltreatment."

The social-democratic paper "Nepszava" writes about it: "On the orders of Mayor Hetenyi the whole police force was called out on a riot call on Friday afternoon. The arrests began in the evening hours Detective squads were detailed to the workers' quarters, who during the course of the night arrested workers in larger or smaller groups and turned them over to the police. About midnight the hearings began. On Saturday the arrested workers were set free."

The Budapest newspaper "A Mai Nap" reports among other things the following: "The recently uncovered Communist plot is closely connected with the trial of Bela Kun in Vienna and it is to be hoped that the spies sent by Bela Kun from Vienna to Hungary be discovered. The prisoners are for the most part not workers but young intellectuals. It is to be hoped that the police will also succeed in capturing the courier who brought the propaganda money from Moscow thru Vienna to Budapest."

About the wealth of data upon which police used to make the numerous arrests, the "New Vienna Tageblatt" reports very correctly: "The police investigations go back to the time, when after the arrest of Bela Kun in Vienna the Budapest Chief of Police Dr. Josef Schweinitzer procured the expropriated correspondence of Bela Kun from Vienna, by which means he learnt of the dates of Communist organization activities in Budapest."

The Vienna "Evening" corroborates this bit of news by reporting that the Budapest police were supported in their raids "by reports from foreign police departments." It adds further: "The political department of the Budapest police sent observers during the trial of Bela Kun not only to Vienna but also to Berlin and Warsaw. On the ground of the reports of these investigators the Horthy police will prove that the Communist workers' committees organized by Bela Kun also had an organization in Budapest. The present arrests have netted people whom the police suspect of having been in relation with Bela Kun on such a committee. Besides we also learn from the head of the Budapest police that a certain people's commissar of the Hungarian Red Dictatorship is at present in Budapest. He is being sought for."

MRS. HOOVER'S DAD ILL

PLACERVILLE, Calif., July 17 (UP).—C. D. Henry, father of Mrs. Herbert Hoover, was reported weakening gradually today at a Placerville sanitarium.

SPANISH KING SURROUNDED BY BIG ARMY GUARD

Disturbances Revealed In Move

PARIS, July 17 (UP).—Spanish army maneuvers were begun in the Pyrenees district today coincident with the expected arrival of King Alfonso to inaugurate the new Pyrenees tunnel between France and Spain tomorrow.

Newspapers here show interest in the maneuvers, the first to be held within but a few miles of the French frontier.

It is believed here that the army concentration may be due partly to a desire gracefully to provide heavy guards for the king in view of recent revolutionary activity in Spain

Special trains left Barcelona carrying mountain infantry and three batteries of mountain artillery. Other trains are bringing mountain troops from Granollers and Manresa, while Alfonso's own mountain battery is ready to leave Urgel garrison for Sierre Des Cadi. All the troops will remain in the Pyrenees until August 9.

LESS YOUNG PEOPLE NOW

In 1870 there were 7,700,000 persons between the ages of 15 and 25, while there were 2,000,000 persons between 50 and 59. In 1920 there were 18,600,000 persons in the former group and 8,200,000 in the latter group, showing an 18 per cent. decline in the younger generation.

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NASH MOTOR COMPANY SANDERS GO ON STRIKE WHEN BOSSES REFUSE TO RAISE YELLOW CAR RATES

KENOSHA, Wis. ((By Mail).—[illegible] workers who went on strike [illegible] at the Nash Motor Company were organized to conduct a [illegible] struggle by a representative of the Young Workers' (Communist) League, Sam Herman. An executive committee was elected to represent the strikers and picket lines were established to call out other workers.

The workers on strike are sanders and get paid on a piece work basis, $2.25 for sandpapering blue and yellow cars and $2.65 for green bodies. The strike occurred because the bosses refused to raise the rate paid for yellow car bodies, which are extremely difficult to work on.

Although the work requires great skill, the average pay of a skilled sander is between 60 and 75 cents per hour. The men were working an average of ten to eleven hours per day.

Special efforts are being made to call out the polishers and make the strike tie-up production just when the open-shop Nash Motor Company is concentrating all its energies in getting out a vast number of cars to meet the demands for its new model cars.

Efforts will also be made to bring to the attention of the officialdom of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor, who will meet in annual convention in Kenosha, the task of organizing the Nash workers into a union and supporting the strike. William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, is scheduled to be present at the convention.

The strikers are in high spirit and are willing to fight on for their demands. They welcome the fighting DAILY WORKER and look forward to much help from it in their struggle.

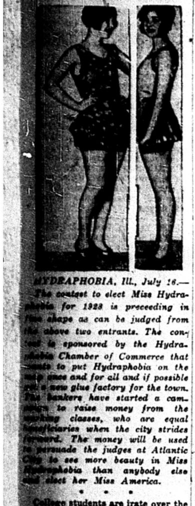
H. A. S.

HANDOUTS

Ford has offered to Fordize Hungary and Bulgaria. It could hardly be done. There aren't enough drug stores in these countries to carry Ford parts. Nor are there enough [illegible] to carry away the workers when they quit at 6 p. m.

• • •

Miss Hydraphobia?



HYDRAPHOBIA, Ill., July 16.—The contest to elect Miss Hydraphobia for 1928 is preceeding in fine shape as can be judged from the above two entrants. The contest is sponsored by the Hydraphobia Chamber of Commerce that wants to put Hydraphobia on the map once and for all and if possible get a new glue factory for the town. The bankers have started a campaign to raise money from the working classes, who are equal beneficiaries when the city strides forward. The money will be used to persuade the judges at Atlantic City to see more beauty in Miss Hydraphobia than anybody else and elect her Miss America.

• • •

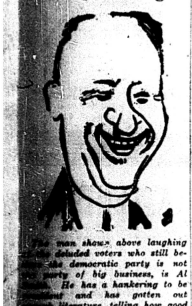
College students are irate over the announcement of the International Association of Clothing Designers that students are no longer leaders in the world of fashion. Who wouldn't be irritated on being criticised in his main field of usefulness.

• • •

The well known presidential infant, Cal Coolidge, was told the story of Jonah and the whale by the [illegible] preacher at Brule. He then played a while on his hobby horse, was given a new diaper and put to bed.

• • •

He Ought to Laugh



The man shown above laughing at the deluded voters who still believe the democratic party is not the party of big business, is Al Smith. He has a hankering to be president and has gotten out [illegible] literature, telling how good he is to fill all the ash cans from [illegible] to Key West. The money for this has been provided by his friend Bill Kenney, contractor, who has made several fortunes on city and state graft and wants to [illegible] up his business on a national [illegible]. In one of his leaflets Al Smith, speaking of the time he was a N. Y. state assemblyman in 1903, says: "I thought I would never get the hang of it. And then I made up my mind I'd stay and I'd learn about it." He learned all about Tammany Hall of which he is the head is the most efficient [illegible] in corruption the world has ever known.

• • •

[illegible] of Learning

[illegible] Walter E. Schuette, president [illegible] Eastern District of the Evangelical Lutheran Joint Synod of [illegible], "Now, the question legitimately arises: 'How can a man truly [illegible] that God did not spare His [illegible], that God brought the supreme sacrifice at Calvary, while [illegible] that God is [illegible] or unwilling to take [illegible] in the minor concerns [illegible] earthly life.'" If the boss [illegible] drinking water leave [illegible]. He will speak to him [illegible].

"Philadelphia Textile Workers, Join Mill Committee!" Urges Correspondent

CALL NATIONAL CONVENTION TO MEET IN FALL

A. F. L. Record Shows Consistent Betrayal

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—At the present time, the textile workers are faced with wage cuts, speed-up, unemployment, and a vicious open-shop offensive of the employers. The tapestry carpet weavers in Philadelphia received a 15 per cent. cut in wages. A few months ago, the Wilton carpet workers were handed a 10 per cent. reduction in wages by the well organized association of carpet manufacturers of Philadelphia. The hosiery workers have seen similar cuts in their pay envelopes. All through the industry the workers are receiving a starvation wage, working two, three and four days a week. But the greed for profits of the bosses knows no bounds. Knowing that nine-tenths of the textile workers are unorganized, and that the one-tenth that are organized are led by trade union officials who have no intention of carrying on a struggle against the tixtile barons, the mill owners carry on their attack upon the standards of licing of the workers without check.

A. F. of L. Fakers Do Nothing.

In the face of this situation, the labor fakers of the A. F. of L., the United Textile Workers of America, have done absolutely nothing to organize the textile workers for struggle against the attack of the bosses. The policy of these officials is to crawl before the mill owners, to "co-operate" with them, to speed up the workers more, and serve as the efficiency agents of the employers for producing more profits, and thereby gaining the friendship of the mill barons, and the support of their own group interests.

On April 28 and 29, the United Textile Workers' officials had a conference in Knitters' Hall to discuss a "Remedy for the Textile Industry." At this conference the officialdom of the United Textile Workers received enthusiastically Mayor Mackey, who has helped the employers to effectively smash the strike of the Fetterolf carpet workers, and Mr. Blum, the representative of the Textile Manufacturers' Association. The "remedy" arrived at by these labor misleaders was to elect a committee to co-operate with the bosses, and jointly to work for a higher tariff on upholstery fabrics.

Not a word was mentioned by these good friends of the employers about organizing the 80,000 unorganized textile workers of Philadelphia. Not a word was mentioned about fighting the speed-up, or fighting for a shorter work-week, a 40-hour week, in order to mitigate the unemployment situation. Not a word was mentioned about unemployment relief. Not a word was mentioned about leading the workers in a mass struggle against the mill barons as the only remedy for the textile industry. No! The reactionary leaders of the United Textile Workers dare openly to talk of co-operation with the same gang of cut-throat capitalists, who have fired out workers wholesale from their mills for daring to join a union and fight against wage cuts.

Wilton Carpet Men Organized.

When the wage cut of 10 per cent. was imposed on the Wilton carpet workers of Philadelphia a few months ago, the carpet workers immediately began to organize, determined to make a fight against the cut. By a general strike of the 5,000 Wilton carpet workers of Philadelphia, and a determined, militant mass struggle, the carpet mills could be closed, the attack of the employers could be beaten back.

The misleaders of the United Textile Workers of America on the contrary, worked frantically to prevent any wide-spread struggle. Sporadic and spontaneous strikes of the creeler boys in Hardwick and Magees, and in Holmes were beaten back. An isolated little strike in the Develin carpet mill was broken with the aid of the police. No steps were taken to call out the workers for an organized struggle against the wage cut.

The Wilton Carpet Manufacturers' Association then stepped in, and provoked a strike in the carpet plant of Fetteroff, the president of the association, by firing all the workers who had joined the union. The betrayal and mismanagement of this strike by the UTW officials is a painful story. Entirely insufficient relief was raised. The strike, conducted in a mill with only 125 workers, and with the employer backed up by the whole manufacturers' association, could only be won by a mass struggle. The UTW leadership exerted all its pressure to keep the workers in the other mills from coming out. When the injunction was issued against the picketing of the mill, the UTW leadership crawled before the strike-breaking court and boasted how peacefully and respectably they conducted their strike. No attempt was made to defy the injunction and to picket the mill with hundreds of workers, in spite of Judge McDevitt, the police, and the whole strike-breaking city administration of Philadelphia.

Carpet workers of Philadelphia! Join the Textile Mills Committee! Organize into a powerful, fighting organization that will organize all the textile workers, and conduct a mass struggle against the wage cutting attempts of the mill operators.

The Textile Mills Committee is organizing a new National Textile Workers' Union in September. Already, the 28,000 striking textile workers of New Bedford are behind the militant program of the Textile Mills Committee. The Textile Mills Committee of New Bedford is setting a splendid example to all the textile workers how to conduct a militant struggle against the wage cuts, against the attack of the employers, against the injunctions, and the use of the police and State troops against the workers. Twenty thousand workers stand on the picket lines of the New Bedford mills, and shout and sing their defiance of the mill operators and their police and injunctions.

Join Mill Committees.

Thousands of workers in Fall River are joining the Textile Mills Committees. All over the country the textile workers see that in this new National Textile Workers' Union is the force that will organize all the textile workers, that is organizing the textile workers on industrial, and not on craft lines, that is leading the workers in mass struggle against wage cuts, against the speed-up system, against unemployment, against the nine and ten-hour day, and the long work-week.

Join the Textile Mills Committee of Philadelphia. Organize a committee in every textile mill! Come to the next meeting of the Philadelphia Textile Mill Committees at Kensington Labor Lyceum, 2nd and Cambria Sts., on Thursday, July 19, at 8 P. M. Come, and bring with you other textile workers. P.A.

Still Going After Sixty Years

[illegible] in search of gold, Dad Gene Howell retraced his steps in the same wagon to visit his son in Ft. Wayne, Ind. Photo shows Howell, his wife and two daughters, with this picturesque vehicle of pioneer days.

UNEMPLOYED ARMIES SEEK WORK IN VAIN

CHICAGO, July 17 (UP).—The harvest call from the wheat fields of the southwest and the northwest no longer beckons to the human driftwood—that endless army of unemployed—that moves back and forth through West Madison street in Chicago.

Things were different years ago, but time has wrought many changes. Modern harvest equipment has met the demand, in part, for seasonal labor in the wheat fields of Kansas and Oklahoma in the southwest and the Dakotas in the northwest.

"I remember back about 15 years ago," J. E. Tonoff, manager of the Atlantic Employment Agency, told the United Press today. "We would send carloads of men to the harvest fields daily at this season of the year.

Scrapped By Capitalism.

"You wouldn't see those crowds of men looking for work," he said, as he pointed to groups of idle men lined along the curb outside. "Machinery has taken the place of men and we have no more appeals for harvest hands from the wheat fields.

"Years ago, the men would go from here first to Kansas, then Oklahoma, double back and go to the Dakota fields about September. When the northwest harvest was completed many would move into Canada in the fall."

Madison and Canal streets, "employment row," offers a pitiful study of the unfortunates.

'FREEDOM' IS NIL REPORT SHOWS

Workers Party Most Repressed

Talk all you please—so long as you don't say anything. This is freedom in the United States in 1927 as summarized in the American Civil Liberties Union's annual report.

American Legionnaires led in agencies of intolerance, scoring hits from 19 civil liberties observers to 16 by the Ku Klux Klan, 10 by the Fundamentalists and 9 by the D. A. R. Public officials, as usual were the most active agents of repression.

Repression Strengthened.

"All the instruments of repression remain not only unchanged," the Union warns, "but they have been strengthened the last year by decisions of the U. S. supreme court notably the cases sustaining the criminal syndicalism laws."

"Wherever labor is militant or radicals active, the forces of suppression are aroused," the report adds. "The record for the year 1927—a condition that continues into 1928—clearly shows it. The Workers Party as the most active radical political organization gets the brunt of the attack. So do strikers everywhere—in the Colorado coal fields under I. W. W. leadership; in Pennsylvania and Ohio under the United Mine Workers leadership; in the textile towns under the United Textile Workers."

KRESGE STORES PAY $1.25 A DAY

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PITTSBURGH (By Mail)—I have just been working in the Kresge store in Alliance the last two Saturdays for the munificent sum of $1.25 for eight hours' work.

My room-mate, a young girl and a good clerk, has been working for them for the last three years and she receives only $13.00 per week. It is a hot, sweltering store in which we must work. And no one is permitted to sit down. There is a cranky manager who drives one on lest one allow a sale to slip by.

This poor girl has a young girl for whom she must provide. Besides, she must keep up a house at the same time.

But this is Kresge's exploitation store. The owners don't care how any of its workers suffer so long as Kresge makes his profits.

YOUNG WORKER CORRESPONDENT.

2 Get 25-Year Terms For 23-Cent Holdup

BEDFORD, Ia., July 17.—For holding up two young men from whom they obtained 23 cents, two men, who gave their names as Arley Dewitt and George Randle, of Sterling, N. D., were sentenced here yesterday to terms of 25 years' imprisonment

POLICE ARREST 5 PHILADELPHIA CLOAK WORKERS

Their Crime Giving Out Handbills

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—A new kind of crime was discovered today by some of the petty police officials.

This crime is called "agitation."

Their "Crime."

At seven o'clock Friday morning Ida Palitaglia, assisted by four men comrades, stationed herself with them near some clothing factories in the heart of the city and distributed circulars to clothing workers on their way to work. These circulars merely advised the clothing workers to join the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union and told them the advantages of belonging to a union.

Distributing circulars is a legal act in the city of Philadelphia.

So Harry Kruss, employe of a private detective agency and also a deputy constable (a petty municipal police job), was temporarily nonplussed. However, Kruss is a faithful lackey of his masters and he soon devised a scheme whereby he could legalize the arrests.

Arrested 5 Union Workers.

So he at once arrested the five union workers, with the aid of other policemen and had them charged in court with the heinous crime of "agitation."

It is a case of this kind which makes it the duty of every class-conscious worker to join the International Labor Defense, and fight for what few,—and in Philadelphia the "cradle of liberty," there are very few indeed,—legal rights yet remain.

Cases of this sort show clearly to what depths American capitalist "democracy" has sunk.

—C. RABIN.

WEISBORD STILL HELD UNDER BAIL

Other Passaic Cases Are Dropped

Cases against all strikers in the memorable Passaic woolen mills strike of 1926 have been dismissed, save that against Albert Weisbord, strike leader.

Exorbitant bail demands and police brutality marked the Passaic strike. At one time $455,000 bail was required for 11 strikers. Weisbord was originally held under $30,000 bonds. Chief Richard Zober, whose brutal handling of strikers was responsible for the Civil Liberties Union's intervention, was later discredited and dismissed from office for possession of stolen automobiles

Weisbord is still held under $5,000 bail because of political pressure.

Weavers Win Strike After 3 Week Strike

PITTSFIELD, Mass., July 17.—After a three weeks' strike here the 46 unorganized weavers of the Hoosac mills won a readjustment in their piece rates. The transfer from caring for one fine loom and one coarse loom each to two coarse locms on coarse goods, made the weavers lose from $3 to $5 per week and was the cause of the strike.

While the strike was going on the bosses sought to break it by sending their material out of town to another one of their shops at Lawrence.

New Type of Stage Lighting Adopted by Vaudeville Circuit

H. H. STOLL, of the Keith-Albee-Orphem Circuit, has developed a new system of stage lighting that is to be put in use throughout the country as soon as the work of installation will allow. The present type of lighting as used in border and footlights generally is known as "Floodlighting." The light floods out over a wide range and each fixture is wired for three or four circuits of a given wattage. Each circuit is lamped with a given color or a color filter is used in front of each lamp. This restricts the use of each circuit to the present color does not permit of focussing and only reflects a small portion of the total light.

To overcome this condition, Stoll has created a new type of lighting known as the "Kliegle-Stoll" System. This is an arrangement whereby each lamp is placed in a spotlight hood with reflector and condensing lense, in front of which is operated a color change of as many colors as desired. These colors are operated automatically from a remote point at the stage switchboard This device is so arranged that all lamps can be used for all colors and it is possible to get eleven combinations of colors from four primary filters. The beam can be changed from spot to a flood by a reflector condenser system. It is entirely remote and is automatic in control The Hall and Connolly spotlight which Stoll also developed, is now used in general by the Keith-Albee-Orpheum Circuit projection department.

SIGMUND ROMBERG'S 25TH PROUCTION

With the production of "The New Moon," which Schwab and Mandel will place in rehearsal shortly, Sigmund Romberg, the composer, sees his 25th show reach the stage. When Romberg came here from Vienna some seventeen years ago he commenced writing waltzes and then popular ragtime before he found an opportunity to compose the music for several revues. His first operetta was "Maytime," a huge success, and among other musical plays and comedies from his pen are "The Midnight Girl," "The Blue Paradise," "My Lady's Glove," "Marjorie," "The Dream Girl," "The Student Prince," "Blossom Time," "My Maryland," "The Desert Song," "My Princess," "The Love Call" and "Rosalie," to say nothing of a half dozen Winter Garden productions.

AUTO RACER MAY LIVE.

DETROIT, Mich., July 17 (UP).—George Souders, who was hurtled into the inner rail when his car overturned at the 100 miles Knights Templar race yesterday, is still unconscious but his condition is improved and he will probably live, Dr. D. D. Stone of Highland Park Hospital said this today.

IN "GRAND STREET FOLLIES"

Jean Crittenden who plays one of the chief roles in "The Grand Street Follies," the clever satirical revue at the Booth Theatre.

Morgan Steel Rises To Record Heights

PITTSBURGH, July 17 (UP). The Carnegie Steel Company announced today the advancement in prices of bars, plates and shapes the basic steel products, $2.00 per ton. The previous prices were $1.90 per hundred.

The advance in prices becomes effective for all fourth quarter business and represents the largest increase announced by the company in a number of years. Recent price advances have been $1 per ton.

POOR FARMERS BARELY EXIST IN CALIFORNIA

Cotton Mortgaged Before Harvest

(By a Worker Correspondent)

RIPLEY, Calif., (By Mail).—Enclosed find fifty cents for the "Save The DAILY WORKER Fund." May The DAILY WORKER maintain itself until the rotten capitalist social system has tumbled in a mass of ruins.

The poor farmers, share croppers, tenants and workers out there are having a terrible time trying to survive. The cotton is already mortgaged for all that it will stand even before it is harvested.

The workers, Mexicans, Negroes and whites, are averaging less than ten days work each month at $3 per day. Many families are enjoying incomes of from $10 to 20 each month. They are the lucky ones. The majority are living on the tender mercies of the local grocer.

The American Legion is sponsoring a plan for separate schools in the Palo Verde Valley. A colored teacher is to be used to instruct the Mexicans, Negroes and the more backward white children. A mass meeting of protest is being held Sunday, June 8, with myself as the principle speaker at Blythe. We are hoping to develop a stiff opposition.

—JOHN H. OWENS.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
May Wirth, Phil & Family in BIG FREE CIRCUS
BATTLE OF CHATEAU-THIERRY
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'way Wis. 1789
Premiere Revival Showing "STARK LOVE"
also Robert Flaherty's "MOANA" and "The Birth of Films," Charlie Chaplin's first screen test

KILLS STEPFATHER FOR PEACE

BISMARCK, Mo., July 17 (UP).—Miss Ida Biggs, 19 has confessed that she shot and killed her stepfather, William Silas Simpson, 51, "to bring peace into the family."

SANTAL MIDY
Irritable Bladder Catarrh
Soon cleared up by genuine Santal Midy
Effective-Harmless
Sold by All Druggists

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

TO ALL OUR READERS:

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTIZERS

Do not forget at all times to mention that you are a reader of The DAILY WORKER. Fill out this coupon stating where you buy your clothes, furnishings, etc.

Name of business place ....
Address ....
Your name ....
Address ....

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DAILY WORKER
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10 Days
MOSCOW—LENINGRAD
Free Visés
(Extensions Arranged for to Visit Any Part of U. S. S. R.)
TOURS TO SOVIET RUSSIA
COMPLETE TOUR
$450.
AND UP
SAILINGS:
S. S. "ROTTERDAM" — Aug. 4
S. S. "PARIS" — — — — Aug. 10
Via: LONDON — COPENHAGEN — HELSINGFORS
Return: WARSAW — BERLIN — PARIS
World Tourists, Inc.
69 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK CITY
Telephone: ALGONQUIN 6900.

ONFERENCE FOR INERS RELIEF IN ARLEM FRIDAY

olidarity Fair Will Offer Fine Program

Pointing out that the fight of the striking miners throughout the coal areas of half a dozen states being waged in behalf of all workers, the Harlem section of the National Miners Relief Committee is calling on all workers' fraternal organizations, trade unions and benefit associations to elect delegates to a special Miners' Relief Conference to held at 347 E. 72nd St., Room 7, Friday, July 20, at 8 p. m.

Issue Appeal for Aid

"All the miners ask for," reads their conference call, in part, "is that you, fellow-workers, come to their aid and help them fight starvation and disease, injunctions and evictions, by liberally donating funds for relief, and to help their brothers and sisters lying in jail on framed-up charges by conducting drives for defense funds."

Each organization of Harlem is asked by the Harlem Miners Relief Committee to elect two delegates to represent it at the conference. The committee points out that "only by organized efforts will this work be carried through to a successful end."

Speakers From Mines

A highly interesting program is being arranged, including speakers direct from the mine-war front. The conference, coming two days before the launching of the nation-wide Miners' Relief and Defense Week, will act as an impetus to relief and defense work in Harlem. Most of this week will be devoted toward making a success of the sale of tickets for the Miners Solidarity Fair of August 5, to be conducted by the National Miners Relief Committee at Pleasant Bay Park, and to include a program which for variety will exceed any other held in New York.

MALIGIN SEEKING AMUNDSEN PARTY

Krassin to Refuel and Resume Search

Continued from Page One

scientist who was left to die on the ice by the Italians, Zappi and Mariano, complained before the Italia crashed that the dirigible had been completely mismanaged, Prof. Behounek said. Malmgren was nervous and distraught, he declared, and seemed to have little confidence in the direction of General Nobile.

* * *

MOSCOW, July 17 (UP).—The Russian icebreaker Krassin steamed swiftly through northern waters today in an attempt to save the life of one of the 16 men she rescued from the ice of the north.

Captain Adalberto Mariano, taken off an icefloe near Foyn Island, was reported in a serious condition. One leg was badly frozen while he, Captain Filippo Zappi and Finn Malmgren, who was not rescued, attempted to walk to aid.

Condition Critical

It was reported today that gangrene had set in and that Mariano's condition was critical.

As soon as Mariano has been transferred from the Krassin the big icebreaker—which now has been listed as one of the greatest mercy ships in modern history—will continue on to Advent Bay with the other 15 men she rescued from what appeared to be an almost inevitable death in the desolate, icebound north.

To Refuel

After the Krassin disembarks her rescued men the icebreaker will refuel, Chukhnovsky's plane will be reconditioned—it was damaged when he made a forced northern landing due to the fog—and then the Krassin will start out to hunt 12 other men lost in the Arctic. These groups include the Roald Amundsen party of six and the six men of the Italia who floated away with the envelope of that craft.

Chukhnovsky will attempt several reconnoitering flights from the Krassin through the territory in which it is considered likely the 12 men might now be awaiting rescue.

FOOD BOSS GETS BIG "WELCOME"

Continued from Page One

refused to discuss the strike with the committee, though Tofolosky expressed a desire for a conference with the union.

Sazor previously operated a union restaurant on Second Ave., but when the new houses were opened up near Broadway (on 38th, 40th and th Sts., he refused to continue the union agreement.

Speakers at the mass meeting Sunday were A. Bloom, Louis Riffin, Alex Sagi and Gertrude Welsh of Local 1, and Henry Sazor, left wing leader of the Capmakers' Union, brother of the restaurant owner. Henry Sazor was arrested on the picket line when he walked with the strikers to protest against his brother's refusal to recognize the union.

Exploiters Find Indians Useful as Local Color in Publicity Stunt

Having stolen the land away from the Indians and made them virtual serfs, the white exploiters are not at all adverse to using them as local color, especially for publicity purposes. Photo shows Indians from the Yellowstone camped in Minnehaha Falls Park, once the favorite haunt of the Sioux braves. The show was arranged by the Minneapolis Rotary Club.

GEN. OBREGON IS ASSASSINATED

Mexican President Is Killed By Officer

Continued from Page One

who had made a portrait of Col. Ricardo Topete, one of Obregon's aids.

The assassin-artist posed the president for a sketch, then drew a revolver and shot him five times in the back.

Obregon's headquarters here announced that the president elect had died instantly.

The shooting occurred at 2:20 p. m.

Police and military threw a cordon around the center of the city.

President Calles is said to have entered San Angel and gone directly to interrogate the alleged assassin, said to be a captain in the Mexican army.

A man, known only as "Juan," was arrested as the alleged assassin. Several hours after the crime no details were available, owing to the great confusion.

The shooting occurred in a restaurant known as the "Bombilla" within the town of San Angel. A few political friends of the president-elect were giving him a luncheon.

President Calles, when notified of the assassination, started immediately for San Angel, accompanied by immediate members of his staff.

Obregon had come from his farm in Sonora to hold a demonstration here where he expected to entertain ten thousand of his supporters at a dinner.

A train bearing 500 of his adherents enroute to the capital was attacked yesterday but there were no casualties.

Obregon was to have assumed office December 1 and he had announced that he would continue the policies of President Calles—including the religious regulations of the government.

The president-elect held that the Catholic clergy had obstructed the revolutionary program of his former administration and of President Calles.

Obregon came to the presidency of the Mexican republic in 1920 over a series of bloody battlefields, with the realization that in ten years of actual presidents since the dictatorship of Porfiro Diaz two had been murdered, one had died and one was an exile in foreign lands.

However, the general remained in power until in 1924 he was succeeded by Calles—and the four years of his reign was for the most part peaceful.

Obregon was born in Siquisiva, Sonora, Feb. 19, 1880, the youngest of a family of 20 children.

At his death today he was reported to be a millionaire, most of the fortune made by a monopoly on the bean crop in northern Mexico.

Obregon took to arms when news came of the assassination of President Madero. He became a brigade commander in Carranza's army where he won one of the most important battles of his career, leading the advance on Nogales.

Later, at Celayo, he brought the military career of the bandit Pancho Villa almost to an end.

The "chick pea" farmer became minister of war while Carranza was serving as provisional president but upon the latter's election as President Obregon retired from office—breaking with Carranza. In 1918 Obregon announced he would oppose Carranza at the next election.

The manner of his succession was typical of many Mexican administrations. Carranza fleeing the capital and Obregon entering with his troops.

Obregon had just been elected president in seeming violent opposition to the landlords and clericals who centered around the Catholic church. Recently a rapid change toward support of the church and of United States imperialism appears to have been brought about by the influence of U. S. Ambassador Morrow, former partner of J. P. Morgan, the Wall Street financier.

Sharp repressions of the Mexican working class followed.

AGED WOMEN KILLED.

KEENE, N. H., July 17 (UP).—Three elderly women were crushed to death today when the closed automobile in which they were riding was demolished by a railroad train on a blind crossing at Harrisville. The dead are: Mrs. Etta E. Pearson, 69, of Keene; Mrs. Ellen C. Baker, 74, of Keene; Miss Mary L. McCrills, 64, of Haverhill, Mass.

YANKS WIN 5TH IN ROW; GIANTS BOW TO REDS

(By United Press)

The New York Yankees continued their campaign against Cleveland yesterday, winning the fifth straight game from the indians, 4 to 2. Cleveland got 11 hits off Al Shealy, but the Yankee rookie got his revenge by hitting a home run in the second inning. George Uhle, Cleveland ace, also was hit freely.

Lefty Grove, although touched for 10 hits, managed to weather through nine innings and the Philadelphia Athletics defeated Detroit, 6 to 2, in a listless game. Holloway and Smith gave the Athletics 11 hits.

* * *

Adolfo Luque proved too much for New York and the Giants fell into third place by losing to Cincinnati. 4 to 5. The Reds got four runs off Bill Walker in the opening inning and continued to bombard Aldridge and Faulkner.

The St. Louis Cardinals increased their lead by taking an easy game from Brooklyn, 7 to 1. Manager Wilbert Robinson sent Dazzy Vance against the league-leaders, but the Dazzler was relieved by Jumbo Elliott after the Cards got four runs off him in the fifth inning. Haines gave the Dodgers only 7 hits.

YESTERDAY'S SCORES.

American League.

New York 4, Cleveland 2.
Philadelphia 6, Detroit 2.
St. Louis 5, Washington 0.
Boston 9, Chicago 6.

National League.

Cincinnati 5, New York 4.
St. Louis 7, Brooklyn 1.
Pittsburgh 7, Boston 6.
Chicago 4, Philadelphia 3.

BIG LABOR SPORTS MEET IN NEW YORK AUG. 25-26

(Labor Sports Press Service.)

With one of the best athletic grounds in the vicinity of New York secured, and clubs all over the country already pouring in entries, the Labor Sports Union second annual national track and field meet Aug. 25-26 promises to far surpass last year's meet, which was held in Waukegan and drew around 250 athletes. From all indications this meet in New York will have more than 600 participants. In addition to all the regulation track and field events, there will be soccer games, furnished by several of the championship teams of the Metropolitan Workers League, gymnastic exercises, and a mass calisthenic drill. Clubs all over the country are drilling squads of their members to take part in this mass drill, and it is expected that at least 300 to 400 athletes in all will be in this event.

In order to assure large delegations from the middle western states, a special train is being contracted for this purpose.

The meet is not confined only to regular members of the Labor Sports Union, but is open to all worker athletes who are not members of the A. A. U. clubs, and who are members of a workers' organization. A special invitation is being extended to athletes who are members of trade unions.

CHINA SEAMEN SEIZE U. S. SHIP

Continued from Page One

to defy their officers, armed themselves and became masters of the boat.

Rush Military.

But the Venezuela's captain had been able to radio to the mainland for armed aid from the authorities ashore. Armed coast guardsmen were rushed to the Venezuela from coast guard base 11 at San Francisco. Their superior numbers and weapons enabled them to herd the Chinese seamen below and later to transfer them to the United States vessel, President Harrison where they are shackled and will be held for sure frame-up and vengeance of the ship-owners through criminal prosecution.

CONCERT TO BE DEMONSTRATION

Workers Will Honor Soviet Union

Continued from Page One

pression and under conditions which make for the best possible results.

Prof. Theremin will appear on Saturday night in a program which will afford the vast throng of 25,000 workers that is expected ample opportunity to observe all the beauties of this new ether-music and its infinite possibilities.

Much has already been said concerning the excellence of the Arnold Volpe Symphony Orchestra and the Roxy Ballet. They will be found to be worthy co-artists of Prof. Theremin.

Tickets for the great concert are on sale at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-27 Union Square. Buy them now.

Tag Days For Fund Start In August

The first National tag days to help raise the $100,000 Workers (Communist) Party Campaign Fund will be held during the week of August 19-25. The National Campaign Headquarters has urged all party organizations to immediately begin their preparations for active participation in the work.

WORKERS GET INCREASE

TORONTO, Ont., July 17. (UP).—The Ontario Railway and Municipal Board has raised the wages of employes of the Hamilton Street Railway to 52 cents an hour.

BISCUIT COMPANY PAYS LOW WAGES WORKER REVEALS

Correspondent Tells Of Miserable Conditions

Continued from Page One

we do. Two years ago we were promised a two-dollar raise. Other departments somehow managed then to get a one dollar raise. We are still waiting for ours. Once I happened to stand near Mr. Kloper when a young worker asked him for a raise. Mr. Kloper said, "You know, young man, that the wages you make are too high as it is. We're going to cut wages soon, and if you don't like it, you'd better look for another job."

This is the sort of an answer a worker gets if he is not organized into a union. If we had a strong union, then that worker wouldn't have had to go to ask for a raise as an individual. He'd have an organization behind him, and his demands would have to be met, or else the company would soon find itself in plenty of trouble.

"Daily" Only Workers Paper.

Many times before this I wanted to express myself about our troubles poor conditions and low wages, but never had the chance. Last week a man offered me a DAILY WORKER free. He was distributing a lot of copies to all of us workers. I took it home, read the letter that another one of us workers wrote in to The DAILY WORKER, and so am writing this myself now. The DAILY WORKER is the only paper a worker can express himself in, and the only paper which will help the workers to organize. I will buy The DAILY WORKER every day at the news-stands.

Before I close, I think there should be an Italian and a Spanish speaker at the open-air meeting next week, because a good many of the workers are Italians and Spaniards and cannot understand English so very well. —B. M.

Unemployed Will Meet Tomorrow In Brooklyn

Hundreds of unemployed workers of Greater New York will meet tomorrow evening at 8:30 p. m. at 154 Watkins St., Brooklyn, at a huge Unemployment Conference held under the auspices of the Provisional Committee of the Unemployment Council.

Workers Party Activities

Unit 6F.

Unit 6F will meet today at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Campaign and industrial work will be taken up. Furriers are excused so that they can attend their mass meeting.

Joint Industrial Conference of Sections 2 & 3.

A joint industrial conference of Sections 2 and 3 will be held on Tuesday, July 24, 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All unit and subsection industrial organizers as well as representatives of the leading committees of the Party fractions of the I. L. G. W. U. Furriers, Millinery, Fancy Leather Goods and Office Workers must attend. A district representative will be present.

Night Workers Tomorrow.

Night Workers Branch will meet today at 3 o'clock at Workers Center, 6th floor. Continuation of last week's lecture will take place.

Section 5 Agitprop.

Section 5 (Bronx) will hold a section agitprop campaign conference tomorrow evening at 8 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. All unit agitprops, DAILY WORKER agents, literature agents, as well as all campaign committees of each unit and of the Section Executive Committee must attend. All aspects of the campaign, as well as the question of the reading circles will be considered.

Unit 3E 2F.

Unit 3E 2F will meet today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Section 7.

Section 7 will hold a membership meeting today at 8 p. m. at 764 40th St., Brooklyn.

* * *

The Executive Committee of the Working Women's Federation will meet tomorrow evening at 7:30 p. m. sharp, at the Labor Temple 14th St. and Second Ave. in Room 32.

* * *

All Section Campaign managers must hand in reports on signatures and get material needed at the district office on Thursdays of every week.

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

* * *

The District Women's Committee will meet this evening at 7:30 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square.

special meeting tonight at 143 East 103rd St. The necessity of preparations to make the I. L. D. outing a success will be discussed. A prominent speaker will talk.

Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at 7:30 sharp August 2, 1928. At this conference the causes of war, and the methods to be used in fighting the war danger will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women's organizations are invited to send delegates, and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

Workers School Outing.

All comrades interested in soccer or swimming or both are invited to attend the Workers School Sport Outing on Sunday, July 22. We meet at 242nd Street subway station, Van Cortlandt Park at 8:30 sharp.

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A membership meeting of Young Workers Social Club will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 118 Bristol St. near Pitkin Ave., B'klyn.

Volunteers For I. L. D.

Volunteers are wanted at the National Office of the International Defense, 80 East 11th St., Room 402, anytime between 9:30 a. m. and 6 p. m.

* * *

Council 2 will hear a lecture this evening at 8:30 p. m. at 1400 Boston Road, Bronx. The subject to be discussed will be the election campaign. Lecturer will be announced.

* * *

Workers Culture.

The Workers Culture Club of Bath Beach will have an Outing Sunday, July 22nd, 9 a. m. at 1940 Benson Ave.

* * *

An outing will be held on Saturday, July 21, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

ROME, July 17 (P).—Several deaths occurred today from heat that is causing suffering throughout the country. The temperature at Florence today was 104.

Labor and Fraternal

Harlem I. L. D. Meet.

The Harlem Branch of the International Labor Defense will hold a

MOBILIZE FORCES IN DISTRICT TWO FOR 'PARTY DAYS'

Anti-War Demonstration Is Planned

Continued from Page One

which all the comrades, from the highest functionary to the rank and file, are required to report to their units and discuss the major party campaigns.

"Many of our comrades are engaged in activities in the unions and Party auxiliary organizations which take a great deal of their time and energy and fail, on this account, to attend to Party units.

"On these Party Days we call upon every Party member to attend his unit meeting without fail. The names of all Party members who fail to attend the Party Day meeting will be referred to the district office."

Labor Defense Outing Date to Be Announced

The annual outing of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, which was to have been held Saturday in Pleasant Bay Park, has been postponed because of a conflict in date with the concert at Coney Island Stadium.

The date when the outing will be held has not yet been determined, but will be announced in the near future. All tickets bought thus far will be good for the new date.

AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS
Bakers' Local 184
Meets 1st Saturday in the month at 3468 Third Ave. Bronx, N. Y.
Ask for Union Label Bread

BUTCHERS' UNION
Local 174, A.M.C. & B.W. of N.A.
Office and Headquarters: Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St., Room 12
Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M.
Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.

ARBEITER BUND, Manhattan & Bronx; German Workers' Club.
Meets every 4th Thursday in the month at Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. New members accepted at regular meetings. German and English library. Sunday lectures. Social entertainments. All German speaking workers are welcome.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to
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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Ask Al—He Knows

If there are any honest members of the working class still left in the socialist party they should read carefully the document sent out by "their" party demanding from Al Smith an investigation of the administration of Jimmie Walker. In this set of charges against the Wall Street henchmen operating in the city, there is exposed—without the formality of an investigation—all that has been said by the Communists about the so-called socialist party.

It is not necessary here to elaborate on the utterly treacherous notion which the socialist petition intentionally conveys, the illusion that the workers have anything to gain from "investigations" into capitalism by the henchmen, who are paid to do the bidding of their masters. No need accuse the socialists of having had in view any gain for the workers. Besides they would, no doubt, declare that the move is intended merely as a vote-catching maneuver.

The five-cent fare, the symbol of popular government, seems doomed, the socialists charge. The symbol of popular government!

Let the socialists explain to the workers just what they mean when in 1928 they speak of the popular government, which they declare Jimmie Walker is desecrating.

When the socialist party waxes indignant over the Queens sewer graft scandal, it is because "sixteen millions of dollars have been mulcted from Queens taxpayers," and their concern becomes never so acute as when they fear that "the Tammany administration has granted valuable franchises to the Equitable Bus Company, revealed as a corporation without capital." The half million unemployed workers in New York will no doubt share this deep concern.

Not a word in the charges against the Tammany administration for its strike-breaking activities against practically every strike which the workers have fought in the city. No mention of the Tammany gangster police attack on the traction workers, against the teamsters, and, of course, no criticism of the Tammany methods against the needle trades workers. The New York socialist party leaders are too grateful to their police partners in the sordid crimes of strikebreaking during the past two or three years.

This is indeed a remarkably illuminating document which the socialists have put forth to catch the votes of the dissatisfied little shop keepers squirming under the increasing pressure of the big business nether and upper mill stones, and to catch such workers only who are not class-conscious, but think with the minds of the petty shop keepers. And to prove that it is not the workers whom the socialists mean to enlist in their campaign, their petition to Al Smith, idol of the Morgans and duPonts, ends by calling upon the "upright citizens of New York City" to join with them in the great crusade to make this a town fit for little lawyers, little merchants, little politicians, to live in.

The working class has nothing to expect of the socialist party, except further strike-breaking and continued sabotage of the labor movement, while spreading illusions in support of capitalist "Al Smith" democracy.

Workers, join your own class party. It is the Workers (Communist) Party, section of the Communist International.

And vote Communist.

That's What "Arbitrators" Are

Whatever the hardships of the struggle of the workers today in this imperialist country, no one can say that the events of the struggle are not interesting. Alvan T. Fuller, governor of Massachusetts, but better known to the workers of the entire world as the murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti, is seriously put forward as "arbitrator" of the strike of 28,000 heroic textile workers of New Bedford.

This little joke of history ought to provoke much thought among the textile workers and among the members of the whole working class. This is not just a joke. Nor is it an accident that the bourgeoisie put forward a classic hangman of the working class as a symbol of the "impartiality" of the State, as an instrument with which they pretend to reconcile the struggling classes.

Fuller, who lied and swindled in a score of ways in pretending to investigate the Sacco-Vanzetti case only to allay the suspicions of the working class, while the electrocution proceeded with swift certainty, is an excellent example of the nature of an arbitrator between capital and labor. That's what "arbitrators" are—hangmen in disguise.

The 28,000 textile workers are fortunate in the clumsiness of the stoggy Massachusetts mill barons who knew no better than to put forward a transparent fraud.

Try again, Old Man Butler. Seek out as your swindling "arbitrator" one who is a slicker scoundrel than the threadbare Fuller. Try to find a sleek "friend of labor" to put over the fraud of "arbitrating" the textile workers into defeat.

But the textile workers must learn not to fall for the next "arbitrator," either. Continue the picket line. That is what is winning the fight. The mill barons are trying to lure attention from just this point of pressure. Stick to your picket line.

The Steel Trust Enslaves Its Workers

By LOUIS SISELMAN.

Poverty and misery prevails in the region where the steel trust has spread its rule, as well as in West Virginia and Pennsylvania.

Duquesne, Pennsylvania, is a striking example.

When one crosses the McKeesport Bridge over the Monongahela River he can see the big steel chimneys of the steel mills, which cloud the town with heavy black smoke. The streets are narrow and dirty, bricks are torn up, on the broken porches of the old company houses the workers tired from a hard day's toil, sit in their working clothes and inhale the thick clouds of smoke which come from the steel chimneys and from the locomotives which run down the main street. There are countless numbers of churches and barber shops here. The churches serve as detective bureau, and each barber shop as a saloon.

Where the Rich Live.

In another part of the town there is a high hill. There you can see fine houses with beautiful shrubbery. Silence there is; no noise of the mills is heard; there is no smoke, the air is clear. In these houses music is played, the Black Bottom is danced; thru the windows one sees valuable furniture and ornaments. Alongside the houses stand expensive automobiles.

Look from the hill down towards the hovels where the workers live. Hell is there incarnate.

On the hill the bootleggers, the priests and the mill foremen live.

There is only one mill in town employing over seven thousand workers. The mill belongs to the Carnegie Steel Corporation. Everyone before being employed must pass a physical examination, just as in the military service—the horse is tried out to see if he is strong enough. No man can get a job in the mill unless he has references from some member of the Ku Klux Klan, or a business man. He must be a member of a church and if his record in the church is doubtful, immediately he is surrounded with a squad of spies from the company who watch his every step. The spy system in the mill is beyond description. No one knows who his neighbor is.

Like Prisoners.

The workers toil under the guard of company police just like prisoners. There is a policeman in each department who watches the steel slaves. Over these policemen there is a sergeant who watches the policemen. All this does not include the whole gang of foremen and other watch-dogs that the workers are faced with. The men work ten and twelve hours a day for the starvation wage of 40c and 44c an hour. The speed-up system in the mill is fearful. All kinds of schemes are in force.

One of their schemes is to lay off some workers from a given department for a few days. When these workers return to the shop they must work double speed to catch up with the back work to supply material for other departments, as well as each day's need.

There are also many young workers employed in the mills. These young workers get 22c an hour in spite of the fact that they produce with the aid of machines just as much as the older workers.

A special club is organized in the mill for the young workers. The president of this club is one of the board of directors members and he sees to it they are given the "right education."

The work in the mill is hard, unhealthful and dangerous. Many are injured. But the government in the steel region is directed by the steel trust. They actually laugh at the so-called compensation laws which exist only on paper. When a worker is injured and remains out of the mill over 30 days because of illness, he must, on his return, pass a physical examination. In case the company doctor finds the productive power of a worker has been minimized because of his injury, he is not taken back in the mill.

An insurance system has been established in the mill under the supervision of the company. Every worker must be insured. The cost of the insurance is taken out of the worker's pay. The worker gets nothing when injured; but only when he is "killed to death." The advantages of this insurance lies in the following: First the company gets a big percentage of the insurance; secondly, the insurance payments show that the workers are willing to pay, so why have compensation laws at all?

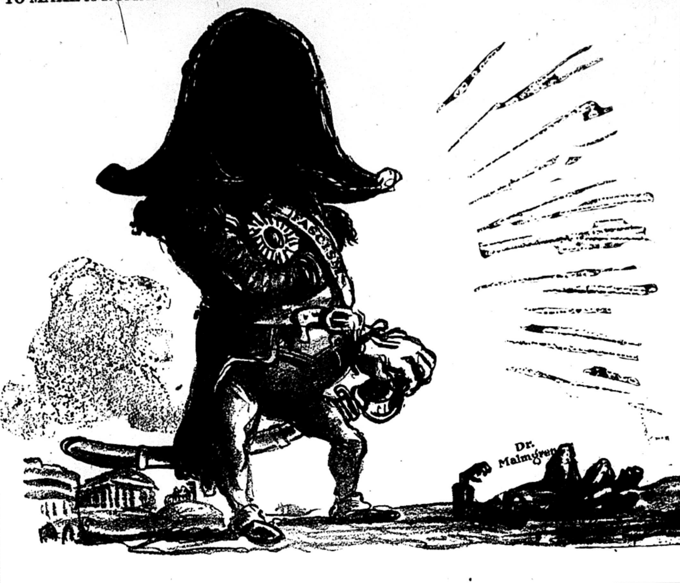
No one dares to mention any form of workers' organization in the mill. If any worker attempts it, he is immediately reported to the mill foremen.

In spite of all these chains put upon the steel slaves the steel trust feels that he is still not secure and various other means are utilized. For instance, lately it has even taken off the doors of the lavatories and company policemen watch all day long so that no papers or leaflets or anything in the form of propaganda shall be left in these lavatories. In brief, it can be said that the whole mill is a great prison and so is the town—one big prison. The despotic rule of the middle ages is nothing in comparison with the plutocratic rule of the steel trust.

(To Be Continued.)

TO MAKE A ROMAN HOLIDAY

By Fred Ellis



United States Election Laws

Framed by the Capitalists to Keep Working Class Parties Off the Ballot

(Continued.)

By JULIUS CODKIND

Right here it must be stated that in practically every state the law is so vague and indefinite and presents so many technicalities to be complied with that in an emergency the officials can always find some minor violation or technical objection through which they may at will practically rule off any candidate or list of candidates. Almost everywhere there is nothing to prevent them from so construing the law so as to prevent the candidacies of all but the two leading parties from getting on the ballot.

An excellent illustration of this was an occurrence in the state of California in 1924. The provisions of the California law are among the most difficult of any state in the country. The LaFollette third party group was fighting for a place on the California ballot. Almost at the last moment, they discovered that the law required petitions to be signed by a minimum of 36,000 voters. Within a couple of days petitions were gotten out and the necessary number of signatures was obtained. These were duly filed within the time limit given in the law.

California, however, is one of the most doubtful of the states. The candidacy of LaFollette was a menace to the republicans, who were at the time in control of the state, so they ruled that the LaFollette petitions were technically void because each petition named the whole 13 LaFollette electors. They contended that the petitions should have been so drawn as to prevent the name of each elector on a separate sheet, so that instead of signing once for all thirteen electors, as was done, each citizen should have signed thirteen times on thirteen separate sheets.

The case was taken to the state supreme court but the ruling of the officials was upheld against the LaFollette crowd in spite of a clause in the law which reads as follows:

"If on or before a date which shall be the seventy-fifth day before any primary election, there shall be filed with the secretary of state a petition signed by registered qualified electors of the state, equal in number to at least three per cent of the entire vote of the state at the last preceding November election, declaring that they represent a political party or organization the name of which shall be state therein, which party said electors desire to have participate in such primary election; such petition to be circulated, signed, and the signatures thereon of the registered electors certified to and transmitted to the secretary of state by the county clerks substantially as provided in section five of this act, for the circulation, signing, certification, and transmission of nomination papers for state officers; providing, however, that no electors or organization of electors shall assume a party name or designation which shall be so similar to the name of an existing party or organization as to mislead voters.

"This statute shall be liberally construed, so that the real will of the electors shall not be defeated by any informality to comply with all the provisions of this law."

The socialist party in a few states, and the farmer labor parties in a few other states, are recognized under the law as legal political parties. ("Legal" is here used in the sense of a party which is automatically entitled to place its candidates on the ballot. Other parties while not "legal" political parties may and do exist without being unlawful or illegal.)

The following extracts from the laws of some of the states will give a good picture of the difficulties faced by the Workers (Communist) Party in the struggle to place its candidates officially on the ballot. These must be prefaced by a few explanatory remarks.

In practically every state, a political party is legal only when it receives a certain proportion of votes in the elections. As a rule the states require from three to ten per cent of the votes.

Many states require filing fees, ranging generally from ten to one hundred dollars for each office.

In the figures here given, the number of signatures noted is the minimum required by the law. As a large number of signatures are generally voided by the state officials, at lease one-third above the minimum amount given must be furnished in every case. In California, the number of signatures thrown out is from 40 to 60 per cent.

As a general rule, signatures of voters who have participated in the primaries are not valid.

Another point that must be borne in mind is that most states do not recognize the signatures of citizens as such. One must be not only a citizen, but a registered voter.

When the following figures are considered, it must be noted that the highest vote cast by the Workers (Communist) Party in 1924 was 8244 in the state of New York.

Tasks of Party.

In the case of practically every generalization made above, there are grotesque exceptions here and there.

NEW YORK. Population 1920 census, 10,450,718. 12,000 signatures are required to place the state ticket on the ballot. These must include at least 50 valid signatures from each of 60 counties and 50 signatures from the other two counties of the state. To place its candidates for office in some of the more important sections in the city of New York, thousands of additional signatures are required of the party by the state. It must be noted that a minimum of one-half the area of the state lying north of the Erie Canal from Albany to Buffalo is a country in every respect as backward as the state of Vermont on which it borders and in which we have not even a single member-at-large. All signatures must be witnessed by a notary public. In New York state signatures cannot usually be gotten otherwise than by house to house canvas as the signatures must be obtained within and by certain residential districts. Upstate, where the object is to get only about a hundred in each county signatures can be gotten in factories or at open air meetings. This provision is general throughout practically all states but applies in most instances only to local or district candidates.

(To Be Continued.)

Fake "Farmer-Labor" Convention Ends

Politicians, Bankers, Lawyers, In Aimless Talkfest

(Continued.)

By THURBER LEWIS

A sensation was caused when the name of William Bouck of Washington, nominated with Duncan MacDonald for vice president and president in 1924 by the Federated Farmer-Labor Party in St. Paul, was placed before the convention as a running mate for Norris. David McVey, a labor man who, however, did not represent any labor organization in the convention, called Bouck a Communist. He went into his version of the Chicago and St. Paul conventions of 1924 which, he said, were completely dominated by "the Foster-Ruthenberg combine of Communists."

McVey blamed the Communists for the bad state of the farmer-labor movement. Joseph A. Poirier, assistant county attorney of Hennepin County Minnesota, representing a farmer-labor ward organization in Minneapolis, also took a lick at Bouck. He was later elected national chairman and thought this would be a good campaign speech. He said that $90,000 was spent by the Communists to control the farmer-labor movement in order to wreck it. He said Bouck, at the St. Paul convention, took orders from Foster and Ruthenberg and was, in fact a Communist. He ended his fifteen minute tirade against Bouck and the Communists and then walked promptly to the press table. There he singled out the correspondent of the Federated Press and pleaded with him not to quote him on what he had said of Bouck and the progressives.

Tactics of Faker.

The reason is plain. Progressive sentiment is strong in Minnesota. Prosecutor Poirier has political ambitions there. He wants to play with the radicals in the farmer-labor association in Minnesota and wouldn't like to have them know what he said about Bouck, who is well liked there. The speech he made against Bouck and the progressive element in Chicago helped to get him elected chairman of the farmer-labor party, which position, he thinks, will help his political fortunes in Minneapolis and Minnesota.

The only one to speak kindly of Bouck was his nominator, Alli Reed, an old populist from South Dakota. Reed was at both the Chicago and St. Paul conventions and took issue with David McVey's version of them. McVey had spoken of the Communist steam roller. Reed said the Communists were at no time in the majority. It was their strong organization and wise leadership that gave them control. "Talk about steam rollers. The worst I have ever seen was the one at the farmer-labor convention in 1920 when the farmers and other groups were completely flattened out by the labor politicians who dominated the convention," Reed said.

The fight to throw the convention to the socialist party candidates was led by McVey, Poirier and Karl Jursek. They maintained there is nothing in the farmer-labor platform that Thomas will not support. Jursek said he had been to the socialist executive meeting in Baltimore and asked Thomas if he would accept the nomination. Thomas said he would. One argument was that the socialists had a campaign fund and the farmer-laborites had none. The move, however, was vigorously opposed by old populists and monetary freaks who composed a good half of the convention. They are still living in the days of free silver and think the socialists are too radical.

Among the eighteen planks adopted as the platform are: Public ownership of natural resources and production and distribution in any industry that becomes a monopoly; equalization fee for farm relief; against child labor; against injunctions in labor disputes; recognition of Russia; old age pensions and unemployment insurance and a plank more dry than wet. On the whole, the program is sharply reminiscent of that of the socialist party.

No Labor Representation.

Save for three or four individuals who happen to be members of labor unions, there was no worker representation in the convention. There were some farmers. The convention was dominated by middle class elements. The platform shows this and it is even more strongly indicated by the delegates' choice of Norris, a lawyer, and Vereene, a wealthy cotton mill owner of Georgia, who undoubtedly employs child labor, against which there is a plank in the platform. With Poirier, a prosecuting attorney, as national chairman, Bert Martin, a lawyer of Denver, as national secretary, the picture is complete. On the executive there are some more lawyers, realtors and insurance men. Currency reformists and vaccination freaks were among the thirty-two delegates that reported.

New Basis Needed.

If the convention showed anything, it was that if a labor party is built in the next four years, it will not be on the basis of the present farmer-labor party that met at the Stevens hotel in Chicago this week. It is moribund, beyond revival and in all likelihood will never again be heard of. Two moves were made to save the remnants. One was an attempted coalition with the prohibition party which also met in Chicago. The other was the attempted fusion with the socialist party. Both moves failed. The party that ran Parley Parker Christianson for president in 1920, demurred to LaFollette in 1924 and nominated in 1928 a candidate who does not choose to run, will be ancient history in 1930.

12 Years After the Frame-Up of Tom Mooney

By WALT CARMON

WHEN Mooney and Billings were put behind prison bars the workers rose in protest. Demonstrating before the American Embassy in Petrograd, the victorious Russian workers led the way. The trade unions of Italy, Great Britain and Holland protested. Protests of labor the world over and threats of a general strike grew into a great mass movement that gained force and saved the life of Tom Mooney. This movement became infected with vain illusions of "justice" from capitalist courts, then dissipated and almost disappeared.

And Tom Mooney is still in San Quentin waiting, for twelve years now. The man of some 40-odd years looks over sixty. His hair is snow white, deep lines groove his face, which is coated with a prison pallor. And Warren Billings is still waiting within the walls of Folsom. He is thirty-five years old now—"there are deep lines in his face that usually come only in later years."

12 Years in Hell

July 27 makes twelve years of prison life for both. Twelve years within four narrow walls is eternity. In these years the two courageous men have been waiting—and thinking. "I am convinced that a broader appeal will have to be made," says Tom Mooney in his letter to the International Labor Defense. "The policy I have been following for the past five years will not bring justice to Mooney and Billings." Warren K. Billings approves. They have seen the world from a prison window for twelve years now. They have been watching the pageant of the class struggle before them and they have been thinking:

"Our appeal will largely have to be centered upon the great mass of workers, organized and unorganized, as well, that great body of liberal-minded people throughout the entire nation."

Appeals to I. L. D.

And to the International Labor Defense: "Anything you can do in this direction to help us secure some small measure of justice after twelve years of imprisonment, I will, and I am more than certain that my co-sufferer, Billings, will also appreciate any efforts put forth by your organization to bring about the desired results."

Tom Mooney and Warren Billings have spoken. And slowly but surely on the twelfth anniversary of the infamous frame-up a new movement is coming to life. The central labor bodies of Chicago, San Francisco and Milwaukee, among others, have raised their voice for Mooney and Billings. The labor press has placed this issue before thousands of other workers. The "Labor Defender," speaking for all class war prisoners, gains four thousand new readers with a Mooney-Billings issue. Meetings are being held. Picnics for defense are becoming demonstrations for Mooney and Billings. Tom Mooney's own local of the Moulders Union elects him as delegate to the Moulders' national convention held recently. In Europe, "Rote Hilfe," organ of the International Red Aid of Germany, devotes a good section to Mooney and Billings. In England and France the labor press brings it forward. In Soviet Russia, again the cry for the freedom of Mooney and Billings is raised. This is only the first giant rumble.

Coming Storm

While all this is happening the capitalist press hears the coming storm. Headlines announce "Labor in New Move to Free Mooney and Billings." In St. Louis the Post-Dispatch and even in blase New York the "World," the "Telegram" and the "Graphic" speak of the case of Mooney and Billings. On the twelfth anniversary of the entombment of two workers for life we are witnessing the beginning of a new revitalized movement for their freedom, stripped of all illusions clear visioned and girded for battle.

Twelve years ago Mooney and Billings were sent to prison becaus they fought for their class. The were convicted on the word of witnesses from the underworld and sentenced by a court on the instruction of the Chamber of Commerce. I the twelve years since, the witnesse have confessed their crookedness. A dictaphone hidden in the district attorney's office brought further proo of a frame-up. Investigators hav searched and combed the evidenc with legal fine-combs and found a pack of lies. The world know that Mooney and Billings have be framed.

Still Waiting

No matter. Mooney and Billing are still behind prison bars waitin —"upon the great mass of worker organized and unorganized"—an the workers will not fail them. Th twelfth anniversary of the frame-u of Mooney and Billings is a time f every red-blooded worker to join th movement for their liberation.

Capitalist courts will not fr them. Like the legal murder Sacco and Vanzetti, the case Mooney and Billings is monument proof of the kind of class justi that workers can expect from ca italist courts. Mooney and Billin in 12 bitter years of imprisonme have learned that and tell it to th world of labor. They appeal to th working class. Join the moveme to "Free Mooney and Billings." Jo the International Labor Defense make that movement strong

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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OBREGON MURDERED BY CLERICAL

World Congress Urges Struggle Against Fascism

GENERAL MOTORS RAISES PAY IN FEAR OF UNION

Organization Work to Continue

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

FLINT, Mich., July 18.—All departments of the General Motors Corporation here are seething with unrest today and plans for organization in the Auto Workers Union are going rapidly ahead in spite of the effort on the part of the huge concern, alarmed at the tremendous movement it sees developing, to buy off the striking workers in the Fisher Body plant.

Tries "Bribery."

Increases of a totally inadequate nature have been granted by the General Motors Corporation as a sort of bribe to the men and the strike is at present not proceeding. Numbers of the men unable to maintain life even on the pitiful increase are seeking jobs elsewhere.

The arrest of Philip Raymond and Arnold Zeigler, organizers of the Auto Workers Union, have incensed the workers. The two leaders, who have been organizing the men while Duffy, the A. F. of L. organizer remained passively at the Hotel Durant, were jailed on a charge of passing out handbills.

Protest Mass Meeting.

A mass meeting to protest the arrests has been arranged and thousands of the exploited General Motors workers are expected to rally to demand the release of the organizers.

ROSARIO STRIKE IS SPREADING

Water, Electric Tie-up Looms in City

ROSARIO, Argentina, July 18.—Three hundred thousand tons of grain were tied up in the harbor here today as the result of the failure of the ship owners to accede to the demands of the port workers.

To add to the general tie-up all street car service has been halted by the walk-out of traction workers and the workers in the water and electric plants are threatening to strike within forty-eight hours provided the owners have not met the men's terms within that time.

Action on the part of the workers in these two industries would virtually tie up the whole city in a general strike like that of a month ago, since the more important building trades workers and other sections of the Rosario working class have already been on strike for two weeks.

Efforts of the owners to import strikebreakers have signally failed, as the union has succeeded in throwing a cordon of pickets around every wharf in the city.

No immediate end of the strike, which began in a dispute for higher wages and better conditions, is forecast.

A conference of business men, while admitting that the strike is slowly spreading despite their efforts to halt it by force through the medium of hired thugs, intimated that no end was in sight and that no demands would be granted. A threat to close down all business in the city if the government does not crush the strike at once is not being taken very seriously by the strikers.

LEWIS ORDERS NEW WAGE SCALE

Strikebreakers in Final Blow to Miners

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 18.—The policy committee of the United Mine Workers of America late today took its final step in strikebreaking by voting to authorize district officers in the bituminous fields to negotiate new wage scales with their respective operators, it was announced in a statement issued by John L. Lewis, president of the Miners' Union here late today.

"The committee formulated an amended policy, designed to best cope with the depressed conditions in the bituminous industry as they exist," the statement continued. "In addition, the committee considered possible legislation affecting the coal industry and approved the course heretofore followed by the organization on this subject.

The move is seen here as a final move by Lewis to break the resistance of the coal diggers.

Communist Freed

Max Hoeltz, German Communist leader whose liberation from prison was forced by working class protest after the government attempted to hold him in spite of the recent amnesty act, is shown above. When he and his comrades reached Berlin they were met with a tremendous ovation from the German workers, rejoicing over this proof of the power of the working class.

WELCOME HOELTZ AND PRISONERS

Greet Freed German Workers

(Wireless To DAILY WORKER.)

BERLIN, Germany, July 18.—While the sheet-iron roofs above the long platforms of the Stettin and Silesian railroad terminals here reechoed yesterday to the strains of the International sung by thousands, crowds of workers that filled the stations and overflowed into the streets and side streets for blocks, welcomed home Max Hoeltz, Communist leader, and the recently released class war prisoners, liberated by mass pressure under the terms of a faulty and tardy amnesty act.

Committees From Shops.

Committees from the workers of scores of factories thruout this city and others, delegations from the Communist Party and labor organizations without number, welcomed the home-coming workers, while battalions of Red Front Fighters, surrounding and mingling with the demonstration dissuaded the police from any desire to interfere.

Greeted by C. I.

Huge wreathes greeting the liberated workers in the name of the Communist Party and the German working class were prominent on the platforms and among the crowd.

Attempts of the prisoners to speak were met with thunderous cheers that drowned out all voices. The attempt had finally to be abandoned and the men left the depots accompanied by guards of honor composed of Red Front Fighters and unofficial escorts of thousands who thronged the streets for hours after the demonstration was ended.

ACCIDENT OUSTS 600 COAL MINERS

Mine Car Crashes Thru Engine House

ASHLAND, Pa., July 18 (UP).—Six hundred employes at the Centralia Colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company are idle today as the result of damages caused when a mine car crashed through the concrete engine house at the mine last night.

A stationary engine, it was said, started under its own volition, hoisted a mine car up a slope and broke through the engine house.

WOLF, AUSTRIAN ROYALIST FACES BURLESQUE TRIAL

Urged Horthy Army to Kidnap Bela Kun

VIENNA, July 18. — Charged with urging the Horthy government to invade Austria with troops for the purpose of seizing Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, and carrying him off to torture and death in Hungary, Colonel Gustave Wolf, leader of the Austrian monarchist party, faced a mock trial in the Viennese courts today.

Troops Fill City.

The trial began in a city filled with troops, before eager crowds who filled the courtroom.

In spite of the facts in his letter to the Hungarian minister, appealing to him to urge on his government the complete severance of relations with Austria in event of refusal by the latter to extradite Bela Kun. Wolfe, who is technically accused of treason, pleaded not guilty.

Denies Letter.

He asserted smilingly that he never had called upon the Hungarian government to invade Austrian territory for the purpose of seizing and kidnapping the Communist leader, although his letter made exactly this appeal.

The monarchist declared that instead he had invited the Hungarian troops to suppress a revolt which Kun had planned.

Wolf, whose monarchist activities are disagreeable to the Seipel government, was arrested following a royalist demonstration on May 9.

THREE CONCERTS IN ONE SATURDAY

Theremin, Volpe, Roxy Ballet to Appear

The great DAILY WORKER concert at Coney Island Stadium Saturday night will really be three concerts in one. And each of the three concerts will be of the sort that is remembered a lifetime.

Volpe To Appear First.

The first concert will be given by Arnold Volpe and his symphony orchestra of 50 musicians of the first rank. Volpe, the founder and first conductor of the Lewisohn Stadium concerts, and one of the foremost conductors in the country, has selected a program of unusual distinction. It will consist of the following numbers: Coronation March from Meyerbeers opera, The Prophet; Wagner's Rienzi Overture; Caucasion Sketches by Ippolitow-

Continued on Page Five

EXPOSE MCGRADY SEEKING "PEACE"

3,000 Furriers Jam Big Hall at Meet

Despite the sweltering heat yesterday, three thousand furriers crowded the big hall in Cooper Union in answer to the call of the Joint Board of the Furriers Union and heard their leader, Ben Gold, tell how Edward F. McGrady, union-wrecking emissary of the American Federation of Labor, had made "peace overtures" when he saw that his scab union is about to fall to pieces.

Exposes Faker

"Not that McGrady desired peace," Gold explained; "it was merely a gesture to obtain a breathing space for his tottering structure." To prove that the A. F. of L. fakers were actually ready to confer with the "dreaded" Communists.

Continued on Page Five

SLAVES "INDUSTRIANS"

Goodyear Rubber Co. Coins a Synonym

(By Federated Press).

Goodyear Rubber Co. is known in Akron for stinginess with wages liberality with hours and careless abandon in scattering titles among its workers.

So it is that the humblest sweeper of corners and boiler of rubber soup bears the exalted title of "Industrian." Qualifications for Industrians are hardly exacting. They must be at least 12 years old. They must swear allegiance to the stars and stripes. They must have showed loyalty to dear old Goodyear by staying with the job at least six months

Having been graduated from mere worker to Industrian, the tire maker is elevated to the dizzy pay heights of $4.50 a day. This represents no mean victory over Goodyear's efficiency experts, for he started at 35 cents an hour.

Only Industrians may vote in Goodyear's company union; only they may carry grievances through the industrial democracy over the works manager's head to the president and even the board of directors Of course no Industrian has ever shown such disloyalty and ingratitude as to appeal from the works manager's edict firing or disciplining him.

Industrians also have the privilege of belonging to the Rubber Workers' Union, Goodyear boasts But—and what a but—Industrians "must leave their union at the door when they enter the factory."

DELEGATES FROM MANY LANDS AT HISTORIC MEET

U. S. Representatives On Praesidium

(Wireless to The Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 18.—The Sixth World Congress of the Communist International was opened here yesterday in the decorated hall of the Labor Palace by Nicolai Bukharin, who was greeted with great applause.

His first words were devoted to the victims of the class struggle in Italy, Poland, Indonesia, and China, who died fighting against imperialism. "Long may they live in the workers' hearts," he said.

"Since the Fifth Congress the Communist movement has been greatly extended," he said. "The Chinese Communist Party, for instance, has become a real revolutionary party. The Japanese Party is also beginning to develop into a fighting party. The Indian Communist movement is growing. But capitalism is also consolidating its forces, and social democracy is also growing. Partially stabilized capitalism forces the Communist International to adopt new complicated tactics in order to mobilise the masses for a decisive blow against imperialism.

"Carrying out socialist construction under difficult circumstances places the Soviet government and the Communist Party before severe tasks. Both in the Soviet Union and in capitalist countries, Communists do not perform sufficient detail work. The chief tasks in capitalist countries are still trade union work and the conquest of the masses. The congress must adopt a program with such a message for the millions of workers all over the world, and a firm practical line for all countries, from China to America.

"The congress work must provide the steel foundation also for consolidating the Communist Parties of

Continued on Page Five

STALIN TELLS OF FUTURE POLICIES

Speaks of Task Facing Communist Parties

(Wireless To DAILY WORKER.)

MOSCOW, July 18.—"No temporary difficulties are able to stop the process of turning the Soviet Union from an agrarian to an industrial land and constructing socialism in town and country," Joseph Stalin, secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, declared in an address commenting up the draft program submitted to Communist World Congress in session here.

Continuing his speech, Josef Stalin, general secretary of the All-Union Communist Party, yesterday stressed the principles common to all the Communist Parties. The program outlined by him treats not only of the so-called civilized countries but of the whole world, thus being truly international.

Owing to the irregularity of the capitalist development, the draft assumes the possibility of socialism in individual countries with the formation of the two rallying points of capitalism and socialism in their fight for world supremacy.

Reject United States of Europe.

The draft rejects the slogan of the United States of Europe and proposes a Federation of Soviet Re-

Continued on Page Three

TRANSIT LINES RECEIVE NOTICE

Notice of recapture of the Brooklyn-Manhattan Rapid Transit Company and the Interborough Rapid Transit Company was yesterday served on these companies by the New York State Transit Commission, in accordance with the provisions of the so-called readjustment plan announced recently by Samuel Untermyer, special attorney for the commission.

The notice advises the companies that in accordance with the terms of the dual contracts between the

Continued on Page Two

Tale of Heroic Rescue by Soviet Ice-Breaker Told in Frozen North

Cruising in the far north, passengers of the S. S. Reliance of the Hamburg-American Line received a first-hand account of the heroic rescue of the fascist Nobile flyers by the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin. The Krassin has now rescued a total of 16 men and is proceeding further. Photo shows the Reliance amid ice fields.

COMMERCE CHAMBER IN DRIVE ON MILL PICKETS

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 18.—Public admission of their complete failure to break away even a small section of workers from the ranks of the 28,000 strikers, was made here when the New Bedford Chamber of Commerce issued a statement demanding that "mass and house picketing and the formation of crowds in the vicinity of the plants" be halted by the police authorities. This, the statement said is the reason why no one went to work when the mill owners invited the strikers to resume their places at the looms.

In answer to the statement of the bosses' organization, the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union declared that "having failed utterly in their attempts to break the strike hitherto, the mill owners are now setting into motion machinery of oppression to abrogate the rights of the strikers to keep scabs from entering the mills by peaceful and legal means.

Strikers to Resist.

"The union condemns this latest threat to crush the strike by the forcible breaking up of the picket lines, which is the real meaning of the Chamber of Commerce state-

Continued on Page Five

HOLD FALL RIVER STRIKE MEETINC

Police Fail to Halt T. M. C. Meeting

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 18.—Over two thousand textile workers gathered for a Textile Mill Committees meeting on a lot and trudged a mile and a half to another meeting site after the police had succeeded in terrorizing the owner into refusing to allow the use of the rented field.

The meeting was called by the T. M. C. after hundreds of British and American workers signified their desire to hear the leaders of that organization. A special meeting was, therefore, arranged in the residential district of those workers.

Fail to Stop Meeting

Despite all the elaborate preparations of the police, they did not succeed in preventing the meeting, because the union representatives had prepared in reserve a lot rented from a union sympathizer.

The hundreds of tramping strikers were closely followed by the police, Police Chief Feeney himself making a new attempt to terrorize the owner of the field. Failing in this Feeney ordered squads of police

Continued on Page Two

BEGIN NEW YORK SIGNATURE DRIVE

State Campaign Now In Full Swing

With their hall crowded to capacity and a high spirit of enthusiasm prevailing, Sections 2 and 3 of the Workers (Communist) Party, after listening to a report by Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager of District Two, at a membership meeting held at their section headquarters, unanimously decided that every member of their section must immediately report for nominating petitions in the territory in which they live and start collecting their quota of signatures to place the Party candidates on the ballot in New York City.

This decision was made in view of the fact that no local candidates are being run by the Workers Party in the territory covered by these sections.

Active Militants.

The membership of these two sections are among the most active elements in the ranks of the Party—most of them are needle trades workers who have actively participated in the most important labor struggles in the city. They will report at the section headquarters in upper and lower Bronx, Harlem, Downtown Manhattan, Williamsburg, Brownsville, Boro Park and Astoria. It is expected that they will contribute largely to the success of the signature drive throughout the city.

Membership meetings have also been held in Williamsburg, addressed by John Di Santo and in Astoria, Queens, at which Abraham Markoff reported on the election campaign. Astoria will start its signature drive on Monday, July 23, at the Bohemian Hall, Woolsey and 2nd.

These complete the series of membership meetings which have been held in every section of the city to

Continued on Page Five

PUBLIC PROTEST HITS GAS MERGER

Kenny Big Stockholder In Both Concerns

The public hearing today held before the Upstate Public Service Commission on the proposed $1,000,000,000 merger of the Brooklyn Edison Company with the Consolidated Gas Company of New York was adjourned until July 25 after representatives of various civic organizations had protested bitterly that their objections to the proposed merger were not being given a fair hearing.

Representatives of the two companies testified that the proposed merger would bring "beneficial results."

The Consolidated Gas Company, one of the corporations involved in the merger, two years ago secured an increase in rates through the efforts of Prendergast, chairman of the commission and George R. Van Namee, Al Smith appointee.

It was also recently revealed that William F. Kenny, one of Smith's biggest financial supporters in his fight for the presidency, is a large stockholder in both the Consolidated Gas Company and in the Brooklyn Edison Company.

"SUBVERSIVE ELEMENTS"

French Communists Arouse Chamber

PARIS (By Mail).—In the French chamber of deputies an extended discussion on the budget and appropriations for the army and navy led to a heated debate between the Communists and the government forces.

One, Fienllien, a supporter of the government, denounced with a tremulo in his voice "the scandalous propaganda which subversive elements spread in the army. The patriotic press has already noticed this propaganda which is carried on by the Communists. Public opinion is enraged. The government should do something about it. I demand that the minister take all necessary measures."

The Communist deputy retaliated:

"We spread propaganda only among the workers in the army!"

And all the reactionaries jumped, crying: "There's the admission! There's the admission!"

"Tell me this, then," replied the Communist deputy, Jacquemotte: "You do not by any chance spread religious and capitalist propaganda in the army, do you?"

The debate was prolonged in great heat.

HANGMAN OF WORKERS SICK

BERLIN, July 18 (UP).—Otto Wels, leader of the social-democratic party, was taken to hospital yesterday, suffering from an internal hemorrhage.

MALIGIN RENEWS ARCTIC SEARCH

Soviet Flyer to Hunt For Amundsen

MOSCOW, July 18.—The Soviet ice-breaker Maligin continued to make progress today despite the extensive ice fields and the heavy storm which has been raging since yesterday morning. The Maligin which has set out to search for the Amundsen party, plans to skirt the southeastern shore of Spitzbergen while the aviator Babushkin, hopping off somewhere along the coast will make reconnaissance flights.

The Maligin will make extensive searches along this coast and then steam for Archangel, continuing to keep a sharp lookout for any traces of the Amundsen party. The chances of the Amundsen party being alive are considered good in Soviet scientific circles.

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Krassin to Continue Search.

MOSCOW, July 18 (UP).—The icebreaker Krassin, which already has brought 16 men out of the Arctic alive after most of them had given up hope of ever again reaching civilization, will not quit its mercy work until one last search has been made for 12 others lost in the ice bound sea.

The Soviet relief committee decided this today and the Krassin with its cargo of rescued explorers was ordered to continue to Advent

Continued on Page Two

SMITH TO HAVE $10,000,000 FUND

No Limit Set to Big Contributions

The declaration of Herbert H. Lehman, Morgan-controlled banker, and financial director of the Smith election campaign that there would be no limit to the Smith slush fund is believed in informed circles here to be an invitation to the republican party campaign managers to adopt publicly a similar policy. In this way, it is said, the usual charges of "buying" the election will this year be avoided, and both old parties will be free to pile up record totals.

$10,000,000 Estimate.

Estimates of $10,000,000 as the probable amount of the democratic campaign slush fund was received here as being far too low. At least five millions, it was pointed out, was expended in putting over Calvin

Continued on Page Five

PRESIDENT-ELECT SHOT 'FOR CHRIST' SAYS CHURCHMAN

U. S. Makes Threat of Intervention

WASHINGTON, July 18 (UP).—The United States is prepared to cooperate with President Calles to prevent possible revolutionary disturbances in Mexico as a result of the assassination of President-elect Obregon.

In an authoritative quarter it was said this government will do whatever it can on this side of the border to prevent such disturbances.

"Revolution is the last thing we want to see in Mexico,' one authority said. "Naturally, if we can help stop it, we shall do so."

Washington is dependent largely upon Ambassador Morrow in this situation.

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Shot By Clerical.

MEXICO CITY, July 18.—Jose Juan Gonzales, the religious fanatic who killed General Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico, yesterday, is believed to be an agent of the counter-revolutionary clerical group that has been conducting a bitter campaign against the Calles government.

The assassin, who is now being questioned, originally gave his name as Juan Escapulario. Later it was learned that his real name is Gonzales and the pseudonym Escapulario assumed because of its religious significance. The escapulario is a piece of stiffened cloth bearing an image of the virgin Mary. Gonzales is believed to have been connected with the attempt on the part of the clerical faction to assassinate Obregon by bombing his car last winter.

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MEXICO CITY, July 18 (UP).—President-elect Alvaro Obregon, third Mexican leader to be assassinated within 15 years, met his death as he sat surrounded by friends discussing his prospective return to titular as well as actual leadership of the country.

With Senator Valdez Hamirez, former Foreign Minister Aaron Saenz, Colonel Juan James and other supporters, Obregon motored out to La Bombilla restaurant, in the wealthy Sanangel suburb, for a conference.

Approaches Table

The cafe orchestra was playing. Surrounding tables were crowded. As Obregon and his followers sat at the table a young man approached. He asked whether he could not draw caricatures of members of the party. They consented.

The young man drew a picture of

Continued on Page Two

MINERS CALL TO OTHER WORKERS

Disease, Need, Death, Stalk Fields

Beginning Sunday, July 22nd, and for a week thereafter workers thruout the country will be mobilized in the drive for relief and defense of the thousands of miners and their families during the national Miners' Relief and Defense Week, conducted jointly by the National Miners' Relief Committee and

From the Atlantic to the Pacific and from Canada to Mexico, hun- the International Labor Defense. dreds of relief committees affiliated with the National Miners' Relief Committee of 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, will work with branches of the International Labor Defense in the various cities and towns to put through the drive. This is the first time during the fifteen months of the strike a drive of such scope and intensity has been undertaken.

From the mining camps come a deluge of letters of appeal for food, for medicines, for tents. The wooden sheds that homeless miners' families are forced to occupy are veritable furnaces. There is no light. Gas and water have been turned off in hundreds of mining

Continued on Page Two

MANY SOVIET CENTENARIANS

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 18.—Of the Soviet Union's population of 146,964,866, there are 25,498 persons listed as being one hundred years old or more. The country has 5,000,000 more women than men.

"Keep Up the Struggle," Anti-Imperialist League Urges General Sandino in Letter

WILL CONTINUE MASS AGITATION, BODY'S PLEDGE

Points Out Relation With Other Struggles

Calling upon General Augusto C. Sandino to continue the fight against U. S. marine rule in Nicaragua, to make the struggle exclusively upon the interests of the workers and peasants and to invoke the aid of workers' movements in other countries, the All-America Anti-Imperialist League addressed a reply to the recent letter of the Nicaraguan rebel leader.

The letter in full follows:

"New York, July 17, 1928.

"Gen. Augusto C. Sandino,
"El Chipoton,
"Nicaragua

"Dear Friend and Comrade:

"We take this opportunity of informing you that we received your letter dated May 20. It is not necessary for us to say that your letter was received with great enthusiasm. The best commentary we can make on your letter is that it has served to demonstrate that not only are you conscientious in your fight against imperialism and for the independence of Nicaragua, but as well are you a class-conscious leader.

"Struggle Against Wall St.

"For many years the Nicaraguan people have been struggling against Wall Street, and we have always closely followed your resistance. But never was the struggle so much ours as that which you began the 4th of May, 1927, because we understand that this is the real fight of the Nicaraguan people against their invaders, and for that reason the masses of all Latin America see in your uprising a warning to the imperialists and the beginning of a real upheaval against imperialist ravages.

"The struggle against imperialism in the United States has particularly developed the fact that the petty bourgeois politicians, who masquerade under the alias of 'liberal,' such as Borah and his kind, are objectively the enemies of the oppressed people and support uncompromisingly the policy of aggression of Wall Street.

"Imperialists In Many Lands.

"We want to call to your attention the fact that, as you probably have observed heretofore, the struggle against imperialism is not restricted to Nicaragua alone, though at the present moment American imperialism is concentrating all its might to crush the valiant opposition of your forces. The same marines who are making your country safe for Wall Street are helping to drown in a sea of blood the revolution of the workers and peasants of China; these same marines are in Haiti, Philippines, Panama, Santo Domingo and Porto Rico.

"In the United States, where Wall Street has at its service the entire machinery of the state, including the postal authorities, the police and the courts, they try to prevent us from taking part in the struggles of the oppressed peoples and jail us.

"To Continue Agitation.

"But now, more than ever before, we are going to continue to arouse as wide a mass of the American workers and farmers as possible in behalf of the independence of Nicaragua. We will continue to collect medical supplies for your army of liberation in order to establish a bond of sympathy and fraternity between the anti-imperialist fighters of the United States and those in Nicaragua.

"We greet you warmly, and through you, all the valiant fighters of your heroic army.

"For the independence of Nicaragua!

"For victory in our fight against imperialism!

"All-America Anti Imperialist League (U. S. Section).
"Leon S. Ruiz, Spanish Sec.
"Harry Gannes, "Acting Sec."

TRANSIT LINES RECEIVE NOTICE

Continued from Page One

and the railroads, the leases of these lines will be terminated within a year from date.

The approval of the City Board of Estimate and Apportionment is needed for the final carrying out of the plan.

It is known that the final steps of recapture will in all probability be gone through, inasmuch as an agreement has already been reached with the B.-M. T. by which it is to receive a handsome price for its elevated stock lines. The I. R. T., which is said to be holding out, is likewise known to be agreeable to the arrangement. The Interborough is now practically controlled by the B.-M. T.

"[illegible] Up" Increased Fare

The Transit Commission at the same time referred to its counsel the application of the Eighth and Ninth Ave. railroads for an increased fare. These lines will follow the same procedure as the other companies by applying to the federal courts, it is known.

Charles L. Craig, formerly city controller and now special counsel for the city, appointed by Jimmie Walker to fight the increased fare move, is known to be interested in the Eighth and Ninth Ave. lines as well as the Fourth and Madison Ave. line. About two years ago Craig, Jimmie Walker and Al Smith, together with the republican legislature, sought to sell these lines to the city for $7,000,000.

Children Whose Fathers Held the Vienna Barricades

SACCO
VANZETTI

Truckloads of children whose fathers fought on the barricades during the revolt in Vienna during July of last year are shown in the picture. Under the auspices of the Red Aid, the children are now touring Germany. The signs on the first truck read: "We are the children of the Vienna barricade fighters." Below is written: "Fight against bourgeois justice! Free the class war prisoners!"

MINERS IN NEW URGENT APPEAL

Defense Week Begins July 22

Continued from Page One

camps. Typhoid fever often results from lack of sewage systems. Food is becoming scarcer daily.

The Pittsburgh office of the National Miners' Relief Committee receives visits daily, it is declared, from miner-delegates from camps miles away, who come with harrowing tales of need and virtual starvation, tears in the their eyes, begging some food "for the kids."

Always these miners carry on—in face of evictions, hunger and disease, they tighten their belts another notch and fight on against the union-smashing drive of the operators.

"We want to bake a little bread for our hungry children," is the plea they make. "Just a little flour!"

As great as is the need for relief funds, just as pressing is the immediate necessity for raising money for the defense of miners who are in jails on various framed-up charges—the sole reason being their activity on the picket lines.

Here are just a few of the hundreds of victims of the frame-up and prisons of the operators. Tony Minerich, strike leader, sentenced to imprisonment in Ohio by Judge Benson W. Hough, author of the infamous injunction Minerich urged the miners to defy. An appeal is now being made to a higher court.

Case of Women.

Mother Guynn, 63-year-old strike leader, and 50 other women of St. Clairsville, Ohio, were tricked into jail. The fines and court costs of 59 pickets of Yukon, Pa., amount to more than five hundred dollars. The Zeigler, Ill., mine leaders, led by Henry Corbishley, must serve long sentences. Other cases, far too numerous to list. The American classic, the frame-up, has been planted in the mine fields on a scale unsurpassed anywhere.

For relief, for defense, hundreds of thousands of dollars are immediately necessary. During the National Miners' Relief and Defense Week, all workers—as an act of self-protection—must help. Send all donations to National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Perth Amboy Responds.

A mass meeting in Perth Amboy, N. J., this Saturday night, July 21, will start the drive for National Miners' Relief and Defense Week, July 22 to 29. This meeting will be held at 308 Elm Street, Perth Amboy, at 8 o'clock. A Hungarian worker, a miner for years, who has been on strike for the past fifteen months, will picture the epoch making struggle.

This will be followed by a report by E. S. Stanley, relief organizer for New Jersey, on the progress of relief work in that state.

The workers of Perth Amboy and of New Jersey as a whole have shown in the past that they realize the importance of the struggle of the striking miners by donating over $10,000 in the past few months to support this struggle.

Cancer Conference Is Opened In London

LONDON, July 18 (UP).—The failure to do more to educate the public regarding cancer is "little short of scandal," Dr. M. Donaldsonu, well-known British physician, declared in an address before the initial conference of the world cancer conference today.

Twenty-five nations are represented by the delegates to the conference. Sir John Bland Sutton, Britisher, is presiding.

SILK WORKERS PREPARE FOR BITTER STRUGGLES

By HARVEY O'CONNOR
(Federated Press).

PATERSON, N. J., July 18.—Silk workers of Paterson, their minds bearing deep the imprints of heroic struggles for bread and union, watch carefully bosses' ceaseless efforts to destroy the 8-hour day and break down wage standards. Now they are girding for another battle, around the rallying cry of the 8-hour day.

Little by little conditions won in the memorable strike of 1913, which ranks in labor history with Lawrence and Passaic, and in other struggles of 1916 and 1918, are slipping away. Here an unscrupulous boss squeezes in the 10-hour day, across the street a small mill gets by with a 10 per cent wage cut.

691 Firms.

Union silk workers admit they have been unable to keep a tight rein on the industry since post-war deflation. Paterson has 16,000 silk workers, and yet 691 firms compete bitterly with each other in this one silk center. A few concerns are large, but hundreds employ only a handful of workers.

A petty employer with but a loom or two will keep his entire family busy, day and night. In homes, little children toil far into the night, duplicating notorious sweatshop conditions that once characterized New York. Over this myriad of small shops the union finds it difficult to exert control. The bigger shops are better, particularly the ribbon mills where the Ribbon Weavers' Union has strength. But dame fashion has dealt cruel blows to ribbons, and work is slack in that branch of the industry.

Worst of all is unemployment. Associated Silk Workers' officials estimate that 3,000 are jobless and another 1,500 on part time.

Undismayed, the union is redoubling efforts to organize workers. Special efforts are being made to get dyers and finishers into a union. In this branch small firms have made great inroads, tearing down labor conditions. Along with merger moves among many firms, the union hopes to get a strong local organized.

Significant Strikes.

Shop meetings are being held in union mills. Members in non-union mills are working quietly among their shopmates. Language group meetings are arousing foreign-born workers.

Look, the union organizer says to these groups. Last year your boss put you on the 10-hour day. And now he is in Europe with his family while you sweat through hot summer months with no vacation, except the one you don't want—when the shop closes down.

Small strikes characterize the industry. Sun Silk Co. workers walked out when the boss tried to tack an extra hour on the day. As a compromise, workers were forced to take a 5 per cent wage cut. At the Hellawel Warping and Winding Co., the whole shop went out against a cut from $20 to $18 with a 30 per cent speed-up in the machines.

CHINESE SEAMEN TO BE DEPORTED

Beaten Up By Police After Wage Demand

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)
By WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Twenty-three Chinese sailors aboard the Panama Mail liner Venezuela went on strike last Thursday over a wage dispute, when the ship's officers refused to listen to their spokesman.

The captain promptly called the U. S. Coast Guard cutter to the rescue, on the grounds that there was a "mutiny" on his ship, and a bitter fight followed between the unarmed Chinese sailors and a detachment of coast guord men, customs guards and special police, all of whom carried loaded pistols, the butts of which were used freely on the heads of the Chinese. The sailors, after being badly beaten up, were arrested for "rioting and mutiny," and are slated to be deported to China. The Chinese consul in this city, who was called to the scene, did nothing to assist the sailors.

The capitalist press of this city is making much of the "mutiny."

BENEFIT BY YOUTH CAMP.

PHILADELPHIA (FP). — Hundreds of labor children will get the benefit of Pioneer Youth Camp at Lahaska, Pa. this summer. Rates for union children are $10 a week for others, $17.50.

EXPOSE MCGRADY SEEKING "PEACE"

3,000 Furriers Jam Big Hall at Meet

Continued from Page One

a facsimile of a telegram was exhibited, signed by McGrady and sent to Charles Stetsky. The telegram instructed Stetsky to have an intermediary named Cohen ask the Joint Board to wait till McGrady returned from Troy for negotiations. The telegram is countersigned by Isidor Cohen, who certifies that this telegram was given to him by Stetsky with instructions that he follow out its requirements.

Movement for Single Union

The climax of Gold's speech was his declaration that from now on the movement of the fur workers for a single union in the industry was taking on new forms. That all elements in the struggle for one union will be united to deal the final death blow to the fast-disintegrating scab company union, the Joint Council which is completely controlled by the employers

An interesting sidelight, which supports the contention that the Joint Council is about to collapse, was the announcement by Gold at the beginning of his speech that other groups, besides the Sorkin-Winnick group, were seeking opportunities to talk "peace" with the Joint Board. The Sorkin group, still functionaries of the Joint Council, is now in public conflict with the Stetsky-McGrady gang.

S. Liebowitz, assistant manager, was chairman of the meeting.

Other speakers at the meeting were Irving Potash, Louis Cohen and J. Winogradsky.

Resolution Unanimously Passed

The resolution unanimously passed, which shows a definite trend toward a new orientation in the struggle against the A. F. of L., socialism and their boss allies, declares in part:

Whereas, the A. F. of L. Company Union has broken off negotiations that have been going on for the past several months with the object of putting an end to the attack on the Furriers Union; and

Whereas, the Company Union, in league with the bosses, gangsters and with the Industrial Squad, is conducting a vicious campaign of terror, arresting and beating the workers who are demanding July increases from their employers; and

Whereas, the A. F. of L. Company Union is practicing actual holdups on the fur workers with the sole purpose of extorting money from them and thus functioning as an organization of racketeers in the fur trade; and

Whereas, the misleaders of the A. F. of L. have in their campaign of terror in the Furriers Union broken the Furriers Union, sold out the union conditions and the wages of the fur workers to the bosses, and reduced the fur workers to a condition of helplessness and want; and

Whereas, there has already arisen from all directions a rank and file movement for One Union of all fur workers, without any exceptions, a movement which is being fought most viciously by the misleaders of the A. F. of L. Company Union; be it therefore

Resolved by the fur workers assembled at Cooper Union on Wednesday, July 18, to give full power to the Joint Board to unite all elements that have joined the movement for One Union, and, as soon as possible, with these united forces, re-establish one powerful union of fur workers that should be capable of restoring the 40-hour week, increase the workers' wages and restore all of the other union conditions; and be it further

Resolved that the Joint Board is given full power to call together a conference of shop representatives for the purpose of laying the foundation of One Furriers Union for all fur workers and of all fur workers.

PRESIDENT-ELECT SHOT 'FOR CHRIST' SAYS CHURCHMAN

Counter-Revolutionary Agent, Belief

Continued from Page One

Col. Ricardo Topete, one of Obregon's aides.

"Can I show this picture to General Obregon?" he asked.

Empties Pistol

He aproached the president-elect and from under cover of the picture emptied a small seven-shot automatic pistol into Obregon's back.

Obregon slid down in his chair and fell to the floor. Few at adjoining tables realized what had happened at first.

Col. Topete, whose picture had been drawn, grabbed the assassin. Other members of the party joined him. They were about to kill the assassin when Gen. Roberto Cruz, chief of police, halted them.

Taken to Home

"Wait," he shouted. "Let us see who is behind this."

Obregon, dying, was lifted up and carried to his motorcar, which began racing to Obregon's town house in the city.

Obregon died as he was being carried into the house. He had said no word since he was shot.

From the house Obregon's body was carried to the National Palace, to lie in state.

The assassin was taken to police headquarters, his pistol still in his hand.

Wanted Christ to Reign

"I have done what I came to do," he said. He was reported later to have said:

"I killed Obregon because I wanted Christ, the King, to reign completely. not partially."

Only the day before, Obregon, in a statement of policy, had reaffirmed his position that the government must be supreme and that the Catholic Church must obey the laws which caused a complete split between church and state.

• • •

ROME, July 18 (UP).—Almost at the moment of the assassination yesterday of Gen. Alvaro Obregon by a suspected religious fanatic, a convention of Italian Catholic girls was praying "for the day when persecutions of Catholics in Mexico would cease."

There were several addresses at the convention regarding alleged ill-treatment of Catholics in Mexico.

• • •

Presidential Tangle Looms

MEXICO CITY, July 18 (UP).—The permanent congressional committee, that conducts legislative business when congress is not in session, was to meet today to discuss the puzzling problem of the succession to the presidency as the result of Gen. Alvaro Obregon's assassination.

Apparently there is no provision for procedure in the event of the death of a president-elect, and in Mexico there is no vice-president.

Obregon was elected president July 1 for a six-year term, the term having been extended from four years a few months ago. He was to be proclaimed president by congress at its September session, and was to take office December 1 as successor to President Calles.

Calles May Serve Conditionally

Mexican law provides that in the event of the death of a president during the first two years of his term, congress may name a provisional president and arrange for a new election. It was regarded as possible that this method might be used, Calles acting provisionally as chief executive.

It is stipulated in the constitution that though a president may serve two full terms, they must not follow one another directly.

• • •

Censorship Clamped On

NOGALES, Sonora, Mexico, July 18 (UP).—Censorship of press dispatches over the Mexican telegraph lines, imposed late yesterday at Mexico City, had not yet been extended to this port of entry today.

German Exploiters In South Africa Growing

CAPE TOWN, South Africa, July 18.—German colonists are coming into South Africa in such great numbers that they have the majority in all governing bodies and make up a considerable portion of the foreign population. The British residents view this influx with alarm, fearing that their own control will be seriously challenged.

After the German troops were defeated in South Africa in 1895 by the British most of the Germans left the colony. Since the war, however, they have been settling in greater and greater numbers.

Risked Their Lives to Make Great Rescue

The entire world has reechoed the story of the heroic rescue of the survivors of the fascist Nobile expedition by the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin. The Krassin is now refueling, while the second Soviet ice-breaker, the Maligin, has set out to hunt the lost Amundsen party. Above is a composograph showing members of the Krassin crew rescuing the Italia survivors.

"UNEMBARRASSED BY CRIES OF RED PACK"

The following citation from the central organ of the Christian Socialist Party, headed by Seipel "Deutsche Presse" and published in Prague is characteristic of bourgeois opinion in Czechoslovakia not only in the case of Bela Kun and Sacco and Vanzetti, but also on the reaction in Czechoslovakia against the revolutionary workers. The paper writes the following on the demand that Bela Kun should not be extradited to Hungary:

"Justice should learn not to withdraw before the terror of the masses before the mighty demonstration of the reds in the case of the extraditing of Bela Kun. At this moment Austrian justice can take a good example from that American judge who turned Sacco and Vanzetti over to the electric chair, unembarrassed by the howls of the red pack."

POSTPONE LABOR DEFENSE OUTING

Workers Are Urged to Support Affair

The outing of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, which was scheduled to take place at Pleasant Bay Park this Saturday, has been postponed until Saturday, August 11. The I. L. D. has decided to postpone its affair in order that all workers may attend the concert at Coney Island Stadium Saturday, arranged by The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit.

The outing on August 11 will be the same as originally scheduled, it is announced. Athletics, games, open-air dancing, a torch-light parade, a mass scene and other numbers will be included on the program.

Tickets are 35 cents and are on sale at the office of the I. L. D., 799 Broadway, Room 422, and at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. All tickets bought for the old date will be good on Aug. 11.

Ex-Premier Giolitti Dies, Critic of Fascism

CAVOUR, Italy, July 18.—Giovanni Giolitti, 86, former premier of Italy, died here of a complication of diseases. He had been ill for several weeks.

He was powerful as a "liberal" leader until the fascists took power, when he was disposed and was censored for his severe criticism of the fascist regime.

MALIGIN RENEWS ARCTIC SEARCH

Soviet Flyer to Hunt For Amundsen

Continued from Page One

Bay to refuel for a second great search.

The breaker Krassin today met the rescue ship Braganza at sea and took aboard an Italian physician to treat Captain Adalberto Mariano whose legs were frozen while he was on the ice.

Aviator Chuknovsky of the Krassin, the Norwegian huntsman Noyes and the three Italian alpine chasseurs of his dogsled party were transferred to the Braganza.

• • •

Possible Amundsen Clew.

COPENHAGEN, July 18, (UP). An Oslo dispatch to the Berlingski Tidend today said the Navy Department had been advised two fishermen had discovered wheel tracks on Bear Island and that might furnish a clew to the fate of the Latham airplane in which Roald Amundsen went to the rescue of members of the dirigible Italia.

The fishermen followed the tracks to a dangerous hill, from which there was a sharp descent into the sea.

Near where the tracks terminated the fishermen reported they found a coat, a cap and three broken pieces of wood. The fishermen believed the wood might have been from the Latham plane, although the dispatch did not indicate the reason for this belief.

Gary Negroes Fight Jim-Crow High School

GARY, Ind., July 18.—The announcement that the city council had approved the erection of the Roosevelt School, which is conceded to be a colored school, has aroused the ire of Negroes in this city, and they are girding themselves for battle—and a finished fight.

It is believed that if the separate school is erected, the time will be short before a Negro high school will be established, and Jim-Crow schools will be the order of the day. Attorney Robert Bailey, counsel for the parents who opposed the original effort to establish Jim-Crow schools, states that he has no knowlege of this new effort, but that it will be vigorously fought by the Negro population in Gary, and that he will be on the firing line.

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MILL WORKERS HOLD FALL RIVER STRIKE MEETING

Police Fail to Halt T. M. C. Meeting

Continued from Page One

and plain clothes men to surround the meeting as a gesture of intimidation.

The 2,000 workers assembled stayed in spite of the police and enthusiastically applauded every time the speakers mentioned the slogan, "prepare to strike."

James P. Ried, leader of the Fall River Mill Committees; A. Weisman, and Biedenkamp, of the Workers International Relief, were the speakers at the meeting.

• • •

Thousands at Meeting

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 18.—An immense crowd of many thousands held the largest and most enthusiastic mass meeting of textile workers Monday yet held by the Textile Mill Committees here. The meeting was held on Liberty Lot, purchased by the union with workers' donations, after police ordered that no meeting place be rented to the T. M. C.

Hundreds attending the meeting later came to the platform and signed up as members of the union. Strike sentiment is mounting with amazing rapidity, the meeting showed. The T. M. C. is now preparing strike machinery for a struggle to regain wages cut by the mill owners here.

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30 Union Square, N. Y. C.

Baroni, Italian Trade Unionist, Framed by Blackshirts in Milan Bomb Outrage

WORLD CONGRESS OPEN IN MOSCOW AS MANY ATTEND

Communists Call For Greater Struggle

Continued from Page One

publics and Colonies, which have left the world capitalist system and which are fighting against world capitalism for world socialism.

The draft further attacks the social democracy as the chief support of capitalism in the camp of the workers and regards all other tendencies, like anarchism, guild socialism, etc., as social democratic forms.

The draft declares that relations between the Communist Parties of the West and East are a preliminary condition for proletarian hegemony and dictatorship.

The plenary session of the Central Committee of the All-Union Communist Party has approved the draft and appealed to the members to file proposals for corrections with the Program Committee of the Sixth Congress.

Grain.

Continuing his address, Stalin then dealt with the questions of grain policy. He pointed out that the adoption of extraordinary measures succeeded, in the beginning of 1928, in recovering the ground lost during the previous year and in overcoming the grain crisis.

"The results for this January to March are normal, though the destruction of the autumn plantings in the South Ukraine and Northern Caucasia have caused strong pressure on the peasant supplies in other districts at a time when the harvest prospects are still uncertain. This has resulted in a recrudescence of the extraordinary measures such as illegal searching of the peasants' farms, etc., which have endangered the workers' and peasants' alliance.

"Of course, the workers' and peasants' alliance has not been destroyed, but only endangered. Some comrades have lost their heads and exaggerated the danger, the speaker said, but the prospects of a good harvest and the abandonment of the extraordinary measures have caused the situation to become peaceful again.

Farms Split Up.

"The basis of the grain difficulties is that in spite of the fact that the area under cultivation has nearly attained the pre-war figure, peasant agriculture has become split up. Small scale agricultural production is unprofitable and low, whereas the towns and industries are developing rapidly, with a consequent development of the demand for grain.

"The solution of the problem lies, in the first place, in increased grain productivity on the part of small and middle scale production; in the collectivization of small and middle scale farms and improvement in the existing Soviet farms.

"People who believe that small and individual farms are the beginning and the end of agriculture have nothing in common with Leninism," the speaker said. "The chief characteristic of the present situation is that increased productivity of the small scale farms is no longer alone sufficient to solve the problem, although this increased productivity is the chief task before the party at this moment.

Two Tasks.

"Two new practical tasks, therefore, arise: Increased productivity of the collective farms and the improvement of the Soviet farms.

"Apart from the general causes, the Plenum's resolution enumerates the following specific temporary causes for the grain purchase crisis: Loss of balance in the markets in consequence of the quicker growth of the peasants' demand for industrial goods; the unfavorable relation of grain prices to other agricultural prices; the errors in the planning system, particularly regarding prompt commodity supply; insufficient taxation of the possessing sections; errors of party, Soviet and purchase organizations; violation of Soviet legislation through administrative arbitrariness, etc.; exploitation of Soviet errors by capitalist elements in town and country.

"In order to abolish these specific temporary causes it is necessary to abandon illegal searches of peasant farms and other violations of Soviet law; to abandon any recrudescence of requisition methods and at the same time to guarantee more elasticity in the state regulation of commerce; to make certain increases in the price of grain; to organize and regulate commodity supply in the grain districts and immediately to form a state grain reserve.

Alliance Not Ended.

"It is stupid to say that the alliance between the workers and peasants is finished. If this were true the peasants would have reduced the grain producing area whereas the grain producing areas have actually increased everywhere.

"Some comrades think that in order to consolidate the alliance of the workers and peasants we must concentrate on textiles instead of heavy industry. This is quite wrong, the speaker pointed out. The textile industry is very important, he said, but the main line must be the production of machinery. Furthermore it is impossible to develop the textile industry without heavy industry.

"Consolidation of the alliance is necessary, not in order to perpetuate the classes indefinitely, but in order to bring the peasants and workers closer together and train the individualist ideology of the peasant in collectivism for the preparation of the destruction of class antagonisms on the basis of socialist society.

Points of Support.

"This is only possible on the basis of new technique and collectivism. It is not true that consolidation of the alliance is only possible thru concessions to the peasants. Apart from concessions we must have points of economic support in the village, and highly developed cooperatives together with collective and Soviet farms, Stalin said.

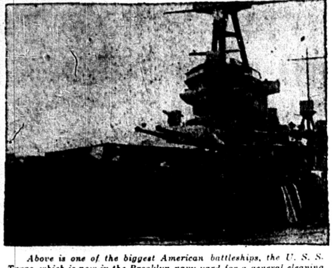
"Increased work among the village poor is necessary in order to guarantee the support of the latter."

"The lesson of the Donetz trial," Stalin pointed out, "is that in working to secure a minimum of loyal specialists we have been tremendously backward. Therefore we must intensify the training of new technical experts from amongst the workers themselves. The Soviet government has therefore added 40,000,000 roubles annually to its former expenditure for this purpose."

"We have always learned from our mistakes," the speaker declared, "and we must do this now. The grain difficulties have shaken up the Bolsheviks and forced them to work more actively for the development of grain production. Without these difficulties the Bolsheviks would hardly have paid such serious attention to the question.

"The Donetz trial also caused us to consider taking energetic steps for the formation of new technical forces in industry. First steps have already been taken and more will be effected."

Ready to Defend Wall St. Interests



Above is one of the biggest American battleships, the U. S. S. Texas, which is now in the Brooklyn navy yard for a general cleaning up. It is the policy of the navy department to keep all its war machines in such condition that Wall Street can go ahead with its plans for a new imperialist war without any worries. Incidentally, the sailors who are ready to be maimed and slaughtered for the sake of Big Business are not treated with nearly as much care as is this warship.

FASCIST SECRET AGENT WAS REAL HEAD OF PLOT

Barbusse Committee Reveals Facts

(Wireless to The Daily Worker)

VIENNA, July 18.—Reports to this city from Milan have just revealed that the Communist trade unionist, Baroni, is one of those accused of participation in the recent explosion in Milan.

Baroni's only crime, however seems to have been participation in the workers' delegation to the Soviet Union.

The Barbusse Investigating Committee which is examining the facts in the case has discovered that the real organizer of the Milan explosion was Boldrocchi, a member of the fascist secret service.

United States Election Laws

(Continued.)

By JULIUS CODKIND.

CALIFORNIA. Population 1920 census, 3,480,902. To put the Party on the ballot this year, 36,000 signatures or three per cent of the total vote in the previous elections will be required, these to be filed on June 14th. The law even specifies the size and form of type to be used in printing the petitions.

To place our presidential candidates on the ballot there, we must nominate 13 electors. For each elector a separate petition must be printed. This means that every citizen who signs must sign 13 times for our electors only, besides the various signatures which may be required for the state and local offices.

We intend to file our candidates as independents under a law which allows additional candidates to go on the ballot as individuals after the primaries have been held. Under this law, they go on the ballot without Party designation, requiring only 12 to 13 thousand signatures this year. These signatures must be obtained within a period of 25 days, each signature being dated and verified by a deputy registrar. Under the law only those who have been certified as deputy registrars may canvas for signatures. These deputy registrars must be citizens who are qualified voters. Voters who participated in the primaries are not eligible to sign petitions.

OKLAHOMA. Population 1920 census, 2,047,397. This state requires 5,000 signatures of voters for each candidate. The state has ten electors and here, too, each citizen must sign ten times on 10 separate sheets. Another requirement in Oklahoma is that after the signatures are obtained that the whole 5,000 must be typewritten on the back of the petitions, petitions to be filed June 16th.

In Kansas.

KANSAS. Population 1920 census, 1,773,289. The law specifies that a new party—and our Party is perpetually new until we obtain the minimum of votes required—must get signatures amounting to a total of one per cent of the vote cast for the successful candidate for secretary of state and that the total must include one per cent of such vote from at least 10 counties. At a very late date, our local comrades were told that the presidential electors could be placed on the ballot if petitions are signed by 2,500 voters. There is nothing said to this effect in the election law pamphlet sent out by the state and our comrades in Kansas could obtain no information from the officials of the state. The attorney general and the secretary of state both refused to give any information or to answer letters sent from the national office. The Kansas comrades employed several lawyers to help them with this work. Not only did the lawyers fail to obtain a correct explanation of the law, but they could not even get out a correct form of petition.

NORTH CAROLINA. Population 1920 census, 2,555,296. This state, which is building up a large textile industry, is important as a new industrial state, and also because it is one of the tier of states composing the solid south, with a Negro population about equal to that of the whites. To help new parties get on the ballot only 10,000 signatures are required. Unfortunately, our Party has only one member-at-large in the entire state.

OHIO. Population 1920 census, 5,810,498. The law legalizes a party as one that cast ten per cent of the entire vote of the state in the last general election. Other political organizations can go on the ballot as independents by securing signatures equal to one per cent of the entire vote of the state. This year the minimum is 14,467. Before filing, signatures must be submitted for preliminary inspection to the registrars in each county. At least 20,000 signatures will have to be raised to insure the Party a place on the Ohio ballot.

MISSOURI. Population 1920 census, 3,409,758. The law requires 2 per cent of the entire vote cast at the last preceding general election. This year, the minimum number of signatures required is 26,107. A legal party in this state is one that casts 3 per cent of the vote.

PENNSYLVANIA. Population 1920 census, 8,774,347. This state has a comparatively liberal law. Although our vote in 1924 was only 2,735 we have good Party organization in District 3 at Philadelphia and in District 5 at Pittsburgh. The law requires petitions signed by one-half per cent of the vote cast for the successful candidate for governor. This year the amount in signatures is 5,514. This state and Massachusetts are practically the only states which furnish printed petitions for use by parties trying for a place on the ballot. Unlike other states, also, the law is clearly defined and cannot be misunderstood.

A consideration of the figures of our vote in Pennsylvania, (2,735 in 1924) together with the comparatively small number of signatures required give a good comparative picture of the obstacles to be overcome by us in the various states of the country.

CONNECTICUT. Population 1920 census 1,394,324. The law requires a state convention to be supplemented by petitions signed by one per cent of the total vote cast for the office filed for in the last preceding election. For electors this amounts to 4,500 signatures.

ARIZONA. Population, 1920 census, 340,848. Petitions must be filed carrying two per cent of the vote in at least 5 of the 14 counties in the state. The amount in each county aside from Maricopa is not large but the distances are enormous and the state very sparsely populated. We will probably fail in the state but the activities of Comrade O'Brien since his return from the National Nominating Convention are already commencing to bear fruit in the shape of Party organization, the spread of TUEL agitation and a jump in DAILY WORKER subscriptions.

In Dupont's State.

DELAWARE. Population, 1920 census, 224,068. A state consisting of three counties. Each county requires 250 signatures. Some of our comrades, fearing the iron heel of the Duponts, who control the state refused either to try for signatures or allow their names as candidates Under Party discipline and with a Party organizer on the job, we are taking advantage of a peculiarity in the law which allows us to run in separate counties, to put on our Party ticket in Newcastle county which is the industrial county with the city of Wilmington, containing the Dupont plants.

MARYLAND. Population, 1920 census, 1,457,608. Two thousand signatures are required. Baltimore is a good center, but our comrades were disheartened from previous failures and at first refused to undertake the job. In a hard drive they succeeded in getting the necessary signatures. The result is great enthusiasm and revival of Party spirit and plans are being laid to extend the Party organization to nearby industrial centers.

MAINE. Population, 1920 census 769,334. NEW HAMPSHIRE. Population 443,407. These states require only one thousand signatures each but our Party organization is weak and consists altogether of Finnish comrades who are altogether unacquainted with the election law.

MINNESOTA. Population, 1920 census, 2,403,164. Only 2,500 signatures are required but the law specifies that these must be all registered voters who did not participate in the primaries. Our Party instructed its followers to vote in the labor party primaries.

UTAH. Population, 1920 census 453,313. Requirement is only 500 signatures but we have a very poor Party organization. In a letter received from Comrade M. P. Bales, he states: "I wish I had your sublime optimism as to the ease with which 500 signatures can be secured to a certificate of election in this state. While I am skeptical of our ability to get 500 sworn voters to sign our petitions, I am positive that this will enable us to build up the Party and get it functioning again."

Iowa, a strong republican state, and Tennessee, Georgia and Florida strong democratic states, officially accepts all candidacies of nominees made by state conventions.

South Carolina.

South Carolina does not print an official ballot. Its officials specify the size and style of the ballot as well as the color of paper to be used All parties print their own ballots and each voter before going to the polls generally provides himself with the ballot of the party for which he intends to vote. It is very difficult to find other than democratic ballots at the polls and particularly after the vote is counted.

Having accomplished the task of placing candidates officially in nomination and having fought out the campaign, working class parties find only insignificant totals of votes registered in their favor. There are a number of reasons for this.

Disfranchisement.

Of chief importance, perhaps, is the disfranchisement of large sections of the working class. A complete survey of the situation is in itself a special task and can be adequately treated only in a special article dealing with the subject. A few points, however, must be commented upon:

In the United States, the privilege of voting is extended only to citiens over the age of twenty-one. This provision automatically disfranchises millions of young workers under the age of twenty-one.

(To Be Continued.)

SMALLPOX ON SHIP

BOSTON, July 18.—The Steamship Belfast, from Bangor, Me., was held at quarantine for several hours here yesterday while doctors vaccinated more than 200 passengers and members of the crew, after discovery of a case of smallpox aboard. A Negro steward was taken ashore at Gallops Island for treatment.

SATURDAY EVE., JULY 21

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[illegible]EAMEN, ORGANIZE PORT COMMITTEES TO FIGHT THE SHIPPING BOSSES," CORRESPONDENT URGES

([illegible] a Seaman Correspondent.)

[illegible] shipping offices on the water[illegible] are a great menace to the [illegible] in the marine industry.

[illegible] largest of these offices is [illegible] maintained by the U. S. Shipping Board. Thru their method of keeping tabs on seamen, they are in a position to blacklist any man who they may wish to drive off their ships. This is especially true when a man complains about bad conditions or makes a fight for better conditions on board ship. When he comes ashore and goes to ship out of the Shipping Board he finds himself classed as undesirable.

The other shipping offices are maintained either by the steamship companies employing the men or by private shipping masters. The Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey issue cards containing a man's record while in their employ. The private shipping masters secure their contracts for shipping seamen by supplying the men at a lower wage scale.

On the west coast the ship owners' association has its own employment bureau. There the men register and ship when their numbers are called. Each man has a discharge book which is kept by the captain of the ship. When the man quits and goes ashore, if he has demanded or in any way complained about food or working conditions, he finds his discharge book stamped as his being a bad character and this handicaps him when he applies at another ship for a job. The officers are bound to turn him down should they see his book stamped in this manner.

These conditions can only be remedied by the seamen forming themselves into Port Committees and in this manner lay the foundation for a strong, militant organization which will strive to abolish these conditions in the marine industry and have the men ship out of their own union hall.

BLACKIE.

Pocketbook Workers Suffer from Speed-up; Work 2 or 3 Days a Week, Letter Relates

[illegible]EFT WING PUTS [illegible]EMANDS BEFORE [illegible]RD CONVENTION

Shiplacoff Pleads for Bosses' Peace

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Conditions in the pocketbook industry for the majority of the workers are bad. There are workers who have not worked for as long as [illegible] years. Other work part time. The manufacturers are very arrogant and provocative. Workers working two or three days a week must work fast, according to the latest speed-up and efficiency methods. The manufacturers are daily pressing down the present standard of living.

Union Officials Do Nothing.

The union officials do not show any desire to remedy this situation or to better the conditions of the workers. On the contrary they always follow in the footsteps of the A. F. of L. leadership, by uniting with the manufacturers against the workers.

Due to the conscious effort of the union officials to intimidate the workers their militant spirit is almost broken. The workers do not take any interest in the union. Union meetings are poorly attended. At the last convention of our union only about 10 workers came as visitors out of a membership of about [illegible].

This month we are witnessing our third bi-annual "convention." It is a convention in name only, and a farce in reality. In our union no delegates to the convention are elected, where all the paid officials and various union committees get together and call themselves the convention.

Our manager, Shiplakoff, who helped Sigman and McGrady in their attempts to break the Cloakmakers' and Furriers' Unions, pursued the same policy in our union. Most of the leading left-wingers and old members of the union were suspended indefinitely and fined heavily. Workers who are not 100 per cent with the right-wingers can not run for office. Others are terrorized, taken off their jobs and fined for any little thing or for no reason at all.

At the present "convention" the left-wingers were "eliminated." This shows why at the present "convention" no concrete demands to the manufacturers were proposed. The 40-hour week, which, according to our present agreement, should have been negotiated at about this time, was not even mentioned. Instead, Shiplakoff, in his manager's report to the convention, pleads with the manufacturers to be kind to the workers, appeals for peace in the industry, and proves to the bosses statistically that it pays them better to have a union shop instead of a non-union shop. In other words, making out of our union a company union.

Left-Wing Control.

Over two years ago, before the present agreement with the manufacturers was signed, the main section of our union was headed by left-wingers. Even at their right-wing controlled "convention" the left wingers were well represented. And, as result of the growth of the left wing in our union as well as in the other union, the manufacturers were forced to give us a 10 per cent. raise in wages and promise the 40-hour week for this year.

On the event of the present "convention," the left-wing issued a journal in which they pointed out to the workers the concrete demands which must be put forth and fought for before signing the next agreement with the manufacturers.

The left-wing in the journal called upon the workers to adopt a militant policy toward the manufacturers and to rally around the left-wing demands:

1. Forty-hour week.
2. Forty-four weeks guaranteed work a year.
3. An unemployed insurance fund paid by the bosses and controlled by the union.
4. Minimum scale for the general helpers, packers, examiners and beginners.
5. One scale for the mechanics.
6. Democracy in the union.
7. Re-instatement of all suspended members.

This was a surprise to our union officials, who expected to rush the convention without any concrete demands to the manufacturers. And as a result of the left-wing demands enumerated above, Shiklakoff and his gang decided at the last session of the "convention" on July 1, to have another session three weeks later, in order also to discuss "trade questions."

—LOLEK.

[illegible] Trainmen Killed In Locomotive Explosion

[illegible]LACIER, B. C., July 18.—Three [illegible] were killed near here when the boiler of a Canadian Pacific [illegible]otive exploded.

Blesses Huge War-Machine

While Kellogg talks "peace," his war department attends to its usual business of expanding and improving its preparations for the next imperialist slaughter. Photo shows Mrs. Kermit Roosevelt, daughter-in-law of the late militarist ex-president, christening a huge tri-motored plane.

FIND BOYS OF 5 SELLING PAPERS

Child Labor Laws Fail to Aid Them

WASHINGTON, July 18. — Between one-tenth and one-fifth of all newsboys found at work at night in eight cities surveyed by the U. S Children's Bureau were under 10 years of age. These cities were Washington, D. C., Atlanta, Columbus, Newark, Paterson, Omaha Wilkes-Barre and Troy. Several thousand children were included in the study.

"In each of the cities," says the bureau, "children of six and seven years, and in one city two boys five years old, sold papers despite the fact that all the cities except two had ordinances restricting the age at which children might sell paper to a minimum of ten years. One city was in a state in which the child labor law set a minimum age of 12 for newspaper selling."

The bureau points out that "Boys who sell papers all the daylight hours after their release from school have no time for wholesome recreations, for the preparation of home lessons. Furthermore, the long hours, irregular or hasty meals, exposure to inclement weather, and nights spent in distribution rooms are conditions not conducive of normal development."

There has been no improvement in these conditions, the bureau finds since the surveys made 10 and 15 years ago. Indications are that the moral and health influences surrounding boys in the newspaper-selling trade will grow worse. The minimum age for licenses to sell newspapers must be made as high as public opinion will stand, because "some of the worst features of newspaper selling are of a kind that make it as little desirable for boys of 12 to 15 as for those of 10 or 11. Where selling for children is not prohibited but is regulated, hour regulations should prohibit night work and work during school hours."

4 Forest Fires Caused by Heat in California

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18 (UP). —Hot winds and extreme dry conditions making the four forest fires in Southern California extremely dangerous, forestry officials announced today.

The fires continued to burn, but were believed by forest rangers to be under control.

More than 1,000 fire-fighters, mostly volunteers, battled the flames yesterday and last night.

Two of the fires continued to smoulder in the vicinity of San Diego, while two more burned near Los Angeles.

The fires damaged timber lands and watershed brush lands.

John Clark, rancher, was expected to die from burns received in a brush fire near San Diego.

SUES FOR DEATH OF SON.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 18.—Mrs. Judith Holanes today instituted in circuit court a suit for $10,000 damages against Gustave Thiery for the death of her son on January 26, 1927. The son was run down by a truck belonging to the company of which Thiery is president. The accident was found to have been caused by faulty brakes in the machine.

BOSSES USE SPORTS FOR OWN INTERESTS

(By a WORKER Correspondent)

The "official labor movement" of this country has neglected labor sports very much. Sports is not very important, they say. Why should they bother about sports, anyway? Sports are neglected the same as fighting for shorter hours and more pay.

On the other hand, the employers are utilizing the sports movement for their own interests.

One of the firms that promotes sports for its workers is the Textile Dyeing Company of America, Inc., at their Hawthorne, N. J., plant. They have organized a baseball team, a soccer team, tennis and other teams. The firm has, in Hawthorne, a field for baseball and soccer. Besides this it maintains a tennis court and a general recreation room. In general, this concern is willing to have sports of any kind.

The baseball team consists of firm employes, plus a son of the president of the firm. Sport is used to broaden its open-shop policy.

Recently the chamber of commerce of Paterson, N. J., issued photographs and statements concerning the sports activities of this concern. The chamber of commerce is well pleased with this policy. After all, why shouldn't it be? The means justifies the aim.

It is about time that labor should take a greater interest in sports. Sports should be used to promote trade unionism. I must say that I am overjoyed that The DAILY WORKER is devoting more attention to sports.

We must not allow the bosses to use sports for their open-shop purposes. Workers, use sports for your own benefit.

CASSELL.

Movie Director Finds Remnants of Atlantis

BERLIN, July 18.—While Director Wolkoff of the German Films Ufa was looking for a location for the filming of a new play in Tunis he dug up some old implements and arrowheads near the village of Gabls.

Dr. Borchart, an authority on the ancient Atlantis civilization, judged the remains to belong to the old and dim city of Atlantis, which is thought to have been destroyed some 3,000 years ago. Some remnants are thought to belong to the famous Poseidon Temple.

SEARCH GOLD; BALKED.

MONTREAL, Que., July 18 (UP) —James Goodwin Hall and Enos Curtain, Wall Street brokers, who failed to arrive at Lac Chibougamau in northern Quebec where they hoped to investigate gold claims, are reported to have been seen in a canoe heading for Oskelaneo.

5 AND 10c STORE GIRLS SLAVE 54 HR. WEEK FOR $11

Manager Always At Their Elbows

(By a WORKER Correspondent)

Saturday is the big day in the 5 and 10-cent store. Cash registers ring gaily in rhythm with the crooning of Black Mammie on the phonograph. The manager strolls about the aisles beaming, his eyes alert, watching, smiling.

Human Waves

The crowds come and go like mighty waves, overwhelming the salesgirls, then calm sets in, as after a storm, and there is a temporary lull.

Here a crowd looks over the "notions" counter, cleverly arranged to catch the eye. Wares are here displayed from the far ends of the globe.

"Would you like an incense burner, sir—very beautiful?" smiles the salesgirl, and immediately she burns some incense on the lap of a fat, green Buddah and slowly the smoke comes curling out of his mouth. The crowd is captivated.

"Have some nice cameos, lady, real cheap; genuine imported goods," invites another girl at the next counter.

The buzzing of the crowd, the crooning of Black Mammie and the ringing cash registers, intermingled with the tinkling of little bells, make weird music.

Sweated Tinsel

One is inclined to agree with Barnum, that there is a fool born every minute of the day when one watches the American public. It is like a child with a bright toy when faced with gaudy display. The glaring lights add luster and color to the cheap surface of products produced under the most severely exploited labor on earth. There is not a thing of intrinsic worth in this tinsel display, but the public buys—drunk with bargains, and the manager looks on and smiles.

I, too, look on at this spectacle; my feelings somewhat mingled with pity, for, after all, who are these buyers but poor workers being swindled out of their hard-earned money.

As I pause in my occupation of sweeping this vast "bazzar" I see here reflected a tragic phase of American life. My eyes take in the salesgirls moving about the oozing crowds, ever aware of the watchful eye of the manager. For fifty-two hours a week they are watched like thieves, at the end of which they receive the grand sum of $11.

Girl Slaves

I see the sixteen-year-old Italian girl, Maria, her sunken, timid eyes embedded in an olive-skinned face moving about listlessly. I wonder whether there are dreams behind that hideous mask, or have her dreams been crushed?

There is the Yankee girl from Plattsburg, who lives with an aunt; she still retains her healthy looks, but how long will it last? The Jewish girl, Esther, who carries her nose high in the air; she is waiting to be married to a lawyer and flaunts her sweetheart's college key in everybody's face. She has vowed never again to set her foot inside a 5 and 10-cent store—after she is married.

There is the other Italian girl, Ruth, with a beautiful, sweet smile on her face that radiates and warms; the customers know her and flock to her like children to their mother. Thus is life in this "great and free country."

AL SCHALK.

FIRE REVEALS HUGE STILL.

RACINE, Wis., July 18.—A fire which started in the industrial district here at 1:20 a. m. today revealed one of the largest alcohol plants found in Racine since prohibition. Firemen and police carried 24 five-gallon cans of alcohol from the building. Philip Christiano, the owner, was arrested on charges of possessing and manufacturing liquor.

French Dollars For Bratianu's Fascists

BUCHAREST, July 18.—Charles Rist, vice-governor of the Bank of France, has come to Bucharest to arrange for a loan of 300,000,000 francs to the Rumanian government, as an official representative of the French state bank.

The loan will add greatly to French prestige in the Balkans and will strengthen their position against the Italian bankers, besides gaining a strong foothold with the Bratianu government, it is thought here.

MUSICIANS HIT AT MOVIETONE

National Conference to Plan Campaign

CHICAGO, July 18 (FP)—Though union control and popular taste in Chicago minimize the menace, the Chicago Federation of Musicians will join sister locals throughout the jurisdiction of the American Federation of Musicians in the fight against the movietone and similar musical devices to dispense with living orchestras. Pres. Joseph N. Weber of the national union, with an enrollment of 80,000 members, says jobs of musicians are jeopardized by the canned music and the ear of the public is outraged as well.

Officials of the Chicago local are confident that theatre patrons will not stand for the new noise. "Imagine theatres saving $2,000 a week on orchestras," he exclaimed, "and charging the same prices to the public as before. The people won't stand for it. They want good music produced by union orchestras. We can hold our ground in Chicago but we are ready to join in any national campaign the international office initiates."

About 2,500 musicians have theatre jobs in Chicago. Thirty theatres, mostly movie houses, have installed movietones, but use them chiefly as auxiliaries and reliefs for the regular orchestras.

The national conference of the organization in New York July 22 will plan a campaign.

Whites Get Injunction Against Cemetary

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 18.—More than one hundred white people living at Frayser station opposed the location of a cemetery for Negroes near the township, which is four miles from this city. They declared that the cemetery would "hinder business," and the frequent coming of Negroes to the village in large numbers would be "an encroachment of the rights of the villagers."

A petition was submitted by those promoting the cemetery asking the court to set aside the injunction restraining them from opening the cemetery, and a counter petition was presented by the villagers.

RESTAURANT ROBBED.

BUFFALO, July 18 (UP).—Two armed bandits, their faces covered with handkerchiefs, walked into an East Buffalo restaurant shortly after noon today, backed the patrons and the proprietor against the wall, rifled the cash drawer of $2,500 and made their escape in an automobile.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 1462 R 1.

PHILA. WORKING CLASS WOMEN AID MINE RELIEF

Prepare to Hold Big Conference

(By a WORKER Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—Although organized but a few weeks ago, the Women's Section of the Philadelphia Committee of the National Miners' Relief has already succeeded in doing some very splendid work, and is now getting itself ready for further activities on an enlarged scale.

A big, successful picnic, held under the auspices of this committee, has recently been held which netted a considerable sum of money that was immediately sent to the coal fields.

Thirty women have already pledged to make regular monthly payments to the Miners' Relief through this committee, and a concentrated effort is being made to secure many more women to make similar pledges.

All the affiliated organizations as well as individual members are now busy gathering food, clothes, ornaments and many other things for a big rummage sale to be held in August. A moving picture benefit for the relief of the striking miners will soon be given. Block parties in all parts of the city are to be held.

Preparations for an enlarged conference to bring in additional organizations to join this important Women's Miners' Relief Conference are now being made. This conference will soon be held and the date of its taking place will shortly be announced.

The committee urges all sympathizers to send money, clothes, food, pictures, etc., to the secretary, Jennie Cooper, at 39 N. 10th St.

C. RABIN.

Fire in B.-M. T. Sub Causes Traffic Jam

Fire, caused by a short circuit in an electric fan in the ladies' room of the B. M. T. subway station, caused a bad traffic snarl at Pacific St. and Fourth Ave. yesterday afternoon.

The station is one of the busiest traffic centers in Brooklyn.

Patrolman Charles E. Burns, on duty outside the station, saw the smoke coming out of it and turned in an alarm. The blaze was extinguished in a few minutes, but it was 20 minutes before the traffic was running smoothly again.

HOW DOES YOUR NUCLEUS WORK?
What problems is it confronted with?
What questions would you like answered?
The Communist Nucleus
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How It Works
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Just off the press!
Deals with and solves the problems of your nucleus.
A real manual for work in your nucleus.
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Three Features at the Cameo

"Stark Love," "Moana" and "Birth of Films" On One Program

THIS week at the Cameo Theatre the Film Arts Guild presents an extremely interesting and intelligent motion picture program worth the time of a worker and well worth the modest expense. Three pictures feature the program. Two of them are among the finest productions of American pictures and the third is an extremely interesting bit of motion picture history.

"Stark Love" is stark realistic life of primitive mountaineer people. It is beautiful in its simplicity and interest. More than that, it deserves attention as an authentic presentation of one phase of contemporary American life, as well as being a contemporary glimpse of our log-cabin era of a hundred years ago. For it is that also. These people in the Santeetlah district of the Smoky Mountains on the border line of North Carolina and Tennessee are at the present stage a picture of early American pioneer life. It is worth seeing for a better understanding of our own history.

All the details of this life are woven into a well told, extremely dramatic story based on the life of the people. It is simply but spendidly acted by the natives themselves, none of whom have ever seen a movie or a theatre and scarcely realizing what it was all about. The picture was written and directed by Karl Brown and deserves a place as one of the fine achievements of American motion pictures.

Like "Stark Love," the showing of the beautiful "Moana" is a revival. This almost perfect picture of Samoan life, made by Robert J. Flaherty, who also made "Nanook of the North," is well worth seeing over again. It is the third time we have seen it but we are willing to go again. As a picture of primitive life and sheer natural beauty it is one of rare things in motion pictures.

To complete a most enjoyable program "The Birth of the Films" is a showing of bits of the first motion pictures made in 1895 to 1900, as well as a screen test of Charlie Chaplin, beginning his career. Every bit of it is extremely interesting and highly amusing and the sub-titles are hilarious.

The entire program at the Cameo Theatre this week is a credit to intelligent management.

PRINCIPALS OF THE FAMOUS ROXY BALLET.

Two talented members of the well-known Roxy Ballet who will feature the program at the Coney Island Stadium this Saturday night.

Foreman Recalls War, Breaks Peace Memorial

LOUVAIN, July 18.—A Belgian foreman destroyed the balcony of the memorial library given to Belgium by the United States, as a token of good-will between nations. The foreman, who had directed the building of the balcony, was just putting the finishing touches to it, when he was filled with memories of the late war and broke the pillars of the balcony with a hammer. He gave as his reason that the horrors of war are too easy to forget.

BRITISH YELLOWS REELECTED

LONDON, July 18 (UP).—Ramsay MacDonald was re-elected chairman of the parliamentary labor party today—the official leader of the party. J. R. Clynes was reelected deputy chairman. Both are to serve during the next session of parliament.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
May Wirth, Phil & Family in BIG FREE CIRCUS
BATTLE OF CHATEAU-THIERRY
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'way Wis. 1789
Premiere Revival Showing "STARK LOVE"
also Robert Flaherty's "MOANA" and "The Birth of Films," Charlie Chaplin's first screen test

TREASURY BALANCE.

WASHINGTON, July 18 (UP).—The treasury net balances for July 14 was $176,668,023.44. Customs receipts this month to July 14 were $18,983,872.29.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Do not forget at all times to mention that you are a reader of The DAILY WORKER. Fill out this coupon stating where you buy your clothes, furnishings, etc.
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Address ....
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TOURS TO SOVIET RUSSIA
COMPLETE TOUR
$450.
AND UP
SAILINGS:
S. S. "ROTTERDAM" — Aug. 4
S. S. "PARIS" ———— Aug. 10
Via: LONDON — COPENHAGEN — HELSINGFORS
Return: WARSAW — BERLIN — PARIS
World Tourists, Inc.
69 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK CITY
Telephone: ALGONQUIN 6900.

OSSES' BODY OF EW BEDFORD IN RIVE ON PICKETS

Mill Strikes to Resist Attack

Continued from Page One

ment," the union declaration says. It concludes by calling on the entire population of New Bedford to resist any attempt the mill owned city authorities may make to launch a police terror against the striking workers.

The extreme popularity of the strikers' cause among all strata of the New Bedford population has been one of the most vital factors in preventing the adoption of a policy of terror against the workers. Several attempts at attacks on workers' demonstrations, such as the police breaking up of the strike parade several weeks ago, aroused storms of indignation. But the mill owners desperation at seeing the unyielding ranks of the tens of thousands of workers, gives rise to the belief that they will now use all the oppressive machinery of the state to break the strike.

Greater Demonstrations

The New Bedford Textile Workers Union declares its policy to be "more and greater mass demonstrations to meet the coming offensive of the bosses."

* * *

Official Flourishes Gun

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 18. —Yesterday evening an official of he Nashewena Mill, named Burton, strutted to and fro before the picket line flourishing a revolver and daring the large numbers of pickets to "start something."

Burton, however, was exceedingly diligent to remain always very close to the two policemen there, who did nothing to halt the madman.

The answer of the pickets to the display was derisive laughter.

Another factor tending to prove hat the textile barons are fast losing ground is the news item carried n an employers' textile trade journal. The news item states that despite the action of the manufacturers' association in issuing a unanimously signed document denying rumors of a cleavage among their ranks, the rumor that some bosses will break away still persists. The news dispatch also admits that if he employers' intention was to weaken the ranks of the operatives uch weakening is not apparent.

The news item was written on the occasion of the announcement of the New Bedford mill bosses that they will now change their policy of silence to one of giving "their side f the case" publicity.

$10,000,000 MAY BE SMITH FUND

Kenny Holds Traction and Power Stock

Continued from Page One

Coolidge in a campaign in which here was little threat to the republican chances. This sum was the probable expenditure of only the national committee and did not take account of the enormous outlays of he state organizations and the numerous "unofficial disbursements. The present campaign will see between twenty-five and thirty millions expended by both parties, it was declared.

Unlimited Slush Fund.

There will be no limitations on he size of contributions, Lehman admitted. Asked if the present campaign expenditures would exceed hose of all previous campaigns, Lehman agreed that "there will be many factors which will make it expensive. Every state in the north, east and west will be considered debatable ground," the banker said. This was taken to mean that an intensive and nation-wide drive on a hitherto unknown scale would be made. Estimates are that $2,000,000 will be expended in New York state alone.

The contributors to the campaign will be the large corporations, it is understood. In fact the same ones who contribute to the republican host will as in other years be found in the democratic list. Observers are watching with considerable interest the extent of financial support which will be given to Smith by the traction companies, especially the B.-M. T. with whom Smith has entered in a deal to raise fares ed by the power interests. Wm. F. Kenny, old crony of Al Smith and multimillionaire contractor, has declared that he would give all he had "for love of Al." Kenny is one of the controlling stockholders in the Third Avenue Railroad now seeking a fare increase. It has also been learned that Kenny is a heavy stockholder in the Consolidated Gas Company, recently combined with the Brooklyn Edison Company, and which was able through Al Smith's upstate public service commission to secure an increase in rates two years ago.

ED. RESERVE [illegible]AISES RATES

WASHINGTON, July 18 (UP).—Federal Reserve Banks at Boston and St. Louis will establish five per cent discount rates Thursday, the Federal Reserve Board announced today.

Big Boss Grafter and Son Who Inherits Cash

John M. Phillips (left), late Queens contractor, whose operations with the Tammany Hall machine in that borough cost the workers some twenty millions of dollars. The innocent looking young man at the right is Francis Phillips, his son, who is now defying the "law" in a contemptuous refusal to tell the Federal Grand Jury about a trifling $3,000,000 which is involved in the investigation.

YANKS BREEZE HOME AS BABE RUTH SOCKS 36TH

(By United Press)

Babe Ruth's 36th home run of the season with two mates on base and two out in the ninth inning gave the New York Yankees a 9 to 8 victory over the Chicago White Sox yesterday.

After fighting uphill to take the lead, the White Sox saw the game flit away on the wings of Ruth's drive into the right field bleachers.

The Yankees played miserably afield, making six errors. Mark Koenig, Yankee shortstop, was the principal offender, with three miscues.

Howard Ehmke held the Detroit Tigers to six hits, the Philadelphia Athletics winning, 5 to 1. George Haas, rookie centre fielder of the Athletics, had a perfect day at the plate, getting three hits in three trips.

* * *

The Cincinnati Reds beat the Brooklyn Robins twice by one run, 11 to 10 and 2 to 1. The double victory tightened the Reds' grip on fourth place and left them only 5½ games behind the league-leading St. Louis Cardinals, who were idle.

* * *

YESTERDAY'S SCORES

American League

New York 9, Chicago 8.
Cleveland 6, Boston 5.
Philadelphia 5, Detroit 1.

National League

Cincinnati 11, Brooklyn 10 (1st).
Cincinnati 2, Brooklyn 1 (2nd).
Pittsburgh 16, Boston 3.

STANDING OF CLUBS

National League

	Won	Lost	PC.
St. Louis	55	32	.632
Chicago	52	37	.584
New York	46	34	.575
Cincinnati	50	38	.568
Brooklyn	44	40	.524
Pittsburgh	41	40	.506
Boston	24	56	.300
Philadelphia	21	56	.273

American League

	Won	Lost	PC.
New York	64	23	.736
Philadelphia	51	35	.593
St. Louis	47	41	.534
Chicago	41	47	.471
Cleveland	39	49	.443
Washington	36	50	.419
Detroit	34	50	.405
Boston	34	51	.400

* * *

PHILA. & HOSIERY WORKERS FORM BASEBALL LEAGUE

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—Branch No. 1 of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers has formed a workers' baseball league comprising 7 teams. Teams are formed by the shop associations and the games are played in the evening in the Kensington section of the city.

The teams have been playing from the beginning of the season, though without formal organization or regular schedule. Officers of the local have endorsed these workers' teams and are encouraging the formation of others.

* * *

BAR SUNDAY BALL IN HAGERSTOWN, MD.

HAGERSTOWN, Md., July 18 (UP).—The death knell of Sunday baseball in Hagerstown was sounded here today when 11 members of the Hagerstown team, through a lawyer, entered pleas of guilty to charges of "working on Sunday." The men paid fines.

By an agreement between club officials and state's attorney no more Sunday games will be played here, it was announced.

* * *

IZZY SCHWARTZ TO MEET GRANDE FRIDAY NIGHT

NEW YORK, July 18 (UP).—Corporal Izzy Schwartz of New York, recognized by the New York State Athletic Commission as world's flyweight champion, will meet Frisco Grande, Buffalo Filippino, in their twice-postponed 12-round bout at the Rockaway (L. I.) Stadium Friday night.

MORGAN RETAINS BOXING CROWN

EBBETS FIELD, Brooklyn, July 18 (UP).—Tod Morgan of Seattle, Wash., retained his junior lightweight title here tonight by defeating Eddie (Cannonball) Martin of Brooklyn in 15 rounds. Morgan won the decision in one of the bloodiest fights seen this season.

BUFFALO, July 18 (UP).—Two persons were killed and two others were injured today when a touring car in which they were riding was struck by a New York Central train at Clarence, near here.

MOSCOW WORLD CONGRESS OPENS

Delegates From Many Lands Attend

Continued from Page One

all nations. Long live international revolution."

After his address the delegates rose and sang the Internationale.

Following comrades were elected to the Presidium: Bell, Great Britain; Bucharin, Soviet Union; Cachin, France; Chitarov, Young Communist International; Foster, United States; Carlandi, Italy; Humbertdroz, Switzerland; Jilek, Tchekoslovakia; Katayama, Japan; Kilboom, Scandinavia; Kuusinen, Finland; Lacorda, South America; Lenski, Poland; Losovski, Red International of Trade Unions; Lovestone, United States; Manuilski, Soviet Union; Molotov, Soviet Union; Murphy, Great Britain; Manavar, Indonesia; Piatnitzki, Soviet Union; Remmele, Germany; Saris, Greece; Schueller, Young Communist International; Semard, France; Sierra, Italy; Stalin, Soviet Union; Stankov, Balkans; Strachow, China; Likuang, China; Thaelmann, Germany; Sekander, India; Koschieva, Poland; Zapotocky, Tcheckoslovakia; and Clarazetkin, Germany.

Following agenda proposal of Remmele was adopted: The Executive Committee of the Communist International report by Bucharin, The Executive Committe of the Young Communist International report by Schueller, the International Control Commission report by Stutchka, the Imperialist War by Bell, the Communist International program by Bucharin, the Colonial Revolutionary Movement by Ruusine and Mercoli, the Situation in the Soviet Union by Varga and Manuilski.

Various delegates then addressed the congress from the Communist Parties of China, Japan, South America, Mexico, India, and the American Negroes. A representative of the Moscow garrison spoke amidst storms of applause.

A delegation of Moscow factories brought greetings to the congress. Cachin answered greetings on behalf of the Presidium. In name, Japanese, American, and British delegations, Katayama proposed an address of appeal to Chinese workers.

METAL WORKERS BREATHE POISON

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The 250 workers in the Shapiro and Aronson, Metal Co. work under very unsanitary conditions. The young workers between the ages of 16 and 19 years old make 12 to 14 dollars per week while workers 20 years old and over earn $20 to $25 per week.

On the 5th floor the different metal and chemical materials we produce, poison the air we breath. If the room was larger and the ceiling higher, the hazards would not be so dangerous. We are only allowed one-half hour for lunch and therefore have no chance to go out in the open air and must rush thru without lunch in order to be back to work on time.

The organized workers today work only 8 hours per day while we work 8¾ hours. We have a 48 hour week while the organized workers have a 40 an d44 hour week. They have a full hour for lunch while we have only a half hour.

It is only thorugh organization that we can better our conditions get shorter hours and more wages.

We must organize floor committees which will be able to take the first step in bettering our conditions and who will help in the organization of the entire factory.

We want to hear from other workers through The DAILY WORKER.

GROCERY CLERKS CHOSE OFFICERS; 2 FIRMS SETTLE

Members Endorse Left Wing Leadership

With very few exceptions, the entire leadership of the Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union will be re-elected to office for another term, according to the overwhelming sentiment exhibited by the membership in renominating their officers. Most of the candidates for the union's important posts remain uncontested. The nominations were held Tuesday night at a mass membership meeting in Stuyvesant Casino, after the officers had delivered a report of the union's organizing activities.

Members Endorse Strike

The members unanimously endorsed the report of the strike among the fruit store clerks.

Announcement that a banquet is being prepared to celebrate on August 3 the first anniversary of the union's existence outside the United Hebrew Trades, was received with enthusiasm. The union has severed its affiliation with the United Hebrew Trades after the reactionaries in control tried to destroy the union because of its militant left wing leadership. The union's strength and membership have since grown tenfold.

In completing the nominating work, the membership chose an Election and Objection Committee, which is to meet Friday evening immediately after work in the union office, 117 Second Ave. All nominees are called upon to appear before the committee if their names are to appear on the official ballot. Elections will take place in two weeks.

Firms Sign Agreements

Max Budig Dairy Co., 165 E. 156th St., Bronx, and the Handler Bros. Dairy Co., 862 Hunts Point Road, Bronx, yesterday signed agreements with the union, according to an announcement issued today. The firms agreed to grant all conditions called for in the union agreement to the clerks in their stores.

CLOAK WORKERS MEET TONIGHT

Active Unionists to Plan Big Drive

All active members of the cloak and dressmakers' union have been called to a meeting tonight for the discussion and formulation of plans to be carried out in the organization drive which the Joint Board intends to launch in August.

An announcement issued by the Joint Board yesterday, declares that the meeting will take place not in Manhattan Lyceum, as has hitherto been reported, but in Stuyvesant Casino, Second Ave. and 9th St., immediately after work.

Plans for the drive have already been drafted by the local committee of the N. O. C. and by the Joint Board. After discussing the reports of the union leaders, preliminary steps to erect the organization campaign machinery will be taken by the meeting.

Appoint New Ministers to Bulgaria and Mexico

SUPERIOR, Wis., July 18.—President Coolidge today appointed Warren D. Robbins as Minister to Salvadore and H. F. Arthur Schoenfeld as Minister to Bulgaria.

Robbins, now Counselor at Rome, succeeds Jefferson Caffery, resigned and Schoenfeld, Counselor at Mexico City, succeeds Charles S. Wilson, recently transferred to Roumania.

CARPENTERS' UNION
LOCAL 2090
Meets every Thursday, 8 P. M., at Labor Temple, 243 East 84th St. Office and headquarters are in the Labor Temple.

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New Orleans Launches Pre-Election Clean-Ups

NEW ORLEANS, July 18.—New Orleans is being swept by squads of patrolmen and detectives, in the usual pre-election "cleanup" for the purpose of polling more votes in the fall, carrying out the orders of Police Superintendent Thomas Healey, to "clean out the gamblers."

Police reported 28 arrests today, a small percentage of the alleged gamblers, lottery sellers, confidence men, and hand bookers picked up since the "clean-up" was launched.

TRIPLE MUSICAL AFFAIR SATURDAY

Great Program at Big Coney Concert

Continued from Page One

Ivanov; Fantasy from Bizet's Carmen; and Marche Slave, by Tschaikovsky.

The second concert will be a dance concert by the famous Roxy Ballet, under the direction of A. Nelle, former partner of Pavlowa. Dancing is an art which has always been closely allied to music and the dancing of the Roxy Ballet is certain to blend harmoniously into the mood of the evening. The program of the Roxy Ballet will be: Gypsy Dance and Mazourka from Delibes' ballet, Coppelia; and dances from Grounod's Faust.

Theremin!

There will be an intermission of 10 minutes after the program of the Roxy Ballet and then the third concert, the greatest of them all will be put on: Prof. Leon Theremin, whom thousands of workers have been waiting to hear with the greatest eagerness, will demonstrate his new invention by which music of unsurpassed beauty is drawn out of the air. Prof. Theremin will perform a regular concert program, playing both solos and with the accompaniment of the Volpe Symphony Orchestra.

The solo numbers of the great Soviet scientist and musician will be Night by Rubinstein and Etude by Scriabine. With orchestra accompaniment he will play Golterman's Concerto in A Minor and The Swan by Saint-Saens.

Three concerts for the price of one, including Prof. Theremin, the marvel of the century. Workers who have not yet bought tickets will most certainly be disappointed if they wait until the last minute. Get your tickets at once at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

Volunteers Needed For Stadium Concert Work

Five hundred volunteer workers are wanted by the DAILY WORKER to help organize the Coney Island Stadium concert at which Leon Theremin and Volpe's orchestra will perform, on Saturday.

All those who volunteer to help should report at The DAILY WORKER business office, 26-28 Union Square, (second floor) immediately. It is very important.

Worker Dies In Blast In Peru Hoodoo Mine

PERU, Ill., July 18. — Anton Shimkus, one of the few men induced to work in the mine shaft here, died of injuries he received after a discharge of dynamite shot. The explosion caught Shimkus and buried him under several tons of coal. Shimkus was 45 years of age.

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Workers Party Activities

Speakers Conference.

A speakers conference at which the problems and tactics of various phases of our Party election campaign will be discussed, will be held Saturday, July 21, at 26 Union Sq. 5th floor at 2 p. m. Comrade Benjamin will lead the discussion on "The Democratic Party Platform." All Party open air speakers and all members of section speaking classes, all section, sub-section and unit agitprop directors must be present at this conference if they are to participate intelligently in the Party election campaign.

* * *

Joint Industrial Conference of Sections 2 & 3.

A joint industrial conference of Sections 2 and 3 will be held on Tuesday, July 24, 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All unit and subsection industrial organizers as well as representatives of the leading committees of the Party fractions of the I. L. G. W. U., Furriers, Millinery, Fancy Leather Goods and Office Workers must attend. A district representative will be present.

* * *

Section 5 Agitprop.

Section 5 (Bronx) will hold a section agitprop campaign conference this evening at 8 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Avenue. All unit agitprops, DAILY WORKER agents, literature agents, as well as all campaign committees of each unit and of the Section Executive Committee must attend. All aspects of the campaign, as well as the question of the reading circles will be considered.

* * *

The Executive Committee of the Working Women's Federation will meet this evening at 7:30 p. m. sharp, at the Labor Temple 14th St. and Second Ave. in Room 32.

All Section Campaign managers must hand in reports on signatures and get material needed at the district office on Thursdays of every week.

* * *

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

Labor and Fraternal

Downtown I. L. D. Meet.

The Downtown Branch of the International Labor Defense will hold its meeting tonight at 8 p. m. at 35 East Second St. All members must attend.

* * *

Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at 7:30 sharp August 2, 1928. At this conference the causes of war, and the methods to be used in fighting the war danger will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women's organizations are invited to send delegates, and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

* * *

Workers School Outing.

All comrades interested in soccer or swimming or both are invited to attend the Workers School Sport Outing on Sunday, July 22. We meet at 242nd Street subway station, Van Cortlandt Park at 8:30 sharp.

* * *

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A membership meeting of Young Workers Social Club will be held today at 8 p. m. at 118 Bristol St. near Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn.

* * *

Volunteers For I. L. D.

Volunteers are wanted at the National Office of the International Defense, 80 East 11th St., Room 402, anytime between 9:30 a. m. and 6 p. m.

* * *

Workers Culture.

The Workers Culture Club of Bath Beach will have an Outing Sunday, July 22nd, 9 a. m. at 1940 Benson Ave.

* * *

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

LEVINE WRECKS MACHINE

CURTISS FIELD, L. I., July 18 (UP).—Charles A. Levine wrecked his monoplane Columbia here last night and narrowly escaped serious injury. The plane was badly smashed, but Levine and his companion, "Major" Fleming, escaped with only bruises. The accident occurred when the first trans-ocean airplane passenger made his third unsuccessful attempt to land after a poor take-off.

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WE ALL MEET
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BEGIN NEW YORK SIGNATURE DRIVE

State Campaign Now In Full Swing

Continued from Page One

mobilize the Party for the signature drive.

Campaign in Swing.

The campaign to put the Workers Party on the ballot in New York City is now in swing. Campaign committees have been elected to supervise the drive in the various section headquarters established for this purpose.

Section 7, Boro Park, was the first to open the drive in the city, last Sunday. With a minimum of 1,500 signatures necessary to place the candidate in the 9th assembly district, Kings, on the ballot, Section 7 believes that an early start is essential. Party members living in Bath Beach, Bensonhurst and Coney Island are expected to assist the Boro Park Section.

Section 1, Downtown, has already begun sending out committees and declares it will be the first to reach its quota.

Section 8, Brownsville, has made a careful study of its district. It is determined to put the candidates in the 22nd and 23rd assembly district on the ballot in a short time and then to start on signatures for a candidate in the 18th assembly district.

Section 5, Bronx, has set Monday, July 23, as the date for the opening of its drive.

Harlem and Williamsburg are mobilizing their membership in preparation for an intensive campaign.

Quota: 100 Signatures.

The quota for each Party member is 100 signatures. Only the determined efforts of the membership will place the candidates of the Workers Party on the ballot. Every Party member must report at the designated headquarters.

On the Party Days designated by the district, July 23, 24, 25, 30, 31 and August 1, special efforts will be made to rally the Party members behind the drive.

The following is a list of headquarters in the city where petitions may be obtained:

Section 1, Downtown Manhattan, 60 St. Marks Place.

Section 4, Harlem, (a) 143 East 103rd Street. (b) 200 West 135th St., Room 210.

Section 5, Bronx, (a) 2075 Clinton Avenue. (b) 2700 Bronx Park East. (c) 715 East 138th Street.

Section 6, Williamsburg, (a) 29 Graham Ave., Brooklyn. (b) 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn.

Section 7, Boro Park, 1373 43rd St., Broklyn.

Section 8, Brownsville, 154 Watkins St., Brooklyn.

Section 9, Queens, Bohemian Hall, Woolsey St. and 2nd Avenue.

SHOE WORKERS TO HOLD PICNIC ON JULY 22ND

Expect Thousands at July 22nd Affair

A picnic, which is being held to celebrate the unification of all former groups of shoe workers under the banner of the new organization, the Independent Shoe Workers Union of Greater New York, will be held Sunday, July 22, at Hauses Park and Casino, 463 Flushing Ave., Astoria, Long Island.

The increasing pressure of the bosses in the trade against the living standards of the 40,000 New York shoe workers, the fearful speed-up and increase in hours under which some workers toil 90 hours per week has made organization sentiment particularly strong during the past months, leaders of the union declare.

The picnic is to signalize the beginning of a new period in the activities of the workers in the industry, it is declared.

A first-class concert program has been arranged. There will also be dancing, good music and refreshments. A large turnout is expected.

"Labor" Secretary Distorts Figures On Unemployment

WASHINGTON, July 18.—In a transparently misleading announcement Secretary of Labor Davis today heralded "a distinctly favorable" outlook for both employers and employees this summer and fall.

He called attention to the fact that employment in factories was greater in June than in May for the first time in five years, but the republican politician failed to explain that the slight increase is only of June over May while general employment levels are lower than any year since 1921.

DAILY WORKER
ANNUAL PICNIC
SUNDAY, AUGUST 19
10 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT
PLEASANT BAY PARK
ADMISSION 35 CENTS

International Outing
To Aid Class War Prisoners and Their Families
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Admission 35 cents
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DIRECTIONS: Take Bronx Park Subway or L to 177th St., then take Union Port Car to end of line. Free busses to park.
TICKETS on sale at: Workers' Center and I.L.D., Room 422, 799 Broadway.

Daily Worker

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Assistant Editor..............................WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers!
For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

Dwight Morrow Loaded the Gun

> "I killed Obregon because I wanted Christ, the king, to reign completely, not partially."
>
> —Statement of Obregon's murderer, who assumes the name "Escapulario," a word applied to a certain "holy cloth" used in religious ceremonies.

Again the assassin's revolver speaks for reaction, for the cause of clerical counter-revolution. This time in Mexico. The weapon of individual terror, of political assassination, appears once more in a long series of incidents as a characteristic weapon of reaction.

But if the darkest forces in Mexico, based on landlordism and clerical privilege, have murdered General Obregon, it does not necessarily follow that Obregon at the time of his death represented the forces of progress for the Mexican masses. Stupidity, blind inability to estimate social phenomena and the trend of history is characteristic of the type of reaction represented by the attempted counter-revolution in Mexico leading to the assassination of Obregon.

When the counter-revolution, encouraged and financed by Wall Street interests, was organized and launched by the Mexican church and landlords, immediately directed to the overthrow of the Mexican government headed by Calles, it was the duty of the workers and peasants of Mexico to rise against the counter-revolution. They did this with magnificent courage, and the military power of the counter-revoluton was destroyed.

But when the workers and peasants kept Calles and Obregon from being overturned by military counter-revolution, that was no guarantee that Calles and Obregon would be faithful to the workers and peasants. United States imperialism, seeing that the impracticability of the attempt to overthrow the Mexican government at that particular time through military force, resorted to the more subtle tactics of direct pressure of the big New York banks combined with diplomatic pressure of the United States government.

Dwight Morrow, the Morgan ambassador from Washington, was the intermediary who exercised the strongest corrupting influence upon Obregon. Morrow interceded with Obregon directly for "peace" with the clerical reaction; Morrow wanted Obregon to base himself upon clerical landlordism and no longer to be dependent upon the vigilant and ever more militant and "unreliable" working class and peasantry. As long as Obregon had to depend upon militant workers and peasants against the priests and landlords, Wall Street would be inconvenienced in trying to use Obregon as a policeman of imperialism to suppress the Mexican workers and peasants for exploitation by United States capital.

Ambassador Morrow in approaching Obregon held in one hand the threat of military aggression and in the other hand the bribe of loans and the corrupting favors which petty-capitalist politicians such as Obregon find it hard to resist.

Before the assassin's bullet laid out Obregon as an enemy of the clerical-landlord reaction, Obregon had already shown many indications that he had himself gone over to the cause of reaction.

There is every reason to believe that Morrow had already succeeded. Vague intimations and half-denied rumors of reconciliation between Obregon and the Catholic hierarchy were accompanied by sharper repressions of the working class by the Mexican government. The disgusting imperialist orgy in connection with the flight of Lindbergh to Latin-America, the failure of Mexico to fulfill its historical role as leader of the anti-imperialist struggle of Latin-America as evidenced in the slavish capitulation at the Havana conference, followed by the surrender-flight of the Mexican aviator Carranza—all go to show that Obregon had capitulated to the coalition of Mexican reaction and United States imperialism prior to his murder by the dark forces of clerical reaction.

• • •

United States capitalist newspapers are now speculating on what will happen next in Mexico. To the Wall Street capitalists this means nothing more than the problem of how they can control Mexico through other instruments now that Obregon, whom they had practically signed up as their agent, is no more.

But to the workers and peasants of Mexico there is no uncertainty as to what will happen [illegible] in the main outline. It will be a bigger [illegible] fiercer, more [illegible] struggle of the United States financiers and government to enslave the Mexican masses with new instruments. For the Mexican workers and peasants it will be necessary to mobilize every resource of all Latin-America, not corrupted to United States imperialism, to fight that imperialism.

With the situation as tense as it already was, the assassination of Obregon is bound to mark a new stage in the struggle, and all active elements must and will move to strengthen their positions.

One thing there cannot be: Peace between United States imperialism and the Latin-American masses whom it regards as its slaves. The nature of imperialism is such that it is impossible for a nation in the stage of economical development of Mexico to exist in the shadow of the big Wall Street imperialism without struggling for its very life. In the earlier stages of United States imperialism, the bloody tyrant Diaz for more than thirty years bartered his country to the Wall Street pirates. After Diaz was overthrown in 1911, Mexico was kept in bloody turmoil by the deliberate intrigues of United States, British and other imperialists. Its location on the border of the United States, together with its natural resources, were the inescapable object of this interference.

War and epidemics of assassination will be visited upon Mexico by its Wall Street exploiters until the day when Mexico successfully fulfills its historic role as the leader of and mobilizer of Latin-America to throw off the yoke of United States imperialism. If a clerical fanatic fired the shot that killed Obregon, it was Dwight W. Morrow, Morgan's man, that loaded the gun.

"Peace"

While every nation in the world is preparing for the coming world war, Kellogg, secretary of state, of the most piratical of the imperialist powers, is peddling among his fellow capitalist statesmen in Europe his "plan for outlawing war." Kellogg's "antiwar" plan is recommended as an excellent dope with which any capitalist statesman can lull the working class of his own nation to sleep in illusions of peace while the same capitalist statesmen speed up the furious pace toward war. Social-Democratic politicians are especially good buyers for this useful commodity.

Abraham Lincoln, once requested by a soap manufacturer to write a recommendation of his soap, wrote: "This is a satisfactory soap for people who are satisfied with this kind of soap."

Kellogg's plan is a perfectly peaceful plan for all peoples who would be peaceful anyway. For capitalist imperialist nations in this epoch of world-wars to go through mock ceremonies of acceptance of this plan, is simply to play a murderous joke on the masses they are preparing to send to war. What the text of Kellogg's agreement is does not matter in the slightest—there would be and will be war made by the imperialist nations absolutely regardless of any words that may be written on any piece of paper. But even the text gives the sardonic farce away. The essential text is:

ARTICLE I.

The high contracting parties solemnly declare in the names of their respective peoples that they condemn recourse to war for the solution of international controversies and renounce it as an instrument of national policy in their relations with one another.

ARTICLE II.

The high contracting parties agree that the settlement or solution of all disputes or conflicts, of whatever nature or of whatever origin they may be, which may arise among them shall never be sought except by pacific means.

Meantime the Sixth Congress of the Communist International has opened its sessions in Moscow and will deal in real earnest with the questions of the coming world war. No camouflage will cover its utterances and plans. Imperialist world war is coming rapidly and with absolute certainty, and the workers of the world will be told so in plain, truthful analysis. They will also be told what it is necessary to do in order that the imperialist war between nations shall be transformed into the war between classes and the overthrow of capitalism, without which there can be no end of war.

Kellogg's lies are competing with the drastic and effective work of the Communist parties of all countries in mobilizing the working class against the coming imperialist war.

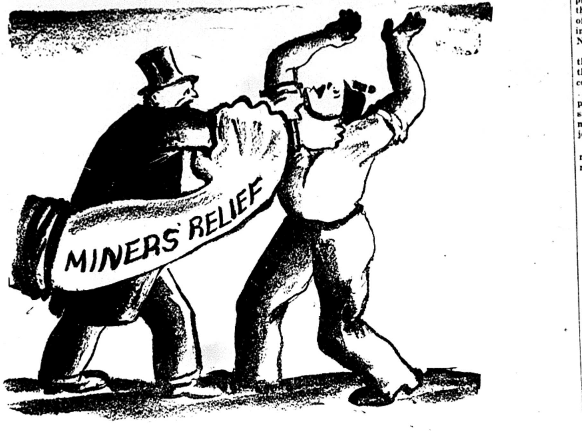
Kellogg will lose in the competition.

The workers in the United States must strengthen as rapidly as possible their revolutionary party, the Workers (Communist) Party, the American section of the Communist International which carries on the struggle against imperialist war.

Vote Communist, and join the Workers (Communist) Party.

STOP HIM!

By M. Pass



The Story of a Legal Crime

Frame-up of Max Hoelz, German Communist Leader by Class Courts

By W. D.

IN the history of legal injustice the case of Max Hoelz must occupy a special place. On the 22nd of June, 1921, an "exceptional court" sentenced Max Hoelz to hard labor for life and to a permanent loss of all civil rights. The public prosecutor had demanded the death sentence. With the exception of that little group of our contemporaries whose aim is to justify under all circumstances all legal iniquities imposed upon supporters of the left-wing movement, no one in Germany now believes that Max Hoelz is guilty of murder. The indictment charged Max Hoelz with murder, the court found him guilty of killing. Even if the bona fides of the court are granted, nevertheless there was frivolous zealousness in preparing the indictment. By the fact that the sentence of the court is in operation down to the present day, the case of Max Hoelz becomes a collective, subjective and political crime. The preliminary to the trial the accompanying circumstances, the procedure of the trial and the obstinate prevention of any retrial, all these things make the case of Max Hoelz more than out of the ordinary.

Story of His Life.

Max Hoelz was the son of a peasant. He was brought up religiously went to work as a farm hand and very early showed more than usual intelligence. An engineer sent him to England to work as a sort of apprentice in a technical bureau. Returning to Germany later on Hoelz failed to find work as an engineer and was compelled to go as a manservant. In his spare time he prepared himself and saved up enough money to permit him to attend a technical high school. But then the war broke out and prevented him Caught up in the wave of mad patriotism which swept over Germany in 1914 as over all other countries plunging into the mass-murder. Hoelz volunteered and joined a Saxon cavalry regiment. During the war he distinguished himself as a despatch rider. His experiences during the war opened his eyes to the terrible crime of capitalist society crushed his petty-bourgeois ideas and made a rebel out of him. According to his own statements, however, he only became a Marxist and a Communist as a result of study in prison after his sentence. "My activity as a rebel group leader, as a putchist was wrong," admits Hoelz, but his acts were great nevertheless, and the proletariat needs men of such courage, resource and passionate enthusiasm for the cause as Max Hoelz.

After the war had come to an end Hoelz became a member of an unemployed workers' committee in Falkenstein in Vogtland. The impoverishment of the unemployed workers was terrible. A demonstration of these workers placed Max Hoelz at their head and demanded food and clothing. The refusal of the bourgeoisie was answered by Hoelz and a small band of armed men he had collected around him by force. The authorities and the factory workers had to give way and do what Hoelz required of them His activity and his name spread like wildfire throughout the whole of Germany. The bourgeoisie trembled at his name. The Reichswehr (Germany army) were mobilized against him. Hoelz made his escape against tremendous odds Later on, he appeared again under a false name in Saxony agitating amongst the workers of the famous Leuna works for an insurrection.

In March, 1920 reactionary militarists attempted to overthrow the German Republic (Kapp Putch). The government fled from Berlin and all over Germany the workers declared a general strike. In the Ruhr district and in Vogtland armed struggles took place between the Kapp troops and the workers. The news of the fighting in his own home in Vogtland brought Max Hoelz back to his own people where he was welcomed with tremendous enthusiasm. The mass will made him their military leader. Under the leadership of Hoelz the workers became the masters of Vogtland New terrors were in store for the bourgeoisie, Hoelz forced them to pay the costs of the struggle. The mobilization and concentration of 50,000 Reichswehr was necessary to defeat Hoelz and his poorly armed troops of workers. Hoelz and a number of other proletarian fighters escaped into Czechoslovakia. An official request of the German government for the extradition of Hoelz was rejected by the Czechoslovakia government on the ground that the offenses committed by Hoelz and his supporters were committed from purely political motives.

March Insurrection.

Then came the March insurrection in central Germany in 1921, a spontaneous rising of the workers oppressed and provoked to an intolerable pitch. Hoelz hurried from his exile to the scene of the struggle ignoring the blood money the German government had placed upon his head. Once again he became the indisputed leader of the struggle Hoelz himself was always at the hottest part of the fighting. He always strived to avoid unnecessary brutalities and to maintain a proletarian military discipline. A mass mobilization of military and armed police and volunteers crushed the rising. The vengeance of the police students and volunteer bourgeois was bloody. Blood lust and brutality were allowed free rein amongst the unarmed workers. Murder and violence took place everywhere. The investigation committee instituted by the Prussian Diet has masses of proofs for this reign of terror murder and violence. The arm of the law makes no attempt to reach the brutal murderers who brought unspeakable suffering to thousands of working class families. But as long as Max Hoelz was still at liberty the blood lust of the bourgeoisie was not stilled. The bourgeois press howled for the head of Max Hoelz. And an army of police and spies finally delivered him up to "justice." But there was not enough evidence to please them. The Berlin police presidium then publicly offered a reward of 50,000 marks for information which would lead to the conviction of Max Hoelz! Such a thing was unparalleled in the history of even bourgeois "justice." But what did that matter? The main thing is that it served its purpose.

Frame-up Victim.

During the fighting, a well-known monarchist and rich landowner named Hess had been shot dead by the troops of Max Hoelz. A witness came forward, attracted by the 50,000 marks and declared that Max Hoelz personally had fired the shot which killed Hess. The widow of Hess supported the testimony, but only in the second examination after she had been properly prepared and influenced by the criminal police. In her first examination Frau Hess declared that she had seen no one actually shoot, she had only seen a man from behind who was carrying a rifle. That was no use to the representatives of "justice," so the police took care of Frau Hess and she was suddenly able to declare at the second examination that Hoelz was the man she had seen and that he had not carried a rifle but a revolver! At the instructions of Hoelz a number of shots were fired, she declared. Since then, however, it has been proved beyond a shadow of a doubt that Frau Hess was in the house at the time and could not possibly have seen the killing which took place in the courtyard. It has also been proved that the other witness, the man thirsty for the 50,000 marks, named Uebe could not possibly have seen the killing of Hess from the place where he (Uebe) was admittedly standing at the time Added to this, the exceptional court declared that the killing had been carried out by a number of people and not by Max Hoelz alone. The defending lawyer of Max Hoelz demanded that a uniform trial take place, as this would undoubtedly have proved the innocence of Hoelz in connection with the killing of Hess. The exceptional court refused this, however, and in another trial before another court a second worker was tried and sentenced to 7½ years hard labor for the killing of Hess. This worker was sentenced upon the evidence of Frau Hess and died afterwards in prison. Both he and Max Hoelz both acknowledged all their political activity proudly but both denied energetically having fired at Hess. All the other offenses have long since been amnestied. On the fragile basis of paid evidence the sentence mentioned was passed on Max Hoelz and he has been excluded from all the amnesties which have taken place since.

"Evidence" Withdrawn.

The injustice of the sentence on Hoelz for the killing of Hess is made still more clear by the following facts: About a year ago the miner Freihe, a follower of Max Hoel in 1921, came forward and declared that he had killed Hess, describing the killing in convincing detail. He had confessed to the killing also shortly afterwards in prison in the presence of a number of other people including the man Uebe, who afterwards became the star witness for the prosecution against Hoelz. These others had advised him, Friehe, to keep quiet to save himself as Hoelz would in any case get a life sentence. Friehe then held his tongue and Uebe gave evidence against Hoelz. In October the widow of the killed man, Hess, withdrew her evidence against Hoelz and Friehe gave himself up to the police for the killing of Hess. All to no purpose. Max Hoelz remained in prison, the examination of Friehe was deliberately dragged out interminably. The Reichstag interfered No use. And then in November 1927 the court announced like a bombshell that the examination of Friehe had revealed no cause for a retrial of the Hoelz case! This was the decision of the reactionary court although everyone who has had anything to do with the matter, politicians, jurists, professors of jurisprudence, lawyers, etc., are convinced of the innocence of Max Hoelz.

HANdOuTS

Introduction of American religious procedure into Tibet is indicated in the following lines from the report of Professor Nicholas Roerich now in Tibet to the Buddhist Center of New York:

"Here are high Lamas, who, on their sacred beads, are calculating their commercial accounts, occupied completely with thoughts of profit . . . Lamas, 'teachers of the people,' tell your fortune for compensation according to the haunches of mutton or dice or on sacriligious objects. . ."

These Lamas surrounded with mutton and money understand the real value of religion.

• • •

Fears Females

The noble features shown above belong to A. B. See. He's a Brooklyn elevator manufacturer not an alphabet. He has just made himself ludicrous by the publication of a book entitled "Schools" in which he expresses such 17th century thoughts as the following: "Women have an inherent desire to be ruled, and the man who does not rule his wife does her an injustice." When a wife chases a hen-pecked husband into his study these are the kind of thoughts he consoles himself with.

• • •

Gems of Learning

W. Lawrence Saunders, 2nd, National Aeronautic Association:—"It seems to be the opinion of many that these test flights are made for the sole purpose of establishing new records. This is not so. These altitude flights are made to test the fighting ability of seaplanes carrying a war load, which is equivalent to a load of bombs and machine guns. In time of war all fighting between planes is done at high altitudes and the plane that can attain the greatest altitude, of course, has the advantage over all others." Frank about it, isn't he?

M. Stephen Lauzanne, in the Paris Matin:—"In one word, M. Hoover is the first business man in a country of the biggest business men in the world. Perhaps he may never move crowds with his eloquence nor the world with his declarations in fourteen points. But it is certain that, with him as President, America will never suffer cold, nor hunger, nor privation." American capitalists will not.

H. C. Normington, Insurance Manager of London Auto Insurance Firm:—"With regard to the Jews, the subject is very difficult, but it is better to put the matter frankly. In a great number of cases when Jews hire a car they pack it with families and children and drive off for a joyous day's outing in an irresponsible way, not caring a straw about the car, because it is insured. They hire a car for the day and get the absolute maximum out of it." **Those naughty Jewish pipple.**

Samuel M. Vauclain, president of the Baldwin Locomotive Works: "The paramount issue of the presidential campaign is business and the protective tariff to protect the people of the eastern part of the United States, where 42 per cent of the population lives." **And 2 per cent benefited by the protective tariff**

The Steel Trust Enslaves Its Workers

Men Work Under Guards Like Prisoners; Poverty and Misery Prevail

(Continued.)

Political Rule in the Town.

The whole town is ruled by, a triumvirate: the priest, the bootlegger and the foremen of the mill All are Ku Klux Klan and are on the payroll of the steel magnates The mayor himself is a stockholder in the company, a Klu Kluxer and a bootlegger. Likewise all the other officials down to the lowest post.

There is no independent social institution in town; everything is under the control of the company there is no meeting place or printing place that is not under the control of the Klan; every child must belong to the Boy or Girl Scouts. There is also a women's organization. The president of all these children's and women's organization is a woman, a Mrs. Worton, who is the wife of one of the board of directors of the company. The foremen, the policemen, the spy, and saloon keepers rule the men in the mill. The priest, the Ku Klux Klan rule the women and children. Thus the rule of the steel trust dominates the slaves completely.

The only bank in town belongs to the company. As soon as the workers begin to save some money the mill is immediately shut off or works only part time. The object of this is to keep the workers always on the level of dependence.

Company Detectives.

In every narrow street, in every saloon, there can always be found a whole squad of company detectives. Every new face coming into town is immediately hunted out and watched.

The post office is directly connected with the mill magnates. If any worker receives mail which bears the slightest indication of a workers' organization immediately this is reported to the company. I have visited workers' homes, spoken with various workers and find they would be glad to read The DAILY WORKER, but "How could I take The DAILY WORKER," said one "Just as soon as I receive it the post office will notify the company and I will lose my job and will be driven out of my home. What shall I do? Here is my donation of $5.00. It is hard for me to give this but with my donation I desire to express my hearty feeling for the only workers' paper, but at the same time I do not want my name mentioned."

Our Party is "illegal" there but our comrades are doing good work. No hall can be rented for any entertainment which bears a workers' name. No permit for a hall can be obtained unless vouched for by a priest. At all times a gentlemen's agreement seems to exist between the steel company's policemen and the A. F. of L. bureaucrats. The following fact will serve as an example.

For Relief.

An affair of a certain Croatian Church society was held. Due to some progressive members in this society they decided to have miners appear at their affair and appeal for funds. As soon as these two miners in their mine clothes appeared in the town the company police stopped them and asked them if they endorsed the Reds or the A. F. of L. When one miner said he was against the John Lewis machine these two miners were arrested, shipped out of town and were not permitted to enter the hall and appeal for funds.

Duquesne is not the only hell and prison place for the steel slaves. About every town in Pennsylvania and West Virginia where the steel trust has spread its rule, has the same conditions.

In Woodlawn, Pennsylvania, also a town of the steel trust, we had a trial against Pete Mesaline and two other comrades who were sentenced to five years in prison only because Communist literature and a bust of Lenin was found in their houses. The stool pigeon who informed against them was a priest and the Tzvetkov gang, "the Slavish Yellow Society." Their case is pending in the supreme court. The International Labor Defense is fighting their case. Workers who helped to raise their bail were fired from their jobs and driven out of Woodlawn.

This is a sample of our "American democracy." The steel trust stands only as an example of the capitalist ruling power in the present system. Everything is built upon blood and might, blood and steel, blood and iron and blood and coal. The restless spirit that exists among the steel slaves shows that the day is not far when they will take up the fight and strike the real blow.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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JOHN PORTER IS GIVEN 2½ YEARS HARD LABOR

Young Strike Leader Tells Court-Martial He Would Not Be Tool of Capitalists

Gets Maximum on "Desertion" Charge After Officers Try to Avoid Political Issues

By PAUL CROUCH.

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

FORT ADAMS, R. I., July 19.—John Porter, arrested a month ago and turned over to the military authorities, following his New Bedford strike activities and leadership in the Young Workers (Communist) League, was sentenced by general court-martial yesterday to two and a half years imprisonment at hard labor and "dishonorable" discharge from the army, on a technical charge of desertion.

Exposed Role of Army.

The sentence followed Porter's exposure of the role of the army and his declaration that he would not be used against his own class. He took the stand, in spite of the knowledge of the consequences, and made one of the most militant challenges of capitalist militarism ever known in the history of court-martials.

Saved from Life Sentence.

The fact that Porter received a sentence of two and a half years instead of life imprisonment was due to the mass protest already beginning to be noticed b ythe authorities, and their efforts to avoid the political significance of the case. Plans for trying Porter under the 96th Article of War for leadership in the strike and membership in the Young Workers (Communist) League had been abandoned after the beginning of mass protest organized by the International Labor Defense, the Young Workers League and other organizations.

Porter was finally charged with "desertion" from the army and the officers tried to prevent expose of the reasons for his arrest in New Bedford and the causes which led Porter to desert the army last year when he had almost completed his enlistment.

Tried to Weaken Position.

At the "investigation," Porter made a written statement in which he told of his activities against the bosses in the New Bedford strike, and declared that the authorities had known that he was a deserter for a long time, but arrested him only because of his participation in the struggles of the workers. The authorities tried to weaken his stand and persuade him to accept freedom or a short sentence on condition that he make a sentimental plea and leave the political issues out.

The trial was scheduled for July 17, but when Isaac Shoor, attorney retained by the International Labor Defense, arrived he found that most of th emembers of the court-martial were out of the post. Apparently, it was their intention to call the court-martial later without Shorr's presence and take care of the situation in their own way. Shorr would permit nothing of the kind, and demanded an immediate trial with a definite date. At last, Porter was brought before the court-martial yesterday at 2 P. M.

At the opening of the trial, everything seemed to be going well for the authorities. They read extracts from court-martial regulations and "evidence" in military terms meaning nothing to a civilian.

Efforts to Avoid Issues.

Then the "investigating officer" was called to the stand. He said tha tPorter had "admitted the essentials of desertion" without quoting his words, and he would not read Porter's written statement that his arrest was on account of his strike activities, etc.

Finally, the "investigating officer" tried to make a sentimental appeal for Porter to avoid completely the real political issues. Fantastic stories were given of "an aged mother," etc. Obviously, it was the purpose of the officers to give Porter a very short sentence in order to get out of the predicament in which they found themselves.

No Retreat By Porter.

Porter refused to fall into the [illegible], regardless of the consequences to himself. He demanded to take

Continued on Page Three

7 Killed in Border Raid in Jugoslavia

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, July 19.—Four gendarmes and three peasants were killed and one gendarme was injured seriously today when an Albanian band, under Feriz Salko[illegible] is alleged to have crossed the frontier and raided the village of [illegible] in the Novipazar district.

Many of the Albanian bands and the Albanian army are known to be equipped and financed by the Italian fascists.

Fascists Deserted Son

The mother of Dr. Finn Malmgren, Swedish meteorologist, above, shown reading the last message from her son who was deserted and left to die on the ice by Zappi and Mariano, two survivors of the fascist Nobile expedition.

MUSSOLINI GAGS ITALIA SURVIVORS

Krassin Brings Seven Mes Into Port

KINGS BAY, Spitzbergen, July 19 (UP).—Seven survivors of the dirigible Italia disaster arrived here today aboard the Russian icebreaker Krassin, nearly two months after their departure in the airship May 25 for a flight over the North Pole.

All were relatively well except Captain Adalberto Mariano, whose frozen leg had been amputated on shipboard during the night.

Doctor Goes Aboard.

The relief ship Braganza met the Krassin at sea yesterday and put aboard the ship doctor of the Citta di Milano, the Italia's base ship. The doctor found Mariano in a critical condition. Gangrene had set into his frozen leg and immediate amputation was deemed necessary.

The faces of the survivors were drawn and showed the ordeal through which they had passed.

The seven were transferred aboard the Citta di Milano and preparations were made for the ship to proceed to Narvik, Norway. There the survivors will be trans-shipped to be sent to Rome. The Citta di Milano will return here.

Meanwhile the eighth survivor of the crew of sixteen, General Umberto Nobile, the Italia's commander, was understood to be prepared to leave here secretly within a few days for Rome.

nder a withering fire of criticism, Nobile may embark on a coal steamship for a secret destination and then go to Italy.

* * *

Mussolini Gags Survivors.

ROME, Italy, July 19.—Italian survivors of the Italia disaster were ordered by Premier Mussolini today to return to Rome at once and, in the meantime, to "abstain from any further messages, statements or interviews."

3 Missouri Miners Crushed to Death

JOPLIN, Mo., July 19.—Three miners were crushed to death at Waco, near here, when they were caught beneath a fall of rock estimated at weighing 50 to 75 tons. The miners were working in No. 1 shaft of the zinc mine when the mass of rock enveloped them. They are Robert Thomas, 32, Elmer Jessware, 26, and Stephen A. Grant, 43.

POLICE ATTACK PICKETS; 9 MILL WORKERS JAILED

Pinto, Leader, Defends Woman Against Cop

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 19.—Nine textile pickets, arrested At the Kilburn Mill after a police attack, received jail sentences of from one to five months when arraigned in district court here today.

Most of those arraigned were "disturbing the peace" and "obstructing the police." Sentences were imposed after all had waived examination.

Augustus Pinto, picket leader, was arraigned on five charges and was sentenced to five months in jail. Mrs. Louisa Moura was given a three-month sentence.

All appealed and were ordered held under bail of $300 for each charge for the October session of superior court. The International Labor Defense is handling the cases.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., The reign of terror heralded by the demand of the manufacturers' association and the Chamber of Commerce that picket lines be dispersed, was instituted when squads of police yesterday afternoon charged a mass picketing demonstration at the Kilburn Mill, and arrested 9 strikers when they defended themselves from the clubs of the police.

Seven hundred were patrolling the standing as spectators, when the police detail, headed by Sargeant McCarthy, swinging clubs to disperse the pickets and spectators for jeer-

Continued on Page Two

MEETING HELD IN MID RIVER

Communists Defy the Police

ZELIEZEVCI, Jugoslavia, July 19.—Taking advantage of the heat wave to foil the police, Communists here donned bathing suits and held a meeting in the middle of the Gran River after the authorities forbade them to assemble.

The speaker declaimed from the shoulders of four comrades, while rows of policemen stood on the banks threatening arrest. The police finally sent for bathing suits and dived after their quarry, but the Communists made good their escape with a final "Hurrah for the world revolution" as they swam off downstream

Jewish Literature In U. S. S. R. Develops

CHARHKOFF, U. S. S. R., July 19.—The October revolution has created in the Soviet Union conditions particularly favorable to the development of the literature of the national minorities, and Jewish literature in particular. The latter has taken a veritable jump since the beginning of 1928, over all the republics where the Jewish population is dense. Such is the case in the Ukraine.

There are a great number of Jewish writers, full of talent and of diverse tendencies. Among the young novelists, poets and dramatists who give the greatest hope can be cited: Hofstein, Rieznik, Markich, Kvitko, Lourie, Feffer, Kipnis, etc. Among the older ones there are masters, such as Bergelson and Nistor. Certain works of these writers, such as "Ecluse," by Marckich;a "Mr. Guehke," by Viener; Kvitko's satirical novel, "Tastes of Bim-Bam"; the novels of Nistor have attained great success even abroad.

HEAT CAUSES 6 DROWNINGS.

Six persons, who had gone to the beaches to escape the intensity of the heat, were drowned during the last 24 hours.

Twelve persons were reported prostrated yesterday as the mercury hovered close to the 90 mark.

PICTURE DATA ESSENTIAL

Workers Urged to Send Photos to Daily

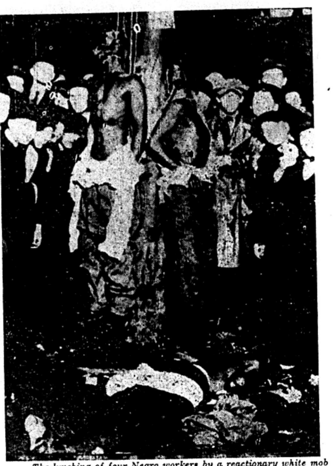
Workers have already begun to respond to the appeal of The DAILY WORKER for workingclass photographs. Some of the pictures that have been received are of unusual interest and will be published within the next few days.

All worker-photographers should remember to include with each picture the necessary data concerning it. A picture of a picket-line is of little use unless we know what picket-line it is. Give complete information with each picture, written preferably on the back of the photo.

All sorts of pictures that have a connection with the struggles of the workingclass are wanted by The DAILY WORKER, but the most desirable photos are close-ups of people in action. The glossy finish type of picture is best for reproduction purposes.

Every picture that is published will bear the name of the worker-photographer that took it. Put your cameras to work for The DAILY WORKER.

Four Negro Victims Of Ruling Class



The lynching of four Negro workers by a reactionary white mob in one of the southern states. Note the grins on the faces of the cowardly murderers as they observe the culmination of their work of instilling the elementary principles of capitalist democracy into the Negro. (Photo by courtesy of "Labor Defender.")

U. S. COMMUNIST PARTY DENOUNCES LYNCHINGS

The Workers (Communist) Party yesterday issued from its national headquarters in New York vigorous denunciation of lynching—calling attention to several recent cases of terrorist crimes against Negroes, encouraged and left unpunished by the ruling class and authorities, as well as the attitude of the capitalist political parties giving tacit approval of lynching.

The Communist statement, which sets forth the measures which it declares the workers must fight for in the struggle against lynching, is as follows:

Three Negroes have recently been lynched in the most horrible and brutal manner in the state of Mississippi. A mob of over 5,000 battered down the jail at Brookhaven and dragged out two Negroes who had been arrested because they had resisted two white men who had attacked them with a gun following a dispute. The mob tied these men to automobile trucks, dragged them around the town, and strung them up to an electric light pole within 50 feet of the City Hall. While they were yet conscious, these ill-fated blacks were lowered to the ground, mutilated, and their remains again strung up. Among the mob were business men, prominent city officials, physicians, lawyers, school heads, and church leaders. At Summit, another Negro was given over by officers to a lynching mob which hanged its victim to a tree along the road.

Only a few days before, at Houston, Texas, a young Negro was lynched as the democrats assembled for their national convention. He had exchanged shots with a detective who had been hounding him. He was taken from the hospital, where he lay wounded, by five men, one a policeman in uniform, and hanged from a bridge. While the body of this young Negro swung limp and lifeless, the democrats, assembled at Sam Houston Hall eight miles away showed their complete accord with the system of lynching and exploitation by their failure to write any plank in their platform or even to utter a single word against this horrible practice of lynching.

Lynching, a Part of Capitalist Class Oppression.

These lynchings expose once more the system of savage repression and brutal terrorism by which the Negro masses of America are ground under the iron heel of their ruthless exploiters. These lynchings reveal the true nature of the 'democracy," "justice," "law and order," which the imperialist masters of America impose upon their slaves, the millions of black and white workers who have no right that their capitalist exploiters are bound to respect Lynching, mob violence, burning at the stake, are common and established practices of American capitalist democracy. Thousands of Negroes, and thousands of white workers, also, have been put to death by this savage terror.

Lynching is openly defended in congress, it is condoned in the courts, it is preached from the pulpits. It is purposely maintained by the wealthy rulers of America as a necessary part of the vicious system of oppression and exploitation which keeps the Negro masses as a slave class at the bottom of capitalist society, degraded and driven in the most merciless fashion, to produce wealth for their inhuman exploiters. It is the naked engine of terror which upholds the whole vile system of racial segregation and oppression, of Jim-Crowism, disfranchisement, peonage and slavery—the system which not only crushes the Negro masses but divides them also from the white workers and secures the degradation and exploitation of all the workers of America.

Lynching is a special part of the "law and order" of capitalist society. It is the extra-legal counterpart of the legal machinery and state power by which the workers black and white, are enslaved, repressed and exploited by the financial masters of America. It is part of the whole capitalist system of exploitation, which utilizes the divisions between black and white workers to pay the Negro workers the most miserable starvation wages and to force him to work under the most degrading conditions at the

Continued on Page Two

Many Inspectors Held For Rum-Smuggling

NIAGARA FALLS, July 19 (UP).—A number of railroad employes and customs inspectors assigned to the American terminals of the two international bridges here are under investigation by special agents of the intelligence unit of the customs department for alleged complicity in a freight car whisky-running conspiracy.

The investigation, shifted to this city from Buffalo, into the international smuggling of carloads of Canadian whisky by means of purchased or stolen Canadian customs seals will continue until all possible sources have been checked, it was said.

Paterson to Hold First Open-Air Meet in Years

PATERSON, N. J., July 19.—The Young Workers (Communist) League of Paterson has arranged an open-air meeting for tonight on the corner of Main and Bank Sts.

The importance of this meeting cannot be exaggerated, because it is the first time in many years that either the Young Workers (Communist) League or the Workers (Communist) Party has been allowed to hold an open-air meeting in this city.

Journalism Nourishes Its Faithful Lackeys

LONDON, July 19.—Lloyd George has announced his intention of retiring from journalism. He has had a full career as a journalist.

The Sunday Express announces that he was paid 800 pounds for the articles he wrote for an American syndicate.

Lloyd George can retire, having earned in this way about 125,000 pounds sterling, since he gave up the business of premiership for that of journalism.

WORLD CONGRESS URGES STRUGGLE AGAINST FASCISM

Delegates From Many Lands at Meet

(Wireless to The Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 18.—The Sixth World Congress of the Communist International was opened here yesterday in the decorated hall of the Labor Palace by Nicolai Bukharin, who was greeted with great applause.

His first words were devoted to the victims of the class struggle in Italy, Poland, Indonesia, and China, who died fighting against imperialism. "Long may they live in the workers' hearts," he said.

"Since the Fifth Congress the Communist movement has been greatly extended," he said. "The Chinese Communist Party, for instance, has become a real revolutionary party. The Japanese Party is also beginning to develop into a fighting party. The Indian Communist movement is growing. But capitalism is also consolidating its forces, and social democracy is also growing. Partially stabilized capitalism forces the Communist International to adopt new complicated tactics in order to mobilise the masses for a decisive blow against imperialism.

"Carrying out socialist construction under difficult circumstances places the Soviet government and the Communist Party before severe tasks. Both in the Soviet Union and in capitalist countries, Communists do not perform sufficient detail work. The chief tasks in capitalist countries are still trade union work and the conquest of the masses. The

Continued on Page Two

ROSARIO GENERAL STRIKE LOOMS

Police Slug Wo ke s as Ports Close

ROSARIO, Argentina, July 18.—The strike of dock workers in Argentina has won the support of the workers, and, with the strike leaders ready to call a general strike, troops and resrves have been called into the field by the government.

The efforts of the police to put down the strike of the dock workers by force resulted today in the wounding of several strikers and slugging of many others when the police tried to break up a demonstration of the strikers at Villa Constitucion.

The police were called out in that city to suppress the beginnings of the general strike, which finds its most militant center there.

In the meantime all port traffic is paralyzed, and especially at Rosaria, the second largest port in Argentina, shipping is at a standstill. Three hundred thousand tons of grain are lying on the docks awaiting export. Truck drivers and carters refuse to cart anything from the port zone.

Date Set for Annual Labor Defense Outing

The annual outing of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, which was to have been held Saturday in Pleasant Bay Park, has been postponed because of a conflict in date with the concert at the Coney Island Stadium.

The new date set for the outing is August 11. Pleasant Bay Park will remain the scene of the affair All tickets bought up till now will be good for the new date.

Free 4 Union Moulders From Strike Charges

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19.—Four union molders, three of whom are union officers, were dismissed in court here after being brought up on charges arising from their strike activity in 1926.

RANK AND FILE MINERS ASSAIL LEWIS SELLOUT

Coal Diggers In All Districts Denounce New Strikebreaking Order

Ohio Operators Confirm New Betrayal; Aim Complete Open Shop

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

PITTSBURGH, July 19.—Bitter denunciations from militant mine leaders as well as from the rank and file coal diggers from practically every mine district continued today to pour into the headquarters of the National Arrangements Committee for a new miners' union, of which John Watt is chairman, following the last strikebreaking act of John L. Lewis, who yesterday ordered the miners back to scabbery on whatever terms they could secure.

Deeply Aroused

Nothing has so aroused the miners of the country since the infamous betrayal of Lewis of the 100,000 west Pennsylvania miners in 1922, whom Lewis deliberately left out of the agreement which he signed up for the other strikers. The final act of strikebreaking, as it is termed, in practically all the communications to the local headquarters of the progressives, is declared to be the outcome of Lewis' treacherous policy of sign[illegible] up separate agreements for Illinois, for Kansas and for other districts while leaving the Pennsylvania and Ohio miners to battle with divided forces.

Telegrams and letters from progressive mine leaders from the anthracite are equally bitter in denouncing the policy of the strikebreaking Lewis machine in keeping the hard coal miners at work under an agreement which expired at a different time from that of the bituminous.

Still Determined

The tenor of the communications pouring into the local progressive headquarters indicate a sentiment of surprising determination on the part of the miners already out for fifteen months not to be routed by Lewis, who is now seen more clearly than before to be in league with the open-shop operators.

The last move of Lewis, according to all indications, has brought into sharp relief the necessity of building a new union of the coal diggers under rank and file control directed by progressive policies of uncompromising struggle against the coal barons. Considerable impetus has been given to the call for a national miners' convention by the progressives, which will be held here September 9-16.

The order of Lewis advising the miners to go back to work on any terms followed a meeting in Indianapolis yesterday of the so-called International Policy Committee, composed of Lewis' handpicked executive board and representatives of his machine in the various districts.

After deliberating over the best

Continued on Page Two

MEXICO TO FACE FUTURE STRIFE

Calles May Remain In Office

MEXICO TO FACE

MOSCOW, July 19 (UP).—Izvestia, central organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, today foresaw for Mexico as the result of General Obregon's assassination possibility of "new strife for power and civil wars in which American imperialism probably will say the last word."

Obregon, the newspaper said, played a Napoleonic role in recent Mexican history, and his murder "was the dramatic conclusion of an acute political conflict."

* * *

MEXICO CITY, July 19 (UP).—Several additional arrests in connection with the assassination of General Alvaro Obregon have been made, Chief of Police Rios Zertuche announced today. Examination of the assassin, Jose de Leon, who has confessed, continued throughout the day in an effort to learn if he had accomplices.

According to present plans, de Leon will be shot on the same spot in the yard at police headquarters where three priests and an engineer were executed in November for plotting against the lives of high government officials.

* * *

Calles to Remain

MEXICO CITY, July 19 (UP).—President Calles is likely to remain in office for two years in order to overcome the difficulty of filling the presidency after the assassination of President-elect Obregon, it was indicated authoritatively today.

Obregonista sources said today that a constitutional amendment would be proposed to congress under which Calles' term would be extended so that instead of leaving office December 1, at the end of the four-year term for which he was elected, Calles would remain in office for a total of six years—until December 1, 1930.

REVEAL PITIFUL FARM EARNINGS

WASHINGTON, July 19 (FP).—Reports made to the Bureau of Agricultural Economics in the U. S Department of Agriculture from 13,859 farms in all parts of the country, for the year 1927, show an average net income of only $1,290 on an average place of 275 acres In the calendar year 1926 the average income from 13,475 big farms was $1,133.

Ordinary farms of 20 to 160 acres are not separately treated in this report. The average investment in these big farms was $15,445 in 1927, and the cash balance—above an average of $242 in food products consumed by the farmer's family—was $1,048. This covered the wages of the farmer and his family for the year, his living expenses, debt-interest and improvements.

FASCISM "WELCOMES" LACKEY

PIACENZA, July 19 (UP).—Musa Juka, Albanian minister of agriculture, was officially welcomed when he arrived today to visit agricultural experimental stations.

PRISON CENSOR FAILS

Birthday Greetings to Clara Zetkin

BERLIN, July 19.—The Director of the central prison here confiscates all in-coming and out-going announced. It was the most severe mail, magazines and newspapers, which do not bear the name of When it is a question of mail to and Fridericus, Stahlheim or the like. from the Soviet Union then even birthday greetings fall into the hands of the censor.

Here is one of the big failures of the prison censor:

"To Clara Zetkin.
Moscow. The Kremlin.

"Battle greetings to our great leader on her birthday. In the name of all proletarian political prisoners in the prison of Sonnenburg.
OTTO BRAUNE."

The censor did not succeed in stopping this one. Clara Zetkin got her birthday greetings.

DROUGHT HITS ITALY.

TRIESTE, July 19 (UP).—Severe drought is sweeping Dalmatia. Peasants are striving desperately to save their crops.

Young Workers School of Illinois Will Open July 22nd at Rockford

CHICAGO, Ill., July 19.—The Young Workers' Training School, District, 8, will open on July 22 in Rockford, Ill., with 40 students. The students are young workers coming from the entire district. There will be ten young coal miners, and five young steel workers among them.

The purpose of the school is to equip these young proletarians with the necessary political and organizational knowledge so that they can return to their specific territories and build sections of the Young Workers (Communist) League, and also to aid them in their work within the trade unions and various fraternal organizations.

The school will be held for a period of five weeks. Thanks are due especially to the Lithuanian, Finnish and Scandinavian workers for their financial assistance which has made this school possible.

RAILWAYS BUY EXPRESS CO.

A report on its plan for acquiring the American Railway Express was announced today by the Express Committee of the Association of Railway Executives.

The plan calls for participation of the railroads in sharing the cost of taking over the properties of the express company.

Unemployed Workers Have Nothing to Say About Use of "Relief" Funds in Chicago

CHARITY TRUST SHOWN AS NEST OF REACTION

Banker-Fascists Hold Principal Jobs

(By Federated Press)

CHICAGO, July 19.—Though over [illegible]00,000,000 of private funds are now invested and held for charity and education in Chicago, the class for whom the money was given has nothing to say about how it is to be spent. No representatives of labor sit on the boards that hand out the alms, tinker with the health or shape the character of the beneficiaries.

Autocracy.

The Chicago Community Trust carries this autocracy over charity administration a step further. It is a charity of charities, soliciting control over charity funds and seeking authority to change the object for which they were originally given. The giver himself is eventually disfranchised by a clause in a suggested form of bequest reading: "When in the judgment of the Chicago Community Trust the need for this charity shall cease the money may be devoted by the Chicago Community Trust to any of the purposes of said trust."

Organized in 1915 the trust now controls over $3,000,000 and has in sight millions more through wills that have not yet gone through the probate mill. Its five directors are an interesting group. The chairman is Clifford W. Barnes, long associated with the committee of fifteen and other silk stocking snoopers lumped by the Chicago Federation of Labor as "employer racketeering outfits." The vice chairman is Bernard A. Eckhart, whose reluctant revelations of Liberty bond dealings with Fred Upham, Chicago bond peddler, for Will Hays of the G. O. P., were the feature of the Teapot Dome hearings in Chicago last spring.

A third is President E. J. Buffington of the Illinois Steel Company, the steel trust subsidiary. Buffington is the man who tried hard, but unsuccessfully, to make his workers show joy and reverence for Queen Marie of Rumania when she inspected the plant. Charles S. Cutting, the fourth, is a former judge of the probate court, where billions are handled annually. The fifth is Abel Davis, a banker, who had ambitions to head the Illinois national guard and was receiver for a time of the American Co-operative Society, the notorious Harrison Parker enterprise.

Also Mr. Dawes.

Not content with such an array, an advisory council has been set up almost exclusively of bankers. One looks in vain for aliberal or prosocial spirit among them. Naturally labor men are not wanted there in an advisory cap acity. The advisers include Vice President Charles G. Dawes, the banker-fascist; Charles H. Markham of the unfriendly Illinois Central; James A. Patten, grain gambler and open-shop buccaneer, who was also caught with the Sinclair Liberty bonds; and chiefs of the First National Bank, Illinois Merchants Trust Company, Continental and Commercial National Bank, State Bank of Chicago, National Bank of the Republic, Northern Trust Company, Harris Trust and Savings Bank, Union Trust Company, Chicago Trust Company, Central Trust Company, Noel State Bank and the Bank of America.

The Chicago Community Trust is a device to perpetuate control of charity funds in reactionary hands. As Secretary Frank Loomis says, without realizing what he is saying: "The Community Trust works in co-operation with and has the endorsement of the strongest financial institutions in the community. Thus it secures conservative management of the principal of any fund and effective use of the income from year to year forever, whatever changes in institutions and methods may come.

Scientist Discovers New Cancer Theory

LONDON, July 19 (UP).—A theory that cancer arises inside the body and is not caused by a living virus or germ, was outlined to the cancer conference today by Dr. James B. Murphy of New York.

Dr. Murphys theory, regarded as the most important recent pronouncement, is in direct conflict with that of W. E. Gye and J. E. Barnard, British scientists, who announced three years ago their discovery of a living cancer virus.

Dr. Murray said that the formation of this theory was the culmination of sixteen years research.

Cancer, he suggested, was due to a ferment produced within the body.

FALLS OUT WINDOW: JAILED.

BROOKLYN, July 19 (UP).—William Ritchie, 28-year-old Negro, was arrested today for disturbing the peace through falling out of a [illegible] story window in his pajamas.

ACCUSED OF MURDER.

MINEOLA, L. I., July 19 (UP).—[illegible] Dupolito, spaghetti house owner, today accused his partner, [illegible] Utica, of the murder of William F. Gilbridge, Brooklyn contractor, whose body was found [illegible] in a berry patch.

Millions Flock to Beaches to Escape From Sweltering Heat

Workers who spend their days in poor ventilated, unsanitary factories, under the constant [illegible] of the speed-up, suffer most from the summer heat. Some of them succeed in escaping on Sundays to the beaches, where overcrowding makes bathing difficult. Above is a typical scene at Coney Island.

COMMUNISTS DENOUNCE LYNCHINGS

Workers, Black and White, Must Resist All Exploiters

Continued from Page One

most arduous and disagreeable tasks.

Capitalist Politicians Will Never Stop Lynching.

The political servants of the imperialist oppressors will never abolish lynching. The Cole Bleases and the Heflins, the Glasses and the Tillmans, openly support lynching. The Coolidges and the Hoovers and the Smiths either silently support lynching or speak hypocritical words, but never take action against the lynchers. The parties of big and small business, the parties which represent the interests which fatten upon the system of violent enslavement and repression of the Negro and white workers, will never abolish lynching.

The republican and democratic parties have held the power of government between them. During all this time nothing has ever been done to punish lynchers, while thousands of black and white workers have been done to death. Both republicans and democrats united to defeat the Dyer anti-lynching bill, which in spite of its many defects would have provided some legal basis for proceeding against the lynchers.

The Democratic Party of Lynching

The democratic party is the party of the solid South, the party of the business men and the plantation owners who live upon the labor and subjection of the black and white workers. Not a single Negro delegate was seated in the democratic convention, and a Jim-Crow cage was provided for Negro visitors. Al Smith and Jimmy Walker by many acts have openly shown their complete acceptance of the whole nefarious system of race oppression and class exploitation and have proved their thorough subservience to big business. They have received the seal of approval of the Bleases as well as of the Raskovs, of the Southern lynchocrats as well as of the Northern financiers. Tammany Hall stands solidly with the Southern democrats for disfranchisement, segregation, peonage and lynching, for the enslavement and exploitation of the black and white masses of America.

The Republican Party's Betrayal and Lynching.

The republican party is the party of big business, of the bankers and financial magnates who have only one use for the Negroes—to keep them in violent subjection, in order to wring wealth out of their toil.

The republican party used the Negroes to win control of the government for the capitalists, from the chattel slave holders. But as soon as the capitalists succeeded in establishing their system of wage slavery and exploitation, the Republican party betrayed the Negroes and delivered them up to the slave drivers and lynchers. Hoover, the republican candidate for president is the faithful servant of the imperialist oppressors. He has maintained segregation in his department, and condoned the peonage and abuse of thousands of Negroes during the Mississippi flood disaster The republican party openly rebuffs the Negro by segregating their delegates at its national convention in Kansas. The few empty and hollow words which the republicans give to the Negroes in their platform should deceive no one. Its record of betrayal and repression proves it also to be the party of Jim-Crowism and disfranchisement, peonage and lynching, the party of the wealthy tyrants who grind huge profits out of the black and white workers and farmers of this country.

Socialist Party Now Openly Treacherous.

The socialist party is treacherous. It openly declared upon taking office in Reading, Pennsylvania, that it would maintain capitalist law and order. Its empty gesture of the Berger anti-lynching bill means nothing. Besides this bill fails in the most important essential, the right of self-defense for the Negro masses.

The socialist leaders of the Pullman Porters have lined up with William Green, President of the A. F. of L. They have betrayed the interests of the Pullman Porters. They have accepted the policy of segregation and non-organization of black workers advocated by Green, and the reactionary officialdom of the trade unions. Randolph has openly declared for Smith, the candidate of the democrats, the party of the southern lynchers. He has not even been rebuked or censured by the socialist party. The socialist party continues to support him in his betrayal of the interests of the Negro workers to the capitalists and lynchers.

In the South, the socialist party refuses to admit Negroes into its ranks and holds meetings at which the practices of Negro segregation are strictly enforced.

Only the Working Class Can Abolish Lynching.

The brutal and atrocious treatment of the Negro masses, of which lynching, cold-blooded and horrible, is an expression, is a characteristic of United States imperialism which suppresses with bayonet and gun the peoples of Haiti, Latin America and the Philippines and crushes with murderous cruelty every attempt of the colonial and semi-colonial peoples, to free themselves from the oppression and exploitation of their imperialist masters.

Only the victorious party of the workers can abolish lynching. Only a workers' and farmers' government can overthrow the whole vile system of lynching and exploitation. It was the revolutionary Communist Party which abolished lynching and pogroms in Russia. It will be the revolutionary Workers (Communist) Party of America that will abolish lynching in America in the same way. The Workers (Communist) Party stands forth as the champion of the oppressed Negro masses Twenty-four Negro delegates sat in the National Nominating Convention of the Workers Party, participated on all important committees and helped to draft a program of action for the oppressed masses of America, black and white. Only the Workers Party supports the Negro masses in their struggle against the system of lynching and race oppression. Only this party unites black and white workers in militant struggle against the system of imperialist oppression, of which lynching is an outgrowth. Only this party champions the Negro masses in their right of self-defense and only this party fights with them against mob violence and terrorism.

The Workers Party Fights the Lynching System.

The Communist Party considers it as its historic duty to unite all workers regardless of their color against the common enemy, against the master class. The Negro race must understand that capitalism means racial oppression, and communism means social equality.

The following are the demands of the Workers (Communist) Party for which it will fight with all its vigor and determination. It calls upon the workers and poor farmers, black and white, to organize their might to put these demands into effect.

1. A Federal law against lynching, and the protection of the Negro masses in their right of self-defense
2. Abolition of the whole system of race discrimination. Full racial political and social equality for the Negro race.
3. Abolition of all laws which result in segregation of Negroes. Abolition of all Jim-Crow laws. The law shall forbid all discrimination against Negroes in selling or renting houses.
4. Abolition of all laws which disfranchise the Negroes.
5. Abolition of laws forbidding intermarriage of persons of different races.
6. Abolition of all laws and public administration measures which prohibit, or in practice prevent, Negro children or youth from attending general public schools or universities.
7. Full and equal admittance of Negroes to all railway station waiting rooms, trains, restaurants, hotels and theatres.
8. Abolition of discriminatory practices in courts against Negroes No discrimination in jury service.
9. Abolition of the convict lease system and of the chain gang.
10. Abolition of all Jim-Crow distinctions in the army, navy and civil service.
11. Immediate removal of all restrictions in all trade unions against the membership of Negro workers
12. Equal opportunities for employment, wages, hours and working conditions for Negro workers and white workers. Equal pay for equal work for black and white workers.

The Workers (Communist) Party calls upon the Negro and white workers to fight against the lynching system, to vote against the lynching system by voting against the parties which uphold that system, by supporting the only party which can and does fight against the system of lynching and oppression.

Unite against the lynchers and exploiters!

Organize for the abolition of the system of lynching and exploitation!

Vote Communist!

Join the Workers (Communist) Party of America!

—Central Executive Committee, Workers (Communist) Party of America.

ASK PARDON FOR I. W. W. PRISONERS

Washington Governor Gets Many Protests

Protests are pouring in on Governor Rolland H. Hartley at Olympia, Washington and H. B. Clausen at Walla Walla, Wash., in a demand by labor everywhere for the unconditional release of the Centralia prisoners, now serving their eighth year in prison for daring to protect their union headquarters and lives from the attacks of the American Legion vandals on Armistice Day 1919. The attack also resulted in the horrible murder by the Legionnaires of Wesley Everest.

The national office of International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th St., New York, through assistant national secretary Martin Abern today gave out a number of the protests which have been sent to the governor. Among them is the following telegram by Frank L. Palmer, former editor of the Colorado Labor Advocate and author of the book, "The Labor Spy." His telegram to Governor Hartley declared:

Demand Pardon.

"As an American Legionnaire trying to forget the war hysteria, I strongly urge unconditional pardon for the Centralia labor prisoners."

Edward S. Smith, a prominent liberal of Columbus, Ohio, has wired Governor Hartley the following:

"I am thoroughly familiar with the circumstances surrounding the Centralia case and have for a long time believed the verdict a miscarriage of justice. I, therefore, respectfully urge executive clemency in the form of an unconditional pardon in the case of the eight members of the Industrial Workers of the World. Many friends also support this action."

Writes to I. L. D.

In a letter to the International Labor Defense, Smith states: "Surely the Centralia victims have been imprisoned long enough for the crime of loyalty to working class principles." He offers best wishes to the International Labor Defense in its campaign for the release of the Centralia prisoners.

International Labor Defense urges workers and labor organizations everywhere to write to Governor Roland H. Hartley at Olympia Wash., asking for the release of the Centralia prisoners.

Tory Bankers to Safeguard German 'Rights'

LONDON, July 19 (UP).—Great Britain's readiness to examine any proposal for a final settlement of all Germany's reparations obligations was announced in the house of commons yesterday by Winston Churchill, chancellor of the exchequer.

Any proposal for fixation of the total sum of Germany's liabilities, Churchill said, would be examined, provided it was framed so as to safeguard British rights and interests.

Under the Dawes plan, it is stipulated merely that Germany shall pay annual installments of reparations for an indefinite period of time.

PRISONERS ATTEMPT BREAK.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 19 (UP).—Two prisoners staged a desperate attempt for freedom here yesterday, capturing a guard and using him as a shield. They lost their nerve when another guard refused to open a door for them, and were captured.

NINE STRIKERS JAILED IN MILL POLICE ATTACK

Pinto, Leader, Defends Woman Against Cop

Continued from Page One

ing when a group of straw bosses rode out of the mills.

Picket Leaders Jailed.

When the picket leaders insisted on their right to picket, they were immediately arrested. When Louisa Moura, a striker, ran up to Sergeant McCarthy and demanded the release of her husband John, the police thug seized her by the throat and began choking her.

Augustus Gonsalves Pinto, leader of the Textile Workers Union of the T. M. C., leaped from the police wagon, he was shoved into when arrested a few minutes before, and forced McCarthy to release his hold on the woman despite the police thug's threat to shoot. The woman striker later fainted in the police car

U. T. W. Pickets Join.

Pickets on the line of the United Textile Workers Union, on seeing the attack on the woman and Pinto's subsequent act, rushed in to the defense of the Textile Mills Committees workers. Horace A. Riviere U. T. W. organizer and leader of the Textile Council picket line, tried to stop his members from joining in the defense against the police onslaught. His shouted orders to his followers that they keep marching in his line was definatly ignored as the U. T. W. members pushed him aside and ran in.

The brutal attack of the police has aroused a tremendous storm of indignation among the ranks of the strikers of all nationalities. When reports of the attack went around the city, thousands of workers came to the union offices to prepare a far larger picket demonstration, which materialized this morning in front of the same Kilburn Mill.

As Pinto went marching by the headquarters of the U. T. W. at the head of a large picket line this morning after being bailed out last night, he was enthusiastically cheered by the members of the latter union. A rousing reception greeted him when he came to the mills to take his place at the head of the line. The discomfiture of the U. T. W. official heading the other picket line was complete when he saw his workers join in cheering Pinto, who has become the hero of the hour among all the strikers.

All nine arrested were bailed out by the International Labor Defense attorney when they were arraigned in court last night. The charges against them were disturbing the peace, obstructing police and assaults on police.

Alphonso Lamieras, Portuguese speaker at the T. M. C. strike meetings, was also arrested with Pinto. The others are: Jose De Rosa, Caeser Almeida, Louisa Moura, John Moura, Joe Alneida, Casmiro Lamieras and John Cordiera. All appeared on the picket line this morning.

TANGIER RULERS FORM NEW PACT

PARIS, July 19.—A slight alteration of the Tangiers agreement of 1923 which made Tangiers a protectorate under France, England Spain and Italy was finished today at the French Foreign Office. Representatives of the four European powers participated although there was no representative present from Tangiers.

Some minor changes were made which gave the fascist governments of Spain and Italy more power in the city council, in this way appeasing the Italians, who have embarked on an extended imperialistic policy in Northern Africa and the Adriatic.

The fascists were given the right to appoint officials to the Tangier municipal council and another administrator and magistrate.

Divine Fathers Differ Over Niceties of Faith

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, July 19.—A heated discussion in the Holy Synod of the Greek Orthodox Church over matters of principle, tactic and questions of Christian dogma threatens to bring about a crisis in the holy body. The Holy Synod has been sitting for days and nights trying to solve the tangle of arguments and opinions uttered by the divine fathers.

The situation is so serious that it may even result in the resignation of the Patriarch Dimitrius, head of the Greek church.

6 JAILED IN RUM THEFT.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 19 (UP).—Six men are under arrest in connection with the theft of $1,000 worth of liquor and ale from the Albany prohibition bureau's storeroom on the tenth floor of a warehouse here.

WOULD BUY RAILROAD.

WASHINGTON, July 19 (UP).—The Western Pacific Railroad Company applied to the interstate commerce commission today for authority to acquire the Western Pacific California Railroad Company.

Slain by Bullet of Clerical

[illegible] assassinated by a religious fanatic who is believed to have been an agent of the counter-revolutionary catholic faction. Above is a photo of Gen. Obregon (left) with President Calles (right), taken shortly before the assassination.

WORKERS DON'T LIKE U. S. ARMY

'No More Camp fo Me,' Says Young Rec uit

FORT ADAMS, R. I., July 19.—"When I get through this month, no more C. M. T. C. for me." This was the opinion expressed to me by one of the young workers who came here for a "vacation."

Compared to the regular ssoldiers, those in the Citizens Military Training Camps have an easy life. They have far more drill and consequently less pick and shovel work. Every effort is made to give them as much training as possible during the month in camp. The regular soldiers here have been moved out of their barracks and are living in tents—six soldiers to the tent, their quarters being turned over to the C. M. T. C. in their efforts to make them come back next summer for more training.

Few Like Military Life

In spite of this, few in the C. M. T. C. like this sample of military life. They are called out of bed by the bugle at 5:45 in the morning and are kept busy until late in the evening.

I spoke with one of the young workers attending the C. M. T. C. here. He was on "K. P." (kitchen police) at the time. "Work here is no joke, believe me," he said. He stated that when on "K. P." one works from early in the morning until late at night, scrubbing the floor, washing dishes under a boss, etc., with hardly a minute's rest, and at no time during the day is anyone permitted to go to his quarters.

900 at Fort Adams

Nine hundred workers are being prepared for capitalist wars at Fort Adams alone in the C. M. T. C. this year. From a capitalist military viewpoint, the money spent on the C. M. T. C. is a valuable investment, unless the day comes when these young workers will realize the role of the armed forces and use their military knowledge against the bosses. I was surprised to see the amount of drill which has been forced into the young workers in a period of 10 days. They are being given instruction in the use of rifles in addition to "close-order" drill.

Of greatest importance is the reactionary propaganda at the camp, the effort to poison the minds of the young workers with patriotism and make them submissive tools of the masters.

Religious Dope

Religion is used as a part of their patriotic propaganda, and every Sunday the young workers here are required to attend church services. If they cannot attend a church of their "own" denomination, they are taken to a church in Newport.

The regular soldiers here have to take care of the new cannon fodder, and complain of the excessive work. Also, they say that discipline is very harsh and that the most extreme sentences are given for any trivial cause.

3 DROWNED IN AUTO.

GREENUP, Ky., July 19 (UP).—Ed Moore, 54, his wife and their daughter Zuna, 15, were drowned today when their automobile plunged over a ferry float into the Ohio River at Fullerton. The bodies of Mrs. Moore and the daughter were recovered.

MINERS ASSAIL LEWIS' SELLOUT

Operators Confirm New Betrayal

Continued from Page One

method of formulating their previously agreed upon program of strikebreaking, it is understood, the crew decided to work out an ambiguous resolution using the phrases "wage agreements," "mutually satisfactory basis," "existing wage schedules" and a "referendum vote of the respective districts." None of the Lewis gang, however, expects that the miners will be deceived by the form of the strikebreaking order.

The resolution follows:

"Resolved:

"1. That the officers of the respective districts comprising the central competitive field and the outlying bituminous districts be authorized to enter into wage negotiations with their respective operators on a basis mutually satisfactory.

"2. That district representatives and the officers of the national union shall co-operate in the execution of this policy.

"3. That all district organizations be authorized to permit any coal company or any mine to employ all the men it may require for maintenance, repairs, development, construction or production of coal, providing, however, that such company agrees with the district to pay the existing wage schedules and carry out the existing agreement temporarily until a district agreement is negotiated.

"4. That any agreement negotiated under this policy shall be submitted for ratification to a district convention or a referendum vote of the respective districts."

WORLD CONGRESS URGES STRUGGLE AGAINST FASCISM

Delegates From Many Lands at Meet

Continued from Page One

congress must adopt a program with such a message for the millions of workers all over the world, and a firm practical line for all countries, from China to America.

"The congress work must provide the steel foundation also for consolidating the Communist Parties of all nations. Long live international revolution."

After his address the delegates rose and sang the Internationale.

Following comrades were elected to the Presidium: Bell, Great Britain; Bucharin, Soviet Union; Cachin, France; Chitarov, Young Communist International; Foster, United States; Carlandi, Italy; Humbertdroz, Switzerland; Jilek, Tcheckoslovakia; Katayama, Japan; Kilboom, Scandinavia; Kuusinen, Finland; Lacorda, South America; Lenski, Poland; Losovski, Red International of Trade Unions; Lovestone, United States; Manuilski, Soviet Union; Molotov, Soviet Union; Murphy, Great Britain; Manavar, Indonesia; Piatnitzki, Soviet Union; Remmele, Germany; Saris, Greece; Schueller, Young Communist International; Semard, France; Sierra, Italy; Stalin, Soviet Union; Stankov, Balkans; Strachow, China; Likuang, China; Thaelmann, Germany; Sekander, India; Koschieva, Poland; Zapotocky, Tcheckoslovakia; and Clarazetkin, Germany.

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Monarchist Who Urged Horthy Police to Take Bėla Kun by Force, Released

TRUSTIFICATION SHOWN AS TREND IN INDUSTRIES

Giant Monopolies Are Capitalist Ideal

By LELND OLDS
(Federated Press)

The age of competitive industry is drawing to a close. It will be followed by an era of giant monopolies operating under government franchise and supervision. This is the view of Prof. Schalenbach of the University of Cologne, termed by the New York Times "one of the greatest authorities on industrial economics." He forecasts an entirely different industrial world from that in which the present labor movement developed its tactics.

AVast Trustification

Most observers are concerned with the spread of industrial and financial mergers in the United States and of international cartels in Europe. But Schmalenbach sees mergers and cartels as a transition to state trustification, while profits will still go to the owning class.

In competitive industry wages and raw material costs are important, compared with overhead and administration expenses which do not fluctuate with the ups and downs of plant operation. The machine has signed the death warrant of this era, according to Schmalenbach.

Recently the U. S. department of commerce issued a survey showing the increasing role played by international cartels in Europe's economic and political life. It points out that carefully organized national cartels, called trusts in America, play a leading part in this development.

In the United States the year so far has seen an unprecedented succession of industrial mergers. Oil, steel, automobile, building material, coal, food, drugs, amusements, public utilities, banking, in all these fields financiers have been working toward control of competition.

Standard Oil.

The great Standard Oil units are revamping their structure in order to control petroleum from the well until it is delivered to the consumer. The Texas Corporation and the California Petroleum Corporation combined to form a unit with assets of about $380,000,000. Republic Iron and Steel merged with Trumbull Steel. The Chrysler-Dodge merger is still in the air when the Studebaker- Pierce-Arrow combination is announced. Certain-teed Products takes over the Beaver Board companies. Continental Can and U. S. Can combine. The smokeless coal producers of West Virginia work out the details of the first large consolidation in the bituminous industry.

United Drug merges with Sterling Products. The Keith companies join the Orpheum Circuit. The Postal Telegraph-Commercial Cables companies combine with International Telephone and Telegraph. American Power and Light and Montana Power form a new giant power combine and other great power holding companies continue to absorb utilities. The Washburn-Crosby Company, the Red Star Milling Company and other flour mills, at the direction of National City Bank interests, join to form the General Mills, Inc., becoming the largest unit in the field. These are but a few of the mergers since January. Bankers and industrialists predict that the merger movement will continue with increasing velocity.

Trade Associations.

Trade associations are becoming an important factor in consolidating industries and limiting competition. Oil, cotton, wool, steel, jute, all these and others have developed alliances to protect profiteers against the industrial chaos threatened by the growth of productive power in every field beyond all possible sales.

Throughout the capitalist world this change in the industrial order is proceeding rapidly. In England as in America echoes the refrain that "free competition is everywhere tending to end in forms of monopoly." Everywhere there is increasing pressure for changes in a legal system which was developed to protect the individualist business against contracts, conspiracies or what not in restraint of trade. The financiers want to remove legal restraints on price, production and market control.

If labor merely acquiesces in the legal changes advocated by organized capital, its fate in the new era of state-franchised monopolies will not differ materially from that of servile or slave populations in the past.

Discover Body of Man Whose Home Burned

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., July 19.—Further investigation of the mysterious fire which destroyed the home of John Budah last week was being conducted here today following the discovery of the farmer's body hanging from a tree on an adjoining farm last night. Sheriff Van Connell and Coroner Henry Larsen, who examined the body, today expressed the belief that Budah may have set fire to his own home and then committed suicide.

Militarists Head Funeral of Mexican Flyer

The funeral procession of Capt. Emilio Carranza, Mexican flyer, marked the last stage of his imperialist "good will" flight which ended tragically when his plane crashed in New Jersey, killing the flyer. Photo shows the funeral procession at 42nd St. and Broadway, with American soldiers heading the line of mqrch.

ELECTION LAWS IN UNITED STATES

(Continued.)

By JULIUS CODKIND.

A report from the United States census bureau dealing with the foreign-born whites of voting age in 48 leading cities throughout the country in 1920 shows in every instance that much more than half of the foreign-born population are not naturalized and therefore ineligible to vote, althought they are quite welcome in the country as producers of huge totals of surplus values. The total thus disfranchised amounts to 3,400,000 in these 48 cities alone. The laws are particularly stringent against the rights of foreign-born workers to become citizens of the country, five years continuous residence being required for obtaining citizenship, in addition to many technical requirements that must be met.

Negroes in South.

In the South, the Negro population, which is about equal to that of the whites, is almost wholly disfranchised. Such Negroes who have qualified to vote by payment of full taxes required in several of the states, and who have registered and otherwise complied with stringent provisions of the law find themselves arbitrarily challenged and subject to arrest if they dare to appear at the polls.

In South Carolina, where each party prints its own ballots, Negroes who call for the democratic ballot are permitted to register their "opinion." Other Negroes are generally arrested if they dare to go through with an attempt to vote. Many of the Southern states circumvented the 14th Amendment to the Federal Constitution by special laws containing property requirements, etc. In order that these laws might apply to the Negroes only, a "grandfather clause" was usually added which excepted from these laws all whose grandfathers had voted before the Civil War. No Southern Negro, of course, had the privilege of voting before the Civil War.

A comparison of the vote in Georgia, one of the most backward of the Southern states, and the state of Indiana, whose population is about equal to that of Georgia, reveals this condition more clearly than words can picture. The census of 1920 gives the population of Indiana as 2,942,210 and that of Georgia as 2,910,598. The vote for president in 1920 was 1,108,000 in Indiana, and 151,000 in Georgia.

The census of 1920 shows only 51½ million eligible to vote in the whole country, of which only 26½ million actually voted in that year which was a presidential year and therefore attracts the highest total of votes.

All this, of course, militates directly against the chances of working class parties, because the masses of the disfranchised are almost wholly workers among whom are large sections of highly class-conscious and militant workers.

When the votes have been finally registered, the counting is done by the election boards in each election precinct. These boards consist of officials appointed by the dominant political parties and usually compensated by the state. There are no non-partisan officials, although in New York, the Honest Ballot Association, which is a semi-private institution, is permitted to send watchers to the various precincts. It has rarely been the experience of the writer that one of these honest ballot watchers has interceded to safeguard the vote of minority parties.

In addition to the officials of the board, the New York law provides for two watchers from each "'legal' political party" and one from each "independent" group or party. The Workers (Communist) Party in New York goes on the ballot as independent.

Police "Protection."

The state also provides a uniformed policeman for each board. In practice, this policeman intervenes only on behalf of the election board officials, i.e., generally sneak-thieves and gangsters whose duty it is to see that ballots of opponents are spoiled, voided, marked, defaced and finally not counted.

These officials assume czaristic powers. It is common practice for them to resort to bodily violence where they are being thwarted by a good watcher. On several occasions before the left wing split, when the socialist party was electing minor officials in New York, these officials who, as candidates for re-election, had every legal right to enter the polling places, received bad beatings when they attempted to protest against fraud and vote stealing. In no instance was the policeman on duty known to interfere and never was a judge to be found who would consent to act against the grossest violation of the law.

Although generally the law painstakingly makes careful provision for the safeguarding of the vote, the rule is invariably to disregard the law and to violate its every provision, so long as the parties of Wall Street are served and no official, no policeman, no district attorney, and no judge will ever consent to enforce its provisions or prosecute any violation made on behalf of these parties.

Democracy in America resolves itself into the proposition that new or minor parties seriously making a bid to elect any of their candidates find themselves from the first engaged in a series of bitter struggles. Fraud and violence rule supreme. The brutal dictatorship of the bourgeoisie throwing aside all pretense of decency and legality comes to the fore naked and unashamed. Workers participating in the parliamentary campaigns in America learn very quickly that the bourgeoisie will never surrender political power without a desperate resort to arms.

Perth Amboy Strikers Plan Workers' Social

A social for Perth Amboy shirt workers, who are now on strike, will be held today in the Workers' Home, 308 Elm St., Perth Amboy. All workers have been invited to attend the affair. Strikers will be admitted free of charge.

INDICTED HALTS HEARING.

WASHINGTON, July 19 (FP).—The senate investigating committee on patronage corruption was getting ready to summon as a witness Perry Howard, special assistant attorney general of the United States when Mabel Walker Willebrandt, assistant attorney general, went to Mississippi and caused Howard to be indicted for selling federal patronage. This indictment shuts off testimony until after the November election.

"OFFICIAL OBSERVERS" LAND IN NICARAGUA

MANAGUA, July 19.—The latest contingent of "official observers" who will follow the course of the American marine-superintended elections here in the fall has arrived in Nicaragua.

Professor Harold W. Dodds, of Princeton, and 22 naval ensigns, who comprise the last contingent, are to be added to General Frank McCoy's general staff at once.

Besides the 66 officers of the American army, navy and marine corps who will see that the elections are brought off in a satisfactory way, all the American marines not actively engaged in the campaign against General Sandino will be drafted to stand guard at the polls.

The 666 marines who arrived here yesterday have already been disposed advantageously for poll duty.

In view of the recent elimination of two conservative candidates, the rumor is already gaining ground here that General Moncada's services in betraying the cause of the liberal army to Col. Henry L. Stimson, at Tipitapa, will be rewarded with the presidency by the Americans in the autumn.

FOUND GUILTY OF "HIGH TREASON" JUDGED TOO ILL

Called for Violence Against Kun

VIENNA, July 19.—Gustav Wolff, leader of the Austrian monarchist party, was tried by a jury here today and found guilty of high treason.

The monarchist made himself very conspicuous during the trial of the Communist leader, eBla Kun. By means of speaking, writing curdling letters and fiery statements he called upon the Hungarian fascists to invade Austria in armed bands and forcibly take Bela Kun from the Austrial police and turn him over to Horthy justice.

The Budapest police were only too eager to carry out the suggestion, and did all in their power to induce the Vienna government to turn Bela Kun over to them. The demonstrations of workers, however, were too menacing, and eBla Kun remained in an Austrian jail.

The jury found Wolff guilty and sentenced him to one year in prison. Soon after the verdict was delivered the monarchist was set free to enter a hospital. He will be allowed to serve his term whenever he gets better, it was announced.

PORTER GETS TWO ONE HALF YEARS

Defies Authorities At Court-Martial

Continued from Page One

the witness stand in his own behalf. court-martial. There was a short The idea was not pleasant to the adjaurnment s othat Porter could be warne dof the consequences and wha th emight expect if he took the stand. He replied that he insisted on giving his testimony.

The first questions were made by the defense attorney, Shorr:

"Where and when were you born?"

"Exiter, New Hampshire, May 14, 1909."

"How old were you when you enlisted in the army?"

"Sixteen."

"When did you leave the army?"

"July, 1927."

"What was your reason for leaving the army?"

Porter replied:

"I wish to repudiate the statements of the 'investigation.' The reason I deserted the army was because I found out that the army is a tool of the capitalists and is used against the workers I learned that the army and the national guard is used to break strikes and defend the investments of the capitalists. I objected to being used for these purposes."

"Did you object to the purposes of the army when you enlisted?" Porter was asked.

Learned While in Army.

"At that time, I was only sixteen and did not realize the purposes of the army. I learned from other soldiers of many cases in which the military forces have been used against the workers. Many of them realize the purpose of the army."

Fear ran thru the court-martial. The officers had been startled when Porter stated his reasons for leaving the army. But the knowledge that he was not the only one to realize the anti-labor role of the army was a serious problem.

Efforts for Long Sentence.

The cross-examination began. The "prosecution" had no questions of importance and apparently thought that the less Porter had to say the better for them. Then, questions were open from the officers of the court-martial. One, Captain Young, asked a series of questions about the identity of the other soldiers who shared Porter's knowledge about the army, but could get no information for future courts-martial trials. Captain Young tried to get Porter to make statements with the apparent purpose of making charges of "conspiracy' to give a 20 year sentence, but was completely unsuccessful, Porter being equal to the most subtle questions and coming out victor.

Practically no arguments were made by the surprised prosecution, which could not think of any reply to Porter which would not make matters worse for the authorities, and decided that actions were better than words.

Shorr made the argument for the defense. Then, the court was closed for secret discussion and the verdict.

SWORDFISH KILLS TWO.

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 19 (UP).—A swordfish today, attacked broke and sank a rowboat off Antofogasta. Two of the fishermen occupants were drowned. A third was rescued.

SATURDAY EVE., JULY 21

Most Amazing Invention of the Twentieth Century!

PROFESSOR
THEREMIN
of Soviet Russia

Produces Music from the Air

BENJAMIN GITLOW

Acting Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party and Vice Presidential Candidate

Will Speak at the Huge Demonstration

BEN GITLOW

ROXY BALLET

Russian and Oriental Dances

ARNOLD VOLPE, Conductor

SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF 50 MEN

CONEY ISLAND STADIUM

Surf Avenue and West Sixth Street

TICKETS FOR SALE ALL DAY AT THE DAILY WORKER, 26-28 UNION SQ.

Admission: 75c; $1.00; $1.25 and $1.50 All Seats Reserved

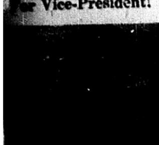
Vare Keeps Tab on All Voters for President or Dog-Catcher, Says Letter

ANdOuTS

is a popular belief that plays a big part in the life. This would seem to be out in the case of the great comedian Charles Dawes went to a park in his town, Evanston, Ill., to make ch. Despite wide advertising half a dozen people were pres- The vice-president scowled and home without saying one word could be published.

• • •

For Vice-President!



"Ma, look out! He's coming!"

"He doesn't mean anything. He's a politician. Robinson, vice presidential candidate on Al Smith's ticket."

"Why is he waving his fist?"

"Having his personality photographed."

"Why?"

"Adolph, a politician must have a platform or a personality."

"What's Al Smith got?"

"Al Smith believes a president to have something of a nose and a smile if he's going to help the working class much."

"What does Hoover think?"

"Hoover says it's absurd to think the country will stride forward unless the president has fat cheeks."

"How about Joe Robinson."

"He says it's dangerous for a big country like the United States to have a vice president without big fists."

"What good is a big fist for a politician."

"It holds more."

"Well, who's this down here."

• • •

For Secretary Of State

"That's Eddie Cannonball Martin, prize fighter."

"What's he posing like a politician for?"

"His supporters say if Joe Robinson can be vice president with a reach of 68 inches, Cannonball Martin ought to be in the cabinet with a reach of 64 inches."

• • •

The average American is born with a certain talent for lying. But he treats it so lightly it is seldom more than a hobby. Not so with senators. Their mendacity has a professional quality. For instance, [illegible] and Brookhart, before the G. O. P. convention said that Hoover would sink the farmers. Now these two senators say he will save them. He will do neither. The farmers ultimately will save themselves with the aid of the workers by setting up a government of their own.

• • •

Gems of Learning

Hubert Work, Hoover manager: "It is difficult for me to believe the farmers are in such distress as alleged." Too near the truth for a republican politician to believe.

Merchants' Association in letter to New York State Crime Commission: "There would be fewer acquittals and disagreements by juries and the number of convictions would be greater, especially in the case of crimes of violence, if more of our substantial and successful business men would serve on criminal juries." The business man is willing to forget his own past and convict all the other bandits.

Plan Miners' Relief Drive in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 19.—July 21 and July 28 is National Miners' Relief Week. All over the country the great masses of sympathizers of the striking miners are rallying behind the call for relief. In Philadelphia, monster house to house collections will be held on two Saturdays, July 21 and July 28, beginning at 1 P. M., from the following six stations:

[illegible] Girard Ave., West Philadelphia.

[illegible] Gordon St., Strawberry Mansion.

[illegible] N. Franklin St.

[illegible] Labor Lyceum, 2nd and Cambria Sts. (entrance from [illegible]

[illegible] W. cor 8th and Ritner Sts.

[illegible] Tasker St.

BALLOTS ALL MARKED WITH SECRET CODE

Machine Pays Poll Tax for Thousands

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—The Vare republican organization, like all good republicans, are 100 per cent. Americans, worship the government, including the eminent Col Coolidge, and tell all the citizens of Philadelphia to be good "law" abiding American citizens.

Tammany Hall and all the other democratic organizations do the same thing. In Philadelphia, since there is but one political party of any potency at the present time, it is necessary only to examine this Vare-controlled republican organization and see whether they really mean what their leaders and henchmen are always saying.

According to the "law" during elections, the only legal voting form is the secret, direct, Australian ballot. This would make it impossible for anyone to learn how the ballot was used. But all Philadelphians know that the Vare organization keeps tab on every voter who has voted, from president to dog-catcher.

Courageous workers, however, will vote the Workers (Communist) Party ticket and ignore the threats of the division and ward leaders(or heelers) as they are known in the local vernacular.

Marked Ballots.

How do the Vare "heelers" keep such a close tab on every voter? There are many methods employed. In the recent testimony given in the Vare-Wilson contest for senatorial seat from Pennsylvania, the stubs of the ballot in one division were all marked up by a secret code. The division "heeler" declined to admit any knowledge of the code, even going so far as to claim it meant nothing. However the lawyers, the investigators (U. S. senators), and the spectators were simply amused, realizing the significance of this code.

There is a law in the state of Pennsylvania that every voter is require dto pay 50 cents each election, this 50 cents being known as a "poll" tax. The voters are required to pay this out of their own pocket, and no one else is permitted to pay. The Vare machine, however, purchases thousands of votes each election day by paying the voters 50 cents, or rather giving him a poll tax certificate free of charge. So great is the "respect" of the machine leaders for the "almighty" law.

Free Tax Receipts.

During the hearings before the senate "investigators," one Frederick Schadt, a petty Vare election official, testifed that the 20th Ward leaders, Michatel Mullin, a deputy coroner, and Edward Connor, a magistrate, had instructed him to issue free poll tax receipts to 90 voters in the 18th division of that ward.

This testimony, revealing as it did, methods in vogue in the great "free" city of Philadelphia, was highly damaging to the Vare machine.

But it must be remembered that nothing is holy to Philadelphia republicans, and that in this city their sway is absolute. So they immediately "framed" Schadt, the government witness, had him arrested and sent to jail. This arrest and imprisonment, both illegal, was arranged not only as a punishment to Schadt for telling tales out of school, but also to intimidate any other witness who might do likewise at the further hearings to be held within a week or ten days.

It is in this fashion that the Vare republican organization sets an example of 100 per cent. enforcement, going so far as even to frame-up government witnesses.

One thing is certain, however, the workers of Philadelphia have had enough of this thing. They are going to the polls this election day and will not permit themselves to be bluffed by the threats of Vare "heelers." They will vote for Foster and Gitlow and the Workers Party ticket straight, as the only representatives of their class on the ballot.

—C. RABIN.

Al Smith a Traitor, Say Texas Democrats

DALLAS, Texas, July 19 (UP).—Alfred E. Smith, democratic presidential nominee, was branded a traitor to the constitution of the United States by V. A. Collins, keynote speaker at the organization meeting of anti-Smith democrats of Texas here today.

Collins was applauded enthusiastically by the 500 democrats who attended the meeting.

"This is a crusade to save the ideals of America," Collins declared.

Mellon On Financial Visit to Europe

PARIS, July 19.—Andrew Mellon, secretary of the treasury of the United States, and one of the wealthiest men in the world, arrived today from America and motored to Dinard.

The French finance minister announced that, as yet, no conference had been scheduled with Mellon.

Heiress' "Poverty" Makes Good Publicity

Isobel Stone, daughter of the late Gov. William A. Stone of Pennsylvania, who left her a mere $3,000,000 for spending money, is now living in a barge where singing is her favorite exercise. The lady, formerly a Broadway prima donna, knows the value of advertising and finds that "poverty" pays. Photo shows her in training.

VANCOUVER STUDENTS DENOUNCE MILITARISM

(By a Worker Correspondent)

VANCOUVER, Wash., July 19.—Ten students of the Pacific Coast Workers' Summer School distributed a leaflet denouncing the Citizens' Military Training Camps at a dance given here recently for 600 recruits marking the official closing of the camp. Starting from different parts of the hall at a prearranged signal seven girls from the school passed rapidly through the crowd, giving the leaflets to the recruits.

When the girls tried to leave, they were stopped by armed guards at the door. As soon as the officers read copies of the leaflets, they confiscated as many as they could from the recruits who had received them. Additional guards were placed at the door, with strict orders to let no one out. Boys who had received the leaflets were asked to identify the distributors.

Detained for an Hour.

Four of the students were identified and questioned by the officers. After being detained for almost an hour, the girls were released.

The leaflets were eagerly read by the recruits and others present at the dance, especially after the officers began to confiscate them. Comments ranged from a savage "Whoever did that ought to be hung!" to "Well, what they say seems to be all right."

Contain Worker Slogans.

The leaflets described the bad conditions in the camp; pointed out the function of the army and navy in protecting American investments abroad and as a strikebreaking agency at home. It contrasted conditions in the Soviet Union with conditions here, appealing to the recruits to resist all attempts to crush the Soviet Union, "the friend of the workers of all countries." Its slogans were:

Fight for a month's vacation with pay!

Fight against capitalist militarism!

Fight against imperialist aggression in China and Nicaragua!

Fight against all attempts to crush the Soviet Union!

Fight for and defend the workers' interests!

UPHOLDS RAID ON UNEMPLOYED

Philadelphia Workers Given Fines

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—Declaring that the five workers who on February 12 led an unemployment demonstration were enemies of the constitution and by inference that they had no standing before the law, Judge Alessandroni, well-known Vare machine tool, yesterday refused the appeal of these workers who were attacked by the police when they urged their demands for unemployment insurance and other support for the jobless.

The decision on this case, which has been pending since February, upholds sentence of Herbert Benjamin, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party in Philadelphia; Michael Tuoler, Jennie Cooper, Fannie Cutler and George Evans, who are charged with villifying the mayor and the president when police prevented unemployed workers from entering the headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, where a meeting of unemployed had been called. The original sentence imposed a fine of $10 on the workers.

Eleven others, who were arrested together with Benjamin, and also fined in the original hearing before Magistrate Fahnstock, were released and their appeal sustained.

The International Labor Defense will carry an appeal against this conviction to the higher courts with a view to establishing the right of workers to meet without police permit.

STRIKE AROUSES ELMIRA CHAMBER

WASHINGTON, July 19 (FP).—Copies of a circular issued by the Elmira (N. Y.) chamber of commerce to all other local chambers of commerce in the United States, denouncing the strike of the Intl Assn. of Machinists at the plant of the American-LaFrance & Foamite Corporation, in Elmira, have reached machinist general headquarters in Washington.

This circular, inspired by President Rose of the corporation, seeks to explain away the fact that he declared for the open-shop and against a wage adjustment parley, and that 289 out of 300 men in the plant walked out and have stayed out. The concern is the chief manufacturer of fire fighting equipment in the United States.

Woman Kills Self In Religious Frenzy

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 19.—Intense religious mania induced the suicide yesterday of Mrs. Annie Atkins, a 40-year-old woman who lived in Hollywood. Mrs. Atkins was stricken in the midst of the church service Sunday morning, and it required several members to quiet her. Again, Sunday afternoon, she ran through the streets, screaming and tearing off her clothes. Again friends quieted her.

Monday morning she went to the home of a friend and asked to use the telephone. Seeing a revolver on the table, she grabbed it, and shot herself through the heart, dying instantly.

CHASING INQUIRY UPHELD.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 19 (UP)—The court of appeals today upheld the "ambulance chasing" inquiry being held in New York City when it ruled that Alexander Karlin, an attorney, who had refused to testify must give his testimony. Since the inquiry started corporations have saved thousands of dollars due to the drop in damage suits.

British Cable Trust To Swallow Marconi

LONDON, July 19 (UP).—Marconi Company directors announced today that profits for 1927 were $2,152,355, permitting an interim dividend of 10 per cent, less income tax, on ordinary shares.

A general meeting will be held next fall. Then the details of the plan to merge the companies with the Eastern and Associated cable Companies in a British empire communications organization will be outlined.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

PALO VALLEY NEGROES FIGHT SEGREGATION

American Legion Backs Race Prejudice

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The Negroes of Palo Valley Southern California, adjacent to the Colorado River, are making a determined fight to prevent the introduction of segregated schools for Mexican and Negro children to begin with the coming September school sessions.

This is a cotton producing valley and is settled chiefly by people from Texas and the hinterlands of the old South, who nurse all the hatreds and prejudices of the old Negro slavery regime. The entire move for separate schools has the backing of the local American Legion, which in California has become a Negro hating, labor-bating organization. Its activities parallel those of the Ku Klux Klan.

The Negroes have formed an Anti-Segregation Society under the leadership of George Ivans, Sam J White, John Davis and John H Owens. Funds are being collected in preparation for a legal battle to test the constitutionality of such a procedure. The state constitution provides against separate schools.

A spirited mass demonstration was held on July 8, in the Methodist Church at Blythe, Cal. Plans were completed for bringing in Attorney MacBeth of Los Angeles to handle the legal end of the matter. A committee, consisting of John H. Owens Ed. Bell and Wade Bowen, was appointed to confer with the local school board and superintendent of school, Prof. George R. Scott.

Prof. Scott has been acting in a very vacillating manner, and his sympathies appear to be directed against the Negroes. Previous committees sent to confer with him have received very unsatisfactory replies

WORLD TOURISTS ARRIVE IN LONDON

2 70-Year Old Women to Visit USSR

Word was received here via cable by Milton Goodman, manager of World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave., that two groups of tourists sent out by the organization have arrived safely in London, completing the first leg of their trip to Russia.

Among the tourists is Miss Ella Ball, 70 year old educator, who, before leaving New York said that she felt that she must see the new social system being evolved in Russia before she died. Advices from London said that Miss Hall is standing up well under the excitement of the trip. Miss Hall comes from an old American family. Her grandgather is the founder of Keuka College at Keuka, New York. She will visit Central Russia, White Russia Ukraine, Crimea, Caucasus and the Don and Volga districts.

Another 70 year old member of the same group is Miss Elizabeth Sommer of Philadelphia.

20 Truckmen Strike For Wage Increase

MONTICELLO, Ia., July 19.—Twenty unorganized truck drivers, employed in highway paving near here, struck for an increase in wages. The Contractors hired scabs, whom they paid the old scale.

New Producing Firm Planning Six Attractions for Broadway

Stock producers, usually inactive on the main street known as Broadway, are going in for producing on a large scale, and for showing their attractions in Broadway theatres. Here is Charles E. Blaney, a well-known stock producer, who is to make his debut as head of a new corporation which will seek fame and fortune on the main stem. No less than six productions are planned for the coming season.

The first of these to go in rehearsal is a comedy drama titled "Trimmed" by James Hagan. The play will be tried out in Mr. Blaney's stock theatre in New Brunswick, N. J., and perhaps come here in August.

Other plays listed are "Passion's Paradise," by Jacques Harblane; "The Beautiful Shop Girl," a musical comedy; "Found Wanting"; "Hit and Run" and "The Heartache Kid," an original opus based on theatrical life. Altogether an ambitious program for a stock producer.

A crime thriller that gripped London in 1862 was given its second New York revival by the East Side Stock Company last night, when "Sweeney Todd, the Demon Barber of Fleet Street, or The String of Pearls" by Frederick Hazleton, opened at the Laboratory Theatre. The cast includes W. Gordon Craig, Lydia Cortese, Dick Adams, Marion Crowne, Helen Grayson, Byron McGrath, Burton Mallory, Karol Rembov, Walter Ellsberg, and Helen Huberth. During the week of July 23 the company will play W. S. Gilbert's "Engaged."

Marie Saxon, last seen here in "The Ramblers," will be the prima donna in Lewis E. Gensler's production "Ups-a-Daisy," the musical comedy with which Mr. Gensler will make his debut as a manager on Broadway where he is known already as a composer of musical scores.

W. C. Fields will be starred by Earl Carroll in his new "Vanities," which opens August 6th, at the Earl Carroll Theatre.

LEGLESS FLYER STARTS SOON.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., July 19 (UP).—M. R. "Dinger" Daugherty, legless, one-armed aviator, who hopes to fly to Rome on a transatlantic solo flight, said he expected to get started today or tomorrow.

"I may start this afternoon if the weather is all right," he said. "I'll go north over Trenton, Staten Island and then to Long Island."

STAR OF "THE LADDER."

Carroll McComas, who plays the leading role in the United Actors' philosophical play, "The Ladder," at the Cort Theatre.

YACHT MANIACS SHANGHAI CREW

Must Sink or Swim to Land, They Boast

(By Federated Press).

If the big sailing yacht Azara breezes first across the Atlantic to Santander, Spain to win King Alphonso's gold cup, the speed boat's owner can thank union seamen for his victory. The Baker brothers, Detroit owners of the Azara, broke all precedents for millionaire yachtsmen when they went to the Seamen's Union hall in New York for a deep-water crew.

Her rival, the Atlantic, recruited a crew from byways of Brooklyn's waterfront, put them on the yacht two days before sailing and then anchored off Sandy Hook. "They'll have to sink or swim to get ashore," said Millionaire Bell of New York to prevent another rebellion of forecastle hands.

TRAIN CRASH KILLS 10.

WARSAW, Poland, July 19 (UP).—Ten persons were killed and many injured today when a passenger train collided with a freight train at Gronjec, near Warsaw. Four passenger cars were demolished.

NEW MACHINES OUST MONESSEN TIN CO. WORKERS

July 4th Off—Without Pay, of Course

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MONESSEN, Pa., (By Mail).—I will write a few lines about the working conditions here in Monessen. The American Sheet and Tin Plate Company sure was generous to their workers. We got one day off for the 4th of July (naturally without pay), and some of the workers took advantage of their holiday and left town. Being that they could not get back here in time to report for work they just naturally lost their jobs.

That's how strict the bosses are here if a worker can't report for work every day—he can get out and stay out. Many others are willing to take their places.

Inventions Oust Workers.

The Pittsburgh Steel started up No. 2 Rod Mill just recently, which will give a few more workers a chance to earn more profits for the bosses. No. 2 Rod Mill has been closed for quite a while since No. 1 with its new patent machines, could take care of all the orders with less human labor and greater output. No. 2 mill would require at least four times as many workers as No. 1. So now, since they have more orders to fill, they have to start up No. 2 where the workers get about 2 or 3 days a week, while No. 1 works 7 days a week.

Page Steel and Wire Company hired about 6 men the other morning to work for about $3 a day. Their work didn't last no more than three days because the company received a couple carloads of brick and they wanted them unloaded in a hurry. The boss was sure a nice real fellow to work for. When he saw that your wheel-barrow was not loaded to the top he just gave you a yellow slip and told you to go to the office and draw your money.

That's the kind of working conditions we have here in Monessen. Pa.

—J. E. M.

SMALLER BILLS; LESS MONEY.

WASHINGTON, July 19 (UP).—Acting Secretary of Treasury Mills announced today the new United States paper money—about one-third smaller than present bills—will be put in circulation July 1, 1929.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
May Wirth, Phil & Family in BIG FREE CIRCUS
BATTLE OF CHATEAU-THIERRY
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'way Wis. 1789
Premiere Revival Showing "STARK LOVE"
also Robert Flaherty's "MOANA" and "The Birth of Films," Charlie Chaplin's first screen test

HOOVER BUNK MAN ACTIVE.

CHICAGO, July 18 (UP).—Henry J. Allen of Wichita, Kansas, publicity manager for the presidential campaign of Herbert Hoover, arrived here today from Washington.

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures [illegible] the Party on the ballot at the following head[illegible] which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

TO ALL OUR READERS:
PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTIZERS
Do not forget at all times to mention that you are a reader of The DAILY WORKER. Fill out this coupon stating where you buy your clothes, furnishings, etc.
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Address ....
Your name ....
Address ....
Mail to
DAILY WORKER
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NEW YORK CITY

GROCERY CLERKS CHOSE OFFICERS; 2 FIRMS SETTLE

Members Endorse Left Wing Leadership

With very few exceptions, the entire leadership of the Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union will be re-elected to office for another term, according to the overwhelming sentiment exhibited by the membership in renominating their officers. Most of the candidates for the union's important posts remain uncontested. The nominations were held Tuesday night at a mass membership meeting in Stuyvesant Casino, after the officers had delivered a report of the union's organizing activities.

Members Endorse Strike

The members unanimously endorsed the report of the strike among the fruit store clerks.

Announcement that a banquet is being prepared to celebrate on August 3 the first anniversary of the union's existence outside the United Hebrew Trades, was received with enthusiasm. The union has severed its affiliation with the United Hebrew Trades after the reactionaries in control tried to destroy the union because of its militant left wing leadership. The union's strength and membership have since grown tenfold.

In completing the nominating work, the membership chose an Election and Objection Committee, which is to meet Friday evening immediately after work in the union office, 117 Second Ave. All nominees are called upon to appear before the committee if their names are to appear on the official ballot. Elections will take place in two weeks.

Firms Sign Agreements

Max Budig Dairy Co., 165 E. 156th St., Bronx, and the Handler Bros. Dairy Co., 862 Hunts Point Road, Bronx, yesterday signed agreements with the union, according to an announcement issued today. The firms agreed to grant all conditions called for in the union agreement to the clerks in their stores.

PUBLIC PROTEST HITS GAS MERGER

Kenny Big Stockholder In Both Concerns

The public hearing today held before the Upstate Public Service Commission on the proposed $1,000,000,000 merger of the Brooklyn Edison Company with the Consolidated Gas Company of New York was adjourned until July 25 after representatives of various civic organizations had protested bitterly that their objections to the proposed merger were not being given a fair hearing.

Representatives of the two companies testified that the proposed merger would bring "beneficial results."

The Consolidated Gas Company, one of the corporations involved in the merger, two years ago secured an increase in rates through the efforts of Prendergast, chairman of the commission and George R. Van Namee, Al Smith appointee.

It was also recently revealed that William F. Kenny, one of Smith's biggest financial supporters in his fight for the presidency, is a large stockholder in both the Consolidated Gas Company and in the Brooklyn Edison Company.

METAL WORKERS BREATHE POISON

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The 250 workers in the Shapiro and Aronson, Metal Co. work under very unsanitary conditions. The young workers between the ages of 18 and 19 years old make 12 to 14 dollars per week while workers 20 years old and over earn $20 to $25 per week.

On the 5th floor the different metal and chemical materials we produce, poison the air we breath. If the room was larger and the ceiling higher, the hazards would not be so dangerous. We are only allowed one-half hour for lunch and therefore have no chance to go out in the open air and must rush thru without lunch in order to be back to work on time.

The organized workers today work only 8 hours per day while we work 8½ hours. We have a 48 hour week while the organized workers have a 44 hour week. They have an hour for lunch while we have only a half hour.

It is only thorugh organization that we can better our conditions get shorter hours and more wages.

We must organize floor committees which will be able to take the first step in bettering our conditions and who will help in the organization of the entire factory.

We want to hear from other workers through The DAILY WORKER.

BUFFALO, July 19 (UP).—Two persons were killed and two others were injured today when a touring car in which they were riding was struck by a New York Central train at Clarence, near here.

Tammany Grafters Plead "Not Guilty"

Peter B. [illegible] (left) and Andrew Zorn, business associates of the late John M. Phillips, sewer pipe king and chief of the Tammany graft machine in Queens, pleaded "not guilty" in federal court on charges of income tax frauds.

EXPOSE MCGRADY SEEKING "PEACE"

3,000 Furriers Jam Big Hall at Meet

Despite the sweltering heat yesterday, three thousand furriers crowded the big hall in Cooper Union in answer to the call of the Joint Board of the Furriers Union and heard their leader, Ben Gold, tell how Edward F. McGrady, union-wrecking emissary of the American Federation of Labor, had made "peace overtures" when he saw that his scab union is about to fall to pieces.

Exposes Faker

"Not that McGrady desired peace," Gold explained; "it was merely a gesture to obtain a breathing space for his tottering structure." To prove that the A. F. of L. fakers were actually ready to confer with the "dreaded" Communists, a facsimile of a telegram was exhibited, signed by McGrady and sent to Charles Stetsky. The telegram instructed Stetsky to have an intermediary named Cohen ask the Joint Board to wait till McGrady returned from Troy for negotiations. The telegram is countersigned by Isidor Cohen, who certifies that this telegram was given to him by Stetsky with instructions that he follow out its requirements.

Movement for Single Union

The climax of Gold's speech was his declaration that from now on the movement of the fur workers for a single union in the industry was taking on new forms. That all elements in the struggle for one union will be united to deal the final death blow to the fast-disintegrating scab company union, the Joint Council which is completely controlled by the employers.

An interesting sidelight, which supports the contention that the Joint Council is about to collapse, was the announcement by Gold at the beginning of his speech that other groups, besides the Sorkin-Winnick group, were seeking opportunities to talk "peace" with the Joint Board. The Sorkin group, still functionaries of the Joint Council, is now in public conflict with the Stetsky-McGrady gang.

S. Liebowitz, assistant manager, was chairman of the meeting.

Other speakers at the meeting were Irving Potash, Louis Cohen and J. Winogradsky.

Resolution Unanimously Passed

The resolution unanimously passed, which shows a definite trend toward a new orientation in the struggle against the A. F. of L., socialism and their boss allies, declares in part:

Whereas, the A. F. of L. Company Union has broken off negotiations that have been going on for the past several months with the object of putting an end to the attack on the Furriers Union; and

Whereas, the Company Union, in league with the bosses, gangsters and with the Industrial Squad, is conducting a vicious campaign of terror, arresting and beating the workers who are demanding July increases from their employers; and

Whereas, the A. F. of L. Company Union is practicing actual holdups on the fur workers with the sole purpose of extorting money from them and thus functioning as an organization of racketeers in the fur trade; and

Whereas, the misleaders of the A. F. of L. have in their campaign of terror in the Furriers Union broken the Furriers Union, sold out the union conditions and the wages of the fur workers to the bosses, and reduced the fur workers to a condition of helplessness and want; and

Whereas, there has already arisen from all directions a rank and file movement for One Union of all fur workers, without any exceptions, a movement which is being fought most viciously by the misleaders of the A. F. of L. Company Union; be it therefore

Resolved by the fur workers assembled at Cooper Union on Wednesday, July 18, to give full power to the Joint Board to unite all elements that have joined the movement for One Union, and, as soon as possible, with these united forces, re-establish one powerful union of fur workers that should be capable of restoring the 40-hour week, in-

SMITH TO HAVE $10,000,000 FUND

No Limit Set to Big Contributions

The declaration of Herbert H. Lehman, Morgan-controlled banker, and financial director of the Smith election campaign that there would be no limit to the Smith slush fund is believed in informed circles here to be an invitation to the republican party campaign managers to adopt publicly a similar policy. In this way, it is said, the usual charges of "buying" the election will this year be avoided, and both old parties will be free to pile up record totals.

$10,000,000 Estimate.

Estimates of $10,000,000 as the probable amount of the democratic campaign slush fund was received here as being far too low. At least five millions, it was pointed out, was expended in putting over Calvin Coolidge in a campaign in which there was little threat to the republican chances. This sum was the probable expenditure of only the national committee and did not take account of the enormous outlays of the state organizations and the numerous "unofficial disbursements. The present campaign will see between twenty-five and thirty millions expended by both parties, it was declared.

Unlimited Slush Fund.

There will be no limitations on the size of contributions, Lehman admitted. Asked if the present campaign expenditures would exceed those of all previous campaigns, Lehman agreed that "there will be many factors which will make it expensive. Every state in the north, east and west will be considered debatable ground," the banker said. This was taken to mean that an intensive and nation-wide drive on a hitherto unknown scale would be made. Estimates are that $2,000,000 will be expended in New York state alone.

The contributors to the campaign will be the large corporations, it is understood. In fact the same ones who contribute to the republican chest will as in other years be found on the democratic list. Observers are watching with considerable interest the extent of financial support which will be given to Smith by the traction companies, especially the B.-M. T. with whom Smith has entered in a deal to raise fares and by the power interests. Wm. F. Kenny, old crony of Al Smith and multimillionaire contractor, has declared that he would give all he had "for love of Al." Kenny is one of the controlling stockholders in the Third Avenue Railroad now seeking a fare increase. It has also been learned that Kenny is a heavy stockholder in the Consolidated Gas Company, recently combined with the Brooklyn Edison Company, and which was able through Al Smith's upstate public service commission to secure an increase in rates two years ago.

"SUBVERSIVE ELEMENTS"

French Communists Arouse Chamber

PARIS (By Mail).—In the French chamber of deputies an extended discussion on the budget and appropriations for the army and navy led to a heated debate between the Communists and the government forces.

One, Fieullien, a supporter of the government, denounced with a tremulo in his voice "the scandalous propaganda which subversive elements spread in the army. The patriotic press has already noticed this propaganda which is carried on by the Communists. Public opinion is enraged. The government should do something about it. I demand that the minister take all necessary measures."

The Communist deputy retaliated:

"We spread propaganda only among the workers in the army!"

And all the reactionaries jumped, crying: "There's the admission! There's the admission!"

"Tell me this, then," replied the Communist deputy, Jacquemotte: "You do not by any chance spread religious and capitalist propaganda in the army, do you?"

The debate was prolonged in great heat.

BEGIN NEW YORK SIGNATURE DRIVE AT BIG MEETING

State Campaign Now In Full Swing

With their hall crowded to capacity and a high spirit of enthusiasm prevailing, Sections 2 and 3 of the Workers (Communist) Party, after listening to a report by Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager of District Two, at a membership meeting held at their section headquarters, unanimously decided that every member of their section must immediately report for nominating petitions in the territory in which they live and start collecting their quota of signatures to place the Party candidates on the ballot in New York City.

This decision was made in view of the fact that no local candidates are being run by the Workers Party in the territory covered by these sections.

Active Militants.

The membership of these two sections are among the most active elements in the ranks of the Party—most of them are needle trades workers who have actively participated in the most important labor struggles in the city. They will report at the section headquarters in upper and lower Bronx, Harlem, Downtown Manhattan, Williamsburg, Brownsville, Boro Park and Astoria. It is expected that they will contribute largely to the success of the signature drive throughout the city.

Membership meetings have also been held in Williamsburg, addressed by John Di Santo and in Astoria, Queens, at which Abraham Markoff reported on the election campaign. Astoria will start its signature drive on Monday, July 23, at the Bohemian Hall, Woolsey and 2nd.

These complete the series of membership meetings which have been held in every section of the city to mobilize the Party for the signature drive.

Campaign in Swing.

The campaign to put the Workers Party on the ballot in New York City is now in swing. Campaign committees have been elected to supervise the drive in the various section headquarters established for this purpose.

Section 7, Boro Park, was the first to open the drive in the city, last Sunday. With a minimum of 1,500 signatures necessary to place the candidate in the 9th assembly district, Kings, on the ballot, Section 7 believes that an early start is essential. Party members living in Bath Beach, Bensonhurst and Coney Island are expected to assist the Boro Park Section.

Section 1, Downtown, has already begun sending out committees and declares it will be the first to reach its quota.

Section 8, Brownsville, has made a careful study of its district. It is determined to put the candidates in the 22nd and 23rd assembly district on the ballot in a short time and then to start on signatures for a candidate in the 18th assembly district.

Section 5, Bronx, has set Monday, July 23, as the date for the opening of its drive.

Harlem and Williamsburg are mobilizing their membership in preparation for an intensive campaign.

Quota: 100 Signatures.

The quota for each Party member is 100 signatures. Only the determined efforts of the membership will place the candidates of the Workers Party on the ballot. Every Party member must report at the designated headquarters.

On the Party Days designated by the district, July 23, 24, 25, 30, 31 and August 1, special efforts will be made to rally the Party members behind the drive.

The following is a list of headquarters in the city where petitions may be obtained:

Section 1, Downtown Manhattan, 60 St. Marks Place.

Section 4, Harlem, (a) 143 East 103rd Street. (b) 200 West 135th St., Room 210.

Section 5, Bronx, (a) 2075 Clinton Avenue. (b) 2700 Bronx Park East. (c) 715 East 138th Street.

Section 6, Williamsburg, (a) 29 Graham Ave., Brooklyn. (b) 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn.

Section 7, Boro Park, 1373 43rd St., Broklyn.

Section 8, Brownsville, 154 Watkins St., Brooklyn.

Section 9, Queens, Bohemian Hall, Woolsey St. and 2nd Avenue.

BALL LEAGUE OF HOSE WORKERS

PHILADELPHIA, July 19. — Branch No. 1 of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers has formed a workers' baseball league comprising 7 teams. Teams are formed by the shop associations and the games are played in the evening in the Kensington section of the city.

The teams have been playing from the beginning of the season, though without formal organization or regular schedule. Officers of the local have endorsed these workers' teams and are encouraging the formation of others.

Workers Calender

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Philadelphia Picnic.

Workers (Communist) Party, District Three, will hold a picnic and carnival on Labor Day at Shutzen Park. Benjamin Gitlow will speak.

• • •

Chicago D. E. C. Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The District Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Chicago will hold an organizational conference of shop nuclei on July 22. All functionaries of various units, and comrades in different factories have been urged to attend.

• • •

Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

• • •

Philadelphia T. U. E. L. Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Trade Union Educational League of Philadelphia will hold a Grand Picnic at Maple Park Grove on August 4, beginning at 9 a. m. and ending at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing, and musical programs will be added to the speeches of prominent members returned from the U. S. S. R. All are invited to attend.

• • •

Philadelphia Campaign Meets.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., The following open-air camaign meetings will be held here on the following dates:

Friday, July 20.—7th and Ritter. Furson, Ball, Sam Burt.

Saturday July 21.—7th and Snyder. Nachowitz, Whitman Apelbaum. At Kensington and Orleans; Benjamin, Stanley and Thomas.

• • •

Philadelphia Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.,—The Workers (Communist) Party here has arranged a picnic to be held August 19 at Burholme Park. Al workers are invited to attend.

• • •

Chicago Picnic.

CHICAGO, Ill.—A picnic for the benefit of the Northwestern Shop News of Chicago will be held on July 29, under the ausices of Section 6, District 8, of the Workers (Communist) Party. In order to reach the picnic grounds, take Grand Ave. car to Sayre (7100 block), walk north to 3100 block, then one block west to 3101 North Nordica.

• • •

Roxbury-New Bedford Benefit.

A lecture, the subject of which will be, "Why Are the Textile Workers Facing Starvation?" will be held this evening at the New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., Roxbury. F. G. Biedenkapp will deliver the lecture. Come on time. Contribution 25 cents. Held for the benefit of the striking textile workers of New Bedford, Mass.

• • •

Perth Amboy Mine Relief.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J.—A mass meeting will be held here on July 21 at 8 P. M., for the purpose of starting the drive for the National Miners' Relief Campaign. It will be held at 308 Elm St., Perth Amboy.

• • •

Scranton Y. W. L. Picnic.

SCRANTON, Pa.—A picnic will be held under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Scranton, Pa., at Runo Farm, Hollow Ave., on August 5, at 10 A. M. All young workers are welcome. A very interesting program has been arranged.

• • •

Chicago Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—All workers here are expected to come to the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting on August 22, 8 P. M., at Temple Hall, Van Buren and Marshfield. The speakers will be Ralph Chaplin, M. Schulman, Guldo Serio and others. A musical program has been prepared.

• • •

Perth Amboy Mine Relief Meet.

A meeting at which a Hungarian miner will speak on the miners' strike, will be held at 308 Elm St., Perth Amboy, Saturday, July 21. There will be other speakers present.

CHINESE SEAMEN TO BE DEPORTED

Beaten Up By Police After Wage Demand

By WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19. — Twenty-three Chinese sailors aboard the Panama Mail liner Venezuela went on strike last Thursday over a wage dispute, when the ship's officers refused to listen to their spokesman.

The captain promptly called the U. S. Coast Guard cutter to the rescue, on the grounds that there was a "mutiny" on his ship, and a bitter fight followed between the unarmed Chinese sailors and a detachment of coast guord men, customs guards and special police, all of whom carried loaded pistols, the butts of which were used freely on the heads of the Chinese. The sailors, after being badly beaten up, were arrested for "rioting and mutiny," and are slated to be deported to China. The Chinese consul in this city, who was called to the scene, did nothing to assist the sailors.

The capitalist press of this city is making much of the "mutiny."

CHICAGO PIONEER CAMP OPEN SOON

CHICAGO, Ill., July 19.—Located in a beautiful spot at Round Lake, Illinois, the Pioneer Camp this year of District 8, will be by far the biggest camp ever held in this vicinity.

Plans are being made to include groups of miners' children from the southern Illinois coal regions—free of charge. Many children will come from the steel territory of Hammond, Gary and Indiana Harbor. In addition to that there will be children from Kenosha, Waukegan, Milwaukee and Chicago.

Camp will last for a six-week period, starting July 22, and ending September 2. There will be three 2-week periods of camp, with different groups of workers' children accommodated each period. Provisions are being made for all sorts of sports equipment to be installed on the camp grounds.

MILL WORKERS HOLD FALL RIVER STRIKE MEETING

Police Fail to Halt T. M. C. Meeting

Police Fail to Halt T. M. C. Meeting

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 19.—Over two thousand textile workers gathered for a Textile Mill Committees meeting on a lot and trudged a mile and a half to another meeting site after the police had succeeded in terrorizing the owner into refusing to allow the use of the rented field.

The meeting was called by the T. M. C. after hundreds of British and American workers signified their desire to hear the leaders of that organization. A special meeting was, therefore, arranged in the residential district of those workers.

Despite all the elaborate preparations of the police, they did not succeed in preventing the meeting, because the union representatives had prepared in reserve a lot rented from a union sympathizer.

The hundreds of tramping strikers were closely followed by the police, Police Chief Feeney himself making a new attempt to terrorize the owner of the field. Failing in this Feeney ordered squads of police and plain clothes men to surround the meeting as a gesture of intimidation.

The 2,000 workers assembled stayed in spite of the police and enthusiastically applauded every time the speakers mentioned the slogan, "prepare to strike."

James P. Ried, leader of the Fall River Mill Committees; A. Weisman, and Biedenkamp, of the Workers International Relief, were the speakers at the meeting.

• • •

Thousands at Meeting

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 19.—An immense crowd of many thousands held the largest and most enthusiastic mass meeting of textile workers Monday yet held by the Textile Mill Committees here. The meeting was held on Liberty Lot, purchased by the union with workers' donations, after police ordered that no meeting place be rented to the T. M. C.

Hundreds attending the meeting later came to the platform and signed up as members of the union. Strike sentiment is mounting with amazing rapidity, the meeting showed. The T. M. C. is now preparing strike machinery for a struggle to regain wages cut by the mill owners here.

FED. RESERVE RAISES RATES

WASHINGTON, July 19 (UP).—Federal Reserve Banks at Boston and St. Louis will establish five per cent discount rates Thursday, the Federal Reserve Board announced today.

New Orleans Launches Pre-Election Clean-Ups

NEW ORLEANS, July 19.—New Orleans is being swept by squads of patrolmen and detectives, in the usual pre-election "cleanup" for the purpose of polling more votes in the fall, carrying out the orders of Police Superintendent Thomas Healey, to "clean out the gamblers."

Police reported 28 arrests today, a small percentage of the alleged gamblers, lottery sellers, confidence men, and hand bookers picked up since the "clean-up" was launched.

POSTPONE LABOR DEFENSE OUTING

Workers Are Urged to Support Affair

The outing of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, which was scheduled to take place at Pleasant Bay Park this Saturday, has been postponed until Saturday, August 11. The I. L. D. has decided to postpone its affair in order that all workers may attend the concert at Coney Island Stadium Saturday, arranged by The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit.

The outing on August 11 will be the same as originally scheduled, it is announced. Athletics, games, open-air dancing, a torch-light parade, a mass scene and other numbers will be included on the program.

Tickets are 35 cents and are on sale at the office of the I. L. D., 799 Broadway, Room 422, and at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. All tickets bought for the old date will be good on Aug. 11.

Volunteers Needed For Stadium Concert Work

Five hundred volunteer workers are wanted by the DAILY WORKER to help organize the Coney Island Stadium concert at which Leon Theremin and Volpe's orchestra will perform, on Saturday.

All those who volunteer to help should report at The DAILY WORKER business office, 26-28 Union Square, (second floor) immediately. It is very important.

PRISONER ESCAPES.

TORONTO, July 19 (UP).—After receiving a letter yesterday that his mother had died two weeks ago, Thomas Burns, 24, doing three months for carrying a revolver, escaped from Toronto Jail today. He was a model prisoner, a trusty, and was due to be released Friday.

SHOE WORKERS TO HOLD PICNIC ON JULY 22ND

Expect Thousands at July 22nd Affair

A picnic, which is being held to celebrate the unification of all former groups of shoe workers under the banner of the new organization, the Independent Shoe Workers Union of Greater New York, will be held Sunday, July 22, at Hauses Park and Casino, 463 Flushing Ave., Astoria, Long Island.

The increasing pressure of the bosses in the trade against the living standards of the 40,000 New York shoe workers, the fearful speed-up and increase in hours under which some workers toil 90 hours per week has made organization sentiment particularly strong during the past months, leaders of the union declare.

The picnic is to signalize the beginning of a new period in the activities of the workers in the industry, it is declared.

A first-class concert program has been arranged. There will also be dancing, good music and refreshments. A large turnout is expected.

Worker Dies In Blast In Peru Hoodoo Mine

PERU, Ill., July 19. — Anton Shimkus, one of the few men induced to work in the mine shaft here, died of injuries he received after a discharge of dynamite shot. The explosion caught Shimkus and buried him under several tons of coal. Shimkus was 45 years of age.

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Editor..............................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor...................WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ **WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY**

For the Workers!
For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

Final Betrayal of the Miners

John L. Lewis and his henchmen of the United Mine Workers' Union have long ago been exposed stark naked as traitors to the coal miners of the United States. During the past months there has not been a rag left to tear off of these scoundrels which could further expose them as outright agents and practically employees of the Mellon and other scab coal barons.

Now the only remaining thing that could happen has happened—Lewis and his "policy committee" have openly admitted in a public statement that the policy they are trying to force upon the bituminous miners is the abandonment of the Jacksonville scale and the surrender of the workers of the entire coal industry, district by district in separate agreements, to complete scab conditions. This ghastly act of Lewis might be called a stab in the back of every coal miner of the United States if it had any of the character of a surprise. But The DAILY WORKER, the Workers (Communist) Party and the militant movement among the miners has long ago exposed every detail of the aims and tactics of the Lewis bureaucracy. Therefore Lewis' statement issued Wednesday at Indianapolis can only be called a confession to all the crimes this corrupt strike-breaking gang was accused of.

What did we accuse Lewis of? We said he, as an agent of the capitalist class in general, and of the scab operators in particular, was aiming straight for the smashing up of all of the union that had any militancy, so as to reduce what remained to a virtual company union ruled by the coal operators through himself. We said that Lewis, while pretending to fight for the Jacksonville scale (a pitiful enough aim), was really manoeuvering to force the miners back into open-shop pits at wages below the Jacksonville scale. We said further that Lewis was going straight toward the goal of a general surrender of the principle and practice of national agreements; that his real plan from the beginning was to destroy the national front of the union by jockeying the miners in each district into signing separate agreements of abject surrender..

In the momentous statement at Indianapolis, Lewis cold-bloodedly confesses to every sordid crime of which he is accused. Miners, accept anything you can get below the Jacksonville scale!—says Lewis. Give up to the bosses in every district separately! Don't even stand together while surrendering, so as to get the best terms that a defeated army can get, but divide up into separate districts and flee before the enemy as a disorganized rabble! This is the counsel of treason offered by John L. Lewis and the United Mine Workers' Union to the coal miners!

But The DAILY WORKER has something entirely different to say to the coal miners. Lewis' open confession must be made a final signal of warning to the coal miners of the entire country that any further delay or hesitation in rallying to the construction of the new Mine Workers' Union can only result in the entire destruction of unionism in the American coal industry.

Miners! Long ago you have been warned that the United Mine Workers' Union has been destroyed as a labor organization by the systematic treason of the Lewis bureaucracy. Lewis and the shell of an organization to which he clings with the help of police, company gunmen and bosses, can lead you nowhere but to destruction.

Prior to this latest confession, the more militant sections of the old union have been on the march toward the building of the new Mine Workers' Union. District after district has discarded the company agents who were acting as officers of the union and have taken steps to participate in the great national convention called for September 9, when the new union will be founded.

The advance guard has long ago started. This confession of Lewis must be made to open the eyes of new scores of thousands of coal miners who have been slow to see and believe.

On to the September convention!

The mine workers will not consent to be slaves forever.

On with the great new union of coal miners!

Sailors and Sanity

Last year one sky-pilot organization which preys upon seafaring men distributed to sailors in New York waters, according to its boast, nearly 1,000,000 copies of religious periodicals and 50,000 bibles. "Captain Benn," the most persistent of the dope distributors, claims that this mystic literature is a necessity to prevent insanity among sailors who must go on long, monotonous journeys. In other words, when cooped up on a wind-jammer for thirty days at sea with nothing else to read, the sodden mysticism of religious tracts produces a sort of semi-idiocy which it is claimed will prevent the more violent forms of insanity. It seems to be an application of the theory by which a man is vaccinated with smallpox germs as a preventative against the virulent form of smallpox.

This ought to be considered a challenge to the Workers (Communist) Party to stiffen up its work of getting into the hands of seafaring men the intelligent literature which will educate them as class conscious members of their own class, grasping its perspective and understanding its glorious historic role. Nothing could be more conducive to real mental health than this. It is not necessary for sailors to choose between the semi-idiocy of the missions and outright insanity.

Reach the seafaring men with Communist literature! They belong with us, not with the lying sky-pilots.

Soviet Ship-Building

At the time when world attention is centered upon the magnificent attainment of the Soviet ship, the Krassin, in rescuing the victims and righting the blunders of the fascist Arctic expedition, it is interesting to note that the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is forging ahead among nations in ship-building. Great Britain and Ireland, which used to build half the tonnage of the world, are now declining. With the ship-yards of the world constructing nearly half a million tons less at the end of June than at the beginning of the year, only five nations are increasing the amount of tonnage under construction, and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is among those increasing construction.

This year the Workers' Republic has moved up from seventh place to sixth place among ship-building nations. It now has under construction ships of 115,298 tons, being ahead of Japan and only about 10,000 tons below France in present ship-building.

This is a part of socialist construction in the Socialist Fatherland of the working class of the world. The attainments of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics are the attainments of all of our class, in whatever land they may be. Every rivet that is hammered in, every piece of machinery constructed in the Soviet Union makes the working class of the world stronger in the struggle against capitalism.

That is why the capitalist class of the world is determined to make war on the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics to destroy the world-center of revolution.

The workers of the world must defend their Socialist Fatherland at all costs against the imperialists of "our own" capitalist countries.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

THE entire party is beginning to hum with the Communist Campaign activity in a manner that indicates that the 1928 presidential campaign will be long remembered. The party organization is gradually tuning itself to the campaign work, and before long can be expected to function smoothly and efficiently on the job of placing our party before the masses of workers and farmers as the political party of the working class and their champion in the class struggle.

• • •

Although busily engaged gathering the signatures necessary to place our party on the ballot, the Denver comrades report that Comrade Tom Ayers has been sent to help out in Salt Lake City, where a good speaker and organizer is needed to set the Utah party election machinery in motion.

At the same time Comrade Saul the Denver sub-district organizer is on his way to New Mexico to help the local comrades there to put their state on the ballot.

• • •

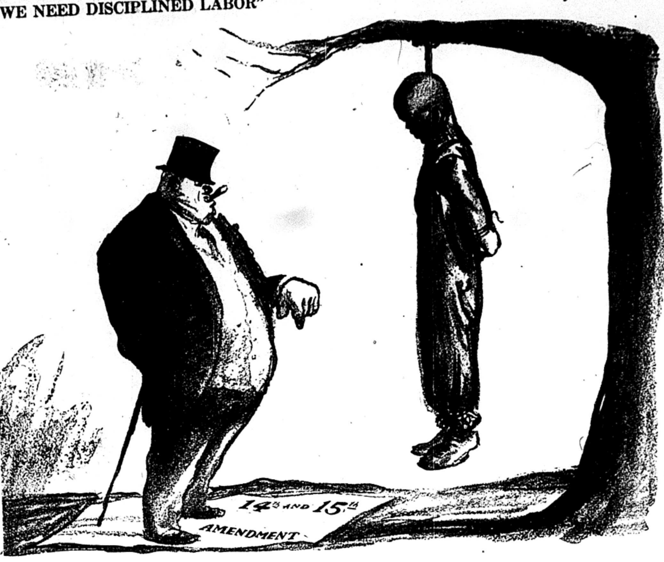
Comrade Hugo Oehler, Kansas district organizer, reports from Little Rock, Arkansas, that this year our party will have to go on the ballot as independent. He promises that by next year he will have a good functioning party organization in Arkansas that will be able to go on the ballot as a regular party. Although on his first organizational tour of the state, Oehler is confident that we will be on the ballot.

• • •

A great campaign picnic is being arranged for Labor Day by the Philadelphia organization, at which Ben Gitlow, Workers Party candidate for vice-president, will be the chief speaker.

"WE NEED DISCIPLINED LABOR"

By Fred Ellis



Concert a Great Demonstration

Theremin, Famous Soviet Inventor, Feature at Daily Worker Affair

ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG.

The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit are sorely in need of funds to help them tide over the bad summer months. They have arranged the Theremin concert at the Coney Island Stadium next Saturday night to help meet the present emergency. The DAILY WORKER only recently was in a serious financial crisis. The various financial drives conducted for the relief of the striking miners, textile workers, etc., taxed the capacity of the workers, whose earnings during recent times have been none too good. Out of their last resources they contributed to the Daily when it called for help because they could not see the only daily herald of the class struggle in the English language go under for lack of sustenance. The Freiheit, too, has suffered greatly in its income because of the financial strain which the Jewish comrades have been under on account of the garment workers' joint defense drives, the maintenance of the left wing fight against the corrupt machines in the needle trade unions as well as the drives for the miners and other appeals.

PROF. LEON THEREMIN.

The Daily and the Freiheit need the income which they hope to get from the Theremin concert. This alone is a good reason why the Coney Island Stadium should be full to the overflow Saturday, provided no counter-revolutionary rain interferes with our plans. The two fighting Communist organs deserve the demonstration of loyalty and support which will surely be given them Saturday at the Stadium.

Amazing Invention.

I submit, however, that there is another good reason why Saturday's affair should be made a landmark and 25,000 Communists, revolutionary workers, left wingers and all and sundry hell-raisers against capitalism should be on hand when Professor Theremin begins to draw his music out of the air. Comparatively a very young man and a professor in a Soviet engineering school, Theremin has already a great many valuable discoveries and inventions in the various branches of physics to his credit. Those who will be at the Stadium will be amazed at the invention which he will demonstrate there, just as the writer of these lines was amazed when he heard him at his first appearance in New York. The masses who will be at the Stadium will be moved to applaud, and I am sure they will at the same time think of Soviet Russia which has given this talented young engineer the opportunities for research which led him to make this important discovery.

Soviet Russia, our Socialist Fatherland, has not only won brilliant victories on the political, military, and economic fronts. It is winning victories on the cultural front as well. We should applaud these victories as we do those in other fields because they show the capacity of a workers' state to build a new life, to raise the cultural level of the masses, to contribute to the advancement of science and art. Larger masses of workers and peasants know how to read and write than before, they know more about personal hygiene, more newspapers are being read, more books and pamphlets are being published, more children go to schools, more discoveries are being made at the benches in the factories and in the laboratories—all for the greater glory and benefit of the people of the Soviet state.

Culture Not Neglected.

Even at the hardest times when there wasn't money to buy enough anaesthetics from abroad for their hospitals and hunger stalked thru the land, funds were not denied for needed instruments and materials for the laboratories and experimental stations so that the Pavlovs might go on with their researches. During the same time geographic expeditions were not abandoned, experimental schools were not given up, Marx-Engels institutes and revolutionary museums were established, libraries and reading corners were spread to the remotest villages, theatres were maintained and symphony orchestras were formed.

The world stands today in wonderment before the achievements of the Russian geographers, meteorlogists, navigators, and red aviators and sailors on the Krassin which is snatching from the jaws of death in the frozen Arctic the members of the militaristically conceived and scientifically bungled fascist expedition. Working masses everywhere applaud the Russian scientists, the Red Navy, and the Workers' Soviet State which is responsible for this glorious achievement. They are proud of the achievements of their Socialist Fatherland.

Proud of Artistry.

When we saw the great Russian cinema products, "Potemkin" and "The Fall of St. Petersburg," we felt proud of the artistry and craftmanship exhibited by the Soviet cinema producers. In Professor Theremin, who has made an important contribution to science under the auspices of the Soviet Educational System, we also meet a product of Soviet Russia. He deserves a warm reception from all workers and friends of Soviet Russia.

Comrades and fellow-sympathizers of Soviet Russia: Come in great masses to the Theremin concert not only to aid the fighting labor dailies, The DAILY WORKER and the Freiheit, which are the champions of Soviet Russia in America, but also to turn the concert into a mass demonstration for the Soviet Republic.

"Daily" the Mouthpiece of Steel Workers

Some High-Lights on a Campaign Tour of Pennslyvania

By L. SISELMAN.

IT is really encouraging to see how The DAILY WORKER has rooted itself among the steel workers. The steel slaves in the region of Pennsylvania and West Virginia actually recognize that The DAILY WORKER is the only workers' paper. Many are afraid to subscribe to the Daily because of the spy system that prevails in the mills and in the region generally. Nevertheless this has not stopped many workers from subscribing to The DAILY WORKER and giving their support to the Daily in spite of their starvation wage.

Town Controlled by Company.

Here are a few examples which will show the devotion of the workers to The DAILY WORKER. For instance, Ambridge, Pennsylvania is a town controlled by the American Bridge Company. The workers are earning 40 cents an hour; everything is controlled by the company; the spy system is terrible; our party is illegal. But in spite of all these difficulties a successful meeting was arranged in Ambridge where a loan of $100 was raised and 25 workers pledged $1 monthly to pay out the loan. In addition to that a young Pioneer has had ten customers for The DAILY WORKER and these ten customers have now become regular subscribers to the Daily. The Pioneer is now looking for new ones.

In New Kensington, a small town of steel and glass workers earning 35 cents an hour, the mills are working only two to three days a week The workers had a picnic and $20 was collected there; also many workers subscribed to The DAILY WORKER.

Worker Gets 3 Subs.

In McKeesport, many new subscriptions were also obtained, and the workers responded cheerfully to the aid of The DAILY WORKER One, by the name of Kessler, an old socialist who repudiates the yellow socialists for their cowardness and betrayal of the workers, donated $10 and gave three addresses of miners asking that for this money these three miners should have subscriptions for The DAILY WORKER. Kessler is not a member of the party.

In Pittsburgh a conference was held by DAILY WORKER readers and a DAILY WORKER Builders' Club was organized. One unit, number 2, pledged $150, of which $140 has already been raised. The other units are also doing their share.

Prison Town Active.

Even in the prison town of the steel trust, Duquesne, where every worker is surrounded by a squad of spies and detectives, the workers have subscribed to The DAILY WORKER secretly and asked that the paper be sent to different addresses. For example, one worker donated $5 to The DAILY WORKER but asked that his name should not be mentioned. "I would surely want to get The DAILY WORKER," he said, "but as soon as I get it it will be reported by the post office of the company and I will be fired from my job and driven out from my home." He is not the only one But in spite of all these difficulties the workers in the steel region under the iron heel of the steel trust are determined to be in line in helping to build a strong revolutionary organ.

New connections were established in Glassport, Pennsylvania, where a new DAILY WORKER agent was elected and subscriptions obtained In McKees Rocks, a new DAILY WORKER agent was also elected.

Subscriptions were obtained in Fairport, Ohio, Painesville, Ohio and Ashtabula. In Ashtabula a new DAILY WORKER agent was elected, and in spite of the terrible spy system and other difficulties he promised to be on the job.

In Conneaut, the Finnish comrades had a picnic where they did not forget The DAILY WORKER. Games were put up and the income went to The DAILY WORKER. The income paid for three subscriptions to unemployed workers.

Negro Workers Help.

In Warren, Ohio, new subscriptions were obtained and The DAILY WORKER agent, who is a Negro worker, does everything in his power to spread The DAILY WORKER among the Negro workers for he understands that this is the only weapon that fights for his oppressed race.

The material conditions of the workers in this region are very bad Many of them who would like to have The DAILY WORKER cannot afford it.

One of the methods used by the colored comrade is this: he puts a bundle of DAILY WORKERS near the mill, crosses the street, and the workers coming out from the gate pick up the Daily. Or he picks up a paper, he comes over to the workers, asks their opinion about it, and discusses the paper with them.

Mill Slaves Enthusiastic.

I have also established some Workers' Correspondence in New Kensington, Pa., Warren, Ohio, and other industrial places. The workers will report on the conditions of the mill and if these articles will appear in the Daily it will be of special interest to the workers slaving in these mills.

In Youngstown, the comrades have put up a special fund to enable those who are unemployed to subscribe to The DAILY WORKER In this way it was possible to obtain 24 new subscriptions. At present while I am in Youngstown, we expect to do more work. The special campaign committee exists in one unit is ready to be on the job and will be the initiative force for The DAILY WORKER Builders' Club to be organized.

From all these facts is to be seen that the workers—especially the oppressed workers under the bloody rule of the steel trust—are beginning to realize the importance of The DAILY WORKER and the time is not far when The DAILY WORKER will be the actual mouthpiece of these oppressed steel workers, as well as all other workers.

Told You So

THE assassination of Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico, proves that the bacon and eggs and liberal credits policy of Mr. Morrow of the House of Morgan, ambassador to the southern republic, has not materially softened the bitter social struggle that has raged in that country for several years, between the big landowners, the Catholic Church and American investors on one side and the rising bourgeoisie on the other, supported by the workers.

• • •

AS these lines are written, there is no evidence other than strongly circumstantial, that the assassination was directed by the same organizations that have waged war on the Mexican republican government since the elimination of Diaz. But circumstantial evidence is strong and the most convincing I have seen are a guarded news report from Rome which states that the vatican was considerably "impressed" by the assassination and another by a former president of the Mexican congress which almost blamed Obregon for his own death.

• • •

THOUGH Obregon with Calles was one of the two outstanding leaders in the struggle of the big agrarians, who included Catholic bishops, he was a wealthy landowner. Recent reports indicated that while he held the same position as hitherto on the clerical issue he intended to draft new labor laws which might mean anything. However, his talk about the interests of capital and labor would go to show that they boded no good for the Mexican working class.

• • •

UNLESS the millions of Wall St. successfully intervene to save the interest on its loans, Mexico is in for another long period of internecine conflict. Senor Morones, the labor leader and one of Obregon's most bitter enemies, is a dyed-in-the-wool reactionary and just as willing to be Wall Street's tool as either Obregon or Calles. The truth will shortly come out when the telegrams of regret sent by leaders of various social groups will give way to bullets. In the meantime Mr. Morrow may meditate on the quirks of fate.

• • •

THE rescue of several aviators involved in the Polar fiasco of the fascist, General Nobile, by the Soviet government after other governments had failed to show much success or efficiency is not only a great tribute to the daring and ability of the Soviet airmen and seamen, but it has done at least as much to popularize the U. S. S. R. among the masses of the world as anything that the resourceful Workers' Republic has accomplished in years. It was just the opposite for the black-hand government of Mussolini.

• • •

GENERAL NOBILE practically parked himself on the front pages of the capitalist press for the past two years. In truth, he was no great shakes as an explorer, having always discovered a place that was almost as well known as Piccadilly Circus, London. But Mussolini needed prestige and a big balloon sailing back and forth over the top of the world, dropping fascist flags and perhaps Mussolini's photographs in accessible places, would not hurt Benito any when applying for a loan. Now, the fascist bubble of courage and efficiency has been properly punctured. The brave general fled in the first airship that hove in sight, leaving a comrade to perish on the ice.

• • •

NOW, the world knows better than ever that the "bloodthirsty" Communists of Russia, who were represented in the capitalist press and in the books of venal literary hacks, are not what they were pictured. Even though the members of the Nobile expedition were out to enhance the prestige of the fascist government, whose policies are as far apart as the poles from those of the Soviet government, the latter did not hesitate for a moment to dispatch a mighty expedition on a humanitarian mission.

• • •

RETAINERS and leading lights of the capitalist parties, caught with their hands in some public treasure chest, are beginning to charge their predicament to the wiles of their opponents. Perhaps there is something to it. Why cannot the officials of the two parties get together and arrive at an understanding regarding the division of the spoils. Then, those unseemly trials like Teapot Dome and the Queens County sewers would never take place.

• • •

BUT there is as little reason to expect that capitalist parties will cease their efforts to beat their opponents in the game of getting their paws on as much coin as possible than there is of the imperialist powers pulling off tricks on each other in the struggle for markets, concessions and new lands to exploit. But then who ever heard of gangs of gunmen pulling together very long after they succeeded in robbing a bank, not already plundered by its officers?

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS-AND FARMERS'
GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

NEW BEDFORD MILL BOSSES ANNOUNCE TERROR CAMPAIGN

World Congress Stresses War Danger

VAST THRONG IS EXPECTED AT BIG "DAILY" CONCERT

Theremin, Volpe, Roxy Ballet on Program

All roads will lead to Coney Island Stadium tonight. Twenty-five thousand workers of every nationality and every trade will throng from various sections of the city to attend the long-awaited concert of The DAILY WORKER.

Theremin is the magic name that will draw these workers to Coney Island Stadium tonight. Theremin is the name that has been on everybody's lips. And tonight Theremin himself will perform his scientific miracle—he will play musical compositions of the greatest difficulty in the air.

In case of rain the concert will be held tomorrow evening at 7:30 at Coney Island Stadium.

The great program will be put on as previously announced. In addition to Theremin, Arnold Volpe and his symphony orchestra of 50, and the Roxy Ballet will round out what promises to be the greatest proletarian concert ever held in this country.

The affair tonight will also be a demonstration of the left wing movement of New York. And in honor of this demonstration Ben Gitlow, [illegible] secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party and candidate for vice president, will appear to bring a revolutionary message to the vast throng.

Five [illegible] for work [illegible] must [illegible] Stadium at [illegible] noon.

There are still a few tickets left, but they are not likely to remain long unsold. Those who don't want to be turned away at the Stadium tonight should buy their tickets at once at the office of The DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.

SOVIET AVIATOR IN NEW REPORT

Chuknovsky Says 3 on Ice Flow

KINGS BAY, July 20 (UP).—The Russian aviator, Chukhnovsky, who first sighted the Polar explorers in the Malmgren walking party, said today he was convinced there were three men in the group at that time and expressed surprise that only two had been rescued.

Chukhnovsky, who was rescued by the Russian icebreaker Krassin after his plane was forced down when returning from the rescue trip, said there was a possibility of a mistake in his observations, but that pictures taken at the time would reveal the situation.

Two members of the wrecked Italia's crew, Captain Filippo Zappi and Captain Alberto Mariano, have been rescued by the Krassin. They reported Dr. Finn Malmgren had been left on the ice in a dying condition.

"We were convinced we saw three persons," Chukhnovsky said. The aviator was accompanied by three aides. "The first was standing erect, the second was tottering and the third man was stretched on the ice.

"All three were tied together by ropes to prevent falling from the tiny icefloe, which was only 20 meters square and was surrounded by open water. We were greatly surprised to learn that only two men were rescued.

"Though it is possible we mistook a bundle of garments for the third person, we hope this will be clarified through pictures we took while cruising over the icefloe. The small size of the floe prohibited dropping of supplies to the starving men."

WON'T RACE BYRD

BUFFALO, July 20 (UP).—Lieut. Karl B. Eielson, who with Captain George H. Elkins will explore the Antarctic, said here today that their expedition will in no way make an attempt to race the one commanded by Comamnder Byrd to the South Pole.

Must Settle For All Coney Tickets Tonight

All tickets for tonight concert at Coney Island Stadium must be settled for at the Stadium not later than 7 o'clock this evening. Since all seats are reserved, no returns will be accepted after that time.

Returning From Red Nominating Convention

Photo shows a group of delegates from Ohio returning from the national nominating convention of the Workers (Communist) Party which was held recently in New York City.

RELIEF BODY PLEDGES SUPPORT TO MINERS

Unremitting support of the needy miners notwithstanding the abandonment of the strike by the Lewis machine was yesterday pledged by the National Miners Relief Committee in a statement issued by Alfred Wagenknecht, relief director of the organization which has sent thousands of dollars into the fight and has supplied hundreds of mine families with tents and clothing in order that they might continue their struggle against the open shop menace facing the industry.

"The need for relief and protection is even greater now than before," the statement declared. "Those who have fought in the front ranks of the strike, those militant rank and file leaders who were clubbed by the police on picket lines and suffered arrest, will be the first to be victimized and black-listed by the operators. These courageous miners must not be allowed to starve. Their children must be fed

Aid Is Urgent.

"Although the officials of the United Mine Workers of America have instructed the districts to sign separate agreements, the struggle is not over. The Pittsburgh Coal Company and the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Company, two of the largest coal trusts, and the Ohio operators declare they will never sign agreements with any union This means that the fight against open-shopdom is still on. While the miners battle for union recognition they must receive the aid of all their fellow workers in the cities so that they will not be starved into accepting open-shop conditions.

"The relief work must continue Relief committees spread throughout the country must not lessen their activities. Hunger is more widespread than ever, and miners must not be forced to accept conditions from the operators which will mean continued misery. Hundreds of miners are still under arrest, and must be defended."

Defense Week.

The International Labor Defense is cooperating with the National Miners Relief Committee in a coast to coast drive for funds during the coming week. National Miners' Relief and Defense Week is expected to mobilize hundreds of thousands of workers.

Mass meetings are scheduled for Sunday, July 22, the opening day of the drive. House to house collections, tag days, entertainments, shop and union collections will be some of the week's activities.

All funds collected will be for-

Continued on Page Two

MINERS LOOK TO CONVENTION

Leaders Prepare For Big Convention

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, July 20.—Preparations for taking control of the mine situation was speeded up here by leaders of the National Arrangements Committee for a New Miners' Union, a convention for which is being called here for September 9-16. The move by Lewis to deliver the final blow of treachery to the strike of the coal diggers has been expected, progressive leaders declare.

The results of the Lewis betrayal will have no permanent effect, it was said. Upon the rank and file of the coal diggers and their correct policies of struggle depends the outcome of the battle. That the miners can never be beaten down has been proven, it is pointed out, by their fifteen months of the most heroic struggle in the history of the American labor movement. The coming convention in September will see a turning point, it was declared.

* * *

Operators Expose Betrayal

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

HELLVILLE, Ohio, July 20.—Confirmation of the charges that the John L. Lewis machine in ordering back the miners to the scab pits on any terms which the coal companies may dictate, was carrying out an understanding between himself and the operators was had

Continued on Page Four

YOUNG WORKERS EXPOSE YIPSELS

Basic Industries Are Well Represented

At a meeting arranged by the Young Workers (Communist) League of Brownsville in their headquarters there were more than 100 persons present. Among these was a large delegation of yipsels, about 25 in number. The reason for the turnout of the entire yipsel membership in Brownsville was the fact that Philip Frankfeld, acting district organizer of the League, had been announced to speak on the Fields case and the Young People's Socialist League.

Frankfeld said in part: "The Fields case, insofar as the League is concerned, is an expression of the petty-bourgeois degeneration of the yipsels. We are not interested in the Fields case for its own sake.

The young Communists, however, see in it a sign of the fact that the young socialist movement has certainly reached the bottom of the ladder, when members of its national committee can in any way be connected with such practices."

Frankfeld went on to say that the

Continued on Page Two

33 GIRL WORKERS INJURED IN FIRE

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, July 20. (UP).—Thirty-three girls were injured, several seriously, when a fuse exploded in the Duerler candy factory here late today.

More than 100 girls, at work in the factory at the time of the explosion, were thrown into a panic and rushed for the doors. Fire broke out and burned several of the girls before they could make their escape from the building.

MINER'S LIFE A GAMBLE

Falling Rock Usually Wins Struggle

By ED FALKOWSKI.

TREMONT, Pa., July 20.—Coal in the breasts is always loosening crumbling, falling down. When a lump falls on a miner's head, splitting the scalp, he often merely removes his cap, feels the bleeding spot and goes back to work. "In two or three days it'll be all right," he assures himself. "Only a split head."

A miner works in a shower of rocks and pebbles and pieces of coal Every miner carries his nicks on his back, shoulders and legs where dropping rocks and coal have hit him.

"Why is the miner so foolish in taking chances?" someone asks whenever a man is being hauled out of the mines. But taking chances is

Continued on Page Two

MANY MILITANTS DIRECT WORKERS PARTY CAMPAIGN

Committee From All Parts of Country

A committee of one hundred prominent and active leaders in the American labor movement of both sexes comprise the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, according to a statement issued last night from the committees headquarters at 43 East 125th St., New York City.

This committee—organized around the national ticket of the Workers (Communist) Party, with William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow carrying the Communist election banner—hails from every state in the union and is representative of workers, farmers, women and Negroes.

In making public the names of the committee, the National Election Campaign Committee statement declares:

"Rallying around the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party, headed by William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, are to be found men and women who have proven their loyalty to the working class in the past by deeds as well as by words.

Represents All Workers.

"The members of this committee represent the best that the proletariat of the United States has produced. They come from every part of the country and represent the exploited in factory, on farm, the doubly exploited Negroes, the persecuted foreign-born workers, and the women whose special problems are taken advantage of by the employing classes to work them at starvation wages.

"This Committee of One Hundred proletarians realize that only through a revolution can the problems that keep the working class in perpetual struggle with poverty and misery be eliminated and a social order built up that will give the producer the fullest possible share of the fruits of his toil—a social order where the exploiter who lives on the labor of others will be conspicuous by his absence.

"Those men and women of the working class see in the election campaign an opportunity to rally the masses for the struggle against capitalism, to protest against the crucifixion of the peoples of Latin-America by the imperialists of the United States, and to help organize into the Workers (Communist) Party during this campaign thou-

Continued on Page Two

LOSE JOBS THRU ZARITSKY UKASE

Cap Bosses Aid Right Wing Union Wreckers

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

BOSTON, Mass., July 20.—Unable to destroy the Boston Capmakers Local 7 by reorganization and expulsion of its militant leadership, Max Zaritsky, president of the International Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' Union, together with socialist party official and lawyer Bearack, filed suit for an injunction to remove the legally elected officers of the local from control of the union.

S. Miller, organizer and other functionaries of Local 7 received summons to appear in court for a hearing July 23.

Availing themselves of the economic power which the bosses active

Continued on Page Four

PIECE WORK FOR MILLINERY BOSS

Imposed on Workers in Spite of Protests

The next organized step for imposing upon the members of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers Union the hated system of piece work was taken by the Zaritsky machine, in control of the millinery union recently, according to the workers of the shop of Teitler Bros., 648 Broadway.

This employer had asked the union officialdom to grant him the privilege of operating under the piece work system. Not daring to grant it outright, the union officials advised the boss to take his demand for "arbitration" to Dr. Abelson, despite the non-existence of a col-

Continued on Page Two

FOSTER OPENS THIRD SESSION OF WORLD MEET

Bukharin Stresses War Danger

(Wireless To DAILY WORKER.)

MOSCOW, July 20.—William Z. Foster, member of the secretariat of the Workers (Communist) Party of America and a member of the Presidium of the Communist International, opened the third session of the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International this morning.

Nikolai Bucharin, president of the Communist International, continued his speech begun at the second session last night, in which he made the report for the Executive Committee of the Comintern and presented the theses on the international situation and the tasks of the Communist Parties.

Seward Opens Second Session

The second session was opened by Pierre Seward, secretary of the French Communist Party.

Bucharin declared that a new analysis of the world situation was necessary. Since the war three periods have been experienced, he said. The first was the acutely revolutionary period during which capitalism was unstable and ended in 1923 with the defeat of the German workers. The second period was characterized by the capitalist offensive and the preparations for the capitalist stabilization. The second period also saw the temporary end of the revolutionary situation in Europe and the transfer of the revolutionary wave to the colonies.

Capitalist Reconstruction

The third period was the period of capitalist reconstruction with growth of the productive forces, great technical progress and reorganization of capitalism. Simultaneously the Soviet Union was experiencing a reconstruction period during which it formed a new technical industrial basis and reorganized industry.

Capitalist development, coupled with the growth of antagonisms, is now threatening war, he said. The third capitalist period created a new world situation requiring new tactics. Capitalist development is tending towards state capitalism and trusts are becoming identified with state organs.

New Outlook

Under these circumstances the theory of the partial stabilization of capitalism formulated at the Fifth Congress has now a new sense. The capitalist crisis remains and consists in the fact that the structural alterations of world economy intensify the internal contradictions of capitalism. The existence of the Soviet Union, the Chinese revolution and

Continued on Page Two

BLAME CHURCH IN OBREGON DEATH

Quis of Assassin Nears End

MEXICO CITY, July 20 (UP).—Police investigation of the murder of General Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico, was near an end tonight and the assassin, young Jose De Leon Toral, a religious fanatic, was being questioned probably for the last time before his execution.

In addition to Toral, ten others have been arrested and are held for investigation in connection with the assassination, which it is officially charged was due to catholic clergy action.

Presumably the authorities hope by a public trial to definitely establish the fanatical character of Toral and his alleged connection with catholic clerical dissidents.

Chief of Police Rios Zertuche blamed the catholic church for the assassination.

"Police headquarters now is in a position to make public the fact that responsibility for the crime rests with the catholic clergy," his statement said.

Night Picketing Keeps Textile Mills Shut

The New Bedford textile strikers are preparing to hold a big picket demonstration tonight. Photo shows night picketing outside the Kilburn Mill, which thwarted efforts of scabs to start the looms working.

MANY GREETINGS SENT MOONEY AND BILLINGS

Announcement was made yesterday by Martin Abern, assistant national secretary of the International Labor Defense, that numerous replies have come into the headquarters of the organization in response to the campaign among organizations, groups and individuals to send greetings to Tom Mooney and Warren Billings on July 27, the twelfth anniversary of the imprisonment of these workers on a frame-up now conceded by everyone.

Victims of Class Struggle.

Among those received is one from Roger Baldwin, director of the American Civil Liberties Union, endorsing and backing the campaign for their unconditional pardon. In this statement to International Labor Defense, the Civil Liberties Union states the following:

"The Civil Liberties Union recognizes Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings as the victims of their radical views and activities, not as the perpetrators of the crime with which they were charged. That makes theirs a clear civil liberties case. We are prepared to back the campaign for their unconditional pardon to the limit of our resources. It is a disgrace to the country that they have been imprisoned these 12 long years. It is a disgrace to the labor movement that it allows its brothers to remain in prison without raising their voices for their unconditional pardon. We welcome any campaign

Continued on Page Two

POLICE ATTACK STREET MEETING

Industrial Barons Fear Communist Party

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

KENOSHA, Wis., July 20.—Once more the Kenosha police took orders from the powerful open shop interests that dominate the city and broke up an open air meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League.

The meeting was held in the downtown section of the city yesterday, and was organized for the purpose of calling upon the delegates to the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor that was holding its annual convention in Kenosha, to organize the unorganized workers.

Samuel A. Herman, of the Young Workers (Communist) League, had been speaking for about twenty minutes, exposing the treachery of the bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor and its close adherence to the policy of the Wall Street government, on the political

Continued on Page Four

SIGMAN BOAST SHOW UP FRAUD

"Big Drive" Failure, His Statement Proves

The pretense at an organization campaign, conducted for an entire week by the right wing forces in the Cloakmakers Union, loudly heralded in the yellow Jewish Daily Forward, showed its true nature when the Sigman Joint Board issued an official statement giving the results of the "great drive" for a full week.

"Four contracting shops joined the Contractors Association and one joined the Manufacturers Association, says the Sigman statement.

Tragic Humor

The most laughable of the week's accomplishments, however, was the appointment of Sol Metz to a position as the official guardian of the agreements with the employers. Metz, who for the past few years has been selling insurance and real estate to the cloak manufacturers, is the man who is to see that his

Continued on Page Two

CONGRESS HEARS YOUTH REPORT

Moscow Session Hears Progress of Y. C. I.

(Wireless to Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 20.—Following the conclusion of Bukharin's speech today, Schueller reported on the activities of the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International. As a result of the partial stabilization, rationalization and radicalization of the working-class youth, Schueller said, young workers and apprentices must participate more actively in the struggles of labor and join unions in the special youth sections.

The main task of the Young Communist International should be centered in the anti-militarist struggle and against the bourgeois attempts to militarize the youth. During the last few years, Schueller also reported, the membership of the Young Communist International has remained fairly stable and progressive, whereas the Socialist Youth International has lost over one half of its total membership.

SADISTIC JAIL TORTURES

Perverted Warden in Rumanian Prison

GENEVA, July 20. — Prison terror in Rumania is a commonplace but stories reach here thru the "Adevarul," the publication of the Red Aid of Rumania, that are unbelievable.

On the night of June 30th the prison director Corotu together with an engineer, Pascal, entered the cell of Bujor, a proletarian political prisoner, pulled him out and mishandled him in a sadistic fashion.

The Adevarul writes: "The prisoners of Doftana can be subjected to punishment—justly or unjustly, we will not argue. That is all. They have not been sentenced to torture. They are not sentenced to satisfy the immoral dictates of a crazy director. And finally they are not sentenced to be made a joke of by the prison warden."

WILL OPERATE PLANTS DESPITE WORKERS RISK

Cheer Picket Captains at Demonstration

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 20 (UP).—Operators of New Bedford Textile Mills today started an active campaign against picketing in connection with the strike of more than 25,000 employes.

This sudden change was announced last night by John Sullivan, president of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers Association who declared the association was determined that operatives desiring to resume work should not meet interference.

* * *

Open Campaign of Terror.

NEW BEDFORD, July 20.—New and hitherto unattempted methods of force and terror against the striking textile workers were openly predicted here by spokesmen of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers Association who demanded that the Coolidge tactics of using the militia to break the famous Boston police strike be adopted by the authorities in New Bedford. "We are going to operate at all costs," John Sullivan,

Continued on Page Four

JAPS FIRE ON CHINESE TROOPS

Invaders Plan to Stay Ten Years

SHANGHAI, China, July 20.—Japanese imperialist troops fired on Chinese regulars near Tsinafu today according to a report which eminated from Japanese sources. The Japanese troops were sent to disarm Chinese troops who it was charged were infringing on the railway zone set up by the invading Japanese army.

* * *

PEKING, July 20.—The Japanese Consul at Nanking notified the Japanese Legation of Peking today that the Chinese Nationalists had presented a note proclaiming the lapse of the Sino-Japanese Treaty. The note made clear that the Japanese therefore were subject to Chinese jurisdiction.

The Consul refused to receive the note, but agreed to unofficially transmit the terms to the Legation.

The spokesman for the Legation said that Japan was willing to discuss treaty revision when the Nanking Nationalists showed an amicable spirit. He considered the present action to be discourteous.

He said that the Japanese intend to maintain the attitude that the treaty was not revised within the set period and therefore the treaty was automatically renewed for another term of ten years.

* * *

WASHINGTON, July 20.—In a statement tonight Representative Porter of Pennsylvania, Chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, urges early action by the United States in the negotiations of new treaties with China.

200 CHILDREN ARE POISONED

WASHINGTON, July 20 (UP).—A holiday excursion down the Potomac River turned into tragedy today when about two hundred children, taken for a picnic by Central Union Mission, were stricken with food poisoning.

Fifty were hurried back on the first boat fifteen miles to Washington. A second boatload was due in later tonight. Meanwhile, a squad of physicians and nurses had been sent to the scene and had given first aid treatment to some 50 children left at the picnic grounds.

Up until 7 p. m. more than [illegible] had been treated at emergency hospital. Most of the cases were reported serious.

Police Attack Workers Party Meet in Philadelphia, Arrest Five; Forbid Gatherings

GATHERING HELD IN DEFIANCE OF POLICE TERROR

Communists to Keep Up Meetings

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—Police, acting under orders of the corrupt Vare machine, attacked an election campaign meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party Thursday night and arrested five of the speakers.

The meeting, which was held at the corner of 7th and Poplar Sts., a section densely populated by white and Negro workers, had attracted a large throng of several hundred. It was held in defiance of Police Commissioner Mills' order forbidding all street meetings of the Workers Party.

Those arrested were Herbert Benjamin, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party; Ben Thomas, candidate for governor of Pennsylvania on the Labor Party ticket; F. Crowley and Jennie Cooper and Elizabeth Levy, both of the Young Workers League.

The men were taken to the Eighth and Jefferson Sts. police station and the women to the 19th and Oxford Sts. station. All were charged with disorderly conduct. The five workers were released on bail yesterday morning and will come up for hearing in a few days. All were scheduled to speak at an open-air meeting last night.

The Workers (Communist) Party of District 3 has issued a statement denouncing the police terror and expressing its determination to continue to hold meetings for the purpose of rallying Philadelphia workers behind the program of the Workers Party and to expose as before the role of Big Business and its petty hirelings in the city government in oppressing the workers.

SIGMAN BOAST SHOW UP FRAUD

"Big Drive" Failure, His Statement Proves

Continued from Page One

customers do not violate the agreement.

One accomplishment of the organization drive was, however, registered yesterday. Nathan Leventhal, a cloakmaker, came to the Daily Worker editorial office and exhibited a broken nose and a blood-stained shirt in evidence of a vicious assault made upon him by a gang of about ten Sigman thugs.

Lead Pipe Attack

When asked why they had assaulted him, whether it was because he was picketing or for any other reason, he replied: "No, I was merely standing among another group of workers in the street, when the thugs attacked us with lead pipes." This uncalled for attack on cloakmakers was consciously made in an effort to create the impression that the "organization campaign" was going on, it was proven.

Three Firemen Injured When Floor Collapses

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 20.—Three firemen were injured, two seriously, late yesterday in a fire which threatened to destroy the Cameo Theatre Building, five-story structure, in downtown Fifth Ave.

The firemen were hurt when part of one of the floors collapsed.

RUBBER WORKERS IN CHICAGO ARE SLAVES

(By Federated Press)

CHICAGO (FP).—If you sweat and choke nine hours in the hot steamy factory of the Featheredge Rubber Company in Chicago you can take home $3.60 for your labor. If you can keep it up six days a week your weekly wage will be $21.60. But if you need more than $21.60 for your family the company will let you work 12 hours a day, paying 60 cents an hour for the three hours overtime. In this way the 12-hour grind will give you $5.40, or $32.50 for a week of 72 hours.

If you are a girl your hourly wage is much less and your overtime is limited by Illinois law to one hour over the nine-hour standard day. Girls don't stand the work as well as men, either.

Lay Off.

The company specializes in rubber strips for auto windows and windshields. It got contracts from Henry Ford in considerable quantity but recently Ford growled about the qualiyt and lack of orders forced a layoff. The company also specializes in German immigrants for its labor force, employing a mixture of threats and kidding along to keep the workers from asking wages or talking unionism.

The normal force is about 200.

"You work hard and we'll take care of you," is the favorite expression of the superintendent.

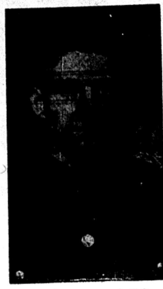
The rubber is molded by steam pressure at great heat. The workers are in a constant sweat and at the end of the day nothing but cold water is provided at the wash trough. The cold water closes the pores of the skin around the tiny particles of rubber and sets up an intense irritation. Complaints to the management are met with the remark that there is steam available to heat the water at the other end of the room. But this is a difficult scalding business and after 12 hours of fatigue few workers have the energy left to heat their wash water in this way.

Old Scales.

When two foremen quit in order to start a rival plant wages suddenly jumped up. A number of 40-cent workers got 55 cents and a couple of key men were raised from from 62½ cents to around 70 cents. But when the rival failed to prosper there was a lay-off in the Fetheredge and then the old scales once more.

During the war, rubber workers, principally in Akron, O., had a union that functioned well until the open-shop drive of 1921 knocked them out. Now rubber workers have practically no organization anywhere in the country and their unionization may have to wait until the auto industry, the principal consumer of rubber, comes under union control.

Crouch and Porter—Red Soldiers



In 1925, Paul Crouch was sentenced to 40 years and Walter Trumbull to 26 years for organizing a Young Workers (Communist) League in the army in Hawaii. A few days ago, Crouch was present as The DAILY WORKER correspondent at the court-martial of John Porter, who was tried by the army authorities following his activities as strike leader and organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League in New Bedford. Porter had deserted the army after he realized that it is a tool of the capitalists. Many other soldiers, also, are beginning to realize the role of the army, and are determined to use their own military knowledge for the cause of the working class.

FIGHT FOR PORTER TO BE INTENSIFIED

The two and a half year sentence given John Porter does not mean that the case is ended, according to a statement issued by the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League, and also an announcement of the national office of the International Labor Defense. Both organizations state that the sentence of Porter means that the workers must intensify the drive for his release.

The statement of the League follows:

"The declaration of John Porter to the court-martial that the army is the tool of capitalism, in spite of the fact that he was at the mercy of the military, is typical of the best traditions of the revolutionary youth movement.

"We will take up the challenge of the army in sentencing Porter to two and a half years in prison following his militant stand. The facts of the case must be brought to every young worker in this country. The sentence of Porter will echo around the world and mark another step in the unity of soldier workers with civilian workers in their common struggle for a new society free from wage slavery.

"Porter's militant stand shows that he is worthy of being one of the first Red Soldiers in the United States, and his sentence will urge us forward and we will intensify the struggle for which Porter is behind the bars.

"The Young Workers (Communist) League calls on every class-conscious worker to support the drive for Porter's immediate unconditional release.

"National Executive Committee,

"Young Workers (Communist) League."

The National Office of the International Labor Defense has stated that both the legal fight for [illegible] the mass protests will be continued and intensified until [illegible]

Porter soon will be sent to the military prison at Governor's Island. During the next week or two, his address will remain: John Porter (Walerysiak), Guard House, Ft. Adams, R. I. Workers are requested by the League to write to him.

COAL DIGGERS IN DEATH GAMBLE

And Usually the Black Rock Wins

Continued from Page One

the miner's job. That is the only way he can "make coal," for which he draws his checks.

When William Ochs was caught under a fall of coal and instantly killed the other day at the Bear Gap colliery of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Co., nobody could blame him for taking unnecessary chances, since the very nature of mining is to "rob out the coal."

The term "robbing the coal" suggests something of the nature of the miner's work. He actually sneaks up on the coal and "pulls it over" on the breast that threatens any moment to crush him in a hundred different ways. Tons of coal in lumps as big as houses hang above him miraculously. The height of the breast often makes it impossible for timber to reach up to the top. The miner is compelled to creep quietly under the hanging coal, his ears alert for every warning sound as he carries a few sticks of dynamite for the blasting.

Game With Death.

If suddenly these overhanging tons roll down on him and crush him, the game is up. If they still hang up, his next pay may be a good one. Either way it is pure chance. And when William Ochs was crushed to death under tons of coal the other day, his buddies said it was "bad luck." "The place looked safe when Bill went up," they told each other That's the game!

PIECE WORK FOR MILLINERY BOSS

Imposed on Workers in Spite of Protests

Continued from Page One

lective agreement in the industry.

The workers immediately informed their officials that they object to piece work, but to no avail. When the case came for a ruling to Abelson, he recommended that the system be given a four weeks' trial. As a result of the ruing, and with the threat of incurring the employers' and officials' persecution, the workers were bludgeoned into accepting the so-called trial period.

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Arrested and Fined

For conversing with a scab working in the shop of Rothstein and Hershson, 63 West 36th St., in an effort to get her to join the milliners' strike, Silvia Rosen was arrested yesterday and later fined $10 by Magistrate Sorell in Jefferson Market Court.

The arrested milliner was not a striker herself, but because of working nearby had tried to talk to those refusing to strike.

Police in the millinery manufacturing district are beginning to exhibit a brutality against the striking girls not yet seen since the struggle of the workers against their international officials and the employers first began many weeks ago. The workers are nevertheless determined to fight the attempt to destroy their Local 43 at all costs, and see the intensified police terror as proof of the desperate situation of the Zaritsky crew.

MANY GREETINGS SENT TO MOONEY AND TO BILLINGS

Labor Defense Urges Increased Fight

Continued from Page One

which will bring the issues of their imprisonment again before the country and we pledge our support without let-up until they are free."

Bishop Paul Jones, of the Fellowship of Reconciliation, writes to the International Labor Defense in part as follows:

Unconditional Release.

"I appreciate your invitation to speak at the outdoor meeting. I want to assure you of my interest in the campaign for the release of Tom Mooney and Warren Billings I am quite sure that they were unjustly imprisoned and I hope that someday soon they may be released unconditionally."

Another who has expressed himself on the Mooney-Billings frame-up is Professor David Starr Jordan president emeritus of Leland Stanford University of California. In a letter to Tom Mooney he states in part:

Inquisition.

"As matters stand the state of California is on trial. The principle I have heard expressed that the person accused may or may not be guilty as charged, but 'whatever he gets is coming to him,' I consider one of the most dangerous, affecting criminal tactics. It is the spirit of the inquisitions of the Dark Ages."

Other statements of prominent people in behalf of Mooney and Billings will be released shortly. International Labor Defense urges workers to continue to send messages to Tom Mooney at San Quentin Prison Calif., and to Warren Billings at Folsom Prison, Calif. Agitation for the unconditional pardon of Mooney and Billings is increasing. A recent editorial in the St. Louis Post Dispatch asks for their release.

MILITANTS LEAD PARTY CAMPAIGN

Communist Message for All Workers

Continued from Page One

the world over, as a section of the Communist International, makes common cause with the revolutionary workers in all countries who are struggling to free themselves from native or foreign imperialism."

Communist Message for All.

"This campaign will be waged with all the energy at the disposal of the Workers (Communist) Party and its thousands of sympathizers. For the first time the workers and farmers in every part of the country will have an opportunity to listen to the Communist message and hear the two big parties of capitalism and the renegade socialist party exposed by Communist speakers.

"The Workers (Communist) Party, the only working class party in the field, the only party that recognizes the identity of interests of the proletarians and poor farmers all sands of militant workers who have hitherto heard of the Communist movement through the press of its adversaries and from the pulpits of its spiritual guardians.

The names of the Committee of One Hundred, of which Alexander Trachtenberg is the national treasurer, follow:

Mary Adams, Virginia; I. Amter, Ohio; Louis Bedacht, Illinois; Louis Bergar, Maryland; Fred Biedenkapp, New York; A. Bittelman, New York; Allan Bloomquist, Idaho; Ella Reeve Bloor, Indiana; Frank P. Brill, New York; Al Camp, Washington; Jas. P. Cannon, New York; Stanley Clark, Oklahoma; Paul Crouch, North Carolina; Anna David, Illinois; Ellen Dawson, New Jersey; Gus Deak, New Jersey; Julius Deter, Kentucky; Wm. Deitrich, Colorado; L. Derman, Washington; Edward L. Doty, Arkansas; Vincent R. Dunne, Minnesota; Wm. F. Dunne, New York; D. E. Early, Kansas; J. Louis Engdahl, Illinois; James Flannery, Rhode Island; W. C. Francis, Pennsylvania; Kate Gitlow, New York; Ben Gold, New York; Oliver Golden, Tennessee; Rebecca Grecht, New York; David Griffin, Washington; Elizabeth Griffin, Ill; Sam Hammersmark, Illinois; Wm. G. Hearing, Connecticut; M. Hendrickson, Florida; Charles Henry, Mississippi; Otto Huiswoud, New York; Jackson W. Hunter, Massachusetts; H. C. Iram, New Hampshire; Wm. Janhonen, Massachusetts; Jack Johnstone, Ill; David Jones, Maine; R. S. Kling, Connecticut; Alfred Knutson, North Dakota; B. H. Lauderdale, Texas; H. Lawrence, Texas; Joseph W. Leigh, Louisiana; A. Leon, Alabama; Ben Lifshitz, New York; Leonard Luoto, Wyoming; Jay Lovestone, New York; E. Markizon, Delaware; A. B. Martin, New York; Jack McCarthy, Massachusetts; Bob Minor, New York; Frank Mozer, Pennsylvania; I. Munsey, Pennsylvania; Scott Nearing, New Jersey; Emli Niva, South Dakota; Moji Nurmi, Wisconsin; Hugo Oehler, Missouri; Wm. O'Brien, Arizona; M. J. Olgin, New York; Walter Pananen, New Hampshire; Lucy Parsons, Illinois; Wm. Patton, Iowa; N. B. Phalen, Oregon; Juliet S. Poyntz, New York; Henry Puro, Wisconsin; S. E. Roy, Michigan; James P. Reid, Rhode Island; Wm. J. Ryan, Massachusetts; Rodney Salisbury, Montana; George Saul, Colorado; Robert E. Smalls, South Carolina; Vern Smith, California; Carl Skoglund, Minnesota; J. Sorenson, Washington; Jack Stachel, New York; Roy Stephens, Nebraska; Rose Pastor Stokes, New York; Thomas Stone, Virginia; E. W. Sheinert, Rhode Island; Ben Thomas, Pennsylvania; Claus Thorwaldsen, Maine; Sadie Van Veen, Ohio; Wm. Watkins, Minnesota; Wm. W. Weinstone, New York; Albert Weisbord, New Jersey; Anita C. Whitney, California; H. M. Wicks, Michigan; Scott Wilkins, Ohio; Wm. J. White, Pennsylvania; Bertram D. Wolfe, New York; Rose Wortis, New York; Willis L. Wright, Michigan; Chas. Zimmerman, New York; Herbert Zam, New York; N. Zirganos, West Virginia.

Funds Needed.

Money is urgently needed to wage this campaign. Send your contribution immediately to the National Election Campaign Committee, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

FOSTER OPENS THIRD SESSION OF GREAT MEET

Bukharin Traces Path of Struggle

Continued from Page One

the shifting of the economic balance to the United States are the greatest factors in the new situation. In addition, the increased capitalist production is faced with smaller markets.

The contradictions in the capitalist system must lead to catastrophe. There is also a great contradiction between the United States and Europe. The United States is powerful, but has no colonized territories, while Great Britain has colonized territories but is itself deteriorating.

The capitalists thus face the problem of the redivision of the world, which means war. War is the chief problem today. The United States intends to become a colonial power. The antagonism between the United States and Britain is the greatest present factor in the situation.

German Imperialism

German imperialism is also regenerating. Germany is now industrially powerful and tending definitely toward the west. The general tendency is the capitalist preparation for war against the Soviet Union with the preliminary suppression of the working class. The workers are no longer facing individual capitalist enterprises, but great trusts and state backing. Strikes thus immediately become political, he said.

Relative stabilization does not exclude intensification of the class struggle. On the contrary, unemployment, strikes and the leftward swing of the masses are characteristic of this period.

Growth of Communism

Capitalist stabilization means also stabilization of the social-democracy which, despite its treachery, is increasing its influence in some places. Capitalist contradictions are the basis for the growth of the Communist Parties. Social-democracy is today unashamedly defending capitalism. The tactical change of the last Plenum towards the social-democracy arose from the given situation and was not any concession to the opposition. The expulsion policy of the Labor Party towards the Communists in Great Britain justifies the new Communist policy there. The united front policy remains. We must fight against the social-democratic leaders and win the social-democratic masses.

PLEDGE SUPPORT TO COAL MINERS

Miners Relief Body Opens Drive

Continued from Page One

warded to the relief headquarters at 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa to buy bread for hungry miners' children and defend the hundreds of arrested miners.

"Give your best efforts, all of your time, to collect every dime and dollar you can," Wagenknecht declared. "We must defend, protect and provide food for men who are fighting with their backs to the wall Make this drive a classic example of workers' solidarity!"

Phillips' Safety Box to Stay Closed Month

MONTREAL, July 20.—The contents of Francis Phillips' safety deposit box in the Montreal safe deposit vaults here will remain a mystery for one month at least.

According to an arrangement in the Superior Court here today, the box shall remain sealed and intact in its present condition until August 21. On that date the motion on behalf of New York will again be before the court.

Obregon's Hour of Triumph Proves Short

Only two weeks after he had been elected president of Mexico, Gen. Alvaro Obregon was killed by an agent of the counter-revolutionary catholic faction. Photo shows Obregon (arrow) riding in triumph thru the streets of Mexico two days before his assassination.

YOUNG WORKERS EXPOSE YIPSELS

Reactionary Trends Exposed at Meet

Continued from Page One

Communist youth league is not interested in helping in any shape or form the prosecution of Field. The Communist youth has nothing in common with any of the capitalist institutions, and it is the mission of the Communists to destroy them all. He pointed out many instances where the socialist party used the forces of the capitalist government against the revolutionary workers, both in this country and in other parts of the world. He showed that the fundamental differences between the young socialists and young Communists were irreconcilable.

When the floor was thrown open for questions and discussion it became evident that the Yipsels would attempt to monopolize the floor and would attempt to create disturbances and disorder. They were granted the floor and asked all the questions they wished, which were promptly answered. The floor was then given over to discussion. The yipsels objected to a ruling of the membership that there be a five minute limit for discussion. One after the other they spoke. League members answered them.

The arguments of the yipsels ranged from appeals "to the militant young Communists, that after all we are all brethren, we are all working for the same goal" to a vivid description of a hypothetical Communist in Prospect Park with "a pretty damsel." This by the educational director of the Brownsville circle, "Comrade" Plotkin. At the close of the discussion, when a large group of young Negro workers came into the hall, and when Frankfeld began to sum up, the yipsels marched out of the hall.

The League clarified its position on the Fields case. The League helped to show very concretely the methods and arguments to many young League members. The arguments of the yipsels were fully brought out and thoroly exposed. The League members in Brownsville, as a result of this discussion, became more determined than ever to go out and fight and expose the yipsels as a petty-bourgeois, student organization that is opposed to the interests of the toiling youth—and an enemy of the working class.

Stereotypers Gain a $1.50 Wage Increase

OKLAHOMA CITY, July 20.—Stereotypers employed on newspapers have won a raise to $45 for day work and $46.50 for night work This means a $1.50 increase for both day and night workers.

REPORT PANAMA GIVES AIR BASE

U. S. Opposes Grant to German Firm

BALBOA, Panama Canal Zone July 20.—Some doubt was expressed here over the report that the Columbian-German Aviation Company has succeeded in obtaining a seaplane base twenty miles from the Atlantic entrance to the Panama Canal.

The German company, Scadta, has been operating in South America and has met with considerable opposition from the Pan-American Airways. A United States line and the United States has opposed the concession to the German firm.

The Washington foreign department has objected on the ground that the German planes would fly over the Zone Canal and the military base.

Herman Kuehl, an official of the Scadta, said that the base had been granted as "a matter of courtesy because his company had a contract to assist in the delimitation of the boundary between Columbia and Panama."

Miner's Child to Speak at Mine Relief Meeting

The Children's Committee for Miners' Relief has arranged a big children's mass meeting to be held Wednesday at 2 p. m. at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and 2nd Ave. One of the most active children in the miners' strike, an organizer of the children's strike clubs of Bentleyville, Pa., who has been touring the country for the purpose of organizing children's strike activities for miners' relief, will speak.

In addition to this, there will be a program of plays, singing, recitations. Refreshments will be served. Many miners recently arrived from the strike area have also been procured to address the meeting.

Boston Painters Win 12½c Wage Increase

BOSTON, July 20.—Union painters here have won a raise in wages from $1.25 per hour to $1.37½. Over 3,500 workers are affected by this raise.

ANTI-MILITARIST STICKERS WORRY U.S. ARMY CZARS

Threats Made Against Youth League

Military authorities are enraged and worried as a result of anti-militarist stickers which recently appeared on army recruiting signs in New York. The stickers, signed by the Young Workers (Communist) League, exposed the role of capitalist militarism and called on the workers to fight the "Citizen's Military Training Camps."

The army officers repeat the usual threats of "turning the case over to the district attorney," but cannot decide whether to make the charge "disorderly conduct" or "malicious mischief." As no arrests were made and the military authorities know who put up the stickers, it is obvious that the charges must be against "John Doe."

Military authorities report that they "may start a campaign to root out what seems to be an organized movement to discredit the summer training camps."

Among the recruiting posters covered with the League stickers was one at Third Avenue and 149th Street.

CRIPPLED AVIATOR DOWN

ROOSEVELT FIELD, L. I., July 20 (UP).—Morris R. Daugherty, 24, crippled aviator, landed here at 2:45 p. m. today, after a flight from Passaic, N. J., where he was forced down yesterday.

Take the
DAILY WORKER
With You on Your
V

Keep [illegible] ruggles [illegible], while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

Vacation Rates
2 weeks 65c — 1 month $1
2 months $1.50 — 3 months $3

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For Annoying or Painful Bladder Evacuation
Get the genuine Santal Midy
Effective-Harmless
Sold by All Druggists

Report of the Fifteenth Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union

The first report in the Engish language of the most important Soviet Union Party Congress since Lenin's death.

A 500-page volume containing all reports, decisions and discussions.

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ESTABLISHED 1872
Main Office: 227 EAST 84th STREET (Bet. 2nd and 3rd Ave.)
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A co-operative fire insurance society for working people. Fifty-three branches throughout the United States. Membership on December 31, 1927, 49,600. Assets $700.000. Insurance in force, $53,000,000. All profits revert back to the members (policy holders) which enables us to offer the cheapest Fire Insurance in the country.

The yearly assessment (premium) is only 10c for each $100 insurance.

Upon joining every one must deposit $1.00 for every $100 Insurance which will be returned upon withdrawal from the Society.

Maximum insurance issued $2,000.

Workingmen and women, protect your homes in case of fire. Join the insurance society of your own class.

For further information apply at 227 East 84th Street.

ATTENTION
Party Units, Sub-sections, Sections, Workmen's Circle Branches, Women's Councils, Trade Union Educational Leagues, Workers' Clubs, etc.
You Can Get
500 Tickets for $20
with the Name of Your Organization on Your Tickets.
Make $100.00 Profit
By Participating in the
FREIHEIT
PICNIC
SATURDAY, JULY 28
ULMER PARK
Brooklyn
Send your Check, Money Order, or bring your cash to the
"FREIHEIT"
30 Union Square, N. Y. C.

Egyptian Chambers Dissolved, With Elections Suspended for Three Years

HANdOuTS

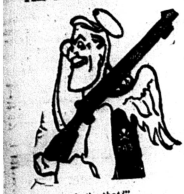
For some time Al Smith has been mad at William Randolph Hearst. When he met him on the street he wouldn't speak to him. This was because Hearst pointed out that Smith was responsible for the poisoned milk situation in New York. But now Al wants to be president. So he has hustled off Tammany Hall's court jester, Mayor Walker to visit Hearst on his California ranch. All Walker has to do is to get Hearst to switch from Hoover to Smith. Hearst is liable to do it. He would support Little Lord Fauntelroy for president if he got paid enough.

• • •

The public utilities companies of the U. S. admit they are spending a million a year for statements in the press that private ownership is best. Any worker can avail himself of capitalist freedom of speech and spend a million a year to deny the statements.

• • •

All Ready for Peace



"Ma, what's that?"

"Austin Chamberlain of Great Britain."

"What are those things growing out of his back?"

"Wings."

"What's that above his head?"

"A halo."

"What does he appear in that get-up for?"

"He's an angel. An angel of peace. He's always having a disarmament conference to get all the nations to put their firearms in the clothes closet, bury the hatchet and be nice to each other."

"Well, what's that long thing over his shoulder?"

"Adolph, wash your neck and ears or I won't let you go out and play in the lot."

• • •

Opinion of London police was expressed by Sir William Horwood ex-police commissioner, by his recent order forbidding the chewing of gum. The policemen didn't have sufficient forethought enough to spit out their gum before blowing their whistles which were thereby rendered "Clogged and unserviceable."

• • •

The National Biscuit Company has just completed plans for acquiring Christie, Brown and Co., biggest biscuit makers in Canada. Efficiency is to be increased. Even now by speed-up and long hours the employers steal about everything the workers produce. Biscuit bosses are so crooked anyway that there's hardly a one who couldn't hide behind a pretzel.

• • •

Vote Shopping

These two stalwarts are Earl S Kingsley, above, and Hubert Work below, heads of Herbert Hoover's purchasing department. They are entrusted with the delicate task of buying more votes than Al Smith can despite his Tammany Hall technique. Work has just given birth to the following brilliant remarks: "We should begin now to impress upon the thoughtless the privilege of the franchise. . .Eight million of young men and women are now eligible to vote for a president for the first time. . ." The fact that there are eight million youngsters ready to vote should hold no terrors for the capitalist parties. These voters have learned their economics in the Graphic and the Saturday Evening Post. As far as the privilege of the franchise goes this is the privilege the capitalists have of stealing everything the workers produce and still making them think they could better their conditions by putting a new face in the White House.

EGYPTIAN HOUSE DISSOLVED; SEE BRITISH HAND

King Fuad Sets Up a Dictatorship

CAIRO, Egypt, July 20 (UP).—The king yesterday suspended both chambers of congress and suspended elections for three years. Meanwhile royal decrees will have the force of laws. Members of the cabinet in Egypt also signed the dissolution order. It is understood the chambers' abuse of power was the excuse for the action.

• • •

Virtual Dictatorship.

CAIRO, Egypt, July 20.—The dissolving of the congress by King Fuad and suspension of elections for three years will virtually leave Egypt to a dictatorship, formally of the king, but actually of the British Colonial department.

The growing dissention in the legislature, and the growing nationalist spirit in Egypt has led to many uncomfortable situations for the British minister.

The congress, in spite of its limitations, has exhibited dissatisfaction with the present regime, in many cases refusing to cooperate with the British in the subjection of their country.

Plain Move.

The suspension of the elections will curb any opportunity the Egyptians may have to present their demands to England thru legal representation.

King Fuad is well-known here to be a faithful follower of the English government and obeys practically all dictates of the "mother country," is now expected to exercise a more brazen dictatorship under the cover of "divine rule."

I. L. D. PICNIC AT LANSING AUG. 5

CLEVELAND, July 20.—The district office of the International Labor Defense of Ohio is working hard in preparation for a grand miners' defense picnic to be held in Lansing Ohio, for the striking miners of Eastern Ohio.

The picnic is to be held on Sunday Aug. 5, at Taylor's Grove, Stop 23½, Lansing. Locals of the International Labor Defense participating are Neffs, Bellaire, Lansing Martins Ferry, Yorkville and Dillonvale, Ohio.

There will be an interesting program. Bishop Wm. M. Brown, the heretic bishop, will speak on miners' defense, as well as Carl Hacker state secretary of the I. L. D., and John Watt, national chairman of the Save-the-Union Committee. There will be dancing all day to the music of a 12-piece orchestra, as well as sports, games and races.

JAPAN FORCES MUKDEN 'PEACE'

Plans to Maintain Influence

TOKIO, July 20.—Japanese troops will not be withdrawn from Tsinan it was announced today, until there is a satisfactory "agreement" between the Nationalist government and the Manchurian war-lords.

That such a settlement favorable to Japanese interests in Manchuria will be reached publicly in the near future, is evident from the statement of Chang Hsueh-Lang, warlord of Mukden, that by the end of the month he will issue a statement announcing the allegiance of Manchuria to the Nationalist government.

TORTURED OWN CHILD.

MT. CLEMENTS, Mich., July 20 (UP).—Percy Smith, 23, and his housekeeper, Mrs. Jessie Ellison, 48 were expected to plead guilty this afternoon to assault with intent to do great bodily harm in connection with charges that the two had tortured one of Smith's children, Kathleen, 6.

NOTED HORTICULTURIST DEAD

OAKLAND, Calif., July 20 (UP).—Judge James H. Logan, 86, originator of the loganberry and mammoth blackberry, died yesterday after a long illness.

Judge Logan won wide recognition in horticulture.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

Wins in Mexico

Dwight W. Morrow, Morgan ambassador to Mexico, whose hand has been traced behind the scene of all major developments in that country. The encouragement given to the reactionary catholic factions in Mexico by the U. S. ambassador is believed to have encouraged the assassination of President-elect Obregon, who for a time played a progressive role.

CLEVELAND I. L. D. PICNIC SUNDAY

CLEVELAND, July 20.—The Russian branch of the International Labor Defense of Cleveland announces a big picnic to be held this Sunday at Minona Park, State Road, Parma

There will be an interesting program of sports, dancing and speaking. The principal speaker of the afternoon will be Carl Hacker, state secretary of the International Labor Defense, who will speak on "Defense of the Striking Coal Miners."

HEAT HITS ITALY.

ROME, July 20 (UP).—Several deaths and many fires from spontaneous combustion were reported during the heat wave now blanketing part of Italy.

Temperatures of from 80 to more than 100 degrees were reported in the north. The southern sections of the country were enjoying cool breezes.

Deaths were reported from Pisa, Milan and Savona. Damage from fires has mounted to several million lire.

PATTON TO HEAD IOWA STATE RED TICKET IN FALL

Veteran Labor Man to Run for Governor

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa, July 20.—At the state nominating convention of the Workers (Communist) Party held at Des Moines, William F. Patton of Council Bluffs was unanimously nominated for governor of Iowa. Amidst great enthusiasm, hundreds of members of the Workers (Communist) Party and delegates from many fraternal organizations chose a complete state ticket.

Old Labor Fighter.

Patton has for many years been employed on the railroads in various kinds of work. He is 70 years old, and at one time was a member of the Knights of Labor. He has spent his entire life in the class struggle, and is known throughout the region as one of the most militant fighters in the cause of the working class that has ever lived in the state. Despite his 70 years, he is in perfect health and is a powerful speaker.

Big Parties Reactionary.

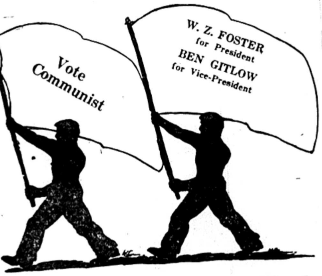
In accepting the nomination, he said: "I will spend all my time up to the election in touring the state and urging the workers and exploited farmers to vote Communist and to join the Workers Party. I have lived in Iowa nearly all my life and conditions were never so bad for the workers of this state as they are at present. The workers and farmers should not be fooled by the so-called labor planks of the big reactionary parties. Even the so-called "liberal" Senator Brookhart has joined in praising the labor-baiting Hoover."

The workers and farmers all over the state are greatly enthusiastic over the nomination of Patton, and over the fact that they will be able to vote for a real labor ticket in the fall. They showed this enthusiasm yesterday at a large mass meeting held in Council Bluffs, where Patton and other state nominees addressed the assemblage.

JINGOES PRACTISING.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 20 (UP).—The 22 airplanes taking part in the national "realiability" air tour left here today for Tacoma, where they will remain tonight.

PATTERSON
Daily Worker Picnic
Sunday, July 22, 1928
TO BE HELD AT
AUKINS FARM
NORTH HALEDON, N. J.
Auspices: W. P. Paterson
Directions: Take North Haledon Bus and get off at farm or Haledon Bus and ride until last stop.
ADMISSION .... 15 CENTS

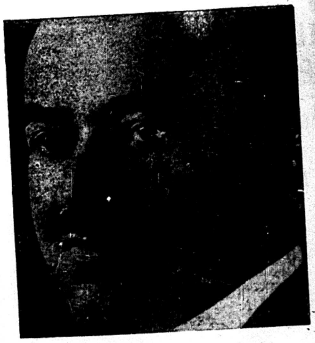


Order a Bundle!
Let The DAILY WORKER help you in your Election Campaign Work.
Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.
Special price on Daily Worker bundles during election campaign.
$8.00 per thousand (regular price $10.00 per thousand).
Enclosed find $..........for........Daily Workers
Name ....
Street ....
City .... State ....

TONIGHT!
Most Amazing Invention of the Twentieth Century!

PROFESSOR
THEREMIN
of Soviet Russia
Produces Music from the Air
BENJAMIN GITLOW
Acting Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party and Vice Presidential Candidate
Will Speak at the Huge Demonstration

BEN GITLOW



ROXY BALLET
Russian and Oriental Dances
ARNOLD VOLPE, Conductor
SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF 50 MEN
CONEY ISLAND STADIUM
Surf Avenue and West Sixth Street
TICKETS FOR SALE ALL DAY AT THE DAILY WORKER, 26-28 UNION SQ.
Admission: 75c; $1.00; $1.25 and $1.50 All Seats Reserved

ational Biscuit Company Officials Try to Break Up Communist Election Meeting

SSES' ACTION USES ANGER OF WORKERS

nging Locomotive Used By Firm

officials of the National Biscuit Company, at 15th St. and Tenth tried yesterday to stop a noon-election meeting of Section 2 of Workers (Communist) Party by a locomotive with bell ringing wildly back and forth across in front of the meeting. last week's meeting, the to be held in front of the Biscuit Company, the bosses prepared for this meeting. that workers would crowd the platform of the Work- (Communist) Party as soon as set up, they tried to "kill" effects of the meeting by it out in noise. The work- who listened to the speakers re- the action of their bosses told the chairman later that he it was all prearranged.

speakers were Joseph Mag-, who spoke in Italian; H. and Jack Brustein of the Workers League and Law- Ross, chairman of the meet-

These meetings will be continued. A committee is now scout- for a more suitable corner on to conduct them.

OLICE ATTACK STREET MEETING

ndustrial Barons Fear Communist Party

Continued from Page One

The crowd of 500 workers continued to increase and sympathy of the workers to the made by the speaker was apparent. Suddenly an offi- appeared and placed Herman arrest.

Other policemen attempted to the crowd. The workers and jeered the police until "guardians of open shop law order" began to feel that they rather be elsewhere. B. of the Workers (Communist) of Milwaukee then mounted and pointed out what "dem-" the workers receive from bosses' government. After hav- said a few words, he too was under arrest while the work- jeered at the police.

this time the crowd had in- to about 1,000 workers, and police reserves were to the scene in the form of cycle police, police squads, and clothes men. Despite all this of force, the workers were dispersed until an hour later.

The Young Workers (Commu-) League and the Workers (Communist) Party will hold an- big joint open air meeting on in defiance of the brutal of the police.

LL BOSSES IN TERROR REIGN

Operate Despite Workers Risk

Continued from Page One

of the association, declared statement issued here yester-

• • •

Workers Aroused.

W BEDFORD, Mass., July 20. bitterness hitherto not pro- has made itself apparent the ranks of the 28,000 tex- workers who are nearing their week of strike against the mill here, as the bosses and city announce plans to in- the police and court terror the strikers.

a statement issued today the called upon Mayor Ash- and the police head to prohibit of factories, and demanded all methods be utilized to af- what they termed "protection"

The mayor and chief of police, as expected of them, gave their consent in the question by of Police McLeod, "How many make a legal number in line? somebody to set the figure ac- to law, and we'll know where begin." Mayor Ashley followed up with a guarantee that the be enforced.

two statements, it is be- presage the obtaining of an injunction by the mill But the strikers declare their of not permitting any to deprive them of their chief against the bosses, mass

Highest Salaried Baseball Prima Donna

Babe Ruth, shown above with his sister, Mrs. Mary Moberly, is the highest salaried of baseball prima donnas and gets $75,000 a year for six months' work a couple of hours a day. Among his other activities Ruth has endorsed prison-made scab goods.

GIANTS AND DODGERS TAKE CLOSE GAMES

(By United Press)

New York pushed across three runs in the last two innings to win the first game of the important series with the Chicago Cubs, 4 to 3 yesterday. McGraw used three pitchers, including Larry Benton, his ace, who lasted six innings. The victory put the Giants in second place, two percentage points ahead of the Cubs.

The Brooklyn Dodgers got two more hits than the Pirates and defeated Pittsburgh, 8 to 7. Ray Kremer was knocked from the box in the second inning, and Dawson, who succeeded him could not hold the Robins in check. Petty also was ineffective and was replaced by Jumbo Elliott in the second inning.

• • •

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

New York 4, Chicago 3
Brooklyn 8, Pittsburgh 7
Cincinnati 4, Boston 3
St. Louis 5, Philadelphia 4

American League

Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 0
Washington 7, Detroit 4
Cleveland-Boston, Rain
Only Games Scheduled

• • •

Home Run Leaders

Ruth, Yankees	38
Wilson, Cubs	22
Bottomley, Cards	20
Gehrig, Yankees	19
Bissonette, Robins	18
Hornsby, Braves	17
Hauser, Athletics	14
Harper, Cards	14
Haffy, Cards	12
Hurst, Phillies	12

Totals

National League, 363
American League, 322

LABOR SPORTS UNION ACTIVE IN CHICAGO

(By Labor Sports Press Service.)

CHICAGO, July 20.—With 13 clubs as a basis on which to build, the Chicago district of the Labor Sports Union has been established on a firm basis. These 13 clubs have a total membership of about 450, active in every branch of sports. Dan Ellman, of the Larks Athletic Club, is the district secretary. The Chicago district is going ahead with plans for a local track and field meet, with the organization of a workers' soccer league and the sending of a large delegation of athletes to the National Labor Sports Union track and field meet in New York August 25-26.

HEENEY TAKES DAY OF REST

FAIRHAVEN, N. J., July 20 (UP).—His heavyweight title bout with Gene Tunney only six days away, Tom Heeney rested today, deserting his training camp early this morning.

Heeney has only three more days of training left. He will end his workouts Monday and take only light exercise Tuesday and Wednesday.

TO FILM PARADE AT MINE AFFAIR ON AUGUST 5TH

N. Y. Workers to Show Solidarity

On August 5 Pleasant Bay Park will be the scene of a huge solidarity parade in which militant slogans and banners will be carried by New York workers as a demonstration of their solidarity with the striking miners and their families. This will be one feature of a highly diverse and entertaining program of events at the Miners Solidarity Fair, to be held at Pleasant Bay Park by the National Relief Miners Committee, 799 Broadway. Moving pictures of the solidarity parade will be taken, the pictures to be later added to the film taken in Pennsylvania and Ohio of the miners' strike, showing scenes of picketing, police clubbings and arrests.

Other features of the affair will be games and sports, mass choir singing and dancing in native costume, fads of many nationalities and fine dance music. A special platform for dancing is now under process of construction.

Tickets at the price of 35 cents are now on sale at the office of the National Miners Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Room 237. Organizations are asked to purchase tickets in blocks of 100 or more, paying for them 20 cents each. Such organizations will then be enabled to not only help the cause of the striking miners by contributing to the relief funds, but contribute to its own treasury.

The program committee is now at work enlarging the program to be presented on August 5 to the solidarity demonstrators. A highly diverse list of entertaining events is promised.

MINERS LOOK TO CONVENTION

Leaders Prepare For Big Convention

Continued from Page One

here today in the declaration by the companies that they will seek the complete open shop.

Determination of the operators to continue their efforts "to kill the union" through maintenance of the open shop basis, was reaffirmed by S. H. Robbins, president of the Ohio Coal Operators Association.

His oficial comment on the decision of the policy committee of the United Mine Workers at its meeting in Indianapolis Wednesday to allow "home rule" among the districe unions in effecting wage scales was:

"The move of the United Mine Workers organization will have no material bearing on the soft coal situation in Ohio.

"We are going along on an open-shop basis in fine shape. We are through negotiating with the union leaders on any basis."

Other coal operators expressed the opinion that the action of the union would havo the effect of stimulating the industry in this state by releasing union miners from their obligation to hold out for the $7.50 Jacksonville scalp. They said, however, that union leaders would never again be recognized in this state and that the "check-off" system is a thing of the past.

Whatever settlement is made in Ohio will be made by the state organization as a unit and not by the sub-districts, according to spokesmen.

Progressive mine leaders, as well as rank and file coal diggers, have shown by their determination and fighting spirit that they will fight to the end for their union.

Chicago Freiheit and Election Outing

The 7th annual Freheit Picnic will be held at Chicago, July 22, at Baer's Grove, 3737 N. California Ave. The picnic will not only be a Freheit jubilee afafir, but will also be a demenstration for the election campaign of the Communist Party. The speaker will be Max Bedacht, candidate for U. S. Senate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket.

LOSE JOBS THRU ZARITSKY UKASE

Cap Bosses Aid Right Wing Union Wreckers

Continued from Page One

assistance grants them, the right wing international emissaries have announced that they would fine and cause the dismissal of any worker who declares his sympathy with the expelled progressive leadership.

This ukase was immediately followed up by action. A. Zeff, a worker in the Wentworth Hat Co. shop was thrown out of the factory and fined $25 by the right wingers. Zeff had told Hershkowitz that his clique had no business burglarizing Local 7 office, and stealing the International charter.

M. Krupnick was dismissed from the shop of the National Cap Co. and fined $25. William Futterman, another progressive worker, also lost his job and was fined a similar amount.

All girls in the shops of the Hahn Bros. and the National Cap Co., completely unionized by the left wing leadership, were ordered dismissed by the right wing, who told the boss to operate the hand sewing section of the factory open-shop. The girls, though young, were the staunchest supporters of the union leadership.

LABOR and FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Iron, Bronze Workers Meet.

A quarterly meeting of the union, to be held on Tuesday evening, July 24th, 1928, at 7 East 15th Street, at 8 p. m.

• • •

Washington Heights, Attention.

A literary and social club is being formed. All interested are invited to a meeting next Monday night at 8 p. m. at 100 Northern Ave., corner of 181st St., Apt. 33.

• • •

Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at 7:30 sharp August 2, 1928. At this conference the causes of war, and the methods to be used in fighting the war danger will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women's organizations are invited to send delegates, and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

• • •

Workers School Outing.

All comrades interested in soccer or swimming or both are invited to attend the Workers School Sport Outing on Sunday, July 22. We meet at 242nd Street subway station, Van Cortlandt Park at 8.30 sharp.

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Volunteers For I. L. D.

Volunteers are wanted at the National Office of the International Defense, 80 East 11th St., Room 402, anytime between 9.30 a. m. and 6 p. m.

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Workers Culture.

The Workers Culture Club of Bath Beach will have an Outing Sunday, July 22nd, 9 a. m. at 1940 Benson Ave.

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I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

Workers Party Activities

International Branch 1.

International Branch 1 will hold an educational meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Mark's Place, N. Y. All members are urged to be present.

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Section 7.

Section 7 signature collecting drive. Every comrade of the section must report at campaign headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn, every evening from 6:30, Saturday and Sunday, all day. Also comrades from Section 2 and 3 are to report to same headquarters for signature drive.

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Subsection 3C Meeting.

All units of Subsection 3C will meet Monday at 101 West 27th St. at 6:30 p. m. Election of directors for the election campaign will take place. All members are urged to attend.

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Executive Subsection 3C.

The executive committee of Subsection 3C will hold a meeting on Wednesday at 101 W. 27th St. at 6.30 p. m.

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Subsection 2A Functionaries.

A meeting of the executive functionaries of Subsection 2A will be held on Monday, July 23, at 101 W 27th St. All comrades must attend this meeting.

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Sections 2 & 3.

The speakers class arranged by Sections 2 and 3 will start Tuesday, July 24, at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Ray Ragozin will be the instructor. All comrades who wish to join the class must report Tuesday.

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McKinley Square Branch, Y. W. L.

The McKinley Square branch of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an open air meeting Monday at 8.30 p. m. on the corners of 174th St. and Vyze Ave., the Bronx. The subject of the meeting will be the present election campaign.

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Sub-Section 3E.

The enlarged executive committee of the sub-section 3E will meet on Monday, July 23, at 6:5 P. M. It is of great importance that the comrades be present on time.

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International Branch 1.

The International Branch No. 1 will hold its regular meeting on Monday, July 23, at 9:00 P. M., at 101 W. 27th St.

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Unit 3E 1F.

A very important meeting will be held of Unit 3E 1F on Tuesday, July 24, at 6:15 P. M., at 101 W. 27th St. Every comrade must be present. The roll call will be taken.

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Unit 3E 2F.

The Unit 3E 2F will have a very important meeting on Wednesday, July 25, at 6:15 P. M., at 101 W. 27th St. All comrades must be present and on time. Roll call will be taken.

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Campaign Discussion, B. 1, Sec. 5.

Everyone interested in the issues of the election campaign should attend the discussion at the headquarters of Branch 1, Section 5, on Tuesday, July 24, at 715 E. 138th St., at 8:00 P. M. Prominent speakers will address the meeting. Discussion will follow from the floor.

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Unit SD2, 2C Meets.

Unit SD2, 2C will hold an interesting educational meeting tonight at 101 West 27th St., at 6:30 p. m. All members are urged to attend.

• • •

Brooklyn Speakers Class.

The speakers class being held by Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold its first session Tuesday, at the section headquarters, 764 40th St., Boro Park. The class starts at 8 p. m., but all who wish to attend regularly should be at the meeting room at 7:45 p. m. promptly.

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Daily Worker Agents, Section 7.

A conference of unit and subsection Daily Worker agents will be held Tuesday, July 24, at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

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Speakers and Agitprop Conference.

A conference fo all Party speakers, section, subsection and unit agitprop directors will be held today at 2 p. m. sharp at 26 Union Square, 5th floor. All comrades are requested to attend htis conference without fail since very important matters in relation to the election campaign will be taken up.

• • •

Speakers Conference.

A speakers conference at which the problems and tactics of various phases of our Party election campaign will be discussed, will be held today at 26 Union Sq., 5th floor at 2 p. m. Comrade Benjamin will lead the discussion on "The Democratic Party Platform." All Party open air speakers and all members of section speaking classes, all section, subsections and unit agitprop directors must be present at this conference if they are to participate intelligently in the Party election campaign.

• • •

Joint Industrial Conference of Sections 2 & 3.

A joint industrial conference of Sections 2 and 3 will be held on Tuesday, July 24, 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All unit and subsection industrial organizers as well as representatives of the leading committees of the Party fractions of the I. L. G. W. U., Furriers, Millinery, Fancy Leather Goods and Office Workers must attend. A district representative will be present.

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Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

DRESSMAKERS ENDORSE MINE RELIEF MEET

Conference to be Held on Thursday

At a meeting held at the Stuyvesant Casino Thursday evening the members of Local 22, International Ladies Garment Union endorsed the Shop Delegates Conference for Miners Relief, to be held at Bryant Hall at 6 p. m. on Thursday, July 26.

S. Zimmerman, chairman of the meeting, spoke for ten minutes on the extreme importance of the miners' struggle to needleworkers in New York and pointed out that the most effective weapon in the hands of the striking miners and their families is food.

Every member present received a conference call, addressed to all shop and factory workers who are employed between 14th and 59th Sts., urging them to elect delegates to the Miners Relief Conference of July 26. Individual workers employed in shops where for some reason it is impossible to elect delegates are urged to attend the conference as individual representatives of their shops.

The conference, which has already been endorsed by furriers, cloakmakers and dressmakers, is expected to mobilize hundreds of workers who see in the miners' strike and the disintegration of the miners' union a direct menace to their own standards of living and organization.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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THE "D.O." COMES TO THE "RENDEZVOUS"

By CHARLES ASHLEIGH

THE District Organizer was rather tired, and his nerves were a bit on edge. A sixteen-hour working day—sometimes an eighteen-hour one—is bound to tell on you after a while.

There were so many things to think of. And, when the party is illegal—"underground"—the work is much more harassing.

His day's work was done—all but one thing. He had attended committees; he had interviewed party officials. He was feeling worn out But still there was one more thing to do, and an important matter it was. He must find a meeting-place for this evening! There were only two hours in which to do this, and to let the comrades know.

The delegate had arrived in the city from an important convention. He had to leave tomorrow. Tonight he must meet the dozen leading comrades of the city, and report to them on the congress; and give them their new directions. It was up to the District Organizer to find the place.

Here was the house he had been seeking. A large, middle-class dwelling, it was. There were lights shining through all the front windows. Through the open windows of the ground floor one could hear music, laughter, and a hum of conversation. Guests were arriving as he approached.

• • •

This is an ideal place, thought the Organizer. He entered; the door always stood open in this Bohemian household.

There were about thirty people in the large tastefully furnished rooms. Groups were discussing avidly subjects of high literary, artistic or political import.

The master of the house came towards the Organizer, his eyes glinting welcome through his pince-nez.

"I am so glad you came," he said. "This is really a pleasure. Ha! You will enjoy some of the people here; they have absolutely no comprehension of our cause."

He led the Organizer towards a corner of the room.

"My dear," he said to his wife. "Look whom we have with us."

The lawyer's wife rose and hurried towards the Organizer, her hands extended.

"Oh, how glad I am," she said. "So god to see you again. Come, there are some interesting people you must meet."

And, before the Organizer could protest, she steered him into the thick of the crowd.

"This is Mr. Gobinsky," she said, presenting the Organizer to a stout solemn gentleman, "who has made such interesting researches into the Fourth Dimension. Mademoiselle Francsin, the well-known cyclist, who has done so much for the emancipation of women. And this is our dear Flor Stax, the founder of the Flamboyant School of Poetry. My friends, I want you all to meet Mr. Strauss. S-h-h-h! Let me warn you—he is one of those terrible Bolsheviks! But you know how I feel about that! He must tell you all about his experiences in prison. Two-and-a-half years of it! Just think—in these so-called enlightened days!"

• • •

A MURMUR of appreciation arose. They eyed the organizer with expectancy. One young lady ecstatically said: "How I envy you your martyrdom!"

The Organizer was in agony. He forced an amiable smile. "In a moment, ladies and gentlemen," he said. "But first, may I beg our host to show me where I can telephone?"

"By all means," said the hostess, leading the Organizer from the room.

"I must speak with you and your husband at once, for a few minutes," said the Organizer, as soon as they were alone.

"Why, of course," said the hostess breathlessly. "Oh, is it something very exciting?"

In the privacy of an upstairs room, the Organizer explained his errand.

"It is a very important meeting," he said, "and it must be held at nine o'clock this evening. All we want is a room—any room will do. There's only a dozen of us."

The lawyer, pursing his lips, looked doubtfully at his wife. "I really don't know . . .," he said. His wife—for once—was silent.

"It is quite safe," urged the Organizer. "Everyone knows you hold these literary and artistic soirees frequently. People come and go, all the time. No one will think anything, when my comrades drop in, in ones and twos. Half your guests don't know the other half, so there is nothing to fear from that quarter, either." He explained it all, with weary patience, reassuring them.

"I was sure you would agree," added the District Organizer. "You are so interested in our movement. And I have always known you to be among the most valuable and helpful of our sympathizers." Some cajolery, he thought, must also be used.

"Of course, we are interested," said the lawyer. "We would do anything possible to help you. But——"

"Mr. Strauss," the hostess interposed. "I really don't think it fair of you to ask us to do this. Consider our position! With your party illegal, it is not safe! If there were any arrests we would be in a terrible position. My husband and I, as hosts—as inspirers, I might even say—of so many men and women of talent and ideas, have practically a public position. Can we endanger it?" She glanced nervously at her husband for confirmation.

"That is so," said the lawyer. "We really must consider 'the greatest good to the greatest number,' you know. And my position as a professional man—it is not as though I had nothing to lose. If it were discovered that the meeting was held here, it might seriously damage—. Really, while I sympathize with your ideals, as I have often said, I do not think you should come to me with this proposal."

• • •

THE District Organizer was silent. He gazed at them coolly, meditatively, appraisingly.

"Is this the first time we have asked you to do anything to help us?" he asked.

"Yes," said his host. "But you see how it is. . . ."

"Yes," said the Organizer, "I see how it is. Good evening!"

Flutteringly, his host accompanied him downstairs.

He was out upon the street again. Only an hour and a half left now in which to find a place. He must find a place. The comrades were waiting.

He ran over, in his mind, the list of sympathizers living in this neighborhood.

There was So-and-So; he had a smaller place in a poorer street. There was more risk. But still, he wasn't known to the police. . .

"Yes, I'll go there," he thought, brightening with decision. "He's a good sympathizer; and I don't think he'll refuse. He's a working man."

Fascists to Try Sixty-Year Old Revolutionist

ONE of the accused in the last great process against the leaders of the Communist Party was Fabrizzio Maffi. Maffi was unable to appear in court as he was seriously ill in the prison hospital. The 60-year-old fighter will be tried therefore later on, assuming that he recovers his health whilst in the hands of the fascists, which is very unlikely.

Fabrizzio Maffi was born on October 2, 1868, in San Zeno Po in Lombardy. It would not be too much to say that he has devoted his whole life to the cause of the working class. The peasants of Piedmont, Venice and Lombardy know him as their organizer and leader. Maffi served the workers also as a doctor, particularly during the frequent epidemics and earthquakes.

When fascism came to the helm, Maffi was constantly persecuted by the fascists. On one occasion in 1921 he fell into the hands of the fascists, who demanded that he should cry "Long live fascism!" Despite a threat to his life, Maffi refused to do so and was seriously injured. After the split of the socialist party in 1921 Maffi followed Serrati and was in favor of returning to the Communist International. In 1924 he was elected into the chamber and became one of the leaders of the Third International group in Italy. Maffi was one of the first to shout "Murderers!" in the chamber when the news of the murder of Matteotti became known. From autumn, 1926, on, when Maffi was lying seriously ill, his house was constantly under police surveillance and although he was seriously ill he was arrested in November, 1926, with the other Communist members, transported from prison to prison and finally banned as a prisoner to the notorious island of Ustica. Afterwards he was removed to the prison of Milan to await trial. Imprisonment has seriously worsened Maffi's health. Unless the workers can save him speedily, he will die in prison.

Minister Is Unfrocked For 'Gross Immorality'

BROWNWOOD, Tex., July 20.—The Rev. G. E. Cameron, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, south of Brownwood, was expelled from the West Texas conference of the church yesterday after a jury of twelve ministers had found him guilty of charges of "gross immorality" preferred by a Brownwood woman.

Details of the trial and events leading up to it were withheld. The trial was conducted behind closed doors and only the verdict was announced.

SMALL DECLINE IN PRICES.

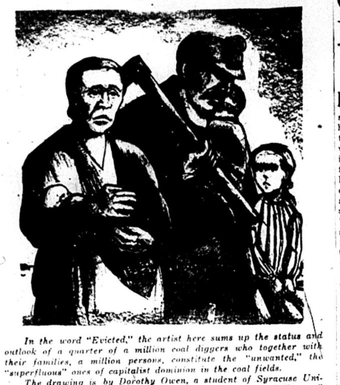
WASHINGTON, July 20 (UP). The prices of 451 commodities during the week ended July 14 showed an average decline of less than a tenth of one per cent, according to the wholesale price index compiled by the National Fertilizer Association. Declines occurred largely in textiles, grains, feeds and live stock, fertilizer materials and metals. Advances occurred in gasoline, fats, hides and coffee.

The index stood at 95.8 for the week ended July 14, compared with 100 per cent in 1926.

CHARGED WITH PLANE THEFT.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 20 (UP). —Hearing on the charge of grand larceny against Arthur Manning, Hartford aviator, alleged to have stolen an airplane from Poughkeepsie, N. Y., was postponed today, pending arrival of detectives from Poughkeepsie.

Evicted



In the word "Evicted," the artist here sums up the status and outlook of a quarter of a million coal diggers who together with their families, a million persons, constitute the "unwanted," the "superfluous" ones of capitalist dominion in the coal fields.

The drawing is by Dorothy Owen, a student of Syracuse University. The institution, aptly labeled the "University of Heaven," is a Methodist "match" factory under the patronage of the oil trust. The present chancellor bears the expressive name of Flint!

The Red Army of the First Workers, Peasants Republic

Published by the Communist Party of Great Britain. Price 1d.

Reviewed by David Gordon

THE sub-title of this pamphlet is "A Short Account of the First Army of the Workers." It is that, brief and also clear, simple and comprehensive.

As a prologue to the book we find the oath of the Red Army. As "a son of the toiling masses" the Red Soldier takes his calling "with honor" to "the great cause of the emancipation of all toilers."

The first chapter answers the question of how it was possible for the numerically weak Red Army to overcome the imperialist invasion, aided by the counter-revolutionary social-democracy. "The chief weapon with which the Red Army defeated its enemies was the enthusiasm, the unqualified conviction in the justice of its cause, and the truth of the message which it carried to the working class."

• • •

The United States, Britain, Germany, France, Japan, Greece, Poland and a good number of Balkan states thrown in sent troops to aid the reactionary Krasnov, Denikin, Koltchak, Wrangel and Yudenitch against a determined, though relatively small, "Workers and Peasants Army." Despite their great forces and "their campaigns, accompanied by unparalleled brutality and violence," the White Guards were roundly beaten. "We are an army of the doomed. . . . We are a people who sigh for the faintest recollection of a well-spread dinner table, choice wines and select perfumes." Because the counter revolution fought for the further exploitation of the working class the army of the working class was not to be defeated.

The demoralized tsarist army was unfit to act as a revolutionary army and so was ordered demobilized. In February, 1918, the Red Guard was established. This was the beginning of the Red Army. But when the Menshevik reactionists and imperialist interventionists threatened the existence of the Soviet government the Red Army was truly formed. The result of its organization was victory for the workers and peasants of Russia and of the entire world.

• • •

"The Red Army" is a very important pamphlet. It should be sold and distributed wherever workers meet, in the shops and in the trade unions. The lessons of the first Workers' and Peasants' Army must be learned by the working class to make its struggle against capitalist exploitation more effective.

Philadelphia Youth Conference July 22

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 20.—Many organizations have already elected delegates to the preliminary working youth conference that will be held here tonight at 8 P. M. at 531 7th St. Among the organizations that have elected delegates so far are the Negro Carpenters' Local, Carpenters' Local 1073, Young Workers (Communist) League, Scandinavian Workers Sport Club, Kensington Sport Club, Knit Gods Workers' Union, Plumbers' and Steamfitters' Helpers, and many other organizations.

The young workers in Philadelphia, as elsewhere, are amongst the most exploited. At this conference the young workers themselves will discuss their problems and will take steps to remedy them.

Young workers who are not delegates have been invited to come as visitors to the conference.

CARRANZA'S BODY IN OHIO.

COLUMBUS, O., July 20.—The body of Emilio Carranza, Mexican airman, who was killed last week in an airplane accident, enroute from New York to Mexico City made a brief stop here today. A little group of soldiers and officers stood at attention as the funeral train rolled in and stopped that the guard over the body of Carranza might greet those who met the train.

47 WORKERS AT COLLEGE.

MADISON, Wis., July 20 (FP).—Forty-five girls and two men comprise the summer school for workers conducted by the University of Wisconsin at Madison. Lillian Herstein of the Chicago Teachers' Union is one of the instructors.

MOVING PICTURES OF MURDER

FREEPORT, L. I., July 20 (UP). —Motio npictures of the events leading up to the murder of William F. Gilbride, Brooklyn contractor, will be shown before a jury when Joseph Ustica goes on trial as the slayer. The pictures were taken in the spaghetti house where it is alleged Gilbride was first assaulted.

Rare Photos Feature in the Defender

THE Labor Defender, monthly labor pictorial, in its August issue now on the press, features a photograph of Pierre Degeyter, famous worker-composer of the song of the revolution, the "Internationale." He is now in Soviet Russia, where he is receiving great receptions on his first visit.

The "Defender" photo of Degeyter, taken in his humble proletarian home in France, is accompanied by a story on the famous composer, together with the words of the song in full.

A short story by Charles Yale Harrison, "The Red Flag," a vivid sketch from life, reminiscent of the great Sacco and Vanzetti demonstrations of last year, is illustrated with a drawing by Phillip Reisman.

Other articles in this issue feature the Textile Strike in New Bedford, the minors' situation, Houston lynching, Sacco and Vanzetti, Tom Mooney, China and Japan. Anna Louise Strong, Albert Weisbord, Richard Moore and Arne Swabeck are among the contributors.

The whole issue is again featured by a collection of unusual photographs that are one of the main reasons for the increasing success of the "Labor Defender," pictorial organ of the International Labor Defense.

—C. W.

British Tories Agree To Kellogg Peace Plan

LONDON, July 20 (UP).—Great Britain's acceptance of the American proposal for an anti-war treaty among world powers was handed to the American charge de'affaires today, Sir Austen Chamberlain, foreign secretary, announced in the House of Commons.

Great Britain's note, Chamberlain said, expressed complete readiness to sign the treaty at such time and place as might be agreeable to the United States.

PLAN BRYN MAWR MEET.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20 (FP). —Five-day week and unemployment will be discussed by union leaders and friends at the two-day summer conference of the Philadelphia Labor College. Facts about present productivity and unemployment practical application of the 5-day week, existing plans of unemployment insurance, women's hours and the shorter work week will be principal subjects.

The conference will be held at Bryn Mawr College. Students at the summer school for women in industry will present a pageant for the labor college group as part of their annual international peace festival.

CIGAR MAKERS WIN.

MANCHESTER, N. H., July 20 (FP).—One thousand two hundred union cigar makers have signed an agreement with the R. G. Sullivan Co. providing that cigars shall continue to be hand made. The company wanted to introduce machines

CHINA'S CHILDREN PICTURE OF SLAVERY

By L. A.

(Translated by Sol Auerbach)

IN the tea plantations of the province of Hupeh harvest is in full swing. Small and big merchants have already bought it up. The large tea factories and warehouses are working full speed. The tea is being sorted, boxes and baskets are filled with freshly dried tea leaves. Dozens of children sit at the table crowded close to one another. Their supple fingers work quickly and separate the rotten leaves and twigs. They bend over the boxes, their small faces pale and covered with perspiration. The tea-dust hurts their lungs and they cough heavily. One gets faint from the aroma of the tea. It is this way from day to day, uninterrupted, from twelve to fourteen hours.

From the balcony of my room I can see the blacksmith shop, which is on the other side of our small street. Its din and hammering resounds from one morning until the next. By daylight and at night by the light of a small petroleum lamp I always see near the master and his helpers two greasy and soot covered children, the younger about eight and the older hardly ten years old. They work the bellows, hammer pieces of tin into shape, make holes in iron plates with a chisel. When food is brought them—rice with a little watery soup—they eyes dance greedily.

On the river at Canton and on the Wampu at Shanghai there are always heavily loaded junks to be seen, which are propelled with the help of a single enormous oar. On this oar the boatman, his wife and three or four-year-old children exert themselves with all their strength But this is not so bad since the sun shines here and the air is fresh.

In Canton, which is famous for its ivory products, children work in the stifling air, the dust and darkness of the well-known narrow alleys where this handiwork industry is to be found. The small Li-Po is twelve years old. Hhe has already had two years of apprenticeship and still has five more years to go before he will have fully learned ivory-cutting. He already knows how to cut up a piece of ivory into smooth three-cornered pieces and strips, which must yet be polished in order to make chopsticks out of them. He must, however, also learn how to cut rosettes knives, frames, Buddha figures and other things. That takes a long time. In the meantime his parents starve and wait until he is able to earn something and support them.

The embroidery of Tschang-Scha is known in all China and outside of its borders. Small children sit in the dark booths and blind themselves over the embroidery. Every piece made is saturated with their sweat and blood. Perhaps the colors of the embroidery are so brilliant because the faces of the small masters are covered with a deadly pallor.

In a small side-street of Shanghai there stand a tumbled down house, a shop. Within a busy rustling can be heard that is due to paper. At the door tremendous piles of boxes are being loaded. In Shanghai there are numerous match factories and even more tobacco factories. Millions of cigarettes are made there. These boxes are necessary for them. Hundreds of children from the age of five to twelve sit crowded closely against each other pasting boxes. The employer pays a Mexican dollar a year per child. Besides this the children receive ten cents for every 10,000 boxes. To finish 10,000 boxes takes over one month!

The small Li-Siao is only six years old. She always has a desire to sleep. She has worked with her mother for one year in a large silk factory of Shanghai. To unravel the silk cocoons small fingers are necessary. The cocoons are thrown into soapy water. The working room is full of steam and in this moist and stifling room Li-Siao unrolls the cocoons from early morning until late at night. She often falls asleep and if she is seen by the foreman, her finger is scalded. She receives incessant fines and is never paid her full months' wage of one dollar The foreman beats her painfully. Li-Siao can hardly await the new year, for then she has three holidays. the only ones in the whole year How she will be able to sleep then!

• • •

These children in the box, tea, silk and other factories and work shops who in their early years are already bound to the yoke of drudgery sighted in the days of the awakening of the labor movement the light of a new life. Strikes and demonstrations, meetings and rebellion were for them what play and recreation are for other children of their age.

There is, for example, a young picketer in Canton. For the first time does he see so much sunlight and air. He fills his lungs with air He wishes that the sun should also shine on all his young friends. The whole order of things must be changed.

There is again a young Pioneer in Hankow. He looks proudly on his red bandanna. When he will be older he will have a gun and lead the fight against all enemies of the working class. "Down with imperialism," he calls, with the whole strength of his voice.

Around Shanghai there runs an asphalt boulevard. On stifling summer nights foreigners ride here in their autos. Suddenly stones and coal dust hail down upon these elegantly dressed Europeans and their women. "Foreign devils!" "Imperialists," call the strong voices of children. The children run away and are overjoyed that they have, even only to a slight degree, avenged the oppression of their country.

A demonstration in Peking. Children with coin boxes collect money for the political prisoners. They are members of the "Chinese Aid Society for the Martyrs of the Liberation Movement." They wear bands with the slogan "For the Political Prisoners." They walk along beside the rows of the demonstrators and collect pennies from the workers.

A demonstration in Shanghai. The police arrest the speaker, beat up the demonstrators. The prisoners are led away. Children, members of the Red Aid, follow them to the police station, learn their names and bring them to the committee of the Aid Society.

A demonstration in Tientsin. Children march with banners on which slogans are written. Lustily they roar "Up with a Workers' Government!" "Down with Imperialism!"

The children's group of the Chinese Aid Society has 12,000 collective and 2,000 single members. It publishes its own newspaper, "The Children's Aid."

The Shanghai General Strike of March 1927. The workers take possession of the town. The children fight by the side of their elders They bring aid to their wounded under the very banner of the enemy fall, struck by enemy bullets. . .

These are the children from the factories and shops. They have trodden the road of struggle and will never be able to leave it again. With such children is the Chinese revolution assured of victory. These are the reliable reserve forces of the fighting workers and peasants of China!

Transmits Color and Form by Television

LONDON, July 20.—The experiments of John L. Baird are hailed here as a revolutionary stride in the development of television. He succeeded in transmitting from one room to another, in broad daylight, the head and shoulder of a man. This was done without the aid of powerful artificial light.

The receiver showed an image the size of a playing card, but perfect in all details. Not only was form transmitted but also color, which had never been done before.

HEAT WARPS EIFFEL.

PARIS, July 20 (UP).—Extreme heat in the last few days has warped Eiffel Tower so that it is six inches off plumb, it was learned today. The intense heat of the sun has affected the steel girders so that the great tower has bent towards the east Engineers said, however, that when Eiffel was built an allowance had been made for expansion of the steel and that the tower still was safe.

CONSUMERS TO MEET.

Brookwood Labor College will be the seat Aug. 19-25 of the first institute on consumers' cooperation ever held in the United States. For one week members of the Eastern States Cooperative League will study history and theory of cooperation practical problems and relations of the movement to labor and radical bodies.

Vacation-Reading
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Grand Concert to Be Held at Coney Island Stadium Today

SOME 25,000 workers are expected to attend the big concert and demonstration which will be held at the Coney Island Stadium tonight. Due to the rain last Saturday, the concert was postponed until this evening. The postponement, however served a good purpose; for the orchestra, under the baton of Arnold Volpe, were able to continue further rehearsals until yesterday The Roxy Ballet too, has found it possible to include new numbers. which received the final polishing this week.

The program arranged for this evening's entertainment follows:

Arnold Volpe will lead his orchestra of 50 musicians in the following program: The Coronation March from Meyerbeer's opera, "The Prophet"; the famous Rienzi Overture of Wagner, "Caucasian Sketches" by Ippolitow-Ivanov, Fantasy from Bizet's opera, "Carmen," and the popular "Marche Slavic" by Tschaikovsky.

The orchestral numbers will be followed by the Roxy Ballet under the direction of I. Nelle. The numbers include popular Gypsy dances and the Mazourka from Delibes' ballet, "Coppelia" and a group of dances from Gounod's opera "Faust." Other numbers will follow later in the evening.

Prof. Leon Theremin, the world famous scientist and inventor, called the Russian Edison, will be reserved for the climax of the evening's entertainment. Theremin will again demonstrate his remarkable invention by which he draws music out of the air, and will play both solos and with orchestra accompaniment. In the solos he will be accompanied on the piano by Arie Abileah.

His solo numbers will be "Night" by Rubinstein and Etude by Scriabine. With orchestra accompaniment he will play Golterman's Concerto in A Minor and Saint-Saens' famous composition, "The Swan."

LEON THEREMIN.

The young Soviet inventor will be the chief attraction at the concert which will be given at the Coney Island Stadium this evening.

"Seal Hunting in the Arctic," a film record of the only seal hunt in the Arctic, shares the program with Capt. H. A. Snow's "Hunting Big Game in Africa" at the Cameo Theatre this week. Varick Erissell, a New Yorker, 24 years old, is responsible for the Arctic picture.

AMUSEMENTS

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NOW
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Remarkable Film Record of Death Defying Expedition with Gun and Camera to Darkest Africa.
The ARCTIC SEAL HUNT
Astounding Film Story of Struggle for Food in Arctic Wastes.

DEATH FOR TWO.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 19 (UP).—The court of appeals today upheld the death sentences of Martin L Miller, a Negro, and Anthony Russo

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!
For the Workers!

Close the Breach Made by Lewis' Treason!

Like a jeering, hooting mob at a lynching, the scab coal operators with their superintendents and chief strike-breakers are pouring through the breach in the fighting line of the coal miners made by the treasonable action of John L. Lewis and the policy committee of the United Mine Workers' Union last Wednesday. The treacherous, crawling flunkey of the coal operators who tries to sell himself to the operators at a price based upon his continuing to be "President of the United Mine Workers," at last openly called upon the mine workers to make no further protest against the flooding of scabs into the mines, thus accepting the open shop; to make no further struggle for the Jacksonville scale, accepting any scab wages the operators would give; to give up all idea of a national agreement or any kind of national solidarity, and hereafter to make only an empty gesture toward agreements on separate district bases, "to permit any coal company or any mine to employ all the men it may require," etc., thus accepting the open-shop to make the surrender complete.

This craven declaration of policy was, of course, addressed as much to the coal operators as to the mine workers. It was a last bid to the operators to take the whole situation into their own hands, coupled with a slavish plea that John L. Lewis and his bureaucracy be allowed to function as administrators of labor-discipline for the operators. In other words, Lewis and his national bureaucracy aim through conspiracies with the operators in each district to retain a sufficient hold to enable them to continue to draw salaries under the benevolent toleration of the mine owners.

In relation to the mine workers, of course, this was merely the final admission of Lewis and the bureaucratic shell of the United Mine Workers' Union that they had been strike-breaking throughout the entire struggle and that all pretense of anything else was now discarded.

To operators, it was a plea for permission to be allowed to continue as their strike-breaker. Lewis' theory of class collaboration all along has been to the effect that "union officials" are the best strike-breakers; that coal capitalists can screw the mine workers down to a greater degree of exploitation with a scab union headed by such as Lewis, than without one. Lewis calls it "co-operation between capital and labor"—meaning labor leaders.

This was the nature of the policy committee's invitation to the operators.

But the operators' answer is a horse laugh.

What the operators intend to do about it is already shown by the statement of the Ohio Coal Operators' Association:

> "The Ohio operators are not interested in the action reported from Indianapolis and will have no further dealings with the United Mine Workers of America. Only last week the association, by unanimous decision, reaffirmed the open-shop policy."

Here we have the final outcome of the alliance between Lewis, the American capitalist class in general, and the coal capitalists as a section. Their objective is plainly, as we have always said, the **open-shop.** The open-shop bosses can accept intermediate stages to the open-shop, but as a whole they aim straight for the absolute scab system. Not even company unionism is acceptable to the coal operators, except as a make-shift in particular instances. Lewis, blinded by the petty views of an ingrowing bureaucracy, has offered his brand of prostitution to the operators.

But the coal barons can now reject even Lewis' brand of semi-company-unionism. But they are not by any means entirely through with using Lewis and the shell that is called the United Mine Workers' Union. The mine workers still have some big fighting to do against this gang of traitors, which is trying to claim the field so as to prevent the organization of the new Mine Workers' Union.

The honest and militant coal miners must not leave an hour unused to reach the mine workers who still remain within Lewis' organization, to convince the local unions and sub-districts and districts to discard the corpse of Lewis' organization and to join in the new Miners' Union which is building.

Miners! The breach made in your line by Lewis' treachery must be filled by organizing the new Mine Workers' Union.

A Soldier Imprisoned For His Class

John Porter, the former soldier who became a courageous young leader of the New Bedford textile strikers, has been given the savage sentence of two and a half years at hard labor in a military prison by a United States army court-martial after conviction for deserting the army.

This is not the end, but the beginning of the Porter case.

The rare event of the awakening of a soldier in the imperialist army who wakes up to his duty to his own class will flash as a red meteor in the sky. The flash will be seen around the world. John Porter, member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, stuck to his guns of militant class loyalty in the trial. He spoke, not for his own liberty, but for the cause of the working class and aganst the capitalist imperialism represented in the military court that tried him.

Nothing so terrifies the capitalist class as the vision of awakening class consciousness among the soldiers of the capitalist army. If not on the army, on what can the fat bourgeois depend? In this biggest and richest of all imperialist powers, there is not yet Bolshevism in the army. Only a few flickers have broken through the gloom, and these are practically individual cases, not approaching mass character, or even group character. The U. S. army is a volunteer army, and, though the "volunteering" is often inspired by unemployment and hunger, such an army is not so susceptible to the working class ideology as are conscripted troops.

And the American bourgeoisie likes to tell itself there will never be Bolshevism in the U. S. army.

But three years ago the American capitalist class and its military caste was startled out of its wits when two young American soldiers in the Hawaiian Islands were found to have organized a unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League in the U. S. army there. Later came the new, "incredible" and a fearful omen to the sleek American imperialists, that two United States marines had left the imperialists ranks to go over to fight for the freedom of Nicaragua in the army of Sandino. And now the Porter case—where the historic meaning of it all is dramatized by the arrest of an enlisted soldier for actually organizing and leading the mass picket line in a big labor struggle.

Three times Porter was warned by the police that he was known to have deserted the army and that if he persisted in participating in the strike he would be struck down by the arm of the military. When he refused to desert his strike post and was thrown into military prison, the army authorities and the big mill owners who were giving the orders were much troubled as to what to do.

The authorities were torn between two motives: the fear-inspired lust for vengeance, and the fear of the political consequences that would follow such vengeance. Paul Crouch had been given 40 years and Walter Trumbull 26 years, and the consequences had been so disturbing to army prestige that the sentences were later reduced. In the case of Porter, the military court martial compromised with its fears by evading as far as possible the direct political issue and giving the maximum sentence for desertion.

The term of John Porter's imprisonment must be and will be a term of energetic and effective agitation to stir up the working class—especially the youthful cannot fodder—to an understanding of the growing American militarism and the class significance of this case.

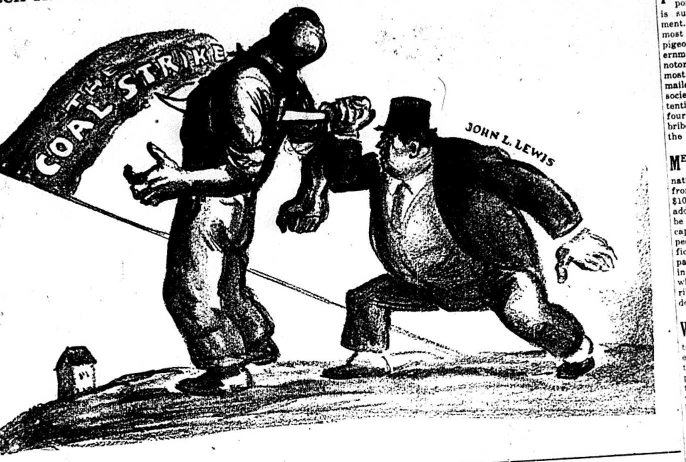
The Young Workers (Communst) League will doubtless be in the front trench of this fight. This organization has every reason to be proud of the attainments it has already registered in the field of anti-militarist work. Naval officials have been much disturbed when sailors of warships openly declared ther friendliness for the Young Workers (Communist) League. The pacifism of the days of "conscientious objectors" has been obliterated wherever the Young Communists have found their way. John Porter, who left the army because he realized its character as an instrument against the working class, found his way to the Young Communists and then expressed his regret that he had not remained in the army to win over the young soldiers to the cause of the workers.

The imprisonment of John Porter, strike leader, by the United States military arm of the capitalist class must be made to ring around the world.

Working class protest can be made to get him out, and also by this protest thousands of workers and soldiers can be waked up to the meaning of imperialism.

By Fred Ellis

ARCH-TRAITOR



Al Smith's Campaign Fund

Big Business Is Spending Huge Sums for the Candidates of Both Capitalist Parties

Not even the blue laws or the blue sky will limit the election campaign fund of the democratic party, according to an assurance given to "deserving" democrats by Herbert H. Lehman, finance director of Al Smith's presidential campaign.

Quietly killing all reports that the war chest of the Tammany sachem and that of Hoover, the Wall Street efficiency engineer, would be kept inside the $3,000,000, Lehman stated that Tammany would campaign in every state in the union and inferred that votes cost the democrats a lot more money in some sections of the country than they cost their opponents.

Big Business is into this fight with both feet, and since the most notorious plunderers, vote-buyers and grafters in the United States are high in the councils of both parties they will not let the expenditure of a few extra million dollars stand in the way of victory. With a possible exception all presidential victories in the United States have been won by the best-filled campaign chests.

The finance directors of the big capitalist parties will not bother much about going to the masses for their contributions. They will get them from the fellows who really own this country. The paltry contributions that deluded workers and poor farmers send them will be used as a blind.

The Workers (Communist) Party, with William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow heading its national ticket and hundreds of other proletarian candidates on the tickets in the various states, is making a drive for a fund of $100,000 to carry on Communist propaganda and to enlist workers and poor farmers in the party for the struggle against capitalism.

This is a mere bagatelle compared to the enormous sums that will be expended by the parties of Wall Street. But the raising of this sum would serve notice on the imperialists and their political lackeys that the workers and exploited farmers were making considerable strides in the work of organizing themselves for the every-day struggle for better living conditions and for the inevitable struggle for the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' Government in the United States.

Every dollar contributed by a worker or poor farmer to the swollen treasuries of Wall Street's parties and to the renegade socialist party will be used to fasten the shackles of wage slavery more firmly on his limbs.

Workers and exploited farmers give whatever you can spare to the Communist Campaign Fund and help to bring nearer the day when the useful producing classes will run the government as well as the factories. Send all contributions to Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City.

The Death Dance of the Reaction in Japan

By ITORO KABAYASHI.

The White Terror Reigns Thruout the Country; Government Prepares Mass Arrests

THE campaign against the revolutionary working class movement in Japan which was commenced in January of this year in connection with the elections is being continued without interruption. The mass arrests of candidates for the workers and peasants list and the arrests of those who participated in the electoral meetings of the workers and peasants were followed in March of this year by the destruction of the party organizations of the Rodonominto which united the best elements of the working class population in the towns and the peasants in the villages. The same fate was suffered by the Union of Left Wing Trade Unions, the Heghikai and the League of Proletarian Youth. Over a thousand of the active members of these organizations were arrested and flung into the prisons of Itigaya, Shugamo and Nakano in Tokio and in the torture chambers of the islands of Shikoko and Hokkaido.

White Terror Everywhere.

The blows of the Japanese reactionaries are directed with especial force against the Communists. The prime minister of Japan, Tanaka, is alleged to have cried when he reported to the Mikado the "devilish works" of the Communists. This Tanaka is the same man who appeared as the Nestor of the Fascist Leagues, and he it was who was actually responsible for the atrocities committed by the Japanese troops of occupation against the Russian workers and peasants during the Japanese intervention in Siberia. The anti-Communist hunt is not only being conducted in Tokio and other industrial centres against the workers in the factories, but the hunt has also been extended to the academies and high schools, etc. The Japanese telegraph agency, Shimbun Rengo, issues regular reports concerning the results of the hunt which are reminiscent of war-time communiques.

Numerous examining magistrates are at present engaged in preparing the material for the indictment in the monster process which is to commence on the 2nd of October of this year in Tokio against the arrested 426 revolutionaries. The well-known trial of the 99 Korean Communists and members of the Young Communist League which was proceeded by an "investigation" lasting eighteen months during which the prisoners were awaiting trial, shows clearly the methods of Japanese class-justice. Despite the fact that the scandalous methods used by the examining magistrates in preparing the trial, including systematic and refined tortures as well as plain downright brutality which cost a number of prisoners their lives, were thoroughly exposed at the trial, the "evidence" collected in this fashion was used as an excuse for passing long prison sentences.

Urge Severe Penalties.

Now, however, when the aim of the Japanese government is to destroy the revolutionary Communist movement root and branch, the punishments permitted by the exceptional laws for the "protection of the state," for the "suppression of civil war," etc., are not sufficient for the purpose, i.e., ten years' imprisonment. A new law is therefore in preparation against the Communists which has already won some fame or infamy under the name of the "Law Against Dangerous Ideas." The penalties for the violation of this new law are death or lifelong hard labor.

Stressing the necessity of such a law the Japanese minister of justice, Khara, declared at a session of the Japanese cabinet that this law was a necessary answer to the "increased activity of the Communists." There is therefore a direct connection between this draft law and the coming trial on the 2nd of October in Tokio, and the lives of all those accused who have earned the especial hatred of the Japanese bourgeoisie are in danger.

The zeal of the Japanese reactionaries in their struggle against the Communists will not permit them to await even this law and the ministry of the interior with the Secretary for Home Affairs Susuki, the man responsible for the draft for the liquidation of parliament, at its head is taking a number of administrative measures for dealing with the Communists. During the last session of the Japanese parliament 2,200,000 yen were granted for the purpose of fighting the Communists as a result of a report of Susuki. The ministry of the interior has founded a special department to deal with the fight against Communism. This special department has 109 permanent officials and a widespread net of spies all over the country. The special department has the right to carry out exceptional arrests. The department will also receive a central bureau for photographic records and a sub-department for fingerprints and a department containing nothing but files concerning the Communist movement in Japan and other countries.

This special department will have branches in the Japanese colonies Corea, Formosa and in southern Manchuria. The introduction of this secret police organization into the Japanese colonies promises new terrors for the unfortunate population of these colonies. Even now the Japanese police methods there are of such a nature that they do not hesitate in the least to invent "conspiracies" having allegedly as their aim the extermination of all Japanese in the colonies. This was proved by the mass arrests on the 27th of April in Southern Manchuria and by the various trials which have taken place in Korea.

Sidelights on the Workers Party Election Campaign

Score Attempt to Keep Foster and Gitlow Off Oklahoma Ballot

The attempt being made by crooked capitalist politicians in Oklahoma to keep Foster and Gitlow, the Communist presidential and vice-presidential nominees, off the state ticket was made public yesterday by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party with headquarters at 43 E. 125th St., this city.

The statement reads:

"A brazen attempt is being made to prevent the Foster-Gitlow electors from going on the ballot in Oklahoma. Altho duly and properly filed in good faith, our electors were sent last moment notices to the effect that a petition signed by a hundred voters calling for the removal of the Foster-Gitlow electors had been filed with the secretary of state.

"The Oklahoma law is highly intricate and requires many formalities which must be met. Finding that the state requires a minimum of 5,000 signatures to be filed before June 16 for each of the ten electors—a grand total of 50,000 signatures—the members of the Workers (Communist) Party accepted the offer of the Farmer Labor Party to run on its ticket. The names were filed properly, and were accepted by Mr. McAllister, secretary of state, who gave verbal assurance to the Communists that no opposition list had been filed and that the time for filing was up.

Removal Threatened.

"Several days later McAllister sent notices to the Communist candidates informing them that they had been challenged by one hundred members of the Farmer-Labor Party and that unless they presented petitions within ten days, each petition signed by one thousand voters, they would go off the ballot.

"In such an emergency the law permits electors so challenged the privilege of filing a bond of $250 to prove their good faith, the bond to be returned if the candidate receives 10 per cent of the vote cast. Our comrade then sought to file bonds but McAllister refused, claiming that their time was up, altho there is nothing in the law as to time and in spite of the fact that they were ready to file on the 10th day but were prevented from doing so because McAllister's office was closed on that day, July 5th.

Challenge Illegal.

"At the same time our comrades discovered that the hundred challenges were not made by bona fide members of the Farmer-Labor Party and, therefore, that their challenge was illegal and our electors should be restored.

"On being confronted with the proof, McAllister still remained adamant. He not only refused to rectify the situation but he let slip a remark that he as a democrat favored the opposition list of delegates that had been filed.

"McAllister's game is now plain In Oklahoma the total vote of the democratic and republican parties is so close that the issue is usually decided by the switching of a few thousand votes. McAllister's game therefore, is to smuggle in a set of electors and state candidates on the Farmer-Labor ticket whose vote would be counted democratic.

"But McAllister will not have it all his own way. The Communists are leaving no stone unturned to get their candidates on the ballot. But even before getting their candidates on the ballot they are waging a hot campaign and showing up the shyster capitalist politicians of Oklahoma.

• • •

Talking about millions, how about a hundred thousand for the Communist Campaign Fund. If you want to help, send your contribution to Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, 43 East 125th Street, New York.

Told You So

THIS is by no means the most important news of the day, but it is susceptible to instructive comment. Gaston B. Means, one of the most successful and competent stool-pigeons in the employ of the government during the reign of the notorious Daugherty, and one of the most prosperous grafters and blackmailers that ever ratted on human society is out of the Atlanta penitentiary where he was sent nearly four years for accepting money to bribe officials and for violation of the federal prohibition law.

• • •

MEANS has been a model prisoner it is reported and represents a natty appearance on his departure from the federal pen. The fine of $10,000 that was imposed on him in addition to the prison sentence will be sworn off his conscience in good capitalistic manner, and Means expects to reap the reward of his sacrifice in fat contracts from newspapers and magazines for articles in which he will expose those for whom he went to prison to save their ribs and political necks. And he will do that little thing.

• • •

WHILE stool-pigeons and grafters of first class rating find it easy to pry open the doors of prisons and even while in confinement are able to while away the monotony of prison life thru special considerations allowed them by venal officials, workingclass victims of the struggle between capital and labor who fall into the hands of the law are not so lucky. The birds of prey like Means—tho he is only a baby buzzard compared to the big fellows in Wall Street—leave jail in better physical condition than when they entered. One has only to look at the picture of Tom Mooney, that appeared in a recent number of the Labor Defender and compare it to the photograph taken when he entered to realize what difference there is in the treatment accorded militant labor leaders and capitalist grafters who suffer because they are too clumsy in doing the logical thing for anybody to do who believes society is something to prey on and not to serve.

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IMPORTANT discoveries of fossils of prehistoric carnivore in Mongolia are reported. Among the more important fossils reported are a femur and canine tooth of the audinoceras, a premolar of the andrewsachus and other fossils, which indicate, according to the publicity agent of the fossil-hunting expedition that "we are fast getting a good collection from the eocene age, the earliest part of the age of the mammals." This is very good news. I propose that a Communist expedition of dentists—if we have enough in the movement to fill a Ford—journey to the A. F. of L. headquarters in Washington and examine the teeth of the official labor fakers parked there.

• • •

SHOULD the Communist dentists notice any unusual growths on the masticating apparatus of the labor leaders they could cook up a scientific formula that would prove to the satisfaction of the average layman, that the owners of those molars were prehistoric men and should be embalmed immediately for preservation in a labor museum lest those dental gems might meet with untoward accident while their owners were exploring their raw oysters. It would be just like a consumer of those costly victuals to crash into a gem, thus wrecking the prehistoric tooth, conclusive evidence that a labor leader who believed in non-partisan political action belongs to the eocene age.

• • •

THIS suggestion is well worthy of consideration and if carried out without serious hitch should prove satisfactory all 'round. In the first place the labor movement would be rid of a number of antedeluvian specimens whose brains have been petrified so long that they are bullet-proof. The most influential of the labor leaders are of advanced age and their expectancy of life is no more than ten or fifteen years at best. It would be a splended prospect for them to lay open to public view in a museum and be looked on in awe by generations to come. And the Communist dentists could have each prehistoric tooth discovered called after themselves.

• • •

FOR instance on William Green's container—I rarely go to museums and forget the name of the thing they keep mummies in—there could be inscribed something lik this: Greenocerous eocene specime discovered in Washington in 1928 by a party of daring Communist de tists who developed the theory tha the prehistoricity of a reactionar labor leader could be proven by hi teeth. They were laughed at b their associates, but when the e tire officialdom of the America Federation of Labor consented to embalming process for the sake the publicity the hardy adventure were honored by the labor moveme and enabled to live for the rest their lives without having to tort their fellow beings for a living.

Tom O'Flahert

STOKERS PRODUCTION GA

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 2 June sales of mechanical stok as reported to the departmen commerce, by the twelve lea manufacturers in the industry, 166 of 43,212 horsepower, as com pared with 130 of 38,705 horsep in May, and 153 of 50,958 h power in June, 1927.

SOVIET AVIATOR-HEROES MAY VISIT AMERICA IN SEPTEMBER

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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MINE LEADERS ATTACK LEWIS; CALL FOR A NEW UNION

Watt, Toohey, Expose Strikebreaker in Open Shop Conspiracy With the Operators

COUNTER REVOLT SEEKS TO RAISE HEAD IN MEXICO

Clericals Threaten Labor Unions

MEXICO CITY, July 22 (UP).—A decisive victory over the labor party, resulting in the forced resignation of Luis N. Morones, Minister of Commerce, Industry and Labor and two other high party officials was scored today by followers of the late President-Elect Alvarro Obregon.

The resignation came as a result of charges that the laborites were "psychological authors" of the assassination of Obregon. Celestino Gasca, head of the Government Department of Fabrics, and Eduardo Moneda, director of the printing department, were the other labor party leaders who stepped out of office today.

Apparently the Obregonists exerted pressure on President Calles to bring about the changes which were officially to "facilitate the investment of the assassination of General Alvaro Obregon." Morones as President of the Crom, Mexican Federation of Labor, is one of the most powerful politicians in the country.

The attack on the laborites was led by Deputies Soto Y. Gama and Aurelio Manquire who directed their assault chiefly against Morones.

* * *

MEXICO CITY, July 22.—A possible recurrence of the counter-revolutionary clerical outbreaks of several months ago, when the church hierarchy and wealthy landlords made their bloody attempt to overthrow the Calles government, was foreshadowed by a demonstration of 1,000 so-called agrarians here Friday night, apparently instigated by Antonio Diaz Soto y Gama.

Aviator's Funeral May Bring Clash

Trouble is looked for tonight when the body of the aviator, Carranza killed in an airplane accident in the United States after his flight from this city to Washington, will reach here. Labor organizations plan to demonstrate at the Colonia station when the body arrives, and the clericals are making open threats of violence, attempting to bring thousands of their followers to the city from the surrounding country.

This is considered to be an effort of the clerical-landlord groups to turn the blame for the murder of Obregon from their own door.

Start Anti-Labor Drive.

Remarks of Soto y Gama to the press yesterday were plainly intended

Continued on Page Two

SOVIET - AMERICA TRADE INCREASES

$45,000,000 Gain in 9-Month Period

Soviet-American trade for the first nine months of the Soviet fiscal year, 1927-28, beginning October 1, 1927, reached a total of $100,000,000. Purchases for the Soviet Union and sales of Soviet products in the United States in the nine months' period ending June 30, 1927, amounted to $55,000,000. American-Russian trade in 1913 totaled $48,000,000.

"While a new record for Soviet-American trade was reached during the nine months ending June 30, 1928, the composition of the trade remained about the same as last year," stated M. G. Gurevitch, acting chairman of the board of directors of the Amtorg Trading Corporation. "Raw materials, industrial equipment and agricultural machinery constituted the bulk of Soviet purchases here, while animal products, such as furs, bristles and

Continued on Page Two

PLUTOCRAT LEAVES MILLIONS

The will of Howard Elliott, former chairman of the board of directors of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, who died July 8 in [illegible], Mass., was filed for probate today. The bulk of the estate is said to be valued at more than two million dollars.

Strike Leader Freed

Fred E. Beale, New Bedford textile strike leader, who was released Saturday after completing a 30-day jail sentence for strike activities. Efforts to head off welcome demonstration by his release one hour earlier than announced time failed when eager strikers showed up before time.

20,000 AT HUGE CONEY CONCERT

Great Throng Applauds Theremin

Twenty thousand workers jammed Coney Island Stadium Saturday night and for more than three hours listened to one of the greatest proletarian concerts ever held in this country.

The concert, arranged jointly by the Daily Worker and the Freiheit, was characterized by high spirits until the very end of the evening. In addition to the musical program, the affair took the form of a rousing political demonstration, with Ben Gitlow, acting secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party and candidate for vice president as the speaker of the evening.

Lauds Soviet Rescuers.

Gitlow, who was introduced by Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer of the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, riddled the political pretensions of Herbert Hoover and pointed out his role as a faithful servant of Wall St. When Gitlow mentioned the achievements of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin and the flyer Chukhnovsky, the huge stadium rocked with applause. "The heroic rescue achieved by these citizens of the first workers' and peasants' republic," he said, "is a refutation of the slanders of the capitalist press concerning the Soviet Union. In the future they will be compelled to hesitate before they write their lies about 'Bolshevik barbarism.'"

Gitlow received a great ovation both before and after his speech.

The musical program proved to be all that had been expected. Prof. Leon Theremin, whom Trachtenberg referred to as a representative of the new Soviet culture, astounded the vast audience with his new

Continued on Page Two

TWO KILLED IN TRAIN WRECK

BOSTON, July 22 (UP).—At least two persons were killed and more than a score of persons injured here tonight when a four-car train on the Boston Elevated buckled and jumped the track just outside of the Beach St. station.

From twenty-five to thirty persons were carried in ambulances and taxicabs to the City Hospital, early reports indicated.

Cornelius Koehan of Roxbury, conductor in the fourth car, described to the United Press how the crash had felt in the train.

"We left Dudley St. station at 6:52," Koehan said, "arriving near the corner of Beach St. and Harrison Ave about eight minutes later.

"All of a sudden, just as we were rounding the corner, I heard a terrible crash ahead. The lights went out and I could hear women and children screaming."

MILL STRIKERS CHEER BEALE ON PRISON RELEASE

Boss Lauds Chief of Police and Union Head

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 22—Despite an obvious effort to avoid a strikers' demonstration at the release from jail of Fred E. Beale, by textile strike leader, by freeing him shortly after 7 a. m. Saturday morning instead of at the announced time of 8 a. m., hundreds of strikers were already waiting at the House of Correction gates in time to greet Beale with enthusiastic cheers. Beale had just completed a 30-day sentence for organizing a strikers' parade and for other activities.

The welcome committee of the union, however, arrived too late to officially welcome him back to the strikers' ranks, but after having sped back to the union headquarters caught up with Beale just as he was about to enter the building.

Here another rousing demonstation was staged by the textile workers, as the union committee presented Beale with a huge bouquet of red flowers.

Radiant and laughing, Beale thanked them for the reception and

Continued on Page Two

USSR RAISES GRAIN PRICES

Gosplan Provisions Are Fulfilled

MOSCOW, July 22.—Carrying out the five-year economic plan of the Planning Commission the government of the U. S. S. R. has ordered a general increase in the price of grain of approximately 10 to 15 per cent on wheat and 23 per cent on rye.

The plan was destined to better relations between the city and village by raising the prices of the peasant's products, thus enabling him to buy manufactured goods as his needs require.

The actual carrying out of the plan in such a great increase of prices is expected to result in great benefits for the peasant, especially with such good prospects for the autumn crop.

The economic plan promises to be fulfilled, as far as the peasant problem is concerned, contrary to pessimistic reports current abroad.

MANY KILLED IN LISBON REVOLT

LISBON, Portugal, July 22.—Reactionary government forces here, after two days' fighting, put down a revolt of soldiers.

Many arrests were made in Lisbon, Oporto and other points. Among those taken to prison were three former cabinet ministers and a number of former officers who escaped after the revolution of last year.

An official government report states that during the duration of the fighting seven were killed and over thirty persons were injured. No verification of the actual number slain and injured has been made on account of the strict censorship exerted on the press throughout the country since the hostilities began.

KRASSIN HEROES MAY PAY VISIT TO THE U. S. A.

Soviet Government Grants Permission

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

MOSCOW, July 22—The Soviet airmen, Chukhnovsky, Prof. Samillovitch, and the others of the expedition aboard the Krassin, who rescued 16 of the survivors of the Nobile disaster, may visit the United States in September, according to an interview published in the "Izvestia," chief Soviet newspaper, today. The Soviet government has given permission to the heroes of the Arctic rescue to accept the invitation of the Russian American Chamber of Commerce to visit this country.

This was the content of an announcement made by the Soviet Rescue Committee today.

Official and public opinion was immensely interested in the announcement that the invitation had been extended and the news of its acceptance was welcomed throughout the country.

The date of the proposed trip is still uncertain, but it will hardly be before the end of September, because Prof. Samillovitch, head of the relief expedition aboard the Soviet icebreaker Krassin, reports from King's Bay that the vessel was so badly damaged in her struggle with the ice as to require refitting, which will be carried out within the next two weeks at a Scandinavian port, probably Gothenburg.

Charles Smith, the Moscow representative of the Russian-American Chamber of Commerce, speaks warmly of the world-wide interest in the achievement of the Soviet air heroes who saved the survivors of the fascist expedition when all the other countries attempting rescue work had failed.

WOLL REPORTS ANTI-LABOR PLAN

Open Shop Federation Active

Another step in the class collaboration policies of the American Federation of Labor leaders was taken with the publication yesterday of a report by the National Civic Federation Committee on Plan and Scope, actively sponsored by Matthew Woll, which recently was organized to find the basic principles on which labor and capital can co-operate in securing industrial peace.

The committee, whose composition was recently announced by Woll, now the acting president of the open-shop federation, has on its roster some of the most bitter union haters in the country. In the preliminary report made public yesterday it was announced that steps toward the repeal of anti-trust legislation have been taken: activities looking to the regulation of injunctions are likewise under way, it is stated. In charge of this branch of the open-shoppers' activities is James W. Gerard, former U. S. Ambassador to Germany, member of the State Industrial Commission and one of the most active enemies of the workers. Gerard is at the present time a staunch supporter of Al Smith.

Another committee working on Forms of Employes Organizations, understood to be an attempt to work out a form of company union, likewise reports "progress."

Leaders in the Fight for a New Miners' Union

John J. Watt, (right) and Pat Toohey, chairman and secretary of the National Miners' Convention Arrangements Committee, who are leading the miners in the fight for a new union to replace the one destroyed by the treacherous Lewis machine.

MILL BOSSES TRY LAY-OFFS TO HALT STRIKE

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 22.—Desperate with fear of the imminent strike of textile workers in Fall River, which the Textile Mills Committees threaten to call, the American Printing Company, one of the largest textile employers in New England, announced a twelve-day lay-off for 2,500 of its workers yesterday.

The Textile Mills Committee unit here, growing in membership by leaps and bounds despite the active opposition of the mill barons, the city police and the reactionary labor skates here, issued a statement declaring that it recognizes this is a bare-faced maneuver to smother the tremendous strike movement that will soon flame into action. This lay-off, the T. M. C. says, will be used as a starting point in the

Continued on Page Five

SMALL SUMS TO HELP RAISE FUND

Workers Donate to Communist Drive

The millions of General Motors are behind the candidacy of Al Smith and the millions of Wall Street, alias General Motors, are behind Herbert Hoover, but the one five and ten dollar bills of the working class are behind Foster and Gitlow, the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

"Enclosed please find $5.00 donated to the National Campaign Fund of the Workers Party by the Lithuanian Working Women's Alliance, Branch 132 of Brooklyn, New York.—Fraternally yours, Edward Butkens."

This is one of the first responses to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund requested by the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Another comrade, Albert Gerling Madrid, Iowa, sends in $10 and asks for one hundred copies of the Party Platform.

It is the ten dollars, the five dollars, and the dollar bills of the working class against the millions of Wall Street.

There is no difference today be-

Continued on Page Five

POWER TRUST IN NEW RACKET

Sets Up a Course at Columbia

The power trust, which has spent thousands of dollars in buying politicians, newspapers, teachers and schools thruout the country, has decided to buy itself a summer course at Columbia University, according to information just disclosed.

Two utility corporations, the American Gas Association and the notorious National Electric Light Association, are "co-operating" with the university in a course for the study of household gas and electrical appliances.

The two companies have provided an extensive laboratory of modern home appliances in Dodge Hall, Teachers' College. The course is in charge of Prof. Carleton J. Lynde, head of the Household Engineering Department of Teachers' College.

In the gas course lectures and demonstrations are being given each afternoon by representatives of the American Gas Association. Similar lectures and demonstrations are being contemplated in the electricity course, to be given by representatives of the National Electric Light Association.

GENERAL STRIKE ON INDIA LINES

Hundreds of Arrests as Trains Halt

CALCUTTA, India, July 22.—The tense situation among workers in South India reached a crisis today when a general strike of railway workers was declared, according to dispatches which are arriving here.

Thousands of employers are affected by the strike and scenes of the utmost confusion exist in some parts of the province of Madras, one of the most important in South India. Workers have prevented the operation of trains by hurling themselves on the tracks and defying the police and emergency crews, the dispatches say.

The workers are reported to be taking things in their own hands. A heavy guard of special police was summoned to control the situation. Hundreds of arrests have been made.

Refusal of owners of business to deal with the labor unions has long ben threatening serious disturbance in India. Owners have repeatedly refused to recognize the unions and serious clashes between police and strikers have resulted.

The strike centered around the city of Madras, important as a transportation center of the lower peninsula.

Freiheit Sports Club and 'Daily' Plan Dance

The Freiheit Sports Club has arranged a concert, sports exhibition and ball in collaboration with the Daily Worker, which will take place on the evening of August 4 at the Pythian Temple, 2864 West 21st St., Coney Island.

A very interesting program has been prepared for the evening, and all workers in the city have been invited to attend.

AIRPLANE "MYSTERY" BAFFLES THE CZECH POLICE

Leaflets Calling for Red Day Demonstration Take Place of Fascist "Dope"

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia (By Mail).—On July 2nd the fascist Czech legionnaires staged a demonstration in the sports stadium, which was a crude and unsuccessful attempt to arouse the inhabitants of Prague against the Soviet Union and the Communists.

The Czech government helped by a display of the military and police cordons. They also contributed a fleet of airplanes, whose function it was to drop leaflets, bearing the fascist propaganda, all over the city while the demonstration was going on.

To the great surprise of the fascists, and to the pleasure of thousands of workers, the leaflets that came fluttering down from the sky were "polluted" by thousands of leaflets appealing for mass participation in the coming Red Day of July 5th.

These leaflets had been declared illegal by the Czech government which had raided many workers' homes in an attempt to confiscate them.

The mystery of how the fascist leaflets were converted into revolutionary ones has not yet been solved by the police.

COMMITTEE LAYS PLANS FOR BIG SEPTEMBER MEET

Calls Upon Labor Movement to Defend Fight of Striking Coal Diggers

(Special To DAILY WORKER.)

PITTSBURGH, July 22.—The National Miners' Arrangements Committee, through John J. Watt, secretary, issued here yesterday a ringing denunciation of the action of the Lewis machine of the United Mine Workers' Union at the recent Indianapolis session of Lewis' policy committee which repudiated the so-called "no backward step" declaration of the last United Mine Workers' Convention. Lewis' action in abandoning the Jacksonville wage and in authorizing negotiations for district scales to be based on the "existing wages," is the culmination of the conspiracy to destroy the United Mine Workers' Union and to establish company unionism in the coal industry.

Outline Tasks.

In a long statement to the labor movement and to the mine workers, Watt and Toohey, speaking for the National Arrangements Committee, outline the tasks before the coal diggers and call upon them to redouble their energies for the building of a new union to replace the one destroyed by Lewis.

The statement follows in full:

LEWIS COMPLETES BETRAYAL

Abandons Jacksonville Scale—Defeats Pennsylvania and Ohio Strike—Destroys National Agreement.

MINERS BUILD THE NEW UNION

Elect Delegates to the Pittsburgh Convention, September 9-16.

The Policy Committee and the International Executive Board of the United Mine Workers' of America, headed by John L. Lewis, has decided to abandon the Jacksonville scale. The national agreement and national wage scale has been finally and completely destroyed. Wage cuts will now take place in all districts. Union conditions will disappear.

This is one more act of a treasonable career of the Lewis machine. Deliberately, and in the most base connivance with the bosses, step by step, the miners have been sold out. The union has been torn to pieces and is now a complete wreck. The miners are facing "open-shop" conditions and starvation. The future of the miners lies only in the throwing overboard of the last remnants of the Lewis machine and uniting in building the new union—a powerful union to embrace all the traditions of the past heroic struggles of the coal miners. That must now be the next step upon which every effort should be bent.

Climax of Lewis' Treason.

Many are the sell-outs of the past. In 1919, John L. Lewis betrayed the national strike; in 1922, he betrayed 100,000 unorganized miners who came out on strike and joined the union. He betrayed the anthracite miners, the West Virginia miners; he destroyed the Districts of Kansas, Nova Scotia and other districts. Last fall he put into effect the beginning of the separate agreement policy, took several districts out of the fight, leaving the Pennsylvania and Ohio miners to battle alone against the united coal operators. This recent action of the International Executive Board finally completes this series of betrayals. It is even in distinct violation of the last packed International Convention decision not to permit any recession from the Jacksonville scale.

In order to cover their sell-out and the fact that the union is completely destroyed, the International Executive Board is making a pretense of negotiating separate district agreements. In this situation the Lewis machine can obtain no other agreements from the operators than those based on the "open-shop," on conditions worse than slavery. For the miners any such agreements will be fake agreements, further splitting the ranks of the miners, pitting the districts against one another in competition for lower wages.

"Union" Officials Help Blacklist Union Miners.

That the Lewis machine has no confidence in obtaining even district fake agreements is evidenced by the fact that the International Board is instructing officials to send men back to work to the mines before such agreements are negotiated. By this the corrupt officials hope to collaborate with the operators in their black-listing and boycotting of active rank and file members.

To the Pennsylvania and Ohio miners this means the strike is betrayed by those who are paid high salaries out of the sweat and blood and countless sacrifices of the rank and file miners. These strikers were stabbed in the back while fighting against the operators, their evictions, their injunctions and their police terror. Could a scab peform a more base, degrading function?

The Pennsylvania and Ohio miners' strike is now definitely lost. The union is destroyed. Lewis, Murray, Fagan, Hall, Fishwick, Cappillini and all the other henchmen have completed their treacherous work.

Fifteen months ago the operators set out to destroy the union, concentrating first on the Pennsylvania and Ohio fields. They were ardently supported by the whole employing class. They found courts and police ready at their disposal. But their most formidable allies were their faithful tools—the officials of the U. M. W. of A.

Save-the-Union Committee Fought Traitors

Wage cuts have already taken place in the striking districts, and in the unorganized fields. Indirect wage cuts through the loss of union conditions have taken place everywhere. New wage cuts will follow in the so-called organized districts. This is the vicious circle.

What now has come to pass, we have warned against, time and again. Speaking for the interest of the rank and file membership, we advanced the program to SAVE THE UNION when it entered into its crises. We demanded a fight against wage cuts. We demanded a national agreement; the organization of the unorganized fields; a six-hour day, five-day week; control of operation of loading machines and mechanical devices; we demanded militant policies to rebuild the union such as strike activities, mass picketing, mass fight against injunctions, fight against evictions, adequate relief and extension of the strike into a national strike to secure victory.

Lewis Fought Picket Line, Helped Evictions.

Instead of paying relief the Lewis machine paid high salaries for themselves and their hired gangsters who broke up the picket

Continued on Page Two

U. T. W. Members Defy Labor Skates; Cheer Mill Committee Picket Leaders

ALL RACES WELD IN FIGHT WITH TEXTILE BOSSES

U.T.W. Mill Committee Members Fraternize

By AMY SCHECHTER.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 22 —The events of last Wednesday and Thursday in the New Bedford strike have been an exceptionally dramatic expression of the way in which mass action breaks down the vicious and unnatural barriers of craft and race and age and sex erected by the misleaders of labor, and sweeps the workers into a fighting whole.

In peace times the bosses and the labor bureaucracy find it easy to play upon the prejudices of the workers, and blind them to their common interests and their common fight. But when every day skilled and unskilled are confronted with the desperate need for unity in the face of the unified forces of bosses and state, and every day on the picket line they have the opportunity of seeing how all the various categories of workers have brave men in them good fighters and good strikers, the utmost efforts of the fakers, in this case the Battys and Binns ad Rivieres, can no longer keep them apart.

Encourage Pickets.

Wednesday evening, when the police under Detective Sergeant McCarty, notorious for his brutal handling of workers set upon the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union picket line at the Kilburn Mill, first seizing Auguste Gonsaves Pinto, picket captain for the whole southside, and Alphonso Lameiras, picket captain and eloquent Portuguese speaker at NBTWU mass meetings, the British and French skilled workers on Batty's line, shouted encouragement to the strikers under attack and immediately moved to their aid. But Horace Riviere, UTW organizer was there "Keep quiet," he yelled to his line "Keep going in line!" "Do you think that's the way to fight for the working people?" called back Maria Carreia, fiery little strike speaker, black smooth hair, flashing black eyes. "I hope the people get their eyes open now about you." Riviere's men began pushing him aside, "You've no right to stop us, we must all fight together," a Britisher shouted, and a number rushed over to help the NBTWU men, and when the nine pickets under arrest had been taken away a number kept marching on our line.

Known to Strikers.

Pinto was the hero, for his many run-ins with the police, and the splendid way in which he handles all the southside picket lines—and he had leaped from the patrol wagon and forced Sergeant McCarty to stop choking Luisa Moura, who had dared to protest against the arrest of her husband. "Take your hands off or I'll shoot you," said McCarty. As he was being taken away some of the British came around and said they would see he was bailed out if it took $20,000. Later in the evening two of Batty's members came around to the jail and bailed out two of the NBTWU members.

Thursday even the capitalist Evening Standard of this city had to acknowledge the unity of feeling that has swept over the strikers of both unions. "Rival strike factions join in cheering arrested Pinto," says a headline.

The same morning, when Pinto arrived at the Kilburn Mill, scene of the previous night's clash, UTW pickets joined heartily in the cheers that greeted him. And later, passing by the UTW southend headquarterr a crowd of strikers gathered around the door and cheered Pinto as he went.

Leader Praised.

Today, reports from those who can penetrate the fastnesses of Batty's camp, told that all the strikers were talking about last night's events. There was much praise for Pinto and the rest of the NBTWU Kilburn pickets, and bitter condemnation of Riviere' attempt to keep the UTW men from coming to the others aid. Also soreness because UTW men had participated in the scrap, and not one had been arrested. The rank and file don't consider special police privileges over the NBTWU something to be proud of as the leaders do.

The same source of information declared that visiting the Washington Club, a British social organization, to which many of the British mill workers belong, he was besieged by Batty men asking eagerly "Is Pinto out yet?"

One more incident. An old British loom-fixer told indignantly how when Burton, Nashawena Mill foreman had pulled out his gun the other night and threatened the strikers he and said to some of the British pickets, "You act like a lot of bloody Portuguese." And the loom-fixer hotly, telling the tale, "Ain't the Portuguese human beings?"

HEAT HITS 50 IN EUROPE.

VIENNA, July 22.—With the Balkan state still unreported, more than fifty persons are known to have lost their lives as a direct or indirect result of the heat wave which has reached and at some points passed records in Central Europe. Among the reports of death are: Austria, 23; Hungary, 11; Poland [illegible] Czechoslovakia, 3.

Lewis Henchman Out

Rinaldo Cappellini, formerly president of the Lewis machine District 1 of the anthracite, is reported to have resigned. Cappellini's policies and it has been charged, his paid gunmen, have resulted in the killing of numerous progressive miners in the district among whom were Alexander Campbell and Peter Reilly. The same machine has permitted the contractor system to continue in the district and has railroaded Sam Bonita, militant Pittston miner, to jail for fighting against the hated system. Cappellini once styled himself as a progressive.

OPPOSITION IN EGYPT GROWING

New Move Attempts to Remove Nationalists

CAIRO, Egypt, July 21.—Feeling runs high here against the latest move of King Fuad, who dissolved congress and suspended elections for three years, leaving the country under a virtual dictatorship.

The nationalist party of Egypt, the Wafdists, are extremely angered at the move, which they consider an attempt to end their opposition to co-operation with England and her governors.

Have Big Following

The Wafdists have a huge following in Egypt, which will not stand for co-operation with England, which they look upon as their suppressor, nor are they disposed to stand for this recent move and the accompanying state of military rule.

The nationalists consider the abrogating of whatever civil rights were theirs as a maneuver on the part of England, under the cover of the king, to subject Egypt to a complete dictatorship under British imperialism.

The Wafdists have exhibited in the past their enmity to British domination and their opposition in the congress, together with public support, has forced England into dictatorship and military rule, in an endeavor to wipe them out, they say.

The cabinet is headed by Premier Mohamud, a wealthy business man. The cabinet itself is composed chiefly of merchants and industrialists.

* * *

Disturbs Imperialists

LONDON, July 21.—At the moment when the capitalist world is patting itself on the back over the Kellogg peace pact, the news from Egypt is extremely disquieting. King Fuad's suspension of the Egyptian parliament for three years places Great Britain in the position of fathering the latest dictatorship of the old world.

It seems obvious that King Fuad and his new premier, Mohamud Pasha, had British consent in dissolving the Egyptian senate and chamber of deputies and instituting direct rule by the king and premier, which is regarded as bearing many resemblances to the Spanish and Italian dictatorships.

OPEN SHOPPER JOINS HOOVER

Bascom Slemp, 'Fixer,' for Republicans

WASHINGTON, July 22 (FP).—Bascom Slemp, non-union coal operator, southern delegate and patronage broker and general "fixer" in the Hoover pre-convention campaign, has joined the headquarters staff of National Chairman Work Slemp will interview other national committeemen—he represents Virginia on the committee—when they come to Washington to report.

AUTO ACCIDENTS.

WASHINGTON, July 20 (UP).—An increase of five per cent in the number of automobiles in operation in 1927 compared with the preceding year and an increase of ten per cent in the number of fatalities due to the operation of motor vehicles on the highways, and a decrease of four per cent in the number of persons killed as a result of highway grade crossing accidents last year took place, according to an announcement today by the committee on prevention of highway

MILL STRIKERS CHEER BEALE ON PRISON RELEASE

Boss Lauds Police Chief Boss Lauds Chief of

Continued from Page One

pledged his immediate renewal of all strike activities.

To the capitalist reporters outside the union offices, who asked about the strikers' parade to be held next Saturday, Beale condemned the city authorities who broke up by force the parade he had led. In discussing the coming parade, he declared: "I am confident the workers will make this the biggest turnout ever seen in New Bedford. This will show all people that we intend to stick thru the fight against the mill owners till we are victorious."

To Appear on Picket Line.

He later announced his intention of coming out on the picket line Monday morning. He then pointed out to the strikers the enormous advantages of a union run on the principle of collective leadership, pointing out the enormous strides the organization had made despite the imprisonment of himself and William Murdoch, another union leader who is still serving the 90-day sentence imposed at the same trial as Beale's.

While walking into the mass meeting, Beale was showered with flowers by the workers. He told the assemblage of the miserable conditions he was compelled to endure while in jail. Efforts to discourage him from further activities took the form of solitary confinement for 20 hours a day, he related. This was alternated with 3-day periods in an underground cell on a bread-and-water diet.

To Seek 1,000 New Members.

Other speakers then called upon the workers to intensify their drive for membership in the Textile Mill Committees, setting as their immediate goal the recruiting of 1,000 new members.

Late today, union organizer announced, large mass meetings at both ends of the town will be held to greet and to welcome back to leadership the released strike head.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 22. —John Sullivan, president of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association, who recently announced the beginning of a terror campaign against the textile strikers' picket lines, Saturday issued another statement which was completely devoted to a vicious attack on the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mill Committees.

After demanding from the authorities that the T. M. C. and its "bolshevik demands" be forcibly suppressed, Sullivan gives detailed acknowledgement of the growing strength and popularity of the Mill Committees among the broad ranks of the strikers.

Lauds Police Czar

"Not only are they getting members from among the unorganized workers, but they are taking many members away from the already established unions, because some workers like aggressive tactics."

The mill barons' statement then went on in great praise of the Fall River Chief of Police Feeney, who is using all of the city's police power in trying to check the growstrike sentiment there by violently breaking up mass meetings of the Textile Mill Committees. Feeney, while chief of police, is at the sama time president of the American Federation of Textile Operatives, the Fall River union recognized by the bosses. Sullivan's statement calls for the use of the same tactics here.

Fraternization among the pickets of the T. M. C. and U. T. W. is increasing daily. A U. T. W. picket at the Booth Mill, disgusted with the attempts of H. Riviere, his official, to prevent the two lines from marching together, tore the U. T. W. armband off and demonstratively walked over to join the Mill Committee piket line.

United Textile Workers' Union members, standing outside of their south end headquarters, lustily cheered as the T. M. C. picket line marched past on their way to picket duty.

NICARAGUA PARTY WILL NOT VOTE

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 22. —With the candidates of the two factions of the conservative party withdrawn from the elections by the U. S. government, the conservatives have not put out another candidate after a two day session.

It is understood here that in order not to present any cause for embarrassment to the United States the conservative party will not have a candidate and will abstain from voting in the coming elections.

General Moncada, whose candidacy as representative of the liberal party, has been approved by the United States officials in Nicaragua, issued a statement, urging everyone to vote in this manner "showing the United States that the Nicaraguans consider the Tipitapa agreement sacred."

WATT, TOOHEY, RALLY MINERS TO NEW UNION

Continued from Page One

lines. Instead of mass picketing they advised the miners to stay home, to hold no mass meetings, to hold no local union meetings and entered into agreements with the coal operators to evict the miners from their homes. They cut off many locals from strike relief because they demanded and pursued militant strike policies. After six months of strike and utter failures of Lewis and his henchmen, they went into further conspiracy with the operators culminating in the separate agreement policy. They expelled progressive members, locals and whole districts while continuing their destructive work.

With the rank and file members we determined that a union should exist. We set out to build a new union upon the ruins of the old. This union will be built because it represents the united efforts of the militant rank and file coalminers; the rank and file who have made great, wonderful struggles during the past. Upon that basis and in that spirit, the new union will be built.

Pennsylvania and Ohio strikers you have been sold out. You will be forced back to work under the abandonment of the Jacksonville scale. The tens of thousands who will be discriminated against and who will be jobless will never forget this sell-out. Nor must they lose courage. Conditions can be regained through the building of the new union controlled by the rank and file miners.

Hold Your Fighting Line!

Pennsylvania and Ohio miners continue to act in an organized manner. Call your local unions to meet, to take things into your own hands and decide as a body, to determine your conditions and break definitely with the Lewis machine. Keep your local unions intact and prepare to send your delegates to the national convention to be held in Pittsburgh, September 9 to 16. Join the NEW NATIONAL MINERS' UNION as the only salvation and the only hope of reestablishing union conditions.

Miners in the so-called signed up sections fight this latest betrayal; fight against wage cuts; send your delegates to this national convention; join the NEW NATIONAL MINERS' UNION.

Anthracite miners the campaign to cut your wages and smash your union has already begun in your districts. Beware of anybody speaking of a separate anthracite union. Alone you cannot win this battle. Send your delegates to the national convention and join the NEW NATIONAL MINERS' UNION.

Miners in unorganized territories, you have already suffered several wage cuts. Your conditions are miserable, yet your wages will be further slashed to the very bone. Now is the time to organize your locals everywhere, to send delegates to the national convention and join the NEW NATIONAL MINERS' UNION.

Build Your New Union.

Coal miners in all fields, break completely with the Lewis machine, make no further dues payments to these corrupt officials. Henceforth affiliate your locals with and send your dues to the National Miners' Convention Arrangements Committee. Take control of your local unions. Remove all officials who stand in the way and select new officers from your own ranks who are ready to help build the NEW NATIONAL MINERS' UNION.

Workers everywhere, continue your relief support to the Pennsylvania and Ohio miners. Because of the strike being lost thousands of miners will be blacklisted, boycotted and unable to return to work. Starvation is now stalking the mine fields in many districts because of the sell-outs by the Lewis machine and its policy of driving 250,000 miners out of the industry.

All Workers Must Help Miners.

Workers everywhere, came to the defense of the coal miners, their struggles are your struggles. The destruction of the U. M. W. of A. threatens your own union. The building of a new, powerful miners' union will become a real aid in beating back open-shop attacks everywhere.

The miners will still face struggles in the future. Preparations for this will be made at the National Miners' Convention to be held in Pittsburgh, Pa., September 9 to 16.

This convention will be ruled by the rank and file. They will take matters into their own hands, select new leaders.

Militant rank and file miners, you have shown in the past that you know how to build an organization. Unitedly we will build a new union.

Stand together all soft coal and anthracite miners!
Lewis and his whole corrupt machine must go!
Come to the National Miners' Convention!

NATIONAL MINERS' CONVENTION ARRANGEMENTS COMMITTEE,

JOHN J. WATT, Chairman
PAT. H. TOOHEY, Secretary

WORLD WORKERS FACE INCREASING HARDSHIPS

By LELAND OLDS (Federated Press).

We want your assistance in reducing labor costs. That is the extraordinary invitation sent British railway unions by the railways. In one form or another that request is going to labor in every country where the old capitalist order is struggling to save its prerogative. Capitalist competition has developed maladjustment between production and consumption to the point where profits can be saved only by reducing labor costs.

The predicament of the British railway workers is closely parallel to that of their fellows in this country. They face the sorry choice of reductions in wage rates or reductions in the number of jobs. In the last 2 years the British railways have effected drastic savings at the expense of their staffs by laying off men. Part-time work has also been common in the shops.

Speed Up.

Alongside this reduction of 30,000 workers there has been a continuation of the speeding up which has made the occupation of the average railwaymen today one of the most strenuous and nerve-wracking in the whole of industry.

That sounds as if it had been clipped from an American labor paper concerning reductions in force in this country. Nor are the railway workers the only ones who face this predicament in both countries. In England as in the United States there is no adequate market for the full product of the coal mines and in both countries hundreds of thousands of coal diggers are out of work while the remainder work for low wages. In the steel industry steady improvement of machinery has been cutting the number of jobs offered by blast furnaces and mills on both sides of the Atlantic. In textiles it is the same.

Growing Unemployment.

The last 3 weeks has seen a steady growth of unemployment in England, the registered number of unemployed having risen to 1,217,000 on July 2. A New York Times special correspondent quotes labor members of parliament that there are 8,000,000 people on the line dividing normal poverty from actual suffering. He continues:

"Startling contrasts of wealth and poverty abound. In the midst of undeniable distress the London social season has been a brilliant success. There seems to be plenty of money in the hands of the few who buy luxuries, while some great areas of British population are slowly dying out because of continued lack of work."

Demand New Status.

Such contrasts abound in every capitalist country. Unemployment grows chronic. The workers are asked to cooperate in preserving stability. This means that they are asked to cooperate in reducing labor costs in order that the few may continue to buy luxuries during the period of transition to a new era Are the workers going to let slip this opportunity for demanding a new status in the age which is to follow?

VAST AUDIENCE HEARS THEREMIN

20,000 Attend Big Coney Concert

Continued from Page One

ether-music which he drew out of the air by the movements of his hands. Theremin played solos with piano accompaniment and also with accompaniment by Volpe's symphony orchestra.

Undaunted by Pain.

Theremin was originally scheduled to appear last on the platform, but when it began to rain during the concert by Arnold Volpe and his orchestra, who were first on the program, was shifted to second. The rain proved to be only a drizzle and hardly a person left the stadium.

The playing of Volpe and his orchestra was likewsie received with great favor as was the dancing of the Roxy Ballet, under the direction of A. Nelle, former partner of Pavlowa. The orchestra accompanied both Prof. Theremin and the ballet and also played several encores after the ballet had concluded its program, thus giving the great crowd more than full measure.

An appeal for funds, made by Alexander Trachtenberg, resulted in a generous response.

SOVIET - AMERICA TRADE SHOWS BIG GAIN IN 9 MONTHS

Orders for Industrial Equipment Increases

Continued from Page One

casings were the principal items of Soviet imports into this country. Total purchases were about $84,000,000 and sales $16,000,000.

Machinery Orders Increase

It must be noted, however, that in the past two years industrial equipment became an item of increasing importance on the Soviet purchase list here. Orders placed for machinery and other equipment for Soviet factories now being built or expanded amounted for the past nine months to about $10,000,000 as against about $7,000,000 in the corresponding period of the preceding Soviet fiscal year. Purchases of agricultural machinery and supplies amounted to $8,771,593, also a considerable increase over last year.

"Of the raw materials, the principal items were cotton, which is being purchased by the All-Russian Textile Syndicate, 39 Broadway, rubber and metals. These purchases totaled for the nine months $60,608,923, more than double the figure for the corresponding period of the preceding year."

Purchases by the Amtorg Trading Corporation, the All-Russian Textile Syndicate, Centrosoyus-America and Selskosojus-America, the four principal companies engaged in Soviet-American trade, amounted to $83,193,449. Sales of Soviet products by the Amtorg, Centrosoyus and Selskosojus amounted to $11,955,073.

Shipments of products to the U. S. S. R. by American concessionaires, imports of Russian manganese into this country by the Georgian Manganese Company and sales of furs here by American firms having special contracts, aggregating about $5,000,000, must be added to the above figures.

Fascist Troops Rout, Kill 100 in Tripoli

TRIPOLI, July 22.—The band of tribesmen revolting against the Italian rule in Tripoli were attacked by fascist troops, causing fifty to be killed and an equal number wounded.

The revolutionists suffered casualties double those of the troops, which consisted mostly of natives and were officered by Italians.

Female Babbits

Acting Mayor McKee, subbing while Walker is away, is shown above welcoming a delegation of female open shop business women from Tennessee.

REACTION SEEKS POWER IN MEXICO

Threatens Attack on Labor Unions

Continued from Page One

to turn the flood of vengeance against the labor organizations. Under the slogan of "labor leaders must be eleminated from the government," and with accusations that trade unionists in Tecubaya "celebrated the assassination with champagne," the clericals are carrying or a pogrom-like agitation against the labor organizations which they symbolize in the person of Luis N. Morones, secretary of labor in the Calles government, who has retired to the vicinity of Santa Fe under a guard of several hundred men.

Morones, who is an extreme reactionary, representing "labor" in about the same way as did Samuel Gompers in the United States, is, however, only a convenient butt upon which to center an attack intended to mobilize a man-hunt for bigger game.

Catholic Priests Involved

Meantime all accumulating evidence, as admitted by General Antonio Rios Zertuche, chief of police of the federal district, strengthens the case that clergy was behind the assassination of Obregon and that Leon Toral, the murderer, acted as a mere tool of the clerical conspirators in firing the five shots that ended Obregon's life.

MATTHEW WOLL MEETS HOOVER AT CONFERENCE

Labor Fakers Receive Instructions

WASHINGTON, July 22 (FP).—Matthew Woll, vice-president American Federation of Labor, and acting president of the National Civic Federation, called on the republican presidential nominee just before Hoover started west. Woll is the member of the executive council of the A. F. of L. who is nearest to sympathy with Hoover. He is supposed to have carried a message from William Green as to what the organized workers hope the republican candidate will emphasize in his acceptance speech.

W. N. Doak, legislative representative of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and a close friend of Bascom Slemp, former secretary to Coolidge and non-union coal operator, has likewise had a talk with the G. O. P. nominee. Doak is looked upon as Hoover's adviser on labor strategy.

Manchuria Warned Against Nationalists

TOKIO, July 22.—Premier Tanaka has sent instructions to Chang Hseuh-liang, military governor of Manchuria, dissuading him from an alliance with the Nationalist government of China, it is reported here.

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FOREIGN NEWS AND FEATURES --- BY CABLE AND MAIL FROM SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS

PHILIPPINES FOR U.S. CAPITALISTS, STIMSON URGES

New Land Laws Will Oust Peasants

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

MANILA, Philippine Island (By Mail).—Modification of the land laws to permit large-scale development of the rubber region in Mindanao and acquisition of large estates by Americans was advocated by the governor-general of Philippines, H. L. Stimson, at the opening session of the new legislature. He explained to the representatives of the Philippine people that their economic misfortunes are due to absence of large landholding. He said:

"At the present rate with which the agricultural land of these islands is being distributed among their people it will be 400 years before that great asset, that great guardian of the people's stability, is fully put to use."

He recommended such revision of the laws governing the creation and regulation of corporations, and the "laws under which capital comes in contact with government" be revised "so as to insure the people who are willing to lend money to you that the enterprise in which they invest will be fairly, justly and equitably treated by your public officials and that the title of the securities which the investors receive in exchange for their money will be sound and safe."

Stimson explained to the Filipinos that their own way to independence and liberty is to hand the country over to American capitalists. He told them how the United States 140 years ago were so poor that it had to borrow money to develop the country and its resources, how without foreign money the United States would still be in a primitive state and poor and. . ."is America in economic serfdom to these countries today?" he asked. Stimson described to the legislators how beneficial the influx of American capital was to Cuba, Panama and Hawaii and that the Philippines had the brightest future before them if they would abolish the antiquated laws preventing the formation of large estates and hampering American capital. He explained that "by exciting an unfounded fear" the opponents of American capitalist imperialism "would block the only avenue towards economic and therefore political independence of these islands." In other words, the Filipinos according to Stimson, will get their independence if they sell their country to American capital.

He finished by assuring the listeners:

"I believe that American capital has learned the unwisdom and the danger of attempting unfairly to exploit the land in which it enters."

Quits After 30 Years of Service for Imperialism

After 30 years at the beck and call of the capitalists to help slaughter workers, Sergeant Claude Ensign has retired. He is shown above being speeded on his way by a speech from Captain Cummings of the U. S. army.

U. S. MAKES "REVOLT" TO GAIN OIL FIELDS

The creation of a new republic in the north of South America, to be formed of the state of Zuilia, of Venezuela and the Colombian departments of Santander and Goagira is discussed by certain "revolutionary" elements in these districts of the two countries. These districts are those which contain almost all the oil fields of Colombia and Venezuela. The adherents of this proposed oil republic of Zulia of which Maracasbo is a part intend to abolish all restrictions on the exploitation and exportation of oil by foreigners and hope, in compensation to obtain early recognition and support of their "independence" by the financial powers mostly interested in the exploitation of these districts.

Would Profit U. S.

Up to the present the financial interests of Great Britain in Venezuela and Colombia are considerably larger than those of the United States. Consequently a "revolution" detaching these provinces from the two mother countries and the early recognition by the United States would mostly profit the United States, to the detriment of the British interests. The growth of the oil production of Venezuela has been extraordinary. It has doubled every year since 1919. It produced 425,000 barrels of oil in 1919, 1,400,000 in 1921, 2,200,000 in 1922, 4,200,000 in 1923, 9,042,000 in 1924, 64,000,000 in 1927 and 117,000,000 are calculated for the year 1928.

The British oil exploitations in Colombia and Venezuela, due to their proximity to the Panama Canal are a menace to imperialist interests of the United States. By the creation of an independent oil republic of Zulia, under American control British influence might be more easily removed. The actual governor of Zulia is said to have received assurance from resident Americans that in case of a revolution which would proclaim the independence of Zulia from Venezuela, the new republic would receive all protection from the United States. The Venezuelan government has repeatedly denied that there is any such movement for independence. Nevertheless, circulars and proclamations in this sense, describing all the advantages of such change, are being circulated.

The militant labor elements are watching this conflict of the two imperialisms in their countries, without taking sides with any of the parties, but they expose in their secret but widely circulated publications the coming conflict and the role the workers should assume in such emergency.

FACTORY BLAST KILLS WORKERS

One Dying, Many Hurt in Chicago Fire

CHICAGO, July 22.—One worker died early today, another was dying and six others were suffering from severe burns and other injuries following an explosion late yesterday of acetylene gas tanks in the air reduction company's plant.

Fire swept through the building as a series of blasts from 100 tanks fed the flames. It was at first feared that a dozen workers might have been trapped in the one-story structure. After heroic efforts on the part of the workers, almost two hundred of them escaped to safety. The names of the dead and injured have not yet been listed by the company.

Buffalo Doctor Finds New Cure for Cancer

BUFFALO, July 22 (UP).—A new method of cancer treatment, by use of neddles of platinum and lead, has been discovered by Dr. Raymond Nauth, Buffalo physician and scientist. The announcement was first made unofficially from his laboratories here, although Dr. Nauth later admitted the discovery of the new treatment and said that it would be submitted to the medical profession.

10,000,000 Unemployed In World, Last Years

PARIS, France, July 22.—At no time during the last few years has the total of unemployed throughout the world fallen below 10,000,000 it was stated at the International Social Conference here.

The conference took no concrete steps towards remedying the situation. They merely decided that unemployment was an important problem.

NEW FASCIST EDUCATOR

ROME, July 20 (UP).—Gieseppe Belluzzo assumed the duties of minister of education yesterday after being introduced to heads of departments by Pietro Fedele, his predecessor.

In a statement announcing his assumption of his duties, Belluzzo said:

"I intend personally to direct public education with the standards and sentiments that animated my action during my term as minister of national economy. I am confident I can count on the active callaboration of all officials and teachers, to

CAMPAIGN CORNER

Carl Hacker, Ohio campaign manager reports that the total number of signatures received at the Cleveland office of the Party has already mounted to 5,600, with almost all out-of-town points still to be heard from. The call for a general mobilization of all members to go out for signatures has just been issued. Although 20,000 signatures are needed, it is commencing to look as though Ohio is going to go over the top with a rush.

* * *

Sidewalks-of-New-York Al Smith is figuring out how to raise a three million dollar campaign fund. Too bad there can be only one campaign manager. Otherwise we might suggest the appointment of a couple more Wall Street money-bags in addition to Raskob of J. P. Morgan, General Motors, and the republican party.

* * *

Seems to us the situation looks somewhat awkward for the Alphonse and Gaston parties of Wall Street. Being a republican and at the same time the Smith campaign manager, does Mr. Raskob, the republican, intend to vote the republican ticket except for president, or is Mr. Raskob, campaign manager, going to vote straight democratic? Wonder if he knows or cares.

* * *

Will Smith get his official three million? That aint the problem. The question is will he get enough unofficially to elect him.

* * *

Comrade Roy Stephens reports the Iowa state convention held at Des Moines Sunday to have been a huge success. Iowa is the eighth state to go on the ballot. Wm. F. Patton was nominated for governor and Walter Sweeney for lieutenant governor, in addition to the presidential electors.

* * *

Hannah Kuebbler of Toledo, Ohio, has the honor of making the first donation from the state of Ohio to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund. She sent a money order for $5 with a promise of more later.

* * *

Chicago reports that the street meetings are now going full blast. Additional word from Comrade Bedacht, Chicago District Organizer, guarantees that the states of Indiana, Illinois, and Wisconsin will be on the ballot with full Communist tickets.

* * *

Additional orders for stamps and buttons have been received by campaign headquartezrs, raising the total for buttons to 55,000 and for Vote Communist stamps to 95,000. The Ohio district has sent in an order for a thousand books of the Vote Communist stamps, amounting to 80,000 stamps, but the printer cannot supply the books in sufficient quantities to meet the demand, and this order had to be cut to 250 books for the present.

Don't worry, Comrade Amter, the other 750 books will soon be in your hands.

* * *

The Workers (Communist) Party is in this election campaign to mobilize the working class for a workers' and farmers' government.

* * *

While Smithy is busy planning the best means of reaching into the bankers' money bags, Herbert is already well advanced in the expenditure of his first million. Herb has no such troubles as Al. His problem is not to get the dough but to pretend he is not getting it, so as to conceal the real total of his expenditures.

* * *

Max Hankin, Buffalo district organier, is now on tour of the western New York counties to get the necessary signatures for the Party to go on the ballot.

* * *

New York is planning to carry the Communist Election Campaign into the numerous working class camps in the vicinity of the city. Word received from Rebecca Grecht district campaign manager, is to the effect that Mohegan, Golden Bridge Nitgedaiget, Unity, etc., will soon be ringing with the Communist Campaign.

* * *

District Two, of the party, is planning a series of Special Camp Collections for the benefit of the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund.

* * *

The first Workmen's Circle branch has been heard from with a donation to the Communist Campaign Fund. This is a check for $5 from Branch No. 246.

* * *

Reports from Denver are that young Tom Ayers has developed into a very good speaker who knows how to put the spirit of Bolshevism into his speeches.

* * *

Orders have already been received for 30,000 buttons and 65,000 VOTE COMMUNIST stamps. Rush in your order to avoid delays incident to getting out new lots of stamps and buttons.

* * *

Philadelphia reports that a call has been sent out for an election campaign conference of all left-wing working class organiations, and that it is planning the formation of a large campaign committee on which there will be representation from all organizations sympathetic to the party.

U. S. FAVORS BOLIVIA IN LAND DISPUTE

Paraguay, Argentine Not Considered

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

The boundary conference held in Buenos Aires between representatives of Bolivia and Paraguay regarding the disputed territory of the Chaco Boreal held by Paraguay and claimed by Bolivia was ended without argument. The aggressive purpose of the stronger party, Bolivia, which is a virtual protectorate of the United States, became clearly apparent.

The territory, about 100,000 square miles, very thinly populated by uncivilized Indians is still unmapped, but in general under control of the Paraguayan government which occasionally sends inspecting officials.

Troops Sent.

Bolivia began to claim the Chaco Boreal and to send troops and erect forts as soon as it was discovered that the territory, contiguous to the extensive oil land holdings of the Standard Oil Co. of Bolivia, also contains vast and promising oil fields. Previously Bolivia never pressed its claims to this territory.

When Bolivia's pressure increased and the armed clashes between Bolivian and Paraguayan troops in the disputed territory became more frequent, with actual danger of war the Argentine government called a conference at Buenos Aires of representatives of the two countries to settle the dispute amicably by mutual concessions. Argentina, which has important economic and financial interests in Paraguay, desired to save Paraguay from conquest by Bolivia and indirectly to prevent the extension of the United States influence from the Pacific to the Atlantic across the South American continent through Bolivia and Paraguay and finally into Argentina.

Unable to Agree.

After several weeks of negotiations the two parties, deliberating under the chairmanship of an Argentine "neutral observer," they were not even able to agree on what should be arbitrated. The Argentine arbitrator proposed that, pending a settlement, the occupied districts in the disputed territory should be demilitarized and the forts dismantled. The forts of each country penetrate deep into territory claimed by the other, giving raise to frequent clashes.

Paraguay agreed but Bolivia refused to dismantle the forts recently erected and only offered to reduce the garrisons. The Bolivian delegates also refused to allow the arbitrator to decide whether territory held by an occupying force belongs legally to that country or not and is subject to arbitration. Furthermore, the Bolivian delegates requested that a part of the Chaco should be declared Bolivian territory immediately, before and independently of the arbitration decision and that only the possession of a part of the Chaco should be arbitrated. Bolivia did not indicate which part it is willing to have arbitrated. In other words, it wanted immediate concessions from Paraguay before entering into any negotiations. Paraguay sometime ago offered Bolivia that part of the chaco Boreal which would give Bolivia access to the Paraguay River and thus enabling Bolivia to build a seaport on the navigable part of the river for vessels able to carry goods and passengers to the Atlantic through the mouth of the Rio Plata.

Bolivia's Claims.

Bolivia, however, claimed not less than all the territory of the Chaco down to the angle where the River Pilomayo joins the Paraguay, which is across the river from Asuncion the capital of Paraguay. Paraguay was unwilling to have Bolivian army and forts on the bank of the river opposite to its capital.

Reports are being repeatedly published that Bolivia is mobilizing. The Bolivian government press is making an intensive chauvinistic war propaganda against Paraguay publishing stories that Paraguay prepares to invade Bolivia. (Paraguay has 900,000 inhabitants and Bolivia 2,500,000.) To reach the capital of Bolivia the Paraguayan soldiers would have to climb the western ridge of the Andes, about 15,000 feet. Bolivia is receiving arms from the United States.

Rejected Draft.

At the recent Pan-American Congress at Havana the Bolivian delegation rejected the first draft of the commission on maritime neutrality which provided that neutral countries "may allow" the transition of arms and ammunition to a belligerant if it is a landbound country. Bolivia insisted that this be changed to read that the coastal countries should be obligated to allow the transit of arms to landbound belligerants. Paraguay accepted the first draft and opposed the second. Paraguay and Bolivia are the only other landbound countries on the American hemisphere. Hughes supported Bolivia and finally the Bolivian draft was accepted against the votes of Paraguay and Argentina.

AL EXPECTS CROWDS

ALBANY, N. Y., July 22.—Albany is making arrangements to handle 150,000 persons when Gov. Alfred E. Smith is officially notified of his nomination as the democratic presidential candidate.

"Charity" Gives Poor Crippled Children Outing

Placed under capitalism in city institutions reeking with graft and ill treatment, the crippled children of the poor get an outing up the Hudson River once a year, so that the photographs in the capitalist papers can show how "happy" they are. Photo shows a group of crippled boys and girls on such an outing.

PROSPERITY OR THE BURST BUBBLE OF 1918

By MARTIN A. DILLMON.

ST. LOUIS (FP).—Though papers of St. Louis declared that republican prosperity is the issue upon which candidate Hoover will stand, they published the result of a social survey by the Provident Association, in which it was found that house rent in St. Louis tenement sections has doubled since 1916; that housing conditions have grown steadily worse during the period, and families are eking out an existence in quarters unfit for human habitation.

The study is a part of a nationwide survey undertaken by social welfare bodies to determine the cause for the ever increasing relief appeals.

Of 100 St. Louis families studied in 1916, 15 were found living in 1 room each, 9 families in 2-room quarters and 1 in 3 rooms. In 1925, 1-room families had increased to 28. 2-room families to 13. Two families were found in 3 rooms each and 1 with 4 rooms. Many of the structures were long ago deserted by more fortunate people for better neighborhoods.

One father keeps his flock together on $17 a week as a lumberyard laborer, another with 8 children gets $90 a month in a mail order house. Large plants throughout the city are operating part-time or under-manned. Workers besiege downtown employment agencies begging for any kind of a job.

If Hoover brings a prosperity sermon to St. Louis he will encounter many unbelievers.

GIRL WOULD SELL SELF FOR FAMILY

Poverty Forces Her to Marry for Money

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 22 (UP).—Beatrice Albert, 19, who offered to sell herself in marriage in order to provide for her poverty beset family, was embarrassed today by complications resulting from the offer.

Beatrice thought her family troubles were over when W. W. Goynes, 50, Spanish war veteran, came forward and said he would pay her parents and brother $6.000 if she would marry him.

Goynes had the $6,000 all ready, but the family Beatrice hoped to benefit has divided three ways in advising her as to her course.

If she marries Goynes, Beatrice's mother says she never will speak to her daughter again.

If she doesn't marry Goynes, her 72-year-old father asserts she will lose all his respect.

If she contracts any auction marriage whatever, her brother won't take any of the money.

Increasing Beatrice's plight, Goynes has cooled somewhat in his ardor and says bluntly that another solution is open to her—she can go to work and support her folks.

Apparently tiring of her hesitancy, Goynes is pressing his suggestion by offering to permit her parents and brother to continue living rent-free in one of his cottages if she will get a job.

Beatrice, indicating what she may decide, says now that "money isn't everything."

U. S. S. R. Scientists Leave on Expedition

MOSCOW, July 22.—An expedition of Russian scientists, headed by Nicholas Krylenko, left Moscow recently for Central Asia to study unexplored areas of the Pamir Highlands and the life of the tribes inhabiting these regions.

The expedition will attempt to find tribes, which are hidden in the wilderness, and whose costumes have remained unchanged for hundreds of years.

Diver Drowned Under Fourteen Ft. of Water

TROY, N. Y., July 22 (UP).—John Ericsson, 28, a diver, was under water for four minutes Saturday at the foot of Jefferson Street, Watervliet, when his fellow workers on shore felt a feeble tugging on the signal rope.

Apprehensively they hauled Ericsson to shore. He was unconscious. For three hours his mates alternated with doctors in an effort to revive him while a spark of life remained. Not until Coroner Charles J. Cote declared him dead was the fight given up.

Fourteen feet under water, the river workers said, Ericsson's helmet became unfastened. He was employed by the Cleveland Construction and Engineering Company and lived on Chaddunk Ave., Buffalo.

2 SAVED; THEN DROWN.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., July 22 (UP).—Alice and Martha Patton, 18 and 14, sisters, of 432 West 4th St., New York City, were drowned in the Hudson river at Fort Montgomery, after they had once been saved by John Dunning of 75 11th Ave, Manhattan.

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ADMISSION 35 CENTS

Ten Killed in German Train Wreck and Fire

MUNICH, Germany, July 22.—Search of the charred wreckage of two railroad cars yesterday revealed that ten persons had been killed when the two cars were telescoped and caught fire near here. Twenty-five persons were injured. Three of those killed were women.

When the coaches burst into flames, several of the victims were burned to death, some of the bodies being unrecognizable.

MINERS' CRISIS IN AUSTRALIA

Coal Barons Launch Drive on Union

By W. FRANCIS AHERN.

SYDNEY (FP).—The coal industry in Australia is in a serious crisis. The principal factors are over-development during the war, introduction of substitutes for coal, general depression.

The crisis is part of the international coal crisis. The principal harvest the workers reap is unparalleled unemployment. This crisis in the industry is reflected in a deep crisis in the Miners' Union. A special convention of delegates from all districts has been called.

It is admitted that reorganization of the union is necessary. Requesting and attending conferences under the auspices of the government is considered a dangerous experiment.

The coal barons are aggressively attempting to lower the conditions of the miners and to cut wages. This the mine workers are strenuously opposing, and at various meetings held on the coal fields they have decided to resist.

Balkans Spend Budget On War Preparations

GENEVA, July 20.—The Balkans spend a great portion of their revenues on their armies, it was revealed here in a report today.

Jugoslavia spends 31.79 per cent of her revenues for military purposes; Greece, 25.93 per cent; Rumania, 20.40 per cent; Bulgaria, 17.65 per cent; Czechoslovakia, 12.61, and Hungary, 9.51.

40 SAILORS DROWNED.

HANOI, French Indo-China, July 20.—Death toll in the shipwreck of the French steamer Cap Lay, which foundered at the mouth of Songtambo River yesterday, was set at forty today, with as many injured.

Most of those dead were drowned when lifeboats were crushed between the ship's hull and rocks as they were lowered.

MUD FOR WANAMAKER

PHILADELPHIA, July 22 (PU).—An urn containing soil from Lafayette's grave, the place where the first American World War dead were killed and the landing place of Commander Richard E. Byrd's airplane America was placed today on Wanamaker's crypt here.

WON'T INVITE RUSSIA.

WASHINGTON, July 22 (UP).—Only countries with whom the United States has diplomatic relations will be invited to send delegates to the International Conference on Civil Aeronautics, to be held here December 12 to 14, the state department announced today.

SHOW VENIZELOS' TRUE COLORS BY JAILING WORKERS

Greek Dictator Deports Many Strikers

ATHENS, Greece, July 22.—The first indication of the course of action the Venizelos regime will take is made clear by the mass arrests in Greece. In respect to a conflict between striking miners and police in Saloniki the Greek police have "proven" that "the Communist Party is responsible for the conflict, turning the strikers against the scabs."

After this "proof" the police arrested seventeen Communists and ordered them deported. Five of them were banished to Ionia, five to Anafi, five to Folegrandos and two to Thyra.

At the same time the police threatened that "if the Communists will again resort to terroristic action" they will bring mass arrests down upon themselves.

In spite of the terror of the government the strike continues.

In Saloniki a large meeting was to take place that was prohibited by the police. In spite of that the workers appeared in masses at the appointed place. The police had orders that all corners and streets leading to the meeting place be heavily guarded, and that at a pinch weapons should be used. The prudence of the workers saved them from a heavy blood bath.

The editor of the Communist newspaper, "Rizpospastis," was arrested in Athens.

Strikers are arrested in masses, without any ground, in the small towns of the provinces. Most of them will be deported.

British Lord Says Amity Talk, Nonsense

PARIS, July 22.—Lord Crewe, the retiring British ambassador to Paris laughed at the talk of peace and good-will between the United States at a luncheon given for newspaper men.

In a circle of acquaintances more frank than the usual diplomatic type the lord could speak more freely. Abandoning the usual diplomatic line he said:

"There is a great deal of nonsense in the talk about Anglo-American friendship and brotherly amity."

WIN HUNGER STRIKE.

ATHENS, Greece, July 22.—The 17 soldiers who have been on hunger strike in the prison of Syngros because their legal soldier's pay was taken away from them because they complained of the lieutenant of the prison, have won their demands.

They are being sent to the military prison where they will be treated in the customary fashion.

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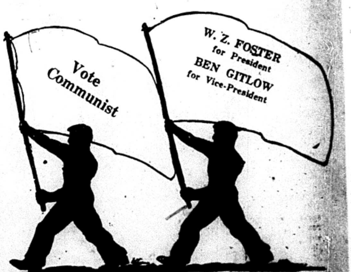

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Street
City .... State

...ll Begin Big Drive of Militant Cloak Workers at Giant Bronx Mass Meeting

K AND FILE GHT SIGMAN, EAT SHOPS

...eat Right Wing Thugs," Is Call

...order to "launch the campaign ...the rank and file against the ...shop system and to build a ...workers union of the workers ...the leadership of National ...zation Committee," the latter ...ation is calling all workers ...ladies garment manufactur- ...industry to a gigantic mass ...in Bronx Stadium, accord- ...a statement issued recently ...latter organization over the ...of Louis Hyman, chair-

Appeals To Workers.

...statement also appeals to the ...to fight against any at- ...of Sigman and his cohorts to ...them to pay dues to his com- ...union under the guise of the ...organization campaign they ...conducting. The statement de- ...in part:

...International clique is now ...a new effort to extort money ...you thru their guerilla com- ...under the pretext of a ...new organization campaign. ...not a campaign to get better ...for you in the shops. it ...a campaign to organise the ...ry. The "company union," ...is on the verge of collapse, is ...a last effrot to extort ...from you before it is com- ...wiped out.

Defend Yourself.

...must not permit yourself to ...rized by their guerilla com- ...The gangsters of the un- ...hired by the company ...are insignificant as com- ...with the will and determina- ...your united strength. All ...need is united action when ...mittees appear in your ...Do not stop when the guer- ...mittees come to your shops. ...give them a cent. Give them ...resistance. Defend yourself ...them and wherever possible ...them, drive them out.

...ers! The end of the clique's ...is in sight. Now is the ...for united action to put into ...the plans worked out for ...our union. The first ...shop chairmen's conference, ...the 12th of July, in Webster ...acted. It has decided to ...the campaign of the rank ...against the sweat-shop sys- ...build a union of the work- ...gigantic mass meeting ha ...arranged i nthe Bronx Stadium ...th of August. The confer- ...chairmen has decided that ...and dressmakers must im- ...join the union of the ...under the leadership of the National Organization ...which constitutes the united ...of all those who want to have ...and union conditions."

...istrict Open Air ...eetings This Week

...ntion all Party speakers and ...Campaign Committees ar- ...by District 2 Agitprop Dep.

WEEK OF JULY 23.

...day, July 23.

...Square—Marshall, Leroy, ..., Hendin, Pasternack, Trach-

...nd Ave. and 106th.—Baum.

...day, July 24.

...St. Ext., and Havemeyer, ...lyn.—Liptzin, Midola, Rose-

...day, July 25.

...Ave. and 10th St.—Pollack, ...Peer, Auerbach, M. Epstein.

...Square — Minor, Silber, ..., Blake.

...Ave. and 132nd St.— ...hoff, V. Smith, Ed. Welsh, ..., Gussakoff.

...kins and Intervale.—Di Santo, ...witz, Cibulsky, R. Wortis, Sev-

...rtle and Prince.—R. B. Moore, ...ams, Bimba, Rosemond.

...Dayton Ave., Passaic.—J. O.

...gle Pencil—noon—B. Miller.

...day, July 26.

...way and Jamaica, L. I.— ...man, P. Shapiro, V. Smith.

...St., St. Annes.—Baum, Ja- ...Yusem, Gitz.

...St. and 8th Ave.—Auerbach, ..., Schalk.

...on and Cruger — Padgug, ...Lyons, Chas. Nemeroff, Ruis-

...St. and Mermaid.—G. Pow- ...Rock, Wright, Midola.

...Wile Biscuit Co.—Noon—

...July 27.

...Biscuit Co.—Noon—D.

...and Pitkin, Brooklyn.— ...Padmore, Lilienstein, Mag-

...and William, Brokolyn.— ...Nessin, Reiss, Suskin.

...and Graham, Brooklyn.— ...Primoff, Rosemond, A. Sus-

...Ave. and 110th St.—Ballam, ...Taft, Ed. Welsh, Codkind.

...and Plaza, Newark, N. J. ..., Erdy.

...day, July 28.

First Ave. and 79th St.—Markoff, Suskin, Lustig, Hendin.

13th Ave. and 42nd St., Brooklyn. Sherman, Wright, Lillienstein, Valentine.

West New York, N. J., 14th St. and Bergenline Ave.—S. Pollack, Freiman.

Bait for Suckers Trains for Champ Bout

Photo shows Gene Tunney, heavyweight champion, training at Speculator, N. Y., training for his battle on Thursday with Tom Heeney, challenger for the heavyweight crown. The sparring partner is Harold Mays. He leads a dog's life.

YANKS, GIANTS LOSE, DODGERS BREAK EVEN

(By United Press)

Red Faber's single, which scored two runs, enabled the Chicago White Sox to defeat the New York Yankees, 6 to 4, yesterday. Johnson and Moore gave Chicago only seven hits, but two Yankee errors hurt New York.

• • •

The Chicago Cubs demonstrated Sunday that they are ready to fight the St. Louis Cardinals right down to the wire for the National League pennant.

Their 4 to 2 victory over the Giants gave them the important series, three games to one, and kept them on the heels of the league-leading Cardinals. Charley Root gave the Giants only four hits and did not yield a run until the eighth inning.

Pittsburgh and Brooklyn divided a double-header in their fight for leadership of the second division. Dazzy Vance pitched superbly in the first game, giving the Pirates only four hits. Brooklyn won, 5 to 0. Pittsburgh won the second game, 6 to 5, chiefly because of Ray Kremer's steady pitching.

• • •

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

Chicago, 4; New York, 2.
Brooklyn, 5; Pittsburgh, 0 (1st).
Pitsburgh, 6; Brooklyn, 5 (2nd)
Cincinnati, 5; Boston, 4.
St. Louis, 8; Philadelphia, 7.

American League

Chicago, 6; New York, 4.
Washington, 8; Detroit, 2.
St. Louis, 8; Cleveland, 5.
Only games scheduled.

AMERICAN OLYMPIC TEAM IN WORKOUT

AMSTERDAM, July 22 (UP).—For the first time since the final tryouts at Cambridge, Mass., the American Olympic team had a real workout today.

The cinder strack in the stadium was in better shape and coaches sent the athletes through their races, clocking many of them. Ray Barbuti, Fuil Snyder and Joseph Tierney, quarter milers, were all timed around 50 seconds and Lloyd Hahn did a quarter mile in 52 seconds. Hahn, who is working harder than any of the American athletes, then ran the 660-yard distance in 1:24 4-5.

DETROIT LABOR SPORTS SECTION PLANS MEET

(Labor Sports Press Service)

DETROIT, July 22.—The Detroit section of the Labor Sports Union, which is one of the liveliest in the whole organization, is proceeding with the plans for a local elimination meet, preparatory to the national track and field meet at New York on August 25-26. The Detroit section includes some eight clubs with a total of 350 members and the meet will undoubtedly develop spirited competition.

U. S. TENNIS PLAYERS SPLIT EVEN IN LAST 2 MATCHES

PARIS, July 28.—Johnny Hennessey and Francis Hunter went through the formality of playing out the semi-finals with the Italian Davis Cup team today. Hennessey won and Hunter lost. George Lott and Hennessey, by winning their doubles match Saturday, clinched the victory for America. Today's results made the standings four matches to one, in favor of the United States.

Hunter lost to Baron Henri De Morpurgo today because he played erratically at the start and was unable to overcome the Italian's lead in time to stave off defeat. Hunter rallied too late and lost, 6—4, 6—8, 6—3, 3—6, 6—3. The score of Hennessey's match with P. Gaslini today was 7—5, 6—3, 6—4.

Fisherman Drowned When Boat Hits Rock

NEWPORT, R. I., July 22.—One man was believed drowned and a fellow fisherman rescued yesterday after the two-masted oyster schooner "Elida Hearn," had piled up on rocks and capsized in Narragansett Bay.

TRY LAYOFFS TO HALT BIG STRIKES

'Vain Gesture,' Say Fall River Mill Workers

Continued from Page One

imminent Fall River struggle. It also declares:

The closing down of the American Printing Works in Fall River from July 25 to August 7 is a definite attempt to weaken the determination of the workers in Fall River to go out on strike to fight for the restoration of the 10 per cent wage cut and for the other demands of the T. M. C., 20 per cent increase in wages, 40-hour, 5-day week, against the speed-up and the recognition of the union.

The excuse that the management gives for the closing down of the cotton division, which alone employs 2,500 workers, is that there is not enough work. This all the workers know is not true and realize that the activities of the T. M. C. in the past weeks has mobilized thousands of workers into the union in preparation of the struggle that is about to begin, and this together with the fact that the influence of the T. M. C. is felt generally throughout the city has thrown a scare into the ranks of the mill owners and they are becoming desperate in their attempts to weaken the spirit of the workers.

3 WORKERS DEAD IN TRAIN WRECK

8 Injured; Many Other Bodies Not Yet Found

FARMINGTON, N. H., July 22.—At least three workers were killed and eight others injured in a derailment of five cars of the Barnardi Show Carnival Company's 20-car train at Places Crossing, near here, just before noon today.

The identity of three bodies, taken from the wreckage and still at the scene of the accident late this afternoon, according to railroad officials, had not yet been established. The eight persons who were injured were removed to a hospital at Rochester, N. H.

Wrecking crews from Dover and Concord, N. H., were rushed to the scene of the derailment, a secluded spot three miles south of this town, as soon as news of the accident became known.

Railroad officials said there was a slight possibility that others might be found in the wreckage and that the crews were continuing their search, according to the latest reports.

PATRIOTIC—5 DIE OF LOCKJAW

ERIE, Pa., July 22 (UP).—John Diemert, 15, died in Hamot Hospital today of lockjaw resulting from a blank cartridge wound received on Independence Day. His death is the fifth in the last week from lockjaw all caused by Fourth of July explosives.

JEWISH LABOR TO AID PARTY DRIVE IN NEW YORK CITY

Pledges Support to Red Candidates

Forty-six Jewish labor and fraternal organizations of New York City at a conference called by the Jewish Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party, voted unanimously to endorse the Workers Party ticket, and drew up a comprehensive program to rally the Jewish working masses for the Communist program and candidates in the coming elections.

Among the organizations represented were 18 branches of the Workmen's Circle, 5 branches of the Independent Workmen's Circle, 7 Workers' Clubs, and 13 parents' organizations of the Non-Partisan Workers' Schools. The Progressive Delicatessen Clerks' Union, Local 302, also sent delegates.

Communist Program Stressed.

The conference was addressed by Boris Lifshitz, secretary of the Jewish Bureau of the Workers Party, and candidate for the assembly in the 6th Assembly District, Manhattan. He spoke on the program of the Workers (Communist) Party exposing the role of the republican and democratic parties, emphasizing especially the degeneration of the socialist party and its open betrayal of the interests of the working class Rebecca Grecht, New York campaign manager and candidate for assembly in the 5th Assembly District Bronx, also spoke on the tasks of the left wing in the political campaign.

Campaign Committee Chosen.

The conference elected a campaign committee of 21 to coordinate the work of the various organizations and mobilize the greatest support possible for the campaign Every organization present pledged itself to work for a voluntary tax of $1 per member for the $100,000 election campaign fund of the Workers Party, and agreed to enlist its membership in the signature drive to put the Workers Party candidates on the ballot.

A resolution endorsing the Workers Party, and calling upon all Jewish workers to support the Communist election campaign, was adopted unanimously. The conference decided to call a second conference in the middle of August and to double the number of organziations represented.

Members of Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party are urged to report to the section campaign headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Boro Park, every evening from 6:30 to 9:30, and on Saturdays, from 1 to 10 p. m. to participate in the election signature drive. On Sundays, the work for the day will begin at 10 a. m. and continue throughout the day.

Members of Sections 2 and 3 should also report to the Section 7 headquarters for the signature drive.

Bath Beach Youth Plan Hike to Alpine Woods

The Bath Beach unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League, together with all the other clubs in the vicinity, have arranged a hike to the Alpine Woods for next Sunday. The sports and social committees of the unit have prepared a varied athletic and musical program for the event.

The hikers will leave at the Dyckman St. Ferry at 10 a.m. All young people living in Bath Beach and vicinity have been invited to attend.

A CORRECTION.

The DAILY WORKER of July 9th carried an article that the partner of the plumbing firm of Adolph Grobstein of 930 E. 138th St., Bronx, is Mr. Benchey Davis, a member of Local 463, of the Plumbers' Union of Manhattan and the Bronx.

Now, you made some slight error The name of Mr. Grobstein's partner is Mr. Benchey Danis. Kindly correct the error. —CASSELL.

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Workers Party Activities

International Branch 1.

International Branch 1 will hold an educational meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Mark's Place, N. Y. All members are urged to be present.

• • •

Section 7.

Section 7 signature collecting drive. Every comrade of the section must report at campaign headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn, every evening from 6:30; Saturday and Sunday, all day. Also comrades from Section 2 and 3 are to report to same headquarters for signature drive.

Subsection 3C Meeting.

All units of Subsection 3C will meet today at 101 West 27th St., at 6:30 p. m. Election of directors for the election campaign will take place. All members are urged to attend

Executive Subsection 3C.

The executive committee of Subsection 3C will hold a meeting on Wednesday at 101 W. 27th St. at 6:30 p. m.

• • •

Subsection 2A Functionaries.

A meeting of the executive functionaries of Subsection 2A will be held today at 101 W. 27th St. All comrades must attend the meeting.

Sections 2 & 3.

The speakers class arranged by Sections 2 and 3 will start tomorrow at 3 p. m at 101 W. 27th St. Ray Ragozin will be the instructor. All comrades who wish to join the class must report Tuesday.

McKinley Square Branch, Y. W. L.

The McKinley Square branch of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an open air meeting today at 8:30 p. m. on the corners of 174th St. and Vyze Ave., the Bronx. The subject of the meeting will be the present election campaign

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Sub-Section 3E.

The enlarged executive committee of the Subsection 3E will meet today at 6:15 p. m. It is of great importance that the comrades be present on time

• • •

International Branch 1.

The International Branch No. 1 will hold its regular meeting today at 9:00 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

Unit 3E 1F.

A very important meeting will be held of Unit 3E 1F tomorrow at 6:15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. Every comrade must be present. The roll call will be taken.

Unit 3E 2F.

The Unit 3E 2F will have a very important meeting on Wednesday, July 25, at 6 15 P. M., at 101 W. 27th St All comrades must be present and on time. Roll call will be taken.

• • •

Campaign Discussion, B. 1, Sec. 5.

Everyone interested in the issues of the election campaign should attend the discussion at the headquarters of Branch 1, Section 5 tomorrow at 715 E. 138th St., at 8:00 p m. Prominent speakers will address the meeting. Discussion will follow from the floor.

• • •

Brooklyn Speakers Class.

The speakers class being held by Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold its first session tomorrow at section headquarters, 764 40th St., Boro Park. The class starts at 8 p. m., but all who wish to attend regularly should be at the meeting room at 7:45 p. m. promptly.

Daily Worker Agents, Section 7.

A conference of unit and subsection Daily Worker agents will be held tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Joint Industrial Conference of Sections 2 & 3.

A joint industrial conference of Sections 2 and 3 will be held tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All unit and subsection industrial organizers as well as representatives of the leading committees of the Party fractions of the I. L. G. W. U., Furriers, Millinery, Fancy Leather Goods and Office Workers must attend. A district representative will be present.

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

The regular meeting will take place Wednesday, July 25th, 8 p. m. at 350 E. 81st Street.

• • •

Party Membership Meeting.

The comrades in the units are asked to take note of the fact that there will be a Party membership meeting Wednesday, August 1st at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. No other meetings are to be arranged to conflict with this date.

Note is also to be taken of the fact that on Saturday afternoon, August 4, the anniversary of the World War opening, there will be an open air demonstration at Union Square under the auspices of the Workers Party. All units are to make arrangements for mobilizing masses of workers to attend.

District Executive Committee, District 2, John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

• • •

Brownsville Y. W. L.

An open air meeting will be held tonight at Hopkinson and Pitkin Ave. at 8:30. Speakers: Liphshits, Gudisman, Stove, Borts and Polchack.

• • •

An open air meeting tomorrow night at Hirkimer and Utica Ave. at 8 o'clock. Speakers: Kass, Mellman and Marr.

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WE ALL MEET
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NEW WAY CAFETERIA
101 WEST 27th STREET
NEW YORK

SMALL SUMS TO HELP RAISE FUND

Workers Donate to Communist Drive

Continued from Page One

tween the democratic and republican parties worth noticing. Raskob, the multimillionaire, supports Smith. Mellon, the multimillionaire, supports Hoover. Both millionaires will win. The working class will lose when Raskob and Mellon bring home the bacon.

The workers and poor farmers are asked to vote for Foster and Gitlow because those candidates represent the interests of the exploited masses. Those candidates run on a platform which calls for the organization of the workers and farmers for a struggle against capitalism and for the organization of a Workers' and Farmers' Government. While the two parties of capitalism insist on their devotion to the interests of big business, the Workers (Communist) Party appeals to the working class to support it in a war on the robber system which will free labor from the chains of wage slavery.

Send in your contributions at once to the Communist Campaign Fund Workers Party of America, 43 E. 125th St., New York City, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

WEST COAST FUR UNION IN FIGHT

International Refuses Charter

The recently published appeal of the Boston Fur Workers Union, Local 30, to all International locals roquesting them to endorse the Boston union's demand on the general executive board for an inter-local conference met with a response from a Los Angeles local, it has been learned here.

A group of progressive workers in the fur industry in that city organized a furriers' local and were refused a charter by the International officers. The Los Angeles Fur Workers Union, as the group afterwards termed itself, replied to the Boston appeal will a full endorsement of the conference demand.

The proposed conference was asked for by the Boston local in order to have all the International locals take steps to end the struggle between the right wing Joint Council and the JJoint Board in New York, and stated that the inner struggle there was rapidly destroying the out-of-town locals.

The Los Angeles reply contains a brief history of the California workers' struggle to build a union there. It is signed by N. Henkin, president; H. Tsepon, treasurer; S. Sonnenshein, secretary, and T. Rutnik.

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Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Iron, Bronze Workers Meet.

A quarterly meeting of the union, to be held on Tuesday evening, July to be held tomorrow evening at 7 EastEast 15th Street, at 8 p. m.

• • •

Washington Heights, Attention.

A literary and social club is being formed. All interested are invited to a meeting tonight at 8 p. m. at 100 Northern Ave., corner of 181st St., Apt. 33.

• • •

Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at 7:30 sharp August 2, 1928. At this conference the causes of war, and the methods to be used in fighting the war danger will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women's organizations are invited to send delegates, and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

• • •

Volunteers For I. L. D.

Volunteers are wanted at the National Office of the International Defense, 80 East 11th St., Room 402, anytime between 9.30 a. m. and 6 p. m.

• • •

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

DEWEY RECEIVED IN SOVIET UNION

Many Educators Attend Welcome Banquet

MOSCOW, July 22.—John Dewey and his American group of educators were officially received here by the Society for Cultural Relations, at a banquet attended by Lunarcharsky, minister of education; representatives of the foreign office, of the Amtorg and a number of leading Soviet professors.

Mms. Kameneff, president of the Society for Cultural Relations, welcomed the American professors and asked them to present the facts fairly to the American public. Assuring him that "our work is scarcely begun and that we know that there are many errors and shortcomings," she hoped that Professor Dewey and his companions would help in sweeping away the host of prejudices and lies that are extant about the Soviet Union.

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"PEACE" MOVE AGAINST U.S.S.R. IS SUCCESSFUL

Powers Maintain Bloc Against Soviet

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The fourteen nations invited to participate in the "Kellogg "peace" conference, scheduled to be held in Paris towards the end of August, have all replied favorably, it was announced here today.

The governments are Germany, France, Italy, Poland, Belgium, Great Britain, the Irish Free State, Canada, India, Australia, New Zealand, Japan, Czechoslovakia, and the Union of South Africa. The Union of Socialist Soviet Republics was not invited.

Changed Instrument.

The reply of Chamberlain is considered here as being the basis for an agreement in Paris. The original draft which was pledged to the "renunciation of war as a instrument of national policy," has been so altered by revisions and reservations that it is hardly recognizable.

English reservations insisted on the right of a government for unrestricted action in its imperialistic areas, and on the holding power of all previous treaties.

Aims To Confuse.

Informed circles here look upon the whole matter as an elaborate effort to do nothing and to confuse public opinion. If the Locarno treaties and the League of Nations remain unaltered, it is thought that the same military bloc against the U.S.S.R. will remain.

PROHIBITIONISTS TO CONFER

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 22.—(UP).—A conference of Arkansas prohibitionists to meet here and take steps "to protect and preserve the 18th Amendment and all the state and federal laws enacted for its enforcement," has been called for July 19, it was announced today.

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

National Biscuit Company Officials Try to Break Up Communist Election Meeting

BOSSES' ACTION ROUSES ANGER OF WORKERS

Clanging Locomotive Used By Firm

The officials of the National Biscuit Company, at 15th St. and Tenth Ave., tried yesterday to stop a noonday election meeting of Section 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party by shuttling a locomotive with bell ringing wildly back and forth across the tracks in front of the meeting.

After last week's meeting, the first one to be held in front of the National Biscuit Company, the bosses were prepared for this meeting. Knowing that workers would crowd around the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party as soon as it was set up, they tried to "kill" the effects of the meeting by drowning it out in noise. The workers who listened to the speakers resented the action of their bosses and told the chairman later that he knew it was all prearranged.

The speakers were Joseph Magliacano, who spoke in Italian; H. Gordon and Jack Brustein of the Young Workers League and Lawrence Ross, chairman of the meeting.

These meetings will be continued weekly. A committee is now scouting for a more suitable corner on which to conduct them.

YOUNG WORKERS EXPOSE YIPSELS

Basic Industries Are Well Represented

At a meeting arranged by the Young Workers (Communist) League of Brownsville in their headquarters there were more than 100 persons present. Among these was a large delegation of yipsels, about 25 in number. The reason for the turnout of the entire yipsel membership in Brownsville was the fact that Philip Frankfeld, acting district organizer of the League, had been announced to speak on the Fields case and the Young People's Socialist League.

Frankfeld said in part: "The Fields case, insofar as the League is concerned, is an expression of the petty-bourgeois degeneration of the yipsels. We are not interested in the Fields case for its own sake.

The young Communists, however, see in it a sign of the fact that the young socialist movement has certainly reached the bottom of the ladder, when members of its national committee can in any way be connected with such practices."

Frankfeld went on to say that the Communist youth league is not interested in helping in any shape or form the prosecution of Field. The Communist youth has nothing in common with any of the capitalist institutions, and it is the mission of the Communists to destroy them all. He pointed out many instances where the socialist party used the forces of the capitalist government against the revolutionary workers, both in this country and in other parts of the world. He showed that the fundamental differences between the young socialists and young Communists were irreconcilable.

When the floor was thrown open for questions and discussion it became evident that the Yipsels would attempt to monopolize the floor and would attempt to create disturbances and disorder. They were granted the floor and asked all the questions they wished, which were promptly answered. The floor was then given over to discussion. The yipsels objected to a ruling of the membership that there be a five minute limit for discussion. One after the other they spoke. League members answered them.

The arguments of the yipsels ranged from appeals "to the militant young Communists, that after all we are all brethren, we are all working for the same goal" to a vivid description of a hypothetical Communist in Prospect Park with "a pretty damsel." This by the educational director of the Brownsville circle, "Comrade" Plotkin. At the close of the discussion, when a large group of young Negro workers came into the hall, and when Frankfeld began to sum up, the yipsels marched out of the hall.

The League clarified its position on the Fields case. The League helped to show very concretely the methods and arguments to many young League members. The arguments of the yipsels were fully brought out and thoroly exposed. The League members in Brownsville, as a result of this discussion, became more determined than ever to go out and fight and expose the yipsels as a petty-bourgeois, student organization that is opposed to the interests of the toiling youth—and an enemy of the working class.

DIVORCES TOO EASY.

PARIS, July 22 (UP).—Judges representing the Paris courts, sitting as a superior council, decided today that there was sufficient evidence of laxity in granting divorces to Americans to justify punishment of those alleged to be concerned.

Bait for Suckers Trains for Champ Bout

Photo shows Gene Tunney, heavyweight champion, training at Speculator, N. Y., training for his battle on Thursday with Tom Heeney, challenger for the heavyweight crown. The sparring partner is Harold Mays. He leads a dog's life.

PIECE WORK FOR MILLINERY BOSS

Imposed on Workers in Spite of Protests

The next organized step for imposing upon the members of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers Union the hated system of piece work was taken by the Zaritsky machine, in control of the millinery union recently, according to the workers of the shop of Teitler Bros., 648 Broadway.

This employer had asked the union officialdom to grant him the privilege of operating under the piece work system. Not daring to grant it outright, the union oficials advised the boss to take his demand for "arbitration" to Dr. Abelson, despite the non-existence of a collective agreement in the industry.

The workers immediately informed their officials that they object to piece work, but to na avail. When the case came for a ruling to Abelson, he recommended that the system be given a four weeks' trial. As a result of the ruing, and with the threat of incurring the employers' and officials' persecution, the workers were bludgeoned into accepting the so-called trial period.

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Arrested and Fined

For conversing with a scab working in the shop of Rothstein and Hershson, 63 West 36th St., in an effort to get her to join the milliners' strike, Silvia Rosen was arrested yesterday and later fined $10 by Magistrate Sore! in Jefferson Market Court.

The arrested milliner was not a striker herself, but because of working nearby had tried to talk to those refusing to strike.

Police in the millinery manufacturing district are beginning to exhibit a brutality against the striking girls not yet seen since the struggle of the workers against their international officials and the employers first began many weeks ago. The workers are nevertheless determined to fight the attempt to destroy their Local 43 at all costs, and see the intensified police terror as proof of the desperate situation of the Zaritsky crew.

33 GIRL WORKERS INJURED IN FIRE

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, July 20. (UP).—Thirty-three girls were injured, several seriously, when a fuse exploded in the Duerler candy factory here late today.

More than 100 girls, at work in the factory at the time of the explosion, were thrown into a panic and rushed for the doors. Fire broke out and burned several of the girls before they could make their escape from the building.

Quaker City Workers' Club to Stage Play

The West Philadelphia Workers' Club is arranging for a special performance at the Hedgerow Theatre to be held on Sat. July 28, 4 p. m "The Hairy Ape," by Eugene O'Neill will be staged. Not many have possibly heard much about this theatre nor does the capitalist press give it much publicity since the theatre does not follow in the steps of the rest to give to the public bourgeois propaganda stuff. Class-conscious workers, nevertheless, are beginning to pay more attention to it.

Tickets for this play may be obtained from The DAILY WORKER office in Philadelphia, 1214 Spring Garden St., and from every member of the club. Prices are very moderate. Following are the directions to reach the Hedgerow Theatre: Take the elevated car to 69th St., then change for the Media surface car Walk from Media to Rose Valley (only a few blocks.)

JAPS FIRE ON CHINESE TROOPS

Invaders Plan to Stay Ten Years

SHANGHAI, China, July 20.—Japanese imperialist troops fired on Chinese regulars near Tsinafu today according to a report which eminated from Japanese sources. The Japanese troops were sent to disarm Chinese troops who it was charged were infringing on the railway zone set up by the invading Japanese army

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PEKING, July 20.—The Japanese Consul at Nanking notified the Japanese Legation of Peking today that the Chinese Nationalists had presented a note proclaiming the lapse of the Sino-Japanese Treaty. The note made clear that the Japanese therefore were subject to Chinese jurisdiction.

The Consul refused to receive the note, but agreed to unofficially transmit the terms to the Legation

The spokesman for the Legation said that Japan was willing to discuss treaty revision when the Nanking Nationalists showed an amicable spirit. He considered the present action to be discourteous.

He said that the Japanese intend to maintain the attitude that the treaty was not revised within the set period and therefore the treaty was automatically renewed for another term of ten years.

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WASHINGTON, July 20.—In a statement tonight Representative Porter of Pennsylvania, Chairman of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, urges early action by the United States in the negotiations of new treaties with China.

JEWISH LABOR TO AID PARTY DRIVE

Pledges Support to Red Candidates

Forty-six Jewish labor and fraternal organizations of New York City at a conference called by the Jewish Bureau of the Workerr (Communist) Party, voted unanimously to endorse the Workers Party ticket, and drew up a comprehensive program to rally the Jewish working masses for the Communist program and candidates in the coming elections.

Among the organizations represented were 18 branches of the Workmen's Circle, 5 branches of the Independent Workmen's Circle, 7 Workers' Clubs, and 13 parents' organizations of the Non-Partisan Workers' Schools. The Progressive Delicatessen Clerks' Union, Local 302, also sent delegates.

Communist Program Stressed.

The conference was addressed by Boris Lifshitz, secretary of the Jewish Bureau of the Workers Party, and candidate for the assembly in the 6th Assembly District, Manhattan. He spoke on the program of the Workers (Communist) Party exposing the role of the republican and democratic parties, emphasizing especially the degeneration of the socialist party and its open betrayal of the interests of the working class Rebecca Grecht, New York campaign manager and candidate for assembly in the 5th Assembly District Bronx, also spoke on the tasks of the left wing in the political campaign.

Campaign Committee Chosen.

The conference elected a campaign committee of 21 to coordinate the work of the various organizations and mobilize the greatest support possible for the campaign Every organization present pledged itself to work for a voluntary tax of $1 per member for the $100,000 election campaign fund of the Workers Party, and agreed to enlist its membership in the signature drive to put the Workers Party candidates on the ballot.

A resolution endorsing the Workers Party, and calling upon all Jewish workers to support the Communist election campaign, was adopted unanimously. The conference decided to call a second conference in the middle of August and to double the number of organziations represented.

TO FILM PARADE AT MINE AFFAIR ON AUGUST 5TH

N. Y. Workers to Show Solidarity

On August 5 Pleasant Bay Park will be the scene of a huge solidarity parade in which militant slogans and banners will be carried by New York workers as a demonstration of their solidarity with the striking miners and their families. This will be one feature of a highly diverse and entertaining program of events at the Miners Solidarity Fair, to be held at Pleasant Bay Park by the National Relief Miners Committee, 799 Broadway. Moving pictures of the solidarity parade will be taken, the pictures to be later added to the film taken in Pennsylvania and Ohio of the miners' strike, showing scenes of picketing, police clubbings and arrests.

Other features of the affair will be games and sports, mass choir singing and dancing in native costume, fads of many nationalities and fine dance music. A special platform for dancing is now under process of construction.

Tickets at the price of 35 cents are now on sale at the office of the National Miners Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Room 237. Organizations are asked to purchase tickets in blocks of 100 or more, paying for them 20 cents each. Such organizations will then be enabled to not only help the cause of the striking miners by contributing to the relief funds, but contribute to its own treasury.

The program committee is now at work enlarging the program to be presented on August 5 to the solidarity demonstrators. A highly diverse list of entertaining events is promised.

BLAME CHURCH IN OBREGON DEATH

Quis of Assassin Nears End

MEXICO CITY, July 20 (UP).—Police investigation of the murder of General Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico, was near an end tonight and the assassin, young Jose De Leon Toral, a religious fanatic, was being questioned probably for the last time before his execution.

In addition to Toral, ten others have been arrested and are held for investigation in connection with the assassination, which it is officially charged was due to catholic clergy action.

Presumably the authorities hope by a public trial to definitely establish the fanatical character of Toral and his alleged connection with catholic clerical dissidents.

Chief of Police Rios Zertuche blamed the catholic church for the assassination.

"Police headquarters now is in a position to make public the fact that responsibility for the crime rests with the catholic clergy," his statement said.

200 CHILDREN ARE POISONED

WASHINGTON, July 20 (UP).—A holiday excursion down the Potomac River turned into tragedy today when about two hundred children, taken for a picnic by Central Union Mission, were stricken with food poisoning.

Fifty were hurried back on the first boat fifteen miles to Washington. A second boatload was due in later tonight. Meanwhile, a squad of physicians and nurses had been sent to the scene and had given first aid treatment to some 50 children left at the picnic grounds.

Up until 7 p. m. more than 35 had been treated at emergency hospital. Most of the cases were reported serious.

LABOR SPORTS UNION ACTIVE IN CHICAGO

(By Labor Sports Press Service.)

CHICAGO, July 20.—With 13 clubs as a basis on which to build, the Chicago district of the Labor Sports Union has been established on a firm basis. These 13 clubs have a total membership of about 450, active in every branch of sports. Dan Ellman, of the Larks Athletic Club, is the district secretary. The Chicago district is going ahead with plans for a local track and field meet, with the organization of a workers' soccer league and the sending of a large delegation of athletes to the National Labor Sports Union track and field meet in New York August 25-26.

Workers Calender

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

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League Picnic in Philadelphia.

A picnic, the proceeds of which will go to the Young Worker, will be held on Sunday, August 5, at the Burlhome Park. A splendid time is assured to all who come. Sports, games and songs will be had. Admission free. Direction: Take No. 50 car and go as far as 7500 north. A committee will wait for you there.

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Philadelphia Workers Stage Play.

The West Philadelphia Workers Club is arranging for a special performance at the Hederow Theatre, to be held on Saturday, July 28, at 4 p. m. The "Hairy Ape," by Eugene O'Neill will be staged. Tickets for this play may be obtained from The DAILY WORKER office in Philadelphia, 1214 Spring Garden St., and from every member of the club. Prices are very moderate. Directions to Hedgerow Theatre: Take elevated car to 69th St., and change for the Media surface car. Walk from Media to Rose Valley (only a few blocks).

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Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

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Philadelphia T. U. E. L. Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Trade Union Educational League of Philadelphia will hold a Grand Picnic at Maple Park Grove on August 4, beginning at 9 a. m. and ending at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing, and musical programs will be added to the speeches of prominent members returned from the U. S. S. R. All are invited to attend.

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Philadelphia Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Workers (Communist) Party here has arranged a picnic to be held August 19 at Burholme Park. Al workers are invited to attend.

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Chicago Picnic.

CHICAGO, Ill.—A picnic for the benefit of the Northwestern Shop News of Chicago will be held on July 29, under the ausices of Section 6, District 8, of the Workers (Communist) Party. In order to reach the picnic grounds, take Grand Ave. car to Sayre (7100 block), walk north to 3100 block, then one block west to 3101 North Nordica.

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Scranton Y. W. L. Picnic.

SCRANTON, Pa.—A picnic will be held under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Scranton, Pa., at Runo Farm, Hollow Ave., on August 5, at 10 A. M. All young workers are welcome. A very interesting program has been arranged.

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Chicago Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

CHICAGO, Ill.—All workers here are expected to come to the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting on August 22, 8 P. M., at Temple Hall, Van Buren and Marshfield. The speakers will be Ralph Chaplin, M. Schulman, Guido Serio and others. A musical program has been prepared.

BOSSES VIOLATE CHILD LABOR LAW

Over 4,000 Children Illegally Employed

ALBANY, N. Y., July 22.—More than 4,000 children were illegally employed in New York State during the last year, according to figures that have just been released by the state Labor Department.

Of the total number, 1,168 were under 14 years of age; 2,055 were working without certificates of employment; 237 were working illegal hours, and 407 were working illegal hours and had no certificates. In 1917 there were 606 children in tenements employed in home work.

2 Coast Guardsmen Drown; Boat Is Sunk

CAPE MAY, N. J., July 20 (UP)—Two coast guardsmen were drowned and five others were rescued today when coast guard patrol boat No. 113 was rammed and sunk by the freighter Culbertson near the entrance to Delaware Bay. The accident occurred in a dense fog.

The dead: John F. Haines, machinist's mate, of Pleasantville, N J., and De Willt T. Hale, machinist's mate, of Washington, Ga.

TURKEY TURNS WEST

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 19.—The Turkish government, to compete with its military rivals and westernize itself at least in form, has decided to change the name "Pasha," which was the highest official title, to "General."

Mustapha Kemal Pasha will now be known as General Ghazi Mustapha Kemal.

BIG ELECTION DRIVE PLANNED IN PHILADELPHIA

Active in Drive for $100,000

In a circular letter to all local unions, workers fraternal, educational, social and sports organizations of Philadelphia, inviting them to send delegates to an enlarged "Foster and Gitlow Campaign Committee," the Workers (Communist) Party of District Three, with headquarters in the Quaker City, issued a statement calling attention to the chief issues that confront the American working class today and the program drawn up by the Workers (Communist) Party to meet them.

The statement declares that the 1928 presidential elections afford the workers an opportunity to manifest their resentment and demonstrate their determination to fight against the capitalist class policies of the government under the direction and domination of the big business interests, the bankers, manufacturers, and public utility corporations, and the misery and suffering of the workers and poor farmers.

Unemployment.

The growth of unemployment—five million workers now being totally unemployed and many millions on part time—finds the republican party boasting about "prosperity" and turning a blind eye on the unemployed. And the democratic party does not even promise to do more than "investigate" the cause of unemployment.

The document stresses the active preparations now being made by the great imperialist powers—particularly the rivals, Great Britain and the United States—for another orgy of imperialist butchery in which millions of workers and poor farmers will be slaughtered.

It declares that the ruling class of this country, believing that the workers are incapable of further resistance, are becoming more arrogant in the exploitation and oppression of the masses and will not hesitate to consign millions of proletarian lives to the inferno of another war.

Demands.

Pointing out that it is the duty of every working-class organization to help mobilize the workers for their defense, the statement urges a mass fight for government unemployment and relief insurance, a five-day, forty-hour work-week, for the right to organize into a bona-fide union and the right to strike, for the enforcement and extension of social legislation, such as old-age and maternity pensions, workmens compensation, child labor, etc., for abolition of all discrimination against Negro and foreign-born workers, for the recognition and defense of the first workers' republic, the Soviet Union, and for a workers and farmers government in the United States.

"The Workers (Communist) Party is the only party that fights militantly and uncompromisingly for these and all other demands and needs of the working class," the statement continues. "The standard-bearers of the Workers (Communist) Party have proven through long years of courageous, militant struggle and by loyal service to the cause of the working class that they are worthy spokesmen of the working class. The candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party are in fact the candidates of the entire working class.

Meeting August 3.

"We consider it the duty of every loyal working-class organization to help rally the support of the greatest possible number of workers for the platform and candidates of the working class in this presidential campaign."

The first meeting of the enlarged "Foster-Gitlow Campaign Committee" will be held Friday, August 3, in the local headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, 1214 Spring Garden St.

The Philadelphia comrades are active in the Communist campaign fund drive for $100,000, of which Alexander Trachtenberg, with headquarters at 43 East 125th St., New York City, is treasurer. All contributions should be thus addressed.

Arnold Workers Hold Mine Relief Meeting

ARNOLD, Pa., July 22.—The National Miners Relief Committee of New Kensington and the International Labor Defense branch of Arnold held a joint conference meeting here recently to prepare for an intensive drive for relief for the starving miners. No definite plans for relief work were adopted, and it was decided to hold another joint meeting in a few days.

The International Labor Defense branch elected eleven members to represent them on the joint committee.

SOVIET AVIATOR IN NEW REPORT

Chuknovsky Says 3 on Ice Flow

KNGS BAY, July 20 (UP).—The Russian aviator, Chukhnovsky, who first sighted the Polar explorers in the Malmgren walking party, said today he was convinced there were three men in the group at that time and expressed surprise that only two had been rescued.

Chukhnovsky, who was rescued by the Russian icebreaker Krassin after his plane was forced down when returning from the rescue trip, said there was a possibility of a mistake in his observations, but that pictures taken at the time would reveal the situation.

Two members of the wrecked Italia's crew, Captain Filippo Zappi and Captain Alberto Mariano, have been rescued by the Krassin. They reported Dr. Finn Malmgren had been left on the ice in a dying condition.

"We were convinced we saw three persons," Chukhnovsky said. The aviator was accompanied by three aides. "The first was standing erect, the second was tottering and the third man was stretched on the ice.

"All three were tied together by ropes to prevent falling from the tiny icefloe, which was only 20 meters square and was surrounded by open water. We were greatly surprised to learn that only two men were rescued.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., July 22 (UP).—Corporal L. W. Bryant and Private E. D. Schutt of the marine corps were killed yesterday when their plane crashed near here.

DRESSMAKERS ENDORSE MINE RELIEF MEET

Conference to be Held on Thursday

At a meeting held at the Stuyvesant Casino Thursday evening the members of Local 22, International Ladies Garment Union endorsed the Shop Delegates Conference for Miners Relief, to be held at Bryant Hall at 6 p. m. on Thursday, July 26.

S. Zimmerman, chairman of the meeting, spoke for ten minutes on the extreme importance of the miners' struggle to needleworkers in New York and pointed out that the most effective weapon in the hands of the striking miners and their families is food.

Every member present received a conference call, addressed to all shop and factory workers who are employed between 14th and 39th Sts., urging them to elect delegates to the Miners Relief Conference of July 26. Individual workers employed in shops where for some reason it is impossible to elect delegates are urged to attend the conference as individual representatives of their shops.

The conference, which has already been endorsed by furriers, cloakmakers and dressmakers, is expected to mobilize hundreds of workers who see in the miners' strike and the disintegration of the miners' union a direct menace to their own standards of living and organization.

CHICAGO
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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Long Live New Miners' Union

From a once powerful organization, the hopeless wreck beyond resurrection—this is the hopeless wreck beyond resurrection—ths is the history of the United Mine Workers' Union during the period in which John L. Lewis held the reins of power.

The destruction of the union is the result of a policy so treasonable in character as hardly to have been matched in the records of the labor lieutenants of American capitalism.

The last blow of Lewis is a death thrust aimed at the whole organized section of the American working class.

Events of the past show plainly that the decision disclosed last Wednesday by the high salaried bureaucracy to abandon the Jacksonville scale and forever to give up all pretenses of a national agreement was a last deliberate act in a cold-blooded, treasonable conspiracy with the union smashing operators. Even these operators, in their own journal, "The Coal Age," say so. In the March issue we find the following bold admission of that fact. Speaking of the views of "certain of the best informed operators," it says:

> ". . . In the event of the failure of the Senatorial investigation to benefit the union's position it is expected that the miners' officials will permit the next move to come from the rank and file of the Illinois membership. . . ."
>
> "It is considered the only way out for the union leaders. If the miners demand employment a conference of the policy committee of the Mine Workers' Union can be called and informed that the miners of Illinois wish a reduction. Such a move would eliminate the stigma of the 'no backward step' of the union officials, it is declared."

While this language is sufficiently adroit to fool the "public," to make them believe that the rank and file and not the officals want a wage cut, the meaning of this statement is nevertheless unmistakable.

Yet deeds speak louder than words. It is not necessary to recite the whole history of the Lewis betrayal. The prof is conclusive in his strike-breaking during the last fifteen months.

On April 1, last year, the operators, following closely the policy of American capitalism, got ready to administer the death blow to the United Mine Workers. The strike began. The part that their flunkeys, the Lewis machine had to play took form simultaneously. On the [illegible]th of March, the eve of the strike, the policy committee authorized the officers of the various districts to enter into negotiations for separate district agreements. To a union functioning in an industry of such national scope as the coal industry the separate agreement policy means inevitable destruction. It was a direct striking-breaking act.

The operators had picked Pennsylvania and Ohio as the first battling ground. There they had their coal and iron police, their grip on the local and state governmental apparatus was firm. Hell again broke loose in Pennsylvania while Lewis performed his dastardly sell-out and left the union to be crushed section by section. But this also gave new life to the great militant movement finally to do away with the traitors.

The abandonment of the Jacksonville scale will not create more employment for the coal miners. It holds nothing in store but a continuous reduction of wages, a slashing of wages to the very bone, a continuous growth of misery and privation. While separate agreements may be signed in the name of the now decrepit United Mine Workers' of America they will at best be company union agreements including all the ugly features of the speed-up system of exploitation and the abandonment of all rights of the miners.

Yet the militant traditions of the past still live among the coal miners. While the Lewis bureaucracy tries to cover up its crimes the rank and file leadership, represented by the National Miners' Convention Arrangements Committee, makes the truth ring throughout the fields. The rank and file leaders show that Lewis and his henchmen have completed their treacherous work, that the Pennsylvania and Ohio strike is now definitely lost, the union is destroyed. They call upon all the local unions to stop maintaining the Lewis parasites with any further dues payments and to join in with the new Miners' Union.

Undoubtedly this situation will be a test of courage to the coal miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio, who have struggled so valiantly for fifteen months. They are now compelled by Lewis' treason to return to work under "open-shop" conditions and terms arbitrarily dictated.

Yet we are confident these heroic workers will continue the struggle in its changed form.

The New Miners' Union holds out for men of courage, a splendid hope. Throwing their whole energy, courage and resourcefulness into building the new union, the mine workers will have no cause for despondency. To this all coal miners must now bend their efforts. This is of equal importance to the miners in the anthracite and bituminous fields. It deserves and must receive the support of the whole American working class.

What the coal miners are experiencng is—the class struggle. This latest experience of the breaking of a strike and the destruction of a great trade union by the capitalists acting through the "union" officials, is a bitter lesson in the methods of the oppressors in ruling over the oppressed. Ths struggle will continue, with a new and more powerful union, with a real proletarian leadership and with a militant policy. The rank and file coal miners face battles ahead, but look to the future with confidence.

"Their Negroes"

> "The Asheville conference, while not large in numbers, is bulging with important personalities in the Methodist and Baptist organizations and with Dry workers. Its consequences may be serious. But no more serious consequence—in the Southern point of view—could come than enfranchising the Negroes, for in many Southern States they hold the balance of power. Mississippi, Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, the Carolinas, Texas and Virginia—ten great states—would face a condition far more momentous than prohibition if the Dry split should bring their Negroes to the polls.
>
> "For this reason anti-democratic movements in the South have always failed, and this is the chief bar to the effectiveness of the conference engineered by Bishop Cannon and the Rev. Dr. Barton. How close to the surface the menace lies is shown by the fact that the conference was just gathering at Asheville when the Negro question instantly arose."

The above golden words from our esteemed contemporary, the New York Times, throw a peculiarly interesting light on the attitude of the capitalist class of the United States toward the enslaved Negro masses in the South and toward all questions of "democracy" and "constitutional rights" when it comes to any portion of the exploited masses that slave to make the capitalists rich.

We say the attitude of the capitalist class, North and South. For the fact is that the ruling class located in the Northern states is as much responsible for the disenfranchisement of the Negro workers and farmers of the South as is the Southern ruling class. It is by the action of the capitalist class as a whole, through the capitalist federal government, senate, house of representatives, president and judiciary—republican and democratic parties alike—that the 14th and 15th amendments to the constitution are nullified so as to rob the Negro of the South of all civil rights.

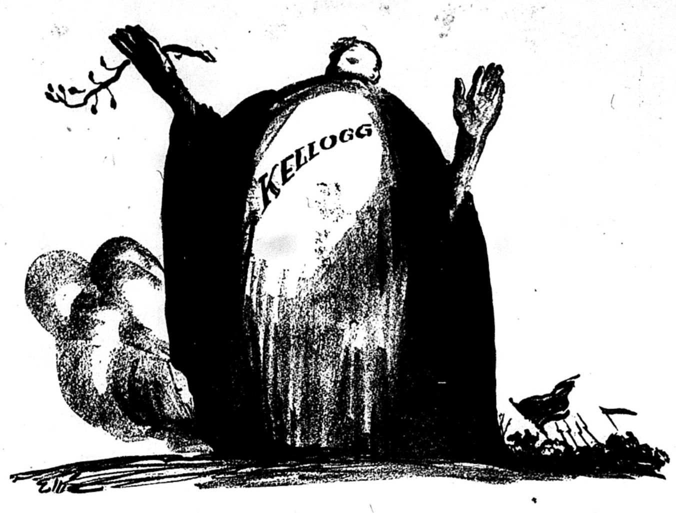
The Asheville conference of holy men, opposed to anti-prohibition candidate of the classic "Southern" political party, are mortally fearful of the prospect of any controversy that might result in civil rights for the masses of Enslaved Negro laborers and tenant farmers on whose labor these holy men and their parishioners grow fat.

These parasites would not only give up 39 articles of faith, but would swallow the saloon, liquid contents, bar-room pictures and all, rather than give one inch of freedom.

Civil rights for the Negro of the North and South, full political and social equality, will come to the Negro masses only through the program of the Workers (Communist) Party.

"A CLOAK FOR ARMIES"

By Fred Ellis



Communists Lead Against War

Workers Must Fight to End the Threatened Attack on U. S. S. R.

AFTER the VIII Plenum of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, at which the question of war was dealt with thoroughly and which must therefore be looked upon as one of the most important stages of the anti-war work of the Comintern, several successful campaigns were conducted against war and militarism. The spontaneous movement of the reservists in France in the summer of 1927 was successful. The slogan of the Party, "Transformation of the imperialist reservist maneuvers into anti-militarist reservist maneuvers" was turned into reality. The reserve maneuvers which were to have been part of the new military law suffered a complete fiasco because they transformed themselves into a mighty anti-imperialist and anti-militarist demonstration. This year the French government has dropped the reservist maneuvers under the pretext of "bad weather" which may be looked upon as a direct result of the reservists' demonstrations. It must be admitted, however, that the campaign was very weakly prepared organizationally by the French Party and not taken hold of sufficiently.

Work of American Party.

The American Party also succeeded in developing demonstrations in connection with the transport of American troops to Nicaragua and China. Although these demonstrations were not particularly big with respect to the number of participants and while they did not lead to any immediate results (e. g., prevention of the transports) they are nevertheless a sign of the increased activity of the American Party.

The Swedish Party had initiated a large-scale "naval campaign" already prior to the VIII Plenum and this was carried further after the Plenum. The impetus to this campaign, which became very successful and which contributed considerably to the big growth of the popularity of the Party, was given by the intensified war preparations of the Swedish bourgeoisie as expressed in a new naval program. According to this program, in the formulation of which representatives of the Swedish Social Democratic Party took an active part, the Swedish fleet was to be strengthened considerably in agreement with Great Britain. On the part of the Communist Party of Sweden, this program was branded as a preparation for war against the Soviet Union and in this connection the role of the Swedish Social-Democracy was especially emphasized. A dramatic review "Armored Cruiser 'Per Albin'," named after the former war minister of the Social-Democratic government, Per Albin Hanson, who had specially distinguished himself by his active collaboration in the war preparations of the Swedish bourgeoisie, proved a peculiar and especially successful means in this anti-war campaign.

In the Baltic countries, the Communist Party energetically championed the acceptance of the proposals of the Soviet Union for a guarantee pact. In a thorough and convincing manner the Finnish Party exposed the role of the Social-Democratic government which was overthrown in December of last year, as the henchman of British imperialism. The Lithuanian Party at the end of January 1927 and beginning of 1928, when Pilsudski prepared to occupy Lithuania, resolutely called upon the masses for struggle against Polish imperialism and for the overthrow of the fascist dictatorship in Lithuania.

Although in addition to the above-mentioned successes and good examples, some others might be listed, we must take good care not to exaggerate their importance. Among the great masses of workers and peasants there still prevails much unclearness and illusion. Thus, for example, in Germany, a questionnaire circulated in a number of large factories showed that a large part of the workers, even into the ranks of the Communists, are in favor of a refusal of military service in case of war, as advocated by the Social-Democratic "conscientious objectors." Another section does not believe there can be a war and is entirely unconcerned. The number of those who realize the necessity of a revolutionary combatting of war is relatively small.

Underestimate of War Danger.

THE greatest deficiency in our anti-war work in many cases is an abstract and altogether schematic attitude towards the question of war. This shortcoming is expressed primarily in the incapability of correctly appraising practical phenomena and concrete forms of war preparations, and of taking a stand on concrete questions of war and military policy. They are quick to make general charges regarding the war preparations of capitalist countries against the Soviet Union, without proving these charges on the basis of concrete facts; this does not carry conviction with the masses who feel it to be exaggeration, nervousness, and false alarm, thus destroying the credibility of our anti-war propaganda.

Again, consistent measures in preparation of war are not recognized in time, or overlooked entirely and given no attention, sometimes there is no reaction whatever (or it comes altogether belatedly) to the "anti-militarist" swindles of the Social-Democrats which very often find vigorous response among the masses. Sometimes concrete military-political problems involving practical questions are evaded with general doctrinaire phrases, decision on practical questions is replaced by a repetition of abstract propaganda slogans.

There were many examples of insufficiently concrete and consequently unconvincing "exposure" of war preparations. It can by no means be maintained, however, that the war danger is being exaggerated; on the contrary, the unproven charges which often give the impression of "shouting for to convince ourselves" go hand in hand with the under-estimation of the war danger, with the failure to recognize concrete facts and forms of war preparations.

The French comrades have admitted that they did not immediately appraise correctly the fact of the recall of Rakovsky, but only realized later that this represented a determined step in the enrollment of France in the general anti-Soviet front with Great Britain, and consequently a stage in the war preparations against the Soviet Union.

Likewise, in the theses of a C. C Plenum of the Communist Party of Yugoslavia, it was admitted that the war danger "was not even kept in mind sufficiently when it was directly sharpened" (i. e., during the Italian-Yuogslavic conflict.).

(To Be Continued.)

TWO AIRMEN HURT.

CROTON, Conn., July 22 (UP).—Two aviators were injured today when three airplanes—one of them piloted by Governor John H. Trumbull of Connecticut—attempted to land together at Trumbull Field during national guard manoeuvers.

"Peaceful" Manifestations of American Imperialism

By I. AMTER.

Bomb in Hand, Wall Street Government Talks Piously of "Ending War"

Nicaragua is in another quandary. The conservative party is having difficulty in selecting its presidential candidate. It was so easy the last time—American bankers "assisted" them. This time, the feat cannot be repeated in the same form—and it is not necessary.

It is known to everybody that not only American marines and warships are in Nicaragua, but there is also an American commission to supervise and control the elections.

The head of the American commission has been asked to break the deadlock in the conservative party, which means that this American major will select the future president of Nicaragua. You can be sure he will not be opposed to American interests. On the contrary, he will be selected on the basis of his being favorable and subservient to the interests of American bankers.

Simple—very simple. Why go to the trouble of putting in a questionable man. Select the proper man, who knows what he is there for, and then there will be peace. American marines are in Nicaragua at the "request of the Nicaraguan government"—to be sure. And American marines will remain in Nicaragua "at the request of the new president" selected by an American major.

Just like in the United States: Mellon looked over the field; he kept the fellows guessing a little while, and then he decided that Hoover is to be the next president of the United States. Of course, the "people" will have the privilege and right of voting for him—just as they do in Nicaragua. But both of us — American and Nicaraguan workers and farmers—will get the presidents that American finance gives us.

More "Peaceful" Feats.

And some more "peaceful" feats of American imperialism. The Bolivian and Peruvian governments have decided officially to celebrate the Fourth of July. How nice of them—what perfect faith they have. "Our" Fourth of July is "their" Fourth of July. The only trouble is that the Fourth of July, 1776, is being used to crush the Peruvian and Bolivian people, and makes them the tools of American imperialism.

And even further abroad: The Hungarian government has also decided to celebrate the Fourth of July. Strange—and yet not strange. The Hungarian government has borrowed and wishes to borrow many hundreds of millions of dollars from American bankers.

This Fourth of July was the bloody Fourth of American imperialisms, with marines in all parts of the world, with the largest budget that the country has ever known—more than $800,000,000; with 15,000 commercial airplanes being built which can be converted into bombing planes in 24 to 48 hours; with CMTCs and ROTCs and military training in the schools and colleges pushed to the limit; with unlimited preparation of the minds of the American workers through the movies by means of innumerable war films, etc., with war propaganda in all forms.

And at the same time, Kellogg's "treaty of peace"—with its endless reservations—the Monroe Doctrine for the U. S.; a Monroe Doctrine for England (protection of the Suez Canal, right to exploit Egypt, India, Palestine, etc., a Monroe Doctrine for France (right to crush Indo-China, Morrocco, etc.); a Monroe Doctrine for Italy (right to rob and grind down Tripoli); a Monroe Doctrine for Japan (right to exploit Korea, Manchuria, etc.).

Peace With Bombs.

Peace—and endless preparations for war. While Kellogg, Briand, Stresemann, Mussolini, Baldwin talk peace, President Doumergue of France blurts out the truth:

"Our only ambition is to maintain peace. (How familiar this sounds. They all say it. I. A.) Construction of this fleet was indispensable to our national dignity and safety. (Sounds like the American war fiends. I. A.) We will continue methodically to construct ships."

So will they all. They are all "peaceful"—but the other fellow is the most treacherous and ferocious. Central and South America belong to "us"; Egypt, India and perhaps China to England; the other imperialists claim theirs. But the unruly natives and peoples of these colonies don't like the whole lot of them.

And finally who is to have China? Who gave the U. S. the sole right to exploit Central and South America? Who said so? American guns said and will say so. Yes, we want peace, but "our dignity and safety" demand a big navy and air fleet.

"Peaceful" they call it. It is the sheerest hypocrisy, and is intended to blind and disarm the workers. The conference for adopting the non-war pact will be held in December—and then the whole world will see what intelligent men see and know today, viz., that we are steering fast into a world war with the most devastating consequences. "Our" puppets will rule in South and Central American states, so that "we" will be free to fight Great Britain or Japan—or all of us fight the Soviet Union.

Workers Call the Bluff.

Don't be so sure, Uncle Sam. The workers and peasants of South and Central America are not your subservient tools. All the American workers will not obey your will. The Communist Party and the Communist International are here—and you will have to face also the revolutionary workers.

But at any rate, stop your twaddle about peace. "Your" candidate in Nicaragua, the joint celebrations in Peru and Bolivia mean nothing. Doumergue talked too much, your military budget speaks too loud, your 15,000 commercial airplanes fool nobody.

You are out for war—not peace—and all your conferences are sham.

Told You So

AL SMITH is no respector of the language that is supposed to be used in the vicinity of the Tammany headquarters on Park Ave. When asked to pose in the act of laying a brick the other day by a group of photographers, he refused and uttered that vulgar expression "boloney." It's a toss-up whether Al will get more votes out of "boloney" than he would by posing as a bricklayer. Now that Tammany has adopted General Motors, or vice versa, perhaps the head of the ticket does not want to insist so much on his early association with fish peddlers and bricklayers.

• • •

REFERENCE was made recently in this column to the division in the ranks of the British Labor Party, which under MacDonald has completely lost its proletarian character and is but the servile tool of British imperialism. Papers like the Forward of Glasgow, once, and not so long ago, looked upon as the expression of the radical wing of the Scottish I. L. P., is strongly opposed to Maxton, chairman of the I. L. P.; to Arthur Cook, secretary of the British Miners Federation, and to John Wheatley, minister of health in the MacDonald government, who favor a conference of all left wing elements, including the Communists, to fight the right wing leadership of the Labor Party.

• • •

GEORGE LANSBURG, until recently regarded a radical by those that did not understand that he was simply a Christian preacher in the wrong pulpit, is lined up with MacDonald. That things are moving leftward in Great Britain is proven by the vote cast at the annual conference of the South Wales Miners Federation in favor of the affiliation of the Communist Party with the Labor Party.

• • •

WHILE this is taking place in England the leaders of the American Federation of Labor prattle the old gag about non-partisan political action. The socialists continue to beef about capitalist corruption and hardly anything else, as if they regarded their function in society as political scavengers, a party ordained by the capitalist god to fumigate the capitalist stables. It makes no attempt to organize the workers, either for their immediate tasks or their future emancipation. It's out to get a big vote for Doctor Thomas.

• • •

THE Workers (Communist) Party, with Foster and Gitlow, two proletarian revolutionary leaders at the head of its ticket, participates in the textile strike in New Bedford as well as in the coal strike in Pennsylvania and Ohio, in anti-imperialist demonstrations against the occupation of Nicaragua and in every other aspect of the class struggle. It is the duty of every worker to support the Communist Party in this campaign and to contribute to the Communist Campaign Fund, of which Alexander Trachtenberg is treasurer, with headquarters at 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

• • •

HERBERT HOOVER has been doing a lot of thinking over his election campaign and the strain is showing its effect. Calvin Coolidge who is recuperating at a summer resort after several years of service to American imperialism warns Herbert to take care of himself; that he is too useful a fellow to kill himself thinking in this hot weather. Hoover, apologetically blamed the hot weather and the stress of transacting immediate tasks for his appearance. This perspiring columnist would think that if he had a special train and an electric fan, enough cold borscht and sour cream and traveling over the Rocky Mountains, he would snap his fingers at Old Sol.

• • •

"EIGHT more nations answer Kellogg" a headline reads. This means that the cabinets of so many powers have accepted the fake anti-war treaty submitted to the world by secretary of state, Kellogg. Workers who understand the rivalries between imperialist powers and who realize the inevitablity of war as long as this economic system exists will laugh this off. There are other gullible workers however who will take it seriously. But it's a fake, designed to fool the imperialist rivals of the United States, particularly Great Britain, and to lull the workingclass of all countries into a sense of false security from the dangers of imperialist war.

Tom O'Flaherty

Mass Production Cheats Children

WASHINGTON, July 22 (FP.)—When huge industrial plants are built, for the sake of modern mass-production, children as well as adults are cheated of easy access to playground, says a report on county and municipal park systems which appears in the July issue of the Monthly Labor Review of the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Too many people have been drawn into small areas, in order that they may work in the big plants. Cities and counties, assisted in some cases by employers, have in general recognized the danger in this crowding, and have bought large tracts for park purposes. But they have not caught up with the need. Children are victims of the mass-production factory even when they never enter its gates.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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POLICE ATTACK TEXTILE STRIKERS

Kellogg Calls Parley to Aid China Counter-Revolution

RESCUED FASCIST WORE CLOTHING OF MALMGREN

Krassin Heroes to Visit United States

MOSCOW, July 23 (UP).—Foreign Minister Tchitcherin, in a letter to the Russian-American Chamber of Commerce of New York, today accepted its invitation for Aviator Chukhnovsky and Prof. Samoilovich, of the rescue ice-breaker Krassin, to visit the United States. The two rescuers, Tchitcherin said, would go as soon as rescue work was completed.

• • •

MOSCOW, July 23.—Capt. Filippo Zappi, one of the survivors of

Continued on Page Five

'RED ESSEX' GETS A BIG WELCOME

Burke and Pearlman Speak to Hundreds

By DONALD BURKE.
(Special to the Daily Worker)

ALBANY, July 23.—One of the outstanding lessons we have learned from the tour of the "Red Essex" is the ridiculousness and at the same time the viciousness of the election laws of New York State.

If a tiny county (like Greene or Putnam County) should decide to oppose the placing of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot, it could do so. Just as many petitioners are needed for these counties as for Albany County or New York County.

This fact struck us most forcibly when we spent three days going back and forth through the Catskill Mountains, seeking voters who could be classed as proletarians. The few farmers to be found would not sign.

One incident will illustrate their extreme backwardness. When reminded of the farmer demonstra-

Continued on Page Five

WOMEN TO TALK ON WAR DANGER

Many Expected at Big Federation Meeting

The New York Working Women's Federation, which has as one of its planks the fight against the war danger, has arranged a delegate conference for August 2 at 7:30 p. m. at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and 2nd Ave., in the auditorium. At this conference the causes of war and what working women can do to fight the war danger will be discussed by prominent women of the labor movement.

Stress War Danger

In a statement sent out to women workers of New York the federation stressed the growing danger of imperialist war. The statement reads, in part, as follows:

"Although our memories are still fresh with the horrors of 1914, the imperialists of the world, and particularly the imperialists of the United States, are preparing feverishly for a new world slaughter. Appropriations, battleships, artillery and instruments of destruction have reached an unheard of proportion. Millions are being spent for the production of huge quantities of poison gas and airplanes. Draft laws are being prepared in order to chain the entire working population to the military machine in time of war. Through the institution of military training in the schools, the establishment of citizens' training camps, the course of capitalist mili-

Continued on Page Five

MORE PHILLIPS WEALTH FOUND

$800,000 Was Hidden By Sewer Grafter

Existence of another cache, where $800,000 of the missing millions of John M. Phillips, sewer pipe grafter, have ben disposed of, was revealed for the first time yesterday. In the newest disclosures, the late sewer pipe king and power behind the corrupt Tammany administration in Queens is involved as the alleged backer of a chain of gambling houses.

Involved with him in the charges are a prominent contractor, who is alleged to have shared with Phillips profits of the Queens sewer contracts, and a gambler well known among "fashionable circles."

Workers Give Greetings To Steel Helmets

PIRMASENS, Germany, July 23—Steel Helmets who attempted to arouse militant shoe workers in the factories during a parade here, succeeded beyond their wildest intentions with the result that a score or more of the fascists are in hospitals suffering from minor injuries. A smaller number of the shoe workers were also injured, tho most of them declined hospital assistance.

The shoe workers, many of them Communists, were openly tantalized by the boos and insults of a parade of Steel Helmets, the German fascist organization. When they had stood this treatment until their patience was exhausted, they issued from the factory and commanded the fascists to keep quiet. The Steel Helmets persisted in shouting insults and the shoe workers quieted them this time so effectively that numbers were satisfied to relinquish the parade altogether.

The shoe workers are well organized and it is not believed that there will be immediate police reprisals.

STAMP CAMPAIGN IN FULL SWING

Money Needed to Rally Workers, Farmers

The Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has issued a campaign assessment stamp for sale to the membership of the fourteen districts in the party that is expected to bring several thousand dollars immediaely into the treasury of the National Election Campaign Committee, it was announced yesterday.

In a letter to the party membership, the Central Executive Committee stated that it is incumbent on every party member to purchase one of these stamps—just as obligatory as the paying of dues.

$7,000 Expected Soon.

At least seven thousand dollars is expected to be realized on the stamp sales and this money should be in the National Election Campaign Committee treasury in two weeks' time.

The fourteen districts are engaged in a friendly rivalry as to which one shall come in under the wire first with its allotment sold and the cash forwarded.

The quotas for the districts are: 1,000 for District 1, 4,000 for District 2, 800 for District 3, 400 for District 4, 1,000 for District 5, 800

Continued on Page Two

TAMMANY TOOL GETS HIS REWARD

Harris Given Post on Milk Corporation

Dr. Louis I. Harris, commissioner of health of New York City, yesterday announced his resignation from his city post to accept a position with a milk corporation.

Harris has been given his reward, that of the post of "health consultant and sanitary administrator" of the National Dairy Products Corporation, of 120 Broadway. He will assume his new duties immediately upon the arrival in New York City of Jimmie Walker, who is at present taking his "vacation" in California.

Harris at the same time will receive from the city for the rest of his life a pension of $5,000 a year, in recognition of his 20 years' "service to the public welfare."

Harris very recently allowed the corporation whose product caused almost 40 deaths and 1,000 cases of septic sore throat poisoning in Lee, Mass., to sell its product in New York City.

REACTIONARIES ARE MASTERS IN MEXICAN CRISIS

Probable Arrest of Ex-Labor Minister

MEXICO CITY, July 23.—It was announced by General Zertuche, chief of police of the federal district, that Louis W. Morones, former minister of labor, whose resignation was forced by the reactionary so-called "Agrarians," is in hiding and that the police are investigating reports of his whereabouts in Mexico City.

Morones Under Arrest?

The indication that Marones may even be arrested on charge of participation in the assassination of General Obregon, is part of today's developments indicating the victory of the reactionary elements and the Catholic clergy.

In the first days after the assassination, and up to yesterday, Chief of Police Zertuche announced that the assassin confessed that he had killed Obregon for religious motives so that "Christ the King might reign supreme." Now, the Calles government has reversed its policy and today the chief of police announced that the Catholic clergy, exposed as responsible for the killing of Obregon, are "co-operating with the police in the investigation of the assassination."

Morones Anti-Clerical

It is significant that Morones, who has been active in the struggle against the church, has been accused by the leaders of the "Agrarians" as "intellectually responsible" for the killing of Obregon by a religious fanatic.

Morones has opposed the church because of the pressure of the working class of Mexico, but is in no sense a real leader of the masses. The fact that Morones has been selected as the victim of the landowners and clergy indicates that they regard him merely as a shining mark symbolizing "labor" in the eyes of the reactionary masses, and that the attack upon him is a first step in the suppression of the labor movement in Mexico.

Calles Bows to Clergy

President Calles, in his efforts to remain in power, accepts the dictation of the landowners and the capitalist interests of the United States, which are utilizing the chaotic situation of the present to entrench their power more firmly than ever.

It was indicated today by Col. Topete, the wealthy leader of the reactionary "Agrarians," that Calles will be retained in office for two more years as "provisional president."

INVOLVE MELLON IN GAS MERGER

Al Smith Connection Also Seen

Opponents of the proposed $1,000,000,000 merger between the Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company, who were denied a hearing at the last session of the Public Service Commission, are planning to renew their attack tomorrow, when the application of the Consolidated comes up for further hearing.

The Power Committee, composed of a group of liberals, charges that the merger is part of a combination of power development along the northeastern states, controlled by interests foreign to the state. The committee expects to submit evidence that the Koppers Gas and Coke Company of Philadelphia, a Mellon interest, has bought heavily into both the Consolidated and the Brooklyn Edison Companies and would control these companies as part of a gigantic tie-up of electric and gas properties in these states.

One of the heavy stockholders in both companies is Wm. F. Kenny, chief supporter of Al Smith, a fact which lends further evidence to the charge that the republican and democratic forces are united "at the top."

BOSSES WANT NEW "CAL"

Mill Barons Call Mayor to Break Strike

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., (FP) July 23.—Textile mill bosses have deserted their policy of sullen silence. After three months of surly "nothing to say" statements, the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers Assn. at last has consented to place its program before the public.

Get the cops on the job. That is the gist of the association's demands. What are cops for if not to club strikers and protect scabs, summarizes President John Sullivan's broadcasts.

Strikebreaker Calvin Coolidge is John Sullivan's hero. Playfully lecturing the mayor, Sullivan said he has an opportunity very much like Coolidge's in the Boston police strike.

Coolidge the Strikebreaker.

"At the time Coolidge was called upon to act in the Boston police

Continued on Page Two

RECOGNITION OF NANKING CALLED OBJECT OF MEET

5,000 Mutiny in Army of Reaction

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The first step of what is believed here to be a gradual process of recognition of the Nanking government, with the purpose of strengthening the reaction to crush the Chinese revolution, will be taken when Secretary of State Kellogg issues his call for a so-called Sino-American council for treaty revision tomorrow. It is the plan of the secretary of state to widen this council, after the American diplomats have established their control, to include other powers.

It is understood that the conference will be called following receipt of a detailed report from the American minister in China, MacMurray.

Recognize Counter-Revolutionists

While de jure recognition will necessarily be the price of concessions to the foreign powers in the questions of extra-territoriality, taxation and tariff, foreign concessions and settlements, redress to foreigners and damages to property, the

Continued on Page Five

MILLINERS FIGHT ZARITSKY AGENT

Chicago Board Says No Expulsions

CHICAGO, July 23.—The campaign of expulsion of militant members from the International Cap and Millinery Workers Union, now being carried on by the officialdom in many cities, met a setback here when the membership of the Blockers Local and the Joint Board delegates recently passed resolutions demanding a halt to Zaritsky's union wrecking, despite the exercise of an intense terror by the right wing and the employers. The methods employed by the right wing in electing themselves to office were also brought to light when the workers showed the letters they received calling them to the "election" meeting.

Despite threats by the Zaritsky agent, J. Roberts, that he would refuse to permit one of the largest employers here to deal with the Blockers Local, made by him at a members' meeting July 19, the membership condemned Roberts and his union wrecking activities in a resolution passed in spite of the threats.

At a meeting of the Joint Board, attended by Roberts in his capacity as general board agent on July 18, the Joint Board made the following demands in a resolution, despite Roberts' attempt to browbeat the delegates into refusing passage to the resolution:

(1) To demand the G. E. B. of the International to start an organization campaign in Chicago for the coming season in conformity with the decisions of the 1927 convention.

(2) In order to make the organization work possible the G. E. B. resume the subsidy of $50 a week which they have hitherto supplied to the Joint Board and which Roberts has now cut off.

(3) That the General Executive Board immediately cease its expulsion policies of individuals and locals, now prevalent in the International.

(4) The Joint Board of Chicago demands of the G. E. B. that the above be carried through, that the Joint Board will consider no task too great to assist the G. E. B. representatives who will come to Chicago to further the organization work among the millinery workers of this city.

In the fake elections called by the Zaritsky gang for functionaries of Capmakers Local 5 the members were notified of the meeting by letters informing them that their jobs were in danger of being lost if they did not support the disruptive tactics of the International clique. In addition to this a fine was also threatened. The meeting, scheduled as an ordinary local meeting, was not announced as an election meeting in right wing press advertisements. The reactionaries then had no trouble electing themselves.

Mill Strikers Give Labor Leader Rousing Welcome on Jail Release

Hundreds of New Bedford strikers waited at the gates of the House of Correction and gave Fred E. Beale, one of the leaders of the textile strike, a great ovation on his release after serving a 30-day sentence for militant strike activities. Photo shows Beale, surrounded by enthusiastic workers, with a copy of the Daily Worker in his hand.

CONFER ON NEW TEXTILE UNION

More Regional Parleys to Be Held

Delegates from New York City and numerous adjacent industrial towns, including cities in New Jersey and Connecticut gathered for a preliminary conference Saturday afternoon to work out plans for furthering the success of the great national convention of textile workers, being called for September 22 and 23 by the Textile Mill Committees. The conference was held in the Progressive Labor Center, 101 E. 14th St.

First of Series.

This is the first of a series of conferences to be held by the T. M. C. in preparation for the national convention. The delegates will form a new nation-wide textile workers' union.

The second preliminary conference will be held Sunday morning, July 29, at 10 a. m., at 38 Causeway St., Boston, at the district headquarters of the Workers' International

Continued on Page Five

USE WAR TACTICS AGAINST NEGROES

Tammany Cops Stage Insulting Scene

An indication of the racial prejudice of the Tammany Hall machine, and its determination to "keep the Negro in his place," was seen yesterday when fire trucks, and even machine gun squads of police were called out in Lenox Ave. and 139th St. when a few friends of an arrested Negro tried to defend him from brutal treatment by the police.

The police attack on the friends of the arrested Negro drew crowds of people to the scene which, being in the heart of Harlem, is always quite busy. It was after the police began to fire recklessly into the crowd that the people, infuriated at the treatment, gathered closely around the officers.

In a short time more than 150 policemen, fully armed with riot guns and armored motorcycles, arrived on the scene. The "riot" was quelled when the police motorcycles plowed through the crowd of Negroes, injuring scores of them. More than an hour elapsed before the tactics of the police finally dispelled the unarmed protesting crowd.

VOTE BUYING DUE TO BREAK ALL RECORDS

Preliminary preparation of the "public mind" for the greatest election campaign slush funds yet to be raised in the United States, it is believed, is the motive for the brazen publicity now being given by both old political parties to their vote-buying campaigns now getting under way. According to announcements made yesterday, $10,000,000 is to be accepted a sort of starting off figure for the national campaign committees.

Merely a Beginning.

That this figure is merely a beginning, it was pointed out by well informed politicians, may be seen in the fact that nearly seven millions was expended by both major parties in 1920 according to figures which they themselves were willing to make public. Harding was pushed over by a slush fund of $5,319,729 and Cox was helped along to the extent of $1,318,347. There was no great doubt of the republican chances that year such as there may develop this year. Everyone knows that the figures given out are only

Continued on Page Five

MORGAN ORDERS GO TO COOLIDGE

Lay Down Law on Nicaragua

SUPERIOR, Wis., July 23.—Naval Secretary Wilbur, accompanied by Thomas Cochran, a partner in the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co., arrived here today, en route for Coolidge's summer residence where they are to hold a conference on the Nicaraguan situation with the president.

Wilbur intimated that recent reports from Nicaragua made an immediate conference necessary.

ARRESTS HALT PANAMA REVOLT

U. S. Influence Seen In Situation

PANAMA CITY, July 23.—An uprising believed to be supported by the United States against the administration party reached a critical stage here today when 116 members of the Porras (opposition) party were arrested to halt alleged threats of a revolution. A number of prominent Porristas leaders were jailed.

The action was the result of mounting criticism of the government of liberal party which was charged with election frauds and irregularities.

The climax came Saturday at a Porras party rally where the opposition leaders demanded "American supervision of the November election or revolution." The Porristas had repeatedly sought American aid in eliminating alleged conspiracies and Dr. Jorge Boyd, Porras presidential nominee, is in Washington at present, said to seeking American intervention

Among those arrested in the nation-wide drive to prevent serious disturbances, were: Assemblyman Domingo Turner; Dr. Alejandro Tapia, prominent attorney, and editors of the opposition newspaper El Heraldo; Demetrio Porras, youngest son of Dr. Belisario Porras, thrice president of Panama; and Juan B. Polo, president of the Porras Club.

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Call For Revolt.

BALBOA, Panama Canal Zone, July 23.—The leader of the Porras National Coalition party of Panama, Dr. Alejandro Tapia, called upon the United States to supervise the elections, at a political rally held here last night on the Cathedral Plaza.

JOKES IN PRISON CELL

Young Communist Girl Full of Spirit

WARSAW, Poland, (By Mail).—Wjera is one of the 133 who are waiting for trial in a Polish prison. She has against her six years from an earlier trial and the coming process will bring her at least eight years more.

She is a member of the Communist Youth League of Poland and was very active in the underground movement, was much sought for by the police until she was finally caught in the mass raids of the fall of 1925. She has already been in jail for three years.

And in spite of this she finds the strength, altho somewhat bitter, to joke. She writes to her comrades:

"How I hope to set eyes upon all you again. The time will come when we will again be together. I dream of that time and jump with joy, but then a hidden thought comes

Continued on Page Two

BOSSES' AGENTS OUTLAW PICKETS AT MILL GATES

Police Head Carries Out Barons' Orders

(Special To the Daily Worker.)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 23.—Obeying the signal given by John Sullivan, mill boss official, to start an immediate violent suppression of picket lines, a large force of police under Sergeant Jacobs made a vicious onslaught on an orderly picket line at the Sharp Mill, 7:30 a. m. this morning, smashed the line, arrested six and brutally beat up Manuel Mario for protecting a woman striker.

Without even waiting for some one to "define a legal picket line" as he hypocritically requested recently, Chief of Police McLeod issued an ultimatum yesterday limiting picket lines at all gates of a mill to 50 and ordering the dispersal of spectators.

Pinto Arrested.

At the Sharp Mill gates this morning, the police detail there commanded the picket line to double on themselves when they reached the mill gate, not permitting passage of the entrances. Refusal of the strikers to have their rights as citizens abrogated by police was followed by an immediate attack, which resulted in the arrest of four women, two men and in the severe injury of one.

Augusto G. Pinto, the much arrested popular Textile Mills Committees' picket leader, heard the police order to keep away from the gates just as he was coming up on his bicycle rounds, called to the picket line to march on despite the police order. He and other leaders of the line were immediately arrested, this being the sixth arrest for Pinto.

The pickets immediately went in to prevent the illegal arrest of their leaders and were met by the swinging clubs of the police.

Ellen Dawson, T. M. C. organizer, then called on the workers to continue with the picketing. When a policeman lunged forward to grab her, Manuel Mario, a picket, put his arm protectively on her shoulder and protested against her arrest. For this Sergeant Jacobs hit Mario a smashing blow in the eye and continued to beat him while four police thugs held him to the ground.

Police "Impartiality."

Of the four women arrested, one was Sadie Reison, organizer for the U. T. W. Textile Council. When the prisoners were arraigned in court later, she was charged only with parading without a permit, while each of the others had three or more charges stacked up against them. They were "assaulting police," "disturbing the peace," etc.

That this assault is not what the city government heretofore termed "an accident," but is the beginning of an official strikebreaking terror, is proved by the fact that the pickets were charged with "parading without a permit." The filing of such a charge is admittedly a deliberate step towards carrying out the mill bosses' demand to outlaw picketing at the textile plants.

Calls For Picketing.

The New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, in a statement issued today assailing the city government as the bosses' strikebreaking tools, calls upon the masses of strikers to rally to huge picket demonstrations at the mill gates this evening and hereafter.

INDIA RAILROAD STRIKE SPREADS

MADRAS, India, July 23.—Increasing militancy of strikers on railway lines of southern India has resulted in numerous clashes between the police and the strikers, it was reported here today. Trains run by incompetent strikebreakers have been wrecked and general confusion is spreading over the struck sections.

Employers have consistently refused to deal with the unions. Yesterday police fired on strikers at Mayavuram and at Tuticorin. Several are reported to have been killed and a number were wounded. Many arrests have been made.

The strike arose from an announcement by employers that they would drastically reduce their forces, and institute a speed-up system.

Workers Thruout Country Sending Contributions to Communist Campaign Fund

TING MASSES PPORT GREAT 0,000 DRIVE

Many Buy Communist Election Stamps

Frank R. Kent, writing in the American Mercury, declares that all American presidents are elected by money and that the unpurchased American voter who thinks he is a determining factor in the election of Wall Street's executives in Washington is not only stupid but a [illegible] fool.

There are two kinds of campaign funds according to Kent. There is the bally-hoo fund that is used for publicity and corruption during the campaign and there is the election day fund which is used to purchase the necessary number of votes in each precinct on election day to bring the victory to the political gang with the most portly money bag.

As if determined to bear out Kent's contention, Smith and Hoover are openly declaring that more money will be needed in this campaign than in any previous one. Smith's managers say that there will be no limit to contributions. Hoover's treasurer demands four million dollars.

That's money for you.

If the workers and farmers did not expect to gain control of the United States and establish their own government until they were able to beat the capitalists' game of vote-buying and win the elections their future would be dark indeed. But the workers and exploited farmers, the class-conscious sections that understand the Communist position do not expect that the capitalist system will be overthrown at the ballot box. It will be overthrown by the mass struggles of the exploited masses under the leadership of the Communist Party.

And the Workers (Communist) Party is raising a $100,000 campaign fund to mobilize the masses for a real fight against the capitalists and their system.

The election campaign is proving an excellent opportunity to reach the masses with the Communist message and the Communist program. They are in a receptive mood. The ballyhoo of the capitalists gets them thinking of political matters. The capitalists find it more difficult than in other times to shut off rival parties from propagating their views. Therefore, the Communists have an opportunity—if only a limited one under the iron fist of capitalist democracy—to get their message to the masses.

Workers, Farmers Understand.

Thousands of workers and poor farmers thruout the United States understand this fact. So they are contributing to the Communist Campaign Fund.

It is possible here to give only a few of the many letters that are coming in with contributions to the headquarters of the National Election Campaign Committee.

Steve Morasky of Caldwell, Ohio writes:

"Please send me two books of the Communist stamps and also five Foster-Gitlow campaign buttons. I am also sending $2.50 as my contribution to the Communist Campaign Fund. Enclosed you will find [illegible]."

From Toledo, Ohio, Hannah Tuebner writes:

"Accept this amount $5.00. Will contribute again."

Harry A. Battle writes from Orange, Mass.:

"Enclosed find two dollars to be used for the campaign fund."

Branch 246 of the Workmen's Circle, New York, sends in a five-dollar contribution.

And so the dollars and five dollars are pouring in.

From now on as the Communists and their sympathizers get the collecting machinery into high speed. the flood of contributions will increase steadily.

Communist assessment stamps being sold to the Party membership will bring in thousands of dollars.

If each Communist and each sympathizer considers that the success of this drive for $100,000 rests on HIS or HER shoulders, then success is assured. And this is the way every devoted Communist will regard the drive.

Cash Aided U. S. S. R.

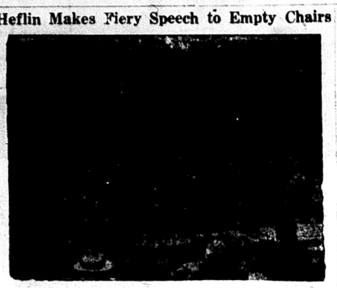
Financial contributions enabled the Bolsheviki of Russia to flood the country with literature in the dark days before the workers and peasants toppled the czar's throne, drove out the traitorous Mensheviki, and established a Soviet government. The harrassed workers and peasants gave their rubles to enable the Bolshevik agitators to write and speak and travel from place to place spreading the revolutionary message. This financial sacrifice bore fruit.

The workers and exploited farmers of the United States, poor as they are, can afford better than the workers and peasants in Czarist Russia to contribute to a fund destined to help emancipate themselves from the thralldom of capitalism.

One hundred thousand dollars to mobilize the masses for struggle against the capitalist system and to pave the road for the organization of a Workers' and Farmers' government in the United States!

Send all contributions to Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, National Election Campaign Committee, 43 E. 125th St., New York.

Heflin Makes Fiery Speech to Empty Chairs



Senator Heflin of Alabama, elected with the money and support of the Ku Klux Klan, is still traveling around the country calling for a war on the pope and incidentally searching for publicity. Photo shows the Klan senator making an open-air speech in New Jersey at which 67 weary persons turned out.

MINERS GETTING RELIEF

Campaign Speakers Tour the Country

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 23.—More than 2,500 collection lists are in circulation today, raising for the National Miners' Relief and Defense Week drive which the National Miners' Relief Committee and the International Labor Defense are jointly conducting. Requests for speakers are pouring into the relief headquarters at 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Anthony Minerich, secretary of the committee, has his first speaking engagement this afternoon in Erie, Pa. Mass meetings will be held throughout the week in every large city where mass mobilizations for the campaign are being made.

"Hunger Banquets," Feature.

"Hunger banquets" are scheduled for the latter part of this week everywhere. Hundreds of organizations are participating and all proceeds will immediately buy food for hungry miners' families, and furnish defense for jailed pickets and strike leaders.

In factories, department stores, oil fields, automobile plants, etc., shop committees are making collections. Hundreds of thousands of workers will participate in the house to house collections and tag days.

Fight Blacklist.

Now that the union policy committee has abandoned its demand for the Jacksonville scale of wages, and are instructing the districts to make separate agreements, the strikers are banding together to fight the black-list and open shop conditions which the operators are attempting to force upon them. The militant coal diggers will not allow the operators to victimize those who fought in the front ranks of the strike, declaring they will go back to the mines in organized fashion as they left them in April, 1927. They are appealing to their fellow workers in other industries to stand by them until this is effected, by warding off starvation.

Appeal For Aid For Arrested Leaders.

The struggling coal diggers especially appeal for defense for their arrested leaders. "The International Labor Defense has been called upon repeatedly for aid, and it has not been found wanting in a single instance," is the answer of James Cannon, secretary of the defense organization, makes to the miners.

To the workers, Cannon says, "Every worker must respond to the appeal of the men and women behind the bars, whose hands are outstretched for aid. Just because the resources of our enemy are great, our work of solidarity must be generous and swift.

Must Have Funds.

"We must not fail the courageous fighters in the jails," he declares. "Every dollar counts. The money in now counts doubly. They will help us strengthen our arms to tear away the prison bars and prison walls that keep our fighters from the firing line. Every organization, every worker, must volunteer to assist in the most far-reaching relief and defense campaign ever made for the striking miners. The operators must not be allowed to bury the miners in the living grave of their prisons."

Nobile Sent Home In Camouflaged Car

COPENHAGEN, Denmark, July 23 (UP).—General Umberto Nobile, who sailed north two months ago, proud in his command of the dirigible Italia and determined to make new history in polar exploration, is expected back in continental Europe Tuesday, a sick man, his nerves shattered and his body wounded.

Instead of leading a triumphant march back to Rome, he will be placed aboard a special car chartered by the Italian government, probably the car will be sealed, and the train will steam southward. Only necessary stops will be made. The train will not even pass thru Stockholm or any of the large cities which are not on the direct route. None will be permitted to see Nobile and he will talk with no one.

STAMP CAMPAIGN IN FULL SWING

$7,000 Must Come in Within 2 Weeks

Continued from Page One

for District 6, 800 for District 7 1,800 for District 8, 1,000 for District 9, 400 for District 10, 700 for District 12, 700 for District 13, 300 for District 15, and 200 for the agrarian regions.

Quick Action Urged.

The members of the Party are urged to consider the necessity of quick sales and quick returns to the National Election Campaign Treasury. The election campaign is now getting up steam. The newspapers are giving more and more space daily to the statements and movements of the capitalists.

Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer of the National Election Campaign Committee, said in urging the membership to speed up the sale of the stamps:

"The campaign funds of the capitalist parties this year will surpass all previous treasure chests. For the first time in the history of the United States both parties are on practically even terms in the matter of campaign funds. Millionaires are flocking daily to the Smith banner, and the head of his national committee is none other than John J. Raskob, the finance chairman of the gigantic automobile trust, dominated by the House of Morgan, General Motors.

Fight Wall Street.

"Hoover will have the millions of other capitalist groups, not the least of which is the Mellon group. This is a millionaire election campaign Those millions will be used to corrupt and befuddle the workers and farmers of the United States between now and November. After then whichever set of capitalists win, the exploitation of the workers and farmers will go on with greater intensity than ever.

"Against the billions of Wall Street our drive to raise the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund would be futile but for the fact that our Party stands for the interests of the millions of exploited workers and farmers, and if we only can raise enough funds to print literature and route speakers, so that the message of Communism can be brought home to them, tho corrupting money of Wall Street will be wasted like seed scattered in a desert."

The money realized on the sale of the Communist Campaign Assessment stamps should be forwarded immediately to the National Election Campaign Committee, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

FLIER TURNS WRITER

DRESDEN, Saxony, July 23.—Baron von Huenefeld's first dramatic effort, a trite and blatant eulogy of the former Emperor Wilhelm, was played here last night and applauded by the monarchists who filled the theatre.

The dramatic critics agreed in denouncing the play as extremely weak and trivial and having nothing original in it, except, perhaps, the out-of-date praise of the monarchy.

HIT FAKE MILL STRIKE RELIEF OF POLITICIANS

Passaic Gathers Funds for Real Aid

PASSAIC, N. J., July 23.—The New Bedford Strike Relief Conference of Passaic yesterday issued a statement referring to the uses to which the money being collected by the Passaic Central Trades Council in a tag day here, is being put. It criticises the manner in which the A. F. of L. in New Bedford has allowed the relief funds collected for the strikers to be controlled by politicians who are enemies of the union. The statement says:

"Mr. Fuller and the Central Trades Council are holding a tag day today for the New Bedford strikers. We would like to know whether this money collected will be sent to help the thousands of striking men, women and children, or if Mr. Fuller will send this money to the strikebreaking Citizens' Committee headed by the mayor of New Bedford, the man responsible for calling out the militia to break the strike—this Citizens' Committee composed of business men, and agents of the bosses in the guise of friends of the workers.

Strikebreaking Committee.

"This committee is similar to the strikebreaking citizens' committee that made an attempt to break our strike in Passaic, by opening relief stores and handing out relief with propaganda against the union. This citizens' committee in New Bedford is a strikebreaking committee. It is not a labor body, and does not give any relief to the thousands of unskilled workers that have joined the New Bedford Textile Union, the union that is leading the militant fight against the bosses, under the leadership of capable organizers such as Albert Weisbord, Eli Keller, Ellan Dawson and John Peletzer, all from Passaic.

Attempt to Break Union.

"The money sent by Mr. Fuller will be used for propaganda against the union, and relief will be given to the two thousand skilled workers that are members of the United Textile Workers only.

"The Workers' International Relief, which carried on a prominent part in the Passaic strike, is feeding the New Bedford strikers, and is the only workers' relief committee. It is headed by such well known men as: Bishop Wm. M. Brown, Roger N. Baldwin, Elizabeth G. Flynn, Scott Nearing, Ellan Hayes, Edgar Owens, Upton Sinclair, C. Anita Whitney and all money should be sent to the Workers' International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass. The local relief committee is preparing to hold a mass meeting in Passaic, where the leaders of the New Bedford strikers will speak.

FREE BILLINGS AND MOONEY, IS LABOR DEMAND

Many Join in Asking Immediate Release

In the 12th year of the imprisonment and frame-up of Tom Mooney and Warren Billings, the labor and liberal movement is raising its voice in protest at their continued incarceration. John Haynes Holmes, pastor of the Community Church in New York City, in a letter to the national office of International Labor Defense, 80 East 11th St., endorses the campaign initiated by International Labor Defense for their release. Holmes declares:

"I am greatly interested to hear that a new movement is under way to secure the release of Tom Mooney and Warren Billings from their California prison. The case of which these two men are the victims ranks with the Sacco-Vanzetti case and the Dreyfus case, as one of the most terrible and iniquitous miscarriages of justice in modern times.

"It seems now incredible that Tom Mooney and Warren Billings should ever have been convicted. Still more incredible it is, that, 12 years after this frame-up of innocent men, they should still be behind the bars. In the name not of mercy but of simple justice they should be released. It cannot be that the present effort on their behalf will fail."

From within prison walls themselves reechoes the interest on behalf of Mooney and Billings. Leo Ellis, himself a class-war prisoner at Represa, Cal., where Warren Billings is imprisoned, writes to the International Labor Defense as follows:

"I wish to compliment the International Labor Defense for the excellent work you are doing in behalf of the Mooney-Billings case.

"Hoping you will meet with success in your undertaking, I remain

"LEO ELLIS,
"Box 14388, Folsom Prison,
"Represa, California."

From Liberals, writers, doctors, etc., roll in storms of protest and demands for the release of Mooney and Billings. But labor's strength, emphasizes International Labor Defense in its statement, is the chief reliance and guarantee that Mooney and Billings will finally emerge as free men from San Quentin and Folsom prisons and take their place in the ranks of the labor movement.

Resolutions are now being adopted in trade unions throughout the country demanding that the open-shop governor of California. Richardson, release Mooney and Billings. They were railroaded because they were active union organizers and now the solidarity and protest of the working class can and must free Mooney and Billings.

MILL BOSS ASKS FOR NEW "CAL"

Employers Call Mayor to Break Strike

Continued from Page One

strike," writes Sullivan, "he was subjected to the same political pressure that exists with our mayor today. He had the courage to handle the situation firmly even though he was told that his action meant the ending of his political career. He was not so sure himself, at the time, but this was true, and that he was killing his own political future in taking the stand that he did, but he saw it was the right thing to do and he had the courage to do it in spite of any consequences it might have so far as he was concerned."

The big issue in New Bedford, as Sullivan sees it, is not the slashing of a $19 average wage to $17.10 but whether "labor organizations shall run the mills" instead of bosses. In good employers' language, he says the way to stop disorder is to anticipate it. The police should be "ready for an emergency of any kind" and "tolerate no fooling." The mass picketing must be broken up and strikers' parades forbidden.

Many Pickets Arrested.

"There must be no temporizing" with the workers led by the left wing Textile Workers Union, Sullivan tells the mayor. "Gatherings should be limited to the smallest possible numbers."

Numerous arrests of pickets and harsh sentences have marked the fourth month of the strike of 27,000 cotton mill workers. Judge Gardiner was challenged as a former attorney. for the manufacturers association Gardiner steadfastly refused to admit he was swayed by having received money from the mill owners and proceeded to sentence the arrested workers.

One, Augusto Gonsalves Pinto, pictureque Portuguese figure on a bicycle, was given five months for "obstructing policemen" and "disturbing the peace," familiar charges in New Bedford courts Pinto was dispatch runner for the Textile Workers Union, speeding from mill to mill on, his bicycle during all picketing hours.

Daily Worker Agents Hold Concert Tonight

The Daily Worker agents of Section 2 have prepared a concert which will be held tonight at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All unit and subsection Daily Worker agents have been invited to attend.

The meeting will be one of the most important held up to now. Future activities for the aid of the Daily Worker will be planned and assigned. No agent should fail to be present.

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Crippled Flyer Plans Publicity Ocean Flight

The latest in aviation publicity stunts is the plan of Morris R. Dougherty, one armed, legless flyer, to fly the Atlantic. Dougherty is shown above with his plane, on his arrival at Roosevelt Field, Long Island.

ITALIAN CLOAK WORKERS ACTIVE

Draw Latin Workers in to Build Union

The drawing of Italian workers into active participation in the struggle to build a real cloak and dressamkers' union, was the subject for which plans were discussed and formulated at the first meeting of the executive board of the Italian branch, Joint Board Cloak and Dressmakers' Union. The meeting was held in the union headquarters, 16 W. 21st St., last night.

After a report was delivered by Charles S. Zimmerman, head of the Organization Department of the National Organization Committee, the board members held a thorough discussion and decided as their first step the issuance of circulars and leaflets to keep the Italian workers acquainted with the fight against the right wing Sigman gang and the bosses.

The most strenuous efforts will be made to build up the circulation of the Italian paper of the branch, "Unita Operia." E. Oswaldo, paid organizer of the branch, also delivered a report of the work accomplished up to and since the last meeting of the Italian Branch, held last Thursday.

WOMEN TO TALK ON WAR DANGER

Many Expected at Big Federation Meeting

Continued from Page One

tarism is throughout the country."

Other Meets Successful

The New York Working Women's Federation during its short period of existence has held two previous conferences where problems of great importance to working women and the labor movement in general were considered. These conferences have aroused great interest among working women and have helped arouse women workers to participate in labor struggles

The federation's anti-imperialist-war conference of August 2 is of particular importance to women. The call urges the women to act in the shops and other organizations with which they are connected and send delegates to take part in the conference.

The interest and activity of the members have made the previous conferences of the New York Working Women's Federation great successes. An excellent program is being prepared for this meeting, and all women have been urged to invite their friends and shopmates to attend the coming conference.

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SCENE—REFRESHMENTS.
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TICKETS on sale at: Workers' Center and I.L.D., Room 422, 799 Broadway.

GREEK PREMIER MAKES NEW MOVE TO WIN SUPPORT

Bids for Aid of Fascist Balkan States

ATHENS, Greece, July 23.—A bid for the support of the reactionary governments of Bulgaria and Turkey was made by Premier Venizelos of Greece in a speech last night. Lavish in his promises, the premier, who feels the uncertainty of his tenure of office, announced that he would be happy to sign a treaty of friendship with the Angora government. To Bulgaria and Jugo-Slavia he offered an outlet to the sea via Saloniki as an inducement.

Jokes In Prison Cell

Continued from Page One

to me: By that time you will all have sideboards and beards. Old—but not young Communists will you be. Oh, how dreadful! It hurts me when I think that I will not see you again so young, as young as I remember you and as I love you. That is silly—but it hurts! Very well and good, show yourselves with your beards. But I will see you all again!"

NO FLOWERS, POINCARE.

PARIS, July 23 (UP).—Premier Poincare today celebrated by working throughout the day on the next budget the second anniversary of his assumption of the premiership in the dark days of 1926 when the franc slumped to 51 to the dollar.

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French and Spanish Authorities Cooperate in Campaign Against Militant Labor

NINE ARRESTS IN FRANCE MAY BEGIN DRIVE

More to Go to Jail in Few Hours

PARIS, July 23.—Collaboration between the French and the Spanish authorities in a campaign against labor which is to embrace two countries was revealed yesterday with the arrest of nine workers for participation in an alleged plot against the life of King Alfonso. The men were arrested in south France and more arrests are threatened at once.

The seizure of the workers was made at the instigation of the Spanish authorities, reports from Bordeaux reveal.

According to the outline of the "conspiracy" given the French by the Spanish police, Alfonso was to have been assassinated as he was crossing the French frontier to open the new tunnel under the Pyrenees.

That the development of revolutionary disturbances within Spain have alarmed the Spanish authorities was disclosed with the announcement that plans had been made to have troops virtually equivalent to an army accompany Alfonso on his trip north. It was not known here at that time, however, that the French authorities were actively cooperating with the Spanish in crushing the outbreaks in Spain. Labor leaders here now express themselves as satisfied that the present arrests reveal a concerted movement of both governments to jail militant workers, particularly in southern France and in the northern districts of Spain.

Sentence of Don Plotters

MOSCOW, USSR., (By Mail).—From early morning a crowd of some hundreds had collected round the doors of the "Dom" Soyouzov waiting to receive passes to enter. By nightfall it had swelled to many thousands and the long line stretched many hundreds of yards away into the darkness of the side pereulok (alley). A company of foot and mounted militia kept order continually having to clear the thoroughfare that at every few minutes swarmed with new contingents of workers eager to see the last episode of one of the greatest dramas ever enacted within the halls of this former club of tzarist nobility.

Doors Open.

At 9 o'clock in the evening the doors of the Halls of Columns were thrown open and in the space of half-an-hour it was crowded from top to bottom. Every inch of sitting and standing space was occupied and a good part of the corridor running round the hall. The number of correspondents' seats seemed to have swelled to thrice its usual number and the box given to the use (during the trial) of the diplomatic corps was full.

At 10 o'clock the state prosecutors take their places on the tribune to be followed a little later by the counsels of the defense.

After 15 minutes the accused are brought in under escort, they are immediately surrounded by their counsels with whom they enter into earnest conversation.

Excitement.

The air is becoming increasingly warm and is filled with a continuous hum like the flight of an army of bees, but gradually, however, it dies away and at midnight sharp enters the court. . .

"The special sitting of the high court is declared open," says its president, Vishinsky, who after a brief pause proceeds to read out the sentence. . .

The sentence is divided into two parts: the first gives a short historical review of the beginnings of the counter-revolutionary organizations and its general characteristics This, fully upholds the main theses of the state prosecutor, as follows: The court recognizes as fully proved that fact that the anti-Soviet counter-revolutionary inclinations of a section of the technical (engineers, technicians) intelligentsia, during the first years of the existence of the Soviet State, brought them into contact with the ex-owners, from whom they received instructions and money and to whom they supplied valuable and secret information concerning the situation in the Donetz coal area.

Continuing further, the sentence describes the activities of the Kharkov and Moscow sections of the organization, the sabotage and destructive work that was carried out Finally, it characterizes in stern terms the contact of the organization with foreign groups outlining the channels through which the various sums of money were sent in.

Vishinsky then proceeded to the second part of the sentence.

In accordance with Article 58-2 58-7, 58-11, of the Criminal Code of R. S. F. S. R. (1) Gorletsky, (2) Beruzovsky, (3) Shadlun, (4) Karzarinov, (5) Boyarshinov, (6) Matov (7) Bratanovsky, (8) Boyarinov (9) Krahinovsky, (10) Usevitch and (11) Budnovo, are sentenced to the highest measure of social defense—to be shot with confiscation of property.

Where Vienna Workers Waged Heroic Barricade Battle

Crowds watching the barricade fighting during the July revolt in Vienna, the anniversary of which was celebrated recently, are shown in the picture. Smoke from the burning Hall of Justice can be seen swelling in the distance. Almost on the anniversary of this heroic struggle of the Vienna working class, Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, was sentenced to prison in the same city. Special article on Page 6 of today's issue of the Daily Worker. (Photo by courtesy of "Labor Defender.")

Communists Lead Against War Danger

(Continued.)

Lettish comrades admit as a shortcoming of the Party that they did not react in any way to the first negotiations of Latvia with Great Britain, or to the signing of a previous treaty for a customs union with Esthonia, and did not recognize in time that this customs union with Esthonia, which is under the unlimited influence of Great Britain, represented a step towards the formation of an anti-Soviet bloc of Baltic countries.

It would be an exaggeration to designate all the above-mentioned mistakes, which were admitted and later corrected by the Parties, as the results of a frivolous attitude towards the war danger. The above-mentioned examples, however, are good illustrations of how big and actual is the danger of allowing outspoken measures in preparation for war to pass unnoticed, and how necessary it is to be at all times on guard, to follow up at all times the concrete forms and phenomena of the war danger in order to avoid fatal omissions.

However, one may observe also this phenomenon; that after the VIII Plenum an intensive anti-war work was begun in many sections but that it subsided later as if there had come a realization that in the beginning the war danger had been greatly exaggerated.

Superficial and expressly opportunist is a conception which looks upon anti-war and anti-militarist work as the task only of a special department and not of the entire Party and its leading organs. This conception is hardly to be found in the official Party documents, but it is prevalent here and there. It is expressed, for example, in such statements as hold that one cannot enter upon the most elementary questions of Communist anti-war tactics because one is "not an expert."

Must Have "Toilers' Militia."

THE slogan for "Toilers' Militia" has come into application since the VIII Plenum practically not at all. Even in the theoretical organs this question has been given little notice. One of the few cases in which this slogan was discussed was the answer of the Pol-Bureau of the Communist Party of Germany to the "Program of Action" of Comrade Brandler. Here also the question was only touched on in passing without going into the connection of this slogan with the partial demands and with the practical problems of the disintegration of the bourgeois army and the arming of the proletariat. And it is precisely on this point that a clarification of this slogan is urgently necessary. The circumstances that so little use has been made of the slogan for the "Toilers' Militia" is in our opinion to be accounted for to a great extent in that this side of the question has been insufficiently clarified.

Not From Bourgeois Parliaments.

According to unconfirmed reports one of the Communist Parties is said to have introduced in parliament a proposal demanding the Workers' and Peasants' Army. If the demand for a Workers' and Peasants' army is in its actual content to be considered identical with the "Toilers' Militia," then it is surely a misunderstanding to demand such a thing from the bourgeois parliament.

The slogan of a People's Militia has come into practical application in a few cases. In the cases known to us, this application is unquestionably correct with regard to the actual content of this slogan. But in practice it is not unimportant to differentiate between the actual political content of the slogan and its expression. It is not clear without special investigation as to whether the slogan of People's Militia in this mode of expression is sufficiently concrete everywhere as a practical slogan, viz., whether the use of the expression "People's Militia" can be recognized by the masses as their own demand or whether it should not be replaced by another slogan actually meaning the same thing, but adapted to the specific local conditions.

In many countries (Belgium, Poland, Finland, Latvia, etc.) the Communist Parties have raised the demand for the reduction of the service period to six months. Fears have arisen as to whether the reduction of the service period, which is planned or carried out in connection with the new military reforms by the capitalist governments themselves in many cases, would not mean a strengthening of militarism. These misgivings are not well-founded however. It is correct that the new military reforms in their totality lead to a strengthening of militarism, but the reduction of the service period in itself is always a point weakening the military system of the respective capitalist country It is a fact that the military specialists everywhere re[illegible] the reduction of the term of military service.

Only when there is involved such a hired army as the German Reichswehr, where the service period under the term of the Versailles Treaty lasts a total of 12 years, the reduction, e. g., to six years would double the possible numbers in the thoroughly trained, politically reliable military cadres and would thereby mean the indirect strengthening of the military system. But also in this case, the point of the reduction of the service period, taken by itself, in no way signifies the strengthening of the military system, because in 12 years the soldier can be trained much more thoroughly and more manifoldly in military crafts, and can be much more completely alienated from the working masses, than in six years.

The reduction of the service period in countries with universal military service is in itself not to be looked upon as a means of strengthening militarism, but as a concession which the capitalist governments will enter upon because the disadvantage of the reduction of the service period is made up by other great advantages in the new military reforms, such as the militarization of the schools and social organizations and above all, in the creation of a powerful cadre of politically reliable and expertly high-skilled professional soldiers, support and governmentalization of the fascist organizations, etc That is why side by side with the demand for the reduction of the service period we must resolutely combat all these reactionary measures which actually lead to a strengthening of militarism.

League Corrected "Boycott" Slogan

THE slogan for the boycott of the American Citizens' Military Training Camps was corrected as a mistake by the Central Committee of the Young Communist League itself because such a boycott would have meant refraining from the disintegration of this organization and thereby a strengthening of imperialism.

The War Theses of the VIII Plenum put, as a concrete task for the combatting of war, the "concentration of the attention of the Communist Parties upon activity in the trade unions, especially among the metal workers, miners, transport workers and the workers in chemical industries."

Must Concretize Work.

The more concretely one approaches the practical forms of combatting war, the more clearly is shown the importance of this demand. But the practical work in combatting war makes necessary an even furthergoing concretization in the same direction. What is involved here is to transfer our attention to certain factories and definite geographical points.

Many examples in the experiences in anti-militarist work show how important it is to have organs of the Party at certain geographical points. This anti-militarist work is relatively much weaker in the French navy than in the army, which is quite correctly ascribed to the fact that the French Party is very weak in the respective harbor towns

American League Difficulty.

IN a report on the anti-militarist work of the American Y. C. L., it is stated that the campaign against the sending of troops to China was unsuccessful on the western coast of America, because the league had no members in San Diego, the naval base.

It is time that the leading organs of the Parties concerned themselves not only with the numerical strengthening of the Party and its influences, but that, much more than heretofore, they are influenced by the territorial viewpoint. This viewpoint plays an important role not only in the struggle against the war but in every revolutionary struggle

Work Among Soldiers and Sailors

The Communist Parties are active everywhere, where there are toilers; in workers' quarters, in factories and villages. They have no reason to make an exception with respect to the barracks and warships where workers and peasants in uniform live under extremely difficult conditions, subjected to the tyranny and all sorts of chicanery of the officers It would be strange and unpardonable for a Party of the revolutionary class struggle to desert workers living under such conditions, without enlightenment, leadership and support. Therefore this work is to be carried on everywhere, also where it is "prohibited" by the enemies of the workers and soldiers. Even some left Social-Democrats, as e. g., Paul Levi, speak about the necessity for "education of the members of the army" although in this respect they do nothing in practice.

For the above-mentioned reasons they work among the soldiers and sailors is a permanent task of the Parties. This work attains special importance from the viewpoint of combatting war and militarism.

However, the work is relatively weak in certain countries which are important from the point of view of the war danger and war preparations. In certain countries this work still bears an episodical character and at best is confined to the recruits before their entrance into the barracks, without the development of a systematic work and the establishment of organizational points of support inside the army. In other countries again the work does not bear the character of mass work but it is confined to a small circle of people inside the army and is not based upon a broad anti-militarist activity among the toiling youth.

Party Must Do Anti-Work.

There is still observable here and there a lack of understanding or an insufficiency of interest among Party members themselves with respect to this work. Such expressions applied to anti-militarist work as "criminal politics," "military espionage," "plotters," etc., argue that a thorough enlightenment on the meaning and character of this work is necessary even among the leading cadres of many parties.

DENOUNCE FUAD MOVE TO FORM DICTATORSHIP

Wafd Issues Bitter Manifesto

CAIRO, Egypt, July 23.—Nation-wide indignation at the action of King Fuad in dissolving the Egyptian parliament for the period of three years found expression today in a manifesto issued by the Wafd party and denouncing the king's action.

Declaring that the dissolution of parliament is a deliberate move to placate British resentment, and intimating that it is for the purpose of maintaining his own position of power by King Fuad, the manifesto denounces the "attempt to defy the constitution and satisfy the ambitions of foreigners."

The dissolution of parliament which would leave Egypt virtually the prey of a dictator for an indefinite time, since no circles here even profess to believe that Fuad intends to surrender his powr at the end of three years, has caused extreme agitation far beyond the nationalist Wafd groups.

Labor leaders thruout Egypt are alive to the peril to Egyptian workers and peasants which the continuance of British domination and Fuad's subservience entails. The length of the Nile there is a stir of apprehension and anger in the Egyptian villages which is only somewhat less than that which shook them a number of years ago and made the British authorities see their power slipping.

The feeling against the dissolution of parliament is especially strong in the cities, however, where the workers are denouncing Fuad's action while they eagerly watch whatever counter-action the Wafd may develop.

JAPAN PLANNING NEW CHINA GRAB

LONDON, July 23 (UP).—Japan has decided to offer to negotiate a new treaty with the Nanking government, but to decline to permit China to cancel the present treaty as the Kuomintang desires, an Exchange Telegraph Tokio dispatch said today.

* * *

SHANGHAI, July 23—That Japan is preparing to strike in China in the near future was intimated by statements in the Japanese press in which Premier Tanaka is quoted as saying that Japan is preparing to take measures against the Nanking government should that government jeopardize Japanese treaty rights.

Taking measures is generally accepted as meaning following up the Tsinan advance with seizures of new territory north and west of the present encroachments.

DEPRESSION HITS FASCIST ROUMANIA

THE severe economic depression in Rumania which has become practically chronic in character, and is being shouldered entirely by the proletariat and the peasantry, is causing wide-spread dissatisfaction and resentment. This has been amply shown by several strikes and demonstrations held in many industrial districts of Rumania. With the aid of the Siguaranza and military authorities, the bourgeois government is doing its utmost to crush the labor movement by increasing its terrorist measures. One of these measures which is militating especially against working-ing-class interests and capable of severely jeopardising the whole labor movement, is the government's intention to close the unitary trade unions. Should it be borne in mind that these unions are the only legal labor organizations upholding the class struggle, then the absolute necessity, not only of preserving them, but of strengthening and developing them, becomes very plain.

The Executive Bureau of the Red International of Labor Unions, having studied the position of the trade union movement in Rumania and all its defects, adopted a resolution, which in fact points out the basic tasks confronting the trade union organizations of Rumania.

Its Tasks.

1. The struggle to legalize the trade unions is directly bound up with the struggle to increase wages in conformity with the rise in the cost-of-living index. To struggle for the 7-hour day, and for social insurance, etc.
2. Centralization of trade union organizations, and their reconstruction on the industrial principle.
3. To set up the united front at the enterprises to struggle for the everyday demands of the workers, utilizing as a basis the factory committees and committees of agricultural workers.
4. Organization and guidance of revolutionary elements inside the reformist unions.
5. Organization of unemployed committees and organization of agricultural workers in separate trade unions.

Urges Workers to Protest.

The creation and training of a broad contingent of active trade-union workers for the locals.

To carry out a campaign to recruit new members for the unions.

The organization of educational activities among trade unionists, to struggle against government cultural organizations and attempts to establish them among the workers. To set up youth sections, trade union papers to be published; to set up firm connections with the Red International of Labor Unions; to propagate and put into execution the decisions of the Fourth Congress and former Congresses.

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Pay Last Respects to Murdered President

Photo shows the funeral procession of Gen. Alvaro Obregon, Mexican president-elect, who was murdered by a religious fanatic, passing down Juarez Ave., in Mexico City. Obregon was elected July 1 and was to have assumed office in September.

SIGNIFICANT DECLINES IN 1928 EMPLOYMENT

By LELAND OLDS.
(Federated Press)

For the first time since 1923 Illinois factory employment increased in June, according to the state department of labor. A 2.4 per cent increase over the number of factory workers employed in May casts an amusing light on Coolidge prosperity. Industry may be breathing a sigh of relief at the assurance that Cal is slated for the discard.

The June increase in employment is not sufficient to bring the level up to a year ago. The number of factory employes in the state still falls 2.7 per cent short of June, 1927 and 17.4 per cent under June, 1923. The span of Coolidge prosperity has seen a sixth of the factory workers in Illinois lose their jobs.

The improvement over May is generally distributed over the major industries. But all the major industries except that including machinery, metals and conveyances report fewer employes than in June, 1927. The figures reveal declines compared with a year ago in a majority of industries manufacturing consumer goods usually sold on the installment plan.

Iron and Steel Increase.

Outstanding increases in employment compared with June, 1927, were iron and steel .6 per cent, autos and accessories 30.6 per cent, agricultural implements 18 per cent, women's clothing 9.7 per cent, women's underwear 3.7 per cent, women's hats 20.8 per cent and dairy products 6.5 per cent. There was a slight increase in workers making machinery. Practically all other industries reported fewer workers than a year ago.

Some of the declines, compared with June, 1927, are hard to explain except on the basis of improved machinery. Although building construction is running ahead of last year practically all manufacturers of building materials report considerable reductions in working forces as follows: stone products a decline of 8.8 per cent, lime, cement and plaster 25 per cent, brick, tile and plaster 7.1 per cent, sheet metal and hardware 6 per cent, saw and planing mills 14.4 per cent.

Significant declines, compared with a year ago, among industries producing consumer goods were cooking and heating apparatus 5.1 per cent, electrical apparatus 2.4 per cent, watches and jewelry 3.4 per cent, furniture 14.1 per cent, pianos and musical instruments 30.5 per cent, household furnishings 10.3 per cent, furs and fur goods 26.8 per cent, cotton and woolen goods 10.5 per cent, knit goods and hosiery 19.8 per cent, mens clothing 7 per cent, mens shirts and furnishings 9.2 per cent, men's hats, caps 9.5 per cent. Except for dairy products all the industries grouped under food beverages and tobacco show employment considerably reduced from a year ago, and even the manufacturers of drugs have cut their forces 4 per cent.

Mine Jobs Decrease.

Trade, including department stores, wholesale and mail order establishments, shows a decline of 3.1 per cent in employment compared with June, 1927, public utilities a slight increase and coal mining a big increase since the strike of a year ago. But there are still only a third as many miners employed as in 1922. Building construction afforded about 8 per cent more jobs than a year ago.

The June report of the Illinois department of mines reflects accurately the situation in the coal industry. The report shows 114 mines operating out of about 400 in the state. These 114 mines worked an average of 14.1 days during the month, or about half time. A total of 34,232 miners were employed out of an estimated total of 75,000 in the state. At one time there were more than 100,000 coal miners in Illinois.

The situation in the mines is an improvement over May when 105 mines operated an average of 13.9 days and employed 29,779.

UNEMPLOYMENT RISES IN ENGLAND

LONDON, July 23.—Official figures on British unemployment show an increase during the last month and is even greater than February 1927, shortly after the termination of the coal strike.

The percentage of unemployed among the 11,800,000 registered workers on June 25 was 10.8 as against 9.9 a month earlier and 8.8 a year ago.

Since the month of June there has been a further increase in unemployment, the number on July 9 being 1,242,000 which was 24,922 more than the week before.

Nearly more than half of the increased unemployment occurred in the mining industry. The number of miners employed at present is the lowest at any time since the coal strike.

LISBON REVOLT IS SPREADING THRU NEW DISTRICTS

Fighting Continues in Spite of Setback

LISBON, Portugal, July 23.—Government troops continued thru the night to attack and whenever possible to disarm armed bodies of Portuguese workers who had joined the revolt of seventh regiment and other forces at the Castello Sao Jerge here.

The utmost brutality is reported to have been used by the government detachments in subduing the outbreak. The number of slain and injured cannot as yet be estimated but it is confidently believed that it runs into the hundreds.

All attempts of the authorities to minimize the extent and seriousness of the disturbance have been frustrated by the persistence with which the fighting between the government troops and the untrained and badly armed civilians aiding the revolting soldiers in the Castello, has persisted.

Thruout the country disturbances among the peasantry and the soldiers have led to the belief that the immediate setback to the revolt in Lisbon might not mean the end of the outbreak. Outbreaks are reported from Barreiro, Entroncamento and Setubal.

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Reading Textile Strikers Walk-Out Grows; Local "Socialists" Give Police "Aid"

HANDOUTS

When I. Cohen, manager of the Fifth Avenue Theatre, accused of hanging nude pictures in his lobby asked John S. Sumner, secretary of the Society for the Suppression of Vice whether he had ever been in the Metropolitan Museum of Art Sumner answered, "Yes, I think so." He apparently couldn't just be sure. It might have been Gimbel Brother's department store.

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The children of the poor develop their young bodies the way nature intended, pouring out into the spacious streets shared only by a certain amount of metropolitan traffic. They wallow in God's life-giving sunshine which breaks its way to them through a few skyscrapers and elevated railway tracks. They breathe the fresh salt sea air perfumed by a few thousand exhaust pipes. They are even occasionally given a sand hole behind a bill board which is hilariously referred to by the city fathers as a playground. But now the reason for playgrounds is disclosed in the report to the Regional Plan of New York. They increase realty values.

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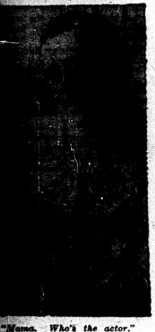
Royal Valet



"Mama. Who's the actor."

"That's Mr. Alexander, King of Jugoslavia."

"Is that a moving picture?"

"No, he's a real king."

"I thought they didn't make 'em any more."

"Oh, yes, the capitalists use them along with preachers, judges and senators to make the worker think he isn't very important."

"Why?"

"So he won't think he ought to have anything to say about ruling."

"He can vote, can't he?"

"For whether he will work 12 hours a day by the alarm clock or the sun dial."

"Well, kings have to work, don't they."

"Oh, yes. This one gets $1,000,000 a year. He has to work hard to get it spent or pretty soon another million comes along and first thing he knows his house is all cluttered up."

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The Rumanian government has just given Henry Ford the Grand Cross of the Order of the Crown. There is just cause for this mutual admiration. Rumania tortures its workers on the rack. Henry Ford on the belt.

• • •

Feng Yu-hsiang has just shown his gratitude to 20,000 Nationalist soldiers who were killed a year ago at Nankow Pass by reading them a very thoughtful letter. These dead soldiers have no reason not to feel well rewarded now.

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At Your Own Risk

The principles of physical culture disseminated by that great benefactor of the human race, Bernarr MacFadden, have set thousands of workers on the road to health. The following few simple rules will be found invaluable to workers:

Go through the above exercises as often as your husband will allow, on arising.

Play croquet, dominoes and golf during the morning.

Lie on the beach with plenty of sunshine during the afternoon.

Sleep in a large airy room away from the noise of street cars, etc.

Take plenty of auto rides in the country.

It is absurd for any textile worker earning $11 a week to be without health when plenty of advice such as the above can be obtained in any capitalist newspaper for two cents.

DAY SHIFT MEN JOIN NOE-EQUL NIGHT WORKERS

"Join the Union" Men Urge Aid for Strikers

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

READING, Pa. (By Mail).—The strike of full fashioned knitters against the Noe-Equl Textile Mills, Inc., which was precipitated a week ago by the "walk-out" of the entire night shift of knitters, consisting of twenty men, has been strengthened by the accession to their ranks of almost the entire day shift, until now the plant is in practically enforced idleness and only a pretense of operating is being made. While the "two machine" system is a source of great dissatisfaction to the knitters, it appears not to have become sufficient of an issue to suggest to the Noe-Equl strikers or the Full Fashioned Knitters' Union the necessity for a more widespread or even a city-wide strike of knitters in order to combat this evil, tho it is said that some of the smaller shops in the city are nearly 100 per cent organized (in secret).

More Walk Out.

Strikers claim that approximately seventy knitters and knitters' helpers are now out and that only two knitters are "scabbing it." They say that two new men who came in as strikebreakers, have already quit. At the time of the "walk out" the girls had been asked to go out also (altho no promise to organize them or to guarantee them strike benefits was made) and many of the girls responded. They returned to work subsequently, however, but were sent home again for the reason that there was no work to do since the knitters were not working.

Officials Neglect Girls.

Pretty raw deal for the girls on the part of the Knitters' Union, it seems to your correspondent, as the union might have organized them and guaranteed them a part of the strike relief, as a consequence receiving their active moral support and their assistance on the picket line, whereas, as things now are, one need not be surprised if the girls left now without either work or an income on which to maintain themselves for the duration of the strike, develop a feeling of bitterness toward the strikers for leaving them "out in the cold."

Protest Speed-up.

The original "walk-out" of the twenty men occurred as a result of the "firing" of two of their members for having refused to operate two instead of one machine. After being out in protest for three days the men were sent back to work by the Knitters' Union (the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers) in the hope that further negotiations with the bosses would result in an arrangement satisfactory to the knitters and thus avoid a formal strike. On the return of men to work, however, the bosses took advantage of the situation to discharge a large number of the workers whom they had singled out as "trouble makers" and responsible for the "walk-out." Faced with this situation the union leaders had no choice but to call the strike short of a downright betrayal of the knitters, including many union members. In the meantime and subsequent to the call, about fifty more knitters and helpers have joined their ranks. The mill is being picketed regularly thruout the working hours.

Strike Supported.

The strike is receiving widespread support, as is seen by statements made by Mayor Stump (socialist) and others prominent in the Reading Federated Trade Council and by representatives of the various unions (from outside the city) who are participating in the six-weeks "Joint the Union" drive being conducted by the Trades Council.

Mayor Stump is quoted as follows: "The city administration is frankly and wholeheartedly in sympathy with any group of workers attempting to improve their conditions or to establish an organization by legal and orderly methods. Instructions will be given to police to see that order is maintained but neither strikebreakers nor strikers will be favored in protection. You strikers have a perfect right to talk to anyone going into that mill that will talk and you have every right to explain to the world why you are on strike. I sincerely hope that you will stick solidly and revive enough spirit among hosiery workers to give them courage to firmly establish a responsible union here."

"Join the Union."

"Reading's duty is to stick to the Noe-Equl strikers. Those Noe-Equl boys are putting up a splendid fight for the entire industry," said Jeff Davis, "King of the Hoboes," one of the "Join the Union" speakers.

It is apparent that the bosses are trying to put over on the strikers a new trick by inserting in the Reading papers a "help wanted" advertisement for the Noe-Equl Textile Mills, Inc.

SHIP SINKS AFTER COLLISION

LISBON, July 22 (UP).—The Spanish steamer Serafino Ballesteros was rammed and sunk by the English steamer Delta in a fog three miles off Cape Roca early yesterday. The French steamer Elese rescued the crew of the Serafino Ballesteros.

Necessity Mother of Invention for Poor Kids

Children of the poor cannot go to the country or beach to escape the intense summer heat. These children in New York City streets improvised a novel shower bath by placing a barrel over a fire hydrant, with the above results.

COOPERATION HURT BY TENANT FARMING

By ESTHER LOWELL.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 20 (FP).—Co-operative marketing of cotton in North Carolina is not due for expansion in the 1928-'29 season. The North Carolina Cotton Growers' Co-operative Association will handle a little less than its usual 10 to 15 per cent of the state's crop.

Not that Carolina cotton farmers do not need cooperative action to help increase their yearly income From cotton, the farmers have averaged under $500 a year. But the average conceals the fact that three-fourths of the cotton farmers are tenants who give up one-third to one-half of their crop for rent. The rest of their yearly incomes goes for food, clothing, fertilizer, interest on borrowed money, too often leaving the farm tenant actually in debt—by the landlord's figures.

Movement Weakened.

Collapse of the Tri-State Tobacco Assn. two years ago weakened co-op sentiment in Virginia and the Carolina, where it operated. Many Carolina tobacco growers are also cotton growers, and belonged to marketing co-ops for both crops None of the farmers' suits against the North Carolina cotton co-op, attempted after the Tri-State debacle came to court however, and the cotton organization's standing is generally recognized as good.

The co-op is not staging any big membership drive. Its energies under Manager U. B. Blalock are devoted to making the association a "business organization of business farmers." As Blalock sees it, the co-op must satisfy not only its members that it serves, but must do the same for the cotton-buying manufacturers and for the financing bankers.

A Trick.

Membership is nearly 10 per cent less this season in the co-op because of a new agreement, permitting members to withdraw. Most of the growers who quit raise comparatively few bales and wanted to see if the newly inserted withdrawal clause really works, believes Blalock. Membership in the co-op is open to all cotton growers of the state—white or black, landlord or tenant.

This year for the first time all the co-op's bales have been sold to Carolina textile manufacturers. The co-op's carrying charges and operating costs have steadily lessened in its six years' existence to below $4.30 a bale. Since the organization is non-stock, non-profit, 1 per cent of each member's return is put into a reserve fund. This provides advances to members on their first delivery of cotton each season, besides giving assurance of the organization's financial rating. The co-op gets its members credit at 4½ per cent instead of the 10 to 30 per cent interest that non-members are charged.

Cotton farm children begin work when they are young and often miss several months of the 6 or 8-month school term. The mothers work in the fields as well as in the home And withal the family has a poor enough living, raising little of its own foodstuffs in order to have more land for cotton—the money crop, or debt crop that it is for many tenants. Health is neglected and digestive and dental disorders are common.

RANK AND FILE HIT OFFICIALS

Unemployed Unaided By Union Heads

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PITTSBURGH, (By Mail).—At a special meeting held by local 86 of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, on June 28, the members practically rebelled against the Amalgamated officials of New York. Member after member took the floor and spoke against the policies of the officials, against the expulsions, speed-up system, reduction in wages. Some of the members pointed out that in the time that thousands of Amalgamated members are unemployed and starving, the officials are going into the real estate business, building up houses for themselves and building up banking houses.

The meeting condemned the convention in Cincinatti as useless and held only as a good time for the delegates and privileged visitors. The meeting in voting the referendum of the convention voted down Hillman and Schlossberg received only eight votes, all the others were against them. The general executive board received about seven votes.

8-HOUR DAY FOR WOMEN DEFEATED

Big Exploiters Combine Against Workers

NEW ORLEANS (FP).—With the aid of the New Orleans press and the civic associations the 8-hour day for women was killed in the Louisiana senate by almost unanimous vote. Arguments used by the newspapers were that the measure would scare new enterprises from locating in the state. Employers can work their help up to 60 hours a week.

Employment of convict labor by the Louisiana highway commission was legalized though 30 per cent of free labor is unemployed. It was stated that there are 1,200 able-bodied men on the state penal farm and only enough work for 400 of them.

Chinese University Denounces Japanese

WASHINGTON, July 22 (FP).—Copies of a pamphlet issued May 20 by the faculty and students of Tsing Hua University, at Peking, denouncing the Japanese massacre of Chinese Nationalist soldiers, officials and civilians at Tsinanfu, reached all Washington press writers on July 20. The statements contained in this document are similar to those made at the time, in the first week of May, that the Tsinanfu conflict occurred. Japan's government is pictured as militaristic, ruthless toward China, and a danger to the peace of the Orient.

Freiheit Orchestra Needs More Members

The Freiheit Symphony Orchestra of Branch 458 of the Women's Circle will hold their first meeting Tuesday at 1472 Boston Road. All workers who play string, brass, or woodwind instruments or drums and tympani are invited to join the orchestra, which will serve the left wing of the labor movement.

Prospective members are urged to come in time for their examinations.

POWDER BLAST—NONE HURT

CARLSTADT, N. J., July 22 (UP).—Residents in four adjoining counties were awakened this morning by the shock of an explosion that was seen for about 20 miles and which wrecked a fireworks store house near here. No one was injured. Buildings within a radius of six or eight miles were shaken by the blast, but its great effect was [illegible]

Young Workers League Forms New N. J. Unit

PLAINFIELD, N. J., July 20.—The Plainfield branch of the Young Workers (Communist) League is glad to announce that it has been organized. Its first regular meeting was held on July 13.

The first meeting was attended by an enthusiastic group of young workers. A successful and strong unit is expected as a result of this

THOMAS ASSAILS RASKOB.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 20 (FP).—Norman Thomas, socialist presidential nominee, tore John J. Raskob new democratic national boss, to shreds at the socialist party's state convention.

"Not only is John J. Raskob chairman of the open-shop General Motors," he said, "he is bound up with the duPont interests which grow rich on wars, big and little. He is part of the group which made a determined effort to get the St Lawrence water power for private development."

BOOST INITIATION FEE.

Unions affiliated with Painters' District Councils in Greater New York have boosted initiation feer from $75 to $200. Only one union German Painters' Local [illegible] voted to retain the old fee.

PRINTING PLANT SPEEDS UP MEN TO EXHAUSTION

Former Soldier Tells of Work Dangers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

I am taking this means of Workers' Correspondence in bringing out the conditions that prevail on the job I am on, in a large paper bag concern in Brooklyn, which owns its own mills in Vermont. They do business all over the United States and their profits are increasing by leaps and bounds.

I have been with this concern ever since I left the Army, where I learned my present trade—printing. Of course I was fortunate in learning the printing trade in the Army where I served two terms—six years. but do not misunderstand me, my love for the Army isn't any to great to rave about. Ever since I left the Army I have learned quite a bit what the army is for, thanks to the daily worker.

The firm I work for manufactures various sorts of paper bags—candy millinery, potato chips, haberdashers and many others, too numerous to mention. My job is to print on those bags the various business names and advertisements for the customers.

Originally I used to print about ten thousand a day on a Gordon job press, then the foreman began hounding me to turn out more work and, of course, I taxed all my energy to comply with his wishes and so the foreman had his wishes granted.

There is the danger of getting a hand caught in the press in the act of feeding. It occurs very often amongst us printers. I was laid up at one time for six weeks with a crushed hand and all I got was a measly few dollars compensation after the usual red tape I had to go through.

The bosses do not tolerate any worker speaking unionism in the plant and anyone that does, is fired off the job with the usual ceremonies.

The scale of wages prevailing in this slave driving institute is as low as $22.00 and as high as $32.00 per week for 50 hours per week when a full weeks work is to be had. It is a common occurrence for the printing department to run two and three days a wek less, that means so much less in the pay envelope at the end of the week. Of course this is due to the terrific speed-up system that prevails.

'NERVOUS NELLIE' FEARS ASSASSIN

Wants to be Thought A Great Man

WASHINGTON, (FP). — Secretary of State Kellogg, known to the "irreverent" as "Nervous Nellie," is now guarded day and night by a policeman of the district metropolitan force. Since the assassination of Gen. Obregon, Kellogg has seen fit to have a policeman in uniform stationed in the corridor outside his door, where press correspondents enter to attend daily conferences Another "copper" stands guard outside the Kellogg residence.

Macy's Stockholders Receive Big Rake-Off

The board of directors of R. H. Macy & Co., Inc., at an adjourned meeting held today voted to recommend an increase in the number of shares from 750,000 to 2,500,000, and to tender to each stockholder of record on August 20th, 1928, the right to subscribe for two shares for each share standing in his name, at $10 per share for each new share.

It is expected that the corporation will pay dividends at the annual rate of $2 per share on the increased number of shares. It is anticipated that the 5 per cent stock dividend paid in 1928 will be continued as a policy, on the total number of shares outstanding.

John Golden's New Production "Intruder" at Biltmore July 30

JOHN GOLDEN launched two of his new productions this week. The first, a new play by Kenyon Nicholson titled "Eva the Fifth," opened in Asbury Park. Early this spring the script was seen as "Fly-By-Night" in the nearby circuit and received favorable mention.

The other play is the new comedy by Philip Dunning under the title of "Night Hostess," which began rehearsals this week.

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The Macauley Company has arranged for the immediate publication of "The Intruder," by Paul Eldridge, the play which Edward Sargeant Brown is presenting at the Biltmore Theatre next Monday night. "Another Salome," by the same author, which is to follow "The Intruder" at the Biltmore, is being published simultaneously. Mr. Eldridge's novel, "My First Two Thousand Years," upon which he collaborated with George Sylvester Viereck, is also to be brought out at the same time by the publishers.

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George Olsen and his band will remain a feature of "Good News" at the Chanin 46th St. Theatre till October 1.

• • •

Max Marcin has placed into rehearsal "Trapped," which he wrote in collaboration with Samuel Shipman. The cast includes Felix Krembs, John Miltern, Frank Monroe, Calvin Thomas, Linda Watkins, Mary Robinson, Alf Helton and Ralph Locke.

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Hilda Vaughan has been engaged for an important role in Bartlett Cormack's dramatization of Joseph Hergesheimer's novel, "Tampico." The show, which goes into rehearsal in August, will be the first Jones and Green production of the season.

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Luna Park's red-headed bathing beauty contest will be held August 10. More than three hundred entries have been received to date.

GEORGES RENAVENT

Who has been engaged by Brock Pemberton for his new production, "Going Home," a play by Ransom Rideout, due here early this season.

A U. F. A. production, "The Love Pirate," directed by Dr. Arthur Robinson, with Paul Richter (known here for his "Siegfried"), Rudolph Kleine-Rogge (the mad inventor of "Metropolis,") and Aud Egede Nissem in the cast, will be shown at the 55th St. Playhouse beginning today

"Forbidden Hours," Metro's new picture starring Ramon Novarro, with Renee Adoree, comes to the Capitol Theatre this Saturday.

GUILTY VERDICT AGAINST AMTER

Conviction Follows Police Attack

CLEVELAND, July 22.—Israel Amter, district secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, was found guilty of disorderly conduct at the "Peace" Conference, held here recently, but the costs were suspended.

The city produced but one witness, the officer who was ordered by a plain clothes man to arrest Amter, ostensibly for disturbing the meeting and preventing the officers from arresting another person.

The officer did not even know where Amter had been standing during the dispute. He admitted that when dragging Amter out of the meeting "somebody," whom he did not know, smashed Amter in the face. All of which was perfectly proper.

Amter told the whole story of the event, but good Judge Mylan found him guilty but remitted the costs. This much was to be expected. Prosecuting Attorney Levin, the posing prosecutor, did not attempt much cross-questioning, for Amter openly accused the detective department of shielding the detective who struck him in the face. The detective department pretends not to be able to ascertain the identity of this "hero," and dares not disclose his name, for the liberal press assailed the authorities for the methods employed at the Peace Conference.

FARM VALUES SHRINK.

GALESBURG, Ill., July 22.—Farm land in Knox county, Illinois has shrunk in value more than $32,000,000 since the war-time peak, according to census figures cited by the county farm bureau.

FISH WORKERS ORGANIZE.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 22.—Workers of the pickled and dried fish industries have organized themselves into a union here recently.

FAKERS PERMIT NON-UNION WORK IN MARBLE FIRM

Protest Does Not Bring Any Action

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Time and again many workers have said that our present craft unions are incapable of solving the workers' problems.

The following example is an instance: On the north side of Taylor Ave., between Archer St. and Wood Ave., Bronx, seven three family brick houses are being erected.

The tile-setting was done by the Murray Hill Tile and Marble Co. of 2713 East Tremont Ave., Bronx.

Union tile-setters worked on the kitchen and bathroom walls. The kitchen floors and the bathroom floors were done by non-union labor.

One day the union tile-setters came for the job and found the non-union help there. They told all the other workers employed in these buildings of this fact.

None of the other workers could do anything for the union tilesetters without the permission of their respective business agents. Nothing was done and the non-union tile-setters finished their work while the other union men had to look on.

This is a typical instance which occurs in the building trades at present.

It is about time that union conditions were enforced on the jobs. If there ever was a time it is right now

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied
With Play.

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau Thierry
May Wirth, Phil & Family
in BIG FREE CIRCUS
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'way
Wis. 1789
CAPT. H. A. SNOW'S "HUNTING BIG GAME IN AFRICA"
THRILLING—AMAZING—REAL
and "ARCTIC SEAL HUNT"

FARMER RUNS AMUCK.

SYDNEY, Australia, July 20 (UP).—Thomas Walker, retired farmer of Bendigo, ran amuck today and shot and killed his wife and two other persons, set fire to his farm house and committed suicide.

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SUGGESTIONS
LENINISM—By J. Stalin $2.50
FOUNDATIONS OF IMPERIALIST POLICY—By M. Pavlovitch 1.10
DIARY OF A COMMUNIST SCHOOLBOY—By Ognyov 2.50
HISTORY OF THE FIRST INTERNATIONAL—By G. M. Stekloff 3.50
ILLUSTRATED HISTORY OF THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION 2.50
MISLEADERS OF LABOR—By Wm. Z. Foster 1.25
REPORT OF THE FIFTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE C. P. S. U. .... .60
ORGANIZATION OF A WORLD PARTY—By Osip Piatnitsky .... .15
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33 FIRST STREET NEW YORK CITY

Milliners Pledge Their Support to Big Shop Canference Relief of Striking Miners

CHAIRWOMEN OF LOCAL 43 TO AID THURSDAY MEET

Militant N. Y. Workers Rally to Call

At a meeting held late last week at the Stuyvesant Casino the shop chairwomen of Local 43, Millinery Workers Union, heartily endorsed the shop delegates conference for miners relief to be held Thursday at 6 o'clock at Bryant Hall, 42nd St. and 6th Ave., and pledged the support of their shops to the extent of taking immediate charge of the election of delegates.

Progressive workers throughout the city are rallying more strongly than ever to the support of the striking miners and their families. With the abject and spineless surrender of Lewis and his district corruptionists logically following his fifteen months of do-nothing policy of constant retreat and the militant call for the formation of a new union rising spontaneously from tens of thousands of miners completely disillusioned with the decadent United Mine Workers, the furnishing of food, tents and medical aid become of even more importance than heretofore. The formation of a new miners' union is of the utmost importance to the whole labor movement, it presenting an unbroken front at the front line of the bosses' open-shop drive. Only if the miners and their families are fed and sheltered, if medical aid is provided, will they march on to victory under the banner of militant unionism.

The shop and factory workers from 14th to 59th St., realizing the grave import of the new union call, will respond by the hundreds to the Miners' Relief Conference of July 26. Already milliners, dressmakers, furriers and cloakmakers have endorsed the action of the Provisional Committee in calling the conference. All shops and factories are urged to elect delegates for this urgent conference, which will convene to consider ways and means on how best to support the army of miners and their families on the front of the open-shop war.

N. Y. YOUTH AIDS MILL WORKERS

Send $175 to Textile Strikers

The Youth Conference for Miners' and Textile Relief has sent along with its representative P. Frankfeld to New Bedford, Mass., a check for $175 for relief to the striking textile workers. This is the first contribution made to the striking textile workers. The Youth Relief Conference expects to send many more hundreds of dollars in the immediate future.

Frankfeld, in presenting the check to the textile workers, brought greetings from the 55 young worker and student organizations affiliated with the Youth Conference. He spoke briefly to the strikers at both their mass meetings Sunday, July 22nd. His speech was interspersed with applause. When he handed over the check to the chairman the strikers cheered.

The Youth Conference has sent in over $5,500 for relief to the striking miners. The Youth Conference has made its first contribution to the support of the textile workers and will hold a tag day this coming Saturday, July 28th, for the miners and textile workers.

This sign of solidarity on the part of the New York working youth will be followed up with many and more generous contributions for the relief of the textile workers.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Harlem I. L. D.

The Harlem I. L. D. will meet tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 143 E. 103rd St. Subject, campaign to release Mooney and Billings.

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Working Women's Council.

The regular meeting of the Central Body of the United Council of Working Women will be held on Thursday evening, July 26th, at the Workers Center, 6th floor, Room 3, at [illegible] p. m.

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[illegible] Bronze Workers Meet.

[illegible] quarterly meeting of the union will be held this evening, at 7 East 15th Street, at 8 p. m.

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Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at [illegible] 30 sharp August 2, 1928. At this conference the [illegible] of war, and the methods to be used in fighting the war danger will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women's organizations are invited to send [illegible], and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

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Volunteers For I. L. D.

Volunteers are wanted at the National Office of the International Defense, 80 East 11th St., Room 403, [illegible] between 9:30 a. m. and 6 p. m.

I. L. D. Outing.

[illegible] outing will be held on Saturday, [illegible] 11 at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay [illegible] Bronx, under the auspices of [illegible] New York Section, International [illegible] Defense. Take Bronx Park [illegible] or "L" to 177th St., then take [illegible] car to end of line. Free [illegible] to park.

Former Champion in Ballyhoo Act for Heavyweight Challenger

Jack Dempsey, former heavyweight champion, has joined the publicity staff which is helping to build a reputation for Tom Heeney, New Zealand boxer, who will meet Gene Tunney for the title in the Yankee Stadium Thursday night. Heeney has been little better than a mediocrity in the past, but thousands of suckers will pay fancy prices to see him perform Thursday. Photo shows the ex-champion on the left and Heeney on the right at the challenger's training camp.

'RED ESSEX' GETS A BIG WELCOME

Continued from Page One

tion for relief at the republican convention, a group of them declared that no farmers had taken part in the demonstration. They denounced farmers co-operatives, union for workers and labor parties. The solution of the labor problem was for them just a matter of individual effort on the part of each farmer.

When we had finally obtained our quota, we had talked with probably about 90 per cent of all proletarians in the county. And we certainly had to use all of our persuasive abilities on them.

As for the small merchants—though the summer resort business has fallen off tremendously this year on account of the unemployment in New York—they were still unable to see their growing community of interest with the working class.

Italians, Negroes, Give Support

Thus far we have found the greatest support coming from the Italians and Negroes. Thus we are demonstrating that the basis of a Workers Party is among the most exploited class of workers.

Unemployment is to be found in every city of the state. The plank in the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party demanding unemployment relief has ben of great help in obtaining signatures.

The extreme weakness of the unions has also been a detriment to us. When we mention the desire of the Workers (Communist) Party to organize unions, workers are often repelled. They have been disillusioned by the American-Federation-of-Labor kind of unionism. Many declare that they would never join another union. Such was the case in Troy, where an unorganized strike of collar workers was won in three days. After the strike was over, none of them would listen to proposals to form a union.

Propose Workers' Council

Instead, we proposed in a Daily Worker story that a factory workers 'council be formed. Members of the Workers (Communist) Party in Troy will continue this agitation.

VOTE BUYING TO BREAK RECORDS

$30,000,000 to Be Spent By Old Parties

Continued from Page One

a portion of what is really expended. The reported total, moreover, does not include the millions spent throughout the country in the various state fights for the election of congressmen and other officials.

$3,000,000 In All.

Informed observers are willing to wager that fully $30,000,000 will be expended this year by both old parties. The contributions as in the past will undoubtedly be made by the same large corporations to both old parties, their purpose being to maintain control of both political machines.

• • •

May Name "Socialist."

The Executive Committee of the Democratic Party of New York State met yesterday afternoon and decided to hold its state convention in Rochester, October 1 and 2.

Rumers are current that George R. Lunn, former socialist and now a member of the up-state corrupt public service commission, will be pushed for the nomination for governor on the Tammany ticket.

Raskob to Turn "Democrat."

It was disclosed yesterday that John J. Raskob, open-ship, Morgan-connected, chairman of the Al Smith election campaign committee will become a "democrat" by being voted into the National Democratic Club. Raskob is now a member of the National Republican Club. The change will no taffect his politics, a witty politician was overheard to remark.

Raskob was proposed to the Democratic Club by George J. Atwell, its president and seconded by William F. Kenny, an old crony of Al Smith who is also a large holder of traction and power stocks. Another seconder was John F. Gilchrist, chairman of the New York State Transit Commission, and likewise an immediate follower the Tammany governor

YANKS LOSE DESPITE BABE RUTH'S 40TH

(By United Press)

Babe Ruth hit his fortieth home run of the season in the Yankee-Red Sox game yesterday, but the Yanks were unable to overcome an early lead. The Red Sox won, 8 to 3. Huggins used three pitchers in attempting to silence the Boston artillery.

Philadelphia's winning streak was halted when Milt Gaston let the Athletics down with six hits. The Washington Senators won by hitting Rommel and Grove freely. The score was 5 to 0.

• • •

The National League schedule allowed six teams to take a day off Monday, and the Pittsburgh-Brooklyn battle for the leadership of the second division occupied the spotlight.

Fussell and McWeeney waged a pitchers' duel, the Pirates winning, 2 to 1. Fussell gave Brooklyn six hits. McWeeney yielded five. The victory put the Pirates within five percentage points of Brooklyn.

• • •

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League
Pitsburgh, 2; Brooklyn, 1.
No others scheduled.

American League
Boston, 8; New York, 3.
Washington, 5; Philadelphia, 0.
St. Louis, 10; Cleveland, 0.
No other games scheduled.

• • •

U. S. OLYMPIC COACH PESSIMISTIC

After clocking the sprinters and distance men, Lawson Robertson, head coach of the American Olympic team, grew pessimistic over the chances of breaking any records when the Olympic Games open. Robertson blames the climate, the muggy atmosphere, which is caused by the fact that Amsterdam is almost level with the sea, which is affecting the American team.

FASCISTS WORE MATE'S CLOTHES

Krassin Heroes to Visit United States

Continued from Page One

Krassin, wore clothes belonging to Dr. Finn Malmgren, Swedish meterologist, who was left to die on the ice by Zappi and Capt. Albert Mariano.

This was revealed today by the correspondent of Tass, the Soviet news agency, aboard the Krassin. Zappi wore two pairs of trousers, two suits of underwear and three pairs of socks when he was taken aboard the Krassin, the Tass correspondent states. He also had with him a compass belonging to Dr. Malmgren. Mariano, Zappi's companion, wore only one pair of pants, one suit of underwear and two pairs of socks.

Zappi also refused to turn over letters entrusted to Malmgren by Prof. F. Behounek, Czecho-Slovakian meterologist, before the walking party of Malmgren and the two Italians started over the ice to bring aid to the others.

the fascist Nobile expedition rescued by the Soviet ice-breaker

CONFER ON NEW TEXTILE UNION

More Regional Parleys to Be Held

Continued from Page One

Relief. Textile militants from New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island, representing centers such as Manchester, Nachua, Concord, Fitchburg, Maynard, Lowell, Lawrence, Adams, North Adams, Salem, Waltham, New Bedford, Fall River, Providence, Pawtucket, Woonsocket, Arctic, Natio, Taunton, and the Connecticut Valley and Blackstone Valley districts will attend this conference.

Weisbord To Report.

The third preliminary conference will be held Sunday afternoon at 2:30 p. m., August 5 in Philadelphia, 531 North 7th Street, the meeting place of the district Trade Union Educational League. Active textile workers from Wilmington, Chester, Kensington, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Phillipsburg, Trenton, and from the anthracite counties of Pennsylvania will be present.

In all of these conferences there will be a report by Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mill Committees and following a discussion on this report, the conference will work out the immediate steps to be taken to insure the success of the national convention to build a new textile union.

U. S. WILL AID NANKING GOV'T.

Recognition Soon Is Seen

Continued from Page One

conference will be a virtual recognition of the Nanking government, since the powers will unite in dealing with it as the official government of China.

Intimations are that the United States has a program of its demands which it will submit to the proposed conference ahead of the other powers.

• • •

Northern Troops Mutiny

SHANGHAI, July 23.—Five thousand soldiers, former troops of Chang-Tsun-Chang, military governor of Shantung, who had recently been incorporated into the Nanking armies, mutinied yesterday in a battle which lasted 18 hours.

During the fighting foreign powers seized on the opportunity to land patrols from their battleships.

Driving out the Nanking commander, who took refuge aboard a British vessel, the troops rapidly gained control of Cheffo and hauled down the Nanking banner.

The first act of the new authorities was to close the Bank of Communications which handles the commercial relations of the port. The manager of the bank was arrested.

Chang-Tsun-Chang ie believed to be on his way to Chefoo aboard a gunboat flying the northern flag.

• • •

U. S. Sailor Wounded

SHANGHAI, July 23—One American sailor was wounded accidentally during fighting last night between the nationalists and forces of General Chang-Chung-Chang, reports from Chefoo said today.

STRIKE FILM TO BE SHOWN AT BIG MINE AID AFFAIR

Solidarity Parade to Feature Aug. 5 Fair

The first showing of the moving pictures taken of scenes of the miners' strike in Pennsylvania and Ohio will be made at Pleasant Bay Park on August 5th, at the Miners' Solidarity Fair being conducted by the National Miners' Relief Committee of 799 Broadway. There, the release of the film will be one of the outstanding features of an evening's entertainment destined to be unique among picnics.

As soon as evening falls, a huge Solidarity Parade will form at one end of the wide green with banners and slogans expressing the unflinching solidarity of New York workers with their striking brothers and sisters of the mine fields. Various workers' clubs and trade unions will line up en masse in the parade, among them the Working Women's Federation and Councils of Workingclass Women. As the parade will get under way, a moving picture operator will "shoot" the march. The film will then be added to the movies of the miners' strike, making a complete picture for national release.

The program will be made extremely colorful by the mass singing in native costumes by Hungarian, Lithuanian and Ukrainian workers, and also native dances, such as the popular Polish national dance by eight dancers. The affair will be international in more than one aspect, it including the foods of many nationalities. "Schachlik" will be served a la carte.

The solidarity of all progressive New York workers with the striking miners has, if possible, increased tremendously since the call for the convention to form a new miners' union, and an attendance of at least 20,000 workers is expected. Tickets may be bought for 35 cents each at the office of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Room 237. To all organizations buying blocks of 100 tickets or more, a special price of 20 cents each is being charged.

HEADS SELL OUT SHIRT STRIKE IN PERTH AMBOY

Partial Victory Won In Spite of This

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., July 23.—The young shirt workers of the Jaco Co., on strike against a wage-cut and speed-up here for two weeks today, won a partial victory over the bosses this morning, in spite of the betrayal on the part of the Amalgamated organizers. On Friday 32 girls returned to work after a secret conference between Mr. Stern, an official of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, and the operator, Schwartz. This conference was not authorized by the strike committee and met with great disapproval from the strikers.

Because of the insistence of the returned strikers, Veronica Kovacs, militant strike leader, was given back her job. For the same reason other girls were given back their jobs. These were originally eliminated by the readjustments made Friday. For those girls who were least militant the owner of Jaco Co. gave a "party."

All the girls are angry, nevertheless, at the action and attitude of the Amalgamated officials. The girls declare the strike a sell-out. Mr. Stern of the Amalgamated said Friday that he would do as he pleased and not listen to the strike committee. It is known that the same Mr. Stern told the boss to take the girls back and pay the old wage-scale, miserable as it was, and that at the end of two weeks to effect the wage-cut he had originally intended to put over. The wages ranged from $4 to $12 and, in few instances, reaching $18 and $20 per week.

Mr. Stern and Mr. Monas, both of the Amalgamated, did not show up to a meting that was planned with the strike committee, although they had promised to be there.

The girls are ready to fight on despite the treacherous sell-out by the Amalgamated officials. The Young Workers (Communist) League stands ready to aid them at any time.

Explosion in Grocery Injures Three Persons

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 23 (UP).—Six persons were seriously injured when a gas explosion wrecked the John Nick grocery store here late today.

Three of the injured were water-works employes who were working in the basement. They were buried undr debris but were rascued alive.

German Employment On Steady Decrease

BERLIN, July 23.—The number of unemployed in Germany is steadily increasing. The increase in the number of partly unemployed is especially great.

At present the partly paid members of the textile labor unions amounts to 22 per cent of the total membership; among the leather workers 22 per cent; in footwear trades 53 per cent; and in clothing 15 per cent of the total membership.

Negro Radical Patents a New Lock Invention

Henry Charlemagne, a Negro worker living in Anse-A-Vieux, Haiti, and a member of the Haitian Patriotic Union of America, one of the best known Negro radical and anti-imperialist organizations in the world, has just received from Washington the patent on his most recent invention.

It is a combination lock, that is listed in Washington as Serial No. 1,673,411.

British Cable Merger Extends Round World

LONDON, July 23.—A merger, just completed, has enlarged the British cable monopoly by an additional 8,000 miles of lines with 22 stations.

Workers Party Activities

Section 7 Meeting.

The campaign committee of Section 7 will meet Thursday, 8 p. m. at campaign headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn. All chairmen of committees representing organizations in the campaign should not fail to attend.

• • •

Unit 4 Section 7.

Unit 4 Section 7 meets tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 1940 Benson Ave. The election campaign will be discussed.

• • •

International Branch 1.

International Branch 1 will hold an educational meeting tomorrow at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place, N. Y. All members are urged to be present.

• • •

Executive Subsection 3C.

The executive committee of Sub-Section 3C will hold a meeting tomorrow at 101 W. 27th St. at 6:30 p. m.

• • •

Sections 2 & 3.

The speakers class arranged by Sections 2 and 3 will start today at 3 p. m. at 101 West 27th Street. Ray Ragozin will be the instructor. All comrades who wish to join the class must report Tuesday.

• • •

Unit 3E 1F.

A very important meeting will be held of Unit 3E 1F today at 6:15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. Every comrade must be present. The roll call will be taken.

• • •

Unit 3E 2F.

The Unit 3E 2F will have a very important meeting tomorrow at 6:15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. All comrades must be present and on time. Roll call will be taken.

• • •

Campaign Discussion, B. 1, Sec. 5.

Everyone interested in the issues of the election campaign should attend the discussion at the headquarters of Branch 1, Section 5 today at 715 East 138th St., at 8:00 p. m. Prominent speakers will address the meeting. Discussion will follow from the floor.

• • •

Brooklyn Speakers Class.

The speakers class being held by Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold its first session today at the section headquarters, 764 40th St., Boro Park. The class starts at 8 p. m., but all who wish to attend regularly should be at the meeting room at 7:45 p. m. promptly.

• • •

Daily Worker Agents, Section 7.

A conference of unit and subsection Daily Worker agents will be held today at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

• • •

Joint Industrial Conference of Sections 2 & 3.

A joint industrial conference of Sections 2 and 3 will be held today at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th Street. All unit and subsection industrial organizers as well as representatives of the leading committees of the Party fractions of the I. L. G. W. U., Furriers, Millinery, Fancy Leather Goods and Office Workers must attend. A district representative will be present.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

• • •

Party Membership Meeting.

The comrades in the units are asked to take note of the fact that there will be a Party membership meeting Wednesday, August 1st at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. No other meetings are to be arranged to conflict with this date.

Note is also to be taken of the fact that on Saturday afternoon, August 4, the anniversary of the World War opening, there will be an open air demonstration at Union Square under the auspices of the Workers Party. All units are to make arrangements for mobilizing masses of workers to attend.

District Executive Committee, District 2, John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

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Assistant Editor..........WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!
For the Workers!

Mexican Workers! On Guard!

No amount of capitalist newspaper ink and no amount of credulity on the part of unwary workers can make Luis N. Morones a representative of the Mexican working class. Mr. Morones, as a "leader" of the Mexican workers, represents the influence of the Mexican petty-bourgeoisie over the unripe sections of the workers, and represents Mr. Morones' own political career in delivering Mexican workers' support to causes other than that of the Mexican working class.

Morones—an outright careerist and a typical yellow trade union bureaucrat—is as much a tool of United States imperialism as any man who could be found in Mexico—if this does not entirely appear at present, it is only because of his limited opportunities.

But the resignation of Morones from the cabinet of President Calles, where he sat as minister of industry, commerce and labor as a reward for his reactionary influence in the labor movement, is a result of pressure from the clerical reaction on the Calles administration.

Was there ever a stranger political anomaly than this? Clerical reaction murdered Obregon. Now, the same clerical reaction succeeds in mobilizing the strongest forces in its own support with the cry of vengeance for the murder of Obregon! The fact that Morones had a political careerist quarrel with Obregon and that Obregon had refused, it is said, to include Morones in the new cabinet to be formed, is not enough to explain it. No amount of hysterical lying by the reactionary press can cover up the fact that the clerical and landlord reaction inspired and carried through the assassination of Obregon. The confession of the assassin was the confession of a religious fanatic in trying to justify an assassination for political purposes. For months the open threats of murder made by clerical leaders against Obregon had filled the press, and after the assassination, boasts came from the same source. The statements of Zertuche, chief of police in charge of the case, showed step by step the trail of the black robe of the clerical party in the murder. If Mr. Zertuche is later terrified into contrary statements, he will have a hard time making a plausible story. The church-and-landlord reaction murdered Obregon.

Now the church-and-landlord reaction is having its own way in stirring up the man-hunt for its political enemies on the basis of pretended vengeance for the murder. It is absolutely certain that some extraordinary power is lending assistance to this reaction. This reaction, a few months ago, defeated in bloody counter-revolution and in wild flight, is today apparently the strongest force in Mexican politics. Calles, plainly showing in the beginning that he knew the clerical forces committed the assassination, appears now afraid or unwilling to touch the Catholic reaction, but ready to obey its demand for a smashing drive against the forces of the working class. Already he has given in to the clerical demand for the ousting of what are called "labor men" from office.

It is not difficult to discern what force it is that gives the church-and-landlord reaction its strange forcefulness in this situation. The United States bankers during these several months have been putting pressure upon both Obregon and Calles to "make peace" with the church and to break up the relationship of forces in which Calles and Obregon were forced to fall back upon the arms of the working class and peasantry. The pressure of Ambassador Morrow had already made big headway with Obregon. Already the United States ambassador was assuming the right to dictate policy to Calles and to the incoming president-elect, before the assassination. Dispatches indicate that Morrow assumed a more arrogant attitude than ever after Obregon's death.

Now, under the influence of Morrow, the assassination of Obregon is being made the long looked for excuse for an exterminating drive against the labor movement and the peasantry. Morones, insignificant instrument of stronger men, is not the real object of attack, but only a convenient scapegoat. Can anyone imagine the United States bankers, in assuming control of Mexico, letting the clerical and landlord elements be sacrificed to the advantage of the working class and peasants? No, the workers and peasants of Mexico are the coveted slaves whom the United States bankers want to render helpless for exploitation. The church and the reactionary landlords, having also the lust to exploit these same workers and peasants, are too valuable allies of United States imperialism to be sacrificed. Under the new "friendship" of the Mexican politicians with the Wall Street bankers, the church is to be white-washed—and probably we are on the eve of a blood-bath for the working class.

The working class and peasants of Mexico are probably in for one of the severest trials of their history.

The revolution of Mexico can only be a revolution in so far as it is directed to driving the United States imperialists out of that country and at the same time to crush the power of the clergy and landlords. This is essentially the task of the workers and peasants. Other class elements that have had an interest in smashing up the power of the landlords and clargy, now show themselves completely suborned to the Yankee imperialists. The diplomatic art of Morrow has succeeded in subverting all other elements and isolating the working class and the poorest peasants.

The Mexican working class must prepare for the task of taking over the revolution into its own proletarian hands. Only the exploited peasants can travel the present road with the Mexican workers. The Communist Party of Mexico has big work ahead of it. It must undertake to shape the alliance of workers and peasants that will become the all-dominating force of the revolution and sweep away the parasites.

United States imperialism is and will remain its most powerful as well as its most deadly enemy.

The workers of the United States must be the readiest to help the Mexican workers and peasants to defeat the colossus of the North, which is in the act of swallowing Mexico.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

(Address all communications to Editor, Campaign Corner, 43 E. 125th St., New York.)

• • •

Comrade B. H. Lauderdale sends word from Texas that preparations for the state convention soon to be held are being completed. Under the Texas law parties go on the ballot by holding state conventions.

• • •

The fastest job getting out petitions anywhere was that of Comrade Oehler in Arkansas. Arriving in Little Rock Thursday, he had secured full details of the requirements of the law and had his petitions in circulation by Saturday.

Looks as though we will be on the ballot in Arkansas with our presidential electors and a full state ticket. The law requires petitions signed by 50 to 1,000 voters for each candidate.

• • •

We note that Smith is still on the front page of the World, although it must be admitted that he has sunk pretty low. This time he has resorted to lay bricks as a publicity stunt. Wonder how high up on the page he would have been had he laid a—no, not an egg—a brick. Although Al may be from the sidewalks of New York, who ever heard of him as a bricklayer anyway.

As a bricklayer Smith certainly makes a good president of any trucking corporation. It isn't every trucking corporation president who can boast that during his administration the city of New York conveniently decided to abolish several of its public markets, thus giving the trucking corporation an opportunity to extend its public service facilities without increasing the price of fresh foods too sharply.

• • •

Seems as though Al knows the game better than Herbert. While Herb is wasting time and money fooling around with expensive publicity agents who don't get much results, Al has organied a private menagerie which furnishes him much food for publicity. Besides this Al has a whole bag of other little tricks. Just watch and enjoy the fun, too.

• • •

The Workers (Communist) Party is in this election campaign to mobilize the working class for a fight against the capitalist class and their government.

• • •

If matters continue to go from bad to worse in Flint and more workers commence to go out on strike Mr. Raskob may find himself too busy strikebreaking to bother with campaign managing. Smith, being a man of the people, might disown Raskob and appoint a new campaign manager. This would be a striking piece of publicity, sure to land him on the front page of every paper in the country, but then what would happen to that $3,000,000 campaign fund that Wall Street must supply.

• • •

The honor of sending in the first donation to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund from the state of Massachusetts falls to Harry Batle of Orange, who forwarded a two-dollar bill together with a two-cent stamp for postage on his receipt.

• • •

The first lot of buttons is going so fast that the National Committee is considering an order for another quarter million. Any suggestions or drawings showing an improvement in design over the first button will be gratefully received.

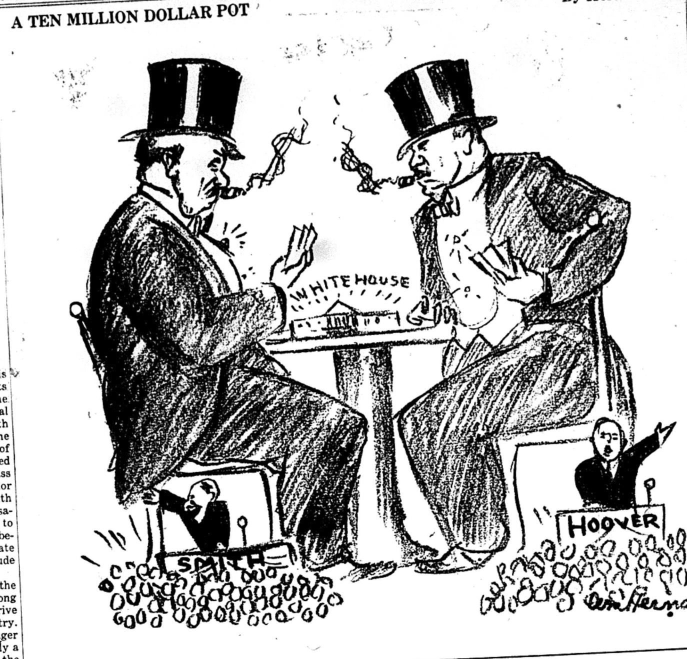
• • •

Comrade Starr sends word from Bismarck, North Dakota, that a mass meeting of the membership of the agricultural district, comprising the states of North and South Dakota and Montana, has been called for July 22.

Petitions for North Dakota are already in circulation, and Starr hopes to have the South Dakota petitions out without a few days more.

A TEN MILLION DOLLAR POT

By Hermandez



Slaughter of Vienna Workers

(Photo on Page 3)

When the Social Democracy of Austria Proved An Ally of the Fascists

On the 15th of July, 1927, armed police in Vienna slaughtered 86 unarmed working men, women and children. Added to this horrifying figure, many hundreds were wounded by the dum-dum soft-nosed bullets used by the police which inflicted horrible wounds.

The July events in Vienna and the great victory of armed police over unarmed demonstrators are of great significance for the proletarian movement. A year after the events which caused a sensation in the whole world, it is possible to review the political significance of those few hectic days which to optimists seemed to be the beginning of new revolutionary uprisings.

Social Traitors.

The social democracy of Austria was considered to be a strong bulwark against the counter-revolution. It was powerful in the army, had arms at its disposal, controlled a republican guard in the shape of the Scutzbund, the social democratic workers' defense league, and it controlled the town parliament. Further it had a decisive influence in the National Council. But the reformism of Renner stifled these forces in the heavy atmosphere of parliamentarism. The social democracy entered the coalition and sacrificed its influence over the army. Organizations of reactionary ex-soldiers and fascists took the initiative and the weak and vacillating attitude of the social democracy strengthened them morally in the eyes of their backers and brought them also organizational success. The results were not long in showing themselves. The employers commenced to use the nationalist organizations as strike-breaking reserves. The factories were cleaned as far as possible from social democrats and individual social democrats and members of the Scutzbund were beaten to an ever increasing extent on the streets, etc., by members of the fascist and nationalist organiations. Such phenomena show themselves everywhere where the proletariat, infected by bourgeois - democratic illusions, leaves the straight line of the class struggle.

In this atmosphere came the Schattendorf murders. The social democrats had arranged a party meeting in Schattendorf. The fascists arranged a meeting for the same day in the same place and called in reinforcements from Vienna and the surrounding neighborhood. A collision occurred between the social democrats and the fascists. The victors were the fascists who were armed.

A war invalid and a little boy were killed by a volley fired unexpectedly from ambush into the rear of the social democratic meeting. Five seriously injured workers had to be carried to the hospital. Not one single fascist was injured. That was in January, 1927.

The brutal and unprovoked murders (both the killed were shot in mendous wave of indignation, strikes and mass - demonstrations occurred. Three of the fascists were arrested and put on trial. The public prosecutor asked the court to condemn the accused, but declared very emphatically that the greater part of the responsibility must rest on the shoulders of the social democrats who, according to the prosecutor, had provoked the collision (the murdered are of course guilty). The jury acquitted the accused completely with 7 votes against 5 on the ground that they had acted in self defense.

This incredible provocation drove the masses onto the streets. A tremendous demonstration took place in Vienna. The police attacked the demonstrators with bare sabres and took advantage of the ensuing confusion to fire on the demonstrators. Flying women and children were shot down like mad dogs on the streets. There was no resistance worthy of the name, for the workers were unarmed against the fierce volleys of the police. It is true the Palace of Justice and one police station were burned out, but what the incendiaries were is unknown to this day. One thing is certain however, the police had commenced to fire on the masses and had even routed the republican Schutzbund which appeared on the streets to "restore order," long before the Palace of Justice was set on fire.

Mass Arrests.

The bloody day's harvest was 86 dead and hundreds of wounded, the number of the wounded cannot be given with exactitude for many of the wounded were treated privately. When the storm had subsided bourgeois class justice commenced to glean. Mass arrests were made, but despite zealous spying and reckless building up of indictments, most of the arrested had to be released sooner or later without having been brought to trail.

The authorities corrected the jury lists and managed in this way to obtain a number of verdicts against the arrested. Before the Vienna juries it was light work for the defense to prove that the statements of the police were lying and perjured and that the protocols put forward as evidence had been manufactured by the police, so that in all cases the accused were acquitted.

The political attitude of the social democracy in the whole affair was lamentable. When the fury of the workers was at its height the social democratic leaders assured them that the police would not be permitted to slaughter unarmed men, women and children with impunity. They promised to overthrow the government, set up a committee of investigation and form a republican security service to take over the maintenanc of order out of the hands of the police.

As is usual with social democratic promises, nothing at all of these brave words was ever put into action. In order to hold the masses in their parliamentary-democratic illusions the social democratic leaders compromised at the first opportunity, righteously rejected all non-parliamentary means and energetically attacked—the Communists!

This attitude completed the victory of the fascists and nationalists. Today the leaders of the social democratic party of Austria are sorrowing that the Austrian army is completely reactionary and that the fascists and nationalists dominate the streets.

That is the irony of the situation. The social democratic leaders wanted law and order on the streets, because they were afraid of the masses, who for the most part are their own supporters. Only in parliament the social democracy wanted to fight victoriously. And the bourgeoisie, the traditional protagonists of parliamentarism who theoretically reject the class struggle, formed illegal organizations, armed them, and now control the streets. At the conferences of the fascist and nationalist organizations the use of armed force against something which is termed "Marxism" is openly advocated. The traditional right of asylum no longer exists in Austria today, and in the last few days the Austrian prime minister the priest Seipel has openly concluded a pact with Mussolini.

The lessons of the blood bath in Vienna on the 15th of July, 1927, are clear enough today. Reformism in policy and tactics was the prelude to the Schattendorf murders and to the acquittal of the accused, and the same attitude of the social democracy towards the murderous beastliness of the police on the 15th of July paved the way for the growth and strengthening of fascism in Austria.

Wrong Way to Organize Reading Circles

By A. GUSAKOFF.

Mistakes Frequently Made in This Important Branch of Party Work

SINCE the plan for the organization of reading circles has already been adopted, after a thorough discussion at a joint meeting of the agitprops and literature agents, held some time ago, and we are at present confronted with the practical task of actually putting this plan into life. We should expect some confusion as well as certain difficulties in the practical application of this plan, since after all, this is a new plan, and it takes some time until there is a clear understanding of it. But what is surprising is the fact that the difficulties are mostly of a technical nature, and not because of disagreement, or misunderstanding of policy. It is therefore important that the difficulties with which certain units and sections are confronted in their attempt to organize such circles be taken up and pointed out, so that there be more clarity and understanding of the steps to be taken in the organization of circles. And that certain dangers be avoided. It is important to take up these errors, which are most frequently repeated, and which at the same time touch upon the main basis of their foundation, endangering their existence right at the beginning of their organization We must point out how not to organize reading circles.

Our Mistakes.

One of the mistakes so frequently repeated by our comrades in variour sections, is the tendency to substitute the unit educational meetings with reading circles, the plan to organize the reading of certain pamphlets, as soon as the "business part" of the meeting is over. Such a tendency shows a misconception and a lack of understanding of the entire plan and purpose of reading circles and tends to overlook many dangers as for instance the danger of tending too much towards the study of a certain pamphlet, or subject, at the same time neglecting entirely the discussion of current events, party campaigns, problems and issues of the labor movement etc. That means divorcing the comrades from the every day activities and life of the party, and taking on more and more a form of a "study circle" of the old type caliber against which the party fought so much. Reading circles are not to interfere with regular educational meetings of the units. The meeting of the members of such circles should take place on a different night, and not on the meeting night of the party unit. Reading, study and discussion circles, are not to be considered a part of our inner party activity only, but is to be considered as a part of our every day work in reaching many workers and bringing them into the movement should be considered as an important method of making workers better fighters for the working class movement by combining theoretical knowledge with practical work.

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THE other error which is at present being made, by almost all of our sections, which began to organize such circles, consists in the fact that they limit them to party members only. This is altogether wrong. Such narrow limitations are entirely against the entire plan and purpose of such circles. Such a basis does not justify the organization of these circles. I believe, that if our comrades would read the bulletin on the organization of reading circles carefully, they would avoid many errors be aware of all the dangers, and would learn how to avoid them. I will just quote the passage in the bulletin dealing with this particular point, since I believe that the bulletin gives it in a very clear and definite form. In paragraph 3 of the bulletin we find the following: "As broad masses of workers as possible should be reathed and included in circles. Non-party workers should make up a big majority of circles though party members should be drawn into the greatest possible extent." This I believe makes the entire issue clear. There are a few more errors which are being made now and then. Errors, which are of great importance, since they can be detrimental to the growth and development of the circles. Errors not only of technicalities, but also of orientation and conception of the entire plan. As for instance theories propounded by some of our comrades that we should not organize Reading Circles, since we are no underground party, etc. All these errors can be avoided, if our comrades will follow the instructions and confer with the agitprop and literature departments before undertaking the formation of such circles We must be very careful, and try to avoid many unnecessary complications, which will only be a hindrance to our progress.

More attention to the formation of reading circles should be our slogan. More clarity on this question. Units, sub-sections and sections should organize discussions on this question. We must try to link up the organization of reading circles with the election campaign. And utilize the election campaign for the formation of circles, as well as utilize the circles for the election campaign. We must know how not to organize Reading Circles!

Told You So

THAT Al Smith has no monopoly on corporation magnates as financial directors was proven by the selection of Jeremiah Milbank as the Eastern treasurer to raise dough for Hoover's vote-buying campaign. Milbank is a director in as many corporations and trusts as John J. Raskob. This should be a big year for fellows with blocks of votes to sell. The notoriety that Illinois and Pennsylvania shared in the last senatorial elections will be spread out all over the country this year.

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AMERICAN citizens who are accustomed to making an honest ten dollar bill in elections may decide to organize this year and raise the price of their ballots. The capitalist political industry was never in a more prosperous condition. There is nothing that helps honest business as much as keeping money in circulation. Soon selling votes may be as lucrative a business as selling fire crackers on the Fourth of July. Brokerage houses may be established that will make a specialty of buying votes in advance from indignant citizens and make the politicians pay through the nose on election days. In the near future we may see headlines in the papers relating to some "former newsboy who used to sell papers on Park Row, corners vote market and can name president." Nothing is impossible in this free country.

• • •

IT'S the flivver against the Chevrolet in this election campaign. Smith's campaign headquarters have been moved into the General Motors building and soon we may hear that Hoover has transferred his to the Ford factory in Detroit. Ford backs Hoover; General Motors backs Smith. With Ford's belt system in operation in the campaign soon the Hoover "workers" may be coming home after a day's work as weary as the slaves of the Ford factory do now.

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THIS is not such a heartless world after all. Ask G. Maurice Heckscher? He Knows. G. M. H. is the son of old man August, who recently collected considerable notoriety over a lawsuit brought against him by a diva, who tried to dive into his pocket for the neat honorarium of $40,000 for the rest of her life, in return for an occasional warble. The diva presumably caught the old fellow off his guard on a moonlight night while crossing the Atlantic. But that's another story.

• • •

HIS son, being one of those business men with imagination, went into bankruptcy leaving $3,000,000 worth of creditors shedding tears. The creditors took various legal steps to have something from the wreckage. It might look to the average scissorbill who owes a week's room rent that living would be impossible for a fellow who owes three million. But this is only one of the many proletarian delusions that keeps the working class where they are. As a matter of fact the bankrupt was only slightly inconvenienced and he did not deny himself a single frankfurter because of his financial miscarriage.

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NOW comes the creditors' lawyers to court seeking relief for his clients and demands that all but $12,000 of the income from a trust fund goes to his clients. He figured that Heckscher could live comfortably on $12,000 a year. Supreme Court Justice Frankenthaler was highly indignant. He said: "The court would be extremely hesitant to grant the plaintiff relief which will deprive the defendant of a so substantial portion of an income established for him by a third party and compel him to reduce his scale of living to fit an arbitrary estimate." Mr. Heckscher formerly lived at the rate of $150,000 a year. Figure out for yourself how much is that per diem.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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VIOLENT REACTION NOW THREATENS MEXICAN WORKERS

World Congress of Communist International Discusses Bucharin's Thesis

NEGRO DELEGATE SAYS SOCIALIST PARTY BETRAYS

French Delegates Tell of Work in Army

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 24.—Under the chairmanship of Carlton, the sixth session of the World Congress of the Communist International opened here today with the continuance of Nikolai Bukharin's discussion.

French Imperialism.

Semard declared that the French delegation was in agreement with Bukharin's report and theses but would like to see more emphasis placed on the role of French imperialism. He pointed out that the main aim of French imperialism is to extend its colonial possessions thus intensifying the antagonism with the other imperialist powers Simultaneously it is oppressing the French working class.

The French social democracy is supporting colonial oppression abroad and capitalist rationalization at home.

Semard drew attention to the successful anti-war propaganda which the French Communist Party is conducting among the troops and in the factories so that, when war comes, the imperialist conflict can be turned into a civil war and proletarian revolution.

De Visser of Holland, next declared that the Executive Committee of the Communist International had in several instances failed to act quickly enough. He cited as examples, the British General Strike the Sacco-Vanzetti campaign, etc.

Rogitch, of Yugo-Slavia, declared that his delegation was completely in agreement with Bukharin and was very thankful for the liquidation of anti-Party factional struggles.

Negro Work.

Ford, the Negro delegate of the American delegation, asserted that the American Party was not yet paying sufficient attention to work among the Negroes. In spite of the intolerable exploitation of millions of Negroes, he pointed out that nothing had been done to bring these workers closer to the Party.

"The American socialist party has organized reactionary trade unions in which we are without influence," Ford declared. He further maintained that race prejudices are found even among Party members and that there were not sufficient good directors of Negro work on the

Continued on Page Three

KEEP UP SEARCH, FASCISTS PLEAD

No Ban on Krassin Visit, U. S. Says

MOSCOW, July 24 (UP).—A request that Russia continue her search for the six men who disappeared with the wrecked gas bag of the dirigible Italia was received from the Italian government today, along with an offer of two big seaplanes to assist in the search.

U. S. Not To Welcome.

WASHINGTON, July 24 (UP).—The federal government will not stand in the way of the contemplated visit to the United States of Prof. Samoilovich, head of the Russian relief expedition aboard the Krassin, and Chukhnovsky, Russian air pilot, who assisted in the rescue work following the dirigible Italia's polar flight, it was said in official circles here today.

They must, however, comply with all immigration regulations concerning Russian visitors to this country before they will be granted visas.

Authorities displayed little interest in dispatches saying that arrangements were being made in New York to fete the Russians here. Federal officials can take no part in the welcoming program.

* * *

Start New Search For Amundsen.

OSLO, July 24.—A new search for Roald Amundsen and his five companions, who have been lost since they set out to seek the fascist Nobile expedition June 18, is being organized.

The probable whereabouts of the Amundsen plane has been calculated by the director of the Meteorological Institute at Tromsoe

Helped to Make Workingclass History

A group of delegates to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, standing in front of the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, New York City, and displaying a copy of the Daily Worker announcing the nomination of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow as the standard-bearers of the workers in the coming elections. This convention launched the greatest political campaign that the American working class has ever undertaken. (Photo by George Elson, Cleveland.)

CLAIM OF SANDINO'S 'DEFEAT' NOW EXPOSED

SUPERIOR, Wis., July 24.—The recent claims of Secretary of Navy Wilbur that Sandino has been "defeated" were exposed today by the admission of Wilbur himself that the thousands of marines now in Nicaragua will remain there. This information was given to Coolidge today by the Secretray of the Navy.

Some time ago, the Navy Department denied that Sandino had an army of more than 200 soldiers. Recently, they have reported the "surrender" of about 500 Nicaraguan These claims were shown to be false by the re-enforcements of marines The latest claim of Sandino's "defeat" is shown to be equally false.

When Wilbur annouced the "defeat" of Sandino, he refused to give any details.

It is evident that serious consideration is being given to the real situation in Nicaragua, which is not revealed to the public. Of considerable significance is the fact that Thomas Cochran, partner of J. P Morgan, was present at the conference of Wilbur and President Coolidge.

REPORT POLISH BORDER CLASH

WARSAW, Poland, July 24.—Newspaper accounts report that one Polish soldier was killed and another wounded in a struggle with Lithuanians near the frontier today. The engagement is said to have taken place at Neutroki.

Coming immediately after marshal Pilsudski's review and overt encouragement of his legion during the anniversary exercises at Vilna, the rumored clash on the border is causing intense excitement here, and confirmation of the report is eagerly being awaited.

The government has not as yet issued an official statement and will not until the receipt of further details from the border. It is expected, however, in view of the present administration's attitude towards Lithuania, that relations between the two government's may be seriously strained within the next forty-eight hours.

* * *

Lithuania Aroused.

KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia July 24.—A wholly unconfirmed rumor from Kovno states that a clash between Polish and Lithuania detachments took place near the frontier today.

Details are lacking but reports of tremendous excitement thruout the country have been received.

MILL BOSSES IN NEW FAKE MOVE

State Board, Boss Tool, Calls "Peace Meet"

(Special To The Daily Worker.)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 24.—Warrants were issued by the local police against seven of the striking textile workers for their part in a mass picketing demonstration today on the charge of parading without a permit. Over two thousand pickets and spectators answered the attempt of the mill bosses' association to prevent picketing by threats of a new reign of terror. All are held on $300 bail.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 24.—Announcement that Edward Fisher, chairman of the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration, is addressing letters to the mill owners' association and to the heads of the Textile Council for a conference Friday, July 27, indicate that new steps are being taken by that instrument of the mill barons to end the strike of the 28,000 textile workers whose walkout more than 15 weeks ago completely silenced 70,000 looms.

As before the steps being taken by them, show that they are making another effort to pave the way for a betrayal of the tens of thousands of workers by refusing to call to the proposed negotiations the real representatives of the workers,—the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees.

Edward Fisher, chairman of the State Board said that letters were being addressed to the mill owners' association and to the heads of the Textile Council for a conference Friday, July 27, 11 a. m. in the forenoon in the New Bedford City Hall

No Replies Yet.

Neither the employers nor Batty's union have as yet given official replies to the conference invitation but it is almost a certainty that they will both accept. The Textile Mill Committees, it is believed, will again follow the same procedure of demanding representation on the grounds of safeguarding against a betrayal of the workers interests.

The discussion at the last conference was entirely around the question of rescinding the 10 per cent wage cut,—the textile council fakers completely disregarding the demands of the workers for a wage increase and a lessening of hours, as are the

Continued on Page Three

TO PROTEST SENTENCE

Meetings to Demand Porter's Release

Superior, Wis., July 24.—A large number of mass meetings protesting against the two and a half year court-martial sentence of John Porter, textile strike leader of New Bedford, will be held in Wisconsin and Minnesota during the next two weeks.

The meetings, arranged by the Young Workers (Communist) League, will be utilized to show the purpose of Porter's sentence, and the real nature of th capitalist militarism which sent Porter to prison for his activities in the labor movement. Speakers will discuss the Porter sentence and the war danger

WORKERS PARTY HAILS TRIUMPH OF USSR RESCUE SHIP

Central Executive Committee Contrasts Fascist Cowardice With Communist Courage

Pointing to the wide political significance of the achievements of the Arctic rescue expedition of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics in saving many members of the lost crew of the Fascist polar junket, the Workers (Communist) Party of America issued yesterday from its national office at New York a statement contrasting these achievements with the miserable failure of the fascist "exploration" gesture with its exposure of cowardice on the part of Mussolini's agents.

As the importance of events concerning the ill-fated fascist gesture at polar exploration are not diminishing, but promise to increase from day to day because of remarkable social significance the statement published here is of much importance. The American masses will have their opportunity, in all probability, to greet the heroic Soviet aviators, Chukhnovsky and his comrades, in the near future, since Foreign Minister Chicherin has stated that the invitation to the aviators to visit the United States will be accepted.

The statement of the Workers (Communist) Party follows:

A Triumph of the Soviet Union.

Fascism, the militant dictatorship of the bourgeoisie, and Sovietism, the militant workers' rule under Communist leadership, have shown their mettle in the Arctic ice-fields.

For years the American bourgeoisie has worshiped at the shrine of fascism. Not only capitalists and their newspaper henchmen, but even a section of the so-called liberal intelligentsia were captivated by the spectacle of the "strong arm" that knew how to keep the workers and the poor peasants downtrodden and deprived of the most elementary rights. In Mussolini's white terror the ruling classes and their satellites admired what they called "efficiency," "discipline," "order." On the other hand, while forced on the whole to admit the gigantic successes of the Soviet Union, the same classes and groups kept on denouncing the workers' rule as "tyrannical," "corrupt" and "morally degrading."

Imperialism and Communism—a Contrast.

The outstanding facts of the Nobile expedition and the rescue activities of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin's crew have manifested even to the bourgeoisie the true nature of Fascism on the one hand, Communism on the other.

Nobile's expedition was a link in the chain of imperialist ventures. Even when the representatives of finance capital are not engaged in direct plunder, they have to keep the annexationist-militarist spirit alive. Even when they cannot send troops to occupy foreign lands, they at least undertake actions symbolizing military occupation. Such a symbol was the Italia's flight to the pole, accompanied by all the bombastic phrase-mongering and flamboyant self-aggrandizement of which the blood-reeking demagogue Mussolini is past master.

The Nobile expedition pursued no scientific aims; it was not intended to make new discoveries; it used exploration as a convenient pretext; it was to remind the powers engaged in a frantic race for air domination that Italy was a great aerial power; it was to plant a cross blessed by the Pope and a flag consecrated by Mussolini on the "roof of the world"; it was to divert the attention of the masses at home from their intolerable conditions and from the sentencing of large numbers of Communist and other militant workers to long years of prison; it was to convey to an astounded world the glory of Fascism.

Failure of Expedition.

The expedition, like war, like any other severe crisis, only proved the inner decay of the system of which it is an expression. The fate of the Italia and its crew is by no means an accident, as there is no accident in the collapse of a disease-corroded body. The expedition was ill-equipped, ill-organized. Its commander, "General" Nobile, was not fit to lead. He had no scientific standing. He knew more about champagne parties than about polar flights. Like his lord and master Mussolini he knew only how to throw dust in the eyes of the world without gaining the confidence of his fellow fliers, and without establishing between himself and the crew a spirit of co-operation so essential in hazardous undertakings.

Nobile's Cowardly Desertion.

When the dirigible collapsed and rescue came in the person of the Swedish flier Lundborg, Mussolini's "air ambassador" committed an act of cowardice and treachery. He left his five companions on the ice pack. He flew to safety alone, abandoning his co-workers to their bitter fate. His superiors in Rome hastened to explain his action as prompted by a desire to lead rescue activities; but empty words could not cover up the shame of the Fascisti. The Fascist "General" has not lead any rescue activities. He saved his own skin. He stands revealed as a dastardly coward in the eyes of even his own class. He reveals the moral fibre of the regime of which he is the exponent.

In trying to white-wash Nobile's cowardice, Mussolini and his Fascist government identify themselves with the coward and traitor. No more lurid light could have been thrown on the blood-stained dictatorship of the bourgeoisie.

Deserted Malmgren to Die.

Like master, like man. Even the capitalist world shuddered on hearing that two Fascist officers, Captain Mariano and Captain Zappi, left the young Swedish scientiest, Dr. Malmgren, to die in the frozen wastes. Malmgren was one of those heroic men who attempted to rescue the stranded Fascists. Malmgren was trying to lead the two captains to firm land. When his wound and exhaustion made it impossible for him to proceed, the men he tried to rescue left him to die, taking with them all the provisions. The example of the chief was repeated by his subordinates in a more hideous manner.

By ordering Mariano and Zappi to keep quiet about Malmgren, Mussolini identified himself also with this blood-curdling crime. Fascsim showed its real face.

The Soviet Rescue Ship.

Into this picture of inefficiency, corruption, cowardice and treachery come, like a refreshing breeze, the activities of our comrades of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin. The Soviet rescue mission had no political aims in view. Moreover, it was not animated by particular love for the personnel of the Italian dirigible, who it knew to be Fascists. It plowed its difficult way to the ice-bound Arctic because it deemed it its duty to rescue fellow human beings. But what a revelation was its appearance on the frozen scene to a breathless world!

A Triumph of Soviet Science.

Unlike the Italia, the Krassin proved excellently equipped with all that modern science can offer, thus bearing witness not only to the economic strength of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, but also to the eagerness of the ruling proletariat to make science its greatest weapon in the construction of socialism. Unlike the Italia, the Krassin was headed not by bluffing "Generals," but by an earnest scientist, Professor Samoilovich. And unlike the crew of the Italia, the Russian flier, Comrade Chukhnovsky, when forced down on the ice, thought first of the Italians who he had sighted, and although in peril himself, radioed to the Krassin the position of the stranded

Continued on Page Three

Ammunition to Fight Mine Bosses, Betrayers

Provisions for fighting Miners and families

Photo shows a truck of food, sent by the Chicago branch of the National Miners' Relief Committee, ready to leave for the Illinois mine fields. It is the food and clothing contributed by workers thruout the country that is keeping the striking miners fighting against the united front of the bosses and the bureaucrats. Send more ammunition to the heroic miners by contributing thru the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

GREATER GRAFT INQUIRY LOOMS

Queens Workers Are Burdened

A new Queens graft investigation of wider scope than the recent sewer scandal inquiry loomed as a possibility yesterday, as a result of an interview given by William L. Leonard, foreman of the Brooklyn Federal Grand Jury, which is probing the income tax status of the late John L. Phillips, head Tammany grafter who swindled millions of dollars in his city contracts.

Criticizes Officials

Implied criticism was aimed at Buckner and his associates when Leonard expressed regret that the grand jury, to which the sewer pipe evidence had been presented, voted only misdemeanor indictments against former Borough President Maurice E. Connolly.

The declaration was made after the Federal Grand Jury had heard the testimony of Mrs. Thompson, mother-in-law of Frances Phillips, co-heir to the missing millions of the dead sewer contractor.

Workers Hit

It was revealed that workers who purchased homes in Queens, paying from $500 to $750 down, face the loss of their little homes because they cannot pay the huge taxes and the exorbitant sewer levies there.

WOMEN WORKERS WILL MEET SOON

Federation to Mobilize Against War Danger

The New York Working Women's Federation call to the Second Delegate Conference scheduled for Thursday, August 2, has been sent to unions, fraternal bodies, and working class organizations thruout the city in an effort to arouse women to the need for combatting war propaganda.

A special appeal has been made to women who are working in industries, factories and shops where there is no union organization.

The conference, which is to be held Thursday evening, August 4th at Labor Temple, 14th Street and Second Ave. at 7:30, is another step in the direction of organizing the fighting spirit of working women to struggle against the war menace which threatens the world. The call to the delegate conference urges that every effort be made at this time to bring unorganized women into the Federation.

MEETING OUSTS NEGRO DELEGATE

Republicans Would Not "Embarrass Leaders"

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Mrs. Mary C. Booze, a Negro delegate to the Republican National Committee from Mississippi, was today ousted from the meeting place in which sixteen other women delegates had met, all on invitation, in order that her removal might "save republican leaders and especially Dr. Hubert Work, chairman of the Republican National Committee, embarrassment."

Work, now the official manipulator for the Hoover candidacy, was scheduled as the principal speaker at the meeting.

Moral issues are involved in the campaign to elect Hoover, Work told the conference. Immediately following the speech Mrs. Booze was tricked with the help of a photographer from attending a luncheon which the women had arranged.

Republicans have at times pretended to be the friends of the Negroes.

1,350 U.S. MARINES TO LEAVE CHINA

Use "New Diplomacy" for Chinese Masses

WASHINGTON, July 24 (UP).—Acting Secretary of Navy Theodore D. Robinson, approved today immediate withdrawal of 1,350 officers and men of the marine corps and 13 airplanes from the Tientsin area in China.

The exact date of the sailing from China of the transport Henderson, which will convey the marines to San Diego, will be determined by Admiral Bristol, commander in chief of the Asiatic fleet. The withdrawal was recommended by Admiral Bristol and concurred in by the state department.

The departure of the 1,350 marines will leave 48 American officers and 2,467 men in China.

* * *

WASHINGTON, July 24. — The withdrawal of some of the American marines from China, following close upon Kellogg's call for a Sino-American conference, is looked upon here as a definite step towards the recognition of the Nanking regime.

Although government officials here would not commit themselves definitely on the recognition of the counter-revolutionary government, they indicated that recognition would be very likely to follow the proposed conference.

MORE PHOTOS WANTED

"Daily" Makes Appeal for Pictures

On pages 1 and 4 of today's Daily Worker appear two interesting pictures taken by George Elson, a worker-photographer of Cleveland. These two photos are excellent illustrations of the type of pictures that the "Daily" wants to receive from its readers.

We want more like them. We also want pictures of picket-lines, open-air meetings and demonstrations, working class athletic activities, etc. It is not necessary to have complicated photographic apparatus. Camera snapshots that are clear will do—preferably of the

Continued on Page Three

CHURCH TO SAVE KILLER; SMASH LABORMOVEMENT

Congressmen May Be Expelled

MEXICO CITY, July 24.—Indications that the hold of the church hierarchy over the Calles government may save Jose De Leon Toral, assassin of General Obregon, and that the whole force of the government may be employed against the labor movement, was revealed in a statement today by Aurelio Manrique, spokesman for the reactionary land owners who now dominate the political situation.

"We regard Obregon's assassin as a personage who was controlled by superior outside forces," said Manrique. "We do not demand his death, but we do demand justice and we believe this can be achieved most quickly by removal from the government of those labor leaders whose anti-Obregon activities created the atmosphere for the mad act of the assassin. The influence wielded by those labor leaders must be wiped out of Mexican public affairs."

The assassin of Obregon recently confessed that he killed Obregon for religious motives. It appears that pressure is being made by the church, in alliance with the "Agrarians," to save Toral.

It is expected that an official statement will be issued by the government withdrawing the assertion that the church is responsible for the assassination.

The new "confession" of Toral is being kept secret. It is possible that he may repudiate his statement that the crime is due to religious influence, on acount of the dominance of the church in the political situation and the fact that his life might be spared.

* * *

MEXICO CITY, July 24 (UP).—Demand for removal of labor party men from all government offices throughout the country was made today by the powerful union of revolutionary parties.

The union has accused the labor party of "psychological authorship" of the assassination of President-elect Alvaro Obregon.

Luis N. Morones, head of the labor party, already had resigned his post of minister of commerce, industry and labor in the cabinet, along with two fellow-officials, at the demand of the party. The demand now would mean removal of labor men from posts as governors of states, municipal officials and as senators and deputies in the legislature—a complete political ouster.

[Editor's Note: The term "revolutionary parties" really means "reactionary parties."]

* * *

MEXICO CITY, July 24.—Following the forced resignation of Luis N. Morones and other so-called "labor" leaders from the cabinet, the reactionary "Agrarians" and the Catholic clergy took steps today to restore the power of the church and to crush all workers' organizations.

The reactionary parties today announced that they will not be satisfied with the resignation of Morones, Gasca and Moneda and made demands upon the government for the expulsion of every member of the "Labor Party" from both houses of congress.

"We do not counsel disorder," Manrique, reactionary leader of the "Agrarians," stated today. "We see no cause to seek war until all other resources have been exhausted." This is regarded as a threat at civil war unless the supremacy of the wealthy landlords, clergy and American capitalists is accepted submissively.

In spite of the fact that the assassin of Obregon has confessed that the killing was caused by the church, the Catholic clergy, in alliance with the rich land owners of the "Agrarian" party, is using the opportunity to return to power and charge the "Labor" party, which has been anti-church on account of the pressure of the masses, with "responsibility" for the assassination.

It is evident that the clergy and reactionaries are preparing a persecution of the militant workers of Mexico, with new attacks against the peasantry and reaction in the land question.

FIND ROMAN COINS

BENEVENTO, July 24 (UP).—Gold and silver coins, believed to belong to the Roman age, were discovered at the Commune of Pannarano when an old building was demolished.

Communist Party Issues Call to National Biscuit Workers to Fight Speed-Up

HUGE PROFITS FOR FIRM; WAGES OF WORKERS ARE LOW

Participation in Party Campaign Urged

At the same time that workers in the National Biscuit Company plants are fighting for a wage sufficient for the bare necessities of life, and for better conditions in their work, an issue of the Wall Street Journal carries the following statement:

"National Biscuit Company continues to expand its operations and consequently its earnings, and for the quarter ended June 30 showed a net profit of $4,559,941. Net profit for the first six months of this year aggregated $8,355,072."

Another Statement Issued

Parallel in time with the statement in the Wall Street Journal concerning the welfare of the owners of the National Biscuit Company comes the statement of the Workers (Communist) Party, addressed to the workers in the huge open-shop plants. The statement reads, in part, as follows:

"Fellow workers of the National Biscuit Company: For about 4 weeks now we have been distributing the Daily Worker free to thousands of you. In the Daily Worker, the paper of the Workers (Communist) Party, there have been articles written by workers in your factory about your problems; about the speed-up, the bad conditions of work, the low wages, the lay-offs, etc. The articles point out that we workers in the factory must become conscious of the problems we face in the shop, the necessity of organization and other steps that must be taken if we are to improve our conditions.

Old Parties Against Workers

"As you know, this year is a presidential election campaign year. The republican and democratic parties—the parties of Wall Street and Big Business—will ask you for your votes and support. The Workers (Communist) Party of America, the only party that fights for the interests of the workers in this country, that is battling for the striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio and the striking textile workers of New Bedford, that is fighting against unemployment and for unemployment relief, that is mobilizing the workers against the war danger—this party is in the present election campaign, not on the side of the bosses, but against the bosses and for the workers. Just as it is with you in your factory, so the Workers (Communist) Party raises the standard of the working class throughout the entire country.

Plan Open-Air Meetings

During the election campaign, the Workers (Communist) Party will hold open-air meetings one day a week (now on Fridays) during the noon hour, at 15th St. and Tenth Ave. At these meetings the issues of the election campaign will be explained. The problems of the workers of the National Biscuit Company and of the whole country will be analyzed. Come to these meetings. Buy the pamphlets that will be sold there for 5 and 10 cents and read them carefully.

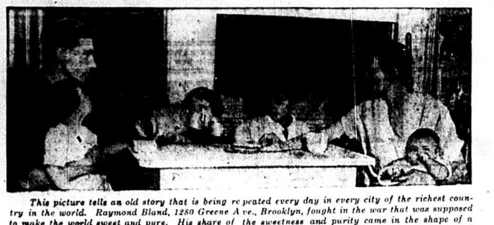
Will Distribute "Daily"

"The Daily Worker will be distributed on Wednesdays, as usual. Write to the Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square, about your problems. Your name will not be published. Buy the Daily Worker at the news stands every day and read the paper that fights the battles of the workers.

"On election day show your boss that you intend fighting for better conditions and for the abolition of this capitalist system that gives you only slavery, oppression, poverty, unemployment and wars, and that you will help in building up a powerful working-class movement that will drive out the bosses, by voting the Workers (Communist) Party ticket for William Z. Foster for president and for Benjamin Gitlow for vice-president.

"Join the Workers (Communist Party!"

Unemployed Worker and Family of Five Facing Starvation



This picture tells an old story that is being repeated every day in every city of the richest country in the world. Raymond Bland, 1280 Greene Ave., Brooklyn, fought in the war that was supposed to make the world sweet and pure. His share of the sweetness and purity came in the shape of a wound that disabled him for life. In addition, the bosses for whom he risked his life have decided that they no longer need his services. Bland and his family are starving. Photo shows him with his wife and four children eating the last crusts in the house.

CLOAK MEET IN PASSAIC TONIGHT

To Begin Drive for a Jersey Union

As a climax to the preliminary organization work done in New Jersey by the National Organization Committee of the Cloak and Dressmakers, a mass meeting of all workers in Passaic, Garfield and Lodi factories is to be held tonight at the Workers' Hall, 781 Main Ave., Passaic.

This meeting will be the first official step taken to organize a union for the workers in the ladies garment manufacturing industry there There will be speakers in Yiddish Italian and English.

A circular distributed among the workers in the shops of the three towns, declares that the meeting is part of the N. O. C. to build a union thruout the entire country. Over the signature of Louis Hyman, chairman of the N. O. C. and Rose Wortis, secretary, the call declares:

"Through all the years that the clique of the International has maintained the out of town department with its offices and staffs in all centers where ladies garments are produced, they have accomplished nothing save the draining of money from the workers. This they squandered for their personal use. They did not organize the trade; they did not improve working conditions in the least.

"Instead of organizing the unions in the small towns they have broken up the union in such centers as Boston and Chicago. They have united with the bosses and are serving as their agents. Your misery is of no concern to them. All they are interested in is to maintain themselves in ease and comfort at the expense of the workers.

Must organize.

"You must not endure these conditions any longer. You canot permit yourselves to be at the mercy of the bosses. You must organize! You must have a union that will defend your interests and fight for better conditions. Everyone of you knows now miserable your situation is. Everyone of you is dissatisfied But thus far you have done little to remedy and improve conditions and to see to it that you work shorter hours and receive better wages.

"It is the duty of every worker to come to this meeting without fail and to tell your fellow workers about it," the leaflet concludes.

MINE STRIKERS ARRIVE FOR BIG RELIEF MEETING

Shop Workers Urged to Send Delegates

Arrangements for the huge Shop Delegates Conference for Miners' Relief to be held at Bryant Hall at 6 p. m. tomorrow are now completed with the arrival of Alex Weary a striking miner from Washington County, Pennsylvania, to attend as an emissary from the strike fields

Weary, one of the unorganized miners who responded to the strike call of the Save-the-Union Committee on April 16th, will make an appeal for solidarity between New York workers and their striking brothers at the conference, stressing the miners' surge toward the formation of a new union, which will fight militantly for the rights of the progressives and repudiate the backward policies of the decaying United Mine Workers and its misleaders.

Conference calls have been widely distributed between 14th and 59th Streets, addressed to all shop and factory workers employed in that district, urging them to attend the conference as a means of self-protection. In a statement issued last night by Rina Epstein, Secretary of the provisional committee, the sharpening need for relief now was emphasized. The statement read in part as follows:

"The formation of a new union in the mine fields, a union of and for progressive miners, would mean the advancement of the standing of workers in this country. Will they form that union? That question can best be answered by workers in other industries, for it is up to them.

CUT TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION WITH ROSARIO

Tie-up of Argentine City Complete

ROSARIO, Argentina, July 24.—Traffic isolation of this city was complete today with every means of communication in control of the strikers. The attempts of the owners and city authorities to import strikebreakers have met a decisive defeat.

The severance of telephone communication following the walk-out of the telephone operators has virtually created a general strike here.

Attempts of the owners to run strikebreaking trains into the city have been easily frustrated by the strikers in the suburbs. A number of cars are reported to have been overturned across the tracks, completely blocking communication.

Cordens of pickets continue to surround the wharves and the sacks of grain, part of the annual Argentine export to Europe, are lying piled up on the wharves, where they have been for weeks.

Feeling that some action must be taken immediately to crush the power of the unions, the owners are continuing their efforts to importune the government to crush the strike by force. The municipal authorities, after the first few days of attempted police action, have shown no disposition to interfere in the strike.

Drastic Injunction—Not Against Strikers!

MARION, Ill., July 23 (UP).—Miss Ruth Aikman, whose unwelcome lover, Edward Fosse, was restrained by injunctions last fall from making love to her, was married yesterday to Rev. O. H. Swetzer pastor of the Methodist Church here

The injunction against Fosse was granted after 16 years unrewarded attentions to Miss Aikman. Since the injunction he has refrained from any love-making.

"If I can do without her thirty days," he said, "I can do without her all my life."

Health Restaurant Helps Election Funds

Unit 1, Section 4 of the Workers (Communist) Party has devised a method of raising money for the $100,000 election campaign fund for the coming elections. It has procured the Health Food Restaurant at 1600 Madison Ave., between 107th and 108th Sts., for Thursday and Friday of this week.

The owner of this restaurant, who recently contributed 25 per cent of his total income of two days to the striking miners, will contribute 20 per cent of these two days to the election campaign fund of the Workers (Communist) Party.

10 Days
MOSCOW—LENINGRAD
Free Visés
(Extensions Arranged for to Visit Any Part of U. S. S. R.)
TOURS TO SOVIET RUSSIA
COMPLETE TOUR
$450.
AND UP
SAILINGS:
S. S. "ROTTERDAM" — Aug. 4
S. S. "PARIS" — — — — Aug. 10
Via: LONDON — COPENHAGEN — HELSINGFORS
Return: WARSAW — BERLIN — PARIS
World Tourists, Inc.
69 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK CITY
Telephone: ALGONQUIN 6900.

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Workers Book Shop
Temporary Headquarters:
26-28 UNION SQUARE
1 Flight Up
Books, Pamphlets, Magazines, on all subjects.
OPEN DAILY UNTIL 9 P. M.

Who Wins When You Read Your Bosses Paper?

Your Boss Owns a Car—But You Can't Ride In It; Your Boss Owns a Home—But You Can't Live In It; Your Boss Possesses Wealth—But You Can't Share It—The Bosses Own the Earthh—They Mark If Off and Divide It Up Among Themselves!

WHY ARE THEY SO READY TO LET YOU ENJOY THEIR NEWSPAPERS?

1. There is only one daily newspaper in the English language that really belongs to the workers—The DAILY WORKER.

2. Do you know that when you read another paper you are really scabbing on yourself? You help your boss maintain the greatest single weapon he can fight you with.

3. You let him lie to you and take your courage away; you let him confuse the real issues of your struggles; you let him divide your ranks and defeat you singly; you let him set worker against worker for his own purposes; white against black, foreign against native born. . . .

4. The bosses laugh to themselves. They speak of you as the "poor fish"—He swallows everything we give him, they say—the poor fish.

5. They fill up their papers with attractively made up—swill. You absorb this gutter trash and poison. And the bosses win!

6. They get you drunk with fool ideas. They cover over the slavery in which they hold you. They intoxicate you with notions of your great opportunities. They pay their kept word-slingers high salaries to flatter you and sooth your rebellion. And always the bosses win!

You Deliver a Double Blow---When You Buy The

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

If you want the real facts in the coming election campaign; if you want to read the exposure of the Wall Street candidates; if you want to know why the socialist party is also a bosses' party

Buy--Read--Support--The Daily Worker

For the Workers---Against the Bosses

The DAILY WORKER can be built up, its influence extended, its circulation increased—only if its readers and the members of the Workers (Communist) Party and its sympathizers get behind this most important task. Other papers can spend thousands in advertising, in offering large prizes, in running various expensive schemes to increase their circulation.

The DAILY WORKER obviously cannot do these things. It must depend on its readers. Every reader must do double duty. Buy, read, talk about, but above all, distribute The DAILY WORKER.

Become a regular Worker correspondent for your paper.

Why You Should Read The Daily Worker

Because No Other Paper Gives Your Side of Labor's Struggles; Because No other Paper Fights Enemies 24 Hours Every Day; Because The DAILY WORKER Shows the Way Out of Your Difficulties.

1. Because, The DAILY WORKER fights for higher wages, shorter hours, better conditions, not merely in words, but with acts. It goes into the factory with you, it enters the fleet owner's garage, it goes down into the coal mines—everywhere the bosses fear it.

2. Because this paper is now a power in the labor movement. It has helped to defeat scores of labor fakers; it has exposed the bosses' agents in the ranks of the workers; it has shown the way in all of labor's struggles.

3. Because The DAILY WORKER fights against the old political parties, the republican party of biggest boss exploitation of the workers, the democratic party of Tammany graft, the socialist party of little business and united front with the labor fakers—because it fights for a real workers' party, a Communist Party.

4. Because The DAILY WORKER has been the active supporter of the great struggles in which labor has engaged in the last four years. It has thrown all its energies and resources into the great mine strike; it is organ pointing the way to the textile strikers; it is with the needle trades workers in their fight on two fronts; it is in all the fights. For the workers—against the bosses.

5. Because The DAILY WORKER gives you the only reliable news of the Soviet Union, the fatherland of all workers, the country in which the workers have already taken power and are building up a new world fit to live in for those who toil.

6. Because The DAILY WORKER is the official organ of the Workers (Communist) Party, the only Party of the Working Class in America; because the Communists alone have the right policies for the workers and the courage to fight for these policies in the factories, in the mines, in the offices, on the political field.

Terrorism Sweeps Over Egypt as Fuad Government Is Afraid of Strength of Protest

CALL OUTBREAKS LIKELY; POLICE PATROL HARBOR

Act to Crush Youth by Drastic Measures

CAIRO, Egypt, July 24.—All the forces of the present Egyptian administration were being brought into play yesterday against the growing power of a nationwide protest movement resulting from King Fuad's dissolution of parliament for three years.

Police Massed.

The return of Mme. Gaghlul from Europe was made the occasion for a show of strength by the administration who massed police and troops along the quays and streets of Alexandria in an effort to overawe the crowds who filled the city to see the widow of the former leader.

Following the Wafdist manifesto denouncing Fuad's action, the speech of Nahas Pasha threatening civil war has rung thru Egypt. The possibilities of an outbreak are openly conjectured.

Alarmed by the impending struggle, the administration has acted to crush the three-day strike of lawyers in Alexandria by an order from the ministry of justice forbidding any court adjournments. The strike was in protest against Fuad's action

Terrorize Youth.

Participation of the youth in political agitation, which has repeatedly proved embarrassing to the government, has been met by proposal of the ministry of education that all youths indulging in political activities be suspended from their educational institutions and excluded from examinations for one year. Leaders are to be expelled from schools and colleges for an indefinite period.

Foreseeing that the majority of students will in this way be banished from the schools, the administration has made plans for reducing the teaching staffs in the same ratio.

Thruout the country the feeling that the action of Fuad in dissolving parliament was effected at the bidding of the British government is growing. Determination to be free of foreign interference in Egyptian affairs is freely voiced in spite of the system of secret agents which the government is developing in the Nile towns and villages. Threats of revolt are constantly heard.

* * *

Chamberlain Knows Nothing.

LONDON, July 24.—Denying that the British government has taken any part in the suspension of the Egyptian parliament by King Fuad Sir Austen Chamberlain, secretary of state for foreign affairs, yesterday told the house of commons that his majesty's government has not received any advices concerning the present situation said to exist in Egypt.

ROSARIO PICKETS AT POWER PLANT

Argentine Strike Grows as Demands Refused

ROSARIO, Argentina, July 24.—New developments in the Rosario strike indicate that a general strike is maturing. Strikers picketed the power station here today, threatening to shut off the power and were only disbanded when the police force was called out.

The strike which started with the strike of the dock workers and succeeded in closing the two main ports of Argentina, was soon followed by a strike of transporation workers and teamsters.

The strikers' ranks are holding steadily. The cooperative spirit of the strikers is indicated by the action of the workers in attempting to shut off the power to prevent the few scab-manned trolleys from running.

The directors of the trolley companies cabled from Brummels refusing to grant the demands of the workers.

Canadians Hold Liquor Parleys From Public

TORONTO, Ont., July 24 (UP). —Investigations are being made by the liquor control board into the situation regarding the liquor docks on the Ontario-United States border, Sir Henry Drayton, chairman, told the United Press today. He would not reveal whether any steps are being taken, saying: "If there were any, I could not say anything about them."

General V. A. S. Williams, commissioner of provincial police, had a conference with Drayton but would

"Daily" Needs Photos

Continued from Page One

glossy finish type. Above all, all worker-photographers should remember to give the necessary data with each picture.

More worker-photographers are wanted by the Daily Worker. Here is an opportunity for all workers who own cameras to help in improving their "Daily."

Sent Workers to Slaughter—Gets Monument

Government officials from several countries, including the United States, attended the unveiling in Prague, Czechoslovakia, of a monument to Woodrow Wilson, favorite saint of Big Business, who made millions for his masters in addition to sending thousands of workers to the slaughter in the last war to end war.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF WORKERS PARTY HAILS "KRASSIN"

(Continued from Page One)

and gave directions for their rescue. Where everybody failed, the Amundsen party, the Swedish and Norwegian fliers, the Italian Alpinists—the Krassin succeeded.

Calmly, but irresistibly, with that doggedness that characterizes the activities of the proletariat, with that perfectly comradely discipline which makes everybody feel the responsibility for the whole and each work in harmony with the others, the Soviet ice-breaker has rescued all whom science, combined with brave effort, could discover in the bleak Northern wilderness. It rescued not only the Italians, but also many rescuers from other countries (whose governments had rejected the Soviet proposal concerning a joint rescue expedition.)

Vitality and Decay Contrasted.

The Italia and Krassin expeditions, while directly having to do with the geographical explorations and humanitarian activities, have tremendous political implications.

Fascism stands demasked through the very undertaking that was to add to its glory.

Proletarian dictatorship is revealed in all its strength and moral power through circumstances which, to the Soviet Union, were purely accidental.

Fascism proved its organizational weakness. Communism proved its organizational strength. Fascism, so beloved by the bourgeoisie for its show of discipline, is exposed as breeding meanness, cowardice and treachery. Communism, decried by the capitalist class as ruthless and inhuman, is revealed as a great force elevating the workers to a high level of generous self-denial and self-sacrifice. Fascism, in capitalist eyes, the symbol of efficiency, has been shown as criminally negligent and barbarously ill-prepared for emergencies. Communism, which the bourgeois theoreticians of the world in unison with all the "practical" business men assert, without the initiative of private property, is doomed to failure—Communism whose collapse has been heralded innumerable times in the capitalist and social-democratic press of the world, has through the Krassin activities impressed itself even upon the bourgeoisie, in a language the bourgeoisie can understand, as an economic and social entity of gigantic might.

Here, a class that has just ascended to power, full of indomitable energy and creative endeavor. There, a class that has outlived its usefulness and leads a parasitic life of decay. Here, a picture of what the world will be when the proletariat will have established its rule everywhere. There, a picture of what the workers must overthrow and destroy, of what they must rid the world, if humanity is to progress economically, politically, socially and culturally.

Lessons of the Event.

The Nobile and Krassin enterprises have a tremendous political significance vastly exceeding those of the conferences of the League of Nations and other international talk-feasts about which the bourgeoisie makes so much ado. The Nobile disaster is a shameful defeat of imperialism. The Krassin successes are a great victory for the Soviet peace proposals. The Nobile indignities could grow only out of a soil sown with the seed of imperialist oppression, lust and greed. The real nobility of the Krassin comrades is the spirit of a social revolution that does away with oppression of nations, exploitation of man by man, private property and private accumulation.

The workers of this country must learn the lesson of those great events. They must remember that while the dictatorship of the capitalists in this country differs from the Italian in form, it is practically of the same substance. The workers of America must remember that the "great" air conquests, the daring aerial expeditions of the capitalists of the United Seates, while more efficient and more successful, due to the greater wealth and technique of this country, are nevertheless imperialist ventures of the same kind as Mussolini's. And not for one moment must the workers forget that while sections of the bourgeoisie are so impressed with the Soviet rescue work that they sing the praise of the "Russians." Nevertheless, the great powers of the world, including the United States, are planning and preparing war against the Soviet Union as the stronghold of proletarian power and the beacon light of world proletarian hope.

Defend Soviet Union!

In sending, therefore, our brotherly greetings to the proletariat of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics on the occasion of the Krassin activities, and in expressing our pride in those activities, the workers must redouble their struggle against American imperialism, against American Fascism, against Italian Fascism, against Fascist rule in every other country and for the recognition of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

Now, while a part of the bourgeoisie is paying lip service to the Soviet achievements, the time is particularly opportune for advancing the slogans:

Down with Fascism in Italy and everywhere!
Release the political prisoners captured by Fascism!
Long live the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics!
Long live Workers' rule the world over!
We demand the recognition of the Soviet Union!

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY.

New York, July 21, 1928.

NEW PEACE MOVE IN MILL STRIKE

Continued from Page One

slogans raised by the T. M. C.

An official statement from the T M. C. denouncing the conference as a fake and calling on the workers to disregard it, is expected momentarily.

Police reports made public almost daily of the number of people entering the 56 factories tied up by the strike stated yesterday that only 384 entered which is about 100 less than last week. Last week's police count was the largest.

Remarkable as is the insignificant ratio of strikebreakers after 14 weeks of struggle, it becomes more so when it is shown that most of those entering as scabs are petty foremen and other mill officials.

The statement declares that New Bedford will see the greatest labor demonstration ever staged here when the workers begin to march. Yesterday's appeal to the U. T. W. members to participate in the parade is being received with the greatest enthusiasm. Fraternization between the adherents of the two organizations is increasing at a tremendous rate, it is reported.

DISCUSS THESIS OF BUKHARIN AT WORLD CONGRESS

Ask More Attention to Negro Work

Continued from Page One

Executive Committee of the Communist International.

Vassilyev, of the Soviet Union then declared that in spite of the leftward swing of the masses the disproportion was growing between the political and organizaional influence of sections of the Communist International. The reasons for this are not only of an objective nature. The Communist Parties have neglected many things, he asserted In spite of the great electoral successes of the French and German Communist Parties there has been no increase in membership.

Young Communist International.

The Young Communist International is one of the best sections of the Comintern, but outside of the Soviet Union it has made no numerical progress in the last few years. The important task before all sections therefore is to work to win the youth.

Murphy, of Great Britain, declared that in describing the first post-war period, Bukharin stated that it had ended with defeats but had failed to mention that in this same period the Communist International had developed and the Communist Parties had won ground everywhere.

In describing the second period Bukharin had also failed to set off the development of the revolutionary movement in the colonies and the growth of the Communist Party of China against the stabilization of capitalism.

Further, he said, it is impossible to generalize about the development of technique which marked the third period. The transformation of capitalism from the second to the third period was not uniform, for example the British coal and steel industries are declining and rationalization means limiting production, not developing productive forces.

War Danger.

The British delegation regrets that Bukharin's theses fail to treat the League of National question sufficiently since it is today the central question in capitalist war preparations and for creating pacifist illusions. The Kellogg peace treaties which is part of the war preparations is not sufficiently stressed.

Furthermore, the speaker pointed out, the theses do not mention the co-operative question and treat the trade union question insufficiently altho this is an important question today, owing to the strong left wing movement which is fighting war preparations against the Soviet Union.

The theses also fail to mention Ireland despite its important role in the fight against British imperialism. The Communist International must finally treat the Irish question and the tasks of the Irish Communists.

Approve Attack.

The British delegation approves Bukharin's attack on fractionalism and demands that the Communist International finally liquidate fractionalism in the American Party.

Moreover, the question of the leadership of the Communist International must be carefully examined in order to form a strong leadership, uniform and capable of leading all sections.

MacDonald, of Canada, declared that Canada was playing an important part in Anglo-American antagonism and demanded that the Communist International treat the Canadian question because the Canadian bourgeoisie would support war against the Soviet Union.

The Communist Party of Canada would organize trade union delegations to the Soviet Union and had founded the committees of friends of the Soviet Union.

Bunting, of South America, demanded that the Communist International pay more attention to South Africa. He asserted that recently the connection between the Executive Committee of the Communist International and the South African Party had been very bad.

Continuation of the discussion was then adjourned until tomorrow.

Raskob, Open-Shopper 'Resigns' From Firm

John J. Raskob, Morgan controlled open-shopper and chairman of the Democratic National Committee has resigned his position as chairman of the finance committee and as a member of the executive committee of the General Motors Corporation, it was announced today. The reaction of Wall Street was a slight decline in General Motors stock.

The reasons given for his resignation were the stress of campaign duties and the fact that "it is desirable for the public to know that the corporation is not and in the nature of things cannot be in politics The corporation must not be put in the light of taking sides for or against political parties, personages or questions." Rascob will however retain his post as vice-president of the corporation. Edward P. Sloan president of the corporation admits that the resignation is regarded as but temporary.

British Unemployed Urged to "Exertion"

LONDON, July 24.—The unemployment situation in England is so bad that the Industrial Transference Board was forced into a statement that declared that 200,000 of the unemployed workers will die of starvation and privation unless drastic action is immediately taken.

The Board suggested that these 200,000 be removed from the area in which they live and be placed in other areas where their services are needed more. It further calls upon the unemployed to exert themselves more in looking for jobs.

With over a million and a half unemployed in all industries and in all sections, and in view of the general economic depression in England, it is hardly likely that these 200,000 will be able to find jobs no matter how much they "exert" themselves

DIPLOMATS HOLD SECRET PARLEY

Soviet Union Said to Be Subject

BERLIN, July 24.—Under the pretext of building their health about a dozen European diplomats, including Stresemann, Benes, the Czechoslovakian premier, Rumanian foreign minister Titulescu and representatives from the other Balkan countries, have collected at Karlsbad, the watering place in Czechoslovakia.

They are expected to settle some minor questions between themselves that would build up a stronger little entente and form stronger alliances under cover of the Kellogg "peace" plan and strengthen the bloc against the Soviet Union.

W. G. Klasgye, Dead

CLEVELAND, July 24.—On Wednesday William G. Klasgye local secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, of East Liverpool, Ohio, was drowned in an effort to save his stepdaughter.

Comrade Klasgye was a tireless, devoted member of the Party. His work for relief and support of the miners in the vicinity of East Liverpool, showed that Comrade Klasgye was made of the stuff that builds up the movement and the Party.

In the death of Comrade Klasgye, the Party and the district loses a good comrade, an indefatigable worker—a revolutionist.

District Executive Committee, Ohio district, I. Amter, secretary

INT'L FOOD AND DRINK WORKERS MEET IN VIENNA

USSR Delegates Score Traitorous Policy

VIENNA, (By Mail).—Today the congress of the International Food and Drink Workers' Unions was opened here. The international represents almost 700,000 food and drink workers in various countries including the Soviet Union. The international secretary, Schiffertstein made a detailed report in which he also dealt with the question of night-baking and declared that in all countries where an official prohibition of night-baking existed, the employers were conducting a furious campaign to secure the withdrawal of the prohibition.

Russians Condemn IFTU.

Today's session of the congress of the International Food Workers' Unions was characterized by sharp disagreements between the Russian delegates and the executive of the union. A Russian delegate made a speech in which he sharply condemned the policy of the International Federation of Trades Unions and declared that the IFTU was disrupting the labor movement in all countries and sabotaging the labor struggles of the organized workers

Another Russian delegate, Spotnikov, made a speech in which he proved on the basis of facts and figures that the increase in wages in the food and drink industry was limping far behind the increase in the cost of living. He accused the International Union of having no fighting policy and pointed out in corroboration of his accusation that of 96,000 Swiss francs which had been expended by the international union in the past year, 2,000 only had been expended for fighting purposes and the rest for administrative expenses, salaries, etc.

Forest Fire Raging in Pacific Northwesi

PORTLAND, Ore., July 24 (UP). —A serious forest fire hazard today was added to the heat wave now gripping the Pacific northwest.

Eight hundred men were fighting a blaze that threatened valuable timber land. The fire was burning unchecked east of Castle Rock.

Lumber, grain, a lumber mill, and farm buildings already have been consumed by the fire.

More than 200,000 feet of lumber was destroyed and damage estimated at $50,000 was done when the mill of the Maple Creek Lumber Co., near White Salmon, Wash., was swept by forest fire.

Three hundred acres of standing timber and a logging camp east of Moclips, Wash., also was destroyed.

A. F. OF L. LABOR MISLEADER DIES

Evans, Member of Green Machine "Ousted"

CHICAGO, Ill., July 24.—Edward J. Evans, 57, a member of the Green machine and a leader in the railway employment division of the American Federation of Labor, died suddenly at his home here today of a heart attack.

Evans before serving as vice-president of the railroad employment division, was a member of the Civil Service Commission in Chicago. A relationship between the labor officials and goverment bodies is now common.

He attended every meeting of the federation during the last few years and was planning on attending the coming meeting at Atlantic City July 31.

Evans also was called upon to attend hearings of various disputes of railway men in the United States and Canada. He was a member of the electrical workers union in Chicago He was connected with the notorious "umbrella" Mike Boyle gang in that city.

POLISH MINERS TO WALK OUT ON GENERAL STRIKE

Starvation Wages are Immediate Cause

WARSAW, Poland, July 24.—Thousands of Polish coal miners will tie up the entire mining industry thruout the country when a one day general strike set for July 25 goes into effect.

Striking against starvation wages, the miners announce that they intend the general walk-out as a threat of what they will do unless the intolerable conditions existing in the industry at present are immediately corrected.

The immediate demands of the striking men are a wholesale increase in the existing starvation wages. It is impossible to sustain life longer on the present wage scale of the Polish miners, their leaders declare.

The owners who have announced their intention of shutting down the mines for the summer are using the strike to demand a subsidy from the government. The coal owners are representing the strike as a danger to the Pilsudski government and are urging the use of force if the general strike is declared for a longer period than one day.

Sixth Victim of Sewer Pipe Explosion Dead

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 24 (UP) —The secnod victim of a sewer explosion here yesterday which injured five workmen died today in a hospital.

The death of Tony Zolar, 25, followed by a few hours that of John Poliacek, 17. The other three injured men were reported in a critical condition.

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WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
43 East 125th St, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Slaved for De Laval Company 4 Years, Now Earns $1093.30, Correspondent Says

BLACKLISTING FINE ART IN POUGHKEEPSIE

Telephone Plays Part In System

(By a Worker Correspondent)

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 24.—The article exposing the conditions in the De Laval Separator Company, which was published a few weeks ago in the Daily Worker, has been the principal object of conversation among us ever since.

Conditions Miserable

While conditions of labor in our town are on the lowest level, our daily press and the so-called labor paper, Truth, published weekly by our labor fakers, never give much thought to real labor conditions here. It was the Daily Worker that made us think. We are going to continue to read it and tell others to read it.

Things here are really worse than one certain correspondent mentioned. I am working in the De Laval for four years and here is what I make for 12 months: $1,093.39. How can a man keep up his family with that miserable pay? The U. S. labor statistics say that $2,900 is the minimum.

Wife Must Work

My wife has to neglect our children and go to work in a factory for $12 a week. Working conditions for her are no better, if not worse, than in the De Laval plant. She works in a clothing factory.

The average earnings of an operator or a presser is about $20 a week. There are quite a number of clothing factories in our town where a few thousand workers are employed, as Cohn and Goldman (called "Garter"), Regents Coat Company, Rosenthal, etc. There are also many cloak, dress, shirt and necktie factories, in which many young girls—many under age—and women are employed.

Many Sweat Shops

The sweat-shop system is in full bloom here. After a day's work clothing is brought home, where little children help their mothers. In some of these houses the sanitary conditions are awful.

Blacklist Widespread

To cap all this, we have a system of blacklisting in this town. If one gives up his job in one of these hell-holes the telephone begins to ring in a special office kept up by the local manufacturers, informing them that employment must not be given to so-and-so and in this way shut off all avenues of work in this town for that worker.

Lately the mayor of the town, who happens to be a sort of decent fellow, brought the matter before the grand jury. But nothing came out of this, as the telephone receiver cannot tell and the guilty party denied his guilt.

I will write next time about how the Italian Roman Catholic "padre" helps the Jewish manufacturers and Free Mason managers to exploit the Italian workers.

A DE LAVAL WORKMAN.

Lady 'Liberal' Leaves Millions to Family

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 24. (UP).—The will of the late Mrs. Fanny Garrison Villard, wife of Henry Villard, railroad magnate, who died at her home at Dobbs Ferry, July 5, was filed for probate in Surrogate's Court today.

The entire estate, thought to approximate several million dollars was left to two relatives and friends, four servants and four institutions. The residuary estate goes to two sons, Oswald Garrison Villard, editor of the Nation, and Harold G. Villard, of New York.

"AGAINST" WHITE SLAVERS.

GENEVA, July 24.—The League of Nations has declared that by September it will be ready to issue a statement calling on the nations of the world to suppress the white slave traffic.

Last year the League of Nations suppressed the report of the white slavery commission and accomplished nothing in spite of all its promises. Now it again promises to pass a "model law" which it will urge all nations to adopt.

For Glory of Imperialism and MacFadden

Bernarr MacFadden, tabloid publisher and physical culture faker, has decided that he ought not to be left out in the cold in this flight publicity. So he has bought himself a monoplane and dispatched it with "good-will" letters from himself to President Calles of Mexico. In addition, Bernarr has the satisfaction of doing a good service to American imperialism.

PROTESTS GROW IN I. W. W. CASE

Plan Big Conference in Washington

Protests against the continued imprisonment of the Centralia prisoners in Walla Walla, Wash., and demands for their unconditional pardon continue to pour in upon Governor Roland H. Hartley and H. B. Clausen, chairman of the Parole Board, from labor organizations and prominent individuals.

Robert Whitaker, author and formerly a minister of the First Baptist Church of Seattle, and Professor David Starr Jordan, president emeritus of Leland Stanford University, California, are among those who have added their protests, according to letters received by the national office of International Labor Defense, 80 East 11th St., New York.

Whitaker's Letter

Whitaker, in his letter to Governor Hartley, declares:

"The continued imprisonment in Walla Walla of the eight members of the I. W. W. by reason of the hysteria of the after-war period is a heavy handicap upon the reputation of Washington. . . . Particularly at this time the United States is in a special need of every possible exhibit of the spirit of tolerance and good will. . . . May I urge that your boards release these men immediately and unconditionally."

Professor David Starr Jordan writes:

"I understand that the eight members of the I. W. W. sent to the penitentiary from Centralia are applying for pardon. It is certain that the treatment of the Centralia affair has come as a disgrace to the State of Washington. I sincerely hope that the proper authorities of the State of Washington can see their way to grant an unconditional pardon to these people. I am not personally acquainted with any of them."

International Labor Defense points out that the actions on the part of Professor Jordan and Robert Whitaker are evidences of the depth of the mass pressure exerted by the workers against the continued imprisonment of the framed-up Centralia workers. Only organized mass protest of the workers in the unions, the shops and factories will, however, bring the necessary pressure on the lumber-trust owned State of Washington to free Eugene Barnett, McInerny and the others, the organization declares.

A state-wide conference of labor unions, farm organizations and other bodies in the State of Washington is planned in the near future to crystalize the protest of the workers, writes Charlotte Todes, Seattle I. L. D. secretary, and also secretary of the Centralia Liberation Committee.

MAYOR NEAR DEATH

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 24 (UP).—L. D. Taylor, 72-year-old mayor of Vancouver, was reported near death in a hospital here today from a fractured skull sustained by an airplane propellor yesterday.

Mayor Taylor was knocked unconscious when he walked into the whirling propellor which had just carried him on the initial trip of a passenger line between Sattle, Victoria and Vancouver.

COMMUNISTS IN GAS RATE FIGHT

Cleveland District In Lead of Issue

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

CLEVELAND, July 24.—The city of Cleveland is now in the midst of a gas fight. In the month of May the contract with the East Ohio Gas Company expired, and the question of rates came up.

The East Ohio Gas Company gets its gas from the Hope Gas Co., a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Co. The East Ohio Co. demanded an increase in rates of the small consumers, but allowed a reduction of rates to the big consumers.

Communists Protest.

An open session of the city council was held at that time, at which a representative of the Workers (Communist) Party was present. I. Amter, District Secretary of the Party, called the attention of the Council to the injustice of the proposals. There were tens of thousands of unemployed at the time and the prospect was that the coming winter would be even harder on the workers.

But aside from the immediate hardships to be imposed, Amter asked the reason for putting the burden on the shoulders of the workers, and lightening the load on the big consumers?

Amter was supported by Kennedy an independent member of the council, but the council tentatively accepted the proposals of the East Ohio Company, although it also drew the city manager into the controversy.

City Manager Hopkins proceeded to investigate, and was forced to adopt the position of the Communist Party, that the small consumers were being compelled to bear more than their share—that the rates proposed by the East Ohio Gas Co. not only should not be raised to the small consumers, but should be lowered all round.

Huge Profits.

According to his figures and analysis, the East Ohio Co. has more than duplicated its investment in its dividends, and has applied $8,000,000 of the profits to the extension of its plant.

The fight is now on between the city manager and the manager of the East Ohio Gas Co. But it is to be noted that the position taken by the Communists has become a basis for the "negotiations."

Three Divorce Lawyers Suspended In Paris

PARIS, July 24. — Suspension from practice for terms of two to eight months was decreed today against three of the seven French lawyers tried last week on charges of irregularities in the foreign divorce mill in Paris. Three other lawyers and one process server were "scolded severely." The seventh lawyer and a second process server were aquitted.

THREE DROWNED IN HEAT

TURIN, July 24 (UP).—Three persons were drowned in the River Po today while seeking relief from intense heat.

SPIES EXPELLED BY MORE UNIONS IN NEW CLEANUP

Much of 'Information' Is Not Secret

WASHINGTON, July 24. Chauncey Peterson, one of the labor spies employed by the steel trust and exposed by Frank L. Palmer in his book "Spies in Steel," has been expelled from the Intl. Brotherhood of Electrical Workers by President Noonan of that organization. Peterson operated in Duluth. He was not only active in the Electrical Workers but he had been elected to the state legislature by the Farmer-Labor Party, when Palmer's investigation led to his being thrown out of the union and suspended from the party.

Did Not Appeal.

Noonan, at I. B. E. W. headquarters in Washington, told a representative of the press on July 23 that he had received copies of reports made in handwriting by Peterson to the Silver Mining Co., a subsidiary of U. S. Steel, showing beyond doubt that the man was regularly reporting the names of men attending building trades meetings, names of union members and alleged action taken in meetings. Upon getting evidence, he ordered "permanent suspension" of Peterson's card notifying him that he would have the right to appeal before formal expulsion was made. Peterson did not appeal. Inquiry in Duluth showed that he had gone into the meat business.

"This is merely one of many such cases, occurring at intervals in many industries," said an electrical official. "The industrial concern pays an agency so much per day—about a journeyman's wage—to be paid extra to the man on the job who is to do the spying. In point of fact, the company was gypped of the money it paid Peterson, because none of the information he supplied it was really secret. And that is true of most of this spying—the information could be had for the asking. We do not know whether he caused any union men to be dismissed."

Another of Same Breed.

Cletus L. McMillian, formerly recording secretary of Machinists' Lodge No. 274, who played spy while in that job, has been expelled by his lodge since the expose appeared. McMillan had been a foreman after getting out of his job as union secretary, but he kept his union card and watched the men who came into the organization.

Another member of the machinists recently caught red-handed as a betrayer of his fellow-unionists was a man named Mears, operating in Wisconsin. He was expelled Davison stated, without loss of time.

Palmer, in his book—published at 50c by the Labor Press, 312 Interstate Trust Bldg., Denver, Colo.—mentions Vergilio Bertone, president of the Chisholm Musicians' Union as drawing $125 a month as a spy for steel. Luke Healy, clerk of the Hibbing Hotel at Hibbing, Minn., is described as one of the busy members of the sneaking-and-eavesdropping squad. Others include a barber, a letter carrier, etc.

Who furnished Palmer with the documents from the safe of the steel trust secret service in Duluth, thereby upsetting the spy system for a while, has not been disclosed. As the leak occurred several months ago, it is assumed by the Electrical Workers and the Machinists that a new spying staff has been employed with new code numbers, new methods of approach and new humbug as to trade union secrets.

FRENCH POETESS INJURED.

PARIS, July 24.—France's woman poet-laureate, the Countess de Noailles, badly sprained her right arm yesterday when she slipped on a wax floor and fell. She was forced to cancel all engagements for a fortnight, and is unable to write.

Chicago I. L. D. to Aid Relief for Coal Miners

CHICAGO, Ill., July 24.—General mobilization order has been issued to all International Labor Defense branches by the local office for active participation in the week's drive for miners' relief and defense, July 29-August 5.

All arrangements have already been made between I. L. D. and Miners' Relief for the joint drive. The I. L. D. expects to mobilize every member to take part in the drive.

NEW JERSEY AIDS IN MINE RELIEF

Meetings Being Held in Many Cities

A mass meeting which crowded the Workers Hall at 308 Elm St., Perth Amboy, gave Miners Relief and Defense Week a flying start in the state of New Jersey last Saturday night. A. Wear, a striking miner, told of the heroic struggle the miners are making in the face of tremendous obstacles. He stressed the necessity of supporting their struggle now that Lewis and the United Mine Workers of America bureaucracy have come out in the open as betrayers of the miners' strike.

All the workers present pledged their active support in helping the miners build a rank and file union. They showed their pledge was not an empty one by contributing generously to a collection. Edward S. Stanley, relief organizer of New Jersey, said that American workers must answer Lewis. They must support the Save-the-Union Committee until the new miners' union is organized and Lewis is thrown out.

New Brunswick followed close on the heels of Perth Amboy. Stanley also spoke at an outing of the Hungarian Workers Club Sunday. Similar pledges were made and a large collection was taken. Workers all over New Jersey are mobilizing this week for house to house collections and other activities to support the miners. Newark plans a mass meeting on Friday.

To Pass Kellogg Pact

WASHINGTON, July 24.—That the Kellogg multilateral peace pact will pass congress with only the minimum of political opposition is confidently promised here by representatives of both the big powers.

Both parties see in the much-heralded peace treaty the opportunity for the United States to arm at a rate never dreamed of before and under an undreamed of cloak of peace.

It is believed that the treaty will be accepted shortly after it is submitted to congress.

GREAT INCREASE OF UNEMPLOYED IN GREAT BRITAIN

Permanent Crisis is Gov't. Report

LONDON, July 24 (UP).—An official report on the British unemployment situation, in which the flat statement is made that there is a labor surplus and groups of workers must be transferred in mass to other labor fields, was returned yesterday by the government's industrial transference board.

There are about 1,200,000 unemployed persons in Great Britain, and the figure is growin larger. Many of them have dependents.

Growing Surplus.

In some heavy industries, and particularly in coal mining, there was a real surplus of labor, the board reported.

"The urgent and sympathetic attention of the entire country is needed, to deal with the problem," it was said.

Sir Warren Fisher is head of the board. It was appointed by the minister of labor to facilitate the transfer of workers, particularly miners, to areas where employment could be obtained for them.

"It is no longer a question merely of tiding over unemployment in these areas until a crisis passes," the report said. "A new policy is needed, directed at the permanent removal of as many workers as possible away from depressed industries and areas to other areas where the prospect of employment is more favorable."

"It is a hard thing," the report states, "to tell numbers of men—whole communities—that unless they leave all their familiar surroundings they will not be able to earn a living.

"But we should be shirking every inference from the facts if we did not emphasize this as the first and strongest of the lessons our work has provided."

The report expressed astonishment at the "disappointing slowness" of the rate of settlement of British workers in Canada and Australia. It urged radical simplification of the government's migrating policy, and reduction of steamship passage rates to a point nearer the pre-war level to facilitate overseas settlement, in addition to the existing empire settlement schemes.

2 RESCUED ON ATLANTIC.

Two men who had been adrift in the Atlantic Ocean without food or water for a week were rescued by a boat crew of the Panama-Pacific liner Manchuria and will be brought to New York today, according to a radio message received here today by the line's offices, at 1 Broadway, from the captain of the Manchuria.

Rural Theatres Popular With Peasants in the Soviet Union

By S. Malinovskaya.

ONE of the distinctive features of the village in the USSR is its extreme remoteness from the cultural centers owing to the weak development of railways in the country, in comparison with other countries. In many parts of the Soviet Union, particularly in the north, the village is cut off from the rest of the world during the winter and autumn seasons.

Hence the great importance attached to the penetration of culture among the masses of rural inhabitants, and to the organization of the peasants' theatre in the U. S. S. R. In this article we deal only with the development of the village theatre in the rural districts of the province of Moscow. In other parts of the Soviet Union, particularly in the Ukraine, there is also constant development in the activity of organizing rural theatrical performances. But this will form the subject of another article.

In the province of Moscow at the present time, with a population of 2,300,000, there are over 5,000 dramatic circles in the villages. On the money realized from the performances the circles purchase newspapers for the villages, organize reading rooms, etc. There were cases when the rural dramatic circles were among the first promoters and investors of rural societies for the purpose of purchasing agricultural machinery.

Needless to say the circles are as yet poorly equipped in regard to theatrical means. The majority of them have no special stage, the scenery is mostly home made and of the most primitive kind. The performances are generally got up without any expert professional guidance.

In localities with an experienced guide, the activity of the dramatic circles is conducted upon a proper plan: the play is chosen, a general study is made of the characters in the play, and only then the production is undertaken.

The preparations for the production of a play in a rural locality are more in the nature of educational work, in which part is taken both by the producers of the play and by their prospective patrons. The great drawback in art activity in the rural districts is the lack of experienced leadership, and in recent years there were steps taken to raise a sufficient body of experienced rural leaders in the pursuit of the arts. Great work in this direction is being accomplished by the "Polenov Memorial Association" attached to the Peasants' Home of Moscow.

The essential aim in the activity of the Peasants' Home is to supply art instruction to the village. For this purpose it maintains a model theatre and a body of experienced theatrical instructors. It also undertakes to select suitable plays for production by village amateurs. The Peasants' Home arranges also from time to time special training courses for rural theatrical workers.

Considerable activity is also carried on by the journal "The Rural Theatre," which enjoys popularity among rural dramatic circles thruout the Soviet Union. Written in plain and popular language, it deals with various problems of interest to rural dramatic circles and publishes articles on various practical aspects of theatrical activity, hints as to sceneries, make up, the study of dramatic characters and types, and so on.

An experiment in the direction of affording the means of visual training to rural dramatic circles was made by the organization of the Rural Itinerant Theatre in 1927 by the Moscow Theatrical Administration. Before establishing this Itinerant Theatre the actors who promoted this experiment had given over 50 performance in 40 villages in the various districts of the province of Moscow. The performances of the Itinerant Theatre are usually associated with educational work. Before the raising of the curtain an address is delivered giving an analysis of the play, and after the conclusion of the performance an address is given on the rendering of the play. Usually a lively discussion ensues, in the course of which the actors take stock of the views and opinions expressed by the audience. The actors then acquaint themselves with the activity of the local dramatic circle, imparting their experiences to the members, advising them on technical matters, and so on. Sometimes the actors rehearse with the rural amateurs the play which they have in hand for presentation by the circle.

The visits of the Puppet Theatre to villages in the province of Moscow were everywhere welcomed with intense enthusiasm, contributing to the general activity for the spreading of culture in the outlying villages.

The theatrical activity in the rural districts is considered by the Soviet authorities as an essential item in the great Cultural Revolution which is going on through the length and breadth of the Soviet Union.

OLIVE BERTRAND

Plays an important part in "The Connecticut Yankee," the musical show based on Mark Twain's clever satire at the Vanderbilt Theatre.

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REFUSE TO TESTIFY

BRUNSWICK, Ga., July 24 (UP).—Two men, sentenced to death for the killing of C. A. Perry, cashier of the Bank of Kingsland, refused today to testify against Ernest Waller, an alleged accomplice.

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NATIONAL MINERS' RELIEF COMMITTEE—799 BROADWAY—(Stuyvesant 888)—ROOM 237

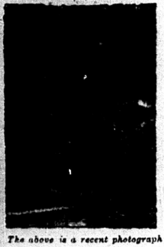
New Bedford Youth Demands $15 Minimum for Young Workers, No Child Labor

HANdOuTS

One thousand million dollars, familiarly known as a billion was represented by four men who recently left on the Majestic to do a little grouse shooting in Normandy. They were J. P. Morgan, Charles Steele, partner of Morgan, Andy Mellon and Wm. L. Mellon. The workers who produced this billion were left in the United States where they will probably remain during the summer.

* * *

Odd Job



The above is a recent photograph of D. Bird of King's Oak, England, shown working at his trade. He's a motorcycle racer. Under capitalism any number of workers are willing to risk their lives to win a few extra pennies to support their families. The so-called cultured classes attend the races for the thrill and go home quite irritated if some poor worker isn't killed.

* * *

Gems of Learning

Thomas B. Love, candidate for lieutenant-governor of Texas: "As between chronic corruption and acute corruption I prefer the acute. I want strongly to turn the rascals out, but I am just as strongly opposed to turning Tammany Hall in. I intend definitely to vote against Smith. . ." It would never occur to Democrat Love to eliminate corruption with a workers' and farmers' government.

Governor Moody of Texas: "I am a democrat. I do not believe in bolting the party." If the democratic platform maintained that the moon was made of Philadelphia cream cheese Moody wouldn't bolt. He's a democrat.

Mrs. Stanley Baldwin, wife of British prime minister: "A woman labor leader at Bournemouth declared, the other day, that the socialist party is out for power. I fancy that we conservative women want something which is higher than power. We want peace and good-will, and we shall never get it from a party that preaches power and warfare." Good-will such as that displayed toward the Germans in the great war. Imperialist peace fatal to millions of workers each year.

Lord Birkenhead: "Even a feminist must be aware that the reason, and the sole reason, why women have retained any hold on such posts is economic. They are permitted to do a man's work because they do it more cheaply." Frank capitalist. Most capitalists maintain they hire women for purely philanthropic reasons. To allow them to earn a little money to better support their families.

Prominent Valet

The anatomy of capitalist society can sometimes best be studied by an examination of the mold. Above is a large green chunk named Cal. At the present time he is sojourning, on income mulcted from the working class, at Brule, Wisconsin, where he is studying science at the church of John Taylor (right). Cal has just learned that Jonah spent three days in the whale's belly and was then expectorated before mastication set in. Cal regards the story as quite probable. Cal, who for several years has been emptying spitoons for Wall Street as president of the United States, has spread the belief that his silence indicates intellectual depth. Inside his unique head his brain was supposed to be too busy to bother with speech. Today practically everybody admits the great head is silent for the same reason a head of cheese is.

WILL FIGHT FOR SEVEN-HOUR DAY, FIVE-DAY WEEK

Textile Mill Committee to Back Them

The New Bedford Textile Workers' Union (Textile Mill Committee) in recognition of the importance of the young workers, has adopted a list of special youth demands as follows:

1. Minimum wage of $15 a week for all young workers. 2. Equal pay for equal work. 3. Complete abolition of child labor, state maintenance for those now working. 4 No night work for young workers under 21. No overtime for young workers under 18. 5. Two 15 minute rest periods a day for all young workers. 6. 7-hour day, 5-day week for young workers under 18. 7. One hour for lunch and washing up on company time. 8. Work schools for young workers under 15 and 18 on working time under union and young worker control.

PLAN SERIES OF YOUTH SCHOOLS

Industrial Centers to be Pivots

Preparations for a series of League Summer Schools thruout the country this summer are going ahead full speed. The Waino School (Wisconsin)—which has an elementary and an advanced course—has already opened. There are twenty-five students from important sections of the district—from the Iron Range, the Michigan copper country from the Twin Cities, and from the Head of the Lakes section. The elementary school will take place somewhat later.

The Northwest School covering the northwest region (Washington Oregon) as well as California has already started.

The New England School opened immediately after July 4. The students include a number of young strikers from New Bedford.

The Ohio School, at Ashtabula, is opening in August. Young workers from the mining regions of Pennsylvania and Ohio, young steel workers, and the youth of other industries will be represented among the students.

Definite information is not yet forthcoming as to the New York and the Chicago schools but they are expected to take place in August.

All of the above schools are full-time schools covering a period from four to six weeks. The value of such schools in developing new forces for youth work and new functionaries for the League has been proven by the schools of last year and the year before and we expect that this year's schools will be even more successful.

Contributions From Workers Wanted

This section will appear regularly in the Saturday and Wednesday issues of the Daily Worker. All young workers are invited to contribute. Send all articles about your shop, your league, etc., to Editor Young Worker Section, care of Young Workers League, 43 E. 125th St. New York City, N. Y.

EVANSTON, Ill., (UP) July 24—Officers of the Women's Christian Temperance Union have issued a call for a national convention of the organization to be held in Boston Mass., November 14, to 22, it was announced today.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to
The DAILY WORKER
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ARBEITER BUND, Manhattan & Bronx; German Workers' Club.
Meets every 4th Thursday in the month at Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. New members accepted at regular meetings. German and English library. Sunday lectures. Social entertainments. All German speaking workers are welcome.

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Window Cleaners' Protective Union—Local 8
Affiliated with the A. F. of L.
15 E. 3rd St., New York
Meets each 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month at 7 P. M. at Manhattan Lyceum.
Window Cleaners, Join Your Union!

UNION LABEL AFW
AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS
Bakers' Local 164
Meets 1st Saturday in the month at 3468 Third Ave. Bronx, N. Y.
Ask for Union Label Bread

Wall St. Field-Marshall Takes Up Duties

Hubert Work has resigned as secretary of the interior in order to hunt bigger game—votes in large enough numbers to put Herbert Hoover into Wall Street's White House. Hubert is now secretary of the republican national committee, and if Hoover is elected, he will probably reap a fat reward. Photo shows Work at right, talking it over with his successor in the cabinet, Roy O. West, Chicago businessman, an ardent Coolidge supporter.

DISTRICTS HOLD LEAGUE MEETS

New Members Active in Conferences

By MORRIS YUSEM.

All the districts of the Young Workers Communist League are holding conferences, entirely devoted to the consideration of the steps necessary to build the league in the factories. At no time in the history of the league has so much attention been given to the building of the league on the basis of shop groups. Practically all districts have already set the dates for the conferences, four have already been held and by Aug. 5 every district will have had its conference.

In the course of the preparations for the conferences the league membership is going thru an intense education on the building of shop nuclei, factory activity, the issuing of factory papers and the recruiting of members in the factories.

Enthusiastic Response.

The conferences already held give evidence that they will affect the league's activity in the period following. The Pittsburgh, New York and Philadelphia conferences show that the membership is responding very enthusiastically. New York had almost 100 delegates, Pittsburgh and Philadelphia each had about 40, representing all units of the league.

An outstanding fact in the composition of the delegates is that the most active participants were the members that came into the league recently during the miners' struggle and such others in which the league took an active part. A majority of the Pittsburgh delegates, for instance, were such new members. It was clearly demonstrated that our league is making good headway in penetrating into the basic industries and large factories.

PROTECTS OWN WIFE

BERLIN, July 24 (UP).—Martin Van Halder, 28, a Milwaukee mechanic, was critically injured today in a gallant and successful fight to protect his wife from her former husband, a criminal just escaped from Brandenburg prison.

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Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Scandinavians To Hold Sports Meet.

Scandinavian Workers' Athletic Club will hold a festival in Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, July 29. Among the features will be two soccer games, one between the Swedish S. C. and the Norwegian team Klippen; another between Scandinavian Workers A. C. and Hungarian Workers A. C.

* * *

This Friday, July 27, the Bronx Hungarian Workers' Club will unveil the first Lenin corner in the United States at 753 E. Tremont Ave., Bronx. Workers of New York are asked to be present at this reception. A good Hungarian and English program will be given.

* * *

Harlem I. L. D.

The Harlem branch of the I. L. D. will meet tonight at 8 o'clock at 143 E. 103rd St. Louis A. Baum, secretary of the Photographic Workers' Union, will speak on the subject, "What we can do to free Mooney and Billings."

* * *

Harlem I. L. D.

The Harlem I. L. D. will meet today at 8 p. m. at 143 East 103rd St. Subject, campaign to release Mooney and Billings.

* * *

Working Women's Council.

The regular meeting of the Central Body of the United Council of Working Women will be held tomorrow evening, July 26th, at the Workers' Center, 6th floor, Room 3, at 8:30 p. m.

* * *

Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at 7:30 sharp August 2, 1928. At this conference the causes of war, and the methods to be used in fighting the war danger will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women's organizations are invited to send delegates, and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

* * *

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

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Party Activities

Section 7 Drive.

The concentration week of the signature drive of Section 7 to place the names of the Workers (Communist) Party candidates on the ballot in New York State will begin on Sunday and last throughout the week until the following Sunday. All functionaries are especially instructed to lead this drive by reporting at the headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn, at 10 a. m. The section executive committee is at present preparing a prize award for the member who succeeds in collecting the greatest amount of signatures. Members of Section 2 and 3 are also instructed to report at the Section 7 headquarters.

* * *

Section 7 Meeting.

The campaign committee of Section 7 will meet tomorrow at 8 p. m. at campaign headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn. All chairmen of committees representing organizations in the campaign should not fail to attend.

* * *

Unit 4 Section 7.

Unit 4, Section 7 meets today at 8 p. m. at 1940 Benson Ave. The election campaign will be discussed.

* * *

International Branch 1.

International Branch 1 will hold an educational meeting tomorrow at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place, N. Y. All members are urged to be present.

* * *

Executive Subsection 3C.

The executive committee of Sub-Section 3C will hold a meeting today at 101 West 27th Street at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

Unit 3E 2F.

The Unit 3E 2F will have a very important meeting today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All comrades must be present and on time. Roll call will be taken.

* * *

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

* * *

Party Membership Meeting.

The comrades in the units are asked to take note of the fact that there will be a Party membership meeting Wednesday, August 1st at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. No other meetings are to be arranged to conflict with this date.

Note is also to be taken of the fact that on Saturday afternoon, August 4, the anniversary of the World War opening, there will be an open air demonstration at Union Square under the auspices of the Workers Party. All units are to make arrangements for mobilizing masses of workers to attend.

District Executive Committee, District 2, John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

Young Pioneers Hold Important Meet Thurs.

All Young Pioneer agit-prop directors, organizers, and members of the District Executive Committee have been called to a meeting which will be held at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, Room 205, on Thursday.

The present election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party and the anti-war campaign will be fully discussed.

YANKEES WIN IN 9TH OTT WINS FOR GIANTS

A four-run rally in the ninth inning enabled the New York Yankees to defeat the Boston Red Sox, 5 to 3, yesterday. After a bad first inning, in which he gave three runs, Herb Pennock pitched well for the Yankees. He was relieved in the eighth by Campbell, who was followed by Moore and Hoyt.

No other clubs were scheduled.

* * *

A home run by Mel Ott helped the New York Giants defeat Pittsburgh, 6 to 3. Larry Benton was hit hard by the Pirates, but was never in danger, except in the eighth inning, when Pittsburgh scored two runs.

Willie Sherdel had the better of Jess Petty in a pitching duel and the St. Louis Cardinals defeated Brooklyn, 2 to 1. Sherdel gave six hits and Petty seven.

* * *

YESTERDAY'S SCORES

National League
New York, 6; Pittsburgh, 3.
St. Louis, 2; Brooklyn, 1.
Cincinnati, 5; Philadelphia, 1.
American League
New York, 5; Boston, 3.

* * *

GENARO AND ROCCO MAY BE REMATCHED

TORONTO, Ont., July 24 (UP).—Frankie Genaro and Steve Rocco, who fought a draw here last night, are likely to be rematched for the world's flyweight championship here shortly.

* * *

NURMI TO COMPETE IN ONLY 2 OLYMPIC EVENTS

AMSTERDAM, July 24 (UP).—Paavo Nurmi of Finland will compete only in the 5,000 and 10,000 metres, it was announced today, because two other Finns can better his time in the 1,500.

* * *

ELKINS TO CHALLENGE DECATHLON WINNER

PARIS, July 24 (UP).—Major William Kennelly of the New York Athletic Club, said today that Fait Elkins, American decathlon star who was left off the Olympic team, would challenge the winner of the decathlon at the Olympic games.

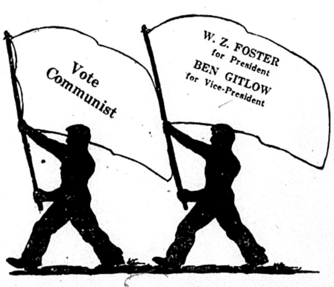
Worker Badly Burned In Yacht Explosion

GREENWICH, Conn., July 23.—Sydney R. Coles, a worker on the yacht Ariona III, owned by Arthur T. Murray of Greenwich, Conn., was badly burned on the face and hands yesterday when gas exploded in the boat, which was anchored off the Indian Harbor Yacht Club.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.



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LABOR DEFENSE OUTING AUG. 11

To Be Demonstration of Left Wing

Plans are going forward for the annual outing of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, to be held in Pleasant Bay Park, Saturday, August 11. This outing, originally scheduled for last Saturday, was postponed in order not to interfere with the concert at Coney Island Stadium arranged by the Daily Worker and Freiheit.

This outing will be a demonstration of the left wing movement against the "justice" of the capitalist courts and for the release of all class war prisoners. An elaborate program is being arranged, including games and sports, a torch-light parade, open-air dancing, refreshments, a mass scene and moving pictures of the outing.

All the proceeds of the outing will go for the defense of workers under attack by the capitalist courts. The necessity of raising immediate funds for this purpose makes this affair of particular importance, it is pointed out. The defense of the workers arrested at the anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall Street, one of whom is still to come up for grand jury hearing, as well as other cases recently handled by the I. L. D. has involved so much expense that the organization has been left without funds to carry on its future work. All workers are therefore urged to express their solidarity with their comrades who are being victimized by the courts by supporting the I. L. D. outing to the utmost.

Baker, Scab Coal Operator, Resigns

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 23.—Horace F. Baker, open shop banker and scab coal operator, resigned as president and chairman of the Board of Directors of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Corporation, it was announced from his office here today.

The announcement said ill health had caused Baker's resignation. He has been away from Pittsburgh for several days.

WILHELM HAS HOPES.

AMSTERDAM, July 23.—According to a newspaper here, "Het Volk," the German government has complained to the Netherlands government against former emperor Wilhelm's "abuse of Dutch hospitality...by publicly voicing designs for the restoration of the German monarchy."

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DIARY OF A COMMUNIST SCHOOLBOY—By Ognyov 2.50
HISTORY OF THE FIRST INTERNATIONAL—By G. M. Stekloff 3.50
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REPORT OF THE FIFTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE C. P. S. U. .... .60
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Assistant Editor................WM. F. DUNNE

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Take Your Whelps, Mussolini!

As the facts come out, one by one, the almost unbelievable cowardliness and general vileness of the crew that Mussolini sent to drop a fascist flag and the pope's cross at the North Pole astonishes even those who thought they knew the foulness of fascism.

It is established that the commander of the expedition whiningly deserted his crew to save himself. Then that two of his subordinate officers deserted the scientist Malmgren to die, leaving him alive inside of a grave they had dug for him in the ice, after taking all of his share of food and even taking off his pants so as to give added warmth to the fascists' legs.

Startling as is this picture, it is nevertheless not in the least out of keeping with general facts well known to men and women of the labor movement who have experienced in less dramatic setting the habitual ways of those reactionary social elements typified by the three fascist officers, Nobile, Zappi and Mariano.

The difference is in the setting. Numberless workers who have gone through the class struggle, not only in such severe form as the civil war in the old czarist empire, but even in the plainest strike in an American coal field, are fully aware that the beastly cruelty, greed and cowardice of a Zappi stealing the food and clothes off the body of a dying comrade is the normal spirit of the class of Zappi whenever put to the test.

But the situation of men in a world-heralded polar expedition—fixed in universal view "at the top of the world"—would usually put men, however mean, into at least the pretense of social behavior and comradeship. However, the dirty fascist arrogance which has become a systematic culture seems to have motivated the canaille even when the spot-light of the world attention was upon them.

Let Mussolini defend his breed. Let us agree with Mussolini that Nobile, Zappi and Mariano are well within the rules of fascist "honor" in stealing the food and clothing of a dying comrade. Didn't they do him the kindness of digging a grave for him in the ice?

Take your whelps, Mussolni, as they crawl back to you. You may be proud of them.

But you and your kind are now better known to the millions of the working class of the world that must settle accounts once and for all with the Nobiles, Zappis and Marianos, not as Arctic explorers, but as the fascist thugs defending capitalism in the suppression and exploitation of the working class.

Take your whelps, Mussolini.

Flunkeys Pose as Peace Angels

The "socialist" government of Germany has decided that the annual maneuvers of the army and navy of the German bourgeoisie shall be omitted this year.

But wait a minute. The German social-democratic party has not suddenly begun to disarm the capitalist state. The purpose of omitting the maneuvers is—to save money for the capitalist state this year, so that there will be more money with which to strengthen the armed forces later. And also to kid the German working class along with pacifist illusions while the party of social treason puts on the guise of the "peace maker."

The workers must not forget that on every occasion in which the workers have come into conflict with the capitalist state the social-democratic party has defeated the working class by throwing against it the full armed power of the state and by mobilizing all extra-legal fascist organizations of murder against the workers. The "socialist" party of Germany is the enemy of the German workers' splendid organization, the "Red Front Fighters." The party of Noske, Scheidemann and Mueller does everything in its power to keep the working class disarmed and the capitalist class armed to the teeth, and the omission of army and navy maneuvers this year fits in with that policy.

In the United States the Reverend Norman Thomas' socialist party stands for the same thing, but hasn't had its chance yet. If the working class is sufficiently vigilant, it never will.

The working class party in all countries is the Communist Party, whose program will make the working class the ruling class. The Communist Party is busy everywhere strengthening the fighting power of the workers and opposing everything that strengthens the capitalist state.

You should vote Communist this year.

And join the Workers (Communist) Party, American section of the Communist International.

Coast Furriers Demand Conference

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 24.—A special meeting of the recently organized Furriers' Union here, held July 18, unanimously endorsed the resolution proposed by the Boston Local 30 of the International Fur Workers' Union. This resolution demands that the general executive board of the International to call a conference of all locals for the purpose of halting the internal union fight in New York.

The membership here decided without a dissenting vote to notify Boston, which initiated the movement for a conference, that they too agree that all the other locals have been destroyed or are being destroyed by the bosses as long as the struggle against the New York Joint Board continues. Even tho they are not chartered by the International, the local joins in the movement.

In the letter drafted for Boston the Los Angeles unionists tell of their own experiences with the G. E. B. and of their struggle to build an organization in this open shop city. They describe them as follows:

"We have tried our utmost since November 26th, 1926, to organize a union in this city. There are about three hundred fur workers, that can and want to be organized; but this brings us to the main question in this organization and that is the charter from the International.

"On July 1, 1927, we sought the help of the Needle Trades Council and sent $25.00 to the International Fur Workers' Union as the initial payment on the charter. Several months have passed without word, then we requested the Needle Trades Council to intercede for us. After a few more months of waiting they finally replied that there was some technical error in filing the application and asked us through the Needle Trades Council to make a correction of these mistakes. After complying with this request we waited some more. The delay was getting rather lengthy, then after 12 months of agitating them, they finally returned the money to the Trades and Labor Council giving no satisfactory explanation, so far as we know, even going so far as to ignore these fur workers and not wanting to deal with us. It was only because we threatened to expose them that the Trades and Labor Council, through the Needle Trades Council, was forced to act and it was then a question of either returning the money or granting the charter."

Many Features at Big Mine Affair

Among the many features that will contribute to make the Miners Solidarity Fair unique among picnics will be the athletic contests held by members of the proletarian [illegible] Sports Club, among which will be wrestling, high jump, short dashes and longer runs. The keen rivalry between contesting teams will add much to the enjoyment of the affair.

A huge platform is under process of construction, which will furnish ample room for dancers to the syncopated tunes of a first-rate jazz band. Besides the popular dancing there will be special numbers of national dances on the program, done in costume by a mass of choristers.

But none of the various contests and events on the program of the evening will the rivalry between contestants be more keen than that between the makers of "schaschlik," the favorite American diet, and those of spaghetti, a long favorite with Italians. It is rumored that some Chinese workers will enter the arena, armed with chop suey and various brands of chow mien.

Tickets may be obtained at the National Miners Relief Committee, Room 237, 799 Broadway. The price per ticket is 35 cents, but they may be bought by organizations at 20 cents each, if purchased in blocks of 100 or more.

Workers' clubs are busily preparing the various signs and slogans they will use in the Solidarity Parade, of which movies will be taken, after the showing of the strike film.

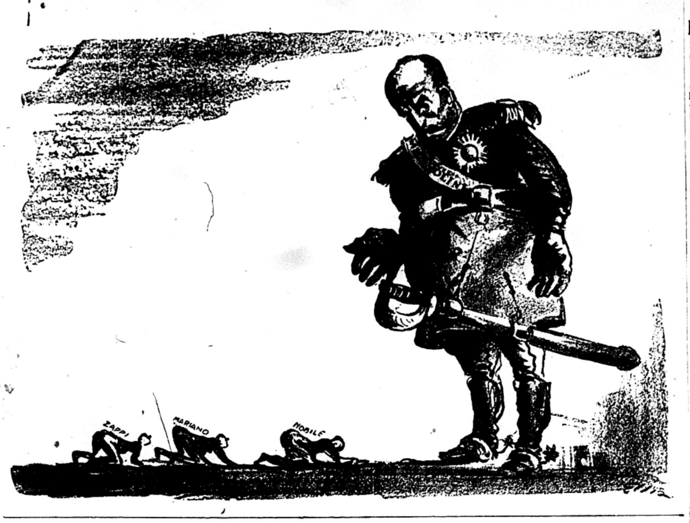
Labor M. P.'s Think Kellogg Sincere

LONDON, July 24.—The labor members in the House of Commons today sharply criticized Sir William Joynson-Hicks, Home Secretary, for declaring in a speech that the United States was enlarging its navy while urging other nations to join in outlawing war.

Labor M. P. Commander Kenworthy informed the Commons that the United States was in fact "redusing" its navy and that Sir Joynson-Hicks did not know what he was talking about.

Premier Baldwin, while not censuring the Home Secretary for the contents of his remarks said that he might have used "a better choice of words in expressing his opinion."

MUSSOLINI'S BREED By Fred Ellis



Working Youth Conference

By PHILIP FRANKFELD.

The Talkfest at Brookwood and Plans in Action by Young Workers League

In the past six months, we have witnessed the coming and going of two musty youth conferences. These conferences did not even cause a ripple on the surface of the labor movement; not to say on the masses of exploited unorganized young workers. Like postum — there's a reason.

The Musty Mr. Muste.

The Muste youth conferences, those arranged by Brookwood, did nothing more than discuss and rediscuss the question of the young workers. All talk and no action was bound to end in failure as regards the efforts of Brookwood to take a part in the organization of the unorganized youth.

The Brookwooders exposed their complete bankruptcy to do anything along the lines of organization. Mr. Muste and his friends showed themselves in their true role at this conference—that of being more interested in the "friendship" of the representative of the A. F. of L. than in the practical proposals made by the delegates from the Young Workers (Communist) League, who incidentally were not seated.

Youth conferences are no longer a novelty in the labor movement. The first working class youth conferences were organized, and pushed by the Communist youth organization. The first youth conference in New York took place 2 years ago June. That conference was a real step forward insofar as quite a number of large factories were actually represented by young workers, and insofar as the message of unionization was actually brought to hundreds of young workers. The League profited from this campaign in the sense that the Young Workers Communist League was popularized among the masses of youth, and the League was able to recruit many new members into its ranks.

Lacked Publicity.

The shortcoming of that attempt to do organiation work was that it was not brought to the attention of the entire labor movement, that the left wing and progressives were not sufficiently drawn into the work of the conference.

Since that time the work amongst the young workers has not ceased. The League has made several attempts to organize the young workers, and in some instances, like the International Handkerchief Co., a shop committee of 40 young workers was organized. The League continued to issue leaflets and bulletins in Sunshine Biscuit, in Auto-Strop, in Eagle Pencil, in Park & Tilford, and in many more factories in New York. But the one big shortcoming was that there was no central campaign, no intensified drive, no mobilization of the left wing forces, for a general drive to help organize the young workers.

June Conference.

On June 22nd, in the Labor Temple, a group of 11 organizations gathered to hold a provisional conference. Eight of these were local unions, two were working youth organizations, and one a shop committee of young workers. This provisional conference was not a hot air fest.

It was a business meeting of a group of serious minded organizations interested in organizing the unorganized young workers. It comprised organizations that knew what they wanted, and came together for the purpose of mapping out concrete plans of how to do it.

The president of the Plumbers' Helpers' Union gave the main report. He spoke on the purposes of the provisional conference. He outlined briefly the conditions of the young workers; he spoke briefly on the role of the youth in industry today; he pointed out and illustrated (his own union's case as an example) on the necessity of solidarity between the young and adult workers. He gave simple, direct, reasons for the need of organizing the young workers.

Plan General Conference.

The discussion was very much to the point. There were no phrases bandied around at this conference. The speeches were short and instructive. At the conclusion of this point on the agenda, the question of preparations for the General Working Youth Conference was discussed. Briefly the following was decided upon:

1. That a General Working Youth Conference be held sometime in September.
2. That there would be three delegates from every local union; 1 delegate from each working youth club; 1 delegate for every 10 organized workers and 1 delegate for every 5 unorganized young workers in the shop committee.
3. That a resolution be drawn up and sent to every labor union in New York on the question of the unorganized young workers.
4. That a leaflet addressed to all unorganized youth be printed.
5. That a speakers' bureau be elected to visit local unions and working youth clubs asking for endorsements of the General Working Youth Conference.
6. That an Executive Committee be elected consisting of one representative from each organization.

Work Proceeds.

The Executive Committee held its first meeting, a resolution was drawn up, discussed and corrected, and will now be sent out.

Twenty-five thousand leaflets have been printed and are now being distributed to unorganized young workers in candy factories, shoe factories, knitgoods, department stores, biscuit-making, radio, pencil factories, needle - trades building trades, and many other factories and trades.

Money has already been donated for the work of the working youth conference.

The following unions and youth organizations were represented at the Provisional Conference: the Plumbers' Helpers' Union; the Bakers' Union Local 164, of the Amalgamated Food Workers; the Brownsville Working Youth Center; the Independent Shoe Workers of Greater New York; the Knitgoods Workers' Union, Local 55, United Textile Workers of America; Local 41, Hemstitchers and Tuckers; Local 43, Millinery Workers' Union; the Office Workers' Union; the Phillip-Jones Shop Committee; the United Umbrella and Handle Makers' Union; and the Young Workers (Communist) League. This group of local unions and youth organizations has succeeded in establishing a base of operations among the unorganized young workers.

It is easily discernible that most of the unions on the Provisional Conference are from trades and industries which include a large number of young workers in them.

Good Beginning Made.

The General Working Youth Conference has received a very good start. It is entirely free from those elements who persist in talking about their good intentions but in reality cover up the labor fakirs on whose good graces they are dependent for the continued existence of their institution. It is free from those elements who hesitate and delay before they get down to the actual work of organizing.

The Working Youth Conference has the perspective of being able to lead the young workers into struggle for the betterment of their conditions and for unionization. The Working Youth Conference has no illusions about being able to organize all of the unorganized young workers in the city. But some start will be made; many contacts will be developed; the message of militant unionism will be brought to the attention of tens of thousands of young workers.

Told You So

IN view of the Tammany candidate's association with the Knights of Columbus and his high standing with the vatican it would be quite inconsiderate of Calles to proceed with the cleaning up process during an election year. Millions of normally democratic voters would not have much interest in aiding the Catholic church in its assassination policy in Mexico. It is feared, however, that Calles is so tied to the money strings of Wall Street that he will do as Ambassador Morrow tells him. Since the House of Morgan is the financial agent for the vatican in the United States and since Morrow is a member of the House of Morgan, Morrow is not only the American representative in Mexico, but the agent of the vatican as well.

* * *

HOW many of our readers noticed the item in at least one of last week's New York papers that Calvin Coolidge appointed William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, to some commission or other? Of course, Coolidge sometimes appoints democrats on important commissions, but since this election campaign in many respects is a factional fight within the ranks of the capitalists and since during factional fights both sides fight for every point of vantage, it is not outside the bounds of possibility that Green, the former democrat, has decided to throw in his lot in the elections with Herbert Hoover. And if I remember correctly there are only two on the commission, it is also possible that there is a salary attached.

* * *

AT the rate the industrial magnates are taking the management of election campaigns out of the hands of the old politicians, it is possible that the good old days when a president of a fictitious organization could get away with a bluff and a bunch of money in return for the promise to "throw" his organization to a candidate are gone forever. The same fellow may in the near future have to don overalls and go from house to house distributing photographs.

* * *

THE powers will sign the Kellogg "anti-war" treatry in August, according to a news dispatch. The Soviet Union was not invited, which we dare say causes little worry in the Kremlin. In the meantime, Kellogg continues Wall Street's war against Nicaragua. Should the powers sign Kellogg's treaty it will only mean that the danger of war is more imminent than ever.

* * *

THE New York World deftly warns President Calles of Mexico that a resumption of the struggle against the feudal Catholic church in that country as a result of the assassination of President-elect Obregon would be looked at askance by the American people. Calles declared that the clerical reactionaries were back of the deed. There is no doubt about that. For every American who takes the viewpoint of Al Smith's official organ, there are ten thousand who will wish the Mexican government luck provided it goes ahead with the task of cleaning out the reactionary clerical elements.

The task of organizing the exploited workers and farmers for the final struggle is reserved by history for the Workers (Communist) Party under the leadership of the Communist International. There is no solution of the social evils that grow in capitalist soil, for the slavery and misery of the workers short of the complete overthrow of the capitalist system and the establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' Government, a Soviet Government, that would set about to reconstruct society on a socialist basis, the producers only reaping the fruits of the products of the industrial machines and the farms.

* * *

In this election campaign the Workers (Communist) Party will be the only one that will indicate the correct road the workers must follow in order to fight for the best possible living conditions now and for their ultimate emancipation. The socialist party candidates will chiefly confine themselves to attacking capitalist functionaries for non-attention to duty and because of their predeliction for graft. They will hang around the manholes and wail about the odors. While anything that will help to show up the political agents of the enemy is our meat, we are mostly concerned with the capitalist politicians as strikebreakers and policemen used to crush the workers under the slogan of "Law and Order."

Tom O'Flaherty

Foreign Investments and Foreign Policy

Wall Street Dollars Bring Slavery to Natives of Many Countries

THERE is certainly nothing novel in the statement that the flow of American capital to foreign countries has run parallel with the growth of the United States as a world imperialist power. Although this country ever since its unjust and aggressive war against Mexico had manifested strong annexationist tendencies it has been only during the period of the export of capital both to the relatively backward countries of Latin America and, more recently, to European countries that it has assumed the role of the world's dominant financial empire.

Development of U. S. Imperialism.

The Spanish-American War made America "accept the burden thrust upon us unsought"—to use the words of President McKinley—of protecting Cuba and creating dependencies out of Porto Rico, Guam and the Philippines. A vigorous president "took" Panama, from Colombia, after, as he put it, making "every effort to persuade Colombia to allow herself to be benefited" by the act. Since then this country has established what even the history text books describe as virtual protectorates over Haiti, Liberia, Nicaragua and Santo Domingo, and has brought several other formerly independent and sovereign states under its control. It has intervened by force at least thirty times in the internal affairs of nine sovereign Latin American countries.

What has driven the United States into this relationship toward these countries? Is it, to use the words of the late President Harding, "the lure of the waters, or the march of empire, or the call of commerce, or inscrutable destiny?" Perhaps a little of each, if you will. But I should be inclined to lay much the greater emphasis on such tangible factors on the investments of American bankers and industrialists in the securities and properties of these countries. Military and diplomatic reasons have always had their roots firmly gripping economic soil although this fact has not always been too apparent to the average citizen.

* * *

THE owning class in the United States has amassed surplus wealth that it has greatly profited it to invest abroad. Whether our bankers have been able to secure a return on their money greater than their forerunners—the British finance capitalists who are undoubtedly past masters in the art of foreign investment—is of no great concern to the common man. The fact is that they have ben able to make investments overseas that yield somewhat higher than those made in comparable enterprises at home. Therefore the money has gone abroad and will continue to do so. And the search for extra-territorial business opportunities is bound to continue not only in the form of investments in government and corporate securities but also in enterprises that are a part of the American quest for certain raw materials.

No Loan for U. S. S. R.

It should be noted, incidentally, that American dollars will go anywhere they can discern a prospect of profit no matter what type of native government may be involved, so long as the borrowing country is essentially capitalistic in its economic system. To be sure the Soviet Union, which operated a system abhorrent to the rulers of the United States will not be the recipient of long-term loans until she consents to mend her ways to comply with the standards of Mr. Kellogg. But all other countries will be able to secure capital from Wall Street no matter what their political forms.

Our bankers, with the aid of the state department, and the state department, assisted by the bankers—the relationship is generally reciprocal—will continue to lend dollars to such dictatorships as those now prevailing in Italy, Hungary, Haiti, Chile, Venezuela and Peru. Indeed it is now to the advantage of the American investors to see that these dictatorships are maintained; otherwise American loans and investments might be placed in jeopardy. United States foreign policy will continue to be shaped not by any reference to the essential democracy or lack of democracy of the borrowing state but purely by the ability of the native government and the native industry to function along normal capitalistic lines.

* * *

Capital and Foreign Policy

HOW does this export of capital, this financial penetration, effect American foreign policy? In various ways, depending upon the strength of the borrowing country, the form in which the capital is invested, the influence of the capital exporter and a number of other factors. But basically the policy of the United States is, to use the words of President Coolidge, that "the person and property of a citizen are a part of the general domain of a nation, even when abroad." Its policy is to use whatever force is necessary to protect that person and that property. This policy has already led your government into wars, interventions, the extortion of treaties, the occupation of territory, the declaration of "neutral zones," embargoes on arms, violation of the rights of foreign peoples, seizures of customs houses, the support of revolutions in one country, or at one period, and their suppression in another country or at another period in the same country, depending solely upon the extent to which American economic interests were advanced by the action.

This policy is bound to lead to similar participation in the "white man's burden" in the future. More than that, the American concessionaire abroad has been able to use your state department to assist him in securing his original concession or economic claim in the backward country. At other times he has used it to prevent the cancellation of his concession through a change in the native government.

(To Be Continued.)

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

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VIOLENT REACTION NOW THREATENS MEXICAN WORKERS

World Congress of Communist International Discusses Bucharin's Thesis

NEGRO DELEGATE SAYS SOCIALIST PARTY BETRAYS

French Delegates Tell of Work in Army

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 24.—Under the chairmanship of Carlton, the sixth session of the World Congress of the Communist International opened here today with the continuance of Nikolai Bukharin's discussion.

French Imperialism.

Semard declared that the French delegation was in agreement with Bukharin's report and theses but would like to see more emphasis placed on the role of French imperialism. He pointed out that the main aim of French imperialism is to extend its colonial possessions thus intensifying the antagonism with the other imperialist powers Simultaneously it is oppressing the French working class.

The French social democracy is supporting colonial oppression abroad and capitalist rationalization at home.

Semard drew attention to the successful anti-war propaganda which the French Communist Party is conducting among the troops and in the factories so that, when war comes, the imperialist conflict can be turned into a civil war and proletarian revolution.

De Visser of Holland, next declared that the Executive Committee of the Communist International had in several instances failed to act quickly enough. He cited as examples, the British General Strike the Sacco-Vanzetti campaign, etc.

Rogitch, of Yugo-Slavia, declared that his delegation was completely in agreement with Bukharin and was very thankful for the liquidation of anti-Party factional struggles.

Negro Work.

Ford, the Negro delegate of the American delegation, asserted that the American Party was not yet paying sufficient attention to work among the Negroes. In spite of the intolerable exploitation of millions of Negroes, he pointed out that nothing had been done to bring these workers closer to the Party.

"The American socialist party has organized reactionary trade unions in which we are without influence," Ford declared. He further maintained that race prejudices are found even among Party members and that there were not sufficient good directors of Negro work on the

Continued on Page Three

KEEP UP SEARCH, FASCISTS PLEAD

No Ban on Krassin Visit, U. S. Says

MOSCOW, July 24 (UP).—A request that Russia continue her search for the six men who disappeared with the wrecked gas bag of the dirigible Italia was received from the Italian government today, along with an offer of two big seaplanes to assist in the search.

* * *

U. S. Not To Welcome.

WASHINGTON, July 24 (UP).—The federal government will not stand in the way of the contemplated visit to the United States of Prof. Samoilovich, head of the Russian relief expedition aboard the Krassin, and Chukhnovsky, Russian air pilot, who assisted in the rescue work following the dirigible Italia's polar flight, it was said in official circles here today.

They must, however, comply with all immigration regulations concerning Russian visitors to this country before they will be granted visas.

Authorities displayed little interest in dispatches saying that arrangements were being made in New York to fete the Russians there. Federal officials can take no part in the welcoming program.

* * *

Start New Search For Amundsen.

OSLO, July 24.—A new search for Roald Amundsen and his five companions, who have been lost since they set out to seek the fascist Nobile expedition June 18, is being organized.

The probable whereabouts of the Amundsen plane has been calculated by the director of the Meteorological Institute at Tromsoe.

Helped to Make Workingclass History

A group of delegates to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, standing in front of the Workers Center. 26-28 Union Square, New York City, and displaying a copy of the Daily Worker announcing the nomination of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow as the standard-bearers of the workers in the coming elections. This convention launched the greatest political campaign that the American working class has ever undertaken. (Photo by George Elson, Cleveland.)

CLAIM OF SANDINO'S 'DEFEAT' NOW EXPOSED

SUPERIOR, Wis., July 24.—The recent claims of Secretary of Navy Wilbur that Sandino has been "defeated" were exposed today by the admission of Wilbur himself that the thousands of marines now in Nicaragua will remain there. This information was given to Coolidge today by the Secretray of the Navy.

Some time ago, the Navy Department denied that Sandino had an army of more than 200 soldiers. Recently, they have reported the "surrender" of about 500 Nicaraguan These claims were shown to be false by the re-enforcements of marines The latest claim of Sandino's "defeat" is shown to be equally false.

When Wilbur annouced the "defeat" of Sandino, he refused to give any details.

It is evident that serious consideration is being given to the real situation in Nicaragua, which is not revealed to the public. Of considerable significance is the fact that Thomas Cochran, partner of J. P. Morgan, was present at the conference of Wilbur and President Coolidge.

REPORT POLISH BORDER CLASH

Pilsudski Soldier Killed Is Rumor

WARSAW. Poland. July 24.—Newspaper accounts report that one Polish soldier was killed and another wounded in a struggle with Lithuanians near the frontier today. The engagement is said to have taken place at Neutroki.

Coming immediately after marshal Pilsudski's review and overt encouragement of his legion during the anniversary exercises at Vilna, the rumored clash on the border is causing intense excitement here, and confirmation of the report is eagerly being awaited.

The government has not as yet issued an official statement and will not until the receipt of further details from the border. It is expected, however, in view of the present administration's attitude towards Lithuania, that relations between the two government's may be seriously strained within the next forty-eight hours.

* * *

Lithuania Aroused.

KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia. July 24.—A wholly unconfirmed rumor from Kovno states that a clash between Polish and Lithuania detachments took place near the frontier today.

Details are lacking but reports of tremendous excitement thruout the country have been received.

MILL BOSSES IN NEW FAKE MOVE

State Board, Boss Tool, Calls "Peace Meet"

(Special To The Daily Worker.)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 24.—Warrants were issued by the local police against seven of the striking textile workers for their part in a mass picketing demonstration today on the charge of parading without a permit. Over two thousand pickets and spectators answered the attempt of the mill bosses' association to prevent picketing by threats of a new reign of terror. All are held on $300 bail.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 24—Announcement that Edward Fisher, chairman of the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration, is addressing letters to the mill owners' association and to the heads of the Textile Council for a conference Friday, July 27, indicate that new steps are being taken by that instrument of the mill barons to end the strike of the 28,000 textile workers whose walkout more than 15 weeks ago completely silenced 70,000 looms.

As before the steps being taken by them, show that they are making another effort to pave the way for a betrayal of the tens of thousands of workers by refusing to call to the proposed negotiations the real representatives of the workers,—the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees.

Edward Fisher, chairman of the State Board said that letters were being addressed to the mill owners' association and to the heads of the Textile Council for a conference Friday, July 27, 11 a. m. in the forenoon in the New Bedford City Hall

At a previous conference held by the same parties, a delegation from the strike committee of the T. M. C was refused permission to enter when they were sent there by the union with a demand to participate in any settlement negotiations.

No Replies Yet.

Neither the employers nor Batty's union have as yet given official replies to the conference invitation but it is almost a certainty that they will both accept. The Textile Mill Committees, it is believed, will again follow the same procedure of demanding representation on the grounds of safeguarding against a betrayal of the workers interests.

The discussion at the last conference was entirely around the question of rescinding the 10 per cent wage cut,—the textile council fakers completely disregarding the demands of the workers for a wage increase and a lessening of hours, as are the

Continued on Page Three

TO PROTEST SENTENCE

Meetings to Demand Porter's Release

Superior, Wis., July 24.—A large number of mass meetings protesting against the two and a half year court-martial sentence of John Porter, textile strike leader of New Bedford, will be held in Wisconsin and Minnesota during the next two weeks.

The meetings, arranged by the Young Workers (Communist) League, will be utilized to show the purpose of Porter's sentence, and the real nature of th capitalist militarism which sent Porter to prison for his activities in the labor movement. Speakers will discuss the Porter sentence and the war danger.

WORKERS PARTY HAILS TRIUMPH OF USSR RESCUE SHIP

Central Executive Committee Contrasts Fascist Cowardice With Communist Courage

Pointing to the wide political significance of the achievements of the Arctic rescue expedition of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics in saving many members of the lost crew of the Fascist polar junket, the Workers (Communist) Party of America issued yesterday from its national office at New York a statement contrasting these achievements with the miserable failure of the fascist "exploration" gesture with its exposure of cowardice on the part of Mussolini's agents.

As the importance of events concerning the ill-fated fascist gesture at polar exploration are not diminishing, but promise to increase from day to day because of remarkable social significance the statement published here is of much importance. The American masses will have their opportunity, in all probability, to greet the heroic Soviet aviators, Chukhnovsky and his comrades, in the near future, since Foreign Minister Chicherin has stated that the invitation to the aviators to visit the United States will be accepted.

The statement of the Workers (Communist) Party follows:

Fascism, the militant dictatorship of the bourgeoisie, and Sovietism, the militant workers' rule under Communist leadership, have shown their mettle in the Arctic ice-fields.

For years the American bourgeoisie has worshiped at the shrine of fascism. Not only capitalists and their newspaper henchmen, but even a section of the so-called liberal intelligentsia were captivated by the spectacle of the "strong arm" that knew how to keep the workers and the poor peasants downtrodden and deprived of the most elementary rights. In Mussolini's white terror the ruling classes and their satellites admired what they called "efficiency," "discipline," "order." On the other hand, while forced on the whole to admit the gigantic successes of the Soviet Union, the same classes and groups kept on denouncing the workers' rule as "tyrannical," "corrupt" and "morally degrading."

Imperialism and Communism—a Contrast.

The outstanding facts of the Nobile expedition and the rescue activities of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin's crew have manifested even to the bourgeoisie the true nature of Fascism on the one hand, Communism on the other.

Nobile's expedition was a link in the chain of imperialist ventures. Even when the representatives of finance capital are not engaged in direct plunder, they have to keep the annexationist-militarist spirit alive. Even when they cannot send troops to occupy foreign lands, they at least undertake actions symbolizing military occupation. Such a symbol was the Italia's flight to the pole, accompanied by all the bombastic phrase-mongering and flamboyant self-aggrandizement of which the blood-reeking demagogue Mussolini is past master.

Reactionary Aims.

The Nobile expedition pursued no scientific aims; it was not intended to make new discoveries; it used exploration as a convenient pretext; it was to remind the powers engaged in a frantic race for air domination that Italy was a great aerial power; it was to plant a cross blessed by the Pope and a flag consecrated by Mussolini on the "roof of the world"; it was to divert the attention of the masses at home from their intolerable conditions and from the sentencing of large numbers of Communist and other militant workers to long years of prison; it was to convey to an astounded world the glory of Fascism.

Failure of Expedition.

The expedition, like war, like any other severe crisis, only proved the inner decay of the system of which it is an expression. The fate of the Italia and its crew is by no means an accident, as there is no accident in the collapse of a disease-corroded body. The expedition was ill-equipped, ill-organized. Its commander, "General" Nobile, was not fit to lead. He had no scientific standing. He knew more about champagne parties than about polar flights. Like his lord and master Mussolini he knew only how to throw dust in the eyes of the world without gaining the confidence of his fellow fliers, and without establishing between himself and the crew a spirit of co-operation so essential in hazardous undertakings.

Nobile's Cowardly Desertion.

When the dirigible collapsed and rescue came in the person of the Swedish flier Lundborg, Mussolini's "air ambassador" committed an act of cowardice and treachery. He left his five companions on the ice pack. He flew to safety alone, abandoning his co-workers to their bitter fate. His superiors in Rome hastened to explain his action as prompted by a desire to lead rescue activities; but empty words could not cover up the shame of the Fascisti. The Fascist "General" has not lead any rescue activities. He saved his own skin. He stands revealed as a dastardly coward in the eyes of even his own class. He reveals the moral fibre of the regime of which he is the exponent.

In trying to white-wash Nobile's cowardice, Mussolini and his Fascist government identify themselves with the coward and traitor. No more lurid light could have been thrown on the blood-stained dictatorship of the bourgeoisie.

Deserted Malmgren to Die.

Like master, like man. Even the capitalist world shuddered on hearing that two Fascist officers, Captain Mariano and Captain Zappi, left the young Swedish scientiest, Dr. Malmgren, to die in the frozen wastes. Malmgren was one of those heroic men who attempted to rescue the stranded Fascists. Malmgren was trying to lead the two captains to firm land. When his wound and exhaustion made it impossible for him to proceed, the men he tried to rescue left him to die, taking with them all the provisions. The example of the chief was repeated by his subordinates in a more hideous manner.

By ordering Mariano and Zappi to keep quiet about Malmgren, Mussolini identified himself also with this blood-curdling crime. Fascsim showed its real face.

The Soviet Rescue Ship.

Into this picture of inefficiency, corruption, cowardice and treachery come, like a refreshing breeze, the activities of our comrades of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin. The Soviet rescue mission had no political aims in view. Moreover, it was not animated by particular love for the personnel of the Italian dirigible, who it knew to be Fascists. It plowed its difficult way to the ice-bound Arctic because it deemed it its duty to rescue fellow human beings. But what a revelation was its appearance on the frozen scene to a breathless world!

A Triumph of Soviet Science.

Unlike the Italia, the Krassin proved excellently equipped with all that modern science can offer, thus bearing witness not only to the economic strength of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, but also to the eagerness of the ruling proletariat to make science its greatest weapon in the construction of socialism. Unlike the Italia, the Krassin was headed not by bluffing "Generals," but by an earnest scientist, Professor Samoilovich. And unlike the crew of the Italia, the Russian flier, Comrade Chukhnovsky, when forced down on the ice, thought first of the Italians who he had sighted, and although in peril himself, radioed to the Krassin the position of the stranded

Continued on Page Three

Ammunition to Fight Mine Bosses, Betrayers

Provisions for fighting Miners and families

Photo shows a truck of food, sent by the Chicago branch of the National Miners' Relief Committee, ready to leave for the Illinois mine fields. It is the food and clothing contributed by workers thruout the country that is keeping the striking miners fighting against the united front of the bosses and the bureaucrats. Send more ammunition to the heroic miners by contributing thru the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

WEISBORD NAILS LIES OF TEXTILE MILL BOSSES

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 24.—Meeting the textile barons' "publicity ofensive" as brilliantly as the Textile Mill Committees picket lines are meeting the police offensive, Albert Weisbord, national leader of the Textile Mill Committees, yesterday issued an answer to the published statements of John Sullivan, president of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association.

The employers' organization head had recently announced that they will end their silence and carry on a "publicity offensive" to gain sympathy, and "get some action" to halt the strikers' effective picketing.

Weisbord's statement says:

"We are glad to note that Mr. Sullivan is now going to run the strike for the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association. This will make it all the easier for the strikers to win. The exaggerated statements of Mr. Sullivan are such as to make him appear in a very ridiculous light, indeed.

"(1) Mr. Sullivan would make it appear that the mills of New Bedford were in a terrible financial state, forcing the mill owners to hand down a ten per cent cut. Has Mr. Sullivan forgotten the many melons that were sliced by the mill owners during the past few years, the extra stock dividends handed out to parasitical beneficiaries, the steady and high rate of dividends squeezed from the workers, the outrageous tax exemption secured from the state by the high-powered legislative lobby of the New Bedford mill owners?

"If Mr. Sullivan has forgotten these things we have not and we will bring them to his attention.

Refutation on Wages

"(2) Mr. Sullivan states that the wages of the textile workers in New Bedford are the highest in the world. Even the New Bedford Times placed on its front page at the beginning of the strike a chart showing that the wages in New Bedford are lower than in any other fine cotton goods center in New England.

"But we would like to go beyond the charts of the New Bedford Times. We would like to point out to Mr. Sullivan that we are fighting not only against the 10 per cent reduction, but for a 20 per cent increase in wages.

"We say that an average wage of $16 to $17 a week may be fit for Mr. Sullivan's pigs, but not for us; and we would welcome Mr. Sullivan giving us a demonstration of how to live on such a wage himself.

"Further, Mr. Sullivan knows that New Bedford is the very center for fine goods in America, that the rest of the mills producing fine goods follow New Bedford with its 60,000 fine goods looms, not New Bedford, Taftville, Connecticut or any other mill village where some fine goods may be produced.

Speed-Up

"(3) Mr. Sullivan complains that the workers are not working hard enough in the mills; that they were slowing down on the job. It is really too bad about Mr. Sullivan, that he should so conveniently forget that in New Bedford one of the worst speed-up systems in the world is in operation, and that the figures show that here the workers are producing twice as much as a few years ago.

"(4) Finally, Mr. Sullivan makes the truly asinine statement that the mills are going to move south. Mr. Sullivan well knows, or should know if he is going to run the works for the Manufacturers' Association, that it is no accident that of the 130,000 fine goods looms in America, only 10,000 are in the south, and as the best argument of all, we tell Mr. Sullivan that he will find the Textile Mill Committees on the job fighting it out with him there.

"The statements of Mr. Sullivan will have a very provocative effect on the workers. Mr. Sullivan threatens the workers with a still greater speed-up and still worse conditions in the mills. This will only make the workers realize more than before that to deal with a fellow like Sullivan a good strong stick is necessary—the stick of the union.

1,350 U.S. MARINES TO LEAVE CHINA

Use "New Diplomacy" for Chinese Masses

WASHINGTON, July 24 (UP).—Acting Secretary of Navy Theodore D. Robinson, approved today immediate withdrawal of 1,350 officers and men of the marine corps and 13 airplanes from the Tientsin area in China.

The eact date of the sailing from China of the transport Henderson, which will convey the marines to San Diego, will be determined by Admiral Bristol, commander in chief of the Asiatic fleet. The withdrawal was recommended by Admiral Bristol and concurred in by the state department.

The departure of the 1,350 marines will leave 48 American officers and 2,467 men in China.

* * *

WASHINGTON, July 24. — The withdrawal of some of the American marines from China, following close upon Kellogg's call for a Sino-American conference, is ooked upon here as a definite step towards the recognition of the Nanking regime.

Although government officials here would not commit themselves definitely on the recognition of the counter-revolutionary government, they indicated that recognition would be very likely to follow the proposed conference.

MORE PHOTOS WANTED

"Daily" Makes Appeal for Pictures

On pages 1 and 4 of today's Daily Worker appears two interesting pictures taken by George Elson, a worker-photographer of Cleveland. These two photos are excellent illustrations of the type of pictures that the "Daily" wants to receive from its readers.

We want more like them. We also want pictures of picket-lines, open-air meetings and demonstrations, working class athletic activities, etc. It is not necessary to have complicated photographic apparatus. Camera snapshots that are clear will do—preferably of the

Continued on Page Three

CHURCH TO SAVE KILLER; SMASH LABORMOVEMENT

Congressmen May Be Expelled

MEXICO CITY, July 24.—Indications that the hold of the church hierarchy over the Calles government may save Jose De Leon Toral, assassin of General Obregon, and that the whole force of the government may be employed against the labor movement, was revealed in a statement today by Aurelio Manrique, spokesman for the reactionary land owners who now dominate the political situation.

"We regard Obregon's assassin as a personage who was controlled by superior outside forces," said Manrique. "We do not demand his death, but we do demand justice and we believe this can be achieved most quickly by removal from the government of those labor leaders whose anti-Obregon activities created the atmosphere for the mad act of the assassin. The influence wielded by those labor leaders must be wiped out of Mexican public affairs."

The assassin of Obregon recently confessed that he killed Obregon for religious motives. It appears that pressure is being made by the church, in alliance with the "Agrarians," to save Toral.

It is expected that an official statement will be issued by the government withdrawing the assertion that the church is responsible for the assassination.

The new "confession" of Toral is being kept secret. It is possible that he may repudiate his statement that the crime is due to religious influence, on acount of the dominance of the church in the political situation and the fact that his life might be spared.

* * *

MEXICO CITY, July 24 (UP).—Demand for removal of labor party men from all government offices throughout the country was made today by the powerful union of revolutionary parties.

The union has accused the labor party of "psychological authorship" of the assassination of President-elect Alvaro Obregon.

Luis N. Morones, head of the labor party, already had resigned his post of minister of commerce, industry and labor in the cabinet, along with two fellow-officials, at the demand of the party. The demand now would mean removal of labor men from posts as governors of states, municipal officials and as senators and deputies in the legislature—a complete political ouster.

[Editor's Note: The term "revolutionary parties" really means "reactionary parties."]

* * *

MEXICO CITY, July 24.—Following the forced resignation of Luis N. Morones and other so-cal' "labor" leaders from the cabi the reactionary "Agrarians" and Catholic clergy took steps today restore the power of the church to crush all workers' organizations.

The reactionary parties today announced that they will not be satisfied with the resignation of M rones, Gasca and Moneda and ma demands upon the government f the expulsion of every member the "Labor Party" from bot houses of congress.

"We do not counsel disorder Manrique, reactionary leader of th "Agrarians," stated today. " see no cause, to seek war until other resources have been e hausted." This is regarded as threat at civil war unless the premacy of the wealthy landlords clergy and American capitalists accepted submissively.

In spite of the fact that the assassin of Obregon has confessed that the killing was caused by the church, the Catholic clergy, in alliance with the rich land owners of the "Agrarian" party, is using the opportunity to return to power and charge the "Labor" party, which has been anti-church on account of the pressure of the masses, with "responsibility" for the assassination.

It is evident that the clergy and reactionaries are preparing a persecution of the militant workers of Mexico, with new attacks against the peasantry and reaction in the land question.

FIND ROMAN COINS

BENEVENTO, July 24 (UP).—Gold and silver coins, believed to belong to the Roman age, were discovered at the Commune of Pa rano when an old building was demolished.

Milliners Pledge Their Support to Big Shop Conference Relief of Striking Miners

CHAIRWOMEN OF LOCAL 43 TO AID THURSDAY MEET

Militant N. Y. Workers Rally to Call

At a meeting held late last week at the Stuyvesant Casino the shop chairwomen of Local 43, Millinery Workers Union, heartily endorsed the shop delegates conference for miners relief to be held Thursday at 6 o'clock at Bryant Hall, 42nd St. and 6th Ave., and pledged the support of their shops to the extent of taking immediate charge of the election of delegates.

Progressive workers throughout the city are rallying more strongly than ever to the support of the striking miners and their families. With the abject and spineless surrender of Lewis and his district corruptionists logically following his fifteen months of do-nothing policy of constant retreat and the militant call for the formation of a new union rising spontaneously from tens of thousands of miners completely disillusioned with the decadent United Mine Workers, the furnishing of food, tents and medical aid become of even more importance than heretofore. The formation of a new miners' union is of the utmost importance to the whole labor movement, it presenting an unbroken front at the front line of the bosses' open-shop drive. Only if the miners and their families are fed and sheltered, if medical aid is provided, will they march on to victory under the banner of militant unionism.

The shop and factory workers from 14th to 59th St., realizing the grave import of the new union call, will respond by the hundreds to the Miners' Relief Conference of July 26. Already milliners, dressmakers, furriers and cloakmakers have endorsed the action of the Provisional Committee in calling the conference. All shops and factories are urged to elect delegates for this urgent conference, which will convene to consider ways and means on how best to support the army of miners and their families on the front of the open-shop war.

Bricklayers Win in British Embassy Row

WASHINGTON, July 24 (FP).—Members of the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers' International Union are now working on the new British embassy building job in Washington Their union, after a 25-year fight with Harry Wardman, leading anti-union building contractor in the District of Columbia, who has this job has reached an agreement with him.

On the other hand, the building trades council, backed by the building trades department of the American Federation of Labor, has not made peace with the contractor. The bricklayers, now outside the department, say that their original break with Wardman was due to their striking in sympathy with other trades, whose officials finally left them to wage the war alone.

CHINESE SILK STRIKE GROWS

Factories Guarded by Military

SHANGHAI (By Mail). — The strike in the silk spinning mills here is still going on. Over 11,000 workers are participating in the strike. On the 30th of June the striking workers elected delegates to present their demands to the employers.

During the negotiations with the employers the workers' delegates came to an understanding with the former according to which work would be resumed upon condition that the question of fulfilling the demands of the workers would be examined after work has been resumed. The overwhelming majority of the strikers refused to go back to work under such conditions. About 2,000 working women returned to work, but went on strike again a few hours afterwards.

In six factories the work was being continued with a skeleton staff but the striking workers forced their way into these factories and persuaded the women to join the strike Under the excuse that "incidents" might occur the employers announced the closing down of the factories and appealed to the garrison commander to "take measures to protect the factories."

USE WAR TACTICS AGAINST NEGROES

Tammany Cops Stage Insulting Scene

An indication of the racial prejudice of the Tammany Hall machine, and its determination to "keep the Negro in his place," was seen yesterday when fire trucks, and even machine gun squads of police were called out in Lenox Ave. and 139th St. when a few friends of an arrested Negro tried to defend him from brutal treatment by the police.

The police attack on the friends of the arrested Negro drew crowds of people to the scene which, being in the heart of Harlem, is always quite busy. It was after the police began to fire recklessly into the crowd that the people, infuriated at the treatment, gathered closely around the officers.

In a short time more than 150 policemen, fully armed with riot guns and armored motorcycles, arrived on the scene. The "riot" was quelled when the police motorcycles plowed through the crowd of Negroes, injuring scores of them. More than an hour elapsed before the tactics of the police finally dispelled the unarmed protesting crowd.

Mooney-Billings Meets Called in Chicago

CHICAGO, Ill., July 24.—The Chicago local of I. L. D. has issued instructions to all branches and affiliated bodies to hold a special meeting devoted to a review of the Mooney-Billings case.

The twelfth anniversary of the radical frame-up against the two workers in bringing on a renewed effort on the part of International Labor Defense and the radical labor movement for their release.

LONDON, July 24 (UP).—Sir Arthur Conan Doyle and Sir Oliver Lodge, leaders in three respective fields of literature and science, appeared as voluntary witnesses in Westminster police court today to defend spiritualism against the cynical charge that it is fortune telling for money and therefore il-

Fascists Object to Italia Investigation

ROME, July 24.—Premier Mussolini today, in reply to charges of experts of many countries that the Nobile expedition was poorly prepared and doomed from the start and also that the Swedish explorer Malmgren, had been left alive on the ice, announced that no investigation by other countries will be permitted

At the same time, Mussolini stated that the Fascist government will hold its own "investigation."

REVOLUTIONISTS MEET IN INDIA

Call Masses to Fight Imperialism

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).—In Nagpore, in the south of India, a conference of the representatives of the organizations of the workers and peasants block in the Central Provinces of India took place.

The conference was dominated by a fighting spirit against imperialism. The speakers pointed to the strike movement which is at present going on all over India and declared that the strikes were a sign that the workers of India were awakening and were prepared to fight for a new and better life.

The conference adopted a number of resolutions appealing to the Indian workers and peasants to fight against imperialism and to boycott the Simon commission. Various demands of an economic nature were set up. A resolution was adopted protesting against the sentencing of the British workers' leader, Spratt by the Indian authorities.

ITALIAN CLOAK WORKERS ACTIVE

Draw Latin Workers in to Build Union

The drawing of Italian workers into active participation in the struggle to build a real cloak and dressamkers' union, was the subject for which plans were discussed and formulated at the first meeting of the executive board of the Italian branch, Joint Board Cloak and Dressmakers' Union. The meeting was held in the union headquarters, 16 W. 21st St., last night.

After a report was delivered by Charles S. Zimmerman, head of the Organization Department of the National Organization Committee, the board members held a thorough discussion and decided as their first step the issuance of circulars and leaflets to keep the Italian workers acquainted with the fight against the right wing Sigman gang and the bosses.

The most strenuous efforts will be made to build up the circulation of the Italian paper of the branch, "Unita Operia." E. Oswaldo, paid organizer of the branch, also delivered a report of the work accomplished up to and since the last meeting of the Italian Branch, held last Thursday.

HIDES FOREIGN CONTROL

BERLIN, July 24.—The Mueller cabinet, the new German cabinet, refusing to assume responsibility for the raise in railroad fares proposed by S. Parker Gilbert, reparation commissioner, has shifted the responsibility to the court of arbitration.

Johnson, 'Independent' Will Support Hoover

PALO ALTO, Calif., July 24 (UP).—Senator Hiram Johnson, the independent republican of California, announced after a conference with Herbert Hoover here this afternoon that he would support the republican presidential nominee because "I am a republican candidate for United States senator in this state."

CARRANZA MOURNED

MEXICO CITY, July 24.—The body of Carranza was received here in state at the ministry of war by President Calles, Ambassador Morrow and United States and Moxican army officers.

TRANSYLVANIA DISPUTE

BUDAPEST, Rumania, July 24.—The Hungarian government sent the Rumanian government a note today rejecting the proposals of the latter for the settlement of the Transylvania property dispute.

Rumania had confiscated the property that belonged to Hungarians living in Transylvania and had suggested that Chamberlain arbitrate the dispute. The Hungarian note demanded that an arbitrator of a country that had remained neutral during the war be chosen.

FIRE CAUSES DAMAGE

MILAN, July 24 (UP).—Fire today destroyed a great suburban warehouse stored with waterproof cloths. Damage was estimated at 2,000,000 lire.

Envoy Avoided Parade

VIENNA, July 24.—The French ambassador absented himself from yesterday's demonstration in memory of Franz Schubert, the Austrian composer, having had some warning that efforts were to be made to turn the event into a demonstration for union with Germany. The ambassador was acting on instructions from his government which is desirous of preventing the union.

FOREIGN PUBLISHER DEAD

MILAN, Italy, July 24 (UP)—Edoardo La Croix Andrivet, 75, well-known publisher, is dead here.

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Who Wins When You Read Your Bosses Paper?

Your Boss Owns a Car—But You Can't Ride In It; Your Boss Owns a Home—But You Can't Live In It; Your Boss Possesses Wealth—But You Can't Share It—The Bosses Own the Earthh—They Mark If Off and Divide It Up Among Themselves!

WHY ARE THEY SO READY TO LET YOU ENJOY THEIR NEWSPAPERS?

1. There is only one daily newspaper in the English language that really belongs to the workers—The DAILY WORKER.

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3. You let him lie to you and take your courage away; you let him confuse the real issues of your struggles; you let him divide your ranks and defeat you singly; you let him set worker against worker for his own purposes; white against black, foreign against native born. . . .

4. The bosses laugh to themselves. They speak of you as the "poor fish"—He swallows everything we give him, they say—the poor fish.

5. They fill up their papers with attractively made up—swill. You absorb this gutter trash and poison. And the bosses win!

6. They get you drunk with fool ideas. They cover over the slavery in which they hold you. They intoxicate you with notions of your great opportunities. They pay their kept word-slingers high salaries to flatter you and sooth your rebellion. And always the bosses win!

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WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

If you want the real facts in the coming election campaign; if you want to read the exposure of the Wall Street candidates; if you want to know why the socialist party is also a bosses' party

Buy--Read--Support--The Daily Worker

For the Workers---Against the Bosses

The DAILY WORKER can be built up, its influence extended, its circulation increased—only if its readers and the members of the Workers (Communist) Party and its sympathizers get behind this most important task. Other papers can spend thousands in advertising, in offering large prizes, in running various expensive schemes to increase their circulation.

The DAILY WORKER obviously cannot do these things. It must depend on its readers. Every reader must do double duty. Buy, read, talk about, but above all, distribute The DAILY WORKER.

Become a regular Worker correspondent for your paper.

Why You Should Read The Daily Worker

Because No Other Paper Gives Your Side of Labor's Struggles; Because No other Paper Fights Enemies 24 Hours Every Day; Because The DAILY WORKER Shows the Way Out of Your Difficulties.

1. Because, The DAILY WORKER fights for higher wages, shorter hours, better conditions, not merely in words, but with acts. It goes into the factory with you, it enters the fleet owner's garage, it goes down into the coal mines—everywhere the bosses fear it.

2. Because this paper is now a power in the labor movement. It has helped to defeat scores of labor fakers; it has exposed the bosses' agents in the ranks of the workers; it has shown the way in all of labor's struggles.

3. Because The DAILY WORKER fights against the old political parties, the republican party of biggest boss exploitation of the workers, the democratic party of Tammany graft, the socialist party of little business and united front with the labor fakers—because it fights for a real workers' party, a Communist Party.

4. Because The DAILY WORKER has been the active supporter of the great struggles in which labor has engaged in the last four years. It has thrown all its energies and resources into the great mine strike; it is organ pointing the way to the textile strikers; it is with the needle trades workers in their fight on two fronts; it is in all the fights. For the workers—against the bosses.

5. Because The DAILY WORKER gives you the only reliable news of the Soviet Union, the fatherland of all workers, the country in which the workers have already taken power and are building up a new world fit to live in for those who toil.

6. Because The DAILY WORKER is the official organ of the Workers (Communist) Party, the only Party of the Working Class in America; because the Communists alone have the right policies for the workers and the courage to fight for these policies in the factories, in the mines, in the offices, on the political field.

Terrorism Sweeps Over Egypt as Fuad Government Is Afraid of Strength of Protest

ALL OUTBREAKS ELY; POLICE PATROL HARBOR

Act to Crush Youth by Drastic Measures

CAIRO, Egypt, July 24.—All the forces of the present Egyptian administration were being brought into play yesterday against the growing power of a nationwide protest movement resulting from King Fuad's dissolution of parliament for three years.

Police Massed.

The return of Mme. Gaghlul from Europe was made the occasion for a show of strength by the administration who massed police and troops along the quays and streets of Alexandria in an effort to overawe the crowds who filled the city to see the widow of the former leader.

Following the Wafdist manifesto denouncing Fuad's action, the speech of Nahas Pasha threatening civil war has rung thru Egypt. The possibilities of an outbreak are openly conjectured.

Alarmed by the impending struggle the administration has acted to crush the three-day strike of lawyers in Alexandria by an order from the ministry of justice forbidding any court adjournments. The strike was in protest against Fuad's action

Terrorize Youth.

Participation of the youth in political agitation, which has repeatedly proved embarrassing to the government, has been met by proposal of the ministry of education that all youths indulging in political activities be suspended from their educational institutions and excluded from examinations for one year. Leaders are to be expelled from schools and colleges for an indefinite period.

Foreseeing that the majority of students will in this way be banished from the schools, the administration has made plans for reducing the teaching staffs in the same ratio.

Thruout the country the feeling that the action of Fuad in dissolving parliament was effected at the bidding of the British government is growing. Determination to be free of foreign interference in Egyptian affairs is freely voiced in spite of the system of secret agents which the government is developing in the little towns and villages. Threats of revolt are constantly heard.

• • •

Chamberlain Knows Nothing.

LONDON, July 24.—Denying that the British government has taken any part in the suspension of the Egyptian parliament by King Fuad Sir Austen Chamberlain, secretary of state for foreign affairs, yesterday told the house of commons that his majesty's government has not received any advices concerning the present situation said to exist in Egypt.

ROSARIO PICKETS AT POWER PLANT

ArgentineStrikeGrows as Demands Refused

ROSARIO, Argentina, July 24.—New developments in the Rosario strike indicate that a general strike is maturing. Strikers picketed the power station here today, threatening to shut off the power and were only disbanded when the police force was called out.

The strike which started with the strike of the dock workers and succeeded in closing the two main ports of Argentina, was soon followed by a strike of transporation workers and teamsters.

The strikers' ranks are holding steadily. The ecoperative spirit of the strikers is indicated by the action of the workers in attempting to shut off the power to prevent the scab-manned trolleys from running.

The directors of the trolley companies cabled from Brummels refusing to grant the demands of the workers.

Canadians Hold Liquor Parleys From Public

TORONTO, Ont., July 24 (UP). Investigations are being made by the liquor control board into the situation regarding the liquor docks on the Ontario-United States border, Sir Henry Drayton, chairman, told the United Press today. He would not reveal whether any steps are being taken, saying: "If there were any, I could not say anything about them."

General V. A. S. Williams, commissioner of provincial police, had a conference with Drayton but would

"Daily" Needs Photos

Continued from Page One

[illegible] finish type. Above all, all worker-photographers should remember to give the necessary data with each picture.

[illegible] worker-photographers are [illegible] by the Daily Worker. Here is an opportunity for all workers with cameras to help in improving the "Daily."

Sent Workers to Slaughter—Gets Monument

Government officials from several countries, including the United States, attended the unveiling in Prague, Czechoslovakia, of a monument to Woodrow Wilson, favorite saint of Big Business, who made millions for his masters in addition to sending thousands of workers to the slaughter in the last war to end war.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF WORKERS PARTY HAILS "KRASSIN"

(Continued from Page One)

and gave directions for their rescue. Where everybody failed, the Amundsen party, the Swedish and Norwegian fliers, the Italian Alpinists—the Krassin succeeded.

Calmly, but irresistibly, with that doggedness that characterizes the activities of the proletariat, with that perfectly comradely discipline which makes everybody feel the responsibility for the whole and each work in harmony with the others, the Soviet ice-breaker has rescued all whom science, combined with brave effort, could discover in the bleak Northern wilderness. It rescued not only the Italians, but also many rescuers from other countries (whose governments had rejected the Soviet proposal concerning a joint rescue expedition.)

Vitality and Decay Contrasted.

The Italia and Krassin expeditions, while directly having to do with the geographical explorations and humanitarian activities, have tremendous political implications.

Fascism stands demasked through the very undertaking that was to add to its glory.

Proletarian dictatorship is revealed in all its strength and moral power through circumstances which, to the Soviet Union, were purely accidental.

Fascism proved its organizational weakness. Communism proved its organizational strength. Fascism, so beloved by the bourgeoisie for its show of discipline, is exposed as breeding meanness, cowardice and treachery. Communism, decried by the capitalist class as ruthless and inhuman, is revealed as a great force elevating the workers to a high level of generous self-denial and self-sacrifice. Fascism, in capitalist eyes, the symbol of efficiency, has been shown as criminally negligent and barbarously ill-prepared for emergencies. Communism, which the bourgeois theoreticians of the world in unison with all the "practical" business men assert, without the initiative of private property, is doomed to failure—Communism whose collapse has been heralded innumerable times in the capitalist and social-democratic press of the world, has through the Krassin activities impressed itself even upon the bourgeoisie, in a language the bourgeoisie can understand, as an economic and social entity of gigantic might.

Here, a class that has just ascended to power, full of indomitable energy and creative endeavor. There, a class that has outlived its usefulness and leads a parasitic life of decay. Here, a picture of what the world will be when the proletariat will have established its rule everywhere. There, a picture of what the workers must overthrow and destroy, of what they must rid the world, if humanity is to progress economically, politically, socially and culturally.

Lessons of the Event.

The Nobile and Krassin enterprises have a tremendous political significance vastly exceeding those of the conferences of the League of Nations and other international talk-feasts about which the bourgeoisie makes so much ado. The Nobile disaster is a shameful defeat of imperialism. The Krassin successes are a great victory for the Soviet peace proposals. The Nobile indignities could grow only out of a soil sown with the seed of imperialist oppression, lust and greed. The real nobility of the Krassin comrades is the spirit of a social revolution that does away with oppression of nations, exploitation of man by man, private property and private accumulation.

The workers of this country must learn the lesson of those great events. They must remember that while the dictatorship of the capitalists in this country differs from the Italian in form, it is practically of the same substance. The workers of America must remember that the "great" air conquests, the daring aerial expeditions of the capitalists of the United Seates, while more efficient and more successful, due to the greater wealth and technique of this country, are nevertheless imperialist ventures of the same kind as Mussolini's. And not for one moment must the workers forget that while sections of the bourgeoisie are so impressed with the Soviet rescue work that they sing the praise of the "Russians." Nevertheless, the great powers of the world, including the United States, are planning and preparing war against the Soviet Union as the stronghold of proletarian power and the beacon light of world proletarian hope.

Defend Soviet Union!

In sending, therefore, our brotherly greetings to the proletariat of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics on the occasion of the Krassin activities, and in expressing our pride in those activities, the workers must redouble their struggle against American imperialism, against American Fascism, against Italian Fascism, against Fascist rule in every other country and for the recognition of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

Now, while a part of the bourgeoisie is paying lip service to the Soviet achievements, the time is particularly opportune for advancing the slogans:

Down with Fascism in Italy and everywhere!
Release the political prisoners captured by Fascism!
Long live the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics!
Long live Workers' rule the world over!
We demand the recognition of the Soviet Union!

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY.

New York, July 21, 1928.

NEW PEACE MOVE IN MILL STRIKE

Continued from Page One

slogans raised by the T. M. C.

An official statement from the T M. C. denouncing the conference as a fake and calling on the workers to disregard it, is expected momentarily.

Police reports made public almost daily of the number of people entering the 56 factories tied up by the strike stated yesterday that only 384 entered which is about 100 less than last week. Last week's police count was the largest.

Remarkable as is the insignificant ratio of strikebreakers after 14 weeks of struggle, it becomes more so when it is shown that most of those entering as scabs are petty foremen and other mill officials.

The statement declares that New Bedford will see the greatest labor demonstration ever staged here when the workers begin to march. Yesterday's appeal to the U. T. W. members to participate in the parade, is being received with the greatest enthusiasm. Fraternization between the adherents of the two organizations is increasing at a tremendous rate, it is reported.

DISCUSS THESIS OF BUKHARIN AT WORLD CONGRESS

Ask More Attention to Negro Work

Continued from Page One

Executive Committee of the Communist International.

Vassilyev, of the Soviet Union then declared that in spite of the leftward swing of the masses the disproportion was growing between the political and organizaional influence of sections of the Communist International. The reasons for this are not only of an objective nature. The Communist Parties have neglected many things, he asserted In spite of the great electoral successes of the French and German Communist Parties there has been no increase in membership.

Young Communist International.

The Young Communist International is one of the best sections of the Comintern, but outside of the Soviet Union it has made no numerical progress in the last few years. The important task before all sections therefore is to work to win the youth.

Murphy, of Great Britain, declared that in describing the first post-war period, Bukharin stated that it had ended with defeats but had failed to mention that in this same period the Communist International had developed and the Communist Parties had won ground everywhere.

In describing the second period Bukharin had also failed to set off the development of the revolutionary movement in the colonies and the growth of the Communist Party of China against the stabilization of capitalism.

Further, he said, it is impossible to generalize about the development of technique which marked the third period. The transformation of capitalism from the second to the third period was not uniform, for example the British coal and steel industries are declining and rationalization means limiting production, not developing productive forces.

War Danger.

The British delegation regrets that Bukharin's theses fail to treat the League of National question sufficiently since it is today the central question in capitalist war preparations and for creating pacifist illusions. The Kellogg peace treaties which is part of the war preparations is not sufficiently stressed.

Furthermore, the speaker pointed out, the theses do not mention the co-operative question and treat the trade union question insufficiently altho this is an important question today, owing to the strong left wing movement which is fighting war preparations against the Soviet Union.

The theses also fail to mention Ireland despite its important role in the fight against British imperialism. The Communist International must finally treat the Irish question and the tasks of the Irish Communists.

Approve Attack.

The British delegation approves Bukharin's attack on fractionalism and demands that the Communist International finally liquidate fractionalism in the American Party.

Moreover, the question of the leadership of the Communist International must be carefully examined in order to form a strong leadership, uniform and capable of leading all sections.

MacDonald, of Canada, declared that Canada was playing an important part in Anglo-American antagonism and demanded that the Communist International treat the Canadian question because the Canadian bourgeoisie would support war against the Soviet Union.

The Communist Party of Canada would organize trade union delegations to the Soviet Union and had founded the committees of friends of the Soviet Union.

Bunting, of South America, demanded that the Communist International pay more attention to South Africa. He asserted that recently the connection between the Executive Committee of the Communist International and the South African Party had been very bad.

Continuation of the discussion was then adjourned until tomorrow.

Raskob, Open-Shopper 'Resigns' From Firm

John J. Raskob, Morgan controlled open-shopper and chairman of the Democratic National Committee has resigned his position as chairman of the finance committee and as a member of the executive committee of the General Motors Corporation, it was announced today. The reaction of Wall Street was a slight decline in General Motors stock.

The reasons given for his resignation were the stress of campaign duties and the fact that "it is desirable for the public to know that the corporation is not and in the nature of things cannot be in politics The corporation must not be put in the light of taking sides for or against political parties, personages or questions." Rascob will however retain his post as vice-president of the corporation. Edward P. Sloan president of the corporation admits that the resignation is regarded as but temporary.

British Unemployed Urged to "Exertion"

LONDON, July 24.—The unemployment situation in England is so bad that the Industrial Transference Board was forced into a statement that declared that 200,000 of the unemployed workers will die of starvation and privation unless drastic action is immediately taken.

The Board suggested that these 200,000 be removed from the area in which they live and be placed in other areas where their services are needed more. It further calls upon the unemployed to exert themselves more in looking for jobs.

With over a million and a half unemployed in all industries and in all sections, and in view of the general economic depression in England, it is hardly likely that these 200,000 will be able to find jobs no matter how much they "exert" themselves

DIPLOMATS HOLD SECRET PARLEY

Soviet Union Said to Be Subject

BERLIN, July 24.—Under the pretext of building their health about a dozen European diplomats, including Stresemann, Benes, the Czechoslovakian premier, Rumanian foreign minister Titulescu and representatives from the other Balkan countries, have collected at Karlsbad, the watering place in Czechoslovakia.

They are expected to settle some minor questions between themselves that would build up a stronger little entente and form stronger alliances under cover of the Kellogg "peace" plan and strengthen the bloc against the Soviet Union.

W. G. Klasgye, Dead

CLEVELAND, July 24.—On Wednesday William G. Klasgye. local secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, of East Liverpool, Ohio, was drowned in an effort to save his stepdaughter.

Comrade Klasgye was a tireless, devoted member of the Party. His work for relief and support of the miners in the vicinity of East Liverpool, showed that Comrade Klasgye was made of the stuff that builds up the movement and the Party.

In the death of Comrade Klasgye, the Party and the district loses a good comrade, an indefatigable worker—a revolutionist.

District Executive Committee,
Ohio district, I. Amter, secretary

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INT'L FOOD AND DRINK WORKERS MEET IN VIENNA

USSR Delegates Score Traitorous Policy

VIENNA, (By Mail).—Today the congress of the International Food and Drink Workers' Unions was opened here. The international represents almost 700,000 food and drink workers in various countries including the Soviet Union. The international secretary, Schiffertstein made a detailed report in which he also dealt with the question of night-baking and declared that in all countries where an official prohibition of night-baking existed, the employers were conducting a furious campaign to secure the withdrawal of the prohibition.

Russians Condemn IFTU.

Today's session of the congress of the International Food Workers' Unions was characterized by sharp disagreements between the Russian delegates and the executive of the union. A Russian delegate made a speech in which he sharply condemned the policy of the International Federation of Trades Unions and declared that the IFTU was disrupting the labor movement in all countries and sabotaging the labor struggles of the organized workers

Another Russian delegate, Spotnikov, made a speech in which he proved on the basis of facts and figures that the increase in wages in the food and drink industry was limping far behind the increase in the cost of living. He accused the International Union of having no fighting policy and pointed out in corroboration of his accusation that of 96,000 Swiss francs which had been expended by the international union in the past year, 2,000 only had been expended for fighting purposes and the rest for administrative expenses, salaries, etc.

Forest Fire Raging in Pacific Northwest

PORTLAND, Ore., July 24 (UP). —A serious forest fire hazard today was added to the heat wave now gripping the Pacific northwest.

Eight hundred men were fighting a blaze that threatened valuable timber land. The fire was burning unchecked east of Castle Rock.

Lumber, grain, a lumber mill, and farm buildings already have been consumed by the fire.

More than 200,000 feet of lumber was destroyed and damage estimated at $50,000 was done when the mill of the Maple Creek Lumber Co., near White Salmon, Wash., was swept by forest fire.

Three hundred acres of standing timber and a logging camp east of Moclips, Wash., also was destroyed.

A. F. OF L. LABOR MISLEADER DIES

Evans,MemberofGreen Machine "Ousted"

CHICAGO, Ill., July 24.—Edward J. Evans, 57, a member of the Green machine and a leader in the railway employment division of the American Federation of Labor, died suddenly at his home here today of a heart attack.

Evans before serving as vice-president of the railroad employment division, was a member of the Civil Service Commission in Chicago. A relationship between the labor officials and goverment bodies is now common.

He attended every meeting of the federation during the last few years and was planning on attending the coming meeting at Atlantic City July 31.

Evans also was called upon to attend hearings of various disputes of railway men in the United States and Canada. He was a member of the electrical workers union in Chicago He was connected with the notorious "umbrella" Mike Boyle gang in that city.

POLISH MINERS TO WALK OUT ON GENERAL STRIKE

Starvation Wages are Immediate Cause

WARSAW, Poland, July 24.—Thousands of Polish coal miners will tie up the entire mining industry thruout the country when a one day general strike set for July 25 goes into effect.

Striking against starvation wages the miners announce that they intend the general walk-out as a threat of what they will do unless the intolerable conditions existing in the industry at present are immediately corrected.

The immediate demands of the striking men are a wholesale increase in the existing starvation wages. It is impossible to sustain life longer on the present wage scale of the Polish miners, their leaders declare.

The owners who have announced their intention of shutting down the mines for the summer are using the strike to demand a subsidy from the government. The coal owners are representing the strike as a danger to the Pilsudski government and are urging the use of force if the general strike is declared for a longer period than one day.

Sixth Victim of Sewer Pipe Explosion Dead

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 24 (UP) —The second victim of a sewer explosion here yesterday which injured five workmen died today in a hospital.

The death of Tony Zolar, 25, followed by a few hours that of John Poliacek, 17. The other three injured men were reported in a critical condition.

THE PICNIC OF THE YEAR
Freiheit Picnic
Saturday, July 28
Ulmer Park, Brooklyn
THE FREIHEIT SPORT CLUB has prepared an excellent program in which the entire club takes part.
THE THREE SOCCER TEAMS will play against the following organizations: 1.—Hebrew American League; 2.—Harlem Progressive S. C.; 3.—Co-operative Sport Club.
ADMISSION 35 CENTS

THE PLATFORM OF THE CLASS STRUGGLE
64 PAGES OF SMASHING FACTS
Price: 10 Cents Each
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A beautiful arrangement of the photographs of Foster and Gitlow within a solid red shield.
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WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
43 East 125th St, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Slaved for De Laval Company 4 Years, Now Earns $1093.30, Correspondent Says

BLACKLISTING FINE ART IN POUGHKEEPSIE

Telephone Plays Part In System

(By a Worker Correspondent)

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., July 24.—The article exposing the conditions in the De Laval Separator Company, which was published a few weeks ago in the Daily Worker, has ben the principal object of conversation among us ever since.

Conditions Miserable

While conditions of labor in our town are on the lowest level, our daily press and the so-called labor paper, Truth, published weekly by our labor fakers, never give much thought to real labor conditions here. It was the Daily Worker that made us think. We are going to continue to read it and tell others to read it.

Things here are really worse than one certain correspondent mentioned. I am working in the De Laval for four years and here is what I make for 12 months: $1,093.39. How can a man keep up his family with that miserable pay? The U. S. labor statistics say that $2,800 is the minimum.

Wife Must Work

My wife has to neglect our children and go to work in a factory for $12 a week. Working conditions for her are no better, if not worse, than in the De Laval plant. She works in a clothing factory.

The average earnings of an operator or a presser is about $20 a week. There are quite a number of clothing factories in our town where a few thousand workers are employed, as Cohn and Goldman (called "Garter"), Regents Coat Company, Rosenthal, etc. There are also many cloak, dress, shirt and necktie factories, in which many young girls—many under age—and women are employed.

Many Sweat Shops

The sweat-shop system is in full bloom here. After a day's work clothing is brought home, where little children help their mothers. In some of these houses the sanitary conditions are awful.

Blacklist Widespread

To cap all this, we have a system of blacklisting in this town. If one gives up his job in one of these hell-holes the telephone begins to ring in a special office kept up by the local manufacturers, informing them that employment must not be given to so-and-so and in this way shut off all avenues of work in this town for that worker.

Lately the mayor of the town, who happens to be a sort of decent fellow, brought the matter before the grand jury. But nothing came out of this, as the telephone receiver cannot tell and the guilty party denied his guilt.

I will write next time about how the Italian Roman Catholic "padre" helps the Jewish manufacturers and Free Mason managers to exploit the Italian workers.

A DE LAVAL WORKMAN.

Lady 'Liberal' Leaves Millions to Family

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 24. (UP)—The will of the late Mrs. Fanny Garrison Villard, wife of Henry Villard, railroad magnate, who died at her home at Dobbs Ferry, July 5, was filed for probate in Surrogate's Court today.

The entire estate, thought to approximate several million dollars was left to two relatives and friends four servants and four institutions. The residuary estate goes to two sons, Oswald Garrison Villard, editor of the Nation, and Harold G. Villard, of New York.

"AGAINST" WHITE SLAVERS.

GENEVA, July 24.—The League of Nations has declared that by September it will be ready to issue a statement calling on the nations of the world to suppress the white slave traffic.

Last year the League of Nations suppressed the report of the white slavery commission and accomplished nothing in spite of all its promises. Now it again promises to pass a "model law" which it will urge all nations to adopt.

For Glory of Imperialism and MacFadden

Bernarr MacFadden, tabloid publisher and physical culture faker, has decided that he ought not to be left out in the cold in this flight publicity. So he has bought himself a monoplane and dispatched it with "good-will" letters from himself to President Calles of Mexico. In addition, Bernarr has the satisfaction of doing a good service to American imperialism.

PROTESTS GROW IN I. W. W. CASE

Plan Big Conference in Washington

Protests against the continued imprisonment of the Centralia prisoners in Walla Walla, Wash., and demands for their unconditional pardon continue to pour in upon Governor Roland H. Hartley and H. B. Clausen, chairman of the Parole Board, from labor organizations and prominent individuals.

Robert Whitaker, author and formerly a minister of the First Baptist Church of Seattle, and Professor David Starr Jordan, president emeritus of Leland Stanford University, California, are among those who have added their protests, according to letters received by the national office of International Labor Defense, 80 East 11th St., New York.

Whitaker's Letter

Whitaker, in his letter to Governor Hartley, declares:

"The continued imprisonment in Walla Walla of the eight members of the I. W. W. by reason of the hysteria of the after-war period is a heavy handicap upon the reputation of Washington. . . . Particularly at this time the United States is in a special need of every possible exhibit of the spirit of tolerance and good will. . . . May I urge that your boards release these men immediately and unconditionally."

Professor David Starr Jordan writes:

"I understand that the eight members of the I. W. W. sent to the penitentiary from Centralia are applying for pardon. It is certain that the treatment of the Centralia affair has come as a disgrace to the State of Washington. I sincerely hope that the proper authorities of the State of Washington can see their way to grant an unconditional pardon to these people. I am not personally acquainted with any of them."

International Labor Defense points out that the actions on the part of Professor Jordan and Robert Whitaker are evidences of the depth of the mass pressure exerted by the workers against the continued imprisonment of the framed-up Centralia workers. Only organized mass protest of the workers in the unions, the shops and factories will, however, bring the necessary pressure on the lumber-trust owned State of Washington to free Eugene Barnett, McInerny and the others, the organization declares.

A state-wide conference of labor unions, farm organizations and other bodies in the State of Washington is planned in the near future to crystalize the protest of the workers, writes Charlotte Todes, Seattle I. L. D. secretary, and also secretary of the Centralia Liberation Committee.

MAYOR NEAR DEATH

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 24 (UP).—L. D. Taylor, 72-year-old mayor of Vancouver, was reported near death in a hospital here today from a fractured skull sustained by an airplane propellor yesterday.

Mayor Taylor was knocked unconscious when he walked into the whirling propellor which had just carried him on the initial trip of a passenger line between Sattle Victoria and Vancouver.

COMMUNISTS IN GAS RATE FIGHT

Cleveland District In Lead of Issue

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

CLEVELAND, July 24.—The city of Cleveland is now in the midst of a gas fight. In the month of May, the contract with the East Ohio Gas Company expired, and the question of rates came up.

The East Ohio Gas Company gets its gas from the Hope Gas Co., a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Co The East Ohio Co. demanded an increase in rates of the small consumers, but allowed a reduction of rates to the big consumers.

Communists Protest.

An open session of the city council was held at that time, at which a representative of the Workers (Communist) Party was present. I Amter, District Secretary of the Party, called the attention of the Council to the injustice of the proposals. There were tens of thousands of unemployed at the time and the prospect was that the coming winter would be even harder on the workers.

But aside from the immediate hardships to be imposed, Amter asked the reason for putting the burden on the shoulders of the workers, and lightening the load on the big consumers?

Amter was supported by Kennedy an independent member of the council, but the council tentatively accepted the proposals of the East Ohio Company, although it also drew the city manager into the controversy.

City Manager Hopkins proceeded to investigate, and was forced to adopt the position of the Communist Party, that the small consumers were being compelled to bear more than their share—that the rates proposed by the East Ohio Gas Co. not only should not be raised to the small consumers, but should be lowered all round.

Huge Profits.

According to his figures and analysis, the East Ohio Co. has more than duplicated its investment in its dividends, and has applied $8,000,000 of the profits to the extension of its plant.

The fight is now on between the city manager and the manager of the East Ohio Gas Co. But it is to be noted that the position taken by the Communists has become a basis for the "negotiations."

Three Divorce Lawyers Suspended In Paris

PARIS, July 24. — Suspension from practice for terms of two to eight months was decreed today against three of the seven French lawyers tried last week on charges of irregularities in the foreign divorce mill in Paris. Three other lawyers and one process server were "scolded severely." The seventh lawyer and a second process server were aquitted.

THREE DROWNED IN HEAT

TURIN, July 24 (UP).—Three persons were drowned in the River Po today while seeking relief from intense heat.

HOW DOES YOUR NUCLEUS WORK?

What problems is it confronted with?

What questions would you like answered?

The Communist Nucleus

What It Is
How It Works

By M. JENKS

Just off the press!

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A real manual for work in your nucleus.

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SPIES EXPELLED BY MORE UNIONS IN NEW CLEANUP

Much of 'Information' Is Not Secret

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Chauncey Peterson, one of the labor spies employed by the steel trust and exposed by Frank L. Palmer in his book "Spies in Steel," has been expelled from the Intl. Brotherhood of Electrical Workers by President Noonan of that organization. Peterson operated in Duluth. He was not only active in the Electrical Workers but he had been elected to the state legislature by the Farmer-Labor Party, when Palmer's investigation led to his being thrown out of the union and suspended from the party.

Did Not Appeal.

Noonan, at I. B. E. W. headquarters in Washington, told a representative of the press on July 23 that he had received copies of reports made in handwriting by Peterson to the Silver Mining Co., a subsidiary of U. S. Steel, showing beyond doubt that the man was regularly reporting the names of men attending building trades meetings, names of union members and alleged action taken in meetings. Upon getting evidence, he ordered "permanent suspension" of Peterson's card notifying him that he would have the right to appeal before formal expulsion was made. Peterson did not appeal. Inquiry in Duluth showed that he had gone into the meat business.

"This is merely one of many such cases, occurring at intervals in many industries," said an electrical official. "The industrial concern pays an agency so much per day—about a journeyman's wage—to be paid extra to the man on the job who is to do the spying. In point of fact, the company was gypped of the money it paid Peterson, because none of the information he supplied it was really secret. And that is true of most of this spying—the information could be had for the asking. We do not know whether he caused any union men to be dismissed."

Another of Same Breed.

Cletus L. McMillian, formerly recording secretary of Machinists' Lodge No. 274, who played spy while in that job, has been expelled by his lodge since the expose appeared McMillan had been a foreman after getting out of his job as union secretary, but he kept his union card and watched the men who came into the organization.

Another member of the machinists recently caught red-handed as a betrayer of his fellow-unionists was a man named Mears, operating in Wisconsin. He was expelled. Davison stated, without loss of time

Palmer, in his book—published at 50c by the Labor Press, 312 Interstate Trust Bldg., Denver, Colo.—mentions Vergilio Bertone, president of the Chisholm Musicians' Union as drawing $125 a month as a spy for steel. Luke Healy, clerk of the Hibbing Hotel at Hibbing, Minn., is described as one of the busy members of the sneaking-and-eavesdropping squad. Others include a barber, a letter carrier, etc.

Who furnished Palmer with the documents from the safe of the steel trust secret service in Duluth, thereby upsetting the spy system for a while, has not been disclosed. As the leak occurred several months ago, it is assumed by the Electrical Workers and the Machinists that a new spying staff has been employed with new code numbers, new methods of approach and new humbug as to trade union secrets.

FRENCH POETESS INJURED.

PARIS, July 24.—France's woman poet-laureate, the Countess de Noailles, badly sprained her right arm yesterday when she slipped on a wax floor and fell. She was forced to cancel all engagements for a fortnight, and is unable to write.

Chicago I. L. D. to Aid Relief for Coal Miners

CHICAGO, Ill., July 24.—General mobilization order has been issued to all International Labor Defense branches by the local office for active participation in the week's drive for miners' relief and defense, July 29-August 5.

All arrangements have already been made between I. L. D. and Miners' Relief for the joint drive. The I. L. D. expects to mobilize every member to take part in the drive.

NEW JERSEY AIDS IN MINE RELIEF

Meetings Being Held in Many Cities

A mass meeting which crowded the Workers Hall at 308 Elm St., Perth Amboy, gave Miners Relief and Defense Week a flying start in the state of New Jersey last Saturday night. A. Weary, a striking miner, told of the heroic struggle the miners are making in the face of tremendous obstacles. He stressed the necessity of supporting their struggle now that Lewis and the United Mine Workers of America bureaucracy have come out in the open as betrayers of the miners' strike.

All the workers present pledged their active support in helping the miners build a rank and file union. They showed their pledge was not an empty one by contributing generously to a collection. Edward S. Stanley, relief organizer of New Jersey, said that American workers must answer Lewis. They must support the Save-the-Union Committee until the new miners' union is organized and Lewis is thrown out.

New Brunswick followed close on the heels of Perth Amboy. Stanley also spoke at an outing of the Hungarian Workers Club Sunday. Similar pledges were made and a large collection was taken. Workers all over New Jersey are mobilizing this week for house to house collections and other activities to support the miners. Newark plans a mass meeting on Friday.

To Pass Kellogg Pact

WASHINGTON, July 24.—That the Kellogg multilateral peace pact will pass congress with only the minimum of political opposition is confidently promised here by representatives of both the big powers

Both parties see in the much-heralded peace treaty the opportunity for the United States to arm at a rate never dreamed of before and under an undreamed of cloak of peace.

It is believed that the treaty will be accepted shortly after it is submitted to congress.

GREAT INCREASE OF UNEMPLOYED IN GREAT BRITAIN

Permanent Crisis is Gov't. Report

LONDON, July 24 (UP).—An official report on the British unemployment situation, in which the flat statement is made that there is a labor surplus and groups of workers must be transferred in mass to other labor fields, was returned yesterday by the government's industrial transference board.

There are about 1,200,000 unemployed persons in Great Britain, and the figure is growin larger. Many of them have dependents.

Growing Surplus.

In some heavy industries, and particularly in coal mining, there was a real surplus of labor, the board reported.

"The urgent and sympathetic attention of the entire country is needed to deal with the problem," it was said.

Sir Warren Fisher is head of the board. It was appointed by the minister of labor to facilitate the transfer of workers, particularly miners, to areas where employment could be obtained for them.

"It is no longer a question merely of tiding over unemployment in these areas until a crisis passes," the report said. "A new policy is needed, directed at the permanent removal of as many workers as possible away from depressed industries and areas to other areas where the prospect of employment is more favorable."

"It is a hard thing," the report states, "to tell numbers of men—whole communities—that unless they leave all their familiar surroundings they will not be able to earn a living.

"But we should be shirking every inference from the facts if we did not emphasize this as the first and strongest of the lessons our work has provided."

The report expressed astonishment at the "disappointing slowness" of the rate of settlement of British workers in Canada and Australia It urged radical simplification of the government's migrating policy, and reduction of steamship passage rates to a point nearer the pre-war level to facilitate overseas settlement, in addition to the existing empire settlement schemes.

2 RESCUED ON ATLANTIC.

Two men who had been adrift in the Atlantic Ocean without food or water for a week were rescued by a boat crew of the Panama-Pacific liner Manchuria and will be brought to New York today, according to a radio message received here today by the line's offices, at 1 Broadway, from the captain of the Manchuria.

DAILY WORKER
ANNUAL PICNIC
SUNDAY, AUGUST 19
10 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT
PLEASANT BAY PARK
ADMISSION 35 CENTS

Rural Theatres Popular With Peasants in the Soviet Union

By S. Malinovskaya.

OLIVE BERTRAND

Plays an important part in "The Connecticut Yankee," the musical show based on Mark Twain's clever satire at the Vanderbilt Theatre.

ONE of the distinctive features of the village in the USSR is its extreme remoteness from the cultural centers owing to the weak development of railways in the country, in comparison with other countries. In many parts of the Soviet Union, particularly in the north, the village is cut off from the rest of the world during the winter and autumn seasons.

Hence the great importance attached to the penetration of culture among the masses of rural inhabitants, and to the organization of the peasants' theatre in the U. S. S. R. In this article we deal only with the development of the village theatre in the rural districts of the province of Moscow. In other parts of the Soviet Union, particularly in the Ukraine, there is also constant development in the activity of organizing rural theatrical performances. But this will form the subject of another article.

In the province of Moscow at the present time, with a population of 2,300,000, there are over 5,000 dramatic circles in the villages. On the money realized from the performances the circles purchase newspapers for the villages, organize reading rooms, etc. There were cases when the rural dramatic circles were among the first promoters and investors of rural societies for the purpose of purchasing agricultural machinery.

Needless to say the circles are as yet poorly equipped in regard to theatrical means. The majority of them have no special stage, the scenery is mostly home made and of the most primitive kind. The performances are generally got up without any expert professional guidance.

In localities with an experienced guide, the activity of the dramatic circles is conducted upon a proper plan: the play is chosen, a general study is made of the characters in the play, and only then the production is undertaken.

The preparations for the production of a play in a rural locality are more in the nature of educational work, in which part is taken both by the producers of the play and by their prospective patrons. The great drawback in art activity in the rural districts is the lack of experienced leadership, and in recent years there were steps taken to raise a sufficient body of experienced rural leaders in the pursuit of the arts. Great work in this direction is being accomplished by the "Polenov Memorial Association" attached to the Peasants' Home of Moscow.

The essential aim in the activity of the Peasants' Home is to supply art instruction to the village. For this purpose it maintains a model theatre and a body of experienced theatrical instructors. It also undertakes to select suitable plays for production by village amateurs. The Peasants' Home arranges also from time to time special training courses for rural theatrical workers.

Considerable activity is also carried on by the journal "The Rura Theatre," which enjoys popularity among rural dramatic circles thru out the Soviet Union. Written i plain and popular language, it deal with various problems of interes to rural dramatic circles and publishes articles on various practica aspects of theatrical activity, hint as to sceneries, make up, the study of dramatic characters and types and so on.

An experiment in the direction o affording the means of visua training to rural dramatic circle was made by the organization of th Rural Itinerant Theatre in 192 by the Moscow Theatrical Administration. Before establishing th Itinerant Theatre the actors wh promoted this experiment had given over 50 performance in 40 villages in the various districts of th province of Moscow. The performances of the Itinerant Theatre ar usually associated with educationa work. Before the raising of th curtain an address is delivere giving an analysis of the play, an after the conclusion of the performance an address is given on th rendering of the play. Usually lively discussion ensues, in th course of which the actors tak stock of the views and opinions expressed by the audience. The actors then acquaint themselves wit the activity of the local dramati circle, imparting their experience to the members, advising them o technical matters, and so on. Sometimes the actors rehearse with th rural amateurs the play which the have in hand for presentation b the circle.

The visits of the Puppet Theatr to villages in the province of Moscow were everywhere welcomed wit intense enthusiasm, contributing t the general activity for the spreading of culture in the outlying villages.

The theatrical activity in th rural districts is considered by th Soviet authorities as an essentia item in the great Cultural Revolution which is going on through th length and breadth of the Sovie Union.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied
With Play.

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Islan
Battle of Chateau Thierry
May Wirth, Phil & Family
in BIG FREE CIRCUS
Luna's Great Swimming Po
50 Acres of Real Fun

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'wa
Wis. 1789
CAPT. H. A. SNOW'S "HUNTING BI
GAME IN AFRICA"
THRILLING—AMAZING—REAL.
and "ARCTIC SEAL HUNT

REFUSE TO TESTIFY

BRUNSWICK, Ga., July 24 (UP —Two men, sentenced to death fo the killing of C. A. Perry, cashie of the Bank of Kingsland, refuse today to testify against Ernest Wa ler, an alleged accomplice.

Be a Solidarity Demonstrator!
Miners Solidarity Fair
PLEASANT BAY PARK
SUNDAY, AUGUST 5th, 1928
"The Most Unique Affair of Its Kind!"
FILM OF MINE STRIKE SHOW—MOVIES TAKEN of 'SOLIDARITY PARADE"—OTHER ATTRACTIONS GALOR
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New Bedford Youth Demands $15 Minimum for Young Workers, No Child Labor

WILL FIGHT FOR SEVEN-HOUR DAY, FIVE-DAY WEEK

Textile Mill Committee to Back Them

The New Bedford Textile Workers' Union (Textile Mill Committee) in recognition of the importance of the young workers, has adopted a list of special youth demands as follows:

1. Minimum wage of $15 a week for all young workers. 2. Equal pay for equal work. 3. Complete abolition of child labor, state maintenance for those now working. 4 No night work for young workers under 21. No overtime for young workers under 18. 5. Two 15 minute rest periods a day for all young workers. 6. 7-hour day, 5-day week for young workers under 18. 7. One hour for lunch and washing up on company time. 8. Work schools for young workers under 15 and 18 on working time under union and young worker control.

TO HOLD YOUTH WORK PARLEYS

District 10 Meetings July 29, Aug. 5

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 24.—For the first time since its organization will District 10, Young Workers League, hold conventions for election of its committees and for the discussion of the problems before the league.

The main point on the agenda will be nucleus work. In the district there are at least 20 plants employing more than 2,000 workers each. Besides these there are many employing more than 4,000. The district includes six coal fields and is the center of the packing house industry.

In view of the size of the district two conferences will be held. One will be held in Colorado July 29 and the second in Kansas City August 5 for the states of Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri and Kansas. At both these conferences the problem of organizing nuclei in the mines will be among the most important to be considered.

Representatives of the shop nuclei of the Workers (Communist) Party have been invited to attend the conventions and to co-operate in working out plans for building shop nuclei of the league wherever the party nuclei exist.

PLAN SERIES OF YOUTH SCHOOLS

Industrial Centers to be Pivots

Preparations for a series of League Summer Schools thruout the country this summer are going ahead full speed. The Waino School (Wisconsin)—which has an elementary and an advanced course—has already opened. There are twenty-five students from important sections of the district—from the Iron Range, the Michigan copper country from the Twin Cities, and from the Head of the Lakes section. The elementary school will take place somewhat later.

The Northwest School covering the northwest region (Washington Oregon) as well as California has already started.

The New England School opened immediately after July 4. The students include a number of young strikers from New Bedford.

The Ohio School, at Ashtabula, is opening in August. Young workers from the mining regions of Pennsylvania and Ohio, young steel workers, and the youth of other industries will be represented among the students.

Definite information is not yet forthcoming as to the New York and the Chicago schools but they are expected to take place in August.

All of the above schools are full-time schools covering a period from four to six weeks. The value of such schools in developing new forces for youth work and new functionaries for the League has been proven by the schools of last year and the year before and we expect that this year's schools will be even more successful.

MORGAN ORDERS GO TO COOLIDGE

SUPERIOR, Wis., July 24.—Naval Secretary Wilbur, accompanied by Thomas Cochran, a partner in the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co., arrived here today, en route for Coolidge's summer residence where they are to hold a conference on the Nicaraguan situation with the president.

Wilbur intimated that recent reports from Nicaragua made an immediate conference necessary.

Wall St. Field-Marshall Takes Up Duties

Hubert Work has resigned as secretary of the interior in order to hunt bigger game—votes in large enough numbers to put Herbert Hoover into Wall Street's White House. Hubert is now secretary of the republican national committee, and if Hoover is elected, he will probably reap a fat reward. Photo shows Work at right, talking it over with his successor in the cabinet, Roy O. West, Chicago businessman, an ardent Coolidge supporter.

MILLINERS FIGHT ZARITSKY AGENT

Chicago Board Says No Expulsions

CHICAGO, July 24.—The campaign of expulsion of militant members from the International Cap and Millinery Workers Union, now being carried on by the officialdom in many cities, met a setback here when the membership of the Blockers Local and the Joint Board delegates recently passed resolutions demanding a halt to Zaritsky's union wrecking, despite the exercise of an intense terror by the right wing and the employers. The methods employed by the right wing in electing themselves to office were also brought to light when the workers showed the letters they received calling them to the "election" meeting.

Despite threats by the Zaritsky agent, J. Roberts, that he would refuse to permit one of the largest employers here to deal with the Blockers Local, made by him at a members' meeting July 19, the membership condemned Roberts and his union wrecking activities in a resolution passed in spite of the threats.

At a meeting of the Joint Board, attended by Roberts in his capacity as general board agent on July 18, the Joint Board made the following demands in a resolution, despite Roberts' attempt to browbeat the delegates into refusing passage to the resolution:

(1) To demand the G. E. B. of the International to start an organization campaign in Chicago for the coming season in conformity with the decisions of the 1927 convention.

(2) In order to make the organization work possible the G. E. B. resume the subsidy of $50 a week which they have hitherto supplied to the Joint Board and which Roberts has now cut off.

(3) That the General Executive Board immediately cease its expulsion policies of individuals and locals, now prevalent in the International.

(4) The Joint Board of Chicago demands of the G. E. B. that the above be carried through, that the Joint Board will consider no task too great to assist the G. E. B. representatives who will come to Chicago to further the organization work among the millinery workers of this city.

In the fake elections called by the Zaritsky gang for functionaries of Capmakers Local 5 the members were notified of the meeting by letters informing them that their jobs were in danger of being lost if they did not support the disruptive tactics of the International clique. In addition to this a fine was also threatened. The meeting, scheduled as an ordinary local meeting, was not announced as an election meeting in right wing press advertisements. The reactionaries then had no trouble electing themselves.

TAMMANY TOOL GETS HIS REWARD

Dr. Louis I. Harris, commissioner of health of New York City, yesterday announced his resignation from his city post to accept a position with a milk corporation.

Harris has been given his reward, that of the post of "health consultant and sanitary administrator" of the National Dairy Products Corporation, of 120 Broadway. He will assume his new duties immediately upon the arrival in New York City of Jimmie Walker, who is at present taking his "vacation" in California.

Harris at the same time will receive from the city for the rest of his life a pension of $5,000 a year, in recognition of his 20 years' "service to the public welfare."

Harris very recently allowed the corporation whose product caused almost 40 deaths and 1,000 cases of septic sore throat poisoning in Lee, Mass., to sell its product in New York City.

WOMEN TO TALK ON WAR DANGER

Many Expected at Big Federation Meeting

The New York Working Women's Federation, which has as one of its planks the fight against the war danger, has arranged a delegate conference for August 2 at 7:30 p. m. at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and 2nd Ave., in the auditorium. At this conference the causes of war and what working women can do to fight the war danger will be discussed by prominent women of the labor movement.

Stress War Danger

In a statement sent out to women workers of New York the federation stressed the growing danger of imperialist war. The statement reads, in part, as follows:

"Although our memories are still fresh with the horrors of 1914, the imperialists of the world, and particularly the imperialists of the United States, are preparing feverishly for a new world slaughter. Appropriations, battleships, artillery and instruments of destruction have reached an unheard of proportion. Millions are being spent for the production of huge quantities of poison gas and airplanes. Draft laws are being prepared in order to chain the entire working population to the military machine in time of war. Through the institution of military training in the schools, the establishment of citizens' training camps, the course of capitalist militarism is throughout the country."

Other Meets Successful

The New York Working Women's Federation during its short period of existence has held two previous conferences where problems of great importance to working women and the labor movement in general were considered. These conferences have aroused great interest among working women and have helped arouse women workers to participate in labor struggles.

The federation's anti-imperialist-war conference of August 2 is of particular importance to women. The call urges the women to act in the shops and other organizations with which they are connected and send delegates to take part in the conference.

The interest and activity of the members have made the previous conferences of the New York Working Women's Federation great successes. An excellent program is being prepared for this meeting, and all women have been urged to invite their friends and shopmates to attend the coming conference.

N. Y. YOUTH AIDS MILL WORKERS

The Youth Conference for Miners' and Textile Relief has sent along with its representative P. Frankfeld to New Bedford, Mass. a check for $175 for relief to the striking textile workers. This is the first contribution made to the striking textile workers. The Youth Relief Conference expects to send many more hundreds of dollars in the immediate future.

Frankfeld, in presenting the check to the textile workers, brought greetings from the 55 young worker and student organizations affiliated with the Youth Conference. He spoke briefly to the strikers at both their mass meetings Sunday, July 22nd. His speech was interspersed with applause. When he handed over the check to the chairman the strikers cheered.

The Youth Conference has sent in over $5,500 for relief to the striking miners. The Youth Conference has made its first contribution to the support of the textile workers and will hold a tag day this coming Saturday, July 28th, for the miners and textile workers.

This sign of solidarity on the part of the New York working youth will be followed up with many and more generous contributions for the relief of the textile workers.

STRIKE FILM TO BE SHOWN AT BIG MINE AID AFFAIR

Solidarity Parade to Feature Aug. 5 Fair

The first showing of the moving pictures taken of scenes of the miners' strike in Pennsylvania and Ohio will be made at Pleasant Bay Park on August 5th, at the Miners' Solidarity Fair being conducted by the National Miners' Relief Committee of 799 Broadway. There, the release of the film will be one of the outstanding features of an evening's entertainment destined to be unique among picnics.

As soon as evening falls, a huge Solidarity Parade will form at one end of the wide green with banners and slogans expressing the unflinching solidarity of New York workers with their striking brothers and sisters of the mine fields. Various workers' clubs and trade unions will line up en masse in the parade, among them the Working Women's Federation and Councils of Workingclass Women. As the parade will get under way, a moving picture operator will "shoot" the march. The film will then be added to the movies of the miners' strike, making a complete picture for national release.

The program will be made extremely colorful by the mass singing in native costumes by Hungarian, Lithuanian and Ukrainian workers, and also native dances, such as the popular Polish national dance by eight dancers. The affair will be international in more than one aspect, it including the foods of many nationalities. "Schachlik" will be served a la carte.

The solidarity of all progressive New York workers with the striking miners has, if possible, increased tremendously since the call for the convention to form a new miners' union, and an attendance of at least 20,000 workers is expected. Tickets may be bought for 35 cents each at the office of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Room 237. To all organizations buying blocks of 100 tickets or more, a special price of 20 cents each is being charged.

ARRESTS HALT PANAMA REVOLT

U. S. Influence Seen In Situation

PANAMA CITY, July 23.—An uprising believed to be supported by the United States against the administration party reached a critical stage here today when 116 members of the Porras (opposition) party were arrested to halt alleged threats of a revolution. A number of prominent Porristas leaders were jailed.

The action was the result of mounting criticism of the government of liberal party which was charged with election frauds and irregularities.

The climax came Saturday at a Porras party rally where the opposition leaders demanded "American supervision of the November election or revolution." The Porristas had repeatedly sought American aid in eliminating alleged conspiracies and Dr. Jorge Boyd, Porras presidential nominee, is in Washington at present, said to be seeking American intervention.

Among those arrested in the nation-wide drive to prevent serious disturbances, were: Assemblyman Domingo Turner; Dr. Alejandro Tapia, prominent attorney, and editors of the opposition newspaper El Heraldo; Demetrio Porras, youngest son of Dr. Belisario Porras, thrice president of Panama; and Juan B. Polo, president of the Porras Club.

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Call For Revolt.

BALBOA, Panama Canal Zone, July 23.—The leader of the Porras National Coalition party of Panama, Dr. Alejandro Tapia, called upon the United States to supervise the elections, at a political rally held here last night on the Cathedral Plaza.

Kaiser's Letter Hints Monarchist Restoration

AMSTERDAM, July 24 (UP).—Publication in the newspaper Het-Volk, of a telegram sent by the former Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany referring to the coming of a time for "restoring the Fatherland under the Kaiser and the hereditary princes" has drawn attention once more to the fact that, although in exile, the former Kaiser has not given up hope of a return of the Hohenzollerns.

The former Kaiser sent a telegram to an association composed of members of a former Bavarian regiment praising their fighting spirit. He added an expression of hope that this same fighting spirit would "again show when the time comes for restoring the Fatherland under the Kaiser and the hereditary princes."

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paer.

League Picnic in Philadelphia.

A picnic, the proceeds of which will go to the Young Worker, will be held on Sunday, August 5, at the Burlhome Park. A splendid time is assured to all who come. Sports, games and songs will be had. Admission free. Direction: Take No. 50 car and go as far as 7500 north. A committee will wait for you there.

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Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

Philadelphia T. U. E. L. Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Trade Union Educational League of Philadelphia will hold a Grand Picnic at Maple Park Grove on August 4, beginning at 9 a. m. and ending at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing and musical programs will be added to the speeches of prominent members returned from the U. S. S. R. All are invited to attend.

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Philadelphia Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Workers (Communist) Party here has arranged a picnic to be held August 19 at Burholme Park. All workers are invited to attend.

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Chicago Picnic.

CHICAGO, Ill.—A picnic for the benefit of the Northwestern Shop News of Chicago will be held on July 29, under the auspices of Section 6, District 8, of the Workers (Communist) Party. In order to reach the picnic grounds, take Grand Ave. car to Sayre (1700 block), walk north to 3100 block, then one block west to 3101 North Nordica.

Scranton Y. W. L. Picnic.

SCRANTON, Pa.—A picnic will be held under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Scranton, Pa., at Runo Farm, Hollow Ave., on August 5, a t10 A. M. All young workers are welcome. A very interesting program has been arranged.

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Anthracite Election Rallies.

Several mass meetings have been arranged for Herbert Benjamin, organizer District No. 3 in the anthracite sub-district. The topic of the meetings is the Election Campaign, with special reference to the problems facing the hard-coal miners. The dates are as follows:

July 24, Tuesday, 7 p. m.—Nanticoke, 128 W. Ridge St.
July 25, Wednesday, 7 p. m.—McAdoo, 47 W. Blaine St.
July 26, Thursday, 7 p. m.—Luzarne, Italian Hall, 206 Oliver St.
July 27, Friday, 7 p. m.—Scranton, Hulbert's Hall, 117 Wyoming Ave.
July 28, Saturday, 7 p. m.—Old Forge, open-air meeting, Main St.

Chicago Functionary Meeting.

Max Bedacht, district organizer Workers (Communist) Party, District No. 8, will address a meeting of women functionaries on Friday, July 27th, 1928, at 2021 West Division St., at 8 p. m. Bedacht will outline the party policy for work among women. The agenda will include reports by Anna E. David, women's work director, District No. 8, Presidential Election Campaign, Miners' Relief. All functionaries from sections, nuclei, and fractions are obligated to attend.

Chicago Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial.

The Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial Conference, Chicago, will hold a memorial meeting in honor of the murdered worker martyrs, Sacco and Vanzetti, on Wednesday, August 22, at 8 p. m., at Temple Hall, Van Buren and Marshfield. Ralph Chaplin, orator and poet; Mordecai Shulman, attorney Guido Serio of the Anti-Fascist Alliance, and others, will address the meeting. A beautiful musical program will be had.

Philadelphia Workers Stage Play.

The West Philadelphia Workers' Club will present the "Hairy Ape," by Eugene O'Neill at the Hedgerow Theatre, Saturday, July 28, at 4 p. m. Tickets may be obtained from The DAILY WORKER office, 1214 Spring Garden St., and from every member of the club. Prices moderate. Directions: Take elevated to 69th St., and change for the Media surface car. Walk from Media to Rose Valley.

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Philadelphia Open-air Meetings.

Workers Party will hold the following open-air meetings:

Thursday, July 26th, at 40th and Lancaster, 8 p. m.; 32nd and Cumberland, 8 p. m.; 11th and Poplar, 8 p. m.

Friday, July 27th, at Wylie and Ridge, 8 p. m.; 7th and Ritner, 8 p. m.

Saturday, July 28th, at Kensington and Orleans, 8 p. m.; 7th and Snyder, 8 p. m.

Noon-hour meetings this week: Wednesday, July 25th, at 69th and Elmwood, 12 p. m.; Thursday, July 26th, at 7th and Lehigh, 12 p. m.; Monday, July 30th, at 25th and Huntington Park, 12 p. m.; Monday, July 30th, at Marshall & Girard; Tuesday, July 31st, at 13th & Reed; Wednesday, Aug. 1st, at 40th & Lancaster; Thursday, Aug. 2nd, 53rd & Girard Ave.

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Notice Texas Communists.

You are called to meet on County Convention day, August 4, (law does not specify number so meet whether few or many) and elect a delegate to the State Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party called for the 14th day of August in the city of Houston at 304½ Main St. Those taking part in conventions must be qualified voters, the qualifications for candidates are the same.

INVOLVE MELLON IN GAS MERGER

Al Smith Connection Also Seen

Opponents of the proposed $1,000,000,000 merger between the Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company, who were denied a hearing at the last session of the Public Service Commission, are planning to renew their attack tomorrow, when the application of the Consolidated comes up for further hearing.

The Power Committee, composed of a group of liberals, charges that the merger is part of a combination of power development along the northeastern states, controlled by interests foreign to the state. The committee expects to submit evidence that the Koppers Gas and Coke Company of Philadelphia, a Mellon interest, has bought heavily into both the Consolidated and the Brooklyn Edison Companier and would control these companies as part of a gigantic tie-up of electric and gas properties in these states.

One of the heavy stockholders in both companies is Wm. F. Kenny, chief supporter of Al Smith, a fact which lends further evidence to the charge that the republican and democratic forces are united "at the top."

GEOLOGISTS SAFE.

KEOKUK, Iowa, July 24 (UP).—Fears for the safety of four university of Iowa geologists on an exploring trip in northern Saskatchewan, Canada, were minimized today by Dr. Frank Fuller, father of John Fuller, a member of the party.

INDIA RAILROAD STRIKE SPREADS

MADRAS, India, July 24.—Increasing militancy of strikers on railway lines of southern India has resulted in numerous clashes between the police and the strikers, it was reported here today. Trains run by incompetent strikebreakers have been wrecked and general confusion is spreading over the struck sections.

Employers have consistently refused to deal with the unions. Yesterday police fired on strikers at Mayavuram and at Tuticorin. Several are reported to have been killed and a number were wounded. Many arrests have been made.

The strike arose from an announcement by employers that they would drastically reduce their forces, and institute a speed-up system.

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By Train—To Raven Rock, N. J., on the Penna R. R.
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"THE HAIRY APE"
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VERY POPULAR PRICES
Tickets: Daily Worker, 1214 Sring Garden St., and all members of the West Philadelphia Workers' Club.
Directions: By elevated to 69th & Market, then take train to Media, and walk over short distance to Rose Valley.

HEADS SELL OUT SHIRT STRIKE IN PERTH AMBOY

Partial Victory Won In Spite of This

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., July 24—The young shirt workers of the Jaco Co., on strike against a wage-cut and speed-up here for two weeks today, won a partial victory over the bosses this morning, in spite of the betrayal on the part of the Amalgamated organizers. On Friday 32 girls returned to work after a secret conference between Mr. Stern, an official of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, and the operator Schwartz. This conference was not authorized by the strike committee and met with great disapproval from the strikers.

Because of the insistence of the returned strikers, Veronica Kovacs, militant strike leader, was given back her job. For the same reason other girls were given back their jobs. These were originally eliminated by the readjustments made Friday. For those girls who were least militant the owner of Jaco Co. gave a "party."

All the girls are angry, nevertheless, at the action and attitude of the Amalgamated officials. The girls declare the strike a sell-out. Mr. Stern of the Amalgamated said Friday that he would do as he pleased and not listen to the strike committee. It is known that the same Mr. Stern told the boss to take the girls back and pay the old wage-scale, miserable as it was, and that at the end of two weeks to effect the wage-cut he had originally intended to put over. The wages ranged from $4 to $12 and, in few instances, reaching $18 and $20 per week.

Mr. Stern and Mr. Monas, both of the Amalgamated, did not show up to a meting that was planned with the strike committee, although they had promised to be there.

The girls are ready to fight on despite the treacherous sell-out by the Amalgamated officials.

Nobile Sent Home In Camouflaged Car

COPENHAGEN, Denmark, July 24 (UP).—General Umberto Nobile, who sailed north two months ago, proud in his command of the dirigible Italia and determined to make new history in polar exploration, is expected back in continental Europe Tuesday, a sick man, his nerves shattered and his body wounded.

Instead of leading a triumphant march back to Rome, he will be placed aboard a special car chartered by the Italian government, probably the car will be sealed, and the train will steam southward. Only necessary stops will be made. The train will not even pass thru Stockholm or any of the large cities which are not on the direct route. None will be permitted to see Nobile and he will talk with no one.

MORE PHILLIPS WEALTH FOUND

Existence of another cache, where $800,000 of the missing millions of John M. Phillips, sewer pipe grafter, have ben disposed of, was revealed for the first time yesterday. In the newest disclosures, the late sewer pipe king and power behind the corrupt Tammany administration in Queens is involved as the alleged backer of a chain of gambling houses.

Involved with him in the charges are a prominent contractor, who is alleged to have shared with Phillips profits of the Queens sewer contracts, and a gambler well known among "fashionable circles."

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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR

Assistant Editor...............WM. F. DUNNE

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WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ **WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY**

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! **Against the Capitalists!**

Selling Hoover to the Masses.

A Washington news dispatch tells us that Hoover is going to have the most elaborate publicity bureau in history.

Herbert Hoover, capitalist efficiency engineer, has long been bought and paid for by American imperialism. But in order to serve his class better he wants to become chairman of the executive committee of American imperialism with the title of President of the United States. So he must "sell" himself (in the slang sense) to the voting masses of the United States.

It would be much simpler for Wall Street to send its hired president to Washington every four years by open appointment just as an ambassador is appointed to foreign countries, than to waste a lot of time and money electing somebody. But capitalist democracy gives the ballot to the workers and farmers, with so many restrictions, of course, that it is absolutely impossible for all the workers to make any real change in the social system with their ballots on election day. And so the ruling classes must go thru the farce every four years of giving the great American voter the privilege of electing one of Wall Street's candidates.

Al Smith is a better salesman than Hoover, with a publicity apparatus that is large and busy. The press, the movies, and every other avenue of publicity and propaganda are utilized to make Al as popular in the alfalfa regions as he is on the sidewalks of New York.

Hoover has more editors on his staff than George Creel had liars in his propaganda bureau during the world war. Those fellows on Hoover's staff are trained liars as all good capitalist newspapermen must be. Ditto for Smith's horntooters.

They will get columns of news in the press, special stories in the magazines, pictures on the screen showing Hoover in various poses, with his wife, shaking a farmer's hand, kissing a child, or laying the corner-stone of a church. These publicity experts will not lay much stress on the Hoover program. They want to make the masses interested in personalities and not in platforms. There is a much more effective way of getting the voters excited and interested.

That the Workers (Communist) Party is fundamentally different from the capitalist parties (democratic, republican and socialist parties) is generally admitted.

Unlike its capitalist enemies the Workers (Communist) Party lays emphasis on its aims and the means by which it intends to carry them out rather than on the individuals it selects to head its national and state tickets in the election campaign. It does not seek to confuse the masses but to enlighten them. It does not engage corps of specialists in the art of propaganda. It develops the art of mass propaganda thru its disciplined organization of workingmen and women, crusaders for a better order of society, a socialist society where the producer will be the honored citizen and the parasite a pariah.

The Workers (Communist) Party is a powerful publicity machine—a voluntary machine. Its members distribute leaflets in millions, sell literature, make arrangements for mass meetings and raise funds, so that the program, the aims and objects of the party can be explained and made clear to the masses.

At the present time this is a most important task for the members of the Workers (Communist) Party. The National Election Campaign Committee has called for the raising of a $100,000 campaign fund. Every dollar, every ten dollar bill, every one hundred dollars that will be contributed to this fund will help to tear the tinsels off the candidates of the capitalist parties and to remove the halos from their heads that have been placed there by their publicity apparatus.

Foster and Gitlow, the proletarian candidates, the representatives of the revolutionary working class—against Hoover, Curtis, Smith and Robinson, the servants of the capitalist class, and against Thomas and Maurer, also servants of the capitalist class who specialize as betrayers of labor.

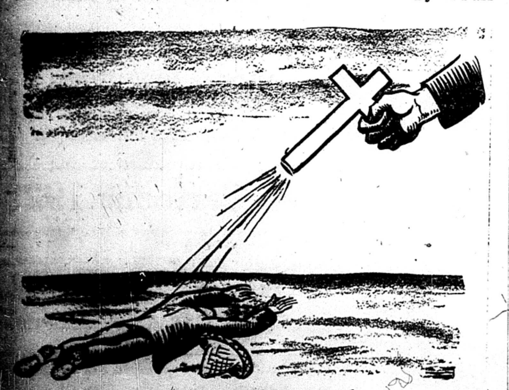
Foster and Gitlow are the banner-bearers of Communism, the agitators for a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

The funds to wage a nation-wide campaign must be raised. $100,000 is little enough

Send in your contribution immediately to the National Election Campaign Committee, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

"IN THE NAME OF CHRIST, THE KING"

By M. Pass



Clerical reaction murdered Gen. Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico.

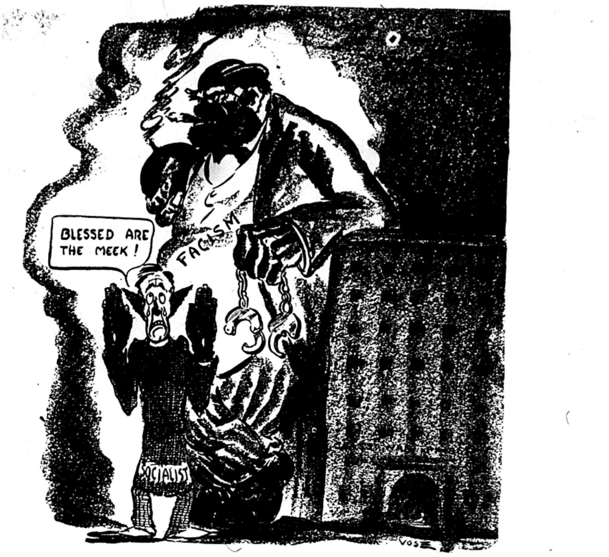
[illegible]-Japan Jingoist Is Up to Old Tricks

[illegible]INGTON, July 24 (FP).—[illegible] McClatchy of Sacramento, on [illegible] of the California joint immi[illegible] committee of which he is secretary, has filed with the senate committee on immigration a new argument against granting an immigration quota to Japan. If such a quota were granted, less than 200 Japanese immigrants could come into the United States, legally, in any one year.

If Japanese are to be admitted while Chinese, Hindus and other races in Asia are barred as at present, McClatchy says, the American congress will merely have substituted one discrimination for another. Indeed, he claims, the present law is not a real discrimination against the Japanese because it does not mention them, but forbids entry of people who are not eligible to become naturalized.

FASCISM: "HE ALSO WORKS FOR ME"

By Vose



A Small Reward for the Farmer

$200 a Year Is the Average Return for His Hard Work

By LELAND OLDS,
(Federated Press).

How much cash income can the average American farmer expect with which to pay his living expenses, take care of his debts and make improvements? On the basis of reports from 13,859 farms for the year 1927 the U. S. department of commerce answers $1,048. This is all the average farmer got for owning, managing and working with the help of his family an average farm of 275 acres.

The farmer's return for his labor and for that of his family shrinks almost to nothing if he is allowed any return on his investment which averaged $15,445. On the basis of the fair return of 5½% demanded by the railroads he should have received $850 as investment income quite aside from the wages paid for his work in producing the country's food. Deducting this the farmer's tireless labor brought him a cash return of about $200 for the year.

The gross receipts of this average 275-acre farm in 1927 were $2,505. This figure includes $978 from the sale of crops, $851 from live-stock $638 from live-stock products and $38 from miscellaneous items. On the other hand cash expenses in 1927 amounted to $1,457 including $397 for hired labor, $238 for the purchase of live-stock, $243 for feed bought, $64 for fertilizer, $49 for seed, $189 for taxes on farm property, $129 for machinery and tools and $157 for miscellaneous items.

The farmers reporting to the department indicated an average increase of $242 in inventory values during the year. This added to the farmer's $1,048 cash balance brings his net return to $1,290. This compares with $1,133 in 1926; $1,297 in 1925; $1,205 in 1924; $1,021 in 1923 and $917 in 1922.

$1,544 a Year.

Certain other figures are necessary to complete the picture of the average farmer's financial position in 1927. He used home-grown food products valued at an average of $273, a real addition to his income. In addition we might assume that his house rent was worth about $300 a year to him. But, on the other hand, he paid out an average of $201 as interest on his indebtedness and $128 for improvements.

Taking into account these additional credits and debits it appears that the average farmer in 1927 had the equivalent of about $1,544 with which to provide his family with all the essentials and comforts of life. After allowing him a 5½% return on his investment this leaves him a little less than $700 as wages for the labor of himself and his family.

A recent bulletin from the Canadian Pacific Railway makes possible certain comparisons between these figures for farms in the United States and similar figures from the prairie provinces of Canada.

The average farm in western Canada consists of 358 acres of which 198 acres have been improved, the remainder being wood-land, pasture, etc. This average farm has a value of $14,451 which includes $7,000 for land, $1,800 for building, $1,380 for implements, $1,170 for live-stock and $3,090 for the year's agricultural production. Deducting the value of the year's production the capital value of the average farm in 1927 was $11,361.

The Northwest Farmer figures the average value of the 1927 output of these farms in the Canadian northwest at $3,233 made up as follows: wheat $1,640; other grains $765; dairy products $235; fodder crops $260; live-stock $165; poultry and poultry products $113; and miscellaneous products $55. Deducting the proportion of this output consumed on the farm or retained for various purposes the average Canadian farmer is estimated to have received a cash income of $2,469 for products actually marketed.

Analyzing census figures the Canadian Pacific bulletin brings out the fact that there are 92 chances out of 100 that the average farmer in western Canada is sole owner as against being only a tenant or part owner of his farm.

How the Communist Party Nucleus Works

Pamphlet by M. Jenks Fills a Long-Felt Want for Party Members

"The Communist Nucleus, What It Is and How It Works." By M. Jenks. Price 15 cents.
(For Wholesale prices, write to Workers Library Publishers, 39 E. 125th St.)—Reviewed By J. S.

A LONG felt need by the party has been filled with the publication of an excellent pamphlet dealing with the work of our party nuclei. "The Communist Nucleus, What it is and How it Works," by M. Jenks.

This 64-page pamphlet which is in pocket size so that it can be carried comfortably in the pockets of the comrades for everyday use, is written by a comrade who has had extensive experience in organizational work.

This pamphlet which is published by the Workers Library Publishers for the organization department of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, deals in the most detailed manner with the various problems that confront our party nuclei.

Since the reorganization of our party and the formation of factory nuclei, we have felt the need of such a pamphlet that will be able to take up the various problems confronting a nucleus. There is no doubt that most of our nuclei at the present time still do not carry on their organization work in the proper manner and certainly do not yet actually function politically as basic units of the party in many respects. This pamphlet is designed therefore, to take up these detailed problems and we believe that it will be a tremendous help in mobilizing the membership of our party for work in the nuclei, for the formation of new factory nuclei, for regulating the work of the nuclei and assisting them in broadening their activities and politicalizing the party units.

* * *

The following are the subjects treated in this pamphlet:

1. What is a Political Party? A definition of a Communist Party and a definition of a political party in general?
2. The nucleus as the basic organization of the party.
3. How to organize a nucleus.
4. The leading organs of the nuclei and their function. This takes up the question of the executive committees of the nuclei and the opposite; the function of the executive. This has been a very great deficiency in our work in the past, the failure to organize executive committees in all of the nuclei.
5. Systematizing the work of the nucleus.
6. How to call and conduct a meeting of the nucleus.
7. The order of business of the general meetings of the nucleus.
8. Planning the work of the nucleus.
9. Division of work among the members of the nucleus.
10. How to establish regular contact between the members of the nucleus and the executive.
11. Personal and written contact between the nuclei and the local Party Committee, such as section city, and district, etc.
12. Party discipline.
13. How a nucleus should organize its own newspaper.
14. How to carry on work among women.
15. How to carry on work among Negroes.
16. How to carry on work among the youth.
17. How to carry on work among the rank and file members of the socialist party.
18. What is a Communist fraction and how must it function.

All these subjects are treated briefly, but at the same time in a manner which gives the comrades the important phases that they must know about each of these subjects.

In the appendix to this pamphlet there is a section outlining how the nuclei must make their reports to the district, city and section, giving a list of questions which should be covered, as for example: 1. Political ripeness of the workers, farmers, their attitude towards the Workers Party. 2. Economic condition of the workers where there are any strikes or lockouts for a given period. 3. State of discipline for a given period. Were there any conflicts, refusing to carry out the decisions, fights with the agents, etc. Give percentage of members attending party meetings. Are dues being regularly paid, assessments. Point 12, for example, deals with what was done by the unit in a neighboring factory where there is not a union organized yet.

These questions are designed to bring out all the important subjects which the nucleus should have in its report. There are also forms which every nucleus must use to keep a register of its membership as to age, nationality, citizenship, work union activity, etc. Also a table for dues payments and a statistical report of the unit dealing with the composition of party membership as it changes, every three months or from any given period the nucleus may decide to make its report, and also a statistical report of the unit activity, giving in figures of the sale of literature, shop papers, etc. This pamphlet must be placed in the hands of every party member.

It would be worth-while for the various district and local committees to have a comrade prepare a report of this pamphlet and for the district committee and local committees to discuss it. Particularly do we urge upon the city, section, and nucleus executive to discuss this pamphlet. The pamphlet should then be well advertised in the district and placed on sale in every nucleus, and we urge upon every member to get one and we will not stop in this work until we are certain that every member has a pamphlet.

Also every effort must be made to get every new member who joins the party to buy this pamphlet and study it as we have no doubt that this will help a great deal to decrease the turnover in our present membership, by giving the new members an opportunity to acquaint themselves, immediately upon joining the party, with its tasks and how to conduct the party activities.

Sidelights on the Workers Party Election Campaign

Organizational preparations are already commencing for the first National Campaign Tag Days to be held August 18 to 26 for the benefit of the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund.

* * *

Another letter!

"Dear Comrade Campaign Corner Editor:

"Keep up the good work. This election campaign makes us begin to see that our party is really an American Party and not just an organization in New York and Chicago. I certainly was surprised to see so many delegates from all over the country at the National Nominating Convention, and I could hardly believe it until I commenced to read the Campaign Corner with its little stories about the work of our comrades in Oklahoma, Texas the Dakotas, the southern states Arizona and other places.

"Please send me a book of Vote Communist stamps for the enclosed dollar, and oblige.

"Yours for the Cause,
HARRY JACKSON."

* * *

Roy Stephens, at Omaha, Nebraska, reports 250 signatures already collected in the first week of the campaign to put the party on the ballot. A thousand signatures are needed. He also sends an order for 50 party platforms C. O. D.

* * *

The Vote Communist stamp in three colors has already proved itself one of the best, if not the best mediums of propaganda ever gotten out by the party in printed form. This stamp in addition to its bueaty This stamp in addition to its beauty that it can be used on everything gotten out either by the party or privately, and so cheap—80 stamps for a dollar.

The book has the added advantage that it can be resold in the shop or factory at 10 cents per sheet of eight stamps. Every party member and every sympathizer will surely need at least two books, and hundreds are expected to use as many as five or ten books before the campaign is over.

Told You So

The G. O. P. is now busily engaged broadcasting its quadrennial prosperity report. Andrew Mellon claims that he saved several hundred thousand dollars in taxes for the "people," reduced the national debt, and arrived at the political winning post with a tremendous surplus in the treasury. That this means nothing at all to the average worker goes without saying.

* * *

James J. Davis, who as secretary of labor handles the labor end of the business of the G. O. P. administration, took a look around the industrial landscape and saw prosperity everywhere. He did not notice the 5,000,000 workers who are unemployed and the hundreds of thousands that are working only part time. His Bureau of Labor statistics took good care to leave the textile and mining industries alone. They "selected" their industries with care.

* * *

Davis declares that the "maintenance of employment indicated by the report shows a confidence on the part of employers as to business conditions in summer and fall and the outlook for employer and employee is distinctly favorable." This remarkable secretary finds that for the first time in six years the payroll totals were greater in June than in May. Then he draws the conclusion from this alleged fact that "the country has become converted to the idea that good wages mean prosperity." He might tell that to his friend Andrew Mellon, whose union miners have been on strike for almost two years, or to the textile barons of New England.

* * *

"No limit to gifts in the Smith campaign." How this announcement made by the finance director of the National Democratic Committee must gladden the heart of every democratic spoilsman. The millionaire friends closest to Al Smith almost wept when a rumor swept the city that individual contributions over $20,000 would be scornfully rejected. Contractors and other altruistic persons interested in Al's success, because he raised himself from the proletariat to among the high and mighty, would contribute their millions to his campaign chest just because they loved the fellow.

* * *

Hoover is busy out west getting a line on Cal Coolidge's tricks and showing his face to the farmers. The newspapers faithfully record his movements, the illness of his father, and other details designed by his campaign managers to show that the G. O. P. nominee is a human being and is not a mechanical man turned out by one of the engineering factories that he is interested in.

* * *

Hoover, it is reported, will point out that the handling of international problems by the G. O. P. is one of the chief and most valuable legacies from Calvin Coolidge. That the Coolidge administration helped to fasten the yoke of American imperialism on more people than suffered from it previous to his induction into office is undoubtedly true. Hoover is assuring any "doubting Thomases" in Wall Street that he will continue this "good" work at the expense of the peoples of Nicaragua, Porto Rica, China, and the Philippines.

* * *

The Farmer-Labor Party convention that met recently in Chicago ended its futile labors with one faction wanting to hitch its fortunes to the waning and dusty star of the prohibition party and the other fighting—if such a vigorous term can be employed in describing anything that took place there—to have it support the socialist party. The boys just wanted to hitch on to something, particularly if that something had a campaign chest. And the candidate this outfit nominated, the aged Senator Norris of Nebraska, did not choose to run. He was in bed when opportunity knocked at his door but he did not hear the call.

* * *

When a labor party is organized in this country, it will be with the millions of industrial workers supported by the exploited workers in agriculture as a base and thru the activities of revolutionists who would organize such a party with the object of breaking them away from the old capitalist parties, thus giving them a class outlook on life. The organization of a labor party would be a great step in the development and sharpening of the class struggle in America. But it would be no more capable of emancipating the workers than is the British Labor Party, which is as imperialistic at the top as the tory and liberal parties.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

MEXICAN COMMUNISTS ISSUE CALL

125 Jailed in Assault On Textile Strike Pickets

USSR SENDS 3RD ICE-BREAKER TO SEEK LOST MEN

Chukhnovsky Saw 3 Figures on Floe

MOSCOW, July 25.—The Tass News Agency correspondent aboard the icebreaker Krassin radioed at 8:20 p. m. today that the Krassin was hearing SOS calls from the German steamer Monte Cervantes, with 1,500 passengers aboard.

• • •

MOSCOW, July 25.—Continuing its efforts to save the six members of the Amundsen party and the six of the fascist Nobile expedition who are still lost in the Arctic wastes, the Soviet Rescue Commission today ordered the ice-breaker Sebov to explore the region around Franz Josef Land and to search in a northwesterly direction for the lost men.

The Sebov is the third Soviet ice-breaker to be dispatched to search for members of the missing groups. The ice-breaker, which has an airplane attached to it, is now in Arctic waters.

Krassin To Be Repaired.

The Krassin, Soviet ice-breaker, which rescued a total of 16 men, is now on its way to Stavanger, where it will be overhauled and repaired. The rescue commission will send by airplane from Leningrad spare parts to repair the plane of Chukhnovsky, the aviator who first sighted the survivors of the Nobile party. After the completion of repairs, the Krassin will resume its search.

The second Soviet ice-breaker, the Maligin, arrived this morning at Archangel, after an unsuccessful search for the missing men.

• • •

Chukhnovsky Saw 3 Men.

MOSCOW, July 25 (UP).—Aviator Chukhnovsky, in an official report to the relief committee today, said that when he sighted Capt. Adalberto Mariano and Capt. Filippo Zappi of the Italia on an ice floe, there was a third figure, looking like a human form with outstretched arms, lying on the ice. Chukhnovsky confirmed that he took a picture of the group. Zappi and Mariano had reported that they left Prof. Finn Malmgren, who had started with them from the Italia ice camp, to die alone.

• • •

Prepare To Renew Search.

MOSCOW, July 25 (UP). — —As eight members of the crew of the dirigible Italia, rescued after weeks of suffering on desolate ice isles, prepared to return to their homes, relief measures were under way to search for six other members of the polar craft and six lost rescue flyers.

There are 12 men still lost and unaccounted for in the great space

Continued on Page Five

DEMONSTRATOR IS UP IN COURT

Nathan Kaplan Being Framed-up

Nathan Kaplan, fur worker, who was arrested in connection with the anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall Street, July 3 and charged with first, second and third degree assault on the testimony of two officers, appeared yestaday in General Sessions Court, Part 1, before Judge Otto Rosalsky and pleaded not guilty to the charge.

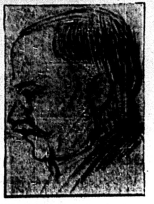
Kaplan is being accused of biting the finger of a policeman, despite the fact that a number of witnesses have testified that the policeman's finger was cut when he smashed Kaplan in the face.

He is being defended by Jacques Buitenkant, representing the New York section of the International Labor Defense. The I. L. D. has issued an appeal to all class-conscious workers to help smash the frame-up of Kaplan by sending immediate funds for his defense and also by attending the I. L. D. Outing at Pleasant Bay Park, Aug. 11, the proceeds of which will be used to defend him.

Speakers and Agitprop Conference Saturday

All speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party in District 2, section, subsection and unit agitprop directors and members of section speakers' classes have been invited to attend a conference to be held Saturday, at 2 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. The meeting will be held on the fifth [illegible]

Obregon Death Sketch



The sketch reproduced above is that which Jose de Leon Toral, murderer of President-elect Obregon, of Mexico, used to gain admittance to his victim. It was while Obregon was examining this sketch that the assassin, a young tool of the clerical reaction, fired the shot which killed the president-elect.

AIRPLANES BOMB SANDINO CAMP

U. S. General Denies Leaders' Flight

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 25.—A virtual massacre of Nicaraguans occurred today when a squadron of marine planes bombed a camp of soldiers under command of Augustino Sandino, leader of the army of independence. The planes were subjected to heavy machine gun and rifle fire but the defense lacked anti-aircraft guns.

The squadron of planes circled the camp situated about 50 miles northeast of Mura on the Honduran frontier, dropping bombs. The marine planes kept out of range of the rifle fire and continued to attack the camp of General Sandino.

YOUNG WORKERS DEFY MILITARY OFFICERS

CAMP DEVENS, Mass., July 25.—Four members of the Young Workers (Communist) League were arrested by authorities and held for some time, the officers making threats of throwing them in the military guard house, for distribution of letters and copies of the Young Workers to members of the CMTC and National Guard here.

60 Copies Confiscated.

Hundreds of copies of the Young Worker, with letters to the servicemen calling on them not to become tools of the bosses and pointing out the use of the National Guard in New Bedford were distributed before the officers discovered the fact and confiscated 60 copies. Four of the six League members who took part in the distribution were held for some time.

Defy Officers.

When threatened with imprisonment in the guard house, the young workers replied that they were members of the Young Workers (Communist) League and that the organization would protect them against the military authorities. Also, they told the officers that the Young Worker is a legal publication and that they will continue to distribute it to the servicemen.

The young workers were set at liberty when the officers failed to frighten and intimidate them.

• • •

Try To Frame Communists.

FT. HOYLE, Md., July 25.—Every effort is being made by the authorities here to discredit the Communists.

Letters were sent to the boys at the Citizen's Military Training Camp here by the Young Workers (Communist) League, calling their attention to the real purposes of the camp, pointing out the war danger, and calling on the young workers at the camp to use their military knowledge for their own class and not for the bosses.

The authorities took the names of all at the camp who received the letters and began an anti-Communist campaign.

Recently, tear gas was turned loose on the camp at 11:30 p. m. This evidently was done by the officers, who charged the Communists with responsibility.

• • •

Communist Papers for Soldiers.

Hundreds of copies of the Daily Worker and the Young Worker were distributed to soldiers from Ft. Jay, Governor's Island, at the Battery Park ferry by members of the Young Workers (Communist) League. The papers were eagerly received by the servicemen.

Efforts of the officers to stop servicemen from reading the Daily Worker and the Young Worker have been completely unsuccessful.

AMERICANS VISIT U.S.S.R.

Expect 700 This Year, 5,000 In 1929

Six American companies have been accredited to send tourists to Russia it was stated yesterday at the Amtorg Trading Corporation. These organizations which have special agreements with the Travel Bureau of the Soviet Merchant Fleet Company, Stovtorgflot, are expected to send this summer to the Soviet Union about 700 American tourists four times the number of last year Other visitors will bring the total to over 1,000 Americans to visit Russia this year.

This is the first time since the revolution that large numbers of tourists from the United States and other countries are visiting the Soviet Union, it was explained at the Amtorg. Vises for one month are being freely issued to American citizens and extensions can be obtained Arrangements have been made to

Continued on Page Three

WORLD CONGRESS DEBATES THESES IN NEW SESSION

Urge Aid for Indian Mass Party

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 25.—The Sixth World Congress of the Communist International continued its sessions yesterday with a further discussion of Bukharin's speech.

Tederan, of Denmark, reported that the Danish delegation agreed with Bukharin's theses. The social democrats are again preparing to undertake the government of Denmark. The Danish Communist Party is making progress under its new leadership and the party membership has been doubled.

Sikander, of India, declared that the situation of the Indian workers is steadily growing worse as a result of the joint pressure of the English and the Indian capitalists, but the workers are commencing to resist. The Communist International must work out a program in order to assist the Indian Communist Party to become a mass party

Bodeman, of Switzerland, stated that the Communist International should pay more attention to the smaller parties. He declared that the Comintern's apparatus was deficient in this respect and must be improved. He further stated that the united front tactic should be made more precise in Bukharin's theses.

Koplenig, of Austria, declared that, in the course of its capitalist stabilization, Austria was meeting difficulties which were forcing the bourgeoisie to adopt fascist methods. The Austrian Communists consider the insurrection as the beginning of the decline of Austrian "Marxism." The Austrian Communist Party has suffered severe reverses, but is now attempting to make good by more intensive work among the masses.

FRANCHISE KING SUPPORTS SMITH

Woodin. Bus Baron. Pays Tammany Debt

With the announcement by John J. Raskob, open shop manager of the Al Smith campaign that the goal set for the democratic drive this year will total $3,500,000, a record for the party, there was made public the fact that William H. Woodin, president of the American Car and Foundry Company and chief figure in the Equitable Bus Company which recently obtained a city bus franchise, will support Al Smith.

Woodin, who is a prominent republican and a director in a dozen large corporations, announced that he would not only support Smith but that he would campaign for the Tammany governor. The news was not thought surprising in view of the fact that within a year the Equitable Bus Corporation secured a franchise from the city commonly reported to be worth $150,000,000

DRASTIC RULING OUTLAWS MILL GATE PICKETING

Labor Defends Selves, 7 Police Injured

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 25.—Armed with a decision outlawing picketing made at a trial of 18 pickets earlier in the day by Judge Milliken in district court, Raymond Chase, New Bedford deputy chief, a deputy chief imported from Fall River, led a combined police squadron against the evening's picket demonstration at the Sharp Mill and arrested 125 strikers and bystanders who refused to disperse when the "Riot Act" was read to them.

Most of those arrested were members of the Textile Mills Committees, but since 50 of those arrested were bystanders it is believed that many United Textile Union members were also taken in.

When Judge Milliken rasped out in court that "picketing is a nuisance," Chief of Police McLeod was provided with the legal excuse to begin a wholesale terror against the workers. When the police arrived at the mill the deputies shouted to them, "each one get your man!"

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 25.—Handing down to the mill barons' city police the ruling they asked for, Judge Milliken in the District Court here to-day outlawed picketing by labelling it as "parading without a permit." Eighteen strikers, arrested in the last two days on this charge as well as charges of assaulting policemen, inciting to riot, disturbing the peace, etc., had their cases postponed till next Tuesday.

Bringing his fist down with a bang, Milliken, who has already sent many workers to jail for long months, shouted: "Picketing in New Bedford has got to stop.'"

The strikers, however, according to statements made later, intend to ignore the order for them to relinquish their only weapon against the employers.

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 25—With planned viciousness, as developments later showed, the New Bedford police force last night launched the most vicious assault on picketing textile strikers yet seen

Continued on Page Three

INSURANCE PLAN SHOWN AS FRAUD

General Motors Will Profit

Two group insurance policies totaling approximately a half million dollars were reported in New York financial circles yesterday, as the most recent and largest attempt by open-shop employers to put over "welfare" instead of paying decent wages.

One was a policy signed by Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., president of the General Motors Corporation, for the 200,000 employes of that company. It was taken out with the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company and totals about $400,000,000.

The General Motors' policy is "co-operative" and available to all employes who have been in employ of the company three months. It provides $2,000 life insurance and $15 weekly for illness or accident.

The other policy was one announced by the Inter-Southern Life Insurance Company for the 15,000 employes of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

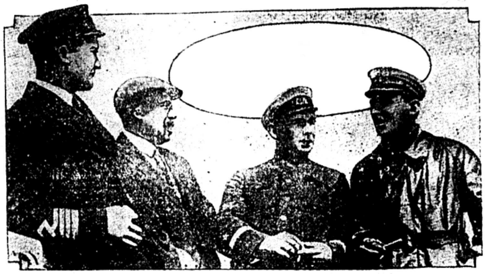
In both cases the workers themselves are forced to pay the premium costs, which are believed to be about three times the actual cost of the insurance.

Conceal Joker

In the publicity sent out by the open-shop, Morgan-controlled General Motors Corporation, the fact is carefully concealed that workers are entitled to the insurance only as long as they remain in the employ of the union hating, low-wage concern. An employe who leaves his job forfeits what he has paid in, no matter how long he has been paying.

Continued on Page Five

Heroic Soviet Arctic Rescuers to Visit United States



Above is the first picture of members of the rescue expedition of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin, which rescued 16 men lost in the Arctic ice-deserts. They are, left to right, Capt. Egge, commander of the Krassin, Prof. Samoilovich, head of the expedition, one of the Krassin officers, and Chukhnovsky, the heroic aviator who first sighted the members of the fascist Nobile expedition. Members of the Krassin expedition have been invited to visit the United States.

HOLD FUNERAL OF SOVIET AVIATOR

Impressive Rites for Alexis Pavloff

MOSCOW, July 25 (UP).—Impressive funeral services were held today for Alexis Pavloff, army aviator who heroically crashed his plane Sunday in order to avoid running down a crowd of spectators.

Pavloff was looping the loop before a big crowd when his engine stalled. Seeing that he was about to go into the crowd, he nose-dived when close to the ground. His machine was crushed to pieces and he was killed instantly.

Pavloff's plane was one of 20 in an exhibition. All were paid for by a popular fund called "Russia's reply to Chamberlain."

MINERS' LEADERS ANNOUNCE PLANS

Stop Paying Dues to Lewis Machine

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, July 25.—By a unanimous vote the National Miners' Convention Arrangement Committee, meeting here yesterday and today, decided to call upon all the local unions throughout the mine fields completely to break with the Lewis machine; to pay no more dues to these corrupt officials but to affiliate with the committee and send their delegates to the national convention to be held in this city Sept. 9 to 16.

New Situation.

"Today we face again a new situation," said Chairman Watt in opening the session, "the union once existing in the coal industry, the United Mine Workers of America, is destroyed by the action of its leadership and what confront us now is the building of a union which can take up the battles of the miners. The unorganized miners are ready for organization into a union which can give real leadership and be controlled by the rank and file."

In making a review of the situation existing after the latest betrayal by the Lewis machine in completely abandoning the Jacksonville scale, Chairman Watt stated that "the Pennsylvania and Ohio miners now know that the strike is lost and that in returning to work they must do so in organized manner to maintain their locals in order to build the new union; one in which both the anthracite and soft coal miners join not on the basis of division as that created by Lewis but on the basis of common interests."

Wide Representation.

The members of the national committee had been summoned from the various districts. Many miners from the Pittsburgh district attended to see for themselves that this new union leadership transacts its business on the basis of the interests of the rank and file.

Among the main items discussed and acted upon were the general

Continued on Page Five

policy proposed, a statement of which has already been printed in

SAYS CENTRALIA JURY FIRST VOTED ACQUITTAL

COLLECT $1,045 FOR SOVIET WORK

World Tourists Help USSR Colonization

Joseph Brodsky, New York labor attorney and president of World Tourists, raised more than $1,000 from fellow-passengers for the Jewish colonies in the Soviet Union, while on board the S. S. Acquitania, enroute to Russia, according to a cablegram received yesterday by Milton Goodman, manager of the New York office of World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave. Brodsky was one of a group of 75 tourists bound for Russia who left New York a few weeks ago.

According to the cablegram, the night before the boat docked at Southampton the tourists gave a party in the second-class saloon. Many passengers attended and as the party was drawing to a close Brodsky made a spirited appeal for funds for the Jewish farm colonies in the U. S. S. R. A tally showed that $1,045 had been collected.

The party has spent five days of thrilling sight-seeing in Moscow, a similar amount of time in Leningrad and are now about to tour through the Crimea and other sister Soviet Republics.

While in Moscow the tourists secured extensions of their visas entitling each one to visit any part of the Soviet Union. These extensions, Mr. Goodman states, have been granted regularly to World Tourists groups.

Metal Uions' Outing in Akron, O., Saturday

CLEVELAND, July 25. — The Metal Trades Council of Cleveland will hold an outing at Summerbeach Park, Akron, Ohio, on Saturday This affair includes all unions of the metal industry of all towns in Northern Ohio.

Several thousand tickets have been distributed in all shops in Cleveland and Northern Ohio. Two stoves and other articles will be given away. Special busses have been chartered to run from Cleveland to the picnic grounds.

FARM WAGES LOWER.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Farm wages are markedly lower this year than last, it is reported by the Department of agriculture.

E. E. Torpen, one of the jurors in the Centralia case, who helped to sentence Eugene Barnett, John Lamb, Bert Bland and five other Centralia prisoners, from 20 to 40 years in the penitentiary, now declares that the Centralia prisoners should never have been convicted of the crime charged, and that their radicalism and the hysteria of the period caused their conviction.

Voted for Acquittal

The following are excerpts from an affidavit subscribed and sworn to by Torpen:

". . . When the jury retired to the jury room to deliberate upon their verdict, it was suggested by one of the jurors, whose name I am now unable to recollect, that the jury take a trial ballot to ascertain the sentiment of each juror before any discussion was had; a ballot was then taken and it was unanimous in favor of acquitting the defendants in the case."

"That the jury finally decided on the verdict as rendered because of the understanding the jurors had with one another that they would recommend extreme leniency to the court in rendering his sentence upon the defendants, and this was agreed to by all the jurors, and the verdict would not have been agreed to but for that understanding.

Class "Justice"

"I verily believe, also, that if these men had not been affiliated with the I. W. W. organization, they would never have been convicted of the crime as charged. . . . "

Martin Abern, assistant national secretary of International Labor Defense, 80 East 11th St., New York City, who today released the above statement of the juror, stated that the statement of Torpen was but another evidence of the ghastly frame-up perpetrated by the lumber barons of Washington, the American Legion and the courts against these workers whose only crime was their activity in organizing the lumber workers into a union.

The labor movement is now insisting upon the unconditional release of the Centralia prisoners. International Labor Defense calls upon the workers everywhere to protest for the Walla Walla prisoners and to demand their release by Governor Roland H. Hartley, Olympia, Wash.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 24 (UP). —Tammany Governor Alfred E. Smith announced today that he had selected August 22 as the date on which he will be notified of his nomination as the democratic presidential candidate.

CONVICTS WORK IN MINES

Carolina Sends Prisoners to Coal Pits

By ESTHER LOWELL.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 23 (FP).—As Alabama is being hailed for withdrawing its last convict-miner from the coal pits, North Carolina has sent 52 Negro prisoners to one of its two mines. Organized labor's protesting letter, sent by the Piedmont Organizing Council, was not given the courtesy of a reply by the state authorities.

Although Democratic Gov. Angus McLean declares that North Carolina does not lease its convicts, word-technicalities do not hide the actual fact. The state leases its convicts' labor, providing its own housing, clothing, food and disciplinary supervision. The private contractor, however, supplies work-foremen who have practical charge of the convict-workers in place of the low-type guard usually sent by

Continued on Page Three

URGE MASSES TO RALLY TO FIGHT ON ALL REACTION

Peasants' League Tells Demands

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

MEXICO CITY, July 25.—The Mexican Communist Party today issued a manifesto to the masses calling for a united workers and peasants organization against the efforts of clerical and other reaction

At the same time the National Peasants League, an organization of militant and progressive peasants distinct from the bulk of the Obregonist followers, issued a similar call to the workers and peasants demanding a struggle against the same reactionary forces.

Both organizations call for the organization of the masses for the preservation of the achievements of the revolution. The statement of the Peasants' League prints the oath of the Knights of Columbus in Mexico which pledges its members to violence and assassination against the government. The league calls for the arrest of all officials of the Knights of Columbus.

The manifesto of the Mexican Communist Party begins with a further denunciation of the assassination of Obregon and demands:

(1) A united workers organization to fight for repartition of all lands to the peasants and the abolition of the white guardists.

(2) The effective nationalization of subsoil rights through workers' control of production and distribution.

(3) The extermination of clerical revolt by arming the workers and peasants.

(4) The application of all gains thus far achieved by the revolution.

(5) The struggle against imperialism by an international bloc of workers and peasants in North, Central and South America.

Blames Clergy for Murder.

The manifesto of the National Peasants League is careful to indicate its differences with the bulk of the Obregonists and gives specifically the fact that it does not denounce Louis Marones, former minister of labor in the Calles government for the assassination of Obregon, but on the contrary that it blames the catholics for the deed.

The manifesto calls upon all elements of the country to rally around Calles, the present president. It demands the immediate confiscation of

Continued on Page Five

ATTACK PICKETS OF FRUIT UNION

Boss Hired Gangsters Run Amuck Again

Anti-union owners of the fruit stores on aBthgate Ave., and the thugs they hired made a new and vicious assault against the picketing members of the Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks Union striking for recognition of their union.

The cases of the four workers arrested after they were beaten up in the attack Tuesday evening were postponed till July 30 by Judge Vitalie in the West Farms Court yesterday afternoon.

In defending themselves against the onslaught of the thugs, some of who mused fruit box hatchets, David Vacker, union organizer, and Jack Goldberg were arrested. Hyman Kovarsky and Sam Shapiro were injured severely; one of them was treated in a hospital after the assault and took five stitches to close the hatchet wound in his head.

The union has been conducting a bitter unionization struggle against the Bathgate Avenue bosses for many months, and is determined, according to union statements made later, to continue the struggle till the employers capitulate and agree to recognie the workers organization.

POLAR FLIGHT PLANNED.

OMAHA, Nebr., July 25 (UP).—Captain Sir George Wilkins and Carl Ben Eilson, arctic explorers, expect to start preparations for a south pole flight in about a month, they said here.

Marvin, Dollar Patriot Who Aided Attack on 'Daily', Flees $17,000 Libel Judgment

FASCIST, HEAD 'KEYMEN,' RUNS OUT ON VERDICT

Lost in Court to Rosika Schwimmer

Fred R. Marvin, patriot for pay has fled New York State to escape paying a $17,000 libel judgment directed against him by a jury in the Rosika-Schwimmer case. Marvin, whose professional patriotic Keymen of America sponsor his daily data sheets on progressives and radicals, slipped away from the state soon after the verdict had been returned confirming charges that he libeled Mme. Schwimmer when he called her a German spy. Marvin and his organization, the Keymen of America, were instrumental in attempts to suppress the Daily Worker.

Arthur Garfield Hays, victor in a battle of legal wits over Joseph Cashman, counsel for Marvin and a professional patriot himself, is waiting for Marvin to return to New York to serve a body attachment on him for the $17,000. The master keyman is out in El Paso, Texas filling profitable lecture engagements before semi-military societies on the Red Menace.

Thoughtfully Marvin passed ownership of his property in New York to his wife. He lives at Pelham, a stockbrokers' suburb. Professional patrioteering isn't the paying game it used to be during the war and immediately after, Hays believes. He has been unable to discover evidences of appreciable worldly gain accumulated by Marvin.

Marvin is back in his old stamping grounds in the west. He started out as a newspaper reporter on the Spokane, Wash. Spokesman-Review specializing in mining news. This brought him into close contact with the labor movement in the Coeur d'Alene strike of the Western Federation of Miners and the metal digger struggles preceding the famous Haywood-Moyer-Pettibone trial.

Reporting miners' strikes for employers proved profitable for the young newspaper man. Later he became editor of mining journals and daily newspapers, passing from one to the other in quick succession. He complained during the Schwimmer case, that at Pueblo, Colo., he was kicked out of town by indignant citizens who ruined him and his paper.

When the metal miners' movement in the west subsided after the war, Marvin looked to lusher fields of anti-labor activity and came to New York to work on a small Wall St. daily. Here he had ample scope for publishing accumulated bile directed against radicals and liberals. All forward-looking people he lumped together through a spider web chart showing Jane Addams' connections with Moscow.

When his Wall St. paper sickened and died, as so many of his other ventures had done, he continued with his Keymen of America and Daily Data Sheets, heaping abuse on Mme. Schwimmer and hundreds of pacifists, liberals, labor men and preachers. When Hays hauled him into court on the Schwimmer libel charges, Marvin was forced to admit for the first time that his so-called information service was founded on rumors, suspicions and imagination.

KELLOGG SENDS NANKING NOTE

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Secretary of State Kellogg, in a note to the Nanking foreign minister, offers to begin at once negotiations for a new tariff treaty which would give full expression to the principle of national tariff autonomy with the provisio that there shall be no discrimination against the United States in favor of other powers.

This means the United States is ready to abandon its treaty restrictions over Chinese customs revenues but requires other powers to do likewise before the new provisions shall become effective.

* * *

Fleet To Remain.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Further details concerning the anticipated withdrawal of American marines from China revealed today that the sixty American naval vessels now in Chinese waters will not be ordered home nor will any reduction in the number of American seamen now on Chinese territory be made.

It has further been learned, however, that thirteen planes and the [illegible]-five officers and men of the marine flying forces have been ordered from Tientsin to Guam, the United States naval depot in the mid-Pacific.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Robinson, who issued the order for withdrawal after consultation with the state department yesterday, refused to specify the reason for the withdrawal, but left the impression that the state department feels that the Nanking government is now strong enough and willing to do its [illegible] for it.

Where Lives of Workers Were Imperilled

The half million dollar blaze in the tanks of the White Rose Gasoline Company's refinery at Hartford, Ill., endangered the lives of scores of workers employed by the corporation. Blazing oil and smoke fumes from it have imperilled hundreds of lives of oil workers yearly.

ADVERTISERS TO BE 'INVESTIGATED'

Government Charges Monopoly

WASHINGTON, July 24.—A gesture to break an alleged national monopoly on the outdoor advertising industry was made by the government today when the Justice Department filed suit in the U. S. District Court for Southern New York against five firms and several individuals, charging violation of anti-trust laws.

The General Outdoor Advertising Company, Inc., National Outdoor Advertising Bureau, Inc., Outdoor Advertising Association of America Inc., Foster and Kleizer Company Foster and Kleizer Investment Company, Kerwin H. Fulton, George Johnson, and George Armsby, all of New York, and George W. Kleiser of San Francisco, were named.

The government charges an illegal monopoly was created in organization of the General Outdoor Advertising Company in 1925 by the merger of the former Thomas Cusack Company and a large group of companies called the Fulton group of companies. These companies, headed by Kerwin H. Fulton, were formerly engaged in operation of outdoor advertising display plants in competition with the Cusack Company.

Fulton, according to the government's petition, is now president of the General Outdoor Company and chairman of the Outdoor Advertising Association, the latter composed of practically all of the owners or operators of Outdoor Advertising Displays throughout the country.

ILLINOIS MINERS FACE STARVATION

Welcome Relief Sent From Chicago

CHICAGO, July 25.—Thousands of Illinois miners and their families are starving and their only hope is the food sent to them by the National Miners' Relief Committee, with Chicago headquarters at 23 S. Lincoln St., declared Steve Rubicki, director of the food drive in the Chicago area, today. Rubicki has just returned from Springfield, Staunton, Belleville and other sections of the Illinois mining regions, where he took charge of the first distribution of tons of food sent down from Chicago, gathered under his direction.

"Contrary to the lies of Fishwick and Lewis," he said, "more than 50,000 miners in Illinois are out of work and thousands of them are starving.

On Strike Over 16 Months.

"In Pocahontas the men have been out for more than 16 months. The miners and their families are in great need and they gladly welcomed the shipment of foodstuffs.

"In Springfield about 50 families have received shares of provisions. In the Staunton district a load of food was delivered to be distributed among needy miners' families. This distribution will be in charge of Joe Polka and D. Morgan.

Must Intensify Efforts.

"In Belleville the food shipment was greeted by a committee of progressive miners. Dan Slinger has charge of distribution in Belleville. Miners and their families from Pocahontas, O'Fallon and other points around Belleville will get their provisions from the Belleville relief office. Provisions to feed a number of families were also unloaded in Belleville, which will go to Orient.

"The welcome of this shipment of food means that we must intensify our efforts for miners' relief and after the week's drive, July 29 to Aug. 5, we must again begin a new food drive."

A BONE FOR HEART BALM.

TRENTON, N. J. (UP) July 25.—As a reward for their good behavior, convicts of the state prison will hear the radio account of the Tunney-Heeney fight broadcast from the ringside Thursday night.

WORKERS AIDING CAMPAIGN DRIVE

Contributions from All Parts of Country

The masses are rallying to raise the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund, with contributions of five-dollar bills and one-dollar bills, as the capitalist parties are raising the ante on campaign contributions.

A few weeks ago the figure set for the expenditures of the Democratic and republican parties in this election was $3,000,000 each.

The hangers-on of both parties got scared over the prospect of a hard winter, and Al Smith's gasoline manager Raskob came out with the assurance that there would be no limit to contributions.

Then Herbert Hoover's finance director raised it to $4,000,000, and frantic bidding became the order of the day.

Our latest report from Washington is that the figure has now reached the enormous sum of $10,000,000, the largest sum ever officially expended in an election campaign, even in the days of Mark Hanna.

Masses Helping Communists.

But the workers and farmers are going ahead making their contributions to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund, realizing that the the billions are on the side of the capitalists, the interests of the masses and history are on the side of the Workers (Communist) Party

Men and women and not money make revolutions after all, tho money is extremely useful to prepare the masses ideologically for the great social change, thru agitation, education, and organization.

Mobilize Masses.

And those proletarian men and women who realize that the main purpose of the Communists in the present campaign is to mobilize the masses for the struggle against capitalism are sending in their contributions with appropriate comment.

Here is a letter from a poor farmer from Elko, Nevada:

"Comrades:

"Please find in this letter my proletarian donation of five dollars for our Communist Election Campaign

"Fraternally, George Rupert."

George Rupert takes no stock in the new-found interest of Herbert Hoover in the needs of the farmers What Hoover wants is the farmers' votes. Rupert knows that the Communists do not come to the poor farmers in the role of saviors, but with a program around which they can organize in common with the exploited workers in the factories.

Steve Morasky writes from Caldwell, Ohio:

"Please send me two books of "Vote Communist" stamps and also five Foster-Gitlow campaign buttons. I am also sending $2.50 as my contribution to the Communist Campaign Fund."

Caldwell is in the striking mine area of Ohio where the miners have been battling against the operators and their own corrupt labor leaders for over twelve months. Mrasky knows what the Workers (Communist) Party has done to help out during this strike.

From Tomolen, Mississippi, R. E. Peele writes:

"Find enclosed check for five dollars for my part in campaign fund of Workers (Communist) Party."

Former Socialist Aids Party.

And writes Harry Rutland, of Caspar, California: "I enclose one dollar for stamps to boost the Communist Party. I was in former days a socialist, but dropped out when it deserted the class struggle. I would like to se my letter come with one of those stamps on it."

Yes, Comrade Rutland, you will see a "Vote Communist" stamp on your letter all right. No letter can leave the National Office without one of those stamps pasted on the envelope.

Funds Urgently Needed.

Five dollars from every member and sympathizer of the Workers (Communist) Party would bring in the $100,000 we are driving for in a short time. Money is urgently needed. Dig down and send us whatever you can. Remember that the National Election Campaign Committee needs funds badly to print literature, route speakers, and collect signatures to put the party ticket on the ballot.

It is now $100,000 against $10,000,000, but the odds don't frighten us.

Forward all contributions to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City.

WORKERS AIDING IN GREAT DRIVE FOR MINE RELIEF

New York City Still Leads in Funds

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 25.—As the National Miners Relief and Defense Week campaign is sweeping the continent from Canada to Mexico, the first receipts of the week's drive are arriving in quick succession at the headquarters of the National Miners Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

More than $1,000 was sent from Canada during the past few days. From the Woman's Labor League of Montreal comes a preliminary contribution of $104.50, from the Toronto Relief Committee, $225, the Canmore local of the Mine Workers Union of Canada sends $250, from Ford, Ontario, $100; Long Lac, Winnipeg, Sudbury and Fort Williams all rushed their preliminary contributions to the Pennsylvania strike fields. More than 1,000 families received flour and potatoes this week as a result of Canada's solidarity.

New York Leads

New York City is still leading in relief-raising activity. In addition to the $2,000 check forwarded last week by the relief committee, 799 Broadway, another contribution of $750 and a promise of much more to come by the end of the relief and defense week, was received from Fanny Rudd, secretary. From the Youth Relief Conference of New York comes $325 and the National Children's Relief sent $150.

Empty Treasuries

To the appeal for bread from thousands of hungry strikers' families, workers' organizations are responding by emptying their treasuries. The Finnish Working Women's Club of Astoria, Oregon, sent $80.85. The Young Workers School of Wheeling, W. Va., sent $10, all they had. The Ladies Auxiliary of Duluth, Minn., wrote that $15.25 is all they could afford. A fraternal organization of Bessemer, Pa., sent $143.85, special delivery, to the Pittsburgh headquarters.

From every corner of the country, Seattle, Washington; Vinalhaven, Maine; Witheo, Wis.; Muskegan, Mich.; Globe, Arizona, New London, Conn.; San Francisco, Calif.; Hood River, Oregon; these are a few of the hundreds of cities where mass meetings, house to house collections and tag days have already produced many hundreds of dollars for relief and defense. But thousands are needed to buy even one meager meal a day for the hungry strikers' families in the bituminous coal fields. To defend the hundreds of mine leaders who are jailed or held under heavy bond, and save them from long prison terms, lawyers' bills must be paid International Labor Defense units are rallying to the National Miners Relief and Defense Week drive and proving that they are fulfilling their function as defenders of labor prisoners. All funds are forwarded to the relief headquarters at 611 Penn Ave.

CZECH MILITARY DICTATOR SEEN

Croat Peasants Oppose Parliament

BELGRADE, July 24.—With the failure of General Hadzitch to form a new cabinet in Czechoslovakia, and the continued refusal of the Croatian Peasant Party to enter into a coalition government, the formation of a military cabinet and a virtual dictatorship is seen here as inevitable.

Hadzitch was called upon by the King to form a cabinet of non-party elements, after M. Raditch, the Croat Leader, refused to enter a cabinet charging the present parliament as being responsible for the assassinations last month.

The unrest due to the demands of the nationals and the dissentions between the leaders of the Serbian and Croat parties makes it very unlikely that a political cabinet, favorable to the Croatian peasants will be formed. It is thought here that a military cabinet, accompanied by military rule which will amount to a dictatorship will be the outcome of the present situation.

ARREST AGENT FOR FRAUD

Daniel J. Kelly, special agent for the Underwriters Salvage Company of Newark, N. J., pleaded guilty in federal court today to a charge of fraud in connection with the adjustment of a fire loss at the warehouse of the Miravelli brothers, Elizabeth, N. J., February 28. He was released in $5,000 bail pending sentence.

ONE IN FOUR ARE NOW OUT OF WORK IN NEW ENGLAND

Five Million are Idle in Country

BOSTON, Mass., July 25.—The issue of the full dinner pail injected into the present election campaign by Hubert Work, chairman of the National Republican Committee may become more vital than the party of big business expected.

Reports of a survey made in New England, the section of the country in which President Coolidge himself resides, disclose that one out of every four workers there are idle and many of the others are working part time.

Explodes Myth.

In some industries the unemployment figures are still more explosive of the full dinner pail myth. In foundries and machine shops, 35 per cent of the workers are idle. In the shoe factories 43 per cent and in the cotton mills 56 per cent or more than half the workers are now unemployed.

These figures compiled by the Massachusetts State Department and Industry indicate that employment conditions have steadily become worse during the past five years.

One Million Affected.

The employment index taking the year 1919 as a base of 100 now stands at 73.6 or that over one-fourth of the workers are idle. Over 350,000 workers are jobless in this section, which means that over a million persons, men women and children are suffering in this section alone from the greatest evil which strikes the wage earning class.

Figures for the country as a whole indicate that 5,000,000 workers are unemployed. At the same time there is taking place a nation-wide and ruthless drive against the existing wage scales and a lengthening of working hours.

WILL HOLD HUGE ANTI-WAR MEET

Workers Party Issues Call

A giant anti-war mass meeting, under the auspices of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, will be staged by the workers of New York in Union Square on Saturday afternoon, August 4, the anniversary of the declaration of the imperialist World War. The following call has been issued to the workers:

August 4, 1928, marks the fourteenth year since the beginning of the World War, which cost the workers of the world millions of lives and most horrible agony and suffering. The devastating effects of this world catastrophe are still felt today.

Although our memories are still fresh with the horrors of 1914, the imperialists of the world, and particularly the United States, are preparing feverishly for a new world slaughter. Appropriations, battleships, artillery and instruments of destruction have reached an unheard of proportion. Millions are being spent for the production of hugo quantities of poison gas and airplanes. Draft laws are being prepared in order to chain the entire working population to the military machine in time of war. Through the institution of military training in the schools, the establishment of many citizens' military training camps, the curse of capitalist militarism is spreading throughout the country.

The sharpening commercial rivalry between the United States and Great Britain, the attack of thousands of American marines upon the people of Nicaragua, the American battleships and marines now threatening the workers and peasants of China and the growing menace of an attack upon the Soviet Union by the combined forces of the imperialist nations—all these are indications of the immediate danger of another and more terrible world war.

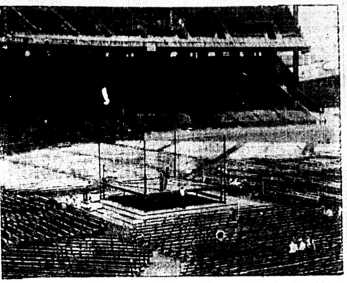
The working masses must take note of these dangerous preparations threatening their very existence. Only through determined agitation and the organization of the workers can this menace be fought. For this purpose the Workers (Communist) Party invites all workers and working class organizations to participate in a great open-air "no more imperialist war" rally to be held in Union Square, New York City, August 4, 1928, promptly at 1 p. m. You are urged to enlist all workers with whom you have any influence in this important demonstration.

We shall be glad to arrange that speakers from your organization participate in this affair if you will notify us who they are. You are also urged to have your delegation come with appropriate banners suitable for the occasion.

Yours against all capitalist wars,
WORKERS (COMMUNIST)
PARTY, DISTRICT TWO.

AUBURN, N. Y., July 25 (UP).—Four prisoners escaped from Auburn prison camps today. Only one was captured.

"The Flop of the Century"; $40 a Seat



The picture shows seats being erected around the ring in which Tunney and Heeney will tonight stage what is frequently called "the flop of the century." The big business of pugilism, which is the profit device of a small group of promoters, demands that Tunney have an opponent to draw money from the pockets of fight fans. Heeney, who is generally alleged to be a set-up has been chosen. The seats cost $40 apiece which wealthy boosters are willing to pay.

CHICAGO LABOR TO AID MINERS

The Chicago headquarters for the great Miners' Relief and Defense drive, from July 29 to August 5, announce intensive preparation to mobilize the entire progressive labor movement for a factory and house to house collection to feed, clothe and defend from cossack persecution the fighting miners of this country and their families.

The branches of the International Labor Defense are working to put over this great campaign and are calling special mobilization meetings of their membership. Committees of women workers have also been formed for the purpose of making the work a success.

Stations have been established at th following places:

West Side: 23 S. Lincoln St., 3301 W. Roosevelt Rd., Freiheit; 1510 W. 18th St., Rovnost Ludu; 1823 S. Loomise St., Radnik.

Northwest Side: 2021 W. Division St.; 2736 W. Davidson St.

North Side: 2409 N. Halsted St., Imperial Hall; 453 W. North Ave., Hungarian Hall.

Albany Park: 4021 N. Drake Ave.

Cicero: 5100 W. 23rd St.

Maywood: 410 S. 9th St.

South Side: 3116 S. Halsted St., Vilnis; 3035 W. 51st St., Workers' Home; 3201 S. Wabash Ave., Community House.

Woodlawn: 647 E. 61st St.

Pullman: 2954 E. 94th St.

Workers, will be sent out from these stations into surrounding territory with boxes and collection lists.

The Joint Committee asks all workers who have any time to spare to call at 23 S. Lincoln St. for assignment of work.

23 Workers Injured in Railroad Crash

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 25. — Twenty-three persons were injured when a picnic train, carrying more than 1,000 employes of the railroad and their families from the annual outing at Canton, Ohio, was sideswiped by a box car in the Manchester Yards. The box car had been derailed from a parallel track. Most of the injured persons were cut by flying glass.

ADMIRAL SAYS NO SANDINO DEFEAT

WASHINGTON, July 25 (UP).—The navy department revealed today General Feeland, in command in Nicaragua, had forwarded an unconfirmed report that Sandino, rebel leader, had fled Nicaragua. Ad. Hughes, chief of operations, told the press the department places no official credence in the rumor and will not modify its anti-Sandino campaign.

* * *

Airplanes Turned Back

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 25 (UP).—American marines, with marine airplanes in support, hoped to gain contact today with the revolutionary force under General Augustino Sandino, who is believed to be at or near the Honduran border.

Airplanes have been turned back by wind and rain from two attempts definitely to locate Sandino's men.

ARREST WORKERS IN LOS ANGELES

Were Collecting Funds for Miners' Relief

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 25.—Ten workers were arrested today in Los Angeles while collecting money in the Joint Miners' Relief and Defense Drive being conducted by the International Labor Defense and the Miners' Relief Committee.

They are charged with violation of a city ordinance, and the prosecution is threatening to sentence each worker to 50 days' in jail and $50 fine. "This brazen arrest and prosecution of workers aiding in the relief and defense of the thousands of miners in Pennsylvania and Ohio is resented bitterly by the progressive workers in Los Angeles," the International Labor Defense announced today thru Martin Abern, assistant national secretary.

Abern declared that these recent arrests make it more imperative than ever for the workers throughout the country to rally for the Relief and Defense Drive this week.

UNEMPLOYED MEN FORCE ATTENTION IN GREAT BRITAIN

British Politicians "Debate"

LONDON, July 25.—Reacting, it is believed to the pressure of unemployed workers, Ramsay McDonald, former Prime Minister of England, today delivered a "formal attack" on the government's failure to lesson, or even to check the fast-growing number of unemployed. His speech was delivered in the House of Commons, in which he demanded a vote of censure of the government.

The government's failure to relieve many poverty-stricken areas, and its complete lack of interest in the unemployment situation has caused great resentment among the army of 1,500,000 workers who are at present unemployed.

Within the last three and one-half years, the number of paupers in Great Britain has increased by 225,000.

Baldwin Offers "Solution."

Prime Minister Baldwin, in defending the government, said that unemployment was concentrated largely within certain sections while the country as a whole was "moderately prosperous." As a "solution" he offered the suggestion that unemployed persons be transferred either to prosperous sections and others to dominions.

Since the last week, the number of persons registered with the Ministry of Labor has been increased by almost 5,000.

Secretary of War to Visit Army in Hawaii

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Secretary of War Davis left New York today for Honolulu. It is announced that Davis is going to attend the celebration of the sesquicentennial anniversary of the discovery of the Hawaiian Islands.

It is known, however, that the real purpose of Davis' visit is to study the military forces on the islands and the preparations for war in the Pacific.

Stops enroute will be made in Chicago, Cheyenne, Wyo., and Denver, Colo. On the Pacific Coast, Davis will visit the naval base at San Diego, sailing for Honolulu in August.

Dead Bodies o f2 Boys Found on Train Tracks

NEWCASTLE, Pa., July 25 (UP)—The bodies of two boys, tentatively identified as those of George Buchko, 16, and Joseph Dudick, 18, of Cleveland, were found along the Pennsylvania Railroad tracks south of here today.

The boys had fallen from the train or were killed as they walked along the tracks, police said after an inquiry.

Officers said they believed the boys were making their way east when they were killed.

Railroad Worker Gives Life in Saving Others

CHICAGO, July 25 (UP).—An aged railroad flagman gave his life here today in attempting to save a motor car from a crossing crash.

The flagman, Gottlieb Steek, 56, was hurled 40 feet and instantly killed by a fast freight train when he stepped into its path to warn the auto party. Disregarding his signals, the car speeded up and crossed safely.

THE PICNIC OF THE YEAR

Freiheit Picnic
Saturday, July 28

Ulmer Park, Brooklyn

THE FREIHEIT SPORT CLUB has prepared an excellent program in which the entire club takes part.

THE THREE SOCCER TEAMS will play against the following organizations: 1.—Hebrew American League; 2.—Harlem Progressive S. C.; 3.—Co-operative Sport Club.

ADMISSION 35 CENTS

Expect Terrorism of Workers May Follow Enactment of Portuguese Repressive Measure

REVOLT SERVES AS PRETEXT FOR STRINGENT LAW

Prisoners from Revolt To Be First Victims

LISBON, Portugal, July 25.—A punitive measure which when enacted will enable the present administration to begin a systematic terror against the Portuguese working class was passed by the council of ministers yesterday.

Using as a pretext the recent armed uprising of the Seventeenth Regiment and other sections of the army cooperating with armed civilians, the council of ministers has succeeded in passing a law which will give them dictatorial powers in crushing any further disturbances in the country.

While the 240 soldier and civilian prisoners from the late revolt are to be the first to feel the stringency of the new measure, the growing discontent among the Portuguese workers is believed to have been a dominating factor in securing the passage of the measure.

Leaders among the Portuguese workers are pointing to the effectiveness with which the new measure may be used in crushing strikes and demonstrations and point out the series of arrests which have already taken place as indication of what interpretation the government will place upon the act.

POLICE ASSAULT TEXTILE PICKETS

Ruling Outlaws Mill Gate Picketing

Continued from Page One

since the big strike started April 16.

Armed with warrants, a large police squadron, under the hated Sargent McCarthy, marched to the picket line at the Sharp Mill yesterday and immediately began to arrest the Textile Workers' Union picket leaders, Augusto Pinto, Casmiero Lamleras and Maria Botelho, for parading without a permit Monday.

Workers Slugged.

When the thousands of workers including large numbers of women and children, began to shout their objections to the arrests, the police thug McCarthy led his men in a brutal head-on charge at the line of men, women and children, splitting the heads of many workers with clubs and blackjacks, and arresting eight strikers.

Manuel Pitta, chairman of the New Bedford Workers International Relief station, had a vein in his head torn open which soaked his clothing with blood before the flow was stopped.

Deeply embittered by the deliberate arrests of their strike leaders this being Pinto's eighth jailing, the workers defended themselves against the police onslaught. Sven policemen, including McCarthy, were injured in the battle.

Member of the United Textile Workers' Union on picket duty at the same time near the Sharp Mill tried to go to the aid of the T. M C. workers, but were prevented from doing so by their leaders, Riviere Sadie Reisch and Manning. Many members of the U. T. W. were bitter in their criticism of their officialdom.

Hold Mass Meeting.

After the eight strikers had been jailed, thousands of workers were led to a mass meeting on Saulniers' lot. Tremendous applause greeted the demands of Albrt eWisbord and Portuguese speakers for far greater turnouts on the picket lines next morning.

Denied Medical Aid.

Antone Ries, a striker injured by the police attack, asked for water while he was confined without medical aid in the police cell. Reply of the police official in charge to the keeper who brought this request was: "Don't give the s—— b—— anything."

The Pawn and His Master Pose Together

Alfred E. Smith, democratic presidential nominee, and John J. Raskob, democratic campaign manager, who has just made a gesture of resigning his position with the General Motors Corporation, are shown together in the picture. The choice of Raskob to manage the democratic campaign definitely revealed the Wall Street address of the democratic party and the empty gesture of resignation only emphasizes the connection.

N. C. CONVICTS SENT TO MINES

Confesses "Surrender News" Was Rumor

Continued from Page One

prison authorities.

Tenant Farmers Starve.

Free labor has been scarce for Carolina's two coal mines. Pay has been half or a third of the Jacksonville scale, and conditions are uninviting. Accidents have been too disastrous. So tenant farmers, starved off the surrounding countryside, go to the cities instead of to the mines, swelling the surplus of unemployed in the state. In the late summer of 1925 a terrible explosion killed 53 workers in the very pit where the convict-miners have been sent. The 38 widows and 79 orphans left without support had no workmen's compensation law to aid them, for North Carolina still lacks this legislation.

Prisoners are paid nothing for their labor, unless they make enough over their task at the mine to earn the small bonus offered. The state is paid for their work on a tonnage basis, says George Ross Pou, prison superintendent. North Carolina prison labor is supposed to be devoted primarily to "state use." Most of the 1,906 prisoners (only 72 are women) work on the two farms, in 16 road camps and quarries, in the concrete culvert shop, small print shop, garment, mattress and chair-caning shops, and laundry.

Surplus products of the garment and mattress shop, run by white women and a few prisoners, are sold outside by a private agency. The laundry does work for the executive management and for the Confederate Veterans' Home. Net operating profit shown by the prison for all work of the convicts was $67,898 in 1927.

Outbreaks of Prisoners.

Several "mutinous outbreaks" have occurred during the year at Caledonia prison farm. Young white convicts led the demands for shorter hours, less work and more recreation. (Prisoners are worked 10 hours or more.) The prison paper sarcastically captions its reprinted story, blaming the inmates —"Maybe They Want Valets And Evening Clothes." So-called incorrigibles and rebellious prisoners are sent to Stokedale quarry.

Whipping was announced as discarded for state prisoners several years ago. The law permits prison trustees to use the lash 24 hours after notification of disobedience, if the whipping is done in the presence of the prison doctor or chaplain. State use of the dungeon is also said to be abandoned. County convict camps have not generally followed suit. In several such camps, scandalous abuses—even killing of convicts—have brought county gang captains to court, usually without conviction after trial. Capt. Rhem at Lenoir was merely reprimanded and fined $1, last month, for cruel treatment of prisoners.

HUNDREDS VISIT SOVIET UNION

Many Tourist Groups in U. S. A.

Continued from Page One

accommodate the tourists with first class travel and hotel facilities, food and entertainment.

Next year the Soviet Travel Bureau expects to add stopovers in Crimean, Caucasian and other resorts to the regular tours. Before the war Russian resorts, some of which are open all the year round were attracting considerable numbers of visitors from various European countries and the United States. The rates at the best resort hotels and sanitariums range from $150 to $200 a month.

Tourists visiting the Soviet Union are permitted to take with them duty-free a liberal supply of clothing and other necessaries.

The companies in the United States having arrangements with the Sovtorgflot to send American tourists to the Soviet Union are the Cunard Steamship Co., the French Lines, the Amalagamated Bank World Tourists, Open Road and American-European Travel Bureau These and other organizations to be added shortly are expected to send next year to the Soviet Union about 5,000 tourists.

RED FIGHTERS REACH U.S.S.R.

LENINGRAD, U. S. S. R., July 25.—The steamer Prussia arrived here yesterday bringing a number of Red Front Fighters, who have been invited to the Soviet Union by the District Labor Council.

The Red Front Fighters will travel in the Northern Caucasus where they will recuperate after their struggles and varying periods of confinement in Germany.

CANADIAN FIRE RAGES.

WINNIPEG, July 25.—The forest fires in Northern Manitoba are still raging and the dense smoke has been blown more than 400 miles from the fires.

MADRAS RAILWAY WALK-OUT STIRE INDIA WORKERS

Solidarity Messages Sent From Bombay

MADRAS, India., July 25.—Strike of the railway workers in this city and vicinity is continuing in spite of the government's effort to force the men to return to work.

Attempts of the British authorities to break the strike by force have so far failed and leaders of the railway strikers state that such efforts will continue to fail.

Strikebreakers which the government attempted to import into the district have met the same failure Trains bearing the men have been held up and the strikebreakers hauled off the cars in spite of the efforts of the guards to protect them.

Not only the railway workers, but the entire working class population of the city, which is also one of the largest Indian textile centers, has been aroused by the present struggle.

Sympathy with the striking workers is widespread and their fight has found an echo thruout the peninsula, expressions of sympathy and solidarity having been received from Bombay and Sholapur, centers of a textile struggle which has involved thousands of Indian workers and kept scores of mills idle for months

• • •

SHANGHAI, China, July 26.—Conditions on the American freight steamship Olympia, due here tonight from Tacoma, Wash., were so bad that the crew would not endure them any longer. A radio from the captain states that the crew cannot be ruled by the customary, iron hand of ship masters.

The captain requests that a squad of police be present when the ship arrives here to place the workers under arrest. The American Vice-Consul and the United States Marshal will be present to receive the captain's "story."

ASK HOELTZ TO REST IN U.S.S.R.

Wireless to The DAILY WORKER

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 25.—A message of greetings following his release from a German jail has been sent Max Hoeltz, German Communist leader and class war prisoner, by the workers of Vyatka

The message accompanies an invitation to Hoeltz to come to Vyatka to recuperate after his long confinement in the prison.

It is believed that the invitation of the Soviet workers will be accepted by the recently-freed Communist.

1,500-FOOT FALL KILLS

TRENTO, July 24 (UP).—Francesco and Diego Nardelli, brothers, were killed when they fell over a 1,650-foot precipice while climbing Mount Catenaccio. They were university students.

Two other mountain climbers were killed in a similar fall in the Dolomiti Mountains.

FRENCH POLICE ARREST 4 MORE FOR ALFONSO

Workers Seized At Spain's Reáuest

PARIS, July 25.—Continuing their collaboration with the Spanish authorities in running down alleged participants in a plot against the life of King Alfonso, Paris police yesterday arrested four more workers at Narbonne, according to reports from that city.

The victims, three men and a woman, were seized in what is believed to be a systematic and persistent, police campaign, involving the workers of the two countries.

The police claim to have extorted from their victims the names of aids and the part the prisoners were to have played in the alleged attack on the king's life, and an extended search has begun for the individuals implicated.

House to house search was being carried on yesterday in the Paris working-class districts by the police, but had remained fruitless up to a late hour yesterday.

Meanwhile reports from Spain, reaching this city by way of Bordeaux, state that the Spanish police are carrying on extended raids throughout the country, although the severe censorship makes information from Spain extremely unreliable.

LEWIS MACHINE SPEEDS SELLOUT

Moves for Wage Slash In Illinois

CHICAGO, Ill., July 24.—A move to establish the expected lower wage scale and possibly even a sort of company union among the Illinois coal miners was seen here in the announcement that coal operators are planning on a joint conference with the Lewis-Fishwick machine to discuss wage levels and other conditions in the industry.

The decision was reached at a morning session of the operators, after which W. D. Jenkins, president of the operators' association, telephoned to Harry Fishwick, ousted Lewis Henchman, asking him to fix a conference date.

The joint meeting was made possible after Fishwick, following an eight-day meeting at Indianapolis, asked Jenkins to consider the proposition.

The operators said they were willing to meet with the miners at any timo when the mine workers would not be bound by the old Jacksonville wage scale, which was put aside at the meeting in Indianapolis, called by Lewis and his policy committee as the final act of betraying the mine workers.

PROHIBITION AGENTS FIRED.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 25 (UP)—Matthew G. Rice and Ernest Braswell, prohibition agents attached to the Elmira enforcement staff, accused of having thrown Mrs. Ruth Lathrope, a "decoy," from their automobile after she had aided them in securing evidence, were dismissed from the service today.

SHIPPING BIDS ANNOUNCED.

WASHINGTON, July 24 (UP).—Bids for the sale of the United States lines which includes the Leviathan, will be opened by the United States Shipping Board, Oct. 1, it was announced today.

Training for Future Imperialist Wars

The navy dirigible Los Angeles and the two smaller airships, shown in the picture, were phitographed during a recent trip over New York and Connecticut. The air vessels train constantly in all parts of the country for the imperialist war which the American militarists are busily preparing for.

PANAMA PUPPETS AWAIT RELEASE

U. S. Intervention Is Custom. Lawyer Says

PANAMA CITY, July 25.—Five leaders of the Porras coalition party arrested here when they called for United States intervention in the coming elections, a demand believed to be instigated by the United States, are still in prison awaiting release on habeas corpus proceedings.

The lawyers for the prisoners cite the fact that the United States intervened in the elections of 1908 1912 and 1916 and point out that it is a customary procedure and should not lead to arrest for those who ask for it.

The defendants also point out that four years ago ministers of the present cabinet went to Washington and were accorded military intervention which resulted in the present president, Chiari.

GERMANY BUILDS PLANES FOR WAR

BERLIN, July 25.—It has become a matter of public knowledge here that the Heinkel Airplane Company is building eight monster planes and making experiments for the construction of more efficient smaller planes.

The large planes will carry twelve motors designed to lift fifty tons into the air and will be three times the size of any other plane ever built. They are especially designed for trans-oceanic flights and will be able to attain a speed of 200 miles per hour, for twenty hours at a stretch, carrying a load one and one-half times its own weight.

NICARAGUA VOTE CALLED ASSURED

U. S. Choice to Win as Others Withdraw

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 25—The Conservative Party failed today to propose its candidate for president following a similar failure during the two day conference ended yesterday.

Carlos Cuadra Pasos, for some time considered as the possible candidate, has withdrawn due to the refusal of Chamorro, the Conservative leader, to support his candidacy.

Due to the fact that the Conservatives announced their intentions of refraining from voting in the coming elections if they could not choose a candidate, the field is practically left open to the "liberal" candidate Moncada.

Since the Moncada candidacy has been approved by the United States he is considered to be the United States choice, and the elections are looked upon as a farce.

NATIVES FIGHT IMPERIALISTS IN DUTCH ISLE

Clash in Sumatra Jungle Battle

SINGAPORE, July 25.—Revival of the struggle of the Sumatran natives against their Dutch overmasters was indicated here today following the announcement from Kutaradja, Sumatra, that a troop of insurgents had met and fought a Dutch brigade.

Four Sumatrans and three Dutch soldiers are reported to have been killed or wounded in the battle, including the commander of the Dutch brigade.

Report of the engagement follows rumors of growing discontent among the natives not only of Sumatra, but of Java, Celebes and other Dutch Polynesian possessions.

Following the defeat of the uprising last year, the Dutch authorities enacted a series of oppressive measures regulating the lives and labor of the natives, many of whom have taken to the jungle to elude the brutality of the officials.

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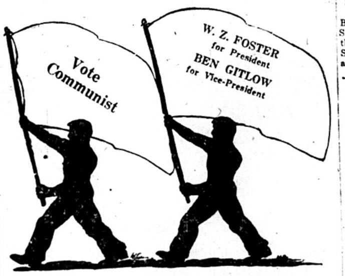

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Lewis Piled Up Huge Fortune While Strikers Starved, Mine Correspondent Reveals

HANdOuTS

Postmaster Peterson of Douglas, Ga., committed suicide because he went broke paying politicians to keep his job. Postmistress Esther McCollum of Conyers, Ga., told the senate investigating committee she always understood she was supposed to pay 5 per cent of her income to hold her position. Now comes G. F. Flanders, republican boss of Georgia's twelfth district, with the statement that he could sell every postmastership if he wanted to, which he didn't. He added: "I am not a grafter." He might pass for an honest man in capitalist America, but in Russia his hide wouldn't be worth ten kopeks.

* * *

Rides, at Times

Here's Dave, Prince of Wales, who has been thrown from practically every horse in the British Empire. He has gone head first into more ponds, and been dragged out of more ditches than any other one man in the history of royalty. Princes, along with snake charmers, aviators, evangelists, senators and hypnotists are used by the capitalists to put on a show for the workers to keep their minds off the odd fact that they produce everything and have nothing. The Prince of Wales wouldn't want to resist being used in this way because he makes a good living at it, it's all he knows, and he doesn't have to take in washing. He wouldn't be bright enough to resist if he wanted to. Any person who has been thrown off as many horses as the Prince of Wales and doesn't know enough to take a fast car, isn't right smart.

* * *

John O'Connell, who recently died after working 72 years for the Consolidated Gas Company, was given a small bag of gold a couple of years ago in recognition of his services. If a young worker starting out into life wishes a bag of gold that's how to get it.

In Evening Clothes

The above gentleman all dressed up in his best clothes has nowhere to go. He expected to attend the Klan demonstration in Jamaica which proved a flop when Senator Heflin, the chief mouth manipulator for the hooded order, failed to appear. The Klan is anxious to protect the interests of the workers by preventing the election of a Catholic, Al Smith, to the presidency. The Klan demands a protestant for chief slave-driver of the American nation.

Work Quits State Post For GOP Chairmanship

SUPERIOR, Wis., July 25 (UP). —The resignation of Secretary of the Interior Hubert Work has been accepted by the president, it was announced at the Summer White House today. Work resigned to take up the work of National Chairman of the Republican Party.

RELIEF IS NOW VITAL NEED OF HEROIC DIGGERS

Houses, Cows, Cars, Sold for Food

(By a Worker Correspondent)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa. (By Mail). —In January, 1927, Lewis' organ, the United Mine Workers' Journal, stated that the two best citizens in the United States are, first, Andrew Mellon, secretary of the U. S. treasury, and, second, John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America. Mellon said no back step from the European debts and Lewis, said no back step from the Jacksonville agreement. Oh, no!

Ruin

When the delegates returned from the national convention in 1927 they reported to us that a national policy committee had been appointed by Lewis and that everything would be all right. All we had to do was to stay out until victory, should be ours. Well, we did what was asked of us. We spent every penny we had saved. Some of us had property which we mortgaged. Some had their life insurance policies turned into as much cash as they could get. Some had cows or automobiles which they sold. As a consequence of all this we were thrown out of our houses, our furniture was sold in order to pay the rent.

We have been hungry because we sacrificed practically everything and in order not to take a back step we did not return. After a period of 16 months our dear President Lewis calls his hand-picked so-called policy committee and abolishes the Jacksonville scale and tells us to go to work for whatever we can get. If that is not one of the greatest treacheries in the labor history of the United States, I do not know what is.

Lewis' Pile

Lewis made a fortune during this strike relatively as large as the one Morgan and others made out of the last World War. Many locals were expelled and their charters revoked for no other reason than that Lewis wished to pocket more money for himself and his henchmen, although these locals deserved to remain in the union. A statement of finances was issued and we found that the international treasury received $24,104,000. But we strikers did not see more than $2,000,000. Where is the rest of the money?

When we sent a committee to Pittsburgh to see P. T. Egan, president of District 5, to give us some relief because we cannot live on $1 per man, 25 cents per woman and 20 cents per child, P. T. Egan told our committee that they had no money, and that they had not been notified by the international that the hard coal miners had not paid any assessments and that they could do nothing to pay anyone anything more.

Finds Out Facts

When we were not able to stand such living any longer, a few locals decided to send me to District 1, to the hard coal district, to raise some funds for us starving miners and our families. When I arrived I found, to my surprise, that the brothers in the hard coal have been paying their assessments, some of them for ten months consecutively. They also said that they pay $2 per month each for assessments. And that is the truth.

We figured the entire thing out and found that hard coal miners had already paid Thomas Kennedy $2,844,000; the Illinois miners paid from October 1, 1927, to April 1, 1928, the amount of $960,000; the American Federation of Labor from November, 1927, until July, 1928, $1 per month for 2,600,000 members, paid the United Mine Workers' treasury the sum of $20,800,000. The grand total is $24,104,000.

Many Officials

Everybody should learn what has been done with all that money. Part of it went to the striking miners, part to keep up the offices of Districts 2, 3, 6, 11, 12, 14, 17 and 29, for salaries of officials who are in much greater quantities now than ever before in the history of the United Mine Workers, especially in District 5, where there are 31 international organizers, all receiving $11 per day, plus expenses.

Do not be frightened, my dear brothers of the hard coal fields, your assessments have been "well taken care of." But we soft coal strikers have to go hungry and naked. We appeal to you hard coal workers to please help us in our great need. If you give us enough bread and coffee we will not go back to work, but will stay out until a successful finish. Remember that the Jacksonville scale has been abolished and that relief has been cut off from the Lewis clique, and send everything you can to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Pennsylvania Ave., Pittsburgh.

SOFT COAL BEGGAR.

Young Fighters for Workers' Cause

The Young Pioneers are not only the future fighters in the class struggle, but they are doing their share now in winning over to the side of the revolution the working class children. Above is a group of girl Pioneers at a picnic held by the Cleveland International Labor Defense. (Photo by George Elson, Cleveland.)

SOVIET SKIES BEAM AN EARLY DAWN

By SOL AUERBACH.

SLOWLY the International Express pulls out of Stolpce, the Polish border town. Cross-tie by cross-tie it creeps towards the border of the U. S. S. R., seemingly afraid to make the plunge into the land of the Workers' and Peasants' Soviets Thru the meagerly plowed land of the Polish peasant, kept in bondage by the rule of the Pilsudski fascists. Carefully it feels its way, guarded by the bayonets of Polish soldiers

The ride is endless and impatience gnaws at one's throat. Two hours more to the border and then another two hours to Nigorelye, the Russian border town. On the platform of our coach stands the commander of the Polish guard. His uniform is immaculate, decorated with medals displaying the important looking officer's braid coiled about the shoulder. He smokes cigarettes and looks into the distance. "The Devil!" he mutters in French.

Football in America.

He is one of the many Frenchmen who officer the Polish Army, financed by French gold. I strike up a conversation with him in French As soon as he learns that we come from America he takes it for granted that we are football players

"But why the deuce do you want to go to Russia?" he wants to know and then answers his own question: "Ah, I see—to play football."

"But tell me, Mr. Officer," I ask "What are you doing here on the Russian border, so far away from France?"

He smiles in a superior fashion, as one smiles at the silly question of a child.

"Ah, I see, that you in America don't know what's going on here. Those rotten Bolsheviks over there on the other side of the border have thrown their country into ruin and havoc. We are here to prevent those brutes from coming into Europe Our task is important—we are protecting Western civilization."

A Superior Intelligence.

This is certainly a naive specimen! The European militarists have done their work well and placed their most refined products in a strategic position.

"But what have you got against the people of the Soviet Union?" I ask him.

"Listen to me. They don't know what's good for them. They allow the Bolsheviks to do as they please Next year we are going into that country and change the government for them. They'll welcome us with open arms."

I LEAVE the imperialist ignoramus to watch the landscape and to imagine himself enthroned in the Kremlin, and join my companions who are on the lookout for the Soviet Star. It is already dark. But in the direction of the U.S.S.R. there is a gentle light in the sky which gradually grows brighter and throws everything into half light. It is the early dawn! The light sweeps up from the Soviet horizon, crushing mountains of darkness before it as it comes to take possession of Europe. The darkness recedes before the marching dawn, like a barrier giving way before the impetus of masses. Columns of light-brigades swarm over the sky, in massed formation to conquer the European night. They seem to be led by a group of three—the soldier, the peasant and the worker covered with the crimson reflection of their flag. This is a mirage thrown into the sky from the U.S.S.R., overshadowing Europe like a storm cloud. We are traveling towards these brigades of hope, towards the Fatherland of the Proletariat, towards the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics!

The train almost comes to a standstill. We rumble slowly over a small wooden bridge. In the half light we can make out two grey clad figures carrying guns, one on each side of the stream. The one on the left is a Polish sentinel. The one on the right. . . .

"Russkii, Russkii?" we shout at him.

"Da, da," he answers, waving his arm to us.

We are in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics!

A few paces from the Soviet sentinel there stands an archway, marking the border line. In the light of the early dawn two legions are visible:

"Workers of The World Unite!"

"Communism Sweeps Away All Borders!"

Splendid Clubs For Workers of U. S. S. R.

MOSCOW, July 25 (ES).—The railroad workers club, "Kuhmisterov," now ten years old, has 5,000 members, 2,000 club circles, reading rooms and a library of 60,000 volumes. The main hall of the club seats more than 2,000 persons. The club is visited by many foreign workers.

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PHILA. OFFICIALS FORCED TO JAIL 2 CORRUPT JUDGES

Bribes, Extortion All in Day's "Work"

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—Corruption of the judiciary, particularly the judges, known locally as magistrates, has reached such a degree that it has become necessary for the "higher" officials of the system to take cognizance of conditions and make an effort to do something.

Even if Diogenes were living at present in Philadelphia, he'd have to use the most powerful searchlight ever built to find anyone among these officials who is even remotely "pure," let us say cream-colored instead of white, yet only two magistrates have thus far been singled out for trial.

Judges Brought to "Justice."

These magistrates are Joseph Perri and Robert Patton. Indictments were also returned and used against Samuel Wonsosky, a professional hanger-on at the courts. Patton and Rubenstein are out on $10,000 bail apiece, and Perri and Wonsonsky are at liberty on $5,000 bail each.

The indictments cover 210 pages and are so numerous that the total is unknown.

The indictments against the judges, prepared by the district attorney and alleging misdemeanor in office, include taking fraudulent bail unlawful release of prisoners, neglecting to administer oaths to bondsmen, extortion, bribery and conspiracy.

Many of the cases of bribery and extortion were practised against poor workers, usually arrested for some minor offense and mulcted by the "judges" who took advantage of their lack of legal knowledge.

Bribery and Extortion.

This condition is general today in Philadelphia, and it should not be supposed by any worker that merely because two out of many judges are to be tried on these charges that this condition will end Not at all, for bribry and extortion are a part of the system.

But every worker should remember that he has it in his power to change conditions and that this can be accomplished by the organization of the workers into unions and by the organization of a strong Workers (Communist) Party to which every class-conscious worker should belong, work and vote for.

—C. RABIN.

DAILY WORKER

ANNUAL PICNIC

SUNDAY, AUGUST 19

10 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

PLEASANT BAY PARK

ADMISSION 35 CENTS

10 Days
MOSCOW—LENINGRAD
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COMPLETE TOUR
$450.
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Eight New Plays Scheduled by H. Harris for Coming Season

EIGHT new productions are listed by Sam H. Harris the present season, according to announcement sent out by his office.

Jeanne Eagels will be starred in one of the new plays, says Harris, despite the fact that Equity has banned the appearance of this actress this and next season. A committee from Equity is again considering her case.

Other stars who will be seen under the Harris banner are the Marx Brothers George Jessel John Halliday Helen Menken and Jack Dempsey and his wife Estelle Taylor.

Estelle Taylor

The Jack Dempsey-Estelle piece, called "The Big Fight," will have its premiere at the Majestic Theatre on Sept. 17. "The Big Fight," a melodrama dealing with the prize ring by Milton Herbert Gropper and Max Marchin, will be staged by David Belasco. Associated with Harris in the presentation will be Belasco and Albert Lewis.

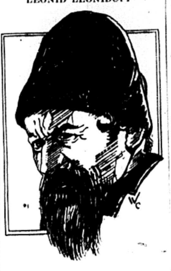
The Marx Brothers' attraction, entitled "Animal Crackers," is scheduled to open on Sept. 24 at a theatre yet to be announced. "Animal Crackers" is described as a "musical bouffe," and is the work of George S. Kaufman and Morrie Ryskind. Harry Ruby and Bert Kalmar will supply the score and lyrics.

Jessel will be seen in a play by Bella Cohen, Samuel Spewack and himself. After an out-of-town opening on Labor Day, Jessel's production will come to New York late in September.

Helen Menken will be starred in "Congai," adapted by Harry Hervey and Carleton Hildreth from Hervey's novel, "Congai," and will be presented early in October in Philadelphia. John Halliday has been engaged by the producer for a comedy, tentatively called "Women." The authors are Edith and Edward Ellis and their play will have its out-of-town opning in Philadelphia on Sept. 10. Harris will sponsor "Women" in association with Lewis

Other plays will include "The Autumn Violin" and "Dont Count Your Chickens." The former is described as an "idyllio drama" from the Russian, which has been translated by Isadore Fried and adapted for the American stage by Eugene Leontovich and Elizabeth Serber Fried. "Dont Count Your Chickens," by Edith Fitzgerald and Robert Riskin, was tried out early this year with Mary Boland in the chief part. Rouben Mamoulian, who staged "Porgy" and "Marco Millions," will direct several of the aforementioned plays.

LEONID LEONIDOFF



In the role of the mad Czar which he plays with perfection in "Czar Ivan the Terrible." The Sovkino film will return to the Cameo Theatre this Saturday, showing in connection with the other Soviet masterpiece, "Potemkin."

Chicago Workers Plan Big Drive for Miners

CHICAGO, July 25.—The Chicago headquarters for the great Miners' Relief and Defense drive from July 29 to August 5 announce intensive preparation to mobilize the entire progressive labor movement for a factory and house to house collection to feed, clothe and defend from cossack persecution the fighting miners of this country and their families.

The branches of the International Labor Defense are working to put over this great campaign and are callinb special mobilization meetings of their membership. Committees of women workers have also been formed for the purpose of making the work a success.

Stations have been established at the following places:

West Side: 23 S. Lincoln St.; 3301 W. Roosevelt Rd., Freiheit; 1510 W. 18th St., Rovnost Ludu; 1823 S. Loomis St., Radnik.

Northwest Side: 2021 W. Davidson St., 2736 W. Davidson St.

North Side: 2409 N. Halstead St., Imperial Hall; 453 W. North Ave., Hungaria nHall.

Albany Park: 4021 N. Drake Ave

Cicero: 5100 W. 23rd St.

Maywood: 4210 S. 9th St.

South Side: 3116 S. Halsted St. Vilnis; 3035 W. 51st St., Workers' Home; 3201 S. Wabash Ave., Community House.

Woodlawn: 547 1. 61st St.

Pullman: 2954 E. 94th St.

Workers will be sent out from these stations into surrounding territory with boxes and collection lists.

The Joint Committee asks all workers who have an ytime to spare to call at 23 S. Lincoln St., for assignment of work.

STATE WELFARE WIZARD REALLY WAS DETECTIVE

"Service Club" Was His Game

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Last winter a fellow by the name of Dalton operated a club known as the Dalton Service League, at 113 E. 14th Street.

Recently I heard a fellow who knows Dalton well. He said that he Dalton was an agent of the Burns detective agency.

Any one can clearly see the aims of an organization which has an agent of the aforementioned strikebreaking outfit.

Keep away from Dalton and his kind.

Have nothing to do with their "service clubs" or "welfare clubs."

—MAIN.

WAYMEN WIN INCREASE.

CHICAGO, July 25.—Maintenance of way workers on the New Orleans Northwestern, N. O. G. N., C. N. O & T. P. and A. G. S railroads have won an increase in wages, it is reported. There increases follow on the winning of wage increases by the workers on the Southern railroad companies.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau Thierry
May Wirth, Phil & Family in BIG FREE CIRCUS
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'way Wis. 1789
CAPT. H. A. SNOW'S "HUNTING BIG GAME IN AFRICA"
THRILLING—AMAZING—REAL
and "ARCTIC SEAL HUNT"

FLIGHT ABANDONED.

PARIS, July 25.—The ministry of the marine announced today that the round the world fight of the French seaplane Frigate will be abandoned due to engine trouble.

Read This First!

1. We say "read this first," because this requires action!
2. This is the big week. Every man, woman and child in sympathy with the struggling coal miners will co-operate fully in our National Miners' Relief and Defense Week.
3. Every subscriber of this paper must take the contribution list sent him and collect funds in shop and factory, in union and lodge, from friends and neighbors.
4. Every subscriber of this paper must register with the National Miners' Relief Secretary or the International Labor Defense Secretary of his city at once, and take part in the big house-to-house collections on Saturday and Sunday, July 28 and 29.
5. If you have not received a contribution list for this special drive for funds then write us this minute and we will send you one by special delivery mail. Everybody must help just a little more at this most critical period.

If the Coal Miners and Their Families Ever Needed Assistance—

They Need It Now!

National Miners' Relief and Defense Week

Conducted Jointly by the National Miners' Relief Committee, International Labor Defense

Address all mail and make all remittances to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Penna.

Staten Island Shipbuilding Strikers Determined to Fight Wage Slash to End

WORKERS FORM COMMITTEE TO BUILD A UNION

Unorganized, Enter 5th Day of Fight

(By a Shipworker Correspondent)

The workers of the Staten Island Shipbuilding Company, for the most part unorganized and entering on the fifth day of their strike against a wage cut, held a meeting this afternoon at the corner of Railroad and Stuyvesant Avenue at which there was a large and enthusiastic turnout.

The strikers expressed their determination not to go back to work under the new wage scale which has been slashed, and demanded the wage scale inforced before March 15. The spirit at the meeting was high and the strikers pledged themselves to stick together.

Deceive Workers.

According to the promise of the company, the new wage scale was intended to apply only to workers employed after March 15, but the company has used it as a means to reduce the wages of the old workers. When a worker does not report at his job for three days, (illness is no excuse); he is re-hired as a new man on the reduced wage scale.

Drastic cuts were made in the wages of the workers of all departments. Iron workers were cut from 83 cents per hour to 72 cents; carpenters from 90 cents per hour to 80 cents and overtime was reduced from double and a half to double.

The treachery of the company bosses in thus fooling the employees has angered the workers. The walkout of the iron workers on last Friday was almost immediately followed by a walkout of all departments. The 650 men employed in the plant are almost all out on strike and refuse to return to work until their demands are granted.

Picket Regularly.

The strikers picket the plant regularly bearing signs calling upon the few workers still employed to join the strike. Mornings and evenings a caravan of automobiles display signs informing the men looking for work that the plant is on strike.

The strikers feel the need for a strong union and realize that it is necessary to organize in order to win the strike and to prevent any such company action in the future. The sentiment among the strikers is strong for the formation of a shop committee, which they realize is the only means to safeguard their interests and fight the bosses.

The company has tried to bulldoze the workers back into the plant by telling them that the ships will be taken off the drydocks and transported to Newport News. But the workers only laugh at the crude methods of the bosses because they know that the ships still need thousands of rivets and that they cannot be put out into the water.

ASK 4 MILITANT MINERS BE FREED

Delegation to Visit Illinois Governor

Petitions and resolutions from the coal miners in Southern Illinois and labor organizations throughout the state of Illinois demanding the release of Henry Corbishley, Steve Mesnovich, Ignatz Simich and Eddie Moleski from imprisonment, are pouring in upon Governor Small. These four militant miners were framed and imprisoned on the charge of assault with intent to commit murder, as a result of a fight which occurred at a meeting of Local 992, United Mine Workers of America. The ones who incited the riot, it has been established, were two reactionary union officials, Cobb and Fox, henchmen of the corrupt Lewis and Farrington machines. Corbishley and the others convicted were active supporters of the Save-the-Union movement in the U. M. W. A. and today are supporters of the movement to build a new National Miners' Union.

The coal operators, the reactionary U. M. W. A. officialdom, Fishwick, Fox and others, however, together with the courts, and through lying witnesses, intimidation, etc., got these militants convicted, according to the International Labor Defense.

According to reports received by the national office of the I. L. D., at 80 E. 11th St., New York, which defended the militant Zeigler miners, a delegation of trade unionists, liberals and prominent individuals will shortly visit Governor Small with a demand for the release of Corbishley and the other three miners.

The I. L. D. calls upon the workers everywhere to intensify their activities for these men. Corbishley, Mesnovich and Simich are imprisoned in Southern Illinois penitentiary at Menard, Illinois, and Moleski at the Illinois state reformatory at Pontiac, Ill., since December,

YANKS LOSE 2 GAMES; GIANT BEAT PIRATES

(By United Press)

Four double-headers in the American League found the New York Yankees in the unusual position of losing two games in one day. Detroit beat them, 3 to 2 and 10 to 7. Both Pipgras and Stoner were taken out in the eighth inning of the first game. Johnson, Thomas and Campbell failed to halt the Tigers in the second game.

Philadelphia pounded four Chicago pitchers for 19 hits to take the first game of a double-header, 16 to 0. Ehmke gave the White Sox only six hits. The Athletics continued to hit hard in the second game and won again, 8 to 7.

• • •

The New York Giants continued their comeback Wednesday after a disastrous series with the Chicago Cubs and defeated the Pittsburgh Pirates, 6 to 5. Walker and Genewich gave the Pirates eight hits. The Giants hit Hill hard.

Jumbo Elliott pitched a careful game for Brooklyn, enabling the Dodgers to defeat the St. Louis Cardinals, 8 to 1. Errors behind Frankhouse and Reinhart hurt the Cards.

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YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League.

Detroit, 3; New York, 2 (1st).
Detroit, 10; New York, 7 (2nd).
Philadelphia, 16; Chicago 0 (1st).
Philadelphia, 8; Chicago, 7 (2nd).
Cleveland, 10; Boston, 2 (1st).
Cleveland, 15; Boston, 5 (2nd).
St. Louis, 12; Washington 8 (1st).
St. Louis, 6; Washington, 5 (2nd).

National League

New York, 6; Pittsburgh, 5.
Brooklyn, 8; St. Louis, 1.
Boston, 3; Chicago, 1.
Cincinnati 16; Phila., 1 (1st).
Phila., 7; Cincinnati, 6 (2nd).

DEMPSEY TO BE HEENEY'S SECOND

(By United Press)

Jack Dempsey probably will be Tom Heeney's cheif second when the New Zealander meets Gene Tunney for the heavyweight championship at the Yankee Stadium tonight.

TILDEN REINSTATED IN "AMATEUR" SPORTS COMEDY

PARIS, July 25 (UP).—William T. Tilden today received a cablegram from American tennis authorities saying that he had been reinstated as a member of the United States Davis Cup tennis team for the challenge round against the French cupholders.

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The reinstatement of William T. Tilden, premier American tennis player, as a member of the United States Davis Cup team, rounds out another scene in the comedy called "American Amateur Sports."

Tilden was supposedly dropped for violating the amateur rule that a player must not write newspaper articles about a tournament in which he is appearing. He mal write articles about other tournaments, corral the cash, and still remain an "amateur." The reason for the change of front by American tennis authorities has not been dissolved. bue even so-called amateur rules must not be allowed to stand in the way of winning a tournament.

DECIDE ON SYSTEM OF OLYMPIC SCORING

AMSTERDAM, July 5 (UP).—American newspaper correspondents today agreed upon the following unofficial system of scoring points in next week's sixth Olympic games: First, place, 10 points; second, 5; third, 4; fourth, 3; fifth, 2; sixth, 1. Europeans, it is understood, have agreed to use 6, 5, 4, 3, 2 and 1 points for the first six places.

REDUCES RELIEF FOR UNEMPLOYED

Discriminate Against Girls In England

LONDON, July 24 (ES).—In spite of the fact that conditions are becoming worse and that it is becoming more impossible for a young worker to find employment, the government has announced a reduction of unemployment relief for the young workers.

At present, unemployed young workers receive 17 shillings per week ($4.00), on which they are expected to live. The new rate for young workers is 10 shillings for boys of 18 ($2.40 per week), 8 shillings for girls ($1.90); for 19 years of age, 12 shillings for boys and 10 shillings for girls; and for 20, boys 17 and girls 12 shillings per week.

No explanation for the lower rate for girls is made.

If the reduction of unemployment relief is continued, the young workers fear that they will find themselves in the situation of American youth, where no relief of any kind is given the unemployed.

INSURANCE PLAN SHOWN AS FRAUD

General Motors Will Profit

Continued from Page One

The labor turnover in the General Motors Company is said to be between 10 and 12 per cent per year. This means that an almost completely new force is taken in about every eight or nine years.

In other words, practically speaking, little insurance payments will actually be made, since the workers will have left, but the Morgan firm will actually rake in a huge profit for the transaction.

Only those workers who die within a few years of their employment by the concern will derive any "benefit," for, according to the average, they will have left the firm and have lost their insurance after about eight years.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, which issues the insurance, is likewise a Morgan-controlled concern. Its vice-president, Frederick H. Ecker, who was intrumental in putting over the scheme, is active in the traction and power gang which operates in New York State. He is a director of both the Interborough and the B.-M. T. railroads.

Daily Worker, Freiheit Picnic in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 25.—The biggest affair of the season the Daily Worker and Freiheit Carnival, will be held at Maple Grove Park on August 26. Speeches sports events, dancing and musical entertainment will, together with the refreshments, make up the program.

Later announcements will disclose the definite plans that the members of the arrangement committee have been preparing for the last two months.

FURRIERS DRIVE GUNMEN AWAY

Sorkin Bloc in Cooper Union Meet Tonight

The maneuver of sending hired thugs into the fur market to intimidate the fur workers, used as a last resort to bolster up the collapsing structure of of the Joint Council, A. F. of L. company union, met its Waterloo yesterday afternoon when the furriers revolted and drove a squad of gangsters out of the "market."

Teach Right Wing a Lesson.

In a free-for-all battle, which the furriers decided to make conclusive despite the squad of police and reserves, who were attempting to halt it, the squad of right wing hirelings were taught that the workers will defend themselves against any attempt to browbeat them into submission to the thug and boss ruled Council.

Nat Yacker, who has an odorous reputation among the furriers, leading a gang of cutthroats, strutted up to 30th St. and Sixth Ave., where the workers gather for dinner hour, and with bludgeons, began to assault those too militant in their denunciation of the McGrady-Stetsky clique, who with the bosses have destroyed the former good working standards in the trade.

Drubbing Effective.

The week-old voyages of the gangster squad thru the market suddenly hit a reef when in yesterday's adventure, the workers turned on them and drubbed them out of all ambition to continue their campaign of organized terror.

When the police arrived they began to arrest the workers, most of whom were members of the Joint Board. It was only after the determined protests of the workers that the police were forced to take into custody two of the gangsters. They are Glassman and a hireling strange to the fur district called "Phinney."

Sadie Mondell and Celia Rabinowitz were the two women out of the four workers arrested. Meyer Fineman and Mark Boeurum were the men. Three of these were charged with disorderly conduct when arraigned in Jefferson Market Court later. Fineman, it was learned, was chosen by the thugs as a victim in a frame-up attempt. They are pressing felonious assault charges against him. Bonds of $500 were put up by the Joint Board for the appearance of the first three. Increased bail, the amount not yet learned, was demanded by the judge for Fineman.

• • •

Progressive Bloc To Meet.

The Progressive Bloc of the Joint Council, a section of right wingers whose leaders were recently suspended because they began an open fight for the reestablishment of one union, are to hold a mass meeting in Cooper Union tonight immediately after work.

According to the expressed sentiments of the masses of workers in the market for the past few days, the meeting will be crowded.

GITLOW EXPOSES CORRUPTION ROLE OF BOTH PARTIES

Urges Workers to Vote Communist

That the money lords of the United States, the open shop manufacturers, and the labor-hating capitalist class in general are brazenly proceeding with their intention to corrupt the American voting masses on a scale never equalled before, is the comment made by Benjamin Gitlow, Communist vice presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, who served a term of three years in New York penitentiaries for violation of the criminal anarchy law of the state.

Gitlow, a former assemblyman, made the statement after reading a Washington dispatch in one of the New York dailies which stated that the cost of this year's campaign to the two capitalist parties would be $10,000,000.

Gitlow's Statement.

Gitlow's statement reads:

"Despite slush fund investigations held after the result of the 1926 senatorial elections showed that the elections of Senators Vare in Pennsylvania and Smith in Illinois were brought about by the use of enormous sums of money expended for the purpose of purchasing politicians and corrupting voters, both capitalist parties are setting about the task of raising the largest campaign funds in the history of American presidential election campaigns. It is significant that Senator Reed of Missouri, chairman of the senatorial slush fund investigation, was ignominiously defeated for the presidential nomination at the Houston convention of the democratic party.

"A Washington dispatch dated July 22, that appeared in one of the New York dailies of Monday the 23rd, declares that the cost of the campaign to both parties and their auxiliaries will be $10,000,000 this year.

"This enormous sum of money will be used to blind the workers and poor farmers to their own real interests by means of poisonous propaganda in the capitalist press, from the pulpit, the radio, and the motion pictures.

"It will be used to purchase venal politicians and blocks of votes on election day.

"It will be used by the democratic and republican parties to hire gangsters in New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, and other large cities, who will see to it that the unterrified American voter will vote as he is told at peril of his life. This is what this tremendous corruption fund is intended for.

"The use of such enormous sums of money to debauch the elections is typical of the corruption that is indigenous to the capitalist system—a system that exploits the workers and poor farmers for the benefit of a parasite class.

Wall Street Controls Both Parties.

"Both capitalist parties are now controlled by Wall Street, and there is no fundamental difference between the platforms of the two parties or between the economic interests that are supporting both.

"The giant automobile industry has divided over the two parties. The two great rivals, the Ford Motor Company and General Motors, have taken under their wings one of the two Wall Street presidential candidates—Ford becoming fairy godfather for Hoover and General Motors, thru its man Raskob, becoming the angel of Al Smith.

"Both the Ford and Raskob organizations are among the most bitter enemies of organized labor in the United States. Both of them are protagonists of the open shop. Both of them believe that one of the chief functions of government is to break strikes.

"The workers and poor farmers cannot expect help from either of these two parties—the Gold Dust twins of Wall Street.

"The only party in this election campaign that stands for the real interests of the workers is the Workers (Communist) Party, whose candidates have a long record of struggle in behalf of the workers, whose platform calls for the organization of the workers in their own behalf to fight the mighty power of Wall Street, to organize the workers in the mining, automobile, textile, and rubber industries into powerful militant industrial unions, and to eventually take over the reigns of government and build a government that will serve the interests of those who labor and not those who live on the labor of others—a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

"The Workers (Communist) Party, that represents the interests of millions of wage-earners and exploited farmers, persecuted Negroes, and the colonial slaves of Wall St., is raising a fund of $100,000 to carry the message of Communism to every corner of the United States.

"The Workers (Communist) Party calls on the industrial and agricultural workers to support the Communist candidates and contribute their dollars to help emancipate themselves from the system of wage slavery represented by Ford, Raskob, and the other multi-millionaire and millionaire open shoppers who are supporting the candidacies of Hoover and Smith."

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Scandinavians To Hold Sports Meet.

Scandinavian Workers' Athletic Club will hold a festival in Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, July 29. Among the features will be two soccer games, one between the Swedish S. C. and the Norwegian team Klippen; another between Scandinavian Workers A. C. and Hungarian Workers A. C.

• • •

Tomorrow the Bronx Hungarian Workers' Club will unveil the first Lenin corner in the United States at 753 E. Tremont Ave., Bronx. Workers of New York are asked to be present at this reception. A good Hungarian and English program will be given.

• • •

Working Women's Council.

The regular meeting of the Central Body of the United Council of Working Women will be held this evening, July 26th, at the Workers' Center, 6th floor, Room 3, at 8:30 p. m.

• • •

Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at 7:30 sharp August 2, 1928. At this conference the causes of war, and the methods to be used in fighting the war danger will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women's organizations are invited to send delegates, and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

• • •

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

• • •

I. L. D. Open Air Meet.

The Sacco-Vanzetti branch of the International Labor Defense will hold an open air meeting at Wilkins and Intervale Aves., the Bronx, on Friday at 8:30 p. m. The speakers, I. Zimmerman and S. LeRoy will discuss "Capitalist Justice in the United States," emphasizing the Mooney-Billings case.

INVENTS NEW FILM PROCESS

BERLIN, July 25 (UP).—The newspaper Zeitung Am Mittag reported today that an unnamed Berlin engineer had invented a process for manufacturing camera films from paper. It is claimed that the film possesses the same sensitiveness to light as a celluloid film and that it costs much less and is fireproof.

USSR SENDS 3RD ICE-BREAKER TO SEEK LOST MEN

Chukhnovsky Saw 3 Figures on Floe

Continued from Page One

below the North Pole—a space in which the waterways now are filled with great chunks of broken ice. These 12 men include the Alessandrini group—the six men who floated away with the envelope of the polar craft—and the Roald Amundsen rescue party.

The Italian government has requested the Soviet relief committee to continue searches for the Alessandini group and has offered to place two Italian seaplanes at the disposal of the Soviet committee. The Naval Scientific Institute has applied for permission to send their ship, Persey, to Franz Joseph Land to search for Roald Amundsen's party. The society believes Amundsen's plane landed near Spitzbergen.

The ice breakers Krassin and Maligin now are at northern ports being refueled and the Krassin is undergoing repairs on her prow. Both probably will proceed back into the north next month on a search for the 12 men now lost. Both will carry aviators who will make reconnoitering flights, Chukhnovsky being on the Krassin and Babushkin on the Maligin.

MINERS' LEADERS ANNOUNCE PLANS

Stop Paying Dues to Lewis Machine

Continued from Page One

the labor press; the coming national convention, problems of the various districts, the Coal Digger and continued support for relief and defense for the thousands of victimized miners.

How complete the wrecking crew has accomplished its work was brought out in the discussion.

Freeman Thompson from Illinois gave a graphic picture of the mine workers' union in the past and at present in a number of districts. "In Wyoming, for example," he said, "the miners work three shifts in 24 hours. Oklahoma in 1922 was 100 per cent organized. Today the union is wiped out, the miners work under the 1917 scale, similar conditions exist in practically all the southwestern states. Kansas miners are working for whatever scale the operators will pay. Western Kentucky had 25,000 members in 1922, now there are scarcely any. Eastern Kentucky had 216 local unions, the last report issued by John L. Lewis claimed only 15 and by now they have been practically wiped out."

Party Activities

Section 7 Drive.

The concentration week of the signature drive of Section 7 to place the names of the Workers (Communist) Party candidates on the ballot in New York State will begin on Sunday and last throughout the week until the following Sunday. All functionaries are especially instructed to lead this drive by reporting at the headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn, at 10 a. m. The section executive committee is at present preparing a prize award for the member who succeeds in collecting the greatest amount of signatures. Members of Section 2 and 3 are also instructed to report at the Section 7 headquarters.

• • •

Section 7 Meeting.

The campaign committee of Section 7 will meet today at 8 p. m. at campaign headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn. All chairmen of committees representing organizations in the campaign should not fail to attend.

• • •

International Branch 1.

International Branch 1 will hold an educational meeting today at 7.30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place, N. Y. All members are urged to be present.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign and to place themselves in good standing. Section and unit executives are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

• • •

Party Membership Meeting.

The comrades in the units are asked to take note of the fact that there will be a Party membership meeting Wednesday, August 1st at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. No other meetings are to be arranged to conflict with this date.

Note is also to be taken of the fact that on Saturday afternoon, August 4, the anniversary of the World War opening, there will be an open air demonstration at Union Square under the auspices of the Workers Party. All units are to make arrangements for mobilizing masses of workers to attend.

District Executive Committee, District 2, John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

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Speakers Class, Section 1.

The speakers class of Section 1 will meet today at 6 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place. All those who have registered for the class are asked to appear on time.

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Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

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Subsection 3E.

Subsection 3E will hold a membership meeting on Tuesday, 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must come on time, because action will be taken against members who fail to answer at the roll call.

URGE MASSES TO RALLY TO FIGHT ON ALL REACTION

Peasants' League Tells Demands

Continued from Page One

all church property and the utilization of these properties for schools and hospitals. It emphatically demands the arrest of all officials of the Knights of Columbus.

Besides the support being given the Calles government by the labor and peasant forces, the governors of several provinces are understood to be backing the president.

"El Machete," the official organ of the Mexican Communist Party, has voluntarily suspended publication for a week in solidarity with the printers strike called by the Crom. (Mexican Federation of Labor).

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Clergy Returning to Power

MEXICO CITY, July 25.—The "confession" of Jose De Leon Toral, assassin of General Obregon, reveals the success of the alliance between the church hierarchy and the landowners of the "Agrarians" in using the religious inspired murder to restore the Catholic clergy to power and as a pretext for persecution of the Mexican workers.

Frame-Up Against "Laborites."

Toral, in his "confession" as given out by the authorities today, is quoted as saying that his "religious feelings" were played upon by "Manuel Trejo," a mysterious person who is reported to have gone to the United States. If "Trejo" is an actual person, it is probable that he is a member of the "Labor" party and a victim of the frame-up, with the purpose of charging that the labor unions are responsible for the assassination.

Toral May Not Be Executed

No announcement of the date of Toral's trial has been made. The Catholic Church is trying to save him, and the announcement of the "Agrarians" that they do not seek his execution indicates that Toral may be released or at least his life spared in return for his valuable services to the reactionary forces.

Special Membership Meeting

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Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers!
For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

Counter-Revolution in Mexico

Dwight W. Morrow is well launched in the role of hangman of Mexico. This partner of the classic imperialist banking house of Wall Street went to Mexico in order by intrigue to prepare the way for the conquest and occupation of Mexico by the United States.

From the moment of the arrival of Morrow, who combined in his one person the function of representative of the United States government with the function of representative of the financiers investing in Mexican exploitation, the affairs of Mexico have moved rapidly toward direct control of that country from New York City.

Morrow went to conquer what was called "Bolshevism" in Mexico. That is, to conquer anything that interfered with the seizure of Mexican resources, oil lands, mining rights, etc., and with the super-exploitation of Mexican workers and peasants by the Wall Street finance-capitalists who sent him. With almost unlimited power of reward and punishment in his hands, Morrow made long strides toward his goal. Both the Calles government and the prospective government of Obregon were already eating out of the hand of Morgan's ambassador at the time of the assassination of Obregon by a religious fanatic.

It had long been openly stated in the press that Morrow, among other things, was working for a reconciliation of the Mexican government with the church. In this he was at the [illegible] of success. Certainly churches are not instruments of workers' and peasants' revolutions, and equally, the imperialists valued the church as an ally for the demoralization and control of the weaker elements of the peasantry. Boasts of the success of Morrow in forcing Obregon to ally himself with the clergy against the masses of Mexico, compelled Obregon to make what was considered a partial but ambiguous denial. His assassination followed almost immediately at the hands of more or less "wild" elements of the clerical party. The religious fanatic was an instrument of the clergy, and certainly not an instrument of the anti-clerical movement as the capitalist press now pretends. The assassin only put into action what had been repeatedly threatened by countless pronouncements of the clerical spokesmen in the United States and Mexico. It may be that the subornation of Obregon by Morrow had already reached the success which would have made the president-elect acceptable to Morrow as Wall Street's policeman over Mexico; but his assassination nevertheless was a direct and clear result of the clerical-landlord movement and in revenge for the executions of priests and others involved in the recent reactionary priest-led revolt.

Whether or not Morrow had before the assassination attained complete success in the corruption of Obregon to his purposes, it is certain that he has now succeeded in imposing his dictation in the present situation after the assassination. Could there be anything more weird than the "Obregonista" party demanding that the murderer of Obregon shall not be executed? After a murder by a clerical, can there be a more ironical turn of history than the punishment of the anti-clerical elements for the clerical crime?

The entire imperialist press of the United States is now trying to make the masses accept the version sent broadcast that although it is admitted that a religious fanatic, dominated by the priesthood, committed the murder, nevertheless the anti-clerical "labor" leaders were the "intellectual authors" of the murder. The capitalist press is even shamelessly trying to put over a cock-and-bull story of an anti-clerical agent posing as religious so as to inspire the religious assassin to kill Obregon.

There is method in the madness of this.

The United States imperialists want an extermination of the labor movement of Mexico, the disarming of the poorer peasants and the passing of power completely into the hands of reactionary landlord and clerical instruments of United States capital. Where the church was openly shown to have been the direct inspirer of the crime, Morrow has performed the legerdemain of transferring the "guilt" to what is called "labor" in the persons of Luis N. Morones and his fellow leaders of the CROM.

The fact that Luis N. Morones is as big a traitor to labor as can be found in Mexico, and as subservient as any to Wall Street, must not be allowed to confuse the question. Morones [illegible] the "leader" of the labor movement and as such for the moment he becomes [illegible] the reaction. But the target is not Morones, but the labor movement itself, [illegible] merely a parasite. The United States government, which is very busy "assisting Mexico in her trouble," is not so foolish as to concern itself with insignificant persons, such as Morones. It aims straight at the destruction of an enemy social force, a force antagonistic to the aims of Wall Street in Mexico. This social force is the labor movement—more or less crippled by ~~such~~ parasites as Morones, it is true—but nevertheless potentially the destroyer of the hopes of Wall Street in Mexico.

The sublime courage which the Mexican workers and peasants have shown time and again in open battle is called now to its highest test. The struggle of life and death for a great people is on. The capitalist-imperialist United States is the enemy of which all other forces of reaction in Mexico are the tools.

Mexican workers and peasants! Crush the counter-revolution!

China In the Fight for Its Unity.

(Editorial Reprinted from the "Pravda" of June 8, 1928)

A short time ago the defeat of Chang Tso Lin and the capture of Peking by the Southern troops was—according to the official Kuomintang Press—to bring about the unity of China and would mean almost the completion of the national revolution.

The long-desired moment seemed to have come.

Chang Tso-Lin fled into Manchuria and Peking appeared red under the Kuomintang flags. How is it, however, with the notorious "unity," with the "unification" of China?

For the present one only hears that the Nanking government has extended its power to the provinces of Kiangsu, Chekiang, Kiangsi, Anhwei; the Kwangsi group rules the provinces of Hupei, Hunan, Kwangtung and Kwangsi; Feng Yu Hsiang obtains possession of the provinces of Kiangsu, Shensi and Honan, with the prospect of obtaining Shantung; the Yen Si-Shan group will, it is assumed, control the provinces of Shansi, Chili and the adjoining districts of Mongolia; for the Mukden group there remain only three Eastern provinces or Manchuria.

In the official declaration of the Kuomintang this lack of unity is masked as "the division of China in six political areas with the towns of Nanking, Canton, Peking, Hankow, Kaifeng, and Mukden as centres, which recognize the power of the Supreme Council of Nanking which is the capital of China."

Such a masking is hardly likely to mislead anybody.

Between the existence of a "Supreme Council in the capital of China, Nanking" and the recognition of this Council by the political areas, and the "unity" of the China there lies a vast difference. It is generally known that the existence of the League of Nations at Geneva and its recognition by various European powers does not by any means signify the unity of Europe.

To bring proofs of this would be trying to force an open door; for many Kuomintang people already openly recognize the failure of their "unity policy." One of these Kuomintang people, in his article on the lessons of the Japanese intervention, cites the example of America, Germany and Japan herself, and maintains that only a victorious foreign war could accelerate the unification of China and help the cause of national defense to victory.

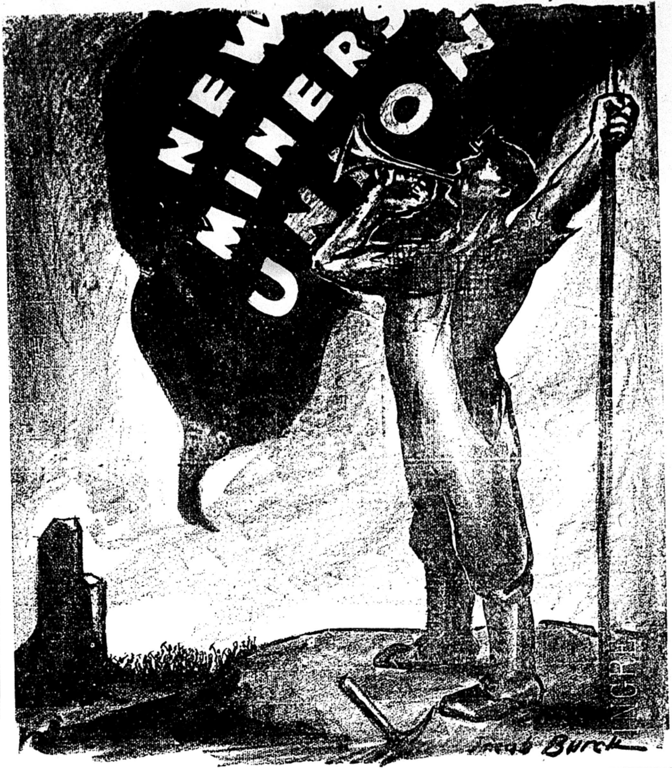
> **"We are convinced that only after a new peace treaty will all the present problems of the relations betwen Japan and the nationalists be solved and peace in the Far East be secured . . . The Chinese have now learned that a foreign war not only can expedite the unification of China, but is also the only means in order to better the international situation of China."**

Thus the nationalist-minded Kuomintang see the only means of salvation in a foreign war, as is to be seen from the above quotation. To bring about a foreign war is of course not difficult; the only question is how to lead it to victory.

The victorious fight for the real unification of China was begun, but not by the Kuomintang people who betrayed the Chinese Resolution, who capitulated to the imperialists and, along with the latter, shot down the working and peasant masses. The real unification of China means mobilizing the million-fold masses of workers and peasants who will in the first place settle with the agents of the imperialists and drive out the imperialists themselves. These tasks will be solved by the workers and peasants of China under the leadership of the Communist Party and against the Kuomintang which has become the flag of counter-revolution.

REVEILLE!

By Jacob Burck



Our Party's Election Campaign

American Communists Engaged In Most Active Campaign In U. S. Labor History

By JAY LOVESTONE.

This year will see the American Communists participating in a parliamentary campaign more intensively and on a greater scale than in any previous year. For a number of months, the Workers (Communist) Party has been engaged in direct preparations for putting the Party on the ballot in its own name in as many of the 48 states as possible.

Leaflets and pamphlets have been issued. Election conventions have already been held in over 20 states.

A highly successful national nominating convention was held at the close of May for the adoption of an election platform and the selection of Comrades Foster and Gitlow as the presidential standard bearers of our Party in the November elections.

Hundreds of Communist mass meetings are being arranged thruout the country. Scores of thousands of copies of the election platform are being distributed.

Several organizers to reach new industrial centers where the Party organization is weak or non-existent have been put into the field. For the first time in the history of the Party an organized intensive effort is being made to pierce the Solid South—the most reactionary tier of states in the country, notorious for their disfranchising and severe oppression and lynching of the Negro masses.

Increased attention is being paid to the exploited farmers, the Negro masses, the youth and the working women.

The entire election campaign has as its keynote, the class struggle, and is based on such activities of the Party as the great miners' strike, the textile workers' fight and the long drawn out struggle of the needle trades workers.

The Present Situation in the United States.

Before proceeding to analyse the election campaign policy and activities of our Party, it is necessary to sketch briefly the economic and political situation in the country. The economic recession which set in about a year ago has developed into an acute depression. "Business is irregular." There still persists "a lack of bouyancy" among the major industries. There are not many confident expectations. The bourgeoisie speak of "extreme spottiness in trade, crop and industrial reports." But there is not sufficient evidence at hand to indicate that we are immediately approaching an economic crisis as severe in character as in 1921. Certainly the depression is acute, with at least four million still out of work, but it would be utterly wrong to conclude that American capitalism now has its basic crisis and is already on the downgrade.

Big capitalist reaction continues in the saddle. There are no fundamental issues sharply dividing the two big bourgeois parties. Whatever issues have developed are largely within these parties rather than between them. The extent of reaction is marked by such events as the brazen acquittal of the multi-millionaire Sinclair, one of the principal heroes in the Teapot Dome scandal; the arrogance characterising Coolidge's use of his executive power in vetoing the McNary-Haugen bill; the granting of a huge subsidy to American shipping magnates; the decision of the supreme court legalising wire tapping; the increasingly aggressive role of American imperialism as shown by the war on Nicaragua; the big naval budget and the attack on China; the widespread use of the injunction in the continued aggressive campaign by the biggest capitalists to smash the organizations of labor and wipe out such elementary rights as the right to organize and strike.

The nomination of Hoover by the republican party, which is the dominant party of big business, is only another index of the strength of capitalist reaction and the growth in power of the executive department of the government. Hoover has been director-general of American Big Business for seven years. His nomination for the presidency marks for the first time in the history of the country the significant fact that someone is put up for the highest position in capitalist politics without previously having held a single elective office in his life. It is only additional striking evidence of the growing fusion of big business with the highest government officers.

The democratic party has nominated Al Smith, New York State governor, for president. The attitude of Wall Street towards Hoover and Smith is instructively summed up by the "Magazine of Wall Street" for May 19, 1928. When discussing the "business qualifications of the leading presidential candidates" it said:

> **"It is not an exaggeration to say that he (Hoover) has considered himself and has actually been director-general of American business. Never before here, or anywhere else, has a governmental department been so completely fused with business. He respects big business and admires big business men....There can be no doubt that Hoover as president would be without precedent. He would be a dynamic business president, even as Coolidge has been a static business president. He would be the first business, as distinguished from political, president the country has had.**
>
> **"Al Smith's record in politics is the best possible pledge that he will make a successful administrator of the biggest business of all...that of managing the political business organizations of the United States. But what about the Smith policies? They are just the reverse of Hoover's in relation to business. Hoover emphasizes economics, Smith, politics. Hoover would serve the public by serving business; Smith would serve business by serving the public."**

American imperialism, because of the narrowing of the domestic market which has been one of its main sources of strength, and the increasing competition by other imperialist powers is waging an evermore aggressive imperialist policy.

Wall Street's frontiers are being thrown out ever further. The export of capital continues apace. Yankee imperialism is strangling Nicaragua, securing a tighter grip on the Philippines, making further inroads towards complete domination of Latin America, waging a ruthless imperialist policy in the Pacific against China, beating back decisively British imperialism on every front, winning a new hold on the financial resources of such European countries as Germany, Poland and Italy, and continuously at work preparing the most devastating weapons for the impending imperialist war. This hostility of the American government towards the Soviet Union remains vigorous.

The labor movement is in a crisis. Such basic organizations of the trade union movement as the United Mine Workers of America are being wiped out. This has narrowed the best proletarian base of the American Federation of Labor considerably so that today it is primarily a movement of the labor aristocracy though it still has hundreds of thousands of semi-skilled and unskilled workers. The trade union bureaucracy is becoming evermore reactionary and is bound up integrally with the employers and government in their fight to determine the standards of living and the organizations of the working class.

Politically, the American labor movement is very backward. President Green of the American Federation of Labor drew up a program of five planks which he had presented for the republican and democratic conventions in the usual formal routine manner without even the slightest pretense on the part of the capitalist politicians to heed these demands. The policy of "non-partisan political action," which in effect means selling out the great mass of workers to the republican and democratic parties, continues. The railroad brotherhoods which formerly were the champions of the Conference for Progressive Political Action, have moved so far to the right that they recently gave a blanket endorsement to Hoover. The entire labor party movement is at a low ebb today organizationally.

What is left of what was once the socialist party—a membership of less than 5,000—is organically tied up with the reactionary trade union bureaucracy. At its last convention it has moved even further to the right and has taken decisive steps to break with whatever remnants of working class ideology there might have been in its ranks.

But because of the economic depression and particularly the acute crisis in certain industries, like coal, there is today a greater volume of radicalization in the United States than at any time since the LaFollette movement of 1924. The masses are showing increasing readiness to resist the attacks of the capitalists on their organizations and their standards. This radicalization is not yet national nor general. It is primarily limited to specific sections and industries of the country.

Our Party has responded promptly and effectively to this increased readiness of the masses to struggle and has taken the initiative and leadership in such great class fights as the miners, textile workers and needle trades as well as in the general campaign of organizing the unorganized workers. We have likewise been most actively engaged in fighting American imperialist policies and for the development of an independent mass political party of the workers as the next big step in their political development as a class—for the organization of a labor party.

Our Party has, through these struggles, grown in influence and numbers. Today, it is the only organization of the workers consciously, persistently and energetically fighting against capitalist reaction.

(To be continued.)

Investments and Foreign Policy of U.S.

By ROBERT W. DUNN.

(Continued.)

IN connection with loans made by American financial interests to these foreign governments of the weaker sort we find your state department of the president of the United States playing a rather important role. For insuring the payment of loans and to facilitate their collection we find, for example, in the Dominican Republic an American general receiver named by the president of the United States. In Nicaragua we find an American collector, acting on order of a high commission of three, one appointed by the American bankers and another by the United States department of state. There is, also, to be sure, in more recent days, Brigadier General McCoy and his staff conducting their "free and fair elections." In Haiti the control is still more complete. An American receiver general and an American financial advisor are nominated by the president of the United States and appointed by a marionette native president. They have control of the entire revenue system of the country. An American High Commissioner and the marines complete the Haitian picture of American domination. In Salvador the loans of the American bankers are served by an American official who collects the customs. He is chosen by an American corporation with the approval of the American state department. Even in Bolivia, a stronger country, the service of loans of the American bankers involves a permanent fiscal commission consisting of three members, two of them appointed by the president of Bolivia upon recommendation of the bankers. One of these two is chairman of the commission which virtually holds the key to the economic life of the country. In Peru, Ecuador and other countries American financial advisors and agents have played their part in directing financial policies in conformity with the desires of the American investing class.

Armed Forces Protect Investments

Not only has your department of state acted as business solicitor and loan guarantor for American capitalists. The navy and the marines have upon occasions been used to protect American property interests especially in the weaker countries where effective resistance is quite impossible. Indeed, the United States navy, in one of its reports entitled "The United States Navy as an Industrial Asset" boasts of its services rendered in this connection. This aggressive use of the military and naval forces has been illustrated in Haiti, Santo Domingo, Mexico and Nicaragua. And it goes without saying that both republican and democratic administrations have resorted to this practice. However, forgetful politicians, like President Harding, have attacked the other party for acts identical with the ones they themselves have committed while in office. Mr. Bryan and other professing pacifists were particularly active in their use of the armed forces of the United States in certain Latin American countries during the Wilson administration.

What are the effects of these investments and the accompanying foreign policy upon the underlying population of the countries where the investments are made? This ought to be of some concern to those who formulate American foreign policy. The effects, of course, vary with the size, strength and character of the country involved. Defenders of imperialism have made much of the benefits derived through the application of foreign capital—good roads, sanitation and other evidences of civilization. Some of these benefits are undeniable. Over against them, however, is the crushing effect upon the economic and political liberty of these peoples, and in many cases also their material status and welfare.

• • •

Firestone Colonial Slavery

THE American investor in a mining or rubber enterprise abroad is naturally eager to hire his labor at the lowest possible price. The result in the case of Liberia, for example, is that the Firestone Plantation Company is now establishing a system of colonial slavery that bears more heavily on the natives than the colonial regimes of even the more frankly imperialist countries of Europe. In Cuba and in the Dominican Republic American economic penetration has resulted in throwing thousands of farmers off their lands and making them virtual peons of large sugar companies. The same tendency is observable in Haiti under new legislation now being decreed with the approval of the American authorities.

As for the civil liberties of these backward peoples they weigh very lightly in the balance against the forces of the advancing dollar dominion. Native presidents who must come to New York for loans may be as ruthless as they please so long as they pay their interest regularly. Native training in self-government is thus out of the question in countries where the American marines, and American corporations, unite to keep a local tyrant in power. This is particularly true of Haiti, where the government offices are filled either by Americans or by the political friends of the American-controlled president.

(To Be Continued.)

Berry, Foremost Labor Traitor, Drafted by Raskob to Help Put Over Smith

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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SOVIET SHIP, KRASSIN, RESCUES 1,500 ON GERMAN LINER

DISCUSSION ON WORKERS PARTY AT WORLD MEET

Pepper States American Delegation's Stand

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 26.—Chairman Jilek opened the seventh session of the World Congress of the Communist International yesterday. The session continued with the discussion of the theses of Nikolai Bukharin.

Dunne, of the United States, declared that Bukharin's theses need supplementing with regards to the United States. He pointed out that the internal contraditions in the United States are growing sharper and that the working masses are becoming increasingly radical.

The right wing policy of the Central Committee must be corrected and work among the Negroes intensified, was the view expressed by the speaker. Agitation for the formation of a labor party he characterized as not permissible. The formation of a labor party is only a propaganda slogan.

Various speeches and greetings were then presented. The chairman read a telegram from Max Hoeltz amidst applause.

Rasa, of India, next declared that the theses must concern themselves more with agrarian policy of British imperialism in India. The Indian Communists must not repeat the mistakes of the Chinese Party.

Balkan Problems.

Kolarov, of Bulgaria, declared that in general his delegation is in agreement with Bukharin, but that an analysis of the world agricultural situation is necessary. The rich peasants are again allied with the bourgeoisie, he pointed out, but the poor peasants are going to the left. This question demands the special attention of the Communist International, because the peasants

Continued on Page Three

BOSS LAWYER 'ASSISTS' JUDGE

Markewich Gives Some Advice on Bail

What appeared obvious to many as a crude and yet a most brutally frank frame-up was cynically perpetrated by Magistrate Dryer in Jefferson Market Court yesterday afternoon, when he set bail in the hearing of the four fur workers arrested Wednesday in connection with the fight in the fur district provoked by right wing Joint Council thugs. The workers had then defended themselves against the sluggers by driving them out of the district.

After the four defendants appeared in court yesterday, the attorney of the Joint Board, Oberman, was surprised to see Sam Markewitz right-wing lawyer, in extremely chummy conversation with the judge. Markewitz afterward brazenly stood beside Assistant District Attorney Volp to coach him in conducting the hearing.

Lawyer Prompts Judge.

The first case to be called was that of Meyer Fineman, who is charged by one of the thugs with having "feloniously assaulted" him. Fineman mounting the stand was greeted by the judge with a sly remark to his pal Markewitz, "He makes himself useful Sam, doesn't he?" And Sam remarked casually, "Oh, about $2,500 will do for him."

Then the prosecutor turned to Markewitz, and Markewitz said to him in a voice loud enough to be heard clearly, "You make it $5,000." This was done. And only after the strenuous protests of the Joint Board did the judge agree to keep the bail at his pal's original "bid." $2,500 bail was asked for Fineman's freedom.

More "Justice."

This, however, by no means ended the performance. When the two women arrested, Celia Rabinowitz and Sadie Mondell, came to the stand, the right wing provocateur, Markewitz, boisterously proposed that prosecutor Volk ask the unheard of bail of $2,500 for each. This despite the fact that the women were only charged with disorderly conduct, while Fineman's charge was felonious assault.

Directed Rescues

The latest rescue feat of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin, which answered an S. O. S. call and saved 1,500 people on the steamship Monte Cervantes, has again astonished the world. Above is Prof. Samoilovich, director of the Krassin rescue expedition.

REACTION MARKS TIME IN MEXICO

Saenz Pledges Support to Calles

MEXICO CITY, July 26.—Civil war in Mexico hangs in the balance while reactionary and clerical leaders ae playing for time to deliver a vital thrust against the Calles government and the forces of the labor movement which President Calles has indicated he will, for the time, at least, refuse to abandon.

The latest maneuver worked out by the reactionary forces is an announcement of support promised to President Calles "in maintaining order and national harmony until congress can untangle the confusing problem of the succession to the presidency."

This pledge made in a statement by a former foreign minister, Aaron Saenz, head of the Obregonistas, expressed confidence in the police investigation of the assassination of Obregon. This was taken to be a maneuver to indicate temporary support of Calles probably for the reason that Saenz, who is himself seeking power, does not at this moment feel certain of his ability to force his demands.

Yesterday Saenz made what was considered a bold declaration against Calles by announcing that he would himself accept appointment as provisional president after December 1, when President Calles' term expires. At the same time the reactionary forces have expressed their opposition to the position taken by Calles in his speech to the army last night when he definitely blamed the Catholic party for the assassination and rejected the clerical charge that the labor for-

Continued on Page Five

POLICE FIRE ON CROWD IN INDIA

TRICHINOPOLY, Madras, July 26.—Police, obeying the orders of the English officers, fired into a large crowd which had collected at the scene of a railroad crash, wounding four persons.

The police, fearing the general sympathy felt all over India for the railroad strikers, fired on the crowd to prevent, as they said, "any further disturbances."

MEXICAN MASSES GIVE OVATION TO SANDINO OFFICIAL

Machado Reports That Many Marines Killed

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

MEXICO CITY, (By Mail).—Declaring that the Nicaraguan masses will continue their struggle against American imperialism in spite of the false claims being spread by the United States government officials that the fight is ending, Dr. Gustavo Machado, newly appointed representative of General Sandino to Mexico, yesterday made public the details of his visit to the camp of the Nicaraguan rebel chief and patriot.

Big Welcome.

Both Machado and Socrates Sandino, brother of the Nicaraguan general, arrived here yesterday and were met at the railway station by a very large crowd which enthusiastically cheered them. Sandino came from New York where he had spent two years engaged in an extensive propaganda work and from Gen. Sandino's headquarters at El Chipoton, located in the very heart of the Nueva Segovia range.

Machado was appointed to represent Gen. Sandino following his personal visit to the rebel chief's camp after a hazardous trip, in order to make delivery to Sandino the relief fund raised in Mexico by the "Hands Off Nicaragua Committee."

Known to U. S.

"Nearly 1,800 American marines have been killed by Gen. Sandino's troops during the course of the operations being conducted in Nicaragua by American imperialism," Machado declared. "These facts are known to the American state department," he asserted.

The great crowd gave Socrates Sandino and Machado a wild welcome. We were able to notice among the welcomers the delegates of "Mafuenic," the All-American Anti-Imperialist League, the Central American and Antillian Union, the Proletarian Children and the Red Pioneers; also Messrs. J. A. Mella, Prof. R. Ramos Pedrueza, Dr. C. Leon, Don J. Hurwitz, Dr. P. J. Zepeda, S. del Mar, M. Vazquez Diaz, C. M. Coz, all of whom are prominent in the associations which in Mexico oppose North American imperialism.

We quote Mr. Sandino as saying: "The people of the United States agree that the action taken by their government is absurd and consider it as an abuse of power; on such people we rely to go on with our campaign against Wall Street."

"What if the democrats succeed?" the correspondent asked.

"Both Alike.

"It does not matter whichever party comes into control in the American government," Sandino replied. "The policy of interference with Latin-American countries' internal affairs will continue. The democrats have declared they would rectify their opponents' policy, but it is a certainty that the Canal will be held as a pretext to continue the occupation of our soil."

The correspondent then interviewed Dr. Machada with the idea of securing some of his experiences in his endeavor to reach Gen. Sandino's camp. "The soldiers of the government of Honduras, as well as the Yankees, were decidedly hostile to me and tried their utmost to stop me from joining the rebels. My trip lastd four months and was entirely fruitful," he answered.

"President Paz Barona of Honduras, a vile servant of the Ameri-

Continued on Page Three

WILL FIGHT FRAME-UP

New Evidence in the Centralia Case

Elmer Smith, the Northwest defense attorney of the I. W. W. victims of the Centralia frame-up, who had lost not only his law practice, but his health as well for his action tells of the history of the case and the new steps taken to free the frame-up victims in the new August issue of the "Labor Defender."

In a brief article, illustrated by photographs of some of the figures in the case he writes:

"During more than three long years a mountain of evidence showing the unjust conviction of the Centralia defendants has been piled up before the governor and the Parole Board. Never was a matter more thoroughly presented to any governor or any Parole Board. They have been told and retold of the action of the trial jurors; of the paying of ex-service men $4.00 per

Continued on Page Three

Mexican Militants Greet Representative of Nicaraguan General

The above photograph was taken on the return to Mexico of Licenciado Gustavo Machado, official representative of Geneal Sandino, from a visit to the camp of the great Nicaraguan leader, now fighting the invading marines of United States imperialism.

Machado's trip, which was made under the greatest hardship and at the risk of his life, during the course of a score of adventures, was undertaken for the purpose of conveying medicines and funds—gathered by the "Hands Off Nicaragua" Committee in Mexico.

In the photograph (left foregound, with mustache) is Machado; at his right is Diego Divera, celebrated Mexican painter, a member of the Continental Committee of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League; Socrates Sandino, brother of the Nicaraguan general, well known in the United States for his propaganda activities in connection with the work done by the All-America Anti-Impeialist League. Standing left to right are Gomez, Mellan and Rivera Bertrand of the local "Hands Off Nicaragua" Committee and Fritz Bach of the International Workers Relief.

BERRY DRAFTED TO BETRAY LABOR VOTE

The country's biggest open shop employer has drafted the country's bigger labor faker for the purpose of organizing the workers' vote in the attempt to put over the country's biggest political hypocrite The three actors in the drama are John J. Raskob, Major George L Berry and Alfred F. Smith.

Announcement was made public yesterday that Chairman Raskob of the Democratic National Committee has appointed Major Berry, president of the International Printing Pressmen's Union, as director of the National Organization's Labor Bureau. Berry will begin immediately it was announced, the work of organizing a campaign among the trade unions in support of Al Smith.

Open Shop Boss.

Raskob is now admittedly the ruling figure in the open shop industrial world. He is said to have taken over the scab mantle laid down by Elbert H. Gary, late president of the United States Steel Corporation. In a hundred industries and in a score

Continued on Page Five

2,000 FURRIERS AT UNION MEET

Sorkin Bloc to Fight for New Union

Approximately 2,000 registered fur workers came to the meeting held last night by the Progressive Bloc of the right wing Joint Council in Cooper Union. The bloc is a group of functionaries in the A. F. of L. union, who have come out in an open fight against the McGrady gang in control there, in order to help the furriers fight their way through to the establishment of one union in the industry.

Applaud Slogan.

Enthusiastic applause greeted every mention any of the speakers made of the slogan, "One Union." A long and sustained ovation greeted the casual mention of the name of Gold by the chairman, who opened the meeting, A. Wexier. Ben Gold is manager of the left wing Joint Board. But when the spokesman of the bloc declared that all the Joint Council functionaries in the bloc would join forces with all elements in the trade to build a new furriers' union if the A. F. of L. refused to heed their demand for a "unity conference," the meeting burst out in a thunderous demonstration. The reason for this is found in the resolution unanimously passed later.

Ridicules McGrady Clique.

J. Winnick, one of the bloc leaders, spoke in the capacity of a vice-president of the international union. He ridiculed the action of the McGrady clique in suspending him from his position as business agent of the council because of his activities in behalf of the one union campaign. He pointed out that McGrady's fake peace negotiations with the bloc were merely a ruse to cut the ground from under the one union movement in the right wing union. Winnick showed that this maneuver failed completely when the bloc refused to sign a public statement condemning the left wing Joint Board.

Hyman Sorkin, the other of the chief figures in the bloc leadership, exposed the betrayal of the workers' interests, which were and still are being put through by Statsky and McGrady. He cited instances of how the workers had been sold out in order to get the employer to recognize the right wing union.

The resolution unanimously carried declares:

"Whereas, the union standards of the workers have been wiped out and the fur industry plunged into chaos and demoralization by the influx of hundreds of small non-union shops, contractors and section contractors and by the abnormal development of jobbing; and

"Whereas, the forty-hour week, together with all other union conditions that were won through hard-fought struggles have been destroyed and the wages reduced to the point of starvation and the fur workers subjected to the worst kind of explcitation, oppression and unemployment; and

Strife Basis of Evils.

"Whereas, these trade evils and the suffering endured by the fur workers are directly the result of the bitter internal struggle in the Furriers Union and the division in the ranks of the workers which have weakened the union to the extent of reducing it to powerlessness and transforming the organization into a toy of the bosses; and

"Whereas, the officers of the A. F. of L., through the chairman of the special furriers' A. P. of L committee, Matthew Woll, have recognized the gravity of the present situation to the extent of declaring that 'if the present state of affairs continue the Furriers Union will be a thing of the past; and

"Whereas, the A. F. of L. and the Joint Council have ignored the demands for one union that have been made by the mass of the fur workers in New York as well as by the fur workers of the out-of-town localities, and by the Furriers Progressive Bloc;

"Therefore, be it resolved, that we, the fur workers, assembled at Cooper Union on Thursday, July 26, under the auspices of the Progressive Bloc, which is composed of good standing members of the Joint Council, the International Fur Workers Union and the A. F. of L., hereby call upon the A. F. of L., the International and the Joint Council to call together a conference of all sides involved in the internal struggle for the purpose of uniting all forces to build one union, to restore the union conditions and the union wages to the fur workers;

"Be it further resolved, that in the event the A. F. of L. will ignore this resolution, the Progressive Bloc of the Joint Council is hereby authorized to join forces with those elements that are striving for one union and jointly issue a call to all fur workers to build one union of all fur workers in the fur trade."

PORTER'S WRIST FOUND SLASHED

Officers Try to Break Spirit of Youth

FORT ADAMS, R. I., July 25.—The greatest efforts are being made by the military authorities here to break down the militant attitude of John Porter, New Bedford strike leader, and to force him to repudiate the labor movement.

Terms of Officers

Army officers have given Porter the "confidential" information that he would have been released or given a short sentence if it had not been for his militant stand at the court-martial, and that "even now it is not too late" for release if he would accept the terms of the authorities, intimating that they would free him if he would repudiate his Communist principle. The authorities have been trying to prevent Porter from communicating with the organizations working for his release and to make him believe that he is deserted by the workers on the "outside."

Mysterious Circumstances

Porter at present is in the hospital, with his wrists slashed under very mysterious circumstances. He writes that he woke up in the hospital and was told by the officers that he had cut his own wrists. It seems that this "explanation" is a part of the systematic attempt to remove Porter from the labor movement by all means, and to use every method of terror to break the spirit of this young worker.

RED CROSS "CHARITY"

Scabbing, Price of Aid to Miner's Child

PORTAGE, Pa., July 26.—"Why don't you go to work?" is the strike-breaking answer the Red Cross of Cambria County makes to striking miners who ask for medical aid.

When an abscess developed on the leg of two-yera-old Rose-Marie, George Killinger appealed to doctor after doctor to take care of his daughter. But unless money is paid in advance, the striking miner was told, there would be no medical aid. Mrs. Killinger tried home remedies, but the festering only became worse.

As a last resort, Killinger carried the child to the Red Cross station in Portage, Pa. Again the question: "Why don't you go to work?" was asked. Killinger replied that although his six children were living on barely one meal a day, he would not become a scab, pointing out that the children would suffer far more in the long run if the strikers did not stick together.

ANSWERS HASTILY TO S. O. S. CALL OF DAMAGED VESSEL

Divers Descend to Repair Leak; Big Ovation As All Hands Are Saved

HAMBURG, July 26 (UP).—The Russian Arctic relief ship Krassin, with a record of rescues of survivors of the dirigible Italia and lost rescuers, today had added one more achievement to its notable list of operations since it steamed into the ice floes of the north.

Although damaged by ice, the Krassin, proceeding to harbor for repairs, answered a distress call from the Hamburg South American excursion steamer, Monte Cervantes, with 1,500 tourists aboard, and by its quick arrival calmed passengers who were alarmed by a leak the Monte Cervantes had sprung after collision with an ice floe.

The storage room in the bow of the Monte Cervantes was filled with water. The Krassin arrived at midnight Wednesday, made ready to take off the tourists if it were necessary, then sent down divers to examine the damage to the vessel.

* * *

MOSCOW, July 26 (UP).—Professor Samoilovitch, Commander of the Krassin, sent a wireless message saying the ship was received with cheers from passengers and crew crowded on the deck of the Monte Cervantes when the Soviet vessel reached the crippled tourist liner.

The Krassin was instructed to proceed to Stavanger for repairs and then resume the search for lost exployers and rescue workers.

* * *

MOSCOW, July 26 (UP).—Jubilant over its latest rescue feat, the ice-breaker Krassin radioed today that passengers and crew of the steamship Monte Cervantes crowded the decks to welcome its prompt response to an S. O. S. call today.

The Krassin was cheered repeatedly, the message said. It added that the Krassin immediately began rescue work.

After completing its task of helping the Monte Cervantes, the ship's

Continued on Page Five

U. S. PLANES HIT BY SANDINO FIRE

Marines Drop Tons of Bombs

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 26.—Marine airplanes yesterday carried out one of the most vicious bombing attacks on the military and civil forces of Nicaragua yet to be conducted according to a report which came here today. General Sandino's troops returned the attack from hiding, it is stated, and a number of the marine planes were hit by the fire of the Nicaraguan defenders of their country.

The marine aviators dropped seventeen eighteen-puond demolition bombs and eight fifty-pound bombs. They also fired 5,000 rounds from machine guns.

The attack which took place along the Portca River in northeastern Neuva Segovia, was reported to the state department at Washington by Minister Charles G. Eberhardt.

The casualties are unknown. Estimates of deaths of American marines in the imperialist war which the United States is conducting in Nicaragua place the figure many hundreds over those reported by the U. S. State Department.

* * *

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 26.—Further penetration of Nicaraguan industry by American investors, following in the wake of the army of marines was revealed here today with the announcement that the Central American Power Corporation has purchased the electric light, ice and water systems of this city.

The Central American Power Corporation is organized for the purpose of Nicaraguan investment by the W. B. Foshay Co. of New York City.

TUNNEY VICTOR IN BLOODY BOUT

Referee Stops Fight in 11th Round

Gene Tunney last night defended successfully his heavyweight championship of the world by scoring a technical knockout over Tom Heeney of New Zealand.

Boxing experts tonight described the bout as one of the bloodiest in the history of the ring, with Heeney getting by far the worst of it.

After two minutes and 52 seconds of fighting in the eleventh round of the scheduled 15-round bout, referee Eddie Forbes stepped between the men and led Heeney, who was almost cut to pieces by the terrible mauling that Tunney had given him, to his corner.

85 JAILED MILL PICKETS BAILED

Great T. M. C. Strike Parade Tomorrow

(**Special to the Daily Worker**)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 26.—Bail totaling $54,100 was ordered in District Court here today in the cases of the 85 men and women arrested last night when the combined forces of New Bedford and Fall River police, aided by deputy sheriffs who read the riot act, broke up the mass picketing demonstrations of the textile strikers at the Sharp Mill.

Eighty-two were arrested last night when the mill barons' police here continued their announced plans of completely prohibiting mass picketing on the grounds of a recent court ruling, which used the hypocritical expedient of outlawing picketing by terming it "parading without a permit." The other three were arrested later on warrants sworn out by police. The "warrant" manoeuver provides the police with a weapon they use in arresting and rearresting leaders of the Textile Workers Union subsidiary of the Textile Mill Committees.

Trial Tuesday.

All defendants pleaded not guilty and after bail had been provided by many local volunteers, were ordered to come up for trial Tuesday.

Augusto C. C. Pinto was in the prisoners dock again when the workers appeared before the judge. This in Pinto's ninth arrest for strike activities, having so far collected five months in jail terms. Jackson Wales, Virginia Zodra and John Motta and Pinto are out on bonds of from $1,100 to $1,500, bail for the others being set at $600 each.

Most of Leaders Arrested.

Most of the leaders of the T.M.C. were arrested in last night's arrests.

Continued on Page Five

PLAN WORLD FLIGHT

CADIZ, Spain, July 26 (UP).—Commander Ramon Franco was prepared to start at the first favorable opportunity on a seaplane flight around the world, after the launching of his big plane here today.

illman 'Union' Drive In Philadelphia Aids Only Bosses, Says Italian Organizer

IVORCES SELF OM SELL-OUT CTICS OF A.C.W.

ps Guest Speaker of Union, Fascist Judge

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Appointed as organizer in the so-called organization drive now being carried on by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union in this city, Dominic Flaiani, leader of Italian workers in this city, has sent an open letter to President Sidney Hillman, denouncing the methods used by him and his machine in carrying on the drive. The reason for the letter, the writer states, is to announce to the workers that he disassociates himself completely with the Hillman policy of convincing the open-shop bosses that they will have direct benefits from unionization, instead of conducting a militant struggle of the workers to force union recognition. The letter follows, in part:

July 21, 1928.

"To Mr. Hillman, Mr. Blumberg and to the General Executive Board, Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union:

"Prompted by a desire to help improve the conditions of the clothing workers of Philadelphia and the hope that I would be better able to exert influence upon the organizing staff in favor of the militant policies which are the sole means by which an organization capable of improving the conditions of the workers can be established, I accepted some four weeks ago appointment to the organizing staff which is conducting the campaign in this city.

"As one who has worked for many years in the industry and who has been an active member of my local union and joint board, I was fully aware of the miserable, intolerable conditions under which the workers in this city are forced to work in consequence of the absence of a powerful, militant union that can effectively improve and defend wage standards and working conditions. I also was acquainted with the extent to which the G. E. B. of the Amalgamated is responsible for this situation. I knew very well that the absence of a union in this city is to a very large extent the fault of the G. E. B., which, time and again (in 1923, 1924 and 1925), launched organizing campaigns, stirred up hope among the workers that they would finally be organized and then left the field without accomplishing anything else than to further demoralize and depress the workers and to undermine their faith in unionism.

"After the meeting of last Tuesday it became evident that not even the pretense of waging a determined struggle against the bosses would be kept up.

"The statements of Mr. Hillman in the meeting which, it was believed, would issue the call for a strike, together with my experience as a member of the organizing staff during the past four weeks have convinced me that the G. E. B. is pursuing a policy which, if continued, will again result in preventing rather than achieving organization and improved working conditions for the clothing workers. I have attempted to present my views to the staff, the local membership and to the joint board. I find, however, that it is both impossible and useless to present any proposals to the staff. Your deliberate policy of practically suspending the local and joint board during the period of the campaign in order to facilitate the one-man dictatorship which you have set up in this city, prevents my appearance before the membership which has thus been excluded from all participation and jurisdiction over the campaign as well as all other business of the organization.

"Under the circumstances, it becomes necessary for me to take this means of recording my views in order to warn the membership and the workers generally against a policy which threatens to again blast the hope of organizing the Philadelphia market.

"The workers would not approve the policies which are pursued by Mr. Blumberg with the consent of the G. E. B. Mr. Hillman voices and Mr. Blumberg translates into action a policy which leads to direct betrayal of the clothing workers. Mr. Hillman has made clear that he came to Philadelphia not for the purpose of rallying the workers for struggle against the open-shop, but to induce the bosses to abandon the open-shop policy. Mr. Hillman bases himself not upon the original power of the workers, but upon his persuasive power; upon his ability to convince the bosses that they would allow the Amalgamated to become partners in their enterprises. Mr. Hillman does not inspire the workers to fight for their right to organize and wrest better conditions from the greedy bosses, but seeks to convince them that strikes and struggles are an uncivilized method."

Piloted Ship Which Made Great Rescue

Capt. Egge, commander of the Krassin, the Soviet ice-breaker that saved 16 men lost in the Arctic north in one of the most heroic rescues ever recorded. The Krassin is now on its way to port for overhauling, after which it will renew its search for the 12 men still missing.

LABOR PARTY IS FORMED IN OHIO

Miners Set Up Ticket and Platform

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MARTINS FERRY, O., July 26.—The convention called by the sub-district convention of the miners, held in Ballaire on May 22-23 for the formation of a Labor Party, was held in this city on Sunday, July 22, and was marked by wonderful enthusiasm.

A full county slate and a real labor platform was adopted; a pledge was given that all the power of the delegates and their organizations will be put at the service of the executive council elected to put through the ticket.

The convention was opened by Frank Sepich, vice-chairman of the sub-district of the miners, the gavel then being handed over to Robert Sivert as permanent chairman, and Charles Guynn as secretary.

Large Attendance

Andy Plechaty, secretary-treasurer of the sub-district of the miners, then made the opening speech before the 53 delegates representing 28 unions, fraternal lodges, women's auxiliaries, etc. In a well-balanced speech, Plechaty said, among other things:

"The republican party of Abraham Lincoln is now the party of Andrew Mellon and other big industrial magnates." The farmers went to the republican convention and were thrown out; William Green was given five minutes to place the grievances and demands of organized labor before the platform committee of the same convention.

"There was so much democracy at the democratic convention that at its very doors a Negro was lynched. The A. F. of L. slogan of 'reward your friends' really means 'reward your enemies.'"

Workers Now Divided.

Plechaty showed how the workers are continually divided, endorsing the candidates of the enemy parties—as, for instance, Lewis declaring that Hoover was "highly satisfactory" to him, and Mellon, the worst enemy of organized labor, saying the same. He explained that there had been a good farmer-labor movement before 1924, but it was completely disrupted by Bob LaFollette, who refused to accept the platform of the Farmer-Labor Party.

"We are not going into the elections in order to protest against Sheriff Hardesty, who had jailed so many workers, or against the county commissioners, who have bankrupted the county in supplying guards free of charge to the operators. We are going into the elections with the intention of electing our men."

Scabs and Police.

It was brought out by Robert Matusek, president of the sub-district, that one of the candidates for sheriff on the republican ticket, Cy Thomas, was a scab in the steel strike. Bill Knight is a guard at the Bellaire steel mills, and, if elected, will have to work under the orders of the U. S. Steel Corporation."

Joe Weber explained the importance of the Labor Party in organizing the unorganized workers in the country, and called upon the workers not to allow the employers further to employ prejudice against the Negro workers, not to allow the bosses to divide them on religious, racial or other lines.

Sadie Van Veen emphasized the importance of the Labor Party for the woman worker and housewife and called upon the delegation to make a vigorous campaign to enlist the active support of the women in the county for the Labor Party.

Labor Ticket.

For sheriff: Frank Guynn, Lansing.

For state senator: Robert Matusek, Bellaire.

For state assemblyman: Robert Sivert, Lansing.

For county treasurer: Joe Truax, Shadyside.

For county clerk: Martin Spanner, Bellaire.

For county commissioners: George Klamut, Maynard: Bruno Bitker, Lansing; John Barto, Lansing.

For probate judge: Roy Wallace, Dilles Bottom.

For coroner: D. E. Deughty, Martins Ferry.

The executive committee was empowered to select candidates for prosecuting attorney and surveyor. The executive committee consists of Robert Sivert, Charles Guynn, Frank Sepich, Joe Kosteshka, Dominic Sambuco, Adolf Rattay and Robert Bazrak. A campaign and publicity committee was elected.

The platform analyzes conditions in the United States and the county and state, and puts forth the following planks:

Labor's Demands.

Unemployment insurance, old age compensation, the right to organize without interference, abolition of the yellow dog contract, the right to strike and picket without interference, abolition of the vagrancy laws, against court injunctions, full guarantee of the right of free speech and free assemblage, against the state constabulary. The platform further provides for a maximum 8-hour day, 5-day week, no night work for women, equal pay for equal work for women, 6-hour day for young workers, for protection of the foreign-born; equal rights for the Negroes, abolition of the criminal syndicalist law, immediate release of all victims of the labor struggle, for free hospitals and free clinics, which is an issue in the county, for there is no help for workers in need; for factory and mining boards, to be composed in part of trade unionists; better roads for the farmers and lower taxes, immediate withdrawal of marines and warships from Nicaragua, Haiti and China and immediate independence for the Philippines, against war and against military training of the youth in the schools, against the C. M. T. C., for a state and national Labor Party, for a Labor government in the United States.

Earnest Debate.

The resolutions, which were earnestly debated and brought out many incidents of the labor struggles in the county in recent years, comprised organization of the unorganized workers, the International Labor Defense, importation of scabs into strike areas, against Sheriff Hardesty and Governor Donehy, recognition of the Soviet Union, great stress being laid upon the heroic deed of the Russian aviators in saving the fascist Arctic explorers, for a real labor press, for the Young Pioneers, state and national Labor Party.

The Workers (Communist) Party was represented at the convention by Frank Sepich, who is a candidate for the U. S. congress on the party ticket from the 20th congressional district. Sepich explained the relation of the Communist Party to the Labor Party, the difference in its organization and character, but assuring the convention that in the present campaign the Communist Party will support the Labor Party of Belmont County whole-heartedly, pointing out its limitations.

Big Job Ahead.

The convention was one of the most enthusiastic ever held in this part of the state. Robert Sivert, in closing the convention, and each of the speakers, emphasized that the convention now has a big job before it. The delegates must each become a "campaign-manager." In the union, fraternal lodge, on doorsteps, in the pool room, the Labor Party, its platform and candidates must be discussed. If this is done, the Labor Party will go across in Belmont County.

HOLD ELECTION DRIVE TAG DAYS AUGUST 18 - 26

Sell "Vote Communist" Buttons, Stamps

Tag Days to raise funds for the Workers (Communist) Party Election Campaign will be held in large cities thruout the United States from August 18 to August 26. Interest in the elections have now been stimulated to such an extent that all affairs will be successful if properly organized.

The "Vote Communist Stamp" and the "Vote Communist Button" are now selling in large quantities.

Candidates' Photos.

The stamp is printed over a background formed by the Red Hammer and Sickle with the photographs of Foster and Gitlow tastefully worked in. These can be posted on envelopes, letters, programs, shop papers bulletins.

The sale of stamps and buttons will add materially to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund in addition to being excellent propaganda.

A book of eighty stamps sells for $1.00. They can be resold at 10 cents per page of eight stamps. In quantity lots they can be secured at 55 books for $50; 90 for $75; 125 for $100.

Designed by Ellis.

On the "Vote Communist" button is a beautiful arrangement of the photographs of Foster and Gitlow within a solid red shield. They can be sold anywhere for a dime. They can be secured in lots up to 100 for 5 cents each to 2 cents each in lots of 5,000 or over.

The stamp and the button were designed by the noted proletarian artist, Fred Ellis.

With unemployment severe, the poor farmers being crucified by the bankers and mulcted by the railroads in excessive freight rates, the textile workers receiving cuts in wages and the miners' strike betrayed by the Lewis machine, the opportunity for Communist propaganda was never brighter.

It will be simple matter to make the workers understand that Al Smith, backed by the House of Morgan and the Du Pont Powder Company, as well as other great financial and industrial barons, cannot be a friend of the working class. He will serve the interests of those who provide his campaign funds.

Thomas Straddling.

Likewise Hoover, who is backed by the strikebreaker Mellon and the slave-driver Ford as well as by another big chunk of the American bourgeoisie.

The candidate of the socialist party, Thomas is trying to straddle the burning issues of the day.

The only party in the field that stands for the workers is the Workers (Communist) Party. Its message will fall on fertile soil during this election campaign, if the National Election Campaign Committee has the funds to tour speakers and print tons of literature.

Workers and Farmers! Collect money from your associates in field and factory. Sell "Vote Communist" stamps and "Vote Communist" buttons. Participate in Tag Days Make this the greatest fight to spread Communism ever undertaken in the the United States. The workers must be mobilized for the struggle against capitalism.

Help in this work by contributing to the Communist Campaign Fund. Address all contributions to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer, 43 E. 125th St., New York.

STRIKE FILMS AT RELIEF AFFAIR

Solidarity Parade Will Be Feature

The Miners' Solidarity Fair, which will take place on August 5 at Pleasant Bay Park, is expected to be one of the biggest relief affairs ever held in New York. The arrangement committee of the National Miners' Relief Conference which has been continually at work on the program for the past several weeks, has announced a program of excellent features, including many that have not been performed or shown before the workers in America before.

Miners' Strike Movies.

Foremost among the features that will make up the program will be the Miners' Strike Movies, which were taken on the strike areas during the struggles of the striking workers. Scenes from strike conflicts, the home life of the miners their parades and mass meetings—all will be shown on the screen. The five-reel drama will be produced here for the first time.

Other Features.

Other features of the Solidarity Fair will be the Solidarity Parade in which thousands of workers will participate, all carrying slogans and banners with the strikers' sentiments engraved on them. Motion pictures will be taken of this parade, and will afterward be added as part of the strike film, which will be routed nationally.

Workers Have Narrow Escape From Death at Union Square

Subway workers had a narrow escape from death yesterday when a big derrick used on the construction job at Union Square crashed thru the timbers of the roof. The accident happened across the square from the Daily Worker's offices. The wreck of the big crane is shown in the picture.

RECOGNITION OF NANKING SOON

Begin Negotiations for Trade Treaty

PEKING, July 26 (UP).—American Minister MacMurray prepared today to begin negotiations immediately with the Nationalist Government for a new Chinese-American trade treaty, granting China freedom to assess tariffs on American goods, as directed by Secretary of State Kellogg.

* * *

Recognition of Nanking.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The note sent yesterday by Kellogg to the Nanking government, virtually recognizing it as the responsible government of China, has led to the belief here that de jure recognition will be forthcoming shortly.

The note was very cordial in tone and is looked upon as clearing the way for a separate agreement between the United States and Nanking which is now considered capable of taking care of American interests in China.

Secretary Kellogg made it clear today that the United States wished to negotiate with Nanking, although he intimated that their would be no opposition to joint negotiations after the United States had obtained its terms.

Copies of the note were also transmitted to the embassies of Belgium, Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan the Netherlands, Portugal, Denmark, Norway, Sweden and Spain because of their "general interests in China."

RED BANQUET IN NEWARK PLANNED

Will Usher In Jersey Election Campaign

To welcome the delegates to the New Jersey State Ratification Convention, a huge Red Proletarian Newark, N. J.

The banquet will be the largest affair of its kind ever held in New Jersey, and besides being an occasion for festivity, will serve a double purpose. The date of the Red Banquet is the 14th anniversary of the opening of the last World War, in which millions of workers were slaughtered in the redistribution of capitalist markets, and the banquet will be turned into a tremendous demonstration against the danger of a new world war and against the menace of American imperialism.

Nearing, Weisbord to Speak.

Among the speakers at the banquet will be Scott Nearing, noted authority on American imperialism and Communist candidate for Governor of New Jersey and Albert Weisbord, leader of the Passaic strike and Communist candidate for Senator.

All delegates to the Ratification Convention which will be held the next day will be present at the Red Banquet, as well as many other workers. All workers' clubs, labor and fraternal organizations are invited to send delegates to the Red Proletarian Banquet, as well as to the Ratification Convention.

There is no perturbation on the part of workers who will attend the Red Banquet for fear of the day of the banquet turning out to be hot and sultry, for if the weather should be torrid, the banquet will be held on the roof garden of the Workers Progressive Center.

All workers' organizations which have not yet elected delegates to the banquet are urged to do so at once.

Washington Heights Club Meets Monday

The second meeting of the club which is being organized in Washington Heights will take place Monday at 100 Northern Ave., corner of 181st St., apartment 33 at 8 p. m. Everybody interested in building up a strong and active club in Washington Heights, and all residing in that section of the city are invited to attend.

Big Freiheit Picnic to Be Held Tomorrow

Thousands of workers are expected to be present at the annual Freiheit picnic, to be held tomorrow at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn.

A program of unusual interest has been arranged, including games and athletics of all sorts. The Freiheit Sport Club will have all its star athletes at the picnic and three soccer teams will play against the Hebrew American League, the Harlem Progressive Soccer Club and the Co-operative Sport Club.

POLICE FAIL TO BREAK RED MEET

(Special to the Daily Worker)

Police failed in their attempt to break up an open-air meeting held last night by the Workers (Communist) Party at Second Ave. and 10th St.

At first one policeman tried to stop the meeting. As he could not, and according to law he should not have tried to stop it, more policemen were sent to the scene. Three came.

Speakers from the platform spoke about these actions of the police. They showed that their actions proved that the capitalists use the state power to prevent the working class from awakening from its oppressed position in society. The applause from the workers at the words of the speakers was so prolonged and enthusiastic that in the face of it the police were helpless. The meeting then went on until its originally intended close.

ARMED

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CALGARY, Alberta, (By Mail)—The warm cloudy weather of this summer has brought a bumper crop of straw which is hell to stock and very hard on the backs of the workers. You will do well to stay away from this place and not allow yourself to be bunked by transportation companies, as you will be obliged to compete with slavish conditions imposed upon thousands and thousands of poor middle Europe immigrants who have been shipped here and starving since last August.

It is a well known fact, and will bear repeating, that at this time of the year English speaking migratory workers are in big demand in Western Canada penetentiaries where they gather the harvest in a radius of fifty miles of the jail, with insufficient food and under the nose of an armed guard, when a few days before Christmas they are turned loose to shift for themselves, and generally at 40 below zero. So be wise and stay away.

—M. B. B.

ANSCHLUSS TOUR BRINGS THREATS

Little Entente Talks Armed Opposition

VIENNA, July 26.—Anschlussers, campaigning for a union of Germany and Austria, headed by Reichstag President Loebe, toured Austrian cities yesterday and today. Loebe declares that the movement is not engineered by the North Germans.

* * *

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, July 26—The project for the unification of Germany and Austria is being met here with strong opposition and threats of military occupation of Austria.

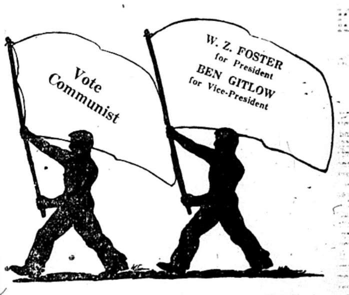
YOUTH TO MEET SATURDAY TO AID TEXTILE STRIKE

To Hold Tag Day for Miners, Mill Workers

The Youth Conference for Miners' and Textile Relief will hold a one-day Tag Day Saturday. The money collected will be sent to the striking textile workers and the miners.

"We have sent over $5,500 for the relief of the striking miners," the statement of the Youth Conference reads, "but not yet enough for the textile workers. We are going out big now in the drive to help the New Bedford strikers. We are going to help the rank and file workers organized in the Textile Mill Committees, and not the fakers like Batty and his socialistic crew who are dividing and splitting up the workers there. We know that the textile workers are putting up a stiff fight; they are struggling for militant unionism, against the speedup system, aainst the wage cut—and at the same time against the misleaders and betrayers of the workers, Batty and Manning."

The statement concludes with: "the Young Peoples Socialist League, which at one time was affiliated with the Youth Conference, but later on sneaked out of affiliation and organized a dual youth relief body with some pacifist and liberal clubs, has tried hard to pose as the sole supporter of the textile workers. The Youth Conference has already sent in as much as any youth relief committee—and sent in this money to the real representatives of the workers.



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THE PICNIC OF THE YEAR

Freiheit Picnic

Saturday, July 28

Ulmer Park, Brooklyn

THE FREIHEIT SPORT CLUB has prepared an excellent program in which the entire club takes part.

THE THREE SOCCER TEAMS will play against the following organizations: 1.—Hebrew American League; 2.—Harlem Progressive S. C.; 3.—Co-operative Sport Club.

ADMISSION 35 CENTS

Polish Miners' Walk-Out Ties Up Coal Districts as Thousands Down Tools for a Day

DOMBROWA AND CRACOW FIELDS ARE PARALYZED

Men Demand Living Wages

WARSAW, Poland, July 26.—While tension grew between the Lithuanian and Polish governments, thousands of Polish coal miners yesterday walked out on a one-day general strike in protest against conditions existing in their industry.

The strike, which comes out of rank and file agitation in the form of a decision of the Executive Committee of the miners' union, was announced several days ago.

By noon yesterday the walk-out was complete in the Cracow and Dombrowa districts, where the enthusiasm of the men for the general walk-out was great. In Upper Silesia the walk-out was nearly complete.

The miners have warned the operators that the present strike is only a foretaste of what will happen, provided conditions in the coal mining industry are not remedied at once. At present the men are earning as low as 50 cents a day.

Using the strike as a threat to frighten the government, the coal operators are attempting to bully the Polish government to give them a subsidy in the form of cheaper freight rates on export coal. The railroad officials in the government have not done this to date.

NEW EVIDENCE IN CENTRALIA CASES

Committee to Fight for Liberation

Continued from Page One

day to sit in the court-room in their uniforms and intimidate witnesses and jurors; of the thirty or more affidavits showing a raid on the hall before any shooting; of the scandal school for witnesses at Montesano during the trial where each witness for the prosecution was schooled in preparation for his false testimony; of the lynching and mutilation of at least one who dared to oppose; and so on in an endless chain of treachery, tyranny and injustice that would make Nero blush for shame."

He tells of the formation of a new committee for liberation in the Northwest; of a visit to the parole board with a group including the secretary of the Tacoma Central Labor Council, a vice-president of the Washington State Federation representing the Spokane Labor Council, and of Charlotte Todes, Seattle secretary of the International Labor Defense, who also heads the Centralia Liberation Committee.

Appealing to all workers to join in the fight for the freedom of the Centralia men, he concludes: "Let's do this one thing well; let's bring together all the power at our command to force the release of our noble brothers who have stood the brunt of the fight to organize the timber industry."

BIG OVATION FOR SANDINO OFFICIAL

Mexicans Demonstrate Solidarity

Continued from Page One

can minister in Tegucigalpa, has at the country's eastern harbor a professional murderer, Ramon Mondragon, from whom I had to flee in order not to become a new victim."

"What about Sandino's malaria?" the correspondent inquired. "That is a fairy tale to divert the American people's attention from the fact that an unprecedented outrage is being committed in Nicaragua and to hide from them the numerous casualties that have resulted from it. The rumor of Sandino's ailment is similar to the prophecy of the chief officer of the marines relative to the extermination of Sandino and his followers before the beginning of the rainy season.

"Gen. Sandino and his men are in [illegible] moral condition and I am able now to state, quoting him, that the enemies' casualties amount to very near 1,800 men, and that the arms with which they are fighting for their liberty were and are being taken from the American head marines. A battle was fought some time ago out of which not one marine came out alive, although nothing of this was reported by Secretary of Navy Wilbur. The mere nomination of Cancada to the presidency will not be the signal to end the fighting, as Sandino has set as the imperative condition the immediate evacuation of the Nicaraguan soil by the North American imperialist marines."

[illegible] carried with him the [illegible] given him by Gen. Sandino [illegible] him to represent the [illegible] government.

Obregon, Victim of Clericals, Is Buried

Standing with heads uncovered at the bier of Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico, recently assassinated by Jose de Leon Toral, a tool of the clericals, many of his associates paid their last respects to the dead. President Calles is indicated by arrow. Obregon was buried in the mountains in his native state of Sonora. By the wish of Obregon, no religious ceremony was permitted at his funeral.

APPEAL AGAINST POLICE CONTROL

Fight for Free Speech In Philadelphia

An appeal to the Superior Court at Philadelphia will be taken from the recent decision of Judge Alessandroni of the Court of Common Pleas upholding police control over public meetings in private halls, according to an announcement made yesterday by the American Civil Liberties Union. The decision, handed down July 16, involves 16 men arrested for "disorderly conduct" on February 12 when the Philadelphia Council of Unemployed attempted to hold a Lincoln's Birthday meeting in a private hall, despite police refusal to grant a permit.

The police, acting under orders from Superintendent Mills, according to the Union, blocked entrance to the hall where the meeting was scheduled, and when some 500 men went to another hall, lined up and barred the door to that also. When speakers within the second hall attempted to speak from the windows, the police entered the building and made arrests.

Although Judge Alessandroni's ruling releases 10 of the 16 defendants because of insufficient evidence, it affirms the $10 fines imposed on the other six by the magistrate's court, and holds that the police have supervisory power over meetings, and that no meeting may be held if they prohibit it. The Civil Liberties Union contends that the police have no legal right to censor meetings in private halls. Repeated efforts to get a court ruling were unavailing until this case arose. David Wallerstein, Philadelphia attorney who has conducted the cases in the lower courts, will represent the Union in the appeal.

Chemists Produce Synthetic Rubber

EVANSTON, Ill., July 25 (UP).—A synthetic lumber has been produced by chemists as another item in their farm relief program, it was brought out at the institute of chemistry at Northwestern University here today.

The chemists are bringing before the farmers new methods as to how their supposed useless articles may be turned to profit. They have emphasized the use of corn stalks and straw in development of new material, and O. R. Sweeney of Iowa State College today added this new industry to the list.

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CONTINUE FIGHT FOR GAS HEARING

Injunction Is Planned Against Commission

Adhering to its ruling of a week ago, the big-business controlled upstate Public Service Commission refused again yesterday to allow opponents of the proposed $1,000,000,000 merger of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company to present their case in the interest of gas and light consumers in New York City.

The official stand taken was that no person not owning stock in either of the companies was entitled to any consideration in the matter.

Grafters Head Commission.

Chairman Prendergast, who in 1911 was the city comptroller of New York and who together with Mayor William J. Gainor and the entire city board of estimate and apportionment, were bought up by the traction trust, and George R Van Namee, Tammany politician who led the Smith pre-convention activities, were the only members of the commission on the bench at yesterday's hearing.

The Public Committee on Power may seek to enjoin the commission from proceeding to a decision on the ground that a proper hearing has not yet been held, it was announced.

Huge Merger.

It was recently revealed that the Koppits Gas and Coke Company of Philadelphia, a Mellon concern, has bought deeply into the stocks of both the Consolidated and the Edison companies, and that the proposed merger will be merely a final step in the formation of a huge, single-controlled light and gas trust extending from Philadelphia to Boston with its pivot point in New York.

Arkansas to Vote On Anti-Evolution

The first state-wide anti-evolution referendum ever held will take place in Arkansas, Nov. 6.

At the last session of the Arkansas legislature, 1927, the Rotenberry Anti-Evolution bill passed the House of Representatives by a vote of 51 to 46, but was defeated in the senate by a vote of 16 to 14. Adopting a new strategy, which they threaten to employ in every state having the initiative and referendum, the fundamentalists have filed a petition for a state referendum.

The American Association for the Advancement of Atheism will take the field against the fundamentalists. Its president, Charles Smith, a native of Arkansas, will leave within six weeks for Little Rock to establish a campaign base there, and will return there early in October to aid in the fight against the anti-evolutionists.

WORLD CONGRESS HEARS WORKERS PARTY PROBLEMS

Balkan Situation Also Discussed

Continued from Page One

supply most of the cannon fodder during wars.

Stabilization is very shaky in the Balkans, he said, and the bourgeoisie is not able to find a stable foundation.

It is impossible to solve the differences between Italy and Jugo-Slavia peacefully hence the danger of war. The social democrats in the Balkans are assisting the terror against the revolutionary workers, this fast must therefore determine the Communist attitude to the social democrats. The Communist Parties of the Balkans have overcome severe crises.

Pepper Speaks.

Pepper then declared that Dunne, of the United States, had spoken only for himself, whereas the rest of the American delegation agreed with Bukharin. American imperialism is not exhausted, he said. The growth of capitalism does not exclude the growth of internal contradictions. On the contrary, the rapid growth of the economic and political power of American capitalism has caused severe internal and external conflicts.

The increasing radicalization of the American masses is present only in certain industries and does not embrace all the decisive sections of the proletariat. On the contrary, a tendency toward "becoming respectable" is still presen in cerain sections.

The Central Committee of the Workers Party has corrected the opportunist errors of former party leaders, who are now accusing the Central Committee of opportunism.

Youth Movement.

Blenkle, of the German Young Communist League, declared the organizational situation of the Young Communist Leagues unsatisfactory, though not stagnant. There has been a falling off in membership in the Communist Children's Leagues, whereas the social democratic children's leagues are growing. The Communist Parties must support the Young Communist Leagues, he declared.

Hannington, of Great Britain, then asserted that Bukharin's analysis failed sufficiently to treat the unemployment problem, which is one of the greatest questions of the day. The Communist International will make a mistake if it neglects the unemployment question, as the unemployed workers represent a great factor against capitalism.

Prague Police Arrest 150 Workers Red Day

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia (By Mail).—In Prague 150 workers were arrested because of the Red Day (July 5). Many of the arrested were put in chains because they shouted revolutionary slogans.

At the intervention of the Representatives Hruska and Landa-Stychov in the name of the Red Aid some of the prisoners were freed.

Raids have been made on the numerous local workers' organizations and on the homes of Communist functionaries.

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Militarist Propaganda Keeps Air Victims Mounting

By every means at the command of its publicity and propaganda experts, the United States war department is preaching air consciousness in order to prepare the ground for the coming imperialist war. Ill-trained pilots and novices who are carried away by the exhilaration of flying itself have been the Principal victims of the government's propaganda. The picture shows the end of one such tragedy where two occupants of what was once a plane, crashed to earth at Jersey City.

'BOMBS FAIL' TO DISRUPT RELIEF

Washington Meeting Is Big Success

WOODLAND, Wash., July 26.—Students of the Woodland Workers' School were refused a hall here yesterday in which to meet for the purpose of raising some funds to aid the starving miners. Undaunted by the efforts on the part of local authorities to prevent any gathering, the worker-students held an outdoor meeting.

The meeting was greeted with outbursts of enthusiasm on the part of the workers gathered to listen to the speakers. It is probably the first open-air meeting at which so much as $17 was collected.

The local business interests, which in the first instance had urged the authorities here to refuse a hall for the miners' relief meeting were angered by the success of the meeting and threw stink bombs among the throng. The meeting, however, continued with the same high spirit until its end, notwithstanding the attempts to break it up on the part of business interests.

CHORUS GIRLS FORM A UNION

CHICAGO, July 26.—A mass meeting of chorus girls, held here recently, decided to organize into a union and affiliate themselves with the Actors' Equity Association an A. F. of L. union. The meeting was called by Ann Lord and Loretta Clevinger.

The latter stated that there 2,400 chorus girls in Chicago and that they all are underpaid and must work any number of hours their employers demand. The new union will demand a minimum wage of $35 per week for city girls and $45 per week for girls on the road. They will also demand a regulated work day.

RESTS WEARY BONES—Paris (UP)—President Doumergue has left to spend his vacation at the official summer capital at Rambouillet.

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Police Beat; Objective Court Punishes Worker

BERLIN (By Mail).—In the Tempelhof court three workers were tried on June 27. Ten witnesses were called. The story of their crime is as follows: At the celebration of the tenth anniversary of the Soviet Union the "Leunalied" was sung, and the police felt themselves to be insulted. One of the accused, Max Kube, was beaten down by a policeman's club. Unconscious and covered with blood, Kube was dragged into a auto, taken to the police station, treated there for eight weeks, and until today is disabled.

Now he sits on the accused bench, together with Hertwig and Henschel, who attempted to protect him from further mistreatment by the police.

The charge is: resistance to the state power. Kube was also charged with hitting an officer from behind.

Witnesses swear that Kube neither sang nor did anything, but without much ado was beaten by the police. The sluggers, however, told another story. And the court decided energetic use of the police had prevented a heavy slaughter. Kube was sentenced to 75 marks fine and 15 days in prison.

Russian Fraction to Hold Meeting Tonight

An important meeting of the Russian fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York will be held tonight at 8 p. m. in the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Squae, on the 6th floor.

Important matters are on the agenda, and all members are urged to be present.

GOOD-WILL MAN GUARDED

BUENOS AYRES, July 26.—President-elect Guggiari of Paraguay, who is making a "good-will" tour of a number of South American republics, had to be escorted to the train by a squadron of armed guards. He was present at the funeral ceremonies of the vice-president-elect of Brazil, Biero.

RENEW TERROR IN BULGARIA

Working Class Editors in Prison

SOFIA, July 26.—The fascist regime has renewed its persecution of the workers' and peasants' organizations. The first victims of the offensive are the editors of the working class press.

The following were put in prison: Two editors of the "Novini," the editor of the "Natschalo," the editor of the trade union paper "Edinstwi." The editors were so mishandled in prison that the editor of the Natschalo, who was thrown into a dark cell, went on a hunger strike.

ROSARIO STRIKE GROWS AS PEACE BID IS REJECTED

Power Plant Workers Back Carmen

ROSARIO, Argentina, July 26.—The water works workers, whose early participation in the big Rosario walk-out formed one of the links which made the strike virtually a general strike, even in its early stages, have refused an offer of the owners to return to their jobs on terms that grant them more than they originally demanded. Their refusal to return to work is an expression of solidarity with the other trades now out in the city.

The move on the part of the power plant officials to break the strike of the carmen, dockers and transportation workers was met with a united resistance on the part of the workers.

The solidarity of the electric plant workers with the rest of the strikers has left the impression among hundreds of strikers that the general strike movement is gaining impetus.

In the meantime the harbor traffic of Rosario, the second largest port in Argentina and one of the grain centers of the world, is completely paralyzed. Shipping agents here adopted a resolution unanimously declaring their intention of continuing the boycott of the port.

All shipments of grain have ceased and 300,000 tons of grain are lying on the wharves awaiting export.

HEADS STRIKEBREAKERS

GARDEN CITY, L. I., July 26 (UP).—Elvin Wheeler of Elmira was elected president of the New York State Association of Police Chiefs today. He had served as vice-president last year.

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NORTH DAKOTA RESTAURANT WORKERS' GLORIOUS WAGES TOTAL AS HIGH AS $7 A WEEK---SOMETIMES

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BISMARCK, N. D. (By Mail).—In this state of North Dakota where wages for waiters, waitresses and restaurant workers are considered high, the waitresses are working for seven dollars ($7) per week. These girls are working seven days a week and ten hours a day in order to get their full salary. If they are absent or not on time they do not receive full pay and find that at the end of the week their pay-check has been lowered.

These workers, like almost all other workers here, have no union to help them in their struggles for higher wages and better working conditions. One of the waitresses in making a statement in answer to a question asked her in regard to a union said: "I cannot see what a union could do for us as the bosses are all organized and they would fight against us, and there are so many unemployed restaurant workers at this time that we would have no chance at all to win out. Just a short time ago I told my boss that I couldn't live on seven dollars a week and he replied that it was not his fault and that if I didn't like it I could quit."

However, this is not any particular case as the conditions of these workers are terrible. They are not allowed to sit down once during the entire day as long as they are on duty and do not get a minute off to themselves during their working time.

Talk about exploitation, we have it here in North Dakota as developed as in any other state in these United (capitalist) States. —J.

Trufood Workers Picket in Rain and Heat; Force Cafe Closure, Correspondent Says

HANdOuTS

It is now announced that the "lively and impressive impromptu ovations" which greeted Hoover's train on its trip to the coast were organized by C. Blascom Slemp, national committeeman.

• • •

Under capitalism the law is supposed to apply to rich and poor alike. But if you have a bank account with five or six figures it doesn't apply quite so vigorously to you. The rich have never had the slightest respect for the law except when they use it as a weapon to keep the workers enslaved. The men who are supposed to enforce the law have even less respect for it. This can be seen from the following words of District Attorney Stuart Culbertson of Meadville, Pa., describing the convention of the Pennsylvania State Sheriffs' Association in a hotel at Conneaut Lake, Pa.:

"When we got there we could hear them cursing. I broke into the place and found them reeling about like a lot of drunken hogs. It was the worst mess I ever saw. Bottles were being hurled about, men were fighting and two of them attacked me. We arrested the bellhop as he was serving liquor [They] destroyed a whole bathtub of bottled liquor which was packed on ice.

"They were all in a bad way. I told them who I was, and they asked me to free the bellhop, but I refused. There were at least 40 men in the room, and all of them were drunk."

• • •

If a worker thinks it's all a mistake and that the sheriffs really administer the law impartially instead of only where the graft is thickest he should listen to the following words of Thomas Garfield Sherrett, president of the Pennsylvania State Sheriffs' Association:

"To hell with the District Attorney of Crawford County and Prohibition, too!"

• • •

"We Are Lost"

If a poor working class mother manages to save up sufficient carfare to take her family to Coney Island on a hot afternoon she can console herself, leisurely, with such reveries as "I wonder if John is out past his depth? I do hope Mary doesn't fall off the scenic railway." Also, if she has six children, she is lucky if she gets through the afternoon without losing more than two. In fact, dozens of children misplace their parents at Coney Island every day. Above is a group waiting to be called for at the police station. No such problems trouble a rich woman if she is so indiscreet as to have a couple of children. Her children are sent out to bathe surrounded with so many governesses that at the end of the day you are more liable to be shy a governess than a child.

Gems of Learning

John J. Raskob, Catholic Democratic National Chairman:—"There comes a time in the life of a nation when men not in politics feel called upon to take an active instead of a passive interest in government." If you wonder who calls them, remember money talks.

Restaurant to Donate to Election Fund Drive

The Health Food Restaurant, at 1600 Madison Ave., between 107th and 108th Sts., will donate 20 per cent of its income of today and tomorrow to the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign fund. This has been procured by the members of Unit 1, Section 4 of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Some time ago, the Health Food Restaurant contributed 25 per cent of its proceeds for two days to the striking miners. All workers in New York City are urged to patronize this restaurant for the purpose of aiding in their own drive.

DEMAND UNION RECOGNITION; PAY INCREASES

Open Shop Scheme Is Checked

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Owners of the Trufood Vegetarian Restaurants are vainly trying their best to break down the spirit of the striking waiters and waitresses. While the strike is entering its fourth week the pickets are doing their duty in the sweltering heat as well as in the rainstorms.

"Close or Sign Up!"

The slogan of the workers is the same as it was the first day of the walk-out: "Close up the stores or sign up with the union."

Patrons of the Trufood Restaurants walk down to the picket line and assure the strikers of their sympathy. "Don't give up, kids, we won't go in to eat unless the bosses give you union conditions."

The result of this wide sympathy on the part of the patrons was that the Trufood bosses were forced to close up one of their restaurants on 40th St., between Broadway and 6th Ave.

The bosses tried to use this event as a maneuver for their ends and called a conference with the strikers. Then they invited them to go back to work without recognizing the union. "Otherwise the Trufood will be closed and will be transformed into a cafeteria," they threatened.

Won't Give Up

But the strikers will never give up their just demands. Those who were freed from picket line duty as a result of having their restaurant closed were sent to work on union jobs with the understanding that as soon as the Trufood reopens, they would be placed back on the picket line.

The closing up of a restaurant is looked upon by the strikers as a partial victory. It shows them how strong they are with their determination to win better working conditions, shorter hours and higher wages. H. S.

CIVIL SERVICE LABOR GAGGED

Must Not Take Part in Electioneering

WASHINGTON, July 25 (UP).—The U. S. Civil Service Commission issued a formal warning to all federal employes today against participating in political campaigns this fall.

The commission stated that government employes under its jurisdiction who violated the edict would be dismissed.

• • •

WASHINGTON, July 25.—In spite of the warning issued by the Civil Service Commission, issued for the purpose of intimidating the thousands of workers holding down low-salaried government posts, the higher post-office officials and the leaders of the Civil Service Commission have every year been identified with the campaigns of their parties in organizing and agitating on behalf of their parties in power.

The white collar slaves employed by the government are among the most exploited and intimidated in the country.

PROTEST HALTED ON GAS MERGER

Prendergast Rejects Liberal's Appeal

William A. Prendergast, chairman of the Public Service Commission, announced yesterday that he has telegraphed Morris L. Ernst, attorney for the Public Committee on Power in New York State, confirming an earlier rumor that the commission does not consider his clients a "proper party" to the proceedings growing out of the petition of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York to acquire the stock of the Brooklyn Edison Company.

Prendergast has been exposed before this as the city comptroller of New York, who in 1911, together with Mayor William J. Gaines and the entire city Board of Estimate and Apportionment, was bought up by the traction interests.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., July 26.—A union of federal employes has been organized here. The organization has 50 charter members.

Future Fighters for the Working Class

The picture shows a group of young Pioneers who participated in a drill at a recent meeting of the International Labor Defense at Cleveland, Ohio. These future fighters for the working class are preparing themselves physically as well as mentally to join in the struggle against the capitalist system.

(Photo by George Elson, Cleveland)

PLUMBER OFFICIAL GIVES OUT FAVORS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Many plumbers of Local 463, Bronx and Manhattan, are of the opinion that their president, "Bill" Doran, is a "good" man. "What does his goodness to the plumbers consist in?" I once asked a member of Local 463.

Gets Boss Favors

"Well, you know, 'Bill' can get more favors from the boss for us than any other man in the local," he replied.

"Do you think that the bosses are fools, that they give favors for nothing? Don't you think they demand something in return?"

"You're all wrong; 'Bill' is a good guy," and that ended the argument.

Halt Employment

Many plumbers are out of work now. While they are walking the streets others are working overtime on week days and Saturdays. This is a violation of the rules of Local 463, which says that no one may work overtime unless he gets the permission of the union. In some places work is also being done on Sundays. Of course "Bill" Doran and the other officials of Local 463 do nothing to stop these evils.

Now we understand why "Bill" Doran can get favors from the bosses. Not only do not these favors help the workers but they prevent a good many of them from being able to earn a few extra cents in order to make an appearance that they are living.

CASSELL.

WORKERS PARTY IN MINE MEET

Anthracite Subdistrict Active

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 26.—Delegates from the Workers Party nuclei in the anthracite sub-district will meet this Sunday, July 29, to discuss the present situation, to work out plans for the future and to mobilize the Party for the carrying out of these plans.

During the past months, the anthracite sub-district has showed definite progress in its work, as proven by the gaining of about 70 new members, the improved activity of the membership and the formation of new units, including 5 mine-nuclei. The organization of mine-nuclei is especially important.

Experience has proven that the turning of the Party's attention towards the place of work does not only put an end to the remnants of a language branch spirit, but it means increased activity in the mine and the union. More mine-nuclei will lead to a bigger Party and a bigger left wing.

The conditions today are favorable for this work. The situation in the tri-district with the bankruptcy of the fake opposition leaders, the sell-out of the soft-coal miners by Lewis, and the increase in unemployment, together with the attack of the operators, is opening the eyes of many miners. They are answering with strikes to the offensive against the union conditions. They are beginning to realize that after the destruction of the union in the bituminous fields, the anthracite will follow. They are becoming more and more receptive to the message of the Party and the left wing.

$18,000 SHORT IN TAMMANY GRAFT

Glee Club Does Its Bit to Uphold Tradition

A shortage of $18,000 in the books of the Police Glee Club was revealed yesterday after an inquiry conducted by Police Inspector Lewis J. Valentine. Tammany police Commissioner Warren, whose attention was called to the shortage, refused to declare himself on the issue before he communicated with Mayor Walker, who is now cavorting with the pretty ladies of filmland in Hollywood.

The findings of Inspector Valentine disclosed the sale of "benefit" tickets by certain members of the Glee Club to owners of night clubs and speakeasies and to others thruout the city. These tickets, it is asserted, were sold "over and over again."

STEAMFITTERS WIN UNION.

DETROIT, July 26.—Steamfitters here won a union-shop and better working conditions.

MACHADO TERROR CLAIMS VICTIM

HAVANA, Cuba, July 25.—Continued terrorist activity of the Cuban police in their campaign against the workers came to light today with the announcement of the discovery of a new "plot" to assassinate President Machado.

The report, which resulted in the immediate arrest of Miguel Gonzales at Santiago de Cuba, was made by Chief of Judicial Police Alfonso L. Fors.

Cuban police have engaged in a campaign of persecution since their conference with Machado, when plans for the present activities are alleged to have been laid.

HOW DOES YOUR NUCLEUS WORK?

What problems is it confronted with?

What questions would you like answered?

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What It Is
How It Works
By M. JENKS

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A real manual for work in your nucleus.

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RIGHT WING IN CAPMAKERS WIN GANG VICTORY

But Militants Expose Jobless Fund Fraud

(By a Worker Correspondent)

A ridiculous comedy was staged by the right wing officialdom at the meeting of the Capmakers Local 1 last Saturday night, which was to have been held for elections of a new executive board.

Rank and File Stay Home.

The worst elements in the organization, the proud possessors of "life-jobs," these working bootleg overtime with the consent of the officialdom at a time when hundreds of capmakers are walking the streets jobless, were mobilized to come to the meeting. But the great majority of the capmakers, those compelled to come to the bureaucrats for a job, remained at home.

When it comes to permitting balloting, so that all the membership can have an opportunity to participate in the elections for union functionaries, that is out of the question. Zaritsky and his club-controlled locals will never permit secret elections and can maintain control only so long as they know that the members would fear to be seen registering their vote against the administration.

At the meeting it was seen that no one, not a member of Zaritsky's club had any chance to be elected. Even those openly speaking against the left wing, but not members of his clique, lost out when the gang vote was "counted."

The cynical railroading thru of Zaritsky's hand-picked executive board was in no way delayed by the left wing speakers' exposure of the union wrecking activities of the Zaritsky gang. J. Schogel, S. Boerum, Abe Jonas and others assailed the "reelected" right wing executive board for supporting Zaritsky in his campaign to force piece-work and the return of the 44-hour week upon the membership, and also his deliberate destruction of the organization by expulsion of all progressive elements opposed to his sellout policies.

"Regular Boys," Exposed.

The militants speaking also expose the officialdom's criminal neglect in collecting the three per cent unemployment insurance fund from the manufacturers. This was consciously done in order not to irritate the friends of the right wing, the employers, it was explained. As a result of this the employment fund which provided the jobless with a dole enabling them to carry on, was completely shut down.

At the so-called vote count, the chairman, one of the regular boys concluded with a vote total far larger than the entire attendance at the meeting. These are the details of how the right wing of Local 1 achieved a great victory for themselves. —M. M.

Film Record of a Scientific Expedition at the Cameo

CAPTAIN SNOW'S picture story, "Hunting Big Game in Africa," now being shown at the Cameo Theatre, is one of the films that merit revival. Originally shown on Broadway a few years ago it still stands as one of the best of its kind.

It is a record of two years spent in the African jungles in search of specimens for the Oakland Museum of Natural History. The opening scenes allow a glimpse into the whaling industry on the African coast. From then on the pictorial records of the expedition follow systematically the progress of each step into the jungles.

Modes of travel in the different sections of the country are an interesting feature: By mule teams, to oxen, to camels, then by Ford and finally the only way possible, by foot. Meanwhile as the different stages are reached the animal life of each section is given with startling success. Since this was the purpose of the expedition, the human life of the jungles is only secondary. What there is of it in the films—the native customs and ceremonial rites—are a welcome addition to the story.

Securing specimens is a dangerous task. Leopards, rhinos, buffalo and elephants particularly are not willing to give up their hides without a battle. As a result some of the incidents of the hunt are thrilling. A charging elephant dashing into the lens is obvious danger.

The revival of films of such interest by the Film Arts Guild makes a trip to the Cameo especially worthwhile to the proletarian arm-chair traveler whose traveling must necessarily be confined between the factory and the home.

Charge Bank Official With Stealing Funds

BOSTON, July 25 (UP).—Charged with misapplication of approximately $30,000 in bank funds, Frederick Salder of Jamaica Plain, assistant treasurer of the United States Trust Company, was arraigned in federal court on a secret indictment here today.

He pleaded not guilty and was ordered held uner $5,000 bond.

The indictment, containing seven counts, charges that Slater, over a period of years, by negotiation of fictitious notes and mortgages for which cashiers' checks were obtained and negotiated, converted to his own use the proceed.

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Deposits made on or before the 3rd day of the month will draw interest from the 1st day of the month.
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Open Mondays (all day) until 7 P. M.
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THE DIARY OF A COMMUNIST SCHOOLBOY

N. OGNYOV

What does a boy of twelve think about in the land where workers rule?

This simple diary of a schoolboy in Soviet Russia has puzzled many a wise bourgeois critic. New standards, new ideas, a new life—richer and more creative. Such things seem at first unlikely and fantastic to a dusty brain.

But the "Diary" speaks for itself.

Price, $2.50

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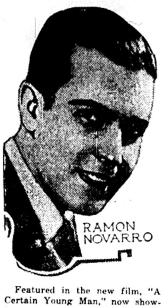

Featured in the new film, "A Certain Young Man," now showing at Loew's State Theatre.

NEW PRESS AGENTS' UNION HOLDS WELCOME PARTY

The recently organized Association of Theatrical Agents and Managers held a meeting last night in the Fisk building. The organization recently received a charter from the American Federation of Labor, and last night's meeting was a special gathering to welcome the co-operation of the stage unions.

Members of the American Federation present pledged the support of the organization. Edward Canavan, president of the State Hands' Union; Frank Gilmore of the Actors' Equity, and Joseph Weber of the American Federation of Musicians, were on hand to pledge their support.

MONESSEN TIN COMPANY BUYS GIRLS CHEAPER

Their Labor Costs Less Than Men's

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MONESSEN, Pa., (By Mail).—Am sending another letter about the working conditions here in Monessen. The American Sheet and Tin Plate Company is supposed to start to work Sunday nights and work till four o'clock Saturday.

The company sure can work the men as they are pleased now with plenty of men standing at the gates looking for employment.

Last winter the mill worked only part time and half of the men had to work doubled up, (doubled up means two men on one job) and when a worker works doubled up, he only receives half as much pay as he would if he worked alone. And now when the hot weather is on they make the workers work every day and also make them work on Saturday till four o'clock, where before they only worked till eight o'clock in the morning.

How long will the workers stand for the dirty work that that company plays on them year after year? In the mills here we have the insurance and safety first signs all over the mill. They have posters tacked up which read as follows: "Be a Tight Wad. Save Your Earnings. Work Steady and Save for the Rainy Day," and so forth. A fellow worker asked me the other day as we were standing and reading these posters, "How in the hell can a fellow save for the rainy day, when all he can make goes for the upkeep of his family?" The workers here are working under the most rotten conditions imaginable. We do not have washrooms or lockers where we can keep our clothes or wash. —E. E.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau Thierry
May Wirth, Phil & Family in BIG FREE CIRCUS
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d & B'way Wis. 1789
CAPT. H. A. SNOW'S "HUNTING BIG GAME IN AFRICA"
THRILLING—AMAZING—REAL
and "ARCTIC SEAL HUNT"

DRAMATIC CRITIC DEAD

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 26 (UP).—Henry Tilford Parker, 45 former New York dramatic critic and prominent in newspaper and theatrical circles here, died today after an illness of 18 months.

Read This First!

1. We say "read this first," because this requires action!
2. This is the **big week.** Every man, woman and child in sympathy with the struggling coal miners will co-operate fully in our National Miners' Relief and Defense Week.
3. Every subscriber of this paper must take the contribution list sent him and collect funds in shop and factory, in union and lodge, from friends and neighbors.
4. Every subscriber of this paper must register with the National Miners' Relief Secretary or the International Labor Defense Secretary of his city at once, and take part in the big house-to-house collections on Saturday and Sunday, July 28 and 29.
5. If you have not received a contribution list for this special drive for funds then write us **this minute** and we will send you one by special delivery mail. Everybody must help just a little more at this most critical period.

If the Coal Miners and Their Families Ever Needed Assistance--

They Need It Now!

National Miners' Relief and Defense Week

Conducted Jointly by the National Miners' Relief Committee, International Labor Defense

Address all mail and make all remittances to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Penn.

KERS IN NEW RSEY PLAN FOR IG CONVENTION

Will Ratify Communist Program

In response to a call issued by the New Jersey Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, New Jersey labor organizations and workers' fraternal clubs are electing delegates to represent them at the ratification convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, which will be held on Sunday, August 5, at 10 a. m., at the Workers Progressive Center, 93 Mercer St., Newark, N. J.

In its convention call, the New Jersey Campaign Committee lays special emphasis on the importance of the coming election to New Jersey workers. The call points out that New Jersey, the home of big corporations and special interests, notorious for its anti-labor record, is ruled by the democratic machine through Mayor Hague and by the republican machine through U. S. Senator Edge, the corporation lawyer.

Calls Upon Workers

Calling upon all workers to support the program of the Workers (Communist) Party, the Campaign Committee emphasizes the fact that the two major capitalist parties are functioning more and more openly as agents of Big Business. The role played by these parties in the everyday lives of workers is evidenced by the number of injunctions issued against workers on strike and the practices of police brutality against such workers, as in the Passaic textile strike.

The convention call reminds New Jersey workers of the practice of killing labor bills in their legislature, and goes on to stress the fact that despite constantly rising unemployment no relief has been given to the unemployed.

85 JAILED MILL PICKETS BAILED

Great T. M. C. Strike Parade Tomorrow

Continued from Page One

After the riot act had been read ordering the strikers to "disperse to their respective domiciles," and the response of the thousands of pickets and spectators had been to completely ignore the police ceremony that deprived them of their constitutional rights, the arrests began.

"Get Your Man."

"Each one get your man," the deputy chief shouted. The combined police force charged the marching lines of men, women and children with swinging clubs. Many of the police went after the spectators. Many workers on picket duty as well as on the side lines were injured. Those arrested were jammed into huge waiting police vehicles which took them to the lockup.

* * *

Workers Not Frightened.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 26.—Despite yesterday's arrests about 800 textile strikers here turned out to the picket line at the Sharp Mill this morning. They were the members of the Textile Mill Committees.

A picket line of more than a score of members of the Textile Council also put in an appearance and picketed the mill.

* * *

Preparing Parade.

Acting on the assumption that two weeks ago the mayor granted a permit for a parade to the N.B.T.W.U. and hearing nothing to the contrary yet, the N.B.T.W.U. is arranging for the biggest parade the city has ever seen to take place July 28, Saturday at 2 p. m. There is no doubt in any one's mind but that 20,000 workers and sympathizers will parade.

Fight Trust Prepares Last Details of Battle

The picture shows workers preparing the high power electric before the Tunney-Heeney fight scheduled for last night. The fight capitalists lavish huge sums on the "scenery" amidst which their picked performers box. The lumber in the back is part of the stands where a seat costs $40.

YANKS BREAK EVEN; GIANTS ARE BEATEN

The Philadelphia Athletics gained a half game on the league-leading Yankees today when they beat the Chicago White Sox 5 to 1, while the New York Yankees split a double bill with the Detroit Tigers, winning the first 2 to 1 in twelve innings and losing the second 13 to 10.

It was the third straight victory for the Athletics. Doubles by Fox and Cobb in the third inning insured the win.

The Yankees scored eleven runs in the twelfth inning of the first game to break a 1 to 1 tie.

* * *

The St. Louis Cardinals retained their lead in the penant race Thursday by beating the Brooklyn Dodgers, 6 to 1. Grover Alexander pitched fine ball and Frisch, Harper and Douthit hit home runs.

Burleigh Grimes, former Giant, pitched his fourth victory for the Pittsburgh Pirates over the New York team. The score was 7 to 5. Carl Hubbell, rookie southpaw, began for New York but was replaced in the second inning by lefty Faulkner.

* * *

TODAY'S RESULTS

American League

New York 12, Detroit 1 (1st)
Detroit 13, New York 10 (2nd)
Philadelphia 5, Chicago 1
Cleveland 4, Boston 2 (1st)
Cleveland 4, Boston 3 (2nd)
St. Louis 7, Washington 5 (1st)
Washington 6, St. Louis 4 (2nd)

National League

Pittsburgh 7, New York 5
St. Louis 6, Brooklyn 1
Cincinnati 6, Philadelphia 4
Boston 7, Chicago 6

33 NEW WORLD RECORDS APPROVED

AMSTERDAM, July 26 (UP).—Thirty-three new world athletic records, of which 10 are Americans, were approved today by the Records Committee of the International Amateur Athletic Federation, and will be referred to the International Athletic Congress for ratification.

Six Finnish records and five German were approved by the records committee. The American records include the following: 100-yards—Charles Paddock, at Los Angeles, and Chester Bowman, at Lincoln, Neb.; 9.6 seconds. 220 yards—Roland Locke, at Lincoln, Neb., 20.6 seconds. Pole Vault—S. W. Carr, at Philadelphia, 14 feet. Discus Throw—Clarence L. Houser, at Palo Alto, Calif; 158 feet, 1¾ inches. 400 Metre Hurdles—Morgan Taylor, at Philadelphia; 52 seconds.

* * *

HELEN WILLS WINS WAY TO FINALS

MANCHESTER-BY-THE-SEA, Mass., July 26 (UP).—Miss Helen Wills of Berkeley, Cal., Queen of American tennis, won her way into the finals of the Essex County Club's annual women's invitation tournament here today. She eliminated Miss Marjorie Morrill of Dedham, 6-2, 6-0.

KRASSIN SAVES 1,500 ON LINER

Comes to Aid German Ship

Continued from Page One

message said, the Krassin will proceed to Stavanger for repairs. Then it will continue its search for the 12 missing men involved in the Italia disaster.

* * *

MOSCOW, July 26.—This city has again been thrilled by the latest feat of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin. Answering an S. O. S. received yesterday afternoon from the Hamburg-South American liner Monte Cervantes, the Krassin plowed thru the icy waters full steam ahead and accomplished the rescue of 1500 passengers and crew aboard the German ship, which had struck an iceberg and sprung a leak.

The Krassin, which was on its way for Stavanger for overhauling after saving 16 men lost in the Arctic wastes, arrived at midnight alongside the big German liner.

Divers from the Krassin descended into the icy waters and lent aid in making repairs. As a result of the quick action of the Soviet icebreaker crew, the Monte Cervantes was enabled to steam to Bell Bay, where she anchored.

* * *

Third Soviet Ship to Leave.

MOSCOW, July 26 (UP).—A third Soviet expedition to the relief of six men blown away May 25 in the envelope of the dirigible Italia and the six men lost with Roald Amundsen was being organized with great haste today.

The Russian icebreaker Sedoff, now whale hunting off the northern coast of Nova Zembla, will conduct the search off the southern section of Franz Josefland and about Cape Flora. The Sedoff carries a Junkers airplane.

Relief workers here believe Amundsen and the Italians may be in this region, which has not yet been searched by rescue workers.

The Soviet icebreaker Maligin arrived at Archangel.

* * *

Refuse to Moor Nobile Ship.

OSLO, Norway, July 26.—Dockers of this city today gave expression to their intense feeling regarding the fascist General Nobile when they refused to moor his vessel, the "Citta di Milano," when it arrived here early this morning. One of the crew of the fascist ship was compelled to jump ashore to moor the vessel.

'RED ESSEX' TOUR CONTINUES WITH GREAT SUCCESS

Collect Signatures In Election Drive

A battered automobile, discarded by its original owner, may yet be seen occupying a place of honor in an historical revolutionary museum, when the workers and farmers of the United States supplant the present capitalist government with one of their own.

And its name is sure to be the "Red Essex."

Last week Comrades George Pearlman and Donald Burke drove their panting gasoline boat up to the headquarters of the New York District Committee, wiped their perspiring foreheads, and told the story of their adventures collecting signatures for the Communist candidates to Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager for the Empire State.

Covered 14 States.

Pearlman and Burke had covered fourteen counties on both sides of the Hudson, from Yonkers to Saratoga Springs and from Saratoga Springs to Haverstraw, and during the course of their labor they ran into scenes of poverty and destitution that would equal anything witnessed in the slums of London or Paris.

In most of these small towns there is little if any industry, and the population depends on the summer hotel trade for existence. If the summer trade is brisk, they are able to exist during the winter months on what they manage to save. But this year unemployment in the cities has hit hard at the industry—if industry it may be called—and the propertyless section of the population face the coming winter with a shudder of dread.

While the plight of the white workers is bad enough, that of the Negroes is so terrible that the conditions existing during chattel slavery days in the South were ideal in comparison.

Negroes Suffer.

Negroes find it almost impossible to secure lodging or a shack to rent. This miserable territory is infested with the Ku Klux Klan, who fire cannons off the tops of hills when commencing their rites. Those befuddled people are bitterly anti-radical, and in some villages practically everybody from the grandfather to the toddling infant is a member.

Wherever the klan is dominant, life for the Negro is unbearable. In the city of Athens a Negro family lived in a one-room shack which was so small that it could not house the old second-hand installment plan piano. It had to be put outside the shanty. Negroes, as well as other workers, can only find part-time employment. When out of work, they are obliged to borrow money which they must pay back when working.

The backwoods or poor farmers are hardly any better off. Ruined by the Borden Milk Trust, the farmers are at their wits' end to make ends meet. The Borden Company, which had previously purchased milk in Putnam county, started out to corner the market and ruin the independent milk companies. They bribed inspectors to declare the cows diseased and order the cattle killed inside of 24 hours. A few farmers wiser than the others called in a state inspector, who decided that the cattle were healthy. But it was too late. The power of the milk trust was too great. Now the Bordens are purchasing their milk in Canada and getting it at a much cheaper price.

Pearlman and Burke found the railroad workers 90 per cent. for getting the party on the ballot. They remembered the 1922 strike and the activity of William Z. Foster in that strike. They knew of the great steel strike, were against the Watson-Parker law, and were discontented with their working conditions. The signature collectors only had to say that the Workers (Communist) Party was a party of labor and the signatures were forthcoming.

In Chatham they collected 55 signatures in two hours.

The poor farmers were interested as soon as they were shown the Communist emblem with the sickle representing the farmers and the hammer the industrial workers. They signed readily.

Another interesting feature of the situation is the willingness of the women to give their signatures. They are feeling the effect of the low wages their husbands are receiving and want to register their protest.

Workers Party Activities

Bronx Y. W. L. Hike.

The McKinley Square unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hike to Hunter Island on Sunday. Those wishing to attending should meet at West Farms depot (177th St.) at 10 a. m. A big program including sports, swimming, canoeing and a bonfire, have been arranged by the committee in charge of the hike.

* * *

Factory District 2C.

Factory district 2C will hold a regular meeting tonight at 101 West 27th St. at 6:30 p. m. All members are requested to attend.

* * *

Unit F1, Subsection 2A.

A party mobilization meeting of Unit F1, Subsection 2A will be held tonight at 26-28 Union Square, 5th floor, at 6 p. m. Every member must be present without fail regardless of other conflicting activities.

* * *

"Fight War Danger."

"Fight the War Danger" leaflets and accompanying election campaign contribution envelopes are now ready in the district office. Every campaign director must call for these at once for distribution at open-air meetings. They must be used at every meeting up to August 4th.

* * *

Greek Fraction Meeting.

The Greek Fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet tonight at 8 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Very important matters will be taken up and all members are urged to be present.

* * *

Section 7 Drive.

The concentration week of the signature drive of Section 7 to place the names of the Workers (Communist) Party candidates on the ballot in New York State will begin on Sunday and last throughout the week until the following Sunday. All functionaries are especially instructed to lead this drive by reporting at the headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn, at 10 a. m. The section executive committee is at present preparing a prize award for the member who succeeds in collecting the greatest amount of signatures. Members of Section 2 and 3 are also instructed to report at the Section 7 headquarters.

* * *

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign and to place themselves in good standing. Section and unit executives are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

* * *

Party Membership Meeting.

The comrades in the units are asked to take note of the fact that there will be a Party membership meeting Wednesday, August 1st at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. No other meetings are to be arranged to conflict with this date.

Note is also to be taken of the fact that on Saturday afternoon, August 4, the anniversary of the World War opening, there will be an open air demonstration at Union Square under the auspices of the Workers Party. All units are to make arrangements for mobilizing masses of workers to attend.

District Executive Committee, District 2. John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

* * *

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

* * *

Subsection 3E.

Subsection 3E will hold a membership meeting on Tuesday, 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must come on time, because action will be taken against members who fail to answer at the roll call.

REACTION MARKS TIME IN MEXICO

Continued from Page One

ces are responsible.

In a manifesto issued yesterday by the Mexican Communist Party, a virtual, though qualified pledge of support was given the Calles government against the forces of clericalism and other reaction which are seeking to unite against the militants and the labor movement whose support Calles is now forced to seek. The National Peasants' League, composed of landless and poor peasants in a manifesto similar to that of the Communist Party, definitely pledged its support to Calles and called upon the workers and peasants to unite against the Catholic reaction. Both manifestoes were at one in pointing to the danger from the reactionary agrarian and Catholic leaders and called also for an international bloc of South, Central and North American masses against imperialism.

(UP).—Miss Mercedes Gleitze, London stenographer, abandoned at about 5 p. m. today an attempt to swim the Irish Sea to Great Britain. She was half way across when she gave up.

DRAFT BERRY TO BETRAY WORKERS FOR AL SMITH

Biggest Open Shopper Names Henchman

Continued from Page One

tions works and the numerous other industries controlled by the Morgan interests whom Raskob represents.

Berry Labor Traitor.

Berry, who has been drafted by the open shop banker, has for years been one of the blackest reactionaries in the labor movement even surpassing, if possible, John L. Lewis. Berry has broken several newspaper printers' strikes in New York City and elsewhere. He stole several hundred thousand dollars from his organization and for several years the Chicago local fought him in the courts, the case ending finally undecisively.

Berry has been one of the moving figures in the American Legion, he is the owner of newspapers and printing plants. He is the organizer of the Printers Home in Tennessee from which, through land deals and by other means, he has stolen thousands of dollars from the organization. Even Matthew Woll, philosopher of the A. F. of L. betrayal has said "confidentially," "we no longer consider Berry as being in the labor movement."

The man for whom Berry is to direct the campaign, Al Smith, is one of the most hypocritical enemies of labor in the history of the country. He has opposed workingmen's compensation, sanctioned convict labor bills, refused to intercede when asked on behalf of suppressed women workers, all under cover of a slick liberalism and pro-labor policy.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Scandinavians To Hold Sports Meet.

Scandinavian Workers' Athletic Club will hold a festival in Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, July 29. Among the features will be two soccer games, one between the Swedish S. C. and the Norwegian team Klippen; another between Scandinavian Workers A. C. and Hungarian Workers A. C.

* * *

Today the Bronx Hungarian Workers' Club will unveil the first Lenin corner in the United States at 753 E. Tremont Ave., Bronx. Workers of New York are asked to be present at this reception. A good Hungarian and English program will be given.

* * *

Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at 7:30 sharp August 2, 1928. At this conference the causes of war, and the methods to be used in fighting the war danger will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women's organizations are invited to send delegates, and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

* * *

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held on Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon, at Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx, under the auspices of the New York Section, International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park Subway or "L" to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

* * *

I. L. D. Open Air Meet.

The Sacco-Vanzetti branch of the International Labor Defense will hold an open air meeting at Wilkins and Intervale Aves., the Bronx, today at 8:30 p. m. The speakers, I. Zimmerman and S. LeRoy will discuss "Capitalist Justice in the United States," emphasizing the Mooney-

RUM RING PROBE—Montreal (UP)—Actions of an alleged rum ring operating in Montreal are being investigated by the customs authorities here following the arrest of William P. Cohen, wholesale fish merchant, and the seizure from a Canadian Pacific Railway freight car of 175 cases of beer consigned as "fish" to the United States.

THROWN FROM AUTO, GIVES BIRTH—Denver (UP)—Shortly after she was thrown from an auto, Carol Roberts, New York, gave birth to a daughter.

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International Outing
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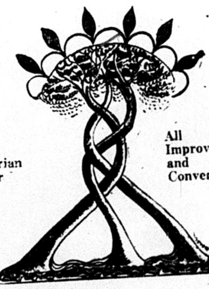

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Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭	☒	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Mooney and Billings Rot in Jail Because Labor Leaders are Yellow

Twelve years ago, July 27, 1916, the San Francisco sheriff locked into five cells in the county jail the organizer of a streetcar strike, Thomas J. Mooney, an assistant in the strike, Warren K. Billings, Mooney's wife and two other men well known in the California labor movement.

The charge was murder. The frame-up was based upon the explosion of a bomb in a "preparedness" parade which had killed or mortally wounded ten persons.

Since then every civilized country in the world has felt the storm of its class struggle blow stronger by at least some degree on the issue of the "Mooney case."

The "Mooney case" became the most celebrated case in all labor history. What the Dreyfus case was for the lower middle class cause of "justice," the Mooney case became for the swelling tide of the militant labor movement which, already breaking through the chains of military restrictions in one great country, was about to overthrow the Russian Empire.

The martyrdom of Mooney and Billings is an American epic. The Mooney case, which reached the point of a death sentence for Mooney commuted to life imprisonment only because Woodrow Wilson's imperialist war plans were impeded by the wave of anger it caused, is twin to the Sacco-Vanzetti case.

The whole world knows that Mooney and Billings had nothing to do with the "preparedness day" tragedy in San Francisco—to argue on that point would be a waste of time. No one seriously claims any longer that they had anything to do with the crime of which they were convicted.

And so it is commonly said that Mooney and Billings are in the penitentiary because the capitalist class wishes to keep them there. But to leave it at that and say no more would be only an incomplete truth and therefore an indirect lie. Let us speak again the truth on this twelfth anniversary of the imprisonment of Mooney and Billings—the other half of the truth which is that Mooney and Billings are in jail because the official labor movement of the United States is foully corrupted by class collaboration and because the controlling leaders of the trade unions in the main are in a conscious alliance with the capitalist powers.

Our memory is not so short as not to recall that Mooney and his co-defendants were arrested with the direct connivance of Brouillet, president of the San Francisco Labor Council, P. H. McCarthy, the bribe enriched president of the California building trades unions, and the whole official family of California trade union bureaucracy, supported craftily by the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor. We have not forgotten that, although Gene Debs defied his party to come out openly at the beginning for Mooney and Billings, the Socialist party as an organization, national and state, remained publicly non-committal and worked privately to withhold working class support for Mooney whom it characterized as an "anarchist" although he was a member of the party.

It is true that after the tide of working class support had in spite of them, reached a high point, the A. F. of L. bureaucracy and the Socialist Party bureaucracy made formal gestures in behalf of Mooney and Billings. But every man and woman familiar with the labor movement knows now and knew then that these were only formal gestures to an aroused mass sentiment. These bureaucrats knew only too well, what proved to be the fact, that every militant left wing tendency in the trade unions and in the Socialist Party would be crystallized around the Mooney-Billings defense movement. That nearly all of the older figures now in the left wing trade union movement, guided by the Trade Union Educational League, and nearly all of the older leaders of the present Communist Party, were then the leaders of the International Workers' Defense League (the Mooney-Billings defense organization of that time) goes to show that the bureaucratic instinct of the masses' power was correct.

And we tell the workers today that the way to deal with the Mooney-Billings case is to arouse the American and international working class on a class-struggle basis. The labor movement is not dead, it is only dead "at the top." Let us arouse the rank and file to get Mooney and Billings out.

The International Labor Defense is undertaking to do this in connection with the twelfth anniversary of Mooney's and Billings' arrest. Support its splendid effort! Join the International Labor Defense and fight for our class-war prisoners rotting in capitalist penitentiaries.

Capitalist Democracy's "Niggers"

Negroes as Negroes, and purely on the ground that they are Negroes, can be barred from voting in the democratic party primaries in Texas, a federal district court decides at Houston. The noble judge reaches this conclusion on the ground that the sacred liberties guaranteed by our democratic form of government must be maintained. A Negro appealed to the federal court which held:

> "The action complained of by plaintiffs, being purely party action as to which the holding is universal, that like other voluntary associations they have complete delectus personarum and may select or reject as members whom they will, it is unnecessary to decide the second point, whether, if the plaintiff's rights had been invaded, equity could grant relief, other than to say that the point is greatly in doubt, the books being full of cases declaring the doctrine that equity is concerned only with matters of property and the maintenance of civil rights and will not interfere for the protection of rights which are merely political."

And that:

> "This view finds support, not only in the law, but in the history of this country and always will find support while free institutions are maintained."

With the mighty words "delectus personarum" ringing in his ears the Negro can go off and think it over. The ruling class thinks by such methods to keep its slaves in a condition of complete subjection without civil rights of any sort.

But can anyone figure out why a Negro wants to vote for the democratic party? We do not offer this as an excuse for accepting the action of the court in its consequences. On the contrary, we say the decision is a challenge that must be met with a ringing answer. But the answer cannot be written on a ballot supporting the democratic party—the party of slavery. Nor a ballot supporting the republican party, which is of exactly the same character.

The answer of the Negro masses should be, and one day will be, to support the party of their own class, the party which will overturn the whole system of capitalist "democracy" in which the exploited masses are "democratized" out of all rights.

Some three-quarters of a century ago the United States supreme court made a little decision by which a Negro slave, Dred Scott, was returned to his master. This decision was to stand "for all time." Where is it now? But it took the most terrific class struggle the country had ever seen to overthrow the Dred Scott decision and the system it upheld.

Let the Negro masses understand that their present enslavement, exploitation and deprivation of civil rights can be upheld by a thousand courts, but will come to an end in a social upheaval bigger than that of 1861.

However, their freedom can come only with their loyal support of their own cause.

Negro workers and farmers! To hell with the democratic primaries, and the republican too!

Vote for your own working class party—the Workers (Communist) Party. With its program, through struggles mightier than those that Lincoln led, you will be freed.

Join the party of your class, not the parties of slavery.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

By HUGO OEHLER.

Some Little Rock citizens would not sign our petitions to put Foster and Gitlow on the ballot because our candidates were not born in Arkansas.

A likely reply by the well-dressed white collared slave in Arkansas to the party petition hoofers will be "What the hell we want to work that out for. Haven't we got a democrat party?"

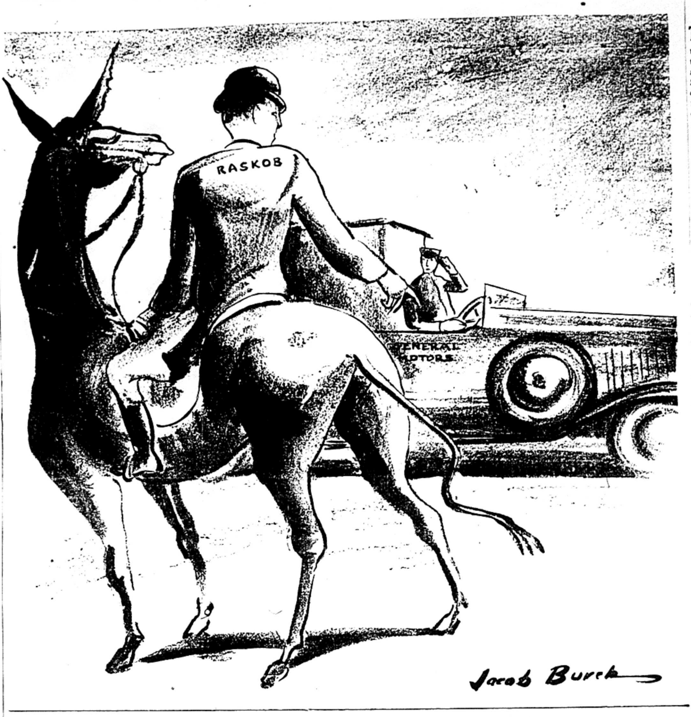
A number of parlor pinks down here deserted the ship like rats desert a sinking one when they heard of our position on Negro question.

After listening to some replies of adult Arkansas workers on the election issue and after asking many big raw-bone young bucks to sign and having these young bucks inform me that they could not vote because they were not old enough I am now in favor of having all children in Arkansas vote. I am positive the workers' condition would be better under their rule than under the present democrat dictatorship.

A well-dressed man overheard the argument with a worker on the need of the Communist in Arkansas. The well-dressed man butted in and said we don't need any Russian Dictatorship here. The worker signed the petition and said we already have a dictatorship.

"WAIT FOR ME, JAMES, I'LL BE RIGHT BACK."

By Jacob Burck



Foreign Investments and Foreign Policy

Wall Street Dollars Bring Slavery to Natives of Many Countries

By ROBERT W. DUNN.

(Continued.)

It ought to be clear to anyone who has studied American history that the imperialist course of this country is not due to any accident or to any mere "mistaken policy" on the part of the American ruling class. It is not just the result of diplomatic "blundering." On the contrary, it is the result of the natural development of our whole economic society. The World War, which resulted from the clash of rival imperialist powers, destroyed the German, the Austria-Hungarian and the Russian empires. It weakened the French and accentuated the forces making for the decline of the British empire. At the same time it opened the way for the United States to become the foremost lending nation and the world's richest power. So long as the forces of capitalist society operate in America, as they operated in Europe before they culminated in the world struggle of 1914, America must grow increasingly imperialistic. This is not therefore a fortuitous phenomenon. It has advanced step by step with the growth and consolidation of American finance capital.

It is almost trite to assert that the domestic policies of this country are dominated by the representatives of what for a better term we call big business. The same group undoubtedly shapes our foreign policies. It would be politically naive to assume that this group will not protect its interests abroad as fully and as consciously as it protects them at home. The protection of these private holdings abroad must inevitably lead to further incursions against the weaker nations and still further steps along the path of empire. Economic penetration of backward countries, financial aggrandizement there, the export of capital, are but the accompaniments of capitalism in America just as they have been during the last century in Europe.

* * *

WHAT is to be expected as the fruit of this growth. If it continues, certainly the same fruit that Europe gathered in 1914. The rivalry in trade, the expansion of political power for the protection of expanding financial interests, leads to clashes with other powers also seeking outlets for surplus goods and surplus capital. A struggle of Standard Oil against Royal Dutch Shell necessarily, and in the nature of the present order, entails the diplomatic support of the home government affected. For a time there may be a balancing of forces as between one group of nations and another. But these agreements and balances are precarious and unsteady, for they are usually based on group rivalries. And furthermore, they are usually based on the existing set-up of power between the different states. But this basis may shift just as the relative positions of Germany and Italy, for example, has shifted since the Versailles treaties. Those treaties were built on the then existing balance of political and economic forces. But those forces are already shifting, making for new sources of conflict. The nations that have the most territory and markets and fields for investment want to hold on to what they have, while the recovering and developing states are ever grasping for new opportunities for investment and trade and must resist the assumptions and claims of the great powers.

All this makes for new and larger armament programs, for as H. N. Brailsford wrote, "the backing of investments by diplomacy means inevitably an increase of the armaments which are the diplomat's last word." In spite of the continual exchange of peace notes and the disarmament conferences that have no real intention of disarming, the preparations for war are advancing at a more rapid tempo than before 1914. The armaments continue to pile up even while the air is saturated with peace talk. The situation is in some respects analagous to that prevailing in the days when Hague conferences were in the headlines and Mr. Roosevelt, Tsar Nicholas and Kaiser Wilhelm were all the graceful recipients of the various peace prizes. The cynical reception accorded the Soviet proposals for genuine disarmament at Geneva would almost lead one to the conclusion that the holding of international peace conferences was but a part of the stage-setting for another war.

It is, of course, often pointed out, as recently by the British ambassador, that war between the great nations is "unthinkable." Whether this is true or not—and it certainly is not—it may be well to consider some of the other factors that enter into the international situation arising out of imperialism. Here are the countries where your loans and investments have been made. They are beginning to get restless under the yoke, tired of being divided, of having their rulers selected for them by a foreign power, tired of being shot down when they resist the oppression of the powerful nations. They may perhaps want, like China, to have something like an equal status before the world. China wants the inequalities that the imperialist countries have established for her abolished. China has thus turned from a passive nation into one that is increasingly conscious of the fact that the only way to get rid of the foreign exploiting nations is by a display of force, a language the great powers are able to understand. At times the native capitalists in such countries may unite with the foreigners in resisting the demands of the workers and peasants. But this only makes the bitterness of these doubly exploited masses all the more intense. They fight not only as workers against the normal exploitation of their native capitalists and landowners, but against the foreigner who is taking his toll from this exploitation.

Progress of Soviet Union.

THE progress of the Soviet Union is a factor that must also be considered in this connection. The Soviet Union is an inspiring example folks in these countries. These backward peoples are beginning to learn what the Russian workers and peasants did to one of the world's powerful empires, what they are now doing for themselves under their new order of society, and how fairly minority nationalities are treated within the Soviet Union, and incidentally, how carefully the rights of the few foreign concessionaires in that country are limited. It is because of this example of the Soviet Union that the imperialist powers are eager for its destruction and for the negation of its influence. The war-like acts of the British—notably the Arcos and Peking raids of last year—were provocative measures that under ordinary circumstances would have made for war between two nations. But the strong desire of the Soviet Union for peace prevent this eventuality. Whether similar provocation will ultimately lead to war it is impossible to predict, but certainly the British empire would do its utmost to draw in the United States on its side should such a war come. Great as are the potential sources of rivalry between the United States and the British empire these two countries would unite temporarily if the opportunity came to crush the power and influence of the Soviet Union. But whatever the immediate prospects of war against the Soviet Union there can be no doubt that our present policies of protecting the investor and speculator abroad will lead this country into new interventions and finally into war with rival economic empires.

At various times during the last 50 years there have been in this country certain groups of progressives who have become alarmed at the rapid development of the United States along the imperialist road. They have raised their voices in opposition to the rabid jingoes and annexationists particularly during the Spanish-American war. There are a few remnants of such groups today who want to block the more subtle imperialism that proceeds without the necessity for territorial annexation. Such groups are attempting to register, check and regulate the flow of capital abroad by introducing legislation into congress. They would also make it illegal to use the armed forces of the country to protect private interests abroad without a formal declaration of war.

Colonials Fight Imperialism.

THE most vigorous agitation against imperialism, however, as I have suggested, comes not from this country or Great Britain, but from those subject nationalities who suffer from the effects of imperialistic conquest. These colonial and semi-colonial peoples, as the recent history of the British empire shows, will be in the forefront of the fight against imperialism. But in the imperialist home countries groups of workers will also, in time, begin to realize keenly that they are suffering under the same system and that the great industrial and financial combines that drive down wages at home are the same that seek raw materials abroad and that often take advantage of the lower labor costs in those foreign countries. Together these two groups—the more poorly paid and militant workers of the imperialist countries and the revolutionary liberation groups in the colonies and backward countries—will carry on the future struggle against imperialism both at home and abroad.

The Soviet Rescue Ship

I.

The Krassin ploughed her way
Thru endless fields of ice,
Thru blinding shrouds of fog;
Braved all the perils of the Arctic wastes,
And steered her trying course
To rescue and success.

II.

There is more than just a ship
Manned by brave men,
Who saved some human lives
In this great episode.
In this I see a symbol that transcends
Immeasurably the stirring facts,
The ice, the fog, the frost—
Greed, ignorance, reaction.
Humanity the castaways.
The rescue ship's triumphant Revolution.

By ADOLF WOLFF

Told You So

THE August number of the "Labor Defender," with a graphic picture of the New Bedford strike on the front cover and several splendid articles inside; about the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, the Centralia case, Mooney and Billings, the lynching of a Negro at Houston, and others, seems to have succeeded in surpassing in merit previous issues—a real accomplishment. Perhaps the most interesting article in the magazine is the report of six months' activities of the International Labor Defense by Acting Secretary Abern. We learn that 70 new branches have been organized and that the "Labor Defender's" circulation is now 22,000.

* * *

IT is not surprising that the magazine should have a large circulation, because, from every point of view, typographically as well as in the character of the article appearing in it, the "Labor Defender" is the liveliest and best illustrated magazine of the class struggle ever published in this country, to my knowledge. It has a mass appearance and one can see reflected in the I. L. D. organ the grip that the organization of which it is the mouthpiece has on the class-conscious workers of this country. One dollar forwarded to the National Office of the I. L. D. at 80 E. 11th St., New York, will bring the "Labor Defender" to your door for one year. Don't fail to send in your dollar.

* * *

BENITO MUSSOLINI has again spoken, this time to warn the world and its wives that they had better stop talking in a critical way of the cowardly conduct of his General Nobile, commander of the airship Italia that flew over the North Pole and on its return became a cropper. The story is so well known that it does not have to be told again. How Nobile flew away in the first rescue plane that hove in sight, leaving his colleagues to die on the ice, and how the ships and planes of the Soviet Union covered themselves with glory in rescue work are facts well known in every part of the world.

* * *

DEEP though the prejudice against the Soviet Union was, even its most bitter enemies were forced to admit that the conduct of its representatives on ship and plane shone out in contrast to the craven conduct of the fascist boasters. Now, Mussolini wants to stifle the flood of criticism that has been pouring from the presses of the world on the head of his black shirt commander. It will take many speeches and threats from the loud-mouthed boaster to retrieve the loss of prestige he sustained in the Italia adventure.

* * *

EX-PREMIER GIOLITTI of Italy, who died last week, had the reputation of being a political fox. But, like every such character, he got caught in a trap. Giolitti used the black shirts to crush the revolutionary movement in Italy when the workers took over the factories. Once this was done he thought he could go back to his former methods of political juggling. But the fascists were organized and supported by the big industrialists who wanted a dictatorship. So Giolitti and the liberals soon found themselves out in the cold, with Mussolini sitting in the warm places. Of course much though Giolitti hated Mussolini as a successful rival, he hated and feared the revolutionary working class more. Benito would not interfere with the wealth he amassed under the capitalist system, but he knew that if the Communists seized power he would have to render some useful service to the state and get along like everybody else on enough to provide him with the necessities of life.

* * *

LUIS N. MORONES, head of the "Crom," or the Regional Confederation of Labor of Mexico, has been bounced out of the Calles cabinet through the pressure of the Obregonistas, who charge him with being the "intellectual author" of the Obregon assassination. This means that a crisis is rapidly approaching in Mexico that may wind up in civil war. Whether Calles let Morones out in order to gain time and prepare himself for a showdown with the Obregonistas, or whether he has broken with Morones, remains to be seen. Hitherto Calles and Morones were staunch allies, and, with government aid, the latter was able to build up a powerful political machine. Needless to say, the Mexican workers who went on strike under the Calles-Morones regime faced the rifles of federal troops just as they would if Obregon managed to remain alive until he assumed the presidency.

* * *

ANOTHER army revolt has come and gone in Portugal. According to dispatches, it was engineered by elements that opposed the dictatorship. Portugal is prolific in revolutions, but the only significance they have is the question of what group of grafters is going to be on the British or French payroll. Portugal is always on the auction block and the principal bidders are England and France. I forget which power at this time has Portugal's national dignity in the safe.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

NATIONAL EDITION

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SOVIET SHIP, KRASSIN, RESCUES 1,500 ON GERMAN LINER

DISCUSSION ON WORKERS PARTY AT WORLD MEET

Pepper States American Delegation's Stand

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 26.—Chairman Jilek opened the seventh session of the World Congress of the Communist International yesterday. The session continued with the discussion of the theses of Nikolai Bukharin.

Dunne Speaks.

Dunne, of the United States, declared that Bukharin's theses need supplementing with regards to the United States. He pointed out that the internal contraditions in the United States are growing sharper and that the working masses are becoming increasingly radical.

The right wing policy of the Central Committee must be corrected and work among the Negroes intensified, was the view expressed by the speakers. Agitation for the formation of a labor party he characterised as not permissible. The formation of a labor party is only a propaganda slogan.

Various speeches and greetings were then presented. The chairman read a telegram from Max Hoeltz amidst applause.

Rasa, of India, next declared that the theses must concern themselves more with agrarian policy of British Imprialism in India. The Indian Communists must not repeat the mistakes of the Chinese Party.

Balkin Problems.

Kolarov, of Bulgaria, declared that in general his delegation is in agreement with Bukharin, but that an analysis of the world agricultural situation is necessary. The rich peasants are again allied with the bourgeoisie, he pointed out, but the poor peasants are going to the left. This question demands the specia lattention of the Communist International, because the peasants

Continued on Page Three

PORTER'S WRIST FOUND SLASHED

Officers Try to Break Spirit of Youth

FORT ADAMS, R. I., July 25.—The greatest efforts are being made by the military authorities here to break down the militant attitude of John Porter, New Bedford strike leader, and to force him to repudiate the labor movement.

Terms of Officers

Army officers have given Porter the "confidential" information that he would have been released or given a short sentence if it had not been for his militant stand at the court-martial, and that "even now it is not too late" for release if he would accept the terms of the authorities, intimating that they would free him if he would repudiate his Communist principle. The authorities have been trying to prevent Porter from communicating with the organizations working for his release and to make him believe that he is deserted by the workers on the "outside."

Mysterious Circumstances

Porter at present is in the hospital, with his wrists slashed under very mysterious circumstances. He writes that he woke up in the hospital and was told by the officers that he had cut his own wrists. It seems that this "explanation" is a part of the systematic attempt to remove Porter from the labor movement by all means, and to use every method of terror to break the spirit of this young worker.

PLAN WORLD FLIGHT

CADIZ, Spain, July 26 (UP).—Commander Ramon Franco was prepared to start at the first favorable opportunity on a seaplane flight around the world, after the launching of his big plane here today.

WRECK BLOCKS RAILROAD

PITTSTON, Pa., July 26 (UP).—Four tracks were completely blocked this morning in the mountain cut-off of the Lehigh Valley Railroad when 18 loaded cars of freight were wrecked near West Avoca. There were no injuries.

POPE HAS PAIN

ROME, July 26 (UP).—Pope Pius has cancelled immediate public audiences because of renewed pain in his foot, injured Friday as he was alighting from his automobile in the Vatican gardens.

Directed Rescues

The latest rescue feat of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin, which answered an S. O. S. call and saved 1,500 people on the steamship Monte Cervantes, has again astonished the world. Above is Prof. Samoilovich, director of the Krassin rescue expedition.

REACTION MARKS TIME IN MEXICO

Saenz Pledges Support to Calles

(*Special to The Daily Worker*)

MEXICO CITY, July 26.—Civil war in Mexico hangs in the balance while reactionary and clerical leaders ae playing for time to deliver a vital thrust against the Calles government and the forces of the labor movement which President Calles has indicated he will, for the time, at least, refuse to abandon.

The latest maneuver worked out by the eactionary forces is an announcement of support promised to President Calles "in maintaining order and national harmony until congress can untangle the confusing problem of the succession to the presidency."

This pledge made in a statement by a former foreign minister, Aaron Saenz, head of the Obregonistas, expressed confidence in the police investigation of the assassination of Obregon. This was taken to be a maneuver to indicate temporary support of Calles probably for the reason that Saenz who is himself seeking power, does not at this moment feel certain of his ability to force his demands.

Yesterday Saenz made what was considered a bold declaration against Calles by announcing that he would himself accept appointment as provisional president after December 1, when President Calles' term expires. At the same time the reactionary forces have expressed their opposition to the position taken by Calles in his speech to the army last night when he definitely blamed the Catholic party for the assassination and rejected the clerical charge that the labor forces are responsible.

In a manifesto issued yesterday by the Mexican Communist Party, a virtual, though qualified pleadge of support, was given the Calles government against the forces of clericalism and other reaction which are seeking to unite against the militants and the labor movement whose support Calles is now forced to seek. The National Peasants' League, composed of landless and poor peasants in a manifesto similar to that of the Communist Party, definitely pledged its support to Calles and called upon the workers and peasants to unite against the Catholic reaction. Both manifestoes were at one in pointing to the danger from the reactionary agrarian and Catholic leaders and called also for an international bloc of South, Central and North American masses against imperialism.

MEXICAN MASSES GIVE OVATION TO SANDINO OFFICIAL

Machado Reports That Many Marines Killed

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

MEXICO CITY, (By Mail).—Declaring that the Nicaraguan masses will continue their struggle against American imperialism in spite of the false claims being spread by the United States government officials that the fight is ending, Dr. Gustavo Machado, newly appointed representative of General Sandino to Mexico, yesterday made public the details of his visit to the camp of the Nicaraguan rebel chief and patriot.

Big Welcome.

Both Machado and Socrates Sandino, brother of the Nicaraguan general, arrived here yesterday and were met at the railway station by a very large crowd which enthusiastically cheered them. Sandino came from New York where he had spent two years engaged in an extensive propaganda work and from Gen. Sandino's headquarters at El Chipoton, located in the very heart of the Nueva Segovia range.

Machado was appointed to represent Gen. Sandino following his personal visit to the rebel chief's camp after a hazardous trip, in order to make delivery to Sandino the relief fund raised in Mexico by the "Hands Off Nicaragua Committee."

Known to U. S.

"Nearly 1,800 American marines have been killed by Gen. Sandino's troops during the course of the operations being conducted in Nicaragua by American imperialism," Machado declared. "These facts are known to the American state department," he asserted.

The great crowd gave Socrates Sandino and Machado a wild welcome. We were able to notice among the welcomers the delegates of "Mafuenic," the All-American Anti-Imperialist League, the Central American and Antillian Union, the Proletarian Children and the Red Pioneers; also Messrs. J. A. Mella, Prof. R. Ramos Pedrueza, Dr. C. Leon, Don J. Hurwitz, Dr. P. J. Zepeda, S. del Mar, M. Vazquez Diaz, C. M. Coz, all of whom are prominent in the associations which in Mexico oppose North American imperialism.

Upon arriving at the station, Julio Mella addressed words of enthusiastic greeting to Sandino and Machado, also showed to the crowds some of the many trophies taken from the invader, blue jackets in Nicaragua. Mella's speech ended with cheers for Mexico and Nicaragua, which were riotously echoed by the crowd.

We quote Mr. Sandino as saying: "The people of the United States agree that the action taken by their government is absurd and consider it as an abuse of power; on such people we rely to go on with our campaign against Wall Street."

"What if the democrats succeed?" the correspondent asked.

"Both Alike.

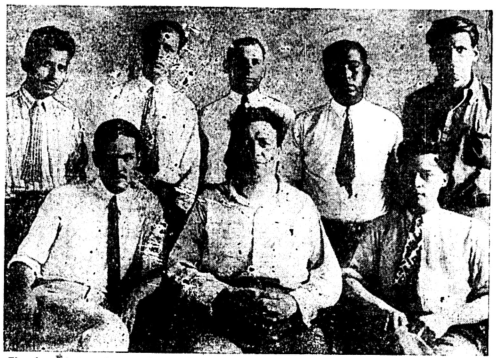
"It does not matter whichever party comes into control in the American government," Sandino replied. "The policy of interference with Latin-American countries' internal affairs will continue. The democrats have declared they would reetify their opponents' policy, but it is a certainty that the Canal will be held as a pretext to continue the occupation of our soil."

The correspondent then interviewed Dr. Machada with the idea of securing some of his experiences in his endeavor to reach Gen. Sandino's camp. "The soldiers of the government of Honduras, as well as the Yankees, were decidedly hostile to me and tried their utmost to stop me from joining the rebels. My trip lastd four months and was entirely fruitful," he answered.

"President Paz Barona of Honduras, a vile servant of the Ameri-

Continued on Page Three

Mexican Militants Greet Representative of Nicaraguan General



The above photograph was taken on the return to Mexico of Licenciado Gustavo Machado, official representative of Geneal Sandino, from a visit to the camp of the great Nicaraguan leader, now fighting the invading marines of United States imperialism.

Machado's trip, which was made under the greatest hardship and at the risk of his life, during the course of a score of adventures, was undertaken for the purpose of conveying medicines and funds—gathered by the "Hands Off Nicaragua" Committee in Mexico.

In the photograph (left foregound, with mustache) is Machado; at his right is Diego Divera, celebrated Mexican painter, a member of the Continental Committee of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League; Socrates Sandino, brother of the Nicaraguan general, well known in the United States for his propaganda activities in connection with the work done by the All-America Anti-Impcialist League. Standing left to right are Gomez, Mellan and Rivera Bertrand of the local "Hands Off Nicaragua" Committee and Fritz Bach of the International Workers Relief.

SAILOR IS PUNISHED FOR BEING INJURED

A sailor of the Pacific Fleet was forced to risk his life—to go into a lifeboat without line and with boots on—and when somebody let go the tackle, he was thrown into the water. Before he could be picked up, he was struck by the bow of the U. S. S. Arizona and his ankle broken.

Thrown in Dungeon.

The authorities, themselves responsible, punished the sailor severely for being hurt. He was thrown into the dungeon on bread and water and fined $300, which means that he will get no more pay during his enlistment. When the sailor took the matter up with the Division Admiral, he was told to "drop it."

Letter Received by "Daily."

A letter from this sailor, telling of his treatment in the service, has been received by the Daily Worker The referenc to "Crouch's Demands" refers to the official demands of the Young Workers Communist League for servicemen. An article in the Daily Worker telling of these demands was signed by Paul Crouch.

The letter from the serviceman follows:

"Editor Daily Worker:

"I have read the article by Paul Crouch in your paper and I want to say that h eis right in most cases with his demands for changes in the service.

"I am writing to tell you about my own troubles in the hope that you will be able to publish it so that others will understand better the actual conditions in the navy.

Forced to Risk Life.

About two months ago when my ship was en route to Hawaii for battle-practice we were going full speed in formation off the West Coast of Mexico. I was at work in one of the starboard lifeboats, getting the tackle in proper shape. The coxswain had ordered me in the boat without a line about me although I had protested that I might fall overboard. (You know, a lifeboat is swang from two divets that suspend it over the side of the ship). Well, somebody either purposely or accidentally let go the tackle and I was thrown into the water and narrowly missed by the divet which also fell I was wearing boots and only after a hard struggle was I able to rise to the surface again. The S. S. Arizona was next in line behind us, and although she changed her course as soon as an alarm was given, the Ariona's bow hit me, breaking an ankle and bruising me severely. I was picked up, more dead than alive and sent to the hospital (sick bay)

Seriously Injured.

"Today my ankle is twice its normal size and the bones bulge out where they shouldn't because the doctor that treated me probably had a 'pul' in Washington and got his job on friendship—he certainly did not know much about setting bones

30 Days Bread and Water.

"Eventually I was returned to my ship for trial. (As soon as I left sick bay I was put in the brig). At my trial the coxswain who sent me in the lifeboat without a line was dishonorably discharged from the service. Two other sailors, partially responsible for the accident, were given short brig sentences and lost a portion of their pay. But I— well I was sentenced to thirty days bread and water, in a rotten hole three decks below. I will lose over three hundred dollars of my pay (which means that I will not draw another cent during the duration of my enlistment) and will not be allowed shore leave for months to come besides getting all the dirty work they can hand me.

Told to "Drop It."

"I took the whole matter up with our division admiral and he told me t odrop it as my enlistment will expire at the end of the year. That's the kind of 'justice' that they hand out in this navy. Since I was not to blame for the accident at all, and since a broken ankle and thirty days bread and water seemed enough punishment I had hoped to get my pay refunded. Sometimes though I don't care much for I've learned my lesson—here's one sailor that knows when he's got enough. I'll go to jail for life before I'll put on another uniform for a country that hands out the treatment I got and calls it 'justice.'

"If you publish this letter, do not use my name—I'm not out of the service yet.

"Your for the realization of Crouch's demands,

"DISABLED SEAMAN.

"U. S. S. Battle Fleet
"Division 3."

LABOR IS ACTIVE IN DEFENSE WEEK

Miners' Relief Drive In All Cities

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

PITTSBURGH, July 25.—The nation-wide drive for miners' relief and defense now being conducted jointly by the National Miners' Relief Committee and the International Labor Defense has stirred the interest and attention of thousands of workers in practically every large city and in scores of districts, according to an announcement issued today from the headquarters of the relief committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

"This is the big week," a call by the committee to the labor movement declares. "Every man, woman and child in sympathy with the struggling coal miners will co-operate fully in our national miners' relief and defense week."

The relief and defense week, which began last Sunday, will conclude on Saturday and Sunday, July 28 and 29, with a big house to house collection campaign conducted in all cities and sections.

Communications and remittances should be made to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, the call says.

BUY INTERESTS IN NICARAGUA

Details of Bombing Reach Managua

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 26.—Further penetration of Nicaraguan industry by American investors, following in the wake of the army of marines was revealed here today with the announcement that the Central American Power Corporation has purchased the electric light, ice and water systems of this city.

The Central American Power Corporation is organized for the purpose of Nicaraguan investment by the W. B. Foshay Co. of New York City.

The properties in Managua were acquired after they had depreciated and are clear except for a $40,000 mortgage.

Mr. Foshay, head of the corporation expressed himself yesterday as satisfied that the "political structure of the republic is sound." He believes that political intereference with business was unlikely.

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Bomb Jungle Camp.

MANAGUA, July 26.—Further details of the recent marine aerial bombing expedition against the forces of the army of independence operating under the command of General Sandino today brought a stroy of defenselessness and valor in the face of brutal odds.

Reports of the participating aviators admit that their bombs exploded over a camp which was entirely without anti-craft defenses. The bombs would have demolished the encampment. The pilots report had not the dense jungle caught them as they fell so that they burst over the camp.

The casualties cannot cannot be estimated.

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Conservatives Name Grower.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 26 (UP).—The conservative party today nominated adolfo Benard, wealthy Granada sugar grower, as its candidate for president of Nicaragua.

Julio Cardenal, Granada merchant, was named to run for vice-president.

WILL FIGHT FRAME-UP

New Evidence in the Centralia Case

Elmer Smith, the Northwest defense attorney of the I. W. W. victims of the Centralia frame-up, who had lost not only his law practice, but his health as well for his action tells of the history of the case and the new steps taken to free the frame-up victims in the new August issue of the "Labor Defender."

In a brief article, illustrated by photographs of some of the figures in the case he writes:

"During more than three long years a mountain of evidence showing the unjust conviction of the Centralia defendants has been piled up before the governor and the Parole Board. Never was a matter more thoroughly presented to any governor or any Parole Board. They have been told and retold of the action of the trial jurors; of the paying of ex-service men $4.00 per

Continued on Page Three

RED CROSS "CHARITY"

Scabbing, Price of Aid to Miner's Child

PORTAGE, Pa., July 26.—"Why don't you go to work?" is the strikebreaking answer the Red Cross of Cambria County makes to striking miners who ask for medical aid.

When an abscess developed on the leg of two-yera-old Rose-Marie, George Killinger appealed to doctor after doctor to take care of his daughter. But unless money is paid in advance, the striking miner was told, there would be no medical aid. Mrs. Killinger tried home remedies, but the festering only became worse.

As a last resort, Killinger carried the child to the Red Cross station in Portage, Pa. Again the question: "Why don't you go to work?" was asked. Killinger replied that, although his six children were living on barely one meal a day, he would not become a scab, pointing out that the children would suffer far more in the long run if the strikers did not stick together.

ANSWERS HASTILY TO S. O. S. CALL OF DAMAGED VESSEL

Divers Descend to Repair Leak; Big Ovation As All Hands Are Saved

HAMBURG, July 26 (UP).—The Russian Arctic relief ship Krassin, with a record of rescues of survivors of the dirigible Italia and lost rescuers, today had added one more achievement to its notable list of operations since it steamed into the ice floes of the north.

Although damaged by ice, the Krassin, proceeding to harbor for repairs, answered a distress call from the Hamburg-South American excursion steamer, Monte Cervantes, with 1,500 tourists aboard, and by its quick arrival calmed passengers who were alarmed by a leak the Monte Cervantes had sprung after collision with an ice floe.

The storage room in the bow of the Monte Cervantes was filled with water. The Krassin arrived at midnight Wednesday, made ready to take off the tourists if it were necessary, then sent down divers to examine the damage to the vessel.

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MOSCOW, July 26 (UP).—Professor Samoilovitch, Commander of the Krassin, sent a wireless message saying the ship was received with cheers from passengers and crew crowded on the deck of the Monte Cervantes when the Soviet vessel reached the crippled tourist liner.

The Krassin was instructed to proceed to stavanger for repairs and then resume the search for lost exployers and rescue workers.

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MOSCOW, July 26 (UP).—Jubilant over its latest rescue feat, the ice-breaker Krassin radioed today that passengers and crew of the steamship Monte Cervantes crowded the decks to welcome its prompt response to an S. O. S. call today.

The Krassin was cheered repeatedly, the message said. It added that the Krassin immediately began rescue work.

After completing its task of helping the Monte Cervantes, the ship's message said, the Krassin will proceed to Stavanger for repairs. Then it will continue its search for the 12 missing men involved in the Italia disaster.

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MOSCOW, July 26.—This city has again been thrilled by the latest feat of the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin. Answering an S. O. S. received yesterday afternoon from the Hamburg-South American liner Monte Cervantes, the Krassin plowed thru the icy waters full steam ahead and aided in the rescue of 1,500 passengers and crew aboard the German ship, which had struck an iceberg and sprung a leak.

The Krassin, which was on its way for Stavanger for overhauling after saving 16 men lost in the Arctic wastes, arrived at midnight alongside the big German liner.

Divers from the Krassin descended into the icy waters and lent aid in making repairs. As a result of the quick action of the Soviet ice-breaker crew, the Monte Cervantes was enabled to steam to Bell Bay, where she anchored.

85 JAILED MILL PICKETS BAILED

Great T. M. C. Strike Parade Tomorrow

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 26.—Bail totaling $54,100 was ordered in District Court here today in the cases of the 85 men and women arrested last night when the combined forces of New Bedford and Fall River police, aided by deputy sheriffs who read the riot act, broke up the mass picketing demonstrations of the textile strikers at the Sharp Mill.

82 Arrested.

Eighty-two were arrested last night when the mill barons' police here continued their announced plans of completely prohibiting mass picketing on the grounds of a recent court ruling, which used the bypocritical expedient of outlawing picketing by terming it "parading without a permit." The other three were arrested later on warrants sworn out by police. The "warrant" manoeuver provides the police with a weapon they use in arresting and rearresting leaders of the Textile Workers Union subsidiary of the Textile Mill Committees.

Trial Tuesday.

All defendants pleaded not guilty and after bail had been provided by many local volunteers, were ordered to come up for trial Tuesday.

Augusto C. C. Pinto was in the prisoners dock again when the workers appeared before the judge. This is Pinto's ninth arest for strike activities, hvaing so far collected 5 months in jail terms. Jackson Wales, Virginia Zidra and John Motta and Pinto are out on bonds of from $1,100 to $1,500 bail for the others being set at $600 each.

Most of Leaders Arrested.

Most of the leaders of the T.M.C. were arrested in last night's arrests.

After the riot act had been read ordering the strikers to "disperse to their respective domiciles," and the response of the thousands of pickets and spectators had been to completely ignore the police ceremony that deprived them of their constitutional rights the arrests began.

"Get Your Man."

"Each one get your man," the deputy chief shouted. The combined police force charged the marching lines of men, women and children with swinging clubs. Many of the police went after the spectators Many workers on picket duty as well as on the side lines were injured. Those arrested were jammed into huge waiting police vehicles which took them to the lockup.

RUM RING PROBE—Montreal (UP)—Actions of an alleged rum ring operating in Montreal are being investigated by the customs authorities here following the arrest of William P. Cohen, wholesale fish merchant, and the seizure from a Canadian Pacific Railway freight car of 175 cases of beer consigned as "fish" to the United States.

CONN. CARPET WORKERS STRIKE

Many Weavers Take Part in Walk-out

THOMPSONVILLE, Conn., July 26 (UP).—Between 250 and 400 employes in the Jacquard department of the Bigelow-Hartford Carpet Company went on strike today.

The workers, most of them weavers, left the mill after their committee and company representatives had failed in a two hours' conference to settle differences.

ABANDONS LONG SWIM

DONAGHEE, Ireland, July 26 (UP).—Miss Mercedes Gleitze, London stenographer, abandoned at about 5 p. m. today an attempt to swim the Irish Sea to Great Britain. She was half way across when she gave up.

THROWN FROM AUTO, GIVES BIRTH — Denver (UP) — Shortly after she was thrown from an auto, Carol Roberts, New York, gave birth to a daughter.

Marvin, Dollar Patriot Who Aided Attack on 'Daily', Flees $17,000 Libel Judgment

FASCIST, HEAD 'KEYMEN,' RUNS OUT ON VERDICT

Lost in Court to Rosika Schwimmer

Fred R. Marvin, patriot for pay, has fled New York State to escape paying a $17,000 libel judgment directed against him by a jury in the Rosika-Schwimmer case. Marvin, whose professional patriotic Keymen of America sponsor his daily hate sheets on progressives and radicals, slipped away from the state soon after the verdict had been returned confirming charges that he libelled Mme. Schwimmer when he called her a German spy. Marvin and his organization, the Keymen of America, were instrumental in attempts to suppress the Daily Worker.

Arthur Garfield Hays, victor in a battle of legal wits over Joseph Cashman, counsel for Marvin and a professional patriot himself, is waiting for Marvin to return to New York to serve a body attachment on him for the $17,000. The master keyman is out in El Paso, Texas filling profitable lecture engagements before semi-military societies on the Red Menace.

Thoughtfully Marvin passed ownership of his property in New York to his wife. He lives at Pelham, a stockbrokers' suburb. Professional patrioteering isn't the paying game it used to be during the war and immediately after, Hays believes. He has been unable to discover evidences of appreciable worldly gain accumulated by Marvin.

Marvin is back in his old stamping grounds in the west. He started out as a newspaper reporter on the Spokane, Wash. Spokesman-Review specializing in mining news. This brought him into close contact with the labor movement in the Coeur D'Alene strike of the Western Federation of Miners and the metal diggers struggles preceding the famous Haywood-Moyer-Pettibone trial.

Reporting miners' strikes for employers proved profitable for the young newspaper man. Later he became editor of mining journals and daily newspapers, passing from one to the other in quick succession. He complained during the Schwimmer case, that at Pueblo, Colo., he was kicked out of town by indignant miners who ruined him and his paper.

When the metal miners' movement in the west subsided after the war, Marvin looked to lusher fields of anti-labor activity and came to New York to work on a small Wall St. daily. Here he had ample scope for publishing accumulated bile directed against radicals and liberals. All forward-looking people he lumped together through a spider web chart showing Jane Addams' connections with Moscow.

When his Wall St. paper sickened and died, as so many of his other ventures had done, he continued with his Keymen of America and Daily Data Sheets, heaping abuse on Mme. Schwimmer and hundreds of pacifists, liberals, labor men and preachers. When Hays haled him into court on the Schwimmer libel charges, Marvin was forced to admit for the first time that his compiled information service was founded on rumors, suspicions and imagination.

KELLOGG SENDS NANKING NOTE

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Secretary of State Kellogg, in a note to the Nanking foreign minister, offers to begin at once negotiations for a new tariff treaty which would give full expression to the principle of national tariff autonomy with the proviso that there shall be no discrimination against the United States in favor of other powers.

This means the United States is ready to abandon its treaty restrictions over Chinese customs revenues but requires other powers to do likewise before the new provisions shall become effective.

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Fleet To Remain.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Further details concerning the anticipated withdrawal of American marines from China revealed today that the sixty American naval vessels now in Chinese waters will not be ordered home nor will any reduction in the number of American seamen now on Chinese territory be made.

It has further been learned, however, that thirteen planes and the ninety-five officers and men of the marine flying forces have been ordered from Tientsin to Guam, the United States naval depot in the mid-Pacific.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Robinson, who issued the order for withdrawal after consultation with the state department yesterday, refused to specify the reason for the withdrawal, but left the impression that the state department feels the Nanking government is now strong enough and willing to do its [illegible] for it.

Where Lives of Workers Were Imperilled

The half million dollar blaze in the tanks of the White Rose Gasoline Company's refinery at Hartford, Ill., endangered the lives of scores of workers employed by the corporation. Blazing oil and smoke fumes from it have imperilled hundreds of lives of oil workers yearly.

ADVERTISERS TO BE 'INVESTIGATED'

Government Charges Monopoly

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A gesture to break an alleged national monopoly on the outdoor advertising industry was made by the government today when the Justice Department filed suit in the U. S. District Court for Southern New York against five firms and several individuals, charging violation of anti-trust laws.

The General Outdoor Advertising Company, Inc., National Outdoor Advertising Bureau, Inc., Outdoor Advertising Association of America Inc., Foster and Kleizer Company Foster and Kleizer Investment Company, Kerwin H. Fulton, George Johnson, and George Armsby, all of New York, and George W. Kleiser of San Francisco, were named.

The government charges an illegal monopoly was created in organization of the General Outdoor Advertising Company in 1925 by the merger of the former Thomas Cusack Company and a large group of companies called the Fulton group of companies. These companies, headed by Kerwin H. Fulton, were formerly engaged in operation of outdoor advertising display plants in competition with the Cusack Company.

Fulton, according to the government's petition, is now president of the General Outdoor Company and chairman of the Outdoor Advertising Association, the latter composed of practically all of the owners of operators of Outdoor Advertising Displays throughout the country.

ILLINOIS MINERS FACE STARVATION

Welcome Relief Sent From Chicago

CHICAGO, July 26.—Thousands of Illinois miners and their families are starving and their only hope is the food sent to them by the National Miners' Relief Committee, with Chicago headquarters at 23 S. Lincoln St., declared Steve Rubicki, director of the food drive in the Chicago area, today. Rubicki has just returned from Springfield, Staunton, Belleville and other sections of the Illinois mining regions, where he took charge of the first distribution of tons of food sent down from Chicago, gathered under his direction.

"Contrary to the lies of Fishwick and Lewis," he said, "more than 60,000 miners in Illinois are out of work and thousands of them are starving.

On Strike Over 16 Months.

"In Pocahontas the men have been out for more than 16 months. The miners and their families are in great need and they gladly welcomed the shipment of foodstuffs.

"In Springfield about 50 families have received shares of provisions. In the Staunton district a load of food was delivered to be distributed among needy miners' families. This distribution will be in charge of Joe Polka and D. Morgan.

Must Intensify Efforts.

"In Belleville the food shipment was greeted by a committee of progressive miners. Dan Slinger has charge of distribution in Belleville. Miners and their families from Pocahontas, O'Fallon and other points around Belleville will get their provisions from the Belleville relief office. Provisions to feed a number of families were also unloaded in Belleville, which will go to Orient.

"The welcome of this shipment of food means that we must intensify our efforts for miners' relief and after the week's drive, July 29 to Aug. 5, we must again begin a new food drive."

A BONE FOR HEART BALM.

TRENTON, N. J., July 26 (UP). —As a reward for their good behavior, convicts of the state prison will hear the radio account of the Tunney-Heeney fight broadcast from the ringside Thursday night.

WORKERS AIDING CAMPAIGN DRIVE

Contributions from All Parts of Country

The masses are rallying to raise the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund, with contributions of five-dollar bills and one-dollar bills, as the capitalist parties are raising the ante on campaign contributions.

A few weeks ago the figure set for the expenditures of the Democratic and republican parties in this election was $3,000,000 each.

The hangers-on of both parties got scared over the prospect of a hard winter, and Al Smith's gasoline manager Raskob came out with the assurance that there would be no limit to contributions.

Then Herbert Hoover's finance director raised it to $4,000,000, and frantic bidding became the order of the day.

Our latest report from Washington is that the figure has now reached the enormous sum of $10,000,000, the largest sum ever officially expended in an election campaign, even in the days of Mark Hanna.

Masses Helping Communists.

But the workers and farmers are going ahead making their contributions to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund, realizing that the the billions are on the side of the capitalists, the interests of the masses and history are on the side of the Workers (Communist) Party

Men and women and not money make revolutions after all, tho money is extremely useful to prepare the masses ideologically for the great social change, thru agitation, education, and organization.

Mobilize Masses.

And those proletarian men and women who realize that the main purpose of the Communists in the present campaign is to mobilize the masses for the struggle against capitalism are sending in their contributions with appropriate comment.

Here is a letter from a poor farmer from Elko, Nevada:

"Comrades:

"Please find in this letter my proletarian donation of five dollars for our Communist Election Campaign

"Fraternally, George Rupert."

George Rupert takes no stock in the new-found interest of Herbert Hoover in the needs of the farmers What Hoover wants is the farmers' votes. Rupert knows that the Communists do not come to the poor farmers in the role of saviors, but with a program around which they can organize in common with the exploited workers in the factories.

Steve Morasky writes from Caldwell, Ohio:

"Please send me two books of "Vote Communist" stamps and also five Foster-Gitlow campaign buttons. I am also sending $2.50 as my contribution to the Communist Campaign Fund."

Caldwell is in the striking mine area of Ohio where the miners have been battling against the operators and their own corrupt labor leaders for over twelve months. Mrasky knows what the Workers (Communist) Party has done to help out during this strike.

From Tomolen, Mississippi, R. E. Peele writes:

"Find enclosed check for five dollars for my part in campaign fund of Workers (Communist) Party."

Former Socialist Aids Party.

And writes Harry Rutland, of Caspar, California: "I enclose one dollar for stamps to boost the Communist Party. I was in former days a socialist, but dropped out when it deserted the class struggle. I would like to se my letter come with one of those stamps on it."

Yes, Comrade Rutland, you will see a "Vote Communist" stamp on your letter all right. No letter can leave the National Office without one of those stamps pasted on the envelope.

Funds Urgently Needed.

Five dollars from every member and sympathizer of the Workers (Communist) Party would bring in the $100,000 we are driving for in a short time. Money is urgently needed. Dig down and send us whatever you can. Remember that the National Election Campaign Committee needs funds badly to print literature, route speakers, and collect signatures to put the party ticket on the ballot.

It is now $100.000 against $10,000,000, but the odds don't frighten us.

Forward all contributions to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City.

WORKERS AIDING IN GREAT DRIVE FOR MINE RELIEF

New York City Still Leads in Funds

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 26.—As the National Miners Relief and Defense Week campaign is sweeping the continent from Canada to Mexico, the first receipts of the week's drive are arriving in quick succession at the headquarters of the National Miners Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

More than $1,000 was sent from Canada during the past few days. From the Woman's Labor League of Montreal comes a preliminary contribution of $104.50, from the Toronto Relief Committee, $225, the Canmore local of the Mine Workers Union of Canada sends $250, from Ford, Ontario, $100; Long Lac, Winnipeg, Sudbury and Fort Williams all rushed their preliminary contributions to the Pennsylvania strike fields. More than 1,000 families received flour and potatoes this week as a result of Canada's solidarity.

New York Leads

New York City is still leading in relief-raising activity. In addition to the $2,000 check forwarded last week by the relief committee, 799 Broadway, another contribution of $750 and a promise of much more to come by the end of the relief and defense week, was received from Fanny Rudd, secretary. From the Youth Relief Conference of New York comes $325 and the National Children's Relief sent $150.

Empty Treasuries

To the appeal for bread from thousands of hungry strikers' families, workers' organizations are responding by emptying their treasuries. The Finnish Working Women's Club of Astoria, Oregon, sent $80.85. The Young Workers School of Wheeling, W. Va., sent $10, all they had. The Ladies Auxiliary of Duluth, Minn., wrote that $15.25 is all they could afford. A fraternal organization of Bessemer, Pa., sent $143.85, special delivery, to the Pittsburgh headquarters.

From every corner of the country, Seattle, Washington; Vinalhaven, Maine; Witheo, Wis.; Muskegan, Mich.; Globe, Arizona, New London, Conn.; San Francisco, Calif.; Hood River, Oregon; these are a few of the hundreds of cities where mass meetings, house to house collections and tag days have already produced many hundreds of dollars for relief and defense. But thousands are needed to buy even one meager meal a day for the hungry strikers' families in the bituminous coal fields. To defend the hundreds of mine leaders who are jailed or held under heavy bond, and save them from long prison terms, lawyers' bills must be paid International Labor Defense units are rallying to the National Miners Relief and Defense Week drive and proving that they are fulfilling their function as defenders of labor prisoners. All funds are forwarded to the relief headquarters at 611 Penn Ave.

CZECH MILITARY DICTATOR SEEN

Croat Peasants Oppose Parliament

BELGRADE, July 26.—With the failure of General Hadzitch to form a new cabinet in Czechoslovakia, and the continued refusal of the Croatian Peasant Party to enter into a coalition government, the formation of a military cabinet and a virtual dictatorship is seen here as inevitable.

Hadzitch was called upon by the King to form a cabinet of non-party elements, after M. Raditch, the Croat Leader, refused to enter a cabinet charging the present parliament as being responsible for the assassinations last month.

The unrest due to the demands of the nationals and the dissentions between the leaders of the Serbian and Croat parties makes it very unlikely that a political cabinet, favorable to the Croatian peasants will be formed. It is thought here that a military cabinet, accompanied by military rule which will amount to a dictatorship will be the outcome of the present situation.

ARREST AGENT FOR FRAUD

Daniel J. Kelly, special agent for the Underwriters Salvage Company of Newark, N. J., pleaded guilty in federal court today to a charge of fraud in connection with the adjustment of a fire loss at the warehouse of the Miravelli brothers, Elizabeth, N. J., February 28. He was released in $5,000 bail pending sentence.

ONE IN FOUR ARE NOW OUT OF WORK IN NEW ENGLAND

Five Million are Idle in Country

BOSTON, Mass., July 26.—The issue of the full dinner pail injected into the present election campaign by Hubert Work, chairman of the National Republican Committee may become more vital than the party of big business expected.

Reports of a survey made in New England, the section of the country in which President Coolidge himself resides, disclose that one out of every four workers there are idle and many of the others are working part time.

Explodes Myth.

In some industries the unemployment figures are still more explosive of the full dinner pail myth. In foundries and machine shops, 35 per cent of the workers are idle. In the shoe factories 43 per cent and in the cotton mills 56 per cent or more than half the workers are now unemployed.

These figures compiled by the Massachusetts State Department and Industry indicate that employment conditions have steadily become worse during the past five years.

One Million Affected.

The employment index taking the year 1919 as a base of 100 now stands at 73.6 or that over one-fourth of the workers are idle. Over 350,000 workers are jobless in this section, which means that over a million persons, men women and children are suffering in this section alone from the greatest evil which strikes the wage earning class.

Figures for the country as a whole indicate that 5,000,000 workers are unemployed. At the same time there is taking place a nation-wide and ruthless drive against the existing wage scales and a lengthening of working hours.

WILL HOLD HUGE ANTI-WAR MEET

Workers Party Issues Call

A giant anti-war mass meeting, under the auspices of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, will be staged by the workers of New York in Union Square on Saturday afternoon, August 4, the anniversary of the declaration of the imperialist World War. The following call has been issued to the workers:

August 4, 1928, marks the fourteenth year since the beginning of the World War, which cost the workers of the world millions of lives and most horrible agony and suffering. The devastating effects of this world catastrophe are still felt today.

Although our memories are still fresh with the horrors of 1914, the imperialists of the world, and particularly the United States, are preparing feverishly for a new world slaughter. Appropriations, battleships, artillery and instruments of destruction have reached an unheard of proportion. Millions are being spent for the production of huge quantities of poison gas and airplanes. Draft laws are being prepared in order to chain the entire working population to the military machine in time of war. Through the institution of military training in the schools, the establishment of many citizens' military training camps, the curse of capitalist militarism is spreading throughout the country.

The sharpening commercial rivalry between the United States and Great Britain, the attack of thousands of American marines upon the people of Nicaragua, the American battleships and marines now threatening the workers and peasants of China and the growing menace of an attack upon the Soviet Union by the combined forces of the imperialist nations—all these are indications of the immediate danger of another and more terrible world war.

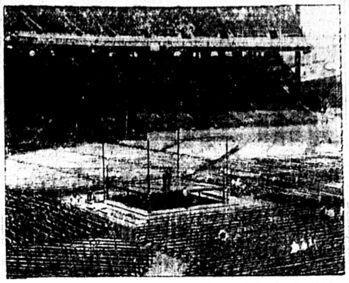
The working masses must take note of these dangerous preparations threatening their very existence. Only through determined agitation and the organization of the workers can this menace be fought. For this purpose the Workers (Communist) Party invites all workers and working class organizations to participate in a great open-air "no more imperialist war" rally to be held in Union Square, New York City, August 4, 1928, promptly at 1 p. m. You are urged to enlist all workers with whom you have any influence in this important demonstration.

We shall be glad to arrange that speakers from your organization participate in this affair if you will notify us who they are. You are also urged to have your delegation come with appropriate banners suitable for the occasion.

Yours against all capitalist wars,
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY, DISTRICT TWO.

AUBURN, N. Y., July 26 (UP). —Four prisoners escaped from Auburn prison camps today. Only one was captured.

"The Flop of the Century"; $40 a Seat



The picture shows seats being erected around the ring in which Tunney and Heeney will tonight stage what is frequently called "the flop of the century." The big business of pugilism, which is the profit device of a small group of promoters, demands that Tunney have an opponent to draw money from the pockets of fight fans. Heeney, who is generally alleged to be a set-up has been chosen. The seats cost $40 apiece which wealthy boosters are willing to pay.

CHICAGO LABOR TO AID MINERS

The Chicago headquarters for the great Miners' Relief and Defense drive, from July 29 to August 5, announce intensive preparation to mobilize the entire progressive labor movement for a factory and house to house collection to feed, clothe and defend from cossack persecution the fighting miners of this country and their families.

The branches of the International Labor Defense are working to put over this great campaign and are calling special mobilization meetings of their membership. Committees of women workers have also been formed for the purpose of making the work a success.

Stations have been established at the following places:

West Side: 23 S. Lincoln St., 3301 W. Roosevelt Rd., Freiheit; 1510 W. 18th St., Rovnost Ludu; 1823 S. Loomise St., Radnik.

Northwest Side: 2021 W. Division St.; 2736 W. Davidson St.

North Side: 2409 N. Halsted St., Imperial Hall; 453 W. North Ave., Hungarian Hall.

Albany Park: 4021 N. Drake Ave.

Cicero: 5100 W. 23rd St.

Maywood: 410 S. 9th St.

South Side: 3116 S. Halsted St., Vilnis; 3035 W. 51st St., Workers' Home; 3201 S. Wabash Ave., Community House.

Woodlawn: 647 E. 61st St.

Pullman: 2954 E. 94th St.

Workers will be sent out from these stations into surrounding territory with boxes and collection lists.

The Joint Committee asks all workers who have any time to spare to call at 23 S. Lincoln St. for assignment of work.

23 Workers Injured in Railroad Crash

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 26. — Twenty-three persons were injured when a picnic train, carrying more than 1,000 employes of the railroad and their families from the annual outing at Canton, Ohio, was sideswiped by a box car in the Manchester Yards. The box car had been derailed from a parallel track. Most of the injured persons were cut by flying glass.

ADMIRAL SAYS NO SANDINO DEFEAT

WASHINGTON, July 26 (UP)—The navy department revealed today General Feeland, in command in Nicaragua, had forwarded an unconfirmed report that Sandino, rebel leader, had fled Nicaragua. Ad. Hughes, chief of operations, told the press the department places no official credence in the rumor and will not modify its anti-Sandino campaign.

• • •

Airplanes Turned Back

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 26 (UP).—American marines, with marine airplanes in support, hoped to gain contact today with the revolutionary force under General Augustino Sandino, who is believed to be at or near the Honduran border.

Airplanes have been turned back by wind and rain from two attempts definitely to locate Sandino's men.

ARREST WORKERS IN LOS ANGELES

Were Collecting Funds for Miners' Relief

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 26.—Ten workers were arrested today in Los Angeles while collecting money in the Joint Miners' Relief and Defense Drive being conducted by the International Labor Defense and the Miners' Relief Committee.

They are charged with violation of a city ordinance, and the prosecution is threatening to sentence each worker to 50 days' in jail and $50 fine. "This brazen arrest and prosecution of workers aiding in the relief and defense of the thousands of miners in Pennsylvania and Ohio is resented bitterly by the progressive workers in Los Angeles," the International Labor Defense announced today thru Martin Abern, assistant national secretary.

Abern declared that these recent arrests make it more imperative than ever for the workers throughout the country to rally for the Relief and Defense Drive this week.

UNEMPLOYED MEN FORCE ATTENTION IN GREAT BRITAIN

British Politicians "Debate"

LONDON, July 26.—Reacting, it is believed to the pressure of unemployed workers, Ramsay McDonald, former Prime Minister of England, today delivered a "formal attack" on the government's failure to lesson, or even to check the fast-growing number of unemployed. His speech was delivered in the House of Commons, in which he demanded a vote of censure of the government.

The government's failure to relieve many poverty-stricken areas, and its complete lack of interest in the unemployment situation has caused great resentment among the army of 1,500,000 workers who are at present unemployed.

Within the last three and one-half years, the number of paupers in Great Britain has increased by 225,000.

Baldwin Offers "Solution."

Prime Minister Baldwin, in defending the government, said that unemployment was concentrated largely within certain sections while the country as a whole was "moderately prosperous." As a "solution" he offered the suggestion that unemployed persons be transferred either to prosperous sections and others to dominions.

Since the last week, the number of persons registered with the Ministry of Labor has been increased by almost 5,000.

Secretary of War to Visit Army in Hawaii

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Secretary of War Davis left New York today for Honolulu. It is announced that Davis is going to attend the celebration of the sesquicentennial anniversary of the discovery of the Hawaiian Islands.

It is known, however, that the real purpose of Davis' visit is to study the military forces on the islands and the preparations for war in the Pacific.

Stops enroute will be made in Chicago, Cheyenne, Wyo., and Denver, Colo. On the Pacific Coast, Davis will visit the naval base at San Diego, sailing for Honolulu in August.

Dead Bodies of 2 Boys Found on Train Tracks

NEWCASTLE, Pa., July 26 (UP) —The bodies of two boys, tentatively identified as those of George Buchko, 16, and Joseph Dudick, 18, of Cleveland, were found along the Pennsylvania Railroad tracks south of here today.

The boys had fallen from the train or were killed as they walked along the tracks, police said after an inquiry.

Officers said they believed the boys were making their way east when they were killed.

Railroad Worker Gives Life in Saving Others

CHICAGO, July 26 (UP).—An aged railroad flagman gave his life here today in attempting to save a motor car from a crossing crash.

The flagman, Gottlieb Steek, 56, was hurled 40 feet and instantly killed by a fast freight train when he stepped into its path to warn the auto party. Disregarding his signals, the car speeded up and crossed safely.

THE PICNIC OF THE YEAR

Freiheit Picnic
Saturday, July 28

Ulmer Park, Brooklyn

THE FREIHEIT SPORT CLUB
has prepared an excellent program in which the entire club takes part.

THE THREE SOCCER TEAMS
will play against the following organizations: 1.—Hebrew American League; 2.—Harlem Progressive S. C.; 3.—Co-operative Sport Club.

ADMISSION 35 CENTS

Polish Miners' Walk-Out Ties Up Coal Districts as Thousands Down Tools for a Day

DOMBROWA AND CRACOW FIELDS ARE PARALYZED

Men Demand Living Wages

WARSAW, Poland, July 26.—While tension grew between the Lithuanian and Polish governments, thousands of Polish coal miners yesterday walked out on a one-day general strike in protest against conditions existing in their industry.

The strike, which comes out of rank and file agitation in the form of a decision of the Executive Committee of the miners' union, was announced several days ago.

By noon yesterday the walk-out was complete in the Cracow and Dombrowa districts, where the enthusiasm of the men for the general walk-out was great. In Upper Silesia the walk-out was nearly complete.

The miners have warned the operators that the present strike is only a foretaste of what will happen, provided conditions in the coal mining industry are not remedied at once. At present the men are earning as low as 50 cents a day.

Using the strike as a threat to frighten the government, the coal operators are attempting to bully the Polish government to give them a subsidy in the form of cheaper freight rates on export coal. The railroad officials in the government have not done this to date.

NEW EVIDENCE IN CENTRALIA CASES

Committee to Fight for Liberation

Continued from Page One

day to sit in the court-room in their uniforms and intimidate witnesses and jurors; of the thirty or more affidavits showing a raid on the hall before any shooting; of the scandal school for witnesses at Montesano during the trial where each witness for the prosecution was schooled in preparation for his false testimony; of the lynching and mutilation of at least one who dared to oppose; and so on in an endless chain of treachery, tyranny and injustice that would make Nero blush for shame."

He tells of the formation of a new committee for liberation in the Northwest: of a visit to the parole board with a group, including the secretary of the Tacoma Central Labor Council, a vice-president of the Washington State Federation representing the Spokane Labor Council, and of Charlotte Todes, Seattle secretary of the International Labor Defense, who also heads the Centralia Liberation Committee.

Appealing to all workers to join in the fight for the freedom of the Centralia men, he concludes: "Let's do this one thing well; let's bring together all the power at our command to force the release of our noble brothers who have stood the brunt of the fight to organize the timber industry."

BIG OVATION FOR SANDINO OFFICIAL

Mexicans Demonstrate Solidarity

Continued from Page One

can minister in Tegucigalpa, has at the country's eastern harbor a professional murderer, Ramon Mondragon, from whom I had to flee in order not to become a new victim."

"What about Sandino's malaria?" the correspondent inquired. "That is a fairy tale to divert the American people's attention from the fact that an unprecedented outrage is being committed in Nicaragua and to hide from them the numerous casualties that have resulted from it. The rumor of Sandino's ailment is similar to the prophecy of the chief officer of the marines relative to the extermination of Sandino and his followers before the beginning of the rainy season.

"Gen. Sandino and his men are in working moral condition and I am able now to state, quoting him, that the enemies' casualties amount to very near 1,800 men, and that the arms with which they are fighting for their liberty were and are being taken from the American head marines. A battle was fought some time ago out of which not one marine came out alive, although nothing of this was reported by Secretary of Navy Wilbur. The mere nomination of Cancada to the presidency will not be the signal to end the fighting, as Sandino has set as an imperative condition the immediate evacuation of the Nicaraguan soil by the North American imperialist marines."

Machado carried with him the credentials given him by Gen. Sandino authorizing him to represent the Nicaraguan government.

Obregon, Victim of Clericals, Is Buried

Standing with heads uncovered at the bier of Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico, recently assassinated by Jose de Leon Toral, a tool of the clericals, many of his associates paid their last respects to the dead. President Calles is indicated by arrow. Obregon was buried in the mountains in his native state of Sonora. By the wish of Obregon, no religious ceremony was permitted at his funeral.

APPEAL AGAINST POLICE CONTROL

Fight for Free Speech In Philadelphia

An appeal to the Superior Court at Philadelphia will be taken from the recent decision of Judge Alessandroni of the Court of Common Pleas upholding police control over public meetings in private halls, according to an announcement made yesterday by the American Civil Liberties Union. The decision, handed down July 16, involves 16 men arrested for "disorderly conduct" on February 12 when the Philadelphia Council of Unemployed attempted to hold a Lincoln's Birthday meeting in a private hall, despite police refusal to grant a permit.

The police, acting under orders from Superintendent Mills, according to the Union, blocked entrance to the hall where the meeting was scheduled, and when some 500 men went to another hall, lined up and barred the door to that also. When speakers within the second hall attempted to speak from the windows, the police entered the building and made arrests.

Although Judge Alessandroni's ruling releases 10 of the 16 defendants because of insufficient evidence, it affirms the $10 fines imposed on the other six by the magistrate's court, and holds that the police have supervisory power over meetings, and that no meeting may be held if they prohibit it. The Civil Liberties Union contends that the police have no legal right to censor meetings in private halls. Repeated efforts to get a court ruling were unavailing until this case arose. David Wallerstein, Philadelphia attorney who has conducted the cases in the lower courts, will represent the Union in the appeal.

Chemists Produce Synthetic Rubber

EVANSTON, Ill., July 25 (UP).—A synthetic lumber has been produced by chemists as another item in their farm relief program, it was brought out at the institute of chemistry at Northwestern University here today.

The chemists are bringing before the farmers new methods as to how their supposed useless articles may be turned to profit. They have emphasized the use of corn stalks and straw in development of new material, and O. R. Sweeney of Iowa State College today added this new industry to the list.

CONTINUE FIGHT FOR GAS HEARING

Injunction Is Planned Against Commission

Adhering to its ruling of a week ago, the big-business controlled upstate Public Service Commisison refused again yesterday to allow opponents of the proposed $1,000,000,000 merger of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company to present their case in the interest of gas and light consumers in New York City

The official stand taken was that no person not owning stock in either of the companies was entitled to any consideration in the matter.

Grafters Head Commission.

Chairman Prendergast, who in 1911 was the city comptroller of New York and who together with Mayor William J. Gainor and the entire city board of estimate and apportionment, were bought up by the traction trust, and George R Van Namee, Tammany politician who led the Smith pre-convention activities, were the only members of the commission on the bench at yesterday's hearing.

The Public Committee on Power may seek to enjoin the commission from proceeding to a decision on the ground that a proper hearing has not yet been held, it was announced.

Huge Merger.

It was recently revealed that the Koppits Gas and Coke Company of Philadelphia, a Mellon concern, has bought deeply into the stocks of both the Consolidated and the Edison companies, and that the proposed merger will be merely a final step in the formation of a huge, single-controlled light and gas trust extending from Philadelphia to Boston with its pivot point in New York.

Arkansas to Vote On Anti-Evolution

The first state-wide anti-evolution referendum ever held will take place in Arkansas, Nov. 6.

At the last session of the Arkansas legislature, 1927, the Rotenberry Anti-Evolution bill passed the House of Representatives by a vote of 51 to 46, but was defeated in the senate by a vote of 16 to 14. Adopting a new strategy, which they threaten to employ in every state having the initiative and referendum, the fundamentalists have filed a petition for a state referendum.

The American Association for the Advancement of Atheism will take the field against the fundamentalists. Its president, Charles Smith, a native of Arkansas, will leave within six weeks for Little Rock to establish a campaign base there, and will return there early in October to aid in the fight against the anti-evolutionists.

WORLD CONGRESS HEARS WORKERS PARTY PROBLEMS

Balkan Situation Also Discussed

Continued from Page One

supply most of the cannon fodder during wars.

Stabilization is very shaky in the Balkans, he said, and the bourgeoisie is not able to find a stable foundation.

It is impossible to solve the differences between Italy and Jugo-Slavia peacefully hence the danger of war. The social democrats in the Balkans are assisting the terror against the revolutionary workers, this fast must therefore determine the Communist attitude to the social democrats. The Communist Parties of the Balkans have overcome severe crises.

Pepper Speaks.

Pepper then declared that Dunne, of the United States, had spoken only for himself, whereas the rest of the American delegation agreed with Bukharin. American imperialism is not exhausted, he said. The growth of capitalism does not exclude the growth of internal contradictions. On the contrary, the rapid growth of the economic and political power of American capitalism has caused severe internal and external conflicts.

The increasing radicalization of the American masses is present only in certain industries and does not embrace all the decisive sections of the proletariat. On the contrary, a tendency toward "becoming respectable" is still presen in cerain sections.

The Central Committee of the Workers Party has corrected the opportunist errors of former party leaders, who are now accusing the Central Committee of opportunism.

Youth Movement.

Blenkle, of the German Young Communist League, declared the organizational situation of the Young Communist Leagues unsatisfactory, though not stagnant. There has been a falling off in membership in the Communist Children's Leagues, whereas the social democratic children's leagues are growing. The Communist Parties must support the Young Communist Leagues, he declared.

Hannington, of Great Britain, then asserted that Bukharin's analysis failed sufficiently to treat the unemployment problem, which is one of the greatest questions of the day. The Communist International will make a mistake if it neglects the unemployment question, as the unemployed workers represent a great factor against capitalism.

Prague Police Arrest 150 Workers Red Day

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia (By Mail).—In Prague 150 workers were arrested because of the Red Day (July 5). Many of the arrested were put in chains because they shouted revolutionary slogans.

At the intervention of the Representatives Hruska and Landa-Stychov in the name of the Red Aid some of the prisoners were freed.

Raids have been made on the numerous local workers' organizations and on the homes of Communist functionaries.

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Vacation

Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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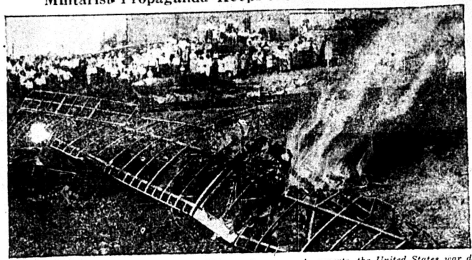
Militarist Propaganda Keeps Air Victims Mounting



By every means at the command of its publicity and propaganda experts, the United States war department is preaching air consciousness in order to prepare the ground for the coming imperialist war. Ill-trained pilots and novices who are carried away by the exhilaration of flying itself have been the Principal victims of the government's propaganda. The picture shows the end of one such tragedy where two occupants of what was once a plane, crushed to earth at Jersey City.

'BOMBS FAIL' TO DISRUPT RELIEF

Washington Meeting Is Big Success

WOODLAND, Wash., July 26.—Students of the Woodland Workers' School were refused a hall here yesterday in which to meet for the purpose of raising some funds to aid the starving miners. Undaunted by the efforts on the part of local authorities to prevent any gathering, the worker-students held an outdoor meeting.

The meeting was greeted with outbursts of enthusiasm on the part of the workers gathered to listen to the speakers. It is probably the first open-air meeting at which so much as $17 was collected.

The local business interests, which in the first instance had urged the authorities here to refuse a hall for the miners' relief meeting were angered by the success of the meeting and threw stink bombs among the throng. The meeting, however, continued with the same high spirit until its end, notwithstanding the attempts to break it up on the part of business interests.

CHORUS GIRLS FORM A UNION

CHICAGO, July 26.—A mass meeting of chorus girls, held here recently, decided to organize into a union and affiliate themselves with the Actors' Equity Association an A. F. of L. union. The meeting was called by Ann Lord and Loretta Clevinger.

The latter stated that there 2,400 chorus girls in Chicago and that they all are underpaid and must work any number of hours their employers demand. The new union will demand a minimum wage of $35 per week for city girls and $45 per week for girls on the road. They will also demand a regulated work day.

RESTS WEARY BONES—Paris (UP)—President Doumergue has left to spend his vacation at the official summer capital at Rambouillet.

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Police Beat; Objective Court Punishes Worker

BERLIN (By Mail).—In the Tempelhof court three workers were tried on June 27. Ten witnesses were called. The story of their crime is as follows: At the celebration of the tenth anniversary of the Soviet Union the "Leunalied" was sung, and the police felt themselves to be insulted. One of the accused, Max Kube, was beaten down by a policeman's club. Unconscious and covered with blood, Kube was dragged into a auto, taken to the police station, treated there for eight weeks, and until today is disabled.

Now he sits on the accused bench, together with Hertwig and Henschel, who attempted to protect him from further mistreatment by the police.

The charge is: resistance to the state power. Kube was also charged with hitting an officer from behind.

Witnesses swear that Kube neither sang nor did anything, but without much ado was beaten by the police. The sluggers, however, told another story. And the court decided energetic use of the police had prevented a heavy slaughter. Kube was sentenced to 75 marks fine and 15 days in prison.

Russian Fraction to Hold Meeting Tonight

An important meeting of the Russian fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York will be held tonight at 8 p. m. in the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Squae, on the 6th floor.

Important matters are on the agenda, and all members are urged to be present.

GOOD-WILL MAN GUARDED

BUENOS AYRES, July 26.—President-elect Guggiari of Paraguay, who is making a "good-will" tour of a number of South American republics, had to be escorted to the train by a squadron of armed guards. He was present at the funeral ceremonies of the vice-president-elect of Brazil, Biero.

RENEW TERROR IN BULGARIA

Working Class Editors in Prison

SOFIA, July 26.—The fascist regime has renewed its persecution of the workers' and peasants' organizations. The first victims of the offensive are the editors of the working class press.

The following were put in prison: Two editors of the "Novini," the editor of the "Natschalo," the editor of the trade union paper "Edinstwi." The editors were so mishandled in prison that the editor of the Natschalo, who was thrown into a dark cell, went on a hunger strike.

ROSARIO STRIKE GROWS AS PEACE BID IS REJECTED

Power Plant Workers Back Carmen

ROSARIO, Argentina, July 26.—The water works workers, whose early participation in the big Rosario walk-out formed one of the links which made the strike virtually a general strike, even in its early stages, have refused an offer of the owners to return to their jobs on terms that grant them more than they originally demanded. Their refusal to return to work is an expression of solidarity with the other trades now out in the city.

The move on the part of the power plant officials to break the strike of the carmen, dockers and transportation workers was met with a united resistance on the part of the workers.

The solidarity of the electric plant workers with the rest of the strikers has left the impression among hundreds of strikers that the general strike movement is gaining impetus.

In the meantime the harbor traffic of Rosario, the second largest port in Argentina and one of the grain centers of the world, is completely paralyzed. Shipping agents here adopted a resolution unanimously declaring their intention of continuing the boycott of the port.

All shipments of grain have ceased and 300,000 tons of grain are lying on the wharves awaiting export.

HEADS STRIKEBREAKERS

GARDEN CITY, L. I., July 26 (UP).—Elvin Wheeler of Elmira was elected president of the New York State Association of Police Chiefs today. He had served as vice-president last year.

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NORTH DAKOTA RESTAURANT WORKERS' GLORIOUS WAGES TOTAL AS HIGH AS $7 A WEEK--SOMETIMES

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BISMARCK, N. D. (By Mail).—In this state of North Dakota where wages for waiters, waitresses and restaurant workers are considered high, the waitresses are working for seven dollars ($7) per week. These girls are working seven days a week and ten hours a day in order to get their full salary. If they are absent or not on time they do not receive full pay and find that at the end of the week their pay-check has been lowered.

These workers, like almost all other workers here, have no union to help them in their struggles for higher wages and better working conditions. One of the waitresses in making a statement in answer to a question asked her in regard to a union said: "I cannot see what a union could do for us as the bosses are all organized and they would fight against us, and there are so many unemployed restaurant workers at this time that we would have no chance at all to win out. Just a short time ago I told my boss that I couldn't live on seven dollars a week and he replied that it was not his fault and that if I didn't like it I could quit."

However, this is not any particular case as the conditions of these workers are terrible. They are not allowed to sit down once during the entire day as long as they are on duty and do not get a minute off to themselves during their working time.

Talk about exploitation, we have it here in North Dakota as developed as in any other state in these United (capitalist) States. —J.

Trufood Workers Picket in Rain and Heat; Force Cafe Closure, Correspondent Says

DEMAND UNION RECOGNITION; PAY INCREASES

Open Shop Scheme Is Checked

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Owners of the Trufood Vegetarian Restaurants are vainly trying their best to break down the spirit of the striking waiters and waitresses. While the strike is entering its fourth week the pickets are doing their duty in the sweltering heat as well as in the rainstorms.

"Close or Sign Up!"

The slogan of the workers is the same as it was the first day of the walk-out: "Close up the stores or sign up with the union."

Patrons of the Trufood Restaurants walk down to the picket line and assure the strikers of their sympathy. "Don't give up, kids, we won't go in to eat unless the bosses give you union conditions."

The result of this wide sympathy on the part of the patrons was that the Trufood bosses were forced to close up one of their restaurants on 40th St., between Broadway and 6th Ave.

The bosses tried to use this event as a maneuver for their ends and called a conference with the strikers. Then they invited them to go back to work without recognizing the union. "Otherwise the Trufood will be closed and will be transformed into a cafeteria," they threatened.

Won't Give Up

But the strikers will never give up their just demands. Those who were freed from picket line duty as a result of having their restaurant closed were sent to work on union jobs with the understanding that as soon as the Trufood reopens, they would be placed back on the picket line.

The closing up of a restaurant is looked upon by the strikers as a partial victory. It shows them how strong they are with their determination to win better working conditions, shorter hours and higher wages. H. S.

HANdOuTS

It is now announced that the "lively and impressive impromptu ovations" which greeted Hoover's train on its trip to the coast were organized by C. Blascom Slemp, national committeeman.

• • •

Under capitalism the law is supposed to apply to rich and poor alike. But if you have a bank account with five or six figures it doesn't apply quite so vigorously to you. The rich have never had the slightest respect for the law except when they use it as a weapon to keep the workers enslaved. The men who are supposed to enforce the law have even less respect for it. This can be seen from the following words of District Attorney Stuart Culbertson of Meadville, Pa., describing the convention of the Pennsylvania State Sheriffs' Association in a hotel at Conneaut Lake, Pa.:

"When we got there we could hear them cursing. I broke into the place and found them reeling about like a lot of drunken hogs. It was the worst mess I ever saw. Bottles were being hurled about, men were fighting and two of them attacked me. We arrested the bellhop as he was serving liquor [They] destroyed a whole bathtub of bottled liquor which was packed on ice.

"They were all in a bad way. I told them who I was, and they asked me to free the bellhop, but I refused. There were at least 40 men in the room, and all of them were drunk."

• • •

If a worker thinks it's all a mistake and that the sheriffs really administer the law impartially instead of only where the graft is thickest he should listen to the following words of Thomas Garfield Sterrett, president of the Pennsylvania State Sheriffs' Association:

"To hell with the District Attorney of Crawford County and Prohibition, too!"

• • •

"We Are Lost"

If a poor working class mother manages to save up sufficient carfare to take her family to Coney Island on a hot afternoon she can console herself, leisurely, with such reveries as "I wonder if John is out past his depth? I do hope Mary doesn't fall off the scenic railway." Also, if she has six children, she is lucky if she gets through the afternoon without losing more than two. In fact, dozens of children misplace their parents at Coney Island every day. Above is a group waiting to be called for at the police station. No such problems trouble a rich woman if she is so indiscreet as to have a couple of children. Her children are sent out to bathe surrounded with so many governesses that at the end of the day you are more liable to be shy a governess than a child.

Gems of Learning

John J. Raskob, Catholic, Democratic National Chairman:—"There comes a time in the life of a nation when men not in politics feel called upon to take an active instead of a passive interest in government." If you wonder who calls them, remember money talks.

Restaurant to Donate to Election Fund Drive

The Health Food Restaurant, at 1690 Madison Ave., between 107th and 108th Sts., will donate 20 per cent of its income of today and tomorrow to the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign fund. This has been procured by the members of Unit 1, Section 4 of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Some time ago, the Health Food Restaurant contributed 25 per cent of its proceeds for two days to the striking miners. All workers in New York City are urged to patronize the restaurant for the purpose of aiding in their own drive.

CIVIL SERVICE LABOR GAGGED

Must Not Take Part in Electioneering

WASHINGTON, July 25 (UP).—The U. S. Civil Service Commission issued a formal warning to all federal employes today against participating in political campaigns this fall.

The commission stated that government employes under its jurisdiction who violated the edict would be dismissed.

• • •

WASHINGTON, July 25.—In spite of the warning issued by the Civil Service Commission, issued for the purpose of intimidating the thousands of workers holding down low-salaried government posts, the higher post-office officials and the leaders of the Civil Service Commission have every year been identified with the campaigns of their parties in organizing and agitating on behalf of their parties in power.

The white collar slaves employed by the government are among the most exploited and intimidated in the country.

PROTEST HALTED ON GAS MERGER

Prendergast Rejects Liberal's Appeal

William A. Prendergast, chairman of the Public Service Commission, announced yesterday that he has telegraphed Morris L. Ernst, attorney for the Public Committee on Power in New York State, confirming an earlier rumor that the commission does not consider his clients a "proper party" to the proceedings growing out of the petition of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York to acquire the stock of the Brooklyn Edison Company.

Prendergast has been exposed before this as the city comptroller of New York, who in 1911, together with Mayor William J. Gaines and the entire city Board of Estimate and Apportionment, was bought up by the traction interests.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., July 26.—A union of federal employes has been organized here. The organization has 50 charter members.

Future Fighters for the Working Class

The picture shows a group of young Pioneers who participated in a drill at a recent meeting of the International Labor Defense at Cleveland, Ohio. These future fighters for the working class are preparing themselves physically as well as mentally to join in the struggle against the capitalist system.

(Photo by George Elson, Cleveland)

WORKERS PARTY IN MINE MEET

Anthracite Subdistrict Active

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 26.—Delegates from the Workers Party nuclei in the anthracite sub-district will meet this Sunday, July 29, to discuss the present situation, to work out plans for the future and to mobilize the Party for the carrying out of these plans.

During the past months, the anthracite sub-district has showed definite progress in its work, as proven by the gaining of about 70 new members, the improved activity of the membership and the formation of new units, including 5 mine-nuclei. The organization of mine-nuclei is especially important.

Experience has proven that the turning of the Party's attention towards the place of work does not only put an end to the remnants of a language branch spirit, but it means increased activity in the mine and the union. More mine-nuclei will lead to a bigger Party and a bigger left wing.

The conditions today are favorable for this work. The situation in the tri-district with the bankruptcy of the fake opposition leaders, the sell-out of the soft-coal miners by Lewis, and the increase in unemployment, together with the attack of the operators, is opening the eyes of many miners. They are answering with strikes to the offensive against the union conditions. They are beginning to realize that after the destruction of the union in the bituminous fields, the anthracite will follow. They are becoming more and more receptive to the message of the Party and the left wing.

$18,000 SHORT IN TAMMANY GRAFT

Glee Club Does Its Bit to Uphold Tradition

A shortage of $18,000 in the books of the Police Glee Club was revealed yesterday after an inquiry conducted by Police Inspector Lewis J. Valentine. Tammany police Commissioner Warren, whose attention was called to the shortage, refused to declare himself on the issue before he communicated with Mayor Walker, who is now cavorting with the pretty ladies of filmland in Hollywood.

The findings of Inspector Valentine disclosed the sale of "benefit" tickets by certain members of the Glee Club to owners of night clubs and speakeasies and to others thruout the city. These tickets, it is asserted, were sold "over and over again."

STEAMFITTERS WIN UNION.

DETROIT, July 26.—Steamfitters here won a union-shop and better working conditions.

PLUMBER OFFICIAL GIVES OUT FAVORS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Many plumbers of Local 463, Bronx and Manhattan, are of the opinion that their president, "Bill" Doran, is a "good" man. "What does his goodness to the plumbers consist in?" I once asked a member of Local 463.

Gets Boss Favors

"Well, you know, 'Bill' can get more favors from the boss for us than any other man in the local," he replied.

"Do you think that the bosses are fools, that they give favors for nothing? Don't you think they demand something in return?"

"You're all wrong; 'Bill' is a good guy," and that ended the argument.

Halt Employment

Many plumbers are out of work now. While they are walking the streets others are working overtime on week days and Saturdays. This is a violation of the rules of Local 463, which says that no one may work overtime unless he gets the permission of the union. In some places work is also being done on Sundays. Of course "Bill" Doran and the other officials of Local 463 do nothing to stop these evils.

Now we understand why "Bill" Doran can get favors from the bosses. Not only do not these favors help the workers but they prevent a good many of them from being able to earn a few extra cents in order to make an appearance that they are living.

CASSELL.

MACHADO TERROR CLAIMS VICTIM

HAVANA, Cuba, July 25.—Continued terrorist activity of the Cuban police in their campaign against the workers came to light today with the announcement of the discovery of a new "plot" to assassinate President Machado.

The report, which resulted in the immediate arrest of Miguel Gonzales at Santiago de Cuba, was made by Chief of Judicial Police Alfonso L. Fors.

Cuban police have engaged in a campaign of persecution since their conference with Machado, when plans for the present activities are alleged to have been laid.

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RIGHT WING IN CAPMAKERS WIN GANG VICTORY

But Militants Expose Jobless Fund Fraud

(By a Worker Correspondent)

A ridiculous comedy was staged by the right wing officialdom at the meeting of the Capmakers Local 1 last Saturday night, which was to have been held for elections of a new executive board.

Rank and File Stay Home.

The worst elements in the organization, the proud possessors of "life-jobs," these working bootleg overtime with the consent of the officialdom at a time when hundreds of capmakers are walking the streets jobless, were mobilized to come to the meeting. But the great majority of the capmakers, those compelled to come to the bureaucrats for a job, remained at home.

When it comes to permitting balloting, so that all the membership can have an opportunity to participate in the elections for union functionaries, that is out of the question. Zaritsky and his club-controlled locals will never permit secret elections and can maintain control only so long as they know that the members would fear to be seen registering their vote against the administration.

At the meeting it was seen that no one, not a member of Zaritsky's club had any chance to be elected. Even those openly speaking against the left wing, but not members of his clique, lost out when the gang vote was "counted."

The cynical railroading thru of Zaritsky's hand-picked executive board was in no way delayed by the left wing speakers' exposure of the union wrecking activities of the Zaritsky gang. J. Schogel, S. Boerum, Abe Jonas and others assailed the "reelected" right wing executive board for supporting Zaritsky in his campaign to force piece-work and the return of the 44-hour week upon the membership, and also his deliberate destruction of the organization by expulsion of all progressive elements opposed to his sellout policies.

"Regular Boys," Exposed.

The militants speaking also expose the officialdom's criminal neglect in collecting the three per cent unemployment insurance fund from the manufacturers. This was consciously done in order not to irritate the friends of the right wing, the employers, it was explained. As a result of this the employment fund which provided the jobless with a dole enabling them to carry on, was completely shut down.

At the so-called vote count, the chairman, one of the regular boys concluded with a vote total far larger than the entire attendance at the meeting. These are the details of how the right wing of Local 1 achieved a great victory for themselves. —M. M.

Film Record of a Scientific Expedition at the Cameo

CAPTAIN SNOW'S picture story, "Hunting Big Game in Africa," now being shown at the Cameo Theatre, is one of the films that merit revival. Originally shown on Broadway a few years ago it still stands as one of the best of its kind.

It is a record of two years spent in the African jungles in search of specimens for the Oakland Museum of Natural History. The opening scenes allow a glimpse into the whaling industry on the African coast. From then on the pictorial records of the expedition follow systematically the progress of each step into the jungles.

Modes of travel in the different sections of the country are an interesting feature: By mule teams, to oxen, to camels, then by Ford and finally the only way possible, by foot. Meanwhile as the different stages are reached the animal life of each section is given with startling success. Since this was the purpose of the expedition, the human life of the jungles is only secondary. What there is of it in the films—the native customs and ceremonial rites—are a welcome addition to the story.

Securing specimens is a dangerous task. Leopards, rhinos, buffalo and elephants particularly are not willing to give up their hides without a battle. As a result some of the incidents of the hunt are thrilling. A charging elephant dashing into the lens is obvious danger.

The revival of films of such interest by the Film Arts Guild makes a trip to the Cameo especially worthwhile to the proletarian arm-chair traveler whose traveling must necessarily be confined between the factory and the home.

Charge Bank Official With Stealing Funds

BOSTON, July 25 (UP).—Charged with misapplication of approximately $30,000 in bank funds, Frederick Salder of Jamaica Plain, assistant treasurer of the United States Trust Company, was arraigned in federal court on a secret indictment here today.

He pleaded not guilty and was ordered held uner $5,000 bond.

The indictment, containing seven counts, charges that Slater, over a period of years, by negotiation of fictitious notes and mortgages for which cashiers' checks were obtained and negotiated, converted to his own use the proceed.

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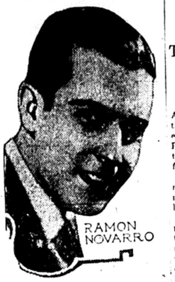

Featured in the new film, "A Certain Young Man," now showing at Loew's State Theatre.

NEW PRESS AGENTS' UNION HOLDS WELCOME PARTY

The recently organized Association of Theatrical Agents and Managers held a meeting last night in the Fisk building. The organization recently received a charter from the American Federation of Labor, and last night's meeting was a special gathering to welcome the co-operation of the stage unions.

Members of the American Federation present pledged the support of the organization. Edward Canavan, president of the State Hands' Union; Frank Gilmore of the Actors' Equity, and Joseph Weber of the American Federation of Musicians, were on hand to pledge their support.

MONESSEN TIN COMPANY BUYS GIRLS CHEAPER

Their Labor Costs Less Than Men's

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MONESSEN, Pa., (By Mail).—Am sending another letter about the working conditions here in Monessen. The American Sheet and Tin Plate Company is supposed to start to work Sunday nights and work till four o'clock Saturday.

The company sure can work the men as they are pleased now with plenty of men standing at the gates looking for employment.

Last winter the mill worked only part time and half of the men had to work doubled up, (doubled up means two men on one job) and when a worker works doubled up, he only receives half as much pay as he would if he worked alone. And now when the hot weather is on they make the workers work every day and also make them work on Saturday till four o'clock, where before they only worked till eight o'clock in the morning.

How long will the workers stand for the dirty work that that company plays on them year after year? In the mills here we have the insurance and safety first signs all over the mill. They have posters tacked up which read as follows: "Be a Tight Wad. Save Your Earnings. Work Steady and Save for the Rainy Day," and so forth. A fellow worker asked me the other day as we were standing and reading these posters, "How in the hell can a fellow save for the rainy day, when all he can make goes for the upkeep of his family?" The workers here are working under the most rotten conditions imaginable. We do not have washrooms or lockers where we can keep our clothes or wash. —E. E.

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CAPT. H. A. SNOW'S "HUNTING BIG GAME IN AFRICA"
THRILLING—AMAZING—REAL
and "ARCTIC SEAL HUNT"

DRAMATIC CRITIC DEAD

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 26 (UP).—Henry Tilford Parker, 45 former New York dramatic critic and prominent in newspaper and theatrical circles here, died today after an illness of 18 months

Read This First!

1. We say "read this first," because this requires action!
2. This is the big week. Every man, woman and child in sympathy with the struggling coal miners will co-operate fully in our National Miners' Relief and Defense Week.
3. Every subscriber of this paper must take the contribution list sent him and collect funds in shop and factory, in union and lodge, from friends and neighbors.
4. Every subscriber of this paper must register with the National Miners' Relief Secretary or the International Labor Defense Secretary of his city at once, and take part in the big house-to-house collections on Saturday and Sunday, July 28 and 29.
5. If you have not received a contribution list for this special drive for funds then write us this minute and we will send you one by special delivery mail. Everybody must help just a little more at this most critical period.

If the Coal Miners and Their Families Ever Needed Assistance--

They Need It Now!

National Miners' Relief and Defense Week

Conducted Jointly by the National Miners' Relief Committee, International Labor Defense

Address all mail and make all remittances to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Penna.

Staten Island Shipbuilding Strikers Determined to Fight Wage Slash to End

WORKERS FORM COMMITTEE TO BUILD A UNION

Unorganized, Enter 5th Day of Fight

(By a Shipworker Correspondent)

The workers of the Staten Island Shipbuilding Company, for the most part unorganized and entering on the fifth day of their strike against a wage cut, held a meeting this afternoon at the corner of Railroad and Stuyvesant Avenue at which there was a large and enthusiastic turnout.

The strikers expressed their determination not to go back to work under the new wage scale which has been slashed, and demanded the wage scale inforced before March 15. The spirit at the meeting was high and the strikers pledged themselves to stick together.

Deceive Workers.

According to the promise of the company, the new wage scale was intended to apply only to workers employed after March 15, but the company has used it as a means to reduce the wages of the old workers. When a worker does not report at his job for three days, (illness is no excuse), he is re-hired as a new man on the reduced wage scale.

Drastic cuts were made in the wages of the workers of all departments. Iron workers were cut from 88 cents per hour to 72 cents; carpenters from 90 cents per hour to 80 cents and overtime was reduced from double and a half to double.

The treachery of the company bosses in thus fooling the employees has angered the workers. The walkout of the iron workers on last Friday was almost immediately followed by a walkout of all departments. The 650 men employed in the plant are almost all out on strike and refuse to return to work until their demands are granted.

Picket Regularly.

The strikers picket the plant regularly bearing signs calling upon the few workers still employed to join the strike. Mornings and evenings a caravan of automobiles display signs informing the men looking for work that the plant is on strike.

The strikers feel the need for a strong union and realize that it is necessary to organize in order to win the strike and to prevent any such company action in the future. The sentiment among the strikers is strong for the formation of a shop committee, which they realize is the only means to safeguard their interests and fight the bosses.

The company has tried to bulldoze the workers back into the plant by telling them that the ships will be taken off the drydocks and transported to Newport News. But the workers only laugh at the crude methods of the bosses because they know that the ships still need thousands of rivets and that they cannot be put out into the water.

DEMONSTRATOR IS UP IN COURT

Nathan Kaplan Being Framed-up

Nathan Kaplan, fur worker, who was arrested in connection with the anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall Street, July 3 and charged with first, second and third degree assault on the testimony of two officers, appeared yesteday in General Sessions Court, Part 1, before Judge Otto Rosalsky and pleaded not guilty to the charge.

Kaplan is being accused of biting the finger of a policeman, despite the fact that a number of witnesses have testified that the policeman's finger was cut when he smashed Kaplan in the face.

He is being defended by Jacques Buitenkant, representing the New York section of the International Labor Defense. The I. L. D. has issued an appeal to all class-conscious workers to help smash the frame-up of Kaplan by sending immediate funds for his defense and also by attending the I. L. D. Outing at Pleasant Bay Park, Aug. 11, the proceeds of which will be used to defend him.

AIRPLANES BOMB SANDINO CAMP

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 25. —A virtual massacre of Nicaraguans occurred today when a squadron of marine planes bombed a camp of soldiers under command of Augustino Sandino, leader of the army of independence. The planes were subjected to heavy machine gun and rifle fire but the defense [illegible] anti-aircraft guns.

The squadron of planes circled the camp situated about 50 miles [illegible] of Mura on the Honduran border, dropping bombs. The [illegible] planes kept out of range of [illegible] fire and continued to attack the camp of Genural Sandino.

Fight Trust Prepares Last Details of Battle

The picture shows workers preparing the high power electric before the Tunney-Heeney fight scheduled for last night. The fight capitalists lavish huge sums on the "scenery" amidst which their picked performers box. The lumber in the back is part of the stands where a seat costs $40.

FURRIERS DRIVE GUNMEN AWAY

Sorkin Bloc in Cooper Union Meet Tonight

The maneuver of sending hired thugs into the fur market to intimidate the fur workers, used as a last resort to bolster up the collapsing structure of of the Joint Council, A. F. of L. company union, met its Waterloo yesterday afternoon when the furriers revolted and drove a squad of gangsters out of the "market."

In a free-for-all battle, which the furriers decided to make conclusive despite the squad of police and reserves, who were attempting to halt it, the squad of right wing hirelings were taught that the workers will defend themselves against any attempt to browbeat them into submission to the thug and boss ruled Council.

Nat Yacker, who has an odorous reputation among the furriers, leading a gang of cutthroats, strutted up to 30th St. and Sixth Ave., where the workers gather for dinner hour, and with bludgeons, began to assault those too militant in their denunciation of the McGrady-Stetsky clique, who with the bosses have destroyed the former good working standards in the trade.

The week-old voyages of the gangster squad thru the market suddenly hit a reef when in yesterday's adventure, the workers turned on them and drubbed them out of all ambition to continue their campaign of organized terror.

When the police arrived they began to arrest the workers, most of whom were members of the Joint Board. It was only after the determined protests of the workers that the police were forced to take into custody two of the gangsters. They are Glassman and a hireling strange to the fur district called "Phinney."

Sadie Mondell and Celia Rabinowitz were the two women out of the four workers arrested. Meyer Fineman and Mark Boeurum were the men. Three of these were charged with disorderly conduct when arraigned in Jefferson Market Court later. Fineman, it was learned, was chosen by the thugs as a victim in a frame-up attempt. They are pressing felonious assault charges against him. Bonds of $500 were put up by the Joint Board for the appearance of the first three. Increased bail, the amount not yet learned, was demanded by the judge for Fineman.

FRANCHISE KING SUPPORTS SMITH

With the announcement by John Raskob, open shop manager of the Al Smith campaign that the goal set for the democratic drive this year will total $3,500,000, a record for the party, there was made public the fact that William H. Woodin, president of the American Car and Foundry Company and chief figure in the Equitable Bus Company which recently obtained a city bus franchise, will support Al Smith.

Woodin, who is a prominent republican and a director in a dozen large corporations, announced that he would not only support Smith but that he would campaign for the Tammany governor. The news was not thought surprising in view of the fact that within a year the Equitable Bus Corporation secured a franchise from the city commonly reported to be worth $150,000,000.

DROWNED SAVING SON

DOWAGIAC, Mich., July 26 (UP).—Exhausted after holding his three-year-old son, Billy, above water until help came, Edward La Fountained, 25, of South Bend, Ind., sank in 20 feet of water in Birch Lake late yesterday and was drowned.

ASK 4 MILITANT MINERS BE FREED

Delegation to Visit Illinois Governor

Petitions and resolutions from the coal miners in Southern Illinois and labor organizations throughout the state of Illinois demanding the release of Henry Corbishley, Steve Meanovich, Ignatz Simich and Eddie Moleski from imprisonment, are pouring in upon Governor Small. These four militant miners were framed and imprisoned on the charge of assault with intent to commit murder, as a result of a fight which occurred at a meeting of Local 992, United Mine Workers of America. The ones who incited the riot, it has been established, were two reactionary union officials, Cobb and Fox, henchmen of the corrupt Lewis and Farrington machines. Corbishley and the others convicted were active supporters of the Save-the-Union movement in the U. M. W. A. and today are supporters of the movement to build a new National Miners' Union.

The coal operators, the reactionary U. M. W. A. officialdom, Fishwick, Fox and others, however, together with the courts, and through lying witnesses, intimidation, etc., got these militants convicted, according to the International Labor Defense.

According to reports received by the national office of the I. L. D., at 80 E. 11th St., New York, which defended the militant Zeigler miners, a delegation of trade unionists, liberals and prominent individuals will shortly visit Governor Small with a demand for the release of Corbishley and the other three workers.

The I. L. D. calls upon the workers everywhere to intensify their activities for these men. Corbishley, Meanovich and Simich are imprisoned in Southern Illinois penitentiary at Menard, Illinois, and Meliski at the Illinois state reformatory at Pontiac, Ill., since December, 1927.

ATTACK PICKETS OF FRUIT UNION

Boss Hired Gangsters Run Amuck Again

Anti-union owners of the fruit stores on aBthgate Ave., and the thugs they hired made a new and vicious assault against the picketing members of the Retail Grocery Fruit and Dairy Clerks Union striking for recognition of their union.

The cases of the four workers arrested after they were beaten up in the attack Tuesday evening were postponed till July 30 by Judge Vitalie in the West Farms Court yesterday afternoon.

In defending themselves against the onslaught of the thugs, some of who mused fruit box hatchets, David Vacker, union organizer, and Jack Goldberg were arrested. Hyman Kovarsky and Sam Shapiro were injured severely; one of them was treated in a hospital after the assault and took five stitches to close the hatchet wound in his head.

The union has been conducting a bitter unionization struggle against the Bathgate Avenue bosses for many months, and is determined, according to union statements made later, to continue the struggle til' the employers capitulate and agree to recognie the workers organization.

Speakers and Agitprop Conference Saturday

All speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party in District 2, section, subsection and unit agitprop directors and members of section speakers' classes have been invited to attend a conference to be held Saturday, at 2 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. The meeting will be held on the fifth floor.

'RED ESSEX' TOUR CONTINUES WITH GREAT SUCCESS

Collect Signatures In Election Drive

A battered automobile, discarded by its original owner, may yet be seen occupying a place of honor in an historical revolutionary museum, when the workers and farmers of the United States supplant the present capitalist government with one of their own.

And its name is sure to be the "Red Essex."

Last week Comrades George Pearlman and Donald Burke drove their panting gasoline boat up to the headquarters of the New York District Committee, wiped their perspiring foreheads, and told the story of their adventures collecting signatures for the Communist candidates to Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager for the Empire State.

Covered 14 States.

Pearlman and Burke had covered fourteen counties on both sides of the Hudson, from Yonkers to Saratoga Springs and from Saratoga Springs to Haverstraw, and during the course of their labor they ran into scenes of poverty and destitution that would equal anything witnessed in the slums of London or Paris.

In most of these small towns there is little if any industry, and the population depends on the summer hotel trade for existence. If the summer trade is brisk, they are able to exist during the winter months on what they manage to save. But this year unemployment in the cities has hit hard at the industry—if industry it may be called—and the propertyless section of the population face the coming winter with a shudder of dread.

While the plight of the white workers is bad enough, that of the Negroes is so terrible that the conditions existing during chattel slavery days in the South were ideal in comparison.

Negroes Suffer.

Negroes find it almost impossible to secure lodging or a shack to rent. This miserable territory is infested with the Ku Klux Klan, who fire cannons off the tops of hills when commencing their rites. Those befuddled people are bitterly anti-radical, and in some villages practically everybody from the grandfather to the toddling infant is a member.

Wherever the klan is dominant, life for the Negro is unbearable. In the city of Athens a Negro family lived in a one-room shack which was so small that it could not house the old second-hand installment plan piano. It had to be put outside the shanty. Negroes, as well as other workers, can only find part-time employment. When out of work, they are obliged to borrow money which they must pay back when working.

The backwoods or poor farmers are hardly any better off. Ruined by the Borden Milk Trust, the farmers are at their wits' end to make ends meet. The Borden Company, which had previously purchased milk in Putnam county, started out to corner the market and ruin the independent milk companies. They bribed inspectors to declare the cows diseased and order the cattle killed inside of 24 hours. A few farmers wiser than the others called in a state inspector, who decided that the cattle were healthy. But it was too late. The power of the milk trust was too great. Now the Bordens are purchasing their milk in Canada and getting it at a much cheaper price.

Pearlman and Burke found the railroad workers 90 per cent. for getting the party on the ballot. They remembered the 1922 strike and the activity of William Z. Foster in that strike. They knew of the great steel strike, were against the Watson-Parker law, and were discontented with their working conditions. The signature collectors only had to say that the Workers (Communist) Party was a party of labor and the signatures were forthcoming.

In Chatham they collected 55 signatures in two hours.

The poor farmers were interested as soon as they were shown the Communist emblem with the sickle representing the farmers and the hammer the industrial workers. They signed readily.

Another interesting feature of the situation is the willingness of the women to give their signatures. They are feeling the effect of the low wages their husbands are receiving and want to register their protest.

The two camrades in the "Red Special" reported that they collected the signatures of 1,600 American citizens and registered voters who are willing to place the party on the ballot. They found much sympathy for the party in the industrial localities, with many offering to join up.

The necessary number of signatures to put the party on the ballot have been collected in 30 counties of the 62 in New York State. The required number to put the ticket on the ballot in the entire State is expected by next week, according to campaign headquarters.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paer.

• • •

League Picnic in Philadelphia.

A picnic, the proceeds of which will go to the Young Worker, will be held on Sunday, August 5, at the Burlholme Park. A splendid time is assured to all who come. Sports, games and songs will be had. Admission free. Direction: Take No. 50 car and go as far as 7300 north. A committee will wait for you there.

• • •

Philadelphia Miners' Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Miners' Relief Conference here has arranged a picnic for July 29 at Maple Grove Park.

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Philadelphia T. U. E. L. Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Trade Union Educational League of Philadelphia will hold a Grand Picnic at Maple Park Grove on August 4, beginning at 9 a. m. and ending at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing and musical programs will be added to the speeches of prominent members returned from the U. S. S. R. All are invited to attend.

• • •

Philadelphia Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Workers (Communist) Party here has arranged a picnic to be held August 19 at Burholme Park. All workers are invited to attend.

• • •

Chicago Picnic.

CHICAGO, Ill.—A picnic for the benefit of the Northwestern Shop News of Chicago will be held on July 29, under the auspices of Section 6, District 8, of the Workers (Communist) Party. In order to reach the picnic grounds, take Grand Ave. car to Sayre (1700 block), walk north to 3100 block, then one block west to 3101 North Nordica.

• • •

Scranton Y. W. L. Picnic.

SCRANTON, Pa.—A picnic will be held under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Scranton, Pa., at Runo Farm, Hollow Ave., on August 5, a t10 A. M. All young workers are welcome. A very interesting program has been arranged.

• • •

Anthracite Election Rallies.

Several mass meetings have been arranged for Herbert Benjamin, organizer District No. 3 in the anthracite sub-district. The topic of the meetings is the Election Campaign, with special reference to the problems facing the hard-coal miners. The dates are as follows:

July 27, Friday, 7 p. m.—Scranton, Hulbert's Hall, 117 Wyoming Ave.

July 28, Saturday, 7 p. m.—Old Forge, open-air meeting, Main St.

• • •

Chicago Functionary Meeting.

Max Bedacht, district organizer Workers (Communist) Party, District No. 8, will address a meeting of women functionaries on Friday, July 27th, 1928, at 2021 West Division St., at 8 p. m. Bedacht will outline the party policy for work among women. The agenda will include reports by Anna E. David, women's work director, District No. 8, Presidential Election Campaign, Miners' Relief. All functionaries from sections, nuclei, and fractions are obligated to attend.

• • •

Chicago Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial.

The Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial Conference, Chicago, will hold a memorial meeting in honor of the murdered worker martyrs, Sacco and Vanzetti, on Wednesday, August 22, at 8 p. m., at Temple Hall, Van Buren and Marshfield. Ralph Chaplin, orator and poet; Mordecai Shulman, attorney Guido Serio of the Anti-Fascist Alliance, and others, will address the meeting. A beautiful musical program will be had.

• • •

Philadelphia Workers Stage Play.

The West Philadelphia 'Workers' Club will present the "Hairy Ape," by Eugene O'Neill at the Hedgerow Theatre, Saturday, July 28, at 4 p. m. Tickets may be obtained from The DAILY WORKER office, 1214 Spring Garden St., and from every member of the club. Prices moderate. Directions: Take elevated to 69th St., and change for the Media surface car. Walk from Media to Rose Valley.

• • •

Philadelphia Open-air Meetings.

Workers Party will hold the following open-air meetings:

Friday, July 27th, at Wylie and Ridge, 8 p. m.; 7th and Ritner, 8 p. m.

Saturday, July 28th, at Kensington and Orleans, 8 p. m.; 7th and Snyder, 8 p. m.

• • •

Noon-hour meetings Monday, July 30th, at 5th and Huntington2 Park, 12 p. m.; Monday, July 30th, at Marshall & Girard; Tuesday, July 31st, at 13th & Reed; Wednesday, Aug. 1st, at 40th & Lancaster; Thursday, Aug. 2nd, 53rd & Girard Ave.

• • •

Notice Texas Communists.

You are called to meet on County Convention day, August 4, (law does not specify number so meet whether few or many) and elect a delegate to the State Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party called for the 14th day of August in the city of Houston at 304½ Main St. Those taking part in conventions must be qualified voters, the qualifications for candidates are the same.

Chicago Miners' Relief.

The big drive will begin July 29th. Headquarters open 8 a. m.

Mobilize for relief and defense for the fighting miners. Stations:

West Side—23 S. Lincoln St.; 3301 W. Roosevelt Rd., Freiheit; 1510 W. 18th St., Rovnost Ludu; 1823 S. Loomis St., Radnik.

Northwest Side—2021 W. Division St., 2736 W. Division St.

North Side—2409 N. Halsted St., Imperial Hall; 453 W. North Ave., Hungarian Hall

Albany Park—4021 N. Drake Ave.

Cicero—5100 W. 23rd St.

Maywood—410 S. 9th St.

South Side—3116 S. Halsted, Vilnis; 3035 W. 51st St., Workers' Home; 3201 S. Wabash Ave., Community House.

Woodlawn—647 E. 61st St.

Pullman—2954 E. 94th St.

• • •

Washington Economics Class.

The weekly class in Elementary Marxian Economics of the Workers' every Saturday at 8 o'clock at 817 13th St., N. W., "A B C of Communism" and other tet books are due in use. Non-communists are invited.

Washington Leninist Class.

The weekly class in Leninism of the Workers' School of Washington, D. C., meets at 8 o'clock every Tuesday at 817 13th St., N. W.

• • •

Canton Festival for Miners.

The Canton Branch of the National Miners' Relief will hold a huge festival for the starving miners on Aug. 14. Admission rice is only 15 cents. Cake and ice cream served free. Music, games, sports. Come one, come all, workers.

CANTON WORKERS TO AID MINERS

To Hold Huge Festival To Raise Funds

CANTON, O., July 26.—The Canton Branch of the National Miners' Relief Committee is preparing a huge town festival for the benefit of the starving miners. It will be held in Nimissilla Park on Au. 14.

The Miners' Relief Committee of Canton has set only 15 cents as the price of admission to this festival. Delicious cake and ice cream will be served without extra charge.

It is expected that thousands of Canton workers will crowd the beautiful park in order to help the miners. Features will be a union band of music, games and sports.

Members of the arrangement committee state that this fair will be the biggest the town has ever seen and of a working class nature besides. Many workers from neighboring cities are preparing to attend it.

The Jewish Culture Slub held a picnic recently and collected $25 for the miners. They are now helping to make the miners' festival here a success.

Labor Defense Week, Camp Heulit, Aug. 6

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 25. —The week of August 7 to 12 will be an International Labor Defense Week at Camp Huliet, Lumberville, Pa. The I. L. D. has invited every worker of Philadelphia and vicinity to spend his vacation at the camp during that week. Those who are unable to register for that week are urged to communicate with the I. L. D. at 1214 Spring Garden St. as soon as possible.

Special busses will leave for Camp Huliet on August 12, and workers are asked to make their reservations immediately.

Fight Wins Back Pay

CHICAGO, July 26.—Teachers here who have been illegally dropped from the payroll have won their fight for the back pay due them. The amount returned them is $220,000.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

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By Train—To Raven Rock, N. J., on the Penna R. R.
Form New York—By Train to Raven Rock, N. J.
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INSURANCE PLAN SHOWN AS FRAUD OF AUTO BOSSES

General Motors Will Profit

Two group insurance policies totaling approximately a half million dollars were reported in New York financial circles yesterday, as the most recent and largest attempt by open-shop employers to put over "welfare" instead of paying decent wages.

One was a policy signed by Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., president of the General Motors Corporation, for the 200,000 employes of that company. It was taken out with the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company and totals about $400,000,000.

The General Motors' policy is "co-operative" and available to all employes who have been in employ of the company three months. It provides $2,000 life insurance and $15 weekly for illness or accident.

The other policy was one announced by the Inter-Southern Life Insurance Company for the 15,000 employes of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

In both cases the workers themselves are forced to pay the premium costs, which are believed to be about three times the actual cost of the insurance.

Conceal Joker

In the publicity sent out by the open-shop, Morgan-controlled General Motors Corporation, the fact is carefully concealed that workers are entitled to the insurance only as long as they remain in the employ of the union hating, low-wage concern. An employe who leaves his job forfeits what he has paid in, no matter how long he has been paying.

The labor turnover in the General Motors Company is said to be between 10 and 12 per cent per year. This means that an almost completely new force is taken in about every eight or nine years.

In other words, practically speaking, little insurance payments will actually be made, since the workers will have left, but the Morgan firm will actually rake in a huge profit for the transaction.

Only those workers who die within a few years of their employment by the concern will derive any "benefit," for, according to the average, they will have left the firm and have lost their insurance after about eight years.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, which issues the insurance, is likewise a Morgan-controlled concern. Its vice-president, Frederick H. Ecker, who was intrumental in putting over the scheme, is active in the traction and power gang which operates in New York State.

Section One, Chicago, Holds Picnic Sunday

CHICAGO, July 26.—On Sunday, at Max Bedacht's grounds, 3101 N. Nordica Ave., Section 6 of District 8, Workers (Communist) Party, will hold a picnic for the benefit of the Northwestern Shop News. There will be plenty of good food and refreshing drink, music by the Workers' Mandolin Orchestra, singing, dancing, a sports program and other features.

Among other working-lass speakers, L. M. Hawver of the Amalgamation Committee, who recently returned fr moRussia, will speak on matters of importance to the American workers. His talk will be particularly interesting to railroad workers.

To get to the picnic grounds, take Grand Ave. car to Sayre (7000 west), walk north to 3100 block, then one block west to Nordica.

HOLD FUNERAL OF SOVIET AVIATOR

Impressive Rites for Alexis Pavloff

MOSCOW, July 25 (UP).—Impressive funeral services were held today for Alexis Pavloff, army aviator who heroically crashed his plane Sunday in order to avoid running down a crowd of spectators.

Pavloff was looping the loop before a big crowd when his engine stalled. Seeing that he was about to go into the crowd, he nose-dived when close to the ground. His machine was crushed to pieces and he was killed instantly.

Pavloff's plane was one of 20 in an exhibition. All were paid for by a popular fund called "Russia's reply to Chamberlain."

AMBASSADOR RESIGNS.

PARIS, July 25 (UP).—Lord Crewe, retiring British ambassador, presented his letters of recall to President Doumergue today.

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers!
For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

Counter-Revolution in Mexico

Dwight W. Morrow is well launched in the role of hangman of Mexico. This partner of the classic imperialist banking house of Wall Street went to Mexico in order by intrigue to prepare the way for the conquest and occupation of Mexico by the United States.

From the moment of the arrival of Morrow, who combined in his one person the function of representative of the United States government with the function of representative of the financiers investing in Mexican exploitation, the affairs of Mexico have moved rapidly toward direct control of that country from New York City.

Morrow went to conquer what was called "Bolshevism" in Mexico. That is, to conquer anything that interfered with the seizure of Mexican resources, oil lands, mining rights, etc., and with the super-exploitation of Mexican workers and peasants by the Wall Street finance-capitalists who sent him. With almost unlimited power of reward and punishment in his hands, Morrow made long strides toward his goal. Both the Calles government and the prospective government of Obregon were already eating out of the hand of Morgan's ambassador at the time of the assassination of Obregon by a religious fanatic.

It had long been openly stated in the press that Morrow, among other things, was working for a reconciliation of the Mexican government with the church. In this he was at the point of success. Certainly churches are not instruments of workers' and peasants' revolutions, and equally, the imperialists valued the church as an ally for the demoralization and control of the weaker elements of the peasantry. Boasts of the success of Morrow in forcing Obregon to ally himself with the clergy against the masses of Mexico, compelled Obregon to make what was considered a partial but ambiguous denial. His assassination followed almost immediately at the hands of more or less "wild" elements of the clerical party. The religious fanatic was an instrument of the clergy, and certainly not an instrument of the anti-clerical movement as the capitalist press now pretends. The assassin only put into action what had been repeatedly threatened by countless pronouncements of the clerical spokesmen in the United States and Mexico. It may be that the subornation of Obregon by Morrow had already reached the success which would have made the president-elect acceptable to Morrow as Wall Street's policeman over Mexico; but his assassination nevertheless was a direct and clear result of the clerical-landlord movement and in revenge for the executions of priests and others involved in the recent reactionary priest-led revolt.

Whether or not Morrow had before the assassination attained complete success in the corruption of Obregon to his purposes, it is certain that he has now succeeded in imposing his dictation in the present situation after the assassination. Could there be anything more weird than the "Obregonista" party demanding that the murderer of Obregon shall not be executed? After a murder by a clerical, can there be a more ironical turn of history than the punishment of the anti-clerical elements for the clerical crime?

The entire imperialist press of the United States is now trying to make the masses accept the version sent broadcast that although it is admitted that a religious fanatic, dominated by the priesthood, committed the murder, nevertheless the anti-clerical "labor" leaders were the "intellectual authors" of the murder. The capitalist press is even shamelessly trying to put over a cock-and-bull story of an anti-clerical agent posing as religious so as to inspire the religious assassin to kill Obregon.

There is method in the madness of this.

The United States imperialists want an extermination of the labor movement of Mexico, the disarming of the poorer peasants and the massing of power completely into the hands of reactionary landlord and clerical instruments of United States capital. Where the church was openly shown to have been the direct inspirer of the crime, Morrow has performed the legerdemain of transferring the "guilt" to what is called "labor" in the persons of Luis N. Morones and his fellow leaders of the CROM.

The fact that Luis N. Morones is as big a traitor to labor as can be found in Mexico, and is subservient as any to Wall Street, must not be allowed to confuse the question. Morones is officially the "leader" of the labor movement and as such for the moment he becomes [illegible] of the reaction. But the real target is not Morones, but the labor movement itself. On the [illegible] merely a parasite. The United States government, which is very busy "assisting Mexico in her trouble," is not so foolish as to concern itself with insignificant persons, such as Morones. It aims straight at the destruction of an enemy social force, a force antagonistic to the aims of Wall Street in Mexico. This social force is the labor movement—more or less crippled by such parasites as Morones, it is true—but nevertheless potentially the destroyer of the hopes of Wall Street in Mexico.

The sublime courage which the Mexican workers and peasants have shown time and again in open battle is called now to its highest test. The struggle of life and death for a great people is on. The capitalist-imperialist United States is the enemy of which all other forces of reaction in Mexico are the tools.

Mexican workers and peasants! Crush the counter-revolution!

China In the Fight for Its Unity.

(Editorial Reprinted from the "Pravda" of June 8, 1928)

A short time ago the defeat of Chang Tso Lin and the capture of Peking by the Southern troops was—according to the official Kuomintang Press—to bring about the unity of China and would mean almost the completion of the national revolution.

The long-desired moment seemed to have come.

Chang Tso-Lin fled into Manchuria and Peking appeared red under the Kuomintang flags. How is it, however, with the notorious "unity," with the "unification" of China?

For the present one only hears that the Nanking government has extended its power to the provinces of Kiangsu, Chekiang, Kiangsi, Anhwei; the Kwangsi group rules the provinces of Hupei, Hunan, Kwangtung and Kwangsi; Feng Yu Hsiang obtains possession of the provinces of Kiangsu, Shensi and Honan, with the prospect of obtaining Shantung; the Yen Si-Shan group will, it is assumed, control the provinces of Shansi, Chili and the adjoining districts of Mongolia; for the Mukden group there remain only three Eastern provinces or Manchuria.

In the official declaration of the Kuomintang this lack of unity is masked as "the division of China in six political areas with the towns of Nanking, Canton, Peking, Hankow, Kaifeng and Mukden as centres, which recognize the power of the Supreme Council of Nanking which is the capital of China."

Such a masking is hardly likely to mislead anybody.

Between the existence of a "Supreme Council in the capital of China, Nanking" and the recognition of this Council by the political areas, and the "unity" of the China there lies a vast difference. It is generally known that the existence of the League of Nations at Geneva and its recognition by various European powers does not by any means signify the unity of Europe.

To bring proofs of this would be trying to force an open door; for many Kuomintang people already openly recognize the failure of their "unity policy." One of these Kuomintang people, in his article on the lessons of the Japanese intervention, cites the example of America, Germany and Japan herself, and maintains that only a victorious foreign war could accelerate the unification of China and help the cause of national defense to victory.

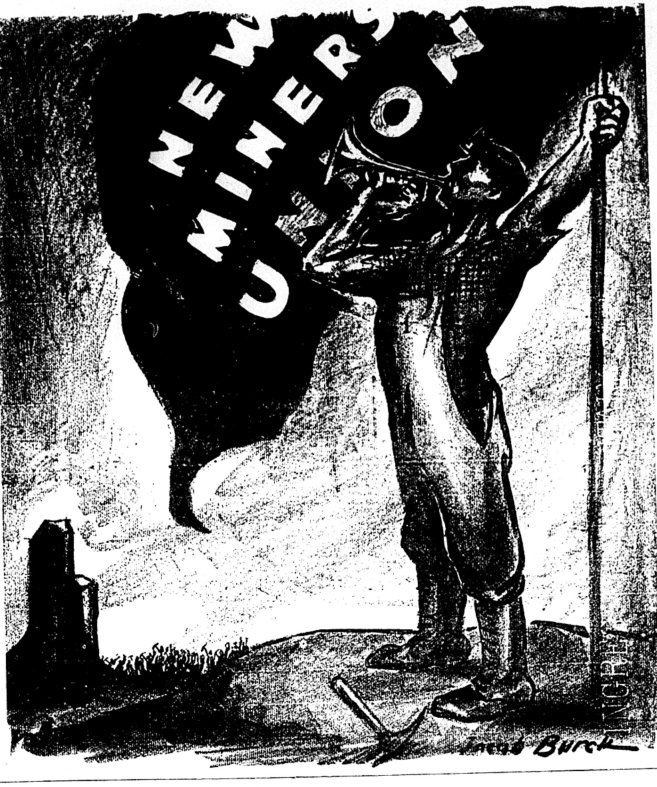
> **"We are convinced that only after a new peace treaty will all the present problems of the relations betwen Japan and the nationalists be solved and peace in the Far East be secured . . . The Chinese have now learned that a foreign war not only can expedite the unification of China, but is also the only means in order to better the international situation of China."**

Thus the nationalist-minded Kuomintang see the only means of salvation in a foreign war, as is to be seen from the above quotation. To bring about a foreign war is of course not difficult; the only question is how to lead it to victory.

The victorious fight for the real unification of China was begun, but not by the Kuomintang people who betrayed the Chinese Resolution, who capitulated to the imperialists and, along with the latter, shot down the working and peasant masses. The real unification of China means mobilizing the million-fold masses of workers and peasants who will in the first place settle with the agents of the imperialists and drive out the imperialists themselves. These tasks will be solved by the workers and peasants of China under the leadership of the Communist Party and against the Kuomintang which has become the flag of counter-revolu-

REVEILLE!

By Jacob Burck



Our Party's Election Campaign

American Communists Engaged In Most Active Campaign In U. S. Labor History

By JAY LOVESTONE.

This year will see the American Communists participating in a parliamentary campaign more intensively and on a greater scale than in any previous year. For a number of months, the Workers (Communist) Party has been engaged in direct preparations for putting the Party on the ballot in its own name in as many of the 48 states as possible.

Leaflets and pamphlets have been issued. Election conventions have already been held in over 20 states.

A highly successful national nominating convention was held at the close of May for the adoption of an election platform and the selection of Comrades Foster and Gitlow as the presidential standard bearers of our Party in the November elections.

Hundreds of Communist mass meetings are being arranged thruout the country. Scores of thousands of copies of the election platform are being distributed.

Several organizers to reach new industrial centers where the Party organization is weak or non-existent have been put into the field. For the first time in the history of the Party an organized intensive effort is being made to pierce the Solid South—the most reactionary tier of states in the country, notorious for their disfranchising and severe oppression and lynching of the Negro masses.

Increased attention is being paid to the exploited farmers, the Negro masses, the youth and the working women.

The entire election campaign has as its keynote, the class struggle, and is based on such activities of the Party as the great miners' strike, the textile workers' fight and the long drawn out struggle of the needle trades workers.

The Present Situation in the United States.

Before proceeding to analyse the election campaign policy and activities of our Party, it is necessary to sketch briefly the economic and political situation in the country. The economic recession which set in about a year ago has developed into an acute depression. "Business is irregular." There still persists "a lack of bouyancy" among the major industries. There are not many confident expectations. The bourgeoisie speak of "extreme spottiness in trade, crop and industrial reports." But there is not sufficient evidence at hand to indicate that we are immediately approaching an economic crisis as severe in character as in 1921. Certainly the depression is acute, with at least four million still out of work, but it would be utterly wrong to conclude that American capitalism now has its basic crisis and is already on the downgrade.

Big capitalist reaction continues in the saddle. There are no fundamental issues sharply dividing the two big bourgeois parties. Whatever issues have developed are largely within these parties rather than between them. The extent of reaction is marked by such events as the brazen acquittal of the multi-millionaire Sinclair, one of the principal heroes in the Teapot Dome scandal; the arrogance characterising Coolidge's use of his executive power in vetoing the McNary-Haugen bill; the granting of a huge subsidy to American shipping magnates; the decision of the supreme court legalising wire tapping; the increasingly aggressive role of American imperialism as shown by the war on Nicaragua; the big naval budget and the attack on China; the widespread use of the injunction in the continued aggressive campaign by the biggest capitalists to smash the organizations of labor and wipe out such elementary rights as the right to organize and strike.

The nomination of Hoover by the republican party, which is the dominant party of big business, is only another index of the strength of capitalist reaction and the growth in power of the executive department of the government. Hoover has been director-general of American Big Business for seven years. His nomination for the presidency marks for the first time in the history of the country the significant fact that someone is put up for the highest position in capitalist politics without previously having held a single elective office in his life. It is only additional striking evidence of the growing fusion of big business with the highest government officers.

The democratic party has nominated Al Smith, New York State governor, for president. The attitude of Wall Street towards Hoover and Smith is instructively summed up by the "Magazine of Wall Street" for May 19, 1928. When discussing the "business qualifications of the leading presidential candidates" it said:

"It is not an exaggeration to say that he (Hoover) has considered himself and has actually been director-general of American business. Never before here, or anywhere else, has a governmental department been so completely fused with business. He respects big business and admires big business men....There can be no doubt that Hoover as president would be without precedent. He would be a dynamic business president, even as Coolidge has been a static business president. He would be the first business, as distinguished from political, president the country has had.

"Al Smith's record in politics is the best possible pledge that he will make a successful administrator of the biggest business of all...that of managing the political business organizations of the United States. But what about the Smith policies? They are just the reverse of Hoover's in relation to business. Hoover emphasizes economics, Smith, politics. Hoover would serve the public by serving business; Smith would serve business by serving the public."

American imperialism, because of the narrowing of the domestic market which has been one of its main sources of strength, and the increasing competition by other imperialist powers is waging an evermore aggressive imperialist policy.

Wall Street's frontiers are being thrown out ever further. The export of capital continues apace. Yankee imperialism is strangling Nicaragua, securing a tighter grip on the Philippines, making further inroads towards complete domination of Latin America, waging a ruthless imperialist policy in the Pacific against China, beating back decisively British imperialism on every front, winning a new hold on the financial resources of such European countries as Germany, Poland and Italy, and continuously at work preparing the most devastating weapons for the impending imperialist war. This hostility of the American government towards the Soviet Union remains vigorous.

The labor movement is in a crisis. Such basic organizations of the trade union movement as the United Mine Workers of America are being wiped out. This has narrowed the best proletarian base of the American Federation of Labor considerably so that today it is primarily a movement of the labor aristocracy though it still has hundreds of thousands of semi-skilled and unskilled workers. The trade union bureaucracy is becoming evermore reactionary and is bound up integrally with the employers and government in their fight to determine the standards of living and the organizations of the working class.

Politically, the American labor movement is very backward. President Green of the American Federation of Labor drew up a program of five planks which he had presented for the republican and democratic conventions in the usual formal routine manner without even the slightest pretense on the part of the capitalist politicians to heed these demands. The policy of "non-partisan political action," which in effect means selling out the great mass of workers to the republican and democratic parties, continues. The railroad brotherhoods which formerly were the champions of the Conference for Progressive Political Action, have moved so far to the right that they recently gave a blanket endorsement to Hoover. The entire labor party movement is at a low ebb today organizationally.

What is left of what was once the socialist party—a membership of less than 5,000—is organically tied up with the reactionary trade union bureaucracy. At its last convention it has moved even further to the right and has taken decisive steps to break with whatever remnants of working class ideology there might have been in its ranks.

But because of the economic depression and particularly the acute crisis in certain industries, like coal, there is today a greater volume of radicalization in the United States than at any time since the LaFollette movement of 1924. The masses are showing increasing readiness to resist the attacks of the capitalists on their organizations and their standards. This radicalization is not yet national nor general. It is primarily limited to specific sections and industries of the country.

Our Party has responded promptly and effectively to this increased readiness of the masses to struggle and has taken the initiative and leadership in such great class fights as the miners, textile workers and needle trades as well as in the general campaign of organizing the unorganized workers. We have likewise been most actively engaged in fighting American imperialist policies and for the development of an independent mass political party of the workers as the next big step in their political development, as a class—for the organization of a labor party.

Our Party has, through these struggles, grown in influence and numbers. Today, it is the only organization of the workers consciously, persistently and energetically fighting against capitalist reaction.

(To be continued.)

Investments and Foreign Policy of U.S.

By ROBERT W. DUNN.

(Continued.)

IN connection with loans made by American financial interests to these foreign governments of the weaker sort we find your state department of the president of the United States playing a rather important role. For insuring the payment of loans and to facilitate their collection we find, for example, in the Dominican Republic an American general receiver named by the president of the United States. In Nicaragua we find an American collector, acting on order of a high commission of three, one appointed by the American bankers and another by the United States department of state. There is, also, to be sure, in more recent days, Brigadier General McCoy and his staff conducting their "free and fair elections." In Haiti the control is still more complete. An American receiver general and an American financial advisor are nominated by the president of the United States and appointed by a marionette native president. They have control of the entire revenue system of the country. An American High Commissioner and the marines complete the Haitian picture of American domination. In Salvador the loans of the American bankers are served by an American official who collects the customs. He is chosen by an American corporation with the approval of the American state department. Even in Bolivia, a stronger country, the service of loans of the American bankers involves a permanent fiscal commission consisting of three members, two of them appointed by the president of Bolivia upon recommendation of the bankers. One of these two is chairman of the commission which virtually holds the key to the economic life of the country. In Peru, Ecuador and other countries American financial advisors and agents have played their part in directing financial policies in conformity with the desires of the American investing class.

Armed Forces Protect Investments

Not only has your department of state acted as business solicitor and loan guarantor for American capitalists. The navy and the marines have upon occasions been used to protect American property interests especially in the weaker countries where effective resistance is quite impossible. Indeed, the United States navy, in one of its reports entitled "The United States Navy as an Industrial Asset" boasts of its services rendered in this connection. This aggressive use of the military and naval forces has been illustrated in Haiti, Santo Domingo, Mexico and Nicaragua. And it goes without saying that both republican and democratic administrations have resorted to this practice. However, forgetful politicians, like President Harding, have attacked the other party for acts identical with the ones they themselves have committed while in office. Mr. Bryan and other professing pacifists were particularly active in their use of the armed forces of the United States in certain Latin American countries during the Wilson administration.

What are the effects of these investments and the accompanying foreign policy upon the underlying population of the countries where the investments are made? This ought to be of some concern to those who formulate American foreign policy. The effects, of course, vary with the size, strength and character of the country involved. Defenders of imperialism have made much of the benefits derived through the application of foreign capital—good roads, sanitation and other evidences of civilization. Some of these benefits are undeniable. Over against them, however, is the crushing effect upon the economic and political liberty of these peoples, and in many cases also their material status and welfare.

Firestone Colonial Slavery

THE American investor in a mining or rubber enterprise abroad is naturally eager to hire his labor at the lowest possible price. The result in the case of Liberia, for example, is that the Firestone Plantation Company is now establishing a system of colonial slavery that bears more heavily on the natives than the colonial regimes of even the more frankly imperialist countries of Europe. In Cuba and in the Dominican Republic American economic penetration has resulted in throwing thousands of farmers off their lands and making them virtual peons of large sugar companies. The same tendency is observable in Haiti under new legislation now being decreed with the approval of the American authorities.

As for the civil liberties of these backward peoples they weigh very lightly in the balance against the forces of the advancing dollar dominion. Native presidents who must come to New York for loans may be as ruthless as they please so long as they pay their interest regularly. Native training in self-government is thus out of the question in countries where the American marines, and American corporations, unite to keep a local tyrant in power. This is particularly true of Haiti, where the government offices are filled either by Americans or by the political friends of the American-controlled president.

(To Be Continued.)

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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LEADERS ATTACK FRACTIONALISM AT WORLD MEET

Urge Its Liquidation in Workers Party

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 27.—The ninth session of the Communist World Congress of the Communist International opened here on the twenty-fifth of July. Much of the session was taken up with a discussion of the problems facing the American Party.

Cannon Speaks.

Cannon, of the United States, stated that the right wing in the United States constituted a grave danger. He also declared that a majority of the Central Committee of the American Party fail to realize that the progressive radicalization of the workers and their opportunist line prevents utilization of their fighting possibilities. The same opportunism presented the application of the decision of the Red International of Trade Unions regarding the organization of the unorganized workers. The majority of the Central Committee committed serious errors in all fields, he said. The majority deny the right wing danger and seek to mask their own opportunism by misrepresenting the standpoint of the minority. He concluded by declaring that the Comintern must correct these right wing errors because the majority was unable to do so.

Bittleman, of the United States, said that the majority of the American Party has the wrong idea about the growth of American imperialism. He said that both the diminution of production and the marketing difficulties being encountered by American capitalism both at home and abroad increase the danger of war. He made a demand that the Communist International correct the American Party's policy.

Weinstone's Speech.

Weinstone, of the United States, declared that the Cannon-Bittelman opposition was artificial and characterless. He said that the minority was equally responsible for all party [illegible] for example, the open letter to the social democratic leaders. In May, he said, the minority approved the letter of the Executive Committee of the Communist International demanding political consolidation and the decision of the May Plenum of the Central Committee were unanimously adopted. He said that the minority has only altered its standpoint here. The whole party, he said, has made mistakes but the Central Committee has corrected the mistakes.

Measures have already been taken to improve the work amongst the Negroes. The Central Committee thinks it impossible now to form a Labor Party on the basis of the Trade Unions and hence the slogan is only propagandist. The organization of a Labor Party is only possible

Continued on Page Three

SECRECY HIDES RELEASE OF KUN

To Be Exiled to USSR, Reported

VIENNA, July 27.—Complete secrecy shrouds the release of Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, whose liberation from an Austrian prison is due today.

Following his release, Bela Kun is to be exiled from Austria, according to the decision of the Austrian government. If he returns he is to be turned over to the Hungarian police, at whose hands a certain death is to be expected.

The Austrian government announced that he will be taken to the border in complete secrecy, and that he will be closely guarded. The guard that is to escort him has instructions to shoot if anyone attempts to approach him or if an escape is attempted.

From the frontier it is arranged that German police will escort him to a port where he is to be placed on a ship for the Soviet Union, according to the announcement of the Austrian government.

Immigrants Find No Work in Dominions

SYDNEY, Australia, July 27.—The opposition of Premier Bruce of Australia to the plan of the British Transference Board to relieve unemployment by immigration, indicates that the unemployment crisis of the British Empire is not confined to England.

Premier Bruce today said that the economic situation in Australia was too serious to allow the absorption of more workers.

He further objected to the "transfer from Britain to Australia of an unemployment problem which Britain was unable to solve."

Ousted by Clericals

Luis N. Morones, until recently Labor Secretary in the Calles cabinet, whose resignation was forced by the clerical reaction now in full swing in Mexico City. Latest dispatches reported him in hiding from the clericals. Morones, a typical "Gompers of Mexico," more noted for the wealth he has made out of the labor movement than for his courage, is only a pawn in the game.

IMPORT POLICE IN MILL STRIKE

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 27 (UP).—Calls for outside police aid went from this city today in anticipation of trouble tomorrow when the textile workers' union plans to stage a parade despite mayor Charles Ashley's refusal to grant a parade permit.

It was learned that police from Fall River, Brockton, Cambridge, and police squads from other Eastern Massachusetts cities, would augment New Bedford's regular force of about 175 tomorrow.

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NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 27.—Mayor Ashley, arm of mill barons in City Hall, has again refused to grant a parade permit to the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, subsidiery of the Textile Mills Committees, on the grounds that existing conditions art too "tense."

Leaders of the textile strikers' organization, in a statement issued last night, denounced Mayor Ashley and Chief of Police McLeod as having deliberately created this "tenseness" by a whole week of terror against picket lines in order to have an ex-

Continued on Page Five

BUS HEARING ON NEXT THURSDAY

Smith Supporter to Be Rewarded

The Equitable Bus Company which has been granted a franchise by the Tammany Hall administration to operate buses in Manhattan, Brooklyn and Queens, will be given its final hearing before the New York State Transit Commission next Thursday in connection with its application for a certificate of convenience and necessity which is required before the franchise becomes operative.

No opposition on the part of the commission is expected. The chairman of the body, John F. Gilchrist and another member, Leon G. Godley, are both immediate followers of Al Smith. Charles C. Lockwood, the third member of the commission though a republican, is no less amenable to the wishes of the traction and bus ring operating through the Tammany Hall administration.

The leading figure in the Equitable Bus Company is William H. Woodin, the millionaire president of the American Locomotive Company who several days ago announced his support of Al Smith for the presidency.

MEXICAN POWER HANGS FIRE IN MOVING EVENTS

Reactionary Leaders Play for Calles

MEXICO CITY, July 27.—The confederation of Obregon parties of the Republic, the "C. O. P. R.," so-called, largely under the direction of Soto y Gama and Manrique, the two agrarian leaders, who head the reactionary agrarian forces in Mexico, today adopted a program which they declared is "more radical" than that on which the recent Obregon campaign was based, but which shows its true purpose in an attack on the workers' and peasants' organizations that form the core of the revolutionary movement.

Issued with the purpose of dividing the forces of the peasants, the program includes a number of social reformist provisions on the questions of land distribution, rural education, building of roads, labor legislation, etc.

The true import of the demands made are, however, indicated in the emphasis it lays on what it calls "the necessity of purification of the revolutionary movement through relentless elimination of those elements creating the situation which has resulted in the assassination of Obregon." This description the agrarian reactionists apply to labor organizations antagonistic to them. The program seeks further to divert attention from the real meaning of its attack by declaring that "only those elements menacing genuine revolutionary labor and no other men directing the labor party" are being fought.

At the same time "El Dia," the official Obregon paper, launches a bitter attack against the National Peasants League, the militant organization of the poor peasants, and attacks also Adelberto Tejeda, liberal governor of Vera Cruz.

Calles is still playing a waiting game and refuses to issue the formal acceptance of the Morones resignation. He appears to be letting the forces develop. The general situation is still complicated. If Calles should remain as president two years longer undoubtedly the peasants' and workers' movements will be weakened through internecine attacks. Calles will in that case be obliged to base his strength on the reactionary elements which will not permit Calles to remain but will impose a provisional president on December 1. Probably either a Sonora militarist, or Saenz, the former foreign minister, will be their choice, in which case elections are to be called in less than two years.

Such new alignment would probably result in a severe struggle with proletarian forces.

The present chief obstacle to the new unification of the workers and peasants is Luis N. Morones, former minister of labor and industry. His presence also strengthens Soto y Gama and Manrique, who are leading the peasants toward the camp of reactionary Obregonism rather than toward a new unification. These elements are gaining strength through their attacks against the unpopular Morones. The situation is very complex and various tendencies not yet crystalized are in evidence.

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MEXICO CITY, July 27.—Two thousand textile workers at Rio Blanco have been locked out. The payroll of these workers is seven hundred thousand pesos per month.

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MEXICO CITY, July 27.—Leaders of the reactionary agrarian parties, and specifically Soto y Gama, who several days ago were predicting armed revolt unless Calles consented to the complete elimination of "labor" leaders from the government, are today, outwardly at least, seeking to find a "legal means to avoid" the threatened armed action.

Position of Saenz.

The change in their attitude was preceded yesterday by the announcement of Aaron Saenz, governor of Nuevo Leon, that he would support President Calles. Saenz, who is one of the powerful leaders in the country, was the campaign manager for the assassinated Obregon and is related to Calles. Originally Saenz had himself indicated his desire to oppose Calles by announcing his

Continued on Page Five

FIRESTONE PROSPERITY

For Which Coolidge Commends Liberia

WASHINGTON, July 27.—President King of Liberia received a message of congratulations today from President Coolidge upon the anniversary of the founding of Liberia.

"I send to your excellency cordial greetings on this auspicious anniversary and best wishes for the continued prosperity of your country to which we are bound by ties of historic friendship and understanding," said President Coolidge.

It is generally thought in official circles both in the United States and Liberia that the Firestone Rubber Company, which has virtual control of the republic, will achieve "continued prosperity" in Liberia and that the "historic friendship and understanding" between the involved parties will continue.

Brazil To Be Fordized By Expedition

DETROIT, July 27.—The Henry Ford expedition has left to take possession of the tract of valuable rubber and hardwood trees on the Amazon, purchased from the Brazil government.

The tract, comprising 5,000,000 acres of jungle land, will give an annual yield of rubber sufficient to make tires for 2,000,000 of Ford's automobiles, and will give Ford an opportunity to exploit Brazilian labor for many years to come.

In spite of the opposition raised by members of the Brazilian congress, who claimed that the government has sold out at a ridiculously low price and should have held out for more, the ships bearing the expedition are equipped to meet all emergencies for a period of two years.

The tract covers an area greater than that of the state of New Jersey and after the engineers are through developing it is expected to be a thoroughly Fordized and efficiently sped-up rubber producing center.

BIG FREIHEIT PICNIC TODAY

Unusual Program at Ulmer Park Affair

Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, will today be the scene of one of the greatest working class picnics of the year—the annual Freiheit picnic. Thousands of militant workers from New York and vicinity will be present at this picnic which will also be in the nature of a demonstration for the newspaper that has been in the forefront of so many working class battles.

The Freiheit Sport Club will occupy a leading place on a program of unusual interest. Three soccer teams representing this club will play against three other teams: the Hebrew American League, the Harlem Progressive Soccer Club and the Co-operative Sport Club.

In addition, there will be many other interesting features that promise to make this picnic a memorable affair. Tickets are selling fast and can be bought at 35 cents each at the office of the Freiheit, 30 Union Square.

CLERKS PLAN TO PICKET STORES

Union Calls Members to Demonstration

The Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union has called upon all its members to come to the office of the union at 117 2nd Ave., at 9 o'clock this morning for a mass picketing demonstration in front of the Bathgate Avenue stores, in the Bronx, where a strike is now in progress. From the union office the workers will proceed to the Bronx, where the demonstration before the stores will take place.

In the event of workers being unable to arrive at the office of the union at 9 a. m., the union asks that they proceed directly to Bathgate Ave. open-shop stores from their homes. There they will be met by the remaining members coming from the union headquarters.

PORTER REMAINS MILITANT REBEL

Says He Will Continue Fight for Workers

In a letter to Paul Crouch, written from a prison cell at the Fort Adams Guard House, John Porter, sentenced to two and a half years by court-martial following his activities in the textile strike at New Bedford, again expresses his militant attitude, in spite of the pressure of the officers to force him to turn traitor to the working class. Porter has been given to understand that he would be released within a month if he would turn against the workers and publicly repudiate his position.

Porter's letter to Crouch follows:

"Guard House,
"Fort Adams, R. I.,
"July 25, 1928.

"Dear Comrade:

"Pardon my delay in writing to you, but I had very many letters to answer, and I haven's mush

Continued on Page Five

HOOVER FORCED SLAVE LABOR DEAL ON LIBERIAN REPUBLIC

FALL RIVER MILL MEN ASK RAISES IN NEW DEMANDS

TMC in Call Demands More Pay, Less Hours

FALL RIVER, M[illegible] July 27.—Cancellation of last January's wage cut, together with an increase of 20 per cent. above the old wage scale is among the demands announced by the Textile Mill Committees from its headquarters in this city.

The demands though not as yet formally presented to the mill owners, have been printed in circulars that have flooded the city for the past few days.

The situation here grows tenser each day as the T.M.C. builds machinery preparatory to the general strike call. This despite the police terror, headed by Chief Tansey who is also head of the reactionary union of mill workers here.

The other demands are: abolition of the speed-up system, the 40-hour five-day week, equal pay for equal work, no discrimination against union members and recognition of the union.

Thousands of workers of all nationalities, British, French, Portuguese and Polish come to almost daily mass meetings held by the T.M.C. Union speakers in all the enumerated languages address the enthusiastic gatherings.

ACW HEADS OUST ITALIAN LEADER

Had Assailed Fake Organization Drive

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—For exposing the so-called organization drive of the officialdom of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union here as a fake, Nicholas Flaiani, appointed as drive organizer by the right wing before they began the campaign, was removed from his position.

Flaiani, in an open letter to President Millman, had scathingly denounced him and his staff of drive leaders as desirous of organizing a company union instead of leading the workers in a struggle against the employers for union conditions and recognition in the open-shop market.

He was removed, it is now seen, for denouncing a leadership that invited Judge Allasandroni, a fascist judge here, as a speaker to a mass meeting of unorganized Italian workers. Allessandroni is a henchman and tool of the labor-hating Vare machine.

Flaiani had also pointed out that Hillman was trying to prove to the employers here that it would be more profitable for them to have union rather than non-union shops. Hillman had publicly stated this as his position. The Amalgamated chiefs, in coming here several weeks ago, had also issued an edict nullifying all the powers of the Philadelphia local and Joint Board, because they showed a desire to lead a real struggle for unionization.

FINE PROGRAM AT SOLIDARITY FAIR

To Demonstrate for Miners Aug. 5

The Miners' Solidarity Fair at Pleasant Bay Park Aug. 5 will be a demonstration by the entire left wing movement of solidarity with the heroic miners. The affair is being held under the auspices of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway.

Among the unusual features at this fair will be the first showing of a mine strike film. In addition, moving pictures will be taken of the Solidarity Parade at the fair in which workers' clubs will participate with banners and slogans.

Many other interesting numbers will be included in the program. Refreshments will be served.

WARSAW, July 27 (UP).—Semi-officially it was announced that, contrary to early reports, Polish military maneuvers will not be held in the Vilna district.

"Get Your Man!" Is New Bedford Police Slogan

Photo shows New Bedford textile pickets being arrested by local police immediately following the issuance of an edict by Judge Milliken that "picketing is a nuisance."

NANKING BOWS TO U. S. EMPIRE

Takes Treaty Without Equality

PEKING, China, July 27 (UP).—American Minister MacMurray and T. V. Soong, of the Nationalist government, signed today the new Chinese-American trade treaty of July 25, in which China is granted freedom to assess tariffs on American goods.

Japanese newspapers here attack the United States, saying the treaty represents a deliberate attempt to embarras Japan.

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WASHINGTON, July 27.—Although negotiations for the signing of the tariff pact with the Nanking government had been in progress since last March, the State Department expressed "surprise" that it had actually been signed.

In view of the fact that Kellogg had expressed his willingness to have other governments participate in the negotiations, while MacMurray had conferred secretly with the

Continued on Page Five

PARIS PARLEY TO BE HELD AUG. 27

Talk of USSR Participation in Berlin

PARIS, July 27 (UP).—The French government sent out invitations today to fourteen nations to participate in the ceremony of signing Secretary Kellogg's pact to outlaw war. The ceremony is to take place at the Quasi D'Orsay, August 27th.

• • •

Views on Invitation of USSR.

BERLIN, July 27 (UP).—Adherence of Russia to the Kellogg peace plan continues a topic over which there are lively exchanges of opinion among diplomats here.

Germany, apparently acting on her own initiative, informally sounded out the United States and Soviet ambassadors with regard to their views. The ambassadors here referred the inquiry to their governments.

The Berliner Tageblatt's Washington correspondent cabled his newspaper that questions in the best informed quarters in Washington led to the conclusion that the United States would not object to Russia's participation in the pact.

HALF MILLION IN BRITISH LOCKOUT

Misleader Welcomes Low Wages as Victory

LONDON, July 27.—More than half a million textile workers were hit by a lockout effective August 11, announced today by the Master Spinners' Federation.

On every hand, the offensive against the workers is going forward, with efforts to force considerable reduction in wages.

Railroad workers were sold out by the union officials in a "settlement" today which will mean considerable wage reductions.

The settlement, reducing the wages of the railroad workers, was hailed as "a triumph for British common sense," by J. H. Thomas, "Labor" Party leader in parliament and formerly president of the National Union of Railwaymen.

NORWAY GREETS ARCTIC RESCUERS

Warm Welcome to Soviet and Swedish Flyers

NARVIK, Norway, July 27.—With the miserable failure of their "exploration expedition" now known to all the world, General Nobile and the other survivors of the Italia disaster are being carried to Italy in a closed and guarded railway coach.

The Swedish party which aided the Soviet fliers and the icebreaker Krassin in their rescue remained in Norway. The Sovet and Swedish rescuers were continually cheered as the train carrying the fascist group left the station, in marked contrast to the jeers and hisses which greeted the Nobile party upon its arrival.

Although a bit of the inimical comment has partly died down since the departure of the Italian group, the ill-feeling which the Norse people feel against the hastily-prepared Nobile publicity stunt that caused the death of Malmgren and the loss of Captain Roald Amundsen and his comrades, was still evident in most of the cities of the country.

WASHINGTON, July 26 (UP).—President Clarence Cook Little, of the University of Michigan, has been appointed a lieutenant colonel in the specialist reserve corps of the army.

WORM GATHERERS' UNION

58 Boys Strike; Win 20 Percent Raise

TORONTO, Can., July 27.—Local workers in one of the most ancient of industries, worm-gathering, have formed a union and staged the most successful strike in recent labor industry.

When 58 boys formed probably the first worm-gatherers' union in history and turned on a local bait company with a demand for a 20 per cent increase in rates per 100 worms, the company refused to consider it, thinking the grievance would blow over after a few days. The worm-workers, undismayed by the company's stand, did not appeal to the department of labor or to the mayor; they sat tight, refusing to get any more worms for the bait company.

The company's best efforts to secure supplies failed, and anglers continually demanded fresh bait from them. As a result, several days afterward, the company was forced to make a complete surrender to the strikers, granting their demands in full.

SHOWN AS TOOL OF FIRESTONE IN AFRICA VENTURE

Forced Big Loan; Set Up 25c Day Wage

GENEVA, July 27.—Indictment of Herbert Hoover, presidential nominee on the republican ticket, on charges of having conspired with the big imperialist Firestone rubber interests to strangle the Negro Republic of Liberia were made today in an official report to the Mandate Commission of the League of Nations.

Hoover Deep in Rubber Plot.

The indictment reveals that Hoover who about two years ago carried on a bitter attack against the British imperial rubber monopoly, was the instrument of forcing the Liberian Republic under the heel of American supervisors "to be designated" by future American presidents. Hoover's strong drive for the republican presidential nomination is thus disclosed as a preliminary move to benefit directly from an imperialist adventure with which he is connected and whose administrators he would appoint if he is elected next November.

Forced Labor 25 Cents a Day.

The program mapped out for the Liberian republic by Hoover, the report charges, will result in the actual confiscation of the lands of the natives so that they will be held in "forced labor," under the whip of the American capitalists. An agreement was forced upon the Negro Republic by which labor will be compelled to serve the Firestone corporation at wages of 25 cents per day.

The report which is the result of an investigation made by Raymond Buell, formerly a professor of history at Harvard University, traces the details of Hoover's connection with the Firestone Rubber interests and reveals the "inside" story of the support given by the Secretary of Commerce to the company. The report shows that the acceptance of the loan forced upon the Liberian government by the Firestone interests was put over only after Hoover exerted the pressure of his office and that of the state department against the little republic.

GERMANY GIVES UP 'CRIMINALS'

Men Who Tore French Flag Extradited

BERLIN, July 27 (UP).—The powerful united Fatherlandish associations have issued a pronouncement that August 11, anniversary of the adoption of the German constitution, should be a day of national mourning instead of celebration.

The pronouncement reflects the indignation of the nationalists regarding the extradition demanded by French authorities in the Rhineland of three Germans who were sentenced by a French court to prison terms for alleged defamation of the French colors.

May Affect "Peace" Signing.

It was charged the men tore the tricolor after which they escaped into unoccupied German territory. The German government decided to comply with the extradition request.

Compliance of the government with the demand and the consequences it entailed may cause Foreign Minister Stresemann to refrain from traveling to Paris to sign the Kellogg peace pact August 27, it was believed here tonight.

"Peasant Party" Holds Session in Rumania

VIENNA, July 27.—While Rumanian parliament composed mostly of "liberals" who are alleged to have obtained a majority in the last election by fraud, was in session, members of the peasant party and their representatives to parliament held a separate parliamentary session.

The peasant party, composed mostly of rich peasants, professionals and large land owners, was summoned to the special session by their leader, Julius Maniu.

Communist Party, Young Workers League, In Big Anti-Militarist Demonstration

GITLOW, MINOR, NEARING AMONG THE SPEAKERS

Kellogg Talks Peace, Prepares for War

As labor organizations and workers of New York are preparing to demonstrate against the imperialist war danger, at Union Square, August 4, at the fourteenth anniversary of the opening of the last world slaughter during which millions of workers were murdered in the fight for the redivision of the capitalist markets, word comes from Berlin of the building of a fleet of monster airplanes in preparation for the next imperialist war. These planes, capable of carrying a load of munitions one and a half times their own weight and specially constructed for trans-Oceanic warfare, are being built to attain a speed of 200 miles an hour.

The building of the fleet of war planes is being started simultaneously with an attack launched against the so-called anti-war pact of Secretary of State Kellogg by German jingoist newspapers. One newspaper published a statement denouncing the treaty as a dishonest gesture, thus openly admitting the war preparations.

Talk "Peace"—Prepare War.

As the Kellogg "anti-war" pact is being waved before the eyes of workers the world over in an effort to distract their attention from the feverish preparations for a new imperialist conflict, Secretary of War Davis is enroute to the Hawaiian Islands, ostensibly to attend the sesquicentennial anniversary of their discovery, but in reality to make a complete study of the military defenses on the islands in anticipation of war in the Pacific.

Aware of the universal preparations for an armed conflict which will make the last war look like a skirmish, class conscious workers of New York and vicinity will gather by the thousands in Union Square on Saturday, August 4, to lift their voices in protest against the keeping of American gunboats in China, the slaughter of Nicaraguans by American marines and the plots being hatched by capitalist countries preparatory to an attack on the Soviet Union, the first workers' and farmers' government. The huge demonstration will resolve itself into a general demonstration against the capitalist military training camps being used to hoodwink the workers with fables of patriotism and defense against "foreign aggression," against the presidential candidacies of Hoover and Smith, the puppets of the war mongers and munition barons and against capitalism itself, breeder of wars.

Many Prominent Speakers.

District 2 of the Workers' Communist Party, under whose auspices the demonstration will be held, has arranged for an imposing array of speakers, including Benjamin Gitlow, Workers' Party candidate for vice-president; Bob Minor, editor of the Daily Worker; M. J. Olgin, well known Communist editor; Richard B. Moore, organizer of Negro workers; Ray Ragozin, in charge of Women's work; Ballam, acting District Organizer of the Workers' (Communist) Party; Phil Frankfeld, District Organizer of the Young Workers' (Communist) League; Scott Nearing, noted authority on imperialism; Albert Weisbord, leader of the Passaic textile strikers and active in the New Bedford strike; Ben Gold, militant leader of the furriers; Rebecca Grecht, Campaign Manager of the Workers' (Communist) Party and active in organizing the striking miners; Bert Miller, Organization Secretary of the Workers' Party; D. Benjamin, Director of the Workers' School, and Paul Crouch, court-martialed from the U. S. Army for his Communist activities, and now active in organizing the youth against militarism.

Workers' clubs and labor organizations are invited to attend the demonstration in a body, bringing with them their own banners and slogans calling for mobilization against the imperialist war danger.

CAP WORKERS TO AID YOUTH MEET

At a large shop delegates' conference called by the TUEL section of the Cap & Millinery Workers, last Tuesday night, a representative of the Provisional Committee of the Working Youth Conference appeared.

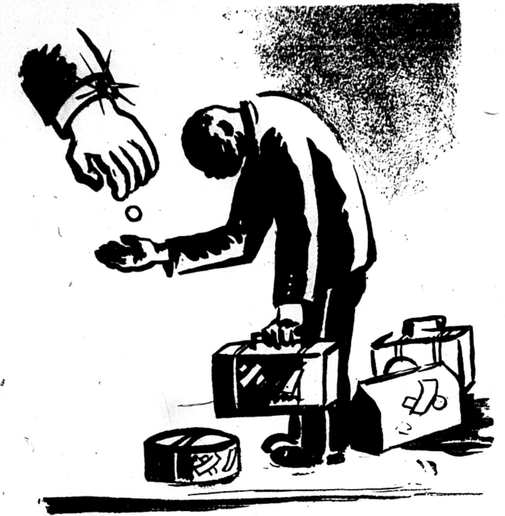
He was franted the floor. M. Helfand, of the Plumbers' Helpers' Union, spoke on the purpose and the importance of the Working Youth Conference.

He was granted the floor. M. [illegible] which is so keenly felt by the young workers. He wound up by suggesting the holding of shop meetings in all millinery shops where the youth are employed; the distribution of the special Working Youth Conference leaflet; the holding of special youth meetings, etc.

At the conclusion of Helfand's brief appeals a delegate got up and made a motion that the Working Youth Conference be endorsed. The motion carried unanimously amid applause.

THE PULLMAN PORTER

By M. Pass



UNION WRECKERS WANT INJUNCTION

Zaritsky, Socialists Use Employers Weapon

BOSTON, July 27.—This morning there appeared in the Equity Court, Mr. Zaritsky, the President of the Cloth Hat and Cap Makers International, accompanied by his socialist attorneys Bearak and Rower to give cause why an injunction should be issued by the court against Local No. 7 of Boston and its officers.

After hearing the eloquent plea for the injunction the judge refused to issue a temporary restraining order on all the complaints raised in the plea, but did order that the calling of strikes should be discontinued, but at the same time Mr. Bearak was forced to agree that no workers would be taken off their jobs for refusing to register with the Zaritsky local. Further hearing on the case was postponed to August 21.

The socialist lawyer Bearak argued that the shop strikes called by Local No. 7 to protect the workers who were thrown off the jobs for refusing to register with the Zaritsky local, were embarrassing both Zaritsky and the manufacturers who both had signed a new agreement.

The bill of complaint asked that the duly elected officials of local 7 should have no right to function as officials of the local, cannot speak in its name, that funds are not to be used for any purpose, that statements are not to be issued under the name of Local No. 7, that the local be enjoined from calling shop strikes. In short that the local cease to exist.

The effort of the Zaritsky clique to wrest power from the local left wing administration by intimidating workers, by firing them from their jobs and thus taking away their means of livelihood, his close alliance with the manufacturers which makes of the Zaritsky local a company union, his secret agreement with the manufacturers of which the members know nothing and his last act of seeking the aid of the capitalist courts in his fight against the membership has aroused deep resentment in the ranks of the Capmakers.

Before the hearings on the injunction are over many interesting facts will be brought to light. The high handed manner of the Zaritsky clique will be brought out.

The membership of the Zaritsky local who have now been tied down with an agreement which they never approved will demand to know the full text of the agreement. What conditions which were won thru hard struggle did Mr. Zaritsky give up in order to win the support of the manufacturers in his struggle against the workers? The membership has a right to know. The membership will also want an accounting from Zaritsky—why he makes use of the most powerful instruments against the workers—the injunctions.

Daily Worker Agents of Section 3 to Meet

A meeting of Daily Worker Agents of Section 3 will be held Tuesday evening at 6 o'clock at 101 West 27th St. This will be one of the most important meetings held up to now. All Daily Worker agents are urged to attend the meeting, and to be prompt, because important plans for future activity will be discussed and mapped out.

Pedagog Says Karl Marx Is Terrible 'Red'

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 27.—Elliat Bates Barber, director of adult education in Danbury, Conn., and considered one of the smartest men in his town, today exposed Karl Marx before the department of adult education at Yale.

Marx, Barber said, is the real instigator of the recent criticism of the Daughters of the American Revolution and their much-discussed blacklist of radical speakers.

"He disparages all true patriotism of whatever type," Barber said. "He sneers at 100 per cent patriots, deforms and vilifies our history, great men and American life.

"Disrespect to the flag, ridicule of government action and the soldier's uniform are part of the program.

"The attack on the D. of A. R. is an instance in point—patriotism is abolished, national defense is weak, pacifism and disarmament follow. Then there is a chance to put over the world revolution, for under these circumstances it has a chance to succeed."

The department of adult education at Yale has not yet decided what steps to take in the matter.

$100,000 ELECTION DRIVE SPEEDED

Sky Is the Limit for Capitalists

With the issuance of a fifty-cent assessment stamp for sale to the party membership, the purchase of which is obligatory on every party member, the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers' (Communist) Party started on the first lap of the drive to raise $100,000 for the Communist Campaign Fund.

Simultaneously the capitalist parties announced thru their publicity departments that there is no truth in the report that their election expenditures would be confined to $3,000,000. The sky is the limit for both parties.

Fund is Vital.

The campaign assessment stamp is expected to bring several thousand dollars immediately into the treasury of the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers' (Communist) Party. Alexander Trachtenberg, with heaquarters at 43 E. 125th St., New York, is campaign fund treasurer, and all contributions should be forwarded to him at that address.

The importance of raising a fund for immediate work is the reason for issuing the assessment stamp and the Central Executive Committee of the Party in a letter to the membership stresses the importance of speed in realizing on the sale of those stamps and forwarding the proceeds at once to the campaign treasurer.

All districts of the party were given quotas corresponding to the number of members in each district. The allotments are as follows: District 1: 1,000; 2, 4,000; 3, 800; 4, 400; 5, 1,000; 6, 800; 7, 800; 8, 1,800; 9, 1,000; 10, 400; 12, 700; 13, 700; 15, 300, and 200 for the Agricultural District.

Must Speed Sales.

Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer of the National Election Campaign Committee, said in urging the membership to speed up the sale of the stamps:

"The campaign funds of the capitalist parties this year will surpass all previous treasure chests. For the first time in the history of the United States both parties are on practically even terms in the matter of campaign funds. Millionaires are flocking daily to the Smith banner, and the head of his national committee is none other than John J. Raskob, the finance chairman of the gigantic automobile trust dominated by the House of Morgan, General Motors.

Wall Street Has Millions.

"Hoover will have the millions of other capitalist groups, not the least of which is the Mellon group. This is a millionaire election campaign. Those millions will be used to corrupt and befuddle the workers and farmers of the United States between now and November. After then whichever set of capitalists win, the exploitation of the workers and farmers will go on with greater intensity than ever.

"Agianst the billions Street our drive to raise the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund would be futile but for the fact that our party stands for the interests of the millions of exploited workers and farmers, and if we only can raise enough funds to print literature and route speakers, so that the message of Communism can be brought home to them, the corrupting money of Wall Street will be wasted like seed scattered in a desert."

STRIKES GROWING AT NASH MOTOR

YoungWorkersLeague Leads Walkouts

KENOSHA, Wis., July 27.—The openshop town of Kenosha is beginning to crack. The long fight for union recognition waged by the Allen-A hosiery workers stimulated employes of the anti-union Nash Motor Co. to stage half a dozen walkouts in various departments since February, led by the Young Workers (Communist) League. Sentiment for an industrial union of auto workers is growing.

The building wreckers also asserted themselves last week and went on strike at the old Allen tannery for a 50 per cent wage raise. They picketed in spite of police and won their demands, returning to work at 60 cents an hour instead of 40 cents.

NEGRO WORKERS RESPOND TO CALL OF COMMUNISTS

Harlem Labor Starts Signature Drive

The Harlem Section of the Workers (Communist) Party, with headquarters at 143 East 103rd St., inaugurated its drive for signatures to put the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot by calling a special meeting of the section executive committee. Unlike most section executive committee meetings, this one lasted only ten minutes, after which each member of the executive marched out of the headquarters armed with petitions, indelible pencils and Daily Workers and proceeded to finecomb an election district for signatures.

During the week there have been four open-air meetings held in Harlem on the election campaign, at each of which were sold a goodly portion of the 500 copies of the Workers (Communist) Party Platforms which Harlem confidently purchased from the district office.

The first report made by M. Moreau was a substantial one of 101 signatures for both the local and national petitions. Moreau reported that in one block, in the Negro section of Harlem, Comrade Williams obtained 30 signatures in an hour. Negro workers, according to Comrade Williams, are extremely interested in the Workers (Communist) Party and its platform, and show keen interest in the stand of the Workers Party on lynchings, Jim Crow laws and racial prejudice generally.

It begins to look as though Harlem were seriously after the scalp of the Boro Park section, which boasts that one comrade has already collected 50 signatures, and is unbeatable. The rivalry between the various sections is so keen that there is considerable agitation in the district office to establish a special district prize for the section that hits the highest mark. Boro Park is already preparing its speech of acceptance.

WORKERS MEET IN BULGARIA

Labor Party Presents Program

SOFIA, July 26.—During the present month the first general conference of the Labor Party of Bulgaria was held in Sofia. The conference, taking up the present political situation, decided:

1. The chief task of the party is to organize the proletarian masses.
2. The party makes a strong fight against the present fascist government and against the capitalist attacks on the Bulgarian proletariat.

Denounces "Agrarians."

3. The party fights against the present leadership of the Bulgarian National Agricultural Workers' Union (Agrarians), which does not work for the real needs of the people.
4. The organization of the "Labor Block" must be a task of the masses.
5. The Party fights against all opportunist tendencies in its ranks and must remain a pure Marxian class organization.

To Strengthen Unions.

6. The Workers' Youth Union must be strengthened, also there must be more support for the Independent General Workers' Trade Unions, and an increase in the participation of women in the class struggle must be one of the chief tasks of the Labor Party.—(Esperanto-Servo.)

He's On Circuit for Tammany Now

Years ago Mayor James Walker of New York used to have vaudeville connections. Now he's on circuit for Tammany and is more often on the road than in New York. The picture shows him disguised as a bull-fighter during a recent junket to Monterey, Calif.

Vivid Articles In August Issue Of New Masses

THREE things particularly are outstanding in the new August issue of the New Masses: "Comrade Juanita," a story by the noted Greek Communist writer, Petros Pikros; another of Michael Gold's splendid memoirs of New York's East Side, and "Inside the Reformatory," by David Gordon. These are fine things—each a worthy feature for a proletarian art magazine and further assurance that now the New Masses is headed in the right direction.

But add to these "Million Footed," a scenario for a workers' movie by Robert Wolf; a sketch on the Y. M. C. A. by George Jarrboe, other stories, poems, books, reviews and the interesting "Letters From America," and here is proof that the New Masses is making good in becoming a workers' art magazine.

"In Soviet Russia," writes the editor, Michael Gold, "everyone is writing. A vast network of workers' correspondents fill the newspapers with simple, direct accounts of the daily life of the workers.

"We are trying to make the New Masses a magazine of a kind of sublimated workers' correspondence.

"If some of this writing proves to be literature, so much the better. But we are willing to stand and fall by the theory that great art can only rise out of the life that everyone is leading."

• • •

WE can agree here. The aim is definite and the contents of this issue are headed that way. But the new policy, writes the editor, is also to make the New Masses "non-literary, non-pretentious, non-intellectual." What's the idea? "Comrade Juanita" and Mike Gold's own story both could easily fit into any of those categories without damage. Why not? They also happen to be darn good reading. To go a step further, both, and a good deal of the other material, does reflect some phases of the life we lead and at times does it right beautifully.

The artists in this issue of the New Masses, however, seem to have laid down on the job because of hot weather. The poets, also, do not seem especially inspired. More book reviews would perhaps add interest. There is also this thing that the New Masses of last year overdid—that insistence to spice every item with just a little sex. I don't know the answer to that one.

The heavy black rules and the tough butcher-paper the magazine is printed on give it a different and attractive appearance. By and large, the new editorial policy, and the care and ability to put it into practice, have brought it closer to the life of the worker. There's no question about it. It is becoming a magazine of workers' art. Seeing the new August issue is believing.

W. C.

RASKOB FIRM'S PROFITS TOTAL OVER $160,000,000

Thousands Still Are Unemployed

Net profits of the General Motors Corporation for the six months ended June 30, including equity in undivided profit of subsidiaries not consolidated, totaled $161,267,974, after all charges, as compared with $129,267,974 in the first half of 1927.

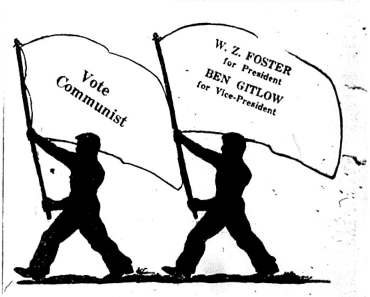
Big Morgan Concern.

This represents a profit of $32,000,000 clear over the first half year in 1927. John J. Raskob, until recently the official chairman of the finance committee of the huge Morgan firm, and now, because of his empty gesture in the Tammany Al Smith campaign, the unofficial chairman, is one of the biggest stockholders in the General Motors Corporation.

Thousands Struck Recently.

Recently thousands of workers went on strike in Flint, Mich., for better conditions and for a raise in wages that would enable them to live, against this same company which now declares a half-year's profit of over a hundred million dollars. But in spite of this, and in spite of the general unemployment situation now existing in the United States, such corporations as the General Motors, which are the biggest supporters of the reactionary democratic and republican candidates in the election campaign, are able to declare such enormous profits.

Further statements declare that the net profits for the three months ending June 30 were $91,799,398.



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Let The DAILY WORKER help you in your Election Campaign Work.

Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.

Special price on Daily Worker bundles during election campaign.

$8.00 per thousand (regular price $10.00 per thousand).

Enclosed find $..........for........Daily Workers
Name ....
Street ....
City .... State ....

THE PICNIC OF THE YEAR

TODAY!
SATURDAY, JULY 28
Freiheit Picnic
Ulmer Park, Brooklyn

THE FREIHEIT SPORT CLUB has prepared an excellent program in which the entire club takes part.

THE THREE SOCCER TEAMS will play against the following organizations: 1.—Hebrew American League; 2.—Harlem Progressive S. C.; 3.—Co-operative Sport Club.

ADMISSION 35 CENTS

PHYSICAL and MENTAL RECREATION
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MASS PLAYS, mass singing, sports, such as baseball, soccer, football, tennis, etc. Social dancing, campfires, amateur nights, lectures, camp magazine and other recreations during the entire summer season.

A kindergarten with competent counselors for children whose parents stay in camp.

Don't drag any bundles.—You can get everything at moderate prices at the camp store.

REGISTER NOW for the New Spacious and Airy Bungalows At:
OFFICE: 69 Fifth Ave. PHONE: Alg. 6900
2700 Bronx Park, East (Co-operative Workers Colony)
Rates: $17.00 Per Week
TRAINS LEAVE GRAND CENTRAL EVERY HOUR. BOATS TO NEWBURGH—$1.50 ROUND TRIP

ritish Authorities Jail Forty-Six Indian Workers in Wave of Terrorism

HTH SESSION COMMUNIST NGRESS OPENS

rga States Changes Working Class

OSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 27 ressing the eighth session of World Congress of the Com International, Samuelson, of den, declared that capitalist alization and stabilization had ressed far in Sweden and that workers were answering with struggles. Many wage strug had already been succesfully ied out by the Communist rty.

French Ask Change

Thorez, of France, then stated that the French delegation considers a tactical change necessary. In order to win the workers a correct attitude towards the social democracy must be adopted at the same time that the united front tactic is maintained from below. The French delegation further demands a special struggle against the right.

Syphisos, of Greece, declared that the delegation was in general in agreement with Bukharin and suggested the formation of a Balkan commission.

Varga States Differences.

Varga then declared that technical progress was causing changes in the working class. There are four main factors, he declared. First, unemployment is no longer temporary but permanent. Second, the industrial workers are spread over the whole country in consequence of electrification, khich permits industrial districts to spring up far away from sources of raw material. Third, the disappearance of the difference between the skilled and the unskilled workers. Fourth, the formation of a new section of privileged workers on the basis of rationalization instead of the old aristocracy of labor based on skill.

Lecords, of Brasil, next declared that American imperialism is abandoning peaceful penetration in favor of military penetration. The Pan-American Federation of Labor is the tool of American imperialism, he declared.

S. A. Parties Stronger

Carillo, of Mexico, stated that the Latin American Communist parties are growing. They have developed in the last few years from propaganda groups to fighting parties.

Salas, of Uruguay, declared that the bourgeois democratic anti-imperialist revolutions are coming in South America and the Communist Parties must prepare to lead these further. The Latin American Trade Union Congress takes place at Montevideo next year in order to form an all-South American Trade Union Federation. The Communist International must support this.

LEADERS ATTACK FRACTIONALISM

Urge Its Liquidation in Workers Party

Continued on Page Three

against labor bureaucracy and when connected with the formation of factory committees and the organization of the unorganized workers. He said that Cannon's statement that nothing had been done to carry out the decisions of the Red International of Trade Unions was untrue. He concluded by saying that the Comintern must assist to unite the whole party against those who continue fractionalism.

During the tenth session of the Congress, Wicks, of the United States, said it was ridiculous to accuse the majority of supporting American imperialism because it believed in conformity with Bukharin that American imperialism is still on the upward grade. He declared that the Communist International must liquidate the characterless fractionalism of the minority whose members disagree among themselves on many questions and only unite in opposition to the majority.

Latest Capitalist "Good Will" Flight to Mexico

Another "good will" flight backed openly this time by Gail B. Munsill, millionaire sportsman, is preparing to start for Mexico to place a wreath on the tomb of Captain Emilio Carranza. Captain Carranza was killed in a flight of a similar nature to the United States. The flight also has the blessing of a large capitalist newspaper interest.

SACCO MEMORIAL IN MANY NATIONS

Meetings to Be Held Thruout Country

Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial meetings, under the auspices of the various sections of International Red Aid, will be held throughout the world during the week of August 19 to 26, it was announced yesterday. The National Office of International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th St., New York. N. Y., is in receipt of many communications and cables from the Red Aid (Rote Hilfe), of Germany, the Canadian Labor Defense League, the International Class War Prisoners Aid of England, the Red Aid (Mopr) of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and many other sections, outlining plans for the commemoration of the memories of Sacco and Vanzetti, Labor's Martyrs. International Labor Defense is organizing the meetings in the United States.

Fight for Mooney.

The Sacco-Vanzetti Memorials to be held on an international scale are being linked with the frame-up against Tom Mooney and Warren Billings, the two American Class War Prisoners about to begin their thirteenth year in prisons at San Quentin and Folsom, Calif.

"The case of Sacco and Vanzetti," pointed out Martin Abern, Assistant National Secretary of International Labor Defense, "cannot be treated in an isolated manner, but it is necessary to combine it with the special occurrences of terror and class justice in each country and to demonstrate that the Sacco and Vanzetti case is only a link in the chain of class "justice" and International White Terror. Mooney and Billings were framed-up and imprisoned by the powers of the Open Shoppers in California and the consent of American Imperialism. Labor throughout the world sees this and therefore the Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial meetings will be utilized to demonstrate for and demand the freedom for Mooney and Billings."

Meetings in Canada.

The Canadian Labor Defense League, writes Florence Custance, Canadian Secretary, to the I.L.D., is organizing Sacco-Vanzetti meetings and is conducting a campaign for the Centralia prisoners and Mooney and Billings.

Protest Fuller Visit.

"When Governor Fuller of Massachusetts," writes H. B. Lovell, Secretary of the International Class War Prisoners Aid of England, "visited Braintree (Essex, England) recently, the Braintree Local Trades Council in conjunction with the I.C.W.P.A. organized a protest demonstration on June 30, at which several hundred people in such a small area attended and 100 Sacco-Vanzetti pamphlets were sold. An extremely good impression was created and we have decided to organize further protest demonstrations which will take place during the August Sacco-Vanzetti Commemoration Week throughout England, at which will be demanded the immediate release of our Comrades Mooney and Billings and other American political prisoners."

The National office of International Labor Defense announces that meetings for the Sacco-Vanzetti memorials are being arranged in cities throughout the United States. Among the meetings already scheduled are: New York. Union Square; Chicago, Temple Hall; Detroit, Philadelphia, Boston Los Angeles, San Francisco, Cleveland, Public Square; Martins Ferry Ohio; Milwaukee, Minneapolis, St Paul, Duluth, Superior, Seattle Portland, Denver, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, cities throughout the mining regions in the bituminous and anthracite regions, Tacoma, Bethlehem, Akron, Canton, Gary, South Bend, Zeigler, Newark, Paterson, Passaic, Buffalo, Rochester, Wilmington, Washington, St. Louis, Flint, Grand Rapids, New Haven Stamford, San Jose, Spokane, Astoria, Oakland and many others. A complete list of meetings, giving time and place, will be announced soon by I.L.D.

BETHLEN PLAYS SAFE

Would Have Others Fight Bolshevism

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, July 26.—The Hungarian premier, Bethlen, on the question of international action against the Communists, declares:

"A union of all European powers against the Communist danger, which is being called for by many Hungarian politicians, must meet great handicaps. First, such a coalition would meet with many technical difficulties that would arise out of certain rivalries and, further, political handicaps would prevent such work in many states.

"Hungary would greet with joy an understanding on this task. We will, however, call attention to this necessity whenever possible and do all in our power to cooperate.

"To take the initiative would be against the interest of our state. In that case we would have to take on ourselves all the odium and the counter-propaganda would turn against us first. It is better if we wait for an opportunity to point out the danger of Bolshevism. We will allow another country, however, to take the initiative."

Intense Heat Kills 3 In Pacific Northwest

PORTLAND, Ore., July 27 (UP). —The Pacific Northwest today entered its sixth day of excessive heat confronted by a serious forest fire and with a death toll of at least three persons.

Dalles, Oregon, in the mid-Columbia region of Oregon and Washington, sweltered yesterday under a new record temperature of 115 degrees. Pendleton and Arlington, Ore., experienced 114 weather, while at Lewiston, Idaho, it was 113.

High marks in Washington included maximums of 111.7 at Walla Walla, 109 at Pasco, 107.5 at Yakima and 104.3 at Spokane.

PERU CABINET CHANGE

LIMA, Peru, July 27.—Slight changes in the cabinet occurred today when Foreign Minister Rada y Gamio resigned. It was reformed with Gamio at its head, and few changes in personnel.

MORE OF THOSE FIRES.

ROME, July 27 (UP)—Fires continue to cause great damage to fields, forests and factories near Ancona. Several buildings and a feed warehouse were destroyed today, and six firemen enroute to a fire were injured seriously when a truck collided with a taxical. Outside of Turin a factory fire caused 1,000,000 lire damage.

Vice-President Elect Of Argentina Dies

Francisco Beiro who was elected vice-president of Argentina during the May elections in which Irigoyen was elected president, died on July 23. He would have assumed the vice-presidency on October 12 for four years.

Though no decision has been made yet, it is unlikely that new elections will be called for another vice-president. It is generally believed that the parliament will elect the successor of Beiro from among the followers of Irigoyen.

MOVE TO SMASH RAILWAY STRIKE SEEN IN ARREST

Scabs Caused Accident Is Belief

BOMBAY, July 27.—Forty-six Indian workers have been arrested by the British authorities in connection with the train wreck at Horwah, Bengal, recently, according to a report from Madras.

Using the wreck as pretext with which to smash the strike of railway operatives, the British government has begun an extended campaign of terror against all Indian labor, in the opinion of the leaders of the present walk-out. It is believed that the workers will be charged with tampering with the rails.

The leaders of the striking railway men lay blame for the accident on the incompetence of strikebreakers with which the owners were attempting to keep the trains running. Eighteen persons were killed in the wreck.

Failure of the authorities to end or curb the walk-out of the railway workers is alarming the British who are making provisions to force the men back to their jobs.

Sympathy of the other sections of the Indian working class has been received by the railway strikers from Bombay and other centers and this feeling of solidarity is playing an important part in keeping up the spirit of the men. No probability of an early settlement is seen by the leaders of the strike.

"Objective" Sages Still Hate German Scientists

BERLIN, July 27. — German scientists in an explanation of their absence from the Geographical Congress opened at Cambridge, England, yesterday, state that it is due to the fact that the congress is dominated by a strong hared of Germany aroused by the late war.

The congress is entirely in the hands of Conseil de Reserches and Union Geographique, both societies being antagonistic to the Germans. They cite as a proof of this statement the Congress at Cairo in 1924 to which they were at first invited, but the invitation was later withdrawn on the demand of the two French societes.

The German scientists refuse to attend any geogrpahical congress dominated by these two war-hating organizations and demand that the congress be reorganized before they will participate.

Scene in Front of Workers Center, N. Y. City.

The sidewalks in front of the Workers Center facing Union Square, New York City, are always crowded with workers discussing problems. The "Red Square" as it is now frequently called has become the heart of mass gatherings in the city.

TIE UP HAMBURG FISHING FLEET

Expect Strike Spread When Boats Return

HAMBURG, Germany, July 27.—Tie up of the north German fisheries industry with consequent heavy losses to the owners is forecast here as a result of the strike of fishermen now paralyzing Altoona and Hamburg.

The strike is chiefly confined to the herring fishing fleet whose seamen are demanding higher wages and have refused to accept the specious promises with which the owners have attempted to quash the tie-up.

The herring fishing season is approaching and there is every prospect that the men will win their demands.

Imperialist Flunkey to Aid Hoover Racket

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, July 27 (UP).—Governor Horace M. Towner will sail for the United States in September to ask Hubert Work if he is to be used in the Hoover campaign in Iowa.

Dictatorship Makes Plea for Elections

QUITO, Ecuador, July 27.—Following announcement by the president of the re-establishment of a constitutional, parliamentary regime in Ecuador, which for two years was under a "liberal" (anti-clerical) semi-military dictatorship, elections were called for deputies to the constitutional assembly to be opened in Quito on September 10.

Six Injured in Blast and Fire on Vessel

MALTA, July 27 (UP).—Two officers of the Scottish steamship Aracan and four longshoremen were injured today when an explosion and fire occurred here in a cargo of Polish coal the vessel was taking from Dantzig to Venice.

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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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TODAY

THE MINERS NEED YOUR HELP

The miners have been on strike for 16 months. They have been fighting the bosses and reactionary leaders for a right to live.

They have been thrown out of their homes by the coal companies who own them.

The miners' wives and children go without food.

They are forced to live and to fight under almost unbelievable conditions.

They have been arrested on the picket lines and thrown into jail—men, women and children.

THIS WEEK

Is National Miners' Relief and Defense Week. The International Labor Defense and the National Miners' Relief have joined together to help the miners, their wives and their children. You can do this much to help:

1

Take contribution lists to collect funds in the shop, the union and in your fraternal organization. Talk to your friends and your neighbors.

2

On Saturday and Sunday, July 28 and 29, through August 1st, help in the house-to-house collection that will be held in every city in the country. Get in touch with your I. L. D. or N. M. R. secretary.

3

Send for contribution lists if you need them—and send your contributions.

TODAY TO
NATIONAL MINERS RELIEF
611 Penn Ave.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

NATIONAL MINERS' RELIEF and DEFENSE WEEK conducted jointly by the National Miners' Relief Committee, International Labor Defense.

To ....
....
....

Negro Caught Twice in White Frame-Up Net

By WILLIAM PICKENS

NOBODY who knows the south is surprised to hear that the governor of South Carolina is endeavoring to revoke the pardon of Ben Bess and so "save the face" of that state. A white woman had Bess sent to the penitentiary 13 years ago, for a term of 30 years, on a charge of "rape," although she had been living in adultery with him, under the consent of her husband, for years. Recently this woman, thinking she was about to die, confessed the truth and had Bess pardoned.

Newspapers all over the world used her confession as a fair example, indicating how innocent Negroes can be convicted on the word of white people in the south.

"Looks Bad."

But immediately the south was aroused, South Carolina in particular. It would never do to let the world know that a white woman who had sent a Negro to jail on a charge of rape later confessed that she had simply been that Negro's paramour, with the consent of her husband, and that she and her husband had decided to frame the Negro in revenge for the Negro's decision not to support the two of them any longer. No, no; it would look too bad for the "superiority" pretensions for the whites to allow a thing like that to come out.

And so the state "detectives" got busy. They no doubt threatened to put this weak woman into the penitentiary. Finally she "confessed" again; that she only meant to "forgive" Ben Bess for what he had "done" to her, not to say he was not guilty.

Pardon Revoked.

Who in thunder ever heard of any person looking up a judge and witness, and making a voluntary affidavit to "forgive" somebody for something?

This poor woman—we pity her more than we pity Bess. Perhaps the governor and the civilization of South Carolina ought to be pitied even more.

So, the governor decides to revoke a pardon—an unheard of procedure. This awful case was so much commented on by the whole world that South Carolina's face must be saved, even if this poor weak woman's soul must be damned by another lie.

No Surprise.

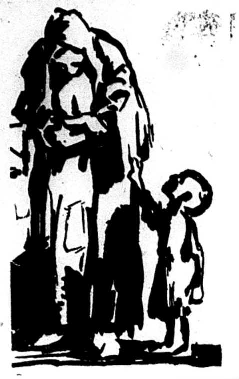
Well, we are not a bit surprised. Rather have we been looking for this. We wonder how the truth ever slipped by them in the first place. We'll bet those state "detectives" never got wind of the fact that the woman was about to confess, or she'd never have got the chance.

A few years ago in Arkansas a Negro was about to be hung for "raping" a white woman. But a few days before the execution the woman (women are superior in conscience to men) repented and went to the governor and told him that the whole charge of "rape" grew out of the fact that some white men ran across her and this colored man in the act of kissing each other, and that she had acquiesced in the charge of rape to save her own reputation—and that she and the man had been living together for 15 years and would have been married if they had lived in a civilized state.

Righteousness.

The governor tried his best to bully her out of this confession, but the woman had been wise in that case; she had gone and confessed to other prominent white and colored people first and took a delegation along when she went to confess before the governor—otherwise she might have been simply confined as an insane person—until after the execution was over. Even then the governor refused to act, and the friends of civilization had to resort to a habeas corpus in a federal court to save this innocent man's life.

"Bread!"



'Lilly Patch' is Disease Hole Where Miners Live

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., July 27.—The Lilly "patch" adjoining the Hillman Coal Company mine is perched on stilts, high above the creek. Now that the heavy rains are deluging the valley, the water rises and floods the shacks. These company houses are old, dilapidated, flimsy wooden shells. As the water seeps in thru the windows and between the boards, the rain leaks from the roof cracks.

The Lilly mine was completely closed down when the strike began sixteen months ago. The operators have not even attempted to open the mine with scab labor, so there are no picket lines there. The union ceased sending relief to this camp two weeks ago. Only the National Miners' Relief is warding off starvation.

* * *

In the center of the "patch," Jack Srader, a leading rank and file striker, lives with his family. The house is bare—even the little clothing they possess lies on newspapers, on the floor. Sixteen-year-old Margaret lies propped up against the wall. She is suffering from tubercular bones. Eight-month-old Julius is tossing about on a pillow, while his mother attempts to stop his coughing with home remedies. There is no money, so the doctors refuse to come. There are five other little children to take care of, and feed.

When Jack Srader first brought his family to West Brownsville a few months before the strike began, he bought a house-full of furniture on the installment plan from the Zimmerman Furniture Company. Then the strike came, and when the wages stopped coming in, payment had to stop. Last week the truck from the furniture company carried away the stove, chairs, beds and all. Mrs. Srader cooks her rations at a neighbor's home.

The water around the "patch" is stagnant, and offers a most productive breeding place for mosquitoes. There's no sewerage arrangements, and the stench of the creek and the swampy land adjoining the creek makes life almost unbearable in the coal mine "patch."

Hundreds of striking miners and their families live in these huts. Since the strike began, they have been unable to pay rent. Now the Hillman Coal Company is offering the shacks for sale to miners who are living for the most part on one meal a day.

* * *

"Who has the money to pay, even if we did want to be tied down to that kind of a house?" the miners ask. "If the houses belonged to us, and we had to stay here, the bosses would think they could get us to take any conditions and as low a scale they want to force on us."

Mines are opening everywhere, and attempting to draw back their former workers on an open-shop basis. The men insist that their only hope for organization, lies in returning to the mines in a body. The National Miners' Relief Committee is sending as much relief as it is able to the mining camps to save the miners from being starved into accepting open-shop conditions. Destitution and hunger is widespread; but the miners are still militant, after these months of struggle.

All funds sent to the National Miners' Relief Committee at 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. will immediately be converted into flour and potatoes and rushed to the mining camps. Dollars will fight disease. Do your share!

News Room

Newspaper men writing lurid tales of how John Jones killed
his wife with a rolling pin. (Sweet revenge, reversal, reversitore.)
"Scarface Al Capone enters cleaning racket."
"Mother strangles only babe."
(Copy Boyyy, where are you hidiinng)
Waiting for the deadline, idly writing;
"Now is the time for all good men to come to the aid of their party."
Dreaming of brimming steins at Al's or Petes;
Boozefighters because they see too much.
Limning today, dreaming of "mananna."
Fingers running idle over keys giving an air of acute industry,
Waiting for the deadline, idly writing:
"Now is the time—."

—JAMES A. MILLER.

GUM SHAN DING

By H. T. TSIANG.

You Gum Shan Ding!
You were born without conscience!

You spent a thousand dollars,
Appropriating to yourself
A strange father.
So willing you are to forget
The place where you were born.

When you are on the golden shore of America
You are without worry,
No longer being poor.
Your chief concern
Is to manage with all your wealth.

Don't talk about China!

"I am a rich merchant.
No more 'fatherland.'
I am an American citizen."

... there are worries.
That is too bad.
Face not so white,
Nose not so high.
When I pass by
All men call me
"Chinaman!" "Chinaman!"

You Gum Shan Ding!
You are worth not more than a penny!

You spend three dollars for a banquet ticket,
Ten dollars for railroad fare,
Just to bid farewell
To a big general,
Or the nation's ambassador.
Do you know what they are in China?
They are beasts
Consuming the blood of the toilers.
They become bloated and fat.
They murder the workers.
They are satiated.
Now they come to America,
Just for sport and play!

Why give them a feast
Instead of blows?

You Gum Shan Ding!
You have no brain!
It was Young shi-kai
Who invented the "Chinese Liberty Bond."
Ten years have passed.
This system is still in vogue
To kill the workers.

This in these generals' mouths is sweet,
In their hearts a cruel dagger.
You are looking for saviours—
But these are traitors.
Liberty Bonds?

Better throw your money into the water,
For there at least,
It will make a musical sound.
Have you a brain?
Use it!

You Gum Shan Ding!
Be not angry nor sorry.
Pardon the sarcasm.
You are not alone.
All of us are fools,
All, except, of course,
Those traitors and mercenary generals!

We are fools all the time!
Fools! Fools! Fools!
Oh, you fools, awake!
Become as a spike,
Kill all who are not fools!

* * *

Gum Shan Ding — A sarcastic nickname given in China to those Chinese who return from America. The literal meaning is "gold mountain fool."

Young shi-kai—The treacherous president of China who accepted Japan's twenty-one demands and appropriated the proceeds of the "Liberty Bond" to make himself emperor.

New York City, July 25.

Smashing Articles and Photos in 'Labor Defender'

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

MAX SHACHTMAN, editor of the "Labor Defender," will do it on you every time. This energetic young proletarian journalist continues to improve the official organ of the International Labor Defense each succeeding issue until one gives up wondering when he is going to get out a number only just as good as the preceding one. If I were in his brogans I would worry about the future, but then Max is not that kind of a fellow.

Be that as it may, the August number is a knockout, to use the language of Dempseyiana.

Leading off is the front cover photograph of a New Bedford strike scene with cops, strikers, banners and strikers' children.

Next comes the inimitable Hay Bales with his "Looking at the Month"—a page of sketches that go to the heart of current happenings in the class struggle with a few strokes of his pen. Bales works at the barbering trade in Salt Lake City, supports a large family out of his slim earnings and sends in sketches to the "Labor Defender" and other radical publications in his spare time. Bales is a first rate satirical artist.

* * *

ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, veteran in the class struggle, has an inspiring article on the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti. "We Stand at the Grave of Two Warriors" is the title.

"We are not ashamed," she writes, "to stand at the graves of these warriors with bowed heads, weeping at their loss. But we stand there determined to vindicate them by our redoubled efforts to topple over the system of exploitation, robbery misery and murder that sent these guiltless ones to a horrible death."

Pictures of Sacco and Vanzetti, of workers viewing the bodies as they lay in state and of the thousands marching in the funeral procession go with Flynn's article.

Arne Swabeck writes about the miners' strike, which has recently been broken by Lewis after one and a half years. He urges the workers to support the National Miners Relief Committee and I.L.D. drive for funds for the relief and defense of starving miners.

A picture of Mooney with his wife and mother in the courtroom reminds us that it is now twelve years since this militant labor leader was put behind the prison bars. An article accompanying the picture states that the International Labor Defense plans a world wide campaign to free Tom Mooney.

* * *

THERE are pictures of the Anti-Imperialist demonstration in Wall Street on July 3, when several Communists were arrested for demonstrating against Wall Street's war in Nicaragua. A short article on the raid on the Communist convention in Bridgeman six years ago.

Elmer Smith writes of the eight members of the I.W.W. who have spent eight years and a half in Walla Walla prison. This is the famous Centralia case. Smith has rendered heroic service in their behalf and the I.L.D. is pushing the work of securing their release.

Albert Weisbord writes of the New Bedford strike. Splendid pictures accompany the article.

Paul Crouch, once a military prisoner, writes about the case of John Porter, who is confined in the military prison of Ft. Adams, R. I. He deserted, became vice-president of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, was arrested and given a prison sentence.

Charles Yale Harrison contributes an excellent story of the class struggle, entitled "Red Flag."

The lynching of a Negro at Houston, Texas, on the eve of the democratic party's convention, a story of the activities of the I.L.D. for six months by acting-secretary Martin Abern—a splendid record by the way, "Voices from Prison," and other subjects are treated adequately and readably in the August number of the "Labor Defender."

The circulation of the "Labor Defender" is now 22,000, according to Walt Carmon, business manager. It deserves to be 100,000 and I have no doubt but that it will be before many years.

A worker could not put a dollar to better use than by subscribing to the "Labor Defender." The subscription price is $1 a year. It is published at 80 E. 11th St., New York City.

CROSS AND BATTLE-AXE

Steel Helmets Must Be Led By Christ

BERLIN, (By Mail).—In Opplen it was Steel Helmet day on July 2. A leader of the Steel Helmets, Seldte, delivered a bloodthirsty war speech, thundered against the constitution and the Communists, and prophesized a hard battle for the courageous Steel Helmets. The next speaker was an evangelist leader of the religion of the next life.

Sincerely, filled with the holy spirit of evangelist confession, he told the Steel Helmets that their most glorious example is Christ, that Christ is their leader, that the Steel Helmets must wear the cross.

The Steel Helmets listened attentively with their hands on their daggers. When the imaginative preacher pictured for them what a fine figure Christ would make carrying the battle-axe on a steel helmet, they burst into applause.

Will it never occur to a religious diplomat to protest this use of religion? The members of the working class know only too well the meaning implied by the figure of Christ bearing a battle-axe!

Workers School Opens Courses In Capital

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The Workers' School in this city has opened two new classes. Elementary Marxian Economics is taught every Saturday at 8 o'clock at 817 13th St., N. W. The "A B C" of Communism" and other text books are used. Those who are not Communists are also invited to attend.

A class in Leninism meets every Tuesday at the same address. All workers are urged to attend either or both of the mentioned classes.

In them they will learn how better to carry on the class struggle against their exploiters, the capitalist class.

$147,738,211 IN U. S. TREASURY

WASHINGTON, July 27 (UP).—The treasury net balance for July 24 was $147,738,211.54. Customs receipts this month to July 26 were $34,234,252.62.

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Sundays and Holidays Closed.

Brooklyn: Every Monday and Thursday from 6:30 P.M. until 8:30 P.M. at the Labor Lyceum, 949 Wiloughby Avenue.

Jersey City: Every Monday between 7 and 9 at Fraternity Hall, 256 Central Ave.

Union City: Every Thursday, between 7 and 9 at the Swiss Hall, West 23d St., near Oak St.

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The most reliable and cheapest Fire Insurance.
40,000 Members.
$700,000 Assets.
$53,000,000 Insurance in Force.
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A yearly assessment of 10c for each $100 Insurance covers all expenses.

Murdered by Fascists

GASTONE SOZZI

Gastone Sozzi, Italian Communist leader, who was murdered last spring in prison, under the orders of the Mussolini regime. This crime, like the case of Matteoti in the year before, is one of many hundreds which the International Labor Defense in this country is bringing to the attention of the American workers.

ACTORS IN WAR ON JOB SHARKS

(*By Federated Press*)

Actors Equity Union's next campaign for protection of theatre workers will be the outlawing of unscrupulous employment agencies preying on actors. With the U. S. Supreme Court throwing a cloak of legality about these harpies through declaring unconstitutional a New Jersey job agency law, the union has decided to make a fight on them that will center all its energy.

Employment agents have demanded 10 per cent of an actor's wages for his entire engagement, despite provisions in the New York law limiting job sharks to 5 per cent of the first 10 weeks' pay. Claiming to be "personal representatives" and "managers" of actors, they have defied the state law. Actors in "Abie's Irish Rose," which ran for years in New York, were mulcted of thousands through the 10 per cent rake-off.

Producers Involved in Graft.

Often the agency splits the 10 per cent fee with the producer for whom the actor was obtained. In this case the producer indirectly cuts the actor's pay. In at least one instance the agency and the producer turned out to be one and the same person. Others demand a bonus in addition to the 10 per cent for the duration of the engagement. These agencies point to lost lists of actors seeking jobs and hint that the bonus will get the job-seeker preference.

Equity has outlined four provisions to protect members:

1. Agencies dealing with Equity members must be licensed by Equity.
2. They must have standard contracts.
3. Agents will be limited to 5 per cent for 10 weeks.
4. The title of personal representative shall be bona fide and not merely a cloak for an ordinary job agent.

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OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
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Paid for Sick and Death Benefits, over....................$13,440,000
Benefits in case of Sickness or Accident $6, $9, or $15 per week for first 40 weeks, one-half thereof for an additional 40 weeks, or altogether $360 to $900.
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"Czar Ivan" Back at Cameo—'Potemkin' on Same Program

THE Film Arts Guild announces a return engagement at the Cameo Theatre of "Czar Ivan the Terrible" the famous Sovkino production starting today. "Potemkin" the epic film-record of the Russian revolution of 1905, made by the same Soviet institution, has been selected as the companion film on the same program.

"Czar Ivan the Terrible" is a collection of sharply etched characterizations against a background of rather tense and gripping drama. L. M. Leonidoff who is now the chief actor of the Moscow Art Players, created the role of Czar Ivan in this remarkable Soviet film.

"In undertaking the creation of the screen portrait of "Czar Ivan the Terrible," Leonidoff said in a recent interview, "I turned to books, objects close to Ivan the Terrible, and in them I hunted for the spirit that would unite me with the character and the epoch I was to create.

"Up to the present time I know of only two recreations of that epoch—"Tzar Dedor" of the Moscow Art Theatre and the innumerable drawings of Makovsky and the stagings of Bolshoi Theatre. I had to approach the character with disregard for the theatrical stamps that had long become obsolete. In this film "Ivan the Terrible" is not an old man, as he usually is pictured in plays and drawings—[illegible] is about forty years old. Contrast between unlimited power and utter loneliness is the most striking feature in the creation of this character. Together with this, Ivan the Terrible is a far-sighted proprietor, a merchant haggling for every penny when selling flax to foreign traders. And during the whole life of Ivan the Terrible brutalized despotic power borders with the anguish of dull—and unhealthy solitude. Having made clear to myself the character of Ivan the Terrible, I had to [illegible]ce it on the screen.

"As a dramatic artist playing for the screen only the fourth time I encountered the same obstacles that every dramatic artist has to overcome. Here the motto of Stanislavsky, 'Maximum of internal, minimum of external,' was of great help to me as no doubt it has been to the majority of the Moscow Art Theatre players. It is a motto which should be adopted by every movie actor."

Beginning today the 55th Street Playhouse will present Greta Garbo and Werner Kraus in "Streets of Sorrow," directed by G. W. Pabst. This film will play on Saturday, Sunday and Monday. From Tuesday through Friday, the Playhouse will show Ernst Lubitsch's "Forbidden Paradise" with Pola Negri, Adolphe Menjou and Rod La Roque.

"Beau Broadway," a new Metro picture, co-starring Lew Cody and Aileen Pringle, comes to the Capitol Theatre today. The stody was written by Malcolm St. Clair who also directed it.

IN EUGENE O'NEILL DRAMA

Judith Anderson who plays the leading role in "Strange Interlude," Eugene O'Neill's tense drama at the John Gold Theatre.

Announcement that "Trader Horn" will be filmed on the original settings of the story, the jungles of Africa, has been made by Metro. An expedition will leave California in the near future, bound for West Africa, where the picturization of this book will be made. W. S. Van Dyke will direct.

Lionel Barrymore will have a featured role in Lon Chaney's new starring vehicle, "West of Zanzibar." This film will be directed by Tod Browning. Mary Nolan, the heroine of "Sorrell and Son" will have the chief feminine role.

HUGE EARNINGS FOR STEEL TRUST

(*By United Press*)

Bethlehem Steel Corporation in the second quarter of this year earned $1.50 a share on common stock, compared with 94 cents a share in the preceding quarter, the company reported recently. The regular dividend of $1.75 was declared on preferred stock, payable October 1 to stockholders of record September 1. No action was taken on common stock dividends.

Net income for the quarter ended June 30 amounted to $4,529,328 after interest, federal taxes, depreciation and depletion.

FOUR WORKERS INJURED

MALTA, July 27 (UP).—An English second officer, a Scottish cadet and four shore workers were injured yesterday by an explosion aboard the Scottish steamer Arrcan, enroute from Venice to Danzig with a cargo of Polish coal.

APPOINT COMMISSIONER

WASHINGTON, July 27 (UP).—Appointment of Harvey V. Rohrer of Seattle as assistant trade commissioner at Manila was announced yesterday by the department of commerce.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau Thierry
May Wirth, Phil & Family in BIG FREE CIRCUS
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
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SEATS NOW ON SALE 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
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Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

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SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

ALBEE KEITH-
REFRIGERATED CAMEO
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FILM ARTS GUILD presents
"CZAR IVAN THE TERRIBLE"
with LEONIDOFF and Moscow Art Players
AND ON THE SAME PROGRAM— "POTEMKIN" THE RUSSIAN FILM CLASSIC

BOOKS

Spend An Enjoyable and Useful Vacation
Take Along a Book!
Soviet Russia in the Second Decade—Edited by Chase, Dunn and Tugwell....................Price: 2:50
The Diary of a Communist Schoolboy—By Ognyov
Price: 2.50
Leninism—By Stalin....................Price: 2.50
Organization of a World Party—By O. Piatnitsky
Price: 15 cents
The Communist Nucleus—By M. Jenks
Price: 15 cents
Fifteenth Congress of the CPSU..........Prce: 50 cents
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HANdOuTS

[illegible] A. Rowe, president of the [illegible] Boy Scout council, apparently forgot whom he was working for when he issued an order that each Boy Scout should accost any woman he found smoking and request her to deposit her cigarette in the nearest cuspidor as a daily kind deed. Cigarette manufacturers, who have kept out of the newspapers the slightest hostile propaganda, and whose eyes have been glistening at the prospect of the immense market offered by women smokers, stood aghast. They sent instructions to James E. West, chief of the executive board of the Boy Scouts of America. He wrote a letter of rebuke to the Cleveland scout head, pointing out that his crusade showed a "misunderstanding as to the real aims and purposes of the Boy Scout movement." The real aim is to create obedience to big business, not insubordination.

• • •

Dumb Animals

The society page of any capitalist newspaper is the real comic section. Any worker could get a kick out of these funny faces if it weren't for the reflection that he has to support them in their tomfooleries. On the steamer Rochambeau, which was off the Newfoundland Banks, Miss Elsie Ekngren (above) was a little bored as she dared her friend, Morton Hoyt, to jump into the ocean. Hoyt, who makes his living as a Washington society man and who had been brought up to be polite to ladies, was a little embarrassed. He didn't know just what to do, so he jumped overboard to show his good breeding. The steamer turned back on her course and fished him out half drowned. "Thank you very much," said Miss Ekengren. Hoyt proposed marriage. "Mercy no! I think you're all wet now!" replied Miss Ekengren.

• • •

It's pretty tough to have to work for a boss like Cal Coolidge, who is so penurious he rides a wooden horse to save the price of hay. Ernest Gilpin, his cook, couldn't worm enough out of him to take care of his wife, who has just sued him for non-support. Cal was always hanging around the kitchen, anyway, and Mrs. Gilpin thought she ought to have a change of scenery.

• • •

Thrill for Rich

Getting killed is just part of the day's work for members of the laboring class. Capitalism, so stingy to workers in all other respects, is generous in the number of ways it provides for this purpose. A worker [illegible] breath rock dust in a subway, let a roof fall on him in a coal mine or fall off the 45th floor of a new building. Above is the method selected by Cunliffe, British auto racer, who is shown the moment before he was hurled to his death to provide a luxurious thrill for the [illegible] leisure classes. After a [illegible] auto race the rich parasite [illegible] to his empty palace, casually [illegible] up the History of Rome and [illegible] in horror before the degradation of the patricians who amused themselves by watching gladiators fight. Actually the Roman sword [illegible] patched up a working agreement before they entered the lists [illegible] themselves all bloodied up and [illegible] leave the field at the end of the day in the best of health.

[illegible]DED IN PRISON FIGHT.

[illegible]TON, Pa., July 27 (UP).—[illegible] range pistol battle was [illegible] in the Saratoga County jail [illegible] today between a prisoner [illegible] deputy sheriffs. Deputy [illegible] Fred Currier was critically

WORKERS IN N. J. PREPARING FOR BIG CONVENTION

Ratification Meet on August 5

Thruout the length and breadth of New Jersey, workers' organizations and labor unions are preparing for the coming ratification convention of the Workers' (Communist) Party, to be held at 93 Mercer St., Newark, on August 5, and are preparing for the Red Proletarian Banquet which will precede the convention by one day.

New Jersey workers are girding their loins to do battle against the democratic machine of Mayor Hague, the republican machine of Senator Edge and against the democratic Governor Moore, agent of the Public Service Commission. The army of injunctions issued against workers on strike, the violation of the free speech innumerable times, the use of police brutality against workers, and widespread unemployment have all contributed toward making the coming convention of the Workers' (Communist) Party an organized mass protest against the depredations of capitalism and its playmate, corruption; a mass protest which will resolve into a militant fighting body which under the banner of the Workers' (Communist) Party will fight the capitalist parties and spread the program of the Workers' Party among all workers.

The ratification convention, which will get under way at 10 o'clock in the morning on August 5, will present a scene of solidarity of labor such as has never before been witnessed in New Jersey. Delegates will come from every city, town and village, and will represent every industry in the state. Unorganized as well as organized workers will be there to ratify the program of the only workers' party in the country.

The Red Proletarian Banquet to be held at the same address, 93 Mercer St., at 8 o'clock on Saturday, August 4, besides being the scene of much eating of good food, will also be turned into a protest meeting against the War Danger, the date of the banquet coinciding with the 14th anniversary of the outbreak of the last World War. The charge of admission to the banquet will be one dollar, this covering cost of food and permission to voice one's protest against the war mongers.

All workers' clubs which will not meet in time to elect delegates to the convention and banquet are requested to be represented by members of its Executive Committee. For those delegates coming in from outlying districts for both the banquet and convention, overnight facilities will be provided free.

NANKING PACT SIGNED BY U. S.

Continued from Page One

Nanking government for some time. indicates that the United States was anxious for a separate treaty, it is generally believed.

The note gives Nanking the right to tax American goods entering China as it deems fit providing that it does not discriminate in favor of imports from other countries.

The treaty is to become effective on January 1, 1929, if both governments ratify it by that date.

• • •

SHANGHAI, July 27.—Although official circles of the Nanking regime expressed some dissatisfaction that the pact signed by MacMurray and Soong did not mention anything about extra-territoriality they look forward to the recognition of the Nanking government in the near future.

Reports from Tokio indicate that Premier Tanaka did not receive the note of the Nanking government which claimed that the old commercial treaty between Japan and China was abrogated, with much favor.

Although no note has yet been received from the Japanese government reports from Tokio indicate that they will be unwilling to enter into equal treaties with the Nanking government.

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He Couldn't Fool All Fight Fans All the Time.

Belief that Tom Heeney was a set-up for Gene Tunney to knock down kept thousands of fight fans away from the encounter in New York two nights ago. And the fans seem to have been right, except that Heeney was too game to stay down. Rickard, shown at right in the picture talking to a newspaper man, claims that his losses were $250,000. Well informed circles state that that figure is for consumption of federal tax authorities. Besides Rickard, the wealthiest promoter in the country, has cleaned up thousands enough to cover during the last few years.

ATHLETICS GAIN ON YANKS; GIANTS WIN

The Philadelphia Athletics won a free-hitting game from the Chicago White Sox, 7 to 4, yesterday. Each team used three pitchers. Philadelphia got 16 hits off Walsh, Connally and Cox and Chicago collected ten off Quinn, Rommel and Grove. The Yankees did not play.

• • •

Dazzy Vance turned in one of his peerless pitching performances for Brooklyn and the Dodgers defeated St. Louis, 5 to 2. Vance gave the Cardinals only six hits. Mitchell, Haid and Johnson were hit hard by Brooklyn. Fussell, Pittsburgh rookie, staged a pitching duel with Fred Fitzsimmons and came out second best. The Giants defeated the Pirates, 4 to 2. Fussell gave nine hits and Fitzsimmons eight. Four errors hurt Pittsburgh.

• • •

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League
Philadelphia, 7; Chicago, 4.
Washington, 7; St. Louis, 4.
Only games scheduled.

National League
New York, 4; Pittsburgh, 2.
Brooklyn, 5; St. Louis, 2.
Cincinnati, 3; Philadelphia, 1.
Chicago, 2; Boston, 1.

TILDEN BEATS LACOSTE IN GREAT TENNIS MATCH

ROLAND GARROS STADIUM, PARIS, July 27.—The vast, colorful, throng that jammed the stadium today saw William T. Tilden, II, reinstated captain of the United States team, stage a marvelous comeback to tennis form and defeat Rene Lacoste of France in the first singles match in the challenge round for the Davis Cup, emblematic of the world's team championship.

The score was 1—6, 6—4, 6—4, 2—6, 6—3.

Henri Cochet of France, in the other match of the day, defeated John Hennessey of the American team, 5—7, 9—7, 6—3, 6—0, and the teams ended the day at one match—all. Three victories for either team will decide who shall hold the cup

PORTER REMAINS MILITANT REBEL

(Continued from Page One)

time. Received the stamps and writing material from you and from someone from the Y. W. L. whose address I didn't get because they kept the letters and clippings sent to me and they only let me glance at it and I haven't as yet received it.

"Although my sentence is heavy, my heart is light and my spirit high because I know that I have been given the maximum sentence because I have remained true to the working class. Regardless of what sentence they may yet impose on me, I will remain loyal to the working class and fight for the working class as long as there is an ounce of blood in me. Only life imprisonment could separate me.

"Received a letter from Hemming, New Mexico, from a comrade. Nothing more at present but hope to hear from you shortly, I remain

"Comradely yours,
"JOHN PORTER."

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WE ALL MEET
at the
NEW WAY CAFETERIA
101 WEST 27th STREET
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MEXICAN POWER HANGING FIRE

Continued from Page One

own candidacy for the presidency. Yesterday, however, he definitely made public his support of the president.

In some quarters this is taken to mean that Calles has agreed to support Saenz for the presidency two years hence after the special term Calles is to serve will have ended.

Concessions to Reaction?

Whether or not Calles and his immediate supporters have made any basic concessions or agreements to the reactionary leaders is not yet known.

The policy of the militant labor and peasant forces and the Mexican Communist Party has been to give qualified support to the Calles government as against the extreme reaction which is threatening the country. In manifestos issued by the Mexican Communist Party and the National Peasants the workers and peasants were called upon to organize for the fight against reaction and against imperialism.

RUSSIAN
Taught by professional teacher; university graduate; instructor in Russian at Berlitz School of Languages.
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Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Subsection 3C Meeting.

All units of subsection 3C will meet Monday at 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. The election of campaign directors and other important matters will take place. All members must attend.

Branch 4, Section 5.

Branch 4, Section 5 will hold a meeting to observe the 14th anniversary of the World War, Monday, July 30. Comrade Berney will lead the discussion on "Communist Tactics in the Next War."

Jugoslav Fraction.

Jugoslav Fraction will hold its first outing on Sunday at Edenwald. Games and refreshments will feature. Direction:—Take Lexington Ave. subway to East 180th St., then change for Boston & Westchester R. R. local to Dyre Avenue.

• • •

Branch 6.

Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathizers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zaencer in charge of the campaign of that district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

• • •

Section 7, Speakers Class.

Section 7 Speakers Class will meet Tuesday at the campaign headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn. All members of the class are asked to report promptly at 8 p. m.

• • •

Brownsville Y. W. L. Meet.

The Brownsville unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League has arranged two open air meetings which will be held on the following dates and places with the following speakers:

Monday, at Hopkinson and Pitkin Aves.—Frum, Palchik, Gudesman, M. Mellman and Lipshitz.

Tuesday at Hopkinson and Utica Aves.—Kass, Mellman and Williams.

The following open air meetings for next week have been arranged by District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party:

Monday, July 30

Rudgers Square—Wright, Milgrom, Baum, Schalk, and I Cohen.

First Ave., and 49th St., N. Y.—Schachtman, LeRoy, Gussakoff, Reiss, and Blake.

Tuesday, July 31.

Grand St. Ext., and Havemyer, B'klyn—Bimba, Rosemond and G. Welsh.

Sutter and Williams, B'klyn—Nessin, Lipsin, Ed. Welsh, and Joe Cohen.

Wednesday, Aug. 1.

Myrtle and Prince, B'klyn—Padmore, Suskin and Napoli.

Eagle Pencil Co. (noon)—P. Crouch.

25 Dayton Ave., Passaic—Marshal, Freiman and Erdy.

Thursday, Aug. 2.

Hendrix and Sutter Ave., B'klyn—Fadgug, Silber and Pasternack.

Steinway and Jamaica, L. I.—Powers, Baum, Harfield and Heder.

138th St., and Annes Ave., Bronx—Jacobson, Wortis, Shapiro, Welch and Moore.

40th St. and 8th Ave., N. Y.—Yusem and V. Smith.

Allerton and Cruger, Ave Bronx—Bentall, Leibowitz, Peer, Wilkes and Cibulsky.

24th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Hulswood, Hendin and Ballam.

Loose Wells Biscuit Co., L. I.—B. Miller. (noon)

Friday, August 3.

National Biscuit Co (noon)—Grecht, and Ross.

Bristol and Pitkins, B'klyn—Ragozin and Lypzin.

Varet and Graham, B'klyn—Magliacno, H. Williams, Lillienstein, Taft and Severino.

5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y.—Trachtenberg, Lyons, Codkind, Reiss and LeRoy.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Markoff and Stanley.

Saturday, August 4.

First Ave., and 79th St.—Bentall, Auerbach, Blake and Lillienstein.

13th Ave. and 42nd St., B'klyn—Padgug, Suskin, Lustig and Magliacno.

West N. Y., N. J., 14th St. and Bergenline—Wright and Schalk.

• • •

Bronx Y. W. L. Hike.

The McKinley Square unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hike to Hunter Island tomorrow. Those wishing to attending should meet at West Farms depot (177th St.) at 10 a. m. A big program including sports, swimming, canoeing and a bonfire, have been arranged by the committee in charge of the hike.

• • •

"Fight War Danger."

"Fight the War Danger" leaflets and accompanying election campaign contribution envelopes are now ready in the district office. Every campaign director must call for these at once for distribution at open-air meetings. They must be used at every meeting up to August 4th.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

• • •

Party Membership Meeting.

The comrades in the units are asked to take note of the fact that there will be a Party membership meeting Wednesday, August 1st at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. No other meetings are to be arranged to conflict with this date.

Note is also to be taken of the fact that on Saturday afternoon, August 4, the anniversary of the World War opening, there will be an open air demonstration at Union Square under the auspices of the Workers Party. All units are to make arrangements for mobilizing masses of workers to attend.

District Executive Committee, District 2, John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

• • •

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

• • •

Subsection 3E.

Subsection 3E will hold a membership meeting on Tuesday, 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must come on time, because action will be taken against members who fail to answer at the roll call.

Worker Jailed, Beaten in Greek White Terror

ATHENS, (By Mail).—The worker, Papadopoulos, secretary of the Workers Bureau in Saloniki, was arrested because he carried out the mandate given him by the general mass meeting of the labor unions and declared that the mass meeting scheduled for July 2, must take place under all circumstances, legal or not.

On his arrival in prison Papadopoulos was fearfully mishandled.

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WORKMEN'S SICK AND DEATH BENEFIT FUND
UNITED BRANCHES of BROOKLYN aud QUEENS
GRAND VOLKSFEST
at Gerken's Cypress Hills Park, Cypress Ave., Evergreen, L. I.
Concert Music—Dancing and other Attractions—Games for Children
"Punch and Judy"
SUNDAY, JULY 29th, 1928
Gates Open at 10 A. M. Free Ice Cream for Children
AFTER 6 P. M., 50c
Take Cypress Avenue Car at Ridgewood to End of Line

Tomorrow--Sunday, July 29
Great Boat Excursion
to Stony Point On-the-Hudson
For the Hungarian Communist Daily
UJ ELORE
Arranged by Greater New York's Workers and Fraternal Organizations
Dancing and Refreshments
On the Boat
SWIMMING POOL FREE AT STONY POINT—GAMES, ETC.
Tickets: $1.25 in advance. For sale at Uj Elore, Hungarian Daily, 26-28 Union Square. $1.50 at the pier.
Boat leaves East 91st St. pier 10 A. M. sharp.
Good Time Assured for All

STRIKERS TO DEFY LATE 'NO PERMIT' ASHLEY DECISION

Citizens' Body Petitions Signed for March

Continued from Page One

cuse to refuse the permit. They declared that the parade will be held regardless of official sanction.

Mobilize Police.

The city authorities are preparing to mobilize the greatest array of police strength yet set up in the strike situation to break up the parade tomorrow. Police forces in all neighboring towns are being liberally tapped to provide a police strength large enough to attack the tens of thousands expected to turn out.

Thousands of citizens here are signing the petition circulated by the Citizens Relief Defense and Civil Rights Committee, recently organized and under the chairmanship of Alfred Saulnier. As soon as the mayor's refusal of permit was learned of the petitions were issued for signatures. This was at 6 o'clock last night. The immediate response was tremendous. The petition demands that the mayor permit the textile strikers to exercise their constitutional right to parade.

• • •

Bar Workers' Spokesmen.

Admission was again denied the representatives of the Textile Mill Committee when they went to the "conciliation conference" held today between the Textile Council and mill bosses under State Arbitration Board auspices. The union declared, as it did after being refused admittance to the previous conferences, that no strikers will heed any decisions this fake conference, that no fake conference may arrive at.

• • •

The Textile Workers' Union of the T. M. C. has announced that its policy of mass picketing of struck mills will not be abandoned in spite of the recent mass arrests and jailings.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Workingclass Housewives.

Council No. 5 of Coney Island, will hold a beach party, on Tuesday afternoon, July 31st, on the 28th St., beach, near the Half Moon Hotel. The party will start at 1 p. m. Ray Ragozin will speak and Peretz Shickman will entertain. Councils of Brighton Beach and Bath Beach, also all working class women of the neighborhood are invited to participate.

• • •

Scandinavians To Hold Sports Meet.

Scandinavian Workers' Athletic Club will hold a festival in Ulmer Park, Broklyn tomorrow. Among the features will be two soccer games, one between the Swedish S. C. and the Norwegian team Klippen; another between Scandinavian Workers A. C. and Hungarian Workers A. C.

• • •

Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at 7:30 sharp August 2, 1928. At this conference the causes of war, and the methods to be used in fighting the war danger will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women's organizations are invited to send delegates, and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

• • •

I. L. D. Open Air Meet.

The Sacco-Vanzetti branch of the International Labor Defense will hold an open air meeting at Wilkins and Intervale Aves., the Bronx, today at 8:30 p. m. The speakers, I. Zimmerman and S. LeRoy will discuss "Capitalist Justice in the United States," emphasizing the Mooney-

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All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Assistant Editor ....WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭	✕	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

The Platform of Class Struggle

The keynote of the "Platform of the Class Struggle," the National Platform of the Workers (Communist) Party in the 1928 elections, issued yesterday by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, is one of relentless, uncompromising struggle against capitalist society.

The platform was adopted at the Nominating Convention of the Party held recently in New York. This is the platform on which William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice president, will stand before the workers and exploited farmers of the United States in the election campaign, against the democratic and republican candidates as well as the reformist socialists, who have betrayed the workers by renouncing the class struggle and allying themselves with the reactionary bureaucracy in the American trade union movement.

Analyzing the parties of big and small business, the platform says in part:

> **"With the exception of the Workers (Communist) Party all political parties and groups are defenders of the present capitalist society. The two capitalist parties, the republican and democratic, are twin brothers in the expression of the interests of the bosses.**
>
> **"The republican party, which in the interests of the then revolutionary capitalism conducted a war against chattel slavery, is today working in the interests of the now counter-revolutionary capitalism for the perpetuation of wage slavery. The republican party of today is nothing but the party of trusts, of finance capital, of the biggest business interests of the country.**
>
> **"The democratic party was in the early stages of its history the party of slavery, against northern capitalism and in the interests of the southern plantation owners. Today, though many times masked with phrases of liberalism, it stands for the perpetuation of the peonage of Negroes in the south and for the maintenance of wage slavery throughout the country.**
>
> **"There are no real political differences between the two big political parties. Both are parties of the enemies of the working class. The very existence of the two-party system is the most reactionary factor in American politics, is one of the factors which are responsible for the lack of an independent mass political party of the working class."**

The platform brands the attitude of the so-called progressives as cowardly. It states that they have gone back meekly into the old capitalist parties. After calling attention to the support of the Smith candidacy by Wheeler, to the action of Borah in mouthing against imperialism and then supporting the Coolidge policy in Nicaragua, to Senator Shipstead posing as a farmer-laborite though actually a republican, the Communist platform states: "All these progressives and semi-progressives serve as a prop of the present capitalist society and must be combatted by all honest workers."

The platform brands the official leaders of the American Federation of Labor as "partners of the bosses" and charges them with sabotaging the work of organizing the unorganized. "They have come out openly," it states, "for a policy of common exploitation of all Latin American peoples by the capitalists and workers of the United States."

The Communist view of the socialist party expressed in the national platform summed up is as follows:

The socialist party, which still claims to be a working class party, is a party of the lower middle class, with its leadership a part of the bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. The militant spirit of Eugene V. Debs has been wiped out. In the city of Reading, Pennsylvania, the city officials of the socialist party have pledged themselves to act like capitalist officials rather than socialists.

Norman Thomas, the presidential candidate of the socialist party, is declared to be "the worst kind of a pacifist, a typical preacher, who performs the greatest service for American imperialism by creating illusions about the League of Nations, about the possibility of preventing wars by peaceful means."

The National Platform further declares that the socialist party is an advocate of the League of Nations, supports Kellogg's hypocritical gestures towards the outlawing of war, and is critical of the war against Nicaragua not because it is an imperialist war but because it is "unauthorized and unsanctioned by the people or congress."

The socialist labor party is dismissed with three lines and a half as a "fossilized" sect which plays no role in the life of the country.

The platform concludes its analysis of the political parties with the following statement on the Workers (Communist) Party:

> **"The Workers (Communist) Party is today the only genuine working class party. It is the sole party which has a program for the workers and working farmers. It is the only party which conducts a relentless struggle against capitalism, against the old parties of the bosses, and against the corrupt labor bureaucracy and the treacherous socialist party.**
>
> **"The Workers (Communist) Party is the party of the class struggle. It is the deadly enemy of class collaboration because it is the deadly enemy of capitalism. It is the revolutionary party of the working class. The Workers (Communist) Party is the champion of the interests of the working class and the working farmers. It is the advocate of the most exploited stratum of the working class, the unskilled workers. It is the champion of the oppressed Negro race. It is the organizer of the struggle against imperialism, against imperialist wars."**

The platform deals extensively with unemployment, the open shop wage-cutting offensive of the bosses, the miners' strike, colonies and imperialist war, the defense of the Soviet Union, the government in its role as a strike-breaking agency, a labor party, social legislation, tariff and taxation, the plight of the farmers, the oppression of the Negroes, the foreign-born workers, working women, youth, child labor and education, housing, prohibition, and ends by urging the workers and exploited farmers to organize for the goal of a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

Every worker loyal to his class should consider it a matter of class pride to make himself a distributor of this booklet, issued by the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th St., New York. Since the committee has accomplished the remarkable feat of pulling the price down to ten cents, it ought to be possible to give it enormous distribution, and our class will gain by every copy that is read by a worker.

Adventures of an African Trader

Reviewed By ART SHIELDS
(Federated Press).

BOOTLEGGING tales are topical in a political season when the smugglor of illicit wares is a subject for campaign chatter. This vivid narrative of violence, bribery and humor lives up to the best bootlegging tale traditions, though the business was not in rum but in slaves.

Adventures of An African Slaver is the life story of Captain Theodore Canot, bootlegger extraordinary, as told by himself in 1854, with the aid of a Baltimore journalist, and now reissued. Canot flourished in the second quarter of the nineteenth century, running Negro captives from the Guinea coast to the western hemisphere at a time when the traffic was outlawed by America, Britain, Spain and all other northern countries but Portugal. Captured slavers risked the fate of pirates if they could not escape or bribe their way out.

* * *

The bandit-business man of this historical tale was the child of an Italian mother and French father and yet as one of the chief importers of black workers to America, he deserves a place in the labor records of this continent.

Big fortunes were reaped in this bootlegging traffic, though it was more risky than the bootlegging of today. Perdo Blanco, a Portuguese, retired with one million dollars, some say one million pounds, a sum that a Remus would not disdain. The famous Brazilian mulatto, Cha Cha, accumulated hundreds of wives in his Dahomey harems from his profits in the trade. Negroes costing $20 to $50 on the Guinea coast fetched $350 in Cuba and $1,100 laid down in New Orleans, an astonishing differential between prices f. o. b. and delivered. Canot shared in the big winnings but the risks ate up his profits. Lavishly successful at times, with barracoons bursting with slaves, and coffers filled with gold at his African headquarters, his luck would change as cruisers captured his cargo or himself, as graft ate up his cash reserve or pestilence killed his slaves, till in 1853 he was down and out, "cadging for drinks" on the wharves of Baltimore.

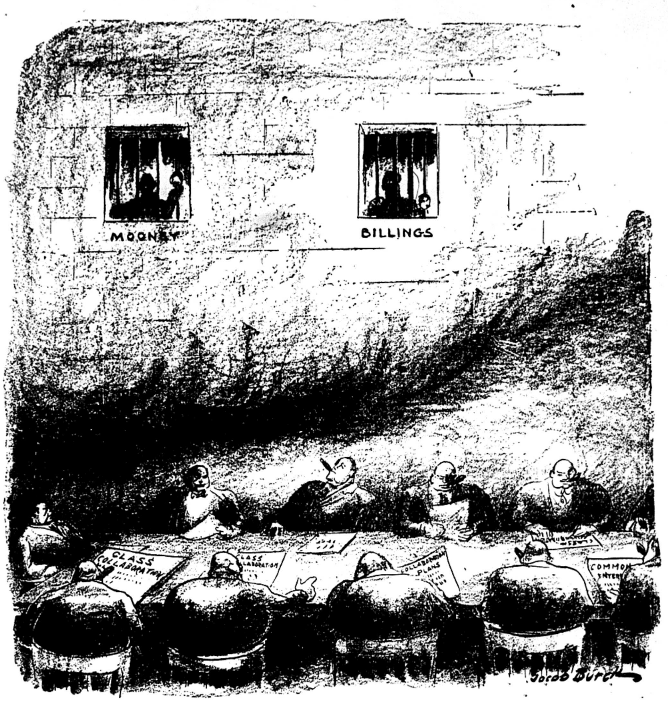
* * *

NO passengers were ever packed so tightly as the black immigrants to the west. In Canot's first slave voyage he packed 118 boys and girls under 15 in the hold of a 40-ton boat, in a space 22 inches high, each passenger lying on his right side and fitting into the lap of the one behind. On this trip three died, but the rest netted big profits. A bigger cargo on a 90-ton boat later netted $41,000. Crowding brought disease that wiped out profits sometimes. Once he lost 300 out of 800 by smallpox. Cleanliness was impossible. A British officer, quoted in the introduction, says he could smell a slaver "five miles down the wind."

Navy cruisers then corresponded to the rum chasers of today. Like the rum runners, the slavers fought back, fled or destroyed the evidence by dumping the cargo when a cruiser approached. Canot does not confess to such atrocities, but the introduction gives a grewsome story about Captain Homas of the slaver Brillante. Seeing four cruisers surrounding him, the captain brought 600 slaves to the deck, shackled them to a chain connecting with the anchor and dropped the anchor over the side with the victims trailing after, their groans going up into the night as their bodies went down.

TWO KINDS OF LABOR LEADERS

By Jacob Burck



Our Party's Election Campaign

(Continued.)

By JAY LOVESTONE.

OUR Party was born as a result of the breakup of the old socialist party in 1919. Through this split it inherited a wholesome opposition to parliamentary cretinism, to the miserable opportunism of the old socialist party parliamentary politicians.

But in this wholesome reaction, there was also carried over a dangerous syndicalist opposition to participation in parliamentary activities per se.

Thus in the 1920 presidential elections, our party's national slogan was "boycott the elections." In 1924 we had great difficulty in mobilizing our party for active participation in the election campaign. We have not yet completely shaken these syndicalist prejudices. An essential part of the present election campaign of our party has been to elevate the ideological level of the membership so as to give them an increasing understanding of Leninist, revolutionary, Communist participation in the election campaigns.

Districts On Industrial Lines.

Our party districts are organized along the line of industrial sections. We have one district, for instance, covering the Pittsburgh coal and steel territory known as the Western Pennsylvania district. We have another district consisting of the metropolitan area of New York City and neighboring New Jersey industrial cities in which are found such industries as textile, oil refining and metal products. We have other districts like the Kansas districts which include a number of states equivalent to an area of five or six of the European countries. States like New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania are included in several districts while districts like the agricultural, the Seattle, the Kansas, the Minneapolis and the south, consist of several states.

But for the election campaign, the individual state is the unit. It is therefore necessary for our party to adjust its organization and set up special election machinery.

Difficulties of "Democracy."

BESIDES, there are innumerable difficulties set up by the much-vaunted American bourgeois democracy to make it almost impossible for a revolutionary proletarian party like our own to participate effectively in parliamentary elections. Each of the forty-eight states has its own set of election laws limiting the ways and means of parties getting on the ballot.

The slightest technical error can be used to deny the Communist Party the right to be on the ballot. In 1924 the Communist Party was on the ballot in only fifteen states.

The aim of these election laws is to prevent the organization of new parties and perpetuate the so-called two-party system—republican and democratic. Comrade Lenin has thus characterized the two-party system:

Setting Up the Election Machinery; Preparing for the Campaign

"This so-called 'two-party system' reigning in America . . . has been one of the most powerful methods of preventing the foundation of an independent labor, that is, a genuine Socialist Party."

Industrial States Hardest.

In a number of industrial states where the party has the best prospects, these legal restrictions are the worst.

For example, in Ohio, our Party must secure a petition for placing it on the ballot signed by about 25,000 citizens, before it can put up its candidates.

In New York, an even larger number of signatures is required.

In California, a minimum of 30,000 signatures must be secured in order to place the party on the ballot.

These endorsements of the party's being on the ballot by citizens are not valid unless they are from all sections of a particular state. A minimum number of signatures is required from each county of the state. It oftens occurs that in a number of rural counties our party organization is either very weak or non-existent. If one ineligible person signs such a petition, then the whole list is challenged and our party is denied the right to appear on the ballot.

Then in such states like Oklahoma and other Southern states, the Secretary of State who is in charge of such work often simply refuses to recognize the Communist Party's right to appear on the ballot and doesn't even consider petitions when presented.

Mobilizing the Party.

MOBILIZATION of the membership for participation in the election campaign began rather early this year. This was occasioned by the following facts:

First of all, we have a splendid opportunity, due to the economic depression and the rising readiness of the masses for struggle against the capitalist offensive to utilize the election campaign for Communist propaganda and mobilization of the working masses for struggle. Then, there is the need to overcome the lingering indifference and even hostility in our ranks towards Party participation in parliamentary campaigns. Third is the great number of barriers put up by American Democracy against Communist participation in election campaigns.

The presidential election takes place on November 6th. Simultaneously, there are elections for the United States Senate and highest state offices in a number of states.

In the February Plenum of the Central Committee of our party it was made clear to the party that the prospects for a National Labor Party or even a United Labor Ticket in 1928 were exceedingly slight. Great emphasis was placed on the need for mobilizing the party resources to get on the ballot. Various political letters were sent to the units to counteract the indifference and hostility still pervading the attitude of certain sections of our party towards Communist participation in election campaigns, as well as to warn against opportunist errors.

As early as February 29, the Political Committee instructed all districts to prepare for putting petitions into the field for Foster and Gitlow. Immediately, special machinery was set up to help the districts overcome the technical obstacles for the Party's getting on the ballot. On March 19, all districts were instructed to put full Workers Party tickets into the field. A National Election Campaign Committee was elected and similar committees were elected on a district scale.

On March 28, the political committee appointed additional field organizers for the election campaign and announced its decision to propose Comrades Foster and Gitlow who were our standard bearers in 1924.

Special organizers were sent into the South and Southwest.

Our mobilization for the election campaign began with the preparations of the party itself, then the mobilization of sympathetic masses and their organizations.

These preparations were ideological and organizational. The party units were given material preparing them for the issues and various phases of the election campaign.

(To Be Continued)

Told You So

THERE are over a quarter of a million jobless in Great Britain at the moment, though reports say that the number of employed is greater than at any time in the history of the country. The reason for this is that owing to the ruin of a large section of the middle classes by the heavy burdens of debt and the loss of trade that followed the war they were forced into the labor market to compete with the already existing industrial population. This standing army of unemployed has its advantages to British capitalism as well as its disadvantages. It is a constant menace to the standard of living of the workers, which is steadily going down.

* * *

THERE is nothing unusual in the following story: A detective who was hired to protect a guest of the Ambassador Hotel in Atlantic City was arrested on a charge of having stolen a diamond ring valued at $2,300, a diamond pin valued at $700 and $30 in cash from his charge. If the guest had robbed the detective that would be news.

* * *

SENATOR GEORGE H. MOSES of New Hampshire is of the opinion that the G. O. P. is up against the hardest struggle of its career. An Al if not an Allah has come to judgment. Whether Al or Herbert wins it does not make a whit of difference to the working class, but the senator from New Hampshire fears mightily that it will take more than one Moses to keep the Tammany Tiger out of the Promised Land.

* * *

THINGS are getting so hot in criminal circles in New York City that the entire membership of the Rotary Club of the metropolis has offered itself for jury service. Should they be accepted the job of a court reporter armed with a copy of the American Mercury might not be something to sneeze at.

Tom O'Flaherty

DEDUTSCHKA

By SOL AUERBACH.

A whirl of dust, chickens skid across the road, and the Soviet four-wheel "droshka" rolls undecidedly and stops before the Soviet House at Olschan. A burly peasant sits erect at the driver's seat and holds the two heavily shanked horses at bay. We bid goodby to our village friends and mount. There is a sense of importance in the driver's squared shoulders as he snaps the whip and the horses fly off at a gallop.

Across wide stretches of steppes skinned of their harvest and exposing the black raw meat of the Ukraine. The peasant driver picks his way unerringly over mazes of unplowed earth that serve for roads. A church spire over the brim of a hill promises a village. From the hill top we see the huts, painted white or green, clustered about the golden-domed church, which has lost its luster for lack of polish. The peasant signals S-S-S-S and the horses back on their haunches to flatten the slope. Past a pond, hitting up a cloud of dust thru the one street of the village. Again the peasant talks Br-r-r—and we come to a sudden halt before the Soviet House.

We spend most of the day talking to the peasants, while they are turning their plentiful wheat into grain thru the jaws of their new harvesting machine hitched to a Fordson tractor. They take great pains to explain to us the intricate working of their new machine which they own in common. When the novelty of our visit has worn off and the peasants are again seriously turning out their next year's food supply we return to the Soviet. Our peasant driver is on the seat of his droshka where we have left him. His shoulders are drooped and his back is a bowed accusation. He mutters one word.

"Chleb" (Bread).

We had forgotten to give him food! We ourselves had eaten at the village cooperative and we stop there now on our way out to repair our serious omission. Our driver returns and bounds on to his seat with two large white rolls under his arm and a whiff of "vodka" in his breath. We go off at a gallop.

"Dedutschka, what did you do before the revolution?"

Dedutschka turns catty-cornered to us and allows the horses to find their own way. He shrugs his shoulders and points to the land about us.

"I worked for the landowner here. All this land was his. He had six hundred dessiatyns. I took care of his horses and drove his family about. The landowner lived in a beautiful house. It had large rooms and wooden floors and many large windows. In one room there was gold on the walls and ceiling and large pictures of the czar and czarina. And the floor was as smooth as the pond when it is frozen. And the revolution came and took it away. And I became driver for the Soviet. And now the peasants walk over that beautiful floor with their dirty boots.

"But, Dedutschka, now even you can go into that room."

"Ah, but those were the good old bourgeois times! Near the house there was a large white tombstone. And what did the revolution do? It tore it up—that's what the revolution did. The revolution is at an end. That beautiful large white tombstone!"

A drop of vodka has loosened his tongue and we add fire to it. This old peasant speaks of "bourgeois times" and the "proletarians," and of the revolution and of the counter-revolution. The revolution has seeped thru to the very soil of the Soviet Union and old Dedutschka has had his fill. Thru the hazy mind of this peasant, memories and words filter—words created by the revolution of the masses.

He tells us of the time when Budiken was in the country and how his landowner had promised him, now that he thought that he could regain his power, that he would hang every peasant on the estate. But, Dedutschka added with a sense of mystery and premonition, the landowner himself was killed.

Dedutschka's tongue goes on finding its own words. In his village there lives an officer of the old czarist police. He has two dessiatyns of land and he is left alone to work it the best he can. One day this officer came to the village Soviet and said:

"Wait until my time comes. I will hang you all."

The blood of Dedutschka still boils at the memory of those words. He himself was present when the officer spoke.

"Why should he be allowed to say such a thing? The president of the Soviet allowed him to say that he would hang me. Do you call this taking care of the peasantry? Is this the "link"? I would kill him on the spot!"

Dedutschka is full of complaints against the Soviet. He thinks that we come from the city and he wants us to inform the people there of what is going on in his village. For example, his son is living in a house that is falling all about his ears. When it rains there are puddles on the floor. The windows are broken and the door cannot be locked. The Soviet promised that it would repair the house but all it does is say, "Wait until we get the money."

"Well, Dedutschka, do you want the landowners to come back and fix it for you?" we ask.

"No, no, no, no. Let the Soviet do it. Let it find the money."

As night begins to fall and the steppes breathe a soft greyness Dedutschka tells us of the myths of his country-side. In the olden times, so long ago that no one can remember, a group of bandits harassed his village. The peasants say that their treasures, innumerable golden roubles and silk curtains and shirts and boots, were buried somewhere near the Black Sea under three oak trees. After the revolution some peasants from his village went on a pilgrimage to the Black Sea and hunted for the treasure. Under three large oak trees they dug up some old axes. They were sent to the museum in the city. There they said that they were thousands of years old.

Prisoners Transferred to Avoid Questions

SOFIA, July 27.—The seven political prisoners in the central prison of Sofia who have been on hunger strike because their sentence was increased by ten days, have been punished by additional sentence of one month. Besides they have been transferred to the military prison of Widin.

Other political prisoners were transfered from Schumen and Varna to Sliwen. The reason for the transfer is to separate them from their friends and relatives, so that they can be mistreated without anyone knowing of it. After that they can be announced as shot "while attempting to escape."

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

TWENTY INJURED AS TRAINS CRASH ON WEST SIDE "L"

Wooden Cars Blamed for Accident

At least 20 and possibly 25 persons were injured, some of them seriously, late last night when two "L" trains collided on the Eighth Ave. Line at 69th St. and Columbus Ave.

The trains, wooden and antiquated, burst into flames and caused an immediate panic among hundreds of passengers who were returning to their homes.

Half a dozen ambulances were at once rushed to the scene of the accident.

The operation of wooden trains has been the subject of continued agitation in the city, with the result that the transit commission has been forced nominally to ban their use. Thus far, however, the traction lines have continued to violate the order with complete immunity.

A number of accidents have previously occured, the most recent one in Brooklyn.

PORTERS READY FOR STRIKE MOVE

Officials Still Hold Men Back

Announcement that the Brotherhood of Pullman Porters would join the American Federation of Labor "to get more power" was made last night by A. Philip Randolph, organizer of the Negro Porters' Union in a statement in which he likewise declared that the porters would be ready to strike to secure their demands against the Pullman Company.

The speech, made at the St. James Presbyterian Church, St. Nicholas Ave. and 141st St., before a large Negro audience by the labor officials who recently called off the strike of the porters in the face of a country-wide demand of the workers for action, was similar in tone to those previously made, in which he has declared the organization would rely on "moderation and education" rather than on the strength of the workers themselves to win their demands.

BELA KUN ON WAY TO SOVIET UNION

STETTIN, Germany, July 29—Bela Kun, former head of Communist Hungary, who was recently freed in Vienna where he faced death at the hands of the Seipel regime, was reported to have arrived here today on his way to Leningrad.

Immediately upon his arrival, Kun, whose freedom was effected by the huge world wide protest against the present reactionary state in Hungary, went on board the U. S. S. R. steamer Herzen to continue his journey to the Soviet Union.

THIRTY KILLED IN POLE BLAST

LODZ, POLAND, July 29.—(U. P.) Thirty persons were believed dead and probably 300 were injured in an explosion which wrecked several large benzine tanks, started a great fire, and threw the town into a panic today. The exact number of casualties could not be determined late tonight because of the resulting confusion.

One hundred homes were damaged by the explosion, which was heard for many miles around and shook a wide area.

BREWERY WORKERS WIN.

EDMONTON, Alta., July 29.—Increases of 2 to 15c an hour mark the new 2-year contract negotiated by the brewery workers unions of Alberta with the employers. The new scales run from 57¼ cents an hour for laborers to 81½ cents an hour for first brewhouse men. The contract covers Edmonton and Calgary and brings the scale to the level obtaining in Lethbridge since 1923. It expires March 31, 1930.

Hero of Great Rescue

Chukhnovsky, the heroic Soviet aviator, who first sighted Zappi and Mariano, two of the survivors of the fascist Nobile expedition, who were later rescued by the Soviet ice-breaker Krassin. Tho his plane crashed and he was marooned on Foyn Island, Chukhnovsky radioed to the Krassin to continue its rescue work and he would take care of himself.

CHUKNOVSKY TO GO ON KRASSIN

Foreign Aviators Are Rejected

MOSCOW, July 29 (UP).—The Russian relief committee announced today that the icebreaker Krassin will be able to carry only one airplane during the search for the missing members of the crew of the ill-fated Italia, due to technical difficulties in loading another plane.

It was stated that offers from foreign aviators to accompany the expedition have been rejected and the Russian aviator, Chukhnovsky, will be the only flyer on board the vessel.

Meanwhile, the icebreaker Sedoff has been ordered to reconnoiter along the entire northwestern section of Franz Josef Land. It is expected that the icebreaker will be in the vicinity of Franz Josef Land shortly.

* * *

MOSCOW, July 29 (UP).—Soviet circles, proud of the achievements of the Russian ice-breaker Krassin in rescuing survivors of the wrecked dirigible Italia in the Arctic, attribute the Krassin's success to the most careful preparations to meet all contingencies.

The Soviet press is confident the ship will round out its record by reaching the six men blown away in the envelop of the Italia when it crashed, as well as Roald Amundsen and his five companions who have been lost since leaving Tromsoe, June 18.

The relief committee officially approved the work of the Krassin in rushing, while still crippled by ice, to the aid of the Hamburg South American excursion liner Monte Cervantes which had sprung a leak after collision with an iceberg. Fifteen hundred passengers aboard the Monte Cervantes lined the decks and cheered the Krassin as it came alongside.

Professor Samoilovitch, commander of the Krassin, has been instructed to finish repairs as soon as possible and proceed to the search for further members of the Italia crew.

CLOAK T. U. E. L. MEETS TONIGHT

An important meeting of the Trade Union Educational League of Locals 2, 9, 22 and 35 of the Cloak and Dressmakers' Union will be held tonight at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

Questions directly affecting the fight of the cloak and dressmakers to rebuild their union will be discussed as well as the latest developments in the trade and in the T. U. E. L. All T. U. E. L. members of these locals are urged to be present.

DAYTON PAINTERS ORGANIZED

DAYTON, O., (FP) July 29.—With significant exceptions Dayton painting contractors are operating 100 per cent closed union shop.

COMMUNISTS TO HOLD ANTI-WAR DEMONSTRATION

Big Demonstrations Thruout U. S. Aug. 4

On the fourteenth anniversary of the World War, as the imperialists are preparing their machinery of death for another blood-bath, into which millions of workers in all lands will be thrown, the Workers (Communist) Party will hold a series of giant anti-war demonstrations all over the United States, for the purpose of calling to the attention of the workers the terrible dangers that confront them and to rally them for the struggle against capitalist imperialism, the fountainhead of war and war's attendant miseries.

In Union Square, New York, the scene of many historic demonstrations, a great anti-war rally will be held on August 4, with Benjamin Gitlow, Communist vice-presidential candidate, as the principal speaker.

"As the two Wall Street parties settle down to a contest over which one of them shall serve imperialism in the White House for the next four years, signs are multiplying that the increasing rivalry between the imperialist powers will soon bring on another bloody conflict," reads a statement issued today by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party from its headquarters at 43 East 125th St., New York City.

"The last war," the statement continues, "bloody tho it was, swallowing up several millions of working class lives and maiming three times as many, was only a Quaker picnic compared to the next, the imperialist butchers having learned much in the art of murder since the last cannon boomed out its last message of death on the battlefields of Europe in 1918.

"While the imperialists prattle words of peace, draw up fake treaties to outlaw war, hold sessions of that imposition on human credulity called the League of Nations, and

Continued on Page Three

HOOVER AGREES TO RAISE TARIFF

Vies With Smith to Serve Bosses

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Upward revision of the tariff and still further reduction of taxes in the interest of big business was yesterday promised by republican Senator Smoot, chairman of the finance committee, in the event that Hoover is elected president.

Smoot, who is known to have drafted the tariff plank in the republican platform, indicated that the republican party had made such a promise to big business. "As long as profits keep up," Smoot declared, "revenues will be more than adequate and business and taxpayers will be relieved as much as possible of taxes imposed by the war debt."

The statement by Smoot is understood to be a reply to one recently made by John J. Raskob, the Morgan manager of the Al Smith campaign, in which the General Motors executive declared that the democrats would not disturb the tariff. Hoover, it is believed, is seeking to go Smith one better in an attempt to prove that he will be the better servant of big business.

Special Meet Tonight

A special meeting of all progressive vestmakers will be held tonight immediately after work at 101 E. 14th St. All vestmakers who are interested in building a strong progressive movement are urged to attend this meeting.

BUENOS AIRES, July 29 (UP).—The constitutional committee of the senate has been authorized to investigate accusations by Senator Molinari of the Radical Party that a plot exists to assassinate President-elect Irigoyen of Argentina.

"I'M HUNGRY, DOCTOR"

Jobless Young German Dies in Bellevue

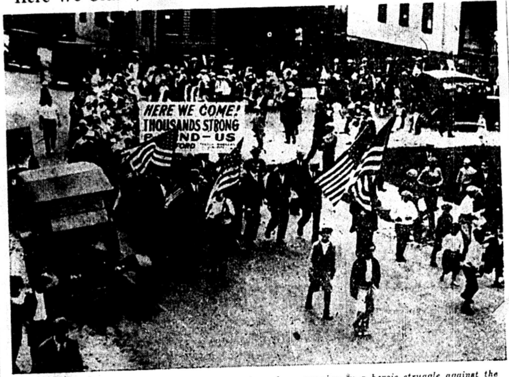
Earl Dodd, 23, came to the United States from Germany several years ago. Unskilled in any trade, Dodd worked as a day laborer, handy men and clerk. Sometime ago he got a job with the Monarch Exposition shows as a cook.

Dodd lost his job with the show several months ago while the traveling carnival was in a mid-western town. Since that time he searched vainly for work in a dozen cities.

Six weeks ago the young German walked into the cheerless "reception rooms" of dank Bellevue Hospital. He explained that he had had very little food for six weeks.

Saturday Dodd died at the hospital. The cause of his death was officially recorded as "heart disease," induced by starvation and exhaustion.

"Here We Come"; New Bedford Textile Strikers Demonstrating



New Bedford textile strikers, 30,000 strong, have been carrying on a heroic struggle against the mill bosses for months. The picture shows one of numerous demonstrations which they have carried out against the bosses. Increasing police brutality and the jailing of strike leaders has been a feature of the latter part of the strike.

BILLINGS CALLS FOR AID IN FIGHT

Workers Party to Hold Demonstrations

Warren K. Billings, who, together with Tom Mooney, has been imprisoned for 12 years, after the famous San Francisco frame-up, in a letter recently sent to the International Class War Prisoners' Aid, calls upon the workers of England to fight for the liberation of Mooney and himself.

The letter follows:

"Represa, Cal., July 18, 1928.
"International Class War Prisoners' Aid, London, England.

"Dear Comrades and Fellow Workers:

"I have been asked by the International Labor Defense of the United States to write you a letter regarding my case and I presume that what you desire most is a brief resume of the history of the case along with some few words of explanation as to who I am, and why I have become a class war prisoner.

Active in Many Strikes.

"I am a shoe worker by trade—a member of the Boot and Shoe Work-

Continued on Page Four

Women Are Victims of Nationality Laws

WASHINGTON, July 29 (FP).—Nationality of women and their children, as affected by international marriages and residence, will be the first subject to be studied by the Inter - American Commission of Women.

"The subject of women's nationality is in a completely chaotic condition," according to Miss Doris Stevens. "A woman may find herself possessed of several nationalities or none. In some countries of our Western Hemisphere, a married woman takes the nationality of her husband in all cases. In other countries, as in Ecuador, she loses her nationality on marrying a foreigner only if she goes to her husband's country to live and if that country gives her his nationality. In the Dominican Republic and Costa Rica, she loses her nationality on marrying a foreigner, provided that her husband's country gives her his nationality.

"An Englishwoman, married to an Argentine, ceases to enjoy British nationality according to British law, but does not become Argentine by Argentine law. Argentina gives the woman her passport and diplomatic facilities, but she is beyond the pale of nationality; cast off by her own country and not accepted by her husband's."

PRISONERS ARE VICTIMS OF FIRE

HOUSTON, Texas, July 29.—In a fire at the Blue Ridge State Prison farm five prisoners were probably mortally wounded and twenty others were badly burned.

The large number of casualties among the prisoners was due to the locking of both exit doors, with no guards to release the men, following an explosion of films.

The authorities are much concerned about the escape of three of the prisoners rather than the victims of the fire. Only those expected to die were taken to the hospital in ambulances.

MEXICAN GOVERNOR STOPS LABOR MEET

MEXICO CITY, July 29. — Evidences that the Calles government is moving to the right is seen here in the virtual suppression during the past two days of two labor conventions.

One of these scheduled for yesterday in the Saltillo district was called off by its leaders just as another convention scheduled several days ago at Pechuca was stopped by the governor of the state of Hidalgo with the apparent approval of the federal government.

Right Presses Calles.

Reactionary agrarian forces under the leadership of Soto y Gama Manrique and Topete have been able, it is believed, to exert pressure on the Calles government which is yielding to these influences.

The militant National Peasants' League as well as the Mexican Communist Party several days ago called upon the workers and peasant masses to organize for the struggle against clerical and other reaction and has likewise called for the formation of a bloc of South, Central and North American masses to fight imperialism.

Report on Assassination Tomorrow.

Events are expected to crystalize with the police report tomorrow or the next day on the responsibility for the assassination of Obregon by General Antonio Rios Zertuche chief of police who is investigating the shooting.

CHINESE TARIFF TREATY A FARCE

Pravda Scores U. S. Imperialism

Pravda Scores U. S. Imperialism

SHANGHAI, July 29.—Shrouded in secrecy and concluded in haste, the negotiations which have led to the signing of a treaty concluded between the governments, of the United States and Nanking have resulted in widespread questionings of American motives on the part of the British controlled and Japanese press, and to suspicion on the part of large sections of the Chinese press, which is pointing out that while the treaty appears to contain favors to the Nanking government in the way of tariff autonomy, which on the surface the treaty appears to concede, it in reality involves no concession on the part of the American state department. It is pointed out that tariff autonomy is granted on condition that there be no discrimination against the other so that any tariff increase on American goods is made contingent upon the ability of the Nanking government to secure the repeal of the existing tariff arrangement with Great Britain, the terms of which impose a maximum import duty of five percent. Until the five percent tariff fate is abolished with other governments, the United States government will be in a position to claim discrimination if a higher duty is placed on its goods under the provisions of tariff autonomy.

It is furthermore indicated that the United States while standing to lose nothing by the ambiguous clause on tariff autonomy, has gained signal advantages in the way of securing the abolition of inter-provincial tariffs on American goods.

The fact that extra-territoriality finds no mention in the treaty is already causing considerable resentment here.

* * *

Pravda Analyses Move.

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., July 29.—United States state department in negotiating the new trade treaty with the Nanking government as a

Continued on Page Three

Soviet Motor Race to Develop Auto Interest

MOSCOW, July 29.—One of the main purposes of the 3,000-mile motor race from Moscow to Tiflis and back in which almost 80 motorcycles and automobiles of different makes will participate, is to develop interest among the workers and peasants in the Soviet Union in motoring.

At the present time, the number of motor vehicles in Russia is 200,000, one for every 700 people. Some peasants in the outlying districts have never even seen automobiles. The Soviet Union desires to stimulate their interest in the machine.

RAINCOAT MAKERS.

Union raincoat makers won a 10 per cent wage increase, resisted employer demands to return to the 42-hour week and lost a fight for unemployment insurance, in their new agreement.

OPEN SHOPPERS WRITE PLATFORM

Old Parties Adopted All Demands

The platforms adopted by both the democratic and the republican parties in respect to a majority of the major issues contained in them have been written by the largest open shop association of big business, it became known yesterday. Not only the general program but the "full thought" of the open shoppers changing the crossing of a "t" or the dotting of an "i" has been incorporated into the platforms of the parties of big business.

Boast of Results.

This was the announcement made yesterday by ames A. Emery, general counsel for the National Association of Manufacturers, the organization which has dictated the nom-

Continued on Page

BIG LISBON FIRE.

LISBON, July 29 (UP).—A serious fire today destroyed the post office adjacent to the palace of the counsellor of state. The damages were heavy.

RADIUM VICTIMS DYING

Totally Helpless as Disease Eats Tissues

With the time which physicians predicted would mean their death quickly approaching, the five New Jersey women whose suits against the United States Radium Corporation were betrayed by their own lawyer together with a former judge of the New Jersey court, are living their usual lives, helpless against the ravages of the radium poisoning which they contracted while they were employed by the radium corporation.

Through the activity of the corporation in continually postponing the hearing of their cases, the ultimate "award" they received was $10,000 each, a saving of over $1,000,000 for the United States Radium Corporation, and a sum which the women declared would not suffice for their living expenses, since their maladies precluded the possibility of work as a means of support.

500 TROOPS, 150 POLICE MASSED IN NEW BEDFORD TEXTILE STRIKE REGION

Rushed From Other Cities at Cost of $4,000 They Are Idle When Rain Halts Parade

Strikers' Huge Mass Meeting Overflows Fields As Soon As Weather Clears

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 29.—This whole city is laughing with the strikers today at the spectacle of 150 police from Boston, Brockton and Fall River rushed here, together with 500 guardsmen from the 241st Artillery Battery, now cooling their heels at police headquarters, to smash the proposed march of thousands of textile strikers in defiance of police orders. The demonstration was postponed because of the heavy rains.

Early yesterday, the leaders of the New Bedford Textile Union, unwilling to endanger the health of the strikers by having them march in their worn clothes and shoes, which offered insufficient protection against the weather, decided to postpone the proposed demonstration until next Saturday.

The weather, however, cleared later in the afternoon and permitted the holding of one of the largest mass meetings ever gathered together in the South End. The calling in of outside police and military reinforcements at a cost of $4,000 incensed the workers and it was in an atmosphere tense with excitement that thousands of strikers rallied to protest against the increasing police violence and the mustering of the out-of-town forces.

Saulnier's lot was too small to hold the masses who jammed the meeting and the officers of the citizens' committee were compelled to call on the mayor and, after insistent efforts, secured permission to use the immense municipal field lying along the harbor edge at Clark's Cove and adjoining the Kilburn Mill, the recent scene of all-night mass picketing.

Over six thousand strikers were present at the meeting of which

Continued on Page Five

WORLD CONGRESS HOLDS ELEVENTH, TWELFTH MEETS

Jay Lovestone Opens Session

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 29.—Under the chairmanship of Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers Party, the eleventh session of the World Congress of the Communist International opened here yesterday.

Dix, of the United States, declared that British - Japanese - American rivalry in the Pacific increases the danger of war. He said that the revolutionary movement is growing in the Pacific countries in spite of the efforts of the Amsterdamers to obtain leadership. He further stated that the policy of the Central Committee of the American Party is opportunist.

Hrshel, of Czecho-Slovakia, declared that Bukharin had failed to criticize the mistakes of the Czech Party.

Thaelmann, of Germany, declared that the German delegation agreed with the fundamentals of the Bukharin theses. The internal contradictions of capitalist stabilization are leading to revolution and the external contradictions to imperialist wars, he said.

The social democracy is supporting the imperialists, Thaelmann declared. He pointed out that the Socialist constructive work in the Soviet Union is developing rapidly and every difficulty is followed by a new victory.

The German elections have showed the Communist advance in the industrial districts, the speaker pointed out, but the party membership is not

Continued on Page Three

Worker and Passenger Hurt in Subway Fire

Michael Puscar, 38, of 2621 Spuyten Duyvil Road, a trackwalker employed by the Interborough Rapid Transit, was seriously bzurned yesterday when his steel-pointed paper spear touched the third rail at the 96th St. station of the I. R. T. subway.

Ruth Armstrong, a Negro woman, was injured when she was pushed from the platform by excited passengers who swa the spurt of flame which burned Puscar, which resulted in a blaze which firemen fought for more than half an hour.

Both Puscar and Miss Armstrong were taken to the Knickerbocker Hospital for treatment.

AMERICANS WIN HEATS

All of the American sprinters entered in the 100 metres won their quarter final heats. Robert McAllister, erstwhile "flying cop," and Claude Bracey of Rice Institute, Houston, Tex., won their heats in 10 4-5 seconds and are paired with Legg of South Africa, Houben of Germany, Williams of Canada, and Pina of Argentina in the first semi-final.

Frank Wykoff, Glendale (Calif) high school boy, and Henry A. Russell, of Pennsylvania A. C., also won their heats in 10 4-5 seconds and are paired with Fitzpatrick of Canada, Corts of Germany, London of England, and Lammers of Germany in the semi-final.

MISLEADERS TO ENDORSE SMITH

A. F. L. Officials Meet in Atlantic City

ATLANTIC CITY, July 29.—Preparations for the expected endorsement of Tammany Hall and Al Smith for the presidency was seen here in the open statements by the advance guard of the American Federation of Labor leaders that Smith would make "an eminently satisfactory" declaration on the injunction issue.

The executive council of the federation is to meet here for its regular quarterly conference Tuesday and according to certain of the leaders already here Wm. Green, president of the A. F. of L. already has the assurance of the Tammany governor that he will "favor" the demand of the federation leaders on the subject of injunctions.

The executive council of the federation will hear a report of its so-called non-partisan political committee which, it is understood will recommend the endorsement of the Tammany hypocrite nothwithstanding the admittedly anti-labor platform adopted by the democrats and the ring of open shoppers who are managing the Smith campaign.

Question Police Here On Police Club Theft

Members of the police department, organized into the Police Glee Club, are being summoned to police headquarters here for the purpose of gaining evidence on the mysterious "disappearance" of $22,000 from the funds of the club.

514 KILLED BY AUTOS.

WASHINGTON, July 29 (UP)—Five hundred and fourteen persons were killed in automobile accidents in 77 large cities of the United States during the four week ending July 14, the commerce department reported. This is a decrease of 59 over a similar period last year.

SHOW THEIR COLORS.

LONDON, July 29. — The tw hundred members of the conserv tive party who recently signed a p tition to the government urging im mediate measures to "safeguard the iron and steel industry in Gre Britain are meeting at the Hou of Commons Monday to discu steps to expedite action on the proposal.

Woman Worker Is Chosen the Head of Cigarette Factory Union in North Carolina

CAMEL, PRINCE ALBERT, UNFAIR TO LABOR, CHARGE

Campaign Against the Bosses Begun

By ESTHER LOWELL.

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C. (FP) July 29.—Josephine Joyner has been so active lining up members for the tobacco workers' union in Winston-Salem's big Camel cigarette factory that Local 145 unanimously voted her its president.

Women workers were predominant at the local meeting which elected Mrs. Joyner. But a man nominated her. The little union hall where the local met faces the steel framework of the skyscraper R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co. is building. Immense profits made on the tobacco workers put up that building.

Received Only $17.95 a Week.

"Yes, I worked in the R. J. Reynolds factory for 14 years," Mrs. Joyner said. "And when I was fired for belonging to the union I was getting just $17.95 a week. But that was more than most of the 12,000 workers in the tobacco factory make.

"When I started in as a stripper I got $5 a week. Now colored girls and women do that work for as low as $2.65 and an average of $7 a week. White and colored work at the same tables, but the company is hiring more and more colored workers. They needn't think they'll beat the union with colored workers, because they join eagerly and are among our best members," says Josephine Joyner. The Negro unionists have a separate local.

Strike Shortened Hours.

Mrs. Joyner's husband was a tobacco worker for Reynolds until the 1919 strike. His activities for the union blacklisted him; so he has become a barber. The three children, the youngest 5, are cared for by a grandmother while the parents work. The 1919 strike raised wages and shortened hours to 48 instead of 60 for the Reynolds tobacco workers. Josephine Joyner's pay was $10 to $11 a week at the time of the strike. The union was recognized for about 2½ years.

Tobacco work is not the healthiest, Mrs. Joyner finds. She herself seems to have retained her youthful good looks. "But it never has agreed with my sister. And one of our union girls looks as though she were right sick with the t. b.," says Mrs. Joyner. "Tobacco dust gets all over the workers and the smell is sickening at first."

Factory Disregards Union.

"No, there isn't much else a woman can do in Winston-Salem. The Hanes knit underwear factory pays even less than Reynolds and the cotton mills still worse. Even the stores pay only $9 to $12 for clerks."

Most of the tobacco workers are organized, the union asserts, but the company flatly refuses to deal with them. It has fired over 600 white and colored workers. Now the union is beginning its campaign to advertise Camel cigarettes and Prince Albert smoking tobacco as products of a firm unfair to organized labor.

SOVKINO FILMS IN BIG DEMAND

Productions Running in Many Countries

MOSCOW, July 29.—The mass cinema which has been developed by Sovkino since the existence of the Soviet Union is being sought more and more by foreign markets, recent reports state. Sovkino recently sold a Chinese film, "The Shanghai Document," to a German firm, giving it world rights. Holland has purchased the revolutionary film, "[illegible]," and "Soroachinsk Fair," another Sovkino production," is now being shown in Austria.

In addition to these films, three others, "October," "The End of St. Petersburg" and "Forty-First," have been bought by a big South American concern, which will present them in Uruguay, Paraguay and Argentina. Many Soviet films are also reported to be enjoying great success in the Baltic States.

Other great successes are being reported in Manchuria, Australia, Siam and the Philippines.

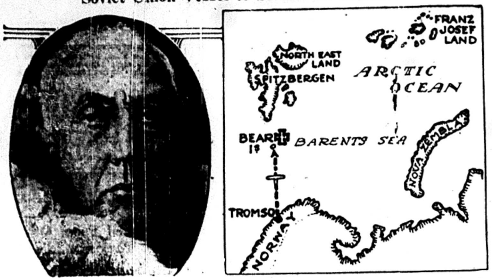
U. S. Loses Davis Cup Doubles; Chances of Victory Slim

ROLAND - GARROS STADIUM, Paris, July 29—America's hope of regaining the Davis Cup received a severe blow today when the French team of Henri Cochet and Jean Borotra prevailed over the veteran United States combination of William T. Tilden and Francis T. Hunter in the doubles match of the challenge round.

By the sheer brilliancy of their individual play, Cochet and Borotra defeated Tilden and Hunter, 6-4, [illegible] 7-5, [illegible] in a continuation of the match halted Saturday by rain.

The victory gave France a commanding lead of two matches to one over the United States, with two singles matches left to play Monday.

Soviet Union Vessel to Search for Amundsen



The Soviet ice-breaker Krassin, which rescued 16 survivors of the Nobile expedition recently, is undergoing repairs. When the vessel is reconditioned it will proceed with the search for Roald Amundsen, celebrated Norwegian explorer, who flew to hunt for Nobile and has been missing since then. Amundsen is shown in the picture. The map at the right shows North East Land in the neighborhood of which the Krassin rescues were made.

YOUTH IN SOVIET UNION HAS MANY ADVANTAGES

(This section appears in the Daily Worker every Monday and Thursday. News of young workers' activities should be sent to: Young Workers League, 43 East 125th Street, New York.)

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Te following letter has been received at the national office of the Young Workers (Communist) League from a Komsomol nucleus in the Soviet Union:

"Dear Comrades:

"On behalf of the Y. C. L. nucleus of the "Pishchevik" (The Foodworker) Works I am writing you this first letter in order to establish a firm contact with you. This is the desire of all the young comrades in our nucleus. We trust that our contact will be a steady one, consisting in regular correspondence between us devoted to the description of the life and activity of the young workers, particularly of the young Communists. In this letter I will briefly acquaint you with the work of our nucleus in regard to the young workers and to the industry in general.

Advantages of Soviet Youth

"Our nucleus is an industrial one, nearly all the young Communists are working at the "Pishchevik" Works; altogether there are 58 members in the Y. C. organization, including pioneers transferred from our squads into the Y. C. L. Our nucleus used to be considered one of the best in this district on account of its activity. However, the effect of summer and vacations has naturally lessened the scope of our activities. Just now we are devoting a good deal of attention to cultural work. The nucleus organizes mass excursions on the Volga together with non-party young workers. At these excursions the young people enjoy sport and recreation and at the same time become intimately acquainted and closely associated with each other, whilst at the request of the young people themselves educational talks are organized. Every fortnight there are held general young Communist meetings and meetings of the bureau of the necleus are held once a week.

Meetings of Workers.

"The questions discussed at the meetings are chiefly concerned with the industry—the rationalization of production, the position of the young workers in the industry, the signing of collective agreements, etc., also questions relating to the international situation. An interest in the efficiency of industry is taken not only by the young Communists, but also by the unattached young workers. Thus, during the last few months there has been considerable reduction in the number of cases of young workers failing to report for work, whilst scamping has been entirely eliminated; the Y. C. nucleus is waging a relentless fight against scamping, and one member was recently expelled from the Y. C. L. for scamping.

"I will mention a number of facts illustrating the interest taken by the youth in the industry and in the industral conferences. Only recently the question was raised by the apprentices that the apprentices at the candy works shall be taught the manufacture of all kinds of candy, which previously was not the case. Whilst previously they used to break up and burn the old boxes, the young Communists have raised the question at the Industrial Conference to take steps towards the elimination of this wastefulness, and the administration has acted accordingly.

Youth Day in the U. S. S. R.

"There are a great many other litle facts showing the affectionate care of the young workers towards industry. At the time of writing, our young people are preparing for the festivities associated with the "International Youth Day." You probably know this festival and are preparing for it. Here it is going to be carried out under the slogan of fortifying the defense of our country, and of increasing and improving the production in our particular industry. Our nucleus takes active part in the preparations, having outlined a number of measures, such as addresses at young workers' meetings, short articles in the wall newspaper, an evening at the club, and so on. By the way, we publish a provincial paper for the young workers, "Smera" (the Successors), to which the young Communists subscribe nearly to the extent of 100 per cent.

Requests Letters From America.

"We invite all young workers and members of the Young Workers (Communist) League to write us about their conditions in America. We are interested to hear about your conditions of work and about the problems and work of your nucleus.

Yours for Communism,
D. ARKHAROV,
Correspondence Secretary "Pishchevik" Works, Y. C. L. Nucleus, Kostroma, U. S. S. R.

• • •

All communications of young workers or branches of the league to the above nucleus in the Soviet Union should be sent to the Young Workers (Communist) League, 43 E. 125th St., New York. The National Office will immediately send these communications to the parties addressed.

TELLS OF GAINS IN SOVIET UNION

Komsomols Like to Get Letters From America

The following letter has been received by the Young Workers (Communist) League from the Komsomols of Leningrad, in which they tell of the advantages enjoyed by the working class youth of the Soviet Union.

Replies should be sent to the National Office of the Young Workers (Communist) League, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

• • •

"All-Union Leninist Communist Union of Youth (Komsomols)
"Leningrad District Committee,
"19 Skorohodova St.,
"Leningrad, 22, U. S. S. R.

"Dear Comrades:

"With the greatest pleasure we will correspond with you on the following subjects: the labor movement, and the Communist youth movement Of the greatest interest for our foreign correspondence, of course, is the work of the Young Communist League in your city and country.

"We are the Esperanto section of the Leningrad Committee of the V. L. K. S. M. (Komsomols) Our task at present is to establish connections between our Komsomols and the Communist youth of other countries for the purpose of developing the world knowledge of our comrades, exchange of experiences and propaganda value in other countries by letting you know of our achievements. We must help each other.

"We have completed courses in Esperanto and now are beginning 'living' correspondence with the Communist youth organizations of the whole world.

"The economic situation of the youth in the Soviet Union is quite good. The young workers do not receive less than the adults for the same work. Young workers from 16 to 18 work four to six hours daily. They receive a month's vacation with pay every year.

"All workers who are ill receive without charge accomodations in the rest homes at health resorts. Expenses are paid by the trade unions and the government.

"At the present time, many factories have introduced the seven-hour day. In Leningrad, the large clothing factory, "Volodarsky," introduced the seven-hour day May 1.

"In other letters, we will write more about the living conditions in Leningrad and in the Soviet Union.

"Write us in detail about your work, tasks, salaries, the work of the Communist youth nuclei, the general tasks of the Communist youth of your city and country, the revolutionary struggles, and persecution of the workers.

"We await your reply. We will reply in detail to any questions you may wish to ask.

"With fraternal greetings,
"Komsomol Esperanto Section,
"Correspondence Department,
"Leningrad Committee, V. L. K. S. M. (Komsomols)."

YOUNG WORKERS STUDY TO FIGHT

School Step Forward in Class Struggle

To Young Worker Section, Daily Worker:

The Young Workers League Educational Courses began in Hancock, Michigan on July 16th. We are fortunate in having Comrade Hayes and Rahkonen as instructors. There are forty-two students in all from Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan.

The subjects being taught are: Sociology, Role and Program of the Communist Youth, Public Speaking American History (the workers viewpoint) and Marxian Economics. We also read the Daily Worker Young Worker and the Tyomies. The studies make clear to us, as young workers what our position is, and how we can better our conditions. We are given a true outlook on the chance of a worker at present and the possibilities he would have in a Communist society. We have interesting lectures, discussion circles and meetings. The students themselves organize the activities about the school, and thus are given training which may be of help in the future. We have a Discipline Committee. Sports Committee and Wall ewspaper Committee. The Newspaper is to be called "The Yowles Echo."

The instructors are doing their utmost to have us realize the importance of organization of young workers. We must cooperate with our instructors and our comrades while we are here, in order that we may keep other young workers and explain to them how our present system of society is wrong. We should try to learn the ways of establishing more stepping stones for our Communist society. Comrades, let us all cooperate and do our bit for what we set as our goal.

Rauha L. Laitala,
Box B., Hancock, Mich.

CORRESPOND WITH THE U. S. S. R.

Letters are received almost daily from the young workers organizations in the Soviet Union requesting correspondence with young American workers.

Correspondence with the Soviet Union will enable young workers to get "first hand" information on conditions and the achievements of the workers Republic in detail. Those who wish to correspond with the U. S. S. R. should send their letters to the Young Workers League, 43 East 125 Street, New York City, and the letters will be translated and forwarded to the Komsomol organizations in the Soviet Union.

To Demonstrate Against War

Calling upon all sympathetic individuals, labor and progressive organizations to join in with its next demonstration against the war danger, the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League yesterday announced that it would hold a meeting Saturday, August 4 at Battery Park, South Ferry during the noon hour.

The last demonstration of the organization held on July 3, was illegally broken up by the Tammany police and jail sentence were meted out to a number of demonstrators by Magistrate Gotlieb under orders, it is believed, of the democratic administration.

"The coming meeting will be held as scheduled," Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch declared. "Our League and the American workers will not be prevented from demonstrating their opposition to imperialist war."

CLOAK WORKERS SCORE MACHINE OF RIGHT WING

Meet Called by Clique Proves Boomerang

Philadelphia, July 29.—A meeting of all the members of the cloakmakers' union called here the other day by the Sigmund-Schlesinger machine for the purpose of making another of their well-known attacks on the militant and progressive elements turned into a boomerang when member after member arose and denounced in unmistakable terms the union-wrecking tactics of the machine.

Expose Fake Elections.

The local bureaucrats were provoked into calling the meeting by a leaflet issued by the Trade Union Educational League which exposed the fake elections for business agent of the union which were recently held. The leaflet also revealed the terroristic tactics employed by the Sigman lieutenants against the rank and file.

At the meeting, not only left wing and progressive workers, but even several of Sigman's followers, spoke in denunciation of the trickery and hypocrisy of the machine. The chief defender of the right-wing clique appeared in the person of a gentleman who at at one time made overtures to the left wing and been rejected. He has since lost no opportunity to vent his gall on all who oppose the policy of betrayal and union-wrecking practised by the machine.

Sharp Replies.

Sharp replies to the slanders of this individual came from L. Seltzer and Asher Libak, two left wing union members, who, together with a number of other speakers, pointed out the sad state of the union in this city as a result of the policies of the Sigman clique. Shop after shop is slipping from union control, they declared, while the bosses cut wages, lengthen hours and in general do what they please, reaping the fruits of Sigman's efforts at "rebuilding" the union.

OPEN SHOPPERS WRITE PLATFORM

Old Parties Adopted All Demands

Continued from Page One

ination and election of practically every president in the past twenty years since its organization, which controls scores of state legislatures and has been shown to have in its pay scores of the officials of the labor movement.

The platform of the association was officially presented to the major parties by John E. Edgerton, its president. Edgerton, it is known, spent hours with the leaders of both old parties directing the drawing up of their platforms. The leaders of the American Federation of Labor received about ten minutes from these parties.

"Full Thought" There.

Emery announced yesterday that "substantial parts of the associations' program, and in some cases the full thought were incorporated in either or both of the national platforms."

Among the planks dictated by the open shop association which has carried on the most relentless war against the organized labor movement, Emery admits, is that of "taxation, economy, immigration, merchant marine, foreign, policy, government competition with business and reorganization of government departments."

Both Alike.

In the tariff planks, Emery says, the republican party platform "meets the urgent demand of industry to open up revision to apply to the free lists; while the democratic platform makes political history and cites the necessity for protection to maintain 'legitimate business and a high standard of wages for American labor.'"

NO VACATIONS FOR U.S. MARINES

Bosses Not Grateful for "Protection"

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.—Due to the demands of American imperialism for profits and protection of investments in the colonial countries, the marines will be minus their "furloughs" this year.

No vacations will be given to the marines who are protecting Wall Street interests in Nicaragua and China, and the number of "furloughs" will be less than half the usual number, in spite of the extremely unpleasant life and hardships in the Tropics.

Tammany Contractor and His Puppet

The picture shows left to right, Governor Alfred Smith, Tammany democrat candidate for president of the United States, and William F. Kenny, millionaire contractor and heavy contributor to the Smith campaign fund. They are pictured at the funeral of the son of John Raskob, chairman of the Smith campaign committee, who recently went thru a gesture of resigning as chairman of the finance committee of the General Motors Corporation.

TO PROBE SHADY SEWER EVIDENCE

Jersey Inquiry to Be Resumed Sept. 10

Conflict in the testimony of Mary McFeely, sister of Bernard N. McFeeley, director of public safety of Hoboken, in connection with the sewer graft investigation being conducted in Hudson county by a republican legislative committee, is scheduled to be investigated today by Attorney General Katzenbach it is announced.

Many important officials of Hudson County, including the democratic Mayor Hague of Jersey City, are believed to be involved in this latest graft scandal which it has been authoritatively predicted, will surpass the Queens sewer scandal in both the extent of graft and the number of high officials involved There are also indications that a direct connection exists between the Queens and the Hudson County sewer rings.

The republican legislative committee which is conducting the inquiry into the rival party's malodorous graft activities has temporarily adjourned and will resume the investigation in Trenton Sept 10.

ADMITS MARINES DEFEND BANKERS

Teacher Tells Purpose of Intervention

ADMITS MARINES

BLUE RIDGE, N. C., July 29.—In a speech at a student conference here, Dr. W. C. Jackson, vice-president of North Carolina College for Women, admitted that the purpose of the American Marine forces in Nicaragua and Santo Domingo is to protect the investments of bankers.

Dr. Jackson declared that imperialism gives a great field for the banker, and that capital invested in Nicaragua gives a return of 10 per cent profit as contrasted with four and a half per cent in New York.

Four reasons, according to Dr. Jaakson, had caused America to "embark upon a policy of economic imperialism." These were: Surplus production, necessity of the finding and holding of new fields, development of transportation facilities, demanding an ever increasing volume of goods to transport, need of the United States manufacturers for raw products, such as rubber from the tropics and the surplus of capital in America (despite the millions of unemployed workers) seeking new fields for investment.

DETROIT, (FP) July 29. — A union catering service, plain or fancy according to the purse, is offered by Cooks & Pastry Cooks Local 234. Picnics, banquets and special gatherings are served. Banquets up to 1000 plates are handled.

PAINTERS FIGHT WINS BACK PAY

But Mechanics Lose Out

After carrying on a fight in the supreme court here for some time more than 2,600 claimants have won $1,000,000 in back pay from this city. This back pay was won by the painters in the department of plant and structures. Because the mechanics had entered no official protest at the time they were given the lowered wages, they are without legal basis to fight their case in court. The city will, therefore, not pay them their due money.

The painters had amounts of back pay returned to them which ranged from $200 to $2,000. The workers had signed the original payrolls under protest.

"MANY SOLDIERS WITH WORKERS' CAUSE"--PORTER

Fear Keeps Them "Loyal" to Bosses

FORT ADAMS, R. I., July 29.—"You have no idea how many soldiers realize that they are used against the workers, but are afraid to express their ideas publicly," stated John Porter, sentenced to two and a half years at hard labor after he told a court-martial that the army is the tool of the bosses.

Porter's statement is supported by the comments of the soldiers here, many of them declaring that they regard the militant young worker as a hero and that he told the court-martial "just what we would say if we only had the courage."

"Ready to Face Any Sentence"

"I know that my severe sentence was on account of my stand," says Porter, "but I am ready to face even any sentence for the workers." The officers have made every effort to break Porter's spirit and force him to repudiate his views, even giving him to understand that he would be released within a month if he would take back his militant statements.

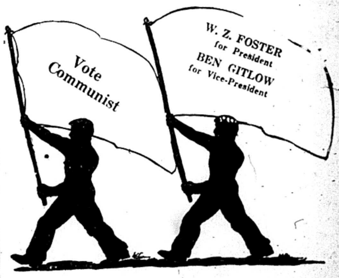
The authorities have refused to deliver some of the mail for Porter. An official letter from the National Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League, congratulating Porter's splendid spirit, was not delivered by the officers.

• • •

World-Wide Drive for Porter.

The National Executive Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League has announced that the Porter case, instead of being ended by his sentence, is just beginning and that a world-wide drive will be made to obtain his release by the military authorities.

The International Labor Defense also states that the organization will continue its efforts in Porter's behalf.



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THE OPENING OF THE WORLD WAR!
FIGHT THE WAR DANGER!
PROTEST AGAINST
GUNBOATS IN CHINA
MARINES IN NICARAGUA
PLOTS AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION
Down With Capitalism—Breeder of Wars!

SPEAKERS:
Ben Gitlow, Robert Minor, M. J. Olgin, Phil Frankfeld, Albert Weisbord, Bert Miller, Richard Moore, John J. Ballam, Ben Gold, D. Benjamin, Ray Ragozin, Scott Nearing, Rebecca Grecht, Paul Crouch.

Mass Demonstrrtion
Sunday, August 4 at 1 P. M—Union Square, Near 17th St.
Auspices: Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League
26-28 Union Square

Enraged Workers Force Way Into Limoges Jail to Liberate Imprisoned Communist

TROOPS HELD IN READINESS TO ATTACK MASSES

Continue Demonstration in City

PARIS, July 29.—Incensed by the arrest of a Communist charged with distributing literature to shoe workers at Limoges, several hundred workers yesterday attempted to liberate him and were met by the clubs of the police.

The report, which arrived here from Limoges today, states that police reserves have been called out and put into action against the workers and that soldiers in the neighboring garrisons are being held in readiness for use in case the police are unable to cope with the situation.

The effort to liberate the jailed worker began shortly after his arrest on charges of handing out leaflets to shoe workers.

A large crowd, chiefly workers from the shoe factories, is reported to have formed immediately and to have begun a march on the jail. Arrived in front of the prison the men demanded that the prisoner be released. When this was refused, they undertook to release him themselves.

Frantic calls for aid from the prison authorities brought the police to the scene. They attempted to disperse the workers with their clubs, but this proving ineffective, reserves were rushed to the struggle. They also failed to stop the workers, who had already entered the jail before they were overpowered by the authorities.

Following the clash a number of arrests were made but the workers refused to leave the streets and massed in the center of the city where they continued to demonstrate and demand the release of the imprisoned worker.

A heavy guard has been placed around the prison.

PRAVDA SCORES NANKING PACT

Exposes Manoevur of U. S. Imperialism

Continued from Page One

clever move, Pravda in a leading article yesterday made the following statements on the move.

"This separate treaty shows that American capital is ready to use the Nanking Government against Japan and England, as an agency for peaceful penetration in China. Such penetration, which will encroach on the English and Japanese spheres of influence, naturally involves the sharpening of the rivalry of the Imperialists in China."

* * *

London Won't Recognize.

LONDON, July 29.—The British government is in no hurry to follow the tacit recognition of the Nanking regime implied in the treaty negotiations between Nanking and the United States, the British foreign office let it be known yesterday.

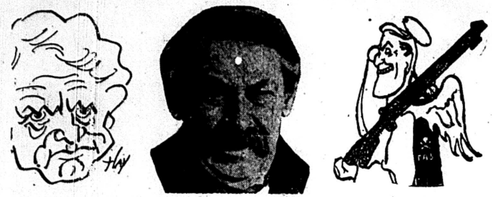
While demanding that all the powers be included in any negotiations for tariff regulation with the Nanking government, the British admit that the American state department has done a shrewd manoeuver in the present treaty.

Big Bosses to Exploit Labor in Small Towns

Small towns, with cheap labor and low living standards, are coming rapidly into the affection of executives representing $32,000,000. These bosses met with the policy-holders service bureau of Metropolitan Life and the National Electric Light Assn. to consider industrial trends.

Martin J. Insull, president of Middle West Utilities Co., boosted the small town as a cure for union [illegible] of manufacturers.

When Shall We Three Meet Again?—In Paris, August 27



The three diplomats pictured above are from left to right, Secretary of State Kellogg, Aristide Briand, French foreign minister and Sir Austin Chamberlain, British foreign secretary. The trio of "peace" imperialists will sign the Kellogg pact in Paris on August 27. Each hopes that his government, under cover of the pact, will be able to arm faster than the others.

To Hold Anti-War Demonstration

Continued from Page One

solemnly declare that the nations of the earth will in the future settle their differences over the conference table, all the powers are feverishly preparing and getting ready to jump at each other's throats, when the possibilities of reconciling their conflicting interests thru diplomatic maneuvers have been exhausted.

"Secretary of State Kellogg, while waging war on Nicaragua, is peddling a hypocritical 'peace' treaty for the outlawry of war. It is significant that Kellogg has not invited the government of the Soviet Union, whose territory stretches over one-sixth of the earth's surface, to be a signatory to this treaty. While the government of the Soviet Union knows quite well that Kellogg's gesture is only an imperialist war maneuver, his refusal to invite that proletarian world power to sign the treaty shows that behind the cloak of peace the imperialists are trying to build a wall of hostile bayonets around the U. S. S. R.

"While Kellogg peddles his "scrap of paper," United States marines are shooting down the people of Nicaragua, and United States warships ride in Nicaraguan waters with guns trained on its seaport cities. This is the true picture of the peaceful intentions of the United States government.

"This is the policy that Hoover, the republican party candidate for the presidency, stands for. This is the policy that Al Smith, presidential candidate on the democratic ticket, stands for. Smith, the democrat, will serve the interests of the American imperialists as well as Hoover. They are all puppets, and Wall Street pulls the strings.

"Norman Thomas, the socialist candidate for president, while spouting pacifist phrases, is objectively an imperialist. Against the war preparations of the ruling classes he throws up prayers that they be good, that they look into their collective conscience and keep peace on earth. Thomas spreads illusions about the League of Nations. As long as the imperialists maintain peace among themselves, Thomas and the socialists will be content. They are opposed to an organized struggle against imperialism; they ally themselves with the labor bureaucracy, the chief bulwarks of imperialism in this and other capitalist countries.

"In the next war as in the last the exploited masses, the workers, farmers and colonial masses will be the chief sufferers. The imperialists will as heretofore throw the masses into the slaughter, and after the dead are counted and the ruling class killers have exhausted their resources the victors will sit down at the council table and divide the spoils.

"Despite the universal cry of agony that went up from the harrowed souls of widows and orphans who lost their loved ones in the last great world debacle, the "Christian" gentlemen who rule the greater part of the capitalist world have shut their eyes to human suffering and go about the business of building battleships, bomb-throwing airplanes, and poison gases with perfect equanimity. What matters the loss of millions of proletarian lives in the game of profit-seeking?

"While the imperialists prattle about peace and at the same time seek to outlaw Soviet Russia and prepare for war against the Workers' Republic, they are conducting wars of extermination against the independence of colonial peoples. The American Empire is out to bring the whole of Latin America under its iron heel, with its marines in Nicaragua and thru its dollar and diplomatic war on the rest of Latin America.

The British Empire is suppressing with military and naval forces the efforts of the colonial peoples in the Orient to emancipate themselves from the imperial yoke, and France recently crushed with the most murderous cruelty the struggle of the people of Syria and Morocco for independence.

"Against the imperialist preparations for the next war the workers of the world must make counter-preparations. Under the leadership of the Communist International the class-conscious proletariat is organizing for a struggle to overthrow this system that must have its periodical slaughter-fest. The pacifist illusions broadcast by the socialists must be combatted. The working class must be taught that there can be no peace except the peace of death for them as long as imperialism is permitted to live.

"Here in the United States, the most powerful imperialism on earth, the Workers (Communist) Party assumes the task of mobilizing the masses against imperialist war. . . In the election campaign its candidates, headed by William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, will sound the war cry, to see to it that it will be their last, that the workers of the United States will follow the example set by the heroic workers and peasants of Russia in 1917, and topple the master class into the abyss of historical oblivion.

"The monster mass meeting on August 4th shall demand that neither men, money nor guns be given to an imperialist army or navy, that the imperialist war against Nicaragua must stop, and that the marines instead of shooting down their fellow workers go over to the side of the forces fighting for freedom, that all American troops and warships be immediately withdrawn from Latin America and China, that complete independence be immediately given the colonies and semi-colonies of the United States, that Wall Street keep its claws off Mexico, that United States customs control of Latin America be abolished and support withdrawn from the puppet fascist governments of Venezuela, Peru and Chile, that the abuse known as extraterritoriality be abolished in Asia, Africa and Latin America, that the present mercenary army and navy be abolished and that the workers struggle for a militia of the workers and poor farmers in its place, that the workers fight against the system of infamous imperialist 'peace' treaties, against the Dawes plan, for the cancellation of all war debts and the immediate withdrawal of the United States from the World Court of the League of Nations.

"The Workers (Communist) Party calls on the masses to rally to its standard in this election campaign, to organize around its program, to join its ranks, and actively engage in the work of preparing for the final struggle to abolish the system that breeds wars, unemployment and poverty, and establish on the ruins of this murderous system a Workers' and Farmers' government, the government of the working masses."

Funds to carry on the Communist Campaign are urgently needed. Help bring the danger of imperialist war home to the masses! Contribute your share of the financial burden of this work! Send your contribution immediately to the National Election Campaign Committee, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

MINE HOSPITAL RUN BY BOSSES

SHENANDOAH, Pa., (FP) July 29.—The miners hospital, a cube of cement and brick on the hill overlooking the town, cost the coal miners more than $100,000. Every miner donated shifts and many extra dollars in drives for funds to build the hospital.

Then the hospital was given to the state. Immediately it became a political battlefield. Miners choice for the post of chief surgeon was consistently ignored. As the hospital became institutionalized, the miners found themselves left with one lone representative on the board of trustees.

Run By Politician.

Since then the hospital has been a sore spot with the miners. "We built it. The politicians have taken it away from us and run it," they complain.

Miners were given free treatment in the hospital for years. Even when their trouble was not due to colliery accidents, the hospital policy was lenient and miners usually forgot their bills for treatment.

Now the hospital is to operate under a new system. A miner is to be given 90 days to square his bill. If then the bill still remains unpaid, the trustees will be empowered by the new ruling to sell out the miner's furniture through a collection agency, in order to get its money.

"Boss Machine."

The workers are highly indignant over this change, to which no publicity has been given in the press. But local unions are passing resolutions condemning the innovation and denouncing roundly the anthracite political machine and the "whole boss machine of the boss ridden state of Pennsylvania."

GOVERNMENT IN MOVE TO SMASH ROSARIO STRIKE

Mayor Gets Ownership Transfer Decree

ROSARIO, Argentine, July 29.—An attempt to smash the general strike here by an indirect maneouver in signing over the street railway administration from private hands to the municipality was in course of being effected yesterday. The move, which is in the form of a decree of transfer of ownership, is at present before the mayor for signature.

Workers Confident.

While labor leaders here are confident that the change in ownership cannot seriously affect the progress of the strike, they see in the maneouver a guarantee by the authorities that force will be used against the strikers and justifed in order to keep a government-owned public utility in operation.

Deep resentment, rather than alarm was the characteristic feeling of the strikers yesterday, following announcement that the decree was pending.

"We do not fear the decree," the leader of one of the striking unions is quoted as saying. "The strikers are in a position of power, but we are also conscious of what the government intends in effecting this transfer of authority. It is another instance of how closely the owners and the government collaborate."

Resentment High.

Complete failure of all efforts to import strike-breakers, following the total suspension of traction service in this city, is moving the authorities and the owners to attempt drastic action to break the general strike. The obvious intention of the owners to take such measures and to urge the government along the same path has raised the resentment of the workers to a higher pitch than at any previous time during the walk-out.

Declaring that they would rather close down than accede to the demands of the unions, the big companies have publically announced that they will not better conditions of the workers or grant wage increases. It is believed here that they have been emboldened by government connivance during the last few days.

The telephone operators, however, have already wrung concessions from the corporation, which has informed the government that it will be unable to resume service until proper safeguards have been made for the workers. Further demands of the telephone workers are as yet ungranted.

3,000 Mile Motor Race Planned in U. S. S. R.

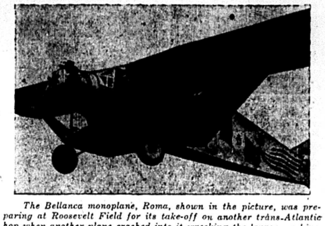
MOSCOW, July 29.—A three-thousand motorcycle race from Moscow to Tiflis and back again is being planned here. Among the contestants in the race, which has been arranged by the Soviet authorities for the purpose of ascertaining which type of car is best suited to the rigorous conditions of roads in the Soviet Union, are motorcycles of American, British, French, German and Austrian makes.

There are also several automobiles in the race. One of these is a specially prepared aircooled machine produced by the Soviet Scientific Institute.

MILLIONS IN PROFITS.

Six million dollars in profits was earned during the first half of this year by the Pan-American Petroleum Transport Co. This is equivalent to $1.80 a share on the common and common "B" stock.

Imperialist Stunt Flight Comes to Grief



The Bellanca monoplane, Roma, shown in the picture, was preparing at Roosevelt Field for its take-off on another trans-Atlantic hop when another plane crashed into it wrecking the larger machine.

11TH SESSION OF WORLD CONGRESS

Jay Lovestone Opens Meeting

Continued from Page One

commensurate with its political influence.

Thaelmann also stated that the Trotzkyist opposition in Germany had been completely destroyed. The chief danger now is from the right wing, he said, which must be fought.

Canadian Workers.

Spector, of Canada, declared that the Canadian workers are becoming increasingly radical and that the hostility of the Canadian Labor Party towards the Communists is growing.

Chitarov, of the Young Communist International, declared that Young Communist Leagues have become great political factors, but that some countries have occupied themselves too much with party questions, as for example the United States and Poland.

A Finnish comrade then declared that the Finnish social democracy was becoming the open, instead of the veiled, supporter of the white terror and hence the workers are leaving the social democrats who recently suffered an electoral defeat.

Twelfth Session.

Sikander, of India, was chairman of the twelfth session. Lumley, of Great Britain, declared that the general strike was the turning point in the British labor movement because it had exposed the reformist leaders. The reformists refused to fight the capitalists but were fighting the Communists. The latter in turn must fight to retain their position in the Trade Unions and the Labor Party. He declared further that the General Council was the greatest hindrance to the workers' struggle.

Nischevitz, of Germany, declared that rationalization is causing working women to take a greater part in the revolutionary movement and hence the Communists must do more recruiting work amongst the women.

Kostcheva, of Poland, declared that the illegal experience of the Polish Party was of international value. All efforts against the Soviet Union were concentrated in Poland. Party differences still existed, but must be overcome, not by dismissing the old leadership, but by uniting all forces.

Evert, of Germany, stated that some German comrades think Bukharin's theses too pessimistic. The Communists, however, must have a real analysis of the situation not an exaggeratedly rosy one. Monopolist capitalism represents a drag on the revolutionary development in consequence of the tremendous pressure on the working class, particularly on the non-class-conscious elements. However, the internal and external contradictions of capitalism are sharpening. Iit is more difficult to commence labor struggles today, but once they are begun they become more bitter and revolutionary. Severe struggles may be expected in many countries in the immediate future tho final victory for the Communists is hardly likely. The leftward swing of the masses is accompanied by a rightward development of certain sections of the workers with the simultaneous growth of Communist and social democratic influence. The Communist and social democratic electorial victories are different, but the latter's victory must not be underestimated because it is based on a great party, deeply rooted traditionally and organizationally in the masses and supported by the trade union cooperative, etc. The election showed that the German workers still believe that the social democratic ministers mean economic advantages for the workers.

KELLOGG SHUNS MULTILATERAL WAR DEBT TAL

Cloaking Militarism to Be Sole Concern

WASHINGTON, July 29.—That the iron hand of American economic empire will not be removed from the millions of European workers, although an attempt will be made to cloak its mailed fist aspect in the multilateral peace treaty, was made clear yesterday with the state department's confirmation of the rumor tha twar debts will form no part of Secretary of State Kellogg's business with the European diplomats when he goes to Paris next month to add his signature to the peace pact which bears his name.

The briefest possible visit is planned by Kellogg, according to the state department, thus effectually rendering impossible an discussion of the war debts which the European powers piled up during the late war.

Despite the ridicule to which the multilateral peace treaty has been subjected by large sections in every country in which it has been openly discussed, considerable solemnity will be thrown over the occasion by the powers involved. J. T. Marriner, chief of the division of Western European affairs of the state department will sail shortly to prepare the continent for Secretary Kellogg's approach, and it is planned to have Sir Austen Chamberlain, the British foreign secretary and the French foreign minister, Aristide Briand, affix their signatures to the treaty at the same time that Kellogg signs for the American government.

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Police Arrest Twenty-Five Workers of S. J. Cohen Company, Correspondent Writes

HANDOUTS

[illegible] Manuel Casanova, president [illegible] National Bank of Havana, [illegible] came to the United States to [illegible] methods of American bankers. [illegible] success is indicated by the fact [illegible] he has just been arrested for [illegible] of the Mann act.

* * *

Rudy's Jewelry

The jewel collection of the late Rudolph Valentino, moving picture star, has been purchased by Jules Howard and is on display at the Howard Company, 5th St. and Sixth Ave. A worker should reflect that under the capitalist system he has to put in eight to twelve hours a day hard labor to buy earrings for a movie actor.

* * *

The working class must go through a great deal of suffering before a successful proletarian revolution will free it. But little things occur from day to day to cheer workers. For instance, yesterday John Magee, New York coal and railroad baron and labor exploiter, swallowed three of his false teeth.

* * *

A Good One

"Mama, who's this fellow?"

"He's Good."

"Well perhaps he is but what's his name?"

"That's it. James W. Good, western campaign manager for Hoover."

"Well what's he good for?"

"His job is to make every farmer who earns $300 a year think prosperity's here and the republicans brought it."

"Is that why he looks so puzzled?"

"Adolph, quit eating that tooth paste."

Gems of Learning

Senator Norris—"Our (legal) procedure, particularly in our criminal courts has not kept pace with the advancing civilization of the world. We are as yet unable to convict a hundred million dollars." And another thing, senator, it will be hard to persuade a hundred million dollars to allow a change in the government which will ever make possible the conviction of a hundred million dollars.

Dr. Louis E. Bisch—"All men are tempted towards new adventures in love. All men think about them. But men, even among those who do prove disloyal, make themselves sick first in their efforts to fight down their inherent polygamous tendencies. . . . Every man should develop some interest outside of his work and his immediate family." For instance stenographers.

[illegible] Robert Petre, in Victor Berger's Milwaukee Leader—"Shall I meet any of my readers in Italy this summer? If I do, it will probably be at the Corpus Christi festival at Perugia, or it will be at the Royal Auto Race at Rome on the [illegible]." If he meets any of his working class readers this summer it will probably be at Liggett's Drug store.

William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, at Omaha—"Violence and strikes will accomplish nothing. Only the sane, [illegible] constructive attitude of the conference room will bring an end to this deplorable situation. . . . Is the company afraid to submit to arbitration or is it looking only to its own selfish ends. . . . Business should always stand by labor." Don't worry, Bill, it does. Class as a bandit [illegible] gun in your ribs.

FLAIANI AND FOUR OTHER PICKETS STAND GROUND

Philadelphia Clothing Workers Courageous

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—Last Saturday morning at 10 a. m., 65 per cent. of the employes of the S. J. Cohen Clothing Company at 13th and Callowhill walked out because the bosses of this firm wanted to fire certain workers who are interested in organizing the shop on a union basis.

Dirty Work.

Later workers were out on picket duty and everything was quite until noon. However, scores of policemen, as well as scores of private detectives from the Ross detective agency, including the big bull Ross himself, were on hand. Ross was there looking for rough and dirty work.

At noon the captain of police from District No. 8, the 10th and Buttonwood streets police station, threatened the pickets with arrest if they did not disband immediately.

The pickets, led by Dominick Flaiani, a militant worker, and known to all workers of his trade for militant and vigorous leadership, were not frightened by these threats, and the picket line remained firm, despite the fact that the officials of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers are against the policy of mass picketing. But, of course, the picket line was small in numbers.

Threaten Flaiani.

The captain and the sergeant, seeing that the picket line did not disband, with raised clubs, rushed brutally to Flaiani, threatening him with arrest. Flaiani did not budge at this, but stood his ground firmly and insisted on his right to picket. Upon this persistence of a militant spirit, they immediately seized Flaiani and four other pickets, B. Palermo, C. LaSpina, Rea and Peter Succia.

Unfortunately for the police, they could not secure a patrol wagon for almost an hour. So the five arrested pickets, led by Flaiani, sang to the hundreds of workers who had gathered and were cheering the strikers. They sang revolutionary songs as "Bandiera Rossa" (Red Flag), "Hold the Fort," and "Solidarity Forever."

When the militant pickets were finally taken into the patrol wagon hundreds of workers waved their hands and cheered them, cursing the American democracy that does not permit the workers to make an effort to better their standard of living by peaceful picketing.

At the station house the pickets were released on bail, and they immediately returned to the picket line, undaunted.

25 Arrested.

At 5 p. m., when the picket line had been enlarged, the police charged the pickets and arrested 25 of them. All this time they had been threatening Flaiani, recognizing him as the leader and arresting him first, the second time in a period of five hours. Another worker had just left his daily work from another shop which had no connection with the picket line. Policeman No. 1686 came over to this worker and asked him what he was doing. The worker replied, "I have just left work and am going home." The policeman viciously cracked his face, severely injuring the utterly innocent worker. This incident is typical of the police methods employed by these lackeys of the Vare machine.

The 25 arrested men were later released on bail for hearing the morning after.

—C. RABIN.

DES MOINES, Ia., July 29.—Coal mining, flour milling and meat packing offered fewer jobs in Iowa in June than in May, but harvest demands absorbed considerable surplus labor, according to the U. S. employment service.

Seamen Riding Sixteen-Inch Death

It is among types of American seamen like those in the picture that the Young Workers (Communist) League is carrying on successful distributions of leaflets and other literature. The above group are shown astride the fourteen-inch guns of the battleship Texas which are soon to belch death in the coming imperialist slaughter.

PLAN BIG ANTI-WAR MEETINGS

Appeals to British Workers in Letter

NEW HAVEN, July 29.—The Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Commuinst) League of District 15, Connecticut, have arranged for big anti-war open air demonstrations to take place in most of the principal cities in the ~~state on~~ the fourteenth anniversary of the outbreak of the imperialist war of 1914-18.

These meetings, taking place in various cities between July 31 and August 6, inclusive, will be addressed by Charles Mitchell, acting district organizer of the party, and Dan Grey, district organizer of the league.

The dates and places of the meetings are as follows: New Haven, Tuesday, July 31 at 8 p. m., at the Green, Church and Chopel Sts.; New Britain, Wednesday, August 1 at 8 p. m., at the Center; Hartford, Thursday, August 2 at 7:30 p. m., at Buckingham and Main Sts.; Stamford, Friday, August 3 at 7:30 p. m., on the Town Hall steps; Bridgeport, Saturday, August 4 at 8 p. m., at Bank and Main Sts., and in New London, Monday, August 6 at 8 p. m., at Bank and Main Sts.

All preparations have been made for a successful anti-war demonstration in cities like New Haven, Bridgeport and New London, the former two being the center of war industry and the latter one of the biggest naval bases in the country.

In arranging these anti-war meetings, it is the aim of the Party and the Young Workers League to bring home to the workers of this state the disastrous results of the last world war, which cost the working class of the world over ten million lives and untold misery and degradation, and to warn against the frenzied preparations on the part of the imperialists for another world slaughter.

CUBA JAILS FOR CANCER TORTURE

HAVANA, July 30.—The innoculation of cancer into prisoners as an alternative to the death penalty has been proposed by Cuban medical and health officials. It is proposed that prisoners condemned to death should be given the choice of allowing themselves to be inoculated with cancer, in which case they would remain for twelve years under medical observation for experimentation and study of the disease and its developments and methods of cure. If the prisoner survives these twelve years he would be freed to die outside the prison.

The proposal is to go before the Cuban congress for legislative action. At present the Cuban convicts condemned to death are executed by the old Spanish system of the "garrote," by which the condemned is chocked to death by an iron ring placed around his neck and a turr screw, which is forced into the back of the neck.

BILLINGS CALLS FOR AID IN FIGHT

Workers Party to Hold Demonstrations

Continued from Page One

ers' Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. During the years 1913, 1914, 1915 and 1916 I was an active participant in many strikes—some of my own trade, and some in other trades with which I was sympathetic. During part of that time I was president of Local 216 (San Francisco, Cal.), of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union and a delegate to the San Francisco Labor Council and also to the International Workers' Defense League. In short, I was an active progressive in the labor movement along with Thomas J. Mooney, Edward D. Nolan and others.

"Early in 1916 we were all interested in an attempt to organize the Electric Railway Workers of San Francisco and this, coupled with our other activities, won us the enmity of various public utilities corporations which subsequently sought to remove us from their path to lower wages and obtain greater profits.

"On July 22, 1916, during a patriotic demonstration, known at the time as the "Preparedness Parade," a bomb of some sort was exploded at the intersection of two of the principal streets of the city and 11 persons were killed and 40 more injured. It was a deplorable catastrophe and a heinous crime, but the corporations who sought our removal from the field of labor lost no time whatever in turning it to their advantage, and in a very short time they had us all in prison charged with the crime. Five of us were arrested—Thomas J. Mooney, Mrs. Rena Mooney, his wife, Edward D. Nolan, Israel Weinberg and myself.

Absolutely No Evidence.

"There was obsolutely no evidence to connect us with the crime, but that made no difference to the corporations and their private detectives. They hired ex-convicts, prostitutes, drug addicts, and criminals of any and all stripes to appear as witnesses against us, and the result was that both Mooney and I were convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment. Mrs. Mooney and Weinberg were both acquitted on the selfsame evidence upon which we were convicted, but that was after we had exposed the bulk of the testimony as rank perjury. Nolan was never tried at all, but was released after nine months' imprisonment.

"The high courts sustained the convictions against us and maintain that they have no power to liberate us, but that we must appeal to the governor of California for pardon. This we have done, but the governor does not seem willing to pardon us. We have asked International Labor Defense to campaign in our behalf.

"On July 22, this year, it will be 12 years that we have been in prison and unless the spirit of the workers of the entire world is aroused, we shall no doubt languish in prison for 12 years more. International Labor defense is working for our release in conjunction with other friends of liberty and justice and we trust that you too will add aid and assistance to the great body of protest that is being organized in our behalf.

"Trusting that we may depend upon your co-operation and support and assuring you of the sympathy and unity of American workers with the workers of Great Britain, I am,

"Sincerely and fraternally yours,
(Signed) "WARREN K. BILLINGS,
"No. 10699, Represa, Calif."

WORKERS IN CAFE DECIDES UNION MAY BE USEFUL

Amalgamated Urged to Issue Leaflets

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Some time ago I had a conversation with a dishwasher. In the course of our conversation I asked him whether he was a union man.

"No," he replied, "there is no union in my line of work."

"Yes, there is; and the name of it is the Amalgamated Food Workers' Union," I told him.

"Is that so? Well, I never thought of it. But can you show me a restaurant that is operated by union help?"

"Yes, I will show you many." I asked him to go over to the Cooperative Restaurant on Union Square. Besides, I wanted to show him several other places operated by union help.

"That is very good," he said, "but I do not believe that the union can better my condition and help me secure more pay."

I cited many examples to him of how workers in his trade obtained more money and better conditions That was only through having a union. I then asked him how many hours he worked per day.

12 Hours a Day.

"Twelve hours a day, from 11 a. m. to 11 p. m. I get two half days off during the week."

"Well, don't you think 12 hours is too much for a day's work? Don't you think that eight hours a day is sufficient," I asked him.

"I think that I am better off by working twelve hours a day. This gives me a chance to save my money since I have no time to go any place," he answered.

"So you're a philorophor and a human being. A horse works and sleeps, too. What's the difference between you and a horse?"

To this argument I received no reply. I gave him examples showing workers who labor eight hours a day receive more money and are better treated than those who work twelve hours per day.

Join Now.

"Guess you're right. I never thought of that," he replied.

"I sure am right, lad, 'for the union makes us strong.' In union there is strength. Your place is in the union. Join it now."

"I'll think it over. Anyway, your talk was worth while."

"If you want to know something about trade unionism, read The DAILY WORKER. You can buy it at any newsstand."

"I shall. So long. Hope to see you again," and off he went.

This is a simple incident that shows that even workers who are hostile to trade unionism can be won over to the workers' cause after proper talk. They think as they do because capitalist society has forced them to learn what it wished ever since they were children.

The Amalgamated Food Workers' Union should issue leaflets about its union and they surely will get a good response.

It can be done.
It must be done! N. B.

Ring Lardner Comedy 'Elmer the Great', Here in September

GEORGE M. COHAN has definitely set his first play for this season. This will be "Elmer the Great" a baseball comedy by Ring Lardner, and will open here in September. The play is now running in Chicago with Walter Houston playing the leading role.

G. M. Cohan

"By request" by J. C. Elliott Nugent, will be tried out in Newark, before going to Chicago, where it is scheduled to begin a run on August 20.

Other productions listed by Cohan will be a musical show for Polly Walker, who made such a hit in his production of "The Merry Malones." The musical comedy will have a run in Boston before coming here. Grant Mitchell, last seen here in "The Baby Cyclone," is also scheduled to star in a new play.

SCENE FROM "CZAR IVAN"

Two of the important players in a tense scene from "Czar Ivan the Terrible," showing this week at the Cameo Theatre.

Myron C. Fagan's new play "The Great Power" will be seen two weeks in Philadelphia before its New York premier, opening at the Adelphi Theatre, Philadelphia, August 27, and coming into the Ritz Theatre, September 10.

Minna Gombell is featured.

Besides Marie Saxon, who has been engaged for the prima donna role in "Ups-A-Daisy," Lewis E. Gensler's forthcoming musical comedy, Bobbie Perkins, the dancer who made her debut in the "Garrick Gaieties will also be in the production.

Butler Davenport will offer a bill of three one-act plays at his theatre on East Twenty-Seventh Street tonight. These include, "The Affected Young Ladies" by Moliere, "Swan Song," by Tchekhov and English farce "Little Toddleskins."

The Lenox Hill Players, who have taken over the Cherry Lane Theatre, will stage this season a posthumous Andreyev play, "The Days of Our Life." Herman Bernstein did the translation.

CONTROL WORLD CABLE SYSTEMS

Huge Communications Merger Planned

OTTAWA, Ontario, July 28.—The report of the Imperial Wireless and Cable Conference of 1928, issued here yesterday, disclosed a plan proposing a world-wide merger and control of cables and wireless by the British government. The merger company would include all companies of the British dominions, protectorates and colonies and would control virtually all major lines of communication.

The report states that British control of all the companies will be guaranteed and that the government will assume control of the cable and wireless systems in time of war or other emergencies. The right to build stations and lines solely for military purposes is reserved by the merger company, under supervision of the English government.

The merger, which went into effect as of April 1, 1928, includes the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, Eastern Extension and Western Telegraph Companies, the Pacific Cable Board, the West Indian Cable and Wireless system, the Imperial Atlantic Cables and all post office stations and beams.

Although the Canadian Wireless Company will be allowed to maintain a parallel independent service it will be subject to immediate incorporation into the British government merger in times of emergency.

The boards of directors of the mergers must be approved by the English government on the suggestion of the cable companies. The government will thus retain complete control of the communications merger.

On matters of policy the company will have to refer to an advisory board which will consist of government representatives.

The report warns against "certain foreign interests to secure an increased share in the control and operation of world communications" and says that the merger will virtually eliminate foreign competition.

MORE JOBLESS IN BRITAIN

LONDON, July 29.—The amount of unemployed in Great Britain June 11 of this year totaled 1,149,900, as compared with 1,028,700 on June 13, 1927.

Youth of Bulgaria Defies White Terror

SOFIA, July 29.—The Bulgarian youth movement has not been permitted legal existence for five years. Under the fascist rule, working class youth organizations are forbidden and every effort is made to prevent the spread of revolutionary ideas among the working class youth.

In spite of the White Terror, the underground youth movement is very active, and at the present moment has sections in about 30 places. The conditions under which the youth work is very difficult, and legal conventions are impossible.

A conference held May 24, in which 53 delegates took part, was raided by the police. In spite of everything, the working class youth remains active.

HIT NATIONAL GUARD AS TOOL OF OPERATORS

Point to Kenosha As Example

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Another exposure of the purpose of the national guard and capitalist militarism in general as a strikebreaking agency comes from Kenosha, Wis.

The city council of Kenosha recently sent a request for use of the national guard in the hosiery workers' strike. Unable to break the strike with the power of the local police, the national guardsmen had to be called in.

Fight Against Own Interests.

What does this mean? It shows the importance of the national guard as a tool of the bosses, and that many workers who enlist are used against their own interest. Workers from one industry are used against those of another, and occasionally against their own strikes, as happened in the Henderson, N. C., textile strike. When the police can not succeed in breaking a strike, the national guard is the next line of the bosses' strength.

The answer of the governor of Wisconsin was that the efforts of the local authorities should be intensified, and that if again unsuccessful the request for the national guard should be repeated. This does not lessen the significance of the case, for the governor is reluctant to use the national guard when the police could use their clubs more effectively. The city council exposed itself and this matter must be taken up by the workers.

Appeal to Youth.

The Young Workers (Communist) League plans an appeal to youth organizations for a united front against the use of the national guard as a strike-breaker. This case must be used to expose militarism. The national guardsmen, who come from the ranks of the workers, must be shown the role for which they are used, so that they will refuse to be used as strike-breakers and that when called upon to fight against their fellow workers, they will use their military knowledge for their own class against the bosses.

—J. B.

Over 10,000,000 Out of Work Many Years

PARIS, July 29.—At the recent International Social Conference held here, it was stated that at no time during the past few years had the total of unemployed in the world fallen below 10,000,000.

Prevention of unemployment was declared the most important problem, and relief of unemployment was placed in second rank.

AMUSEMENTS

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COMMITTEE Y. WORKERS AID MINERS

Trades Attend g Meeting

ference for miners' relief day evening at Bryant 120 delegates present, hich were cloakmakers, goods workers, and food ers, furriers, milliners, formed a permanent shop for miners' relief, com an executive committee of out of the conference.

t steps of the new com will be the taking of weekly ections for the purchase medical aid and the supply fense funds for the strik and their families, many lying in jail on various charges. Besides the from among all the work h shop, the delegates lunteered to tax them certain amount of their wages for relief and de k.

ions were unanimously pledging full support to the their formation of a new condemning the sell-out rupt Lewis machine. Be rning, the conference orsed the Miners' Solid of August 5th, to be held Bay Park. Thousands are expected to attend as evidence of their with the striking miners.

ORS DENIED MAGES IN BILL

ANY, N. Y., July 29 (UP). inor cannot recover damages his father for damages sus d in an automobile accident, the of appeals has decided.

Sorrentine, through his nd guardian, Caroline Sor emanded $20,000 damages father, Frank Sorrentine court dismissed the com he appellate division upheld court.

youth appealed to the highest which also upheld the trial declaring that an action for injuries may not be main against a parent by an un ated minor child.

father made a denial of a driving charge.

SSES, BATTY AKE NEW MOVE

on Protests Judge Milliken's Action

Continued from Page One

Raymundo, 18-year-old picket bailed out for the third yesterday, was chairman. El Dawson made a special appeal the English members of the Textile Workers to live up their militant traditions of Brit workers and reject the yellow ership of Batty.

multaneously another huge took place in the North End. E. Beale, recently released jail; Pelczar, Lameiras and addressed this meeting.

tense expectation with which tire city awaited Saturday's was not dissipated by its ement. The citizens' com which had collected over signatures demanding that uthorities permit the parade, announced that it will continue signatures but, since the has been postponed, it will asking the mayor to grant a for the time being.

Union Protests.

Milliken has refused con in the cases of the six cap arrested yesterday and the is protesting what it consid dangerous precedent.

The trial opened with no lawyer the defense. Donnelly the stand and engaged in a bout with the police complain who charged that he refused the line at the Kilburn Friday. There was also a sharp with the judge.

In New Maneuver.

to the state board of arbi proposals offered yester a conference of officials of Council and the manu have been requested for

details of the conference are being carefully it has been learned from sources that an arbitration involving the appointment of a of three, one each from Textile Council, the New Bed Manufacturers' Association and arbitration board, has been It will be the object of committee to name one man single decision will be bind the strikers.

Textile Mills Committee is to issue a statement on collaboration of the manu and the Batty leadership Textile Council.

VANSVILLE, Ind., (FP) July The Indiana State Federation opens its annual convention ville Sept. 11.

4,000 Pampered Athletes Battle for Mastery in Sports Spectacle

Four thousand athletes, representing 46 countries, yesterday began their battle for mastery at the quadrennial Olympic games at Amsterdam, Holland. Hundreds of thousands of dollars are involved in this inflated sports spectacle for which the athletes are carefully trained and pampered months in advance. Photo shows an air view of the stadium in which the games are being held.

SAILOR IS PUNISHED FOR BEING INJURED

A sailor of the Pacific Fleet was forced to risk his life—to go into a lifeboat without line and with boots on—and when somebody let go the tackle, he was thrown into the water. Before he could be picked up, he was struck by the bow of the U. S. S. Arizona and his ankle broken.

Thrown in Dungeon.

The authorities, themselves responsible punished the sailor severely for being hurt. He was thrown into the dungeon on bread and water and fined $300, which means that he will get no more pay during his enlistment. When the sailor took the matter up with the Division Admiral, he was told to "drop it."

Letter Received by "Daily."

A letter from this sailor, telling of his treatment in the service, has been received by the Daily Worker. The reference to "Crouch's Demands" refers to the official demands of the Young Workers Communist League for servicemen. An article in the Daily Worker telling of these demands was signed by Paul Crouch.

The letter from the serviceman follows:

"Editor Daily Worker:

"I have read the article by Paul Crouch in your paper and I want to say that he is right in most cases with his demands for changes in the service.

'I am writing to tell you about my own troubles in the hope that you will be able to publish it so that others will understand better the actual conditions in the navy.

Forced to Risk Life.

About two months ago when my ship was en route to Hawaii for battle-practice we were going full speed in formation off the West Coast of Mexico. I was at work in one of the starboard lifeboats, getting the tackle in proper shape. The coxswain had ordered me in the boat without a line about me although I had protested that I might fall overboard. (You know, a lifeboat is swang from two divets that suspend it over the side of the ship). Well somebody either purposely or accidentally let go the tackle and I was thrown into the water and narrowly missed the divet which also fell. I was wearing boots and only after a hard struggle was I able to rise to the surface again. The S. S. Arizona was next in line behind us, and, although she changed her course as soon as an alarm was given, the Arizona's bow hit me, breaking an ankle and bruising me severely. I was picked up, more dead than alive and sent to the hospital (sick bay)

Seriously Injured.

"Today my ankle is twice its normal size and the bones bulge out where they shouldn't because the doctor that treated me probably had a 'pull' in Washington and got his job on friendship—he certainly did not know much about setting bones

30 Days Bread and Water.

"Eventually I was returned to my ship for trial. (As soon as I left sick bay I was put in the brig). At my trial the coxswain who sent me in the lifeboat without a line was dishonorably discharged from the service. Two other sailors, partially responsible for the accident, were given short brig sentences and lost a portion of their pay. But I— well I was sentenced to thirty days bread and water, in a rotten hole three decks below. I will lose over three hundred dollars of my pay (which means that I will not draw another cent during the duration of my enlistment) and will not be allowed shore leave for months to come besides getting all the dirty work they can hand me.

Told to "Drop It."

"I took the whole matter up with our division admiral and he told me to drop it as my enlistment will expire at the end of the year. That's the kind of 'justice' that they hand out in this navy. Since I was not to blame for the accident at all, and since a broken ankle and thirty days bread and water seemed enough punishment I had hoped to get my pay refunded. Sometimes though I don't care much for I've learned my lesson—here's one sailor that knows when he's got enough. I'll go to jail for life before I'll put on another uniform for a country that hands out the treatment I got and calls it 'justice.'

"If you publish this letter, do not use my name—I'm not out of the service yet.

"Yours for the realiation of Crouch's demands,

"DISABLED SEAMAN.

"U S. S. Battle Fleet
"Division 3."

India Textile Mills Tied Up by Strike

WASHINGTON, (FP) JULY 29.—Cabled reports to the U. S. Department of Commerce from India show that Bombay textile mills are tied up by strikes, although there are some signs that an early settlement may be had. Steel workers in the Tata district continue to hold out. Railway strikers in Eastern India have been starved back to work after a desperate struggle against hunger.

YESTERDAY'S BALL GAMES

American League

Cleveland, 24; New York, 6.
Philadelphia, 8; St. Louis, 3.
Chicago, 5; Washington, 1.
Boston, 5; Detroit, 2.

National League

New York, 4; Chicago 3 (1st).
Chicago, 3; New York, 1 (2nd).
Cincinnati, 6; Brooklyn, 5.

Fake Progressive Party Organized in Nebraska

OMAHA, NEB., July 29—A so-called "Progressive" Party was formed in Omaha last night. Dr. Henry Hoffman, after two false starts Tuesday, delivered the keynote speech of the national convention before the 13 delegates—all from Nebraska—who attended.

"This party is not the Bull Moose Party," Dr. Hoffman declared, "But if the Bull Moosers work with us, we will be glad to have them."

By virtue of proxies from other states, Hoffman assumed the role of temporary chairman. Then he delivered his keynote speech and after that adopted his own platform with the statement that "this meeting will be written into history."

MINE BANNER IS SENT TO DETROIT

RENTON, Pa., July 29—The solidarity banner, embroidered by the wives of two striking miners of Renton, Pa., Mrs. Martin Strahar and Mrs. John Cairn, was completed today and sent to the National Miners' Relief Committee of Detroit, 1967 Grand River ave. The organization affiliated with the relief committee which makes the greatest showing of solidarity in the National Miners Relief and Defense week drive, will win the trophy.

Renton's appreciation of solidarity is embroidered in gold on a crimson background, and edged with a heavy golden fringe. The banner was carried from end to end of the barrack patch today, before it was sent to Detroit. The children formed a procession, running from door to door. More than 800 families who have been fed solely by the National Miners Relief Committee since April are sending the banner as a symbol of their appreciation.

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MINERS' DRIVE REACHES CLIMAX

Big Mass Collections in Every City

PITTSBURGH, July 29. — The climax of the National Miners Relief and Defense Week activities will be reached today and tomorrow when 200,000 workers, armed with collection lists, will participate in a mass house to house collection campaign and tag days in hundreds of cities in this country and Canada. Hunger banquets are being held everywhere. Truckloads of miners come to the Pittsburgh headquarters of the National Miners Relief Committee at 611 Penn Ave. every day, to help rush supplies to every relief and defense committee participating.

Reach 2,000,000 People.

"If each one of the 200,000 workers who have proved their loyalty to the miners in this great struggle by their work in the past, visit 10 sympathizers, over 2,000,000 people in Canada and every corner of the United States will be reached," computes Alfred Wagenknecht, relief director. "This is the most far-reaching campaign for miners' aid ever attempted, but the situation in the strike fields has never been so critical during the entire period of the fight as it is today."

The collection lists, which are printed in folder form, tell the story of the strike, the arrests, hunger and hardships in the strike fields, in pictures and letters from the National Miners Relief Committee and the International Labor Defense.

Nickels, quarters and dollars for relief and defense will be collected at the factory gates, at lodges, unions and from house to house. More than 30,000 organizations will be reached and asked to take collections at their meetings and make donations out of their treasuries.

Need is Acute.

Because the circulation of lists is so tremendous, and the need so acute, the time limit cannot be complied with, and the campaign will continue well into next week. Tens of thousands of lists are still in the mails, and more are going out daily.

"Every worker who has already received a contribution list must collect as much as possible, no matter how little," the relief committee urges. "If you haven't a list, get one from the National Miners Relief Committee in your city or from the International Labor Defense headquarters, or write for one directly to the Pittsburgh relief center. One Ford factory worker sent in $300 already. Every organization must again take up the question of helping the miners in their struggle, and send contributions to 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh..

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STRIKING COAL MINER MAY LOSE HIS FURNITURE

Court Acts to Collect Unpaid Rent

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, July 29.—A "notice of distress" has been served upon Anthony Calamari, a striking miner of Charleroi by Deputy Sheriff Joseph Anden, threatening to sell everything in his household tomorrow. Unless his unpaid rent is raised somehow, the Calamaris and their four little children will find themselves without a bed to sleep in, or a roof over their heads Monday night. A complete inventory of the miner's "property" is listed on the warrant. A stove, table, chairs, cupboard, three beds and one hot plate are among the fourteen items of "property distrained."

Mine Leader.

Calamari is a leading rank and file organizer in Washington County, recently elected to a union office by progressive miners. Calamari's ruddy, smiling face is familiar in the mining camps through the valley, where he is constantly making the rounds in order to maintain the organization and fight the open-shop.

Calamari's family is living on the relief sent to Charleroi by the National Miners' Relief Committee of 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Money is a rarity in the strike camps. All of Calamari's friends are in the same position that he is in, so he cannot turn to them for help. This morning the miner appealed to the relief committee. But the funds the relief committee has must be used to buy flour and potatoes for thousands of hungry families. The $40 which he requires must feed 40 families.

Serious Plight.

Charles Sanders, another progressive leader of Curtisville, is in the same fix. His rent bill is $12. There is no room in the over-crowded barracks for his wife and their six children. The only thing that can save the miners is an immediate contribution from sympathizers.

LABOR IS ACTIVE IN DEFENSE WEEK

Miners' Relief Drive In All Cities

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

PITTSBURGH, July 29—The nation-wide drive for miners' relief and defense now being conducted jointly by the National Miners' Relief Committee and the International Labor Defense has stirred the interest and attention of thousands of workers in practically every large city and in scores of districts, according to an announcement issued today from the headquarters of the relief committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

"This is the big week," a call by the committee to the labor movement declares. "Every man, woman and child in sympathy with the struggling coal miners will co-operate fully in our national miners' relief and defense week."

The relief and defense week, which began last Sunday, will conclude on Saturday and Sunday, July 28 and 29, with a big house to house collection campaign conducted in all cities and sections.

Communications and remittances should be made to the National Miners' Relief Committee, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, the call says.

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Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Public Speaking Class.

The public speaking class of sections 2 and 3 of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet regularly for a period of four weeks, every Tuesday evening at 8 oclock, at 101 West 27th Street.

* * *

FD 3, Section 2, Sub sec. E Meeting.

Today at 6 p. m., unit FD 3, Sec 2. Subsection E will hold its party day meeting, at its regular meeting place, 108 East 14th St. All members must be present; failing to do so will be reported to the district.

* * *

Downtown Y. W. L.

Downtown units Nos. 1 and 2, of the Young Workers League, will hold a joint comeraderie, Friday, August 3rd, at 60 St. Marks Place.

A good program has been arranged. All comrades are invited to attend, and are requested to bring non-league members with them.

Pioneer Leader

Special session Class will be held at 8:00 p. m. at the Workers School, 26-28 Union Sq. A comrade of the District Agit-Prop Department of the League will lead a discussion on the 14th Anniversary of the war. All comrades engaged in Pioneer work must be present.

* * *

Branch 5, Section 5.

A very important question will be discussed at the regular meeting Tuesday at 2075 Clinton Avenue at 8:30 sharp.

* * *

Subsection 3C Meeting.

All units of subsection 3C will meet today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. The election of campaign directors and other important matters will take place. All members must attend.

* * *

Branch 4, Section 5.

Branch 4, Section 5 will hold a meeting to observe the 14th anniversary of the World War. Comrade Berney will lead the discussion on "Communist Tactics in the Next War."

* * *

Branch 6.

Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathizers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zaancer in charge of the campaign of that district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

* * *

Section 7, Speakers Class.

Section 7 Speakers Class will meet Tuesday at the campaign headquarters, 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn. All members of the class are asked to report promptly at 8 p. m.

* * *

Brownsville Y. W. L. Meet.

The Brownsville unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League has arranged two open air meetings which will be held on the following dates and places with the following speakers:

Monday, at Hopkinson and Pitkin Aves.—Frum, Palchik, Gudesman, M. Mellman and Lipshitz.

Tuesday at Hopkinson and Utica Aves.—Kass, Mellman and Williams.

* * *

The following open air meetings for next week have been arranged by District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party:

Monday, July 30

Rudgers Square—Wright, Milgrom, Baum, Schalk, and I Cohen.

First Ave., and 49th St., N. Y.—Schachtman, LeRoy, Gussakoff, Reiss, and Blake.

Tuesday, July 31.

Grand St. Est., and Havemyer, B'klyn—Bimba, Rosemond and G. Welsh

Sutter and Williams, B'klyn—Nessin, Lipzin, Ed. Welsh, and Joe Cohen.

Wednesday, Aug. 1.

Myrtle and Prince, B'klyn—Padmore, Suskin and Napoli.

Eagle Pencil Co. (noon)—P. Crouch.

25 Dayton Ave., Passaic—Marshal, Freiman and Erdy.

Thursday, Aug. 2.

Hendrix and Sutter Ave., B'klyn—Padgug, Silber and Pasternack.

Steinway and Jamaica, L. I.—Powers, Baum, Harfield and Heder.

138th St., and Annes Ave., Bronx—Jacobson, Wortis, Shapiro, Welch and Moore.

40th St. and 8th Ave., N. Y.—Yusem and V. Smith.

Allerton and Cruger., Ave Bronx—Bentall, Leibowitz, Peer, Wilkes and Cibulsky.

24th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Huiswood, Hendin and Ballam.

Loose Wells Biscuit Co., L. I.—B. Miller. (noon)

National Biscuit Co (noon)—Grecht,

Friday, August 3.

and Rosa.

Bristol and Pitkins, B'klyn—Ragozin and Lypsin.

Varet and Graham, B'klyn—Magliacno, H. Williams, Lillienstein, Taft and Severino.

5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y.—Trachtenberg, Lyons, Codkind, Reiss and LeRoy.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Markoff and Stanley.

Saturday, August 4.

First Ave., and 79th St.—Bentall, Auerbach, Blake and Lillienstein.

13th Ave. and 42nd St., B'klyn—Padgug, Suskin, Lustig and Magliacano.

West N. Y., N. J., 14th St. and Bergenline—Wright and Schalk.

* * *

"Fight War Danger."

"Fight the War Danger" leaflets and accompanying election campaign contribution envelopes are now ready in the district office. Every campaign director must call for these at once for distribution at open-air meetings. They must be used at every meeting up to August 4th.

* * *

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

* * *

Party Membership Meeting.

The comrades in the units are asked to take note of the fact that there will be a Party membership meeting Wednesday, August 1st at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. No other meetings are to be arranged to conflict with this date.

Note is also to be taken of the fact that on Saturday afternoon, August 4, the anniversary of the World War opening, there will be an open air demonstration at Union Square under the auspices of the Workers Party. All units are to make arrangements for mobilizing masses of workers to attend.

District Executive Committee, District 2, John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

* * *

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

* * *

Subsection 3E.

Subsection 3E will hold a membership meeting on Tuesday, 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must come on time, because action will be taken against members who fail to answer at the roll call.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Workingclass Housewives.

Council No. 5 of Coney Island, will hold a beach party, on Tuesday afternoon, July 31st, on the 28th St., beach, near the Half Moon Hotel. The party will start at 1 p. m. Ray Ragozin will speak and Peretz Shickman will entertain. Councils of Brighton Beach and Bath Beach, also all working class women of the neighborhood are invited to participate.

* * *

Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at 7:30 sharp August 2, 1928. At this conference the causes of war, and the methods to be used in fighting the war danger will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women organizations are invited to send delegates, and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

* * *

Washington Heights, Attention!

The second meeting of the Washington Heights Culture Club will be held tonight at 8 o'clock at the home of Arnow, 100 Northern Ave., corner 181 St., Apt. 33. All those interested are urged to be present to help build up this new undertaking.

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BLOODHOUNDS HUNT FOUR MEN IN TEXAS CITY

'Shoot to Kill' Is Order to Posse

HOUSTON, Texas, July 29.—Four prisoners who rebelled at the intolerable prison conditions and fought their way to freedom were late yesterday being hunted by 150 armed men with 35 bloodhounds in the swamps near Richmond, 20 miles from here. Four other convicts, who joined their companions in the revolt, have already been captured. All four were wounded by the armed man-hunters.

R. J. Flanagan, leader of the posse and manager of the three prison farms at Sugar Land, has issued orders to his men to "shoot to kill." The remaining 474 prisoners on Imperial Farm 2 are being herded in their cells instead of being sent to work in the fields because most of the guards have joined the hunt.

CONN. CARPET WORKERS STRIKE

THOMPSONVILLE, Conn., July 26 (UP).—Between 250 and 4? employes in the Jacquard department of the Bigelow-Hartford Carpet Company went on strike today.

The workers, most of them weavers, left the mill after their committee and company representatives had failed in a two hours' conference to settle differnces.

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OPEN DAILY UNTIL 9 P. M.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

Dividends Paid From the First of July
CONSUMERS FINANCE CORPORATION
Subsidiary of the United Workers' Co-operative Ass'n.
6%
dividends are being paid from the first day of deposit on gold bonds in denominations of $100, $300, $500 and $1,000 secured by the second mortgage of the second block of houses in the Co-operative Workers' Colony.
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TELEPHONE: ALGONQUIN 6900.
2700 Bronx Park East (Co-operative Workers' Colony)

Daily Worker

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Editor..........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor................WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Hoover Steals a Nation

Herbert Hoover did nothing out of keeping with his regular role when as secretary of commerce, he used the dirtiest methods known to the art of imperialist robbery to force a whole nation into slavery to the Morgan-controlled National City Bank and Harvey Firestone.

Hoover used the power of the United States government to reduce the Republic of Liberia to slavery.

A whole nation on the coast of Africa passed to the direct control of Hoover's banking friends and his backers, the multi-millionaire rubber manufacturer, Harvey Firestone. Forced labor of practically the mass of the population of Liberia at a fixed wage of 25 cents per day per man was arranged for Harvey Firestone by the United States government. A forced loan which clinches the control of the Liberian Republic until the year 1967 was put through for the National City Bank by Hoover and the state department.

Then the National City Bank, that is, Morgan, Harvey Firestone, and other capitalist patriots brought about the nomination of Hoover for president. (Coolidge, Firestone and Hoover have long been intimates.) Prior to this deal in politics it was arranged that the coming president of the United States would appoint a virtual dictator over Liberia to enforce the "agreement." Behind the dictator, to be appointed by Hoover if Hoover is elected, will be Hoover himself, interested in the gigantic deal, and the whole naval power of the United States.

The reeking corruption of Teapot Dome is outdone. Teapot Dome graft involves, after all, only some oil wells; this gigantic rubber graft and international thuggery involves the selling of a whole people.

This is international crime on a scale which gives us a foretaste of what we are to expect of the capitalist imperialism of the United States in the near future. Today Nicaragua is being bombed. Mexico is raped, bloody counter-revolution launched against its people and the head of its government murdered as the direct or indirect product of the effort of the United States to force Mexico under the control of United States oil capitalists and bankers. Haiti is ruled by United States marines to make profits for New York bankers. Porto Rico, Cuba, the Virgin Islands, the Philippines, fall under the colossal power of Yankee imperialism which grows more and more aggressive and grasping each month.

And now it is to be Africa!

And this time it is not oil, but rubber!

What was Hoover doing when, some two years ago, he, as secretary of commerce, made drastic attacks on the British rubber monopoly? Was he already interested in the Firestone corporation and the Liberian venture in hundreds of millions?

But these are not passing events, to be cured by some reform. This is not something "abnormal" or excessive," as the simpering liberals would have us believe. In the present period it is normal, it is the inevitable course of capitalism in the period of imperialism.

Nor is it something peculiar to Hoover and the spectacular bunch of yeggs that started with Jess Smith, Jake Hamon, Albert B. Fall, Warren G. Harding, Harry Sinclair some eight years ago, and which is continued in the gang of Coolidge, Mellon and Hoover today. It is not peculiar to Hoover, nor to the republican party.

And as for Al Smith and the democratic party, with Bill Kenny, John Raskob, Woodin—and the Tammany gang—they are likewise aiming at the same goal. Any party that supports capitalist "democracy"—including any "socialist" party, as proven by the Barmat affair in Germany—supports this imperialism which is the growing body of capitalist "democracy" today.

More than once in these columns we have called attention to the fact that the Firestone venture in Liberia has vast political significance. Africa is the great continent heretofore divided for enslavement between England, France, Belgium and other European nations—the United States having been out of it.

But the heyday of American imperialism dawns, and the United States, in ever-sharpening competition with Great Britain, will fight for a redivision of colonal possessions.

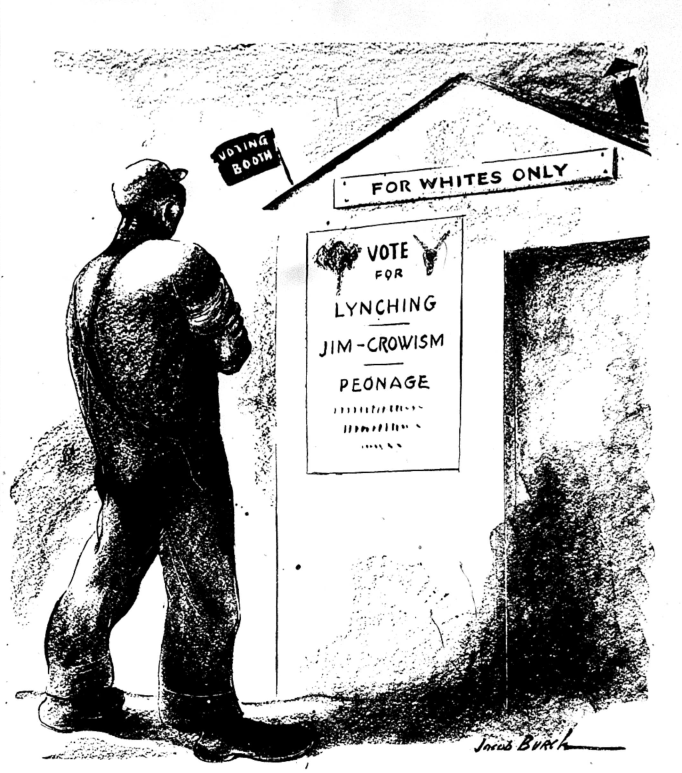
Imperialism means slavery, and it means inevitable war.

Let this example of the vile conspirator Hoover be a potent lesson to the working class of the whole world and the enslaved colonial and semi-colonial slaves of imperialism. Freedom from imperialist slavery and war can come only by destroying imperialism, destroying capitalism.

The Bolshevik way is the only way out.

BE A BOLSHEVIK!

By Jacob Burck



Militants Suppressed in Chile

Right Wing Union Makes Overtures to William Green

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 29.—In his capacity as president of the Pan-American Federation of Labor, William Green, of the A. F. of L., received a letter from the "Congreso Social Obrero" (Social Labor Congress) of Chile asking him for details about the Pan-American Federation of Labor, of which they first learned about from a letter by a Chilean employers association which calls itself the "Asociacion de Trabajo" (Association of Labor).

Benefit Association.

The "Congreso Social Obrero," founded in 1900, is a very loose grouping of many mutual benefit, consumers and manufacturing cooperatives, insurance, sick and death premium associations and cultural and recreation societies of workers, employes and members of the lower middle class. They hold yearly congresses and accept a number of resolutions, after which each organization continues to sleep separately without any contact with or common direction from the others.

Real Unions Persecuted.

Before the establishment of Ibanez's dictatorship, the central committee of this organization invited the Chilean Communist Labor Federation to join, which invitation, however, was never accepted. With the advent of Ibanez all labor organizations of a militant character, particularly the largest of them, the Chilean Federation of Labor (member of the Profintern, with about 60,000 members) the I. W. W., with about 10,000 members among the marine workers, and the employes' association under Communist-syndicate influence, were dissolved and their leaders exiled to the Mas Afuera Islands. Only the Catholic unions under the leadership of priests were tolerated.

The letter of the president and secretary of the "Congreso Social Obrero" to Green points out that in Chile "the labor organization has not been carried on in the same manner as in North America," and gives as reason that "religious tendencies which still divide the workingmen and the Communists, have curbed our good efforts," but "fortunately the present government has opposed them to a certain degree."

False Claim.

With this introduction, they claim consequently to "represent most genuinely the national labor movement" and ask Green to tell them whether the Pan-American Federation of Labor" is only a central organization representing the North American workingmen, or whether it is an international institution with representation in all the American countries."

Thus it seems that the fame of the Pan-American Federation of Labor, which claims to represent the labor movement of the American hemisphere, has reached the "most genuinely national labor movement" of Chile through an employers' organization.

If this organization becomes a member of the Pan-American Federation of Labor, the latter then will be able to claim affiliations in South America, including the fake organizations of Peru (the "Assembly of United Societies," a Leguia organization), and a non-existent rubber stamp organization of Colombia.

Weak Influence of A. F. of L.

A historical survey of labor legislation in Latin-America, by Moises Poblete Troncoso, former under secretary in the Chilean ministry of hygiene and labor, published in the July edition of the Bulletin of the Pan-American Union, Washington, states that "it should be noted that there are no traces in South America of the action of North American workers' organizations, the American Federation of Labor, which only influences the countries near the United States, such as Mexico, Cuba, parts of Central America and to a slight extent Venezuela and Cuba."

Spike Lies About Soviet Union

Milton Goodman, director of World Tourists, 60 Fifth Ave., accredited American agency for Sovtorgflot, official Soviet travel department in Moscow, yesterday made public a communication from Narkomtorg (People's Trade Commissariat) of the Russian government instructing him to reply to charges made in American newspapers (New York World, July 28; Washington News, June 20, and others) that Russian customs officials were prohibiting American tourists to Russia from bringing into that country adequate necessities to insure comfort. Soviet officials recently estimated that about 5,000 American tourists will visit Russia during the next 12 months. (Journal of Commerce, July 26.)

Send Instructions.

The official communication to Goodman read, in part: "We are sending you herewith a list or articles which may be brought into U. S. S. R., in accordance with the decree of Narkomtorg (People's Trade Commissariat) of April 26, 1927, pertaining to domestic and foreign trade of the U. S. S. R., and to the privileges accorded foreign tourists in granting them the permission to bring certain necessities into the U. S. S. R.

"It is desirable that you advise those who contemplate visiting Russia of this decree so that they may be guided accordingly." Instructions to advise the press was contained in the communication.

Goodman said that the reason for the issuance of a tabulated list of what the tourist may bring into Russia was to prevent smuggling and save the tourist custom charges.

He stated that under the present ruling the tourist visiting Russia is allowed more personal effects than the average traveler would care to carry. In the matter of clothing, he said, four suits were allowed, four coats, including one fur coat; ten dresses, twelve skirts, twelve pieces of underwear, eighteen shirts, also jewelry, shaving sets and other articles. The complete list would fill three steamer trunks, Goodman said.

"The reason that the Soviet government issues a restricted list of articles which may be brought into the Soviet Union is because it is anxious to check the introduction of contraband goods into tnat country. The U. S. S. R. is trying to build up its home industries and if it allowed tourists to glut the market with foreign goods it would be defeating its own purpose," Mr. Goodman said.

SWINDLE SHEET FROM ARGENTINE INDIANS

BUENOS AIRES, July 29.—The chief of the Tehuelche Indians inhabiting Northern Patagonia arrived in Buenos Aires to ask protection of the federal government against the local authorities and "influential citizens," who are robbing them of their sheep herds, their only means of subsistence, and are driving them away from the pasture lands, which have been reserved since the time of the Spanish rule.

The old chief Truquel Seihuque, has been waiting in the capital for several weeks for an audience with the president, but the latter has no time yet to receive him. He gave several interviews to the Buenos Aires press, which published the details. He described how local police officials rob the Indians of their sheep by imposing fines for imaginary offenses and as the Indians have no cash money the officials confiscate sheep.

In this process the authorities connive with ordinary swindlers who obtain from the Indians thumb-print signatures on documents, the contents of which they never saw or knew. To enforce these fraudulent contracts, the sheep herds are confiscated and the Indians are driven from their land out into the desert. The Indian chief said that if his tribe does not receive justice from the authorities in Buenos Aires, the whole tribe will emigrate to Chile, which is bidding for immigrants and which does not discriminate against Indians.

Dr. Pavlov's New Book To Be Out Soon

INTERNATIONAL PUBLISHERS, 381 Fourth Ave., New York, have received word from Dr. W. Horsley Gantt, from Leningrad, who is translating Professor Ivan P. Pavlov's book on Conditioned Reflexes, that Professor Pavlov is preparing several new chapters, which have not been included in any of his previously published writings, either in Russian or in foreign editions. Dr Gantt, who has been working with Professor Pavlov in the Institute of Experimental Medicine in Leningrad since 1925, reports that Professor Pavlov is writing up his recent experiment in the field which has made him famous throughout the world, and gained for him the Nobel Prize some years ago.

According to present indications, the book, which is being edited by Professor Walter B. Cannon of Harvard University, will be published in the early fall under the title "Lectures on Conditioned Reflexes"—Twenty-five Years of Objective Study of the Higher Nervous Activity (Behavior) of Animals.

U. S. Imperialism Flips a Coin in Panama

By HARRY GANNES

NICARAGUA is not the only central American country that is to have an election in which the United States is vitally interested. On August 5 Panama will vote for president and members of Congress Since Panama is a military outpost of U. S. imperialism any official selected must be a puppet of the White House and Wall Street. Little Panama means big guns to American militarists. Panama, at the same time, politically, is connected with the present conflict in Nicaragua.

Pre-election excitement is becoming rife in Panama. Four "opposition" leaders are in jail charged with threatening the "liberal" candidate. That the insurgents are receiving the sympathy of the United States is proved by their insistence on marine intervention. Though the candidate they oppose is a former employe of the United Fruit Company and a tried vassal of imperialism, their slogan is: "Intervention or revolution!" That is to say intervention of marines.

U. S. Controls All Panama Area.

It is the common belief that U. S. control is limited to the Canal Zone. In reality it includes a protectorate over the entire so-called republic of Panama definitely established by the written constitution of the republic. Panama is a part of the American Empire. Everything that happens there is by the instigation of imperialist agents.

One of the candidates for the presidency, representing the Porrista Party, is a decendant of an American family, Jorge E. Boyd now in the United States undoubtedly getting the approval of his U. S. masters. It is the representatives of the Porrista Party who are asking for marine supervision of the Panama elections.

The Porissta Party derives its name from Belisario Porras, a former president. The present government of Panama is all that Kellogg could wish in the way of a rubberstamp; yet in trying to win power the Porristas outdo Chiari the present president of Panama, in the lickspittle act.

Wall St. Officials Rule.

Panama is comfortably in the palm of Wall Street. Besides controlling the bootlicking officials there is always present a financial "adviser" to guard Wall Street's investors. There is a customs inspector; a railroad commission; a police inspector—every type of instrument for the effective administration of a colony.

Last month the National City Company purchased $12,000,000 of Panama bonds secured by the customs, liquor tax, stamp tax, and by liens on the annuity paid by the United States government for the use and occupation of the Canal Zone, and on the constitutional funds of the republic.

Panama was wrested from Columbia, to which it belonged before 1903, by President Roosevelt. Professor Pereyra, member of the Hague permanent court of arbitration calls the brigandage of the U. S. "the most formidable scandal of American diplomacy."

Military Stronghold.

Now Panama is the key to the American military machine. It is not impregnable, which is one of the reasons the marines are trying to insure the right of U. S. bankers to build another canal through Nicaragua. As war looms on the horizon, the iron bands that are riveted to Panama are welded tighter, and a new bond is put on Nicaragua. The Chicago Tribune (Oct. 5, 1927), rabid organ of imperialism, urges the further militarization of Panama.

"The Panama Canal should be made as nearly impregnable as lies within the power of military and naval engineers. It should be made another Gibraltar, with guns of the longest range and heaviest caliber, amply fortified, with great naval docks at either end, with flying fields and planes numerous enough to ward off any conceivable attack from the air, and with a land force large enough to man the fortifications and to constitute a mobile body capable of repelling invasion. It is essential that the troops expected to serve in Panama should be located there in numbers. . . The Panama canal should be armed now."

Kellogg Peace Liar.

It should be kept in mind that the Panama canal is heavily armed now. Plans have already been drawn up for a $4,000,000 aerodrome in the Panama district. Work will start soon.

The insitence on heavier armament in Panama, and the recent heavy contribution by Congress to the army and navy, belie louder than canon shots Kellogg's peace-war maneucers.

War and Business Interests.

The entire Caribbean area is considered by the United States as an American lake. To the military authorities it is an important unit of defense and offense; to Wall Street, it is a rich source of exploitation. With the war danger a live issue, Panama, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Honduras, Guatemala,—in fact the entire sector in the Caribbean becomes more and more a naval and military reserve. With U S. financial penetration of Latin-America growing by leaps and bounds, this territory is contemplated as a private door-step for American entry into the rich hinterland of South America.

The United States has no opposition to the present government in Panama, or to the candidate of the Party in power, Arosamena, who has amply proved his fitness as an employee of American investors. Whichever way the coin falls Wall Street wins. The agitation for intervention is just a vicious means of proving the necessity for United States mastership of these colonies.

Told You

IT is one darned thing after anoth for harassed Jimmy Walker, dapper little mayor and marath traveler. Barely had he recov from the socialist charge that dances too much and attends races instead of attending to business of his bourgeois mast when he received a report from C missioner of Police Warren there was an $18,000 deficit in treasury of the Glee Club, the mu sical auxiliary of the New Yo police department.

• • •

WHY so much fuss should be ma over the trifling sum of $18,0 is beyond our understanding. these days of sewer graft and slu funds amounting to millions should be beneath the dignity of city official to take cognizance of trifling indiscretion like the embezzlement of $18,000.

• • •

SENATOR OWEN of Oklahoma has bolted the democratic ticket because he says Governor Smith, by reason of his environment, is qualified for the exalted position president of these United States. The senator continued that he cou not support Smith any more th he could "a representative of Vare machine of Pennsylvan What a fraud the Oklahoma sen is? Owen has declared for H and it so happens that senator is the pure mortal who fo hand of secretary of the Mellon and put the Pennsylvani delegation in the Hoover colum the Kansas convention. A p on the lot of them.

• • •

A HIGH-SALARIED salesman went into a New York department store a few days ago and when he departed a pair of unpaid gloves went along with him. A lynx-eyed store detective tapped him on the shoulder and his arrest followed. The value of the gloves was put at $1.95. Whether the salesman took the gloves with malice aforethought not we cannot say, but detectives employed by stores to watch out talkative people oftentimes p articles on prospective custo and then arrest them. A detec is about the lowest thing in human scale.

• • •

WHEN Mrs. Mary C. Booze, Negro Republican National Committeewoman from the State of Mississippi attended the meeting of the Republican National Committeewomen Washington a few days ago, thing happened which should the eyes of those Negroes who believe that the G. O. P. of today freed them from chattel slavery. Mrs. Booze was as welcome at the meeting as a cat in a mouse hole. The republican ladies were exceedingly embarrassed by her presence until a resourceful reporter induced Mrs. Booze to leave her associates in order to get a separate picture. she returned the republican were missing.

• • •

THERE is no differnece bet the attitude of the repub and democratic parties toward Negroes. The democrats re them the vote in the South, Jim-Crow them and lynch them, republicans whose votes in southern states could be hidden a waste basket make a big show friendliness to the Negro for sake of the northern Negro vote But the action of the republican national committeewomen shows clearly that the democratic party has no monopoly on hatred of the Negroes.

• • •

MARCUS GARVEY, thru his the "Negro World," has dorsed Al Smith for the preside Garvey claims that Al is a be friend of the Negroes than Hoo But Garvey is no fool and he kn that the democratic party is the torical party of chattel slavery that the blacks in the South are freer today than they were bef the civil war, except, perhaps, fr to starve. They are not permit to vote and on the eve of the democratic convention in Houston, Texas a Negro was lynched within gunshot of the city and no responsible democratic leader uttered a word of protest. How much did Marcus get for the sell-out?

• • •

SPEAKERS for Garvey's organization hold forth on the streets of Harlem night after night, firing their hearers with words of hate against the "white man," worker as well as capitalist. But here we see the hypocrisy and dishonesty of those misleaders of the Negro masses shown up in the light of day endorsing the white capitalist politicians, a political party that treats the Negro race like the dirt on the street. This latest act of the charlatan Garvey should open the eyes of the Negro workers, those of them who are not already wise to him.

• • •

THE papers publish as news the report that the state Federation of Labor would support Al Smith when it meets next month. This is almost like saying that Tammany Hall would endorse Tammany Hall. The New York trade union movement is in Tammany's pocket and will take orders. It is said that Al intends to send the New York labor fakers all over the country enlisting the trade unions on his side. This should be a good year for labor leaders who look on the trade union movement as something to loot and barter for personal favors and emoluments.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

NATIONAL EDITION

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236 NEW BEDFORD PICKETS SENTENCED TO 60 DAYS

CHINA WORKER PEASANT ARMY MAKES BIG GAIN

Advances Steadily in Chang-sha Drive

HONG KONG, July 31.— The Chinese Red army of 10,000 workers and peasants today was within 40 miles southeast of Changsha, with the capture of the city of Li Long. The worker-peasant army has been steadily advancing for the past twenty-four hours. Risings of farmers and workers against the war lords have invariably occurred in advance of the arrival of the Red troops.

Stirred by the steady success of the Red troops the workers of Canton are said to be on the verge of a revolt against the Kuomitang war lords. Additional reinforcements have been rushed against the workers by tha Kuomintang war lords to no avail.

Fear of the Red troops has resulted in a continuation of the executions of workers on a large scale by the Cantonese authorities.

EVIDENCE SHOWS CLERICAL GUILT

Mexican Police Seek to Blame Labor

MEXICO CITY, July 31.—Reiterated denial by Jose de Lecn Toral, slayer of Obregon, that anyone but himself was responsible for the assassination marked today's developments. At the same time the police in a formal statement declared that both Sister Concepcion Acevedo de la [illegible], a nun now under arrest, and Manuel Trejo, a member of the Mexican Federation of Labor, were indirectly involved, in spite of the fact that the statement contains almost specific evidence that Obregon's death was due to a clerical plot.

There is some reason to believe that the police, under the pressure of reactionary forces, are seeking to implicate some weak-kneed labor leaders in the crime in order to provide the basis for an attack upon the working class itself and the trade unions.

The nun declared that she had no part in influencing the young slayer, although it was in the convent of which she is mother superior that the plot was hatched to kill Obregon.

The police statement further declares that the nun has admitted that she may have "told Toral that religious difficulties would end with the death of Obregon, Calles" and others.

Notwithstanding this apparently clear confirmation of the first reports of clerical guilt, the police are still hesitant about making a formal report on the killings, the reason being, it is believed, that the pressure of reaction is weighing heavily on the Calles government.

ENGLISH TORY SPLIT LIKELY

LONDON, July 31.—A disagreement in policy on the protective tariff threatens to split the Conservative Party at the meeting of the cabinet tomorrow as the two factions led respectively by Baldwin and Winston Churchill on one side and William Joynson Hicks on the other refuse to concede their position.

The Baldwin-Churchill faction are opponents of a protective tariff and Joynson-Hicks, who has a considerable tory following in the parliament, calls for the use of the tariff to "safeguard" the iron and steel industry and repair the depressing economic condition of the country.

USSR PROTESTS RUMANIA TRICK

MOSCOW, July 31. — Foreign Commissar Tchitcherin today cabled a protest to the Rumanian government against the sale of 200 ships and other property belonging to the Soviet Union.

[illegible] of this property, the pro[illegible], would give the Soviet [illegible] the right to use the [illegible] high-handed methods in regard to Rumanian property in the [illegible].

Communist Election Drive Opens in Chicago

RELIGION IS OPIUM FOR THE PEOPLE. A.A.A.A.
ПРОГОНИТЕ БОГОВ С Н КАПИТ[illegible]
BANISH [illegible]
AND CAPITALISTS FROM EARTH

The picture shows workers selling literature at the opening of the presidential campaign in Chicago. The group pictured is the Russian branch of the American Association for the Advancement of Atheism. (Photo by M. Stolar, Chicago)

MAYOR OF PITTSTON BARS MINE MEETING

(By Anthracite Correspondent)

PITTSTON, Pa., July 31.—Mayor Gillespie of this town forbids Local No. 1703 of U. M. W. of A. to hold its meeting, because "the colliery is now in operation and that there is no necessity for a special session."

The meeting was called for the purpose of ousting grievance committee who agreed to resume work on the company terms.

Terrorize Miners.

This morning, a cordon of 22 state police, 10 deputy sheriffs, the chief police and the entire Pittston police force patrolled the highways leading to Colliery No. 6 of the Penn. Coal Co. which is located in Inkerman. This was done to terrorize miners to go back to work and to prevent the rank and file leaders from carrying on agitation among the miners.

The police used their clubs freely, preventing miners from gathering in groups, and in this way they succeeded in forcing miners to go back. Earlier this morning, Chas. Licata, an officer of Local 1703 was arrested for posting notices announcing the special meeting of the local union. He was released later in the day.

Plan Frame-Up.

During the whole day, state cossacks, city police and the entire police force divided in groups, invaded miners homes and searched for guns or other weapons. They arrested a few of the miners when they found a knife in the home of one of them, and kept them in the barracks. One is held under $1,000 bail.

This raid in the homes of the miners have stirred a general protest, but Mayor Gillespie, commenting on the raids said, "It was made just to show the lawless element that the authorities are not asleep and are on the job. It is rather pleasing to note that in a systematic search of the city no guns were found."

Evidently the only lawless element in Pittston is the police force that raids peaceful miners' houses at any time of the day or night without a permit or warrant, scaring the miners' wives and children by their invasion.

TROOPS SHOOT INDIA STUDENTS

55 Seriously Hurt In Clash

BANGALORE, India, July 31.—Fifty-five Hindus were seriously wounded and many others hurt here today when a regiment of lancers charged a crowd of 10,000 which was demonstrating before the British government offices

Three thousand students refused to attend the educational institutions in the city marched in a body to the foreign office. There they were joined by 7,000 of the inhabitants who were all aroused by the repressive methods of the British rulers of India.

When the crowd refused to disperse at the orders of the British officials, the regiment of Mysore Lancers was called in and they were ordered to charge into the crowd with fixed bayonets and drawn swords. The wounded were transported to hospitals for treatment.

POLISH FLIER KILLED.

BAGDAD, July 31 (UP).—Lieut. Kasimir Szalas, Polish army aviator, was killed when his Fokker monoplane crashed at the local airdrome today after a non-stop flight from Warsaw.

A. F. L. COUNCIL OPENS SESSION

Political Betrayal Is on Program

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ATLANTIC CITY, July 31.—Discussion on the presidential situation, it is understood, will form the chief topic on the program before the executive council of the American Federation of Labor which is to meet here for its opening session today.

It has been rumored that because of the division among the labor bureaucrats over the endorsement of Smith or Hoover, no choice will be announced for president. Matthew Woll is known to have had several secret conferences with Hoover recently and is fighting for the candidate who has just been exposed as the enslaver of the Liberian Negro masses in the interest of the Morgan-controlled Firestone rubber interests.

William Green, president of the Federation, on the other hand, has intimated that he would favor Smith following a secret conference held with the Tammany governor about two weeks ago in which Smith agreed to make a statement on injunctions.

CANADA NEEDLE MILITANTS MEET

Score Right Wing Record of Betrayal

TORONTO, July 31.—Disgusted with the several Internationals holding jurisdiction over the Canadian needle trades, and charging that in many cases they amount to company unions, the militant needle workers in Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg have commenced efforts to organize the thousands of unorganized workers into militant rank and file unions.

The Canadian Cloak and Dressmakers' Union, taking the lead to unify the work of organization has issued a call for a conference of new organizations and groups in the Canadian needle trades, to be held in Toronto on August 4 and 5. The call scores the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union for its policy of collaboration with the bosses, and for its long record of labor betrayal.

STEAL BIBLES FROM CHURCH.

LOGANSPORT, Ill., July 31.—Several men entered the Bass Lake Christian Church here last night and stole six bibles and 50 hymn books, the congregation reported to the local officers.

COMMUNNISTS OF ALL COUNTRIES TELL OF POLICIES

Lovestone Speaks for Party Committee

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., July 30.—Continuing his speech at the twelfth session of the World Congress of the Communist International, Evert, of Germany declared that reformist illusions among the workers represent a source of right wing danger for the Communist Party. The policy of the Communist Party has been in general correct, he said. Differences of opinion had existed, however, as for example in regards to the return of Brandler and Thalheimer but, since the ninth plenum of the Executive Committee of the Communist International all differences had been abolished. However, organizational action is being taken against the comrades who stand upon the basis of the Essen Party Congress decision.

Fractional struggles between groups who have no great differences of opinion make the consolidation of the party difficult. The struggle must be carried on against right wing deviations, but organizational measures must be the last resort.

The Communist Party is faced with great tasks as a result of the growing aggressiveness of the bourgeoisie against the workers and the Soviet Union. Unity is absolutely necessary. (Applause).

Comrades Strachov and Rust Briatin then spoke.

Following the address of Mechor, of Czecho-Slovakia, Losovsky, presi-

Continued on Page Two

IMPERIALISTS TO PARLEY IN PARIS

Chamberlain to Meet Kellogg

PARIS, July 31 (UP).—Secret negotiations, which have been conducted for the past two months, have resulted in a naval agreement between France and Great Britain, the foreign office announced today.

* * *

LONDON, July 31. — Austen Chamberlain accepted today the invitation extended to him by the French government to meet Kellogg and representatives of the other powers to sign the "Kellogg" pact in Paris on August 27, at the same time sending the text of the Franco-British naval pact to Kellogg.

Lloyd George, commenting on the Kellogg plan, said that unless it were followed by disarmament on the part of the powers the people would understand that they had been tricked and that the whole thing was "hum-bug".

In the meanwhile the naval pact entered into by England and France is still being kept seceret until "the naval authorities determine how much of it they want known."

Chambedlain explained in the house of commons that the naval pact was not an agreement as to definite reductions but essentially a "formula of principles."

* * *

BERLIN, July 31.—According to rumors circulated here the three day visit of Maxim Litvinov, Vice-Commissar of Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Union, has prepared the way for the initation of the U.S.S.R. to the anti-war conference to be held in Paris on August 27.

At the recent sessions of the preparatory disarmament commission at Geneva, the Soviet Union proposed complete and immediate disarmament. Its proposals were rejected by the powers.

New Bedford Strikers' Children With Pails for Food

The bayonets of the Massachusetts National Guard have been used by the textile barons and their allies, the authorities, to hold at bay thousands of men and women textile strikers. Hundreds have been jailed. Every form of police violence is being triedto crush the great strike. But all these measures are of no avail. The lines still form around the mills and the pickets sing "Solidarity" in their cells. Only hunger can crush the New Bedford strike. And this danger must be met with generous relief from workers everywhere. Recently the New Bedford relief area has been extended to cover the entire country. Rush money and supplies to the Workers International Relief, Room 2, 49 Williams St., New Bedford, Mass.

CALL WORKERS TO CLOAK MEET

To Launch Campaign to Build Union Aug. 8

"The hour has struck for the building of a union of the workers in our industry."

With this as a keynote, a statement has been issued by the National Organization Committee, calling upon all cloak and dressmakers to attend en masse the great mass meeting in Bronx Stadium Wednesday, August 8, which will launch a huge drive to organize the industry and build up a strong union of the workers.

Wretched Conditions.

Pointing out the unbearable conditions that now prevail in the cloak and dress industry, the statement appeals to every cloak and dressmaker to attend this historic gathering and to arouse his co-workers to join in the struggle for a union.

The statement follows:

"To all cloak and dressmakers!

"Brothers and sisters:

"Unite your ranks. Stand ready for the great work. The end to the domination of the clique in our union is approaching. Their false campaign has been broken by your resistance. The international and the bosses can no longer save their company union from annihilation.

"Get to Work!"

"Let us get to work. Let us mobilize. The hour has struck for the building of a union of the workers of our industry. Mobilize for

Continued on Page Three

Anita Whitney Aids Party Election Drive; Sends Check for $100

Anita Whitney of Oakland, California, member of the Workers (Communist) Party and militant battler against brutal capitalist rule in the state of California, sent a check for $100 to the Communist Party Election Campaign Fund for 125 books of Vote Communist stamps.

Comrade Whitney is a thorn in the side of California "justice," that "justice" that has kept Mooney and Billings and other innocent victims of capitalist hate in living tombs for the best part of their lives.

FIND ANCIENT SKELETON.

BELOIT, Wis., July 31.—What is believed to be the first complete skeleton of ancient man ever found in North Africa is being brought to Beloit by Paul Nesbitt, who lately finished a series of excavations in Algeria.

JAIL BENJAMIN AT COMMUNIST MEETING

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 31.—Herbert Benjamin, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party here, was again arrested last night when a group of police charged and brutally broke up a workers' outdoor rally that was being held on the corners of Marshall and Girard Aves. Police continued their suppression activities, which have been going on for the past few weeks, when they were sent out from the police stations in the vicinity to break up meetings of workers and to arrest the speakers.

Follows Flaini's Arrest

Only yesterday, Dominick Flaini, young militant trade union leader and member of the Young Workers (Communist) League in Philadelphia, was arrested for his activity in speaking at outdoor meetings of workers.

Benjamin was tried this morning on the flimsy and thinly-concocted charges of having obstructed traffic and for "breach of peace." After a short "trial," during which the judge acted as prosecuting attorney, a penalty of $10 fine and ten days in jail was given him.

Given 10 Days in Jail

Benjamin refused to pay the fine, and therefore immediately was taken to jail, where he will remain for the next ten days.

FISHWICK CREW WITH OPERATORS

Meet to Complete the Betrayal

CHICAGO, Ill., July 31.—While rank and file miners are seeking to hold together their forces to maintain an organized front against the attack of the operators on their wage standards and conditions, members of the discredited Lewis-Fishwick machine are meeting here with the operators to work out wage reductions under an "agreement" which will enable the operators to drive the miners back to work.

Illinois miners are preparing actively for the convention for a new mine union which is to be held in Pittsburgh on September 9.

CHARGE LABOR TRUST STEAL.

PITTSBURGH, July 31.—After a delay of two years officials of the alleged labor bank, the Brotherhood Savings and Trust Company, will be brought to trial this fall, charged with embezzlement of $320,000 of workers' savings.

GUARDSMEN TOLD TO SHOOT TO KILL

"You Have No Mother —No Sweetheart"

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 31.—Before leaving for the summer training camp at Ft. Wright, New York, the members of the National Guard here were told by the officers that they should be ready to return at any time for "duty" in New Bedford on account of the strike.

"My mother is one of the strikers," said one of the National Guardsmen. "What shall I do if I am called on to shoot?" The officer replied:

"In the military service, you have no mother—no sweetheart. If you are called upon to shoot, you shoot to kill. If there is any nonsense, you will be court-martialed."

The statement caused a wave of indignation among the men. Of the 88 men, 78 are textile workers and 70 are strikers.

The National Guardsmen did not make any reply for they did not wish a court-martial just for fun, but many of them declared privately that when they have any fighting to do it will be on the side of the workers.

USSR APPROVES CHUKHNOVKY ACT

Commends Refusal to Give Nobile Photos

MOSCOW, July 31 (UP).—The Russian Relief Committee approved today the refusal of Aviator Chukhnovsky of the Russian icebreaker Krassin to hand over to General Umberto Nobile films he took when he sighted two men of the dirigible Italia on the ice off Northeast Land.

Sighted Third Figure

Chukhnovsky sighted Captains Zappi and Mariano and they were rescued subsequently. But Chukhnovsky said also that he was certain he had seen a third figure prostrate on the ice. A third man had started out with Zappi and Mariano—Prof. Finn Malmgren, Swedish meteorologist of the Italia

Pictures Prove Claim.

Zappi and Mariano said they left him to die alone on the ice a month before they were rescued by the Krassin. Reports from the Krassin were that Zappi was wearing some of Malmgren's clothing and there were other confusing reports.

Chukhnovsky, insisting that he saw a third man with Zappi and Mariano, said he expected the pictures he had taken would prove whether he was right or wrong.

In refusing to give Nobile the originals of the film, the Relief Committee said Chuknovsky was right, for he had been ordered strictly, as had been other Russian rescuers, to retain all materials and data gathered.

STRIKERS DEFY BOSS COURT BY BAIL REFUSALS

Larger Line Forms at Whitman Mill

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 31.—Following an open revolt in the ranks of the small picket line of William Batty, president of the textile council, the police began preparations for mass arrests on the New Bedford Textile Union's line this evening.

Strikers drowned out McMahon, president of the U. T. W. with cries of "No Arbitration" when he attempted to put across a sell-out at a meeting yesterday.

The local jail is reported to be seriously overcrowded, with eight prisoners occupying a cell intended for one.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 31.—Hustled into court by armed guards while thousands of strikers cheered outside, 237 textile strikers, arrested for picketing the Whitman Mill yesterday, waived examination today and were sentenced to two months in jail. All appealed and their bail was fixed at $500, pending hearing before a superior court. All refused bail.

Fred E. Beale and Jack Rubinstein, strike leaders, received six month sentences at once and were placed in bail of $1,500 each. Beale was recently released after serving a month's sentence for activities on the picket line. Pelczar and Boshak Dawson, Marion Batelho and Maris Silvia, received sentences of three months and are held in $1,000 bail each.

Cheered On Way.

The strikers arrested yesterday were brought from the jail to the court in trucks in batches of thir[illegible]. Cheering crowds, assembled early in the morning to listen to the singing of the pickets in their cells, accompanied the trucks and were held back at the courthouse by the bayonets of the Massachusetts National Guard who are still patrolling the city.

The dock in the third-district court was utterly inadequate to hold the 150 prisoners whose cases had been held over from last week. What room there was, had been reserved by the authorities for the small group of Batty's pickets who were as usual were privileged with the first hearing.

The hundreds of arrested strikers of the New Bedford Textile Union were jammed into the spectators' benches. While the cheering outside continued, the court undertook to find out what it means to arrest a whole population.

All the arrested strikers pleaded not guilty and received their sentences in an atmosphere tense with excitement.

Parents Jailed.

In many cases both parents of a family are in jail.. One family of six small children walked miles to the jail, the oldest carrying a two months old baby in her arms.

While the sentences were being handed down in the court room, a line of pickets larger than yesterday undaunted by the previous night's arrests resumed picketing at the Whitman Mill. The police did not interfere, altho the resumption of picketing is in direct defiance of police orders.

The Textile Mills Committee yesterday issued a statement pointing out that the hysteria and desperation of the mill owners was never better seen than when mayor called in the national guard.

"By this time", the statement says, "it has become plain to everyone in the city that the mayor at the request of the mill owners is anxious for bloodshed. Last Saturday he issued a call to the police from other cities all over the state to come to New Bedford.

"At that time the stage was all set for shooting down the strikers and the mayor and the police were very disappointed that nothing had happened.

"Yesterday the mayor saw to it that something 'did happen,' rushing masses of police against the

Continued on Page Five

TAXI DRIVERS WIN.

VANCOUVER, B. C. (By Mail).—Taxi drivers working for the Yellow Cab Company have won wage increases. The taxi workers won at the same time the continuance of the union shop.

NEW EVIDENCE EXPOSES CENTRALIA FRAME-UP

Two Jurors, In Affidavits, Swear They Believed Jailed Militants Innocent

New evidence in the form of additional affidavits made by two other jurors in the case of the Centralia I. W. W. who are now serving terms in the Walla Walla, Washington, penitentiary, was yesterday produced to show the manner in which the frame-up against these lumber workers was carried through. They were convicted and sentenced despite the fact that many of the jurors believed the defendants to be innocent of the charges made against them by the prosecution it is revealed. The affidavits were yesterday made public by the national office of International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th Street, which is conducting an energetic campaign throughout the country for the immediate release of the eight prisoners.

The affidavits, made by the two jurors W. E. Inmon and E. E. Sweitzer, clearly expose the facts of the frame-up. They read as follows:

"W. E. Inmon and E. E. Sweitzer of Grays Harbor County, Washington, each for himself upon his oath says:

"That he was one of the jurors in the case of the State of Washington vs. Britt Smith et. al. tried in Grays Harbor County, at Montesano Washington, during the first three months of the year 1920, as an outgrowth of the Armistice day tragedy at Centralia, Washington, November 11, 1919; that during the consideration of said case by the jury, one Harry Sellers, one of said jurors, stated in the jury room in substance 'Every one of them is guilty and ought to be hung no matter what the evidence shows'; that the evidence showed, as affiants verily believe that all the defendants were in-

Continued on Page Three

Many Industries To Be Represented at New Jersey State Communist Convention

NEGRODELEGATES WILL BE PRESENT AT RATIFICATION

Nearing, Weisbord to Speak at Banquet

The Ratification Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party, to be held at 93 Mercer St., Newark, N. J., next Sunday, at which delegates from all over the state of New Jersey will ratify the candidates and platform of the Workers Party, will present a truly international scene. From the numerous textile mills, foundries and refineries which are to be found throughout the state workers will meet at Newark representing not only all trades and industries but also all languages. Among the delegates will be Lithuanians, Ukrainians, Hungarians, Poles, Russians, Italians, Germans, etc.

Negro delegates will voice their protests against the capitalist form of government which fosters lynchings and crystalize that protest into votes for the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Among the delegations which will endorse and support the Workers (Communist) Party in its election campaign will be those from Passaic, composed of textile workers, in whose minds are fresh the memories of the Passaic strike. From Passaic, as from Bayonne and other towns where industrial repression has been keenly felt by the workers, the largest and most militant delegations are expected. Among the delegates who have already signified their intention of being present at the convention may be found oil workers, textile workers, carpenters, machinists, painters and dock workers. Especially large delegations will be on hand from Perth Amboy, Passaic, Roselle, Clifton, Elizabeth, Bayonne, Jersey City, Newark, Garfield and Lodi.

On Saturday, August 4, at 8 p. m., all the delegates and many other workers will meet at the scene of the next day's convention and celebrate the opening of the election campaign in New Jersey for the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party at a Red Proletarian banquet. Besides good food, the workers present will hear Scott Nearing, Communist candidate for Governor, and Albert Weisbord, Communist candidate for U. S. Senator and leader of the Passaic strike.

The date of the Red banquet coinciding with the date of the opening of the last world war, it will be turned into a demonstration against the menace of a new world war and American imperialism. Delegates coming in to Newark from outlying points in the state will be provided with free overnight accommodations to bridge the gap between the banquet and the opening of the convention at 10 the next morning.

All workers or organizations, every shop, factory and refinery throughout the state is entitled to elect delegates to the banquet and the ratification convention. Organizations and shops which have not received the conference call are also asked to elect delegates.

STRIKE FILMS AT SOLIDARITY FAIR

Miners' Relief Affair to Last All Night

Workers will have the opportunity of becoming moving picture actors at the great Miners' Solidarity Fair at Pleasant Bay Park next Sunday when movies will be taken of the Solidarity Parade in which a large number of workingclass organizations will take part.

These movies will subsequently be shown throut the country, and workers will be able to see themselves on the screen. The taking of moving pictures of the Solidarity Parade is only one of the many unusual features that promises to make the Miners' Solidarity Fair the greatest proletarian picnic of the year.

Miners' Strike Film.

Another feature that is arousing great interest is the miners' strike film that will be shown for the first time. The exact nature of this film is being kept a secret, but all reports indicate that this movie will be decidedly of a unique sort.

Other Features Prepared.

Among the other numbers on the big program will be athletics and sports of all sorts, games and dancing. Starting early in the morning, the fair will last until late at night, giving every one of the thousands of workers who will be present an opportunity to enjoy him or herself to the full. Since the fair, besides being a social event, will also have as its purpose the demonstration of solidarity with the striking miners who have been waging a heroic struggle for 16 months, a large turnout of militant workers is expected.

WASHINGTON, July 30. (UP).—The Federal Radio Commission today named J. H. Dellinger, radio expert of the bureau of standards as its chief engineer.

DISCUSS POLICIES AT RED WORLD CONGRESS

Continued from Page One

dent of the Red International of Trade Unions, declared that the fourth congress of the R. I. L. U. had exposed all the deficiencies of trade union work. Decisions were unanimously adopted. Our opposition, however, showed itself, said the speaker, particularly in Germany and the United States.

The Fourth Congress decided to increase the struggle against the reformists and work for a united front chiefly from below, to carry on labor struggles when the reformists sabotaged; to strengthen the revolutionary unions, if necessary at the expense of the reformist unions; to organize the unorganized, to fight against expulsions and condemn the "unity at any price" policy.

The German right wing comrades attacked these decisions and in the United States the opposition came from the Central Committee of the Party, Losovsky said. There Pepper had set up the theory of the numerical growth of the American Federation of Labor and thus distracted attention from the urgent problem of organizing the unorganized into new unions.

France and Czecho-Slovakia have done the most to carry out the decisions but the work is going on slowly. For example in France ninety per cent of the workers are unorganized.

The German rights also attacked the Red International of Trade Unions on the question of strike strategy, the speaker said, putting up instead the slogan of "force the leaders," as the pressure could make fighters of reformists.

Our task is to replace reformists of the trade unions by proletarian fighters, who will take the lead in strikes and utilize them against the reformists and the bourgeoisie. The German rights want to wait until we have captured the trade union apparatus but that would be fatal for us.

The Fourth Congress did not decide on disruption but also opposed unconditional capitulation to the reformists. The forces of the Red International of Trade Unions are growing. Victory over the capitalists is certain.

The following comrades then addressed the congress, Li-kuang, of China, Lenski, of Poland; and Dombal, of the Peasant International.

Foster, of the United States, declared that the American bourgeoisie is trying to break the resistance of the workers by propagating reform plans which are nothing but utopias. These tendencies are dangerous.

Calls Analysis Short.

The speaker further declared that Bukharin's analysis of American imperialism is somewhat short. Foster considered that a detailed analysis of American imperialism is necessary in order to determine the correct policy for the American party.

"The majority of the Central Committee of the party has committed serious opportunist errors," the speaker went on, "it has overestimated the reserve forces of American capitalism, underestimated the present economic depression, underestimated the war danger and the aggressive policy of the United States in China, underestimated the radicalization of the masses, neglected to organize the unorganized and neglected to work amongst the women and the Negroes.

"The majority does not believe in the fighting spirit of the masses. The majority does not fight against the right wing tendencies because itself is pursuing a right wing policy. The Communist International must correct the party policy."

At the fourteenth session of the congress, Comrades Theng-kuang and Ulbricht, of Germany, spoke.

Charge Overestimation.

The latter attacked Evert, declaring that his attitude hindered the party from overcoming right wing deviations. He declared that Evert's speech was pessimistic, that it overestimated capitalist stabilization, particularly in Great Britain, that it overestimated the strength of the social democrats and contradicted Bukharin's analysis. The right wing danger and those who tolerate it in Germany must be overcome.

Lominadse then declared that Evert underestimates the significance of the Vienna insurrection, the British general strike and the electoral victory of the German Communist Party.

He declared that the failure of the German Communist Party is in not using sufficient organizational measures against the right wing. Pepper confuses still more the redicalization of the European working class and judges wrongly and pessimistically the prospects for a left swing in the American proletariat, the speaker stated. The American situation is ripe enough to apply the tactics which the ninth plenum determined for Britain and France.

The theses declare that the Canton insurrection was not a putsch and the Chinese comrades can answer Pepper and others who "warned" them of insurrection, in the words of Lenin, "as long as the possibility of victory exists, insurrection must be attempted."

Lovestone Points Out Errors

Lovestone, of the United States, then declared that the opposition wrongly accuses the majority in charging that the latter makes propaganda for American imperialism because it recognizes that American imperialism is still growing. The minority overestimates the present economic depression which is caused by rationalization and not by decline. The growth of American imperialism and its contradictions makes favorable ground for the work of the party.

What the opposition fails to see is the conection between the growing strength and the growing aggressiveness of American imperialism. We see the radicalization of the American workers but believe that this radicalization is not yet so general as the opposition thinks.

CAMPS ACTIVE IN MINERS' RELIEF

Unity and Nitgedaiget Have $1 Tax

A number of summer camps and resorts are giving active co-operation in the campaign to furnish relief for thousands of miners, their wives and children, it is announced by the National Miners Relief Committee at 799 Broadway.

Camp Nitgedaiget and Unity Camp, both co-operative institutions have during the past few weeks instituted a voluntary tax of $1 a week on the campers. Half of this tax goes to the National Miners Relief Committee and the other half to the Joint Defense. A large proportion of the guests at these two camps have gladly paid this $1 tax and the money turned over to the relief committee has been converted into food, shelter and clothing for the destitute miners and their families.

Wocolona Also Active.

Camp Wocolona, another co-operative camp, has been conducting collections almost every week. During the last weekend $123 was collected after an eloquent appeal by Rebecca Grecht, who was formerly an organizer in the strike fields.

A collection of $70 was recently made at Maud's Summer Ray, North Branch, N. Y. The committee making the collection consisted of Ethel Guskin, Helen Drester, Rose Marcus and Israel Wexler. One hundred dollars has been collected at the House of Joy, South Fallsburg, N. Y., and $33 at a summer resort at Woodbridge, N. J. All of these camps have promised to continue collection work.

ELECTION STAMP PROVES POPULAR WITH WORKERS

Proceeds for $100,000 Workers Party Drive

ORDERS are begining to pour into Communist campaign headquarters at 43 E. 125th St. for books of campaign stamps. These stamps printed in three colors with the Soviet emblem and the pictures of Foster and Gitlow, have caught the imagination of workers immediately.

In shops and factories, on railroads and even by radical seamen on board ships, the stamps are being pasted surreptitiously on walls and pillars, much to the chagrin of the bosses who sometimes contribute to the gayety of the workers by attempting to tear them off their sticking places.

Many Orders.

But the stamps, as is obvious, are printed on gum paper, and it is almost as hard for an infuriated boss to remove them as it is for workers to get a raise without the aid of a strong union and a militant struggle.

Not a piece of literature leaves the National Office of the Workers (Communist) Party without a VOTE COMMUNIST stamp. And the Workers (Communist) Party turns out no mean quantity of literature.

S. Essman, the secretary of the Rochester local of the Party, writes in for $20 worth of stamps.

A worker in a Passaic textile factory, with the memory of the great strike fresh in his memory, had a good look at the proletarian emblem of the first Workers' Republic and the presidential and vice-presidential candidates of the Party, and immediately got busy among his comrades to raise the price of ten books, eighty stamps to a book. He sent in ten dollars with the following letter: "Workers Party of America:

I am not a Communist yet, but I remember what the Communists did for us when we were in the long struggle against the mill bosses, backed by the Democratic and Republican Party politicians. From reading the Daily Worker I learned that Foster and Gitlow were working actively for us as well as the whole party. I never heard that Al Smith or Hoover raised a voice in our behalf. We were clubbed and arrested by Democratic and Republican policemen, convicted by Democratic and Republican judges and jailed by Democratic and Republican wardens. The textile workers of Passaic would be crazy to keep on supporting these capitalist parties. A great number of them will work and vote for the Communist Party in this election, and we will stick up so many stamps here before the campaign is over that the bosses will be cockeyed."

Subway Scenes.

This worker does not want his name published as it would mean immediate dismissal.

The writer observed a clever stunt in a subway train a few days ago. A passenger stuck a VOTE COMMUNIST stamp when nobody was looking in his direction, and after he gave it a chance to get a firm hold turned around and gazed at it with the greatest curiosity. The brakeman also got curious. I never saw one that was not. While the train was rattling on to the next stop he came over and scratched his head. "Who the hell are those birds?" he asked. It was anybody's answer, so the stamp-sticker, who also had a copy of the Daily Worker conspicuously displayed, gave him the necessary information in a good-natured, tolerant manner. The brakeman was puzzled why his passenger wouldn't vote for Al Smith but was shaken in his devotion to the fellow in the brown derby by the time he got to the end of the run. And he carried a copy of the Daily Worker with him.

The number of uses to which these VOTE COMMUNIST stamps can be put in helping to popularize the Communist candidates, the emblem of the Soviet Republic, and the Workers (Communist) Party are varied. Workers are urged to write their experiences in disposing of them to the Publicity Department, National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. These stories make good reading and "making" the stories is great fun.

The proceeds from these stamps will help to swell the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund. All funds for stamps should be addressed to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City.

NEARING SPEAKS AT CONFERENCE OF FEDERATION

Working Women Will Confer Thursday

Scott Nearing will speak on "The War Danger" at the second delegate conference of the New York Working Women's Federation to be held Thursday evening, August 2, at Labor Temple.

Women workers thruout the city, organized and unorganized, have been notified to attend the conference regardless of whether or not they can be sent officially to represent their shops or unions. In calling this conference, the federation has taken the initiative in launching a campaign among women workers to enlist them in the struggle against imperialism.

The threatening attack against the Soviet Union, gunboats in China, U. S. marines in Nicaragua, Haiti and the Philippines, and feverish preparations for war give the lie to the peace talk at Washington, the call for the conference declares.

Nearing will expose the causes of imperialist war, set forth the tasks before the working class in combatting the forces of imperialism and urge the need for working women to join with working men in organizing support for all colonial and semi-colonial peoples who bear the brunt of imperialism, it is announced.

The conference program includes time for discussion in order to give all delegates an opportunity to state their views.

Arrested Many Times for Picketing Mills

Augusto C. G. Pinto, shown in the picture has been arrested many times by the New Bedford police for picketing at the textile mills. He is one of the thousands of militant textile workers who have kept the ranks of the strikers firm since the beginning of the walk-out in spite of the increasing terrorism of the police.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, July 31 (UP)—A National Telegraphers dispatch from Natal said that the Savoia transatlantic airplane of Major Arturo Ferrarin and Major Carlo Del Prete, of the Royal Air Force, capsized in taking off today and was damaged so badly that it can not continue its flight southward to Buenos Ayres.

INCREASE PRICE OF OIL

PITTSBURGH, July 31 (UP).—The Joseph Seep Purchasing Agency announced a 15-cent increase today in the price of Somerset medium oil in Cumberland Pipe Line Company lines.

The new price effective today is $1.70 a barrel.

TREASURY BALANCE REPORT

WASHINGTON, July 31 (UP)—The treasury net balance for July was $130,351,106.53. Customs receipts this month to the 27th were $39843,473.37.

MORE MONEY FOR RAILROADS

WASHINGTON, July 31 (UP)—Increased compensation of about $15,000,000 a year for trunk line railroads transporting mail for the postoffice department was ordered today in a majority decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

In addition, a retroactive provision making the increases effective from July, 1925, gave the carriers about $45,000,000 in back pay.

POLISH STATUTE TAKES RIGHTS FROMPRISONERS

Politicals Treated as Criminals

WASHINGTON, July 31 (UP)—amnesty promised in Poland had not been granted and all hopes for the release of political prisoners had been disappointed the new prison statutes went into effect on July 1st.

No Rights.

Political prisoners in Poland have had until now certain rights and there was an understood difference between the treatment of criminal prisoners and them. In a certain number of prisons they were allowed to wear their own clothes, receive books and newspapers, allowed to take longer walks in the prison yard, and were supposed to be treated in a decent manner. These "privileges" were only granted after a ten year long battle. Hunger strikes were engaged in in order to procure these small privileges.

Persecuted.

According to the new statute all prisoners are to be dressed in the regular prison clothes, the right is taken away from them to receive books, they are forbidden to be together, and they can be forced to do any kind of work. The smallest resistance can be suppressed with the use of weapons.

In numerous mass meetings the Polish proletaria has protested against this latest blow of the fascist regime against the 6000 political prisoners. It is also important to note that workers of other lands have demonstrated their solidarity with the prisoners of Polish fascism in protest mass meetings.

DETROIT, Mich., July 31.—Steamfitters here have secured a union shop agreement and improved working conditions.

REMEMBER AUGUST 4TH, 1914
THE OPENING OF THE WORLD WAR!
FIGHT THE WAR DANGER!
PROTEST AGAINST
GUNBOATS IN CHINA
MARINES IN NICARAGUA
PLOTS AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION
Down With Capitalism—Breeder of Wars!
SPEAKERS:
Ben Gitlow, Robert Minor, M. J. Olgin, Phil Frankfeld, Albert Weisbord, Bert Miller, Richard Moore, John J. Ballam, Ben Gold, D. Benjamin, Ray Ragozin, Scott Nearing, Rebecca Grecht, Paul Crouch.
Mass Demonstration
Saturday, August 4 at 1 P. M.—Union Square, Near 17th St.
Auspices: Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League
26-28 Union Square

PHYSICAL and MENTAL RECREATION
Co-operative Workers
Camp Nitgedaiget
Beacon, N. Y.—Tel: Beacon 731

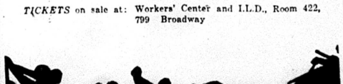
MASS PLAYS, mass singing, sports, such as baseball, soccer, football, tennis, etc. Social dancing, campfires, amateur nights, lectures, camp magazine and other recreations during the entire summer season.

A kindergarten with competent counselors for children whose parents stay in camp.

Don't drag any bundles.—You can get everything at moderate prices at the camp store.

REGISTER NOW for the New
Spacious and Airy Bungalows At:
OFFICE: 69 Fifth Ave. PHONE: Alg. 6900
2700 Bronx Park, East (Co-operative Workers Colony)
Rates: $17.00 Per Week
TRAINS LEAVE GRAND CENTRAL EVERY HOUR.
BOATS TO NEWBURGH—$1.50 ROUND TRIP

International Outing
To Aid Class War Prisoners and Their Families
Saturday, August 11, 1928
. PLEASANT BAY PARK, BRONX.
ATHLETICS—JAZZ BAND—OPEN AIR DANCING
GAMES—TORCH LIGHT PARADE—MASS
SCENE—REFRESHMENTS.
Movies Will Be Taken at the Park.
Admission 35 cents
Auspices: International Labor Defense
New York Section
DIRECTIONS: Take Bronx Park Subway or L to 177th St., then take Union Port Car to end of line.
Free busses to park.
TICKETS on sale at: Workers' Center and I.L.D., Room 422, 799 Broadway



FIRST SHOWING! FIRST SHOWING!
MINERS' STRIKE FILM
at the
Miners' Solidarity Fair
SUNDAY, AUGUST 5th,
PLEASANT BAY PARK
OTHER BIG ATTRACTIONS
ADMISSION, 35 CENTS
National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway

Vote Communist
W. Z. FOSTER for President
BEN GITLOW for Vice-President
Order a Bundle!
Let The DAILY WORKER help you in your Election Campaign Work.
Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.
Special price on Daily Worker bundles during election campaign.
$8.00 per thousand (regular price $10.00 per thousand).
Enclosed find $..........for........Daily Workers
Name ....
Street ....
City .... State ....

American Manager of Nicaraguan Mine Wants U. S. Troops to Leave the Country

WELL TREATED BY SANDINO'S MEN, HE SAYS

Charges Wall St. Is Cause of Invasion

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Through the Anti-Imperialist League the following letter was sent to the White House:

"Mr. Calvin Coolidge:
"President of the United States.
"Esteemed Sir:

"At the present time, I, along with 18 other American citizens am a prisoner of General Sandino. We request that you withdraw the American troops from Nicaragua permitting that country to administer its affairs as an independent government. While American troops remain in Nicaragua, neither our lives nor our property are safe. During the recent disturbances American lives and property were safe. Our present difficulties are a result of the maintenance of American troops in Nicaragua. All that General Sandino asks is that American troops be withdrawn and that Nicaragua be permitted to solve its political questions without foreign interference.

Treated with Respect.

"I left the mine of La Luz on the 8th of April, and I am glad to report that I have been treated with consideration and respect, I do not consider my life in danger on account of the forces of Sandino. Nevertheless, I am exposed to the same risk as he and his soldiers, in case of an armed attack or in case American airplanes bomb Sandino's troops. I am certain that if the American people were given a chance to decide that they would be in complete agreement with me, that it is a mistake to send troops to this country. And furthermore, I am convinced that the American people are not in favor with the policy towards Latin America of the present administration.

"There exist certain Wall Street interests who wish to obtain advantageous concessions and raw materials and want their interests protected by armed forces of the American government. Foreign capital not backed by marines, is well received here. I understand that the mine of La Luz has been worked here for over twenty years by an American company, and has passed through many revolutions, without the Americans being disturbed in any way. This is the first time that the Americans are being bothered.

"Trusting that you will give this letter the attention it deserves, I remain,

"(Signed) GEORGE MARSHALL,
"Administrator of the La Luz and
"Los Angeles Mining Company."

PORTUGAL LAW EXILES 'REBELS'

To Apply to All Anti-Government Actions

LISBON, Portugal, July 31.—The law passed by the Council of Ministers that metes out punishment to all those who attempt or "conspire to overthrow the government," decrees that deportation shall be the penalty.

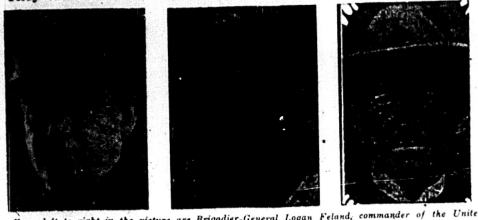
Workers here regard this new law with much apprehension since it can be turned against them in strikes and mass demonstrations as well as against those participating in the armed revolt of last week.

The participants in the uprising in Lisbon will be exiled to the island of Timor, in the Malay archipelago off Australia. The soldiers of the garrison will be sent to the African colonial service for three years.

Mexican Troops Rout Counter-Revolutionists

MEXICO CITY, July 31.—Federal soldiers dispersed 450 counter-revolutionaries near Los Volcanes Ranch, a Guadalajara dispatch to the Excelsior said today. No report of casualties was made. Five priests were said to be among the rebels. Seventeen counter-revolutionaries and five federal soldiers were killed in a smaller fight near Atenguillo.

They Will See That "Fair" Nicaraguan Election Turns Out Right



From left to right in the picture are Brigadier-General Logan Feland, commander of the United States marines in Nicaragua, Adolfo Diaz, hand-picked American president during the inter-regnum, and Frank F. McCoy, president Coolidge's special envoy to supervise the Nicaraguan vote. Preparations for the marine-controlled elections, in which it is alleged that the American state department has picked General Moncada as the successful candidadate, are practically completed.

EXPENSES FOR SOVIET STUDENT

Special Courses for Home Industry

By CLARINA MICHELSON.

LENINGRAD, July 11 (By Mail).—Although home industry in the U. S. S. R. is necessarily affected by the increased industrialization there are still many workers engaged in it, mostly in addition to their other work. There are even whole villages which engage only in home industry. This work commands good prices and is in great demand outside the U. S. S. R.

In Leningrad a large building houses a School for Home Industry, started in 1924, where 309 students, from 16 to 30 years, study linen making, lace making, wood carving, metal work, tapestry making, etc. The four-year course brings workers from all over the U. S. S. R. They are given food, clothing, some money each month and are lodged in a special dormitory near the school. In connection with the school is a museum where are shown specimens of all the home industries from the time of Peter the Great to the present day.

CHICAGO PICNIC TO HEAR GITLOW

Election Drive Now in Full Swing

CHICAGO, Ill., July 31.—Labor and fraternal organizations from all parts of the city of Chicago met last night at a big conference to arrange plans whereby they could all co-operate in making the coming Illinois Campaign Picnic a huge success. Representatives and the membership of the Workers (Communist) Party, the Young Workers (Communist) League, the various trade organizations and sports organizations in the city, all sympathetic to the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign, attended the meeting.

After the meeting, at which all the organizations present pledged their support to the Campaign Picnic and to the party election campaign, a proposal to invite Benjamin Gitlow, candidate for vice-president of the United States on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, to address the workers at the Campaign Picnic was made.

The invitation will be forwarded to Gitlow immediately. It is almost certain that Gitlow will accept.

Gitlow has already arranged to speak at the Connecticut State Picnic for the election campaign which will be held at Hartford on August 19.

According to all present indications, the Chicago workers have thrown themselves heart and soul into the fight to place the names of the Workers (Communist) Party candidates on the state ballot in the fall. Petitions and circulars calling upon the workers of Illinois to vote for a ticket of the workers are now being circulated throughout the state. Illinois workers are also preparing for active participation in the Indiana and Missouri state election campaign drives.

Police Raid Offices of Irish Revolutionaries

DUBLIN, July 31.—A group of detectives carried out a raid on the editorial offices of the Irish national revolutionaries' newspaper "The Republic," which lasted for hours. They searched for material on the activities of the national revolutionaries.

When the raid brought no results the detective squad searched the entire building of the newspaper's press for manuscripts that they wished to withold from publication. This likewise had no result.

The homes of many national revolutionaries have also been raided and a number arrested.

5 MORE INDICTED IN CHASER GRAFT

Legalized Intimidation Aim of "Inquiry"

The New York County Grand Jury yesterday returned indictments against four more attorneys involved in the so-called ambulance-chasing inquiry, which is drawing to a close now.

Those indicted are Morris Cohen of 132 Nassau St.; Abraham Oberstein of 119 Nassau St., and a former clerk of his, now being sought for his connection with the ambulance-chasing activities; and Louis M. Phillips and Nathan Gordon, both of 299 Broadway.

The charges against the men are forgery and grand and petty larceny.

The inquiry, held originally at the instigation of several corporations of the city in an effort to effect a decrease in the number of suits continually filed against them by workers injured through their negligence, has succeeded in intimidating the workers to such an extent that the suits, according to a statement of the big corporations, have fallen off by more than 50 per cent. since the so-called investigation was begun.

THIRTY JAPANESE FOUND ENSLAVED

'Owner' Seeks Kidnaped Workers

HOQUIAM, Wash., July 31.—Thirty Japanese laborers, employed here by Donald W. Lyle, wood pulp contractor, were attacked last night by a group of over forty men, who broke into the bunkhouses which the contractor had given them as sleeping quarters, loaded the Japanese workers forcibly into trucks and started in the direction of Tacoma.

One of the trucks went into a ditch near Tacoma, and the workers who had been imprisoned in it escaped. They are believed to be in hiding somewhere in the vicinity of the accident, frightened not only by this last act of intimidation and oppression, but also by many other similar acts perpetrated on their race by white bosses in the past.

Lyle, the owner of the plant at which they were employed, has left for Tacoma to claim the Japanese as his property.

Statements from several Japanese organizations in the vicinity brand the act as an attempt to create a virtual system of ownership over the Japanese workers. Acts of this sort have been frequent occurrences in the region, and the white owners of factories and plantations are treating the Japanese laborers as slaves.

Machado Delegates to Go to Kellogg's Parley

HAVANA, Cuba, July 31.—President Machado of Cuba has sent a formal acceptance of the invitation to the western hemisphere "peace" conference that is to be held on December 10 to Kellogg.

Machado will send Dr. Antonio Sanchez de Bustamante, chairman of the Sixth Pan-American Conference, and Dr. Orestes Ferrara, ambassador to Washington, to represent the United States department and Machado at the conference.

DEATH LOOMS IN ITALIAN PRISON

Torture Brings Serious Illness

GENEVA (By Mail).—Immediately after sentence was passed on the Communists in the recent trial before the special tribunal in Rome they were transferred to various prisons. Until now it was not known where the prisoners were sent.

According to latest reports, however, it is known that Terracini, who had been sentenced to 22 years in prison, was transferred to "Santo Stefano." This prison, in which the worst criminals are placed, is the worst prison hole in Italy. Terracini, who has been behind bars since the spring of 1926, became seriously ill.

At the trial in Rome he already showed that he had suffered from mishandling that led to his illness. In the hell-hole of Santo Stefano, Terracini's condition grows worse every day. It is feared that in a short time the same will happen to him as happened to many others imprisoned by Mussolini.

CALL WORKERS TO CLOAK MEET

To Launch Campaign to Build Union Aug. 8

Continued from Page One

the decisive struggle for a union of the rank and file, under the leadership of the National Organization Committee.

"The unbearable sweat-shop system which destroys our lives must be fought against. The organization campaign must be carried through immediately. The union of cloak and dressmakers must once more establish its control in the cloak and dress industry. Enough suffering. Enough fear. Enough sighing under the whip of the triple alliance of the bosses, the underworld and the union traitors. Get to work to organize the union. Let us begin to establish union conditions.

Spread Message.

"This is the great task before us. You cannot permit yourselves to be stifled in the sweat-shops like mice in a trap. You must take up the struggle in defense of your life interest. You must organize your union. Spread this call of the National Organization Committee in every shop, in every sweat-shop, everywhere where cloak and dressmakers slave. Tell them that the signal for organizing a union of the workers has been sounded. Awaken them! Rally them to the organization meeting at the Bronx Stadium right after work on August 8, which will mark the beginning of the campaign to build the union.

"Bring your complaints about the open shops you work in, or the so-called union shops where conditions have been wiped out to our office at 16 W. 21st St. Call your fellow-workers to join with you in the struggle to establish a union. Arouse them from their indifferences. Root out submission and fear from the hearts of your co-workers and shopmates. Make clear to every worker, young or old, that he has nothing to lose, but has a union to gain that will fight for the improvement of your conditions.

"Forward to the meeting at the Bronx Stadium!

"Forward to a union of the workers!

"NATIONAL ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE,
"Louis Hyman, Chairman."

200 Weavers Strike Against $5 Wage Cut

HARTFORD, CONN., July 31 (FP).—Two hundred Bigelow-Hartford Carpet Co. weavers walked out of the Thompsonville plant when wages were cut $5 a week.

SOFIA, July 31.—The worker deputy, Abraham Stoyanoff, who spoke against the abuse of justice by the Bulgarian courts and its use against the workers was ousted from the senate for a period of three sessions.

PRISON MURDERS ROUSE ITALIAN WORKING CLASS

Anti-Fascist Is Found Hanging in Field

GENEVA, (By Mail).—The latest deaths in the Florence prison, Murate, have roused the Italian working class to tremendous protest.

The Communists Alfredo Marencelli, Shorsi, Poli and an unknown Polish prisoner died following fearful mistreatment. In the same prison the Italian Communist Targioni is now a raving maniac, having lost his reason after being tortured. In the Santo Stefano prison the sick Communist leader Terracini is slowly collapsing.

News of another murder has also leaked past the Italian frontier. A few weeks ago the body of a man was found hanging from a tree in an open field. It was the body of an anti-fascist from Fiume, who was first choked and then hanged to create the impression that he had committed suicide. The officials naturally kept this strictly secret. The relatives of the murdered Serdos were not even permitted to know the details of his burial or where he was buried. Urged on by the relatives of Serdos, the city officials of Fiume attempted to have the body transfered to the native city for re-burial but the request still remains unanswered.

The officials have made no investigations into the murder of Serdos. Under the rule of Mussolini the death of an anti-fascist is not worthy of investigation, on the contrary it is hailed as a "patriotic and heroic deed."

News of the murder of Serdos has aroused the protest of the anti-fascists of Fiume and Trieste, where he had many friends and followers.

U. S. STEEL PAYS RECORD DIVIDEND

Declares $2.75 or 11% On Stock

A dividend of $2.75 per share for the second quarter of the year, or at the rate of about 11 per cent, was yesterday announced by the United States Steel Corporation in a report showing earnings for the quarter of $46,932,986.

Higher prices for its steel products coupled with a larger volume of business, probably resulting from its recent merger with the Bethlehem Steel Corporation and the consequent monopolization of the market and the rising of its prices, were responsible for its record earnings.

The net earnings for the first quarter of the year were $40,934,032. These net returns are available for dividends on common stock and represent the surplus after salaries are paid to oficials and dividends are paid on preferred stock, interest is paid on bonds and large sums are set aside for depreciation and sinking funds.

The workers of the large open-shop steel corporation, which is a Morgan-controlled concern, are among the lowest paid in the country and work under the most taxing and dangerous conditions.

Where Chinese Reactionaries Murder Workers

The picture shows the execution grounds at Canton. Here hundreds of workers, men and women, have been executed by the war-lords. The latest murders were those of seventeen workers arrested in the recent terrorism.

BARE FACTS IN CENTRALIA CASE

Victims Innocent, Two Jurors Swear

Continued from Page One

nocent and not guilty and that not one of said defendants, Loren Roberts, Bert Bland, O. C. Bland, Eugene Barnett, John Lamb, James McInerney, Ray Becker and Britt Smith, killed, injured, wounded or harmed anyone; that these affiants and each of them, believed that in the event of a hung jury, a new jury would have been called and in the face of the hysteria that then existed, innocent men might have been hung; that rather than have this happen these affiants believed that it was to have a second degree verdict against seven defendants and acquit two, thus leaving the two free to work for the release of the others and leaving an opportunity to spread the truth; that in the event of another trial and these affiants were to sit as jurors in this case and were permitted to receive in evidence what they now know, their verdict for each and all said defendants would be 'Not Guilty' and no power or influence could induce them to return a verdict of Guilty in any degree."

(Signed) "W. E. Inmon.
(Signed) "E. E. Sweitzer."

The Centralia Liberation Committee, a body representing varied elements in the movement for the prisoners' release and in which the International Labor Defense, is one of the most active forces is continuing a vigorous agitation for the incarcerated men.

WOMEN STRIKERS JAILED.

CHENGAIL, India, (By Mail).—At the beginning of July a number of women strikers at the Ludlow jute mill were asked to see the manager. A number of their comrades followed them.

These women refused to accept soothing verbal assurances from the manager, who thereupon became threatening. When the women started to talk to him they were hustled out of the room by mill officials and the police.

Seven were arrested; a number were dragged by their hair out of the mill. Some sustained serious injuries; an old women of 60 was carried unconscious to hospital.

U.S. PRUDISHNESS NEW IN HISTORY

Greek Classic Barred From America

BALTIMORE, Md., July 31.—Evidence has just been discovered that the prudishness of the American government is something new in history, and would have aroused the indignation of the Ancients.

After having circulated for 1,500 years, the story of Daphnis and Chloe, a Greek love classic known to students thruout the world and not even objected to during the Dark Ages of church rule and superstition, has been marked "taboo" by the American authorities.

A translation of the story published in England was held up here by the customs officers on the ground that it would "corrupt morals" of the innocent Americans.

BUILD MICHIGAN PIONEER CAMP

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 31.—Registration is now going on for the second week of the Pioneer Camp for workers' children, at Cooperative Lake.

During the first week a model group was demonstrated and the children learned many valuable lessons in cooperative living and experimenting besides conducting an interesting sport and educational program.

All workers are urged to send their children or donate contributions for the Camp to 211 Monroe, Room 209, where registration is going on at all times.

MACHADO TERROR AGAINST LABOR GROWS IN CUBA

Communists Sought as "Conspirators"

HAVANA, July 31.—A campaign to persecute Communists and militant workers was started here today when Cuban secret service men raided working class districts and radical centers in a search for Communists, whom, they allege, are implicated in the plot to assassinate Gen. Gerardo Machado, president of Cuba.

According to reports released from the police headquarters one "suspect" has already been arrested, Miguel Gonzales, who is alleged to have in his possession documents implicating a number of Communists.

It is generally believed here that the Machado regime will take this opportunity to arrest and persecute as many Communists as possible, under the pretext of discovering those implicated in a plot to assassinate the president.

Those having already had experience with Machado justice, do not think that any of the Communist, "suspects" will escape unscathed.

WORKERS ON CITY DAM IN WALKOUT

Strike Against 10-Hour Day, Low Wages

FITCHBURG, Mass. (By Mail).—Unable longer to endure the long hours, low pay and unbearable working conditions, workers on the city's new reservoir dam have walked out in a body. The strikers demand a reduction of hours from ten to nine and a pay increase from 40 to 50 cents an hour.

The strikers' ranks are holding firm despite the threats of coercion being made by the city government. Efforts to resume work on the reservoir dam with the aid of scabs have thus far met with little success.

Production of Color Films to Start Soon

ROCHESTER, July 31 (UP).—The new Kodacolor films which will make colored motion pictures available for Cinekodak users will be offered to the public immediately, according to officials of the Eastman Kodak Company.

Production of the film is not yet in full swing, it was said. A limited number of deliveries will be made within the next few days.

$100,000

To fight the mighty Wall Street Powers with their millions. Send your contribution at once to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer.

STELTON, N. J.

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The Daily Worker
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FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 8:30 P. M.

This concert will be the event of the year and should not be missed by anyone.

All of the proceeds will go to the support of our revolutionary working-class newspaper

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Rank and File Union Demanded at Pittston Meet, Mine Correspondent Writes

HANdOuTS

The type of mendacity emitted by preachers when they tell the worker he is a lucky dog under capitalism and if he has hard luck not to worry because he'll be happy after he's dead, is common. But the Rev. Thomas Whelpley, Presbyterian, stepped a little out of line. He hired out as a taxi driver. The capitalist press has been filled with lurid tales of incidents that were supposed to have transpired in his cab, but which are not believed by any except the most gullible. He told of one woman who jumped into his cab and said: "Drive me to Hell." Another, who shouted: "Turn around. Turn around! Don't you hear? Go back. Damned if she'll get him. He's mine." The Rev. Whelpley is one of the few taxi drivers who have managed to keep from starving at the business and he had to sell fiction to the yellow capitalist press in order to do it.

* * *

Rare Byrd

Above is Commander Richard E. Byrd being handed a gold medal by Captain Andre La Fond for the recent flight which he attended between the U. S. and France. (There are birds and birds. This one has far more of the prudence of the hen than the daring of the eagle. Whenever he gets a new plane he has workers test it for him for a few weeks and then when it's proved as safe as a goat cart with four wheel brakes he calls up the newspaper photographers and is seen to climb in. The capitalist class does everything it can to encourage aviation and spectacular flights so that every boy in the U. S. will want to be an aviator and, when the war comes, go out and get shot through the B. V. D.'s with a piece of shrapnel and become a hero. Byrd's field is the Arctic. He flies out into the cold, discovers some new kinds of snow and returns and tells everybody he cut his initials in the North Pole and if you don't believe him you can go out and ask the icebergs.

* * *

Queen Marie of Rumania was reported last week to be planning another tour of the United States next winter. Prime Minister Bratianu had a short conversation with her after which she announced in the press "Certain premature reports of her majesty's plans are totally unfounded." The Rumanian government doesn't believe that the kind of publicity the queen received on her last trip will either add to her reputation or aid the Rumanian government in its torture or exploitation of the workers.

Gems of Learning

Rev. Norman Thomas, archbishop of the Socialist Party—"In contrast with the old parties and their leaders we have a definite program on all . . . progressive issues. We mean to bring about an integrated system of power development and distribution by public authorities, federal, state and municipal, for the use of farmers and city dwellers and not for the profit of bankers and trust magnates who have successfully made regulation a joke." This proposal successfully makes a joke out of a well known preacher.

John Wanamaker. "From the Founder's Writings — "There are many men and more women than men who are obliged to work too hard. But they are not to be pitied as much as the women and men who do not work at all." If the boss offers to pay you your wages and let you work not at all, organize a strike and demand twelve hours a day.

Judge Sidney Ballou, Executive Secretary of the Sugar Institute—"The only comment the sugar institute desires to make . . . is in reference to the statements that price changes have been made by refiners 'virtually as a body,' 'acting in unison' or as a 'joint action.' These statements are wholly unwarranted. Neither the sugar institute nor the members acting jointly exercise any control over the price of sugar. That price was made exactly as it was made before the formation of the institute, by some one refiner taking the lead, either in an advance or a decline, and the other members following or not following, according to their individual judgment." Its just great good luck for the sugar refiners that the price happens to be uniformly the same and uniformly high.

14 KILLED IN CRASH.

AUGSBURG, Germany, July 31 (UP).—At least fourteen persons were reported killed and 20 seriously injured today, when an express train collided with a freight between Dinkelscherben and Swabia.

POLICE ATTEMPT TERROR TACTICS AT GATHERING

McGarry 'Victory' Will Be His Destruction

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PITTSTON, Pa. (By Mail).—Pittston, in District No. 1 of the United Mine Workers of America, has been known as the center of militancy, where miners and mine workers put up a fight against the coal companies, contractors and their servants, the reactionary union officials. Cappellini came from Pittston. He came to power as district president by giving lip service to the mine workers who fought for elimination of the contractor system and for establishment of union conditions in the mines of the Pennsylvania coal companies. Cappellini betrayed the miners during his period as district president. He served the contractor system and the Cappanies. The miners of Pittston once more came to the fight against the contractor syste mand the Cappellini-Lewis machine. McGarry became a president of the district, elected by the insurgent convention, which declared for the elimination of the contractor system, elimination of the coal companies' influence and corruption in the union, and for equalization of work.

Miners and mine workers in collieries No. 9 and No. 14 of the Pennsylvania Coal Company, in Pittston, have been on strike for the past few days, demanding recognition of the newly elected officials of the local unions and for seniority rights of mine workers as the company began to practice giving work to the men whom it brings from other places to replace the local miners. The company practically declared a lock-out. In colliery No. 6 (Local No. 1703) worked only 36 days since January. This colliery is also locked out. The miners under the leadership of the Save-the-Union movement put up a demand for a general strike under the Pennsylvania Coal Company to force the company to eliminate the contractor system and establish union conditions. A resolution to that effect was presented by James Lamarca and seconded by Charles Licata in Local No. 1703. McGarry tabled the motion. Then the question came up in the general body. It was defeated by the manoeuver of the McGarry faction.

The miners did not give up the fight and mobilized their forces once more in an effort to declare a general strike. At the meeting of the general grievance committee of the Pennsylvania Coal Company held this Saturday, July 28, delegates under the leadership of Sam Licata put up a stiff fight for a general strike. Hundreds of miners assembled in and around the hall, discussing the matter and expressing their willingness to fight, pressing a general strike. Pittston police with black-jacks continuously dispersed the crowd and ejected from the hall those whom McGarry disliked. Sergeant Tom Reddington threatened to break up the meeting, but in spite of the terrorization of the police and the McGarry faction, the miners militantly fought for their rights. The police took Licata from the front of the hall and drove him to the rear in an attempt to suppress the expression from the rank and file delegates. Nevertheless Licata, supported by the delegates, once more took the floor and exposed the attempts of McGarry to suppress the demands of the miners.

McGarry succeeded in defeating the motion for a general strike of the Pennsylvania Coal Company, but this victory of McGarry is a "victory" which will lead to his destruction as was the case of Cappellini, as the miners of Pittston are awake to the fact that McGarry is not the one who can give them leadership in a fight against the contractors and the coal companies. The miners of Pittston will mobilize their forces and under the leadership of the rank and file will succeed to get control of their union and put up a victorious fight against the coal operators.

The henchman of the Lewis machine in District No. 1, Rinaldo Cappellini, became so discredited and exposed that Lewis was forced to fire him and to appoint Boylan district board member from the first inspection district as president of the district. This change of personalities in the Lewis machine in District No. 1 has in view to fool the miners and play for consolidation with the Brennan-McGarry group. It is already reported that Edward McGrone, who served as secretary of the insurgent's convention in Scranton, will be appointed to succeed Boylan as district board member. This indicates that the appointment of Boylan is leading toward the gradual absorption of the Brennan-McGarry faction. At the same time Boylan promises to fight against the contractor system by taking the matter up with the conciliation board. Taking the matter up with the conciliation board is plain to everybody that Boylan wants to show that he is trying to do something for the miners, but in reality he is preparing the betrayal and sell-out of the anthracite miners.

There is also agitation for a separate Anthracite Union. Stanley Figlock is put to the front to speak for it. But there is no question that the the coal companies and some reactionary officials are behind the move. Thomas Kennedy, secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers' of America, came out with a statement against a separate union, but it is the Lewis-Kennedy machine that is responsible for dividing the anthracite and the bituminous miners by signing a separate agreement of the national strike of 1922, and at the present time, during the strike of the soft coal miners no attempt was made to support the strike by sympathy strike of anthracite miners, and relief raised from assessments did not go to strikers, but to the Lewis machine. Lewis' betrayed and sold out the soft coal miners, broke the union and accepted the wage-cut. This will have an effect on the anthracite miners who are today already under the fire of the guns of the coal operators, who are worsening working conditions, cutting down wages, and increasing unemployment to 40 per cent. Many mines are shut down completely, and both administrations, McGarry and Boylan-Lewis, are not doing anything to remedy the situation. The Save-the-Union movement is fighting the idea of the separated anthracite union, warning of its danger coming not only from Figlock, but also from the McGarry faction, and pledge their solidarity toward the soft coal miners.

The McGarry administration, at the meeting held Saturday, July 28, passed the resolution in favor of a general strike "if that is necessary" to get recognition from Lewis and the coal companies. The miners cannot permit themselves to be fooled. The miners are not interested in recognition of McGarry by Lewis. They must mobilize their strength in every local union for election of delegates to the National Miners' Convention which will unite soft coal and anthracite under the banner of a new real rank and file miners' union.

The McGarry's talk about a general strike for his recognition shall be converted into a strike for interests of the miners, by putting up demands for elimination of the contractor system, equalization of work, against wage cuts, and linking up this struggle with the struggle for a National Miners' Union.

Call New Colored Movies Practicable

Thomas A. Edison, aged inventor, at left in picture is shown with George Eastman, owner of the kodak company which bears his name, examining the new colored movies. The colored movie is now declared practicable for home use. Edison and Eastman hope to add to their already immense fortunes thru the exploitation of the new films.

AUTO COMBINE GOES THROUGH

Chrysler Absorbs the Dodge Car

BALTIMORE, July 31 (UP).—The proposed merger of the Chrysler Motor Corporation and the Dodge Brothers Corporation was approved at a meeting of Dodge Brothers stockholders here today. Over 90 per cent. of all classes of outstanding stock was deposited with the committee under the merger plan.

At the same time, Walter P. Chrysler, chairman of the Chrysler Corporation, announced his intention of assuming the position of president of the newly organized Dodge Brothers Corporation.

Under plans of the merger, the Chrysler Corporation will continue to manufacture the present lines of Dodge cars in their newly-acquired properties, the cars to be sold by Dodge Brothers Corporation, a division of the Chrysler Corporation.

INDIAN PRINCES BACK ENGLAND

LONDON, July 31.—The Indian princes who have collected in London to gain the favor of the British rule against the Indian people, have adjourned their conference until October.

They had been conferring with the Indian States Committee in order to work out a government favorable both to themselves and England.

The Indian nobility feel that their position would be threatened if more power were given to the people and they have expressed their willingness to support the imperial protector rather than to permit control by the Indian peasants.

NEGRO TAXIMEN FACE PREJUDICE

Unable to Get Jobs; Lower Pay

(By a Taxi Worker Correspondent)

I am a Negro taxicab driver and I want to give you a picture of the discrimination which is being practiced especially against us Negro drivers who work in the Harlem district.

The Yellow Taxi Corporation, the largest cab operators in the east, do not employ Negroes. I hack from the corner of 135th St. and Seventh Ave. Recently I applied for a job as driver at the east 23rd St. office of the open-shop Yellow Taxi Corporation. One of the employment bosses told me that, "We don't employ niggers and you can go back and tell your 'Boogie' friends not to be coming around here."

Same Discrimination.

This is not only true of the Yellow Taxi Corporation, but of the large independent fleet owners. In order to get a job many Negro drivers are forced to work for 35 per cent, while white drivers working for the same fleet owners, driving the same make of cabs, get 40 per cent.

Benny Engle, who operates 125 Mogul checker cabs, is one of the fleet owners that will not hire a Negro taxi driver. Maloney & Nichols, who operate over 100 Paramount cabs and whose garage is located in the heart of the colored residential and business section of Harlem, is another who will have nothing to do with colored hackmen. Many of the fleet owners will hire a Negro taxi driver only in a "pinch."

One Negro friend of mine tells of an experience he had with a fleet owner in Brooklyn. This fleet owner had advertised for day and night taxi drivers. This driver had come all the way from lower Harlem and applied for a job.

The boss, after looking over the driver's book, badge and police criminal identification card, told the man to wait. The driver waited from 3 p. m. to 5 p. m. While waiting he noticed the cabs rolling out. He asked the boss for a cab and was told that there were no more.

The boss told the driver that all the white drivers had taken their cabs out to work and that if he wanted a job real bad he could buy one of his "loads" (cabs). The driver explained that he had come to work and not to buy a cab. The boss, who was mad because of the low "bookings" his regular men were bringing in, shouted: "Get the hell out of here you black b- - - - -d."

That is what we drivers who are unorganized are up against, and the lot of the Negro workers is even worse than that of his white brothers.

COUNTY OFFICIALS KILL MAN.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., July 31.—Arthur Christ, 28, died at a local hospital last night from injuries suffered when he was struck by the automobile of Guy Oldt, of Paxtonville, a Snyder County Commissioner. He is survived by a widow and a five-months old baby.

TRY TO BLAME STRIKERS FOR FOREMAN DEATH

Paid Press Aids Cohen Bosses

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—The usual tactics of vicious propaganda thru an all too willing, even anxious press, and no newspapers anywhere can "better" the local ones as journalistic prostitutes, are being employed by the bosses against the strikers in the campaign now going on to organize the clothing workers in this city.

The foreman of the S. J. Cohen and Bros. clothing factory, at 13th and Callowhill Sts., Ermino Mattea, was killed by a speeding sedan as he was running for a trolley to go to work.

Immediately the lawyers for the concern, at which nearly all the workers are out on strike, asked Assistant Director of Safety Hearn to investigate the case, charging that Mattea was deliberately run over by gangsters hired by the striking clothing workers of the plant.

In fact David Felix, one of the attorneys said, "While we have no definite proof, the tragedy has all the earmarks of a deliberate murder. We believe gangsters, hired by the strikers, killed Mattea."

The police of course obligingly supported the "murder" theory, and the newspapers of the city picked up all possible material, including pictures, and presented sensational stories of the strike. The reason for the avidity with which this incident was handled by the press was to show the public what "bad" people the strikers are.

The only recourse remaining to the strikers and to all other workers wanting to know the workers' side of this strike as well as all other news of interest to workers is to read daily The DAILY WORKER.

Incidentally the papers make much of the police statements about pickets at the plant, and about how well the public guard not only the clothing factories where the strike is now in progress, but also the homes of the bosses.

Police details have been guarding the home of Cohen for two weeks. No workers' homes are being guarded by the police, nor is their any likelihood for any such protection for the workers under capitalistic rule.

—C. RABIN.

BACK ROSARIO TELEPHONE CO.

Officials Fine Firm for Every Day Idle

ROSARIO, Argentina, July 31.—The city government today openly attempted to shift to the telephone company the burden of ending the strike of the operators by force by informing the company officials that the corporation will be fined 500 pesos a day until service is resumed.

In reply the company stated that it is impossible to resume service immediately due to the fact that strikers refuse to permit strikebreakers to repair the lines.

All attempts of the telephone company to resume service have failed to date, due to the united resistance of the strikers of Rosario. Scabs attempting to repair the telephone wires have been effectively stopped by groups of strikers who have employed all means effectively.

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REPORT OF THE FIFTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE C. P. S. U. .... .60
ORGANIZATION OF A WORLD PARTY—By Osip Piatnitsky .... .15

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St. John Irvine Comedy to Be Seen on Broadway This Season

ALEXANDER McKAIG announces the following plays for next season: "The First Mr. Fraser," a new comedy by St. John Ervine. The play will also be done in London next season. Mr. Ervine's last play to be done here was "Mary, Mary, Quite Contrary," which Mrs. Fiske did for Mr. Belasco. Before that the Theatre Guild produced two of his plays, "John Ferguson" and "Jane Clegg." Mr. Ervine is coming to America in the autumn to do special dramatic criticism for the World.

"Best Man," by Eva Flint and Martha Madison, two new playwrights, who are the authors of "My Public," which has been announced by Brady and Wiman for next season. A play by Arthur Richman temporarily titled, "Dim Turning." Mr. Richman will also have another play on next season, "The Hungry Wife," which will be produced by Gilbert Miller with Mary Boland in the leading role. "The Racket," which was produced by Mr. McKaig last year just finished a successful run on the Pacific coast.

* * *

Bernard Shaw's "Misalliance" is announced as the first production for the Washington Square Players' summer season.

* * *

The Garrick Theatre will house the productions of Charles L. Wagner this season. He will open October 1 with a presentation of the old English play, "When the Cruminules Played."

* * *

"Jarnegan," the dramatization by Garret Fort and Charles Beahan of Jim Tully's novel, is set for the Longacre Theatre, September 24, with Richard Bennett in the principal role.

* * *

David Belasco has a new Molnar play ready for showing. The title of the Hungarian's opera is "Mima", and will have Lenora Ulric playing the leading role. Another play Belasco has in mind is one written for Beth Merrill by William Hurlbut and himself.

* * *

"Revolt," a new play by Harry Wagstaff Gribble, will come to Broadway early in October. The play was recently tried out in Brooklyn under the title of "The Gambler."

AT LUNA PARK CIRCUS.

One of the chief features at the Luna Park free circus is the famous Wirth family, including May Wirth and her brother, Phil. Picture shows May and her trained horse.

Leningrad Children Have Own Theatre

By CLARINA MICHELSON

LENINGRAD, July 11, (By Mail).—The season of the Childrens Theatre in Leningrad is just ending. Six hundred children come from their schools six days a week, nine months a year, to see the performances which are given only for children. Four new plays and about twelve former ones are put on each year. Among the favorites are some based on stories American children know, such as "Uncle Tom's Cabin" and "The Prince and the Pauper." However, practically all the plays are realistic except for a few dealing with folk-lore and some historical plays about the French revolution, etc. The plays are appropriate for children of three different age groups, from 8 to 11 years, from 11 to 14 years and for children over 14. The reaction of the children is carefully tested throughout each performance to guide the future productions at the Childrens Theatre. Besides this all the children are given lists of the plays, with questions, asking which ones they like best and why, which the children fill out at school.

"At 'Uncle Tom's Cabin'," the director of the theatre said, "there was a real deluge of crying. And all the performance the children are most responsive. Their answers to our questions are also honest and spontaneous." There are eight such theatres in the U. S. S. R. In Leningrad there are also two Marionette Shows and two Punch and Judy Shows for workers' children. The Childrens Theatres are subsidized by the government.

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FARMERS' CROPS BURN UP; WATER RATES TOO HIGH

Cotton Mortgaged to Banks and Gins

(By a Worker Correspondent)

RIPLEY, Calif., (By Mail).—While the capitalist class as a whole in these United States is a bloody lot, the petty capitalists of California are by far the most thieving blood-sucking set of pirates heard of since Captain Kidd was hung.

In the Palo Verde Valley, which is the chief cotton area of the state a water famine has set in. This area is farmed by irrigation methods, the source of water supply being the Colorado River.

The crops are standing up in the field burning with drougth, and many a poor farmer and tenant sees absolute ruin and starvation staring him in the face. Before one can plant his crop he must pay costly water rates and assessments to a water combine whose engineers have all winter to perfect the best methods for raising water out of the river during the summer.

The farmers are being constantly taxed for costly hydraulic machinery, dredges, suction pumps, etc. Yet here in July, when water is needed most, and the temperature ranges from 117 to 120 degrees Fahrenheit in the shade, very little water is to be had.

Most of the farmers are tenants and share-croppers. With the cotton market holding firm and December quotations running from 21 to 24 cents, many had planned to migrate in the event of a good crop. It may be (this is purely a supposition) that there is some design in the present water-shortage tending toward keeping these poor farmers and tenants in continued slavery another year.

AMUSEMENTS

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Evenings 8:30
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GRAND ST. FOLLIES

LUNA PARK
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Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

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SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

CAMEO 42nd & B'way NOW
"Czar Ivan the Terrible"
with LEONIDOFF & Moscow Art Players
and "Potemkin" The Russian Film Classic

CURTIS IN KANSAS CITY.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 31 (UP).—Senator Charles Curtis, republican vict presidential candidate, passed through Kansas City today enroute from Washington to his home in Topeka, Kan.

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TROOPS BAYONET MILL STRIKERS IN NEW BEDFORD

Thousands at Jail Gate Demand Pickets Out

Continued from Page One

picket line. The unreasonable arrest and the calling out of the national guards shows to what extent the mill owners are willing to go to provoke a situation where they can club and shoot down the workers and get away with it.

"The New Bedford Textile Workers' Union will not be deterred by these actions. We fight for our right to picket and to picket in numbers which will ensure that our picket lines will not be broken up by the police and other gangsters called into the city by the employers. We must have large picket lines and we shall have large picket lines, in spite of the strikebreaking actions of the authorities who are elected by our votes but who obey the wishes of Mr. Sullivan.

"We call oupon the whole city of New Bedford to protest against the outrageous actions of the police and city authorities. We call upon the citizens defense and relief and civil rights committee immediately to start a drive for the impeachment of the city officials.

"Of one thing we are certain that is that the same firm policy of the Union will be carried on as before."

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 30.—Aroused by reports that pickets arrested in this afternoon's police raid are being beaten in their cells, thousands of textile workers are closing in on the New Bedford jail, demanding the release of their comrades.

The Massachusetts national guard has been called out and a number of strikers are reported to have been bayonetted by the state troops.

The troops are patrolling the city diverting traffic, scrutinizing every automobile and holding and questioning pedestrians. No one is permitted on the streets six blocks from the prison as the masses of textile strikers close in.

A food truck, which is to carry supplies to the strikers who will otherwise go hungry all night, has been held up by the national guards. Reports state that guardsmen and strikers manning the relief truck are fraternizing, but officers are alert to prevent successful fraternization.

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 30.—"Let all the world know that we defy the police to destroy our lines." With these words flung into the teeth of the New Bedford police, three hundred men and women pickets were hustled into police wagons and rushed to headquarters here for picketing the Whitman Mill yesterday. As the crowded wagons swung through the city the strikers jammed inside sang strike songs of defiance.

While the huge line which Fred E. Beale, strike leader, had predicted when speaking in the morning at the North End, gathered around the Whitman Mill yesterday, automobile police rushed up and dispersed the spectators.

This was only the advance guard. By five o'clock they were followed by two huge moving vans full of police, who leaped from their conveyances and, dispensing with the reading of the riot act charged the picket lines. Men, women and children on the line stood absolutely firm.

Strikers Slugged.

Slugging with blackjacks, the police assaulted men and women without discrimination, while over the tumult voices shouted, "Come on, comrades, make another line." Then they began to sing "Solidarity" and a long cheer arose.

Boos and hisses followed the police, cheers went up for the strikers, as the wagons crammed with pickets rolled off to the station house. Inside the prisoners continued singing "Solidarity."

Lead by seventeen-year-old Mary Costa, a doffer, whose mother had already been arrested, a second line formed immediately and proceeded with the picketing.

Jails Filled.

Other police wagons appeared shortly and the whole second line was loaded into them. Waving with her hand to beat time for the arrested pickets, a woman striker led the singing of "Ramboya" in the wagon. Mary Costa wept bitterly because she was not arrested, due to the overcrowding of the police wagon.

Among the prisoners are Rubinstein and Pelczar. Many Polish workers were arrested together with Augusto Pinto, arrested now for the eleventh time.

The jail is filled to overflowing and the singing of the jailed men and women in their cells can be heard for blocks around.

All the arrested pickets have refused bail.

Wealthy Parasites and Gamblers Throng Saratoga Race Track

Horse racing is one of the sports which the wealthy bourgeoisie has reserved chiefly for its own amusement. "The sport of kings," as it is traditionally called, is in this country the sport of parasitic capitalists. Photo shows a scene at the Saratoga race track, where thousands of dollars exchange hands with the victory or defeat of certain horses.

BOROUGH PARK IN NAME DRIVE

Signatures are Needed for Campaign

Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 2, which is in the Boro Park section of Brooklyn, has turned out quite a surprise to the Election Campaign Committee of the District, according to Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager. Before the actual beginning of the campaign, the Boro Park section was thought to be the one in whichmost difficulties would be encountered with respect to the obtaining of signatures to put the party on the ballot.

Contrary to this somewhat gloomy anticipation, Section 7 was the first to start with its Sunday Mobilization on July 15th. All units were visited and members mobilized for the signature drive. The Jewish Workers Club, at 1373-43rd Street was visited by a committee, and the club not only endorsed the program of the Workers (Communist) Party but also donated its headquarters as the campaign headquarters of the section during the election drive This was done with no renumeration.

Visits Workers.

The Campaign Committee of the Boro Park section also visited other workers' organizations in the Coney Island and Boro Park, getting them to endorse the Workers Party Platform and getting signatures for the Party petitions. Thruout the whole district, the "Put The Workers Party on The Ballot" leaflets were distributed.

All members in the Bensonhurst Bath Beach, and Coney Island sections are urged to report at the headquarters at 1343 43rd Street to participate to put on the ballot Alexandra H. Chalupski, Workers Communist) Party candidate for Assembly in the 9th Assemly District of Brooklyn.

WORKERS PARTY IN MICHIGAN

To Challenge Open-Shoppers in Campaign

The state of Michigan, dominated by the Ford Company and General Motors, two of the most pronounced open-shop industrial organizations in the United States, will ring with the message of Communism in this election campaign.

The Workers (Communist) Party has nominated its state ticket, headed by William Reynolds, candidate for governor, and Ben A. Faulkner for United States senator.

Reynolds, a member of the carpenters' union, was for a long time the leader in the struggle against the reactionary international president, Hutcheson. The great majority of the membership supported Reynolds, but the czar of carpenters' union in Indianapolis ignored the will of the majority and expelled the militants from the organization.

The Detroit Federation of Labor, formerly a progressive stronghold, is now in the hands of the reactionaries and political bargainers who sell out regularly to the capitalist parties for personal favors.

The automobile slaves of Michigan are among the most oppressed and slave-driven workers in the United States, and the state offers a fertile field for Communist propaganda.

Full Ticket.

In addition to Raynolds and Faulkner, the state committee nominated the following candidates:

For lieutenant governor, Wilfrad Newman; for secretary of state, Mrs. Elva Rushton; for attorney general, John Kiskilla, for congress, fifth district, Arnold Zeigler, sixth fifth district, Arnold Zeigler, sixth district, Charles I. Coz; eighth district, John Zittel, ninth district, Ray Rector; thirteenth district, Wm. Millenhauser.

A full list of ten presidential electors were also placed on the ballot.

A state campaign committee was formed as follows: William Mollenhauser, chairman; William Reynolds, secretary; John Schmies, Philip Raymond, Mrs. Elva Rushton, George J. Kich, William Miller, David Miller, John Zittel, Herman P. Brucken, Arnold Zeigler, Wilfred Newman, S. Cojersan, Ray Rector and L. Eckert.

Workers Persecuted In British Columbia

TORONTO, July 31.—In view of the many militant strikes in British Columbia, the government officials have decided on sharp legal action against the working class. A senate committee had proposed that "the most effective means of fighting the Communist danger be studied" and at the same time demanded prison terms of from one month to 14 years for "mass meetings or the sperading of communist, socialist or anarchist propaganda."

Since two thirds of the senate is composed of conservatives it is very probable that all revolutionary deeds and propaganda will be suppressed and many workers be thrown into jail.

PACIFIC SEAMEN FORMING LEAGUE

Many Register at Meet in San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 26. (By Mail).—More than fifty seamen, harbor workers and longshoremen gathered together in the hall of the Caulkers' Union in this port last night to organize the Marine Workers' Progressive League of San Francisco and take the first step towards remedying the disgraceful conditions to which the marine workers are subjected by the bosses on the Pacific Coast.

The meeting was addressed by N. Sparks of the International Seamen's Club of New York who gave facts showing the huge profits of the American steamship companies and pointed out how the fiction that "American ships cannot compete with the foreigners" is used to force down the wages of the American seamen. Sparks gave figures showing that American seamen's wages are not a cent higher than those paid by most of the foreign merchant marines.

The speaker analyzed the recent history of Furuseth's International Seamen's Union and showed how this organization has entirely abandoned any attempts to do anything for the seamen, giving itself up completely to class collaboration and stoolpigeon activities. He described the work of the Seamen's Club in New York and showed how The Marine Workers' League can be made itself a force working for organization among the marine workers.

The discussion which followed brought out the strong feeling for organization which prevails among the west coast seamen. The men welcomed the idea of the formation of the Marine Workers' Progressive League, to be closely affiliated with the New York Seamen's Club, and practically the entire audience responded by giving their names when registration for the League was called for.

This is the second of a series of meetings being held in the Pacific Coast ports by the Marine Workers' Progressive League in collaboration with the New York International Seamen's Club. A meeting held in San Pedro a week ago served to establish the League in the port of Los Angeles, and, permanent headquarters for the League will soon be opened in all the chief ports of the Pacific Coast.

191 Workers Killed on Jobs During May

ALBANY, N. Y., July 31.—Statistics recently completed show that during the month of May, 1928, an enormous increase in the number of industrial workers who were killed in accidents occurring during work in New York State. According to a recent statement, 191 such deaths were reported during the month of May, which is 46 more than during the previous month.

Farmers Fighting Fire That Destroyed Grain

WALLA WALLA, Wash., July 31 —More than three hundred frenzied farmers and volunteer fire-fighters were battling a grain fire early today in the vicinity of Eureka Flats about thirty miles from here, in an attempt to save their homes and crops.

It was estimated that the fire which started late last night, had destroyed 50,000 to 75,000 sacks of grain and burned over 10,000 to 25,000 acres of wheat.

SECTIONS AID ELECTION DRIVE

Organizations to Help Party Campaign

"The Communist election campaign is now in full swing in New York City and promises to excell all previous election campaigns in organization and activity," according to a statement made yesterday by Rebecca Grecht, New York state campaign manager.

At the first meeting of the City Election Campaign Committee yesterday, reports were given by section campaign managers, delegates from the Young Workers League, representatives from the language bureaus, leading fractions, and various departments, such as Negro and Women, showing not only that the Party membership in the city is throwning itself energetically into the campaign, but that a very sympathetic response to the Workers Party is met with among the working masses.

Fraternal foreign-language organizations are respondnig to the call of the Workers Party language bureaus in forming special campaign committees for work among the different language groups in the city. Such a committee has already been established for the left wing Jewish workers' fraternal and educational societies. The Ukrainian committee will be organized at a conference called for the end of August. The Lithuanian and Hungarian bureaus are laying the basis for similar conferences. Within the next month the campaign will be well under way to win the foreign-language organizations to support the Workers Party in the elections.

An extensive program for work among the Negro masses, and also for mobilization of the working women in the election campaign is already being put into action. The Party plans special leaflets addressed to the Negro workers and also special appeals to the working women based on their problems and the platform demands of the Workers Party.

SEAMENS' CLUB IN PHILADELPHIA

Form Branch of World Wide Organization

(By a Seaman Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Following the example of the International Seamens' Club of New York City which has had a militant and notable career during its several years of existence a similar club has recently been established in the Port of Philadelphia.

The new branch is one of a number which it is planned to establish throughout American ports. The New York Club has carried on extensive and successful work among the seamen on the metropolitan water-front.

A Refuge.

The object of the club is to provide a place where seamen may gather for recreational and educational purposes, without being under the watchful supervision and patronage of shipowners and missionaries.

A World Membership.

Anyone connected with marine transportation is eligible for membership. When you join the club you automatically become a member of our clubs which are located thruout the principal ports of the world such as New York, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Copenhagen, Bordeaux, Rouon, Vladivostok, Sidney Australia, Leningrad, Odessa, Novorossick, etc.

Seek White Men Who Attacked Negro Girls

LOUISVILLE, Ky. July 31.—Several weeks ago three Negro girls were assaulted near Lexington, Ky. by seven white men, who have not as yet been captured. A reward of $250 each for the capture of the white men has been offered. The local office of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, pointing out the fact that usually the Negro worker is persecuted for occurrences of the same sort, has taken the matter in hand.

MANY OPEN AIR PARTY MEETINGS IN NEW YORK

Workers Will Rally in Campaign

Many open air meetings will be held this week by the Workers (Communist) Party.

The following are the meetings announced:

Tonight:

Myrtle and Prince, B'klyn—Padmore, Suskin, Napoli and M. Stone.

Eagle Pencil Co. (noon)—P. Crouch and H. Gordon.

25 Dayton Ave., Passaic—Marshal and Erdy.

Thursday, August 2

Hendrix and Sutter Ave., B'klyn—Padgug, Silber, Pasternack and S. Finkelstein.

Steinway and Jamaica, L. I.—Powers, Baum, Harfield and Heder.

138th St. and Annes Ave., Bronx—Moore, Jacobson, Wortis, Shapiro, Weich and B. Baum.

40th St., and 8th Ave., N. Y.—Yusem and V. Smith.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Bentall, Leibowitz, Peer, Wilkes and C. Fox.

25th St., and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Ballam, Huiswood, Hendin and R. Finkelson.

Friday, August 3

National Biscuit Co. (noon)—Grecht, Ross and Stein.

Varet and Graham, B'klyn—Taft, Maglicano, H. Williams, Lillienstein and S. Wellman.

5th Ave. and 110th St.—Trachtenberg, Severino, Codkind, Reiss, Lyons and J. Taft.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Markoff and Stanley.

7 Street and Ave "A," N. Y. C.—Le-Roy and Nessin.

Saturday, August 4

First Ave., and 79th St.—Bentall, Auerbach, Blake, Lillienstein and M. Himoff.

13th Ave. and 42nd St., B'klyn—Padgug, Suskin, Lustig, Maglicano and Chalupski.

West N.Y., N. J., 14th St., and Bergenline—Wright and Schalk.

PASSAIC TO HEAR ALBERT WEISBORD

To Speak on Relief for New Bedford

PASSAIC, N. J., July 30.—Albert Weisbord will open the New Jersey state drive of the Workers' International Relief for funds for the striking New Bedford textile workers at a meeting to be held here Thursday evening, Aug. 4, at the Ukranian Hall, President St.

"The meeting will be the rallying point for a state-wide campaign in every textile center of New Jersey, to bring mass support to the New Bedford strikers," Local New York, W. I. R., which is calling the meeting, announced in a statement tonight.

"Relief and defense for the New Bedford textile workers is imperative. The terrorist tactics and power of the mill owners must meet defeat at the hands of the mill workers of New Bedford who are fighting not merely in their own interests but for the organization of the tens of thousands of exploited textile workers in every center in the U. S."

Passaic and Paterson are the first cities lined up to put across the drive for relief. The mass meeting here Thursday will be followed by a house-to-house collection Saturday, and an appeal for funds at the picnic on Sunday.

ADMITS JOKER IN TRACTION PLAN

Profit Will Be 'Private' Says Untermeyer

Admission that the much-talked of transit unification plan would in fact permit operation of the new billion dollar subway by private companies was made yesterday by Samuel Untermeyer, counsel for the Transit Commission, the author of the proposed plan. It was a reply to a statement issued by Mayor Jimmie Walker now in Hollywood in which the latter virtually declared that he would never favor a plan which does not provide for the operation of the valuable lines by his personal friends, the traction officials.

In reply, Untermeyer admitted that his plan, which has been announced as one providing for a quasi-public corporation, in fact can be converted, so that private companies may profit from the subways built by the city.

Workers Calender

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the past.

* * *

League Picnic in Philadelphia.

A picnic, the proceeds of which will go to the Young Worker, will be held on Sunday, August 5, at the Burlhome Park. A splendid time is assured to all who come. Sports, games and songs will be had. Admission free. Direction: Take No. 50 car and go as far as 7500 north. A committee will wait for you there.

* * *

Philadelphia T. U. E. L. Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Trade Union Educational League of Philadelphia will hold a Grand Picnic at Maple Park Grove on August 4, beginning at 9 a. m. and ending at 2 a. m. the next morning. Sports, dancing and musical programs will be added to the speeches of prominent members returned from the U. S. S. R. All are invited to attend.

* * *

Philadelphia Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Workers (Communist) Party here has arranged a picnic to be held August 19 at Burholme Park. All workers are invited to attend.

* * *

Scranton Y. W. L. Picnic.

SCRANTON, Pa.—A picnic will be held under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League of Scranton, Pa., at Runo Farm, Hollow Ave., on August 5, a 10 A. M. All young workers are welcome. A very interesting program has been arranged.

* * *

Chicago Sacco-Vanzatti Memorial.

The Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial Conference, Chicago, will hold a memorial meeting in honor of the murdered worker martyrs, Sacco and Vanzetti, on Wednesday, August 22, at 8 p. m., at Temple Hall, Van Buren and Marshfield. Ralph Chaplin, orator and poet, Mordecai Shulman, attorney Guido Serio of the Anti-Fascist Alliance, and others, will address the meeting. A beautiful musical program will be had.

* * *

Philadelphia Open-air Meetings.

Workers Party will hold the following noon-hour meetings:

Wednesday, Aug. 1st, a 40th & Lancaster, Thursday, Aug. 2nd, 53rd & Girard Ave.

* * *

Notice Texas Communists.

You are called to meet on County Convention day, Aug. 4, and elect a delegate to the State Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party called for the 14th day of August in the city of Houston at 304½ Main St. Those taking part in the conventions must be qualified voters, the qualifications for candidates are the same.

* * *

Chicago Miners' Relief.

The big drive began July 29th. Headquarters open 8 a. m.

Mobilize for relief and defense for the fighting miners. Stations:

West Side—23 S. Lincoln St.; 3301 W. Roosevelt Rd., Freiheit; 1510 W. 18th St., Roynost Ludu; 1823 S. Loomis St., Radnik.

Northwest Side—2021 W. Division St., 2736 W. Division St.

North Side—2409 N. Halsted St., Imperial Hall; 453 W. North Ave., Hungarian Hall

Albany Park—4021 N. Drake Ave.

Cicero—5100 W. 23rd St.

Maywood—410 S. 9th St.

South Side—3116 S. Halsted, Vilnis; 3035 W. 51st St., Workers' Home; 3201 S. Wabash Ave., Community House.

Woodlawn—647 E. 61st St.

Pullman—2954 E. 94th St.

* * *

Washington Economics Class.

The weekly class in Elementary Marxian Economics of the Workers' every Saturday at 8 o'clock at 817 13th St., N. W., "A B C of Communism" and other text books are in use. Non-communists are invited.

* * *

Washington Leninist Class.

The weekly class in Leninism of the Workers' School of Washington, D. C., meets at 8 o'clock every Tuesday at 817 13th St., N. W.

* * *

Canton Festival for Miners.

The Canton Branch of the National Miners' Relief will hold a huge festival for the starving miners on Aug. 14. Admission rice is only 15 cents. Cake and ice cream served free. Music, games, sports. Come one, come all, workers.

* * *

Kenosha Workers, Attention!

The Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League, Local Kenosha, will hold a picnic at Dexter Woods on Sunday, August 5.

Trucks and automobiles will leave for the picnic grounds at 12:00 noon and 2:00 p. m., from the Russian Hall, 1207 55th St.

Workers of Kenosha! Attend the picnic and help the party and the league to continue the good work.

* * *

Attention Newark Organizations.

Do not arrange any affairs for August 19, 1928. The local branch of the I. L. D. has arranged a bus ride to Asbury Park for that date.

* * *

Philadelphia Election Meet.

The following election campaign meetings will be held in Philadelphia:

Wednesday, August 1—At 40th and Lancaster Ave.

* * *

New Haven Anti-War Meetings.

The Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold the following anti-war meetings:

New Britain, Wednesday, August 1 at 8 p. m., at the Center; Harftord, Thursday, August 2 at 7:30 p. m., at Buckinghom and Main Sts.; Stamford, Friday, August 3 at 7:30 p. m., on the Town Hall steps; Brideport, Saturday, August 4 at 8 p. m., at Bank and Main Sts.; New London, Monday, August 6, 8 p. m., at Bank and Main Sts.

Meetings will be addressed by Charles Mitchell, acting district organizer of the party and Dan Grey, district organizer of the league.

* * *

Ohio Labor Defense Picnic.

The International Labor Defense branches of Lansing, Dillonvale, Martins Ferry, Yorkville, Neffs and Bellaire will hold a picnic at Lansing. Taylor's Grove, stop 23½. Bishop Brown, author and ostracised bishop, member of the National Committee of the I. L. D.; John J. Watt, national secretary Save-the-Union Committee, and Carl Hacker, state secretary of the I. L. D., will speak. A parade will begin in the morning at Bridgeport to march to the picnic grounds. All workers are urged to attend.

* * *

Youngstown, O., Y. W. L. Picnic.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Youngstown, O., will hold a picnic on Sunday, August 12, at Sharon line stop 27.

Dancing, games and sports will feature the program. There'll be aplenty so you neednt bring any with you. But come and bring everyone along to enjoy our program and eats.

WORKER BLAMED FOR "L" WRECK BY INTERBOROUGH

I. R. T. Forces Arrest of Motorman

Following the usual precedent set by officials of public service corporations who seek to divert attention from their own responsibility for accidents by fastening blame on their employes, the Interborough Rapid Transit Company yesterday through its legal department secured the arrest of Stanley W. Zillig, the motorman of one of the elevated trains involved in Sunday night's wreck. Zillig was today arrested following an order issued by Acting District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora.

Latest figures put the total of those injured in the smash-up of the wooden-car trains at 67. Seven of those most seriously injured are still in the hospital.

Notwithstanding the fact that wooden cars have repeatedly been condemned and have led to numerous wrecks followed by injuries and the loss of life, the use of these wooden cars is persisted in by both the Interborough and the B.-M. T.

Bail for Zwillig was set for $10,000 by Pecora. Events preceding the accident are not yet known, it is believed that a south-bound elevated train about ten o'clock Sunday developed trouble which finally caused a short circuit.

ANTI-TRUST ACT VOID

SANTA CRUZ, Calif., July 31.—The California anti-trust law has been declared invalid by Superior Judge H. E. Lucas. The decision was made in a civil action brought by a moving picture theatre owner who charged several defendants joined in a conspiracy to prevent him from obtaining films.

Confirms Smith as Tool of Tammany

NEW YORK, July 31 (UP).—William Allen White, Kansas Editor, called upon Governor Alfred E. Smith today to answer his charge that Smith was subservient to Tammany in voting in the New York Assembly to protect vicious interests. White issued a lengthy Statement here to-night citing Smith's Assembly votes.

Smith's answer, White said, "Should not be an alibi and lacking repudiation the record stands as a foreshadowing portent of what may be expected from Gov. Smith in the White House."

Stresemann Prepares to Sign "Peace" Pact

BERLIN, July 31 (UP).—Foreign minister Streseman will return from Carlsbad August 20 and then proceed to Paris for the signing of the United States "peace" treaty August 27, it was reported today. Stresemann hopes to discuss such questions as reparations and the evacuation of the Rhineland with French Foreign Minister Briand.

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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor.................WM. F. DUNNE

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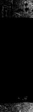
VOTE COMMUNIST!



For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

Al Smith for Negro Slavery.

A very interesting situation is created in the [illegible] of the Republican and Democratic [illegible] for electoral votes in the Southern [illegible] and the effect of this upon the rotten [illegible]-bourgeoisie of the South. The demo[illegible] party is busy, from Raskob's office down, [illegible]ding the southern ruling class that if it [illegible] not accept Wall Street's Tammany can[illegible], as against Wall Street's Republican can[illegible], the masses of agricultural laborers and [illegible] workers whose faces are black may slip [illegible] possession of some of the rights of citizen[illegible].

[illegible] Smith headquarters at Atlanta, Ga., has [illegible] out a very illuminating piece of propa[illegible] from the pen of old Richard Cannon [illegible], chief justice of South Carolina, who [illegible]:

> "If the Negro is brought into politics, the Negro [illegible] be the sufferer. Those who are endeavoring [illegible] do this very thing now do not realize the gravity [illegible] their deeds. It is like spreading gasoline over [illegible] whole South from the Patomac to the Rio Grande."

Of course when the 75-year old chief judicial [illegible]sentative of the law and order in South Carolina says "the Negro will be the sufferer," [illegible] means a threat of lynching or other armed [illegible]ence against the Negro masses in the event [illegible] latter should attempt to claim the right to [illegible] or other political or citizenship rights, [illegible] he points out have not been exercised in [illegible] South generally for fifty years.

The nightmare that is conjured up in the [illegible] of the old man by the idea of letting [illegible] of black workers and farmers vote, is [illegible]cated by the following words of the state[illegible]:

> "To any man who lived through the dark days [illegible] reconstruction in the South after the end of the [illegible] between the States any thought or suggestion [illegible] bolting the Democratic ticket is unthinkable and [illegible]conceivable.
>
> "To these men the whole period of reconstruction [illegible] like a hideous nightmare, when men and boys [illegible] to bed with shotguns, and when mothers, [illegible] sisters and daughters cowered in their homes [illegible] hearts torn with fear as forests of bayonets [illegible] before their eyes."

The old reactionary continued:

> "What can a Southern man mean when he talks [illegible] bolting the Democratic party? For a Southern [illegible] to think of such a think is traitorous to the South and all the traditions of the South. I have voted the Democratic ticket from the time the Republicans forced Negro office holders on the people of my State and I shall vote this ticket until I die.
>
> "I shall vote the entire ticket, from Governor Smith down and if the true Southern democracy stands by the party true democracy will win its most sweeping victory since the days of reconstruction."

But of course the fear that the Republican party will really do anything to let the masses of Negro slaves loosen their chains is only an instrument for Tammany politicians to use on the stagnant minds of the Southern Babbitt-bourgeoisie. On the other hand the Republican party is busy proving by actions which speak louder than words that it wishes to ingratiate itself with the same Southern Babbit-bourgeoisie and will do absolutely nothing that would tend to give elbow-room to the enslaved labor of the South. The Republican party is completely and absolutely through with the Negro, as far as furthering his political rights are concerned, as was dramatically announced as early as 1920 by no less person than Warren G. Harding. Would the textile barons and other Northern capitalists that are now moving into the almost virgin labor field of the South with their mills and factories to take advantage of the cheap labor conditions—would they do anything to disturb that peculiar condition of enslavement which is facilitated by the "Jim Crow" division of the working class?

No! Anything that disturbs the Jim Crow line in the South would tend toward Bolshevism. The spreading of that sort of "gasoline from the Potomac to the Rio Grande" is not going to be done by a capitalist party. The political party that will in fact "spread gasoline" over the whole social institution of race suppression in the South must be a party seeking to overthrow the whole system of exploitation of man by man. There is such a party—the Workers (Communist) Party.

And that party is in this national election campaign for the first time getting on the ballot in many Southern states. The Negro workers and farmers, and the class-conscious white workers equally, will have their first chance in the South to show their desire to destroy the institutions of labor-enslavement by voting the Communist ticket.

Negro and white workers of the South, vote Communist this year, and join the Workers (Communist) Party. That is, unless you, too, believe in slavery.

The Story of Fremont Older

[illegible] OWN STORY. By Fremont [illegible] (Revised Edition, 1928). [illegible] Co. $2.50.

Reviewed by **WALT CARMON.**

[illegible] the twelfth anniversary of the [illegible]-Billings frame-up, a [illegible] by Fremont Older assumes [illegible] interest. For it was Fre[illegible] Older who, after Mooney's sen[illegible] to death, as editor of the San [illegible]cisco Bulletin and then the Call, [illegible] a capitalist newspaper into [illegible] fight for two labor prisoners. [illegible] activities of Older became an [illegible] aid in saving the life of [illegible], after the victorious Russian [illegible] centered world attention on [illegible] with a demonstration be[illegible] the American embassy in Mos[illegible] 1917. A book by such a tire[illegible] worker, who still continues the [illegible] for their freedom, becomes of [illegible] interest then to workers, tho [illegible] author be a liberal with no spe[illegible] interest in workers as a class.

• • •

[illegible] is truth truly stranger and [illegible] more times readable than most [illegible]. A young man with no so[illegible] becomes an editor. In a [illegible] in which he is involved for [illegible] he gradually sees the system [illegible] under in an entirely new [illegible]. His fight, at first a means [illegible] circulation for his paper, [illegible] a more or less real bat[illegible] against big interests—against [illegible] corruption, control of the [illegible] and the government.

[illegible] here's the result of his life's [illegible] compressed into his [illegible]: "From being a savage [illegible] against wrong and injustice [illegible] saw them in the old days, I [illegible] gone clear over to the point [illegible] I do not blame anyone for [illegible]."

[illegible]," the old warrior [illegible], "even for the intolerant." [illegible] philosophy, disillusioned, [illegible] tho "not cynical," he has[illegible]. He is yet ready [illegible], scarred as he may be. He [illegible] continues his interest in hu[illegible].

HE is still the old fighter in behalf of Mooney and Billings for whose freedom he has fought since they have been imprisoned. But even here events tend to shake loose his faith in "this so-called human race":

"The little faith in human nature I still had," he writes about the Mooney-Billings frame-up, "was lessened still more when I discovered that ten of the twelve prominent local labor leaders were either actively conniving at keeping these men in prison or doing nothing to help them. This threw me into a despondent mood. I had learned to expect that kind of attitude from the rich and the powerful and those who fawned upon them, but to find the foremost local leaders of labor either acting or thinking with them was more than I could calmly bear."

The Mooney-Billings frame-up is only a concluding chapter in the eventful years of Fremont Olders' public activities beginning in 1895. San Francisco and all California were in the hands of the Southern Pacific railroad then. The real government office was in the office of the S. P. manager in San Francisco.

• • •

The picture he gives us of those and the succeeding years is an illuminating commentary on American government. Here are facts presented by one intimately involved. Many later nationally prominent figures run thru these pages: Johnson, Wm. Burns, Clarence Darrow and others. The Frisco fire marks a milestone in his record. And interwoven are faint glimpses of the labor movement, especially its seamy side in the leadership which was so closely interlocked with the crooked politics of San Francisco for many years.

The book presents an unusual back-ground for the Mooney-Billings case. A stronghold of capitalism at its worst, where even a government investigator sent by the secretary of labor, who secured dictaphone evidence in the Mooney-Billings frame-up, does not dare to present it in court knowing that "justice" as administered there would not give him protection. New York Tammany Hall in the old days, and the present Chicago Thompson-Crowe administration would have much in common.

Fremont Older at this time, by the nature of his class affiliations, was ready to believe Mooney and Billings guilty. On learning the facts, however, he threw himself wholeheartily into the battle for their release. He writes later:

> "That these two men are entirely innocent of the crime is now known all over the world. No one who has heard the facts doubts it, yet Mooney and Billings are both serving life sentences, one in Folsom and the other in San Quentin, and the state seems willing that they should remain there until they die. Search criminal history back, down thru the Dark Ages, and a more glaring and cruel case of injustice cannot be found."

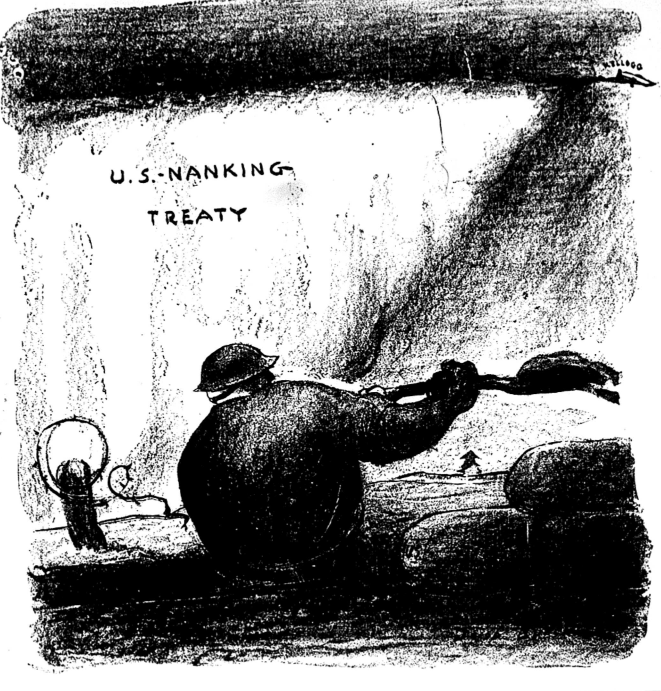
In addition to the record of his political battles, Fremont Older also records his succeeding humanitarian efforts among ex-convicts and prostitutes.

• • •

No realistic worker can become enthusiastic about a philosophy of life that Older finally evolves for himself. These are sadder but wiser days when workers are not so prone to accept simple humanitarian ideals as a cure-all for their ills. They have learned the value of organization and struggle. Yet there is a good deal of extremely interesting reading in this book by Older. My Own Story is a frank, courageous kind of a book. Thru its pages runs a warm human feeling. You may not agree with the author's philosophy. But you will be extremely interested in this—the record of a relatively honest fighter among capitalist editors.

DIGGING IN BEHIND THE SMOKE SCREEN

By Jacob Burck



Germany's Red Front Fighters

'Storm Troops of the Proletariat' in Impressive Berlin Parade

(Reprinted, Courtesy of 'The Nation')

By AGNES SMEDLEY

Berlin, June 12.

THE Red Front Fighters come to Berlin once a year to celebrate the future. They are an organization of over 200,000 men, 30,000 women, and some 50,000 youth. Although the leadership is Communist, only one-third of the members belong to the party. The president is Ernst Thälmann, transport worker and Communist Reichstag member from Hamburg, and one of the executives of the party. This is the organization that the minister of the interior, von Keudell, tried in vain to declare illegal about two months ago, while leaving the Fascist "Steel Helmets" untouched. These Red Front Fighters are known as the "storm-troops of the proletariat," organized in 1924 to counteract the growth of Fascism, to defend the working class, and, in case of another war, "to turn upon the capitalist class and change the war into a civil war for the destruction of capitalism and the establishment of a workers' and peasants' government." They are organized on a military basis and wear a gray uniform that looks much like the Russian Red Army uniform or the uniform of the Chinese Nationalist soldiers. The coat is half shirt, open at the throat and caught in at the waist and over the shoulder by leather straps. The cap, of the same material, has a solitary red star in front. Practically all men over twenty-five had military training in the last war, and even the Red Youth—young men from the ages of 16 to 21—look as if they had had it when they swing down the street.

The Masses Come.

Their fourth national gathering has just ended. They meet each year during the Whitsuntide holidays, and on Whitsunday is the great demonstration. This year 100,000 uniformed men and a few thousand women marched, followed by as many more non-uniformed Communist Party members. Seventy-five thousand came from outside Berlin—walking, riding bicycles, traveling in trucks of fourth-class railway carriages. Berlin contributed the other 25,000. For days in advance the working-class sections were busy preparing for their coming. Beds for 68,000 were arranged in the private homes of the workers, and it did not matter if some of these beds were bales of hay. The other men were housed in barracks or tents. The various divisions brought their bands with them, and when they began to arrive the railway stations were a mass of uniformed men waiting to start the music and escort their comrades through the streets. The workers' sections were a blaze of red; red flags and banners, red flowers, red streamers; red flowers or ribbons in the buttonholes or hats.

Impressive Demonstration.

On Whitsunday the buglers awoke the Red Front Fighters at six. From eight to ten there were concerts and gatherings in the many halls and on the many squares. At ten the marching began, and in the "respectable" parts of the city the comfortable ladies and gentlemen turned uneasily in their beds when they heard the steady marching of thousands of feet and the blare of bands playing the "International" and "Out to the Sun and the Light." If you were in the workers' sections, it seemed that the whole city was marching. Eisenstein could have made a marvelous picture of whole streets marching, seemingly crossing and recrossing, their red flags caught in the wind and blazing in the brilliant morning sun. The streets were seething with workers in their Sunday best—not only Communists, but all workers turned out for this occasion. Thousands of working women and girls stood along the lines with baskets of sandwiches and fruit, distributing food free to the marching men. Glasses of water and beer appeared by the thousands along the routes—workers' restaurant keepers giving free—and girls ran along beside the marchers waiting to take back the glasses.

• • •

THE Lustgarten was the goal of the marchers. On one side of the square is the former imperial palace; on another the cathedral; on the third the Museum of Ancient Arts, with a long flight of broad steps leading up to it; on the fourth the canal. Roads and bridges lead to it from six or seven different directions. Rows of police helmets gleamed on the top steps of the cathedral and the museum, and back of the museum hundreds of them were camped, with rifles ready, while across the canal were big police lorries, filled with men. Clear across the front of the cathedral, almost hiding the policemen, was a long, broad slash of red bunting with the white words "Red Front Fighters, join the Communist Party." Across the face of the imperial palace was another: "Each factory a fortress of the Red Front!" Shades of imperial ancestors!

Look Out! They're On Time!

The Red Front is frightfully punctual. At 2:30, on the scheduled moment, the first columns began to pour into the Lustgarten. Their red banners fluttered beyond the green trees and the bands blared their approach. Within a few minutes the garden was a gray sea of rhythmically marching men, a medley of music, a mass of great red flags and banners, while above the noise came the repeated triple shouts of "Red Front" as each new division received and gave their greeting. Divisions arrived from feudal East Prussia, from the Catholic South, from the great industrial centers of the Rhineland, the Ruhr, and Saxony. Hamburg and Stettin contributed not only industrial sections, but contingents of the "Red Marine" in seamen's uniform, raising their clenched fists and shouting "Red Front." Divisions from the brother Red Front organizations in Czecho-Slovakia, Austria, Switzerland, and France marched also; there was a small Chinese group, and now and then the lines threw up the faces of Negroes, Indians, Javanese. There were individual delegates from the Scandinavian countries, England, Australia, Russia, and India. The "Young Pioneers"—boys and girls under sixteen—marched; and the "Young Spartacans"—little chaps under twelve—screamed "Red Front! Hoch!" from their big motor lorries. The Red sport organizations, with their many members training for the Workers' Olympiad in Moscow, marched, both men and women in white shorts with bare arms, heads, and legs. The white-clad Workers' First Aid, which numbers some 80,000 men and women throughout the country, moved through the crowd, carrying stretchers or first-aid kits on their backs, ready to take any person who fainted to one of the many stations where physicians were in charge. On the broad steps of the museum stood a chorus of 300 Communist workingmen who shouted "Red Front" in unison as the columns marched past. With each call of "Red Front" the right fist, clenched, is raised. This is the greeting of all Red Front men and women and their sympathizers and supporters.

Endless Columns.

Two hours passed, but still the columns kept marching in and long after the demonstration was at an end they continued coming. The Lustgarten was filled to overflowing. The crowds spilled over into the squares beyond the palace, down Unter den Linden before the opera and the university, and blocked all the streets leading toward the garden. The crowd that gathered to watch and take part in the demonstration was estimated at from five to seven hundred thousand.

• • •

AT four the bugles sounded a warning from the statue in the center of the Lustgarten—then sounded it again. The audience became silent. From the steps of the museum the chorus of 300 men singers began "Out to the Sun and the Light." The museum served as a sounding board, the men's voices were strong and well trained. There are some thousand such Communist singers under training in Berlin. You could hear them as they sang, far on the other side of the garden. I doubt if I have ever heard anything so gripping as those strong, deep voices singing the songs of the revolution to a great audience standing in silence, the bright sun streaming upon them and their gleaming banners, the wind catching their flags and moving the green background of trees.

Red Front Oath.

After the second song the bugles called again, and simultaneously from every part of the vast concourse speakers arose—standing on steps, boxes, statues. They had all been given their points to emphasize, and fifteen minutes in which to deliver them. Then the bugles called again and the oath of the Red Front was given. The speakers read each line, with clenched fist raised, and the vast crowds repeated it. The oath was:

I swear:

> **Never to forget that world imperialism is preparing a war against Soviet Russia.**
>
> **Never to forget that the destiny of the working class of the whole world is bound up with Soviet Russia.**
>
> **Never to forget the experience and the suffering of the working class in the imperialist World War.**
>
> **Never to forget the 4th of August, 1914, and the betrayal of the reformists.**
>
> **Always and forever to fulfill my revolutionary duty to the working class and socialism.**
>
> **Always and forever to remain a soldier of the revolution.**
>
> **Always and forever, in all proletarian mass organizations, in industries and factories, to be a pioneer of the irreconcilable class war.**
>
> **On the front, and in the army of imperialism, to work only for the revolution.**
>
> **To lead the revolutionary fight for the destruction of class rule and of the German bourgeoisie.**
>
> **To defend the Chinese revolution and the Soviet Union by any and every means.**

I swear:

> **Always and forever to fight for Soviet Russia and for the World Revolution.**

The bugles sounded again when the last rumble of voices had died away. The chorus sang the "International" and the program was at an end.

Farewell Demonstration.

On Monday there was a great farewell meet. Many of the Red Front men from outside the city remained for a few days to see the sights. Most of them had never seen Berlin before. Some had brought their girls or wives along, simply or very poorly dressed, and for the next few days you could meet them in groups of fifteen or twenty looking at public buildings or, in curious scorn or amazement, at the fashionably dressed men and women sitting in the cafes on Unter den Linden or Kurfurstendamm. Not one could afford such luxury. For weeks their members had been taxed ten pfennigs a day for this Berlin trip. They carried their sandwiches, wrapped in newspapers, and every extra pfennig meant a sacrifice.

Only the Best.

THE strength of the Red Front Fighters' Federation cannot be judged by its numbers alone. The duties and discipline imposed upon members are so exacting that only the most determined men and women can remain in it. Every spare minute is claimed. There are mass meetings, study groups, organizational work. There are the many proletarian celebrations where propaganda is carried on. There was the work for Sacco and Vanzetti, for the Chinese revolution, for strikes in various parts of the world, for the Vienna uprisng. Just now the organization is working against the Fascist sentences in Italy. The man or woman who can meet the rigid discipline imposed by either the Red Front or the Communist Party and ofen the workers belong to both—is exceptional. But this keeps the organization down to from two to three hundred thousand. Those who do remain are steeled by the conviction that theirs is an historic mission—that history is with them.

Red Berlin.

Berlin remains red. In some of the workers' sections the Communist Party stands first. The next four years will be filled with intense and bitter struggle. The Red Front has plans, in the eventuality of war, that will not stop with parliamentary agitation. They do not hide the fact; they warn the German bourgeoisie, they proclaim their intentions before the entire working class and call for recruits. The Red Front Fighters may one day be suppressed. But to suppress th[illegible] a half million voters is not [illegible] and if the federation is suppr[illegible] all Communists may be called to join them.

Told You So

THERE was a man for you! Alexander Peacock once owned an estate worth $15,000,000. He died leaving only a paltry $100,000. But he was a game Peacock. Once his butler brought him an egg that almost warbled. In anger Peacock ordered his real estate director to purchase a chicken farm for his own personal use. It cost $60,000. That's wot we call a bloomin' gentleman.

• • •

ONE never knows what to eat nowadays unless one is wise enough to eat what he darned well likes, provided he has the price. The writer was talked into a diet of sour milk and cheese recently by a glib-tongued amateur health expert. It is true that he sneaks away sometimes and surreptitiously devours a beef stew but he also indulges in sour cream. Fancy his embarrassment when he read in the papers a few days ago that a whole family went to the hospital for eating sour milk and cheese.

• • •

For all-round ubiquity you can't beat the House of Morgan. It is here, there, and everywhere. You will find a member of the House cheek by jowl with Al Smith at his commodious headquarters in the Biltmore Hotel or on the golf links. You will find another one advising Calles of Mexico how to run the government. And you will find still another visiting Calvin Coolidge at his summer white house, no doubt giving the President tips on how to catch trout with worms.

• • •

There is excellent team work in the House of Morgan. It appears, too, that the most complete objectivity prevails among its members. For instance, while the masses yell themselves hoarse over the merits of their respective capitalist favorites in the boss parties, the Democratic lookout in the House of Morgan and the Republican watchdog take their political duties as serenely as they would the granting of a loan to strengthen the Fascist power in Italy.

• • •

The foregoing paragraphs were inspired by a news dispatch announcing the arrival of Thomas Cochran, a partner of J. P. Morgan & Co., at Cedar Island Lodge, where Coolidge is spending the summer. It is significant that Secretary of the Navy Wilbur arrived almost simultaneously. It is additionally significant that Wilbur brought a report on the situation in Nicaragua to Coolidge, and, of course, nobody has to inform you that Morgan is interested in Nicaragua.

• • •

The same news dispatch informs us that Cochran is a close personal friend of Dwight Morrow, Morgan's ambassador to Mexico. Did Cochran come with instructions from Morgan to Coolidge how to act in the present crisis in Mexico? Perhaps the private wire that runs into Morgan's office from his Mexican embassy keeps him supplied with information of a character so secret that it cannot be entrusted to the State Department in Washington. And since Mr. Cochran had an appointment with Mr. Coolidge to discuss the Mexican situation, perhaps he phoned Wilbur to meet him, so they might consider the advisability of sending more marines to Nicaragua. Anyhow, we are of the opinion that here we have the slickest-working dictatorship of Big Capital in the world.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY
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Price 3 Cents

PICKET MILLS DESPITE ARRESTS

Paris Communists to Demonstrate In Spite of Ban

U.S. WAR PLANS TO BE EXPOSED AT GIANT MEET

Thousands Expected at Union Sq. Saturday.

Speakers will expose the war preparations of American imperialism at the huge anti-militarist meeting to be held in Union Square Saturday at 1 o'clock.

Thousands of workers are expected to demonstrate against the war plans of the American Empire, and the meeting will serve notice on Wall Street that the masses are awake to the real meaning of Kellogg's "peace" talk while military preparation is being rushed forward, new warships, airplanes and munitions manufactured and the youth militarized by the "Citizens Military Training Camps," National Guard camps, and other institutions.

The meeting will be under the joint auspices of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League.

League Worries Jingoes.

This meeting is being held only two days before thousands of young workers and students from New York leave for the "Citizens Military Training Camps' for the August session. The Young Workers (Communist) League recently has conducted working class propaganda in the C. M. T. C. so intensively that the Department of Justice has announced that special laws will be presented to the next session of Congress to stop the anti-militarist work of the League. Phil Frankfeld, District Organizer of the League, and Paul Crouch will tell of these anti-militarist activities, and of the fight for John Porter, a young soldier court-martialed because he deserted from the army when he became conscious of its anti-labor role and became active in the textile strike and the Communist youth movement.

Gitlow and Minor to Speak.

The Workers (Communist) Party will be represented by many prominent speakers, including Ben Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice president, Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker, and Albert Weisbord, leader of the Passaic textile strike.

Other Speakers.

Other speakers will be M. J. Olgin, Communist editor, Richard B. Moore, organizer of the American Negro Labor Congress, Ray Ragozin, in charge of Women's work, Ben Gold, militant leader of the furriers, Rebecca Grecht, Campaign Manager of the Workers (Communist) Party, Bert Miller, Organization Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, and D. Benjamin, Director of the Workers School.

CONFERENCE TO HEAR NEARING

Working Women Will Meet Tonight

Scott Nearing, Communist writer and teacher, will be the principal speaker at the second conference of the New York Working Women's Federation, to be held at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., tonight at 7:30.

To Discuss War Danger

"The War Danger" will be the topic of discussion in which representatives from a large number of labor and fraternal organizations will participate.

"Against the futile 'peace' talk of the pacifists," a statement issued last night by the organization stated "the New York Working Women's Federation has raised the slogan of struggle against capitalist imperialism by the united action of the working class."

Declaring that the federation has taken the initiative in launching a campaign to arouse working women to the menace of the next war, the statement points out that the world imperialists are carefully hatching a plot against the Soviet Union. "The stage," the statement says, "is set for war, with the first Workers' Republic as the target for attack."

Open Discussion.

The federation cites the activities of the American empire in Latin America and China and calls upon working women everywhere "to join in the campaign to expose the plans for a new world carnage."

Representatives from all labor and fraternal organizations are invited to attend the conference tonight. Discussion from the floor will follow the talk by Nearing, it is announced.

BRICKLAYERS FETE CHILDREN

BOSTON, Aug. 1 (FP).—Bricklayers Local 3 is running its fifth annual excursion for children whose parents are jobless or on poverty wages. They will be taken on a bus trip around Boston and given a boat ride down the harbor.

Representatives of Nicaraguan Masses

From left to right in the picture are Dr. Pedro Zepeda, General Sandino's envoy to Mexico City, Socrates Sandino, brother of the leader of the Nicaraguan army of independence and Gustavo Machado, official representative of Sandino to Mexico, who has just returned from a visit to the Nicaraguan rebel general after delivering money and supplies sent by the "Hands Off Nicaragua Committee" in Mexico to the revolutionary Nicaraguan army. The photograph was taken in Mexico City.

TEN WORKERS KILLED IN CANAL DISASTER

THOROLD, Ont., Aug. 1 (UP).—Ten men were known dead, five were missing and 31 were seriously injured today when a 500 ton steel gate held by a derrick slipped and precipitated the men working on it to the bottom of the Welland Canal at Lock Six.

The gate was being hoisted by two derricks preparatory to being set into place when one derrick snapped under the strain.

All the men killed and injured were employed in the construction of the canal.

The injured were removed to hospitals in St. Catherines, eight miles away, by commandered conveyances and ambulances sent from that city and Thorold.

Wrecking crews were able to clear away part of the debris late today, but it is expected it will be hours before the huge gate can be lifted to get at the men pinned beneath it.

"L" MOTORMAN IS STILL IN PRISON

Labor Defense May Take Up Case

Kept in jail because he has thus far been unable to furnish the $15,000 bail set by the Tammany authorities, suspended by the Interborough officials who have framed-up the case against him in order to escape responsibility for their own guilt, Stanley N. Zellig, "L" motorman, whose train was involved in the Sunday wreck, faces a certain prison term unless militant labor rises to his defense.

The Interborough officials yesterday maintained silence as to its procedure following their announcement Tuesday that the company would wash its hands of the motorman. It became certain, however, that the so-called suspension announced is actually the discharge of Zellig. A half dozen cases in the past provide the precedent for this action.

In the meantime it was learned yesterday that the International Labor Defense, an organization created for the purpose of defending workers who fall into the clutches of the bosses' courts, has become interested in the case. In a statement branding the case as an obvious frame-up, officers of the organization declared that they were prepared to take up the defense of the innocent motorman. It is believed that some steps will be taken to secure Zellig's release from jail.

Following the death of one of the passengers in the Sunday night wreck, Zellig was arrested on a charge of manslaughter. Assistant District Attorney Pecora in a vicious attack, which showed evidences of having been pre-arranged with the Interborough officials, sought to create the impression that the motorman was guilty of the accident.

The whole case centers about the attempt of the Interborough to cover up its criminal use of wooden cars, the use of which have been condemned in the past and which have caused the death of numbers of passengers.

The Tammany controlled Transit Commission has issued a report whitewashing the Interborough officials and seeking to blame the motorman.

Venizelos Accused of Murder by Pangalos

ATHENS, August 1.—Venizelos dictator of Greece, has been charged by Pangalos, who was recently released from jail by the dictator, with the execution of the former premier Gounaris and his fellow ministers in 1922.

Pangalos thus shifts the charge from himself to Venizelos, who has used terrorist methods against the Greek workers in the recent strike.

WAR AGREEMENT SEEN IN PACT

British and French in Alliance

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 (UP).—Details concerning the secret British-French naval compromise were received by the state department today in a note from the British government transmitted through the American embassy in London.

Secretary of State Kellogg immediately instructed the embassy to ask permission to publish the note. Meanwhile he refused to discuss its contents.

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War Pact Seen.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—While the contents of the Franco-British naval pact is still being kept secret, comments in official government circles here reveal it is a strong bond between the British and French governments and a treaty of mutual armament development.

The reports here indicate that there has been no agreement on actual decrease of armaments and that what limitations are entered into are calculated to help the development of the two navies along lines favorable to both powers. All plans for construction of more equipment must be communicated to the allied governments five years in advance.

Wages of Cottonseed Workers Average $15

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1. — The average wage of workers in the cottonseed oil mills in the Unted States was $15.53 per week, according to figures compiled for sample weeks in 1927 by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. The figures were a part of a study of wages and hours of labor and working conditions in cotton gins, compresses and oil mills.

LUMBER BOSS FRAME-UP

Jordan Urges Centralia Victims' Release

Protests against the continued imprisonment of the Centralia prisoners in Walla Walla, Washington and demands for their unconditional pardon continue to pour in upon Governor Roland H. Hartley and H. B. Clausen, Chairman of the Parole Board from labor organizations and prominent individuals. Robert Whitaker, author and formerly a minister of the First Baptist Church of Seattle and Professor David Starr Jordan, President Emeritus of Leland Stanford University, California are among those who have added their protests, according to letters received by the national office of the International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th Street, New York.

Whitaker in his letter to the Governor declares:

The continued imprisonment in Walla Walla of the eight members of the I.W.W. by reason of the hysteria of the after war period, is a heavy handicap upon the reputation of Washington. . . . Particularly at this time the United States is in a special need of every possible exhibit of the spirit of tolerance and good will. . . . May I urge that your

Continued on Page Three

TO MOBILIZE IN MEMORY OF JEAN JAURES SUNDAY

Couturier Is Arrested; Jailed; Fined

PARIS, Aug. 1.—Thousands of French workers will defy the order of Minister of the Interior Sarraut, forbidding all meetings of workers in the district of the Seine, and will march to participate in the call to the Communist colors in the suburb of Garches, Sunday. The call to the Communist colors is in commemoration of the death of Jean Jaures, militant French labor leader, murdered on the eve of the World War.

Workers thruout the city of Paris and its suburbs have affirmed their intention of defying the government's orders to smash the demonstration.

Supplementary orders from the interior department have given Prefect of Police Chiappe permission to break up any meeting of workers by any means necessary. A veiled threat to call out the army is ridiculed by the workers who claim that it would cause an insurrection.

The attempt of the authorities to smash the huge workers' mobilization has been ushered in with the arrest of Vaillant Couturier, one of the editors of L'Humanite, French Communist daily, whose militant articles calling upon the masses to ignore the government's orders appeared recently.

Vaillant Couturier has been sentenced to six months' in jail and a fine of 10,000 francs on charges of provoking disobedience among the soldiery.

A F L POSTPONES ACTION ON SMITH

Officials Make Gesture at Organizing

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 1.—The executive committee of the American Federation of Labor in session here announced the postponement of its expected decision to endorse Al Smith for the presidency. The reason given out by William Green, president of the Federation in a guarded statement was that the labor bureaucrats would prefer to wait until after the acceptance speeches of the candidates.

It is known, however, that members of the executive council have been divided over the endorsement of Hoover and Smith and the present announcement, it is believed, represents a temporary compromise between these officials.

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ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 1.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor in session here made a crude gesture towards organization work by announcing that it would organize the aviation workers before the company unions would get on the job. A similar announcement was made in regard to the auto workers two years ago, but nothing was done. No informed person really believes that the Green-Woll crew is in earnest in its new announcement.

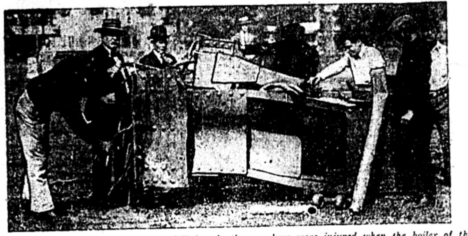
PRIEST AND NUN IN OBREGON CASE

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 1.—As the investigation of the assassination of President-elect Obregon comes to its close, the Catholic clergy has become involved through the direct influence of a priest and the nun, Mother Concepcion, upon the assassin, Torral.

The trial, which is shortly to be held, will be considerably complicated by the introduction of a "third party" to the prosecution. In addition to the prosecution and the defense, the Obregonista party will, through its representatives, take an active part in the case in accordance with the Mexican law which provides for this third element.

The Obregonistas, who stand in opposition to the Federation of Labor and are more prone to be favorable to the Catholic Church, have affirmed that Morones was responsible for the murder.

Three Workers Killed When Lighter Boiler Blows Up



Two firemen and the engineer were killed and other workers were injured when the boiler of the steam lighter Chancellor, blew up recently. The picture shows the base of the boom which landed in a ball park 400 feet from the scene of the tragedy.

MOVE TO CRUSH INDIAN CRISIS

British Send Army Against Peasants

BOMBAY, India, Aug. 1.—Admittedly fearing outbreaks all over India, especially in the textile mills in Bombay, as a result of the confiscatory measures of the Bardoli peasants in seizing and plowing the ground despite government orders, two British regiments, two squadrons of cavalry, twelve armored cars and an air force squadron have been dispatched to quell the situation in the northern Bombay district.

A population of 88,000 Indian peasants, men and women, has been mobilized to offer passive resistance to the government forces, while a detachment of six hundred has been detailed as an intelligence department to report the movements of the government's troops.

Despite the policy of non-resistance affected by the leaders of the movement in the Bardoli district, the arrival of the government squadrons is believed to presage the opening of possible mass hostilities. The authorities are frank in admitting that they fear, and are taking measures to cope with, armed outbreaks throughout the country as a repercussion from the struggle in Bardoli.

Drastic measures are planned against the Bardoli peasantry whose mass movement has for months prevented the approach of a single tax collector into the district while the peasants took over the lands declared confiscatory by the government and sowed them themselves.

Any attempt to remove the ripening crops will be met with military resistance, Collector Hartshorn of the Bardoli district declared today.

STRESS THE WAR DANGER AT MEET

Discuss Campaign at Party Rally

"We must use the election campaign to fight the war danger," John J. Ballam, acting organizer of District 2 declared last night at a membership meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party held at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St.

Ballam discussed the antagonisms between the bourgeoisie and the proletariat, between the exploited colonies and the imperialist countries, between the imperialist nations themselves and the struggle between the capitalist countries on one hand and the Soviet Union on the other.

"At the present time there is an economic depression due to the rationalization process, with more than 4,000,000 unemployed in the country," said Ballam.

Discussing the use of the National Guardsmen in New Bedford, Ballam said that as the class struggle becomes more acute the soldiers will be called upon to shoot down the workers.

Rebecca Grecht spoke on the increasing radicalization of the workers and the role of the Workers (Communist) Party in the growing economic struggles. She urged the fullest support of the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in its fight against the parties of the capitalists.

Bert Miller, organizational secretary of district 2, was chairman of the meeting.

"HELL BREAKS LOOSE IN TEXTILE STRIKE"

"Hell is again breaking loose in the textile industry." This is the warning issued yesterday by the Workers International Relief which is providing food and clothing for most of the 28,000 New Bedford mill workers who are now entering the 16th week of strike.

Calling attention to the new reign of terror instituted by the mill barons, made desperate by the united front of the strikers, the W. I. R. is making an appeal for funds with which to continue its vital work in New Bedford.

The call reads in part:

Workers! Friends!

Stand by the fighting textile workers!

"Hell is again breaking loose in the textile industry!

"This time it is in New Bedford, Mass., where for sixteen weeks 28,000 men, women and children have

Continued on Page Three

MORGAN BANKERS "GIVE" TO SMITH

Republicans to Begin With $4,000,000

Announcement of the contributors to the Al Smith campaign fund has disclosed two of the largest donners of $10,000 each as members of firms connected with the Morgan banking interests. The first of these came from John D. Ryan, president of the anti-labor, Anaconda Copper Company. The second came from John T. Smith, counsel for the General Motors Company.

Raskob, Kenny and Todd, Al Smith's immediate multi-millionaire friends have not yet been disclosed as contributors. It is believed that ways will be found to conceal large contributions made by these figures while they later announce moderate gifts.

Republican campaign manager Work, announced boldly that the sum set as a jumping off figure for the G. O. P. campaign would be $4,000,000.

Daily Worker Agents Will Meet Tomorrow

A special meeting of all section, sub-section and unit DAILY WORKER agents has been called for tomorrow evening, at 8 p. m., at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

SACCO MEMORIAL MEETS PLANNED

Will Link Case With Mooney Fight

Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meetings, under the auspices of the various sections of International Red Aid, will be held throughout the world during the week of August 19 to 26, 1928. The national office of International Labor Defense, 80 East 11th St., New York, is in receipt of many communications and cables from the Red Aid (Rote Hilfe) of Germany, the Canadian Labor Defense League, the International Class War Prisoners Aid of England, the Red Aid (Mopr) of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and many other sections, outlining plans for the commemoration of the memories of Sacco and Vanzetti, labor's martyrs. International Labor Defense is organizing the meetings in the United States.

Linked With Mooney Case.

The Sacco-Vanzetti memorials to be held on an international scale are being linked with the frame-up against Tom Mooney and Warren Billings, the two American class war prisoners about to begin their 13th year at San Quentin and Folsom, Calif.

"The case of Sacco and Vanzetti," pointed out Martin Abern, assistant national secretary of International Labor Defense, "cannot be treated isolated, but it is necessary to combine it with the special occurrences of terror and class justice in each country and to demonstrate that the Sacco and Vanzetti case is only a link in the chain of class justice and international white terror. Mooney and Billings were framed-up and imprisoned by the powers of the open-shoppers in California and the consent of American imperialism. Labor throughout the world sees this and, therefore, the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meetings will be utilized to demonstrate for and demand the freedom of Mooney and Billings."

The Canadian Labor Defense League, writes Florence Custance, Canadian secretary to the I. L. D., is organizing Sacco-Vanzetti meetings and is conducting a campaign for the Centralia prisoners and Mooney and Billings.

"When Governor Fuller of Massachusetts," writes H. B. Lovell, secretary of the International Class War Prisoners Aid of England, vis-

Continued on Page Four

GREET FREED WORKERS

Messages Urge Fight for Total Amnesty

BERLIN (By Mail).—On the amnesty of the proletarian political prisoners in Germany, the International Red Aid received the following telegrams:

"To the free proletarian prisoners in Germany:

"We greet you in the name of the International Red Aid and welcome your return to the front ranks of the class-conscious proletariat.

"The energetic battle of the Red Aid of Germany has succeeded in ending your long prison term. Now it is a question of leading the battle for the amnesty of the remaining political proletarian prisoners.

"We hope that you together with the R. H. D. and the International Red Aid will carry on the fight further against the white terror and for the freeing of all proletarian political prisoners in Italy, Bulgaria, Lithuania, Poland, Rumania, Finland, Greece, as well as in all the other capitalist countries.

"Long Live International Solidarity!

"On with the fight for the amnesty of all proletarian prisoners in the jails of the capitalist world!

"Moscow, July 17, 1928.

"The Executive of the International Red Aid."

HOLD NATIONAL GUARDS READY FOR NEW RAIDS

Women and Children March in Long Line

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 1.—Following the passage by the New Bedford chamber of commerce of a resolution applauding the violence of the police in arresting hundreds of striking textile workers at the Whitman Mill two days ago, Commander Charles Davis tonight called a meeting of the local American Legion to consider offering the services of the legionnaires as strikebreakers.

The chamber of commerce resolution, which was accepted earlier in the day, demands that all strike organizers be driven from the city or jailed. The Kiwanis Club has approved the chamber of commerce resolution.

Sentiment against the proposed strike arbitration is strong in the Textile Council with the majority of the unions opposed. The first vote of the slashers' union has already registered against arbitration.

The New Bedford Textile Union and the Workers' International Relief are caring for the children whose parents have been jailed as a result of the police raids at the Whitman Mill.

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NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 1.—Defiant of the order of Chief of Police McLeod to arrest every strike leader for law violations on sight, regardless of the nature of his offense, a picket line of 300, which swelled to nearly one thousand before police appeared, continued picketing the Whitman Mill yesterday. Smaller lines formed also at the other mills.

The order issued to the police accompanied the decision of the city authorities to retain Battery E of the Massachusetts National Guard in their armory in preparation for further raids against the picket lines. The battery, which is under orders to proceed for training to Fort Wright, Long Island, was ordered detained by Mayor Charles S. Ashley.

Determination was the feeling prevailing on the lines which surrounded the Whitman Mill yesterday and on which women and chil-

Continued on Page Five

CLOAK WORKERS TO MEET TONIGHT

To Mobilize for Huge Gathering Aug. 8

With the holding of a meeting of all active cloak and dressmakers in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th. St., at 6 o'clock tonight, all forces will be mobilized for the huge mass meeting in Bronx Stadium next Wednesday which will launch an intensive drive to organize the trade and build a strong union.

The meeting tonight, which has been called by the National Organization Committee, will be addressed by a number of the leaders of the committee and will discuss plans for the great campaign. All active cloak and dressmakers are urged to attend this important meeting.

Rank and File Group Meets.

Last night a meeting of all the units of the rank and file organiza-

Continued on Page Two

Workers Party Units Contribute $100 To Help Daily Worker

The Daily Worker has received two contributions from units of the Workers (Communist) Party, both of an equal amount. These units made it a special point on their agendas to raise specific contributions.

The South Slav section of the Party, St. Louis, Mo., at a recent picnic held for the benefit of the Communist press in the United States, collected $50 for the Daily Worker.

The same amount, $50, was raised by the Syracuse, N. Y., unit of the Workers (Communist) Party.

abor Defense Brands Manslaughter Charge Against I.R.T. Motorman as Frame-up

S COMPANY [illegible] BLAME FOR "L" COLLISION

Calls on Workers to Aid Victim

[illegible] arraignment of Stanley N. [illegible] I. R. T. motorman, on a [illegible] of manslaughter in connec[illegible] with a collision between two [illegible] trains last Sunday, in which [illegible] persons were injured, is de[illegible] by the New York section of the International Labor Defense as a vicious frame-up and an at[illegible] to shift responsibility from the company to the shoulders of a worker. In a statement issued last night, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the New York section, the I. L. D. declares:

Slaved 13 Years.

"After slaving for 15 years for the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, during which time he did [illegible] a single accident, Stanley [illegible] a motorman, has reaped his reward in the form of a charge of manslaughter and the possibility of a long jail term as a result of an accident for which the I. R. T. is criminally to blame.

"Zillig was one of the 64 persons who were seriously injured in this [illegible]. One of the 64 has since [illegible]. No one is to blame for this accident but the Interborough Rapid [illegible] Company, which continues [illegible] wooden cars that have been [illegible] even by its own Transit Commission and ignores other precautions to safeguard the lives of workers and passengers.

"But who would ever think of charging Mr. Hedley or Mr. Quack[illegible] with manslaughter? Being [illegible] of the sacred capitalist [illegible], they are too sacred. A scapegoat is needed. And so after risking his life daily for the scab Inter[illegible] company, Zillig gets his [illegible] of boss gratitude. Of course, [illegible] this was delicately done. The I. R. T. at first pretended to defend the worker and later piously washed [illegible] hands of the case.

"The New York section of the International Labor Defense con[illegible] the charge against Zillig as a vicious and brazen frame-up in which the Interborough Rapid Transit Company is playing the chief role. It calls upon all workers to support Zillig's fight for freedom in every possible way."

ISSUE MILL MEET CALL IN PASSAIC

Weisbord to Speak on Textile Situation

PASSAIC, N. J., Aug. 1.—The [illegible] arrests and clubbing of New Bedford textile strikers has had its [illegible] in Passaic where the work[illegible] have mobilized the textile work[illegible] of the city by distributing leaf[illegible] at the mill gates calling them to the mass meeting on August 2 at [illegible] p. m., Ukranian Hall at President St.

Weisbord to Talk.

Albert Weisbord, who was arrested [illegible] New Bedford yesterday, has been released and will report on the latest developments of the New Bedford struggle. Working class organizations, individuals and unions have [illegible] in pledges of support and will [illegible] over their contributions Thursday evening to rush help to the New Bedford strikers. The calling out of the state militia and the attempt [illegible] intimidate the workers at the [illegible] of its bayonets has met with [illegible]. The picket lines they are [illegible] have been reinforced. For [illegible] striker arrested, another work[illegible] takes his place for picket duty.

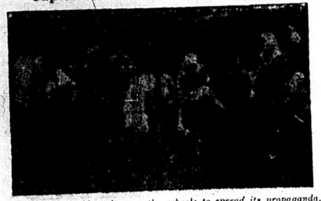
The New Bedford strikers are in [illegible] fight to the finish. All or[illegible] workers must rally to their support. The meeting Thursday night for Passaic opens the drive for [illegible] nation-wide-campaign to mobilize the solidarity of the workingclass [illegible] country for the New Bedford [illegible] strikers. All workers are [illegible] to attend the Weisbord meeting to line up their organizations for the relief drive.

Soviet Youth Gets Artistic Training

[illegible]COW, (By Mail).—During the latter part of June an All-[illegible] Conference for the artistic [illegible] of the youth took place in [illegible] at the initiative of the EC [illegible] YCLSU. The conference was [illegible] by a representative of the [illegible] Committee. Representa[illegible] of the art theatres, cinema[illegible] and YCL organizations of [illegible] Soviet Union participated in the [illegible].

[illegible] conference was in the nature [illegible] review of forces and was also [illegible] occasion for an exchange of ex[illegible] gained in the USSR in [illegible] domain. Achievements, par[illegible] those of the Leningrad or[illegible] called TRAM (the [illegible] Workers' Theatre), were [illegible] and existing defects were [illegible]. Comrade Lunacharsky [illegible] brilliant speech in the course [illegible] he emphasized the import [illegible] role of artistic training [illegible] the youth.

Capitalism Harnesses Them Early



Capitalism assiduously uses the schools to spread its propaganda. Little by little the children are taught what capitalism wants them to think and feel while they are too young to think for themselves. The picture shows New York Public School children drafted to clean up Central Park.

Young Workers!

ACTIVE LEAGUE IN NEW BEDFORD

National Guardsmen Join Movement

The New Bedford League is making tremendous gains in recruiting the young textile workers and strikers into its ranks. The League at present has about 100 members, the greatest majority of which are young strikers who are active in the strike of the 30,000 workers in New Bedford.

Excellent Headquarters.

The League has rented a beautiful and spacious hall in the center of the city, and day or night young workers can be found reading writing, or doing other work at the headquarters. These young workers in the three months of strike have learned that only by joining the League, the only revolutionary youth organization can they wage a successful fight not only against the cotton barons, but against the capitalist class as a whole.

Appeal to National Guard.

The use of the New Bedford National Guard against the workers resulted in the distribution of thousands of leaflets by the New Bedford League calling upon the Guards to stand together with their brothers and fight not the workers but the bosses. Already, hundreds of members of the National Guard young strikers and workers, have come on the picket lines and refuse to be used against the workers. When Battery F went to camp, the League distributed a special leaflet to the young workers, and the story goes in official headquarters that one of the reasons this battery was withdrawn at this time is because of the work the League had carried on in winning over the young Guards to the side of the strikers. Many Guards, in no hesitating manner have already informed their officials to "go to hell."

League to Stay.

The League in New Bedford is there to stay. The League has proven its right to being the vanguard of the proletarian youth. This contrasts well with the fact that the Y.P.S.L.s are only discredited in New Bedford, and have failed to gain a single member, having even no branch there. More power to the militant Young Workers Communist League of New Bedford!

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"With the Young Workers" section appears in the Daily Worker every Monday and Thursday in the City Edition and Tuesday and Friday in the National Edition. Young Workers are requested to send contributions for this department to: Young Workers League, 43 East 125 Street, New York City.

Write to John Porter!

Young workers are requested to write personal letters to John Porter, New Bedford organizer of the Young Workers Communist League and strike leader, who was sentenced to two and a half years hard labor by court-martial. These letters will make Porter's prison life more pleasant and will let him know that he is not alone in the struggle.

Address: John Porter (Walerysiak), Guard House, Fort Adams, R. I.

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Correspondence with Soviet Union.

Komsomol groups and individual young workers in the Soviet Union are anxious to correspond with Young Workers Communist League units and individuals in the United States. Letters telling of conditions in this country, and the work of your league unit, should be sent to the National Office of the Young Workers (Communist) League, 43 East 125 Street, New York City. The letters will be translated and forwarded to the Komsomols of the U.S.S.R.

KELLOGG LACKEY DIES.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti, August 1.—Military honors marked the burial of General Justin Salgado Chief of Staff to President Borno. Salgado was a staunch supporter of the United States and backed its policy of intervention.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

YOUNG WORKERS EXPOSE BOSSES

Waukegan League to Continue Meetings

WAUKEGAN, Ill. (By Mail).—Five members of the Wauken Young Workers (Communist) League were arrested recently for holding an election campaign street meeting. As the first speaker was pulled down from the platform, another comrade mounted it and started to speak to the crowd that had assembled to listen to the speakers. One after another, five comrades were pulled off the speakers' platform and jailed on a charge of holding a meeting without a permit.

The Chicago District Committee issued a statement after the arrest exposing the capitalist freedom of speech, and pointing out that while the U. S. constitution is supposed to guarantee the freedom of expressing your opinion, but when necessary this guarantee is miscarried and overlooked by the state authorities. The Young Workers (Communist) League is determined to continue the open-air meetings in spite of arrests and when necessary to mobilize the workers of Waukegan to defend their rights of free speech.

MANY SCHOOLS IN SOVIET UNION

Students Ask About American Life

In the following letter, received by the National Office of the Young Workers Communist League, young students in Minsk, U. S. S. R., tell of the educational advantages of today as compared with the oppression of the Czar.

These students in Minsk wish to correspond with young American workers. Communications should be sent to the National Office of the League to be translated and forwarded to the Soviet Union.

"Minsk, U. S. S. R.

"Dear Comrades:

"We are anxious to correspond with America. Some one gave us your address and we are taking the opportunity of sending you this letter.

"We are much interested in the living conditions in America and particularly of the workers in the cities.

Many Schools Now.

"We are students of the Polish Technical School (many workers here speak Polish instead of Russian). In the days of the Czar, there were very few schools here and they were only in Russian, but now there is no shortage of educational institutions.

"The population of our Republic consists of White Russians, Poles, Jews, and Russians, and schools are conducted in all of these languages

Study Esperanto.

"A few words about ourselves now. We are members of the Esperanto Section of our school. We study Esperanto during our second year. One group of our Section corresponds with France, Germany and Japan, and we wish to correspond with you.

"In our school there are many organizations such as the Komsomols, the Communist Party, International Red Aid, Association for Linking Up the City with the Village (promoting closer relationship between city workers and farmers) League to Aid in Defense of the U.S.S.R., and others.

"Now, we finish our first letter to you.

"Write, please, about living conditions in your city and the political and cultural life.

"With greetings,

"Esperanto Section of the P. T. P., Sovetskaja, 144, Minsk, White Russia, U. S. S. R.

"(Signed) B. Moukewicz."

Your struggle in shop, mine, mill or factory is incomplete unless you report it to The DAILY WORKER.

PORTER PROTEST MEET IN DULUTH DESPITE POLICE

Many Workers Present at Demonstration

(By a Worker Correspondent)

DULUTH, Minn. (By Mail).—The Young Workers (Communist) League of Duluth held an "anti-Citizens' Military Training Camp and John Porter" open-air meeting tonight. The meeting was advertised for 7:30 p. m. for Sixth Ave. West and Superior St.

The meeting was started on time, with about 200 people in attendance. The first speaker on the program was the league district organizer, Sam Reed. When the speaker was about half through, and while explaining the John Porter case, a policeman rushed over to the speaker and demanded a permit for the meeting. When informed that the chief of police gave us a verbal permit to hold the meeting, the "preserver of the law" was not satisfied and threatened to disperse the crowd if we insisted on holding the meeting.

Meanwhile about 500 people assembled, who cheered several times for our speakers and demanded that the meeting be allowed to continue.

After an unsuccessful attempt to get in touch with the chief of police, our comrades decided to hold the meeting at a public square, a few blocks away from the original place. An appeal was made to the workers to follow to the new meeting place and the majority started in a body to the public square.

Try to Disturb Meeting.

Two motorcycle policemen were sent down to the square, and although they tried to disturb the meeting by circling around and making noise, yet they did not dare to, or maybe they could not find any direct pretense for breaking up the meeting.

While the disturbance was going on, our literature committee was on the job with Daily Workers and other literature, and a large number of them were sold.

The party and the league are determined to keep up street meetings every week on Sixth Ave. and Superior St., and will put up a fight for free speech and free assemblage for our party and league in Duluth, Minn.

Soldiers Punished for "Insulting Army"

PARIS, Aug. 1.—The army council in Orleans has sentenced a soldier and 15 demobilized gunners of the 15th squad who were charged with "insulting the army." These soldiers were guilty of the following offence. On the eve of their demobilization they decided to be photographed in a group. When the group was being taken a friend of the soldiers planted in their midst a big poster bearing the hammer and sickle and the following inscription, "Long live the rank and file, down with the officer brood." (Vive la Classe a bas les Fayets). This picture fell into the hands of an officer who denounced the soldiers with the result that they were brought before a military court, charged with insulting the army and sentenced from one to three months and the rest to two months imprisonment or 30 francs fine.

14 KILLED IN CRASH.

BERLIN, August 1.—A local train crashed into the rear end of a freight train near Dinkelscherben at 4 a.m today. Fourteen were killed and twelve seriously injured.

4 BOYS ESCAPE FROM HOME.

Four boys escaped from their place of confinement at St. Joseph's Home, at 12 West 129 Street, on Tuesday afternoon. The young boy prisoners ranged in age from nine to twelve.

Being Trained for the Coming Slaughter

It is to prevent the slaughter of uniformed workers in the armies and the thousands of workers outside that the Workers (Communist) Party is arranging nation-wide protest meetings on August 4, the anniversary of the world war against the coming imperialist war. The picture shows soldiers at target practise at Fort Jay in New York harbor.

JERSEY ELECTION MEETING SUNDAY

Weisbord, Nearing at Ratification

The New Jersey State Ratification Conference of the Workers (Communist) Party, to be held on Sunday, August 5, at the Workers Progressive Center, 93 Mercer St., Newark, will mark the opening of the Communist election campaign in a state which is notorious for its anti-labor record. The enthusiastic response to the conference, already evident by the large number of workers' organizations who are sending delegates, shows that the workers of New Jersey are beginning to understand that the capitalist parties are their enemies, and that the political and industrial situation in New Jersey presents great possibilities for an effective Communist election campaign.

New Jersey has long been known as a haven for big corporation interests. Because of its exceptionally favorable laws for corporations, big business has sought incorporation there, assured, furthermore, of little state interference in the exploitation and oppression of New Jersey workers.

Bad Condition of Workers.

With its textile mills, munitions plants, metal manufacturing establishments, oil refineries, automobile and aeroplane factories, New Jersey ranks as one of the most important industrial states in the east. The workers in these industries are almost entirely unorganized. Low wages, long hours, industrial hazards, wretched working conditions, combine to render the lot of New Jersey workers bitter in the extreme. Child labor is rampant. Thousands of women workers, many of them mothers of little children, toil on day and night shifts for miserable wages.

The political forces of the state have openly allied themselves with the corporation interests. Factory inspection laws are disregarded with impunity, as well as laws against night work for women and child labor. The New Jersey State Legislature has easily passed laws serving the corporation interests, but has killed all labor bills urged against it. Injunctions, police brutality and terrorism, arrests and imprisonment, are the weapons used against the workers when they attempt to organize or go on strike.

Old Parties Unite Against Workers.

Workers' organizations have still time to choose representatives to the State Ratification Conference on Sunday, August 5, in Newark, where a state platform will be adopted and plans outlined for carrying on an intensive drive among the workers of New Jersey. Albert Weisbord and Scott Nearing will be the principal speakers.

Musical Program.

Preceding the conference, on Saturday night, August 4, at the Workers' Progressive Center in Newark, will be held a Ratification Banquet. Many workers from all over the state are expected to attend. In addition to the eats there will be music and entertainment. Both candidates for governor and U. S. Senator will be present. Admission is $1.

Workers can arrange automobile parties to attend the banquet and conference from other cities. Those coming from points at considerable distance from Newark will find free accommodations overnight.

THOUSANDS TO BE AT I. L. D. OUTING

Attractive Program Is Being Arranged

Many nationalities will be represented at the great outing of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, to be held Saturday, Aug. 11, at Pleasant Bay Park. Thousands of workers are preparing to attend this annual event of the left-wing movement.

An elaborate program is being prepared for the outing, including sports and games of all sorts, open-air dancing, a torchlight parade, music and refreshments. A feature of the program will be the taking of moving pictures of the affair.

Tickets for the outing are 35 cents and are now on sale at the office of the I. L. D., 799 Broadway Room 422, and at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

U. S. DICTATES BOGOTA OIL PLAN

BOGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 1.—A heated debate and severe criticism of the Colombian government oil policy is expected when the minister of industries appears in the Chamber to discuss oil measures. The Colombian government is charged with following the dictates of the U. S. State Department in its oil legislation according to a considerable section of "liberal" opinion in the Chamber.

The criticism will center about the repeal of the emergency oil law which was suspended on June 2 by the president after several United States oil companies had opened suit to protest its constitutionality and after the American State Department had some "informal" conferences with the Colombian government.

Kellogg is alleged to be planning for the conferences thru the United States minister S. H. Piles at Bogota with the Colombian government in an attempt to smooth over the difficulties, and appease the opposition.

Denver Train Worker Badly Injured on Job

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 1.—Harry S. Monahan, employed as a brakeman by the Colorado and Southern Railroad, was seriously injured last night when he was crushed between a box car and the wall of a cotton mill here.

He suffered a broken left arm, dislocated shoulder, serious cuts and bruises about the body and face, and possible internal injuries. He was removed to the Denver General Hospital.

MILLINERS BEGIN ORGANIZATIONAL CAMPAIGN IN NY

Labor Greets Proposal With Enthusiasm

At an enthusiastic meeting held Tuesday evening, about 400 woman millinery worker members of local 43 gathered at Bryant Hall, 6th Ave and 41st St., for the purpose of inaugurating the big organizational campaign among the millinery workers for the opening of the new season.

Workers adopted restrictions providing that the new organizational campaign and drive be immediately begun among the unorganized trimmers in the industry; that the chairladies and the shop committees in the various shops be instructed to settle upon a satisfactory wage scale for the girls employed in their factories; that these chairladies and shop committees should always be in close communication and contact with the local about the scale of wages, in order to be sure that they are upheld.

It was also reported that several shops have been forced to settle with the local, reinstating the girls they had previously discharged.

The J. Anderson Hat Company, 65 W. 39th St. which is one of the largest firms in the industry, where the girls after being locked out and went on a strike which has lasted over a week, has settled with the local and has signed an agreement and taken the girls back to work.

At the Fairfield Hat Company the six girls who were locked out have been reinstated and the lock out settled.

The lockout which took place at the Meyers Hat Company was settled with local 43 within a day of the event, and the girls who were discharged were reinstated.

A further recommendation of the executive board, made for the purpose of making the organizational campaign more effective, asked that all members impose upon themselves a voluntary tax of a day's wages.

Argentine Town Elects Full Communist Ticket

CANADA VERDE, Argentina, August 1.—At the last election held here, the workers living in Canada Verde elected a complete communist ticket for its municipal government.

"The population of Canada Verde is 4,000, and "Comrade" is the popular form of greeting on the [illegible]. The children are taught to sing "International" each day at the [illegible] of the school session. The [illegible] council is composed completely of workers and farmers.

CLOAK WORKERS TO MEET TONIGHT

To Mobilize for Huge Gathering Aug. 8

Continued from Page One

tion committee of 500 was held in Manhattan Lyceum which also discussed the work in connection with the Aug. 8 meeting and the organization drive.

Elaborate plans are being made for the Bronx Stadium meeting, which is expected to prove the turning-point in the struggles of the cloak and dressmakers against the holy alliance between the right-wing clique, the bosses and the underworld.

Send Letter.

As part of the efforts to make this campaign as strong as possible, a letter has been sent to all members of Local 22, Dressmakers Union, signed by Julius Portnoy, manager, asking them to pay up their dues at once, as well as the $10 tax levied by the National Organization Committee for organization purposes.

The National Organization Committee is requesting all cloak and dressmakers who are working in open shops or in so-called union shops where union conditions have been destroyed to report at once to its office, 16 W. 21st St.

Every reader is a member of the circulation staff of the Daily.

FIRST SHOWING! FIRST SHOWING!

MINERS' STRIKE FILM
at the
Miners' Solidarity Fair

SUNDAY, AUGUST 5th,
PLEASANT BAY PARK

OTHER BIG ATTRACTIONS

ADMISSION, 35 CENTS
National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway

REMEMBER AUGUST 4TH, 1914
THE OPENING OF THE WORLD WAR!

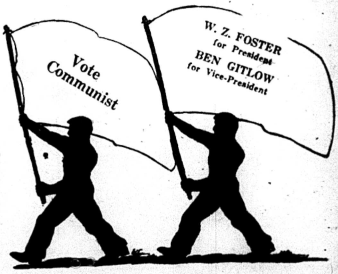
FIGHT THE WAR DANGER!

PROTEST AGAINST
GUNBOATS IN CHINA
MARINES IN NICARAGUA
PLOTS AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION

Down With Capitalism—Breeder of Wars!

SPEAKERS:
Ben Gitlow, Robert Minor, M. J. Olgin, Phil Frankfeld, Albert Weisbord, Bert Miller, Richard Moore, John J. Ballam, Ben Gold, D. Benjamin, Ray Ragozin, Scott Nearing, Rebecca Grecht, Paul Crouch.

Mass Demonstration
Saturday, August 4 at 1 P. M.—Union Square, Near 17th St.
Auspices: Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League
26-28 Union Square



Order a Bundle!

Let The DAILY WORKER help you in your Election Campaign Work.

Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.

Special price on Daily Worker bundles during election campaign.

$8.00 per thousand (regular price $10.00 per thousand).

Enclosed find $..........for..........Daily Workers
Name
Street
City .... State

Havana Posters Denounce "Butcher" Machado an

POLICE WORRIED AS CROWDS READ ILLEGAL BILLS

vernment Alarmed; Fears Campaign

(Special to The Daily Worker)

HAVANA, Cuba, August 1.—No sooner had the three legal Cuban political parties proclaimed General Gerardo Machado, the present incumbent as candidate to succeed himself as the president of the republic, than scores of handbills denouncing the administration appeared upon buildings, walls and all available spaces of this city. The handbills were particularly numerous in the working class sections of the city.

Police were kept busy yesterday dispersing groups of spectators who eagerly read the bills. No signature appears on the posters and the government is alarmed at what it fears is an organized attempt to lay bare the history of the present administration as part of an illegal presidential campaign.

Arrests were threatened last night but the government has so far refrained from overt action, presumably waiting for an opportunity to present itself.

The illegalization of the Communist Party has called forth widespread resentment among the Cuban workers. General discontent followed the proclamation of General Machado as sole presidential candidate recently and it is believed that the present posters are a repercussion of this feeling.

CELEBRATE USSR PARTY CONGRESS

Hail Commencement of Struggle

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., August 1.—Yesterday evening Moscow Communist Party workers, together with delegates to the Sixth Congress of the Communist International participated in a celebration in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Second Party Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

Kotov, secretary of the Moscow district of the Communist Party, delivered the introductory speech. Yaroslavsky then described the significance of the Second Party Congress for the development of the Bolshevist Party and the Communist International.

Thaelmann, of Germany, greeted the meeting in the name of the Presidium of the Sixth Congress of the Communist International and declared that the Second Party Congress represented the commencement of the struggle of revolutionary Marxism under Lenin's leadership against reformism in all programmatical, tactical and organizational questions.

Krupskaya, widow of V. I. Lenin, who participated in the Second Congress which took place in Brussels, described the congress. The chairman then read greetings from Clara Zetkin. Thaelmann was presented with a banner.

STANDARD OIL RAISES PRICES

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The Rockefeller controlled Standard Oil Company of Indiana announced that effective tomorrow morning the price of gasoline and kerosene in its entire territory will be raised one cent a gallon.

While the company ascribes the rise in prices as due to the increased cost of crude oil, many observers point out that the recent agreement between Standard and Royal-Dutch which set aside 5 per cent of the cost of the oil purchased from the Soviet Oil Syndicate as a recompensation for the former owners of the Soviet fields when the Soviet Syndicate refused to pay these demands, as the actual excuse for the price increase.

Foster and Gitlow

As the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party stand for the emancipation of the proletariat from the slavery of capitalism, from the horrors of imperialist war, unemployment and poverty, work and vote for Communism. Read The DAILY WORKER. Read the National Platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. Write for it to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Ten cents a copy.

Swedish Working Class Has Its Eye on These Parasites

The tall persons in the picture are six scions of the Swedish royal house. If they look a little comfortable, it must be remembered that the Swedish working class is militant and the scions are never sure what may become of them.

EXPLAINS TEXAS ELECTION LAWS

Lauderdale Gives Out Instructions

HOUSTON, Tex., Aug. 1.—With the county conventions of the Workers (Communist) Party scheduled to be held Saturday for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention in Houston Aug 14, B. H. Lauderdale, Texas organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party urges special attention to the following instructions based on the Texas election law:

The law is silent as to the minimum number to be present in the county convention, so hold the convention whether few or many are present, elect a qualified voter delegate, and notify Lauderdale of his name and address.

A legal voter in a county is one who has paid a poll tax on or before the 31st day of January of this year and has been a resident of the county six months and of the state a year prior to the date of the county convention, the 4th of August. If a married man, residence may be determined as the residence of the wife. It is not necessary to meet in the county seat to make the convention legal. Anywhere in the county is all right.

Observe carefully the necessity of confining the convention to qualified voters.

Address B. H. Lauderdale at Route 1, Breckenridge, Texas.

CANADIAN COURT BLOW AT LABOR

MONTREAL (By Mail). — A very important decision for working women fell from the lips of Judge Casson of the Montreal court. An artist, Alexander Bercovitch stood before the court on the charge of deserting his wife and three children. The defendant was released by the judge on the ground that his wife always talked about Communism, was active in Communist circles, held Communist meetings in her home, and received Communist literature daily from Toronto.

With this decision the Canadian court rules that a man whose wife participates in revolutionary work is released from all duties to his wife and children. According to reports of Canadian newspapers similar decisions against Communist wives were upheld in other cities.

Bodies of 3 Killed Workers Still Missing

(By United Press.)

Divers who entered the wreckage of the Merritt, Chapman and Scott Steam Derrick Lighter Chancellor, which sank after an explosion off Staten Island yesterday, reported today that they were unable to find bodies of three men missing after the blast.

They were unable to enter the boiler room because of the tangle of twisted metal and splintered wood. Officials who inspected the wreck expressed the belief the men would not be found.

Those missing were William Woods, engineer; and firemen Joseph Martini and John Durado.

TEACHERS ORGANIZE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Connecticut, Wyoming and North Dakota have been invaded by the American Federation of Teachers and locals are now functioning there.

Arrest Jobless Woman Who Said Policeman Had Assaulted Her

Patrolman J. J. O'Neill is being held pending an investigation of charges against him by Magistrate Maguire in Brooklyn, made by Mrs. Annie Matthews, 24, a waitress. She charged that O'Neill and two other men attacked her in the basement of 107 Classen Ave., Brooklyn.

Mrs. Matthews had only 10 cents in her possession when she appeared in court wearing a crumpled cheap dress and no hat. She has been out of work for several months.

Because the magistrate claimed that the details of the story were "vague," she was ordered held on a charge of vagrancy until the inquiry is completed.

CLARK TO MAKE ELECTION TOUR

To Speak in West in Communist Drive

Stanley Clark, veteran revolutionist, editor of Labor Topics, Great Falls, Montana, will tour several western and northwestern states in the interest of the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party, according to an announcement issued last night from the headquarters of the National Campaign Committee, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Clark's itinerary will bring him into the State of Minnesota about the middle of August. Minnesota is a hot-bed of confusion because of the renegade labor leaders and shyster politicians who debauched the once powerful Farmer-Labor movement and hitched it to the chariot of the republican party. Senator Shipstead, who was elected on a Farmer-Labor ticket, is actually a republican, and the great majority of former Farmer-Labor Party leaders are now making deals with the capitalist parties.

Clark will end his tour in Minnesota at the end of the first week in September. From there he will go to Nebraska and Iowa, finishing in those two states on September 23. His next theatre of operations will be Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, Arkansas, and Texas, winding up in the lone Star State on October 14.

From October 15 to October 28, Clark will speak in New Mexico, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming.

Clark is one of the many speakers for whom tours are being arranged by the National Election Campaign Committee. Reports reaching campaign headquarters from all over the country show that the workers and exploited farmers are hungry for Communist propaganda. Thousands of copies of the National Platform of the Workers (Communist) Party have been disposed of in the short time since the document has come from the printers.

A. F. L. IN FAKE 'UNION' GESTURE

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 1.—Forced by the overwhelming demand of the workers in the aviation industry for organization, the American Federation of Labor officials has at last made a gesture in that direction. Proposals for the unionization are being considered after years of work in the leading auto plants of the country by the Workers (Communist) Party, which has succeeded in arousing the aircraft workers where no organization had existed before.

A militant shop paper, the "Wright Propellor," was also started by the Workers Party nucleus in the Wright plant at Elizabeth, N. J. The organization of the aviation workers has been ignored by the officialdom at the A. F. of L. conventions year after year.

CONFESSES KILLING CHILD.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., August 1 (UP).—Police announced today that Mrs. Vera Berger, 24, of Cressona, near here, had confessed that she killed her eight months old daughter on July 23 by strangling her with a towel.

2 FLYERS KILLED IN CRASH.

HELSINGFORS, Finland, August 1 (UP).—The pilot and mechanic of a military airplane were killed in a crash during army maneuvers at Kalvola today.

DEMAND FREEDOM FOR I. W. W. MEN

Governor Gets Letter From Jordan

Continued from Page One

boards release these men 'immediately and unconditionally."

Professor David Starr Jordan, a widely known scientist declares:

"I understand that the eight members of the I. W. W. sent to the penitentiary from Centralia . . . are applying for pardon. It is certain that the treatment of the Centralia affair has come as a disgrace to the State of Washington. I sincerely hope that the proper authorities of the State of Washington can see their way to grant an unconditional pardon to these people. I am not personally acquainted with any of them. . . ."

International Labor Defense points out that the actions on the part of Professor Jordan and Whitaker are evidences of the depth of the indignation and protest of the workers against the continued imprisonment of the framed-up Centralia workers. Only organized mass protest of the workers in the unions, the shops and factories will, however, bring the necessary pressure on the lumber trust owned State of Washington to free Eugene Barnett, McInnery and the others. A statewide conference of labor unions, farm organizations and other bodies in the State of Washington is planned in the near future to crystalize the protest of the workers, writes Charlotte Todes, Seattle I. L. D. Secretary and also Secretary of the Centralia Liberation Committee.

U. S. S. R. PLANS CROP CONTROL

Ordzhonikidze Named Distributor

MOSCOW, Aug. 1.—In accordance with the plan of the Central Control Commission for the distribution of the autumn harvest G. K. Ordhonikidze, head of the department of Workers and Peasant's Inspection has been appointed to distribute the coming crop.

At the samt time all the Republics of the Soviet Union have been requested to appoint similar controllers to take car of what is expected to be a bumper crop.

All data and information relative to the harvest will be put into the hands of Ordhonikidze by local committees, cooperatives and peasant societies to facilitate the work.

AIR SHIP-MAIL SERVICE.

WASHINGTON, August 1 (UP).—A "Ship-to-Shore" Air mail service will be started by the Postoffice Department August 7, when a plane will leave the Steamship Ile De France carrying mail to France a day before the vessel is scheduled to reach Lehavre.

International Press Correspond

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NORTH CAROLINA WORKERS FIRED FOR UNION TALK

Tobacco Factory Slaves Get $12-14 Per Week

(By a Worker Correspondent)

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., (By Mail).—"You had better be careful if you want to hold your job," was the warning from a fellow worker when I asked if a union would not help get our wages a little above the $12 to $14 per week most of the employes here receive for ten hours daily work. And it is REAL work, too, with the foreman ready to fire anyone who can be accused of loafing on the job. "If you mention a union around here, you'll get fired," said my friend, who had been working here in the Brown and Williamson tobacco factory for a long time.

Many Leaving Farms.

This is true, for there are thousands of unemployed workers, and young farmers who cannot make a living in the country, who are looking for jobs. The Brown and Williamson Tobacco Company is one of several large tobacco manufacturers exploiting the workers to the limit. Most of the employes are young workers. More than half are Negroes.

Racial Prejudice.

We are told that we belong to a "better race," that we must not associate with the Negroes. This is to keep us divided, so we cannot form a union against the bosses.

Tremendous Profits.

Tremendous profits are made by the owners of the Brown and Williamson Tobacco Company. Within the past few years, the value of the stock in the company has increased several times. While the workers are starving and living in shacks on mud-paved streets, the bosses are living in luxury. They are deliberately blind to the terrible conditions and the sort of life the workers are forced into by poverty.

I heard one of the girls here, who gets about $10 per week, complain about her starvation wage. She was told by the foreman that there are "other ways" to make money. In reality, many are forced into a life of shame.

I have been in the North, and tho they are bad enough there, they are nothing compared to this tobacco and textile center of the South. But the young workers here have never known anything better, and most of them have no idea of a union to fight for better things.

Religion here is used to help keep the workers enslaved. The church is the social meeting place for the youth, and one must be religious to be respectable. No one dares admit that he does not believe in religion, for that would make him an "outcast."

Some day there is going to be an earthquake here. Sooner or later, a union will be started in Winston-Salem and other industrial centers of the South, and there will be one of the greatest conflicts in American labor history.

—WORKER CORRESPONDENT.

USSR Spends Million to Aid Flood Victims

MOSCOW, Aug. 1.—The Soviet government has appropriated 1,000,000 roubles (approximately $500,000) for the relief of the stricken population in the flooded area of the Amur Province.

Reports from Khabarovsk say that the flood reached its crisis yesterday and that the water level began sinking during the night.

FISH HANDLERS UNITE.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 1.—Workers who handle pickled and dry fish have organized. They are aided by officers of the Trades and Labor Council.

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Dorothy Gish Returns to Stage; 'Trapped' Coming to Forrest

DOROTHY GISH is to reappear on the speaking stage for the first time since she became a motion picture star. Kenneth Macgowan and Sydney Rose announce that she will play the leading part in "Young Love," a play by Samson Raphaelson, author of "Jazz Singer," which will be shown on Broadway early this season.

Dorothy Gish

"Young Love" will be given a preliminary production on August 6 under the direction of George Cukor at his theatre in Rochester. James Rennie, Miss Gish's husband, who is the leading man for Mr. Cukor's stock company, will play opposite Miss Gish. Tom Douglas, a young actor who played Glen Hunter's part in the London production of "Merton of the Movies," will also appear in "Young Love."

• • •

Edwin H. Knopf and Wm. P. Farnsworth have placed in rehearsal "The Big Pond," a comedy by George Middleton and A. E. Thomas. The cast includes Kenneth McKenna, Reed Brown, Jr., Ruth Merro, Doris Rankin, Harlan Briggs, Marie Curtis and Katherine Hepburn. The play is scheduled to open Tuesday evening, August 21, at the Bijou Theatre. "Skidding," now at the Bijou, will be transferred to another theatre.

• • •

The Masque Theatre will have Edward Clark's new comedy, called "Relations." The play is scheduled to open on Monday evening, August 20.

HELEN MENKEN

This talented actress is headlining this week at the Palace Theatre in a dramatic playlet by Louis Solomon, titled "Saturday Night."

• • •

William Kent will be chief comedian of "Ups-a-Daisy," Lewis E. Gensler's musical comedy now in rehearsal.

• • •

"Trapped," a new play by Max Marcin and Samuel Shipman, comes to the Forrest Theatre next Tuesday evening. The cast includes: Felix Krembs, John Miltern, Calvin Thomas, Linda Watkins, Mary Robinson, Anne Teeman, Natan Sack and W. W. Shuttleworth.

• • •

"The Silent House" reached its 200th performance last night at the Shubert Theatre.

Emigration Will Not Solve Unemployment

LONDON, Aug. 1.—In spite of the chronic state of unemployment in Canada and the publicly voiced opposition to the plan of the British Industrial Transference Board, Lord Lovat, under-secretary for the colonies and dominions said today that 20,000 British miners are to be transported to Canadian farms.

This, together with the proposal to send 10,000 unemployed British workers to help in the Canadian harvest, is looked upon in many circles here as a very doubtful method of solving England's unemployment situation. It is pointed out that emigration, besides being too negligible to affect the situation in England, would add to the already critical unemployment situation in the colonies and dominions.

Plans Marathon Dance From N. Y. to Europe

A marathon dance from New York to Europe was announced yesterday by C. C. Pyle.

His proposed marathon, Pyle said would Start from the New York City Hall. The dancers would waltz aboard a truck to the pier dance all the way across the ocean and keep dancing until they landed in the center of London or Paris.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

SACCO-VANZETTI MEETS PLANNED THRUOUT WORLD

Will Be Linked With Mooney Case

Continued from Page One

ited Braintree (Essex, England) recently, the Braintree Local Trade Council, in conjunction with the I. C. W. P. A., organized a protest demonstration on June 30, at which several hundred people in such a small area attended and 100 Sacco-Vanzetti pamphlets were sold. An extremely good impression was created and we have decided to organize further protest demonstrations which will take place during the August Sacco-Vanzetti commemoration week throughout England, at which will be demanded the immediate release of our comrades, Mooney and Billings, and other American political prisoners."

Nation-Wide Activity.

The national office of International Labor Defense announces that meetings for the Sacco-Vanzetti memorials are being arranged in cities throughout the United States. Among the meetings already scheduled are: New York; Union Square; Chicago, Temple Hall; Detroit, Philadelphia, Boston, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Cleveland, Public Square, Martins Ferry, Ohio, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Superior, Seattle, Poreland, Denver, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, cities throughout the mining regions in the bituminous and anthracite regions, Tacoma, Bethlehem, Akron, Canton, Gary, South Bend, Zeigler, Newark, Paterson, Passaic, Buffalo, Rochester, Wilmington, Washington, St. Louis, Flint, Grand Rapids, New Haven, Stamford, San Jose, Spokane, Astoria, Oakland and many others. A complete list of meetings, giving time and place, will be announced soon by I. L. D.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

CAMEO 42nd & B'way NOW
"Czar Ivan the Terrible"
with LEONIDOFF & Moscow Art Players
and "Potemkin" The Russian Film Classic

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau Thierry
May Wirth, Phil & Family
in BIG FREE CIRCUS
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

AGAINST COMPENSATION.

PHONEIX, Ariz., Aug. 1.—"Ambulance chasers" are uring repeal of the Arizona workmen's compensation law. Petitions are circulated throughout the state by "chasers" and their allies.

DAILY WORKER
International Costume Carnival
SUNDAY, AUGUST 19—PLEASANT BAY PARK

GAMES — OPEN AIR
Dancing--Sports
ATHLETIC EXHIBITIONS

ADMISSION, 35c
Tickets Now For Sale at Daily Worker Office, 26-28 Union Sq.

Take the
DAILY WORKER
With You on Your
Vacation

Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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NEW YORK, N. Y.

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Name of business place ....
Address ....
Your name ....
Address ....

Mail to
DAILY WORKER
33 FIRST STREET — NEW YORK CITY

YOUNG WORKERS ARE ARRESTED IN N. J. SHIRT STRIKE

Distribute Leaflets in Perth Amboy

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Aug. 1.—Two members of the Young Workers (Communist) League, Lillian Rosen and Helen Halbak, were arrested here today because they distributed leaflets before the Valley Shirt Factory.

Lillian Rosen was fined $10, to which was added an aditional $3 to pay court expenses. Helen Halbak is not yet 16 and was dismissed from court.

The leaflets were issued by the Young Workers (Communist) League in connection with the recent shirt strike here of the young girl workers of the Jaco Co. The leaflet pointed out that the strike was betrayed and sold out by the officials of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers. It stated that the girls had gone out on strike because of the intended wage-cut and that now that they had returned without a definite agreement with the boss as to wages, there is the great likelihood of a new actual cut in the wages.

The girls were urged, in the leaflet, to organize themselves into factory committees in order to have an effective means with which to improve their conditions as against the desire of the boss to lower their standards of living.

Members of the league distributed leaflets also at all the other shirt factories in the city.

ARRESTS FAIL TO HALT PICKETING

National Guard Called in Mill Strike

Continued from Page One

dren, many of whose parents are now in jail, predominated. Among the pickets were mothers, brothers and sisters of the fifteen juveniles whose cases were still pending in the New Bedford district court late yesterday.

Leaders of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union yesterday heard with amusement in their cells of the latest attempt of William Batty, president of the Textile Council, to collaborate with the bosses through a vote to submit the question of arbitration to its various unions, taken by the council without recommendation.

The action is admittedly a gesture to satisfy criticism that the rank and file of the Textile Council unions are being influenced by the leadership for its own personal ends.

Shrouding its decisions in secrecy the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers Association yesterday met to consider the State Board's recommendation for arbitration. A statement given out on behalf of John Sullivan, president of the association, stated that Mr. Sullivan did not feel at liberty to make any statement whatever until he had communicated with the State Board.

HUBSCH WAITERS OUT ON STRIKE

The strike of waiters at the restaurant of B. Hubsch, located on 2nd Ave. between 14th and 13th St., is still continuing strong after three weeks. B. Hubsch, the owner of the restaurant, is a former member of the union who now refuses to employ union members.

Recently he obtained a court injunction against the strikers who were picketing before the restaurant. In spite of police intimidation, however, the workers are continuing to picket the place, and are determined to do so until Hubsch recognizes their union.

Leading the striking waiters is Meyer Schachter, business manager of local 219 of the Waiters Union. In a statement recently issued at the union headquarters, workers of New York were urged not to patronize the restaurant until it agrees to employ union help.

Members of Section 1 to Hold "Red Sunday"

A "Red Sunday" will be held by Section 1, Workers (Communist) Party at its headquarters, 60 St. Marks Place, next Sunday as part of its work in connection with the election campaign.

"Red Sunday" will be held from [illegible] to 12 o'clock in the morning and all members of Section 1 are urged to be present to take part in the important election campaign work.

[illegible] Musicians Are Fighting "Movietone"

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Eighty thousand members of the American Federation of Musicians, joined by the [illegible] portion, are fighting against [illegible] of the displacement of [illegible] by the moviephone and [illegible] musical devices.

Former Champion Retires; May Become Banker

Hints that Gene Tunney, until recently heavyweight champion of the world, intends to take up banking are being whispered abroad. If they are true, he has good friends among the financiers whom he served by lecturing on good "citizenship" to groups of messenger boys and junior clerks in Wall St. He is shown, second from the right with a group of the pugilism trust heads.

GROCERY CLERKS FIGHT FRAME-UP

Police Stop Picketing; Assault Workers

Charges that grocery bosses of Bathgate Ave., the Bronx, have conspired with police officials of the precinct to frame up several of the leading members of the organization were made yesterday by officers of the Retail Grocery and Dairy Clerks Union. Three union members, including the organizer of the body, have been lodged in jail. Bail was set by police officers deliberately at such exorbitant figures, it was charged, that the union was unable to provide it.

Police Stop Picketing.

Following immediately upon the original move to put over the frame-up, the first steps of which were made last week, police sergeants of the Bathgate and Tremont St. station yesterday prevented all picketing by the union from before struck shops in the section and viciously attacked one of the pickets who asserted his rights to continue.

Union officers declared yesterday that they would expose the whole frame-up and would proceed against the police sergeant who had assaulted the worker.

The three workers who are held in the frame-up case are Irving Friedman, Jack Nestle and David Wecker, organizer of the union. Bail was yesterday reduced from $7,500 each for Friedman and Nestle to $5,000 and from $4,000 to $2,000 for Wecker.

Scab Bosses.

The frame-up case arose out of felonious assault charges by Adolph Gingold, operator of a scab shop at 1616 Bathgate Ave., against the workers who were peaceably picketing the place when attacked by thugs, said to have been employed by the bosses. In the attack Friedman was badly injured with a hatchet swung by one of the thugs.

The Retail Grocery and Dairy Clerks Union is fighting against the 92-hour week and against a wage scale which does not average above $25. In many shops which already have been forced to settle with the union the hours have been reduced by twenty and twenty-five per week and wages have been raised to $40 per week. There has been a strong increase in the union membership.

SMOOT ROARS G.O.P. LOYALTY

Is Hurt at Democratic Claims

WASHINGTON (FP).—Apostle Reed Smoot of the Mormon Church and the republican national committee, sole survivor of the senate ring that backed Taft in the convention of 1912, has rushed out of his cave with a menacing roar. He says it is outrageous that Al Smith Raskob and Robinson should dare to claim that they are the friends of big business in this country, when God knows the G. O. P. has alone kept faith with organized private greed in every campaign since Smoot became an apostle and a pal of Jim Watson. Of course he does not use the word "greed"; he speaks of "business," but as chairman of the senate finance committee he knows the value of soft words in the hard trade of rulership.

Smoot is angry because Smith and Robinson are sidling around to the high protective tariff attitude. Their nerve in trying to make the business men believe that the democratic party is friendly to business—even big business—after all these long years of their denunciation of predatory wealth and the high tariff barons, almost breaks his heart. He reviews their record of low-tariff agitations and warns the business men who may be about to write checks for campaign funds to be on guard and stand by their true friends.

MACHINISTS FORM UNION.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., Aug. 1.—Machinists of this city recently organized and were chartered by the International Association of Machinists. This was the first joint action of these workers since the shopmen's strike six years ago.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

YANKS CRUSH BROWNS; RUTH CLOUTS NO. 42

(By United Press)

The Yankees are out of their slump, evidence of that fact is contained in figures surrounding the 12-1 beating the merciless New Yorkers administered to the St. Louis Browns yesterday.

Babe Ruth contributed homer number forty-two, Bob Meusel added another and the Yankees together solved the best three St. Louis pitchers could offer for a total of 16 hits. Even Henry Johnson, Yankee pitcher, chipped in with five singles for a perfect day at bat.

The champions played errorless ball in scoring their second victory in as many days.

Six runs in the second inning were enough to give the Philadelphia Athletics a 6-4 victory over the Cleveland Indians. Willis Hudlin started for the Tribe, but beat a hasty retreat in the second when the Athletics found his range. Ehmke started for the Athletics, but left in the eighth to allow Hale to pinch hit for him. Rommel ended the game.

All games in the National League were stopped by rain.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

New York, 12; St. Louis, 1
Philadelphia, 6; Cleveland, 4.
Chicago, 4; Boston, 2 (1st).
Chicago, 7; Boston, 3 (2nd).
Detroit, 10; Washington, 5.

National League

All games postponed, rain.

PARTY CAMPAIGN IN VIRGIN FIELDS

Communist Drive to Reach New Sections

The National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of America is planning to send scores of speakers into part of the United States that were never before touched by Communist propaganda, according to a statement issued last night from the headquarters of the committee at 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Foster, Gitlow, Nearing, and many other nationally known speakers are preparing to break into the southern states as well as into the industrial regions.

The need for funds to push the biggest campaign ever undertaken by the Workers (Communist) Party is urgent, and at least $20,000 of the $100,000 sought must be in the treasury of the National Committee by August 1.

The statement reads:

"The election campaign is now occupying the attention of the entire country. The capitalist parties are prepared with millions of dollars to spread their anti-workingclass and imperialistic propaganda through the myriad avenues of publicity at their disposal throughout the length and breadth of the United States. Multimillionaires and corporation magnates pack the national committees of both parties. With them the raising of money is no problem.

"The National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party is planning an extensive touring of speakers that will carry the message of Communism into every state in the union, into the industrial regions of the south, where the party has been hitherto unknown, as well as into the industrial regions.

"Nationally known speakers, such as William Z. Foster, presidential candidate; Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate; Scott Nearing, author and lecturer, and many others of equal prominence will invade the south during the campaign.

"With the rapidly worsening conditions of the farmers and the steady growth of unemployment and lowering of wages among the industrial workers, the soil was never better prepared for the sowing of the seed of Communism.

"To rally these exploited farmers and workers for the struggle against capitalism, to mobilize them for the struggle, to organize them into the Workers (Communist) Party—this is the aim of the Workers (Communist) Party in this campaign, and this is the purpose for which the $100,000 Campaign Fund is being raised.

"Our Party appeals only to the workers and poor farmers of this country for support in this campaign. The Party calls on the workers and poor farmers to rally to the support of their Party.

$20,000 Needed.

"While we feel certain that the workers will provide the Party with the $100,000 fund to carry on the work, it is a question of the immediate need of money. Therefore, we must have at least $20,000 of this sum in the National Election Campaign Fund treasury by August 1.

"The success of the drive will depend upon the organization work of our Party and its closest sympathizers, who must be drawn actively into the campaign. If we succeed in mobilizing the Party, we will be able to rally the left wing and progressive workers for our Party Election Campaign.

"Workers, support your Party!

"Support the platform of the class struggle!

"Support the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund!"

Send all contributions to Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, National Election Campaign Committee, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

FEDERAL LABOR FIGHT SPEED-UP

Government Overrules Protests

WASHINGTON (FP).—Once more the National Federation of Federal Employes' protests against speeding-up and laying-off of workers in the U. S. Bureau of Printing and Engraving have been overruled. Summer furloughs have been ordered by H. H. Bond, assistant secretary of the treasury, on the pretext that work is slack. Gertrude McNally, secretary of the Federation, says that sick benefits paid women employed in this bureau, by the union are quadrupled, due to speeding methods used.

MILLINERS VOTE VOLUNTARY TAX

Local No. 43 Launches Drive for Fund

Determined to wage a vigorous fight to rebuild their union despite the campaign against the rank and file being waged by President Max Zaritsky, several hundred millinery hand-trimmers of Local 43, Cloth Hat and Cap Makers International, meeting in Bryant Hall, Wednesday night, voted unanimously to tax themselves one day's wages in order to provide an organization fund.

The meeting was called by the executive board for the purpose of considering the question of the tax. The decision that every member should pay this voluntary tax had previously been adopted at two meetings of shop chairladies. It required now the approval of the rank and file.

Frieda Fraydis acted as chairman of the meeting, Sylvia Blecher and Gladys Shechter meking the report Gladys Shechter making the report followed by a discussion concerning the tax and conditions in the trade, in which a large number of the members took part. The motion to institute the voluntary tax was then unanimously adopted, thus setting in motion the campaign to gather a large organization fund.

MINERS' FAIR WILL BE HELD THIS SUNDAY

Many Organizations to Participate

While John L. Lewis is completing his betrayal of the striking coal miners, this time in the Illinois fields, where he is dickering with the operators for an agreement far below the Jacksonville scale which will undoubtedly exclude completely the thousands of militants who have earned his hatred, the National Miners Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, continues to speed its work of furnishing all possible relief to thousands of miners and their families.

Miners' Solidarity Fair.

All the energies of the organization are now concentrating on the great Miners' Solidarity Fair, to be held in Pleasant Bay Park, Sunday, which is expected to furnish funds that will be converted into food, shelter and clothing for many thousands of men, women and children in the coal fields who are on the verge of starvation.

The Solidarity Fair is being arranged on a huge scale and a large number of working class organizations, representing various nationalities, will participate. The program will include music by the Russian Balaleika Orchestra and two Lithuanian choruses, the Aida Chorus and the Liras Chorus; Polish children dancers, tableaux by the Workers' Relief Scouts, athletics and sports of all sorts, with the Freiheit Soccer Club playing a prominent part; refreshments and dancing to the music of a jazz band.

Strike Film.

The two chief numbers will be the miners' strike film, which will be shown for the first time, and the taking of moving pictures of the big Solidarity parade, in which many well-known workers' organizations will take part.

Many workers' organizations are preparing to attend the fair in a body and thousands of other workers will be present. Tickets are selling fast and should be bought at once. They are on sale at 35 cents each at the National Miners Relief Committee, 799 Broadway.

PEASANT JINGOES PASS OWN LAWS

Rival Congress Meets In Rumania

VIENNA, Aug. 1.—The separate parliament put up by the Peasant Party of Rumania, at a session in which many rich landlords, professionals and politicians participated, has been passing its own legislation and has virtually set up an independent government, according to reports from Bucharest.

Although it is impossible to get detailed information, due to the strict censorship at Bucharest, it has been learned that it has warned the banks not to lend money to the rival Bratianu government, which it claims is no longer responsible.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Downtown Y. W. L.

Downtown units Nos. 1 and 2, of the Young Workers League, will hold a joint comeraderie, tomorrow at 60 St Marks Place.

A good program has been arranged. All comrades are invited to attend, and are requested to bring non-league members with them.

Branch 6.

Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathizers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zaencer in charge of the campaign of that district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

• • •

The following open air meetings for next week have been arranged by District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party:

Thursday, Aug. 2.

Hendrix and Sutter Ave., B'klyn—Padgug, Silber and Pasternack.
Steinway and Jamaica, L. I.—Powers, Baum, Harfield and Heder.
138th St., and Annes Ave., Bronx—Jacobson, Wortis, Shapiro, Welch and Moore.
40th St. and 8th Ave., N. Y.—Yusem and V. Smith.
Allerton and Cruger., Ave Bronx—Bentall, Leibowitz, Peer, Wilkes and Cibulsky.
24th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Hulswood, Hendin and Ballam.
Loose Weils Biscuit Co., L. I.—B. Miller. (noon)
National Biscuit Co (noon)—Grecht,

Friday, August 3.

and Ross.
Bristol and Pitkins, B'klyn—Ragozin and Lypzin.
Varet and Graham, B'klyn—Magliacno, H. Williams, Lillienstein, Taft and Severino.
5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y.—Trachtenberg, Lyons, Codkind, Reiss and LeRoy.
Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Markoff and Stanley.

Saturday, August 4.

First Ave., and 79th St.—Bentall, Auerbach, Blake and Lillienstein.
13th Ave. and 42nd St., B'klyn—Padgug, Suskin, Lustig and Magliano.
West N. Y., N. J., 14th St. and Bergenline—Wright and Schalk.

• • •

"Fight War Danger."

"Fight the War Danger" leaflets and accompanying election campaign contribution envelopes are now ready in the district office. Every campaign director must call for these at once for distribution at open-air meetings. They must be used at every meeting up to August 4th.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

• • •

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

• • •

Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville Branch of the International Labor Defense will meet on Tuesday, August 7th at its regular meeting rooms, 347 E. 72nd Street, the Czechoslovakian Workers Home at 8 p. m.

• • •

Section 5.

Section 5, Bronx will hold a conference today at 2075 Clinton Ave. The subject: "Election Campaign in the Bronx." All campaign committees, literature, Daily Worker agents and agitprops must attend.

• • •

Section 3 Agitprops.

Agitprop directors and organizers of units and subsections of section No. 3 must be present at the special conference, which will be held at 101 W. 27th Street. The conference will start promptly at 6:30 p. m.

Campaign Committee, Sec. 5.

There will be a meeting of the campaign committee, Section 5, today at 2075 Clinton Ave., at 8:30 p. m. All members of the campaign committee, all literature agents, agitprop directors, and Daily Worker agents should be present.

• • •

PARTY ACTIVITIES

German Speaking Comrades.

All German speaking members of the Workers (Communist) Party are invited to a full fraction meeting of the German Fraction tomorrow at 8:15 p. m. at the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st St. How to assure the cooperation of the German labor organization in the election campaign will be the main topic of the meeting. The German Party bulletin will also be discussed.

• • •

All Russian Comrades, Attention!

At 8 o'clock sharp today in the Workers Center, 26 Union Square, there will be a meeting of the Russian Fraction of New York City and state. Important questions will come up for consideration. All Russian comrades are instructed to be present without fail.

Block Party in 6th District.

A Block Party to celebrate the opening of the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the 6th Assembly District will be held Sunday, August 4, at 8 p. m. at Britton Street between Bronx Park East and Barker Ave. between Bronx Park East and Barker Ave. There will be music, dancing and refreshments.

Arranged by Branch 6, Section 5, of the Workers (Communist) Party.

2F, 2C.

Unit 2F, Subsection 2C will meet tomorrow at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Greek Fraction.

Greek language fraction will meet tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Working Women's Federation.

On the eve of the anniversary of the World War, the New York Working Women's Federation is calling a delegate meeting of shop representatives and delegates of its affiliated organizations at Labor Temple 14th St. and 2nd Ave. at 7:30 sharp today. At this conference the causes of war, and the methods to will be discussed by women prominent in the labor movement. Women's organizations are invited to send delegates, and girls working in shops are invited to represent their shops at this conference.

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held at Pleasant Bay Park Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park subway or "L" to 177th St. Take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

• • •

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

LABOR AND FRATERNAL ....

Freiheit Sport Club.

The Freiheit Sport Club has arranged a concert, ball and sport exhibition in cooperation with the Daily Worker at Pythran Temple, 2864 W. 21st Street. Comrade Alex Fox will exhibit some of his strong talent. Comrade Manaleib will recite some of his masterpieces. Many other numerous exhibits.

Vagabond Sport Club.

The Vagabond S. C., of Bensonhurst has organized a tennis section. Comrade Debora Douglas is the instructor of those who do not know how to play this sport. For information write or call: Eva Resnicoff, 8678 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn, N.Y. Beachview 3998.

• • •

New Workers Center.

A concert and ice cream party will be given by the new Workers Center of Brownsville, at 154 Watkins St. tomorrow at 8:30 p. m.

• • •

Spanish Workers' Club.

(Centri Obrero de Habla Espanola)

This center will start a series of conferences about literature, political education, Sociology and other important matters, next Tuesday, Aug. 7th at 8 p. m. at 55 W. 113th St. Pablo Mantinez will be the speaker.

1 WORKER KILLED, 50 HURT IN BLAST IN ILLINOIS PLANT

Six Others Expected to Die

LAWRENCEVILLE, Ill., Aug. 1.—More than 50 workers were injured, at least one fatally, when an explosion at the plant of the Indian Refining Company drenched them in hot oil.

Jack Freeze, 30, died in a Vincennes hospital shortly after noon. Thirty-five others were under treatment, six of them having little chance for recovery, according to hospital physicians. The most severely burned of these is Lewis Hensley, a foreman in the plant.

The explosion was caused by a fire which was started by leaking gasoline. Company negligence is blamed for the accident.

Giant Ocean Zeppelin Prepared for Next War

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—The new giant German airship, the Count Zeppelin, is fast nearing completion and will be one of the most efficient airships of its type.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

Daily Worker Agents

Special Meeting

Friday Eve., August 3
at 8 P. M.

26-28 Union Square, 4th Floor

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Editor..............................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor....................WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ **WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY**

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

The Latest Frame-up.

In the attempt by the New York traction gang to frame up Stanley Zellig, the elevated motorman whose train was involved in the Sunday night wreck, is witnessed a fitting culmination to the series of piratical adventures which have marked the history of this band for a quarter of a century.

This incorporated plunderbund with the aid of its subservient henchmen of both old political parties operates in the most lucrative metropolitan domain on earth. Nothing has been too enormous for it to undertake. Nothing so trivial but that it has fought unceasingly for its attainment if it but served its ends.

From the buying up of a whole state legislature, a New York mayor, a city administration, a Public Service Commission, a City Board of Estimate and Apportionment in 1912, with expenditures which involved millions, to the dollar-a-day payment of its little "Beakies" to spy upon and ferret out the thoughts of its workers, all is included in the purview of this octopus of exploitation.

Yet hardly any episode in its quarter of a century of brigandage can equal the callousness with which it has contrived in the past few days to divert attention from its own murderous guilt and to fasten the blame on the innocent driver of the wooden death-traps passed off as "the safest railroad on earth."

This is, of course, a time-honored device of capitalism, one in which the dispensers of commodity-justice are well trained. The district attorney's office and little Pecora, subbing for the chief Tammany henchmen at the head of the organization, did only their "duty" by their masters. For this they are paid and this is their function. But what should cause a shudder among even the hardened apologists of capitalism is the obvious stage craft visible at the court when the motorman was brought in as the "goat" for the Interborough.

Could anything be more grotesque than the picture of the Interborough lawyer, appearing in the defense of the worker behind whom the corporation's guilt is being shielded? And after the farce had run its course, could anything be more significant than the humane legal department of this magnanimous concern in the act of completely washing its hands of the employe whom it at first pretended to defend?

The dramatic climax in this travesty came with the report of the Transit Commission likewise seeking to fasten the guilt on the worker. This body which is sworn to protect the "public interest" and which repeatedly in the past has been forced to condemn the use of wooden cars in its preliminary report completely covers over the most obvious criminality of the traction officials.

This pack is seeking to make capital of the fact that Zellig, the motorman, immediately after the accident appears to have run from the scene. This may or may not have occurred. It would not be surprising if the motorman, temporarily overcome by shock, or dazed so that he was unaware exactly of what he was doing, actually did run off. His appearance in court Tuesday with his head swathed in bandages and still under the influence of the shock would indicate such conduct to have been quite natural.

It would be fruitless, however, to continue this sort of refutation of the methods of the traction-gang and its latest resort to frame-up. It is much more valuable to say a word about the real character of these bandits who are now posing in the role of defenders of the law.

There is hardly a crime on the calendar which this traction gang and the political henchmen which do its bidding have not resorted to. Passing from the well known bribing of public officials and the plunder of the city treasury of hundreds of millions to the more closely related question of responsibility for accidents, we need only recall the famous Malbonne tunnel wreck in which a hundred lives were lost. The disaster took place during one of the periodic adventures of the gang in strikebreaking. The thugs and underworld characters who manned the lines at the time were known to be unfit and a menace. The danger of wooden cars had already been dramatized through previous wrecks.

Yet when it came to final establishment of responsibility for the crime, the gang was able through its manipulation of its traction-controlled justice and the transfer of the trial to favorable judges to escape completely.

The Transit Commission which during the 1926 I. R. T. strike winked at scores of violations endangering the lives of the riders, including that most menacing of all, the tying down of the so-called "dead man's button," a safety device on the motorman's control, now appears again in its true role of "legal" whitewasher for the gang. A real investigation would disclose that Commissioner Charles C. Lockwood, the writer of the report on Zellig, a trustee in banks and a director of other corporations, notwithstanding his pretended friendship for the workingmen—a real investigation might disclose some interesting facts as to the sources from which he "earned" the several hundred thousands of dollars which he is said to have put aside during the last year.

As for the "legal" department of the Interborough, it is necessary only to refer to a famous remark of James L. Quackenbush, head counsel of the Interborough, who has been the author of practically every crime committed by that company, when during the 1916 strike of the traction workers he declared "About all the law that is required in this case will be found at the end of a policeman's billy."

And as for the character of the Tammany judges and courts, enough has been exposed about its particular brand of corruption so that nothing further need be added here.

The working class should fight for the release of Stanley Zellig just as it will fight to the end for the release of every framed-up worker and class war victim from the clutches of the capitalist plunderbund.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

In District 2, which comprises the major parts of New York and New Jersey, Campaign Manager Rebecca Grecht reports that the tremendous job of securing the necessary number of signatures is being done systematically and there is no doubt but the Communist ticket will be on the ballot in both states. Two comrades in an automobile are touring sections of New York collecting signatures. An army of volunteers will soon be turned loose to do this work in New York City.

* * *

In other states of the Union the comrades are feverishly working collecting signatures and funds for the campaign.

While the National Election Campaign Committee is lining up workers and exploited farmers, the two capitalist parties are lining up millionaires. The automobile industry is divided in its allegiance between the capitalist parties, General Motors of the House of Morgan having taken over the democratic campaign and Henry Ford, its rival, putting his millions behind Hoover.

As this campaign develops, it is clear that a great shifting of forces is taking place in the political arena. [illegible] republicans are turning to Al Smith and former democrats are [illegible] for Hoover. It was never [illegible] clearly demonstrated that [illegible] of economic interests between the dominating groups in both parties. This would indicate that in the no far distant future a realignment of political forces is due in the United States. The democratic party is no longer based on the solid south, which is long longer "solid" but considerably divided, tho it must be expected that by force of habit and thru the control of the election apparatus by the official democrats the southern states will vote for anything running on the democratic ticket. The democratic party is now as definitely dominated by Wall Street as is the republican party.

* * *

The only issues the socialist party can think of raising is the dancing and singing predelictions of Mayor Walker of New York and a tirade against the political immorality of the capitalist parties. The class struggle is never mentioned. The role of the government as a strikebreaker is never referred to. Nothing matters to the socialists except snaring the votes of the small shopkeepers and liberals who formerly supported LaFollette.

* * *

The gathering of signatures to put the Workers (Communist) Party candidates for president and vice-president on the ballot in Pennsylvania is proceeding satisfactorily according to A. Jakira, district organizer with headquarters at Pittsburgh. One thousand signatures are already collected. Open-air meetings will be started early in August and the district is planning to appoint a full-time election campaign manager.

* * *

The so-called Progressive Party convention held in Omaha, Nebraska, recently, was a complete fizzle, Roy Stephens, Workers (Communist) Party campaign organizer reports. Only one delegate showed up, an old civil war veteran from Iowa. The necessary number of signatures for getting the Communist ticket on the ballot in Nebraska are almost secured. Open-air meetings are very successful, being attended by large numbers of workers.

* * *

August 11th and 12th are the dates set for the state convention of the Workers (Communist) Party in California. According to the amended political code of May 1927, it will be possible to place electors on the ballot as "Independent" under the same provisions of the law for state-wide candidates. This requires 12,000 signatures.

* * *

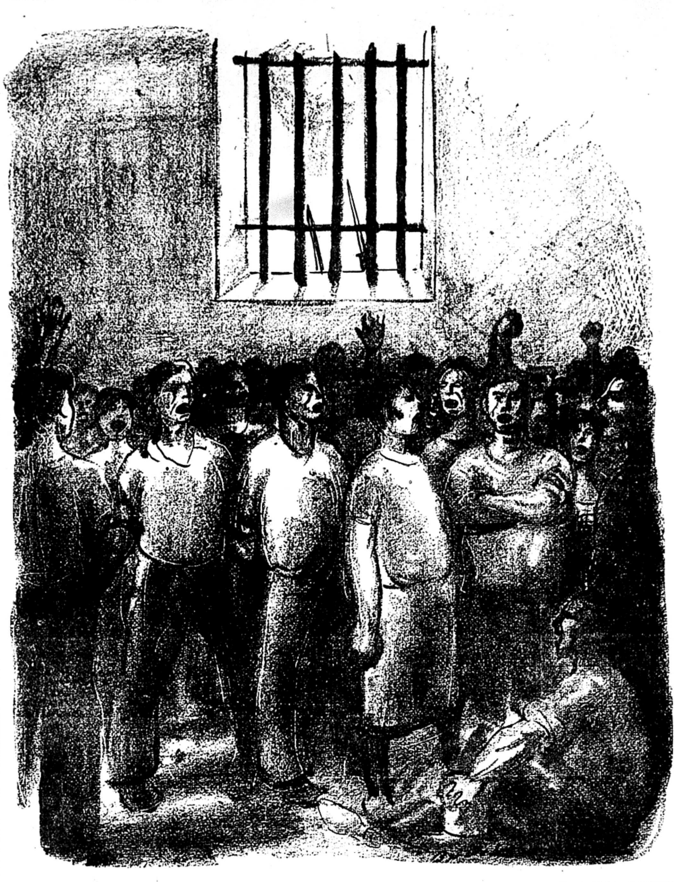
Selling Vote Communist Campaign Stamps and securing new recruits for the Party go hand in hand. A comrade in Bridgeport, Connecticut, sold a book to a fellow worker who signified his intention to join the Party. That is killing two birds with one shot, alright.

* * *

The Communist Campaign is now beginning to get into its stride. The need for sufficient finances, however, is a great drawback. Thousands of dollars must come into campaign headquarters immediately, in order to help finance the tremendous printing program mapped out by the National Election Campaign Committee. Contributions should be sent in at once to Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

"RAMBOYA"—TEXTILE STRIKERS' SONG

By Jacob Burck



Our Party's Election Campaign

(Continued)

By JAY LOVESTONE

IN ORDER to mobilize more effectively the Party and greater non-Party masses, as well as in some instances to meet certain technical legal requirements, in order to dramatize before the American workers the plan of the Party to participate effectively in the presidential election campaign, there were organized a number of state conventions and a national convention for the purpose of adopting the Communist election platform and selecting standard bearers. Already more than 20 states, among these such southern states as Virginia and Georgia have held state nominating conventions.

The National Nominating Convention took place at the end of May.

In the call issued by the Central Committee for the holding of these conventions, we find the following keynote struck:

> "In the presidential campaign of this year, the class conscious workers must mobilize the working masses and unify all the struggles against the exploiters. The Workers (Communist) Party is the only Party of working class struggle in the United States. Our Party is a party of revolutionary class struggle. We are not only vigorous participants but energetic leaders in all the struggles of our working class. The Central Executive Committee is calling this National Nominating Convention in order to mobilize more effectively our Party's resources for participation in the coming presidential elections with a view towards utilizing this election campaign for arousing and organizing more effective resistance by the working class to the capitalist offensive."

State and National Nominating Conventions of the Workers (Communist) Party

The National Nominating Convention was called for the purpose of adopting an election platform, nominating presidential candidates and electing a national campaign committee. The entire Party was mobilized for this convention.

Wide Representation.

Delegates from factories, mines mills, from organizations of the Negro masses, from societies of the oppressed colonial and semi-colonial masses of Latin America, from working class women's organizations, striking miners, textile workers and needle trades workers, were to be found in large numbers in all the state nominating conventions and particularly in the National Nominating Convention.

The number of delegates participating in the convention exceeded all expectations. There were 296 delegates from 39 states and the District of Columbia. There were about 150 fraternal delegates mostly non-party workers from trade unions, cooperatives, youth and working women's organizations, unemployment councils, Negro organizations, anti-imperialist societies, farmers organizations and Councils for the Protection of the Foreign Born Workers. The fraternal delegates especially, were elected at mass meetings of workers. Amongst the regular delegates there were at least 25 Negro workers. Amongst the fraternal delegates there were representatives from Nicaragua, Chile, Mexico, Haiti and Canada.

Proletarian Spirit.

Never before was there so much enthusiasm manifested at a gathering of Communists in the United States at the National Nominating Convention. The bourgeois press was compelled to admit that it was the biggest and most enthusiastic gathering of this kind that they have yet seen. Delegates came all the way from the Pacific Coast to New York by "hopping freights" "riding the rods," because of the high railroad fare. Some came by autobuses, others "hiked", still others organized special tours by automobile, piling in a number of workers into one old second-hand cheap car, secured at an insignificant price, sufficient for making one trip and return, in order to avoid the heavy cost of railroad fare.

Significance of Convention.

The National Nominating Convention was significant in five main respects:

First, there were a large number of delegates who are native Americans. The American bourgeoisie have been pounding away for sometime on the fact that our Party has to date largely attracted foreign born workers. The latter are the workers found primarily in the basic heavy industries.

Second, in this convention, there were delegates who had won the confidence of the masses through years of struggle in the early American trade union movement, Syndicalist movement, and the old Socialist movement as well as in the trade union movement. This convention presented our Party as the inheritor of the best and revolutionary traditions of all these movements.

Third, the Convention clearly established the fact that our Party was the sole champion of the Negroes, the colonial masses, the workers battling against the mine owners, the exploited farming masses, the working class women and youth. The large number of Negro delegates participating in the work and leadership of the Convention was symbolic of the determination of the Party to break through and enter the "Solid South" and very clearly distinguished our Party from the parties of the big and small bourgeoisie — the Republican, Democratic and Socialist parties—in which the Negroes were either segregated or given a back seat.

Fourth, the Nominating Convention brought into bold relief the fact that our Party is now national in scope. Our Party has been called by the reactionary trade union bureaucracy and other capitalist organs, an "eastern" party. At the Convention, there were represented delegates from Main to California and from Texas to Vermont. Every section of the country was represented. Delegations of striking miners and textile workers from New England and from the Pennsylvania-Ohio and West Virginia coal fields played a conspicuous role in the Convention.

Finally, the Convention emphasized to the American workers the fact that our Party is an international party, a section of the Communist International. The greetings from the Communist International evoked tremendous enthusiasm. The election victories of the Communist parties of Germany, France and Poland were of striking and basic importance for us in securing the effective mobilization of our party members and sympathetic non-party masses for the election campaign. The convention denounced the criminal Shakhtin conspirators against the Soviet Union now on trial in Moscow. Pledges of revolutionary proletarian solidarity were made to the Communist Parties of Great Britain, Germany, Soviet Union, France, Poland, etc.

The convention selected Comrades Foster and Gitlow as the presidential standard bearers in the election campaign and adopted the Party election platform.

(To be Continued)

Record U. S. Exports for 6-Month Period

WASHINGTON, August 1 (UP) —U. S. exports of merchandise during the first six months of 1928 were larger in volume than for the corresponding of any other year, a commerce department survey showed today.

Exports of gold during the fiscal year ending June 30 totalled $627,102,000, which was the largest outward movement of gold on record. Imports of Gold during the 12 months totalled $129, 139,000.

Merchandize exports for the fiscal year totalled $4,877,000,000, imported merchandise was valued at $4,146,000,000.

Cotton exports were about 30 per cent smaller in volume than in 1926-27, because of the decrease in the American crop, but higher average prices for cotton caused the total value in cotton exports to decrease by only 5.4 per cent.

CITED FOR "BRAVERY"

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, August 1.—Three American marines were cited here for bravery in their action against the Sandino Army of Independence by the United States commander of the Nicaraguan National Guard.

Their brave action consisted in throwing bombs and turning machine guns upon a small group of Sandino's followers.

Told You So

WHEN the imperialist ambassadors meet in Paris on August 27, to sign Kellogg's fake pact for the outlawing of war, they will be frisked for guns, razors, stilletos and other lethal weapons by the touchiest members of the Paris police force, according to reports. The French government does not want to risk the possibility of getting its famous Clock Ro[illegible] in the Foreign Office littered w[illegible] bodies gushing blood all over t[illegible] place. Moreover it would be a criminal waste of manpower to permit the mutual destruction of so many expert signers of peace treaties. They will be needed in the future.

* * *

MUSSOLINI of Italy and Baron Tanaka of Japan are too busy to make the journey to Paris, so they will assign the task of putting the John Hancock on the treaty to lesser lights. The Baron is too busy trying to carve a slice out of the anatomy of China and the Duce is too busy getting photographed. Kellogg has lots of help so he can leave the war against Nicaragua to secretary of the navy Wilbur while he is on the warpath in Europe for peace.

* * *

THE black shirt industry is now almost as prosperous in Italy as the white shirt business was in the United States during the heyday of the Ku Klux Klan. We would not be surprised to learn one of these days that the Duce himself owns a couple of shirt factories. Patriotism being the last refuge of the scoundrel, where can a greater patriot be found than Benito Mussolini? Its about time the castor oil industry experienced a bull market. Perhaps Mussolini himself became an addict and did not choose to run! That may account for his recent indisposition.

* * *

GENE TUNNEY knocked Heeney down but not out. The next time Tunney goes into a fight his managers should supply him with a sledge. Heeney was handicapped from the start. He was built for comfort but not for speed and the big syllable and dipthong man could run rings around him. One of the pictures shows Heeney on the floor wriggling as if he sat in a tub of fish glue. Heeney took $100,000 worth of a beating. Oddsbodkns, that happens to be the amount the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party is trying to raise for the campaign. Heeney raised it in one night by sitting on the ring.

* * *

CHICAGO is having a lot of fun with its police force. One of the most popular police stations in the Windy City is liable to be padlocked as a public nuisance. Prohibition agents raided the station and confiscated a considerable supply of hootch which was being retailed to the prisoners. Now, in retaliation, the police threaten to raid prohibition headquarters.

* * *

A NEWSPAPER headline tells us that ex-senator Owen of Oklahoma courted the Tammany tiger in 1924 and asked Al Smith for his aid in swinging the Tammany delegation to his side, when the deadlock between Al and William Gibbs MacAdoo, Wilson's Crown Prince went beyond the breaking point. Owen now says, in other words, that he cannot think of Tammany without feeling the necessity of standing over the rail and feeding the fishes. As a matter of fact, Tammany is much more respectable now than it was in 1924. Our liberal friends admit this. It has moved its headquarters to Park Avenue, and has a multi-millionaire to direct Al's campaign. What's the matter Owen? I am sure if you went the right way about it Tammany would be as generous as Hoover.

* * *

MAJOR George L. Berry of Tennessee, president of the pressmen's union and other remunerative industries, has been appointed Al Smith's organizer of the "labor vote." Berry will play the role of trained ram, whose function it will be to induce trade union voters to mark their ballots for Tammany. Berry is the most notorious of the semi-professional strikebreakers. He has turned the pressmens' union into a company auxiliary. If he is not a millionaire as a result of his business activities in the union and outside, then John D. Rockefeller is now soliciting alms on the corner of 42nd and 6th Ave.

* * *

BERRY won his majorship during the war. The only powder he ever sniffled was on the cheeks of the pleasant ladies who haunted the Paris cabarets during the war and still haunt them, according to tourist third class travelers. But it is not because of his valor on the field of Mars in Paris that Berry is so highly prized by the American capitalist class. Bravery is a drug on the market and a bottle of champagne would make a hero out of a drug store cowboy. It is because of his strike-breaking ability that the major is appreciated. It's up to Hoover now to match Smith. What about drafting John L. Lewis? He hasn't much to do now since he finished the job of smashing the United Mine Workers of America.

Tom O'Flaherty

UGE ANTI-WAR DEMONSTRATION AT UNION SQUARE SATURDAY

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS'
GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY
EDITION

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1928

WORLD CONGRESS WARNS OF NEW IMPERIALIST WAR DANGER

SIX GIVEN YEAR APIECE BY NEW BEDFORD COURT

Keller Arrested Again With Seven Others

BULLETIN

NEW BEDFORD, Aug. 2.—According to reliable information loom fixers of the United Textile Workers voted overwhelmingly today against the acceptance of arbitration.

Andrew Jzyk, formerly of the loomfixers, now treasurer of the textile mills, visited the meeting at the request of the members and was given the floor in spite of Batty's protest. He attacked Batty's strikebreaking policy. The membership allowed Jzyk to stay and vote on the question.

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 3.—Declaring that the interpretation of mass picketing as rioting by the New Bedford court is incorrect and concerns not only New Bedford, but the whole United States, Robert Zelms, of the International Labor Defense, announced today that immediate steps will be taken to release the 84 prisoners sentenced this morning.

Sentences of a year each were given to Ellen Dawson, Elizabeth Donnelly, Jackson, Wales, the Harvard student aiding the strikers, and Eli Keller, the general organizer of the Textile Mills Committee.

Augusto C. G. Pinto, arrested for the eleventh time for picketing at the Whitman Mill, received eight months and a fine of $120.

Amy Schecter, press agent for the Workers International Relief, received a sentence of two months.

Twelve others were given sentences of from six to nine months. The remaining seventy were sentenced to [illegible] months each.

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 2.—The release of Fred E. Beal, organizer of the Textile Mills Committee, Jack Rubinstein and John Pelczar of the same organization, in $1,500 bail each, and a majority of

Continued on Page Five

OBREGON MURDER PLOT IN CONVENT

Morrow Appeals for "Law and Order"

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 2.—That Jose de Leon Toral, the slayer of President-elect Obregon, was merely a tool in the hands of a well organized clerical society of murder and violence pledged to remove him from its path, was brought closer to substantiation today following the announcement of Attorney General Correa Nieto, who is supervising the preliminary judicial examination into the slaying. At the same time the influence of the reactionary agrarian forces was seen in the continued attempts of the government officials to connect the crime with persons more or less identified with labor organizations.

The attorney general charged that the young assassin was a member of a terrorist society called the Villa de Guadalupe, the head of which is Mother Superior Maria Concepcion, a nun now being held.

Pliable Tool.

Their meetings were all held in the convent of the nun and the deaths of various Mexican leaders were plotted. The young slayer, it appears, was merely a pliable instrument in the hands of the nun and very likely other clericals who used the easily suggestible boy to carry out their plans. Aureliano Toral, father of the slayer, said his son had turned assassin in obedience to someone else's suggestion, because he never before showed evidence of a bellicose nature."

The attorney general declared that "the Abbess Maria Concepcion is an intelligent woman and has been trying to mislead justice." When asked as to why she continued to meet secretly when convents and religious orders have for more than two years been prohibited in Mexico, the nun refused to answer. During this time she and other nuns have worn worldly dress only.

Following the tack taken by previous reports from the department of justice, Attorney General Nieto sought to convey the impression that Manuel Trejo, said to be a member of the Mexican Federation of Labor, is likewise involved in the [illegible] believe that Trejo is the key to the mystery," he declared.

Mill Barons, Desperate, Cause Wholesale Arrests of Pickets

Made frantic by the solid front of ~~the 30,000~~ New Bedford textile strikers who are now entering the 16th week of struggle, the mill barons are making a desperate attempt to break the workers' ranks. Armed with a decision by Judge Milliken that "picketing is a nuisance," New Bedford police during the past week have arrested hundreds who engaged in mass picketing. Many have already been sentenced to long jail terms. Photo shows police herding pickets into "emergency trucks" borrowed from merchants for the occasion.

PLANS NEW WAR ON COMMUNISTS

A. F. of L. Sees Rise of "Red" Influence

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 2.—Admitting that Communist activities are on the increase and that these activities constitute "a menace to the labor movement," which is taken to mean its misleaders, the executive council of the American Federation of Labor in session here today voted to appeal to the government and especially to Herbert Hoover to save them from the danger.

Centers of greatest Communist activities, it was reported to the council, are New York City, New Bedford and Pennsylvania. These regions are known to be those in which the struggle of the workers is most acute, representing the needle trades, the textile mills and the mine districts, a fact which the A. F. of L. bureaucrats did not mention in their charge against Communist activities. They also were careful not to mention that in all these sections the workers have shown overwhelmingly that they favor the left wing and Communist leadership.

MINERS' FAIR HERE SUNDAY

Vivid Strike Film to Be Shown

The struggles of thousands of men, women and children in the mine fields will be brought to Pleasant Bay Park Sunday when the miners' strike film will be shown for the first time at the great Miners' Solidarity Fair that has been arranged by the National Miners' Relief Committee.

This film was taken in the strike fields, not in a studio, and tells the story of the heroic struggles of the miners in scenes that are vivid and gripping. The early scenes show the men working in the mines. Then the strike is called. The men leave the mines in a body. Picketing scenes, scenes of women and children, babies with empty milk bottles. Evictions, building of barracks. Scab mine accidents, ambulances, corpses.

Continued on Page Two

BURY HAYWOOD'S ASHES AUGUST 4

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 2.—The ashes of William D. Haywood, Communist leader and founder of the Industrial Workers of the World, who died here several months ago, will be buried tomorrow afternoon in the wall of the Kremlin.

All the delegates to the sixth congress of the Communist International, now in session here, and representatives of many large Moscow workers' organizations will participate.

Twenty Are Killed As Typhoon Sweeps Japan

TOKYO, Aug. 2 (UP).—Twenty persons are known to have been killed in the worst typhoon that has struck this part of Japan in eighteen years.

FOSTER, GITLOW WILL MAKE NATIONAL TOUR

William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, presidential and vice-presidential candidates of the Workers Communist) Part, respectively, will tour the country from coast to coast and from the Canadian border to the Rio Grande, carrying the message of Communism to the workers and poor farmers and organizing them for the struggle against the capitalist and their government.

This announcement was made yesterday at the headquarters of the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, 43 E. 125th St.

The tentative date for the beginning of the tours is September 1st, the campaigners starting in the East and covering the United States in a wide circle that will touch Portland, Oregon, in the Northwest and Houston, Texas, in the Southeast.

Both Fine Speakers.

Foster and Gitlow are two of the best campaigners in the Workers (Communist) Party and splendid speakers. Both have many years of agitational work to their credit.

Foster is a member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party and has been in the revolutionary movement 28 years, having joined the socialist party in 1900. He was

Continued on Page Three

BROACH PLANS NEW BETRAYAL

Aims to Stifle Power of Local 3

Members of local No. 3 electrical workers are considerably aroused, it has been learned, at the methods by which International vice-president, H. H. Broach and the local machine which he controls are planning to put over certain proposed amendments to the by-laws of the local.

It has been reliably learned that the machine is planning to exclude all those who are even suspected of being the least opposed to the machine. The customary strong-arm methods will be employed, it is stated.

Among the important changes which are due to be voted upon are one to raise the dues, one to abolish half the regular union meetings and to dispense with the rendering of financial and other reports to the membership.

Progressive leaders of the union are urging the largest possible attendance of the membership and are confident that the danger which faces the union will be averted if only a sufficient number of workers will attend.

The Daily Worker has at various times in the past predicted these developments on the part of the Broach machine, and will carry on the fight against the labor traitors in local No. 3. It has been reliably learned that Broach is planning an attack on the Communists in order to camouflage the issue of his own betrayals.

SPIES RULE AT DE LAVAL FIRM

(By a WORKER Correspondent)

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y. (By Mail).—Conditions at the DeLaval Separator Company here, about which several of my fellow-workers have written to The DAILY WORKER before this, still continue to be as miserable as before. This is true not only within the factories where we work, but in every moment of our daily lives.

Many times workers have been fired for no reason at all, except that they were overheard in conversation with their fellow-workers

Continued on Page Three

PASSAIC RELIEF MEET IS HALTED

Police Won't Permit Weisbord to Speak

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PASSAIC, N. J., August 2.—Echoes of the "Hell in Passaic" period during the strike here in 1926 were heard tonight when police broke up a meeting which was to be addressed by Albert Weisbord, secretary of the National Textile Mills Committee and Harriet Silverman, of New York.

Called for Relief.

The meeting, called by the New York branch of Workers International Relief, for the purpose of raising funds for the 30,000 New Bedford textile strikers, was scheduled for the Ukranian Hall, President Street.

Just a few minutes before the meeting was to open, and after over 600 workers were already in the hall, three policemen entered, approached Weisbord, roughly pushed him into a corner and told him that he would "not be allowed to speak in Passaic." Weisbord replied that he would have to consult with the committee in charge. A minute later he returned, stating that the committee had decided to put the question to a vote of the audience.

When Gustav Deak, Organizer of the Passaic textile workers' union and one of the leaders of the last strike put the question to the audience, they thundered a unanimous "yes." Just as Weisbord was being introduced by the chairman, about a dozen police rushed into the hall, and swinging their clubs, freely ordered the audience to leave. when pressed for an explanation, the law and order gentry declared that the meeting was being held in a public hall and therefore that "a permit was necessary."

The audience then marched down to the Hungarian Workers Home, 25 Dayton Ave., where the meeting, with Weisbord as one of the speakers, continued.

RED LABOR INT'L CREATES BUREAU FOR NEGRO WORK

American Militants Participate

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 2.—Today's session of the executive bureau of the Red International of Trade Unions was held with participation of Negro delegates to the World Congress of the Communist International, representatives from the Trade Union League, the Confederation Generalo de Travaille Unitaire and other organizations in order to discuss the organization of the Negroes.

The executive bureau decided to form an international trade union committee for Negroes composed of two Negroes from the United States and one each from Latin America, Guadaloupe, Martinique and Cuba. Later on representatives from Haiti, East Africa, Portuguese East Africa, Congo, Liberia, French Africa and those Latin American countries where many Negroes are present.

The committee aims to organize the Negroes in trade unions either together with the white workers or in extra unions when the white workers prevent the acceptance of Negroes in the trade unions.

The committee aims to establish relations between the Negroes of the world and to organize the broad masses of Negroes on the basis of class struggle.

WORKERS STRIKE IN ROLLS ROYCE

Reinstatement of Militant Demanded

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The electrical department of the Brewster Rolls Royce automobile factory in Long Island went out on strike last Monday after their demand for the reinstatement of M. Fortoul had been refused. Fortoul was fired "to cut down expenses." To bolster up this hypocritical statement, the company gave him a good recommendation and said they were "sorry." Yet the knowledge of the true reason for his dismissal was immediately recognized by the men. That reason was a suspicion of connection with the "Mascot," the shop paper of the Communist nucleus in the shop.

"The Mascot" had been appearing monthly since February of this year. The company was forced to make many of the small improvements demanded by the paper. The company organized a social and athletic club, which fell flat with the men.

Wanted Shop Committee.

Two months ago, however, the

Continued on Page Two

Training Them Young for Imperialist War

Young workers at a Citizens' Military Training Camp learning to handle a machine gun which they may not always use as the bosses desire. The Young Workers (Communist) League is teaching such young uninformed workers the real reason why the capitalists are so anxious to have them attend military training camps in preparation for the coming imperialist slaughter.

ANTI-WAR MEETING AT UNION SQ. TOMORROW

Union Square, tomorrow, at 1 p. m., will be the scene of a mass protest meeting and demonstration against the war danger larger than any before witnessed in New York. Thousands of workers will protest against the gesture of the imperialist, Kellogg, in parading an "anti-war" pact at the same time that secret preparations for a new world war are being carried on with feverish haste.

Several workers' organizations will attend the meet in a body, carrying their own banners and slogans denouncing the war-mongers of the imperialist countries.

Anti-War Slogans.

Among the many signs which militant workers will carry will be "The Working Class Will Never Forget the Lessons of August 4, 1914," "Down With American Imperialism," "Socialist Parties Betrayed the Workers in Last World War," "Kellogg's Fake Peace Proposal is a Smokescreen for War Preparations," "Down With Hoover and Smith, the Candidates of American Imperialism," "Down With Capitalism, the Breeder of Wars," "Hands off China," "Hands off Mexico," "Fight Against Capitalist Military Training in Schools and Colleges," "Wall Street is Aiding Black Reaction in Mexico," "American Imperialism Oppresses Foreign Peoples," "Coolidge and Wilson Served War Mongers, Hoover and Smith Will Serve Them Now," and other slogans and banners of similar nature.

Many Speakers.

Added to the list of speakers already announced, including Ben Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president; Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker, and Scott Nearing, Communist candidate for Governor of New Jersey, will be Jack Stachel, organization secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party; Alexander Trachtenberg, Communist candidate for congress from the 14th congressional district, and Ben Lifshitz, Communist candidate for assembly from the 6th district of Manhattan.

Workers gathered in Union Square will be urged by the speakers to support the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party in the coming elections as a concrete means of registering their protest against American imperialism, against the war danger and against the plots against the Soviet Union.

ELECTRICIAN KILLED

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 2.—Carl Sheaff, a linesman, was electrocuted by a high voltage wire while at work.

MOSCOW CHEERS KUN ON ARRIVAL

Workers Line Streets to Greet Leader

MOSCOW, Aug. 2.—Greeted by the cheers and songs of thousands of workers, Bela Kun, formerly Communist leader of Hungary, arrived here today from Austria.

Representatives from trade unions throughout the city, and workers and farmers from the outskirts of Moscow, gathered at the railway station to greet the leader who had been freed from the clutches of Austrian and Hungarian imperialism by the mass protest of the workers all over the world against the attempt to send him to his death.

He was given a big ovation when he appeared later at the Sixth Congress of the Communist International.

MOBILIZE ACTIVE CLOAK WORKERS

To Launch Intensive Organization Drive

Preliminary mobilization steps for the great drive to build a cloak and dressmakers' union were completed last night with the holding of an enthusiastic meeting of the active workers in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St.

In his opening remarks the chairman of the meeting, Sascha Zimmerman, of the National Organization Committee, declared that the drive for a union would be officially launched next week with the holding of the huge mass meeting of all cloak and dressmakers in Bronx Stadium Wednesday night. The first stage of this drive, during which an intensive organization campaign will be waged thruout the trade, will last about five weeks. All the active cloak and dressmakers will have to serve as volunteers in this drive, devoting at least three days to the work, he said.

Right Wing Frantic.

In a speech full of irony and humor J. Boruchovich described the sad state of the pirate right-wing clique and pointed out the tasks that

Continued on Page Two

Order 'Investigation' Into Canal Disaster

THOROLD, Ont., Aug. 2 (UP).—With the death list officially fixed at eight, an investigation was conducted today by engineers of the department of railway and canals of the collapse of a 500-ton steel gate to the cement bed of the New Welland Ship Canal at Lock Six.

The list of injured was set at 21. All but one are expected to recover. Many o fthe bodies were crushed almost beyond recognition and identification was difficult.

MUST PREPARE FOR OVERTHROW OF CAPITALISM

Chief Rivals Are U.S.-British Imperialists

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 2—The seventeenth session of the Communist International opened here yesterday under the chairmanship of Siera.

Bell, of Breat Britain, reported on the imperialist war danger, the second point on the agenda of the Second Congress. He declared that the situation demands that the Communist International fix concrete tasks in the struggle against the war danger. The present theses will give a basis for organizing the struggle and overcoming the theoretical weaknesses of the parties.

War Danger.

He stated further that the idea that the war danger is not immediate is dangerous because it leads to passivity. Imperialist rivalry makes war inevitable. Anglo-American antagonism is the chief rivalry in the present situation. Great Britain is trying to keep up with the United States in the armament race, but the latter has more means at its disposal. United States imperialism is penetrating Europe and Latin-America, Canada and India.

The relations between Great Britain and France form a second group of antagonisms. Great Britain has altered its tactics towards France and has even brought pressure to bear on Italy because it aims at forming an Anglo-French bloc.

The relations between France, Italy and Jugo-Slavia form a third group of antagonisms, The Mediterranean question is of vital importance for the British Empire and can cause a world war.

The relations between France, Czecho-Slovakia and Great Britain form a fourth group of contradictions.

War and the Far East.

The relations between Japan, Great Britain and the United States form a fifth group of antagonisms and threaten war in the Far East.

The bourgeois states regard the Soviet Union as their common enemy and strive to subordinate their own differences to this common hatred. The symptoms of the growing anti-Soviet hostility are the Anglo-French rapprochement, the attempts at the blockade of the Soviet Union financially and the rapprochement between the German and the French bourgeoisie in their common hostility to the Soviet Union, vide the break-off of economic negotiations between the Soviet Union and Germany.

Poland, Rumania and the others are feverishly preparing for war under the control of Great Britain and France.

Hence it is the urgent task of the Communist Parties to mobilize all their forces against war.

The significance of the League of Nations must not be under-estimated. The Soviet's disarmament proposals are tremendously important and must be utilized as propaganda.

Kellogg Proposals.

The Kellogg proposals leave the way clear for war against the Soviet Union and were only accepted by the capitalist states in order to gain time. In supporting the disarmament proposals of the Soviet Union, the Communist Parties must never forget that these proposals are never intended to displace the revolutionary struggle for the overthrow of the bourgeoisie.

The Communist Parties must not under-estimate the influence of the reformist leaders on broad sections of the workers. The struggle against the right and left wing of

Continued on Page Three

Daily Worker Agents to Hold Meet Tonight

A special meeting of all section, sub-section and unit DAILY WORKER agents has been called for tonight at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. All DAILY WORKER agents have been asked not to fail to attend this meeting, at which many important problems will be taken up.

STATE-WIDE CENTRALIA DRIVE IN WASHINGTON

Trade Unions and Farmers' Organizations Are Active in Big Campaign

A call for a state-wide conference in the State of Washington for early in September, to develop the campaign for the release of the Centralia I. W. W. prisoners, has just been decided upon by the International Labor Defense and the Centralia Liberation Committee, is the announcement just issued by Martin Abern, assistant national secretary of the I. L. D., 80 East 11th St., New York City.

The parole board and Governor Hartley of Washington have not yet acted upon the demand recently made by representative trade union bodies of Washington, International Labor Defense and other groups for the release of the Centralia prisoners. The state-wide conference is called as a demonstration of the wide support for the Centralia victims framed by the lumber barons of Washington and now serving terms of 20 to 45 years at Walla Walla, Washington.

Many Giving Support.

Among the groups that are giving the widest support to the Centralia campaign are Homer Smith, Centralia attorney and closest representative of the prisoners; Charlotte [illegible], secretary of the Seattle International Labor Defense and secretary of the Centralia Liberation Committee; Jake Miller, of the Carpenters' Union; George F. Vanderveer, nationally known attorney and lawyer for the Centralia defense; O. P. Allison, president of the Shingle Weavers' Union, Hoquiam; Elihu Bowles, of the Western Progressive Farmers, Prosser, Washington; W. J. Forston, representing the Everett Central Labor Council; P. Morris, representing the Tacoma Central Labor Council

Continued on Page Three

DICK ORANGE DRINK WORKERS SLAVE FOR TWELVE HOURS A DAY UNDER ELABORATE SPY SYSTEM

By HARVEY O'CONNOR
(Federated Press)

...t quenchers who patronize ...edick orange drink stands are ...rking the 12-hour day. When ... fork over a dime for a drink, ... are lending direct financial assistance to a low wage corporation, specializing in mean tyranny over workers' lives, which is not disguised by marble slabs, shining nickelware and gaudy fixtures.

The Nedick worker, recruited from the ranks of unskilled high school graduates, pumps orange juice 12 hours a day for 35 cents an hour. If he stays with the job and passes the incessant spying of a small army of snoopers, he is raised to 40 cents. This increase is supposed to be granted after six weeks, but actually the employee has to kick long and hard for the extra 5 cents.

This is the highest wage the Nedick worker can hope to get on the fountain. But after a few years, he may become an inspector at $30, gradually increasing his wages to $35. Then he works only 11 hours a day. At the summit of the Nedick scale is the day manager, open to those with years of experience. This pays $40 and represents the last step.

The Nedick "juice squirter" must be busy every minute of the 720 which constitute a shift. When trade is dull he is busy bagging candy, polishing nickelware, washing and scrubbing. Snoopery is developed to a fine art in the Nedick "big family." The snoopers stand across the street or push to the stand when the employee is catering to a rush crowd. Then he tries to shortchange the worker or trap him by insulting remarks into a lapse of courtesy.

Elaborate Spy System.

Often the snooper works with a small boy, who creeps up to the east, is primarily a real estate corstand where he can't be seen by the fountain man. He then watches carefully, reporting at intervals to the man standing around the corner.

The Burnee Corp., which operates the Nedick business throughout the poration. It buys or leases buildings in which its stands are located and by shrewd speculation makes as much, that way as through the sale of drinks and sweets at the cent free stands. It employs about 550 workers in metropolitan New York.

Nation-Wide Drive Is Now On for the Organization of New Powerful Textile Union

ONFERENCES TO E HELD THRUOUT ASTERN STATES

Convention in N. Y. Sept. 22-23

A nation-wide drive is on to or... the exploited workers of the ... industry. In every textile ... center of the country workers ... being aroused to the need for ... the new textile workers' ... as a powerful weapon against ... textile trusts.

For this purpose the national convention is called for Saturday, September 22 and 23, in New York. In the meantime local conferences, to be attended by progressive workers and delegates from mill committees and other organizations among the textile workers, are being arranged.

In Boston, at 36 Causeway St., on August 12, will assemble a conference of representatives of Manchester, Nashua, Concord, Fitchburg, Maynard, Lowell, Lawrence, Adams, North Adams, Salem, Waltham, New Bedford, Fall River, Providence, Pawtucket, Woonsocket, Arctic, Natic, Taunton, Connecticut Valley District, Boston and Blackstone Valley District.

The Philadelphia conference is scheduled for August 5 at 2:30 p. m. at 531 N. 7th St., and will take in also Chester, Trenton, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Phillipsburg, and some other towns.

The New York conference is to be held at 26-28 Union Square, August 4 at 2 p. m. and will have representation from all the surrounding territory, including Passaic, Paterson, Rutherford, West New York, Corona, Bridgeport and Shelton, as well as New York itself.

The Textile Mill Committee continues an energetic preparation for the unionizing of the workers.

The national office of the Textile Mill Committees, over the signature of Secretary Albert Weisbord, has issued a call for the national convention of textile workers organizations, to meet in New York, September 23-23, for the formation of a new union in the textile industry.

WORKERS STRIKE IN ROLLS ROYCE

Reinstatement of Militant Demanded

Continued from Page One

"Mascot" began to lay definite plans for the organization of a shop committee. That is when the company began to act. They tried to line up the Englishmen in the shop, asking them to spy on their fellow-workers. Nothing was obtained from this source. The company then began firing for various reasons those whom they suspected of being connected with the paper. When it came to Fortoul, his whole department backed him up, demanded his reinstatement and walked out when their demand was refused.

Competent Worker.

Fortoul is one of the best auto electricians in the industry. The company has found it out, now, if they did not know it before. At present, in spite of a slack period, there are now working in the struck department three foremen, two helpers and two other mechanics who help occasionally. These men were brought in from other departments, except one mechanic who had been helping in the electrical department just before the walkout and who is now scabbing. One of the foremen is the head electrician of the factory at Springfield, brought here just for strikebreaking purposes. The house electrician, who was supposed to have taken over Fortoul's work, has admitted that he is helpless without the helpers in the department. Practically no work is leaving the shop, and that which goes out is fixed up temporarily.

Spirit of Workers Good.

The spirit of the men is very good. The strikers are maintaining complete solidarity. The workers of the whole shop have expressed their sympathy. A leaflet distributed Wednesday by the "Mascot" committee for the organization of the ...ewster R. R. shop was well received. An open-air meeting, held ... noon by the "Mascot" group, was successful.

... workers say that this is not enough. The whole shop must be brought into this fight for the reinstatement of Fortoul and the men of his department. This is just one ... of the bosses to kill every organizational attempt for the purpose of bettering conditions.

Citizen Soldiers Aid One Another

All over the country the American militarists are training workers to fight their battles for them in the coming imperialist war. The picture shows one citizen soldier cooling another with an electric fan after the fatiguing marches which the men are forced to make in camp. The Workers (Communist) Party is arranging demonstrations thruout the United States on Aug. 4, the anniversary of the World War, to protest against the militarist preparation for the next conflict.

CLERKS TO AID IN YOUTH MEET

At its last regular membership meeting, Tuesday, the Fruit and Grocery Clerks' Union, a militant organization of clerks working in the various fruit and grocery stores thruout the city, endorsed the call of the Provisional Committee for a Working Youth Conference to be held on September 25-26, at Labor Temple, 14th Street and Second Avenue.

This union has just completed a strike which lasted many weeks and which resulted in the organization of several hundreds of fruit clerks. Tho the union no longer has any workers out on strike they are carrying on an organization campaign among the fruit clerks in the Bathgate Avenue district in the Bronx.

This is but one of the many labor unions and working class youth organizations that have already endorsed the call and who will send delegates to the Working Youth Conference.

Mine Workers Burned In Dover Explosion

DOVER, N. J., Aug. 2.—Nine workers were badly burned in a fire following an explosion which occurred in the arsenal here. The building was destroyed when the 100,000 pounds of smokeless powder went off.

A similar occurrence took place two years ago when the naval arsenal, one half mile from here was destroyed when powder blasted.

Gold and Calverton to Debate on "Sex"

"Do Radicals Pussyfoot on Sex?" This is the subject of the debate between Michael Gold, editor of the "New Masses" and V. F. Calverton, editor of "The Modern Quarterly," next Friday evening, August 10, at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Avenue. The chairman will be announced in a day or two.

Proceeds from the discussion will go to the "New Masses" which was recently resurrected under the editorship of Gold.

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MINERS' FAIR HERE SUNDAY

Vivid Strike Film to Be Shown

Continued from Page One

Scenes of the historic April 1 conference, showing mine leaders speaking—John Watt, Pat Toohey, Toney Minerich and others.

These are only a few of the vivid close-ups of the great mine struggle that will be shown at the Solidarity Fair Sunday.

Soccer, Entertainment.

In addition, there will be a big program of other entertainment. Music by the Russian Balaleika Orchestra and two Lithuanian choruses, Polish children dancers, tableaux by the Workers' Relief Scouts, an elaborate program of games and sports in which the Freiheit Soccer Club will take part, open-air dancing and many other attractions will be included in the day's activities. One of the chief features will be the Solidarity Parade, in which many workingclass organizations will take part. Arrangements have been made to have moving pictures taken of this parade.

Tickets for the entire day's activities, beginning early in the morning and lasting until late at night, are only 35 cents each. They can be bought at the office of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., August 2 (U.P.)—Senator-elect William S. Vare of Pennsylvania was reported "slightly better" early tonight, but still in serious condition. Vare, who suffered a stroke of paralysis Wednesday night, had been at his summer home at Ventnor City for several months.

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DAILY WORKER
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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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26-28 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK, N. Y.

WORKERS PARTY WILL HOLD FIRST N. J. CONVENTION

Candidates Will Speak Sunday

The recent election frauds discovered in Hudson County, New Jersey, will give an added impetus to the Ratification Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party to be held at the Workers' Progressive Center, 93 Mercer St., Newark, N. J., at 10 a. m. Sunday, August 5.

The Ratification Convention Sunday and the Red Proletarian banquet of Saturday, August 4, at 8 p. m. will mark the beginning of a political revolution in New Jersey. This will be the first year that the Workers (Communist) Party will hold a state convention there, and an unusually intense election drive will be launched at the banquet and convention.

The banquet, which all the delegates and other workers will attend, will also be turned into a demonstration against the war danger and American imperialism. The date of the banquet is the same as that of the opening of the world war fourteen years ago. Scott Nearing, Communist candidate for governor of New Jersey, and Albert Weisbord, Communist candidate for U. S. Senator, will be among the speakers.

Arrangements are being made at the Workers Progressive Center for free overnight accommodations for those banqueters who are also delegates to the convention and who come from distant parts of the state.

All workers' organizations, labor unions and fraternal organizations are invited to send delegates to the convention and to the banquet and participate in a historic event of the first political magnitude.

U. S. S. R. WATER EXPERTS ARRIVE

Will Visit Leading Cities in U. S.

J. Andronov, president of the Borough of Khamovniki, City of Moscow and member of the Moscow Municipal Council, and officials of the Moscow Water Supply Service have arrived in the United States to study the water supply systems of various American cities.

The type of equipment to be used for increasing the Moscow water supply will probably be determined as a result of this visit.

A member of the delegation is C. A. Ozerov, chief chemist of the Moscow Water Supply Service. The delegation expects to visit during the six weeks of its stay in the United States, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Washington, D. C., Detroit, Chicago and several other cities.

German Sailors Participate at New York Rally

A group of sailors from the German vessel Tirpitz are shown in the picture with their revolutionary banner. While they were in New York harbor the sailors participated in a number of labor events, including a big rally on the waterfront.
(Photo by Peter Aprijasky).

MOBILIZE ACTIVE CLOAK WORKERS

To Launch Intensive Organization Drive

Continued from Page One

lay before the active cloak and dressmakers.

"The preparations for our organization drive have struck terror into the none too courageous ranks of the right wing union wreckers. In a pitiful attempt to discredit our efforts they have been trying to whoop up some sentiment for their own fake organization drive and shouting that the left wing is scabbing.

Poor Schlesinger!

"But actually, despite their attempt to show a brave front, there is complete demoralization in their ranks. The Sigman and the Schlesinger groups are ready to jump at each other's throats. And poor Schlesinger, who has been ostensibly left in command while Sigman is raking in the shekels at his swell summer resort in Iowa, is on the verge of resigning. This same Schlesinger, who on the outside, at meetings, roars like a lion, bleats like a lamb in his office.

"Now is the time when the rank and file workers have a chance to build a union of their own. You active cloak and dressmakers must show the way. Each one of you during the next few days must become a propagandist among your shopmates and co-workers and see to it that the meeting in Bronx Stadium next Wednesday is jammed. The success or failure of this meeting will to a large extent determine the success or failure of our entire campaign. We have a tremendous task before us, but we have a strong union of the workers to gain if we are successful."

Urges Paying Tax.

Boruchovich urged the active members to pay up their back dues and the $10 tax with which all cloak and dressmakers have been assessed to furnish funds for the organization work. He also instructed all the active members to be present at the Bronx Stadium next Wednesday at 4:30 p. m. in order to make arrangements for handling the large crowd.

After Boruchovich, Zimmerman spoke again and emphasized the necessity of all the active members volunteering for organization work during the drive. There were also several speeches by rank and file workers from the floor.

SACCO-VANZETTI MEMORIAL HERE ON AUGUST 22

I. L. D. to Hold Meet at Union Square

A huge memorial meeting for Sacco and Vanzetti will be held Wednesday, August 22, at 5 p.m. in Union Square under the auspices of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense.

Preparations are being made on an elaborate scale to make the memorial meeting in Union Square as large as the historic Sacco-Vanzetti demonstrations last year in the same place. Working class organizations throughout the city are being invited to cooperate, prominent speakers will address the thousands of workers that are expected, and the entire meeting will be turned into a demonstration of working class solidarity and struggle against the capitalist class that murdered Sacco and Vanzetti, and to demand the liberation of Mooney and Billings and other political prisoners.

The memorial meeting was originally scheduled to be held in a hall, but it was decided to hold it in Union Square where many thousands of class-conscious workers will be able to join in a tribute to the two great workingclass martyrs.

Maneuvers and Plans for Last War Revealed By British Documents

LONDON, August 2.—British official documents disclosing some of the data relative to the last war, and which covers the period between 1898 and 1904 have been published today. The documents, which are the most important of the series, dating from 1904 on were not published.

What has been published reveals the entente between English and French imperialism against German imperialism and according to the statement of Von Bulow, German chancellor, was really an armed alliance.

The documents also reveal that it had been settled between England and France that if Germany were to invade France 100,000 British troops and 42,000 horses would be landed in France within a period of fourteen days after the commencement of the war. The position assigned to the British troops was marked on a map.

REMEMBER AUGUST 4TH, 1914
THE OPENING OF THE WORLD WAR!

FIGHT THE WAR DANGER!

PROTEST AGAINST
GUNBOATS IN CHINA
MARINES IN NICARAGUA
PLOTS AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION

Down With Capitalism—Breeder of Wars!

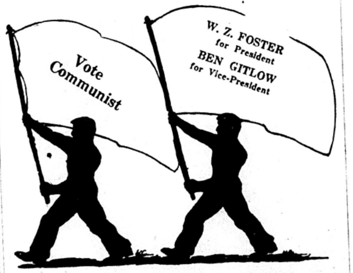
SPEAKERS:

Ben Gitlow, Robert Minor, M. J. Olgin, Phil Frankfeld, Albert Weisbord, Bert Miller, Richard Moore, John J. Ballam, Ben Gold, D. Benjamin, Ray Ragozin, Scott Nearing, Rebecca Grecht, Paul Crouch.

Mass Demonstration

Saturday, August 4 at 1 P. M.—Union Square, Near 17th St.

Auspices: Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League
26-28 Union Square



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MINERS' RELIEF
Drawn by M. Pfl

rench Harbor Workers Demonstrate With Red Flag In Spite of Police Brutalities

CREW OF LINER PARIS STRIKES; WALK-OFF SHIP

Auth[illegible]ies Use Clubs At [illegible]monstration

LE HAVRE, France, Aug. 2.—Heavy detachments of armed police were pacing the Havre docks and quays yesterday following an attack upon a demonstration of harbor and marine strikers carrying the Red Flag, in which the authorities fractured the skulls of a number of the workers.

The struggle with the police was part of the demonstration resulting from the attempt of the ship owners and the municipal authorities to man the trans-Atlantic liner Paris with navy men hastily drafted as strikebreakers.

The crew of the Paris began to go out on strike early in the day and before the sailing time practically the whole complement had struck and joined the harbor strikers on the docks.

Attempts of the authorities to enforce the decree of the ministry of the interior, issued several days ago, ordering strikers not to interfere with sailings for the United States, resulted in the struggle on the quays and afterwards, as a demonstration and police raid, in the city.

The Paris finally sailed with a sketchy crew of French navy men hurriedly pulled together from contingents which had been rushed from Brest several days ago when the strike first broke out at Le Havre.

No immediate settlement of the walk-out is held possible by leaders of the strikers while the government and the ship and dock owners persist in their present attitude.

WASHINGTON IN MOONEY DRIVE

Trade Unions, Farmers Active in Drive

Continued from Page One

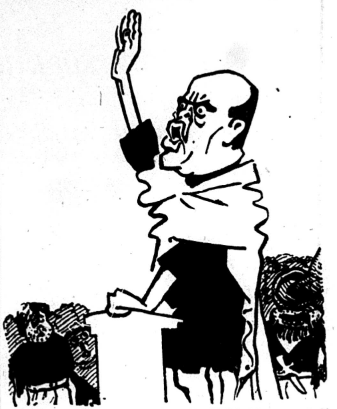
[illegible] Carl Brannin, of the Federal Labor Union; [illegible] the International Labor Defense; Rev. M. H. Marvin; John C. Kennedy, director of the Seattle Labor College; W. D. Lane, Farmers' Grange Association; James A. Duncan, Seattle Auto Mechanics Union, and many others.

To this state-wide conference prominent speakers from outside the State of Washington are being invited. Invitations have been extended to Frank P. Walsh and to Elizabeth Gurley Flynn. The International Labor Defense is organizing a state-wide tour on behalf of the Centralia defendants. Among the speakers will be Carl Braunin of the I. L. D., John C. Kennedy of the Seattle Labor College and others. Meetings are already scheduled for Braunin in Bellingham, Anacortes, Auburn and Everett. Resolutions demanding the release of the Centralia prisoners are being adopted in unions, fraternal organizations, farmers' granges and elsewhere throughout the state.

A statement issued yesterday by the I. L. D. says:

"It becomes increasingly clear that if the Centralia victims are to be restored to the ranks of the labor movement, an organized movement of protest of working men and women only can effect this. The lumber barons and their governmental lackeys want to see all fighters for labor in prison. The working class must fight to free them."

The Fascist Captain Leaves the Ship First



"The captain is the last to leave his ship," has been a good old saying long enough, says the Acht Uhr Abendblatt, of Berlin, but Mussolini has changed all that. "The fascist captain leaves his ship first," is the new slogan which the blackshirt leader is here shown expounding to a fascist audience.

WARN AGAINST NEW WORLD WAR

Must Fight Against Imperialists

Continued from Page One

the social democrats must be intensified, particularly against the latter, because they are the most dangerous.

The Communist Parties must remember Lenin's words that the "boycott of war" is only a stupid phrase. The Communist Parties, however, are not opposed to mass actions, like the refusal to accept military service and boycott when used as subordinate measures in the struggle to transform the imperialist war into a civil war. Such actions, however, must be strictly distinguished from pacifist humanitarian phrases. The parties must strive to prevent the mother countries from sending troops into the colonies. The parties have not done enough revolutionary propaganda among the troops.

Furthermore the Communist Parties have not reacted sufficiently to recent important events as for example the occupation of Shantung, the entrance of the Soviet Embassy and the Arcos raids and the murder of Voikov.

War Industries.

The struggle against war, however, is now the most important task before all the parties. Factory groups must be formed, particularly in war industries and at the docks.

When war comes the parties must strive to prevent the reformists from placing the trade union apparatus at the disposal of the capitalists. The illegal apparatus must be built up and more attention paid to national minorities. When the imperialists declare war, the Communist Parties must find weapons to overthrow the century-old enemy and establish world Bolshevism. (Applause).

At the proposal of delegates from North and South America, the Congress then despatched a telegram of greetings to the workers and peasants of Nicaragua and the gallant army of independence under Gen. Sandino.

SPIES RULE AT DE LAVAL FIRM

But Workers Have Them All Spotted

Continued from Page One

when they were discussing factory problems, and the labor situation as a whole.

Recently a man by the name of O'Brien delivered several corner speeches in this city. We all read in the papers that he was going to talk on the menace of Communism, or something to that effect. I went down to hear him, together with several other workers from the De Laval plant. As we reached the spot of the meeting, I noticed that a big car was parked about fifteen feet away from the place where O'Brien was holding his talk. I didn't think anything of it at the time, and walked up into the crowd that was gathered around the soapbox.

Factory Hired O'Brien.

After a short while, a man came out of the car and walked up to O'Brien while he was taking a rest. It was our factory superintendent. He spoke to him for about ten minutes, and then walked away. I am sure now, just as every other worker in the DeLaval plant is sure, that O'Brien was in the pay of the company. I am sure also that among the workers who listened to O'Brien was a crowd of company stool-pigeons, taking in every worker in the plant who attended the meeting, and listening to every remark concerning O'Brien's attack on the Workers Party. Since I made some rather strong remarks about O'Brien's speech being the bunk, I am thoroughly prepared to be fired now any day.

Waking Up.

I want you to know something about the general feeling in the factory. Until a short time ago, the workers knew nothing at all about what was going on in other factories and in other industries all over the United States. We knew nothing about the Workers Party which fights for better conditions for us workers. We knew nothing about The DAILY WORKER that explains our fight in terms of the class struggle, showing that our struggle is the struggle of all the workers in the world. Now we know.

"Daily" Showing Way.

Most of the workers here are still backwark, but such articles as those which appear in The DAILY WORKER, and such phoney speeches as the ones made by the company-paid faker O'Brien are gradually opening their eyes. Soon I hope we will be able to organize a strong union here, and really fight for our rights.

I am going to send other stories about conditions and events here to The DAILY WORKER from now on. It is the only paper in America that prints what we workers write about our own lives.

—DE LAVAL WORKER.

AUTONOMISTS IN OWN PARLIAMENT IN YUGOSLAVIA

Belgrade Session Is Declared Dull

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Aug. 2.—Declaring that the abbreviated parliament which met in Belgrade for 15 minutes no longer represented Jugoslavia, the parliament of the Croat-Democratic coalition, meeting in Gagreb, called upon all the non-Serbian nationalities to fight against the Belgrade hegemony.

Prebitchevitch, the democratic leader, delivered the key speech, in which he denounced the Belgrade parliament as being responsible for the shooting on June 20, and denounced it as a Serb hegemony which could no longer be tolerated.

Resolutions were passed which pointed out that when the Yugoslav kingdom was created out of the Croats, Serbs and Slovenes each nationality was to have an equal status, but that the Belgrade regime had betrayed the nationalities. The resolutions then went on to declare that the Parliament which met in Belgrade had no power to act, especially in matters of finance and international affairs, for the only deputies present were those belonging to the Serb party. The Serb Agrarian Croat Peasant, Democratic, German and part of the Moslem parties were not represented at Belgrade.

The final resolution called for a coalition of all the nationalities against the Belgrade regime and offered reformist measures for a new constitution and new elections.

Unrest Against Gomez Regime in Venezuela Grows; Report "Plot"

BARRANQUILLA, Colombia, Aug. 2.—The Colombian newspaper La Prensa, reports that several women had been arrested in connection with a revolutionary "plot" against the dictator of Venezuela, Gomez.

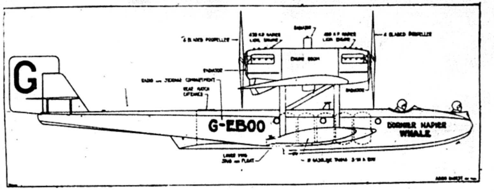
The newspaper also reports that the "plot" had become so serious that Gomez has prepared a ship to make a quick departure for Europe if necessary.

Meanwhile the strict censorship existing thruout Venezuela, and the strong measures of the dictatorship do not permit any further news of the revolt to leave the country.

PAINTER SUES COUNTY

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 2.—Allen Weiler, a painter of this city, is suing Milwaukee County for $6,032, which, he contends, is due him for work he was forced to do as a painter while confined under his protest as insane for 16 years.

Diagram of British Imperialist's Transatlantic Plane



Captain Frank T. Courtney, British officer, and three companions who started a trans-Atlantic hop with Newfoundland as their place of destination were reported to be down in the ocean with liners rushing to their rescue yesterday. A diagram of the Dornier-Napier flying boat used in the latest imperialist flight is shown above.

RED CANDIDATES WILL MAKE TOUR

Foster, Gitlow To Cover U. S.

Continued from Page One

expelled from the S. P. with the Left Wing in 1909 by the reactionary party bureaucracy in the State of Washington. He joined the I. W. W. and took an active part in that organization's activities. He visited Europe in 1910, spending thirteen months there, studying the labor movement.

Foster's Record.

During the war Foster was active in the trade unions, being secretary of the committee that organized 200,000 packing-house workers in 1917. After this, in 1918, he was secretary of the committee that organized a quarter of a million steel workers and conducted the great steel strike of 400,000 workers.

Foster made a trip to Russia in 1921, attending the congresses of the Communist International and the Red International of Labor Unions. Upon his return to the United States he declared himself a Communist, and has since been active in the Communist movement.

Foster is the most polific writer in the American revolutionary movement, having produced more than a dozen books and pamphlets, his latest—"Misleaders of Labor"—being considered one of his most valuable contributions to the literature of the Communist movement.

Gitlow Active for Years.

Gitlow, a member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, has been actively engaged in trade union work since 1913, first in the Retail Clerks' Union and later on in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers.

Gitlow joined the socialist party in 1910. In 1917 he was elected to the New York State Assembly on an anti-war platform and in opposition to conscription. He was one of the organizers of the Left Wing of the Socialist Party in 1918 and opposed the wrong tactics of the Russian Federation Group, and was one of the leaders who organized the Communist Labor Party. John Reod, who died in Russia afterwards and is now buried near the Kremlin Wall in Moscow, was associated with Gitlow as editor of the Voice of Labor, a Left Wing organ.

In 1918-1919 Gitlow became connected with the Revolutionary Age, edited by John Reed. Gitlow was the first revolutionist in the United States to be placed on trial for being a Communist. He was sentenced to ten years in prison, three of which he served before the mass protests of the workers forced the government of New York State to release him. He is now under indictment for alleged violation of the criminal syndicalism law of the State of Michigan, said violation consisting of attending a Communist convention in the town of Bridgeman, Berrion County, in 1922.

To Cover Many Cities.

Gitlow has been active in the political and industrial work of the Party since it was organized. In May, 1923, he took over the editorship of the Jewish Daily Freiheit.

The Foster-Gitlow tour will cover every important city and agricultural center from Boston, Massachusetts to Portland, Oregon.

On the southeastern swing San Francisco, Oakland, Los Angeles, Salt Lake City, Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago. Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Birmingham, New Orleans, and Atlanta will be covered.

Then they will travel north, speaking in Norfolk and Richmond, Virginia, Washington, D. C., Philadelphia and Pittsbugh, Pa., and the principal Ohio cities, both tours ending about the same time on the eve of the balloting the first week in November.

In addition to the Party's national standard-bearers many other speakers of prominence will be toured. Scott Nearing, one of the most popular platform speakers in the United States, who was expelled from universities for his radical views, author of several books on economics, is scheduled for a national tour in the Communist election campaign.

LABOR TO HONOR SACCO-VANZETTI

Chicago Workers to Meet Aug. 22

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The tragic memory of August 22nd is dawning on the consciousness of Chicago workers as the first anniversary of the misdeed approaches.

A most stirring Memorial celebration is being planned by the Chicago office of the International Labor Defense together with the Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial Conference. It will be held in Temple Hall, Van Buren and Marshfield on August 22, the date of execution of the labor martyrs.

The meeting will be held until eleven o'clock (Chicago time), the hour of the murder, when a thrill of horror vibrated through the entire world. Impressive ceremonies will take place during the moments when life was snuffed out of the bodies of the two workers by the executioners of Boston.

Many of Chicago's prominent liberals and representatives of all shades of opinion, who fought against the execution have been invited to speak.

SPLIT EXPECTED AT KOUMINTANG NANKING PARLEY

Opponent of Chiang Kai-shek Absent

SHANGHAI, Aug. 2.—Renewed struggle among the rival Chinese war lords looms as the fifth plenary session of the Kuomintang party open in Nanking today.

The absence of Yen Hsi-shan, governor of Shansi, from the conference and his known allegiance with Feng Yu-hsiang against Chiang Kai-shek has aroused much speculation here on the outcome of the session.

Yen Hsi-shan left Peking, supposedly bound for Nanking by rail, disappeared on a plea of sickness and turned up again later at Tai Yuen, capital of Shansi.

Southern armies under the command of General Pei Chung-hsi are so reported advancing towards the Great Wall where several thousand of Shantung troops are said to be encamped.

Campaign Notice

A PACKAGE of one hundred leaflets will be sent you FREE OF CHARGE by the National Election Campaign Committee. Just send in your name and address on a post card or letter. This is not an advertising campaign and the committee is not seeking a profit on the sale of campaign leaflets. 500,000 leaflets will be so given away. If you like the idea you can keep it going by sending as much as you can contribute to the Free Campaign Leaflet Fund to enable the committee to renew the offer.

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Send me a package of one hundred Communist Campaign Leaflets. It is understood that there is no obligation on my part except to distribute these leaflets.

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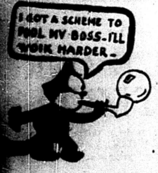
(Daily Worker Talks, No. 1).

Soap Bubbles


I GOT A SCHEME TO FOOL MY BOSS-I'LL WOIK HARDER—

Sure, he has a scheme that will beat the boss! "I will work like hell and save my money. Then I will become a boss myself." His head is full of these notions. "It's a free country, everybody's got a chance to be rich." A few more soap bubbles—illusions!

The bosses laugh among themselves: "The poor fish," they say. "He still swallows the bait we feed him. Equal opportunity! Democracy! He wouldn't join a union if you paid him. Never went out on strike in his life. Thinks the Bolsheviks are the devil. A fine slave!"

There are 20 millions of these slaves in the United States.

* * * * * *

HOW CAN WE WAKE UP THESE STIRRING MILLIONS?

If every reader of The DAILY WORKER passed on his copy of the paper to another worker—if The DAILY WORKER had a correspondent in every factory, mill, mine and shop—if every member of the Workers (Communist) Party understood that our paper can be built only through the earnest, disciplined co-operation of every Comrade—

HOW LONG WOULD IT BE BEFORE THE BUBBLES WOULD BURST?

(Tomorrow: Phony Pony).

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UILD REAL FIGHTING TEXTILE UNION IN FALL RIVER; CITY CALLED SUB CELLAR OF INDUSTR

FALL RIVER, Mass., (By Mail).—The Textile Mill Committee tonight has put over its eighth public meeting for textile workers. We touched another new locality and drew our crowd from the workers of nine mills that are located in the "Flint section." There was a crowd of about 2,500 workers, the chief of police, 25 patrolmen and one patrol wagon present.

This was the first meeting that we succeeded in opening and finishing on the same lot. The chief usually terrorizes the owner at the last minute, and then he marches forth with his "bulls," read a letter he received from the owner, saying he does not wan any labor meetings on his lots.

With drawn clubs they chased the crowd off. The T. M. C. organizers and many of our local live wires then had the workers and marched them to another place, gathering workers as we go and hold the meeting, with good success.

This town is the sub-cellar of the textile industry. When we succeed in organizing this place we have the foundation for a real fighting union. New Bedford is already assured as the ground floor of this industrial edifice.

The speakers last night were Jim Reid and Bill Sroka of the T. M. C. organizing staff, and Fred Beal of the New Bedford union. Peter Hagelius, also organizer in Fall River was chairman.

Friday night we are scheduled t break into the north side where there are many mills in which it is rumored that the chief holds shares of stocks.

"ADAM SHUTTESHUTER."

Philadelphia Hosiery Strikers Struggle 9 Long Months, Mill Correspondent Writes

HANdOuTS

Mrs. Aimee Semple McPherson, notorious evangelist of Los Angeles, who some time back spent a few week-ends with her radio operator and came back to town with the story that she had been kidnapped, was in a beauty parlor the other day getting some needed attention. She was told that her mother, Mrs. Minnie Kennedy, in Seattle, had issued a public statement reviving the scandal of her trip with the radio enthusiast. Mrs. McPherson said: "This kind of thing is unkind. . . . But in the sacredness which belongs to mother love I shall suffer in silence." These are sweet words. A few months ago when Mrs. Kennedy was her daughter's manager, Aimee used all the words in the vocabulary of an expert mule driver to get her to release her hold on the money bags.

• • •

Campers have already done something toward the communalizing of property if you can judge from towels they bring home.

• • •

It was as though papa had let mama take the family bulldog out for a walk when Thomas Cochran, partner of J. P. Morgan visited President Coolidge at Brule with Secretary Wilbur in leash.

• • •

Vice-President Lyman P. Hammond of the Electric Bond and Share company, part of the U.S. power trust, in his survey report of the Philippine Islands says in effect: "Let the Filipinos revise their land and corporation laws so as to permit the introduction of U. S. capital and management." He doesn't mind how heavy the door is that the Philippines throw up against U. S. capitalists so long as they leave it unlocked.

• • •

The republicans have chosen Prosperity and integrity as their campaign issues. The latter will be vouched for by Alber B. Fall and the former by any member of the 5,000,000 unemployed.

Gems of Learning

W. T. Clemens, assistant secretary Greater New York Federation of Churches:—"Today all the leading universities include courses in religion and religious affairs on their schedules. Columbia has been a leader in this movement under the direction of Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler. During the last two years forty courses on religious subjects have been organized on Morningside Heights." The capitalists won't neglect this construction of one of its best weapons.

Charles B. Robbins, assistant secretary of war:—"No one who looks with an unclouded vision on the history of the world and on the present attitude of the nations toward each other can believe that the day of world peace has arrived or is approaching. It is something to be hoped for and prayed for, but not something to be expected, for many generations to come. With the present state of feeling of mankind toward one another throughout the world, the best way to avoid war is to be prepared to meet it—in case it should come—but never by word or act to invite aggression." The [illegible] way to end war is by war—the war that will free the working class from its exploiters.

Nervous Nellie Kellogg, secretary of state: "There is nothing in the American draft of an anti-war treaty which restricts or impairs in any way the right of self-defense. That right is inherent in every sovereign State and is implicit in every treaty. Every nation is free at all times and regardless of treaty provisions to defend its territory from attack or invasion and it alone is competent to decide whether circumstances require recourse to war in self-defense. If it has a good case, the world will applaud and not condemn its action. . ." All modern capitalist wars are aggressive and all can be made to appear defensive. If you pull your gun and kill someone you can always say you saw him reaching for his hip.

Roy Owen West, appointed secretary of interior to succeed Work: "I will familiarize myself for the great office for which I have been chosen." In a couple of weeks there won't be a method of graft in the great office with which he won't be acquainted.

Joseph R. Nutt, banker of Cleveland, treasurer of the G. O. P.: "Another question concerns where it comes from. I feel sure that Chairman Hubert Work will not accept any improper vouchers. . . . No subscription has been requested or accepted where any reasonable question could be rightfully raised as to the donor or the amount of the subscription." The only money that's turned down is made of wood. The G. O. P. treasurer is not that kind of a Nutt.

DESPITE FINES, PERSECUTION, MEN FIGHT ON

Alessandroni Is Called Injunction Judge

(By a WORKER Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—What happens to Philadelphia workers when they insist on picketing during strikes? The judges, who feel that they are possessed of dictatorial powers, and who ignore the very rights supposed to be given to all "free" Americans by the "constitution"—"take care" of those intelligent, class-conscious and militant workers struggling for their class.

Recently officers and members of the Philadelphia Branch, No. 1, Local 706, of the American Federation of Full-Fashioned Hosiery Workers were arrested and brought before Judge Alessandroni, who has become notorious for his baiting of the workers of Philadelphia.

Nine Months' Solidarity.

The union has been conducting a strike against the Federal Knitting Company, Cambria and James Sts., in the heart of the great Kensington textile and hosiery factory district. This strike was declared on October 31, 1927, almost nine months ago, but the strikers have remained firm picketing the shop daily and refusing to return to work.

This fact has greatly peeved not only the manufacturers, but also their faithful lickspittles, as Alessandroni.

So when the union men appeared, Alessandroni saw his opportunity, and issued an injunction, sweeping in its nature, against the strikers.

But Picketing Continued.

He also lectured the strikers, warning them against this kind of alleged "unlawful" conduct such as picketing.

He labelled picketing as "interference with other workers."

However, militant workers are not easily frightened by Vare gangsters of the Alessandroni type.

So the picketing was continued until today, when the manufacturers saw to it that the police took action.

Accordingly, Frank Dolan and Frank Murphy, two of the striking pickets, were arrested. They were taken before Judge Martin, Court of Common Pleas No. 5.

Judge Martin is just as faithful to the powers that be as Judge Alessandroni. The charge against Murphy and Dolan was setting at defiance a court injunction, and therefore contempt of court.

Corrupt Courts.

So Judge Martin fined each of the strikers $100 and lectured them, telling them they would be sent to jail if they continued their "unlawful" conduct.

It is such decisions as rendered in these cases by "Judges" Alessandroni and Martin that makes all workers more and more contemptuous of the courts, that makes all workers realize that the courts, under present American "democratic" capitalistic society, are merely instruments for the protection of a few rich and powerful people, and instruments for the oppression of the workers who have to toil daily for a bare existence.

—C. RABIN.

GREEK TERROR IS DESCRIBED

BERLIN (By Mail).—Reports received here recently give the best picture of the unscrupulous provocation methods of the Greek police during the last strike.

One day a rumor was spread by the press that "the stubborn strikers are seeking those willing to work and setting fire to their dwellings." The evening after the home of a strike-breaker was put on fire and his wife threatened with murder. As she called for help a night-watchman and two gendarmes came, who took up the "pursuit." Then there appeared two more gendarmes, who did not at once grasp the situation and earnestly went after the miscreant.

When the ones who set fire to the house saw that their arrest was forthcoming they shot and killed the watchman and wounded the two gendarmes who had tried to arrest them. The first two gendarmes were not even touched.

The next day the tobacco worker, K. Jordanidis, was arrested and charged with the burning and shooting. Although he proved that he was not there, he was kept in prison.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

Textile Mill Committee Formed in Lawrence

The Ayer Woolen Mill, one of the three largest woolen mills in Lawrence, Mass., has had its own Textile Mill Committee since before the days of the New Bedford strike. The heroic struggle of the 30,000 strikers in New Bedford has distracted attention from the gradual spread of the struggle thruout the New England textile centers. Fall River has its own Mills Committee now, and it is probable that the Pawtuxet Valley in Rhode Island, Lawrence and other towns in Massachusetts, and Manchester in New Hampshire, will presently join the united front against the mill bosses and the union reactionaries.

DEATH; SLAVERY; THE SEA AND HELL SHIPS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

"The times are hard and the
wages low—
Leave her, Johnny, leave her . . .
Oh, the times are hard and the
wages low,
Now is the time for us to leave
her . . ."

Loudly and pitifully pleading sounds the voice of the chantey man. Mournfully the chorus takes up the strain: "Now is the time to leave her."

Clang, clang fall the pawls, and we wearily tramp around the capstan heaving our ship into the wharf. In port at last! Land of our dreams—Australia, the land of "plenty."

Sold, Betrayed.

The big coal strike of eight months' duration has just ended. Miners were back at work; sold out, betrayed by their leaders. There, too, they had their Lewises, Thomases and Capellinis. History repeating itself.

Ships and ships. . . . Wherever you look you see steamers and "square-riggers." Up the river, near the ballast ground, the "Siberia." Its masts and yards seemed like a forest.

Sailors without number. . . . Like convicts they are working, digging like slaves, filling baskets and hoisting out ballast by hand. Hard work, indeed. Standing in the broiling sun by the hand-winch, heaving, heaving from 6 a. m. to 6 p. m., heaving till your elbows begin to creak. Next day you shift by going below in the hold to shovel sand, coke or rubbish until your back cries aloud in pain. Toiling in chains, hence the name "Siberia."

Under the Lash.

Sailors of all nationalities: French, English, Norwegian, German. All slave, day in day out, under a cruel master's lash, masters who try to beat each other in the number of those whom they discharge. "The harder he is made to work the more he will keep the devil out of his mind," laughingly, cynically say the captains to each other, while, over glasses of whiskey, they discuss ways and means of making their crews desert the ship after the ballast is all discharged.

The ship-owners could easily buy steam-engines, but why need they when sailor labor is so cheap? They can feed him anything they like. If the sailor does not like conditions, "to hell with him. He can desert the ship" and leave his hard-earned pay in the hands of the master. Easy money for the ship-owners and the captain. Yes, easy, but covered with the blood and sweat of the sailor.

If the seaman demands better food and conditions, up goes the police flag. A launch comes to our ship with water patrol aboard and to Maitland jail the sailors go, chained and handcuffed like desperate criminals. With this hard-earned money he pays for the days of his "lock-up" and on the day of sailing, aboard he returns half-starved, sick and broken in spirit.

The Hell Ship, God Bless Her!

"Glenlui" was a smart looking full rigged vessel. Its name was painted, cut and burned everywhere; on bells, capstan bars, wheel, spars, even on cabin crockery, knives and spoons. Above all, boldly and proudly stood out on the cabin skylight: "God speed, good ship 'Glenlui.'" Despite this holy and stupid inscription, the "Glenlui" was neither a good ship, nor had any possible God any particular interest in speeding her. She was like the average "windjammer" of those days of 1910, a hell ship and consequently nearer the devil than the Almighty.

In the North Atlantic, during some bad weather, two sailors, bad and bold, went overboard to "Davy Jones' locker." They cursed too much, so God did not like them. And this is why they have "Fear God and obey your king" bunk on some ships.

Five hundred miles south of the Cape of Good Hope there was another young sailor cut down in his prime—a prime choice for the ever-hungry sharks. (God's will again!) We could have saved the sailor and made the sharks go hungry but for the stupid inscription: God speed the good ship Glenlui. (God was true to His word again.) The ship was really speeding, doing 16 knots and an onion "pee-hauled" on "hard-tack." The young man was left to die behind.

"Leave her, Johnny, leave her," was not sung for no reason. "Glenlui" carried 18 able-bodied seamen before the mast, and aloft, so neat that hypocritical inscription, was the almighty master and his two burly mates. Eighteen men ran away—every mother's Jack, leaving plenty of "jack" in the ever-greedy hands of the "almighty." Twelve months' jay at the rate of £2 per month was more than enough to get drunk on those days.

Forging Names.

The captain certainly had to worry in forging the sailor's signature the captions "stops sold" (on paper). Soon all the stock at stops was sold (on paper), but it was still in the cabin ready to be sold to the next unfortunate seaman. There were some good forgers among the masters "them days." And if some did happen to be clumsy with the pen, there was the first mate to try his hand at forging, and the mate got his share of the spoils, not so much, of course, but enough to keep his mouth shut. The lion's share generally went to the owners, they were so poor and religious!

After holding out for eight months, after prolonged hardships and starvation in the land of plenty—the miners are back at work again. Want and misery everywhere. Seamen who deserted ships are scouting the country for jobs. No work had, not even for tobacco and "tucker" (food) as pay. Land of plenty! Hungry, sick and tired, the sailor finally lands back in port again. Being broke he falls into the hands of a shipping master or a land shark who takes a month's pay in advance for getting him a job on a hell-ship. Of course, the master gets his share of the advance money.

"Westgate" was a fullrigged ship, a main sky-rail yarder, commanded by a sky-piloting, bible-punching "Franciscan padre," Jack D. He spoke to us like the father before signing on.

Spider and Fly.

"You are decent looking chaps," he said, grinning broadly and showing his yellow, big and ugly teeth. "You will like my ship," he says, trying to smile. "They all like her," he lies, knowing that his last crew was still in jail for meeting together aboard ship.

We came aboard. Haul out to "Fare Thee Well" buoys. Set sail for South America and hell breaks loose once again. The once gentle, priest-like man begins to act very ungodly; he is yelling, swearing like the devil, "Main topsail halyards, he roars at the top of his voice, loud as a bull; "come here, you young b———, and give her a pull."

What a change. One can hardly believe his eyes. The Franciscan parde has certainly changed. Ugly, pot-bellied man, looking for all the world like a pig walking on its hind legs. Upturned mouth and full-mooned face, on his bald head a making cap (like the one Mussolini wears), but only of a red color. Between his tusks an ugly pipe, which he is smoking continually, never taking it out of his mouth.

He curses the weather, shakes his fat fist at the heavens and shouts to the man at the wheel, "Keep the royals (sails) shaking, you son-of-a———.

"One For All."

At sea. "Water, water, everywhere; but not a drop to drink." Short of food and drinking water. On pitch dark nights we would gather under the forecastle head and discuss means of bettering our conditions. We were not afraid. All for one and one for all became our slogan. Hell ship, indeed.

Pig-head, as we called the priest-like captain, is "very free" with the belaying pin during the day and with the gun at night. Why should he fear? Hasn't he a large body-guard, comprising ten apprentices, future ship owners, drawn from the middle classes of England?

The ship's cook almost poisoned the "old pig" with some arsenic. The cook was no bourgeois—like the captain. And he was just plain sick of him as the rest of us were.

—PETERSON.

(To Be Continued).

CEMENT HARDENS AROUND WORKER DROWNED IN IT

Only Palms Stick Out On Finished Job

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—For the last few months all that us office help had to do was glance out of the window to see our new annex getting up. Slowly it grew from a flat foundation to a great, tall giant towering above all the buildings within a radius of perhaps a mile or more.

The first glance led one to believe that the building was going up rather slow. But upon closer observation one could see workmen below and above and everywhere, like busy bees, each one doing their little mite. And soon we see another story added to the last. Now the new building stands, a specimen of modern engineering and concrete wonder.

Still the bosses are driving their help around putting the finishing touches and making improvements within and without.

A few of us clerks sat languidly smoking away the time until the whistle would blow and bring us back to the stuffy room in which we slaved eight hours per day for six days in the week.

We glanced up and down at the elevator shafts and machines and winches and pipes and bricks and cement. Occasionally one of us would break the silence by remarking about the chances that this or that workman was taking.

Along comes a thick-set fellow and, seeing us, lazily edges over our way, meanwhile spitting tobacco juice to his side as he asks us for the time.

Hearing us remark about the danger of working on a construction like that he says, "Well, fellows, we're kina brisk with this job here but we only had a few mishaps the most serious one being when that elevator shaft loosened on top and came crashing down. Gosh! you ought to see those devils down here run!"

For a while he started at a few workers wheeling cement in barrows to the mouth of a trough and then dumping the barrows' contents when they would abruptly turn and go for another load. At length the tobacco-spitting individual remarks, "Well, boys, accidents are bound to happen on these jobs but this one sure was a terror. We were putting up a huge wall on a rush job a few months' back, and you know how these cement-truckers are. Well, when we took the boards away from the hardened concrete darn if we didn't see a pair of palms wedged into the concrete. A poor devil had fallen in the chute and had been buried alive in the concrete wall!"

He spit tobacco-juice again, then remarked, "Yep, that building had a living monument—and he's still there."

Our stomachs seemed to battle dangerously with the food we had previously eaten as we gloomily walked back to the office.

The Origin of the Movies— First Motion Picture in 1833

It is not impossible that some form of motion picture was known to the ancients. Titus Lucretius Carus at least 65 years before the Christian era wrote:

"In the year of A. D. 130 Ptolemy, a Greek philosopher wrote a series of books on optics in which he not only described persistence of vision, but also a piece of apparatus in the form of a revolving disk with spots upon it, which demonstrated this phenomenon."

Whatever knowledge the ancients may have had of motion pictures, however, is too remote and too far buried in the murky depths of the past to be of more than momentary interest in the history of cinematography.

Motion pictures came to be a fact in 1833 when there was a social demand for them. W. G. Horner, patented "Zoetrope" or the "Wheel of Life," which consists of a hollow cylinder turning a number of slots around the interior. Between the slots appear a series of pictures representing successive stages of such a subject as a galloping horse, and as the cylinder is rotated one sees the horse apparently in motion. The pictures were drawn by hand, until the year 1877.

In 1872, Edward Muybridge, an Englishman, made photographs of a race horse in motion, which were used for theatres where the nobles went. It is true that, compared to motion pictures of today, the results were crude, but they were pictures in motion, nevertheless.

Recent years marked a complete period of transformation to a new era of motion pictures. At this time we see them popularized to such an extent that for the ruling class they become a weapon to insure their political power. Because the motion picture is so delicate and effective a weapon it can be used as a valuable propagandist.

This type of propaganda must be counteracted. We must have pictures of real life. They must serve for the education of the masses, to raise their cultural and moral level. Our work in motion pictures in the future will greatly be done not in the studio, but on the field, in the mills, mines and factories—where the masses live and struggle.

—N. M.

DOROTHY SANDS

This charmer is creating quite a hit with her impersonations in the "Grand Street Follies" at the Booth Theatre.

STAGE HANDS SEEK NEW WAGE SCALE

With the expiration of local agreements between the Stage Hands' Union and Syracuse theatres on August 31, the stage hands intend making a demand for an increase in wages of $10 to $15 per week.

A committee is now working with the co-operation of the other theatrical unions toward that end. The new wage scale will raise the wages of carpenters to $60 for a six-day week, with $20 additional for Sunday work. Other workers, now receiving $45, would receive $55.

RED HOT RIVETS ENDANGER LIVES AT TRIMBLE CO.

Foreman Sees Nothing So Awful in That

(By a WORKER Correspondent)

PITTSBURGH, Pa. (By Mail).—The W. F. Trimble and Sons Company of Pittsburgh does not worry very much about the lives of their employes. The laborers are forced to work in such places where they are always liable to get killed or seriously injured.

The following took place at the site of our employment. The laborers, while working on the ground, noticed that there were a number of workers riveting directly over them. Red-hot rivets were being thrown to the men at work, many of them falling to the ground, where the laborers were at work.

When the attention of the foreman was called to this terrible state he merely smiled and said that if a worker was killed there was nothing so awful about that. Besides the burning rivets falling down upon the laborers, planks were also pulled down after the construction of a concrete wall. Here, too, the lives of the workers were endangered, but the superintendent was not affected by this danger.

This has been going on for quite a long while and the workers did nothing to change these conditions.

—A LABORER.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

LUNA PARK
The Heart of Coney Island
Battle of Chateau Thierry
May Wirth, Phil & Family
in BIG FREE CIRCUS
Luna's Great Swimming Pool
50 Acres of Real Fun

The LADDER
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied
With Play.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

CAMEO 42nd & B'way NOW
"Czar Ivan the Terrible"
with LEONIDOFF & Moscow Art Players
and "Potemkin" The Russian Film Classic

STREET CAR MEN ORGANIZE

DURHAM, N. C., Aug. 2.—Street car workers in Durham have organized into a union. The street car company is charged with hiring stool-pigeons to wreck the union.

1852 THE SAME ADDRESS OVER 75 YEARS 1928
METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK
ASSETS EXCEEDING $29,000,000
Deposits made on or before the 3rd day of the month will draw interest from the 1st day of the month.
Last Quarterly Dividend paid on all amounts from $5.00 to $7,500.00, at the rate of 4½%
Open Mondays (all day) until 7 P. M.
Banking by Mail Society Accounts Accepted
We Sell A. B. A. Travelers Certified Checks
No 1 THIRD AVE. Cor. 7th ST.

DAILY WORKER
International Costume Carnival
SUNDAY, AUGUST 19—PLEASANT BAY PARK
GAMES — OPEN AIR
Dancing--Sports
ATHLETIC EXHIBITIONS
ADMISSION, 35c
Tickets Now For Sale at Daily Worker Office, 26-28 Union Sq.

STELTON, N. J.
CONCERT and BALL
FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, at 8:30 P. M.
will be held in the
AUDITORIUM
RECITATIONS
VIOLIN and PIANO RECITALS
DANCING
HAROLD KOHON, Eight-Year-Old Violinist
(Proclaimed by Musical Critics as the Wonder Child)
LILIAN VAN DYKE, Pianist

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Boston Capmakers Denounce President Zaritsky's Injunction Plea Against Local 7

CONSPIRACY TO DESTROY UNION, MEMBERS SAY

“Is [illegible] Crime Against [illegible]anization”

BOSTON, August 2.—The application of President Max Zaritsky of the Cloth, Hat and Capmakers International, for an injunction against the administration of Local 7, Boston, is denounced in a statement issued last night by the local. Zaritsky is being represented by two socialist attorneys, Bearak and Rower, and further hearing in the case will take place Aug. 21.

The statement of Local 7 follows, in part:

“The application for an injunction against the administration of Local 7 (Boston) of the Cloth Hat and Cap Makers International, by President Zaritsky is the culminating point of a whole policy of suppression of all progressive elements in our International. The same high-handed policy is being carried out in Chicago, in New York and in other centers. The progressive group fights against the policies of the International Officers, which policies it considers as dangerous to the best welfare of the vast majority of the membership and as destructive of our organization.

Start Disrupting Tactics.

“The International officials had determined that we must be ousted. They organized factions in our local in an effort to disrupt the normal functioning. When this failed, they trumped up charges against our administration and an investigation committee of International Officers found nothing to base its charges on. Next came the demand that we call special elections because they claimed that the membership had no confidence in us. We agreed to it, and in the elections supervised by a committee of International Officers, we received a substantial majority.

Form Illegal Local.

“Defeated in this last maneuver, our International officers entered on an arbitrary campaign of extermination. They completely disregarded the constitution of our International, of which they are the supposed guardians. They declared us deposed without so much as preferring charges or giving us a hearing.

“The application for this injunction is a detestable act worthy only of misleaders of the workers. To make use of injunctions while labor is fighting against injunctions is a crime against the members of our International.”

A. F. L. CONFLICT IS STILL RAGING

Council Divided Over Smith-Hoover

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 2.—Continued conflict between members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor in session here as to the endorsement of either Hoover or Smith is believed to be the reason for the postponement of the discussion on a political program until the last session.

Reports have been issued that the council would not take a stand on the presidency as the way out of the dilemma between the powerful camp headed by Matthew Woll, vice-president of the federation, who is known to have held secret conferences with Hoover, and the camp headed by Green who admits freely that he has practically promised Smith to use his influence to endorse the Tammany governor.

An application for admission into the A. F. of L. was yesterday received from the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters whose recent threatened strike Green was able to call off. Action on the application was likewise postponed but it is known that the federation will make a gesture towards accepting the Negro porters whom the A. F. of L. bureaucrats have consistently barred in the past.

British Cotton Mill Strikers Force Boss to Employ Unionists

MANCHESTER, England, Aug. [illegible]—A threatened lock-out of 500,000 [illegible] workers announced on July 27 by the [illegible] mill owners, was [illegible] when the strikers of the [illegible] mill forced the owner to discharge a non-union member until he joined the union.

The strike was called at the Ram[illegible] mill when the owner refused to [illegible] the worker who had allowed his union membership to lapse. The worker rejoined the union and the strike was called off today.

G. O. P. BUYS THE RADIO

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2 (FP)—[illegible] Work of the republican [illegible] committee, announcing that [illegible] will be spent to elect [illegible], says that at least $200,000 [illegible] paid for use of the radio

Struggle for Control of Rich Prize Fighting Plums

A bitter struggle for the control of the pugilism market is being waged between Humbert Fugazy, at the left in the picture, and Tex Rickard, at the right. Fugzay yesterday put over a fast one on Rickard by signing away one of his pet lambs, Johnny Risko, Cleveland light heavyweight. The promoters are struggling for million dollar sport plums.

BOSSES BLAMED FOR OIL BLAST

8 Dead, 72 Injured by Explosion

LAWRENSVILLE, Ill., Aug. 2.—The victims of company red tape and stereotyped “efficiency,” eight workers are already dead and 12 more are in immiinent danger of death here following the explosion yesterday of an old steam oil still of the Indian Refining Company.

Yesterday only one death had been reported, but the toll of victims increased today as more details of the disaster became known. Over 100 workers were endangered, and several men virtually became human torches when caught in the path of blazing oil. Seventy-two were taken to the company's hospital at Vincennes, Ind., ten miles away.

The blast occurred while the refinery's fire brigade was fighting a small fire in a nearby still. When the second fire alarm was turned in, the workers obediently responded to company orders, only to be drenched in flaming oil as it shot out of the exploding still. The majority of those seriously burned were those answering the second alarm.

RAILWAY 'RAISES' WAGE; PAYS LESS

Fires Many Hundreds of Workers

LANCASTER, Pa., August 2.—Accompanied by a nominal increase of wages of from one cent to five cents an hour, the Pennsylvania Railroad, it was learned today, has given the gate to nearly two thousand employes and has speeded up its 25,000 workers to previously unbelievable records.

Railroad employment in April was lower by 5.67 per cent than a year ago. Over one hundred thousand railroad workers have been dropped by the various companies during the past 12 months. At present a railroad employee does at least twice the work required of him ten or twelve years ago.

The announcement of the increases by the Pennsylvania Railroad was made by Calvin W. Long, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Pennsylvania Railroad System Fraternity. The announcement carried the statement that wage increases would amount to about $100,000 per month. While this amount was questioned in some quarters, it was pointed out that the road has decreased its payrolls by at least twice that amount per month as a result of the “rationalization” process now taking place. All railroads have saved $13,691,717 in the last year through reduced payrolls.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 2.—A strike is on by the photo-engravers against the Nashville Tennessean. The strike has been on for three months.

YANKEES LOOSE IN 15 INNING THRILLER

The St. Louis Browns battled on even terms with New York Yankees for 14 innings at St. Louis yesterday and in the fifteenth frame scored the run which meant victory, 4 to 3.

The Yankees opened their artillery in the first inning to score one run while in the last inning it was Stewart, Brown Pitcher, who singled with the bases full to win his own game.

The Philadelphia Athletics made it 15 out of last 16 games with a shutout victory over the Indians. The winners scored six runs off the 12 hits Uhle allowed. Earnshaw, on the mound for Philadelphia, held the Indians to six scattered hits.

* * *

The same New York Giants who relegated the Chicago Cubs to the lowest run in first division jerked the Cincinnati Reds out of second place.

A 7 to 5 victory put the Reds one point behind McGraw's aggregation. Joe Genewich, although he allowed 10 hits, managed to keep the reds in check and won his fifth game in eight starts as a Giant.

The Chicago Cubs took a hard fought game at Brooklyn, 3 to 2. The Cubs were outhit, 9 to 5, but played errorless ball to win. Hal Carlson pitched his first complete game of the season for the winners.

YESTERDAYS' RESULTS

American League.

St. Louis 4, New York 3
Philadelphia 6, Cleveland 0
Chicago 6, Boston 3

National League.

New York 7, Cincinnati 5
Chicago 3, Brooklyn 2
St. Louis 6, Boston 1
Pittsburgh 18, Philadelphia 4

Rejects Arbitration Scheme By Kellogg

WASHINGTON, August 2.—The Honduras government today rejected the proposal of Secretary of State Kellogg that the dispute between the Honduras and Guatemala governments over some land near their frontier occupied by an American Fruit company be arbitrated by the Central American Tribunal.

While Guatemala had already accepted on July 18 the Honduras government declined on the ground that the lists of the juriconsuls who were to compose the Tribunal were not presented to the interested governments.

Jingoist Resigns Education Post

WASHINGTON (F.P.)—Resignation of John J. Tigert as U. S. commissioner of education — the chief job in the bureau of education in the Interior Department took effect today.

It was Tigert, a former soldier from Kentucky, who arranged with the American Legion the fantastic and militaristic “Education Week program” of some years ago, with its anti-progressive slogans and flag-waving exercises.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

HILLMAN CLIQUE OUSTS MILITANTS

Removes 5 Candidates' Names From Ballot

Sidney Hillman, who purposely announced some time ago that he intends to “clean up the graft and corruption in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union, local 19,” in which a veritable swamp of corruption was disclosed by the Daily Worker and the Freiheit, was instrumental in the removal of militant workers from the ballots in the election of an executive board for that local.

The militant workers, Dickstein, Brechner, Brandes, A. Nayer, and Abe Shotlin, who have always been among the leaders of those carrying on the fight against the corrupt leaders in that local, were candidates for the executive board, nominated by the workers in whose interest they had fought for the last few years.

But their names were removed from the ballot by the Hillman-Schlosberg hand-picked committee, who left on the ballot only the names of those who were sure to support their own grafting and corrupt administrative clique.

When the stories appeared in the Daily Worker and the Freiheit exposing the graft going on in local 19, Hillman venomously attacked the statements that appeared in the papers, saying that they were a hindrance rather than an aid in ridding the local of its graft. He further stated that he would see to it, personally, that the graft would be wiped out.

USSR Court Lectures Man Who Killed Three-Year-Old Imbecile Son

LENINGRAD, U. S. S. R., Aug. 2. Rather than permit his three-year-old son to grow up a hopeless idiot, Vladimir Orlofsky, an aviator, killed the child and then surrendered himself to the state.

After a brief trial, Orlofsky was found technically guilty and the court sentenced him to six months' imprisonment, but immediately suspended sentence, merely reprimanding him publicly.

The act of the Soviet court in first sentencing him to prison and then suspending the sentence was caused by the fear that other parents, especially among the ignorant of the population, might take Orlofsky's action as a precedent for doing away with their own children. The six months' sentence, therefore, was a sort of warning to others that the court considers Orlofsky's act indeed a crime, although in this case it recognized extenuating circumstances.

Your struggle in shop, mine, mill or factory is incomplete unless you report it to The DAILY WORKER.

SIX GIVEN YEAR APIECE BY NEW BEDFORD COURT

Keller Arrested Again With Seven Others

Continued from Page One

the 240 pickets held in the New Bedford jail in bail of $500 each was followed by fresh police activity today and further arrests of leaders and pickets at the Whitman Mill.

Eli Keller, an organizer of the T. M. C., Elizabeth Donnelly and Eulalie Mendes were seized by the authorities while they were leading the long line in front of the mill. Manuel Kasmiiro and Manuel Costa were arrested with Keller.

The arrival of the police failed to scatter the picket line as the authorities had apparently expected. The pickets defied the police declaring that mass picketing is legal and that they would continue to picket unless arrested. Eight were taken to police headquarters.

In pursuance of the orders of Mayor Ashley to jail all strike leaders for law violations, regardless of the nature of his offense, the police are attempting to arrest all the picket line leaders on whom they can lay their hands.

Results of the balloting on the question of arbitration by unions affiliated with the Textile Council is being awaited here. Present indications are that, in spite of the reactionary leadership of the unions, the rank and file will oppose the arbitration proposal.

Belief that the manufacturers were anxious to end the strike, was expressed by Eli Keller, organizer for the Textile Mills Committee from his cell.

“The manufacturers are eager to break the strike now because the textile season is at hand and if the mills are not started the manufacturers will lose a whole season's business,” he said.

DROP 2 NEGROES FROM GOLF PLAY

Act Was Caused by Race Prejudice

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2 (UP).—Preliminary hearing of the separate bills of equity asked by two Negro golfers against officials of the United States Golf Association because they were disqualified yesterday in the National Public Links Championship tournament will be heard tomorrow morning.

Wilmer Stout, Newark, and Robert P. Ball, Chicago, asked an injunction restraining the officials from continuing the present competition at the Cobbs Creek course until they have reinstated the two men.

Both players turned in scores that would have qualified them among the 32 players who started match play today. They were dropped for technical reasons. The two contend the whole action was taken because they were Negroes.

Albanian Kingdom to Prolong Fascist Rule

VIENNA, Aug. 2.—Ahmed Zogu, the president of Albania, a virtual protectorate of Italy, will assume the title of king on August 25, following the so-called general election.

This move is looked upon as an attempt to prolong the present regime in Albania indefinitely.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Downtown Y. W. L.

Downtown units Nos. 1 and 2 of the Young Workers League will hold a joint comeraderie, today at 60 St. Marks Place.

A good program has been arranged. All comrades are invited to attend, and are requested to bring non-league members with them.

Branch 6.

Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathizers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zsencer in charge of the campaign of that district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

* * *

The following open air meetings for next week have been arranged by District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party:

Friday, August 3.

Bristol and Pitkins, B'klyn—Ragozin and Lypzin.

Varet and Graham, B'klyn—Magliacno, H. Williams, Lillienstein, Taft and Severino.

5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y.—Trachtenberg, Lyons, Codkind, Reiss and LeRoy.

Saturday, August 4.

First Ave., and 79th St.—Bentall, Auerbach, Blake and Lillienstein.

12th Ave. and 42nd St., B'klyn—Padgug, Suskin, Lustig and Magliacano.

West N. Y., N. J., 14th St. and Bergenline—Wright and Schalk.

* * *

“Fight War Danger.”

“Fight the War Danger” leaflets and accompanying election campaign contribution envelopes are now ready in the district office. Every campaign director must call for these at once for distribution at open-air meetings. They must be used at every meeting up to August 4th.

* * *

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

* * *

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the “Communist” for July are also available.

* * *

Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville Branch of the International Labor Defense will meet on Tuesday, August 7th at its regular meeting rooms, 347 E. 72nd Street, the Czechoslovakian Workers Home at 8 p. m.

* * *

German Speaking Comrades.

All German speaking members of the Workers (Communist) Party are invited to a full fraction meeting of the German Fraction today at 8:15 p. m. at the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st St. How to assure the cooperation of the German labor organization in the election campaign will be the main topic of the meeting. The German Party bulletin will also be discussed.

* * *

Block Party in 6th District.

A Block Party to celebrate the opening of the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the 6th Assembly District will be held Sunday, August 4, at 8 p. m. at Britton Street between Bronx Park East and Barker Ave. between Bronx Park East and Barker Ave. There will be music, dancing and refreshments.

Arranged by Branch 6, Section 5, of the Workers (Communist) Party.

* * *

2F, 2C.

Unit 2F, Subsection 2C will meet today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Greek Fraction.

Greek language fraction will meet today at 8:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Williamsburg Y. W. L. Meet

The Williamsburg Section of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an open air meeting tonight at 8:30 on the corners of Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer. The speakers will be R. Gordon, N. Hosser, N. Harris and A. Weintraub.

* * *

Section 2, Organization Meet.

A special conference of all unit and subsection organizers of section 2 will be held Tuesday at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Every organizer must be present without fail.

* * *

Section 2 Agitprop.

A literature agent and agitprop meeting of section 2 will be held Monday at 8 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Very important matters will be taken up.

* * *

Section 2 and 3 Literature.

Sections 2 and 3 will hold an important meeting of all literature agents on Thursday at 101 West 27th St. at 6 p. m. All literature agents are instructed to be present.

* * *

Section 2 Agitprop Meet.

A conference of all agitprop and literature agents of Section 2 will be held on Monday at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. The election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party will be taken up.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held at Pleasant Bay Park Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park subway or “L” to 177th St. Take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

* * *

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

* * *

New Workers Center.

A concert and ice cream party will be given by the new Workers Center of Brownsville, at 154 Watkins St. to-to dayat 8:30 p. m.

* * *

Spanish Workers' Club.
(Centri Obrero de Habla Espanola)

This center will start a series of conferences about literature, political education, Sociology and other important matters, next Tuesday, Aug. 7th at 8 p. m. at 55 W. 113th St. Pablo Mantinez will be the speaker.

* * *

Jewelry Workers Luncheon.

All jewelry workers have been invited to come to the Second Annual Informal Luncheon of the Jewelry Workers Welfare Club, to be held Monday at 6 p. m. at “Our Cafeteria,” 49 East 25th St., between Madison Ave. and 4th St.

Federal Troops Kill Fifteen Reactionaries In Battle in Mexico

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 2.—Fifteen of a band of 150 reactionaries were killed today in a fight with federal troops near Agua Dulce, an official dispatch from Queretaro said today.

MINERS' NUCLEUS SENDS GREETINGS TO MOSCOW MEET

Anthracite Conference Hails Comintern

(Special to the Daily Worker).

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 2.—The conference of the Anthracite Workers Party sub-district held July 29, adjourned with the following motion of greetings to the Communist International Congress: “The conference of the Anthracite Sub-district, Workers (Communist) Party of America greets the Sixth Congress of the Communist International, being held in Moscow, as the leader of the world proletariat. We, American Communists, fighting against the most powerful imperialism of the world, are sure that under the banner of the Communist International our struggle will be won.”

The conference after hearing and discussing the reports on the national and local mining situation, adopted a resolution and several motions instructing the units and the newly elected sub-district committee to mobilize the entire membership for the Party campaigns, the most important being the building of a real miners' union in the anthracite. Through building the mine nuclei and left wing blocs, through working for a large delegation to the Pittsburgh miners' convention, the Party will establish itself as an important factor in the struggle of the hard-coal miners and other workers living in the sub-district.

REPORT REVOLT OF INDO-AFGHANS

36,000 Tribesmen Collect

SIMLA, India, August 2.—Continued activity on both sides of the Afghanistan-Indian border directed against British rule is reported here.

Reports from Jalalabad indicate that 36,000 members of Indo-Afghan tribes are collecting at that place in preparation for an armed campaign. A delegation of 800 Memund and Mohmand have also left for Kabul to hold a conference with the leaders.

A strong anti-British movement is reported among the Sihks in the Punjab province, where the peasants are holding meetings and calling for the overthrow of British imperialism by force.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

A Trade in Blood.

In the treaty just signed between the United States imperialist government with the so-called Nanking government, the American imperialists seek to strengthen the bloody arms of the counter-revolution in China, and in return the Chinese butchers undertake to pay their Wall Street protectors in the blood of China.

By the treaty the American eagle not merely extends its protecting wings over the bloody Nanking reactionaries who have slaughtered tens of thousands of workers and peasants, but gains substantial advantages over its rivals in the struggle for Chinese markets. The eagle extorts a heavy price for its protection.

In return for hypocritical phrases about tariff autonomy, the United States secures the abolition of the likin, or internal tax, which Chinese provincial war lords hitherto levied against foreign goods crossing the provincial borders within China. The United States—in spite of the eulogies in the capitalist press—makes no tangible concession whatever. The only concession is "recognition" by the strongest imperialist bully among those who are maneuvering for the best chances to make a subject colony of China. The treaty provides against a discriminatory tariff and as long as any other power maintains its present treaty no tariff raise is possible.

While the hypocritical American capitalist press tries to cloak the treaty as an act of generosity on the part of the United States, the Kuomintang reactionaries in a vain effort to delude the Chinese masses point to the treaty as evidence of the success of the Nanking regime in securing tariff "autonomy."

The new treaty means nothing of the kind.

The imperialist powers, struggling against each other, are unwilling to grant tariff autonomy. The Nanking war lords will not fight for concessions from their imperialist masters.

The tariff treaty between the United States and the Nanking regime is certain to sharpen the differences between the imperialist powers in their scramble for spoils in China. It intensifies the danger of an imperialist war far greater in scale than the one which started August 4, 1914 and which shook the capitalist system to its foundations.

The workers and peasants of China, who are now conducting a bitter struggle against the Kuomintang war lords and the imperialists, are struggling for the liberation of China. In this struggle they have appealed for aid to the workers of all countries.

The battle against imperialism is not merely the battle of the Chinese workers. It is the battle of the entire working class.

Aid the Chinese working class in its struggle against imperialist oppression and the Kuomintang murderers!

Fight against the imperialist war danger!

Fight for the Chinese Revolution! Help the Chinese workers and peasants drive the American and other imperialists out of China at the point of the bayonet!

$2,000,000 for Clouting Pugs!

Eugene Joseph Tunney, the intellectual representative of the cauliflower ear business, has retired from the squared circle with approximately $2,000,000 in his kick, which was injected into it by the section of the American populace which likes to see others mauling each other, just as some patriots enjoy a nice gory war at a safe distance.

The readers of this paper do not go in for prize-fighting. The hundreds of thousands who read the Communist press never collectively spent enough money on the so-called manly art to keep Tex Rickard in dollar cigars for one week.

Whatever money they have to spare after feeding, clothing and sheltering themselves and their dependents is contributed to the revolutionary movement, which aims to knock out capitalism and give the social championship of the world to the workers and poor farmers.

Gene Tunney collected $2,000,000 in a few years of clouting pugs around a ring and taking a few clouts in exchange. The workers spend their lives performing useful labor and get nothing but less than a decent living in return. Thousands of them die annually of hunger.

To abolish a system of society which showers gold on the pug, the bruiser, and the parasite and starves the producer, the Workers (Communist) Party is organized. In this election campaign it is rallying the masses for the immediate struggles, against wage cuts, unemployment, imperialist wars, and other evils that flow from capitalism. Money is needed for this campaign.

The National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, 43 East 125th Street, New York City, has launched a drive to raise $100,000 for the Communist Campaign. We call on the workers and exploited farmers to contribute as generously as possible to this fund.

This election campaign will not decide the issue between the exploited masses and the exploiters. It is only a training exercise during which the revolutionary vanguard of the working class are mobilizing their forces for the struggle and for the final battle in which the bosses will hit the historical canvas never to rise again.

A hundred thousand dollars for a preliminary bout with capitalism.

A hundred thousand dollars to organize the masses for the final struggle that will send the imperialist system to the mat forever.

YOUTH TO DEFEND U. S. S. R.

By I. AMDUR

AMONG the methods of preparing the youth of the Soviet Union for the defense of their country the system of maneuvers—sham battles—is the most widespread and popular. Each Sunday the Y. C. L.'ers of one or another of the six districts of which Moscow is composed, journeys into the countryside to wage a sham battle. Equipped with [illegible] magazines, blank bullets, wooden "maxim-guns," which, when swung round and round make a rattling noise not unlike the real thing, the young "red soldiers" show [illegible] interest and spirit in these military games.

Komsomol Uniforms

Last Sunday some 460 of the youth from the Khamovnitchesky district took train to the suburbs of Moscow. Each of them had a rifle and a belt of blank bullets. Almost all of them wore the new khaki Komsomol uniform (somewhat similar to that worn by the German Yunge Rote-Front fighters). About 35 per cent of the youth were girls.

Some 17 versts out half of the group left the train and struck inland. The second half traveled some 15 versts (verst is three-fourths of a mile) farther. Both groups were accompanied by Red Army officers who explained the [illegible] of the game. The second group were an invading "enemy" marching on Moscow; the first had been hurriedly dispatched from Moscow, to the neighborhood [illegible] the "enemy" was supposed [illegible] where they were expected to appear, with orders to put them to rout at any cost. The aim of both groups was, by using every possible means, to catch the other unaware and gain victory by a surprise attack.

Both parties had been divided into battalions, companies and squads. Special maxim-gun squads and patrols were organized, and a communication company (to maintain contact betwen the companies) formed. Each party was attended by 15 nurses each of whom was fully equipped with medical supplies.

The weather condition, from the point of view of the youth, could not have been worse, although from the standpoint of roughing it they were ideal. It had been raining for the last couple of days and the ground was one vast spongy quagmire. Nevertheless, with light heart and song on lips the gallant "defending army" strode boldly on, over turf highways, through woods, villages, fields, halting periodically to await word from the advance patrols.

• • •

THEY had left the station at 9 o'clock in the morning; it was now close on 1 p. m. and still no sign of the opposing force. The going was hard. Through swampy and marshy fields and roads, ankle-deep in mud with water squelching from the boots at every step, they presented a sorry-looking "army" indeed. They were cheered up, however, by the Red Army officers who, during the halts, would praise the spirit of the group as being very soldier-like, indeed, and most disciplined.

And then, breathlessly, the patrol rushed up with the news that the "enemy" had been sighted advancing stealthily about a verst away. A feeling of intense excitement seized the "defending army," all tiredness fell away and, wary and alert, they swiftly sprang to cover, taking advantage of every bit of undergrowth and tree.

For about 10 minutes there was a dead silence except for the monotonous whistling of the rain, and then the "enemy" came into view. Stealthily they came, looking warily about them, but never for a moment supposing of the lurking danger that awaited them immediately in front. Nearer they came, and nearer, then softly was heard the command, "Load"—"Aim"—"Fire."

The air was startled with a deafening sound as dummy bullets and maxim-gun rattles blazed upon the opposing force. "Charge," rang a command, and down upon the enemy swept the "defending army" with triumphant shouts of victory.

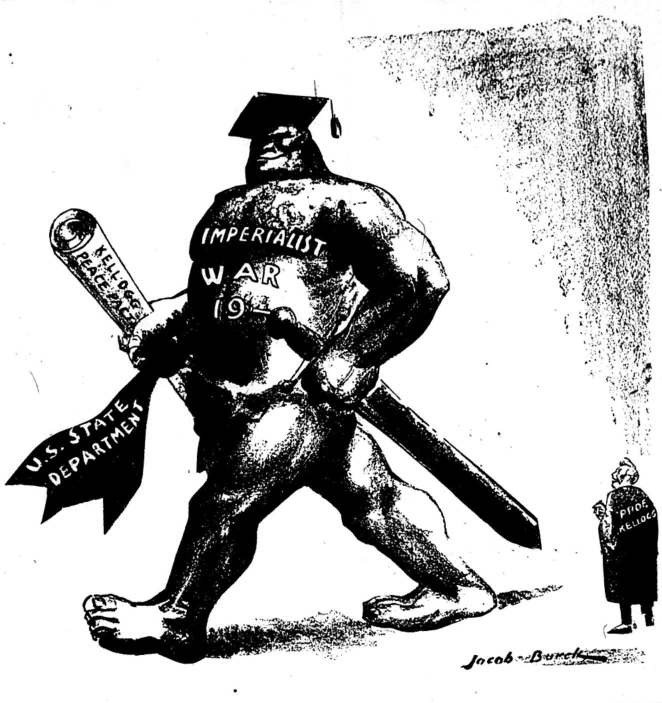
It was a complete and successful rout. The "enemy" had fallen, as it were, upon the very point of their opponents' bayonets, and, after a half-hearted but ineffective rally, threw down their arms in token of surrender.

• • •

AFTER the excitement had cooled a meeting was held in which the results of the "game" were analyzed. The officers pointed out the mistakes of both sides and particularly those of the opposing force.

THE DIPLOMA

By Jacob Burck



Our Party's Election Campaign

(Continued)

By JAY LOVESTONE

Communist Program Outlined; Veil Stripped From Capitalist Parties

THE election platform adopted by the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party is the most complete presentation of Communist analysis and indictment of capitalism as well as statement of the position of the party towards the basic questions confronting the working class that we have gotten out to date. American imperialism is presented in its true light. The striking gap between the wealth of the bourgeoisie and the poverty of large sections of the working class and exploited farmers is brought into clear contrast. The unemployment crisis is analyzed from a Marxist viewpoint and a program for immediate action is proposed. The parties of the big and small business interests—republican, democratic and socialist—are put before the masses in their true light.

Program Outlined.

A program to meet the offensive of the capitalists is outlined in detail. Special attention is paid to the heroic struggle of the miners. Particular emphasis is laid on the need for mobilizing the masses to paralyze the aggressive imperialist maneuvers of Wall Street against the Central and South American countries, China and the Soviet Union. The party pledged itself to do everything in its power to turn the next imperialist war into a civil war and raises the slogan: "Not a man, not a gun, not a cent for the imperialist army and navy." The party called upon the American marines to go over to the side of the revolution in Nicaragua and China. The party demands complete and immediate independence for all American colonies and semi-colonies. We demand immediate recognition of the Soviet Union and establishment of direct connections between the American and Russian working class.

• • •

Veil Stripped.

THE veil is stripped from the hypocritical capitalist democracy serving as the most cunning, powerful, ruthless strikebreaking agency in the world—the strikebreaking United States government. The party makes clear its position as an advocate of the building of a national mass labor party, but at the same time emphasizes that it is "a dangerous illusion to think that the workers can assume power by electing more and more members to congress or executive officials."

Our party demands a labor party:

"... Because it considers this the first decisive step towards independent political action by the working class, the first step of the workers to break away from the parties of the bosses. At the same time the Communist Party considers it its duty to tell the workers frankly that a labor party has its limitations and that it will not be able to lead the workers in their final struggle for their emancipation. Only a Communist Party can do that."

Position Clear.

The Communist position, towards tariff and taxation is made clear in the platform. The plight of the exploited masses is brought home very effectively. Particular stress is laid on the oppression of the Negroes. The party demands the abolition of race discrimination and stands for full racial, social and political equality. The platform demands, in part: "Abolition of all laws which disenfranchise the Negroes on line of color. Abolition of all laws forbidding intermarriage between persons of different races. Abolition of all Jim Crow laws. Immediate removal of all restrictions in all trade unions against the membership of Negro workers. Equal opportunity for employment, wages, hours, working conditions for Negro and white workers."

Solidarity.

The platform further draws the attention of the workers to the need for solidarity of all workingmen, native as well as foreign-born, in order to resist the attacks on the foreign-born workers, which attacks are only part of the general offensive against the whole working class.

The status of working women and working youth and an immediate program to meet these conditions are outlined in the platform.

Prohibition.

In discussing the prohibition question, the platform brands alcoholism as "one of the most terrible social diseases of capitalist society." It declares further that "only the overthrow of capitalism will sweep away the despisable bootlegging industry and the equally despicable corrupt, hypocritical prohibition enforcement."

The platform then declares:

"1. The Workers (Communist) Party favors the repeal of the Volstead Act and the 18th Amendment.

"2. Dissolution of the federal and state prohibition enforcement apparatus.

"3. Energetic propaganda against alcoholism as one of the most malignant social diseases under capitalism."

Our summing up slogan is "Forward to a Workers' and Farmers' Government." We emphasize that a workers' and farmers' government in the United States will

"... free all American colonies immediately, grant the right of full self-determination to all Latin American peoples, will realize social equality for Negroes, will disarm the master class and will arm the working masses, will expropriate all large scale industries, railroads, power plants, meat-packing plants ... will nationalize all large land estates and will hand them over to the mortgaged and tenant farmers and agricultural workers, will nationalize all banks and commercial interests."

Class Struggle, Slogan.

The whole spirit and purpose of the party election campaign is summed up in the conclusion of the platform which calls upon the working masses "to go forward by means of relentless class struggle" and emphasizes that:

"The Workers (Communist) Party is the party of the class struggle. It is the deadly enemy of capitalist society. It fights for the complete unity of the working class, for the united struggle of native born, foreign born and Negro workers against the common enemy—trustified capital."

We have gotten a good start in our election campaign. The coming months will see our activities intensified. The entire party is being drawn into the election campaign. The outlook is, that because of the energetic activities of our party in the big struggles of the workers, like the miners and textile strikers and the needle trades, our American section of the Communist International will receive this year many times greater support in the election campaign than ever before.

(The End.)

Told You So

THREE cheers and a fifty dollar coffin for the remains of Maggie Fleming, former maid in the employ of Mrs. Oliver Harriman, who left her life savings of $6,000 to the millionaire lady. The meek and lowly are surely turning the tables on their betters. Instead of being at the receiving end of legacies they are now biting the biter by putting the ruling classes in a humiliating position. Mrs. Harrim[illegible] is now traveling in Europe ar[illegible]aggie's legacy may enable her [illegible]nake a deposit on a new wrist watch.

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SECRETARY of state Kellogg is ready to recognize the Nanking regime in China, now that the Koumintang party has deserted the revolutionary policy of Sun Yat Sen and is an open and avowed foe of Soviet Russia. But there is a cockroach in the Kellogg chop suey. Almost coincident with the announcement that the United States would recognize the Nanking regime comes the report from Geneva that the League of Nations is planning to saddle a "Dawes Plan" on China. This means more calluses on the Chinese back and less rice in his bowl.

• • •

THE revolt in the Anglican church in Great Britain brought on the resignation of the Archbishop of Canterbury, primate of all England. The skypilots are quarreling over the revised prayerbook. It is too radical for some of the boys. I do not know whether the rival factions have donned the armor of battle over the virginity of the "Blessed Virgin," the immaculate conception or the existence of three gods, amalgamated into one, but still maintaining their autonomy. The prayerbook was referred to parliament and parliament gulped a flagon of ale and threw the prayerbook out the window. It was too far to the left for most of the members. Things are coming to a pretty pass in England when even the infallibility of a prayerbook is questioned.

• • •

WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE, of Emporia, Kansas, who is now on the Hoover publicity staff, is doing some heroic sniping at Al Smith. Picking up the red light flag where Teddy Roosevelt dropped it, White tried to make a glorified pimp out of the "Happy Warrior." But Al is more or less sacred in New York editorial sanctums. A candidate with General Motors as a manager is not to be sneezed at with impunity. So, whatever the reason is, the gallant White retreated with drums beating but leaving the flag of prostitution lying bedraggled on the field.

• • •

IT APPEARS that this fellow White makes a specialty of placing his pen at the disposal of whoever has the dough. When he launched his attack on Al Smith, the Smithsonians went to their files and dug up the evidence to show that in 1912 White was saying nasty things about the vice-president candidate on the G. O. P. ticket, Mr. Charles Curtis. White said Curtis's conduct was iniquitous. But now he is purified by the heat waves that flow from the political anatomy of H Hoover. Still, William Allen White is only a scribbler making his hay while the sun shines.

• • •

IT'S tit for tat between Hoover an Smith as far as labor is con cerned. The members of the execu tive council of the A. F. of L., nov sojourning in Atlantic City, appea to be peeved over the appointmen of John J. Raskob, multimillion aire open-shopper as national chai man of the democratic party. Bu Smith's friends point out that Henr J. Allen, author of the Kansas i dustrial Act, is head of Hoove publicity department. Of course th fat A. F. of L. boys are only spoo ing. They would not give a hang both campaigns were managed b two strikebreaking detective age cies as long as they got theirs.

• • •

THE assassin who pulled the fat trigger on Obregon made a co fession in which he absolves M rones, chief of the CROM of all co plicity in the murder. The kill was a Catholic fanatic and while tries to shield the church there is doubt but Calles knew what he w talking about when he blamed t clergy, for the inspiration of t deed. Reactionary elements in t Obregon Party used the murder a popular hero to make war on lab Tho Morones is a reactionary and monument of corruption, his enem have motives far from altruistic a deserving patriots are ready to s into the comfortable berths forme occupied by Morones and his hen men.

Tom O'Flahert

Danger of Imperialist World War Increases

By OLGA GOLD.

The Capitalist Nations Are Planning Attack On Soviet Union

THE constantly increasing war danger is becoming more and more acute. In the coming imperialist war, the United States, the most powerful capitalist country in the world, the country where the bourgeoisie still finds itself firmly seated in the saddle, will play a leading role.

The increase in the need of American imperialism for export of its surplus capital is tremendous. While in 1923, the United States exported a total of $495,662,100.00, in 1917 the total export of capital from the United States was $1,575,960,575.00, an increase of almost 300 per cent. (This is taken from Jay Lovestone's America Today.) This indicates clearly the active role the United States will play in the coming imperialist war.

The intervention of American imperialism in Nicaragua is an example of American intervention which clears the road for the increasing oppression of Mexico and South America. We can foresee the approaching war striking over the horizon all over the globe.

One of the factors of the acute danger of an imperialist world war is the increasing hostility between Great Britain and the United States. These antagonisms and conflicts between the imperialist nations are over the control of world markets, raw materials, etc. Still another factor of the increasing approach of war is the struggle in the Pacific over China by the powers of imperialism, the sending of warships and air forces to fight against the Chinese workers.

The Chinese workers are the world's most exploited. The weekly earnings of the most skilled workers, such as building trades workers, painters, etc., is hardly above three dollars and fifty cents. The common laborer gets from one dollar to one dollar and fifty cents per week. The labor day is twelve hours and sometimes much more.

Great Britain, Japan and America each have a special interest in suppressing these workers. American trade in China has increased four times over in the last twenty years. The United States has investments in China amounting to $70,000,000, Japan's investments amounting to over a billion and Great Britain an investment of one billion dollars.

Last year, when the Chinese people bravely revolted against this imperialist mockery of the existence of a people, tens of thousands of proletarian men, women, and children were murdered. Because they wish to free themselves from the double yoke of exploitation, by the Chinese militarists from within—by the foreign capitalists from without, their heads are cut off and hung on high as a vain attempt to kill the movement for freedom, to strike terror and dread into the hearts of the workers.

The imperialists realize that the Soviet Union acts as a spur and an inspiration to the development of the revolutionary movement the world over, that the oppressed of all nations and peoples are watching with eagerness all of the events in the Soviet Union, and that the S viet Union is a tremendous bl against their attempts of conq and war. They therefore plan ar attack on all fronts against the Workers' and Peasants' Republi

Great Britain is leading the w having spent two million pounds espionage and the fomenting plots of war, but it will be a un front of all of the invading perialist powers who will against the champion of the w ing-class movement.

(To Be Continued.)

ARREST THOUSAND AT FRENCH ANTI-WAR MEET

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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A. F. OF L. ADMITS DEFEAT IN FIGHT ON FUR WORKERS

JAIL THOUSAND AT HUGE PARIS ANTI-WAR MEET

Red Demonstration in Spite of Police

PARIS, Aug. 5.—More than one thousand workers who had gathered at the Ivry, a suburb of Paris to demonstrate against the danger of a new imperialist war in defiance of a government edict forbidding all demonstrations held under the auspices of the French Communist Party were arrested today.

The little town of Ivry took on the appearance of a besieged town when three thousand Republican Guards, armed with rifles, machine guns and hand grenades, surrounded it and charged the demonstration one hundred and fifty young Red Guards who were selected to maintain discipline at the meeting were among those arrested. The Communist Deputy, and mayor of the suburb, Capdeville, was also arrested.

Vaillant-Couturier, Communist leader and one of the editors of L'Humanite, was arrested at a meeting at an anti-imperialist meeting last night when he urged workers to attend today's demonstration against war in spite of the police ban.

The threat of deportation hangs over the heads of foreign-born workers who participated in the demonstration against the imperialist war danger.

Defying the police, the Communists are planning to hold another huge demonstration tonight. Police and troops are being mobilized for the demonstration.

• • •

PARIS. Aug. 5.—Ninety-six Communists were arrested today in connection with a Red demonstration against militarism in the woods in the vicinity of Paris.

Before the demonstration the government announced that it would break up any meetings held by the Communist Party. The edict was issued by the Poincare government in its attempt to check the rapid growth of the French Communist Party.

The demonstration was held in connection with the anniversary of the World War to protest against the danger of a new imperialist war. Speakers stressed the necessity of fighting against the war danger, of mobilizing support for the Soviet Union and the struggling masses.

HAYWOOD ASHES PUT IN KREMLIN

Thousands Honor Dead at Funeral

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 5.—Following a solemn funeral ceremony, the ashes of William D. Haywood, American Communist leader, and Eugene Landler, leader of the Hungarian Communist Party, were placed in the wall of the Kremlin in the first workers' and peasants' republic.

All morning the urns containing the ashes stood exposed in the October Hall of the Labor Palace, where posts of honor, consisting of four comrades each from the American, Hungarian, German, British, French and other delegations stood guard.

The urns were carried to the Red Square, accompanied by American and Hungarian delegates to the World Congress of the Communist International.

With tens of thousands of Moscow workers attending, Semard opened the funeral ceremonies.

The masses were then addressed by Semard, of France, for the Communist International; by Alexander Losovsky, president of the Red International of Trade Unions, for the Central and Moscow Committees of the All-Union Communist Party; William W. Weinstone, for the Workers (Communist) Party; Bela Kun, for the Hungarian Communist Party; by Starchov, for the Communist Party of China, and by Carl[illegible] for the Negroes.

At the conclusion of the meeting the urns were walled into the Kremlin, accompanied by the strains of the Funeral March and the International.

New Bedford Strike Leaders Jailed

Eli Keller, organizer of the Textile Mills Committee and Elizabeth Donneley, children's organizer of the T. M. C. have been jailed by the police, the now open agents of the mill bosses. The picture shows two militant leaders. The arrest of the leaders has failed to dampen the courage of strikers who continue to defy police orders in picketing at several mills.

USSR WORKERS FIGHT AGAINST WAR DANGER

MOSCOW, August 5.—The anniversary of the outbreak of the world war was marked by workers' demonstrations thruout the Soviet Union at which were pointed out the preparations for a new war by the imperialist power and the desire of the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union for peace. All newspapers carried articles which pointed out the necessity for a struggle against war.

The editorial in the Moscow Izvestia pointed out that the capitalist nations were heavily armed and that the struggle for markets is no less accute than in the years preceding the war. The United States is declared to be the most powerful na-

Continued on Page Three

ALLIANCE SEEN IN NAVAL PACT

French and British Jingoes Hail It

PARIS, August 5.—The Franco-British naval pact, although still kept seceret, has aroused the Parisien capitalist press to hailing it as a further political and military bond between the two governments.

Enough has been related from official and semi-official sources to reassure the militarists and conservative opinion that technically nothing had been done to hinder the growth of the French navy and that unlimited development of the French land forces will not be interfered with.

That the conservative forces are frankly very pleased over the pact of mutual development is shown by editorials in "Le Temps" and the statement of a well-known conservative political writer who said: Haven't the Germans frequently said we were soldiers of England? The English have become to some extent our sailors. The interests of England and France are complementary."

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Hailed as War Agreement.

LONDON, August 5.—The British press comment on the naval pact between the English and French Governments, whether they be favorable or unfavorable, agree in their opinion that the pact represents a virtual alliance for the benefit of both powers.

It is pointed out in many papers that the new pact is analogous in many ways to the old alliance of 1906 which prepared the way for the landing of British troops on French soil if France were attacked.

The Manchester Guardian, a liberal paper, suggests that besides the actual pact itself certain agreements have been entered into between the two naval and military departments to provide for a pooling of the two navies in time of war. The conservative paper, The Saturday Review, looks with disfavor upon the freedom given the French military authorities to strengthen their land forces.

REFORMISTS IN CONFAB

BRUSSELS, Aug. 5 (UP.) The international socialist conference opened here today. Arthur Henderson, British labor party leader, in an address before the conference described the development of post-war socialism as "encouraging."

SOVIET AVIATOR TELLS HIS STORY

Babushkin Joked When Marooned in Arctic

MOSCOW, August 5.—A tale of brave men in the frozen wastes of the North, surrounded by hardships, continual storms and ice, and in spite of all comradely and good-spirited, was told by the Soviet flier Babushkin, who just arrived here from Archangel, where the ice-cutter Maligin has docked.

The hardy and stalwart Babushkin, who worked in a factory and as a member in the Red Army had fought in the civil war, recounted his story with real relish, his eyes tinkling with the spirit of adventure and a devilish humor. His listeners could not help but feel the unbreakable spirit of the man who related how he and his companions joked, while they were hemmed in by ice and marooned on ice packs.

Eat Bear.

He told how he made fifteen flights in spite of wind and storm and on every one of his flights he met with a storm that more than once forced him to land far from the mother ship. One storm forced him to fly only 160 feet above the ice and finally grew so fierce that he could do nothing but land and wait.

Our radio was broken and we sat there for three days, cut off from the world. Our provisions ran low so we killed a bear and cut out and ate the soft parts, being careful to throw the rest away so as to avoid attracting more with the smell of blood.

"The fourth day it cleared so we flew back but the Maligin had gone. Fruitlessly we explored the whole region but then we were forced to land to save our fuel. Fominikh,

Continued on Page Two

Norway Building Trades Wages Cut

OSLO, Norway, Aug. 5.—A wage reduction of 8 per cent has been forced upon the building trades workers. There were 26,000 unemployed in Norway at the end of July.

Fall River Meet Votes Unanimously for Strike Call

WILL WALK-OUT UNLESS COMPANY GIVES DEMANDS

Demonstration for the Jailed Leaders

(Special to the Daily Worker)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 5.—Following the announcement by the Fall River Textile Mills Committee that demands of workers would be sent to the American Printing Company and the Lincoln Manufacturing Company, both of this city, with the ultimatum: "Accept or we will strike," 3,000 textile workers massed here at one of their regular nightly meetings at Liberty Lot, unanimously passed a call to strike and elected a committee of one hundred to carry the letter and the strike vote to the mill bosses.

Simultaneously with the reading and acceptance of the letter Chief of Police Feeney and his officers appeared on the field and arrested the leaders of the Textile Mills Committee, in spite of protests from the meeting.

Mass Demonstration.

Resentment among the workers was almost indescribable as the whole meeting responded to the police violence and streaming from Liberty Lot poured down to the jail where they staged a mass demonstration in the streets, demanding the immediate release of their leaders.

Jim Reid, Sam Weisman, and William Soroka, all leaders of the Fall River Textile Mills Committee, were the men arrested. They are held on warrants charging them with disturbing the peace similar to the

Continued on Page Five

THOUSANDS AT ANTI-WAR MEET

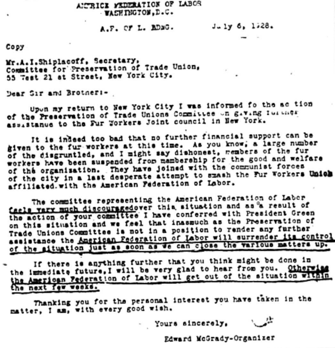
Gitlow Hits Powers; Flays Kellogg Plan

Over a thousand workers gathered on Union Square Saturday afternoon at 2 p. m. to participate in the demonstration against imperialist war on the fourteen anniversary of the beginning of the last world slaughter to "make the world safe for democracy."

Benjamin Gitlow, candidate for vice-president of the United States on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, stressed the significance of the preparations now in progress by every imperialist nation of the world for future warfare. Other speakers denounced the Kellogg Plan as a hypocritical gesture, stressing its failure to include the Soviet Union in the pact, and flayed the imperialist powers for having shrunk so squeamishly from Maxim Litvinoff's proposal at the Geneva conference for complete disarmament.

Other speakers included Ray Ragozin, Robert Minor, D. Benjamin, Rebecca Grecht, Manya Reiss, Anthony Bimba, and Jessie Taft of the Young Pioneers.

Copy of McGrady Letter Admitting Defeat



AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR
WASHINGTON, D.C.

A.F. OF L. BLDG. July 6, 1928.

Copy

Mr.A.I.Shiplacoff, Secretary,
Committee for Preservation of Trade Union,
55 West 21 st Street, New York City.

Dear Sir and Brother:-

Upon my return to New York City I was informed fo the ac tion of the Preservation of Trade Unions Committee on giving further assistance to the Fur Workers Joint council in New York.

It is indeed too bad that no further financial support can be given to the fur workers at this time. As you know, a large number of the disgruntled, and I might say dishonest, members of the fur workers have been suspended from membership for the good and welfare of the organization. They have joined with the communist forces of the city in a last desperate attempt to smash the Fur Workers Union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

The committee representing the American Federation of Labor feels very much discouragedover this situation and as a result of the action of your committee I have conferred with President Green on this situation and we feel that inasmuch as the Preservation of Trade Unions Committee is not in a position to render any further assistance the American Federation of Labor will surrender its control of the situation just as soon as we can close the various matters up.

If there is anything further that you think might be done in the immediate future, I will be very glad to hear from you. Otherwise the American Federation of Labor will get out of the situation within the next few weeks.

Thanking you for the personal interest you have taken in the matter, I am, with every good wish.

Yours sincerely,

Edward McGrady-Organizer

RELIEF VITAL TO WIN NEW BEDFORD STRIKE

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 5.—If the Workers International Relief had not furnished food to the 256 textile strikers arrested Monday afternoon when picketing the Whitman mill, they would have starved for two days while held in jail awaiting trial, it was learned today.

The arrival of the food sent by the Workers International Relief was greeted by cheers by the workers who were closely herded together in small cells. "Hurrah for the Workers International Relief!" was the slogan.

Taken into custody Monday afternoon the workers were refused any food by the prison officials who claim that those arrested late in the day are not entitled to food. When William Schwarzfeller, local relief director of the Workers International Relief was informed of the police ruling, he immediately rushed food to the prison: It consisted of 500 sandwiches, 100 doughnuts,

Continued on Page Five

WORKERS CHEER N. J. CONVENTION

Weisbord and Nearing Address Delegates

NEWARK, N. J., August 5.—The New Jersey State Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party for the purpose of ratifying the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party, opened here today at the Workers enter, 3 Mercer St., with delegates representing almost every big industry in the state present.

Scott Nearing, named candidate for Governor of New Jersey on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, and Albert Weisbord, candidate for the U. S. Senate, addressed the delegates present, stressing the fact that New Jersey is one of the open-shop states, controlled by the big corporations, and that the fight will have to be carried on with all the resources available to open the eyes of the workers slaving in the big factories to the necessity of organization and of voting the Workers (Communist) Party ticket.

Delegates present represented the Botany Mills, Passaic; Forstman and Hauffman, Garfield; Wright Aeronautic Co., Patterson; Tide Water Oil Co.; Bayonne. Singer Sewing Machine Co., Elizabeth; Standard Oil Company, Bayonne; the Du Pont Chemical Co., Arlington and many other of New Jersey's large open shop industries.

Great enthusiasm marked the proceedings at the meeting. Protracted cheering and the singing of the International greeted the speakers who struck the keynote of class struggle.

A complete report of the New Jersey convention of the Workers (Communist) Party will appear in tomorrow's issue of The Daily Worker.

LEAGUE BLESSES NANKING TERROR

Virtually Recognizes War Lords

GENEVA, Aug. 5.—The Nanking regime was recognized by the League of Nations as representing China today when it accepted the nomination of Sac-ke Alfred Sze, Nanking's minister to Washington as the delegate to the September meeting of the League Assembly.

The virtual recognition by the United States followed by the action of the League of Nations, is looked upon as marking the acceptance of the business men's government of Nanking as the "responsible representative" of China.

COMMUNISTS ANSWER CHALLENGE OF GREEN

Reply to Threat With Call to Workers to Throw Out All Labor Misleaders

That the members of the Workers (Communist) Party are active in the New Bedford textile strike, in the coal mining regions and industry in general, was frankly affirmed today in a statement issued by Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, in reply to a decision of the executive council of the A. F. of L., in session at Atlantic City, which declared for a new war of extermination against Communist influence in the trade unions.

The statement is as follows:

Communist Activities Expanding.

"The executive council of the American Federation of Labor, in session at Atlantic City, a summer resort patronized by bankers, business men and trade union bureaucrats, while marking time over the delicate problem whether to endorse Al Smith or Herbert Hoover, the two Wall Street candidates in the election campaign, broke the monotony of their wait by issuing a fresh declaration of war on the Communists.

"According to press reports of this threatened offensive, the high-salaried officials of the A. F. of L. discovered to their amazement that, despite several previous wars of extermination against the Communists, the latter are more active than ever and that their activities are expanding.

"Reports to William Green from trade union 'organizers' are reported to reveal that the Communists were actively engaged fighting on the side of the striking miners in Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Indiana and Illinois, with the striking textile workers in New Bedford—in fact, wherever the struggle between the exploited workers and the employers develops into an open clash.

Green Sees "Moscow."

"President Green is said to have in his possession copies of a call for a miners' national convention in Pittsburgh issued by the Communists and of a convention of railroad workers to be held in Chicago. He denounced these efforts to build militant fighting unions as a work of 'disruption,' and declared 'we shall deal with each situation as seems best, and we shall do everything possible to protect American wage-earners against the designs of Moscow, which are entirely revolutionary and which we thoroughly understand.'

"For the hundredth time the executive council of the A. F. of L. has declared that it would drive the Communists out of the trade unions.

Communists Organize Workers.

"The central executive committee of the Workers (Communist)

Continued on Page Three

TWO YEAR OLD UNION WRECKING DRIVE FAILS; LEFT-WING BOARD WINS

McGrady Letter to Shiplacoff Admits Workers Have Repudiated Right-Wing

Green Orders Abandonment of Terror Reign as Money Payments Give Out

Routed, beaten into final surrender, discouraged beyond all hope of continuing the fight of union wreckers in the American Federation of Labor has further, the right wing crew openly admitted its defeat in the Furriers' Union and is taking steps to liquidate all traces of the treacherous struggle which for nearly two years it has waged with bribery and corruption, by means of the black jack and the lead pipe, with the aid of police thugs and gangster squads, against the efforts of needle trades workers to maintain their unions.

Game Is Up.

"The American Federation of Labor will surrender its control of the situation just as soon as we can close the various maters up," Edward McGrady, A. F. of L. organizer and chief of the right wing wreckers, wrote in a letter to A. I. Shiplacoff, "socialist" job-holder and secretary of the so-called Committee to Preserve the Trade Unions.

A copy of the letter which has come into the possession of the left wing Furriers' Joint Union Board, and which has just been made public, was written to Shiplacoff by McGrady immediately as the latter upon a recent visit to the city was informed that no further funds would be forthcoming to the labor fakers. By this admission is revealed one of their reasons for having launched the drive on the workers in the needle trades.

Consternation!

The receipt of the letter by the little "socialist" job-holders putting a formal end to the game which in fact had long since been played out, caused a temporary flurry of consternation in the right wing camp. A hurried conference, it has been learned, was called for July 17 at which desperate efforts were made to raise funds to continue the attack. At the same time the word was passed to the police industrial squad to intensify its murderous assaults on the needle trades workers

Continued on Page Four

WAR LORDS SPLIT AT NANKING MEET

Fight On in China Over Spoils

SHANGHAI, Aug. 5.—As the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang is unable to muster a quorum and proceed with its sessions at Nanking reports received here indicate that General Yen Hsi-shon, governor of Shansi, is removing his troops from the Peking area and concentrating them in readiness for open warfare. Simultaneously, Marshal Feng Yu-hsiang, has left Nanking, and is reported to have refused to participate in the Kuomintang sessions.

The first indication that the opposing factions within the Nanking regime has come to an open breech was the sudden retirement of General Yen-Hsi-shon to his province of Shansi when he was expected to be on the way to Nanking. The removal of his troops from the Peking area, where he was left in charge by Chiang Kai-shek, and the report that he was concentrating them has led to the general belief that warfare may break out at any moment between the Kuomintang generals.

At the same time the withdrawal of Feng Yu-hsiang from Nanking, is considered here a confirmation of the report that he had allied himself with General Yen against Chiang Kai-shek and his faction.

In the meantime General Chiang Kai-shek, who just arrived in Shanghai, is believed to be attempting to induce the Canton group of the Kuomintang to participate in the plenary sessions and form a quorum.

That the disagreement between the Nanking regime and the Japanese government is growing sharper is indicated by reports from Tsingtao that the Japanese officials there had not permitted the Nanking representatives to fly the Kuomintang flag. At the same time the boycott exercised by Chinese merchants against Japanese goods is reported to be growing stronger.

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SHANGHAI, Aug. 5.—There is a rumor current among official circles in Shanghai that the German government is preparing to recognize the Nanking regime. The German minister is expected here from Peking.

FUR T.U.E.L. TO MEET TONIGHT

An important meeting of the Trade Union Educational League of the Furriers' Union will be held at 8 o'clock tonight at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

This meeting is open to non-members as well as members and is regarded as of the greatest importance as the management committee of the Joint Board will render a report on its activities and its plans for the future.

MORE JOBLESS

The use of electric trucks instead of hand trucks has resulted in a great decrease of employment among the longshoremen.

VESSEL FINDS POLISH FLIERS

Fascists are Sighted Off Coast

LISBON, Aug. 5.—The Polish trans-Atlantic plane "Marshall Pilsudski," piloted by Louis Idzidowski and Casimir Kubala in an attempt to succeed in a publicity stunt flight following in the footsteps of the ill-prepared Nobile "expedition," fell near Cape Finistere and was found by the Hamburg-American Line steamship Samos, and has been brought to the Portuguese port of Leitoes.

One of the fliers, Major Kubala, was seriously injured and was taken to the military hospital at Oporto.

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PARIS, Aug. 5.—The Polish aviators, Idzidowski and Kubala should have awaited more favorable weather before starting their flight to America, several French aviation officials said today.

They said that the flyers had been rushed by the Polish government, who had been planning the flight for some time, resulting in the fliers leaving before they had made adequate preparations for a cross-Atlantic flight.

Majors Leon Idzikowski and Casimir Kubala are fascists and now very active in the counter-revolutionary armies that invaded the Soviet Union after the revolution. They are known to be the instigators of progroms against the Jews in Poland and are involved in the notorious Danzig "corridor" incident.

Foster and Gitlow Will Start Country-Wide Election Campaign Tour in September

WORKERS ROUSED BY COMMUNIST ELECTION DRIVE

Red Candidates Start September 1

The most extensive and intensive Communist propaganda and organizational campaign ever undertaken by the Workers (Communist) Party will start September 1st, when William Z. Foster, candidate for president of the United States, and Benjamin Gitlow, candidate for vice-president, will begin a nation-wide tour that will take them from Massachusetts in the East to Oregon and California in the West, to Texas and Georgia in the South and from there back to New York, where they will finish the two-month trip on the eve of polling day.

The itinerary of the heads of the Communist ticket was made public yesterday by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party from election head-quarters at 43 East 125th Street.

Reports reaching campaign headquarters from all parts of the country indicate that the workers are extremely interested in the Communist campaign, the better informed of them growing daily more hostile to the democratic and republican parties and disappointed in the liberal hogwash of the socialist party preacher candidate, the Reverend Norman Thomas, who is appealing to the liberals and small business men and ignoring the class struggle of the workers and poor farmers.

For the first time since the organization of the Workers (Communist) Party, in 1921, Communist organizers are building the Party in every state in the union, taking advantage of the interest aroused among the masses by the election campaign to make new contacts and to explain the program and platform of the Party to the industrial and agricultural workers, to the poor farmers and the persecuted Negroes.

With the Party, already on the ballot in several states and thousands of Communists collecting the necessary number of signatures to place it on the ballot in at least thirty of the forty-eight states in the union, the Foster-Gitlow tour is sure to reach hundreds of thousands of workers who never heard the Communist message before.

As campaigners Foster and Gitlow have few equals. Both have years of agitational and organizational work behind them, and are accustomed to the hardships of protracted speaking tours.

The schedule of dates is as follows:

Monday, September 3, Philadelphia; Thursday, September 6, Monessen or Canonsburg; Friday, September 7, Pittsburgh; Sunday, September 9, Cleveland; Monday September 10, Youngstown; Tuesday, September 11, Bellaire; Wednesday, September 12, Toledo; Thursday, September 13, Grand Rapids; Friday, September 14, Gary; Saturday, September 15, Indianapolis; Sunday, September 16, St. Louis; Monday, September 17, Springfield; Wednesday, September 19, Duluth; Thursday, Sejtember 20, Iron Range; Saturday, September 22, Bismarck; Monday, September 24, Plentywood; Wednesday, September 26, Great Falls; Friday, September 28, Spokane; Sunday, September 30, Seattle; Monday October 1, Portland; Tuesday, October 2, Astoria; Thursday October 4, Oakland; Friday, October 5, San Francisco; Sunday, October 7, Los Angeles; Tuesday, October 9, San Diego; Wednesday, October 10, Phoenix; Thursday, October 11 Tucson; Saturday, October 13, San Antonio; Sunday, October 14, Houston; Tuesday, October 16, Fort Worth or Dallas; Wednesday, October 17, Oklahoma City; Thursday, October 18, Tulsa; Friday, October 19, Arma, Kans.; Sunday, October 21, Minneapolis; Monday, October 22, Omaha; Tuesday, October 23, Kansas City; Wednesday, October 24, Milwaukee; Friday, October 26, Chicago; Saturday, October 27, Pontiac, Mich.; Sunday, October 28, Detroit; Monday October 29, Reading; Tuesday, October 30, Philadelphia; Wednesday October 31, Boston; Thursday, November 1, Haverhill; Friday, November 2, Fall River; Sunday, November 4, New York; Monday November 5, Providence.

Other dates will be announced.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 5.—Dr. I. M. Rubinow, statistician, social worker and former socialist, has accepted an invitation to become executive director of the Zionist Organization of America and of the United Palestine Appeal.

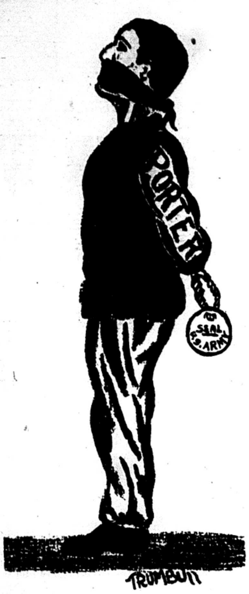
The office which Dr. Rubinow will fill has been newly created and is looked upon as an effort on the part of the Zionist organization to silence criticism such as nearly disrupted its last convention concerning gross mismanagement and financial juggling on the part of officials.

The former and socialist will have the close co-operation in his work of the notorious, labor-baiting Judge Otto Rosalsky, chairman of the United Palestine Appeal in New York.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential fighter in the coming battles of the workers.

FOR 2½ YEARS?

By W. M. Trumbull



PROFIT GRABBED BY GAS COMPANY

By H. BARUFKIN.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 5 (FP).—Two widows wept ceaselessly and children mourned for their fathers, killed through greed of the Philadelphia Gas Works Co.

The gas company, a trust which holds up the Philadelphia public to the tune of millions each year, sent out a gang of 50 men—working nine hours a day for $4.14—to dig a ditch for a fence around its huge plant at Passyunk Ave. The ground there is of soft clay. But no shoring or bracing was put up for workers' protection.

When the ditch was three feet deep, the seven-foot embankment towering over it began to slide. Within a few minutes it had completely buried two workers and imprisoned two others. Their comrades dug frantically with hands, shovels and buckets to free the trapped men. When uncovered one was dead, another died soon after reaching the hospital and two were treated for serious injuries. The two workers killed were Anthony Cinquino and Joseph Carrutto.

Both had been working for the gas company about three weeks. Carrutto, 34, had been employed at the McCain sugar refinery. But unable to support his family on three days work a week, he quit to look for another job. Cinquino, 40, had been working for the Atlantic Gas Refining Co. as a fireman four years. One Sunday he was caught washed up a few minutes before the whistle blew for quitting—and he was fired.

Neither left enough for funeral expenses. Carrutto left a widow and a child, eight years old. Cinquino is survived by his sickly, shrunken widow and five children ranging in age from two months to eight years.

200 ARE DYING OF DUST POISON

At least one hundred and possibly two hundred workers exposed to the hazards of rock-dust inhalation are slowly dying while the Tammany Board of Health, assisted by the obedient officials of the union to which the workers belong, are apparently seeking to hush the matter up until after election.

Investigation of the extent of sillicosis, a disease contracted by rock drillers, sand blasters, subway construction workers and workers similarly exposed, was first begun by the Tammany Board of Health. Thomas J. Curtis, head of the Tunnel and Subway Constructors' Union, at first complained of the danger to which nearly 7,000 workers are known to be exposed.

More recently, whether through pressure exercised by the Tammany machine or for other reasons, Curtis has quieted down and the Tammany department of health has announced that it would be at least January 1 before the report would be ready. The report originally was to have been made public August 1.

Attempts are being made to blame the workers, as usual, for the delay in the investigation by statements that they are reluctant to give out information about their illness. The reason given is that they fear to lose their jobs.

INSURANCE FIRM SHORT $3,500,000

ST. LOUIS, August 5.—Over three and one-half million in missing securities have been reported in an audit of the accounts of the International Life Insurance Company, it was revealed yesterday.

Insurance Commissioners have notified the company to account for the missing securities by next Friday at which time a meeting on legal procedure is scheduled.

The insurance company had $309.-115,719 of insurance in force on Jan. 1, 1928. It reported 160,000 policy holders and gave its assets as $43,186,431.

Attorney General Stratton Shartel of Missouri was notified of the shortage yesterday.

SOVIET AVIATOR TELLS HIS STORY

Continued from Page One

while trying to repair a wing fell into the water, the temperature of which was just about freezing. It was a great moment when at last we sighted the Maligin. Fominikh jumped up in the cabin and did a folk dance."

His story went on to tell of narrow escapes on melting ice, of polar bears that ran around like dogs, of days and nights in succession of flying in search for the missing Italia crew, followed by stretches of 24-hour sleep at a time.

To help pass the time on board the Maligin the sailors and fliers issued a weekly newspaper. Due to the lack of foreign news local talent supplied short stories, amusing incidents, cartoons and sketches. A regular workers' correspondence w instituted that even included letters from the polar bears complaining of the hunting. Mechanic Groshev was made the point of a joke. When flying with Babushkin he always insisted on leaving his heavy fur coat behind so as to enable the plane to carry more fuel.

When the Maligin heard that the Krassin had rescued the five Italia men marrooned on the ice near Foyn Island, it turned in search for the missing Amundsen group. Failing to find them near Spitzbergen, the ice-cutter could only return. Babushkin describes how they made their first landing for days as follows:

"The arrival in port and how we rushed for fresh tomatoes and fruits from the peddler women without even waiting to bargain I shall never forget. After that I slept for thirty hours straight getting up every fifteen minutes to drink milk.

"During the next few days we gratified another hunger—we had not seen a newspaper for the last eight weeks. I have never devoured so many Izvestias at one time before in my life. Then for the first time did we realise that the attention of the whole world was focused upon us."

PARTY ARRANGES OPEN-AIR MEETS THRUOUT N.Y. CITY

Speakers to Cover All Boroughs

The agitprop department of the Workers (Communist) Party has arranged for a series of open-air meetings this week that will cover all the boroughs in the city. Prominent speakers have been assigned to cover the various meetings. A list of the meetings and the speakers follows:

Tuesday, Aug. 7.

Grand St. Extension and Havemeyer, Brooklyn—In charge, P. Midolla; speakers, Yusem, P. Shapiro and A. Mershon.

Sutter and Williams, Brooklyn—In charge, Macklin; speakers, Padgug, G. Welsh, Ragozin and A. Popkin.

Longwood and Prospect Ave., Bronx—In charge, V. Cibulsky; speakers, Moore, Reiss, I. Cohen and Severino.

Wednesday, Aug. 8.

Second Ave. and Tenth St.—In charge, Gussakoff; speakers, Miller, Smith, and Epstein.

Union Square—In charge, Ross; speakers, Baum, Blake and Powers.

Wilkins and Intervale—In charge, Leroy; speakers, Grecht, Frishkoff and Jacobson.

Myrtle and Prince, Brooklyn—In charge, Rosemond; speakers, Wright, Schalk and Reiss.

Passaic—In charge, Staliar; speakers, Stanley, Sroka and Freiman.

Eagle Pencil Co. (Noon)—In charge, Garlin; speaker, Ballam.

Finnish Harlem—Cadkind, reporter.

Seventh Ave. and 137th St.—In charge, H. Williams; speakers, Taft, Padmore and Rosemond.

Thursday, Aug. 9.

Steinway and Jamaica, L. I.—In charge, Heder; speakers, Padgug, Schachtman and Suskin.

138th St. and St. Anne's Ave., Bronx—Nessin, Ed. Welsh, Pasternack and Smith.

Fortieth St. and Eighth Ave.—In charge, J. Cohen; speakers, Huiswood and Powers.

Allerton and Cruger—In charge, Primoff; speakers, Rose Wortis, Leibowitz, Frishkoff, Weich and D. Seltzer.

Twenty-fifth St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—In charge, Weitz; speakers, Bimba, Hendin, Shapiro, Moore and A. Green.

Loose Weils Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Crouch.

Friday, Aug. 10.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—In charge; Ross; speaker, John Sherman.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—In charge, Lefkowitz; speakers, Ben Lifshitz, Lipzin and L. Sobrin.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn—Baum, Maglicano, Harfeld, E. Koppel.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St.—In charge, Lyons; speakers, Moreau, Bentall, Edw. Welsh, Campbell and H. Schlachter.

Seventh St. and Ave. A—Taft, Lillienstein and Weitz.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Wright and Schalk.

Finnish Hall, 816 Union Hall St., Jamaica, L. I.—Rosemond, Padmore and LeRoy.

Saturday, Aug. 11.

First Ave. and 79th St.—In charge, Lustig; speakers, Padgug, Magliacano and Lloyed.

Thirteenth Ave. and 42nd St., Brooklyn—In charge, Schwartzberg; speakers, Napoli, Shapiro, Donaldson, Chalupski and M. Pizer.

West New York, N. J.—Marshall.

Poughkeepsie—Markoff.

116th St. and First Ave.—Schachtman and Cudkind (special meeting).

Perth Amboy—Powers.

Many School Children Suffer From Diseases

The bureau of physical welfare of the Cleveland Board of Education reports that examination of nearly 73,000 school children from the kindergarten and early school grades showed that at least 7 out of every 10 had physical defects.

Nearly one-sixth were suffering from malnutrition, 32,000 children had defective teeth, 7,000 had goiter, 1,600 had heart disease and 2,000 had defective hearing. Nearly 20,000 children of 14 to 18 years who applied for work permits showed, in general, a still larger percentage of defects Since many of the physical defects can be prevented or controlled the department of health education believes that the necessity for more health work in the schools is clearly demonstrated.

MEXICO CITY, August 2 (U.P.)—Jose Deleon Toral, assassinater of president-elect Obregon, was not alone involved in the crime, but had others back of him, according to a statement issued today by Government prosecutor Cerrea Nieto.

Nieto declared that he believed that Toral was a member of a terrorist organization which met frequently and talked over the possibility of assassinating leaders of the Government.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

Accused In Huge Baseball Swindle

William Pringle, alleged treasurer of the so-called Albany baseball pool is awaiting trial in connection with the swindle he is reported to have run. He is charged, however, not with giving the prizes in his pool to a "dummy" winner, but for "violating the federal anti-lottery laws." Hundreds of workers, chiefly young men and boys, have been taken in by this and similar frauds. Pringle is in the center of the above group.

DEATH TOLL OF MINERS GROWS

By B. K. GEBERT

The coal mining industry of this country is the slaughter house of the miners and mine workers. This is shown by the government statistics of the Bureau of Mines showing that during the first six months of 1928 accidents at coal mines caused the loss of 1,128 lives. The production of coal during this period was 271,-392,000 tons, showing a death rate of 4.16 per million tons as against 3.86 for the same six months of 1927, based on 1,225 fatalities and 317,526,000 tons of coal. The record for bituminous coal alone from from January to June, 1928, was 901 deaths and 234,289,000 tons, with a fatality rate of 3.85; while that for anthracite showed 227 deaths, 37,-103,000 tons and a death rate of 6.12. The same period for 1927 showed 947 deaths in bituminous mines, 276,629,000 tons and a death rate of 3.42; for anthracite the record was 287 fatalities, 40,897,000 tons and a fatality rate of 6.80. The industry as a whole had 1,225 deaths, with a production of 317,-526,000 tons and a death rate of 3.86 during the first half of 1927.

Killings Increasing.

During the month of June, 1928, 135 miners were killed in the mines. Thirty-two of this number were killed in the anthracite mines of Pennsylvania. The remaining 103 deaths occurred in bituminous mines in various states. The death rate per million tons of coal mined during the month was 3.27, based on a production of 41,264,000 tons of coal, as compared wth a death rate of 3.92 for June, 1927, based on 172 deaths and 43,884,000 tons of coal produced. The fatality rate for bituminous mines alone for June, 1928, was 2.86, with a production of 35,963,000 tons, and that for anthracite mines was 6.04 with a tonnage of 5,301,000, as compared with rates of 3.22 and 7.44, respectively, for June of last year, based on an output of 36,627,000 tons and 118 deaths, and 7,257,000 tons and 54 deaths.

Six Killed In Explosion.

One major disaster occurred during the month of June, 1928. This was an explosion at the open-shop mine at National, W. Va., on June 20, which caused the death of six men.

One hundred and thirty-five miners killed in June! One thousand one hundred and twenty-eight killed during the first six months of 1928! This is the price the miners are paying for the "privilege" of working in mines that are nothing else than death traps. Everyone knows that accidents in the mines can be reduced to a minimum, but this costs money, and the miners are free on hand. The bosses are more concerned about the mule for which they must pay at least $100. Miners by the hundreds around the mines are forced by starvation to work under these hazardous conditions.

Allies of Death.

The speed-up system, cutting down forces in great numbers, cutting down price on piece work, are the things that are helping to increase the number of deaths. The families of the dead miners are left in misery and starvation. On pay day in front of every mine one can see a line of widows with great numbers of children begging for pennies from the miners, and alongside of them are miners that have lost their legs, arms, eyes, hearing, etc.

Yes, this is the condition that is offered by the bloody coal operators who are responsible for this wholesale massacre of miners and suffering to those left behind.

The union bureaucrats will never put up a fight for safety measures in the mines, for such working conditions that will reduce accidents to a minimum. The government mine inspectors and the company fire bosses who are supposed to look after the safety measures in the mines are simply a joke. No one is concerned about the lives of the miners. Their lives are the cheapest. The miners themselves in every mine and local union must fight for their right to look after the safety measures in the mines, and force the companies to install safety devices for their protection in the mines.

According to telephone officials, operators' wages, which averaged $13.04 for each telephone in 1925, will drop to $6.40 in 1930 and 90 cents in 1936.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

YWL CELEBRATE SEPT. 9 TO 16

The National Committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League has decided that the fourteenth International Youth Day will be celebrated during the week of September 9—16. Extensive preparations have been made to make International Youth Week this year the greatest demonstration against capitalist war and militarism the league in America has ever held.

Meetings in Every City.

Every city in the country will hold indoor and outdoor meetings in protest to the militarization of the young workers and the present danger of war. The league recognizes that the danger of war is greater than ever before. The contradictions between the imperialist powers, the offensive against the Soviet Union and the imperialist attacks on the colonial peoples, are today laying the basis for a future war for Wall Street. The tremendous growth of armaments and the armed forces constitute a real menace to the young workers of this country.

Pacifists Betray Workers.

The socialists and pacifists are playing their usual role of betraying the workers and International Youth Week will show the young workers the role of these organizations and also the attempt to cover up the feverish military preparations by holding disarmament conferences such as the coming Kellogg peace conference in Paris.

Appeal to Servicemen.

An appeal to the soldiers and sailors will also be issued by the league. "Do not fight the wars of Wall Street!" "Fight for the workers against the bosses!" will be some of the demands of the league.

All sections of the league should immediately start preparing for the celebration of International Youth Day. Make I. Y. D., 1928, a living example of the struggle of the working youth against capitalist militarism and war.

11 MORE DEAD IN HEAT WAVE

Eleven persons died yesterday in New York City from the excessive heat, even though the torrid wave receded a bit from the peak it reached on Saturday. The storm that shook the suburbs on Saturday, inflicting heavy damage and causing several deaths, exerted a slightly cooling effect on the city temperature.

Yesterday brought showers to the suburbs again, but the heart of the Metropolitan district remained as hot as the day before.

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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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SHANGHAI TEA WORKERS JOIN CAFE STRIKE

Unions Support 3,500 Strikers

SHANGHAI, Aug. 5.—The 3,000 tea shop and cafe employes who have been on strike for some time were joined by 500 workers of the Japanese tea company here who went on strike to secure wage increases and the reduction of working hours.

The employers locked out the workers and requested the authorities to expel the strikers from the company houses.

Eight great trade unions including the postal, the tobacco and the printers' unions called a joint conference to organize relief for the strikers.

Accounts in both the Chinese and foreign press show that the strike situation is regarded with anxiety and is declared to be menacing.

Michigan University To Educate Czarist Girls Free of Charge

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Russian czarist girls, now grown women, who may claim to be "graduates" of Russian universities, are sought as beneficiaries of the Barbour scholarships at the University of Michigan, according to an announcement by the U. S. Bureau of Education.

"More than 70 women from oriental countries," says the bureau, "have already availed themselves of the Barbour scholarships which provide $800 per annum and university fees for attendance at the University of Michigan."

Inquiry at the bureau developed the fact that President C. C. Little of the University of Michigan had explained that the money had been provided by the late Levi Barbour, a regent of the university.

It was further developed that the graduates of Russian universities were probably to be women who had not been students in Russia since the revolution. They were to be girls of the old Russian empire.

Denver Workers Start Struggle Against Low Injury Compensation

DENVER, August 5.—Organized workers here have launched a campaign against the present state compensation law. At the same time statistics show that accidents while at work have increased by 8,539 since 1919.

The weekly compensation for injuries received at work at the present time is only $9.26. The workers here propose to increase this to $13.45 per week as compensation.

Accidents at work have increased from 11,258 in 1919 to 19,797 in 1926. Employers have made no attempt, in this period to install safety devices.

MEET PROTESTS CHINESE TERROR

From 200 to 300 Chinese workers gathered yesterday on the corners of Pell and Mott Sts. in spite of a boiling sun listening to speakers denounce imperialism in China yesterday afternoon at a meeting held under the auspices of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League.

Su Mei Chen, representing the Sun Yat Sen Club of New York, spoke on imperialism and war, stressing the fact that the first leads inevitably to the second, and that the conflict of all the imperialist nations now angling for a foothold in China will result in a war of the imperialist nations. Ying Hsren of the Chinese Workers' Peasants' Alliance explained Japanese imperialism in China, and Yung Ying Hsu, a member of the Students' Alliance spoke on American Imperialism in China.

Others who spoke were H. T. Tsieng, of the Workers' and Peasants' Alliance; Harry Wakes of the Seamens' Union; Seizo Ogino of the Japanese Workers' Association in America, and Harry Gannes acting secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League. Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the league was chairman.

This meeting, was only the first of a series that the league plans to hold.

Twenty-five dollars were collected from the Chinese workers at yesterday's meeting, all of which will be sent to aid the Chinese trade unions.

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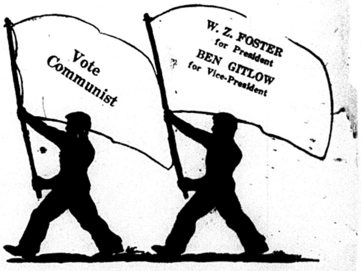

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Tens of Thousands of German Workers Mass at Huge Berlin Anti-War Meeting

TREASON COPIES OF VORWAERTS ARE HANDED OUT

Armament Peril Is Pointed Out

BERLIN, Aug. 5.—Tens of thousands of German workers, labor organizations, women's organizations and the Red Front Fighters yesterday participated in the huge demonstration against the coming imperialist war on the anniversary of the 1914 declaration of war. The masses filled the Lustgarten in front of the royal palace, where the German warlords arranged their part of the final act in the precipitation of the struggle between the imperial 14 years ago.

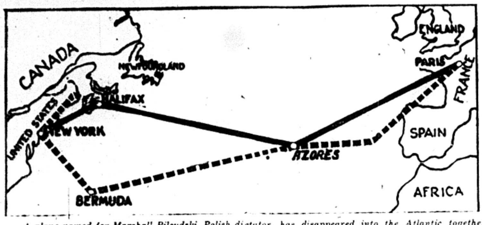
Around the vast set of workers' faces upturned to listen to the addresses, battalions of the Red Front Fighters formed a ring which the Berlin police and reserves did not feel inclined to attack.

Duplicate copies of the Vorwaerts, the German social democratic organ, containing headlines revealing their betrayal of the German workers during the early days of the war in 1914 were distributed to the masses.

Speakers urged upon the assembled workers and sympathizers the danger of a new imperialist war for which the capitalist governments of the world are feverishly preparing at the same time that they attempt to hide their armament race in peace pacts and pacifist sentiment.

The treacherous role of the social democrats and the pacifists in screening the armament preparations of the imperialists was also pointed out.

Lost Fascist Transatlantic Fliers and Their Probable Route



A plane named for Marshall Pilsudski, Polish dictator, has disappeared into the Atlantic together with the latest imperialist fliers to attempt the hop. Both fliers are members of the Polish fascist officers organization.

600 Athletes Expected to Enter Labor Sports Union Meet in N. Y.

Six hundred athletes, representing labor sports organizations throughout the United States, are expected to enter the second annual national track and field meet of the Labor Sports Union, to be held in New York City on Aug. 25-26. In 1927, the meet drew 250 labor athletes to Waukegan, Ill.

A special train will bear contestants from the middle-western states. The meet is open to all worker athletes affiliated with the American Athletic Union clubs as well as to all Labor Sports Union members.

$2.39 PER DAY

Farm workers in the United States receive $2.39 on an average per day, without board, for their work, according to the United States department of agriculture.

(Daily Worker Talks No. 3)

The Headless Wonder

"I Just Work Hard: I Let Al Do My Thinking for Me!"

In the country called You-Es-Ay which, as you know, is but a short distance from here, the most curious sort of custom has been established under which, conveniently enough, the millions of workers who toil there have been entirely relieved of the strenuous mental labors so taxing to the average worker.

There the bosses long ago hit upon the happy device of entrusting the thinking of the people to a small number, later to but one or two. Also, as differing and conflicting ideas are costly to produce, and somewhat dangerous to circulate, a plan was further worked out to standardize these ideas and to produce them on a large scale, on a cheap commodity basis, quite as tin cans or pork and beans are here manufactured.

AND, OF COURSE, THE SAME MEN WHO OBTAINED A MONOPOLY ON THE PRODUCTION OF TIN CANS AND OTHER COMMODITIES, NATURAALLY TOOK OVER THE TASK OF PRODUCING THE COMMODITY-IDEAS.

• • • • •

Gradually the heads of the workers in You-Es-Ay, Because of continued disuse, became smaller and smaller, until they disappeared entirely. Yet the workers themselves were the last to suspect this fact, for not having any heads, how could they use them to discover their deficiencies?

Their capacity to work was, however, in no way impaired. They were, in fact, made to work harder than before. Their arms, legs and bodies developed remarkable power and endurance.

THE WORKER BECAME A HEADLESS WONDER!

• • • • •

Above is a recent photograph of a headless worker in You-Es-Ay. Beneath is one of the dispensers of the order-made Commodity-Ideas. This particular hokum-shooter, whose name is Alski Smithovitch, is employed by one of the biggest bosses in You-Es-Ay, called Morganitski.

The readers of The DAILY WORKER know about the strange doings in the country called You-Es-Ay.

They have met the headless wonder—and they can expose the men paid to do the thinking for the workers.

A DAILY WORKER passed along to the workers in You-Es-Ay—

A Worker Correspondent from every shop, mill, mine or factory in that backward country—

HOW LONG WOULD IT BE BEFORE A NEW HEAD WOULD BEGIN TO SPROUT ON THE HEADLESS WONDER?

(Tomorrow: Be a Bolshevik!)

ONLY 73,200 FILIPINO WORKERS ORGANIZED

MANILA, Aug. 5.—There are 73,200 organized workers in the Philippines, according to the latest available figures, and they are members of 105 trade unions in three national federations. The total number of workers in the Philippines, which has a population of 12,000,000 is 2,857,000. Of these 2,500,000 are employed in agriculture, 50,000 in fisheries, 11,000 in forestry and lumber, 3,000 in mining, 118,000 in commerce and transportation trades, 12,000 are in government employ, and 113,000 in factories and workshops. The industries with the largest number of workers are the sugar and the tobacco industries with 15,000 and 14,000 workers, respectively. Among the wage earners are 619,000 women, of whom 607,000 are employed in agriculture.

The working hours are nine and a half in commerce and the transport trades, and eight hours in the mines and government jobs.

EXPLOSION AT DUPONT

ANTOFOGASTA, Chile, Aug. 3.—Five workers, including an American named Collins, were reported killed today in an explosion at a powder plant of the Dupont Company, 10 miles from Calama. Communication with Calama is interrupted and the complete casualties are not as yet known.

GITLOW REPLIES TO WM. GREEN

Takes Up Challenge of Labor Fakers

Continued from Page One

Party confirms the reports of the agents of William Green that the Communists are actively engaged helping the textile workers of New Bedford fight the wage-cutting offensive of the textile barons as they helped the coal miners defend their standards of living against the attacks of the coal barons headed by Andrew Mellon, with whom John L. Lewis, the wrecker of the United Mine Workers of America, is associated in the republican party.

"The Workers (Communist) Party considers it one of its main tasks to help organize the unorganized workers, who are left without help or guidance by the A. F. of L. bureaucrats, and to reorganize the existing unions that are being steadily weakened by the treachery of Green and his associates. The Communists in the trade unions are always to be found fighting with and for the workers for a better standard of living and in defense of better working conditions, while the ten and twelve-thousand-dollar-a-year labor leaders are hobnobbing with the bosses, in politics and business, and leaving the workers to the mercy of the employers.

New Miners' Union.

"The once-powerful United Mine Workers of America, of which President Green was formerly secretary-treasurer, is now destroyed and the rank and file under the leadership of progressive fighters are building a now miners' union that will carry on the fighting tradition of the men and women who risked and lost their lives to organize that mighty body of coal diggers which which was for decades the backbone of the American trade union movement.

"John L. Lewis, who drew $20,000 in salary and expenses in one year, while the striking soft coal miners and their dependents were living on a few cents a day, has effectively performed the job of destroying the U. M. W. of A. He is supporting the republican party in the elections—the party of Teapot Dome, A. B. Fall, Injunction Daugherty and Strikebreaker Coolidge. The rank and file of the miners are now determined to get rid of Lewis and his gang and organize under the leadership of men who believe that the way to win strikes is to fight and not to beg for favors from the capitalist politicians.

Communists Not at Atlantic City.

"While 28,000 textile workers are holding the line against a ten per cent wage-cut in New Bedford and hundreds of them, including Communists, are being clubbed, arrested and jailed, Green and his companions are enjoying the cool breezes at Atlantic City and from their comfortable hotel quarters inciting the police and militia of Massachusetts to a more vigorous strikebreaking policy.

"The central executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party believes that the time is ripe for the exploited and betrayed members of the American Federation of Labor to prepare the skids for William Green and his Wall Street lackeys on the executive councils and elsewhere. The declaration of war against the Communists will be met by the militant rank and file with a counter-offensive to clean the unions of the reactionary officials, who have nothing in common with the workers and are living in luxury on salaries and expense accounts that bankers might well envy.

Red Election Campaign.

"The Workers (Communist) Party in the election campaign will carry the Communist message into every state in the Union and will expose the corrupt leaders of the A. F. of L. as the tools of the employers in the trade unions and the agents of American imperialism, who are preparing to lead the masses into the next imperialist war as they led them into the last.

"Had the leaders of the American Federation of Labor shown as much energy in fighting against injunctions, against wage-cuts, against the open-shop drive, against company unions, and for the organization of the unorganized, they would not be regarded today by millions of American workers as a set of corrupt, lazy, money-grabbing fakers, who, while earning the reward of the employers in official positions and the emoluments that accompany those positions, have also earned the contempt of every thinking worker who is loyal to the class of which he is a member.

"William Green and his associates are meeting in Atlantic City with the primary purpose of bargaining with the republican and democratic parties for their influence over the trade union vote. It is not known to those corrupt labor leaders that presidential victories are on the side of the biggest money bags. They want their share of the swag. And since both parties are about equally flush, the trade union leaders are having a harder time than usual making up their minds which to support. But whether they support Smith or Hoover or throw down the bars and let each labor skate play a lone hand, their decision will not have much influence on the working-class vote. They cannot fool all the workers all the time.

For Worker-Farmer Government.

"The Workers (Communist) Party calls on American labor to support its candidates, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, on the national ticket and to organize around its program, which declares that the capitalist system must be abolished and a Workers' and Farmers' government substituted for the capitalist governmental apparatus that functions solely in the interests of Wall Street."

The statement is signed by Benjamin Gitlow, acting secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

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5,000 WORKERS SARIKE IN BIG BELGIAN TOWN

Figures for June Are Largest of Year

BRUSSELS, Belgium, August 5.—Five thousand workers at the plant of the Fabrique Nationale company at Liege yesterday walked out on strike against what their leaders declare are unfair clauses in the mutual insurance plan imposed upon them by the owners of the corporation, a report from that city states.

Altho the leaders have issued the statement announcing the insurance clauses as the causes of the strike it is widely known here that the whole insurance scheme, mulcting the workers of a regular portion of their sleneder wages, has caused intense resentment among the men, and the probability of a strike at this concern has loomed since the discussion began on the plan.

The whole city is reported to be taking a vital interest in events at the Fabrique Nationale. Liege is the largest industrial town in Belgium, in the heart of the iron and coal district. It rivals Namur as an armament production center. Owing to its significance the industrial region and its proximity to the German Dutch frontiers, the Belgian government is always prepared to take extraordinary measures in handling strikes in Liege.

POLICE ARREST 2 HAT WORKERS

Co-operating with the right wing bureaucrats in an effort to prevent the rank and file millinery workers from building a union of their own, police on Thursday arrested two millinery workers, Ida Shorr and Diano Lenken, for distributing leaflets.

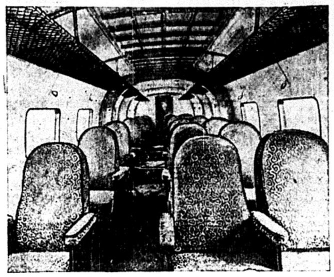
The leaflets, issued by the Trade Union Educational League, protested against the union-smashing tactics of the right wing. They were being distributed between 36th and 38th Sts., on Sixth Ave., when Policeman Michael McCarty arrested the two workers.

The defendants appeared Friday morning in the Second Magistrates Court before Magistrate Abraham Rosenblut who postponed the case until next Wednesday, the two workers being released in $500 bail each. They are being defended by Jacques Buitenkant, representing the New York Section of the International Labor Defense.

52.5-HOUR WEEK

Among 144,762 auto workers in 8 states average full-time weekly hours are 52.5.

Officers' Box Seats in Coming Slaughter



The picture shows the interior of the new German flying boat, Farman, which will make regular trips between Berlin and Paris. Such planes can be quickly changed from commercial to military planes.

30 GUARDSMEN FELLED BY HEAT

Lined Up in Hot Sun; Officers Fan Selves

ERIE, Pa., Aug. 5.—Thirty members of Company E, 112th regiment of the Pennsylvania National Guard, fell in a dead faint yesterday while lined up in the blazing sun in front of the city hall here as officers and officials of this city and county, carrying fans and attired in comfortable suits, reviewed them.

The condition of some of the guardsmen is serious, and one is not expected to recover. Almost every other guardsman of the company was ill today.

120,000 Farmers are Homeless After Flood in Mississippi Valley

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5. — According to figures recently compiled here, the Mississippi Valley floods of this year have made 120,000 people homeless and have inundated hundreds of counties.

The details were given by Robert E. Bondy, manager of the eastern area, who returned today from an inspection tour through the valley.

The economic losses of the farmers in the regions where the flood took place have been unusually heavy. Although there has been no loss of life, on account of the slow rising of the water, which enabled the farmers and their families to reach safety, many of the poor farmers have had their homes and what other little possessions they had completely wiped out.

ANTI-WAR MEETS HELD IN U. S. S. R.

Tchitcherin Comments On Kellogg Pact

Continued from Page One

tion, and due to overproduction, is in competition for markets with all the western nations. The United States, the editorial says, holds an enmity towards the Soviet Union.

The Izvetia, pointing out that the Kellogg anti-war pact allows the imperialist nations certain spheres in which to carry on war unmolested, points to the Lithuanian-Polish conflict as a possible cause for war. The editorial says:

"There can be no doubt that the aggressive speeches of the Polish militarists are an expression of the mood reigning in the governing centres of the great powers."

The very nature of the Soviet Union, which is not an imperialist power, and the need for economic development within its own borders, the Izvsetia declares, "is objective evidence of the sincerity of the Soviet peace policy for those who are not convinced by the practical manifestation of this policy."

The Izvestia also points out that four-fifths of the soldiers in the last war were workers and farmers and for this reason the reports of new destructive inventions can not frighten the Soviet Union. "All these deadly weapons are directed by man, and he, as we have seen, is in the main our own proletarian," it says.

• • •

MOSCOW, August 5.—M. Tchitcherin, Peoples' ommissar for Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Union, declared that the Kellogg pact is an instrument against the Soviet Union unless the latter is invited.

"It is not yet too late," he said. "The compact has not yet been signed, though its initiators have already finished their parleys. They still have the full possibility of dealing with the Union of Socialist Soviet Aepublics if they really desire to make the compact something besides an instrument against Russia. Their willingness or unwillingness to discuss it with the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics will establish what exactly is their aim — peace or preparation for war.

Declaring that the Soviet Union would not join in the parleys until it received all documents and data relative to the compact, Tchitcherin continued,

"Our Government is ready to participate in parleys the result of which depends on their substance But we consider that the possibility of our signing the Kellogg compac is not excluded."

SOVIET EOPORTS SHOW INCREASE REPORT SAYS

Fight Insurance Plan In Liege

According to cable reports received today by the Amtorg Trading Corporation, Soviet exports for June across European frontiers, amounting to 59,000 rubbles, were the largest this year and represented an increase of 19 per cent over May and 40 per cent over June last year. Imports totaled 72,500,000 rubles for the month, also the largest this year with the exception of the month of May. Small seasonal declines in the output for June of products of mining and manufacture were recorded. However, most of the principal Soviet industries showed substantial increases over the production for June 1927.

Coal production at 2,602,100 metric tons showed an increase of 9.5 per cent over last year. The petroleum output, totaling 1,008,400 tons, gained 21 per cent over June 1927. The output of steel which amounted to 336,200 tons was 16 per cent greater than in the same month last year while the output of pig iron at 272,000 tons showed a gain of 8.5 per cent. The production of cotton cloth amounted to 191,700,000 meters, slightly exceeding the June 1927 output. On the basis of the output for the first nine months of the year the Sovuzzoloto Gold Trust estimates gold production for 1927-28 at 37,000 kg. for 1926-27.

Grain procurements for June registered a 30 per cent gain o May, the procurements of 353,90 tons being also 27 per cent great than for June last year. Loading increased from 28,700 cars in Ma to 30,800 cars in June, a gain of per cent. The wholesale price dex for June was 17.7 (1913-10 as compared with 171.5 in May a 174.1 in June, 1927.

THE DIARY OF A COMMUNIST SCHOOLBOY

N. OGNYOV

What does a boy of twelve think about in the land where workers rule?

This simple diary of a schoolboy in Soviet Russia has puzzled many a wise bourgeois critic. New standards, new ideas, a new life—richer and more creative. Such things seem at first unlikely and fantastic to a dusty brain.

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Is Phillip Randolph Trying to Fool Pulman Porters, Correspondent Wants to Know

HANDOUTS

Gems of Learning

Herb Hoover: "Every Californian crosses the state line with gratitude that God made him this same state. I return this time with a deep sense of responsibility..." To whom? Wall Street. This sort of Bologna sells well in California.

Chairman Work of the G. O. P.: "We have good candidates and don't need to spend so much." The $4,000,000 admitted is regarded as small. It is compared with what will really be spent.

Judge Hatfield, of Washington: "'Nice people' sometimes become intoxicated, and when the do, some indulge in conduct unbecoming their status in society." Nice people have nothing to fear if they're nice to judges.

Deputy Commissioner William E. [illegible]Connor of Chicago: "We stand ready and willing to carry out the orders of the new police commissioner. If he wants Capone, we'll get him." Capone has enough money and brains to fix things with the new commissioner.

F. M. Sackett, republican senator, Kentucky: "All American exporters are looking for Hoover because they believe it will be the best thing for American export trade." Many a big business man expects Herb to help him out.

William Allen White, noisy editor from Kansas: "Let no one ever say that the New York press is biased, is controlled against the free expression of any creed, or is unreliable in publishing the news. My experience proves the contrary." He hasn't been on the picket lines [illegible]ly.

George H. Moses, senator, eastern regional director of the republican party: "You can be sure that Mr. [illegible]skob, isn't going to have all the business vote for his candidate. Indeed, far from it." Far from it.

William J. Leonard, foreman of the July federal grand jury in Brooklyn: "Evidence brought to us tended to show that not only democratic politicians, but also republicans were involved in the Queens graft. There seemed to be a sort of 'gentlemen's agreement' between them to share in the boodle." Naturally.

• • •

Guess This One

Overexertion to make a living is the common lot of workers. Overexertion to make a record is the habit of sportsmen who thereby win a few pennies to support a family by endorsing some cigarette they never smoked. Above is Mrs. Myrtle Huddleston, holder of the world's endurance record for indoor pools attempting to break the record for outdoor pools. Her trainer is shown holding the umbrella over her so she won't get wet and catch a cold.

—M. C. H.

10 NOW DEAD

ST. CATHERINES, Ont., Aug. 3, (UP). — The death toll in the new Welland Canal disaster at Thorold, Wednesday, mounted to 10 today when Alex Wilson, 34, address unknown, and Leo Bron, 32, Sherbrooke, Que., died in a hospital here. The remainder of the injured were reported recovering.

MEN WERE READY FOR STRIKE HE ADMITS AT MEET

Fails to Explain Why He Called It Off

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Last week I attended a meeting called by the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters at the St. James Presbyterian Church. The meeting was called for the purpose of getting support for the Pullman porters who are fighting against the open-shop company. We all want a strike to defeat the company and that is why we attend the meetings, but not just to hear our organizers tell us that they will get strength just by joining the A. F. of L.

A minister by the name of Rev. Ives, spoke and then a man by the name of Walter White of the N. A. C. P. Then we heard from our general organizer, A Phillip Randolph, who again put a lot of weight on a "campaign to educate and enlighten the public." From what he said in his smooth way, it is hard to tell whether he meant we are to educate the public to strike for us.

Old stuff.

No, I guess he meant the same old stuff: Don't fight, go slow, let the boss step on you. When our leaders get that old "higher education" bunk, its good-bye fight, which is the only way you can win.

Then Randolph told us that 85 per cent. of the porters were ready to go out the last time a strike was to be called. Well, if that is true what kind of leader was he not to have acted according to the sentiment of the men.

At that time Green, president of the A. F. of L., said it was no time a strike, and we know that privately Randolph said to some people that he did not think the men would respond to the call for a walkout. Even at the meeting he admitted that he was astonished at the spirit of the men! Can you beat it? That's a leader for you, no confidence in his soldiers and now he says that 85 per cent. would have come out.

Stop Manouvering.

The question I want to ask is: Is Randolph still speaking just for publicity and is he trying to fool the company or the porters? Well, he can't fool either of them. So he better make up his mind to lead a fight or get out and let somebody else lead.

Then we heard from a man called Richard B. Moore, who spoke on behalf of the Harlem Tenants' League, and said: "We pledge the support of our organization to the porters in a militant struggle." That sounded different and so we listened. He said: "Mr. Green did not organize the porters. These leaders have suppressed the spirit of the workers and betrayed them." He said we must not now submit to the dictation of any one who advised no strike. Then he warned the porters against the prejudiced labor leaders who have kept the Negro workers segregated just as the bosses have done. "When you go into the A. F. of L. you must not fall under the influence of these narrow craft monopolists," was the way he put it. Well, that sounded different and we applauded. I believe we should fight and not go in for this fake "enlightenment of the public" bunk, which is all it is.

—O. B. N.

Best Part Was USSR,

It's a bad day for capitalist newspaper editors who try to paint the U. S. S. R. as inhospitable and uncivilized. No sooner had the Krassin picked up and sent home the Blackshirt boys who had run away than John Henry Mear and Captain Coloyer (above) reach New York after a record trip around the world and blurt right out in the papers that they had their best time in the U. S. S. R. F. L. Curtis describing the trip in the New York Sun says:"

"The most interesting part of the journey. . . was the flight over Siberia. They were the first Americans ever to make this trip in a plane and the Russians whom they encountered made much of them. Everywhere they stopped they were greeted by official reception committees and dined in state. They were not permitted to spend any money while in Russian territory and their Communist hosts were uniformly friendly even where none of the natives spoke a word of English, which happened several times.

$100,000

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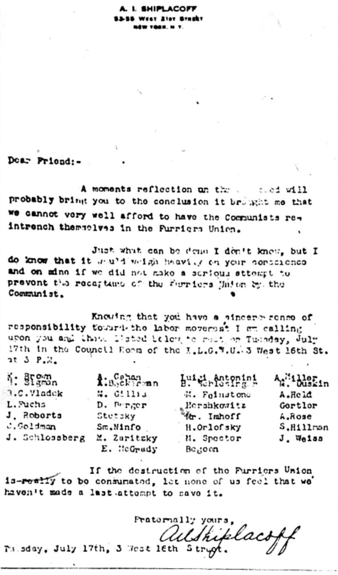
Shiplacoff's Frantic Appeal to Union Wreckers



A. I. SHIPLACOFF
53-55 West 21st Street
NEW YORK, N. Y.

Dear Friend:-

A moments reflection on the enclosed will probably bring you to the conclusion it brought me that we cannot very well afford to have the Communists reintrench themselves in the Furriers Union.

Just what can be done I don't know, but I do know that it would weigh heavily on your conscience and on mine if we did not make a serious attempt to prevent the recapture of the Furriers Union by the Communist.

Knowing that you have a sincere sense of responsibility toward the labor movement I am calling upon you and those listed below to meet on Tuesday, July 17th in the Council Room of the I.L.G.W.U. 3 West 16th St. at 3 P.M.

M. Brown
M. Sigman
B.C.Vladek
L.Fuchs
J. Roberts
C.Goldman
J. Schlossberg
A. Cahan
A.Beckerman
M. Gillis
D. Berger
Stetsky
Sm.Ninfo
M. Zaritsky
E. McGrady
Luigi Antonini
B. Schlesinger
M. Feinstone
Hershkowitz
Mr. Imhoff
H.Orlofsky
M. Spector
Begoon
A.Miller
M. Guskin
A.Held
Gertler
A.Rose
S.Hillman
J. Weiss

If the destruction of the Furriers Union is ~~really~~ to be consumated, let none of us feel that we haven't made a last attempt to save it.

Fraternally yours,
A I Shiplacoff

Tuesday, July 17th, 3 West 16th Street.

A.F.L. ADMITS DEFEAT IN FUR UNION WAR

Continued from Page One

in the frantic hope that "something might happen."

The appeal to the right wing labor fakers for a last desperate stand against the rank and file was written by the same "socialist" Shiplacoff. Enclosing the letter of McGrady with its farewell swansong from both himself and Green, Shiplacoff, president of the pocket workers' union wrote pitiously:

"Our Conscience."

"Just what can be done I don't know, but I do know that it would weigh heavily on your conscience and on mine if we did not make a serious attempt to prevent the recapture of the Furriers' Union by the Communists."

The letter in which McGrady sent the final notification of the A. F. of L. defeat in the struggle against the rank and file in the needle trades, co-incides with the recent declaration by the Federation executive council that the left wing and the Communists have increased their influence in the American Labor movement. That declaration also contained a feeble announcement that the A. F. of L. officialdom would begin another war against the Communists. How accurate this statement was intended to be may be judged from the position in which these officials, by their own admission now find themselves.

McGrady's letter to Shiplacoff follows:

"AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR
"WASHINGTON, D. C.
"A. F. of L. Bldg.
"July 6, 1928.

"Mr. A. I. Shiplacoff, Secretary,
"Committee for Preservation of Trade Unions,
"55 West 21st St., New York City.

"Dear Sir and Brother:

No More Money.

"Upon my return to New York City I was informed of the action of the Preservation of Trade Unions Committee on giving further assistance to the Fur Workers Joint Council in New York.

"It is indeed too bad that no further financial support can be given to the fur workers at this time. As you know, a large number of the disgruntled, and I might say dishonest, members of the fur workers have been suspended from membership for the good and welfare of the organization. They have joined with the Communist forces of the city in a last desperate attempt to smash the Fur Workers Union affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

"Very Discouraged."

"The committee representing the American Federation of Labor feels very much discouraged over this situation, and as a result of the action of your committee, I have conferred with President Green on this situation and we feel that inasmuch as the Preservation of Trade Unions Committee is not in a position to render any further assistance, the American Federation of Labor will surrender its control of the situation just as soon as we can close the various matters up.

"If there is anything further that you think might be done in the immediate future, I will be very glad to hear from you. Otherwise the American Federation of Labor will get out of the situation within the next few weeks.

"Thankin you for the personal interest you have taken in the matter, I am, with every good wish,

'Yours sincerely,
(Sikned) "EDWARD McGRADY,
Organizer.

Immediately upon receipt of the McGrady letter, Shiplacoff sent a hurried call for help to chief representatives of the right wing crew of union wreckers. The letter follows:

"July 11, 1928.

"Dear Friend:

"A moment's reflection on the enclosed will probably bring you to the conclusion it brought me that we cannot very well afford to have the Communists reintrench themselves in the Furriers' Union.

No Hope.

"Just what can be done I don't know, but I do know that it would weigh heavily on your conscience and on mine if we did not make a serious attempt to prevent the recapture of the Furriers' Union by the Communists.

"Knowing that you have a sincere sense of responsibility toward the labor movement, I am calling upon you and those listed below to meet on Tuesday, July 17, in the Council Room of the I. L. G. W. U., 3 W. 16th St., at 3 p. m.

"M. Brown, M. Sigman, B. C. Vladek, L. Fuchs, J. Roberts, C. Goldman, J. Schlossberg, A. Cahan, A. Beckerman, M. Gillis, D. Berger, Stetsky, Sm. Ninfo, M. Zaritsky, E. McGrady, Luigi Antonini, B. Schlesinger, M. Feinstone, Herhkowitz, r. Imhoff, H. Orlofsky, M. Spector, Begoon, A. Miller, M. Guskin, A. Held, Gertler, A. Rose, S. Hillman, J. Weiss.

"If the destruction of the Furriers' Union is really to be consummated, let none of us feel that we haven't made a last attempt to save it.

"Fraternally yours,
(Signed) "A. I. SHIPLACOFF.
"Tuesday, July 17th, 3 West 16th Street."

Beginning of End.

The two letters reproduced above mark the beginning of the end for the right wing fakers. Gangsterism terrorization, open aid of the bosses, thousands of dollars received from the Committee for the Preservation of Trade Unions, from the yellow "socialist" Jewish Daily Forward and from other sources, have been powerless to compel the workers to desert their leaders and to abandon the struggle. The letters vindicate the belief of rank and filers that it is now only a matter of time before all the right-wing wreckers will be sent scurrying back to their holes and the task of rebuilding the shattered Furriers' Union will be pushed on a larger scale by the membership.

ADJUST FRONTIER DISPUTE.

The dispute between Brazil and Venezuela about the boundary delimitations in the north of Brazil has finally been settled after more than 40 years of negotiations. The foreign ministers of the two countries have signed a protocol finally settling the frontier.

ROD MEN ORGANIZE

Detroit, Aug. 5.—Steel rod workers in building construction have organized into a union here. The International Union of Structural Iron Workers have chartered them into their organization.

CUBAN REIGN OF TERROR GROWING UNDER MACHADO

Deportations, Jailings Follow Fake "Plot"

The story of a plot to kill President Machado of Cuba, and to establish there a "reign of anarchy and Communism," as reported by the Cuban bourgeois press, had its sequel, not in the execution of the "criminal," called variously, Miguel Gonzalez or Severino Rey or Domingo Germinal Gonzalez, as was announced, but in the simple deportation from the Cuban territory.

Dispatches from Cuba to New York reported that Germinal Gonzalez had "confessed" his intention to kill Machado "for the cause and for his class." He was described as the leader of the "anarcho-Communist" movement of Cuba and the former editor of "Tierra," the anarchist weekly of the Havana I. W. W., and the "Accion Directa," an anarcho-syndicalist weekly, both long ago suppressed.

Gonzalez hed been deported once before from Cuba as a "Spaniard," because his parents were born in Spain.

Immediately after his arrest, which took place in Santiago de Cuba, the chief of police of that city was congratulated for his important service, "because the intentions of the anarchists were, after the assassination of the president of the republic, to start a Communist revolution, which would have caused an American intervention in our territory.

In spite of this plat, a few days later Gonzalez was merely deported. But a number of other arrested men, whose names were not given to the press, are still in jail.

Santiago de Cuba is the main support of General Mandiete, the leader of the "Partifi Nacionalista," the only party which opposed the unanimous nomination of Machado for the next presidential term.

Supporters of Mandiete were arrested. Among the supporters of Mandiete are some of the yellow labor organizations.

More arrests were reported when in the public parks and on walls unsigned posters were found attacking Machado and opposing his re-election.

Layoff Affects 6,000 Philadelphia Workers

PHILADELPPIA, Pa., Aug. 5.—Two thousand workers employed at the Atlantic Gas Refining Company in Philadelphia have been laid off, and an additional four thousand put on part time.

Workers who formerly earned $45 a week have been switched to boilermakers' jobs at 65 cents an hour.

LOCOMOTIVE PRODUCTION LOWER

WASHINGTON, August 5.—July shipments of railroad locomotives, from principal manufacturing plants, based on reports received by the Department of Commerce, totaled 46 locomotives, as compared with 51 in June and 60 in July, 1927. The following table gives the shipments and unfilled orders of locomotives for each month since January, 1927.

SCHOCK KILLS LINEMAN

HUNTINGDON, Pa., August 5.—Lee Wicke, 30 lineman, of the Huntingdon Electric Company, was instantly killed here when he came in contact with a high tension wire while working on a pole. He was knocked from the pole when he received the shock. Wicke leaves a widow and a child behind him.

'Elmer Gantry', 'Vanities' To Have First Showing

THE new theatrical season will get on its way with full force this evening. No less than three openings are scheduled for tonight. They include "Vanities," "Guns" and "Elmer Gantry."

"Elmer Gantry" which opens tonight at the Playhouse, is a dramatization of the Sinclair Lewis novel by Patrick Kearney who did the same to Dreiser's "American Tragedy." Edward Pawley will play the title role. Other players include: Martin Burton, Helen Twelvetrees, Charles Henderson, Donald Campbell and Messinger Bellis.

ETHEL NORRIS.

In "Rain or Shine," the Joe Cook show at the George M. Cohan Theatre, which just celebrated its 200th performance.

The third play of this evening is "Guns" by Jamase Hagan, opening at Wallack's Theatre. The cast is headed by Suzanne Bennet, Marion Haslup, Hugh Thompson and Bessie Le Roy.

Rehearsals for Schwab and Mandel's musical play, "The New Moon," will begin today under the direction of the authors and composers, Frank Mandel, Oscar Hammorstein and Sigmund Romberg.

Horace Liveright has engaged Richard "Skeets" Gallagher to play the part of Ascanio, Cellini's apprentice in the forthcoming production of "The Dagger and The Rose," which is the musical version of "The Firebrand." Another player engaged is Josephine Whittell, last seen here in "No, No Nanette." Willy Pogany is designing the production.

Earl Carroll's "Vanities," which is usually ushered in at this time of year, will open at the Earl Carroll Theatre with W. C. Fields as the star. Ray Dooley, Joe Frisco, Gordon Dooley, Martha Morton and Vincent Lopez and his orchestra are other features of the revue.

W. C. Fields

A DAILY WORKER correspondent is the real spokesman and leader of the workers in his

War Danger

By OLGA GOLD

(Continued.)

The danger of a new imperialist war does not necessarily express itself only in building bigger navies, and armies, and preparing war ammunition, but works together with the pressure upon the workers, the bourgeoisie offensive expressed in reduction of wages, growing unemployment, destruction of the labor movement, denying the workers the right to organize, getting out injunctions against picketers, sending its militia to crush the workers during strikes, as when using its troops against the fighting miners and preventing the textile strikers of New Bedford from picketing. All this accompanies and is part and parcel of the acute war danger. For the more servile and helpless the workingclass is, the easier will it be for American imperialism to wage war.

Our memories are still fresh from the last great massacre of peoples. Twenty million people mostly of the working class laid down their lives in the last great world war. The cry of the capitalists was "War to End War." "To Make the World Safe for Democracy." In reality, like all capitalist wars, it was a war to make the world safe for imperialism. Wars are made to protest the profits and increase the power of the capitalists to further exploit and subject the workers.

The Workers (Communist) Party is coming out daily with revolutionary warning to the toiling masses of the danger of the coming world war. It makes clear to the workers that the wholesale slaughter and bloodshed is the outcome of a capitalist system, that war is inevitable under the profit system, that only with the defense of the Soviet Union and with the transformation of a capitalist war between imperialist powers into a civil war, the workers to take possession of the political power and of the wealth, the workers to control the state industries as in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, only in this way will there be an end to the horrible, wanton slaughter and destruction of millions of lives.

The Workers (Communist) Party calls upon all workers to organize their forces, to rally to the banner of the American Communist Party under the leadership of the Comintern, the only party which champions the campaign to defeat the Wall Street war and to defend the Soviet Union, the first workers and peasants government of the world.

MANY CITIES TO HEAR WEISBORD IN TEXTILE DRIVE

Tour Will Prepare for National Meet

Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mills Committee, will leave shortly on a tour of various cities as part of the organization campaign that the committee is conducting in preparation for the national textile convention in New York City September 22-23.

August 13, Manchester, N. H.; August, 14, Lowell, Mass.; August 15, Lawrence, Mass.; August 16, New Bedford and Fall River; August 17, Salem; August 18, Waltham (Boston); August 19th, New Bedford; August 20, Taunton; August 21, Adams; August 22, Chicopse Falls; August 23, New Bedford and Fall River; August 24, Shelton, Conn.; August 25, Bridgeport, Conn.; August 26, Willimantic, Conn.; August 27, Woonsocket, R. I.; August 28, Olneyville, R. I.; August 29, Pawtucket, R. I.; August 30, New Bedford and Fall River.

Till Monday, September 3, Weisbord will be in Fall River, New Bedford, Boston and vicinity. If possible the cities of Maynard, Fitchburg, Concord, New London and other points in Connecticut may be included, replacing other cities. He will then continue his tour as follows:

Sept. 3, Corona, L. I.; Sept. 4, Astoria, L. I.; Sept. 5, West New York, N. J.; Sept. 6, New York City; Sept. 7, Paterson, N. J.; Sept. 8, Chester, Pa.; Sept. 9, Kensington, Pa.; Sept. 10, Easton, Pa.; Sept. 11, Allentown, Pa.; Sept. 12, Anthracite.

If possible the cities of Brooklyn, Queens, Phillipsburg, Bethlehem, Shamokin, Reading, Trenton, Wilmington and other points in the anthracite regions may be included, replacing other cities.

Following the week of the 10th of September, a few days will be allotted for Utica, Amsterdam, Little Falls, Herkimer, and other cities of textile importance in Upper New York State.

Two new Tom Barry plays have been acquired by Lew Cantor for early production. The first to be presented is "Courage," with Janet Beecher, Dulcie Cooper, Junior Durkin and Gertrude Gilmore in the cast. "Danger," the second Barry play a mystery melodrama, will be soon after.

Another play mentioned by Cantor showing on Broadway is "The End of the Rope" a melodrama by George Probert.

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers!
For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

China and Amsterdam.

The struggle of the toiling masses in China for their emancipation from the power of the foreign imperialists and their own militarists represents one of the most heroic pages in the history of the emancipation movement throughout the world.

Nevertheless the Chinese masses engaged in this struggle do not receive the aid and support of the international labor organizations to which they are entitled. While the Red International of Labor Unions and its sections have done their utmost to contribute to the victory of their Chinese brothers, neither the Second International nor the Amsterdam International have lifted a finger to check the furious onslaught of the imperialists against China, to hinder the dispatching of innumerable troops and warships and to put an end to the outrageous shooting of defenseless Chinese masses.

Already in 1925 the Executive of the Amsterdam International, discussing at the August session the question of China and of the need of extending material and moral support to the Chinese workers, contented itself with passing a resolution expressing the pious wish that:

> ". . .the Chinese workers might succeed in improving their miserable conditions by creating a powerful trade union movement and by consistent economic struggle."

As to the material aid, it was declared in the resolution that:

> "In view of the unsettled situation in China, in view of the lack of sufficient direct information, and also in view of the economic situation in the countries affiliated to the International Federation of Trade Unions, the latter was unable just now to start an international campaign of financial aid."

Even the more characteristic of Amsterdam's attitude on the question of the revolutionary movement in China, was the answer given by Oudegeest, former secretary of the Amsterdam International, to a delegation of the Chinese Trade Unions in March, 1927. In answer to the request of the delegates to send a Commission of Amsterdamers to investigate the situation on the spot, the worthy leader of reformism declared:

> "The trade union movement is interested in a constructive movement which can develop only in such countries where political tranquility prevails. Whilst there is no such tranquility in China, the Amsterdam International does not intend to send a delegation to China."

This reply was quite cynically frank.

Oudegeest declared outright that the Amsterdamers cannot go against the bourgeoisie which considers it necessary to crush the Chinese revolutionary movement. Only after the establishment of sepulchral tranquility in China by the British and Japanese by means of blood baths like those of Wan-Kiang and Tsinan, only after the shooting of the best leaders of the revolutionary trade union movement by Chiang Kai-shek and other hangmen, will Amsterdam think it fit to study the state of affairs in China.

And it ought to be said that Amsterdam has been consistent to the end. Whatever the blood baths and atrocities perpetrated by the imperialists and militarists in China, Amsterdam and its sections kept silent. Amsterdam which considers itself the only representative of international trade union organizations could not manage to establish contact with the three million trade unionists in China.

Only when the counter-revolution got for the time being the upper hand over the revolutionary forces in China, only when it seemed to Amsterdam that the political "tranquility" spoken of by Oudegest had set in China, its leaders got active, and the question is now raised of establishing close relations with the fascist trade unions which have been set up by the hangmen of the Chinese workers.

Addressing the meeting of the National Committee of the General Confederation in France, in March of this year, on the perspective development of Amsterdam, Jouhaux declared:

> "We might go into China where the workers, disappointed in Bolshevism, will turn our way."

Nevertheless the Amsterdamers were rather hasty in their jubilations. The revolutionary movement in China, having suffered an admitted defeat, is not dead. Relying upon the active aid which will be rendered by the class conscious proletariat of the world in spite of the reformists, the Chinese proletariat will carry on to the end the great cause for which it has made and is continuing to make innumerable sacrifices.

"That Is Diplomacy."

The Mexican newspaper Excelsior published Saturday an editorial in which it licked the boots of the Wall Street ambassador, Morrow. "Mr. Morrow's work makes us say, 'that is diplomacy,'" says the newspaper in a spirit which makes us want to inquire into its sources of income.

The editorial is a virtual declaration that the real successor of the murdered Obregon as president of Mexico is none other than Dwight W. Morrow.

To quote a few passages:

> "Mexico can not discard that confidence which Ambassador Morrow has placed in us since he has come among us and learned to know us. That dignity, that bravery, that calm which Mr. Morrow found in the Mexican people following the murder of President-elect Obregon should convert us to complete discipline and unanimous cooperation with legal orders. Civilized peoples are distinguished from barbarous races by their acceptance of laws.
>
> "The Ambassador's words call us to our responsibility, and we are no constitutional country if we do not heed them.
>
> "Our great task is to unmask the ideas of those who are undisciplined and to show our politicians that their greatest duty is to merit the confidence of the outside world."

So the actions of J. P. Morgan and Co's partner "should convert Mexico to complete discipline." Whose discipline? Morgan's. "The ambassador's words call us to our responsibility. . . ." "Responsibility" to whom? To a foreign power—to the United States.

And "those who are undisciplined" unquestionably are those Mexicans who refuse to accept the discipline that Dwight W. Morrow, impudent imperialist from Wall Street, is trying to force upon Mexico. The bold truth is that Morrow, in his dual capacity as representative of the International Bankers and of the United States government is pressing Mexico with carefully veiled military threats (so carefully veiled at present that the Excelsior says: "Thanks to him the American government has lost that aggressive attitude with which at times it confronted us") as well as by the subtle pressure that the banking monopoly can wield upon a nation in financial need.

The newspaper Excelsior has virtually declared a program of punishment of any "undisciplined" portion of the Mexican population that may fail to bend the knee to the Wall Street ambassador. The suggestion is obvious that the workers in plants held by United capitalists, and peasants whose demands for land might conflict with "legal orders" as conceived by Morrow, will very likely come into conflict with the new "discipline."

In the few but fast-moving days that have elapsed since Obregon's assassination, Mexico has been dragged many degrees toward complete subjection as a Wall Street colony under a dictatorship appointed directly from Washington.

The Mexican masses are yet to be heard from. And there is strong reason to think that the Calles government is trying to stifle the voice and still the actions of the masses by suppressing gatherings and trying to compel both workers and peasants to "let Calles do it."

Inactivity of the workers and peasants of Mexico now would mean to "let Morrow do it."

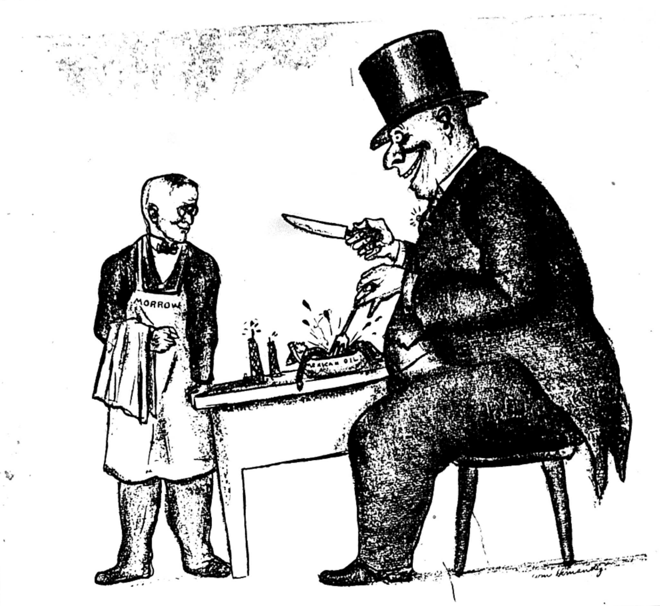
The Panhandling Trust.

It's rather funny when John D. Godfrey, mendicant officer of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, as quoted in a capitalist newspaper conducting a campaign against panhandlers, complains that 2,000 beggars are making a good living in New York City—chiefly from panhandling in the **subways**. Just at the time when the Interborough subway millionaires are doing a neat little "panhandling" job to compel the payment of a 7-cent fare that will mean an increase of 40 per cent in their gross income, or hundreds of millions of dollars, this reference to subways looks suspicious. But perhaps that is only secondary to Mr. Godfrey.

His primary purpose appears to be the promotion of the lucrative business of the "organized charity." The charity monopoly is losing something like $30,000,000 a year, according to this complaint, which is being picked up by pencil-peddlers or by plain moochers. The crippled and broken victims of capitalism no longer able to work and those unemployed who may have given up hope of obtaining employment, should still be slaves of the charity trust, according to the theory of the professional charity organizers. "Keep off the street, you bums," they say in effect, "we have a monopoly on hand-outs and mooches."

"I LIKE MEXICO—WELL DONE."

By Hernandez



Military Training at the Leagues' Schools

Oppressed Must Learn Use of Arms to Cast Off Slavery

By WILL HERBERG

"An oppressed class that does not strive to learn to use arms . . . deserves to remain in slavery."
—LENIN.

* * *

THE decision to incorporate some elementary forms of military training (drill, etc.) into the curriculum of the Young Workers (Communist) League Summer Schools has caused a certain amount of surprise and perhaps a trace of opposition among even some sections of the party membership. This reaction is not entirely unexpected.

America, Land of Pacifism.

America is the classic land of pacifism. In America petty bourgeois pacifism has unfortunately left deep traces on the labor movement and even on the more advanced elements. We cannot here go into the well-known historical reasons for this, but it is an obvious fact that until the influence of the proletariat revolution in Russia began to be left in America practically the entire opposition to militarism and war in the labor movement revolved within the narrow limits of pacifism; it is characteristic that "conscientious objection" developed as the most popular and recognized "weapon" against the world war. Really revolutionary ideas on militarism and war came to the fore only towards the end of the war when the most elementary lessons of Bolshevism and the Russian revolution began to absorbed. It needs no long discussion to prove that in the American movement traditions of pacifism are strong and traditions of revolutionary-Leninist struggle against bourgeois militarism and imperialist war very weak. Pacifism still exercises its influence in the labor and revolutionary movements. . . .

Pacifist Opposition to Training.

The "shock" some feel when they hear of the military training in the league schools is a clear manifestation of these pacifist remnants. Some immediately raise the question: "But isn't the league AGAINST military training? What kind of face will you have when, on the one hand, you fight military training in the City College of New York and other colleges, and, on the other, you institute military training in your own schools?" Others, however, are not so "naive", they are "for" the military training "in principle"—but they raise all kinds of arguments against it "in practice"—"We aren't prepared for it now," "It'll bring all kinds of 'trouble,'" and so on, arguments that amount to the same thing in the end.

* * *

TO produce such "shocks" was precisely one of the objectives for instituting military training in our schools; that is, to dramatize in clearest possible form our Leninist position on militarism and to utilize this to effect a real work of clarification. Already some good results in this direction have been obtained.

Not Against All Militarism.

Our Leninist position on militarism and war is very clear aad certain. We are NOT against war and against militarism "as such." We are against IMPERIALIST war; we are against BOURGEOIS militarism (i. e., the militarization of the proletarian and farmer youth to fight in the interests of the bourgeois-ie). But we are in favor of REVOLUTIONARY wars (wars of oppressed colonial peoples against the imperialist powers, civil wars of proletarian revolution); we are in favor of the military training of the proletarian youth to learn to use arms in the interests of their class and against the bourgeoisie. "An oppressed class that does not strive to learn to use arms . . . deserves to remain in slavery" (Lenin). We are therefore opposed to pacifism (which opposes, "as a matter of principle" ALL war and ALL military training) just as fundamentally as we are to bourgeois militarism and in fighting against the influence of bourgeois militarism and jingoism over the working class youth, we must at the same time fight just as energetically against the influence of pacifism. Pacifism is a deadly poison to a class fighting for its emancipation; in present-day relations pacifism is a most useful support and prop for imperialism. To break the pacifist illusions of many elements of the working class youth and to win the youth away from both jingoism and pacifism to the revolutionary class struggle is one of our most important tasks.

* * *

BECAUSE of perspective of revolutionary struggle, we are willing, yes, anxious, to have the proletarian youth learn the use of arms—especially the most advanced sections of the young workers—for this training on the part of the working class is a very necessary prerequisite for the proletarian revolution. "The bourgeoisie has militarized the entire people—now it is militarizing the youth. Tomorrow, perhaps, it will militarize the women. So much the better! So much the faster do things go forward—so much nearer is the armed uprising against the bourgeoisie" (Lenin). Our main task, of course, is to prevent the young workers who are being militarized from becoming traitors to their class; it consists in winning them for the proletarian class struggle and getting them to use their training for the benefit of the workers and not against their own class. This is our main task and this attitude is in no contradiction to—on the contrary, it clearly falls in with—our bitter and most determined struggle against new imperialist wars and bourgeois militarism.

It is not, however, for the actual military instruction, that military training was included in our school curriculum. We realize very well that under present conditions and for the next period of time, the chief way for us to obtain military instruction is in the military organizations of the bourgeoisie (regular forces, National Guard, military schools, R. O. T. C., C. M. T. C., etc.). (Of course, as Comrade Gorkic points out, Jugendinternationale, May, 1928, the sending of our comrades into these bourgeois military institutions "implies no rejection whatever of the attempt to set up a class organization of the proletariat to provide military training for young workers"). Our chief reason for including military instruction in our schools is to make clear, in a way that mere teaching cannot itself accomplish, to the students, to the league as a whole, and to the young workers, our Leninist position on the question of militarism and our complete differentiation from the pacifists. And here also we are having success.

* * *

Correcting Pacifist Errors.

THE American league has had some experience with pacifism. It was not so very long ago that we were very correctly branded as having committed some of the worst pacifist errors—and the fault was not all ours, but was shared by the whole movement. Since then, however, under the closest direction of the Young Communist International, we have gone a good way towards stamping out the last remnants of pacifism in our own league ranks, and in carrying on a broad propaganda of the Leninist principles of militarism and war among the young workers, but we can even now record to our credit some success in actual anti-militarist activities, some noteworthy accomplishments. But the important thing above all is that we are on the right track. . . .

Mexican Working Class Must Fight Reactionaries

Catholic Church, Morones, Allied With Wall Street Imperialism

By HARRY GANNES
and LEON S. RUIZ.

When Jose de Leon Toral, the 23-year old art student, fired five shots into the body of Alvaro Obregon president-elect of Mexico on July 17th, what a sigh of relief must have escaped from the breast of Wall Street's ambassador to Mexico, Dwight Morrow!

Let us not be mistaken about Obregon. He was not the foremost enemy of American imperialism in Mexico. His own pockets had been lined through the sweat and blood of the Mexican peasants. Obregon found the revolution of 1910 profitable to him; it not only gave him political power but wealth. At the same time, he had the support of Mexico's revolutionary armed peasants. He was the national unifying force of these peasants. He based his power upon their armed strength. Obregon was by no means a tool in the hands of Morrow such as Machado, president of Cuba, is in the clutches of Wall Street.

Murder of Obregon Political.

The murder of Obregon was not an accident or a personal matter. The combined enemies of the one-armed general had attempted to assassinate him twice during the last two months.

His main enemies were: The reactionary clericals and the Catholic church, which had been waging a losing fight. Calles was beginning to make important concessions to the church, undoubtedly under the coaching of Morrow. They did not know what treatment to expect from Obregon.

Morones, the reactionary leader of the Mexican labor movement, particularly the Confederacion Regional Obrera Mexicana (CROM), was extremely antagonistic to Obregon. He had threatened to meet the ascension to power of Obregon with armed revolt. He was also a candidate on the Labor Party ticket controlled by Morones against Obregon. Though he was the only candidate against Obregon, he received about 1,000 votes. At a recent banquet in honor of Obregon, charges were made against Morones as being a tool of American capitalists against a challenge that Morones made against Obregon.

The blame for the murder of Obregon was first laid to the church by the chief of police when he said he was "already in a position to make public that the responsibility for the crime belongs to the catholic clergy." These very same catholic clergy had been dancing quadriller around Wall Street, and were not averse to a few murders to bring back the happy days in Mexico when everything was owned by the church. In later days, they were willing to divide this honor with Wall Street on the assurance of support from this quarter.

Morones Friend of U. S. Imperialism.

But now new charges have been made. Contrary to the usual custom the assassin has not been executed summarily, but is being held in the hope of further confessions. Open charges against Morones are being hurled from the Obregonist camp. He is called the "psychological author of the crime." Morones with some of his cronies was forced to quit government positions in the Calles cabinet. He is reported to be in hiding in Mexico City. Morones is a friend of American imperialism and an ally and warm supporter of Green of the A. F. of L. He is one of the most reactionary leaders of the Pan-American Federation of Labor, outstripping at times Green in todying to U. S. bankers. When Dwight Morrow came to Mexico Morones did everything he could to win his favor. Morones ordered the CROM to demonstrate in honor of Morrow when the partner of Morgan first came to Mexico.

All Deny Guilt.

Morrow, Morones and the Catholic Church disclaim any knowledge of the murder and call upon the government to punish the guilty. Whichever was responsible for the crime, all three are pleased. We state categorically that the clergy is guilty of the crime.

Who is Obregon? Both Calles and Obregon had fought together in various phases of the 1910 revolution which ultimately established the present Mexican government. In late years, however, there had developed important differences in the policies of Obregon and Calles. Both Calles and Obregon favored the importation of American capital, and the conciliation of U. S. imperialism. They did not support the same groups. Calles supports Wall Street outright. Morrow has won Calles over and seems to be bending him to the Wall Street wind. Obregon had a weakness for the western brand of United States bankers. He favors the Standard Oil of California and the California bankers.

(To Be Continued.)

Told You So

BY the time this appears in print the meeting of the executive council of the A. F. of L. held in Atlantic City may have adjourned and some decision reached regarding the capitalist candidate to be supported this year by the "bona-fide" labor leaders. Or, as is threatened, they may postpone final judgement until they hear the acceptance speeches of Hoover and Smith over the radio.

* * *

THEY decided one important question, however. They voted to raise a fund of $150,000 to erect a marble statute of the late Sam Gompers. The funny thing about poor Sam is that since his death the fund to rig up a separate corner in the league of nations headquarters in Geneva in his honor is not yet much more than ninety eight cents. Unless one of the members of the executive council has a sculptor in the family we fear that marble will not experience a bull market as a result of the A. F. of L. decision.

* * *

GENERAL MOTORS would like to eat its cake and still have it. If Al Smith wins G. M. will have a latch key to the back door of the White House and the prestige accruing to an organization that motored a president into the executive mansion will be worth millions of dollars in advertising. But in the meantime, General Motors wants to sell automobiles and lest fanatical Republicans might turn to the lowly flivver, Mr. Sloan, president of G. M. warns its employees that the name of the corporation must not be used in the election campaign. General Motors intends to remain neutral even if one of the several floors of the G. M. building is occupied by the Democratic National Campaign Committee.

* * *

THE nation wide chain of Childs restaurants has deserted the vegeterian cause and has taken back to its bosom the prodigal meats that were banished by the founder of the marble-tiled hasheries. Tho it costs money to dine in those starched emporiums one gets an education thrown in with the meal. Childs discovered that meat was bad for the human system and not so good for the cashier's cage. Vegetables could be purchased more cheaply than meats and a little propaganda would make the patient like a vegetarian dinner as well as a couple of pork chops or a sirloin of beef

* * *

BUT the confounded customers would not be saved. After leaving the best part of a dollar in a Childs joint the diner went away only partly satisfied and since human nature is what it is it is very doubtful if the people can ever be converted to the idea that they are better off hungry than with contented tummies. A customer would leave Childs with a grouch and reair to the nearest Nedick stand for a glass of pineapple juice and a "hot dog." He would have his meat.

* * *

BUT the confounded customers would not be saved. After leaving the best part of a dollar in a Childs' joint the diners went away only partly satisfied and since human nature is what it is it is very doubtful if the people can ever be converted to the idea that they are better off hungry than with contented tummies. A customer would leave Childs' with a grouch and repair to the nearest Nedick stand for a glass of pineapple juice and a "hot dog." He would habe his meat.

* * *

THE Childs' restaurants began to lose customers. The old racket of clattering dishes degenerated into a faint murmur. The starched waitresses stood around listlessly or, as soon as a stray customer made for the door darted to his vacant place in the trail of the lonesome dime. Childs, a chronic vegetarian thought things were going alright. Being a fanatic he would risk his stockholders' fortunes rathen than haul down the cauliflower banner. But his stockholders went to bat and demanded that the embargo on meat be raised. They had not a thing in the world against vegetables, they insisted. But neither had they anything against meat, and if the customers insist on pork and beans, veal stew or a small steak, why not let them have it? So meat is returning to the Childs' menu. It is marching back with drums beating and the pens of publicity men flying, in the act of writing its praises. A tremendous advertising campaign will be carried on to sell meat to the public who were led to believe by a previous Childs' advertising campaign that it just stopped of being deadly poison. Childs has learned from some mysterious source that the use of meat is not the cause of all human ailments but the abuse of it.

Tom O'Flaherty

LEFT WING TO CELEBRATE AT I. L. D. OUTING

Mass Scene Shown at Affair Aug. 11

In recognition of the support given them by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, a delegation of striking fruit and grocery clerks will attend the big outing in Pleasant Bay Park Saturday, August 11, that the I. L. D. is arranging. Thousands of workers in every trade, representing every nationality, will take possession of Pleasant Bay Park for that day and take part in the many activities that are being arranged.

Of special interest among the numbers on the program will be the mass scene. This will symbolize the struggle of the class-conscious workers to free their comrades who are behind the bars of the capitalist dungeons for their devotion to the workingclass. A large number of workers will take part in this mass scene which will dramatize in a vivid manner the work that the International Labor Defense is doing.

Besides this mass scene, there will be many other numbers included on a program of unusual interest. Among these will be a torch light parade, athletics and games of all sorts, open air dancing with music furnished by a first-class jazz band, refreshments and many other activities. A unique feature will be the taking of movies of the outing.

The proceeds of the affair will go to aid class war prisoners and their families.

WOMEN ASSIST IN MINE RELIEF

Form Organization In Many Cities

By VERA BUCH

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 5.—The miners' wives who are appealing so anxiously to the American working class have not waited passively for help to come from the outside. On the contrary, the organized miners' wives have been extremely active in relief work. While they cannot even begin to fill the great need in their villages, still their achievements, considering the circumstances, are remarkable.

Anyone who knows the soft coal region would not think it possible to raise relief here. Company towns where everyone is on strike, isolated by many miles from bigger places where workers other than miners live, towns far from a railroad line, bare little villages with nothing but the rows of miners' shacks, the union hall, a few little stores. But in these desolate mining villages the women have managed to do something.

Turtle Creek Tag Day.

The women of Renton and North Bessemer are combining in a joint tag day, in Turtle Creek and neighboring towns, for which they have obtained a permit. The North Bessemer women gave a picnic recently. They went out with empty pocketbooks and came back with $38. This was realized from the admission fees and from other sources.

The women in Slickville take up collections at their meetings. Each member gives a quarter. Here, they have not been on strike so long, and the quarter, with some sacrifice, can still be given.

Got Truckload of Food.

The women of Triadelphia, West Virginia, went with a truck into the city of Wheeling and came back with the truck loaded with food for the strikers' children's kitchen.

The methods of disposing relief are just as varied. In Bentleyville, they take care of the sick out of their little fund, doctor's bills, medicine and confinement cases. In Lansing, Ohio, they recently shared a great luxury among the members—a sack of sugar for their coffee. Some auxiliaries give relief money, some give groceries, some take care of only especially needy cases.

Work Progressing.

Women in many cities have organized themselves into national miners' relief committees and send what they collect through house to house collections, picnics, tag days, and entertainments of every variety, to the central relief headquarters at 611 Penn Ave. Potatoes, flour and other necessities are bought in wholesale quantities and sent to the mining camps.

Police Clerk Held On Forgery Charge

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 5.—Ernest Banks, 43, clerk in the Newark Police Department for more than twenty years, was today suspended, stripped of his shield and arrested on two charges of forgery here.

It was announced that Banks had confessed to having used the money from two forged bonds to cover up shortages amounting to $4,000 in the accounts of the Police Building and Loan Association, of which he was secretary until two months ago. He said he lost the money originally through betting on horse races and other gambling.

The Gutters to Keep Cool In for Workers' Children

The stifling heat in the overcrowded tenements on New York City's East and West sides and the Bronx and in the Negro section in Harlem results in many deaths yearly. The children to escape the heat and foul conditions are forced to make the best of fire hydrants in the refuse-laden gutters. The picture shows a typical scene in a New York street, but it might be in any other large city in the country.

POWER INTEREST IN RADIO TRUST

Chicago Body Exposes Violations

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 (UP).—Revocation of the licenses of 11 large radio broadcasting stations was demanded of the Federal Radio Commission today in a series of resolutions received from the Radio Protective Association of Chicago.

The association cited stations operated by the General Electric Company, the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, the Radio Corporation of America, and the National Broadcasting Company, charging they constituted a "radio trust" in violation of the anti-trust monopoly clause of the federal radio act.

The stations named were KDKA, Pittsburgh; WGY, Schenectady, N. Y.; WEAF, New York; WJZ, Bound Brook, N. J.; WBZ, Springfield, Mass.; KOA, Denver; KGO, Oakland, Calif.; KYW, Chicago; WBZA, Boston, and WRC, Washington, D. C.

The association charges also that interests in radio patents owned by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company were controlled by operators of super-power radio stations in the United States in violation of the radio statute prohibiting a broadcasting licensee to own or control any interest of any kind in a telephone, telegraph or cable company.

COLOMBIA BENDS TO STANDARD OIL

BOGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 5.—The draft of a plan which will create a national petroleum company, making easier domination by the Tropical Oil Company, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, was announced in the chambers today by Minister of Industry Montalvo.

The amount of United States capital invested in the Colombian oil fields is at present between $80,000,000 and $90,000,000 according to the report, and the new plan will facilitate the investment of many more millions of dollars by the Standard Oil Company.

The new plan for United States investment followed the suspension of all oil legislation recently by the president of Colombia. Moreno, author of the basic draft, which was passed by the chamber a short time ago declared today that the plan is "designed to establish a new open door nationalization policy."

MINERS ESCAPE DEATH IN MINE

ST. JOHNS, Newfoundland, Aug. 5.—Details of a serious dam burst at Buchan's Mine, near Indian Lake, that did tremendous damage and threatened death to many workers, reached here today.

The storage dam at the mine burst last Monday. Sweeping down the valley for five miles, the water carried railway trestles, bridges, miner's shacks and timber with it.

One side of the power house was swept away. The power house was flooded, and the generators still are under 20 feet of water. A newly completed concentrating mill was destroyed.

Men living in shacks and houses escaped narrowly, losing all their possessions. Laborers working in the main tunnel escaped miraculously.

Many workers saved their lives by rushing to the top of a hill, where they were isolated until rescued by breeches buoys.

U. S. HAS UNDISPUTED LEAD IN OLYMPICS

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 5 (UP).—Eight firsts gave the United States undisputed team honors in the ninth Olympiad, the final standing of teams today showed. The final point standings, complete, follow.

United States, 173; Finland, 102; England, 46; Sweden, 44; Germany, 44; Canada, 37; France, 27; Japan, 19; South Africa, 4; Ireland, 10; Norway, 7; Hungary, 5; Haiti, 5; Chile, 5; Italy, 4; Philippines, 3; Switzerland, 3; Holland, 1. Canada won team honors in the women's events, two firsts today bringing them from third to first place.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

Chicago, 5; New York, 4.
Philadelphia, 5; Detroit, 1.
Boston, 3; St. Louis, 1.

National League

St. Louis, 6; New York, 4.
Chicago, 2; Brooklyn, 5.
Only games scheduled.

U. S. NAVY TO BE 'TAKEN CARE OF'

France and Italy In Submarine Race

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The pact was received here today and Kellogg refused to make any comment on it until he had conferred with the navy chiefs and experts.

United States government circles here admitted that the delegation that would go to the Geneva disarmament conference would look sharply after "distinctive American naval interests."

• • •

Naval Race.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—Figures available here show that France and Italy are engaged in a naval race for the domination of the Mediterranean. The new giant submarines being built by both governments will bring France's total to 38 first line submarines and Italy's to 25. Of the smaller submarines France has 30 with 8 more being built and Italy has 31.

Gambling by American Legion Is Permitted

NEW ORLEANS, July 30 (FP).—Police stopped the roulette wheels and other games of chance at the Fourth of July festival of the American Legion at City Park, which was held by the legion to raise money for their sick fund. A few hours later the order was countermanded and gambling went merrily on. The Community Chest approved a budget of $3,602.00 for the year 1928 for the benefit of the American Legion in this city.

PAY GERMAN WAR CLAIMS.

The German metal firm of Hirsch and Sons in this city has been paid its claim of 80 per cent of its total claim of $3,000,000. The plant was taken over by the United States government at the outbreak of the war, utilized for manufacture of war materials against Germany, and has now been returned to the original owners.

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POLAND WARNED OF MANEUVERS

War Danger Lurks in Vilna Situation

BERLIN, August 5.—The German foreign office sent a note to the Polish government today warning them against the massing of Polish troops on the Lithuanian frontier.

With reports from Warsaw indicating that Poland is under a military rule with its army holding maneuvers and held in readiness for field duty, a massing of Pilsudski legionnares, numbering 40,000 soldiers, is scheduled for August 12 at Vilna, near the Lithuanian frontier.

It is believed that the antagonism between Lithuania and Poland has been fostered by Pilsudski's Vilna organ, Glos Prawdy, which has published false reports of mobilization of the Lithuanian army and border clashes.

ELECTIONS IN PANAMA SURE

Gov. Party Has Only Candidate in Field

BALBOA, C. Z., Aug. 5 (UP).—Early returns in the national elections here today indicated an overwhelming victory for the liberal (government) Party ticket headed by Florencio Harmodio Arosmena, only candidate for the presidency.

The opposition (Porras Party) withdrew their candidates from the field last week and virtually the only opposition which the liberals have at the polls comes from the smaller parties. The Porras Party's reason for withdrawing was due to charges of alleged irregularities on the part of the liberals which they declared would prevent a fair election.

Special measures were taken by the authorities to cope with any disorder should it arise. The cities of Panama and Colon were particularly quiet although cavalry patrolled the streets throughout the night.

BOSSES BREAK AGREEMENT

DETROIT, Aug. 5.—The contract between the Moulders' Union and the Peninsular Stave Company here has been broken by the company. The contract had been made in 1859 with the company, when the union was chartered with its international.

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ALL FALL RIVER MILL WORKERS VOTE TO STRIKE

Walk-Out Unless Demands Granted

Continued from Page One

warrants issued for the July 28 meeting when Feeney broke into the empty tenement rented by the Textile Mills Committee to escape police molestation while speaking.

Seize Leaders on Strike Eve.

The warrants had been held over the week with the deliberate intention of seizing the leaders of the Textile Mills Committee as the strike date approached. All cases were continued.

The enthusiasm with which the letter of demands and the strike call vote were carried was tremendous and has seldom been equalled in this city, never since the union officialdom sold out the men in the spring of this year. Everywhere expressions of faith that new life has come into the Fall River textile situation under the leadership of the Textile Mills Committee are heard from the men.

All week long great overflow meetings whose one and conscious purpose has been preparation for the been held nightly at Liberty Lot struggle looming in Fall River have from which the menace of police interference has hailed to keep away the workers.

• • •

Jail Rubinstein, Hegelius.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 5.—Police here have arrested Peter Helegius, leader of the Fall River Textile Mills Committee and Jack Rubinstein, leader of the New Bedford Textile Mills Committee on warrants issued for a Fall River meeting which the police raided and were locked into a vacant room while Rubinstein concluded the speech the officers were attempting to interrupt.

Both the leaders were taken to Fall River.

RELIEF VITAL IN MILL STRIKE

Continued from Page One

eight cases of peaches, 20 gallons of coffee and 20 gallons of milk.

The following day, the police authorities continued their starvation policy, undoubtedly hoping thereby to break the fighting determination of the workers. The Workers International Relief again got into action and sent several hundred more sandwiches, coffee and fruit to the imprisoned workers.

That night they were transferred to the House of Correction where they were given "food." The Workers' International Relief, being informed that the food was not fit to eat, again sent supplies to the workers. This time, however, the relief committee was barred, the arrested workers being compelled to eat the garbage handed out or starve. It is charged that those arrested on charges of robbery and theft were given superior food in the House of Correction that was given to the arrested workers.

The Workers' International Relief intends to increase its relief work in feeding the mass of strikers daily as well as in being prepared for emergencies such as Monday. Lack of funds is making it difficult for the relief committee to do all of the necessary work that should be taken care of.

Workers in all parts of the country are urged to rush funds to the Workers' International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

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NEW YORK

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Branch 6.

Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathizers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zsencer in charge of the campaign of that district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

• • •

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

• • •

Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville Branch of the International Labor Defense will meet on tomorrow, August 7th at its regular meeting rooms, 347 E. 72nd Street, the Czechoslovakian Workers Home at 8 p. m.

• • •

Section 2, Organization Meet.

A special conference of all unit and subsection organizers of section 2 will be held tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Every organizer must be present without fail.

• • •

Section 2 Agitprop.

A literature agent and agitprop meeting of section 2 will be held today at 8 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Very important matters will be taken up.

• • •

Section 2 and 3 Literature.

Sections 2 and 3 will hold an important meeting of all literature agents on Thursday at 101 West 27th St. at 6 p. m. All literature agents are instructed to be present.

• • •

Section 2 Agitprop Meet.

A conference of all agitprop and literature agents of Section 2 will be held today at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. The election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party will be taken up.

• • •

Pioneer Functionaries Meet.

There will be a meeting of all active Pioneers and functionaries on Monday at 1:30 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. Very important matters will be taken up. Al [a]ctive members and functionaries must attend.

• • •

Subsection 3C Meeting.

All units of subsection 3C will meet today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All campaign directors must be present to hand in reports of their work in the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party.

• • •

Pioneers Meet.

A meeting of all active pioneers and functionaries to discuss the work of the Pioneers in the election campaign, will be held today at 1:30 p. m. in the Pioneers office, 28 Union Square.

• • •

Section 2, 3 Class.

Section 2 and 3 class will hold its third session tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Ray Ragozin is instructor.

• • •

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday afternoon, August 18, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

• • •

Section 2, Speakers Class.

Speakers class of Section 2 will meet at 101 W. 27th St. at 8 p. m. on Thursday, Aug. 7.

• • •

2C, 3F.

Unit 2C, 3F, meets today at 6 p. m., at 108 E. 14th Street.

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Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held at Pleasant Bay Park Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park subway or "L" to 177th St. Take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

• • •

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

• • •

Spanish Workers' Club.

(Centro Obrero de Habla Espanola)

This center will start a series of conferences about literature, political education, Sociology and other important matters, tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 55 W. 113th St. Pablo Mantinez will be the speaker.

• • •

Jewelry Workers Luncheon.

All jewelry workers have been invited to come to the Second Annual Informal Luncheon of the Jewelry Workers Welfare Club, to be held Monday at 6 p. m. at "Our Cafeteria," 49 East 25th St., between Madison Ave. and 4th St.

• • •

Gold-Calverton Debate.

Michael Gold, editor of the "New Masses" and V. F. Calverton, editor of the "Modern Quarterly" will debate on the subject: "Do Radicals Pussyfoot on Sex?" next Friday evening, August 10, at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St. Calverton will take the affirmative and Gold the negative. Proceeds will go to the "New Masses."

SEAMEN MEET IN PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 5.—The International Seamen's Club of this city got off to a flying start Saturday with a meeting attended by scores of seamen and a number of harbor workers, many of whom signed up as members.

Among the workers present were many members of the International Seamen's Union, who joined up following the rally.

George Mink, organizer of the Philadelphia Club, addressed the seamen, pointing out to them that the need of organization has never been more urgent than it is at this time.

The large attendance and enthusiasm shown at the meeting lead the organizers of the club to believe that many more seamen will join up in the near future.

The official index of the cost of living iis 78.4 per cent above the average for 1913.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY GAINS SWELL EACH YEAR

Rockefeller Wealth Multiplied 25 Times

By LELAND OLDS
(Federated Press).

Once again the mid-year dividend discussion calls attention to the enormous wealth Standard Oil has poured into the coffers of the multimillionaire clique since the courts dissolved the original trust under the Sherman act in 1911. This wealth is measured not only by the total of $2,012,728,422 in cash dividends distributed from 1912 to June, 1928, but also by an expansion of more than $4,000,000,000 in the market value of Standard Oil securities.

The expansion in market value is little more than a capitalization of the increasing ability of the oil interests to profiteer at the expense not only of the American people, but of users of oil round the world. Added to the cash dividends, it brings the total wealth which Standard Oil has grabbed for its owners in the last 15 years up to more than $6,000,000,000. This money was made on investments with a market value of $1,000,548,485 in 1912.

Steady Increase.

There have been stock dividends totalling $1,450,888,795 and stock split-ups which do not alter the book value of the outstanding securities. But of greater importance, although less spectacular, has been the increasing amount the market is willing to pay for available stock in whatever form offered. Thus 981,383 shares of Standard Oil of New Jersey, with a market value of $375 a share, or a total of $368,768,625 in 1912, have expanded to 24,317,219 shares, with a market value of $42.75, worth a total of $1,039,561,113 on July 17, 1928.

The Wall Street Journal also calls attention to the days when John D. Rockefeller purchased old Standard Oil of New Jersey stock at less than $200 a share and people predicted he would go broke if he kept up his optimism.

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

Dividends Paid From the First of July
CONSUMERS FINANCE CORPORATION
Subsidiary of the United Workers' Co-operative Ass'n.
6%
dividends are being paid from the first day of deposit on gold bonds in denominations of $100, $300, $500 and $1,000 secured by the second mortgage of the second block of houses in the Co-operative Workers' Colony.
Offices: 69—5th Ave., New York, N. Y.
TELEPHONE: ALGONQUIN 6900.
2700 Bronx Park East (Co-operative Workers' Colony).

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
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FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

2,000 IN FALL RIVER JOIN SPREADING TEXTILE WALKOUT

PEASANT LEAGUE TELLS CALLES TO STAY TWO YEARS

Calls for Labor-Farmer Coalition

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 6.—A manifesto issued today by the National Peasants' League of Mexico demanded that the congress continue the term of President Calles for two years and warned the militarists against aligning thmselves with any political group.

It warned the militarists that any such political group organized for revolt was a doomed failure as evidenced by the failure of the recent revolt in spite of the aid of the whole Mexican reaction.

The statement pledged the National Peasants' League to support the Calles military against all armed movements and called upon all labor and peasant groups to make a united front with this end in view.

The statement declared that the clericals were responsible for the assassination of Obregon and deplored the unfounded attacks against Morones and others, but rejoiced at his downfall. The C. R. O. M., it declared, was now stronger by the purging, which will result in the arising of new leaders, making possible a common alliance of all proletarian forces.

* * *

Urged to Support Calles.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 6.—As the official Obregon campaign center was closed, Aaron Saenz, campaign manager for the former President-elect Obregon, declared today that the Obregonistas must place their faith [illegible] "revolutionary personality" [illegible]alles and in congress. He also ex[illegible]sed confidence that the assassination of Obregon would be cleared up.

In his declaration Saenz called for the unity of all Obregon parties and others "uncontaminated by the horrible crime."

The public declaration of Saenz is looked upon as indicating the victory of Calles and the defeat of the Obregon extremists, Manrique and Soto y Gama.

The Obregon party of Vera Cruz came out today in a demand that Calles remain as president for two years more.

* * *

Communist Statement.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 6.—The El Machete in an editorial on the trial of Toral, declared that it was impossible to continue accusing the Crom leaders as the intellectual authors of the assassination of Obregon.

"The Crom leaders stand unaccused by any material data," the editorial states. "We do not desire to defend individuals who have proved disastrous for the working class, but it is now impossible to utilize accusations as an offensive against workers organizations."

The editorial stated that the execution of Toral was now unimportant, but that it was necessary to destroy definitely all clerical foundations in accordance with the slogans of the Communist Party:

"Not a single cent for Rome!" "Not a single priest more for Mexico!" "Alertness against reaction and against all those wishing to divide us at this difficult moment!"

CROM OFFICIALS KILL MILITANT

Fear Activities of the Peasants League

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, Aug. 6.—Saturnino Salomon, organizer for the National Peasants League, was assassinated [illegible] Tres Valles by officials of [illegible] local Crom (Mexican Federation of Labor) union.

Saturnino Salomon, had been very active in the region, urging the peasants to organize under the National Peasants League and to ally themselves with the more militant section of the Crom rank and file.

The Crom officials, it is believed, being afraid to lose their prestige and positions, did away with Salomon in order to prevent a successful labor-peasant coalition.

* * *

Communist Held Without Trial

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 6.—The Communist Party here intensified its efforts to secure the release of Roberta Celis, a Communist, who has been held by authorities, since last November without trial.

Flayed Fascist Conduct

Vladimir Myakovsky, the Soviet Union's celebrated poet, is shown in the picture. His attaks upon the cowardly conduct of the fascist Italia fliers in abandoning Dr. Malmgrem to die in the ice and against Nobile's personal conduct in permitting his own rescue before that of his comrades, were a large factor in turning the attention of the world to this new fascist atrocity.

STRESS PERIL OF IMPERIALIST WAR

Communist Congress Points to Danger

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 6.—The eighteenth session of the World Congress of the Communist International opened here with a report by Garlandi, of Italy.

The speaked declared that Italy suffers from a lack of raw materials. The peace treaties have given her neither colonies nor sufficient spheres of influence. Hence Italian fascism is striving to alter the status quo and is preparing a war which is regarded as the solution of its economic difficulties.

Thirty-seven per cent of the Italian budget is devoted to military and police purposes and even these figures are falsified. The expansionist tendencies of fascism are supported by Great Britain. Italy plays an important part in the British plans against the Soviet Union. However, Italy is not completely bound to Great Britain and seeks to derive advantages from the economic rivalry betwen Great Britain and Germany.

The Italian proletariat is internationalist and solidly for the Soviet Union. The Italian social democrats are the same as all the others. They announce that fascism can only be overthrown when Bolshevism in Italy is destroyed. An energetic fight is necessary against these traitors. War is inevitable and our policy must be determined by this.

Anti-militarist work among the peasantry must be increased. The

Continued on Page Two

22 MEN TRAPPED IN SUBMARINE

ROME, August 6.—Reports from the Stefani Agency received here this afternoon state that the Italian submarine F-14 was sunk in over 100 feet of water after having collided with the destroyer Giuseppe Missori this morning.

The exact number of men trapped in the sunken submarine has not yet been ascertained. It is known that boats of the F-14's type carry a normal crew of 22 men during time of war, but several more may have been added in what may be preliminary war maneuvers.

Lovestone Reports to Red World Congress on U. S. Imperialism

TELLS OF FIGHT ON PREPARATION FOR COMING WAR

Discusses Work Among Negroes

(Wireless to The Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., August 6. Jay Lovestone, Executive Scretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, as co-reporter on the War Danger, yesterday outlined to the World Congress of the Communist International the condition of American imperialism, its gradual penetration of many countries, the preparations which it is making for war and the efforts which the American Communists are making to defeat and overthrow American imperialism for the purpose of establishing a dictatorship of the proletariat in the United States.

"We talk of American imperialism," Lovestone said, "not in order to advertise it but in order to mobilize the workers to destroy it."

American capitalism has a dominating situation in the world market and in a number of important industries. Capital export from the Unite States is growing and is accompanied by increased aggressiveness against other nations and against the workers.

Formally considered, the United States has no such large colonies as Great Britain, but by economic penetration in Central and South America, these countries have been forced into dependance on the United States and turned directly or indirectly into colonies or semicolonies.

Economically Canada also has bedirectly into colonies or semicolonies.

The American foreign policy cloaks aggressive imperialism with hypocritical pacifist phrases, Simultaneously the United States is carrying on a war against Nicaragua. Intervention against China and the Soviet Union also plays a great part in the war plans of the American imperialism. Propaganda against the Soviet Union and attacks on the Soviet disarmament proposals belong to the ideological preparation for imperialist war. Further symptoms of war preparations are the colossal increase in armaments, the mechanization of the army, the growing identification of the state apparatus with the great trusts.

The American imperialist policy

Continued on Page Five

Yellow International Hears Our Own Morris

(Radiogram to Daily Worker)

BRUSSELS, Aug. 6.—Today the first working session of the third congress of the Second International was held here.

Paul Faure of France and Arthur Crispien of Germany acted as chairmen. Mertens greeted the congress on behalf of the International Federation of Trade Unions, while De Graeve spoke in behalf of the Socialist Youth International.

Three speeches were then made concerning the post-war economic situation and economic policy of the working class.

Morris Hillquit of the United States, Naphtali of Germany and Cramp of Great Britain spoke. The speeches were for the most part colorless. The trusts, said the speakers, were to be fought through the International Labor Office of the League of Nations which should establish con rol and later develop the capitalist trusts into national and international economic organizations. The main slogan of the congress is: "National instead of capitalist trusts."

Caught in the Act; Capital's Candidate Reviews Troops

The role of governor Alfred E. Smith, democratic presidential candidate, as the agent for Wall Street and imperialist war was never more graphically de picted than in this picture where he is shown reviewing the sixty-ninth regiment of Manhattan and the fourteenth regiment of Brooklyn at Peekskill. Accompanied by a staff of officers, war and Wall Street's candidate smiles admiringly as he sees the rows of well-trained cannon fodder ripe for the coming imperialist harvest.

ADMIT M'GRADY LETTER GENUINE

"But Didn't Mean It," Shiplacoff Says

Public admission was made yesterday by A. I. Shiplacoff, leader of the right wing in the Jewish labor movement, and by Edward F. McGrady, A. F. of L. agent in the fight against the Furriers' Joint Board, of the authenticity of the letters which admitted defeat for their union-wrecking activities, and which were published in these columns yesterday.

While admitting the genuineness of the letters, both these enemies of the fur workers nevertheless vehemently denied that they had any intention of doing what their letters said they would do, namely, "get out of the situation within the next few weeks."

These statements were made in "Women's Wear," an employers' trade journal, and succeeded in arousing amusement among those who read it, because of the painstaking manner in which Shiplacoff repudiated his own and his colleague's statements made in the letters. The program chiefs also admitted being "discouraged" at not being able to destroy the left wing Joint Board. Shiplacoff himself sent McGrady's letter to a large group of right wing heads in the city, in which he told them to "reflect" a bit on the seriousness of McGrady's letter.

The prize argument presented by Shiplacoff to the bosses' paper was that McGrady and the A. F. of L. never intended to get out of the situation, but that it was merely a means of "stirring up interest" in the plight of the right wing in the fur industry among the other right wing union officials and socialist party chiefs.

McGrady Confesses.

McGrady was a little more wary in making public statements when confronted with the damning evidence of defeat of his union-destroying efforts, which he has continued for almost two years. He said that he didn't "mean" what he had written, offering as proof the recent decision of the A. F. of L. executive

Continued on Page Two

A. F. L. FAT BOYS LABOR WEARILY

But Bring Forth Only Political Mouse

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 6.—The battling forces of the American Federation of Labor Executive Council contended four hours today over the question of Smith, to be or not to be endorsed, and finally adjourned in sweaty indetermination. The "fat boys" labored but brought forth a political mouse owing to the great division between the Hoover backers and the Smith supporters.

Faced with the documentary proof printed in yesterday's issue of the Daily Worker that the federation through Edward McGrady, gang organizer, had written of its intention to abandon the fight against the fur workers, Green declared that the report "could not now be confirmed."

Supremacy of Nordic a Myth Scientist Says

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 6.—The facile and boisterous exponents of "Nordic supremacy" got a severe jolt today when Prof. R. D. McKenzie, of the University of Washington declared that the theory has no real foundation and "arises from the conceit of the Nordic."

Speaking at the round-table discussion of the Institute of Politics here, McKenzie said that no basis for this supposed supremacy exists from a biological point of view, or from that of technical development.

"The more we study and classify human beings scientifically," McKenzie declared, "the more confused we become about the meaning of the term race, because the peoples of the world are all mongrels, hybrids or mixtures of emigrating peoples of the past."

The old color classification has no scientific validity, the speaker declared. "We might as well try to classify flowers by their colors."

"The concept that the Nordic is superior to the Oriental because he has more and larger industries has no basis in science," Prof. McKenzie said. The Nordic's industrial superiority is merely an accident, he declared, and will be equalled by the Oriental and the Negro in the future.

Only about 20 per cent of the 800,000,000 people that are in or face on the Pacific are white, he stated, and it is unthinkable that the future of the Pacific should belong to the white races alone.

HOLD HUGE CLOAK MEET TOMORROW

Rally to Be Historic in Workers Struggle

Tomorrow evening at about 6 p.m. the huge mass rally, which promises to be one of the most significant in the history of the struggles of the cloak and dressmakers, will be opened by the leaders of the National Organization Committee in the Bronx Stadium, near Starlight Park, E. 177 St.

At this meeting the workers will inaugurate the drive for the upbuilding of a real union of the workers in their trade, and will launch the final campaign for the annihilation of the company union headed by the right wing, socialist officialdom.

Tens of thousands are expected to turn out to this huge meeting in a demonstration of their determination to do away with the betrayals of the Sigman and Schlesinger clique of traitors, who are further depressing the already miserable working conditions of the workers. This was contained in the call for the meeting issued by the Joint Board Cloakmakers Union.

"Wednesday you will all assemble in the Stadium to demonstrate before the world your readiness to begin the drive to abolish the sweat shop system forced upon you by the Sigman Schlesinger gang," the call for the meeting declares.

Continued on Page Two

10 DIE, 60 HURT IN TRAIN WRECK

2 Illinois Rail Flyers "Sideswipe"

MOUNDS, Ill., Aug. 6 (UP).—The Chicago-to-New Orleans Limited and the Memphis-St. Louis Chickasaw flier on the Illinois Central were derailed and partially wrecked here today, and at least 10 persons were believed killed. The trains "sideswiped" in passing.

Six known dead were:

L. A. Drennan, Mattoon, Ill., express messenger on Chicago-New Orleans train.

Mrs. Annie Covey, West Orange, N. J.

Joseph Zdenck, West Orange, N. J.

Three unidentified Negro women.

Seven cars of the north-bound train and 10 cars of the Chicago-New Orleans Limited were derailed.

The wreck was indirectly caused by an iron pipe which obstructed the south-bound track. The crew of the Chickasaw saw it and stopped the train. The New Orleans Limited, on the adjacent track, struck the obstacle and sideswiped the standing train.

Between 50 and 60 injured were taken to St. Mary's Hospital at Cairo, which is 16 miles south of the scene of the wreck. Twenty-eight of the injured were Negroes.

TAMMANY SLAPS AT FARM RELIEF

Raskob Gives Up Plan He Promised

Democratic leaders have abandoned the recently announced intention to draft a definite farm relief plan.

This was revealed tonight in the announcement by Chairman John J. Raskob of the national committee that he has requested Prof. E. R. A. Seligman of Columbia University, brother of the Wall Street banker, to make a "survey" of the agricultural problem which Raskob said would "require many weeks if not months of hard work." Raskob recently announced he would direct drafting of a plan to be submitted during the campaign.

WORKERS STILL SWELL RANKS OF STRIKERS AT MILL COMMITTEE CALL

Answer Shout of "Strike, All Out," by Tie-up of Printing Division

New Bedford Masses Greet New Allies as the Struggle Spreads to Key Textile City

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 6.—Two thousand workers in the textile plant of the American Printing Company here, walked out on strike today in answer to the call of the Textile Mill Committees, thus spreading the struggle of neighboring New Bedford's 28,000 strikers to this huge mill center.

By mid-afternoon 2,000 of the company's 4,300 operatives had answered the strike call issued in the morning, with even the capitalist press admitting that night-fall would find nearly every worker out.

2,000 Walk Out.

The Textile Mill Committees' executive board, granted full power to set the strike date by a textile workers' meeting last Friday, met last night and acted with lightening swiftness, in calling to struggle those employed by the American Printing Company.

Fight Wage Cut.

The strike was officially declared, after Manager Durfee for the company publicly refused to meet with the plant's mill committee, when they demaded abolition of the 10 per cent wage cut enforced last January and further improvements in working standards.

The American Printing Company is the largest of the ninety-four mills in Fall River, which employs over 35,000 workers. Late reports showed that several hundreds of workers in the Lincoln Manufacturing Company had also joined the strike, the strike call including this plant also.

Tie Up Division.

With indescribable enthusiasm, the workers in the printing division poured out into the streets in answer to the shouts of the committee in the mill walking from room to room. "Strike! All Out!" was the committeemen's cry, which grew in volume as it was picked up by the men leaving the machines.

Leaders of the workers organization immediately announced that a mass picketing line would be thrown around the plant at 4:30 this afternoon, to meet the shift of night workers as they enter.

Police Aid Bosses.

A picket line of the workers out of the Lincoln Manufacturing Company plant are already face to face with an intensified police dictatorship. Police lieutenant Violette has already challenged the pickets at the Lincoln mill and ordered not more than two to patrol the gates. Those orders, workers declared, will be completely ignored. Refusal of the pickets to leave on the lieutenant's order was answered by his taking the names of ten leading pickets. Warrants will undoubtedly be issued for their arrest.

Fully prepared for the response elicited by the workers to their strike call, the leaders of the Textile Mill Committees are methodically working on organizational plans, preparatory to issuing a general strike call in this huge cotton manufacturing center.

The officials of the Textile Council are being directly accused by the workers with having assisted the employers in putting over the wage cut, by faking a vote of the union membership, when they balloted on the issue of "strike" or "no strike."

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 6.—Mass strikers' meetings at the north and south ends of the city, under the auspices of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committees sent their greetings and pledges of solidarity to the workers of the American Printing Company in Fall River, who struck this morning in a struggle against the wage cut.

The thousands who jammed the meetings went wild with enthusiasm when the speakers announced that 2,090 in the neighboring mill center had joined their ranks in a fight against the mill barons and their agents, the officials of the A. F. T. G. and the U. T. W.

TO BOOST BUDGET FOR ARMY, NAVY

Announce Increase in Appropriations

SUPERIOR, Wis., Aug. 6.—While the Kellogg "peace" pact is being peddled around the world, increased appropriations for all the war and navy departments and all branches of the aviation service are contained in the preliminary estimates of the federal budget for the fiscal year of 1929-1930.

This was announced here today by Gen. Herbert Lord, budget director, who stopped here on his way to Cedar Island Lodge for a conference with President Coolidge.

The entire budget for 1929-1930 will be slightly under $3,700,000,000, according to his preliminary estimates, Gen. Lord said. This is about $400,000,000 more than for the last fiscal year. The federal government will also have a paper deficit of $90,000,000, he stated, but its revenues will be greater.

BROACH AIMS TO CONTROL UNION

Has Program Ready for Local 3 to Pass

(By Electrical Correspondent)

The meeting on Thursday evening of local No. 3 of the Electrical Workers Union will tell whether the workers in the trade or the reactionary Broach machine will control our union.

At this meeting the Broach machine is planning to put through a set of so-called ammendments to the by-laws which will put the membership into a backseat and will give to the Broach machine the full power to do as it likes with the organization.

Among these hcanges are one which eliminate one half of the meetings, one which dispense with the making of financial reports to the union, and one which eliminate yearly elections. Another amendment is to increase dues.

A Deliberate Sell Out.

In order to cover over this deliberate sell-out, the Broach machine declares that these things are necessary in order to maintain the good conditions on the job. For this reason also, Broach is now demanding $150,000 a year from the members.

It would be interesting to know about the wonderful conditions enjoyed by the electrical workers to justify such a betrayal. At the same time this will refute the gen-

Continued on Page Four

BRITISH RAIL BETRAYAL

Tom Mann Scores Misleaders in Letter

(From Tom Mann, England.)

Dear Editor:—

My personal greetings to yourself. I hope you are none the worse for the short imprisonment. I feel sure you will be interested in knowing something of our forthcoming annual conference of the National Minority Movement. I am always deeply interested in reading the Daily Worker and in seeing how the fight is going on in the United States of America. Always you are full of activities, as, of course, we all should be. Continue, comrades, and with you and with us persistency in the right path will get us there.

Reformists Uneasy.

We are having an especially hot time just now. The reformists are very uncomfortable because of our work, and many of them are savage with us. You will have seen reports of the Miners' Federation, held last week at Llandudno, and may have seen that the chairman, Herbert Smith, lost his temper and left his seat on the platform to go to the gallery to have a hand at helping to put out of the hall some mem-

Continued on Page Three

COOLIDGE, STEEL BOSS?

Cal May Manage Huge Morgan Firm

HIBBING, Minn., (FP) Aug. 6.—The present political servant and the future industrial boss of Minnesota's iron miners, Pres. Calvin Coolidge, visited the gigantic domain of the steel trust on the iron range surrounded by company officials. Coolidge came from his summer capital in northern Wisconsin near the ore ports of U. S. Steel and he returned the same day. The mystery of his vacation choice is somewhat cleared up by this journey.

When judge Elbert H. Gary died it was common gossip that Coolidge had been selected by J. P. Morgan to succeed him as chairman of the U. S. Steel Corp. in 1929. Gary died prematurely for these plans but the place has been kept open by splitting Gary's job into 3 parts, to be reunited, according to the dope in financial circles when Cal is free from the white house.

Learns the Ropes.

With the president on the trip from Superior and Duluth to Hibbing and other iron mining centers was Pentecost Mitchell, head of the Oliver Iron Mining Co., the big steel trust subsidiary. In the Duluth of-

Continued on Page Three

ogressive Leaders Point to New Mine Union as Only Hope of the Coal Diggers

IS SELL-OUT WN AS AID TO AL OPERATORS

for Delegates to Convention

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 6.—Evidence of the correctness of the position taken by the progressives in the mine struggle are seen here on all hands as the operators have either flatly rejected the overtures for a "settlement" made by the Lewis machine or have made merely gestures at settlement, in the meantime proceeding post haste with their union-wrecking preparations.

In a leading article in the current issue of the "Coal Digger," the official organ of the National Arrangements Committee for a new miners' union, the point is stressed that only through the leadership of the honest militants and progressives and the formation of a new union can the situation be saved. The news article follows:

Aid to Coal Barons.

"The abandonment of the Jacksonville scale and of the national agreement by the Lewis machine has failed to bring any settlements in Pennsylvania and Ohio. It has only added encouragement to the coal operators in their determination to enforce the open shop.

"In the Pittsburgh district the offer of the Fagan officialdom to use the yard-stick of logic and reason' and the declaration of their readiness to go into negotiations with the operators without any basic demands, brought no results. Not a single operator has so far responded to Fagan's offer to settle on any terms.

"The Pittsburgh Coal Company definitely declared that it has nothing to negotiate. The retirement of Horace F. Baker from the presidency of the Pittsburgh Terminal Company, first looked upon as signifying a change in the "labor policy" of this company, proved of no effect. No sooner did the new president take his post than he declared that this second largest coal company will deal only with the miners as individuals. The smaller coal companies are obviously following this lead of the outstanding open shoppers.

No Results.

"The situation is not much different in Ohio. Hall's invitation for negotiations was definitely rejected by the Coal Operators' Association. The conference held at Columbus with a few of the small, independent operators brought no results, and some of these operators indicated that they will not participate in the meeting called by Hall for August 2.

"Illinois is the only exception. Negotiations are now going on between the Fishwick machine and the operators, which will no doubt result in a wage cut for the miners and a check-off for the Lewis-Fishwick henchmen as their reward for turning the U. M. W. A. into a company union.

"These developments leave no further doubt that the U. M. W. A. is wrecked, and that Pennsylvania and Ohio will be added to the definitely non-union fields. There is only one choice left for the miners—to break with the Lewis machine and to gather their forces in the new union in preparation for new struggles to re-establish union conditions. Miners, elect your delegates to the National Miners' Convention at Pittsburgh, September 9 to 16."

Membership Meeting of Section 5, Bronx, Planned for Tonight

At a special membership meeting to be held tonight of all members of Section 5, at 2075 Clinton Avenue, Bronx, matters of utmost importance to the section will be discussed. A representative of the District Office will be present to lead the discussion.

All members of Section 5 are required to be present at the section headquarters at 8:30 p. m. tonight. A special registration will be taken of those present. All unit, sub-section and section functionaries must be there, as the subject of tonight's special meeting will be discussed and acted upon at all unit meetings throughout the section.

After tonight's meeting of the membership of Section 5, the Bronx, it is expected that the order of business at unit meetings will undergo a complete change for some time to come.

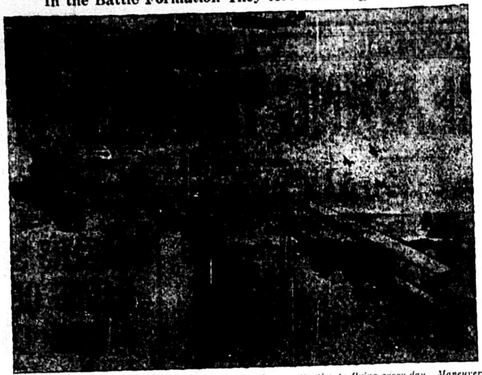
Tonight's meeting will be the first of its kind ever to be held by Section 5. The order of business, according to the District Office, will be definite and precise.

Standard Oil Votes Big Cash Dividends

CHICAGO, Aug. 6 (UP).—Directors of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana today voted a regular cash dividend of 62½ cents and an extra cash dividend of 25 cents per share of capital stock.

The dividend will be paid September 14 on stock of record August 16.

In the Battle Formation They Are Planning to Take



Imperialism in the United States is paying more and more attention to flying every day. Maneuvers which are to be used against enemy imperialists in the coming conflict are practised over every air landing field in the United States. The picture shows nine planes in battle formation as the militarists hope to see them soon.

RED CONGRESS WARNS OF IMPERIALIST WARS

Continued from Page One

outbreak of war means the outbreak of civil war.

Applaud Kun.

Manuilsky then informed the congress that Bela Kun was present. Kun was greeted with protracted applause as he rose. Semard welcomed him in the name of the congress. Kun was immediately elected to the presidium and took his chair at once.

Schneller, of Germany, then made his report, declaring that the situation in Germany is different today to what it was in 1914. He said that the new factors are alterations in the imperialist groupings, the alliances of today are less permanent than formerly, militarism is more widespread, the League of Nations is the instrument of the imperialists against the Soviet Union and the colonial peoples, there is a strengthened reaction, fascism, alliance of the reformists with the state apparatus and employers.

On the other hand, there is the existence of the Communist International with the mass organizations under its influence, the existence of the Soviet Union, of the nationalist revolutionary movement in China, India, etc., the tremendous strengthening of the revolutionary proletarian movement throughout the world, the radicalization of sections of the peasantry and middle classes. Hence the new world war will bring much larger masses into movement and the imperialists will not be able to conceal the class character of the war against the Soviet Union or suppress the revolutionary movement so easily as in 1914.

Anti-Soviet Front.

The Kellogg peace pact has strengthened the position of the new German imperialism. The pact is directed against the Soviet Union. The German bourgeoisie is prepared to enter an anti-Soviet front in return for alterations in the disarmament conditions and alterations on the western frontiers. In case of war Germany might remain neutral temporarily but would, in fact, represent the most important base for operations against the Soviet Union.

The increased preparations for war are accompanied by increased repressive measures against the workers. Fascism in Germany is not strong at present, but could play an important part in the event of war. The German social democrats are now openly supporting the imperialists. This gives us a better basis for exposing them. The most important thing in the Communist anti-war policy is that we do not wait until war breaks out, but act now.

War is not an independent question, but is connected with all policies. All parties must work out a concrete plan for struggling against war. Legal work must be connected with illegal work upon the basis of winning the masses. When war comes we will follow the example of the Russian workers.

French Prepare War.

The nineteenth session of the congress opened under the chairmanship of Murphy, of Great Britain. Bell, of Great Britain, read the text of the resolution for the fourth of August, which was unanimously adopted. Following the speech by Jay Lovestone, of the United States, Barbe, of France, addressed the congress. He reported that the French bourgeoisie is feverishly preparing for war. Armament expenditures have increased fourfold in recent years. The latest French military law, which was adopted with the support of the French social democrats, represents an important measure in the preparation for war. The French social democrats are the agents of the imperialists and are openly supporting imperialist policy.

The French Communist Party has made great progress in the struggle against French imperialism. The former anarchist anti-militarist traditions are being abolished. The campaign against the war in Morocco greatly assisted in ripening and consolidating the party.

As far as concerns the conflict between France and Italy, the party has connected the fight against fascism with the fight against war.

The party has done particularly good work among recruits, reservists and sailors. The young generation, in particular, would assist the party in transforming the imperialist war into a civil war.

TO HOLD LEFT WING FESTIVAL

To crowd the season of open-air affairs for this year, the Trade Union Educational League, local New York, is arranging a Workers' Open-Air Festival to be held at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, on Saturday, August 25th, a festival which will mobilize all the left wing workers in the city and environs and which bids fair to outdo in gayety and entertainment all previous picnics, fairs or outdoor bazaars.

A committee of the local T. U. E. L. is hard at work making up a program for the occasion, which, it is promised, will remain unrivalled in the annals of outdoor affairs.

Ulmer Park may be reached by the B.-M. T., West End line, to the 25th Avenue Station.

All left wing workers are urged to buy their tickets as soon as possible.

SAY LABOR SPY IS NOT GUILTY

Jury of Peers Clears Lessig

A so-called unofficial labor court yesterday pronounced guiltless Adolph Lessig, who has admitted that his name has been on the books of a spy agency as charged by the union from which he was expelled.

Lessig who is suing the Daily Workers for $50,000 libel because this paper exposed his record was "tried" by a jury of his peers consisting of Philip Umstadter, president of local 51 of the Printing Pressmens' Union, Joseph Dudley, a lawyer of Paterson, Carl Holderman of the Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers, and James Myers, industrial secretary of the Federal Churches of Christ in America. They could find "no evidence," they said.

The complete report, it is stated, will not be ready until Sept. 5.

The International Auxiliary Company on whose books Lessig's name was found was caught red-handed spying on the machinists, molders, textile workers and other unions.

HOLD HUGE CLOAK MEET TOMORROW

Continued from Page One

Tens of thousands of circulars containing the call were distributed by hundreds of volunteer workers.

The cloak and dressmakers were also called upon to assist the committee of the N. O. C. that may come to their shops for organization purposes. "Drive the Sigman underworld gangster committees from the shops," was another slogan raised by the union.

In going to the meeting the directions given are: East Side Interboro subway to the E. 177th St. Station.

TURN FESTIVAL INTO BIG RALLY

Benjamin and Ragozin Talk to Assemblage

In spite of the intense heat that has held New York City in its clutches for the past few days, a successful festival under the auspices of the Brownsville section of the Workers (Communist) Party was held last Friday at 154 Watkins St., Brooklyn.

Members of the Workers (Communist) Party, the Young Workers (Communist) League, the Young Pioneers, and sympathizers and a group of young Negro workers attended the affair. Ray Ragozin, arriving after she had addressed an open-air meeting urged all non-party members present to join the Workers (Communist) Party and to participate actively in the struggles of the workers.

D. Benjamin, in a short speech, called attention to the present war danger, emphasizing the fact that all the nations are preparing for a new war by building greater armies and navies while they speak of the Kellogg "peace plan."

The affair, originally scheduled to be only a strawberry festival, assumed the importance of a Workers (Communist) Party campaign rally.

ADMIT M'GRADY LETTER GENUINE

"But Didn't Mean It," Shiplacoff Says

Continued from Page One

council, which called for further struggle against growing Communist influence.

He then remarked that he would have a fuller statement to make later on.

This in well-informed circles is taken to mean that the executive council of the A. F. of L. will be the recipient of frantic calls for a new public announcement of a "war to the finish against the Communists in New York." It is therefore expected that a loud trumpet blast will be immediately forthcoming from the American Federation of Labor chiefs, Matthew Woll and William Green.

Letters Raise Havoc.

That such a step is inevitable seems certain, in view of the terrible havoc by the publication of these letters, in the already completely demoralized ranks of the labor traitors.

Yesterday's news that the A. F. of L. bureaucrats admit defeat in their fight against the Joint Board created rejoicing among the thousands of fur workers who gathered in the fur district during the morning and noon hours. The eager workers bought up all available copies of the Daily Worker and the Jewish Daily Freiheit they could lay their hands on and bundles were taken up to the shops for the benefit of those who did not come down to lunch.

Fisher and Haimowitz, two of the so-called business agents of the right wing Joint Council, appeared yesterday in the fur district. The workers quickly surrounded them and jeered and hissed them out of the market.

Accompanying the rejoicing of the furriers in the fur district there was also a dominant note of militancy and determination to rally all forces to administer the final deathblow to the traitors. The fur district was ringing with assurances of the workers to carry on the fight until the union-wrecking forces are completely annihilated and the Furriers' Union restored to its former strength.

ORGANIZER WILL HELP TEXTILE STRIKE IN TOUR

Jeannette Pearl Begins Work in New Haven

In accord with its policy of furthering an intensive agitational campaign on behalf of the striking workers of New Bedford, Jeannette D. Pearl, prominent in labor activities for many years, has been engaged by the Workers International Relief as field organizer for the eastern district to arouse public sentiment in these states in the interest of the workers now in the midst of one of the most important textile struggles in recent history.

The work of the field organizers will be to stress the fact that a mass protest should be aimed at the particularly vicious assault on the textile pickets and their wholesale arrest as a means of intimidating the workers in the ranks and using these tactics in an effort to frighten them back to work, thus destroying the strike.

The Workers International Relief feels that it is now necessary that the cause of the strikers be made better known to the population centering about the strike area, and to workers all over the United States. Miss Pearl who begins her tour in New Haven, Connecticut today will immediately begin arrangements for large demonstrations, mass meetings and conferences in order to arouse sympathy and secure cooperation for the striking textile workers in their struggle for decent living conditions.

Miss Pearl has been active for many years in the labor struggles throughout the United States. For the past two years she has been field organizer of the National Council for the Protection of Foreign Born Workers, and has made extensive tours covering the principal cities of the middle west states in the interest of the foreign born workers.

Miss Pearl's tour will be part of a nationwide campaign to enroll members in the organization of the W. I. R. and to establish branches in the principal cities of the country.

All organizations in the cities that Miss Pearl is scheduled to visit, have been called upon to cooperate with her in the various activities which she has planned for the benefit of the New Bedford textile strikers.

COPS BEAT UP TAXI DRIVERS

Commissioner Fails to Act

Charges that they were "lumped up" and brutally assaulted by detectives, police officers and a police lieutenant of the Gates Avenue station, have been made by three taxi drivers. One driver has made a complaint direct to Police Commisisoner Warren.

According to Murray Pfeffer, one of the drivers who made the charge, he and three other taxi drivers, employed by the Norman Taxi Company, were driving in a cab on their way home early Saturday morning, July 28th, when for no reason at all they were stopped by a cop, who flourished his gun at them and ordered them to the Gates Avenue Police Station, Brooklyn. Upon their arrival they were beaten up by the cops who gave no reason for the slugging.

Pfeffer's story is as follows:

Cops Holds Up Man.

"We had arrived at the corner of Marcy and Gates Avenue, when we saw a policeman with a gun holding up a man. As we drove up the cop flourished his gun and ordered us out of the cab, then lined us up and "frisked" us for weapons. After this he took us to the station house at Gates and Marcy Avenues, although we had not been placed under arrest on any specific charge.

"Here we were taken into a back room by detectives, police officers and the lieutenant where they beat us up."

"At the time I and the other taxi drivers could smell liquor on the breath of the lieutenant. The officers did not charge us with anything in particular, but asked us questions such as: "Did you buy the suit you are wearing on the east side?" and other obviously drunken questions. Each time I replied the lieutenant would hit me. In doing this he cut my chin and the bruises still remain."

Taxi drivers declare that these charges like most other similar charges of cabmen will be pigeonholed.

INSURANCE FUNDS MISSING.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6. — Roy C. Toombs, president of the International Life Insurance Company of St. Louis, has been asked to explain the absence of $3,500,000 in securities. All of the remaining assets of the company are in the hands of the State Insurance Department, pending further developments.

Pioneers in California Health Camp

The picture shows a group of sturdy Pioneers from the Workers' Camp outside Los Angeles where the children of workers may enjoy some relief from their conditions in the city. (Photo by Paul C. Reiss)

MARTHA NORELIUS SETS TWO WORLD RECORDS

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 6 (UP).—Two world's records and two Olympic records fell today in swimming events of the ninth Olympiad.

With the track and field events ended—with America an easy winner both in number of first places and in total points—interest was divided between swimming and boating events, and Joie Ray's announcement today that he planned to retire from running and seek a coaching job after he competes in the Irish national games at Dublin, August 15.

National League.

The Chicago Cubs lost valuable ground in the National League race Monday by dropping both ends of a doubleheader to the Phillies, 8 to 7 and 5 to 1. The Cubs rallied in the late innings of the first game but fell one run short of tying the score.

• • •

American League.

The Chicago White Sox won from the New York Yankees yesterday 5 to 4, although they were forced to go 15 innings to turn the trick. The Yanks managed to hold their league lead of 3½ games by virtue of Philadelphia's defeat at Detroit.

• • •

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.

Chicago 5, New York 4
Cleveland 7, Washington 4
Washington 11, Cleveland 2
Detroit 8, Philadelphia 5
St. Louis 9, Boston 4

National League.

Philadelphia 8, Chicago 7
Philadelphia 5, Chicago 1

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

NEARING TO LEAD IN JERSEY TOUR

Functionaries Meeting to Be Held Aug. 11

NEWARK, N. J., August 6.—A tour of New Jersey by Scott Nearing and Albert Weisbord, candidates for Governor and U. S. Senator, was one of the plans announced by the State Ratification Convention held last Saturday and Sunday.

Delegates from all parts of the state attended the Red Banquet and the Convention, and a program was prepared for the most vigorous campaign the Party has ever undertaken here.

A meeting of all New Jersey speakers, organizers and agitators, directors of Party units and locals and of the Young Workers (Communist) League will be held in Newark Saturday, August 11, 3 P. M., at 93 Mercer Street.

In order to acquaint the workers of New Jersey with the platform, aims, and work of the Workers (Communist) Party and to prepare them for the tours of our state candidates, open air meetings must be held regularly in every city and town in New Jersey at least once a week. To make these meetings and the campaign successful New Jersey must use all her own forces. All comrades capable of speaking or of being developed into speakers in any language must be utilized. If, for any reason, they cannot speak in their own town they can be used in one near by.

The bureau will meet twice a month. At each meeting a leading speaker will be sent from the district, will lead a discussion on some important subject, will pass out outlines for talks and will make suggestions, criticisms, etc., on public speaking.

All New Jersey oranizers must see to it that a list of all comrades who can be used as speakers or developed for that purpose is immediately sent to E. Stanley, 93 Mercer St., Newark. They must also instruct these comrades to attend the meeting at this address Saturday, Aug. 11, at 3 P.M.

The following comrades must attend: All organizers and agitators, directors of party units and locals; all organizers and agitprop directors of League units in New Jersey; all comrades who have spoken before at open air meetings.

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MEXICAN PARTY STRESSES FIGHT ON WAR DANGER

Scores U.S. Imperialism in Statement

MEXICO CITY, August 6.—The manifesto of the Communist Party of Mexico on the fourteenth anniversary of the world war, issued here today denounced the Versailles Treaty as farcical and pointed out the failure of the League of Nations.

It indicates how the League of Nations has done nothing to prevent the imperialist rule of China and the fascist-Greek-Jugoslav conflict on the Adriatic, or the [illegible] of Nicaragua by United States imperialism.

It points out that the League of Nations is only a successful coalition of the imperialist governments and is directed against the Soviet Union.

The manifesto denounced the hypocrisy of Kellog's peace drive, when at the same time American troops were in Nicaragua, Haiti, Panama and Cuba and points out the brutal imperialism of the United States in Porto Rico and the Philippines.

Since, the statement declares, England and the United States are preparing a new world war which will have repercussions in the Caribbean area and in Mexico, the only possible tactics for Mexico is to combat the pacifism of the reformists and prepare for a true workers and peasants revolution.

CMTC STUDENTS QUARANTINED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6 (UP).—Twenty-nine Citizen's Military Training Camp students at Fort Eustis, Va., have been quarantined as a result of the death of Emmett Naughton, Cumberland, Md., who died from cerebral meningitis.

Several companies of the students were sent home after tests by physicians showed no sign of the disease. The others were held because they came in contact with Naughton.

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lombian Cabinet May Resign in American-British Struggle Over the Oil Lands

BERS WILL ESIGN IF ANTI-OIL LAW PASSED

[illegible] to Regain Barco Oil Fields

OGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 6.—In [illegible] is seen to be a renewed at- [illegible] on the part of the American [illegible] Company to regain its Barco [illegible] concession of 5,000,000 acres, [illegible] cabinet members threatened [illegible] when President Abadia [illegible] confirmed the cancellation [illegible] concession.

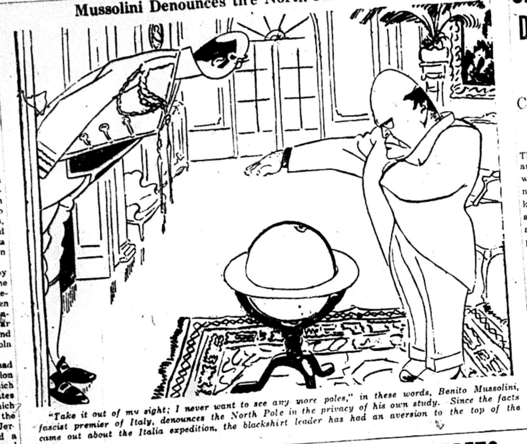
The concession was cancelled by [illegible] previous administration on the [illegible] that it had not been de- [illegible] according to contract. When [illegible] present administration confirmed the decree Minister of War [illegible], Foreign Minister Uribe and [illegible] of the Interior Arrazola [illegible] to resign.

The Colombian administration had [illegible] declared all oil legislation [illegible] and passed a new oil law which [illegible] designated to make United States [illegible] investment easier and which [illegible] special concessions to the [illegible] Oil Company of New Jer- [illegible]. The new oil law created a [illegible] company, under the control of the Standard and Andean Oil Company (a British controlled com- [illegible]).

American Capitalist Grabs Power, Light System in Nicaragua

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6 (FP).—Public utilities in Managua, capital of Nicaragua, have been taken over by the W. B. Foshay Company, of Minneapolis, near neighbor to Secretary Kellogg who lives in St. Paul. The Foshay concern has recently bought up numerous small electric light and other utility properties in Portland, Ore., and other western cities, and has issued large amounts of stock which it is selling to the public. The Managua deal is said to represent an outlay of $800,000, and to include the electric light, water and ice systems.

Mussolini Denounces the North Pole in Private



"Take it out of my sight; I never want to see any more poles," in these words, Benito Mussolini, fascist premier of Italy, denounces the North Pole in the privacy of his own study. Since the facts came out about the Italia expedition, the blackshirt leader has had an aversion to the top of the globe.

SERB-CROATIAN DIVISION GROWS IN NEW KILLING

Croatians Oppose Nettuno Pact

ZAGREB, Jugoslavia, Aug. 6.—The national division between Serbs and Croatians was sharpened today when the editor of the Belgrade newspaper Jedinstvo was shot and killed by a Croatian railway worker as revenge for the shooting of Paul and Stefan Raditch in the Belgrade parliament on June 20.

The Jedinstvo is held responsible by leaders of the Croatian Peasant Party for spreading hatred against the Croatians and directly inspiring the assassination of Paul Raditch. A few days before the shooting in the Belgrade parliament the Jedinstvo urged that "Raditch and Pribitchevitch should be murdered for Jugoslavia's good." After the shooting the paper wrote, "Yet more Croatian blood must flow." In spite of the protests of the Croatian party leaders the Belgrade government did nothing to suppress the paper.

In the meantime the two separate parliaments continue to hold their sessions, one in Belgrade, which claims to be the Jugoslav legislative body, the other in Zagreb, which is composed of the Croatian-Democratic autonomists.

* * *

BELGRADE, Aug. 6.—A commission of the abbreviated parliament which is meeting here, minus the representatives of the Croatian Peasant Party and the Democratic party which total about 100 deputies, has ratified the Nettuno conventions, which gives the Italian government special rights on the Adriatic.

The parliament at Zagreb, composed of the Croatian opposition, has declared that whatever international agreements entered into by the Belgrade session are null and viod and represent only the will of the Serb hegemony.

EXPOSE BRITISH RAIL BETRAYAL

Tom Mann Writes to Daily Worker

Continued from Page One

bers of the Minority Movement. The chairman undoubtedly was hoping that one of the Minority men would have struck him and that he would have gone to public meetings with the evidence of physical combat on his features, which would have been a good asset had it so happened, but it did not. Such struggle as there was took the form of pulling and pushing, and so on, but it was physical force all right, deliberately resorted to by those who are declared opponents of physical force and say they will not be identified with we revolutionaries as long as we favor realizing our economic freedom by means of force.

Reformist Tactics.

The disturbance arose over the fact that several Minority men had been elected as delegates to the conference from Scotland, but the old official crowd in Scotland refused to grant credentials to the men so elected, but did issue credentials to others who had not been elected as delegates by the workers' votes, so when the properly elected men turned up at the conference they were refused admission to the conference floor as they were without credentials, so they made their way into the gallery and commenced to address the conference from that position. A sequel to this and continuation of it took place yesterday in Glasgow, when the Scottish miners' executive met and the Minority delegates attended and endeavored to participate as delegates (which they were by election), and as a consequence the chairman, Bob Smillie, sent for the police to come and put the Minority Movement men out of the hall. This was done. Of course the matter will be fought out, and whatever happens in regard to this particular case the revolutionaries will triumph, not with the miners only, but in the other industries also.

300,000 Miners Jobless.

It is well known that there are three hundred thousand fewer men working at the mines than was the case a few years ago. Then there were 1,250,000 working in and about the mines. Now only 970,000. The output of coal is practically the same as when the larger number were at the mines. The explanation is that machines have taken the place of men, especially mechanical coal cutters and coal conveyors. The government themselves admit that there are fully 200,000 surplus miners under existing conditions. All they can suggest is migration or emigration. The real remedy is, of course, in reduced working hours; therefore the six-hour day instead of the eight.

Attack on Wages.

The difference between the attitude of reformist trade unionists and of Minority Movement men is seen clearly in the case of the railways. It is our constant attitude to fight continuously for the raising of the standard of life, and therefore never to consent to a lowering of the standard of life of the workers to make it easier for the bosses. Meetings have been held recently between the officials of the Railwaymen's Unions and the companies. The rank and file have not been consulted on details, but J. H. Thomas, the political secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, asked the men to trust their officials in any negotiations. Now the companies have told the officials they must tell the men they must all submit to serious reductions. Ever since the war the men have received a war bonus to meet the increased cost of living. The companies' proposals are:

"The immediate withdrawal of the whole of the war bonus, the cancellation of payment for night work, Sunday duty and overtime; temporary suspension of the guaranteed day and week in return for a guaranteed week, which would embrace all time, whether overtime, Sunday duty or night work."

Today these proposals are receiving attention at the hands of the union officials. Such outrageous conditions would never have been suggested but for the absence of all militancy on the part of union officials and their proffered assistance to the companies to help them to stabilize their position. Before this can reach you I expect some vigorous action to be taken by the militants, which you will learn of by cable.

Sends Greetings.

I enclose you our invitation circular calling our fifth annual conference of the National Minority Movement at the end of August. By the subjects enumerated you will gather the character of the conference. I very much wish you were coming to be present at the conference sessions. Please accept of the best comradely greetings to yourself and the Worker staff, and greetings from us to all your readers.

Fraternally yours,
TOM MANN.

U. S. PUPPETS WIN IN PANAMA

Gov't Controls Polls; Wins 'Victory'

PANAMA CITY, Aug. 6.—With the election of Florencio Arosemena previously assured by the withdrawal of the Porras opposition candidate, an unofficial check of the polls indicate that the government party has acquired the overwhelming majority of the 45 seats in the national assembly and in the municipal councils of all the districts.

A complete victory in the general elections was assured the government forces when the Porras party withdrew its candidate, Dr. Jorges Boyd, who is at present in Washington, and declared last Thursday that their party would not vote.

During the voting the entire police force and militia were on duty throughout Panama in order to prevent opposition to the government-controlled elections.

Reformists Congress Attacks Communists, Supports Kellogg Pact

BRUSSELS, Aug. 6.—The first session of the third congress of the Second International, which has just opened here, was marked by a vicouis attack on the Communist Party by former Premier Vandervelde of Belgium who called the Communist "traitors to the working class."

Hand in hand with this denouncement of the Communists for keeping class lines distinct the congress listened to excited praise of the League of Nations by Arthur Henderson, who was a member of Ramsey MacDonalds' cabinet, and who urged support of the League of Nations as "a beacon which never thus fa rhas been extinguished."

The English laborite also called upon the congress and the League of Nations to support Kellogg's anti-war pact.

Air Militarism Comes to Grief in Crash

One of the results of the increasing air militarism in the United States has been the growing number of accidents due to insufficient training of pilots and amateurs who attempt to fly. The picture shows the debris of a Waco biplane which crashed near the Cranford flying field, N. J. Staro M. Steiger, German military ace, was killed in the disaster. The wreck was caused when a student lost control.

CAL TAKES PEEP AT IRON MINES

Slated for Steel Boss, Is Rumor

Continued from Page One

fice of the Oliver in the Lyceum Bldg. is the center of the spider web of steel trust esponage which radiates to all points in the iron range and the head of the lakes. Any worker who failed to take his hat off to Cal would be spotted and reported to the Lyceum Bldg. Any worker or friend of a worker donating a quarter or half dollar to the Communist campaign funds would be similarly blacklisted. Any worker of the thousands in the steel trust employ who helped arrange a meeting to get Tom Mooney out of jail or to raise relief funds for the striking miners or textile workers would be marked for persecution by the Oliver company.

Cal, a Steel Stockholder.

It is this sort of corporation that Coolidge is to be promoted to after his service to the Morgans in Washington. He is also a stockholder in the U. S. Corp., just as Chief Justice Taft of the U. S. Supreme Court draws $10,000 a year from steel trust securities given him by Andy Carnegie. Open or concealed, steel has its minions everywhere.

Mexico's Revenues Exceed Estimates

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 6 (UP).—Mexico's revenues for the first six months of the present year were approximately $5,000,000 above the estimate for the period, a financial statement issued by Minister of Finance Decca asserts.

It was stated that general business conditions in the country are "fair." The greatest loss during the period was in the oil revenues, which were $2,500,000 below estimates.

OREGON TO NAME CANDIDATES

Plan Nominating Meet for August 12

With the arrival of Sorenson in Oregon, the work of placing the names of the Workers (Communist) Party candidates on the ballot is being pushed, and all signs indicate that the great timber state of the northwest will soon be among the states where the exploited workers and farmers will be able to vote for William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow on election day.

Candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party in the state will be nominated at an electors assembly meeting to be held on August 12 at 2 p. m. in the Public Library meeting room, at 10th St. and Yamill Ave., Portland, according to a telegram received at the headquarters of the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

Sorenson has issued an appeal to sympathizers as well as all members of the Workers (Communist) Party to be present at this meeting.

The members of the Workers (Communist) Party in Oregon are conducting a vigorous election campaign by mail and through speakers. Owing to the bad economic situation in which the workers are placed in the state, the workers are discontented with the rule of the old parties, and are readier than ever to listen to the speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party, and to read Communist literature, Sorenson reports.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

NEW ARGENTINE LAW WILL BAN WORKERS PRESS

Grants Immunity to Gov. Editors Only

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 6.—A move for new legislation against the working class press was instituted in the chamber of deputies here today when a press bill was introduced which granted immunity from arrest for all editors who swore allegiance to Argentina.

The bill will grant immunity from arrest to all those editors who will indicate their support of the present administration by an oath of allegiance. All editors who refuse to take this oath will be liable to arrest.

If the bill passes the chambers, it is generally believed that it will be used as a legal excuse to suppress all trade union, working class and revolutionary publicat'ons.

LEAGUE SCHOOL TO CELEBRATE

CLOQUET, Minn., Aug. 6.—The Young Workers (Communist) League Educational Courses here will hold its commencement program on Saturday evening, Aug. 11.

The program will consist of a speech by a student, musical numbers and various other numbers, all being course talent. In addition, there will be a speech made by one of the instructors. After the program, there will be dancing with good music.

These courses are being held in various parts of the country to educate the youth in the class movement of today. Training leaders of the youth from our own ranks is a very important task of these courses.

All workers of Cloquet and surrounding territory should come to the course commencement. Let's come and give encouragement and inspiration to the youth going out into the class struggle.

ALBANY, N. Y.—About 100 per cent of the 98,984 industrial accidents for which compensation was awarded the past year in this state involved injuries to boys and girls under 21 years.

The index of the 5,500,000 farm laborers in the United States has fallen from 118.6 in 1906 to 92.8

(Daily Worker Talks No. 4).

Be a Bolshevik!

WHAT PRICE CHAMPIONS!

Fifty millions of workers would recognize the photograph at the left.

Possibly two hundred thousand would know the other person.

In this striking incident is revealed the backwardness, the weakness—yes, the disgrace of the working class.

* * * * *

Gene Tunney, champion of the prize ring, millionaire, ignoramus, in spite of his touted interest in the arts, fighter for his own petty ends—retires to spend his quickly "earned" fortune—how?

Ben Gold, leader of the heroic fur workers, much-jailed, slugged, poor, so that at times he cannot pay his room rent—will never retire from the fight which, in the immediate sense, is not his own battle at all, but that of others.

And only yesterday the combined forces of reaction and betrayal—the labor fakers, the boss battalions, the police squads, were forced to acknowledge defeat in a struggle of two years' standing.

The battles of Gene Tunney have no significance for the positive developments in society except to retard them.

The fight which Ben Gold is leading is the very fabric of those developments.

* * * * *

Ben Gold by himself has little or no significance, he weighs just a bit more than half as much as Tunney; he is only two-thirds as tall; he has no more than one-third the strength of the champion of the padded ring. But Ben Gold's work will stand long after Tunney's very name will have been forgotten.

IT ISN'T ENOUGH TO BE A CHAMPION.

YOU MUST BE A CHAMPION OF THE WORKING CLASS!

Today that means more and more definitely: Be a Bolshevik!

It means to build the organization of the Bolsheviks.

It means to support the official organ of the Bolsheviks.

It means to become a writer-fighter for The DAILY WORKER.

BE A BOLSHEVIK!

(Tomorrow: Hysterical Hokum).

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Soviet Russia
in the
Second Decade

Edited By
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and PROF. TUGWELL

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TWO COMMUNIST CAMPAIGNERS
DESIGNED BY FRED ELLIS

The VOTE COMMUNIST Stamp
Printed over a background formed by the Red Hammer and Sickle with the photographs of Foster and Gitlow tastefully worked in.
To be posted on envelopes, letters, programs, shop papers, bulletins, etc.
PRICE: Book of eighty stamps, $1.00. Can be resold at 10c per page of eight stamps. Quantity lots: 55 books for $50; 90 books for $75; 125 for $100.

The VOTE COMMUNIST Button
A beautiful arrangement of the photographs of Foster and Gitlow within a solid red shield.
VOTE COMMUNIST stands out.
Can be sold anywhere for a dime.
PRICE: 5c in lots up to 100; 4c in lots up to 1,000; 3c in lots up to 5,000; 2c in lots of 5,000 or over.

NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE
WORKERS(COMMUNIST) PARTY
43 East 125th St, NEW YORK, N. Y.

BROACH TOOK HUDSON AVE. JOB FROM LOCAL 20 FOR DEMANDING ORGANIZATION OF UTILITY WORKERS

(By Electrical Correspondent)

Some time ago the membership of Local No. 20 were granted the right by the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers to do the work of the Hudson Avenue Power House. Local 20 is an organization of public utility electrical workers.

In view of the fact that Local 20 successfully undertook to organize the Hudson Avenue Power House, the members of Local 20 were entitled to this consideration.

The insistence by members of this union for complete organization of the utility electrical workers has become unbearable to H. H. Broach, International representative in New York. Broach is determined to smash Local 20 for it's militant demand for complete organization of utility electrical workers.

On becoming aware of the work granted the members of Local 20, Broach immediately set about taking that work away from them under the pretense that the work in question rightfully belonged to Local 3. As a result of this destructive policy the work of the Hudson Avenue Power House was lost to the members of Local 20 and to the members of Local 3 as well.

Far from discouraging the members of Local 20, the smashing tactics employed by Broach serve only one purpose, that of exposing him in his true role, that of a master labor faker.

—R. A. M.

O, Mr. Broach: Worker Correspondent Paging You in Name of 5,000 Unionists

SOME POINTED SOME TERRIBLY MEAN QUESTIONS

But "Caesar" Knows the Answers, No Doubt

(By Electrical Correspondent)

When W. H. Broach of the Electrical Workers' Union first came to New York for his so-called "organization" campaign he told the membership that it would not cost the local one cent and that it would give a lot of money to the local treasury. To prove it he turned over the first ten thousand dollars. He also claimed that the dues were too high and said that the local should run much cheaper since it had so large a membership. He also said that no man should be elected for more than one year at a time. Broach always claimed it was a business organization.

Some Questions.

Now, Broach, show the members what a good man you are by sending each and every member a financial statement of the Local No. 3's finances so that they may read and study it. Don't be afraid, if you are a good business man. Also tell us what right the treasurer has to sign checks all hours of the night and early morning? Has he got legal vouchers for all checks he signs, and have all vouchers been read to the body as they should be read according to our local's by-laws?

At one of the meetings this year you said that it cost the organization $190,000 for lawyers' fees. Now, if everything is on the "up," as you say it is, let us know what law firms got the money and how much each firm received. Why the high costs of the lawyers? You also said at the last meeting that you would use $200,000 right away if you could get it. Why do you need such a large sum of money if the local is in ship-shape order, as you claim?

How About the Dinner?

Tell us about the dinner that J. Livingston, the electrical contractor, gave last year, where you spoke to the contractors about the coming agreement. We understand that you told them a lot of mistakes were made and that you would rectify them. When they asked you about the fines that were imposed upon the members you said that you would also take care of that, and that you would "see to it." When they asked you about labels on fixtures you told them that you could not write it into the agreement, but you agreed right there at the dinner that the contractor belonging to group No. 1 of the contractors' association need not bother about labels. Did you write them a letter to that effect? You also told them that you would agree to any system of helpers they wanted, even the old one, that is, one helper to each man; and, besides, you gave them to understand that they could write their own agreements so long as they would sign with you. Is this not the truth, Broach? Yes or no?

And Another Dinner?

There was another dinner that you and the contractors had, at No. 2 Park Ave., where you told them what a nice electrical business they had and how you were going to make it better for them by putting the BX out of the way, also how one of your own field forces spoke and put his foot in it by telling them how "cheap" some of them were and how they were cutting the price of the work on one another and ruining the trade.

Well, we're not always going to stand by and see you bleed young American boys and helpers by the enormous dues that your pet officers of the local want to put over on them. It is you and the contractors. Birds of a feather flocking together.

Now, about the building trades council. They, as a body, voted not to interfere with our affairs. Tell us what part Halcket, Patterson and Reamally played in that little party and who on the council had sent that little letter to the contractors and who had dictated it, and what was the cost to the local, if any, and who got the money?

Now, Broach, your organization committee organized the subway electrical workers. Now tell us what pay they get and what part of the electrical trade they do. Also, who runs the electrical conduit in the subway? Tell us the number of men organized in the subway and what was promised them by your field men. Do you know that he told them he could "class A" each after one year?

Your pet executive board is fining members large sums of money, some as high as $500, and the excuse they give to the man fined is that they do not work according to the electrical code. Now, Broach, we would like to see you and your pet officers take an electrical examination; above all, your business manager, Fliess, and you, Broach.

How many members have been fired from the job and what consideration is given to the contractor who does your bidding?

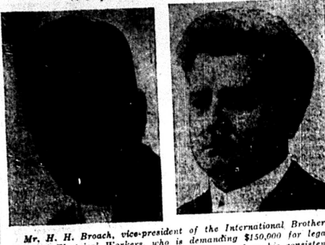
What salary does McIntyre draw and what payroll is he on? If you and your officers have the membership at heart, why don't they stop draining their salary and put their money into a fund for the members who are out of work, so that they can pay unemployment insurance?

No, you don't want that. What you want is to bleed them for more when you know that they cannot pay now.

The telephone company has not had any agreement for the past 15 years. How is it that you don't stop them when you and your business manager know that the old agreement is being violated every day? Still you talk a lot about them at the meeting. Please tell the membership about your connections with the telephone company. Are you afraid of them, or is there another reason why you do not organize the large public utilities? We would like to know these facts, Broach.

S. D.

Well, Don't They Look It?



Mr. H. H. Broach, vice-president of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, who is demanding $150,000 for legal "expense" a year. He is not basing his demand on his consistent refusal to organize the unorganized or, in fact, to organize anything, or his alleged dickers with the contractors, or those swell Park Avenue dinners, or his program for squelching protests from progressives and swelling the net receipts for the Broach machine. These, however, are the net results of his misleadership so far. Next is international treasurer William A. Hogan, financial secretary of Local 3, exposed at the time of the Lakewood Building trades investigation among other labor corruptionists, he still is kept in power by the Noonan machine and works together with Broach. What has he got on the machine that they have to keep him in office?

A MESSAGE TO ALL ELECTRIC WORKERS

The Daily Worker has for two years been making an active fight for better conditions in the electrical workers' trade. For the past year this paper has found it necessary to expose the role played by H. H. Broach, International vice-president of the Brotherhood, who came into the New York situation as a "progressive" and a "reformer."

Two years ago the Daily Worker was practically unknown to the electrical workers. Today, several hundred of them read it regularly. This is only a small number compared with the thousands in the trade.

This message is written to the thousands of electrical workers into whose hands this issue will be placed in order to explain to them the real purpose of this paper and the part it plays, and must play, in their struggles.

OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY THE WORKERS.

The Daily Worker, unlike the papers of the big business interests, is not conducted for profit. It does not live on advertising and operates on a deficit 52 weeks a year—made up, of course, by the workers themselves who own, control and direct its policies. In fact, the Daily Worker is the only daily paper in the English language really owned and controlled by the workers themselves.

* * *

66The Daily Worker cannot be bought. It is the official organ of a political party, the Workers (Communist) Party which is committed to an uncompromising struggle against the bosses and their tools in the labor movement, the misleaders of the workers, who directly or indirectly carry out the policies of the bosses. This point is emphasized because recently there was a rumor that the Daily Worker has been "reached" and that it would stop its exposures of the Broach machine.

The Daily Worker cannot be bought up; it cannot be influenced to stop its fight against the labor traitors—because it speaks for a party that cannot have any other program.

When the Daily Worker first began its exposures of Broach and his local gang, the little tryrant fumed and stormed and threatened to send for the writer of the article. BUT BROACH KNEW BETTER!

GAME OF A LABOR FAKER.

His game now is to attack the Communists as "radicals," impractical," "foolish, etc. He claims to have tried their methods and have found them "unworkable." More lately he has been passing along the lie that the Communists have wrecked every union in which they have been active. Now, every intelligent worker must understand that this is the usual smoke screen put out by the labor fakers to hide the real issues.

The issue is not Communism and the Communists.

The issues in the labor movement today are lowering wage levels, the increasing unemployment, the attack of the bosses on the unions, the large masses of the unorganized, used by the employers to drive down the standards of the organized workers, scab conditions on the job, craft divisions in the unions which weaken the struggle of the workers.

These are the issues and the important arises of whether the leaders will fight against these evils or lay down and work with the bosses.

* * *

The Daily Worker says fight! The Communists say fight! That is why the bosses and the labor fakers hate the Daily Worker and the Communists.

AND THAT IS WHY THE DAILY WORKER IS THE PAPER FOR THE WORKERS!

Only a small number of the electrical workers understand the message of Communism. But this is the right road for them to follow just the same. They and other workers will learn this fact with the sharpening of the struggle.

* * *

Every electrical worker should read the Daily Worker:

(1) Because the Daily Worker is the only paper which really speaks for the workers and truly represents their interests.

(2) Because it fights the enemies of the workers, inside and outside of the labor movement—no other paper does this.

(3) Because the Daily Worker, fights for the organization of the unorganized, for better wages, decreased hours, union conditions on the job, for a labor party, for a workers' and farmers' government, for a world fit to live in for those who toil.

IT IS YOUR DUTY TO BUY, READ, DISTRIBUTE, AGITATE FOR THE DAILY WORKER. You are a worker; it is your paper. It needs your help just as you need the advice and help of the paper and the movement which it represents.

BUY THE DAILY WORKER REGULARLY! Get your newsdealer to carry the paper. This is your fight!

Also you must write in to the paper. Become an electrical worker correspondent. We will keep your name in confidence, and correct your English if necessary.

The Daily Worker has nearly three thousand worker correspondents from every trade and section in the United States.

We now have a dozen or more correspondents from the electrical industry who helped to make up this page. We should have one hundred. It is your duty to write to your paper. Your fight is incomplete unless you report it to the Daily Worker.

BROACH AIMS TO GET MORE POWER IN LOCAL THREE

Amendments Ready for Thursday Meet

Continued from Page One

eral idea that the electrical workers are rolling in luxury.

About two years ago the electrical workers in New York were demanding an increase in wages. The Brotherhood sent H. H. Broach, its international vice-president, to take charge of the situation. After conferring with the bosses who had, as usual, been bitterly opposed to the wage increase, Broach mysteriously announced an easy victory.

Later it became known just what took place at the conference table between Broach and the employers. The bosses at the time were complaining that a considerable part of the work in the trade was being done by the open-shop, smaller concerns. The game agreed upon was to organize these small shops so that the big fellows could eliminate their competition. This was the trade made by Broach.

Broach Admits Deal.

In a hearing before the Industrial Survey Commission last winter, Broach openly admitted that he came to New York City at the request of the big fellows in the industry to eliminate "the carpet baggers" as he called the others.

The O'Hara administration, which then controlled Local 3, fought against the policy of opening the books to new members, a policy which was bad for the union just as its other policies and methods worked against the interest of the members. How Broach got rid of the O'Hara group is well known to the labor movement.

That Broach did this job for his own purposes and not for the good of the organization soon became apparent.

Then Broach proceeded halfheartedly with his so-called organization scheme. That he really knows practically nothing about how to organize mass workers, in spite of his high-sounding boasts, has been amply proved in New York just as it was proved during his activities in the 1919 steel strike where those working with him testify that he was wholly incompetent and that he is "yellow."

The organization fizzle in New York cost the union about $100,000.

Then the real career of the "Little Caesar" began. He introduced a set of regulations in the local which can be equalled only by the practices of the greatest labor faker, Berry, of the Printing Pressmen's Union. If a member discusses union issues at the meeting, he is liable to a heavy fine or suspension. Hundreds of members are kept out of the meetings, a gang of spotters watch at the entrance. Hired sluggers and paid police in the fashion of the John Lewis of the mine workers, are the methods of Broach.

One of the chief schemes Broach was interested in was the sale of insurance to the membership. The real graft of this scheme cannot be exposed here. Soon Broach began promising the men that if they "behaved" everything would be "wonderful."

But, conditions on the job were going from bad to worse. When the present unemployment crisis set in, the members naturally looked to Broach for some real plan of relief. He offered them "sympathy" and finally admitted that he could do nothing. When the members fought for a plan, 500 of them were excluded from the meetings.

Then the "great organizer" announced his famous scheme about "BX.' (Metal-insulated wire. Ed.)

Well, every member knows how this turned out and no more need be said about it.

No real organization drive, no protection of the men on the jobs. If a union man gets fired, he is told he is "out of luck." No attempt to organize the public utilities, which the International has agreed not to touch. Instead we have vicious attacks against the Communists, an issue which he uses as a smoke screen to hide his own failures.

Low Wages, Bad Conditions.

The average electrician in New York works no more than 6 months a year and averages no more than $35 per week. Nearly a dollar and a half a week total charges goes to the union. How much is left?

And how about the thousands who work under non-union conditions at $6, $7, and even less, per day?

Every single member of the union must come to the Thursday meeting and fight for his union. A reactionary machine can win only because the members stay away from meetings and refuse to fight.

The progressive electrical workers demand:

1. The elimination of the dictation of Broach and the freedom of the rank and file to run their own affairs.

2. Every barred man must be permitted to enter the meeting and take part in the union business. He must be given an opportunity to express his views no matter what these are and no matter whom these opinions displease.

3. A plan for unemployment relief. Reduction of high salaries during the period in which members are out of work and some of them starving. Reduction of dues.

4. The elimination of the gangster rule at meetings, the elimination of the spotters and the reign of terror.

5. A real organization campaign. A union controlled in the interests of the membership.

FIVE THOUSAND MEMBERS AT THE THURSDAY MEETING! DEFEND THE UNION AGAINST THE TRAIORS AND THE BOSSES' AGENTS!

ORGANIZATION ALWAYS FOILED BY H. H. BROACH

No Effort to Unionize Now Being Made

(By Electrical Correspondent)

Your articles on Local 3, of the I. B. E. W. carried in your militant paper well express the sentiment of not only the progressive members of Local 3 who have red blood in them, but also that of the unorganized electricians in New York.

The unorganized electricians who are working for unthinkably low wages and miserable conditions are also affected by the present administration in Local 3.

H. H. Broach, who is well named "Little Caeser" is not only betraying the members of Local 3 but also the great majority of the unorganized electricans. Although the members of Local 3 are heavily taxed to pay a salary of $115 a week to an organizer no attempt is being made to organize the unorganized electricians.

Demands Organiatoin.

The electricians of New York have demonstrated time and again their determination to become unionized. Several organizations were formed for the last 12 years with the aim of entering into Local 3 or becoming a branch of Local 3 and thereby improve their conditions. They all failed. The desire for a union was especially demonstrated in 1926, when 1,600 electricans joined the organization known as the E. W. A., within a period of six months.

H. H. Broach seeing the organization grow by leaps and bounds, decided to break it up. He proposed to take all the members in at $150 initiation fees without any discrimination. The E. W. A. agreed, for that time the fees were $200 and the books closed.

One of the conditions that Broach demanded was that the organization dissolve at once. This was done.

After waiting for over a year less than 200 out of the original 1,600 succeeded in entering Local 3. The rest were turned loose.

This, however, did not discourage the men who were determined to fight for a livelihood. The men organized again into the Alteration and Maintenance Union, which was later changed to the Independent Local 1.

Send in Stool Pigeons.

But here again, the organization after a few months of existence dissolved. The corrupt and dishonest leadership of this organization together with the stool-pigeons whom Broach sent in, sold out the organization. One set of officials sold it to Broach, another one to Dick O'Hara, former president of Local 3, who was expelled from that local on charges of graft and corruption.

At the present time there is no attempt being made to organize the electricians. This despite the fact that electricians are suffering most from unemployment and as a result of this—low wages.

The wages of the average electrician today is $6 per day.

But because of the miserable conditions these men are undergoing and because of the experience they had with H. H. Broach, the determination towards organization is greater than ever before.

The electricians will not be fooled any more by job-seekers in their own organization nor will they be fooled by Mr. H. H. Broach, the "Little Caeser" of Local 3.

UNORGANIZED ELECTRICIANS.

George Kaise'rs New Plav and Milne Farce Listed by Hopkins

CHARLES HOPKINS will open his theatre on 42nd St. with an importation from France. The play is to be known here as "The Unknown Warrior" and is the work of Paul Raynal, translated by Cecil Lewis. It is due sometime next month.

Other productions which Hopkins may do here are Milne's "The Fourth Wall"; George Kaiser's "The Great Fire in the Opera House; "L'Image," by Denys Amiel, and "The Wages of Virtue," by Harrison Owen.

* * *

Max Marcin announces the metropolitan premiere of his new play, "Trapped," of which Samuel Shipman is co-author, for this evening at the Forrest Theatre. The cast includes Felix Krembs, John Miltern, Frank Monroe, Calvin Thomas, Linda Watkins, Edward Woods, Mary Robinson, Alf Helton, Ralph Locke, Clarence Risien and George Larken.

* * *

And now we shall have a musical version of "Romeo and Juliet." At least George White says so. He plans to make a modern circus of the Shakespeare play—extremely up-to-date. He is working on the book and lyrics with Ray Henderson doing the score.

IN "BLACBIRDS OF 1928"

Adelaide Hall is one of the features in the Negro musical revue, "Blackbirds of 1928," now holding forth at the Liberty Theatre.

Katherine Carrington has been engaged for "An Unmarried Father," the play by Floyd Dell and Thomas Mitchell, which will be Crosby Gaige's first production of the season.

MAY WIRTH CHIEF ATTRACTION AT LUNA PARK CIRCUS

Luna Park's Circus is being over crowded, so Manager Arthur Jarvis has decided to increase the seating capacity of the stadium. The increase in the attendance at the circus is due to a series of acts that heretofore have only appeared with the largest circuses.

May Wirth supported by the various members of the famous Wirth family, recognized as the greatest equestrian act in all the world is the top line at Luna Park. Adele Nelson and her trained baby elephants is another, and "The Aerial Smiths" is a popular third. Another feature is the comedy clowning act of the DeKos Brothers.

1,128 Miners Killed at Work in Country in Last Half Year

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 6.—One thousand one hundred twenty-eight miners were killed while at work in the various mines in the United States during the last half year, the Bureau of Mines reports. The bituminous fields have taken a toll of 901 lives and the fatalities in the anthracite mines amounted to 278.

BROACH ATTACKS BARRED MEMBERS AT RECENT MEET

Insults Progressive Who Dared Flay Him

(By Electrical Correspondent)

At the regular meeting of Local 3, I. B. of E. W. last Thursday at the Central Opera House, East 67th St., Broach made a most demogogic attack on the hundreds of members, whom he has barred from meetings in a strenuous effort to belittle them in the eyes of the membership. He stated that in any organization of 7,000 members, at least 500 or 1,000 are mentally unbalanced, and that this trait can be traced to their family trees.

Broach then referred to Israel Josephson, a member in good standing who is barred from meetings, as being a "flathead." Josephson is one of the many who have dared to take the floor and voice their opinions in direct opposition to Broach's reactionary tactics. Broach says that Josephson had the nerve to come to his office and dare to demand his "rights." Broach sarcastically denounced Josephson for not knowing the difference between "rights" and "wrongs." It seems that Broach detests any man who, like Josephson, opens his talks with the salutation of "Fellow workers."

Broach admitted the fact that he has organized a clique, or machine, saying that this was necessary in order to have perfect "harmony" and cooperation inside the local. He stated that the Communists should be the last on earth to squawk about his machine, as they themselves had organized the most powerful machine in the world soon after the revolution in Russia. Broach completely dodges the fact that the "machine" organized in the Soviet Union is solely for the benefit of the workers, whereas his machine is for the full benefit of himself and his officials.

Broach stated that he did not deem it advisable to consult the membership in reference to the changes and additions to the laws. His reason for this was the fact that the membership was not fully familiar with the conditions as they exist inside the local at the present time. Therefore he decided that the officials, who were thoroughly familiar with all "facts," should assume the full responsibility.

The progressive group of Local 3 urges every member to attend the next regular meeting of the local and take the floor to denounce the man who has proven to be a reactionary labor faker.

—N. N.

PARACHUTE JUMPER KILLED

FLINT, Mich., Aug. 6 (UP).—Orville Heppenstall of Flint fell 3,00 feet into a roadway and wa crushed to death last night, when he was attempting a parachute jum here.

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To fight against the imperialist war on Nicaragua and the war preparations now being made by Wall Street for another bloody conflict, in which the American workers and exploited farmers will be sacrificed. Send in your contributions to the NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE, 43 East 125th St., New York. Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

1928
The Presidential Election and The Workers
By JAY LOVESTONE
20 cents

The secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party analyzes the economic and political background for the presidential elections.

The role of the major parties in the campaign.

The tasks facing the workers and what the Workers (Communist) Party means to them.

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Huge Drive to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions Called for Saturday and Sunday

WORKERS URGED TO PARTICIPATE IN BIG CAMPAIGN

Volunteers Asked to Report Immediately

A mammoth nation wide tag day is being organized for Saturday and Sunday, for the benefit of the Chinese Trade Union, according to information given out today by the Committee to aid the Chinese Trade Unions, with offices in Room 314, 96 5th Avenue, New York City.

A call for volunteers has been issued and the committee expects to mobilize 5000 from New York alone to go into the shops, factories, on corners, subway stations, theatres, outdoor meetings, picnics, etc., to collect funds for the aid of Chinese Trade Unions, in reply to the appeal for aid from the All China Federation of Labor Unions to the workers of America.

Call Upon Workers.

"We address ourselves to you, the workers, because we know you are our only reliable ally and friend" they say in their appeal, "And we are convinced that having heard our appeal you will not desert us.

"Dear Brothers, we have our heads chopped off, our trade unions have been dissolved over a year now, and we are forbidden under pain of death, to take part in any strikes, even of a strictly economic charactr."

Bloody Suppression.

Nevertheless, these bloody methods of suppression have failed to weaken the struggle of the Chinese workers against world imperialism and native reaction. It is the duty of the workers of all countries and especially the imperialists countries to paralyze the blow dealt by the imperialist to the Chinese Labor movement, and to extend to it every possible aid.

The Committee calls for volunteers to report at the National office, Room 314, 96 5th Avenue for boxes and authorization to collect money for the relief fund, or to call by phone, Watkins 10128, for information about getting the material at a station near their homes or working places.

"Come to the aid of the Chinese workers in their heroic struggle, against the suppression of their unions and the murder of their leaders and members," the appeal stat-

JUDGE UPHOLDS BLACK-LISTING

Hits Pacific Coast Marine Workers

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 5.—The blacklisting of marine workers by Pacific Coast ship owners has been legalised by Federal Judge Kerrigan.

The blacklisting is veiled by calling it the "marine service bureau." Marine workers must apply to these bureaus for jobs and their conditions of work are arbitrarily decided upon by ship owners. Seamen have no choice in taking a job on a particular ship for a particular voyage and cannot choose the employment to which he is best fitted, but must take whatever job there is on hand when his turn comes on the employment register of the so-called bureau. Only seamen who register at the blacklist quarters can secure employment when there is work to be had.

Even officers are allowed little freedom by this blacklist scheme. They are deprived of the right to select those men who are best suited to the particular work needing filling. Cornelius Anderson, a mate of a vessel, was sued for damages when he did not comply with the blacklist rules. Judge Kerrigan rejected the opinion of the supreme court which stated that the ship owners violated the Sherman anti-trust act and stated that the marine worker "is free to refuse employment if he is not satisfied". He also added that seamen "may show there are instances" where the blacklist has "worked an injustice," but he seemed to think that the workers ought not to complain about "occasional injustice."

SOUTHERN LABOR HITS LOW WAGES

GREENSBORO, N. C., Aug. 6.—A general workers' campaign throughout the entire Piedmont section is being made against low wages and for unionization of labor. This campaign is being especially directed against the textile mill owners.

In connection with this activity of trade unionists, workers here have held a mass meeting to protest low wages and urge organization. Workers are alert to the poor conditions which they must face as industrialization proceeds in this state.

Escape From Sultry Tenements to Overcrowded Beaches

The best New York's workers can expect as relief from the stifling heat of the tenement districts is escape to the overcrowded beaches. The above picture shows a typical scene at Coney Island where thousands of workers are crammed together to get a breath of sea air or coolness in the water.

SPEED PLANS FOR BIG I. L. D. OUTING

Left Wing to Be at Affair Saturday

With the big outing of the New York section of the International Labor Defense at Pleasant Bay Park next Saturday only a few days off, preparations for the affair are being speeded and from present indications it will be one of the greatest proletarian outings ever held in New York.

The entire left wing movement will be represented at this outing to demonstrate solidarity with their comrades who have been jailed by the capitalist courts and with the struggle to free them. A portion of the proceeds of the affair will go to defend striking fruit and grocery clerks in the clutches of the courts and the rest will be used to aid other class war prisoners and their families.

The two big features of the affair will be the mass scene, symbolizing the fight to free victims of the class war, and the taking of moving pictures of the torchlight parade. These pictures will be shown on the screen a few weeks later and workers will be able to see themselves in the role of movie actors.

Other numbers on the program will be a torchlight parade, open-air dancing to the music of a jazz band, games and athletics, and refreshments. The outing will start at 12 noon and last until the late hours of the night.

Tickets for the affair are now on sale at 35 cents each and can be bought at the office ofthe I. L. D., 799 Broadway, Room 422, and at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square.

NEGROES FIGHT DISCRIMINATION

Protest City Acts in Galveston

GALVESTON, Tex., Aug. 6.—Declaring that Negroes of Galveston county are being discriminated against in a manner comparable to the treatment of animals in this city, and urging that the same rights and privileges be granted to the Negroes as to the white people, a campaign has been begun here, demanding that the signs at Menard Park, reading "For White People Only," be removed and that the Negroes be given the privilege of walking in and through the park, sitting down, and listening to the municipal band concerts.

The fight is being carried on under the leadership of John H. Clouser, a teacher of the city, in the West District, and by Dr. M. J. Moseley, a Negro physician, both of whom appeared before the board of city commissioners and filed a petition asking that permission be given them to build a playground for Negro children. Although they stated that this was the main reason for their appearance before the board, they admitted that there are many other matters of discrimination against their race that the Negroes in Galveston resent strongly.

Clouser protested that the Negroes of the city had supported that campaign to establish the municipal band concerts in the Menard Park both with their financial and moral aid, and that keeping them out now when the concerts were formally established was an act that was both unfair and underhand on the part of the city officials.

MORE WARSHIPS FOR FRANCE.

PARIS, August 6.—In accordance with the France Naval program, in developing fast and efficient warships, the navy yard at Nantes has just launched a new destroyer, carrying the most modern engines of destruction. The Fougueaux is 1,500 tons, with a length of 105 meters and a width of 9.70 meters. The engines accumulating 35,000 horse power, can develope a speed of 34 knots per hour.

Oil Grafter Defies Extradition Efforts

PARIS, August 6 (UP).—Henry M. Blackmer, of Denver, tonight awaited developments in the United States Government's latest attempts to end his self-imposed exile in France.

The western oil millionaire, who left his native country when the government sought his testimony in the Teapot Dome oil investigation, said through his attorney that he would fight every attempt to enforce the government's application for extradition on charges of filing fraudulent income tax returns.

He was one of the few men believed by government prosecutors to be able to reveal affairs of the mysterious Continental Trading Company, Inc., of Canada, which, as a dummy concern in the oil transactions, made a profit of more than $3,000,000 during its short existence. The company's affairs were clouded in secrecy until a few months ago.

POLISH FASCIST FLIGHT A STUNT

Premature Attempt Made for Publicity

LISBON, Portugal, Aug. 6.—Further explanations on the part of the Polish fascist fliers, whose plane, the "Marshall Pilsudski" was rescued from the waters of the Atlantic by the steamer Samos, verified reports previously extant that the flight had been undertaken merely as an international gesture for the purpose of showing off Polish fascism before the eyes of the world, in a manner similar to the ill-prepared and disastrous Nobile "expedition."

In spite of criticism and warnings levelled against them by French airmen who themselves contemplated a trans-Atlantic flight, but who postpoed it because of adverse weather conditions, the two aviators, Louis Idzidowski and Kasimir Kabala, both of whom are notorious fascists known to have participated in the counter-revolutionary border attacks on the Soviet Union after the proletarian revolution, were prompted by the Polish fascist government into undertaking the premature flight.

Although their plane was not in good condition, having developed engine trouble, and although the weather conditions were definitely against the chances of succeeding in such a flight, Polish fascism decided not to delay the exhibition.

Union Victory Gives Workers Paid Vacation

PATERSON, N. J., (FP).—One thousand union hatband workers, affiliated with the Associated Silk Workers, are taking their one week vacation with pay, won by the union last year.

REFORMISTS IN CONFAB

BRUSSELS, Aug. 5 (UP.)The international socialist conference opened here today. Arthur Henderson, British labor party leader, in an address before the conference described the development of post-war socialism as "encouraging."

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CONFIRM REVOLT IN VENEZUELA

Anti-Gov. Forces Try to Seize Munitions

CUCUTA, Columbian-Venezuelan Frontier Aug. 6.—While Dictator Gomez of Venezuela has established a strict censorship of news, reports received here confirm rumors of a revolt against the dictatorship in Venezuela. Reports received here today indicate that the fire that took place in the capital of Caracas was caused by anti-government forces who attempted to obtain ammunition from the garrison.

The police report on the fire released from Caracas headquarters definitely lays the blame for the fire on the revolutionary groups who tried to detract the attention of the soldiers in this way and gain access to the munition stores in the outskirts of the city.

Details are lacking, but it is reported that Colonel Roberta Fossi, a former friend of Gomez, is the leader of the revolt. The first uprising occurred when Fossi induced students during a carnival at Caracas to revolt against the dictatorship.

BIG PICNIC AT WILKES-BARRE

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 6.—A mass picnic and dance will be held by the anthracite sub-district of the Workers (Communist) Party, together with other workers organizations on Wednesday, Aug. 15, all day, at Valley View Park, Inkerman, Pa. Proceeds will be used for the election campaign purposes among the hard coal miners.

An elaborate program has been worked out by the committee, including a speech by a well-known speaker, entertainments, dancing, games for the children under the leadership of the Pioneers, sports, etc. Admission, 15c. Directions: Take Laurel line car, get off at Inkerman.

Militarist Renamed To Government Job

SUPERIOR, Wis., Aug. 6 (UP).—President Coolidge has re-appointed Major General Frank McIntyre chief of the bureau of insular affairs in the war department, it was announced at the executive office here today.

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HUGE STRIKE OF COAL WORKERS LOOMS IN SAARE

Miserable Wages for Long Hours

PARIS, Aug. 6.—Aroused by the brutal refusal last May of a wage increase by the French owners of the Saar Basin coal mines, 75,000 coal miners of the Saar region are making active preparations for a strike.

With wage scales at a level where chronic poverty, misery and disease are the lot of practically all of the 75,000 miners and their families, the cynical refusal of the wage raise has driven the coal diggers to desperation and sentiment among them is strong for a huge walk-out throughout the Saar Basin.

Huge Profits.

Mine leaders point out that the French owners have made far greater profits out of the toil of the miners than did the former German owners. They brand the plaint of the French operators that "the economic situation does not permit" an increase as false and hypocritical. Spurred on by the success of the militant tactics of the Ruhr miners, by which they won several wage increases, mine leaders, yielding to pressure from the rank and file, are going ahead with preparations in a determination to shut down every one of the mines should the mine direction commission fail to obtain an authorization for the increase from the government by mid-August.

Metallurgical Workers May Strike.

There is a strong possibility that the Saar miners would be joined by the metallurgical workers in the event of a walk-out. The steel workers were also recently refused an increase.

The Saar lies between France and Germany and is the last of the ownerless countries left from the war. In 1935 the Saar will decide which country to join and France is anxious to retain complete control over this rich region.

The Saar Basin with its coal provided France with all she needed to regain her position as the continent's greatest steel producer. It has proved to be France's richest acquisition of the war.

That the French government is genuinely concerned over the situation is evident from the fact that it has already started a propaganda campaign seeking to brand the spirit of revolt among the miners as the work of "political trouble-makers." The 250,000,000 francs profit which French capitalists cleared from the Saar Basin during the first three years of their occupancy has made it one of France's choicest industrial plums and from present indications it is probable that the government will give the mine owners complete co-operation should the workers walk out, stopping at nothing in its efforts to crush the strike.

2 Workers Drown In Sewer Manhole

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 6 (UP).—John Bell, foreman, and Harry Conroy, workman, were drowned today when overcome by gas in a sewer manhole. Bell died trying to rescue Conroy, city officials were informed.

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Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Branch 6.

Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathizers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zaencer in charge of the campaign of that district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville Branch of the International Labor Defense will meet on national Labor Defense will meet today, at its regular meeting rooms, 347 E. 72nd Street, the Czechoslovakian Workers Home at 8 p. m.

Section 2, Organisation Meet.

A special conference of all unit and subsection organizers of section 2 will be held today at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Every organizer must be present without fail.

Section 2 and 3 Literature.

Sections 2 and 3 will hold an important meeting of all literature agents on Thursday at 101 West 27th St. at 6 p. m. All literature agents are instructed to be present.

• • •

Section 2, 3 Class.

Section 2 and 3 class will hold its third session today at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Ray Ragozin is instructor.

• • •

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday afternoon, August 18, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

Section 2, Speakers Class.

Speakers class of Section 2 will meet at 101 W. 27th St. at 8 p. m. on Thursday, Aug. 7.

Section 1 Functionaries.

All section unit organizers of Section 1 (except of 2F) must appear on Thursday at 6 p. m. at a meeting of the disciplinary committee. The meeting will be held at 60 St. Mark's Place.

• • •

Section 1 Executive.

The section executive committee of Section 1 will meet tonight at 8 p. m. at 60 St. Mark's Place. All members of the executive committee must appear without fail.

Workers School Sport Hike.

All comrades have been invited to attend the Workers School Sports Club on its overnight hike to be held on Saturday. Those attending the hike will meet at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square at 7 p. m. promptly. Bring lunch, bathing suit, and light blanket or raincoat.

Section 7, Speakers Class.

The speakers class of Section 7 will meet tonight at 8 p. m. at 1373 43rd St. Brooklyn. All members of the class are urged to be prompt.

• • •

Unit B, Section 4.

A regular meeting of unit B, Section 4 will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. at the headquarters, 350 East 81st St. All members must attend.

• • •

Bronx Open Air Meet.

The McKinley Square unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an open air meeting tonight on Clairmont Parkway, corner Washington Ave. at 8:30 p. m. B. Green, B. Wiser, and Sylvia Daniels will be the speakers.

• • •

Brownsville Y. W. L. Meet.

The Brownsville section of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an open air meeting at 8:30 p. m. to night on the corners of Herkimer and Utica Aves., Brooklyn.

• • •

Section 5 Meeting.

Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party (Bronx) will hold an important membership meeting tonight at 8:30 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. Urgent problems, especially important for the Bronx, will be discussed and voted upon. Rebecca Grecht will be one of the speakers.

• • •

Unit 6F, 2B Meeting.

Unit 6F, 2B will hold an industrial work meeting tomorrow evening at 11 W. 27th St. Because of last week's membership meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party, the unit could not hold its meeting. All members must attend.

• • •

Downtown Open-Air Meet.

The first open-air meeting on the Election campaign under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League downtown will be held Thursday evening at 59th St. and Columbus Circle. The speakers will be Max Schachtman, Max Helfand, Marie Duke and Len Richman.

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Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held at Pleasant Bay Park Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park subway or "L" to 177th St. Take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

• • •

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park, for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

• • •

Spanish Workers' Club.

(Centri Obrero de Habla Espanola)

This center will start a series of conferences about literature, political education, Sociology and other important matters, today at 8 p. m. at 55 W. 113th St. Pablo Mantinez will be the speaker.

• • •

Gold-Calverton Debate.

Michael Gold, editor of the "New Masses" and V. F. Calverton, editor of the "Modern Quarterly" will debate on the subject: "Do Radicals Pussyfoot on Sex?" next Friday evening, August 10, at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St. Calverton will take the affirmative and Gold the negative. Proceeds will go to the "New Masses."

• • •

Yorkville Branch, I. L. D.

The Yorkville English Branch of the International Labor Defense will hold a meeting tonight at 8 p. m. at 347 E. 72nd St. All members are urged to attend.

• • •

Brownsville I. L. D. Meet.

The Brownsville branch of the International Labor Defense will meet tonight at 8 p. m. at 154 Watkins St., Brooklyn. All members have been asked to attend.

• • •

Councils Beach Party.

Council 17 of the United Councils of Working Class Women will hold a party tomorrow, beginning at 1 p. m. at the East 4th St. Beach, Brighton Beach. There will be a lecture on the present election campaign. Ray Ragozin has been procured to address the women present.

LOVESTONE HITS IMPERIALISM AT RED MEET

Talks at Red World Congress

Continued from Page One

in Latin America in the spirit of the Monroe Doctrine aims at securing the domination of these countries.

In The Far East.

In the Far East the United States imperialists support the open door policy which aims at the consolidation of the American position in China.

The aggressive tactics of dollar diplomacy are also expressed in the Dawes plan. Anglo-American rivalry is intensifying. The chief cause of this rivalry is the penetration of American imperialism into South America and the Far East and the competition for raw materials, especially oil, cotton and rubber.

American competition in India is also sreious.

The chief reason for American hostility against the Soviet Union is their fundamental difference in character. The financial control of Poland must be regarded as part of the American policy against the Soviet Union.

The reactionary trade union bureaucracy in America is the tool of American imperialism. The "socialist" party is closely connected with the trade union bureaucracy, and both are filled with hatred of the Soviet Union.

The Communist Party in the United States fights against the pacifist illusions which represent a great danger. It has organized demonstrations against the Nicaraguan war and, thanks to the close cooperation of the Young Workers (Communist) League, it is carrying on a successful war campaign for China. Anti-militarist propaganda is also actively carried out.

The Communist Parties of the United States and China must cooperate in order to organize the Chinese masses in the United States.

Work among the Negroes must also be connected with the fight against war. The Workers Party appeals to the workers to mobilize to defend the Soviet Union, it demands immediate recognition of the Soviet Union and the development of trade relations.

Our efforts are directed towards transforming the imperialist war into a civil war for the establishment of the dictatorship of the proletariat.

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Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor................WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ X WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers! For the Party of the Class Struggle! Against the Capitalists!

No, the A. F. of L. Is Not "On the Fence."

The hope, based upon purely aesthetic grounds, that the "fat boys" of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor do not exhibit their bellies in bathing suits while meeting at Atlantic City to consider "the position of labor" for the coming election, is absolutely the only hope that can be held in connection with that session.

All talk to the effect that the A. F. of L. bureaucrats are "on the fence" is a piece of tommyrot that could be found nowhere on earth but in the United States, just as these peculiar American labor misleaders could be found nowhere but in a rich man's seaside resort during this kind of weather.

"On the fence?" What are they on the fence about? The profound question that is causing Bill Green, Matty Woll, Frank Morrison and the rest to sweat into their mint juleps is whether to support Al Hoover, the Demipublican candidate for president, or Herbert Smith, the Republocratic candidate.

In other words, which of the two capitalist hangmen is to be supported by the treacherous A. F. of L. leaders as the hangman to operate on the working class during the next four years.

From the working class point of view, this is not "being on the fence," in any political sense. Political issues are class issues. . And on the class issues the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor is not "on the fence" but has long ago taken its position in favor of the capitalist class. To be either for Hoover or Smith is to be for the capitalist class against the working class, there being not the slightest class difference between the social interests these two candidates represent. Unlike their British, German and French colleagues in the profession of betraying the working class, Green and his associates do not even play with those empty phrases of "social-democracy" which marshall the petty shopkeepers and the more backward sections of the working class in European countries. In Europe the Bill Greens would be obliged to support the capitalist class against the workers, through supporting the European Norman Thomases. To support Norman Thomas, the Socialist Party candidate, would be to uphold the capitalist class. But the Fat Boys' Council at Atlantic City does not have to resort to that sham. They are just straight-out for capitalism and say so.

The A. F. of L. misleaders are not on the fence. They're for capitalism, for strikebreaking, for imperialism, for everything that their masters dictate. And as for the choice between Smith or Hoover—well, that's just a small inside business deal.

But we appeal to the honest workers of this country, both in and out of the A. F. of L., to disdain the advice of those prostituted leaders and support their own working class cause. Join the only party that fights against capitalism—the Workers (Communist) Party.

And vote Communist.

Little Caesar Rides for a Fall.

He came here amid a flare of trumpets and the loud beating of drums: Broach, little Caesar of the electrical workers. He immediately proceeded to clean out, to use his own figurative expression, "the cesspool of corruption" which he found in local 3; he agreed to organize the thousands of unorganized electrical workers; he promised to bring "order out of chaos,"—another of his dramatic phrases.

If Broach had lived up to but one-tenth of the promises which he made two years ago, he would today be acclaimed not only by the six thousand members of local 3, but even by the Daily Worker which was the first to point out the demagogic and treacherous character of this little egotist.

Broach has attacked the Communists, among other reasons because, according to him, they are extremists. They expect everyone to be a Communist, he has said. It is not true that the Communists demand that every worker or every trade union leader instantly become a Communist before uniting with him for a common struggle against the enemies of the workers. While Communists know that only their full program is adequate for the final complete freedom of the workers, whereas they rightly fight for leadership in all struggles of the workers, the Communists have many times in the past and are now making common cause with those who honestly and courageously fight for the workers' interests.

If Broach is now being attacked by the Daily Worker and the Communists, he has himself to thank. It is necessary to stress this point because not all members of local 3 have seen through the camouflage which he has thrown over the real issues.

That the Daily Worker and the Communists attacked the little labor faker long before his true character was understood by the rank and file is only a proof of the Communists' clear insight and right to leadership.

Just as the Daily Worker has been proven right in its previous estimate of this little tin god, it will be borne out in the new prediction that Broach rides for a fall. And the reasons are not hard to see:

Broach has made common cause with the big bosses in the electrical industry. He has entirely neglected the interests of the vast majority of the union. Long before he launched his great New York crusade, it was known to this paper that the Noonan machine of which he is a member had made a deal with the public utility corporations not to organize their plants. While boasting of the great fighting qualities of the International leadership, Broach and the machine of which he is a part has ordered union members to work on scab material made in other states in fear that the order of the scab judges in the New Bedford Cut Stone Case would apply to them.

That this streak of "yellow" is no isolated strain, just become visible, is proven by the conduct of Broach during the 1919 steel strike when the same streak was recognized even by the reactionary labor traitors with whom he worked to sabatage that great battle.

No detailed exposure of this little bosses' man, his reign of terror, his exclusions, his gangster methods and frank sell-out is here necessary. On another page will be found a more lengthy account of his doings.

In answer to this proud boast that "I am neither a Communist nor a Matthew Woll," it may be said that if he had brains enough to be a Communist, his character would nevertheless probably cause him to exceed the record of treachery of Woll, Berry, Lewis and Green. Broach is really in Hogan's class, and in that direction he is proceeding.

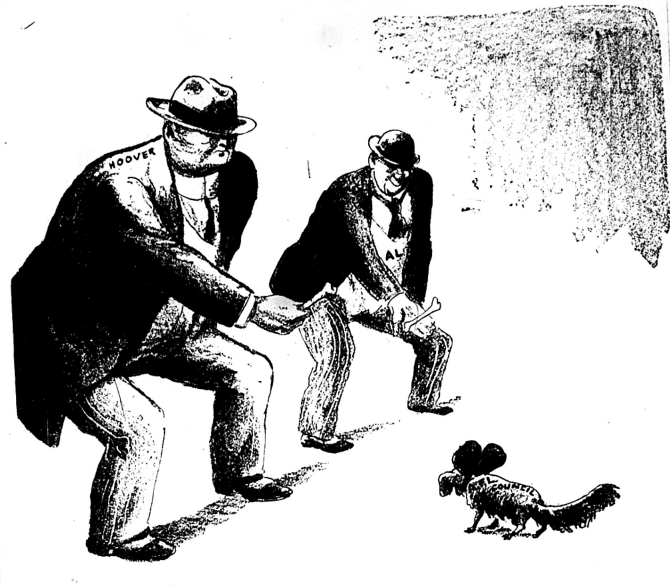
The workers in local 3 should come in a mass to the Thursday meeting. Five thousand strong is the required number. Such fakers as Broach thrive on the apathy of the membership. He cannot defeat the mass strength of the rank and file.

Local 3 electrical workers may learn from the heroic struggle of the needle trades' worker whose victory against the A. F. of L. misleaders was only yesterday made public.

Oust Broach and eliminate Broachism from the union! Win back local 3 of the Electrical Workers Union for the rank and file!

HERE FIDO!

By Jacob Burck



The Present Imperialist Dilemma in China

Contradictions Among World Imperialists to Turn "Victory" Into Defeat

By EARL BROWDER.

THE program which international imperialism had laid down for the Chinese Kuomintang has been carried into effect.

The trade unions have been suppressed, the peasant unions outlawed, the Communists driven into hiding, tens of thousands of the leaders of the masses have been slaughtered. All the lower organs of the Kuomintang have been dissolved, mass meetings of any kind are strictly forbidden, power is concentrated entirely in the hands of the military, the generals, one and all puppets in the hands of British, Japanese, or American imperialists.

The program of freedom from imperialist domination has been branded officially as "senseless repetition of empty slogans," and even Dr. Sun Yat-sen's last will has been denounced as a "Communist forgery." Kuomintang officials lick the boots of imperialism at public banquets, receiving in return a patronizing pat on the shoulder, followed by admonitions that they must do better still before they are really in good grace again with the real powers of this world.

At first glance over the Chinese scene, it would seem that the imperialists have cause for nothing but self congratulations.

But this is a contradictory old world, even for our "great rulers" who control the battleships, armies, aeroplanes, poison gas, etc. This "great victory" of theirs is already causing them loss of sleep.

In fact the very extent, completeness, the sweeping nature of their "victory", has, quicker than could have been expected, exposed the shallowness, the futility, of these attempts of imperialism to direct the course of history in China.

"Too Much Victory"

The dilemma of imperialism is illustrated vividly by an article in the "North China Daily News" of March 5, written by Mr. George Sokolsky, an imperialist theorist and authority. Significantly, the article is entitled "Reaction in the Kuomintang"; in content it is a wall of despair, and a detailed demonstration that "victory" for imperialism in China today may well be the shortest road to destruction. It this article had been written by a Communist, and published in the Moscow "Pravda", it might perhaps be discounted as a "wish-fulfilment"; but the writer is well-certified as a faithful henchman of Britain, the "North China Daily News" is usually spoken of as the official organ of the British in China. It is worth while to quote and to comment at some length upon Sokolsky's words.

The opening paragraph strikes the note of apprehension, of fear, that pervades the imperialists in China today, and connects this fear immediately with exactly those facts which Britain has directed her whole diplomacy to create. Listen to this:

> **"The Kuomintang are going through a reactionary period, in which it becomes increasingly important to measure the Rightward swing of the pendulum to be able in some manner to forecast the Leftward reaction which seems bound to follow. The Nanking Government seem to be incapable of envisaging any Leftward movement in the immediate future. They have been steadily suppressing not only Communist organizations, but Kuomintang locals.**
>
> **They heve permitted persons who have had no connection with the Kuomintang to hold high office in the Government; and they have permitted themselves to become embroiled in conversations and discussions with Northern mandarins who are anathema to the people of the South and to the soldiers who have been trained in the Whampoa Academy or who have been under Chinese and Russian Communist agitators."**

"A possible understanding between Nanking and Peking," which Sokolsky sees as a result of these developments, he then offsets with the dangerous effects upon "the standpoint of the mass view of the present Nanking Government." Then he proceeds to an analysis of the composition of that Government. His conclusion should be interesting to the masses of America and England, who have been so thoroughly informed by the imprialistic press that Nanking represents "law and order" in central and southern China as against the "anarchism" of the revolutionary masses. Sokolsky finds it necessary to throw aside this mask for the moment, because he is warning his class of danger to itself, and therefore he must face some facts. Therefore he characterizes the meaning of the latest "reorganization" of Nanking (return of Chiang Kai-shek to power) as follows:

> **"Politically, the balance of power fell into the hands of a group of men, the leaders of whom have during the past decade or two been open and avowed ANARCHISTS. Their intellectual heritage has been a denunciation of the orderly processes of Government." Their opposition to the Communists was based primarily upon"the normal antipathy of anarchists" to the centralized system of government advocated by them."**

Very interesting, indeed, Mr. Sokolsky, to learn from you that all your effort for law and order to China have culminated in placing in power the "anarchists" of China. And we must thank you for this little lesson on the natural affinity between the imperialists and anarchists in a revolutionary situation!

And what results from this anarchist domination? Let Mr. Sokolsky answer the question:

> **". . .They are responsible for a reaction which could have only one of two results, either a recrudescence of the power of the Communist Party of China, or the moral collapse of the Kuomintang, through its intimate association with mandarinism."**

Thus, imperialism, having gotten what it wanted in the Kuomintang, finds that it got too much; it suffers from an embarrassment of riches in this direction; through the pen of Mr. Sokolsky, it cries out against the contradiction which threatens it with defeat by means of its very victory.

(To be continued)

Mexican Working Class Must Fight Reactionaries

Catholic Church, Morones, Allied With Wall Street Imperialism

(Continued.)

By HARRY GANNES and LEON S. RUIZ.

General Alvaro Obregon was born in Nogales, state of Sonora. From Sonora comes almost all the revolutionary leaders of the 1910 upheaval. Obregon began his career as a small land owner. In the revolution of 1910, he was reputed to be the only leader who never lost a battle. He got his title of "general" after the death of President Madero. Under Madero he defeated the famed General Pascual Orozco in Chihuahua. He returned to his plantation and resumed civil life. Again he took up arms under Venustiano Carranza when Victoriano Huerta seized power.

Together with Francisco Villa he was leading light of the revolutionary army. Francisco Villa split with Carranza. Obregon fought against Villa and it was in this fight that he lost his right arm. When Carranza was elected president he named Obregon Minister of War.

Obregon Breaks with Carranza.

Two years later Obregon broke relations with President Carranza and announced himself as a candidate for president. His friends warned him that Carranza wanted to imprison him or assassinate him; so he fled to Cuernavaca, and from there he declared his sympathy with the rebel movement initiated in Sonora by Governor de la Huerta and General Calles, the present president of Mexico. This was a peasant uprising, and many other states followed the example of Sonora. Obregon was elected to the presidency in 1920, after a short term of de la Huerta as provisional president.

After his term of office he returned to Sonora to line his pockets. He was able to get practically a monopoly on the bean crop.

He was called "Mexico's man of iron," because of his boundless energy and fearlessness. He was the only leader who had national support of the peasants.

Article 27 of the Mexican constitution of 1917 was forced into that document by Obregon against the wishes of Carranza. Obregon represented at that time the land hungry peasants and their antagonism against the church and foreign imperialists which had confiscated most of the land. Article 27 provided for the restoration of the communal lands to Indian villages, and authorized each state or territory to fix the amount of land any individual might own and to divide the excess. It deprived the religious organizations of the right to own land, and declared ownership of all mineral and petroleum resources to be vested in the nation.

These provisions were never carried out. Calles endeavored to put into effect some half-way measures against the church. With regard to the land laws, which affected foreign imperialism, and mainly U. S. finance capital, he completely capitulated to Wall Street.

Morrow Wins Co-operation.

The appointment of Morrow, an imperialist par excellence, was the beginning of closer co-operation between Calles and Wall Street; a softening down of the antagonism against the church, and a general coming closer of the Mexican government and U. S. interests. At the same time, Calles' government proceeded to disarm the peasants in order to prevent any reprisal in the event the Mexican politicians reached an agreement to sell Mexico bodily to American bankers.

Every indication is that when the Mexican congress meets it will re-elect Calles for a term of two years, or put his relative, Saenz, in his place. Either way, Calles wins and, with him, Morrow wins. The old policy of capitulation will be carried on unless the peasants and workers awaken to the danger of the situation and destroy the reaction wherever it shows its head.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

The demand for the National Platform of the Workers (Communist) Party is increasing by leaps and bounds. This is the most popular booklet ever gotten out by the party. Amid the confusion created by the publicity experts of the democratic, socialist and republican parties, the "Platform of the Class Struggle" comes like a ray of sunshine in a fog.

* * *

A check for $10 from Pittsburgh for 150 additional copies of the Platform brings the number consigned to the headquarters of steel and coal to 450. Every miner should have a copy of the Platform. It points out the road the miners as well as other workers must travel in order to solve the problems that confront them. Those problems—unemployment, wage-cutting, brutalities of coal and iron police, etc.—will be with them until they abolish the system that breeds those evils.

* * *

O. Zimmerman, literature agent for the Milwaukee local, sends a check for $5 for 70 copies of the National Platform. In the stronghold of the socialist party, the city that sends Berger to congress, the workers are seeing more clearly every day that the socialist administration of Daniel Hoan is no more in the interests of the workers than is the administration of William Hale Thompson, the republican, in Chicago. The socialists have no intention of interfering with things as they are. Their aim is to give an efficient administration, so that they may curry favor with the capitalists. An efficient capitalist administration is of no benefit to the workers. It benefits only the owners.

* * *

The National Election Campaign Committee offers bundles of leaflets free of charge to those sending in their names and addresses on blanks appearing in the Daily Worker and other Communist publications. This is an opportunity that every class-conscious worker should avail himself of. A postage stamp and a postal card addressed to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th St., will bring a bundle of leaflets to your door FREE.

* * *

The Communist Campaign Fund is growing stouter day by day, but compared to the treasuries of the republican and democratic parties it looks like an invalid. Hoover's manager sent out a call for $4,000,000. This is the figure that will be given to the public. Both sides have plenty of money, and they might as well spend it buying votes as buying European dukes for their daughters. Buying votes is more profitable. The darned duke may die of the itch, but a few hundred thousand invested in votes may bring juicy sewer and garbage contracts.

* * *

One hundred thousand dollars to turn the spotlight of publicity loose on the parties of imperialism and on the other bourgeois party, the socialist party, that is masquerading as a working class party! This money is needed now to print literature and tour speakers. Send in your contribution immediately to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th St., New York City, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer

Told You So

SOME people may get discouraged after reading this and come to the conclusion that it is foolish to believe anything one is told. It is not. Every fad has its day and it is good while it lasts. A vegetarian diet is no more deally than a meat diet. No doubt the truckmen will lose by the new orientation toward meat, but think of what the poor butchers suffered during the long tomato, carrot and lettu[illegible]ree of the Childs' restaurant[illegible] As for diet, any normal person is the best judge of what to wrap his skin around. I have seen goats living to a hale and ripe old age, though being addicted all their lives to a tin can dessert. I have seen cows that would eat the stock of a second-hand clothing store for lunch and prowl around for more, live so long that they seemed immortal. Not that I recommend either of those diets to my readers. But what may be sauce for the gander may be gall for the goose.

* * *

SEVENTY-NINE replies to one ad for a thirty-dollar-a-month job. This is the proud boast of the New York World. A lady advertised for a woman "neat, clean, kind and with good common sense, who likes to live in the country and who is fond of dogs" and incidentally of one lady. She was assured "kind treatment and $30 a month." There were 79 applicants. This gives the lie to the prosperity claims of the republican party. It is a graphic picture of the horror of unemployment—millions of men and women all over this rich land scrambling for the privilege of working for a wage of $30 a month.

* * *

WARREN T. McCRAY, former governor of Indiana, who was sentenced to a prison term in Atlanta for using the mails to defraud, is back to solvency. Since his release from prison a short time ago he has succeeded in organizing two companies and selling oodles of stock. Fourteen millionaire friends of his put up the money to stand him on his financial feet again. Had the governor stolen a bottle of milk to stop the cries of a hungry child instead of swindling people out of hundreds of thousands there would be no millionaire friends to come to his rescue. He would be a marked man for the rest of his life.

* * *

THERE is a considerable difference of opinion as to what the Kellogg treaty commits the United States to. Kellogg says it does not commit us to war and Senator Watson of Indiana says it does not commit us to peace.

Tom O'Flaherty

Mine Room Has Only 4 Corners In It

(Special to The DAILY WORKER).

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 6.—"The trouble is," says Frank Zebrak, a striking miner of Harwick, Pa., "there are only four corners in a room."

When the rain starts pouring in through the barrack roof about midnight, and new leaks seem to be springing everywhere, it helps to move the bed into another corner and line up the pots and pans on the floor to avoid flooding the place.

"But as I was saying," he continued, "there are only four corners in a room, and we only got twelve pits. Can you fellers do anything about tar-roofing the barracks?"

Wind and Rain.

Zebrak and a committee of other strikers hiked and "bummed" rides on the highway from Harwick to the National Miners' Relief Headquarters at 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. The tar paper, they reported, is almost in shreds, due to sharp winds and constant rain storms. There are seven rows of barracks in Harwick, and about thirty families in each barrack.

Rheumatism and Whooping Cough.

Rheumatism, he said, is spreading among the strikers in the damp, flimsy, over-crowded barracks. The whooping cough, too, is spreading. Two of Sam Krusac's five children have the whooping cough, while Krusac himself is suffering from pneumonia.

"The doctor told one of our boys that he'd lose his wife, if they didn't move out of the barracks," Zebrak said. "He got eight kids, too. But there's no place to move, except out in the rain. If you fellers could only give us some tar-roofing, we'd put it on ourselves."

Bread O[illegible]

The same request comes from many other camps. But every penny the National Miners' Relief Committee has at its disposal must be converted into food and rushed to the camps where hungry men, women and children are waiting for it. Only special contributions, marked "to be used for roofing" may be used for this purpose, the committee has ruled. All funds must be sent directly to room 314611 Penn Ave. Pittsburgh, Pa.

WIN $10 INCREASE

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—The Barbers Union here has demanded a $1 weekly increase in wages, si there is more work to be done view of the growth of women patronage.

CALL CLOAK WORKERS TO BIG MEET IN BRONX STADIUM TONIGHT

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS'
GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY
EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

A. F. OF L. LEAVES MISLEADERS FREE IN VOTE SELL-OUT

Fakers Split Between Capitalist Parties

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 7.—Officials of each separate local or international union of the American Federation of Labor throughout the country will be left free to hog-tie the workers politically within the coral of any of the old party machines, according to the final announcement issued here by the Federation Executive Council which today completed its sessions.

Neither Smith nor Hoover are endorsed officially.

The council report said that "neither the republican nor the democratic platform contain all the proposals submitted by labor. The republican contains much less of labors proposals than does the democratic platform. The injunction plank in both of the platforms is unsatisfactory."

Sell to Highest Bidder.

The statement by the council which was taken to be most significant declares that the officers and members of the American Federation of Labor "may exercise their political judgement in a way which will be to the individual and collective interests of all working men and women." Couched in the customary phraseology of camouflage, this is taken to mean that any labor official may sell to the highest bidder.

The official statement of the council issued after the meeting read:

"After giving consideration to all the facts relative to the candidates, the executive council of the American [illegible]ation of Labor should continue [illegible]dhere to its non-partisan political [illegible]olicy during the ensuing campaign. All information regarding platforms, candidates and their records will be compiled by the non partisan political committee and

Continued on Page Five

ENGDAHL FLAYS IMPERIALISTS

Adopt Bell's Theses for Commission

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 7.—The twenty-third session of the World Congress of the Communist International opened yesterday morning under the chairmanship of Murphy, of Great Britain. The anti-war discussion continued.

The following delegates all spoke: Dimitrov, of Bulgaria; Engdahl, of the United States; Fiala, of Austria; Cheng-kuang, of China; Spector, of Canada; Peluffo, of Latin America, and Yaroslavsky, of the Soviet Union.

Engdahl declared that American imperialism is not only responsible for its own crimes in China, but also shares responsibility for the Japanese and British crimes. The Workers Party is conducting an energetic struggle to expose American imperialism and mobilize counter-forces. The Party also energetically supports the toilers of Latin America against American imperialism.

The Kellogg peace pact is not an instrument for peace but for preparation of imperialist war against the Soviet Union."

Spector declared that the Canadian Party does not sufficiently mobilize the masses against the war danger. The war danger exists also in Canada and demands the closest attention from the Party. The anti-war work must be systematized and strengthened among all sections of the workers.

Peluffo declared that no strong organizational forms exist in Latin America. The most important task before [illegible] Party therefore is to organize the existing revolutionary forces against war and for the defense of the Soviet Union. The struggle must be conducted against American imperialism, the social democrats and the bourgeois pacifists.

Yaroslavsky described the anti-militarist work of the Bolshevist Party before the revolution. The Bolshevists concentrated chiefly on

Continued on Page Three

DROWN IN PLANE

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Aug. 7 (UP).—Ensign C. H. Schmich and aviation pilot S. T. McIntyre, of the aircraft squadrons battle fleet, were drowned when their plane overturned in the harbor here today.

Women Workers Braving T error of Cantonese Warlords

The white terror in Canton has claimed thousands of victims among the Chinese workers. But the workers have refused to be crushed by these mass murders. This picture shows Chinese striking women workers demonstrating at the time when the terror was at its height.

CLOAK MEET IN BRONX TONIGHT

Giant Rally to Make History, Says Call

In a final call to the workers in the cloak and dress industry here, to come to the huge mass meeting to be held tonight in Bronx Stadium, the National Organizational Committee issued the following call which will be distributed by the thousands in every district where workers and to be found. Louis Hyman, Chairman of the N. O. C. signs the call.

The call says in part:

"Today is the Bronx meeting.

"Today you will raise your voice against the company union, against the sweat shop, against everything that has helped to make your life miserable during the past two years!

"Every worker who is suffering and slaving in the cloak and dress industry must come to help lay the foundation for the rebuilding of our union.

"Enough suffering, enough slavery! Let us become free men and women. Forward to the Stadium meeting! Long live the union of the workers!"

The circular is signed: "Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers Union of the National Organization Committee.

Directions to the meeting are simple, it is stated. The meeting place can be reached from all parts of the city by either the Lexington or the Seventh Ave. Subway on a Bronx Park train. The station is E. 177 St. The Stadium is two blocks from the station, next to Starlight Amusement Park.

The Organization Committee of 500 will come to the meeting where they will be appointed as captains in charge of keeping order at the rally.

Rumors have been circulated by the right wing Sigman union to the effect that the meeting has been postponed. The Organization Committee declares to the workers not to heed any rumors or possible handbills that may announce postponement. The meeting will be held under all circumstances, they stated.

Earthquake Destroys Five Mexican Towns

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 7 (UP).—Five towns in the state of Oaxaca were partly destroyed by an earthquake Saturday, according to despatches received here tonight.

Fifty were reported at Pinotepa but only two persons were known to be seriously injured.

Despatches from Oaxaca said the towns were "semi-destroyed."

2 Seamen Are Badly Burned in Ship Blast

LINDEN, N. J., Aug. 7.—Two seamen were seriously burned and many others narrowly escaped injury today in an explosion which wrecked the tanker Pacific, of the U. S. Fuel Corporation.

Captain Anthony Merski, 28, and George Terrable, 26, both of Lodi, N. J., were enveloped in flames and severely burned before they could be rescued.

The blast was believed to have been caused when the feed pipe of a gasoline engine on the vessel became clogged, causing the engine to backfire.

TO AID M'GRADY SAYS BILL GREEN

Yellow Press Waxes Hysterical

With a great fanfare of trumpets the right wing Jewish Daily Forward came out yesterday with a hysterical denial of the importance of the two letters written by the right wing leaders of the attack against the fur workers, Edward F. McGrady and A. I. Shiplacoff, in which they admitted being defeated by the left wing Furriers Joint Board. A telegram by William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor was used to "prove" that Shiplacoff and McGrady were only joking when they signed their names to a confession of failure.

Charles Stetsky, of the defunct right wing Fur Joint Council issued another statement to the same effect, Hugh Frayne A. F. of L. organizer, McGrady and Matthew Woll issued pitiful denial, but to no avail. The impression left by the letters, which speak for themselves, is ineradicable even from the minds of the manufacturers who read about it in their own trade press. This despite the fact that the reports in these journals were extremely favorable in assigning space to the denials of the right wing leaders. This was admitted by many manufacturers when their impressions are recorded.

McGrady's letter admitted that his Joint Council company union had been unable to destroy the left wing Joint Board, and that if financial aid was not forthcoming from the committee, then, the A. F. of L. would withdraw from the situation.

52 UNIONS CONVENE.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 7 (FP).—Fifty-two local Unions were represented at the bricklayers' annual convention here.

FRAME UP OHIO WORKER

Charged With "Possessing Dynamite"

CAMBRIDGE, Ohio., Aug. 7.—Another frame-up is being perpetrated against an active, militant mine worker.

Steve Jakub, an active worker for the Save-the-Union Committee, active now for the formation of a new miners' union, and secretary of the Slovak Workers Society of Cambridge, Ohio, is in jail on a charge of "having dynamite in his possession for the purpose of blowing up a high tension line." He is held without bond, but the International Labor Defense has intervened and is endeavoring to obtain the release of Jakub.

Held for "Disturbance."

Jakub was arrested originally on a charge of disturbance in connection with a demonstration at the King Mine in Cambridge sometime ago, but there has been no indict-

Continued on Page Three

KELLOGG PALES BEFORE U. S. S. R.

French Gov. Fears to Invite Tchitcherin

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Reports in the Berlin press that Georges Tchitcherin, Peoples Commissar for Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Union, had indicated that the Soviet Union would accept an invitation to send a representative to the Kellogg conference scheduled for August 27 in Paris, has brought a statement from the state department to the effect that only 15 nations already invited would sign the pact at Paris.

The reported statements of Tchitcherin that the compact as now formulated and with the Soviet Union uninvited would constitute a bloc against the Soviet Union, and that in the event of his participation he would suggest basic changes, since the pact did not provide for disarmament and as such was not a treaty to outlaw war, have led to fear in official circles that Kellogg would not succeed in carrying his pact through with any amount of dignity should Tchitcherin be present at the Paris conference.

Would Embarrass Kellogg

If the United States and English governments do not wish to invite the Soviet Union to partici-

Continued on Page Two

USSR PROTESTS SALE OF SHIPS

Rumania Seized Boats in 1917

By EUGENE LYONS.

MOSCOW, Aug. 7 (UP).—Russian-Rumanian relations, always strained because of the Bessarabian question, have been made far worse by the reported seizure by Rumania of certain former Russian properties, it was made plain today.

The Soviet government, it was learned, proposes to protest energetically, and to threaten reprisals, against the reported seizure and subsequent sale of the properties.

The new situation arises from a report that Rumania had sold 200 vessels of various types, the property of the former Russian Danube Steamship Company, as well as other properties estimated here to be worth several million gold roubles. A rouble is 50 cents. The properties were left by the retreating Russian armies in 1917. Russia claims that the ships and other properties undeniably belong to her.

The steamship company, it is claimed, was a Russian government institution even before the revolution.

RADIO TRUST SAYS IT ISN'T

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The Radio Corporation of America, now under the control of the power trust yesterday filed a brief with the Federal Trade Commission in reply to the nominal complaint filed with the Commission of unfair trade practices and monopoly.

The Radio trust defended as legal, such practices as cross-licencing of radio patents under which seven corporations pooled their patents and thus restrained competition.

EXPOSE SMITH AS ENEMY OF POOR FARMERS

Foster and Gitlow to Tour Rural Districts

When Al Smith, presidential candidate of the Democratic Party, rejected the equalization fee feature of the McNary-Haugen farm relief bill, he gave additional proof that he is owned and controlled by the financial barons of Wall Street, who will not surrender their acquired right to fleece the farmers to the limit, according to a statement issued today by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, with headquarters at 43 East 125th St.

"The 'best minds' in the Democratic Party been brooding for weeks over some formula that would win the votes of the exploited farmer for Al Smith and at the same time satisfy Wall Street that Al's election would not impair its power to skin the farmers which it now enjoys under the benevolent regime of Calvin Coolidge.

No Relief for Poor Farmers.

"While the McNary-Haugen bill offered no solution of the problem that confronts the exploited farmer, being an attempt to bring relief to the big farmers only, Coolidge opposed the measure because the big financial interests of the East want the agricultural industry completely in their control.

"It is significant that Al Smith the democrat and Calvin Coolidge the republican oppose every proposal that might help in any way to give the farmers relief from the oppressive dictatorship of the finance-capitalists. Both parties are now dominated by the same interests, and the workers and poor farmers who still believe that the democratic party is an anti-Wall St. party should take to heart the lesson of the latest testimony of loyalty to Big Business given by the candidate of Tammany Hall.

Jockeying for Votes.

"Both capitalist parties are jockeying for the agricultural vote. Their game is to kid the farmers along until election day. After the first week in November, the presidential veto will fall on any measure that passes thru the congressional gauntlet, whether the White House is occupied by Tammany Al or by Hoover.

"The poor farmers should expect nothing from the republican and democratic parties but heavier mortgages and more intense robbery by the elevator trusts and the railroads. When Al Smith called on Governor Lowden, republican, of Illinois, to help him find a solution of the farming problem, he proved that he was not concerned about the problems of the poor farmers, but with those of the millionaire 'gentlemen' farmers. Governor Lowden is summering at his palatial summer home in Thousand Islands, while millions of tenant farmers are out under the burning sun, slaving from dawn until dusk, trying to make enough to keep body and soul together.

Organize!

"The National Platform of the Workers (Communist) Party presents the poor farmers and agricultural workers with the only solution of their present plight. It urges them to organize for the struggle against their enemies and the political agents of those enemies—the republican, democratic, and socialist parties. It points out that at least 40 per cent of the whole agricul-

Continued on Page Three

TO DISCUSS DRIVE AT MEET TONIGHT

Plan Campaign in Williamsburg

The drive for signatures in Section 6, Williamsburg, covering the 14th, 13th and 6th assembly districts of Kings county, is expected to gather fresh impetus from the special functionaries' meeting to be held tomorrow at 8.30 at 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn.

One week from tomorrow a special membership meeting of the section will be held for mobilization for the first "Red Sunday," to be observed in Williamsburg on August 19. The plan of the Williamsburg section is to hold "Red Sundays" often and, if necessary, "Red Saturdays" and "Red Weekdays," until a sufficient number of signatures are obtained to assure the placing on the ballot of Peter Midolla, Anton Bimba and Herbert Zam, Communist candidates from the 6th, 13th and 14th assembly districts respectively.

Communist Nominee

George J. Saul, subdistrict organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, who was chosen as Communist candidate for Governor of Colorado at the recent convention in Denver. Saul has spent more than 20 years among the workers and farmers of Colorado and was active during the Colorado coal strike last year.

ALL OF FASCIST CREW OF 31 DEAD

Submarine Sunk During Military Maneuvers

ROME, Aug. 7 (UP).—The 31 men who went to the bottom of the sea in the submarine F-14 when it was sunk in a collision, have been found dead, it was officially announced tonight.

The submarine was raised to the surface tonight and as rescue crews jumped into the craft, hopeful to find at least a majority of the imprisoned men still alive, they were greeted with the full extent of the tragedy—All of the crew dead.

Radio telephone communication with the sunken ship, which was maintained until shortly after noon today, had indicated that all—or at least most—of the men aboard were alive. Then, when the communication was broken off; it was feared something had happened down in the submerged vessel.

The F-14 had sunk at an angle of 70 degrees. Work of raising was started, but because of the angle of its slope it was feared that its storage batteries had upset and that part of the crew had been asphyxiated by fumes of sulphuric acid.

Experts believed, after the announcement, that the ship's complement of two officials and 29 men must have succumbed to the acid fumes.

While on maneuvers with the re-

Continued on Page Two

MURDER ATTEMPT ON WALDEMARAS

See New Polish Move Toward War

WARSAW, Aug. 7.—Details of a plot to assassinate Premier Valdemaras of Lithuania were printed today by "Glossprawdy," official mouthpiece of the Polish fascist war minister, Pilsudski, in what is suspected to be a new attempt to set off hostilities between Poland and Lithuania. Poles are reported to have been involved in the attempt.

The paper discloses the existence at Kovno of a widespread plot to assassinate not only Premier Valdemaras but several other Lithuanian ministers. A number of arrests have been made according to the same report.

Polish fascist leaders and military heads have sought consistently during the past few years to precipitate a war with Lithuania.

NEW BEDFORD ARRESTS

441 Jailed Since Textile Strike Began

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—Described by the bosses and by reactionary labor officials as a "peaceful" strike in which the police and the city authorities are "gentlemen," the publication yesterday by the International Labor Defense of a list of arrests for picketing, shows on the contrary, that the New Bedford textile strikers are facing a most vicious police and court terror. In spite of this, the ranks of the 28,000 strikers not only holds rock-solid but is being augmented by additional thousands walking out of Fall River plants in a struggle against the wage cut.

Since May 10, 441 strikers have been arrested or otherwise brought to trial before the mill bosses' courts. The New England district office of the I. L. D. records:

Number of arrests, 441; number

Continued on Page Three

TEXTILE PICKETS BRAVE POLICE TERROR AS MORE LEAVE MILLS; 20 JAILED

New Recruits Swell Ranks of Strikers While Walk-out Spreads

First Time in Their Lives on Line, Men and Women Stand Firm Under Slugging

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 7.—In defiance of a savage police attack launched against the first picket demonstrations of the strikers here, and against each successive line that formed and reformed in spite of a total of 20 arrests and the clubbings of men, women and children, picketing continues and many more workers in the American Printing Company and the Lincoln Manufacturing Company textile plants are joining the ranks of the strikers.

Strikers, picketing for the first time in their lives, meet the repeated police attacks with the most inspiring courage and despite the arrests of the picket line leaders. The eleven pickets arrested last night were increased by the jailing this morning of nine more strikers, among whom was James P. Ried, Fall River Textile Mill Committees organizer.

The first line of about 800 were led from Liberty by Reid to picket duty at the American Printing Company Mills. The police patrol immediately attacked. Reid, Peter Hogelias, Manuel Rogers, and Jessie Cardiero were arrested.

Sweeping down on the second line the charging police arrested, Antone Souza, Raymond Mendes, Frank Chaves, Joseph De Pachecs, Antonio Lopez, Joseph Carvalho, and Louis Ferreira.

The thousands of strikers and sympathizers then went back to Liberty Lot for a mass meeting, in spite of the police who tried to bar the way to the meeting place to the stream of workers headed there. The largest meeting ever held in Fall River was then held.

Bill Seroka, chairman opened the meeting in spite of the sudden appearance of 50 police under Chief Feeney. Albert Weisbord, leader of the Textile Mill Committees rose at

Continued on Page Five

MILL UNION HITS PRISON TORTURES

Textile Committee Replies to Foes' Slanders

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 7.—Albert Weisbord, leader of the Textile Mill Committees and just released from a charge of "trespassing" in a Fall River court, was enthusiastically cheered by strikers at two big mass meetings here, where he told New Bedford's strikers of the growing strike in the neighboring city.

The Textile Mill Committees are calling a mass meeting especially for the members of the United Textile Workers' Union of the A. F. of L. Thursday. These workers will be openly appealed to there to join the T. M. C. Ten thousand leaflets will be distributed by the union for this purpose.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 7.—Announcement was made by Eli Keller of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union that criminal and civil court action against all police officials and patrolmen who are charged with assaulting strikers will be taken in cooperation with the American Civil Liberties Union. The NBTWU is gathering evidence of the beating in prison of Alphonse Lamirios, A. C. Pinto and other strikers. The evidence will include a broken policemen's club in the union's possession which was broken over the head of one of the strikers on the picket line.

Keller, general organizer for the union also issued a statement denouncing the latest trick of the enemies of the strike, namely that of a slander campaign against the Textile Mill Committee leaders. The statement says:

"During the last week a widespread campaign to discredit the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union was conducted by the bosses who are using the police, prison officials and the A. F. of L. union officials as agents. The rumors that these people spread among the arrested workers included that the organizers of the NBTWU are receiving $75 a week as wages for leading the strike. We brand such charges as falsehoods without any truth whatsoever. The organizers of the NBTWU do receive wages, the amount being just enough to enable the organizers to subsist during the strike.

"Another rumor that was spread last week while the strike leaders

Continued on Page Three

AIM TO PERFECT DEATH MACHINES

Silent Planes Object of Imperialists

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Silent, almost invisible airplanes capable of wiping out unsuspecting populations with sudden showers of gas and bombs are being experimented upon by United States, British, French and German governments.

Experts predict the early development of the new type of machine which would alter the whole character of warfare.

4,000 BARBERS GO ON STRIKE TODAY

Recognition of Union Aim of Workers

Four thousand barbers will go on strike today in Greater New York to force recognition of the union by the 2,000 non union shops in the borough of Manhattan, according to an announcement made yesterday by Abe Greenwald, manager of local 752 of the International Union of Journeymen Barbers.

The strike which was decided upon, after a unanimous vote of the members of the union on July 18, is being called under the leadership of locals 752 and 900 The main purpose of the strike will be to have the 2,000 non-union establishments recognize the International Union of Journeymen Barbers. Further disputes, such as bettering of hours and increase in wages for the barbers will all be possible after the complete recognition of the union has been obtained, according to a statement made yesterday at the union office.

In the present strike, no wage disputes are involved. The union members realize the importance of building up a strong union so as to be better able to deal with the bosses, and their energies in this strike will all be exerted toward the recognition of the union.

REFORMISTS IN ATTACK ON USSR

BRUSSELS, Aug. 7.—The second session of the third congress of the Second International was marked today by a vicious attack on the Soviet government by members of the former Social-Democratic party of old Russia.

The "socialists" raved about the "brutal tactics" and "terrorism" of the Soviet government and called it a "menace" to civilization, terming the Workers' and Peasants' government a "betrayer of the working class."

Some of the British delegates urged the resumption of diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union in order to mend the economic situation in England.

Walter M. Trumbull, Ex-Soldier, Calls for Nation-Wide Campaign to Free Porter

FORMER PRISONER SAYS LABOR CAN RELEASE STRIKER

Sends Appeal From Sanatorium

A call for a more extensive drive to free John Porter, vice-president of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union and Organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, who was sentenced to two and a half years at hard labor on a technical charge of desertion following his activities in the strike and the Communist youth movement, is made by Walter M. Trumbull. A former soldier himself, Trumbull was sentenced to 26 years at hard labor in 1925 for his leadership in the Communist organization in the army in Hawaii, but was released by mass protest after one year behind the bars.

The one year spent in prison by Walter Trumbull was sufficient to break down his health, and for more than a year he has been ill with tuberculosis. At present he is in the William H. Maybury Sanatorium, Northville, Michigan.

The following article was written in the sanatorium:

* * *

By WALTER M. TRUMBULL

The case of John Porter is just one more instance in which the army czars prove beyond doubt in whose interest they work. Once more have they fallen in line with the mill barons and their ilk.

The struggle to free Porter is more difficult because of his relatively "short" sentence of two and a half years than it would have been if the authorities had gone ahead with their original plan to give him a life sentence. The officers of the court-martial hoped to make the sentence stick.

40 and 26-Year Sentences.

When the court-martial in Hawaii gave Paul Crouch and me sentences of 40 and 26 years, they also hoped to make their sentences stick. They made the mistake of allowing their hatred and fear of the working class to cause them to pass sentences that shocked the entire country. Their evident savagery caused even hard-boiled capitalist papers to register a protest.

The army has learned something from these cases. They are applying their lesson to the case of John Porter. They know that it is much easier to prevent reduction or complete release from what sounds like a relatively short sentence. In this case, they made every effort to hide the class issue in the case, giving the maximum on a technical charge of desertion. Also, it must not be forgotten that the military authorities often try military prisoners by court-martial and give long sentences for something alleged to have been done while in prison, thus preventing their release at the end of the original sentence.

Danger of Longer Sentence.

It suits the purpose of the military authorities to give Porter a "short" sentence now and then upon some pretext or other court-martial him again for the purpose of keeping him in jail. It is a very clever method, and we must work with greater effort to spoil this plan of the bosses.

Porter has taken a militant stand. There was no cringing on his part before the court of officers. He hurled his defiance in their teeth and it was they who showed uneasiness.

Protests Can Free Porter.

There was another lesson learned from the case of Paul Crouch and myself—a lesson for the class-conscious workers. We learned the power of protest meetings, letters and telegrams of protest to the war department. Were it not for these, both Paul Crouch and I would be in the power of the army czars now!

Comrades! John Porter must and will be free! Write and wire protests to the war department! Organize protest meetings and demonstrate your opinion of this plot to keep an active worker silent.

Free John Porter!

ELECTION DRIVE ENLISTS NEGROES

The work of collecting signatures in Section 8, Brownsville, is being carried on not only by the membership of the section and the Young Workers League members, but is being actively aided by non-partisan organizations, chief among them the United Council of Working-class Women, the Independent Workmen's Circle and various Jewish workers' culture clubs which have their headquarters in the section. Some of these organizations have already been assigned definite streets on which to send signature solicitors.

The signature campaign in Brownsville has revealed that increasingly large numbers of Negro workers are showing a keen interest in the Workers Party candidates and platform. The new headquarters of the section at 154 Watkins St. are being regularly visited by a growing number of Negro workers inquiring as to the Party and what it stands for.

Directors and Advisors at Workers' Camp

Number of the directors and advisers of the Workers' Camp outside Los Angeles are shown in the picture. Scores of workers' children, most of the Pioneers, are yearly cared for in this camp and given a chance to escape the heat and overcrowded conditions in the city. (Photo by Paul C. Reiss)

SECTION 1 CALLS ELECTION MEET

Workers' Clubs to Be at Conference

The Communist Election Campaign is daily gaining more momentum in Section 1, dowtown, August 24 will mark the beginning of a much more extensive campaign in that section, especially with respect to the signature drive to put the Workers (Communist) Party candidates on the ballot. On that date all the workers' clubs, sick and death benefit organizations, fraternal and language organizations which meet in that section will convene to consider ways and means of helping to put the Communist candidates on the ballot.

The conference, which will be held at 8 o'clock, at Section 1 headquarters, 60 St. Marks Place, is expected to be representative of many nationalities, among them Italians, Russians, Poles, Ukranians, Hungarians and Armenians. Section 1, a working class center, is the seat of the fraternal activities of many language organizations of workers.

Two Delegates.

Each of the organizations will be represented by two delegates and will be elected to function actively in cooperation with the section for the furtherance of the election campaign. While the bulk of the task of the members of the fraternal organizations will be soliciting signatures, they will also function in open air meetings, forming committees for collections, sale of literature and arrangements committees.

All workers' clubs, all language organizations and fraternal clubs are requested by the Campaign Committee of Section one to elect two delegates to the enlarged election campaign conference of August 24.

The signature drive in Section one is being accelerated. "Red Sunday", held in that section last Sunday, resulted in the gathering of 100 signatures in a comparatively short time. According to S. Milgrom, campaign director of the section, a prize will be offered to the member who first obtain fifty signatures in the 8th A. D.

The Young Workers League, at a special campaign meeting, elected a Young Workers Campaign Committee which will mobilize all the young workers of the section for active participation in the signature drive. This participation of the young workers will be especially stressed on Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays, on which days no other League activities occur.

Headquarters for the 6th Assembly District have been opened by Section at 2nd Ave. and 2nd St., the headquarters of the Downtown Jewish Workers Club. Within several days the Section expects to open headquarters in the 4th A. D. in the vicinity of Rutgers Square.

Calverton and Gold to Debate Attitude of Radicals on Sex

A debate will be held Friday evening, August 10, at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St., between Michael Gold, editor of the "New Masses," and V. F. Calverton, editor of the "Modern Quarterly," on the subject: "Do Radicals Pussyfoot on Sex?"

Calverton will attack what he regards as the failure of the radical movement to take a definite position on sex, while Gold will defend the viewpoint of the "majority" on the subject.

Proceeds will go to the "New Masses."

Girl Dies of Radium Paint; Father Files SuitAgainstCompany

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Because his daughter, Ella Cruse, had died from an infection contracted while at work at the Radium Dial Corporation of Ottawa, Ill., James Cruse has filed a suit of $33,750 against the corporation.

CHICAGO DRIVE IN FULL SWING

Chicago Election Meets Held

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 7. — The election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in Chicago is in full swing. Collection of signatures has been carried on very intensively, and the placing on the ballot of the Workers (Communist) Party ticket is now felt to be beyond doubt. Proceeding from the premise that a local campaign on the basis of local candidates stimulates the national campaign, efforts are being made to nominate congressional candidates in ten out of twenty-seven congressional districts in Illinois.

Hold Open-Air Meets

The open-air street meetings campaign is also in full swing. One 100 percent American police captain of the Sheffield Ave. police station has sworn not to permit the Workers (Communist) Party to hold any street meetings within his domain. But the Party has resolved to hold street meetings there, "police captain or no police captain." This war has resulted up to now in a number of casualties on the party's side. But although frequent arrests have been made, there have not yet been any serious after-effects.

Arrest Workers

The town moguls of Waukegan have decided not to permit the Party to carry on election campaign activities in the streets. There have been a number of arrests here with cases still pending in court. But the Party is determined to carry through its campaign.

For the first time very intensive work is carried on in those sections of the city primarily populated by Italian speaking workers. Serio is holding enthusiastic meetings every night, soliciting readers for the Party press and new members.

The outstanding feature of the present campaign developments are the systematic activities for open-air meetings and also petitions, circulation in the Negro territories on the south side and in the industrial section, section 2, south side, Pullman and Hegewisch. The response to the campaign in these territories is most promising for the final results of the campaign.

CHARGE POLICE GRAFT IN CONEY

Residents Say Cops are Bribed by Bath Owners

Members of the Van Sicklen Tax Payers Association, an organization made up of people living in Coney Island away from the amusement center, at its regular Monday night meeting in Guffanti's Inn, Ocean Parkway and Neptune Ave., passed a unanimous resolution, requesting that an investigation be made on charges that the Coney Island police are working hand in hand and being paid by the owners of private beach bath houses to force residents to wear full clothes on the way to the beach and thus pay for the privilege of bathing.

The resolution, read by Walter Cleary, president of the association, condemned the action of the Coney Island police in serving summonses on hundreds of people living in Coney Island daily, for going through the streets in bathing suits.

The action of the police, it is charged, is caused by the owners of the bath houses, who, the organization implies, have given graft to the police in efforts to increase their own business. No ordinance against walking in the streets in a bathing suit in Coney Island, has ever been passed, and the arrests are therefore illegal.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

FOOD FOR MILL STRIKE IS CALL OF RELIEF BODY

Relief Body Calls for Contributions

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 7. —"More food for the strikers and their wives and children!" is the slogan of the Workers' International Relief which is conducting the relief activities for the 28,000 textile strikers of this city.

With the police continuing their campaign of arresing pickets and strike organizers, the need of defending and obtaining relief for the workers becomes more necessary than ever before.

Yesterday the Workers' International Relief branch of Springfield, Mass. sent a truckload of bread to feed the strikers. It consisted of 1,300 pounds and was equally divided between the two relief stores in the north and south end of the city. The Springfield W. I. R. has promised to furnish more bread in the near future.

Fifty-one pecks of potatoes were donated to the W. I. R. yesterday by F. Silva, of Chase Road. He told members of the relief committee that more potatoes would be forthcoming shortly.

Macaroni to the extent of 500 pounds was contributed yesterday by the Tagus Importing and Exporting Co. of this city. In addition, a committee of strikers went fishing yesterday and brought in a quantity of scallops.

With the needs of the relief committee increasing daily as more strikers apply for assistance, a critical situation is developing. To enable the workers to continue on the picket line, food is necessary. Wire or mail funds at once to the Workers' International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

WORKERS GROUPS AT JERSEY MEET

Industries From Many Sections Represented

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 7.—An indication of the state-wide labor elements that attended the New Jersey State Convention to ratify the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party, is seen in the report of the Credentials Committee.

The list contains the names of many labor and fraternal organizations throughout the state, as well as representatives from every trade and industry.

The following Party units were represented: Paterson, Passaic, Elizabeth, New Brunswick, Bayonne, Garfield, Jersey City, Newark and Perth Amboy.

The following industries were represented. Building trades, machine, oil, chemical, copper smelting, cable works, textile, silk, clothing, aeroplane, railroad, Red Cross. The following shops were represented: Botany Mills, Passaic, Foerstam and Huffman, Garfield; Singer Sewing Machine, Elizabeth; Johnson and Johnson Red Cross, New Brunswick; Durant Motor Co., Standard Oil Co., Tide Water Oil Co., Schwartzenbeck Silk Mills, Wright Aeronautic Co., Raritan Copper Works, Underground Cable Works, Worthington Pump and Machinery Corp., New Jersey Central Railroad, DuPont Chemical Co., Perth Amboy Hat Works.

Delegates	19
Shop delegates	15
Young Workers League	8
Young Pioneers	2
Fraternal Organizations:	
Women's Councils	5
International Labor Defense	4
Ukrainian organizations	3
Hungarian organizations	8
Slovak organizations	1
Finnish organizations	1
Russian organizations	3
Lithuanian organizations	5
Jewish organizations	16
Total fraternal delegates	46
Number of delegates at conference	90
Members of trade unions	17
Workers	66
Clerks	2
Students	2
Housewives	20
W. C. P. members	61
Former socialist party members	25
Former democrats or republicans	10

Celebrate Birth of Child by Donating $18.50 to the Daily

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Aug. 7. — At a camp fire in celebration of a baby born to Paulino Morganstein and S. Schwartzberg, both members of the Workers (Communist) Party, held on the camping grounds near Peekskill, $18.50 was collected from the workers present and sent to the Daily Worker.

The couple say that the birth of the Young Pioneer has spurred them on to increase activity in the Workers (Communist) Party, and promise that more funds will soon be forthcoming to the Daily Worker.

OBREGON PARTY ASKS CALLES TO STAY TWO YEARS

Papal Organ in Vain Effort to Shift Blame

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 7.—The call of the Obregon party in Vera Cruz under the leadership of Adalberto Tejado, whose election as governor of Vera Cruz has just been announced, to extend the term of President Calles for a period of two years was supported today by General Amado Aguirre, governor of the southern district of Lower California.

Manuel Puig Casauranc, minister of education in President Calles' cabinet at a dinner of scientific societies here today, declared that "The world may be assured that the successor of President Calles will be selected according to law."

* * *

Vatican Attacks Calles.

ROME, Aug. 7.—The semi-official organ of the Roman Catholic Church, in an article on the assassination of President-elect Obregon, attempted to transfer the responsibility for the crime to President Calles, who, it charges, had planned the assassination himself.

In spite of the fact that Toral was seen to fire the shots that killed Obregon, the Vatican paper charges that someone else directly influenced by Calles had done the shooting.

COUNCILS DRIVE FOR CHINESE AID

Appeal to Women to Help on Tag Days

An appeal was issued from the headquarters of the United Councils of Working Class Women yesterday to participate in the tag days for the aid of the Chinese Trade Unions and workers which will be held this Saturday and Sunday.

The appeal, which is made for the purpose of securing increased funds and help for the Chinese workers and peasants, oppressed both by the reactionary Nanking regime and by the foreign imperialist powers, is made to all members of the militant women's organization, and especially to the secretaries of the different councils.

Kate Gitlow, secretary of the United Councils of Working Class Women, in a statement made yesterday, described the utter want and miserable conditions under which the Chinese workers and their wives and children are forced to undergo at the hands of the reactionary forces. "The lot of the workers is miserable enough," she said, "but the position in which the women and children are placed by far exceeds that of any nation in the world today." She stressed the fact that in view of these conditions, the American women ought to do all in their power to help their Chinese comrades.

Boxes for those who will participate in the collection campaign are now ready at the headquarters of the organization, 80 East 11th St., room 533. Members of the councils can get them on any days except Saturday and Sunday, from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Secretaries of the different councils have been asked to mobilize the women for the tag days.

KELLOGG PALES BEFORE U. S. S. R.

French Gov. Fears to Invite Tchitcherin

Continued from Page One

pate at Paris another alternative is talked of here. It is that Kellogg, as the originator of the compact, could invite the Soviet Union to send its representative to Washington. But this procedure is thought to be doomed to failure by many observers here.

In the first place, they point out, Tchitcherin is reported to have said that he would attend only the first conference, at which he would attempt to make changes in the Kellogg pact before the question of signing it could be settled. In the second place, it is pointed out, Kellogg would feel embarrassed to have a representative of the Workers and Peasants government in Washington.

French Government Afraid.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—The reports that the Soviet Union would be willing to attend the anti-war conference at Paris and discuss the question of outlawing war with representatives of the powers have led government officials and newspapers here into launching a bitter attack against the Soviet Union.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

Communist Presidential Campaign in Chicago

A group of workers from the Russian branch of the American Association for the Advancement of Atheism are shown in the picture. They are participating in the opening of the presidential campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in Chicago. (Picture by M. Stolar)

"LABOR UNITY" HITS AUGUST WITH A BANG

The perspective of a month of not only the leading struggles of the American working class but of the high lights of battles in other countries is given more and more clearly in each number of "Labor Unity," the official organ of the Trade Union Educational League, the militant magazine of the progressives and the left wing in the labor movement.

Last Number Always Best

The last August number of this publication is the best yet. This statement has been made on several previous occasions by the reviewer for the Daily Worker—and in all cases it has been true!

Hitherto unpublished material from the mining fields appears with an abundance of fine illustrations which now feature this paper. Not only accounts of the trade union struggle in the coal fields, but an excellent survey of the future of coal in all its phases mark the issue.

Host of Features.

The rising tempo of the textile struggle is reflected with unusual vigor. Political news, women and the elections, a cartoon by Fred Ellis on a republican campaign chairman riding the strikebreaking, G. O. P. elephant, an article, on the Australian trade unions, an account of crisis in the British mining industry craft unionism in the American food industry—international news and notes, sparkling and, yes, smashing editorials—how can one number contain all this and still maintain the standard of excellence which it has set?

There is only one answer to this difficult question and every worker must have it answered for himself—at a price so low that even a wage slave can afford 20 cents.

Report Fascist Crew of 31 on Submarine are Found to Be Dead

Continued from Page One

mainder of a flotilla of submarines, the F-14 had started to attack a squadron of destroyers off Brioni Island in the Adriatic. It rammed one of the destroyers, and sank while its radio operator was flashing out the "S. O. S."

Late today there were two messages—that all communication had ceased with the F-14 because "something had snapped." But that the submarine was only 40 feet from the surface after having been raised by the crane.

Recalls American Submarine.

The fate of the crew of the Italian submarine F-14 caused speculation to be renewed regarding the fate of the crew of the American submarine S-4 which sank off the Massachusetts coast last autumn. tappings came from the hull, and there was criticism because the submarine was not raised immediately.

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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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WINDOW CLEANER STRIKE IN N. J.

16 Shops Fight Wage Cut, Long Hours

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 7.—Window cleaners here have gone out on strike against a wage cut and an increase in hours. Today is the second day of the strike.

Fifty window cleaners of 16 shops are on strike. Window cleaners have been arbitrating with the bosses since June 7, when their agreement with them expired. Four shops of window cleaners settled with their bosses. The window cleaners on strike are members of their local union, No. 22, meeting at the Ukrainian Labor Hall, 57 Beacon St.

Besides trying to effect a wage cut, the bosses intended to make the window cleaners work a whole day Saturday instead of a half day, as they had been working under the agreement which expired on June 7. The window cleaners, up to the time that they went out to try to settle with the bosses, worked eight hours per day, a half day Saturday and received $45 per week wages.

JOHN STRATON AND AL SMITH IN FUNNY ACT

Church Is Chosen for Vaudeville Stunt

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Governor Smith, the Tammany candidate for president, today challenged Rev. "Dr." John Roach Straton, "fundamentalist" minister, to a debate in Cavalry Church, New York, in reply to the statements of Straton that Smith is "the deadliest foe in America today of the forces of moral progress and true political wisdom."

"In the spirit of American fair play," Governor Smith, in a letter to "Dr." Straton, asked for the opportunity to debate with the "fundamentalist" in his church.

It is not known whether the public will be able to enjoy this exchange of wits, for at Straton's office in New York today it was stated that he has "gone to the lakes" and will not be back until the end of August.

Opinion is divided as to whether the charge is based on the corruption and gambling under the Tammany regime, or the fact that Smith happens to be a catholic while Straton is a protestant "fundamentalist."

BANKS REPORT RECORD CAPITAL

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 (UP).—Total resources of national banks in the Continental United States, Alaska and Hawaii on June 30, were $28,508,239,000, the largest in the history of the national banking system, exceeding by approximately $350,000,000 the resources of the banks on December 31, 1927, Comptroller of Currency McIntosh announced today.

Figures for the current call date of June 30 were reported by 7,691 national banks and exceeded also by $934,552,000 returns of 7,734 banks reporting as of February 28, 1923, date of the previous call for condition.

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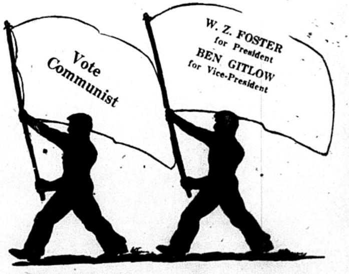

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Belgrade Government Drafts Troops as Croatian Parliament Calls for Full Autonomy

ENGDAHL FLAYS CRIMES OF U. S. IMPERIALISTS

Denounces Invasion of China

Continued from Page One

artillery and technical troops where there were a large percentage of workers present. The Communist Parties must utilise old experiences and proceed courageously to work. Colonial armies and colored troops must also be propagated. The Congress must instruct the Executive Committee of the Communist International to publish valuable literature concerning the experiences of the Bolshevists in army and navy work, including experiences and lessons of the recent world war. (Applause.)

Bell Speaks.

Bell, of Great Britain, then made his closing speech. He declared that the war danger is the central point of this Congress. Few speakers attacked his theses which expressed clearly that the League of Nations is a tool of the imperialists in their preparations for war.

In regard to colored troops, the Congress and the Parties must pay more attention to them. The theses stress clearly the importance of work among the national minorities and the sailors. The Parties must not underestimate the importance of work in the mercenary armies. The boycott slogan concerning mercenaries is absolutely correct and Leninist.

The social democrats and the reformist trade union leaders are supporting the war preparations of the bourgeoisie. Our task is to expose the aims of the bourgeoisie and make impossible the transport of troops and recruiting among the workers. Our duty is to weaken the bourgeoisie and make war impossible. The main resistance to war must be organized in the factories.

Slogans Correct.

The central idea of the theses is the transformation of the imperialist war into a civil war. Fraternization is not an aim but a means for undermining imperialist warfare. We need not fear such slogans as "desertion in the fight against war." The slogan of the formation of proletarian militia is absolutely correct. Its replacement by a toilers' militia would only be confusing.

The latest Polish action in identifying the Soviet government with the Communist International proves that the war danger is the central question. We must support the efforts of the Soviet government to maintain peace and simultaneously must increase the struggle against imperialist war. Energetic work will result in the extension of the social revolutionary front in case of war. Following his closing speech, Bell's theses were unanimously adopted as a basis for a commission.

Tammany's Mayor Welcomes British Imperialist

British imperialist fliers from the ill-fated trans-Atlantic Whale were greeted at city hall in New York by Tammany's mayor, James Walker. Captain Frank A. Courtney, leader of the debacle is shown affectionately bending towards the mayor.

German Militarism In Preparations for New World Imperialist War

BERLIN, Aug. 7 (UP).—President Hindenburg, wearing his old field marshal's uniform, will stand on the bridge of the Battleship Schleswig Holstein tomorrow to supervise artillery practice of the Baltic Sea fleet.

The units engaged will include four battleships and two cruisers.

After a days gun practice under Vice Admiral Oldekop, Hindenburg, addressing officers and men of the fleet, will criticize the firing from the viewpoint of naval tactics.

The new target ship Zaehringen will participate in the practice.

(Daily Worker Talks No. 5).

Hysterical Hokum!

He promised to send me a diamond ring. He said he would get a divorce and then we would . . . I was in raptures.

Suddenly he wrote that he must never see me again . . .

The above hectic episodes with their heart-breaking underscriptions are part of a series running currently in one of New York tabloids. This travesty on a newspaper is read almost entirely by workers. Its circulation in one day exceeds that of The DAILY WORKER for a week.

Gutter garbage, sex-sensation, charmingly gilded news-swill—Hysterical Hokum!

For the most part the workers fail to understand the role played by these hoodlum news sheets. They help to cover up the decaying spots of the capitalist system; they excite and drain the energies which should be directed to the struggle of the workers against their real enemies, the bosses; they create a false world of lurid lures and fascinating fables from which the worker has the greatest difficulty in extricating himself.

• • •

How shall we argue away all these fool illusions? The struggles of the workers will do the trick, to be sure, but we have an important part to play. And we will all admit that we do that part better than it is being done at present.

We cannot collar the thousands of workers individually and so convince them, even if the method of abstract argument alone were effective. Life is too short to engage in a man-to-man crusade.

THERE IS THE DAILY WORKER!

Put a DAILY WORKER into the hands of a reader of Hysterical Hokum. Do it twice daily for a month—and see what happens.

Keep your paper alive and interesting with the news of the struggles as they happen in your shop, mill or mine—

AGAINST THE BOSSES AND THEIR PAPERS!

FOR THE WORKERS—AND THE DAILY WORKER!

ORGANIZATION OF THE RED AID IN URUGUAY

By TUZZAR

THE Red Aid in Uruguay (Seccion Uruguaya des Socorro Rojo International) has existed since February, 1926. However, its activity up to the commencement of 1928 was chiefly conducted by its central committee. The work of the Red Aid in Uruguay consisted in assisting workers arrested in connection with strikes, etc., assisting their dependents and assisting the political fugitives who sought refuge in Uruguay from the white terror in the neighboring countries.

In this way, in 1926, 25 political prisoners and five political fugitives were assisted, and in 1927, 42 political prisoners and three political fugitives were assisted. The political affiliation of these 75 revolutionary workers was 10 anarchists, 33 Communists and 32 non-party workers.

Trade Union Sabotage.

The Red Aid was supported in its work by only a small portion of the workers. The trade unions, anarchist and autonomous, which have formed their own prisoners' defense committee, did not only refuse to assist the Red Aid, but even refused to take part in the campaigns arranged by the Red Aids.

Since February, 1928, a reorganization of the Red Aid is being carried out with a view to turning the organization into a mass one upon the basis of individual membership. It can be said without fear of exaggeration that during March and April great organization work has been carried out. The central committee issued an appeal to the workers which was reprinted as a leading article in the daily newspaper "Justicia." The appeal contained the aims and objects of the Red Aid and appealed to all workers to join its ranks. It was decided to organize provincial committees in 18 districts. There is no provincial committee in the capital of Montevideo and the work of such a committee is carried out by the central committee. Twenty-one district committees will also be organized.

• • •

At Work in 8 Provinces.

SUCH committees are now at work in 8 provinces and they are composed of not more than five members. The work in the province of Rocha is particularly good and the committee here has already secured 150 members.

Energetic work is being carried out to persuade the workers to become individual members of the Red Aid. On the 16th of April a conference of officials with the central committee was held and the course of the conference showed that the Red Aid now has 500 individual members. In reality the individual membership is still greater for some of the provinces were not represented at the conference.

This conference decided upon the plans for the work of the organization. Each organization, which is collectively affiliated to the Red Aid, will now appoint one member who is directly responsible for the Red Aid work. The provincial organizations received instructions as to how committees should be formed with the co-operation of other working-class organizations.

Over 50 Organizations.

The efforts of the central committee to secure further collective affiliation on the part of working-class organizations are not less important. At the present time there are over 50 organizations affiliated to the Red Aid, including the workers' unity block (Bloc de Unidad Obrera), which represents 33 unions with 4,800 members.

Many political, trade union, cultural and sport organizations have adopted decisions to pay regular monthly contributions to the Red Aid. However, in consequence of the strike movement and the great unemployment, the financial support accorded by the trade unions is not very great.

Newspaper Prints Articles.

The Red Aid has secured publicity space in the daily newspaper "Justicia." Almost every day communications are published concerning the support granted to prisoners and their dependents. During the course of two months 75 articles and notices concerning the Red Aid were published. All material is signed by the Red Aid.

• • •

DURING this period a campaign was carried on for the release of Isodoro Azzario, who was arrested in Panama and extradited to the Italian government. A leaflet was printed and distributed and a special propaganda placard was published and stuck up everywhere. A mass meeting was also held. On the committee which was formed in connection with this campaign various parties and organizations were represented, including the Communist Party, the socialist party and the sport federation.

The 18th of March was celebrated by the Red Aid with the publication of three long articles in the "Justicia."

Celebrate May Day.

On the first day of May the section took part in the main column of demonstrators and marched under its own slogans. The section has also organized a special inspection service in order to make possible direct assistance for the political prisoners.

The work among the foreign-born workers was also not neglected. There are four such groups at the present time, an Italian, a Polish, a Jewish and a Hungarian.

Many strikes take place here and the collisions between the workers and the police are always accompanied by numerous arrests. By their activity the representatives of the Red Aid have secured the release of a number of workers. During the last three months 26 arrested workers and two political fugitives were assisted. In general, it may be said that the Red Aid in Uruguay has started on the right road toward building up its organization all over the country, securing masses of individual members and toward transforming the organization into a mass one.

SMITH SHOWN AS FARMERS' ENEMY

Foster and Gitlow to Tour Rural Districts

Continued from Page One

tural population, 4.2 million people, are neither owners nor tenant farmers, but simply agricultural workers who own nothing but their labor power, that they are part of the American working class and must be embraced by its economic and political organizations in the struggle against capitalism.

"The working and exploited farmers must learn from their own desperate plight that they must break off their alliance with the bankers and other factors of big business and must form an alliance with the working class. Tho the fake McNary-Haugen farm relief bill passed both houses of Congress by virtue of an alliance between the farm bloc and certain Wall Street representatives, Calvin Coolidge, the responsible Wall Street executive, promptly vetoed the bill

Communist Program.

"Foster and Gitlow, the presidential and vice-presidential candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party respectively, and other Communist speakers will bring the Communist agrarian program to the agricultural regions in this election campaign. The immediate demands contained in the program call for a five-year moratorium on farm mortgages debts, including debts on chattels, protection of the working farmer against monopoly prices, and the essential lowering of the prices of all trust products which the farmer uses.

"The program calls for protection of the farmer against special exploitation by the distributing agencies of production, my railroads, meat packers, milk trusts, and grain elevator combines; a federal law for the creation of a special farm relief fund of $1,000,000,000 to relieve the conditions of the tenant and mortgaged farmers, the fund to be administered by organizations of working farmers; a federal law against forced farm foreclosures; abolition of all federal and local taxes on working and tenant farmers; the land to belong to its users; complete freedom to organize and strike for the agricultural workers; a federal law to guarantee a seven-hour maximum working day and a 48-hour weekly rest for all agricultural workers; a yearly vacation with pay for all farm laborers; extension to agricultural workers of all benefits of social insurance and labor protection legislation demanded for industrial workers."

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KELLOGG TO AID OIL BARONS IN COLOMBIA FIGHT

Mellon Interests Hit By New Decree

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The State Department, while refusing to comment on the repeal by the president of Colombia of the Barco Oil concessions, Mellon controlled, intimated that it was watching developments carefully.

Some time ago the Mellon interests appealed to the State Department and it is felt here that the United States government, understanding the full implications of the case, would take some action if the Mellon company would not gain satisfaction in direct dealings with the Colombian government.

• • •

British-American Oil Feud.

BOGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 7.—The action yesterday of President Abadia in upholding decree of the previous administration which cancelled the Barco oil concessions of 5,000,000 acres which is owned by the American Gulf Company and the Carib Syndicate, both controlled by Mellon has led to renewed protests to the American State department by the United States oil companies and the institution of proceedings in the Colombian courts against the decree.

The new Colombian oil law which gave special rights to the Andean Oil Company (British controlled) and the threatened resignation of three cabinet members is generally believed to indicate that American oil interests are organizing a fight against the added privileges given the British company.

Although the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey has also been given special privileges by the new law, the repeal of the Barco Oil concession, in which Mellon has a leading interest, is symptomatic of the increasing influence of British oil power in Colombia, it is alleged.

That such is the case is also evidenced by the editorial in "El Tiempo," a Bogota newspaper, which, it is believed, would not under different circumstances have taken the attitude it does. The editorial states: "If we have to hurt Secretary Mellon's interests to defend our rights, that does not mean hostility to the great northern republic."

Gulf Stream Flows West at One Point

LONDON, Aug. 7 (UP).—Great Britain, with a tinge of amusement was discussing today the possibility that a change in the course of the gulf stream might change for the worse the already notorious British weather.

Captains of the liners Homeric and Majestic on their last voyages reported that at one point the gulf stream, which now softens British weather, was flowing westward.

Newspapers and the public are speculating on what might occur if the gulf stream really changed its course. Great Britain is as far north as Labrador, and if it were not for the warming gulf stream, England would be ice cold.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

The Real King and the Puppet He Owns

The House of Morgan has just announced the conclusion of a $25,000,000 loan to the Spanish government. The loan is planned to stabilize the pesota, which is another way of saying the fascist dictatorship of Primo de Rivera. The picture shows J. P. Morgan, at left, and the royal puppet monarch whose kingdom he now virtually owns, King Alfonso of Spain.

MILL UNION HITS PRISON TORTURES

Textile Committee Replies to Foes' Slanders

Continued from Page One

were in jail is that the NBTWU organizers are not textile workers and therefore not acquainted with the problems of the textile workers. Until recently Keller, Dawson, Beal and Weisbord, worked in textile mills and are well informed with all of the questions facing the workers in that industry.

"As to the other officials of the NBTWU, they are all local textile workers and well acquainted with the questions of importance that the workers must face and solve.

"Batty, Reviere and Co., are alleged to have said that the leaders of the NBTWU are the first to be released from prison while the rank and file strikers are left in the cells. The facts of the case in relation to last week's mass arrests prove that these charges are not true.

"The first to be released from prison last week were not the organizers but the strikers themselves. Keller, Dawson and Donnelley were in their cells until late Saturday, at this time all of the others who were arrested were already released."

Plan Frame-up of Ohio Militant

Continued from Page One

ment—although under a $900 bond, awaiting action of the Grand Jury. Like others in the mining section he decided to have the opportunity to move around freely and talked the matter over with Walker, sub-district president.

Bond Ordered Forfeited.

Walker informed him he could go safely, since there was no danger of his trial coming up until the October term of court. In the meantime he had gone away and his case came up before the Grand Jury, which promptly indicted him and set date for trial. Since he had gone away for work, he could not be located immediately. The court ordered the bond forfeited. He is now held in jail and bond has been refused.

International Labor Defense has taken up the case and is making efforts for release on bond and the quashing of the dynamiting charge.

CLASS WAR IN NEW BEDFORD

441 Arrested Since the Strike Began

Continued from Page One

of charges, 552; amount of fines by District Court, $2630.00; jail sentences by District Court, 1043 months; amount of bail deposited, $248,500.000.

"The amount of bail actually deposited in securities, real estate, bank books, etc., will amount to $400,000.00 and even more. In addition to the 441 arrests from among the members of the newly organised New Bedford Textile workers Union and T. M. C. there are about 25 additional arrests from the ranks of the Textile Council members," the statement says.

"All 552 cases, are being handled by the International Labor Defense at the expense of many thousands of dollars. Appeals have been taken on all cases to the Superior Court for a jury trial and all defendants have been bailed out.

"In handling this extremely large number of cases, the I. L. D. is facing the most critical financial situation. Funds are needed more than ever before. All friends and sympathizers should help win the strike by helping to defend the arrested and persecuted strikers. Send your contributions to International Labor Defense, 113 Dudley St., Room 6, Boston, Mass."

MORE SAILORS NEED AID.

Twice as many sailors appealed to the American Seamen's Friend Society for aid as in 1927 or 1926. They deposited only a forth of the amount for safekeeping in society vaults than they did six years ago. More than 25,000 got free meals.

A DAILY WORKER correspondent is the real spokesman and leader of the workers in his

CRISIS COMES WITH DEATH OF RADITCH NEAR

Zagreb in State of Tension

ZAGREB, Jugoslavia, Aug. 7.—As Croatia threatens to withdraw from the Jugoslav kingdom and declare an autonomous state, the Belgrade government has drafted several regiments for duty in Zagreb to suppress an expected uprising.

The situation is quickly drawing to a head because of the critical condition of Stefan Raditch, Croat leader, who was shot in the Belgrade parliament on June 20. Death is thought to be rapidly approaching and the event of his death will, it is generally believed, be the occasion for armed revolt in Zagreb, where the political situation has caused feeling to run high.

The opposition parliament in Zagreb, which has repudiated the Belgrade parliament as only representing a Serb hegemony, has passed resolutions virtually declaring Croatia an autonomous state. Public demonstrations in favor of a free Croatia are taking place here.

Stefan Raditch is known for his opposition to the Nettuno pact with the Italian government and his publicly expressed enmity to Mussolini and the fascist dictatorship.

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Seamen Must Build Up Mighty International Union, Harbor Correspondent Writes

HANdOuTS

Members of the American Society of Chemists, meeting at Northwestern University, Chicago, whose main business in life is preparation for war, heard a proposal for the use of humane gases in war which merely put an army to sleep. The trouble would be you would have to use 16-inch guns on an enemy to enforce upon him the use of the humane gas.

* * *

Herbert Hoover has written a letter to Mrs. L. S. Butler, of Des Moines, asking her to send him facts concerning his mother whose chum she was. His mother died when he was ten. This sudden interest in information concerning his mother has developed since newspapermen and cameramen have started following him around.

* * *

George Fleming, Jr., 11, of Chicago, sent Al Smith $1. The governor sent him back an autographed photograph of himself. The governor came out considerably ahead on that deal.

Judged the Judge

"Oh Mama who's the dame!"

"That's Senorita Zitta, Spanish dancer, who was arrested for speeding."

"Oh Mercy did she go to jail!"

"Tush! Tush! Adolph, she held her skirts up high enough to get a suspended sentence."

"Well why didn't dad get a suspended sentence?"

"He works for a living. The courts are made for pretty girls and rich men same as summer resorts.

* * *

Gems of Learning

Miss Jane Hoey, Assistant Director of the Welfare Council:—"The idea of social work today is not to lift the burden off the back so much as it seeks to fit the back to carry its own burden." It would be even better if the capitalists and their army of social workers would just climb off the back.

George H. Lorimer, Editor of the Saturday Evening Post:—"I see Sinclair (Lewis) once a year and we don't ordinarily quarrel. He insists that I regard his work as too outspoken and frank, and I do. I think he says a great deal that is not necessary. . . ." Lorimer says a lot of things in favor of the capitalist system in his paper that are not "necessary."

Forges Davanzati, Fascist, in Rome Tribune, regarding Kellogg peace pact:—"Fascist Italy has nothing against America's good intentions but detests all this international journalistic chatter and the hypocritical welcome thereof as the beginning of a new era in international relationships. Fascism's spiritual mission bids her hold aloof from such hysteria, nor can fascism reconcile this anti-war pact with the actual, formidable land, air and sea armaments." He tells the truth when he's mad.

PTOMAINE POISON KILLS TWO.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Aug. 7. (UP)—Two children were killed and their mother and two brothers were in a serious condition tonight as a result of what physicians described as ptomaine poisoning. The dead were Gerald Brown, 2, and Lowena Brown, 7, those near death: Mrs. Pearl Brown, and Earl, 10, and Willard, 4.

96 PERCENT ARE UNORGANIZED OR RULED BY GANG

J. P. Ryan Is One Head of Gunmen

(By a Worker Correspondent)

One of the most outstanding industries which play a great role in the achievements of capitalist powers in time of war is the marine transport industry, the seamen as wall as the waterside workers.

During the last war the officialdom of the International Longshoremen's Association and the International Seamen's Union supported the policy of collaboration with the government whole-heartedly in its policy of winning the war.

Speed-up; No Unionization.

Members of these organizations were worked to the point of exhaustion, the speed-up system was much in use and wage and union discussions were laid aside by the reactionary officials who were supposed to protect the interests of the organized members. Both of these organizations were affiliated with the A. F. of L. and supported Sammy Gompers' program of winning the war for "democracy" and Wall Street imperialism.

The seamen were well utilized by the conflicting powers. Thousands of marine workers lost their lives when the ships on which they were working were sunk by the submarines. Many were lost due to the fact that the ships were unseaworthy. Anything that could be slapped together quickly and had cargo space in her was used as a ship. The U. S. Shipping Board was training men who never before in their lives had seen a ship to become seamen in a course of two weeks. Seamen who know nothing about navigation but could figure a little mathematics had issued to them mates' licenses (red tickets) and with this weird assortment of character the ships put out to sea, some never to be heard of again.

Messrs. O'Connor, Ryan & Co.

T. V. O'Connor, head of the United States Emergency Fleet Corporation, got his start in his career as the result of being a good and loyal class-collaborationist at the time the workers were slaughtering one another for the safety of Wall Street investments. Many other trade union officials followed his treacherous example.

Today we find at the head of the Longshoremen's Union, Joseph P. Ryan, president of the Central Trades and Labor Council, a well-known henchman of the gang ruling Tammany Hall and leader of a clique of gunmen who control the union, with a rank and file of members having no voice in the affairs of the union and not organized to resist the gang rule.

The Seamen's Union is too small. Ninety-six per cent of the seamen are unorganized today. They have no power in the marine industry at the present time. The ship owners have fully realized the inefficiency of the officers aboard ship during the last struggle and to insure themselves of having good cannon-fodder in the coming struggle and have fostered a bill creating a Merchant Marine Naval Reserve so that they may have good slaves to serve their interests at a demand to suit themselves.

We must remember that there is, however, a good percentage of seamen who are more radically inclined than in any other industry. In every struggle of the workers the seamen have taken a leading role and in many countries have been the vanguard of the workers' revolutionary movements. We must not allow the seamen to be used against their fellow-workers in the next struggle, but must utilize them in fighting only for their class in the battle against the master class. The workers of the marine industry must be organized into a strong militant and international union. They have a mighty power which they can use for the benefit of the working class movement. They must and will do this. B.

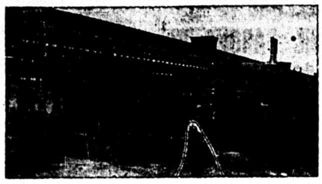
2,000 PEASANTS DROWN.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 7.—Reports from Tsinan state that 2,000 Chinese peasants in the towns of Ankui and Linchu were drowned when the Tawen River overflowed its banks. The area has been experiencing an unusually heavy rainfall.

$100,000

To fight the mighty Wall Street Powers with their billions. Send your contribution at once to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer.

Where a Mill Committee Was Organized



The Wood Mill in Lawrence, Mass., one of the largest textile mills in the world is shown in the picture. Here a Textile Mill Committee had formed months ago. The demand of the workers for a united front against the bosses and the corrupt union officials has spread thruout New England and is fast leading to the organization of mill committees in all textile centers.

NEW HAVEN ANTI-WAR RALLY DESPITE POLICE

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW HAVEN, Conn. (By Mail).—An attempt was made by the police of this city to break up the Workers (Communist) Party open-air meeting held here last Tuesday, July 31, which was one of a series of anti-war meetings held in this district on the occasion of the fourteenth anniversary of the daclaration of the world war, arranged by District 15 of the Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League.

The cause for the action of the police in trying to break up the meeting and forbid any future meetings was ostensibly the objection to the statements made by Charles Mitchell, the district organizer of the Party, the main speaker of the evening, which was in effect that "the last world war was a commercial war and for the control of the world market by groups of the imperialist powers and that the slogans, 'for democracy,' etc., were used to fool the workers of every country, who did the fighting, and that the soldiers of every country were told that the enemy soldiers were barbarian, uncultured and must be exterminated," etc.

This evidently, the police thought, was going too far in revealing to the masses not only the purpose of the last war, but also the secret machinations and conspiracy against the workers going on at the present time and the mad race for armament on the part of the open-shoppers and the imperialists the world over, who are getting ready to start another world slaughter of human beings, especially the preparation to attack the Soviet Union. Thinking that this was a good opportunity to show to their masters that they are faithful servants to capitalism they decided to stop these Communists from telling the workers the truth.

A "guardian of law and order" who, evidently was sent there by his masters to watch for "objectionable" statements and encouraged by the presence of several of the "Legionnaire boys," after pretending to listen to the speakers for some time, rushed over to the platform and said: "Hey, you, you have said enough. Now take your g—— d—— soap box and get to h—— out of here before I lock-up the whole bunch of you."

At this time voices from the audience, which numbered over 300, began to be heard, showing that the police had no right to interfere with a peaceful meeting of this kind, etc. The whole crowd expressed great sympathy toward the speakers and the Party and urged that the meeting be continued in spite of the objection of the police. This seemed too much for them to swallow and after 15 minutes' hesitation on the part of the protectors of private property, whether the Party had a right to free speech or not, finally decided that it was not the best time to score a victory for the open-shop bosses, who control the very life and destiny of the workers in every city in this state, and decided to let the meeting continue and the speakers resumed their speeches.

This meeting was a tremendous success. It was the best that the Party members had held in this city for some time.

—C. M.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

THERE is a little state—relatively little, of course—on the Atlantic seaboard that is owned by a family of powder magnates. Perhaps the good patriotic citizens of Delaware would resent the suggestion that they owe allegiance to the DuPont family and not to the state, but catch anybody getting elected senator from Delaware unless he has dynamite behind him.

* * *

Now, there comes to us from Wilmington, Del., a city in the state of DuPont, a request for 100 copies of the Party Platform, two books of Vote Communist stamps, one thousand each of the leaflets "Down With Government by Injunction," and "Organize for the Struggle Against Unemployment," and 100 campaign buttons. The comrades have already filed enough petitions with the secretary of state to insure the party being on the ballot in the elections. Which proves that Communists are not afraid even of dynamite.

* * *

A monster state field day and picnic will be held in Charter Oak Park State Fair Grounds, Hartford, Connecticut, on August 19. There will be athletics, track events, dancing, a soccer game between Scandinavian workers and Swedish Americans. There will be mass singing by four national workers' choruses. And the speakers will be Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president; Anthony Bimba, editor of Laisve; William McKenzie, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for governor; Rebecca Grecht, Communist campaign manager for New York and New Jersey, and J. O. Bentall labor journalist. The park accommodates 5,000 and the price of admission is only 25 cents.

* * *

The Workers (Communist) Party election campaign is blasting its way south to the Mexican border. In the course of making the necessary preparations for putting the party on the ballot in New Mexico, Communist organizers advertised the Communist press and the various radical publications that support the Communist policy. Now the farmers of New Mexico are interested in the United Farmer, published in North Dakota, and are ordering bundles for distribution. The comrades in New Mexico are very much pleased with the work they are doing, and so is the National Election Campaign Committee

* * *

The revolutionary exploited farmers of North Dakota are through with the renegade farmer-labor leaders. They are working hard to put the Workers (Communist) Party candidates on the official ballot. A. C. Miller, who was a member of the legislature in 1925, writes an excoriation of Senator Shipstead, who rode to the senate on the shoulders of the exploited farmers and industrial workers, but has betrayed both. "We must get the Communist program to the masses," writes Com. Miller.

* * *

A comrade from Wolf Point, Montana, sends in $5 for the Campaign Fund. "Paste assessment stamps in my card and return same," he says. Wolf Point is only one train stop from the nearest main line stop to Plentywood, capital of Sheridan County, which is known all over Montana for having a red administration. Evidently the red rays from Sheridan County are penetrating the sleepy stillness of its neighbor, Roosevelt County.

"WOMAN OF PARIS" AND "CALIGARI" AT CAMEO

Charles Chaplin's "A Woman of Paris," which gave Adolphe Menjou his start to starring fame is being shown for one week at the Cameo Theatre. This film is revived regularly in the "little cinema" of Paris and Berlin where it is considered one of the major art productions of American studios. It is not generally known that Chaplin himself played a small role in this serious effort—that of a bearded railroad porter.

As a companion film, the Film Arts Guild is presenting "Caligari," the German film classic. There is a report that UFA will seek to remake this film with the original supervisor at the helm, Erich Pommer, and to incorporate sound effects.

Commencing August 11, the Film Arts Guild will present one of Emil Janning's early efforts, "Fortune's Fool," a tragicomedy of war's aftermath, in which the Teutonic screen-genius plays the role of a profiteer who comes to grief through gold-lust.

WAITRESSES FORM UNION.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 7 (FP).—Long hours and low pay have forced waitresses to organize into Local 810 and to affiliate with the Central Labor Union. During the summer season at Atlantic City, hotel and resort bosses believe in the 84-hour week and $12-$15 for women workers.

YOUNG WORKERS IN CHINA MILLS ARE EXPLOITED

Children Toil Under Inhuman Conditions

The utter absence of legislation on labor protection in China, not to speak of the protection of Child Labor, enables the foreign and Chinese capitalists to exploit the workers, and especially the women and children in an inhuman fashion Textile mills in China employ children between the ages of 6 and 7 Young workers are mostly employed in the textile mills.

According to the figures obtained by the investigation of the All China Federation of Trade Unions 93,414 out of 124,181 workers were juniors, of whom 69,404 were young women workers, while 8,549 were young boys under the age of 13. This preeminence of the labor of young workers existing not only in the textile trades.

The average working day is twelve hours, not infrequently it is more. The maximum wage of all the workers is approximately 40c. The minimum wage is between six and ten cents a day. This does not apply to skilled workers who comprise an insignificant section. In the majority of cases no help is given to injured workers. Workers injured at work receive no pay whatever during convalescense. Should death follow the family receive from 10 to 15 dollars.

In the contracts between the workers and employers a clause is frequently included stating that should death occur while working the employer is not responsible. Workers coming late frequently lose their wages for the whole of the day. Fines ranging up to several days pay are made for the slightest infringement of the rules and regulations of the plant. At the Japanese factories the number of times workers are permitted to go to the lavatory is limited, a special control being set up.

Children Work Twelve Hours For 5 to 18 Cents.

The wages of young workers and especially of the children are much lower even than the miserable wages received by the adult workers. An investigation of wages in the textile mills of Shanghai showed that children earned from 5 to 18 cents a day for 12 hours work.

During the last few years, what with the civil war, floods and droughts, articles of first necessity, especially rice, salt and meat, have gone up tremendously in price. In many towns, as a result of the financial crises, wages are paid out with much delay. In the state enterprises, however wages are paid out in depreciated war bonds, etc. All these factors have lowered the real wage. The young workers were the first to suffer the effects. On the other hand these factors and the destruction of the railroad have been instrumental in reducing the purchasing power of the broad masses of the population. Many enterprises in the light industry are closing down or curtailing their production, unemployment is on the increase, while adult workers are being replaced by juniors and children.

Strikes Gain.

Hence, during the past few years a strike movement has been gaining ground and the young workers have been most active. It happens frequently that juniors and children come out on strike independently.

The program of demands of the youth section of the All China Federation of Trade Unions is as follows:

1. The working day to be limited to eight hours.
2. The employment of children under twelve years be prohibited.
3. Young workers not to be employed on night work or in dangerous work.
4. Equal pay for equal work.
5. Young workers to be insured against accidents.
6. To prohibit physical punishment or harsh treatment of the young workers and especially the apprentices who must not be used in the home to render personal services.
7. The wages of apprentices must be raised as the qualifications rise. After apprenticeship, the wages of the former apprentices must be the same as the adult workers.
8. The term of apprenticeship must be limited to a maximum of two years.
9. To improve hygienic conditions for young workers and apprentices.
10. Training for young workers to be given free of charge.

Many in Unions.

In view of the fact that the trade unions of China put no age limit on the members enrolled, there are a large number of young workers in the trade unions and they enjoy the same privileges as the adult workers. Frequently representatives of the young workers are to be found in the executives of the trade unions.

Many difficulties are met with in conducting activities among the young workers. The overwhelming majority of the juniors (up to 80 per cent) are illiterate, which handicaps the use of the press as a means of education. And as a result there is a dearth of active workers without whom it is difficult to set up activities on a sound basis.

Rare Beauty in "White Shadows" at the Astor

ABOVE all "White Shadows in the South Seas" brings sheer glorious beauty to the Astor Theater. The sea, the sky, and the palm fringed fairy-like South Sea Islands have never been protographed like this before.

Monte Blue

For once, too, the artificiality of Hollywood has been subdued to give the story a chance. Add to this some natural acting of the natives and sound effects to sharpen the dramatic qualities and all together they make this surely one of the best pictures presented on Broadway in many months.

It is also not without social content. The whole story is based on the white man's exploitation of the natives that dooms these naive children of nature. All the dangers of pearl-diving that kill the natives are dramatically pictured. Some of these undersea scenes are a wonder of technical perfection and real artistry. The exploitation of the natives and the corruption of their lives is vivid. White shadows come to the South Seas and bring ruin in their wake.

All this is interwoven into a plausible and always beautifully photographed story that logically ends in tragedy because it must. The sound effects are used only to sharpen dramatic high spots and they are splendidly utilized. Once particularly it is superbly effective. A doctor has worked for hours to save the life of a pearl diver, whose lungs have collapsed. He sits on the steps of the hut to escape the wailing of the natives. As he does so, he hears the rioutous racket of dancing and music of a nearby saloon frequented by whites. At the thought of all this as a mark of so-called civilization the doctor laughs derisively. Words nor photography could have given the answer better. Sound effect made it art.

The picture was produced in the Marquesas Islands with the assistance of native tribes. Their customs, habits, mode of living, songs and especially their dances are all a part—and incidentally the very best part of this spectacular film story. The whole is based on the book of the same title by Frederick O'Brien and directed by W. S. Van Dyke.

LILLIAN ROTH

One of the principals in the new Earl Carroll "Vanities," which opened Monday night at the Earl Carroll Theatre.

Monte Blue plays the part of a doctor who has "gone native." Raquel Torres, an attractive little Mexican newcomer to the films, plays the leading feminine role.

There is also a good deal of proof that this is a Hollywood product. The natives are too often grouped to serve almost as a chorus on the stage. There is much theatrical in other spots. The villain is too much like Simon Legree, despite the fact that boss technic is somewhat different in the islands. The movietone musical accompaniment is based on Irving Berlin's "Flower of Love," and that, too, is a long way from the South Seas. So Hollywood brings its hokum to Broadway.

"White Shadows of the South Seas" is, however, a good film story realistic tragedy of the supposed realistic tradedy of the supposed benefits of profit-seeking "civilization." The simple natives living in primitive. commercial fashion are ruined morally, given vices unknown to them before and wrecked physically under the inspiration of profit-seeking civilization. And the church throws its moral cloak over it all and shames natural beauty with a hideous Mother Hubbard dress. Surprised as you may be this is all obviously the main theme of the picture.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. WORKERS IN REAL WANT

Speed-up, Joblessness Fruit of Boss Union

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILA. (By Mail). — Misery among Pennsylvania railroad workers is greater at the present time than ever before during the past eight years due to lay-offs, speed-up and wage-cuts, according to reports given out by the Woman's Aid of the Pennsylvania Railroads. Never in the history of this organization, has there been such a misery, unemployment and sickness as now, among the employees of the Pennsylvania railroad and their families.

This society reports that there has been an increase of 3,921 visit paid over last year's 32,417 and last year was a record year. Most of the applications for relief were directly due to members of the railroad workers families being unemployed. Another factor is that workers often suddenly fall sick or ill because of the insufficient nourishment that can be purchased with their meagre wages. And these poor workers have only company unions to "protect" them.

Workers are forced to lie that they are part owners of the Railroad, being called employee stockholders, but unable to provide medical care or food for themselves or for their families during a short spell of illness or when they are all of a sudden forced to lose more wages by being put on part time work.

Speed-up for Workers.

The Pennsylvania Railroad's repair shops, are, at present, working on a part time basis, according to workers employed there. And company spies and speed-up is what faces these workers. In the shops they hang up posters stating that if you still want "prosperity" and your job you should vote for Hoover.

Yes, having W. W. Atterbury, wife of the president of the P. R. R., or the rest of the nice ladies connected with this charitable bunk, call and give aid where work and decent wages are what workers lack. None of the exploiters ever appealed to aid the workers. Parasites like E. F. Stotesbury, M. W. Clement, T. B. Hamilton or the house of Morgan, the bankers of New York, all outstanding stockholders and controllers of this utilities business, are not affected by poverty but enjoy the fruit of the labor of the workers. These facts ought to prove to the workers of the P. R. R. what they need is not a company union but a strong industrial union to take control of what has been stolen from them by these capitalist exploiters.

W. C. P.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 (UP).—A huge automobile, designed to carry 150 passengers and 200 tons of merchandise across desert land or desolate nteppes, has been invented by a German engineer, a report to the commerce department said today.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
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MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
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GIANT POWER IN 1928 .... By B. Miller
THREE STRATEGIES IN THE NEW BEDFORD STRIKE .... By A. Weisbord
MEXICO'S NEXT PRESIDENT .... By Janet Cork
YOUTH AND INDUSTRY .... By N. Kaplan
UNEMPLOYMENT IN FRANCE .... By C. White
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CAMEO 42nd & B'way NOW
ADOLPHE MENJOU in
"The Woman of Paris"
and "CALIGARI"
THE GERMAN FILM CLASSIC
with CONRAD VEIDT

CHAMBERLAIN IMPROVES

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Sir Austen Chamberlain, who is suffering from an attack of bronchial pneumonia, was reported to be improving. His friends believe that he will not be well enough to take part in the signing of the Kellogg pact in Paris.

DAILY WORKER
International Costume Carnival
SUNDAY, AUGUST 19—PLEASANT BAY PARK
GAMES — OPEN AIR
Dancing—Sports
ATHLETIC EXHIBITIONS
ADMISSION, 35c
Tickets Now For Sale at Daily Worker Office, 26-28 Union Sq.

Over 50,000 Expected at Sacco-Vanzetti Demonstration on Union Square Aug. 22

WORKERS RALLY IN MEMORIAL TO LABOR MARTYRS

Minor, Nearing to Be Among Speakers

The first memorial demonstration of the legal murder of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti will be held in Union Square, New York City, on August 22. The demonstration will voice the sentiment of the workers of America, stressing the positions that even though the memorial day of their deaths will be a day of mourning, the workers will devote their lives to the task of destroying the capitalis system that killed these and many other champions of the working class in cold blood because of their opinions.

Rose Baron, secretary of the New York Branch of the International Labor Defense, which struggled for years to save the two martyrs from a death that was inevitably to be meted out to them by capitalist justice, will be in charge of the preparations for the demonstration. She was one of the organizers of the demonstration that was held in Union Square last year, on the eve of the execution, after Governor Fuller and his committee of evening-clother professors had refused to stop the murder.

Four platforms will be constructed on the square, draped in black. On them, the pictures of Sacco and Vanzetti will be hung. The demonstration will begin at 5 p. m. before evening, and more than 50,000 workers from all parts of New York, are expected to attend.

Among the speakers at the huge mass meet will be Leonard D. Abbot, formerly editor of the Outlook; Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for United States Senator; Scott Nearing, candidate for Governor of New Jersey on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket; Ben Gold, militant leader of the Furriers Union, and William Montgomery Brown, formerly an Episcopalian bishop. Mrs. Sacco, widow of one of the martyrs, has been invited to come to the demonstration.

A. F. OF L. LEAVES MISLEADERS FREE

Hands Off Smith-Hoover Deal

Continued from Page One

submitted to the officers and members of the American Federation of Labor, so that they may exercise their political judgment in a way which will be the individual and collective interest of all working men and women.

Loophole Left for Sellout.

"In connection with this very important decision, the executive council is taking into consideration the fact that the Candidates of the two great political parties for the presidency of the United States will deliver their speeches of acceptance in the month of August, we firmly expect that each of them, in these addresses, will make declarations of great significance to labor.

"We anticipate that they will express their opinions regarding injunction relief legislation and will amplify the declarations of the platforms of the political parties relating to labor and labor questions. We will await with very great interest the expressions of each of the candidates, reserving to ourselves a final decision regarding our future policy during the remainder of the campaign."

Workers carrying on the struggle in the trade unions and against the bosses on the other hand are learning more and more definitely that only the Workers' School conducted by the Workers (Communist) has the right program and instruction for the working class. The Workers School has been increasing in the number of its students and influence throughout the country.

• • •

The council also voted to withdraw support from Brookwood Labor College, of Katonah, on the grounds that the institution has been found to be Communistic.

Among the reasons for the condemnation of the institution is believed to be so much more "material" however.

There are no Communists on the staff of the school. Its teachings are known those primarily of class collaboration.

The fact seems to be that the A. F. of L. has made up its "mind" not to contribute to the Endowment Fund which Brookwood has been seeking to raise. It has no use for the liberals and individualists who dominate its policies. The labor misleaders prefer to control their "educational" propaganda through the Workers' Education Bureau, endowed by the Carnegie Foundation.

DANCERS GOING STRONG

CRYSTAL BEACH, Ont., Aug. 7 (UP).—Four couples are still going strong in Milton Crandall's Canadian-American marathon dance derby, which passed its 180th hour here early today. The derby will continue indefinitely, Crandall announced.

Marathon Dancers Drugged With Caffein Is Charge

That the marathon dancers, from whom sensational promoters have been reaping a rich profit, are drugged with caffein to revitalize them when their nerves are breaking under the strain of their stunt, is the charge now made by a former participant. A group of marathoners on the board walk at Coney Island.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Branch 6.

Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathizers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zaencer in charge of the campaign of that district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

• • •

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

• • •

Section 2 and 3 Literature.

Sections 2 and 3 will hold an important meeting of all literature agents tomorrow at 101 West 27th St. at 6 p. m. All literature agents are instructed to be present.

• • •

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday afternoon, August 18, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

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Section 2, Speakers Class.

Speakers class of Section 2 will meet at 101 W. 27th St. at 8 p. m. tomorrow.

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Section 1 Functionaries.

All section unit organizers of Section 1 (except of 2F) must appear tomorrow at 6 p. m. at a meeting of the disciplinary committee. The meeting will be held at 60 St. Mark's Place.

• • •

Workers School Sport Hike.

All comrades have been invited to attend the Workers School Sports Club on its overnight hike to be held on Saturday. Those attending the hike will meet at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square at 7 p. m. promptly. Bring lunch, bathing suit, and light blanket or raincoat.

• • •

Unit B. Section 4.

A regular meeting of unit B, Section 4 will be held today at 8 p. m. at the headquarters, 350 East 81st St. All members must attend.

• • •

Unit 6F, 2B Meeting.

Unit 6F, 2B will hold an industrial work meeting this evening at 11 W. 27th St. Because of last week's membership meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party, the unit could not hold its meeting. All members must attend.

• • •

Downtown Open-Air Meet.

The first open-air meeting on the Election campaign under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League downtown will be held tomorrow evening, 59th St. and Columbus Circle. The speakers will be Max Schachtman, Max Helfand, Marie Duke and Len Richman.

• • •

Unit 4F, Section 1.

Unit 4F, Section 1 will hold an educational meeting tonight at 6 p. m. at 60 St. Mark's Pl. Comrade Slater will lead a discussion on "The Platform of the Class Struggle." Members of the unit must come and bring their friends.

• • •

Interracial Comaraderie.

The Harlem unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold a cameraderie-excursion on Sunday, Aug. 12 to City Island. All members and friends will meet at 10 a. m. at the headquarters, 143 E. 103rd St. Everyone is invited to come along.

• • •

Unit 2, Subsection 3E.

Unit 2, Subsection 3E of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet today at 11 West 27th St. at 6:15 p. m. A roll call will be taken at the beginning of the meeting.

• • •

Section 6, Speakers Class.

Section 6 Speakers Class will meet tonight at 29 Graham Ave., at 8 p. m. M. Schachtman editor of the Labor Defender, is the instructor.

• • •

Bronx Branch to Meet.

Branch 6, Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet tonight at the auditorium of the Cooperative House, 2700 Bronx Park East, at 8:30 p. m. All members of the Workers (Communist) Party residing in the Williamsbridge section of the Bronx must attend. Plans for the carrying on of the election campaign will be discussed.

• • •

Unit 6, 2A Educational Meet.

An educational meeting of unit 6, 2A will be held tomorrow evening at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members are urged to attend.

• • •

I. L. D. Fraction Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the International Labor Defense fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party to day at 2:30 p. m. at 80 East 11th St. All members must attend.

• • •

Section 6 Functionaries.

An important functionaries meeting of Section 6 will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn. All unit organizers, agitprop directors, industrial organizers, secretaries, Daily Worker literature agents, women's work directors, and campaign managers must attend this meeting. A district representative will be present to report on a very urgent and important matter.

• • •

Night Workers Branch 1.

The Night Workers Branch 1 of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet today at 2:30 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square, sixth floor. Important business matters will be taken up, and all members must attend.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held at Pleasant Bay Park Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park subway or "L" to 177th St. Take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

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Gold-Calverton Debate.

Michael Gold, editor of the "New Masses" and V. F. Calverton, editor of the "Modern Quarterly" will debate on the subject: "Do Radicals Pussyfoot on Sex?" Friday evening, August 10, at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St. Calverton will take the affirmative and Gold the negative. Proceeds will go to the "New Masses."

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Councils Beach Party.

Council 17 of the United Councils of Working Class Women will hold a party today beginning at 1 p. m. at the East 4th St. Beach, Brighton Beach. There will be a lecture on the present election campaign. Ray Ragozin has been procured to address the women present.

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Rumanian Workers Club.

An important educational meeting will be held tonight by the Rumanian Workers' Cultural Club, 101 West 27th Street, at 8 p. m.

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Workers' School Sport Club.

All girl comrades interested in water sports will please come to a meeting of the group on Thursday, August 11, at 8 p. m., at Room 502 of the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. Both swimmers and non-swimmers are invited.

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Harlem I. L. D.

A meeting of the Harlem section of the International Labor Defense will be held today at 8 p. m., at 1403 E. 110 Street. The meeting is called to make preparations for the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration.

MORGAN MONEY TO AID FASCISTS

De Rivera To Receive $25,000,000

Another step in extending the power of United States finance throughout the world was indicated by the announcement of J. P. Morgan & Co. that it had extended credit of $25,000,000 to the Spanish dictatorship of de Rivera.

In 1925 Morgan advanced a credit of $100,000,000 to the tory government of England: in 1926 Belgium received $50,000,000 credit from the same company: Italy received $150,000,000 in the course of two years, and $110,000,000 worth of German bonds, procured with the aid of the Dawes plan, was sold here by Morgan.

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British Loan.

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, Aug. 7 (UP).—British and American banking interests have offered the Bank of Spain credits totaling 300,000,000 pesetas to halt speculation in Spanish currency, it was learned today. The American portion is understood to be $20,000,000 and the British share $30,000,000 (£6,000,000)

MILL PICKETS DEFY POLICE

More Walk Out as 20 Are Jailed

Continued from Page One

this moment and ordered the police off the lot, this being union property. The police remained.

Police Retreat

The thousands assembled, who had just witnessed the police brutality on the picket lines, surged angrily toward the police squadron intent on driving them off. Despite the fact that Weisbord called on the workers to be calm, the police officials ordered their cohorts to melt away quietly which was slowly done.

A picketing demonstration of about 700 appeared this morning. They were again attacked by police. Nine were arrested this time, bringing the totals up to 20 arrested. They are all to appear in the local court for trial. The Textile Mill Committees has obtained legal aid from the International Labor Defense. Charges here as in New Bedford are "disturbing the peace and parading without a permit."

Before the nine strikers were arrested the picket demonstration had been broken and formed again four times in succession.

Cheer Pickets In Mills

Workers in the cotton division who had not as yet gone out on strike ran to the windows and looked down upon the brutal onslaughts of the police against their fellow workers. They shouted encouragingly to the pickets. Many of them left their looms and joined the strike.

Nathan Durfee, assistant treasurer of the company, till now declaring that the all divisions are going full blast, today admitted that the printing division is tied up.

With an outburst of hysterical hatred, the local capitalist press here, is printing first page editorials denouncing the strikers and calling for an intensified police terror. The cries of the bosses and their agents for the suppression of picketing fills the air. The workers are called upon to follow the leaders of the reactionary American Federation of Textile Operatives, who are opposed to the strike.

Plans for picketing tonight and tomorrow morning are more elaborate than ever, the Textile Mill Committees leaders declared.

LAUNCH DRIVE FOR MOONEY AND BILLINGS IN N. Y.

Labor Defense Picnic This Saturday

The fight to free Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, victims of one of the most notorious frame-ups in labor history, will be officially launched in New York City at the outing of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense in Pleasant Bay Park Saturday.

Part of the proceeds of this outing will be use to start an extensive, city-wide campaign, embracing every section of the labor movement, that will demand the immediate release of Tom Mooney and Billings, who for 12 years have been behind the bars for their devotion to the workingclass. The funds that will be provided by the I. L. D. outing will also be used to defend striking fruit and grocery clerks and to aid other victims of the class war and their families.

Mass Scene.

Symbolizing the fight to free Mooney and Billings and other class war prisoners will be a mass scene that will be one of the chief features of the outing. Many workers will take part in this scene which will be an expression of the militant spirit of the affair.

Another unique feature of the outing will be the taking of moving pictures of the various activities. The several thousand workers that are expected at the affair will help to make a movie that will later be shown in various parts of the country.

The program for the outing is being arranged so that every person will have something to interest him or her every minute of the time. Other numbers included are athletics and games, a torch light parade, open-air dancing with music by a leading jazz band and generous refreshments. Starting at 12 noon, the affair will last until the late hours of the night.

Tickets for the outing are on sale at the office of the New York Section of the I. L. D., 799 Broadway, room 422, and at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

WORKER ATHLETES AT LABOR SPORTS MEET

By FRANK HENDERSON.

Strong, sturdy proletarian youths from shops, mills and factories the country over are talking and preparing for the second annual track and field meet of the Labor Sports Union, to be held August 25-26 in New York City. Sectional sports meets held in various cities to determine the local representatives to the national meet add enthusiasm and give more interest to the sports movement which has become of prime importance to the workers generally and to the youth in particular.

What a contrast to bourgeois athletes are these young workers who, after a day's toil in the factories and mills, shut off from the fresh air, come to the athletic field to build better bodies so that they can better withstand and combat the vicious exploitation by the capitalists.

Bourgeois Athletes

The bourgeois athletes, when preparing for their corrupt professional sports, lounge in the best of hotels and summer resorts, and have access to the best equipment and fields for their daily workouts the only work they do when preparing for a meet.

While bourgeois athletes ride in Pullmans to their meets, athletes of the Labor Sports Union, representing the young workers of America, hike and ride in trucks. Traveling in true proletarian style!

Parasite Spectators.

What a contrast even in the spectators. Bankers, factory owners, presidents of corporations, and intellectual parasites are present at the meets of the bourgeois sports organizations, as relaxation for their heavy labors in extracting profits from the toil of the wage slaves. It is the function of bourgeois sport clubs to keep the minds of the workers from their miserable conditions. The bosses have the workers so "buffaloed" that many workers are more interested in the figures of the base-ball score sheet than in the figures of their pay envelope.

Workers all! Come and see athletes of the working class perform. Come to the second national meet of the Labor Sports Union.

Give your support to workers' sports and not to the corrupt professional sports of the bourgeois sport organizations. Workers, support meet of the Labor Sports Union.

Approve Pierce-Arrow Studebaker Merger

BUFFALO, Aug. 7.—The stockholders of the Pierce-Arrow Motor Car Company here today approved the plan of reorganization and the formation of a new company, to be closely affiliated with the Studebaker Corporation, it was announced by Myron E. Forbes, President of Pierce-Arrow.

KOJAC BREAKS SWIM RECORD

Yankees Gain Point on Athletics

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 7 (UP).—Record breaking performances started early today in the Olympic swimming events when George Kojac, of the Boys Club, New York city, established a new world mark in the first heat of the 100 yard back stroke.

He made the distance in one minute 9.2 seconds.

Fraulein Schrader, of Germany, established a new world's record of 3:3 3-5 for the 200-meter breast stroke later in the day, and Tsuruta, Japan, set an Olympic record of 2:49 1-5 for the men's 200-meter breast stroke.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

National League.

Pittsburgh, 4; Brooklyn, 3.
Pittsburgh, 3; Brooklyn, 2.
New York, 10; St. Louis, 1.
Philadelphia, [illegible]; Chicago, 2.

American League.

New York, 6; Chicago, 3.
Washington, 8; Cleveland, 0.
Detroit, 4; Philadelphia, 1.
St. Louis, 6; Boston, 5.

PRODUCES ARTIFICIAL RAIN 3

EVANSTON, Ill., Aug. 7 (UP).—Artificial rain making, long classified with such notions as flying to the moon, is not an imaginative fiction, but a scientific fact, according to C. T. Knipp, of the University of Illinois.

LOST—Address Book

AT MINERS' RELIEF PICNIC

There were many addresses of New York and New Haven; also cards with the name I. Jaffe, 250 West 57th St. Please bring it to "Freiheit" office, 30 Union Square.

SEE WAR PERIL IN TREATIES AND RACE FOR ARMS

Danger of Imperialist War Acute

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The Franco-British naval pact, which has thus far been kept secret, and is now arousing much comment. Demands for the publication of the pact, is being voiced by the press here.

That the agreement provides for a pooling of the French and British navies in time of war, and for an unqualified development of France's land forces, is practically considered as a fact both by conservative and liberal papers.

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Deadly Planes Prepared

LONDON, Aug. 7.—According to the account of an Aeronautical expert who writes in the Daily Mail the English and French war departments are experimenting on a new type of plane, that invisible and noiseless, will be able to make its way far into enemy territory and drop poison bombs that will be able to destroy a city at a time.

The experiments have already succeeded in producing a noiseless engine and a mist of a dull greenish color that will enable the plane to travel unseen and unheard.

3 Mexican Villages Destroyed by Quake

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 7 (UP).—Tuxtepec, Huazolotitlan and San Pedrito, in Oaxaca state, were destroyed in Saturday's earthquake, delayed dispatches said today, and heavy damage was done at Jamiltepec, Pinotepa and other towns.

So far as could be learned there has been no loss of life.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Bakers' Local 164
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BUTCHERS' UNION
Local 174, A.M.C. & B.W. of N.A.
Office and Headquarters:
Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St., Room 12
Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M.
Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.

ARBEITER BUND, Manhattan & Bronx; German Workers' Club.
Meets every 4th Thursday in the month at Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. New members accepted at regular meetings. German and English library. Sunday lectures. Social entertainments. All German speaking workers are welcome.

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

Horsepower and Labor Power.

The National Industrial Conference Board has published an interesting comparison between the manufacturing methods of the United States and those of Great Britain. If the document has some of the quality of an imperialistic boast of the still-growing colossus of American capitalism over the already disintegrating British Empire, it is nevertheless based upon some highly important facts.

Selecting eight major manufacturing industries in the United States, it is shown that the American manufacturers use one and a half horsepower more, per worker employed, than does the British manufacturer. American steel and roller mills turned out in 1925 a total product of $2,946,068,000, as the product of the labor of 370,726 wage earners, while British mills turned out $660,895,000 worth of products with 200,181 wage earners in the preceding year (1924). This means that the labor of one average worker in the respective countries was approximately:

American worker produced $7,946 per year
British workers produced 3,301 per year

In other industries it is said that the ratio is much higher, the worker in America turning out as much as two and a half to three times as much as the British worker in some instances. But in automobile manufacture the figures are startling. $4,745,660,000 worth of cars being made in the United States by 430,303 wage earners in 1924, while $374,124,000 cars were produced by 145,704 Brtiish workers in the same year. This would mean:

American worker produced $11,028 per year
British worker produced 2,567 per year
(Figures approximate)

The National Industrial Conference Board attributes the higher productivity of labor in the United States to an estimated 12.85 horsepower to each worker in this country, as against 9.15 horsepower per worker in Great Britain.

Without verifying the accuracy of the figures, we know that the general condition indicated here tells the story of the rapid decline of the once world-dominating British Empire and the heavy inroads of the new candidate for world-domination, the vital repacious imperialism of the United States. We say it tells the story, but it is only one side of the story. The figures given indicate the tremendous rise in the organic composition of capital in this country, the relative low organic composition of capital in Great Britain, and the consequent tremendous relative surplus value being gathered in by the American finance-capitalists through the world market in competition with the badly worn British competitor.

But the figures on horsepower leave untold the story of the speed-up and destruction of man-power of the American workers. Nowhere in the world is human life eaten up by the killing grind of mass-production under capitalist exploitation as in the United States. Nowhere are working class lives so recklessly destroyed as in the United States. The innocent figures say that so much is produced per worker; but they do not say how much faster the human laborer is worn out and thrown on the discard. These statisticians speak of higher wages arising from the greater use of power per man. It is true that American imperialism has been able, through its favored position in the world market, to raise standards of living for the upper strata of the working class which is allowed a beggars' share of the loot which imperialism extracts from super-exploitation of less favored workers. But it is also true that this capacity to bribe a "labor aristocracy" to the support of imperialism a la Gompers, cannot last.

The imperialist boast of the American capitalists will be short-lived. With all its exhuberant power, with all its gloating with victory over the sicker imperialism of Great Britain, the Wall Street Empire is itself infected with the germs of death. Imperialism is essentially a decaying, a death-marked stage of capitalism—the last period of its life. Imperialism is not only the period of unprecedented violence and power and unprecendented monopoly of wealth—it is also the period of Proletarian Revolution which brings the final orgy to its conclusion in the death of capitalist society and the dawn of a new society.

The statisticians tell one side of the story of the Wall Street triumph over England, the wrenching of Canada, Australia and other terain from the weakening British Empire, but they leave untold the story of the impending world war that is inevitable in the very "development of horsepower" of which they boast—the war and the downfall of these imperialist by the hands of the same working class and colonial peoples whom they boast of exploiting at a higher rate of profit.

"Something" About Aviation.

"A universal sigh of thanksgiving," says the New York Herald-Tribune, will greet the news that Major Idzekowski and Major Kubala, the two Polish flyers, were pulled out of the water alive after their failure to fly the Atlantic. "But the disappointment will remain acute," continues that newspaper. "There was something about the adventure of these two quiet but intrepid souls that rendered it intensely dramatic, . . ." and "which reminded us of a young man named Lindbergh."

But why not tell what the "something" was, that rendered this adventure so "intensely dramatic" to the Herald-Tribune?

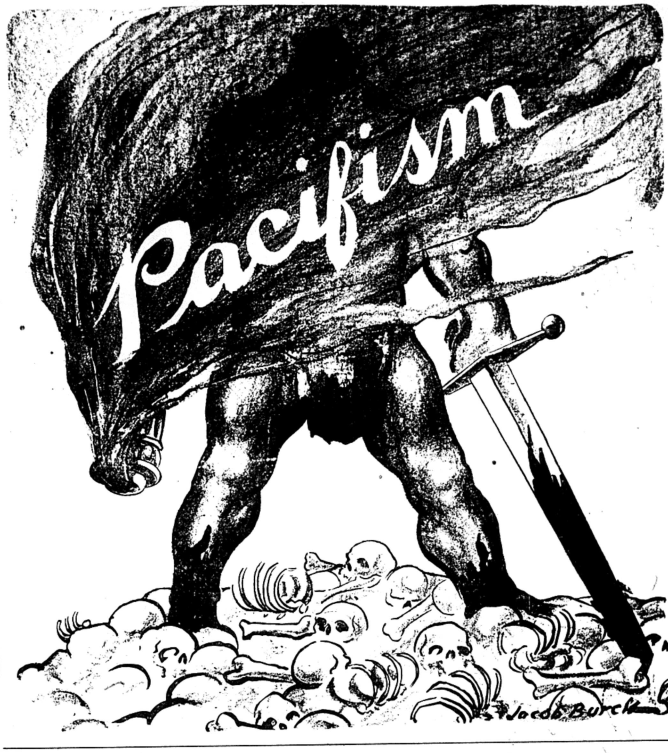
The mysterious "something" is the simple fact that the clumsy aviators are two famous fascist military adventurers who attempted the flight for political purposes. And the political motive was the hope for a blare of publicity and laudation of the bloody fascist regime in Poland, the opportunity for which would have been given by a successful landing in the United States, the land of dollars which can under favorable circumstances be borrowed in preparation for reactionay war.

The strangely inarticulate emotion of the reactionary Herald-Tribune, organ of the Coolidge-Hoover dynasty, is understandable when we realize that it is necessary to make the bloody fascist government of Poland popular if it is to be useful as one of the first instruments for war against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The two professional white guards had attended to their political atmosphere much better than they knew how to cope with the atmosphere over the Atlantic.

THE SMOKE SCREEN

By Jacob Burck



The Present Imperialist Dilemma in China

By EARL BROWDER.

(Continued.)

The White Terror in China; Contradictions Among the World Imperialists

These very illuminating paragraphs are given the heading: "Too Much Repression." Lest the careless reader may conclude that Mr. Sokolsky disapproves of the White Terror, let us quickly remark that this is not so, that he and his friends were engaged at that same moment when he wrote, in reproaching the Chinese for laxity in applying the death penalty to labor agitators. Mr. Sokolsky is actually only complaining against history that the results of his policy do not coincide with the wishes of the imperialists. That the reader may get the full flavor of it, we quote the entire three paragraphs:

"In the matter of administration the reaction compromises in every respect with a politico-commercial and mandarin element in nationalist territory. They believe that an outward semblance of order justifies the suppression of every organ of public opinion which reflects the attitude of the masses, whom they themselves have influenced to think and act politically. They have forbidden mass meetings of the people and are intolerant to all forms of dissent.

"They have not only driven the Communist Party of China underground, but even within the Kuomintang, differences of opinion are regarded as intolerable and are driven underground. Their anti-Communism has become so marked that they seem to be prepared to effect no change in the current status of China's international relations except such changes as might end the misunderstanding between the Nationalist Government and the foreigners.

"More Dangerous."

"It is, perhaps, not the place of a foreigner who has, for three years, been constantly denouncing the Communist Party of China, to criticize unfavorably such a policy. Yet this reactionary policy is, in my opinion, more dangerous, at the present time than an open and frank Communist policy, for it is unreal and untrue and does not represent the consensus of opinion of large, articulate elements among the Chinese people and it can only result in lulling the foreigners and the conservative Chinese into a false security, from which the recovery may prove to be exceedingly costly."

Mr. Sokolsky neglects to say anything about the part played in creating the repression whose results he fears; therefore let us remedy his omission a bit. While he wrote, the streets of the International Settlement, Shanghai, were plastered with bills in all languages, signed by the "Municipal Council" (a British-Japanese-American body, headed by an American, Fessenden), proclaiming rich rewards for information leading to the arrest and execution of all persons guilty of the following capital crimes: "Murder, kidnapping, armed robbery, agitation among workers, causing strikes, Communist activities." Prospective informers are told how they can remain anonymous yet still collect their rewards.

Not Enough Murders.

A few days earlier, the "Municipal Gazette" published an exchange of letters between the Council and Mr. Kuo Tai-chi, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs of the Nanking Government. Mr. Kuo Tai-chi had requested the aid of the "International" police in carrying the Kuomintang repressions into the "Settlement"; the Municipal Council replied, pledging their assistance, but gently rebuking Mr. Kuo because in the past his government had failed to execute all the trade union leaders turned over to them by the Municipal Council, for a few of them had only been sent to prison, and one or two had even escaped altogether. This British-American-Japanese Council expressed regret at this shortcoming of the Nanking Government.

And Mr. Sokolsky complains of the "reaction in the Kuomintang," of "too much repression," and the danger of "recrudescence of the power of the Communist Party of China"! If those gods on Olympus, who are reputed to have had a sense of the ridiculous, are still on the job, that old mountain must be shaking with their uproarious appreciation of this.

"The Communists Are Suppressed; Therefore—We Must Suppress the Communists"

The imperialist, with the assistance of the Kuomintang, have just completed a major operation on the Chinese revolution—that is, they have eliminated the Communists. That being accomplished, what is now the next task? Mr. Sokolsky gives the answer; the next task is to overcome the Communists. Already more than 70,000 heads have been cut off this Hydra, but if Mr. Sokolsky is not mistaken they must have been immediately magically replaced with seven million new ones.

General Li Chi-hsin earned a brilliant banquet and reception in the British Crown Colony of Hongkong, presided over by the governor-general himself, by slaughtering 17,000 workers in Canton and carting off their broken bodies "like so much cordwood," as it was described by a sympathetic and approving Britisher.

In Hankow each daily newspaper records nonchalantly the execution of another batch of "Communist bandits."

In Shanghai the British seize hundreds of trade unionists, to turn them over to the Chinese police of Chiang Kai-shek, who calmly proceed to put them through weeks of indescribable tortures before dispatching them.

A thousand times we are told that these things are regrettable necessities, the desirable result being that now "Communism has been eliminated in China." Let Mr. Sokolsky sum up the conclusion for us:

"Anyone who is keenly sensitive to current movements in Chinese politics feels the powerful undertone of Communist activity, throughout nationalist territory. The Communist Party of China and its Left Wing Kuomintang adherings are effectively reorganizing their agitational work among the lower strata of the masses. In every village between here and Nanking and between here and Hangchow, the Communists are appealing to the peasants, laborers and the young students, to free themselves from the reaction. Posters appear overnight denouncing the Kuomintang, the Nanking Government, the Nationalist flag and General Chiang Kai-shek. In factories, in spite of government support and government protection, employers sense the discontent created by Communist activities. Mere suppression will never solve this problem."

(To Be Continued.

The Twilight of the British Empire Is Approaching

By HARRY GANNES.

On Saturday, July 7, the British section of the League Against Imperialism was established in London. Following the last Imperial Conference in 1926 and the present investigations of the Simons Commission in India, the formation of an anti-imperialist organization in England is of foremost importance.

The conference of the League Against Imparialism in London was attended by 343 delegates representing 170 organizations. These included 24 trades councils and local labor parties; 32 Independent Labor Party branches; 32 Communist Party locals, 12 co-op, guilds, and 56 trade union bodies. Altogether the delegates represented 100,000 workers of the London district.

Saklatvala, Cook Speak

Alex. Gossip was the chairman. Among the speakers were: K. Saklatvala, M. P., Harry Pollitt, A. J. Cook, Fenner Brockway, Srinivar Iyengar, of the Indian National Congress, Fung Saw, of the London Kuomintang, and Dr. M. Awad of the Egyptian University. J. Maxton, M. P., who recently created a little stir in the ranks of the Labor Party, because of his left phrases and opposition to the Mond Conference (for rationalization), and who was expected at the conference, was not able to be present because of a "left-wing" conference in Glasgow.

A. J. Cook who spoke on the resolution on "Imperialism and War," particularly took occasion to attack a memeber of his trade union who is at the peresent moment sitting on the Simons Commission, representing the Labor Party in the task of further shackling India. Cook said: "Vernon Hartshorn does not sit on the Simmon Commission with the sanction of the miners. He never asked permission. He took it. George Lansbury ought to be here on this platform instead of insulting our Indian comrades."

Founded on Labor.

One very significant fact to be recognized in the formation of the British League Against Imperialism is that it is founded entirely on labor organizations. While the British Labor Party, through the instrumentality of MacDonald, Thomas, Landsbury and their ilk, have chained the British workers under their domination to the chariot-wheel of "His Majesty's" imperialism, the rank and file is beginning to break away and to fight imperialism on a clear-cut program.

For a while the labor party misleaders opposed imperialism with a few phrases. But during the last few years they have been the foremost supporters and aids of the empire. The service of the labor aristocracy has stood British imperialism in good stead through trying days of Indian agitation, Egypt's chaffing, and particularly the Chinese revolution. Just now, several Labor Party members are sitting on a capitalist committee that has been repudiated even by the Indian bourgeoisie.

But the situation is changing very rapidly in Great Britain. Unlike the United States where the aristocracy of labor still profits by imperialism, the British workers suffer the pangs of a declining empire. Unemployment and wage-cuts are beginning to affect not only the coal miners and the unskilled workers, but the whole brunt of waning British imperialism is being pushed on to those workers who in the heyday of capital were the backbone of the empire.

Background of League.

The background of the formation of the League Against Imperialism presents quite a different picture. Eleven per cent of the entire British working-class (about 12,000,000) are out of work with no prospects of finding any. There are 1,273,360 jobless today as against 1,069,386 in 1927. The building trades are begining to suffer acutely. The New York Times (July 23, 1928) in an article on British unemployment says of the textile industry:

"A further increase in unemployment in the textile also is likely. For every seven yards of cloth Britain exported before the war she now exports only four."

Of 101 classified trades there has been a decline in 62. Shipbuilding, the flower of British industry, is suffering heavily. Since March there has been a drop of 238,232 tons.

The solution offered by the imperialists in Great Britain, of course, is the extension of the empire.

This leads to war. In its policy of agression, the British masters at the same time find it necessary to batter down the standard of living of the English workers. At first they were met with resistance. Now they receive the support of the British labor leaders. Most typical is the Mond Conference — an endeavor to speed up the entire working-class on lower wages. The Ramsay MacDonald family, undoubtedly, labor under the illusion that it is possible to revive British imperialism to the point where the aristocracy of labor will again benefit from it and thereby lessen the tension of the struggle. For this reason they not only support the home policy of the imperialists but as well do everything to bolster up the crumbling empire.

The establishing of the League Against Imperialism in London does not mark the beginning of the fight, against imperialism and its labor-agents, but signifies the crystallization of the combat; the marshalling of forces and the undertaking of a serious campaign that will do not a little to sap the rotten foundations of British imperialism.

Cheers Greet Krassin Crew

TROMSOE, Norway, Aug. 7.—The Soviet ice-breaker Krassin, while docking here for repairs after its efficient rescue work in the Arctic, was greeted with cheers and great enthusiasm by the crews of the ships in the arbor and the inhabitants of the town who had collected on the docks.

The Norwegian scientist, Dr. Adolf Heol who was on board the Krassin thruout its trip into the Artic, praised the crew of the Krassin highly and enthusiastically and praised the work of the Soviet aviators.

The Krassin, which on its trip back to Norway for repairs rescued 1,500 passengers from a German liner, will remain here long enough to repair its propeller shaft which is expected to take three or four days.

Told You So

FASCIST governments do not seem to have as much luck fighting the elements as they have smashing the organizations of the workers and jailing and killing revolutionists. Of course, it will not be always thus; the workers will some day turn the tables on their enemies. Well, the airplane Pilsudski did not contribute any more prestige to Pilsudski's black shirt regime than the Italia did to Mussolini's. No doubt a fat little loan would be one of the results of a successful transatlantic flights and Pilsudski would be able to rattle his sabres at Lithuania with more effect.

• • •

For the benefit of those who write to this conductor in care of the Daily Worker this is to certify that this daily column is sent in from Workers (Communist) Party National Election Campaign Headquarters, 43 East 125 Street, New York City where the writer is engaged doing publicity work for the National Communist Campaign. Those who fail to receive a reply in due time may now be able to bear up under the suspense of waiting for an over-due reply. It also gives us an opportunity to put in a lick for our specialty which no publicity man worthy of the name ever misses an opportunity to do.

• • •

At the rate things are going it will be pretty hard before long to find a democrat in an important position in the Al Smith campaign committee. A republican lady is going to plunder the republican chicken coops for women who don't like the looks of Herbert but who think that Al has got political "it." We hear that Tammany stalwarts are warned to skulk in the alleyways when perfumed aristocrats come around to democratic headquarters to find out if Al has claws and a velvety skin. Judge Olvany and Hooey (or is it McCooey) can be seen in second-class hotels by the old, seasoned fellows, but they must make themselves scarce when the new converts come to gaze on the domesticated tiger.

• • •

A newspaper had a nifty headline on the deliberations of the A.F. of L. executive committee in session at Atlantic City. "A. F. of L. straddling fence on Smith-Hoover question" it read. Which way shall the cat jump? That all depends on the percentage of the $20,000,000 boodle, estimated as the cost of the election campaign, that will be within sight of the fence-straddlers from their vantage point.

• • •

The famous or infamous Committee for the Preservation of Trade Unions has fallen on barren days. We never entertained much hope of success for this scabby outfit but one might expect that the coffers of the reactionary bureaucrats of the A. F. of L. would be opened to give aid and comfort to Messers. Sigman, Shiplacoff, et al. in their worthy crusade to save the sacred sepulchres of reaction in the needle trades from defilement by the Communist heathens. But alas and alack! Mr. McGrady, the Lion-Hearted representative of William Green, politely informs his chosen people that they must shift for themselves and run the risk of being sabred defending their holy graft.

Lest the preceding paragraph might bring confusion instead of enlightenment to those who did not read the sad story in last Monday's issue of the Daily Worker, here is the tale in brief: Last year when the Left Wing under the leadership of the Communists had won over the great majority of the workers in the I. L. G. W. U. and the Furriers' Union, the grand moguls of the A. F. of L. decided for the 99th time to clean the "reds" out of those unions. They organized the above-named committee and called a one-day general strike. The labor fakers came out to a man.

• • •

Then divers boasts were made in the socialist, capitalist and reactionary labor press that this was the end of Communism in the needle trades. But the worst came not to the Communists but to the enemies of the workers. Radicals can go a long way without funds but the fakers and their henchmen must see the color of the coin, else their zeal vanishes. So when the treasury of the C. P. T. U. presented a shiny bottom the bottom fell out of the crusade. Now Shiplacoff and Company have sent out an S. O. S. for dough, but only an echo came back. And William Green confesses that the radicals were never more active than now and swears that they must be driven out again.

• • •

Senator Vare of Pennsylvania learned something from A. B. Fall. Whenever the toils seemed to be closing around the Teapot Dome Kid he developed a new disease and retained his liberty. You can't very well strike a man when he is down in this country where the rules of the prize ring are generally accepted. Vare's record as a purchaser of votes was not doing either Vare or his man Hoover much good, so he got sick and all allusions to his past were immediately forgotten. Should he carry the ruse to extremes and die for his party, those who were cursing him will bend a knee over his bier (correct compositor) and pray for the repose of his ten-dollar-a-vote soul.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR
FOR A WORKERS' A
GOVERNM

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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25 FALL RIVER PICKETS JAILED IN NEW TERROR

Pregnant Woman Is Assaulted by Police

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 8.—"Breaking the back of the strike" is chief of police Feeney of Fall River's characterization of police brutality in throttling Mrs. Joseph Pacheco, a pregnant striker, while they held her against an iron viaduct and crushed her stomach walls in with their knees. She was rushed to the Truesdale Hospital in critical condition.

The woman's offense was that she tried to remain with her husband, a picket arrested with 25 others, including Bill Seroka, James P. Reid, Pete Hagelnis and Sam Wiseman, leaders of the Fall River Textile Mills Committee, in an attempt to pass thru the cordons which the police today threw around the factories.

Boasts of Terror.

For a quarter of a mile around the mills squadrons of police swept the streets bare of pedestrians while thousands of workers thronged the thoroughfares just out of arm's reach of the police outposts.

Chief of police Feeney is openly boasting in the local press of the feats of brutality performed by his squadrons. Police violence "will break the back of the strike," he is quoted as saying.

Simultaneously with the renewed police terrorism, Commissioner Wood of the department of justice arrived in Fall River today to begin a determined campaign to drive the Textile Mills Committee out of the city.

Terrible Weisbord!

Wood declared that "Weisbord is a sinister menace to all hardworking, respectable, industrious textile workers of this and any other city." In substantiation he pointed out Weisbord's record in the Passaic strike where Wood himself was active in another capacity.

He further warned the good people of this city "not to be blinded by the fireworks of this fiend and the promises that he will lead them into utopias impossible of achievement." He begged the workers to remain in their reactionary unions, for which he expressed the greatest respect. These, he declared, would lead them to an adjustment of their difficulties sooner than will be effected under the banner of radicalism."

Following this announcement, 200 workers of the American Printing Company marched a half mile to the Algonquin Mill on Bay Street where they sang and cheered beneath the windows. The workers looked out and returned the cheers. Intense excitement is reported to reign in the mill.

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FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 8.—Growing picket lines this morning, the defiant reply of the 2,000 Fall River textile strikers to brutal police attacks on Monday and Tuesday, heroically faced a fresh wave of charging police despite 21 new arrests.

This brings the total arrested, since the workers walked out of the factories Monday in an anti-wage cut struggle, up to 68.

Stoically ignoring commands to disperse, the hundreds of men and women on picket lines continued to patrol the American Printing Company plant till police began their daily wholesale arrests of the strikers at the heads of the lines. Further arrests were also made at the gates of the Lincoln Manufacturing Company, also declared on strike by the Textile Mill Committees.

Mid-afternoon of the second day of the strike found twenty strikers facing trial for "parading without a permit" and "peace disturbance." But the picket lines organized for the evening found the same intolerable police tyranny waiting them. Over twenty were thrown into cells yesterday.

Not content with the terror machine the mill barons can mobilize

Continued on Page Five

START DRIVE FOR CHINESE LABOR

Twenty-seven Tag Day stations have already been opened thruout the city and hundreds of workers are volunteering daily to participate in the same collection this Saturday and Sunday for relief of the Chinese Trade Unions, with headquarters at 96 5th Avenue.

The united front of the national bourgeoisie, the militarists, and the imperialists is descending with its entire force upon the young labor movement in China. Thousands and tens of thousands of workers have been shot. There is not a spot in China where rivers of workers' blood does not flow.

This reign of terror over the workers of China places before the workers of America the task of

Continued on Page Two

rder of Obregon

The Mother Superior Maria Conception is charged to have turned the mind of Jose de Leon Toral, assassin of president-elect Obregon, towards his crime. She is shown at the left during an examination of her activities and those of the catholic church in the plot to murder the president-elect. The nun faces a twenty-year prison term.

NANKING PLANS MASS MURDERS

Threaten Massacre of Worker, Peasant

PEKING, Aug. 8.—While the members of the Executive Committee of the Koumintang are quarreling among themselves and unable to hold their scheduled session at Nanking, the Nanking government has issued a statement warning all opponents of the Nanking regime agaist any criticism or action against the Koumintang dictatorship.

This statement in the face of strikes in Shanghai, the activities of the peasant army in the south and the split within the Nanging ranks is construed here as an attempt to retain the Nanking regime by open dictatorship and terroristic methods.

"In order to bring the republic to maturity," the statement says, "the Koumintang does not tolerate the existence of an opposition." In view of the wholesale execution of working class leaders and Communists the statement can be taken as an avowal of continued methods of terror against workers and peasants of China.

The policy of the Nanking regime is necessitated, many observers point out, if it wishes to consolidate its financial and economic forces and gain recognition from the imperialist powers.

DU PONT TO JOIN AL. SMITH DRIVE

MorganMunitionsKing May "Leave" Job

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 8.—Pierre S. Du Pont, chairman of the board of directors of the General Motors Company, will "resign" from his position with the open-shop Morgan concern and devote himself to furthering the campaign of Al Smith for the presidency, it was unofficially announced yesterday. He is also the country's largest war munitions maker.

Du Pont indicated that the report was accurate when he announced he would have "an important statement to make to the directors of the General Motors at their meeting in New York Thursday afternoon."

John J. Raskob, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, was the head of the finance committee of the General Motors until his "resignation" several weeks ago. With the addition of Du Pont, the Al Smith band wagon takes the lead over the Hoover machine in the number of Morgan bankers which are directing the drive.

SCOTT NEARING TO TOUR SOUTH

Scott Nearing, lecturer, teacher and writer on economic subjects and Communist candidate for Governor of New Jersey, will tour the Southern States in the interests of the Communist Election Campaign, beginning Sept. 9 and finishing Oct. 7.

Nearing, recognized as one of the foremost authorities on economics in the United States, became a national figure in the early days of the war, when he was expelled from the University of Pennsylvania for his opposition to the entry of the United States into the bloody mess that set millions of workers at each other's throats in the interest of the imperialist powers.

Popular Speaker.

Since then he has traveled from one end of the country to the other, lecturing and debating on political and economic questions. He has

Continued on Page Two

Big Gain in Unemployed in England

LONDON, Aug. 8.—While the British trade union bureaucrats and reformist political leaders vie with each other in labor betrayal and class-collaboration, the unemployment situation and its resultant suffering grow steadily worse.

A further increase in the number of unemployed persons for the week ending July 30 is reported in official figures which are probably far below the actual figures, since they include only those registered with the government as unemployed. The total registered for the week ending July 30 was 1,305,000 an increase of 22,066 over the preceding week and 185,176 more than in the corresponding week a year ago.

ARREST PRIESTS IN OBREGON PLOT

Important Information Is Revealed

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 8.—The police department here announced today that 37 persons, including two catholic priests had been arrested in connection with the assassination of president-elect Obregon.

Although the police would not give detailed information they intimated that the investigation is expected to reveal information as to the real motive for the assassination.

With the surrender of Carlos Castro, who had been sought as the aide of Toral, further information has been obtained which will lead to new developments, it was announced.

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MEXICO CITY, Aug. 8.—The statement of the Roman Catholic Church accussing President Calles as being the instigator of the crime is being received here as an indication that the clergy is in a position which, from their point of view, requires strenuous efforts to turn suspicion in another direction than their own. The statement of the church authorities does not deny that those directly implicated in the crime are directly connected with the Mexican clergy.

Official of New York Bank Is Charged With Embezzling $500,000

Charged with embezzling about $500,000 from the Bancitaly Corporation of New York City, Cornelius Callahan, assistant secretary in the stock transfer department of the corporation, was placed under arrest yesterday in Montreal.

The specific charge against Callahan is larceny of $21,600, a grand jury indictment having been returned after the facts were laid before it.

Callahan was on his vacation when he was arrested. He is believed to have lost the money in stock speculations.

QUINCY, Mass., Aug. 8.—Army officers have reduced the pay of union granite workers at West Point from $9, the union scale, to $6, a scab scale, and have also increased the work-week to six full days.

PASSAIC POLICE BAN WEISBORD

To Hold Test Textile Workers' Meeting

The Passaic Police Commissioner has issued an ultimatum that Albert Weisbord will not be permitted to speak in Passaic. This comes as a climax to the chiefs disruptive tactics at a meeting held by the Workers' International Relief, Local New York, last Thursday at the Ukrainian Hall, President St., Passaic, at which Albert Weisbord was the speaker, to raise relief for the New Bedford textile strikers.

The Workers' International Relief declares this arbitrary action by the police a violation of its rights and has announced that it will hold a meeting next Thursday evening in the Ukrainian Hall, President St., Passaic, N. J. at 7:30 p. m. with Albert Weisbord as speaker, to test out this question with the American Civil Liberties Union. The meeting will be held to raise relief for the New Bedford textile strikers.

The following speakers will address the meeting: Albert Weisbord, Roger Baldwin, Director American Civil Liberties Union; Fred Biedenkapp, National Secretary Workers' International Relief; Robert W. Dunn; Harriet Siverman, Secretary Local New York, Workers' International Relief, who will act as chairman.

The last meeting was broken up and close to 700 workers ordered from the hall. The representatives of law and order informed Mr. Weisbord and the secretary of Local New York, Workers' International Relief, that they were under orders to disperse the meeting and that Weisbord would not be permitted to speak in New Jersey.

4,000 EXPECTED AT LOCAL 3 MEET

Electrical Workers to Fight Broach

Considerable excitement has been aroused among electrical workers, members of Local 3, over the issues now confronting the union which are to be voted on tonight at a regular meeting of the organization to be held at Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave.

The membership is extremely wrought up, it has been learned, over the attempt by the Broach machine to railroad through a number of amendments to the by-laws intended to deprive the rank and file of their control over union affairs. Among the proposed amendments are one to eliminate half of the elections, one to raise dues, one to do away with the making of a financial report and one to eliminate the yearly elections.

Mass Attendance.

Over four thousand members of the union are expected at tonight's meeting at which one of the stormiest sessions in the history of the union are predicted.

It was learned yesterday that plans are being made for a demonstration before the hall of all members now being excluded from the

Continued on Page Two

15,000 CLOAK WORKERS AT RALLY LAUNCH NEW UNION

NEEDLE TRADES WORKERS URGED TO BACK PARTY

"Communists Fight for Working Class"

Depicting the treacherous role played by the socialists and their allies the Tammany Hall city and state officialdom in breaking the once powerful organizations of the needle trades workers here, the Needle Trades Section of the Trade Union Educational League, yesterday issued a statement calling upon the workers to support the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party in the November elections. The statement declares:

To all Workers in the Needle Industry! Brothers and Sisters!

We stand today in the midst of the presidential election campaign, which is of the greatest significance to the American workers. Soon the republican party of Teapot Dome fame and the democratic party with its Tammany Hall corruption, as well as the socialist party, betrayers of labor openly following along at the tail end of the capitalist parties, will come to you for your support. There is also the Workers (Communist) Party—the party of the class struggle.

Workers Must Take Stand

We needle trades workers have learned many bitter political lessons in our struggles. We have been taught by injunctions, arrests, clubbings, imprisonment, that every economic struggle against one group of capitalists brings into the struggle the whole power of the capitalist state, representing the interests of the capitalist class as a whole. Now, while we are faced with the biggest task in our history—the building of a new union of needle trades workers that will fight to reestablish union conditions in the industry, and organize the thousands of unorganized needle trades workers, we cannot, we will not, stand aside from the present political campaign. We must take a definite position. We must state clearly and boldly which political party represents our interests as workers, and which program and candidates we will support.

The last few years have been for us a period of intense and continual struggle. Union organization has been destroyed in large sections of the industry. Sweat-shop cnoditions have been introduced. A vicious speed-up system has been established by the manufacturers through which thousands of workers are thrown out of employment. Today hundreds, thousands of workers, are faced with want and actual starvation.

Socialists are Betrayers.

Who has been responsible for this demoralization and destruction? There can be only one answer—responsibility rests upon the alliance between the manufacturers, the reactionary socialist union officials and A. F. of L. bureaucracy, and capitalist state powers, who have joined their forces in the attacks upon us.

The fur workers were the first to clean out their union of the dis-

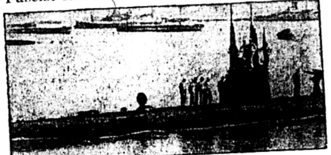
Continued on Page Two

Brennan, Tammany Ally, Dies in Chicago

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—George F. Brennan, democratic boss of Illinois, dictator of presidential nominees, chief ally of the corrupt Tammany machine during the past four years, died today after an illness of a little more than a week caused by tooth infection.

"Rising" from a coal miner he managed by devious ways to become one of the rulers of one of the most corrupt political machine in the country. In 1926 he ran against Frank L. Smith, the Insul candidate for U. S. senator but was defeated.

Fascist Inefficiency Kills 31 on Submarine



When the F-14, Italian submarine was raised to the surface of the Adriatic yesterday its crew of 31 was found dead, stifled by poison gas fumes. The submarine was rammed by a destroyer in the Adriatic Sea during maneuvers apparently intended as a threat to Jugo-Slavia.

SOUTHWEST MINERS TO HOLD CONFERENCE

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 8.—Miners' representatives of districts 13, 21 and 25 and all miners of the southwest have been called to a Tri-District Conference to be held here Labor Day, September 3, at Musicians Hall, 1017 Washington St.

Declaring that the Lewis machine completed its long list of betrayals in the recent abandonment of the Jacksonville scale, the call to the conference states: "We have one road left to follow, to rid our organization of the bosses agents, the Lewis machine, and to build the new union." The call, signed by Charles Mills, secretary of the Tri-District Committee, Route 1, Lexington, Mo., follows in part:

Call to Act.

"To all locals and members of the U. M. W. A.

"District 13-21-25, to all miners of the southwest.

"Greetings:

"District 13-21-25 of the United

Continued on Page Three

SINO-JAPANESE CLASH LOOMING

Nanking Regime Gets Threatening Note

TOKIO, Aug. 8 (UP).—Japan may be obliged to "take measures which it deems suitable" to protect its interests if China insists on abrogating the present commercial treaty, a government note said today.

The note was sent to the Nanking government, which recently announced its cancellation of the treaty. Japan refuses to accept the cancellation, and urges China to withdraw it.

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British Recognition Seen.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—Official circles here admit that negotiations between the Nanking regime and the British government over the Nanking incident of March 1927, have been going on for some time and that a satisfactory settlement may soon be reached.

The settlement of the Nanking incident, for which the English government demands raparations, would be followed by a revision of the commercial treaties. That negotiations are being carried on with the Nanking government is indicative of the fact that it is recognized as the responsible government for China.

ARREST 7 PICKETS IN BARBER STRIKE

4,500 Quit Shops to Answer Union Call

Seven striking barbers were arrested yesterday afternoon on East 33rd St. by Detective Lieutenant John Broderick when they attempted to picket shops on the street in efforts to induce fellow-workmen to join them in their strike, the purpose of which is to unionize the trade in New York City. The seven, whose names have not yet been ascertained, were taken to the East 35th St. Station and charged with disorderly conduct.

According to Abraham Greenwald, manager of Local 752 of the International Union of Journeymen Barbers, 4,500 workers left their shops in the morning, exceeding the estimate that the union had made previous to the actual strike by 500. Two-thousand shops in the borough of Manhattan were reported closed.

No wage disputes are involved in the present strike. The union members realize the importance of building up a strong union so as to be better able to deal with the bosses, and their energies in this strike are all exerted toward the city-wide recognition of the union.

JAIL 7 PICKETS ON HUGE LINES

Batty Pleads for Speed Up in New Bedford

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 8.—With the largest picket lines in weeks surrounding the textile mills, the fake conference of the State Board of Arbitration and Conciliation opened here today.

Seven strikers were arrested during the day, including Elizabeth Donnelley, who was seized at the children's playground during the afternoon, while William E. G. Batty, secretary of the New Bedford Textile Council, and his colleague, Binns, of the United Textile Workers, pleaded with the representatives of the bosses to rescind the ten per cent wage cut in order that an unrestrained speed-up may be introduced in the mills.

Basing his plea on the prosperity which will result to the textile bosses, Batty appealed to them and their agents to increase efficiency in the plant and decrease cost while speeding-up production.

John Sullivan, president of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association, appeared for the bosses, while Edward Fisher, chairman of the state board, presided.

RADITCH DIES; CALL OUT ARMY

ZAGREB, Jugoslavia, Aug. 8.—Stephen Raditch, Peasant Party leader who was shot in a political fray in the chamber of deputies of Belgrade June 20, died here today.

Police and gendarmes were called immediately after the announcement and stationed at all important points in the city to prevent outbreak.

No Word Yet From Disabled Steamer

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 8 (UP)—The navy and other powerful radio stations here reported today they had received no word from the Steamship Stanley Dollar, 4,171-ton Dollar Line freighter, believed disabled in mid-Pacific after a boiler explosion.

APPLAUD END OF SIGMAN-BOSSES' COMPANY UNION

National Convention to Be Held Soon

Fifteen thousand cloak and dressmakers, assembled last night at a giant mass meeting in Bronx Stadium, thundered a mighty "YES" for the passage of the resolution which heralded the launching of a new union in the ladies' garment manufacturing industry.

Jamming tight all aisles, the field and the bleachers of the huge Bronx football park, the vast audience declared their intention of replacing the ruins of the old International Ladies Garment Workers Union with a new workers' organization that will unionize the trade nationally and restore bearable working conditions to the factories, when they were destroyed, together with the old union, by the "socialist"-boss-police coalition.

Make Labor History.

With tremendous outbursts of enthusiastic applause, the crowd of workers endorsed the declarations of the leaders of the National Organization Committee that a new historic era was dawning for the workers in the industry with the successful holding of this meeting.

When Ben Gold, leader of the Furriers Joint Board, gave expression to these sentiments by saying, "This is not a protest demonstration, this meeting is here to build," the stadium rocked with deafening applause.

Reject Rotted Structure.

The speakers, leaders of the N. O. C., which will lead the drive to erect a powerful cloak and dressmakers' union, all echoed the determination of the masses to completely discard every vestige of the rotted structure led by the Sigman-Schlesinger clique through their agents and allies, bosses, police and gangsters.

For twenty-two months the cloakmakers have been suffering under more and more degrading sweatshop conditions, due to the fact that the right wing has destroyed the once powerful cloakmakers union, speakers declared. During all that time we have called upon the right wing to end the war against the workers and make peace, they said, but now, we call a halt to appeals for peace, knowing that it is impossible to make peace with agents of the employers.

Tells of Struggles.

Charles S. Zimmerman, chairman of the meeting, delivered the keynote of the sentiment of the gathering when he recounted the struggles of the left wing against the corruption and gangsterism of the Sigman clique and the workers' fight for a clean and honest union of the membership.

Hyman Gets Ovation.

Louis Hyman, chairman of the N. O. C., was received with a great ovation when he took his seat on the speakers' platform with Ben Gold, leader of the left wing Furriers Joint Board.

Joseph Berachevick, Rose Wortis and Julius Portnoy, three outstanding leaders of the N. O. C. then spoke. Other speakers were, Harry Berlin, of Local 10, H. Korets of the Organization Department, Saul Shelly, of the one time impartial committee of 50; A. Gutesman of the former Tolerance Group.

The resolution unanimously carried by the thousands assembled calls for the following immediate measures:

We call on all registered workers to immediately change their books at the Joint Board. We call on all workers in our trade to rally around the National Organization Committee; to pay their dues and the voluntary tax of $10 so as to raise the necessary funds with which to carry thru a successful organization campaign.

We call on our legally elected officers and the National Organization Committee, under whose leadership we are launching our new union, to make immediate preparations for a general election in our union under the supervision of the Council of Shop Delegates, on a basis where all elements will be able to participate in the leadership and the work of building our Cloak and Dressmakers' Union.

We call on the National Organization Committee to begin immediate preparation for a convention of true representatives of the ladies garment workers of the entire country, so as to lauch our new Ladies' Garment Workers' Union on a national scale.

REFORMISTS OPPOSING INDEPENDENCE OF JAVA

Talkfest at Brussels Continues; Conter-Revolutionary Attack on Soviet Russia

Special Cable to The Daily Worker

BRUSSELS, Belgium, Aug. 8.—Under the chairmanship of a Menshevik and a social revolutionary, the congress of the second international continued at Brussels yesterday with opposition to the independence of Java as the characteristic note of the meeting.

The afternoon congress of the socialist jurists took place under the chairmanship of Renner. Vandervelde of Belgium spoke concerning penal questions. Rosenfeld, of Germany, proposed the formation of an international league of socialist jurists on the model of the existing Austro-German league.

The commission for the investigation of the decisions of the international women's conference decided to present the decisions to the congress for ratification. The resolution against the abortion paragraph met with some resistance. in the question of the mobilization of women in case of war, Kluszynska was instructed to obtain unity on the point

Colonial Commission Session.

The session of the disarmament commission adjourned. The colonial commission held a three-hour session under the chairmanship of Lord Oliver, ex-governor of Jamaica. At the proposal of Longuet, a small commission consisting of one English, French, Belgian, German, Chinese and Dutch representative was formed.

The following spoke at the first session of the large commission: Snell, Britain; Kaplanski, Poland;

Continued on Page Three

American Labor Negro Congress Scores Randolph for Calling Off Strike of Porters

LAUD MILITANCY OF WORKERS IN URGING STRIKE

Charge Present Policy Will Wreck Union

The American Negro Labor Congress has sent the following open letter to A. Phillip Randolph, Special Organizer of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters:

* * *

Dear Mr. Randolph:

You have time and again declared that the fight of the Pullman Porters is not only their struggle, but the concern of the entire Negro race, since it is a basic struggle for the economic well-being of the Negro Race. In this you are entirely correct, and it is because we realize the importance of this struggle for the oppressed Negro masses and for the exploited workers that we are addressing to you this open letter.

It is our duty to declare to you that the policy which you have followed, and in which you still persist, is a policy which can only bring disaster and ruin to the cause of the Porters and Maids. This policy of trailing behind the labor aristocrats, who betray the interests of the workers, who follow a policy of cooperation with the employers, of refusal to strike, and of narrow craft segregation, has been proved to be a policy which weakens and divides the workers, which surrenders their interests to the bosses who exploit them.

Misled By Green.

That you have completely fallen for this ruinous policy was proved by your "postponement" of the strike at the instance of William Green of the American Federation of Labor, and by your further statement that the strike orders now in the hands of the Regional Supervisors will only be opened after consultation of the Pullman Porters leaders with Mr. Green.

Now we submit, Mr. Randolph, that Mr. Green did not organize the Pullman Porters, and that his very failure to do so is evidence of his lack of interest in these workers. We submit that the Porters Union was organized because the porters themselves rebelled against the miserable wage and the inhuman treatment to which they are subjected by the Pullman Company. And we say that to turn the organization of the porters, built up by their sacrifices and struggle, into the hands of this misleader of labor, is to doom this organization to defeat.

Warn Against Misleaders.

It is now over seven weeks since the strike was "postponed." Immediately we issued a statement warning against the dangers which threatened to these workers from this backdown. We clearly warned against the misleadership of the prejudiced labor aristocrats of the A. F. of L. and the narrow craft monopolists of the Railroad Brotherhoods. We called for a united front with the progressive rank and file of these unions to overcome the isolation of the porters and to strengthen their position. We called for a new policy of militant struggle against the oppressive Pullman Company and against the agents of these oppressors in the labor movement. We demanded action to save the Porters Union, to strengthen the position of the porters and maids, whose livelihood and status are at stake.

The bulletin which you issued, showing why the strike was postponed, shows your subservience to Mr. Green. You say: "Gossip about Mr. Green being insincere is the veriest nonsense and silliest tommyrot which could only emanate from crack-brained fanatics or low-grade morons." This abuse does not answer the criticisms of your mistaken policy, nor does it whitewash the known record of Mr. Green, as a labor misleader who consistently refuses to lead the workers in active struggle for the improvement of their conditions, but who, on the contrary, aids the employers in schemes, plans and moves for binding the workers more securely to their lot of oppression and exploitation.

Randolph Betrays Failure.

In this bulletin you further betray your complete failure to understand what strike strategy really is, what is really necessary to bring the oppressors of labor to book. You say: "We have done almost as much damage to the company by threatening a strike as we would have done by striking." Perhaps that is what you wished to do, but, seriously, Mr. Randolph, do you think that the Pullman Company has been in the least disturbed by an empty threat of strike which failed to materialize? No, indeed! One does not need to be a labor expert to know that the Pullman Company has merely used that threat to perfect a strike machinery, which it can now use to damaging effect against the porters. And the very fact that you did not have the courage to go through with the strike means only one thing for the company, that you lack the power and the spirit to actually strike.

But the porters had the courage and the spirit. According to your own statements, 85 per cent of the men would have walked off the cars and they would not only have walked off, but would have prevented any others from walking on. And you revealed that you were not at all prepared for this when you stated: "I myself was amazed at the spirit of the men for the strike."

Why should you be amazed, Mr. Randolph? When you yourself issued a call to action in which you declared to the porters: "The war is on! We must fearlessly face the fight to the finish for freedom. Our task now is to stand firm, steadfast and immovable, and prepare to go on through with the fight to the finish, regardless of cost. Now, men, this is the time for action, more action and still more action."

Workers Responded.

The men responded like men to this appeal. They were "weighed in the balance and not found wanting." But you were not prepared for action. You were not ready to lead the men forward into the struggle, into the action, which was absolutely necessary to protect their interests.

You have further declared, Mr. Randolph: "We are certain that we could win the strike alone, without the cooperation of any other labor organization." Now this is rather doubtful, but it is remotely possible. The question which this raises, which you will have to answer if you can, is: "Why did you then postpone the strike? Why did you then submit to Mr. Green's 'advice?' Why do you still trail meekly and supinely behind the American Federation of Labor? Obviously there is no need for this if you are assured that you are sufficiently powerful to win your struggle without their aid.

A. F. L. Betrays Workers.

Furthermore, Mr. Randolph, are you blind to what is happening under your very eyes in the labor movement? Do you not see that Wm. Green, John L. Lewis, etc., have aided the employers in wrecking the United Mine Workers of America, in defeating the strike of the miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio, thousands of whom are Negro workers? Do you not see that this same reactionary officialdom is playing the same role of betrayer in the strike of the textile workers?

And are you not aware of the complete disaster brought to the workers of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company by these very labor misleaders? The A. F. of L. officialdom took control of the traction workers' strike. They assumed the leadership of the old union, of the Consolidated Traction Workers' Union. What did they do? They ditched the former leaders who had built up a union, and they dallied around with Mayor Walker and the Tammany Hall politicians, and completely betrayed the struggle of these workers. Their union was smashed, their strike defeated and their interests completely betrayed into the hands of the Interborough. Today the company union of the Interborough flourishes, and the condition of the workers of this company is miserable indeed. Should not this be a warning to the betrayers? Should not this keep them from giving over the leadership and control of the union which they have sacrificed to build up, into the hands of these same labor betrayers and union wreckers?

Porters' Fight is Important.

This struggle of the porters is too important to be passed over lightly. It is too significant for the struggle of all the oppressed Negro workers against their exploiters to permit its weakening by mistaken policies or its betrayal by treacherous labor misleaders.

And so we must insist, Mr. Randolph, that this matter be openly threshed out in order that a correct policy, and an efficient and courageous leadership, shall be assured these struggling workers, who are groaning under the burden of capitalist exploitation. We must ask you to debate this question with us. We feel that this is a duty which we cannot escape. We will meet you at any time and at any place that you will mention to discuss this question, which is so vital to the economic well-being of the Negro masses. We will maintain that the present policy of the leadership of the Porters' Union, of non-strike, of cooperation with the employers, and of trailing behind the prejudiced and treacherous labor aristocrats, is a policy which threatens the destruction and defeat of this great movement for the advancement of the Negro workers.

We trust that you will accept this invitation to debate in the same spirit in which it is made—a spirit of sincere devotion to the cause of the Negro workers, and we await your reply.

Yours for a militant struggle in the interests of the workers.

(Signed) RICHARD B. MOORE.
National Organizer, American Negro Labor Congress.

2 Killed in Airplane Accident While Training for Imperialist War

Air militarism, being feverishly pushed by the imperialists in the United States, had another disaster to its credit when the debris of a Waco airplane, above, buried the bodies of Staro M. Steiger, former German imperialist ace, and C. J. Harris, student aviator, whose loss of control is alleged to have caused the tragedy.

REVOLUTIONISTS IN INDIA JAILED FOR ACTIVITIES

Seven Are Meted Out Sentences

LONDON, (By Mail).—In the so-called "treason trial" of Deoghar (Bihar) in India, seven defendants were sentenced to from three to seven years in prison and nine were freed, according to a report in the Times. The charges took up 200 sheets. When the prisoners on their way to serve sentence and the freed defendants left the court house they received a tremendous ovation from the Indian people collected there, and joined the crowd in the singing of national songs.

All of the defendants were Hindus and members of the national revolutionary movement against British imperialism. They were charged with the illegal possession of weapons and munitions, the organization of a secret society, possession of state papers and the use of false names.

SOLDIERS AID LEAGUE IN DISTRIBUTING PAPER

(By a Worker Correspondent)

GARDEN, Mass., (By Mail).—The theoretical as well as practical training of our revolutionary youth is highly necessary, therefore the Young Workers (Communist) League has with the aid of sympathetic organizations been able to hold summer courses in various parts of this country where the teachings of Marx and Lenin may be expounded to the youth.

The New England Training School, of which I am a student, has been in existence for the past three years. This year we are studying various interesting and important features of the revolutionary struggles.

The instructors, Kruth, Glotzer and Bloomfield are giving us a good and systematic training. They not only act as instructors, but as comrades and enter into our activities and sports as well as instructors in physical development.

Recently at our regular unit meetings we decided to distribute the "Young Worker" to the soldiers of Camp Devens, 26 miles away from our school. This issue dealt with the "Porter Case" and the struggle of the Y. W. C. L. against the Citizens Military Training School and militarism.

Work in Armed Forces.

It was early in the morning when we started and the soldiers at the camp were having inspection, so we separated in groups of two as we only had six comrades for this work and we started distribution. At first we approached the soldiers very timidly but as they seemed to be interested we started talking to them. For the most part they did not know about Porter, some had heard something about him, but quite differently than explained in the "Young Worker." We asked a few why they had joined the army. The answers were almost all alike. "I joined the army because I had no job and nothing else to do." One Negro soldier became very confidential and told us that he had been disabled during the World War and was in the army so that after serving a while he will be pentioned, that he had been promised $150 a month and only receive $35 and with that he had to support a family. This same soldier who is a veteran very angrily denounced the army in their exploitation of their men and that the keep the Negro soldiers seggragated from the rest of the soldiers. When we heard that, we immediately asked him in what part of the camp they were and he very readily took us to them, but they were all in their barracks so we decided to go up to their quarters. As we entered they flocked about us and simply grabbed the papers from us. Immediately a discussion started and we were sorry we could not stay to continue it, but we had to leave for a meeting. We left after getting their promises to write to the "Young Worker" about their conditions.

We returned to our specified meeting place and there were two who did not have as much luck as we had. They said: "We had almost distributed our papers when an automobile came up with two officers in it, they made us get in and took us to their headquarters where our papers were taken away from us and were told that if we were caught coming there again they would arrest us. Then the third pair came back with the same story. We were sorry it happened, but glad we gave out as much as we did. It taught us that we must continue our activities more than ever now in getting not only to the soldiers, but to the working class with our propaganda and expose the fake officials and puppets of capitalism.

We must show there soldiers the true role they are playing, that they fight against their own class, fight their own brothers and sisters when they go out to break up a strike and in their various activities, that they should instead of shooting down their comrades, turn their guns against their real enemies, the capitalists.

SCOTT NEARING TOURS SOUTH FOR WORKERS PARTY

Communist Election Drive in South

Continued from Page One

written numerous books and pamphlets, and is one of the most popular speakers on the labor platform.

Nearing was a member of the socialist party until he became convinced that the socialist party had turned it's back completely on the class struggle. While the great majority of the socialist party leaders never missed an opportunity to slander the Soviet Union, Nearing was always a strong supporter and defended of the First Workers' Republic in history.

Visited U. S. S. R. and China.

Nearing has recently visited China and the Soviet Union and has spent some time studying labor conditions in several European countries. He will speak in the following cities:

Sept. 9, Reading, Pa.; Sept. 10, Newark, Del.; Sept. 11, Baltimore, Md.; Sept. 12, Richmond, Va.; Sept. 13, Norfolk, Va.; Sept. 14, Raleigh or Greensboro; Sept. 15, Charleston, S. C.; Sept. 16-17-18, Jacksonville, Fla.; Sept. 19, Tallahassee, Fla.; Sept. 20, Mobile, Ala.; Sept. 21, Montgomery, Ala.; Sept. 22, Birmingham, Ala.; Sept. 23-24, Atlanta, Ga.; Sept. 25, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Sept. 26, Knoxville, Tenn.; Sept. 27, Nashville, Tenn.; Sept. 28, Louisville, Ky.; Sept. 30, Covington, Ky.; Oct. 1, Huntington, Ky.; Oct. 2, Logan, W. Va.; Oct. 3, Moundsville, W. Va.; Oct. 4, Wheeling, W. Va.; Oct. 5, Bellaire, Ohio; Oct. 6, Steubenville, Ohio; Oct. 7, Pittsburgh, Pa.

START DRIVE FOR CHINESE LABOR

Tag Day for Saturday and Sunday

Continued from Page One

rendering real aid to the Chinese workers.

Workers Suffer.

"We address ourselves to you because we wish to tell you of our conditions," say the Chinese Trade Unionists in their appeal to the American workers. "You know that the Chinese workers in common with all the toiling masses in China have suffered from imperialist powers which have sent warships and airforces to fight against the Chinese people."

The plight of the Chinese workers vitally concerns us, the workers of America and in helping them we are helping ourselves.

Go to the station nearest your home or your work and get a box and authorization to collect funds for the relief of the Chinese Trade Unionists.

Stations All Over.

Downtown stations are: Jt. Board of the Furriers, 22 East 22nd St., Jt. Board of I. L. G. W. U., 16 West 21st St., Progressive Workers Club, 60 St. Mark's Place; Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square; Progressive Workers Club, 101 West 27th St.; Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions, 96—5th Avenue.

Uptown stations are: Hungarian Workers Club, 350 East 81st St.; Harlem Progressive Club, 143 East 103rd St., Finnish Workers Club, 15 West 126 St.; Czecho Slovak Workers Home, 347 East 72 St.; Unity Cooperative House, 1800 7th Avenue, N. Y. C.; Negro Labor Congress, 200 West 135th St.

Bronx Stations.

Bronx stations are: Bronx Progressive Club, 2075 Clinton Avenue; United Workers Cooperative, 2700 Bronx Park East; Jewish Workers Club, 1472 Boston Road; Bronx Workers Club, 715 East 138 St.

Stations in Brooklyn are: Finnish Workers Home, 764 40th St.; 1940 Benson Avenue,

Brownsville stations are: 154 Watkins St.; 604 utter Ave.

Boxes may be had in Williamsburg at 29 Graham Ave., or 46 Ten Eyck St.

Coney Island 2901 Mermaid Ave.

Brighton, 227 Brighton Beach.

"Come to the Aid of the Chinese workers in their heroic struggle, against the suppression of their unions and the murder of their leaders."

KILLED IN PLANE CRASH.

WILLIAMSBURG, Va., Aug. 8 (UP).—Sergeant Sidney Hawkins, Broadnak, Va., was killed instantly and Lieutenant James F. Walsh, Farmer City, Ill., seriously injured when a Vought plane in which they were flying from Langley Field crashed near here today.

4,000 EXPECTED AT LOCAL 3 MEET

Electrical Workers to Fight Broach

Continued from Page One

meetings by the Broach machine. It is estimated that there are three hundred of these workers who are being shut out and many of whom have been slugged because of their criticism of the destructive Broach policies. Broach has said that only a few are being kept out, and the plan, it is understood, is to show by actual numbers that hundreds are discriminated against.

It was learned yesterday that following the publication Tuesday in the columns of the Daily Worker of a complete exposure of the Broach methods, a series of frantic conferences were called by Broach in which his business agents and other members of his machine participated.

Some of those present, among whom are Jake Solomon, who are alleged to have reason to be concerned over past occurrences, are said to have urged "moderation."

May Call Off Meeting.

It is understood, however, that Broach is determined to go through with his "reign of terror" and that he is planning to call off tonight's meeting if the members insist on their rights.

Five thousand copies of the Daily Worker containing the expose were placed in the hands of the members of the union. Broach is said to be "at his wits end" over what to do in order to stem the rising opposition of the membership against his terroristic tactics.

ALBANY, Aug. 8. — Volunteer firemen, impeded by lack of facilities, were unable to fight the flames which early today burned the Blossom Heath Inn, mid-way between here and Schenectady, to the ground.

Needle Trade Workers' Fight

The Treacherous Role of the Socialists and Their Ally, Tammany Hall

Continued from Page One

rupters and betrayers. They carried on a glorious fight against their sponsors, the bosses. From the very beginning they had to contend with the hidden sabotage of the right wing union officials which ended in open betrayal of the demands of the workers. Furriers were jailed, framed-up and clubbed not only by the Tammany Industrial Squad and police, but by gangsters hired and protected by the socialist union disrupters. Thanks to the reactionary united front, the Furriers' Union has been brought to the verge of ruin, and union conditions destroyed.

Sigman and Al Smith.

In the battle of the cloakmakers, the same forces were evident. Sigman and his gang of supporters, seeing that their days of betrayal in the International were numbered, turned to the Tammany leader, Al Smith, for assistance in driving the cloakmakers to sweat shop conditions. The tragic results of Smith's governor's commission are well-known among the broad masses of cloak and dressmakers. So, also, the alliance of the yellow socialist leaders and their treacherous organ, the Jewish Daily "Forward" with the bosses and Tammany Hall, to break the heroic struggle of the 35,000 cloakmakers in this city. Finally came the expulsion of the militant locals from the union, which broke the organization, resulting in the establishment of sweat shop conditions in needle trades centers thruoghout the country.

The same scoialist party program of class-collaboration and betrayal was carried through by the Beckerman-Hillman machine in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, reducing it from a once fighting organization to a mere company union.

Milliners Also Being Betrayed.

In the Cap and Millinery Workers' Union as well, the same policy of destroying the union in the interests of the bosses is being followed by the socialist, President Zaritzky. With the help of Tammany police, he is trying to break Local 43 in New York. With the help of the courts in the republican state of Massachusetts, which murdered Sacco and Vanzetti, he hopes to destroy Local 7 in Boston, through his application for an injunction.

Such has been the work of the reactionary united front in the struggles of the needle trades workers. Such has been the activity of the socialist, democrats and republicans, who, after all these betrayals and crimes, will now come to you with various false promises, seeking your support for their candidates.

There can be only one answer to the capitalist parties and to the petty-bourgeois socialist party.

Must Fight Tammany Hall.

When Tammany will come, clothed in a cloak of liberalism, asking for support of Al Smith, so-called people's candidate, we must remind them of Smith's great governor's commission, which tried to force the cloak and dressmakers into submission to the bosses, of the injunctions against the cloakmakers handed out by Tammany judges, of their Industrial Squad and anti-labor activity not only in the struggles of the needle trades workers, but in the subway and elevated strikes, in the strike of the paper box makers, et cetera. We must tell them also that this policy is in line with the appointment of Major Berry, who broke the pressmen's strike in New York several years ago, to head the Labor Bureau of the democratic national campaign committee.

G. O. P. Is Anti-Labor

When the republicans will come, we will remind them not only of the republican judges who have thrown innocent strikers in New York into prison for the crime of fighting for better conditions for themselves and their families. We will also tell them that we know that the republican machine has done in Pennsylvania, in the bitter strike of the bituminous coal miners, where the most vicious injunctions were issued, where hundreds of workers were brutally beaten up and arrested, where political officials openly cooperated with the coal operators to break the strike and destroy the union. We will add also that we are not ignorant of what is happening in New Bedford, where 30,000 textile workers, engaged in a strike for many weeks, are being daily arrested, thrown into prison, and the republican political forces, with the aid of the National Guard and their bayonets, are using every means to help the textile barons crush the strike. Nor have we forfotten, that the republican Governor Fuller ordered the execution of two brave and noble fighters in the workers' cause—Sacco and Vanzetti.

The needle trades workers in New York and other cities, militant fighters, cannot support either the republican or democratic parties—the parties of Wall Street, ruled by the House of Morgan, trying not only to crush the workers of America, but to enslave the peoples of Nicaragua, China, et cetera.

Must Repudiate Socialists.

As for the socialist party—for them, our answer must be, when they come to us pretending to be a party of the working class, a clear and emphatic repudiation. The socialist party has betrayed the needle trades workers, is in fact the party of the needle trades manufacturers, as it is betraying the entire working class. The socialist party has become a party of the petty-bourgeois. It no longer believes in the class struggle, but has become, like the capitalist parties, advocates of "peace and harmony" in industry between the workers and the bosses. The socialist party today fights the progressive movement everywhere —not only in the needle trades, but among the miners and textile workers as well.

Who know, better than we, needle trades workers, how completely the socialist party has degenerated? We have seen it working hand in hand with the bosses, with Tammany Hall. We have seen it using gangsters against our best fighters. We have seen it encourage scabbery in the industry, break our organization. The needle trades workers throughout the country—the cloakmakers, dressmakers, furriers, tailors, cap and millinery workers, cannot support the party of the betrayers of labor. We can only expose them, and enlighten the workers in other industries as to the real character of these betrayers.

Workers Party for Workers.

There is another party in the field, however. A party which is true to the program of class struggle—the Workers (Communist) Party.

The Workers (Communist) Party is today the only anti-capitalist party in America, the only party calling upon the workers to intensify their resistance against the union-smashing, wage-slashing, open-shop drives of the bosses, and to fight against capitalism, with its imperialist wars, unemployment, low standards of living for the workers, and increasing terrorism. Not only has the party itself, through its program and support, inspired us to struggle for better conditions, but we have found the members of the party in the front ranks of the struggle of the cloakmakers and furriers against the bosses, the socialist union betrayers, and the reactionary A. F. of L.

In our past struggles, we saw clearly how necessary it is to have a strong, powerful, industrial union, and a powerful political party of the American workers. We have therefore in the past carried on an agitation for the organization of a labor party which should include all industrial and political organizations of labor. But the attempts to organize such a party failed because the treacherous A. F. of L., together with the yellow socialists, want to continue the division in the ranks of the Amercian working class.

Urge Militancy.

We needle trades workers, with our revolutionary traditions, our heritage of militancy and opposition to capitalism, cannot support the parties of the capitalists, and must not support the party of the petty-bourgeoisie, the socialist party, which has been instrumental in destroying our union and working conditions. We must remain true to our traditions and to our immediate interests.

The National Committee of the Needle Trades, Section of the Trade Union Educational League, after analyzing the conditions of the needle trades workers, and the political situation and parties as we find them today, finds that in the present election campaign there is only one party which deserves the active support of the American workers generally and the needle trades workers especially — the party of class struggle, the Workers (Communist) Party.

We have noted the presidential candidates of the parties — Al Smith, democratic nominee; Herbert Hoover, republican candidate, both business representatives tools of Wall Street; and Norman Thomas, a preacher, who has not raised his voice once against the union-wrecking activity of the socialist trade union bureaucracy, candidate of the socialist party. Opposed to them we find as the candidates of of the Workers (Communist) Party, William Z. Foster, a member of the Car Men's Union, candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, a member of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, candidate for vice president, both of them leaders of many years' standing in the struggles of the American working class.

Vote Communist!

We therefore whole-heartedly endorse the platform and candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party. We call upon all needle trades workers throughout the country to support the Workers Party ticket, nationally and locally. We call upon them to organize shop and trade committees for the Communist election campaign. We call upon all the women workers in the industry, who have so loyally and heroically participated in the struggles, and upon the wives of the needle trades workers, who are equally victims of the treacherous united front of the bosses, the A. F. of L. bureaucracy, the socialist union workers, and the capitalist state, suffering hunger and privation and seeing their children in need, to take an active part in the campaign, and give every possible assistance.

Forward in the struggle to re-establish union conditions in the industry!

Forward to a militant, united union of all needle trades workers!

Forward in the fight against government by injunction, against the industrial squad, police terrorism and brutality!

Forward to the struggle against the capitalist parties, tools of Wall Street, and against the socialist party, betrayers of labor!

Forward in the campaign for the Workers (Communist) Party, the Party of the class struggle, the Party of the working class!

Vote Communist! A vote for Foster and Gitlow is a protest against the whole capitalist system under which needle trades workers and all other workers suffer!

(Signed)
NATIONAL NEEDLE TRADE COMMITTEE, T. U. E. L.,
H. SAZAR, Secretary.

TWO MILLINERY WORKERS FINED

The capitalist courts again won the victory yesterday in their campaign of intimidation of militant workers. Ida Shorr and Diana Lenken, two millinery workers, were yesterday morning fined $5 each for distributing leaflets. They were charged with violating a city ordinance.

The two workers were arrested last Thursday while distributing Trade Union Educational League leaflets on Sixth Ave., between 36th and 37th Sts. Magistrate Abraham Rosenblut of Jefferson Market Court postponed the case until this morning. When they appeared this morning before Magistrate Jesse Silverman of the same court, he fined them $5 each, tho they had caused no disturbanc eand interfered with no one in their distribution of leaflets.

The workers were defended by Jacques Buitenkant, representing the New York section of the International Labor Defense, which also paid the fines.

DAILY WORKER
International Costume Carnival
SUNDAY, AUGUST 19—PLEASANT BAY PARK

GAMES — OPEN AIR
Dancing-Sports
ATHLETIC EXHIBITIONS

ADMISSION, 35c
Tickets Now For Sale at Daily Worker Office, 26-28 Union Sq.

Italian Imperialism Gains Strangle-Hold on Abyssinia with Acquisition of Big Tract

FRANCO-ITALIAN CONFLICT LOOMS IN EAST AFRICA

Fascists, Abyssinians Sign Pact

ROME, Aug. 8.—A pact was signed here yesterday between the Italian and Abyssinian representatives that will open new territory in East Africa for Italian expansion, it was announced here today.

According to what news has been released concerning the pact, it is understood that Duke Abruzzi with the asistance of leading Italian banks, has obtained a large tract of territory in the most fertile part of Abyssinia, with the full authority for exploitation.

The country is rich in sugar and coffee and is conected with the Red Sea by an Italian colony. French interests have already entrenched themselves in Abyssinia, notably in the French owned railroad and the existing conflict between French and Italian imperialism in Abyssinia is expected to be increased.

Honduras Gets Implied Threat From U. S. on Guatemala Controversy

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8 (UP).—Honduras was asked by the United States today to reconsider its decision rejecting the proposal to submit its boundary dispute with Guatemala to the Central American Arbitration Tribunal for adjustments.

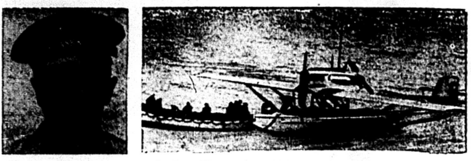
In a note delivered to the Honduran foreign minister, American Minister Summerlin said: "I am instructed to say that my government feels that the suggestion which the secretary of state made on June 5 is still open to acceptance by the government of Honduras and hopes that government will give careful reconsideration to the matter.

GERMANY AIDS FASCISTS

BERLIN, Aug. 8 (UP).—Negotiations were reported proceeding [illegible] between German and Rumanian governments regarding German participation, to the extent of $5,000,000, in the international Rumanian stabilization loan.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

Seaman Whose Quick Sight Saved Imperialists Fliers



Charles Harlow, a seaman on the S. S. Minnewaska, which rescued Captain Courtney and his crew of imperialists was on watch and spied the wrecked "Whale" adrift in mid-ocean. He turned in the alarm which resulted in the rescue of the fliers. At the right is shown the rescue.

JOHN PORTER TELLS OF PRISON PERSECUTION

By JOHN PORTER.

(This article was written in the military prison at Fort Adams, where Porter is held while waiting transfer to Governor's Island prison. He was court-martialed and sentenced to two and a half years hard labor.)

Many methods have been used by the military authorities to break my spirit—to separate me from the ranks of the working class.

During the first three weeks of my imprisonment, I was given the dirtiest work and was subjected to the most miserable conditions. I was refused clean clothes, toilet articles, etc., and was forced to wash myself with lye soap. It wasn't until clean clothes and toilet articles were sent to me that the military czars saw that this method was a flop.

Thrown in Solitary Cell.

The next attempt was to throw me in a solitary cell. The bed was of steel. The cell was damp at all times. After working at hard labor ten hours daily shoveling coal. I was put in this cell. That attempt also was unsuccessful.

The third attempt was to impose the maximum sentence of two and a half years. However, were it not for the mass protest meetings and the fight of the International Labor Defense, their efforts to make additional charges against me might have been successful, for that was their intention at the beginning.

Not Fooled by Bosses.

Recently, they gave me two magazines on religion. They try to use even religion in trying to crush my spirit. They are also treating me, I dare say better than other prisoners in order to win me over to their side. But it will last only until they find out that this attempt also is usucessful. I know the consequence of fighting for the working class, and I know that the authorities will return to their dirty tricks and will use every attempt possible in order to discourage me and to break my spirit. I can only say to these military czars: Your attempts will only make more workers, young and old, realize that you are nothing but highly paid suckers of the capitalists. Your attempts will only double our forces in order to build a workingman's government. You only make our fighting spirit stronger.

Tell the New Bedford strikers to defy the militia. Tell them not to think of themselves alone in the struggle, but of the consequences to the younger generation. If they lose now, what will be the consequences in the future? New Bedford strikers! Stand firm and you will win! Victory is near! I congratulate the plucky fighting spirit of the strikers!

(Daily Worker Talks No. 6).

What Price Glory!

Over twenty thousand papers carried the above picture prominently displayed in their pages. Over fifty millions of workers saw it and read breathlessly the details of the thrilling rescue. When the heroes of the great adventure arrived in New York, they were met with the customary city-wide welcome. Mayor Jimmie Walker led the festivities.

For this is the picture of the British imperialist crew of the flyer "Whale," as they were being rescued in mid-ocean.

• • • • • •

A Hindu worker saw the picture and recalled that his brother was then rotting in a Calcutta dungeon. He had led a strike of railroad workers against their British Imperial masters for whose glory and prestige the flying expedition had been undertaken. . . .

A Chinese worker gritted his teeth and remembered the gruesome picture of his beheaded comrade in Shanghai, murdered at the behest of the English military officers. . . .

A Negro worker swore out loud when he remembered what British Imperialism was doing to his brothers in South Africa and elsewhere. . . .

But fifty millions of other workers look at the picture and were thrilled.

Is there a need of The DAILY WORKER to expose the true meaning of these Fascist adventures?

Is it not of the greatest value to the fellow worker whom you meet to place in his hand a copy of the only daily paper in English which really fights against this poisonous propaganda.

WHAT ARE YOU DOING TO FURTHER THIS REVOLUTIONARY WORK?

MINE DISTRICTS WILL HOLD MEET

Call Convention for New Union

Continued from Page One

Mine Workers of America have been wiped out and today only a shell of their former self exist. The first attack of the operators, the state and the Lewis machine on the miners and their wages and conditions of the southwest was launched in the famous Kansas strike against the Kansas Industrial Court. The Lewis machine and their flunkees, through betrayal broke the backbone of the miners organization in the southwest in this strike. . . .

"The Lewis machine completed the betrayal when the policy committee and the International Executive Board decided to abond the Jacksonville scale. The Lewis policy and betrayal has lost the Penn and Ohio strike.

"We have one road left to follow:

"To rid our organization of the bosses agent, the Lewis machine and to build the new union.

"You have received calls and credentials for the National Miners' Convention to be held in Pittsburgh Penn, September 9th. Delegates to the Pittsburgh Convention are asked to assemble Labor Day in Kansas City for a Tri-District Conference to map out a program for the southwest. Next day the delegates will leave in autos for Pittsburgh, traveling over good roads all the way.

"Miners of District 14, miners of Colorado, Wyoming and New Mexico, Utah, miners of the southwest, you are invited to the Tri-District Conference, an open conference of the miners. Write to Chas. Mills, secretary Tri-District Committee of your plans.

"Fraternally yours,

"Chas. Mills, Secretary,
"Route 1, Lexington, Mo.
"Tri-District Committee,
"Route 1, Lexington, Mo."

Choose Your Delegates.

"Elect your delegates to the National Miners Convention. Send your delegates to the Tri-District Conference. Sell coupons to finance delegates. Write secretary of Tri-District if your delegates has no way to get to Pittsburgh. Write us if you have room for another miner in your auto. Miners Build the New Union."

Report Unrest Among Workers and Soldiers in Venezuela Now

BOGOTA, Colombia, August 8.—Great unrest among workers students and soldiers is reported here from Venezuela. Although there are no details due to the strict censorship instituted by the dictator Gomez, rumors of revolt persist in finding their way across the border.

SEE OPPOSITION TO PACT

BERLIN, Aug. 8 (UP).—Newspapers express fear today that the British-French naval agreement may affect the United States anti-war treaty by arousing opposition in the American senate.

MURDERER CAPTURED

NOWALK, Conn., Aug. 8 (UP).—Sought by Brooklyn, N. Y., authorities for a two-year-old murder, Frank Aillo, 45, was captured here and returned to Brooklyn today.

YOUNG WORKERS HIT BROOKWOOD

Refute A. F. of L. Red Charge

The Young Workers (Communist) League yesterday issued a statement in refutation of the charge by the American Federation Executive Council that the Brookwood Labor College is Communistic in its tendencies.

"Brookwood College is no more Communist in spirit than the General Executive Board of the A. F. of L. itself," the statement declares

Cloak of Reaction.

"In our experience with Brookwood and its officialdom, which has extended over a considerable period, and which included two Labor Youth Conferences called under the auspices of Brookwood, we have always found that this institution has consistently functioned as a cloak for the destructive policy of the reactionary labor fakers.

"Although the labor conferences were ostensibly called to advance the cause of the organization of the youth, it seemed to be the prime objective of the Brookwood officials, such as Muste and Saposs, to defeat the will of the delegates, to prevent the taking of any concrete organizational steps, and to limit the entire proceedings to empty talk and pious 'wishes.'

"It was only because of the overwhelming demand of the majority of the delegates at the second Labor Youth Conference and in the face of the bitter opposition of the Brookwoodites that the concrete organizational resolutions of the Young Workers (Communist) League were adopted.

"Brookwood has always managed to play the game of the corrupt and reactionary labor bureaucracy as far as its attitude towards the organization of the youth is concerned.

"As regards its teachings everybody who has eyes can see that its whole content is the preaching of class collaboration in a 'refined' form. Nothing can be further from Communism than the teachings of Brookwood.

Only One Road.

"The Young Workers (Communist) League will continue its struggle against Brookwood and its ideology and will make every effort to destroy whatever influence it may have among the working youth. Communism and the revolutionary struggle is the only road for the young workers, as for the working class as a whole, towards emancipation."

Communism in China Makes Big Headway, White Guardist Admits

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 7.—The Institute of Politics which is holding its sessions here, listened today to a former member of the Kerensky government, Gen. Yakhontoff, who was greatly distressed at the possibility of a workers' and peasants' revolution in China.

He urged full support of the reactionary government of Nanking, which, he thought, could alone prevent "Communism from rising its head," and which should be supported by all the powers in order to prevent a revolution.

Professor Blakeslee, of Clark University, who conducted the discussion, stated that Communism "does not have a chance" as long as the Nanking government remains in control.

WHAT I SAW IN CHINA
By TOM MANN
10 cents
THE "grand old man" of the British Labor movement tells of his experiences in revolutionary China after a six months' stay with the International Workers' Delegation.
Workers Library Publishers
39 East 125th Street
New York City

USSR PEASANTS WILL RECEIVE MORE SEED FREE

Increase Distribution in Villages

MOSCOW, Aug. 8.—The Commissariat of Agriculture today announced an extension of its distribution plan, under the provisions of which the peasants has been receiving seed for sowing free of charge.

From now on larger quantities of seed are to be distributed over larger areas thru the village cooperative societies. The cooperatives act both as buying and selling organizations for the government trusts and the free distribution of seed of the best quality will insure a crop of the best grains.

The peasant, in turn, will agree to sell a certain portion of his crop to the cooperative for which he will be paid on the new price scale, which has been considerably raised lately. The distribution of scientifically prepared seed will also aid in the development of special cultures and special grain areas.

"LIBERAL" PAPER ENDORSES SMITH

LaFolletites Decide Last Surrender

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The last stream of murky progressivism to empty itself into the sewer of Tammany corruption is the so-called People's Legislative Service, an organization brought into existence by the late Senator Robert M. LaFollette, who in 1924 had the support of the small shopkeepers and the socialists for the presidency.

The organization Wednesday advised the progressives of the country to vote for Governor Smith in preference to Herbert Hoover through its weekly publication called the "People's Business."

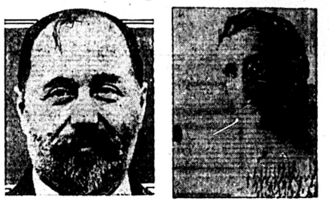
This is bad progressive weather, the publication indicates, and by comparing the republican with the democratic platforms comes to the conclusion that the followers of La Follette will this year vote for Smith whom it calls "the Sidewalk Prince."

The endorsement of the Wall St. candidate, the avowed candidate of the country's biggest open-shop interests and the leader of the most corrupt political organization in the world is taken here as an indication of the distance the so-called progressives have gone from their lofty claims of 1924. The socialist party today seeks to inherit the estate of the bankrupt progressives with a future seen to be the exact duplicate of the progressives.

TRANSATLANTIC PLANE CRASHES.

PARIS, Aug. 8, (UP).—Maurice Drouhin, former endurance flight champion, was critically injured, his mechanic Lanet was killed, and the other two members of the crew were severely hurt today when Rene Cousinets bird-plane crashed at Orly airdrome on its final test before a transatlantic flight attempt.

Dying Croat Party Leader; Serb King Fighting Him



Stefan Raditch, leader of the Croatian Peasant Party, whose autonomist demands reflect the desires of large sections of the Croatian nationalists is still hovering between life and death from wounds dealt by an assassin in the Jugo-Slav parliament. At the right is King Alexander, of Jugo-Slavia, whose troops are reported marching against the Croatian autonomists in Zagreb.

REFORMIST MEET FIGHTS COLONIES

Talkfest at Brussels Continues

Continued from Page One

and Cramer, Holland. The latter opposed the independence of Java.

Discuss Kellogg Pact.

The commission for the investigation of the international political situation sat under the chairmanship of Vandervelde. A long debate took place on the proposals of the British delegation concerning the Kellogg pact, the evacuation of the Rhineland and the possible reestablishment of relations with the Soviet Union.

In the plenary session today the congress demonstrated against "countries without democracy," among others, the Soviet Union. Abramovitch, the Russian menshevik, Russanov, a social revolutionary, and Turati of Italy, were the demonstrative chairmen. Abramovitch furiously attacked Bolshevism. Turati appealed to the social-democratic and democratic governments to take up an attitude against fascism.

Slanders Chinese Communists.

At the first discussion the speakers were the menshevik Dan, Buxton, of Great Britain, and Yangkantao, a Parisian Chinese student. The latter declared that Chinese unity had already been achieved, but complained of the Kuomintang terror against the "socialists."

The chinese Bolsheviks, he said, had encouraged brutal elements to attack the Kuomintang and thus interfered with the march on Peking and caused the loss of workers' lives. The task of "socialism" was to make good the damage done by the utopian tactics of the Bolsheviks and the criminal oppression of the Kuomintang, he declared. The socialist international," he said, must assist in winning independence for China.

TO HOLD NEW TEXTILE MEET

Boston Conference On August 12th

BOSTON, Aug. 8.—A series of local conferences is scheduled for the next two months to be attended by progressive workers and delegates from mill committees and other organizations among the Textile workers. A conference of representatives of Manchester, Nashua, Concord, Fitchburg, Maynard, Lowell, Lawrence, Adams, North Adams, Salem, Waltham, New Bedford, Fall River, Providence, Pawtucket, Woonsocket, Artic, Natic, Naunton, Conn., Vally District, Boston and one Valley district will be held at 36 Causeway Street, Boston, 10 a. m. Sunday.

A Philadelphia conference was held on August 5th at 531 N. 7th St. Chester, Trenton, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Phillipsburgh, and other towns sent delegates to what proved to be a highly successful conference.

In New York a Conference was held at 26-28 Union Sq. on August 4th. It had representation from all the surrounding territories including Passaic, Paterson, Rutherford, West New York, Corona, Bridgeport and Shelton as well as New York itself.

The Textile Mill Committee continues an energetic preparation for the unionizing of the workers. The National Office of the Textile Committees over the signature of Secretary Albert Weisbord, has issued a call for a National Convention of Textile workers organizations, to meet in New York, Sept. 22nd and 23rd for the formation of a new Union in the Textile industry, a big strong united organization able to cope with the organizations of capital oppressing the workers.

A DAILY WORKER correspondent is the real spokesman and leader of the workers in his

CROATIAN REVOLT LOOMS AS SERB SOLDIERS NEAR

Condition of Raditch Growing Worse

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Aug. 8.—As the Croatian autonomist parliament holds its sessions in Zagreb, and the condition of Stefan Raditch gradually grows worse, with almost all hope given up for his recovery, Serbian troops are reported on the march to Zagreb.

The Serb-Croatian division sharpened by the killing of Ristovitch, editor of a Serbian paper, has assumed such proportions that the death of Raditch may be the signal for armed uprising and action toward complete secession from the Yugoslav monarchy on the part of the Croatians.

It is thought unlikely that the statement of the leaders of the Croatian Peasant Party, requesting the population to refrain from "extreme" forms of demonstration, will be heeded by the Croatians, whose feelings against the Serb dictatorship have been strongly aroused.

FIRE MENACES TOWN.

FORT HENRY, N. Y., Aug. 8 (UP).—Fire early today destroyed four combined store and dwelling places at Witherbee, near here, and for a time threatened destruction of the entire town. Loss is esimated at $200,000.

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October 4, 5, 6, 7
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TWO COMMUNIST CAMPAIGNERS
DESIGNED BY FRED ELLIS
The VOTE COMMUNIST Stamp
Printed over a background formed by the Red Hammer and Sickle with the photographs of Foster and Gitlow tastefully worked in.
To be posted on envelopes, letters, programs, shop papers, bulletins, etc.
PRICE: Book of eighty stamps, $1.00. Can be resold at 10c per page of eight stamps. Quantity lots: 55 books for $50; 90 books for $75; 125 for $100
The VOTE COMMUNIST Button
A beautiful arrangement of the photographs of Foster and Gitlow within a solid red shield.
VOTE COMMUNIST stands out.
Can be sold anywhere for a dime.
PRICE: 5c in lots up to 100; 4c in lots up to 1,000; 3c in lots up to 5,000; 2c in lots of 5,000 or over.
NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
43 East 125th St, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Company Stock Trick Cheats Ohio Miners Out of Wages, Correspondent Writes

HANdOuTS

Fifty school children listened to an address of Park Commisisoner Walter Herrick and then went through Central Park picking up paper and banana peels. These are excellent tactics for Tamany Hall. Persuade the kids they're having a lot of fun and then add a score of names to the padded payroll for park cleaning and pocket the difference.

* * *

Everybody knows that a capitalist newspaper editor will relinquish his honor for a four column ad James S. Sheridan, of St. Louis, power trust propagandist, told the Federal Trade Commission about newspaper editors who handed over their honor and never got the ads. He was speaking of the editors of country newspapers and referred to them as "God's Fools." They used power trust propaganda and kept out protests against boosted power rates on the promise of getting ads which never arrived It's getting so a capitalist editor will have to have a customer slip the money under the door before he opens it.

* * *

Virtue, Rear View

The photo shows the hind end of the statue of Civic Virtue in City Hall Park. The boys, unconscious of its pretended significance, are using it, very sensibly, to dive off. Since the Queens sewer scandal and the Bronx street cleaning orgy, the "Civic Virtue" monument has been reluctant to look a camera in the face. It has even been suggested the statue be stored temporarily for possible use at some future date.

* * *

Gems of Learning

Thomas Craddock Hughes, attorney—"Many supreme court justices undoubtedly have stock in the Interborough Transit Company and yet this company has a contract with the city. You can carry the situation to any absurd lengths you like." Another reason why the court is not opposed to a seven cent fare is that he usually rides in a packard.

Henry H. Klein, attorney—"Perhaps the Grand Jury may investigate the deaths of Mr. Phillips.

"I have no doubt the investigation will develop that he made $6,000,000 out of Queens sewer contracts. I have reason to believe that Phillips put up $800,000 in gambling ventures at Saratoga and elsewhere. He had twelve safe deposit boxes ten months before he died, in which his assets and securities were deposited. When some of the boxes were opened in the search for Phillip's assets, I have been informed, notes were found in his handwriting reading: 'You can go to hell.'" This is the usual attitude of grafters in a capitalist country.

Wm. Green, President of the American Federation of Labor—"We shall deal with each situation as it seems best, and we shall do everything possible to protect American wage earners against the designs of Moscow, which are entirely revolutionary, and which we thoroughly understand." Outside of class collaboration what Bill Green thoroughly understands could be placed on the figure "1" of a lady's wrist watch.

PERILOUS MINE IS UNINSPECTED AS DEATH LOOMS

Reveal "Collaboration" as Murder

(By a Worker Correspondent)

POWHATTAN, O. (By Mail).—The Powhattan Mining Company some time ago imported 375 Negro strikebreakers from all parts of the country for the purpose of operating the mine open shop. These men were brought in by Paul Arcal, who received $20 for the use of his truck and $1 a head.

The scabs have not been very civil to the native population, especially when they discovered that the city authorities would protect them in every way. This is the time when strikers have no rights. There have been nightly brawls in which the police were supposed to step in, but they did not do so. On the contrary, a strikebreaker attacked two young girls, but the case was dismissed.

The scabs were told by the wife of one of the militant miners that they would receive protection for the time being, but later they would see what would happen.

Now it is happening. The same Paul Arcal is now trying to circulate a petition among the foreign-born miners in which they are to demand that the scabs are to be sent out of the city. This the foreign-born miners refuse to do. They say that Arcal brought them in, and now he can get them out again. The Powhattan mine has taken back its men, but on the following basis: Each man is required to buy a share of stock costing $100. They have been checked off five dollars each pay until lately. Now the men do not know whether they are being checked off, or what they are earning altogether. They have to accept the pay that is given them, and they do not know whether they are being paid 4, 3 or 2 dollars a day. They only know that they get so and so much pay, and that is all there is to it. Whether it is on the co-operative basis of 60-40 or the 1917 scale, they have not the slightest idea.

One thing, however, they do know. The Powhattan mine is a very dangerous mine. Not long ago, a man was killed and his body was placed in a box-car until leaving time. Then the body was taken out, while the miners climbed in to go home, and was taken away.

The men working in this mine on the so-called co-operative basis, being "stockholders," have no protection of the workmen's compensation law. The mine is not inspected, and if there are any men injured, that is their bad luck.

So it goes in the mining camps, now that John Lewis has destroyed the union. WAYNE.

Ill. Working Women Denounce Imperialist War at Federation Meet

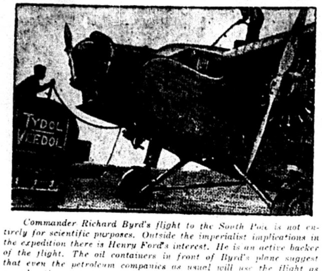
CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 7.—The Chicago Federation of Working Women's Organizations held a successful anti-war meeting Saturday in North West Hall. This was the first of a series of meetings that are being arranged for the coming season where working class problems will be discussed.

Edith Rudquist the organizer of the federation was the principal speaker. She outlined the causes of imperialist war, told of the propaganda machinery that is being prepared to lure and misinform the workers of the true nature of the struggles, and the impossibility of peace under capitalism. She said that the programmes of the Women's Peace Society, and kindred pacifist organizations were mere nonsense because they appeal on a humanitarian basis and forget that the causes for war lies in the class basis of capitalist society.

Urge Aid For Miners.

Ida Rothstein told of her experiences in the Southern Illinois coal fields, and urged intensive work for the relief of the miners. Anna David spoke on the coming elections and the roll of the Workers (Communist) Party, urging all to participate and to vote for the working class candidates on the Workers (Comunist) Party ticket.

Oil Companies Profit, Too, in Byrd Flight



Commander Richard Byrd's flight to the South Pole is not entirely for scientific purposes. Outside the imperialist implications in the expedition there is Henry Ford's interest. He is an active backer of the flight. The oil containers in front of Byrd's plane suggest that even the petroleum companies as usual will use the flight as an advertisement for the qualities of their product.

LAUNDRY WORK IS HARD GRIND

Twenty Thousand Now Unorganized

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Over twenty thousand workers are today working in the laundry industry under the most inhuman conditions imaginable. While the owners are making millions of dollars annual profit from their wage slaves, the workers are virtually starving.

The workers put in 13 to 14 hours of strenuous toil per day, sometimes sixteen, with an irregular period of twenty minutes for lunch. It is estimated that each worker handles about five tons of clothes per day

Poor Quarters.

Most all of the plants are located in old dilapidated buildings which need renovating; there are few windows, usually small; many of the pants are located in cellars and when one enters he needs to be careful for fear of bumping his head against the ceiling. Almost in all, without exception, the floors of the laundries are flooded with water, six inches deep, and the workers must wear rubber boots and rubber aprons. They also have to be very careful that they do not poison their hands and bodies from the chemicals and blues that they put in the washing of the clothes.

The average wages of the laundry workers ranges from $9 to $20 per week. Many workers are not given a full week's work, but are only put on when the place is overburdened with work, usually during the beginning of the week.

Women Exploited.

The girls and women who work in the mangle room have to stay in rooms poorly ventilated, with very few windows and where the humidity reads 97, with a temperature as high as 105 degrees Farenheit.

Almost every worker is suffering from one or more of the industrial diseases due to the long hours, high humidity and temperature, dampness, diseased clothing and lint dust, which affects the lungs and nostrils.

From many medical examinations of the laundry workers it has been found that almost every worker suffers from high blood pressure, due to the strenuous work, long hours and unsanitary conditions.

Widows, Minors.

The greater percentage of these workers are Negroes and married women who have to work and help their husbands support their families. Many of these women are widows and have to support their children on the starvation wages.

Besides the intense exploitation of these wage slaves, the laundry bosses hire professional thugs and sluggers to terrorize the workers. Many a case has been reported of workers taken up in a room and slugged into insensibility.

A. L. SUSKIN.

72 Hours for $15.53 Per Week in South

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 8.—Cottonseed oil mill workers, most of whom are Negroes, have been receiving miserable pay for long hours work, it is gathered from the report of a survey of a number of mills made by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor for 1927.

The workers have been working 12 hours a day on the average, which makes a total of 72 working hours per week since they work six days per week. Extremely lower and out of proportion with the amount of working hours the workers received only $15.53 per week wages.

No additional pay to the regular rate was given for overtime work in all mills with but three exceptions.

The workers comprised three groups. They were Negroes, who numbered 3,813; Mexicans, 133 in number and 152 whites.

MACHINES REPLACE MEN.

MESABA, Minn., Aug. 8.—Four hundred and ninety-nine men must be thrown out of work by the installation of each 350-ton shovel in the Mesaba iron mines. These shovels can do the work of 500 men.

Boiler Company Conditions Are Vile; Pay Low

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. (By Mail).—The conditions at this Prospect Boiler Company is of the worst type to be found in this section. Besides working ten long hours per day, some times more, the workers here make all types of tanks, gasoline, water and oil burners, stacks, breechings and chutes; all kinds of welding and repairing, some out-of-town jobs, for which the workers who are assigned to do this kind of work very seldom gets paid for it, unless he fights for it. He doesn't even get extra time. Several workers got cheated this way already.

The workers here, especially the boilermaker helpers, get only 40 to 45 cents per hour and the boilermakers (only a few) get 75 cents per hour. The machine welders get from 50 to 60 cents an hour.

The company does not have sufficient supplies of tools to work with.

Here sanitary conditions are also very bad. The lavatory is very filthy; the wash basin is unfit to wash in; no towels are furnished or soap for washing. Besides there are no lockers to put their clothes in for over night or for period of a day.

This company is so greedy for their profits that the workers are compelled to chip in among themselves to have ice for drinking.

Recently this company laid off more than half of their force and practically all the night shift. When in full swing there are usually about 40 workers employed here. The reason for laying off, the officials claim, is that the company lost 80 per cent. of orders from steady customers and too much production of tanks laying around the yard now.

"ARNOLD."

SILK BOSSES PAY 25 CENTS AN HOUR

Girls Get 1 Cent Less; 49 1-2 Hour Week

HOPEWELL, Va. (FP).—Tubize Artificial Silk Company, with its huge mill at Hopewell, Va., capitalized at $10,000,000, is paying its men spinners and twisters 25 cents an hour. They work in alternating shifts each week, from 7 a. m., to 3 p. m., and then from 11 p. m. to 7 a. m. At one time spinners were paid for overtime, but now they get their straight 25 cents for all Sunday and overtime labor.

$11.88 a Week.

Girls working in the finishing room, beating out artificial silk, classifying it and putting it into models get one cent less than the men spinners. At 25 cents an hour, their 49½-hour week brings in $11.88.

The girls get their jobs through answering ads in the farm journals. Down from the hills and back country they come, utterly ignorant of industrial life, unaware of unionism and unable to bargain with the boss even on an individual basis. They get rooms in the company dormitory for $2 a week. There they are supervised and spied upon by a company matron. Morals is the excuse for this spying, but a girl who talks unionism and gets caught at it loses her job without delay. Lights go out at 10 p. m. in the company and a girl has as much control over her private life as a child of three.

Company Stores.

Rent and meal tickets are deducted from the weekly checks. The new girl worker gets no money at all for two weeks, the company holding back one week. All payment is by check, never by cash. The checks are good at the company store, where the girls are required either to buy some goods or pay a fee for the privilege of getting hard cash for their piece of paper.

MEETING PROVES SUCCESS ALTHO ARRESTS FOLLOW

Young Prisoners Sing Labor Songs in Jail

(By a Worker Correspondent)

ROCKFORD, Ill. (By Mail).—Ten Young Workers (Communist) League members, eight boys and two girls, attending the Workers' Training School in Rockford, Illinois, were arrested while holding an open-air meeting on the night of August 1.

The chief of police had refused to give the League a permit and as soon as the meeting was started two big-bellied cops came up and arrested the speaker. Indignant, one League member after another got up on the soap-box, the crowd of 300 all the while cheering the speakers and booing, jeering the officers who were placing the boys and girls under arrest. After six speakers had been jerked off the box and placed under arrest one of the officers made the remark, "Where in the h— are they all coming from?" Finally the riot squad was sent for and the meeting was dispersed. The ten League members were raced over to the police station, a crowd of League members and sympathizers following the patrol wagon to the city jail.

Upon the request of the prosecuting attorney the sly-faced judge continued the case until 2:30 in the afternoon. The ten boys and girls were released on a collective bond of two hundred dollars. In the afternoon, after walking nearly two miles to the police court under a torrid sun and waiting in the stuffy court room for an hour, the judge did not show up and the case was again continued until the next day at nine o'clock a. m. The prosecuting attorney still needed time to build up his weak case. The group he represented evidently were afraid the ten speakers would slip through their hands and be acquitted. So they asked for time.

The newspapers were very "indignant" about the Young Workers (Communist) League daring to hold an open-air meeting in defiance of the law." They used three-inch scare-lines on front pages, reading "Police Stop Communist Meeting." "Ten Pinks Land in Jail for 'Soap-Boxing.'"

At this meeting nearly one hundred copies of the Daily Worker were sold.

On the morning of August 3, the case finally came up for trial. The League members demanded a jury-trial. However, each of the jurors summoned were members of the American Legion, chamber of commerce, ex-soldiers, etc., and were prejudiced from the start. They promptly brought in the capitalist verdict of "guilty" and each of the boys and girls were fined the maximum.

They are appealing the verdict. In the meantime the Young Workers (Communist) League is going to hold open-air meetings every Wednesday and Friday nights until August 26, the date the Training School ends.

WORKER-STUDENT.

Killed by Guard for Carrying Whiskey

A U. S. customs guard, James MacGurkin, is in jail, while his father is trying to raise the $10,000 bail, on a charge of murder in connection with the killing of a Hoboken longshoreman, Leo Boise, when he tried to escape with two bottles of whiskey.

FARMERS LOSE HEAVILY.

OPHEIM, Mont., Aug. 8.—Heavy losses by farmers southwest of Opheim and Glentana are reported. This is due to the recent severe hail storm in these vicinities.

New Kallesser Play Tonight, 'Eva the Fifth' Set for Aug. 24

JOHN GOLDEN'S initial production of the season, "Eva the Fifth," the joint work of Kenyon Nicholson and John Golden, is scheduled to open at the Little Theatre, Tuesday night, August 28. Clairborne Foster will play the leading role.

* * *

Russell Hicks and Arvid Paulson are the latest additions to "Goin' Home," Brock Pemberton's first production of the season.

* * *

Michael Kallesser will present his new play, "He Understood Women," at the Belmont Theatre this evening. The cast is headed by Peggy Allenby, Hilda Spong, Frank Bond and [illegible] deWitt. Mr. Kallesser and [illegible] Lynch are the authors.

* * *

Anton Heindl has been engaged to conduct the orchestra of the operetta, "The Dagger and the Rose," the musical version of "The Firebrand," which has just gone into rehearsal.

* * *

Myron C. Fagan has completed the cast for "The Great Power," his new play which will open at the Adelphi Theatre, Philadelphia, August 27, and have its New York premiere at the [illegible] Theatre, September 10. Minna Gombell will head the cast, which also includes John T. Doyle, Alan Birmingham, Conway Wingfield, Nelan Jaap, Jack Leslie, Edmund Elton, Paul Stanton and Helen Joy.

* * *

Channing Pollock's "Mr. Moneypenny" begins rehearsals this week, under direction of Richard Boleslavsky, opening in Philadelphia, September 24, and at the Liberty Theatre, New York, on October 16. The company of 60 includes Hale Hamilton, Donald Meek, Margaret Wycherly, Catherine Dale Owen, Ruth Nugent, Frank Sylvester and Robert Vivian.

CONRAD NAGLE

CONRAD
NAGEL

Co-star with Renee Adoree in "The Michigan Kid," screened from Rex Beach's novel, showing at the Broadway Theatre this week.

UNION NEEDED BY NABISCO LABOR

Action Must Be Taken Against Speed-up

By a Worker Correspondent

Nabisco workers are begining to discuss the problem of organizing. The distribution every Wednesday of Daily Workers before the entrances to the factory and the speeches every week have aroused the interest of the workers.

Your correspondent heard some of the workers recently arguing that it is impossible to organize the National Biscuit Company workers because "our work is not a trade, and if we walk out, the company will easily be able to replace us".

Year to Learn Speed-up.

However, in every such discussion, others are ready to point out that the biscuit company worker is not so easily replaced. We all know that a woman must take six months to learn packing, and learning the speed-up rate the company requires will take a year.

The dough mixers also need no less experience than the oven men. Then there are many other jobs around the shop which are unorganized, even though they belong to what are usually called the skilled trades; we have carpenters, machinists, drivers, painters, electricians, etc. working in our midst.

Strike Won in Ten Minutes.

In every such discussion, too, some workers will remind the others of the unorganized but successful strike of the girls in the Sixteenth Street factory in September, 1922. This strike won the half day Saturday, within ten minutes. The bosses were afraid to let the strike spread, and granted the demands before the strikers reached the door on the way out. It shows the bosses' fear of a general strike. We would not have the 44-hour week if it were not for this strike six years ago. And we know that long work days mean more product piling up, and more layoffs.

"Daily" Worries Bosses.

Already we see the bosses in the National Biscuit Company becoming very much worried over the distribution of the Daily Worker and the lectures, which the Workers Party is holding every week. During the last week's lecture, just outside the factory, all the bosses were walking nervously around near the windows, listening and looking pale. The manager of the factory paced from window to window like a wolf in a cage. That shows they know what a union means for the workers, and they are watching every motion toward forwarding an organization that would prevent the bosses from having their way all the time.

URGES SUPPORT OF YOUTH MEET IN SEPTEMBER

Young Workers Must Back Conference

(By a WORKER Correspondent)

In Coney Island, the local chamber of commerce is conducting a membership drive taking place between August 1st and August 15th.

The campaign for more members is in full swing. Show cards have been placed in many establishments all over the Island, urging the business men to join the organization. So far, the response has been very "pleasing," because the business men realize that there is more strength in an economic organization than in individual action.

Local newspapers are supporting the movement. In this way business interests are more advanced than our "official" labor movement. Instead of admitting them, they are throwing out members who have been trade unionists for years. No attempt is made to organize workers into trade unions. Some of these workers would join eagerly at any time.

Most of all, the youth is neglected. Such "liberal" institutions as the Brookwood Labor (?) College pretend to organize the young workers. When actual proposals are given, Brookwood is deaf, dumb and blind to them. This was clearly shown at their conference which was held in May, 1928.

However, some labor organizations are earnest in organizing the young workers and a Working Youth Conference will be held in the latter part of September for this purpose in this city.

All progressive labor organizations should support this conference. The bosses are strongly organized, why can't we workers be organized also? This Working Youth Conference will be a big move towards that direction and trade unions and unorganized young workers should look to it as such, support it and build strong the labor movement by organizing youth who work in the factories.

—CASSELL.

Man, Wife Get 2 Years for InterRace Marriage

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 8.—Mott Hamilton Wood and his wife, Mary, are serving two years in the Virginia State Penitentiary fo violation of the "Virginia Racial Integrity Law." At the time or their marriage Wood himself did not know that he had a trace of "Negro blood" and that according to the Virginia authorities it was a terrible crime for him to marry one 100 per cent white.

Wood appears white, has straight hair and bluish gray eyes. He lost both legs while working on the Norfolk and Western Railway.

Prisoner No. 3,380, in other words Mary Wood, victim of legalized southern prejudice, has been ill much of the time since her imprisonment ten months ago.

Governor Byrd, who recently visited the prison, listened to the story of this outrage, but made no comment, except to ask if Wood had received credit for the time spent in jail while awaiting trial.

THE UNITEL COUNCIL OF WORKINGWOMEN

Requests all members and secretaries to participate in the

Tag Day for the Chinese Workers

which will take place on

AUGUST 11th and 12th

Boxes are available in the office at 80 East 11th St., Room 553, from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. every day, except Saturday and Sunday.

Secretary of the Councils must mobilize their members for this Tag Day.

KATE GITLOW, Sec'y.

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Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
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with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

CAMEO 42nd & B'way NOW
ADOLPHE MENJOU in
"The Woman of Paris"
and "CALIGARI"
THE GERMAN FILM CLASSIC
with CONRAD VEIDT

DON'T MISS THE
New Masses Debate
TOMORROW
Subject: "Do Radicals Pussyfoot on Sex?"
YES—Says V. F. CALVERTON
Editor of Modern Quarterly
NO—Says MICHAEL GOLD
Editor of New Masses
THE MOST EXCITING EVENT OF THE SEASON
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AT LABOR TEMPLE
14th St. and 2nd Ave.
ADMISSION: 75 CENTS AT THE DOOR
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Thousands to Take Part in Mass Scene at Labor Defense Outing This Saturday

WILL SYMBOLIZE FIGHT TO FREE CLASS VICTIMS

Affair Will Attract Thousands

A mass scene symbolizing the struggle of the workers to free their comrades behind the bars of the capitalist jails will be one of the chief numbers at the big outing of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense in Pleasant Bay Park Saturday.

The unique feature of this mass scene is that all of the several thousand workers who are expected at the outing will be actors in it. The great crowd of workers will march to the prison, carrying banners with slogans such as "Down With Capitalist 'Justice!'" "Only the Might of the Workers Can Free Labor's Prisoners" and "Rally to the Defense of Mooney and Billings."

Fight Police.

Behind the bars of the jail class war prisoners will be seen and barring the way of the mass of workers, the defenders of capitalist justice, the police. A struggle will ensue between the police and the workers, resulting in the victory of the latter and the release of their comrades.

This scene, one of the largest mass spectacles ever staged in this country, will mark the high point of a program of unusual lavishness. Another feature of the program will be the taking of moving pictures of the outing, showing scenes of the various activities. This picture will later be shown throughout the country.

Other Numbers.

Among the other numbers will be a torchlight parade of all those present, athletics and games, open-air dancing to the music of a first-class jazz band and refreshments. Starting at noon, the affair will last far into the night.

Tickets for the I. L. D. outing, which is an annual left-wing celebration, are selling fast and a large crowd is expected. They can be bought at 35 cents each at the office of the I. L. D., 799 Broadway, Room 422, and at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

A. F. L. TREASURER IS REPORTED OUT

Tobin, Tammany Tool, Makes Gesture

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 8. (UP).—Reports were current here today that Daniel J. Tobin, treasurer of the American Federation of Labor, had resigned because the executive council of the federation failed to indorse Governor Alfred E. Smith's candidacy.

Tobin refused to confirm or deny the reports.

The federation council, meeting in a secret session here, adopted a position of neutrality in the presidential campaign.

Tobin's resignation as treasurer was said to have been tabled in the hope that he would reconsider before the next quarterly meeting.

It was known that Tobin, president of the Teamsters and Chauffeurs International Union, was a strong supporter of Governor Smith and the council's decision not to openly support the Democratic nominee was regarded as a victory for Herbert Hoover.

* * *

A Tammany Tool.

The report of the resignation of Daniel J. Tobin, treasurer of the American Federation of Labor, was received here with very little surprise. Informed labor circles have known that Tobin was committed to support Smith several monts ago following a reported conference of labor officials and Tammany Hall politicians. Tobin, who is president of the Brotherhood of Teamsters, is one of the pillars of the Tammany machine. Tobin has consistently refused to organize the taxi drivers throughout the country and especially in New York City. The Yellow Taxivab Corporation which is controlled by interests close to Tammany Hall, is believed to have been guaranteed "immunity" by the Tobin machine.

It is not believed that Tobin will "stay" resigned.

Workers Sports Clubs Will Meet Tomorrow

A special meeting of all workers' sports clubs in New York City will be held on Friday for the purpose of furthering the preparations now in progress for the Labor Sports Union National Athletic Meet, which will be held in New York on August 25 and 26.

The meeting will start promptly at 8:15 p. m. and will be held at the Progressive Hall, 15 West 126th St. All workers' sports clubs must be represented without fail.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

It Means Millions Into the Hands of the Promoters

The stadium at Amsterdam, the scene of the eight Olympic games, is shown above. Here the athletes of capitalist states reap a big harvest in profits for the promotors and business men behind the sport enterprise. The workers' Spartakiade will be open in Moscow, U. S. S. R., on Aug. 12. Here workers from all over the world will participate in labor sport events.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Branch 6.

Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathisers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zaencer in charge of the campaign of that district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

* * *

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days, and to place themselves in good standing.

* * *

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

Section 2 and 3 Literature.

Sections 2 and 3 will hold an important meeting of all literature agents today at 101 West 27th St. at 6 p. m. All literature agents are instructed to be present.

* * *

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday afternoon, August 18, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

* * *

Section 2, Speakers Class.

Speakers class of Section 2 will meet at 101 W. 27th St. at 8 p. m. today.

* * *

Section 1 Functionaries.

All section unit organizers of Section 1 (except of 2F) must appear today at 6 p. m. at a meeting of the disciplinary committee. The meeting will be held at 60 St. Mark's Place.

* * *

Workers School Sport Hike.

All comrades have been invited to attend the Workers School Sports Club on its overnight hike to be held on Saturday. Those attending the hike will meet at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square at 7 p. m. promptly. Bring lunch, bathing suit, and light blanket or raincoat.

* * *

Downtown Open-Air Meet.

The first open-air meeting on the Election campaign under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League downtown will be held this evening at 59th St. and Columbus Circle. The speakers will be Max Schachtman, Max Helfand, Marie Duke and Len Richman.

* * *

Interracial Comaraderie.

The Harlem unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold a cameraderie-excursion on Sunday, Aug. 12 to City Island. All members and friends will meet at 10 a. m. at the headquarters, 143 E. 103rd St. Everyone is invited to come along.

* * *

Unit 6, 2A Educational Meet.

An educational meeting of unit 6, 2A will be held this evening at 8 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members are urged to attend.

* * *

Section 6 Functionaries.

An important functionaries meeting of Section 6 will be held today at 8 p. m. at 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn. All unit organizers, agitprop directors, industrial organizers, secretaries, Daily Worker literature agents, women's work directors, and campaign managers must attend this meeting. A district representative will be present to report on a very urgent and important matter.

* * *

Unit 2FD, Subsection 2C.

Unit 2FD, Subsection 2C of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet tomorrow at 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must attend.

* * *

Jersey Functionaries Meet.

A meeting of all New Jersey speakers, organizers and agitprop directors of units and locals of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League will be held Saturday at 3 p. m. at 93 Mercer St., Newark, N. J. The purpose of the meeting will be to form a New Jersey Sub-District Speakers Bureau. D. Benjamin, district agit-prop director, will lead a discussion on the republican and democratic platforms.

500,000 Women Score Boss Desire by Not Working All Saturday

ALBANY, (By Mail).—Over 500,000 women won their right to a half "holiday" on Saturdays over the desire of the bosses to increase it to nine hours.

Despite the fact that it is not legal for women workers here to work nine hours the employers, nevertheless, make them work so long.

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Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held at Pleasant Bay Park Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park subway or "L" to 177th St. Take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

* * *

Gold-Calverton Debate.

Michael Gold, editor of the "New Masses" and V. F. Calverton, editor of the "Modern Quarterly" will debate on the subject: "Do Radicals Pussyfoot on Sex?" tomorrow evening, August 10, at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St. Calverton will take the affirmative and Gold the negative. Proceeds will go to the "New Masses."

* * *

Workers' School Sport Club.

All girl comrades interested in water sports will please come to a meeting of the group this evening at 8 p. m., at Room 502 of the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. Both swimmers and non-swimmers are invited.

Sports Clubs Meeting.

A special meeting of all Workers Sports Clubs will be held tomorrow at 8:15 p. m. at the Progressive Hall, 15 West 126th St. Preparations for the Labor Sports Union National Athletic Meet will be made at the meeting.

* * *

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

FORM UNION; HIT BOSS.

DURHAM, N. C., Aug. 8.—Despite the attempt of the Durham Public Service Company, operating the street car lines here, to smash the Union of Railwaymen with spies and "stool-pigeons," the Durham street car workers have formed themselves into Division No. 984 of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America.

ARRANGE PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

Following are the open-air meetings for today, tomorrow and Saturday which have been arranged by the agitprop department of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party:

Today.

Steinway and Jamaica, L. I.—In charge, Heder; speakers, Padgug, Schachtman and Suskin.

128th St. and St. Anne's Ave., Bronx—Nessin, Ed. Welsh, Pasternack and Smith.

Fortieth St. and Eighth Ave.—In charge, J. Cohen; speakers, Huiswood and Powers.

Allerton and Cruger—In charge, Primoff; speakers, Rose Wortis, Leibowitz, Frishkoff, Weich and D. Seltzer.

Twenty-fifth St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—In charge, Weitz; speakers, Bimba, Hendin, Shapiro, Moore and A. Green.

Loose Weils Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Crouch.

Tomorrow.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—In charge, Ross; speaker, John Sherman.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—In charge, Leftkowitz; speakers, Ben Lifshitz, Lipzin and L. Sobrin.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn—Baum, Maglicano, Herfeld, E. Koppel.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St.—In charge, Lyons; speakers, Moreau, Bentall, Edw. Welsh, Campbell and H. Schlachter.

Seventh St. and Ave. A—Taft, Lillienstein and Weitz.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Wright and Schalk.

Finnish Hall, 810 Union Hall St., Jamaica, L. I.—Rosemond, Padmore and LeRoy.

Saturday.

First Ave. and 79th St.—In charge, Lustig; speakers, Padgug, Maglicano and Lloyed.

Thirteenth Ave. and 42nd St., Brooklyn—In charge, Schwartzberg; speakers, Napoli, Shapiro, Donaldson, Chalupski and M. Pizer.

West New York, N. J.—Marshall.

Poughkeepsie—Markoff.

116th St. and First Ave.—Schachtman and Cudkind (special meeting).

Perty Amboy—Powers.

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NEW WAY CAFETERIA
101 WEST 27th STREET
NEW YORK

21 FALL RIVER PICKETS JAILED IN NEW TERROR

Deportation Threat Arouses Workers

Continued from Page One

against the strikers from the municipal government, a new and more sinister form of oppression is now in preparation in an effort to halt the coming walkout of the tens of thousands in this huge mill center. Plans are being laid, police officials announce, to call in the department of justice to start deportation proceedings against the members of the Textile Mill Committees who are not citizens.

Despite the mobilization of all these forces of the bosses and their strikebreaking government, scores of workers in the cotton division of the American Printing Company plant joined the strike yesterday noon. This is admitted even by the boss-owned press here.

The announcement that the department of justice will interfere has already succeeded in stirring up a storm of indignation, not only among the strikers, but even among the membership of the reactionary-captained American Federation of Textile Operatives.

Their indignant condemnation of this move reveals not only hatred for this scheme to hurt the popular Textile Mill Committees, but also reveals the fact that they will remember the role played by these frame-up artists in the Sacco-Vanzetti murder.

Meanwhile the officialdom of the A. F. T. C. Textile Council, who, led by their black president, Police Commissioner Tansey, are trying their utmost to halt the growing sentiment for a general walkout. Campos, council secretary, yesterday issued a statement asking for a conference with Nathan Durfee, American Printing Company boss, in which he declared that he will promise not to take up the wage cut question. He asks the parley, however, to convince Durfee to grant recognition to his union.

The council also issued an order to their members, many of whom had joined the strike, to remain at their places by the looms. This strikebreaking move is vehemently denounced by their own membership.

LYNN SHOE WORKERS BRAVE CITY'S POLICE

(Special to the Daily Worker)

LYNN, Mass., Aug. 8.—More than two thousand shoe workers of this city, crowding the approaches to the hall where they were intending to listen to speakers of the Progressive Shoe Workers, yesterday confronted a battalion of police called by the authorities and the bosses to prevent the meeting.

A mass meeting of shoe workers had been scheduled for seven-thirty in the evening, but the first bodies of police began to surround the hall by four in the afternoon. More followed presently until all entrances to the building were under police guard.

Warned that the authorities had acted to prevent the gathering, the workers formed in crowds in front of the hall, but the organizers attempted to proceed with the meeting and were warned by the captain of police to leave the city immediately under threat of arrest.

Protests from the crowd only brought a more menacing attitude on the part of the police. In order to prevent any disturbance which could react against the shoe workers, whose resentment was growing as the crowd increased, the chairmen then announced that the meeting would be postponed until next week.

In the meantime efforts will be made to obtain official permission for holding a similar meeting although the leaders of the Progressive Shoe Workers expect to encounter strong opposition from the shoe bosses operating through groups of politicians in the city hall and at police headquarters.

Girl Shell Shocked at Military Camp

LANCASTER, Pa., Aug. 7 (UP).—Miss Emma M. Westerman of this city is suffering from shell shock as a result of standing near a large field gun while visiting Camp Henderson, at Mount Gretna, recently.

Miss Westerman unknowingly walked near the piece while a smoke screen was being laid. As she stood near, it was fired by the crew from a distance.

The girl was stunned by the shock. She was given treatment at the field hospital of the 107th Hospital Company. When she did not revive, she was taken to the office of Dr. R. C. Snyder at Mount Joy. The girl is believed to be suffering from a form of shell shock from which it will take a long time to recover.

GIANTS VANQUISH THE CARDINALS

Americans Continue Olympic Victories

Continuing their drive for the top of the National League, the New York Giants routed the league-leading St. Louis Cardinals for the second day in succession Tuesday. The Giants' victory left McGraw's club only 4½ games from the top.

The Giants piled up a ten-run lead before the Cardinals were able to score. Jackson and Terry hit home runs with a mate on base each time, and six hits were bunched for six runs in the fourth inning. The final score was 10 to 5.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

New York, 10; St. Louis, 5.
Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 3 (1st).
Boston, 12; Cincinnati, 1 (2nd).
Philadelphia, 4; Chicago, 3
Pittsburgh, 4; Brooklyn, 3.

American League

(No games scheduled.)

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 8 (UP).—Americans still showed the way today in the Olympic games.

United States athletes scored four victories in five rowing events in which they participated, and qualified more entrants in the swimming finals than any other nation.

Concert Planned at Trumbenick's Camp

GLENHAM, N. Y., Aug. 8.—The workers at the Trumbenick Camp near here, have made arrangements for a concert to be held at the camp this Saturday.

Among the entertainers will be Alex. Fox, famous as a "strong man," who has given exhibitions of his strength at many workers' picnics and gatherings, and H. Glickman, concert tenor

PLAN BIG PICNIC FOR NEW BEDFORD TEXTILE STRIKE

W. I. R. Maintaining 2 Relief Kitchens

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 8.—To raise funds for the relief of the 30,000 striking textile strikers of New Bedford, the Workers International Relief, 49 William St., will hold a grand picnic, Sunday, August 19 at 10 a. m. at Sylvan's Grove, Acushnet Ave.

The program will include a talk by Bishop William Montgomery Brown, national chairman of the W. I. R. and other prominent men. Also the first showing in this city of the motion picture of the Passaic strike, one of the most astounding films ever produced.

In addition to conducting the two relief kitchens at 31 Hathaway St. and 80 Potomska St., the W. I. R. has been sending food to the imprisoned workers in the police station and the house of correction.

After that the W. I. R. continued to send relief to the workers in jail, cigarettes and chocolate being brought to the jailed workers daily, with the exception of those times when the prison officials refused to allow the food in.

The two relief kitchens of the W. I. R. in the north and south of the city are conducted by committees of strikers who work in cooperation with William Schwartzfeller, local manager of the W. I. R. At the present time the rations given at the relief stations is very limited due to the lack of funds on hand, and consists of soup, bread and coffee.

To enable the W. I. R. to vary the food distributed and to take care of the growing number of strikers and their families who request assistance weekly, funds are needed at once.

All friends of the brave strikers and their families should rush funds at once to the Workers International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

WANTED—Large light room with all improvements. Apply Box 1. Daily Worker.

International Outing
To Aid Class War Prisoners and Their Families
Saturday, August 11, 1928
PLEASANT BAY PARK, BRONX.
ATHLETICS—JAZZ BAND—OPEN AIR DANCING
GAMES—TORCH LIGHT PARADE—MASS SCENE—REFRESHMENTS.
Movies Will Be Taken at the Park.
Admission 35 cents
Auspices: International Labor Defense New York Section
DIRECTIONS: Take Bronx Park Subway or L to 177th St., then take Union Port Car to end of line. Free busses to park.
TICKETS on sale at: Workers' Center and I.L.D., Room 422. 799 Broadway

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

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Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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Editor..........................ROBERT MINOR

Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Dan Tobin and Pete Du Pont

So Dan Tobin is sore! This so-called president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters tries to resign as treasurer of the American Federation of Labor because the Executive Council refused to endorse Al Smith.

The same day the multimillionaire Pierre S. du Pont, head of the Powder Trust and a chief of General Motors, indicates that he also has a "resignation" in his pocket because he wants to give his time to the campaign of Al Smith.

On the one side, Capital, in the real sense. On the other side, "Labor," in the Pickwickian sense.

But wait a minute! This is a three-sided picture: On the self-same day the "Peoples' Legislative Service," the organization of common-people-savers built upon the grave of the dead La Follette, also endorses the "sidewalk prince."

The position of Pierre du Pont is simple: Being supremely interested in the greatest possible exploitation of labor, in excluding trade-unionism from all of the big trustified industries in which he is concerned, and in a thorough-going aggressive imperialist policy throughout the world by the United States government, he thinks that of the two Wall Street candidates Al Smith will give the best results as strikebreaker and imperialist war-maker. He is consistent and what might be called "honest," after the fashion of his class.

The position of Dan Tobin is not so simple, but can be understood after a little reflection: He is called a "labor" official, but in fact he represents a certain social type which has almost the same relationship to the working class that the big open-shop monarch, du Pont, has. If du Pont is a parasite on labor, so is Tobin. Du Pont exploits tens of thousands of workers in his shops directly for the wealth he can extract from their toil. Tobin makes a lucrative business of "exploiting" the credulity of workers, not in the shops but in the trade unions. It is plain business with both of them, for the same object, money getting. Tobin knows as well as du Pont does that Al Smith is an agent of the same Wall Street that made him governor of New York, and that Al as president would serve the capitalist class with strikebreaking and with an imperialist war policy. And Tobin, like du Pont, will prosper thereby—as long as it lasts. His profession of selling out the working class depends upon a suppressed and docile working class, and certainly it depends upon a government that will act ruthlessly in attacking any real manifestation of fighitng spirit in the unions and in destroying the left wing which, when it triumphs, will put Tobin out of business. And last but not least, Tobin's best connections for collecting swag for his services are with the democratic politicians rather than the republican.

The La Follettites? These bankrupt fakers simply express their class—the petty capitalist stratum of society which complains bitterly of the ruthlessness of the big trusts, but which lives only by its ambition to become themselves big capitalists and in any test is likely to swing over, whining but supporting the politics of finance—capital.

United States finance capital has its heyday in this election: It owns both big capitalist parties, owns the labor officialdom, through which it prevents the independent mass political activity of the working class, owns the faker-politicians who pass as "farm leaders," and succeeds in corrupting the leaders of the petty capitalist victims of monopoly.

Dan Tobin's fellow fakers at the head of the trade unions are of course as venal as he. But some of them have better bargains to make. For instance, John L. Lewis. His business is the same as Tobin's: selling out the working class. But his cutomers are in the other party of finance-capital. Is there any man who does not know that Lewis sighs for the position of secretary of labor in a republican cabinet, now that he sees himself on the edge of nowhere in the Labor movement?

So they straddle between the political parties of capitalism, but are violently opposed to the party of the working class.

The Workers (Communist) Party is the party of the working class.

Vote Communist.

"Peace-Time" Soldiers.

Communists do not need to be reminded that "peace" is not one of the blessings of capitalist society. War, which the liberals and the pacifists seem to consider as a temporary and "unnatural" occurrence, the Communist understands is not only inevitable under capitalism, but is actually incessant. Should he be tempted to forget this fundamental lesson so frequently impressed upon him with the emphasis of the policeman's billy, the jail sentence, the gangster squad, a gentle reminder from any one or all of these will soon refresh his memory.

The Communist is a "peace-time" soldier on duty in battle fields in every section of the land. Yet it must be admitted, strange as it may seem, that in the case of a number of sruggles nearest to us less energy and attention has been expended than in the more spectacular battles at a distance.

One of these is The DAILY WORKER.

We should immediately explain that the criticism is not made in reference to the response to appeals for financial support of our paper. Such responses have frequently exceeded the expectations of everyone. The point is made in connection with the agitation to spread the influence and increase the readers of The DAILY WORKER.

Considerable more can be accomplished here than is now even being attempted. The DAILY WORKER in appearance and in the range of news it attempts to cover has become a metropolitan paper. No one more than the members of its editorial staff are conscious of its weaknesses and its shortcomings. As rapidly as the financial and other limitations permit, these wll be fought against and overcome.

But the larger problem of extending the influence of our paper remains still to be solved. At the present we are beginning to work on the problem. No hope of its successful solution, however, is possible without the co-operation of the members and sympathizers of our Party. An earnest appeal is made here for the development of a sort of DAILY WORKER consciousness, and a response to the demands which will be made upon the Comrades in the course of the drive.

This is one of the very important tasks of the "peace-time" soldiers.

Rich Man's Perjury, Monsieur

"The French foreign minister is now studying the papers, giving special attention to the perjury charges in order to determine whether Mr. Blackmer is extraditable under the terms of the treaty with our government," says the counselor of the United States embassy at Paris.

"Mr." H. M. Blackmer is the famous "missing witness" (as it is respectfully put) in the Teapot Dome case. It appears, according to charges, that the gentleman committed perjury in swearing out his income tax report after the big steal. Of course Mr. Blackmer is not a common perjurer—Oh, mercy no!

The American embassy is justified in considering the extenuating circumstance that Mr. Blackmer could not report his full income without revealing the theft of some millions of dollars. His withholding of information from the income-tax office was due to the unfortunate predicament he found himself in, in having some hundreds of thousands of dollars of stolen money the source of which he could not reveal, and not to any intentional dishonesty. This is the sort of reasoning applicable to millionaires.

And so the French and American authorities have to consider the grave question of shades of difference in the legal meaning of the French word "parjure" and the American word "perjury."

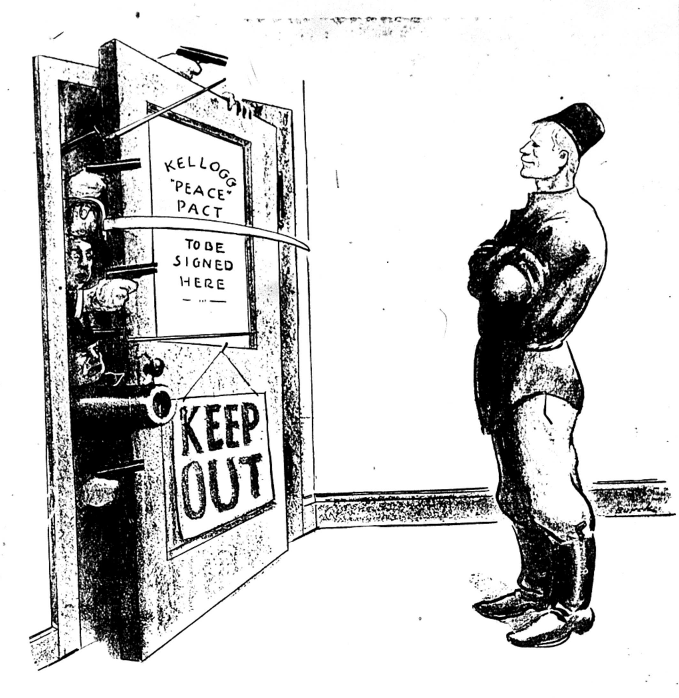
That will take several weeks' time.

"When they reach a decision this embassy will advise the state department in Washington if a Denver United States marshal should come to Paris to arrest Mr. Blackmer," says the American embassy. And then doubtless Mr. Blackmer (note that the newspapers and authorities all call the accused millionaire-perjurer "Mr.") will doubtless take a parlor car to Berlin, where the German authorities can consider the fine shades of legal difference between the meaning of the German word "meineid" and the meaning of the American word "perjury."

We can cut it short by informing the flunkeys of these capitalist governments that it is all a damned farce,—that there is no such word as "perjury" in the American language—for rich men.

PEACE?

By Jacob Burck



The Present Imperialist Dilemma in China

By EARL BROWDER.

(Continued.)

The "Running Dogs of Imperialism"; The Disintegration of Military Machine

The Chinese revolution has produced a phrase to describe those degenerate and corrupted Chinese who enter the service of the foreign oppressors, and help to enslave their own people; they are called "running dogs of imperialism." It is a just description, and applies in full force today to Kuomintang, which but a year ago was still the center of organization to overthrow imperialism in China. The Nanking government today is but a kennel of such "running dogs."

Mr. Sokolsky is afraid that the public association between the Nanking government and the Peking manderins will discredit the Kuomintang. Quite sound! But what about the public surrender of the Kuomintang to imperialism? This surrender is so complete, so slavish, so extravagant, that even the imperialists are embarrassed by it. They find it necessary to rebuke their "running dogs," and whisper sharply to them, "Don't cringe so much; you're ruining your reputation." The clearest expression of this fact is found in the unsigned editorial in the "North China Daily News" of March 5, commenting upon the article by Mr. Sokolsky, which gives the "dogs" an approving pat while urging a slightly more erect attitude for appearances' sake. It says:

> **"It is hardly surprising if the Kuomintang, genuinely anxious to rehabilitate prestige abroad, swing over too far in the other direction. They have already given proof of their wish to stand well with the powers . . . they temporarily lose their grip on some of the things which are essential to the party."**

Thus low has fallen the party which was founded by the fearless revolutionist, Sun Yat-sen, that the British imperialists publicly rebuke it as a too-servile flunkey!

What Has Frightened the Imperialists?

To find what has frightened the imperialists so deeply is not far to seek. Their stomachs were not turned by the horrible atrocities of the White Terror; on the contrary, they initiated this, encouraged it and deliberately drove it to its utmost excesses. The indescribable sufferings of the millions of workers and peasants who are starving and rotting under the medieval militarism of both north and south has not aroused a single twitch of remorse in the dead souls of the imperialist butchers. One must look elsewhere for the cause of the devil of imperialism now hinting at entering a monastery.

What has frightened the imperialists is the obvious disintegration, demoralization, corruption, and physical breakdown of the whole lot of militarist governments, old and new, throughout China. Every military headquarters in China is a stinking mess of graft and vice: every official from top to bottom has succumbed, in one form or another, to the universal corruption.

In the midst of starvation and death of the masses, the "leaders of Chinese Nationalism" squander untold millions in ostentatious luxury, and accumulate wealth in the foreign banks in the Concessions. Chiang Kai-shek set the pace with his "million dollar wedding"; Nanking, seat of government, has simultaneously become the center of Chinese night life; taxes, multiplying in nationalist territory even faster than in the north, disappear from the treasury also quicker, or never get there.

A humble example that came to my notice is the case of a returned student from France whom I met a year ago as a rabid "left-winger," joined the Nanking gang in August, for an appointment in the customs service, and now has a hundred thousand dollars in a Shanghai bank and boasts of it. The whirl of graft-corruption-vice has become a storm, sweeping all before it.

Outside of the accepted, and therefore "respectable," corruption, an orgy of violent crime is sweeping the country, committed not only by the desperate masses of the people but by the military officers and civil bureaucrats. Almost everywhere the "anti-Communist" campaign has produced a regular system, accompanying the actual slaughter of workers, of abductions of wealthy people on vague charges of "Communism," from which they can extricate themselves only by two means—first, to call upon personal friends holding positions equally powerful with those of the kidnapers, or purchase their freedom by sums running into tens of thousands of dollars.

In addition to this blackmail of the wealthy or well-to-do, large numbers of the most respectable, conservative middle-class people have been executed as "Communists" to satisfy a personal enmity of some militarist.

Superimpose upon this weltering chaos the factional struggles of the rival militarist cliques at the top of the Kuomintang and a picture is drawn which might well cause uneasiness even among the hard-boiled handful of western imperialists who sit on top of this volcano and forbid any more eruptions.

What Are the Practical Conclusions of Imperialism?

Perhaps the reader of these lines in faraway Europe or America may get the impression from the quotations above that the imperialists are preparing to moderate the White Terror against the workers. Nothing could be farther from their minds! True, they are becoming pessimistic about the ability of the Kuomintang to harness the revolution. True, they have been inspired with a new idea of what to do in the situation. But it is nothing so crude as an outsider might imagine. No, the new idea is little short of inspiration, product of the mind of a genius.

And what is this new idea? Nothing but the original words of the "North China Daily News" will serve to convey it in all its brilliance. Here it is:

> **"Many of our Chinese readers will remember Macaulay's essay) (one of the finest things he ever wrote) on 'Ranke's History of the Popes' and how skilfully the Church of Rome made use of the enthusiasts, who under persecution would have turned into dangerous fanatics, assigning them special spheres of work, in which they became founders of orders, now the greatest glory and the most zealous agents of the church. Possibly, since the Russians are gone, it might not be too late to try the same way with the Communists, who, after all, are of the Sons of Han."**

It having been shown by experience that the Communists are the only ones capablo of establishing order, let us, now that we have driven out the Russians who inspired them, make use of the Chinese Communists by "assigning them special spheres of work," "to try the same way with the Communists" which has been so successful with Chiang-Kai-shek and his cohorts; maybe the Communists will thus save the situation for us—such is the latest project for the salvation of imperialism in China.

That such an idea could be written, not in the columns of "Puck" or "Judge," but in the solemn editorial department of the leading British organ in China, shows how desperately they conceive the situation. The crowning touch of the true imperialist is in the last words: They say, the Communists after all are Sons of Han, of an inferior race; now the Russians are gone, we surely can corrupt them as we have the militarists. They cannot even think about the Chinese people without insulting them.

Thus a desperate imperialism frankly grasps at straws, while the Chinese revolution sweeps on, inexorably grinding away and smashing all the obstacles in its path.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

"The solid south is not so solid after all," writes Joel Judson from Louisville, , Kentucky. "From the point of view of placing the party ticket on the ballot," he says, "the prospects are decidedly favorable. I have secured all the necessary electors. All that remains to be done now is to secure a thousand petitioners. This I believe can be done within the next ten days. The social composition of the electors is as follows: Nine workers, two shoemakers, one tailor and one sign-painter, the latter four being self-employed. Of those only one was a Communist, but since they joined up as electors three of them joined the party. Three more have promised to join next week." It looks as if the south is thawing out a bit.

* * *

Slogan: For the organization of the unorganized! This shall be the answer of the Workers (Communist) Party to the latest empty threat of the executive council of the A. F. of L. to drive them out of the trade union movement. That there are any Communists left in the trade unions is not the fault of the bureaucrats. The Communists simply cannot be driven out. They may expel one here and there, but there are always others to carry on the work, and in the expelling process the Communists succeed in getting across their propaganda.

* * *

But the Communists are not content with fighting inside the existing trade unions, important though that is. They are insisting that the millions of unorganized workers must be organized into industrial unions under a militant progressive leadership. So one of the main slogans of the Workers (Communist) Party in this campaign is: For the organization of the unorganized.

* * *

By the way, it was rather funny to read that William Green and Company decided to organize the airplane workers before the industry got so big that it would be untouchable. Never mind, there is enough money even now in aircraft to purchase the whole executive council. What about the automobile workers, the steel workers and the millions of workers in other industries that are left out in the cold? Strange that Green did not think of organizing the radio announcers or the boxing referees. What a collection of false alarms!

* * *

J. W. Leigh, who runs the Leigh News Service in New Orleans, writes to thank us for a copy of the National Platform. Says he passes our publicity on to the press and gets some of it published. Good stuff, J. W.

* * *

The latest estimate of the cost of the election campaign is $20,000,000. To this we add $100,000. The capitalists will spend the $20,000,000 to corrupt the voters and buy votes in carload lots. **The Communists will use the $100,000 to carry on propaganda among the workers and poor farmers and mobilize them for the struggle against the exploiters and corruptors. Don't worry whether the capitalists raise their $20,000,000. It's as good as in their pockets now. Concentrate on the job of raising the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund. Send your contribution at once to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York. Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.**

Told You So

OVER fifteen hundred Communists were arrested in France last Sunday for staging an anti-war demonstration in a Paris suburb under a permit given by the mayor, who is a Communist. Chiappe, the Paris chief of police, organized an army of policemen and broke up the demonstration after a struggle. This is the same Chiappe who permitted the royalist Daudet, to escape to Belgium where he is now enjoying himself writing articles in favor of the restoration of the monarchist regime in France. Daudet engaged in open battle with the Paris police, calling out his private Fascist army to defend his fortified newspaper office. Evidently the French bourgeoisie do not care who threatens to overthrow the government as long as the threateners favor the perpetuation of the capitalist system.

* * *

THE new reign of terror against the Communist Party in France is a recognition of the growing power of the organization as well as a sign of the approach of another war. The socialists have ceased to protest against war. In fact it was a socialist who introduced the bill which was passed by the French legislature calling for the conscription of every man and woman in the republic for service in the next war, either on the battlefront or behind the lines, in the factories and on the farms.

* * *

HUMANITE, the great Communist daily has a circulation of 250,000 the largest circulation of any Communist daily in the world outside of the Soviet Union. Humanite was once the organ of the socialist party of France but the Communists got control of it. Tho the French socialists pull a heavier vote in election campaigns than the Communists they have no daily paper. The French socialists are imperialists and are not organized for the purpose of overthrowing capitalism but to secure office. Almost every political party in France from the extreme right to the so-called left claims to be socialist of some hue, but there is only one party organized with the aim of establishing a Workers Republic and that is the Communist Party.

* * *

WHEN will the Daily Worker have a circulation one half that of the great French daily? Or even one fourth. Comrade Ravitch the new business manager showed me figures that go to prove that the circulation of the Daily Worker is on the upgrade. The part it played in the miner's strike and the part it is now playing in the New Bedford strike has contributed to this upward trend. But much greater progress could be made if every Communist and sympathiser took the task of spreading the paper seriously.

* * *

ONE of the weak spots in Communist activity in the United States is the slackness in the distribution of literature. The written word is powerful and travels faster than the spoken word. One copy of the Daily Worker may be read by ten persons. If it falls into the hands of a worker who never read it before, he is sure to be interested and to talk about it to his fellow workers. He may curse over its contents but at least it will affect him. The writer usually leaves his copy in a subway train and notices that no sooner is the paper tossed on to the seat than somebody makes a dash for it.

* * *

SUBWAY trainmen are in the habit of picking up papers found in the cars. Perhaps they are supposed to do this as a matter of duty. Perhaps saving a few pennies that might be otherwise spent on a newspaper is the motive. But however they can be depended on to grab a Daily Worker and take it to the barn where it will be read by others. Those who have a few extra pennies to spare mornings could not use them to better advantage than by purchasing a few copies of the Daily Worker and leaving them where a proletarian eye is most likely to fall on them.

* * *

IT IS possible that inside of a few years our debutantes will not have to go to Europe to snare counts, barons and dukes, thanks to the Russian emigres who still keep the lamp of hope trimmed in their hearts, hope that the Romanoffs will yet return to the throne of their ancestors. The Grand Duke Cyril, who is living in Paris, made a baron out of Charles P. Van Wrangel, of 420 West 130th Street, New York. You can imagine a well-to-do bootlegger living in that section of the metropolis but hardly a baron.

* * *

SOMEWHERE in scripture it is said that hope deferred maketh the heart sick. But as long as Russian emigre gets a wealthy American widow to marry him hope springs eternal in his breast. What of it if the jolly old Romanoffs never get back on the throne as long as the countless pretenders have their roast Long Island duck and a bottle of champagne? And while on the subject of the sparkling giggle water, we learn that the most prominent supporter of Grand Duke Cyril is a fellow with the title and name of Duke Dimitri, who is an agent for a leading brand of champagne. Most anybody in such a position would be liable to have royal notions.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1928

U. S. WORKERS TO GET COMMUNIST ELECTION APPEAL

Mail 250,000 Letters Thruout Country

One quarter million letters are being mailed out to the readers of the Communist press throughout the country by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party in a drive to mobilize the entire left wing in the United States behind the Party ticket in the election campaign, according to a statement issued by the committee last night. The appeal will reach at least 1,000,000 workers.

The letter calls on the readers of the Communist press to give financial support to the Communist Election Campaign and help swell the fighting fund of the working class.

The letter reads:

"In the presidential election this year only one political party battles for the interests of the workers and working farmers of this country. The republican and democratic parties, the twin parties of capitalism and imperialist plunder, openly and brazenly flaunt before the American masses platforms and candidates of absolute subservience to the bosses. The socialist party has become a party of liberal reform and has disavowed the class struggle.

"The Workers (Communist) Party is the only political party in the field with a program which champions the every-day needs and struggles of the broad masses and points a way out toward their complete emancipation. It has put forth as presidential candidates William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, valiant fighters in the class struggle, who have proven their loyalty to the cause of labor. The Workers (Communist) Party is the only anti-capitalist party, and it alone has the right to claim the support of the progressive workers and farmers, the militants, the left wing, the rebels, the class-conscious.

Appeal to Rank and File.

"The republican and democratic parties will get their funds from Wall Street and the bosses; the socialist party, from the liberals, the trade union bureaucracy and other elements who have turned their backs on the working class; while the Workers (Communist) Party appeals to the rank and file, to the workers and poor farmers, to all that are opposed to capitalism, imperialism and exploitation."

Enclosed with the letter is a contribution blank, a Communist campaign leaflet and a return envelope.

The National Election Campaign Committee appeals to the workers to support the party of the working class—the Workers (Communist) Party, to contribute to the best of their ability to the Campaign Fund so that speakers may be sent into every nook and corner of the country and literature carrying the message of the class struggle may be distributed in millions among the working class.

WORKERS TO AID CHINA TAG DAYS

Almost 2,000 collection boxes have already been given out to workers in New York who have volunteered to participate in the Tag Days this Saturday and Sunday, arranged by the committee to aid the Chinese Trade Unions, Room 413, 96 Fifth Ave.

The Alliance to Support the Chinese Worker-Peasant Revolution pledges fullest support to the drive for funds to aid the workers of China in a wire received today from their national headquarters in San Francisco. "We pledge fullest support to the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions in its drive for funds to help the Chinese workers who are being massacred by thousands in the new wave of terror initiated by the Nanking fascist dictators in celebration of their recognition by the United

Continued on Page Two

GENERAL STRIKE IN CZECH CITY

PRAGUE, Czecho-Slovakia, Aug. 9.—Workers in Kesige in Czecho-Slovakia joined in a general strike today as a protest against the new repressive measures resorted to by the city authorities in crushing labor manifestations in Czecho-Slovakia.

The striking masses are united irrespective of parties and despite efforts of the reformists to prevent the general walkout.

Police forces attacked a strike meeting and arrested five workers.

Kellogg, Poser as Angel of Peace, Snapped in a More Natural Pose

While powers endorse the Kellogg peace pact as a cloak for speedier militarist preparations, especially against the Soviet government, the secretary of state poses with the militarists who are fellow-servitors of Wall St. He is shown with a group of generals inspecting the Citizens' Military Training Camps.

NEW CLOAK UNION ORGANIZES TRADE

Italian Cloak Branch Meets Tonight

The epoch making decision of Wednesday's night's huge mass meeting of workers in the ladies garment industry to launch a new cloak and dress makers' union, has crashed with bombshell effect into the camp of the "socialist" union-wreckers and at the same time given a tremendous impetus to the organization drive now in full swing under the auspices of the left wing Joint Board.

A whole week's highly successful work of organizing the open shops that swamp the industry has been climaxed by the large number of open shops tied up by the Volunteer Organization Committee of 500. Before the end of the week is reached, Joint Board officials declare, new marks in the number of settlements will have been reached.

Every day finds tens of employers, whose plants have been shut down, agreeing to improve working standards and signing up with the new workers' organization.

This will be shown, union officers announce, when names of the firms settled are published, which will be in a short while.

Plans are rapidly being completed, E. Oswaldo, Italian organizer of the National Organization Committee, declares for intensifying the organization drive among the large numbers of Italian workers in the industry. Oswaldo, addressed Wednesday's mass meeting where, speaking in his own language, he laid before the Italian workers there, the plans for the erection of new national cloak and dressmakers' union.

The Italian branch of the Joint Board of the National Organization Committee, he further announced, will hold a membership meeting tonight, at Joint Board headquarters 16 W. 21st St., immediately after work. All Italian workers in the

Continued on Page Two

LOCAL 3 MEMBERS DEFEAT BROACH

Boo, Hiss Tactics at Big Demonstration

Four thousand electrical workers members of local No. 3 last night voted down amid hisses, booing and demonstrations two propositions presented by the Broach machine to raise dues of the membership to $24 and $23 per quarter.

Maneuvering with the aid of a picked handful of his paid henchmen Broach finally pushed over on the unsuspecting membership the proposition to pay $21 dues, an increase of $4.50 and pounded the gavel to indicate the passage of his motion before the members could again begin a demonstration.

One of the stormiest sessions in the history of the union marked the defeat of the Broach machine and the forced postponement of a number of other amendments which they had planned to put through.

(The complete details of the meeting will be carried in tomorrow's issue of the Daily Worker)

SANDINO TROOPS WIN; DRIVE BACK MARINES

PUERTA CABEZAS, Nicaragua, Aug. 9.—The first American marine offensive against the Nicaraguan army of independence since the rainy season has turned back with the loss of one marine killed and three others wounded.

Supported by bombing planes, the marine detachment was proceeding by boat up the Coco river which drains the territory controlled by the troops of General Sandino, when a contingent of Nicaraguans intercepted their advance.

The marines were forced to fall back with the loss of one dead. During an engagement reported to have lasted several hours, the Nicaraguan losses are said to be comparatively small, though no exact estimate is available.

News of the engagement and definitely contradicting reports spread by the American authorities that the armies of General Sardino have been melting away ran through the country here like wildfire. The marine authorities are exercising unusual precautions in commanding peons who gather to talk to disperse immediately.

REFORMISTS HIT BY INDIA LEADER

Chaman Lal Repudiates Socialists

Special Cable to The Daily Worker

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 8—The Pravda today published an interview by a representative of Tass with Chaman Lal, the representative of the Indian Trade Unions Congress in which Chaman Lal stated that "the Second International is obviously dominated by the British Labor Party as regards all Indian questions. Its attitude is, neither socialist not international.

"The Second International," Chaman Lal, continued, "showed its real visage in its proposals before the Colonial Commission, which represent a narrow-minded European reformist stand point. The Second International sets up different standards for white and colored, workers, and even for various groups of colonial workers.

"The draft of the Second International which opposes the independence of India is accompanied by a memorandum of the Labor Party which contains many errors, deliberate falsifications, and suppressions of the truth. For instance, the memorandum quotes a resolution of the Indian National Congress for India's independence, and adds falsely that most of the delegates did not mean independence but the status of dominion. This is absolutely false.

"The memorandum purposely contains no word of cooperation between the Labor Party with the Simon Commission. Despite the clear command made at the Blackpool Conference that the Commission must be acceptable to the Indian people, the Labor Party cooperated with the Simon Commission, although the latter was absolutely inacceptable to the Indian people.

"The British Labor Party is working for the prevention or the postponement of the emancipation of the colonial peoples. If the resolution of the Second International concerning India is adopted despite our protests, then India will refuse all offers of cooperation from the Second International."

WORKERS' SOLIDARITY

Labor, the World Over, Gives to Miners

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 9. — The story of the bituminous coal strike, one of the most bitterly contested battles between organized labor and capital, carries with it a classic tale of solidarity from the workers of many countries.

Four hundred Finnish marks were received today from Finland. Pohyan Voima, who sold them, reports that Solidarity certificates are the treasured possessions of many workers of Oulu. The proceeds from another book of solidarity certificates sold in Moscow, U. S. S. R. also came in this morning's mail. From Mexican workers, come periodic donations.

London Workers Help.

"At the request of several of our branches," writes Alex Gossip, general secretary of the National Amal-

Continued on Page Three

JINGOES BREAK ASTORIA MEET

Beat Up Militant and Arrest Grecht

In an organized assault, made through the cooperation of the police, members of the John J. Dwyer Post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars last night rushed a platform from which speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party were addressing a group of workers at Jamaica and Steinway Avenues and brutally beat up Abe Harfield, candidate for assembly in the first district, Queens, and caused the arrest of Rebecca Grecht, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for assembly in the fifth district, Bronx. She was charged with disorderly conduct and disturbing the peace, and was held on $500 bail at the 59th Precinct, 4th St., Astoria.

The assault took place at 9 p. m. George Padgug had just begun to address the crowd of workers when the gangsters in the John J. Dwyer Post, rushed toward him and threw him bodily from the platform. Immediately, both Grecht and Harfield jumped on the platform to take his place. The Veterans, enraged by this, brutally attacked and beat up Harfield, and afterward pressed charges against Rebecca Grecht.

The assault was organized with the police in advance, members of the Workers (Communist) Party said late last night. The fact that the police were out of sight during the meeting, which is usually well-covered by them, was taken as proof.

The members attached to the John J. Dwyer Post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, had for a long time resented the weekly attacks of the speakers representing the Workers (Communist) Party who attacked the Tammany Hall machine and showed that it was responsible for the recent sewer scandal.

TO TAKE MOVIES OF I. L. D. OUTING

Several thousand workers will become movie actors tomorrow for a single day. This unusual transformation will occur at the big outing in Pleasant Bay Park, arranged by the New York section of the International Labor Defense, where moving pictures of the various activities will be taken.

To Symbolize Workers Fight.

This mass scene will symbolize the great struggle of the militant workers of this country to free their comrades that are lying behind the bars of the capitalist jails. Particularly will it symbolize the campaign to free Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, a drive to be officially launched by the I. L. D. in New York City at this outing.

Continued on Page Five

PREPARE RADIO MANAGED SHIPS

BERLIN, Aug. 9.—The maneuvers of the German navy and its experiments with radio-steered ships and targets was watched by President von Hindenburg today at Kiel.

An old battleship will be used as a target, which will be directed by radio, making it unecessary to have any men on board. The navies of the powers have carried out many experiments in this direction in an attempt to produce a battle fleet without crews.

ALBANY, Aug. 8.—Of the 98,984 accidents while at work in the past year about 100 per cent were suffered by boys and girls under the age of 21. The most serious accidents occurred in laundries.

REPORT CHINESE RED ARMY WINNING HONAN PROVINCE

Fall River Strike Grows; New Mill Out

CHARGE TROOPER DROVE STRIKERS' CHILD TO DROWN

Own Members Jeer Union Faker Campos

BULLETIN

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 9.—Charges that the six-year-old Johnny Madeiros, son of one of the strikers, who was drowned here last night, died because he had rushed in terror thru a gap in a waterfront fence in order to escape a charging mounted trooper, were substantiated by testimony in the court hearing held here today.

Eye-witnesses declared that a mounted policeman had chased the child down the street till he disappeared into the water.

Fanning the flames of bitter mass resentment manifested by the population here, was the cynical police testimony that the officer thought the six-year-old child "was swimming."

Fellow strikers are planning the holding of a mass funeral.

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(Special to the Daily Worker.)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 9.—The Algonquin Mills, picketed yesterday by strikers from the American Printing Company despite police terrorism, were completely tied-up today when the plant's Mill Committee announced to their fellow workers the refusal of the management to rescind the 10 per cent wage cut and grant the other demands put forward by the workers.

Following the demonstration of strikers, held at the Algonquin gates yesterday, the operatives at this factory came to the Textile Mill Committees' headquarters, passed a unanimous strike vote, and elected a committee to present their demands to the employer.

Charles Silvia, Frank Govenor, Manken Consour, Manuel Sousa and Manuel Perry, the committee elected, visited Superintendent Hindle and demanded restoration of the wage cut, a 20 per cent increase over that and the other demands of the Textile Mill Committees. The bosses' answer that the committee must wait for a reply till Monday was immediately recognized as a ruse, and the employer was told the strike would be on after one o'clock in the afternoon.

Enthusiastically the workers streamed out of the plant to immediaely fling a picket-line completely around the mill.

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FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 9.—John Campos, secretary of the reactionary Textile Council of the American Federation of Textile Operatives, was howled down by his own members at a crowded meeting of 3,000 on Brandea Lot last night while he was urging his listeners to participate in no strike movement against the wage cut they suffered last January.

The jeering began when Campos began a vicious attack on the Textile Mill Committees. When his attacks on the strike movement became sharper, a storm of protest that rapidly grew in volume finally forced him to leave the speakers' stand for home under a police escort.

Tear Up Books.

Members of the A. F. T. O. here began to surround the platform and demonstratively tear up their membership books.

A marching line of over one thousand today broke through the massed police squadrons and succeeded in picketing the mills despite repeated charges of police. Many workers were injured by the swinging clubs of the police.

Peter Hegelias, young leader of the Textile Mill Committees in Fall River, was brutally beaten up by the uniformed thugs. He was later lodged in jail, charged with leading the picket line, and held for $1,000 bail bonds.

SEEK TO SAVE KILLER.

SALEM, Mass., Aug. 9. (UP).—A new move in the battle to save George E. H. Taylor, known as the "Dancing Barber," from the electric chair, was made here today. Francis E. Rafter, cousel for the condemned man, who faces death for the murder of Miss Stella Pomikala of Lawrence, filed in Essex County superior court an appeal from judge Joseph F. Quinns recent decision refusing a new trial.

Communist Candidate Addresses Workers

Working Class
will Never Forget
Lessons of
AUGUST 4
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
M. Z. FOSTER
BENJ. GITLOW

Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party in the presidential election campaign, is shown addressing a mass meeting at the August 4 demonstration in Union Square, New York City, against the imperialist war danger.

CHINESE-JAPAN CRISIS GROWS

Kellogg Refuses to Comment

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9 (UP).—Secretary of State Kellogg reiterated today that the Japanese quarrel with China over Manchuria is too "delicate" in nature for him to discuss publicly.

His remarks were occasioned by press reports from Tokio saying Japan had warned the Nanking government against permitting the Manchurian government to join the regime at Nanking. "The warning also said, according to these reports, which have not yet been confirmed by official dispatches, that Japan would take "suitable measures" unless they modified their attitude toward Japan's "special rights" in China.

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Japan to Protest Interests.

TOKIO, Aug. 9.—News that the Manchurian war lord, Chang Hseuh-liang, was ready to affiliate him-

Continued on Page Three

DU PONT RESIGNS FOR LOVE OF AL

Pierre S. Du Pont offered his resignation today as chairman of the board of directors of the General Motors Corporation. The board declined to accept his resignation, granting him instead a leave of absence.

Wall Street doubted that Du Pon't resignation would be accepted because of his enormous holdings in the company. The Du Pont interests are practically in control of the corporation. Du Pont's personal interest amounting to 23 per cent, or more than 4,000,000 shares.

John J. Raskob, who resigned as chairman of the finance committee of General Motors to become Gov. Smith's campaign director, is taking a much more active part in

Continued on Page Two

KELLER EXPOSES FAKE PEACE MOVE

Mill Workers Demands Spurned by Bosses

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug 9.—Branding the "investigating conference" held here yesterday under the auspices of the state board of conciliation and arbitration as a fake, and a strikebreaking scheme of the mill owners, Eli Keller, organizer of the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committees, told the reactionary union officials and bosses taking part in it that the 28,000 strikers will not heed any decisions they may arrive at.

Keller appeared before the state board's "investigation" with documentary proof in the form of strikers' former pay envelopes to show that no mere investigation of the textile workers' slavery is needed. Envelopes of the heads of large families, marked $8, $9 and $10 were shown to the so-called mediators, and reactionary labor officials participating in a talkfest, which the mill barons, who were present, hold to demoralize the strikers' ranks. Keller's demand that the investigation be held before a large mass meeting were categorically rejected, preference being for continued secret meetings behind barred doors.

BOMBAY POLICE OCCUPY MILLS

Workers Refuse to Return to Work

BOMBAY, Aug. 9.—Armed detachments of police occupied the textile factories here after the refusal of the striking textile workers here to return to the mills which the employers attempted to reopen.

The strike committee is conducting an energetic campaign against the return of the strikers to work.

SELL OUT R. R. WORKERS

British Union Chiefs Endorse Pay Cut

LONDON, Aug. 9.—A complete sell-out of the British railwaymen was achieved yesterday by J. H. Thomas, British union official, and his associates, in the conference of National Railway Union have endorsed a two and one half per cent reduction in the wages of all British railway employees.

The reduction had been agreed to by Thomas and other officials on July 27 in a conference with the railway managers, owners and their representatives.

Attempting to justify their sell-out on the grounds that the wage reduction will reduce the shortages under which British railroads are reported to be running, the union officials came to terms with the owners.

The understanding is that the reduction will apply to all sections of the railway workers and will go into effect at once.

WORKER PEASANT FORCES SWEEP ON IN ADVANCE

Gain Most of Province in Sudden Drive

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 9.—Suddenly widening the front which they have been gradually extending for months, the victorious armies of worker-peasant troops yesterday swept forward in an offensive that has already made them virtual masters of most of Honan province, according to reports received here.

Determined fighting has characterized the campaign of the worker-peasant armies against great odds and Kuomintang troops better equipped and trained, during the consolidation campaign of the last six months.

Take Villages.

Extending their lines gradually, almost from outpost to outpost as village after village was gained for the Communist peasants, the armies of workers and peasants have progressed slowly, strengthening their positions as they advanced.

One hundred and ninety-two militants are reported to have been executed by the war lords in an effort to stem the rapid spread of the revolt.

Gain in South.

The advance of the worker-peasant army was preceded by revolts of artisans and peasants in villages who aided the Red troops in sweeping out the landlords.

The new victories of the worker-peasant troops come on the heels of gains which the Red Guards have made in the vicinity of Changsha and Swatow in the south. Thruout the souther provinces of Kwangtung and Fukien and thruout the Yangtse valley there has been going on a steady advance of worker-peasant armies. In spite of the wholesale execution of militants, workers and peasants have risen against the Kuomintang war lords and the armies business men's organizations and landlords, swept them out and set up their own Soviet governments.

REFUSE RADITCH FUNERAL OFFER

Troops Still Patrol the Streets

ZAGREB, Jugoslavia, Aug. 9 (UP).—Fear that serious disturbances might occur here as a result of the death Wednesday of Stephen Raditch, Peasant Party leader, was increased tonight when the government's offer of a state funeral for the dead leader was refused.

Followers of Raditch, who died as a result of a shooting in the chamber of deputies, blamed the government party for his death. Intense feeling was aroused among members of the Croatian Peasant Party by the shooting.

Police and military guards were still on duty in streets and all principal buildings tonight.

5 MINERS DEAD IN EXPLOSION

Many Others Narrowly Escape Death

JOHNSTON, Pa., Aug. 9 (UP).—The bodies of five miners killed in an explosion at the Lochrey Coal Company's mine, near here, were recovered tonight.

A number of other miners working near the scene of the blast had a narrow escape from death. Federal mine rescue workers were notified that all of the bodies had been recovered and that the company employes had the situation well in hand.

15,000 ILL OF FEVER.

ATHENS, Aug. 9 (UP).—Fifteen thousand persons are ill in Athens and Piraeus as the result of a contagious fever said to have been spread mainly by mosquito bites.

Police Lead Lewis Gang in Attack on Mine Meeting; Beat Up and Jail Leaders

COAL DIGGERS HOLD SESSION DESPITE CREW

Meyerscough Pictures Lewis Betrayal

NEW KENSINGTON, Pa. (By Mail).—A mass meeting of progressive miners was broken up by Lewis thugs with the aid of the New Kensington police force last night. Steve Kurepa, a striking miner who is taking part in organizing the miners for the new union which will be formed at the National Convention in Pittsburgh, September 9, was viciously beaten in the presence of police by Lewis gangsters and arrested.

Immediately after Hugh Haggerty opened the meeting and introduced Thomas Myerscough as the first speaker, practically every paid "picket" in the district, which comprises the total strength of the corrupt officialdom in the valley, marched into the Lithuanian Hall. Each Lewis man was identified by a blue tag. Some miners said the tags were used as "check-off" when they were paid by Jack Hassan, Lewis district organizer.

Police Break In.

As soon as Myerscough began to discuss the strike situation and announced that questions would be answered at the end of the meeting, contrary to the habits of machine speakers, a local policeman walked down the aisle, demanding a permit. Myerscough informed him that the local committee had been granted a permit by Burgess Daniel Burns.

A few minutes later a police lieutenant stamped up to the platform, again demanding the permit. When the explanation was repeated, the lieutenant demanded to see the permit. He was told by Haggerty that Burgess had given it verbally. By this time the chief of police and almost his entire staff had arrived, all clamoring for the permit. They took Myerscough to the police station.

There Burns denied giving the permit.

Pictures Lewis' Betrayals.

Myerscough's audience was still waiting for him. For twenty minutes he spoke, telling how Lewis and the policy committee had betrayed the miners by scrapping the Jacksonville scale of wages and lost the strike by ruinous policies.

But as soon as the machine gangsters began to heckle, the police, as though taking their cue, declared the hell had to be cleared. The thugs went out first, organizing themselves in groups. When Steve Kurepa left the hall, three gangsters fell upon him, slugging viciously. John McFall was attacked from behind by another gang who immediately took to their heels.

Arrest Kurepa.

The streets were awhirl with the sirens of police cars and motorcycles. Kurepa, covered with blood, was approached by the police lieutenant who had broken into the meeting, inquiring "what had happened" to him. As Kurepa answered, Jack Hassan, machine organizer and boss of the little Lewis army of paid pickets, darted out of a doorway and attacked Kurepa. Taken unaware, Kurepa fell backward. The lieutenant arrested Kurepa as a result of this, charging him with disorderly conduct and fighting on the streets. Jack Hassan was also arrested, but this is considered as a mere gesture, and he is expected to be released at the hearing.

Small groups of three or five "pickets" are employed by the machine in each camp, and maintained on a salary basis while militant workers are cut off the relief list, so that the Lewis officialdom which is completely dicredited in the strike fields can boast of the existence of a "Lewis local."

The attention and the energies of the miners is being directed to the coming convention for a new mine union called for Pittsburgh, September 9-16.

FINISHERS WALK OUT ON BOSSES

30 workers of Local 8 of the United Hatters' of America walked out on Wednesday against their employers, Schnell and Fink and Company, known also as the Merit Hat Company and the Perfect Hat Company, 303 Mercer St., N. Y. C.

The walk-out was made by the hat finishers, because the bosses disregarded their requests made two weeks ago, that "raw" bodies should be had for them to work on instead of the cheap bodies which they supplied and which they wanted pounced to a better finish than could be done to the better quality goods.

UTILITIES ARE SCABS

READING, Pa., Aug. 8. — The Public Service Commission forces the manager of the Central Taxicab Company to help it import scabs here to take the place of the strikers at the Noe-Equl hosiery mill.

Capitalists Fete Imperialist Flier to Antarctic

The Advertising Club of New York City has given a dinner as a send-off to Commander Byrd who will carry the banner of American imperialism into the Antarctic.

CHINESE TRADE UNIONS SEEK WOLRD LABOR AID

Dear Brothers and Fellow Workers:

Again and again, from the deep underground into which we have been driven by the united counter-revolution of the Chinese capitalist landlords and militarists, and the iperialist robbers, we address to you our ardent appeal for aid.

We realize that all measures will be taken by our government and your to prevent our groans and cries of anguish from reaching you. They understand that you would not be likely to look on calmly at the pain and suffering of your Chinese brothers. We know that this appeal will also reach you with considerable delay and with great difficulty.

Ask Aid.

Nevertheless we address ourselves to you because you are our only reliable ally and friend, and we are convinced that having heard our voice you will pronounce your firm fiat to your government: "Hands off the Chinese Revolution!" We appeal to you because we are strangled, not only by our own counter-revolution, but also by your governments.

We address ourselves to you because we wish to tell you about our conditions. You know that the Chinese workers, in common with all the toiling masses in China, have always suffered from imperialist powers which send warships and airforces and arms of every kind to fight against the Chinese people.

Shanghai Massacre.

On May 30, 1925, the workers of Shanghai arose against this yoke; the Hongkong-Canton strike which lasted 16 months was directed against the same yoke, and it was in the fight to throw off this double yoke that we undertook the Northern Expedition upon a united front. It was for this struggle that we have borne great sacrifices. We expected our emancipation: we built up our trade union organization, and we helped the peasants form their peasants' unions.

We have been cruelly deceived by our bourgeoisie; having disposed of the Northern militarists with our aid, having captured the Yangste region, having occupied Shanghai and Hankow, they decided to put an end to us. They betrayed the common struggle of the Chinese people and offered their services to your governments, and together with them they have been destroying and drowning in rivers of blood the workers' and peasants' movement during these last months.

It is already 15 months that the abundant waters of the Chinese rivers are dyed more and more thickly with the red color of the blood of workers and peasants.

Mass Murders.

Do you know that in April of last year Chiang Kai-shek in Shanghai and Li Ti-sing in Canton murdered over 4,000 workers because they wished to "reorganize" the unions, i.e., to dissolve them. Do you know that since the April coup d'etat in Kwangtung there have been over 2,000 workers killed.

Do you know that in Hunan and Hupeh 20,000 peasants have been shot for the sole offence that they did not wish any longer to die from starvation upon their little plots of land and to give up the last cupful of rice to the militarists?

Do you know how cruelly the Canton rebellion of the workers, directed against the yoke of the imperialist murderers, has been suppressed? Do you know that over 5,000 workers' corpses were thrown upon the streets of Canton? Do you know that working women were tied together in batches of five and burned alive?

Do you know that about 600 rickshamen—those human horses whose existence is possible only in an oppressed semi-colonial country like China—have been shot down upon the public square in Canton for the sole offence that they preserved the red badges in memory of the revolt?

Behead Thousands.

Do you know that in Changsha and Hankow where no revolts have taken place, nevertheless Pei Sunchin and other generals have shot down over 4,000 people solely because they had work-soiled hands?

Do you know that Feng Yuehsiang has beheaded 300 workers of the textile mills for the sole offence of striking to secure higher wages, and had their heads exhibited on poles outside of the factory?

Dear brothers, we have our heads chopped off, our trade unions have been dissolved over a year now, and we are forbidden on pain of death, to take part in any strikes, even of a strickly economic character.

Murder Unionists.

The British, Japanese, and American authorities are hunting for the workers, handing them over to the Chinese hangmen. The English courts trade in the heads of our brother workers. Nearly all the leaders of the trade union movement were arrested upon territories of the foreign settlements and concessions and handed over to the Chinese bourgeoisie. All of them were beheaded, while the British and Japanese spies received thousands for the heads of our leaders.

All this does not satisfy the murderers of the Chinese people. Not all the sweat and blood of the Chinese people has been pumped out and turned into dollars for the imperialists, and the latter, having bribed the Chinese bourgeoisie, are pulling China to pieces. The Japanese government is engaged in open intervention in the North, having occupied Tsinang and Manchuria, while the British are carrying on a masked intervention in Kwantung. Yet Chiang Kai-shek and the other generals, having sold themselves to the imperialists, keep silent about those things. All of them are turning their hungry eyes towards the Yangtse Valley and are prepared to fight over the sharing out of China.

Not only is the blood of the Chinese people shed, but preparations are in progress for an even more terrible and bloody deed. Your governments, for the sake of sharing the spoils, are preparing for a new war in China.

Fight Imperialism.

Dear brothers and fellow workers, you should not allow such mockery over China, you should demand the discontinuance of the traffic in the heads of Chinese toilers, you should demand a prohibition on extraditing prisoners into the hands of the Chinese authorities, you should demand the withdrawal of all warships and armed forces from China, you should come to our aid, because just now your governments are preparing for a new war in China. You should demand that your governments give up all interference in the internal affairs of China.

We are firmly convinced that you will come to our aid and that you will help us in our struggle for right, life, and liberty, against the entire counter-revolutionary bourgeoisie.

Fight War Menace.

We rely upon your fraternal solidarity and your fraternal aid. The cup of patience of the Chinese people is becoming filled. The Chinese peasantry is rising again, while the soldiers refuse to take up arms against the people and go over to the side of the toilers.

Help us in our struggle and thereby you will also fight against the menace of a new world war.

With fraternal greetings,

The All China Federation of Labor Unions, Sou Chao Jeng, Chairman.

WALKER FIGHTS TRACTION PLAN

The Tammany city administration is planning to reject the so-called Untermeyer transit readjustment plan, it was learned yesterday from reliable sources.

Action or at least discussion on the plan is due to be taken up at a Board of Estimate and Apportionment meeting in the near future. Recently the mayor announced from his Hollywood vacation haunts between sips of champagne and flirtations with moving picture actresses, that he was opposed to the public corporation feature of the Untermeyer plan. He politely let the world know at the time that only a simon pure private grab would be to his liking. Untermeyer promptly rejoined that there was little difference in their intentions but intimated that his own way of putting the proposition was greatly to be preferred.

Under the Untermeyer plan designed for the needy Morgan interests, the control over traction would practically be eliminated from the hands of the local Tammany patriots. There appears to be about as much chance of the Walker gang giving up these happy hunting grounds as there is for Al Smith to renounce his General Motors lineage.

WORKERS TO AID CHINA TAG DAYS

Stations Prepared All Over City

Continued from Page One

States government. Down with the Kuo Ming Tang militarists! Down with imperialist internation! Long live the Worker-Peasant Revolution!" The wire is signed by T. H. Li, secretary.

All Workers Helping.

Workers of all nationalities are rallying to the urgent call of the All-China Federation of Labor Unions. Hungarians, Finns, Czecho-Slovaks Greeks, Spaniards, Latin Americans, Japanese and Chinese are among the volunteers for the Tag Days. A united front of workers is being formed to render real aid to the Chinese proletariat which is being massacred by the international capitalist imperialists in alliance with the Kuo Ming Tang and Chinese bourgeoisie.

Stations Throughout City.

The stations where workers can procure collection boxes for the tag days follow:

Downtown stations are: Jt. Board of the Furriers, 22 East 22nd St.; Jt. Board of I. L. G. W. U., 16 West 21st St.; Progressive Workers Club, 60 St. Mark's Place; Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square; Progressive Workers Club, 101 West 27th St.; Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions, 96 Fifth Ave.

Uptown stations are: Hungarian Workers' Club, 350 East 81st St.; Harlem Progressive Club, 143 East 103rd St.; Finnish Workers' Club, 15 West 126th St.; Czecho-Slovak Workers' Home, 347 East 72nd St.; Unity Co-operative House, 1800 7th Ave., N. Y. C.; Negro Labor Congress, 200 West 135th St.

Bronx Stations.

Bronx stations are: Bronx Progressive Club, 2075 Clinton Ave.; United Workers' Co-operative, 2700 Bronx Park East; Jewish Workers' Club, 1472 Boston Road; Bronx Workers' Club, 715 East 138th St.

Stations in Brooklyn are: Finnish Workers' Home, 764 40th St.; 1940 Benson Ave.

Brownsville stations are: 154 Watkins St.

Boxes may be had in Williamsburg at 29 Graham Ave., or 46 Ten Eyck St.

Coney Island, 2901 Mermaid Ave. Brighton, 227 Brighton Beach.

ARREST 3 FRUIT CLERK PICKETS

To Fight on Till We Win, Say Strikers

Carrying out their expressed intention of actively prosecuting the strike against the Bathgate Ave. open-shop fruit market if it will take many months more, the Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union is still picketing that section in large numbers, despite a police terror. Three more strikers were arrested in a picketing demonstration yesterday.

They were released in custody of union counsel and are to come up for trial Monday, August 14 in the the Eighth District Magistrates' Court before Magistrate McKinery.

The same judge yesterday released four strikers arrrested for picketing and fined one, Frank Islowitz five dollars. In yesterday's attack on the picket line Dave Zarow, J. Linder and Paul Flakowitz were arrested.

Speakers and Agitprop Directors Conference to Be Held Tomorrow

A conference of all speakers and agit-prop directors of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League, at which J. Mindel, chairman of the Central Control Commission, will analyze the platform of the socialist party, will be held tomorrow, at 2 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, fifth floor.

All speakers, all section, subsection and unit agit-prop directors, election campaign directors, and all members of the different section speaker's classes, have been requested to attend without fail.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

NEW FEATURES FOR LEFT WING LABORFESTIVAL

Choruses and Literary Evening Planned

Two new features were announced last night by the local Trade Union Education League for its Workers Open Air Festival, which will be held in Ulmer Park, on Saturday, Aug. 25. They are the combined "Aida" and "Lyra" Lithuanian Choruses, and a specially arranged literary evening. Both new features are expected to supplement the other items on the program of entertainment, and add to the uniqueness of the evening.

The choruses, composed of more than 200 voices, will render several selections from well-known operas, topping them with many spirited revolutionary songs. They are at present busily engaged in rehearsing their program for the day of the affair. They will appear on the evening of the performance in native costume.

The program of the literary evening is in the capable hands of Michael Gold, revolutionary poet and writer, and editor of the New Masses; and A. B. Magil, member of the editorial staff of the Daily Worker and a contributor to the Sacco Vanzetti anthology.

Another feature of the Festival, and a very important one, will be the refreshment and food schedule. Competent cooks for many favorite international dishes will be on hand for the occasion.

All of the branches of the Trade Union Educational League in New York City are responding splendidly to the call for cooperation in the arrangements for the affair, and thousands of workers from all parts of New York and vicinity are expected to attend.

BOARD APPROVES BIG GAS MERGER

Predict Higher Rates as Result

Despite the protests of the Public Committee on Power, and from organizations of consumers all over New York City, the Public Service Commission yesterday afternoon approved the application of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York for permission to purchase the Brooklyn Edison Company.

Several days ago, Governor Smith, in a pre-election gesture made for the purpose of attracting the liberal vote to the cause of Tammany Hall, requested the commission to reopen the hearings on the merger, and allow people not owning stocks in either of the two companies to present their case. But Big Business was stronger than Smith, its lackey, and the protests of the people were ignored in spite of Smith's big stunt.

The approval was given at a meeting yesterday which lasted more than two and a half hours, and which was attended by William A. Prendergast, chairman, and Commissioners Pooley, VanNamee and Lunn. The meeting was held in Prendergast's office, at 120 Broadway, and proceeded behind closed doors.

Now that the merger has been definitely approved, the inevitable result will be the rise in gas and electric rates in the near future, the Public Committee said.

MANGANESE IN AFRICA.

CASABLANCA, Morocco, Aug. 9 (UP).—French engineers have discovered extensive manganese deposits in the Atlas mountains, and coal north of Oudja. The first important coal discovery in the whole of North Africa.

Plight Troth in Big Vaudeville Stunt

Alfred E. Smith, democratic presidential candidate, and John Roach Straton, fundamentalist and fumer, have promised to lead one another to the altar of the Calvary Baptist Church for the purpose of debating the question of moral turpitude with which the baptist accuses the catholic. Straton says that Smith is leading the vanguard of hell on the prohibition issue. The churchman is on the right.

BIG GAS MERGER WILL PASS TODAY

Public Protest to Be Ignored

Failing a last minute change of position on the part of the politicians in control of the Public Service Commission, the proposed billion dollar merger of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company will be officially approved by the Commission today, despite protests in New York and vicinity.

If the official sanction of the merger goes through, pre-election "protest" gesture of Governor Smith, asking that the public committee be heard, made for the purpose of attracting the liberal vote to Tammany Hall, will have been disregarded by the Commission, which is made up of two democrats and two republicans.

The protest of the Public Committee on power, made through their lawyer, Morris L. Ernst, objected to the merger on the ground that it would take all power of control over the light company out of the hands of New York State officials. They also insisted that the merger will place the Koppits Gas and Coke Company of Philadelphia, a Mellon concern which owns most of the stock in both the Consolidated and Edison, in complete control of the power throughout the New England States.

STREET FIGHTS RAGE IN GUIANA

Death of Politician Causes Outbreak

CAYENNE, French Guiana, Aug. 9. (UP).—Four persons, including Councillor-General Bourgarel, were killed here today during the street and court-room fighting following the opening of the investigation into the mysterious death of former Deputy Jean Galmot.

The investigation was held on orders of the Ministry of Interior at Paris.

Some persons said that Galmot, who was a political power in French Guiana, was the victim of poisoning by his enemies. He was a spectacular figure and was involved in a gigantic rum-scandal of 1923.

POOR FELLOW!

LONDON, Aug. 9 (UP).—Albert Loewenstein, Belgian financier who disappeared from his airplane over the English Channel and whose body was found recently, lost about $60,000,000 within the three weeks before his death, but left $40,000,000, the Evening News reported today.

ASSAIL MARINES FOR HAITI RULE

Asks Demonstration at "Peace" Pact Signing

PARIS, France, Aug. 9.—Demanding that the signing of the Kellog multilateral peace treaties in this city be made occasion for an appeal to the United States to "free enslaved Haiti," Deputy Candace, of Guadaloupe, yesterday bitterly assailed the militarist occupation of the island by American marines.

The American tyranny in the island is bitterly resented by the Negro population, the writer asserts, adding that Haiti must ask the League of Nations to plead her case in regaining her liberty.

"Haiti's martyrdom" is Candace's characterization of the experience of the island under marine occupation while in biting words he describes the "anguish" of the people under American army rule.

The American protectorate in the island of Haiti must be abolished and the population freed from the yoke of American troops, is the final demand of the deputy.

NEW CLOAK UNION ORGANIZES TRADE

Continued from Page One

trade are called upon to attend this meeting. All other workers in the shops are also appealed to inform their Italian fellow workers to come to the meeting.

In the yellow sheet of the reactionary Jewish labor leaders, the "socialist" Forward, hysterical creaks of consternation filled almost the entire front page. Not able to deny that Bronx Stadium was jammed, its columns, shriek that no cloakmakers were there, only Communists and passers-by attended the meeting, mostly Communists, however, they point out. Several sentences later they inform their readers that the enthusiastic meeting lacked "spirit." Workers, who hear of this, puncture the obvious lies by asking, "If it was a meeting packed full of Communists why should applause be lacking?"

Even the trade papers of the employers, always staunch supporters of the Sigman right wing gang, admit an enthusiastic meeting.

TAMMANY AL AND ROACH STRATON PLAY AT COWBOY

Governor Hankering to Prove He's Pure

GREENWOOD LAKE, Aug. 9. The forthcoming debate between Tammany Al Smith, Wall Street protege, and John Roach Straton, whose congregation has often been seen to embrace collectively, trees, chairs, and whatnot, under the influence of his frenzied "Come to Jesus," was made a little more remote today when Straton insisted that he wanted the debate to be repeated twice, once at a Catholic Church, and the other at a Baptist Church.

"I am making the suggestion that we debate both in my church, Calvary Baptist, and again in St. Patrick's Cathedral," said the pastor, "because I do not want anyone to suppose for a minute that I believe a Baptist Church more holy ground than a Catholic Church."

SMITH TO HONOR DEAD POLITICIAN

Picks an Appropriate Party

ALBANY, Aug. 9.—Governor Alfred E. Smith, acknowledged leader of the corrupt Tammany Hall machine will make a flying trip to attend the funeral of George F. Brennan, democratic boss of Illinois and head of another intrenched grafting organization, who died Wednesday.

Smith will travel in an automobile provided by Wm. F. Kenny, multi-millionaire crony of the governor, owner of traction stock, Consolidated Gas and Edison Co. securities. In the party will be included Mayor Frank Hague, mayor of Jersey City, recently exposed in huge graft deals in that city, [illegible] A. Riordan former part owner of the U. S. Trucking Corporation with which Smith was connected and several military officers.

CAP WORKERS TO HOLD BIG MEET

Protest Breaking of Their Union

With an appeal to all workers in New York cap and millinery markets to come and protest against the union wrecking activities of their International president Max Zaritsky and his reactionary general executive board, the Cap and Millinery Section of the Trade Union Educational League yesterday announced the holding of mass meeting in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave., Monday evening immediately after work.

A circular, distributed by thousands in the working area, details to the workers the recent union smashing activities of the right wing clique.

DAILY WORKER

International Costume Carnival

SUNDAY, AUGUST 19—PLEASANT BAY PARK

GAMES — OPEN AIR

Dancing--Sports

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ADMISSION, 35c

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BEN GITLOW for Vice-President

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Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.

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City .... State ....

Jugoslav Police and Troops Arrest Militants as Croatian Peasant Revolt Looms

SITUATION ACUTE AS RADITCH DIES; TROOPS DRAFTED

Communists are Jailed in Terror

ZAGREB, Yugoslavia, Aug. 9.—As Serbian troops are reported on their way to prevent the threatened secession of Croatia from the Yugoslav kingdom, the police here raided the homes of several workers, who were suspected of belonging to a Communist nucleus. Seven were arrested.

• • •

Situation Critical.

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Aug. 9.—In spite of the plea of the Croatian party leaders that a pacifist policy be adopted in the attainment of autonomy, Serb officials here fear that the Croatian peasants may rise in armed revolt. Troops have been drafted.

The death of Stefan Raditch on the night of August 7 is expected to lead to critical developments in Zagreb.

The session of the skeletonized Belgrade parliament today was marked by the dissension of the German minority representative and the Serb agrarian deputies. The latter criticized the proposed passage of the Nettuno treaty, which aroused such sharp criticism on the part of some of the anti fascist Croat leaders.

Kraft, the German representative, declared that nowhere else in the whole world except in Italy are minorities so ill-treated as in Yugoslavia.

SCABS LOCK-OUT UNION

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 9 (UP).—Seven neighborhood movie houses have locked out union motion picture operators.

Types of Nicaraguan Soldiers Who Fight U. S.

In spite of repeated propaganda stories in the capitalist press, stating that the troops of General Augusto Sandino, leader of the Nicaraguan army of independence, have been surrendering, the marines met a determined resistance in their recent attempt to invade the Coco River country. Typical soldiers of the army of independence are shown.

IN ESCAPE FROM GOMEZ TERROR

Revolutionaries Flee in Open Boat

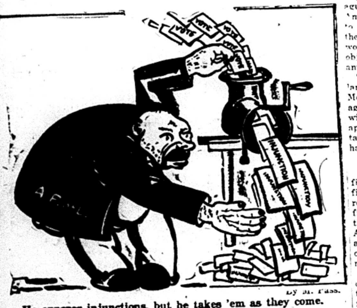
WILLEMSTAD, Curacao, Aug. 9.—It was learned here today that many of those who had participated in the revolt in Venezuela last week, had put out in an open boat and reached the Dutch island of Aruba, off the Venezuelan coast.

The Venezuelans living on the island, and numbering about 2000, for the most part workers in the petroleum industry have declared that they will resist any attempt on the part of the dictator Gomez to extradite the political refugees and that they are prepared to defend them with arms if necessary.

Dutch colonial authorities here have dispatched extra police to the island in order to prevent disturbances which are expected to follow on the arrest of the refugees.

(Daily Worker Talks No. 7).

Vote As You Strike!



VOTE
INJUNCTION
A. F. of L.
By M. Pass.

He opposes injunctions, but he takes 'em as they come.

How the bosses' grinding machines take in labor votes and turn out injunctions is a mystery only to those who do not examine the operators of the machine.

The American Federation of Labor Executive Council has just given a free hand to the hundreds of labor fakers throughout the country to sell out the workers politically to whatever candidates of either old party offer the highest inducements.

Al Smith has appointed Major Berry, head of the Printing Pressmens' Union, to corral the labor votes for him.

In various sections "Vote-for-Hoover" worker clubs are being formed by other labor traitors.

• • • • •

There will undoubtedly be a larger vote in the coming election than in any one previous. This means that more workers will cast their ballots than ever before.

THIS IS OUR OPPORTUNITY!

We can deliver a double blow to the bosses and to the labor fakers who serve them.

We can say to the workers: When you vote for the bosses you vote yourself an injunction. You write an order to call out the militia against you. You vote yourself a "yellow-dog" contract. You appoint a judge who will declare social legislation "unconstitutional."

DON'T SCAB ON YOURSELF POLITICALLY!

VOTE AS YOU STRIKE! MUSTER YOUR POLITICAL MILITIA AGAINST THE BOSSES!

Would you like to say this to a dozen workers between now and election time?

YOU CAN SAY IT TO A THOUSAND!

Every member and sympathizer can pass out one thousand DAILY WORKERS before November. This is the most profitable stock you can buy.

While the capitalists are investing in Al Smith and in Herbert Hoover—

INVEST IN THE REVOLUTION!

CONFAB LAUGHS AT KELLOGG PACT

Profs Point to War On Nicaragua

UNIVERSITY, Va., Aug. 8.—They are picking on Kellogg and the State Department here at the University of Virginia Institute of Public Affairs.

Practically all the speakers at the round tables and forums on Latin America attack what they call American imperialism.

As political scientists and professors of international law, these good democrats and republicans object strenuously, on legal and moral grounds, to the Yankee intervention policy. And the speakers from Latin American countries feel even more strongly on the subject.

Any idea that the much advertised anti-war pact which Kellogg is going to sign in Paris this month will protect our Caribbean neighbors from us or restrain our military rule in those "independent" countries is simply laughed out at these forums.

British Monroe Doctrine.

Here, for instance, is the sober Dr. John H. Latane, Johns Hopkins University, leader of these discussions. Says Latane:—

"The anti-war pact proposed by Secretary Kellogg would not in any way affect such a situation as Nicaragua. So far none of the Latin American States has been invited to unite in this pact, and even if they should become parties to it we would under the Monroe Doctrine, object to European Powers having anything to say.

"In view of this situation, England has very cleverly advanced a Monroe Doctrine of her own and has agreed to sign the anti-war pact, with a vague reservation covering apparently Egypt, India, Afghanistan and other regions in which she has special interests.

Marines Protect Wall Street.

"Today Latin America is the main field of American commercial and financial exploitation, and the Monroe Doctrine has been transformed from a benevolent policy of protection into the chief instrument of American imperialism. We are, as a matter of fact, with the exception of England, the most imperialistic nation on earth.

"Plutocratic interests always endeavor to use the armed forces of the country in backing up their foreign enterprises.

Replying to the administration's claim that it intervenes only to protect American lives and property, Latane said:—"The marines were landed in Nicaragua to protect Americans living in Wall St." He charged the administration with "threatening war against Mexico to protect Doheny's and Sinclair's Mexican oil titles, some of which were obtained fraudulently."

Cruelties By Marine Forces.

Miss Annie S. Peck, writer on Latin American affairs, charged cruelty by marines and disruption of representative native government for the benefit of American financial interests in countries of American occupation, such as the Dominican Republic, Hayti and Nicaragua.

FRENCH SOLDIERS FIGHT FOR RIGHTS

PARIS, Aug. 6.—The struggle of the French soldiers for better conditions is becoming more intense. They are bringing forward a list of demands. In a regiment in Messires, soldiers refused their food because it was not fit for human beings. Together with other regiments they lodged a complaint against the bad food and demanded better conditions.

A special barrack newspaper was circulated in the 6th Dragoons division in which a number of demands were published. The commanding officers stopped the circulation of the newspaper among the other soldiers. But when he saw with what enthusiasm the soldiers were discussing the demands published in the newspaper he conceded some of them.

HELD FOR FORGERY.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 9, (UP).—Hal W. Skinner, Bath, N. Y., was held to the Grand Jury under $3,000 bond today on charges of forgery and conversion of trust property.

MILITARIST BUSY 'MAKING SURE' OF NICARAGUA POLL

Gen. McCoy Sews Up Moncada's Election

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Aug. 9.—As the elections draw closer General Frank R. McCoy, in charge of United States maneuvers in Nicaragua, with his "election" staff are making trips all over the republic to better "acquaint themselves" with election methods." The liberal candidate, Monacada," is believed to be favored by McCoy.

These excursions, however, do not extend into the province of Nouvelle Segovia, where General Sandino with his army of independence holds full sway.

The United States board of elections, headed by McCoy, have again confirmed their decision of last week that no one else but Moncado and Adolfo Benard, the candidate of the Conservative Party, be allowed to run. Buttons bearing a picture of Moncado, have been issued and banquets in his honor are being held under the direction of his manager who has just returned from the United States.

The Conservative candidate is at present in Europe and is not expected back until the elections. Many here look upon the preparation for a general election as farcical, in view of the fact that the election of Moncado is virtually assured.

WORLD'S LABOR ANSWERS MINERS

Relief Committee Reports Contributions

Continued from Page One

gamated Furnish Trades" Association of London, England, "our executive committee, at their meeting yesterday, agreed to make a grant of ten pounds (fifty dollars) in aid of the miners' wives and childrens' suffering in your struggle against a relentless capitalist combination, and a British money order for that amount is enclosed."

Canada Responds Liberally.

From trade unions and working class organizations in Canada, approximately $5,000.00 was donated. With each donation, comes a letter of encouragement, a pledge of workers' solidarity for fighting fellow-workers.

From each of the forty-eight states in the union, contributions, some large, some small, from unions, organizations, churches and individual sympathizers, have reached the headquarters of the National Miners Relief Committee, 611 Penn Avenue. These dollars were immediately converted into food and divided among the hungry in the strike camps.

To defend the hundreds of leading miners who are still under indictment in the courts, and feed their families, a National Miners Relief and Defense campaign was launched July 22. More than 200,000 collection lists are still in circulation. In every camp, hundreds of miners who were the militant leaders in the struggle, are black-listed. Thousands of others are still holding out, demanding that the operators recognize their organization. The United Mine Workers of America has cut camp after camp off their relief list, and unless the National Miners Relief Committee continues to help them, they will be faced with famine.

Many Starving.

It is no unusual thing in a mining camp to find that nobody has eaten for two or three days before the new relief shipment arrives. Because so many locals have been completely cut off, the National Miners Relief Committee is forced to give less relief to those still receiving the pittance of $1 every two weeks, and concentrate upon those locals where not a penny or a pound of flour is given by the UMWA.

Mexican Politician

Aaron Saenz, governor of the state of Nuevo Leon, and former secretary of state under President Calles of Mexico, resigned from that post to take charge of the Obregon presidential campaign. He is an important factor in the present situation.

DU PONT RESIGNS FOR LOVE OF AL

Cloaks Morgan Control Over Smith

Continued from Page One

[illegible] Du Pont would be ex- [illegible] resignation was accepted with the understanding that he probably would resume his General Motors connections after the November elections.

• • •

The expected resignation of Pierre S. Du Pont, multi-millionaire munitions maker, from the chairmanship of the board of directors of the General Motors Corporation, a Morgan controlled and affiliated concern, Du Pont is to help manage the Al Smith campaign.

No importance is attached here either to the nominal resignation of Du Pont or to the fact that the board of directors of the organization refused to accept it.

Observers point out that Du Pont and Raskob between them own the controlling power in the General Motors Corporation. Their gestures of leaving the firm in order to take part in the Smith campaign are in effect handing in their resignations to themselves and when they resume their work after election, it will be the equivalent of taking themselves back. The move is understood to be an attempt to camouflage the obvious fact that the Tammany candidate is now practically under the thumb of the Morgan financial interests.

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HUGE OIL LAND GRANT IN PERU TO WALL ST.

To Serve as Haven for Czarist Emigrees

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 9.—A concession of 12,500,000 acres, in which there are rich sources of coal, oil and lumber was granted by the Peruvian government to M. L. Bendium and J. C. Trees, wealthy United States capitalists.

The capitalists are known as the organizers of the Tropical Oil Company and the Trans-Continental Company which were responsible for the organization of the United States oil syndicate in Columbia and Venezuela. They will finance the whole project which included a railroad over the Andes mountains.

Besides oil and coal the land will be able to produce sugar, cotton and tobacco in large quantities. The company will import German labor and white Russian emigres to develope the land, it was announced.

CHINESE-JAPAN CRISIS GROWS

Kellogg Refuses to Comment

Continued from Page One

self with the Nanking regime and give the Nanking government the right to settle international questions was the reason given today by Baron Tanaka for the threatening note sent to Nanking and the warning to Manchuria. That this is the case is indicated by reports received here that the Nanking government was withdrawing its troops from the northern provinces.

In a cabinet meeting Premier Tanaka declared his intention of protecting the extensive interests of Japan in Manchuria, her source of raw materials.

• • •

Sign Japanese Agreement.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 9.—A settlement between the British and Nanking governments has been reached, it was announced here today. The settlement will be signed at Nanking tomorrow. It is understood here that as soon as the agreement is signed a credit of $30,000,000 will be granted to the Nanking regime by London bankers.

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By
HENRY REICH, JR.

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Germans Will Exploit Afghanistan Railways

BERLIN, Aug. 9, (UP).—The Berlin firm of Lenz and Company has been given the option of building all Afghan railways, it was announced today, and a staff of german engineers will proceed to Kabul soon.

Negotiations for the option were conducted during the recent visit here of king Amanullah of Afghanistan.

SCORE BETRAYAL BY 'SOCIALISTS'

U. S. Chinese League Cables Protest

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—A cablegram protesting against the betrayal of the colonial peoples by the Second International has been sent to the Brussels congress of the International by the Chinese League in America for support of the Workers' and Peasants' Revolution in China. The group in San Francisco represents similar groups in the United States, Canada, Mexico and Cuba.

The cable follows:

"The undersigned [illegible] must cease betraying the colonial peoples, cease supporting the world imperialists and must fight their own imperialist governments.

(Signed) "Chinese League in America for Support of Workers' and Peasants' Revolution in China."

FAKERS "FORGET" UNION.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 8.—Not to the labor unions which are in need of funds for unemployment, sick or other benefits has the Illinois state federation of labor decided to give annual donations but to the federal protestant council of the churches of Christ and to the national Catholic welfare council.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

VOLCANO KILLS 1,000 PEASANTS IN MALAY ISLANDS

600 Injured; 6 Malay Towns Destroyed

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 9, (UP).—One thousand persons were killed and 600 were injured when six villages were destroyed by an eruption of the volcanic mountain Rokatinda on the Island of Paloeweh, according to dispatches received here today from Batavia.

Casualties and property destruction centered in the southwestern part of the island.

Nine ships were reported to have been sunk off Celebes Island.

The eruptions on Paloeweh Island began Saturday. The sea rose 16 and a half feet on all sides of the island. Many persons perished by fleeing into the sea to escape the molten lava.

The coast of Flores Island was swept by a tidal wave.

Many persons were injured by falling stones and some were killed by fire, a Batavia dispatch said. About 2,000 [illegible] nearly all na- [illegible] of the [illegible] of [illegible] It is [illegible]

REFORMIST INT'L GREETS NANKING

BRUSSELLS, Belgium, Aug. 9.—The session of the third congress of the second (socialist) international today send greetings to the reactionary Nanking regime of China.

Other resolutions were passed favoring legal equality between legitimate and illegitimate children; opposing the mobilization of women in war-time; favoring legal equality between husband and wife; and favoring protection for expectant or nursing mothers.

Soviet Russia in the Second Decade

Edited By
STUART CHASE, ROBERT DUNN
and PROF. TUGWELL

A complete and detailed report by the Technical Staff of the First Trade Union Delegation to Soviet Russia.

Russia's Industrial and Technical Progress Recorded and Explained by Three of America's Outstanding Specialists
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Low Pay and Hard Conditions for California Woodchoppers, Correspondent Writes

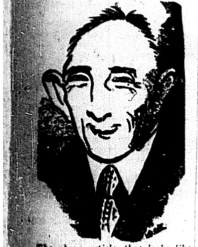
HANdOuTS

It has just been disclosed in the hearing before Commissioner of Accounts Higgins that the street cleaning department of Al Smith's Tammany Hall maintains a snow removal office during the summer. All possibility of a traffic tie-up due to a sudden flurry during July and August is thus eliminated.

* * *

When Stanley Baldwin, slow-witted British premier, was recently told by the International Transference Board that 200,000 jobless miners must be driven from their homes to seek work elsewhere or be doomed to starvation, he offered as his immediate solution of the problem the following optimistic buncombe: "I don't believe this country is played out or is going to be played out." Baldwin and the other capitalists will continue to eke out an existence by clipping coupons, which is the hardest work they do, as long as labor accepts starvation without a fight. If, however, anything should happen to the scissor snipping business, the capitalists will make use of their one panacea for all ills, "War."

Uncaged



The above article, that looks like something you throw peanuts to, is Johnny Raskob. He is trying to make the gullible believe he quit as head of General Motors to be chairman of the democratic committee to elect Al Smith president. What did he ever do around General Motors. He never put bolts on Chevrolet cars. The workers made the automobiles and still do. All Johnny did was to keep the plants open-shop and not let the men organize. He feels he can still do that, for a few months, by telephone. He claims he's quit for good. After the elections he's just as liable to keep away from General Motors as a thirsty cow from a water hole.

* * *

Unconventional means were resorted to in Blairstown, N. J., to obtain a new schoolhouse. The old school was without proper washrooms and ventilation facilities. The town council refused to appropriate money for a new one. The other day the old schoolhouse was burned down. Whoever did the deed left a 40-quart milk can which was once filled with gasoline. Asked who did the job, William Penn Vail, president of the board of education, said: "We suspect everybody big enough to carry the can."

* * *

Eastern Cow Outfit

When society only provides a percentage of its population with [illegible] the rest will be found at singular activities to keep from starving. [illegible] is Miss Alice May Sisty, wearing a cowgirl costume made famous by Tex Rickard. She rode all the way from Reno, Nevada, on the above heavy charger to invite the city officials of Boston to attend the rodeo at Cheyenne. A rodeo is an event where a placid steer is given a shot of dope and kicks his heels up in grand style and a horse is taken off the laundry run, given a charge of electricity, and bucks prettily so that the rich customer can see the wild west.

STRAW TO LIE IN, RAGS FOR BEDS IN CAMP

Vermin Crawl Over Filthy Floors

(By a Worker Correspondent)

POTTER VALLEY, Cal. (By Mail).—This little line of prosperity is written from the sun-kissed California where Arthur Brisbane gives the regular bunk of the great opportunities to be just gone after and gotten, not alone in its fertile plains, but also in mountains, woods and desert. Let me try and tell Arthur something, not thru his master's voice but thru the voice of a worker.

I came here some three years ago from Detroit, worked in Los Angeles while the working was good. When I say good, $18 was considered very good in that city, good, and all, as it was. As per usual, the job didn't last.

Police Get Jobless.

I shifted to "Frisco" and found conditions, if anything, worse. That city scared me a bit. Every day the cossacks were working overtime, rounding up the unemployed in the tenderloin district, Madison, Harrison and 3rd Sts., and booking them on charges of vagrancy. The dead line was Market St. That's where the slave instinct tells him to get off the grass.

Things didn't look healthy in "Frisco," so I thought that I had better pack up my few belongings and try the great, wide, open spaces, where men are men and workers carry their blankets after trudging most of the way from "Frisco." I struck oil in Willits: a one-eyed gentleman hired me in partnership to chop wood.

Boss Rules.

By the way, what a slave is up against in the wood-chopping line of exploitation is pretty bad. To begin with, the boss emphatically lays down the size, length and finish to the standard requirement and should you contradict any of his orders, he is sure to remind you of the depression prevailing throughout the land and that many men have contracted themselves to do the same work for lower pay.

Anyway I tackled the job, in partnership with the boss' foreman. That was my first experience at woodchopping. Now, I hadn't been long in partnership with this bird when I found out he was a snooper and conscious lackey of his boss. From the expression of his earlier sentiments, I could easily see that he was a staunch advocate of Ku Klux Klanism. He was very hostile to all labor organizations, especially toward the Communists and I. W. W's.

I thought I'd try to convince him that there was light and a way to better our miserable conditions in today's life. First, I pointed out the cabin in which we were living. It had better have been called a coffin. I showed him the beds we tried to rest in, a litter of straw, with gunny sacks as matresses, rags and odds and ends as blankets. I pointed out the cheap food on which we had to live. Always beans and coffee for our meals.

There were the vermin of the woods running on the cabin floor which I showed him. They were also in the so-called beds and on the table. The table was two planks laid on boxes.

Long Hours.

I pointed out the long hours we had to work, from sunrise to sunset, and work in all kinds of weather. You can safely say you're working if you make three dollars in twelve to fourteen hours.

My talk was true, but to the 100 per cent. flunkey it was all in vain. All he could answer in "arguing" back was, "Why don't you go back where you came from if you don't like the good old United States?" So ended our partnership.

From Willits I went to Ukiah, only to find conditions exactly the same. Here I worked at the ranch of a government official to chop wood. I had the same rate of pay and the same miserable living conditions, although he exploited his slaves more than the Willits 100 per center. Besides chopping wood, you had to clear his ranch of underbrush without thanks or compensation.

The gentleman's salary as officer to the Mendicino Company exceeds $600 per month and he has been holding that fat post for 24 years. Yet he didn't pay me for what timber and underbrush I had put by in some four months. Other fellows have the same complaint against our governmental boss.

I'm rather long about this letter, I know, but that's what really happened, its true and I can vouch for its authenticity.

If any readers of The DAILY WORKER want to live a little longer under republican prosperity, just give California a wide berth. The sunshine is pretty nice, but never nice enough to make a meal for a hungry stomach.

I, for one, would like to get out of California, but in the three years I've been here I've not been able to save enough to leave and get into the "promised" land, America.

QUALEY.

Charged With Killing Longshoreman

Because Leo Boice, a longshoreman, had two pints of whiskey on his person, James MacGuckin, a coast guard, is alleged to have shot and killed the worker. MacGuckin, at right above, was released in $10,000 bail after he failed to appear in court.

MILL HANDS STARVING

No. Carolina Girls Work for $5 Weekly

GREENSBORO, N. C., Aug. 9.—At a mass meeting here, called to discuss the low wages, especially in the textile industry, workers took the stand and declared that the only solution is organization and a fight against the textile barons, in spite of the danger that they would lose their jobs as a result.

The movement of the workers to fight against the terrible conditions here is becoming general throughout the central and western part of North Carolina.

The 60-hour week is still the rule in most of the mills, and often children of eleven or twelve work ten hours daily for a miserable wage. A fresh labor supply is recruited from the rural sections where the farmers have been unable to obtain the necessities of life from the farms.

Local chambers of commerce, in appeals for northern mill owners to come to the south, have pointed out that "labor here is American and loyal," meaning that there is no organization of the workers and that exploitation is practically unlimited.

Although the American Federation of Labor will take no steps to lead the workers, a spontaneous movement of the employes in the mills is developing in North Carolina.

* * *

"Daily" to Have Articles on South.

A series of articles on the textile industry and conditions of the workers in the south will be written for the Daily Worker by Paul Crouch, a native of North Carolina, who is going to make a tour of that section.

COTTON CROP

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8 (UP).—The condition of the cotton crop in August was 67.9 per cent of normal, indicating a production of 14,291,000 bales, compared with 12,955,000 bales last year, the agriculture department announced today.

A DAILY WORKER correspondent is the real spokesman and leader of the workers in his

NEWS IN CONTROL OF POWER TRUST

National Censorship of Papers

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10—An undercover censorship of newspaper editorials and news matter, carried on through an interchange of reports and influence among state propaganda directors of the electric power interests, was disclosed in Federal Trade Commission records today.

The evidence consists of a number of letters sent by propaganda directors of the power trusts to the editors of different papers. One letter, from J. B. Sheridan, Missouri propagandist director, to a company manager in Missouri, reads:

"Many thanks for your favor of April 14 with that wonderful editorial from the Sedalia Democrat attached.

"I am glad that you were stimulated enough to put out such a marvelous editorial, and when that reaches 60 Wall Street (the H. L. Doherty Company offices) there ought to be something doing. Something like a 100 per cent in the salary of the manager of the City Light and Traction manager, together with a nice block of stock.

"I wish we could stimulate other editors in Missouri to write editorials like that."

FIGHT SHARK AGENCIES.

Because theatrical employment agencies have charged actors as high as 10 per cent. of their wages during the period of their contracts for securing jobs through them, the Actors' Equity Association has started a war against the agencies.

PLUMBER BOSSES FAIL TO SCARE YOUNG HELPERS

Must Resume Fight to Strengthen Union

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The officials of the United Association of Plumbers, Steamfitters and Gasfitters have been dodging all questions concerning the recognition of the American Association of Plumbers' Helpers.

The officials of the Plumbers' Local 463, of Manhattan and the Bronx, came out more openly, lately, against the plumbers' helpers helpers by saying, "We will do Their last statement is to scare the away with the helpers completely from the trade." Of course, we all know that such words are pure nonsense. It is only thrown at us in order to prevent us from organizing the plumbers' helpers into a union. Local 463 is supposed to be the mouthpiece of the 300 plumbers' locals all over the country.

Such a statement before the national convention of the United Association clearly indicates that the officials of Local 463 will fight against any attempt to admit the helpers into the United Association. This attitude towards the helpers clearly shows that they are not working in the interests of the plumbers but in the interests of the master plumbers' association, the members of which are the sole gainers of such a policy. The rank and file plumbers, themselves, know our reasons for fighting for recognition from the United Assocaition. However, it has never been brought to light.

We must again resume all efforts to combat pessimism in our ranks. Only through the American Association of Plumbers' Helpers can our aim be achieved.

—N.

4 Drowned, 27 Killed by Gas in F-14 Tragedy

POLA, Italy, Aug. 9. In the pocket of the uniform of Captain Wiel, commander of the submarine F-14, there was found today a brief note, written as he was in the last agonies of slow asphyxiation. It said:

"Poor mother, be strong, as mothers of—" and ended there, as if Wiel had not the strength to continue.

Four of the F-14's crew were drowned when it sank after colliding with a destroyer in the Adriatic, it was found today. Gas generated from the batteries killed the other 27 aboard. The tragedy occurred while the fascist submarine was engaged in militaristic maneuvers.

Rnssian Films Cast Magic Spell in Europe and America

I.

THOSE who have followed the development of the film industry in Soviet Russia the past five years and have noted the remarkable progress made, not only in the type of films, but in the direction, will find the following article by Ivan Narodny taken from the current issue of Musical America, both interesting and informative.

"Like the Russian music and the Russian drama of a decade or two age," says Narodny, "the Russian film is now casting an irresistable racial spell of attraction over the outside world. The Soviet motion picture is a tantalizing novelty to audiences in the Far East and America.

"This is a strange phenomenon at a time when the motion picture production of other countries is going through a crisis in which it seems in danger of losing its original attraction and when all kinds of additional devices, such as movietones, vitaphones, etc., are introduced in order to fill the theatre. Arthur James, veteran American film critic and editor of Motion Pictures Today, explains the situation as due to 'the raw Russian bear meat served in the barbaric splendors.'

"American and European audiences—apart from those of the Soviet republics have seen but a 'rem fraction of the vast variety of the latest Russian kinetic art, and thus jump at the hasty conclusion that it 'is all a propaganda stuff.' What they have seen of the Soviet films are 'Potemkin,' 'Ivan the Terrible,' 'The End of St. Petersburg' and 'The Station Master'—pictures that truly belong to the class of historic revolutionary plays. Such cinemas do not by means deserve to be called 'propaganda' films any more than Wagner's operas are propaganda for German nationalism or 'Aida' for Egyptian.

A Cultural Message.

"According to Soviet terminology, the above named pictures are called kulturfilms, which means, films with a cultural message. It is perhaps correct to call the preachy proletheistic pictures—according to the view that Communism is a religious cult. The ideas of propaganda is even taboo among the most devout Communists,' as the period of propaganda making is considered long passed.

"However, the so-called kulturfilm of the Soviet output is only a part of the total productions of the country, and the term is rather vague. First of all, the Soviet films are not produced by the central state concern in Moscow, but by several, all over the country. And besides, nearly all the different nationalistic states forming the federal union have their local motion picture studios, either maintained by the government or by a private company, supported by the state.

"Thus to my knowledge there are at least six or seven different local state film companies—goskinos—which all work in their own independent way, as for instance, the Georgian Goskino, the Ukranian Goskino, the Central Asian Goskino, the Chuvashkino, the Tartar Kino, etc. All those state film companies work very much like some municipal theatres, each in its own way and style.

Individual Liberty.

"The outstanding feature of the Soviet policy is to give each of the nationalistic state administrations liberty to manage its affairs in the spirit of its folk lore and racial traditions. Thus an Armenian goskino produces pictures in the spirit of Armenian traditions, and a Siberian goskino does it in the spirit of Siberian folk lore, etc. The Tartar goskino is at present at work in Mongolia on the production of a film called Genghis Khan, with one of the distant descendants of this historic Tartar ruler playing the heroic role, and natives cast for the Golden Horde.

"Some time ago a magnificent Central Asian motion picture was produced by the Central Asian State Film Company, Uzehekgoskino. This was called 'Kryty Furgon' (Covered Wagon), and showed the unknown life of different Central Asian natives. It was also a powerful drama conceived in a true racial spirit. To my judgment a far more powerful picture was 'Sar Pige' by Churashkino—dealing with one of the Tartar races inhabiting the plains between the Volga and the Ural rivers.

Depict Life of People.

"Pictures all depict the lives of the different nationalities which form part of the Soviet Federation: they are performed by local actors and managed by native stage and art directors.

(To Be Continued.)

JAILED AS STOWAWAY

SOUTHAMPTON, England, Aug. 9 (UP).—Miss Betty Simpson, 25, who gave her address as Ada, Okla., and said she was a newspaper reporter, was sentenced to four weeks' imprisonment at the police court today for stowing away on the liner Aquitania. It was said to be the girl's fourth voyage as a stowaway.

POLICE BREAK UP PASSAIC MEETING IN NEW CAMPAIGN

Arrest Chairman and Disperse 400

Police last night broke up an open air meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party, in Passaic, N. J. held for the purpose of furthing the election campaign of the party, and arrested N. Katz, chairman, after having brutally pushed him off the stand. Four hundred workers, gathered at the meeting place to hear the speakers, were dispersed when a squad of police arrived on the scene.

Katz was taken to the police station, charged with disorderly conduct, and released after a few minutes. He was ordered to appeal in Court this morning.

This was the first time that the police had broken up a meeting in Passaic for a long time. Up till four weeks ago, meetings had not been held in a Passaic, police censorship having been exerted on the workers ever since the great strike in 126. The last three meetings were not disturbed, but the police finally decided to "break them up once and for all," workers said.

N. Y. Stock Brokers Get Illegal Interest

(By United Press.)

Interest rates on time loans on the New York Stock Exchange went up to 6¼ per cent today, the highest rate quoted for time money in seven years.

Under New York laws any rate of interest on time loans over 6 per cent is illegal as usury. Conflict with the law was avoided by brokers offering 5 per cent interest and ¼ of one per cent as "commission" for their loans.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9 (UP).—One man was killed, two children were injured and twenty others were stunned when a bolt of lightning struck in the midst of a crowd of bathers in lake Michigan here today. The electrical display threw a crowd of 200 bathers into a panic as they ran for shelter.

PROTEST PRISON LABOR

BURLINGTON, Ia., Aug. 8. The members of the Trades and Labor Assembly here protest against the hiring of contract prison labor against which there has even been passed a law.

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Subject: "Do Radicals Pussyfoot on Sex?"

YES—Says V. F. CALVERTON
Editor of Modern Quarterly

NO—Says MICHAEL GOLD
Editor of New Masses

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SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
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with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

CAMEO 42nd & B'way NOW
ADOLPHE MENJOU in
"The Woman of Paris"
and "CALIGARI"
THE GERMAN FILM CLASSIC
with CONRAD VEIDT

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2. Support of the miners and textile workers' struggles.	2. Unemployment.
3. Recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.	3. Treachery of the labor bureaucracy.
4. A Labor Party.	4. Discrimination against Negroes.
5. For a Workers' and Farmers government.	5. Imperialist war.

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Tour speakers and organize mass meetings.

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National Election Campaign Committee

43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Solidarity of 4,500 Barbers Strikers Forces 760 Shops to Recognize Their Union

WORKERS STILL PICKET THOUGH SEVEN ARRESTED

Complete Unionization Is Goal

The strike of the International Union of Journeymen Barbers, called three days ago by locals 752 and 900 of the organization, had by yesterday succeeded in enforcing 760 shops in the borough of Manhattan that were non-union before the strike, to agree to recognize the union.

The capitulation of the 760 barber shops and their agreement to recognize the International Union of Journeymen Barbers was made possible by the whole-hearted support of the strike by the workers in Manhattan, who two days ago walked out 4,500 strong to force complete recognition of the union by all the non-union shops in New York.

The strike is to continue, according to statement given out at the union headquarters late yesterday, until all the shops in Manhattan are unionized.

Detectives Attack Pickets.

The strike, which has been on now for several days, got off to a sudden start when seven strikers, picketing before the non-union shops on East 83rd St. in an effort to induce fellow-workmen to join them in their strike, were arrested by detectives under the command of Detective Lieutenant John Broderick. They were charged with disorderly conduct, and with street-fighting. The arrested pickets, however, maintain that the fighting started when the detectives assaulted them as they waited to cross the street.

Strike on West Side.

A strike on the west side of Manhattan was forecast by Abraham Greenwald, manager of local 752 of the union, as soon as the east side of the city is unionized.

The strike is being carried on solely for the purpose of forcing all shops in the borough to recognize the union. Other demands will be taken up as soon as the present strike attains its successful completion, a statement at the union headquarters said.

ARRANGE PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

Today.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—In charge, Ross; speaker, John Sherman.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—In charge, Leftkowitz; speakers, Ben Lifshitz, Lipzin and L. Sobrin.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn—Baum, Maglicano, Herfeld, E. Koppel.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St.—In charge, Lyons; speakers, Moreau, Bentall, Edw. Welsh, Campbell and H. Schlachier.

Seventh St. and Ave. A—Taft, Lillienstein and Weitz.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Wright and Schalk.

Finnish Hall, 810 Union Hall St., Jamaica, L. I.—Rosemond, Padmore and LeRoy.

Tomorrow.

First Ave. and 79th St.—In charge, Lustig; speakers, Padkug, Magliacano and Lloyed.

Thirteenth Ave. and 42nd St., Brooklyn—In charge, Schwartzberg; speakers, Napoli, Shapiro, Donaldson, Chalupski and M. Pizer.

West New York, N. J.—Marshall.

Poughkeepsie—Markoff.

116th St. and First Ave.—Schachtman and Cudkind (special meting).

Perty Amboy—Powers.

Sport Also Made to Serve Imperialist Schemes

Charged with professionalism, William Tilden, tennis star, was refused permission to play on the American Davis Cup team. However, Ambassador Herrick, the American envoy in Paris, interceded for him and the professionalism was somehow forgotten. It was said that the tennis team fosters international "good will." Tilden is shown above th third from the left.

YANKS AND ATHLETICS BOTH WIN TO KEEP PACE

By UNITED PRESS.

The New York Yankees and Philadelphia athletics kept pace with each other in the American League pennant race Thursday, but the St. Louis Cardinals slipped a notch in the National League chase by losing to the Pittsburgh Pirates, 1927 champions.

Although idle, the New York Giants gained a half game on the Cardinals, leaving the St. Louis club only 4 games ahead.

Fred Heimach, rookie southpaw from St. Paul, made his debut with the New York Yankees in an impressive manner, holding the Boston Red Sox to four hits and fanning eight men as the World Champions won, 7 to 1. The Yanks knocked Ed Morris out of the box in the sixth inning, scoring all seven runs in that frame.

Al Simmons' home run with the bases filled in the sixth inning broke up a pitching duel between Braxton and Ehmke, the Athletics beating the Senators, 8 to 3. Ehmke held the Senators hitless until the sixth when Rice got an infield hit.

YESTERDAY'S SCORES.

American League.
New York 7, Boston 1.

National League.
Philadelphia 8, Washington 3.
Pittsburgh 5, St. Louis 4.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 9 (UP).—American swimmers smashed three records early in today's Olympic events.

George Kojac, New York Boys' Club, won the 100 meters backstroke final in 1:08 1-5, a new world's record.

The men's 800-meter relay team set a new Alympic record of 9:38 8-10 in the first heat of trials in that event.

The women's relay team smashed the Olympic record for the 400-meter contest twice. The team won the first heat of the trials in 4:55 3-5, and then broke that record in the finals to win in 4:47 3-5.

(By United Press)

Seventy-five aspirants to the heavyweight title vacated by Gene Tunney will compete in Rickard's newest elimination tournament, the promoter announced today.

The tournament may open September 6 with a contest between Napoleon Jack Doral, Jack Kearns' former protege, and Knute Hansen, the Wisconsin Dane who flattened Phil Scott in one round.

MANY WIN 5 DAY WEEK.

PORTLAND, Ore., Aug. 9.—Painters, bricklayers and electrical workers have the five day week here.

LABOR 'LEADER' LANDS IN JAIL

'Tootsie' Earns Nearly $4,000 a Week

Labor leader as a side line, leader of gangster crew for a bosses' association as his main vocation, Arthur Herbert, better known as "Tootsie," was hailed into court yesterday charged with violating the Sherman anti-trust law. He denied the charge.

For being a labor faker, a truck drivers' union which he had organized and of which he was the head, paid him $125 a week. For terrorizing retail poultry dealers and forcing them to submit to the dictates of the large wholesalers, "Tootsie" received, it is estimated $3,800 per week.

"Tootsie" was employed by the Poultry Chamber of Commerce, an organization composed of practically all the wholesale poultry dealers in the New York area.

It was "Tootsie's" business to make sure that none of the retail dealers strayed from their assigned parentage. Working with him, "Tootsie" had a young army of gangsters, it is charged.

Other arrests are expected to follow.

But—you don't expect anyone making $4,000 a week and useful to the bosses to go to jail, do you?

Ghost of Jugend Club Wakes to Donate $100

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 9.—The ghost of the famous Jugend Club came to life today, when the treasury of the disbanded organization was donated in its entirety to the National Miners Relief Committee.

The club was organized in 1921, but the membership scattered to every corner of the earth, until in 1926, the club was finally dissolved.

One hundred dollars has remained in the treasury since then. The executive committee and the board of trustees communicated from distant parts of the country, and decided to turn over the fund to the relief committee, to help feed the hungry miners' families.

TRY UNION BREAKING.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8.—The Miami Chamber of Commerce has at heart the interests of smashing unions, it is evidenced in its willingness to provide labor at half the union scale for a hosiery concern here and also to give it a free building site.

DRIVE ON HACK MEN CONTINUES

Tammany Cop Makes False Arrest

Continued terrorization of taxi drivers by the Tammany police is reported from various sections of the city as the drive launched by the big fleeters in the attempt to eliminate twenty thousand private drivers continues. In this campaign the big bosses are known to have the complete support of the Tammany police department, the traffic courts and the hack bureau. Bronx, who was hailed to court for passing a light where none existed. When called before Magistrate Ewald, Wishnetsky asked for an adjournment. He explained that he did not have enough money with him to pay his fine in case he should be found guilty.

"I will not give you an adjournment," the magistrate stated, and, according to the taxi driver, threatened: "I'll lock you up and put you under bail if you say any more."

Wishnetsky says that $2, which he had shown to the clerk, in the presence of the magistrate, in nickels and dimes, was taken from him, although he had not pleaded guilty, no sentence had been imposed and no testimony taken.

Two Polish Fascist Flyers Go to Paris

LISBON, Aug. 9 (UP).—Majs. Louis Idzikowski and Casimir Kubala, Polish aviators, left by train for Paris today with engineers who had gone from France to examine the engine of their plane, in which they were forced to turn back in mid-ocean from a trans-Atlantic flight.

FIND MISSING CLERK'S CAR.

CORNING, N. Y., Aug. 8 (UP).—Search for Merle Hunt, missing clerk of the Town of Corning, was widened today as the result of the finding of his abandoned car in Elmira last night.

TO TAKE MOVIES AT I. L. D. OUTING HERE TOMORROW

Expect Thousands at Big Affair

Continued from Page One

An appeal has been issued by Rose Baron, secretary of the New York section of the I. L. D. to all workers to attend the outing en masse.

Support Outing

"Now more than ever," the appeal states, "it is necessary for all workers to support to the utmost the organization which fights for them against the attacks of the capialist courts. The International Labor Defense outing tomorrow will furnish funds which we need at once for our important work. The Mooney-Billings campaign must be launched on a huge scale in New York and the many cases now in the hands of the I. L. D., in which workers are being threatened with jail, deportation and other devices of capitalist 'justice,' must be fought to a successful conclusion. For all this work immediate funds are necessary.

"And funds are needed—large funds—in order to make the Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial Meeting which the I. L. D. is arranging in Union Square Aug. 22 at 5 p. m., a huge demonstration of working class solidarity and protest at the murder of our two comrades.

All Out!

"Workers, the I. L. D. outing offers an opportunity for every worker to enjoy himself and strike a blow at the legal instruments of the capitalist class at the same time. Let the slogan be: every militant at the I. L. D. outing!"

Tickets for the affair are 35 cents and are on sale at the office of the I. L. D., 799 Broadway, room 422, and at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

Eight Injured When Motor Stage Crashes

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Aug. 8, (UP). Eight persons were injured when a New York to Pittsburgh motor stage, descending a steep grade, failed to make a sharp turn and crashed on the Lincoln Highway near here today.

Six passengers and the driver suffered cuts and bruises. None was taken to a hospital.

The accident was due to a dense fog, which prevented the driver keeping the road, it was said.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Branch 6.

Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathizers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zsencer in charge of the campaign of that district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

• • •

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

• • •

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday afternoon, August 18, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

• • •

Workers School Sport Hike.

All comrades have been invited to attend the Workers School Sports Club on its overnight hike to be held tomorrow. Those attending the hike will meet at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square at 7 p. m. promptly. Bring lunch, bathing suit and light blanket or [illegible].

• • •

Downtown Open-Air Meet.

The first open-air meeting on the Election campaign under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League downtown, will be held this evening at 59th St. and Columbus Circle. The speakers will be Max Schachtman, Max Helfand, Marie Duke and Leo Richman.

• • •

Interracial Comaraderie.

The Harlem unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold a cameraderie-excursion on Sunday, Aug 12 to City Island. All members and friends will meet at 10 a. m. at the headquarters, 143 E. 103rd St. Everyone is invited to come along.

Unit 2FD, Subsection 2C.

Unit 2FD Subsection 2C of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must attend.

• • •

Jersey Functionaries Meet.

A meeting of all New Jersey speakers, organizers, and agitprop directors of units and locals of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League will be held Saturday at 3 p. m. at 23 Mercer St., Newark, N. J. The purpose of the meeting will be to form a New Jersey Sub-District Speakers Bureau. D. Benjamin, district agit-prop director, will lead a discussion on the republican and democratic platforms.

• • •

Bronx Y. W. L. Open Air Meet.

The McKinley Square unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an open-air meeting tonight at 8:30 p. m. corner Wilkins and Intervale Aves., the Bronx. Speakers will be H. Stone, E. Epstein and S. Daniels.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held at Pleasant Bay Park Saturday, Aug. 11, at 12 noon under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park subway or "L" to 177th St. Take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

• • •

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

• • •

Gold-Calverton Debate.

Michael Gold, editor of the "New Masses" and V. F. Calverton, editor of the "Modern Quarterly" will debate on the subject: "Do Radicals Pussyfoot on Sex?" this evening August 10, at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St. Calverton will take the affirmative and Gold the negative. Proceeds will go to the New Masses."

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Sports Clubs Meeting.

A special meeting of all Workers Sports Clubs will be held today at 8:15 p. m. at the Progressive Hall, 15 West 126th St. Preparations for the Labor Sports Union National Athletic Meet will be made at the meeting.

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Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

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Workers Gymnastic Club.

The Workers Gymnastic and Sports Club, Forward of Manhattan, will meet tonight from 8 to 10 p. m. at the Checko Slovak Workers House, 437 E. 72nd St.

WORKERS PARTY IN CALIFORNIA TO HOLD MEET

Will Nominate State Candidates

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—The State Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held at 1212 Market St., San Francisco, on Sunday. Delegates from all over the state of California will participate in this important convention, at which a state political platform will be adopted, state candidates nominated and a determined effort launched to place Foster and Gitlow, the Communist candidates for president and vice-president, on the California ballot.

Owing to the peculiar election laws of the state of California, drawn up for the purpose of preventing independent working class expression, it is extremely difficult for the Communist Party to get on the ballot. Yet if the Party mobilizes all its strength and works energetically it will be possible to have Foster and Gitlow on the ballot in California.

The State Nominating Convention of the Workers Party will be the opening gun in the political campaign. From that time until the election, November 6, the entire Party strength will be thrown into the struggle here to point out to the workers why they should support the Communist candidates and no longer the ruinous policy of the trade union bureaucracy of voting for the candidates of the capitalist parties.

Another Big Salary Job for Lindbergh

Col. Charles A. Lindbergh has been selected as special adviser of a new full-flight laboratory which will be established by the Daniel Guggenheim Fund for the Promotion of Aeronautics to study the problems of flying through fog.

The position is said to involve an attractive salary.

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

International Outing
TO AID CLASS WAR PRISONERS AND THEIR FAMILIES
Saturday, August 11, 1928
Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx

ATHLETICS—JAZZ BAND—OPEN AIR DANCING—GAMES—TORCH LIGHT PARADE—MASS SCENE—REFRESHMENTS

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ADMISSION 35 Cents

Auspices: International Labor Defense New York Section

DIRECTIONS: Take Bronx Park Subway or L to 177th St., then take Union Port Car to end of line. Free busses to park

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THE BIGGEST EVENT OF THE YEAR

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor.............WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Al Smith's "Roosevelt" Alibi.

"And just as Theodore Roosevelt had to sue an obscure editor in Michigan for libel in order to destroy the slander that he was a drunkard, so Alfred E. Smith has had to challenge Dr. Straton in order to deal with the charge that he is the champion of all the vices."

—N. Y. World.

Excellent!

Al Smith's challenge to the Reverend John Roach Straton is precisely an imitation of Theodore Roosevelt's famous "6-cent libel suit" against the editor of a Michigan small-town paper—and it is precisely the same kind of monumental fraud.

One of the jokes of future historians will be the famous incident when Theodore Roosevelt "proved" in the Michigan court that he was "not a drinking man," that, in fact, he "never took a drink" except—if we remember right, under the sternest orders of a doctor.

Why is this sort of buncombe worth mentioning? Only because such incidents show in a lightly dramatic way how utterly and completely, even ridiculously, the organs of law and the press are used to put over any sort of idiotic lie that may necessary at any particular moment be for the collective benefit of the ruling class. The ideological superstructure of the capitalist society is built upon and conforms to the economic structure; the capitalist class owns the machinery of production, the machinery of law, the machinery of the press and the machinery of the pulpit, and the schools—and the prevailing "public opinion" is shaped according to the needs of the ruling class.

When Roosevelt put over the farce of getting a verdict from court to the effect that he was not a drunkard, every newspaper editor and every other informed person knew that the whole affair was a screaming theatrical comedy upheld by the blandest and nerviest sort of "gentlemen's perjury."

And now it is evident that Al Smith's advisors are pulling, as the World indicates, the same sort of stunt. There is no one in his senses that does not know that Al Smith is a product of the crookedest political organization ever known in American history. Tammany Hall is an institution the life's blood of which is drawn from its successful organization of the trade of prostitution, the organization of "rake-off" on the wages of miserable streetwalkers, the systematization of police-graft in sums of millions of dollars from gambling houses, the police-licensing of crime in general, including the gentle art of professional gunmen, the high development of election frauds, the million-dollar swindles of city contracts given to Tammany contractors, and last but not by any means least, by the selling of public privileges to the giant corporations of New York.

No one is fool enough to think that Al Smith, who has spent his entire life "working up" in Tammany Hall, and who is now its graduate leader, is ignorant or innocent of this filthy institution of crime.

But now Al Smith's managers have found the way to manufacture a "public opinion" to the contrary. It is an ingenious method. Al, like most of the Tammany politicians, is a Roman Catholic. Vaguely in the minds of millions of Babbits, there is an association between these two facts: Tammany and Rome.

It is not accidental that the clownish, preacher, fundamentalist Baptist preacher, John Roach Straton, becomes the spokesman for the view that Smith is "the deadliest foe in America today of the forces of moral progress and true wisdom." Straton's words are an accurate expression of the reaction of hundreds of thousands of small-town petty bourgeois to the fact that Smith is a product of the political sewers of New York.

Therefore it is a stroke of genius that led Al's advisors to shove him into a **protestant church**, to speak **from the pulpit**, to deny the Baptist preacher's accusation.

Madison Square Garden would not do.

No, sir. Only a church. A **protestant** church. And from the **pulpit**. And it must be a Baptist church—a **fundamentalist** Baptist church.

The psychological effect of it upon the soft minds of the millions of Babbits will be to bridge the mystic gulf that exists in their minds between the strange and terrible thing of Rome and the nice and "Beautiful" thing, the intellectual decay that is called American protestantism.

The capitalist newspapers will do the rest.

They will lie like hell. In fact both the republican and democratic papers alike would consider it "bad form" not to uphold the idiotic farce.

The working class should be made to understand these theatricals. They are shams—plays put on the stage for the purpose of deluding the masses. Straton, the miserable peddler of Middle-Age superstitution, and Smith, the sly adventurer who uses equally his connection with Tammany gutter of crime and the Roman church (also a political institution)—these two are equally enemies of the working class.

Join your own class movement, build your own revolutionary culture, and fight the vermin of capitalism, of whatever sort.

Vote Communist.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

The petitions to put the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in Kentucky are now in circulation. Six more new members have been signed up for the Party by our organizer, Comrade Judson. Not one of the six is a colonel. It used to be difficult to pick your way thru the tall grasses of Kentucky without stepping on a military title, and colonel was the big favorite. Perhaps the Kentuckians are running out of tall hats and mustaches. Without these scenic effects no respectable colonel can flourish.

• • •

Comrade Judson intends to hop into Tennessee after getting the work of circulating petitions going in Kentucky. Tennessee! Seems we have heard the name before. It does not take a graduate of a memory-training school to remember the famous monkey trial at Dayton a few years ago. Tennessee is famous for something else. It is the home and business address of "Major" George L. Berry, chief strikebreaker of the printing pressmen's union and now head of Al Smith's campaign labor bureau. With the Communist candidates on the ballot in Tennessee the workers and poor farmers who neither believe in capitalism nor the rib-theory of creation will have an opportunity to say so with a cross.

• • •

Orders for National Platforms are coming in thick and fast. The Nutmeg State (Connecticut) is doing well. Here are two letters, one from Norwalk and another from New Haven. James V. Doyle sends for one copy, and Anton Kratofil sends for ten. Keep the programs moving, comrades. The printers are ready for another edition.

• • •

Our $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund is not being neglected. Dollars keep coming from all over the country. A poor farmer from Rose Lake, Idaho, sends his mite. Two dollars can send twenty National Platforms out on the road doing a lot of mischief for capitalism.

• • •

Pat Devine reports progress in the securing of signatures to place the presidential and state candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot. Two thousand signatures are required for presidential electors, senatorial and gubernatorial candidates. Congressional candidates need 500 each. October 6th is the deadline for filing petitions. "We will have our quota long before then," writes Pat. It would be just like Pat to collect a few extra names and save them for an emergency. He is of Scotch descent, you know.

• • •

Hugo Oehler has Stanley Clark's speaking tour mapped out, and the only thing Clark has to do is to draw a long breath, step into his flivver and step on the gas. Speaking comes as easy to Clark as collecting money to a deacon. Let's hope Stanley does a little collecting, too. There is nothing that brings an audience closer to a speaker and his cause than a generous contribution. Clark will cover the states of Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Iowa, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, Wyoming, Wisconsin and Utah. He will speak in the mining fields in the industrial sections, and in the agricultural regions.

• • •

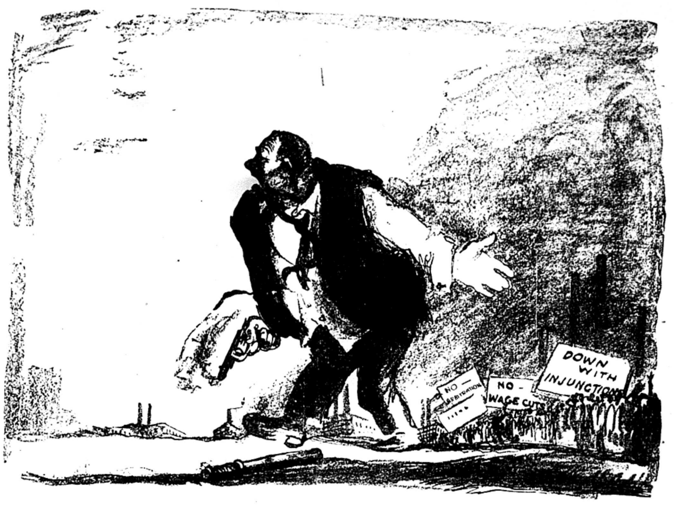
Comrade B. H. Lauderdale reports that the Hod Carriers' Union in Cisco, Texas, contributed $18 to the Communist Campaign Fund. "The socialist party put H. M. McConlies of Cisco on the ballot without his consent," he writes. "McConlies is out of sympathy with the socialist policy, and bought a copy of the National Platform and subscribed to the United Farmer which supports the Communist policy. The democratic executive committee sent out instructions to all election boards to bar Negro voters in the July 28 primary election. The courts upheld this ruling. Negro voters presenting themselves at the polls have been universally barred. I visited an influential Negro in Cisco (who with several others was turned away from the voting booths) and presented our program and he was impressed. I made some good contacts with presidents and members of the Cisco Marketing Association and am invited to their Saturday meeting." That's the stuff!

• • •

As a parting shot, comrades, don't forget that the raising of the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund is the first point on our agenda. Solicit contributions. Checks and money orders should be made payable to Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

"WHAT CAN YOU DO WITH A BUNCH LIKE THAT?"

By Fred Ellis



The Bosses' gunmen are having a hard time strikebreaking, these days.

"Conquer the City Streets!"

By MOISSAYE J. OLGIN

"We Have Full Right to Unlimited Freedom; Our Exploiters Have No Rights."

July 3. Police attack on the anti-imperialist pickets in Wall Street. Placards torn. Robert Minor dragged down from an automobile. Eight arrests. Five days' jail sentence.

July 9. Police attack on an open air Communist meeting in Detroit. Three young workers arrested. Beaten up at the police station. Kept incommunicado for two days.

July 14. Police attack on an anti-fascist demonstration in front of the Italian consul in New York. Placards torn. Demonstrators shoved about.

July 16. Samuel Herman, young Communist of Waukegan, Ill., informed that he will be tried by federal authorities for "inciting to riot," his crime having been participation in the textile strike in Kenosha.

July 19. Police attack New Bedford pickets. Strikers sentenced to from one to five months for "disturbing the peace" and "obstructing the police." Pinto, picket leader, sentenced to five months in jail.

July 19. Police attack a campaign meeting of Workers' (Communist) Party in Philadelphia. Five of the speakers arrested. Charged with disorderly conduct.

July 20. Kenosha, Wis. Police attack and break up open air meeting of the workers' (Communist) Party and the Young Workers' (Communist) League. Two comrades arrested.

July 23. A large force of police makes a violent onslaught on a picket in New Bedford, smashing the lines, arresting six, and brutally beating up Emmanuel Mario for protecting a woman striker.

July 24. Four strikers of the Fruit and Dairy Clerks Union beaten up and arrested in New York.

July 25. Guerrilla and police attack on left wing fur workers in the streets of New York.

July 25. Four members of the Young Workers' (Communist) League arrested at Camp Devens, Mass., for distributing copies of the "Young Worker" to the members of the Citizens' Military Training Camp.

July 26, 27, 28 etc., Aug. 1, 2, 3, 4, etc.—New outrages in New Bedford . . .

fronted by the strongest imperialist state power in the world? Are we not fighting the strongest finance capital state trust on earth?

The theory is correct. But Marxism teaches us that historic events are no purely mechanical processes:

"Historic events do not take place outside human will; on the contrary, they occur through the will of human beings, through the class struggle, if we deal with a class society. The will of a class is always determined by concrete circumstances; in this respect it is by no means 'free'. The will itself, however, is a factor determining historic processes. If we do away with human deeds, with the struggle of classes, etc., we do away with the historic process as a whole." (N. Bucharin, "World Economy and Imperialism." p. 127).*

The number of cases is legion.

Every day workers' gatherings are being illegally broken up by the police, workers illegally arrested, sentences imposed on trumped up charges like "disorderly conduct" or "inciting to riot." Every day someone of our comrades is arrested somewhere. These attacks have become our daily bread.

• • •

It seems to me that we do not protest vigorously enough against police and court crimes. It seems to me we are not even sufficiently aroused by all these brutal assaults.

We are too theoretical, too abstract. We almost consider it natural that the hand of imperialist Wall Street should interfere with everyone of our steps. We see so clearly the power of Wall Street behind those "law and order" indignities, that we, perhaps unconsciously, assume that it could not be otherwise. For are we not con-

Wall Street is the consolidated power of the most centralized and concentrated capital. Wall Street is a class organization that must fight its historic foe, the working class. This "must," however, is different from the one manifested in nature. When classes "must," it is a matter of will, and wills can be influenced by human actions.

Wall Street, of course, must attack the left wing of the labor movement, but Wall Street is not an inanimate apparatus. If we were more alive, more animated with protest sentiments, more aggressive, more agile in face of the enemy, there would be barriers to the will of Wall Street.

Wall Street is stronger than we are. We are not yet a large party. Strength in public life, however, is not measured by numbers alone. We are strong in our position as the vanguard of the working class. We are strong in our unity, discipline, cohesion. We have a definite program, and definite revolutionary tactics, which are in themselves a power. We must throw all the power that we can muster on the scales of the struggle, telling Wall Street outright: "We shall fight against the continuation of these crimes."

To put it bluntly, we must become permeated with the live feeling that it is criminal to attack us. We must not think that it is "natural" when imperialist agents trample under foot our most elementary civic rights. We must also feel personally outraged, everyone of us, whenever such an assault occurs. We must imbue the masses that are under our influence with the same burning indignation. We must remember that it is altogether unnatural that imperialism rules our land. We must not be abstract. All these very concrete and very specific encroachments upon us must meet with an instant readiness to return blow for blow.

And we must move more quickly. It is not only a question of our own party. It is a question that touches the broadest masses of the working class. We deal here with elementary problems that can be understood by everyone. We can mobilize not only the Communists, but we can unite large numbers of workers who hate police "law," and loath judicial "order." We can arouse thousands upon thousands.

To take an example I see no reason why we should not come in throngs to the City Hall, demanding that police terror be stopped. I see no reason why we should not march through the streets with placards reading, "Down with Police Brutalities!", "Down with the Arrests of Strikers and Pickets!" I see no reason why we should not picket the residence of "our" smiling Smith and other dignataries to demand punishment for police and judges committing crimes against the workers, of course, we must not repeat socialist imbecilities: we must not beg; we must refer less to "the glorious American tradition" and more to our proletarian class interests. One thing, however, we must remember under all circumstances: this is our own land; everything in it must be ours; we have full right to the most unlimited freedom, whereas our exploiters have no right to anything because they are exploiters.

Let us become permeated by this conviction; let it become part of our mental makeup—and the enemy will feel it, and this alone will be an important social factor.

We are entering an election campaign. It is to be a militant campaign. It is to be a means of enlightening and organizing the masses. We will not spread parliamentary illusions. What we will do is to spread among the masses fundamental knowledge as the nature of the state as an instrument of class domination. What we will do is to organize the workers for struggle. It would be a lesson to the masses and the proper accentuation of our Communist campaign, if we were to start a broadside against police attacks and court knavery.

We must conquer the streets of the cities for our class struggle!

We must become genuinely convinced that the streets are ours.

We must make this a political mass fight.

---

* Quoted from the Russian original. A translation will shortly be issued by International Publishers.

Anniversary of Sacco-Vanzetti Murder

By ROSE BARON
(Secretary, N. Y. Section, International Labor Defense.)

"Twelve Months Since Wave of Proletarian Anger Electrified the Masses."

August 22!

This memorable day in 1928 marks the first anniversary of the murder of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti. Yes, it is twelve months since a wave of proletarian anger and horror electrified the masses throughout the world. It is one year since New York policemen mounted on armoured motorcycles tore through the singing and weeping masses on Union Square outside the Freiheit Building as the bulletins announced the deaths of our comrades. It is a year since the state of Massachusetts acting for the capitalist class in America flung the lifeless bodies of Sacco and Vanzetti into the waiting arms of the working class, as a warning that henceforth fighters for the workers must expect a like fate.

Mass Murders.

The year passed quickly. In that year the workers of America have realized the bitter truth of a grim anti-labor, wage-cutting, black reactionary campaign instituted by the open shoppers who clamored for the lives of the rebel shoemaker and fish peddler. The death of Sacco and Vanzetti was but a prelude to a hellish symphony of mass murder and oppression in Colorado, Pennsylvania, Ohio and now in New Bedford.

During the fight to save Sacco and Vanzetti from the claws of the Massachusetts mill-barons, the International Labor Defense was charged with carrying on too intense and vigorous a fight to save the two workers in Charlestown prison. Liberals and socialists insisted that mass demonstrations would "anger" those in whose hands the fate of Sacco and Vanzetti rested. Only soft words would save them, they said. We who were old in the class struggle knew the full significance of the master class strategy in Boston. It was nothing new to us. It tallied with the tactics during the murder of the Haymarket victims,—it was the same method used prior to every judicial class murder. The same cloak of "impartiality"—the same effort at "anglo-saxon fair play"—the same series of complicated legal moves all calculated to lull the workers into a false sense of security and drowsiness.

But history has vindicated us. Sacco and Vanzetti were martyred on the altar of the capitalist gods. The black reaction did set in. The open-shoppers did go on a rampage of lockouts and wage cuts. Anglo-saxon fair play and "decency" rewarded our right-wing friends and liberals with the charred bodies of Sacco and Vanzetti.

One year has passed. A year of bitter class struggle in which it was easy to forget the past in the heat of the battle. In a few days August 22, that memorable date, will be upon us.

On this day the New York Section of the International Labor Defense has made arrangements for a monster mass memorial meeting which will be held in Union Square, (Red Square) at 5 p. m. Invitations have been sent to many unions asking that they participate in this expression of sorrow for the death of our comrades Sacco and Vanzetti and anger and hatred against the infamous frame-up system which it made possible for these two valiant workers to be murdered.

It is the duty of every militant worker to be on Union Square at 5 p. m. on August 22nd. It is Wednesday, a work day, on your way home from your offices and shops and factories make your presence swell the ranks of New York's militant labor. Make a resolution now that you will be there and that your comrades and fellow workers will come along also.

It is not in a spirit of sickly sentimentality that we will gather to honor the memory of Sacco and Vanzetti on August 22, but rather to open the fight to release the prisoners of the class struggle who are still in America's prisons. Mooney and Billings are still in jail. Hundreds of miners are in jail as a result of their heroic fight against the coal barons in Pennsylvania and Ohio. Only the other day 225 textile workers were sent to jail in New Bedford. Now that Fall River has come to the aid of New Bedford in this tremendous struggle, we may expect new victims.

Workers, let us make the demonstration on August 22 an historic event. Let this demonstration equal the colossal, surging meetings which New York saw last August.

Remember Sacco and Vanzetti and smash the frame-up system!

Told You So

THE anniversary of the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti is approaching and hundreds of memorial demonstrations and mass meetings will be held all over the United States under the auspices of International Labor Defense. The murder of those two labor leaders was as ghastly a crime as the American ruling class ever dared commit. Had the American trade movement not been headed by a gang of corrupt capitalistically-minded bureaucrats, the Massachusetts governor would have never signalled the executioner to turn on the switch. As it was, only the radicals made any serious effort to save them from death.

• • •

BUT for the radicals Tom Mooney would have been burned up in the electric chair twelve years ago. Yet you hear so much balderdash about "bonafide" labor leaders. Their bonafides consist of doing the bidding of the capitalists, except on the rare occasions when the capitalists are so bull-headed that they don't know what's good for them.

• • •

George N. Peek, chairman of the Cornbelt Committee intends to have something else besides corn under his belt after the election campaign is over. He made the amazing discovery that Al Smith is strong for the farmers. Yes, for the farmers' vote. Al agreed "in principle" with the equalization fee feature of the McNary-Haugen farm relief bill while talking things over with Mr. Peek. But no sooner had Peek bought his ticket for home, than Al repudiated the equalization fee. Which should not disturb Peek, who evidently talked cold turkey for the Peek family while conversing with the democratic nominee. This is good capitalist politics.

The House Campaign Investigating Committee is reported to be spurring itself into activity and keeping a watchful eye on campaign expenditures. We would like to give those innocent fellows a friendly warning and dangle before their eyes the fate of senator James A. Reed of Missouri who built his campaign for the democratic nomination on his slush fund quiz. The culprits he exposed were never more prosperous and they won hands down at the polls but poor Jim was laughed out of Houston and was not even nominated for the job of White House janitor. There is no crime greater than poverty.

• • •

When New York policemen are not successfully shooting innocent bystanders they are hanging up new records in marksmanship by drilling holes in their own anatomies. This is certainly a shot in the right direction. If there is any wild shooting to be done there is no reason why the shots should not find lodgement in the cushioned softness of a policeman's person. Patrolman Patrick Abberton, was chasing eight men in an automobile who were guiltless of wrong doing, and as if providence wished to put the cop wise, Patrick leaded his leg, to the great relief of the pursued.

• • •

A CHICAGO judge is held for murder and nineteen other trifling breaches of the peace from kidnaping to stuffing ballot boxes. He is a member of mayor Thompson's "America First" organization. The judge and his father controlled a ward which they held by divine right supported by an army of gunmen. But finally the opposition raised more money than the Crowe-Thompson machine and now it appears that what is true in presidential election is going to be proven true in municipal politics. The biggest money bag will win.

• • •

THE political game in Chicago is going thru the process of rationalization. Tammany Hall showed the way. In the days of Boss Tweed and down to recently Tammany was a hissing and a byeword in the mouths of the respectable plutocrats. Mayflower multimillionaires and liberal reformers scowled or shuddered at a mention of the name. But an Al came to judgment and by the time he got thru with his fumigating Tammany was pure enough to become a candidate for the White House and the Tammany today waves in the breezes of Wall and Broad Streets. Grafting in Chicago politics continued to remain on a deplorable low level. Big Business apparently has awakened to a sense of civic responsibility. Economy in government and more efficiency in the exploitation of the workers! This is the new watchword in Chicago.

Tom O'Flaherty

TAG DAYS TO AID CHINESE TRADE UNIONS TODAY AND SUNDAY

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 11, 1928

500 OHIO STEEL MILL WORKERS ON STRIKE IN CANTON

Mill Committee Leads Men in the Struggle Against Corporation

Fight Against Wage Cut; Bosses' Treacherous Proposals Turned Down

CANTON, Ohio., Aug. 10.—Demanding recognition of their Mill Committee, six dollars for an eight-hour day, and the removal of Superintendent Seldon, their autocratic boss, 400 chippers and 100 grinders of the Central Alloy Steel Corporation have walked out on strike here.

The original strike action was taken Monday night with the walk-out of the first groups of workers from the steel mills. Announcement that wages were to be slashed from six dollars a day to $4.40 spread like wildfire thru the mills and the walk-out was followed immediately by the formation of a Mill Committee in the Central Alloy plant and the statement of demands by the strikers.

Demands Made.

Six dollars for an eight-hour day and the firing of the superintendent, Seldon, were the first demands issued by the newly organized committee.

Alarmed officials of the Alloy Corporation succeeded in procuring the arrests of four workers distributing hand-bills calling out the Canton Central Steel and the Massillon Steel mill workers. Cases of all four men were continued until next Wednesday.

Officials of the Central Alloy Steel Corporation, which is one unit of a merger comprising the Canton Central Steel Company and Massillon Steel, have offered to split the difference between the wages of the alloy workers and those of the steel workers of the two other companies.

Detecting in the offer an attempt to reduce the wages of workers in all the mills, the strikers of the Central Alloy Steel, under the leadership of their Mill Commmittee have turned down the steel company's proposal.

Plans for spreading the strike are being rapidly developed by the Alloy Steel Mill Committee whose leaders declare that the spirit of the men is firm. They predict that the workers in the other plants will follow the alloy strikers in their walk-out.

TO HOLD LABOR SPORTS MEETING

A call to all affiliated, as well as non-affiliated organizations, for the second national convention of the Labor Sports Union of America was issued last night by the National Arrangements Committee of the organization, thru its secretary, Paul Cline.

The convention will be held Aug. 27-28 at Progressive Hall, 15 W. 126th St., following the Second Annual Olympics o fthe Labor Sports Union, to be held Aug. 25-26 at Wingate Field.

The call follows in part:

"A year and a half has now passed since the organization of the Labor Sports Union. In this comparatively short time the Labor Sports Union has mad egreat progress, having secured the affiliation of 67 workers' athletic clubs, comprising over 5,000 members. In New York, Chicago and Detroit, district organizations have been established. The basis for other district organizations has been laid in

Continued on Page Four

MANY FIRED AT DE LAVAL PLANT

(By a Worker Correspondent)

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y. (By Mail)—since the last letter I wrote appeared in the Daily Worker, a general tightening-up and intensification of the spy-system in the De Laval Separator Company plant has taken place. More workers have been fired by the company officials, who are beginning to fear the influence of the Daily Worker on the slaves working in the plant.

The class-conscious workers here are beginning an active drive among all the workers here in the factory for the purpose of awakening them to the absolute necessity of a strong, fighting union. In this task, we are aided immensely by the

Continued on Page Three

800 COAL DIGGERS STRIKE DESPITE LEWIS OFFICIALS

Company Fails to Live Up to Agreement

NOKOMIS, Ill., Aug. 10 (UP).—Six hundred miners, working at Mine No. 10, were on strike today although local union officials opposed the walk out. The men contended trip riders were not receiving the extra 75 cents a day paid to motormen for overtime work.

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(Special to the Daily Worker)

NOKOMIS, Ill., Aug. 10.—Nearly eight hundred miners fo Mine No. 10 went out on strike here against the pressure of the officials of the Lewis - Fishwick machine who sought frantically to keep them at work.

Wage slashes and failure of the company to live up to its agreements caused the walk out.

MARINE PLANES FOR NICARAGUA

Fliers in Preparation Flight for War

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (UP).—Four marine flyers took off here today in a tri-motored transport plane for a test flight to St. Louis, Mo., preparatory to leaving on a one-stop flight to Nicaragua.

Lieut. Frank Schilt, in command of the plane, was forced to return to the naval air station after his first takeoff because of engine trouble, but left again soon after repairs were made.

It was announced sometime ago that Schilt would fly the trimotored transport plane to Managua, Nicaragua, with a stop at Miami. It will be the sixth marine transport plane to be sent there.

The tests preliminary to the take-off for Managua are believed to have been ordered as a result of the crash of the last marine plane sent to Nicaragua, which took the lives of three men.

'SOCIALISTS' ARE FOR IMPERIALISM

Colonials Demonstrate Against Congress

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

BRUSSELS, Aug. 10.—The plenary session of the congress of the Socialist 2nd International opened yesterday and Marie Juchacoz reported on the fifth point on the agenda, "Report and Resolution on the Women's Conference."

The resolution read contains no word against the punishment of voluntary abortions afflicted on working women in many countries because the British, American, Dutch and Scandinavian delegations were opposed to it.

The speaker regretted that the resolution against war mobilization was not unanimously adopted. A French woman delegate had declared herself in favor of Paul Boncour's military law in france.

Fredereich Adler then spoke on the sixth agenda point, "Alterations in the Statutes." The alterations referred to the times for holding conferences and the prevention of relations with revolutionary organizations. The alterations were adopted.

Roosbroeck, financial secretary, then made a financial report. Roosbroeck said practically nothing about finances, mentioning no figures, but he used his time attack-

Continued on Page Two

Murdered by Kuomintang War Lords

One of the labor leaders in Honan tortured and then shot by the blood-thirsty Kuomintang war lords. Honan worker and peasant troops have succeeded in driving out the war lords from many sections of the province. Workers of the United States must help the workers and peasant of China in their struggle against the Kuomintang and its imperialist masters.

FOSTER TO START ON NATIONAL TOUR SOON

William Z. Foster, presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, will soon start out on a speaking tour that will bring the message of the class struggle and the program of Communism into every corner of the United States.

Foster starts out on his Red Campaign on the second day of September with a meeting in New Haven, Conn. He will finish his tour with a mass meeting in New York City on November 4.

To Expose Capitalist Parties.

The Communist presidential nominee, as one of the leading exponents of Communism in the United States, will demonstrate to the workers and exploited farmers the folly of supporting the democratic and republican parties, the big parties of Wall Stret, or the socialist party, the party of pink liberalism and the peanutstand businessman.

Foster will base his expose of the role of the capitalist parties on the National Platform which brands those parties and their candidates as instruments of American imperialism and the natural enemies of the workers, poor farmers and agricultural proletariat.

Foster, who led the great steel strike that brought 400,000 slaves out of the mills of the United States Steel and other corporations, will speak in the heart of the coal region where a great strike raged for over twelve months, a strike that was eventually lost because of the treachery of John L. Lewis. Foster will also speak to the striking textile workers of New England, who

Continued on Page Three

STRIKERS ROUSED AT BOY'S DEATH

Pioneers Condemn Fall River Police

FALL RIVER, Mass. Aug. 10.—Further substatiation of charges against police in the drowning of Johnny Madieros, six year old strikers child, were made by witnesses in the hearing yesterday.

Testimony brought out the information that the mounted policeman who ran the terrified boy into the water, did so because he thought the young six year old had thrown a stone at his mount when he was breaking up the picket demonstration last Tuesday.

Thousands thruout the country are sending messages of condolence to the parents of the boy expressing horrified condemnation of Fall River police brutality.

The father, a Textile Mill Committee picket captain, made a public declaration announcing that his loss will not deter him from continuing the fight against the mill bosses. Thousands of workers here are out on a strike against a ten per cent wage cut.

Strikers' childrens' organizations are planning mass memorial meetings. There will also be a children's division of marchers in the mass funeral being planned.

The Young Pioneers of America, a Communist childrens' organization issued the following statement on the death of the boy.

"Six year-old Johnny Madeiros has been murdered! Brave little Johnny, fighting side by side with his father on the picket line, so that the textile workers' may build their Union, so that they all may have a little more to eat and may live a little better! Murdered by the textile barons and their agents, the

Continued on Page Three

MINER KILLED AT WORK

STAUNTON, Ill., Aug. 10.—Stanley Mekula, 47, was killed while at work in the No. 2 Mine of the Mt. Olive and Staunton Coal Company when he was caught beneath a fall of slate. A widow and four children survive him.

NEW CLOAK UNION RALLIES MASSES

Twenty-two months of terrific exploitation in the cloak and dress manufacturing shops of the city, is responsible for the deep-rooted enthusiasm being manifested by the masses of workers in the trade, toward the drive of the left wing to build up a new cloak and dressmakers union here. This spirit, gathering headway each moment, is exhibited by the increasing successes registered by the drive to organize the open shops now being carried on by the Joint Board of the Inter-

Continued on Page Two

NEW ANTI-PICKET UKASE IN HUGE BEDFORD STRIKE

Only 3 Pickets to Mill, Police Order

NEW BEDFORD, Aug. 10.—Seven pickets were arrested this evening when police attempted to break up the picket lines at the north and south ends. Those arrested included Dawson and Marianna Botelho, picket captains.

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NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 10.—Executing another change of tactics, the police of this city announced today that no more than three striking textile workers will be permitted to picket the gates of a mill. The reply of the Textile Mill Committees to this latest dictatorial measure of the bosses was the same defiant one as when the police declared "more than 25 pickets are illegal." Mass picket lines will be continued, strikers say.

Leaders Jailed Again.

Repressive measures of the mill-owned city government are increasing daily as not a single striker shows any inclination to walk into the yawning gates of the empty mills. This morning, Jack Rubenstein, T. M. C. organizer; Eulalie Mendez, secretary of the T. M. C. Textile Workers Union, and Casmire Lamieras were arrested while leading the lines of pickets. They were later fined $20 by the strike-breaking Judge Milliken in the district court.

Walter Langshaw, president of the Dartmouth Mills, which did not enforce a wage cut and was not struck, issued a statement yesterday admitting that the members of the employers' association were not justified in cutting wages. Although the statement of a compet-

Continued on Page Three

CHINA TAG DAY TO BEGIN TODAY

Thousands of Workers to Participate

That the Chinese Relief Tag Days to-day and tomorrow will be the biggest ever held in this city, was indicated last night when the number of collection boxes distributed by the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions reached the 3,000 mark.

Trade unionists of this city are responding wholeheartedly to the urgent call of their Chinese brothers and sisters for immediate help in their fight against the united front of the Kuomintang reactionaries and the imperialist powers. Thousands of young workers, women, and children are among the volunteers who will start out this morning from 27 stations in all sections of the city with collection boxes and arm bands reading: "Help the Starving Chinese Workers; Demand the Right of Existence for the Chinese Trade Unions."

Chinese Workers In Struggle

"The workers of China are fighting with renewed vigor now," stated Y. Y. Shu, secretary of the New York Worker-Peasant Alliance at the office of the Tag Day Committee yesterday. "The quick response to their call for aid by the workers thruout the world has given them new courage and determination. The workers of Germany, France, England, and Soviet Russia have already sent hundreds of thousands of dollars. They are confident that the American workers will take this

Continued on Page Two

WIN $200 INCREASE

MIDDLETOWN, O., Aug. 10.—Members of Local 324 of the Steam and Operating Engineers Union, working at the water works here, have won a raise of $200 yearly.

BUKHARIN ASKS WORLD CONGRESS TO ADOPT DRAFT PROGRAM OF COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL; POINTS TO WAR PERIL

N. BUKHARIN

Great Marxist Document Will Be Rallying Point for Workers and Peasants of World

Growth of Soviet Union and Chinese Revolution Vital Features of Present Situation

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 10.—"The draft program of the Communist International represents for the first time a real international strategic document of the proletariat."

With these words Nikolai Bukharin, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Communist International characterized the program which he declares will be the rallying banner for thousands of workers and peasants throughout the world. His speech was delivered before the twenty-fourth session of the World Congress of the Communist International which opened here yesterday under the chairmanship of Thaelmann, of Germany.

Guide to Struggle.

Bukharin declared that the program of the International is the program of proletarian dictatorship, and serves as a sign post to immediate revolutionary struggles.

The first documents of revolutionary Marxism, such as the Communist Manifesto are still valid today, the speaker declared, but our program contains differences born of the present. Then Communism was propagandistic, today Communism is an active world army with an aim in immediate view. The dictartorship of the proletariat exists in what was formerly the Tsarist empire.

First Strategic Document.

The present draft program is long and this is necessary in order to deal with all sides of the situation. Our program represents for the first time a real international strategic document of the proletariat. The program commission was forced to make changes in the Fifth Congress draft because the world situation had altered in the meantime. These alterations are chiefly: the new imperialist groupings; the Chinese Revolution and the progress and new experience of the Soviet Union.

At the time of the Fifth Congress, fascism was only beginning. Since then the social democratic parties have gone through a new stage of development and the functions of the trade unions have altered. Tactical questions, as for example the united front, are today different. different.

Marxism Is Basis

The program is an open approval of dialectical materialism. We stand on a basis of orthodox revolutionary Marxism and our method is dialectical materialism. We propagate the Marxian lessons concerning the collapse of capitalism and the world revolution. The urgency of the present situation has compelled us to analyze it concretely.

We speak of the existing world economic system, the contradictions of imperialism and the crisis of capitalism not abstractly but concretely. We interpret our theory.

3 Types of Countries

The program states concretely of final aims, transformation periods, the strategy and tactics of the Communist parties. The program differentiates between three types of countries: highly developed capitalist countries, moderately developed capitalist countries and finally colonial and semi-colonial countries.

The special characteristic of the program is the section dealing with the Soviet Union and colonial questions. The program deals also with the question of the relations of the world proletariat with the world peasantry. The program differentiates between countries where capitalism is strongly developed and those where it is not. In the former, the question of the hegemony of the proletariat is ripe.

The Chinese Revolution is developing from a bourgeois to a proletarian revolution. On the colonial question, we must stress more sharply Lenin's thesis concerning the avoidance of the capitalist stage of society. Despite its parasitic tendencies, capitalism is still capable of powerful technical progress, but will collapse through the great contradictions which lie in its own de-

Continued on Page Three

MINE LEADERS ISSUE APPEAL

Seek Funds for Coming Convention

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 10.—Emphasizing the importance of the coming convention for a new mine union, the National Arrangements Committee has issued an appeal to workers to make possible the holding of the meeting by contributing for the carfare of delegates, expenses for a hall and other necessary costs.

"From all parts of the country miners and workers of other industries are responding to the call of the committee," the statement declares. "However, the money is not arriving fast enough to meet the urgent needs of the preconvention campaign."

Donations have been received as follows, the statement reports:

"Oakland, Calif., Touristen Verein, $30; Women's Auxiliary, Slickville, Pa., $35; Joe Silagy, Rivesville, W.

Continued on Page Three

LOCAL 3 WILL STICK TO FIGHT

Electrical Workers to Start Again

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Broach won a hollow "victory" at Thursday night's meeting of the Electrical Workers' Union when he pushed over his list of amendments to the by-laws of Local 3. Broach may claim that the men passed his amendments, but over four thousand workers, one of the largest meetings of the local ever held, have learned something about the ways of our little labor faker which was worth more than all the talk and propaganda possible.

A Necessary Lesson.

Almost the whole union membership was present. Before the meeting, in spite of the considerable propaganda which has been carried on against the Broach machine methods, most of the membership was still uncertain of the true character of the machine. This meeting was a perfect object lesson. Broach thought he was doing something very clever, no doubt, but from now on it will be clear to five thousand workers that it is Broach against the rank and file.

A motion to raise the dues to $21 per quarter was pushed over through a trick of first offering

Continued on Page Two

Nanking War Lords Hold 17 USSR Citizens

PEKING, Aug. 10.—In spite of the appeal of the Soviet government that the seventeen Soviet citizens and diplomatic officials who were arrested when the Manchurian war lord Chang Tso-lin raided the Soviet Union Embassy in March, 1927, the Nanking regime has refused to release them.

They have been in prison ever since the provocating raid had taken place a year ago. According to the Chinese civil code no prisoner can be held without charge for more than three months.

CUBA RECOGNIZES NANKING REGIME

Action is Taken ;U. S. Controlled Fort

NANKING, China, Aug. 10.—An official announcement was made here today that the Cuban government had formally recognized the Nanking regime.

Since it is generally believed that the Cuban government would not have given de jure recognition without the approval of the United States government, the move is taken as indicative of United States formal recognition soon.

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British Agreement.

NANKING, Aug. 10.—An agreement was signed here today between representatives of the British and Nanking governments settling the Nanking incident of March, 1927 and other agreement was signed by both governments providing for negotiations on treaty revision.

No details have been released, but it is understood that the same terms were procured by the British representatives as by the American.

TROOPS TO BACK JAPANESE NOTE

Will Add Forces In Manchuria

TOKIO, Aug. 10.—As Baron Hayashi, special envoy of the Japanese goverment is waiting for a conference with the Manchurian war lord Chang Hseuh-liang, son of Chang Tso-lin to induce him to follow Japan's advise in the proposed alliance with the Nanking regime, the Japanese government, it is generally understood here, is preparing to send more troops into Manchuria.

Premier Tanaka is unequivical in his decision that Japanese interests" in Manchuria must be "protected."

After the envoy to Manchuria succeeds in getting as interview with Chang Hseuh-liang, who refuses to grant it on the ground that he is sick, he will leave for Nanking where he is expected to confer with the Kuomintang war lords.

2 SHIPS IN COLLISION.

BOSTON, Aug. 10 (UPP).—The excursion steamer Nantasket and the two-masted fisherman Isabelle Parker collided in Boston Harbor today. Both vessels were badly damaged, but were beached at Gallups Island with the aid of the quarantine boat Waterhouse.

EXPECT THOUSANDS AT BIG I.L.D. OUTING TODAY

Drive to Free Mooney, Billings to Be Launched at Pleasant Bay Park Affair

Thousands of workers will throng to Pleasant Bay Park today to attend one of the banner proletarian social events of the year, the big outing of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense.

The outing will start at 12 noon with a steady stream of activities lasting far into the night. Games and sports of all sorts will be played, there will be a torchlight parade in which many working class organizations will take part, a lively jazz band will play the latest dance hits so that all those who want to can take part in open-air dancing, and many other numbers will be included in an elaborate program.

Mass Scene.

The two chief features of the day will be the mass scene and the taking of movies of the outing. In the mass scene every one of the several thousand workers present will take part, thus forming one of the largest mass spectacles ever staged in this country. The scene wil symbolize in a vivid manner the fight of the militant workers of this country to free their comrades who have been thrown into jail for their devotion to the working class.

The taking of movies will be a unique feature of the outing. All the activities of the affair, showing workers at play, will be screened and later shown in various parts of the country.

To Launch Mooney Drive.

The I. L. D. outing today, which is an annual celebration of the left-wing movement, will furnish funds that will be used to aid class war victims and their families. The affair will have an additional significance in that it will officially launch an intensive, city-wide campaign that the I. L. D. will conduct to free Mooney and Billings.

Tickets for the outing are 35 cents and are on sale at the office of the I. L. D., 799 Broadway, Room 422, and at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square. Pleasant Bay Park can be reached by taking the Bronx Park subway or "L" to 177th St. and from there the Union Port car. Free busses will run to the park.

Workers Party Exposes Tammany Hand Behind Brutal Attack on Astoria Meeting

CHARGES POLICE COMPLICITY IN LEGION RIOTING

Cops Arrest Speaker; Hoodlums Free

"Tammany Hall, through its control of the city administration, is directly responsible for the brutal assault on the speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party last Thursday at Steinway and Jamaica Aves., Astoria, and the break-up of the meeting by rowdy elements in open connivance with the local police," it is charged in a statement issued by the Workers (Communist) Party.

"In spite of the fact that ample notice of the meeting had been previously given to the police," the statement continues, "and in spite of the fact that disturbances at previous meetings from the same sources forecasted trouble at the meeting on Thursday evening, not a policeman was in sight. It was evident from the outset that the entire attack was carefully planned, down to the last detail, including precautions against police interference. Instead of preserving order at the meeting, instead of arresting the disturbers, the police officer arrested the speaker who had a legal right to speak, thus giving clear evidence of his collusion with the rowdies of Tammany Hall.

"The workers of New York will not be fooled by the lable, 'Veterans of Foreign Wars' which these elements have assumed. The thousands of unemployed and wounded veterans, those who are in the shops and mills receiving as the fruit of the last war to 'make the world safe for democracy,' wage cuts, speed-up and increased exploitation, know that this organization does not speak in their name. On the contrary, we have grounds to believe that the entire attack was planned and premeditated by the democratic organization of Astoria.

"In this particular instance, the American Legion has assumed the role of the Fascist blackahirts of Italy, seeking by the use of terrorism to prevent the exposure of the graft and corruption of Tammany Hall in Queens. The workers will be intimidated as little by such methods in New York as they were by the terrorism of legionaires in Centralia. Our meetings will continue with the full support of the workers of Astoria.

"The entire incident is no surprise. It is in complete accord with the policy of Tammany Hall in the last strikes of the teamsters, traction workers and furriers. Police brutality, interference with workers' meetings, these are no strangers to the sidewalks of New York and the workers will understand from the entire occurrence that Tammany Hall holds in prospect for the workers the same rule of terror which the republican rule in Pennsylvania and New Bedford holds out to the miners and textile workers."

PARTY SCORES BOSS OFFICER

Fails in Attempt to Break Meeting

Police failed in their attempt to break up an open-air meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party on Thursday evening. The meeting was held in the stronghold of Tammany, at 59th St. and Columbus Circle.

A policeman insisted on a permit and was "angered" when told that a permit was not necessary since the Party members who were conducting the meeting had informed the police precinct of the fact that a meeting would be held. Although the name of the officer who was informed of the meeting, McFarlane, was told the officer in question at his request, he yet demanded, to the surprise of the audience as well as to that of the Party members, to bring McFarlane there. In the meantime 50 copies of the Daily Worker were distributed.

The Party speakers decided to go to another corner to have their meeting, after the young duped hoodlums of Tammany gave the speakers some trouble.

$1,500,000 GRAFT IN TAMMANY PROBE

The long drawn-out graft inquiry in the Tammany Street Cleaning Department finally disclosed yesterday from the records of Commissioner James A Higgins, that over $1,500,000 has been lost through graft and waste during the last year in this department alone.

This was only a conservative estimate of the huge amounts that have been squandered through official Tammany corruption. In gasoline alone, over $500,000 were found to have "disappeared," Higgins admitted.

Worker Buried 13 Feet Under In Excavation Cave-In

Edward Haeth, a worker, was buried fourteen feet deep when the walls of a cesspool which he was excavating gave way and the debris and sand came rushing down. The tragedy occurred at 184-17 Jamaica Ave., Hollis, L. I.

BIG CAP, MILLINER MEETING MONDAY

Distributes Circular; Loses Job

Desperate efforts are being made by the reactionary officialdom of the Cloth Hat Cap and Millinery Workers Union to prevent the masses of workers in the industry from attending the big mass anti-injunction protest meeting being called for Monday evening in Webster Hall, 11 St. and Third Ave. by the Cap and Millinery section of the Trade Union Educational League.

Sam Beerum, wilely known left winger, was taken off the job yesterday and told by the right wing organizer Herschwitz to appear before the executive board to face charges of assisting in an "illegal" meeting.

In spite of Beerum's protests that as a member he is guaranteed the constitutional rights of being notified by letter of charges and not stopped from work in the middle of the day, was unavailing. Herschkowitz and the employer sent him out of the factory despite his further statement that he is ready to appear before the board at any time after legal notification. He is to appear Monday.

The meeting is called to protest against the policy of the socialist officialdom in applying to capitalist courts for injunctions against the legally elected officers of Boston Local 7. President Zaritsky is doing this in order to smash the militant Capmakers union there.

The circular distributed by Beerum, for which he lost his job, declares in part:

"COME TO PROTEST against the application for an injunction to the Massachusetts courts—the murderers of Sacco and Vanzetti—against the militant workers who refuse to recognize Zaritsky's company-union in Boston.

"COME TO PROTEST against the union-smashing policy of the General Executive Board, by which Sigman, Shiplakoff and McGrady smashed the unions of cloakmakers, dressmakers and furriers.

"Down with the injunctions! Down with the union-smashing activities of the injunction-president Zaritsky! Down with Zaritsky's betrayal of the Chicago strike against piece-work!"

40 WORKERS HURT IN TRAIN CRASH

Thrown From Seats in Head-On Collision

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 10 (UP).—Two interurban cars, loaded with home-going workers, met in a head-on collision here late today. Nearly 40 persons were bruised and cut in the crash, but none was seriously injured, officials of the company said.

The crash occurred on a sharp curve on a trestle south of the city. The front ends of both cars were telescoped and passengers were thrown from their seats.

Motormen of both cars said the signals gave them the right of way.

10 Killed Near Malay Island Quake Scene

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 10 (UP).—Ten persons were killed and many slightly injured in three villages along the coast of Flores Island in the Dutch East Indies which were damaged in the volcanic eruption on Paloeweh Island, a dispatch from Batavia said today.

Despatches yesterday reported that 1,000 persons were killed and 600 injured when the volcano destroyed six villages on Paloeweh Island.

10 Killed in Storm in East Indies; Many Hurt

BATAVIA, Dutch East Indies, Aug. 10 (UP).—Ten persons were killed and many injured when three villages along the coast of the Island of Flores were struck by storms which followed the volcanic eruption which took a toll of 1,000 persons on the Island of Paloeweh last Saturday, according to further reports of the disaster received here today.

Roktinda Mountain, the center of the disastrous eruption, is still pouring out great quantities of smoke and five commercial vessels are piled on the coast of the island, where they were swept by the tidal wave which followed the eruption, it is said.

'SOCIALISTS' ARE FOR IMPERIALISM

Colonials Demonstrate Against Congress

Continued from Page One

ing, amidst the applause of the delegates, mass organizations, such as the Workers International Relief, the League Against Imperialism, etc.

Wibaut of Holland then reported on behalf of the economic commission concerning the post-war economic situation and working-class policy. The only speaker in discussion was Brailsford of Great Britain who demanded control of banks and currency by workers through the League of Nations. Wibaut agreed and the resolution was adopted.

In the afternoon session Paul Faure demanded in the name of the French delegation the evacuation of the Rhine section. Discussion took place on point 4 of the agenda. Kuypers of Holland demanded a fight for the eight-hour day. Mortens of Belgium proposed cooperation of the Second and Amsterdam Internationals with the same end in view.

Lord Oliver then presented a resolution on point three of the agenda. The resolution is little different from the infamous draft of the Colonial Commission of June 2 and 3. substitutes "self-determination" for "self-government" and speaks of "Indian peoples" instead of "the Indian people". Self-determination is also demanded for the Philippines, Corea and Anam.

The debate took place under the chairmanship of Seitz, the Austrian. [illegible] of Madagascar thanked the International for work on behalf of the colonial people.

Cramer of Holland said the Communists were right in the idea that capitalism could be dealt its fatal blow i nthe colonies. The Second International, he said, must therefore appoint a permanent colonial commission and call a colonial conference in order to compete with the League Against Imperialism.

The resolution was adopted in the absence of the entire British delegation.

At the close of the session, Chinese, Indians and Indonesians in the public gallery demonstrated energetically against imperialism and against the decisions of the congress on the colonial question.

A joint protest declaration was sent to the International executive. A special memorandum against the colonial resolution is bein worked out. The Chinese Workers Union in France and the Chinese Student Union in Europe addressed a joint protest to the executive and an appeal against the terror of the Kuomintang.

In today's session Crispien gave the credentials report which showed that 446 delegates present included 40 women. A discussion on the political situation then followed without producing anything important.

JINGO TO DEDICATE AIR PORT.

CANASTOTA, N.Y., Aug. 10 (UP). Work on the local air port has been completed and a date for its dedication will soon be definite. Major general Oryan, Commander of the 27th Division in the World War, has promised to speak at the dedication.

LOCAL 3 WILL STICK TO FIGHT

Electrical Workers to Start Again

Continued from Page One

motions for $21 and $23. Broach's henchmen were scattered throughout the hall and had carefully prepared speeches which they tried vainly to put across in an attempt to raise the dues to $24.

For the first time since Broach has been in New York he met with decided defeat.

The Little Caesar was furious. He jumped from his seat like a wildcat and threatened the membership. He warned us that he still knows how to get all the money he needs. He would send his business agents to all the jobs, he threatened, and force each man to part with a day's pay. A man is free not to pay, he added sarcastically. This means, as everyone well understood, that anyone who refuses to pay will lose his job.

Usual Camouflage.

Broach continued his attacks on the Communists in order to camouflage the real issues. Jacob Solomon, one of the machine henchmen, also tried to attack the Communists, but was met with hissing and booing. Disorder was evident throughout the whole meeting. Solomon appealed to the older members and gave a pathetic acocunt of the sufferings, strikes and hardships in the past. He said nothing about the suffering, unemployment and need at present. Everybody grinned when he referred to his own great honesty.

Sixty per cent of the members left the meeting in disgust after the dues deal was put over. This was a mistake; they should have stayed and fought against the machine. Empty meetings is just what the labor fakers want.

One of Broach's henchmen sent him a note to reconsider the dues question, but Broach did not dare try again for the $24 amount because he knew that the membership had his "number."

Steam Roller.

Election of business manager for three years, meetings to be held twice a month, elimination of the financial report, fines for the membership, all were railroaded through to the disgust of the workers.

But Broach received a taste of workers' mass power. It is true that we did not handle ourselves properly in the meeting. We should have got up openly and fought against the machine. Four thousand rank and file members are stronger than a few paid henchmen. Maybe it is because we have not yet learned how to deal with such fakers as Broach. But certainly the members learned a lot from last Thursday's meeting.

One last word, brothers, STICK TO THE FIGHT! Don't be a quitter. Maybe some of you will feel like saying, "Oh, what's the use, the machine has the gang and the control of the jobs." But our situation is no different than that of a thousand others in which the workers have won out against the bosses and their agents in the union, the labor misleaders.

* * *

(EDITORIAL NOTE:—The Daily Worker will publish regularly news accounts and articles dealing with the important struggles of the electrical workers. Workers are invited to send in their correspondence. Their names will be kept in confidence. Spelling and English will be corrected, if necessary.)

Soviet Icebreaker in New Search for Crew of Fascist Dirigible

MOSCOW, Aug. 10 (UP).—The Russian ice-breaker Sedoff is now attempting to reach Alexander Island in an attempt to find a suitable place for airplanes to take off to search for members of the Italia crew who are so far unaccounted, it was stated here today.

MINERS' WIVES BEAR BABIES IN FLIMSY HOVELS

In Extreme Need of Medical Aid

AVELLA, Pa., Aug. 10. An epidemic of babies is expected in the barracks and tent colony in the outskirts of Avella. Mrs. Mary Groves is expecting her eighth baby, Mrs. Andy Barro her sixth, Mrs. Fred Siders her third, all within the next few weeks.

In tents supplied by the National Miners' Relief Committee serving as the "maternity ward," many infants have already arrived. The greatest problem facing the women of Avella, is how to secure doctors' aid. Throughout the strike fields, destitute miners' families are refused medical help unless money is paid in advance. Another problem is getting clothes for the new infants—as well as the other children who run about barefoot, in remnants of old dresses. How to stretch the food sent by the National Miners Relief Committee to feed all the hungry mouths for a whole week is a constant problem.

Berry Patch Guarded.

When the children tried to supplement the meager fare by picking berries from the patches on the outskirts of the tent colony, armed guards were on hand to chase them away. "This is company property," their parents were warned, "and you know what we can do to anybody who trespasses."

But the immediate problem, the problem which is alarmingly urgent to the Avella women, is the raising of enough money to furnish doctors' care. Every penny received by the National Miners Relief Committee is used to buy food—flour, potatoes and milk for the children.

Mothers Appeal.

Special donation must be sent to the relief headquarters within the next few days to insure this extremely necessary care for the strikers' wives. They have endured the hardship of living in tents or barracks, sometime not eating anything for days, during many long months. But now, these mothers send an urgent call to women in other cities to come to their aid by sending what they can spare to the relief headquarters, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Do not fail us now, is their plea.

ARMY SUPPORTS PRES. CALLES

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 10.—Many messages are reported to have been received by President Calles from his army generals, asserting their loyalty to the president. Observers here comment on the general state of peace and the apparent unity of the Obregonista party.

Vatican Renews Attacks.

ROME, Aug. 10.—The Observatore Romano, the semi-official organ of the Roman Catholic Church, has again launched into attacks against President Calles of Mexico, and has attempted to shift the responsibility of the assassination of Obregon upon Calles.

Its article is directed especially against the labor elements in the Calles cabinet, holding them responsible for the suppression of the clergy, and the investigation of Toral, which led to the revelation that the clergy were directly involved in the Obregon case.

MINER BADLY INJURED

JOHNSTON CITY, Ill., Aug. 10.—Bert Wilson, miner at the Black Briar Mine, was seriously hurt while at work when a piece of iron struck him in the face and crushed his cheek.

"MORE FOOD" IS CALL OF TEXTILE WORKERS

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 10. A committee representing the Workers International Relief of Brockton, Mass., headed by Henry R. Gage, secretary, visited the W. I. R. office here yesterday and pledged to send a truck-load of 750 pounds of bread every week. They also promised to obtain leather to be used in repairing the shoes of the strikers and members of their families.

The bread will be baked every Monday night and be sent to New Bedford every Tuesday morning, Gage announced. The leather will be secured with the assistance of the shoe workers of Brockton, it being one of the leading shoe manufacturing centers in the country.

Manuel Pincheiro and Joao Salgnerio, workers of Hartford, Conn., yesterday sent in a money order of $20.25 to be used to feed the strikers and their wives and children. The two workers write that the money was collected among the men who are working with them in digging ditches in the streets of Hartford.

One of the most active of those supporting the strikers is John M. Pacheo, who donates 20 pounds of bread daily and occasionally gives a larger amount. Yesterday he sent the relief kitchens 200 pounds of bread and promises to keep up the good work.

All contributions should be sent to the Workers International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

GREAT COSTUME CARNIVAL AUG. 19

National Dress at Big "Daily" Affair

The first proletarian outdoor costume carnival ever held in this country will take place Sunday, Aug. 19, when the great International Costume Carnival of the Daily Worker will be held at Pleasant Bay Park.

This unusual event will bring together thousands of workers of many nationalities who will wear the national dress of their countries, producing a spectacle unrivalled for colorfulness.

Russian costumes are expected to dominate, both those worn during czarist times and more modern costumes that have come in since the revolution. A Russian hour will also be one of the features of the carnival, during which tea will be served in samovars and a Russian accordion orchestra will play many well-known folk-songs.

Tickets for the International Costume Carnival are already on sale at 35 cents each and can be bought at the office of the Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square.

REFORMIST INT'L URGES WAR PACT

BRUSSELS, Belgium, Aug. 10.—The congress of the second (reformist) international today endorsed a manifesto approving of the Kellogg "peace treaties" as a measure for the "absolute renunciation of war."

The manifesto calls for the support of Kellogg and the Kellogg treaties.

* * *

To Strengthen European Bloc.

PARIS, August 10.—The placing of the Kellogg anti-war treaty before the League of Nations which will guarantee its discussion in the September meeting, has led to the general belief here that no basic changes will be made in the League treaties by the introduction of the Kellogg pact.

The capitalist newspapers in general look cynically upon the pact as far as its power to outlaw war goes. They are very doubtful as to its practical value, they think that "morally" it is "a good thing."

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

NEW CLOAK UNION RALLIES MASSES

Entire Shops Change to N. O. C. Books

Continued from Page One

national Organization Committee.

The rank and file organization Committee of 500, set up in New York several weks ago on entering an open shop for organization purposes, are heartily greeted by the employees in the factory, who declare that they have been waiting for the call to organization. Over fifty shops organized in two weeks, a large number of these having been organized since the big Bronx Stadium meeting, is the record hung up by the Committee of 500.

Underworld organization committees of the right wing scab union, costing Sigman literally thousands of dollars, are being driven from the shops they visit by the irate workers.

The Joint Board, which is the New York body of the National Organizational Committee, flood the working areas with literature calling for mass participation in the fight to build a new and clean union controlled by the workers. This new form of struggle against the bosses and their socialist agents meets with a response ever reaching predictions of the most optimistic among the left wing leaders.

The Italian branch of the Joint Board carried thru a highly successful meeting that crowded the lower hall in union headquarters, 16 W. 21st St., last night. E. Oswaldo, organizer for the N. O. C. and Charles S. Zimmerman, organization head told of plans being carried out to organize the thousands of Italian workers in the trade.

Speaking of the elections planned for the new organization a leaflet distributed yesterday announces:

"Elections for offiicers of your union will be carried thru in the near future under the supervision of the Council of Shop Delegates. A convention of elected representatives of the workers will be held soon-after, where a definite plan of organization and a constitution will be worked out for a national union of ladies garment workers, which will everywhere take up the struggle against the open shop, against the sweat-shop system and against the intolerable conditions under which the workers of our industry are compelled to labor."

TO COLLECT FOR CHINESE TRADE UNIONS TODAY

Thousands of Workers to Participate

Continued from Page One

opportunity to render real aid to their Chinese brothers and strike a blow against U. S. Imperialism which is taking the lead in supporting the Kuomintang reactionaries. International solidarity of the working class is the weapon needed by the workers of China to help them defeat the onslaught of the Kuomingtang murderers and the imperialist robbers."

Workers of all nationalities are rallying to the urgent call of the All-China Federation of Labor Unions. Together with American workers, Hungarians, Finns, Cecho-Slovaks, Greeks, Spaniards, Ukrainians, Latin Americans, Japanese and Chinese are among the volunteers for the Tag Days. A united front of the workers is being formed to render real aid to the Chinese proletariat.

Stations Throughout City.

The stations where workers can procure collection boxes for the tag days follow:

Downtown stations are: Jt. Board of the Furriers, 22 East 22nd St.; Jt. Board of I. L. G. W. U., 16 West 21st St.; Progressive Workers Club, 60 St. Mark's Place; Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square; Progressive Workers Club, 101 West 27th St.; Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions, 96 Fifth Ave.

Uptown stations are: Hungarian Workers' Club, 350 East 81st St.; Harlem Progressive Club, 143 East 103rd St.; Finnish Workers' Club, 15 West 126th St.; Czecho-Slovak Workers' Home, 347 East 72nd St.; Unity Co-operative House, 1800 7th Ave., N. Y. C.; Negro Labor Congress, 200 West 135th St.

Bronx Stations.

Bronx stations are: Bronx Progressive Club, 2075 Clinton Ave.; United Workers' Co-operative, 2700 Bronx Park East; Jewish Workers' Club, 1472 Boston Road; Bronx Workers' Club, 715 East 138th St.

Stations in Brooklyn are: Finnish Workers' Home, 764 40th St.; 1940 Benson Ave.

Brownsville stations are: 154 Watkins St.

Boxes may be had in Williamsburg at 29 Graham Ave., or 46 Ten Eyck St.

Coney Island, 2901 Mermaid Ave. Brighton, 227 Brighton Beach.

Report Big Tropical Storms in Carribean

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (UP).—A tropical disturbance of considerable intensity attended by gales was reported by the weather bureau today to be centered about 250 miles southwest of Jamaica and moving west-northwest.

Caution was advised for vessels in the region of Jamaica and south of Eastern Cuba in the next 24 hours.

DAILY WORKER

International Costume Carnival

SUNDAY, AUGUST 19—PLEASANT BAY PARK

GAMES — OPEN AIR

Dancing--Sports

ATHLETIC EXHIBITIONS

ADMISSION, 35c

Tickets Now For Sale at Daily Worker Office, 26-28 Union Sq.

WORKERS

Spends Your Vacations and Week-Ends at

Unity Camp

WHERE PROLETARIANS REST

ROWING — SWIMMING — EATS — DRINKS

. . . .

UNITY CAMP

Has All Modern Conveniences and Improvements

Unity Busses Leave Every Day From 110th St. and 7th Ave.

Monday .... 9:00 a. m.
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday .... 1:30 p. m.
Friday .... 6:30 p. m.
Saturday .... 1:30 p. m.
Sunday .... 8:30 a. m.

For Registration
Apply to Main Office
1800 17th Ave., Cor. 110th St.
Phones: Monument 0111
Monument 0827

Directions: By train from 110th St. and 7th Ave. Take train from Grand Central or 125th St. to Wingdale and from there our machine to camp. When you come to Wingdale, Call Wingdale 10F12.

British Mass Troops, Airplanes and Tanks at Irak Frontier for War on Arabia

SEIZURE OF OIL PIPELINE ROUTE SEEN AS MOTIVE

End Conference With Ibn Sand

CAIRO, Egypt, Aug. 10.—War between the British government and the Arabian kingdom of the Hedjaz loomed yesterday with the British revealing an unexpected armament strength on the Mesopotamian frontier.

Three battalions of British troops from the army in India, four airplane squadrons, one fighter squadron and seven armored car sections are reported concentrated on the Irak line under command of the British vice-marshal, Sir Edward Ellington.

This armament is ostensibly to subdue Ibn Saud, king of the Hedjaz, whose conversations with the British envoy, Sir Gilbert Clayton, have broken down in the Red Sea port of Jeddah.

Relief is entertained here, however, that the purpose of the sudden mobilization is not so much to protect the British Mesopotamia protectorate, whose king, Feisal Ibn Saud, has threatened to overthrow, as to secure a direct pipeline route for oil from the Mosul fields clear to the Persian Gulf.

Many Workers Fired at De Laval Plant

Continued from Page One

fact that the Daily Worker prints the news which we send about conditions in the factory.

Fire Young Worker.

Recently a young worker, about 18 years of age, was fired because he dared to ask a legitimate question of the faker O'Brien, who now is definitely known to have been hired by the De Laval Company. A fact which was not known to me when I wrote my last letter, namely that the signs announcing the O'Brien meeting were hung up in the factory, leads us to be absolutely sure of the underhand role that the company is employing to intimidate and fire the class-conscious workers. The spies at the meeting produced the "goods" on several of our most active workers, and the result was that many of them were fired.

As the matter stands at present, more workers expect to be fired any day. I myself am surprised at the fact that I have not yet been discharged. But as long as I stay at the plant, I will continue to send you news of the constant developments.

Imperialism Mobilizes Them While They're Young

Commander Richard Byrd, who will carry American imperialism to the Antarctic, much as Nobile did for fascism at the North Pole, is choosing one boy scout from the six best qualified, to accompany him on his polar flight. The Antarctic expedition has the blessing and also the backing of the Fords, Henry and Edsel.

STRIKERS ROUSED AT BOY'S DEATH

Pioneers Condemn Fall River Police

Continued from Page One

police, in their desperate attempt to break the strike!

"Workers and their children were picketing the American Printing Co. plant. The police, loyal to their masters, ordered the line to disperse. But Johnny clung to his father and picketed on. A mounted policeman charged into him, chasing him to the waterfront. Infuriated like a wild beast, the "brave" defender of American law and justice drove Johnny into a swamp. Our little fighter was drowned in mud!

"We, the Young Pioneers, raise our voice in protest against this brutal murder, this unspeakable crime. You textile masters, you can murder children but you can never break the fighting spirit of the workers' children. We will never forget and never forgive. Our comrades in Fall River and New Bedford will close their ranks and will strengthen the lines and will fight on even more bravely.

"We, the Young Pioneers of America, salute you, brave little fighter! We will carry on the fight thruout the country. We will organize the workers' children, teach them the truth about the struggle of the textile workers in which you were so brutally murdered. We will organize the workers' children thruout the country to raise relief for all the children in New Bedford and Fall River who are in need of bread and milk. We will stand by the textile workers and their children until victory.

We will fight on until the workers' children together with the whole working class shall have gotten rid of all bosses and of this whole rotten system of society.

"Before your dead, little body, we take our solemn pledge: "IN THE CAUSE OF THE WORKING CLASS, WE STAND ALWAYS READY!"

ASK WORLD CONGRESS TO ADOPT PROGRAM

Continued from Page One

velopment and not through a process in which capitalism grows ever weaker and the proletariat ever stronger.

The conception of finance capital was adopted in the program despite criticisms because it represents the facts. We do not accept mechanical dominance of finance over industrial capital, but the allied growth of both.

The problem of over-production is also dealt with, for the disproportion between the productive forces and consumptive power is nothing but the problem of over-production.

Differences existed in the Program Commission concerning the Nep and war Communism. The draft avoids the use of the expression Nep as specifically Russian, but the problem had to be raised. The Nep exists as the reflection of the productive relations where small producers exist. Where the latter do not exist, the necessity for the Nep may be obviated.

However, the relations of the world proletariat to the world peasantry are practically the same as the relations of the workers to the peasants in the Soviet Union. The necessity of markets for the small producers is therefore international.

It is not absolutely essential for war Communism to be the first stage following the revolution. We must leave our hands free in order to take the best steps dictated by the given situation.

The process of social-democratic development is also analyzed in the program, particularly the role of the left-wing social-democrats.

It is now high time to give our program final form. The present draft is not ideal, but it is advisable to adopt it. I am convinced that the program will be the rallying banner in the struggle of millions of workers and peasants in Europe and the colonies.

The international situation is intensifying the war danger. This is no phrase, but the brutal reality. Under the Communist flag this program will do good service in the fight for the victory of the world proletariat and world Communism.

Bukharin's speech was greeted by protracted applause. Thaelmann then read telegrams of greetings. Among them were telegrams from the Soviet cruiser "Comintern" and from the Berlin Young Communist League.

The Leningrad factory delegations then greeted the congress. Florin, of Germany, answered in the name of the congress to the speeches and greetings.

UKASE AGAINST MILL PICKETING

Only 3 Pickets to Mill Police Order

Continued on Page Two

ing plant is discounted as to value by the strike leaders, it is nevertheless regarded as good evidence of the disintegrating ranks of the bosses. Langshaw, it is believed, voices the sentiments of association members who are greatly dissatisfied with the stubbornness of their organization's ring leaders, the Butler interests.

Gitlow Speaks.

Ben Gitlow, candidate for vice-president on the ticket of the Workers (Communist) Party addressed two large open-air mass meetings here yesterday.

Enthusiastic demonstrations of the assembled strikers greeted him. The large crowds listened to his speech with great interest despite an insistent rain.

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NEW BEDFORD, Mass, Aug 10. -- Twenty-eight thousand textile operatives in 56 New Bedford fine goods mills are still solidly out on strike as the big anti-wage cut struggle ends its 17th week.

The fake investigation of the state board of arbitartion and conciliation, branded so by the Textile Mill Committees' representative Eli Keller when he appeared before the inquiry, is soon to be completed, board chairman Fisher announced. The board, after a few more secret conferences, will make public their findings as to where the guilt for the strike belongs.

In spite of its being a maneuver to weaken the morale of the strikers, the leaders of the A. F. of L. United Textile Workers Union are participating in it. At its hearings they also propose to the employers union cooperation for more profitable production.

Eli Keller in a statement says: "The kind of labor leader Mr. Batty is can be seen when he purposes that the workers should be speeded up in exchange for the abolishment of the ten per cent wage cut. By suggesting before the investigation committee of fhe state board of arbitration that the workers increase their productivity he openly shows himself as an agent of the mill owners in the ranks of the workers."

"Mr. Batty is only interested in collecting dues, as his testimony shows. Only those who pay dues, he said, are considered members of his union. When the workers are worn out, under Mr. Batty's speed up plan, they lose their job, and as a result cannot pay their dues. That means they are also thrown out of the union."

WIN UNION SHOP

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 10.—Mechanics in more than 50 garages here have won a closed union shop for mechanics.

LABOR TO HONOR SACCO-VANZETTI

OAKLAND, Cal. — The first anniversary of the legal murder of Sacco and Vanzetti will be commemorated in memorial meetings in San Francisco and Oakland, California.

Oakland's meeting will be held on Saturday evening, August 19th at Fraternity Hall, 708 Peralta St., West Oakland. A special musical program has been arranged. Edgar Owens will be the speaker of the evening. C. Alward Tobey, Secretary of the Alameda Conference of International Labor Defense will preside. No admission will be charged.

San Francisco's meeting will be held in Musicians' Union Hall, 230 Jones St. on Wednesday evening, August 22nd. The Russian-Ukrainian Workers' Chorus will sing the Revolutionary Funeral Song and the International. Arvid Owens will play some piano numbers. The speakers are E. Levin, Wm. Schneiderman and Edgar Owens. Anita Whitney will preside. Admission to the San Francisco meeting is 25 cents.

Both meetings are under the auspices of International Labor Defense.

USSR-Turkey Frontier Kars Treaty Renewed

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 10.—The Soviet-Turk Kars Treaty which expired yesterday was renewed today by representatives of both governments. The treaty regulates frontier questions, and the signing was the occasion of a banquet rendered Soviet Union officials by the Turkish government.

LOWER WAGES AGAIN

READING, Pa., Aug. 10.—Journeymen workers employed in Yocum's cigar factory have had their wages cut again. At present their wages are $14 per week.

JUGOSLAV ARMY BREAK WORKERS DEMONTRATIONS

No Serb Officials at Raditch Funeral

ZEGRED, Jugoslavia, Aug. 10.—Police and military units patrolling the streets throughout Croatia are attempting to suppress all attempts on the part of the workers and peasants to hold deonstrations calling for autonomy. As the body of Stefan Raditch lies in state many demonstrations in the principal cities and towns have been broken up.

Following the refusal of the leaders of the Croatian and Democratic Peasant Parties to accept state burial from the Belgrade government, the request of Serb officials to attend the funeral has also been rejected.

The will of Raditch leaves the co-presidency of the Croatian Party to M. Matchek and M. Pribitchevitch, with the request that they consult the executive committee on all important matters.

• • •

Attempt to Appease Peasants.

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Aug. 10.—Taking advantage of the message of the Croat leaders requesting the peasants to refrain from demonstrations as the body of Stefan Raditch awaits burial, the Belgrade government is attempting to conjole Croatia back into the Jugoslav fold, through conciliatory articles in its newspapers.

The Parliamentary Immunity Committee has also decided to turn the two deputies charged with the shooting of Raditch over to the criminal courts in an effort to appease the Croatian leaders, who have been demanding their trial as a pre-requisite for their re-entry into the Belgrade parliament.

VOLCANO DEATHS ARE INCREASING

Mt. Vesuvius Emitting Molten Lava

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 10 (UP).—Ten persons were killed and many were injured in three villages along the coast of Flores Island, in the Dutch East Indies, which were damaged in the volcanic eruption on Paloeweh Island, a dispatch from Batavia said today.

Five commercial vessels were thrown against the coast of Flores Island by the tidal wave, a dispatch said today. The crews were saved.

The mountain is still pouring out smoke.

Dispatches yesterday reported that 1,000 persons were killed and 600 injured when the volcano destroyed six villages on Faloeweh Island. A tidal wave swept Flores Island, these dispatches said, and it was believed the wave may have caused the deaths reported in the above dispatch.

Mt. Vesuvious Active.

NAPLES, Aug. 10.—Mount Vesuvius showed a marked increase in activity last night and today was emitting three streams of molten lava.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 10.—Workers of 53 shops have been organized by the Bakers' Local 35 here.

Volcano Imperils Filipino Peasants

Thousands of Filipino peasants were forced to flee from their dwellings and give up their patches of land when the Mayon volcano erupted recently. The picture of the erupting crater was taken from an airplane at close range.

FOSTER TO BEGIN TOUR SEPTEMBER

Will Address Workers in Many Cities

Continued from Page One

are being deserted and betrayed by the reactionary leaders of the trade unions.

In a number of agricultural centers Foster will speak to the poor farmers and point out to them that they must fight the common enemy of the producing classes side by side with the industrial workers in the cities.

In the south the Communist candidate for president will have an opportunity to speak to the Negroes, the victims of race persecution and industrial exploitation. The Negroes in the south are disfranchised by the democratic party in violation of the constitution of the United States. Foster will call on the Negro masses to support the Workers (Communist) Party candidates by organizing around its program and following a militant fighting policy that will force the ruling classes of the south to respect their rights.

Foster's Itinerary.

Foster's tour will bring him into the following cities:

Sept. 2, New Haven, Conn.; Sept. 2, Providence, R. I.; Sept. 4, Boston; Sept. 5, Buffalo; Sept. 9, Detroit; Sept. 10, Milwaukee; Sept. 11, St. Paul; Sept. 13, Butte, Mont.; Sept. 14, Spokane, Wash.; Sept. 16, Seattle; Sept. 17, Tacoma; Sept. 19, Portland, Ore.; Sept. 21, San Francisco; Sept. 23, Los Angeles; Sept. 25, Salt Lake City; Sept. 27, Denver; Sept. 28, Omaha; Sept. 29, Kansas City; Sept. 30, St. Louis; Oct. 1, Chicago; Oct. 3, Indianapolis; Oct. 4, Cincinnati; Oct. 5, Louisville; Oct. 7, Birmingham, Ala.; Oct. 8, New Orleans; Oct. 9, Atlanta; Oct. 11, Norfolk, Va.; Oct. 12, Richmond, Va.; Oct. 13, Washington; Oct. 14, Philadelphia; Oct. 16, Wilmington, Del.; Oct. 17, Baltimore; Oct. 18, Trenton; Oct. 20, Rochester, N. Y.; Oct. 21, Cleveland; Oct. 22, Akron, O.; Oct. 23, Toledo, O.; Oct. 24, Columbus, O.; Oct. 26, Ballaire, O.; Oct. 27, Youngstown, O.; Oct. 28, Pittsburgh; Oct. 29, Erie, Pa.; Oct. 30, Binghamton, N. Y.; Oct. 31, Scranton, Pa.; Nov. 2, Hartford, Conn.; Nov. 3, Bridgeport, Conn.; Nov. 4, New York.

MINE LEADERS ISSUE APPEAL

Seek Funds for Coming Convention

Continued on Page Two

Va., $40; John Adamski, Fernie, B. C., Canada, $10; M. Kavacenich, Los Angeles, Calif., $15."

"It must be borne in mind," the appeal continues, "that there are but a few weeks left until the historic convention will take place. During this short period a great deal of organization work has to be accomplished. The Lewis machine is doing its utmost to intimidate the miners and prevent them from electing their delegates to the convention. Our organizers must, therefore, be constantly on the job to fight back the reactionaries.

"We have no big payroll and expense accounts, unlike the Lewis machine. Our men are glad when they can get a few cents for an occasional meal and the necessary fare from one town to another. This they must have. The National Convention will be successful to the extent that we will be able to prevent the Lewis gang from intimidating the rank and file.

"The U. M. W. A. is wrecked, the New Union is now an absolute necessity. All miners and other workers must help to put this progressive program into effect. Sell the coupons and send the funds, and your own contribution, as quickly as possible to the National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee, Room 411, 119 Federal St., N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa."

VENIZELOS USES BANDITS AGAINST GREEK WORKERS

Opponents Held for Ransom

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 10.—The tactics of the dictator, Venizelos, was exposed when charges were made that Venizelos of being in alliance with large groups of bandits who do away with or capture the opponents of the dictator

Two cases were cited, that of the deputies Melinas and Melas, who were captured by Venizelos' bandits and kept for an extraordinarily high ransom. M. Melinas was released on the proise that 5,000,000 drachmas would be paid for him by the government. The cabinet refused to pay and shifted the burden upon the family.

Others here point out that the same bandits and thugs have been used to break the tobacco strike and are now employed by the dictator to insure "peace" in industry.

Daily Worker Agent Continues Ohio Tour With 3 Special Meets

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 10.—Louis Siselman, who has been on a tour of various towns in Ohio as a Daily Worker representative, and whose work for the paper has been characterized as "great" by many of the workers with whom he has come in contact, is at present continuing his work of bringing the only revolutionary English daily in the world before the workers of the middle west.

He has arranged three special meetings for the benefit of the Daily Worker in the following cities and on the following dates:

Toledo, Ohio, Aug. 10; Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 16; Canton, Ohio, Aug. 18.

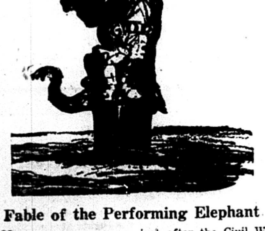
In all of these towns as well as in many others which he expects to visit in the near future, the campaign to bring the Daily Worker before the workers will be greatly intensified.

KILLED IN MINE CRASH

HARRISBURG, Ill., Aug. 10.—One miner was killed and another was seriously injured when a fall of face coal caught them while at work in the Wasson No. 1 Mine Joe Bach is the name of the killed worker. The other, Ernest Sutherland, has been removed to the hospital.

(Daily Worker Talks No. 8).

Greatest Show on Earth!



Fable of the Performing Elephant

Many, many years ago, just after the Civil War to be exact, a few of the far-seeing bosses caught a little baby elephant, taught him carefully to perform for them and brought him up to respond to every command of his masters.

Since then the elephant has grown big, fat and strong. The bosses who first owned him have given way to bigger bosses; the tricks he is required to perform have become a bit more difficult, but never from the first moment have his masters had reason to complain of his lack of obedience.

• • •

More workers have paid admission to the national three-ring circus at which the elephant performs every four years than to any other show. These workers laugh heartily at the antics of the trained pachyderm. They shout joyously when he rises up on his huge, hind legs. They go into actual hysterics when he stands on his head! For the moment they forget their troubles: "Ho, Look at the way he responds when we shout at him!"

BUT FEW OF THEM EVER INQUIRE: WHO DIRECTS THE TRAINED ELEPHANT?

Do you know a worker who is planning to purchase an admission ticket to the three-ring circus put on by the bosses?

Ask him: For whom does the trained elephant perform?

Pass him your copy of The DAILY WORKER. Tip off a thousand of these workers between now and the elections

Books on Sacco and Vanzetti

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List Construction Company Workers Treated Like Animals, Correspondent Reports

HANdOuTS

U. S. Senators, anxious to have the voters understand how good they are, will mail out 60 tons of material a day under government frank during the coming campaign. This will be quite a boon to overworked postmen who are already kicking. They say transporting the stuff really falls under the jurisdiction of the street cleaning department.

* * *

Ill-tempered Rich

Handing a woman a few million dollars doesn't necessarily improve her temper. Mrs. Lydia Johnson, (right) bride of the heir to the Palmolive millions lost her bracelet. She put an ad in the paper. An honest taxi driver, trying to help her find her jewelry, answered the ad. Mrs. Johnson had the impudence to suggest the taxi driver had the bracelet and threatened him with a revolver. He had her arrested. The idea of a taxi driver wearing a lady's bracelet is absurd as is also that of even a class-conscious worker attempting the expropriation of the wealthy classes individually.

* * *

Johnny Raskob, imunitive and frail, who came to the big city of New York from the backwoods of the south, has met more than his share of the trials of a heartless city. He has lost so many jobs that he can no longer keep track of them himself.

Most of these he gave up voluntarily. One of them was the Chairmanship of the General Motors Corporation.

When confronted today with reports that he had given up positions on three railroads, Raskob said he had resigned some such positions, but he didn't know what railroads they were.

He was informed that financial reports said he had resigned from the Missouri Pacific Executive Committee, and as director of the Gulf Coast lines and Texas and Pacific Railways.

"Yes, I believe those are the ones," he admitted.

Gems of Learning

Sir William Joynson-Hicks, British Home Secretary:—

"Unless the nations of the world follow the example of Great Britain and show a real desire to curtail their armaments, the compact will be nothing but a hollow sham.

"We desire to appeal to the great United States when our signature in the course of a few weeks is placed alongside of those of other nations of Europe and say to them:

"'We are signing this compact at your request, a compact to end war, and yet we understand you are increasing your navy.'"

True. Both are increasing armaments as fast as they can. The difference is America has more facilities.

M. C. H.

SHARKS FLEECE HOTEL WORKERS

Job Agencies Work Old Game With Bosses

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. (FP).—Here where fashionables from New York and Philadelphia gather to enjoy leisure class sports and privileges, hotel and restaurant workers serving them are being gouged by job sharks to the tune of hundreds of thousands of dollars yearly.

Many must pay 10 per cent of their monthly wage to the job agent for the privilege of working. Others pay a flat fee of $5 for a job paying not more than $15 a week. The worker must pay before receiving the job but if discharged within the first week has a chance at two more jobs from the agency. His chances for another job however are about nil, for there are plenty of other unemployed workers willing to put down cold cash for the same vacancies.

The agency that charges a flat fee doesn't even promise a job in case the worker is fired soon after being hired. That is just the worker's tough luck. Actually hotel and restaurant managers often keep on hiring and firing workers rapidly so as to divide the employment fees charged by the job sharks.

CHEATED OUT OF LUNCH TIME AND PITIFUL WAGES

Election Campaign Is Way to Reach Men

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KANSAS CITY, (By Mail).—The republican party politicians and newspapers have already started to disseminate their election propaganda. They want to convince the workers that under the republican administration they enjoy prosperity. The Kansas City Star in its July 16 edition showed a cartoon which suggests the idea that under the G. O. P. administration, the workers get the full dinner pail and "a car for darn near everybody."

Well let some politician wander off into a camp of some kind of a construction company and it would not be long before he will quit peddling that prosperity bunk. The conditions of the thousands of the laborers working on the various construction jobs are so miserable that they will spit in the face of any one that will talk to them about "prosperity."

Cheat Workers' of Time.

I had a chance to closely observe the life and work of the workers of the List Construction Co., which has contracted a job for the Missouri Pacific Railroad. All workers get 35 cents an hour. The workers are supposed to work ten hours, but they work more. Here is how they do it. About ten minutes to six the bell rings and all workers get up. Six o'clock another bell rings and all workers go to have breakfast. The breakfast lasts ten to twelve minutes. Then the workers go back to the car and before they have a chance to rest ten minutes the gang foreman comes over howling, "Come on boys!" and the boys start to work at 6:30 instead of 7 o'clock.

The workers are supposed to get an hour for lunch. But this is a miserable deception, they don't even get a half an hour. Instead of stopping at 12 o'clock we stop five minutes later. Then it takes the gang five minutes to walk from the minutes to wash your face and sometimes even more than five minutes because you have to stay in line. Then you go to eat. When you go out from the dining car it is 12:30. At 15 minutes to one the foremen comes over with his usual "Come on boys!" and the boys walk along. Instead of leaving the job at six, they leave ten or fifteen minutes after.

Take Workers Money Away.

If a worker works all day he makes $3.50, but he never gets that sum of money. The company takes off $1.20 daily for the three meals, so if the workers does not buy any cigarettes or some other things he makes only $2.30 a day.

The work is real hard. The workers are forced to work at a terrific speed. Three or four years ago a worker would rest at frequent intervals and usually work only two-thirds of the time. But now it is quite different. Not only is the worker forbidden to rest but he is speeded up. Take for instance the shovel gang.

The foreman does not care whether you have to shovel sand or dig wet Missouri mud. He speeds the worker just the same. And when it happens to be a hot day then the work is simply killing. Many workers can't stand the strain of the work and they quit at three or four p. m. All workers strain their last ounce of energy to finish the day's work and when they finish the work they walk to the cars hardly moving their feet.

The workers are so exhausted that at noon or after work they can't eat. They have no appetite, but they realize that working so hard they have to eat, so they simply shove the food down their throats. After the workers had their supper they do nothing but lie prostrated on their cots. The wheel-barrel gang and the spikers work even harder. Of course none of these workers have any faith in the propaganda of the republican party.

Almost all of these workers are native born, many come from Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, Oklahoma, Arkansas and other states. Many of them were well to do. Many are farmers. But they prefer to work for $2.30 a day than stay on the farm. If Coolidge ever talks to these fellows about prosperity they will do more than spit at him. This is not an isolated instance of the degree to which the unskilled laborers are exploited in the South West.

There are thousands of men working as laborers on the railroads, construction roads, dams, harvest fields, etc. In many places exploitation is still worse. There is one contracting company called the Lewis Construction Co. It employs hundreds of workers paying twenty-five cents an hour. The employers are not satisfied yet and they want to reduce the wage of the workers still further. For this purpose they hire colored and Mexican workers. In Del Rio, Texas, over 600 workers are employed constructing a dam on the Rio Grande River. There the workers have been getting from 45 to 70 cents an hour. Now the company is bringing Mexicans and pays them 30 cents.

Workers Party Only Aid.

In order to prevent organization between the American and Mexican workers. The Mexicans are segregated and forbidden to talk to Americans. In this manner the company hopes to breed racial and national antagonisms. The workers are bitter against these conditions and despite the fact that they are unskilled the sentiment is strong for organization. As usual the A. F. of L. does nothing for the workers. The Communist Party must make every effort to reach this great mass of exploited unskilled workers. The presidential election campaign offers a good opportunity to the Party to reach them.

—M. C.

"Say Thank You"—For Being Exploited

One of the capitalist schemes for keeping the workers contented is a variety of welfare plans. The same powers which cause overcrowded working class quarters to exist also make a specialty of bringing small batches of poor children to the country for a few days and demanding that they be grateful. The Salvation Army and similar organizations take the lead in this work. Above, children from New York's east side forced to salute General and Mrs. Ballington Booth, of the Volunteers of America, during one of these excursions before the children are returned to swelter in the slums.

CHICAGO YOUTH TO BUILD NUCLEI

Plans Made at Recent Conference

CHICAGO, (By Mail). — The Young Workers Communist League Dist. No. 8 recently held a conference here to stimulate the building of shop nuclei. Twenty-two delegates representing the units in Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Weakegan, and the mining districts met on Sunday, July 22nd, at the District Headquarters in Chicago for five hours.

Comrade Platt, the new district organizer, opened the meeting with a talk in which he gave some of the reasons why we have no shop nuclui. He pointed out that the league must get into large factories and that the shop nuclui was the only basis for mass organization.

Discussions and reports by the representative and factory workers followed the report of comrade Feesom. These reports were very interesting. Factory workers from such plants such as, Western Electric Co., Sears & Robeck, W. F. Hall printing, doing league work under the bosses nose. The organizer of St. Louis, and Milwaukee, the league was prepared to start factory campaigns in these section. The Waukegan unit was typical of a small unit in an industrial center. The league there was handicaped by lack of contact with the factories, and with a black-list of its most active members. In spite of these handicaps the league has turned its attention to the young workers in the industry. By the holding of street meetings and general recruiting work in the industrial field. On the bases of the reports from the units in regards to possibilites for factory work and the forces of the league in these sections a program for intense shop work and recruiting work amongst young workers will be laid out. The organization of one shop nuclui was reported at the conference. The insuing work of the league in the factories promises to result in more shop for district eight.

League School Will Celebrate Close by Holding Big Picnic

ROCKFORD, Ill., Aug. 10.—The Young Workers (Communist) League Training School will end its five weeks' of preparation for active participation in the class struggle by a commencement picnic to be held at Camp Hilcrest, Rockford(on Sunday, August 26.

The training school extends an invitation to the workers of Rockford and nearby cities to participate in the closing program. As a result of the activities of the school during the course of the last three weeks, a big turn out is expected. Thru factory sales of the Daily Worker by the students, thru open-air meetings, and thru personal contacts, many workers have been drawn closer to the revolutionary movement. Therefore, the commencement picnic will be the first get-together for the progressive workers of Rockford in a long time.

TO HOLD LABOR SPORTS MEETING

Call Convention in N. Y. Aug. 27-28

Continued from Page One

Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Cleveland.

"In the sphere of athletic activity, two national indoor meets have been held in Detroit, the second attracting over 150 athletes. Our national outdoor meet, which was held in Waukegan in July of 1927, was undoubtedly the biggest and most complete workers' athletic meet ever held in this country. Activity has been carried out in boxing, wrestling, baseball, basket-ball, gymnastics, track and field sports and soccer.

"In relation to soccer, the Labor Sports Union can point with pride to the organization of the Metropolitan Workers' Soccer League, which consists of 32 teams numbering 600 players. Through the organization of kindred leagues in Brooklyn, Eastern New Jersey, Detroit and Chicago, the basis has been laid for the setting up in the near future of a labor soccer association, national in scope, and challenging the authority of the boss-controlled and corrupt United States Football Association.

"In the field of publicity the Labor Sports Union has been issuing regularly a press service which has been sent out to scores of labor papers. However, the need of a regular printed publication has been greatly felt.

"It must be admitted that educational activity which would give the members of the LSU the proper understanding of the economic and political struggles of labor has not been properly casried on. This must be remedied in the future. Hand in hand with this educational activity there will have to be rarried on a more vigorous struggle against the influense of the Amateur Athletic Union, the YMCA, the industrial sports leagues, etc., which are the instruments of the bosses in the field of sports.

"In order to make this convention as broad and constructive as possible, the Labor Sports Union executive board, as per the decision of the first convention, has issued a call to all non-affiliated labor sports organizations to send representatives and delegates.

"The executive board urges the clubs to call special membership meetings at once, for the purpose of discussing the tasks of the coming convention, of electing delegates and of working out ways and means of raising money for the sending of these delegates.

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URGES RANK AND FILE MINERS TO AID NEW UNION

Progressives Must Rally Workers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

WASHINGTON, Pa., (By Mail). —I would like to have these few lines published in the Daily Worker.

As I look around in the Washington Company mines, Arden, Richmond Hill, Manfield, Lindley, Cannonsburg, Midland No. 1 and Tylerdale mines I hear reactionaries saying that the Save-the-Union men are going back to work but see none of the Save-the-Union men there. On the other hand there were the reactionaries scabbing.

Now, I say to you, brothers, roll up your sleeves and fight this whole rotten gang and we will have a big victory in the near future for the rank and file.

At present there is a call for a new mines convention and for a new miners' union. It is up to us progressive miners to make sure the good results of the national convention to be held in Pittsburgh, September 9th to 16th.

Now is the time for all progressives to rally all the miners together, go forward through the convention to a victory over the bosses and their helpers, the rotten officials.

—B. A.

18 Nuns Freed, Others Held in Obregon Case

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 10 (UP).—Eighteen nuns from the convent of Mother Superior Concepcion, held since the assassination of President-elect Obregon, was released yesterday. They had been detained for questioning.

Mother Superior Concepcion, has admitted that she might "unconsciously" have inspired Jose de Leon Toral to kill Obregon.

6 TO SHARE DANCE PRIZE

CRYSTAL BEACH, Ont., Aug. 10 (UP).—Three couples in Milton Crandall's Canadian-American Dance Marathon, which has halted here at its 210th hour Wednesday, will share in the $1000 prize money, it was announced today by the promoter.

Russian Films Cast Magic Spell in Europe and America

(Continued.)

"Besides the official state film companies I have named, a number of private motion picture studios are engaged in producing films with purely commercial principles in view. Therefore in speaking of Soviet films we must look at the situation with an unbiased mind attuned to facts, and must remember that we are more prejudiced against Soviet 'propaganda' than the Russians are against our business 'propaganda.' We cannot judge actual Soviet films from the few examples—mostly productions of the Moscow Goskino—dsiplayed here or in Europe.

"When I saw the first Soviet film in Moscow I had even not seen Potemkin in America—I was deeply impressed by its peculiar inherent truthfulness to life, by its simply directness, natural tempo and normal continuity, factors which are absolutely lacking in American and German-French films. The picture in question was 'The Czar and the Poet' of the time of Nicholas I and Poushkin. It was a distinctly poetic film of the most classic order, played in the actual palaces of the vanished czars, in Peterhoff. In fact even the historic costumes of the actual characters were used by the film actors, under the direction of Comrade Gardin. It was a magnificent production, realistically dramatic and spontaneous.

"Like all Americans, I was at first prejudiced against communistic art and thought everything was displayed in distinctly 'propaganda' spirit; but my view soon changed after I had attended six or eight new Soviet motion pictures, each of which was as different from the others as Italian opera is from the German. A splendid picture was 'The Golden Bottom' (Zolotoe Dno) by the Siberian Goskino, depicting the village life of the Siberian farmers. Not less interesting was 'The Black Post' (Cherny Stolb), by Chavashkino—the Chuvash Film Company, in which Tani Iun, a talented Chuvash actress, played the leading role.

"As a historic revolutionary picture, the Moscow Goskino production, 'October,' showing the downfall of the old regime and the triumph of the people and the Soviets in Petrograd, is the most powerful film I have ever seen. It is gripping, not only in its true realism, but more so thru in its stirring mass scenes and historic pathos. However, this film, like 'The Last Days of St. Petersburg,' may seem a propaganda picture from our point of view, and we leave it to the judgment of the individual onlookers.

"What actually thrilled me most—perhaps because of its more or less distinctly American style of staging—was the adventurous 'SVD' (Soiuze Velikavo Dela—Union of a Great Venture), depicting the dramatic lives of the first Dekabrist Rebellion in 1825. Here the scenario writer, the directors and the acting characters produced a film that was reminiscent of Dummas, Dostoievsky and O. Henry,—a peculiar psychological adventure drama in which man, destiny and traditions play their roles in turn.

(To Be Continued.)

EMIL JANNINGS IN NEW ROLE AT CAMEO

Right after the inflation period in Germany, when the mark was a billion to a dollar, a familiar, but much detested, figure in Berlin was the "chieber" or profiteer.

Taking his cue from this war puppet, Emil Jannings conceived the idea of a film which he developed into a scenario with the aid of the now-famous screen writer, Hans Kraly. They hawked the story up and down Friederichstrasse.

Determined to see it through, Jannings decided to turn producer himself and engaged Rudolph Schaenzler (who later was DuPont's assistant on "Variety") as co-director, and the result was "Alles fur Geld" (All for money) which the Film Arts Guild will present for its American premiere at the Cameo Theatre today, under the title of "Fortune's Fool."

While not possessing any great production values, because the Jannings' purse was lean in those after-war days, "Fortune's Fool" is marked by a naturalistic tendency which reflects the story and atmosphere in an unforgetable manner.

The Comeo program will also include Charlie Chaplin in a re-issue of one of his ever popular comedies, "The Fireman."

SPEED-UP KILLS, FELLOW WORKER HELD FOR DEATH

Dragged Down Shaft to Cellar

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Day in, day out, the lives of building trades workers are being more and more endangered. The cause of it is the speed-up system. The speed-up system is being now more than ever practised throughout the various trades in construction work.

Recently, at the Lefcourt Building, located on Seventh Ave., from 25th to 26th Sts., a laborer was killed by falling from the fifth floor to the cellar. His job was to take the wheel-barrows coming up on the hoist to the bricklayer. The hoist stopped suddenly and he ran to take the wheel-barrow. Meanwhile, by mistake, a Negro worker gave the signal for the hoist to go down. No sooner was the signal given, than the hoist dragged the laborer through the shaft, landing him in the cellar. He died instantly.

The Negro worker is being held on a charge of manslaughter. The boss keeps cool, meanwhile his operations go on just the same.

The speed-up system and longer hours of work is shortening our lives in the dyas that we toil. We must for better conditions on the job for everybody.

—N.

AUTOMATIC TRAIN CONTROL

POUGHKEEPSIE, Aug. 10 (UP).—The tracks of the New York Central Railroad from Englewood, a suburb of Chicago, to Harmon are now under automatic train control. Under the system, if an engineman fails to respond to a signal, his train is automatically stopped by regular service brakes.

WIN THE 40 HOUR WEEK

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Since they won a 40 hour week as against the previous 44 hours means that the wages per hour of clothing workers increased by 9 per cent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 10—Unemployment here is very great since in all branches of industry there is a surplus of labor according to a report of trade unionists.

AMUSEMENTS

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In a Tragicomedy of War's Aftermath
"Fortune's Fool"
AND IN ADDITION
CHAS. CHAPLIN in "THE FIREMAN"
and "TREACHEROUS WATERS"—a UFA Novelty Reel

1928
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By JAY LOVESTONE
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Hundreds of Negro Workers Are Responding to Communist Party Election Drive

28 JOIN PARTY AFTER BROOKLYN OPEN-AIR MEET

Realize That Workers Party Is for Them

That Negro workers are thoroughly disillusioned with the republican party, oft-professed "friend of the Negroes and realize the racial prejudice of the democrats, who pose as the friends of the laboring man, is evident by the enthusiasm shown by Negro workers at Workers (Communist) Party open air meetings and when approached for their signatures to put the Workers Party candidates on the ballot.

Negroes Resent Discrimination.

Negro workers have reacted quickly to the action of the democratics in debarring Negroes from the Texas primaries. The frank statement of Senator Glass of Virginia that "white supremacy is too precious a thing to permit Negroes to vote", and the ousting of the Negro delegate, Mrs. Booze, from a meeting of the republican women at the convention held at Kansas, as well as the segregation of Negroes at that convention have all contributed to bringing home to Negro workers that the capitalist parties of the white master class have nothing in common with Negro workers, and that the Workers (Communist) Party is the only one which fights for all workers, white and colored alike.

21 Negroes Join Party.

Since the opening of the Workers Party election campaign, many Negroe workers have made application to join the party. Especially has the corner of Myrtle and Prince Streets, in Williamsburg, been productive of results. At the four last meetings held at the corner, 28 Negro workers, after listening to the speakers an the platform of the Workers Party, made application for membership. In the Negro section of Harlem, where many open-air meetings have been held under the auspices of Negro comrades, 12 Negro workers applied for membership in the party. In Brownsville, where of late many Negro workers have made their home, a good many Negro workers frequently visit the Workers Party headquarters at 154 Watkins Street.

Support Workers Party.

The work of Harold Williams in gathering signatures in the Negro section of Harlem has revealed the extent to which the Workers (Communist) Party is known and supported by masses of Negro workers. Communist literature on the election campaign, including copies of the Daily Worker, are eagerly received by Negro workers, who ask questions regarding the platform of the Communist Party, its attitude on lynching and race equality. One Negro worker, thinking Williams had come representing one of the capitalist parties, was about to slam the door in his face, but when he was told it was for the Workers (Communist) Party, he signed eagerly, and asked for a membership application card.

Williams, who already has over 100 signatures to his credit, confidently expects to pass the two hundred mark by the end of next week.

At an open air meeting held at Myrtle Ave. and Prince Street, in Brownsville, the speaker, was heckled for attacking the republican party on its stand against Negro workers. Wright, answering the objections of the heckler, exposed the Emancipation Proclamation, showed that the Negro worker is as much a slave now as before Lincoln's edict, and mentioned the Houston lynching and the segregation of Negroes at Kansas City. The man who had interrupted, a white worker, apologized, and at the end of the meeting asked for a membership application card.

Thousands Attend Labor Defense Picnic in Lansing, Ohio

...Y'S DEFENSE PICNIC
TODAY AT TAYLOR'S GROVE
... 21 LANSING O

More than 3,500 workers attended the huge International Labor Defense picnic at Lansing. Local organizations of the defense are running similar affairs thruout the country for the benefit of class war prisoners.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Branch 6.

Branch 6 announces the opening of Campaign Headquarters in the 6th Assembly District, Bronx at 2700 Bronx Park East, Home of the United Workers Cooperative Association. An appeal is made to all Workers Party members and sympathizers to report nightly to the above headquarters for campaign work. The immediate job on hand is the task of getting signatures on the petition to place the Workers Party on the ballot. Comrade Leo Zaencer in charge of the campaign of that district will be at the headquarters nightly to issue instructions.

• • •

Party Days!

All comrades, including all functionaries, are instructed to attend unit meetings held during this period, to take up important tasks in connection with the election campaign standing. Section and unit executives and to place themselves in good are instructed to prepare a special order of business for the meetings to be held on the Party Days.

• • •

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

• • •

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday afternoon, August 18, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

• • •

Workers School Sport Hike.

All comrades have been invited to attend the Workers School Sports Club on its overnight hike to be held today. Those attending the hike will meet at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square at 7 p. m. promptly. Bring lunch, bathing suit, and light blanket or raincoat.

• • •

Interracial Comaraderie.

The Harlem unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold a cameraderie-excursion tomorrow Aug. 12 to City Island. Members and friends will meet at 10 a. m. at the headquarters; 143 E. 103rd St. Everyone is invited to come along.

• • •

Jersey Functionaries Meet.

A meeting of all New Jersey speakers, organizers, and agitprop directors of units and locals of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League will be held Saturday at 3 p. m. at 93 Mercer St., Newark, N. J. The purpose of the meeting will be to form a New Jersey Sub-District Speakers Bureau. D. Benjamin, disrtict agit-prop director, will lead a discussion on the republican and democratic platforms.

• • •

Bath Beach Banquet.

A banquet and party to celebrate the opening of the new Workers Center of Bath Beach will be held tonight at 1965 Bath Ave., Brooklyn. All workers are invited to attend.

• • •

Branch 2 Unit Meet.

A meeting of Branch 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, East New York, will be held Monday at 8.30 p. m. at Hendrix and Blake Aves. It is absolutely urgent that all members be present.

• • •

Unit 5F, 3D Meeting.

Unit 5F, 3D of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet Wednesday, at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members have been requested to attend.

• • •

Branch 4, Section 5 Meet.

Branch 4, Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold an important meeting Monday evening at 2075 Clinton Ave. All members must attend.

• • •

Y. W. L. Air Meeting.

The following open air meeting has been arranged by the Williamsburgh section Tuesday, at Tompkins Ave., and Hart St. Speakers, D. Klein, H. Harris and M. Hobbet.

Organizers of Women's Work.

All women organizers of Women's work of the Workers (Communist) Party are asked to call for the bulletin, "Working Women" which is now ready at the office of the United Council of Working Class Women, 799 Broadway, Room 533.

Subsection 3E Executive.

The Executive Committee of Subsection 3E of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold an important meeting, Monday at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members of the Executive Committee must attend.

• • •

Unit 5FD, Section 2A Meet.

Unit 5FD, Section 2A will hold an important meeting on Monday at 6 p. m. sharp at 60 St. Mark's Pl. All members must attend. The plans for the election campaign and the general party work will be taken up and discussed.

• • •

Unit 5FD, Section 2A Meet.

Unit 5FD, Section 2A will hold an important meeting Monday at 6.30 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must attend.

• • •

Unit 2F, Section 1 Meet.

Unit 2F, Section 1 will hold an important meeting, on Monday, at 6 p. m. sharp, at 60 St. Mark's Pl. All members must attend. The plans for the election campaign and the general party work will be taken up and discussed.

• • •

3E International Branch 1

A regular meeting of the International Branch 1 will be held Monday at 9 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Members are requested not to fail to attend.

• • •

Unit 3E, 1F Meeting.

An important meeting of unit 3E, 1F will be held Tuesday, at 6.15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must attend.

• • •

Unit 3E, 2F Meeting.

Unit 3E, 2F will meet Wednesday, at 6.15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Important matters will be taken up, and all members should attend.

• • •

Williamsburg Y. W. L. Forum.

The Williamsburg section of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an Open Forum in Prospect Park tomorrow. The subject for discussion will be "The 1928 Elections." The members of the section will meet at 29 Graham Ave. at 11:30 a. m. and proceed immediately to the park.

ARRANGE PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

Today.

First Ave. and 79th St.—In charge, Lustig; speakers, Padgug, Magliacano and Lloyed.

Thirteenth Ave. and 42nd St., Brooklyn—In charge, Schwartzberg; speakers, Napoli, Shapiro, Donaldson, Chalupski and M. Pizer.

West New York, N. J.—Marshall.

Poughkeepsie—Markoff.

116th St. and First Ave.—Schachtman and Cudkind (special meting).

Perty Amboy—Powers.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

I. L. D. Outing.

An outing will be held at Pleasant Bay Park today, at 12 noon under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Take Bronx Park subway or "L" to 177th St. Take Unionport car to end of line. Free busses to park.

• • •

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

• • •

Architectural Iron Bronze Workers.

An important membership meeting of the Architectural Iron Bronze and Structural Workers Union will be held Tuesday, at 8 p. m. at the Rand School, 7 East 15th St. All members are urged to attend.

• • •

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

FLOODS SWEEP FLORIDA TOWNS, CROPS IN DANGER

Heavy Rains Cause Creek Overflow

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Aug. 10 (UP).—The hurricane-swept cities and villages of Central Florida's fruit belt were threatened with new dangers of flood today.

All through the area swept Wednesday and yesterday by a tropical hurricane, rivers and lakes were reported out of their banks.

Reports from Okeechobee City, 18 miles north of Lake Okeechobee, said the streets were filled with water.

Taylor's Creek, in the same region, was reported to have swollen from its normal 15 feet to a width in some places of one mile.

The flood danger was expected to be shortlived. The bulk of the high water was being drained steadily today into the Everglades to the south. Seminoles on the eastern fringe of the great swamp reported new high levels in water courses there.

HARLEM MASS MEET TONIGHT

Protest Execution of Chinese Workers

A mass meeting of Negro and Chinese workers will be held tonight at 8 o'clock in Harlem at 137th Street and 7th Ave. under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party, to protest against the execution and imprisonment of Chinese workers for trade union activities. This meeting will be held in reply to the call issued by the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions, 95 Fifth Ave., to all workers' organizations to hold protest meetings, write articles and collect funds for the relief of the Chinese trade unionists in their struggle against the exploitation of workers in China.

Speakers will include Richard B. Moore, secretary of the American Negro Labor Congress; George Padmore, Grace P. Campwell, chairman of the Harlem Forum, and Y. Y. Shu, secretary of the New York section of the Alliance to Support the Chinese Worker-Peasant Revolution.

WEISSMULLER BREAKS RECORD IN OLYMPICS

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 10 (UP) The United States swimming and diving team places representatives in the finals of all four events held at the Olympic games today.

In the 100 metre free style swim Johnny Weissmuller, Chicago and George Kojac, New York, reached the finals. Weissmuller set a new Olympic record of [illegible] seconds for this event.

ST. LOUIS CARDINALS RETAIN 4-GAME LEAD

(By United Press)

The St. Louis Cardinals clung to their four-game lead over the New York Giants Friday, but they were forced to go 12 innings for the 2 to 1 victory at Pittsburgh which enabled them to maintain their advantage.

Fussell of the Pirates held the league leaders to 8 hits—two less than his mates got from the offerings of Mitchell; but a single in the twelfth inning by Wilson, with Hafey on third cost him the decision. St. Louis scored first in the first inning and Pittsburgh tied the score in the second. Then followed nine innings of scoreless ball before a decision was reached.

New York's two big innings, the first and the seventh, were enough to allow them to dispose of Philadelphia, 8 to 4. The Giants scored three in the first and 5 in the seventh. Freddy Lindstrom pounded in five of the Giants' tallies and Terry and Hurst hit home runs.

Boston proved easy for Brooklyn in the only other National League game of the day. The Robins turned 7 hits into 5 runs and a 5 to 1 victory. Dazzy Vance held the Braves to 5 hits. Bissonette hit a home run.

ATHLETICS CLOSE BEHIND YANKEES IN LEAGUE RACE

Decrepit old Jack Quinn held Washington to four scattered hits, two of them scratches, and the Philadelphia Athletics won their second straight from Washington, 8 to 0.

The Athletics opened the game with a run in the first and routed Gaston, Bucky Harris' choice for the day, in the fourth, making five hits mean four runs. Zachary, who followed, was only a little more effective, yielding three more runs in the final frames.

The New York Yankees beat the Boston Red Sox, 5 to 2. Lou Gehrig scored what proved to be the winning runs with his 20th home run in the third inning. Gazella and Ruth were on the base at the time. The Yanks made only six hits off Ruffing and Harris, but they were more effective blows than the 11 the Sox gathered from Pipgras.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

New York, 8; Philadelphia, 4.
Brooklyn, 5; Boston, 1.
St. Louis, 2; Pittsburgh, 1.

American League

New York, 5; Boston, 2.
Philadelphia, 8; Washington, 0.
Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 3.
Detroit, 8; Cleveland, 7.

WORKERS BACK MOVE FOR NEW TEXTILE UNION

700 Hear Weisbord at Passaic

PASSAIC, N. J., Aug. 10.—Seven hundred workers here heard Albert Weisbord, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for United States Senator from New Jersey, speak on the present condition of the New Bedford textile last night.

Weisbord described the conditions of the workers, now in their fifth month of struggle, and explained many of the points involved in the present dispute.

Over $100 was collected at the conclusion of his speech from the 700 workers present. This will go for the relief of the New Bedford strikers, in their valiant struggle not only against the bosses of the textile mills, but also against the betrayers within their own union.

SCORE SCAB POLITICIAN.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Workers downed Eugene Black, anti-labor agitator for 14 years in Congress, by voting for their own choice in the primaries.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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ALL KINDS of GAMES for YOUNG and OLD
TICKETS 15c COMMENCING AT 1:00 P. M.
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TODAY
International Outing
TO AID CLASS WAR PRISONERS AND THEIR FAMILIES
Saturday, August 11, 1928
Pleasant Bay Park, Bronx
ATHLETICS—JAZZ BAND—OPEN AIR DANCING—GAMES—TORCH LIGHT PARADE—MASS SCENE—REFRESHMENTS
Movies Will Be Taken At the Park
ADMISSION 35 Cents
Auspices: International Labor Defense New York Section
DIRECTIONS: Take Bronx Park Subway or L to 177th St., then take Union Port Car to end of line. Free busses to park
TICKETS on sale at: Workers' Center and I. L. D., Room 422 799 Broadway.
TODAY

THE BIGGEST EVENT of the YEAR

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

Published by NATIONAL DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING ASS'N, Inc., Daily, Except Sunday
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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Liberal "Friends" of the Workers.

> **"Perhaps the police were too lenient at the beginning of the strike in the face of the reckless defiance of left-wing leaders, but that cannot justify——" etc., etc.**

This is just a little passage from an editorial in the current number of the "Nation," the standard weekly organ of a section of liberalism which includes the softer type of middle-class "Jeffersonian" reformers, LaFolletites, a section of semi-labor journalists, ex-preachers and a portion of the leaders of the socialist party, most notably the Reverend Norman Thomas.

The quoted words are from what appears on its surface to be a defense of the New Bedford strikers in what the Nation calls "the jolliest riot that ever came to our attention . . . when 240 pickets were arrested on July 30."

"Some 28,000 strikers have fought for sixteen weeks against a 10 per cent wage cut, and still there are almost no strike-breakers in the mills," sounds almost like praise of the fighting qualities of the workers.

And, "Judge Frank Miliken of the third district court does not reflect credit on Massachusetts justice by his handling of the New Bedford strike cases." (Here we see that the Nation is slipping into the thought methods of liberalism; its concern is already shifting away from the welfare of the strikers and over to the matter of "credit upon Massachusetts justice.") Then the editorial begins to clarify its point: the real complaint is that "the statute is very vague," and what the "Nation" wants is that every striker shall be able to know "whether he is committing a crime or not when he walks on the picket line." For.

> **"In some cases Judge Milliken has ruled that picketing in large numbers is 'parading without a permit,' in other cases he has called such picketing common-law rioting. His rulings are the more remarkable because the strikers were not molested in forming large picket lines in the first three months of the strike. PERHAPS THE POLICE WERE TOO LENIENT AT THE BEGINNING OF THE STRIKE IN THE FACE OF THE RECKLESS DEFIANCE OF LEFT-WING LEADERS, but that cannot justify Judge Milliken in depriving the workers of recognized legal rights." (Our emphasis.)**

This is the political essence of this dirty strike-breaking editorial:

The editors of the Nation realize that the fight of the textile workers owes its success largely to the tactics of "forming large picket lines in the first three months of the strike," and they regret the success of these tactics and think "perhaps the police were too lenient at the beginning of the strike." But the "Nation" does not fail to see the *source* of the successful tactics in "the reckless defiance of the left-wing leaders."

Here we have it all. The "Nation" must create an impression that it takes sides *with* the strikers, though not precisely saying so. But "the police were too lenient" in not doing something more effectively to remove the "left-wing leaders," and the strike-breaker judge made a mistake in that "the strikers were not molested in forming large picket lines in the first three months of the strike." The "Nation" is really complaining that now the beans are spilt, the left-wing leadership has proven that it can lead a strike, that it can organize an effective union and can provide the only tactics that win. And now there must be, on the part of the capitalist judge and police, some of that inconsistency which is the bugbear of liberal fools, in order to break the strike, destroy the union, jail the mass leaders of the workers and restore the control in the situation to the mill owners, the police and their agents, the *right-wing* leaders, Batty, Binns and company, the political cousins of the Reverend Norman Thomas and the strike-breaking socialist party.

So this is liberalism!

The workers of New Bedford and Fall River should thoughtfully take warning from this strike-breaking editorial which expresses a certain mood of the petty business class that forms the basis of "liberalism" and the socialist party. This class cannot consistently be relied upon by the working class in any real test. During the New Bedford strike, it is commonly said, the small store-keepers and petty business class generally has been friendly to the strikers, due to the fact that the cruelly low wages of the textile workers were already too small to enable the workers to supply their families with even the necessities of life, and that the proposed new 10 per cent cut would play still more havoc with the trade of the small merchants of the community. A friendly attitude of this sort on the part of the small merchant class, while it lasts, is an advantage to the striking workers. But it has it dangers, too. The petty capitalist class has none of the steadfast qualities of the genuine wage-working class, does not see with working class eyes, and by the nature of its class character wavers between a momentary sympathy with the workers (in a situation like this) and the "real business men" of the community, the mill owners.

It is quite consistent that the words above quoted from the "Nation" appear in the same editorial column which begins with an endorsement of the socialist party "major issues" of "Peace, Freedom and Plenty," and wishing Mr. Thomas "every success in his effort to persuade people . . ." etc.

Can anybody find a line of distinction between the socialist party and this camp of liberalism, with its disguised and filthy strike-breaking propaganda in its standard organ of which the Reverend Thomas, socialist party candidate for president, is a contributing editor?

The Fall River police and mill owners are now following precisely the advice of the "Nation." The Fall River police are not "too lenient at the beginning of the strike" there. The same degree of brutality that began in New Bedford in the *thirteenth* week, is beginning in Fall River in the first week. The Fall River strike has only just begun and the troops and police have already drowned the six-year-old boy of one striker and crushed the body of the pregnant wife of another; the "Nation" editors need not fear any inconsistency here.

Why do the uniformed thugs of the state and the mill barons act in this ruthless way in Fall River? Because they see in the Fall River strike the extension of the struggle that began and continues in New Bedford. Because they see that not only is the Fall River strike growing with the coming out of the Algonquin Mill, but the movement for organization is spreading to Rhode Island and even to North Carolina. There is the genuine movement that can, with the fearless and intelligent left-wing leadership, be brought to its crystalization in a great national textile workers' union.

Textile workers, depend on yourselves. Keep up your mass picket line.

Build your new union!

Johnny Madeiros Goes 'Swimming'

A Massachusetts "cossack" is an important fellow. He can prance around the street on a fine horse, paid for by the State, and anyone who gets in his way does so at his own peril. It's fun—to a cossack—to see all these miserable strikers duck and run to keep out from under the iron hoofs.

Big and little. Men, women and children—they all have to run. No chance against a horse. Makes a man feel powerful, to sit up high on a saddle in a fine uniform, a gun on his hip, and make 'em scuttle to cover.

The little ones are funny. Wednesday at Fall River a striker's kid—six years old—got in the road. An officer had a little fun—rode at the kid. . . . Had to laugh the way that kid took fright and ducked through a hole in the fence! He splashed into the water on the other side of the fence. Ha, ha! Didn't know the river was right there.

The officer pranced his horse on down the street.

• • •

Johnny Madeiros was drowned.

Well, what of it. The judge is O. K. This is a mill town, this is Fall River. A Bosses' town. No Bolshevism here. Law and order. No strikes here, if the troopers can help it.

Johnny Madeiros was not a boss's son. Just a mill worker's brat. Any story will do.

"Just thought he was swimming," says the officer.

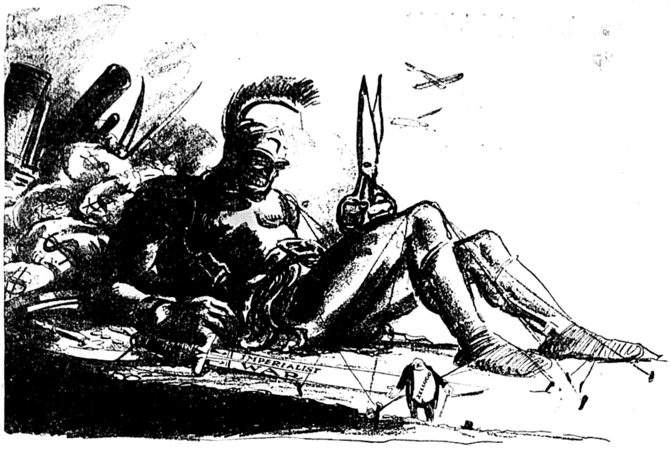
All O. K.

• • •

But the picket line grows stronger, and every working man and woman from the mills is more determined to beat the beastly bosses and their troopers, and their judges. Hold the picket line!

"GENTLEMEN, YOU SEE HE'S TIED DOWN."

By Fred Ellis



Women Workers in China

Organizations of Working Women; Militancy in Strikes; Fight Old Prejudices

The growing exploitation of the workers by foreign and national capital, coupled with the growth of political consciousness among the Chinese working class, have resuled in confronting the working women in China with the task of assisting in the struggle of the working class for political and economic emancipation.

The Chinese woman has long since realized that the strength of the working class consists in its solidarity and organization.

The first organizations of women in China were the Women's Unions, modeled after the women's organizations in Europe and America.

138,000 Women Organized.

There are women's organizations in the Hunan province with about 200,000 members, while in the rest of China there are 238,000 members in the women's organizations. Who are the members of the Women's Unions? Hitherto they constituted mixed organizations with a prevalence of the intellectual and petty bourgeois elements of the towns and only in Hunan the members consist mostly of agricultural and industrial working women and housewives.

The objective of the Women's Unions is to gain formal political liberties for women, and it is only the cultural and political backwardness of the working women which keeps her in the organizations. Since 1922 a wave of strikes swept through China, and having originated upon economic grounds, the strikes naturally assumed a political character. In the course of three strikes there were special demands raised by the revolutionary trade unions on behalf of the working women. Some of these demands have been partly granted by the employers.

Strikes Educate Women.

These strikes had a tremendous educational influence upon the working women. Their class-consciousness aroused, they took an active part in the strikes and quit the feminist organizations, forming their own special trade unions, or getting into line with the general trade unions of the workers.

Altogether there are now 325,000 women organized in the Chinese trade unions.

In the Kwantung province, out of 60,000 women employed in the textile industry, only ten thousand are members of the union, of whom 5,000 are employed in the cotton industry. In view of the fact that the unions have not conducted a single strike until 1927 to bring any advantages to the working women, the latter are inclined to take a skeptical view of the trade unions.

Quit the Company Unions.

The women of the same provinces had formed in the clothing industry a joint union with the employers in 1926, but they soon realized the differences in their interests from those of their employers, and, quitting the unions, they formed their own trade unions of working women. This union has conducted several strikes which have resulted in some wage increases and in general amelioration of working conditions.

Woman Workers in China.

In 1927 a number of other trade unions were formed by the women, whilst a large number of working women joined the general trade unions (Hongkong, Shantung, etc.).

In Shanghai, the most proletarian center in China, the women are particularly well organized.

Women Organize Strikes.

Since 1920 there have been scores of strikes in Shanghai, in rapid succession. The women took advantage of these strikes to raise their own economic demands whilst at the same time supporting the common struggle of the Chinese workers against national and foreign capitalists. They acted as strike pickets, took part in demonstrations and addressed public meetings. The police authorities imposed the same penalties upon working women as they did upon the men. They are bludgeoned and jailed, tortured and executed by all the refined methods of cruelty which are practiced in China.

Demands in 1926.

The Shanghai working women in 1926-27 raised the following demands: Higher wages, shorter working hours, prohibition of night work, prohibition of child labor, Sunday rest, pregnancy vacations, sick benefits, school for children of working men and women and finally the freedom of the trade unions.

Women First to Strike.

After the suppression of the trade unions by Chaing Kai-Shek, when hundreds of revolutionary working men and women were murdered and the work of the revolutionary trade unions was driven underground, the first strike which raised the banner of the struggle against the Kuomintang traitors was the strike of 600 women in the silk industry in South China. They asked for a wage increase of 20 per cent. They were joined in a solidarity strike by 3,000 in the national and 3,000 women in the foreign cotton mills.

In June, 1927, a fresh strike broke out of 9,000 women in the national silk spinning mills in Shanghai. The strike went on for 16 days. The cause of the strike was the discharge of 800 women in one of the mills. While protesting against wholesale discharges the women asked for a 20 per cent increase in wages, shorter hours and the payment of wages twice a month. Various police measures undertaken by the employers and efforts to get settlement by arbitration brought no results. The women strikers firmly held their ground. The manufacturers had to yield and the workers gained: (1) a slight increase in wages, (2) a shortening of the working day by 45 minutes, (3) part payment of sick benefits, 20 cents extra for Sunday work and 20 cents a week for the time of the strike, (4) the right to have a representative organization of the union in each factory.

Other Strikes Called.

Besides these big strikes, there was a number of strikes in minor enterprises which ended either in compromise or in partial victory for the working women. In 1927, on March 28, that is before the suppression of the revolutionary trade unions by Chang Kai-Shek, the Shanghai Trade Union Council included among the general demands a special point dealing with women and child labor: Equal pay for equal work, the prohibition of night work for women and children, a vacation of six weeks for prospective mothers, etc. The struggle for these demands is still being carried on by the Shanghai working women, and their example is followed by the working women throughout industrial China.

Fight Against Old Prejudices.

Besides striking for economic and political demands, the Chinese working women are struggling against old prejudices. It was by their insistence that a decree was issued by the national government prohibiting the crippling of women's feet. The Chinese working women take an active part not only in the trade union movement, but also in the political struggle against foreign capital and the indigenous bourgeoisie, as well as against the brutal and reactionary Kuomintang government

Fight With the Men.

In the course of the counter-revolutionary coup d'etat in South China, when thousands of working men and working women were slain in defending the interests of their class (about 238,000 working men and working women perished under the white terror), the working women fought shoulder to shoulder with the men on the barricades. They handed shells and munitions to the men, organized their feeding and shielded the revolutionaries from the brutal assassins of the national government, paying for this with their own lives. Women were engaged also in laison service between the different workers' fighting squads, and they agitated at workers' meetings for a rebellion against the national government. The Chinese working women are steadily becoming more militant and are consolidating their ranks for the final knockout blow to the Chinese bourgeoisie.

The Blood of Shanghai

By H. T. TSIANG

(Appeal of the Chinese toilers to the American labor movement.)

Pacific Ocean!
You must be ashamed of your thundering flood,
When the wails of the Chinese toilers rise
To drown your frantic noise.
Pacific Ocean!
You can no longer be proud of your deep blue dress!
It is now crimsoned by the blood of myriad Chinese workers.

Rocky Mountains!
You must cease to take pride in your height!
For your lofty peaks
Fail as a white curtain
To hide from the American workers
The heaped heads of the Chinese toilers
That are high against the sky.

O! Statue of Liberty!
When we see you from the top of the heaped heads
On Shanghai land,
We wonder
Why should you still look toward the Red Flag
That is flying on the top of Lenin's tomb.
Worry about the Red Flag?
O! the Red Flag will never stop
Fluttering in the revolutionary fire
That spreads into the four corners of the earth.

O! Statue of Liberty!
Don't you care about the land under your feet?
"My country, 'tis of thee, Sweet land of liberty, Of thee I sing."
Liberty! Liberty! Liberty!
Where is Liberty?
Who has liberty?
Sacco-Vanzetti?
Negroes?
Workers?
Do you carry your liberty
To the people of Nanking and Nicaragua?
O! we know
They meet you only in the dream of their dreams.

O! Statue of Liberty!
Why don't you turn your face
And look at the eastern Asiatic land,
Where four hundred million toilers live?
They are thirsty for you!
They are hungry for you!
They are fighting for you!
They are dying for you!
The aeroplane speeds
Swift as the lightning.
How soon, O, Liberty,
Will you come to us?
How soon will you come to us?

The wind is blowing around the Statue of Liberty!
The rain is falling on the Pacific Ocean!
The clouds are drifting over the Rocky Mountains!
O wind! are you mourning for our miseries?
O rain! are you weeping for our sufferings?
O clouds! are you trying to bury our griefs?

O, dear wind! dear rain! dear clouds!
Do you know why
Our native bosses, foreign bosses, militarists and imperialists should
Cut off our heads?
One head must be more than twelve pounds;
Thanks for their kindness!
This is the only way to remove a part of our heavy burdens!
For our weary, hungry bodies
Can no longer carry our unnecessary heads.

Heads! heads! heads!
Where are our heads?
Hanging high and upon the telephone poles!
That is the only place they are safe
From the insects and beasts
That would devour them.
Now there is nothing to worry about
And our headless bodies can then rest
Till dawn.

Talk about "dawn!"
She must wait for the cock's crowing!
O! the number of our Chinese organized workers
Is so small,
The voice of our crying
Are not loud.
But look at the darkness that surrounds us!
Dark! dark! dark . . . terribly dark!

Fellow workers in America!
If you fail to raise your voice to help us
There can never be a dawning
That comes to us and to you.
Dear brothers!
Raise your voice in protest!
Break the darkness with your cries!
Also help us with your pennies!
When the day breaks,
We all shall be repaid
A thousand-fold.

Hark! hark!
The cocks are crowing!
Look! look!
The dawn is approaching!

Columbia University,
August 10, 1928.

Told You So

HERE is a tip to the unemployed and even the employed who are usually ahead of their weekly wages. Drop in on John J. Raskob, J. P. Morgan or Otto [illegible] Kahn, and purchase a few thousand dollars worth of stock in General Motors or some other prosperous concern. You do not need any money. All you have to do is to get either one of the above-named gentlemen to endorse your note and then forget about it. If you need ready cash you may sell your stock but perhaps you would rather do as Andrew Carnegie did—let it pay for itself.

• • •

SINCE the announcement of Gene Tunney's approaching marriage to $50,000,000 and the grand niece of Andrew Carnegie, interest in the canny Scot is reviving. The New York Times tells us that Andy made his first $400 without spending a cent. Neither did he spend a drop of sweat. This is what he did. He purchased $400 worth of stock in an insurance company but did not have the money to pay for it. The president of the company endorsed his note and Andrew did not let the matter worry him until 11 years later, when he drew a dividend of $20 on his stock. Being an honest man he turned this over to the company in part payments of his debt. Not until 18 years after he purchased the stock had he paid for it—out of the dividends. This is a tribute to honest toil and promptness in paying debts.

• • •

GOVERNOR Smith insists that his answer to the Reverend John (Cock) Roach Straton must be made from the same pulpit that is occupied by the evangelist every Sunday. This may be good political strategy but we fear for Al's immortal soul. How can a believer in the infallibility of the pope desecrate himself by stepping into a protestant pulpit? Should a more humble Catholic layman than Al Smith dare to sit in the pew of protestant church not to speak of occupying a pulpit his soul would be damned for all eternity.

• • •

IT IS worthy of note that bankers, manufacturers and politicians take care that the populace are aware of the fact that they celebrate their birthdays by working as usual. They figure that this is the best time to call public attention to the alleged fact that they work. On mayor Walker's arrival from his 20th vacation since he became executive head of the city, he presented acting mayor McKee with an alligator pear, on the occasion of that official's birthday. If the mayor had as keen a sense of humor as he is credited with he would have brought a carload of plums from California instead of a crate of pears. But perhaps he believes his official family take their plums without asking permission.

• • •

A BRIGHT young man who applied himself to his work and never looked at the clock during working hours, rose to the position of assistant secretary of the Bancitaly, said to be the second largest financial institution in the United States. No doubt he was pointed to with pride as an example of what every other little American boy could do thru hard work and loyalty to his boss. But when the young man went to Montreal on his vacation the bank examiner pounced on his accounts and learned that he had embezzled $500,000 of the bank's money. He gambled on the stock market. He was unlucky; that's all. Had he hit it right nobody would ever know the truth of how he acquired his wealth and he would be another Gene Tunney in the Success magazines.

• • •

FEW will be sorry that the executive council of the A. F. of L. hurled a well-directed shot of garbage at the Brookwood Labor College, Katonah, New York. That the A. F. of L. charges are unfounded does not affect the chuckle which goes up from this department. Matthew Woll, the chief heressy hunter of the executive council, learned that Brookwood was a nest of atheism and Soviet propaganda. The fact is that it is neither fish, flesh nor good frog jelly. The writer never knew or heard of any graduate of Katonah that was fit for anything better than lecturing before the left wing of the National Womans' Party. Its directorate catered to the bureaucrats of the A. F. of L. for the sake of dough and respect[illegible]ty. Its fate at the hands of the executive council is one more demonstration that those who stand neither with the right nor with the left get the bricks from both extremes.

• • •

THOSE who are in need of healing might do worse than get their radios set for the services of the Most Reverend Arthur Edward Leighton, Metropolitan Archbishop and Primate of the Independent Catholic Church of America. He will preach over Station NMCA next Sunday evening and assures us that no matter how great the affliction a cure is certain, provided the afflicted keeps a glass of cool water in the vicinity. Probably the Reverend gentleman has devised a way for transmitting a drop of something exhilirating thru the ether and that the cool water is intended for a chaser.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUGUST 13, 1928

4 LEADERS OF FALL RIVER STRIKE GET 6 MONTHS EACH

15 Jailed by New York Police in Relief Collections for Chinese Trade Unionists

ARRESTS AIDED BY FOLLOWERS OF KUOMINTANG

Soliciting Without Permit, Charged

Fiften workers, who participated in the Chinese Tag Day under the auspices of the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions, were arrested yesterday in Chinatown. They were charged with "soliciting without a permit" and were released on $500 bail each, furnished by the local International Labor Defense. The collectors are to appear at the First District Court, White and Center Sts., at 9 a. m. today (Monday), where they will be defended by Jacques Buitenkant, retained by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense.

Those arrested were Y. Y. Shu, secretary of the New York Worker-Peasant Alliance; David Wee, 27; H. T. Tsiang, 28; David Kanner; Max Postolsky, 21; W. Martin, 18; Du Peld, 22; Yekelchik; M. Levin, 12; I. Kleinman, 19; R. Kleidmann, 20; B. Winnick, 17; B. Rosenberg, 22, and L. Chansik.

Pointed Out by Reaction.

The workers had carried on their collection unmolested for a time, and with very good results, demonstrating the desire of the Chinese workers in America to help their fellow-workers in China. Later, however, a number of policemen demanded to see the permits, which were accordingly shown. In the latter part of the afternoon more policemen and detectives appeared on the scene and began rounding up all collectors in the district, on the designation of certain civilian Chinese.

The Chinese workers arrested declare that when the local reactionary Kuomintang committee got

Continued on Page Five

Arrested Leader

Above is Y. Y. Shu, secretary of the New York Worker-Peasant Alliance, who was among the 15 workers arrested yesterday. Shu was active in the Chinese Relief Tag Days held yesterday and Saturday. Thousands of dollars were contributed by the workers of New York to aid the Chinese workers in their fight against imperialism and the Kuomintang reactionaries. Photo was taken during the recent anti-war demonstration at Union Square.

KELLOGG PACT ANTI-USSR MOVE

Provides for War On Soviet Union

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—Moscow correspondents for the Berlin press report an editorial in the Izvestia, the official organ of the Soviet government, which cites the Kellogg anti-war pact as a further example of the enmity of the capitalist world to the Soviet Union and declares that the powers would not have a Soviet representative at the Paris conference for fear that the frankness of such a representative would complicate the situation.

The Izvestia also cites features in the pact which it considers to be dangerous for the continuance of peace. The most important of these is the provision that the treaty will not apply to non-signatories, which means that the powers will be able to carry on war against the Soviet Union and still not break the pact. This shows, the Izvestia says, that the powers are unwilling "to assume an obligation, even a formal one, to abstain from war in relation to the Soviet Union."

* * *

PARIS, Aug. 12.—The declara-

Continued on Page Five

REVOLT AGAINST GOMEZ GROWING

CUCUTA, Columbian-Venezuelan Frontier, Aug. 10.—Reports received here from Venezuela indicate that the revolt, which yesterday was reported by the dictator Gomez, to have been suppressed, is taking on impetus. Forces are reported to be organizing themselves in the mountains.

Colonel Roberta Fossi, who first organized a revolt of students is reported to have fled to Dutch Guiana where he was placed under arrest. His forces, however, are reported to be renewing the fight, while unrest among the workers and peasants grows.

SHOT BY FEDERAL AGENTS.

NEW ALBANY, Ind., Aug. 12 (UP).—Clarence Smith, 16, of Hardinsburg, is reported to be dying in a hospital here from a gunshot wound alleged to have been inflicted by federal prohibition officers who raided his farm home.

COPS BACK DOWN AT RELIEF MEET

Weisbord on Tour for New Textile Union

PASSAIC, N. J., Aug. 12.—The second mass meeting to raise relief for the New Bedford textile strikers, distributed there by the Workers International Relief, went thru successfully Saturday night, despite police threats to break up the meeting as they did the previous one a week ago.

Albert Weisbord, leader of the Textile Mill Committees was the principal speaker at the enthusiastic gathering, and was loudly cheered by the textile workers present every time he mentioned the formation of a new union of textile workers now in formation. Weisbord spoke in express violation of a police order that he stay out of the city.

Police Back Down.

The meeting was held under the joint auspices of the textile workers' union, and the American Civil Liberties Union. About $100 in cash and very much more than that in pledges was raised at the meeting in an appeal for funds for the New Bedford strikers.

The police backed down from their previous stand of "no meetings" by announcing that they will have a stenographer taking down

Continued on Page Five

MINERS MOBILIZE FOR NEW UNION

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 12.—Reports received today by the National Miners' Convection Arrangements Committee from its organizers in Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky and Oklahoma, show that the miners in these states are breaking with the Lewis machine and are mobilizing to send delegates to the National Convention to be held September 9-16 in Pittsburgh, Pa., and to build the new miners' union.

Miners Condemn Sell-Out.

At Hewittville, Ill., Local Union No. 2513, of Mine No. 58, Peabody Coal Company, passed a resolution condemning the abandonment of the

Continued on Page Five

ONE UNION, GOAL OF CONFERENCE OF FUR LOCALS

Cooper Union Meet to Open Drive Wednesday

Delegates representing nearly every furriers' local in the United States and Canada met in conference here last night and decided to form an international united-front committee for the purpose of building one union in the fur manufacturing and fur dressing industry.

In addition to official representatives from bona fide out-of-town locals, affiliated with the International Fur Workers' Union of the A. F. of L., the conference included the leaders of the left wing New York Joint Board and of the Progressive Bloc of the right wing Joint Council of this city. This conference decided to build a genuine national organization upon the ruins of the A. F. of L. organization wrecked by its socialist-A. F. of L. leadership.

After constituting themselves as an official body, the united conference, as a first step, voted to call a mass meeting this Wednesday night, August 15, at Cooper Union, for the immediate mobilization of the workers in the industry to begin the erection of the union.

A. F. of L. Admits Defeat.

The International Fur Workers Union was destroyed when the A. F. of L. chiefs, socialists and bosses joined in wrecking the union because of its left wing policy and leadership. The recent publication of secret letters between Edward F. McGrady, A. F. of L. agent in the fur industry and Abraham I. Shiplacoff, leader of the right wing forces in the New York Jewish labor movement, have revealed that the right wing fur union is about to go out of existence.

Officially pledging to enter the fight in a united and determined effort to lead the masses in a struggle to build a real furriers' union, representatives at the conference unanimously adopted the following declaration:

"The reorganization of the New York Joint Board and its component locals has resulted in the break down of the organizational power of the Joint Board and of every other local of the International Fur Workers' Union of the U. S. and Canada. The employers have taken the fullest advantage of this situation to undermine the union control and to deprive the workers of their hard won concessions. The furriers and fur dressers have thus been robbed of their union standards and union wages, and plunged into despair and empoverishment.

Sweat Shops Increase.

"As a result of this state of affairs, the number of open shops and sweat shops in the fur manufacturing industry and particularly in the fur dressing industry have increased to an alarming degree and further threaten the existence of even the present miserable standards. The locals all over the U. S. and Canada are thus in imminent danger of being completely wiped out of existence.

"The attempt to reorganize the New York Joint Board and its component locals, the backbone of the International Union, has not only rendered the International and incompetent and worthless instrument, but despite the alarming condition of every local union, the International officials also chose to continue the destructive internal warfare, and therefore assume the role of a direct union breaking agency.

To Build One Union.

"In view of the foregoing, the undersigned have gathered in conference in New York City and pledged to unite and to direct all their efforts to the end of unifying and solidifying the ranks of the workers, organizationally strengthening all of the fur manufacturing and fur dressing locals and organizing all locals into one powerful international union of fur workers.

"We repudiate the policy of expulsion of members because of their political convictions and affiliations, and we declare for a union of all workers, recognizing the right of every worker to his race, color and religious and political beliefs.

"We are fully cognizant of the probable persecution of every worker signed to this declaration, but we also recognize that the urgent task of building one united international union of all fur workers, a union democratically controlled and managed by the workers only, and the task of restoring and bettering of the union conditions and union wages stand above every consideration of self-interest, and safety. We deem it our sacred duty to undertake this important task, and we are prepared to offer our most devoted service toward realizing the ardent aims and the demands of the thousands of fur workers, fur dressers and dyers. We are determined and prepared to use the united power of the thousands of fur workers to build the union and to combat all of the treacherous and destructive reactionary elements that will stand in the way of realizing the aims of the thousands of workers. All of those who are honestly and sincerely desirous of helping the workers to build their union are welcome to join our ranks.

"International United Front Committee."

Textile Families Who Have Suffered in Long Struggle.

In New Bedford during the recent arrests young children were left in their homes unattended when their mothers were dragged from the picket lines to jail. A special childrens' kitchen is about to be opened by the Workers' International Relief, which is feeding the thousands of workers on strike.

HOOVER DELIVERS NOMINATION TALK

Evasive on All Issues Facing Country

PALO ALTO, Cal., Aug. 12.—In a speech marked by all the evasions and vote-catching devices known to the trained politician, Herbert Hoover, presidential candidate on the republican ticket yesterday "accepted" officially the nomination tendered him by Senator Moses, permanent chairman of the party.

On the most important issue before the world today, the question of war, Hoover went all the way of imperialist hypocricy when he declared, speaking for the United States, that "we have no hates; we wish no further possessions; we harbor no military threats."

Plain Camouflage.

At the moment when every one of the large nations is frantically seeking to prepare for war, Hoover declared that "there is no nation in the world today that does not earnestly wish for peace—that is not striving for peace."

On the question of agricultural relief, he emphasized the party pledge which declares for a farmers' board of representatives to help solve the problem.

Insult to Labor.

For the twenty millions of workers in the country, he declared that there has been some abuse in the excessive use of injunctions in labor disputes.

On the issue of prohibition he declared that modification is nullification and that he would stand by the constitution.

The speech was delivered at the Stanford University stadium and was broadcasted on the radio.

RELIEF BODY APPEALS FOR TEXTILE WORKERS

(Special To Daily Worker.)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., August 12.—An urgent appeal for funds was issued today by the Workers' International Relief, 49 William St., which points out the serious situation that will develop if more money is not raised at once to aid the 30,000 textile strikers and their families.

Up to the present time, the W. I. R. has been barely able to take care of the workers that have requested relief, but as thousands of more workers apply at the office daily, the resources of the organization are taxed to capacity. Now the relief office finds itself in immediate need of several thousand dollars to meet current expenses.

A special children's kitchen will be open here shortly. Due to the lack of funds the W. I. R. is not able to go ahead with the opening as well as being hampered with the general relief work.

All contributions should be sent to the Workers' International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

* * *

Plan Big Picnic.

NEW BEDFORD, Aug. 12.—The program of the Workers' International Relief picnic to be held Sunday, August 19, at Sylvan Grove, Acushnet Ave., was announced today.

Starting at 10 a. m. the program will include motion pictures in the open air, games, sports, talks, a strikers' orchestra and refreshments. A special feature will be presented by a group of strikers' children. Many delegations of workers from nearby cities have announced that they will be present.

MANY DONATIONS TO "RED" DRIVE

The response to the appeal for a Communist Election Campaign Fund of $100,000 to help mobilize the masses of industrial workers, agricultural laborers, and poor farmers for the struggle against capitalism is meeting with a hearty response from all sections of the country, according to a statement issued yesterday by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

In sums ranging from one dollars to one hundred dollars, Communists and sympathizers with the revolutionary workingclass movement have responded to the call for the financial sinews of war with which to carry the message of the class struggle into every corner of the United States.

The first fifty receipts published below show that the Communist election campaign has a nation-wide appeal. These contributions come from industrial workers, agricultural laborers, exploited farmers and persecuted Negroes. Coal miners, railroad workers, automobile workers, steel workers, building trades workers, as well as the exploited tillers of the soil are contributing their share to swell the fighting fund of the workingclass.

Buy Vote Communist Stamps.

To make a contribution to the Party campaign fund and at the same time spread Communist election campaign propaganda seems to

Continued on Page Five

MOVING PICTURE OF MINE STRIKE

Photoplay Records 16-Month Struggle

(*Special to The DAILY WORKER*)

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 12.—The great bituminous coal strike, with its highlights of picket lines, attacks from coal and iron police and state troopers, arrests, evictions, life in barracks and tents, catastrophes in non-union mines which swept away hundreds of lives, was recorded in a six reel motion picture under the auspices of the National Miners' Relief Committee.

Alfred Wagenknecht, who produced the "Passaic Textile Strike," is supervising the production of this epic of the heroic sixteen-month struggle in the soft coal fields. Sam Burke is directing the photography. Barbara Rand and Caroline Drew are editing and assembling the picture preparatory to the first complete showings early in September. Short excerpts have already been exhibited in New York City. This will be the second picture ever made by a working class organization in America.

The whole story of coal is told in this highly colorful picture. Coal diggers in pit clothes are seen entering the mine shafts through the man-trip, only their cap lamps lighting the way. Sam Burke went deep into the earth to photograph this spectacular trip.

Typical mining towns, reminiscent of middle age serfdom, with

Continued on Page Three

"Rev." Straton Eases Self Out of Show

John Roach Straton of the Calvary Baptist Church, who had challenged Governor Smith to a moral bucking match and whose challenge had been accepted by the governor who has ridden everything from a Coney merry-go-round pony to a prohibition band wagon, yesterday backed out from his challenge.

It was all a joke anyway, Straton declared yesterday. He said that he would hold the show anywhere but in his church.

MONTREAL, Que., Aug. 12 (UP).—Three ships today were reported ashore at Varennes 30 miles down the St. Lawrence River from Montreal. Passenger liners with a total of 2,500 passengers abroad, were unable to proceed down the river because the channel was blocked.

LABOR BANK UNDER FIRE

Charge Crooked Deals in Atlantic City

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 12.—With charges of mismanagement, misappropriation of funds and stock juggling against the Atlantic Union Securities Co., the promoters of the Labor Bank in Atlantic City, a group of stockholders, are seeking to place the bank in the hands of a receiver.

Vice-Chancellor Ingersoll has issued an order for a hearing in behalf of the Steamfitters' Protective Association and the Typographical Union, Local 377, claiming to be stockholders. The hearing will take place on Tuesday. The majority of the funds in this bank are owned by workers and represents their life savings. John Burke, president of the bank, is business agent of the Iron Workers' Local and president of the Atlantic City Building Trades Council. Among the allegations are that $70,000 was only paid in on $180,000 stock subscriptions issued, the present management has disalpated $40,000.

ORDER FOR MORE BIRTHS

Mussolini Vexed at Lack of Soldiers

ROME, Aug. 12.—The decline of the Italian birth rate has greatly worried Mussolini who, with eyes rested on the future, has demanded a population of 75,000,000 by 1950, when he hopes that imperial Rome to rule the world.

Although Mussolini can order reduction in wages and get it, it seems that he does not have the same success in the matter of increasing human material for fascist exploitation. Much worried over the decreasing source of army recruits, he writes in his Milan paper, Il Popolo d'Italia:

"Without quantity there is no quality; without numbers there is no power." And he points out that thruout the course of history all the great powers have fallen because of a declining birth rate, which affected their fighting forces. "We must increase the population for the aims of peace, as well as those of war," writes the fascist dictator.

MASS FUNERAL OF STRIKER'S CHILD ATTACKED BY STATE THUGS AND MOUNTED POLICE

Priest Bars Mourning Thousands From Church Despite Protest of Victim's Father

Gitlow, Communist Nominee, Is Speaker at Enthusiastic Mass Meeting

(*Special To DAILY WORKER.*)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug 12.—Openly declaring his intention to smash the growing strike of textile workers here, and to drive out union organizers, Judge Hannify in the Second Bristol Court yesterday sentenced James Ried, head of the Fall River Textile Mill Committees, S. Weismann, Jack Rubinstein and Bill Sireka, organizers to six months prison sentences each. The particular charge upon which they were tried for was, "disturbing the peace" while addressing a large gathering of textile workers from a tenement rented by the union. The workers at this meeting had defied an order of Police Chief Feeney forbidding congregations of strikers near the mills.

Judge in Cold Sweat.

The labor hating judge also imposed an unparalleled demand for bail of $1,000 from each of his victims as a guarantee that they "keep the peace." This bond is to be forfeited in the event of another arrest being registered against the sentenced while they are free on the appeal bond.

Scarcely able to hide his fury, the tool of the mill barons said, "I have sat on many cases in the past few days. Fall River has always been a peaceful community and it should be hastily restored to that condition. Therefore to that end I will impose jail sentences that tend to restore that peaceful situation."

Peter Hegelias, T. M. C. organizer was fined $20 for requesting information regarding his arrested comrades.

Sentences equally savage are expected to be imposed upon Hegelias and about 80 other strikers who are to come up for trial from Monday to Wednesday. Defense forces of the strikers, led by the International Labor Defense, are being rapidly mobilized to fight against the barbarous court terror of the Massachusetts ruling class.

Attack Funeral.

Admission was made here today by the police that they planned holding under arrest the strike leader while the funeral of six-year-old Johnny Madieros was under way. The child was drowned after being chased into the water by a mounted policeman last week, it is charged. Parents and friends of the boy had planned a mass funeral.

Over one hundred charging police and troopers broke up the mass funeral as the people were congregating near the steps of Santo Cristo Church. Thruout the entire attack, the police received the fullest cooperation of the priest, Manuel Silvia. Police barricaded the approaches to the church with slow moving motor vans and other cars in order to prevent the mourners from getting near the church, this maneuver proved unavailing, however.

Mounted troopers kept riding thru the massed workers trying to follow the hearse that started from the church to the home of Madieros. At the church the priest came out and closed the church doors, permitting only the body and the dead boy's family to enter thru a small basement door. The father, a striker, requested that his fell strikers be permitted to accomp the funeral, but was ignored by priest and police. The religious vices were then rushed thru in minutes. Red flowers, sent in the Textile Mill Committees m bers, covered the white cask Workers then took up a collectic to help the striking father defray the funeral expenses.

The city's working population

Continued on Page Three

MILL PICKETING BAN IS DEFIED

Workers to Challenge Police Order Today

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 12.—Preparations are under way, the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee has announced, to mobilize the strikers for new huge picket demonstrations as an answer to the latest police ukase entirely prohibiting picketing. The huge strike here now enters its 18th week.

Police Commissioner McLeod has has in the last few days been arresting every workers in the vicinity of the mills on the new unique charge of "loitering." About a score of strikers were arrested since Friday on this new charge.

Exposes Fake Maneuvers.

Eli Keller general organizer for the New Bedford Mill Committees yesterday issued a statement denouncing this police maneuver of the bosses while they were participating in fake peace conference with the reactionary union officials. He says:

"A short time ago the police said that picket lines of 25 could be formed; now they are breaking up all lines irrespective of their size. This is definite proof that the statement that 25 would be allowed to picket was a fake, a move on the part of the bosses to fool the workers. They hoped to cut the lines to 25 pickets believing that it would then be easier to end all picket lines.

"The New Bedford Textile Workers Union most sharply condemns the action of the police in breaking up the picket lines and for the brutal treatment they mete out to the workers when doing so. While the fake investigation was being held in

Continued on Page Five

MERGER COSTS CITY MILLIONS

City Officials Plead Innocence

Behind the refusal of the up-state public service commission to permit a rehearing on the merger of the Consolidated Gas Company with the Edison Company stands the loss to the city gas and electricity users of millions of dollars yearly in possible reduction of rates to which, it was announced yesterday, the public is entitled.

Officials of the city, who are undoubtedly equally guilty with the members of the commission in the brazen betrayal of the public interest, sought to make it appear yesterday that they had been completely taken in by the commission's decision to permit the merger to go through.

Dr. John Bauer, authority on pub-

Continued on Page Two

Klan in Alabama Goes Back to Masks

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 12.—The Ku Klux Klan in this state has decided to restore the mask, according to a report from Birmingham. The klan will begin a drive for members soon, according to an officer in the organization. The mask was ordered "abandoned" several months ago.

Communists to Defy Tammany, Militarists, Who Broke Up Election Meet in Astoria

NOR, GRECHT TO PEAK DESPITE ASCIST THREAT

To Expose Corruption in Queens

Despite the action of the fascists in breaking up the open-air meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party at Steinway and Jamaica Avenues, Astoria, last Thursday, and beating A. Harfield, Communist candidate for Assembly from the 1st Assembly District of Queens and Paul Miller, one of the speakers, the Workers (Communist) Party platforms will be set up at the same corner next Thursday and the meeting will be held, with Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist Candidate for U. S. Senator, A. Harfield, Max Schachtman, Rebecca Grecht, who was arrested on a framed-up charge of "inciting to riot" at the last meeting, P. Shapiro and Donald Burke, among the speakers.

The meeting, which was broken up by Tammanyites under the banner of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, was the culmination of several meetings during which the fascists tried unsuccessfully to disrupt the Workers Party meeting by heckling and holding a so-called "Americanization" meeting directly across the street.

A. Harfield and Paul Miller bore the brunt of the fascists' ferocity. Harfields lip was badly cut, and three stitches were taken. His head was battered by fists and something harder, as evidenced by the large lump raised. Miller was set upon by a dozen patriotic democrats and pummeled severely. Padgug was hurled from the platform.

That the democratic machine of Queens will resort to the same tactics next Thursday in another attempt to break the (Workers (Communist) Party meeting up is evident by the announcement of the Dwyer Post, nominally responsible for the attack, that it will formulate plans for the increase of the number paricipating in their "Americanization" meeting.

The Democratic Assistant District Attorney of Queens County, Walter McClancy, will himself speak from the platform of the "Veterans of Foreign Wars," thus proving conclusively that fact that the Democratic machine of Queens is itself behind the attempt to stop the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party. The open-air meetings held by the Communists at that corner were swinging the workers of Queens away from the democratic machine, and the Queens Tammanyites, unable to disinfect the political atmosphere from the Queens sewer stench, are resorting to violence in order to provide themselves with a clear field for further graft.

Assistant District Attorney McClancy, high in the democratic councils of Queens, is the right-hand man of District Attorney Newcombe, who is one of those chiefly responsible for the change in the sewer contract specifications which resulted in the embezzlement by the Phillips-Connoly-Tammany gang of tens of millions of dollars of public funds.

The role of the police, who had been duly notified of last week's meeting, is aptly characterized by the remark of a policeman to A. Harfield, whom he was supposed to be protecting: "Id like to wrap this stick around your neck!"

Among the literature which will be sold at next week's meeting, will be, appropriately, "Our Heritage from 1776," by Bert Wolfe.

Low Wages for Young Transport Workers

An investigation of wage and labor conditions of young transport workers in Scotland has brought to light a terrible state of affairs. The average wage is for drivers 50 to 60 shillings per week, conductors 18 to 30 shillings for a 7-day week, (8½ to 9¼ hour day). Exploitation is still worse in small companies which run two or three buses. They pay an average wage of 40 shillings per week for drivers and 15 to 20 shillings per week for men and women conductors.

Working hours are 12 to 25 in a 7-day week. Fines are frequent. The time table given to drivers is so outrageous that they are frequently obliged to exceed the legal speed limit. For this reason, many companies deduct beforehand one shilling per week from drivers and sixpence from conductors so as to cover from this fund fines for exceeding the speed limit exacted by the police. Young women workers who want to become conductors must go thru an apprenticeship of six weeks without pay. After the six weeks, they must undergo a test. Worse still is the position of cleaners, mostly young lads. Their average pay is 21 shillings and fourpence for a 56-hour week. The same rates for night shifts.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12 (UP).—Government employes have been forbidden by the Civil Service Commission from taking active part in the political campaign.

They may not make any addresses on politics; or take any part in a political meeting; talk politics on duty; canvass for any candidate or work for him at the polls.

Praised by the Open-Shop Hoover as Constructive Leaders

Fat boys of the American Federation of Labor Executive Council, Woll, Green, Morrison, Ryan and others. In his acceptance speech on Saturday Hoover declared in substance that our freedom from foreign radicalism and militancy is due to the efforts of these leaders. "They have steadfastly opposed subversive doctrines," he said.

N. Y. WORKERS TO HOLD CHINA MEET

War Danger Will Also Be Discussed

Meetings for the relief of the Chinese trade unions will be held in New York this week thruout New York City, under the auspices of district 2, Workers (Communist) Party. The war danger will also be discussed at the meetings. All Party speakers are urged to obtain bulletins on these subjects from the Agitprop Department, 26 Union Square. The bulletins on the subjects are, The Party Platforms, and "What I saw In China, by Tom Mann.

Tuesday, Aug. 14.

Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer, B'klyn—P. Midola, Nessin, Rosemond, Frank, Dan Cuhl (Pioneer).

Sutter and Williams, B'klyn—Wright, Ed Welsh, G. Silverman (Pioneer).

Longwood and Prospect, Bronx—Cibulsky, Grecht, G. Welsh, M. Himoff (Pioneer).

Wednesday, Aug. 15.

2nd Ave. and 10th St., N. Y. C.—Milgrom, Powers, D. Kindred, Frishkoff, Gilber, G. Holtz (Pioneer).

Union Square—Ross, Houiswood, Shapiro, Blake, Harfield.

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx—LeRoy, L. Margolis, I. Cohen, S. Liebowitz, T. Rosen (Pioneer).

Myrtle and Prince—Rosemond, Padmore, Smith, M. Weich, M. Stone (Pioneer).

Passaic, N. J.—Staliar Marshall.

Eagle Pencil Co.—Garlin, Sherman.

7th Ave. and 137th St., New York City—Williams, Moore, Baum, G. Campbell, O. Passikoff (Pioneer).

Thursday, Aug. 16.

Van Sicklen and Sutter—Jul. Codking, J. Cohen, Rob't Macklin, V. Smith, Anna Block, Donaldson.

138th St. and St. Annes Ave. Bronx—W. Margolis, Jacobson, Taft, G. Abraham (Pioneer).

40th St. and 8 Ave. N. Y. C.—J. Cohen, Miller.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Primoff, Padgug, Ed. Welsh, R. Gozigian, A. Krivis (Pioneer).

25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Weitz, Yusem, Eva Shafran, Castrell, Ben Eisenberg (Pioneer)

Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria L. I.—Heder, Minor, Schachtman, Shapiro, Burke, Michaels (Pioneer).

Friday, Aug. 17.

National Biscuit Co. — Ross, Frankfeld.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., B'klyn—Lefkowitz, Taft, Maglicano, J. Cohen, G. Welsh, Lillienstein, Finkelstein (Pioneer).

5th Ave. and 110 St.—Lyons, Gill Green, A. Peer, Lloyed, B. Brantz (Pioneer).

7th St. and Avenue A, N. Y. C.—Wright, Schalk, S. Shatzkramer, (Pioneer).

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Nessin, Milton, Zaslavsky.

Saturday, Aug. 18.

1st Ave. and 79th St., N. Y. C.—Lustig, Moore, Moreau, Braverman, Bessie Parees (Pioneer).

13 Ave. and 42 St. B'klyn—Schwartzberg, B. Lifshitz, Suskin, Huiswood, A. Shoyet (Pioneer)

14th St and Bergenline Ave West New York, N. J.—Berger, Padmore.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—Szepesey—to be announced later.

NICARAGUA LOAN FALLS THROUGH

Bankers Decline to Participate

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10 (UP).—For the first time in about 20 years American bankers have declined to participate in a loan to Central America. It was definitely learned at the State Department today that negotiations for a $12,000,000 loan to Nicaragua, which the State Department had tentatively approved, have collapsed.

Officials here and in Nicaragua have been informed by New York banking houses, which were asked to consider the loan, that they do not care to take part in the proposed plan to lend Nicaragua this sum, despite reports by the recently resigned American collector of customs for Nicaragua, that the Republic's finances are in better condition than in many years.

New York bankers did not disclose their reason for declining to handle the proposed loan. In many quarters, however, the view has been expressed that their action was based on congressional and other criticism of alleged "Wall Street interference" in the internal affairs of Central America.

Catskill Resort Donates $29.00 to Aid Daily Worker

CATSKILL, N. Y., Aug. 12.—"The Eager Mountain House," a summer resort at Catskill, N. Y., sticks to its 17-year-old tradition of helping radical and labor organizations.

A few weeks ago when an appeal was made for The DAILY WORKER Sustaining Fund by May Rosenblatt, a sum of $29 was raised and transmitted and now, upon the suggestion of the Eager brothers a collection was made for the striking miners, the result of which is a check for $25, with the promise that the New Bedford strikers will not be forgotten.

5 MINE DEATHS WERE AVOIDABLE

Reports Show Guilt of Company

(Special to the Daily Worker).

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Aug. 12.—The lives of five coal diggers, cutters and loaders who succumbed to deadly gases following an explosion in the non-union Lochrie mine near here, and ten others who were overcome by the fumes were the victims of a condition known to be dangerous to life, it was learned here today.

Rescue teams of miners hurried from nearby mines to help dig the entrapped miners out of the workings. Six of the rescuers were overcome by the gases and rushed to hospitals. The blast occurred 2,800 feet from the drift opening. Four of the nine men working in this section of the mine were miraculously rescued.

One of the survivors said that the mine was known to be gaseous and extremely dangerous. "But," he said with a bitter laugh, "the children must eat, and we've got to take these chances until we have a union to make them pay attention to our lives."

Can Be Avoided.

"In union mines," another miner added, "the fire boss has to 'danger' off the entry to the gas section. Nobody goes in until they get rid of the gas." A better air current, he said, could have avoided the explosion.

Those killed were Steve Parker, Wasil Gendruski, Frank Survinsky, Peter Klenkovich and Ignace Budny.

Within the last six months, approximately one thousand miners were martyred in coal dust and gas explosions in non-union mines. This is constantly in the minds of strikers when the operators make overtures to them to return to pits on an open-shop basis. In many camps, the operators were forced to recognize pit committees. In others, the strikers were holding out until the operators give in to this demand. Although the women and children are eating few meals a week, they are behind their men. They cite instance after instance where miners were killed or seriously injured the first day they returned to open-shop mines.

"Only yesterday Frank Johnson died," a white-haired miner said. "The boy was only 23 years old, too. His skull was fractured over at the Gould mine in a slate fall."

The National Miners' Relief Committee is doing its utmost to force the operators to accede to the miners' demands, by sending enough food to furnish at least one meal a day to the miners' families. Relief committees affiliated with the Pittsburgh headquarters at 611 Penn Ave., are urged to do their utmost to send the maximum within the next few weeks. Sympathizers are urged to make collections in their shops and neighborhoods, to send donations from their union and fraternal society's treasuries. The need was never so acute as it is now, Anthony Minerich, relief secretary says.

Mexican Flier Greets Wall St. Cuban Puppet

HAVANA, Aug. 12.—The Mexican army aviator, Major Roberta Fierro, reached Havana today after a non-stop flight from Mexico City, bringing "good-will" greetings from President Calles to President Machado of Cuba.

TEST IMPERIALIST PLANE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11 (UP).—Lieut. Frank Schilt, marine aviator, and a crew of three took off for St. Louis, Mo., yesterday on a test flight for a tri-motored transport plane destined for use in Nicaragua.

CHILDREN SLAVE IN SHANGHAI

Form 13 Percent of Chinese Workers

In Shanghai 13 per cent of the employees in the Chinese factories are children under 12 years of age; in the English factories, 17 per cent, and in the Italian and French factories 46 per cent. These children receive from 5 to 10 cents a day and in some of the smaller factories they work for their food alone, according to statistics given out by the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions, 96 Fifth Ave., New York City.

In the Chinese factories, whether owned by natives or foreign capital, not only are a large percentage of the workers children, but the mothers are forced to bring their children with them to the factories because they have no place to leave them. The children remain in the factories during the 12 to 16 hour working day. The infants are suspended in hammocks above the machines. Thus in the dirt and noise the children of workers in China are brought up, until at the age of 5 or 6 they begin work beside their parents.

Chinese Unions Suppressed.

The attempts of the Chinese workers to organize against these conditions has been met with persecution and slaughter on every side since Chiang Kai-shek ordered the suppression of labor unions 18 months ago and carried out these orders with the help of the foreign armies in China.

Even women and student organizations are illegal. General Hun Sun-du, the governor of Hupeh, signalized a massacre with an order: "All who attempt to organize the labor unions anew will be regarded as Communist agitators and will be duly executed." In Peking among 21 adults who were executed for being members of the trade unions was a child of ten.

Funds Needed Soon.

The Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions has begun a campaign to raise funds in reply to the appeal sent out by the All China Federation of Labor Unions to the great masses of American people. The members of the committee, which includes Roger Baldwin of the American Civil Liberties Union; Ellen Hayes, professor of English at Wellsley College; Benjamin Thomas of the Central Labor Union of Philadelphia; Scott Nearing, author of "Whither China"; Robert Morss Lovett of the Chicago University, and T. Y. Li, national director of the Chinese Worker-Peasant Alliance and others who are working with the committee plan to get the true facts of what is happening in China before the American people and to raise funds to help the Chinese workers to combat their native and foreign oppressors. Contributions should be sent to the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions care of the secretary, Robert W. Dunn, Room 314, 96 Fifth Ave., New York City.

TAMMANY WILL 'STUDY' TRANSIT

Prepare to Put Over Complete Steal

From sources close to the city administration it was learned yesterday that the Board of Estimate and Apportionment would appoint a committee to "study" the Untermeyer transit plan when it meets next Thursday as a preliminary move to killing the measure.

As already indicated by the Daily Worker, the mayor will oppose any plan which is not an out and out whose stock he is now believed to be heavily interested. The Tammany politicians further object to the feature of the Untermeyer plan which would remove from their hands a measure of control over the lines. The Untermeyer plan recommends control by a quasi-public corporation on which the mayor would only be one representative.

It is not yet clear whether the whole Untermeyer maneuver was a camouflage in order to prepare for the more complete sell-out or whether a modification of it is intended by the new Tammany tactics.

STARVATION FOR WORKERS IN CONE WHITE OAK MILL

$7 to $11 a Week All They Get

By ESTHER LOWELL

GREENSBORO, N. C., Aug. 12 (FP).—"They don't pay you nothing here," declared an old man who has worked 20 year at the Cone's White Oak mill. "I've heard it's the cheapest payin' place around here."

White Oak is one of the Cone's great denim mills. The Cones claim to produce a third of the country's denims for overalls and other work clothes. They have three large mills in Greensboro and dominate the town. Their welfare work has been well advertised.

"My whole family's a-workin' and with this short time we just can't get along," the man complained as he sat on the porch of his company house. "I'm goin' back to farmin' next year. I raised tobacco before I came to this mill."

Farming for this mill worker means going back as a cropper. "Pay my rent with a third or a half of the crop," he says. And more for tools, seed and fertilizer. He has one lean horse to help him. "Ain't been feedin' her much and workin' her hard on a piece of land out yonder where I got some corn, potaters, tomators, onions and beans. Bean weevils gettin' most of the beans, though."

For 92 cents a week the old mill worker gets his plain board four-room house with electric light and water at a pump he shares with the next neighbor. With him lives his sister, the housekeeper, two sons and two daughters. Another son lives on a nearby mill village street with his wife and child.

The two girls make $7 and $8 a week on fulltime and $4 and $5 now as spoolers. The unmarried working son made $11 in the spinning room. The youngest boy is under 14 and cannot work. The sister is too old for more than occasional work and the old man is only a "spare hand" who gets a day in the mill when someone else stays out. His wife died 10 years ago, worn out from childbearing and mill work.

"Only four days a week work since February and the mill stood for 10 days at 4th of July," says the old man. "They say it'll stand 10 days in August and maybe 10 days every month till Christmas. I don't see how we'll manage. Got an old Ford and we'll try to get to my nephew in Virginia, 150 miles away, I reckon—if the old car holds out." The nephew has a farm and can feed the family while the mill is idle in August.

"My father was a miller," the old man relates. "I was raised on a farm and at his mill, about six miles from here, where the company has its grain mill now. My father wandered all around for 10 years when he was young—to all them furrin countries before he married and settled down. But I ain't ever been far. Came to the mill 20 years ago when the White Oak mill wasn't even finished. Tobacco got so low it was hardly worth taking to market; so I brought my wife and baby here. Been here ever since. But I'm a-goin' back to farmin' next year."

Electrician Killed During Big Storm

Another death as a result of Friday's electrical storm occurred when Michael O'Brien, an electrician, of West New Brighton, S. I., was shocked to death while repairing apparatus put out of commission by the lightning. The storm brought a live wire in contact with his body.

British Workers at Moscow Spartakiad

The national committee of the British Workers' Sport Federation decided at a recent session to participate in the Moscow Spartakiad (August 12th to 22nd) and also to send a football team in the end of August to compete with German working class sportsmen. A number of trial games and contests are being held in various parts of Britain. It was also decided to send the British team to the Soviet Union earlier, so that it could make a tour thru the union prior to the Spartakiad and play a series of matches with Russian working class sportsmen. Apart from footballers the following sportsmen will participate: runners, walkers, cyclists, swimmers and boxers.

CHILD LABOR IN N. Y. STATE RISES

100,000 Under 17 Now in Industry

By LELAND OLDS.

(Federated Press.)

The effectiveness of efforts in New York State to control child labor through legislation is analysed in the June issue of the state Industrial Bulletin. The figures show that since 1920 there has been a downward trend in the employment of children under 16 years of age. But the decline in the amount of child labor is not nearly so great as the decline in the general level of factory employment, so that the proportion of employed children to the total number of wage earners throughout the state may actually have increased.

For 1927 the bulletin shows almost exactly 100,000 children under 17 years of age gainfully employed in New York State. But as certificates for minors between the ages of 16 and 17 years have been required only in the last 2 years, the 75,958 children under 16 years of age employed in that year will serve for comparison with the earlier years. This figure compares with 80,771 in 1923 and 82,761 in 1920.

Between 1923 and 1927 the decrease in the total number of employed children under 16 years of age of whom the state has a record was about 6 per cent. But between 1923 and 1927 the total number of workers employed in factories throughout the state declined more than 12 per cent. Similarly since 1920 the number of child workers has decreased about 8 per cent whereas the number of factory workers in the state has fallen off more than 18 per cent.

Banker Said to Have Stolen Half Million Brought to New York

Cornelius Callahan, who was brought back to New York from Montreal to answer to an indictment for larceny in connection with his alleged theft of half a million dollars from the Bancitaly Corporation, described his speculations as "borrowings" when questioned by Assistant District Attorney Hastings.

He said he took small amounts at first and later larger sums hoping to repay the corporation out of his profits from stock investments.

A score or more of reporters and photographers gathered at the station to meet Callahan when he was brought in today by Detective James McKettrick. The detective spirited him up a freight elevator to the street level and to detective headquarters, thus avoiding the crowd.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

DAILY WORKER

International Costume Carnival

SUNDAY, AUGUST 19—PLEASANT BAY PARK

GAMES — OPEN AIR

Dancing--Sports

ATHLETIC EXHIBITIONS

ADMISSION, 35c

Tickets Now For Sale at Daily Worker Office, 26-28 Union Sq.

BRITISH SEAMEN JAILED WITHOUT A TRIAL IN U. S.

Kept in Prison for Nearly Year

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Two British seamen, Michael Frane and Stanley West told here today how they were imprisoned without charges and kept in the Franklin County Jail, Albans, Vermont for nearly a year.

Induced by the promises of an American business man to give them employment they came ashore without passports and were arrested and thrown into jail without trial. Frane described his experience s as follows:

"We lingered over ten months in almost indescribably dismal conditions. Throughout the whole period I did not leave the single room in which we were kept, together with robbers, bootleggers and the scum of the county. I did not have a single hour's exercise all of the time, nor a single change of underclothing for over five months. Although I had pneumonia and West was even worse off, we were given only bread and a piece of butter the size of a quarter, and a can of green tea holding about a cupful. For that the prison commissioners get $1.50 a day per head."

MERGER COSTS CITY MILLIONS

City Officials Plead Innocence

Continued from Page One

lic utilities and one of the editors of the National Municipal Review, who has been aiding the city corporation counsel, George P. Nicholson, in what appears to be a camouflaged attempt to prevent the merger, announced yesterday that they had been planning on blocking the proposed merger as a means of forcing the company to reduce its rates. The action of the commission, he intimated, had spoiled all this and had taken from the city its "bargaining power."

Today there will be a conference between Nicholson, his assistant, Judson O. Hyatt, Dr. Bauer and Morris L. Ernst, counsel for the Public Committee on Power, which has been fighting the merger.

In addition to its regular dividends and other profits, the Brooklyn Edison in the first six months of this year stored up reserves and surplus of over $5,000,000, or about $10,000,000 for the year.

Servants of Utilities.

The members of the public service commission are composed of two republicans and three democrats. The head of the commission, Prendergast, was city collector in 1912, when he, Mayor Gaynor, the Board of Estimate and the state legislature were bought up by the traction companies in putting over the dual contracts. Since then he has been instrumental in granting higher fares and rates in practically every city in the state. The democrats, dominated by Al Smith and Lunn, a former socialist, have worked together with the republicans.

Esperanto Group to Fight for Porter

George Saville, secretary of the "Esperaton Laborularo," New York Esperanto workers, and a part of a world-wide organization, states that the society will do everything possible in the fight to free John Porter, strike leader and Communist youth organizer who was sentenced to two and a half years imprisonment by court-martial.

Because of its international connections and press service extending to every country of the world, the support of the Esperanto workers will mean that the case will be brought to the attention of additional millions thruout the world.

A letter was sent to Porter by the "Esperanto Laborularo," informing him of their support.

"LABOR" BANK IS UNDER FIRE

Mismanagement Is Charged

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 12.—With charges of mismanagement, misappropriation of funds and stock juggling against the Atlantic Union Securities Co., the promoters of the Labor Bank in Atlantic City, a group of stockholders are seeking to place the bank in the hands of a receiver.

Vice-Chancellor Ingersoll has issued an order for a hearing in behalf of the Steamfitters' Protective Association and the Typographical Union, Local 377, claiming to be stockholders. The hearing will take place on Tuesday. The majority of the funds in this bank are owned by workers and represents their life savings. John Burke, president of the bank, is business agent of the Iron Workers' Local and president of the Atlantic City Building Trades Council. Among the allegations are that $70,000 was only paid in on $180,000 stock subscriptions issued, and that the present management has dissipated $40,000.

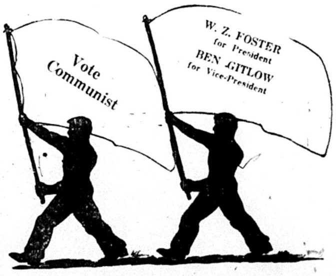
JAPAN WARNS OF MANCHURIA FIGHT

Will Resist Attempt to Regain It

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Japan has served warning that any attempt to regain Manchuria for the Chinese would be met with the military resistance of Japan, it was learned here today. A dispatch from Mukden says that Baron Gonsuke Hayashi has notified Chang Hsueh-Liang, military governor of Manchuria, that Japan would give him the fullest support in suppressing any opposition to this policy.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 12.—Failing in its first attempt to annul a union agreement, the local street car company will try further to annul it by pleading poverty.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?



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Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air-meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.

Special price on Daily Worker bundles during election campaign.

$8.00 per thousand (regular price $10.00 per thousand)

Enclosed find $ ....for........Daily Workers

Name

Street

City .... State

French Troops Sent to Suppress Uprising in African Colony Following Elections

SERB OFFICIALS TO RATIFY PACT WITH FASCISTS

Croatian Peasants Oppose Treaty

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Aug. 12.—With the Croatian opposition absent from the Belgrade parliament and passing its own legislation in Zagreb, the regular Skupschtina sessions have unheld the ministry of Father Korosetz and are prepared to pass the Nettuno pact that gives Mussolini's government special trading rights on the Dalmatian coast.

The Nettuno pact was strongly opposed by the Croatian Peasant Party and as long as their representatives were present it was impossible to pass the treaty. The Croat leaders have charged that the militarists who dominate the Belgrade government are entirely indifferent to the needs of the Croatian peasants, and have agreed on the pact in spite of the disadvantage to the local Croat and Slovens population.

Stefan Raditch, who died last week from wounds received in the Belgrade parliament on June 20, was strongly opposed to the pact and was very severe in his criticism of the fascist government in Italy.

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Fascists Gloat Over Death.

ROME, Aug. 12.—Fascist opinion here has rather rejoiced over the death of Stefan Raditch, leader of the Croatian Peasant Party, and many point out that he was the chief enemy in Jugoslavia of the fascist government. His death is being hailed as an opening for an easier understanding between the Belgrade and fascist governments, in the form of the Nettuno pact and the Rome agreement, whose signing is expected soon.

After Obregon Assassination; Federals Massed Near Capital

Photo shows federal troops massed for action outside Mexico City following the assassination of Alvaro Obregon, president-elect of Mexico.

WORLD CONGRESS TELLS OF U. S. MILITARISM

MOSCOW, USSR., (Delayed).—The twentieth session of the World Congress of the Communist International took place on August 3, with Marcel Cachin, of the French Communist Party, as chairman.

Vitkovsky, of the Communist faction in the Red International of Trade Unions, declared that during and after the World War the Amsterdam International worked with the imperialists against the workers and the Soviet Union. Everywhere the Amsterdammers are supporting war preparations and the colonial policy of the bourgeoisie.

Reformists and Fascism.

The speaker further declared that in spite of the anti-fascist phrases a rapproachment is growing between Amsterdam and fascism. The aim of Thomas' Italian journey was to mediate between fascism and Amsterdam. Hence the chief task before us is to expose the hypocritical phrases of the reformists.

The Communists must win the unions. Work in war industries is especially important. The Communists must work to secure different attitude in the unions in the next world war.

During the ensuing discussion, Sikander, of India, declared that the two chief bases of British activities against the Soviet Union are India and Poland. Strong British forces have been concentrated on the Indian frontier. The Indian Communist Party is propagating to defeat the British forces. India is the Achilles heel of British imperialism, hence the Communists must concentrate great attention there.

Krulikovski, of Poland; Carney, of Ireland; Mehring, of the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International; Ferrat, of the Young Communist League of France; Rasa, of India; Bielevski, of Poland, and Cohen, of Great Britain, then spoke.

Carney declared that the Anglo-American workers must pay more attention to work among the Irish workers.

Cohen declared that the theses were not clear enough when referring to work in the mercenary armies. The theses also failed to mention the territorial army which is very important.

Twenty-first Session.

The twenty-first session opened on the fourth of August with Kilboom, of Sweden, as chairman.

Stanisslavski, of Poland; Kolarov, of the Balkans; Pollitt, of Great Britain; Jacquemotte, of Belgium; Limanovski, of Poland; Kilboom, of Sweden; Grube, of Germany; Sultansade, of Persia; Vasilyew, of the Executive Committee of the Communist International; Sirola, of Finland, and Tanaka, of Japan, addressed the Congress.

Kolarov declared that the war danger is great in the Balkans as Great Britain is striving, with some success, to organize a bloc there against the Soviet Union.

The Italo-Jugoslav conflict also threatens war. The Balkan parties must concentrate more on the war danger, the speaker asserted.

Pollitt declared that most of the Communist Parties underestimate the role of the working women in war. As a result of the neglect by the parties many women are war haters, joining bourgeois pacifist anti-war organizations. The Communist Parties must pay more attention to women's work, particularly as many women are engaged in war industries. Anti-war propaganda is the best way of winning the women.

Twenty-second Session.

The twenty-second session opened on the afternoon of the fourth of August under the chairmanship of Kilboom.

The speakers were Ramirez, of South America; Gonzales, of South America; Paris of Germany; Dunne, of the United States; Franchon, of France; Hakon, of Czecho-Slovakia; Strachov, of China; Bittlemann, of the United States; Miskievitch-Kapsukas, of Lithuania; Nicolau, of Greece; Haidar, of Palestine; Lijuang, of China; Wolfe, of the United States; Dombal, of the Communist fraction of the Peasant International; Hermansen, of Norway, and Ilinin, of Indoesia.

Ramirez declared that the United States is forcing Great Britain out of Latin-America. Many of the countries are dependent politically and economically on the United States. The Panama Canal plays a great role in the war danger.

Gonzales stated that the Anglo-American struggle for dominance in Latin-America is intensifying. The national bourgeoisies are working with the imperialists. The Pan-American Federation of Labor is supporting the imperialists.

Dunne's Speech.

Dunne declared that the resistance of the working masses against war must receive broader support than in the last war. The chief task of the Communist Parties must be to mobilize the masses against war. With the correct policy, the American Party will succeed in bringing the masses into action. "The policy of the Central Committee of the American Party in the Nicaraguan war has been false," the speaker said, "as is shown by the Central Committee's appeal. The theoretical analysis of the war danger is insufficient. The Party must convince the workers by practical work that American imperialism is striving to lead them into a new war."

Bittelmann declared that Lovestone made an opportunist error in his analysis because, while seeing the advance of American imperialism, he failed to appreciate the strength of the growing working class movement, the colonial revolution and the Soviet Union. The American Party must conduct the fight against American imperialism, together with the Latin-American Parties.

Wolfe Speaks.

Wolfe, of the United States, regretted that the opposition in the Workers Party took advantage of the war danger discussion in order to attack the Central Committee of the American Party. The anti-military work of the American Party, which had proved tiself a leader in the struggle against war, is the best answer to such attacks. The struggle against war is now the most important task before all the Communist Parties.

The anti-war work among the masses must be increased, the transformation to illegality prepared for the fight against the reformists and reactionary trade union bureaucracy intensified. The Workers Party has conducted important actions on behalf of China, the Soviet Union, and against the Nicaraguan war. The anti-Trotzky campaign was also aimed at destroying slanders against the Soviet Union.

The Party's electoral campaign is being conducted in a spirit of a struggle against war and for the defense of the Soviet Union. The American Party aims at defeating the bourgeoisie decisively in case of war.

PETITION SIGNED TO KEEP CALLES

100 Parties Demand Two-Year Term

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 12.—More than one hundred political parties, provincial governors and various groups have followed the initiative of the National Peasants' League and Tejedista Party of Vera Cruz in demanding that President Calles continue in office for two years after his term expires on December 1.

The petition will be presented to congress, which convenes on September 1, and which is made up mostly of Obregonistas.

BRAZIL SEAMEN TO BE UNITED IN ASSOCIATION

Communists Take Lead

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, August 12.—There are about 16,000 workers employed in the Brazilian mercantile marine and about 17,000 more are working as stevedores and port laborers. Of these 33,000 only about 12,000 are loosely organized in a number of separate and unaffiliated unions, divided by locality and craft divisions.

Thus in Rio de Janeiro alone are the trade unions of the Naval Carpenters, Stokers' Union, Maritime Motormen, Seamen's and Helpers' Unions, Stevedores' Union, etc. Similar unions are also in the interior Amazon ports and in other Atlantic ports, in Pernambuco, Recife, etc., without being federated among themselves.

One of the largest of these single unions, which counts among its members a large number of Communists, I. W. W.s and anarcho-syndicalists, is the "Asociacion de Marineros y Remeros de Brazil" (Association of Sailors and Boatmen of Brazil), changed its statutes so as to make the organization and industrial union, able to absorb all maritime workers. The organization started an energetic propaganda, and received a considerable number of adhesions from independent unions.

There is no nation-wide trade union organization in Brazil at present and this federation may give the basis for further unification of the Brazilian proletariat.

MOVING PICTURE OF MINE STRIKE

Photoplay Records 16-Month Struggle

Continued from Page One

their rows of company owned houses, the church, company-controlled, and the company stores, all centered around the mines, coal and iron police, licensed by the state but paid and hired by the company, paroling the streets, are the background.

With the utmost accuracy, the story of the bitterest, most hard-fought industrial battle of recent years is painted in bold strokes in swiftly moving scenes.

Ready For Booking.

The motion picture has already been booked for many large cities. To insure early showings, several positives will be printed, so that it may be seen simultaneously in distant parts of the country.

All proceeds will immediately be thrown into relief work. Thousands of hungry families of miners will be fed; hundreds of men, women and children, arrested because of strike activity, will be defended. Many of these indicted strikers will be seen in the picture, leading picket lines or speaking at miners' conventions and mass meetings.

All bookings for "The Miners' Strike" are handled through the National Miners' Relief Committee headquarters, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. Relief Committees especially are cautioned to apply for dates immediately.

Soviet Heroes to Keep Up Amundsen Hunt

"We are determined to continue the search until at least some trace of Amundsen and his crew are found," stated Professor Samoilovich (at right), yesterday. Prof. Samoilovich is in charge of the Arctic rescue work of the ice-breaker Krassin. With Samoilovich is Capt. Egge, in command of the Krassin.

JAIL FOR MILL STRIKE LEADERS

Police Charge Funeral of Striker's Child

Continued from Page One

seethes with a tremendous wave of indignation against the police and their allies, the church. Condemnation by a Portuguese speaker of the close cooperation between the church, police and the mill bosses at a strikers' meeting later was received with enthusiastic approval.

Gitlow Speaks.

Ben Gitlow, candidate for vice-president on the ticket of the Workers (Communist) Party was the main speaker at this meeting which was held on Liberty Lot in the evening.

After reviewing the bitter persecution of the workers that day, Gitlow spoke of the larger implications of the struggle of the working class. He pointed out the workers' weakness in the fight with the bosses if they do not act as an organized mass.

Gitlow flayed the mill bosses for their hypocritical statements that the outside radicals were fomenting trouble in the peaceful community. He showed that the strikes now in progress were caused not by "outsiders" by by the unbearable conditions forced upon the textile workers.

FEARS STRIKES IN MANCHURIA

Communism Threatens Japanese Interests

TOKIO, Aug. 12.—Government officials here have declared that their interests in Manchuria are threatened by the growth of radicalism and Communism, which, they say, will spread to Korea and to Japan itself if allowed to grow. The officials also cite many instances in which the government has found it difficult to suppress Communist activities in Japan.

Premier Tanaka is reported to be preparing a statement on the Manchuria situation in which he is expected to point out that Japanese interests are threatened by internal disorders and possibility for strikes on the railways and in the mines. Troops are reported to be held in readiness to reinforce the troops already in Manchuria.

• • •

Militarization Expected.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 12.—Manchurian situation, watched so anxiously here, is expected to be complicated shortly by the seizure of the Peking-Mukden railroad by Japanese troops, and surprise was expressed that it had not already been done.

It is also thought here to be quite evident that should the Manchurian war lord, Chang Hseuh-liang, refuse to follow the dictates of the Japanese government the latter is ready to take military action.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

STREET FIGHTS RAGE DESPITE POLICE ATTACKS

Six Killed Following Galmot's Burial

PARIS, Aug. 12.—A squadron of French marines and gendarmes are on their way to Cayenne, French Guiena, to help the local police and military forces suppress the uprising which followed the recent elections and death of former Deputy Jean Galmot, it was announced here today.

Since Galmot's death on August 6, six people have been killed in street fighting and a battle is reported to be raging in the Guiana city. Galmot, it is charged, was poisoned by political opponents. He was the representative of the French government in Guiana to the chamber of deputies in Paris until he lost his seat, due to his complicity, it is alleged, in a rum plot.

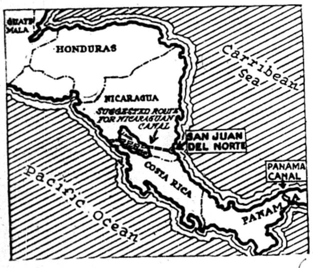
The unrest began on the day of Galmot's funeral, and strong measures have been used by the French authorities to suppress the uprising.

CHARGE DEACON ATTACKS

CAMERON, Ill., Aug. 12.—The deacon here, F. E. Loso, has been arrested on the charge of criminally attacking Louise McLure, 11 years old, of Indiana. The town is greatly incensed at this occurrence.

(Daily Worker Talks No. 9),

Peace Talk Means War!



"Our Foreign Policy Has One Primary Object, and That Is Peace."

—(From Acceptance Speech of Herbert Hoover),

Millions of workers heard this statement from the man who will probably be the next president of the United States. There is not an informed student of international affairs in the world who does not know that the statement is a lie—yet these millions listened and believed.

Ask yourself again: HOW CAN THE POLITICIANS GET AWAY WITH SUCH BRAZEN BUNKUM? WHAT CAN BE DONE ABOUT IT?

• • • • •

Above is a map of Central America showing one of the reasons for the U. S. occupation of Nicaragua and the suggested route for a canal across the country.

Thousands of Nicaraguans have been murdered in the fight, not to speak of the hundreds of invading U. S. marines killed and wounded by the Nicaraguans in defense of their homes in spite of the invaders' superior equipment. Yet the politicians speak of "peace."

Say to the workers whom you meet: The United States imperialists are making criminal war on Nicaragua to enslave the workers and farmers of that country and to build another canal for further war puposes.

Hoover said that every nation in the world wants peace. But we know that they are all fractically preparing for war.

The DAILY WORKER tears the mask from these liars.

The DAILY WORKER is the only paper which really fights against the war danger.

The DAILY WORKER is the only paper which shows how to end the two chief marks of capitalist civilization, poverty and war.

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Philadelphia Storage Battery Co. Runs Wage Cut Racket, Correspondent Reveals

HANDOUTS

Two hundred and fifty thousand hand picked snobs, sons and daughters of the rich, will enter what are referred to as higher institutions of learning this fall, according to the computation of the U. S. Bureau of Education. A great many more sons and daughters of the poor will be entering factories at the same time. But with the kind of dope being handed out in the colleges these days the less college a man has the more educated he is.

• • •

Look Pretty Now

Picture shows Lieut. Carloss J. Chamberlin being married at Camp Peekskill, N. Y., marching under an arch of swords of the kind he'll be sitting on in the next war. Most soldiers join the army because they're hungry, the others because they think they look well in uniform.

• • •

"Cleveland Poor to Get $2,000,000 Under Butcher's Will in Year 2178." says a newspaper headline. What may bring disaster to this program is that there may not be any poor in Cleveland in 2178.

• • •

Foot Exploiters

If there is anything base in a human being capitalism will drag it out and flop it on a pedestal, for instance the willingness to butter its bread with human torture as do the promoters of marathon dances. After the tenth day the dancers shown above lost most of their fondness for dancing and all their affection for each other. Partners blame each other for the condition of their feet and end up not speaking, but they have to stick together for business reasons. After the agony is two weeks old sport guys in the audience offer prizes for pretty steps. In the last marathon $25 was put up by Frank Campbell, an eager mortician.

• • •

Gems of Learning

Rev. A. Ruecker:

"The church must set the pace against war."

In the last war the church set the pace in sword-rattling.

Perry W. Howard, Negro national committeeman charged with taking share of $1,300 for bringing about the appointment of a deputy U. S. Marshal:—

"I have no fear of the outcome of a fair and impartial trial in Mississippi. No man in the nation has done more than I to prevent anything that even smacked of the purchase and sale of public offices."

Now, Percy, cross your heart and look me straight in the eye!

—M. C. H.

SLASH WAGES BY THREE QUARTER HOUR TIME FRAUD

Officials Know Nothing of It, Absolutely Not

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—Philadelphia Storage Battery Company has set up a short-change artist, and is now working a devilish cut racket among its employes. By means of it a state statute forbidding women workers from being exploited for more than eight hours per day is hood-winked and, at the same time the pay envelope of each woman worker is rifled of a half day's wages each week.

The fraud is accomplished by making factory girls put in eight and three-quarter hours, but not counting the fraction in the paymaster's department, so that when a state examiner comes to look over the rolls, all, to outward seeming, is well.

Naturally enough, the company bigwigs flatly deny any knowledge of the graft, were they to be questioned about it. There are the books to show that the women are being paid at an hourly rate for eight hours of work. If they are so bewitched by their work that they can't bear to wrench themselves away from it before getting in an extra hour or so, that is not our look-out. So the bosses say.

But here are the facts: They begin the grind at 7:15 a. m. and are unchained at 4:45 p. m., having three-quarters of an hour for lunch. No rest periods are allowed them by the foreman, for the speed-up here will not brook any let-up in any serf, male or female, during the work day. Well?

Of late the Philco, as it is called, has gone in heavily for radio parts. Little by little the gangs of unskilled men at first used in this work are being forced out to make place for girls and women, who, of course, are given a lower wage for the identical work. When hired they are given to understand that they will be paid an hourly rate, dependent on production, with a sliding group bonus thrown in for good measure—in some cases. Nothing is said, however, about the extra time for which nothing will be paid. Probably the bosses think that the four extra hours they force them to work is a tribute to their philanthropy.

A shop warden was approached recently by a new hand who had found a disagreement between the contents of her first pay-pouch and her record of hours worked. The whip passed it over with this rationalization: "Well, you girls spend at least three-quarters of an hour every day powdering your noses, the company can't foot the bill for your beauty treatments."

As a matter of fact, if a woman took out that amount of time for recesses the law "provides" her with, she would be canned without ado. This was proven conclusively recently when two young women were fired for singing a few bars of a popular song. They had dared to look up from their work bench.

How much the rake-off brought in by the short-change racket amounts to, an outsider cannot say, except to guess it must do the girls out of much and necessary money.

The average weekly pay for radio part workers (females) is $12. But, not satisfied with giving them "coolie pay," the Philadelphia Storage Battery Company unlawfully forces them to work overtime, and then cheats them out of the profits of that overtime. And, meanwhile, there hangs in the employment office a tastefully framed copy of the state statute dealing with such cases, its glass cover reflecting the purple nose of the slave agent.

—N. B.

6 HURT IN AUTO MISHAP

SILVER CREEK, N. Y., Aug. 12 (UP).—Five Buffalo women were injured and Walter Hagerty of Dunkirk was perhaps fatally injured recently here in an automobile collision. They were all removed to a local hospital.

CAN'T FORCE BUYING

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 12.—County authorities, working in the interests of local mining companies, failed in their attempt to force the inhabitants here to buy no other coal but that mined in the county.

$100,000

To fight the mighty Wall Street Powers with their billions. Send your contribution at once to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer.

Hungry Miners' Children at Food Kitchen

Photo shows hungry miners' children receiving a meal in a food kitchen run by the National Mine Relief Committee. Miners' children often faint in school because of under-nourishment. Starvation looms for hundreds of thousands of miners and their families if the workers of the United States do not rush aid at once.

WORKER TELLS STORY OF SLAVERY IN PERU

LIMA, Peru. (By Mail).—The domination of Peru and other Latin and South American countries by United States capitalists has led to most miserable conditions for native workmen that amounts virtually to a state of peonage.

A strict censorship has prevented any news that attempts to describe the actual condition of affairs from leaving the country. Every attempt to form a union, or even express demands is immediately discovered by spies and suppressed. What labor organizations do exist here are company unions, controlled and subjugated by company officials.

To enforce the will and glutonous exploitation of the American capitalists the United States government keeps two or three battleships in every port where either copper or refining companies have their plants.

Workers in Barracks.

At Callao an American copper company, with offices at 26 Broadway, New York City, dominates and exploits the whole population. The workers in its mines are separated from the town and live in crude, wooden barracks that are constructed by the company, where they are forced to remain. The barracks are built on poles over muddy land and offer inadequate protection from rain and wind. Epidemics often break out here taking a toll of hundreds—but these can always be replaced by more native labor which would rather accept this prison hole than starvation.

The copper miners at Callao work for five pesos per day, equivalent to fifty cents in American money. For this pittance they dig copper from eleven to fourteen hours per day, and if ordered, work overtime without pay. Besides their "salary" they are supposed to be fed by the company. "Food" consists of muddy water called soup with some rotten potatoes in it as the main dish. They are even offered a few relishes sometimes in the form of something that the company chooses to call coffee, rice and cake.

Yellow Dogs Watch.

The workers themselves look as though they had just been through a tremendous beating or through the cog-wheels of the machines that separate the copper. Their feet are swollen beyond recognition, their backs stooped, their hands all chopped up.

Around the mines and the barracks the company police imported from the United States keep a strict watch. They are armed and present a formidable appearance to any dissatisfied worker. If there is too much interest in a conversation, too many workers gathered at one time, if a stranger tries to speak to them, the yellow dogs perform their duty. The workers cannot help but be submissive—with the company ready to call upon the battleships not so very far away.

The condition of the workers who load the copper ore are still worse. They receive three pesos per day, and the same "food" as the others. They, too, must live in barracks—if there is room for them. And if there is no room the company will allow them to sleep in old hulks which it has found lying about in the harbor.

Control Workers' Lines.

About the same conditions exist in Malliando, where the same copper company has a mine. In Tocopilla there are both British and American copper and oil refining companies, and both seem to be in competition as to who can be the cruelest master.

At Paita the International Petroleum Company holds complete sway over the lives of the workers and their families. It keeps its employes in shacks completely isolated from the rest of the town. It is a pitiful experience to come into this harbor on board a ship. The first thing that strikes the eye is the smoked-up plant of the company dominating all like a huge incubous and casting a formidable shadow over the shacks of the workers. No one is allowed to land. Women and children come out to meet the ships selling trinkets and begging for a piece of bread or some old clothes. They would do almost anything for a piece of butter or to get a shirt, no matter how old, for their husband. The stevedores on the docks beg for a bite to eat.

If anybody from the ship tries to talk to the women or to the workers for any period of time they are immediately told to move along either by a policeman or a plain-clothes man.

BY A WORKER CORRESPONDENT.

Says U. S. President Can Easily Go Into War

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 12 (UP).—The president of the United States—through expansion of executive powers to recent years—could easily plunge the nation into war by his power to provoke an act of war, Professor Edwin M. Borchard of Yale University told the Institute of Politics Friday at round table discussion.

"Presidential practice in recent years has resulted in expansion of chief executive powers," Borchard said. "By ordering the landing of marines in foreign countries, he could effectually create a situation from which it might be extremely difficult for congress to withdraw, unless it chose to repudiate the president."

Professor Borchard said "the world will justify assumption by the United States of a decree of control necessary to keep order in Nicaragua because of special interests which we have there."

BIG G. O. P. HOWL TODAY

PALO ALTO, Calif., Aug. 12.—Two hundred and forty musicians will blare "Hail, Hail, the Gang's All Here," a crowd, it is stated, will join in, and the big republican notification howl will be in full swing today, when Herbert Hoover officially delivers his acceptance speech at the G. O. P. nomination for president. This will take place in the Stanford University Bowl.

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MUST ORGANIZE PHILADELPHIA GARMENT TRADE

Blumberg, Weinstone, Morriconi Must Go

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—The officialdom of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers in this city, now under the rule of Mr. Blumberg, opposes a militant policy to organize the clothing workers of Philadelphia.

Dominick Flaiani, a militant fighter among the clothing workers of this city, was recently removed from the organizers' staff for having presented a militant policy to organize the Philadelphia clothing workers. Flaiani, in presenting his policy, which is the policy of the militant workers in the Amalgamated, exposed the Blumbergs, the Licastros and the rest of the organizers sent in by the General Executive Board here at high salary with the intention not to organize Philadelphia but to demoralize the clothing workers of this city.

The present leadership of the Amalgamated has nothing to give to the workers, has no policy to organize the unorganized workers, has no policy to better the conditions of the clothing workers here and elsewhere.

The settlement that the union has made with the Baroff shop in the last two days in no way battered the conditions of the workers of this particular shop. These workers were forced to go back to work on the same conditions that they came out. The only one that made the gain is Blumberg, who will be able to collect dues to reduce the standard of living of these workers.

The reasons why Flaiani was removed from the organizers' staff of the Amalgamated is because he is a militant fighter and wanted to better the conditions of the worgers, because he proposed that the union must fight for a 25 per cent increase for the Philadelphia clothing workers, because he called for abolition of piece-work, for 40 hours a week, etc., because he opposed the kind of agreement that Blumberg and Weinstein made with the Baroff contractor.

The workers, the clothing workers of Philadelphia, have no confidence in the present leadership of the Amalgamated, and these workers must organize under the leadership of the left wing in the union by joining the Trade Union Educational League and fight on until the Amalgamated is rid of the Hillmans, Blumbergs, Morriconis, the Licastros and the rest of the corrupt parisites that we have now as the "leadership" of the Amalgamated.

The officialdom of the Amalgamated has no intention of organizing the Philadelphia clothing market. It is up to the rank and file of the union to take to its hands the organization and rid itself of Weinstein and the rest of the misleaders.

The Philadelphia clothing workers must organize into a committee and lead a campaign organization to organize Philadelphia.

The Philadelphia militant clothing workers must unite to organize Philadelphia. The clothing workers, organized and unorganized, say openly today: "Blumberg must go, Weinstein must go, Morriconi must go, the corrupt London must go, and the rest of the misleaders of the Philadelphia Amalgamated must go."

C. W.

FLAIANI FLAYS MILITARY CAMPS IN COURT ROOM

Arrested at Open-Air Meeting

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—Capitalist justice has again showed its color in the capitalist court here. Domenick Flaiani, young militant trade union leader of this city, was held in $800 bail together with Epstein by Magistrate Roberts at the hearing in the 19th and Oxford Police Station, for the grand jury.

Flaiani was arrested July 28th when he was addressing about 200 workers at 29th and Cumberland Sts., at an open-air meeting arranged by the Young Workers (Communist) League.

The veterans of foreign wars had their lawyer, Jay C. Bossard, to prosecute Flaiani and Epstein demanding their conviction or eviction.

A few fascist reactionary members of the veterans of foreign wars came to the court to testify against Flaiani. Francis Ward, a fascist member of the veterans testified he heard Flaiani call Herbert Hoover a millionaire republican nominee for presidency a "capitalist" and he, Ward, heard also that Flaiani stated that "Hoover represents Wall Street, the capitalists, the bankers of this country and not the workers." This fascist stated that Flaiani spoke "disrespectfully" of the strike-breaker president, Cal Cool Coolidge.

Another fascist took the stand to testify against Flaiani and he said that Flaiani attacked bitterly the Citizens' Military Training Camps saying that "the bosses of this country are militarizing the young workers of this country for the coming war that the capitalists are preparing."

The veterans of foreign wars are very actively working to railroad Flaiani and Epstein into jail. The judge, Roberts, stated that any Communist that will try to speak in his division and come before him will not receive any mercy but will be sent to jail.

The Young Workers (Communist) League as well as the Workers (Communist) Party will continue to have open-air meetings in Judge Roberts' division.

The workers of the section where Flaiani was arrested are aware of the actvities of the fascist legionnaire veterans of foreign wars and they despise them. The workers will vote for the Communist ticket in that section and not for anyone ticket who do not represent the working class, as a protest against the activities of the veterans of the foreign wars and the rest of the capitalists and capitalist agencies.

—S. R.

TWO FLYERS KILLED.

CLERMONT-FERNAND, France, Aug. 12 (UP).—Two youthful army fliers, both 18, were killed when two instruction planes, landing simultaneously, crashed at the airdrome here.

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Russian Films Cast Magic Spell in Europe and America

(Continued.)

"Personally I never liked the motion picture, partly because it is a mechanical art dangerous for eyes and normal mental functions; partly because it never had any artistic or dramatic content, nor any cultural meaning. But I changed my attitude after seeing the Soviet film and I began to ask myself: what was the secret of its unexpected appeal? What gives to the Soviet film its intrinsic power of curiosity—arousing novelty?

"In order to answer these questions I undertook a thoro study of the new Russian motion picture from its every angle. I found the Soviet film is more a product of talented amateurs and spontaneous troubadours than of professional technicians and artificial stars. With a small exception, the best cinema are of the Soviets is created by a group of racial directors, technicians, actors and intelligentsia, which gives it all the natural freshness and simplicity found in folk arts. Whereas most of our or West European films are produced in elaborate studios, with elaborate mechanical equipments, stupendous artificial structures of castles, palaces and so on, those of the Soviets' Goskinos and private companies are produced in natural surroundings with all the atmosphere and make-up of actuality. Whether the scene is cast in a palace, in a town or in the country, in the north or in the tropics, it is acted in those surroundings, and in most cases with all the characters described in the scenario enlisted from the true racial stock.

II.

(Continued from Friday's Issue).

THE Soviet film tries to maintain the principle used by the classic Russian ballet for more than a century, the principle of naturalistic realism of episodes true to life. In this respect the picture keeps a natural tempo and normal dramatic continuity and is not overcrowded with artificial scenes or driven at the mad speed of the usual Hollywood productions, a speed which finally becomes detrimental, not only to the eye, but more so to the brain.

High-Speed Film Condemned.

"Dr. Pavlov and Freud have condemned the high-speed American film because of its abnormal pace and tempo. The claim it causes increasing social morony and incapacity of thinking.

"'The effect of high-speed modern motion pictures is the cause of the ultimate downfall of our occidental mind,' writes Professor Kirchoff in criticizing the film. 'It acts like a narcotic on the minds of constant onlookers and thus leads to a kind of deterioration of normal mental function.'

"This is exactly what the Soviet film has perhaps instinctively avoided.

"The most significant feature of the Soviet film is its sincere dramatic appeal. This appeal is made without recourse to artificial tricks or any effort to please a special kind of public. Money-making is not its aim.

"'Like the drama and the ballet, the motion picture is a medium of cultural evolution and should not be made a plain and brutal business proposition, as it is the cause with some producers of American and West European films,' says Anatoly Lunacharsky, the Soviet Commisar of Fine Arts.

"A rather heated controversy is at present taking place among cinema workers of Russia. One group tries to produce pictures to please the sensuous or other convential branch of the public—like some of our own films in America. Another group advocates keeping of the pure artistic-cultural ideals of the founders of all revolutions. One writer in a Russian cinema magazine says:

"'Shall our motion picture be a purely commercial proposition, like that of America and Western Europe, run on the principle of 'what the public wants?' or shall it be a clear-cut cultural undertaking, conducted with an idealogiical aim in view?

"'Shall we sell our souls and bodies to the biggest bidders and produce pictures to make money, or shall we produce outspoken kulturfilms?'

"A recent conference held by leaders of the Russian revolution decided that, like the Russian stage, music, the ballet and literature, the Russian film should keep to the highest ideals of art and life, irrespective of profit. In fact it was pointed out that no great works of art, for the stage or otherwise, were ever commercial successes and that the usual occidental view of 'giving the public what it wanted' was all bosh.

"Lately the different nationalistic state film companies of Russia have begun to produce typically juvenile pictures, and pictures with an outspoken rural appeal. It is remarkable that in all phases of motion picture production the Russian is not interested in technical intricacies or in novel effects, but rather in vital socialogical and psychological truths which are clearly reflected in Slavonic pictures, no matter what they portray. Nearly all the recent Soviet pictures carry a certain message, even if their execution drags on occasion or the staging is defective.

(To Be Continued.)

Vare Recovering

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 10 (UP).—William S. Vare, senator-elect from Pennsylvania, is on the road to recovery, his physicians said.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Aug. 12 (UP).—More than 50 airplanes from all sections of the United States will participate in the three-day Pikes Peak air meet which opened here yesterday.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

The LADDER
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

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CAMEO
COOL AND COMFORTABLE
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FILM ARTS GUILD Presents First American Showing
EMIL JANNINGS
In a Tragicomedy of War's Aftermath
"Fortune's Fool"
AND IN ADDITION
CHAS. CHAPLIN in "THE FIREMAN"
and "TREACHEROUS WATERS"—a UFA Novelty Reel

October 4, 5, 6, 7
DAILY WORKER and FREIHEIT
Bazaar
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
Collect Articles!

G RESPONSE TO ORKERS PARTY LECTION DRIVE

Donations Coming in From Many States

Continued from Page One

e the aim of most the contributors. ost of the money that came in on hose first fifty receipts is for Vote ommunist Stamps and campaign uttons. The buttons will be dislayed on thousands of coat lapels nd the Vote Communist Stamps on undreds of thousands of envelopes. he National Platform of the Party n the election campaign is now going out in thousands and the goal f 100,000 set by the National Election Campaign Committee is almost ertain to be reached.

The National Election Campaign ommittee has called on militant orkers to feel that the success of he campaign depends on his personal response to the campaign nd appeal.

The first fifty contributions received are reported herewith as follows:

A. Kramer $2; Eteenpain, $3; Iani Alice O'Brien, $3; Minnio lackschmidt, $1; P. Williams$1; J. . Georgieff, $1; D. K. Georgieff, 1; S. N. Kiolgieff, $1; Lithuanian Vorking Women All., $5; A. Girling, 10.00; Harry A. Battle, $2; Hanah Huebber, $5; E. Cohen—Workmen Circle, $5; Steve Marasky, $5; eorge Rupert, $5; R. E. Delle, $5; arry Rutland, $1; Harry Lawrence, 1; Chas. Mitchell, $10; Harry Cassan, $2.50; D. Graches, $1; Charlotte nita Whitney, $100; Peter Teem Rochester) $10; Hilda Haaraojan, 5; A Worker, $5; J. Mindl, $15; istrict 5, $1.80; District 10, $5.70; . Spector, $9; Anton Kratofil, 1.10; M. Nemser, $4.00; Zack Kizer, .25; Workers Bookshop, $40; District 5, $10; A. Zimmerman, $5; M. rishtat, $7; J. B. Welsbach, $5; S. ollinger, $5; Esther Markizon, $16; istrict 2, $50; A. W. Nelson, $2.50; istrict 5, 14.10; Charlotte Anita Vhitney, $14; The Gale Book Shop, 1.71; George Rupert, $2; Peter eem (Rochester) $20; Chas. Mitchell, $14.33; Walter Paananen, $7; ary Kroternik, $5; District 5, $10.

Donations	$ 90.10
Literature	131.14
Campaign material	234.25

District 5.

Assessment Stamps, $3; Campaign Stamps, $5; Assessment tamps, $7; Campaign Stamps, $2; ssessment Stamps, $3.50; Campaign Stamps, $4; Assessment tamps, $2.

District 10.

Donation, $5; Assessment Stamps, 2.50; Assessment Stamps, $.50; ssessment Stamps, $1.50.

Upton Sinclair's famous novel, Money Writes," showed that money was obeyed by capitalist editors, apitalist novelists and poets. Workers' money can help write the obituary notice of the capitalist system and all its evil by-products. end your contribution to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 E. 125th Street, Alexander rachtenberg, Treasurer.

ASCISTS MARCH IN GERMAN FEST

enounce Communists and USSR

BERLIN, Aug. 12.—At the anniversary of the German republic and he constitution thousands of members of the Reichsbanner, a fascist emi-military organization held demonstrations at which speakers denounced the Communists and the oviet Union.

Dr. Severing, minister of the interior, made speeches at the fascist emonstrations at Frankfort and assel, using an airplane to make ure that he reached both of the ities in time to speak before the ascists.

Many newspapers commented lso on the fact that the Socialist eichstag had ordered an appropriation for the building of a 10,000 on cruiser, while talking of the ellogg "peace" pact.

ORCE JOBLESS TO WAIT HOURS

Recently I called at the American ooseleaf Company, 141 Varick St., . Y., and after waiting for 20 minutes together with three others, I as informed that the job was illed.

The advertisement called for a oung man as assistant to a stock utter. But when there are many pplicants when you call for the ob, they ask you if you have had ny experience. When only one person applies they act differently.

As no salary is stated in the ad, he trick is to waste your time, hang round and feel dependent on them. he main reason is that the firm ants to pay as small a wage as ossible and does not wish to state openly. The same goes for "blind ds," where you are requested to ell your services (this they state in our application) which means that e cheapest bidder gets the job.

—M. S.

Young Pioneers in Camp at Wingdale, N. Y.

DEFEND THE SOVIET UNION

Children of the working class escape the heat and overcrowding in New York City at the Pioneer Camp at Wingdale, N. Y. The picture shows a group of Young Pioneers at the end of a local demonstration in defense of the Soviet Union.

CHICKEN PIRATES TO BE ARRAIGNED

Labor Fakers Among Extortion Gang

Four more so-called "chicken pirates" are to be arranged before United States Commissioner O'Neill today. They are charged nominally with conspiracy under the Sherman anti-trust law but actually known to have been connected with the poultry chamber of commerce extortion scheme over the retail trade.

"Tootsie" Herbert, labor leader, and head of a truck drivers' union, who is said to have earned over $4,000 a week as chief gang leader for the bosses; Joseph Wiener and Sidney Rosenstein have already been arraigned.

The new men are Charles Herbert, brother of "Tootsie"; Carl Firestone, David Kaufman, secretary of the teamsters' union; Julius Rosenstein and an Irishman, who, for the present, is unnamed.

The gang, led by the labor fakers and operating under the direction of the big wholesalers, forced the city retail poultry dealers to deal only with specified firms and to pay exorbitant prices set for them. Hundreds of thousands of dollars a year was thus extorted from them.

HAT FINISHERS WIN IN WALKOUT

Protested Conditions in Shops

The 30 finishers of the Perfect Hat Company yesterday won an agreement from their bosses of the Perfect Hat Company, 303 Mercer St. The finishers, members of Local No. 8 of the United Hatters of North America, walked out in protest of conditions imposed on them by the bosses.

The agreement provides that all hats bought in the future should be less hairy so that it should be easier for the workers to finish. It further provides that all the hairy hats which are at present in the shop should be returned to the hat bodies manufacturers to be "pounced" by machine.

The finishers walked out on Wednesday as a protest against the refusal of the boss to grant their demand of buying hats which were hard to "pounce."

MILL PICKETING BAN IS DEFIED

Workers to Challenge Police Order Today

Continued from Page One

city hall, the bosses police were doing their utmost to break the strike by prohibiting all picket lines.

Will Continue Picketing.

"The New Bedford Textile Workers Union will continue to picket the mills in spite of the police terrorism and we intend to have a showdown with the mill controlled police who take their orders from John Sullivan and his colleagues. Our answer to the police is: Mass picketing on a bigger scale than ever before!"

The arrest of Elizabeth Donnelley, childrens' organizer, in the park and the breaking up of a gathering of strikers children will be met by the union by the continuance of our activities among the strikers children. The public parks are supposed to be for all the children of the city and there is no reason why the children of the strikers should be barred and driven out. Is the park public property or is it the property of the mill owners? The drive against the strikers children is further proof that Mayor Ashely and Chief of Police McLeod are carrying out the orders given them by the mill owners who are using every means possible to browbeat the striking workers.

VANCOUVER UNIONS GROW

VANCOUVER, B. C., Aug 12 (FP).—The Vancouver central body now has 64 affiliated unions, an increase of 7 in 6 months.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

* * *

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday afternoon, August 18, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

* * *

Branch 2 Unit Meet.

A meeting of Branch 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, East New York, will be held today at 8:30 p. m. at Hendrix and Blake Aves. It is absolutely urgent that all members be present.

* * *

Unit 5F, 3D Meeting.

Unit 5F, 3D of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet Wednesday, at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members have been requested to attend.

* * *

Branch 4, Section 5 Meet.

Branch 4, Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold an important meeting this evening at 2075 Clinton Ave. All members must attend.

* * *

Y. W. L. Air Meeting.

The following open air meeting has been arranged by the Williamsburgh section tomorrow, at Tompkins Ave. and Hart St. Speakers, D. Klein, H. Harris and M. Hobber.

* * *

Organizers of Women's Work.

All women organizers of Women's work of the Workers (Communist) Party are asked to call for the bulletin, "Working Women" which is now ready at the office of the United Council of Working Class Women, 799 Broadway, Room 533.

* * *

Subsection 3E Executive.

The Executive Committee of Subsection 3E of the Workers (Communist) Party will hold an important meeting, today at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members of the Executive Committee must attend.

* * *

Unit 2F, Section 1 Meet.

Unit 2F, Section 1 will hold an important meeting today at 6 p. m. sharp, at 60 St. Mark's Pl. All members must attend. The plans for the election campaign and the general party work will be taken up and discussed.

* * *

3E International Branch 1

A regular meeting of the International Branch 1 will be held today at 9 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Members are requested not to fail to attend.

* * *

Unit 3E, 1F, Meeting.

An important meeting of unit 3E, 1F will be held tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must attend.

* * *

Unit 3E, 2F Meeting.

Unit, 3E, 2F will meet Wednesday, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Important matters will be taken up, and all members should attend.

* * *

Section 7, Unit 3.

A meeting of Unit 3, Section 7, will be held today at 8 p. m. at 764-40th St., Brooklyn.

* * *

Party Functionaries.

All Party functionaries, including unit, section and subsection organizers, agitprop directors, industrial organizers, literature agents, etc., bureau heads, editors, are to meet at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, on Friday evening, August 17, at 8:15 to take up plans for the Red Week arranged for August 20 to 26. Conflicting meetings should be called off.

* * *

Subsection 3C Units.

A meeting of the units of Subsection 3C will be held today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All campaign directors of these units must be present at this meeting.

* * *

6F 2B.

Unit 6F 2B will meet Wednesday at 101 W. 27th St. Industrial and camp work will be taken up.

* * *

6F Meet.

A meeting of Unit 6F will be held tomorrow at 60 St. Marks Place at 6 p. m.

* * *

Branch 6, Bronx.

Branch 6 of the Workers (Communist) Party appeals to all comrades to call for lists to gather signatures for the "Put the Party on the Ballot" petition. The campaign office at 2700 Bronx Park E. is open daily between 6-9 p. m., except Saturday and Sunday, when it is open all day. Branch 6 appeals to all members and sympathizers to reserve Saturday, Sept. 8, when it will give an affair in the playground of the Home of the United Workers' Cooperative.

* * *

Bert Miller in Harlem.

The second session of the Harlem Speakers Class will be held on Tuesday, August 14, at 8:15 sharp, at 143 E. 103rd St. Unit agitprop directors and other members of class are urged to come on time. Unemployment will be the subject for discussion, with Bert Miller as the instructor.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Architectural Iron Bronze Workers.

An important membership meeting of the Architectural Iron Bronze and Structural Workers Union will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. at the Rand School, 7 East 15th St. All members are urged to attend.

* * *

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

* * *

Newark Textile Relief.

A mass meeting will be held under the auspices of W. I. R. Textile Relief, Thursday, Aug. 16 at 93 Mercer St., Newark. Strikers from New Bedford, Fred Biedenkapp and Harriet Silverman will speak.

* * *

Attention Seamen and Longshoremen!

A special open-air election campaign meeting will be held today at 12 noon at foot of West 14th St., under auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party. Speakers will be John J. Ballam, acting district organizer, District 2, Workers Party and Wilson, organizer, District 2, Young Pioneers of America.

Court Writ Sought in Gas Merger Fight

Although the Public Service Commission voted Thursday in favor of the $1,000,000,000 merger of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company, the Public Committee on power, which has fought the merger for almost a month now, announced yesterday through its lawyer, Morris L. Ernst, that it will once against officially protest against the merger, and ask that a hearing be granted to the Public Committee

MINERS PREPARE THRUOUT FIELDS FOR NEW UNION

Many Locals Go Over to Progressives

Continued from Page One

Jacksonville scale and demanding the resignation of Fishwick and the state scale committee. The Pocohontas local adopted a resolution calling upon the miners to strike against the wage cut and to discontinue paying dues to the Lewis-Fishwick machine. These are typical of the resolutions adopted by numerous locals in Southern and Central Illinois.

Basis for New Union.

These reports leave no doubt that the National Convention will be a real success, laying a firm basis for the new miners' union, provided the National Arrangements Committee will have sufficient funds at its disposal to bring the delegates from the various mining fields to Pittsburgh. The bulk of the miners in what has been known as the union fields are still unemployed and cannot raise the necessary funds. The National Arrangements Committee has appealed to all progressive workers to make contributions and to use the collection and certificate lists to raise funds among their fellow-workers and forward them, without delay, to the National Miners' Convention Arrangements Committee, 119 Federal St., Room 411, Pittsburgh, Pa.

* * *

Big Meetings.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 12.—Anthony Minerich, of the National Arrangements Committee, addressed a large mass meeting of mine workers at Christopher, Illinois, Thursday, Aug. 2. Sub-district Secretary Lowden was present at the meeting but kept his peace. On August 5 a sub-district conference was held at Harrisburg, followed by a large mass meeting in the ball park, which was addressed by John J. Watt, Anthony Minerich, Dan Slinger, progressive secretary-treasurer of District 12, and J. J. McGuinn, president of the Eldorado Local Union. McGuinn who is well-known throughout Illinois, flayed the Lewis machine unmercifully for its betrayal of the miners. He ridiculed Lewis' statement in the last issue of his journal that the Jacksonville scale was abandoned because "the save-the-union supporters had all gone back to scabbing in Pennsylvania and Ohio." "Do not forget, boys," McGuinn said, "just a short time ago they told the world that it was the Southern Illinois miners who made them change their policy."

Welcomed Everywhere.

On Monday, August 6, Anthony Minerich spoke at Pocohontas and Watt at Orient, No. 1. Tuesday, August 7, a conference was held at Buckner, and Anthony Minerich spoke at the meeting of the Livingston local union, where he was given a great reception by the membership, despite the presence of Board Member Walter Koch. The membership here is determined to fight against a wage cut and will stop paying dues to the Lewis-Fishwick machine. On Wednesday a sub-district conference was held at West Frankford, followed by a large mass meeting, which was addressed by Watt, Minerich and McGuinn.

Two large mass meetings were scheduled for Sunday at Benld and Springfield. Watt and Minerich addressed both meetings.

A report of Mother E. R. Bloor, organizer for Indiana and Western Kentucky, speaks of successful mass meetings held in both of these states and of a number of local unions organized in Kentucky.

A letter received from Henrietta, Oklahoma, reports that the miners of the Henrietta coal fields, where they have ben forced to work under the 1917 scale since quite some time ago, are extremely bitter against the Lewis machine and have received with enthusiasm the news of the new union being organized. In every mining camp in this field the distribution of the call for the National Miners' Convention has instilled new hope in the miners, and organizations are being formed which will serve as a basis for the new local unions.

There can be no doubt that all of these districts, as well as the other mining fields, will have large delegations to the National Miners' Convention to be held in Pittsburgh September 9-16.

TILDEN TO PLAY IN BIG INTERNATIONAL MATCH

Announcement of the United States Lawn Tennis Association that William T. Tilden II, would be a member of the American team to play against France in an international match, at Philadelphia, Sept. 6, 7 and 8, caused considerable comment in tennis circles here today.

Tilden will go "ontrial" Aug. 24 before officials of the association on professional charges growing out of his activities as a tennis writer. The announcement said Tilden's participation would depend upon the decision reached on that date.

All other members of the American Davis Cup team George Lott, Francis T. Hunter, John Hennessey and Wilbur Coen, Jr.,—will represent the United States in the matches, the announcement said.

BASEBALL RESULTS

American League.

New York 8, Boston 0.
Cleveland 3, Detroit 2.
St. Louis 7, Chicago 0.
Philadelphia at Washington, rain.

National League.

Brooklyn 3, Boston 1
Chicago 4, St. Louis 2
Cincinnati 6, Phila 3
Only games scheduled

KELLOGG PACT ANTI-USSR MOVE

Provides for War On Soviet Union

Continued from Page One

tion of President Coolidge that the signing of the Kellogg pact would not affect the armies and navies of any of the powers, and the additional assurance of the British-French naval pact, has lead many of the government officials here to express their approval of the pacts.

Since the naval pact will allow France to develop small submarines in unlimited numbers, and since the land armaments will not be interfered with as guaranteed by the naval pact and Coolidge, the French government has nothing to lose in signing the pact, and indeed has much to gain in the development of its army and navy.

Reports that Stressmann, German's foreign minister, would not come to Paris for the signing of the pact because of the continued occupation of the Rhineland by French troops, have been denied. The Belgian, German, English and American governments have already accepted the invitation.

COPS BACK DOWN AT RELIEF MEET

Weisbord on Tour for New Textile Union

Continued from Page One

shorthand notes of the speeches. The stenographer, however, was nowhere in sight.

Weisbord is scheduled for a speaking tour of most of the cities having an important textile worker population. His itinerary includes:

August 13, Manchester, N. H., Aug. 14, Lowell, Mass.; Aug. 15, Lawrence, Mass.; Aug. 16, New Bedford and Fall River, Mass.; Aug. 17, Salem, Mass.; Aug. 18, Waltham (Boston), Mass.; Aug. 19, New Bedford, Mass.; Aug. 20, Taunton, Mass.; Aug. 21, Adams, Mass.; Aug. 22, Chicopee Falls, Mass.; Aug. 23, New Bedford and Fall River, Mass.; Aug. 24; Shelton, Conn.; Aug. 25, Bridgeport, Conn.; Aug. 26, Willimantic, Conn.; Aug. 27, Woonsocket, R. I.; Aug. 28, Olneyville, R. I.; Aug. 29, Pawtucket, R. I.; Aug. 30, New Bedford and Fall River, Mass.

Till Monday, September 3, in Fall River, New Bedford, Boston and vicinity.

Many Cities.

If possible the cities of Maynard, Fitchburg, Concord, New London, and other points in Connecticut may be included replacing other cities.

Monday, September 3, Corona, L. I.; Sept. 4, Astoria, L. I.; Sept. 5, West New York, N. J.; Sept. 6, New York City; Sept. 7, Paterson, N. J.; Sept. 9, Chester, Pa.; Sept. 9, Kensington, Pa.; Sept. 10, Easton, Pa.; Sept. 11, Allentown, Pa.; Sept. 12, Anthracite Districts.

If possible the cities of Phillipsburg, Bethlehem, Shamokin, Reading, Trenton, Wilmington and the Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens in New York, as well as other points in the anthracite regions may be included replacing other cities.

Following the week of the 10th of September a few days will be allotted for Utica, Amsterdam, Little Falls, Herkimer and other cities of textile importance in upper New York State.

WORKERS FIGHT LOCKOUT.

SOUTH PITTSBURGH, Tenn., Aug. 12.—The members of the Stove Mounters Union, Local 56 are determined to win their fight against the H. Wetter Manufacturing Company, by whom they have been locked out. A grand drawing to occur soon has been arranged to aid the fight financially.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 12.—The percentage of open shops in this city is larger than in an other city in the United States.

15 ARE JAILED IN DRIVE TO AID CHINA WORKERS

Arrests Aided by Kuomintang

Continued from Page One

wind of the collection they notified the police and offered their assistance, by pointing out to the detectives those they wanted arrested.

From the accounts of the workers, it is evident that the Kuomintang had much to do with the arrests. The detectives who jailed the first group did not seem to know what it was all about, except that they were arresting "Communists" and "Bolsheviks." At the police station they were entirely at a loss to know on what charges they had arrested the workers and only declared the charge after the police lieutenant had coaxed them.

Questioned About Bolshevism.

At the station the police questioned the workers and wanted to know if they were "Bolsheviks." They also wanted to know if the collectors were being paid for their work, it being entirely incomprehensible to them apparently that anyone should want to collect money for Chinese workers for nothing. When asked if they were being paid, one of the arrested workers said, "Yes, by being arrested."

That preparation had been made in advance to break up the collection for the Chinese trade unionists is also evidenced by the fact that the police had refused to grant a permit to the committee to hold an open-air meeting the same afternoon.

Four Dead in Storm in Southern States

ATLANTA, Aug 12.—A toll of four dead, many injured, and scores homeless is the result of a tropical storm which swept the southern part of the Atlantic seaboard yesterday. Flood conditions caused by the storm menaced many communities in the Carolinas and Georgia today. The dead and injured in the storm were residents of the Piedmont farming section of South Carolina.

KILLED IN AUTO CRASH

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Wilbur Jack, 27, Rochester professional golfer, was instantly killed yesterday when his automobile crashed into a tree. Willard L. Schutt, 27, was critically injured, as was Margaret L. Powers, 19.

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Editor............................ROBERT MINOR

Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers!

Against the Capitalists!

The International Army of Sandino

Gustavo Machado, of the Hands Off Nicaragua Committee, upon his return from Sandino's army made a statement in "El Machete" organ of the Mexican Communist Party, to the effect that Sandino's army was made up of fighters from all Latin American countries. The American bourgeois press has pointed to this statement as a justification for the maintenance of American marines in Nicaragua. Machado's statement proves that the cause defended by the army under Sandino is not only liberty for Nicaragua but the liberty of all Latin America.

The New York Herald-Tribune writes an editorial to prove that if Sandino's army is not made up of Nicaraguans only then its composition is of "bandits"—such elements from all parts of Latin America who could not find means of sustenance in their own countries—have gone to Nicaragua, enlisted in Sandino's army and are preventing the United States from establishing peace there. The Tribune adds that this fact more and more justifies the presence of American marines—because they not only guarantee peace to Nicaragua but prevent that "poor country" from becoming a center of looting.

Such arguments may "convince" some smug bourgeois readers of the Herald-Tribune. On the other hand, however, the "invincible" marines after more than a year of fighting have been unable to subdue Sandino and his troops. If his group were really made up of a few bandits it would have been easy to wipe them out in less than two months. There are over 6,000 American marines in Nicaragua now and Sandino's forces grow stronger day by day—because they make excellent use of the modern war machines captured from the marines.

If it is true that the Nicaraguan people have repudiated Sandino, how is it then that he has been able to sustain his troops for over a year?

The imperialist press of the United States is unwilling to write the truth, to admit the defeat of the enormous power of the United States at the hands of a group of "bandits," facing 6,000 marines. This state of affairs would be impossible unless Sandino's army had the aid of the Nicaraguan people. It is significant to note that whatever losses Sandino sustains are at once filled by applicants from all parts of Latin America. Sandino's soldiers know that they are not alone, that back of them are the conscious workers and peasants of all of Latin America.

The heroic Nicaraguan army may be defeated, but only by the indifference of the proletariat of the United States, fooled by their yellow leaders. However, the struggle will be repeated many times, and American imperialism, in spite of its agents like William Green and Co., in spite of its lackeys as presidents of the Latin American Republics, will be defeated.

The fact that soldiers from all parts of Latin America are fighting in Sandino's army, proving the solidarity of workers and peasants all through Latin America against United States imperialist aggression, should inspire us with confidence in an ultimate victory—and it should convince us that our place is by the side of these fighters. Their struggle is not merely against Moncada and the other Nicaraguan traitors, but against the Wall Street capitalists who have sent the marines. We cannot be conscientious fighters if we remain with our arms crossed in the present struggle. Their struggle is a phase of the same struggle in which we are participating in all lands. Our miners, our textile workers, etc., will win nothing if they do not relate their struggle with the struggle of their brothers in Latin America. We must begin to understand the close relationship between the struggle for independence in the colonial and semi-colonial countries and our own emancipation. The liberation of these countries is part of our own emancipation.

If the army under Sandino is of international, then let us rejoice at this splendid omen of an awakening of the Latin-American masses. But it is not enough! The international solidarity must extend to the United States. The workers of this land of Wall Street also must participate. Two U. S. marines already have shown us a splendid example in going over to join Sandino's army. The army under Sandino needs men, needs money for arms—we can't expect them to take all their weapons away from the marines—and they need medical and other supplies.

We must lead the workers and exploited farmers of the United States to fight against the sending of more invaders to Nicaragua.

The fight of the heroic Sandinista army is our fight, too.

For Mussolini—and Al Smith.

> "Many of the leaders of the Fascists in this country were primarily, Italian military men who came over to this country in order to spread the gospel of Fascismo in its more refined aspects. Italians born in this country and (who) are of a military age, can and do join this Fascism. They are for the most part Italians who still retain the inborn instincts and love for their mother country but who are glad to live (under) and entirely willing to salute the American flag."—Fascist Herald (N. Y.)

The Fascist Herald, which boasts of being the only fascist newspaper published in the English language, carried the above in its second issue. And in the same issue it carries in big type across the full width of its editorial page:

> "Vote for Alfred E. Smith for President. Endorsed by the American Fascist Association."

It would be a mistake to draw from this, after the fashion of an empty-headed Heflin or John Roach Straton, any conclusions affirming "the anti-Americanism of Al Smith"—nor do we mean to prove any "anti-Americanism" on the part of Mussolini's boot-licks in this country.

On the contrary. There is nothing more "American" in the accepted Wall Street sense, than Al Smith, not anything more "American" than Fascism. Nor is Al's religion "un-American to Wall Street. In the imperialist sense, it is not so much that Smith is affiliated to Rome as that the Roman church is affiliated to the prospective Wall Street president. To be president of the Wall Street empire would be to be bigger than the pope, and it is a simple principle of mechanics that the tail cannot wag the dog. The pope can help Wall Street in the conquest of Latin America through the "moral effect" of its connection with Al. And we certainly make no criticism of Italian workers who refuse to wallow in the "Americanism" that is offered them by Wall Street government.

The point made by the above two quotations from the Fascist organ in the United States of Mussolini's blood regime is the perfect consistency of Fascist support of Al Smith.

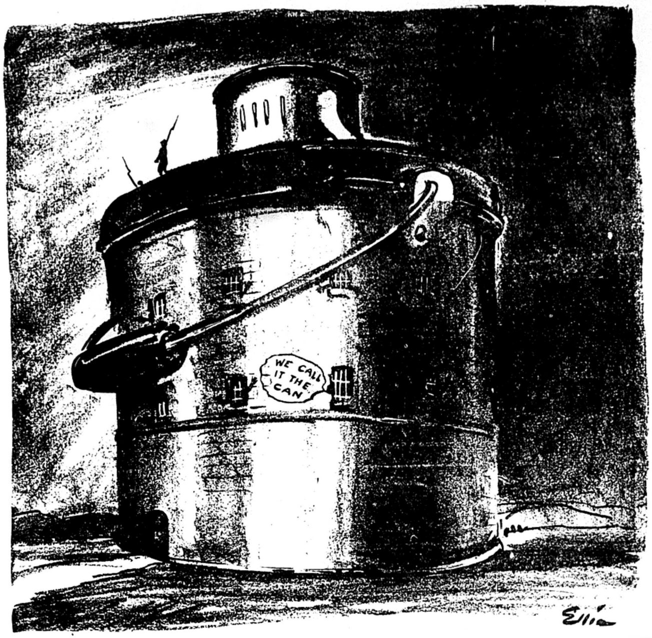
Smith is called a "liberal." Well, we tell you that Raskob and Woodin and Pierre du Pont know that Smith is as good a servant as they could find for doing in America the equivalent of the work that Mussolini does in Italy. That means destroying the labor movement (to the extent of his ability), putting over the working class a regime of blood and iron, military threats and conquest of weaker peoples for imperialism, and the building of a huge military machine for general imperialist war.

So the miserable Fascist organization is doing well in annointing Smith with the Fascist holy oil from the native castor bean. But the Italian workers in América can surely learn something from this! Is there an intelligent Italian worker who cannot see the blood of his murdered brothers in Italy not only on the hands of Mussolini but equally upon the hands of the capitalist politicians endorsed by Fascismo in the United States?

Italian workers, join the Workers (Communist) Party and fight Fascismo!
Vote Communist.

THE FULL DINNER PAIL

By Fred Ellis


WE CALL IT THE CAN
Ellis

The Democratic Bubble Bursts

With Millionaire Raskob as Smith Manager, Workers Get Wiser

By REBECCA GRECHT.

The illusion that the democratic party represents the "plain people," as opposed to the money power and trusts, who find their political expression in the republican party—an illusion which still has sway over the minds of millions of workers—has received a heavy blow since the national conventions of the capitalistic parties.

Alfred E. Smith, democratic candidate for the presidency, so-called "friend of the people," enemy of the trusts, and guardian of the "public interests," selects as his campaign manager and chairman of the democratic national committee John J. Raskob, vice president and director of General Motors, and at the time of his appointment chairman of the finance committee of General Motors, thus directly associated with J. P. Morgan, ruler of American finance capital. Raskob is also a heavy stockholder in the United States Steel Corporation, of which Morgan is the head.

In 1924, Raskob supported the republican, Coolidge; in 1928, Raskob becomes the campaign manager for the democrat, Smith. A member of the ultra-republican Union League Club of Philadelphia, Raskob bocemes also, by special election, a member of the National Democratic Club. He is now a good republican and a good democrat. In other words—a good representative of Morgan and Wall Street.

Thus Smith, the "workers' friend," places his campaign in the hands of a capitalist who dominates one of the most powerful open-shop, anti-labor, billion-dollar corporations in the United States—General Motors, subsidiary of the House of Morgan.

Interchangeable Parties.

Raskob is not the only big business republican now turned democrat. William H. Woodin, president of the American Car and Foundry Company and the American Locomotive Company, has come out for Smith. The democratic presidential nominee can now boast of the support of as good a capitalist and financier as any backing Hoover. In addition to being president of the corporations mentioned above, Woodin is a director of the American Exchange Securities Corporation, Montreal Locomotive Works, the Cuba Company, Cuba Railroad Company, Compania Cubana Consolidated Railroads of Cuba, and American Ship and Commerce Corporation. He is a member of the American Iron and Steel Institute, the New York Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association. The action of Woodin was hailed by Smith forces as indicating the feeling of assurance in financial and industrial circles that Smith is also their man, and big business has nothing to fear from his election.

This is further indicated by the split in the DuPont family, one of the pioneer republican big business families in America. Frank and T. Coleman DuPont support Hoover. The more influential and powerful figures, however, Pierre and E. I. DuPont of E. I. DuPont de Nemours and Company, leading munitions manufacturers, closely associated with Raskob in General Motors, part and parcel of the House of Morgan, will back Smith.

It is significant to note that one of the first large contributors to the democratic campaign fund, was, John D. Ryan, president of the open-shop Anaconda Copper Company, a corporation known throughout the West as viciously anti-labor. Bernard M. Baruch, leading New York financier, also endorses Smith. These are only a few of the men prominent in the industrial and financial world who have shifted their political support in the elections.

And Interchangeable Platforms.

The prohibition issue has been given in the capitalist press as an oustanding reason for this shift of former republican leaders. This is merely a blind. The fact that Raskob, Woodin, E. I. DuPont and other prominent republican capitalists now support Smith, the democrat, is merely an open recognition of the fact, always proclaimed by the Communists, that the democratic and repubilcan parties are both the servants of Wall Street, pledged to maintain the system of wage-slevary.

That there are no real differences between these two parties of capitalism is frankly admitted by leaders of both. Walter Lippman, chief editorial writer of the New York World, staunch supporter of Smith, in a radio debate with Ogden L. Mills, republican under secretary of the treasury, stated that Smith or Hoover could run as well on one platform as he could on the other.

More outspoken was Senator George H. Moses, who directs the Hoover campaign in the East. Here is what he says, in an interview with the New York Times:

> "Now as far as the present campaign goes, it seems to me that by the middles of September, platforms and parties will be forgotten, and the campaign will resolve itself into a discussion of the merits and characteristcs of two men. . . .
>
> "When you come rght down to essentials, either man without the sacrifice of principles could run on either platform. . . . Most of the burning issues that have separated the parties for years have disappeared. . . ."

Even the tariff, which in the past has been raised as a fundamental difference, and has frequently been used as a red herring across the trail to divert the workers' attention from real and pressing problems, has ceased to be an issue. The platform adopted at the Houston convention of the democratic party declared for a tariff to protect business. In fact, when Senator Smoot, republican, attacked the democratic party on the ground that it was opposed to a high tariff, Senator Pittman of Nevada, chairman of the resolutions committee at the Houston convention, hastened to issue a statement that the democratic party has abandoned its low tariff policy. In his eagerness to assure big business of the safeness of Smith and the democratic party, Pittman goes on to say:

> "Permeating the whole democratic platform is the sentiment for the protection of business, both large and small. . . . Men like Raskob and Woodin, who have greater business interests at stake than Senator Smoot and all the rest of the republican politicians would not associate themselves with democratic party and be supporting the election of Governor Smith if there were the slightest doubt of the meaning and, sincerity of the democratic party and the purposes of Governor Smith when he bocomes president."

Pittman is not alone in his protestations. Leading democrats seize every opportunity to assure big business that they have nothing to fear from this representative of the "plain people," who would protect them and fight the working class just as well as Hoover could, and is as much a defender of American imperialism as the republican candidate.

Smith Flag in Wall Street.

Thus the liberal mask of the democratic party has been torn off. While in the past the two capitalist parties have expressed the separate interests of different groups or sections within the capitalist class, today this no longer holds. We have witnessed in American within the last 25 or 30 years a tremendous consolidation of economic power, the growth of huge industrial and financial combinations, a gigantic accumulation and concentration of capital. Industrial and bank capital have merged. Finance capital rules America. Finance capital dominates its twin political representatives—through Andrew Mellon, the republican party, and through John J. Raskob, the democratic party.

It is no accident that for the first time a democratic banner floats over Wall Street. Smith is safe for business, and American amperialism. Wall Street has taken him to its bosom as a candidate—even though it may decide that Hoover is a preferable choice for election.

Liberals and other "friends of the people" may weep and wail that "democracy," as represented by the democratic party, now identifies itself with the financial and indusatrial despotism of America. To the class conscious workers, however, this "identification" comes as no surprise. It is at last an open avowal of what has always been a fact.

The workers of America, now facing onslaughts against their wages and working conditions, cruelly oppressed by capitalist rationalization with its brutal speed-up and efficiency systems, millions of them unemployed, their unions, where such exist, threatened with destruction, must turn away from the capitalist parties, and capitalist "Messiahs," enemies of the working class.

Only One Anti-Capitalist Party.

They must turn likewise from the socialist party, which has given up the class struggle, and now identifies itself with the reactionary forces in the American labor movement.

There is only one anti-capitalist party in America—the Workers (Communist) Party, fighting on every front with the workers, against the employers and corrupt union mis-leaders, against the danger of new wars, against the whole capitalist system.

Class-conscious workers in the coming elections will register their votes for the Communist candidates. They will mobilize their support for the party of class-struggle, the Workers (Communist) Party, which will organize and lead them to the final victory

CAMPAIGN CORNER

Utah will have more to think about in this election campaign than the virtues of Mormonism. Comrade James Ayres is on the job there, getting the party on the ballot. Communist literature is being distributed, and mass meetings are held in the streets of the principal cities. The comrades are determined to lay the sores of the capitalist system open to the workers and farmers of that state. And they do not intend to rub salt into the wounds, though there is plenty of it in Utah. Salt smarts, but it has curative qualities.

• • •

"Enclosed find $5 for the election campaign," writes a Chicago comrade. "Every time I pass through the Slave Market (we know where it is, comrade—from Halstead to the Canal, eh?—Editor, Campaign Corner) I inwardly curse the lying touts of the republican party who boast about prosperity and the hypocritical fuglemen of the democratic party who claim that unemployment is caused by the ineptitude of the republican administration. I see raw-boned, hungry men standing for hours in front of employment agencies waiting for the 'shark' to give them a chance to work for 25, 30 or 40 cents an hour on railroad tracks. And by the time they get through paying their transportation to the job and the 'shark's' fee, they will not have much left to spend in Chicago's soft drink parlors, when they return to look for another job. A walk around the Slave Market is a great incentive to work harder for Communism."

• • •

Another Chicago comrade, who does not wish to have his name published (he is employed on a trade paper in La Salle St.), tells of his visit to a vendor of optical goods. A young man was eating raisins, and a girl employe remarked, "taking your daily dose of iron." "Yes," he replied, "but I am thinking of switching to peanuts. Hoover practically lives on them." Our correspondent saw an opening, though he did not yet have the glasses he ordered. So he piped up and said: "Who are you going to vote for?" "Hoover," was the reply. "Then," came the punchino, "peanuts is not the food for you; your mental condition calls for nuts. I can eat anything from frankfurters to ice cream. I am going to vote for Foster." The raisin man swallowed a fistful of iron and almost choked. The girl retained her equanimity and started to hum Ramona.

• • •

And Abraham Jakira, district organizer in Pittsburgh, sends in a check for $14.10 for election assessment stamps and Vote Communist stamps.

Told You S

THE husband of Mrs. Gertrude Flood might have gotten away with it had he only admitted that he married her to obtain a hons for himself. But it was heapi insult on misery when he includ his dog. Now Mr. [illegible] may be obliged to board and room in a kennel, his infuriated wife having sued him for divorce.

• • •

AL SMITH has decided to halt gambling and to wage war on vice in Saratoga Springs. Things have been going pretty much as they pleased there for several years, but Al wants to stand in well with the hillbillies of the south, and there is nothing those boys hate more than gambling and booze unless it be revenue officers.

• • •

THE executive council of the A. F. of L. has decided that "labor" will remain neutral in the election campaign. Which means that the executive council will not declare in favor of Al Smith or Herbert Hoover. The individual members of the council can now line up their international unions for their favorite candidates. This is what they label a non-partisan policy.

• • •

THINGS are not going so well with Mussolini those days Shortly after his gas bag, the Italia became a cropper near the North Pole, one of his submarines got rammed by a destroyer and went to the bottom with several lives. We are waiting a few more decrees forbidding accidents.

• • •

MOST of the columnists on the capitalist press devote one day a week to wailing over their trials and tribulations and the mental agony they experience when lucidity plays truant, in inking the white spaces at their disposal. The humorists have the toughest time of all. There is no prospect more appalling than the vision of a lifetime trying to cudgel one's brain for cracks to make the yokelry chuckle. It is stated on fairly good authority that only half a dozen humorists are agreeable companions outside of working hours ~~and it is~~ rumored that they steal their gags from Texas Guinan, a lady who needs no introduction, etc.

• • •

THO highly paid the columnist slaves of the capitalist press deserve a share of the public sympathy. Unless they descend to buffoonery, those with a social conscience must echo the boss's political views or else remain discreetly neutral. Even Will Rogers, who writes about one hundred words a day for the New York Times, does a right-about-face whenever he takes a shot at the Coolidge administration for the war on Nicaragua. Usually a day or two after he has something nice to say about Cal. Rather than have a job like that we would take a chance with a couple of eye pads and a tin cup.

• • •

AS for the Daily Worker columnists, their cheif worry is getting the stuff printed on its feet. There is never any danger of incurring editorial wrath because of radical content. But the playful lads in the editorial staff sometimes experiment with a column, by running it serially, which may seem sort of mysterious to the readers not in the know. What can an absentee columnist do if his paragraphs get scrambled or if he finds the tail end of one column hanging like one leg of a pair of pajamas on a clothesline, from the top of the space where the head of the effusion reposed a week previously?

• • •

A DECORATED hero of the world war killed himself because he could not find a job. The trouble with the hero was that he took the war business too seriously. Having helped to make this world a place for heroes to live in he thought he could rest on his laurels and that some of the millions he saved for the House of Morgan would flow into his lap without further effort. He should have taken a correspondence course in bookkeeping or memory training. Evidently he never read the back page of the magazine section of the New York Times. No man is a hero to his own employer unless he can make a profit out of his labor.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS'
GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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GET SIGNATURES, WORKERS PARTY URGES MEMBERS

Letter Asks Active Soliciting in Drive

Every member of the Workers (Communist) Party is urged to actively engage in soliciting signaures on petitions to help put the ommunist ticket on the ballot in he various states in an open leter to the membership issued by he Central Executive Committee of he Party. The letter reads:

"Comrades:

'The election campaign is now the entral campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party. In this camaign we have an excellent opporunity to mobilize the workers and oor farmers for the struggle gainst capitalism and to build our arty by means of a vigorous camaign.

"In order to wage a good elecion fight it is essential that the ational and state tickets should be n the ballot in as many states as ossible. The National Election ampaign Committee believes we vill be on the ballot in 30 states.

"According to reports received at he National Office the work of utting the Party on the ballot is oing ahead well in some states,

Continued on Page Three

NICARAGUAN HITS U. S. IMPERIALISM

Protection of Property Is Not Motive

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Aug. 3 (UP).—Discussion of United tates intervention in Nicaragua sually has been based on false isues, said T. S. Vaca at the ound table discussion of the Pubc Affairs Institute here today. 'aca acted as representative in Vashington of Vice-President Saasa of Nicaragua in 1926.

"Nicaraguan intervention has een explained officially and unoficially on three grounds," he said. Namely, protection of lives and roperty of Americans; or some orollary to the Monroe Doctrine; r the Nicaraguan Canal issue. hey are all false.

"Those thoroughly acquainted ith the situation know there has ever been any danger to American roperty or lives until recent nonths, when, after 17 years of ntervention, General Sandino, in etaliation, destroyed some Amerian property. This brought out the act that the marines were not proecting American property," he said.

"In order to interest Americans nd to make it an issue of paraount importance, the question of a anal through Nicaragua was raised s an excuse to give the Diaz adninistration $3,000,000 to relieve nancial distress. The canal issue ops up every time there is a disurbance in Nicaragua requiring exlanation."

He charged that Nicaraguan chols, which he said had been flourishing before American intervenion, were now neglected and failg. The same condition was true railroad and communication facilies, he said, and other industries ad suffered because of "17 years f meddling."

RAID HONDURAS FOR NICARAGUAN

Seizure Ordered By Kellogg

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Aug. 3.—Following the request of the nited States government, in a ote to the Honduras government, at marines be allowed to enter its rritory in order to capture Nicaragua living in Honduras, a pa- [illegible] marines entered the border own of Danli and seized several Nicaraguans.

The United States note had also rdered that all organizations in onduras, favorable to the Sandino rmy of Independence, be declared legal and immediately disbanded. eeling against the United States nd the subservient Honduras govrnment is running high here as a esult of the raid and the note, and e government has attempted to ppease criticism by publishing the xt of the American note, which is ot permitted outside of the country.

CANADA LABOR CONGRESS.

ONTARIO.—The annual conven- on of the Trades and Labor Con- ess of Canada will convene in this y on Monday, September 10.

Each Step One Nearer to Imperialist Slaughter

Young workers returning from Citizens' Military Training Camp, where they are being trained for the coming imperialist slaughter. The Young Workers League, however, is active teaching these young uniformed workers the nature of the C. M. T. C., and of the capitalist class which maintains the camps.

GITLOW'S TOUR STARTS SEPT. 3

Communist Nominee to Speak Thruout U. S.

Requests for meetings with William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow as the principal speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party at New York.

Benjamin Gitlow, the Communist vice-presidential candidate, will start his national tour on September 3. He will speak in the principal cities of the country, and will bring the message of Communism and the class struggle to striking textile workers, coal miners, railroad and steel workers, exploited farmers and oppressed Negroes.

Expect Big Audiences.

Several states are complaining that they have not been given enough dates. The membership of the Party is enthusiastic over the Foster-Gitlow tour, and are certain that the workers will turn out en masse to hear them.

Letters from the mid-west and west express the enthusiasm of the class-conscious workers over the tour. A poor farmer from North Dakota writes:

"Comrades: Glad to hear that Benjamin Gitlow is speaking in Bismarck on September 22. I know lots of farmers who will shake up their old flivvers and make them cough their way to hear him. We have been fooled so often here by glib-tongued artists who promise us something without having to put up a fight for it that we are now beginning to see that nothing of

Continued on Page Four

"Automobiles; the Modern Slavery"

An unusual series of articles on the automobile industry, especially prepared for the Daily Worker by Benjamin Lifschitz, will begin in Thursday's issue. This important and interesting series not only gives the fundamental facts of this tremendous industry, but tells graphically the story of the recent strike in the plant of General Motors at Flint, Mich., what it meant and what were its shortcomings.

The title of the series is "Automobiles, The Modern Slavery."

Don't miss this series. Beginning Thursday, it will run for several days, and you won't want to miss a day of it.

• • •

Tomorrow the Daily Worker will announce a very important feature for the coming Saturday's issue which will have to be enlarged to eight pages in order to carry it.

UNION WINS RENEWAL.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 13.—Members of the Iron, Steel and Tin Workers' Union here have won a renewal of their contract.

Krassin Sets Out to Hunt 12 Lost Men

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The Soviet icebreaker Krassin, which has already rescued 16 people in one of the most heroic expeditions of modern times, has resumed the search for the 12 men still lost in the far north, according to a dispatch to the Daily Mail.

The Krassin set out on the second leg of its rescue trip from the port of Stavanger, where it had gone for repairs.

STRIKE VOTE FOR TRAINMEN

Officials Carry On New Maneuver

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—Officials of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen announced yesterday that they would take a strike vote as a result of the refusal of the western and south-western roads to meet their demands for a flat minimum wage increase of 7½ per cent.

The announcement was made by A. R. Whitney, president of the Brotherhood as a result of widespread sentiment among the workers for strike action.

The Brotherhood is tied by the infamous Parker Law as a result of which strikes have been practically outlawed on the railroads. When other lines were given an increase about a year ago and the southwestern lines were refused an increase it was openly charged that the "mediators' had been reached by the railroads during the lunch hour while negotiations were going on. The case has been stalled off for a year.

Strike action will result only from the mass pressure of the workers themselves, it is believed.

NANKING LICKS BRITISH HEELS

LONDON, Aug. 13 (UP).—The government today issued the Chinese-British agreement settling the Nanking incident of last year when one American and several British subjects were killed by Southern Chinese troops entering Nanking.

The Nationalists offered apologies for the incident and compensation for personal injuries and losses coincident with the lootings and killings.

• • •

Hundreds of Chinese men, women and children were slaughtered when British and American gunboats bombarded Nanking last year. The Nanking reactionaries, tools of the imperialist powers, have accepted all of the demands of the imperialists in the "negotiations" concerning the "incident."

ELECTION MEET IN WEST

Workers Party Names Anita Whitney

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Aug. 13.—A state nominating convention of the Workers (Communist) Party which comprised delegates from every section of California met here yesterday, nominated Anita Whitney for United States senator on a slate which included candidates for a congressional district and eight assembly districts.

Fifty-seven regular delegates were present from all parts of California. There were a number of Japanese and Chinese delegates and the Imperial Valley sent Mexican delegates, while Oakland was represented by several Negroes.

Tremendous enthusiasm which marked the convention from the beginning to end culminated in the acceptance speech of Anita Whitney. "I accept the nomination as United States senator on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket," the speaker said. "I allow my name to be put forward because I unreservedly believe in the principles for which the Workers Party stands."

HOTEL WORKER DROWNS.

FAIRFIELD, Conn., Aug. 13 (UP).—Seized with a heart attack while bathing, Miss Mary Flanagan, Stratfield hotel employe, was drowned in two feet of water.

30 INJURED IN ELEVATED CRASH

Wooden Cars are Held Responsible

Over thirty workers were injured, eleven of them seriously, when a Brooklyn-Manhattan elevated train crashed into another on the Fulton Street line in Brooklyn yesterday morning. The passengers were nearly all night workers returning to their homes in Jamaica from Manhattan and lower Brooklyn. Wooden cars, the usual cause of the large number of injuries in collisions, was again here responsible. Attempts are apparently being made to hush up this fact since no mention is being made of it by officials responsible.

A ten-car, eastbound train stalled on a curve over a vacant lot in Euclid Avenue between Liberty Avenue and Glenmore Avenue due, it was said, to a short circuit. The train stopped behind a curve and

Continued on Page Five

POSTPONE CASES OF 13 WORKERS

Tag Day Collectors to Be Tried Friday

The cases of 13 of the 15 workers arrested for participating in the Chinese Tag Day Sunday were postponed until Friday when they appeared yesterday morning before Magistrate Gotlieb in the First District Court. This is the same magistrate who several weeks ago sentenced a number of workers to jail terms for participation in an anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall St.

Edith Segal, one of those arrested Sunday, was held overnight in the Heckscher Foundation. Her case was dismissed when she appeared yesterday in Children's Court.

Another of the arrested workers, Rachel Silburg, who was arrested Saturday night, was ordered to appear in the Municipal Building. Her collection box was taken away from her and when she appeared in court yesterday morning, she was told that District Attorney Banton's office would make an investigation into the Tag Day objectives.

The drive for funds to aid the Chinese workers, which was initiated with the Tag Days, will continue for three weeks. Circulation of an appeal to labor unions, fraternal organizations and individuals will begin this week. More than 50,000 circulars, portraying in pictures the life of the Chinese workers under the White Terror regime of the Nanking reactionaries, will be sent throughout the country.

Tens of thousands of dollars are needed to save the lives of the families of White Terror victims. Active trade unionists are being discharged by the hundreds and their places filled by less class-conscious workers from the country. In Shanghai 80 per cent of the factory workers have been recruited from the peasantry during the past eighteen months. The old guard of militants is starving, but their fighting spirit has not been crushed.

Some of them can be found among the leaders of the peasant unions, while others have gone into the small towns. These are the workers on whose behalf the All-China Federation of Labor Unions is appealing to the workers of this country for help.

FURRIERS MASS MEETING BEGINS BUILDING UNION

Out-of-Town Locals Also in Big Drive

What is signified as the most important step yet taken by the fur workers in their two year old struggle against the socialist-A. F. of L.-employer alliance, will be taken at the big demonstration in Cooper Union tomorrow night, when the workers will be asked to launch the campaign to build one united international union of fur workers in the U. S. and Canada. The meeting will be held immediately after work.

Finally convinced that International Fur Workers Union of the A. F. of L. has been completely destroyed as a workers organization by the disruptive tactics of its right wing and reactionary leadership, representatives of every important local of the International, met in conference here as reported yesterday, and decided to back the left wing Joint Board in a struggle to establish a real union controlled by the workers themselves.

Isolate Right Wing.

Contributing considerably toward this decisive action of the officers of the out of town Canadian locals was the recently published secret correspondence between the leaders of the A. F. of L. and their socialist allies. In these letters they admitted to themselves that the right wing dual organization in New York and the International was completely destroyed.

Not only was the conference attended by the aforementioned locals, nearly all of whom have been

Continued on Page Two

TEXTILE YOUTH HAIL CONVENTION

Bedford Meet Demands Release of Porter

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 13.—Delegates from young textile workers' organizations from many cities in New England held a highly successful conference at the Petemska Hall here yesterday and unanimously endorsed the coming convention of the Textile Mill Committees at which a new union of mill workers is to be launched.

Nearly every large textile manufacturing city was well represented by youth delegates sent directly from the plants in which they worked. A sharp demand for the release of John Porter was voiced in a resolution adopted by the conference. Porter is a textile striker now serving a two and a half year prison sentence imposed on him by the army authorities for his desertion from the army. Although very young he had become vice-president of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union, now leading the big strike here.

Special youth demands were also formulated by the conference for presentation to the coming national convention to be held in New York September 22 and 23. They will ask the new union to insert these youth demands in their program. Their main demands include: A minimum wage of $15 for young textile workers, equal pay for equal work.

LONG ISLAND BUS DRIVERS STRIKE

Work 70-Hour, 7-Day Week

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Bus drivers of the Richmond Hill Lines, Inc., went out on strike Saturday against the 10-hour day and seven-day week and for an increase in wages over the $30 or $25 average they are now earning, it was learned yesterday. They are now working for 50 cents an hour without a day off throughout the year under a system of speed-up, spying and discrimination which finally drove them to strike.

The company, which is owned by, Stephen and William Hanran, has employed strikebreakers. Several accidents have occurred and in one of these a man was badly injured. Still the city authorities permit the inexperienced drivers to operate the scab buses. The company operates one line to Ozone Park and one to Coney Island.

Workers are fighting for the recognition of their union and declare that they will remain out until their demands are granted.

Fall River Textile Mill Committees' Leader

James P. Reid, leader of the Textile Mill Committees in Fall River is shown above. He has just been sentenced to six months in jail, together with Sam Weissman, Jack Rubinstein and Bill Seroka, for organizing the strike of the textile workers in Fall River. (Picture by courtesy of the New Bedford Evening Standard)

PICKETING IS RIOTING! SAYS FALL RIVER JUDGE

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 13.—"Mass picketing constitutes a riot," was the decision handed down by Judge Hanify, who openly acted as the mill baron's prosecutor in the trial of Peter Hegelias a leader of the striking textile workers here. As in the case of other picket leaders yesterday, Hegelias receives a jail sentence of 6 months.

Today's trial, everyone agreed, was an openly planned attempt to outlaw all picketing of the struck mills.

Isadore Levin, attorney for the International Labor Defense, in a brilliant cross examination proved beyond all doubts that the disorders prevalent last week on the picket line were caused by organized police terrorism, clubbings and arrests of pickets.

Photographic Evidence.

Producing a photograph published in the Evening Standard, a local paper, the striker's attorney proved that the police intentionally adopted tactics of extreme brutality even after an arrested striker has been taken into custody. The picture showed Hegelias being choked by three uniformed thugs, his face distorted with pain.

When the prosecutor reported to the judge that Hegelias was a union organizer the judge rasped out his vicious sentences.

Hegelias was also compelled to furnish a $1,000 surety bond that will be forfeited in the event of his being arrested again. Two thousand dollars was demanded as bail before he was released on the ap-

Continued on Page Five

Passengers Removed From Grounded Ship

MIAMI, Fla., Aug. 13 (UP)—Seventy-five passengers of the Munson liner Munamar were enroute to Nassau, Bahama Islands, tonight aboard the tug Lady Cordeaux.

The Lady Cordeaux removed the passengers from the liner today, tropical radio here reported. The Munamar went aground near great Abaco Island early Sunday while enroute from Miami to New York via Nassau.

Efforts to float the liner were to be made at high tide tonight, tropical radio said.

TEXTILE RELIEF NEED GROWING

Issue Appeals To Aid Strikers

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 13.—Addressing themselves to all workers' organizations throughout the country, and mailed to as many of them as they found possible, the Workers International Relief, now active in the New Bedford textile strike area, appealed for contributions to alleviate the suffering from want, daily affecting more and more strikers as the strike enters its eighteenth week of struggle. The letter is signed Fred Biedenkapp, relief director, and says, in part:

"With the ordering of mounted police and the National Guard into the strike zone the mill owners have issued instructions that no more charity relief by the city is to be given the strikers. They are to be starved into accepting the wage reduction.

"We ask you to give heed to our plea for help. We urge you to do everything possible in support of the striking textile workers. Send us your contribution and have your friends do the same."

OPERATE ON SIAMESE TWINS

(By United Press.)

Mary and Margaret Gibb of Holyoke, Mass., known as "Siamese Twins," probably will undergo an operation Monday or Tuesday to sever the cartilagenous band which has bound them together since birth 17 years ago.

WOMAN MISSING.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 13 (UP).—When the night boat Fort Orange docked here from her trip from New York Sunday, authorities of the Hudson Navigation Corporation notified police that Miss Gretta Clark, 50, of New York was missing.

THE USSR SPARTAKIAD

50,000 Athletes in Big Sports Festival

MOSCOW, Aug. 13 (UP).—One of the most colorful scenes ever created in Moscow came at the formal opening of the first international Spartakiad yesterday when 50,000 athletes gathered in Red Square.

Many of the girls wore red one-piece bathing suits, while the boys were dressed in white shirts and blue tights. The Turcomans, Usebecks, Caucasians and Laplanders in native dress attracted much comment.

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MOSCOW, Aug. 13.—Fifty thousand men and women athletes from every part of the Soviet Union and many foreign countries gathered here yesterday at the opening of the Soviet Union Spartacan Games, the most ambitious sports undertaking since the revolution. The games will continue until Aug. 22.

The foreign athletes include representatives from workers' sports organizations in Germany, France, Czecho-Slovakia and other countries. Most of these organizations are members of the Red Sports International, with headquarters in Moscow.

The games have been made an occasion for a wide propaganda for physical culture. "The more sporting events" one of the slogans for the occasion says, "the fewer hospitals." Another reads: "Physical

Continued on Page Four

NANKING REGIME FOR WALL ST. AID IN JAPAN CRISIS

Imperialist Rivalries are Sharpened

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Suay Fo, member of the Nanking regime, conferred with Secretary of State Kellogg today. The nature of the conference was not disclosed.

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SHANGHAI, Aug. 13.—Following the reports that Baron Hayashi, sent by the Japanese government to confer with Chang Hseuh-liang, has given the Manchurian war lord an ultimatum that amounted to a threat of military intervention if Manchuria allied itself with the Nanking regime, the Nanking government is reported to be preparing a note to the United States government asking for its support against Japan's aggression.

Hayashi, who had been in Mukden during the last week in an attempt to confer with the Manchurian dictator, is reported to have told him that the Japanese government had decided against the proposed allegiance of the two reactionary governments, because, in its opinion, Japanese interests in Manchuria would be threatened. Hayashi is reported to have made it clear that in the event of Manchuria being included in the Nanking regime the Japanese government would be prepared to use its military.

A statement issued by the Japanese foreign office insisted on its decision not to revise the existing commercial treaties between Nanking and itself, and declared that the Japanese government would not begin negotiations for the settlement of the Nanking and Tsinanfu incidents or any other negotiations until the Manchurian situation was settled according to its wishes.

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Japan's Command Obeyed.

TOKIO, Aug. 13.—A dispatch from Mukden to a vernacular newspaper here said that Chang Hseuh-liang, Manchurian dictator, had agreed to follow the demands of the Japanese government and not join the Nanking government.

This announcement came after Baron Hayashi had warned the war lord that Japan was ready to use military force to protect her interests in Manchuria. Chang is also reported to have told the Japanese representative that he did not wish to join the Nanking regime because of dissensions within its ranks that might lead to civil war.

ISSUE CALL FOR BIG SACCO MEET

Expect 50,000 at Huge Memorial

Rose Baron, secretary of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, yesterday issued a mass call to some 50,000 members and affiliated members of the organization to take part in the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration which will take place on Union Square at 5 p. m., Wednesday, August 22nd.

The appeal, which is printed on Western Union telegraph blanks to impress members of the organization with the urgency for making the demonstration a genuine mass protest, reads in part:

"The Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration which takes place on August 22nd in Union Square is not far off. One hundred thousand leaflets have already been printed and are ready for distribution. We urge all branches to elect special committees for distribution of these leaflets. Every shop and factory in New York must be covered. Call at this office for leaflets immediately. There is only one week left. Put everything else aside and devote the next few days to building a huge Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration in Union Square. Act at once. Signed, Rose Baron."

Leaflets have been printed in English, Italian and Yiddish and already more than 25,000 have been distributed at factories, shops and offices.

It is estimated that the memorial demonstration will be the largest outdoor meet ever staged in New York. It will rival the meeting held in New York prior to the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti last August when, on one occasion, more than 50,000 New York workers [illegible] Union Square.

HONOR TOLSTOI

MOSCOW, By Mail.—The hundredth anniversary of the birth of Leo Tolstoi will be celebrated thruout the Soviet Union soon. The government has given 150,000 roubles for the celberation.

Lewis-Fagan Machine Invites the Coal Operators to a New Strikebreaking Parley

MAKES BID FOR SEMI-COMPANY UNION BETRAYAL

Willing to Grant Wage Reduction

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 13.—By way of virtual indication to the operators that he is willing to establish a semi-company union in this district, Pat T. Fagan, corrupt Lewis henchman and president of the machine district 5, today invited 31 coal companies to a joint conference to discuss wage scales for the miners of this district.

Pleads With Open-Shoppers.

Fagan sent an invitation, among others, to the Pittsburgh Coal Company and the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Corporation, which have broken their agreements with the miners and have consistently refused to deal with the union. When the Lewis sell-out was announced following the Indianapolis meeting of the so-called policy committee, these operators again announced that they would not deal even with the obedient Lewis machine.

Sign of Defeat.

The invitation sent to these companies is taken in some quarters to mean that the Lewis machine, which is rapidly losing ground, will seek to impress the operators with the advisability of letting the machine control the coal diggers, who are rapidly coming under the influence of the progressives.

The National Arrangements Committee is preparing for a big convention to be held here September 9-16. Representatives of all mine sections are expected to be present for the launching of a new mine union, which is the great hope of the coal diggers.

PROTEST AGAINST FASCIST TREATY

Croatian Peasants Hit Yugoslav Parliament

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Aug. 13 (UP).—The Skupschtina tonight ratified the treaty of Nettuno after a tumultuous session. Ratification of the treaty, which had been violently opposed by the Croatians, started demonstrations at Zagreb and other cities which authorities feared might grow to serious disturbances.

Opposition to the convention of the Nettuno treaty had caused continued friction in the Skupschtina (parliament) and among the Croatians, who contended their rights were endangered. Although Stephen Raditch, who died last week of wounds received in a shooting fray in the parliament chambers, had sought to bring a peaceful settlement which would unite the peasant forces, his death had further strained the situation.

Heavy guards were placed in Zagreb after the death of Raditch to prevent any disturbance and it appeared the crisis might be passed without violence on the part of the peasants who charged the shooting of their leader was a political move.

The Skupschtina's ratification vote tonight, however, aroused violent protests. The full extent of demonstrations reported at Zagreb could not be learned.

Consideration of the Nettuno treaty started early tonight when Deputy Foreign Minister Shumenkovitch recommended ratification in a speech in the Skupschtina. His words were the signal for interruptions by peasant party leaders. Twice he was forced to halt when the oppositionists pounded the tops of their desks and shouted.

* * *

(The Nettuno treaty with Italy permits fascist encroachment in Dalmatia.)

Section 2 Red Squad to Invade the Bronx in Signature Drive

A Red Squad composed of 100 members of Section 2, Workers (Communist) Party, will meet at the United Workers Co-operative House at 2700 Bronx Park East on Sunday, at 9 o'clock, and after a proletarian breakfast will scour the Bronx for signatures to put the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot.

The squad will be divided into pairs, and until 1 o'clock in the afternoon, they will rap on doors and give Bronx workers an opportunity to place on the ballot on next Election Day, working class representatives of the Workers (Communist) Party.

At 1 o'clock, the squad will reassemble at the Co-operative House, and after lunch will board a special bus bound for the Daily Worker Picnic at Pleasant Bay Park.

The Section 2 Red Squad will concentrate on the 4th and the 5th assembly districts of the Bronx.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

WITH THE YOUNG WORKERS

YOUNG WORKEKS FIGHT AGAINST WAR DANGER

Urging an international struggle against the danger of an imperialist war, the Young Communist International has sent the following appeal to the Central Committee of the Young Communist Leagues of all countries:

* * *

To the Central Committees of all Leagues:—

On September 2 we will hold our traditional fighting day—the International Youth Day, for the fourteenth time. As usual, we must do our utmost to mobilize the masses of the working youth. On International Youth Day we must not only endeavor to place our slogans and demands before the young workers at street corners, in squares and parks, we must also get hold of them organizationally.

The center of our agitation must be the struggle against the imperialist war danger. The struggle of the imperialists for markets, their war of intervention in China, their attempts at the economic encirclement of the Soviet Union, are all of them danger signals. The rejection of the Russian disarmament proposals exposes the real attitude of the imperialists to this problem. It is incumbent on us to draw continuously the attention of the working youth to these perils, to rouse and mobilize them for struggle against the war mongers and their aiders and abettors and for the protection and defense of the Soviet Union.

Fight Pacifism.

In this connection considerable importance attaches to the pacifist movement which has been able to divert the attention of big masses of young workers and peasants from the real struggle of the imperialist war danger by fostering among them various illusions. Therefore we must utilize the International Youth Day to spread true information about the real character of this movement among the working youth. Our attitude to the Pacifist Youth Congress where we will set against pacifism the principles of the revolutionary anti-war struggle, will give us an opportunity to enlighten the masses.

The bourgeoisie is endeavoring to suppress the revolutionary Communist movement by all possible means, in the interests of economic stabilization and war preparations. This is borne out by increasing reaction in all countries, the excesses of white terror and increased repression against our Young Communist Leagues. We must bring it home to the working masses by our practical work that the increased pressure of the capitalists against the revolutionary movement is also harmful to their interests; in this manner we will be able to mobilize them for the struggle for the legal existence of the Young Communist organizations.

Raise Slogans.

Side by side with our political slogans we must bring forward for the International Youth Day economic demands adapted to the general conditions and the situation in individual countries. It is essential to make propaganda for our fighting program which was adopted at the Sixth Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions.

The Fifth Congress of the Y. C. I. will come to an end just before the International Youth Day. We must therefore popularize the Fifth Congress and the Y. C. I. itself as an international organization among the masses in our recruiting work, making the widest possible use of the Congress's decisions.

On this basis we propose the following slogans for the International Youth Day:

1. Down with imperialist wars—defend the Socialist Soviet Union!
2. Down with the disarmament swindle of the bourgeoisie, the League of Nations and its socialist supporters!
3. Energetic support for the liberation struggle of the Chinese people and the colonies against world imperialism!
4. Destroy the pacifist illusions—long live the common struggle of workers, peasants, soldiers and sailors!
5. Down with fascism, white terror and class justice!
6. We demand a legal existence for the revolutionary young workers' organizations!
7. Struggle against monopolist trust capital—for the economic demands of the working youth.
8. Long live the united revolutionary struggle of the working youth!
9. Join the Young Communist League, the only mass organization of the class-conscious working youth!

We will be able to bring our slogans and demands forcibly before the masses only unless we strengthen our work in factories, on the farms, in trade unions and wherever the working youth congregate. Our demonstrations on International Youth Day cannot be successful unless we plan out properly the preparatory campaign and use interesting methods of work. International Youth Day, its preparation and conduct, must offer to us an opportunity for the application of new forms of work on a large scale. Central Committees must take the necessary measures at joint sessions with the Party and the representatives of mass organizations under our influence.

With fraternal greetings,
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
YOUNG COMMUNIST
INTERNATIONAL.

* * *

Editor's Note: International Youth Day in America will be celebrated during the week of September 7 to 16, because of Labor Day and other conflicting dates. All Leagues must immediately arrange meetings and send date, place and time, to Young Workers League, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

ADDRESS YOUNG NEGRO WORKERS

League Is Conducting Enthusiastic Meets

More than 400 Negro workers crowded the corner of 136th and Seventh Ave. for more than two hours Tuesday night, listening to speakers representing the Harlem unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

The audience listened attentively while Comrades Slipyan, Lamport, Novzen, and Albert and Ida Eisman portrayed the conditions and struggles of the young and adult workers of this country, and dealt especially with the horrible conditions of the millions of Negro workers. The most interesting part of the meeting, however, was when Comrade Brody mounted the platform to answer questions. Despite the attempts of Garveyites to heckle and keep our message from the workers, the convincing arguments of the speakers soon succeeded in winning the overwhelming sympathy of the crowd. Later, when the speaker read the special Negro demands from the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party, they were received with prolonged and enthusiastic applause.

The speaker answered questions put to him on Africa for the Negro, Tammany and the Negro, etc. He unmasked the republican party by denunciating Hoover's part in selling out Liberia to the Firestone Rubber interests. He also mentioned the segregation of the Negro delegates at the Houston convention, and pointed out that the democratic platform had not a single word on the conditions of the Negroes.

The meeting adjourned in great enthusiasm, especially when the speaker announced that the League would be back on the same corner this Friday. The fact that a policeman is necessary to clear the traffic during our meetings is an indication of the prestige the Y. W. L. is gaining in the greatest segregated area of Negroes in the United States. Eighty platforms of the Party and two hundred copies of the Young Worker were sold at the last three meetings.

SUPERIOR YOUTH DISCUSS NUCLEI

Over 100 Delegates Attend Conference

SUPERIOR, Wis., Aug. 13.—Over one hundred delegates, representing many important industries, attended the first Industrial Conference of the Young Workers (Communist) League of the Superior sub-district. The conference was called to lay the basis for the building of shop and mine nuclei. Young miners from the Iron Range, youth from the lumber mills, paper mills, saw mills, etc., were present, as well as a large delegation of youth from the farms. For the first time the problem of organizing the league on the basis of nuclei was thoroughly discussed.

The two reporters were Comrade Sam Reed, sub-district organizer of the Young Workers League, and T. Foley, representative and reporter for the Workers (Communist) Party. In the discussion that followed it was clearly shown that there are thousands of young workers exploited under the most terrible conditions, and that the league can only approach and lead the youth, by first establishing contacts and then building the league on the basis of shop nuclei in the many important industries in this district.

FURRIERS' MASS MEETING BEGINS BUILDING UNION

Out-of-Town Locals Also in Big Drive

Continued from Page One

morally supporting the left wing Joint Board in its fight against the A. F. of L. Joint Council, but a delegation of functionaries of the right wing Council designating itself as the "progressive bloc" also wholeheartedly endorsed the proceedings, thus making complete the isolation of the right wing forces of disruption in the industry.

Gold to Attend.

Unobtainable late last night while the conference was still in progress, a nearly complete list of those attending the parley will be presented today. They are:

Signed

New York Joint Board—Benjamin Gold; Progressive Bloc—I. Winnick, Hyman Sorkin, Dave Goodman, S. Strauss; Greek Branch of Joint Board—S. Soulouinas, J. Pappas, G. Perdicaria; Local 1—Samuel Leibowitz, Jack Schneider; Local 5—Aaron Gross, Benjamin Baraz; Local 10—Louis Cohen, Hershkowitz; Local 15—Joseph Winogradsky; Local 25—Morris Langer, B. Yadkowsky, F. Yadkofsky, Louis Jaffe, M. Hudyma; Local 30—David Mathoff, G. Pearlman; Local 40—H. Englander; Local 53—J. Newman, Samuel Burt; Local 54—Philip Getz, Irving Ader, Morris Stein; Local 58—Louis Bricca, Julius Weil; Local 70—G. Satirople; Local 88—Louis Canter, Simon Lunin, Boris Prokopin.

Each of the attendant locals pledged itself to be represented by one or more speakers at the big mass demonstration tomorrow. The Sorkin-Winnick progressive bloc will also speak to the masses of fur workers for the first time since it began its fight for one union in the right wing camp.

United Front.

The united forces of militant unionism in the fur industry, namely, those who had signed their names to the declaration for the building of a real union brought forth by Sunday's conference have formed themselves into a "International United Front Committee" under whose auspices the mass meeting is to be held.

CAP WORKERS IN PROTEST RALLY

Injunction President Is Condemned at Meet

Enthusiastic applause from the crowded Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave., greeted the speakers' sharp condemnation of the union wrecking campaign of Max Zaritsky, president of the International Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' Union, at the protest meeting held last night by the Cap and Millinery section of the Trade Union Educational League.

The hundreds attending despite being threatened with loss of job, expressed, by the unanimous passage of a resolution and by the sentiment displayed thruout, their determination to put a halt to the right wing's transformation of their organization into a company union. The officialdom had caused the discharge of workers for their part in preparing the meeting.

Arousing more indignation than any other particular issue, was the recent act of the socialist officialdom in applying for an injunction to a Massachusetts court against the left wing leaders of the Boston Local 7. Not only did they condemn the step of asking for an injunction, which is the bosses' weapon against the workers, in an intra-union fight, but the deliberate application for such a writ to the murderers of Sacco-Vanzetti, came in for the hottest denunciation.

Speakers at the meeting were, H. Sazer and J. Jukovsky, left wing leaders of the capmakers here, and J. Miller, manager of Boston Local 7.

The meeting demanded an immediate halt to the right wing policy of expulsion of militants and the reinstatement of expelled locals and individuals. They all pledged themselves to increase the intensity of the struggle against Zaritsky and his clique till their ends are gained and in order to safeguard the union conditions in the shops.

WITH THE YOUNG WORKERS

This section appears in the Daily Worker Tuesday and Thursday (Wednesday and Saturday in National Edition), but for technical reasons this week the Young Workers' Department is being published Thursday and Saturday (Friday and Monday in National Edition).

Contributions should be sent to: Young Workers (Communist) League, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

3,500 Workers Attend International Labor Defense Picnic

International-Labor-Defense
PICNIC.
TAYLOR'S GROVE. LANSING. O.
STOP 23½. PROMINENT-
-SPEAKERS-REFRESHMENTS-
-DANCING.

Above is the Arrangements Committee in charge of the International Labor Defense picnic at Lansing, Ohio. The picnic, proceeds from which will go for the aid of class war prisoners, was attended by three thousand five hundred workers and their families.

CITY OPEN AIR MEETINGS CALLED

War Danger, China To Be Discussed

Meetings for the relief of the Chinese trade unions will be held in New York this week thruout New York City, under the auspices of district 2. Workers (Communist) Party speakers are urged to obtain be discussed at the meetings. All Party speaers are urged to obtain bulletins on these subjects from the Agitprop Department, 26 Union Square. The bulletins on the subjects are, The Party Platforms and What I Saw In China, by Tom Mann.

Today.

Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer, B'klyn—P. Midola, Nessin, Rosemond, Frank, Dan Cuhl (Pioneer).

Sutter and Williams, B'klyn—Wright, Ed Welsh, G. Silverman (Pioneer).

Longwood and Prospect, Bronx—Cibulsky, Grecht, G. Welsh, M. Himoff (Pioneer).

Tomorrow.

2nd Ave. and 10th St., N. Y. C.—Milgrom, Powers, D. Kindred, Frishkoff, Gilber, G. Holtz (Pioneer)

Union Square—Ross, Houiswood, Shapiro, Blake, Harfield.

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx—LeRoy, L. Margolis, I. Cohen, S. Liebowitz, T. Rosen (Pioneer).

Myrtle and Prince—Rosemond, Padmore, Smith, M. Weich, M. Stone (Pioneer).

Passaic, N. J.—Staliar, Marshall.

Eagle Pencil Co.—Garlin, Sherman.

7th Ave. and 137th St., New York City—Williams, Moore, Baum, G. Campbell, O. Passikoff (Pioneer).

Thursday.

Van Sicklen and Sutter—Jul. Codkind, J. Cohen, Rob't Macklin, V. Smith, Anna Block, Donaldson.

138th St. and St. Annes Ave. Bronx—W. Margolis, Jacobson, Taft, G. Abraham (Pioneer).

40th St. and 8 Ave. N. Y. C.—J. Cohen, Miller.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Primoff, Padgug, Ed Welsh, R. Gozigian, A. Krivis (Pioneer).

25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Weitz, Yusem, Eva Shafran, Castrell, Ben Eisenberg (Pioneer)

Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria, L. I.—Heder, Minor, Schachtman, Shapiro, Burke, Michaels (Pioneer).

Friday.

National Biscuit Co. — Ross, Frankfeld.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., B'klyn—Lefkowitz, Taft, Maglicano, J. Cohen, G. Welsh, Lillienstein, Finkelstein (Pioneer).

5th Ave. and 110 St.—Lyons, Gill, Green, A. Peer, Lloyed, B. Brantz (Pioneer).

7th St. and Avenue A, N. Y. C.—Wright, Schalk, S. Shatzkramer, (Pioneer).

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Nessin, Milton, Zaslavsky.

Hits Olympic Team Ban on Negro Athletes

(By Federated Press)

America would have made a better showing in the Olympic games at Amsterdam had Negroes been permitted to participate, asserts William Pickens of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. As it was, not one Negro was placed on the Olympic team despite athletic abilities shown by the race.

Pickens protests also against the barring of colored players from the inter-city golf tournament at Philadelphia. Newark and Chicago entrants were forced out of the game through official rulings.

USSR PREPARES TOLSTOY WEEK

100th Anniversary of Author's Birth

MOSCOW, Aug. 13.—Preparations are going on for the anniversary week that will mark the 100th year of the birth of Leo Tolstoi. The government has appropriated 150,000 roubles and meetings, discussions, exhibitions and performances will be held throughout the Soviet Union.

In the village of Yasnaya Polyana, where Tolstoi wrote most of his works the Jubilee Committee and the Commissariat of Education has built a permanent memorial to his genius in the form of the erection of a modern high school and hospital. His youngest daughter, Alexandria, has directed the restoration of his cottage and is also the educational director for the district.

The hospital and the school are two of the most modern buildings in the Soviet Union, the Soviet Government having spent 140,000 roubles on the school and 450,000 roubles on the hospital. In the hospital the peasants receive free care as well as services in the clinic for the prevention of disease.

There will also be celebrations in the schools and clubs thruout the Soviet Union. The new film of the Sovkino "Tolstoy and the Epoch of the Romanoffs" will be shown, and a new edition of his works, including his diary, which has never been published before, has been released by the Government Publishing Company.

FARM WAGES LOWER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Wages of all classes of farm labor are below wages a year ago, according to the Department of Agriculture.

MANY FEATURES AT BIG CARNIVAL

Proletarian Editors to Play Ball

The hard-working, serious-minded members of the Daily Worker editorial staff will throw off their cares for part of a day next Sunday to engage in a ball game with the equally hard-working, serious-minded members of the Young Worker staff.

This epoch-making athletic contest will take place at the great International Costume Carnival that the Daily Worker is arranging next Sunday in Pleasant Bay Park.

Thousands of workers from New York and vicinity are planning to attend this unique carnival, at which costumes will be worn for the first time at an outdoor event. The various language groups will appear in their national dress, with Russian costumes expected to predominate.

The Labor Sports Union will be one of the organizations that will take part in this unusual proletarian carnival. An exhibition soccer game will be played by two of the member organizations of the Labor Sport Union. Special games are also being arranged in which all those present will be able to participate. In addition, there will be many other interesting numbers on the big program.

Tickets for the International Costume Carnival are now on sale at 35 cents each at the office of the Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square.

BRITISH UNEMPLOYMENT BIGGER

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Unemployment in Great Britain is increasing. The total number of workers on the unemployment exchanges on June 25 was 1,192,000. This was 30,079 more than the week before and 187,087 more than a year ago.

SIGHT WRECKED PLANE.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Aug. 13 (UP)—Sighting of a wrecked airplane in the Atlantic off the northern tip of Newfoundland was reported today in a radio message from the steamer Seapool.

BRITISH POLICE HUNT WORKERS IN SINGAPORE RAIDS

14 Communists Jailed; Others Sought

LONDON, Aug. 13.—According to reports in the Times the Singapore police have succeeded in carrying out raids against the Communists in big style recently. In Singapore 14 leading Communists are in jail, says the Times, others have been chased out, and the police have published the names of fourteen other Communists whom they are seeking, and who are reported to be members of the Workers' Organization of Nanjang, of the Malay Communist Party and of the revolutionary committee of the Koumintang.

Whether it is actually a question of the persecution of Communists is hard to determine. It is known, however, that under th ewhite terror every proletraian fighter is called a Communist.

COURT FIGHT ON MERGER PLANNED

Conference To Prepare Plan of Action

The fight being carried on by the Public Committee on Power against the $1,000,000,000 merger of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company, recently upheld by the Public Service Commission, will be prepared for court action today.

Corporation Counsel Nicholson, John Bauer, New York City's power expert, and Morris L. Ernst, counsel to the Public Committee on Power, which has opposed the merger for over a month, will hold a conference today to determine their plan of action in the fight against the commission's recent ruling.

It was learned yesterday that the formal order approving the merger had been sent out to the two companies involved by the Public Service Commission in Albany. Not a word, however, had been sent to the city or to the Public Committee on Power, whose protest was denied hearing because of the commission's ruling that no one was entitled to a hearing who owned no stock in either of the corporations.

1 Dead, Many Others in Danger as Terrific Storm Hits East Cuba

HAVANA, Aug. 13 (UP).—A terrific rain and wind storm struck eastern Cuba, in the vicinity of the Guantanamo Naval Training Station, late today, according to a special dispatch to the newspaper El Pais.

At Guantanamo a total rainfall of 11 inches was registered and the wind at times reached a velocity of 80 miles an hour.

At Caimanera, a small seaport, several hundred houses were unroofed and many gasoline launches and fishing vessels driven ashore.

Reports reported at Guantanamo indicate that the path cut by the storm was narrow.

DAILY WORKER

International Costume Carnival

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ATHLETIC EXHIBITIONS

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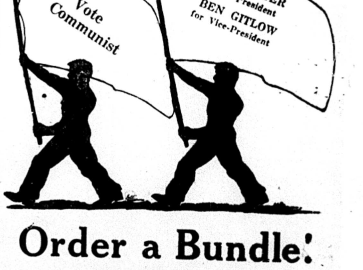

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Rosario General Strike Forces Reinstatement of Communist and Syndicalist Workers

PORT TIED UP AS STEVEDORES CONTINUE FIGHT

Ousted Men Supported By Workers' Unity

ROSARIO, Argentina, Aug. 13.—The tramway workers of Rosario, the second largest city of Argentina, returned to work after several weeks of a most bitter solidarity strike for the workers who were dismissed by the Belgian-owned company for "political reasons," that is for belonging to syndicalist and Communist labor organizations. All the dismissed workers were reinstated when the city authorities announced that the concession of the company will be cancelled immediately if it did not resume the service.

General Strike.

When the tramway workers struck, several trade unions, the taxicab drivers, slaughterhouse workers, shoemakers, telephone operators, saw mill workers, and sugar refinery workers joined the strike out of solidarity for the dismissed men. The governor of the province proposed to the company immediately after the beginning of the strike to reinstate the men and thus remove the reason of the strike, but the company refused. All street car communication stopped and the city was without transport facilities for several weeks. In the meantime other classes of workers, who joined the strike out of solidarity, put up their own demands, particularly the telephone operators, who are still striking.

The employers offered an increase wages, but insisted on the exclusion of the active militant workers, which the strikers, however, refused.

Port Tied Up.

The strike became general when the stevedores and port workers joined the strike and thus struck for the second time within a few months, tying up the second largest maritime port of Argentina.

Though Rosario is in the interior of Argentina, it is an important maritime port, because seagoing vessels can go so far up on the Rio de la Plata.

The port workers struck again because the shipping companies did not keep their agreements, reached after the last general strike of the port workers of Rosario, which took place there a few months ago. The port workers' strike tied up 300,000 tons of grain, which are waiting on the warves for loading.

MOONEY DRIVE IN BRITAIN GROWING

Reformists Forced to Join Movement

LONDON (By Mail).—Growing sentiment on the part of the workers of this country for the release of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, victims of one of the most infamous of American frame-ups, is compelling even the reformists to join the swelling ranks of labor throughout the world that are demanding unconditional freedom for the two class-war victims.

The London Daily Herald, official organ of the British labor party, in an editorial of recent date, declares, in part:

No Doubt of Innocence.

"Of the innocence of Mooney and Billings there is not a shred of doubt. . . . One of the vilest plots ever devised and carried out by corrupt officials in the pay of vindictive and unscrupulous employers of labor has been completely exposed.

"The refusal of a new trial is due—as it was due in the Sacco and Vanzetti case—to fear of the exposure it would bring. Sacco and Vanzetti died. Mooney and Billings spend long years in prison, to shield the true criminals—the authors of the frame-up and their employers."

Mooney-Billings Meetings.

The labor movement of England, as well as of the other countries throughout the world, is organizing its forces to demand freedom for Mooney and Billings. The International Labor Defense, which is organizing the movement for Mooney and Billings in the United States, states that during the week of the Sacco-Vanzetti memorials in August, Mooney-Billings meetings will be held simultaneously in other countries.

Warren Billings recently addressed, through the I. L. D., a letter to the International Class War Prisoners Aid of England, calling upon the workers in England to protest on behalf of himself and his co-prisoner, Tom Mooney.

LIQUOR TRADE CHIEF RELEASED.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 13 (UP).—Wm. Dwyer, former New York "rum syndicate" chief, was released on parole from the federal penitentiary shortly after 1 p. m. today.

He had served a year and six months of a two year term for violation of the federal prohibition laws.

Sea of Workers Greets Class War Prisoners

A veritable ocean of cheering workers, massed from the factories and shops of Berlin and other German cities, greeted the class war prisoners whose release the German working class forced upon the capitalists after a long struggle. The picture shows the crowd in front of the Schlesienbahnhof.

PIONEERS HAVE "ARMS"

Twenty Berlin Cops Search Youngsters

BERLIN, (By Mail). — Bulowplatz. A full patrol of policemen arrive and halt before the Karl Liebknecht House.

"Donnerwetter! Something is wrong here!"

Criminal bands, auto-thieves, assassins?

"Attention! Dismount!" rang the order of the officer.

Ha, now everyone knew why they came. An auto filled with eleven and twelve year old children and youthful workers stood there.

They only wanted to ride to their camp to do some building.

"Is that the only object? Can we believe that?"

About twenty cops surrounded the children, and searched the auto for weapons! On the command of Zorgiebel, of the social democrats.

OPEN AIR RALLY IN POUGHKEEPSIE

Communist Meeting Is Well Attended

(Special to the Daily Worker)

POUGHKEEPSIE, Aug. 13.—Nearly two hundred workers listent sympathetically at an open air meeting election campaign conducted by the Workers (Communist) Party Saturday night at which A. Markoff, candidate for the assembly from the 18th District, was the principal speaker. A comic feature to the evening was provided by Robert J. O'Brien, exposed stool-pigeon, red baiter, Rotary Club "statesman" of the National Security League who was given the platform for ten minutes to expound the Babbitt brand of Americanism.

Early in the meeting O'Brien had appeared on the scene disguised as an old man with smoked glasses and long hair. Disguise is said to be one of O'Brien's chief vaudeville devices. A little later he discarded the make-up and challenged the speaker. For ten minutes he was permitted much to the amusement of the workers to warn those present against the dangers of a violent overthrow of the bosses power.

Exposes Boss Tool.

Markoff in replying showed that the American workers should remember their revolutionary history with pride. The American nation was born in revolution, he showed, and other such events this time in the interest of the workers will follow in the future. Markoff also showed the relations of O'Brien with the DeLaval Manufacturing Company for "special work' in protecting the firm against agitators.

About 100 Daily Workers were distributed at the meeting. One hundred fifty Ruthenberg pamphlets were sold.

FIND MISSOURI PRIMARY FRAUD

Report "Grotesque" Irregularities

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 13 (UP).—An investigation of the Missouri primary of last Tuesday shows "grotesque irregularities," Nathan Frank, defeated for the republican senatorial nomination in that state, told the United Press today.

Frank said he had just received a report from P. E. Burton, his campaign manager, who he requested to go to Kansas City and start an inquiry into charges of fraud made in a telegram to Frank by David M. Proctor, who was defeated with Frank.

"The investigation is not completed by an examination of returns in the first wards (plural) show grotesque irregularities," Frank said after he had received a telegram from Burton in Kansas City.

Peru Puppet Again Helps Wall Street

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 13.—Opening the factories of the state tobacco monopoly, largely financed by foreign capital, President Leguia of Peru declared that they should all be thankful to foreign capitalists for "without foreign capital Peru's prosperity would be impossible."

The Peruvian government has just granted a huge concession rich in oil, tobacco and timber to United States capitalists, which will also be used as a refuge for counter-revolutionary Russian emigrea.

WORKERS PARTY MAKES APPEAL

Members Asked to Get Signatures

Continued from Page One

but lagging in others. There is no excuse for not collecting the necessary number of signatures to insure a place for the national and state tickets on the official ballot in states where the Party membership is considerable and the opportunity favorable.

"The Central Executive Committee calls on every Party member to devote some of his or her time to this task. No matter how busy you are with other work, you must find some time to do this important Communist activity now. Members who fail to participate in this work cannot be considered to be performing their duty to the revolutionary movement. We are now in the midst of the election campaign. This is the time to get signatures, when the workers are interested in election matters. This is the time to get them because if we don't file now, later it will be too late.

"The Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party calls on the entire membership to mobilize for this important Communist duty.

"Central Executive Committee,
"Workers (Communist) Party of America."

FLOOD SWEEPS INDUS VALLEY

Natives Flee Rushing Icy Torrent

KARACHI, British India, Aug. 13 (UP).—Millions of tons of icy water poured with terrific force down the Indus Valley today, sweeping everything before them.

The torrent was released when a glacier damming a tributary of the Indus River about 140 miles beyond Lehin, Kashmir, gave way to 9 p. m. Sunday.

Natives Flee.

Natives in the path of the devastating flood, forwarned, fled to the hills. No telegraph facilities exist in the valley, but one of the most ancient formes of human communication, signal fires, were lighted on the hilltops and word was passed to the imperilled villages.

Canon were fired also and the word sped with incredible rapidity through Kashmir, one bonfire picking up where another left off.

Pent Up for Weeks.

Water had been pent up for weeks in what once was the bed of the River Shayok, forming a vast lake 17,000 feet above sea level in the Karakorum Mountain range, in the great plateau of Central Asia.

When the glacial barrier broke, the water poured down from that great height, irresistible in its onrush. It was feared the entire Indus Valley would be inundated.

The bursting glacier was 1,200 feet thick and more than 1,000 wide. It held in check a lake nine miles long and 300 feet deep.

Districts May Be Wiped Out.

It was feared the Nubra and Shaddu districts would be wiped out within the next few days.

All during the night and today, streams of natives struggled upward from the valley to places of safety. Troops were sent from Nowshera to the upper Indus Valley to assist in the evacuation. Indus River steamers were ordered to proceed downstream to Sukker and Hyderabad.

JUGOSLAV WHITE TERROR GROWING AS CRISIS COMES

Workers and Peasants Persecuted

BELGRADE, (By Mail). — The conspiracy against the leader of the Belgrade political police, Zika Lazic, has led the Jugoslav murderers into a new, frightful terrorization. The Zagreb police alone have thrown no less than thirty Bulgarian and Macedonian students into prison. The prisoners find themselves in great danger.

Six of the arrested are suspected of taking part in the conspiracy and have been transported to Belgrade. Their investigation has just begun. The other prisoners have not been released until now, although the police could not bring any proof at all against them.

The police have not stopped at these arrests. As the example of the Skruptschina murder (shooting of Paul and Stefan Raditch in the Belgrade parliament) shows, the Jugoslav police, at this critical political moment, are attempting to draw the attention away from the affair by mass arrests and persecutions of revolutionary workers and especially the functionaries of the labor movement.

The press is forbidden to publish anything about these investigations and persecutions.

• • •

Zika Lazic was one of the most reactionary leaders of the white teror. He was the leader of the "Black Hand," which issued orders to the executioners of the prison hole of "Glavnjaca" in Belgrade. He made all Jugoslavia suffer with unbelievable brutality the suppression of the labor movement, of the revolutionary peasantry and the national minorities.

He was known as specialist for the Serbian terror in Macedonia. His crimes in Monastir, Ueskub and Istip only exceed the terror of the followers of Protogeroff in the Bulgarian part of Macedonia. He has instigated numerous murders of national revolutionary Macedonians and revolutionary workers and peasants and passed over the terroristic acts of the fascist organization against the Macedonian revolutionary movement. Lazic has also cooperated in preparations for the murders of the Croatian representatives in the Skruptschina, and the number of his victims is so great that it is almost impossible to perceive from what quarter his assassination was planned.

RADITCH BURIAL BRING PEASANTS

ZAGREB, Yugoslavia, Aug. 13.—The determination of the Croatian peasants for complete autonomy from the suppressive rule of the Belgrade government was evidenced today when 150,000 peasants participated in the funeral of their leader Stefan Raditch, who died as a result of wounds received in the Belgrade parliament.

Representatives of the Belgrade government were not admitted to the funeral, in spite of their request that they be allowed to attend. Peasant delegations placed wreaths upon the grave of the dead autonomist leader, and the martyr's crown of thorns predominated—an expression of the sentiment for the autonomist aims of Raditch.

SYRIA ASEEMBLY SUSPENDED BY FRENCH RULER

Nationalist Movement Gains Impetus

PARIS, Aug. 13.—As the movement in Syria for independence grows and the legislative body becomes less willing to follow the advice of the French commissioner, the constituent assembly has been suspended for a period of three months by Henry Ponsot, high commissioner and governor of the country under a League of Nations mandate.

The Syrian assembly proposed to frame its constitution in such a way that would declare virtual independence for the country, which the League of Nations and the French government refuses to grant.

Under the arrangement with the League of Nations, the French government, after the suppression of the 1925 rebellion allowed the Syrians to elect an assembly, in an attempt to appease the liberal section of the nationalists. Since 1926 the radicals in the assembly have been pressing for national independence and when the movement became too strong the assembly was suspended.

BRITISH PLANES BETOKEN 'PEACE'

Prepare for Bloody Air Battle

LONDON, Aug. 13.—In order to perfect its defense and offensive machinery the British war department will stage a mock air battle over London which will last for a week, in which 350 army planes will participate.

The planes will fly from one point, designated as an "Eastern power" and they will be met by a victorious defense force. They will be directed by a perfected telegraphic system that will seriously test the efficiency of the British air force. The maneuvers will be closely watched by army officers who will watch for any defects that will handicap the British army in an actual air battle with the deadly poison gas fleet of the "Eastern power."

• • •

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The British press is demanding that the government disclose the details of the Franco-British naval pact in order to appease those who think that it involves a military alliance between France and England.

Steamer Is Grounded. 75 Passengers Aboard

MIAMI, Fla., Aug. 13 (UP).—The Munson liner, Munamar, with 75 passengers on board lay aground off Great Abaco Island today, Tropical Radio was advised.

The Bahama government tug, Lady Cordeauz, was reported standing by and will attempt to refloat the 3,400 ton vessel at high tide tonight. Light seas were running, it was said, and the steamer appeared in little danger.

A salvage steamer has been ordered from Key West to the rescue of the Munson steamship Munamar, Merritt, Chapman and Scott, marine engineers, informed the United Press today.

Carrying Class War Prisoners in Triumph

German class war prisoners released under the terms of the recent amnesty act, wrung from the capitalists by the German workers, were hailed in triumph thru the streets of Berlin, perched on their shoulders of their comrades, members of the Red Front Fighters.

WORKERS TERRORIZED IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia (By Mail).—Whoever wants to form a picture of the white terror in the "democratic" Czechoslovakia let him read the following extract from the speech of Senator Herz before the senate plenum on July 12.

"In Zeliczovce we planned demonstrations for July 8 and they were forbidden. Workers and peasants from the surrounding districts appeared in spite of the order of the police and kept themselves in order. Nevertheless, the police surrounded the people and made a number of arrests. The prisoners were taken to Okresny, where they were subjected to torturous investigations. They were held in jail from eight o'clock in the morning until seven o'clock the next day. Then they were fined with from 30 to 500 crowns apiece and freed.

The workingwoman, Esti Evan, was arrested and fined 200 crowns because she laughed. The worker, Gobelas, was beaten on the bottom of his feet and besides that sentenced to pay a fine of 150 crowns. Josef Liptass, an old religious farmer, wanted to go to church, and was arrested and in this way had to pursue the Christian next life. Gustav Lichner was tortured and suffered, according to the report of the physician, bloody wounds. He bled from the mouth, had wounds on the left foot and upper arm. As a reward he was fined 500 crowns.

"We also protest against the illegal raids. Books and journals have ben confiscated in whole editions, of which no account is given by the head of the police. Editions of 'Lenin and Leninism,' 'Fight Against Betrayal of the Working Class' and '20 Years of Youth Organizations' were confiscated."

• • •

Police Raids.

The police raided the newspaper "Rovnost" in Brunn, the printing plant of "Tynia," the secretariat of the Communist Party and of the Communist Youth Alliance. Raids were also carried out against numerous Communist functionaries. The police are still seeking for the propaganda material for the Red Day and confiscated some brochures.

• • •

Censor Protects Vienna Fascist.

PRAGUE (By Mail).—The censor here, whose reactionary character is well known, has confiscated the July 15 number of the "International," the international Communist paper, in large numbers because it dealt with the blood bath that the Vienna police directed in July 15, 1297. A picture of the July struggle was also confiscated.

BRITISH REPEL "MOBS" IN INDIA WITH TEAR GAS

Most Human Method, They Decide

BOMBAY, India, Aug. 13.—The British judge in Simla, Mr. Martins, who has been carrying on an investigation into the bloody conflict that took place a short time ago in the vicinity of Delhi, has come to the conclusion that the Indian police must be equipped with tear-gas bombs, since this is the most human method to repel restless "mobs."

The Punjab government declares that they will prove the value of tear-gas in the fight against "agitators" in the near future.

Many Persons Rescued After Being Marooned by Downpour in South

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The tail end of the Florida hurricane deluged Washington and nearby Virginia and Maryland Communities during the past 24 hours.

Considerable damage resulted from the torrential downpour and some fears were felt that the Potomac River might overflow its banks and destroy many of the cottages which dot its shores.

Firemen responded to emergency calls until noon today, pumping out basements and rescuing persons marooned by the rising waters. More than 120 were carried by rescuers to places of safety as the flood waters covered lowlands in the district of Columbia.

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Philadelphia Taxi Machinists Must Organize Strong Union, Correspondent Urges

HANdOuTS

In America if you really want to win the benediction of the church, the respect of the bell-hops and the cooperation of the press make a few hundred thousand in graft. Graft, however is a berry that grows on a thorny bush in the the U. S. S. R., as witness the recent Donetz trial. Members of the socialist party, who are jumping up and down in their eagerness to wipe out capitalism by whispering behind its back, are quite startled at the direct methods the U. S. S. R. is using to ensure honesty in state affairs.

The child who covers Russia for Victor Berger's Milwaukee Leader inserted the following happy paragraph in an article sparkling with unconscious humor:

"The recent trial of technical experts in the Donetz basin, ending in the execution of some and the imprisonment of most defendants, has made a very bad impression in foreign countries which supply most of the technical experts for the Russian industries."

"A bad impression" is no name for it. It created a panic. All the boys with their suitcases packed who expected to go to the U. S. S. R. and do an Albert B. Fall now regard the Soviet authorities as ill-natured in the extreme.

* * *

Writhes for Rich

Accompanying is an actress forced by our amusing system of society to writhe somewhat to give a thrill to the vulgar rich who clamber into the $12 seats in their dress suits and aggressive bellies. She will do anything the stage manager tells her because it so happens there is a line a mile long outside the entrance waiting to take her job. In this picture she is combining business with a little pleasure having picked up a touch of poison ivy behind her left knee.

* * *

People in the U. S. who are scampering around looking for happiness should know it as a plant not indigenous to capitalist soil. Economic conditions can make a prize fight out of the happiest family. For instance this case. Mrs. Ethel Trombley of St. Joseph, Michigan claims she didn't have a dime her husband treated her that bad. He left her. Mrs. Trombley was so roiled she put up $500 of her own money to have her husband extradited from California to stand trial for desertion. In doing so she uttered one of those intimate slams that usually are only heard in the sanctity of the home. She said her husband was "a menace to society."

* * *

Busy at Bunk

The difference between the U. S. S. R. and the U. S. is that the one organizes for a broad life the other for bunk. Above is Dr. Frederick Gordon drumming up interest in the proposed 1932 Washington Exposition by addressing a meeting on the steps of the sub-treasury, Wall and Nassau Sts. An exposition is a scientific method of transferring the coin of the gullible to the greedy. Philadelphia has one recently. It wasn't must of a success. Now if a man is tired of life in Philadelphia he doesn't turn on the gas, he just utters the word "Exposition" on Broad St.

* * *

Gems of Learning

Former U. S. Senator Henry Clay Hansbrough.—"The object of the Smith Independent League is to emphasize the importance of the rehabilitation of American agricultural. We have taken notice of the systematic opposition of the present Administration as well as of its defense of those members of the party management whose interests run parallel with the predatory class." The interests of the management of the democratic party do not run parallel with those of the predatory class, they are.

FRUIT COMPANIES AT BOTTOM OF HONDURAS FIGHT

Cuyamel and United Interests Clash

TEGUICIGALPA, Honduras, Aug. 6, (By Mail).—The settlement of the boundary dispute between Honduras and Guatemala was again postponed indefinitely by the refusal of the Honduran government to submit the conflict to the Central American tribunal as proposed by the United States secretary of state when the negotiations by a commission composed of representatives of Guatemala, Honduras and the United States failed.

Guatemala accepted arbitration by a Central American Tribunal composed of representatives of the six republics, but Honduras, after waiting a few weeks refused, giving as its reason that the lists of members from among whom such tribunal could be selected is not final and only temporary, and consequently could not have any binding value. Instead, Honduras says that it is willing to submit to arbitration by the president of the United States, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States or any other tribunal established by the U. S. government.

Fruit Company Feud.

The American owned Cuyamel Fruit Company, very powerful in Honduras, tried to build a railway across Gutamalan territory to make a short route for the transport of its goods to the sea. The Guatemalan government, backed by the still more powerful United Fruit Company, also American owned, refused. There were armed conflicts at the frontier, when Guatemala repelled armed men sent by the Cuyamel Co. from Honduras to force a passage through Guatemala. When this became impossible Honduras revived an old claim to this territory.

The American government was asked to arbitrate. Washington did not wish to arbitrate between the interest of the two powerful American companies. But while the Cuyamel Co. is influential only in Honduras, the United Fruit Company is powerful in most of the other Central American government, who consequently, in a Central American Tribunal would vote for Guatemala, that is for the United Fruit Co. As the United States remains neutral in this dispute, there seems no escape from the present impasse and the Honduran government is talking war as the only solution.

GITLOW'S TOUR STARTS SEPT. 3

Communist Nominee to Speak Thruout U. S.

Continued from Page One

any value comes to a man unless he has to put up his mits for it. I have been reading about Gene Tunney making two million dollars with his gloves and winning a $50,000,000 wife, so we farmers are thinking of putting on the gloves and knocking out the capitalists."

Ex-Wobbly Writes.

From the mining region of Montana comes a letter from a former Wobbly, who now sees that political action is a necessary weapon in the arsenal of the working class. He hails from Anaconda, and wishes to have his name omitted because he believes it more valuable that he hold his job than get a little publicity. He writes to Foster, who will speak in Butte on September 13.

"Dear Bill:—I intend to be at your meeting in Butte on September 13 unless I break my neck in the meantime. Anything is liable to happen to a fellow here. I used to be so much of a syndicalist that I thought you Communists were no better than the democrats and republicans. Well, I have been doing a lot of reading and thinking in the last year. I saw what the state militia did to the striking miners in Colorado and how useful the state was to the mine owners in suppressing demonstrations, arresting leaders and shooting down the pickets.

"I also read about the strike in Ohio, Pennsylvania, and northern West Virginia and how the state officials that were elected by the working class votes used the armed forces of the state against the striking miners. Now, I notice that they are doing the same thing in New Bedford.

"So I am for the Workers (Communist) Party in this election campaign, because I realize that it does not expect to emancipate the working class by putting a sheet of paper in the ballot box.

"Yours for the kind of political action that mobilizes the workers on the industrial as well as on the political field for the overthrow of capitalism."

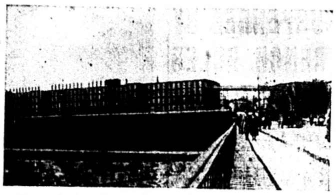
Gitlow's Itinerary.

Scores of letters like this, breathing the spirit of militancy, reach the National Election Campaign Committee every day at its headquarters, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

Gitlow's tour will include the following cities:

Sept. 3, Philadelphia; Sept. 6, Monessen or Canonsburg; Sept. 7, Pittsburgh; Sept. 9, Cleveland; Sept. 10, Youngstown, O.; Sept. 11, Bellaire, O.; Sept. 12, Toledo, O.; Sept. 13, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Sept. 14, Gary, Ind.; Sept. 15, Indianapolis; Sept. 16, St. Louis; Sept. 17, Springfield, Ill.; Sept. 19, Duluth, Minn; Sept. 20, Iron Range; Sept. 22, Bismarck; Sept. 24, Plentywood; Sept. 26, Great Falls; Sept. 28, Spokane; Sept. 30, Sattle; Oct. 1, Portland, Ore; Oct. 2, Astoria; Oct. 4, Oakland; Oct. 5, San Francisco; Oct. 7, Los Angeles; Oct. 9, San Diego; Oct. 10, Phoenix; Oct. 11, Tuscon; Oct. 13, San Antonio; Oct. 14, Houston; Oct. 16, Fort Worth or Dallas; Oct. 17, Oklahoma City; Oct. 18, Tulsa; Oct. 19, Arma, Kan.; Oct. 21, Minneapolis; Oct. 22, Omaha; Oct. 23 Kansas City; Oct. 24, Milwaukee; Oct. 26, Chicago; Oct. 27, Pontiac, Mich.; Oct. 28, Detroit; Oct. 29, Reading; Oct. 30, Philadelphia; Oct. 31, Boston; Nov. 1, Haverhill; Nov. 2, Fall River; Nov. 4, New York; Nov. 5, Providence.

The Bridge to Starvation; Amoskeag Mills



Thousands of workers used to crowd across this bridge over the Merrimac River at Manchester, N. H., in the days when all twenty-seven gates of the Amoskeag Mills, the largest of their kind in the world, were thrown open to the wage-slaves to enter and be driven. Now it is a bridge to famine. Few of the gates are open and only the line of the stragglers shown above is called to work at the mill. However, there is hope alive even in the grim Amoskeag and the town around it. Months ago before the textile workers had walked out in New Bedford, one of the present leaders of the Fall River Textile Mill Committee organized a Mill Committee in these mills also.

MECHANICAL VENDERS DISPLACING CLERKS

(By Federated Press)

Millions of clerks now working behind counters had better lay in a supply of tin cups and lead pencils if Consolidated Automatic Merchandising Corporation (Camco) succeeds in ushering in the "Automatic Age of Merchandising." Clerks go out where Camco comes in. Already United Cigar Stores, at 33rd and Broadway, has laid off several because of clever machines which sell you your favorite brand of cigarettes. These machines differ from Capek's "robots" only in lacking human form. They parrot the cigarette's slogan and end up by saying, "Thank You" in the best mechanical manner for your 15 cents.

And What Not!

Other vending machines carry chocolates, chewing gum, postage stamps, handkerchiefs, mints and perfume, make change and weigh you. They are made by General Vending Corporation, Sanitary Postage Service Corporation, Automatic Merchandising Corporation, Remington Service Machines and Schermack Corporation, all of which have been consolidated into Camco.

On Camco's board are executives of the United Cigar Stores and Remington Arms Co. with representatives of the merged firms, several bankers, a lawyer and a merchandising expert. Camco claims to have access to 50,000,000 retail locations. Wares will be marketed through its automatic machines in Woolworth, United Cigar, Schulte, Liggett, Union News, J. C. Penney, McCrory, Photomaton and other retail outlets.

Open-Shoppers.

Back of the corporation is seen Remington Arms Co., foe of the Machinists Union, breaker of the metal trades strike in Bridgeport, Conn., in the post-war period, and manufacturer of guns, ammunition, typewriters, office machinery and various metal products. Remington takes over the production of automatic postage stamp selling machines, of which 20,000 are in operation now, selling 120,000,000 stamps yearly. Within five years 80,000 more stamp sellers will be installed

Underwood also takes over the genius of Joseph J. Schermack, inventor of the talking automatic machines which now sells cigarettes and makes change but which can be turned into any sort of simple merchandising. Schermack's machine, it has been said, "does everything but slap a man on his back and ask him how his family is."

Thousands Face Elimination.

Following the success of Schermack's machine on Broadway, plans are being made to place 100,000 talking venders throughout the country. Two venders, it is estimated, displace one clerk, or, as Camco executives put it, "release him for more productive efforts."

Another new Remington machine sells gum and mints; 30,000 are in place now and within five years 220,000 will be busy selling goods.

MAIL OF 'SUNDAY WORKER' OPENED

British Police Spy on Communications

LONDON, (By Mail).—English workers' institutions notice regularly that their mail comes a few hours late, since they first pass thru a political control in the post offices. Mail immunity is supposed to be granted by law, but the police in all lands do not seem to mind this law.

The Sunday Worker, a Communist newspaper, made a important discovery lately. The newspaper received in its mail regularly a letter addressed to a bourgeois firm, especially lately did these letters come every day. But it is impossible to locate the firm.

From this fact it is evident that the police spy not only on political organizations but also on private firms when it has an opportunity. Thru the maneuvers of the police officials a false letter is sent to the "Sunday Worker."

The newspaper has published the text of the letter together with a notice that the firm—evidenly a publishing house—to whom the letter is addressed, should announce itself.

Can't Jail Strikers

DETROIT, Aug. 13.—The strikebreaking Peninsular Stove Company failed in its attempt to convict nine striking iron molders here after they picketed the plant. The company recently tried to introduce non-union conditions.

GIVE UP TREASURE HUNT.

SAINT NAZAIRE, France, Aug. 13 (UP).—The riddle of the Belgian liner Elizabethville and her fortune in diamonds remains unsolved. An Italian salvage party which has been searching for the diamonds in the wreck of the Elizabethville, sunk by a German submarine during the war, gave up the quest today.

Take the
DAILY WORKER
With You on Your
Vacation

Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

Vacation Rates

2 weeks 65c — 1 month $1
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WORKERS MADE INDIGNANT BY SCHOOL COSTS

Robbery Is Fine Art With Educators

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KANSAS CITY (By Mail).—There is a good deal of agitation throughout the country about the graft and general dishonesty of the Harding-Coolidge administration and of Tammany Hall, the real boss of the democratic party. But why pick on just these two political machines of the capitalist class when similar graft and corruption rules in every city and state government.

In Kansas City, Kansas, the board of education annually robs the poor workers out of tens of thousands of dollars. To be sure, free education is a great American principle and tradition. However, the local politicians who sit on the board of education, posing as educators, think differently. They feel that cold cash takes preference to all kinds of principles. They have instituted a system of extorting enormous sums of money from the children for books and school supplies.

Almost every student of the higher grades has to spend from 12 to 15 dollars every term. To some this may not sound as a big sum, but the Kansas City workers find it very hard to spare 12 dollars for books. Particularly hard is it for those workers who make from 20 to 50 cents an hour. The politicians from the board of education have developed their art of robbing the public to a point of unique perfection. In order to assure their steady income of graft they change the text books every year or every second year so that the same text book could not be used again. In addition, a student is compelled to buy the text books even if he proves to know the lessons. So the principle is that one must buy books. The workers are indignant at this robbery. They rightly feel that this hold-up must cease.

The Communist Party here has received a number of letters from working class mothers asking the Party to take up this struggle. The Party, the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers, will surely take up this fight, while at the same time it calls upon the school children and their parents to organize. Some workers think that they can force legislation providing for real free education. The Party makes clear to these deluded workers that with the state and municipal legislatures controlled by the two old parties the workers stand no chance of relief and that the only way to stop this robbery is to organize the school children and the parents and through their organized force compel the school authorities to grant free education.

Imperialist Airplane Crashes in Nicaragua

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13 (UP).—An observation plane piloted by Commander Euville D. Howard crashed at Somoto, Nicaragua, a report to the navy said today. Neither Howard nor Sergeant James F. Hill, who accompanied him, were injured, but the plane was a complete loss.

SUPPORT THE
$100,000 Communist
Campaign Fund

A campaign to rouse the workers and poor farmers to revolutionary struggle against the capitalists and their government.

FOR
1. Organization of the unorganized.
2. Support of the miners and textile workers' struggles.
3. Recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.
4. A Labor Party.
5. For a Workers' and Farmers government.

AGAINST
1. Wage cuts, injunctions and company unions.
2. Unemployment.
3. Treachery of the labor bureaucracy.
4. Discrimination against Negroes.
5. Imperialist war.

HELP TO PROVIDE A FUND TO

Place the Communists on the Ballot.
Tour speakers and organize mass meetings.
Furnish campaign publicity and advertising.
Publish campaign literature.

Respond Now! Respond Now!!

Send All FUNDS to
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treas.
National Election Campaign Committee
43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Russian Films Cast Magic Spell in Europe and America

(Continued.)

"In regard to the question of specific film music, which is at present a vital problem for American producers, the Russian cinema leaders take a different attitude, keeping the optical feature of the picture distinctly separate from the phonetic. Although T. Sorokin favors the use of music, as shown in his latest article in the official monthly Sovietskoe Kino, he speaks of natural orchestral music and not of our movietone of vitaphone types of mechanical musical accompaniment. Most of the Soviet film writers consider a motion picture artificial enough without the addition of artificial music.

"'A really well performed and well produced dramatic film does not need any musical accompaniment, except it be an incidental case or during the intermissions,'" writes a Russian critic.

"'While in case of a dance or a ballet-pantomine, music is natural, it is rather disturbing when it is injected into such sentimental boulevard plays as are done by the New York Broadway houses—plays acted in a studio which naturally require no music.'"

"Like the puppet theatre of the middle ages, the motion picture today is a mechanical art, and the Soviet intelligentsia looks at it in that spirit. Fostered and supported by the Soviet authorities, it yet remains an inferior popular art—a kind of evolutionary prelude to the real dramatic stage and real living musical productions such as ballets, operas, orchestral and vocal concerts. It is thus nothing but an elementary step from a primitive to a higher culture, and thus in the Soviet terms a picture should be first and last a kulturfilm.

"So far as I have been able to see the Soviet films, I prefer them to our best productions, regardless of whether they are with or wtihout musical features. To judge the new Russian motion picture justly one should see more than those few proletheistic pictures that have been displayed in America. Let us hope that L. Monoson, the learned representative of the Soviet films in the United States, will enable American audiences to see not only 'October' and 'SVD,' but the different nationalistic productions having typically romantic appeal, such as "Spletnia-Gossip,' 'Cherny Stolb' (Black Post) and others."

COLOMBIA HOUSE OPPOSES MELLON

Seen as Victory for British Oil

BOGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 13.—As British oil interests rejoiced over the temporary defeat of the Mellon interests when the Colombian senate unanimously agreed on a motion congratulating President Abadia for "the proper way in which the oil situation had been handled."

A preliminary motion congratulating the government specifically on the repeal of the Barco oil concession, controlled by the Mellon interests, while meeting with favor was declared unconstitutional for fear of insulting the United States government.

The state department at Washington made it clear yesterday that they were watching the situation carefully and would be ready to intercede for Mellon in case he does not succeed in coming to an agreement with the Colombian government.

SEVERE QUAKES IN MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 13 (UP).—Severe earth shocks have terrorized the inhabitants of Zimapan, state of Hidalgo, a dispatch to El Universal said today. It was reported a mountainside caved in during the disturbance.

Pinotepa, scene of recent earthquakes, experienced two new temblors yesterday.

SHIP-TO-SHORE MAIL.

(UP). — Ship-to-shore airplane mail service was inaugurated successfully today when a small biplane which took off from the French Line steamship Ille De France 500 miles at sea, landed at Quarantine at 5:16 p. m. today.

SOVIET SPORTS FESTIVAL OPENS

50,000 Athletes in Spartakiad

Continued from Page One

culture—the enemy of alcoholism, hooliganry; the friend of the new healthy life."

At the same time the press and the slogans insist upon the contrast between the Soviet sports and the sports of the non-Soviet world.

Big Program.

"The bourgeois sporting organizations," they assert, "are a school for fascism and militarism."

The program indicates the following major divisions for the Spartakiad: Games, Football, Basket-Ball, Tennis, etc., Light Athletics: Shooting, Swimming, Heavy Athletics: Obstacle Races, Fencing, Rowing.

WORK 10 HOURS A DAY FOR 45 CENTS AN HOUR

Mitten Serfs Tortured By Speed-up

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—The workers engaged in the taxicab industry here are one of the most underpaid and exploited sections of the working class. There is no taxi drivers' union here at the present time. Machinists and auto mechanics are forced to work under the most miserable conditions at the Quaker City Cab Company: 10 hours per day, 7 days per week and sometimes when a storm ties up the cabs they must work many hours overtime.

The speed up that is used here is fierce. If a mechanic fails to turn out a certain amount of cabs he is fired. Mitten, of course, controls this company and this labor-hating exploiter drives the workers almost to madness.

The older workers worry about dismissal continually since a couple of workers are fired each week. The workers protest but the boss says it's hard to get a job but easy to get new men and if you don't do the amount of work required you can go.

No fans are used in the place to draw the deadly gas fumes out. The workers sometimes drop faint in the shop and very often leave work with headaches. The pay is from 45 to 65 cents per hour for machinists and mechanics. The store-keepers and tool-room attendants receive only from 60 to 100 dollars per month for a 12-hour work day and 7-day week. And this exists under Mitten management by Mitten men.

The only way that the older men can get rid of the torture of having to keep up with the younger men to hold thir jobs and to get rid of the fear of being thrown out of work, the only way to have these miserable conditions in general bettered is by having the taxi-workers in Philadelphia to organze into such a strong union which will be able to do what they want and place the bosses under ther own power.

W. C. P.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

The LADDER
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SEATS NOW ON SALE 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

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Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42nd & B'way Now
Emil JANNINGS
in "FORTUNE'S FOOL"
AND
CHARLES CHAPLIN
in "THE FIREMAN"

October 4, 5, 6, 7
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Do not forget at all times to mention that you are a reader of The DAILY WORKER. Fill out this coupon stating where you buy your clothes, furnishings, etc.

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Address ....
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NEW YORK CITY

Astoria Militarists Hire Imposter to Speak in the Name of the Communist Party

VETERANS PUT ON PATRIOTIC STUNT TO DUPE WORKERS

But Communists Will Fight Back

In a statement issued by the John J. Dwyer Post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, under which name the democratic machine of Queens broke up a meeting and assaulted the speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party last Thursday at the corner of Steinway and Jamaica Aves., Astoria, a vicious attack is made on Communism, and at the same time disclaiming responsibility for the brutal attack on the speakers of the Workers Party.

The statement, issued by County Commander Van Etten, cited as "proof" of the American fascists' so-called fairness the giving of their platform to a "Communist" speaker by the name of Paul Newman after the Communist platform had been assaulted and the speakers beaten up. Newman, who is not and never was a member of the Workers (Communist) Party, was given the Tammanyites' platform and allowed to make false statements concerning the Communist platform and the ultimate aim of Communism in order that a semblance of fair play might be given. Newman was yesterday characterized as an imposter at the District Office of the Workers Party.

Evidence of the fear into which the democratic machine of Queens was thrown by the meetings being held by the Workers (Communist) Party is given in the organized and systematic way in which so-called "free speech parties" are being held in Astoria to offset the exposures of graft and corruption made by the Workers Party. An appeal is made by the Dwyer Post to all corrupt and grafting Queens political clubs to co-operate in meetings to spread capitalist lying propaganda to "the same rank and file citizen who is being reached by the undermining propaganda of the opposition." Other means of spreading the lies of the democratic party will be used, such as pamphlets, booklets and the radio.

"The invasion in our community by the disciples of revolutionary Communism," the statement goes on to say, "has awakened us to the need of developing an effective and constructive Americanization program in a broad and practical manner."

With barefaced hypocrisy the democratic machine of Queens, which broke up the Workers' Party meeting last week, rolls off such phrases as "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." The same corrupt organization which made off with millions of dollars in sewer specifications graft talks glibly of "equality of opportunity" in its statement, issued under the name of the Veterans of Foreign Wars.

The platform of the Workers (Communist) Party will be again set up next Thursday, August 16, at the corner of Steinway and Jamaica Aves., and the platform of the Workers' Party will be expounded by prominent Communist speakers, among them Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for U. S. Senate. Other speakers will be Rebecca Grecht, Communist candidate for Assembly from the Fifth Assembly District of the Bronx; Abraham Harfield, one of the speakers who was beaten up by the "advocates of free speech and personal liberty" last week, and Communist candidate for Assembly from the First Assembly District of Queens; Max Schachtman, editor of the Labor Defender; Verne Smith, editor of Labor Unity; P. Shapiro and Donald Burke.

Workers of Astoria are asked to attend the Communist meeting next Thursday as a demonstration of protest against the action of the Astoria democrats, hiding under the cloak of the Veterans of Foreign Wars.

The speakers will devote a large part of their talks to the exposure of the graft and corruption which rule Queens County. Workers of Queens will be reminded, also, that the country of the democratic and republican bosses was born in revolution. Part of the attack on the Communists made by the democratic machine of Queens was based on Communism being not "reformative and progressive" but revolutionary.

Section 6 Membership Meeting Thursday to Discuss Local Issues

On Thursday, at 6:30 p. m. the members of Section 6 of the Workers (Communist) Party, in Williamsburg, will meet at 46 Ten Eyck St. for discussion of several important local issues which have arisen there lately.

According to A. Bimba, Section Organizer, never before has the section been called upon to cope with a situation of such vital importance to itself and so significant to the growth and influence of the section among the Williamsburg workers.

The Section Executive Committee has made a special request for the presence at the membership meeting of a representative from the District Office in an advisory capacity.

One Worker Critically Hurt; Others Injured in Wreck

One trainman is reported to have been critically [illegible] *and twenty-nine other workers and passengers hurt when a New York Central train left the* [illegible] *N. Y., and remained hanging over a 15 foot embankment. Above, the* [illegible]

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the **Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square.** Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

* * *

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday afternoon, August 18, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

* * *

Unit 5F, 3D Meeting.

Unit 5F, 3D of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members have been requested to attend.

* * *

Y. W. L. Air Meeting.

The following open air meeting has been arranged by the Williamsburgh section today at Tompkins Ave., and Hart St. Speakers, D. Klein, H. Harris and M. Hobber.

* * *

Organizers of Women's Work.

All women organizers of Women's work of the Workers (Communist) Party are asked to call for the bulletin, "Working Women" which is now ready at the office of the United Council of Working Class Women, 799 Broadway, Room 533.

Unit 3E, 1F Meeting.

An important meeting of unit 3E, 1F will be held today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members must attend.

* * *

Unit 3E, 2F Meeting.

Unit 3E 2F will meet tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Important matters will be taken up, and all members should attend.

* * *

Party Functionaries.

All Party functionaries, including unit, section and subsection organizers, agitprop directors, industrial organizers, literature agents, etc., bureau heads, editors, are to meet at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, on Friday evening, August 17, at 8.15 to take up plans for the Red Week arranged for August 20 to 26. Conflicting meetings should be called off.

* * *

6F 2B.

Unit 6F 2B will meet tomorrow at 101 W. 27th St. Industrial and camp work will be taken up.

* * *

6F Meet.

A meeting of Unit 6F will be held today at 60 St. Marks Place at 6 p. m.

* * *

Branch 6, Bronx.

Branch 6 of the Workers (Communist) Party appeals to all comrades to call for lists to gather signatures for the "Put the Party on the Ballot" petition. The campaign office at 2700 Bronx Park E. is open daily between 6-9 p. m., except Saturday and Sunday, when it is open all day. Branch 6 appeals to all members and sympathizers to reserve Saturday, Sept. 8, when it will give an affair in the playground of the Home of the United Workers' Cooperative.

Bert Miller in Harlem.

The second session of the Harlem Speakers' Class will be held today at 6:15 p. m. sharp, at 143 East 103rd Street. Unit agitprop directors and other members of class are urged to come on time. Unemployment will be the subject for discussion, with Bert Miller as the instructor.

* * *

Section 1 Notice.

The collection of signatures in Section 1 is in full swing. Many of the members have already gone out and brought in signatures. But we cannot throw the entire work on the shoulders of the few. Every member, as a Communist, should put his shoulder to the wheel and do his share.

The section is trying not to resort to disciplinary measures, but will be compelled to do so if all members do not fall in line with the most important work of the Workers (Communist) Party at present.

A representative of the Election Campaign Committee is in the headquarters every night from 4 p. m. till 1 p. m. A thorough check-up will be made in the units, and disciplinary measures will be taken against those who fail to produce their quota in signatures.

* * *

Special Functionaries Meet.

There will be a special functionaries meeting on Friday, at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. All section, subsection and unit functionaries must be present. Important developments in the election campaign will be discussed.

Section 2 Speakers' Class.

The speakers' class of Section 2 will meet tonight at 8 o'clock, at 101 West 27th St. All members of the class and those who wish to join should come on time.

Section 2 Agitprop.

A conference of all agitprop directors and literature agents in Section 2 will be held Monday at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Important questions will be discussed.

Party Members Notice.

Members of the Workers (Communist) Party are asked ot report to Party headquarters at 4 p. m. Thursday, for important Party work. (Signed) John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

Brownsville Open Air Meet.

The Brownsville [illegible] Young Workers [illegible]

* * *

Bath Beach Speakers Class.

[illegible]

Unit B, Section 1.

Unit B [illegible] (Communist) Party [illegible] now on every [illegible] 350 East 81st St. [illegible] will be held [illegible] that address. [illegible] attend.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and cooperate to make this affair a success.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

Architectural Iron Bronze Workers.

An important membership meeting of the Architectural Iron Bronze and Structural Workers Union will be held today at 8 p. m. at the Rand School, 7 East 15th St. All members are urged to attend.

* * *

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

* * *

Newark Textile Relief.

A mass meeting will be held under the auspices of W. I. R. Textile Relief, Thursday, Aug. 16 at 93 Mercer St., Newark. Strikers from New Bedford, Fred Biedenkapp and Harriet Silverman will speak.

* * *

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A special membership meeting of the Young Workers' Social Culture Club will be held Thursday evening at 118 Bristol St., near Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn. Many reports will be given. All members have been asked to attend.

WAUKEGAN HOLDS CAMPAIGN RALLY

Max Bedacht Will Be Main Speaker

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Aug. 13.—Max Bedacht, candidate for United States senator of this state, will be the main speaker at the election rally to be held there tomorrow at 8 p. m., on the corner of Genesee and Water Sts.

The meeting will be held by the Young Workers (Communist) League and Workers (Communist) Party.

The last few meetings held on this corner were broken up by the police, much to the disgust of the crowds that were there. The workers of Waukegan are taking a keen interest in the election campaign of the Communists, and in their fight for free speech. Bedacht is one of the best speakers of the Party, and a very large crowd is expected to attend this meeting.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

30 INJURED IN ELEVATED CRASH

Wooden Cars are Held Responsible

Continued from Page One

before the danger signals could be set, another train rounded the curve and crashed into the first. The failure of the company to provide automatic signals which have frequently been made the subject of agitation, is given as a contributing cause for the accident.

Fire Breaks Out

Fire which immediately broke out, added to the danger and confusion. Two cars immediately buckled following the crash, the motorman's vestibule crumpled up like paper and a number of cars left the rails. Firemen from a nearby station were rushed to the scene and put out the blaze. Ladders were raised from the street by which some of the passengers descended. Others were carried out and still others were able to walk back to the Crescent Street station one block east of the wreck.

Same Cause.

The accident follows another less than a month ago which occurred on the Ninth Avenue elevated I. R. T. line near 66th St. and which resulted in the death of one worker and the injury of over sixty others. In this instance, wooden cars were likewise to blame. The company officials of the transit commission worked to fix the blame on the motorman of the train, Stanley Zelig, who was arrested and held on a charge of manslaughter.

BRITISH CRISIS IN UNEMPLOYED

1,300,000 Workers Out of Jobs

LONDON, Aug. 13 (UP).—Increasing alarm is being expressed over the unemployment situation in Great Britain, with 1,300,000 men out of work.

The ranks of the idle have been swelled by approximately 20,000 a week since the end of May, and the situation, it is feared, will grow worse. Approximately 250,000 more men are idle than at this time last year.

The press has begun to express grave concern. The Sunday Times in an editorial said the problem will dwarf other political issues in the next session of parliament and may be the dominant issue in the 1929 general election.

The recent report of the industrial transference board made it clear that unemployment in many big industries, notably coal, is beyond the capacity of the industries to absorb. In other words, the expedient of transferring workers to new fields will prove useless.

TELEGRAPHERS GAIN.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 13. — The telegraphers working on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad have won an increase in wages.

STRIKE OF OHIO STEEL WORKERS IN SECOND WEEK

Men are Determined to Win Ohio Strike

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 13.—Under the leadership of the Central Alloy Steel Mill Committee, five hundred steel workers entered the second week of their strike at the Central Alloy plant today. The spirit of the men is militant and they have announced their determination to bring out the workers in the Massillon and Canton units of the corporation.

Agitation among the men in the mills is being actively pushed in spite of the efforts of the steel corporation to prevent it. Knowledge that if the grinders and chippers lose their strike, wages will go down in every department of the plant is causing a demand for a strike thruout the mills.

Leaders of the Central Alloy Mill Committee state it as their opinion that the walk-out will spread to the other departments and mills within the next few days.

The strike which began last Monday is the third since July 25 when the steel corporation put over its initial wage cut, when wages first dropped from six dollars a day to $5.50. The bosses later promised to raise the scale to fifty-five cents an hour with the result that [illegible]

TEXTILE JUDGE BARS PICKETING

Hegelias Gets 6 Month Jail Sentence

Continued from Page One

peal taken by the I. L. D. attorney.

A statement issued by the union later, declared that in spite of the capitalist court's attempt to wreck the strike by jailing its leadership, the struggle against the wage cut will continue and grow larger. Leaders of this union are developed from the ranks, and new forces step in to lead in the struggle when necessary.

* * *

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 13.—A quiet but extensive mobilization of forces is now the order of the day among the strikers beginning their second week of a struggle against the American Printing Company, the Lincoln Manufacturing Company and the Algonquin Mills, in an effort to annul a 10 per cent wage cut.

The week will be marked, leaders of the Textile Mill Committees declared, with continued insistence of the striking workers on their right to picket the struck plants. All last week, beginning with the first day of the strike, the police forces here ferociously attacked any formation of strikers patrolling the plants.

Police Terror.

Despite this an equal brutal court terror that culuminated in six month jail sentences imposed yesterday on the union leaders and over 80 arrests, the workers succeeded in spreading the strike from the American Printing Co. mills to the plants of the other corporations.

Drivers Help Miners and Textile Strikers

CHICAGO, Aug. 13 (FP).—Laundry Drivers' Local 712, of the teamsters' and chauffeurs' brotherhood is forwarding checks of $500 each to the striking Pennsylvania miners and the striking New Bedford textile workers.

A DAILY WORKER correspondent is the real spokesman and leader of the workers in his struggles.

ATHLETICS GAIN HALF GAME ON IDLE YANKEES

(By United Press)

Lefty Grove held the Detroit Tigers to two singles and the Philadelphia Athletics beat the Bengals Monday, 7 to 1, gaining a half game on the idle New York Yankees.

George Hass, young Philadelphia center fielder, led the A's attack with two singles and a double in five trips.

Presenting a revised lineup, the Boston Red Sox defeated the Cleveland Indians, 6 to 2. Todt went back to first base, Rothrock to third and Rogell to short. The Red Sox drove Grant out of the box in the first five innings, and Miljus, who replaced him, put in the two more.

Ed Morris pitched his fourteenth victory of the season for the Red Sox.

The Pittsburgh Pirates won from the Brooklyn Robins, 6 to 1, in the only other major league game. Ray Kremer held the Robins to six hits and was effective in the pinches.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

[illegible]

AMERICANS WON [illegible] PRIZES IN OLYMPICS

[illegible] Olympic prizes were [illegible] United States received 22 first place medals, 17 second place medals, and 15 third place medals for a total of 54 prizes.

Many of the United States athletes were not here for the closing of the games, but were scattered all over Europe, participating in various athletic meets.

After proclaiming the 1928 Olympic games over, Count Baillet-Latour said:

"We now ask the youth of the land to meet again four years hence at Los Angeles for the Tenth Olympiad."

Sports Meeting to Be Held Tomorrow

A special meeting of all members of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League who are engaged in sports work or who are connected with sport and athletic organizations, will be held tomorrow at 7:30 p. m., in Room 603 of the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

It is of the utmost importance that every member of the party or league doing sports work at present, should attend this meeting, the District Sports Department states.

SEAPLANE CRASH.

HAMBURG, Germany, Aug. 13 (UP).—A Dernier seaplane, manned by ten men, was caught in a storm between Hamburg and Stettin today, and made a forced landing near the coast. Two of the crew swam ashore. The others were rescued by a boat. After a 10-hour struggle, the seaplane was saved.

LABOR SPORTS IN U. S. SPREADING

History of Workers' Athletics Traced

By FRANK BRONBERGER.

Why do we need workers' sports? This is a question that has been ignored by the official American labor movement and only recently have the workers themselves begun to show some interest in labor sports.

Sports in ancient times were part of the amusement of the ruling class. The gladiators of ancient Rome were nothing but slaves selected to fight lions or themselves for the pleasure and entertainment of the rulers.

First Workers' Sports Clubs.

Each successive ruling class has [illegible] Soviet Union.

Labor Sports in U. S.

The United States is a country where professional sports have been developed to a greater degree than in any other country in the world. Labor sports in this country are 50 years behind Europe. The first workers' sports clubs in the United States were organized by immigrants about the year 1900. Cut off, however, by language and customs from the rest of the country, these clubs remained small, isolated groups and soon passed out of existence.

Within the past few years a new workers' sports movement has sprung to life and is showing signs of increasing activity. Steps were taken several years ago to organize the Workers' Gymnastic and Sports Alliance of America and in addition, the Labor Sports' Union was founded a year and a half ago.

Both organizations are operating successfully. On Aug. 25 and 26 the Labor Sports' Union will hold its second national athletic meet at Wingate Field, Brooklyn, in which many working class athletes from all over the country will take part. This meet is an event of the greatest importance in the labor sports movement in this country and should be supported by all those who are genuinely interested in fostering labor sports.

YOUNG WORKERS GIVE OUT HAND BILLS; ARRESTED

Were Distributing Anti-Military Leaflets

ROCKFORD, Ill., Aug. 13.—Seventeen young workers, all members of the Young Workers (Communist) League, eight girls and nine boys, were arrested by jingo authorities at Camp Grant, after they had distributed over a thousand leaflets to the Illinois guardsmen. They were all taken to the county jail, to await further action of the military officials in charge of the camp.

Charges placed against them by Captain James U. Sammis, Jr., provost marshall of the camp, were "distributing Communist literature on a government reservation and to soldiers of the Illinois national guard."

This was the second arrest of members of the Young Workers (Communist) League within the last week. The ages of the young workers arrested ranged from 15 to 20 years.

The young workers were arrested after they had been distributing leaflets to soldiers in the camp for twenty minutes. The soldiers were reading the leaflets, which urged them [illegible] imperialist [illegible] defend [illegible] arrested.

Now they are being held by jail "until the government [illegible] action." The arrests, however, did not dampened the spirit of the young workers. In a letter, one of them says, "These arrests have not scared us in the least. We will continue to distribute more anti-militarist leaflets and continue to hold more open air meetings despite the dirty tactics of the police and jingoes of the National Guard."

Worker Stays at Post Despite Grave Injury

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Edward R. Gosnell, 45, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad engineer, stayed at the throttle of his train yesterday despite an accident that may prove fatal.

Gosnell's head struck a low bridge near Laurel, Md., while examining the water gauge on his locomotive. The blow knocked him back into the cab and left a severe gash in his head.

He refused, however, to leave his post until the train reached Hyattsville, 10 miles distant. There he was taken to a hospital where physicians pronounced his condition critical.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

- Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
- Section 4—Harlem—43 East 103rd St.
- Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
- Section 6—Williamsburgh—29 Graham Avenue
- Section 7—Boro Park, 764 40th St.
- Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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A. Rosenfeld, Secretary.

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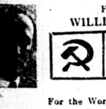
VOTE COMMUNIST!



For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ✗ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Blood of Chinese Workers

The arrests of 15 Chinese and other workers in New York Sunday for making a collection for the trade unionists of China can be taken as another "little" indication of the official American attitude toward the world-shaking events in that great country. The United States government is in the process of "recognizing China," with the support of "liberals" and "socialists" here by extending its support to the mercenary gang of adventurers headed by Chiang Kai-shek, calling itself the "government of China," or the "Nanking government." And even down to the thickest headed Tammany policeman, this becomes the key to the policy officially applied throughout the country. The Sunday tag-day arrests were apparently incited by the Kuomintang organization in New York, which in its own puny way follows the lead of the cut-throats of Nanking.

The incident of the arrests must not be allowed to pass without being used to rouse American workers to the real situation in China and the meaning of Coolidge's "help" to "China," which is in fact nothing more than the bribery of a bureaucratic organization and a parasitic layer of Chinese society for the privilege of throttling a nation.

The enormity of the crimes being committed in China today are almost entirely beyond the present, sluggish imagination of the bulk of American workers. Out of a population of approximately 400,000,000, it is estimated that more than 300,000 have already been slaughtered by the white terror. The bloody work of the mercenary tools of foreign imperialism, of whom the traitor Chiang Kai-shek has become the chief, is only vaguely suggested by the perfunctory dispatches that tell of occasional wholesale executions.

The All-China Federation of Labor has issued a list of slogans for use in the struggle, which will give some idea of the torture that our Chinese brother workers are enduring, and at the same time the sublime courage that they are putting into the fight for freedom. Here are the slogans sent to us:

"White terror in China has already killed 318,000 workers and peasants."

"'We are not afraid of defeats. We have the support of the world proletariat and the Soviet Union!' the Chinese workers and peasants say."

"'The Kuomintang is grabbing the people? The three principles are killing the people. Down with the Kuomintang and its three principles!' the Chinese peasants say."

"'Down with the Kuomintang flag of white terror! Up with the red flag of hammer and sickle!'—tell the Chinese workers."

"'Oh! How can we kill all the Communists? The workers and peasants nearly all are Communists!'—cry the reactionaries in desperation."

"'Rather kill a thousand innocent than to let one escape!'—the militarists say."

"'It's the Communists who are demanding back pay. It's the Communists who are striking. They should be killed!'—the Chinese capitalists say."

"The Kuomintang besides shooting workers and peasants leaders and Communists applies such primitive barbarous punishments as: extracting eyeballs, cutting out hearts, peeling off skin, cutting off breasts, pulling out finger nails, using bayonets to pierce the sexual organs of women already shot, pouring boiling water on chests, beheading, cutting people in two at the waist, etc."

"'What is it to kill a few hundred workers? It's easier to find a few hundred workers than to find as many dogs!'—say the imperialist capitalists in Shanghai."

Surely there is a ghastly touch of reality in this that ought to stir American workers to action. The workers of this country must be made to realize the tremendous role the Chinese revolution is playing in history today. Betrayed, and apparently "killed" by the treacherous and corrupt Chiang Kai-shek, the Revolution only shows itself to be more alive than ever. Red Armies have been flung together out of chaos and have already won several important victories.

The labor movement in Asia! Could anything at the present time be more important? The imperialists know it and are trying to exterminate the labor movement there. The American workers must know it, and must help with all their might.

Big Bill Dwyer Comes Out.

Bill Dwyer was the Whisky King, up 'till two years ago.

He headed the gang that brought 50,000,000 gallons into the United States and, to accomplish it, built up a bootleg marine of eighteen deep-sea vessels and uncounted high-power motor boats.

Millions in profits came in to this truly royal figure in an American business—a business which we can be sure is no small factor in politics and commerce.

Many of the millions went to bribe the prohibition officers of the Coolidge-Mellon-Hoover administration. Don't forget that. And don't forget what millions in bribes can do to an administration—especially a Coolidge administration. Remember Albert B. Fall and Harry Daugherty, "clean as a hound's tooth," and Jess Smith, sitting in Daugherty's office in the department of justice to receive the bribes arising from the bootleg and pardon department, and later dying by a pistol-shot in Daugherty's and his joint residence just at a critical moment when exposure seemed inescapable. At another critical moment when exposure seemed inescapable, the chief of the gang, Warren G. Harding, died in an unexplained way, by which death Coolidge became president. When again the ghosts of Teapot Dome and the Continental Trading Company bribe-money began to walk and even to edge into the cabinet at the elbow of Mellon, Coolidge was able to pass the presidential nomination on to Herbert B. Hoover, also a member of the Harding-Coolidge-Daugherty-Jess Smith gang.

Hoover, who went mum through the Harding-Coolidge administrations of eight years of graft and perjury and suicide as a cabinet member, is now in a hard-fought campaign. In this campaign Booze is an issue, and the attitude of each candidate toward Booze will play a part in the winning or losing of two states which may be decisive in the election: New York and Massachusetts. Smith has the edge on Hoover on the Booze question in these two "free-liquor" states. Hoover must be for prohibition to carry other states, but must make a showing somewhat favorable to the thirst of a large social element in New York.

Why does the Coolidge-Hoover administration find it best now in the election campaign to release the Whisky King?

Can the Whisky King do something for Hoover in New York?

Of course the bootleg business has a stake in prohibition. Prohibition and the bootleg business are twins in a capitalist society.

When Big Bill Dwyer went to the pen the millions of bootleg profits and bootleg bribe money did not go with him.

And Big Bill Dwyer is out. "Ill health" is the vague reason given, but the "ill health" is not explained.

Perhaps it was home-sickness.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

National Platforms are selling in thousands. Orders are pouring into Campaign Headquarters. One letter may contain a lowly dime for one copy, while another may contain a check for $100 worth. Pat Devine reports that 100 copies were sold at an anti-war mass meeting held recently in Minneapolis and that many more would have been sold had not the supply given out.

• • •

"Please send me at once 200 copies of 'The Platform of the Class Struggle.' Enclosed is a check to cover same," writes Anita Whitney of Oakland, California.

Comrade Whitney recently bought $100 worth of Vote Communist stamps.

• • •

The Tribune of Salt Lake City is conducting a straw vote campaign. In a recent issue the result of a vote taken at an auto tourist camp gave Hoover 59, Smith 31, Foster 3 and Thomas 1. Of the 31 votes cast for Smith 11 voted for Coolidge in 1924, 9 voted for Davis and 5 for LaFollette. The 16 that switched to Smith from the republican party and its offshoot, the LaFollette split, merely jumped from the fryin' pan into the fire.

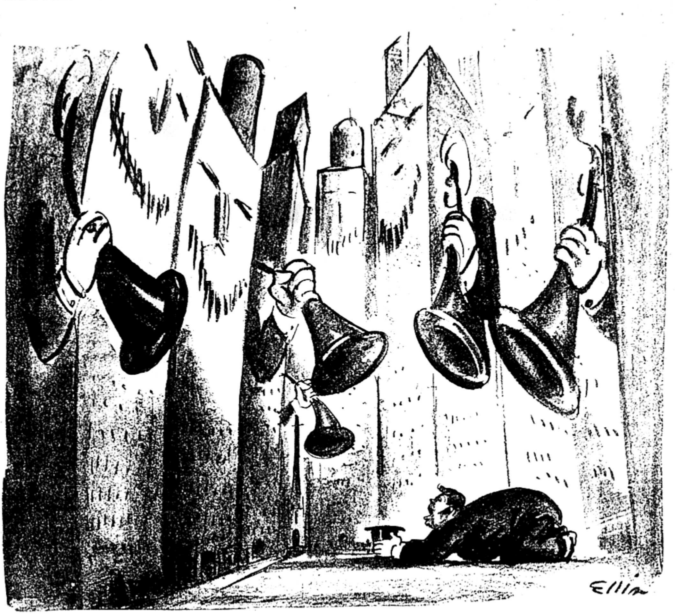
And the Ladies' Educational Club of Kansas City, Kansas, contributed $5 to the Communist Election Campaign. Kansas is the home of Charles Curtis, Hoover's running mate. Foster and Gitlow will pay their respects to this pair when they speak in Kansas.

• • •

At a recent meeting of the Lithuanian chorus, "Aidas," it was decided to help the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign. A check for $10 was forwarded to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th St.

HOOVER ACCEPTS THE WALL STREET NOMINATION

By Fred Ellis



The Working Youth Conference

Rationalization; Needle Trades; Clerks; the Unorganized; the Young Worker

By PHILIP FRANKFELD.

THE General Working Youth Conference comes at an opportune time. We are living in a period of a sharp depression in the country. This sharp depression follows the period of prosperity which to some extent succeeded in lulling the masses of workers to sleep.

At the present time, with industries like mining and textile undergoing deep-going crises; with the workers in both industries involved in great struggles; with the bosses trying hard to solve the crisis at the expense of the workers; with the workers in many instances showing increased willingness and capacity to resist the onslaughts of the bosses, it is doubly important to draw the young workers into the struggle.

Rationalization Process.

The process of rationalization which on one hand calls for greater efficiency, the introduction of new and more advanced machinery, greater speedup of the workers, mass production, etc. at the same time means a concerted drive on the part of the employers to cut wages, to lengthen hours and to smash the organizations of the workers. The workers are in no mood to accept this attempt to reduce their standard of living; the workers show more signs of restlessness and discontent than in many years past since 1919-21, and most important to us as Communists—a growing militancy and capacity for struggle.

We can point to many instances of this, but instead will limit ourselves right to New York in order to find corroboration.

Left Wing Takes Offensive.

In the needle trades the left-wing has again taken the offensive and has started an organization campaign to re-establish the Union which the Sigman gang succeeded in destroying—but without Sigman. In Local 43, the young millinery workers have so far successfully stopped the destructive tactics of the Zaritsky machine and have retained their militant leadership and their strong local union. In the furriers, the left-wing has been consolidating its position-while the right wingers have had splits within their own camp.

Struggle of Clerks.

The Fruit and Grocery Clerks have engaged in several struggles in defense of their Union and union conditions; the Dental Mechanics are still out on strike for recognition of their Union; the Waiters and Waitresses in both Brooklyn and New York; the mens clothing workers (who were later on sold out by the Amalgamated officials) and even the workers on the ferry-boats on the Battery, who pulled the famous strike on July 4th. And today, the barbers in upper Harlem went out on strike for recognition of the Union.

Youth Aid Adult Strike.

It is quite evident from even this partial list that many young workers were involved in these strikes. The grocery and fruit clerks, the dental mechanics and the paper-box makers are mostly youth. In the mens clothing strike, in Wasserman Clothing Co. for example, fully 50 per cent of those whe went out on strike were young workers. These young workers were not unionized, but nevertheless joined the adult workers when they went out on strike.

Young Workers Will Fight.

And just last week the strike of the shirt-makers in Perth Amboy. Most of them were young workers. They were militant, they were full of fight. The strike was spontaneous In this one case one gets a clear picture of what the immediate future holds in store for the general labor movement. The young workers were never overpaid; they were never bribed by the bosses. The young workrs are not organized-and now with the intensification of exploitation of the workers, with the speedup, wage cuts, and so forth, the young workers will also fight back-and fight back strong. Only in this light can we consider the lessons of the Perth Amboy shirt makers strike.

Communists Must Do Organizing.

It is the duty of the left-wing and the Communists to organize the unorganized workers. The bureaucracy is going more and more to the right. They cannot and will not organize the unorganized. The so-called progressives are too fearful, are too hesitant, are too much afraid of antagonizing the "official" labor movement.

The Communists and the left-wingers must without hesitation assume leadership over the struggles of the unskilled, semi-skilled, and unorganized workers. Especially since our main emphasis at this time is to work among the unorganized workers and for the creation of new independent unions.

Problem of Unorganized.

The question of the young workers is an integral part of the general question of the unorganized since the youth constitute so large a percentage of it. The General Working Youth Conference is a step in the direction of helping to organize the unorganized. Every Communist, every left-winger worker, every militant worker in the trade-unions, in large shops and in small shops every place where there are young workers employed-must give their utmost support to this campaign to organize the unorganized young workers. Left wing and Communist workers must fight in their local unions for the sending of delegates to the General Working Youth Conference in September, for the endorsement of the resolution, for the election of delegates in organized shops include young workers—one for every ten—and in unorganized shops. We have had too much of talk, we must now take steps to actually organize the youth.

A Hero of His Time: General Sandino

A Portrait of a Great Fighter; Challenges the American Empire; "A Bandit"

By MAX GRILLO

(Translated by Sol Auerbach.)

(This article appeared in French in Henri Barbuse's weekly paper, "Le Monde.")

A young Hispano-American, doctor of law of the University of Paris told me of the interview which he had with Augusto Sandino in his own camp. From Honduras he had to scale high and almost impassable mountains before he reached the encampment of Sandino.

Augusto Sandino personifies the conscience of the Spanish-American, from the day when his chief Moncada decided to fold his flag before imperialist diplomacy. Sandino and his three hundred companions swore to repel the invaders or to die on the barricades. Like Cordoba, the hero of Ayacucho, the brave Nicaraguan was able to say that if it was impossible to conquer it was not impossible to die.

Loved By His Men.

With three hundred guns and seven thousand cartridges he undertook to realize this noble action. Admirably acquainted with the territory, raised in the school of danger, he decided to carry on a guerilla warfare of rapid marches and hazardous attacks.

He has captured thirty cannon of the latest model, with which he several times repulsed the inexpert infantry of the Saxon-American United States marines. His three hundred companions are now eight hundred heroes, the most glorious legion which Amerca has seen. Among them are Salvadorans, Mexicans, Guatemalians, Argentinians, some Germans, some Colombians, some Peruvians.

This young and gay hero is extraordinarily loved by his men. They obey him and admire him. In the Roman manner one of his companions is always at his side ready to put Sandino to death rather than to see him taken captive. In the depth of a ravine, in the most hidden spot of the encampment he has his staff headquarters. On the wall, a portrait, that of Bolivar. "I am the son of Bolivar," Sandino said to his visitor, and he added:

Marine Terror.

"If I commanded two thousand men like those who surround me now I would throw an army of ten thousand marines out of Nicaragua. They do not know how to fight. They run away. They have no initiative. In my camp no one drinks alcohol; my men drink only pure water, but only from certain springs and certain sources, because I have been obliged to make the greatest part of the water sources unusable, as a just reprisal to the use of poison gas by the North Americans. I accept the war until the time when the invaders shall leave my rountry. They are very strong and powerful. . . . I myself am a weak soldier. God will say the last word.

"I know that at Washington I am called a bandit; but never does Sandino and his men violate women, never mutilate the corpses of their enemy. Look at these photographs. Return to your country and tell what you have seen; go to Europe and tell Paris that the bandit Sandino does not dishonor his small victories. I have some prisoners, among others an officer of high rank, for whom I have been offered a ransom of five thousand dollars. I have also been offered fifty thousand dollars to sign for peace. As if those who stoically accept death can think of the gold of the enemies of his country. Evidently they think me no more important than Diaz."

"And what are the limits of your republic of Nouvelle Segovie?" my friend asked.

Fights Imperialism.

"My country, the one for which I am fighting, has the frontiers of Latin America. When I began my campaign I though only of Nicaragua; but then, in the middle of danger and when I realized that the blood of the invaders had been absorbed by the soil of my country, my ambition grew. I have thought of all of the Central American Republics, of which one of my companions drew a map. Look, an extended arm which supports five mountains and on the highest point a 'guetzal.' Know that the guetzal is the bird of liberty, because he dies twenty-four hours after he has been captured."

Sandino continued: "I have organized a government in the country dominated by my forces. With the telephone material that I have taken on my assault on the Yankee marines I have established a net of communication between various points. With gold from the mines in the region I have manufactured money. Say to Latin America that, as long as Sandino breathes, the independence of Latin America will have a defender. Never will I betray my cause. For that reason I have called myself the son of Bolivar."

Told You So

SENATOR Jim Reed has lost his political grip on Missouri. He supported a wet for the senatorship but a dry won. The Missourians, however, to show that they have no fundamental objection to a schooner of beer gave the gubernatorial democratic nomination to a man who would grow two beers where there is now only one. And the successful dry wired Al Smith that he would do his utmost to put Missouri in the Smith column and help keep the beer pumps working in the cellars of New York.

• • •

H. L. MENCKEN says that Al Smith is an exhilarating cocktail while Herbert Hoover is a dose of aspirin. Queer that such a resourceful fellow as Mencken did not think of running a bromo selzer with Al.

• • •

THE Public Committee on Power is gnashing its teeth because the plan to consolidate the proposal to merge the Consolidated Gas Company and the Brooklyn Edison Company was approved by the Public Service Commission. The commission refused the Public Committee on Power a hearing tho Governor Smith, for reasons of political expediency, suggested that they be given a chance to take a crack at the merger. Fighting consolidations is a Quixotic business. Better consolidate the employes of the gas trust into a powerful, militant industrial union and organize for the purpose of taking over the gas companies and other public utilities for the benefit of the workers, under a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

• • •

SOMETIMES the Nicaraguan people who are defending their country against the American imperialists are termed "rebels" and sometimes "bandits." The New York Times will have them bandits, come what may. Strange how this man Sandino succeeds in leading the war of liberation despite the frequency with which he is bombed, killed and captured. He even surrenders occasionally. Reminds us of General De Wet of Boer war fame. De Wet was always getting surrounded and just when London was about to go on a victory spree and sing "We don't want to fight but by jingo if we do, we have the men we have the guns and we have the money do" the foxy Boer would show up in the rear of his pursuers and pepper their posteriors with lead.

• • •

LORD ASQUITH'S war diary which is running in the Hearst papers makes interesting reading. What a lot of dumbbells those British strategists were! Rarely were the generals and high politicians on speaking terms with each other. Scores of thousands of men were sacrificed because of the incompetency of General French who kept a well-stocked harem at the rear of the front. But for the tremendous resources of the British Empire and the aid of the American ruling class at the most crucial moment in the war, the "tight little isle" would now be either a Workers' Republic or a hunting ground for the Kaiser.

• • •

HOOVER is going to wage a hellish campaign. All his pep songs carry the smell of brimstone and sulphur. His national anthem is "Hail, Hail, the gang's all here; What the hell do we care; What the hell do we care," and for an encore he has: "Besides a hell of an engineer, he's a hell of a regular guy." This is getting too hot. What will the bushbaptists of the alfalfa regions think of this kind of propaganda?

• • •

CHICAGO has finally succeeded in demoralizing Greek political life. Our latest information from Athens is that several prominent Greek politicians were kidnapped on the eve of election and are held for ransom. In fact the Greek opposition went farther than their contemporaries in Chicago. The worst the Chicagoans did was to hold the enemy until after his ward was made safe for the kidnapers' candidate. They might take him for a "ride" or bump him off if he proved obstreperous but it is not recorded that they ever held him up for any more than he carried in his jeans. It is always thus, the convert is almost certain to outdo the teacher in zeal.

• • •

THE Sultans and their millions of wives may cause an earthquake if they decide to roll over in their graves at the news that the Turkish crown jewels are to be sold to establish a state bank. There is some dispute over whether the Turkish collection is more valuable than the czarist collection now under Soviet lock and key. It is possible that the Sultans had the largest collection. It is the custom in the Occident even as in the Orient for a bridegroom to bestow a bauble of some kind on his atavistic bride and since the Sultans were rather well disposed towards the fair sex and at times generous, it is a reasonable assumption that they collected more jewels than the czars, who after all, lived in a colder climate.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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COMMUNIST PARTY URGES MINERS TO BUILD NEW UNION

WORKERS PARTY GOES ON BALLOT IN SOUTH DAKOTA

Ticket Now Qualified in 11 States

Speed Campaign for Signatures

South Dakota has been added to the number of states on whose official ballots the Workers (Communist) Party ticket will appear in the elections according to a telegram received today by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, 43 East 125th St., New York City, from Arthur Starr, special organizer in the agricultural regions of the Northwest.

The necessary number of petitions has been filed with the secretary of state for South Dakota, Starr reports. The working farmers of that state, who were fooled by Townley and his fake get-rich-quick oil schemes, are now beginning to realize that there is no short-cut to emancipation from the perennial troubles that afflict the farmers.

On Ballot in 11 States.

The Communist ticket is now on the ballot in 11 states, and organizers are actively engaged making the necessary preparations to qualify it in the majority of the other states of the Union. In some states getting the party ticket on the ballot is little more than a formality, but in states like New York and Ohio it is a stupendous task to collect the necessary number of signatures.

In addition to South Dakota the Communist ticket is on the ballot in the following states: Delaware, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Michigan, Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas and New Mexico.

The work of putting the Party ticket on the ballot in Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Maine is somewhat handicapped because of the energy and finances thrown into the New Bedford and Fall River textile struggles by the Party organization in New England. Alex. Bail, district organizer, reports, however, that the Communist ticket will be on the ballot in those three states.

Progress is being made in collecting signatures in New York State, but the Party, members must show more enthusiasm than hitherto dis-

Continued on Page Three

DU PONT "GIVES" $50,000 TO SMITH

Pierre S. Du Pont, multi-millionaire munitions king, it was learned yesterday, has punctuated his support of Tammany Al Smith by a contribution of $50,000 to the governor's campaign fund, the largest contribution yet to be made to the democratic vote-buying chest.

No limit will be set to the size of contributions, John J. Raskob, manager of the Smith campaign and business associate of Du Pont, announced.

Other contributors to the fund were John D. Ryan, president of the open-shop Anaconda Copper Company with $10,000, and John T. Smith, counsel for the General Motors Corporation with another $10,000.

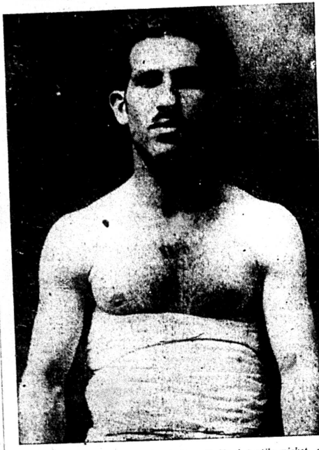
Bukharin Report in 'Daily' Saturday

Saturday's issue of the Daily Worker will contain the full stenographic transcript of the report made by Bukharin on behalf of the Executive Committee of the Communist International at the Sixth Congress of the International now in session at Moscow.

This is one of the most important reports that has been made in many years—it is the official statement of the views of the general staff of the greatest revolutionary organization that ever existed. It analyzes and clarifies all of the big questions of world politics and class struggle which interest the workers everywhere.

In Saturday's Daily Worker you will get it complete in the official text, as just received from Moscow. It will cover two full newspaper pages, and the Daily Worker will be enlarged to 8 pages, this Saturday, in order to publish it without omitting the customary material.

Mill Picket Leader Beaten in Prison



Augusto C. G. Pinto, militant New Bedford textile picket, who was arrested for the eleventh time when the police jailed two entire picket lines at the Whitman Mill recently, has been beaten up in the "house of correction." He is shown above with the bandages around his abdomen. It is a common occurence in American class warfare for police or detectives to jump off a chair onto a man's stomach.

PINTO, PICKET LEADER, TELLS OF HIS TORTURE

By SYLVAN A. POLLACK.

Battered and bruised, A. C. Gonzales Pinto, militant picket leader of the New Bedford textile strikers, lies at the point of consumption. Brutally beaten with blackjacks because he acted as an inspiration to the rest of the strikers, Pinto was savagely attacked in the House of Correction after he was arrested on August 3.. Since the strike started April 16 he has been jailed 12 times.

When visited in his home in the garret at 829 Water St., Pinto was still suffering from the unhuman treatment meted out to him by the mill owners' agents. Asked to tell of his experiences, Pinto told me the following:

"After I was arrested on Aug. 30, I was taken to the the House of Correction. Placed in a cell with another striker I started to speak to him in a whisper. The keepers told me to shut up and I did not say any more.

Handcuffed.

"The next morning I was taken to court to be arraigned on the charges against me. I was handcuffed and compelled to walk that way through the streets to the court house. I objected to that kind of treatment and told the detective that the capitalist class has special laws for the workers. When I said this he scowled and it was easy to see that he was angry.

"Later I was brought back to the House of Correction and placed in cell 30. This was about nine o'clock at night. An hour later a flashlight was turned on my darkend cell and four men entered. It was so dark that I could not see their faces. They dragged me thru the corridor and took me down into the basement into a special cell called the "hole." The men did not speak and neither did I.

Brutally Beaten.

"About three hours later the four men entered the hole. One of them said: 'Did you bring the blackjack?' and another answered: 'Yes.' Then they went into action. One man

Continued on Page Three

COMPANIES BAR NEW LEWIS MOVE

Reject Fagan Offer of Conference

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 14.—Open-shop coal operators yesterday flatly rejected the offer made to them by Pat Fagan, in control of the reactionary Lewis machine in Local 5, to meet in a conference to discuss wage reductions and what was taken to mean the basis of a sort of company union which the Lewis-Fagan machine was willing to set up in the district.

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Aug 14.—The flat refusal of all the large coal operators to consider the conference invitation sent them by Pat Fagan,

Continued on Page Three

FLAY BRUTALITY OF BRONX POLICE

Members of the Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union have sent a letter to Police Commissioner Warren protesting against the terrorism of the police attached to the 22nd precinct in attack strikers picketing the Bathgate Ave. stores, the Bronx.

The union charges that the police were sent out from the 22nd precinct and without provocation beat ap and arrested many pickets who were peacefully walking up and down before the non-union stores. Paul Flakowitz, Morris Silver and Abraham Schmetterling were each fined $2 as a result of the arrests; Boris Zibatoff was fined one dollars.

CZECH COMPOSER DEAD

PRAGUE, Aug. 13.—Leo Janacek, famous Czecho-Slovakian composer, died here today.

CHUKHNOVSKY READY

Courageous Aviator to Leave on Krassin

MOSCOW, Aug. 14 (UP).—Early resumption of the search for Ronald Amundsen and members of the lost dirigible Italia in the Arctic was announced today by the Soviet Relief Committee.

Repairs have been completed to the plane of the Russian aviator Chukhnovsky, which was wrecked on one of his earlier rescue flights and towed back to safety by the icebreaker Krassin.

The Krassin was instructed to rush repairs to her prow, damaged recently in the ice, and to pick up Chukhnovsky. The ship then will proceed to search for Amundsen and the party of Renato Alessandrini, lost when the Italia crashed.

* * *

The "Krassin" succeeded in saving most of the lost crew after all the other rescue parties failed, and are now the only ones left in the struggle in the Arctic.

UNION OFFICIALS MOVE TO DITCH RAILWAY STRIKE

70,000 Workers Taking Walkout Vote

To Hold Ballot Secret Until Sept. 2

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Officials of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen are doing everything in their power to avert a walkout of 70,000 workers employed on roads operating west of Chicago, it was learned today. Even if the vote which is now being taken should favor a strike, a strike will not be called, officials of the union declared.

* * *

70,000 Voting.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 14 (UP).—A strike vote affecting 70,000 railroad employes and 98 per cent of the railroads operating west of Chicago, was being cast today by Western members of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the order of Railway Conductors.

A call for the vote was issued after attempts to arbitrate demands of the trainmen failed in Chicago last week. The men have asked increases of 10 per cent for yardmen and 18 per cent for trainmen and conductors.

The railroaders, according to A. F. Whitney, president of the trainmen's organization, agreed to accept an offer of seven and one-half per cent, but the settlement was conditioned upon two of the union groups abolishing certaining working rules.

Abolition of the rules, Whitney declared, would have offset the increase agreed upon and would have lowered the standards of pay in comparison with those received in other sections of the country.

The strike vote will be tallied here and will be announced September 2 Whitney said.

NEW UNION CALLS CLOAK WORKERS

Tear Up Boss Union's Books, Is Slogan

Climaxed by the slogan issued to the masses of workers in the cloak and dress manufacturing industry here to "tear up the books of the company union and join the cloakmakers' union of and for the workers," a call was issued yesterday by the National Organization Committee which will be distributed among the workers today by the thousands. It declares in part:

"Strike while the iron is hot. Let all together begin the task of building a union. Every worker in the industry must become a member of the union. Every shop in the trade must immediately put itself under the leadership of the National Organization Committee. Let the employers feel the united strength of the cloakmakers who are fighting to abolish the chaotic condition in the industry, brought about by the Sigman-Schlesinger clique.

"A cloakmakers' union as against a company union! This was the slogan launched by the 15,000 cloak and dressmakers gathered at the huge mass meeting in the Bronx Stadium.

"No time must be lost. You must immediately join the ranks of the builders. Your decisive action has thrown the camp of betrayers into a state of paralyzed fear. The convulsive hysterics of the advertising agent, Schlesinger, in the employers' yellow sheet, the 'Forward,' proclaims to the world their hopeless fear of facing the new movement.

"Safeguard the foundations of your union! All must join. All must help build the organization!

"Let every man or woman engaged in manufacturing cloaks and dresses join our union. Struggle for human working conditions in the factories.

"Tear up the books of the company union! Drive their agents out of your shops! Bring shop complains to your own union, 16 W. 21st St. Enroll yourselves as members of the union. Take out membership books at $3.35. Pay your dues regularly. Help in everything that leads to the erection of a strong, clean and united Cloakmakers' Union of and for the workers."

Ford's Genius Makes Famine Gradual, Sure

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 14.—Firing workers whose pay envelopes average seven dollars and fifty cents a day and re-hiring them at five dollars is the latest wrinkle which Ford efficiency has introduced into starvation in the automotive industry.

The new device for driving the men to the wall has had its initial tryout at the Ford battery department, where those survived the merciless speed-up long enough to feel themselves safe, now suddenly find themselves at the employment gate with no chance for a job paying more than five dollars.

Many of the older men are being immediately replaced by others who are scarcely more than boys and are better able to endure the speed-up and willing to take the decrease in pay.

There is no question that the "vanishing pay-envelope" stunt, now that it has won its spurs in the battery department, will be gradually extended to other departments of Ford industry.

RED WEEK TO AID ELECTION DRIVE

Tag Days Planned for Aug. 20-26

The week of August 20 to 26, set aside as Red Week, and culminating with the Tag Days of Saturday and Sunday, August 25 and 26, will find the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party on its financial feet.

Under the slogan, "Strike a blow for the Party of the Working Class" and aptly illustrated by a picture of a worker eagerly rolling up his sleeves for a crack at an amply proportioned capitalist whose head is a money-bag and whose nose is a dollar sign, the District Office of the Workers (Communist) Party has printed a colored leaflet to be distributed by the thousands among New York workers this week, mo-

Continued on Page Two

MAYOR NOT IN TO MILL DELEGATES

Murdoch Free to Lead Again Monday

(Special to The DAILY WORKER)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 14.—A committee of 30 striking members of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union, chosen by the thousands of strikers to lodge formal protest with Mayor Ashley against the vicious police attacks on picket lines and the barring of strikers' children from the city's public parks, appeared in the City Hall yesterday and was told by an official that the mayor had left five minutes ago.

While permission to picket is the chief demand of the Textile Mill Committees' members, the union will insist on the right to use the public parks as gathering places for the strikers' children.

A huge wave of mass resentment swept over the city when the police arrested Elizabeth Donnelley, T. M. C. children organizer, and several children when they tried to sing strike songs in the park last week. After making the arrests, the police drove out the hundreds of children gathered there.

The committee visiting the mayor

Continued on Page Five

HUGE FURRIERS DEMONSTRATION HERE TONIGHT

Workers to Build Real Union in Industry

Rally in Cooper Union, Other Halls

The two-year-old struggle of the fur workers against the union officialdom which betrayed them and destroyed union conditions in the shops will culminate in the great mass meeting tonight at Cooper Union. At that time the workers will be asked to endorse the International United Front Committee and the campaign recently launched by them for a real national organization of fur workers. The meeting will be held immediately after work.

Great Enthusiasm.

In gauging the sentiment of the furriers in the fur market, their determination to wipe out the decayed remnants of the right wing skeleton of an organization and its record of reaction, is easily seen. Thousands are expected to come to the meeting, an announcement having been made last night by the committee in charge of arrangements that additional halls are being engaged.

Stressing mainly the importance of quitting work promptly at 5 o'clock, so as to come to the meeting on time, a statement issued yesterday by the International United Front of the Fur Workers' Locals in the United States and Canada declares, in part:

"At this monster Cooper Union mass demonstration the representatives of nearly every local in the United States and Canada, the representatives of the Joint Board, of the Progressive Bloc, and of the Greek fur workers will present the plans for building one powerful international union.

Build a New Union!

"Down with the remnants of the decayed and sinking scab agency that calls itself the International Joint Council. It is time to build one international union capable of defending and safeguarding the workers' job, the workers' union conditions and the workers' rights and freedom.

"Wednesday is the day of the first united demonstration of furriers under the auspices of the International United Front Committee.

"Unite your ranks. On to Cooper Union mass meeting. Let no furrier stay away. Respond to the call of your union. A second hall is provided for if necessary. Come on time.

"One union is being built. One union for the workers. This is the last death blow to the company union. The greater the response, the sooner the victory.

"On to the historic furrier' demonstration. No overtime on Wednesday evening. In thousands, on to the demonstration on Wednesday, 6 o'clock, at Cooper Union."

"Automobile—Symbol of Modern Slavery"

The Daily Worker will begin tomorrow a series of unusual articles on the automobile industry by Ben Lifschit. These articles deal with the development of one of the most important industries in the modern economic world. They picture the enormous consequences of the unprecedented growth, the competition and conflict of large business interests, the enslavement of the workers, the developments which are making this industry one of the forces driving to imperialist war.

Read this series of articles on one of the most important issues before the workers—"Automobile, Symbol of Modern Slavery."

SOUTHERN MILL REVOLT

150 Unorganized Girls Strike for Pay

PETERSBURG, Va., Aug. 14.—One hundred and fifty workers, most of them girls, walked out on strike from the Twentieth Century Rayon Textile Company plant here demanding higher wages. The strike was spontaneous, the workers in the plant being unorganized.

The wages of the workers were greatly slashed by the company some time ago, when the bosses complained that the dull season made it impossible for them to pay the regular wage. The workers accepted this cut at the time, being unorganized, on the promise that as soon as business goes back to normal, their wages should be increased until it was on a par with their regular pay.

Now the dull season is completely over, and the firm is doing a tremendous amount of business. But it refuses to raise the wages of the workers again, as it stipulated when the reduction was made.

TRACES LEWIS BETRAYALS LEADING TO ABANDONMENT OF JACKSONVILLE SCALE

Central Committee Exposes Role Played by Socialists in Aiding Lewis

Pledges Support to Coal Diggers in Building New Militant Union

Condemning the betrayal of the mine workers by the Lewis machine and declaring that this betrayal will go down in the annals of American labor history as one of the most dastardly acts of treachery ever inflicted upon the mass organizations of labor, the Workers (Communist) Party yesterday issued a statement to the miners calling upon them to continue the struggle and give every efforts towards building the new union and pledging its support to the coal diggers in this historic task.

The statement traces the course of the Lewis treachery beginning with his first taking power over eight years ago and ending with his final sell-out in the recent abandonment of the Jacksonville scale and the virtual advice to the miners to go back to scab condtions.

The statement follows in full:

STATEMENT OF THE WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

The strike of the bituminous coal miners has collapsed. The collapse of the 15-months strike in which the rank and file miners and their families put up a heroic struggle, undergoing tremendous hardships and making superhuman sacrifices is due to the conscious treachery, incompetency and corrupt practices of John L. Lewis, the president of the United Mine Workers of America, his International Executive Board and district officials.

The betrayal of the miners who toil in the bowels of the earth, will go down in the annals of American labor history as one of the most disastrous acts of treachery ever inflicted upon a large mass organization of labor. By the act of John L. Lewis and his henchmen, the United Mine Workers has been wrecked and the rank and file miners who have seen their mighty organization ruined must begin the arduous task of starting anew to build an organization that will be able to fight stubbornly to regain all that John L. Lewis has surrendered to the capitalists.

"NO BACKWARD STEP"—A LIE.

With oratorical bombast John L. Lewis, assuming a pose of fighting opposition to the coal operators, declared at the beginning of the strike to the thousands of miners who were prepared to fight to the last ditch, that the United Mine Workers of America would never take a backward step, that the Jacksonville scale would be maintained.

Now that the Jacksonville scale has been abandoned and the bituminous miners are facing wage cuts of from $1.50 to $3 a day, Mr. Lewis cloaks his outrageous act of treachery in the following words, according to the editorial in John L. Lewis' official journal, the United Mine Workers' Journal:"

"They have modified their wage policy as their gigantic contribution towards the stabilization of the coal industry. By this sacrifice they again prove their loyalty to the public welfare. Now let the coal operators and the public do as much as the miners have done."

LEWIS PLEADS GUILTY.

These are fine words. Franker words were never uttered by a traitor to the working class. By these words, John L. Lewis pleads guilty to selling out the miners.

To interpret the above so that every miner who toils in the hot bowels of the earth digging coal, can understand, Lewis admits that he agreed to abandon the miners' wage of $7.50 per day as a gigantic contribution to the coal operators.

Lewis and his officials, who squandered millions of the miners' money during the strike, drawing big salaries, have refused consistently to give adequate relief. Nevertheless, they found no difficulty in making, at the expense of the miners and their families, a contribution to the capitalists towards the establishment of the industry.

What does this stabilization mean to the miners? It means destruction of their union. It means wage cuts, it means sharpening competition between the union and non-union fields, further reduction in wages, greater speeding up of the miners, longer hours, also, and the driving out of the coal mines of over on quarter of a million miners.

"LOYALTY"—TO WHOM?

This was no willing sacrifice on the part of the miners. These conditions of savage exploitation, jungle conditions of competition between the miners, low wages, part-time employment, and permanent unemployment for over one-quarter of a million miners, are not the result of conscious public sacrifice on the part of the miners, but the logical outcome of treacherous, corrupt reactionary and criminal policies of John L. Lewis.

The stabilization of the industry that will result will be hailed with glee by the operators who are impatiently waiting to turn the misfortunes of the miners into additional fabulous profits, while for the miners it will mean a nightmare of capitalist frightfulness, hunger, increased exploitation, industrial despotism, and abject poverty and degredation of the one-quarter of a million miners and their families who will be driven from the industry.

Mr. Lewis states that by this sacrifice they (the miners) again prove their loyalty to the public welfare. Mr. Lewis forgets about the welfare of the miners in his loyalty and subserviency to the public welfare of the capitalists. Mr. Lewis has made the "supreme sacrifice" of leading the miners to defeat and the destruction of their organization in order that the capitalists could overcome the crisis in the coal industry at the expense of the miners.

REFUSED TO ORGANIZE MINERS.

The loss of the strike is the climax of the policies pursued by Lewis. Failure to organize the unorganized resulted in the production from the unorganized fields outstripping the union fields. At the outbreak of the strike, John L. Lewis resisted, opposed and refused to support any move for the organization of the unorganized.

For years John L. Lewis has been responsible for a fascist policy of terrorism against the rank and file. Whole locals were expelled from the organization and the best, the most militant and class-conscious fighters of the miners driven out of the union. Gangsterism dominated the union with the chief gang-leader being John L. Lewis. Every expression of opposition was shut up by the use of the black-jack, gun and machine-gun. Militant leaders of the miners were assassinated. This is how Lewis endeavored to kill whatever militancy manifested itself in the organization. The fighting calibre of the organ-

Continued on Page Three

Local 376, Carpenters, Issue Appeal for Support of Members Throughout Country

FIGHT AGAINST HUTCHESON, RIGHT WINGER

Militants Barred From Office

An appeal to all local unions of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America has been sent out by the Defense and Reinstatement Committee appointed by former Local 376 in which the membership is urged to instruct the delegates to the September convention of the organization to support the appeal of Local 376.

The Defense and Reinstatement Committee, of which Nathan Rosen is secretary, was appointed with full power just before the local was disbanded following the attack made upon it by the William L. Hutcheson machine ending with the revocation of the union charter.

Rosen to Appeal.

The president of former local 376, Morris Rosen, was candidate against Hutcheson for international president and led the fight against the reactionary machine which the progressives have carried on for a number of years. Rosen will be present at the coming convention to plead the case of the local from the decision of the Hutcheson machine.

The statement to the locals follow in part:

To all Local Unions of the U. B. of C. & J. of A.

Dear Sirs and Brothers:

The above committee entrusted by the former Local Union No. 376 with the task of presenting the case of Local Union 376 and defending the rights of the members, feels itself duty bound—especially now since the case is coming before the convention, to remind the Brotherhood of Carpenters of our appeal and to present new facts for the consideration of the membership and of the delegates to our convention.

We want to thank the large number of Local Unions which protested against the action of General President Wm. L. Hutcheson in revoking our charter.

We also want to thank the many locals and members who ordered or distributed our booklet, "The Appeal of Local Union No. 376."

This booklet, "The Appeal of Local Union No. 376" can be had free of charge by writing to Nathan Rosen, 174 Grafton St., Brooklyn, New York, and stating the number of copies wanted.

The decision revoking the charter of Local Union No. 376, dated June 14th, 1926, and signed by Wm. L. Hutcheson, General President; John T. Cosgrove, First General Vice President, and Geo. H. Lackey, Second General Vice President stated, "The charter of Local Union No. 376 is hereby revoked and it is no longer a Local Union of the United Brotherhood. Arrangements will be made to give the members an opportunity to transfer their membership to other local unions so that the individual standing, benefits, rights and privileges in our Brotherhood may be maintained."

Sends Secret Orders

Notwithstanding the above decision, General President Hutcheson sent a secret order to the officers of a number of locals to which our members were assigned and deprived them of the right of ever holding office in the United Brotherhood. Nearly one thousand members were thus disfranchised in a most unscrupulous manner.

The above deceitful trick was discovered when Joseph Lapidus, an active member of former Local Union No. 376, was nominated as candidate for President of Local Union No. 1164 and was removed from the ballot by Hutcheson's secret orders. Brother Lapidus has appealed his case to the forthcoming General Convention. This appeal will not only determine the rights of nearly one thousand members of former Local 376, but favorable action upon this appeal will have the effect of putting a stop to President Hutcheson's irresponsible methods. It will serve notice on our officials that constitutional provisions and guarantees made by decisions can not be arbitrarily abrogated.

All Must Help.

Every Local Union must help, to put an end to the despotism of Hutcheson. Instruct your delegates to the General Convention to support the appeal of Local Union No. 376 and the appeal of Joseph Lapidus. Fight for the rights of all others who have been persecuted for their opinions. Get the booklet, "The Appeal of Local Union No. 376" and become acquainted with our cause.

Brother Morris Rosen, former progressive candidate for General President and President of former Local Union No. 376, will be present at the convention to plead the appeals for Local Union No. 376 and Joseph Lapidus. See that the floor is given for a hearing.

Please notify us what action was taken by your Local Union.

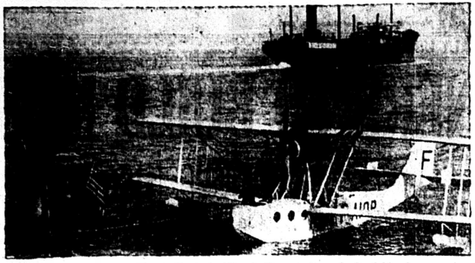
Thanking you in advance for your support, we remain,

Fraternally yours,

Defense and Reinstatement Committee of Local No. 376.
Nathan Rosen, Secretary.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14 (UP). —Rear Admiral F. C. Billard, commandant of the coast guard, has ordered the cutter Northland to render all assistance it deems advisable in a smallpox epidemic at Nome, Alaska.

Preparing for Imperialist War in the Heart of New York



The picture shows Clarence Chamberlin, trans-Atlantic flier, at the cock-pit of his plane, purchased especially to speed up communication between the Battery and Barren Island. At the latter place, Chamberlin is in charge of construction work which will make New York City one of the most formidable air ports in the world.

WORKING WOMEN RALLY SATURDAY

Letter Calls Upon All to Participate

In a statement issued yesterday from the office of the United Council of Working Class Women, 80 E. 11th St., women in New York City were urged to rally to the aid of the miners' Joint Defense and Textile demonstrations to be held all over the city on Saturday.

The arrangement committee, of which Bertha Fishman is chairman, and Kate Gitlow secretary, sent out letters to thousands of women in New York City, urging them to participate in the demonstrations. The statement, in part, follows:

Attempt To Break Strike.

"The bosses are attempting to use working women to break strikes, to replace militant men workers, to lower wages, to break unions. They consider women as easier to exploit. They did not think women would resist the open shop drive. They rely on the role of housewives to keep husbands at work, no matter how low the wage, no matter how bad the conditions.

"In a number of bitter strikes the working women and housewives have proven that they are militant and class conscious. In some struggles the women have led the way. The women were the most active in resisting the wage-cutting drive of the bosses. Housewives not only gave more support to their striking husbands, but actually led the picket lines, took part in demonstrations, suffered clubbing and were framed up.

"In all strikes a great amount of relief funds is collected by women organied in the United Councils of Working Women.

"Throughout New York open air meetings will be held at various corners, Saturday, August 18th. Speakers will discuss the role of working women, including housewives, in the class struggle."

A list of the meetings at which the women will rally on Saturday will be published later in the week.

TO TAKE PHOTOS AT BIG CARNIVAL

Special Russian Hour at "Daily" Affair

Pictures will be taken of the national groups and individuals wearing the best costumes at the huge International Costume Carnival of the Daily Worker, to be held in Pleasant Bay Park next Sunday. The fortunate costume wearers will find their pictures published in the Daily Worker a few days later.

Since a great many workers are planning to attend this international carnival in costume, it is predicted that the judges will have no easy time selecting the best ones. National costumes of all sorts will be worn by thousands of workers, with Russian costumes probably outnumbering those of any other country.

A special Russian hour is being planned by the committee in charge. During this hour tea will be served in samovars and a Russian accordian orchestra will play songs of the old and the new Russia.

Another feature will be open-air dancing around a bonfire in the evening. Russian and American dances are expected to prove the favorites.

An elaborate athletic program is also being arranged. The Labor Sports Union will take a prominent part in this program and a soccer game will be played by two of its member organizations. There will also be athletic exhibitions by the Finnish Athletic Club.

Tickets for the great carnival are being bought up fast. They are 35 cents and are on sale at the office of the Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square.

Warn Against Storm in Carribean Region

HAVANA, Cuba, Aug. 14 (UP). —Warning of a new tropical disturbance over the Caribbean Sea was issued by the National Observatory today. The warning said:

"The disturbance to windward has moved rapidly towards the west, over the Central Caribbean Sea, far from observation stations, and is probably centered to the south of the Dominican Republic. In case it moves in the same direction tomorrow, it probably will pass over the southern part of Jamaica. Its intensity is unknown. In the rest of the Caribbean Sea and throughout Cuba good weather is the rule."

LABOR BODIES TO JOIN SACCO MEET

I. L. D. in Letter, Urges Participation Aug. 22

More than 500 New York labor and fraternal organizations were asked by letter yesterday to take part in the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting set for 5 p. m. Aug. 22 in Union Square. The meeting is being arranged under the auspices of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense. The letter of invitation, signed by Rose Baron, secretary, reads in part:

"Aug. 22 marks the first anniversary of the judicial murder of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti!

"It is nearly one year since a cyclone of angry protest and horror swept the world following the death of these two militant workers who paid with their lives for loyalty to their class.

"Arrangements have now been made for mass memorial meetings to be held in every important city in the world. Here in New York the New York Section of the International Labor Defense has arranged an open air meeting to take place in Union Square on Aug. 22 at 5 p. m.

"This meeting will also be a protest meeting for the liberation of Mooney and Billings who are in prison today after 12 long years as a result of one of the blackest labor frame-ups in the history of America.

"It is said by cynics that the memory of the American worker is short—that he easily forgets—that he may be subjected to whatever insult and injury—and that in a little while all is forgotten. Answer this callous lie with a monster mass meeting that will emphatically evidence labor's determination to prevent further class murders and frame-ups.

"We ask you to urge the members of your organization to attend this demonstration en masse. If possible, please issue a call to your membership for this purpose."

It is estimated that 50,000 workers will take part in the memorial. One hundred thousand leaflets announcing the demonstration have been printed in English, Italian and Yiddish and are being distributed in factories, shops and offices by volunteer workers.

BRITISH PLANES READY FOR WAR

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The mock air battle over London engaged in by two opposing armies of British planes, one supposed to represent an "Eastern power," and in which 350 planes are participating, has covered the city with smoke from imaginary poison bombs, that if real, could wipe out the entire population.

If the aim of the British government in staging the combat were to arouse fear in the hearts of the inhabitants, it has done so by the artificial stimulation both in the air and in the newspapers. Military observors are watching the maneuvers closely in order to perfect the air force.

MINE EXPLOSION CAUSES 1 DEATH

Seven Others Badly Burned

(By a Mine Correspondent.)

WEST FRANKFORT, Ill. (By Mail.)—Criminal indifference to the loss of life on the part of the Chicago, Wilmington and Franklin Coal Company may cause the death of Neal Specer, a coal digger, and has already caused agony and suffering to seven miners burned by the gas explosion at the New Orient mine here.

The explosion occurred at about 4 p. m. Saturday as the day shift men were moving out from the mine. Miners claim that gas from an old working had been drawn out into the main entry and was then ignited by a spark from the trolley pole on the motor.

Endangered Others.

That the accident might easily have caused the death of a large number of miners, was the opinion expressed here by everyone. Considerable indignation was voiced against the company, the company safety first man, Walter Nichols, and Joe Rogers, whose duty it was to watch for gas at this part of the mine.

Rogers is financial secretary of the New Orient Local Union by virtue of the bare-faced steal at a fraudulent election held in June. Along with his various other enterprises, Rogers operates a gas filling station at Benton and through agreement with the company he sells gas to the miners employed at Orient and then has the company check off the miners' wages to pay for the gas.

As one miner puts it, he was too busy selling gasoline to watch out for gas in the mine.

In any case, today seven miners are suffering, one may be dying as a result of the criminal betrayal on the part of the local labor fakers and greed on the part of the company officials.

MOORE, O'BRIEN JOIN IN DEBATE

Professional Strike-breaker Exposed

(Special to the Daily Worker)

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 14.—An assemblage comprised of 400 workers of this city, the largest crowd of workers that has ever assembled here, the other night heard Richard B. Moore, candidate for Congress on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket from the 21st Congressional District, expose J. Robert O'Brien, professional strikebreaker and "100 percenter," the United States capitalist government.

The debate which followed an open air meeting at which A. Markoff spoke, was arranged when O'Brien was given the platform for ten minutes. It was there that O'Brien challenged any member of the Workers (Communist) Party to debate with him. Richard B. Moore answered the challenge.

O'Brien Choses Topic.

The topic of the debate, chosen by O'Brien, was, "Resolved that under the workers' government of the United States, labor has better conditions than under the anti-labor government of the Soviet Union." Moore took the negative.

He pointed out that American capitalism is one of the most rapacious and labor-hating in the world. He cited the use of coal and iron police to murder and jail the strikers in the Pennsylvania coal fields. He showed that 2 per cent of the population own 60 per cent of the wealth in the United States.

Proves U. S. S. R. Superior

On the other hand, citing the facts and figures about the Soviet Union, Moore spoke of workers' control of industry as the fundamental difference between the Soviet Union and the United States.

DISCUSS DRAFT PROGRAM STILL AT WORLD MEET

Losovsky Would Expand Trade Union

(Wireless to the Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 14.—The twenty-sixth session of the World Congress of the Communist International opened yesterday morning. The discussion continued.

Among the speakers at this session were Dengel, of Germany; Sultansade, of Persia; Alfonso, of Indonesia; Brand, of Poland; Varga, of the Soviet Union; Choraz, of Czecho-Slovakia; and Weinstone, of the United States.

Dengel declared that the adoption of the draft program means the final settlement of the theoretical basis of the Communist International and facilitates the propaganda of Marxism among the workers. The program should also be an aid to action and not only contain theoretical principles. The passage in the program on capitalism is too short. The role of social imperialism must receive more detailed treatment as must also the role of the left wing social democracy.

The speaker declared that the German delegation thinks that the dictatorship of the proletariat must nationalize all land and not only large scale farms. The adoption of the program means great progress for the Communist International.

Weinstone, of the United States, then declared that tendencies toward fascism existed in America. Varied social elements are ready to unite on the basis of a fascist dictatorship, he said.

He further declared that the draft program can be summed up as internationalism. The program must stress the Communist attitude on racial questions, particularly in the United States, where we are fighting for equal rights for the Negroes.

The twenty-seventh session of the congress continued in the afternoon with Losovsky as chairman. Losovsky declared that the draft program contains very little about the trade union question. The draft also fails to mention the final aim of trade union struggles, i. e., the overthrow of the bourgeoisie. The draft fails to mention that the reformist labor unions represent a continuation of the state apparatus within the working class. Questions of the relations of the Communist Party and the trade unions also are not dealt with.

The speaker declared that the draft must receive a new section saying everything that the Communist International has to say concerning reformist and revolutionary trade unions.

ISSUE LEAFLET ON MOONEY CASE

I. L. D. Publication Is First of Series

Tens of thousands of copies of the first of a series of leaflets and pamphlets, to be issued on the world-famous Mooney-Billings case by the national office of International Labor Defense yesterday rolled off the press to be spread throughout the country in the campaign to revive interest among American workers in the movement now being developed to figiht for the release of these two victims of the frame-up system, who have served in prison for more than 12 years.

"Tom Mooney and Warren Billings have now been in prison for more than 12 body-tearing years," reads the leaflet, in part. 'They have become symbols of one of the blackest and most reactionary institutions of the American ruling class—the frame-up system; the victims of their class enemy—the capitalists. Why have these two men been forced to suffer the torture of a living death in prison when all evidence points to their complete innocence? When it has proved a dozen times over that they were victims of a conspiracy?

"The answer is that these two leaders were loyal to the interests of the working class; that they were in the front ranks of the fight to win a better life for their fellow-toilers; that they could not be bought off by the boss class."

In brief and incisive language the leaflet gives an account of the history of the case, showing step by step how Mooney and Billings were framed by the open shop and jingoist interests of California. The whole miserable net of perjured and degenerate and underworld characters used by the prosecution as "witnesses" is exposed in the leaflet and an appeal issued to the American working class to rally in a mighty campaign to obtain the freedom of the two prisoners. The leaflet can be bought at $2.25 per thousand from the I. L. D. at 80 E. 11th Street, Room 402, New York.

Young Workers League Member Gets Second Patent for Invention

A second patent has just been granted to Eugene Vinogradov, 1358 Washington Ave., Bronx, 22-year-old Russian inventor and member of the Young Workers (Communist) League. He came to this country in 1923 and is now a student at Morris High School.

The patent is granted for "Newspaper Vending Machine," an automatic device for the sale of newspapers. It contains several newspapers or magazines and releases one at a time, when a token or a sufficient number of pennies is dropped in a slot.

The previous patent that had been granted to Vinogradov was for an optical and automatic device, which eliminates the use of electric lights in dark rooms during the daytime, by means of efficient and equal distribution of sunlight throughout the building.

U. S. INVASION STIRS HONDURAS

Fear Same Fate as Nicaragua

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Aug. 14.—Reports that American marines had invaded Honduran soil at the village of Danli for the alleged purpose of seizing Nicaraguan peons suspected of serving in the Nicaraguan army of independence has caused a storm of protest here.

The answer of certain official circles that the Honduran government was forced to permit the passage of American troops in order to save itself the fate of Nicaragua, has resulted in charges that it is inviting that fate at the expense of the neighboring republic.

"Is the Honduran treaty with the United States another scrap of paper?" has been asked.

NICARAGUA LOAN AFTER ELECTION

Banker Calls Armed Guard "Essential"

PANAMA, Aug. 14.—A twelve million dollar loan as bait to expedite the election of the candidate supported by the American authorities is the reason for the recent refusal of the loan to Nicaragua suggested by L. S. Rosenthal, manager of the Nicaraguan National Bank at Managua, in a statement issued here. Mr. Rosenthal is on his way to New York where he will discuss the situation with American financial interests.

The American bankers are awaiting the outcome of the American-supervised elections in the fall, the banker said in substance. He believes that the issue will be floated immediately after the elections.

The loan will be adequately backed by the property of the Nicaraguan National Railway, the stock of the Nicaraguan bank and a first lien on customs.

The rehabilitation of Nicaragua depends largely on the legal authorization and fiscal support of the Nicaraguan national guard and on the removal of the affairs of the national bank from political influence, the banker asserted.

RED WEEK TO AID ELECTION DRIVE

Tag Days Planned for Aug. 20-26

Continued from Page One

bilizing them for the election campaign drive and for participation in the Tag Days.

Leaflet Contains Program.

The leaflet, which outlines the nine cardinal points of the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party, calls on all class-conscious workers to contribute to and collect for the campaign fund of the Workers Party and to enroll at one of the various election campaign stations which have been set up throughout the city. Every section of the city will have its center, from which a large number of workers will radiate on Saturday and Sunday to fine-comb that particular section for contributions to the campaign fund in special collection boxes.

Workers in all shops and homes are called upon by the Workers (Communist) Party to contribute to the Election Campaign Funds, to collect from other workers in their shops and to volunteer for the two big Red Tag Days.

During the Red Week, workers' clubs, unions, fraternal and benevolent societies are urged to run affairs for the benefit of the Workers (Communist) Party Election Campaign Fund. Every dollar collected for the Red Campaign Fund means that five hundred leaflets will be distributed among workers.

UNION FORMED BY OFFICE WORKERS LEAGUE IN N. Y.

Demand 39-Hour Week, Closed Shop

A new stage in the development of the office workers' organization was marked when the membership unanimously decided to transform the Office Workers' League into the Office Workers' Union. This step is but the official confirmation of the steady evolution of the organization in recent months from a purely educational association to a full-fledged labor union, it was announced.

The meeting, which was very well attended, was marked by a lively discussion of the union's immediate program and the report of the organization committee.

The program of the organization, as adopted by the membership, calls for the recognition of the union, the closed shop, a 39-hour working week, payment for overtime and all legal holidays, vacations, proper sanitary conditions, protection against unwarranted discharge or demotion, the regulation of temporary employment, the establishment of office committees and office chairman, protection against discrimination for union activity, or on account of race, color or creed, and the procurement of a good standard wage for all office workers.

The program further urges a fight against company unionism and company welfare schemes in all its forms—a curse from which office workers are today suffering.

Unanimous concurrence was given to the recommendation of the organization committee that the union apply itself at the outset to organizing the most underpaid office workers.

The organization committee reported that as a result of the questionnaire submitted to the membership several such large offices have been selected for immediate organization.

A call was issued for volunteers to take part in "colonizing" activities within offices. On this work depends the success of the union's initial organization activities, it was declared. All unemployed members of the union are urged to volunteer for colonization duty. Communications should be sent to the Office Workers' Union, Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., where the union meets regularly every second and fourth Monday of the month.

PROPOSE PUPPET PLAN FOR INDIA

CALCUTTA, India, Aug. 14.—An "all parties" commission, which was deserted by Mahatma Ghandi and Moslem leaders, proposed a new constitution for India which is intended to give it a dominion status.

The proposal is hardly expected to satisfy the Indian nationals and autonomists for it leaves India virtually as before, under the direct tutelage of the British government. The governor general, who is to be appointed by England, is to have full veto power over all legislation, and chief command of the army, navy and air force, which practically takes all power from the legislature provided for in this plan.

Organize Spanish Speaking Branch of New York ILD

A Latin-American and Spanish-speaking branch of the New York section of the International Labor Defense has been organized with an initial membership of about 35.

At an enthusiastic meeting held recently at the headquarters of the branch, 55 W. 113th St., officers were elected and an executive committee embracing practically all of the Spanish speaking countries appointed. The officers are Luis Martinez, organizer and P. Martinez, secretary.

The following countries are represented on the executive committee of the branch: Chile, Cuba, Argentina, Guatemala, Spain, San Salvador, Venezuela, Mexico, Nicaragua, Colombia, Peru, Ecuador, Uruguay, Paraguay, Costa Rica, Santo Domingo, Panama and Bolivia.

The Latin-American and Spanish-speaking branch is the 45th branch of the New York section of the I. L. D., and the 15th language group.

WORKERS DIE IN FACTORY BLAST

Explosion in Indiana Kills 8 to 15

HAMMOND, Ind., Aug. 14 (UP). —Between 8 and 15 men were killed, and a two-story building occupied by the Indiana Sanitary Pottery Company was wrecked by an explosion of undetermined origin this afternoon.

The fire burning in the wrecked building and two other adjacent unoccupied structures was so hot that firemen were unable to get within a block of the plant to fight the flames.

The exact number of men in the plant was not known, but it is believed that none could withstand the heat, even if they escaped being crushed by the falling walls of the building.

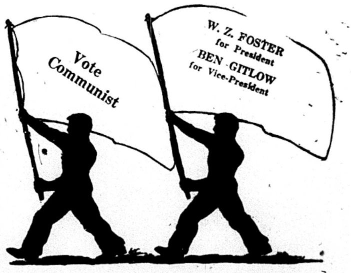
MOVE FOR FREE CROATIA GROWS

Students Raid Shops Selling Serb Papers

ZAGREB, Jugoslavia, Aug. 14.—As the sentiment for an independent Croatia grows among the peasants following the death of Stefan Raditch, student organizations here, who had decided to boycott all newspapers and books in which Serbian type is used, destroyed several shops where such newspapers were sold. The Croats use a modified Roman type.

The more conservative wing of the Croatian-democratic coalition has condemned such action and urged the peasants to take a pacifist policy towards the Belgrade regime.

Following the death of their leader the Croatian Peasant Party executive elected Vladimar Matchek as substitute president, while the nominal head of the party will be the dead Stefan Raditch.



Order a Bundle!

Let The DAILY WORKER help you in your Election Campaign Work.

Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.

Special price on Daily Worker bundles during election campaign.

$8.00 per thousand (regular price $10.00 per thousand).

Enclosed find $..........for........Daily Workers
Name ....
Street ....
City .... State ....

Communist Party Condemns Treachery of Lewis Machine; Endorses New Union

TRACE RECORD OF BETRAYALS ENDING WITH FINAL MOVE TO ABANDON JACKSONVILLE SCALE

Statement Analyzes the Role of Socialists in Furthering Betrayal

Calls Upon Miners to Continue Struggle and Build New Union

Continued from Page One

ization was thus seriously crippled.

John L. Lewis fought the Kansas miners in their fight against the Industrial Court, drove their militant officials out of the union and put in his own reactionary officials who agreed to the compulsory arbitration clauses of the Industrial Court of Kansas. He squandered millions in West Virginia, but never seriously intended the organization of the West Virginia miners. He stole the last election of the United Mine Workers of America after the rank and file had overwhelmingly defeated John L. Lewis and his reactionary crew and elected the progressive 'Save the Union slate by an overwhelming majority.

Lewis advocated a policy of class collaboration, arbitration, industrial peace, etc., based upon capitalist efficiency and mass production and the elimination of miners from the industry.

In the Anthracite he led the strike to a defeat and made an agreement that enforces arbitration and the contract system upon the miners.

He refused to consider national action in the coal industry with the result that union miners are always actually working and scabbing on their brothers who happen to be on strike. He has fastened the reign of the reactionary officials upon the union by decreeing that only American citizens can hold office, thus disfranchising the large bulk of foreign-born miners who are not citizens, but who are militant and class-conscious. He has limited the present strike of the bituminous miners to only a few fields. He opposed mass picketing. He refused to take up a fight against the injunction.

Lewis squandered hundreds of thousands of dollars in paying big salaries, and did not pay strike relief or provide for relief. Only during the last stages of the strike did he provide relief and then only after the miners themselves had organized the National Miners' Relief Committee. He gave relief, when he did, only in isolated cases to those who supported the administration.

He made separate agreements in Illinois and Indiana, thus taking the heart out of the strike and making certain its defeat. Only a general strike tieing up the entire industry could have defeated the coal aperators. Lewis and the reactionary district officials fought and resisted this demand of the left wing. The district officials bear the responsibility for the defeat equally with John L. Lewis.

A. F. OF L. LEADERS STRIKEBREAKERS.

The collapse of the strike also exposes the strikebreaking role of the bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor. Mr. Green, the president of the American Federation of Labor, is a member and former official of the United Mine Workers of America. The bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. did not raise a finger in behalf of the miners. Not a single act of solidarity was organized by the reactionary officials of the American Federation of Labor.

At the convention of the A. F. of L., the strike was ignored. Later, capitalist politicians were invited by the A. F. of L. bureaucracy into the situation. Every proposal for mobilizing the masses of the trade unions for the support of the strikers was rejected. Faith was put in the capitalist politicians who demanded action against the Communists and not support to the strike.

Instead of busying themselves to help win the strike, the officials of the A. F. of L., William Green, Matthew Woll and others, met with the Bar Association and with the largest open-shop interests in America to plan an anti-strike law against the working class of the United States.

YELLOW TRAITORS EXPOSED.

The crushing defeat of the United Mine Workers of America is a blow to the whole labor movement. It exposes the role of the present administration of the American Federation of Labor as being contrary to the interest of the workers. By its failure to unite with the forces of the miners the workers of all other unions, the bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. has given great material support to the offensive now being conducted by the open-shop interests. Its action has greatly weakened the unions and strengthened the fight against them.

The general crisis facing the trade unions has been brought nearer by these actions. Faced with the defeat of the bituminous miners' strike, the destruction of the United Mine Workers of America and with a growing rebellion among the textile workers, needle trade workers, and others against their reactionary strike-breaking union-smashing policies, the Executive Board of the A. F. of L. again calls for the extermination of the rank and file movement in the unions by raising once more the war cry for the extermination of the Communists from the unions. The reactionary officials only become militant against the enemies of the exploiters. These tools of the capitalists in the unions are the most bitter enemies of the militant class-conscious revolutionary leaders of the workers.

The battle betwen these enemies of the workers in the trade unions and the rank and file will continue until the workers will oust the whole reactionary officialdom from Green to Lewis and from Woll to Sigman out of the labor movement.

SOCIALIST PARTY AGAINST MINERS.

The socialist party did not support the miners. It lined up with John L. Lewis and his reactionary machine. It did not appear in the picket lines to inspire and help the miners in their difficult struggle against capitalist greed, exploitation and persecution. It fought the left wing which was inspiring militancy in the struggle and heroic resistance to the capitalists and the reactionary Lewis and his officials.

This socialist party, which, during the days of Debs, hundreds of thousands of miners supported and voted for, has abandoned the class struggle, has united with the blackest reactionaries in the unions against the workers. The socialist party, like John L. Lewis, Green, Woll and Company, and the coal operators, is responsible for the miners' defeat. It should be despised and fought by every miner.

MINERS' HEROIC FIGHT.

Against the workers the capitalists act as a united force. The coal operators used the whole power of the government of the United States against the miners.

Betrayed by the reactionary trade union officials on the one hand, the miners, on the other hand, were brow-beaten by the police, persecuted by the courts, deprived of their most elementary rights by injunctions, raided by constabulary and shot by troops. Caught between the two forces, one of the treachery of Lewis and his officials and the other of the persecution of the capitalist government, the miners courageously and stubbornly fighting, were beaten back. Huddled in barracks and tent colonies, starving and suffering, the privations of the long bitter struggle, the miners, their wives and children, nevertheless put up a heroic and memorable fight.

This fight they carried on against the whole capitalist attack under the leadership of the left wing. The left wing inspired the miners to fight on. The left wing organized the mass picket lines. The left wing led them to defy the injunctions. The left wing organized the opposition to Lewis and his reactionary leadership. The left wing organized the National Miners' Relief Committee and provided relief. The left wing defended the miners at each and every step of the long bitter struggle.

COMMUNIST PARTY FOR MINERS.

The Workers (Communist) Party gave full support and leadership to this left wing and to the brave fighting miners. It fought all the enemies of the miners inside of the union and outside. The Communist Party, always loyal to the miners, is deserving of the support of each and every miner. The Workers (Communist) Party fought side by side with the miners, raised relief, fought the injunctions, carried on a war against Lewis. It was the best and strongest ally of the fighting miners and the left wing. The Communists were fought by Lewis, driven out of the mines. The capitalists raised cries against the Communists in the striking mine fields.

All these facts prove that the Workers (Communist) Party has no interests separate and apart from the workers, that its objective is to fight all capitalist oppression and exploitation. Today the capitalists own and control the mines, mills, factories, land, etc. The government is their government, representing their strike-breaking rule and bloody dictatorship against the workers. The Workers (Communist) Party is the Party of class struggle, of uncompromising revolutionary struggle for the overthrow of this vicious capitalist rule based upon exploitation and oppression. It stands for the rule of the workers, for a Workers' and Farmers' Government to take over the mines, the factories, the mills, the land, etc., in the interests of the workers and farmers. Every class conscious miner should join the Workers (Communist) Party, the fighting revolutionary Party of the workers.

A FRIEND OF ANDREW MELLON.

John L. Lewis, however, betrayed the miners and led them to defeat. He is a republican. He is a member of the party of Andrew Mellon, the most vicious opponent of the miners in the present strike. In spite of this fact, Lewis still urges the miners to support Mellon and the capitalist forces he represents, the same forces which have used the government to crush the miners.

The American Federation of Labor proposes the same policy of supporting capitalist politicians, republican and democrats, who will continue to use the government as a strikebreaker against the striking miners and workers fighting wage cuts, fighting for their unions and fighting for bread and butter for their wives and children.

The Communists stand for independent political action. The Communists want the workers to fight against the capitalists and their political parties. The capitalists and their parties are the enemies of the workers. The misleaders of labor who want to continue to sell out the workers, to the capitalist political parties, the Lewises, the Greens, the Wolls, etc., must be driven out of the labor movement and a mighty party of labor built up.

The defeat of the bituminous miners means a general offensive against the miners in all districts. The anthracite, Illinois and Indiana will be the next sections of the coal industry to be attacked. The Boylens, Cappelinis, Brennans, Fishwicks, etc., will not save the miners from the attack that will inevitably come and soon as a result of the bituminous betrayal and debacle. The miners must organize to resist this attack that will take place.

MUST FIGHT LEWIS BETRAYAL.

The April 1st conference was called to oust Lewis and save the Miners' Union. It called attention to the fact that Lewis and his policies were wrecking the United Mine Workers of America. The wrecking of the union has been completed. The miners must salvage as much of the wreckage as they can and leave nothing to John L. Lewis. The National Arrangements Committee has issued a call for a National Convention to miners to build a new miners' union. The National Convention will take place on September 9th in Pittsburgh. In all districts the fight against Lewis and for the miners' National Convention must be carried on vigorously. All local unions must fight the Lewis betrayal and elect large delegations to the September 9th convention. All miners who were driven and forced back to work by the Lewis treachery, throw yourselves into the fight against Lewis and for the building of a new fighting union of the miners.

The only way out of the present deplorable conditions confronting the miners is to build a new powerful miners' union, that will be able to fight the wage cuts, reestablish union conditions, and defend the miners. To build this union, the Lewis regime must be annihilated and relegated to the scrap-heap.

The unorganized fields must be organized!

The miners must be welded into a national union under militant class conscious leadership!

NO MONEY FOR THE LEWIS MACHINE.

Not one penny from the hard earned toil of the miners must go to the traitor, Lewis! Don't pay dues! Don't pay assessments!

Do not recognize the Lewis officials!

Abolish the check-off that gives the operators the opportunity to collect the money from the miners for Lewis so that with the miners' money he can continue to fight them and betray them!

Call district conferences and repudiate John L. Lewis, the traitor!

Long live the New Miners' Union!

Elect delegates to the Miners' Convention to be held September 9th, to organize the new union!

Affiliate your local unions now before the convention takes place!

Miners of all districts, Pennsylvania and Ohio, Illinois and Indiana, the Anthracite, Kansas, Colorado, West Virginia, Wyoming, the South and Pacific Coast, prepare for the future, prepare to win back the conditions you have lost, prepare to regain your strength! Demonstrate that the 30 years of sacrifice, of war with the coal operators to build your union and establish living conditions have not been in vain! Build your new union into a powerful militant mass organization! Use your political power for your class!

Shatter the citadels of the reactionaries who are crippling the trade union movement! Demonstrate anew that the fighting militant self-sacrificing spirit of the coal diggers is not dead!

On the ruins of the Lewis wreckage will rise then a more powerful, a more determined miners' union, controlled by the rank and file, responsive to its will and needs. Such a union will defeat the operators and blazen the way for the whole trade union movement towards class struggle for the overthrow of capitalism and the emancipation of the workers.

FIGHT FOR A NEW MINE UNION.

Miners, fight on! Lead the way! The textile workers, needle trades workers, steel workers, and others will follow to build a united trade union movement in the United States that will be invincible!

On the road to victory is the National Miners' Convention to build a new Miners' Union!

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY OF AMERICA.

WORKERS PARTY GETS ON BALLOT

Ticket Now Qualified in 11 States

Continued from Page One

played in order to roll up the tremendous number of signatures required to place a Party ticket on the ballot in New York.

Abraham Jakira, district organizer in Pittsburgh, assures the Nation Election Campaign Committee that he will come across with his quota of 3,000 signatures for Pennsylvania, and there is no doubt but H. Benjamin, organizer of District 5, will do likewise. There are thousands of miners in Pennsylvania anxious to register a protest against the capitalist parties of the coal barons and to show by voting for the Communist ticket on election day that they have learned through 15 months of a grueling strike that their only hope for the future is in organization under the banner of a revolutionary political party that has for its final aim the overthrow of the systems which breed unemployment, wage-cutting, union-smashing, strikebreakers, stool-pigeons, coal and iron policemen and state cossacks.

Big Ohio Vote.

One-half the necessary number of signatures required to place the Party ticket on the ballot in Ohio has been secured. As in Pennsylvania, the mining population of that state have learned to lok with hate on the capitalist parties that have lined up with the operators in persecuting them during the strike.

Petitions are in circulation in Illinois, and organizers are active in Indiana and Wisconsin. In Minneseta, the heart of the farmer-labor movement, the reactionaries in that party are hurling abuse at the Communists for putting a ticket in the field. When the Communists worked inside the farmer-labor party, they were accused as disrupters and trouble-makers. It is hard to please the labor fakers. The socialist party is about dead in Minnesota; only the Workers (Communist) Party is holding aloft the banner of the class struggle. The Party ticket will be on the ballot there.

The Middle West.

In the states of Oklahoma, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, Arizona and Wyoming Workers Party organizers are doing excellent work. Nebraska is almost over the top. B. H. Lauderdale of Texas, Party organizer in that state, is not only paying his own way from his collections and sale of literature, but he is sending money to the national office.

Sorenson is preparing to get the Party on the ballot in Oregon and Washington. He is certain that his efforts will be successful

Levine, district organizer in California, reports that a new law passed in 1927 provides the possibility for placing our electors on the ballot as independents with a minimum of 12,000 signatures. The work of collecting signatures cannot be commenced before September 2, and they must be filed by October 1.

Of the 3,500 signatures needed to qualify the Party ticket for a place on the ballot in Connecticut over 2,000 are already in. Arthur Starr, who reported success in South Dakota, will have the assistance of A. C. Miller, former Communist assemblyman in the North Dakota legislature, in placing the ticket on the ballot in that state.

Petitions in South.

In the states of Tennessee, Kentucky, Georgia and Florida Party organizers have been active for several weeks. Petitions are being circulated in Kentucky, and nominating conventions are being arranged in other states.

Though the state officials are likely to take advantage of every technicality to throw the Workers (Communist) Party ticket off the ballot, there is every reason to believe that at least 30 states will be in the Communist column by election day. As the organizers finish their work in states where the requirements are not so strict, they will be rushed to the states that are harder to crack.

Mine Leaders Who Are Directing the Plans for a New Union

From right to left are Pat Toohey, secretary and John J. Watt, chairman of the National Arrangements Committee for the new union. At the right is George Voyzey, leader of the Illinois miners.

Pittsburgh Labor to Honor Sacco-Vanzetti

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 14.—The International Labor Defense of Pittsburgh will hold a meeting in honor of the death of Sacco and Vanzetti. The meeting will be held on August 26th, Sunday, 2 p. m. daylight saving time, in the Cameraphone Theatre, 6202 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

The meeting will be addressed by Joseph Hagliacane in the Italian language, while Jack Stachel, the national organizational secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, will address the meeting in English.

Paterson Mill Owner Sentenced for Fraud

Sentence of a year and a day in Federal Penitentiary was imposed yesterday on Louis Taback, of Paterson, N. J., silk textile manufacturer, on a charge of conspiring to conceal assets in the bankruptcy of the Franklin Silk Mills.

About $20,000 worth of silk had been illegally concealed when the mills were petitioned into bankruptcy with debts amounting to $250,000, according to testimony.

PINTO TELLS OF PRISON TORTURE

Strike Leader Brutally Beaten in Cell

Continued from Page One

grabbed my right leg; another my left leg while the other two my right and left arms. They held me in the air and started to beat me. For about 10 minutes the blackjack continued to do its work. Most of the blows were aimed at my chest, evidently believing that if I was hit in the fleshly part of my body it would not be so noticeable and leave as many marks. However, they also hit me on the head, arms and legs. When I did not cry out, they became more angry and hit me all the harder.

"One of the men shouted: 'You see what kind of a s-- of a b---- he is, he won't say anything.' Shortly after, I was carried back to my cell."

The spirit and fighting determination displayed by Pinto is what makes it possible for the 30,000 strikers to continue their fight for 17 weeks against the mass terrorism of the mill owners and their flunkies in city hall and police headquarters.

The workers have the courage and the will to fight to victory. If they are fed they will continue on the picket lines until they win. All workers should rally to the support of the strikers and their families. Send contributions at once to the Workers' International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

Aviator Prepares for Trans-Atlantic Flight

PARIS, Aug. 14 (UP).—Dieudonne Costes, French world flier, hastened preparations today for his proposed non-stop flight across the Atlantic.

Believing that a change in the weather would permit a start soon, Costes flew his plane today from Villacoublay to Le Bourget Field, where the longer runway will permit a take-off with a full fuel load.

Mexican Priests Jailed for Counter-Revolution

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 14 (UP).—Fourteen persons, including a priest, have been arrested at Torreon charged with sedition, a dispatch to the newspaper Excelsior said today.

COMPANIES BAR NEW LEWIS MOVE

Reject Fagan Offer of Conference

Continued from Page One

reactionary president of District 5, is a final evidence of the utter bankruptcy of the corrupt Lewis machine. The contempt with which the scab coal operators met the proposal is the best indication of the necessity for building a new fighting union of the coal diggers.

Joining Progressives.

Numerous locals of the former U. M. W. A. and miners of unorganized coal fields are severing their relations with the collapsed Lewis machine and are rallying their forces for the new union. Applications for charters and dues cards are coming to the National Miners onvention Arrangements Committee, Pittsburgh.

"On to Pittsburgh, September 9; build an honest, militant union," is the appeal of Watt and Toohey.

At the same time an appeal for funds has been made for the purpose of enabling the mine delegates to come to Pittsburgh for the historic convention.

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To fight against the imperialist war on Nicaragua and the war preparations now being made by Wall Street for another bloody conflict, in which the American workers and exploited farmers will be sacrificed. Send in your contributions to the NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE, 43 East 125th St., New York. Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

Election Notice

Help us flood the country with pamphlets and leaflets carrying the message of the class struggle to all the workers and exploited farmers of the country in the biggest election campaign yet undertaken by the Workers (Communist) Party.

Every class-conscious worker is invited to co-operate in this task. Attach One Dollar to this coupon for 10 copies of the new 64 page Party Platform, and we will contribute a quantity of pamphlets and leaflets to be distributed by you FREE OF CHARGE.

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Ajax, Emmet, Federal Hosiery Mills Still on Strike, Worker Correspondent Reports

HANDOUTS

The senile socialist party could be expected to sympathize with the efforts of the corrupt American Federation of Labor breaucracy in "stamping out once and for all" the Communist influence in the trade unions, a thing which, theoretically it has already done several dozen times. Bill Green is as liable to stamp out the Communists as a blind man is to wipe out the Japanese beetle with an air rifle. The Milwaukee Leader editorially says:

"The American Federation of Labor executive council has our sympathy in its denunciation of the Communist pests who would disrupt the trade union movement and play into the hands of the employers."

In four paragraphs the editorial refers to the Communists as pests half a dozen times. This irritation on the part of Victor Berger is a mask for a well-known mental paralysis. But even so a pest is a higher form of existence that the fungus-like plant life represented by members of the socialist party.

* * *

The National Progressive Chiropractic Association in convention in Los Angeles is sponsoring a contest for the "perfect back." This can only be found in the U. S. S. R. Its the one that has managed to shake off the exploiters.

* * *

In From Hollywood

Leo Guammarino, who can easily be picked out above on the right, rode his horse in from the west coast in 110 days. The first thing he did was buy half a dollar's worth of bunion plaster and he's now ready to ride back. The coast to coast racket isn't what it once was and Leo wants to sell his trained donkey to help pay for the grub on the way home. The donkey is named Mountain because about the only way to move it is by a natural eruption.

* * *

Gems of Learning

Per Albin Hansson, leader of the Social Democratic Party of Sweden: —"We belong to the league of nations, on which we pin all our hopes. If it cannot protect the freedom of small nations who can?" If a wolf cannot protect the sheep they will just have to risk their lives.

* * *

Victor Berger:

"There is something incredible and non-understandable about some American labor leaders. They seem to have an inferiority complex or something. They get blow after blow and they bow their heads for the next blow.

They learned how by a study of socialist party tactics.

* * *

American Legion Officials in Chicago Tribune:

"The American Legion has issued another appeal to employers to give the men who served in the war an opportunity to fill any vacancies that exist. The legion has on file a list of men of good character and proved competence in the professions and trades. Through no fault of their own these men are now out of work. Many of them would have established themselves securely had they not been called to the colors.

This is the same legion that has always contended that the reason the unemployed are unemployed is because they are shiftless.

—M. C. H.

Imperialist British World Radio Planned

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14 (UP).—A British around-the-world wireless service was proposed by the British Imperial Wireless Committee recently in recommending installation of a super-power radio station at Canberra, Australia, United States Trade Commissioner E. C. Squires at Sidney advised the Commerce Department today.

The new station, with a radius of [illegible],000 miles, would complete a chain of British stations around the world.

WORKERS PICKET THO MISLEADERS REFUSE TO ACT

Officials Advocate Company Unions

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—The hosiery workers' strike here at the Ajax, Emmett, Federal Mills, is still on. The strikers picket the mill every day. The mill is filled with scabs.

The Ajax mills moved to Phoenixville and is an "independent" union. Picketing has not yet been altogether outlawed here and the labors misleaders don't feel particularly anxious to organize mass picketing. Picketing before the scabs' homes is not prohibited but the bureaucrats haven't even thought about it.

Mitten would never commend the writer, because he is a Communist, as he would the labor misleaders who preach cooperation with the bosses to the workers. Why, these misleaders went even to the extent of advocating the organization of a national hosiery manufacturers' association and other ways of betraying the workers. They commended the Mitten-Mahon-pact company unions which are interested in the problem of the destruction of the union.

This is done at a time when the workers are engaged in a bitter strike against the hosiery barons; fighting against wage-cuts, speed-up, and union conditions being smashed by the bosses.

The bosses very cooly send workers, who are paid miserably in the south, to the north where the strike is taking place in order to replace the strikers. They do this without fear because they know that the misleaders will not say a word about it, that they will never put a real fight against them. They do this, of course, to break the union and build up their own class collaboration company "union."

The bosses feel very conscious of the fact that they must break the workers' union if they intend to put over a wage-cut and to continue the speed-up. The misleaders also know this but do nothing about building the union because they are afraid of losing the patronage of the bosses. So they give the workers "co-operation with the bosses" bunk and kill a strike by not advocating mass picketing and, in general, a militant strike.

Fearing any growth of or sympathy to the strikers after the 100 per cent walkout on the Ajax Mills, the bosses moved the company to Phoenixville. They thought they would kill the strike by moving, but they didn't count on the great militancy of the rank and file; they thought it was enough to have the labor fakers on their side.

The present Worker Correspondent was threatened with being beaten up by the Mitten scabs because he wanted information of the strike in order to have it published in the only true labor paper in the country in the English language, The Daily Worker. But the rank and file saw that the Correspondent was actually one of their own, a worker like them, militant against the bosses, and so they gave him news of the strike which he has here put in writing.

—W. C. P.

HUSH RECORD OF NOBILE RESCUE

Hays' Movies Do Not Report Deed

(By a Worker Correspondent)

I attended one of the Loew's theatres in this city. The rescue of General Umberto Nobile, fascist adventurer and loud mouth, was shown in the Metro-Goldwyn and Mayer News by the Norwegian flyers.

Not one word was mentioned about the "Krassin," neither was there anything shown about her.

I was not at all disappointed for the failure to give credit to the Soviet rescuers. What else can be expected from an industry which has William Hays, member of the Ohio gang, at its head?

Hays and the rest of these gentlemen are badly mistaken when they ignore the brave deeds of the Soviet rescuers. The action of the "Krassin" speaks for itself.

No applause was given when Nobile's picture was shown on the screen. Some hissed and still others booed. The bluffs of the blackshirts "busted" this time.

"You can't hide the truth" for "it swims up like oil on water" as the old Italian proverb goes.

The Soviets will have a good laugh at the fascists this time. All the workers should laugh with them.

CASSELL.

INJURES HEAD AT WORK.

CLINTON, Tex., Aug. 14.—John Nelson, 50 years of age, was seriously hurt while at work on the Southern Pacific docks here. His head struck the concrete docks. He sustained a fractured skull, it is believed.

Where Wall Street Broadcast to Millions

Speakers Platform

The huge Stanford Stadium above, at Palo Alto, California, was chosen by Herbert Hoover, republican presidential nominee as the scene for his notification speech. Here in accepting the presidential nomination, Wall Street's other candidate broadcast Wall Street's message thru a national radio hook-up that brought his words to all corners of the country.

'SOCIALISTS' DECLARE REVOLUTION IS OVER

BRUSSELS, Belgium, Aug. 14.—The afternoon session of the congress of the second international opened here yesterday with De-Brouckere, of Belgium, reporting for the commission on political prisoners. The speaker demanded the abolition of the death penalty. He compared fascist Italy with the Soviet Union. He also mentioned the persecuted populations in the Balkans, Hungary, China, Spain, Lithuania, the United States, etc. He concluded that the "socialists" can only offer the persecuted moral support at this time. A resolution for the abolition of the death penalty was unanimously adopted, as was also the report to the commission.

No Peace Possible.

Albarda, of Holland, then made a report to the commission on militarism and disarmament. He declared that as long as capitalism exists there is no permanent peace possible, but the proletariat must do everything in order to force the powers to accept international arbitration. A new war can only bring new chaos and not the revoutlion, he said. Only through peace can "socialism" be achieved.

Dalton, of Great Britain, then delivered a few general phrases. He said that the British delegation supported the resolution.

Brockway, a member of the Independent Labor Party, demanded the organization of an international resistance against war.

Renaudel, of France, approved the resolution. Crispien, of Germany, declared that the "socialists" are only in favor of force as a means of defense.

The resolution was then unanimously adopted with the following final formulation: "It is the duty of all 'socialist' parties to exercise the strongest pressure, even in revolutionary form, upon the government which refuses international arbitration and declare swar."

The final session of the congress opened under the chairmanship of Vandervelde, of Belgium, and Lansbury, of Great Britain. A manifesto was adopted on the first point of the agenda, only one vote of the Independent Labor Party dissenting.

"Revolutionary Process Ended."

Bauer, of Austria, then declared that the revolutionary process ended with the stabilization of capitalism. The Bolshevists alone hope for war. The program of the Communist Internal increases disruption. A polemic is necessary against the Bolshevists in order to convince the Communist workers that disruption is a crime. The manifesto is an appeal for unity.

Auriol, of France, then approved the manifesto.

Lansbury, of the British Labor Party, and Dollan, of the Independent Labor Party, then polemized against the tactics of the second international toward the Soviet Union.

Panken, of the United States, stressed the great unemployment in America.

Henderson, of Great Britain, thanked the Belgian "socialists." Vandervelde replied. The congress then closed.

GUARD PAINTS BIG PRISON AS A REAL UTOPIA

But Walls Hold Class Fighter 10 Years

(By a Worker Correspondent)

WHEELING, W. Va., (By Mail).—Those who wish to be enlightened on the joys of prison life have but to invest a quarter at the Moundsville Penitentiary and listen attentatively to the fatherly talks of the escorting guards. Workers remember Moundsville Penitentiary as the place where Eugene Debs was first brought after his sentence and from local reports I gather that the militant miners of this section made such a protest against his arrest that it became necessary to remove Debs to the peaceful South.

The writer and Carl Hacker, Ohio Secretary of the International Labor Defense visited the prison when they learned that Alex Chessman, a miner, was still behind the bars due to his activities in the 1925 coal strike. Chessman was framed-up on a bombing charge and sentenced to 10 years. He was the most progressive and active in his local union and jailing him was one way to silence him and put an end to his activities. His story of how he tried and how the lawyers handling his case have squeezed his earnings from him show clearly the justice the workers get from the capitalist courts. Chessman reports that all his friends have forgotten him except one. This friend being the International Labor Defense, from which he hears regularly and which gives him aid. Chessman has been crippled, having lost an eye and part of his left arm in a mine explosion. He said he was glad to hear of the militant fight of the miners in the present struggle and asked us to say that he wished he could help. Fellow workers should send encouraging letters to such a militant workers as Chessman who has spent many years behind prison bars for his activities on behalf of the working class.

But more about the joys of prison life. Going thru with a group of college students and passing for such there was an opportunity to ask a few questions of the prisoners. All of the prisoners complained of the food. Although the guard praised the kitchen as clean and the food as "the kind that mother makes" we found cockroaches, flies and cobwebs decorating the kitchen and the soup kettles. The guard assured the college students that there was no such thing as the third degree or dungeons in West Virginia. We could not help smiling for we knew better!

Religious service attendance and Sunday school attendence is required of all except the warden and a few officers. They already have the keys to heaven. During the services the prisoners are lectured to "by long haired preachers" who tell how to be good members of society when they get out. The guard assured us that the white boys would not be corrupted while in prison because we are going to keep them separated from the Negroes. Discrimination even in prison! Three Protestant services to one Catholic service is the religious mixture served the prisoners.

The guard explained of the opportunities the prisoners get for an education. On the outside he stated many were too poor and others did not have time to get any education. He spoke the truth for the first time. Immense library. Good reading of course. And all censored too, of course. Do they play baseball? I should say so. Movies? You can bet all the tea in China. Everything that they want they can get. A Utopia found at last! This is the impression the guard gives the college boys. But the lean looks on the boys inside show that its not quite so rosy as it is painted to be. Although the guard tells us that the past is forgotten when the gate closes on a prisoner, yet the boys have a different story.

The guard explained that at present the place was overcrowded. Holding about twice as many as it originally meant to accomodate. But he assures us that a bill would be passed soon and everything will be O. K. in a few years. From this one is led to believe that a prison is the only place where a worker can get an education and good food. Indeed a Utopia found at last but sorry to say that high wall keeps it from our reach.

—F. H.

Knopf and Farnsworth Plan Five Productions This Season

EDWIN H. KNOPF and William P. Farnsworth, whose production of "The Big Pond," by George Middleton and A. E. Thomas, comes to the Bijou Theatre, August, 21, with a cast headed by Kenneth MacKenna, Doris Rankin and Reed Brown, Jr., have formed the firm, Knopf and Farnsworth Productions, and will offer a number of plays this season. Following the premiere of "The Big Pond," they will commence work on a new play by George Middleton, tentatively called "In Memoriam."

Other productions definitely scheduled for this season are "Friday Afternoon," by Mr. Knopf; "The Corespondent," by Andre Picard, author of "Kiki," and a costume play called "Heliogabalus," by Marcel Duvernois, a French journalist. The title of the latter play will be changed, as Henry L. Mencken and George Jean Nathan are the authors of one with the same name. There is also a possibility that the firm will produce a revue called "The First Revue," for which Mr. Knopf has written the dialogue and lyrics.

* * *

Elmira Lane, who played in "The Desert Song" and the lead in "Sunny" on the coast, has been made the understudy to Evelyn Herbert in "The New Moon."

* * *

Barbara Brown will play the leading feminine role in the forthcoming production of "Relations" that opens as the Masque Theatre, August 20.

* * *

EVELYN HERBERT

Who will be the prima-donna in the new Schwab and Mandell operetta, "The New Moon," due here next month.

Clark Silvernail, who returns from Europe this week, will rejoin "The Silent House" at the Shubert Theatre. Harold de Becker, now playing the Chinese role of Ho-Fang, joins the special company, now being organized.

* * *

A musical comedy, tentatively titled "Business is Business," book by Madelaine Monroe Hansen and William Lennox and lyrics by William Lennox, has been bought for immediate production by Frank L. Teller, producer of "Lady Do." Mr. Teller's plans also include a comedy, titled "All Right," with Maude Fealey as the featured player, which will open at the Cort Theatre, Chicago, on September 2.

HOSIERY FIRM BOSS GUARDED IN SOCIALIST TOWN

Armed Strikebreakers In Reading

(By a Worker Correspondent)

READING, Pa., Aug. 13.—The uninitiated should come to "socialist" Reading to learn how the bosses may secure real protection in a strike. Gunmen, armed strikebreakers, professional finks and stoolpigeons, deputy sheriffs used by the employers—these are advantages in our "advanced" city quite as they are in the company owned mine towns.

When the Noe-Equl (Princess Royal) Hosiery Company decided to use direct methods to defeat its workers, now on strike, it apparently was not at all concerned that we have a "workers' government" here.

No Fear of Socialists.

Mr. Cummings, one of the owners, did not seem to fear that the workers' police force would be called out against him. Just the opposite, he was able to get some of the deputy sheriffs to do his dirty work.

And so we find that the company has mobilized a young army of armed thugs, "guards" carrying loaded shotguns promenading the roof and premises of the company plant. In addition, the company imported a certain Howard Walker, one of the most notorious professional strikebreakers in the industry, to help along and take charge of the good work. Walker had the indiscretion to get drunk and run into a "socialist" policeman, otherwise he would still be at large making a record in this "socialist" city.

Harsh Words!

The "Reading Labor Advocate," the organ of the socialist bureaucrats, complains of the danger to the "community." The gang of strikebreakers, it says, "is a serious menace to the peace and security of the law-abiding citizens of this community." The bosses, the paper further charges, are not helping to improve "the moral tone" of the community by importing "such as Walker and his like into Reading."

MACHINIST UNION GROWS.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., Aug. 14.—The newly organized Machinists' Union here is progressing rapidly, it is reported. From three to six new members are admitted each week. It is estimated that the town is 85 per cent organized.

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National Election Campaign Committee
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Worker Beaten to Death in Kings County Hospital, Is Charge Made by Patients

BRUTALITIES ARE FREQUENT AT CITY RUN INSTITUTIONS

Patients Disappear; Interne Threatens Girl

Charges that an old man was beaten to death at the Kings County Hospital in Brooklyn on July 28, were yesterday repeated by two former patients at the hospital. The victim of the beating was Joseph A. Brown, 59, of 4555 48th St., Woodside, Queens. Charges of brutality towards patients in Kings County and other city hospitals have been repeatedly made by patients, since the beating up of two Jewish interns at the hospital by Gentile internes in May, 1927.

The patients who made affidavits as to how Brown died, are Michael Hagerty, and Howard Van Allen, a Negro truck driver, who were in the same ward as Brown when they charge Brown was slugged by an attendant. Further charges by patients at the hospital include a statement that an interne made improper advances toward a woman amnesia victim, and that two women patients in a delerious condition, walked out of the hospital last week, clad in nightgowns. The patients have not been seen since, and the hospital authorities have made no efforts to trace them, it is said.

Kings County Hospital is the Brooklyn counterpart of Bellevue, to which workers, unable to pay the exorbitant fees demanded by private doctors and hospitals, are forced to seek admission. An investigation early this year revealed that the patients were brutally handled; that the food served was of the vilest sort; that patients were neglected; and that race discrimination was rife. The superintendent, Dr. Mortimer Jones, was suspended, but later reinstated by Mayor Walker. The hospital is a firetrap, in which frequent blazes have broken out, endangering thousands of patients. An "inquiry" has been ordered by Mayor Walker, but a white-wash, as in the past, is expected to result.

MINERS KILLED IN SLATE FALL

Two Die, One Fatally Injured

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., Aug. 14.—Two miners were instantly killed and another was so severely injured that he is not expected to live when a heavy fall of slate trapped a crew of workers in the Isabella mine of the open shop Hillman Coal and Coke Company late last night.

Andy Bubsah, 20 year old coal digger, and Paul Linn, both employed as loaders were instantly killed. Mike Megalese, 50, a cutter received a fractured skull and a crushed breast bone, and will probably die.

Safety rules have been completely neglected by the scab coal operators. Precautions against accident are no longer taken since the open-shop miners have no method of enforcing their rights.

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Poor Farmers Lose Heavily As Flood Sweeps Over Florida

The losses of the poor farmers have been disastrous as a result of the floods which are drowning vast sections of Florida at present. Lake Ochekobee has overflowed its banks and the vast body of water has spread over the bottom lands. The picture shows a section of the Dixie Highway under water.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Note For Literature Agents.

The National Party platform is out. All section literature agents are urged to procure bundles of them at the Workers Book Shop, 26-28 Union Square. Additional copies of the "Communist" for July are also available.

* * *

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday afternoon, August 18, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

* * *

Unit 5F, 3D Meeting.

Unit 5F, 3D of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet today at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members have been requested to attend.

* * *

Organizers of Women's Work.

All women organizers of Women's work of the Workers (Communist) Party are asked to call for the bulletin, "Working Women" which is now ready at the office of the United Council of Working Class Women, 799 Broadway, Room 533.

* * *

Unit 3E, 2F Meeting.

Unit 3E 2F will meet today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Important matters will be taken up, and all members should attend.

* * *

Party Functionaries.

All Party functionaries, including unit, section and subsection organizers, agitprop directors, industrial organizers, literature agents, etc., bureau heads, editors, are to meet at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, on Friday evening, August 17, at 8:15 to take up plans for the Red Week arranged for August 20 to 26. Conflicting meetings should be called off.

* * *

6F 2B.

Unit 6F 2B will meet today at 101 W. 27th St. Industrial and camp work will be taken up.

Branch 6, Bronx.

Branch 6 of the Workers (Communist) Party appeals to all comrades to call for lists to gather signatures for the "Put the Party on the Ballot" petition. The campaign office at 2700 Bronx Park E. is open daily between 6-9 p. m., except Saturday and Sunday, when it is open all day. Branch 6 appeals to all members and sympathizers to reserve Saturday, Sept. 8, when it will give an affair in the playground of the Home of the United Workers' Cooperative.

* * *

Section 1 Notice.

The collection of signatures in Section 1 is in full swing. Many of the members have already gone out and brought in signatures. But we cannot throw the entire work on the shoulders of the few. Every member, as a Communist, should put his shoulder to the wheel and do his share.

The section is trying not to resort to disciplinary measures, but will be compelled to do so if all members do not fall in line with the most important work of the Workers (Communist) Party at present.

A representative of the Election Campaign Committee is in the headquarters every night from 6 p. m. till 1 p. m. A thorough check-up will be made in the units, and disciplinary measures will be taken against those who fail to produce their quota in signatures.

Special Functionaries Meet.

There will be a special functionaries meeting on Friday, at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. All section, subsection and unit functionaries must be present. Important developments in the election campaign will be discussed.

* * *

Section 2 Agitprop.

A conference of all agitprop directors and literature agents in Section 2 will be held Monday at 8 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Important questions will be discussed.

* * *

Party Members Notice.

Members of the Workers (Communist) Party are asked to report to Party headquarters at 6 p. m. tomorrow for important Party work. (Signed) John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

* * *

Unit B, Section 4.

Unit B, Section 4, of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet from now on every Wednesday evening at 350 East 81st St. The next meeting will be held tonight at that address. All members should attend.

* * *

Night Workers' Meeting.

There will be a meeting of night workers today at 2:30 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square. The Party platform will be discussed.

* * *

Perth Amboy Open Air Meet.

An open air meeting has been arranged for Perth Amboy for Saturday, at 8 p. m. Louis A. Baum, secretary of the Photographic Workers' Union, will be the principal speaker.

* * *

Subsection 6F, Section 3D.

Subsection 6F, Subsection 3D will hold an educational meeting today at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Members should come on time and bring their membership books.

* * *

Branch 6, Section 5.

An important meeting of Branch 6, Section 5, of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tonight at 2700 Bronx Park East. A representative of the district will be present, and all members are urged not to fail to attend.

Inter-Racial Camaraderie.

An Inter-Racial Dance and Camaraderie, to be known as a Hammer and Sickle Party, will be given tomorrow evening under the joint auspices of Section 4, Unit A, and the Young Workers (Communist) League of Harlem at 126 West 131st St.

All workers, particularly the workers of Harlem, are invited to attend.

* * *

Unit FD1, Subsection 2C.

Unit FD1, Subsection 2C will hold an important meeting tonight at 6:30 p. m. at the Freiheit office 30 Union Square. Almazov will speak on "The War Danger."

* * *

Unit 4F, Section 1.

Unit 4F, Section 1 will meet today at 6 p. m. at 60 St. Mark's Pl. Matters of vital importance will be discussed at the meeting, and every member must be present.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

* * *

Newark Textile Relief.

A mass meeting will be held under the auspices of W. I. R. Textile Relief, Thursday, Aug. 16 at 93 Mercer St., Newark. Strikers from New Bedford, Fred Biedenkapp and Harriet Silverman will speak.

* * *

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A special membership meeting of the Young Workers' Social Culture Club will be held tomorrow evening at 118 Bristol St., near Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn. Many reports will be given. All members have been asked to attend.

* * *

Rumanian Workers' Educational Club.

A meeting of the Rumanian Workers' Educational Club will be held tonight at 101 West 27th St. at 8 p. m. All members and friends are invited to attend.

AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS
Bakers' Local 164
Meets 1st Saturday in the month at 3468 Third Ave. Bronx, N. Y.
Ask for Union Label Bread

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THE AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS
133 W. 51st St., Phone Circle 7336
Business Meeting Held On the First Monday of the Month
One Industry—One Union. Join and Fight the Common Enemy
Office Open from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

ARBEITER BUND, Manhattan & Bronx; German Workers' Club.
Meets every 4th Thursday in the month at Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. New members accepted at regular meetings. German and English library. Sunday lectures. Social entertainments. All German speaking workers are welcome.

BUTCHERS' UNION
Local 174, A.M.C. & B.W. of N.A.
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Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St., Room 12
Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M.
Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.

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CITY OPEN AIR MEETINGS CALLED

War Danger, China To Be Discussed

Meetings for the relief of the Chinese trade unions will be held in New York this week thruout New York City, under the auspices of district 2, Workers (Communist) Party speakers are urged to obtain be discussed at the meetings. All Party speaers are urged to obtain bulletins on these subjects from the Agitprop Department, 26 Union Square. The bulletins on the subjects are, The Party Platforms and What I Saw In China, by Tom Mann.

Today.

2nd Ave. and 10th St., N. Y. C.—Milgrom, Powers, D. Kindred, Frishkoff, Gilber, G. Holtz (Pioneer)

Union Square—Ross, Houiswood, Shapiro, Blake, Harfield.

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx—LeRoy, L. Margolis, I. Cohen, S. Liebowitz, T. Rosen (Pioneer).

Myrtle and Prince—Rosemond, Padmore, Smith, M. Weich, M. Stone (Pioneer).

Passaic, N. J.—Staliar, Marshall.

Eagle Pencil Co.—Garlin, Sherman.

7th Ave. and 137th St., New York City—Williams, Moore, Baum, G. Campbell, O. Passikoff (Pioneer).

Tomorrow.

Van Sicklen and Sutter—Jul. Codkind, J. Cohen, Rob't Macklin, V. Smith, Anna Block, Donaldson.

138th St. and St. Annes Ave. Bronx—W. Margolis, Jacobson, Taft, G. Abraham (Pioneer).

40th St. and 8 Ave. N. Y. C.—J. Cohen, Miller.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Primoff, Padgug, Ed Welsh, R. Gozigian, A. Krivis (Pioneer).

25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Weitz, Yusem, Eva Shafran, Castrell, Ben Eisenberg (Pioneer)

Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria, L. I.—Heder, Minor, Schachtman, Shapiro, Burke, Michaels (Pioneer).

Friday.

National Biscuit Co. — Ross, Frankfeld.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., B'klyn—Lefkowitz, Taft, Maglicano, J. Cohen, G. Welsh, Lillienstein, Finkelstein (Pioneer).

5th Ave. and 110 St.—Lyons, Gill, Green, A. Peer, Lloyed, B. Brantz (Pioneer).

7th St. and Avenue A, N. Y. C.—Wright, Schalk, S. Shatzkramer, (Pioneer).

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Nessin, Milton, Zaslavsky.

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WE ALL MEET
at the
NEW WAY CAFETERIA
101 WEST 27th STREET
NEW YORK

MAYOR NOTIFIED; BUT NOT IN TO MILL DELEGATES

But Must Face Them Tomorrow

Continued from Page One

was led by Eulalia Mendez, union secretary; Eli Keller and Fred E. Beale, organizers. In order not to give the mayor the excuse for crying foreigners, the committee consisted mainly of citizen strikers. The mayor has been issuing long statements explaining that the followers of the T. M. C. are mainly "aliens" and that citizens are not sympathetic to the T. M. C.

Flora Martin, picketing a mill gate at the north end of the city last night, was arrested in the daily police attacks on picket lines. The new charge employed by the police and courts against the strikers was brought against her. This charge is "loitering." Union spokesmen yesterday reiterated their stand that no illegal prohibitions by the bosses' agents would prevent the strikers from availing themselves of the right to picket.

A special committee was yesterday elected by the members of the Textile Workers Union of the T. M. C. to plan a big reception for William T. Murdoch on the occasion of his release from prison. Murdoch, leader of the big strike since its first day, was sentenced to a three months jail term for activity on the picket lines. He will be freed next Monday after completion of the term. A huge and imposing welcome program and demonstration is being planned, it was ascertained.

HOUSTON, Aug. 14.—Bill Ryden, young iron worker, fell two stories from the 30th to the 28th floor from his perch while at work on the Jones Building at Main Street and Rusk Avenue.

YANKS AND ATHLETICS BOTH FALTER IN RACE

(By United Press)

The New York Yankees and Philadelphia Athletics both slipped a cog in the American League race. Grady Adkins hurled the Chicago White Sox to a 5 to 2 victory over the world champions. Babe Ruth's 44th home run of the season was one of the two runs made off Adkins's delivery. Ruth is now 19 days ahead of his 1927 record.

The Athletics ran afoul the puzzling slants of Elam Van Gilder, losing to the Detroit Tigers, 4 to 1. Bishop's single in the seventh drove in Miller with the lone Philadelphia tally.

* * *

There was no change in the torrid National League penant race Thursday, both the St. Louis Cardinals and New York Giants winning. The Giants beat the Chicago Cubs, 10 to 2. The Cardinals beat the Boston Braves, 6 to 1.

Larry Benton pitched his 22nd complete game of the season against the Cubs, winning his 19th victory. The Giants hammered five Chicago pitchers for 15 hits. Lefty O'Doul starred at bat for the Giants, driving in three runs.

Grover Cleveland Alexander won his 13th game of the season, holding the Braves to seven hits.

* * *

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

New York 10, Chicago 2
St. Louis 6, Boston 1
Pittsburgh 4, Brooklyn 2
Philadelphia 6, Cincinnati 4

American League.

Chicago 5, New York 2
Detroit 4, Philadelphia 1
Washington 3, St. Louis 0
Cleeland 2, Boston 1

COOK BREAKS SWIMMING RECORD OF 13 YEARS

OCEAN CITY, N. J., Aug. 14 (UP).—August Zerva, 32 year old cook, of Atlantic City, today is hailed as a great distance swimmer after battling cold water, choppy waves and seaweed in a successful swim from Atlantic City to this resort last night.

The distance of more than 15 miles was covered in five hours and six minutes by the burly chef, bettering the record established by Charles Durburrow of five and one-half hours made in 1915.

AGE BEATS YOUTH IN IN TENNIS MATCH

WESCHESTER BILTMORE COUNTRY CLUB, Rye, N. Y. Aug. 14 (UP).—Mrs. May Sutton Bundy, Santa Monica, Cal., defeated Miss Clara Greenspan, New York 6-1, 6-2, in the third round of the Womens Eastern Tennis Championship here today.

Mrs. Bundy was a National Champion in 1905, five years before Miss Greenspan was born. Today at 19 years of age, Miss Greenspan holds the New York and New Jersey State Championships and the Eastern Clay Courts title.

somAA ywoz-

GENERAL ARAB REVOLT LOOMS

Heat Detains British Invaders

CAIRO, Egypt, Aug. 14.—A general uprising of Arab tribes against the diplomatic intrigues and oppressions of the British and French in the Near East is forecast by the sudden uprising of Wahabi tribesmen, according to advices received here from the interior of Arabia and Transjordania.

Native leaders, traveling from encampment to encampment, are reported to be stirring the Arabs to a general revolt against the British and French, while a general wave of anti-European hostility is reported from many points in the Near East.

Only the intense heat is keeping the British land, air, and tank forces from undertaking a so-called punitive expedition beyond the Irak frontier. The British forces, which numbered several thousand originally with strong plane and tank support, have been doubled, according to the latest dispatches from Jeddah.

Native leaders assert that the British are seeking to gain control of a free pipeline route from their Mosul petroleum wells to the Persian gulf and that Feisal, king of Irak, is merely the instrument which they are using against Iban Saud, Sultan of Nejd, whose hostility blocks their plans.

SURPLUS HITS WORKERS.

Over-production has thrown workers of one hundred Southern cotton mills out of work.

WORKERS SCHOOL IN OHIO RAIDED AND 7 ARE HELD

Ashtabula Police Seize Instructors

ASHTABULA, O., Aug. 14.—The arrest of seven worker-students has resulted from the unexpected raid by the chief of police and two of his officers which interrupted the session of a class in the Young Workers School here. Two of the instructors at the school were closely examined by the police.

Questions like, "Are you financed by the I. W. W. or do you get your money from Moscow?" were asked of the instructors. The instructors failing to satisfy the police with their replies, the students were marched to the local police station. All the books at the school, and the wall-newspaper issued by the students were confiscated by the police.

After being held for two hours the workers were finally released, although not freed. Court action will be taken against them by the police, according to all indications. The International Labor Defense took immediate steps to aid the arrested students.

LONDON BOMBED IN TRIAL RAID

LONDON, Aug. 14.—War in peace time was featured here last night with a raid of seventy bombing planes which dropped sufficient quantities of high explosives to wipe out large sections of this city. The raid which is part of the annual military maneuvers was staged to demonstrate the effectiveness of London's anti-aircraft guns in repelling an air invasion, and to impress the nation with the need of greater armament.

FORCED FROM POLITICS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The U. S. Civil Service Commission threatens the job of every federal employe who would engage in politics.

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Pleasant Bay Park
Admission, 35c
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Tickets on Sale at Daily Worker 26-28 Union Sq. New York City.
DIRECTIONS—E. 180th St. Subway to 177th St. then take Unionport car to end of line—Free buses to park.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

Daily Worker

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Editor ....ROBERT MINOR

Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭	☒	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

The Universal Handcuff For Strike Leaders

The judicial tools of the Massachusetts textile kings have added within the past few days a new and drastic means of breaking strikes and suppressing the labor movement.

Peter Hegelias, strike leader, was tried before Hanify, the Fall River judge, and of course the strike leader was convicted simply because the mill owners who rule the city and who own the judge wanted him convicted. Hegelias appealed, and gave bail pending the appeal.

But that bail for appeal was not enough.

Here comes the new device—a device intended to handcuff Hegelias and any other union organizer to whom it may be applied to prevent their activity on behalf of the striking workers.

The new device is called a "surety bond." What does it mean? The organizer was compelled to put up a bond of $1,000 for "surety"—entirely aside from the regular bail for appeal. What happens next? Simply this:

If the man under the $1,000 "surety bond" **does anything of any sort whatever that the mill owners don't like**, the police arrest him and the $1,000 is forfeited automatically!

Here is the universal handcuff for labor organizers!

With this practice in operation in any strike the entire list of leaders can be rounded up and put under "surety bond," after which every one, on any pretext whatever, can be re-arrested and caused to forfeit the big sum of money. The theory is, of course, that workers cannot afford to put up—and lose—a large sum of money every few days for each and every one of their active people in the strike. And of course the surety companies will not supply "surety bonds" that are sure to be forfeited.

This diabolical device is a new addition to the laws and practices of courts intended to stop the organization of workers, to prevent speaking by workers with grievances, either in strikes or otherwise, and generally to obliterate all activity of our class in protection against employers or for initiative in improvement of their conditions.

It is understood that whenever any petty capitalist judge may receive from his masters instructions to do so, he can put all active workers under such a bond and keep them under bond as long as the employers may desire.

As far as we know it is the first time this particular device has been applied in just this way. It will probably become a highly valuable addition to the injunction as a means of enslaving the workers.

The textile workers of Fall River and New Bedford owe it to the working class as a whole to fight to the finish this beastly invention of the bosses' little judge.

But the working class as a whole owes it to the textile workers to come immediately to their rescue. This is a flaring light to show the workers that the textile workers' fight is the fight of our entire class—against the entire capitalist class.

It is the universal handcuff that may be snapped upon the hands that are building the labor movement anywhere.

Not nearly enough support is being given to the textile workers of New Bedford and Fall River. They are fighting heroically enough to inspire other workers far and wide. The struggle is leading directly toward the formation of a great new Textile Workers' Union on a national scale which promises to be one of the most splendid organizations in the American labor movement.

To win their fight they need relief funds for their families as well as defense funds against such measures as this.

Help them, fellow workers!

The Communists and the Negro

By H. WILLIAMS.

Some pessimists believe that because the Negroes of America represent a minority group our lot is hopeless.

That is not so. These defeatists must learn to understand the social forces which are at work in shaping the destiny of the human race.

Historically speaking Negroes represent the most potential revolutionary element of the American population, because of their status in capitalist society. They are not alone; they are part and parcel of the working class and oppressed social groups, all of whom are in a state of revolt against their common enemy, capitalist-imperialism.

Communists for Negro Cause.

One of the first demonstrations of devotion and loyalty to the Negro race in America was recently expressed by the Communist Party at its national presidential convention.

The program of the party dealing with the Negro problems stands out as a historic document. No other party except a truly revolutionary one could dare adopt such a program.

The republicans, democrats and socialists are traitors, oppressors and enemies of the Negro race. The Communists alone are worthy of consideration and support.

Our condition under the present social order can only be changed through militant struggle by the broad masses. We might as well realize this, for just as freedom from the system of chattel slavery was achieved thru a revolutionary struggle the Civil War, an armed conflict between the capitalists of the North and the landlords of the South, in like manner freedom from wage slavery will be achieved only under conditions in which the ruling class will precipitate another armed conflict, this time between the workers, farmers and Negroes against the capitalists and their lackeys.

We must therefore prepare ourselves for this inevitable clash by joining the ranks of the Workers Communist Party so as to steel ourselves for the historic role we will be called upon to perform.

Bosses Fear Only Reds.

The Communist Party is the only section of the labor movement that is feared by the bosses.

The exploiters are continually preaching about the "red" so as to poison the minds of the colored workers. But we cannot be so easily deceived by these "gentlemen" who used us in the last imperialist war to increase their profits and to enslave the colonial peoples including black Haiti and Liberia.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

P. S. DuPont, chairman of the board of directors of General Motors, is so anxious to help Al Smith win the election that he is expected to resign his position in that organization. Big Business is certainly getting into politics. Wall Street has been given a coat of whitewash in recent years and is now openly taking its position at the political helm. The masses are learning a thing or two about the world they live in and realize that it makes no difference whether Morgan is president or whether his servants, Coolidge, Smith or Hoover, occupy the White House.

* * *

* * *

District campaign managers and district organizers are so busy securing signatures to place the party ticket on the ballot that they have [illegible] much time to send in reports on their activities to the publicity department of the National Election Campaign Committee. Nevertheless this is of the utmost importance. The comrades throughout the Party are anxious to know how things are going all over the country. Since telepathy is yet at a very low stage of development and we cannot afford a set of television glasses we urge the D. O.'s and campaign managers to take a remedy for writer's cramps and shoot in some news.

* * *

Collecting signatures is great fun and not so dangerous. It is by no means as hazardous a venture as going to Coney Island on a hot Sunday. A comrade just came in with the following experience: She approached a man who was sitting on his doorsteps, for a signature, after the preliminary introduction. He replied that he was a business man and was against the workers. "Perhaps this is John J. Raskob or Henry Ford in disguise," mused the signature seeker. So she inquired what his business was or which of the great trusts he was head of. He was boss on the B.-M. T. subway—a common, ordinary foreman. "I am against the workers," he reiterated. "I have men working under me." Manufacture your own brimstone after reading this.

* * *

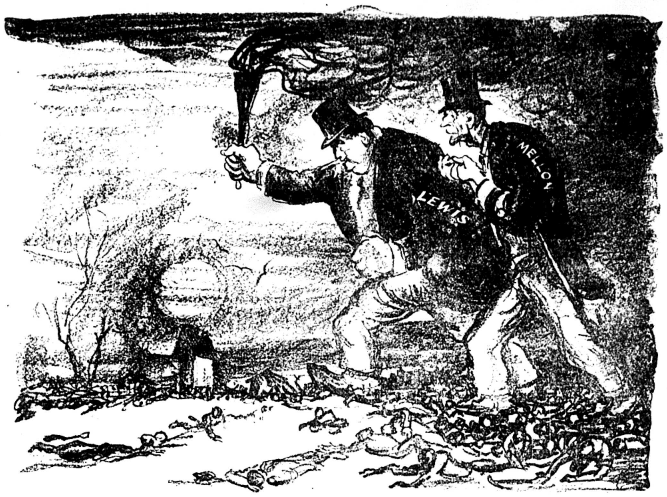
All sections of the Workers (Communist) Party must at once take steps for the organization of Tag Days to be held August 18 to 26. All news concerning the arrangements for Tag Days should be sent at once to the National Office to be used for publicity purposes.

* * *

The campaign treasury has its mouth open these days as wide as a United States senator on the fourth of July. It snaps its jaws on every contribution that falls into its maw and opens up for more. Our treasury does not seem to be suffering from an inferiority complex because of the millions that are pouring into the republican and democratic treasuries. It is a Communist treasury and will be quite satisfied when $100,000 has passed through its teeth. Forward your contribution at once to National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th St., Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

"HERE, ANDY, IS THE UNITED MINE WORKERS."

By Fred Ellis



Fascists Fighting U. S. Workers

Workers Party Must Continue the Struggle Against These Enemies of Labor

By W. J. WHITE

ALL over the world we see the growing intensity of the class struggle, as always, as the birth pangs grow more acute, and the old comes more and more in conflict with the new, we see the old being forced to resort more and more to force to try and hold their grip on that which keeps them the dominating class in society, property. With the new problems confronting them they are forced to come out more and more into the open and fight for their right to hold on to their possessions. More and more they are forced to show that their prating about liberty, equality, right of free speech and the right of public meetings and of free press is the sheerest hypocrisy. Forced out of this entrenched position and having to come out into the open they are showing to the workers the mailed fist in the velvet glove in such a manner and in such a way that there is no mistaking their purpose, and that when they are put to the test they will use every force to hold and maintain their position at all costs at the top of the heap against the workers as long as possible.

One of the means they are now resorting to is to organize their shock troops, for their protection, out in the open, and to resort to suppression of the opposing forces of the workers, with ever more brutality, and in doing this they are laying aside their former hypocritical masks and pretenses and disclosing to the workers that they care not what they may have to do; if necessity calls they are ready to do anything and commit any crime to safeguard their own cause.

* * *

Fascists Active.

THE above thoughts come to me as I read in an Associated Press dispatch of the formation of the Fascist League of North America, in which we are informed there is over 30,000 members, in 92 organizations. This organization is out in the open and is letting the workers know that it is being organized by the property possessing class for the avowed purpose of defending the owners and will help them to hold on to their possessions. Along the same line is a recent speech made by the president of an eastern college before the Kiwanis Club of Pittsburgh, that his college had received from a donor a gift of $100,000 for propaganda among the students of his college to offset the effect of such agitations as the recent drive to save the lives of Sacco and Vanzetti. This Kiwanis club before which he spoke is but one of the many fascist organizations organized by the capitalists for their interests. The American Legion, the Minute Man of the Constitution, Daughters of the American Revolution, and the hundred and one such kindred organizations, bear striking testimony to the fact that the imperialists of this country are coming out even more and more into the open in their drive to arouse their own class to the threatening danger to their class and interests.

* * *

Military Against Strikers.

THE velvet glove is being stripped and the steel fist beneath is being shown out in the open, as the struggle grows fiercer. Citizens' military organizations are hearing lecture after lecture on how to handle strikes and other manifestations among the workers. At the recent maneuvers in this state the governor, Fisher, who has earned a very unenviable reputation among the striking miners because of his open advocacy of the side of the operators, told those attending the Citizens' Military Training Camps that they were a credit to the state and that the people who believed in law and order looked to them to not only defend the state from the enemy without, but also to suppress the growing tide of radicalism within the borders of the state.

"Unions" Aiding Fascists.

No one can deny that the reactionary leadership within the unions are fast traveling toward the fascist position. Everywhere we see the evidence piling up that the misleaders of labor for a price are rushing into the fascist camp of the employers, and that they are also doing their best to take as many of their gullible, blind and bigoted followers into the fascist camp with them that they can. The social democrats are fast traveling into the same camp, with the bought and paid for wealthier class collaboration, false leadership of the befuddled and beknighted workers, who still believe them to be honest and straightforward. The papers of both the paid for leadership and the social democracy reek with inspired editorials for fascism and they vie with each other in trying to earn the price of their prostitution. No attack against the Communists can be too vicious for them to launch. No lie is too monstrous or preposterous for them to tell, and their poisonous attacks against the Soviet Union of the working class must please and satisfy even the most fastidious of the fascist employers. No capitalist newspaper of the most [illegible]udent description has ever contained more deliberate lies and calumniations against the first republic of the working class than the Jewish Forward and the New Leader have spewed forth in their effort to overturn this the first workers state and bring the efforts and struggle of the Russian workers to naught. Fascism oozes from their miasmic carcasses. Lore, Abe Cahn and O'Neill strive with might and main to satisfy their masters, the imperialists, and Mussolini has no curse or anathema more deadly to the working class than the poison which drips from their poisonous pens.

* * *

Task of Party.

IT is the historic task of our Party to break this strangle hold which the imperialist and industrial lords of this country are trying to get around the necks of the workers. Our speakers and papers must never tire of exposing this attempt of the forces of reaction to hamstring and cripple the members of our class. They must not succeed in the designs they have in leading the workers into the swamps of the employers under the guise that they have their god at heart. We must expose them and show them up for what they are and let the workers look at their fascist faces from which we have stripped their masks of respectability. We must make it our duty to strip them and make them stand naked before the working class. When we do this and let the workers see the fascist forces of the masters backing and helping them in their nefarious work then we know we can leave them to the wrath which comes from a betrayed and sold out working class. Fascism must not be allowed to prevail in this country. We must fight it, expose it and destroy it.

Told You So

THAT advertising genius, Ivy Lee, continues to tell us by means of subway posters that we should ride on the "L" even though the subway is fast. The delights of elevated riding are painted in the glowing words which the Standard Oil publicity man is accustomed to supply to client and consumer alike. Fortunaely, we are not strong for Ivy, even though he is in favor of the recognition of Soviet Russia. Fortunately, we say, for at this moment an eight-column headline telling of another crash on the elevated stares us in the eyes. The cars, being of wood, went up in flames and 800 passengers fled in panic. Yes, Ivy, the elevated is speedy, but it does not always get you where you want to go.

* * *

THE wets in the G. O. P. will stay put and so will the drys in the democratic party. A little thing like a glass of booze is nothing between friends. Those who have seen the play "Revelry," or read the book by the same name, understand how Harding and his cabinet were selected with the aid of the Anti-Saloon League and the more conscientious drys, but the highballs flowed merrily in the "little green house on K. Street" while prohibition agents roamed the country snatching half-pints from unguarded hips and making life miserable for the speakeasy proprietor who was not punctual with his bribe money.

* * *

THE Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton will not have his Baptist pulpit polluted by Al Smith, so it is not likely that the much advertised debate will come off. Straton stated from his pulpit that Al was a bad egg morally. He did not charge Al with being any of half a dozen kinds of bum yeggs, but he gave his radio audience to understand that the election of the Tammany candidate would not be so good for pure womanhood. The frothing clergyman knows that Tammany has learned several ways of getting easy money now, that are much more effective than keeping a red light district. "Thar's gold in them thar sewers" is the new Tammany slogan. The Doc gets his from the morons who believe that by throwing fits they can get rid of their devils. A plague on both of them.

* * *

PROFESSOR JOHN DEWEY, head of the People's Lobby at Washington, attacks the big banks for squeezing "the small investors out of the market." What does the professor think the small investors were born for? Does he think the big bankers get so much fun out of life that they can resist the temptation to skin a bunch of small investors every now and then? Something should be done about this. Dewey, being a learned man, no doubt heard of a fish called the shark. Not only does a shark swallow mackerel and herring but he even takes a bite out of a fat banker once in a while just for fun. Why not swat the shark? It's just like those liberal fellows to keep tickling the magnates with feathers and making them laugh themselves sick.

* * *

THE entomologists of the world have united at Ithaca, New York, to wage war on insects. The great scientist, Dr. L. O. Howard, got a great big hand from his audience when he stated that in the war betwen the human race and the bug species, man was the aggressor. If he had come out for light wines and beers he would not evoke more enthusiasm. An English doctor was attentively listened to while he discoursed learnedly on the habits of the lowly flea. Despite the usual levity with which the subject of the flea is treated, he said, fleas offer interesting and often serious problems. We'll tell the world they do.

* * *

WHICH reminds me of a story. A preacher not noted for his promptness in paying bills, drew down on his head the wrath of his tailor, to whom he owed considerable money. The preacher sent his pants to the tailor to be pressed for the Sunday service. "I'll fix the tight-wad," muttered the little needle and thread man as he seized a slovenly dog and wrapped him up in the clergyman's trousers. The preacher got into his pulpit and coughed, preparatory to delivering his sermon. His pants were neatly pressed, but what the deuce was biting him? The biting increased, but the unfortunate sky pilot must maintain his poise. He began: "The words of God are in my mouth." Then the entire output of the tailor's cur bit him in concert and the preacher, grinding his teeth, added, "but the devil is in my breeches."

Tom O'Flaherty

A Candid Statistician Looks at the Future

Paints Gloomy Picture of the Economic Future —But Leaves Out Many Gloomier Touches

By THURBER LEWIS

AS history goes, ten years isn't a long time. But to the revolutionary strategist, ten years is a long time. The reason for this is not that he is obsessed with the notion, hackneyed by cynics, that "the revolution is around the corner." But because he knows the delicately balanced and explosive nature of capitalism will not stand for long term prophecy. Who, in 1915, could have predicted a proletarian dictatorship in Russia by 1917? Who, in 1914, foresaw the world dominant position attained by the United States capitalism a few years later?

Which brings us to the prophecy of one who is anything but a revolutionist. **"There promises to be, within a decade, such a development of producing capacity as will far outrun the absorbing power of all markets."**

Benjamin Baker, who wrote that, is the business forecaster of "The Annalist," a leading financial weekly published by the New York Times Company. He writes "The Business Outlook" on the front page of that journal every Friday. Mr. Baker is an uncommonly frank economist. It isn't often that he paints rosy pictures. There is nothing remarkable in this except that most "economists" have the habit of painting rosy pictures.

As to the Farmer.

BAKER amplifies what will happen within a decade: **"It will presently be made evident that the problem of the farmers' is in reality the problem of crop producing inefficiency competing with an increasing measure of crop-producing efficiency: that all agricultural products the country can either use or sell abroad will within a decade be produced on much less than the present acreage, and by perhaps less than half of the present farm population; and that in consequence, industry will have to absorb, or invent new jobs for, additional workers to the number of many millions."**

Add this augury of the land to the picture of industry sketched in the quoted sentence preceding and you have "within a decade" a very gloomy prospect.

In brief, it is: Industry will be producing far too much for all its markets; and at the same time millions of farmers will look to industry, laying off its workers by millions, for jobs that can't be provided.

The New Trustification.

On top of overproduction, you are given, with no equivocation, a preview of its accompanying phenomenon: centralization and trustification on a massive scale. It is hard to get around the conviction that Mr. Baker's description is by way of warning, although he does not say so to his capitalist readers. He has told them plainly what they are up against and his reference to fixing prices and apportioning markets is undoubtedly a hint that this is the inevitible and the sooner the cartels get organized the better off they'll be.

Blasting a Pet Theory.

WHAT Mr. Baker has to day can be endorsed by any Marxian revolutionist. Marxians have been saying this for many years. It is interesting to note also that in justifying his position, Mr. Baker felt it necessary to burn some powder under a pet school-room theory of the professors of economics. "For a true perception of what is taking place it is necessary to clear the mind of the familiar economist's dictum that general overproduction is impossible 'because there is no limit to human wants.' Neither this conclusion nor the assumed basis for it is valid in this present economic world. **It is not true that everyone wants unlimited quantities of anything—with the exception of money and leisure. And even if everyone did, the bounds of economically possible production are set by the economic swapping power of the individual whose 'wants' can never be satisfied. The advance of machine production and the management thereof are steadily reducing what the great mass of individual workers have to give in an economic swap of service for goods."**

The Marxian will find things to quarrel with here. But what Mr. Baker means by a dwindling swapping power is simply the growing inability of the worker to buy back a sufficient amount of the commodities he produces to keep him in a job and that the less he is able to buy back the more there is overproduction. In other words the cumulative crisis Marx predicted many years ago.

Other Factors.

ALL of which gives us, from the mouth of one of the most competent of capitalist "experts," an economic portrait of the future strikingly similar to that of the Marxist. And it brings us back to the "Decade." A revolutionist is not fooled by the easy formulation of ten and twenty-year trends. Capitalism is far too complicated a process. Mr. Baker sees only the economic aspects. If he sees them correctly does not make him immune to the charge of overlooking others. It may not be in this, but it is certainly in the line of the Communist to take everything into account.

The situation that Baker has portrayed to occur ten years from now is patently one under which capitalism cannot continue to exist. Ten million unemployed will stop the machinery of capitalism enough to project a revolutionary situation. But there are other things that can stop the machinery of capitalism and project revolutionary situations.

There is war. It is not likely that American capitalism will undergo the creeping paralysis that Baker describes without trying, as European capitalism did in the last, to alleviate it by the disposition of man-power and the humming industry that war makes possible. Nor is it unlikely that in the struggle for the markets, Baker says, will be all absorbed in that period, war will be a consequence.

The Exploited Will Not Be Silent.

AND what about the workers, the ones who suffer most sharply to such a progressive economic vertigo? Might they not have something to say about how long they will put up with the evils such a prospect forces upon them?

And what about the Nicaraguans and Chinese and Filipinos who will be used to as colonial slaves in the frantic struggle to keep capitalism's head above water "at home"? They will also have something to say.

It is a very gloomy picture that Baker paints. But he left out many gloomier touches—**for capitalists to look at.**

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

NEW INTERNATIONAL FUR UNION LAUNCHED AT MEET

"AUTOMOBILE—SYMBOL OF MODERN SLAVERY"—NEW OCTOPUS RISEN TO POWER

"Horseless Carriage" Becomes Vehicle of Business

Driving Force to War

By BEN LIFSCHITZ

BEN LIFSCHITZ

From the laughable little "horseless carriage," but of the jokes of the practical and sane, the automobile has in a short generation grown into an octupus of transportation which helped empires to build their economic greatness. The past fifteen years in the life of this remarkable industry has witnessed a boom development unprecedented in economic history.

Vast fortunes have been made literally overnight in furthering its progress. Bankers and finance capitalists have staged the most dramatic battles for its control. Hundreds of thousands of workers have been drafted into its service—and slavery. Speed-up, exploitation, standardization, mechanization of the human being—the Belt!—these and a thousand other revolutionary developments have occurred in the short span of its life-time.

Whither Automobile?

Has this giant attained in the U. S. its maturity or is it still in the upward stage of development? Upon the correct answer to this question depend other, vastly larger, questions of economic perspective.

This much may be said: The Bonanza period of the industry is drawing to a close!

Capital, investment in unbelievably enormous amounts has flowed [illegible] the industry. The rapidly con[illegible]ating money power is leading to bitter competition between capitalist combinations not only in the United States but between those at home and abroad.

In the United States this struggle is most clearly marked in the rivalry between the gigantic Ford and General Motors Company groups. The development of the new model Ford car, accompanied by the production of the new model Chevrolet, reflects this conflict. This

Continued on Page Three

RUMOR WALL ST. LOAN TO JAPAN

To Aid Imperialism in Manchuria

SHANGHAI, Aug. 15.—That the Japanese government intends to strengthen its hold on Manchuria by increased economic penetration backed by force, if necessary, was indicated here today by a rumor that the Japanese government was preparing to float a loan of $30,000,000 to the Manchurian government, part of which is to be floated in New York, probably through J. P. Morgan and Company.

Opposition against the proposed loan, which would employ American money to strengthen the Japanese position in Manchuria, is being expressed by Nanking governmet officials.

• • •

TOKIO, Japan, Aug. 15.—Baron Hayashi, envoy of the Japanese government to the Manchurian warlord, informer Premier Tanaka today that Chang Hsueh-liang had told him that the Nanking agreement was still under consideration, and that there is still a possibility of Manchuria joining the Nanking regime.

SEE R. R. STRIKE ON LONG ISLAND

Report Men Meeting Secretly

Reports that railroad workers in the employ of the Long Island Railroad, a subsidiary of the Pennsylvania Railroad, are meeting secretly outside the "regular" union meetings are gaining ground here, as threats of a strike are heard with growing frequency along the company's line.

Charges that workers with long terms of service are being discharged for minor offenses or on grounds which are little more than a pretext are common.

Organizers are reported to be in the field and feeling among the men is running high.

STEEL STRIKERS DEMONSTRATE

500 Stage Solidarity March to Pay-off

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 15.—Turning their final pay-off by the Central Alloy Steel Corporation, against which they are on strike, into a demonstration of mass solidarity in the face of wage cuts, police terror and deportation proceedings against many of their number, 500 chippers and grinders of departments eight and five of the Canton mill marched from their strike meeting to the employment office in a demonstration which has brought the officials of the company to understand that they are facing a determined mass of men.

Absolutely Firm.

With the usual terror of the steel corporation against its workers on strike closing in on them, the 500 steel workers who walked out of the Central Alloy Steel Company's mill here one week ago, remain absolutely firm. Not one man has returned to work.

Empty persuasion and terror alike have failed to drive back to the mills the men who have determined that they must win this walkout or face a general reduction of wages to levels below which it is barely possible to subsist.

Under the lead of the Central Alloy Steel Mill Committee, the 400 chippers and 100 grinders are working actively to bring out the men thruout the entire Canton plant. The Mill Committee is rapidly acting to organize the men.

Following the arrival in Canton of manager Fairles of the Massillon plant, whose intention was to persuade the strikers to go back to the mills with promises of fifty-five cents a day and a bonus, the local

Continued on Page Three

DUNN TO DEFEND TAG DAY IN COURT

Robert W. Dunn, secretary of the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions and J. B. Collings Woods, treasurer of the same organization, have been subpoenaed to appear as witnesses by the Department of Public Welfare in the case of the fifteen workers who were arrested in Chinatown Sunday for collecting funds in connection with the campaign for the re-

Continued on Page Two

MARINES KILL 4 NICARAGUANS

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Aug. 15.—Marine patrols clashed with forces of General Sandino again today, killing four and capturing five.

The patrol, under Lieutenant Edson, which last week retreated after a short engagement, near Espanolita, is reported on the ofensive again.

It was believed the group encountered today is part of the force which defeated the marines last week.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS HAIL DRAFT PROGRAM

World Communist Meet Praises Document

Hold the 27th Session

(Wiireless to The Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, U. S. R. R., Aug. 15.—Further discussion of the draft program occupied the twenty-seventh session of the World Congress of the Communist International here yesterday afternoon.

Semard, of France, declared that the draft program utilizes the experiences of the last ten years, but that it must deal more in detail with the role of the social democracy, its attitude toward the Soviet Union and its role in capitalist rationalization. The formulation of the draft program concerning the hegemony of the proletariat in the revolution must not be weakened as a concession of the peasantry, as Renaud Jean suggests. Such an alteration would oppose the Leninist idea concerning the role of the proletariat. In the opinion of the French delegation, the draft must deal more in detail with the possibility of building socialism in one country alone.

Not "Too Heavy."

Page Arnot, of Great Britain, then declared that the British delegation in general approves of the draft which represents a continuation of the work of Marx, Engels and Lenin. The draft correctly utilizes the experiences of the Russian Revolution, the speaker declared, hence the British delegation is opposed to all criticisms that the draft is "too Russian."

The British Labor Party declares that fascism is impossible in Great Britain. If the Communists adopted this idea it would mean an overestimation of the strength of capitalism. Fascist tendencies on the part of the British borgeoisie undoubtedly exist and are commencing to take ideological and organizational forms.

The British delegation recommends certain improvements in the draft and welcomes the latter as the instrument for the conquest of the workers and their ideological armament in the struggle against capitalism.

National Programs.

Sierra, of Italy, then declared that the Communist Parties must elab-

Continued on Page Five

BUILDING TRADES COUNCILS UNIFIED

Move Seen for Greater Boss Control

Announcement was made yesterday by William J. McSorley, president of the Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor, of the completion of plans for the union of the two building trades councils hitherto functioning in New York City.

The dual building trades council which was the only one actually effective was organized about ten years ago by the notorious Robert P. Brindell, who served a term in Sing Sing for extortion. The majority of the building trades unions were compelled to affiliate with this organization. The council is known to have been completely dominated by the building trades employers.

District Office Issues Appeal to All Members

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party are requested to report at the district office, Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, between 6 and 6:30 p. m. today, to participate in special party work, according to a statement issued at the district office of the Workers (Communist) Party office yesterday.

The work is of utmost importance, the statement says, and a satisfactory response is urgent.

Will Defy Jingoes

ERS (COMMUNIST) PA
Z. FOST

Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for U. S. senator who will be one of the speakers at an open-air meeting in Astoria tonight. Last week's meeting was broken up by rowdies of the Veterans of Foreign Wars who resented revelations on Tammany Hall corruption made by the speakers. (Picture by Aprijasky, worker-photographer).

COMMUNISTS TO DEFY JINGOES

Astoria Meeting to Be Held Tonight

The right of Communists to speak at open air meetings in the Tammany-Jingo infested Astoria, Long Island, will be tested tonight at 8 o'clock when a demonstration will be held at the corner of Jamaica and Steinway Ave.

Last Thursday night, Abe Harfield, Communist candidate for the Assembly from the first district of Queens; George Padgug and Paul Muller were badly beaten following an organized attack led by members of the Dwyer Post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. Rebecca Grecht, state campaign manager of the Workers (Communist) Party, was arrested on a framed-up charge of "inciting to riot." She is now free in $500 bail.

The speakers tonight will be Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for U. S. senate; Abe Harfield, Rebecca Grecht, Verne Smith, editor of the Labor Unity; P. Frankfeld, acting district organizer of the Young Workers League; John Muller, Donald Burke, and Pete Shapiro. Max Schachtman, editor of the "Labor Defender," will be chairman.

Announcement has ben made in the local press by the Tammanyite members of the Dwyer Post that the so-called "Americanization" process will in the future be intensified by "free speech parties" of a similar nature to that which last week resulted in the assault on the Communist speakers.

At tonight's meeting the speakers will devote much of their time to the exposure of the graft and corruption of Tammany Hall in Queens and tell Astoria workers the truth about Al Smith, the candidate of the traction interests and the enemy of the workers, as well as exposing the big business and open-shop program of Hoover.

The democratic assistant district attorney of Queens, McClancey, will be the principal speaker tonight at the "Americanization" meeting to be held by the Veterans of Foreign Wars in opposition to the Workers (Communist) Party meeting.

PICKETING GROWS IN FALL RIVER DESPITE TERROR

Spies "Back to Work" Talk Fails as Lines Hold

Tansey in Scab Move

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 15.—Nine more of the striking workers here were today sentenced to six months' imprisonment each, under surety bonds of $1,000. Venemously attacking the Textile Mills Committee as a "criminal organization" and reviling the leaders, Judge Hanify meted out savage sentences to the strikers.

James Reid, Manuel Rogers, Jesse Cordeiro, Antone Sousa, Joseph Pecheco and Louis Ferrier got six months and $1,000 each, and others were placed under $1,000 bail for leading the picket line at the American Printing Company on the afternoon of August 6.

• • •

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 15.—A line of pickets yesterday succeeded in getting thru the cordon of police and conducted a demonstration before the gates of the American Printing Company. House picketing grows despite all the strike-breaking machinery the mill bosses could mobilize.

The workers striking for the return of the ten per cent wage cut are holding out determinedly despite an intense police terror and many other forces trying to crush the strike.

Competing strongly with the police and Massachusetts courts in strikebreaking activities is the latest act of the officialdom of the American Federation of Textile Operatives.

The workers, however, refuse to be terrorized and are stoically facing clubbings by city and state cossacks and long jail sentences meted out by judges in the state that murdered Sacco and Vanzetti. In addition to this the three textile mills affected by the walk-out have been busy employing scores of stool-pigeons who are to try to spread a back-to-work movement. All their rumors to the effect that the strike committee has called off the strike are groundless and are disregarded by the strikers.

Adding to the strikebreaking activities of the police, spies and Massachusetts courts are the officialdom of the American Federation of Textile Operatives, whose latest open act of scabbing is the announcement made yesterday by President Tansey from Boston, where the reactionary officials are meeting in conference.

Tansey, who while leading a labor

Continued on Page Three

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Two pictures of speakers at the anti-war demonstration of the Workers (Communist) Party held at Union Square, New York City, on August 4, appeared in the Daily Worker of August 10 and 13 through the courtesy of Peter Aprijasky.

Police Seize Fall River Strike Leader

James P. Reid, leader of the Fall River Textile Mill Committee following his arrest by the police. Reid was sentenced to serve six months in jail for picket activities, together with Sam Weissman, Bill Seroka and Jack Rubinstein.

BATTY'S TACTICS FAIL IN STRIKE

"Obey Cops" Slogan Is Flop; Is Pinched

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 15.—Vividly exposing the impracticality of the cowardly policies of the A. F. of L. Textile Council in the textile strike here was the arrest of William Batty, council secretary, and a few of his fellow officials for picketing. Batty and his union have always denounced the militant tactics of the Textile Mill Committees and called upon their members to "follow police regulations carefully."

Heretofore permitting the small Textile Council lines to picket while they broke up the mass demonstrations of the T. M. C., the police completely disregard the "law and order" leadership, as soon as they received instructions to smash all picketing. This new policy of the mill owners is being carried out because not one man is breaking away from the 28,000 on strike.

"The reactionary union has until now lost considerable membership because of the policy of "lying down before the bosses," a T. M. C. statement declares, adding, "today's event merely adds to the proof already presented that militant struggle against the employers is the best method of winning the strike."

The leaders of the Textile Council were released on bail of $100 each, and are to be tried tomorrow.

Symbol of Anti-USSR Bloc in Pact Signing

PARIS, Aug. 15.—It was announced here today that the signing of the Kellogg pact will take place in the Quai D'Orsay, where Wilson's league protocol was signed by the powers. Many point out that just as the Soviet Union was not present at the signing of the protocol, it will also not be present at the signing of the Kellogg pact, which is taken as evidence of the continued anti-Soviet bloc.

Find Russian Nobles Frolic in Drug Fests

LENINGRAD, U. S. S. R., Aug. 15.—Cocaine, hasheesh, heroine, oriental debauches ending in a "harmonization of souls" characterize the post revolutionary, as they did the pre-revolutionary life of Russian aristocracy, according to revelations made by the Soviet State G. P. U.

The discovery of secret lodges, semi-masonic in character, whose members, remnants and left-overs of the former aristocracy, transact their business in hypothetical paper and land titles on an imaginary bourse, are among the discoveries of the authorities.

Checks drawn on banks which ceased to exist ten years ago, and signed obligations payable on the czar's treasury are other aberrations of the frantic aristocrats, now faced with the feat of earning the food they eat.

"Friends of Anna Virubova and Grigori Rasputin" is reported to have been the name of one of the lodges. Another was called the "Blue International" from which all but "blue bloods" are excluded.

At the head of a third stood Ochneff-Lefevre, former confectioner to the czar, who has since been sent north by the authorities. He was addressed as "Your Majesty Louis Fourteenth," and was fated to restore not only the Russian aristocracy but the France of Marie Antoinette.

All these lodges are alleged to have maintained counter-revolutionary contacts with emigre groups outside the Soviet Union. Secret meetings of the membership were an occasion for "soul harmonization."

SPEED-UP HITS PRINTING TRADE

(By a Worker Correspondent)

It cannot be said that the speed-up and high pressure of Big Business are overlooking the aristocracy of labor. True, members of the printing industry would be horrified if the world at large should become aware of their pacific submission and the open violation of the most sacred oath: "No member shall see another member wronged, etc."

The aristocracy now are on a level with the menials, but they will stand more abuse than their less fortunate unskilled brothers. Their standing in the community will not let them lower their dignity to question whether they are cattle or human beings. Some on the "inside" receive a pittance for their faithful-

Continued on Page Two

WORKERS SHELF THE REMAINS OF A. F. L. "UNION"

Drive Is Opened for $25,000 Fund for Organization

Will Call Convention

Holding what the hall keeper termed the largest crowd that ever filled the building, old Cooper Union last night was crammed while at least 4,000 fur workers enthusiastically voted endorsement of the resolution of the International Fur Workers United Front Committee that a new national organization of fur workers, independent of the A. F. of L. be launched.

Jam Hall.

People literally jammed tight every inch of available standing space, including the large corridors beyond the doors and many hundreds were turned away from a meeting that proved to be one of the most historic steps in the exciting history of that organization.

After listening attentively in an almost overpowering heat to speakers from nearly every American and Canadian local of the International Fur Workers Union, including speakers from the group which split off from the right wing New York Joint Council, the assemblage rose as one man for the standing vote asked on the resolution calling for the formation of a new and real International union of fur garment and fur pelt workers.

Although more locals are official participants in the new union movement, the time and crowded condition of the hall permitted speakers only from Local 1, 5, 10, 15, 25, 30, 40, 70, 54, 58 and Progressive Bloc of the Joint Council. The international committee also includes 91, 88, 53, Toronto and Winnipeg locals. The entire former International contained only several more local unions.

Convention Called.

The thousands of workers also instructed the leaders to call a formal convention for the official naming of the new union within not more than 60 days from last night's meeting.

With thunderous and protracted applause, the spirited meeting greeted the introduction of Ben Gold, manager of the left wing New York Joint Board, which is leading the fight for a real workers' union, as against the company union of the A. F. of L. and the bosses. Other speakers were: S. Liebowitz, of the Joint Board; H. Sorkin, S. Wexler and J. Winnick of the "Council" bloc; M. Langer, Newark; G. Perlman, Boston; S. Burt, Philadelphia; M. Stien, Newark, S. Weil and L. Bricca, Brooklyn; A. Sotiropolos, Greek Local 70; and S. Soulounias of the Joint Board, Greek branch. M. Englander of Canada, was chairman. Louis Hyman, Chairman of the recently launched new Cloakmakers' Union also spoke.

$25,000 Fund Drive.

Two other resolutions were also unanimously carried. One was for launching a drive to raise an organization fund of $25,000 which was to be used to begin a campaign to organize the open shops, and the other was a resolution of protest against the use of the police industrial squad as open assistants of the right wing in the new terror campaign started by them.

The chairman also introduced to the meeting a worker who had been slashed by a right wing thug in an attack on a shop that morning. Meyer Weinstein, the victim, had refused to go to a meeting of the right wing and for his refusal was held by members of the police squad while being cut up by W. Yacker, the thug. Yacker was later arrested on a warrant sworn out.

New Union Call.

The resolution calling for the formation of the new union declares: "In view of the above facts, we, the thousands of fur workers and the elected representatives of Locals 1, 5, 10 and 15, of Locals 88, 58, 54, 53, 25, 30, 40 and 91 of the respective: New York, Brooklyn, Newark, Philadelphia, Boston, Toronto, Winnipeg; and the Progressive Bloc, formerly of the Joint Council, assembled in Cooper Union on Wednesday, August 15, hereby pledge

Continued on Page Two

COOLIDE PRAISES WAR PACT.

WAUSAU, Wis., Aug. 15.—President Coolidge today acclaimed the Kellogg "peace' treaty, soon to be signed in Paris as "the outstanding step toward international peace in the decade since the armistice was signed in 1918."

Bukharin's Report

of the

Executive Committee of the Communist International to the Sixth Congress now in session in Moscow

will be published in the full official text beginning with next Saturday's issue of

The DAILY WORKER

GITLOW'S SPEECHES RILE THE TEXTILE BARONS

Addresses in Fall River and New Bedford Rouse Ire of Mill Boss Press

The New Bedford and Boston papers have given considerable space to the speeches made by Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president, at two meetings in New Bedford and Fall River last Sunday. The boss-controlled press took advantage of the opportunity to attack Gitlow and the Communists under the guise of "impartial" reports.

Thousands of workers in the two textile cities listened intently to Gitlow, who spoke under the auspices of the Textile Mills Committee.

Commenting on the arrests of hundreds of pickets and the brutality of the police, Gitlow pointed out that the same thing happened in Passaic, where pickets were arrested wholesale. The money and property of sympathizers were tied up, and a policy was followed by the operators and their political henchmen calculated to scare the workers away from the picket lines.

Rest of Workers Affected.

"When the Passaic strike was over, most of the cases were thrown out of court," Gitlow said, "and it would not be likely that the same practice will be followed in New Bedford.

"Upon the outcome here in New Bedford," the speaker declared, "depends the wages and working conditions of the rest of the workers in the textile industry thruout the nation. If this wage cut goes thru, it will continue on down the line. If the workers can stop it and gain their demands, it is going to mean not only a stop to the epidemic of wage-cutting, but renewed fight in other textile centers to gain improved conditions.

"Neither the republican nor democratic party leaders dare to interfere

Continued from Page One

STRIKING OHIO MINERS DEMAND FREEDOM FOR MOONEY AND BILLINGS AT ENTHUSIASTIC MEET

Special to the Daily Worker

MARTINS FERRY, O., Aug. 12 (By Mail).—An enthusiastic meeting of striking miners was held here today under the auspices of the International Labor Defense in which a protest resolution against the continued imprisonment of Mooney and Billings was passed unanimously. A copy of the resolution was sent to President Coolidge, care of the White House, Washington, D. C.

The resolution follows in part:

"Two hundred striking miners and organized workers assembled today in the mass meeting called by the International Labor Defense adopted the following resolution:

"Whereas, Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, two leaders of labor in California, have been imprisoned for more than twelve years in their sentence to life terms, and have suffered bitterly at the hands of the capitalist class for their loyalty to the labor movement, and,

"Whereas, it has already been clearly established beyond a doubt that Mooney and Billings are totally innocent of the crime charge against them and the evidence produced at their trial and since the trial, it is clearly brought out that they were the victims of a vicious frame-up engineered by the black reactionary forces of Californias open shoppers, and,

Whereas, it is the duty of every labor and progressive organization to work actively to obtain the freedom of our two brothers, in prison:

Therefore be it resolved, that copies of this resolution be forwarded to the President of the United States, to Governor Young of California, to Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings and the press.

International Labor Defense Starts Investigation of Frame-Up of I. R. T. Motorman

WORKER JAILED IS SCAPEGOAT; COMPANY GUILTY

Wooden Trains Blamed for Deaths

The New York Section of the International Labor Defense has started an investigation of the case of Stanley Zillig, I. R. T. motorman, who is being framed up on a charge of manslaughter in connection with the collision of two "L" trains several weeks ago.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the I. L. D., Tuesday night, it was decided to have Isaac Shorr, attorney for the organization, make a detailed investigation of the case. The I. L. D. will then if necessary, take complete charge of the defense of Zillig.

I. R. T. to Blame.

The accident, as a result of which Zillig is being framed, occurred when his train crashed into another stalled "L" train at Columbus Ave. and 69th St., during a short circuit. More than 50 persons were injured, one of whom died in the hospital. Competent observers declare that the wooden trains used by the Interborough, which have been condemned as dangerous on numerous occasions, were largely responsible for the injuries.

In the investigation following the accident the I. R. T. played its usual hypocritical, anti-labor role. After its lawyer first pretended to defend Zillig, who had been arrested and held in $15,000 bail, the company washed its hands of the case and informed the district attorney that it would furnish neither counsel nor bail for the motorman.

Try to Hush Up Case.

At the time the New York Section of the International Labor Defense issued a statement branding the arrest of Zillig as a paupable frame-up and an attempt to shift criminal responsibility from the Interborough Company to one of its workers. Since then efforts have been made on the part of the company and the police to hush up the entire case and the exact whereabouts of Zillig are unknown, tho he is believed to be still in the Tombs where, with his head swathed in bandages, he was taken when he was unable to furnish the exorbitant bail. The investigation by the I. L. D. is expected to result in a complete exposure of the frame-up.

COLLECTIONS TO MARK RED WEEK

Workers Thruout City Will Participate

"Red Week," August 20 to the 26 inclusive, will begin on Monday of next week with the appearance of Communist campaign collection lists in all shops, factories, in all workers' clubs and benefit societies and in all places where workers congregate. Thousands of Communist campaigners will carry about with them such collection lists and obtain the signatures and contributions of their shopmates, their relatives, and friends. While bosses are writing out checks in support of their pet capitalist candidates, workers thruout New York will organize financially in support of their workingclass candidates and the Workers (Communist) Party platform.

The District 2 Election Campaign Committee, in charge of the Red Week Campaign and the Red Tag Days which will mark its close, does not, according to Rebecca Grecht, Campaign Manager, expect campaign contributions the size of those generously donated to the capitalist parties by such labor-haters as [illegible], Raskob, Ford and Du Pont. The Campaign Committee will be satisfied with a contribution of one dollar—more will not be turned down—from every worker in New York.

Workers to Aid Drive.

The news of the gigantic contributions made to the war chests of the capitalist parties by their strikebreaking bosses have resulted in a definite reaction on the part of the workers. Their duty in organizing financially in election campaigns begins to assume as much importance to them as the organization of militant picket lines.

From next Monday to Friday, besides busying themselves with the collection of funds and making collections, workers will report at one of the thirty Red Tag Days stations thruout the city, to enroll as volunteers for the Red Tag Days. An unparalled turnout is expected. The Red Week windup will be ushered in with the jangle of collection boxes on Saturday morning, August 25, and the jangle will continue and increase until late Sunday night. Volunteers for the Tag Days would do well to provide themselves with two collection boxes each, in order to be able to tap the flood of homecoming week-enders from the nearby beaches and camps at which workers take their abbreviated vacations. All workers are urged to volunteer for this most important political task. A list of stations at which enrollment can be made will be published shortly.

Increase Tempo of Communist Signature Drive in Connecticut

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug 15.—With the date for filing signatures with the secretary of state approaching nearer, the signature drive of the Workers (Communist) Party in Connecticut is increasing in tempo. The state election laws demand that 4,000 registered voters sign to place the Party on he ballot. This means that at least 6,000 signatures will have to be secured to take care of all the names that will be crossed off by the town clerks.

Small groups of the Workers Party in New Haven, Hartford, Stamford, and Bridgeport are going out every evening in the week and some have already topped the 300 mark. Workers Party units are also arranging "Signature Sundays," when all the membership must report to headquarters and report back how many names they have collected.

SPEED-UP HITS PRINTING TRADE

Other Abuses at N. Y. American Plant

Continued from Page One

ness—50 cents to a dollar per day extra as "exceptional" craftsmen. Others are striving to get into the chosen few. A very wide margin in the ranks is the outcome and the polished gents who are paid for such shrewdness just look pleasant and contemplate the scene behind the throne.

Shady Scenes.

Why yes, scenes behind thrones are in order. When the management wished to displace the department foreman at the New York American plant, there were many shady scenes. The management decided to have a strictly "business administration," imported two men of their choosing and proceeded to install them without ever a thought of contractural relations or agreement. After many pros and cons the curtain was drawn and the throne exposed: the good fellow who broke many hearts and caused so much regret was the moving figure behind the throne, so an alleged "superintendent" was the reward.

The speed-up immediately was evident. More money to those who could be exploited. Some who could not stand the foul smell found new fields of pasture. And of course there was no anxiety as the supply is more than sufficient for the needs of the matter.

Vile Working Conditions.

Economy in all departments, men going almost blind for the want of proper light, and no relief at hand. Heat eliminators—a joke. Not even a good apology. Numerous reasons why it should not be helped. Men are in a desperate condition, worse than some mines. Division in the ranks: make-up, linotypers and the lowly hand compositors.

Two men operating a Ludlow casting machine with the speed-up "superintendent's" shadow on their backs caused the machine to squirt hot metal for some distance. One suffered a singed eyeball and was rewarded with a few days off. Probably a supply of Eagle pencils will be donated if the unfortunate one loses the sight of his eyes.

Ice-cream is barred during working hours, no matter how hot the weather is. Chapel meetings are "packed" and very few progressives venture to voice their sentiments. Many talk in some "blind pig" away from all contact with the chapel.

Reward for Faithfulness.

It is rumored an unfortunate proletarian by the name of Phillips, after 29 years of faithful service for William R. Hearst, will not be even given the consideration of the faithful animal and put to graze. His services are no longer required. One thing to be thankful for, brother: you had some place to go nights, and you successfully built a monument Hearst can be proud of—Mount Simon, Cal. You will have lots of company as a new idea imported from Chicago is being put into practice a la ganster control. There is no room for sentiment. This is a business administration and the survival of the fittest by hook or crook.

Printing slaves should read the only newspaper that fights for their interests as well as for the interests of the other wage slaves—the Daily Worker. And help sovle your problems by the only remedy which Big Business does not relish—vote the Communist ticket.

N. Y. AMERICAN SLAVE.

GUNS AND VIGILANTES RULE CHILE WORKERS

(By a Worker Correspondent)

VALPARAISO, Chile (By Mail).—Having worked hard enough and seen enough here of the actual conditions under which the natives live—under the domination of United States and British capitalists—I am taking this opportunity to write to you while the ship I am working on is anchored at the Valparaiso harbor.

On our trip up and down rivers and along the coast, we have come in contact with the most depressing situation as far as the workers are concerned. I have already told you of conditions in Peru (published in a previous issue—Ed.) and I hope since that letter has gotten past the censors and that this one will.

U. S. Copper Company Exploits.

The same American copper company that exploits the workers in Peru also has mines in Chile. At Chanarall the workers live in the company barracks. If they are favored with a family of over five they are allowed to occupy two small rooms in the wooden shacks that some people have the nerve to call homes. Their rations are carefully given out by the company kitchen as follows: One and one-half pounds of bread for every two people over 14 years of age; one pound for two children; five pounds rice per week; two pounds of beans and eight to ten pounds of dried fish per week. With this "generous" allowance and five pesos salary per day the workers manage to live somehow.

As we came into the harbor of San Antonio three United States battleships met our gaze. We soon learned why—for the tanks of the International Petroleum Company faced the harbor. These oil kings must certainly be afraid of the consequences of exploitation for they have ordered three cruisers to subdue a population of 3,000!

Vigilantes Keep Guard.

The workers live in company barracks for which they pay a rent of from 45 to 50 pesos per month, out of a salary of about five pesos per day. The whole settlement is closely watched by vigilantes who will not allow foreigners to speak to the natives.

Passing by Antifagasta we noticed three battleships in the harbor. In fact there was at least on British or American battleship in every port.

We hit Valparaiso when the government and the reactionary labor leaders were celebrating the Fourth of July for the United States capitalists. That same evening the reactionary fascist labor unions, together with the government, gave a farewell banquet to Collier, the ambassador from Wall Street. This banquet tells more about the complete suppression of the workers than anything else I know. Collier, who had placed vigilantes and military guards about the American embassy at the time of the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstrations, and who had called out the bluejackets who killed 14 and wounded four of the demonstrators besides arresting 150, was praised by these labor fakers—and (it's hard to believe that corruption has gone this far, but it is true) was commended on his work for labor!

Fascists Controls Unions.

Under such a misleadership it is no wonder that the workers cannot better their conditions. The unions are controlled by fascists and United States agents, specially imported for the purpose, all in the pay of the companies. It is a front formidable enough to cow the most militant workers—thus, battleships, vigilantes, prisons, islands awaiting the preletarian exiles.

Militants Under Ground.

About the average pay in Valparaiso for a highly skilled worker is estimated to be five pesos per day. Rarely do they live in more than one room—sometimes one even finds a family of ten in one room. They all sleep on the floor—beds are a luxury. The stench of the tenements and dirty streets is almost unbearable.

There are some militant organizations. But they of course function under-ground.

—W. M.

LOCAL 3 WORKER EXPOSES BROACH

Pictures Conditions in Union

(By Electrical Worker.)

Keep up the good work exposing H. H. Broach, the labor faker, international vice president of the Brotherhood, and the dictator of Local 3. I believe his paid henchmen should also be exposed.

One delegate by the name of Ackerman bungled or had no guts and lost a power house job which went to non-union men. This is an unemployment time. This job could have taken care of from 100 to 300 men. This delegate runs two lunch room wagons. That's where most of his time goes, I guess.

An "Honest" Faker.

Next there is Tom Clark. This bird on Broach's meal ticket has been living off Local 3, I. B. E. F. for a good many years. This official once got up on the floor of No. 3 and said what of it, if a delegate takes some money from a builder or boss, so long as he does not sell out the men.

But how can a man serve two masters?

Then there is Preiss, the business manager, getting a starvation salary of only $125 per week. He has also been living on the backs of the workers for years. What has he ever done for the union? A softsoaper and sermonizer and philosopher of the Tammany machine. There are a lot of others who will be exposed for their fakery in due time, for instance, Johnny Lapham and Dan Kiley. Once they posed as progressives. I want to say to them: Why do you allow members to be barred and don't utter a word? You two had pretty near the whole meeting to yourselves under the O'Hara machine, that is, you criticized that administration when you saw wrong. What's the matter now?

You are getting $115 a week holding down soft jobs. That's the reason.

Broach Tough Guys.

Then there's Broach's tough guys and cops; there are also his detectives, in and outside of the meeting hall; also the industrial squad. The tough guys under the O'Hara administration were like a flock of lambs compared with these lions. Then there is "Little Caesar" himself, another great sermonizer; a philosopher of great things which he has done and will do; never what he is doing, thus keeping the members off the main subject. The Broach machine will go down. Rome fell, Caesar fell, Napoleon fell; the Prince of Wales also fell several times. "Little Caesar," you are due next.

Fraternally,
ELECTRICAL WORKER.

DUNN TO DEFEND TAG DAY IN COURT

Statement Hits Arrest of 15 Workers

Continued from Page One

lief of Chinese Trade Unionists.

The subpoenaes were served by an agent of the Department of Public Welfare and the witnesses must appear tomorrow morning at 10 a. m., at the First District Magistrate's Court, White and Center Streets.

The arrest of fifteen workers in Chinatown last Sunday while they were soliciting funds for the aid of the starving workers and peasants in China was protested yesterday by several of the leading members of the Committee to aid the Chinese Trade Unions.

Dunn Issues Statement.

Robert W. Dunn, secretary of the organization, denied the charges that had been made against the committee, saying that the sole purpose of the collection drive was to bring food and clothes to the thousands of Chinese workers who have suffered through the suppression of their labor unions by the reactionary Nanking government. "Our outstanding purpose," Dunn said, "is to bring succor to the Chinese workers. The fact that the authorities attempted to stop our drive by arresting 15 of the persons collecting funds for relief, I interpret as a direct attempt to keep the Chinese people in want, in order to better further imperialist ends.

Will Continue Drive.

"This drive, however, will not stop now, despite the arrests, and despite the certainty of future arrests. The Committee to aid the Chinese Trade Unions will soon issue an appeal throughout the United States, to individuals, labor, students and fraternal organizations, asking them to come to the aid of the Chinese workers. Before these individuals we will place the true facts of the conditions of the Chinese workers, which have thus far been suppressed on all sides."

Other members of the committee to aid the Chinese Trade Unions, among them Robert Morss Lovett, Carl Haessler, Roger Baldwin, Duncan McDonald, Freda Kirchway, Robert Whittaker, Riichard B. Moore, Robert Minor, Scott Nearing and Hugo Gellert, have criticised the stand taken by the authorities against the collection of funds to aid the Chinese Trade Unions.

Flint, Mich., I. L. D. to Hold Picnic for Miners on Sunday

FLINT, Mich., Aug. 15.—Many workers are expected to be present at a picnic to be held by the local International Labor Defense Sunday out Atherton Road. The proceeds of the affair will go for the relief of the miners.

An elaborate program of activities is being arranged by the committee in charge, including games and sports of all sorts.

TARGET PRACTICE AT BIG CARNIVAL

Variety of Costumes at Affair Sunday

Workers will have an opportunity to indulge in target practice for the American proletarian revolution at the great International Costume Carnival of the Daily Worker, to be held in Pleasant Bay Park Sunday. A shooting gallery will be one of the features of the carnival and it is expected that many future members of the American Red Army will patronize it.

The news that the Daily Worker has arranged the first outdoor proletarian costume carnival ever held in this country has caused thousands of workers in New York City and vicinity to begin rumaging in their chests and trunks for appropriate costumes. Since the best national groups, as well as individual costumes, will have their pictures taken and published in the Daily Worker, workers are sparing no efforts to be at their best.

National costumes of all sorts will be seen next Sunday, with the probability that Russian costumes will predominate. These are expected to add great color to the Russian hour that is being arranged, during which tea will be served in samovars and Russian folk-songs will be played by an accordion orchestra.

The costumes will also be displayed to good advantage during the open-air dancing around a huge bonfire.

The athletic part of the program at the carnival is being well taken care of. The Labor Sports Union will bring some of its best athletes there and two of its member organizations will engage in an exhibition soccer game. The Finnish Athletic Club will also take part with various athletic exhibitions.

Tickets for the big carnival have begun selling fast. They can be bought at 35 cents each at the office of the Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square.

GERMAN CRISIS SEEN LOOMING

No More U. S. Money to Pay Debts, Said

BERLIN, Aug. 15 (UP).—Considerable concern was expressed here today over the reported intention of the American state department to attempt to limit loans to Europe, because of the stringent credit situation.

The opinion was expressed that Germany would have difficulty meeting her reparations obligations if she is unable to borrow abroad. It is commonly understood ho government is making the Dawes plan payments with outside credit.

Industrial newspapers emphasized that if the United States closes her purse and England is unable to assume the American role of lender, Germany would face serious financial difficulties, especially since the Dawes annuity reaches 2,500,000,000 marks during the year beginning September 1.

TOBACCO MILL WORKERS SLAVE FOR BIG TRUST

Reynolds Co. Maintains Vast Spy System

By ART SHIELDS

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C. (FP).—They fire employes for "disloyalty" at the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company plants in Winston-Salem, where 12,000 men and women turn out Camels, Prince Albert, Soud and varieties of plug and scrap with the aid of automatic machines. It may be that the offending worker is highly efficient, but as the boss makes out the time card a company stool pigeon murmurs something about "disloyalty."

"Disloyalty" takes many forms. Sometimes it is membership in the forbidden union, ferreted out by a spy, or the discovery of a pack of cigarettes of some rival company in the worker's pocket when the boss searches the dressing room. All loyal employes are expected to use Camels only, whether they like them or not. Again, "disloyalty" may be the failure to buy company stock, or perhaps the worker, moved by compassion, protests against overtasking a woman or weak old man.

Slavery.

"Never say that conditions in the R. J. Reynolds plants are verging on slavery," said Edward L. Crouch, international organizer for the Tobacco Workers, in talking to the Federated Press. "They are slavery." Crouch knows conditions, having lived in Winston-Salem nearly all his life and worked in the Reynolds factories 13 years.

There is no freedom of speech in the big tobacco mills that press grimly on the streets near the city square. A young man who operates an automatic cigarette machine found this out. He had been watching a girl sweat and strain at a new packing machine that uses two girls where nine were formerly required. The machine has a heavy fly wheel the girls must turn, either with their feet at the risk of broken legs, or with the arms and the weight of their bodies, as this girl was doing.

The girl paused, flushed and exhausted, and asked the young man what he thought of such work.

"I'll tell you: I wouldn't let my wife or any sister of mine do it," he replied indignantly.

Stool Pigeon.

A second girl was the only other listener, but she was a stool-pigeon. He was summoned to the superintendent's office, asked to repeat the remark, and was given his time in full.

Average pay at Reynolds' is less than $11 a week. It is hard enough to get flour, meal, coffee and beans without buying company stock in addition as loyal employes are desired to do. For the great majority it is impossible. This stock goes by the name of "insurance," for it is supposed to insure the job, though it does not always do this.

Indeed, loyalty is no guaranty of job safety. The company's policy is to fire the high-pay workers and put cheaper hands in their places. An automatic cigarette machine operator, for instance, may begin at 25 cents an hour and in 10 days he has learned his job. If he survives the loyalty test his wages are gradually raised, a half cent an hour at a time, provided he nags the foreman about it in a cautious way. Ten years later he may be getting 48 cents an hour, the maximum. Then one day the boss sadly tells him that business is bad, and his machine must be shut down, but that when business is better he will be taken back. Day after day thereafter the worker haunts the employment office in a wait for his old job.

Fix Fixes You.

At the employment office is a gentleman named Mr. Fix—and the workers, making a pun on his name, say he fixes them good and plenty. After the operator has been waiting in the office for days or weeks Mr. Fix pleasantly offers him a job at a similar machine—at 25 cents an hour. Dismayed, the operator protests that he is a 48-cent man and an old timer. Mr. Fix is very sad: it's too bad; that's the best we can do now, but if you don't want this job you can come back, and when there is a better opening you can have it.

Quite differently the Reynolds worker fared from 1919 to 1921 when his job was protected by an agreement between the International Tobacco Workers' Union and the company. Crouch tells of the reinstatement of 2,000 workers wrongfully discharged. The present union campaign is to regain that former security, 48-hour-week and high wages.

$15,000,000 Is Grafted in Liquor Traffic Each Year Here, Is Charge

"New York has always been graft-ridden. Everybody who can graft grafts. This has bentrue for generations."

This was the illuminating comment made yesterday by Major Maurice Campbell, federal prohibition administrator for New York, when he was confronted with evidence that over $15,000,000 was grafted annually in this city.

"Why," Campbell remarked, "there were more than 10,000 saloons in the old days, and they paid $1,500 each for their annual licenses. Does anyone imagine that there are fewer drinking places now?"

Campbell insisted that his own agents were above reproach as far as graft was concerned. Most of the graft goes to the city police, he asserted.

RAY WEIR, YOUNG MILITANT, DEAD

Workers to Pay Last Tribute Today

Ray Weir, militant young member of the Millinery Workers Union, died yesterday from double pneumonia, after a long period of activity in the union. She was only 20 years old.

Other members of the Millinery Workers Union will remember her as one of their most active workers, as a member of the organizational committee of Local 43 and as a member of the committee of twelve who went to the general executive board to protest against the decision disrupting Local 43.

In honor of her whole-hearted devotion to the workers' cause, the union has asked that all members stop work between 10 and 11 a. m. today to pay their last tribute to Ray Weir as her body passes the union headquarters on West 37th St.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 15. — The Nanking regime has sent a second note to Japan regarding the disputed treaty of 1896. The provisions of the treaty have not been made public. The treaty involves the status of Japan in Manchuria.

PRISONERS IN FASCIST JAILS NEARING DEATH

Regime Cruel and Hard on Communists

GENEVA, Aug. 15.—After the sentence against the members of the Central Committee of the Communist Party in Italy, last April, the prisoners have been subjected to a very sharp prison regime. They are in single cells, forced to be silent, never allowed to come out into the air, for the 40-minute walk allowed other prisoners is not granted them.

They are given only bread and thin soup for food. No prisoner can last this cruel regime very long and the health of Gramsci and Terracini is very bad and cause for real worry to their relatives and friends.

• • •

BERLIN, Aug. 15.—Those sentenced in the many Italian trials are suffering terribly in the fascist prisons. Many are those who would rather have been sentenced to death, and many are in grave danger of losing their lives.

The young worker Targoni, from Seston Fiarentino, has become seriously ill, and his mind has become unbalanced due to torture.

Paclo Betti, who, as a result of torture, became crazy, has just been sentenced to 12 years in prison. Betti is hardly expected to live through more than one or two years of the prison sentence.

The worker Amodei, who after the bombing at Milan was arrested, became crazy due to torture. His body is covered with wounds, his eyes are bloody, and he always shivers. It is also believed that he will not last very much longer in the fascist hell-hole.

New Fur International Is Launched Here

Continued from Page One

to do everything in our power to organize one united International Union capable of safeguarding the interests of the fur workers and protecting them against the encroachments of the fur bosses and their company union.

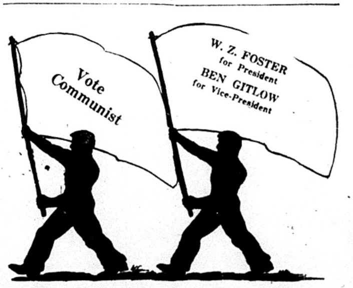
"We also hereby empower and direct the above mentioned representatives to form a provisional National Executive Committee to function as a control body of all local fur unions for the purpose of uniting and mobilizing all of the locals and all of the fur workers throughout the United States and Canada for the organization of a real union.

"We further empower and direct the incoming provisional National Executive Commitee to call a convention of all local unions within sixty days from this date for the purpose of forming a new International Union of fur workers of the United States and Canada."

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

Foster and Gitlow

As the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party stand for the emancipation of the proletariat from the slavery of capitalism, from the horrors of imperialist war, unemployment and poverty, work and vote for Communism. Read The DAILY WORKER. Read the National Platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. Write for it to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Ten cents a copy.



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German Social Democrats Explain How Vote for Cruisers Is Not Vote for Cruisers

AVE ONLY DONE HAT REICHSTAG WANTED THEM TO

Warships to Cost Nine Million Marks

BERLIN, Aug. 15.—The mass resentment of thousands of German workers over the social democratic conniving at the building of a new German cruiser fleet as one of the first acts of their tenure of cabinet power, has forced the Mueller government to attempt to evade some of the onus for its stand.

In an official statement issued yesterday the social democrats explain how their vote for the cruiser fleet was not a vote for the cruiser fleet. The Reichstag had already voted to construct the boats, the statement reads, and the unanimous cabinet sanction was merely to discover whether or not the treasury was in a position to stand the strain of such heavy armament taxation. The vote was undertaken at the request of the Federal Council, the communique states.

In spite of the poor shape in which the government finances now find themselves, work on the cruisers is reported to be going ahead. The social democrat slogan, "Child feeding but no warships" is being shouted in derision through the streets of Berlin and in front of the social democratic headquarters.

It is estimated that to build the new cruisers will cost the German nation 9,000,000 marks.

BISHOP BROWN TO GO ON TOUR

To Speak for Workers Party Election Drive

William Montgomery Brown, the famous heretic, who used to be a bishop, will cover the principal cities from Chicago to Los Angeles in the interest of the Communist Election Campaign. The dates have not yet been selected.

Bishop Brown made life miserable for his former associates in the Episcopal church when he cut the traces that hitched him to hocus pocus and superstition and published his book, "Communism and Christianism." A terrific row ensued, and Brown was for several years the torget for the heavy gns of the Episcopal church. The venerable rebel came through the ordeal with drums beating and banners flying and with the firm determination to devote the rest of his life to the working class movement.

When William Montgomery Brown saw through the sham of religion and had his eyes opened to the oppressive role of capitalist government and the robber nature of capitalism, he looked around for a political party that offered the best facilities for fighting for the emancipation of the workers. He chose the Workers (Communist) Party, and despite his age has delivered hundreds of speeches for the Communist movement i nthe past several years.

The tour tentatively outlined calls for Bishop Brown to speak in the following cities: Chicago, Milwaukee, Duluth(Minneapolis, Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Phoenix, Houston, Oklahoma City, Kansas City, St. Louis, Cincinnati.

NINE SENTENCED IN MILL STRIKE

Continued from Page One

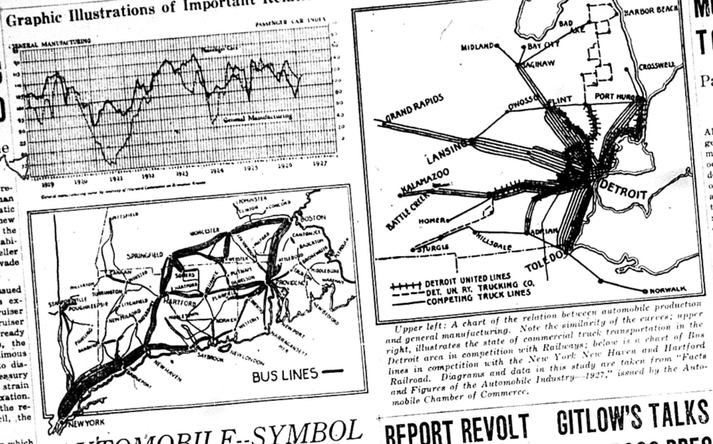
union is at the same time a high official in the Fall River police department, yesterday repeated the statement Secretary Gampos made recently, and told the textile workers to stay in the mills and not strike for the return of the wage reduction.

In discussing the wage question at his Boston meeting, well-fed Tansay announced, "We don't say everything is entirely satisfactory with regard to wages, there is room for improvement." Textile workers here, even members of his own organization, are expressing the deepest resentment at this cynical disregard of the workers' misery.

Every obstacle is being placed before the Textile Mill Committees and the International Labor Defense in getting the jailed strike leaders free on bail bonds. Volunteers here who vouch to go bail on the strike leaders sentenced to 6 months imprisonment are being refused on all manner of technicalities. So far the union and the I. L. D. have succeeded in obtaining the freedom of Jack Rubinstein.

Seventy-five additional cases of arrests for picketing are to come up for trial tomorrow. Lawyers of the I. L. D. will appear before the District Court to defend them.

Graphic Illustrations of Important Relations in Automobile Industry



Upper left: A chart of the relation between automobile production and general manufacturing. Note the similarity of the curves; upper right, illustrates the state of commercial truck transportation in the Detroit area in competition with Railways; below is a chart of Bus lines in competition with the New York New Haven and Hartford Railroad. Diagrams and data in this study are taken from "Facts and Figures of the Automobile Industry—1927," issued by the Automobile Chamber of Commerce.

"AUTOMOBILE--SYMBOL OF MODERN SLAVERY"

Continued from Page One

struggle is further acentuated by the fact that the automobile market is nearing the saturating point at an increasing speed, whereas the productive apparatus of the industry is capable of an ever enlarging output.

This contradiction is forcing American manufacturers to give ever increasing attention to the problem of the foreign market. At the same time we note similar preparations being made by European manufacturers, especially the British, to compete with the American automobile industry. Thus the newer developments in the automobile industry, as in the other important industries, point to the inevitability of international conflicts and war.

Economic Importance of Motor Vehicle Industry.

The magnitude of the motor vehicle industry, and the extent of its recent growth are not generally comprehended. Inasmuch as these have an important bearing upon present and future relations with railroads, we may present a summary of the industry as it is today. This will indicate also how rapidly it has grown.

Broadly speaking, the automobile has now been used more than a quarter of a century for transportation. As a factor of major importance in national transportation, however, the spectacular development of the motor vehicle began about a dozen years ago when the war agencies drew sharp attention to its possibilities, notably in the case of motor trucks. While the automobile primarily as a pleasure vehicle, and secondarily as a means of business transportation, had established itself firmly before the war, the motor truck was used only in very limited degree until it was employed on a large scale for military transport and as a supplement to railroad service in 1917 and 1918, when the heavy demands of military traffic placed an overload on the older form of transportation.

The Development of the Automobile Industry and its Relation to the General State of Industry.

The automobile industry fluctuates with general industrial activity. An upward or downward movement of the general industrial curve is as a rule accompanied by a similar but smaller swing of the automobile curve.

In order to make a comparison between the automobile industry and industry in general, it is necessary to allow for seasonal factors, as well as for differences in the rate of growth. The rate of growth in the output of passenger cars during the period 1919 to 1926 was computed to be 2,000 cars a month. Seasonal and growth factors have been eliminated from both curves.

Motor Truck Trend Similar to General Manufacturing.

The major trend and monthly variations in the production of trucks are very similar to those of general industrial activity. The use of motor trucks for transporting both raw materials and finished products accounts for this similarity in the curves.

The rate of growth of the truck industry since 1919 is computed at 170 trucks a month.

When we compare the relations of the production of the motor truck to passenger car production, we see that the tendency is towards a higher percentage of production towards the motor trucks. While in 1917 the production of motor trucks was only 76 per cent of the total production, by 1922 it was already 10.3 per cent, and by 1926, 12.5 per cent.

The motor truck is becoming a very effective competitor to the railroad, especially for hauls within a 20-mile zone, and is a factor in general haulage up to 50 and 70 miles. Above that distance the truck is used chiefly for special services, such as hauling furniture and perishables.

Need for all forms of transport serving the same territory is indicated in the map above filed by the Detroit United Lines with he Interstate Commerce Commission. The map shows the extent of truck roads and routes operating in areas which also have electric and steam road facilities. While the rail service is station to station and occasionally siding to siding, the truck service is rarely exactly competitive with rails, even between the same cities, because it is door to door.

Another factor in the development of motor service is that the total cost of hauling certain articles, such as furniture, is less by truck than by rail in distances under 300 miles.

Between New York City and	Miles	Truck rate	Freight	Packing	Cost by rail
Philadelphia	94	78.60	20.75	181.00	201.75
Hartford	115	92.25	28.25	181.00	209.25
Albany	150	115.00	25.00	181.00	206.00
Boston	235	176.25	33.25	181.00	214.25
Buffalo	415	287.25	30.50	181.00	220.50
Cleveland	540	368.50	50.56	181.00	231.50

The time-saving, "one-handling" factor is an added reason for truck haulage, which continues to give the truck an economic place in furniture hauling, even on the long distances, where the truck rate is higher.

* * *

Tomorrow's article will deal with the automobile industry in its relation to war; the powerful combines: Ford, General Motors and Chrysler-Dodge; it will also deal with the question of whether the saturation point of the market has been reached.

The motor truck is becoming so effective in transportation that railroads are using motor trucks very extensively. Forty-six railroad lines are using the motor truck for terminal operations; fifteen for store-door delivery; eleven to replace local freight trains. (See Facts and Figures of the Automobile Industry, 1927 edition, page 74.)

80,000 Motor Buses in U. S. A.

The motor coach is even younger than the motor truck. Its extensive use began only about six years ago. The extension and growth of motor coaches is assuming ever greater proportions. Sixty steam railroads use buses directly or through subsidiaries. Electric railway companies now use 7,284 buses. There were 52,017 miles of exclusively interstate lines and 270,000 miles of common carrier bus roads in 1927. (See dingram.)

Public support of motor buses for rapid short haul transportation has spread rapidly in New England. Solid thin lines show bus routes in Connecticut, Massachusetts and Rhode Island and New York which compete with New Haven Railroad. (Maps filed as testimony before Interstate Commerce Commission by New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad.)

The basic wage made effective July 1, 1928, throughout Western Australia, was fixed by the arbitration court in that state as $21 for male workers and $13.75 for females. This scale is to continue in force for one year.

Six Hundred members of the Panama Chauffeurs' Union have petitioned the mayor of Panama City to reconsider his order that each applicant for a chauffeur's license shall deposit $100 in cash or a mortgage bond in that amount.

REPORT REVOLT ON UPPER NILE

Armed Arabs Attack British Posts

CAIRO, Egypt, Aug. 15.—Revolt threatens to spread over the entire Near East and engulf the British power in these parts has broken out on the Upper Nile, where 1,500 members of the Nuer tribe or Berbers are reported to have attacked outposts.

A report from Khartoum, which is on the Nile River in the center of the British Sudan, indicates that a large group of tribesmen attacked the government post of Duk Faywill, which is manned by a police force.

Since the Egyptian parliament was disbanded and elections suspenpended for three years unrest has steadily grown in Egypt proper, where students are reported to be demonstrating in the cities. The revolt in Irak and now on the lower Nile threatens to spread to many of the tribes.

G. O. P. POLITICIAN DEAD.

(UP).—George K. Morris, chairman of the republican state committee, died of a celebral hemmorhage today in his room at the Drake Hotel in Park Ave.

GITLOW'S TALKS RILE BOSS PRESS

Textile Strikers Hear Communist Nominee

Continued on Page Three

for fear of offending their capitalist backers. It has been printed in a wall St. journal that 'Wall Street has nothing to fear from either party.' That is true, and its truth can be seen here."

Speaking in Fall River, Gitlow attacked the local police authorities for breaking up peaceful gatherings of strikers and attacking pickets, tho the law permits peaceful picketing. When the strikers are allowed to hold meetings, their speakers are charged with speaking too loud," he said. They want them to speak so low that nobody can hear them.

"The millionaire capitalists of Fall River," Gitlow declared, "are making millions in the mills while the workers are starving.'

Gitlow pointed out that there is only one political party in the field in this election campaign that has a program corresponding to the needs of the workers and only one party that has for its aim the interests of the working class. It is the duty of the textile workers, the speaker said, to support the Workers (Communist) Party ticket in the election campaign, to help put the Party on the ballot by securing signatures, and to join the Party, so that in quality and numerical strength it may be able to perform its historic mission, which is to lead the exploited masses in the United States, in mill and in mine, in agriculture and in industry, in the struggle to conquer their rightful inheritance from the capitalist highwaymen who now illegally hold it by force thru the capitalist government.

CROATS DECLARE MUSSOLINI PACT TO BE INVALID

Passed Without Votes of Peasants

ZAGREB, Jugoslavia, Aug. 15.—Although on the surface Croatia generally seems to be calm as it mourns the death of Stefan Raditch, occasional outbreaks in the form of demonstrations in the towns and the outbursts of anger in newspapers and speeches at the ratification of the Nettuno convention with Italy show something of the turmoil underneath.

Here at Zagreb newspapers and spokesmen for the Croatian Peasant Party denounce the Belgrade parliament for its passing of the Nettuno pact and declare that the pact applies only to old Serbia, not to Croatia, Dalmatia and Slovenia, who have virtually declared their independence of the Jugoslav government. M. Pribitchevitch, leader of the Democratic Peasant Party, in a newspaper interview, said:

"The treaty is shameful. The government killed a number of our members and drove the rest from parliament by inconsiderate conduct toward the murderers. However, neither Nettuno ratification nor any other vote taken by this rump parliament is binding on any other part of Yugoslavia except old Serbia."

* * *

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Ag. 15.—The parliament adjourned today after passing the Nettuno pact by a majority of one. The Serb agrarian opposition and the Croatian sympathizers here declare that the pace is not valid, since it must have a vote of two-thirds of the entire representation and the pact was railroaded through after the entire opposition had left the parliament.

Doubt Loewenstein Murdered by Poison

BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, Aug. 15 (UP).—Doubt was expressed in judicial circles today that the coroner's court wold find enough evidence to justify an official investigation of the statement that Alfred Loewenstein was murdered by poison.

It was pointed out that the Belgian banker's relatives had admitted that he used purgatives and digestion powders which easily could have been the "toxic matter" that Dr. Paul reported finding in the intestines.

STEEL STRIKERS DEMONSTRATE

500 Stage Solidarity March to Pay-off

Continued from Page One

press has run as its only account of the walk out to date, a lying report that 200 of the men had returned to their jobs. Not one man has broken ranks since the beginning of the walk-out more than a week ago.

Worthless Promises.

Leaders of the strikers told Fairles that his promises were worthless and not in good faith. Their demand for six dollars a day flat rate and no bonus sent him to cover with only the report that he could not infringe the "universal scale" set by the steel manufacturers. When the men added that he would have to negotiate with the Central Alloy Steel Mill Committee in the future he refused to deal further with the men.

A big meeting of steel workers held at Massillon, eight miles from Canton, succeeded in acquainting the chippers and grinders in the Massillon mill with the demands of their fellow workers in the Central Alloy plant. Following the meeting many Massillon men signed up with the Mill Committee. Leaders of the walk-out state that it is a question of days only before the Massillon mill workers join the strikers at the Central Alloy in a tie-up of the Canton steel industry which will force the corporation to grant the demands of the men.

Strike Breaking Fizzles.

The total failure of the strikebreaking activities of the Central Alloy officials met an initial setback when eleven of the first batch imported left at once on learning that they had been hired to break a strike. The handful of scabs remaining are being used to do little besides stand around the struck departments, 5 and 8, to give the other men the impression that work is being produced. The only operation undertaken by the scabs, however, resulted in serious injury to one of their number when he was struck by a bar.

FORCE PEONAGE ON NICARAGUAN REFUGEES AGAIN

Marines Herd Refugees Out of Honduras

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Aug. 15. The forced return to Nicaragua of hundreds of men, women and children who had fled before the brutality of the American marines and the binding of these unfortunates to a peonage more terrible than any they have yet known is contemplated in a plan which the American military authorities have worked out and are effecting in Honduras at present.

Many of the refugees are victims of the bombing by American airplanes of the village of Chinandega during the marine invasion of the Nueva Segovia district during the campaign against the army of independence under General August Sandino.

It is estimated that there are virtually thousands of starving Nicaraguans, many of them orphans, homeless in Honduras as a result of the American invasion.

The intention of the American military athorities is understood here to bring these refugees back to Nicaragua where they will be farmed out as on terms of stringent peonage to coffee, banana and cocoa plantation owners against whose servitude many of them originally revolted and joined General Sandino's forces.

The exact number of the American marine forces now on Honduran soil is not known, but estimates place them from a score to more than a hundred.

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Bosses Use Police to Keep Lynn Workers from Union Meet, Correspondent Reports

HANDOUTS

Nobody but a Fascist, whose brain works best when it's running backwards, would attempt to make the Italia fiasco seem liking an epoch-making triumph and Nobile a second Columbus. Yet an attempt at such an absurdity is the Italian-made film now showing in France.

The picture was too much even for the French capitalist papers. Le Soir commenting says the film shows: "Too many Italians and not enough of the others who lost their lives in trying to rescue them from a voyage undertaken by a presumptuous government, idiotic propaganda and a foolhardy commander.

"Every one seeing the film asks: 'Where is the Krassin?'"

A Fascist is just as liable to distribute films showing the Krassin as Mussolini is to distribute copies of the Communist manifesto on the streets of Rome.

* * *

Make One Yourself

HOW TO MAKE A POLITICIAN: *Take one large mouth and attach to the bottom of a medium-sized vacuum; connect with invisible speaking tube running to Wall Street; select a large hand, capable of holding much graft, and join to an arm long enough to get down into the barrel; strings for the mechanism should run into the offies of J. P. Morgan. Wind up before political campaigns. Loads of fun. The above diagram was posed by Gen. A. A. Lilly, republican.*

* * *

Rich Antics

"All play and no work makes Jack a dull boy" as can be judged from the above society folk members a fthe large army of the mentally unemployed. They haven't anything to do and even if they did they did they would have to get somebody else to do it for them. The society people pictured above are consciously standing on their heads at a high-priced summer resort, a thing they do unconsciously much of the time. When the Amerjcan workers get the idea a little better they will turn the passing economic system bottom side up and you will be able to travel along this beach with a telescope and not see one parasite.

* * *

Gems of Learning

Executive committee of the National Conference on Prohibition Enforcement on Governor Smith:

"His whole record in public life has been consistent as the servant of the saloon and liquor traffic interests and of the most corrupt political organization in the history of this republic, Tammany Hall."

The real nature of Al Smith's Tammany Hall is getting to be about as well known as Colgate's Tooth Paste.

* * *

Executive committee of New York State Federation of Labor:

"Gov. Smith's nomination is decidedly pleasing to all wage-earners of New York, and they will support him with enthusiasm. Gov. Smith is a tried and true liberal advocate of just labor and social laws and the foe of sumptuary legislation."

He can help labor in the same way he stopped the billion dollar gas merger.

—M. C. H.

PROGRESSIVES DRIVEN OUT BY ARREST THREAT

Plan Free Speech Fight in City

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LYNN, Mass., (By Mail).—A mass meeting of shoe workers in this city was stopped recently by the police and the speaker was ordered to leave town immediately.

The meeting was called under the auspices of the Progressive Shoe Workers, Lynn branch. William J. Ryan and Chester W. Bixby, of averhill, were to be the principle speakers.

When Bixby arrived at Saster's Hall on Andrew Street, he found a score of police and detectives congregated in front of the building and he was told that the police had notified the Saster's Aid Association, who own the building, that the hall could not be opened or the meeting held in Lynn.

Bixby was taken aside by the inspector in charge and told to leave town immediately or he would be arrested.

There was a conference between the committee and the speakers at which it was decided that they would postpone the meeting to a date in the near future at which they will be prepared for a free speech fight.

By eight thirty the street was thronged with workers who had come to attend the meeting. These were notified of the action taken by the committee and that there would be a meeting held in the city of Lynn at an early date, possibly next week. The people showed their resentment to the action of the police in a very vehement manner. Many of them suggested that tsarism having been abolished in Russia had been transferred to Lynn and the United States.

The Progressive Shoe Workers are now making arrangements to pick up the challenge thrown down to them by the bosses thru their police department. They are going to enter a fight to determine whether all free speech has been suppressed in this city.

Altho the threat to arrest was not carried out, Bixby was dogged by police detectives every step that he took right up to the time he took the train about 9.30 p. m.

William J. Ryan is a member of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union, Local 9, in Haverhill. He was the general secretary-treasurer of that organization for about five years. Last January when an attempt was made to put over a wage cut in Haverhill by the way of an arbitration decision, it was Ryan who led the revolt of the workers and, after a 16 day strike, reached a settlement with the manufacturers for a return to the prices of 1927 and 1928.

Bixby is also a member of the same union, local 7, of Haverhill and was one of the original organizers of his local. He has held the office of president of District 1 as well as president of his local several times. He was the first president of his local, having been elected by a nearly unanimous vote with nearly nine hundred voting.

—ALLEN.

CALLES REBUILDS REFORMIST BLOCK

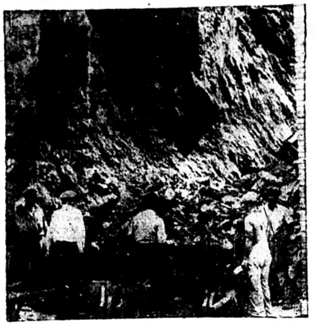
MEXICO CITY, Aug. 15.—The restoration of Luis Leon to the cabinet of President alles as minister of agriculture is considered to be a slap in the faces of Manrique and Soto y Gama, leaders of the extreme reactionary wing of the National Agrarian party. Leon had previously been dismissed from the Calles cabinet on the excuse of an alleged "scandal" with the Spanish actress Padilla.

The newly appointed minister of agriculture is a close friend of Luis N. Morones, who was ousted immediately after the assassination of Obregon on the threatening demand of the Obregonists agrarians. The proposed general reorganization of the cabinet is taken to indicate a check on the concessions which have been demanded and usually received by the extreme ractionary wing of the Obregonistas since the murder It is rumored that Adalberto Tejada, Governor of Vera Cruz, will become Minister of the Interior which is a key position controlling state politics. Tejado is also holding aloof from the main body of Obregonites.

It is also rumored that Gilberto Vanlenzuela, minister to England, is returning to assume a post. Elias Calles, half-brother to President Calles and Mexican consul in New York, is also rumored to be returning to assume a post in the reorganized cabinet.

Roberto Cruz, who was discharged as chief of police and who is a known anti-Obregonista, was given the command of the State of Sinaloa thus breaking the Obregonist military hold in West Mexico. At present it is gradually becoming evident that Calles is gaining control of the new September congress.

Worker Buried Under Rock Masses



A sliding wave of rock and refuse buried Michael de Getz to the waist when the huge retaining at 182 Street and Northern Avenue on which he was working gave way recently. Other workers dug de Geltz out alive.

HOLD LABOR SPORTS OLYMPICS AUGUST 25

By W. B.

In the short period of its existence, the Labor Sports Union has achieved some remarkable successes in the field of sports. First, in connection with the organization of the Labor Sports Union in Detroit, Jan. 15, 1927, a national indoor athletic and gymnastic meet was held. It was the first labor sports meet of its kind and was a big success. In this meet we had 100 athletes participating with 1,000 spectators. This slaid a firm basis for the growth and activities of the Labor Sports Union.

Just a little over a year ago, the Labor Sports Union held its first track and field meet in Waukegan, Ill. This outdoor meet surpassed all our expectations. Over 300 athletes, coming from all parts of the country, took part.

Give Lie to Enemies.

The enemies of the labor movement predicted that the meet would be a flop. In fact of all their wailings and lamentations the meet was run off in as order a manner as ever a meet run by the Amateur Athletic Union, the official capitalist sport organization. More so, as the spectators and the athletes, along with the officials, showed a spirit of co-operation that cannot be found in the bourgeois organizations.

Last year, outside of these two major meets, there were held many district and section meets by the various local organizations of the L. S. U.

Successful Indoor Meet.

An indoor athletic and gymnastic meet was held in Detroit last January that compared favorably, both in regards to the participants and the spectators, with any meet ever held in Detroit by any organization. Over 200 athletes took part. The events were held over a period of two days, with nearly every indoor sport, including boxing and wrestling, on the program. Over 3,000 workers attended the meet.

For some time past preparations have been going on for the second annual olympics of the L. S. U., to be held Aug. 25-26 in New York at Wingate Field. To date over 300 entries have been received from all parts of the country and more are coming daily. Worker athletes and their friends from the distant parts of the country are organizing parties to come to the meet in Fords, trucks and buses. Some will come by trains at reduced rates secured by the L. S. U.

PLUMBER FAKERS KEEP SOFT JOBS IN LOCALS 1, 463

Doran Clique Moves to Betray Helpers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Election for all officers of the Manhattan and Bronx Plumbers Local 463 was held recently at the Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St., N. Y. C.

"The Old Familiar Faces."

Those elected were William Doran, president; John Walsh, vice-president; William Flood, recording secretary; Matten Moran general secretary; Timothy Hopkins secretary-treasurer; Thomas McGirr, Patrick Drew, David Holboon and George Meaney for business agents; John Hasset for compensation agent.

All these gentlemen served the previous term. There was no opposition to them. The progressives of local 463 failed this year to put up a slate of their own.

They are all typical A. F. of L. fakers. William Doran sat in jail with "Czar" Brindell for conspiracy.

Union conditions are not strictly enforced on the jobs by these officials. The plumbers' helpers are neglected altogether.

Betray Helpers.

A new agreement with the masters association will be signed soon. Already Doran and his clique are giving hints that they will attempt to betray the helpers is the new agreement. Everything, however does not depend on them. The American Association of Plumbers' Helpers will not allow these fakers to betray them. We will fight to the last ditch.

According to reports of the "inner circle" of Local 463 there is disagreement between Doran and Leonard, the state organizer of the United Association of Plumbers, Steamfitters, and Gasfitters of North America. No principles of any sort are involved. It is simply a question who should get more of the gravy.

And Also Local 1.

In Local No. 1, of Brooklyn, there were also general elections held for all officers. The same men were reelected. Oates is president; Edward Peterson is secretary. One man only was defeated. He is Crane. Larry McDonough was elected in his place. The official of Local No. 1 sold out the plumbers during the 1927 strike. For the last year and half the plumbers in Brooklyn are working without an agreement.

Reports are current in Local No. 1 that these officials may force upon the plumbers an agreement this winter when the work in the building trade is slack. The bosses are preparing to attack the plumbers. Prepare now to repel their attacks.

Admit the helpers into the union and thus be in a better position to fight the bosses. Now is the time.

CASSELL.

'Michinal', Hopkins First Mack Play Here Monday

THE first production by Arthur Hopkins for the current season will be "Michinal," a new play by Sophie Treadwell, and is scheduled to open at the Plymouth Theatre, September 6. The play is in two acts and nine scenes, and well done by a company of 20, headed by Zita Johann. The production will have a preliminary tryout in New Haven before opening here.

"The production," according to the announcement from the Hopkins office, "which seeks to liberate the stage from the confinement of box sets, and give greater scope for lighting, has been designed by Robert Jones." Miss Treadwell is the author of "Gringo" and "O Nightingale," which were produced on Broadway.

* * *

J. A. Curtiss, who has assisted George Kelly in all his productions, has joined the cast of Edward Clark's "Relations," opening at the Masque Theatre next Monday night.

* * *

George M. Cohan's production of "By Request," a comedy by J. C Nugent and Elliott Nugent, is playing at the Broad Street Theatre, Newark, this week. Elliott Nugent is featured in the cast.

* * *

Bertram Harrison will direct "Heavy Traffic," the comedy by Arthur Richman, which will inaugurate the season at the Empire Theatre on September 5. In addition to Mary Boland, the cast will include Reginald Mason, Jean Dixon, Leo G. Carroll, Robert Strange and Herbert Belmore.

* * *

Shortly after the premiere of "The Big Pond," by George Middleton and A. E. Thomas, at the Bijou Theatre, Tuesday night, Edwin H. Knopf and William P. Farnsworth will place into rehearsal "Heliogabalus," by Marcel Duvernois. It was translated from the French by Gertrude Purcell.

* * *

"Gang War," the new Willard Mack melodrama will open here on Monday evening. It is due at the Morosco Theatre, with a cast headed by Anne Forrest, Beatrice Nichols, Robert Middlemass, Donald Kirke, Walter Gilbert, Hardie Albright and H. Lee Adams.

JAMES BARTON

Appearing this week in Arthur Hopkins' playlet, "Moonshine," at the Palace Theatre.

FRANCE BUILDS 27 WAR VESSELS

Follows Franco- British Naval Pact

PARIS, Aug. 15.—Attempting to appease the critics of the Franco-British naval pact who claim that the pact is virtually an alliance between the two powers and provides for a pooling of the two navies in time of war, government officials today declared that the pact in no way hindered the development of the French navy, which is now constructing 27 modern worships.

It was explained that France's position is "peculiar," since she lost nearly as many vessels as British during the world war and has to scrap many obsolete ships. A building program therefore is necessary, with a budget covering construction until 1932.

Twenty-six modern ships will be needed to replace obsolete vessels before January, it was said, and 27 keels already have been laid down in French shipyards.

FIRE CAUSED DAMAGE.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 5 (UP).—Damage estimated at $20,000 was caused today by a fire that swept through a warehouse at the Barge Canal terminal here.

WORKERS PARTY CAMPAIGN GROWS IN KANSAS CITY

See Big Industrial Struggles Looming

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KANSAS CITY (By Mail).—The Party and League organizations in Kansas City successfully emerging from the first stages of the election campaign that is putting the Party on the ballot is with equal success entering the next stage of the election campaign, the spreading of Communist propaganda among the exploited workers.

Despite the fact that we lack experienced speakers, open air meetings are being held throughout the city. Not less than two meetings a week. In two working class sections the Party and League will hold regular meetings every week. One in Armourdale, at Shawnee Park and Pyle St., every Wednesday, 8 o'clock in the evening. The other in the Negro section of the city, at the corners of N. 5th St. and Troupe. Bethany Park will be the third place where meetings will be held. The meeting among the Negro workers will be held every Friday at 8 p. m.

The results of these meetings prove that the worker here has been slowly realizing his position. The audiences, when the Communist speakers explain to them the issues and problems of the workers, enthusiastically agree with them. Besides new contacts are established and new Party and League members recruited. We can confidentally look forward and expect that before a few short months are over a Party and League organization of a respectable size will be built up in Kansas City.

The Party program is meeting with particular success among the Negro workers. They are realizing that only the Communists are the real champions of the workers and that only through the realization of the Communist program will the Negro workers be emancipated as workers and as a race. At the same time the Party is actively engaged in the election campaign better contact is established as result of this work with the workers in the local industries. We can safely predict, judging from the conditions in the factories and the sentiments of the workers, that big industrial struggles are looming on the horizon. Particularly is this true in the packing houses.

—M. C.

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in "FORTUNE'S FOOL"
AND
CHARLES CHAPLIN
in "THE FIREMAN"

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2. Support of the miners and textile workers' struggles.	2. Unemployment.
3. Recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.	3. Treachery of the labor bureaucracy.
4. A Labor Party.	4. Discrimination against Negroes.
5. For a Workers' and Farmers government.	5. Imperialist war.

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National Election Campaign Committee

43 E. 125th St., New York City.

600 Worker-Athletes from 50 Organizations Expected at Labor Sports Union Meet

CALL NATIONAL CONVENTION FOR AUG. 27 IN N. Y.

Festival and Dance to Enliven Games

With an average of twenty entries coming every day, all indications are that the second annual National Athletic Meet for workers being held under the auspices of the Labor Sports Union of America on August 25 and 26 will have more than 600 athletes participating. Athletes have already sent in their application blanks from such cities as Duluth, Milwaukee, Waukegan, Cleveland, Buffalo, and many other cities in Massachusetts and New York State.

The meet will be held at the Public School Athletic Field, in Brooklyn, and the list of events will include thirty track and field competitions, soccer games, gymnastics and a mass drill with 300 young workers taking part.

The program will start on Saturday, August 25, and will continue from 2 p. m. to 7 p. m. In the evening, at 8:30, the swimming events will take place at the Washington Baths pool in Coney Island. Over 100 swimmers are expected to participate in the many events which have been listed. In connection with the swimming meet, an open-air festival and dance will be held.

The program will be continued on Sunday, beginning with the soccer games and a women's volley game, until the finals of the track and field and soccer events conclude the meet in the evening.

• • •

The second National Convention of the Labor Sports Union will open Monday, August 27, at 10 a. m. in the Progressive Hall, 15 W. 126th St. The Labor Sports Union has sent out a widespread call to all labor athletic bodies and other labor organizations to send delegates. The call reads, in part:

"This convention is open not only to regularly affiliated clubs of the Labor Sports Union but to all athletic organizations composed of workers. All such organizations are urged to send delegates and representatives to the convention so that they can learn more of the past activities and future plans of the Labor Sports Union—and also help in shaping these plans. Trade unions and other labor organizations are especially invited to send fraternal delegates to the convention."

The Labor Sports Union expects a minimum of fifty clubs from all parts of the country to be represented at the convention. Scores of trade unions and fraternal organizations are also expected to send delegates.

CITY OPEN AIR MEETINGS CALLED

War Danger, China To Be Discussed

Meetings for the relief of the Chinese trade unions will be held in New York this week thruout New York City, under the auspices of district 2, Workers (Communist) Party speakers are urged to obtain be discussed at the meetings. All Party speakers are urged to obtain bulletins on these subjects from the Agitprop Department, 26 Union Square. The bulletins on the subjects are, The Party Platforms and What I Saw In China, by Tom Mann.

Today.

Van Sicklen and Sutter—Jul. Codkind, J. Cohen, Rob't Macklin, V. Smith, Anna Block, Donaldson.

138th St. and St. Annes Ave. Bronx—W. Margolis, Jacobson, Taft, G. Abraham (Pioneer).

40th St. and 8 Ave. N. Y. C.—J. Cohen, Miller.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Primoff, Padgug, Ed Welsh, R. Gosigian, A. Krivis (Pioneer).

25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Weitz, Yusem, Eva Shafran, Castrell, Ben Eisenberg (Pioneer)

Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria, L. I.—Heder, Minor, Schachtman, Shapiro, Burke, Michaels (Pioneer).

Tomorrow.

National Biscuit Co. — Ross, Frankfeld.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., B'klyn—Lefkowitz, Taft, Magilcano, J. [illegible], G. Welsh, Lillienstein, Finkelstein (Pioneer).

5th Ave. and 110 St.—Lyons, Gill, Green, A. Peer, Lloyed, B. Brantz (Pioneer).

7th St. and Avenue A, N. Y. C.—Wright, Schalk, S. Shatzkramer, (Pioneer).

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Nessin, Milton, Zaslavsky.

Saturday.

1st Ave. and 79th St., N. Y. C.—Lustig, Moore, Moreau, Braverman, Bessie Parees (Pioneer),

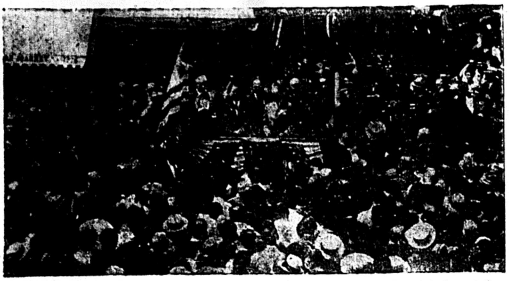
13th Ave. and 42nd St. B'klyn—Schwartzberg, B. Lifshitz, Suskin, Huiswood, A. Shuyet (Pioneer).

14th St. and Bergenline Ave. West New York, N. J.—Berger, Padmore.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—Szepesey—to be announced later.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

Tammany's Mayor Works Hard Pulling Switches



James Walker, darling of Tammany and mayor of New York City, pulled on the switch that put the new traffic lights on Lexington Avenue into operation. The mayor is on the speakers' stand.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Unit 3E, 2F Meeting.

Unit 3E 2F will meet today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. Important matters will be taken up, and all members should attend.

• • •

Party Functionaries.

All Party functionaries, including unit, section and subsection organizers, agitprop directors, industrial organizers, literature agents, etc., bureau heads, editors, are to meet at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, tomorrow at 8:15 to take up plans for the Red Week arranged for August 20 to 26. Conflicting meetings should be called off.

• • •

Special Functionaries Meet.

There will be a special functionaries meeting tomorrow at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. All section, subsection and unit functionaries must be present. Important developments in the election campaign will be discussed.

• • •

Party Members Notice.

Members of the Workers (Communist) Party are asked ot report to Party headquarters at 6 p. m., today for important Party work.

(Signed) John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

• • •

Perth Amboy Open Air Meet.

An open air meeting has been arranged for Perth Amboy for Saturday, at 8 p. m. Louis A. Baum, secretary of the Photographic Workers' Union, will be the principal speaker.

Inter-Racial Camaraderie.

An Inter-Racial Dance and Camaraderie, to be known as a Hammer and Sickle Party, will be given to this evening, under the joint auspices of Section 4, Unit A, and the Young Workers (Communist) League of Harlem, at 126 West 131st St.

All workers, particularly the workers of Harlem, are invited to attend.

Speakers' Class, Section 1.

The speakers' class of Section 1 will meet today at 7:30 at 60 St. Marks Place.

• • •

"War Danger" at 2C, 3F.

"The War Danger" is the topic of discussion at the next regular meeting of Unit 2C 3F next Monday, Aug. 20, at 6 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St.

Unit 6 2A Meeting.

A meeting of Unit 6 2A will be held today at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

• • •

Section 3 Notice.

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party living in the lower or upper Bronx must report at 2075 Clinton Ave., the Bronx, at 9 a. m. Sunday, for important work. There will be a check-up on all those who attend, and absentees will have to answer to the organizational committee.

Workers' School Sport Club.

All girls interested in swimming and joining the Workers School Sport Club will meet at the Finnish Progressive Center, 13 W 126th St., at 7:45 p. m. tonight.

Branch 6, Section 5.

In the signature drive to place the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot, Branch 6, Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party, 2700 Bronx Park East, announces a contest in which a week end at Camp Wocolona will be given free to the member who procures the greatest number of signatures. All members wishing to participate in the contest should apply to the campaign director at 2700 Bronx Park East.

• • •

Working Women.

An important meeting of all organizers of women's work and Party fractions of language groups, United Council of Working Women, and women organizers in trade unions will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square.

District Committee for Work Among Women.

• • •

Bronx Mass Meeting.

The Bronx section will hold a mass meeting at Bronx Labor Lyceum, 3rd Ave. and 170 St. today at 8 p. m. to organize the unorganized laundry drivers.

• • •

Bronx Meet.

All unit and section agitprop directors, campaign committees, literature agents, Daily Worker agents and all other comrades in any way connected with the election campaign work are called to an important conference of the section to be held on Thursday, August 16, at 8 p. m., at 2075 Clinton Ave. Matters of vital importance affecting agitprop and campaign work in the Bronx will be taken up.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

• • •

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

• • •

Newark Textile Relief.

A mass meeting will be held under the auspices of W. I. R. Textile Relief, today, 93 Mercer St., Newark. Strikers from New Bedford, Fred Biedenkapp and Harriet Silverman will speak.

• • •

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A special membership meeting of the Young Workers' Social Culture Club will be held this evening at 118 Bristol St., near Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn. Many reports will be given. All members have been asked to attend.

• • •

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday afternoon, August 18, the United Council of Working Women, will hold open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

• • •

Drug Workers Association.

The drug workers' association holds its regular meet at Room 43, Stuyvesant Casino, 142 2nd Ave. at 8 p. m. today.

Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville English branch of the I. L. D. will hold a meeting Saturday at 347 E. 72nd St. at 7:45 p. m.

SPORT PROGRAM AT MILL PICNIC

Proceeds Go to 30,000 Textile Strikers

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 15.—The sports program of the Workers International Relief picnic to be held Sunday, August 19, at Sylvan Grove, Auschnet St., to raise funds for the 30,000 striking textile workers, was announced today by Joseph G. Pacheco, who will be director of the athletic events.

Other features of the program will be a motion picture of the Passaic textile strike of two years ago, talks by prominent labor men, and refreshments. The program will start at 10 a. m. and continue until 10 p. m. Arrangements are being made for special trolley service to the picnic grounds.

The picnic is expected to be one of the largest ever held in New Bedford and wil be a demonstration of the solidarity of the strikers who have determined to continue the strike until they win.

The Workers International Relief, 19 Willian. St., New Bedford, Mass., is conducting two kitchens, where food is distributed daily to the strikers and their families.

• • •

Five hundred loaves of bread, donated by the W. I. R. branch of Springfield, Mass., was brought here yesterday by William Eskowitz, secretary. Eskowitz promised, if possible, to send a truckload of bread every week.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS HAIL DRAFT PROGRAM

World Communist Meet Lauds Document

Continued from Page One

orate their own national programs on the basis of the international program.

Kolarov, of Bulgaria, declared that his delegation is in general agreed on the draft, but does not agree with Bukharin's statement to the program commission that Bulgaria is a country where a bourgeois democratic revolution is to be expected before a proletarian revolution. The Bulgarian peasants could be organized not only for an agrarian revolution, but also for the fight against capitalism and for socialism.

Duncker, of Germany, then withdrew his objections to the form of the draft, but suggested that it be entitled "Program Manifesto." A short declaration of principles should be extracted, he said, and pasted inside Party membership book. The Congress should adopt the draft.

Mikolos, of the Soviet Ukrainia, declared that the draft failed to mention the Leninist definition of the dictatorship of the proletariat as a class alliance of the proletariat with the non-proletarian toilers for the overthrow of capitalism, the destruction of capitalist attempts at restoration and the establishment of socialism.

India Hails Draft.

Narayan, of India, then declared that the Indian delegation welcomed the draft. Its chief advantage, he asserted, was its detailed treatment of the colonial side of the World Revolution. Certain points referring to the colonies, particularly to India, should be more clearly formulated, however. Regarding the possibility of a temporary co-operation between the Communists and the native bourgeoisie, the Communists must never forget that the native bourgeoisie is incapable of an honest fight against British imperialism. The Indian Communist Party must utilize the differences between the native and the British bourgeoisies, but must never forget that the differences represent no more than a family quarrel between two bourgeoisies.

RUTH HITS HOMER BUT YANKS LOSE TO CHICAGO

The Philadelphia Athletics lost another chance to gain on the New York Yankees, the two American League leaders losing for the second straight time.

Babe Ruth hit home run No. 45, but the Yankees went down before the Chicago White Sox, 8 to 4. Jack Quinn held the Tigers scoreless for seven innings but weakened in the eighth and ninth, Detroit beating Philadelphia, 6 to 3.

The White Sox pounded George Pipgras, who was trying for his twentieth victory of the season, out of the box in the third inning. Faber and Crouse, the White Sox battery, hit home runs and Joe Dugan got a lucky homer in the ninth when Mostil lost the Yankee's fly in the sun in addition to Ruth's homer.

The Cleveland Indians beat the Boston Red Sox, 7 to 0, Shaute allowing eight hits.

Garland Braxton outpitched Sam Gray, the Washington Senators defeating the St. Louis Browns, 4 to 3. Schulte, Browns' outfielder, made two doubles and two singles.

The St. Louis Cardinals gained a game on the New York Giants in the National League pennant race Wednesday, increasing their lead to three and one half games.

Wee Willie Sherdel held the Boston Braves to seven hits, the Cards winning, 7 to 3. Jim Bottomley hit his twenty-sixth homer with two mates on base. A three run rally in the ninth inning brought the Chicago Cubs from behind to defeat the Giants, 6 to 5.

After the Cubs had tied the score 3-3 in the seventh the Giants took a 5 to 3 lead in the first of the ninth. Genewich, however, weakened in the Cubs' half and Faulkner, who relieved him, was unable to halt the Chicago rally. Norman McMillan, Cubs' third baseman, starred at bat, driving in three runs with a home run and two singles.

• • •

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

Chicago 8, New York 4

Cleveland 7, Boston 0

Detroit 6, Philadelphia 3

Washington 4, St. Louis 3

National League

Chicago 6, New York 5

Brooklyn 6, Pittsburgh 5

Cincinnati 11, Philadelphia 4

St. Louis 7, Boston 3

OIL MAGNATES IN BIG CONFERENCE

Royal-Dutch and N. J. Standard Present

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Important oil problems relating especially to the British-American conflict are being considered at a conference now being held in Invernesshire, in which Henri Deterdig, director general of the Royal-Dutch Petroleum Company, Walter G. Teagle, president of the Standard Oil of New Jersey and of the Near East Development Corporation, and John Cadman, chairman of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company are participating.

Important questions are expected to be discussed here, notably that of the import of oil from the Soviet Oil Syndicate and the exploitation of the rich oil sources in Mosul in the Kingdo mof Irak. The conflicting interests of the companies, both in the Near East and in South America have made this conference necessary, it is thought.

Florida Faces Flood; Gale Sweeps Georgia

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 15.—A series of floods in the Lake Okeechobee region of Florida, in the wake of a fierce hurricane today threatened great havoc. A series of gales which have beat against the coast line of the peninsula was causing great damage throughout Georgia.

A wide shallow inland sea has formed in the Okeechobee region, inundating all territory between Okeechobee City and Bassenger.

WATSON ACT IS USED TO FIGHT RAIL WORKERS

Union Misleaders in Betrayal

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—A **statement issued today by the conference committee of railroad managers attacking the taking of the strike vote by the Brotherhoods of Railway Trainmen and Conductors has unexpectedly revealed the bosses purposes behind the Watson-Parker as an instrument put over to prevent all strike activity of the railroad workers.**

Although the union officials have done all in their power to ditch action on the part of the workers and have "arbitrated" the issue four times, the railroad magnates now attack the unions for their "refusal to arbitrate." The move is seen here as a preliminary to a countrywide attack on the railroad workers standards, an extension of the most intensive speed-up now in force on the railroads.

Discredits Law.

The strike vote, the managers declare, is "imperiling the usefulness of the Watson-Parker Railway Labor Act," thereby revealing what they expected the act to accomplish. After the passage of the law the "New York Times" declared editorially that "a strike on the railroads is now inconceivable.

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Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
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Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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Assistant Editor ....WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭	☒	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers!

Against the Capitalists!

The "Happy Warrior" Smells Powder

The first big blast touched off in the election campaign exploded last Tuesday, when the announcement was made at Smith campaign headquarters that the big powder and politics magnate, Pierre Du Pont, cached $50,000 in Al's treasure chest. The news rocked Wall Street. Indeed not since the Du Pont powder wagon exploded in front of Morgan's headquarters in 1921 was there so much excitement in the lair of the financial pirates of the United States.

Fears were expressed that the "Happy Warrior," hitherto a stranger to the smells of the battlefield would not stand up under his first whiff of powder. But according to reports from the war correspondents stationed in the bomb-proof dug-outs of the General Motors Building, Al came up smiling after the smoke cleared away. His brown derby was a little too far down over his left ear, it is true, but his cigar was smoking as usual.

It is just like a dynamite king to blast a pioneer path thru the slush fund wilderness, where other feared to tread since boodle in politics became anathema to the reformers who did not get their share of the swag. Du Pont hurled his bomb at those anti-corruptionists with the sang froid of a white-collar slave spending a dime for a bus ride for his sweetheart.

Fifty thousand dollars!

It's a lot of money. But we are informed that a profit of several millions of dollars is collected yearly by the Du Ponts from their powder and poison gas factories. Several thousand workers toil daily at risk of life and limb to produce those profits for the Du Ponts, some of whom are replenishing the election arsenal of the G. O. P. and others that of the democratic party.

Fifty thousand dollars may look like a high premium to pay for an imperialist insurance policy, but a couple of colonial wars would bring that sum back and more besides. War and imperialism are like Siamese twins. The Du Ponts are not manufacturing powder only for Fourth of July demonstrations. They are not giving their money away to Al Smith because he is a conscientious objector against war. They are giving it away because it will insure a dry spot for Du Pont powder, no matter which of the two imperialist candidates wins in the elections.

The detonation from the Du Pont blast was heard in Nicaragua, and served notice on General Sandino that the election of Al Smith, the democrat, whose platform platonically murmurs against the occupation of Nicaragua, means a continuance of the republican administration's policy in his country. The Du Pont donation is a symbol of imperialism.

* * *

The class-conscious workers of the United States have plenty of food for thought in the powder magnate's contribution to the democratic campaign fund. What are they going to do about it? This is what they should do:

They should become increasingly active in their support of the Workers (Communist) Party ticket. They should rally around the Communist program in this election campaign, the only program that purposes to organize the workers for the struggle against Wall Street, against the imperialist war mongers who batten on the oppressed masses at home and on the colonial and semi-colonial peoples. They should contribute to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund, which is being raised with the object of carrying the message of the class struggle to the workers and exploited formers thruout the United States—the men who will be called on to hurl the Du Pont explosives at the workers and farmers of other countries, in the next imperialist war, and who will be the targets for the high explosives of the Du Ponts of other imperialist governments.

The workers and poor farmers of the United States should work and vote for the Communist ticket, join the Workers (Communist) Party, and mobilize for the fight that will end imperialism, war, unemployment, and poverty forever.

This must be the answer of the American working masses to Pierre Du Pont's $50,000 contribution to the election slush fund of Al Smith.

Two Professors on Imperialism.

"The most significant point with regard to Nicaragua," said Professor J. I. Cox of Northwestern University, "has been the furor of criticism, some well-justified **and some not**, which has been aroused." (Our emphasis.)

This is an example of the method by which a "liberal" professor can help United States imperialism. All the rest of the sentence means nothing beside these three words: **"and some not."** The dear professor appears to be criticizing the invasion of Nicaragua, some of the criticism of which is "well-justified," thus establishing himself as an opponent of imperialism, only to get in the idea that **some** of the criticism is **not** justified. This is the kind of "enemies" that imperialism thrives upon. If the attacks on United States imperialism in Nicaragua are not all justified, then the marines ought to remain there and conquer Nicaragua for Wall Street, of course with "some" reform in their methods of conquest. Pehaps the marines should brush their teeth and chew less tobacco while murdering Nicaraguans, or perhaps be less rough with women and children, or perhaps the professor means they should not drop their guns when the Sandinistas chase them. But since not "all" of the criticism of their bloody work there is justified, of course the real political content of the "liberal" professor's remark is that they ought to stay there and conquer Nicaragua for Wall Street.

* * *

Another professor at work with his jaw. Professor David Y. Thomas, head of the department of history and political science of the University of Arkansas, in explaining that the United States has threatened war against Mexico in the interest of oil speculators against whom criminal actions had been brought in the United States, said:

"The gods on Olympus must laugh every time they think about how our state department is defending those men whom the department of justice moved heaven and earth to put behind prison bars."

Same thing again! Same trick professorial speech! This dear man appears to be attacking the action of the state department in making war on Mexico, but the thing he really slips over is the idea that "the department of justice moved heaven and earth to put" (the Teapot Dome and other oil criminals) "behind prison bars." Did it, now, really? Is there any such fool as does not know that the department of justice in the most methodical and efficient way assured the escape of the oil criminals? The professor is giving Harding's and Coolidges accomplices in the Teapot Dome steal a little clean bill of health while chiding them harmlessly about some other assistance they gave to the same thieves.

Such are professors!

CAMPAIGN CORNER

The Ohio comradea have already collected 12,000 of the 20,000 signatures required to place the Party ticket on the official ballot. The campaign manager for Ohio writes that a big drive is now on to collect the balance of the signatures. August 26th has been set as a tentative date for a Tag Day in Cleveland, and on September 2nd a banquet is being arranged to celebrate the placing of the Party ticket on the ballot.

* * *

Comrade Charles Mitchell, organizer for District 15, reports that the Party units are arranging "Signature Sundays," when all the members must report to headquarters and report back how many names they collected. He is confident that the Party ticket, national and local, will be on the ballot this year.

* * *

Comrade Sorenson wires from Seattle, Washington, for five hundred Natoinal Platforms. This 64-page booklet, which sells for ten cents, is a best seller among Party publications.

* * *

From Baltimore, where Herr Mencken flays the babooserie and the babbitry, hurls his contempt at the working class, and jabs the bourgeoisie playfully in the ribs, comes the news that mass meetings with Foster and Nearing as the speakers are being arranged in that city. The main difficulty, Comrade Berger reports, is to find a suitable hall to hold the crowds that are expected to attend the Foster and Nearing meetings.

* * *

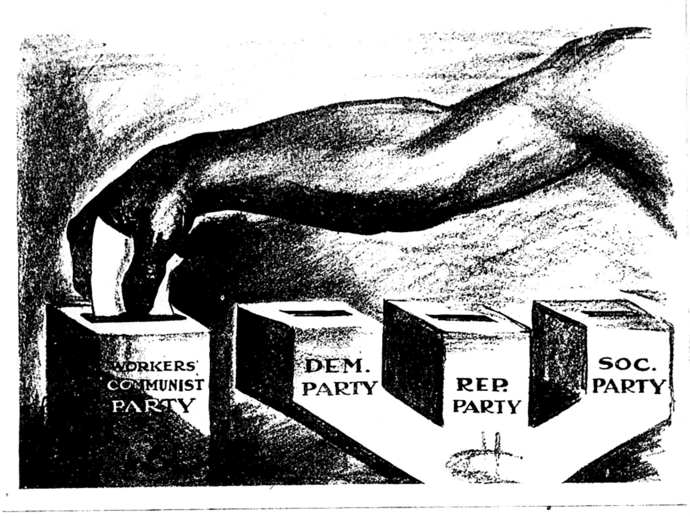
The campaign is gathering speed in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania. Open-air meetings will be organized next month, ad the comrades are arranging a picnic with Benjamin Gitlow as the principal speaker.

* * *

Walter Paananen, West Concord, New Hampshire, sends in $7, for one hundred copies of the "Platform of the Class Struggle."

VOTE COMMUNIST

By Fred Ellis



Nitgedaiget: A Cooperative Rest Home

By HARRY BENDER

White Collar Slaves in Wall St.; Pup Tents on the Hudson; the "Daily" in Need

Scene 1: Wall Street, 12.30 p. m., July 3, 1928. A crowd of workers—mostly white-collar slaves—fills the street. A man rises on top of an automobile. "Comrades and fellow-workers," he begins. But before he can say much more, he is pulled down by a squad of police, kicked, manhandled and hustled off to jail. Some of the clerks in the crowd jeer and hiss the speaker. And in the background, all over the broad United States, 110,000,000 people prepare to celebrate the birth of liberty in these same broad states. The man who had tried to make a speech in Wall Street also celebrates the birth of liberty—in jail.

Scene 2: The casino of Camp Nitgedaiget, Beacon, N. Y., 10.45 a. m., Sunday, Aug. 12, 1928. The casino is filled with workers of various trades. A man enters thru the doorway. Everyone rises spontaneously. Out of several hundred throats bursts in vigorous rhythm the song of freedom, the rallying cry of the workers of the world—the International. The man mounts the stage to loud cheers. "Comrades and fellow-workers," he begins. It is the same man who only a little over a mouth before had tried to make a speech in Wall Street. But the speech he is making now is different, and his audience, tho part of the same class, is different too.

* * *

The speech which Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for United States senator, made at Camp Nitgedaiget last Sunday was fully as serious and important as the speech which he had unsuccessfully tried to make in Wall Street. Above the entrance of the Nitgedaiget dining-hall hung a huge sign: WELCOME ROBERT MINOR. Here in the casino the workers shouted welcome. But Minor had not come here for tributes and cheers and graceful phrases. He had come with a message for the workers at this workers' camp, a message that was a call to duty to one's class.

Minor told an old and ever-new story, the story of the financial struggles of the Daily Worker. It was a story which most of those present had probably heard before. Why bring this melancholy tale to people who are trying to forget their cares for a couple of weeks? This is Camp Nitgedaiget and Nitgedaiget means Don't You Worry.

But the existence of the Daily Worker is not the concern of a single individual, but of an entire class. And this concern cannot be postponed for more convenient times. Bills are unpaid, the members of the staff have received no wages o only a small part of their wages for weeks in succession—the Daily Worker is fighting for its life. Workers, these are your bills that are unpaid, your comrades that are suffering because they have no money to buy the bare necessities, and it is your Daily Worker that is fighting for its life!

What will be your answer?

And the workers gave their answer in unmsitakable terms. Two hundred and seventeen dollars was immediately raised in response to the appeals of Minor and A. Ravitch, business manager of the Daily Worker. Two hundred and seventeen dollars was the answer of Nitgedaiget on Sunday morning.

* * *

But this was not all of the answer of Nitgedaiget. In fact, only the beginning. Minor's appeal for funds inaugurated Daily Worker Week at the camp during which every worker, both vacationists and camp employes, are expected to do their part towards keeping their class paper alive. There are 50 employes at the camp, all of them unionized, all of them working an eight-hour day and a six-day week. The Workers (Communist) Party members among them have voted to contribute an entire week's wages to the Daily Worker. And the non-Party employes will certainly not lag behind.

The Nitgedaiget Unit of the Workers (Communist) Party has taken charge of Daily Worker Week and has outlined a program of activity. Various games have been arranged and other play devices are being used to raise funds. Tomorrow will be Prohibition Day: certain activities and luxuries will be prohibited to the campers, and all those indulging will have to pay a tax to the Daily Worker. Judges have been elected from whose decisions there can be no appeal. Saturday will be literature day at the camp and a literature bazaar will be held under the direction of M. Bailin, agitprop director of the Nitgedaiget Unit.

And the Nitgedaiget dining-room is resplendent with signs. "This is Daily Worker Week, Camp Nitgedaiget Must Go Over the Top." "Show Your Loyalty to the Soviet Union, Support the Daily Worker." These and other slogans are keeping the vacationers from forgetting that this is Daily Worker Week and that they have a duty to perform.

* * *

Thus Camp Nitgedaiget plays its part in the struggles of the American workers. It is only on rare occasions such as the present that public collections are made. But thru other devices funds are constantly being raised for working class causes. And during the present summer the camp has contributed hundreds of dollars to miners' relief and the Joint Defense.

Which is as it should be. There is no forgetting here where the workers rule, where we can sense that power that some day shall be ours. No exploiters, no bosses, no police doing the dirty work of their masters. In this workers' republic, where the camp manager, B. Cohen, is chief commissar, the strength of our class is everywhere palpable, giving strength to the great struggle that goes on around it on picket lines, in trade unions, in the political field.

* * *

Founded five years ago with a few pup-tents where workers came to spend their week-ends, Nitgedaiget has grown swiftly and can now take care of 790 campers, with accommodations for tho winter, too. The camp is constantly being improved and this year 73 modern bungalows supplemented the 300 tents, with bungalows scheduled to replace all the tents next year. And a camp that is run by and for workers necessarily does away with the profiteering and dishonesty of the commercial camps. Fresh food, lodging and a camp life that includes a variety of activities are provided for $17 a week—about half the rate of the "socialist" Camp Tamiment.

And there are activities such as can never be found at the commercial camps, activities in which the collectivist mass spirit predominates. Great emphasis is laid on the cultural expression of the working-class spirit. Every Saturday night a working-class play, written, performed and staged by the campers themselves, is produced under the direction of Jacob Mestel, director of the Freheit Dramatic Studio and an actor of many years' experience. Plays such as these are unique in this country and their counterpart can be found only in the Soviet Union.

During the present season themes such as the coal strike, the elections and colonization in Soviet Russia have been dealt with in dramatic form. Last Saturday a satirical sketch, telling the story of the conversion of a camper who insists on worrying at the Don't You Worry camp, was produced. This was written by B. Fenster, who is also the editor of the Camp Yat, the humorous weekly paper that is read every Friday night at the camp-fire.

And for those campers who can sing, or think they can, there is the chorus, coached by the musical director, L. Malamut, who numbers among his other accomplishments the ability to make an accordion sound almost like a symphony orchestra. Athletics finds Yossel Rashkovich, the agile and spirited athletic director, keeping everyone, even the elderly and portly, on the move.

* * *

And Nitgedaiget has its own daily paper, edited and written almost entirely by Paul Novick, a member of the staff of the Freiheit, for several weeks and now by L. Talmy. the "Potcht," as it is called, makes no pretence at competing with other Communist newspapers, but confines itself rigidly to life at Camp Nitgedaiget. It is a four-page, typewritten wall paper and every morning the campers may be found gathered in groups before the various places where it is hung up, reading and discussing the latest news. "The Potcht" is a complete newspaper, containing editorials, news stories, special articles and cartoons, with the light touch predominating. The editor gave evidence of his excellent news and political sense last Sunday when he devoted his leading editorial to the coming of Robert Minor to the camp.

Lectures are another important part of the cultural activities, and among those who have spoken at the camp this summer are Bert Miller, J. O. Bentall, Ray Ragozin and A. Markoff.

* * *

All these are class activities, part of the class struggle of the American workers. Nitgedaiget offers no escape from that struggle. The Daily Worker and Freheit, which together with the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party are sold during meals, as well as at the camp store, will not let the campers forget the battles of their class. The camp activities, made of the very stuff of these battles, will not let them forget. And Daily Worker Week will not let them forget. For Nitgedaiget is determined to go over the top.

AID FOR CHINESE WORKERS URGED

MOSCOW (By Mail).—The agitation and propaganda department of the Red International of Labor Unions sent out today to all sections and adherents of the organization the following letter:

Dear Comrades:—

In accordance with the decision of the Congress of the Hilu, an international fortnight of help for the Chinese labor movement is to be held.

Fight Terror.

This fortnight of help is to be a worthy reply of the international proletariat to the unrestrained white terror which continues to rage over the territory of China, to the interventionist carousals of all the imperialist powers and especially of Japan; to the unintermittent bloody repressions against the militant labor movement and the Chinese revolution in general. The Rilu and all its affiliated organizations must respond to the appeal for help made by our Chinese brothers by organizing a broad mass campaign of help for the Chinese proletariat. This campaign should consist of acquainting the wide masses of the toilers with the Chinese events, of organizing moral and material help for the Chinese workers, especially by money collections, for the labor movement in China.

In its telegram of June 13 last, the executive bureau of the Rilu called upon all its affiliated organizations to comence energetic preparations for this campaign immediately. How are these preparations to be carried out?

Plan Campaign.

In the first place a commission for the preparation and the execution of the fortnight should be immediately organized, to which should be attracted for joint work representatives of the following organizations: The Party, the I. C. W. P. A., International Workers' Aid, the Youth League, the Anti-Imperialist League, the "Hands off China" Society, the peasant organizations, etc. The wider the participation in the campaign of the most varied strata of the toilers, the greater will be the response to it and the more successful it will be. It is also necessary to draw into the campaign the most prominent representatives of science, literature, art, etc.

Of what should the preparations for the carrying out of this campaign, both along the trade union line and the line of other organizations with which the work is to be jointly carried out, consist? They should approximately consist of the following:

(a) Issue of appeals and their publication in the press.

(b) Issue of special editions of considerable space to be devoted in the organs of the workers' press to questions of the position of the Chinese revolution and labor movement, the policy of the imperialists, the Japanese intervention, white terror, the strike movement, activities of the trade unions, position of the peasant organizations, etc.

(c) Assigning special sums in aid of the Chinese labor movement.

(d) Organizing mass money collections in aid of the Chinese labor movement amongst the wide strata of the working class and toilers in general, and also in aid of imprisoned Chinese revolutionaries and the families of the victims of white terror.

(e) The organization of exhibitions dedicated to the struggle and position of the Chinese workers.

(f) Conducting a mass campaign of protest against the white terror, executions and arrests of active participants in the labor movement of China.

(g) Organizing mass meetings and talks dedicated to the labor movement and the white terror in China.

(h) By showing appropriate films illustrating the revolutionary struggle of the toilers of China and the situation in China.

Told You So

HERBERT HOOVER has accepted the G. O. P. nomination for the presidency and the country can breathe easier. It would be a terrible situation if he had turned it down and put the public thru the ordeal of enduring another republican convention. Herbert trotted out the old dinner pail which exhaled a delightful odor of garlic and onions in addition to the pork and beans of former G. O. P. presidential campaigns. It is true that Hoover scorned the "full dinner pail" slogan as inadequate. So he threw in the flavoring by suggestion.

* * *

HOOVER talked money and no doubt he expects that money will talk back in the elections. Billions for public works are dangled before the eyes of the workingclass voters. The old delusion that a victory for the republican party meant more corn on the workingman's cob and more fat on his ribs is expected to ring the bell again for the G. O. P. And when the worker learned from hungry experience that this was the hokum he decided to switch his vote to the democrats only to find that he was only jumping from a cesspool into a sewer.

* * *

HOOVER'S acceptance speech places him definitely with the most consciously reactionary wing of the republican party. He has digested Harding, Jess Smith, A. B. Fall, Harry Daugherty, Gaston B. Means and William Burns, the "prophesying stool-pigeon." Hoover boasts of the successes of the G. O. P. administration since it took over the task of running this country for the capitalists from the monumental hypocrite Woodrow Wilson. The administration reduced taxes. For whom? What else did the administration accomplish?

* * *

PERHAPS the brain of the engineering genius was so busily engaged planning big things that Hoover did not have time to follow the track of Teapot Dome. Let us refresh the good militarist quaker's memory. The Harding administration turned the department of justice into a cut-rate drug store where the best bootleggers were always welcome and where federal protection could be purchased wholesale at a considerable discount. Business was so brisk that Attorney General Daugherty who was up to his neck in strikebreaking activities could not handle all the graft problems that came to him for solution. So he installed an assistant in the department of justice as head of the Bureau of Graft, Concessions and Protection.

* * *

UNFORTUNATELY Smith, was not seasoned enough for the job tho he had many years experience as a free lance swindler and the poor fellow blew his brains out when he felt that the country was being sold out to the highest bidders and that this was going to fear. Jess would not object to peddling the navy or the oil reserves, but when it was rumored that Daugherty, was about to ask for bids on the white house and treasury building, Smith got scared and bumped himself off. At least the papers had it that he did, but there are others who claim that the dirty work was taken off his hands.

* * *

PRESIDENT Harding died after eating a mess of crabs and Calvin Coolidge, the strikebreaker from Vermont, took his seat. Warren G. was a good old skate, shot craps, played poker and frequently wrapped himself around a potent beverage—in other words he was human. His cronies, Harry Daugherty, A. B. Fall, Denby and the rest of them, also shot craps, played poker and imbibed spiritual cheer. What of it if they got away with a few statefulls of gasoline or shook the bootleggers down for a couple of million? The "patriots" got the gasolene and the bootleggers were violating the law anyhow. A pox on them!

* * *

TEAPOT DOME squirted all over the white house. Things looked so ominous that optimistic radicals smelled a revolution thru the stench. Calvin Coolidge shulked in the recesses of the white house and his lips were as tight as the fists of a dead miser. The looters of the naval oil reserves and other graft mongers were forced out of the cabinet, but to this date only one scapegoat—a fellow to sold the crutches that were intended for crippled war-veterans—was sent to the penitentiary. The others went scott free with their graft. And neither Hoover nor Coolidge nor any other member of the cabinet raised a voice against the thieves.

* * *

THESE are accomplishments that Hoover conveniently ignores when paying his tribute to the most corrupt administration in the history of American politics. He hails Coolidge as a "great president,"—a canny small-bore politician, who might qualify for a position as assistant editor of the Ladies' Home Journal but outside the United States, there is no other country in the world—not even Albania—where he could rise to position in public life equal in prestige to that of village pope in Bulgaria.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

WAR DEPARTMENT DRIVE ON YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE

COURT FAILS TO TERRORIZE FALL RIVER STRIKERS

Deportation Threat Is Made to Pickets by Judge

6 Months Jail for Nine

(Special to the Daily Worker)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 16.—The overawed, confused and threatened with deportation and long prison terms, by the judge, and district attorney and especially hired Portuguese flunkeys, scores of Portuguese textile workers today stolidly refused to be bludgeoned into renunciation of the Textile Mill Committees, the union leading the strike. Nine strikers and leaders most articulate in their pledges of union loyalty were again the victims of savage six month jail sentences and $1,000 "surety bonds."

Openly speaking as mill owners' agent Judge Hanify brazenly declared that the vicious sentences he was meting out were for the offense of picketing and singing strike songs.

Intimidate Strikers

The intense campaign of intimidation of the strikers up for trial was consciously carried thru with the most flagrant disregard of the so-called laws the judge presumably was there to uphold. In a long vituperative attack on the Textile Mills Committee, which he later ordered translated by the Portuguese interpreter, Hanify termed the workers' organization as "criminal" and "illegal," membership in which is punishable by deportation and imprisonment.

Following this fascist procedure, the editor of a reactionary Portuguese paper, and a Portuguese lawyer who is the nephew of the priest who helped police break up the funeral of Johnny Madeiros, drowned boy, then delivered long harangues against the union.

Completely overwhelmed and con-

Continued on Page Three

KELLOGG NOTES BACK FRUIT CO.

Honduras Land Dispute Is Fruit Feud

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Aug. 16.—The Honduran government has received another note from Secretary Kellogg which, it is generally believed, states categorically that the Honduran-Guatemala boundary dispute must be submitted to the Central-American Arbitration Tribunal, which the Honduras government refuses to do.

The disputed land contains large fruit plantations which are being contested by the United Fruit and Cuyamel Fruit Companies, the former of which has branches throughout Central America. The Cuyamel, with its center in Honduras, has consistently refused to submit the dispute to the Tribunal because the United Fruit would have a stronger representation and thus get the better in the decision.

Special CEC Meet on Negro Work to Be Held Tomorrow

A special meeting of the Central Executive Committee subcommittee on Negro work is called for tomorrow at 5 p. m., at the National Office.

As the work of this committee has been much hampered in the past because of failure to attend the meetings, the CEC is requiring that all members shall attend punctually. The committee has just been reorganized and it is of the utmost important for the effective prosecution of this work, especially in connection with the present election campaign, that every member participate.

Majesty of the Law; Throttling Textile Mill Leader

When the terrorism of the Fall River Textile bosses operating thru their police burst upon the textile pickets on Aug. 8, Peter Hegelias, young leader of the Fall River Textile Mill Committees, was one of those most savagely attacked by the authorities. Above, "guardians of the peace" in Fall River throttling the striker for leading the picket lines.

INTEREST RISES IN 'DAILY' AFFAIR

Sunday Carnival Will Draw Thousands

With the huge International Costume Carnival of the Daily Worker at Pleasant Bay Park only two days off, active preparations are now being made at the park to handle the largest crowd that has ever visited there.

Many workers, it was learned, are postponing week-end vacations which they had planned in order to attend the carnival Sunday. It will be the first outdoor costume event that the working class in this country has ever held. Various national groups are planning to attend in their national dress. Pictures will be taken of the best groups, as well as of the best individual costumes, and later published in the Daily Worker.

Great interest has been aroused by the announcement that the editorial staff of the Daily Worker will engage the editorial staff of the Young Worker in a mortal base-

Continued on Page Two

MILITANT MINER IS SENT TO JAIL

Steve Jacobs Framed by Court

CAMBRIDGE, Ohio, Aug. 16.—The Guernsey County Court, before going on vacation, climaxed a busy term of persecution against the striking miners by sentencing Steve Jacobs to one year at the Columbus Penitentiary. Jacobs, tricked by the complicated machinery of the state and fooled by the beautiful promises of the judge, changed his plea of not guilty to guilty, thinking in this way to get free. Jacobs was framed on a charge of possessing dynamite.

Jacobs was approached in his cell and induced to change his plea on Saturday afternoon, one day before the time of his trial. Since he pleaded guilty, the defense was powerless to defend him. Jacobs's case is another attempt to silence strike leaders and put an end to their activities. However, the miners march on to a new organization, a new

Continued on Page Three

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—The United States has accorded de jure (or complete) recognition to the government now functioning in Ecuador, the state department announced today.

BUKHARIN'S REPORT

of the

Executive Committee of the Communist International to the Sixth Congress now in session in Moscow

will be published in the full official text beginning with next Saturday's issue of the

Daily Worker.

"Belt" Claims 18th Victim at Packard Plant

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 16.—The "belt" at the Packard Motor factory took another victim here today when James Wheeler, 55, dropped dead while at work. Doctors said that his work in intense heat was responsible for his death. Wheeler is the eighteenth to die while at work this summer.

Workers in the Packard plant have on a number of occasions protested against the terrific speed-up which has been forced upon them. A large number of those protesting openly have been summarily discharged after their names were turned over to company officials by hired stoolpigeons.

CHINESE LABOR UNION AID URGED

Jeng Tells of Nanking Anti-Labor Tactics

Reports from China arrive daily describing the want and privation under which the Chinese people are forced to live. The workers are suffering through the suppression of their labor unions; the peasants through the unprecedented greed of the land-owners. Besides these internal instruments that hang over the heads of the Chinese people, the presence of foreign imperialist marines in China are used as instruments of intimidation and murder. The reactionary Nanking regime, born of the counter-revolution that betrayed the millions of Chinese peasants and workers, is slaughtering thousand upon thousand of militant Chinese workers, suppressing the labor unions, butchering their leaders.

Photos reaching the outside world

Continued on Page Two

Series on Automobile Industry on Page 3

The second installment of "Automobile — Symbol of Modern Slavery," by Ben Lifschitz will be found on page 3 of today's issue of the Daily Worker.

EXPECT 50,000 AT SACCO MEET

Workers Will Crowd Union Square Aug. 22

That the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration on Union Square Wednesday, August 22 at 5 p. m. will be an unprecedented mass gathering is proved by the number of telegrams, letters and messages which continue to pour into the offices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, Rose Baron, secretary, said yesterday. Labor unions, fraternal organizations, and branches of the I. L. D. are hourly pledging their support of the memorial demonstrations.

Organizations which have answered the call to take part in the demonstration include the Furriers' Union, the International Ladies' Garment Workers, Locals 22 and 43; Architectural Iron and Bronze Workers' Union; the Hand Millinery Workers' Union, Local 43; the Amalgamated Food Workers, Bakers' Local 22; United Council of

Continued on Page Five

GREAT BRITAIN PREPARES WAR

LONDON, Aug. 16 (UP).—A great fleet of bombing planes, to be held as a threat against hostile nations who might bomb London during war time, was urged today as a defense measure.

British air force maneuvers over London for three successive nights have demonstrated the impossibility of defending the city from night air raids. Brigadier-General P. R. C. Groves therefore proposed today a vast increase in the country's bombers. The purpose of the formidable fleet would be to make enemy nations afraid to bomb London, because of the more terrible havoc the British could work in their own cities in retaliation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—A charge that Rev. William Thomas Reynolds, fashionable Episcopal clergyman, was intoxicated last February was made in good faith, Mrs. Marguerite Du Pont Lee asserted in her answer today to the minister's $100,000 slander suit.

Red World Congress Adopts Draft Program

'PROGRAM IS A WORLD PROGRAM FOR REVOLUTION'

Meet Is Unanimous; Bukharin Cheered by Delegates

Stress War Danger

(Wireless To Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, August 16.—The draft program of the Communist International, introduced by Nikolai Bukharin, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, was unanimously adopted at the twenty-eighth session of the World Congress of the International.

A storm of applause greeted Bukharin when in expounding the program he declared, "The Congress should adopt the program which aims to unite the proletarian forces for the coming struggles. The program is a program for world revolution."

Social Democrats Disruptive.

Bukharin in his closing speech on the question of the draft program, declared, "The social democrats say that our program is disruptive, but facts will show the workers that we want unity whereas the social democrats are disrupting the mass organizations of the working class by expelling the Communists, etc.

"Abramovitch declares that the coalition policy means handing over the power of the Party to the workers. The action of all the so-

Continued on Page Two

CLOAK CHAIRMEN TO HOLD PARLEY

Russian Workers and Pressers to Meet

The first shop chairmens' and delegates' conference to be held since the new union of cloak and dressmakers was launched, is to be held next Tuesday, Aug. 21, in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave. Immediately after work. This announcement was made yesterday from the headquarters of the National Organization Committee.

Leaders of the N. O. C. will deliver a report on the progress of the organization drive. Plans for extending the scope of the drive will be discussed and decided on. Scores of non-union shops have already been brought under the banner of the new organization since the last conference of the shop chairmen.

All executive boards of the New York locals in the ladies garment manufacturing industry will meet in joint session tonight at the N. O. C. headquarters, 16 W. 21st St. at 6 p. m. The local committee of the N. O. C. will also take part in the joint executive meeting. This meeting will take up in detail some of the problems encountered in the organization drive.

In the same building a meeting of the Russian Polish Branch of the New York Cloakmakers Joint Board will also be held, the branch secretary, Olga Lvoff, announced.

A general membership meeting of the Pressers' Local 35 is to be held Monday, Aug. 20, according to a letter sent out by the union office yesterday. Louis Hyman, chairman of the N. O. C. and Joseph Goretsky, manager of the local will be the principal speakers.

John Porter

FORCE MILLS TO CLOSE UP AGAIN

Strikers, Invited to Work, Stay Out

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 16.—Abandoning all hope of obtaining scabs with which to resume operation, the Pierce, Soule, Taber, Sharpe and Booth mills clanged their gates shut after keeping them open after a vain standing invitation to the strikers to return. The 58 cotton manufacturing plants here had demonstratively reopened the gates several weeks ago and had kept them open in the hope that the strike would be broken. The gesture of opening and the subsequent police terror was a miserable failure. Not more than a few score of petty foremen returned to work.

The mill closing today was hailed by the masses of strikers as evidence of a coming split in the ranks of the employers.

Eli Keller, union organizer, in a statement issued today answered the charges levelled against him by Thomas F. McMahon, reactionary head of the United Textile Workers' Union. Keller, who is also a leading member of the Passaic local of the U. T. W., was charged by Mc-

Continued on Page Three

13 MINERS DIE IN GAS BLAST

Coal Operators Admit Negligence

COALPORT, Pa., Aug. 16.—Thirteen miners were killed here in the No. 3 Mine of the Irvona Coal and Coke Company late yesterday when a gas explosion went off, due to the criminal failure of the company to rock dust its mines.

One hundred and fifty-nine men were in the mine at the time of the blast. The thirteen who were killed, and one other miner who survived, were working together in one section and were trapped by poisonous fumes following the explosion.

Marina Coccia, the survivor, gave the details of what occurred just preceding the blast.

Officials of the mine admitted their failure to rock dust the diggings, a precaution which is known to be a fairly certain preventative against explosions. Thousands of miners have been killed during the past few years due to the increasing and criminal neglect of the open-shop operators.

JINGO ORDERED PORTER SENTENCE KEPT SECRET AS INVESTIGATION PROCEEDS

Whereabouts of Jailed Textile Leader Remains Uncertain

Link Seizure of League Members Thruout United States With New Move

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 16.—The creeping shadow of the army intelligence service lies over every soldier who dares even in thought to oppose the use of himself and his organization against his class as the result of investigations which the United States war department, is making into the activities of the Young Workers (Communist) League in connection and other activities.

The arrest of John Porter, vice-president of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, and a former serviceman, is reported to have furnished the occasion for the investigation and the secrecy which has surrounded his imprisonment and sentence is attributed to the secrecy with which the war department is proceeding against the workers in the army.

It was Major-General Preston Brown, commanding the first corps district, at Boston, under whose military jurisdiction the case of the young textile leader came, who on his own initiative or that of his departmental chief, requested the war department to keep secret the sentence passed upon John Porter following his sudden transportation to Rhode Island and subsequent court martial several weeks ago.

It was learned that the sentence

Continued on Page Five.

COMMUNISTS WIN ASTORIA FIGHT

Tammany Thugs Forced to Move on

A cheering crowd of 1,000 workers who listened for three hours to speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party last night at Jamaica and Steinway Aves., Astoria, L. I., was the answer to the attack on a previous meeting held last Thursday night. At that time Abe Harfield, Communist candidate for the assembly from the first district of Queens and George Padgug and Paul Muller were badly beaten by hooligan members of the Dwyer Post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. Rebecca Grecht, state campaign manager of the Workers (Communist) Party was arrested on a charge of "inciting to riot." The organization is known to be a decoy for Tammany local bosses.

Resent Expose.

Resentment at the expose of Tammany corruption by Harfield and other Communist speakers at other meetings was the cause of the attack.

Stirred by the brutal attack on the Communist speakers last week, workers from Astoria and adjacent towns on Long Island flocked to the meeting last night. Five minutes after Max Shachtman, editor of the "Labor Defender," opened the meeting, a group of the belligerent "patriots" swept up to the pavement in a car, carried out a platform and erected it about fifteen or twenty feet from the Communist meeting.

At the meeting last night, the principal speaker for the legionists was a certain George H. Kent, said to be a stool pigeon who has been seen snooping around the Workers Center in which Communist headquarters are located with the purpose of spying on the movement.

Cops Are There.

About a dozen sullen policemen from the Astoria station remained during the entire meeting. While Bert Miller, organizational secretary of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party was revealing the long history of Tammany corruption in New York, a bag of water was thrown.

Several minutes later, painfully conscious that their audience consisted at most of 50 persons, the stalwarts from the "foreign wars" organization modestly removed their platform down Steinway Ave., and across Jamaica, where a gentleman, Krump, by name, proceeded to denounce the Communist program.

Among the speakers at the meeting were Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for U. S. Senator; Abe Harfield, Bert Miller, Rebecca Grecht, Philip Frankfeld, acting district organizer of the Young Workers League, John Muller, Donald Burke and Pete Shapiro.

Minor told the history of the Centralia frame-up and how organizations like the Veterans of Foreign Wars and the American Legion are utilized by the capitalist class for "their own dirty work."

Daily Worker Agents Hold Meeting Tonight

An important meeting of unit, subsection and section Daily Worker agents has been called for tonight at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, at 6:30 p. m. Attendance at this meeting is very important, according to a district statement, and no Daily Worker agent should fail to attend.

BOSTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—Two heat deaths were reported as Boston sweltered in the third day of a heat wave. Yesterday was the hottest Aug. 15 in the city's history with the mercury at a maximum of 91.

FUR LOCALS PICK NATIONAL HEADS

U. S., Canada Unions to Hold Meetings

As first steps in following out the instructions thye received Wednesday night at the mass meeting where a new furriers' union was launched, the International United Front Committee of Fur Workers yesterday anounced that machinery is being set in motion to construct the Provisional National Executive Committee of the new national organization.

All the American and Canadian fur garment and fur dressing locals that are represented on the International United Front Committee, representing nearly every local in the present A. F. of L. International Fur Workers' Union, are to hold membership meetings in the immediate future and are to choose their representative to the N. E. C.

The Provisional National Executive Committee is to function as the central body of the new furriers' union till the national convention to be held within 60 days chooses a permanent executive body.

Committees of workers from the locals of fur dressers in surrounding cities and Brooklyn are coming into the office of the left wing Joint Board, which now serve also as the headquarters of the newly launched union, with information of the open shops that swamp the fur dressing trade. They asked that a drive be begun to organize their trade. Since the reactionary A. F. of L. International officialdom began their destructive attacks against the New York Joint Board, the open shop system gained predominance in the fur dressing industry. The officers of the new organization announced that a drive in that industry will be begun as soon as plans now being considered are completed.

The six fur workers arrested yesterday by the police industrial (thug) squad, were fined $5 each when tried yesterday in Jefferson Market Court before Magistrate Goodman. Willie Yacker, the gangster who had slashed Meyer Weinstein who refused to be forced into the scab Joint Council was held for further examination till September 4th. The right wing union was compelled to provide $2,500 bail before the thug was released.

WORLD-WIDE MEMORIALS FOR SACCO-VANZETTI

To Hold Demonstrations in All Countries to Protest Against Class "Justice"

(By Federated Press.)

Yellow-skinned workers of the Orient, swarthy laborers of India together with organized masses of Europe, will mourn with American workers August 22 for Sacco and Vanzetti, and rededicate themselves to the task of freeing Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings from life imprisonment in California.

In hundreds of cities and towns of England, France, Germany, Russia, and in every industrial center in the United States and Canada, these meetings will commemorate the first anniversary of the death of the two "anarchist bastards" whom Judge Thayer, Governor Fuller and President Lowell sent to the electric chair. Meetings have been definitely arranged in 75 American cities and the International Labor Defense estimates that at least 25 more demonstrations are being planned.

The World-wide Sacco-Vanzetti, Mooney-Billings demonstrations will be conducted by the International Labor Defense and allied organizations such as the powerful Rote Hilfe of Germany, Mopr of the Soviet Union, Class War Prisoners' Aid of England and Canadian Labor Defense League. The Germans have prepared a Sacco-Vanzetti film, tracing the history of the men from Italy through their participation in labor struggles in the United States until their death in Charlestown state prison.

Workers at Braintree, England, are contributing to a fund to place a stained glass window in memory of Sacco and Vanzetti in the Trades Council Hall. It was in South Braintree, Mass., that the crime occurred for which the two labor martyrs were framed. When Governor Fuller visited Braintree this summer, he was met with a demonstration of several hundred workers to

Continued on Page Three

Soviet Union Crew Salvages L-55, British Submarine, Sunk in 1919 by Destroyer

UNDERSEA BOAT PLANNED ATTACK ON RED WARSHIPS

Entire Crew Lost, Is Indication

By EUGENE LYONS.

MOSCOW, Aug. 16 (UP).—An almost forgotten tragedy of the world war was brought to light today through the recovery from the bottom of the Baltic Sea of the rusted hulk of the lost British submarine L-55, and the crumbling skeletons of some of her crew.

The fate of the L-55 never was known in detail, but an official government announcement here today said examination of the hulk led to the belief that every member of her crew perished when she was sent to the bottom by a Russian destroyer on June 4, 1919.

The L-55 was salvaged by the Russians and taken to the Kronstadt base. The official announcement said unidentified skeletons were found in the inner compartments of the submarine. The number was not given, but it was not believed that any of the submarine's complement escaped.

Planned Attack on Soviet.

Official information here in Moscow gave details of what happened to the L-55 during the Baltic Sea operations after the Armistice. On June 4, 1919, the fort at Kronstadt reported a fleet of four English minesweepers in Kaprosky Bay, with a submarine periscope showing near them.

The Russian destroyers Agart and Gavril were sent in pursuit. Shots were fired at the periscope. An explosion followed and the submarine appeared no more.

The war department announced it was studying the rusted hulk to determine the conditions under which the L-55 sank.

CHINESE LABOR UNION AID URGED

Jeng Tells of Nanking Anti-Labor Tactics

Continued from Page One

from China, are bloody and horrible. Pictures of Chinese worker-leaders, decapitated, lying in pools of blood; pictures of militant, hanging from posts, their bodies horribly mutilated by the reactionary forces; all these show the need for aid more eloquently than mere words can.

These conditions form the text of a letter from Sou Chao Jeng, chairman of the All-China Federation of Labor Unions, which last night was issued in pamphlet form by the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions, from its office at 96 Fifth Ave., room 314. The letter, which appeals to workers all over the world to come to the aid of their Chinese comrades, reads, in part, as follows:

"Again and again, from the deep underground into which we have been driven by the united counter-revolution of the Chinese capitalist landlords and militarists, and the imperialist robbers, we address to you our ardent appeal for aid.

"We realize that all measures will be taken by our government and yours to prevent our groans and cries of anguish from reaching you. They understand that you would not be likely to look on calmly at the pain and suffering of your Chinese brothers. We know that this appeal will also reach you with considerably delay and great difficulty.

"We have been cruelly deceived by our bourgeoisie; having disposed of the northern militarists with our aid, having captured the Yangtze region, having occupied Shanghai and Hankow, they decided to put an end to us! They betrayed the common struggle of the Chinese people and offered their services to your governments, and together with them they have been destroying and drowning in rivers of blood the workers' and peasants' movement during these last fifteen months.

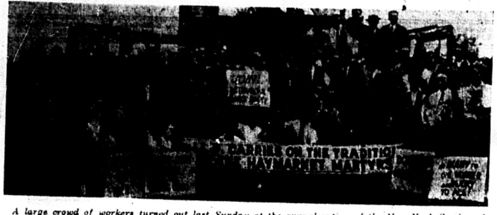
"We are firmly convinced that you will come to our aid and that you will help us in our struggle for right, life and liberty, against the entire counter-revolutionary bourgeoisie.

"We rely upon your fraternal solidarity and your fraternal aid. The cup of patience of the Chinese people is becoming filled. The Chinese peasantry is rising again, while the soldiers refuse to take up arms against the people and go over to the side of the toilers.

"Help us in our struggle and thereby you will also fight against the menace of a new world war."

The appeal is signed by Sou Chao Jong, chairman of the All-China Federation of Labor Unions. Funds for the relief of the Chinese workers should be sent immediately to the Committee for the Aid of the Chinese Trade Unions, Robert W. Dunn, secretary, at 96 Fifth Ave. Room 314.

Workers Demonstrate for Class War Victims at the I. L. D. Outing



A large crowd of workers turned out last Sunday at the annual outing of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense in Pleasant Bay Park. Photo shows a group of participants in the mass scene, one of the features of the outing, displaying their militant banners.

COMMUNIST DRAFT PROGRAM APPROVED

Continued from Page One

cial democratic ministers in Russia from 1917 onwards, however, showed that they served the interests of the bourgeoisie exclusively against the proletariat. The social democrats declare that we are provoking war because we discuss its possibility and warn the workers against it. (Laughter.) Our program is against the imperialist war, for proletarian class unity, against the capitalists and social democrats and for socialism.

Continues Marxism.

"Leninism is not an addition to Marxism but its continuation and development. Lenin did not introduce one atom that was not Marxist into the theory of the proletarian Revolution. In opposing the reformist nonsense concerning 'Asiatic Communism,' we declare that Leninism is the most orthodox Marxism.

"It is impossible to deal in this speech with all the problems discussed in the commission, but Sultansade's attacks regarding finance capital must be answered. Sultansade thinks he is attacking Hilferding, but in reality he is attacking Lenin who held the same view regarding the origin of finance capital.

"With regard to the problem of ultra-imperialism, it would be wrong to deny entirely the possibility of a world-wide trust. However, its affirmation is only possible when the class struggle is ignored. Ultra-imperialism is impossible in practice. By supporting the League of Nations, the social democrats are fighting for ultra-imperialism.

"The draft program stresses the parasitic sides of capitalism, these parasitic sides, however, are not decisive. Capitalism will not collapse in consequence of parasitism but as a result of the intensification of contradictions leading to conflicts. Our program must deal in detail with this in order to refute the social democratic idea of an organized, non-anarchist capitalism. The social roots of reformism have varied bases. The aristocracy of labor is not explained simply by colonial surplus profits but also by the capitalist differential profit, for example: when a highly developed country, like the United States, can exploit backward countries on the basis of a simple commodity exchange.

"The United States pockets the best part of the world's surplus profit today, hence the American proletariat is the most conservative in the world.

"The decline of British capitalism resulted in the decline of the influence of the reformists. The peculiarity of imperialism is that it first lays the basis for the social imperialist ideology and afterwards smashes that basis by intensification of its own contradictions.

Fascism.

"The discussion on fascism showed two extreme divergences; first there is a tendency to describe all attacks on the workers as fascism; second there is the declaration that fascism is impossible in highly developed countries. The truth, however, is that fascism is a special form of reaction characterized by the utilization of the petty bourgeois peasant masses appearing at a certain stage of capitalist decline. Therefore there is no fascism in the United States and only the beginnings of it in Great Britain.

"Regarding the relations of the social democracy with fascism: undoubtedly the former is developing towards social fascism, but there are only tendencies and not a finished process. Fascism and social democracy must not be identified.

Land Nationalization.

"Regarding the question of nationalization of land, Renaud Jean has discovered a contradiction between the non-immediate nationalization of all land and the immediate prohibition of sale and purchase of land. Actually no such contradiction exists. The proletarian revolution cannot afford to make enemies of the peasants by immediately nationalizing all land and it protects the peasants from speculators by prohibiting the sale and purchase of land. The rich estates will be expropriated, the peasant farms will not be. The latest investigations of Riasanov show that Marx had the same opinion on the peasant question as Lenin.

"Regarding the questions of war Communism and NEP, Varga's attitude results from the fact that he underestimates the serious mistakes of the Hungarian Communist Party during its dictatorship. The proletarian dictatorship in Hungary gave the peasants nothing and antagonized them by requisitions and leaving landholders behind on their estates as specialists. The dictatorship also antagonized the petty bourgeoisie by threatening to shoot tradesmen who opened their shops. A recent article of Varga's declared that even if the leaders of the Hungarian proletarian dictatorship had made no mistakes, defeat would have been inevitable from the given circumstances. This represents a serious underestimation of the errors of the Hungarian Communist Party. In consequence of its attitude to the peasantry and the petty bourgeoisie, the dictatorship of the proletariat antagonized the majority of the population. If the dictatorship had given the peasants something, it could have found a means of demoralizing the opposing armies which were largely composed of peasants. Nevertheless the probability exists that in the first stage of the dictatorship of the proletariat war Communism will be adopted.

N. E. P.

"Some comrades are of the opinion that highly developed countries may skip over the NEP and refer to a remark of Lenin's. Lenin did make some such remark, but at the third congress he referred to Britain as the only possible exception. Lenin also approved the draft program at the fourth congress. It is unthinkable that Lenin would have permitted a serious error in the NEP policy to pass without criticism."

700 POLICEMEN FOR SMITH.

ALBANY.—There will be 700 policemen on hand during Gov. Smith's notification ceremonies next Wednesday evening to keep order, direct traffic and enlighten visitors. Details of state troopers will be dispatched here from all parts of the state to aid local police, out in full force, and two dozen employes of the city bureau of streets to be sworn as deptuy sheriffs.

INTEREST RISES IN 'DAILY' AFFAIR

Sunday Carnival Will Draw Thousands

Continued from Page One

ball combat. The game is expected to settle once and for all the much disputed question of intellectual supremacy in the field of proletarian journalism. Though the two staffs are keeping their line-ups secret, a persistent rumor is that Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker, will pitch for his team.

In order to make sure that the game will be fair, Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president, has been secured as umpire. Gitlow has announced that he will be ready to substitute for any player who is injured in the battle.

Other Events.

Besides the baseball game, there will also be an exhibition soccer organizations of the Labor Sports Union and an athletic exhibition by the Finnish Athletic Club.

Many other numbers are being planned, including a Russian hour, with tea served in samovars, open-air dancing and target practice in a shooting gallery.

Tickets are 35 cents and are on sale at the office of the Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square.

The Soviet Union

Is the Fatherland of the exploited and oppressed of all lands. Defend the Soviet Union against its imperialist enemies by rallying around the program of the Workers (Communist) Party, by supporting its candidates in the elections, and by helping to organize the masses for Communism. Vote Communism! Join the Workers Party. Read the Daily Worker.

JAPAN WORKERS URGE SOLIDARITY

Ask All to Support the Chinese Revolution

Pointing out that the workers and peasants of Japan have no quarrel with the workers and peasants of China, the Japanese Workers' Association, through its affiliations in numerous cities in America, has distributed a leaflet printed in Chinese declaring solidarity with the oppressed Chinese masses.

"The Tanaka government in Japan represents the landlord and big capitalist elements," the leaflet declares. "These are the elements that have sent additional troops to Shantung with the real purpose of crushing the workers and peasants revolution in China. And these same elements grind the energy and flesh of Japanese workers and peasants into bloody profits."

Pledging support to the mighty Chinese revolution, the leaflet further states:

"Fellow Chinese workers! We extend our hands to you. Let us unite our forces in China, in Japan, and here in America! Let us work together for the success of the Chinese workers' and peasants' revolution in order to emancipate you from the yoke of foreign imperialism, from the brutal clutches of war lords and landlords, and in order to emancipate us from the exploitation of Japanese imperialists and capitalists."

Downtown Conference of Workers Clubs on Party Election Drive

Many downtown workers' clubs, sick and death benefit societies and fraternal organizations are expected to participate in the Downtown Election Campaign Conference which will be held Friday, Aug. 24, at 60 St. Marks Place.

The conference, which, according to report made by A. Milgrom, who is handling the election campaign for the Workers (Communist) Party in that section, will be representative of many nationalities and many trades, will elect a functioning Executive Committee to actively further the election campaign of the candidates of their own class. Concrete help will be given by the workers of these clubs in the gathering of signatures as well as in the collection of the necessary campaign funds.

All workers' organizations are urged to elect two delegates each to represent them at the conference.

SCAB BOSS IN STEAL.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 16 (FP).—Louis Taback, non-union silk boss, will spend the next 12 months in Atlanta penitentiary. He counselled owners of the Franklin Silk Mills to secrete $25,000 of silk, throw their company into bankruptcy and then cash in on the hidden silk. With him go three other non-union bosses. It is Taback's second offense.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

REPORT NANKING GOVERNMENT BOWS TO JAPAN

New Note Is Sent to Tanaka Regime

TOKIO, Aug. 16 (UP).—The situation between Japan and the Chinese Nationalist government was cleared somewhat today when China indicated her willingness to withdraw her abrogation of the commercial treaty with Tokio.

The Chinese minister called at the foreign office and announced his government's attitude. He intimated that the nationalists were willing to proceed with revision of the treaty.

• • •

Send Second Note.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 16.—A second note has been sent to the Tokio government by the Nanking regime concerning the commercial treaty with Japan and the question of Manchuria. Although the note has not been published, the sentiment among Nanking officials seems to be a strong one against Japanese intervention in the proposed Manchurian-Nanking alliance.

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To Organize Army and Navy.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 16.—The fifth plenary session of the Kuomintang, which has been meeting in Nanking, was adjourned today after having decided to reorganize the army by compulsory conscription, to reorganize the navy on an efficient basis and naming a new political committee which consists of Feng Yuhsiang, Yen Hsu-shan and C. T. Wang.

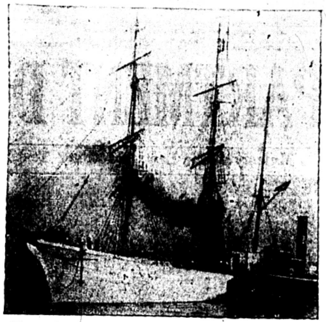
Postpone Needle Trade Election Demonstration Until the 29th of Aug.

The mass meeting and election demonstration of the needle trades workers in New York, scheduled at first to be held on August 15, has been postponed until August 29, at 6 p. m., at Irving Plaza Hall.

The masses of neddle trades workers, who have had a taste of their capitalist bosses' brand of "democracy," will endorse the working class candidacy of William Z. Foster for president, of Benjamin Gitlow for vice-president, and the other candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Among the speakers at the mass meeting will be Benjamin Gitlow, Charles Zimmerman and well known needle workers. Rose Wortis will preside.

Imperialist Ship Prepares for Antarctic



The vessel which is to carry Commander Richard Byrd on his trip to the Antarctic has been towed to a pier in Hoboken, N. J., where it is being provisioned. This latest stunt of the American imperialists is actively backed by the Ford automobile interests. Above, the ship.

POWER GANG TO "POOL" PROFITS

New England Firms Announce Plans

BOSTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—A huge New England power pool may result from a plan being considered by the New England Power Association and the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Boston. Officials of the power association stated today that the proposal would be submitted to the directorates of Boston organizations in the immediate future.

It includes the New England Power Company, Connecticut River Power Company of New Hampshire, Rhode Island Power Transmission Company, Rhode Island Public Service Company, Bellows Falls Power Company, Lawrence Gas and Electric Company, Grafton County Electric Company, and the Lowell Electric Light Corporation.

The Edison Electric Company serves 38 cities and towns, including Boston. It also sells electricity in bulk to 10 other light and power companies and municipalities.

REFORMIST WAR SCHEMES FLAYED

German Reds Demand Referendum

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The intention of the Social-Democratic controlled cabinet to continue with the naval building program to the limit provided by the treaty of Versailles, in spite of its expressed admiration of the Kellogg pact, has roused much comment and criticism from conservatives and liberals alike, which may lead to a crisis for the cabinet of Dr. Meuller.

The conservatives point out that inspite of the election promises of the reformists, the socialist cabinet is continuing military and naval preparations. One armored cruiser, costing $20,000,000 has already been built, and five others of the same size will be built.

In order to meet the reformist criticism in its own ranks the Social Democatic Party is calling a conference for Saturday in which the best means of meeting the criticism and organizing a strong coalition will be discussed.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

NEGRO PREJUDICE IS ASSAILED AT BIG MEETING

Speakers Attack Judge for Discrimination

At the meeting called by the Boro Civic Association of Brooklyn at 1658 Fulton Street to protest against the anti-Negro attitude of the judge at the recent trial of Mrs. De Luca, Henry Roseman and Ben Licht of the American Labor Negro Congress were warmly received by the audience when they called for solidarity of the Negro and white workers against exploitation.

The speakers pointed out that at the trial of Mrs. De Luca, a white woman, the judge declared that she had no business to live among Negroes, since it is impossible for white and colored people to live together. When the lawyer, Mr. Serrio, doubted the word of the prohibition agent the judge declared, "In my section of the country had you made any such accusation against an officer of the law he would smash you before you got out of the courtroom, or if he had sufficient self control to wait until he got outside, he would have taken personal vengeance upon you regardless of consequences."

Roseman and Licht explained the policy of the Negro Labor Congress which was aimed at the wiping out of all exploitation. A resolution, providing for a meeting of all Negro organiations in the near future was passed.

Section 1 to Mobilize Sunday for Wind-up of Signature Campaign

Section 1, downtown, will make a grand-stand bid for the coveted banner to be awarded to the section which first succeeds in getting the number of signatures required to put the candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in any one assembly district.

The downtown section will concentrate its efforts in a final drive in the Eighth Assembly District, Manhattan, in which only [illegible]0 signatures more are needed to put Louis Hendin on the ballot for assembly. The Eighth Assembly District also forms a large part of the Fourteenth Congressional District, in which Alexander Trachtenberg is the Communist candidate for congress.

ONE BIG DAY
of Sports, Amusements and Fun

Daily Worker
International Costume Carnival

Sunday, August 19
Pleasant Bay Park

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New York City

Games,
Contests,
Open Air
Dancing,
Athletics,
Mass
Singing

Directions:
E. 180th St. Subway to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line—Free buses to park

Troops Attack 5,000 Dalmatian Workers and Students Protesting the Fascist Pact

FIGHTING GROWS IN SPALATO AS MEET CONTINUES

Demand Autonomy; 84 Arrested

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Aug. 16.—Opposition against the ratification of the Nettuno Pact that gives the Italian government special property rights in Dalmatia, which is on the Adriatic facing Italy, coupled with the movement against the Belgrade regime oppression, has led to a monster demonstration in Spalato, a Dalmatian city. Five thousand students and workers paraded through the street in spite of the attempt of the police and military to break the demonstration.

When the demonstrators, bearing slogans that denounced the Nettuno Pact with the fascist government and calling for autonomy, were ordered to disperse by the police they continued on their march. The military was called out and in the effort to break up the parade fighting between the soldiers and the demonstrators continued until 2 o'clock in the morning. Eighty arrests were reported and the casualties are not known.

The Nettuno Pact, which was passed by the Belgrade parliament when the opposition was absent, and which is declared by the autonomists to be void, has aroused great opposition in Croatia, Slovenia and Dalmatia, provinces that had been incorporated under the Jugoslav kingdom against the will of the inhabitants. The special rights given the fascists in Dalmatia, it is charged, would abrogate the rights of local peasants and increase the oppression that they have suffered at the hands of Belgrade.

MILL STRIKERS STANDING FIRM

Intimidation of Court Fails

Continued from Page One

fused by this threatening terror, a number of strikers were said to have denied membership in the T. M. C. These, and many other, received six months probation terms. Most of these, however, came to the headquarters of the union later and affirmed their allegience, declaring that they did not understand what they were doing after being confused by the barrage of questions in court. Several, however, actually deserted the ranks on being faced by a six months jail term.

Manuel Pacheco, husband of a woman striker beaten up on the picket line by the police, rose courageously in court and defiantly hurled at the judge, "I will stay with the Textile Mill Committees till the very end." Joseph Travis, 17-year old striker staunchly maintained his legal right to strike and picket and denounced police brutality on the picket lines. They were included among those receiving six months terms. The others were James Ried, union leader; Manuel Rogers, Jesse Cordiero, Antone Sousa, Joseph Pachecho, Louis Ferriero, Bill Seroka and Henry Lavoie. Bail of $1,000 each was demanded in addition to the surety bond of similar amount.

Strikers Determined.

Tactics of the mill owners and their agents in the courts in jailing strike leaders and every man rising from the ranks to assume the helm of the struggle, will fail, strikers declare. They are determined to stay out till they win the wage cut fight.

The union and the International Labor Defense are issuing appeals to raise the enormous funds necessary to gain the release of the leaders. In ensive efforts are to be made to spread the walkout, and the union leaders' release will hasten this event, the appeals state.

World-Wide Sacco-Vanzetti Protest Meets

Continued from Page One

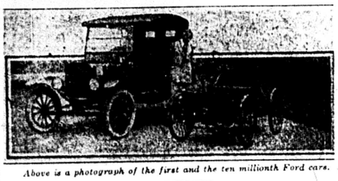
show him that English labor had not forgotten. On August 22 tens of thousands of London workers are expected to meet in Hyde Park and Trafalgar Square.

Meets Thruout U. S. S. R.

The week of August 19-25 will be observed throughout the Soviet Union from Leningrad to Vladivostok as Sacco-Vanzetti, Mooney-Billings week. In the remote villages special meetings will be held and great demonstrations are planned in the leading cities. It was Leningrad workers who saved Mooney from hanging in 1917.

A group of Boston liberals will hold a memorial meeting August 22 in Steinert Hall. Among the speakers will be seen Edna St. Vincent Millay, Alexander Meiklejohn and Robert Morss Lovett. Sponsors include Samuel Eliot Morison of Harvard, Alice Hamilton of Harvard Medical School, Mrs. Gertrude L. Winslow, Catherine Huntington, Creighton Hill and Gardner Jackson, of the Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee.

"Tin Lizzie" From Infancy to Mass Production



Above is a photograph of the first and the ten millionth Ford cars.

AUTOMOBILE--NEW GIANT

Largest Industry Drives to World War

This second in the series of important articles on "Automobile—Symbol of Modern Slavery," by Ben Lifschitz, deals with the vast scope of the industry, the giant combinations fighting for power and the driving forces to imperialist war. Tomorrow's article will take up the question of the saturation point of the industry and the struggle between the Ford and the General Motors combines.

• • •

By BEN LIFSCHITZ

The automobile industry ranks first among American manufacturing industries, based on the wholesale value of its products. The motor vehicle bodies and parts for the industry rank ninth.

Motor vehicles	$3,371,855,805
Motor vehicle bodies and parts	$1,511,976,000

The magnitude of this combined industry can only be conceived when we compare the motor vehicle industry (including bodies and parts) with the two next largest industries in the country, slaughtering and steel. The figures follow:

Slaughtering and meat packing	$3,050,286,291
Steel works and rolling mills	$2,946,068,231

The two combined industries of meat packing and steel have a wholesale value of $5,996,354,522, against the combined wholesale value of the motor vehicles, bodies and parts, which is $4,883,831,805.

The figures for 1926 give a clear picture of the size and growth of the automobile industry:

Production (U. S. and Canada)	$ 4,428,286
Number cars	3,936,933
Number trucks	491,353
Wholesale value motor vehicles and parts	4,696,945,620
Cars (U. S. and Canada)	$2,730,385,507
Trucks (U. S. and Canada)	433,371,169
Parts sold by motor vehicle manufacturers	308,251,944
Replacements parts and tires	1,224,937,000
Exports of motor vehicles (U. S. and Canada)	487,289
Registration (U. S.)	22,001,393
Cars	19,237,171
Trucks	2,764,222

Raw Materials Used in Manufacturing Motor Cars and Trucks.

MATERIALS	Amount used in motor vehicle manufacture and per cent. of total U. S. production of raw materials	
Iron and steel (tons)	4,850,000	14 %
Plate glass (sq. ft.)	64,500,000	50 %
Production of upholstery leather (sq. ft.) per cent. used in motor vehicles	39,050,000	63 %
Rubber (tons)	303,616	84.7%
Aluminum (pounds)	50,000,000	25 %
Copper (pounds)	250,000,000	12.7%
Tin (tons)	16,700	21 %
Nickel (pounds)	9,250,000	28 %
Lumber, softwood (board feet)	250,000,000	
Paint and varnish (gallons)	15,500,000	
Gasoline (gallons)	8,566,450,000	80 %
Domestic consumption (total)	10,708,068,000	
Lubricating oil (gallons)	350,000,000	

Number of Workers Employed.

The Census of Manufacturers gives the figure of 3,743,781 employed directly and indirectly in the automobile industry. This figure represents not only wage workers employed in the factories making motor vehicles, parts and accessories, but all other workers employed in the production of tires, gasoline, oil and all other products used indirectly for the automobile. It includes also chauffeurs, truck drivers and salesmen of all kinds.

Employed Directly.

Motor vehicle	factory workers	374,281
Parts and accessory		320,000
Tire		100,000
Motor vehicle, supplies and accessories, dealers and salesmen		360,000
Garage employees		125,000
Repair shop employees		450,000
Professional chauffeurs		500,000
Professional truck drivers		900,000
Gasoline refinery and oil workers		110,000
Tire dealers and salesmen		95,000
Trailer factory workers and salesmen		10,000
Automobile financing and insurance		20,000
Total, directly employed		3,365,281

Employed Indirectly.

Iron and steel	70,000
Copper, lead, tin, nickel and aluminum	15,000
Railroad workers	95,000
Plate glass workers	15,000
Tannery and leather	10,000
Woodworkers	15,000
Upholstering	15,000
Asbestos brakelining workers	1,500
Lacquer and enamel workers	5,000
Coal miners	3,000
Electric power workers	2,000
Road material factory works	12,000
Machine tool workers	20,000
Highway officials, contractors and engineers	100,000
Total, indirectly employed	378,500
Grand total	3,743,781

Motor Vehicle Manufacturing Business (U. S.)

Capital invested (tangible assets)	$2,089,498,325
Wages and salaries for 375,281—number employed in car and truck factories (Does not include workers employed on parts, accessory, body and tire mfg.)	657,724,859
Automobile insurance	428,088,202

Automotive freight exceeded 3,280,000 carloads in 1926.

Automobile Industry and Its Relation to War.

There are two factors that make the automobile industry essentially a war industry, always at the disposal of the governmental machine.

1. The utilization of the motor truck on a large scale for military transport and as a means for the quickest mobilization of the army, especially for shorter distance hauls. Those who followed the world war know what importance the motor truck played generally in the war and especially in surprise attacks.

2. The machine shop and other factories of the automobile industry are very easily convertible to the making of war material, guns, shells and airplanes.

The Ford factories were turning out thousands of machine guns during the war and are now already converting some of their plants for the manufacture of airplanes. The Packard plant as well as others were also used to build war supplies during the war.

The Powerful Combines of the Automobile Industry.

1. Ford Motor Company.

The Ford Motor Company was incorporated on June 16, 1903. The capital originally subscribed in the company was $110,000, of which only $28,000 in cash was paid into the treasury. There were twelve stockholders, including Henry Ford, who held 25 per cent. of the common stock. Later, in 1906, Mr. Ford acquired sufficient stock to bring his holdings up to 51 per cent., and shortly thereafter purchased an additional 7½ per cent. In 1919, Edsel B. Ford, who had succeeded his father as president, purchased the remaining 41½ per cent. of the outstanding stock. On July 9, 1919, the Ford Motor Company was reorganized under the laws of the Delaware, for an authorized capitalization of $100,000,000. The company was chartered to build automobiles, trucks, tractors, aircraft, internal combustion, engines, ships, locomotives and all allied products.

The Ford organization represents a complete industrial chain. Raw materials, transportation and manufacturing are entirely under the company's control.

The company operates 35 branches in the United States, of which 32 are assembly plants. It has foreign offices and associate companies in South America, Cuba, Mexico, Europe, Egypt and Japan. The Ford Motor Company of Canada is located at Ford, Ontario. It supplies the trade in Canada and the British Empire, except the British Isles. It has foreign plants in all important centers of the world.

The first Ford car was completed in 1892. It was not until 1903 that the famous "999" model shot across the motor horizon.

In 1908 the model "T" appeared and with it the first real standardization was reached. With that point attained, the unparalled production growth of the Ford Motor Company began.

Counting from the first car, Henry Ford made, it required 30 years to produce the frist five million Ford cars. But the second five million cars were built in three years, May, 1921-June 4, 1924, when the ten millionth Ford car chugged briskly out of the shop to join its 9,999,999 forerunners. Just 381 days later (June 20, 1925) the twelve millionth Ford car was completed, and the fifteenth million car was scheduled to be off the line early in 1927.

This quantity production of an unheard-of scale, was only made possible by the introduction of new manufacturing methods, the conveyers system and the other methods of modern slave driving.

• • •

Sources for the data here contained are "Facts and Figures and Figures," issued by the National Chamber of Commerce.

Other sources are "Ford Industries," issued by Ford Motor Company; "Tables," issued by the General Motors Company.

Some of the data were gathered with the aid of the district office of the Workers Party of Detroit. Additional material was obtained from Robert W. Dunn, who is now writing a book on the auto industry, "Labor and Automobiles," which will appear shortly.—B. L.)

COSTA RICA IN OPPOSITION TO U.S. DOMINATION

Demand Interpretation of Monroe Doctrine

GENEVA, Aug. 16 (UP).—A delicate problem, affecting the United States and Latin-America, has ben placed before the League of Nations by Costa Rica.

The Central American Republic, in rejecting an invitation to rejoin the league, from which it resigned a few years ago, asked the league for an interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine.

Costa Rica, in her message to the league, characterized the Monroe Doctrine as a purely one-sided declaration by the United States, not binding on the Latin-American nations. Before joining the league, she desires a precise interpretation of the doctrine, especially as it affects the position of Latin-American countries in the league.

Costa Rica's pronouncement, coming so soon after Argentina's similar declaration to the league last March, was regarded here as showing the increasing solidarity of the Latin-American republics, as well as the increasing tendency of Argentina to assume the leadership of the southern nations, in place of the United States.

It is certain that the league will not venture an interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine without the full agreement of the United States.

Bulgarian Terrorists Practicing Cossack Maneuvers

The white terror in the Balkans has had no freer and more savage area to wreak its tortures on workers and peasants than in Bulgaria. Headed by reactionary army officers and Jingoes, the fascist organizations in Bulgaria have murdered, tortured and jailed thousands of workers in the last decade. The picture shows one of the cavalry officers practicing for war against the workers and peasants.

MILITANT MINER IS SENT TO JAIL

Continued from Page One

union, in spite of all attempts to stop them.

Others implicated with Jacobs of "possessing" dynamite will be tried during the fall term of court. Since Jacobs is known in the Cambridge district as a progressive miner and an active organizer, distributing leaflets and picketing, therefore he was put behind the bars in all haste. The coal operators in the Cambridge district are well protected by the courts against any attempt to organize or picket their mines.

Death Record in China of White Terror

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—The International Red Aid publishes the following figures which show the results of the White Terror and class justice in China from the month of January to the end of May. According to reliable data, for the most part taken from the capitalist press, in the course of five months in China:

2,974 revolutionaries were murdered.

3,055 had disappeared.

7,949 were arrested.

FORCE MILLS TO CLOSE UP AGAIN

Continued from Page One

Mahon with not having the support of the union membership in Passaic. In the statement Keller declares that this charge is untrue, pointing to his election as the Passaic delegaet to the coming national convention of the Textile Mill Committees in September, while he was away from his home local.

Plans are rapidly being completed by the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union to make the welcoming reception for W. T. Murdoch a memorable one. Murdoch, union leader will be freed Monday after completion of a three month prison term for picketing.

A mass welcome meeting, which is being prepared for Monday will also inaugurate a new membership drive for the Textile Mill Committees organization.

BRAZILIAN MINE WORKERS HUNTED BY VIGILANTES

Jungle Fights Rage for 2 Months

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, Aug. 16.—An outbreak of workers in the diamond mines in the State of Matto Grosso was suppressed by Mordeck and his army of 10,000 vigilantes (keepers of the status quo—fascists) whtn they chased the 2,000 workers over the border into the State of Guyaz.

The disturbances started two months ago when the workers found that they had been paid in counterfeit money by the foreign prospector-bosses. Enraged at this added exploitation after they had worked in stifling and disease-festered jungles for months, the workers organized an army, intent on chasing the exploiters from the country.

Troops summoned by the governor failed to suppress the uprising. Fighting in the jungles and mountains about the mines has lasted for months. The workers chose Carvalhinho, Portuguese name for tht sturdy water oak, as their chief.

Mordeck, who actually rules the district with the help of his army of vigilantes, who, when they are not fighting, do spy and guard duty for the companies, collected 10,000 of his followers, outnumbering the workers by five to one, and forced them to flee over the border.

TO AID IMMIGRANTS.

In the first Israelite Immigration Congress to be held in Buenos Aires, resolutions were adopted establishing a fund for loans to new arrivals. Plans were made for experimental farms, garment factories and homes, and for ultimate aid to relatives to immigrants to join their families in Argentina.

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Philadelphia Worker Is Arrested Five Times in One Week, Correspondent Writes

HANDOUTS

The best comedy now running in New York is the street cleaning graft investigation before Commissioner of Accounts James A. Higgins. The last act concerned a large payroll carried during the summer to protect city traffic from a sudden tie-up due to snow storms. The new one is just as good. The funnyman this time is Terrence Gillan, who told a story on the stand so improbable it ought to be published in True Stories Magazine. Yet he uttered his words with an air of sublime confidence. He said he was a boss at the Flushing dump and also had a job in the post office. He put in seventeen hours a day, he said. This was quite a grind. At the same time he needed the money. He worked from 6 p. m. to 2 a. m. at the post office. He got home as soon as possible and slept rapidly for 3 hours, until 6 o'clock, when he had to get up to get to the dump by 7 a. m. Here he worked until 4 p. m., he said. Other workers at the dump testified he had never been observed working there within their memory. If he was ever around it was purely in the role of spectator.

* * *

Handouts Ticket

Two prominent business men shown above are offered to the American voters for president and vice-president. They are guaranteed to put a kick in politics and if they reach the white house will do the working class just as much good as Herbert Hoover or Al Smith.

* * *

The socialist party press is advising workers to buy lots in Florida which are now selling for $2 each. But what with the hurricanes if you buy a lot in Florida you never know where you're going to find it, just as you never know where to find the S. P.

* * *

For Publicity's Sake

Euality under capitalism means that no matter what job you pick you can be sure of getting your share of misery. For instance chorus girls spend half their time looking for work and when they get a job it doesn't last long but long enough for them to listen to one long melody—the stage manager cursing. Their beauty only lasts a few years and then they're thrown out with the garbage. Above are two girls in George White's scandals forced by the publicity director to have their picture taken in front of a row boat in Coney Island. What they're afraid of is they won't have a chance to get off before the plane starts.

Gems of Learning

Miguel Primo de Rivera, son of Spanish dictator, who has just reached New York:

"I have always wanted to come to the United States, and grasp this opportunity, given me by my father, as a great pleasure. I have seen so much that is interesting and inspiring come to us out of the United States. . . ."

For instance, loans.

Peter J. Maloney, broker:

"Although the republicans talk about hard times under a democratic administration they forget the fact that a democrat gave them the Federal Reserve system, a thing that has made possible the bull market of the last four years."

The democrats' greatest contribution to the bull market has been Al Smith.

—M. C. H.

PICKETING AT COHEN SHOP IS CHIEF "CRIME"

Legionnaires Active in Fascist Work

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA (By Mail).—It seems that America is going toward the olden days of the Czarist regime. The air itself is oppressive. In the shops, factories, mills, mines, the workers are slaves, exploited by the greedy bosses, thirsty for profits. No freedom, no democracy, no liberty for the toiling masses. The bosses, the imperialist, they can, and do enjoy all sorts of freedom and use all methods to oppress the working class, and smash any attempt on the part of the latter to free itself from slavery and oppression.

In the olden days of the Czarist regime, spies and spy agencies could be found in every corner of the country, to prevent the organization of the Russian workers and peasants.

Fascist Methods.

America today is employing the same methods. The American Legion, the eVterans of the Foreign Wars, the K. K. K. and a number of other fascist organizations are acting as spy agencies of the capitalists against the workers.

A dose of "democracy" was given to the writer of this article in the week of July 23. America is a free country. You have the freedom of starving in this country, no guardmen, no policemen, not a man of the capitalist state power will stop you. If you organize and refuse to starve, if you fight to better your conditions, then you are in for a dose of capitalist "democracy."

Monday, July 23, I got up to go to the picket line of the striking shop of S. J. Cohen, a clothing factory located at 13th and Callowhill Sts., this city. When the angels of freedom, with clubs in their hands, got tired of looking at me they arrested me with five other militant young workers who were in the picket line with me. The lawyer got us released later on bail. At five o'clock, same day, I was again arrested for being on the picket line (second time in a day). Why was I arrested? Well, try to guess it! "For breach of peace!" Isn't that a crime?

Tuesday morning, July 24; a very nice morning, but the air was oppressive. As soon as you get on the picket line you hear the voice of the "angels of freedom:" "Say, you! get to hell out of here." I ignored those orders and at eight o'clock in the morning I was again arrested (third time). Fortunately, I was taken all three times to the same police station, 10th and Bottonwood, and in the morning of Tuesday, at 9:30 a. m., a judge tried me, combining the three charges in one.

$10 and Costs.

The judge asked the policeman: "Why was this young fellow arrested?" When told for being in the picket line in front of the striking shop, the judge, without questioning me at all, declared: "Ten dollars and costs." I made an attempt to speak, but two "angels of peace and order," stationed behind me in the court room, dragged me away to the cell.

Friday, July 27, the Young Pioneers of Philadelphia organized a picketing demonstration in front of the S. J. Cohen shop, still on strike. Banners and placards, denouncing the terrible conditions of the Philadelphia clothing workers, were carried by the Young Pioneers. As soon as the demonstration made its appearance near the S. J. Cohen shop the squad of uniformed police, stationed there to defend S. J. Cohen, arrested me again (fourth time) and two other girl leaders of the demonstration. When taken into the station the two girl leaders were released on bail about two hours later. The captain of the Ten and Bottonwood police station detained me until very late at night.

The hearing of the latter case took place the morning after. The two girls were discharged. Even though I was charged with the same charge as they were, that of "breach of peace," the judge liked to have a separate case of mine and put me under $600 of bail. For a charge of breach of peace, constitutionally speaking, according to the laws, the judge has no right to detain anyone on $600 of bail. But we have democracy and the judge uses all the democracy he has against the workers.

We have "democracy" in America, but the workers are not allowed to tell to another fellow-worker not to vote for Hoover. Workers are not allowed to speak against the citizens' military training camps, a capitalist militarist institution for training the youth of this country to become good soldiers and stand ready for the coming war.

It's "seditious" to say that "the Soviet Union" is a good country, a country where the workers and farmers enjoy their freedom, the fruit of the revolution. In Philadelphia it is "seditious" to say that Coolidge is a strikebreaker.

Philadelphia is a big city. The city of "brotherly love," the city where American "independence" was declared, the city that has the bell of liberty. But now the bell is cracked, and so is liberty cracked in this country.

Saturday evening, July 28, while speaking at an open-air meeting at 29th and Cumberland Sts., an American legionnaire resented the statement that Coolidge is a strikebreaker, and that Hoover represents big business and not the workers, and that the Soviet Union is the only government that gives freedom to the toiling masses.

This legionnaire, this rat, this fascist, made an attempt to break up the meeting, but failed. A squad of policemen from the 31st district were called by the legionnaire and succeeded in getting me arrested (fifth time within a week), charging me with "seditious utterances against the U. S. government." A comrade came to the police station to get a copy of the charge to have me released. When he arrived at the station he was detained in jail with the same charge.

For two days none of the magistrates wanted to sign the bail to have us released, and therefore we had to sleep two nights in the stinking prison.

Until when will this be kept up? The workers are beginning to get tired of this kind of "democracy." The workers must and will organize to abolish this corrupt system of society. Then, when that day will come, these oppressors, these exploiters, these reactionaries of today, will be given the same kind of democracy that the workers enjoy under their regime.

DOMENICK FLAIANI.

The Business of Paying for Al Smith

Mayor James Walker, of New York and Tammany, recently auctioned off the first bale of cotton to reach the northern market from the south. The proceeds went to the Smith campaign fund to the larger donations from the DuPont armament interests, and others interested in electing Wall Street's "ace in the hole" candidate. At the left, Mayor Walker, next to him is Baron Collier, wealthy advertising man, who bought the cotton and it is understood engineered the stunt.

GUN-GOOD-WILL IN THE HAWAII ISLANDS

HONOLULU, Hawaii, Aug. 16.—The anniversary celebration of the landing of Captain Cook on the Island, in 1778, is being used here as an occasion for the display of American military and naval power, that is calculated to awe all watching Hawaiians. The British government, aroused by the display of American force, is rushing three battle ships to participate in the ceremonies.

The United States governments has sent its secretary of war, Dwight Davis, to bring an intimate token of American "good-will" on the battleship Pennsylvania. More guns now command Honolulu harbor. Other battleships are also here.

American troops, armed, parade through the streets as airplanes hover over their line of march. Davis watches the marching columns and the airplane maneuvers from behind the bayonets of his guard.

JOBLESS IS JAILED.

UNION CITY, N. J., Aug. 16.—Despite the fact that Henry Recklefs, 58 years of age, unemployed and homeless, affairms that he was never near 3754 Hudson Blvd., he has been sentenced to serve 90 days in the county jail on the charge of sleeping in the cellar of that place. No consideration was given to the fact that Recklefs had turned over a poor woman's pocket-book with some money in it to the local police who returned it to the owner.

MILL COMMITTEE FORMED BY OHIO STEEL WORKERS

Put Forward Demand for Strikers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CANTON, Ohio (By Mail).—Four hundred chippers and 100 grinders working for the Central Alloy Steel Company of this city are on strike.

This is the third time that the men have gone out since the company has lowered their pay. The men have organized into the Central Alloy Mill Committee and have put up their demands.

On July 25, without any notice, the men were cut from fifty-two and a half cents an hour plus the bonus, to forty-five cents an hour, and the bonus was cut. The wages dropped from six and seven dollars a day to five dollars and fifty cents. On July 27, in a peculiar manner, Mr. Seldon, the superintendent, raised the scale to 55 cents and assured the men that they would earn more than $6 a day.

But what did they find? They discovered that instead of more than $6 they were getting only $4.40 a day. That was the limit, and on Monday, August 6, the 500 men walked out.

The company has a plant in Massillon, about eight miles from here. One of the employment officers informed the committee of the men that they would split the difference between the pay in Massillon and Canton, and give them the difference. In other words, the company is determined to cut wages also in Massillon.

The steel workers will not stand for it. They have issued a leaflet putting forth the following demands: $6 for an 8 hour day, the removal of Mr. Seldon, the superintendent, who is the cause of most of the trouble in the plant, and the recognition of the Central Mill Committee.

The leaflet which the men issued calls on the other men in the mill to come out on strike, and tells them that if the chippers and grinders lose the strike, wages will go down all round. There is no question of this, for as the employment officer informed the men, the steel manufacturers' association have decided on the wage scale, and evidently decided that the beginning must be made in Canton.

Four of the men were arrested last night for distributing the leaflet of the Mill Committee but were immediately released on bail.

The Mill Committee is determined to put through its demands. The men are not making extortionate demands, but they realize one thing and that is that they must be organized.

Central Alloy is a merger of the Central Steel Corporation of Massillon and the Alloy Steel Company of Canton and its policy is now to cut wages. The men recognize that if they do not get together in an organization they will not be able to fight back. They are organizing and will fight back.

G. R.

Ransom Rideout's "Goin' Home" Coming to Hudson

THE Hudson Theatre will house the Brock Pemberton production, "Goin' Home," which is scheduled to open next Wednesday night. This will be the first Pemberton production in two years. Ransom Rideout is the author of this new opus which deals with the Negro soldiers in France.

The cast includes Georges Renevant, Barbara Bulgakov, Richard Hale, Russell Hicks, John Irvin and Ralph Collinan.

* * *

Crosby Gaige puts "Little Accident" into rehearsal next Monday. It is a comedy by Floyd Dell and Thomas Mitchell, based on Dell's novel, "The Unmarried Father." Mitchell heads the cast. This will be Gaige's first production of the season.

* * *

When he has finished getting his new play, "Gang War," ready for New York, Willard Mack will turn his attention to "Paid Off," his next production, of which he is also the author.

* * *

"Night Hostess," by Philip Dunning, will be presented by John Golden at the Martin Beck Theatre, September 10. The cast is headed by Marguerite Churchill, Gail De Hart, Norval Keedwell and Ross Alexander.

* * *

Another Golden production, "Eva the Fifth," in which Clairborne Foster plays the leading role, will open tomorrow night at Great Neck. The play is due at the Little Theatre, August 28.

MAY CREATE MONARCHY.

BARI, Italy, Aug. 16 (UP).—A report that Albania soon would be changed from a republic to a princedom has been brought here by travelers from Tirana. It was reported that Ahmed Bey Zogu, president of the republic, would be named prince after the constitution is amended by the new parliament, whose election will be completed Thursday.

IN NEW GARDEN FILM

Emil Jannings who is appearing at the Cameo Theatre in "Fortune's Fool," a new German picture having its first showing here.

ISADORA DUNCAN DANCERS COMING FROM MOSCOW

Isadora Duncan's dance school, which she founded in Moscow in 1920, is going to make a tour of the United States this fall, according to an announcement received from the U. S. S. R. The group will open a week's engagement in November at the Manhattan Opera House.

Shortly before her tragic death, Isadora Duncar made plans to bring her Russian students to America. The Soviet government has sanctioned the tour to comply with this wish. The school was entrusted to Irma, one of the adopted daughters of Isadora, who has been in charge of the group the past few years.

Florida Faces Flood; Gale Sweeps Georgia

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 16.—A series of floods in the Lake Okeechobee region of Florida, in the wake of a fierce hurricane today threatened great havoc. A series of gales which have beat against the coast line of the peninsula was causing great damage thruout Georgia.

A wide shallow inland sea has formed in the Okeechobee region, inundating all territory between Okeechobee city and Bassenger.

BOXER HURT IN MISHAP.

BOSTON, Aug. 16 (UP).—"Rocky" Stone, Boston heavyweight boxer, was injured last night when his automobile collided with another car near Park Square.

'SOCIALISTS' IN SABOTAGE ROLE IN UNIONIZATION

Give Out Patriotic Leaflets

READING, Pa. (By Mail).—The campaign to organize the unorganized workers of Reading, launched by the "socialist" party members and officials of the Federated Trade Council, to a superficial observer would seem as a serious attempt to really organize the scores of thousand unorganized workers in Reading and vicinity.

A close observation, however, of this "join the union" drive, a careful study of the literature of the same, of speeches delivered, will reveal the nature and purpose of the campaign, that no real support is lent this campaign and that the policy pursued is that of trailing along, one of sabotage.

Any attempt at organizing the workers, if it is to be successful, must be based on the concrete issues and demands that arise from the very problems and conditions of the workers.

To attempt to organize the workers on issues that have nothing in common with the interests of the workers, as put forward in Reading by the "socialist" party members, such as "self respecting American citizenship," "boost Reading, for a better American city to live in," "unionism means peace and harmony in industry," "unionism is for the workers and not against anyone," and the like. This is, in reality, only bringing illusions and confusion into the minds of the workers. Such treacherous and anti-working class policy of the socialist official trade union leadership can be understood when we realize the fact that the "socialist" party is nothing but the third party of the capitalist class, the party that represents the interests of small business and professional people.

Instead we find the "socialist" party members and the trade union officials appealing to the workers to organize on the basis of what? In a leaflet, "What America Means," distributed at the open-air meetings, we read, "For one hundred and fifty years Americanization has meant equality of opportunity, for the poor as well as for the rich, for the worker as well as for the employer." And, "Trade unionism is to be self-respecting Americanism that carries over into industry the principles of democracy. That is why great Americans—presidents, judges, clergymen, priests—believe so strongly in labor unionism."

SECOND BAZAAR ANNUAL

DAILY WORKER
and
FREIHEIT

Madison
Square
Garden

4
days

4
days

Thursday, Friday,
Saturday, Sunday,
4th, 5th, 6th, 7th
October

Conference of Labor and Fraternal Organizations
Tuesday, August 28 at 8 P. M., at Manhattan
Lyceum 66 E. 4th St. Elect Your Delegates Now

Every City in America, Every Labor and
Fraternal Organization to Have a Booth

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

The LADDER
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SEATS NOW ON SALE
8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied
With Play.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S
MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42nd & B'way Now
Emil JANNINGS
in "FORTUNE'S FOOL"
AND
CHARLES CHAPLIN
in "THE FIREMAN"

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

SUPPORT THE
$100,000 Communist
Campaign Fund

A campaign to rouse the workers and poor farmers to revolutionary struggle against the capitalists and their government.

FOR	AGAINST
1. Organization of the unorganised.	1. Wage cuts, injunctions and company unions.
2. Support of the miners and textile workers' struggles.	2. Unemployment.
3. Recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.	3. Treachery of the labor bureaucracy.
4. A Labor Party.	4. Discrimination against Negroes.
5. For a Workers' and Farmers government.	5. Imperialist war.

HELP TO PROVIDE A FUND TO

Place the Communists on the Ballot.

Tour speakers and organize mass meetings.

Furnish campaign publicity and advertising.

Publish campaign literature.

Respond Now! Respond Now!!

Send All FUNDS to
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treas.
National Election Campaign Committee
43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Thousands of New York Communists to Aid in "Red Week" Beginning Monday

WORKERS WILL HOLD TAG DAYS AUGUST 25 TO 26

Labor Organizations to Aid Collections

The week of Monday, August 20, designated as Red Week by the Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, will be observed by many workers' clubs throughout the city by the suspension of their routine orders of business in favor of a much shorter one. Many workers' clubs have already signified their intention of sending their memberships out with collection lists to collect funds for the Workers (Communist) Party Election Campaign Fund after a short address on the importance of the 1928 elections, the vital issues at stake with respect to the exploitation and union-smashing policies of the capitalist parties. Other workers' clubs, which have not yet arranged for this abbreviated order of business are urged to do so by the Election Campaign Committee of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party.

"Never before in any election campaign," said the Campaign Committee in a statement issued last night, "has the similarity of both the democratic and republican parties been so evident as this year, with dyed-in-the-wool republicans on the democratic committee and staunch democrats who have served their party in many a crooked deal intending to cast their votes for Smith the strikebreaker. That is why many thousands of workers will this year actively support the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party who have remained apathetic in previous campaigns."

While collection lists will be seen in every part of New York where workers live or meet all week, and thousands of pencils will write thousands of names on those lists along with thousands of contributions to the Communist Campaign Fund, the bulk of the money expected will result from the two Red Tag Days of August 25th and 26th. All workers of this city are urged to participate. Stations have been set up in every workingclass section of the city. To effectively carry on the Communist campaign thousands of leaflets will have to be distributed and funds for printing are urgently needed.

RANKS OF STEEL PICKETS SWELL

Meet Deportation Move With Longer Lines

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 16.—A picket line swelling day by day is the answer of the strikers in the Central Alloy Steel Corporation to attempts of the authorities to smash the walk-out of 500 men by seizure and detention of strikers on charges involving deportation proceedings.

Unterrified by the detention of six strikers by the immigration authorities the strike is continuing unabated with the five hundred chippers and grinders solidly organized in the Central Alloy Steel Mill Committee, and determined to spread the strike to the steel industry the country over.

Unable to prosecute them with a shadow of legitimacy, the authorities have been forced to relinquish two of the strikers detained. The remaining four, having passports, expect to be released within the next few days.

The cases of four men arrested "on suspicion" have been continued.

Attempts of the special steel guard to terrorie the pickets with guns and powerful lights blazing at night at every entrance to the mills have completely failed to affect the morale of the men.

Solidarity of all workers with the strikers in Canton was exemplified in the miners' relief meeting attended by 2,000 men and women in Nimisila Park, Tuesday night. Besides his plea for the miners, I. Amter, working class leader, urged the importance of carrying to a finish the struggle in which the men are now engaged with the steel corporation. Amter declared that the surrender to the corporation now means immediate reduction of wages, not only in Canton, but thruout the steel industry. His speech was enthusiastically received by the workers.

Strike leaflets were sold at the meeting and distributed on the picket line the following day.

DISCUSS CHINA SITUATION.

"Has the Chinese Revolution failed?" This is the topic of a talk to be given by Y. Y. Chow, student-worker who recently arrived from China, under the auspices of Unit 1, Section 4, Workers (Communist) Party of America. The meeting will be held to-morrow evening at 8 p. m., at 143 E. 103 St. No admission charge will be made. After the talk there will be discussion from the floor.

Crack Negro Punch-ball Team Wins Championship

Defeating a strong field of contestants, the Lincolns, of Harlem, crack Negro punch-ball team, have won the third annual punch-ball tourney in New York City. This fast team won five straight shut-out games to win their district championship. Reading left to right: (Front row) George Grant, coach; Waldorf Rayner, Harold Pat Hogan, Robert Johnson; (Second row) Andrew Jackson, manager; Frank Lawrence, captain; John Holt, Alexander Dennis. (Back row) Sinclair Romney, Cyril Henrickson, John F. Brown and Thornton White.

YANKS TRIM CHICAGO BY SCORE OF 11 TO 1

(By United Press)

The New York Yankees and Philadelphia Athletics came out of their batting slumps simultaneously Thursday, both American League leaders winning. The Yankees beat the Chicago White Sox, 11 to 1, and the Athletics beat the Detroit Tigers, 18 to 6.

Waite Hoyt held the White Sox to four hits, while the Yankees pounded ten Blankenship and George Cox for 14 hits. It was Hoyt's fifteenth victory of the season. Lou Gehrig connected for three doubles, driving in five runs. Bob Meusel drove in four runs with three singles.

The A's collected seventeen hits off three Detroit pitchers. Jimmy Fox hit a home run and two doubles and Al Simmons got a home run and two singles. George Earnshaw weakened in the ninth and was relieved by Bullet Joe Bush who stopped a Tiger Rally.

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The two National League leaders —St. Louis Cardinals and New York Giants — were beaten, the Cards maintaining their 3½ game lead.

Lance Richbourg, Braves's right fielder, was the hero of Boston's 9 to 4 victory over St. Louis. Richbourg accounted for six runs with a home run, double and triple on his first three trips to the plate. Ed Brandt held the Cards to seven hits.

Artie Nehf yielded his former mates only nine hits, while the Cubs knocked Vic Aldridge from the mound, beating the giants, 6 to 2. Cuyler and Grimm drove in two runs each

Burleigh Grimes won his twenty-first victory of the season, the Pittsburgh Pirates beating the Brooklyn Robins, 11 to 6. Grimes made three hits and drove in two runs himself.

The Philadelphia Phillies gathered 22 hits and beat the Cincinnati Reds, 13 to 4.

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YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League.

Chicago 6; New York 2
Pittsburgh 11; Brooklyn 6
Philadelphia 13; Cincinnatti 4
Boston 9, St. Louis 4

American League

New York 11, Chicago 1
Cleveland 10, Boston 8
Philadelphia 18, Detroit 6
St. Louis 7, Washington 2

MAIL LINER AGROUND.

SAN PEDRO, Calif., Aug. 16 (UP).—The Pacific mail liner Acuador, with 200 passengers and a crew of 25 men was aground off Cape San Lazarus, Baja, California, today, advices to the marine exchange here said.

5 ROBBERS CAPTURED.

Five robbers, who held up a restaurant in which a policeman was eating a sandwich, were captured today after a thrilling one mile chase through a populous section of Brooklyn.

ARMY CHIEFS TO PROBE OF Y. W. L.

Jingoes Order Porter Sentence Secret

Continued from Page One

of the court martial was from one to two years' imprisonment with loss of citizenship, tho this was not officially stated. "It concerns the United States army, not the newspapers," Major-General Brown is alleged to have remarked in this connection. "The newspapers had better forget it."

Investigating League.

While implying that they could not understand the action of Major-General Brown in this case, officers at the war department gave it as their unofficial opinion that the move was based upon secret investigation which the army intelligense service is taking into the activities of the Young Workers League at this time.

Brown is away on a tour of inspection and was unavailable to answer inquiries.

Efforts to determine the extent to which the military intelligence investigation has proceeded to date and the measure in which the civil authorities and those of the war department are cooperating the apprehension of Young Workers League members have remained unavailing so far.

Secrecy.

The same uncertainty shrouds all attempts to pierce the mystery of the present place of detention of John Porter. Normally, Porter would be expected to serve his sentence at the eastern branch of the United States disciplinary barracks at Fort Jay, Governor's Island, New York. It is long-term prisoners who are shipped to the main prison barracks at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

The papers in the Porter case, together major general Brown's request that the facts be not given to the newspapers, are on file in the war department. Under army regulations the sentence of a court martial must be made in open court.

ARREST 2 "REDS" IN QUAKER CITY

2 Young Communists Held for Speaking

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—One member of the Young Pioneers here, and one member of the Young Workers (Communist) League were arrested Tuesday night while addressing an open-air meeting at the insistance of B. L. Butterbaugh, of 630 N. 40th St. and Lloyd Siliger, of 4028 Powelton Ave., who complained that the speakers were uttering "seditious statements."

The Young Pioneer is Benjamin Weiss. He is fourteen years of age and a student at a local high school. Thomas Pinsker, who is the League member under arrest, was chairman of the meeting. They are being held by the police for court at the Moyamensing Workhouse, prison.

Despite the arrest of the two young Communists other speakers of the League continued the meeting at another corner. The audience of workers at the open-air meeting was greatly incensed at the action of the police, it is reported.

The Workers' (Communist) Party has issued a statement denouncing the police terrorism and declared it would pay no fines to the court. It further stated that it will continue, as well the League, to hold open-air meetings.

TWO JINGOES KILLED.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 (UP). —Major Joseph Russ was killed and Lieut. Col. Edwin Butcher was injured today when the automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Pennsylvania Railroad train at Barnsley, near Oxford, Pa., the war department was notified.

50,000 EXPECTED AT SACCO MEET ON AUGUST 22

Union Square Will Be Scene of Memorial

Continued from Page One

Working Class Women; Butchers' Union, Local 174; Window Cleaners' Protective Union, Local 8; Associated Shoe and Slipper Workers; twenty-seven Workmen Circle Branches in New York; Suit Case, Bag and Portfolio Makers' Union; the Paper Box Makers' Union; United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Local 1090; and the International Seamen's Union.

Workers Mobilized.

In addition to these organizations the entire membership of the New York section of the I. L. D. has been mobilized for leaflet distribution duty. One hundred thousand leaflets printed in English, Italian and Yiddish, calling for a mass attendance at the demonstration will be distributed by Saturday. Two hundred fifty thousand circulars have been printed.

It is expected that the police department will have more than 1,000 uniformed cops on duty on the Square to see that "order" is maintained. Last August during the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstrations the police employed machine guns, tear-bomb squads, armored motorcycles in "protecting" the mass demonstrations.

50,000 Workers To Attend.

Rose Baron, in a statement issued yesterday said: "All the agencies of so-called public opinion, the press, the movies and the radio are anxious to stifle every mention of the forthcoming Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting. The ruling class in America wants these two heroic names blotted out forever. The New York section of the International Labor Defense calls upon every militant worker in the city to make it his or her duty to attend this mass demonstration. The names Sacco and Vanzetti must never be forgotten; they must be watchwords ever reminding us of the fury of class justice here in America."

It is estimated that more than 50,000 New York workers will crowd the square on the day of the memorial meeting. The demonstration will start at 5 p. m. Wednesday, August 22nd.

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Urge Women To Attend.

The Committee for work among women of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, District 2, in a statement issued yesterday, called upon the working women to show the capitalist class and their government at Washington that they remember the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti one year ago, by attending the memorial mass demonstration on Union Square Wednesday, at 5 p. m.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

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Party Functionaries.

All Party functionaries, including unit, section and subsection organizers, agitprop directors, industrial organizers, literature agents, etc., bureau heads, editors, are to meet at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square, today at 6:15 to take up plans for the Red Week arranged for August 20 to 26. Conflicting meetings should be called off.

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Special Functionaries Meet.

There will be a special functionaries meeting today at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. All section, subsection and unit functionaries must be present. Important developments in the election campaign will be discussed.

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Perth Amboy Open Air Meet.

An open air meeting has been arranged for Perth Amboy for Saturday, at 8 p. m. Louis A. Baum, secretary of the Photographic Workers' Union, will be the principal speaker.

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Section 3 Notice.

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party living in the lower or upper Bronx must report at 2075 Clinton Ave., the Bronx, at 9 a. m. Sunday, for important work. There will be a check-up on all those who attend, and absentees will have to answer to the organizational committee.

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Branch 6, Section 5.

In the signature drive to place the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot, Branch 6, Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party, 2700 Bronx Park East, announces a contest in which a week end at Camp Wocolona will be given free to the member who procures the greatest number of signatures. All members wishing to participate in the contest should apply to the campaign director at 2700 Bronx Park East.

• • •

Working Women.

An important meeting of all organizers of women's work and Party fractions of language groups, United Council of Working Women, and women organizers in trade unions will be held today at 8 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square.
District Committee for Work Among Women.

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Subsection 3E.

International Branch 1 will hold a very important meeting on Monday, 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. The roll call will be taken.

An important meeting of Unit 3E, 1F will be held on Tuesday, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Every comrade must be present. The roll call will be taken.

Unit 3E 2F will hold a very important meeting on Tuesday at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 7th St.

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Unit 5F, 3D Meeting.

Unit 5F, 3D of the Workers (Communist) Party has postponed its next meeting from Wednesday to Thursday evening on account of the Sacco and Vanzetti demonstration in Union Square. The meeting will be held Thursday, at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

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Williamsburgh Open Air Meets.

Tonight, at Myrtle Ave. and Prince St. Speakers: D. Klein, S. Weiss, M. Hoffer and H. Harris.

Tuesday, at Graham Ave. and Varet St. Speakers: Claire Steckloff, A. Weinfield, Ray Gordon and S. Weiss.

NO SMALLPOX IN ALASKA.

ALASKA, Aug. 16 (UP).—Coast guard physicians and Nome territorial doctors said today that reports of a smallpox epidemic were erroneous.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

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OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

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Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

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United Council of Working Women.

Tomorrow afternoon the United Council of Working Women will hold an open-air demonstration to inform the working women of the conditions of the striking miners and needle trades.

Meetings will be held in various sections of the city and will be addressed by prominent speakers of the labor movement. Wives of workers have been invited to participate in these demonstrations.

Coal Diggers Overcome in Vain Effort to Put Out Raging Mine Fire

AMSTERDAM, O., Aug. 16.—When a crew of miners entered the diggings of the Amsterdam Coal Company mine Wednesday in an attempt to put out a fire, Frank Browne was overcome by the fumes. He is reported to be in a very serious condition today.

According to reports received at the headquarters of the National Miners' Relief Committee, the blaze started after all the coal diggers had left the pit.

Although the company maintains that the fire was caused by crossed wires, its origin has not been officially ascertained. Unless the miners succeed in bringing the blaze under control, it may be necessary to seal up the mine and suspend operations.

John Maher, who drove Coney Island's only remaining cab, was knocked down and seriously injured by a motor car as he stood patting his horse, Betsy.

NUN IMPLICATED AS ACCOMPLICE IN OBREGON CASE

More Evidence Involves Mother Concepcion

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 16.—In the further investigation of Mother Concepcion, who is held as an accomplice in the assassination of Obregon, further testimony was produced that indicated that the nun was directly involved in the plot.

When Toral was taken to the nun's home shortly after the crime the first question he asked was: "Mother, are you ready to die with me?" The nun did not deny that she was the "intellectual author" of the crime and reconfirmed her opinion that the religious problem in Mexico could only be settled by the death of Obregon and Calles.

Leon Toral, assassin of Obregon, in a statement made from prison says that he is pained that the pope should reprove him for his noble deed and hopes that he will not be excommunicated from the Catholic Church.

FISHERS STRIKE IN NEW BEDFORD

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 16.—Inspired to resistance against the lowering of working standards by the heroic 18 week old strike of 28,000 textile workers, more than 250 unorganized fishermen abandoned the boats of the fishing fleet after employers announced a wage reduction.

The bosses attempted to reduce wages of the fishermen ten dollars less each trip, this cut meaning about $250 a year as 25 trips are generally made each year.

Though never organized, the example of struggle shown by the textile workers, contributed largely to the fishermen's immediate answer of "Strike."

William Brown, secretary of the Fishermens' Union is expected here today. He will attempt to establish a local union here.

More than half of the entire city's fishing fleet is tied up by the strike.

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All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

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Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
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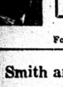

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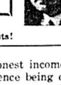


☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Smith and Straton—Birds of a Feather

"I will hire the largest hall . . . I am going to ask the mayor of New York and Mr. Smith, as governor, for all necessary police protection, and, if it should be necessary, military protection."

So says John Roach Straton in his debate with Al Smith as to whether there shall be a debate. The issue is whether Smith is of the spawn of Tammany Hall's organized crime, as Straton contends, or whether Straton is a cheap faker, a professional liar, as Smith contends. It is one of those cases where both contenders are correct in their contentions, as far as they go.

But the grandiloquent words of Straton about police protection and military protection if necessary, are only bunk. Of course Straton knows that Smith's Tammany police will give him complete protection, simply because the faking sky-pilot represents a section of the ruling class. It is only the spokesmen of the working class that Smith's Tammany thugs assault and blackjack and jail for speaking. Defenders of capitalism get protection from the same police thugs that assault those who attack capitalism.

Straton represents just as thoroughly as Al Smith does the filth and crime of the society which both of them uphold and defend. If Tammany Hall and its present leader, Smith, have grown powerful on the organizing of prostitution, gambling and graft, the Reverend Straton draws his own dishonest income from the same source—the difference being only in the directness. While Smith's contact is that of a leader and organizer of the thugs, finks, ward heelers and contractors through whom the prostitution, gambling and graft are organized at first hand, the Reverend Straton's contact is, so far as we know, only with the nice gentlemen at the top whose control over society is the cause of the degradation, crime and misery. The capitalist system of exploitation of the working class is the cause. Straton lives by lies that help keep the system alive, just as does the meanest fink of Tammany Hall. This dirty-handed hypocrite only helps to conceal the real cancer with his quack remedies which pretend to cure the symptom.

Straton is right in saying that Smith is a spawn of crime.

And Smith is right in suggesting that Straton is a sneaking hypocrite.

The workers and exploited farmers have the fundamental interest and necessity that runs counter to both these servants of capitalism—the necessity to abolish the foul and criminal capitalist system in which both Smith and Straton are but sewer-birds.

Work for the liberation of your class. Work and fight to create a new and free system of society without exploitation, without prostitution, crime and graft, without poverty and misery—and wihout Smiths and Stratons.

Join the Workers (Communist) Party. Vote Communist.

Fruit Companies Brew War

WALL STREET'S and Washington's fingers are now raking an odorous mess on the boundary of Honduras and Guatemala. One of the chief objects of the American money masters in Central America is to disunite the five republics (Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, El Salvador, and Costa Rica.) While it is the expressed desire of the peoples of all these countries to unify, American imperialism has kept them divided, in the interests of plunder and war.

The dispute over the Guatemala-Honduras border is in reality a contest between two American fruit companies, the United Fruit Company and the Cuyamel Fruit Company, both Wall Street enterprises. The Cuyamel Company is in Honduras, while the United holds sway in Guatemala. Both are trying to control valuable fruit lands. Each dominates a government and wants its puppet to have jurisdiction over the disputed lands.

Fruit Companies Fight.

For many years the United Fruit Company has virtually controlled Guatemala. Today it owns one fifth of the territory of that country. In 1913 the Cuyamel Fruit Company obtained a concession from the Hondurian government of 25,000 acres of land in the Motagua river district. The ownership of this territory has been in dispute for over 100 years between Guatemala and Honduras. When the Cuyamel Fruit Co. secured its grant, it started to improve the land and to build a 33-mile railroad in 1913.

Before starting work on its improvements, the Cuyamel sought to obtain permission from the Guatemalan authorities. Naturally, being United Fruit Company employees, they refused. Despite the action of its competitors, the Cuyamel started work but was forced to stop because of the armed intervention of the United Fruit Company's government. The Cuyamel Fruit Company, however, was allowed by Guntemala to construct just one mile of the railway.

• • •

In 1918 the entire dispute was submitted to a representative of the U. S. government, Mr. Roy T. [illegible], minister to Costa Rica. But no decision was reached. Obviously, the U. S. government, which is impartial to its imperialist proteges, would not decide between two American exploiters. The dispute is still unsettled. The United Fruit Company, which has a monopoly on the fruit business in Central America, is doing all its can to crush its competitor. It even will go to the extent of starting a war between Guntemala, and Honduras, in order to stamp out its rival.

All logic suggested that the question be referred to the Central American court. When this tribunal decided the dispute between Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Honduras, and the United States over the canal rights in Nicaragua in favor of Costa Rica and Honduras and against the United States, the United States simply refused to recognize the action of the court.

Guatemala, that is, the United Fruit Company, is willing to accept the jurisdiction of the Central American court. Honduras declines to submit the rights of the Cuyamel Fruit Company to this body.

Seek to Destroy Rivals.

If the United Fruit Co. is the victor, it will mean that the Cuyamel will be cut off from any outlet to the Atlantic coast. In short, it will mean the end of this competitor of the United Fruit Co. If the Cuyamel wins, the United Fruit Co. will be restricted in its activities to the left side of the Motagua river.

The officials in each country are tools of the respective companies. Their "patriotism" has been aroused to warlike heights. Accusations of bribery have been hurled from both sides freely. The fact is that both fruit companies spare no expense in gaining their object. Even the labor unions are bought. The Guatemalan Federation of Labor addressed a letter to William Green in July, 1928, attacking the Cuyamel Fruit Co. as the instigator of the trouble, while at the same time it forgot to mention that the United Fruit Co. controls the political life of Guatemala, and without doubt, inspired the indigation of the Guatemalan labor fakers.

• • •

"Divide and Rule."

THE United States fears an independent Central America. It has thus far been successful in buying or forcing these various governments to abide by its will. In Nicaragua the imperialists meet with the resistance of Sandino and his forces. In a united Central America the task of suppression and murder would not be so simple as it has been in the past. The axiom of "divide and rule!" is the guiding principle of American domination of this Wall-Street-raped territory.

General Augusto C. Sandino, who many times has announced that his struggle against imperialism is not limited to the confines of Nicaragua, has written to the people of Honduras and Guatemala, calling on them to refrain from being incited to war for the pleasure of the two U. S. fruit companies.

In a letter to his friend, Froylan Turcios, editor of Ariel, in Tegucigalpa, Honduras, Sandino says:

All in Danger of Imperialists.

"In the name of Nicaragua, of Honduras, of Guatemala, I ask all the people who have a clear understanding of the situation in Central America to try to avoid, by all means possible, any break among ourselves. You must make the people of Latin America understand that among ourselves boundaries should not exist and our duty is to take equal interest in the welfare of each of the countries of Spanish America, because we all share the same dangers from the colonizing policy of the Yankee imperialists.

"For example, the question of the boundaries between Guatemala and Honduras, between Honduras and Nicaragua; the canal dispute between Nicaragua and Costa Rica; the quarrel over the Gulf of Fonseca by El Salvador, Honduras and Nicaragua; the Tacna-Arica controversy between Peru and Chile. In this manner, important affairs of Latin America are tangled up without being settled among ourselves. The Yankee imperialists have studied us well and profit by our state of culture and our lightness of character to imperil us whenever it suits their interests.

"The Yankee imperialists are the worst enemies of our people. When they see us fired by patriotic inspiration, when we sincerely seek unification, they stir up from the depths our latent quarrels; they incite hatred among us that we may continue disunited and weak, and for that reason easy to colonize."

• • •

IMPERIALISM brings destruction, desolation and internecine struggle to Central America. Out of these countries they take a king's ransom in profits. By fighting the competitive battles of the contending Wall Street vultures the workers and peasants of these countries weld their chains about themselves tighter.

Only by eliminating U. S. imperialism in Central America can the political and economic problems of this scene of Wall Street's unnumbered crimes be solved.

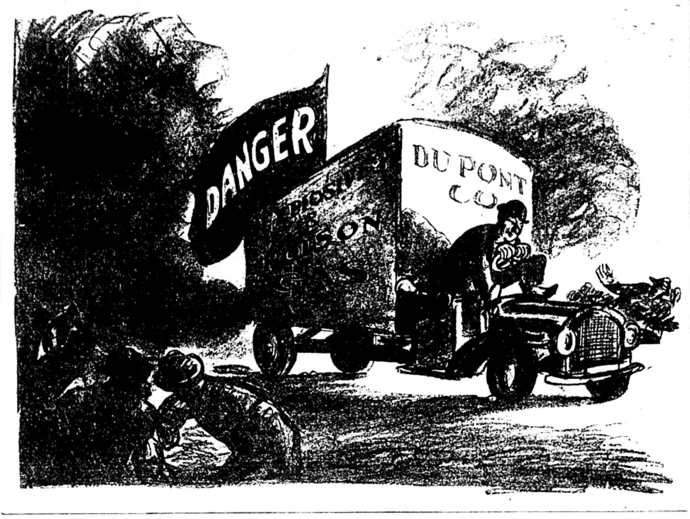
Scientist Reveals Deficiencies in Italia Preparation

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Aug. 15.—Professor Francias Behounek, Czech scientist who was on board the Italia when it struck the ice in the Arctic, is telling of his experiences in a series of interviews, which reveal the insufficient preparations made by the fascists for the Pole flight.

Cabins were overcrowded, bunks placed in corridors that obstructed the passage, impliments were imperfect. As a result the bearings taken were wrong and resulted in the failure of the rescue expedition to know the position of the wreck.

His story is especially interesting since Mussolini has forbidden Nobile or any of the Italian crew from talking about the event. Behounek has yet to tell about what happened after the crash.

THE DRIVER WITH THE BROWN DERBY By Fred Ellis



The Woman Worker in China

Slave 12 to 16 Hours a Day for Starvation Wage of 15 Cents

THE development of national industries and the growing penetration of foreign industrial and commercial capital in China is accompanied by the constant growth in the employment of women in industry. Particularly large is the growth in the employment of women's labor in the textile and tobacco industries.

Women 40 Per Cent of Workers

The women constitute 40 per cent of all the industrial workers in China. Out of 50,000 workers employed in the cotton and silk industries of the natives in 1926 there were 50 per cent women, whilst in the foreign mills, which are technically better equipped, the women constituted about 70 to 80 per cent. There is a whole number of factories employing exclusively the labor of women and children (in Canton).

The condition of the Chinese women worker is considerably worse than in the capitalist countries of Europe and America. It is worse than the condition of the Chinese working man, it is worse even under Chinese conditions which are characterized by political and cultural backwardness of the masses of the workers, by the abundance and cheapness of labor power, and by the atrocious exploitation of the workers by foreign and native capital.

Chinese Women Know No Rest

The Chinese working woman knows of no rest. She works the whole year round, day and night. In some provinces of China, under pressure from the workers, there were attempts made to establish holidays for working men and women on the days dedicated to the celebration of the Chinese New Year which usually lasts 7 to 10 days. This has not been achieved as yet.

Working Day 12 to 14 Hours.

THE working day of the working woman usually lasts in the up-to-date factories from 12 to 14 hours, and in less modern factories as long as 16 hours. In those factories where the women are virtually part of the machinery, not being allowed even an interval for partaking of food, the 12-hour day becomes more unendurable than the 16-hour day in the more primitive factories and in the home trades; in the latter the labor is less intensified and the women can allow themselves short intervals during work for food and rest.

In all the factories whether owned by native or foreign capital the employment of women and children on night work is permitted.

Since 1925 the Chinese trade unions have been carrying on a vigorous campaign for shorter, shorter hours, but little notice has been taken of their demands, and the women and children are frequently compelled to work even longer hours than the men, under the constant and vigilant eye of the supervisors. Should a working woman or child doze off for a while or work less strenuously on account of fatigue or sickness, the whip of the supervisor immediately falls upon the back of the unfortunate worker and the imposition of a fine is announced in a rough voice.

Abominable Condition.

From the standpoint of hygiene the working conditions in the factories are abominable. An American journalist, Agatha Harrison, thus describes a visit to one of the British cotton mills in Shanghai in 1923: "Hundreds of working women and children were tending the spinning wheels. It was three o'clock in the morning. Some of them fell asleep at their work from sheer fatigue, in a standing posture. The children of the working women were squatting close by. I saw with my own eyes how one of the children had its leg torn off by the machine, the child died on the spot from a profuse loss of blood, receiving no medical attention whatsoever." In the silk spinning mills of Shanghai the women work in unventilated furnaces in a hot and humid atmosphere which is so detrimental to their health that the women employed in those factories can be recognized by their peculiar palor and emaciated appearance.

No Privileges For Women.

THERE are no privileges for working mothers. Pregnant women keep on working day and night to the very last moment of childbirth. Frequently their bear their child whilst tending the machine, resuming work immediately after birth. The baby is either tied behind the back or put in a little basket near the machine, with the older brothers and sisters usually standing by. In the factories one may see working women nursing their children without interrupting their work.

In some of the Chinese provinces, as the result of numerous strikes, vacations of one or two weeks after childbirth have been established for working women; nevertheless the women, even if entitled, did not take advantage of the vacation. The place of the working woman going on vacation may be promptly taken by one of the thousands of unemployed women waiting outside the factory gates.

Whilst working under such unbearable conditions, the Chinese workers receive miserable wages, whilst the women receive two-thirds or one-half of the man's wages.

In Canton in 1927 the average minimum wage of a working man was 8 Mexican dollars a month, and the maximum was $25.50, whilst the average minimum wage for women was $7, and the maximum $15.36. No wages are paid to working men or women in case of sickness. It was declared by one of the employers of Canton before a commission appointed to investigate social questions in 1926: "When workers fall sick, they have to take care of themselves."

In other textile centers the working woman usually receives not more than 15 cents a day. In the factories of the Anglo-American Tobacco Company the women packers earn daily from 25 to 40 cents, and in the match factories about 20 cents a day.

In the factories of Tientsin the following rates of wages for working women exist (these data cover 6,357 working women of 25 factories):

	Less than 20c a day	From 20 to 40c	From 40 to 50c
Seasonal Wkr's	1,553	50	....
Permanent "	200	2,532	3,022
Total	1,753	2,582	3,022

Thus, the majority of the seasonal workers do not earn more than 20 cents a day, whilst the permanent workers do not earn more than 50 cents. On the whole, the average earnings of the Chinese woman worker are not more than 6-10 Chinese dollars a month, barely sufficing for an existence of semi-starvation.

Food of Rice and Soup.

IN the large cities of South China the food of the working woman consists of rice, soup twice daily, and boiled rice once daily. In Central and North China, where rice is considerably dearer, it is substituted by beans, maize, and wheat and flour boiled in water.

The earnings of the working woman do not allow the purchasing of clothes from new material; the working woman is usually clothed in old rags purchased from the second-hand dealers' stores, which are scattered all over industrial China.

On the average the earnings of the textile workers' family, if not less than 2 members of the family are working in the factory, do not exceed 12 Chinese dollars a month. At the same time, according to data by the trade unions for 1926, the indispensable living minimum for a working class family of 4 people in Hankow was not less than 28.46 Chinese dollars. Hence the textile workers' family earns only 50 per cent of the indispensable living minimum. The position of the working woman is further aggravated by the fact that virtually she never gets the full earnings.

System of Fines.

In the industrial enterprises of China, both national and foreign, the system of fines is widely used. Fines are imposed for failure to come to work, for slackness of attention, for talking to comrades, for laughing while at work. In the silk spinning mills of the Shantung Province there are 33 different varieties of fines: for being 6 minutes late a fine of 10 cents is imposed upon the working woman, an equal fine of 10 cents for washing up without permission, or for pausing at the machine. The working woman frequently has to part with one-half of her earnings in fines. Cases are not rare when she does not get any wages at all.

Besides fines there is also practiced the system of "security," which is held by the employer as a guarantee against pilfering, or clumsy and inaccurate work on the part of the working woman. The security is retained in the amount of three weeks earnings and is virtually never paid back to the worker.

Women Worker Flogged.

THE Chinese working woman is still suffering from the system of supervisors and overseers. The overseers flog the women and inflict corporal punishment for the least offense, considering them as their property. There are even cases of women being killed by the overseers who are carrying arms. Brutal treatment of working women by the overseers exists also in the foreign factories. The whip is never discarded. In 1926, in the course of a strike in the silk spinning mills in South China, a working woman was killed by a revolver shot fired by an overseer, because she had been elected by the workers to present a demand to the administration for a 20 per cent increase in wages.

CHINA WAR LORDS EXPLOIT MASSES

For ten years war has been going on unceasingly between the Chinese militarists and each day it becomes bloodier and more ruthless. Thus the Chinese masses find themselves in conditions of the most terrible oppression and exploitation. In the Changsi province, for instance, taxes from 1917 to 1928 increased more than 30 fold. Since the betrayal by the Kuomintang the groupings of inimical neomilitarists have become more complicated than ever before; there are supporters of Chiang Kai-shek, Pei Tson-si, Yen Si-chang, Feng Yu-hsiang, etc. Besides, the Kuomintang is incapable of uniting China—conflicts are ripening between the Kuomintang generals themselves. Therefore each of these adventurers are trying to get rich by exploiting the masses, who are completely ruined. The only way out of this position is to come out on the path of revolution.

We give below a list of those evils which the Chinese masses have to suffer as a result of the war between the militarists:

I. Political Position.

(1) The supreme power is in the hands of militarists; all regions are ruled by military chiefs.

(2) The right of meetings, freedom of speech and other elementary rights of the population have been annulled, especially for workers and peasants.

(3) The most barbarous punishments are practiced (eyes put out, ears cut off, etc.).

(4) The money-lenders and landlords help the militarists to exploit the peasants.

II. The Economic Position.

(1) All industrial enterprises, including those managed by the government, have been ruined (railway companies, cotton mills, etc.). Ammunition factories, however, are working successfully, and imperialist capital is spreading more and more in China, especially in Manchuria.

(2) The population is burdened by numerous taxes. The paper currency has completely depreciated, but the militarists force the merchants to accept it. The financial crisis has decreased the buying capacity of the masses; the workers have not received wages for a whole year. The peasant produce has decreased, and it is impossible to transport the products, as the means of transport have been disorganized. There is a shortage of food products in the town, and in the village great need is felt for industrial commodities.

(3) The Chinese merchants have been ruined (more than 1,000 shops in Peking have closed down), but the imperialists' goods are distributed in China. Great supplies of food from Japan arrive in Shanghai.

III. Public Education.

(1) More than eight-tenths of the schools all over China have been closed down (an extremely large number of elementary schools in the villages have been closed down).

(2) Public education does not exist, the former schools of this type have been closed down.

(3) Education imbued with the feudal spirit is comparatively flourishing.

(4) All civilization is dying out.

IV. Social Position.

(1) Banditism is spreading all over China, both in the towns and the villages.

(2) The unemployed peasants pour into the towns.

(3) Unemployment in the towns is increasing.

(4) Poverty causes numerous cases of suicide.

V. The Various Taxes.

(1) Taxes levied beforehand.

(2) Tax for the suppression of the Reds.

(3) Tax in aid of the militarists.

(4) Tax on things bought, amounting to two-fifths of sum expended.

Told You So

THE outstanding positive accomplishments of the G. O. P. administration are the invasion of Nicaragua and the slaughtering of thousands of the people of that country for daring to defend their rights against the American imperialists. The slaughtering of hundreds of Chinese workers at Hankow by shells fired from United States warships. The general advance of American imperialism thruout the world, accompanied by murder and oppression whenever the interests of Wall Street required "stern measures.' The use of guns, bombs, bayonets and injunctions against the American workingclass whenever they tried to better their conditions or fight for the principle of unionism by strike.

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THIS is ony a short page of the indictment that could be drawn up against the republican party. And should anybody come to the conclusion after reading the foregoing that we entertain any hopes for better treatment from the democratic party should Al be elected, we simply point to the reign of Woodrow Wilson and his bloodhound Mitchell A. Palmer, attorney general, who had the streets of several cities treated to the spectacle of hundreds of men and women marching manacled to immigration detention points awaiting deportation because of their political opinions.

• • •

WE have no illusions about the democratic party and when Al Smith delivers his acceptance speech we shall have something to say in comment. The Al Smith who is endorsed by the Fascisti Alliance of North America cannot be a friend of the workingclass. The Al Smith who is alright for John J. Raskob of General Motors and General Motors cannot be alright for the workingclass. Lack of space prevents me from carrying this thot further today, but there will be other days, so we will hold something over, and we may repeat, since repitition if the life of propaganda.

• • •

BY way of comic relief, Bill Matheson, who is active in the mining fields of Illinois sent me a clipping with a Vancouver dateline which reads: "A nameless marine creature about six feet long, having an eel-like body and a head resembling that of a sheep, was on display at Provincial Police Headquarters here today as evidence of the existence of a sea-monster which many people have reported seeing in Lake Okanogan, in the interior of British Columbia." "Perhaps its Coolidge" hazards Bill. No Bill, not yet. Calvin will not have to turn himself into a man-eating hippopotamus or a Texas toad in order to get publicity until after the elections. And as for the description! All I will say is that a sheep's head is at least toothsome when properly cooked.

• • •

THE Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company, amalgamated a few days ago despite the opposition of certain liberals who are still fighting the trustification of industry and supporting the political parties that keep the trust wheels greased. No sooner was the marriage ceremony performed by the Public Service Commission than the Consolidated Gas Company, the name adopted by the happy pair, declared a 100 per cent stock dividend.

• • •

THOSE who claim that the days of opportunity are gone in America are dripping. The members of the Public Service Commission were as anxious for the merger as a cannibal for a slice of baked Baptist. Party lines were disregarded, republicans and democrats rushing the ceremony with the haste of a village justice of the peace joining an eloping pair in wedlock, who were pursued by an angry parent, fortified by applejack and a sawed-off shot gun. There may have been a reason.

• • •

FAR be it from our purpose to undermine the moral underpinning of any prominent citizen, but if we were not what we are but instead looked on society as a fat goose to be plucked when the plucking was good, we should not think twice of accepting a baby carriage-full of stock in the spliced gas companies of New York and Brooklyn. After all, it is hard to get rich by working at it. And it is no more reprehensible to accept a bundle of stock certificates from a big hearted gas man than it is to rob one or one thousand workers of a part of the product of their toil in mill, mine or factory.

• • •

HOUSE of Morgan, United States Ambassador to Mexico, Dwight Morrow has again proved that he is a man of courage. Not being satisfied with risking his life by eating ham and eggs with Calles, he now gives further testimony to his hardihood by purchasing a home in a spot that is infested by bandits. Ah, a lucid interval! How could Morrow feel at home in an honest environment having lived so much of his life in that bandit's quarter, Wall Street? Bet, the Mexican highwaymen will park their legs when they arrive within a mile of his residence and crawl to his presence to swear fealty to their master and place their humble services at his disposal. As the bank messenger is to the treasurer so is a Mexican bandit to Dwight Morrow.

Tom O'Flaherty

CHARGE MONGOL DRIVE IN MANCHURIA IS JAPANESE WAR PLOT

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker
WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

NATIONAL EDITION

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GITLOW CHALLENGES SMITH ON SACCO-VANZETTI MURDER

JAPANESE WAR PLOT SEEN IN MONGOL DRIVE

Section of Chinese Eastern Railway Seized

Japanese Send Arms

By EUGENE LYONS.

MOSCOW, Aug. 17 (UP).—Allegations that the Soviet, or the military authorities of the Sovietized State of Mongolia, are behind the seizure of a section of the Chinese eastern railway in Mongolia's present difficulties with Barga, were ridiculed in well-informed circles here.

It is generally believed the occupation is merely the result of a local uprising or one of organized banditry.

Russian "Whites" in Move.

It is also hinted that it is possible there is some Japanese or White Russian infulence behind the move. It is declared that the lack of more positive identity of those who occupied the section of the railway makes a clear interpretation of the incident more difficult, however.

Anti-Soviet Rumors.

Soviet newspaper correspondents at Harbin said today in their dispatches that the Japanese and White Russian newspapers have been publishing rumors of the concentration of Soviet troops in the neighborhood of Barga for some months. These reports are denied here.

"Suspicious" Affair.

Pointing out that the Japanese newspapers recently forecast an outbreak in the territory, the Soviet dispatches declared:

"It is suspicious that the Japanese press has known about the disturbances for some time and it is equally suspicious that the events in Barga have occurred at the precise time when Chinese-Japanese relations have become worse."

Arms From Japan.

The newspapers also emphasize the recent seizure of a carload of arms and munitions from Japan recently at Harbin enroute to Western Manchuria.

It is said here that it is possible previous shipments have succeeded in passing the Chinese-Russian frontier authorities and that this would explain the recent series of bandit raids along the eastern railway.

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HARBIN, Manchuria, Aug. 17.—Reports received here state that Mongolian troops are moving along the Chinese eastern railway between the towns of Barim and Unur and have seized a section of the road.

CHINESE LABOR UNION AID URGED

Jeng Tells of Nanking Anti-Labor Tactics

Reports from China arrive daily describing the want and privation under which the Chinese people are forced to live. The workers are suffering through the suppression of their labor unions; the peasants through the unprecedented greed of the land-owners. Besides these internal instruments that hang over the heads of the Chinese people, the presence of foreign imperialist marines in China are used as instruments of intimidation and murder. The reactionary Nanking regime, born of the counter-revolution that betrayed the millions of Chinese peasants and workers, is slaughtering thousand upon thousand of militant Chinese workers, suppressing the labor unions, butchering their leaders.

Photos reaching the outside world

Continued on Page Two

Two Seriously Injured When Plane Crashes

KEY WEST, Fla., Aug. 17 (UP).—Charles Eggston, Atlantic City, N. J., was fatally injured when the Pan-American Airways plane President Machado fell into the Gulf of Mexico off Tampa last night, airway officials said today.

Eggston, a passenger on the plane, died aboard the tanker Legionnaire, which rescued those on the plane, a radio message to the airway offices said.

Free to Lead Mill Strikers Again

William T. Murdoch, leader of the New Bedford Textile Mill Committees from the beginning of the textile strike to date was recently released from jail where he had served a three months' sentence for activities on the picket line. He will once more appear at the big lines that picket the mills daily in spite of the police terror.

TO HOLD DETROIT PICNIC SEPT. 2-3

Grand Rapids Election Outing Sept. 1, 2, 3

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 17.—The election campaign in the city of Detroit will be in full swing by September 2 and 3, when a big campaign picnic will be held. The picnic will mark the beginning of big meetings and demonstrations in the auto industry.

The Workers Party in Detroit is making all the necessary arrangements to get before the workers in the auto industry and to bring to them the platform of the class struggle. The picnic of September 2 and 3, which will be held at Welcome Park, Main and 15½ Mile Road, will also be used for the purpose of building up a strong mass demonstration for September 9, when the Communist presidential candidate, William Z. Foster, will speak. The campaign committee in charge of the election campaign in Detroit calls upon all workers and working class organizations to come out to the picnic and support and co-operate with it during the election campaign.

The picnic grounds can be reached as follows: Take "Clawson" bus at Ford plant, Highland Park, which will take you direct to the picnic grounds. Admission is 35 cents for two days.

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Grand Rapids Picnic.

GRAND RAPIDS, Aug. 17.—Grand Rapids will open its first event for the election campaign on a large scale with a picnic, to be held September 1, 2 and 3, at the Workers' Co-operative Camp grounds. Directions: The grounds are 22 miles northeast of the city. Take Plainfield Road (U. S 131) to junction with M-44, then east to about 7 miles past Bostwich Lake. Watch for big picnic sign on left.

Porto Rican Mayor Awaits Impeachment

SAN JUAN, Porto Rica, Aug. 17.—A citizen of Porto Rica has sworn charges alleging technical irregularities against Roberto H. Todd, mayor of the city, which resulted in the suspension of the mayor pending his impeachment.

Todd has been mayor for four consecutive terms and is the Republican National Committeeman for Porto Rica, backed by a coalition of republicans and socialists.

MILITANT MINER IS BLACKLISTED

Stephen Car Faces New Eviction Order

(*Special to the Daily Worker.*)

TRIADELPHIA, W. Va., Aug. 17.—Stephen Carr and his thirteen children are in danger of being evicted once more from the crowded, dingy shack which they call home, unless $18 in back rent is paid by the end of this week.

When the striking miners in the union fields called upon the coal diggers in the unorganized area to join their strike, Carr responded immediately. As a result, he has been blacklisted. Carr's wife and thirteen children have been put out of houses twice before, because he was unable to pay rent, since the strike began.

In the famous "airtight" injunction which closed the soup kitchen in Triadelphia and which forbade strikers even to speak to strikebreakers under pain of arrest, Carr's name was listed as president of the newly formed local. The list of names has served as a basis for the blacklist.

The relief committee urges that donations be sent to their headquarters that Carr and other blacklisted miners may be aided. The committee's address is 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ARREST KENOSHA LEAGUE MEMBERS

Political Reasons Are Cause, Officer Admits

KENOSHA, Wis., (Delayed).—Samuel A. Herman and Ray Aholo, members of the Young Workers (Communist) League were arrested in this city on Saturday while addressing an open-air meeting.

At the same time that the league meeting was being broken up by the arrests of the speakers the Salvation Army was holding one of its "holy roller" meetings and was blasting the air with its religious songs.

The officer in charge stated that the league members had been arrested because of the political opinions expressed by them, when he was questioned as to why the Salvation Army people had not been arrested.

OIL BARONS IN CONFAB

Plan to Boost Prices at the Conference

LONDON, Aug 17 (UP).—A world conference on oil restriction was predicted today by the financial expert of the Evening Standard.

The writer said the conference would be called after "discussions" now taking place in Scotland between the three great oil magnates, Sir Henri Deterding, Walter C. Teagle and Sir John Cadman.

Sir Henry Deterding is director of Royal Dutch Shell; Teagle is head of Standard Oil of New Jersey and Sir John Cadman is chairman of the Anglo-Persian Oil Co.

The Evening Standard said well-informed persons consider the world conference on restriction of production as almost assured. The article continued:

"Naturally the trend of the discussions in Scotland is being kept as secret as possible but I am informed by an authority usually in close touch with oil affairs that all three leaders went to Scotland convinced of the necessity of restriction. There is little likelihood of

Continued on Page Three

Communist World Congress Adopts Draft Program

'PROGRAM IS A WORLD PROGRAM FOR REVOLUTION'

Meet Is Unanimous; Bukharin Cheered by Delegates

Stress War Danger

(Wireless To Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, August 16.—The draft program of the Communist International, introduced by Nikolai Bukharin, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, was unanimously adopted at the twenty-eighth session of the World Congress of the International.

A storm of applause greeted Bukharin when in expounding the program he declared, "The Congress should adopt the program which aims to unite the proletarian forces for the coming struggles. The program is a program for world revolution."

Social Democrats Disruptive.

Bukharin in his closing speech on the question of the draft program, declared, "The social democrats say that our program is disruptive, but facts will show the workers that we want unity whereas the social democrats are disrupting the mass organizations of the working class by expelling the Communists, etc.

"Abramovitch declares that the coalition policy means handing over the power of the Party to the workers. The action of all the so-

Continued on Page Two

RAILROADS SEEK AID OF COOLIDGE

Want Intervention in Case of Strike

SUPERIOR, Wis., Aug. 17.—Railroad managers of western roads on which a strike vote is now being taken have been making frantic demands on President Coolidge that he intervene in the situation to prevent the workers from going out, it was learned here today.

Coolidge has let it be known that for the present he does not plan any definite action and today expressed confidence in the special mediation board appointed by him some time ago to adjust disputes under the Watson-Parker law.

While Coolidge is now giving the impression that he will keep a "hands off" policy, it is almost certain that he will at the last moment carry out the bidding of the employers and use his efforts to drive back the railroad workers. The Watson-Parker law has a provision giving the president virtual control of the situation. Officials of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen while authorizing the taking of the strike vote, are known to be seeking a way to keep back the men who are overwhelmingly in favor of a strike in the wage dispute which has been postponed for nearly two years.

British Ry. Companies Use Workers Wages to Compete With Buses

LONDON, Aug. 17.—Out of the money taken from the railroad workers, due to the recent sell-out of Thomas, the "Big Four" a national combine, will lower week-end ticket prices in order to compete with the bus service, which it claims, is encroaching upon the profits of the railroads.

The bus companies counter by saying that they will also slash prices, which promises a rate war that may result in more wage cuts.

Young Jingoes to Fete Australian Colleagues

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Aug. 17 (UP).—A program of events for the entertainment of the officers and crew of the royal Australian cruiser, Australia, which will visit the United States Naval Academy Sept. 4-8, is being arranged here.

One Year Ago; Thousands Protest Murder of Sacco and Vanzetti

Thousands of workers gathered in Union Square last year to protest the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti by the official murderers of Massachusetts, using the class courts as their instruments. The picture shows part of the mass protest demonstration.

MILL STRIKERS THWART POLICE

Weisbord Addresses Two Meetings

NEW BEDFORD

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 17.—Suddenly varying its usual mass picketing in larger members by an additional form, the Textile Mill Committees' New Bedford Textile Workers' Union rendered helpless the police force, who for the past week had been under the mill barons' instructions to break up all picket lines, however small in size.

Instead of concentrating thousands at several strategic mills in the daily strike demonstrations as heretofore, the strike committee decided to have a smaller picket line at nearly every one of the 58 cotton manufacturing plants tied up by the strike.

Surprise Police.

At nearly every one of the struck factories a picket line of one or more scores of workers patroled the gates. The police were entirely unprepared for this.

Albert Weisbord, national leader of Textile Mill Committees, will speak here at the two strikers' mass meetings scheduled for tonight. Weisbord is now on a tour of all textile manufacturing districts in New England and other sections to prepare the various localities for the coming convention of mill workers' organizations, which will launch an independent national union. He will also go into conference with the local strike committee here and in Fall River upon his arrival, it is stated.

Two large and enthusiastic mass meetings of women workers heard Ray Ragozin, of the New York Working Women's Federation, deliver a speech in which she dwelt particularly on the role of women in the struggles of the working class. The proposal to organize a local section of the Women's Federation received spirited approval. Other speakers were Ellen Dawson, textile strike organizer, and Elsie Pulter of Boston.

Relief Urgent.

The Workers International Relief announced they will open two special food kitchens for children at either end of the city. Although they have been comparatively successful in extending the campaign for funds to further sections of the country, the relief organization announced they are in urgent need of funds, due to the increased applications coming in as the huge strike completes its eighteenth week.

INTEREST RISES IN 'DAILY' AFFAIR

With the huge International Costume Carnival of the Daily Worker at Pleasant Bay Park only two days off, active preparations are now being made at the park to handle the largest crowd that has ever visited there.

Great interest has been aroused by the announcement that the editorial staff of the Daily Worker will engage the editorial staff of the Young Worker in a mortal base-

Continued on Page Two

TREVELYAN DEAD.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—George Otto Trevelyan, historian, died here today at the age of 90.

Amundsen Is Alive, Krassin Crew Believes

STAVANGER, Norway, Aug. 17—The Soviet ice-breaker Krassin, after its heroic rescues in he Arctic Zone, is now undergoing repairs here in preparation for another trip into the Arctic in search of Amundsen and the six men that were lost with the balloon part of the Italia.

Commissar Oras is full of confidence that the men are still alive and is fully determined to find them. He points out that both Guilbaud and Dietrichson, pilots of the Amundsen seaplane are able pilots and must have reached the balloon party. They carried enough food and equipment with them to make life possible for a number of months. He thinks it possible that they exhausted their fuel supply and are now waiting for rescue from a world that has given up hope.

The Soviet flier Chukhnovsky also thinks that the men are alive and has determined to continue the search on board the Krassin.

4 STATES SWEPT BY FLOOD WATER

12 Drowned; Thousands in Danger

ATLANTA, Aug. 17 (UP).—Swollen rivers of Virginia, the Carolinas and Georgia swept their flood waters down stream today, and new territory faced damage from a northward sweeping tropical storm—the second in a week.

At least twelve deaths were attributed to the storm as reports from stricken areas of the four states were received today.

Safety of thousands depended today on the stoutness of dams across river valleys.

Railroad service into Atlanta from the northeast was hazardous. The Southern Railroad reported fifteen minor washouts between Atlanta and Charlotte, N. C. It was estimated 100 highway bridges in the four states had been washed away.

Hundreds of persons were forced to flee as lowland homes were flooded.

The toll of life included three drownings in Virginia, two in South Carolina, three in North Carolina. The other deaths resulted from devastation of high winds.

MINE LEADERS FACE EVICTION

Four Avella Militants Threatened

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

AVELLA, Pa., Aug. 17.—Eviction notices were served today upon the four local mine leaders of Avella by a deputy sheriff on behalf of the Avella Coal Company. Augus tCarmazi, superintendent of the Penobscot Mine operated by this company told the men that jobs are waiting for all strikers with the exceptions of William Hallam, Alex Park, Bill Harvey and Joe Sivert, who have led the strike in this camp since its beginning. The operators hope to break the resolve of the miners to retain their organization, by plucking off the leaders and ousting them from the community.

Within seven days, the blacklisted miners are told, they will have to vacate the company-owned houses. Unless the National Miners' Relief Committees comes to their aid, tehir household goods will be thrown into the roadside, and their families will find themselves without a roof over their heads, and without food. Even the vegetable gardens which the miners carefully cultivated, and looked forward to supplement their meager fare with, will be confiscated.

The relief committee urges that contributions be sent to its headquarters, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., so that these blacklisted militants may be aided.

Mexican Professor Shows Penetration of U. S. Imperialism

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 17.—At the discussions of the Inter-American Institute today Professor Jesus Silva Herzog disagreed emphatically with the American, Dr. Eysler Simpson, who claimed that no political danger follows from imperialism.

Political imperialism, he said, is the resultant of economic imperialism, and he pointed out that after every North American merchant goes his flag and that after commercial interests are created political penetration follows.

DARIEN, Conn., Aug. 17.—(UP).—A meeting of the Police Commission last night resulted in no action regarding the alleged disappearance of 10 gallons of confiscated liquor from the police station. Officials continued refusal to comment.

TO HONOR DEAD SEAMEN

USSR May Inter Crew of British Sub

LENINGRAD, Aug. 17.—The crew of the sunken British submarine L-55, which has been raised by the Soviet navy after lying at the bottom of the Baltic Sea for nine years, will be buried with appropriate military honors, R. A. Muklevich, commander of the Soviet fleet, announced today.

"Though these sailors were our enemies," he said, "the Red seamen bear them no malice. Unless the British government desires to make other disposal of them we will bury these men with military honors."

The submarine was sunk in battle June 4, 1919, having been sent to the Baltic as part of the imperialist expedition which attempted to crush the Russian revolution and the Soviet Union.

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LONDON, Aug. 17 (UP).—The British admiralty is applying to Soviet Russia for return of the bodies recovered from the lost submarine L-55, it was said on reliable authority today.

ASKS CANDIDATE OF WALL ST. TO STATE POSITION

Communist Nominee, in Letter, Exposes Al's Role

Kept Mum Last Year

In an open letter to Gov. Smith, Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice president, challenges the democratic presidential nominee to state his position on the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti in his acceptance speech, which will be delivered on Aug. 22, the anniversary of the execution of the two Italian labor leaders in Charlestown, Mass.

Gitlow will speak at Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meetings on August 22, and declares that he will "use the anniversary of Sacco and Vanzetti's execution to arouse the hatred of the masses to the vile system of capitalist frame-up and murder of innocent workers, and to mobilize them to fight to end it."

Text of Letter.

The letter reads:

"August 17, 1928.

"Honorable Alfred E. Smith,
"Governor of state of New York,
"Albany, New York.

"Dear Sir:

August 22 will mark one year since Sacco and Vanetti were electrocuted by the state of Massachusetts. These two workers were absolutely innocent of the crime for which they were executed. The state of Massachusetts ignored and defied the mighty protest of the hundreds of millions of people in all the countries of the world, who demanded that the judicial murder of these two innocent workers should not take place.

"The United States government, in the face of the widespread protest movement in this country as well as abroad, refused to interfere and sanctioned this outrageous, brutal execution.

Protests Ignored.

"Never in the history of the whole labor movement did a capitalist power fly so brazenly in the face of such a widespread demand as that of the millions of workers and peasants throughout the world who raised the cry for the release of Sacco and Vanzetti.

"The United States government, by its action in the Sacco-Vanzetti case, proved conclusively to the workers and farmers of America and the whole world that as the government of Wall Street, of the bankers and super-trusts, it will commit the vilest and most atrocious deeds against the labor movement in order to protect capitalist profits and investments.

Bloodthirsty Imperialism.

"The Sacco and Vanzetti case exposed United States imperialism in all its savage nakedness and bestiality. This imperialism, fattened with the blood profits of the world war, is depriving workers of the right to organize, is smashing their unions, is jailing hundreds of workers fighting wage-cuts in Massachusetts, keeps Mooney and Billings in prison, uses the government as a strikebreaker, orders militia and troops against striking workers, crushes the movement for independence in the Philippines, rapes Nicaragua, butchers Haiti, sends warships and troops to crush the Chinese Revolution, and refuses to recognize the Soviet Union, the first Workers' and Peasants' Republic in the world: This imperialism is preparing for a world war, which it will provoke in order to guarantee the foreign investments and enterprises of Wall Street.

"This imperialism of the United States that murdered Sacco and Vanzetti is preparing for the slaughter of millions of workers and farmers in an imperialist war for Wall Street.

Challenges Smith.

"The workers are, therefore, on

Continued on Page Three

ENGLISH PLANE CRASH.

LONDON, Aug. 17 (UP).—Two air force officers were killed and another seriously injured in a collision today between two training school airplanes in Digby, Lincolnshire.

Soviet Union Crew Salvages L-55, British Submarine, Sunk in 1919 by Destroyer

UNDERSEA BOAT PLANNED ATTACK ON RED WARSHIPS

Entire Crew Lost, Is Indication

By EUGENE LYONS.

MOSCOW, Aug. 17 (UP).—An almost forgotten tragedy of the world war was brought to light today through the recovery from the bottom of the Baltic Sea of the rusted hulk of the lost British submarine L-55, and the crumbling skeletons of some of her crew.

The fate of the L-55 never was known in detail, but an official government announcement here today said examination of the hulk led to the belief that every member of her crew perished when she was sent to the bottom by a Russian destroyer on June 4, 1919.

The L-55 was salvaged by the Russians and taken to the Kronstadt base. The official announcement said unidentified skeletons were found in the inner compartments of the submarine. The number was not given, but it was not believed that any of the submarine's complement escaped.

Planned Attack on Soviet.

Official information here in Moscow gave details of what happened to the L-55 during the Baltic Sea operations after the Armistice. On June 4, 1919, the fort at Kronstadt reported a fleet of four English minesweepers in Kaprosky Bay, with a submarine periscope showing near them.

The Russian destroyers Agart and Gavril were sent in pursuit. Shots were fired at the periscope. An explosion followed and the submarine appeared no more.

The war department announced it was studying the rusted hulk to determine the conditions under which the L-55 sank.

CHINESE LABOR UNION AID URGED

Jeng Tells of Nanking Anti-Labor Tactics

Continued from Page One

from China, are bloody and horrible. Pictures of Chinese worker-leaders, decapitated, lying in pools of blood; pictures of militant, hanging from posts, their bodies horribly mutilated by the reactionary forces; all these show the need for aid more eloquently than mere words can.

These conditions form the text of a letter from Sou Chao Jeng, chairman of the All-China Federation of Labor Unions, which last night was issued in pamphlet form by the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions, from its office at 96 Fifth Ave., room 314. The letter, which appeals to workers all over the world to come to the aid of their Chinese comrades, reads, in part, as follows:

"Again and again, from the deep underground into which we have been driven by the united counter-revolution of the Chinese capitalist landlords and militarists, and the imperialist robbers, we address to you our ardent appeal for aid.

"We realize that all measures will be taken by our government and your to prevent our groans and cries of anguish from reaching you. They understand that you would not be likely to look on calmly at the pain and suffering of your Chinese brothers. We know that this appeal will also reach you with considerably delay and great difficulty.

"We have been cruelly deceived by our bourgeoisie; having disposed of the northern militarists with our aid, having captured the Yangtze region, having occupied Shanghai and Hankow, they decided to put an end to us. They betrayed the common struggle of the Chinese people and offered their services to your governments, and together with them they have been destroying and drowning in rivers of blood the workers' and peasants' movement during these last fifteen months.

"We are firmly convinced that you will come to our aid and that you will help us in our struggle for right, life and liberty, against the entire counter-revolutionary bourgeoisie.

"We rely upon your fraternal solidarity and your fraternal aid. The cup of patience of the Chinese people is becoming filled. The Chinese peasantry is rising again, while the soldiers refuse to take up arms against the people and go over to the side of the toilers.

"Help us in our struggle and thereby you will also fight against the menace of a new world war."

The appeal is signed by Sou Chao Jeng, chairman of the All-China Federation of Labor Unions. Funds for the relief of the Chinese workers should be sent immediately to the Committee for the Aid of the Chinese Trade Unions, Robert W. Dunn, secretary, at 96 Fifth Ave. Room 314.

Workers Demonstrate for Class War Victims at the I L. D. Outing

CARRIES ON THE TRADITION
HAYMARKET MARTYRS

A large crowd of workers turned out last Sunday at the annual outing of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense in Pleasant Bay Park. Photo shows a group of participants in the mass scene, one of the features of the outing, displaying their militant banners.

COMMUNIST DRAFT PROGRAM APPROVED

Continued from Page One

cial democratic ministers in Russia from 1917 onwards, however, showed that they served the interests of the bourgeoisie exclusively against the proletariat. The social democrats declare that we are provoking war because we discuss its possibility and warn the workers against it. (Laughter.) Our program is against the imperialist war, for proletarian class unity, against the capitalists and social democrats and for socialism.

Continues Marxism.

"Leninism is not an addition to Marxism but its continuation and development. Lenin did not introduce one atom that was not Marxist into the theory of the proletarian Revolution. In opposing the reformist nonsense concerning 'Asiatic Communism,' we declare that Leninism is the most orthodox Marxism.

"It is impossible to deal in this speech with all the problems discussed in the commission, but Sultansade's attacks regarding finance capital must be answered. Sultansade thinks he is attacking Hilferding, but in reality he is attacking Lenin who held the same view regarding the origin of finance capital.

"With regard to the problem of ultra-imperialism, it would be wrong to deny entirely the possibility of a world-wide trust. However, its affirmation is only possible when the class struggle is ignored. Ultra-imperialism is impossible in practice. By supporting the League of Nations, the social democrats are fighting for ultra-imperialism.

"The draft program stresses the parasitic sides of capitalism, these parasitic sides, however, are not decisive. Capitalism will not collapse in consequence of parasitism but as a result of the intensification of contradictions leading to conflicts. Our program must deal in detail with this in order to refute the social democratic idea of an organized, non-anarchist capitalism. The social roots of reformism have varied bases. The aristocracy of labor is not explained simply by colonial surplus profits but also by the capitalist differential profit, for example: when a highly developed country, like the United States, can exploit backward countries on the basis of a simple commodity exchange.

"The United States pockets the best part of the world's surplus profit today, hence the American proletariat is the most conservative in the world.

"The decline of British capitalism resulted in the decline of the influence of the reformists. The peculiarity of imperialism is that it first lays the basis for the social imperialist ideology and afterwards smashes that basis by intensification of its own contradictions.

Fascism.

"The discussion on fascism showed two extreme divergences; first there is a tendency to describe all attacks on the workers as fascism; second there is the declaration that fascism is impossible in highly developed countries. The truth, however, is that fascism is a special form of reaction characterized by the utilization of the petty bourgeois peasant masses appearing at a certain stage of capitalist decline. Therefore there is no fascism in the United States and only the beginnings of it in Great Britain.

"Regarding the relations of the social democracy with fascism: undoubtedly the former is developing towards social fascism, but there are only tendencies and not a finished process. Fascism and social democracy must not be identified.

Land Nationalization.

"Regarding the question of nationalization of land, Renaud Jean has discovered a contradiction between the non-immediate nationalization of all land and the immediate prohibition of sale and purchase of land. Actually no such contradiction exists. The proletarian revolution cannot afford to make enemies of the peasants by immediately nationalizing all land and it protects the peasants from speculators by prohibiting the sale and purchase of land. The rich estates will be expropriated, the peasant farms will not be. The latest investigations of Riasanov show that Marx had the same opinion on the peasant question as Lenin.

"Regarding the questions of war Communism and NEP, Varga's attitude results from the fact that he underestimates the serious mistakes of the Hungarian Communist Party during its dictatorship. The proletarian dictatorship in Hungary gave the peasants nothing and antagonized them by requisitions and leaving landholders behind on their estates as specialists. The dictatorship also antagonized the petty bourgeoisie by threatening to shoot tradesmen who opened their shops. A recent article of Varga's declared that even if the leaders of the Hungarian proletarian dictatorship had made no mistakes, defeat would have been inevitable from the given circumstances. This represents a serious underestimation of the errors of the Hungarian Communist Party. In consequence of its attitude to the peasantry and the petty bourgeoisie, the dictatorship of the proletariat antagonized the majority of the population. If the dictatorship had given the peasants something, it could have found a means of demoralizing the opposing armies which were largely composed of peasants. Nevertheless the probability exists that in the first stage of the dictatorship of the proletariat war Communism will be adopted.

N. E. P.

"Some comrades are of the opinion that highly developed countries may skip over the NEP and refer to a remark of Lenin's. Lenin did make some such remark, but at the third congress he referred to Britain as the only possible exception. Lenin also approved the draft program at the fourth congress. It is unthinkable that Lenin would have permitted a serious error in the NEP policy to pass without criticism."

700 POLICEMEN FOR SMITH.

ALBANY.—There will be 700 policemen on hand during Gov. Smith's notification ceremonies next Wednesday evening to keep order, direct traffic and enlighten visitors. Details of state troopers will be dispatched here from all parts of the state to aid local police, out in full force, and two dozen employes of the city bureau of streets to be sworn as deptuy sheriffs.

INTEREST RISES IN 'DAILY' AFFAIR

Sunday Carnival Will Draw Thousands

Continued from Page One

ball combat. The game is expected to settle once and for all the much disputed question of intellectual supremacy in the field of proletarian journalism. Though the two staffs are keeping their line-ups secret, a persistent rumor is that Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker, will pitch for his team.

In order to make sure that the game will be fair, Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president, has been secured as umpire. Gitlow has announced that he will be ready to substitute for any player who is injured in the battle.

Other Events.

Besides the baseball game, there will also be an exhibition soccer organizations of the Labor Sports Union and an athletic exhibition by the Finnish Athletic Club.

Many other numbers are being planned, including a Russian hour, with tea served in samovars, open-air dancing and target practice in a shooting gallery.

Tickets are 35 cents and are on sale at the office of the Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square.

JAPAN WORKERS URGE SOLIDARITY

Ask All to Support the Chinese Revolution

Pointing out that the workers and peasants of Japan have no quarrel with the workers and peasants of China, the Japanese Workers' Association, through its affiliations in numerous cities in America, has distributed a leaflet printed in Chinese declaring solidarity with the oppressed Chinese masses.

"The Tanaka government in Japan represents the landlord and big capitalist elements," the leaflet declares. "These are the elements that have sent additional troops to Shantung with the real purpose of crushing the workers and peasants revolution in China. And these same elements grind the energy and flesh of Japanese workers and peasants into bloody profits."

Pledging support to the mighty Chinese revolution, the leaflet further states:

"Fellow Chinese workers! We extend our hands to you. Let us unite our forces in China, in Japan, and here in America! Let us work together for the success of the Chinese workers' and peasants' revolution in order to emancipate you from the yoke of foreign imperialism, from the brutal clutches of war lords and landlords, and in order to emancipate us from the exploitation of Japanese imperialists and capitalists."

Downtown Conference of Workers Clubs on Party Election Drive

Many downtown workers' clubs, sick and death benefit societies and fraternal organizations are expected to participate in the Downtown Election Campaign Conference which will be held Friday, Aug. 24, at 60 St. Marks Place.

The conference, which, according to report made by A. Milgrom, who is handling the election campaign for the Workers (Communist) Party in that section, will be representative of many nationalities and many trades, will elect a functioning Executive Committee to actively further the election campaign of the candidates of their own class. Concrete help will be given by the workers of these clubs in the gathering of signatures as well as in the collection of the necessary campaign funds.

All workers' organizations are urged to elect two delegates each to represent them at the conference.

SCAB BOSS IN STEAL.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug 17 (FP).—Louis Taback, non-union silk boss, will spend the next 12 months in Atlanta penitentiary. He counselled owners of the Franklin Silk Mills to secrete $25,000 of silk, throw their company into bankruptcy and then cash in on the hidden silk. With him go three other non-union bosses. It is Taback's second offense.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

The Soviet Union

Is the Fatherland of the exploited and oppressed of all lands. Defend the Soviet Union against its imperialist enemies by rallying around the program of the Workers (Communist) Party, by supporting its candidates in the elections, and by helping to organize the masses for Communism. Vote Communism! Join the Workers Party. Read the Daily Worker.

REPORT NANKING GOVERNMENT BOWS TO JAPAN

New Note Is Sent to Tanaka Regime

TOKIO, Aug. 17 (UP).—The situation between Japan and the Chinese Nationalist government was cleared somewhat today when China indicated her willingness to withdraw her abrogation of the commercial treaty with Tokio.

The Chinese minister called at the foreign office and announced his government's attitude. He intimated that the nationalists were willing to proceed with revision of the treaty.

• • •

Send Second Note.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 17.—A second note has been sent to the Tokio government by the Nanking regime concerning the commercial treaty with Japan and the question of Manchuria. Although the note has not been published, the sentiment among Nanking officials seems to be a strong one against Japanese intervention in the proposed Manchurian-Nanking alliance.

• • •

To Organize Army and Navy.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 17—The fifth plenary session of the Kuomintang, which has been meeting in Nanking, was adjourned today after having decided to reorganize the army by compulsory conscription, to reorganize the navy on an efficient basis and naming a new political committee which consists of Feng Yuh-siang, Yen Hsu-shan and C. T. Wang.

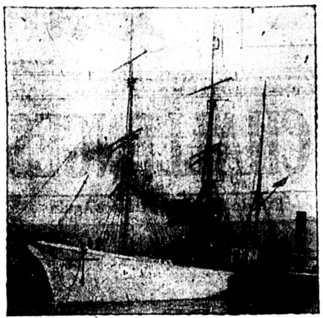
Postpone Needle Trade Election Demonstration Until the 29th of Aug.

The mass meeting and election demonstration of the needle trades workers in New York, scheduled at first to be held on August 15, has been postponed until August 29, at 6 p. m., at Irving Plaza Hall.

The masses of needle trades workers, who have had a taste of their capitalist bosses' brand of "democracy," will endorse the working class candidacy of William Z. Foster for president, of Benjamin Gitlow for vice-president, and the other candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Among the speakers at the mass meeting will be Benjamin Gitlow, Charles Zimmerman and well known needle workers. Rose Wortis will preside.

Imperialist Ship Prepares for Antarctic



The vessel which is to carry Commander Richard Byrd on his trip to the Antarctic has been towed to a pier in Hoboken, N. J., where it is being provisioned. This latest stunt of the American imperialists is actively backed by the Ford automobile interests. Above, the ship.

POWER GANG TO "POOL" PROFITS

New England Firms Announce Plans

BOSTON, Aug. 17 (UP).—A huge New England power pool may result from a plan being considered by the New England Power Association and the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Boston. Officials of the power association stated today that the proposal would be submitted to the directorates of Boston organizations in the immediate future.

It includes the New England Power Company, Connecticut River Power Company of New Hampshire, Rhode Island Power Transmission Company, Rhode Island Public Service Company, Bellows Falls Power Company, Lawrence Gas and Electric Company, Grafton County Electric Company, and the Lowell Electric Light Corporation.

The Edison Electric Company serves 38 cities and towns, including Boston. It also sells electricity in bulk to 10 other light and power companies and municipalities.

REFORMIST WAR SCHEMES FLAYED

German Reds Demand Referendum

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—The intention of the Social-Democratic controlled cabinet to continue with the naval building program to the limit provided by the treaty of Versailles, in spite of its expressed admiration of the Kellogg pact, has roused much comment and criticism from conservatives and liberals alike, which may lead to a crisis for the cabinet of Dr. Meuller.

The conservatives point out that inspite of the election promises of the reformists, the socialist cabinet is continuing military and naval preparations. One armored cruiser, costing $20,000,000 has already been built, and five others of the same size will be built.

In order to meet the reformist criticism in its own ranks the Social Democatic Party is calling a conference for Saturday in which the best means of meeting the criticism and organizing a strong coalition will be discussed.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

NEGRO PREJUDICE IS ASSAILED AT BIG MEETING

Speakers Attack Judge for Discrimination

At the meeting called by the Boro Civic Association of Brooklyn at 1658 Fulton Street to protest against the anti-Negro attitude of the judge at the recent trial of Mrs. De Luca, Henry Roseman and Ben Licht of the American Labor Negro Congress were warmly received by the audience when they called for solidarity of the Negro and white workers against exploitation.

The speakers pointed out that at the trial of Mrs. De Luca, a white woman, the judge declared that she had no business to live among Negroes, since it is impossible for white and colored people to live together. When the lawyer, Mr. Serrio, doubted the word of the prohibition agent the judge declared, "In my section of the country had you made any such accusation against an officer of the law he would smash you before you got out of the courtroom, or if he had sufficient self control to wait until he got outside, he would have taken personal vengeance upon you regardless of consequences."

Roseman and Licht explained the policy of the Negro Labor Congress which was aimed at the wiping out of all exploitation. A resolution, providing for a meeting of all Negro organiations in the near future was passed.

Section 1 to Mobilize Sunday for Wind-up of Signature Campaign

Section 1, downtown, will make a grand-stand bid for the coveted banner to be awarded to the section which first succeeds in getting the number of signatures required to put the candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in any one assembly district.

The downtown section will concentrate its efforts in a final drive in the Eighth Assembly District, Manhattan, in which only 200 signatures more are needed to put Louis Hendin on the ballot for assembly. The Eighth Assembly District also forms a large part of the Fourteenth Congressional District, in which Alexander Trachtenberg is the Communist candidate for congress.

ONE BIG DAY
of Sports, Amusements and Fun

Daily Worker
International Costume Carnival

Sunday, August 19
Pleasant Bay Park

Games, Contests, Open Air Dancing, Athletics, Mass Singing

Admission, 35c
Tickets on Sale at
Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Sq.,
New York City

Directions:
E. 180th St. Subway to 177th St., then take Unionport car to end of line—Free buses to park

German Communists Demand Referendum on Social Democratic Navy Appropriation

TO CARRY ISSUE TO WORKERS FOR CONDEMNATION

War Preparation Raises Protest Storm

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—The Communist Party of Germany has met the treachery of the social democratic vote for the battleship appropriation with demand for a national referendum on the issue.

The action of the Communist Party has brought vividly before millions of German workers the policy of treason to which the social democratic leaders stooped in order to win the support of the Catholic and People's Parties.

The vote for the battleship appropriation, following the pacifist phrases which played so large a part in the electoral success of the social democrats, has raised a storm of protest from one end of the country to the other. It is believed that the Communist Party will have no difficulty in mobilizing the ten per cent of the electorate which is necessary to approve the referendum.

The revulsion which has swept over the country in respect to the social democratic party is unprecedented. Crowds of workers pass the social democratic headquarters booing and shouting, "What about the battleship appropriation and food for the children." The latter refers to the slogan, "Food for the children, but not a cent for armament" with which the social democrats rode into power.

GITLOW QUIZZES SMITH ON SACCO

Sends Letter Asking Stand on Murders

Continued from Page One

the anniversary of Sacco and Vanzetti, not only raising anew their mighty protest against judicial frame-up and murder, but also using the occasion to develop a mighty movement against United States imperialism.

"Honorable Mr. Alfred E. Smith, I know that you as Governor of New York State did not ever raise a whisper in behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti in order to prevent their execution, I nevertheless challenge you in your acceptance speech, which you will deliver on August 22, the anniversary day of the Sacco and Vanzetti execution, to speak on the Sacco and Vanzetti case and to register your disapproval of that outrageous legal extermination of the lives of two brave, innocent, loyal members of the working class.

"It may be difficult for you to do so, since your presidential aspirations are in the hands of one of the leading figures of Wall Street, Mr. Raskob, former financial head of General Motors, one of the great super-trusts of the United States.

Controlled by Big Business.

"I doubt whether you will be able to divorce yourself from the control of Wall Street, from big business, which you have again and again promised to serve loyally, if elected president of the United States, and give some expression of protest against the execution of innocent workers because of their activity on behalf of labor and their devotion to the working class.

"I know also, Mr. Smith, that your Tammany Hall administration in the state and city has never been friendly to the workers. The brutality of the police in strikes, the partiality of Tammany Hall judges, the injunctions issued against striking workers all attest to your loyalty to the capitalist interests who are now supporting your campaign for election to the presidency of the United States.

"The Workers Party and its candidates, Mr. Smith, will not remain silent on the anniversary of Sacco and Vanzetti. They will appear at all Sacco and Vanzetti anniversary demonstrations, because the Workers Party is the champion of the workers and not of Wall Street.

Gitlow to Address Meets.

"I will speak at Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstrations that will be held on August 22. I will do whatever I can, as vice presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, to use the anniversary of Sacco and Vanzetti's execution to arouse the hatred of the masses to the vile system of capitalist frame-up and murder of innocent workers, and to mobilize them to fight to end it.

"Governor Smith, will you in your acceptance speech present your views of Sacco and Vanzetti? I challenge you again to do so. The workers and farmers are intensely interested. They would like to hear what you have to say.

"If you remain silent as you have in the past, then the conclusion must be made that as a capitalist politician, a servant of Wall Street, you favor capitalist frame-ups of innocent workers leading to their execution.

"Yours truly,
(Signed) "Benjamin Gitlow."

Greet Max Hoeltz on Arrival From Jail

The liberation of Max Hoeltz from jail wrung from the German government by the pressure of the German masses, is one of the triumphs of the working class. This photograph of Hoeltz was taken shortly after his arrival in Berlin from the Sonneburg Jail.

ANTHRACITE IN ELECTION RALLY

Gitlow to Speak in Wilkes-Barre

WILKES BARRE, Pa., Aug. 16.—The Workers (Communist) Party, anthracite subdistrict, will open the Party presidential election campaign here on September 1, with a red letter day.

In connection with the same a picnic, which will be addressed by Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate on the Party ticket, will be held on the same date at Sans Souci Park.

Great interest is being shown by workers and by sympathizers of the Communist Party in the mass campaign picnic. For this reason it is expected that the rally will be a huge success. The Party will make special efforts to prove to the hard-coal miners that they will aid them in all their struggles.

An endorsement conference of labor organizations of the Party program will be held here on August 26th. At this conference an enlarged campaign committee will be elected to direct the open-air meetings, leaflet distributions and other campaign efforts to reach the hard-coal miners.

Workers Party Urges Women to Take Part in Sacco-Vanzetti Meet

The committee for work among women of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 2, in a statement issued yesterday calls upon all working women and workers' wives to participate in the Sacco and Vanzetti memorial demonstration to be held in Union Square, at 5 p. m. August 22.

"The working women must remember," the statement says, "that the Sacco and Vanzetti murder was not the first black deed perpetrated on the working class in America, and will not be the last. They must realize that the murderous hand of capitalism will always reach out to destroy the truest leaders of the workers. Only organization and solidarity among the workers and working women can make the murderous hand of capitalism powerless."

Will Increase Power of Fascist Pilsudski

WARSAW, Aug. 17 (UP).—A revision of the constitution which in some particulars would emulate the United States constitutional provisions, is contemplated by the government, it was learned reliably tonight.

The changes, vesting greater power in the president, probably will be presented to the Sejm (parliament) in the form of a bill.

It was understood that the bill definitely will be drafted after conferences which General Pilsudski is scheduled to hold with party leaders prior to his vacation in Southern Rumania. Pilsudski will leave here August 25.

Jersey Functionaries of Party and League Will Meet Tomorrow

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 17.—The agitprop department of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, together with the agitprop department of the Young Workers League is calling a special conference of all Party and League speakers, organizers and other functionaries of New Jersey sub-district for today, August 18, at 3 p. m. The conference will be held at 93 Mercer St.

D. Benjamin, agitprop director of District 2, will report and lead a discussion on policies and organizational plans in connection with the election campaign.

TEXTILE STRIKE PICNIC SUNDAY

To Show Passaic Strike Film to Workers

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 17.—Thousands of workers from New Bedford, Fall River, Taunton, Fairhaven, Dartmouth and neighboring towns are expected to attend the Workers' International Relief picnic to be held tomorrow at Sylvan's Grove, Auschnet Avenue, for the benefit of the 30,000 striking textile workers of New Bedford.

The program is one of the most extensive ever arranged for a picnic in this city. As the main feature the seven reel motion picture of the Passaic textile strike of two years ago will be shown in the open air. The day by day struggle on the picket line will be shown on the silver screen.

The program will also include a large sports tournament, games, speeches, a strikers' orchestra and refreshments.

Arrangements have been made with the local traction company to have special cars leave the Center and Baylies Square at 9:10 and 11 a. m. The picnic will continue until 10 p. m.

* * *

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 17.—Jeannette Pearl, labor organizer, formerly field organizer of the National Council for the Protection of Foreign Born Workers, is now touring the state of Connecticut to raise funds for the relief of the striking textile workers of New Bedford. She is working under the direction of the Workers' International Relief.

A milk tag day will be held here August 25. This is the first of many activities that Miss Pearl will conduct for the striking workers of New Bedford.

Philadelphia Workers Arrange Huge Election Picnic for September 3

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 17.—The Daily Worker - Freiheit carnival, scheduled for August 26 at Maple Grove Park, gives promise of being second only to the Labor Day red rally, in extent and variety of features that will round out a day of proletarian fun.

There will be a soccer game between New York Freiheit soccer team and a picked Philadelphia soccer team.

For the young workers a fine orchestra will play in the dance pavilion.

Other attractions will be the park amusements, the swings, ten pins, etc. Running contests will be staged on the sidelines.

All workers present may have cool, sweet watermelon, sodas, sandwiches of all kinds, ice cream and a variety of home-made cakes.

To top it all two of the best speakers in the revolutionary labor movement will speak: Robert Minor and S. Epstein, editors of The Daily Worker and Freiheit, respectively.

Oil Barons Plan To Boost Prices

Continued from Page One

any disagreement in principle.

"In this case the main point to consider is how best world-wide restriction can be enforced and how opposing interests in America can be brought into line."

The writer added that he understood Cadman was participating in the conversations because Teagle and Deterding were anxious to know whether they would receive the full support of the Anglo-Persian Oil Co. in their opposition to the French demand for full exploitation of the Turkish Petroleum Company's new and old fields.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

AUTOMOBILE--NEW GIANT

Largest Industry Drives to World War

By BEN LIFSCHITZ

One of the most important accomplishments in the production of cars is the gradual shortening of the production cycle.

The cycle of Ford manufacture begins in the iron and coal mines, follows Ford owned transportation routes and includes the conversion and fabrication of the materials until completed Ford products are placed in the hands of the customer.

During the period of business depression in 1920, the Ford production cycle was cut from 21 to 14 days. It has been now further reduced to approximately 52 hours. Of these 52 hours, 15 are consumed in shipping and handling. Even this record-breaking cycle is often shortened.

The Ford Motor Company employs approximately 150,000 men in the U. S. and about 8,000 abroad, exclusive of Canada.

The Ford Motor Company is producing passenger cars, Fordson tractors and the Lincoln motor car, which it acquired in 1920.

2. General Motors Corporation.

The General Motors Corporation was incorporated October, 1916, succeeding the General Motors Company, which was organized September, 1908.

General Motors does not produce all of the raw material used for the manufacture of its cars. However, the production facilities of the car manufactring divisions have been materially expanded. They were gradually adding units and subsidiaries one after another.

During 1924 the Corporation manufactured approximately one car in every six produced in the United States and Canada. In 1925 this was increased to one car in every five. In 1926 a gain to somewhat better than one car in every four was made and in the year 1927 the Corporation produced 44 cars out of every 100 or a little less than one out of every two. The sales of the Corporation during the year under review represented by far a greater aggregate value and a greater number of total units than those of any other automobile manufacturer in the world.

The following tabulation shows the sales of General Motors cars by dealers to users which is approximately the number of cars produced in the years:

1920	393,075
1921	214,799
1923	798,555
1924	587,341
1925	835,902
1926	1,234,850

The year 1927 resulted in still a new record for General Motors. There were manufactured and sold at retail to users at home and abroad, through branches, distributors and dealers, 1,554,577 cars. This exceeded the previous record year, 1926, by 338,751 cars or an increase of 27.9 per cent. It is particularly interesting to note at this point that due to unusual circumstances prevailing during the year under review the total production of passenger cars and trucks for the United States and Canada declined 20.7 per cent., as compared with the previous year. The corporation's sales, excluding all inter-company items, amounted to $1,269,519,673, an increase of $211,366,335 or 20.0 per cent. over the previous year.

General Motors Corporation is primarily an operating concern owning the plants, properties and other assets of its manufacturing operations, which are designated in this list as divisions. It is also a Hold-Company, owning part or all of the capital stock of other companies connected with its activities. It produces the following cars: Buick, Cadillac, and LaSalle, Chevrolet Motor division, including subsidiaries, Oakland and Pontiac, Oldsmobile. It also produces Yellow Coaches and Yellow Cabs. It also controls the Fisher Body Corporation, with 44 plants, in all important centers of the United States and Canada; Fleetwood Body Corporation, Ternstedt Manufacturing Company, the National Plate Glass Company and Fisher Lumber Corporation. It also controls a number of accessory plants where accessories and parts are made.

The General Motors also maintain a number of assembly plants in all important centers of the world.

Very material expansion took place during the year in the Corporation's business in all overseas countries. The Corporation's overseas sales aggregated 193,830 cars and trucks in 1927. This exceeded the previous record year, 1926, by 75,039 cars, an increase of 63.2 per cent. During the year additional assembly plants have been added at Osaka, Japan, Batavia, Java; and Stockholm, Sweden. At the present time, a total of 20 assembly plants and warehouses are in operation, as indicated by the list shown on page 23, and more than 13,000 employes are engaged in the corporation's overseas activities.

Number of employees.

The General Motors Corporation now employ over 175,000.

3. Chrysler-Dodge.

The enlarged merged company will rank as the third largest motor enterprise in the world, having total resources of about $175,000,000 working capital of 80,000,000 dollars, capacity for 700,000 cars and trucks annually. This company will employ 12,000 dealers with a gross business of $500,000,000 a year and potential earning power from 40 to 50 million dollars a year. It will have 35,000 employees.

Have We Reached the Saturation Point in the Automobile Industry?

When we examine annual production and wholesale value of the automobile industry in the post-war period, 1919-1926, we see (with the exception of 1921, 1924 and 1927) a steady trend upward.

Annual Production and Wholesale Value:

Year	Cars and Trucks	Wholesale Value
1919	1,974,016	$1,885,112,546
1920	2,204,947	2,232,420,323
1921	1,660,082	1,258,776,550
1922	2,665,624	1,787,122,708
1923	4,079,992	2,582,398,876
1924	3,606,815	2,318,249,632
1925	4,312,456	2,957,386,637
1926	4,428,286	3,163,756,676
1927	3,537,671	2,700,705,743

The year 1921 was a year of industrial crisis, 1924 and 1927 were years of partial industrial depression. These figures indicate the fact that the automobile industry fluctuates with general industrial activity.

However, we must note the upward trend in the direction of the motor truck and motor bus which will make up for some of the downward trend in the production of passenger cars, also the fact, that the "captains of industry" are working very hard to expand their export trade, as shown by the last report of the General Motors.

Taking all facts into consideration, we can say that the automobile industry has not reached the bottom of production, but it is undoubtedly approaching the saturation point.

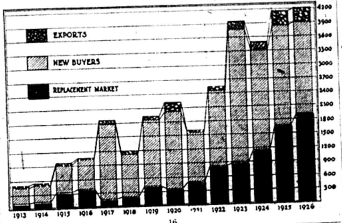
Three factors are working in that direction:

1. The general condition of American industries, such as mining, textile, shoe, already undergoing a slump. Stiffening competition from the European international trusts has already resulted in great unemployment here numbering about four million. This, the figures have shown in recent years, will have a marked effect on the automobile industry.

2. Sharpened competition in the automobile industry from abroad, especially from British manufacturers. The British automobile industry has launched an intensive campaign to hold its own against an expected new offensive from American automobile manufacturers. "Buy British cars and be proud of it," is the slogan credited with having put the home industry on its feet, but coupled with this is the 33 1-3 per cent. import duty on foreign cars and the one pound sterling annual tax per horsepower. This latter weapon undoubtedly put a crimp in American sales, as the annual tax on a Ford, for instance, amounts to more than a hundred dollars.

3. The replacement market does not represent 100 per cent. of the wholesale value. You will note on the diagram, that the replacement is steadily growing, but we must bear in mind that this replacement market is being artificially stimulated and does not represent 100 per cent. of the full wholesale value. All of the automobile concerns, especially those of higher priced cars, are giving quite substantial allowances for the old cars, sometimes running as high as 25-30 per cent. The automobile concerns hardly make any use out of these cars. This is an indirect form of reducing the price in order to stimulate sales.

Significant Trends in Auto Industry



16

MARINES PATROL FRENCH COLONY

Six Officials Killed in Guiana

PARIS, Aug. 17.—French marines rushed from Martinique are attempting to crush by force the disturbances which have broken out in French Guiana, following the suspicious death of Jean Galmot, a prominent political figure in the colony, according to dispatches from Cayenne, the capital.

The disturbances are alleged to have resulted in the death of six government officials.

Following the announcement of the results of a coroner's inquest that Galmot had died of poisoning, crowds gathered in front of the houses of various government officials demanding their lives.

The smouldering discontent and French misgovernment of the colony has found outlet in the attack on the officials which the marines are having difficulty in suppressing.

Brutal reprisals are expected on the part of the government.

Plans for Huge New Bank are Under Way

Plans for the organization of a $50,000,000 bank are being made, according to widely circulated reports.

Among the probable members of the board of directors are John J. Raskob, chairman of the democratic national committee and former chairman of the finance committee of the Morgan-controlled General Motors Corporation; William F. Kenny, friend of Governor Smith and members of the Du Pont firm.

PROPAGANDA FOR WAR IN ENGLAND

British Planes Prepare Atmosphere

LONDON, Aug. 17.—The fake air battle in which 350 army planes participated has come to a close, after demonstrating to the inhabitants of London the horrors of the next war and the readiness of Britain's army and navy departments to fight.

Maneuvering about in the air, squadrons of British planes, supposed to be the force of some "eastern power" dropped fake bombs on London, which if real would have wiped out the population of the city. The daily press rang with praise of the maneuvers and tried in every way possible to arouse the people into enthusiasm for war.

The decision was given to the "eastern power" with a warning that unless England "prepare" it stands in danger of being conquered. In the meantime naval and airplane construction continues.

Worker Near Death in Eleven-Story Fall

After an eleven-story fall from a scaffolding, at 228 West 48th St. yesterday, George Hathmaker, a building worker, of 121 West 62nd St., was still alive last night in Bellevue Hospital.

Suffering from internal injuries and a possible skull fracture, his condition was considered extremely serious.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

LEAGUE QUITE MUM ON QUERY OF COSTA RICA

No "Interpretation" of Monroe Doctrine

GENEVA, Aug. 17.—Twenty-four hours of "hard thinking and discussing" have brought no further solution of Costa Rica's demand for a league interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine than the suggestion that no interpretation at all will be forthcoming.

A prominent British member of the league's political section yesterday stated it as possible that "continued agitation of this matter by the Latin-American delegates to the assembly over a considerable period of time may induce the United States itself to promulgate an interpretation clearly definite." But this is all, he intimated, which can happen.

The most that is expected is that President Francisco Urrutia, of Colombia, will be instructed to send Costa Rica an answer without referring it to the council. In that event the matter will be considered closed.

LITHUANIA AND POLAND CLASH

Disagree Over Place for Confab

WARSAW, Aug. 17.—The Polish government received a note from the Lithuanian government rejecting the proposal to hold a conference on the boundary dispute at Geneva on August 30, and insisting on holding the conference, as originally planned, at Koenigsberg between August 16 and August 20.

The reason given by President Valdemaras was that the shortness of the time at Geneva would preclude a satisfactory conference.

It is generally believed that the Polish government is anxious to hold the conference under the jurisdiction of the League of Nations, or at a time when its influence could be exerted, since it is confident that such a decision would be favorable to itself.

SANTAL MIDY
For Annoying or Painful Bladder Evacuation
Get the genuine Santal Midy
Effective-Harmless
Sold by All Druggists

Election Notice

Help us flood the country with pamphlets and leaflets carrying the message of the class struggle to all the workers and exploited farmers of the country in the biggest election campaign yet undertaken by the Workers (Communist) Party.

Every class-conscious worker is invited to co-operate in this task. Attach One Dollar to this coupon for 10 copies of the new 64 page Party Platform, and we will contribute a quantity of pamphlets and leaflets to be distributed by you FREE OF CHARGE.

Mail This Coupon NOW to The
NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE,
43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Comrades:
Enclosed find $1.00 for which send me 10 copies of newly published platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. Also send me an allotment of literature FREE, which I shall distribute among my shop mates and friends:

NAME ....
ADDRESS ....
CITY .... STATE ....

Books on Sacco and Vanzetti

The Cast of Sacco and Vanzetti
By FELIX FRANKFURTER
$1.00

Sacco and Vanzetti Cartoon-Book
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The International Situation and Tasks of Communist International

Comrade Bukharin's Report of the Executive Committee of the Communist International

This is the official text of the report of Comrade Nicolai Bukharin made to the Sixth Congress of the Communist International on July 18 and 19, on behalf of its Executive Committee on the international situation and the tasks of the Communist International. Because of the unexpected length we can publish only one half of the report in this issue. The other half will be published in an early issue of the Daily Worker.

I. A General Analysis of Modern Capitalism and the Special Forms of the Crisis of Capitalism

THREE PERIODS OF POST WAR DEVELOPMENT.

Comrades!

Much has happened since the last Congress of the Comintern. In order that we may be able better to appreciate the events that have taken place during this period, and in order that we may correctly outline our future prospects, we must examine the stage of development through which we have just passed not separately and isolately, but in conjunction with the preceding stages. The general appreciation of the whole of the post-war development must be divided into three periods.

The first period was the period of **acute revolutionary crisis**, particularly in European countries. It was the period in which revolutionary development reached its highest stage, when an enormous revolutionary wave swept over the whole of Europe. The culminating point of this period was reached in the years 1920-21.

This first period includes the **February and October revolutions** in Russia; the workers' revolution in **Finland**, in March, 1918; the rice riots in **Japan** in August, 1918 (called forth by the rise in the price of rice); the revolutions in **Austria and Germany** in November, 1918; the proletarian revolution in **Hungary**; the rebellion in **Korea** in March, 1919; the setting up of the Soviet Government in **Bavaria**, in April, 1919; the bourgeois national revolution in **Turkey** in January, 1920; the seizure of the factories by the workers in **Italy** in September, 1920. This period must also include the **Red Army's march on Warsaw** and finally, we have the so-called **March action** in Germany in 1921.

We see, therefore, that this first period was crammed full of revolutionary events of great magnitude and of great historical significance. These events brought out very sharply the process of collapse of the capitalist system and primarily of European capitalism. The first period must be regarded as having come to a close at the end of the year 1923. In September, 1923, the rebellion in Bulgaria ended in severe defeat and in the Autumn of 1923, the German proletariat suffered a fresh defeat.

The defeat of the proletariat in Western Europe served the bourgeoisie as the political starting point for further development. These defeats, and particularly the defeat of the German proletariat, marked the beginning of the second period of development in Central Europe and in Europe as a whole. This was the period of the capitalist offensive, the period of defensive proletarian struggles generally, and defensive strikes in particular. It was the period of the **partial stabilization of capitalism**. It must be said, that several of the defensive battles of the proletariat assumed colossal dimensions. Among these were the **General Strike and the Miners' Strike in Great Britain**. The second period brought greater "peace and order" to European capitalism and to world capitalism. Direct revolutionary events passed from the continent of Europe to the **colonial and semi-colonial countries**. In 1925, we had the rebellion in **Morocco**, in August, 1925, we had the rebellion in **Syria** and in the same year the great struggle in **China** assumed a more acute form. While in the first period the direct revolutionary situation bore a sharply expressed European character, in the second period the direct revolutionary situation became the characteristic feature of the situation in the colonial periphery of world imperialism.

From the economic point of view, from the point of view of the analysis of capitalist economy, the second period may be described as the period of the restoration of the productive forces of capitalism. In this period, relying on its political victories and on its relative political stabilization, capitalism strove to achieve, and ultimately did achieve, a certain economic stabilization.

The second period passed away to give place to the third period, the period of **capitalist reconstruction**. This reconstruction was expressed in the pre-war limits being exceeded qualitatively and quantitatively. The growth of the productive forces of capitalism is due on the one hand to the rather considerable progress achieved in the technique of industry and on the other hand to the extensive reorganization of capitalist economic contacts. Technical reconstruction, economic reorganization and the rapid process of capitalist trustification are, however, accompanied by the growth of the forces hostile to capitalism and by the extremely rapid development of its inherent contradictions.

Among these must be included first of all the growth of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The period of the reconstruction of capitalism "coincides" with the period of reconstruction in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics; the period of the establishment of a new technical basis for, and corresponding with that, the reorganization of our apparatus of production—reorganization in the social economic sense (the growth of the socialized section of our economy) as well as in the sense of its increasing consolidation. The economic and political growth of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, the development of the **Chinese revolution**, the ferment in countries like **India**, and finally the rapid growth of the inherent contradictions in the capitalist section of modern world economy and the growing danger of war—all represent the "reverse" side of world development.

It is necessary to analyse carefully the new world situation that has arisen in the third period. Unless we appreciate all the fundamental world economic and political changes that have taken place, we shall be unable to mark out a correct political line and be unable to approach properly the tactical problems of the present time.

Right from the outset we must clearly state that the postulate regarding the stabilization of capitalism now bears a different character from that which it bore several years ago, and this alteration in the manner of presenting the question must be taken into consideration in analyzing the international situation.

I come now to the analysis itself.

THE ELEMENTS OF TECHNICAL PROGRESS.

First of all I will deal with the technique of the present day capitalist world. We must concede that a considerable growth has taken place in the electrification of production in the important capitalist countries. Important inventions have been brought out in the sphere of applied chemistry. The new methods of producing synthetic fuels, the Bergius method of producing benzine, the production of artificial silk, etc., all these are characteristic features of present day capitalist production. At the same time we must take note of the growing utilization of light metals, particularly of aluminum, the wider application of new machinery and aparatuses in industry as well as in agriculture, for example the combined harvesters in the United States; the development of automobile transport; the extensive application of the endless conveyor system and the new method of organizing labor in the factories; standardization, mass production, etc. All these are the most characteristic features of present day capitalist technique.

I will quote a few figures concerning the production of electrical power in the United States.

Production in Million Kilowatt Hours:

1912	1922	1926	1927
17,572	47,569	73,791	79,724

Numerous illustrations can be quoted showing convincingly that the curve of development of capitalist economy, both from the qualitative and quantitative point of views marks definite progress.

A few figures to characterize the dynamics of the growth and the redistribution of the parts played by various metals in world industry. If we take the total production of 1913 at 100, the figures of production of various metals in 1926 will be as follows:

Steel	122
Copper	15[illegible]
Lead	107
Aluminum	310

Aluminum is successfully competing with other metals in the electrical industry, in railway construction and in the construction of street cars in the United States and in Germany.

Still more interesting are the figures illustrating the production of artificial silk. The world production of artificial silk is shown in the following figures (in thousands of kilogrammes):

Pre-war production	11,000
1921	30,000
1925	84,000
1927	125,000

Taking the pre-war figure at 100, the index numbers for the subsequent years will be as follows:

1921	173
1925	668
1927	1,036

In regard to the latest inventions and their influence on production, we will take as an example the Bergius method. In Germany, synthetic benzine produced by this method, already represents 12 per cent of the total amount of benzine utilized in the country.

At the present time extensive **plans** for the introduction of new technical processes are being laid down in many countries, for example in Germany and in England, which will have very important economic consequences. These are the schemes to supply gas over long distances in Germany, electrification in Great Britain, etc. It is easy to understand that these technical successes, even if we put the word successes in inverted commas, will inevitably lead to an increase in the productivity in social labor. Gunter Stein, in the "Berliner Tageblatt" writes for example that in the United States the gross output of the manufacturing industries during 1923—1924 increased by 4.5 per cent compared with the normal, whereas in the same period the number of workers employed diminished by over 5 per cent. This means that the productivity of the worker has increased approximately by 30 to 40 per cent.

The development of the **chemical industry** is important not only from the general point of view, but also from two other points of view:

1. From the point of view of **war preparations**; for the chemical industry is a first class war industry, and
2. From the point of view of the possibility it holds out of introducing very important changes in the methods of agricultural production.

The world output of chemical products in pre-war times amounted to 10 billion German Reichsmarks; in 1923-24 it amounted to 18 billions. Taking the previous figure at 100 the index number of the second figure will be 140. You will observe that the production of chemical products has greatly increased.

The utilization of nitrate products in the important capitalist countries has increased as follows:

(In thousands of tons of pure nitrates.)

	Pre-war	1926
Germany	260	430
Great Britain	54	61
France	79	152
Italy	22	54
United States	167	341

THE DEVELOPMENT OF CAPITALIST MONOPOLIES, STATE CAPITALIST TENDENCIES AND THEIR POLITICAL SIGNIFICANCE.

I do not think these figures require any comment, they speak for themselves. The changes in technique which in some countries, primarily in the United States, is assuming the character of a technical revolution, are quite definitely linked up with the trustification of national economy, with the establishment of gigantic banking consortiums and already in the post-war period, with the growth of state capitalist tendencies in multifarious forms. I will mention a few examples. Everyone knows, for example of the existence of gigantic trusts like the German Dye Trust, etc. Everyone must know to what colossal dimensions the chemical industry has become trustified in the Mond concern in England (hence the origin of the notorious term "Mondism"). All the comrades are aware of the existence of "Standard Oil" in the United States. We are now passing through a period not only of the birth and rapid development of colossal capitalist organizations within each capitalist country, but we are also passing through a period of the establishment of giant international trusts. I have before me a whole list of such trusts, which it would be rather boring to read out here.

A short time ago, at the Congress of our Party, I advanced the thesis that we are now observing a certain growth in state capitalist tendencies, not in the pre-war form of "war capitalism" (the social-deceivers of all breeds had the impudence to describe this penal servitude war capitalism as "war socialism"), with the card system of rationing and the specific features connected with war, but in a new form, or rather in new forms. We observe at the present time a growing process in which trusts, cartels and banking consortiums are becoming more linked up with and grafted on to the organs of state of the imperialist bourgeoisie. The nature of the shell in which this process is developing is not important. In some cases it may take the form of the state ownership of industrial enterprises and increased state interference in economic life. In other cases it may take the form of the so-called capitalist economic organizations "capturing the state" from "below" as the liberals express it. Of course, we must categorically reject this latter expression: there is no need to capture the state if the state apparatus is already in the hands of the imperialist bourgeoisie. What we have in mind is the organizational forms in which the economic organizations of the imperialist bourgeoisie become grafted on to organs of the bourgeoisie state. Thus, the form this process assumes is of secondary importance. All that I wish to assert and stress here is that this process is definitely taking place. We observe it taking place in Italy, in Japan, in the United States and in Germany in a variety of forms. There is not the slightest doubt that the process is taking place. Certain comrades formerly expressed doubt concerning this matter. But since then the works of the comrades who have specially investigated this matter have been published; I have in mind particularly the works of Comrades Wurm and Lapinsky who have investigated this subject from the point of view of the development of state and municipal industry and from the point of view of the mutual relations between the private capitalist and state organizations of the imperialist bourgeoisie. All the facts reveal a state-capitalistic tendency in the modern development of imperialist economy.

What are the political results of this process? This we can see from the following example. In America a certain Theodore Knappen, in an article in the "Magazine of Wall Street" for March 19, 1928, entitled, **"Business Qualifications of the Leading Presidential Candidates,"** wrote as follows:

> **"It is not an exaggeration to say that he has considered himself and has actually been the director general of American business. Never before, here or anywhere else, has a government department been so completely fused with business... He respects big business and admires big business men, he considers that there is more good in one man who does well a big job than a dozen learned dreamers talking about what they have never attempted and will never accomplish... There can be no doubt that Hoover as president would be without precedent. He would be a dynamic business president even as Coolidge has been a static business president. He would be the first business as distinguished from political president the country has had."**

The fact that Hoover is described as Director General of Trusts is in itself a striking political expression of the process of grafting that is taking place between the capitalist trust organizations and the capitalist political state organizations.

STRUCTURAL CHANGES.

The following questions arise: assuming all these facts are correct, what becomes of our analysis of the so-called stabilization of capital? What becomes of our thesis concerning the partial, temporary, etc., stabilization—stabilization with all the definitions and qualifications? What becomes of the question of the general crisis of the world capitalist system when we ourselves admit technical achievements, the growth of trusts and other capitalist organizations and when we on these grounds admit that capitalism has undergone considerable consolidation? What becomes of our special and specific characterization of stabilization? I think that these questions must be clearly presented and clearly replied to. Otherwise we stand the risk of dropping into ideological confusion.

First of all I want to quote a few literary and political references to this question. How did we, a few years ago, picture to ourselves the process of the further development, or the further collapse of the capitalist system? First of all I will deal with the period when we drew up the first draft of our programme. We then formulated the thesis on the condition of capitalism in this way: the capitalist system is undergoing a process of collapse—a process of collapse without qualification. The fate of capitalism as it presented itself to us at that time may be described in the form of a steadily drooping curve.

When we took up the discussion of the draft a second time, we came to the conclusion that some changes ought to be made in the definitions. Already at the Fifth Congress our thesis on the state and ultimate fate of capitalist economy was formulated somewhat differently. Then the word "stabilization" came into use with various qualifications such as "partial," temporary, etc.

Now I submit the following question: what meaning have these definitions and qualifications at the present time? Have they any meaning at all? If they have any meaning, is it the same meaning that we attach to it before, or is it some other? In my opinion the meaning of these definitions now differ somewhat from the meaning we formerly attached to them.

I think that, taken as a whole, we may, in a semi-literary style, define our previous position on this question in the following manner:

It was assumed that some increase in production was observed in only one or two countries and that only as an exception. This increase did not appear to be particularly characteristic and was regarded merely as an auxiliary or "conventional" circumstance. Tomorrow or the day after another process would set in. If on a certain day we observed in a certain country a growth of technique or of productive forces, or a favorable economic situation, we said that this was only a sort of economic "special day" which could not be taken seriously.

It can, and it should be said that at that time there were definite grounds for appraising the situation in this way, but the definition of stabilization as relative stabilization, in many respects, no longer corresponds to the present situation.

Take each country in turn.

The UNITED STATES is marching ahead. Let us assume that predictions concerning a relative crisis in America are true. This possibility is by no means excluded; in fact it is very probable. But the general course of development shows a growth of industry, a growth of production. For the first time in world history and in the history of the labor movement—to speak in the words of Marx—"V" (variable capital—the value of labor power) in the United States is diminishing not only relatively to "C" (constant capital—the value of means of production), but also ABSOLUTELY. The number of workers employed in industry is diminishing. This is occurring for the first time in world history and in the history of the labor movement on so large a scale.

Some comrades may say that this is a pessimistic view. This is not true. **We must draw a distinction between optimism and stupidity. These are two different things. If we do not wish to be stupid, we must take the facts as they are. This is the first obligatory prerequisite for all non-stupid tactics.**

Take another country, Germany. Some time ago, when I wrote about the growth of technique and of the forces of production in Germany, the "Ultra-Left," anti-Communist Maslov roundly abused me. Now one must be blind not to see that German capitalism is developing rather rapidly and the talk one hears now about imperialism, the dreaming about "mandates" and the longing for colonies, the building of battleships, etc., are by no means accidental.

Take France. It must be clear to everyone that a tremendous difference exists between pre-war France and post-war France; everyone must see that old, usurer France is acquiring new qualities and is now becoming transformed into a substantial industrial country.

Take Great Britain. On the whole Great Britain is passing through a period of decline; her strength is undermined, the might of her empire is waning. On certain sectors the British bourgeoisie is succeeding in increasing the forces of production: for example the so-called new industries.

But even if these facts are true, does it mean that we have to confess that the crisis of capitalism has been liquidated? Or does it mean something else? I would like to put this same question in a more sharply political form: does this analysis coincide with the analysis made by the social democrats?

I think it is quite easy to understand the real state of affairs. The correct reply to this question should be: **The general crisis of capitalism continues, more than that, is is developing, although the forms of the crisis are now different.** Formerly, we examined the most important symptoms of the crisis in the following manner: we took each in turn and said: in this country capitalism is undergoing a process of decline, in that country and in another the same process is observed, in a fourth perhaps the process is not so rapid, but it is nevertheless there. Like everything else in the world, our appreciation of the crisis of that time had its roots in the economic conditions then prevailing. Germany had reached the lowest ebb of economic collapse. In a number of other countries, particularly in Central Europe, the situation was the same. Thus, our former definitions were based on a somewhat exaggerated estimation of certain real facts. Now the former forms of the crisis have given way to new forms. That is the whole point.

We must not picture the crisis of capitalism and of the capitalist system as a steady decline in almost all capitalist countries or even in a majority of countries. The situation is not quite that. The crisis of capitalism lies in that as a result of the preceding war and post-war phases a fundamental structural change has taken place in the whole of world economy, a change which inevitably intensifies the contradictions of the capitalist system a thousand fold, and will finally lead to its doom.

Take for example the fact of the existence of the U. S. S. R. What does it imply? In the first place, the existence of the U. S. S. R. is the result of the post-war crisis of capitalism, and secondly, it implies that the crisis continues; for we observe the development of an alien, hostile, and on principle, antagonistic body in the world economic system of capitalism. An alien body! Is this not a fundamental structural change in world economy?

CHANGES IN THE ALIGNMENT OF FORCES.

I have already noted the fact that the direct revolutionary situation has passed to the Orient and to the colonial periphery generally. This too, is a result of the post-war crisis. Are not the powerful revolutionary shocks in this periphery of capitalism an expression of profound crises?

Further, what does the so-called disproportion between the United States and Europe—which is striving to liberate itself from the hegemony of America, imply? It, too, implies a structural change in the world economic system. Finally, the contraction of the home markets in capitalist countries and the ruination and pauperization of the colonies make it necessary to present the question of the relations between production and consumption in an entirely different manner from that in which it was presented in the "normal" conditions of capitalism. The situation is developing in such a way that the whole of the future development of the capitalist system may proceed entirely **in the forms created by the previous critical periods of capitalism.** Capitalism cannot proceed as if the U. S. S. R. did not exist. It cannot proceed as if the Chinese Revolution, as if the disproportion between the United States and Europe, as if the contradiction of markets, etc., etc., did not exist.

These structural changes are of enormous significance for the whole development of the capitalist system and for the appraisement of its prospects. Take for example the development of all the permanent contradictions of capitalism in itself: the fight for markets, the growth of the apparatus of production, which is surpassing the growth of purchasing power, and all the other contradictions with which we are so familiar. I ask you: what conclusions must we draw from the structural changes in world economy that I have noted? I think the following reply must be made: the ferment in the colonies and the surging development of the class struggle imply that the inherent contradictions of the capitalist system are becoming more acute. If the Chinese Revolution is regarded as a mere bagatelle—as the social democrats do, then of course there is no serious crisis of capitalism. If the U. S. S. R. does not exist, then again there is no crisis of capitalism. When the social democrats go so far as to assert that the present phase of capitalism does not inevitably lead to war, and that Marx has become completely obsolete because he advanced the thesis that war is the inevitable outcome of the development of capitalism, then of course, the situation according to the social democrats is quite idyllic—no crisis of capitalism! But if we admit that all the things I have referred to actually exist—and they do exist—then the method of presenting the question and the reply to it will be entirely different.

If we say that stabilization is decaying, then I ask: What are the facts upon which we base this conclusion? Not from the fact that capitalism is in a state of direct collapse in one country or another. Stabilization is decaying because in the present situation development is proceeding along new lines created by the preceding phase and these new lines in their turn cause all the contradictions of capitalism to become more intensified. This intensification of contradictions in its turn leads to the great collapse, to the final catastrophe. That is why capitalism is unstable. That is why stabilization can be only **relative stabilization**. That is why the crisis of capitalism has not disappeared, it has been driven deep down into the heart of the capitalist system and threatens to develop with greater intensity than ever. But this crisis must not be regarded from the point of view of a single country taken separately, but from the point of view of the general contacts which all countries have with one another within the framework of world economy. At the same time we must take into consideration the mutual relationships between the imperialists, the relationships between capitalist countries, the relationship between various "capitalisms" and the U. S. S. R., etc.

THE CONTRADICTIONS OF CAPITALISM DEVELOP IN THE MOST ACUTE FORM.

Only in this manner can the question of stabilization be presented. And I think that this manner of presentation is sufficiently clear. Many capitalist countries are developing, but this development is proceeding in forms created by the war crisis; it is proceeding simultaneously with the existence of the U. S. S. R., with colonial revolutions, etc. The inherent contradictions of capitalism become more and more acute. Stabilization is really decaying, not because capitalism in every country is declining, but because the structural changes that have occurred in world economy are creating a new situation and are inexorably leading to the collapse of the whole system. These contradictions in separate countries, with the development and intensification of the class struggle and with the growth of the elements of a revolutionary situation. But this process is not now linked up with the process of the direct economic **collapse** of capitalism in separate countries, but with the process of the development of the contradictions of stabilization, of contradictions which are being enormously intensified by the general conditions of the crisis of capitalism.

I have only briefly touched upon a few of the structural changes of world economy. Permit me to make a few remarks concerning the manner in which our opponents treat the phenomena of the crisis. I will mention the so-called "German problem" which, from a certain angle, is nothing more than the problem of the relationships between the United States and Europe. I have before me an article written by the English statistician and economist, Paish, published in the last issue of "Zeitschrift fur Geo-Politik," No. 4. Paish presents the question in the following manner:

> "Now the debtor countries all over the world are unable to sell their commodities on the scale necessary for the purpose of enabling them to meet their obligations and at the same time to obtain from the sale of their commodities the money necessary for purchasing the things they require for the satisfaction of their needs. For that reason they continue as before to raise large foreign loans. But the crediting countries cannot advance credits on the same scale that they have been doing during the past few years. Unless relief comes in the near future the whole system must very soon collapse. . ."

And then he goes on to say:

> **"Thus, the collapse of the international credit system becomes dangerously imminent.** (Author's emphasis.) This collapse will be inevitable unless immediate measures are taken to enable the debtor countries to meet their obligations by selling their goods, rather than by further loans. Symptoms of the crisis have accumulated in abundance: flooded markets, growing unemployment in the United States and the enormous magnitude of credit operations in the important industrial countries, primarily in Germany."

I rather doubt the accuracy of this author when he predicts catastrophe all along the line. Here other interests are on the board and it is not difficult to guess which they are. But certain grounds for making assertions of this kind do exist.

But, the German problem is a partial problem which arises out of the fundamental crisis forms of modern world economy. We now observe a number of most acute contradictions. These acute contradictions develop along the various lines: American-Great Britain; Germany-France; Italy-France, etc., all these disproportions,—from the point of view of peace and quiet in the capitalist system—find their expression in the fact that after the war a situation arose in which the genuine economic power of certain states do not correspond to certain of their other features, as for example the possession of colonies. Take for example the United States on the one hand and Great Britain on the other. We observe a powerful growth of American capitalism and yet, to this day, the United States is not a great colonial power. The British world empire is a colonial empire and yet it is in regard to Great Britain that we can say that she is passing through a period of decline, notwithstanding her great colonial monopoly. A similar disproportion can be observed in other countries. Take present day Germany. From the economic and technical point of view she is a first class country and yet she has neither colonies nor mandates nor protectorates. Of equal interest would it be to compare Italy with Spain, etc.

But as contradictions arise from the growth of productive forces and as the struggle for spheres for the investment of capital becomes more acute, we have nothing more nor less than the "resurrection" of the profoundest of imperialist problems—a fresh distribution of the globe, of colonies or other territories. And this means war. From the point of view of the economic analysis of present-day world economy, from the point of view of the specific relationships within imperialist states, from the point of view of the general crisis of capitalism,—from all these decisive points of view, war is the central problem of the present day. That is why, from the point of view of policy and tactics we must put this problem in the forefront. The Social Democrats say that war—is our programme! What stupidity,—it is not a lie, it is just stupidity! This problem objectively is the central problem. And our subjective collective task is to solve this problem, not on imperialist lines, but on proletarian lines; not by supporting imperialist war, but by converting war into proletarian civil war against the bourgeoisie.

INTER-STATE ANTAGONISMS.

It is quite understandable that the process of economic development should determine and crystallize corresponding relationship between states. In analyzing the general complex of political relationships between capitalist states, the thing that stand out prominently is the great antagonism that exists between various state forms: antagonism between capitalist countries and the colonies, particularly in China; antagonism between capitalist countries and the U. S. S. R. and the antagonism between Europe, particularly Great Britain, and the United States of America. In regard to specific European relationships they are to a considerable degree determined by the changes that have

"Not Support Imperialist War, But Convert Into Civil War Against Bourgeoisie"

taken place in Germany's position and the resuscitation of German imperialism. I have already referred to the growing contradiction between the economic and political power of the United States and the relatively insignificant dimensions of her colonial possessions. This contradiction finds expression in the growing aggressiveness of the United States of America. The slogan "peaceful penetration" is gradually giving way to open political and military occupation. The events in Nicaragua are a striking expression of this change in the policy of the United States. Notwithstanding all her liberal professions, the position of the United States is not far removed materially from military occupation.

The aggressive policy of the United States is countered by her rival Great Britain. Anglo-American antagonism is now the pivot around which all the antagonisms between capitalist states revolve.

Conflicts between the United States and Great Britain take place in the most varied spheres. In the rather big conflict over rubber, Britain suffered a defeat and was compelled to compromise. Britain was defeated also in the struggle for oil. Now the fight is taking place over cotton. I have in mind the plans of United States capital affecting Africa—in Abyssinia and through her to Egypt. United States capitalism has already stretched out its feelers towards India.

On the South American continent the United States already holds the northern part of Latin America in economic servitude, and now it is fairly successfully competing with Great Britain in the southern parts of Latin America. I repeat and emphasize that the conflict between the United States and Great Britain is the pivot around which the contradictions within the capitalist sector of world economy revolve.

THE RESUSCITATION OF GERMAN IMPERIALISM AND THE CRISIS OF THE VERSAILLES TREATY.

In Germany a peculiar "Renaissance" is taking place, which is extremely important from the point of view of European relationships, namely, the resuscitation of German imperialism. What does this imply? Germany has not yet its own army or navy, but its position has changed very considerably. Germany was crushed, German monopolist capital went out of the war "game" greatly ruined. Politically and nationally Germany was degraded. But with the aid of credits, primarily with the aid of American credits, German capitalism restored its affairs. The technique of German capital, or rather, the dynamics of technical progress in Germany, show record figures for Europe and in certain sectors Germany shows record figures for the whole world. In regard to economic reorganization the process of trustification in Germany has assumed classical forms. Giant trusts, which exercise enormous international influence, the strong position occupied by German capital in the world markets, the relative cheapness of German goods and the growth of the competitive power of German capitalism and of German industry, about this there can be no doubt at all.

It is quite understandable that a strengthened economic foundation should find its reflection in politics: the Versailles peace treaty has in part practically been annulled already. The political position of Germany capitalism has become considerably consolidated compared with what it was several years ago. Germany now plays a fairly important role in the concert of European states and on certain questions sometimes even plays a determining role. It is not difficult to understand that this feature of development, or rather this general process of development of Germany, is equal to the growth of the aspirations of German monopolist capital in regard to foreign politics. The quest for "mandates," for protectorates and for colonies has become a political fashion in Germany. But this is not merely a "fashion," but something more material. This "fashion" does not lack real prospects, for in the play of various antagonisms and forces, in the complex of relationships between France and Italy, France and Great Britain, France and Germany, Germany and Poland, etc., in this complicated tangle of European relationships, Germany on the one hand is the subject and on the other hand the object and in certain circumstances a number of countries may and will support Germany. This tendency in the development of German capitalism is linked up with the phenomenon known as the "western orientation" of German capitalism. A few years ago Germany was menaced by Entente capital. The muzzle of the French revolver was levelled at her head; she lost her fortified positions and the only outlet German capital had for a short time was the bloc with the U. S. S. R. This was expressed by the Apallo Treaty and Germany foreign policy of that period.

Now the situation is changed. The colonial aspirations of Germany grow in proportion to the growth of monopolist capitalism and correspondingly the western orientation of German capital becomes more and more crystallized. It goes without saying that the present situation must not be simplified too much in our analysis; this fundamental tendency in the development of Germany does not by any means exclude the possibility of various moves and maneuvers on the political chess board, of Germany taking advantage of the intermediary position she occupies between the western powers and the U. S. S. R., etc. This is an indisputable fact. But these chess moves and maneuvers do not annul the fundamental tendency of the development of Germany, which will willingly allow itself to be "violated" and will march side by side with its colleagues against the U. S. S. R.

THE CHANGES IN INTER-STATE RELATIONSHIPS AND THE STRUGGLE AGAINST THE U. S. S. R.

The crisis of capitalism finds its reflection also in the kaledioscopic changes in the relationships between the various powers. Not a single alliance is permanent or durable. On the contrary, a continuous regrouping of forces is taking place before our very eyes. But running like a thread through all these regroupings, changes and various constellations of European capitalist powers, runs the fundamental tendency of—the grouping of forces against the U. S. S. R. We have repeatedly reverted to this theme. I will not dwell here on th question of the various alliances of the so-called small Entente, on the agreements concluded between the various border states, between the more powerful states, etc. All these facts are now known even to infants.

If the analysis of the economic foundation I made in the first part of my report is correct, then it is perfectly understandable that the relationships between states should represent the political expression of the preparations being made for war against the U. S. S. R. We of course must build up our tactics accordingly.

PREPARATIOS FOR WAR.

As a consequence, the internal processes in the important capitalist countries are proceeding along the lines of preparation for war. These processes loudly contradict the social democrat babble about the realization of pacifism, about "ultra-imperialist" era, etc. The growth of armaments, the passing of laws, like Paul Boncour's military law in France, and the general feverish preparations of the bourgeoisie for preserving so-called "peace and order" in their respective countries in the event of war, are sufficiently well-known to all. In the latter category of measures must be included the British Anti-Trade Union Act, Mussolini's "Charter of Labor," the incredible terror raging in a number of countries like Hungary, Poland, Roumania, and in the Balkans generally, and in Italy, the extensive plans for corrupting certain sections of the peasantry, so-called "industrial peace," "Mondism," the American methods of corrupting the proletariat—measures carried out on the one hand with the aid of fascism and on the other hand with the aid of the social democratic parties.

With all this are linked up the organizational changes in the structure of the state power. I have already spoken of state capitalist tendencies and of the tendencies towards the direct grafting of private capitalist organizations on the organs of the bourgeois state. This tendency not only has a general economic political significance; it also has enormous significance from the point of view of preparations for war. It would be a mistake to assert that the bourgeoisie consciously strives to graft the private capitalist organizations with the organs of the capitalist state, or that it sees in this a means of preparing for war. The process bears a more spontaneous character, but objectively there is not the slightest doubt that the evolution of the state power and the growth of state capitalist tendencies serve the aims of war preparations. Already in the period of the first world war we passed through a phase of state capitalism decorated in peculiar tones. In the language of the German economists this was called "compulsory economy." The fundamental reason for the regulation of industry was the considerable decline that took place in the forces of production, the pursuit of rationalization and the more expedient regulation of consumption in the conditions prevailing in the "besieged fortress." Subsequently all this passed away. Today, however, state capitalist tendencies are developing on a new basis, on the basis of growing productive forces of capitalism, on the basis of decentralization of capitalism and without specifically compulsory regulations. There is not the slightest doubt that in the event of war and during it these state capitalist tendencies will be utilized for the purpose of mobilizing the whole of national economy for the pursuit of war.

This evolution in the organizational forms of state power, this powerful concentration of the political and economic organizations of the bourgeoisie is of extreme significance for further development. These phenomena are of great significance also from the point of view of proletarian class struggle. Not all have yet sufficiently appreciated the fact that the proletariat now has to deal not only with individual capitalists or even with separate trusts, but with the whole of the organized power of the bourgeoisie as a class, and that this is the reason why the position of the proletariat in every economic battle is so difficult and so complex. In so far as the proletariat has to deal directly with large trusts and cartels which have become grafted with the bourgeois state apparatus, every strike has a tendency of becoming transformed into a political strike and every partial conflict into an extensive working class struggle. I will deal with this subject again in another connection.

I will now pass to the question of the position of the classes in the important European countries and primarily in the United States.

II. Internal Political Processes in the Bourgeois Countries.

THE ACCENTUATION OF INTERNAL CONTRADICTIONS.

In analyzing stabilization I pointed out that the fact that it was only relative stabilization was revealed in the conflicts among the various states, in the danger of war, in the antagonisms between the imperialist world and the Soviet Union. This, however, does not imply that the contradictions exist only as between states and that the contradictions in each given imperialist country are not becoming sharper. The internal contradictions in the capitalist countries are becoming intensified and inevitably must become intensified. However, the nature of these contradictions is quite different. These contradictions, inherent in every capitalist society, have now been accentuated in view of specific causes, and they considerably accentuate the class struggle. The perspective of partial and temporary stabilization holds out the prospect of war.

The process of stabilization affects the situation of the largest capitalist countries in various ways. Partial stabilization is a two-sided process. On the one hand there is a certain technico-economical consolidation of capitalism, and on the other—which must not be left out of sight—contradictions grow, the class struggle becomes more acute, unemployment increases.

The United States may serve as a classical example. It is a country where capitalist development proceeds at a most rapid rate and where side by side with growing productive forces, unemployment is constantly increasing. This unemployment itself is organically bound up with the development of the productive forces. It is absolutely clear that this is tantamount to an accentuation of the class struggle in the United States. Four million unemployed is no trifle. Unemployment affects also the other sections of the proletariat. It is the burden of capitalism. At the same time stabilization makes possible the improvement of the material conditions of certain strata of the working class. In this connection we must analyze also the special relations that exist within the proletariat. Here I raise the problem of the Social Democracy in its general form.

We have been maintaining that social democracy, opportunism, is bankrupt, and this is absolutely true. Nevertheless this cursed social democracy still lives. In some countries both its numbers and significance are on the increase. The Comintern has great achievements to record in Germany, especially since the previous defeats. Nevertheless, social democracy polled 9 million votes at the last elections and this is no trifle. In the present period of our development and struggle we must occupy ourselves with the question as to the roots of this phenomenon.

THE ROOTS OF SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC VITALITY.

Usually we discuss the question of the roots of opportunism in connection with the question of the colonies and super profits received by the capitalists from the colonies by means of which they are able to corrupt the upper stratum of the working class. Germany has no colonies. Why then is German social democracy, or let us say its positions, becoming stronger? Why does not this treacherous social democracy leave the stage, why does it possess such maneuvering power? In explaining this it is not sufficient to speak of cunning and skill—this is not of decisive importance, it is not this that determines all the rest. The vitality of social democracy is closely bound up with the process of stabilization. The economic side of this is very complicated. Hitherto we have been speaking of super-profits directly extorted by one country or another from the colonies. The United States has not a large number of colonies. Does not the United States receive super-profits? It does. I recall that Marx quoted a number of examples in the case of a big industrial country which occupied a relatively strong position in world economy and received differential profits, thanks to the superiority of its technique. These super-profits of capitalism are playing an enormous role of late. Hence, the economic basis of reformism is not super-profit obtained directly from colonies, but also super-profit obtained from the general exchange of commodities on the world market, and from capital exports, apart from that invested in colonies.

Take the United States. That country extracts enormous super-profits, thanks to the monopolist position occupied by American capitalism, although it has no large colonial possessions.

Take Great Britain. Here we see a declining curve of development but the colonial monopoly has not yet disappeared. The basis of British imperialism is being narrowed down but it still exists. Within the country, the proletariat is swinging to the left; the influence of the Communist Party is growing, etc., but the end of monopolist domination of British imperialism is not coming as rapidly as we thought formerly. The colonial monopoly of the Kingdom of Great Britain still serves as a large and broad base for British reformism.

I have already dealt with Germany.

In order to understand the underlying cause of the strength of the social democracy it is necessary to understand a whole series of most vital factors. Among these are the very important internal political changes which have taken place in several countries. Large numbers of former social democratic and trade union officials are now becoming state or municipal officials or officials in capitalist organizations. This is to be noticed in many countries and particularly in Germany. The tendency towards grafting the reformist labor organizations with the employers' organizations and the organs of the imperialist bourgeois state practically signifies a partial conversion of the trade union and party bureaucracy in to state officials of private capitalist organizations. This is what we call, peculiar methods of corruption employed by the bourgeoisie.

FASCISM AND SOCIAL DEMOCRACY.

I believe that the same process is going on also in the fascist countries. Let us take for example a country like Poland, with Pilsudski's military organization, the Streltsi. This is a "voluntary" organization. Officially, of course, the organization is composed of volunteers, nevertheless it is a semi-state organization. Are there any socialist workers in it? Yes, there are. Moreover, large numbers of them constitute a definite stratum of the state structure. Thus, on the whole, the main causes of the strength of the social democracy are the economic and political factors which I have pointed out. Of course, the maneuvering capacity of the social democratic parties, their experience and political shrewdness also play their part. All these factors naturally play a very important role. But these and these alone do not explain the situation. It may be said that on the one hand the process of stabilization creates an economic basis for social democracy and on the other hand the contradictions of stabilization create a basis for the development of the Communist Parties. Hence, we frequently observe a parallel growth in the influence of both the Communists and the social democrats. Of course, various other causes must be borne in mind. They cannot be ignored. Take for example, the social re-grouping that takes place among the strata of the population under the influence of social democracy. Social democracy at times recruits its strength from the ranks of the petty bourgeoisie. During elections social democracy grows also at the expense of the bourgeois parties by winning away from the latter a large number of petty bourgeois votes. It must be borne in mind however, that in many countries, including Germany and France, we so far have won over only a small section of the workers employed even in the largest enterprises, the biggest trusts, where social democracy is still strong.

THE INTENSIFICATION OF THE CLASS STRUGGLE.

The internal contradictions of stabilization in each capitalist country accentuate the class struggle also when the changes in the organizational structure of the modern state and of contemporary capitalism, of which I have already spoken, have taken place, and convert every strike of any magnitude into a political event of first class importance. This was the case with the British strike, with the metallurgical strike in Germany and such will be the case in the future. The transformation of an economic into a political strike is determined by the specific features of the situation—trustification of capitalism and the grafting of private capitalist organizations with the state.

That is how the internal contradictions in each capitalist country grow. The inherent contradictions of capitalism in each country result in a sharpening of the class struggle and a growth in Communist influence. This can be illustrated and substantiated by many facts. I have in mind the strike wave in various countries—France, Czechoslovakia, Germany, the so-called swing to the left of the proletariat, the growing sympathy with the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, the collapse of certain bourgeois parties, which the proletariat formerly followed, for example the Centrist Party in Germany, the Catholic organizations in Italy, etc. The election results in France and Germany also serve as an expression of the accentuation of the class struggle. The process of stabilization is full of contradictions, that is why we are growing, if not in every case numerically, at least nearly in every case in political influence. Last year, in his speech at the social democratic congress of Germany, Hilferding said:

> "Comrades, sooner or later the Communists will come to their end. I can quite understand that people who for many years have labored under the curse of unemployment, who have been driven to desperation by the loss of their all during the inflation, who have been disappointed in everything and have retained only their belief in violence, should, on the impulse of a passing sentiment vote for the Communists at election times. But the Communist Party is of no importance whatever as a political movement. It is played out." (Laughter.)

In reality we see that things have developed differently. The Communist Parties are constantly growing. This has been borne out even by the elections in Germany, where the Communist Party polled 3 1-4 million votes. Herr Hilferding's prediction was a miserable failure! This can be seen also from the venal point of view of the social democrats, who measure their influence by the number of seats in parliament they have obtained. Our political influence is growing parallel with the growth of the contradictions in capitalist stabilization. But side by side with this the influence of the social democrats, and social democracy itself grows for a time.

Social democracy has gone through a profound evolution during recent years. It would be wrong to judge the social democrats by what they were, let us say, in 1914. Social democracy of August 4, 1914, was merely the embryo of contemporary social democracy. Social democracy of today has cast off the last shreds even of quasi-Marxian phrases. The spiritual food of social democracy consists now of MacDonald's absurdities imported from Great Britain and the social democratic leaders are trying to prepare as appetising a meal out of these as they possibly can.

THE CAESARIST FEATURES OF SOCIAL DEMOCRACY.

Comrade Riazanov recently published in "Pravda," the organ of our Party, the correspondence between Lasalle and Bismark. The kind of political figure Lasalle represented is now pretty well known. In his letter to Bismark, Ferdinand Lasalle says that it would be well to set up a social monarchy with a "crown" at the head. This proposal established an intimacy between Lasalle and Bismark and prompted the former to concoct a political intrigue. Notwithstanding this, social democracy has now advanced the slogan of "back to Lasalle." The meaning of this instinctive gravitation, "back to Lasalle," is now clear to us. It represents a sort of ideological basis for the rapprochement between the followers of Noske and the Italian fascists. "Social Caesarism" with a dynasty at its head is an ideology exceedingly suitable for contemporary social democracy. In August, 1914, the social democrats betrayed Marxism, and declared themselves in favor of National defense. In our days social democracy is an active force, consciously building the capitalist state. This home policy of social democracy has its concomittant in its foreign policy. Not only does it now defend the capitalist fatherland, but from the capitalist viewpoint it is the most outspoken champion of the aggressive ambitions of its fatherland. I ask you: are there not social democrats in Germany who demand colonies for their country? Of course there are, many of them, and they put forward this demand quite openly. In the history of German social democracy we have the Hilderbrand case. The Chemnitz Congress expelled him from the party for having written a book in which he flirted with ideas of this kind. In the ranks of present-day social democracy, its honored and respected members openly advocate the colonial idea. This is no accident and no exception. Take for example the last resolution passed by the II. International on the colonial problem. It is possible that Bauer edited this resolution and gave it a quasi-Marxian tinge. In that resolution we find the following subdivision—some colonies must become autonomous, others should be left under a protectorate, while others are in such a low stage of development that the status quo must be retained. As far as I know this is exactly what is said in the documents in the League of Nations. Thus we find that there is no difference whatever between the would-be socialists and the sharks in the camp of the imperialist bourgeoisie.

Or take another example, the question of war, their attitude towards the League of Nations, and their attitude towards the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. Compare Kautsky of 1914 with the Kautsky of today and you will find an entirely different person, with outspoken counter-revolutionary strivings.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC ANTI-SOVIET ACTIVITY.

All Communists must understand that in the coming war the despicableness of the conduct of social democracy will exceed all our predictions. Of course we must differentiate between the social democratic leaders and the social democratic workers, among whom serious crises, splits, discontent, regroupings, etc., will manifest themselves. But the upper clique will act hand in hand with the greatest criminals of the imperialist camp. Of this there can be no doubt at all. Herr Hilferding already has the audacity to advance the following argumentation—in Europe there is also unemployment; this unemployment is caused by the fact that the affairs of capitalism are not all too smooth; it were better if the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics would be drawn into the general complex of capitalist countries; but the monopoly of foreign trade prevents that. The conclusion this argumentation leads to is that the proletariat is interested in breaking the foreign trade monopoly of the U. S. S. R. I ask you what is that? It is nothing more nor less than ideological preparation for a direct war of aggression against the U. S. S. R. As yet there is much that is academic, theoretical, etc., in Hilferding's thesis. But in the process of development this economic thesis will become a very vital and concrete political thesis. What was first formulated theoretically will later be turned into action. The practical application of Herr Hilferding's formula means nothing more nor less than war against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

Naturally, the evolution of social democracy as I have just described it called forth a corresponding reaction on our part. All the comrades know that the last Enlarged Plenum of the Executive Committee of the Communist International called for a change in the tactics of the French and the British Parties and to a certain extent along our whole line. This took place on our initiative, the initiative of the Executive Committee. Some comrades link up this change with all kinds of secondary factors. But this is wrong, because the change in tactics was called for by reason of the factors to which I have already referred; it was called forth by the entire evolution of social democracy. It would be childish to think that we are trying to go "to the left" because of the reproaches hurled against us by the opposition, etc. This argument is not worthy replying to. The only sound reason which caused us to change our tactics was the change that had taken place in the objective situation, the change in the correlation of forces of the various classes, various parties, etc. The question must be approached thus—has a change taken place in the relations between ourselves and the social democrats? The answer is: Yes, a change has taken place. Are we to make any practical deductions from this? Yes. Why do the social democrats attack us more fiercely now than ever before in the trade unions and other organizations? Because not only in big questions of foreign policy but on all questions, in all spheres our political policy is directly opposite to theirs. Take for example the position in a single factory. What is the social democratic policy in the factory? Civil peace, no desire to call out strikes, merging of the factory committee with the capitalist organizations, "Mondism," all along the line—such is the social democratic position in the factory, and not only in the factory but also in relation to the trust, to the state, to the League of Nations and everywhere. This line of policy in its complete form did not arise at one bound. It developed gradually. But, being what it is, must we draw certain conclusions from it or not? Of course we must draw certain practical conclusions from it, otherwise the enemy will beat us.

(To Be Continued.)

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Athletics,
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Singing

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Threaten Ohio Negro Worker with Bombing for His Activity, Correspondent Says

HANDOUTS

There will be no maidens dancing with olive branches around a hole into which has been thrown the battle axe in celebration of England's signing the Kellogg peace pact. Instead of this it is just announced 350 war plans will engage in mock combat over London. This is appropriate celebration of a peace pact which is little more than a promise to quit fighting each other while they prepare an attack on the U. S. S. R. England celebrates the peace pact the way a tipster does signing the pledge—in a quiet quart of gin.

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The decay of modern civilization is noted in the announcement that the building at Girard avenue and Shackamaxon Street, used for fifty years as a barroom, will be remodeled into a church.

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Wales' Old Man

The above bewhiskered cowboy answers to the name of George. By profession he's a king and his range is Great Britain. He makes a good living endorsing marmalades and egg powders the same as you might Pluto Water and Lucky Strikes, if you happened to be in U. S. society and temporarily pressed for money and brains. The socialist party which is always rushing out into the open with a wicked, revolutionary program now goes so far as to contend that kings are not really appropriate to a good capitalist democracy. At the same time this socialist party, which pretends to be champion of the working class, signs up for membership anybody from a banker to a manufacturer of underwear for Kewpie dolls.

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Gems of Learning

Joe Robinson, democartic vice presidential candiate.

"Considered as a whole, the record of Tammany is not so offensive."

It takes two things to detect an odor: a smell and a smeller.

• • •

Leo Krzycki, national organizer, Amalgamated Clothing Workers, in reference to Milwaukee:

"A socialist mayor and some city, county and state officials imbued with the workers' point of view, make it possible for the worker here to exercise some of his constitutional rights without interference."

Some!

—M. C. H.

Hundreds Flee Homes in South When Floods Menace Lives, Crops

ATLANTIC, Georgia, Aug. 17.—Hundreds of lowland homes in three southern states were deserted today as thousands fled menacing flood waters.

Dams collapsed, bridges were washed away, highways flooded, crops ruined, and lives endangered in the western Carolinas and south and central Georgia as rivers crept higher from steady rains, swept northward by a tropical storm.

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Quitman, Ga., was isolated by flood waters. Brice Dam, 17 miles above the city broke in three places. Four bridges were in the flood path and a wide fertile area faced inundation.

Mills about Spartanburg, S. C.—where an eight-inch rainfall was reported—closed down as rivers in the narrow valleys of that section, coursed higher and higher. Hundreds of houses were under water and vacated.

British Capital Has Lead in Argentina, Despite U.S. Increase

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 17.—Although figures recently published show that the United States has gained in trade with Argentina, England still holds a great lead.

Exports to the United States during the first six months of the present year have totaled $58,033,000, while exports to England for the same period amounted to $204,500,000. United States exports to Argentina totaled $80,114,000, while Argentina imported $86,300,000 for the same period.

REFUSES TO END WORK AT ORDER OF STEEL HEADS

Was Member of Negro Labor Congress

(By a Worker Correspondent)

COLUMBUS, O. (By Mail).—The following horrible act serves as an example of "human love" under capitalist rule.

Warren, Ohio, is a small town of about 35,000 inhabitants. There are three independent steel mills that employed about 13,000 workers. Now they employ about 6,000 workers. There is a big Negro population, which is being exploited and discriminated against.

Great dissatisfaction exists among the Negroes. For this reason the steel magnates found it necessary to build 19 churches specially for the Negroes. In that way they want to get rid of their dissatisfaction.

There is a certain Negro worker who is determined to carry on the struggle against the capitalist class for the interests of his fellow workers. He was a delegate to the Negro Labor Congress, which was held in 1926.

On his return from the congress, he was arrested for no reason at all, without any official charge, and was kept in jail. They soon let him out of jail and warned him to behave "better."

Jail did not scare this revolutionary Negro fighter. And so the steel magnates applied all methods of persecution against him. His electric bill was raised, his gas and water was often shut off. Nothing availed the steel barons.

Recently he received a black-hand letter, threatening him with the bombing of his house with him in it if he would not stop his agitation among the Negro workers.

It is quite sure that not only the mill companies, but that official authorities are involved in this black-hand business. These are the kind of acts committed by the capitalists against the militant workers in the industrial centers.

—L. S.

STORE POLICE ATTACK YOUTH

Was Giving Leaflets to Young Workers

While distributing shop bulletins in front of Klein's department store, 14th St. and 4th Ave. to the 1,200 young workers employed there, Joseph Schiffman, a member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, was attacked by five plain-clothes men, who tore his clothes from his body and severely injured his arm.

Many of the young workers employed in the store, which is one of the most slave-driving concerns in New York City, interfered in behalf of Schiffman. They were very sympathetic and showed as much by their action.

This bulletin, according to a recent statement of the Young Workers (Communist) League, is only one of the many that are being distributed to young workers all over New York City. It is part of the general participation in the General Working Youth Conference which will be held in New York on September 29 and 30.

New Boss Attempt to Smash Union of Pottery Workers

16.—The labor board of the United 15.—The labor board of the United States Potters' Association yesterday submitted a proposal to the conference committee of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters to make the former policy of collective bargaining void. Instead they ask that disputes between employes and workers should be settled by "individual" negotiations between single plants and their employes.

The proposal was made after workers in the industry demanded an increase of from 9 to 11 per cent in wages, and shorter hours and better working conditions. The move for individual settlement, therefore, was made for the purpose of defeating these demands by forcing the workers to disband organizationally and deal with the bosses individually.

Boston Workers Plan Outing for "Daily"

BOSTON, Aug. 16.—The workers of Boston and vicinity will hold a Daily Worker outing at the Camp Nitgedaiget on August 19.

Prominent speakers will address the workers going to the outing in English and Yiddish. An attractive program has been arranged.

Trucks will leave from 38 Causeway St. and New International Hall, 42 Wenonah St., Roxbury and Chelsea Labor Lyceum.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

John Roach Straton Denies He Bought Rum

Dr. John Roach Straton, who recently planned a vaudeville act debate between himself and Governor Alfred E. Smith, Tammany candidate for president, in the Calvary Baptist Church and then crawled out of it, denies he bought a bottle of scotch at the bar of Sterling Forest Hotel. He characterized the charge as "ghastly." Above, the bar where the preacher denies this "contemptible" transaction took place.

ELECTION PICNIC IN PHILA. SEPT. 3

Gitlow to Be Chief Speaker

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 16.—Thousands of Philadelphia workers are expected to be present at a huge election picnic and rally, to be held on Labor Day, September 3, in Schuatzen Park, 83rd St. and Tinioum Ave. Benjamin Gitlow, Wirkers (Communist) Party candidate for vice-president, will be the chief speaker at the affair.

An elaborate program of entertainment is being arranged, which will include a play given by the famous Hedgerow Players, dancing from 7 p. m. to midnight, a sports program arranged by the Young Workers League and many other numbers.

Twenty-five thousand leaflets advertising this affair, and also carrying an election campaign statement of the Workers Party, are being distributed at factories and on a big mobilization day, Tuesday, August 28.

The Foster-Gitlow Campaign Committee enlarged conference will meet again Wednesday, August 22, at 1214 Spring Garden St. This conference, which is arranging the affair, is selling tickets to the affiliated organizations at a reduction of 25 per cent. The tickets are priced 50 cents. All workers organizations are asked to send delegates to this conference and get behind the campaign of the only workers' candidates, Foster and Gitlow.

MILL FAMILIES FACE STARVATION

Urge Workers to Send Relief

NEW BEDFORD, Aug. 16.—Families of 12 and 13 are not uncommon among the striking textile workers of New Bedford. For the past 18 weeks the mothers of these large families have been bravely doing their share in the strike in spite of the difficulties of taking care of so many children during such a stormy period.

John Cruz and his wife and 11 children live at 1179 Cove Road. Before the strike only their daughter, Mary, 18, worked in the mill for which she received $12 a week. In addition, the father, who is a fisherman, works whenever possible, making about $10 or $11 weekly. The family pays $5 a week rent for a shanty without tubs or any other modern conveniences.

John Oliveira and his family of 10 live at 104 Mosher St. The youngest member of the family, George, is only nine months old. No members of the family are working, the three breadwinners all being mill workers and on strike. John, the head of the family, was paid $20 a week before the strike, while his son Manuel, 18, drew $10 a week and John, 16, $4 to $5 a week for two and three' days work weekly.

The families mentioned above are receiving food every day at the two relief kitchens of the Workers International Relief. As long as the strike continues the W. I. R., 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass., will give food to the striking workers and the members of their families. All workers should do their share by sending in contributions to save these families from starving.

Eight hundred pounds of bread was donated to the Workers International Relief yesterday. It was sent by Jose Dante Nugueiro, Jose L. Martins, J. Medeiros, Antone Souzer, Antone Balensor and Jose Joaquin, all of New Bedford.

EDMONSTON, Alt., Aug. 17.—(UP)—Radio advices from Fort Simpsons said today that an inflenza epidemic among the Mackenzie River Indians had taken at least 275 lives.

FIND MESSAGE FROM AMUNDSEN

Soviet Rescuers Begin New Search

LONDON, Aug. 16 (UP).—Despatches to the Daily Mail from the Hague tonight said that the Norwegian minister at Amsterdam announced an apparently genuine message from Roald Amundsen, noted explorer who was lost while participating in the expeditions seeking the crew of the wrecked polar dirigible Italia, had been found in a bottle near Rottumeroog.

The message, which was compared with Amundsen's handwriting and was said to be authentic, gave the position of the explorer and his party on July 1.

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News of the note found in Amundsen's handwriting again is focussing the attention of the entire world on the Soviet rescue party, composed of the Icebreaker Krassin under the command of Professor Samiliovitch, and the courageous aviator Chukhnovsky. The Krassin, with Chukhnovsky and his plane on board, has left to search for the survivors of the fascist Italia disaster, and the lost Amundsen party.

The Soviet rescuers saved the Italia survivors last month after all other rescue parties had failed.

PORTER PROTEST MEET TOMORROW

Boston Workers to Demand Release

BOSTON, Aug. 17.—Workers of Boston will demand the immediate release of John Porter, militant young textile leader, at a huge demonstration on Boston Common, Sunday afternoon at 3 p. m.

Porter was recently sentenced by a military tribunal to two and a half years at hard labor, nominally for deserting from the army, but actually for refusing to withdraw from the New Bedford textile strike in which he took an active part. The present whereabouts of the young militant remains shrouded in mystery.

The meeting on Boston Common Sunday will be held under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers League of District 1. Prominent speakers will address the demonstration.

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POLICE TERROR IS SYSTEMATIC IN NEW JERSEY

But Workers Crowd to Meetings

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PASSAIC, N. J. (By Mail).—Several hundred workers gathered at the corner of Monroe and Second Ave., Passaic, recently to listen to the speakers who conduct weekly open-air meetings in Passaic. The police commissioner, Turner, well known because of his activities during the textile strike, had refused to give a permit for open-air meetings. Several meetings had been held by the League without a permit. At last week's meeting the League speaker, Katz, was arrested and charged with disorderly conduct. When the committee appeared at the office of the police commissioner, he agreed that a meeting could be held at the corner of Myrtle and Second Aves. When the committee went to look for the place it found it to be in the lots, away from where any people pass. It was decided to hold the meeting at the corner for which the committee had originally asked.

A crowd gathered as soon as Shirley Blecher, chairman of the meeting, started to speak. During the time she and E. Blecher spoke the crowd continually increased and the police made no effort to disturb the meeting. When Lottie Bloomenthal, representing the League of New Jersey, took the stand, the police tried to stop the meeting. The officer was referred to the committee and told that a permit had been obtained for a meeting. Because of the wrath of the crowd the officer deemed it best to leave the meeting. After a while a motorcycle policeman appeared. He tried to disturb the meeting by interrupting the speaker with questions, and, when he was told that there would be questions afterward, he started to disperse the crowd with cries of "I'm the boss around here." The workers responded, saying that they were well aware that the police and not the workers were the bosses and that is why they were so anxious to listen to speakers.

Since the meeting was almost over, it was decided not to argue with the policeman but to march down to the other place and end the meeting there. The crowd streamed down the street, singing "Solidarity Forever" and stayed until the meeting was adjourned. The announcement that a meeting would be held the following week at the corner of Monroe and Second Ave., whether the police commissioner liked it or not, was greeted by applause by the workers.

Police attempting to break up meetings in New Jersey has become a regular occurrence. This summer is the first year that the League has carried on so much open-air work and these attempts at breaking up meetings show that the League is beginning to become a force with which to be reckoned. For the League members, it means increased determination to carry on our work and to build a mass Young Communist League in New Jersey.

N. S.

Eva La Gallienne Announces Civic Repertory Third Season

WITH the plans sent out by the Civic Repertory Theatre, Eva Le Gallienne announces that when her third season opens in Fourteenth Street, that she will devote the major portion of her time to directing rather than to acting.

Mary Morris, who played the leading role in O'Neill's "Desire Under the Elms," is cast for the role of Dorimene in F. Anstey's adaptation of Moliere's "Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme" under the English title of "The Would-Be Gentleman," which will open the season on Monday, October 1.

Other new plays appearing in the schedule are 'Katerina," Herman Bernstein's translation from Andreieff's "Yekaterina Ivanovna," in which Madame Nazimova will play the title role; and a new comedy from the Spanish still in negotiation.

CONRAD VEIDT IN "TWO BROTHERS" AT CAMEO

"Two Brothers," the latest Ufa production, starring Conrad Veidt, will be presented for its American premiere today at the Cameo Theatre by the Film Arts Guild.

"Two Brothers" is based on the popular German novel, "Brothers Schellenburg," by Kellerman and deals with the evils of capitalism. The period of the story takes place just after the war when the economic stress was at its height in Germany. Lil Dagover of "Caligari" and "Tartuffe" fame, is one of the chief players.

On the same program the Film Arts Guild is presenting another Ufa picture, a film biography, "The Life of Von Hindenburg" and Charles Chaplin in "Easy Street."

MINNA GOMBELL.

Who will play a principal role in "The Great Power," a drama by Myron C. Fagan, which is scheduled for Broadway early next month.

Big Sanitation Plan Seen as Another Pre-Election Smith Move

Acting in an effort to erase the impression made on the voters of New York in the past few years through its corrupt handling of city funds, and most recently, the sewer scandal, Tammany Hall attempted another pre-election gesture yesterday when Comptroller Berry, a Smith favorite, announced that a new project for the cleaning up of the beaches in New York, and a campaign for general sanitation throughout the city, would be inaugurated.

The fact that the new proposal carries with it a project for the formation of a huge $37,000,000 plant for sewage disposal on Ward's Island, has given rise to the assumption that the granting of a big construction contract to win a rich political backer is one of the main aims of the entire project.

FREIGHT RECORD BROKEN

LONDON Aug. 17.—(UP)—Capt. H. S. Broad, flying along at an 80-horsepower Gypsy Moth plane, broke the world light plane endurance record today, remaining aloft 24 hours.

MAKE READY FOR BIG MINER MEET IN SEPTEMBER

Women's Auxiliary Is Growing

(By a Worker Correspondent)

RENTON, Pa. (By Mail).—At our last regular meeting, August 10, the Ladies Auxiliary of Renton had the pleasure of listening to Dr. Lieber and Myerscough speak after which we were celebrating the first anniversary of the Auxiliary. We invited the men to attend and the place was packed.

A year ago we were organized here in the Allegheny Valley by Lewis "leaders." At that time Sisters Clark and Healy used to be our principal speakers but this time we did not invite them to our meeting.

Why? The wives of the miners have broken away from the Lewis machine's hold and do not want their misleadership any more. We here all want to help out in the fine campaign of the new union committee. We want to make it strong so that we will know that we have a good fighter for our bread and butter.

Even though some of the men may return to work, yet all of them are preparing to answer a new call. The Auxiliary was larger when it was begun a year ago, but now we have more coming to the meetings. They average between 60 and 70 per meeting.

All I want to say now is this: Prepare for the national convention to be held September 9-16 and help out the new union in its splendid work. Watch us make the iron hot quickly if we support the new union idea and watch us strike with it after the convention.

—J. S.

NECK BROKEN, PLAYS IN SURF

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 16 (UP).—The story of how nine-year-old Theodore Roberts Corwin played about in the surf for three days with a broken neck became known today. He became paralyzed Sunday after his neck was broken three days previously, and despite efforts of seven doctors died yesterday.

AMUSEMENTS

BOOTH Thea., 45 St., W. of B'way Evenings 8:30
Mats. Tuesday and Thursday, 2:30
GRAND ST. FOLLIES

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The LADDER
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SEATS NOW ON SALE 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
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AND ON THE SAME PROGRAM
'The Life of Von Hindenberg'—Chaplin in 'Easy Street'

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A campaign to rouse the workers and poor farmers to revolutionary struggle against the capitalists and their government.

FOR
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2. Support of the miners and textile workers' struggles.
3. Recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.
4. A Labor Party.
5. For a Workers' and Farmers government.

AGAINST
1. Wage cuts, injunctions and company unions.
2. Unemployment.
3. Treachery of the labor bureaucracy.
4. Discrimination against Negroes.
5. Imperialist war.

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Place the Communists on the Ballot.
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National Election Campaign Committee
43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Thousands of New York Communists to Aid in "Red Week" Beginning Monday

WORKERS WILL HOLD TAG DAYS AUGUST 25 TO 26

Labor Organizations to Aid Collections

The week of Monday, August 20, designated as Red Week by the Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, will be observed by many workers' clubs throughout the city by the suspension of their routine orders of business in favor of a much shorter one. Many workers' clubs have already signified their intention of sending their memberships out with collection lists to collect funds for the Workers (Communist) Party Election Campaign Fund after a short address on the importance of the 1928 elections, the vital issues at stake with respect to the exploitation and union-smashing policies of the capitalist parties. Other workers' clubs, which have not yet arranged for this abbreviated order of business are urged to do so by the Election Campaign Committee of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party.

"Never before in any election campaign," said the Campaign Committee in a statement issued last night, "has the similarity of both the democratic and republican parties been so evident as this year, with dyed-in-the-wool republicans on the democratic committee and staunch democrats who have served their party in many a crooked deal intending to cast their votes for Smith the strikebreaker. That is why many thousands of workers will this year actively support the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party who have remained apathetic in previous campaigns."

While collection lists will be seen in every part of New York where workers live or meet all week, and thousands of pencils will write thousands of names on those lists along with thousands of contributions to the Communist Campaign Fund, the bulk of the money expected will result from the two Red Tag Days of August 25th and 26th. All workers of this city are urged to participate. Stations have been set up in every workingclass section of the city. To effectively carry on the Communist campaign thousands of leaflets will have to be distributed and funds for printing are urgently needed.

FUR LOCALS PICK NATIONAL HEADS

U. S., Canada Unions to Hold Meetings

As first steps in following out the instructions they received Wednesday night at the mass meeting where a new furriers' union was launched, the International United Front Committee of Fur Workers yesterday anounced that machinery is being set in motion to construct the Provisional National Executive Committee of the new national organization.

All the American and Canadian fur garment and fur dressing locals that are represented on the International United Front Committee, representing nearly every local in the present A. F. of L. International Fur Workers' Union, are to hold membership meetings in the immediate future and are to choose their representative to the N. E. C.

The Provisional National Executive Committee is to function as the central body of the new furriers' union till the national convention to be held within 60 days chooses a permanent executive body.

Committees of workers from the locals of fur dressers in surrounding cities and Brooklyn are coming into the office of the left wing Joint Board, which now serve also as the headquarters of the newly launched union, with information of the open shops that swamp the fur dressing trade. They asked that a drive be begun to organize their trade. Since the reactionary A. F. of L. International officialdom began their destructive attacks against the New York Joint Board, the open shop system gained predominance in the fur dressing industry.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Philadelphia Picnic.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Workers (Communist) Party here has arranged a picnic to be held August 19 at Burholme Park. All workers are invited to attend. Directions: Take car No. 50 to 7200 North.

• • •

Chicago Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial.

The Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial Conference, Chicago, will hold a memorial meeting in honor of Sacco and Vanzetti, on Wednesday, August 22, at 8 p. m., at Temple Hall, Van Buren and Marshfield. Ralph Chaplin, orator and poet; Mordecai Shulman, attorney Guido Serio of the Anti-Fascist Alliance, and others, will address the meeting. A beautiful musical program will be had.

• • •

Washington Economics Class.

The weekly class in Elementary Marxian Economics of the Workers' every Saturday at 8 o'clock at 817 13th St., N. W. "A B C of Communism" and other text books are in use. Non-communists are invited.

• • •

Washington Leninist Class.

The weekly class in Leninism of the Workers' School of Washington, D. C., meets at 8 o'clock every Tuesday at 817 13th St., N. W.

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Attention Newark Organizations.

Do not arrange any affairs for August 19, 1928. The local branch of the I. L. D. has arranged a bus ride to Asbury Park for that date.

• • •

Daily Worker-Freiheit Carnival.

Philadelphia workers will hold a monster carnival for the Red Press, on August 26, at Maple Grove Park. Fine program, best speakers. Directions: Take No. 50 surface cars and get off at Olney Ave.

• • •

New Bedford Textile Strike Picnic Benefit.

A picnic for the benefit of the New Bedford textile strikers will be held Sunday, August 19, at 10:00 a. m., at Sylvan's Grove, Acushnet Ave., under the auspices of the Workers' International Relief. An elaborate program of sports, talks and motion pictures will be had. Worker organizations are urged to make this picnic a success.

• • •

Rockford League School Commencement.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Rockford, Ill., will hold the five weeks' training school here, with a commencement picnic to be held at Camp Hilcrest, Rockford, on Sunday, August 26. Fine program of speakers, sports, etc. Come one, come all workers.

• • •

Kenosha Miners' Relief Conference.

The Workers (Communist) Party of America, Kenosha unit is calling a conference for miners' relief for August 26, at 8 p. m., at the Russian Hall, 1207 55th St.

All sympathetic organizations are urged to send three delegates to this conference.

• • •

Kenosha Workers, Attention!

A meeting of the former members of the Russian International Labor Defense is scheduled for August 18 at 8 p. m., at the Russian Hall, 1207 55th St. The meeting is called for the purpose of re-organizing these I. L. D. branches. S. A. Herman will address the meeting.

• • •

Chicago Workers' Press Picnic.

Build the workers' press by coming to the annual press picnic given by the joint press committees of the Workers (Communist) Party, to be held Sunday, August 26, at Chernauskas Grove, 79th and Archer Ave., Justice Park, Ill. Excellent program, barbecue, dancing. Directions: Take Archer-Cicero car to end of line. Then take suburban car to 79th St., Justice Park.

• • •

Oakland Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

A Sacco-Vanzetti meeting will be held in West Oakland, Cal., on Sunday, August 19, at Fraternity Hall, 708 Peralta St. Fine musical program. Held under the auspices of International Labor Defense.

• • •

San Francisco Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

A meeting in memory of Sacco-Vanzetti will be held at Musicians' Hall, 230 Jones St., Wednesday, August 22. The Russian-Ukrainian Chorus will sing. Anita Whitney to preside. E. Levin, W. Schneiderman and E. Owens to speak. Admission is 25 cents. Held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

• • •

Philadelphia Party Meets.

The Party here will hold the following noon-hour meeting:

Friday, August 17, at 4th and Lehigh Sts.

• • •

Pittsburgh Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial

There will be a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting in East Liberty, in the Cameraphone Theatre, Sunday, August 26, at 2 o'clock, daylight time. Good speakers from New York will address the gathering.

• • •

Scranton Party Picnic.

The Workers (Communist) Party of Scranton, Pa., has arranged a picnic, to be held August 26 at Runc Farm, Hollow Ave. The committee is preparing a good program. There will be Party speakers.

• • •

Attention Rhode Island Workers.

The Workers (Communist) Party, section Rhode Island, is starting the political campaign with a picnic, which will be held Sunday, August 19, at Buclons Islands, Philipedale. Prominent speakers, refreshments, dancing. Admission free. Directions: Take Philipdale car from Providence to end of line.

• • •

New Jersey League Conference.

A conference of all the New Jersey units of the Young Workers (Communist) League to discuss work in the factories will be held this Saturday, August 18, at 1 p. m. at the Workers Center, 93 Mercer St., Newark, N. J. All working in factories should attend.

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Philadelphia Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

The International Labor Defense of Philadelphia will hold a memorial meeting for Sacco and Vanzetti on Friday, August 24, at the Labor Institute, 810 Locust Street. Max Schachtman and several prominent Italian labor leaders will address the meeting. The Young Pioneers have arranged a program.

• • •

Chester Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

A Sacco and Vanzetti memorial meeting will be held in Chester, Pa., on August 22 at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 120 W. 3rd St. Everybody welcome.

• • •

Newark Labor Picnic.

The United Workers Progressive Center of Newark will hold a picnic on Sunday, August 26, at Linwood Grove, on Lincoln Highway, between Stelton and Metuchen. Fine program has been arranged. Comrades in the vicinity are asked to co-operate to help make the picnic a success. Tickets 35 cents.

• • •

N. J. League Open-Air Meets.

Newark—Every Thursday evening in Union Park, Springfield Ave. and 16th Ave.

Paterson—Every Friday evening, corner Main and Bank Sts.

• • •

Chicago Workers' Press Picnic.

Come to the annual press picnic given by the joint committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, Sunday, August 26, 1928, at Chernaukas Grove, 79th St. and Archer Ave., Justice Park, Ill. Excellent program; barbecue, dancing. Speakers in all languages. Directions: Take Archer Ave. car to end of line, there buses will take you to grove. All tickets sold in advance entitles holder to chance for $200 electric radio without any additional charge at the picnic ground.

• • •

Philadelphia Party Meets.

Saturday, August 18—29th and Cumberland. Herbert Benjamin, League.

Saturday, August 18—7th and and Orleans. B. Herman, Stanley, League.

Saturday, August 18—Jesus and Poplar. B. Thomas, League.

Monday, August 20—Marshall and Girard. Mozer, Lazarovitz, League.

Tuesday, August 21—Broad and Castle. Sokolov, Walteri.

• • •

Chicago Chinese Workers' Relief.

The Trade Union Educational League, Local Chicago, will hold "Tag Days" on Saturday, August 18, and Sunday, August 19, to raise relief for the Chinese workers. It is the duty of every progressive worker to volunteer for these "Tag Days" and make them successful.

Main headquarters from which the drive will be directed on these two days will be at 1628 W. Division St., in the home of the Russian Cooperative.

• • •

Concord Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

There will be a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting held in Oak Hall, West Concord, New Haven, Saturday, August 25, at 8 p. m. Best speakers will address the meeting and a fine musical program has been arranged. Held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

• • •

West Allis, Wis., Workers!

An open-air meeting will be held Saturday, August 18, at 62nd Ave. and Greenfield Ave., at 7:30 p. m., under the auspices of the shop and street nuclei of the Workers (Communist) Party here. All workers are urged to attend.

• • •

Kenosha Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

On Tuesday, August 21, at 8 p. m., a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting will be held at the Italian-American Home. Speakers in English and Italian. Admission free. Under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

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Omaha Daily Worker Agency.

The DAILY WORKER agency here is located at room 212 Crounse Block, 117½ N. 16th St. Advertisements received and papers sold. Call at agency.

• • •

Cleveland Party Campaign.

On Saturday, August 25, at 3 p. m., and Sunday, 9 a. m., all members of the Workers Party, members of the League, the Pioneers, and all other members of organizations in sympathy with the Workers (Communist) Party will meet at these respective sections to go out tagging for the benefit of the Communist Party campaign fund:

The stations are: West Side, 4309 Lorain Ave.; Kinsman, 3335 E. 118th St.; St. Clair, 5607 St. Clair Ave.; Collinwood, Melchero's Home, 15618 School Ave.

In each of these stations there will be a committee to advise you where to go and provide you with the necessary tagging material. No one is exempted from this work. Our slogans are 100 per cent. mobilization. A thousand dollars for the Workers (Communist) Party campaign fund.

• • •

Omaha Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

A Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration will take place Wednesday, August 22, 8 p. m., at Jefferson Park, 16th and Cass Sts. Auspices International Labor Defense, Local Omaha. Speakers D. E. Earley, of Pittsburgh, Pa., and Hugo Oehler, of Kansas City.

• • •

Omaha Party Convention.

State nominating convention Workers (Communist) Party, Sunday, August 19, at 8 p. m., Swedish Auditorium, 1611 Chicago St. At this convention the Workers (Communist) Party will put up a full state ticket for the coming elections. All workers are welcome.

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Omaha Open-Air Meets.

Open air meetings each Monday and Thursday evenings in Omaha at Jefferson Park and Thursday in Council Bluffs, Iowa, at the Post Office.

• • •

Omaha Workers School.

Study class and discussion circle of Workers School meets on alternate Friday evenings at Room 212 Crounse Block, Omaha. Buckharin's "A B C of Communism" will be studied. The next class will be Friday, August 24. All workers invited.

• • •

Cincinnati Sacco Meet.

A Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting will be held here at the Labor Temple, 1318 Walnut St., Wednesday, August 22, 8 p. m. Speakers: James Anderson, Hobart Scott, L. A. Weeks, and others. Chairman: H. M. Foster. Fraternal organizations and language societies will participate.

• • •

Hartford State Labor Picnic.

The Young Workers (Communist) League, district 15, will hold a state labor picnic and field day on Sunday, Auust 19, at Charter Oak Park, in the state fair grounds. Ben Gitlow, presidential candidate on the Party ticket, will speak. All workers children and workers are invited. Admission only 25 cents.

• • •

St. Paul Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

The St. Paul Branch of the International Labor Defense will hold a large Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting at Central Park, Summit Ave and Minnesota St., Wednesday, August 22, at 7:30 p. m. An impressive program is being arranged. All workers are urged to come.

• • •

East Ohio League Conference.

A conference of the newly-organized League units in Eastern Ohio will be held in Wheeling, W. Va., Sunday, August 19. Lansing, Yorkville, Martins Ferry, Dillonvale and Neffs will be represented. The purpose of this conference will be to discuss the basic problems of the League and to formulate plans for future work in this section.

• • •

Yorkville League Picnic.

The Young Workers League of Yorkville, Ohio, will hold a picnic on Sunday, August 26. Other branches in this section have been invited to attend. The program will consist of speaking, dancing, games and refreshments.

• • •

Anthracite Campaign Party.

September 1 will be a red letter day in the anthracite sub-district. Benjamin Gitlow will speak at a picnic and campaign rally at Sans Souci Park.

NEW YORK STATE SENATOR BRANDS SMITH AS "LIAR"

Politicians Fall Out; Facts are Heard

That Governor Al Smith is an "unqualified liar" and that his present activities are designed to distract attention from his "unsavory legislative record," were the charges hurled at the Tammany presidential nominee yesterday by Assemblyman Eberly Hutcheson, following Smith's attack upon Hutcheson and Senator Charles J. Hewitt, in which he charged them with obstructing the Long Island Park program.

A Liar is a Liar!

Hutcheson and Hewitt are chairmen of the republican-controlled finance committees of the senate and assembly. In a joint statement issued yesterday, the charge was declared to be a lie. The republican politicians made public the details of a secret deal they had entered into with Al Smith, by which it was agreed that no expenditures should be made for the Northern Parkway until the obligations of the state on the southern parkway and Jones Beach development had been completed. It is believed that the "deal" was a log-rolling measure by which both parties were to profit.

Spills Beans.

Because Al Smith violated this "solemn agreement," knowing that it existed, the republican representatives yesterday were willing to expose the real meaning of the governor's present frantic, political girations which, they declared, were designed to distract attention from his "unsavory legislative record."

Al Smith has become famous for his "secret deals," the most important of which is one with the traction companies to put over the seven cent fare and the billion dollar subway readjustment deal.

Arm in Arm With the Police; Gene Tunney, Former Fighter

The departure of Gene Tunney, former heavyweight champion of the world, for Europe where he will marry Peggy Lauder, heiress to the millions which Andrew Carnegie coined from the sweated lives of steel workers. The picture finds him in a typical pose, arm in arm with the police.

Worker Seriously Hurt When Blast Wrecks Lithographic Factory

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 16 (UP). —Leon Kantor, 28, a workman, was seriously injured late today when an explosion in a large lithograph establishment here started a fire on the fourth floor of the building.

The blast was due to a spark from machinery which fell into a large quantity of Bronze dust, according to officials.

Flames swept through the building, causing considerable damage. Kantor, who was working on the fourth floor, felt the full force of the explosion. He was thrown to the floor as the dust exploded, near an off-set press over which he was working.

PANAMA LINER AGROUND.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16 (UP).—The Panama mail liner Ecuador was aground tonight off Cape San Lazarus, lower California, with many prominent citizens of the United States and Mexico aboard. Preparations were being made to float the vessel, which was consigned in no danger, at high tide.

CLOAK CHAIRMEN TO HOLD PARLEY

Russian Workers and Pressers to Meet

The first shop chairmens' and delegates' conference to be held since the new union of cloak and dressmakers was launched, is to be held next Tuesday, Aug. 21, in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave. Immediately after work. This announcement was made yesterday from the headquarters of the National Organization Committee.

Leaders of the N. O. C. will deliver a report on the progress of the organization drive. Plans for extending the scope of the drive will be discussed and decided on. Scores of non-union shops have already been brought under the banner of the new organization since the last conference of the shop chairmen.

All executive boards of the New York locals in the ladies garment manufacturing industry will meet in joint session tonight at the N. O. C. headquarters, 16 W. 21st St. at 6 p. m. The local committee of the N. O. C. will also take part in the joint executive meeting. This meeting will take up in detail some of the problems encountered in the organization drive.

In the same building a meeting of the Russian Polish Branch of the New York Cloakmakers Joint Board will also be held, the branch secretary, Olga Lvoff, announced.

A general membership meeting of the Pressers' Local 35 is to be held Monday, Aug. 20, according to a letter sent out by the union office yesterday. Louis Hyman, chairman of the N. O. C. and Joseph Goretsky, manager of the local will be the principal speakers.

To Hold Soviet Ball at Camp Nitgedaiget This Saturday Eve

BEACON, N. Y., Aug. 16.—A Soviet ball will be the big feature of the activities at Camp Nitgedaiget Saturday evening. Costumes of the Soviet Union and the spirit of the first workers' and peasants' republic will be much in evidence at this affair. A special orchestra is being imported from New York to furnish music for the ball, which will be held in the big casino of the camp.

An unusually interesting entertainment program is also being arranged for Saturday evening under the direction of Jacob Mestel, director of dramatics at the camp. One of the features of this program will be an exhibition of living cartoons. A large crowd of workers is expected at the camp for the Soviet ball.

Waterbury Workers Give $50 to Build The Daily Worker

WATERBURY, Conn., Aug. 16.—The Lithuanian Workers' Literary Society, 3rd District, 28th Branch, and the Lithuanian Workers Women Alliance, 8th District, 12th Branch, have contributed $50 to the Daily Worker.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

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Philadelphia, Pa.
Hedgerow Theatre
Moyland—Rose Valley
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CHERNAUSKAS GROVE
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Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Smith and Straton—Birds of a Feather

"I will hire the largest hall . . . I am going to ask the mayor of New York and Mr. Smith, as governor, for all necessary police protection, and, if it should be necessary, military protection."

So says John Roach Straton in his debate with Al Smith as to whether there shall be a debate. The issue is whether Smith is of the spawn of Tammany Hall's organized crime, as Straton contends, or whether Straton is a cheap faker, a professional liar, as Smith contends. It is one of those cases where both contenders are correct in their contentions as far as they go.

But the grandiloquent words of Straton about police protection and military protection if necessary, are only bunk. Of course Straton knows that Smith's Tammany police will give him complete protection, simply because the faking sky-pilot represents a section of the ruling class. It is only the spokesmen of the working class that Smith's Tammany thugs assault and blackjack and jail for speaking. Defenders of capitalism get protection from the same police thugs that assault those who attack capitalism.

Straton represents just as thoroughly as Al Smith does the filth and crime of the society which both of them uphold and defend. If Tammany Hall and its present leader, Smith, have grown powerful on the organizing of prostitution, gambling and graft, the Reverend Straton draws his own dishonest income from the same source—the difference being only in the directness. While Smith's contact is that of a leader and organizer of the thugs, finks, ward heelers and contractors through whom the prostitution, gambling and graft are organized at first hand, the Reverend Straton's contact is, so far as we know, only with the nice gentlemen at the top whose control over society is the cause of the degradation, crime and misery. The capitalist system of exploitation of the working class is the cause. Straton lives by lies that help keep the system alive, just as does the meanest fink of Tammany Hall. This dirty-handed hypocrite only helps to conceal the real cancer with his quack remedies which pretend to cure the symptom.

Straton is right in saying that Smith is a spawn of crime.

And Smith is right in suggesting that Straton is a sneaking hypocrite.

The workers and exploited farmers have the fundamental interest and necessity that runs counter to both these servants of capitalism—the necessity to abolish the foul and criminal capitalist system in which both Smith and Straton are but sewer-birds.

Work for the liberation of your class. Work and fight to create a new and free system of society without exploitation, without prostitution, crime and graft, without poverty and misery—and wihout Smiths and Stratons.

Join the Workers (Communist) Party. Vote Communist.

Fruit Companies Brew War

WALL STREET'S and Washington's fingers are now raking an odorous mess on the boundary of Honduras and Guatemala. One of the chief objects of the American money masters in Central America is to disunite the five republics (Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, El Salvador, and Costa Rica.) While it is the expressed desire of the people of all these countries to unify, American imperialism has kept them divided, in the interests of plunder and war.

The dispute over the Guatemala-Honduras border is in reality a contest between two American fruit companies, the United Fruit Company and the Cuyamel Fruit Company, both Wall Street enterprises. The Cuyamel Company is in Honduras, while the United holds sway in Guatemala. Both are trying to control valuable fruit lands. Each dominates a government and wants its puppet to have jurisdiction over the disputed lands.

Fruit Companies Fight.

For many years the United Fruit Company has virtually controlled Guatemala. Today it owns one fifth of the territory of that country. In 1913 the Cuyamel Fruit Company obtained a concession from the Hondurian government of [illegible] acres of land in the Motagua river district. The ownership of this territory has been in dispute for over 100 years between Guatemala and Honduras. When the Cuyamel Fruit Co. secured its grant, it started to improve the land and to build a 33-mile railroad in 1913.

Before starting work on its improvements, the Cuyamel sought to obtain permission from the Guatemalan authorities. Naturally, being United Fruit Company employees, they refused. Despite the action of its competitors, the Cuyamel started work but was forced to stop because of the armed intervention of the United Fruit Company's government. The Cuyamel Fruit Company, however, was allowed by Guatemala to construct [illegible] one mile of the railway.

• • •

In 1918 the entire dispute was submitted to a representative of the U. S. government, Mr. Roy T. [illegible], minister to Costa Rica. But no decision was reached. Obviously, the U. S. government, which is [illegible] to its imperialist proteges, would not decide between two American exploiters. The dispute is still unsettled. The United Fruit Company, which has a monopoly on the fruit business in Central America, is doing all its can to crush its competitor. It even will go to the extent of starting a war between Guatemala and Honduras, in order to stamp out its rival.

[illegible] suggested that the question be referred to the Central American court. When this tribunal [illegible] the dispute between Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Honduras and the United States over the canal rights in Nicaragua in favor of Costa Rica and Honduras and against the United States, the United States simply refused to recognize the action of the court.

Guatemala, that is, the United Fruit Company, is willing to accept the jurisdiction of the Central American court. Honduras declines to submit the rights of the Cuyamel Fruit Company to this body.

Seek to Destroy Rivals.

If the United Fruit Co. is the victor, it will mean that the Cuyamel will be cut off from any outlet to the Atlantic coast. In short, it will mean the end of this competitor of the United Fruit Co. If the Cuyamel wins, the United Fruit Co. will be restricted in its activities to the left side of the Motagua river.

The officials in each country are tools of the respective companies. Their "patriotism" has been aroused to warlike heights. Accusations of bribery have been hurled from both sides freely. The fact is that both fruit companies spare no expense in gaining their object. Even the labor unions are bought. The Guatemalan Federation of Labor addressed a letter to William Green in July, 1928, attacking the Cuyamel Fruit Co. as the instigator of the trouble, while at the same time it forgot to mention that the United Fruit Co. controls the political life of Guatemala, and without doubt, inspired the indigation of the Guatemalan labor fakers.

• • •

"Divide and Rule."

THE United States fears an independent Central America. It has thus far been successful in buying or forcing these various governments to abide by its will. In Nicaragua the imperialists meet with the resistance of Sandino and his forces. In a united Central America the task of suppression and murder would not be so simple as it has been in the past. The axiom of "divide and rule!" is the guiding principle of American domination of this Wall-Street-raped territory.

General Augusto C. Sandino, who many times has announced that his struggle against imperialism is not limited to the confines of Nicaragua, has written to the people of Honduras and Guatemala, calling on them to refrain from being incited to war for the pleasure of the two U. S. fruit companies.

In a letter to his friend, Froylan Turcios, editor of Ariel, in Tegucigalpa, Honduras, Sandino says:

All in Danger of Imperialists.

"In the name of Nicaragua, of Honduras, of Guatemala, I ask all the people who have a clear understanding of the situation in Central America to try to avoid, by all means possible, any break among ourselves. You must make the people of Latin America understand that among ourselves boundaries should not exist and our duty is to take equal interest in the welfare of each of the countries of Spanish America, because we all share the same dangers from the colonizing policy of the Yankee imperialists.

"For example, the question of the boundaries between Guatemala and Honduras, between Honduras and Nicaragua; the canal dispute between Nicaragua and Costa Rica; the quarrel over the Gulf of Fonseca by El Salvador, Honduras and Nicaragua; the Tacna-Arica controversy between Peru and Chile. In this manner, important affairs of Latin America are tangled up without being settled among ourselves. The Yankee imperialists have studied us well and profit by our state of culture and our lightness of character to imperil us whenever it suits their interests.

"The Yankee imperialists are the worst enemies of our people. When they see us fired by patriotic inspiration, when we sincerely seek unification, they stir up from the depths our latent quarrels; they incite hatred among us that we may continue disunited and weak, and for that reason easy to colonize."

• • •

IMPERIALISM brings destruction, desolation and internecine struggle to Central America. Out of these countries they take a king's ransom in profits. By fighting the competitive battles of the contending Wall Street vultures the workers and peasants of these countries weld their chains about themselves tighter.

Only by eliminating U. S. imperialism in Central America can the political and economic problems of this scene of Wall Street's unnumbered crimes be solved.

Scientist Reveals Deficiencies in Italia Preparation

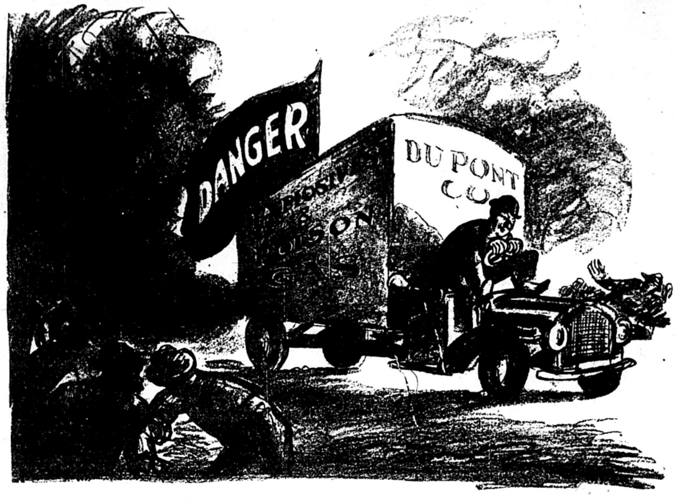
PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Aug. 15.—Professor Francias Behounek, Czech scientist who was on board the Italia when it struck the ice in the Arctic, is telling of his experiences in a series of interviews, which reveal the insufficient preparations made by the fascists for the Pole flight.

Cabins were overcrowded, bunks placed in corridors that obstructed the passage, impliments were imperfect. As a result the bearings taken were wrong and resulted in the failure of the rescue expedition to know the position of the wreck.

His story is especially interesting since Mussolini has forbidden Nobile or any of the Italian crew from talking about the event. Behounek has yet to tell about what happened after the crash.

THE DRIVER WITH THE BROWN DERBY

By Fred Ellis



The Woman Worker in China

Slave 12 to 16 Hours a Day for Starvation Wage of 15 Cents

THE development of national industries and the growing penetration of foreign industrial and commercial capital in China is accompanied by the constant growth in the employment of women in industry. Particularly large is the growth in the employment of women's labor in the textile and tobacco industries.

Women 40 Per Cent of Workers

The women constitute 40 per cent of all the industrial workers in China. Out of 50,000 workers employed in the cotton and silk industries of the natives in 1926 there were 50 per cent women, whilst in the foreign mills, which are technically better equipped, the women constituted about 70 to 80 per cent. There is a whole number of factories employing exclusively the labor of women and children (in Canton).

The condition of the Chinese women worker is considerably worse than in the capitalist countries of Europe and America. It is worse than the condition of the Chinese working man, it is worse even under Chinese conditions which are characterized by political and cultural backwardness of the masses of the workers, by the abundance and cheapness of labor power, and by the atrocious exploitation of the workers by foreign and native capital.

Chinese Women Know No Rest

The Chinese working woman knows of no rest. She works the whole year round, day and night. In some provinces of China, under pressure from the workers, there were attempts made to establish holidays for working men and women on the days dedicated to the celebration of the Chinese New Year which usually lasts 7 to 10 days. This has not been achieved as yet.

Working Day 12 to 14 Hours.

THE working day of the working woman usually lasts in the up-to-date factories from 12 to 14 hours, and in less modern factories as long as 16 hours. In those factories where the women are virtually part of the machinery, not being allowed even an interval for partaking of food, the 12-hour day becomes more unendurable than the 16-hour day in the more primitive factories and in the home trades; in the latter the labor is less intensified and the women can allow themselves short intervals during work for food and rest.

In all the factories whether owned by native or foreign capital the employment of women and children on night work is permitted.

Since 1925 the Chinese trade unions have been carrying on a vigorous campaign for shorter, shorter hours, but little notice has been taken of their demands, and the women and children are frequently compelled to work even longer hours than the men, under the constant and vigilant eye of the supervisors. Should a working woman or child doze off for a while or work less strenuously on account of fatigue or sickness, the whip of the supervisor immediately falls upon the back of the unfortunate worker and the imposition of a fine is announced in a rough voice.

Abominable Condition.

From the standpoint of hygiene the working conditions in the factories are abominable. An American journalist, Agatha Harrison, thus describes a visit to one of the British cotton mills in Shanghai in 1923: "Hundreds of working women and children were tending the spinning wheels. It was three o'clock in the morning. Some of them fell asleep at their work from sheer fatigue, in a standing posture. The children of the working women were squatting close by. I saw with my own eyes how one of the children had its leg torn off by the machine, the child died on the spot from a profuse loss of blood, receiving no medical attention whatsoever." In the silk spinning mills of Shanghai the women work in unventilated furnaces in a hot and humid atmosphere which is so detrimental to their health that the women employed in those factories can be recognized by their peculiar palor and emaciated appearance.

No Privileges For Women.

THERE are no privileges for working mothers. Pregnant women keep on working day and night to the very last moment of childbirth. Frequently their bear their child whilst tending the machine, resuming work immediately after birth. The baby is either tied behind the back or put in a little basket near the machine, with the older brothers and sisters usually standing by. In the factories one may see working women nursing their children without interrupting their work.

In some of the Chinese provinces, as the result of numerous strikes, vacations of one or two weeks after childbirth have been established for working women; nevertheless the women, even if entitled, did not take advantage of the vacation. The place of the working woman going on vacation may be promptly taken by one of the thousands of unemployed women waiting outside the factory gates.

Whilst working under such unbearable conditions, the Chinese workers receive miserable wages, whilst the women receive two-thirds or one-half of the man's wages.

In Canton in 1927 the average minimum wage of a working man was 8 Mexican dollars a month, and the maximum was $25.50, whilst the average minimum wage for women was $7, and the maximum $15.36. No wages are paid to working men or women in case of sickness. It was declared by one of the employers of Canton before a commission appointed to investigate social questions in 1926: "When workers fall sick, they have to take care of themselves."

In other textile centers the working woman usually receives not more than 15 cents a day. In the factories of the Anglo-American Tobacco Company the women packers earn daily from 25 to 40 cents, and in the match factories about 20 cents a day.

In the factories of Tientsin the following rates of wages for working women exist (these data cover 6,357 working women of 25 factories):

	Less than 20c a day	From 20 to 40c	From 40 to 50c
Seasonal Wkr's	1,553	50	....
Permanent "	200	2,532	3,022
Total	1,753	2,582	3,022

Thus, the majority of the seasonal workers do not earn more than 20 cents a day, whilst the permanent workers do not earn more than 50 cents. On the whole, the average earnings of the Chinese woman worker are not more than 6-10 Chinese dollars a month, barely sufficing for an existence of semi-starvation.

Food of Rice and Soup.

IN the large cities of South China the food of the working woman consists of rice, soup twice daily, and boiled rice once daily. In Central and North China, where rice is considerably dearer, it is substituted by beans, maize, and wheat and flour boiled in water.

The earnings of the working woman do not allow the purchasing of clothes from new material; the working woman is usually clothed in old rags purchased from the second-hand dealers' stores, which are scattered all over industrial China.

On the average the earnings of the textile workers' family, if not less than 2 members of the family are working in the factory, do not exceed 12 Chinese dollars a month. At the same time, according to data by the trade unions for 1926, the indispensable living minimum for a working class family of 4 people in Hankow was not less than 28.46 Chinese dollars. Hence the textile workers' family earns only 50 per cent of the indispensable living minimum. The position of the working woman is further aggravated by the fact that virtually she never gets the full earnings.

System of Fines.

In the industrial enterprises of China, both national and foreign, the system of fines is widely used. Fines are imposed for failure to come to work, for slackness of attention, for talking to comrades, for laughing while at work. In the silk spinning mills of the Shantung Province there are 35 different varieties of fines: for being 6 minutes late a fine of 10 cents is imposed upon the working woman, an equal fine of 10 cents for washing up without permission, or for pausing at the machine. The working woman frequently has to part with one-half of her earnings in fines. Cases are not rare when she does not get any wages at all.

Besides fines there is also practiced the system of "security," which is held by the employer as a guarantee against pilfering, or clumsy and inaccurate work on the part of the working woman. The security is retained in the amount of three weeks earnings and is virtually never paid back to the worker.

Women Worker Flogged.

THE Chinese working woman is still suffering from the system of supervisors and overseers. The overseers flog the women and inflict corporal punishment for the least offense, considering them as their property. There are even cases of women being killed by the overseers who are carrying arms. Brutal treatment of working women by the overseers exists also in the foreign factories. The whip is never discarded. In 1926, in the course of a strike in the silk spinning mills in South China, a working woman was killed by a revolver shot fired by an overseer, because she had been elected by the workers to present a demand to the administration for a 20 per cent increase in wages.

CHINA WAR LORDS EXPLOIT MASSES

For ten years war has been going on unceasingly between the Chinese militarists and each day it becomes bloodier and more ruthless. Thus the Chinese masses find themselves in conditions of the most terrible oppression and exploitation. In the Changsi province, for instance, taxes from 1917 to 1928 increased more than 30 fold. Since the betrayal by the Kuomintang the groupings of inimical neomilitarists have become more complicated than ever before; there are supporters of Chiang Kai-shek, Pei Tson-si, Yen Si-chang, Feng Yu-hsiang, etc. Besides, the Kuomintang is incapable of uniting China—conflicts are ripening between the Kuomintang generals themselves. Therefore each of these adventurers are trying to get rich by exploiting the masses, who are completely ruined. The only way out of this position is to come out on the path of revolution.

We give below a list of those evils which the Chinese masses have to suffer as a result of the war between the militarists:

I. Political Position.

(1) The supreme power is in the hands of militarists; all regions are ruled by military chiefs.

(2) The right of meetings, freedom of speech and other elementary rights of the population have been annulled, especially for workers and peasants.

(3) The most barbarous punishments are practiced (eyes put out, ears cut off, etc.).

(4) The money-lenders and landlords help the militarists to exploit the peasants.

II. The Economic Position.

(1) All industrial enterprises, including those managed by the government, have been ruined (railway companies, cotton mills, etc.). Ammunition factories, however, are working successfully, and imperialist capital is spreading more and more in China, especially in Manchuria.

(2) The population is burdened by numerous taxes. The paper currency has completely depreciated, but the militarists force the merchants to accept it. The financial crisis has decreased the buying capacity of the masses; the workers have not received wages for a whole year. The peasant produce has decreased, and it is impossible to transport the products, as the means of transport have been disorganized. There is a shortage of food products in the town, and in the village great need is felt for industrial commodities.

(3) The Chinese merchants have been ruined (more than 1,000 shops in Peking have closed down), but the imperialists' goods are distributed in China. Great supplies of food from Japan arrive in Shanghai.

III. Public Education.

(1) More than eight-tenths of the schools all over China have been closed down (an extremely large number of elementary schools in the villages have been closed down).

(2) Public education does not exist, the former schools of this type have been closed down.

(3) Education imbued with the feudal spirit is comparatively flourishing.

(4) All civilization is dying out.

IV. Social Position.

(1) Banditism is spreading all over China, both in the towns and the villages.

(2) The unemployed peasants pour into the towns.

(3) Unemployment in the towns is increasing.

(4) Poverty causes numerous cases of suicide.

V. The Various Taxes.

(1) Taxes levied beforehand.

(2) Tax for the suppression of the Reds.

(3) Tax in aid of the militarists.

(4) Tax on things bought, amounting to two-fifths of sum expended.

Told You So

THE outstanding positive accomplishments of the G. O. P. administration are the invasion of Nicaragua and the slaughtering of thousands of the people of that country for daring to defend their rights against the American imperialists. The slaughtering of hundreds of Chinese workers at Hankow by shells fired from United States warships. The general advance of American imperialism thruout the world, accompanied by murder and oppression whenever the interests of Wall Street required "stern measures.' The use of guns, bombs, bayonets and injunctions against the American workingclass whenever they tried to better their conditions or fight for the principle of unionism by strike.

• • •

THIS is only a short page of the indictment that could be drawn up against the republican party. And should anybody come to the conclusion after reading the foregoing that we entertain any hopes for better treatment from the democratic party should Al be elected, we simply point to the reign of Woodrow Wilson and his bloodhound Mitchell A. Palmer, attorney general, who had the streets of several cities treated to the spectacle of hundreds of men and women marching manacled to immigration detention points awaiting deportation because of their political opinions.

• • •

WE have no illusions about the democratic party and when Al Smith delivers his acceptance speech we shall have something to say in comment. The Al Smith who is endorsed by the Fascisti Alliance of North America cannot be a friend of the workingclass. The Al Smith who is alright for John J. Raskob of General Motors and General Motors cannot be alright for the workingclass. Lack of space prevents me from carrying this thot further today, but there will be other days, so we will hold something over, and we may repeat, since repitition if the life of propaganda.

• • •

BY way of comic relief, Bill Matheson, who is active in the mining fields of Illinois sent me a clipping with a Vancouver dateline which reads: "A nameless marine creature about six feet long, having an eel-like body and a head resembling that of a sheep, was on display at Provincial Police Headquarters here today as evidence of the existence of a sea-monster which many people have reported seeing in Lake Okanogan, in the interior of British Columbia." "Perhaps its Coolidge" hazards Bill. No Bill, not yet. Cal-in will not have to turn himself into a man-eating hippopotamus or a Texas toad in order to get publicity until after the elections. And as for the description! All I will say is that a sheep's head is at least toothsome when properly cooked.

• • •

THE Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company, amalgamated a few days ago despite the opposition of certain liberals who are still fighting the trustification of industry and supporting the political parties that keep the trust wheels greased. No sooner was the marriage ceremony performed by the Public Service Commission than the Consolidated Gas Company, the name adopted by the happy pair, declared a 100 per cent stock dividend.

• • •

THOSE who claim that the days of opportunity are gone in America are dripping. The members of the Public Service Commission were as anxious for the merger as a cannibal for a slice of baked Baptist. Party lines were disregarded, republicans and democrats rushing the ceremony with the haste of a village justice of the peace joining an eloping pair in wedlock who were pursued by an angry parent, fortified by applejack and a sawed-off shot gun. There may have been a reason.

• • •

FAR be it from our purpose to undermine the moral underpinning of any prominent citizen, but if we were not what we are but instead looked on society as a fat goose to be plucked when the plucking was good, we should not think twice of accepting a baby carriage-full of stock in the spliced gas companies of New York and Brooklyn. After all, it is hard to get rich by working at it. And it is no more reprehensible to accept a bundle of stock certificates from a big hearted gas man than it is to rob one or one thousand workers of a part of the product of their toil in mill, mine or factory.

• • •

HOUSE of Morgan, United States Ambassador to Mexico, Dwight Morrow has again proved that he is a man of courage. Not being satisfied with risking his life by eating ham and eggs with Calles, he now gives further testimony to his hardihood by purchasing a home in a spot that is infested by bandits. Ah, a lucid interval! How could Morrow feel at home in an honest environment having lived so much of his life in that bandit's quarter, Wall Street? Bet, the Mexican highwaymen will park their legs when they arrive within a mile of his residence and crawl to his presence to swear fealty to their master and place their humble services at his disposal. As the bank messenger is to the treasurer, so is a Mexican bandit to Dwight Morrow.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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SACCO-VANZETTI MEETINGS URGED

Workers Party on Ballot in Montana and Nebraska

OVER 100 MINE LOCALS STARTED IN SCAB AREAS

Rank and File to Rally to National Miners Convention

Call Luzerne Meet

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 19.—Delegates from practically every mine in district five will attend the National Miners Convention, September 9 reports made at the district miners conference in Walton Hall Friday indicated. Where miners have returned to work, dues will be paid directly to the National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee headquarters at 119 Federal St., N. S. Pittsburgh, the conference decided.

Reports from the unorganized fields were particularly optimistic. Over 100 locals are already established in the former non-union area in Pennsylvania and West Virginia alone thus far. An equal number have been organized in Kentucky, Tennessee and Alabama.

UMWA Completely Disorganized.

"As far as the United Mine Workers Union is concerned, Ohio and Pennsylvania are just like West Virginia organizationally,'" Thomas Myerscough declared in an introductory speech. "All that remains of the U. M. W. A. are the paid pickets, in Pennsylvania and in West Virginia. Now our job is to build a new union. Now we must plan a thorough campaign to enter every district where there are mines, organize them, and get delegates for the Convention."

John J. Watt, national chairman of the Arrangement Committee who returned today from a speaking trip through Illinois, declared that he is convinced that the rank and file miners had nothing to do with the movement, which is reducing their wages—the scrapping of the Jacksonville scale, contrary to the accusations of Lewis supporters in Pennsylvania.

"District twelve officers have an agreement which involves a big wage reduction," Watt asserted, "but they're afraid to announce it officially because the feeling of resentment among the men is strong, as is the sentiment for the new union."

Other Conferences

A similar conference will be held in Bellaire, Ohio, of sub-district six. Conferences in the other subdistricts will be held throughout the week. In Kentucky and Indiana, the first of the series of subdistrict conferences opened yesterday.

District two (central Pennsyl-

Continued on Page Three

REPORT MONGOL TROOPS GAINING

Seen as Japanese War Move

BULLETIN.

HARBIN, Aug. 19 (UP).—Chinese authorities today arrested Vice-Director Lashevitch of the Chinese Eastern Railway in connection with the uprising in the no-man's-land of Barga,

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LONDON, Aug. 19 (UP).—Dispatches to the Daily Mail tonight reported Chinese troops were retreating before Mongol forces in Northwestern Manchuria.

The fighting was believed to be near Hailar, an important railroad center and the seat of local administration of Japanese government. According to meagre reports, Hailar was in immediate danger of capture.

It was believed here the situation had grown more serious within the last 24 hours as any disturbance in Hailar [illegible] affect Japanese interests. Communication with the endangered points has been broken, but unofficial reports were disquieting.

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According to reports received by the Daily Worker, the Mongol troops have been subsidized and armed by the Japanese as an excuse for further Japanese intervention in Manchuria. Early reports stated that they had seized a section of the Chinese eastern railway, owned jointly by the Soviet Union and China.

DETROIT WORKERS

With twelve teams already signed up for the coming season, the Detroit Workers Soccer League is assured of having two strong divisions. N. O. Solutsky is the secretary of the league, which is expected to be one of the best in Detroit next sea-

Seizing Militant Fall River Picket

During the police terror which the textile mill owners and the city authorities combined to hurl against the strikers under the leadership of the Fall River Textile Mill Committees, scores of arrests were made and many pickets were jailed. A typical scene during the attack is shown above. (Photo by courtesy of the New Bedford Evening Standard)

RED MEET DISCUSSES COLONIAL SITUATION

(Wireless to The Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 19.—At the continuation of the thirtieth session of the World Congress of the Communist International, Kassamin, of Indonesia, analyzed the politico-economic situation in Indonesia and the reasons for the defeat of the Indonesian insurrection of 1926.

Indonesia Revolt.

He pointed out that the errors of the insurrection were that: it began in Sumatra two months after it had already begun in Java; the whole working class was not mobilized; the main attack was concentrated on the capital, where strong forces of police and soldiery were present; and lastly, the insurrection was insufficiently prepared for.

Sikander, of India, then spoke and declared that the idea held by some of the comrades that India was being de-colonized was quite false. British imperialism, he said, was backing the landowners in order to subdue the native bourgeoisie.

Strachov, of the Communist Party of China, analyzed the history of the Chinese revolution, which is temporarily defeated, he said, on account of serious opportunist errors, together with the objective cause of the great strength of the counter-revolutionary enemy under the leadership of imperialism. The Party recognized the errors and is now mobilizing its forces for a second revolutionary wave, he said.

Humbertdroz, of Switzerland, who spoke next, declared that the revolutionary movement in Latin-America was developing rapidly. The Anglo-American struggle for hegemony, he pointed out, made Latin-

Continued on Page Three

Three Workers Killed as Blast Wrecks Train

CORNING, N. Y., Aug. 19 (UP).—Engineer W. C. Carrier, Fireman R. F. Criddle and Brakeman John E. Bell, all of Hornell, were killed today when the engine of an eastbound Erie freight train was wrecked by an explosion.

Twenty freight cars were wrecked by the blast.

The engine was of the large type known as 3100. The cause of the explosion was not determined.

Trains were forced to detour over the D. L. and W. tracks until Monday.

The bodies of the three men were mangled beyond recognition.

Hassell Plane Is Yet Unheard From

JULIANEHAAB, Greenland, Aug. 19 (UP).—The wireless station at Mount Evans, Greenland, upon which the world must depend for news of the flight of Bert Hassell and Parker Cramer, announced at 10:45 a. m. (eastern standard time) that no word had been received from the flyers.

The Greater Rockford left Rockford, Ill., last Thursday morning to prove the practicability of a northern route to Europe. The take-off was without incident and the first leg of the flight, which ended at Cochrane, was uneventful.

10,000 ATTEND 'DAILY' CARNIVAL

Workers Come Despite Threatening Weather

Ten thousand New York workers yesterday attended the International Costume Carnival of the Daily Worker at Pleasant Bay Park, bringing to a successful climax an event that the cloudy weather earlier in the day had threatened to halt. Throughout the day the staff of the Daily Worker was kept busy answering the calls of workers who wanted to find out the directions to Pleasant Bay Park.

Many features enlivened the huge affair. Costumes of all nationalities were exhibited, with the various American worker and farmer costumes predominant. People arrayed in Russian peasant costumes, workers costumes, Chinese, German and Balkan garbs made the festival a gaudy affair.

In the midst of the festivities, the workers gathered in one part of the grounds in a mass meeting to hear the speeches of Bert Miller, Richard B. Moore and D. Benjamin.

After the big carnival was over and the workers had departed for their homes, a statement was released by the arrangement committee apologizing for the lack of adequate preparations in food and refreshments. This was due, according to the committee, to the threatening weather of the forenoon, which had caused them to think that not many workers would come to the Carnival. The statement further went on to say that thanks was due to the many Daily Worker agents whose hearty cooperation had made possible the successful carnival.

SINCLAIR LEWIS SAILS

PARIS, Aug. 19 (UP).—Sinclair Lewis, author of "Main Street," sailed for New York today on the liner Hamburg. Lewis was accompanied by his wife, with whom he has been spending an eight-month "caravan honeymoon" in Europe.

TOTAL MOUNTS TO FOURTEEN AS BIG DRIVE GROWS

Intensive Campaign Is Under Way Thruout Country

Gain in Mine Regions

Montana and Nebraska have been added to the number of states where the Workers (Communist) Party will be on the ballot, according to reports received at the National Election Campaign Committee headquarters, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

This brings the number of states, in which the workers and farmers can vote for Foster and Gitlow, on the official ballot up to fourteen. In the 1924 campaign the Communists were unable to surpass this figure. The Party ticket is expected to be on the ballot in at least thirty states this year.

Kentucky and Tennessee are expected to be placed in the Communist column in a few days.

Four Electors Chosen.

Willis L. Wright, editor of Labor Topics, Great Falls, wired the national office that 23 delegates from industrial and farming sections of Montana and also local sympathizers attended a state convention on August 10th, in Butte. Stanley Clark was elected chairman and Mabel Clark, secretary.

A large crowd attended the evening session at which the following electors were chosen: Emma Salisbury and Petra Krogman of Plentywood. Mary Nolan, Butte, and Stanley Clark of Great Falls.

"The prospects indicate a large vote in the state of Montana," says Willis Wright.

Nebraska Fight Won.

The necessary number of signatures for placing the Workers (Communist) Party ticket on the ballot in the state of Nebraska have been collected. A ratification convention will be held in the Swedish Auditorium, Omaha, on Sunday, August 19th at 8 p. m.

Stephens reports that the workers who attend Communist open-air mass meetings applaud enthusiastically when the announcement is

Continued on Page Four

BATTY GROUP IN NEW BETRAYAL

New Bedford Fishers Continue Strike

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 19.—The Textile Council, of which William E. G. Batty is secretary, yesterday issued another statement urging full co-operation with the textile mill owners.

"The real need in the mills is more economical production," the statement says, "and the Textile Council has offered its full co-operation to the mill owners in getting better production."

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Fishermen to Continue Strike.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 19.—Striking fishermen of this port voted to stay on strike until the owners return to the old wage system at a meeting held in the Central Labor Union Hall on Friday.

William Brown, secretary of the Fishermen's Union, affiliated with the Seamen's Union, presided.

One Year Ago; Workers Pay Last Respect to Their Dead

A year ago thousands of workers walked in silent respect past the bodies of Sacco and Vanzetti as they lay in state.

WOLL IN ATTACK ON COMMUNISTS

'Shipload of Gold,' That Alas—We Didn't Get

Matthew Woll, reactionary vice-president of the American Federation of Labor and collaborator with the big open-shop employers, yesterday issued another statement to the capitalist press intended to injure the organization of workers in industries where the unions have been destroyed by Woll and his associates.

Woll's humor took the form of a statement that "shiploads of money" were being sent to the Workers (Communist) Party of America from the Soviet Union.

His attack further went on to say that Communist "agents" have been using the money "to finance many of the employers against whom organized labor has been fighting for many years, and who themselves are American labor's worst enemies." Woll's statement follows in part:

"The new campaign aims at establishment of dual unions—duplicate unions in fields occupied by unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. Money apparently has come from Russia in large quantities to finance this work.

"Communists have found their 'boring from within' procedure has led to no concrete results. The attitude of the American Federation of Labor in supporting every international union having 'borers' within its membership has nullified their efforts.

"While not directly conceding it, indirectly the Communists have conceded the success of the American Federation of Labor in defeating the boring procedure. Now, by explicit direction of Moscow, of which we have absolute and detailed evidence in abundance, Communists in America have changed their policy, coming completely into the open to organize dual unions.

"Their departure into the field of open organization covers so wide a range as to be a startling development in the Communist plan for world revolution.

"What we are dealing with is not the ultimate failure of the plan but the present phases of it and the fact that it must be stopped.

"Communists' efforts at dual organization are found today in the needle trades, centering in New York, the railway shop unions, build-

Continued on Page Three

A.F.L. Heads Join Military on Labor Day

Brazenly expressing its friendship for the military machine of the American Empire, the New York Central Trades and Labor Assembly has made public the fact that it will hold its Labor Day celebration at Fort Hamilton this year.

"Impressive military displays" will accompany the festivities, it is stated.

The customary Labor Day program will be entirely scrapped, and even the brassy platitudes of labor misleaders will be dispensed with, it has been revealed. "Labor features" will be absent, explained President Ryan, "because the trade union movement is now so strong that Labor Day can be enjoyed as an ordinary holiday."

At the last convention of the American Federation in Los Angeles, Gen. Summerall, chief-of-staff of the U. S. army, and President William Green exchanged genuflexions and called each other "good fellows."

BRULE WORKERS IN 2-DAY RALLY

Hold Meets Where Coolidge "Rests"

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

SUPERIOR, Wis., Aug. 19.—In the town where President Coolidge, $100,000-a-year servant of Big Business, is spending his time catching pampered fish in his private stream, yesterday the Northern Wisconsin Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party held a two-day election campaign rally in Brule. Plans were discussed for an intensive drive in the vicinity of the $1,000,000 estate where Coolidge is spending his summer.

Petition lists have been distributed in the state to place the names of the national as well as local candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot. Alvar J. Hayes is running for governor and H. Koski for lieutenant governor of Wisconsin.

Another election campaign rally will be held in Brantwood, near Brule, on September 2.

MILL LEADERS FREED, SPEAK

Campos Move to Betray Fall River Strike

(Special to the Daily Worker)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 19.—Defying the police terror which might envelope them at any moment, enthusiastic mass meetings of strikers in this city yesterday listened to the leaders of the Fall River Textile Mills Committee just released from jail who spoke at Liberty Lot in spite of their $1,000 bonds.

Sam Weisman, Fall River Textile Mill Committee leader, flayed the hypocrisy of Judge Hannify and his pretended concern for the strikers and branded him as a coward for sentencing Bill Seroka to six months in jail for leading a picket line of children.

That John Campos and other officials of the American Federation of Textile Operatives have asked recognition of the union and restoration of ten instead of twenty sides in the mills, instead of withdrawal of the wage cut, as a reward for their strikebreaking services against the Fall River strikers and the Textile Mill Committees was revealed in a report on the conference with Nathan Durfee, official of the American Printing Workers yesterday.

Durfee met the officials' committee with a demand for a general speed-up. He declared that it was necessary "to reorganize" all departments of the plant, with workers

Continued on Page Five

FRENCH BUILD 4 DESTROYERS

To Start Imperialist War Maneuvers

PARIS, Aug. 19 (UP).—The ministry of marine today awarded the contracts for four destroyers which were a part of the 1927 construction program. The destroyers will be built in various coast shipyards.

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PARIS, Aug. 19 (UP).—The first large scale French army maneuvers since the war began at midnight Saturday. Rather than one large single maneuver, this year's activities are being split into a series held locally along the Italian frontier, Alsace, the Seine Valley, the Rhineland and the Pyrenees. Utmost secrecy surrounds the maneuvers.

Fascists Win Framed Albanian Elections

TIRANA, Albania, Aug. 19 (UP).—Elections for the constituent assembly were held today. The government candidates were highly successful.

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The government "candidates" are backed by fascist money, which virtually exercises mandatory powers over Albania.

WORKERS PARTY CALLS FOR HUGE PROTEST MEETS

Rallies Arranged by International Labor Defense

Fight Bosses "Justice"

Pointing out the intensification of the class struggle that has taken place since the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti a year ago, the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, in a statement issued last night, appeals to all American workers to express their class solidarity and their determination to overthrow the capitalist system by attending en masse the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstrations that are being arranged thruout the country by the International Labor Defense.

The statement of the Central Executive Committee follows:

A year has passed since the death of Sacco and Vanzetti who were murdered by capitalist justice for the triple crime of being fighters for the cause of labor, "aliens," and workers. The crime of the American ruling class against two innocent proletarians, whose innocence was strikingly demonstrated by innumerable and irrefutable facts, was not only an act of vengeance against members of the exploited masses. It was also a challenge to the workingclass, to those sections of it that are fighting against a social order in which all government, all laws and all judicial actions are directed to protect the exploitation of the masses by the owners of wealth. It was a challenge to those who challenge capitalist dictatorship.

One year has passed and the forces of capitalist brute oppression, arrayed against the murdered fighters, have not only remained the same, but have even become more brutal and more savage in their attacks on the workingclass. The courts are working at full speed sentencing workingclass fighters, demonstrators, strikers, organizers, leaders, to long-term imprisonment.

Police, militia, thugs, detectives, are mobilized against the workers, breaking up strikes, arresting pickets, dispersing meetings, beating up

Continued on Page Four

TAMMANY PICKS WALL ST. BANKER

Lehman May Run for Governor

Col. Herbert Lehman, Wall Street banker and director in the Studebaker Corporation, will probably be the Democratic nominee for Governor of New York State, it was authoritatively declared yesterday.

Lehman, who is at present financial director of the Democratic National Committee, is a member of the Banking firm of Lehman Brothers, 16 William Street. He has long been associated with Democratic politics and has been a supporter of Governor Smith.

The probable appointment of Lehman is another example of the direct participation of Wall Street bankers in federal and state politics and government.

Bomb Blast Injures Four in Family of Poultry Trust Foe

BROOKLYN, Aug. 19 (UP).—Four members of the family of Joseph Hasenfratz, a poultry dealer who, police said, had been fighting the so-called poultry "trust," were injured today when a bomb exploded outside the door of their apartment.

Hazenfratz's wife and daughter and two others were thrown from their beds and slightly hurt. The bomb shattered all rear windows in the building and blew a hole in the floor of the hallway.

Police said Hazenfratz had complained to the district attorney recently that two men had been bothering him and trying to get him to join the "trust." The men were arrested and later released on bail.

GITLOW CHALLENGES HOOVER ON UNEMPLOYED

Charges Servant of Big Business With Minimizing Suffering of U. S. Workers

Labelling Herbert Hoover as the "Good Man Friday" of American imperialism, Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket yesterday challenged the G. O. P. standard-bearer on the statement made by him in his Palo Alto acceptance speech that "unemployment in the sense of distress is rapidly disappearing" and points to the 4,000,000 unemployed workers in the United States today as proof that Hoover distorted facts in his attempt to establish the republican party as the party of prosperity.

The famous declaration made by a member of the French ruling class prior to the French revolution, that workers who asked for bread could eat grass, is called to Mr. Hoover's attention by the Communist candidate, in relation to his statement on unemployment.

"The low wages paid in the textile industry, the 4,000,000 unemployed, the bankrupt and poverty-stricken farmers, the wage cuts in the textile, coal, automobile, shoe and other industries are sufficient proof that everything is not as rosy as Mr. Hoover paints them," says Gitlow.

There is no hope for the poor farmers in Hoover's solution of appropriating a few millions a year for farmers' relief, Gitlow declares, since only the rich farmers who will be part of the additional government apparatus stand to benefit.

Gitlow asks Hoover why he failed to state his position on the war on Nicaragua, a large army and navy for imperialistic adventures, if he favors the preparations of the United States for a war with Japan over the Chinese markets, why he did not protest against the execution of two innocent workers, Sacco and Vanzetti, by a republican governor, why Tom Mooney and Billings are in prison while the big oil grafters are free, why the Soviet government is not recognized by the United States, and several other questions.

Gitlow's statement, issued to the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, reads:

"The workers who listened to Mr. Hoover's acceptance speech found out that the oracle of big business turned out to be a vacuum as far as they are concerned.

"Every issue raised by the work-

Continued on Page Three

Progressive Machinists Urge Fight for Militant Program at the Coming Canvention

SCORE POLICIES OF OFFICIALDOM AS REACTIONARY

Hit Schemes for Class Collaboration

Scoring the reactionary policies of the officialdom of the Machinists Union, the progressive machinists have issued a program and a call for action which they will advance at the coming convention of the union. The text of the call follows, in full:

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Brother Machinists:

The I. A. of M. is in a most critical condition. What was once a powerful, militant and fighting organization is now a ghostly skeleton. Our membership has dropped from 330,000 in 1920 to approximately 70,000 at the present time. When industry was prosperous, with excellent chances for organizing, we not only did not gain members, but actually lost members. Now when industry is slack, we are desperately trying to hold our own. At present, we have fewer machine shops under union agreement than we had before the war. In most of the machine industrial centers throughout the country and on many railroads the organization has been wiped out altogether. Our organization campaigns have failed to organize the industry. The automobile and many other sections of the machine industry, comprising hundreds of thousands of organizable machinists, remain totally unorganized. The introduction of new tools and new machine processes make the unskilled and semi-skilled our competitors and eliminate much of the skill formerly required by members of our trade. Still we do very little to organize these masses of workers. Unless the rank and file machinists immediately awake to the situation confronting the organization and force the coming convention to adopt a program that will meet present conditions, the I. A. of M. is in danger of being still further weakened, union conditions will be further destroyed, and our standard of living will be still further reduced.

We Are Following a Wrong and Hopeless Policy

This state of affairs is the direct outcome of the reactionary policy forced upon the union by our Grand Lodge officials. They spend their energy to organize a few small shops and give no attention to the large machine factories. When rank and file pressure compelled them to act, our Grand Lodge officials together with the A. F. of L. officials made a pretense of organizing the automobile industry, but this campaign fizzled out. They have abandoned the idea of using the industrial power of the workers to fight for better conditions and instead rely on arbitration and the "good will" of the employers for wage increases; whereas all experience shows that arbitration gets us nowhere. The cases of the C. & O. shopmen and other railroad trades are recent examples of what can be expected from arbitration. Our officials preach the B. & O. Plan of union-management cooperation to boost production, which has brought us no more than the workers get who are employed in strictly open shops. In the few strikes that were called, they have weakened before injunctions, abandoned picketing, and relied on old party politicians to fight the injunctions in court; and in meantime the strikes were lost. They have done nothing to carry out the previous convention decisions for amalgamation and consequent strengthening of the organization.

Instead, they suppress every effort in this direction. In order to continue their erroneous program, they have expelled many members who have the courage to fight for a constructive change in the policy of the Association. Typical examples are the Toledo case and the Lodge No. 390 case. They even went so far in the Anderson case as to expel a member for daring to demand a fair election as a candidate for office against the administration machine.

Completely failing to organize our industry, arbitrary expulsion of militant and loyal members, denying free speech, and perpetuating themselves in office, has been the record of our Grand Lodge officialdom during the past eight years.

A Fighting Program Needed

Although we are facing a most important convention and the Association is engaged in a life-and-death struggle, our officials have no program whatever that will rebuild the I. A. of M. and assure us better wages and working conditions. Therefore the rank and file must prepare its own program and submit it to the convention for adoption. To stop the present retreat and to provide a program upon which the union can progress, the following measures are submitted to local lodges in the I. A. of M. for their consideration:

1. Industrial Unionism a Crying Need: Amalgamate the Unions.

The present craft form of organization does not fit the needs of modern, highly concentrated industry. With large establishments constantly merging to form stronger groups of capital, we must have in our industry one strong, powerful union, capable of defending our interests. This must be brought about through amalgamation of all the unions in our industry. Such amalgamation must be brought about by the rank and file of the various unions. The campaign must be carried into the local unions of the other organizations. At the Detroit convention, the administration forces defeated a proposal to elect a special committee to carry on this campaign. Such a committee, of those who believe in amalgamation, should be elected by the coming convention.

2. Organize the Large Machine Shops. 100 Per Cent Organization On the Railroads.

The most important task for our union is to organize the railroad and machine industry, especially the large factories—the auto, agricultural machinery and other sections of the metal industry. Instead of organizing the auto industry, our officials organize only garage mechanics. Our officials have followed a wrong policy of organization; furthermore, they have not shown themselves capable of organizing our industry, or even a willingness to do so. The rank and file of our Association must take the initiative in carrying on this important task of organization.

Shop committees must be set up in the unorganized shops. More attention must be paid to the specialists, the semi-skilled, the women and youth who are coming into the trade. By keeping out of our union the Negroes who are coming into our industry, we give the employer the opportunity to use them against us in our fight to maintain union conditions; it is in our interest to permit the Negro to join the union.

We are opposed to the Compulsory Insurance proposal, as the increased dues would hinder our organization work.

3. Defeat the Class Collaboration Schemes. Repudiate the B. & O. Plan (the union-management cooperation plan).

This plan has proved a complete failure wherever it has been tried out. It has brought increased profits for the employers, and no special gains for our members working under the plan either on some railroads, or in the Speedaumatic Company contract shop in Chicago. The B. & O. Plan must be repudiated by our organization, as well as the Watson-Parker Law and its arbitration provisions.

4. A fight For Better Conditions.

The I. A. of M. should take up again a fighting policy for better conditions, for higher wages, and for shorter hours. It should fight for the 5-day week with the 8-hour day and make this a part of the union agreements. The strike benefit system should be reestablished in preparation for coming struggles. The system of donations should be abolished. The strike fund must not be used for any other purpose nor shall any sums be borrowed from the strike fund.

5. Democracy In the Union.

(a) Our union must become democratic; the membership must run the organization. Not less democracy, but more democracy is the need. Defeat the Proposal to Elect Our Officers In the Convention. This proposal would give greater power to a small group of officials who could manipulate conventions. Instead, we must retain the present method of election of Grand Lodge officers through a referendum; more power to the membership.

(b) Stop the Expulsion Campaign of the Officialdom. Support complete expression of opinion for our members on all working class matters; reinstatement of all brothers suspended or expelled for advocating views different from the administration.

(c) Biennial Conventions. The present system of four years between conventions denies the rank and file sufficient opportunity to participate in making the policies of our union. We propose a convention every two years.

6. For a Labor Party.

We need a political party of labor that will fight for our interests. The old parties both represent capital and fight labor. At present, injunctions are used to break strikes. We must struggle against injunctions by open violation, by continued picketing.

We must fight for Relief For the Unemployed. The convention must fight unemployment by launching a movement to decrease the hours of labor; by demanding governmental insurance against unemployment, administered by the workers and financed by a tax on profits; and by cooperation with councils of unemployed to demand protection and relief. The parties of capital do nothing for the unemployed. We must support the demand for a Labor Party.

Brother Machinists:

Our present policy has been tried for many years, long enough for a complete test. It has been fully tried out by our entire administration, by our staff of international officers. Our present policy is a complete failure.

Our responsible officers no longer think in terms of militant unionism. Our platform and preamble, under which we conducted heroic struggles and built up the organization, have been scrapped. Organizing for better pay, shorter hours, improved shop conditions, etc., has been superseded by the slogan of "union banks, union-management cooperation plan," etc. In fact, our officers have abandoned the fundamental principles of trade unionism.

As a result, the character of our once militant organization has been completely changed. Yesterday, we were progressive and militant. Today, we are stagnant and dying. And our officials make things worse by expelling those who demand a return to militant methods.

Brothers! Let us cease to be an organization in name only. It is time to call a halt: It is time to face realities. It is high time to stop backing up, and to start going ahead.

The salvation of the I. A. of M. lies with the rank and file membership and not with its present leadership. Therefore, it is up to the membership to see that the coming convention adopts a program that will rebuild, strengthen and consolidate the I. A. of M.

We call upon every lodge in the association to endorse the above program and instruct their delegates to the coming convention to fight for its adoption.

WORKERS OF ALL LANDS ARE REPRESENTED AT MOSCOW SPORT MEET

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 19.—Celebrations marking the event of the Spartakiade, the sports festival of the international working class, enliven the streets of Moscow and give the city an air of gaiety. In the crowds moving through the streets, going to and from the sport carnival, can be seen representatives of all nationalities and of all countries.

Mixed with the robe-like dress and gay mantel of the Uzbecks, the balloon trousers of the South Caucasion girls, the flamboyant embroidery on the shirts of the Ukrainians and the bright red in the shirts and caps of the Crimean Tartars, the more sedate European costumes of the Germans, English, French, Swiss, Austrians, Czechs, Esthonians, Finns, Letts, Swedes, Norwegians and Uruguayans, offered a somber resting place for the eye.

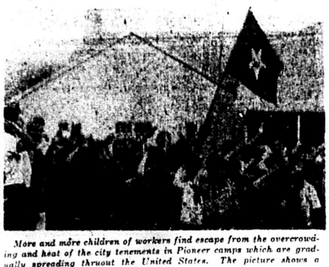
In the evening the colored beams of searchlights, and the bright color display of the fireworks projected the color galaxy into the air. Crowds surging about on the river bank and on the Red Square, were illuminated by the crimson reflection of the fireworks and the play of the searchlights.

Revolutionary leaders mingled with the representatives of all nationalities. Members of the Central Committee of the Soviet Government, members of the Central Committee of the All Union Communist Party, delegates to the World Congress of the Communist International, the working class athletes, all testified to international importance and significance of the occasion.

The new "Park of Culture and Repose" on the Moscow River, which was just opened, was overflowing with the carnival crowd. In this proletarian garden, workers of other countries and of the far flung regions of the Soviet Union, saw the latest in recreational institutions. Day nurseries relieved mothers of their infants and the children were entertained with games, amusements, shows. Libraries, athletics, swimming, boating, orchestras, movies, workers' dramatic clubs, radios, shooting galleries, volley ball nets, tennis courts, soccer offered quite a problem of choice for the workers. Often during the course of the day and evening the crowds throughout the gardens would take up the famous Revolutionary march, "Budyeni." In the park alone there were 200,000 people.

More serious amusement was also provided for. Secluded corners held large boards, illuminated by electric lights, which exhibited a large map of the world. Around these boards fiery discussions on the international situation took place the whole day. The light would be concentrated on that portion of the map under discussion, and people, urged on by advertisements on large banners that told of the discussions taking place, came from all parts of the park to participate.

Young Pioneers Salute Working Class Flag



More and more children of workers find escape from the overcrowding and heat of the city tenements in Pioneer camps which are gradually spreading thruout the United States. The picture shows a group of Pioneers at Wingdale, N. Y.

MOBILIZING FOR RED WEEK DRIVE

WorkersPartyStations Opened Thruout City

Two hundred functionaries of District 2, of the Workers (Communist) Party, assembled Friday night at the Workers Center, listened to last minute instructions before the launching of Red Week, which begins today and will last through Aug. 26, ending with two Red Mass Collection Days on Aug. 25 and 26.

The ready response of the functionaries to the mobilization call, and the enthusiasm manifested at Friday's meeting, a Workers Party statement said, are indicative of the thoroughness with which the election campaign financial drive will be carried on in New York. While functionaries were cautioned by Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager of the Workers (Communist) Party, not to let the work of gathering signatures suffer during Red Week, they were at the same time instructed to bend every effort toward reaching other workers in their homes, shops and clubs for contributions to the campaign fund.

Boxes Distributed.

Collection material for the two Red Collection Days of Saturday and Sunday were distributed among those present, including boxes, credentials and arm bands. Each functionary also stocked himself with contribution lists to be circulated among workers.

In every section of the city, from downtown Manhattan to northern Bronx, from Long Island to Coney Island, workers' clubs whose memberships are conscious of the anti-labor role played by the capitalist parties have donated the use of their headquarters as temporary Red Stations for the duration of the Red Week. In all there are thirty such stations, evenly distributed thruout the city.

Thruout the week contributions will be made to the election campaign fund on the special collection lists. On Saturday and Sunday the drive will be greatly intensified by thousands of Red Campaigners, who armed with box, credentials and arm-band, will fine-comb the thorofares, the transit lines, the beaches of the city, in support of the workingclass candidates and workingclass platform of the Workers Party.

NANKING CHIEFS ATTACK U. S. S. R.

PEKING, China, Aug. 19.—Two Nanking generals reaffirmed their enmity to the Soviet Union and their intention of carrying on a war against Communists and militant workers and peasants in a statement made public here.

Marshal Li Tsung-jen, the Hankow general, who is considered to be one of the most "promising" of the war lords, declared that all the "anti-Communist" nations of the world should unite with the Nanking government against the Soviet Union. He also said that the Nanking war lords had decided "that proletarian domination would not do" and have accordingly proceeded to crush all labor movements.

The other statement is issued by General Feng.

Worker Killed by Live Wire Contact

George Ramsey, a worker, was instantly killed when he came in contact with a live wire in a manhole where he was working recently. Above, rescue squad trying to undo what defective insulation had done.

NITGEDAIGET RAISES $1,000 FOR THE "DAILY"

By EDWIN ROLFE

BEACON, N. Y., Aug. 19.—With the collection of $27 at the Soviet Costume Ball in the Casino, Saturday, Camp Nitgedaiget officially brought to a close the festivities that had marked its "Daily Worker Week." Over $1,100 was collected in all for the aid of the Daily Worker during the seven-day campaign.

The costume ball on Saturday exceeded the expectations of the 700 campers. At the end of an evening filled with dancing, music, mass-plays, refreshments, and the presence of the full moon, two lithographic crayon drawings by Jacob Burck, the talented proletarian artist, were offered on the auction block. The portraits were those of Lenin and Ruthenberg. The bidding, after about three dollars had been contributed, became a contest between Paterson Workers (Communist) Party members and New York comrades, each group of which wanted the drawings for their city's Party Headquarters.

Many Contribute.

After a long fight, with A. Ravitch, business manager of the Daily Worker, acting as auctioneer, the Paterson regiment of the Communist army won the coveted drawings. Among those who contributed in the bidding, with sums varying from 25 cents to a dollar, were: Feldstein, B. Levine, Berland, Bessine, Novick, Marin, Rogers, Fenster, Kunofsky, Donafsky, Simon, Amron, Malamund, Reibstein, Castrell, Zirlin, Costin, B. Cohen, Post, Topisky, Newman, Raskewitch, Chashmal, and a host of Paterson workers who, in their mass spirit, refused to divulge their names.

Hold "Prohibition Day."

One of the most productive and at the same time most amusing features of the "Daily Worker Week" was the "Prohibition Day." All luxuries and deviations from the regular camp routine were prohibited, and violators were subject to fines. For this purpose, a camp judge was needed. "Comrade Slim," a kitchen worker, nosed out Nathan Fishman, an office worker, after a hot election campaign, in the course of which stump speeches and fiery exposures and denunciations were hurled by the candidates against each other.

"Daily" Man Fined.

During the prohibition day, A. B. Magil, of the Daily Worker editorial staff, was fined for holding a conversation with a girl comrade, and Novick, of the Freiheit staff, was fined for sleeping when he should have been swimming or taking a sun-bath. Judge Slim, during his day of power, was grim and austere; no culprit was allowed to depart from his judicial chambers unpunished. Hundreds of dollars were collected in this way for the Daily Worker.

BIGGER NAVY TO OFFSET RIVALS

Franco-British Pact Alarms Coolidge

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Great concern over the contents of the Franco-British naval pact is being felt here in naval circles, and the conference between President Coolidge and naval chiefs has resulted, it is rumored here, in a decision to enter on an extensive naval building program in order to offset the possible pooling of the British and French navies in time of war.

The note sent to Washington by Chamberlain last month, counter to general belief, did not contain details of the naval agreement, and when Kellogg is in Paris he is expected to demand all details concerning the pact. In the meanwhile naval chiefs are planning increased naval armaments to protect American interests on the seas.

It is further reported that the United States Commission that will go to Geneva to the disarmament conference will not participate unless the secret pact is divulged.

HOLD CHICAGO SACCO MEETING

Milwaukee Will Also Hold Memorial

CHICAGO, Aug. 19.—Final arrangements are being made by the local International Labor Defense for the holding of a Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial Demonstration here on August 22, at Temple Hall, corner of Van Buren and Marshfield.

Both the Lithuanian and Jewish Singing Societies have been secured and will take part in the musical program. The famous classical orchestra of Carl Sturm will take an important part also.

Among the speakers there will be Ralph Chaplin, the noted working-class poet; Max Bedacht, of the Workers (Communist) Party; Guido Serio, of the Anti-Fascist Alliance, and Mordecai Shulman, prominent Chicago liberal attorney. Joseph Giganti, secretary of the Chicago local of the International Labor Defence, will officiate as chairman.

Because of the revival of the spirit of militancy which is pervading the entire working class of the city as a result of the agitation being carried on by the International Labor Defense for the release of Mooney and Billings, an immense crowd of workers is expected to be present.

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MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 19.—Cora Meyer, secretary of the I. L. D. in this city, announces that the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting in Milwaukee will take place on Saturday, August 25, at 8 p. m., in Harmony Hall, First Ave. and Mineral St.

WOLL IN ATTACK ON COMMUNISTS

'Shipload of Gold,' That Alas Didn't Reach Us

Continued from Page One

ing trades, miners, cigar makers and among miscellaneous trades.

"In promoting dual unions, the Communists are openly seeking cooperation of open shop employers. We welcome the changed attitude because now we will know which American employers are willing to countenance Moscow controlled labor organizations, financed by Soviet Russia and formed for the specific purpose of furthering the Moscow scheme of world revolution and dictatorship.

"We will now find out how our 'open shop' employers with alleged American and patriotic war cries will take to their bosoms the doctrines of Communism and the machinations of Communists.

"And the public will learn the great service rendered by American labor to our people and government."

Alarm of the A. F. of L. officialdom at recent successes of the left wing trade unionists under Communist leadership, in beginning the construction of new unions, in such as the needle trades, coal mining and textile mills, are understood to be the cause of the issuance of the statement by Mr. Woll.

A DAILY WORKER correspondent is the real spokesman and leader of the workers in his struggles.

COLONIES CHIEF TOPIC AT WORLD CONGRESS MEET

Discuss Indonesia Revolt

Continued from Page One

America extremely important. All the Latin-American countries are dependent either on Britain or America, he said, and he indicated how the former was being pushed out by the United States. The Pan-American Federation of Labor, he continued, is an instrument of United States imperialism and must be fought.

The discussion then commenced and was participated in by Heller, Riulu and Carney, of Ireland; Banderas, of the Peasants' International; Vorovsky, of China; Haidar, of Palestine; Omura and Katayama, of Japan; Darcy of the United States; Roux, of South Africa; Jacquemotte of Belgium; Devisser, of Holland; Gomez, of the United States; Bennett, of Britain; Zchakaya, of Georgia, and Rothstein, of Britain.

Discuss Theses on Colonies.

Carney declared that the British and American Communist Parties must pay more attention to propaganda among the Irish workers, in this way supporting the work of the Irish Communist Party. Darcy declared that a start must be made in building the mass organizations of the colonial youth. He said that the Chinese and Mexican experiences showed this to be possible. He also pointed out that the Mexican Young Workers League is stronger numerically than the Communist Party of Mexico.

Indian Industrialization.

Bennett disagreed with the theses that India was an agricultural country dependent on the motherland as this was an underestimation of the working class and the national revolutionary movement. Industrialization of India, he said, was proceeding under British control. Further, Britain is not returning to the old nineteenth century policy, and those who think so, he said, incorrectly estimate the [illegible] of the native bourgeoisie, which is already collaborating with the imperialists and is prepared to betray the national revolution because it knows it will lead to an agrarian revolution and the struggle of the workers for power.

Rothstein declared that the analysis of the imperialist colonial policy in the theses was incorrect. The chief principle of the imperialist colonial policy, he said, was not to transform the colonies into cheap sources for food and raw material for the motherlands. Capital export, he declared, was not an isolated and accidental factor, but the fundamental factor in the imperialist colonial policy. Further, the main aim of the imperialists is profit and this results willy-pilly in the industrialization of the colonies. The passage iin the theses that analyzes the character of the imperialist colonial policy must be rewritten, he declared.

200 KILLED IN STORMS IN HAITI

Peasants Hard Hit, Farms Ruined

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti, Aug. 19.—Two hundred are estimated to be dead and 10,000 homeless as the result of a tropical storm which swept over the island, wiping out many villages and ruining the crops and fields.

The storm is said to be the worst in forty-two years and the outlying sections were hard hit, the cities and larger towns escaping great damage. The lot of the surviving peasants, whose homes and means of livelihood have been taken away, is desperate.

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ALEXANDRIA, Egypt, Aug. 19.—A terrific hurricane swept the North African coast, taking between fifteen and twenty lives in Algeria. Small sea craft were submerged and border towns flooded.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19 (UP).—J. Reuben Clark, noted international lawyer of Salt Lake City, Utah, has been offered the post of under Secretary of State, succeeding Robert E. Olds, who resigned in June, it was learned today.

It is understood Clark has accepted and that Secretary of State Kellogg will announce the appointment late today or tomorrow.

Honor the Memory of Sacco and Vanzetti

By ROSE BARON,

(Secretary N. Y. Section, International Labor Defense.)

Judge Webster Thayer called them "bastards"—but we remember them as martyrs to labor's cause. Charged with the crime of killing for money, we honor their memories. Taken out one dark night and burned to death with electricity—we will hold a memorial demonstration for them on Union Square, Wednesday, August 22nd at 5 p. m.

A pull of the switch jerked these two "shining spirits," as Heywood Broun called them, into the galaxy of labor martyrs. Simple workers plying their trades as shoemaker and fish peddler, the agents of the textile barons in Massachusetts (the same who are today flashing bayonets at the New Bedford strikers) made their names household words in New York and San Francisco; London and Moscow; Lima and Montreal.

Their Names Are Slogans to Lead the Fight Against the Frame-up System

The mention of their names sent electrified angry masses in the streets of European capitals clamoring before American embassies. Their names have become a rallying call. The night that the workers were murdered the Sacco-Vanzetti Emergency Committee which led the fight in New York, issued a statement which said: "Their names will be shouted in future class war battles."

It is true.

Today the names, Sacco and Vanzetti, are slogans to lead the fight against the frame-up system in America, against the fascist regime in Italy and elsewhere, the names are hallowed by marching revolutionary workers in Central and South America and hundreds of millions of workers throughout the world know full well the significance of these names. They have become a guiding light in the world revolution.

Commemorate Deaths.

And the workers of New York—how will we commemorate the anniversary of their deaths this year?

Yes, one year has passed since we waited with heavy hearts and bated breath for the word to come flashing from Boston that some miracle had intervened to save these "two shining spirits"—we who knew that there are no miracles in the class war—so desperate were we that we waited and hoped. But the silent, waiting wires suddenly burst into action and screamed, SACCO DEAD: 12:19. VANZETTI DEAD: 12:26.

On Union Square (the same square where on August the 22nd this year at 5 p. m. we will hold our mass memorial meeting) the night exploded with flares and flashlights; women screamed, men cursed and wept and the flanks of police motorcycles tore through the crowd of 15,000 which waited all night to hear the terrible news.

Mooney in Jail.

Workers of New York: the International Labor Defense calls upon you to make this memorial demonstration the largest in the history of the New York labor movement. Come in your thousands, bring your shop mates and fellow workers.

Mooney and Billings are still in jail; let us make this meeting a strong demonstration for the liberation of our two comrades who are in the damp-dripping cells of Folsom and San Quentin.

Remember the date: Wednesday, August the 22nd at 5 in the afternoon. Remember the place: Union Square. The purpose: Sacco and Vanzetti.

$100,000

To fight the mighty Wall Street Powers with their billions. Send your contribution at once to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer.

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German Social Democrats to Drop Cruiser Construction Question, Leaders Decide

COMMUNISTS IN MOVE TO FORCE A REFERENDUM

Plan to Secure 4,000,000 Necessary Signers

BERLIN, Aug. 19.—Decision of the social democratic party to let the critical cruiser dispute drop with an expression of regret following a conference of party leaders at which nearly 200 participated, the Communist Party has decided to take immediate steps to carry the question before the German working class. A provisory clause in the referendum law, however, making the referendum contingent upon the president's consent in certain cases, may prevent the immediate consideration of the armament expenditure by the workers, but the Communist Party is taking measures to secure the 4,000,000 signatures necessary to force popular submission of the question.

In the midst of nation-wide recrimination and ridicule, the leaders of the social democratic party have met and approved the decision of Chancellor Mueller and Carl Severing, minister of the interior, in approving the depletion of the German treasury by 9,000,000 marks for the construction of the first cruiser built since the war.

The seal of social democratic sanction was set upon the renewed German armament policy with the orders sent the Kiel shipyards Friday night to begin work on the cruiser immediately, Chancellor Mueller told the conference in substance.

Mueller repeated his former statements that the decision of the Reichstag and the Federal Council to build the cruisers left merely the approval of the expenditure up to the social democrats and have absolved them from all guilt in furthering armament. This statement has been caught up by the workers and is being flung back in the face of the social democrats together with the pacifist slogans which helped them win their recent electoral successes.

Even the reactionary parties, while [illegible]lighted at the commitment of the [illegible]al democrats to armament policy, [illegible] seizing this opportunity to disc[illegible]it them politically.

The provisory clause in the referendum law states that in questions of the budget or public funds, the president has a right to determine whether or not a popular vote shall be taken. Nothing reveals more clearly the satisfaction of the government with social democratic armament policy than the official intimations that Von Hindenburg will never permit the referendum which the Communist Party of Germany has announced its intention of demanding.

Four million signatures are necessary to force submission of the armament question to the working class and the Communist Party is initiating a countrywide campaign to secure these.

BUMPER CROP IN USSR OVER 1913

Government Is Buying Most Grain

MOSCOW, Aug. 19.—The September harvest shows prospects of being the largest crop ever produced in the Soviet Union, even exceeding the pre-war figures. The 1928 crop will show an index figure of 116 as compared with the prewar average of 100, according to reliable reports from the Urals, Siberia and Kazakstan.

The peasants are only too willing to sell their grain under the favorable conditions provided by the Soviet Government. The government grain-buying organization, which is now a combination of the former government and cooperative organizations, is proving its efficiency in the collection and transportation of the grain.

Provisions are being made to transfer a good part of the Siberian grain to the Ukraine, which was hard hit in its winter crop by the unfavorable weather conditions.

BR[illegible]ISH PLAN NEW ARAB WAR

CAIRO, Egypt, Aug. 19.—British preparations for an invasion whose purpose is reported to be the extinction or replacement of Ibn Saud, king of the Hedjas, are continuing with sporadic airplane bombing raids, according to dispatches from Irak.

The invasion is scheduled to take place in early October after the summer heat has decreased.

Growing resentment among all sections of the Near East is reported to exist due to the British and French attitude towards the Arabs and Syrians. The dissolution of the Egyptian parliament has had a violent repercussion thruout the Near East.

Why Scores of Nicaraguan Families Fled to Honduras

The United States authorities in Nicaragua are now attempting to herd back to Nicaraguan peonage scores of families, adherents of General Augusto Sandino, who fled to Honduras for safety after their villages had been destroyed by airplane bombing raids and marine terrorism. Hondurans see in the move a veiled occupation of their country by American marine forces. The picture shows graphically some reasons why the Nicaraguans fled. Note especially in the lower left hand corner the village wrecked by bombing planes.

AUTOMOBILE--NEW GIANT

Ford and General Motors Competition

By BEN LIFSCHITZ

This is the fourth in the series of articles on "Automobile—Symbol of Modern Slavery." The articles thus far have covered the scope of the industry, the giant mergers and the driving forces to imperialist war.

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The automobile industry has gone thru fundamental changes since the famous Ford Model "T" appeared in 1908 in Detroit.

The main idea of those who developed the first model was to produce such a car as would be of greatest use and at the same time accessible to the average business man and higher paid worker. The purpose was to produce the car as fast as possible, paying little attention to durability but depending upon substitution parts in place of those sections which wore out quickly.

The other automobile concerns producing a more durable car could not keep up very well and compete with the Ford which in 1912-1913 reached the highest point of standardization in the industry. The other concerns, therefore, limited themselves to the production of higher priced cars, producing more of the touring passenger cars and of the heavier motor truck.

However, this condition could not last very long. The automobile industry was growing very fast. Vast fortunes were gained. Capital in overwhelming amounts went into the automobile industry to share in the golden harvest. This lead to a rapid concentration of capital in the industry.

This rationalization process which was proceeding very fast in all the other industries in the U. S. were on at a faster pace in the automobile industry. Especially during the war did high speed manufacture develope.

A number of automobile concerns that passed through the rationalization process during the war were able to adapt their plants to the production of a lower priced car which, however, had many of the improvements in the motor and other parts.

With the appearance of the General Motors in the field as a heavy producer in 1920 the competition between Ford and General Motors became very sharp. The General Motors which represented a merger of a number of gigantic concerns, was in a favorable position to compete with the Ford Co.

About 1920 the General Motors which had acquired a 60 per cent. stock interest in the Fisher body in 1919, decided to compete with Ford for control of the market. Many changes were introduced in the plants of the Fisher Body. The conveyor system was introduced in factory after factory. New machinery was installed and the whole organization rearranged for the mass production of Fisher bodies.

Because of the advantage of having so many different models and superior motors it was easy for General Motors to produce a motor model better even than that of the new Ford model.

One of the other reasons is that it was hard for the Ford Company to satisfy the demands for the different styles in the automobile industry. Building and adapting all of its machineries to one model, it was much harder, and it will be harder in the future for Ford to adapt himself to the ever changing demands for new models.

Ford Reaches His Zenith.

The Ford Motor Company reached its zenith in 1926. The new model "A" cannot effectively compete with the Chevrolet, which even now is better than the new Ford Model.

But it is not only the Chevrolet that is competing with Ford. There are also other cars, the Chrysler, Whippet and the Pontiac, a six cylinder car which sells for $775.00 and the Pontiac truck which sells for $745.00.

These figures will show what stiff competition there is between Ford and the other automobile concerns.

Chevrolet	$585.00
Ford	495.00
Whippet	535.00
Chrysler	670.00
Pontiac	775.00

Note that the Chevrolet is approximately one hundred dollars higher than the Ford, and that the Whippet is about fifty dollars lower than the Chevrolet. Chrysler is right on the heels of the other three. The difference in price is even slighter than the figures indicate. The Chevrolet contains extras that are not on the Ford cars. The Chrysler is a better built car and is about the same price when the difference in quality is considered. The Pontiac car will cut very heavy into the sales of the Ford car. The salesmen of the General Motors are using quite an appropriate slogan, "Sixes are better than four."

Besides these facts, there are reports that Ford has not reached the amount expected. Production has not yet reached 4,000 cars a day. This production should have been reached last March, and the number of employees is slightly in excess of a previous high mark of three years ago when the production was around eight and ten thousand cars a day.

This means that up to now the Ford Company has not reached the mark it set for itself, of a production of about 10,000 cars a day.

Will the Ford Company be able to overcome the difficulties it has encountered in the production of the new car? It is difficult to say but in any event the trend of the Ford Company seems to be downward.

One thing is certain, such cut-throat competition can result in only one of two things: either the elimination of the weaker concerns and the survival of the strongest, or the amalgamation of the auto corporations. At present merger after merger is taking place.

Recently the Locomobile and the Durant combined. The Pierce-Arrow and Studebaker companies are becoming one concern, and the Dodge Brothers and the Chrysler have merged.

The tendency in the automobile industry is probably in the direction of a merger between the General Motors and Chrysler-Dodge against the Ford Company.

Outside of the genuine competition between General Motors, Ford and others, special competitive standards are set up within the same companies. One department is matched against the other. The cost of one unit of production is compared with the cost of a similar unit in another machine. The cost of similar units are compared and the wages and standards of production are based on it.

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In the next article we will deal with the special forms of exploitation which economists term "various forms of wage payments"—but which in reality gives the real picture of the modern slavery in the automobile industry.

THE LEISURE CLASS

PARIS, Aug. 19 (UP).—A quarter of a million Americans who vacationed in Europe this summer scattered abroad American gold to the total of a quarter of a billion dollars. The French national tourist office estimates the American vacation bill to amount to around $257,000,000.

PUGLIST SHOT.

CHICAGO, Aug. 19 (UP).—At the point of death in Mercy Hospital from a gunshot wound in the abdomen, Frank Alloto of Milwaukee, known in pugilistic circles as Frankie Barry, former lightweight boxer, refused to talk today in what police described as a "mystery shooting."

GITLOW SCORES HOOVER SPEECH

Evades Unemployment Issue

Continued from Page One

ers was ignored. The workers must have laughed up their sleeves with contempt and disgust at the ignorance and stupidity displayed by Hoover on labor problems and conditions.

"Big business sat back pleased. Their Good Man Friday delivered the goods. He praised the corporate interests to the skies, and pledged them an administration of, by, and for big business.

"Hoover's facts and figures are just mere totals. He fails to give an analysis of the enormous increase in wealth in America showing how the various classes are participating in the enormous increase. If he would have done so, his picture would have been a damning condemnation of the whole social fabric of America. The facts disclose that only a small percentage of the population is well off. The vast majority live in poverty. The low wages paid in the textile industry, the 4,000,000 unemployed, the bankrupt and poverty-stricken farmers, the wage cuts in the textile, coal, automobile, shoe and other industries are sufficient proofs that everything is not as rosy as Mr. Hoover paints them.

"Says Mr. Hoover, 'Unemployment in the sense of distress is widely disappearing.'

"This reminds me of the famous declaration when French workers asked for bread and were told to eat grass. The charity organizations, municipal lodging houses and other agencies dealing with the unemployment problem, have repeatedly called attention to the distress and destitution that exists as a result of the present unemployment.

Serious Crisis.

"Four million unemployed is a grave situation. Unemployment involves 20,000,000 people at least. It is no little matter that can be ignored. It proves that a serious crisis has struck American industry. The stabilization Hoover speaks about and praises is not the panacea its advocates professed it to be, because it is resulting in a deep and profound unemployment crisis that is bring about a permanently unemployed army of millions. Hoover may close his eyes and refuse to see, but the workers who will be unemployed will feel the privations and nothing that Mr. Hoover will say about their not being in distress, will affect them. They are already manifesting their discontent and will continue to do so with increasing volume.

Silent Herbert.

"Mr. Hoover has promised the farmers that if he will be elected the republican administration will do something for the farmers, even to the extent of spending a few hundred million a year. A few hundred million a year, spent upon building up some new government departments, adding to the government apparatus, may help the rich exploiting farmers who will be in the government apparatus, but will be an increased burden upon the poor working farmers.

"Mr. Hoover failed to answer the following questions:

"1. Why do you favor the rape of Nicaragua?

"2. Why do you favor a large army and navy for the purpose of imperialist aggression and war?

"3. Why do you support the preparations of the U. S. for a war with Japan over the question of the Chinese markets?

"4. Why do you favor American troops and battleships being sent to China?

"5. Why did you not protest against the republican administration allowing two innocent workers, Sacco and Vanzetti, to be executed?

"6. Why are the oil grafters free and Mooney and Billings, innocent workers, in prison?

"8. What do you intend to do to relieve unemployment?

"9. What steps will you take to stop regime of terror and suppression of freedom of speech, assembly and picketing, now going on in New Bedford and Fall River?

"10. What is your stand on lynching of Negroes and their disfranchisement?

"11. Why do you favor government by injunctions against labor?

"12. Why did you support the crushing of the coal strike, which is resulting in wage cuts of from $1.50 to $3.00 per day.

"13. Why do you favor the government's interference in the right of the workers to organize?

"14. Why do you favor the continuation of child labor?

"15. Why are you opposed to a program of social legislation for workers such as unemployment insurance, old-age pensions, accident and sickness insurance, etc.?

"16. Why do you favor the use of troops and militia to break strikes?

"Many other questions could be asked, but Mr. Hoover will remain as silent as a clam on all of them. Like Mr. Al Smith, he is tuning in on big business, listening to what the big corporations, the bankers and manufacturers want. Mr. Hoover's wave length is Wall Street. What it wants, he will do. The workers and farmers will get nothing from Hoover. Only the Workers (Communist) Party will serve their interests."

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

HONDURAS FEARS DIAZ DECREE AS U. S. MANEUVER

Nicaragua Threat May Mean Occupation

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Aug. 19.—What is considered here as a situation of increasing gravity has been precipitated by the issuance of a decree by President Diaz of Nicaragua tending to abrogate the general treaty signed in Washington between Nicaragua and the other Central-American governments in 1923.

After reference to the paragraph binding the signatories to refrain from direct or indirect interference in the affairs of one another, the decree continues:

"And inasmuch as the fulfillment of the above obligations necessitates the dictation of suitable measures, the Ministerial Council decrees the following articles:

"First, that all propaganda by word or writing, made by Nicaraguans, Central Americans or aliens within the republic, tending to organize or foment revolutionary or subversive acts against any recognized Central American government shall be considered as a violation of the general treaty of amity and peace of Feb. 7, 1923.

"Secondly, that the government authorities can refuse to recognize the rights of Central Americans or foreigners whose activities violate the previous article.

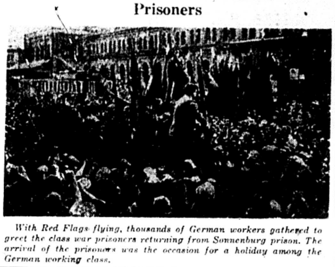
"Third, that the minister of the interior may dictate measures necessary to stop revolutionary or subversive activities from being developed through mail, telegraph or telephone offices."

While no doubt the issuance of such a decree at this time is intended to increase the power of the American supervisors in controlling all elements during the elections in November, Hondurans see in it an overt preparation for suspension of relations between the two governments, with possible occupation by American forces should the American authorities find invasion an aid in driving back to Nicaragua the peons, sympathetic to General Sandino, who escaped to Honduras following the campaign in Nueva Segovia.

Criticism of the government for not taking a firmer stand originally when the first demand was made by the Americans for permission to occupy Honduran soil for the purpose of ceorcing the Nicaraguans, is continuing. Warnings, then uttered, that such a policy would only open Honduras to the fate of the neighboring nation are now held to be bearing fruit.

To fears as to the real significance of the Nicaraguan move in relation to American military policy against General Sandino and his adherents, was added yesterday the rumor that the action of the Nicaraguan president may have an importance in opening the way for the United States state department to force upon this government the Kellogg decision in the Guatemala-Honduran boundary dispute. This decision the Honduran government has steadfastly refused to accept, claiming that the verdict is sure to be rendered against it in the Central American arbitration court, where the all-powerful United Fruit Company is backing Guatemala.

Red Flags as Workers Greet Class War Prisoners



With Red Flags flying, thousands of German workers gathered to greet the class war prisoners returning from Sonnenburg prison. The arrival of the prisoners was the occasion for a holiday among the German working class.

MINERS RALLYING FOR NATIONAL CONVENTION

Continued from Page One

vania) confers Monday and Tuesday of next week. The Anthracite tri-district conferences follow on the 22nd. Representatives from newly organized locals in West Virginia, meet Friday, the 24th. Kansas and Missouri conferences are slated for Labor Day, September 3rd. Dates for other conferences will be made public in the near future, Pat Toohey, secretary of the Arrangements Committee said today.

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Conference in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Illinois, Aug. 19.—As an outcome of the strong sentiment aroused by the debeate between Anthony Minerich, a leader of the movement to build a new union, and John W. Hindmarsh, president of sub-district five of the United Mine Workers of America before more than 2,000 miners in Springfield last Sunday, a series of sub-district conferences will be held in District 12 beginning Monday, August 20.

The debate which has niflamed all Southern Illinois, occurred quite accidentally. Local Union 494 called the mass meeting to protest the wage cut which is being imposed upon them by the policy committee. After resolutions rejecting the wage cuts were passed, Minerich and John Watt were spied in the audience. A cry went up, urging them to speak.

Minerich and then Watt analyzed first the situation in the Illinois coal fields and then in the whole country, stressing that the formation of a new union was the only solution since election steals, "blue sky" locals and packed conventions make it impossible to legally oust the corrupt officialdom.

Hindmarsh Exposed.

Hindmarsh was attacked for his work in bringing about the wage cut, and accused by local miners who later took the floor for his "pick-handle" methods of fgihting the progressives.

When Hindmarsh finally took the floor, he was jeered and booed by the miners and several hundred children who had gathered around the platform crying "labor faker!" When Hindmarsh extended his hand to Minerich, the latter replied, "When I was a kid and went to my first miners' convention, Hindmarsh called me 'hi boy' and I was proud of ti then. But now I cannot shake his hand."

In the course of the debate which followde, Hindmarsh buried his face in his hands. Local miners accused him of handing a machine gun out of an automobile at the office of the Old West Mine at the time of the "pick-handle" fight.

• • •

Tri-District Convention.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 19.—Together with their call to the National Miners' Convention in Pittsburgh on Sept. 9, and the call for the subsidiary conference of progressive miners in th etri-district on, Aug. 23, the Tri-District National Convention Arrangements Committee has issued a statement denouncing George Isaacs, former vice-president of the so-called insurgent movement for his resignation and betrayal of the miners. Isaacs resigned recently.

The committee points out that it had predicted Isaac's treachery and forecasted the betrayal of a number of other members of the insurgent board, who are at present carrying on negotiations looking towards a sell-out to the officials.

Against similar betrayals, a conference of progressive miners will mobilize to build a new miners' union at the Italian Hall, 206 Oliver St., Luzerne, Pa., at 7 p. m., Aug. 23.

CROAT WORKERS ARE FIRED FROM ITALIAN SHOPS

Demonstrate Against Persecution

ZAGREB, Jugoslavia, Aug. 19.—Further demonstrations against the Nettuno pact with the Italian government followed the discharge of Dalmatian workers from Italian factories in Spalato, Sebenico and other Dalmatian cities, in spite of the efforts of the police and city authorities to prevent the show of hostility towards the fascists.

Following news that the Italian cement company in Spalato had issued an order firing all Jugoslav workmen, and that other Italian firms were to take the same action, spontaneous demonstrations of workmen took place.

The Nettuno pact, ratified by the Belgrade regime in the absence of the Croatian, Slovenian and Dalmatian opposition, who declare it void, gives Italian capitalists the right to transfer workers from their home plants to Dalmatian factories, and thus displace all native workers.

CHARTER BAKERS UNION

OKMULGEE, Okla., Aug. 19 (FP)—A local of the Bakery and Confectionery Workers International Union is now functioning in Okmulgee.

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Young Workers Indictment Brings A. F. L. Thugs Into Action, Correspondent Says

HANdOuTS

The naive hypocrite Minister of War Painleve of France wants to cut the word "War" out of every letterhead and document and, himself, be referred to as Minister of Peace in order to persuade the pacifists and other children that he is doing everything possible to bring about an era of peace. Of course Painleve admits army organization, recruiting and the court martial will remain the same. Next he will be referring to a Big Bertha as a tool of defense and then he can soon pass war off as peace farming on a large scale.

* * *

Kick for Girls

"Ma, what are the boys playing at?"

"Why that's Sir Robert Baden-Powell, on the left, Lord Hampton, president of the British Boy Scouts and Lady Baden-Powell reviewing the Girl Pathfinders at Budapest."

"Well ma, what path do the pathfinders find?"

"A roundabout route to imperialist war."

"Well, doesn't a Lord know enough to wear long pants when the mosquitos are so bad."

"Adolph!"

"But they'll crawl all the way up to his neck."

"Mercy! Quit washing the cat in Molasses!"

* * *

Since Sam Rosenberg, an attorney of Pittsburgh, broke eight ribs riding a hobby horse, Cal Coolidge, the sour-mouthed slave driver of the U. S. nation, has given up the sport altogether, it is reported. From now on he will ride nothing more dangerous than a Morris chair. Cal, it is said, never was thrown from his hobby horse. Of course he usually appears dazed, but it doesn't take an accident to explain that.

* * *

Not Starving Today

Every once in a while you hear of the son of a rich manufacturer taking a common job in his old man's plant. Of course there isn't much chance of the boy getting fired even if he does smoke cigarettes and run a lathe at the same time. After awhile he becomes general manager and the American magazine runs an article to show that you can still work your way up to the top in American industry even if you do start in the second basement. Above is Lisbeth Higgins, an heiress, who says she is earning a living as a professional dancer. There isn't much chance of her walking the streets, half-starved, begging for a job in a burlesque show because she can always fall on the millions made by the Higgins Ink Company through sweating underpaid workers. Those who have seen Miss Higgins dance have suggested she go in for landscape painting.

* * *

Gems of Learning

W. E. Woodward, novelist, member of socialist party:

"I am one of those optimists who believe that humanity is capable of getting rid of wolfish greed and [illegible] and poverty and war. Yet my books are read in the most respectable homes. Even members of the stock exchange write me nice admiring letters."

There's nothing surprising about a socialist getting a letter from a friend. If he had gotten one from a worker it would be news.

—M. C. H.

FEAR COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES AT NASH MOTOR CO.

Kenosha Meeting Held to Attack Them

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KENOSHA, Wis. (By Mail).—For weeks the Young Workers (Communist) League had been holding open-air meetings, outings of the Nash Motor plants in this city, calling upon the workers to organize shop committees. The role of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor, which had its annual convention here recently and had adjourned without any effort to organize the auto workers was pointed out to the workers.

Much surprise was created, therefore, when the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor called a meeting of automobile workers at the German Home recently. About 250 workers were present at the meeting.

Denounce Communists.

Henry Ohl, Jr., president of the State Federation of Labor, was the first speaker. He spent all his time in denouncing the Communists as "spies" of the companies. In particular, he denounced S. A. Herman of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Herman, who was present at the meeting rose and shouted, "That's a lie! Prove it!" Immediately about five armed thugs, probably placed in the hall for that purpose, leaped upon him and pushed him to the rear entrance. There they whipped out guns, threatened to shoot, when several workers ran up and prevented any gun-play. Herman was permitted to go back into the hall.

The next speaker was a special representative sent down by William Green. Before he began his harangue, several workers called out, "Let Herman speak!" But no attention was paid to this request by the labor fakers. The second speaker also denounced the Communists.

The meeting was called by the labor misleaders for three reasons: One to attempt to weaken the influence of the Communists; two, to make an empty gesture that the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor will soon organize the workers, and, three, to appeal to the bosses that the A. F. of L. believes in peace, not strikes and collective bargaining, whereas the Communists believe in strikes and other militant measures to better the workers' conditions.

These contemptible conditions of these agents of capitalists who hold high positions in the trade unions will come to naught. Shop committees are already being organized and the influence of the Communists among the workers is increasing, while the A. F. of L. bureaucrats are looked upon by the workers with contempt and hatred for their labor betraying tactics.

—M. P.

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Imperialist Fliers and Their Backer

From left to right, Amelia Earhart, trans-Atlantic flier, and Commander Richard Byrd, whose expedition to the Antarctic has the backing of the Ford interests, greet Mrs. Frederick E. Guest, sponsor of Miss Earhart's speech.

URGE WORKERS TO JOIN SACCO-VANZETTI MEETS

Continued from Page One

militant workers. The professional patriots of the American Legion and other capitalist organizations, the fascists, the leaders of the American Federation of Labor bureaucracy, the spokesmen of the putrid socialist party, are all united in denouncing militancy among the workers, in trying to break every class-struggle movement, in aiding, defending and exonerating the capitalist state apparatus.

The press, that great instrument for befogging the workers' consciousness and subjugating them to class-domination, is spreading ever larger clouds of poison gas propaganda against the insurgency of the exploited. The class of the rulers is more defiant, more rabid than a year ago.

But significant changes have taken place in the workingclass in the last year. The coal strike, betrayed by its official leaders, developed a broad stream of class-conscious militancy which found its expression in a growing protest against capitalism, a growing tendency to fight, and a readiness to organize on a new fighting basis. The textile workers have started in New Bedford a splendid strike of 28,000, which has now lasted for several months, has spread to Fall River, is causing a tremendous reverberation throughout the mass of textile labor and stimulates the tendency for militant organization.

Among the garment workers and fur workers a new wave of fighting determination to overcome the chaos caused by the betrayal of the socialist union bureaucrats in collaboration with the A. F. of L. officialdom is surging. Sporadic strikes of automobile workers have indicated the readiness to fight. New, militant unions are in the process of organization in the coal industry, in the textile industry, in the ladies' garment industry, in the fur industry, and in many others. The working masses are awakening. New life is stirring in the American workingclass.

In all these movements the left wing, as exemplified by the Trade Union Educational League, is taking a leading part. There is no labor movement in the United States outside of the left wing movement. There is no hope for the workingclass outside of the revolutionary struggle having as its final aim the overthrow of capitalism and the introduction of a Workers' and Farmers' government.

The leader of all the revolutionary movements in the United States, the organizer of the most determined fighters and most determined fights is the Workers (Communist) Party, now engaged in an election campaign in which it aims to awaken the working masses to a realization of their task and to organize them in a revolutionary class party.

The anniversary of the death of Sacco and Vanzetti finds us, the workers, stronger and more determined than a year ago. The class for which Sacco and Vanzetti died is advancing with rapid strides. The task they fought for—the stream of revolution of which they wero a part—is advancing in every country of the world with a new sweep. Sacco and Vanzetti have not died in vain. Their death has only stimulated the workers to new determination and new struggles.

The anniversary of their death must be utilized by the workingclass to increased its solidarity, its organiztaions, its unity, its militancy, its hatred of capitalism, its readiness to seize every occasion to improve its conditions, increase its strength and undermine the power of the imperialist rulers.

On the anniversary of the death of Sacco and Vanzetti, the imperialist powers must be challenged by a new mass demonstration of the working class. We appeal to all the workers everywhere to join the mass meetings organized in commemoration of Sacco and Vanzetti and to make their mighty voice heard.

We appeal to the workers to support and build up the International Labor Defense which helps class-war victims in the legal battles, in the prisons and elsewhere, and which supports the families of fighters in times of stress. We must remember that the class struggle cannot be effective enough without a labor defense.

We appeal to the workers to demand the release of Mooney, Billings, the Centralia victims, the New Bedford fighters and all other prisoners of class justice.

We appeal to the workers to protest most vigorously and in large masses against class justice, which is an expression of class rule, against capitalist attacks on workers' struggles, workers' organizations, workers' leaders, workers' press.

We call the attention of the workers to the great danger for all the exploited now being prepared by the ruling classes—the danger of new imperialist war. The hands that slaughtered Sacco and Vanzetti, the hands that beat and imprison strikers; the hands that slaughter innocent Nicaraguan peasants and workers by marines' bullets; the hands that have helped slaughter thousands of revolutionary Chinese workers and peasants fighting for freedom from capitalism and imperialist oppression—are now preparing a new war for colonies, for markets, for raw materials for investment of capital, for the throttling of the only workers' republic in the world, the Soviet Union—all for the benefit of the manufacturers, bankers, financiers, and their servants, the capitalist politicians.

One of the methods of preparing for this new monstrous slaughter is to break the unity, the fighting spirit, the organization of the workers in order that they may not resist their masters when war comes. One of those methods was the challenge to the working class in the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti.

On the day of the great anniversary, we shall reply to all the crimes of the ruling class by increasing our class forces and uniting for new struggles under the fighting slogans:

Down with the war!

Down with the forces the prepare the war!

Down with class justice!

Down with the attacks on the struggling workingclass!

Liberate the class war prisoners!

Long live the workers' struggle against capitalism!

Long live a government of workers and expolited farmers!

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY.

American Legion in Factional Squabble

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—A new squabble in the ranks of the American Legion was the latest development in the jingoist organization's high-tensioned internal political fight last night.

Republican members resent the activity of Cce Bennett Clark of Missouri, who is one of the Tammany leaders in the western states and democratic members are equal in their objections to the activity of ex-secretary of war Hanford McNider, who is campaigning for the Hoover G. O. P. machine.

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MINE STRUGGLE SHOWS WORKER YOUTH MILITANT

Boss Schools Fail to Hide Class War

(By a Worker Correspondent)

WHEELING, W. Va. (By Mail).—Out of the struggle of the miners against police brutality, state persecution, fight against the corrupt officialdom of the Lewis administration, and physical combats with the hired thugs and assassins of the coal barons, is born a spark of hope which will eventually burst into a flame of Revolution that will lead to economic and political freedom not only of the miners, but of all workers. This spark of hope is the allegiance of the young miners to the only youth revolutionary organization, the Young Workers (Communist) League. With determined faith in the League as the only leader of the American toiling youth the fight of the devastated coal regions now changes from a local fight against coal capitalists to a fight against the entire rotten exploiting capitalist system.

Although the youth section of the working class in contaminated with bourgeois ideology and patriotism by the public schools and the press, yet when they see what is taking place in the struggle of the miners their eyes open to the alarming truth that the entire state machinery from the kindergartens of the public schools to the armed force of the state is used against the workers. The statements of the court officials that constitutional rights learned in schools are merely scraps of paper and the use of the state militia is to beat down defenseless women and children, lets the truth shine through the bourgeois scum that covers the eyes of the youth that the workers have no fatherland in a capitalist country. From the strike of the miners the youth have learned a fundamental truth, that there is a class struggle in America and that society generally is divided into two antagonistic classes, the proletariat and the bourgeoisie, the toiling and working majority and the exploiting and robbing minority.

Without a doubt there is an awakening among the American youth. Hitherto, in the struggles of labor only the father took part, but now the entire family is involved for the simple reason that production has so changed that all members of the family are drawn into the industries. In the past when the head of the family, the father, spoke of working conditions the children and the wife did not understand, but now the entire family participates in the discussions and actually takes part in the active struggles of the workers. One needs but glance at the coal and textile strikes to see the necessity of all members of the workers' family, father, mother, son and daughter to engage in the struggle of the working class for emancipation. The Marxian truth that capitalism is digging its own grave because it produces more of its own grave diggers is shown clearly now that women and children are in the industries and engage in the struggles of the workers.

At the wave of a piece of calico, the flag, the American youth can be mobilized against anything un-American. Everything is being done, especially in the strike area of the coal regions to appeal to patriotism and expose Communism as an imported malady—a foreign sickness, a European plague. We must show the youth that Communism is the highest form of society. That Communism is universal, therefore American. To the working youth must be exposed their real enemy—the American capitalist.

The fact that there are desertions from the army shows that bourgeois patriotism is failing to hold the youth. We must double our activities against militarism and against military institutions, because from "patriotic" youths the American working class will receive their severest blows and greatest opposition.

Communism is spreading in America. The sparks of revolutionary fire in the coal regions will be fanned by every act of the coal barons against the workers. Injunctions, wage cuts, and persecutions will but add fuel to the fire of freedom. The foreign European plague which the American capitalist warns the youth against and fears, will one day meet the robber class of America face to face with a Red Flag of freedom as their banner.

—F. H.

Five Openings This Week; "Relations" Premiere Tonight

THIS week, the second of the new season, will see five new plays on Broadway. Of these, two are scheduled for this evening, one for tomorrow night and the others on Wednesday and Thursday.

At the Morosco tonight Willard Mack will present his new melodrama, "Gang War," written and directed by himself. The locale of the play is in Chicago. The cast is headed by Anne Forrest, Beatrice Nichols, Robert Middlemas, Donald Kirke, Walter Gilbert, Louis Malatti and Joseph Skinner.

* * *

"Relations," a comedy, by and with Edward Clark, opens at the Theatre Masque this evening with the following cast: Horace Braham, Barbara Brown, Peggy Coudray, Wolfe Barzell, Daniel Makarenko, Bert Scott and J. A. Curtis.

* * *

Edwin H. Knopf and William P. Farnsworth will present "The Big Pond," by George Middleton and A. E. Thomas, at the Bijou Theatre Tuesday night. The play is the first collaboration of these noted dramatists. The cast includes Kenneth MacKenna, Reed Brown, Jr., Doris Rankin, Harlan Briggs, Katherine Hepburn, Marie Curtis and Marius Rogati.

* * *

"Goin' Home," by Ransom Rideout, comes into the Hudson Theatre on Wednesday. The cast includes Georges Renevant, Barbara Bulgakov, Richard Hale, Russell Hicks, John Irvin and Ralph Collinan.

* * *

The Thursday opening will be "The Lids Girl," by Edward Eisner at the Totten Theatre.

* * *

There will be some new talent at the Broadway Theatre beginning today, when "New Faces Week" is ushered in. Emily Darrell in a character sketch, "The Five and Ten" competes with Allan Reno, who is on the same bill; Lew Reed and Paul LeVere; Bobby Dale and Eve Wendt; "A Stepping Mania" and Stickney's Cirque Petite are other offerings.

FLIERS UNHEARD FROM.

COCHRANE, Ont., Aug. 19 (UP).—Bert Hassell and Parker Cramer, who took off from Cochrane shortly after noon Saturday for Mount Evans, Greenland—the second stop on their attempt to fly from Rockford, Ill., to Stockholm, Sweden—were out of touch with channels of communication today, their exact whereabouts unknown.

IN WILLARD MACK PLAY.

Anne Forrest, who is in the cast of "Gang War," Willard Mack's new play opening tonight at the Morosco Theatre.

Soviet Union Aniline Trust Hires Technical Expert to Aid Industry

An agreement has just been concluded between the Amtorg Trading Corporation, acting in behalf of the Aniltrest (Aniline Trust) of the U. S. S. R., and Prof. Harry D. Gibbs of Washington, D. C., according to an announcement made yesterday by M. G. Gurevitch, acting chairman of the board of directors of the Amtorg Trading Corporation, calling for the technical assistance of Prof. Gibbs in the organization of the production in the Soviet Union of a series of chemical products used in the aniline industry. The purchase of the equipment required for these plants will be made in the United States.

The aniline dye industry of the U. S. S. R., which was practically non-existent before the war, has made rapid strides in the past few years. The development of the coke-benzol industry in the Donetz and Kuznetz Basins has laid the groundwork for the building up of the aniline industry. In the past two years an annual average of over 8,000 tons of organic dyes was produced in the Soviet Union.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

PLACE NEBRASKA, MONT., WORKERS PARTY ON BALLOT

Pennsylvania Ticket Also Assured

Continued from Page One

made that the Workers (Communist) Party will be on the ballot in Nebraska and that they will be able to vote for Foster and Gitlow.

Jack Stachel, organization secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party who has returned from a visit to eastern and western Pennsylvania reports that the two district organizers, Benjamin and Jakira have almost collected the quota necessary to place the ticket on the ballot in the great coal and steel barony of the Mellon family.

D. Benjamin, district organizer for eastern Pennsylvania, has 1,800 signatures on hand, with 500 more collected in the Anthracite, and 400 in Cheswick county that have not been turned in.

Twelve comrades are called in to the district office every day with instructions to collect 40 signatures. The District Organizer expects to secure 1,800 more signatures by this means.

In western Pennsylvania, A. Jakira reports that he has 2,300 signatures on hand with 500 more in the hands of the comrades thruout the district. To make sure that there will be no slipup in getting the Party ticket on the ballot Jakira intends to collect 3,500 signatures, 500 more than his quota. The total number required for getting the Party on the ticket in Pennsylvania is six thousand.

Gas Merger "Fight" Is Tammany Gesture

Fear that the approval of the $1,000,000,000 merger of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York and the Brooklyn Edison Company without any indication of a fight against it on the city's part will cost the Tammany machine many votes in the coming presidential elections, last night caused the city to state that it would "formally join in the fight" against the merger.

No serious credence, however, is being given to the statement, because the merger has already been officially approved by the Public Service Commission.

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Charges Too Flimsy, 15 China Tag Day Workers Are Freed in Magistrates Court

NANKING HEAD ADMITS LABOR UNIONS BANNED

Judge Intended to Fine Each $10, Says

The fifteen young workers and students arrested in Chinatown last Sunday for soliciting funds for the relief of the Chinese trade unions were yesterday given suspended sentences in their trial before Magistrate Gottlieb in the First Magistrates Court, White and Center Sts. The charges against them were too flimsy to be sustained.

Robert W. Dunn, secretary of the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions, under whose auspices the tag day collection had been made, appeared on the witness stand to testify on the standing of the organization. Gottlieb, in his customary manner, usurped the power of prosecuting attorney, grilling Dunn in an effort to discover his political affiliation and financial standing. Gottlieb contented himself with the statement that the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions should have "procured credentials from the Chinese consul in New York," and that "at any rate, the law prohibited those of doubtful or no financial standing to collect funds for any cause."

Admits Unions Suppressed.

David P. Chow, chairman of the executive committee of the Chinese Nationalist Party (Kuomintang) in the United States, an organization connected with the labor-betraying Nanking government, appeared in court to testify against the committee. He was questioned by Buitenkamp, who forced him to admit that there was such an organization as the All-China Federation of Labor Unions, retracting a previous negative statement to the judge. He also was forced to admit that "the Nanking government in China prohibits labor unions."

The complaint was that collections had ben made by the organization in violation of a city ordinance prohibiting such collections without the permit of Bird S. Coler, commissioner of the department of public welfare. Immediately Jacques Buitenkamp, of the International Labor Defense, moved that the case be dismissed on the ground that such an ordinance is unconstitutional as extending to the commissioner of public welfare in that it places an unreasonable extension of power in the hands of the police. The motion, however, was denied by Gottlieb.

Answer to Appeal.

Dunn testified that the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions was organized after an appeal had been issued by Sou Chao Jeng, chairman of the All-China Federation of Labor Unions, asking help for the Chinese workers and peasants, whose labor unions had been persecuted and driven underground by the reactionary Nanking regime.

The magistrate, in suspending sentence, admitted that he had intended to fine each of the defendants $10, but that he had changed his mind in the course of the trial.

Andrews Expedition Brings Story of Race of 20,000 Years Ago

PEKING, China, Aug. 17.—The dramatic story of a thickly populated fertile land of 20,000 years ago that is now a desert and of fossil remains of an enormous beast which ate itself out of existence, were brought back here by Roy Chapman Andrews and his expedition into the Great Gobi Desert of Inner Mongolia.

Woman's Confession Clears Killed Negro

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 19 (UP).—The Georgia State Supreme Court affirmed a sentence of death in the electric chair today for Mrs. Eula Elrod Thompson, convicted of the murder of Coleman Osborne, Chatsworth, Ga., storekeeper, last year.

Mrs. Thompson's husband, Clifford, and a Negro, Jim Moss, were electrocuted at the state prison August 3 for the murder, but Mrs. Thompson gained a longer lease on life by appealing to the Supreme Court.

An eleventh hour confession by Mrs. Thompson claimed that her husband and the Negro were innocent of the murder.

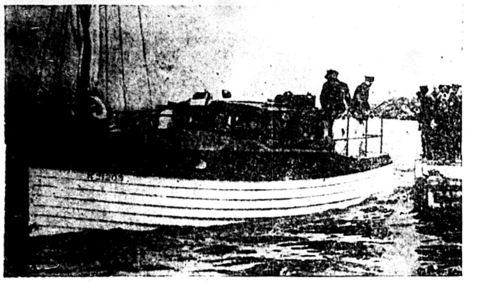
Workers Orchestra to Open Its Fourth Season

The Workers Symphony Orchestra, sponsored under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party, will begin its fourth season on September 2, under the directing hand of Alfred Kugel, Columbia University instructor.

A recent call issued by the organization urges all musicians to join the Orchestra for the purpose of building up a strong workers cultural medium in New York City.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

Defy Atlantic Perils in Motor Boat—As Advertisement



John Brothers and Charles Banfield have set sail for Spain in a motor boat. They are endangering their lives in order to boost the sales of the manufacturers of their power boat.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paer.

• • •

Chicago Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial.

The Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial Conference, Chicago, will hold a memorial meeting in honor of Sacco and Vanzetti, on Wednesday, August 22, at 8 p. m., at Temple Hall, Van Buren and Marshfield. Ralph Chaplin, orator and poet; Mordecai Shulman, attorney Guido Serio of the Anti-Fascist Alliance, and others, will address the meeting. A beautiful musical program will be had.

• • •

Washington Economics Class.

The weekly class in Elementary Marxian Economics of the Workers' every Saturday at 3 o'clock at 817 13th St., N. W., "A B C of Communism" and other text books are in use. Non-communists are invited.

• • •

Washington Leninist Class.

The weekly class in Leninism of the Workers' School of Washington, D. C., meets at 8 o'clock every Tuesday at 817 13th St., N. W.

• • •

Daily Worker-Freiheit Carnival.

Philadelphia workers will hold a monster carnival for the Red Press, on August 26, at Maple Grove Park. Fine program, best speakers. Directions: Take No. 50 surface care and get off at Olney Ave.

• • •

Rockford League School Commencement.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Rockford, Ill., will hold the five weeks' training school here, with a commencement picnic to be held at Camp Hilcrest, Rockford, on Sunday, August 26. Fine program of speakers, sports, etc. Come one, come all workers.

Kenosha Miners' Relief Conference.

The Workers (Communist) Party of America, Kenosha unit is calling a conference for miners' relief for August 26, at 8 p. m., at the Russian Hall, 1207 55th St.

All sympathetic organizations are urged to send three delegates to this conference.

• • •

Chicago Workers' Press Picnic.

Build the workers' press by coming to the annual press picnic given by the joint press committees of the Workers (Communist) Party, to be held Sunday, August 26, at Chernauskas Grove, 79th and Archer Ave., Justice Park, Ill. Excellent program, barbecue, dancing. Directions: Take Archer-Cicero car to end of line. Then take suburban car to 79th St., Justice Park.

• • •

San Francisco Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

A meeting in memory of Sacco-Vanzetti will be held at Musicians' Hall, 230 Jines St., Wednesday, August 22. The Russian-Ukrainian Chorus will sing. Anita Whitney to preside. E. Levin, W. Schneiderman and E. Owens to speak. Admission is 25 cents. Held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

• • •

Pittsburgh Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial

There will be a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting in East Liberty, in the Cameraphone Theatre, Sunday, August 25, at 2 o'clock, daylight time. Good speakers from New York will address the gathering.

• • •

Scranton Party Picnic.

The Workers (Communist) Party of Scranton, Pa., has arranged a picnic, to be held August 26 at Runo Farm, Hollow Ave. The committee is preparing a good program. There will be Party speakers.

• • •

Philadelphia Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

The International Labor Defense of Philadelphia will hold a memorial meeting for Sacco and Vanzetti on Friday, August 24, at the Labor Institute, 810 Locust Street. Max Schachtman and several prominent Italian labor leaders will address the meeting. The Young Pioneers have arranged a program.

• • •

Chester Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

A Sacco and Vanzetti memorial meeting will be held in Chester, Pa., on August 22 at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 120 W. 3rd St. Everybody welcome.

• • •

Newark Labor Picnic.

The United Workers Progressive Center of Newark will hold a picnic on Sunday, August 26, at Linwood Grove, on Lincoln Highway, between Stelton and Metuchen. Fine program has been arranged. Comrades in the vicinity are asked to co-operate to help make the picnic a success. Tickets 35 cents.

• • •

N. J. League Open-Air Meets.

Newark—Every Thursday evening in Union Park, Springfield Ave. and 16th Ave.

Paterson—Every Friday evening, corner Main and Bank Sts.

Chicago Workers' Press Picnic.

Come to the annual press picnic given by the joint committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, Sunday, August 26, 1928, at Chernauskas Grove, 79th St. and Archer Ave., Justice Park, Ill. Excellent program; barbecue, dancing. Speakers in all languages. Directions: Take Archer Ave. car to end of line, there buses will take you to grove. All tickets sold in advance entitles holder to chance for $200 electric radio without any additional charge at the picnic ground.

Philadelphia Party Meets.

Monday, August 20—Marshall and Girard. Moser, Lazarovitz, League.

Tuesday, August 21—Broad and Castle. Sokolov, Walteri.

Concord Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

There will be a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting held in Oak Hall, West Concord, New Haven, Saturday, August 25, at 8 p. m. Best speakers will address the meeting and a fine musical program has been arranged. Held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

Kenosha Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

On Tuesday, August 21, at 8 p. m., a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting will be held at the Italian American Home. Speakers in English and Italian. Admission free. Under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

• • •

Omaha Daily Worker Agency.

The DAILY WORKER agency here is located at room 212 Crounse Block, 117½ N. 16th St. Advertisements received and papers sold. Call at agency.

• • •

Cleveland Party Campaign.

On Saturday, August 25, at 3 p. m., and Sunday, 9 a. m., all members of the Workers Party, members of the League, the Pioneers, and all other members of organizations in sympathy with the Workers (Communist) Party will meet at these respective sections to go out tagging for the benefit of the Communist Party campaign fund.

The stations are: West Side, 1305 Lorain Ave.; Kinsman, 2335 E. 118th St.; St. Clair, 5607 St. Clair Ave.; Collinwood, Melcherd's Home, 15618 School Ave.

In each of these stations there will be a committee to advise you where to go and provide you with the necessary tagging material. No one is exempted from this work. Our slogans are 100 per cent mobilization. A thousand dollars for the Workers (Communist) Party campaign fund.

• • •

Omaha Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

A Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration will take place Wednesday, August 22, 8 p. m., at Jefferson Park, 16th and Case Sts. Auspices International Labor Defense, Local Omaha. Speakers D. E. Earley, of Pittsburgh, Pa., and Hugo Oehler, of Kansas City.

• • •

Omaha Open-Air Meets.

Open air meetings each Monday and Thursday evenings in Omaha at Jefferson Park and Thursday in Council Bluffs, Iowa, at the Post Office.

• • •

Omaha Workers School.

Study class and discussion circle of Workers School meets on alternate Friday evenings at Room 212 Crounse Block, Omaha. Buckharin's "A B C of Communism" will be studied. The next class will be Friday, August 24. All workers invited.

• • •

Cincinnati Sacco Meet.

A Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting will be held here at the Labor Temple, 1318 Walnut St., Wednesday, August 22, 8 p. m. Speakers James Anderson, Hobart Scott, L. A. Weeks, and others. Chairman H. M. Foster. Fraternal organizations and language societies will participate.

• • •

St. Paul Sacco-Vanzetti Meet.

The St. Paul Branch of the International Labor Defense will hold a large Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting at Central Park, Summit Ave. and Minnesota St., Wednesday, August 22, at 7.30 p. m. An impressive program is being arranged. All workers are urged to come.

• • •

Yorkville League Picnic.

The Young Workers League of Yorkville, Ohio, will hold a picnic on Sunday, August 26. Other branches in this section have been invited to attend. The program will consist of speaking, dancing, games and refreshments.

• • •

Anthracite Party Campaign.

September 1 will be a red letter day in the anthracite sub-district. Benjamin Gitlow will speak at a picnic and campaign rally at Sans Souci Park.

• • •

Philadelphia Campaign Picnic.

The enlarged Foster-Gitlow campaign committee is running an election campaign picnic and rally at Schuetzen Park, 83rd and Tinicum Ave., on Labor Day, September 3. Gitlow, candidate for vice president, will speak. Directions: Take subway-surface car No. 37, or take any car south to Moyamensing Ave. and take southwestern car going west. Admission, 50 cents.

• • •

Michigan Party Campaign Picnic.

A picnic to raise funds for the election campaign will be given by the Workers (Communist) Party, Young Workers (Communist) League and The DAILY WORKER at Welcome Park on Sunday, September 2 and Monday, September 3. A good athletic program has been arranged. A prominent Party candidate will speak. Tickets for both days, 35 cents.

• • •

Grand Rapids Sacco Meets.

Two Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meetings have been arranged by the workers of Grand Rapids, Michigan. The first will take place Saturday, August 25, at 5 p. m. at North Park (take Taylor St. car) under the auspices of the Sacco-Vanzetti Branch of the International Labor Defense. The second will be at the Joint Picnic of the Workers' Co-operative Association and the City General Committee of the I. L. D. at the W. C. A. Camp Grounds on M-44, seven miles past Bostwick, Lake, on Sunday, August 26. Prominent speakers will address both meetings.

CHAMORRO NOW RUNS FOR SENATE

Nicaragua Conservative Being Guarded

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Aug. 19.—General Emiliano Chamorro, conservative leader, who was declared ineligible for the candidacy for president for which the liberal candidate Moncado was declared eligible by the United States election committee, is running for the position of senator. He is carrying on his campaign surrounded by a guard of marines and national militiamen.

His campaign is being carried on in the state of Matagalpa, where he is calling for the support of the conservative party in the coming elections, which are declared farcical by many.

• • •

MANAGUA, Aug. 19.—An encounter was reported here today between General Sandino's forces and the United States marines on the Occo River, in which the marines used bombing planes.

USSR Archeologists Discover Remnants of Ancient Greek Colony

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 19.—An archeological expedition headed by Professor Horko has unearthed remnants of a Greek colony in the Crimea, that promise to be of unusual importance. Traces of huge Greek theatre were found on the Taman Peninsula in the heart of what was once the Greek colony of Phanagoms.

Further excavations are expected to reveal rich historic material relating to the extension of ancient Greek culture in the Crimea. Many scientists here hail the discovery as a great find, and plans are being made for extending the excavations.

French Industrial In Germany Bared

BERLIN, Aug. 19 (UP). — A French plot to obtain secrets of the German dye trust was charged today by the Koeinische Zeitung, leading industrial paper of the Rhineland.

The paper said a far-reaching industrial espionage was discovered and frustrated at the eleventh hour.

The plot centered in Paris and was engineered by French secret police in the occupied Rhineland, the paper charged. German employes were bribed and already had delivered several secret formulae to French industrialists, the newspaper added.

Political Open

KELLOGG 'PEACE' PACT REVEALED AS HUGE FRAUD

Lloyd George Lets Out Some Facts

LONDON, Aug. 17. That the Kellogg peace pact, so-called, is really a futile and deceptive gesture was vividly illustrated here when David Lloyd George, "war premier" of England, for reasons of his own, let slip a small part of the truth about the Kellogg instrument.

In discussing the recent air force maneuvers over London, Lloyd George declared: "It is horrible to think what war in the air will mean in the future. It will be devastation and annihilation—nothing else. It all shows that pacts are not of the slightest use unless you tackle disarmament.

"In my last speech in the house of commons, I pointed out that the Kellogg pact and the Locarno treaty would be of no use unless we ruthlessly cut down armaments. As long as countries are building airplanes for bombing men, women and children and defenseless cities and smashing their inhabitants, it is idle to talk about improved housing for people.

"It is useless to have pacts as long as nations are perfecting machinery for devastation. It is bound to end sooner or later in a smash. It cannot be avoided. Of all the armaments to be cut down, it is the armament of the air which is the most urgent."

The former premier, however, supports the illusion that capitalist countries will disarm, and even supports the strengthening of the military in the guise of not "neglecting our civil flying."

Workers Progressive Center to Open Soon

The International Progressive Center, sponsored by workers of all nationalities in New York City, will be open to all workers within the next two weeks, an announcement of the management committee stated yesterday. The Center, which will be located at 101 W. 28th St., will be an institution for working class education, and recreation.

Dramatic, musical, and cultural activities will be featured daily side by side with the labor and political activities.

TEACHERS WIN RAISE

ATLANTA, Aug. 19.—A pay raise has ben won by the teachers of Fulton county schools through their activity in the local Federation of Trades.

SIGMANITES FEAR NEW UNION DRIVE AMONG WORKERS

Schlesinger Puts Paid Ads in Boss Paper

Desperation at seeing the tremendous mass development of the movement for a new cloak and dressmakers union is the only explanation seen by the leaders of the National Organization Committee when asked for an opinion about the paid advertisements being daily inserted in the reactionary Jewish press by Benjamin Schlesinger New York chief of the right wing forces. The advertisements contain vitriolic attacks on the new workers' organization, which is termed by him, "Communist scab union."

The terrible fear that is paralyzing the socialist union workers is caused by growing signs that the employers are beginning to show openly that they are afraid of the new organization. This is shown by the increasing numbers of manufacturers who are daily coming down to the new union office to sign agreements so that their factories can resume operations. The right wing is therefore spending thousands to destroy the demoralization such news creates in their ranks and in the ranks of their partners in union-smashing, the employers.

Many cloak factories are completely tied up by the strikes called by the N. O. C. volunteer organization committee. Many of these are frankly open-shop and others have agreements with the Sigman company union, where conditions are as bad as the non-union plants.

The Joint Board office yesterday issued a call to all their active members asking them to come to the union headquarters and to the market early Monday morning for picket demonstrations before the struck shops.

Preliminary reports from the shops shows that the workers in the trade are busy with the elections of shop delegates to the Tuesday conference of shop chairmen and shop delegates. The conference will be held in Webster Hall, 11th St. and Third Ave., immediately after work.

A DAILY WORKER correspondent is the real spokesman and leader of the workers in his struggles.

Tammany Machine to Continue Pre-election Dry Cleanup Tomorrow

Continuing its pre-election campaign of "wiping out vice in New York City," the Tammany machine yesterday announced that another Federal Grand Jury will lay on wet New York a dry siege that is expected to last for at least two weeks.

It was decided that the "dry squads," which heretofore have been operating in the theatre section around the forties and in downtown sections of the city, will now concentrate on the wealthy districts of Park Ave., West End Ave., etc.

How many summonses remain to be served in the wealthy district, United States Marshall William C. Hecht would not say.

Workers Open Forum In New Bedford Opens With Campaign Speech

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 19.—The first session of the open forum conducted jointly by the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers League was held here today at Party headquarters, 330 Auschent Ave., with a lecture on the 1928 Election Campaign by S. Pollack. Carminda Almeida of the Young Workers League was chairman.

The speaker showed that the republican, democratic and socialist parties are lined up against the workers in the New Bedford textile strike. Mayor Ashley being a democrat, Gov. Fuller a republican and the United Textile Workers being supported by the "socialist" party.

Several workers applied for membership in the Workers Party. In addition, free subscriptions to the Daily Worker were given to strikers and more than 25 copies of the Election Platform was distributed free to strikers.

The forum will continue every Wednesday at 8 p. m., all the workers of New Bedford being invited to attend.

TRANSFERS PASSENGERS

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19 (UP).—All passengers of the Panama mail liner Ecuador, aground off Cape San Lazaro, Lower California, were safely transferred late today to the Mexican States liner Sinaloa, according to a radiogram received here from Captain T. K. Oaks of the Ecuador. There were 105 passengers on the vessel and they will be taken to Mazatlan, Mexico.

HOOVER CHANGES HIS MIND NOW ON DAM PROJECT

Turns Somersault on Boulder Dam

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 17.—Herbert Hoover, close ally of Andrew W. Mellon, secretary of the treasury, whose known to be one of the moving spirits in the power trust, today turned a political summersault on the Boulder Dam development project which is the pet issue of Senator Hiram Johnson.

Hoover speaking on the steps of the new city hall here after a two mile parade announced that he would support the project, government control and all.

Hoover has bitterly opposed all mention of the so-called government ownership. But what is an endorsement in the light of political necessity, it was pointed out here! Hiram Johnson has demanded Hoover's endorsement of his fight against the power trust.

The California vote is important, so Hoover stretched the point. Both he and Johnson—and Mellon and the Morgan controlled General Electric Company officials understand each other.

PERSHING LEADS FASCISTS.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 19.—It was announced here today that General John J. Pershing, war commander of the United States forces, will visit Mexico City together with a party of Legionaires following their convention in San Antonio.

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Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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83rd and Tinicum Ave.
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Build THE WORKERS PRESS
Come to the Annual Press Picnic Given by Joint Press Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party
SUNDAY, AUGUST 26, 1928
CHERNAUSKAS GROVE
79th and Archer Ave., Justice Park, Ill.
EXCELLENT PROGRAM—BARBECUE—DANCING
HEAR Representatives of All Party Press in All Languages
Directions: Take Archer-Cicero Ave. car to end of line. Then take suburban car to 79th Street, Justice Park, Ill.
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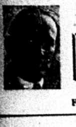
VOTE COMMUNIST!



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WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

"Happily," Mr. Coolidge Prepares for War.

> **"Our own loss of life, happily, was comparatively small, but the cost in direct outlay to the national treasury ran between $30,000,000,000 and $40,000,000,000."**

This is Calvin Coolidge—the very essence of the little president of the big imperialism. Coolidge spoke to the American Legion, and the character of his audience seems to have inspired him to put more crudely, and therefore more transparently, the real meaning of the Kellogg pact to be signed at Paris on the 27th of this month.

But not that he did so intentionally!

Coolidge spoke about the World War in the boastful spirit of the little merchant suddenly become a Croesus. The tens of thousands of lives of American conscripts that were sacrificed he can "happily" dismiss, but the terribly large sum of money that it cost—ah!—this is what hurts his soul! Still, he says, the war "afforded us a place in the world which we did not have before."

Referring to what he calls a "new disposition" toward "the rule of law," he says:

> **"This has brought about among the nations of the world a new sympathy for each other and a new forebearance toward each other which did not before exist. It has eliminated a great deal of selfishness and produced a desire for mutual helpfulness, even at the cost of considerable sacrifice."**

Behind these oily phrases is all of the smug feeling of a national bourgeoisie which before the war was in the class of debtor nations, but which, after the war has made it the creditor of the world, feels that "a great deal of selfishness" has been eliminated.

And what is this about, but the Dawes plan?:

> **"In their foreign relations all over the world a very distinct manifestation can be seen in the attitude of the great power of wholesome restraint and an effort to conclude by patient negotiation what but a short time ago would have been determined with an iron hand."**

What is he talking about there but the "peaceful" enslavement of other nations to the finance-capital of the United States? What does he mean by "patient negotiation" if this does not include such settlements as the Dawes Plan for enslavement of Central Europe?

Coolidge sees a general submission of the nations of the world to American capital, and a sort of imperial Roman citizenship for the American capitalist abroad:

> **"A citizen of the United States holds a new position, higher than that which was ever held in any time past. The opportunities which are enjoyed by our countrymen are far superior to those which ever came to any other people."**

He sees a transformation in the internal political and economic conditions of the United States which is a fulfillment of the dreams of imperialism. Class divisions appear in the vocabulary of Coolidge as the division between the man who "might be called upon by the government in time of need for his life," and such as might be called upon for "his **property**."

And about this Coolidge philosophizes. He tries to assure those who give only their lives to imperialism, that they really are not so badly off, because "the most precious rewards of life do not lie on the side of material gain." He hastens to prove that the poor rich fellows who stayed at home and made their millions as war profiteers are just as worthy people, for, although "those who went into the armed service offered their lives," nevertheless:

> **". . . . those who contributed to the war-time charities, to the purchase of liberty bonds and to the payment of the taxes contributed their property." (!)**

And what a case is made for the billionaire profiteers! Did not their larger payments of income tax made them quite as noble as the poor devil who though dying on the battle field, nevertheless paid no taxes? Read this:

> **"Those who possessed very large incomes paid into the National Treasury about 80 per cent of it, which, with their state and local taxes, came very close to a taking over by the government of their entire property for use during the war. It was, in fact, a practical conscription for an indefinite time of the property of those of very large incomes. While some of our people were in the service, others were producing food, turning out munitions, looking after the affairs of government, and carrying on the necessary activities of commerce and transportation."**

His idealization of the "private enterprise" of capitalism, becomes almost frenzied in his demands for the speeding up of trustified industry, the extermination of all protective measures for the workers and of the workers who resist the speed-up, which he refers to under the terms "slackness and the slacker." The foundation of "prosperity," he says:

> **"All rests on the extermination of waste and the waster, and on the elimination of slackness and the slacker. It means the co-ordination of national effort through an adequately trained citizenship, which will result in a scientific production and distribution of commodities. . . ."**

Coolidge is expounding to the best of his capacity, the imperialist program of today for the United States.

Coolidge's speech was, of course, a veiled interpretation, but a true one, of the Kellogg pact as a war manoeuvre of the United States imperialism. For:

> **". . . it detracts nothing from the right and obligation of ourselves or the other high contracting parties to maintain an adequate national defense against any attack. . . ."**

And the snivelling little Wall Street clerk made his speech between orders to U. S. marines for conducting the war in Nicaragua, and other marines for warlike acts against the Chinese people.

Coolidge demonstrated what needed no more proving, that the United States is embarking now for the biggest and bloodiest war in history, as well as the harshest enslavement of the working class at home.

Finally, the Kellogg pact must be understood fundamentally as a war plan against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, the only great power which is not permitted to enter into discussion of its terms.

The working class must prepare to fight against imperialist war and to defend the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, the Socialist Fatherland of the workers of all countries.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

A non-Party worker writes: "Send me a package of one hundred Communist Campaign leaflets. It is understood that there is no obligation on my part except to distribute these leaflets. Enclosed is $1.00 that may be applied to the Free Campaign Leaflet Fund. Heretofore have not been able to take an active part in the Party not being a member, but I can at least distribute these leaflets." This is the way thousands of non-Party workers will be brought closer to the Communist movement and to the Party during the election campaign. There is no better time to increase the Party membership on a national scale than during an election campaign.

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Comrade B. H. Lauderdale of Texas, who is now working in Oklahoma to get the Party on the ballot, reports that sufficient acceptances have been secured to complete the state ticket. The demand for Daily Workers and National Platforms is so heavy that Comrade Lauderdale is having trouble in supplying it. By the way Lauderdale is that comrade who pays his own way from his collections and literature sales and sends money to the National Office. Let his name and fame be broadcast thruout the Party.

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Detroit sends in an order for 25,000 campaign leaflets. The comrades are arranging picnics in Detroit, Grand Rapids, and Muskegon. The Party ticket is on the ballot in the state of Michigan, and the slaves of Ford and General Motors will hear something about what's the matter with them during the election campaign.

• • •

Comrade Jakira writes from Pittsburgh: "Rush 150 copies of Party Platforms as soon as this reaches you. We haven't a copy left, and the 150 copies I ordered a few days ago will not last long. Enclosed find check for $10.00." Comrade Jakira also ordered 50 more Vote Communist stamp books. The practice of paying for literature and stamps as soon as sales are made is commended to all Party organizers.

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A Workers (Communist) Party State Convention will be held in the Swedish Auditorium, Omaha, Nebraska, on August 19th, at 8 p. m. The work of securing signatures is now completed, and only the final steps to get the Party on the ballot remain to be taken.

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Wilmington, Delaware, comrades are preparing to give Foster, Gitlow and Scott Nearing a rousing welcome and insure the success of their meetings.

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An inmate of the National Home for Disabled Soldiers, Leavenworth county, Kansas, writes for the Platform of the Class Struggle and leaflets to distribute.

H. E. Adams of Dresden, Ohio, writes for photos of Foster and Gitlow to hang in the front window of his home.

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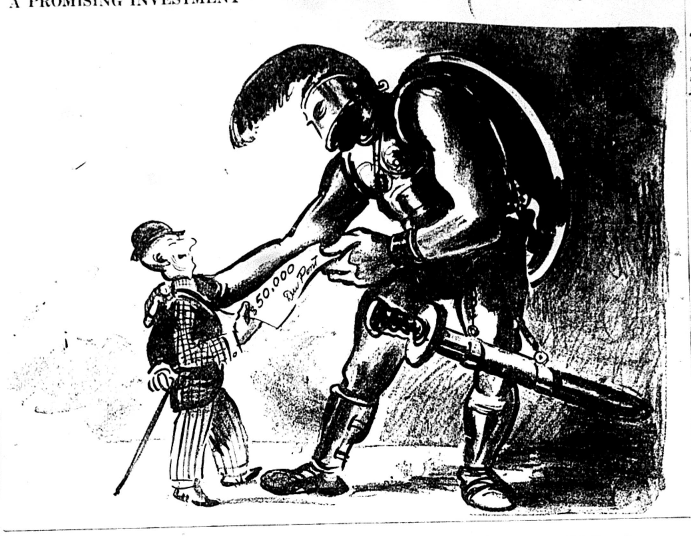
Hustle for campaign contributions. The $10,000 Communist Campaign Fund drive is on. Every Communist must contribute a share. **Forward all contributions to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th St., New York, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.**

A PROMISING INVESTMENT

By Fred Ellis



The White Terror in China

Alarmed Reaction Murders Thousands of Workers; Barbarous Repression

Ever since last year, marked by the treachery of the Kuomintang, undreamed of ruthless white terror has been raging in China, and the Chinese trade union movement has been driven underground. The following facts give a slight idea of the attitude of the Kuomintang towards the working class:

(1) Arrests and executions of active trade unionists and Communists. (2) Closing down of trade union premises and the prohibition of trade union meetings. (3) Wherever the counter-revolutionaries do not succeed in breaking up the labor movement, the revolutionary unions are corrupted: the old name of the given organization is retained, but hirelings are put into the leading positions (as for instance, in Hupeh and Kwangtung). In other cases the name of the union is also changed and the unions themselves are changed into heterogeneous organizations, united by inter-union committees, or into unions differentiated according to craft (the united union of Shanghai, the united unions in other provinces, etc.). Thus is the centralization of the forces of the working class being destroyed.

Thousands Murdered.

The barbarous repressions have taken from the ranks of the Chinese working class 26,450 persons—shot, guillotined, tortured (eyes put out, scalded with boiling water, every possible sort of brutality, the most barbarous tortures were made use of). But the Chinese working class has not been broken by this ruthless terror. On April 23rd, 1927, the general strike broke out in Canton; on June 13th, a demonstration in memory of the Hongkong strike; June 23rd, a demonstration commemorating the beating-up in Ahamen; in November, the bloody fight for the premises of the Committee of Representatives of the Workers' Unions of Kwangtung and the obdurate fight for the re-establishment of the Seamen's Union, the siege of Wan Ku-wey's house, and finally, the great uprising in Canton, which shook the whole East. In Wuhan on August 2nd, 1927, the general strike; somewhat later, the strike of the workers at the ammunition factory (which lasted more than 10 days); in November, the strike at the cotton mill of Tehen Huna, the workers killed 7 members of the reorganized bureau (Kuomintangites).

The railwaymen of the Peking-Hankow and Canton-Hankow lines demanded that back wages be paid them. In Wuchan and Hankow the workers broke into the prisons, freed the political prisoners and trade union leaders. In Shanghai—the movement against the united front of the Chinese militarists; in August, in Lao-Chao-Tan, the strike at 6 cotton mills; in November, in Yang Shang-pu—the strike at 5 cotton mills; in December—the strike of the tramway employees on the territory of the International concession; later a series of strikes in various places, which it is impossible to give in full here. All these actions were made under the following demands: (1) re-establishment of the revolutionary trade unions; (2) re-introduction of the labor agreements that were in force during the period of the Communist trade unions; (3) payment of back wages (there are workers who have not received their wages for 4 and even 10 months); (4) that wages be paid in undepreciated currency (the paper money has lost all value, it often being impossible to buy food with it); against the arbitrary dismissal of workers (the owners often do this, desiring to replace adult workers by women and children); (5) against the arbitration organs (since the Kuomintang went over to the camp of the counter-revolution special bureaus have been formed, supposed to have been founded for the settlement of conflicts between the workers and employers, but in reality being kept by the employers).

After the Canton uprising the labor movement continued to develop, but the counter-revolutionary elements, alarmed by the great revolutionary explosion in Canton, formed a united front against the working class. Instances: the Chinese cotton mills unite with the Japanese and English plants; the foreign shipping companies on the Yangtze unite with the Chinese companies. We see before us the united front of foreign and Chinese capitalists. One association of merchants of 9 provinces passed a decision to annul the labor agreements of the Communist epoch. The conflict between the supporters of Chiang Kai-shek and Pei Tsiang-si was very stubborn; but these two cliques suddenly made their peace. This is the united front of the Chinese neo-militarists. The foreign municipality in Shanghai, in its turn stretched out its hand to the Kuomintang and awarded the executors of the "Communist bandits." This is the united front between the foreign imperialists and the Chinese militarists. Of course, differences between them are bound to crop up sometimes, but when matters treat of the suppression of the working class and the Communists, all the counter-revolutionaries are at one.

The suppression of the Canton uprising was a heavy blow to the working class, but it did not lose hope and is continuing its struggle. We had but recently in Shanghai the strike of the workers at the silk mills in Ponton, the strike at the match factories, etc. All this is extremely eloquent.

The Chinese working class is still being attacked by the white terror. The forms of the workers' organizations and their tactics have entered upon a new phase. The revolutionary unions exist illegally in Shanghai, where they still unite 50,000 members. In Canton the red trade unions have 3 to 4 thousand members, and there are two or three thousand members in Hankow and other parts of China. The organizations, as was only to be expected, have decreased in size, but their active workers penetrate into the yellow unions for the recruiting of workers.

In order to guarantee the conquest of the masses in China, the system of shop committees is now being practiced. This movement will undoubtedly have great results.

The Chinese working class has fighting experience, which has been gained during several years; it has a firm basis, which can never be destroyed by the white terror, despite the whole series of defeats of the working class, and this is chiefly because the working class is being helped by the Chinese Communist Party. The wide peasant masses have united with the labor movement, having rallied together with it around the Chinese Communist Party. All over China the peasant movement is growing stronger day by day, especially in Kwangtung, Kiangsu, Chekiang. Everywhere the peasants are seizing the lands, driving the landlords away, and forming their village councils. This is of collossal help to the city proletariat, and in the end the working class will win out.

The Chinese working class is waging a stubborn and difficult struggle. It relies upon the help of the international proletariat, for the struggle of the Chinese workers is at the same time the struggle of all workers. The Chinese working class appeal to the international working class with the following slogans:

"Down with the blue and white flag (of the Kuomintang), the flag of white terror! We will hoist the flag of the hammer and the sickle! (In other words: "Down with the Kuomintang! We will set up the Soviets!").

Fellow workers! Help the Chinese proletariat to victory in our great common cause!

Johnny Madeiros Is Dead

By A. B. MAGIL

Johnny Madeiros, six-year-old son of a Fall River textile striker, was chased by a mounted policeman into a stream where he was drowned.

Out of the water they took him, smoothed the tangled hair,
  Carried him home to his mother; laid him on the bed.
Dark hot words and wailing hung in the frightened air:
  Johnny Madeiros is dead!

Dead now. Quiet.
        "They have taken our terrible toil," said one.
  They have taken the years of our youth and the filthy crusts
    of our bread;
They have taken the clothes from our backs and out of our
    sky the sun—
  They have given us our dead.

"But the dead shall make us stronger, our picketlines shall be
  Like a great sweeping tide with a little boy at the head.
Masters, O bloody masters, rejoice in your victory:
  Johnny Madeiros is dead!"

MEMORIAL EDITION OF SACCO, VANZETTI LIFE

International Publishers, 381 4th Ave., New York, have just issued a special Memorial Anniversary Edition of "The Life and Death of Sacco and Vanzetti," by Eugene Lyons. This book, first published soon after the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti, attracted wide attention because of the unique and dramatic manner in which it described the background and the life of Sacco and Vanzetti in Italy before their emigration to the United States, their struggles as poor immigrant workers in this country, their affiliation with the labor movement and the price which they paid for the loyalty to the cause in which they believed. The New England background, the labor struggles there which involved Sacco and Vanzetti, the complete story of their persecution, conviction and execution is graphically described by Lyons, who was associated with the case from its very beginning.

International Publishers have issued this special edition at $1.00, instead of its regular price of $1.50, in order to allow a wider distribution of the book at the memorial meetings on August 22, 1928, which will be held throughout the country. Orders for this book should be sent immediately to the International Publishers, so that they may be filled and books may reach the different cities in time for the meetings. The $1.00 edition will be distributed only during the month of August.

Germany Gains Fourth Place in the World's Shipping During Week

BERLIN, Aug. 16 (UP).—Germany moved to fourth place in world shipping this week with the launching by the North German Lloyd line of its two great sister ships, Europa and Bremen.

Germany is only slightly behind Japan, which is trailing the two great maritime nations, the United States and Great Britain. Last year Germany was in sixth place, behind Italy and France.

Germanys increase in tonnage in the last 12 months was 12.3 per cent, compared with an increase in world tonnage of only 2.7 per cent.

Arrest 14 Counter-Revolutionaries In Mexico; One Is Priest

Mexico City, Aug. 17.—(UP)—Fourteen persons, including a women and a priest, are under arrest in Torreon, charged with seditious acts and rebellion, a statement from Torreon police published in newspapers here today said.

The arrests were made Aug. 7 but the statement said secrecy was maintained to get evidence against prisoners.

Other arrests were reported imminent in Mexico City, Guadelajara, San Luis Potosi, Leon and other places.

Told You So

THIS is going to be a sad column today unless I happen to run across a juicy murder case or a sizable bank forgery. Or a story of a reformed convict failing to do the right thing by a commander of the Salvation Army. But since we cannot always get what we want, here goes a Chicago dispatch, headline and all.

**"NO JOBS IN CHICAGO,
"EX-SOLDIERS WARNED**

"Chicago, July 29.—Ex-service men were warned by the American Legion today to stay away from Chicago, if they were looking for jobs. Thousands of World-War veterans already are walking the streets here looking for employment, the legion officials said," and we say, "'nuff said." No, we don't. This is too good a tale to let pass without adorning with a moral. Workers! the next time you go to war to make the world safe for democracy, pick a fat capitalist to march in front of you and armor-plate his back so that the bullet that enters his front cannot pass. When the war is over, return and grab his job. If there are any holes in this advice please stop me.

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WINFIELD STUART and his two kids hoofed it into Denver, Colorado on three pair of battered dogs. The father is suffering from a broken back and paralyzed feet, afflictions which are not listed among the necessary qualifications for entry in a cross country marathon. Stuart broke said back in a West Virginia mine five years ago. His feet were paralyzed at the same time.

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STUART got a broken back and paralyzed feet as a reward for his years of service to the coal company. The owner of the coal company may have gotten the gout or something worse as a result of the luxury he could afford from the proceeds of the unpaid labor of Stuart or others. Now, a liberal would feel equally bad about the broken back of the worker and the gouty foot of the capitalist. He would try to convince the capitalist that he should buy lolly pops for the worker's children, in order to show that he and his slaves were the same under the skin. But a Communist would not care if a ton of anthracite fell on the capitalist's gouty foot.

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THE reader who sent me the batch of clippings from which the foregoing paragraphs were manufactured must be a cheerful fellow. Here is the title to the last "Castoff Human Beings Harvest On City Dump." This particular dump is in Lansing, Michigan, and the reporter tells of old men and women, young girls and children plundering the garbage for odds and ends of discarded clothing that enables them to cover their nakedness to the satisfaction of a Methodist minister.

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NOW, read what Hoover said in his weary Palo Alto acceptance speech while discussing the protective tariff. "Other countries gain nothing if the high standards of America are sunk and if we are prevented from building a civilization which sets the level of hope for the rest of the world." Perhaps if this high tariff on certain imports was lowered the city dumps would not be "dump rats" who now manage to conceal their bodies from lecherous eye, with the aid of the discarded apparel of their more fortunate brothers and sisters, would have to find themselves caves where the carnal gaze of man could not follow them.

AND what would the "dump rats" of Lansing, Michigan, think—granting that they have such a habit—should they read the following gem from the speech of H. Hoover a Palo Alto: "Our workers with their average weekly wages, can today buy two or often-times three times more bread and butter than any wage earner in Europe." H. L. Mencken called Hoover a "fat Coolidge." Let it stand. Hoover can swallow more capitalist dirt than his namesake the vacuum cleaner.

Tom O'Flaherty

Fascists in Rage at Lenin Memorial Slab

GENEVA, Aug. 16.—A marble slab in memory of Lenin, placed over the building in Zurich, where he lived for one year before the Russian revolution, and from which he left for Russia with a group of his comrades, has aroused the wrath of the fascists of Zurich.

Workers placed the slab in memory of their great leader, as a token of their solidarity with the workers in the Soviet Union and as a sign of their faith in the principles of the revolution. The block of flats, of which Lenin's flat is one, is inhabited mostly by revolutionary workers.

The fascists, enraged at this token of class solidarity, have written letters to the proprietor threatening to demolish the building with bombs if the memorial slab is not removed. The proprietor has complained to the authorities and asked the inhabitants of the building to remove the slab, which has at yet not been done.

Chicago Communist Youth Expose Tranmael, Norwegian Labor Renegade, at Meet

SCANDINAVIAN YOUNG WORKERS SHOW MILITANCY

They Make It Hot for "Yellow" at Meet

CHICAGO, Aug. 18 (By Mail).—Tranmael, the leader of the "Norwegian Workingmen's Party" and world-famous renegade from the Communist International, spoke in Chicago at the Scandinavian Karl Marx Club last Tuesday, Aug. 15.

In his speech he outlined the conditions in Norway during the past 20 years, the role of the "Norwegian Workingmen's Party," how this party began with a healthy opposition to the reactionary social democrats, how it led the masses to the left and finally becoming part of the Communist International.

Tranmael easily became the party leader, and having come from the working class and remaining a worker he became the idol of the Norwegian proletariat. As such Tranmael had a doubly important place to fill in the Norwegian labor movement, and yet he failed to fulfill his duty as a leader of the working masses. He could have utilized the growing class consciousness, the intense interest and sympathy of the Norwegian masses towards the Soviet Union, but he failed them, left the Communist International and showed himself to be an enemy of the working class.

Organized "Opposition."

Tranmael together with Zeth Hoglund of Sweden started the opposition against the democratic centralization in the Communist International, and through his demagogic policies he led away under false pretenses about 50,000 workers.

Under the benevolence of the Norwegian bankers the Tranmael party was allowed to form a cabinet and held political "control" of Norway for a short period. (Previously he had shown his repentance from Communistic sins by joining with the social democratic party of Norway, thereby also gaining political "respectability".) Now as a "respectable" political leader in Norway he was invited together with other Norwegian bourgeois journalists by the Canadian Pacific Railroad and the Canadian Press Association to visit Canada for the purpose of furthering Scandinavian immigration into Canada. This opportunity he also used for coming to the United States, speaking in Chicago and Brooklyn and there propagating the Tranmaelite gospel.

A Thorough Yellow.

Tranmael lived for a few years in America about 1905. He then came in contact with the I. W. W. element, whose ideology is still prevalent, mixed with other petty bourgeois ideas. He demands absolute "independence" of the trade unions from the party and goes against the Leninist theory of the state, demands pacifist tactics instead of real anti-militarist work and consequently his following among the Norwegian workers are those who are still petty bourgeois in their ideology.

Tranmael's "attack" on the Norwegian bourgeoisie, his "analysis" of the role of the world imperialists, was that of a reformist. He declared the war danger not acute, while pretending to unmask the patriotism of the Norwegian capitalists. In spite of his radical phrases, when asked why the Norwegian Workingmen's Party under his leadership left the Communist International he, like a clown striving to amuse the crowd, answered: "We were kicked out, because we wouldn't take orders from Moscow."

Any bourgeois leader would get applause for this (the audience was 80 per cent petty bourgeois Norwegians who had come out of curiosity, and to them this remark went over big).

Is this the way you teach this element "to think class consciously," Tranmael?

The importance of internationalism, the British Independent Labor Party unity-brand, the welding together of the two political Internationals, were discussed by him. He was nothing but phrases. When asked, "What party in America would you as a leader recommend to the young Scandinavian immigrants?" Tranmael replied, "How should I know? I have not been in America for many years; they must decide for themselves." So they have done for past decades, and as a consequence we find them in the churches, in the semi-fascist fraternal organizations and campaigning for Hoover. Thru his utterance above Tranmael sanctions their choice.

Communists Ask Questions.

The discussion was hot and unflinching; a group of Communists present asked him such questions, ventilated with biting remarks and showed him up, showing that his entire program consists in bringing together second international leaders and fakers, flattering the backwardness of the masses instead of leading them ("Khvostism—[illegible], as Lenin called it).

The amiable, self-controlled Tranmael became beside himself with anger, and yet easily poised himself again, and throwing flippant, witty remarks, dodged the questions.

A true working class leader could have done an immense amount of necessary agitation for the international working class movement on his visit here. But Tranmael, being a Norwegian pseudo-nationalist and not a Leninist, took the comfortable way of sidetracking issues, talking in generalities, using forceful language and "revolutionary" phraseology.

Tranmael during the time that the Norwegian Workingmen's Party was a member of the Communist International was constantly causing trouble by his un-Communist, undisciplined acts, so that even Radek said that Tranmael had entered the Communist International under "false passport." But now being "free" he can give vent to his feelings, but is always on his guard, hiding behind carefully phrased sentences anything that might show him up to the masses. He says he is in sympathy with the proletarian revolution of the Soviet Union (so did Judas kiss Jesus), but the next minute he tells his audience that the Communists in Russia cannot know or understand conditions in Norway (the yellow socialist labor party and the right wing I. W. W. leaders say the same thing) and says he as leader considers it better for them to have no connecting international link.

Youth Show Up Faker.

Tranmael's coming to Chicago brought out a queer mass of Sunday-radicals, tired "revolutionists," parlor-"Bolsheviks," One Big industrial unionists and other unclear elements, who took it upon themselves to defend Tranmaelian ideology against the Communists. In contrast to this mottled gathering—especially at the banquet given for Tranmael—the young guard, even non-Party youth, one after the other attacked Tranmael, pointing an accusing hand at the renegade so that the festivities were turned into a trial, where the young Scandinavian Americans showed Tranmael they know that their place is among the advance guard of the world proletariat.

Remember Johnny Madeiros

Johnny Madeiros, six year old son of a Fall River textile striker, was driven into the harbor water by a mounted policeman on the day the mill barons unleased the terror on the mill pickets. The child could not swim and was drowned. Later Father Silvia, the catholic priest from whose church the body was to be buried, closed the doors of the building in the face of hundreds of strikers who had come to mourn with the bereaved family. Above, Pioneers at Camp in Wingdale N. Y., call a protest meeting for Johnny Madeiros.

CHINESE UNION CAMPAIGN BEGUN

5,000 Collection Lists Issued in City

With the issuance of more than five thousand collection lists last night, the drive of the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions to raise funds for the relief of thousands of Chinese workers and peasants definitely got under way. The committee expects to have 20,000 such lists in circulation throughout the United States by this Wednesday night.

The appeal for funds has already begun to bring results. At the office of the committee, Room 314, 96 Fifth Ave., yesterday letters containing dollar, two dollar and five dollar contributions toward the realization of the necessary sum began to arrive. It was predicted that immediately upon the circulation of the entire 20,000 lists that are now being prepared, the returns would increase both in frequency and size.

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At a meeting held Sunday evening in the hall of the International Seamen's Club, 28 South St., additional relief was raised for the suppressed Chinese labor unions, Y. Y. Hsu, secretary of the Alliance to support the Chinese Worker-Peasant Revolution, addressed the 100 workers gathered in the hall on "The Role of the Chinese Seamen's Union in the Trade Union Movement in China." The lecture was illustrated by vivid slides depicting the wretched lives and bloody suppression of the Chinese militant workers and peasants. Many of the seamen contributed varying sums at the conclusion of the lecture.

CAP OFFICIALS BEAT RETREAT

Ram Fake Motion Thru Meeting

Frightened at the hornet's nest they had stirred up in the ranks of the capmakers when they adopted the policy of removing from the job anyone advocating a militant struggle against the aggressions of the employers, the officials of Local 1 of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers' Union at the local meeting Saturday night, read an alleged letter from President Zaritsky advising them to withdraw this tactic, and instead railroaded over the heads of those present a motion that left wingers and militants be fined $50. This fine is to be imposed by decision of the right wing executive board, instead of thru the medium of a trial as union laws demand.

In spite of arguments presented by the three left wing speakers against this dictatorial measure, the bureaucrats in control of their well oiled machine rammed the motion down the throats of the membership by a faked vote of 126 for and 36 against. The incident was precipitated by removal from the job of S. Boerum, head of a family of small children and another workers.

H. Sazer, militant leader of progressive forces in that local, in his speech from the floor branded the motion as unconstitutional. The last convention, he declared, had inserted in the union laws a provision for hearings in such cases. Three from the board and three members partial to the accused are to hear the evidence under the chairmanship of a person chosen by all six, the resultant decision of which would be binding.

Before the discussion of the question began, it was decided to have three speakers from each side. The officialdom, however, gave the floor to three of their henchmen and afterward declared that the paid officials would speak. They even refused to permit the worker who lost his job take the floor.

Despite the decision, the two workers are not permitted to return to their work, the $50 being demanded first.

RICH BOOZERS NOT PROSECUTED

(United Press.)

Broadway was just a bit confused tonight as the result of an "about face" by federal officials conducting a grand jury investigation of liquor conditions in New York City.

United States District Attorney Charles H. Tuttle called a halt in the questioning of a hundred or more prominent society leaders and sportsmen who had been frequent visitors at night clubs before the recent wholesale raids and padlockings.

Tuttle ordered immediate changes in the proposed method of questioning the night club patrons, characterizing the plan as "unfair to the city of New York."

Broadway didn't know just what to say about the district attorney's action and there was considerable speculation regarding the probable cause for Tuttle's orders. It was not known whether Tuttle had openly defied Mrs. Mabel Walker Willebrandt, assistant attorney general, who was reported to have promoted the sweeping clean-up, or whether Mrs. Willebrandt had been convinced her policy should be changed.

Tuttle had just returned from his vacation, however, and it was believed he disapproved of the wholesale questioning of night club patrons. He had intimated that any who refused to appear probably could escape prosecution.

WORKERS CLUBS CONTRIBUTE TO RED WEEK DRIVE

Appoint Committee to Raise Funds

As part of its Red Week activities on behalf of the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party, Branch 417 of the Workmen's Circle last night endorsed the platform and candidates of the Workers Party and made donation of five dollars from its impoverished treasury. This branch has consistently supported the struggles of left wing workers in all industries and has raised and donated money for the relief of the striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio.

An appeal was made by Clevins and Kopple, two of the leading members of the Branch, for the active support of the Workers (Communist) Party's pre-election campaign as well as the casting of the membership's vote for the Party on Election Day.

A committee of three was appointed as a collection committee to gather contributions to the Communist Campaign Fund.

The motion to endorse the Communist Campaign as well as other motions, to donate and work for the campaign, was opposed by a few of the members, who are well known as the right-wing furriers.

Branch 417, Workmen's Circle, is the second workers' club to officially announce its support of the Workers Party Campaign. The first was the Downtown Jewish Workers Club, of 35 East Second Street. Before the end of Red Week many other workers' clubs thruout the city will follow suit.

Stations all over the city reported last night that the mobilization of workers for participation in the Red Collection Days of Aug. 25 and 26 were already well under way. At each of the 30 stations some workers have already reported for enrollment for duty on these two days, as well as for Campaign Collection Lists.

Every worker who has not yet obtained a collection list on which to gather contributions for the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party should do so at once. These can be used effectively in the shop, the club and the home.

MILL STRIKERS AT TUEL PICNIC

Sports and Novelties to Enliven Affair

The annual Trade Union Educational League picnic, which will be held Saturday at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, promises to be the largest and most entertaining of all that have ever been held. A varied program has been arranged, composed of many athletic and sports novelties. Several New Bedford strikers, direct from the textile battle front, will be the guests of honor. These representatives of the left wing of the textile strikers will greet the T. U. E. L. in the name of the 35,000 textile strikers engaged in a bitter life-and-death fight for a living wage and decent working conditions.

The picnic will be attended, also, by many prominent left wingers from New York and vicinity, representative of many trades and industries.

Special preparations are being made by the New York local of the T. U. E. L., under whose auspices the picnic is being run, for the serving of "shashlik," the favorite Armenian dish. The preparation of the dish is in the hands of a master Armenian chef, John Kaprell, well known to Armenians in New York.

Left wing butchers will donate left wings of fowl and hinds of beef to the left wingers present. The food will be taken charge of by Misha Chorover, of the Proletcos Restaurant, who is preparing an assortment of cakes which, if his description is accurate, has not yet appeared in the restaurant.

Sections 2 and 3 are Mobilizing the Bronx Assembly Districts

Sixty members of Section 2 reported at 9 o'clock Sunday morning at the Co-operative House, 2700 Bronx Park East, and after a hearty breakfast, went out with signature petitions and indelible pencils to the fourth and fifth assembly districts in the Bronx. At the same time thirty members of Section 3 started on the same errand from 2675 Clinton Ave., the Bronx headquarters.

About half of the petitions are still out, and the number of signatures obtained by members of these two sections cannot as yet be reckoned.

Due to the splendid response of Sections 2 and 3, it is very likely that the next assembly districts to be put on the ballot will be the fourth and fifth of the Bronx.

GREEK DICTATOR FIGHTS STRIKES AT ELECTIONS

Troops, Bandits Used to Gain Government

Athens, Greece, Aug. 20.—With the attempts of the workers to strike being ruthlessly crushed and Communists jailed as soon as they make a public appearance, the Greek elections are taking place, while Venizelos police and troops watch the ballot boxes, and patrol the cities and towns. Four republicans are reported to have been wounded in street fighting.

As the first returns show a Venizelos victory in the parliamentary elections, the bandits are reported to be kidnaping his opponents and holding them for large ransoms.

The dictatorship, financed by French dollars, includes as the chief plank in its program easier penetration of French capital, and the procuring for French investors in Jugoslavia of an outlet to the Aegean sea by way of Saloniki.

YOUTH TO HONOR SACCO, VANZETTI

Young Communists Hit Capitalist "Justice"

Continued from Page One

class, so that the rest of the workers will become intimidated.

"For the working class youth of America, the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti has some special lessons and significance.

"Sacco and Vanzetti, who came to America expecting to find this country a 'land of opportunities'; expecting this country to be a 'haven from oppression,' found an entirely different thing. They found this country to be a country of ruthless capitalist exploitation. They found that there are no opportunities for the sons and daughters of the working class. They found 3 millions of children slaving away in the factories, on the farms, in the mills, etc. They found millions of young workers toiling away in order to eke out a miserable wage of $14 a week on the average. They found brutal exploitation of women workers, of Negro workers, of adult workers.

Nonsense of Opportunities.

"Sacco and Vanzetti represented the final disillusionment on the part of the emigrant workers in the nonsense of opportunities for all in America. For the working class youth, who have heard so many hundreds of times in the schools, who have read in books and newspapers, who have seen it in the movies, etc., 'the story of the poor boy suddenly becoming rich,' this lesson is of the utmost importance. The fact remains that under present-day capitalism there are no longer any opportunities to rise above the ranks of the working class, that the working youth will remain in the ranks of the working class, and that all the talk and chatter about 'opportunities' are so many baseless lies.

"Sacco and Vanzetti thought they would find freedom of speech, right of asylum from oppression in the old country. Instead they found that in America there is no such thing as freedom of speech, that the capitalist class suppresses the right of the workers to express their opinions, that arrests, frame-ups, and murder abound for those who dare to speak up and fight against capitalist exploitation in America.

Exposes Lies.

"For the toiling youth the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti completely exposes these lies which are taught in the schools, which are repeated daily by the hirelings of capitalism. In America, freedom of speech exists for only those who defend the present system of capitalist society.

"The legal murder of Sacco and Vanzetti clearly shows to the young workers that there is such a thing as justice for the workers and justice for the rich. Everybody has read of the many murder cases committed by Loebs and Leopolds, of bootleggers and kept women, and the sentences meted out to them. It is clear to all of the youth, that in America revolutionary workers whose sole 'crime' is fighting against capitalist greed and capitalism itself, are condemned to die, and wealthy perverts and maniacs are allowed their freedom although guilty of murder and what not.

"These are some of the special lessons for the young workers from the Sacco-Vanzetti murder. The young workers must be instilled with a deep hatred against capitalism which exploits, oppresses and kills ruthlessly and brutally. The young workers of New York City must respond in thousands to the Memorial Meeting that will be held in Union Square, August 22, at 5 p. m. The young workers must learn well the lessons of the Sacco-Vanzetti case and adopt as one of the fighting slogans 'Remember Sacco and Vanzetti; remember the bloody deed.'"

German Red Front Soldiers Leave for Camp

The German Red Front Fighters, one of the most militant organizations in the world, composed of over 300,000 active members. Each member of the Red Front Fighters is pledged to the cause of Communism and World Revolution.

REV. NORMAN THOMAS WHISTLES FOR FLOCK

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 20.—Norman Thomas, candidate for president on the socialist ticket, arrived here on his trip through the west in an effort to gather his feeble flock for the polls. His meetings are generally gathering places for small business men, lawyers and liberals, except when an enterprising Communist unit interferes with his sermon.

Before he came here Thomas had an embarrassing experience at Oklahoma City. There the Communist unit and their sympathizers issued a leaflet on the socialist party, which they termed the third party of capitalism, and sold the Communist Party platform at the Thomas meeting. The leaflet, which was distributed at the meeting, exposed the Oklahoma Leader and its followers and showed how well it and Thomas went together.

Kids Have Dogs.

In Kansas City Thomas held his main meeting at the Jenkins Church, which was attended, as usual, by liberals, professionals and merchants. At this meeting Thomas told the audience about his five kids and their five dogs. The same evening and the following night the Communist Party held street meetings, which drew larger crowds than the Thomas meetings, where the program of the class struggle was presented in contrast to the classless program of the socialists.

From Kansas City, Thomas is scheduled to appear in Omaha, where he will be followed by Comrades Earley and Stephens of the Communist Party, who will again present the program of the class struggle, after Thomas gets through with his meetings.

Socialist Spy Discovered.

Thomas has a helper in the person of Wm. McAllister, western organizer of the socialist party, who attempted to "bore from within" in the Communist Party at Kansas City. He joined the Communist unit there and offered full assistance in getting petitions for the Communist candidates. He collected quite a few signatures and donated liberally to the election funds until he was finally discovered by the local Communists to be a socialist spy, who was attempting to find out the inner campaign strength of the Communists.

The Communist party here denounced him as a flunkey of the bosses and one who was ready to join hands in a united front with the capitalists against the Communist Party and the workers.

GERMANELECTION CAMPAIGN MEET

Hold Conference in Brooklyn, Queens

The second meeting of the German election campaign conference of Brooklyn and Queens will take place to-night, Tuesday, at 8:15 p. m. at the Queens County Labor Lyceum, 785 Forest Ave. All delegates are urged to attend without fail.

Officials or members of German labor organizations and societies, who did not get an invitation by mistake, or who did not have an opportunity to act upon the same are asked to attend this meeting.

Efforts will be made to secure close cooperation between the progressive German labor organization and the Workers (Communist) Party.

The German labor organizations in Manhattan and Bronx are invited to send delegates to a election campaign conference which will take place Thursday, Sept. 6, 8:15 p. m. at the New York Labor Temple, 243 East 8th St.

CLOAK CHAIRMEN CONFER TONIGHT

Parley at Webster Hall at 6 O'clock

Continued from Page One

cess in compelling non-union and former union manufacturing concerns to sign agreements and grant real union conditions.

The National Organization Committee yesterday issued a final call to the workers not to fail to be represented at the conference.

• • •

Several hundred cloak and dress pressers, members of Local 35, yesterday held a regular local membership meeting at their headquarters, 6 W. 21st St. Louis Hyman, chairman of the National Organization Committee, and J. Goretsky, manager of the local, were the speakers at the meeting.

The local occupied itself primarily with the business of organizing a drive to rally the pressers behind the campaign to build the new union of cloak and dressmakers. Plans were presented and adopted after considerable spirited discussion.

Injured Workers are Blacklisted by Construction Co.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Aug. 20 (FP).—The Leonard Construction Co., with headquarters in Chicago, has issued orders at the addition to the Quaker Oats plant in Cedar Rapids that it will blacklist any workman who gets hurt 3 times on the same job.

Labor is plentiful, as the big P. and F. starch products plant has been shut down most of the time since April. Quaker Oats operates only 3 days a week. It has eliminated a lot of unskilled labor by installing machinery to unload a car of grain in 5 minutes instead of the hours formerly required by hand shoveling.

100 Workers' Children Leave for W.I.R. Camp

One hundred children yesterday left the Unity Co-operative apartment house, 1800 7th Ave., to go to the Workers' International Relief children's camp at Wingdale, New York, where they will spend a two weeks' vacation in the Berkshire Hills.

Before them, several other groups of similar size had left for the camp, where the $8 a week charge places a two week vacation within the grasp of almost every worker's child in New York.

PICKETS REPEL THUGS ATTACK

Grocery Clerks Halt Boss Attack

Members of the Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union picketing the open-shop fruit and vegetable store of Morris Thaub, at 932 Fremont Ave., successfully repulsed an attack of gangsters, alleged to have been hired by the boss to prevent the picketing in front of his firm.

The pickets were Vecker, Breger, Gelman and Rappaport, who had been picketing the store peacefully until 5 o'clock, when the gangsters arrived. The union has been on strike for ten weeks and demands that the bosses recognize the Retail Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union.

RE-ENFORCEMENT FOR U. S. MARINES IN NICARAGUA

Not Able to Conquer Sandino Army

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—Another army plane, sent by the United States government, is on its way to Nicaragua as re-enforcement for the marines. The aviator, Lieutenant Frank Schilt radioed the navy department that he was over Savannah, Georgia, and would stop overnight in Jacksonville before he set off for Miami, from where he would fly directly to Nicaragua, perhaps stopping at Honduras.

The fact that a tri-motored monoplane is carrying ammunition for the United States army in its war against Sandino, is believed to indicate that, counter to reports released by the navy department, Sandino's troops are functioning efficiently and that the marines have suffered setbacks in their northern offensive.

FORBID LONDON SACCO MEETING

Free Mooney Sentiment Feared by Police

The police authorities of London have issued an order forbidding the holding of a demonstration organized by the International Class War Prisoners' Aid on the anniversary of the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti, according to a cablegram received yesterday by the International Defense from Robert Lovell, secretary of the British International Class War Prisoners' Aid.

The order was issued when the police learned that the London workers would demonstrate before the American Embassy, turning the meeting into a mass demand for the freedom of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings.

The British movement for the release of the American class war prisoners will be continued, however, with renewed energy. The exploited masses of England will cooperate with their American fellow-workers in the struggle to effect the freedom of the two framed-up prisoners, who have now been incarcerated for the last 12 years, according to a statement of the I. C. W. P. A.

GRECO, CARILLO AT SACCO MEET

Huge Demonstration Tomorrow

Continued from Page One

in thousands and tens of thousands. We appeal to you to demand the unconditional release of Mooney and Billings, of the Centralia victims, of the New Bedford and Fall River workers and all other prisoners who are languishing in America's bastilles."

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Working Women To Meet.

All organizations affiliated with the Working Women's Federation will assemble for participation in the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration tomorrow at the Labor Temple, 2nd Ave. and 14th St., between 5 and 6 p. m., according to an announcement made yesterday.

From there, these organizations will march in a body, carrying their slogans and banners aloft, to join the huge mass memorial demonstration to be held on Union Square under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

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For a campaign against wage-cuts, longer hours, rationalization, and all exploitation of the workers. Send your contribution to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Alexander Trachtenburg, treasurer.

WORKERS TO HONOR SACCO, VANZETTI AT UNION SQ. TOMORROW

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY
EDITION

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WORKERS PARTY NOW ON BALLOT IN FIFTEEN STATES

GRECO, CARILLO AT SACCO MEET TOMORROW AT 5

Thousands Expected at Union Square Meeting

Will Fight for Mooney

Calogero Greco and Donato Carrillo, who narrowly escaped a fate similar to that suffered by Sacco and Vanzetti, will attend the monster Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration tomorrow on Union Square at 5 p. m. Greco and Carrillo, it will be remembered, were framed up by the local fascisti last year and were saved from electrocution by a wave of working class protest, led by the New York section of the International Labor Defense.

Against Frame-up.

Rose Baron, secretary of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, yesterday issued a statement appealing to New York workers to make tomorrow's demonstration a mass protest against the frame-up system. The statement in part follows:

"Tomorrow is the first anniversary of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti. This day must be used by the workers to increase its solidarity and prepare to fight against further frame-ups of the ruling class in America. On this day, the powers that insisted on the death of Sacco and Vanzetti must be challenged by a monster mass demonstration. We must challenge the open shop labor-baiters; the dark forces that are keeping Mooney and Billings in Folsom and San Quentin must hear the mighty voice of New York's militant labor.

Appeal to Workers.

"We appeal to all workers to support the demonstration tomorrow. The International Labor Defense which arranged tomorrow's meeting is the only defense organization in America which struggles against the frame-up system. It helps class war victims in all strikes, lockouts and on all fronts of the class struggle.

"We appeal to the workers of New York to come to Union Square

Continued on Page Two

HUNDREDS GREET TEXTILE LEADER

Murdoch, New Bedford Leader, Out of Jail

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 20.—Hundreds of striking textile workers yesterday gathered at 5 in the morning at the gates of the jail here, and patiently waited two hours to greet William T. Murdoch, strike leader upon his release two hours later. Murdoch was released upon completion of a three month jail sentence imposed in the early days of the 18 week old textile strike of 28,000 operatives.

Landlords of the mill workers tenements are taking preparatory steps to organize themselves for the eviction of the striking textile workers here. A preliminary conference of the ringleaders in this scheme has already been held, the latest development being an invitation to all landlords to come to a general meeting for the purpose of taking united action against the workers. The meeting will be held during the coming week.

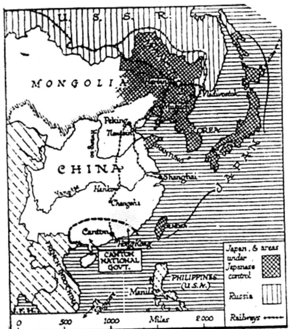
Announcements issued by the conference state that they will obtain jointly the services of "lawyers, constables and deputy sheriffs necessary to help a tenement owner in the eviction of obstreperous tenents. Union statements declare that

Continued on Page Three

Goebel Plane Ends Cross-Country Flight

CURTISS FIELD, L. I., Aug. 20 (UP).—Art Goebel, winner of the Dole flight to Honolulu last year, arrived at Curtiss Field today, completing a non-stop flight across the country from Los Angeles.

Japanese Imperialism Plans New Seizures



Manchuria is the latest scene of operations of Japanese imperialism which is seizing larger and larger areas of China.. The cross-hatching on the map shows the Japanese Islands with Korea and Manchuria which the Nipponese control. Mukden headquarters of Japan's private warlord, Chang Hsueh-liang, son of Chang Tso-lin, and Harbin, railroad center on the Chinese Eastern Railroad, are shown on the map. Harbin is near the recent disturbances which Japan is reported to be backing to serve her as an excuse for further inroads in Manchuria and Mongolia, and as a base against the Soviet Union.

7 FUR LOCALS TO MEET THIS WEEK

Take Up Endorsement of New Union

With two out of town locals already having given unanimous endorsement to the new union of fur workers launched recently, the International United Front Committee announces that before the week is over the membership of many more local unions formerly affiliated to the International Fur Workers' Union of the A. F. of L. will have registered their attitude toward the erection of the new organization.

The left wing New York Joint Board yesterday declared that letters have already been sent out to members to attend the meetings of their particular craft unions, Locals 1, 5, 10 and 15. All locals will meet Thursday evening, at 6 o'clock, three of them in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place and Local 15 in Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Ave.

The International Committee, which called the meetings, states that toward the end of this week or the beginning of next week meetings of the Boston, Toronto and Montreal unions will be held.

The chief business to be taken up by these meetings will be the endorsement of the new union launched by the united front committee of elements in the organization desirous of erecting a union that will organize the chaotic industry and restore conditions destroyed by socialist-A. F. of L. leadership. After endorsement of the new union elections will immediately take place for the particular local's representation on the Provisional National Executive Committee, which will be the central union body till the national convention chooses a permanent executive. The convention will be held within 60 days.

Each local will then participate in the big organization drive that will be led by the N. E. C.

The program of organization will include not only the fur manufacturing shops in New York but particular attention will be paid to the organization drive in the fur dressing trade and in the manufacturing trade outside of New York. Union conditions in these out-of-town centers have been almost completely annihilated since the A. F. of L. began its war against the left wing.

JAPAN MAY ACT IN MANCHURIA

Threaten to Jail Soviet Official

By United Press.

TOKYO, Aug. 20.—An official statement by the Manchurian government today said that the rebellion in the state of Barga—started by Mongolians against the dictates of the Manchurian government—had been suppressed.

• • •

PEKING, Aug. 20.—Following the arrest of the vice-president of the Chinese Eastern Railway, Lashevitch, a Soviet citizen, the Japanese government has announced that "serious attention" must be paid to the situation in Manchuria. Official Japanese intervention is seen here as probable.

Efforts of Japanese and Manchurian officials to create a critical situation are further indicated by threats that Vice-President Lashevitch will be imprisoned unless the alleged uprising is halted at once. Lashevitch is reported to be confined to his own house at present.

Forces of Chang Hsueh-liang, northern war-lord, including armored cars, have been rushed north on pretext of suppressing the revolt and are reported to have taken up offensive positions along the Chinese Eastern Railroad.

Lifschitz Articles to Be Continued Tomorrow

Today's installment of Ben Lifshitz's study on "Automobile—Symbol of Modern Slavery," has been unavoidably omitted because of space limitations. It will appear again in tomorrow's paper with a section devoted to the forms of actual slavery in the conveyor systems of the Ford plant. This is one of the most interesting sections in the whole series.

CUBA'S BOSSES RICH.

HAVANA, Cuba, Aug. 20.—Official reports show an increase of $6,000,000 in Cuba's exports last year, as compared with 1926, and an increase of $1,226,469 in customs collections over all preceding years.

Butler Knocks Hoover But Decides That He Will Support G. O. P.

Hoover's position on prohibition and naval armaments were criticized yesterday by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, one of the wet leaders of the republican party and president of Columbia University, in a letter made public yesterday.

Butler, however, at his summer home in Southampton, L. I., hastily denied that he had intended to make any statement that a "good republican" would not make, indicating that he would support the G. O. P. reactionary program "in spite of its faults."

See Spread of Steel Strike; Three Leaders Are Jailed

HELD WITHOUT BAIL TO HALT PICKET LINES

500 Steel Workers in Demonstration at Plant

Defy the Rifle Guards

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 20.—Alarm of the Massillon steel corporation officials that the strike tying up the industry in Canton is on the point of spreading to their mills, was evidenced by the arrest of three organizers at Massillon today.

A taste of municipal co-operation with the steel officials was further afforded the arrested men when the authorities refused to fix their bail in an attempt to keep them from participating on today's picket line.

A march of five hundred of the steel strikers, organized in the Central Alloy Steel Mill Committee, swung enthusiastically through the streets of Canton yesterday and surrounded the struck plant.

Police with rifles at the mill entrances failed to overawe the marching men.

Persistent efforts of the Central Alloy Corporation to import strikebreakers has proved an almost total failure with the few scabs from Pittsburgh refusing to remain at work in the mills. The strikebreakers have expressed their eagerness to exchange five dollars in company scrip for three dollars in real money.

Leaflets distributed under the supervision of the Central Alloy Mill Committee aroused the greatest enthusiasm both in Canton and among the Massillon steel workers.

BRITISH-FRENCH PACT HITS USSR

Talk Peace—and Plan War at Paris Meet

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—A British and French accord limited not merely to armament conditions, as at first reported, but covering in its scope the most far-reaching contingencies in the operation of French and British diplomatic, military and commercial relations thruout the world, is the fait accompli which the alarmed governments of Europe and the United States believe confronting them as they go to sign the Kellogg "peace pact."

If this is so, the accord has been reached, in the opinion of experts, on the basis of French accession to the British viewpoint that navies are to be limited by categories of ships and not by global tonnage, and British support of the French proposition that trained army reserves are to be unlimited.

However temporary such an alliance must in its nature be, it is pointed out that there are elements in the situation facing the alleged signatories which makes its duration at the present time extremely plausible. American aggressiveness in foreign affairs, which is expected to be intensified following the election of Herbert Hoover to the presidency (and Europe regards this as a foregone conclusion) is indicated as one of these elements.

But overshadowing all others in immediacy is considered to be the necessity which the two great pow-

Continued on Page Three

One Year Ago: "The March of Sorrow"

A quarter of a million workers participated in the "march of sorrow" in Boston on the Sunday afternoon prior to the cremation of the bodies of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti.

CLOAK CHAIRMEN CONFER TONIGHT

Parley at Webster Hall at 6 O'clock

What has developed into a major event in the life and struggles of the workers in the cloak and dress making industry will take place when the conference of shop chairmen, delegates and shop committees is opened this evening at 6 o'clock at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St.

That this institution of the cloak and dressmakers is representative of the wide masses of workers in the trade has been firmly established by the 15,000 workers who poured out in answer to the call for the Huge Bronx Stadium issued by that body at its last meeting.

Many Shops Represented.

Ever since it was first organized the Council of Shop Delegates has been the target for slanderous attacks by the yellow socialist Jewish press and by the right wing union wreckers at the head of the defunct International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

Tonight's conference is expected to be the most enthusiastic yet held. Many hundreds of shops have been busy electing their representatives to the meeting.

A general outline of the business to be taken up tonight will be, it is understood, the intensification of the already brilliant campaign to organze the sweat shop industry and to thereby build the new union launched at the Bronx mass meeting.

Developing faster than even its most optimistic initiators had hoped, the new workers' organization is registering success after suc-

Continued on Page Two

1,800 Chinese Peasants Drowned in Shantung; 200 Villages Flooded

PEKING, Aug. 20 (UP).—Eighteen hundred natives were drowned when flooded tributaries of the Yellow River swept over 200 villages in Central Shantung, it was reported here today.

The report was made by American investigators in the flooded region. Forty thousand were made homeless, the estimate said.

DRYS TO HOLD CONGRESS.

ANTWERP, Aug. 20.—The International Anti-Alcohol Congress is scheduled to hold its nineteenth congress here, where a large delegation of American drys are expected. The Soviet Union has also been invited to attend "unofficially."

Beckerman and Boss Upset on Quiet Joy Ride

Of course, it was just a little inconspicuous news item. But—

Abraham Beckerman, the little "socialist" Mussolini of the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union, was in a minor auto accident on Thursday.

The automobile in which he was riding with a companion along Fifth Ave. got mixed up in a traffic jam, the brakes were slammed on, and the strong-arm lieutenant of Sidney Hillman was a little shaken up and bruised. And—

The companion happened to be a coat contractor, Frank Reggio by name.

Just a few weeks ago the administrative machine of which Beckerman is high-priest was exposed as graft-ridden to an almost unbelievable extent. The graft ring's field of operations, it was then revealed, was among the contractors of Reggio's type, thousands of dollars being extracted from them on threats of having their labor sources cut off by union machinery.

Hillman, during the height of the sensational disclosures, piously announced that the graft machine had been cleaned out. But Beckerman is still joy-riding with Reggio and his boy friends, it seems.

DISTRICT 8 IS PUT ON BALLOT

Under the leadership of S. Milgrom of Section 1, the members of the Downtown Section of the Workers (Communist) Party succeeded Sunday in getting a sufficient number of signatures to insure getting its candidate for Assembly on the ballot in the Eighth District of Manhattan.

The work of this section has earned it the first banner to be presented by the Election Campaign Committee of District 2. The plan of the Section 1 Election Campaign Committee is now to concentrate all of its forces in the Sixth Assembly District until that too is put across, after which it will wind up its drive with a mobilization for the Fourth Assembly District.

In a statement issued last night by Rebecca Grecht, District Campaign Manager, the members of Section 1 are praised for their work, and the section is held up as an example for other sections.

According to A. Milgrom, Section Campaign Manager, the Sixth Assembly District fight will be won by the early part of next week.

YOUTH TO HONOR SACCO, VANZETTI

Young Communists Hit Capitalist "Justice"

The Young Workers (Communist) League of District 2 has issued the following statement on the first memorial of the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti:

"On August 22, 1928, the American working class will commemorate the first anniversary of the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti. The entire proletariat of America will pay tribute to these two heroic fighters in the ranks of workers, who were killed by the capitalist class through its legal machinery, for their devotion to the working class. The workers will grit their teeth, the workers will express their sorrow and indignation by preparing for the overthrow of the dastardly capitalist system of society which demands its victims in order to make examples of the most courageous fighters for the working

Continued on Page Two

AUG. 22 PROTEST AT KELLOGG SHIP

To Land Year After Sacco Murder

PARIS, Aug. 20.—In order to prevent the large demonstrations that are expected to take place at Cherbourg on August 22, the first anniversary of the Sacco-Vanzetti execution, when Secretary Kellogg lands on his way to sign the pact at Paris, the French government and police have made elaborate arrangements, in the form of strengthening the police and gendarme forces at the port.

The "Ile-de-France," manned by a crew of strikebreakers recruited from the French navy, will dock on the day when workers throrghout the world will hold demonstrations commemorating the heroic martyrs.

This coincidence, together with the fact that the ship bearing Kellogg is stoked by government strikebreakers, is expected to arouse the strikers in the port, their sympathizing comrades and the working class generally into a rousing protest demonstration.

It is recalled that when the American legionnaires landed here, a year ago, shortly after Sacco and Vanzetti were executed, police and troops attacked the huge demonstration that had gathered to protest American class justice, and that crews on the ships in the harbor went out on strike as a protest.

Sixteen Sailors are Marooned in Schooner on Bering Sea Rocks

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 20 (UP)—Sixteen members of the crew and the captain of the fishing schooner Maweema remained on the wreckage of the craft which went on the rocks in Bering Sea Sunday, according to radio advices received here by the Coast Guard.

Fifteen of the crew were taken safely to the native village of St. George, on the Pribilof. The Maweema is owned by the Alaska Codfish Company of San Francisco.

TEXAS PLACED ON RED TICKET FIRST TIME IN HISTORY

Present Total Exceeds by 1 the Total in 1924

Gitlow to Go on Tour

With the Workers (Communist) Party placed on the ballot in the state of Texas for the first time in history, the number of states officially on the ballot reached a total of fifteen according to a telegraphic report received last night at the headquarters of the National Election Campaign Committee of the Party, 43 East 125th St.

This total, which is less than half of the grand total of states that the Workers (Communist) Party expects to have on the ballot in the fall elections, exceeds by one the complete number of states that were on the ballot in 1924.

Totals 15 States.

The Workers (Communist) Party ticket is now officially on the ballot in the states of Montana, Arizona, Illinois, Delaware, New Jersey, Michigan, Maryland, West Virginia, Iowa, Arkansas, Nebraska, Kansas, New Mexico, South Dakota and Texas.

The addition of Texas not only places the Party ahead of its figure for 1924, but it is now almost a certainty that the mark set of 30 states on the ballot this year will be surpassed. At the present time the Party is diligently working to place its ticket on the ballot in the 11 states of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Colorado, and Washington, making a total of 26 in all in which success is assured.

May Have 41 on Ballot.

In addition to these states, word has come through from Ohio, Utah, Oregon, Wyoming, Kentucky, Tennessee, New Hampshire, and California that work is proceeding there, and there is no question but that the Party will be on the ballot in these states for the first time in its history. If the workers in those states keep their promise, the Workers (Communist) Party will be

Continued on Page Three

STRIKE SHOP OF 'SOCIALIST' BOSS

Strike activities against a "socialist" boss were yesterday declared to be doubly enjoyable by members of Local 3 of the electrical workers' union who last Saturday walked out when the London Fixture Company located at Broadway and Prince Streets, refused to grant an increase in wages to its workers.

The owner of the firm is a brother of Meyer London, late socialist congressman. The "socialist" boss is also said to be a member of the socialist party, now largely composed of small business men, mostly shop-keepers, many small lawyers and a few ministers.

Demand Increase.

Recently Local 3 made a demand upon the electric lighting fixture manufacturers in New York City to grant an increase in wages amounting to 12 1-2 cents per hour, and a 44-hour week for class "C" men, known as inside fixture assemblers. Most of the companies in the trade granted the demand but several, of which the "socialist" firm was one, threatened to lock out their men. Last Saturday a strike was called. London has threatened to discontinue the employment of union labor after September 1, it is reported, but workers declare that they will continue the strike and will carry on picketing until the "socialist" boss concedes to their demands.

London is said to have been influential among socialist party leaders and is a friend of Adolph Held, president of the Amalgamated Bank and president of the Forward Association, the business organization which operates the right wing Jewish daily newspaper.

RALLY FOR SACCO AND VANZETTI TOMORROW

Workers Thruout U.S. Will Demonstrate Against Capitalist Frame-Up System

Workers all over the world will gather tomorrow in mass memorial demonstrations on the occasion of the first anniversary of the legal murder of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti. Throughout the Soviet Union; in France, Italy, Germany, Brazil, England, India, China, Austria, South Africa,—on every continent—workers will assemble to pay tribute to the two martyrs to capitalist class justice, and to reaffirm their determination to do away with the system that made, and continues to make, class murders like this possible.

Here in America no section of the country will fail to hold a memorial meeting. From Maine to Florida, from California to New York, thousands will crowd the public squares, thousands will meet in halls. Not only will the demonstrations be centered in the big cities. Little towns, miners' camps, lumber regions, all will participate in the general demonstrations of protest and rally to the fight against capitalism.

The workers in every industrial center in America will demonstrate against the capitalist frame-up system. Pittsburgh will demonstrate, the pivot point of many such meetings throughout the anthracite region in Pennsylvania. New Bedford and Fall River, where the workers are now engaged in struggles against the labor-hating textile mill owners, will rally.

"Our reports," said Martin Abern, assistant national secretary of the International Labor Defense, under whose auspices the meetings are being held, "which are not yet complete, already indicate that close to one hundred meetings, if not more,

Continued on Page Three

U. S. Oil Imperialists Plan to Exploit Huge Petroleum Concession in Eastern Peru

PREPARE FEUDAL COLONY IN WILD JUNGLE COUNTRY

Leguia, American Tool, Approves Grant

(By United Press)

The Grace Line steamer Santa Maria brought back to the United Staes yesterday Bertrand Lee and W. R. Davis, who have just completed obtaining for American capitalists the latest great major oilfield of South America—a concession of 12,500,000 acres in the eastern part of the republic of Peru.

Aside from immense oil deposits the land contains large and valuable mineral deposits, containing gold, silver, copper and lead.

President Leguia of Peru approved the grant, which is known as the Lee concession. Lee, who has lived and worked in Peru, making his home in Lima, the capital, for two years, obtained the concession from M. L. Benedum and J. C. Trees, Pittsburgh capitalists. Davis will have charge of the colonization of the concession.

The two men returned today to complete arrangements for the development. Davis goes to Pittsburgh tonight and within ten days will sail for Europe to superintend the work of getting the colonization started. Fifty thousand immigrants have already signified their desire to go to the new development and have been approved. A common school education and at least three years' experience in the profession they expect to follow is required by the examiners for the colony.

Fifty engineers, headed by Chief Engineer Hansell of New York, will return on the Santa Maria a week from Thursday to start the development of a port at Yura Mararus on the Amazon River and the 600-mile railroad which the capitalists plan to build. Hospitals, packing plants, saw mills, furniture factories and a complete industrial unit is to be ready for the colonists in April, when they begin to arrive.

In developing the concession a new method is to be used, building from the interior outward, rather than from the seacoast inward. The engineers will enter from the Atlantic Coast, going up the Amazon, and build the railroad from the Amazon to Loreta, the present railhead, which is 700 miles from the Pacific Coast. It will take five years to build the road.

The expenditure of $350,000,000 is contemplated in the development eventually, although the initial outlay will be approximately $60,000,000.

Colonists are to be taken to Peru from Northern Europe, Germany, Switzerland, Holland, and some from England. The speed with which the colonists are moved will depend largely, Lee declares, on the quantity of land that can be cleared by April 1 and the number of houses that can be made ready for use.

Protest Meet Against Murder of Madieros Is Held at W. I. R. Camp

(By a Pioneer Correspondent).

WINGDALE, N. Y. (My Mail).—Recently the Young Pioneer fraction of the Workers International Relief Camp held a protest demonstration in front of the Unity Camp dining room. The protest was against the brutal murder of six-year-old Johnnie Madieros by the police of Fall River. There were about 250 people at the demonstration. Harry Eiseman, the chairman, opened the meeting with the Pioneer pledge and the singing of the International.

The first speaker was Bernie Bernard, a Young Pioneer, ten years. He spoke about the death of Johnnie Madieros and about the strike in Massachusetts. The next speaker was Joe Goldfield, who spoke on the police brutalities in Massachusetts. He is ten years old also. Gus Mikades, a Pioneer from McKeesport, Pa., then spoke about the conditions of the steel and coal workers in Pennsylvania. Gus's father is running for senator in Pennsylvania on the Communist ticket. Gus received much applause. The next speaker was Raymond Spector, from the Young Workers (Communist) League, who spoke on the youth conditions in the textile regions. Frank Builinson was the next speaker. He told about the conditions of the strikers and concluded in asking for a collection. Quite a few dollars were collected this way. The last speaker was Ruth Youkelson. She spoke on the importance of the Young Pioneers and concluded the meeting by asking the comrades to give the Pledge and the Internationale.

Some of the posters at the meeting read as follows:

"Avenge Johnny Madeiros—murdered by the textile masters."

"You can never break the fighting spirit of the workers' children."

"Six-year-old Johnnie died for the workers' cause."

SIX DEAD IN CRASH

COLOGNE, Germany, Aug. 20 (UP).—Six persons were killed today and 50 injured in a collision between a street car and a sightseeing bus.

Henry Ford, Rubber Imperialist

Henry Ford, at right, has been busy making the final arrangements for the departure of the Lake Ormoc, the base and hospital ship which is to accompany the first shipment of technicians and slaves to the automobile kings vast rubber concession on the Amazon. The low fever-laden tropical valley is so unhealthy that the Fords find themselves under the necessity of maintaining a health ship to keep their rubber slaves alive. With Ford is his son Edsel, at left, and Captain Prince of the Lake Ormoc.

WILL RALLY FOR SACCO-VANZETTI

Nation-Wide Meets are Planned Tomorrow

Continued from Page One

will be held in the United States to commemorate the martyrdom of the two Italian immigrants of Massachusetts. Tens of thousands of workers, part of the huge movement that was created during the campaign for life and freedom for Sacco and Vanzetti, will participate in the memorial meetings. It is necessary that we perpetuate the movement in order to continue the fight against capitalist class justice by obtaining the release of the dozens of political prisoners who are still in American penitentiaries.

Free Mooney and Billings.

"One of the main points that will be stressed at this year's meetings will be the campaign now being organized for Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings."

Meetings being held this year, according to the reports now available, include the following:

New York City, at Union Square, August 22, 5 p. m., with Robert Minor, Jack Stachel, Martin Abern, Moissaye Olgin, Max Shachtman, Paul Jones, and numerous others.

Boston, Paine Memorial Hall, 9 Appleton St., August 22, with Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president as the principal speakers.

Philadelphia, Labor Institute, 8th and Locust, August 24, with Max Shachtman, editor of the Labor Defender, Herbert Benjamin, Workers Party organizer, and an Italian speaker.

Chicago, Temple Hall, August 22, with Ralph Chaplin, Max Bedacht, Mordecai Shulman, Guido Serio of the Anti-Fascist Alliance, and Joseph Giganti.

San Francisco, August 22, Musicians' Union Hall, with Emanuel Levin, William Schneiderman, Edgar Owens, and Charlotte Anita Whitney as chairman.

Los Angeles, Music Arts Hall, August 22, with Frank Spector and other well-known labor speakers.

Pittsburgh, Cameraphone Theatre, 6202 Penn Ave., August 26, with Jack Stachel, organization secretary of the Workers Party, Magliacano in Italian and other speakers.

Cleveland, Public Square, August 22, with Carl Hacker, secretary of I. L. D., I. Amter of the Workers Party and numerous others.

Detroit, Woodward and Alfred Sts., August 22, a demonstration with William Reynolds, Alfred E. Goetz, John Schmees and others.

Haverhill, Mass., Liberty Club Hall, 244 Liberty St., August 22, with H. Sidney Bloomfield.

Omaha, Jefferson Park, August 22, with James Lacey and others.

Newark, Military Park, August 23, with Philip Frankfeld.

Milwaukee, Harmony Hall, 1st Ave., and Mineral Street, August 25, with English and Italian speakers.

Poughkeepsie, Fall Kill Hall, Main and Washington, August 22, with Walt Carmon, business manager of the Labor Defender and Nicola Napoli, editor of Il Lavoratore.

Among the other meetings that have been arranged are the following:

Springfield, Mass; West Concord, N. H.; Fall River and New Bedford, Mass.; San Jose and San Diego, California; Denver, Colorado with William Dietrich and George Saul; Seattle, with Carl Brannin, Charlotte Todas, John Kennedy and Oliver Carlson; Portland; Tacoma; Astoria; Northport, Washington; Everett; Salt Lake City; Minneapolis, with Vicent Dunne, Pat Devine, and others; St. Paul with Florence Hathaway and others; Superior, Workers Hall; Duluth, with Sidney Bloomberg and Finnish speakers; Waukegan, at Workers Hall; Gary; South Bend, at Workers Hall, 1216 Colfax; St. Louis; Kansas City, with William Browder and E. B. Eastwood; Chisholn and Cloquet; Passaic; Patterson; Buffalo, with English and Italian speakers; Rochester; Erie; Youngstown; Akron; Canton; Toledo; meetings in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania; Houston, Texas; Grand Rapids, Flint and Muskegon, Michigan; Great Falls; Hanna and Rock Springs, Wyoming; Walsenburg, Colorado; meetings throughout the Ohio mining district; Hartford, New Haven and Stamford, Conn.; Baltimore; Washington; Providence; Peabody and Chealsea, Mass.

Meetings have already been held in Oakland, Fraternity Hall, with Edgar Owens and A. C. Tobey; and in Perth Amboy, with Peter Shapiro and Hungarian speaker.

POLISH NAVY IN DANTZIG MENACE

Lithuania Sees Danger in Move

KOVNO, Lithuania, Aug. 20.—While the note received here from the Polish government agrees to a conference at Koenigsberg, as the Lithuanian government requested, news received here from Danzig indicates that an agreement concluded between the Danzig shipyard and the Polish regime allows Polish warships the right to moor in the harbor.

The Lithuanian papers point out the danger of such a move, both for Lithuania and the Danzig corridor, and term it a veiled threat of military aggression.

While the Polish note was conciliatory in tone, official circles here distrust the sudden change in front of Warsaw and explain it as a change in tactic, first ushered in by Pilsudski's speech at Vilna, but in reality still having the same end in view. The note agreed to hold the conference, at which the Vilna and border dispute will be taken up, at Koenigsberg on August 22 before the League of Nations meets.

HUNDREDS GREET STRIKE LEADER

Murdoch, Mill Leader, Released From Jail

Continued from Page One

plans are in formation to meet this latest attack, which was expected for some time.

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 21. A statement by Eli Keller, organizer, explains the organizational forms the new picketing tactic of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union will take. This new form of strike organization was decided upon in answer to a boss maneuver of shutting down 5 mills to frighten the workers. The statement in part:

"Our new policy will be the formation of Block Committees. The Block Committees will function through every member of our strike committee which numbers at the present time at more than 100.

"The strike committee members will be responsible for the registration of all workers on their block and neighboring streets and see to it that the workers in those blocks are members of the union and participate in the work of winning the strike.

"The Block Committee will also hold special meetings where every striker will have an opportunity to express themselves and make suggestions for future activity for the strengthening of the union. The block committees will also take up all grieviences of the workers and act on them."

RIGA OFFICIALS OUTLAW LABOR ORGANIZATIONS

Militant Unions Rouse Opposition

KOENIGSBERG (By Mail).—The civil department of the Riga court has banned many more workers' organizations, among them being the Central Bureau of the Riga Unions, health organizations, workmen's circles, union of the transportation workers, union of the chemical industry workers, union of the metal workers, union of carpenters, lead workers' union, building workers' union, textile workers' union, clothing industry union.

The reason given was "lawless activity." The lawless activity consists in the influx of Communists into these unions. These unions that have defended the rights of the workers form a danger for the Lettish government. A crime of the unions, according to reports in a Riga paper, consists in that these organizations had organized strikes. That is the only charge that could be brought against the unions and is the ground for the mass banning of legal organizations that organize strikes and allow Communists into the union. The government writes, as it has learned from Poland and other fascist countries, that these organizations oppose the state and wish to introduce a Soviet government, from which it can be concluded that at their last congress these organizations decided to stand upon the basis of the class struggle.

MILL STRIKERS CANVAS BOSTON

Raise Relief Funds as Struggle Continues

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 20.—Further indications that the strike of the 30,000 textile workers will be a long, drawn out affair, is the closing this week of the gates of five mills that were unable to obtain scabs. Both the workers and the mill owners are getting ready for a fight to the end.

The Workers International Relief, in charge of the feeding of the striking workers and their families, is continuing its activities of raising funds for the relief work. Yesterday two strikers left for Boston where they will visit trade unions and labor fraternal organizations in an appeal for funds. In the mornings they will make house to house collections. They expect to stay in Boston about two weeks.

The Workers International Relief is also planning to open shortly two special childrens kitchens, where milk and rolls will be given to the children of the striking textile workers. They will be located in the south and north of the city and will supplement the two regular relief kitchens that are now taxed to capacity.

To establish the children kitchens, as well as feed the strikers themselves, takes a great deal of money. All workers should do their share. Send a donation at once to the Workers International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

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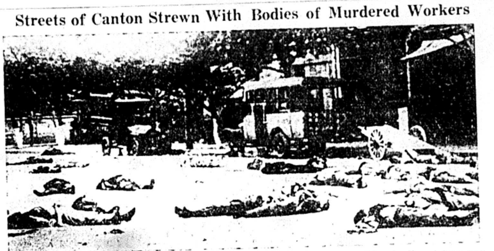
Unable to have a delegation present at the Workers International Relief picnic held Sunday at Sylvan's Grove, the Mothers League of Winthrop sent the W. I. R. a check for $20.

MORE PRISON LABOR SHIRTS

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 20 (FP).—Seven thousand seven hundred shirts were turned out last month by Rhode Island prison labor for the Robert Zehman Co. of New York, an increase of 500 dozen over June. The state received about 20 cents a shirt for giving labor and rent.

Streets of Canton Strewn With Bodies of Murdered Workers



Thousands of militant Chinese workers and peasants are being slaughtered by the Kuomintang war lords. The Chinese trade unions have appealed for aid in their struggle against the war lords.

TROOPS MENACE GREEK ELECTION

Bandits and Army Are Active

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 20.—As the elections, scheduled for today, are about to take place, Venizelos, the virtual dictator of Greece, has stationed police and military units throughout the city, in expectation of resistance to his regime.

Although the royalists, who are demanding the return of the king, have plastered the city with his portrait, and are expected to win about 80 seats out of the 250 in the legislative chambers, the dictatorship is alarmed at the discontent of the workers both in Athens and in the Piraeus, its port, who were so ruthlessly suppressed during their last strike.

Venizelos has declared that he will have 160 seats out of the 250 as a result of the elections, which he has been preparing for since he dissolved he chamber of deputies in early July.

Large troups of bandits, who, it has been charged by liberal opponents, are in the direct pay of Venizelos, have become exceedingly active, and have already succeeded in kidnapping some of the dictator's most dangerous opponents.

BRITISH-FRENCH PACT HITS USSR

Continued from Page One

ers feel in opposing a united front of the Soviet Union, in their preparations for war on that country.

Nearly identical agreements with the Nanking government, joint action in warning the Bulgarian government to refrain from abetting the action of the Macedonian revolutionaries, joint action in threatening Premier Waldemaras of Lithuania, the growing understanding between the government of Great Britain and those of Poland and Rumania, allies of the French, are among the symptoms cited by experts to substantiate the existence of the pact.

Alarmed by the possibility that the English channel may again, as in 1914, be transformed into a British pool and the Mediterranean into a French lake, with the concentration of British capital ships in one end and of French submarines and destroyers in the other, the governments of Germany and Italy are eagerly awaiting developments.

Against such an alliance the only single power capable of coping is the United States and it is believed that the agreement is aimed particularly on the part of Great Britain at her most powerful competitor in the world markets. France, too, it is pointed out, is eager to form a diplomatic and financial front against the United States, and besides has special interests to protect in North Africa. Both powers have parallel interests in the Far and Near East.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

WORKERS PARTY PUTS 15 STATES ON BALLOT

Continued from Page One

on the ballot in a minimum of 34 states this year. In addition to that, the prospects in Oklahoma, Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, Virginia, and Maine are also good, and the Party has an even chance of placing its candidates in nomination in these states. Success in these states would mean that the Party would be on the ballot in a total of 41 states. However, it is anticipated that the difficulties being placed in the way of the Party in various localities by state officials will tend to cut down the number, and unless the Party in all sections intensifies its efforts, the prospect of only 30 states is all that the National Election Campaign Committee will undertake to guarantee.

Only 14 in 1924.

In 1924, the complete Communist vote totalled 33,361 in the fourteen states in which the Party was on the ballot. These votes were distributed as follows: New Jersey, 1,560; Illinois, 2,622; Iowa, 4,037; Montana, 357; Massachusetts, 2,637; Rhode Island, 289; New York, 8,244; Pennsylvania, 2,735; Indian, 987; Wisconsin, 3,773; Minnesota, 4,427; Colorado, 562; Washington, 761; North Dakota, 370. This year, with more than twice the number of states expected to be on the ballot than were on four years ago, the total vote for the Communist ticket is expected to exceed by far the 33,361 that the Workers (Communist) Party polled in 1924.

Names Texas Candidates.

The following candidates were unanimously nominated at the Houston, Texas, convention: J. Stedham, of Annona, for governor; J. L. Swann, of Wheeler, for Lieutenant Governor; John Rust, of Weatherford, for United States senator; and twenty presidential electors.

There were strong delegations present from San Antonio, Houston, Weatherford, and Breckenridge, in addition to numerous other points in the state. Campaign literature sold better than ever before in the state.

Funds Needed Soon.

B. H. Lauderdale, as convention chairman, reported considerable support for the Communist program throughout the state, but in view of the great distances between cities in a state which is equal in area to the whole of Europe outside of the European territory of the Soviet Union, large sums of money are required to cover the entire state with speakers and literature.

The convention closed with a great banquet, at which splendid enthusiasm was demonstrated by all, and at which the various speakers promised to go back to their localities with determination to put the message of Communism and revolution before the working masses in their sections of the state.

Plans are being made for a great campaign meeting in Houston, where the democratic party held its national convention. This meeting will be held in the City Auditorium of Houston, which seats 4,000 people. The main speaker will be Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party.

SPAIN DICTATOR ARRESTS 1,752

Charged Plot Against King

PARIS, (By Mail).—In order to give substance to the news of a plot against the king, Primo de Rivera has made 1,752 arrests in the various towns of Spain, and in Saragosse alone 300 arrests. The prisons were overcrowded.

How empty the news of a plot was is evident from the fact that the greatest part of the arrested were released. But the prisoners were kept behind the bars for 13 days, without allowing their relatives to see them, which resulted in demonstrations before the prisons.

MANY JAILED IN 'PLOT' AGAINST ECUADOR REGIME

See Government Scheme in Arrests

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Aug. 20.—An alleged plot to prevent the meeting of congress, which is shortly to take place, by the decree of the government, was reported to have been discovered by government officials, and a number of liberal leaders have been arrested.

The plot is said to involve leaders of the opposition party and army officers. It is believed in certain circles that the "discovery" is a part of the plan to prevent the presence of the opponents of the present government when the congress convenes.

Those arrested include Dr. Jose Maria Ayora, brother of the president; Colonel Pedro Concha, Colonel Nicholas Lopez, Colonel Bartolome Vinelli, Dr. Roberto Posso, Dr. Enrique Amador Baquerizo and Commandant Hector Cedro and others whose names are not known.

MILL STRIKES IN GERMANY, FRANCE

LILLE, France, Aug. 20.—That workers in the woolen textile industry here are launching a widespread strike movement to resist the offensive of the employers is supported by the report that a general strike has been ordered in Rouzaix, a big French mill center. Mill workers in Germany are also entering struggles to improve their miserable working standards, reports show.

Simultaneously another dispatch to the effect that the textile operatives in Rhenish and Westphalian plants have served notice on the mill owners that they will not work under the present terms after the end of September.

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MUNSTER, Germany, Aug. 20.—In an effort to discourage a fast developing mass strike sentiment, the mill owners in the Duren district have given notice that they will terminate operations August 29

LOWELL, Mass., Aug. 20 (FP).—Walter Novak, cotton mill worker, died of injuries when his left arm was torn from his body by cogs in a feed box of a cotton-picking machine. He is survived by a widow and three children.

TWO COMMUNIST CAMPAIGNERS
Designed By Fred Ellis

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Printed over a background formed by the Red Hammer and Sickle with the photographs of Foster and Gitlow tastefully worked in.

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Boss Agents Try to Throw Out Communist at Kohler Co., Correspondent Reports

HANdOuTS

Although Warren G. Harding was one of the most generous presidents the U. S. ever had and divided up the oil lands among his friends in an open-handed way, his picture is being completely cut out of the film the Hoover managers are making for propaganda purposes. But the corruption that Harding stood for can no more be eliminated from the republican party by taking his picture out of a movie than odor can be eliminated from the stockyards by leading away one steer.

• • •

A Cleveland Nutt

J. R. Nutt, above, is the hard one who is treasurer of the Republican National Committee and who pleased the socialist party by his ethical stand that no money would be accepted except from those of "known probity of character." Imagine a man appearing at republican headquarters with a $10,000 check and being forced to go through a civil service test before being relieved of it! So far the only money Nutt has turned down has been Mexican coins, Confederate money and bread checks. Nutt has just announced there will be no limit on individual contributions.

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When Norman Thomas, head of the religious section of the so-called socialist party arrived in Columbus, Ohio, on his oratory tour and found the city in gala attire, flags on every lamp post, he was ready to believe the socialist era was at hand, and without an armed struggle. His delight was somewhat dampened, however, when a tactless attendant informed him the flags were put up to welcome the delegates to the annual convention of Eagles.

• • •

Pretty Girl Pawn

The secret of the publicity business is pretty girls. Miss Evelynne Cervenny, entrant for queen of the Radio World's Fair to be held in New York September 17, is shown alongside. The radio had a lot of friends up until last week when that drink of muddy water, Herbie Hoover, wasted several hours accepting a nomination which everybody knew he would rather lose a right arm than to refuse. In the U. S. S. R. the radio has made great advances. You never hear a sermon over it.

Gems of Learning

Sir James C. Irvine, of St. Andrews University, speaking before American Chemical Society Institute at Chicago:

"No peace treaty or visiting commission can control or even detect research work designed to furnish lethal agents for the future, and this research may be going on now, anywhere, in preparation for the next war. As matters stand at present, the nation which possesses the most efficient chemical industry possesses also the most efficient instrument of war. The war of the future may be declared, waged and won in a few days.

You might be away on a vacation and miss it all. Come home and find New York wiped out.

Cal Coolidge, national comedian, making jokes about the Kellogg peace pact:

"While it would be too much to suppose that war has been entirely banished, yet a new and important barrier, reasonable and honorable, has been set up to prevent it. Had an agreement of this kind been in existence in 1914, there is every reason to suppose that it would have saved the situation and delivered the world from all the misery it was inflicted with by the World War."

This is the war that made the scrap of paper famous.

Andrew J. Peters, chairman of the men's division of the Smith-Robinson League of First Voters:

"The new voters of today will be the rulers of the nation tomorrow, and their ideals and aspirations demand a leader with compassion, with understanding, with sympathy, and they turn to Gov. Smith as the national leader who represents them."

Rather tough bologna for young digestions.

—H. C. H.

HOODLUMS FAIL TO BREAK BIG ASTORIA MEET

Even Police Merely "Watch" Crowds

(By a Worker Correspondent)

In the heart of the working-class section of Astoria, L. I., a meeting was held Thursday evening which will go down in the workers' history of Astoria, should such a volume ever be compiled, as the first definite swing toward the platform, political and economic, of the Workers (Communist) Party by workers who have heretofore been hoodwinked and tricked and drained by professional patriots, corrupt politicians and a well organized group of American fascisti.

The Communist meeting, which was also a protest demonstration against the breakup of last week's meeting and assault on the Communist speakers by the representatives of the rear end of the Tammany tiger, was opened by Max Schachtman, editor of the Labor Defender, at a quarter past eight before a crowd which already numbered several hundred Queens workers. Long before the meeting was scheduled to open, workers began to arrive at the corner of Steinway and Jamaica Aves. to listen to the message of the Communist speakers.

Schachtman.

Schachtman opened the meeting by stating its purpose, the nature of the party under whose auspices it was held, and expressed the determination of that party to continue to hold weekly meetings at the same corner despite the actions "of certain super-patriots who will receive some small change in exchange for their valuable political activities." This announcement was greeted enthusiastically by the assembled workers with cheers and applause. After making several scathing remarks about the "police protection" afforded at the last meeting, upon which the four cops present were seen to shift their weights from one foot to the other, Schachtman introduced Philip Frankfeld, Acting District Organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League, the first speaker.

Frankfeld outlined the aims and methods of the Young Workers (Communist) League in the class struggle, citing the League's anti-militarist activities, the part it played in the miners' strike and is playing in the textile workers' strike in New Bedford, and ended with an appeal for all young workers of Queens to join the League. Frankfeld's remarks, at first listened to with a good deal of skepticism by the Astoria young workers in the candy and automobile factories, hit home. This was shown by the applause which the Astoria young workers gave his talk, and also by the knots of young workers who later approached him with eager questions concerning the League and its activities.

As Schachtman introduced the second speaker, Donald Burke, some enterprising young fascist, parked in the safe vantage of a neighboring roof, threw a none-too-good egg at the crowd, which resulted in an angry surging of the assembled workers in the direction of the offending patriot. The captain of police on duty warned the speaker that if another such surging of the crowd occurred the meeting would be stopped, thus indirectly sanctioning the professional hundred percenter who hurled the hen fruit.

Lo, the Poor Veterans.

Just before the second speaker ascended the platform, the Veterans of Foreign Wars, the same organization who was responsible for the brutal assault on the Communist meeting last week, arrived in a touring car with a huge American flag and their organization banner in resplendent gold and blue and started to set up their platform on the opposite corner of Jamaica Ave., a narrow street. However, after sizing up the crowd of evidently sympathetic listeners who were gathered about the platform of the Workers Party, they removed themselves, bag, baggage and patriotism, to the opposite corner of Steinway Ave., much further removed from the Communist meeting.

Burke spoke on the war danger, citing preparations for war secretly going on, and denouncing the Kellogg anti-war pact as an "empty gesture, devoid of meaning except the intention of all imperialist powers to wage war on the U. S. S. R."

In his introductions to the various speakers Schachtman continually reminded the audience of the "unparalleled intrepidity and braveness of those thirty professional patrioteers who with undaunted valor attacked in the name of free speech and free assemblage the six Communist speakers present here last week," implying none too subtly that the same fascists would hesitate to attempt the same strong-arm methods on the same number of Communists. If there were any brave Veterans of Foreign Wars in the crowd they maintained a discreet and sane silence.

After Burke came Abe Harfield, Communist candidate for assembly from the 1st assembly district of Queens. Harfield bore the brunt of the attack last week, sustaining a severe cut on his lip which was later stitched and a beating about the head. Harfield spoke of the situation in Queens, giving facts and figures of the sewer specifications swindle, which gave a decidedly uncomfortable ten minutes to whatever democrats may have heard him.

Hoodlums and Eggs.

Miller spoke after Harfield, his subject being Tammany Hall, its influence on democratic politics throughout the country, and the ways in which the Tammany tiger showed its stripes. During his speech three more decaying eggs were thrown by hoodlums, "egged" on by the Veterans of Foreign Wars. The crowd of workers, having been told of the flimsy pretext which would be seized on by the police to break up the meeting, stood its ground without a move. They were determined to hear the message of Communism, and hear it they would, despite rotten eggs and whatever other fruity munitions resorted to by the tools of corruption.

It may be mentioned that one of the eggs struck the back of a policeman's neck and spattered its gelatinous contents, presumably down to his belted waist.

Rebecca Grecht, who last week was arrested on a framed-up charge of inciting to riot at the same corner, spoke next on the political situation throughout the country, reminding her listeners that never before has the similarity of the two major capitalist parties been so plainly evidenced. As she mounted the platform she was greeted with loud cheers and hearty applause by the workers present, who by this time had reached the number of seven hundred. Damning fact after fact was cited by her, proving the big business control of politics; facts which reached a fruitful soil, as proven by the small groups into which the crowd broke up after the meeting, discussing her statements.

Sell Literature.

During the meeting several pamphlets of the Workers (Communist) Party were sold among the workers present, among them the campaign platform of the Communist Party and "Our Heritage from 1776," all of which was completely sold out.

Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for U. S. Senator from New York, was the next and final speaker. Minor emphasized the lack of any issues as between the major capitalist parties and urged the rallying of all workers to the platform and ranks of the Workers (Communist) Party.

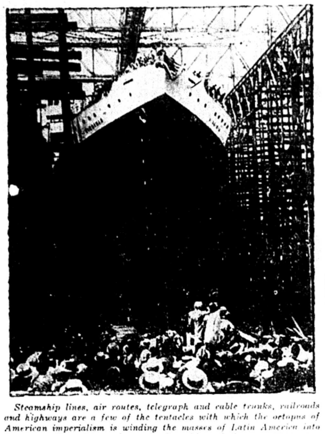
During the Communist meeting, the Veterans of Foreign Wars were holding an alleged meeting across the street, at which several speakers were spreading lies and calumny about the Workers (Communist) Party. George Kemp, one of the main fascist speakers, held aloft a copy of the Communist Platform and misquoted from it. After spending an hour concocting lies and slander about Communists, Communism and Soviet Russia to the handful of listeners present, Kemp said: "You may wonder how the Communists are able to win the masses over to their party, but I say that it's all tricks of the trade. Unless you understand the tricks of the trade you may be taken in, for their arguments are plausible. Don't pay attention to them."

Kemp has been seen in the Workers Center and particularly in the Workers' Bookshop, at 26-28 Union Square, very often, snooping around for facts to distort.

It was evident at Thursday's meeting that if the crowd around the Communist platform had not been so large and demonstratively enthusiastic in its support, the Tammany-controlled fascists would have repeated their cowardly attack of last week. It was evident, also, judging from the muttered remarks overheard by sympathizers, that the Veterans of Foreign Wars are hoping that the next week's meeting, to be held on Thursday, August 23, at the same corner, will not have so generous a support from the Queens workers, so that the Communist meeting may be again broken up and the Communist speakers assaulted.

N. O.

One Tentacle of the American Octopus



Steamship lines, air routes, telegraph and cable trunks, railroads and highways are a few of the tentacles with which the octopus of American imperialism is winding the masses of Latin America into its maw. The picture shows the launching of the new 33,000 ton electric drive liner, Virginia, of the Panama-Pacific line, at Newport News, Va. The ship is one more tentacle reaching out to southward.

STRUGGLE SHOWS STOOL PIGEONS HARD AT WORK

Owner Is Running for Wisconsin Governor

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KOHLER, Wis., (By Mail). Good attention was given here to the speaker of the Workers (Communist) Party by the workers of the Kohler shops during a noontime meeting at the factory gates recently.

Vote Communist.

The representative of the Party pointed out why the workers at Kohler's shops should support the nominees of the Party in the presidential elections, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow.

The speaker pointed out how the Party aims to utilize its campaign in order to mobilize the workers to resist the attacks of the capitalists upon their wages and working conditions, against the vicious speed-up system and the need to organize the unorganized workers.

The appeal for organization enraged some of the company stool-pigeons and other flunkeys of Kohler Company. Shouting that they don't like that Bolshevik stuff, they demanded that the speakers leave the city. After the speaker insisted on the right of the Party to state its position to the workers, the agents of the Kohler Company began to push the speaker from the "private property" of the Kohler Co.

Spy.

The fact that the Kohler Company is employing spies in its shops was revealed when, in answer to the question of the speaker, "Who gave you the right to eject me from here?" one of the men turned up his coat to show a detective badge. This fellow was dressed as a worker. His face and hands were dirty. Evidently he was working, or made believe he was working, at the same time spying upon the workers.

The interference by the stool-pigeons and petty-bosses of the Kohler Company did not stop even after the speaker went to the nearest sidewalk in order to meet the objection of being on company property. The agents of the company were shouting at the speaker. The great majority of the workers who assembled took no part in the hostile actions of the company agents.

The latter finally grabbed the speaker and threw him on the truck, telling the driver to take the Bolshevik out of town, that they don't want any discontent to be spread among the workers and that they would handle the Bolsheviks roughly if he should not leave.

The sound of the factory whistle put an end to this uneven struggle between one Communist and a number of company agents.

W. Kohler, the millionaire owner of the company, owns the entire city of Kohler, Wis. He is selling houses at a very profitable rate to the workers of his shops. The contracts provided, I was informed, that the houses may not be resold to any one not in the employ of the company.

"Kohler Plan."

The shops run on a speed-up system. The "Kohler Plan," so-called, is an adaptation of the feudal system to the present capitalist system. Single workers are housed in houses owned by the company. The workers eat in the lunch room which is run by the company and buy articles from the company store.

W. Kohler is a candidate of the republican party for governor of Wisconsin. He spends thousands of dollars of the profits he squeezes from the sweat of the workers for his political campaign. Signs "Kohler for Governor" and others are to be seen everywhere, not only in Kohler, but in Sheboygan and other cities.

A goose on New Year, a turkey on Thanksgiving, an annual picnic, and a little more occasional entertainment—all paid for by the workers themselves, out of the profits they make for Kohler. And Kohler dupes the workers by saying that it is because of his kind heart that he himself pays for their entertainment!

But he would not tolerate any talk about unionizing his plant. This, however, is an urgent necessity for the workers of Kohler for protection against the brutal exploitation of the oppressing industrial baron.

—B. SKLAR.

BOSS POLITICAL PARTIES PROVED SIAMESE TWINS

Wall Street's Hoover, Smith, One Under Skin

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—Two things that happened recently conclusively prove that the difference between the democrat and republican parties is nothing more, if not less than between tweedledum and tweedledee.

Vare Investigation.

One thing concerns the final day of the investigation of the senate's committee of the campaign between Vare and Wilson for the senatorial seat in Pennsylvania in 1926.

U. S. Senator Waterman had an exciting day. It was revealed that gunmen, liquor, fraud and forgery were the methods used by the Vare outfit and that O'Donnell, head of the democratic city committee and minority county commissioner worked as an ally of the Vare machine.

Joseph Penczak, a registrar and election board clerk, declared he had been threatened with death if he should "squeal." Nevertheless Penczak testified as to what had been done in his division after having been located by a U. S. marshal and previously having been missing. He declared that many hours before the polls closed the return sheets had been made up. Liquor was stored in a voting booth and seven out of ten voters were served with drinks.

Forged Receipts.

As in other districts poll tax receipts were issued to all voters free of charge, the signatures required on the receipts having been forged.

Penczak said he had refused to fight the campaign with guns. However, there were plenty of others to be had if it should be necessary.

Siamese Twins.

As to the charges against John O'Donnell, the democratic machine leader of this city, he denied them and was ready to fight. Still, it is well known in Philadelphia that the democrats and republicans are one and the same, working hand in hand.

The methods described by Penczak are very commonly used each election day, and are known by almost everybody.

The other event was a conference of state leaders of the democratic party, who returned to Philadelphia from New York after another conference with John J. Raskob, General Motors nabob.

The feeling of the Philadelphia conference can best be described by the democratic organ here, the Philadelphia Record, which says: "Governor Smith will carry Pennsylvania. Party lines will be forgotten in a tidal wave of admiration for the governor as a man. New precedents will be set because the personality of a presidential candidate will be a greater attraction than party affiliation."

Thus, the presidential campaign of 1928 will be Smith vs Hoover, rather than between democrats and republicans. The foregoing probably shows more clearly than anything published here that there is no difference whatever between republicans and democrats. Vote for Hoover and starve in the bread lines. Vote for Smith and you starve the same.

One hope remains. That is in becoming a militant fighter in the class struggle, joining the Workers' (Communist) Party and in the coming elections vote for its candidates, Foster and Gitlow.

C. RABIN.

"The Scarlet Lady" of Moscow California Is Simply Awful

"THE SCARLET LADY" is such an unbelievable concoction of movie drivel it looks like a sure prize-winner for the world's worst movie for 1928; also 1908, 1918, 1948, or take any year you like. It comes as the latest of a series of "Russian" pictures made in Hollywood, where ex-generals and ex-nobles of Czarist Russia supply the atmosphere and former pants manufacturers, now movie producers, supply the uniforms. The story, according to the program, was supplied by one Bess Meredyth. Bessie should go back to floor scrubbing.

"The Scarlet Lady," it seems, is a girl who was "wild—but unsullied." If she wasn't sullied it was just plain hard luck. From the very beginning that poor girl's passion was something awful. In fact, so awful that the producers' attempt at cheap sensationalism became such a burlesque the audience snickered out loud.

But this isn't all. The lover is a Communist leader, so the picture says. About every five minutes he gets a nose-full of Vodka and goes out to shoot himself a bunch of nobles. And yet, even this doesn't make the hot mamma so hot about him. She still wants the noble. She gets jewels by the basket after the revolution when the Bolsheviks "divide up"; she gets the noble's home to live in; she gets everything she wants. But is she satisfied? Not this girl. She wants her noble. And, of course, she gets him. They just couldn't disappoint this warmish lady in Hollywood. So Bess gave her the noble.

Believe it or not, that's the story. It's no wonder the audience snickered. But there was more. The nobility was glorified. The revolution was villified. The Bolsheviks were shown as inhuman butchers, who slaughtered wholesale. Such a vicious lot of absurd rot has rarely been dished up in American movies.

Even the New York press in general found it hard to swallow. But note this difference. When "The End of St. Petersburg" was shown a couple of months ago, the critics forced to praise its artistry, made sure to warn you about "Soviet propaganda." These same critics forced to laugh at the drivel in "The Scarlet Lady" do not utter a single word that it is vicious anti-Soviet propaganda. Whata whale of a difference a pay check will make.

Here is a classic example of cheap anti-workingclass propaganda smothered in sensationalism, garnished with smut and presented on Broadway — fortunately to lose money for its producers this time. It is so absurd in theme, so unreal in presentation, it is too stupid for even a tabloid mentality. "The Scarlet Lady," despite its warm title is not so hot. Nor does it matter that Lya dePutti or Don Alvarado or Warner Oland are in it. They should know better. It doesn't matter even that its at the Embassy Theatre, because it surely won't be there for long.

—W. C.

HORACE BRAHAM

Plays one of the chief roles in "Relations," Edward Clark's new play, which opened at the Theatre Masque last night.

U. S. Capitalists On Tour of 'Investigation'

SANTIAGO, Chile, Aug. 20.—The president of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, Samuel Vauclain, and Morris Brockius, of the same concern, have arrived here from Buenos Aires in their tour of investigation of the possibilities for economic penetration into the South American countries.

They have interviewed numerous business men and government officials with the view of gaining certain concessions and gaining business for the company in Latin-America.

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Conrad Veidt
in "Two Brothers"
and
"THE LIFE OF VON HINDENBERG"
and CHAPLIN in "EASY STREET"

NAME LACKEYS TO GENEVA

SANTIAGO, Chile, Aug. 20.—The Chile government has appointed as delegates to the League of Nations at its September meeting Enrique Villegas, Luis Porto Seguro, Jorge Mandeville and Pedro Felipe Iniquez.

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4. A Labor Party.	4. Discrimination against Negroes.
5. For a Workers' and Farmers government.	5. Imperialist war.

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Tour speakers and organize mass meetings.

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National Election Campaign Committee
43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Legionaire Enraged at Big Communist Meeting in Astoria Threatens New Attack

100 PERCENTERS READY TO STOP MEETINGS, SAYS

Thinks "Reds" Should Get Out

"The next time we try something we won't just give your men a couple wallops, either," writes a member of the American Legion to the Workers (Communist) Party. The legionaire, who signs himself a "Real American Veteran," was greatly enraged at the success of the street meeting held last Thursday night at Jamaica and Steinway Avenues, Astoria, L. I. by the Workers (Communist Party. The letter speaks for itself:

"Just because there was many around your meeting in Astoria last week who cheered your men when they spoke don't mean you will be speaking there every week, as you say! Most of those who stood around your platform was foreigners, anyway. Let me tell you, you can't get away with that stuff for long. There's enough good Americans in Astoria to see to that!

"I say there's a limit to what we will stand from you bunch of foreigners who come over here from Russia and try to take away our American ideals. The next time we try something we won't just give your men a couple wallops, either. We'll fix them so's they wont speak again in a hurry. And that red-headed women who was arrested,—I want to say Astoria, the home of good Americans, is no safe place for her, so she better not come out here again, but go back where she comes from.

"So take a warning before it's too late, stay away from Astoria! I fought in the last war and I ain't intending to see your bunch of Reds come over and try any of your Bolsheviki stuff around here. And there are many more red-blooded Americans like me who say the same. — A REAL AMERICAN VETERAN."

DRUNK FASCISTS ATTACK LEAGUE

Try to Drag Bedacht From Platform

WAUKEGAN, Ill. (By Mail).—A meeting of the Young Workers (Communist) League, which took place on the night of August 15 at Genessee and Water Streets, was disrupted by members of the American Legion.

While Max Bedacht, organizer of District No. 8 of the Workers (Communist) Party, was speaking, the Legionaires, who are reported as having been half-drunk, edged towards the speakers' platform and tried to drag Bedacht from it. They asked him if he wanted to go for a "ride" in their automobile which rested nearby. The purpose of beating up Bedacht was very evident in this attempt to spirit him away.

Fifteen arrests of Party and League speakers have been made here in the last few weeks.

The case of the arrested Communists will be taken up Friday. J. O. Bentall is the defendants' lawyer.

PENN LAWS HIT CHILD WORKERS

Compensation Refused to Injured

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 20.—Because they are employed in violation of the child labor law, hundreds of children in this state are refused compensation when they are injured.

Last year's number of children's accidents while at work amounted to 4,136, it is reported. Children under the age of 18 were affected. An investigation of 12 per cent of the accidents revealed tha tthe children were hired for illegal employment. In 50 per cent of the cases the children worked in violation of the child labor laws of this state.

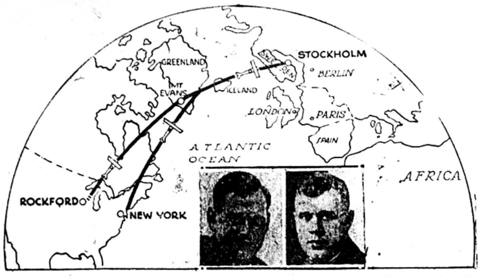
Under the child labor laws here children are refused accident compensation benefits.

MILL FEUDALISM

Old feudal traditions of the castle on the hill for the lord are still good enough for Covington, Va., rayon mill executives. They are developing a choice residential section in the hills two miles from the town. But the mill workers must live in the village laid out around the mill.

VIENNA, Aug. 20 (UP).—An airplane whose pilot lost control beheaded a boy during an exhibition flight at Senta, a Belgrade dispatch said today. The excitement of a passenger unnerved the pilot, who regained control of the falling plane only a few feet from the ground. A

Sudden Interest in Arctic; Quick Route to U. S. S. R.



The map graphically depicts one phase of the sudden interest which the imperialist powers have discovered in arctic flights. It has suddenly been discovered that the small and frozen top of the world is a backdoor to the Soviet Union which the powers in their mad preparations for war against the first Workers' and Peasants' Republic, must not overlook. Inset are Hassell and Crane, the two latest American fliers to make the Arctic hop.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

An important meeting of Unit 3E 1F will be held today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Every comrade must be present. The roll call will be taken.

• • •

Unit 3E 2F will hold a very important meeting today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 7th St.

• • •

Unit 5F, 3D Meeting.

Unit 5F, 3D of the Workers (Communist) Party has postponed its next meeting from Wednesday to Thursday evening on account of the Sacco and Vanzetti demonstration in Union Square. The meeting will be held Thursday, at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

• • •

International Branch 2.

An important meeting of International Branch 1 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held today at 8:30 p. m. at 511 Hendrix St. All members are urged to attend.

• • •

Section 2 Notice.

Members of Subsection 2B, Section 2, of the Workers (Communist) Party are urged to turn in money for the Coney Island Stadium Concert tickets immediately.

• • •

Branch 5, Section 5.

An important meeting of Branch 5, Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held today, 8:30 p. m. at 275 Clinton Ave.

• • •

Literature Squad Notice.

All members of the literature squad must report at the Workers Bookshop, 26-28 Union Square, first floor, on Wednesday, at 4:30 p. m. Prompt attendance is of the utmost importance.

• • •

Section 2 and 3 Speakers' Class.

The speakers' class of Sections 2 and 3 will be held today at 101 W. 27th St. All members of the class must come on time.

• • •

Branch 1, Section 5 Meet.

Branch 1, Section 5, of the Workers (Communist) Party will have an educational meeting today, at 8:30 p. m., at 715 East 138th St. H. Shaines will lecture on "The War Danger." All workers are invited to attend.

• • •

International Branch 1.

The meeting of International Branch 1, which was scheduled originally for Wednesday, has been postponed to Thursday, 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Mark's Place, so as not to conflict with the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration on Union Square.

• • •

Harlem Speakers Class.

Section 4 Speakers' Class will hold its third session this evening, at 143 E. 103rd St. Unit agitprop directors and members of the speakers' class are urged to put all other engagements aside, and come promptly. Rebecca Grecht is instructor this week.

• • •

6F SS 3D.

Because of the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration, Unit 6F SS 3D meeting for this week only will be held Thursday at 6:15 p. m. This will be an educational meeting on the same subject. 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

To All Sections Subsections, Units.

Material for Red Week is now ready at the district office. This includes boxes, leaflets, credentials, buttons, blanks and labels. Organizers should see to it that all comrades are supplied with the necessary material.

District Executive Committee.

• • •

Subsection 2A Executive.

The executive committee of Subsection 2A meets today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Section 1 Membership Meet.

Members of section 1 of the Workers (Communist) Party are urged to attend the membership meeting on Thursday, 6 p. m., at 60 St. Mark's Place. The immediate problems of the Workers (Communist) Party will be discussed, and no one under any circumstances will be excused from attendance of this meeting.

• • •

Section 1 Note.

All units of Section 1 that meet on Wednesday should postpone or suspend their meetings tomorrow to come to the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration on Union Square.

• • •

Branch 3, Section 5.

There is to be a special meeting of Branch 3 at 8.30 p. m. today.

• • •

Night Workers.

The Night Workers' Branch meets tomorrow at 3 p. m., at 26 Union Square, 6th floor.

Morrow Joins Military Maneuvers on Journey

OAXACA, Aug. 20 (UP).—Dwight W. Morrow, United States ambassador to Mexico, left today for the capital via Pueblo after a brief visit here. The governor and other state and city officials attended a farewell reception.

The ambassador was entertained Sunday at military maneuvers and a fiesta at a local theatre.

Morrow will reach Mexico City Tuesday morning.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

• • •

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

• • •

"Icor" Concert.

On Saturday night, Sept. 29, at Town Hall, 113-123 West 43rd St., a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish territory "Biro-Bidjan."

• • •

Spanish Workers Center.

A lecture on imperialism will be held today at 8:30 p. m. at the Spanish Workers Center, 55 W. 113 St. Alberto Moreau will be the chief speaker.

• • •

Drug Clerks, Attention.

The New York Drug Clerk Association, which was recently organized with headquarters at 142 Stuyvesant Casino, calls upon all drug clerks to join the association. All names of those desiring to join, should be sent to 142 Stuyvesant Casino. A schedule of the meetings of the organization will be sent to those who apply for membership.

• • •

Sacco-Vanzetti Branch I. L. D.

Members of this branch are urged to call at our headquarters, 1472 Boston Road, and take 100 leaflets each for distribution at places where the masses of workers gather together, today and tomorrow.

• • •

Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville English branch of the I. L. D. urges its members to call for distribution of Sacco-Vanzetti leaflets. Call at 347 E. 72nd St. today.

• • •

"Esperanta Laborularo."

"Esperanta Laborularo," an organization of class conscious workers-esperantists, meets Aug. 21st at 8 p. m. in the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. All class-conscious workers are invited to come.

• • •

Harlem I. L. D.

The Harlem Branch of the I. L. D. meets today at 143 E. 103rd St., 8:30 p. m., for a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting.

MOROCCO FIRE

SAN JURGO, Morocco, Aug. 20 (UP).—Fire today destroyed the French military and civilian warehouses. Several soldiers fighting the fire were seriously burned. The damages were heavy.

JOBS SCARCE IN IOWA

CLINTON, Ia., Aug. 20 (FP).—The largest employer here, the Corn Products factory, is running only 3 or 4 days a week. There is little construction work going on. Corn stands fine, promising a bumper crop.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS ASK $5

BOSTON, Aug. 20 (FP).—Metropolitan park board workers outside Boston are asking a 50 cents raise to bring their wage up to $5 paid within Boston. The state convention of municipal employes in Lowell, September 1-2, will support their cause.

MORE CIGAR TOBACCO

BOSTON, Aug. 20 (UP).—The cigar type tobacco acreage in the United States is estimated at 133,700 acres, or 11 per cent greater than the 120,300 acres harvested last year, the New England crop reporting service announced today.

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FRENCH POLICE ATTACK BRETONS

Break Up Autonomy Congress

PARIS, Aug. 20.—Fishermen of Brittany, gathered at Chateaulin for their congress for an autonomous Brittany, were attacked by a force of gendarmes, sent by the French government to prevent the holding of the congress.

On the eve of the congress the gendarmes attempted to prevent the meeting by taking all available sleeping quarters in the town that had been previously reserved by the delegates. A fight followed in which the Bretons were ousted from the hotel.

When the congress opened the gendarmes attempted to break up the meeting by force. The Breton autonomists raised the national flag of Brittany and defied the French state police. The gendarmes attacked, took the flags by force and disbanded the congress.

Randolph Issues New Appeal for "Public" Sympathy for Porters

In a statement issued by A. Philip Randolph, general organizer of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, attention is drawn to the fight of the western trainmen and train conductors to secure an increased wage. The strike vote now being taken by these railroad workers, the statement declares, will help the Pullman porters and maids in their fight.

The statement, it is noted, is still based on the present attitude of the porters' officials to appeal to the "public." Considerable criticism has been made of the officials because they have failed to muster the rank and file for a real struggle, considered as inevitable and have instead pursued a policy of trying to 'bluff" the Pullman company officials. Militant trade union leaders who are both informed of the situation and sympathetic to the struggle of the porters have expressed their opinion that the porters can be fully organized and their fight won if a militant policy is adopted by their officials.

Haldane, British Labor Party Misleader, Dead

PERTH, Scotland, Aug. 19 (UP).—Lord Haldane, prominent labor party leader and twice Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, died here today at the age of 72. Viscount Haldane suffered a heart attack after a few weeks' illness.

• • •

Viscount Haldane was born July 30, 1856. He was created 1st Viscount Haldane of Cloan in 1911 while serving as secretary of state for war, which office he held from 1905 to 1912. Previously a liberal, Viscount Haldane went over to the labor party following his appointment as lord chancellor in the labor government of 1924. He had served in the office from 1912 to 1915.

THE ARCHITECTURAL IRON, BRONZE & STRUCTURAL WORKERS UNION meets every second and fourth Tuesday of the month, at **Rand School, 7 East 15th St.,** City. Headquarters: 7 East 15th St., City. Telephone: Stuyvesant 0144 and 2194.
A. Rosenfeld, Secretary.

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OPEN-AIR SACCO VANZETTI MEETS THRUOUT CITY

Speakers of Workers Party Thruout City

A large number of open air meetings thruout the city have been arranged by the agitprop department of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 2. "The Class Murder of Sacco and Vanzettti" will be the subject for the week. Speakers are urged to obtain bulletins at the agitprop department, Workers Center.

Rutgers Square, N. Y. C. LeRoy, Alkin, M. Epstein, Goliger.

First Ave. and 49th St. Wright, Schalk, Sumner, Jessie Taft (Pioneer).

Foot of West 14th St. Noon. Ballam (Seamen's Meeting).

26th St. and Lexington Ave. Smith, Severino.

Today:

Grand St. Ext. and Havemyer, Brooklyn. Primoff, Nessin, Wattenberg, Midolla.

Sutter and Williams, Brooklyn. Yusem, Shapiro, Julius Cohen.

Longwood and Prospect, Bronx. Reiss, Frank, Wm. Margolis, Cibulsky.

Lenox Ave. and 133rd St. Miller, R. B. Moore, Campbell.

Tomorrow:

Second Ave. and 10th St. Padgug, Silber, Hendin, I. Cohen.

Union Square. JJacobson, Suskin, Ross, Kaplan.

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx. Grecht, LeRoy, Alkin, Goliger, Blechshmiat.

Myrtle and Prince, Brooklyn. Powers, Huiswood, Rosemond, Kindred.

Eagle Pencil Co. Noon. Grecht, Milgrom.

Seventh Ave. and 131st St. R. B. Moore, Williams, Silverfarb.

Seventh Ave. and 137th St. Padmore, Taft, Gill, Green, Lloyd.

Passaic, N. J. Vera Bush, H. Fox.

Hopkinson and Pitkin, Brooklyn. (Y. W. L.) Pasternack.

Williams and Sutter, Brooklyn. (Y. W. L.) Baum.

Thursday:

138th St. and St. Annes Ave., Bronx. Padgug, Codkind, Leo Margolis.

40th St. and 8th Ave. P. Shapiro, Joe Cohen.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx. Powers, Gozigian, Rolfe, V. Smith.

25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I. Schachtman, Castrell, Severino, Hendin.

Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria. Reiss, O'Flaherty, Blake, Heder, Abern.

Friday:

106th St. and Madison Ave. (Y. W. L.), Fishman.

National Biscuit Co. Noon. Frankfeld, Ross.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn. Benjamin, Donaldson, Peer, Harris.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St. Taft, Vera Bush, Huiswood, Lyons.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn. Bimba, Burk, Schalk, Silber.

Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.) Padmore, Matlin.

50th St. and 5th Ave., Brooklyn. (4th Ave. line, B.-M. T.) Nessin, Magliacano, Lillienstein.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J. Stanley, Russak.

Saturday:

First Ave. and 79th St. Auerbach, Primoff, Magliacano, McGill, Lustig.

West New York, N. J. (14th St. and Bergenline). Yusem, Harrison.

Perth Amboy, N. J. Sherman, Freiman.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Wright, Weich.

Elizabeth, N. J. (Union Square.) R. B. Moore, Burke.

Osborn and Dumont, Brooklyn. B. Lifshitz, Rosemond, Ed Welsh, Julius Cohen.

International Handkerchief Factory, 137th St. and Willow Ave. Noon. Baum and Y. W. L.

Sunday:

Bath Beach (48 Bay 28th St., Brooklyn). 2 p. m. B. Miller.

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GIANTS HOLD LEAD; BEAT REDS 5 TO 3

(By United Press)

The New York Giants maintained their fractional lead over the St. Louis Cardinals Monday, defeating Cincinnati, 5 to 3, while the Cards tamed the Brooklyn Robins, 2 to 1.

The Cards theoretically hold the lead, a half game ahead of the Giants, but the actual percentage gives New York a .002 advantage.

The Giants had to overcome a two lead piled up by the Reds in the first inning to hold their slight advantage, but they tied the count in the third and scored the winning runs in the fifth and sixth. Rixey took the mound ahead of his turn in an effort to check the Giants, but McGraw's men made 12 hits off him and one off Jablonowski who succeeded him.

With the score tied in the ninth, St. Louis rallied with the run that decided the game. Ernie Orsatti, recruit, substituting at first base for Jim Bottomley, ill, scored the winning run after Hafey had singled, Harper had sacrificed, Holm had walked and Wilson had singled. The Robins got only four hits off Frankhouse and Haines.

Philadelphia dropped another half game back in the American League race when the St. Louis Browns scored 9 runs in the last three innings of their game and beat the Athdetics, 9 to 2.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

New York 5, Cincinnati 3
St. Louis 2, Brooklyn 1
Boston 14, Pittsburgh 11
Philadelphia 11, Chicago 6

American League.

St. Louis 9, Philadelphia 2
Chicago 6, Boston 1

No Other Games

H. T. Wilson, Named New President of Big Open Shop Coal Firm

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 20 (UP)—H. T. Wilson, of Detroit, has been named president of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Corporation, succeeding Horace F. Baker, resigned, the Pittsburgh press said today.

Although no formal announcement of Wilson's appointment was made from the office of the Terminal Corporation, the press said the information was obtained from reliable sources.

Professor Finds Radio Cure for Tuberculosis

BREMEN, Aug. 20.—At the convention of German radio technicians here Professor Esau, of the University of Jena, told of experiments he had carried out on mice, that reveal the possibility of curing tuberculosis with ultra-short radio waves.

The professor inoculated thirty mice with tuberculosis germs and exposed fifteen of them to short waves. Those treated in this way remained alive, while the others died. Esau pointed out, however, that the method was dangerous since too long treatment by radio waves would cause death, because its strong rays would disintegrate tissue and cells.

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FRENCH ARMY IN WAR PRACTICE

Maneuver on Italian Border

PARIS, Aug. 20 (UP).—For the first time since the war, French army maneuvers on a large scale were conducted along the Franco-Italian frontier today. Marshal Petain directed the movements of a brigade of infantry.

The maneuvers were conducted with great secrecy. Instead of the usual single great maneuvers, the French army this year is holding a series of local maneuvers, including Alsace, the Rhineland, Seine Valley, Pyrenees and Alps, with members of the general staff directing each section.

TO HOLD CHICAGO ELECTION PICNIC

Enlarged Campaign Meet Aug. 22

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—A meeting of the enlarged Foster-Gitlow Campaign Committee will be held on Wednesday, Aug. 22, at 8 p. m. at 1214 Spring Garden Ave. Delegates from many Chicago labor organizations will attend. The first meeting of the enlarged committee formed plans to draw the largest possible number of workers into the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign.

Arrangements were made for a huge rally and picnic on Labor Day where Benjamin Gitlow, the vice presidential candidate of the Workers Party will be the principal speaker. At least 5,000 workers are expected to attend and demonstrate their determination to fight back the attacks of the bosses. An unusual program of sports and proletarian entertainment from 10 in the morning to past midnight is promised.

Members of all affiliated organizations will be mobilized for an intensive distribution of 50,000 circulars advertising the rally. Tuesday August 26, has been set aside for this purpose.

Worker Fractures Legs and Hips in Cave-in

Crushed by a 500-pound block of concrete at the bottom of a twenty-foot manhole at Sixth Ave. and 58th St. yesterday, Joseph Cassidro, 29, of 140 W. 58th St., was extricated by fellow-workers and taken to the Metropolitan Hospital with fractures of both legs and a possible fracture of the hips.

MINE MILITANT FACES TRIAL IN PENNSYLVANIA

Adam Getto Charged With Walking

(Special To The Daily Worker.)

WASHINGTON, Pa., Aug. 20.—Adam Getto, a leading miner in Bentleyville, will be tried in the county court here August 25, on charge of unlawful assemblage, preferred by coal and iron police in the employ of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation.

The case dates back to the stormy picketing in early April, when hundreds of strikebreakers left the mines in response to appeal of men, women and children who marched upon the mines.

Getto was walking down the road with two other miners when coal and iron police accosted him. The company agents told him that he was violating the sheriff's proclamation by walking in a group of three, Getto said.

Squire S. C. Lloyd was at hand in the office of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation a half mile away to hear the case. "He told me that if I would plead guilty he'd let me get away with a $10 fine," Getto reports. "But I know that this is their trick of trying to keep us out of the fight by scaring and fining us." When Getto persisted in his refusal, the charge was changed to unlawful assemblage, and $1,000 bail was set.

The case will be tried in the Washington County court.

FASCISTS JAIL POLISH WORKERS

WARSAW, Aug. 20.—The "amnesty" in Poland has brought no relief to the left political prisoners. On the other hand, the hunting and arrest of Communists continue.

The Kattowitz political police have made many arrests in Kattowitz and Konigshutte. Among the arrested there are said to be members of the Warsaw Central Committee of the Communist Party. In the home of a Communist assemblyman "incriminating material" was said to have been found. The prisoners are in the Kattowitz police prison.

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenu
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

Daily Worker

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Mathew Woll and That "Shipload of Gold."

Mathew Woll will be noted in history for his attainments as the theoretician of strike-breaking from within the labor movement. Not that Matty is himself a more adroit or brazen strikebreaker than Major George Berry, or John Lewis, or Bill Green—no, that would be saying too much. But Matty Woll is the theoretician; he is the souteneur with a philosophy of his trade. Where Lewis' program is carried out on the streets of a mining town by firing machine-gun bullets into the hearts of striking mine workers, Woll is the busybody of the pen and ink. He hands down to posterity the philosophy of such actions in imperishable newspaper statements.

A second phase of Mr. Woll's attainment in the art of class struggle against the working class is his marvelous capacity for discovering gold. Whenever a mass of workers, goaded to desperation by being sold out to scab-herding employers by Woll and his associates, their unions smashed, their members shot down on the streets or framed up and sent to prison by the open actions of "union" officials of the Woll gang—whenever a mass of workers under such conditions swats Mr. Woll in the eye, tells him to go to hell, and builds up a new union where the Woll gang destroyed the old,—then Mr. Woll sees, not stars, but gold! "Money apparently has come from Russia in large quantities to finance this work," says Mr. Woll, picking himself up and brushing off his $150 suit.

Let us glance at the latest statement of this little Knight of the Garter of American capitalism, about "money from Russia." In the first place, there is no such country as "Russia." There is the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, a conquest of the greatest "strike" of all history, a revolutionary conquest of the working class, the Socialist Fatherland of all workers of the whole earth. In the second place, there would be nothing more in the nature of the international solidarity of the working class, if the Russian workers were to send money to the workers in strikes or other struggles against the employers in capitalist countries. In the case of the British general strike and coal strike, the trade unions of the Soviet Republics did send millions of dollars to help their British fellow workers. True, this is not possible except in the most extreme cases, because the workers of the Soviet Union have the great necessity to put every possible kopeck into the construction of socialist industry within the country they have conquered. While Mr. Woll lies when he says money from the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is used in the struggles in which the needle trades workers, the miners and the textile workers have rubbed his and Sigman's and Batty's and Binns' and McMahon's and Lewis' noses in the dirt,—nevertheless there would be no objection in principle if the free working class of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics were to send to the workers in any other country financial help to win their struggles. But it didn't happen.

The trouble with Mr. Woll's mind is a too ready way of attributing all actions to motives connected with the receipt of money—a subjective judgment. Mr. Woll does not understand why workers fight for their rights; he has been too long separated by a deep bureaucratic gulf from the working class, its ways of thought and its motives; he confuses their motives with his own.

But we can tell Mr. Woll that the severe beating that he and Lewis and Green and Sigman and Kaufman are getting is due to the determination of the workers in certain sections of industry that their labor movement shall not be destroyed.

Nor can Matty scare these workers with the cry of "dual unionism." The militant workers in several great industries are out to organize their class, and the dirty strike-breaking tactics of preserving a shell of semi-company unionism as a dog-in-the-manger to prevent the real organization of the workers, is not going to keep them from action.

We notice that Woll's latest appeal against the Communists is no longer **to the workers**, but to a section of **employers**. Speaking of what he calls "the changed attitude" of the Communists (which is merely the consistent application of long-established Communist principles to a present situation), Mr. Woll said to the capitalist press:

> **"We welcome the changed attitude, because now we will know which AMERICAN EMPLOYERS are willing to countenance Moscow controlled labor organizations, financed by Soviet Russia and formed for the specific purpose of furthering the Moscow scheme of world revolution and dictatorship."**

So the appeal is to **"American employers"** against the Communists. This is some improvement; it is the beginning of a recognition that he cannot successfully appeal to the workers. The workers in the mine fields, in the textile mills and in the needle trades are rapidly learning that the Workers (Communist Party is their one everlasting and fearless friend and leader, and some of them are even learning to "take to their bosoms the doctrines of Communism," as Mr. Woll would say. Mr. Woll's statement is a wild appeal to open-shop employers to come to his rescue against the Communists and the hundreds of thousands of workers whose unions he and Green and Lewis and Sigman have wrecked. His frantic plea is:

> **"We will now find out how our 'open shop' employers with alleged American and patriotic war cries will take to their bosoms the doctrines of Communism and the machinations of Communists."**

Since the "doctrines of Communism" include the confiscation of the mills, mines and factories from the employers, Mr. Woll means that the "open-shop employers" to whom he appeals **cannot** "take to their bosoms the Communist program." What Woll is really getting at is that the employers are going to be beaten by the workers unless the employers call in Mr. Woll's gang to help them. He tells the open-shop employers:

> **"And the public (meaning the capitalist class) will learn the great service rendered by American labor (meaning the 'labor' bureaucracy) to our people (meaning the capitalist class) and the government."**

Well, Mr. Woll, you ought to understand that these actions of yours are motive enough for beating you. We think that it may be the licking you are getting from the fur workers under the leadership of the Communist, Ben Gold, among others, that inspired your latest scream.

It must have been Ben Gold, not Soviet gold.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

There is no better way to start a column right than to tell a story. A sympathizer, who does as much newspaper free-lancing as he can find a market for, walked into this department a few days ago with a yarn that deserves to be enshrined in the pages of revolutionary history. While travelling uptown on the 3rd Ave. "L" he noticed a sign stretched across the front of the Republican Club on the corner of 22nd and the avenue. It called public attention to the two candidates of the G. O. P., Hoover and Curtis. Our friend noticed that the Kansas hay's name was spelled with two esses. (Strange interlude). Two

* * *

Our informant, being a newspaper man, is wide awake and did not hesitate to spend a nickel on the chance of getting a story. He hopped off the train and ambled into the Hoover headquarters. Approaching a young man who was holding down the club room, the news-seeker asked if the officers of the club were aware that the name of the vice presidential candidate was spelled with one s instead of with two. What could he learn about Mr. Curtis? "Dat's right," replied the young Pro Bono Publican, "de name is spelt right. Dat's de guy that owns de field where Guggenheim and Lindboig park their airplanes."

* * *

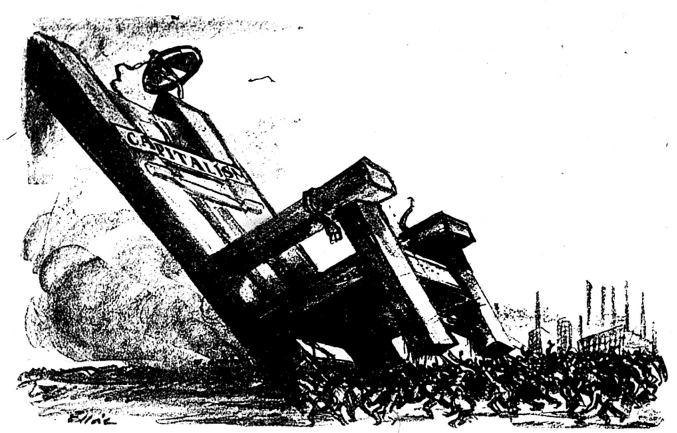
Astonished at the novelty of the reply, our friend proceeded to dig deeper into this mine of information. Was the young man aware that Mr. Curtis was a United States senator from Kansas and one of the outstanding politicians in the republican party? The young man appeared to be as irritated at this question as Gene Tunney when asked by a reporter if he reads Oscar Wilde. "No," he growled, "Curtiss is too big a man to have a job. I tell you dat he is de guy that owns de field where Lindboig and Guggenheim park their airplanes. He used to be an Indian when he was a boy, but he is no Indian any more. He is a republican."

* * *

Our campaign managers are now getting down to business in real earnest. Up until now they were so busy organizing for the collection of signatures that they did not have time to let the national office know much of their activities. But now their typewriters are clicking musically, which makes things more pleasant for our readers and the publicity department.

REMEMBER SACCO AND VANZETTI!

By Fred Ellis



On August 22 the workers in all countries commemorate the first anniversary of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti in the Massachusetts electric chair. The lessons of the Sacco-Vanzetti case must be brought home to the working class. **Only by the overthrow of capitalism itself can the exploitation of the working class and the murder of its finest members be ended. The United States, the most** powerful capitalist system in the world, is the land of the electric chair for the workers. **Powerful as this system is, it can be overthrown.**

Whose Are the "Scab" Unions?

Is It the National Organization Committee or Sigman-Schlesinger-Forward Clique

By LOUIS HYMAN.

The Sigman-Schlesinger clique and "The Forward" are shouting themselves hoarse that we have formed a Communist opposition scab union at the order of Moscow, where a policy of establishing opposition unions was decided upon. This would lead one to believe that up till now "The Forward" clique had recognized us as a regularly constituted labor union. It is a known fact, however, that immediately after Sigman had issued his edict expelling the locals and the Joint Board, representing 80 per cent of the membership, we were labelled by the Forward as the Communist scab union of 21st Street and Sigman with a few henchmen proceeded to organize opposition locals, which the Forward proclaimed as the real union. Now, when even those elements that originally sided with Sigman are coming over to the Joint Board and the bankruptcy of the clique is becoming more evident, the much abused bugaboo of "orders from Moscow" must be dragged by the clique, regardless of whether it has any bearing on the situation or not.

An examination of the facts will prove beyond a doubt that it is not we, but the clique that has organized an opposition scab union.

Worse Conditions.

Since 1910 the Schlesinger-Sigman-Forward clique has lorded it and held sole sway over our union. Thanks to its policies of treachery and corruption the cloak and dress industry was broken up into fragments. In place of the large inside shops innumerable contracting and sub-contracting shops have sprung into existence, where the workers are compelled to slave long hours for a starvation wage. The conditions of the workers grew steadily worse from season to season and from year to year.

In order to appease the hungry and dissatisfied workers the clique has presented demands to the bosses which it never seriously intended to put into effect. It called fake strikes and fake stoppages during which millions of dollars were squandered. After every strike and after every stoppage, "The Forward" loudly proclaimed that "Genosse" Schlesinger and "Genosse" Sigman had defeated the bosses and secured a great victory for the workers. Thru such continual "victories" the union was led to bankruptcy and the workers to a state of pauperism.

Create Jobs.

The "machine" in power was interested in but one thing—to create ever new jobs for its henchmen and increase their own salaries; to maintain a staff of officials and hirelings in order to build up a corrupt machine thru which to perpetuate themselves in power. Millions of dollars were extorted from the workers in dues and taxes to maintain this retinue.

The dissatisfied members could find no opportunity for expressing their opinion. The organs of the clique, "The Forward" and "The Justice" were merely the mouthpieces of the bureaucracy. To criticize an official in any other paper was considered a heinous crime for which members were expelled from the union.

The corruption and degeneracy of the clique reached such criminal proportions that it engendered bitter resentment on the part of the mass of the membership; so that, in spite of their autocratic and suppressive measures and their fraudulent practises in stealing elections, the clique lost control of the largest and most important locals, where the members elected the progressive and left wing elements.

"Expel" Membership.

Having lost control of the most important locals, the officials of the International, who are not elected by the members but at conventions by delegates from fake locals and by excluding the legally elected delegates from the large locals, succeeded in electing themselves to the highest offices of the International, perpetuating themselves in power against the wishes of the membership and using their official positions to expel the representatives elected by the workers, and even the workers themselves. In this manner, thru an autocratic edict, it was possible for a handful of jobholders to expel 90 per cent of the membership from the union. This small group of jobholders maintain that they are the union and that the tens of thousands of members are of no account and must submit to their dictates.

However, the workers have never submitted to these unprecedented and scandalous acts of the clique, and have demonstrated before the entire world that they will never recognize these self-crowned officials and will insist on their right to elect leaders in whom they can place their confidence.

Their Allies.

The International clique, together with "The Forward," held this protest of the membership in contempt and formed opposition locals nad an opposition Joint Board. With the aid of the bosses, elements of the underworld, the police, courts and methods of terrorism they tried to force the members to recognize their scab locals and scab Joint Board. They have even taken out injunctions against the Joint Board of Chicago and against the New York locals, representing thousands of members, prohibiting us from using the name of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, while they, a handful of jobholders, together with "The Forward" clique, proclaimed themselves as the International.

The clique has formed an opposition union, has taken out injunctions prohibiting us from calling ourselves the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, and now they have the audacity to claim that we have formed an opposition union under another name and that our union is the scab union. In connection with this, one recalls the story of the policeman, who after slugging a man unconscious with a heavy club, later arrested him for obstructing the sidewalk.

The Forward Clique.

If it is true that we are the scab union and they the real union, the bosses would surely not have forced their workers to go to their union. They label us "Sulkises" (Sulkis was a famous scab agent in the annals of the cloakmakers' union) and scab agents, but all the cloakmakers know that Sulkis had the full support of the bosses and now the Sigman-Schlesinger clique are getting this same support. For this reason alone it should be clear to everyone that not we but they are the Sulkises and scab agents.

This same gang, which is now raising such a hue and cry about opposition unions (and in their estimation an opposition union is synonymous with a scab union) has nevertheless time and again formed such union when it served their own interests. Is it not a well-known fact that Sigman formed an opposition union against the International years ago, at a time when the International was a real workers' union and not a company union, as it is now. And what about our saintly Mr. Shiplacoff? Was he not the manager of an opposition union (the Amalgamated)? And is it not common knowledge that the United Hebrew Trades with the aid of "The Forward" formed an opposition union last year against the Grocery Clerks' Union for the sole reason that the said union had sent in delegates to the United Hebrew Trades who were opponents of the Forward clique?

Friends of the Bosses.

These most discredited elements, who maintain themselves with the support of the bosses, the courts and injunctions, who have betrayed the last strike of the cloakmakers, who have broken the union and have brought untold suffering to the tens of thousands of cloak and dressmakers, call us an opposition scab union and get themselves blue in the face shouting Sulkises and scab agents at us. But their hysterical cries will fall on deaf ears and will not mislead anyone. The meeting at the Stadium, attended by more than fifteen thousand workers, had demonstrated that thru bluffs and terror they cannot force the workers to belong to their company union.

Their fairy tales that the cloakmakers and dressmakers do not come to our meetings, that the cloak and dressmakers are with them, are recognized even by themselves as shameful lies, for had they really believed their own statements they would not have refused to accept our challenge to submit the issues of the struggle to a referendum vote under the supervision of an impartial committee. Are not their statements, to the effect that they are fighting against a Communist dictatorship which we supposedly want to foist on the union, the greatest swindle since they themselves have refused and are afraid to submit the matter to the members when we, who are supposed to be the Communist dictators, have demanded it and have fought for it all along? If they were really fighting against the Communist dictatorship and democracy they would not oppose a democratic and legal manner of electing officers under the supervision of an impartial committee. Their refusal to let the members decide on the struggle was actuated by the knowledge that through democratic, constitutional and legal methods they could never remain in the union because the membership will never elect insurance and real estate agents as their leaders.

Mass Movement.

We are not building a Communist Union, as "The Forward" would have it, but a union of all cloak and dressmakers, regardless of their opinions, race or color. In the shop the boss does not make distinctions between workers who are left or right, socialist or Communist, Jews or Italians; there are no privileged individuals there; they are all equally exploited by the boss. In the same way, if the union is to be strong enough to curb the bosses' appetite for profits and improve the conditions of the workers, the union cannot make any discriminative laws against any worker of the trade, irrespective of his political opinions or party affiliations. Exception and persecution laws against one part of the membership mean discrimination against all members.

A leadership which is truly representative of the members, does not have to employ the terroristic methods employed by the Sigman-Schlesinger clique. The discriminative laws and pogroms, thru which the Sigman-Schlesinger clique strove to maintain itself in power, are an open confession of their total demoralization as labor leaders, and thru it they have sown the seeds of their own destruction.

The great mass of the cloak and dressmakers pay no heed to the International clique which hurls accusations of "Sulkises" and "scab agents" at us in its despair. The workers know that we are building a union which will give the members the fullest possibilities and fullest rights to express their opinion and exercise their control over it. They know that we are building a union of cloak and dressmakers which will not be controlled by a clique, where the cloak and dressmakers will be sole rulers, making its laws, electing its officers and deciding upon its policies.

WOMEN WORKERS AND ELECTIONS OF 1928

By REBECCA GRECHT

(Continued.)

The Workers (Communist) Party must regard as one of its most important tasks in the coming elections the campaign to win the allegiance of the workingclass women, who constitute a potential and actual political force of tremendous significance in the revolutionary movement. Our Party must expose the capitalist parties and the meaning of their present election manoeuvres not only as concerns the women workers, but in relation to the entire working class of which women are a part. We must expose also the treachery of the petty-bourgeois socialist party, which in its national platform has not a single word to say about the working women.

All possible support must be rallied for the Communist program and Communist candidates among women workers in organized and unorganized shops and in trade unions, and among workingclass housewives and mothers in every city. Throughout the country every left wing progressive organization must mobilize its women members and the wives of its male members for the Communist election campaign.

So, also, must the United Councils of Working Women, and in New York, Detroit, Boston, Chicago, the Working Women's Federations, be drawn into the movement to make the working women more effective participants in the struggle against capitalism—a struggle which can express itself in the elections only in the support of the Workers (Communist) Party.

To vote for capitalist candidates means, for the women workers, to vote for long hours, starvation wages, the continuation of the exploitation and oppression of the working class.

To vote for the Communist standard bearers means to support the immediate fight for adequate protection and better conditions for working women.

More than that—it means to support the struggle for the abolition of the capitalist system. For only a Communist society can lift the double burden of housekeeping and factory work from the woman of the working class, and give her full freedom and equality.

Told You So

THERE are several angles to this business of "outlawing" war—a business in which our good man Kellogg is directing,—that should be taken note of by husky young men whose physiques are entitled to favorable consideration by draft board doctors when the next "war to end war" breaks out. Practically all the liberals and pacifists have swallowed the Kellogg treaty without a grimace. Perhaps, because it is pre-war stuff—pre the next war. Radicals however are not accustomed to take the anti-war maneuvers of the imperialists seriously, except in the light of war preparations.

* * *

HOW can any intelligent and honest person believe that a country that is now at war with Nicaragua for no reason in the world except that the workers and peasants of Nicaragua insist on defending themselves against Wall Street exploitation, honestly aim to abolish war as a means of settling international disputes? Yet the papers are deluged with hokum in favor of this fake treaty. Norman Thomas the socialist and Adolph Ochs the multi-millionaire owner of the New York Times are supporting Kellogg's war maneuver under the guise of peace

* * *

THE truth is that this Kellogg treaty is a maneuver against the League of Nations which is right now in England's vest pocket. And being a maneuver against the league it is a maneuver against England. Several straws show which way the winds of the next war are blowing. For instance, Kellogg is said to be preparing an arbitration pact with Egypt. The British foreign office has raised its monocle and looked severely in the general direction of Washington. What are the American blighters up to? Fawney dealing with a country which is under the "protection" of the Mother Country! The British are jolly well willing to look after Egyptian interests, that is the interests of Britain's capitalists in Egypt.

* * *

THIS is rather queer business for Mr. Kellogg to engage in if he is so anxious to avoid war. Would Mr. Kellogg look with an unconcerned eye on the intrusion of the British government into the affairs of Nicaragua which the American government is willing to chaperon with marines? It would seem to an innocent bystander that these two imperialist powers are poaching on each other and I would not be a bit surprised to see American newspapers that uphold the rape of Nicaragua protest against the rape of Egypt by the British.

* * *

IT IS also reported that Kellogg intends to pay a visit to Ireland after he signs the anti-war pact in Paris. If the present plans carry thru "Nervous Nellie" will be transported to the Free State on a United States naval vessel. Why this sudden regard for Ireland on the part of a man, who while ambassador to the Court of Saint James, outdid the most extreme tory jingo in his expressed admiration for the British Empire? Because a pro-United States Ireland in the almost inevitable war between Great Britain and the United States would be a convenient landing place for American submarines and a base of operations against England. The pacifists should read the news more carefully unless they wish to be wilfully blind

* * *

IN THE by-elections in Aberdeen Scotland, the Communist candidate ran ahead of the Liberals. A Laborite won by a large majority. This is the first time that the Communist Party of Great Britain ran a candidate in opposition to the official Labor Party ticket. The British Labor Party is saturated with imperialism. The leaders of the parliamentary labor party are always invited to royal functions. Ramsay MacDonald, speaking in Canada last week declared that the British Labor Party is not a class party but a party of intellectuals.

* * *

A NEW YORK tabloid got nicely taken in, it appears on the "Siamese Twins" story. It was reported that one of the girls was in love and wished to be surgically separated from her sister so that she could marry. Bernarr MacFadden, the big muscle and mush man immediately called his Graphic staff together and got his art editor to have them pose for composographs of the twins, the surgeons, the nurses and the surgical instruments. It now develops that the whole business was a clever publicity stunt and some press agent is laughing quietly and contemplating his share of the contract money, the twins being showered with offers to appear in vaudeville.

* * *

THOMAS LAMONT, just to show that there are still a few left in Wall Street who have not come out for Al Smith, threw his boodle into Herbert Hoover's campaign chest. Lamont voted for John D. Davis in 1924, but this time he will cast his ballot for Herbert. This is additional proof that the republican and democratic parties are as closely allied economically as the Siamese twins.

Tom O'Flaherty

NICOLA SACCO.

FIGHT CAPITALIST "JUSTICE," RED AID URGES ON SACCO MEMORIAL

On the first anniversary of the execution of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, the Executive Committee of the International Red Aid has issued a call to the world workers to intensify their fight against the rapacious white terror.

"A year has passed," says the appeal, "since the class justice of the American bourgeoisie brutally murdered Sacco and Vanzetti despite the storm of protests all over the world and the passionate indignation of the workers everywhere and despite the fact that they were both clearly innocent of the crimes with which they were charged.

"By this bloody act of vengeance the bourgeoisie proved once again to the masses that it was prepared for all crime and all bloodshed in its struggle against the revolutionary movement."

"The nearer the approach of the danger of a new imperialist war and intervention against the Soviet Union which the international bourgeoisie is preparing, the more bitter and brutal grows the international struggle against the workers' and peasants' movement, the more ruthless grow the methods used to smash the revolutionary movement, the more furious grows the hatred of the bourgeoisie against the revolutionary advance guard of the workers and peasants."

In order to make the path clearer and easier for its imperialist plans, the statement says, the master class intends first of all to crush out the vitality of the revolutionary movement, to break the resistance of the workers and peasants once and for all.

"The bloody violence and the mass executions in China, the white terror in India and Indonesia, the bestial sentences, the murders and tortures in fascist Italy, the persecutions and white terror in Poland, Rumania, Bulgaria and in the so-called democratic countries like Great Britain, France and Germany, show all too clearly that the bourgeoisie is adopting the most brutal and ruthless methods at its disposal in its struggle against the revolutionary movement."

The appeal concludes:

"Workers! Do not forget the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti! Remember the thousands of murdered victims of the white terror in China!

"Remember the hundreds of thousands of class war prisoners who are still in the torture chambers of the bourgeoisie!

"Demand the abolition of the prison regime! Demand the abolition of torture as a weapon against the working class!

"Demand the abolition of the Exceptional Laws and the Special Tribunals against the working class! Demand the release of all class war prisoners! American workers, join the International Labor Defense. Demand the release of Mooney and Billings."

BARTOLOMEO VANZETTI.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

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SACCO-VANZETTI DEMONSTRATION ON UNION SQ. TODAY

TWO NEGROES ON WORKERS PARTY NEBRASKA TICKET

Davis, Albert Named at Ratification Convention

Ratify Party Platform

With the endorsement of Foster and Gitlow, the nomination of eight electors and a complete state ticket, the Workers (Communist) Party concluded a ratification convention in Omaha, Nebraska, on Aug. 19 which set a new mark for the Party in that state and aroused the enthusiasm of the delegates and sympathizers, according to a telegram from Roy Stephans, special organizer in Nebraska.

An outstanding feature of the convention was the nomination of two Negroes on the state ticket.

Unanimous Acceptance.

The following nominations were made and unanimously accepted: Edward L. Schlekau of South Omaha for Governor; W. E. Davis, a Negro, for Lieutenant-Governor; Dole Albert, a Negro, for Secretary of State, Charles. Dayton, Sioux City, for auditor: and Roy Stephens, Congressman, for the second district.

In accepting the nomination for Lieutenant-Governor, Davis declared that the Party shows that it champions the cause of the Negroes by

Continued on Page Seven

NATIONAL SACCO VANZETTI MEETS

Demonstrations Thru-out Country

Hundreds of thousands of workers will meet today in mass demonstrations throughout the United States to honor the memories of the two labor martyrs, Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, who were legally murdered a year ago today by the labor hating and reactionary courts of American big business, and to pledge themselves to the destruction of the capitalist system that made the murders possible.

The meetings, in addition to reaffirming the mass protest against the killing of Sacco and Vanzetti, will be turned into fiery protests against the incarceration of Tom Mooney, Warren K. Billings, and the Centralia prisoners.

New York City, at Union Square, August 22, 5 p. m., with Robert Minor, Jack Stachel, Martin Abern, Moissaye Olgin, Max Shachtman, Paul Jones, and numerous others.

Boston, Paine Memorial Hall, 9 Appleton St., August 22, with Ben-

Coontinued on Page Six

SAY MEXICAN NUN LED ASSASSINS

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 21 (UP). —The nun, Maria De La Concepcion, held with a number of other suspects in connection with the assassination of President-elect Alvaro Obregon, was the leader of plots to kill both Obregon and President Calles many months before the actual crime, according to a police statement issued tonight.

The arrests of seven women and five men alleged to have been associated in plotting the assassinations, revealed the existence of a group which, besides seeking the death of political leaders, was responsible for placing bombs in both the chamber of deputies and Obregon headquarters, police charged.

At the Birthplace of Bartolomeo Vanzetti

Bartolomeo Vanzetti's sisters, Luigia and Vincenzina, are shown above at their home in Villafalletto, the birthplace of the martyred worker.

OPEN WORLD YOUTH CONGRESS

Communist Leagues Meet in Moscow

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 21.—Two hundred and fifty delegates and more than four thousand guests yesterday crowded a big theatre here to attend the opening session of the Fifth World Congress of the Young Communist International. After Chitarov had made the opening speech, referring to the victims of the White Terror all over the world, the entire assemblage rose in honor of the victims.

The members elected to the Praesidium of the Young Communist International, included as honorary members, Stalin, Bukharin, Krupskaya, Clara Zetkin, Thaelmann, Marty, Max Hoelz, Gramsci, and many other internationally known Communist leaders.

Kosarev welcomed the Congress

Continued on Page Two

WHITING GIVEN COMMERCE POST

Anti-Union Paper Boss Picked by Coolidge

(By United Press)

SUPERIOR, Wis., Aug. 21.—President Coolidge today accepted the resignation of Herbert Hoover as Secretary of Commerce and appointed William F. Whiting of Holyoke, Mass., as the new secretary.

The oath of office was administered at Coolidge's private office here by court attaches of Superior. Whiting arrived here early today to hold a conference with Coolidge.

* * *

William W. Whiting, new secretary of Commerce to succeed Herbert Hoover, is president of the Whiting Paper Company of Holyoke, and a notorious union-hater. Recently his corporation merged with the American Writing Paper Company, then the largest organization of its kind in the world. Combined, they own many score of open shop mills thruout the United States and Canada.

HILLMAN THUGS ASSAIL WORKER

Attack Tailor While at Work in Shop

Alarmed at the rapidly growing sentiment among the workers against paying dues to the officialdom of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union because of their resentment at the transformation of their once powerful organization into a company union, the machine in control decided to begin a new form of terror by beating up workers while they are at work in the shop.

Workers in the big plant of William T. Goldman, manufacturer of GGG men's clothing, had told Hillman's dues collectors that they felt reluctant to pay dues to an organization that has fast become an efficiency instrument of the employers, the right wing business agent, Tony Frunzi of Local 161, came up to this factory yesterday with a gang of thugs and viciously assaulted Abraham Jacobs, a lapel maker, who though criticizing the union officialdom nevertheless never advocated non-payment of dues.

After crashing a workers' mouth with a bunt weapon that knocked out three teeth and cut his lip, one of the assailants, J. Schneider, member of the executive board of Local 161, reached his hand into the prostrate worker's pockets and emptied them of about $44 he had there in pay just received.

Threatening similar treatment to all those who oppose the dictates of the machine in control the squad of underworld officials left the factory. Jacobs was later treated by an ambulance from St. Catherine's Hospital. The doctor in closing the torn lip was compelled to take four stitches.

"GOOD WILL" FLIGHT

GUATEMALA CITY, Guatemala, Aug. 21 (UP).—Lieutenant-Colonel Roberto Fierro, who started from Havana this morning on a non-stop flight here as the first leg of his good-will flight around Central America, is reported to have landed at Belize, capital of British Honduras, at 1:05 p. m., due to bad weather.

HUGE USSR OIL EXPORT

Four Times as Much as Under Czar

MOSCOW, Aug. 21 (UP).—As an indication of the enormous expansion of the Petroleum Industry in the Soviet Union may be cited the fact that for the three months May to July exports almost equaled the total for the entire year of 1913.

It is announced here that 855,000 tons of oil and oil products were exported in those three months. That is 61 per cent more than in the corresponding quarter last year. Exports for the nine months of the Russian fiscal year, beginning November 1, amounted to 1,951,500 tons, or 40 per cent. More than last year, and twice the amount exported in the same period of 1925-26.

Steel, Railroad and Textile Workers Strike in India

CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY TIED UP BY HUGE STRIKE

Troops in North Meet Peasant Resistance on Roads

Government Alarmed

(By United Press.)

MOSCOW, Aug. 21 (UP).—Twenty-five thousand rubles, sent for the relief of striking railroad workers in India by the Railwaymen's Union of the Soviet Union, have been returned by the bank in Calcutta, through whom the transfer was to have been made.

The Soviet press was inclined to doubt the bank's explanation that the All-Indian Federation of Railroad Workers refused to accept the gift. The "Evening Moscow," in a satirical tirade, charged that the bank held up the money transfer to hurt the Indian strikers. It claims that the federation denies having refused the money.

* * *

(By United Press.)

CALCUTTA, India, Aug. 21.—A general strike was declared today by employes of the Tata Steel

Continued on Page Seven

TRAINMEN READY FOR STRIKE CALL

Rank and File May Act Despite Officials

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 21 (UP)—Members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen on lines west of Chicago whose wage increase demands were recently rejected, are voting heavily to strike, A. F. Whitney, Brotherhood president, said here today.

The strike vote was ordered last week after the collapse of a conference in Chicago at which the Brotherhood rejected a wage increase offer with the provision that certain working rules be abolished.

* * *

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 21.—Informed labor leaders here declared that there is a widespread sentiment among rank and file trainmen on the western lines for strike action.

SHOE WORKERS ISSUE APPEAL

Urge the Building of Strong Union

A mobilization call to all shoe workers of Greater New York and vicinity was issued yesterday by the Joint Council of the Independent Shoe Workers' Union appealing to these workers to unite for the task of building a powerful and militant Shoe Workers' Union in the city.

The appeal calls attention to the recent Unity Conference called at the initiative of the workers of the S. Liberman shop, the purpose of which was to unify the various actions of the shoe workers.

The unity committee has now completed its work, the statement declares. The place for every worker is now within the ranks of the union.

* * *

(The full text of the shoe workers' appeal will be published shortly in the columns of the Daily Worker).

One Year Ago: Sacco, Vanzetti Manacled After Sentence

After Judge Webster Thayer, agent of the Massachusetts capitalists, had completed his job for them with the sentence of death passed upon Sacco and Vanzetti, the two workers were led out of the Dedham courthouse manacled to detectives.

INTENSIFY RED WEEK CAMPAIGN

Choice of Maihold by G. O. P. Significant

Two events of utmost importance were ushered into the political arena on Monday; the beginning of the Red Week financial drive of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York, and the appointment of H. Edmund Machold as chairman of the republican state committee. The latter, while it has no revolutionary import, is significant of the support of Hoover and the republican state ticket by the power interests and their $11,000,000,000 of propaganda money.

While the workers of New York—that portion which is class-conscious—do not expect the total of their contributions to the Communist Campaign Fund to compete with the huge sums being showered into the laps of the capitalist candidates by public utilities and munitions benefactors, the intensity of the Red Week campaign will in no degree be lessened.

Labor-Hating G. O. P.

The appointment of H. Edmund Machold to the republican state chairmanship, for a pertinent example, brings to mind the number of power companies Machold controls, and it is rather safe to predict comfortable "presents" from the interlocking directorateships of

Continued on Page Two

Seamen to Hold Sacco, Vanzetti Meet Tonight

A Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting will be held tonight at 8 o'clock at the International Seamen's Club, 28 South St. Prominent speakers will be present, it is announced.

Eisenstein, Great USSR Movie Director, Will Visit U. S. in Autumn

In an announcement issued last night, American movie directors stated that S. M. Eisenstein, noted director of the cinema in the Soviet Union, will soon visit the United States to direct one picture for the United Artists.

Eisenstein, whose remarkable work in "Potemkin," "The End of St. Petersburg," and a score of other cinema masterpieces that enjoyed great successes throughout the world, will bring with him his theories on mass movies, developed since the Russian Revolution.

DRYS TO HOLD CONGRESS.

ANTWERP, Aug. 20.—The International Anti-Alcohol Congress is scheduled to hold its nineteenth congress here, where a large delegation of American drys are expected. The Soviet Union has also been invited to attend "unofficially."

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 21.—Stephanos Skouloudis, premier and foreign minister of Greece in 1915 and 1916, died here today.

EXPEL MILITANT FROM CAP UNION

UnderworldMarshalled by Chicago Officials

CHICAGO, Aug. 21.—Marshaling all their underworld characters, the reactionary officials of the Chicago Capmakers' Local 5 and the heads of the right wing Chicago Hebrew Trades, came down to a membership meeting of the local Monday night, and after creating an atmosphere of terror railroaded through a measure expelling from union membership Morris Feingold, a leader of the left wing in the union and until recently a general field organizer.

A mass meeting of protest against these terrorist methods of retaining control of the union will be held this Thursday evening, August 23, in the Capitol building, 159 N. State St., Room 803, leaders of the progressive forces in the organization declared this afternoon.

No Discussion Permitted.

The machine business agent, sure of himself because of the presence

Continued on Page Two

HIT SOCIALIST BETRAYAL

World Anti-Imperialists Rap Reformists

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

BERLIN, Aug. 21.—Representatives from all parts of the world consolidated their fight against imperialism at the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Anti-Imperialist League, which opened its sessions here on Saturday. The position of the Second International on the colonial independence movements was severely criticized.

After Muenzenberg made the Secretariat report and Saklatvala, Maxton, Ledebour and Lessing discussed it, Chattopadyaya reported on the Indian situation, Bridgemann on Britain, Vanmunster on Holland and Madame Drevet on France. Speaking for the English delegation Maxton declared himself in favor of absolute independence for India.

A resolution condemning the attitude of the second international and

Continued on Page Six

EXPECT RECORD CROWD TO HONOR HEROIC MARTYRS

Fifty Labor Unions; Many Speakers to Participate

1,000 Police on Guard

One of the largest demonstrations ever held by the workers of Greater New York is expected to take place this afternoon at 5 p. m. on the anniversary of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti who one year ago today fell victims to the rapaciousness and vengeance of American capitalism. From every section of the city and its outlying districts members of the rising working class in the interest of which the two labor martyrs laid down their lives will journey to the demonstration.

Wide Representation.

More than 50 labor unions have already signified their intention of being represented. Forty-seven nationally known speakers will address the vast throng from four specially constructed platforms. The speaking stands will be draped in red and black, flowers will be banked at the foot of the center platform and large pictures of the two martyrs will decorate each stand.

From police headquarters, it was learned, that more than 1,000 uniformed and plain clothes cops will be on hand to see that "order" is preserved. The meeting, however, is expected to have all the surge and fire which marked last year's Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration. The usual attempt is being made by the police to create the impression that violence may occur.

Thousands To Participate.

Word was received yesterday at the International Labor Defense headquarters that many fraternal organizations and labor units will assemble at their respective headquarters and will march in mass formation to the scene of the demonstration. All organizations affiliated with the Working Women's Federation will meet at the Labor Temple at 5 p. m. and march in a body to Union Square. They will carry banners and slogans and will be but one of the colorful incidents in the monster demonstration.

Telegrams, letters and messages still continue to pour into the office of the New York section of the I. L. D. pledging support from the various fraternal and labor organizations. Unions and clubs which will take part in the huge meeting are as follows:

Unions To Be Present.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, Local 1090; International Seamen's Union; Window Cleaners' Protective Union, Local 8; Paper Box Makers' Union; Architectural Iron and Bronze Workers' Union; United Council of Working Class Women; Amalgamated Food Workers of America; Furriers' Union; International Ladies' Garment Workers, Locals 22 and 43; twenty-seven branches of the Workmen's Circle; Suit Case, Bag and Portfolio Makers' Union; Hand Millinery Workers' Union, Local 43; Shoe and Slipper Workers' Union; Workers (Communist) Party, Young Workers (Communist) League; Young Pioneers of America; 45 branches of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, under whose aus-

Continued on Page Two

Miners Prepare for Big Pittsburgh Convention to Build a New and Militant Union

ALL DISTRICTS SEND DELEGATES TO HUGE MEET

Local After Local Pledges Support

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 21.—Reports are now coming in steadily of the increasing sentiment among miners in all districts for the building of the new union and the sending of delegates to the Pittsburgh convention which begins September 9, according to an announcement made by the National Arrangements Committee for a new miners' union.

"Realizing that the first job facing every progressive miner right now is the election of delegates to the coming convention," the statement says, "hundreds of militants have thrown themselves into the work. Mining camps are more busy with preparations than at any time since the famous April 1 conference called by the Save-the-Union Committee.

"District 5 was whipped into line Friday, August 19, at a district conference in Walton Hall. Fifty leading progressives came together to report on work actually done and make final plans for covering the district, electing delegates, affiliating with the National Miners' Convention Arrangements Committee, and putting a dues card in the hands of every miner who is interested in building an honest union.

"Representatives at the conference proved that they have been on the job. Delegates have already been elected in dozens of locals on the basis of one for every local and an additional delegate for every hundred members.

"Mike Stenovich, of Renton, Pa., reported that he and many other organizers under Vincent Kemenovitch's direction are organizing local after local in the unorganized fields of Pennsylvania. Westmoreland, Somersett, Fayette and Green counties are all lined up for the big job of organizing one militant union which will fight for every miner in the country."

SOVIET STATION IN ARCTIC REGION

Scientists Push Plans for Base

MOSCOW, Aug. 21 (UP).—Soviet scientists are pushing the project of establishing a series of permanent scientific stations in the Arctic regions.

The scheme, as outlined here, contemplates formation of an international aero-Arctic society, financed by all the nations bordering on the Arctic, to carry on this work.

In a signed article published in a local newspaper the prominent academician, Professor A. N. Fersman said that until permanent stations are established at Spitzbergen, Nova Semyla, Franz Joseph Land and other points, Arctic exploration will involve tragedies such as followed General Umberto Nobile's efforts.

INTENSIFY RED WEEK CAMPAIGN

Choice of Maihold by G. O. P. Significant

Continued from Page One

these power companies to the republican party of Hoover, the protege of the public utilities interests. The Northeastern Power Co., of which Machold is president, has a network of power lines in Northern New York and controls the Power Corporation of New York, the Northern New York Utilities, Inc., Malone Light and Power Co., Fort Covington Light, Heat and Power Co., and others throughout the state.

Smith, Hoover Against Workers.

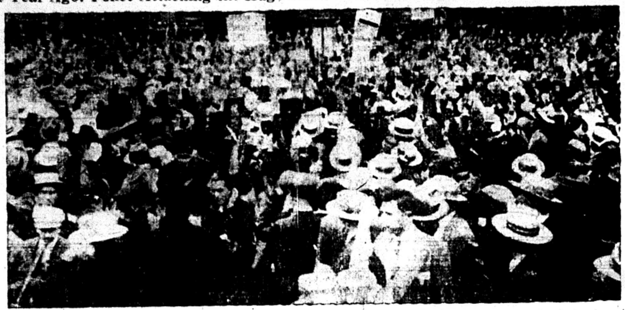
That the power interests are playing both ends against the middle is evident from the support given by Owen D. Young, president of the General Electric Co., to Smith, the anti-labor candidate of the democratic party.

Just as financial support is the most valuable in the capitalist campaigns, money is also needed for the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party. Speakers' expenses must be paid, tons of literature must be printed and distributed. All workers are urged to collect and donate for the Communist Campaign Fund during Red Week, which ends August 28, and to participate in the Tag Days of next Saturday and Sunday.

FOR NICARAGUA WAR

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Aug. 21 (UP).—Leut. Frank Schilt, piloting a Fokker marine plane from Washington to Nicaragua, left here today for Miami. He planned to refuel there before attempting the hop to Managua.

One Year Ago: Police Attacking the Huge Sacco-Vanzetti Demonstration in Union Square



Following the police attack upon the Sacco and Vanzetti protest in Union Square, New York City, last year, hundreds of workers streamed down Second Ave., to the City Hall to protest against the murder of the two militants.

SURVEY EXPOSES MINE CONDITIONS

Starvation Brings New Menace

A medical survey of twenty mining towns where the strike has been in progress sixteen months indicates that the dread Pellagria and beri beri may be expected if the lack of essential foods continues. This survey is based upon a personal investigation made by George A. Parker, M. D.

Maternity cases, Dr. Parker said, lack suitable attention. Sometimes they are conducted with the aid of neighboring women hastily summoned. Often attempts to obtain medical aid have proved unavailing, he asserted, due to financial handicaps. General medical attention is limited, since miners lack funds to pay for physicians or medicines.

Children's ailments uncared for listed in the report, are enlarged glands, intestinal disturbances, subacute and chronic disorders, tonsils, etc.

Hospitals Overcrowded.

The hospitalization available is totally inadequate, the survey indicates. The free ward at the Miners' hospital in Spangler is overcrowded. They are no other free wards or clinics in the entire district. Should an epidemic break out, the results would be extremely dangerous, contributing markedly to an increased per cent in fatalities. The lowered vitality of the miners and their families brought about by inadequate nourishment and living conditions, life in the barracks, the approach of cold and inclement weather, and the opening of school are listed as factors influencing the spread of epidemics.

To combat this situation, Dr. Parker whose survey was conducted under the auspices of the Emergency for Miners Relief, proposes organized medical relief which would give especial consideration to maternity cases, children's diseases and incipient epidemics.

A detailed program for clinics to be conducted two days a week in Barnesboro and Portage, reserving the remainder of the time for more distant and smaller settlements, as well as whatever emergencies might present themselves. Cooperation from hospitals and school boards to obtain rooms for urgent cases, and surveys of children's health, is also outlined. The cost of the project is estimated at $50 a week for doctor's salary and personal expenses, and $5,000 for medical supplies, hospitalization, etc., for a four months period.

Official Committee Active.

Meanwhile, the National Miners Relief Committee is straining its resources to send the minimum necessities to as many camps as possible, to fight off starvation and disease, where the miners have not yet returned to work.

The black-listing of local leaders, the aftermath of lost strikes, is already in effect starving the militant miners out of the industry. In numerous camps, the miners are banding together, demanding that everybody be employed together. In this way, the blacklist has been effectively eliminated in numerous mines.

TORNADO KILLS 7 IN MINNESOTA

AUSTIN, Minn., Aug. 21 (UP).—An army of relief workers today invaded the path of the destructive tornado which late yesterday swept southern Minnesota and northern Iowa, causing at least eight deaths and damage estimated at $1,500,000.

Five persons were injured fatally in Austin and the damage was estimated today at more than $500,000.

5 DROWNED AT SEA.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Aug. 21 (UP).—Five lives were lost when the small steamer Miraflores went aground at the mouth of the Maullin River on Friday, it was announced officially today. The dead included an infant. The remainder of the 20 aboard escaped.

Miner Killed in Open Shop Mine When Body Touches Trolley Wire

SMITHFIELD, Ohio, Aug. 21.—Harry McCoy, 27-year-old miner was instantly killed yesterday by electrocution in the No. 2 Mine of the United States Coal Company according to information made public by Coroner Arch Bell. McCoy was killed while on duty in the open-shop mine when he came in contact with a trolley wire.

EXPEL MILITANT FROM CAP UNION

Underworld Marshalled by Chicago Officials

Continued from Page One

of the numerous gangsters, arrogantly announced the decision of the executive board to expel Feingold and declared that no discussion would be permitted. Regardless of the union constitution, he said, Feingold stands expelled.

Thugs, rallied by the right wing forces in Chicago, openly threatened the lives of many protesting members. When Feingold himself arose to speak, in defiance of the bureaucrats' orders, he was curtly ordered to shut up and sit down.

Thugs Create Terror.

United Hebrew Trades leaders then took the floor and spoke cynically of the "so-called rights of the membership," declaring that they will stop at nothing to halt any probable protests.

Although many of the members at the meeting were silenced by the threatening terror, they nevertheless manifested bitter protest at these fascist methods and declared their intention of fighting against it.

The fight against the right wing disrupters and agents of the employers will be begun in earnest at the protest meeting, progressive leaders declared.

World Congress of Red Youth Opens

Continued from Page One

in the name of the Central Committee and the Moscow Committee of the Young Communist League of the Soviet Union.

Bukharin, greeted with storms of applause, then addressed the Congress.

"The Fifth Congress of the Young Communist International", he said, "is opening at a moment when the war danger is extremely great, and it is your task, therefore, to make all efforts to organize the resistance of the proletariat against the imperialists who would destroy the workers and peasants state of the Soviet Union."

In conclusion, Bukharin praised the great deeds of the Chinese Youth during the Canton insurrection and appealed to the Communist youth to struggle with all their strength for the proletarian revolution.

Welcomes Congress.

After immense applause for Bukharin, representatives of the Moscow youth spoke. Smith answered in the name of the Praesidium. Delegates of the Kim division then welcomed the Congress amidst further display of enthusiasm. Madame Krupskaya, widow of Lenin, was greeted with a minute long ovation when she delivered her speech of welcome.

After Thaelmann had finished his greeting to the Congress, the Pioneers marched in the hall and thirteen-year-old Avkeyeitvch welcomed the Congress in their name.

Elect Secretariat.

Other speeches were made by Cachin, France; Liu Wu Tchu, China; Phillips and Rosseginol. In the midst of these speeches, the International delegation of the Spartakiad entered the hall.

Ferrat, of Italy, answered the speeches on behalf of the members of the Praesidium.

After the Secretariat and the Commissions had been elected, every one present rose and sang the International and the "Young Guard" under the guidance of the famous conductor-composer, Degeyter.

LABOR DEFENSE AIDS STRIKERS

Bails Out Arrested Steel Pickets

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 21.—The latest maneuver of the officials of the Central Alloy Steel Corporation to keep its strikers off the picket lines by imposing exorbitant bail on them has resulted in the first participation of the International Labor Defense in the steel strike and the complete rout of the corporation.

The initial trial of the Labor Defense organization came last Friday night with the arrest of three strikers by police, who hailed them to the station house because "they were suspicious." A strikebreaker said that he was afraid they were going to beat him.

At first the judge ordered them charged and set bail at $150. Following a conversation with a company guard, however, he immediately raised the bond to $1,500.

The International Labor Defense then stepped into the case and secured bail for the strikers, who were released, going straight from the jail to their strike meeting. The incident has caused the greatest enthusiasm among the steel strikers.

Fifteen strikers have been arrested to date by the police and held on charges of "suspicion" or others more serious involving deportation proceedings. The International Labor Defense, however, has announced its determination to fight to the last ditch the courts controlled by the steel corporation.

The Cleveland office of the International Labor Defense has pledged itself to defend every striker and requests its friends to help by sending contributions to the Cleveland District Office, Room 306, 226 West Superior Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

More Capitalists are Prosperous This Year

E. I. Du Pont De Nemours Company today declared the regular quarterly dividends of $2.50 on the common stock and $1.50 on the debenture stock, payable September 15 to stock of record August 31 on the former and October 25 to stock of record October 10 on the latter.

Court to Hear Appeal of Mendola, Innocent Pittston Mine Leader

PITTSTON, Pa. Aug. 21 (FP).—Pennsylvania's supreme court will hear an appeal from Steve Mendola, sentenced to four years for accompanying Sam Bonita when he shot and killed Frank Agati in the district miners office in Wilkes-Barre. The shooting was the aftermath of the murder of Pittston progressive union leaders campaigning against the contract system.

TO HOLD SACCO MEETING TODAY

Huge Demonstration in Union Square

Continued from Page One

faces the demonstration has been arranged.

Rose Sacco To Attend.

It is expected that Rose Sacco, widow of the murdered revolutionist will attend the Union Square meeting. Greco and Carrillo, who narrowly escaped a death similar to the ones suffered by Sacco and Vanzetti, will also attend the demonstration. It will be remembered that Greco and Carrillo were saved from electrocution when the frame-up against them was exposed by the International Labor Defense.

Among the speakers who will address the meeting are:

Scott Nearing, Communist lecturer and economist; Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker; Moissaye J. Olgin, editor of the Hammer; John J. Ballam, acting District 2 organizer of the Workers Party; Ben Gold, manager of the Furriers' Joint Board; Bert Miller, organization secretary District 2, Workers Party; Meilech Epstein, editor of the Freiheit; Richard B. Moore, secretary of the Negro Labor Congress; Carlo Tresca, editor of Il Martello, Bishop Paul Jones of the Fellowship of Reconciliation and many other speakers representing Communist, anarchist, labor and fraternal organizations. There will also be speakers from the Young Workers (Communist) League, from the International Labor Defense and from many other organizations.

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To fight against the imperialist war on Nicaragua and the war preparations now being made by Wall Street for another bloody conflict, in which the American workers and exploited farmers will be sacrificed. Send in your contributions to the NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE, 43 East 125th St., New York. Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

WORKERS BEGIN TO ANSWER CALL OF CHINA UNIONS

Philadelphia, Seattle Committees Formed

Increased activity throughout the United States on behalf of the aid of the Chinese labor unions was indicated yesterday through the receipt at the office of the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions of communications from several big cities throughout the country announcing the formation and preparations for the formation of other committees, the purpose of which will be the raising of funds for the relief of the suppressed Chinese trade unionists.

Thus far, a beginning of several hundred dollars has been realized by the Committee. These funds were raised mainly through the efforts of those who participated in the Tag Day of two Sundays ago. However, the collection lists continue to be sent out, and the money raised in this manner will probably start coming in by the end of this week. The complete returns of the Tag Day have also not been turned in, and the definite sum collected during that day is still a matter of speculation.

Philadelphia Committee.

The communication from Philadelphia, received yesterday at the office of the Committee, says that "a Conference to aid the Chinese Trade Unions has been organized in Philadelphia." This conference, the communication states, will enlist the aid of many labor and fraternal organizations in the city. At a recent picnic held here, a Chinese speaker described the terrorism and persecution of the Chinese trade unionists by the reactionary Kuomintang Nanking government. After the speech, a collection was held among the people present, and the money will be sent immediately to the Committee to aid the Chinese Trade Unions in New York, thence to be sent to China. Besides this, house to house collections and mass meetings are being planned in Philadelphia, both of which are expected to net considerable sums for the Chinese worker and peasant relief.

2 Damage Suits Filed Against Standard Oil Company of New York

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Aug. 21 (UP).—Two damage suits, totaling $20,000, were entered against the Standard Oil Company of New York in federal court today.

Frank Crowley of Bridgeport seeks $5,000 damage for himself and $15,000 for his daughter Mabel, for injuries alleged to have been received at a filling station of the Standard Oil Company.

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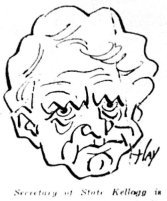
Veils War in Words



Secretary of State Kellogg is now traveling to Paris on the Ile de France, manned by French naval strikebreakers, to append his signature to the so-called peace pact that bears his name. The powers are not even waiting for the peace pact to veil their armament preparations in pacific phrases before beginning maneuvers thruout Europe.

SACCO LEAFLET GIVERS JAILED

Announced Meeting in Union Square

Two workers, Louis Objiler and Helen Kass were arrested yesterday afternoon at 37th St. and 5th Ave., for distributing leaflets announcing the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting to be held today on Union Sq.

The workers were distributing leaflets from a truck which was covered with signs announcing the meeting, when police ordered them to stop and arrested them immediately.

They were taken to the 30th Street Police Station and released under $500 bail each on the charge of "disorderly conduct." The International Labor Defense, New York section, provided the bail, and the I. L. D. lawyer, Buitenkamp, will defend the workers when they appear tomorrow morning at 9 a. m. at the Jefferson Market Court.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

NEARING TO BE IN EXTENSIVE DRIVE IN NEW JERSEY

Will Expose Wall St. Control of State

The New Jersey Workers (Communist) Party campaign committee will invade the enemies' territory when Scott Nearing, the Party's candidate for governor, appears in Perth Amboy on the 26th of August, Sunday night. This city is the home of Morgan F. Larson, the candidate for big business on the republican ticket.

Nearing will expose the Wall Street domination of the two old party candidates, Hoover and Smith and at the same time expose the control of the corporations over the state politics. He will stress the investigations of Hudson county and Atlantic county.

Nearing will continue his itinerary then to Jersey City and speak in the home town of Mayor Hague; from there he will appear in Newark on the 30th and in Passaic on the 31st of August. Next Nearing will come back to Bayonne, the Standard Oil center, on the first of September; in Elizabeth on the 4th and wind up in Paterson on the 5th of the month.

Ship Worker Drowned in Fire on Standard Oil Company Tanker

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 21 (UP).—The $5,000,000 plant of the Standard Oil Co. at Point Wells, 12 miles north of here, was threatened with destruction today when a large water area off the docks was converted into a sea of fire following an explosion aboard the 64,000 gallon tanker Petroleum II.

A. A. Richard, ship cook, was drowned when he and five other members of the crew leaped into the water to save their lives. The others reached shore safely, swimming most of the distance under water.

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WORKERS OPEN AIR FESTIVAL
THIS SATURDAY August 25
Given by Trade Union Educational League, Local N.Y., and Jewish Workers University

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Freiheit Soccer Team.
5 P. M.
International Red Poets Forum
6 to 11 P. M.
Camp Fire Concert with the Mass Chorus of Brooklyn—and other musical members

Tickets for Entire Festival, Only 35 Cents
TO BE OBTAINED AT THE FREIHEIT AND WORKERS' CENTER, ROOM 205

ULMER PARK
B. M. T. West End Line to 25th Ave.

SEVEN YEARS IN HELL FOR SACCO, VANZETTI

1919

NOVEMBER 7—On the seoond anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution, agents of the Department of Justice, under instructions from A. Mitchell Palmer, attorney general, swooped down on Communist meetings, workers clubs, societies, etc., and jailed hundreds of workers as a first step in the campaign of "red raids."

MARCH (During first week)—Andrea Salsedo, Brooklyn printer, is arrested for radical activities. Held incommunicado in a secret detention room of the Department of Justice in Park Row, New York.

MAY 2 — Bartolomeo Vanzetti comes to New York as a representative of the Galliani anarchist group in New England to arrange for legal defense for Salsedo. They had learned that he was being subjected to third-degree tortures by the department of Justice.

MAY 3—The body of Salsedo is found crushed on the sidewalk before the Park Row building of the Department of Justice. The impact had crushed it to a pulp. It is now generally agreed that Salzedo was either pushed from the 14th floor of the building or threw himself out when he could endure the torture of the Department of Justice agents no longer.

MAY 5—Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti are arrested on a street car while going from West Bridgewater to Brockton, Mass., while engaged in arranging protest meetings among Italian workers of the community following the death of Salsedo.

1920

AUGUST 16—Vanzetti is charged with attempteing to rob a cashier in Bridgewater on December 24, 1919, and is sentenced to prison for from 12 to 15 years by Judge Thayer in Plymouth.

SEPTEMBER 11—Sacco and Vanzetti are accused of being the chief participants in the murder that occurred in South Braintree on April 15, 1920, where, near the shoe factory of Slater and Morrill Co., Ferdinand Parmenter and his guard, Alexander Berardelli, were killed. The $15,000 payroll in their possession had been stolen.

1921

MAY 31—Sacco and Vanzetti are brought to trial in Dedham, Mass., again before Judge Thayer. They are indicted on a charge of first degree murder.

JULY 14—After five hours, the jury returns a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree against Sacco and Vanzetti.

OCTOBER 12—The workers of Paris conduct a huge protest demonstration against the verdict. Twenty workers are wounded when the demonstration is broken up by the police. (It is impossible here to list the tens of thousands of meetings, demonstrations, strikes, etc., that took place in every corner of the world in solidarity with the two martyrs.)

OCTOBER 30—Workers in Cuba, in a demonstration before the American consulate, demand the release of Sacco and Vanzetti.

DECEMBER 24—Judge Thayer refuses to grant a plea for a new trial.

1922

JANUARY 1—The defense announces that it is in possession of new evidence to prove the innocence of Sacco and Vanzetti.

MARCH 23—The workers of Sofia, Bulgaria, warn the American embassy that they will not remain silent if the American capitalist class determines to murder Sacco and Vanzetti.

1923

FEBRUARY 16—Sacco begins a hunger strike in the Norfolk County Jail which lasts 30 days.

1924

OCTOBER 1—Judge Thayer denies five motions of the defense to challenge the verdict of the jury in the Sacco-Vanzetti case.

NOVEMBER 21 — William Thompson, former Boston district attorney, assumes charge of the defense. The defense enters a bill of exceptions to make possible the institution of a new trial.

1926

JANUARY 10—Celestino Madeiros, a sentenced criminal, declares that he knows that the murder of Parmenter and Berardelli was committed by members of the notorious Morelli gang of Providence, R. I.

MAY 12—The state supreme court denies a new trial to Sacco and Vanzetti on the basis of the bill of exceptions. The court maintains that they were legally convicted.

SEPTEMBER 13—The defense demands a new trial on the basis of the Madeiros confession.

OCTOBER 21—Judge Thayer denied the motion for a new trial.

NOVEMBER 19—Twenty thousand workers gather in Madison Square Garden, New York, to demand a new trial for Sacco and Vanzetti.

1927

JANUARY 27—Defense attorneys argue before the judges of the state supreme court and demand new action on the basis of Judge Thayer's prejudicial conduct during the trial of Sacco and Vanzetti.

APRIL 5—The state supreme court denies all pleas for a new trial.

APRIL 9—Judge Thayer hands down a decision that Sacco and Vanzetti shall die in the electric chair on July 10, 1927.

APRIL 10—International Labor Defense issues call for demonstrations of protest thruout the United States, and appeals to the labor movement of the rest of the world to join in a final mvoement to save Sacco and Vanzetti from being murdered.

APRIL 23—Gov. Alvan T. Fuller of Massachusetts institutes his star chamber investigation committee to give sanctity to the legal execuion. It includes President Lowell of Harvard, and President Stratton of Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

JUNE 29—Gov. Fuller postpones the date of execution to August 10. The postponement refers to Sacco, Vanzetti and Madeiros.

JULY 7—A quarter of a million workers strike in protest in New York. Over 25,000 attend demonstration in Union Square.

JULY 17—Sacco and Vanzetti begin a hunger strike.

• • •

(In the meantime, strikes, demonstrations and meetings are taking place in every part of the world, demanding the release of Sacco and Vanzetti, or the granting of a new trial. Tens of millions of workers are set into motion against the planned assassination. Some of the worker's leading men and women of letters, arts and science join the world-wide protest movement. Gov. Fuller's office is swamped with thousands upon thousands of letters, telegrams and cablegrams of protest.)

• • •

AUGUST 8—The supreme judicial court of Massachusetts refuses to grant a writ of habeas corpus in order to halt the execution. Judge Thayer again refuses to grant a new trial.

AUGUST 10—Twenty minutes before the time set for the execution, and while millions of workers thruout the world are demonstrating their hatred to the Massachusetts murderers—on the streets, Gov. Fuller continues the torture of the two workers by again postponing the date of execution to August 22.

AUGUST 11—Judge Sanderson decides that the question of a new trial must be decided by the full court. Vanzetti ends his hunger strike.

AUGUST 15—Sacco ends his hunger strike, because he is threatened with forcible feeding.

AUGUST 16—The defense argues before the supreme judicial court for a new trial, demonstrating the prejudice of Judge Thayer.

AUGUST 19—The court denies the pleas of the defense.

AUGUST 20—Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, "liberal" member of the United States supreme court, denies the plea of the defense for a writ of habeas corpus. Fuller refuses to grant any further postponement.

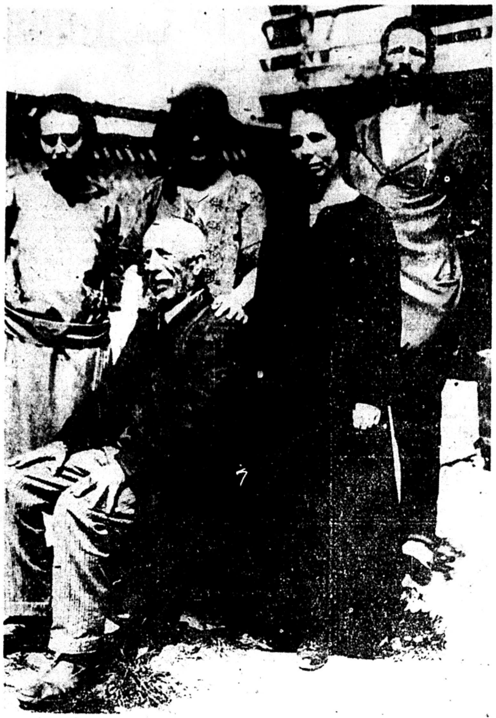
AUGUST 21—Louis Brandies, another "liberal" member of the U. S. supreme court, also denies the pleas of the defense attorneys.

AUGUST 22—Rosa, wife of Sacco, and Luigia, sister of Vanzetti, approach Gov. Fuller for last minute action. He declines to act.

• • •

A few minutes after midnight: the execution. The current of death is sent thru the tortured bodies of the workers. The Puritan hyenas of Massachusetts capitalism have won their victory.

The Family of Bartolomeo Vanzetti: Labor Martyr



Above, in the foreground, is the father of Bartolomeo Vanzetti. Behind him are Vanzetti's mother, his sisters, Luigia and Vincenzina and his younger brother, Ettore. The picture was taken in Vanzetti's native town of Villafalletto.

HOW PALMER TRIED TO FRAME MARTYRS

By ART SHIELDS
(Federated Press).

I MET Nick Sacco first eight years years ago. He had already been caged six months and prison paller hed set in. Nick was muscular and supple, but lack of exercise and prison food were telling on him.

On my second visit to Dedham jail, just after Thanksgiving Day, 1920, a department of justice spy who had been put in the cell adjoining Sacco was discovered. Fred Moore, Nick's attorney, was along. Moore had uncovered spies before when he was handling cases for western loggers and oil workers and the textile workers of Lawrence, Mass., and his quick thinking was successful n ths emeirgency.

• • •

Nick was nervous when they led him through the barred doors of the corridor to the central waiting room of the prison. He bent forward and whispered his suspicions as the fat gray old keeper sat sleepily some distance away by the desk where the prisoner's entry book rested. Nick said a strange Italian was put into the next cell. That stranger, posing as a fellow radical, sought to incite him to enter into a bombing conspiracy.

His cell neighbor talked to him in the corridor when they were both let out for an exercise period. The man claimed he was arrested in a payroll case like Nick, that he was a radical, too, an I. W. W. from Chicago. Nick was no I. W. W. He was an anarchist, but he had a friendly feeling for wobblies. However this fellow did not ring true.

A little later the stranger suggested Nick ask his radical friends to bring dynamite and blow up the prison. Then Nick became pretty sure the man was crooked. At this point he noticed that the prison authorities had prolonged the exercise time to two hours. That looked queer.

• • •

MOORE listened to the story, then acted like a flash. With a disarming smile he was at the keeper's side, engaging him in careless conversation. In another minute, before theold fellow woke up to the situation, Moore was copying an Italian name from the prison book. There was a fat-handed attempt of the keeper to get the book away, but the western lawyer's hand was too strong. The strange Italian was charged with attempted assault and robbery, but no committing magistrate was listed.

That stool-pigeon was placed in the cell next to Sacco at the order of the department of justice and District Attorney Katzmann. A confidential agent of Moore got that from the sheriff's office soon after. It was a definite link connecting A. Mitchell Palmer with the prosecution of the two workingmen and in pamphlets ,news stories and magazine articles that followed, the attack was driven home.

I met Vanzetti about the same time at Charlestown penitentiary. I met him again during the years, as he grew older in body but not in spirit in his Massachusetts cage. One day he summed up his two chief desires for me as follows:

"If I am ever free," he said, "I want to live in the open air close to nature and I want to live for the social reolution."

Vanzetti was more given to abtract thought than his comrade; he read more and he wrote more. But Sacco's last days showed to the world a realistic outlook that any revolutionist might be proud of. He saw that there was no hope for mercy from his class enemies, and yet he was entirely fearless. Both met their deaths with supreme beauty and courage—yet differently: Vanzetti with forgiveness for his enemies, Sacco with defiance.

ONE YEAR HAS PASSED

(In Memory of Sacco and Vanzetti).

By H. T. TSAING

Fast! Fast!
One year has past!
Dead! Dead!
You will reborn never!
Who said, "There will be resurrection"?
Why did we not see any of those gentlemen
Who were willing to take your places?
What are the uses of petition, protest and demonstration?
They may now refire the cold ashes of our martyrs,
And can never soften the murderers' hearts.
What are the uses of tears, sighs and complaints?
They may expect the embraces of their dear mothers,
And can never get pardons from the blood-thirsty masters.
Have you ever seen the sheep and pigs being dragged to the axe?
How pitifully thy cry!
How terribly they tremble!
Yet men all enjoy their delicious flesh, just the same!
Sheep, pigs, workers, foreigners!
Your flesh is fresh,
Your blood is sweet,
Your sweat is fertile.

O Vanzetti!
Did you say:
"I wish to forgive some people for what they are now doing to me"?
Certainly, you can forgive them as you like,
But you are the Wop, the fish peddler, the worker.
And haven't anything in the bank.
Isn't it a great insult to say "forgive to your honorable master?"

O martyrs!
Dead! Dead!
You were dead.
Never, never
Live again.
Fast! fast!
But one year has past.
Years are piling up the immortal bricks of your lofty monument.
O martyrs!
Look at the autumn flowers
They are dying!
Dying! dying!
But
The trees, the roots from which
The flowers are coming,
Never, never die!
When the spring comes
We shall again see the pretty flowers
Blooming,
Perfuming,
Salute to the warming sun;
Wrestling with the mild wind
And kissing with the charming butterflies.
O martyrs!
Dead, dead. You are dead!
But
Your human tree and your human root
Is budding,
Blooming,
And growing!
Listen to the war cries of your living brothers!
This is the incense we are burning for you!

"VILLAFALLETTO," A VISIT TO FAMILY OF VANZETTI

By H. W. L. DANA.

"VILLAFALLETTO," cried the railway guard at last, and as I stepped off the train at a little isolated station in northern Italy. I read on a sign the word that had been already imprinted on my memory: "Villafalletto."

Often during the long seven years of his imprisonment, Bartolomeo Vanzetti used to describe to me his native town. "Villafalletto rises on the right bank of the Magra in the shadow of a beautiful chain of hills," he wrote and added, "The deep green of the north Italian valleys is a living thing in my mind today." Shortly before he was put to death he wrote to me urging me, if ever I were in Italy, to go and visit his family. Now at last I was able to do so and had come to see the surroundings in which he had grown up and which had always meant so much to him.

Twenty Years Ago.

As I got off on the platform, I realized that it was here at this same railroad station that Vanzetti had said goodbye to his family twenty years ago when he had left home, being, as he put it, "drawn to America by my love of freedom." The freedom for the working class which he had not found there, he had fought to give America, and America had given him death.

From the railway station it was more than a mile's drive up to the hill town of Villafalletto itself. I got into a covered wagon crowded with villagers who had returned by the train and the wagon made its way slowly up the winding road towards the little town among the foothills. Already the sun had set behind the mountains and the night was fast coming on.

Villafalletto and Dedham.

At length we rattled across the little bridge over the Magra and passing through an old gateway like that of a castle entered the town of Villafalletto. The one central street with the stream of water flowing through the middle of it at which the women washed their clothes offered a striking contrast to the wide lawns of the bourgeois estates in the town of Dedham, Massachusetts, where Vanzetti had been condemned to death. I thought once more of the contrast in the courtroom between the bronzed figure of Vanzetti himself and the shrivelled form of the New England judge. In the two towns as in the two men, Italian labor and American capital seemed face to face.

As I alighted then from the carriage and set foot in this town, I found myself trembling with shame and indignation for my own country. Here was I from Massachusetts, venturing to come here. At the inn, said to be the oldest in Italy, I asked for Vanzetti's home. I was conscious at once of penetrating glances and yet a warm sympathy. There had been around the whole world a great rending cry at the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti—the voice of an "international of justice" such as the world had never heard before.

In Czechoslovakia in one of the cities the central square that had ten years ago been christened "Wilson Square" has now been renamed "Sacco and Vanzetti Square." In Moscow there is a "Sacco and Vanzetti Theatre" with large portraits of them on the facade. Instances of this sort can be found today in every country showing that their memory is still alive.

"Gentle, Thoughtful."

Yet the inhabitants of this little town of Villafalletto seemed unaware of the world importance their Bartolomeo Vanzetti had come to hold. They pressed around me with questions about the trial and the execution in America and volunteered all sorts of information about Vanzetti's life at Villafalletto. One old woman remembered him as the most gentle and thoughtful boy their town had ever known. One of his schoolmates told me of his brilliance in his studies and of his unquenchable ardor for reading. One and all in Villafalletto were convinced of his complete innocence of the crime attributed to him. But I found in them a sort of mute acceptance of injustice which I came to feel characteristic of poor workers like these under a fascist regime.

They pointed out to me across the darkened street the yellow lights from the windows of Vanzetti's house. There I found his family warm-hearted in their hospitality through all the anguish of their suffering. I came to see in them the very traits I had learned to love in him. His two sisters, Luiga and Vincenzina, were kindly thoughtful and alert in interest. His younger brother, Ettore, was a shy but friendly lad. The father, a fine old Italian with a face that seemed carved out of hardest granite, came in later. He was courteous and kind but seemed a broken man, unable to talk about the case and sat throughout our conversation ominously silent. From neighboring houses in the course of the evening there dropped in an aunt, some young cousins, and a woman who, Vanzetti had told me, had been after his mother's death a sort of second mother to him.

They led me to a table and insisted in giving me things to eat and drink. In the letter of introduction which Vanzetti had given me to his family he had written with characteristic thoughtfulness and naivete: "Give Professor Dana white wine because that is better suited to Americans, since they are not accustomed to drink." With a smile they offered me my choice from the well supplied wine store of the father.

Vanzetti's Letter.

After supper, I read them the various letters I had received from Bartolomeo, and showed them the pictures in the newspapers, the cartoons, and the posters about Sacco and Vanzetti that I had gathered in America and the various countries of Europe. They in turn showed me family portraits, pictures of Bartolomeo at various ages from earliest childhood, and a long series of letters from him during the seven years of the trial—much the most complete record of his thoughts that exists and one which must be taken into account in any attempt to write the full story of his life. They told me of the terrible days of suspense they had passed and the night of anguish waiting for the final news. They spoke too, of the family of Sacco at Torre Maggiore in the extreme southeast of Italy as they were in the extreme northwest. Half the night was spent in our talk before we finally went to bed.

The next day they took me out of doors, through the courtyard surrounded by galleries and through a lane to the vegetable garden where Bartolomeo had told me he used to love to work as a boy. Here now his young brother, Ettore, was at work and pointed out with pride the trees Bartolomeo had planted. The cousins told me of the sympathetic fondness he had felt for all living things in this garden. It all bore out Sacco's spontaneous characterization of Vanzetti as "the man kind to all."

His Own Room.

The sisters showed me the room where their mother had died while Bartolomeo was a boy and I remembered his account of his pathetic attempts to stop all sounds that might disturb her during her sickness, rushing out into the street to implore noisy groups of young men please to go elsewhere. We saw the forest where he used to wander in despair after her death and the bridge where he used to stand and look longingly at the bed of the stream beneath.

The family did not share, did not understand Vanzetti's views, but I always felt their ardent confidence in his character and their complete conviction of his innocence. If they did not raise their voices in strident outcries against the 'deep damnation of his taking off, it seemed to me only a part of that same dumb submission to unjust authority which I had already felt when I first spoke to these humble village workers in Mussolini's Italy. But there was not a trace of any sense of shame, only of silent pride.

His Last Letter.

This was brought out clearly when they came to read aloud to me Vanzetti's last letter of which they allowed me to make a copy. It was a letter written just before his death—a letter full of calm preparation and proud strength. It was dated: "The New Era: The First Day" and was in part as follows:

"I am calm and prepared for all that may come. I swear to you my complete innocence of the crimes attributed to me and of all other crimes. Do not feel ashamed of me. A day will come in which my life will be known such as it really was and then all you who call yourselves by the name of Vanzetti will be happy and proud of that name. Already all those who know me love and respect me. I have inscribed my gravestone with twenty years of life consecrated to the pursuit of justice and liberty for all. If I must now die through fault of the greatest injustice of men and of circumstances, I can rest assured that no one of those who have been my enemies will be mourned as I shall be....I shall fight to the last moment in order to conquer. Then lift up your spirits."

As I watched the dignified, exalted look on the faces of the family as they stood listening to the reading of this letter, I felt confident that they had lifted up their spirits and that they were proud to bear the name of Vanzetti.

VANZETTI TO JUDGE THAYER

"If it had not been for these things, I might have live out my life, talking at street corners to scorning men. I might have die unmarked, unknown, a failure. This is our career and our triumph. Never in our full life can we hope to do such work for tolerance, for jeostice, for man's onderstanding of man, as now we do by an accident. 'Ou words—our lives—our pains—nothing! The taking of our lives—lives of a good shoemaker and a poor fish peddler—all! That last moment belong to us—that agony is our triumph!"

Sacco and Vanzetti

By HENRY REICH, JR.

A year has passed—and these two shining names'
Still move like fire across the earthly lands,
And weld our brotherhood in singing flames
And join again the countless workers' hands.

These names, withstanding all the blows of fate,
Now rise immortal from the earth again
To mock the masters' venom and their hate,
To live forever in the hearts of men.

Vanzetti! Sacco! These two names shall spell
Another word for revolution now,
Upon the winds these names shall rise and swell,
Upon men's lips they shall be like a vow.

For when the revolution's mighty tide
Shall sweep the earth and rend reaction's gloom,
Our crimson banners then afolt in pride
Shall bear these names that seal the masters' doom!

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The International Situation and Tasks of Communist International

Comrade Bukharin's Report of the Executive Committee of the Communist International

This is the concluding instalment of Bukharin's report, made to the Sixth Congress of the Communist International on July 18 and 19, the first half of which appeared in the Daily Worker last Saturday, August 18. The portion published Saturday consisted of: "I. A General Analysis of Modern Capitalism and the Special Forms of the Crisis of Capitalism," and "II. Internal Political Processes in the Bourgeois Countries." The report continues:

III. Our Line of Tactics.

THE CHANGE IN TACTIC CORRESPONDS TO THE CHANGE IN THE OBJECTIVE SITUATION.

The changes in the objective situation compelled us to change our tactics. It was a proper reaction to the altered state of affairs. A clear example of this is afforded by Great Britain. The Labor Party, which at one time was a loose organization without party discipline is now becoming a real social democratic party on the model of the continental parties. It has a program and party discipline; it is striving to bind us politically by means of its influence in the trade unions. It expels us, it launches attacks against us. If we were to retain our former attitude at the present time and preserve our former relationship so as not to break the common front of the organized proletariat, we would be doomed. We would lose our political independence and thereby our right to existence. The enemy would break us. It would be silly not to draw the proper conclusions from such a state of affairs. The change in the attitude of our British party was determined by the change in the objective situation, by the new organizational methods of the labor party, by new relationships that arose between our party and the labor party. These are all political factors of first rate importance.

The same may be said about France. It is no accident that the contemporary representatives of social democracy in France are Paul Boncour, with his military law and Albert Thomas, who is boosting Mussolini. The Thomases and Boncours are not expelled. On the contrary, the social democrats strive to justify their conduct. The "left" Fritz Adler writes a pitiful article in which he actually tries to defend Thomas, the bard of fascism. Thas is how the most "left" elements of the II. International act, and that is how the man, who during the war assassinated a cabinet minister as a protest against the war, writes now!

As far as the Communist Party of France is concerned, there were certain other considerations compelling us to change our tactics. It is a well-known fact that survivals of parliamentary illusions are still prevalent in the French Party. The recent elections marked a turning point for the Party, a turning point which must be regarded not only from the viewpoint of the elections, but also from the angle of the entire future policy of the French Communist Party. Having come to the conclusion that we were on the eve of great class conflicts in which parliamentarism, in the worst sense of the word, may play a very pernicious role, we had to do everything in our power to break down this tradition.

Thus the change in our tactics was bound up with the change in the objective situation and this was the signal for a change in the tactics in the larger of our Communist Parties. The political pivot of this change is our changed attitude towards the social democratic parties. The question of our attitude towards the social democratic parties is a cardinal political question. Intensification of the struggle against social democracy—such is the political orientation of the Communist International, and I think that this slogan, this political orientation, will be adopted by the VI. Congress. At the same time I must emphasise that the adoption of sharper methods of struggle against the social democratic parties is not in any way identical with the abandonment of the united front tactics, as some comrades are inclined to think. On the contrary, the more sharply we come out against social democracy and against its political line, the more determinedly must we take up the task of capturing the masses, including the mass of rank and file social democrats, including the mass of workers who follow the lead of social democracy, and the more strenuously must we fight to win these masses. But in order to conduct a successful struggle for the masses we must employ proper methods of approaching them. Only those lacking intelligence would argue that since we are waging a desperate struggle against social democracy we must have no dealings with rank and file social democratic workers. There are many comrades who still fail to appreciate this two-fold task. Many have not as yet given serious thought to the matter. But the fact is that this is one of our most important and fundamental tasks.

IV. The Revolution in Colonial and Semi-Colonial Countries.

CORRECTNESS OF THE MAIN LINE AND BLUNDERS IN ITS APPLICATION TO CHINA.

Before analyzing our fundamental tasks in general, I should like to deal with the question of the colonial movements. I will deal with China and India, but will limit myself merely to a few remarks, because these questions will be dealt with partly in discussing the programme and, particularly, in discussing the colonial question.

On the questions of the Chinese revolution, we had an extensive discussion with our opposition on points of principle. Here we can in retrospect deal once again with some of the major problems of the Chinese revolution. The Communist Party of China, as all of you know, has suffered a severe defeat. This is a fact. The question arises, was this defeat a result of the wrong tactics pursued by the Comintern in the Chinese revolution? Perhaps indeed, it was inexpedient to have entered into a bloc with the bourgeoisie; perhaps this was the original sin, the basic error, which determined all other errors, and, gradually, step by step, brought about the defeat of the Chinese proletariat? Most likely this question will be analyzed in great detail at this Congress when the colonial problem will be up for discussion in as much as this in an extremely vital question which must be critically and scrupulously examined and analyzed. But I think, and the analyzis will bear me out in this, that the mistake does not lie here.

On the whole, it is not the main line of tactics that was at fault, but the political actions and the practical application of the line pursued in China. Firstly, at the beginning of the Chinese revolution, in the period of collaboration with the Kuomintang, our mistake was that we did not sufficiently criticize the Kuomintang. Instead of being an ally, our Party was at times an accessory of the Kuomintang. Secondly, the Communist Party of China failed to understand the change that took place in the objective situation, the transition from one stage to another. Thus, it was possible for a time to march together with the national bourgeoisie, but at a certain stage of development it was necessary to foresee imminent changes. It was necessary to prepare for that. In concluding an alliance it is always necessary to bear in mind the possibility of changes and, consequently, to prepare for a struggle. On a critical analysis of all phases of the Chinese revolution we find that the C. C. of the Chinese Party and partly also our representative in China committed a grave blunder. They did not take this coming change into account, they did not foresee it and therefore did not effect a timely change when the former ally turned into a deadly foe. Thirdly, our Party at times acted as a brake on the mass movement, a brake on the agrarian revolution, and a brake on the labor movement. These were fatal blunders and, naturally, they helped to bring about the defeat of the Communist Party and of the Chinese proletariat. After a whole series of defeats the Party set to work resolutely to rectify its opportunist blunders. But this time, as frequently happens, some comrades fell into the other extreme. They did not prepare uprisings with sufficient care, they displayed glaring putschist tendencies and adventurism of the worst type. The IX. Plenum of the C. I. called for a change in the tactics of the Communist Party of China, but not in the same direction as that of the West European parties.

By manipulating such terms as "Left," "Right," etc., we can say that in France and Great Britain a change has been effected towards the "Left" and in China towards the "Right." However, I wish to make a reservation: I am not in favor of such terminology. It little suits the occasion and explains nothing. The purpose of analyzing any given situation is to discover whether certain tactics are correct or not, suitable or unsuitable for the given situation and not whether the tactics are "Right" or "Left."

THE RETURN OF THE REVOLUTIONARY TIDE IN CHINA IS INEVITABLE.

We characterize the present period in the Chinese revolution as the culminating point of a great period when the revolutionary wave rose high and the beginning of a period in which the main task is to unite the masses and to rally the forces in preparation for a new great revolutionary upheaval.

All objective symptoms show that another revolutionary upheaval is inevitable. The whole experience of the past struggle shows that without gigantic mass movements it will be impossible to solve the problem of the Chinese revolution and that the objective pre-requisites for its victorious completion exist. But this brings us against the main task of uniting the masses so as to deprive the enemy of the opportunity to gradually destroy our proletarian army unit by unit. Iron necessity demanded that the Party abandon the position of immediate insurrection and take up the position of preparation, mass preparation, for an uprising with a maximum chance of victory. I think that the resolution adopted by the IX. Plenum on the Chinese question helped greatly to further the development of the Communist Party of China. I hope that the Congress decisions will be in keeping with the spirit of the resolution.

NEW PROCESSES IN INDIA.

The situation in India is shaping itself differently. There the situation and the correlation of forces are different from those in China, where in the course of an entire period, in the course of many years, the bourgeoisie conducted an armed struggle against the imperialists. This is a fact. It is otherwise in India. There it is inconceivable that the bourgeoisie will play a revolutionary role for any length of time. This of course, does not apply to the various petty bourgeois parties or terroristic organizations now existing in India. I have in mind the principal cadres of the bourgeoisie, the Swaraj Party.

I am not in a position to make an economic analysis of the situation in India, but I should like to state that I do not share the opinion that India is ceasing to be a colonial country and that a process of decolonization is going on there. That theory is a one-sided one. On the contrary, recently, following the period of concessions, British imperialism has increased its colonial oppression of India in general and of the Indian bourgeoisie in particular. This compels the Swaraj Party once again to maneuver against British imperialism. It is maneuvering. But this is a far-cry from armed struggle. At the very first outbreak of mass action the Swaraj Party will turn towards British imperialism and seek to compromise with it. I have in mind such mass action in which the masses will advance independent radical slogans such as a demand to confiscate the land or radical slogans for the defense of working class interests. It seems to me that in the event of independent mass action and the advancement of more or less revolutionary slogans the Swaraj bourgeoisie will very rapidly come to an agreement and compromise with British imperialism. Now it maneuvers. At some points, it may play even an objectively revolutionary role, but it is inconceivable that it will play a revloutionary role for any length of time. There is no doubt, and this must be emphasized, that the bourgeoisie will desert to the camp of counter-revolution at the first manifestation of a mass movement. The Communist Party must from the very outset expose the half-heartedness of the bourgeoisie, accentuate the slogans, from the very beginning come out against the bourgeoisie and open the eyes of the masses of the workers to the future behavior of the Indian Swarajist bourgeoisie. A mechanical application of Chinese tactics to India is fraught with great danger. A special analysis and special tactics based on the particular conditions prevailing in India are necessary.

V. Our Main Tasks and Our Shortcomings.

MORE INTERNATIONALISM!

Comrades, I now come to our main tasks and our shortcomings. From my analysis of the world situation, certain conclusions follow in relation to our basic orientation in the sphere of tactical problems. First of all, I will deal with the question of the international character of our movement. It stands to reason that in the present period, when great political questions occupy the center of attention of the Communist Parties, when the war problem is the main problem, the activities of the Communist International must be chiefly based on international training and on the tasks of the Communist Parties arising from them. Regarding our Party activity from this viewpoint, it must be stated that notwithstanding the relative numerical weakness of our Communist Parties, we have achieved fairly great successes in regard to the Bolshevization of our Parties: we have quite considerable gains, and increase in influence to record, we have ideologically gained new territories for Communism, etc. Nevertheless, the degree of internationalism of the Communist Parties is still very small compared with the tasks confronting the Communist International and its Sections. Experience of recent years has revealed these shortcomings and I think that it is our duty to speak of them openly. A frank admission of these shortcomings is an important prerequisite for their elimination.

During the strike in Great Britain many Parties inadequately supported the British working class and this we have stated in the resolutions of Enlarged Plenums of the Communist International. With the exception of a few Parties, and particularly the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, the Parties rendered very meagre help to the British proletariat.

Practically the same thing was manifested in connection with the Chinese events. The magnitude of the international campaign in defense of the Chinese Revolution did not fully correspond to the objects and requirements of the period and the revolutionary duty fo the Parties. Interest in the Chinese Revolution was not sufficiently sustained. Nor did the Party press deal adequately with the Bolshevization of the Communist Party of China and the Bolshevization of the labor and peasant movement in China. Thoroughgoing and systematic work in this sphere was not observed. Sufficiently broad political campaigns corresponding to the requirements were not conducted. Sporadic attempts were made to remove these shortcomings, but persistent systematic work was not undertaken and as a result, the Parties were not always able to cope with the tasks that confronted them in the period of big campaigns.

Take the question of Fascism. I have in mind not only Italian Fascism; I want to deal with this question on somewhat broader lines, I want to take up the question of Fascism in Italy, in Poland and Fascism in general. The Communist Parties' struggle against Fascism and the attention they paid to this question was totally inadequate.

Events like the United States incursion in Nicaragua have not been sufficiently counteracted, particularly by the American Party. Even the American Party, for which this question should have been the Central Question in all its activity, was not in a position to develop a sufficiently broad campaign. This is no less true of the other Parties. Nicaragua is far away from Europe, but geographical conditions should not so seriously affect the work of Communist Parties. In some Parties, particularly in Europe, both small and large, certain survivals of provincialism are to be observed; a lack of understanding of the significance of international high politics. If we are to prepare seriously for world historical events like imminent war, we must now stress the problems of high international politics, for otherwise, we will be unable to prepare seriously for the outbreak of war. It stands to reason that in order to launch this campaign properly, in order to carry it on with the necessary energy, we must link up questions of international high politics with questions of daily life and revolutionary activity in the respective countries. Here again the problem of war comes to the fore. Almost all internal political questions, including questions of the labor movement of each country, encounter this problem. The capitalist offensive is bound up with the bourgeois preparations for war and is called forth by the necessity to strengthen the positions of the bourgeoisie, to establish civil peace, to organize protection against the workers, etc. Generally speaking, this is a very complicated problem. While handling day to day questions it is necessary at the same time to make them the basis for the further development of our more general slogans and tasks. A certain politico-tactical art is involved in this. But this is an argument in favor of taking up big political questions, and it is precisely here that the art of Bolshevik tactics comes in, namely, to start out with minor questions and to lead them up to big questions. If we fail to acquire this art, if we fail to react sufficiently to great international problems it will signify that we will fail to carry on systematic work in preparation for a struggle against war. This we must understand and state in our resolution. The question of war, the question of defending the revolution in the U. S. S. R. and in China—are questions of central and decisive significance. Systematic work in this direction is the fundamental task of all Parties, of all Sections of the Communist International

The question of the general line of the Communist Parties is a question of attitude towards the present form of capitalism and to the capitalist state. In this sphere, minor questions imperceptibly grow into big political problems. If, for example, we take the tactical orientation of the Social Democratic Parties—I have already referred to that in passing—we find a fully consistent line. It is a line of unity with the employers' organizations. It passes on from the individual factory to the League of Nations. The social democrats advocate "industrial peace" and the so-called "American" method of collaboration between labor and capital. Such is the main line of contemporary social democracy. This main policy finds its reflection also in the sphere of foreign affairs. But we also meet with it in dealing with questions of home affairs, in the question of relations with the state, the question of coalitions, the attitude towards the so-called employers' organizations, viz., the magnates of Trust Capital.. The social democratic slogan is a slogan of unity with trust capital. The question of the class struggle no longer exists as far as they are concerned. In the economic sphere they are opposed to strikes, they are opposed to the industrial struggle. They stand for industrial peace. Instead of extension of strikes, they stand for compulsory arbitration. To them it is not a question of the dependence or independence of the labor organizations, they stand for collaboration between the labor organizations and the employers' organizations. This is an integral system of tactics. From the reformist viewpoint the labor organizations must abandon their class independence. Class struggle has become "obsolete" in the eyes of these gentlemen. The Social Democratic line is a line of grafting the reformist labor organizations with the organizations of monopolist capital and the monopolist capitalist state. We see these consistent Social Democratic tactics operating all along the line.

UNITED FRONT TACTICS ONLY FROM BELOW.

What is our tactical orientation? Our tactical orientation in all these questions, from the factory nucleus to the League of Nations is diametrically opposite to that of the social democrats. Not industrial peace, but class struggle, not arbitration, but struggle against compulsory arbitration; exposure of all the traps which the capitalist organizations or the capitalist state are laying down for the working class; fight against every attempt to fetter the strike movement, etc. This is our basic tactical orientation. We have discussed these questions on many occasions already and our answer to them in my opinion was absolutely clear. The final conclusion to be drawn from this tactical line is, that we must steer a course for the overthrow of the bourgeois state power—for revolution. This does not in the least imply that we must abandon the tactics of the united front. But, regarding the sharpening of our struggle against social democracy, certain changes must be made in the conduct of that struggle. United front tactics must, in most cases, now be applied only from below. No appeals to the central committee of the social democratic parties. In rare cases appeals may be made to local social democratic committees. In the main, we must appeal only to the social democratic masses, to the rank and file social democratic workers.

The united front tactic is closely bound up with the questions of our systematic work.

TRADE UNION WORK.—A VITAL PROBLEM.

We are not concerned here with the various campaigns conducted from time to time. All these tactical questions first and foremost concern systematic work. You are all aware of the theses laid down in numerous resolutions of the Communist International to the effect that in this domain the most important problem is trade union work. We have already pointed to many of the shortcomings of our Parties in this respect. The trade union problem must be taken up also at this Congress. We will put the experience of our Parties under the microscope and search carefully for the causes of our defects in this sphere. If there is a section of our work that stands in need of thorough self-criticism it is these very sections of our work in the trade union. Our ideological influence is growing in the trade unions as in other spheres, but as trade unonists the authority of our comrades is still negligible. The authority of our comrades as political leaders, as initiators of big political campaigns, fighters in the revolutionary class front of the proletariat, as defenders of its great historical interests, is growing. But their specific authority as trade unionists, is not great enough. The disproportion between the authority of our comrades as political leaders and their authority as trade unionists is very big and this is due to the various shortcomings of our work in the trade unions. I would like to give a few illustrations. Take France for example: here, the Communists in the trade union movement have committed a series of errors. The relations between the Communists and the non-Party trade union members are not what they should be. The Communists have got into the habit of commanding, they do not exercise their influence by persuasion, they do not work systematically enough. Many other shortcomings can be mentioned. On the other hand there are trade unionists who do their trade union work "well." But this trade union work is almost social democratic work. It almost entirely lacks the specifically Bolshevik formulation of trade union problems, specifically Communist problems. Such trade unionists may have a very good reputation among the trade union masses, but their work cannot be approved of from the Communist viewpoint. Experience in Germany shows that some comrades have become so accustomed to social democratic methods of work that they do not carry out Party instructions; during elections they refuse to publish our Party appeals, etc. They have submitted to general reformist trade union discipline in order to become "good" trade union workers. This is another unsatisfactory side of Communist work in the trade unions. We have also observed blunders committed by our trade unionist Comrades during strike movements—a very serious aspect of our trade union work. In some cases we meet with what is known as khvostism, i. e. the lack of initiative and inability to play a leading role. In time of strikes we are carried along by the masses instead of leading them. In the past period, in France for example, there have been cases where strikes have taken place without participation.

On the other hand, very often we play with revolutionary phrases in time of strikes, but do not devote sufficient attention to the solid preparation of campaigns connected with such strikes, we do not sufficiently take into account the objective situation and all the possibilities of the strikes; we are unable to choose the proper moment for declaring strikes or for calling them off and we are unable to lead them properly, etc. But all these qualities of leadership are absolutely essential precisely at the present time, because the situation as far as strike leadership is concerned, is a very serious one. Potentially, almost every strike has the more or less marked tendency to grow into a big political event. It is possible to lead strikes under such conditions only if one has a good knowledge of the situation and is able to take into account all phases of the movement. Revolutionary enthusiasm is necessary, of course, but that alone is not enough. A knowledge of the economic and political conditions of the struggle is essential. Never have questions of strike struggles been so involved as they are now. At the bottom of this complex problem lies partly the correlation betweeen the forces of capitalism and the united forces of the working class. But, comrades, the situation is that these specific circumstances have not yet been realized. For instance, the problem of uniting the factory committees on the lines of the organization of trusts has as yet remained unsolved and it is still insufficiently advocated in the Communist Parties even of the most developed capitalist countries. Howeer, this propaganda in favor of unification, this centralization of the struggle, must be our reply to the merging of trustified capital. In the trade union domain we are now waging a struggle not so much against individual employers as against capitalist trusts. The word trust must be emphasized, it must be accentuated. It is the specific feature of the situation with which we now have to deal.

THE YOUTH PROBLEM—ONE OF OUR MAJOR TASKS.

Comrades, there are shortcomings that I want to refer to, shortcomings in our mass organizations, although we have made great progress in this sphere. For example, our Young Communist movement. In this sphere, we have certain considerable achievements to record, particularly in our anti-militarist struggle and in the various military campaigns. Take the French youth organization during the Morocco war and the work of our Young Communists in the struggle against the war danger in general. Nevertheless, we have great shortcomings. The number of organized young comrades is either declining or stationary. There is no doubt that the youth movement suffers from excessive sectarianism; our Youth International is unable to penetrate all the organizations where masses of young workers are to be found and to influence them. Our tactical orientation in the youth organizations is still distinguished by a certain narrowness. These short-comings have lately become even more marked. This is one of the most dangerous spots in our activity. Some comrades, realizing that great blunders have been committed, that we suffer from great defects in this respect, seek to remedy it by doses of medicine, so big that we run the risk of the Young Communist League's losing their specific political and Communist features. I think that this is a mistake. The youth organization must be a Communist organization. Of course, it must not duplicate the Party, but the general Communist orientation in the struggle must be the basis of Young Communist development in the future.

MAXIMUM OF VARIETY AND FLEXIBILITY IN THE METHODS OF WORK.

What we lack, and what we must acquire, is diversified methods of work. We must endeavor to bring about a situation in which the youth organization will react, not only to questions of high politics and to big political campaigns, but also to political and cultural questions, to all questions of interest to the youth. Our young comrades must have their say in all spheres, from sport to the Chinese revolution; they must react organizationally and politically, as the instructions point out, to carry our influence to all organizations where young workers are to be found. We must abandon sectarianism and restricted methods of work, the general effect of which is to nullify united front tactics in the sphere of the youth movement.

Comrades, the youth problem is one of the most vital problems of our time. In Western Europe, in America and in other countries, this problem is an exceedingly grave one for us. The bourgeoisie is waging a feverish and strenuous struggle for the youth and is waging it with great skill, much more skilfully than we are waging it. All the big sport organizations, which some regard as a method of fostering bourgeois culture, are, in general, of very great political significance. The importance of sport organizations is closely related with the central problems of politics, first and foremost with the question of war. Through these organizations the imperialist bourgeoisie provide military training for the youth in a form which appears innocent and non-political, but which, if regarded in the light of the general process of development, and not as an isolated fact—plays a great political role in these days. The young worker becomes absorbed in and enthusiastic over football, but imperceptibly he is caught in the web of bourgeois organization. Various military gymnastic stunts take the place of military training, not only from the technical viewpoint, but also from the viewpoint of politics, from the problem of war. And if we devote our attention mainly to great political problems without at the same time trying to penetrate all mass organizations—I do not speak directly of organizational penetration, I have in mind our influence and our political authority—the great masses of the young human material will be lost to our cause.

Why do I say that the youth problem is one of our central problems? Firstly, because, while we have devoted considerable attention to the trade union problem, for example, we have paid very little attention lately to the youth movement. What is the situation in the youth movement? The youth are now much worse organized than the adult proletariat. This is as true of the social democratic youth as of our youth.

One of the most striking historical paradoxes of the present day is that the post-war generation, the generation born during the war, is worse organized than the preceding generation. What does this signify? I think, partly, this means that large sections of the youth have either directly or indirectly been neutralized by the bourgeoisie, or that the youth has become non-political. This, too, is to be explained by the influence of the imperialist bourgeoisie, because the bourgeoisie is quite satisfied if it succeeds merely in neutralizing the youth. It does not require more than that.

An improvement of our work in the youth organizations is therefore absolutely necessary. We must say this definitely and the congress must give corresponding instructions to the Young Communist International.

MORE ATTENTION TO THE PEASANT PROBLEM.

Further, there is the question of sympathizing organizations. If it is correct to say that we are approaching catastrophic events, although we cannot tell exactly when they will occur, in what year and on what day—it would be absurd to predict dates, we must understand that it is precisely because of such perspectives that the question of auxiliary organizations play a very important role. In the near future we shall have to take up the question of the peasant movement and of the Farmers' and Peasants' International and analyze it separately. The election results in Germany and France have shown that our influence in the rural districts in those countries has not increased; on the contrary it has somewhat diminished. This is an important symptom. Of course, our work among the peasants in many advanced capitalist countries is not easy, but it must be borne in mind that it is the masses of the peasantry that are hurled against us in the struggle and we must not forget that the bourgeoisie is working feverishly in this domain. The bourgeoisie does its utmost to win over the masses of peasants whereas the Communist Parties have forgotten about their work among the peasants. In some countries we have allowed opportunities to slip by—recall the great peasant movement in Rumania. True, the Communist Party of Rumania was smashed, but no one uttered the warning that great events were approaching in Rumania. Neither the Comintern as a whole nor the executive committee foresaw them, nor did they take timely measures to meet them. This was a great oversight, even if we admit that the situation was a very difficult one and that we had almost no connection with Rumania. These events occurred without our Party exercising hardly any influence upon them. Therefore we must draw certain conclusions regarding the peasant movement in all Balkan countries, not only in Rumania, but also in Yugoslavia, Bulgaria, etc., and even in Poland.

We must devote more attention to the peasant question and from this viewpoint we must help the Farmers and Peasants International to become a real live organization. I cannot give you a report on the activities of that organization, but I must say that they are more or less of a propagandist character, that its work consists chiefly in publishing various material. Its organizational connections are exceedingly meagre. The numerical strength of the organization is negligible, although it has certain successes to its record. I think that in this the Farmers' and Peasants' International is not alone to blame; the fault rests also on the Comintern. We have not appropriated sufficient forces for that organization, we have not devoted sufficient attention to its work. This is clearly borne out by the Rumanian events and the election results in France and Germany. We must take this question up in the immediate future and do everything we can to remedy the defects.

I think we are not giving enough support to the Anti-Imperialist League. Some comrades think that, in general, this league is not worth maintaining. In reality, experience has shown something quite different. Experience has shown that this organization has great potential powers and chances of development and that we are doing very little to help to release these potential forces. It is said that the congress of the league wah a grand parade, a big political demonstration. But

Questions of War and Defending Revolution in U. S. S. R. and China Are Decisive

his was not an accident. This "parade" was a big political demonstraion because the objective need for such a parade existed and the revlutionary forces were really in need of unification. From the viewoint of our general strategy, we must say that the more rallying points here will be along our line of march in the shape of our sympathizing orces—be it in Europe, Asia, Africa, or any other continent—the more repared will we be for the moment of catastrophic upheavals, the reater will be the number of real live organizations in the revolutionry camp. Why we should hold a liquidatory viewpoint on this queson I cannot understand. People sometimes try to throw all blame pon the objective situation, upon forces and events outside of our phere of influence. This is a grave mistake. We are mostly to blame, ecause we have given too little aid to that organization.

LINKING UP OF LEGAL WITH ILLEGAL WORK.

I will now touch another question—the problem of linking up gal with illegal work. Again, if our analysis of the general situaon is correct, then we must immediately commence illegal work, we ust immediately undertake the task of linking up our legal activity ith illegal activity. We have now gathered considerable experience f illegal work in some countries. We have such experience in Poland, the Balkan countries, in Italy, and now in Japan. Finally, we ave a wealth of experiences in China, etc. Some parties have had no ich experience. This applies mainly to the west European parties. ut, comrades, the attacks upon us will from now on become more vere. Our French Party has already had a taste of what it may xpect in the future. There is no doubt that immediately on the e of war and even some time before that, a series of extraordinary ws will be passed against our Parties. Of this there is no doubt. his must be foreseen. That is why it is necessary now to lay the oundation of our underground organizations, particularly in the army nd navy, etc. Otherwise, events will take us by surprise and because f lack of preparation we will suffer great losses. The questions of legal organizations, which includes also the question of legal and legal connections in the army and navy, is now a very acute one. ou can understand why I cannot go into details, give advice and structions here. But this task must be brought to the forefront of r attention and dealt with thoroughly. We cannot confine ourselves generalities. We must work out concrete instructions for our daily ractical work and these instructions must be registered.

If we apply the united front tactics in our trade union work, in e youth organizations and in our sympathizing organizations proper we will be able to remove the notorious discrepancy between the rowth of our political influence and its organizational consolidation.

SYMPTOMS OF BUREAUCRACY.

I want to draw attention to another drawback in our Party work. seems to me—and I must say this openly—that the symptoms of ureaucracy have lately increased, not only in our Party, the Commust Party of the Soviet Union, but in many other Parties. Now and en this finds expression in super-centralised leadership, in the total ck of initiative on the part of local organizations, etc. Of course, ntralism is necessary and so is centralized leadership. Central Comittees must be strong, leading bodies. This is an elementary truth. But we find that very often local organizations display no initiative, that the pulse of political life does not always beat fast enough in our nuclei, that many campaigns and questions of trade union struggle play an exceedingly insignificant role in our nuclei, that minor officials and rank and file members work on a very small scale and that inner Party life consists in very many cases of the activities of a group of officials. This defect is related to other defects. We strongly advocate the reanimation of the rank and file, drawing new people into the leadership, attracting new people into the Party. But these new people do not fall from the skies as ready made practical workers. They must receive training in the process of active Party life not only on the part of officials, but also of the rank and file. Unless we succeed in eliminating these shortcomings, we shall run short of active Party workers. Unless we accelerate the pulse of Party life among the lower ranks of the Party, we shall not be able to provide a reservoir from which to draw able Party leaders. In surveying the Party Congresses and the Congresses of the Communist International, one is struck by the fact that the percentage of rank and file workers participating in them has not increased. Here too a tendency is observed to delegate Party officials, professional and paid Party officials to these Congresses exclusively. This tendency is obvious here. Of course, the danger must not be exaggerated, but a warning must be uttered against it. This is only bound up with a whole series of highly complicated problems of internal Party life. We must draw attention to the inadequate beat of the pulse of inner Party life particularly among the lower ranks of the Party, in the factory nuclei, etc. This must be placed on record so that the situation may be improved.

THE NEED FOR IMPROVING THE PARTY CADRES.

A few more words on the cultural and political level of our Parties and our Party cadres—the method of inner Party discussions. Here again there is a discrepancy between the objective requirements of the mass of the membership and the abilities and qualifications of our Prty cadres. It seems to me that we have ignored a whole series of theoretical tasks, that our Party cadres are devoting too little time to studies, that our literature is weak and does not correspond to the present objective requirements; that we do not work out our problem deeply and intelligently enough—and this reflects itself in the methods of our discussion. I have already said at a previous Congress, or Plenum, that our inner Party discussions largely consist of making strong, sweeping statements and that they reveal an insufficiently serious attitude to the problems under discussion on the part of those participating in them. We have learned very well to perform operations with various kinds of deviations, this we do splendidly, but as far as a genuine study of the problems is concerned, the presentation of sound arguments instead of merely slogging away at an opponent—this we have not yet learned sufficiently.

However, every further step our Party takes along the path of development demands that we must deepen our political thinking, and that we must manipulate, maneuvre and react in every situation in a thoughtful manner. This is one of the extremely important problems that face us. I think we must devote serious attention to raising our theoretical level, to improving our press and to the development of studies in our Parties.

VI. Tendencies in the Communist International.

RIGHT TENDENCY, THE GREATEST DANGER.

Comrades, I will now say a few words about the various tendencies the Communist International. Some time ago, the greatest danger the Communist International came from the so-called "ultra lefts," ho endeavored to set up an international organization. After the deats of the opposition in the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, ese were frustrated, but the very process of disintegration of the pposition, the culminating point of which was the collapse of the soalled "Lenin Bund," leads us inevitably to certain conclusions. We rested that Trotskyism is a social democratic tendency. Some comades in their inward mind consider this to be a gross exaggeration. ut the history of the Lenin Bund has shown that the core of the pposition has migrated to the Social Democrats. Was this a chance ccurrence? Certainly not. We can see distinctly the dialectics of the elationships between the so-called "ultra-Left" and the Right. At resent the principal danger comes from the Right tendency, if we ake the Communist International as a whole. The period of stabilizaon, which I have analyzed, the survival of parliamentarism, the inuence of Social Democracy, certain specific peculiarities in trade nion activity—are the main elements which keep this danger alive. his danger assumes various forms in the individual Parties. How did manifest itself? Firstly by aspiration to legality at any price, by e Parties' fear to exceed the limits of bourgeois legality, even in ases when it was necessary to go beyond such limits; by excessive ubmission to bourgeois laws. This Right tendency manifested itself lso in ignoring the necessity for accentuating the class struggle, for stance, during strikes; necessary strikes were not carried out. This endency manifested itself also in the adoption of a wrong policy owards Social Democracy and in an insufficient accentuation of the truggle against "Left" Social Democratic leaders. It manifested itself lso in the inadequate internationalism of the Parties. We notice that n the whole even Parties with a correct orientation do not always erform their international duties, as was the case in regard to the hinese revolution. This certainly is a definitely Right tendency. The ame tendency is observed also in the trade union activity, where genral trade union discipline is frequently considered more important ıan our Party discipline, as well as in various other forms with which will deal presently.

LEFT TENDENCIES.

Failure to understand what relations should be between the Party nd the trade unions, results in that the Party sometimes rules over e masses in its capacity of Communist vanguard without endeavoring convince these masses and without carrying on systematic work. here is also a general tendency to abandon the tactic of the United ront.

Following on a period of gross right-wing errors, left tendencies re also noticeable in China. There they take the form of putschist ıoods and tactics. But on the whole deviations from the correct line re at present more to the Right than to the Left. Take France, for xample. In our French Party strong parliamentary traditions in the ad sense of this term are still to be observed. These manifested hemselves at the recent elections when a tendency to sabotage our actical measures was very marked. This, of course, is due to the omewhat exaggerated orientation towards parliamentarism, with some pportunistic deviations from the correct political path. In the French 'arty these tendencies originate in deeply rooted historical traditions, nd it goes without saying that our French brother Party must coninue systematically to combat this phenomenon and must endeavor irst of all to persuade its own members that these methods are now bsolete. This is not a matter of combating individuals. Rather is it matter of attacking the strong and time honored traditions of public ife in France, the practice of the Socialist Party, a considerable secion of which formed the Communist Party. These tendencies were bserved also in the French Party when the question of so-called epressions came up for discussion, when a number of French comrades, nd the whole Party made mistakes, which they subsequently remedied.

We also notice such errors in our Czecho-Slovak brother Party. Our Party in Czechoslovakia is a real mass Party but it is seriously fflicted with the "legality" disease. The Czech Party sometimes cannot nake up its mind to go to the masses to organize protests against nti-Communist laws. If we continually make concessions to the govrnment and do not exert sufficient effort to mobilize the masses for truggle against legislation and government regulations directed gainst Communists, we will never be able to pave the way for the reparation of mass actions on a larger scale, which infringe the coneption of bourgeois legality. Some comrades have not the ghost of notion as to how events will develop. They argue somewhat like his: We will work within legal limits up to such and such a day, for nstance, up to the outbreak of war, and then we will change our actics. But comrades, we must make preparations beforehand. Mass ctions must be regarded as one of the best means in our struggle. Our tactics must be: to mobilize the masses, to become masters of the treets, to attack again and again the law and order of the bourgeois State and to smash it, to capture the street by revolutionary means, n the strict sense of the word and then to go further. Only on the basis f a whole series of such events and on the basis of the development f these events—mass actions, etc., only through such a process can we prepare ourselves for fiercer and more stubborn mass struggles on larger scale.

Then again in regard to the strike movement and the inadequate eadership of this movement. There have been cases when certain Party organizations did not even know that a strike was brewing in particular factory. We had several cases like this in France.

In regard to the erroneous attitude towards Social Democracy, we have several striking examples of mistakes made by many Parties, in Germany, France, Czechoslovakia, etc. These erroneous political tendencies at times assumed the form of erroneous slogans, mainly in Germany where several comrades issued the slogan: "Control of production," when the necessary revolutionary situation for this did not exist: objectively, this was nothing but a step towards the Social Democratic tactics of "economic democracy," towards adapting ourselves to the system of "industrial peace." Therefore, a slogan which is correct and revolutionary in itself becomes the very opposite if the necessary revolutionary situation does not exist. In such a case it ceases to be merely an erroneous political line. This Right danger is assuming considerable proportions just now, and it is but natural that after smashing the Trotskyist opposition, we must adopt a very definite policy against these Right tendencies and small Right oppositional groupings.

Now is the time to criticize our other shortcomings, to examine them, so to speak, through the microscope. In regard to some Parties we observe that they cannot cope with the newly arisen situation and generally fail to see that something new has occurred. This, for instance, was the case in France when Poincare came into power. We have a similar example in Great Britain when the Labor Party and the General Council of the Trade Union Congress made a complete turn. We witnessed another example of this in Great Britain when a new phase in the correlation of social forces was ushered in. Neither did we react with the necessary rapidity in Germany when the so-called "Burger-Bloc" was formed, etc.

INADEQUATE APPRECIATION OF THE CONCRETE SITUATION.

Thus, in regard to almost everyone of our Parties we must say that it reacts too late to changes in the situation. Even when the situation has already changed our Parties fail to react, or react too late; they issue directive slogans much too late, etc. It seems to me that this applies also to the Comintern and its executive: the Comintern does not always react in good time to new circumstances, new events to a newly arisen situation. Directive slogans are not always issued at the right moment, we are not always prepared and ready at the moment when general fundamental slogans should be issued. It happens sometimes that in one and the same party twenty diverse slogans are brought forward; if twenty slogans are issued simultaneously they lose their significance, the attention of the party is split up in too many directions. It happens sometimes that the leading party organs are unable to coordinate these slogans properly: to group secondary slogans around the most important ones. This is a great defect in our leadership. At times it happens also that slogans, which are in themselves correct, are put into practice without the necessary zest.

On the one hand we issue too many slogans without having a single central slogan. On the other hand we sometimes adopt general revolutionary language, forgetting all about the slogans of every day "routine" work and struggle. The thesis regarding the accentuation of the struggle against social democracy is perfectly correct. The mistake we make is that we do not directly approach the social democratic workers themselves. The more we talk about the errors of the social democratic party, the more we must try to convince the social democratic workers of the correctness of our own policy.

We have not yet learned to link up questions of every day work with our chief aims and tasks. We either talk big about world problems and do nothing to solve every day questions, or we do not get beyond every day questions and forget that it is essential to link them up with big political questions: moreover, in many cases our parties are unable to make a timely and correct appreciation of current events with all their specific implications. Another defect our parties suffer from is that they do not grasp it quickly enough, do not give a clear enough characterization of it and do not always issue an adequate slogan depicting the new situation as a whole. I am dwelling on these defects at length in order that they may be subjected to business-like criticism. It seems to me, particularly since so long a time has elapsed since the last congress, that we must lay stress on these defects and weaknesses of ours also in respect to our Communist International. Take the question of organizational defects, the fact that the carrying out of decisions is not sufficiently controlled. We send out various circulars, open letters and other communications but we do not ascertain if all this has been put into practice. We use up a tremendous amount of paper for all this, but our control over the actual carrying out of our decisions is very weak. We have repeatedly resolved that in regard to this our executive must be truly international and that individual parties must send to the Executive Committee of the Communist International their best representatives for permanent work. Bu up till now this has been merely a pious resolution.

AGAINST FRACTIONAL STRIFE.

I must also lay stress on something else which is perhaps not directly connected with the present question but which is nevertheless of considerable importance to the existence of the Communist Parties. I mean fractional struggle carried on without adequate political reasons and without adequate political justification. The main reasons for this are very complicated; they are to a certain extent connected with historical traditions. In some parties the danger of fractional strife is, in my opinion, so great that it will be necessary to adopt extraordinary measures to combat it. Allow me to give you two examples.

Take the situation within the Yugo-Slav Party. Fractional strife on a big scale went on for seven years and did much harm to the party. At all our recent international conferences, congresses, plenums etc., there was a consensus of opinion that political differences are gradually subsiding. In spite of solemn declarations made that henceforth fractional strife will be brought to a stop, this strife continued, and waxed fiercer and fiercer. The party suffered serious damage not so much as a result of police terrorism as because of internal fractional strife. Reorganization is taking place now on the basis of a complete regrouping within the party itself; a new rank and file and new leders have been created. It was a miracle that the party was saved even by these means. I think we must ponder very deeply over this matter and draw our lesson from it. The crisis within the Yugo-Slav Party which lasted so long has been more or less overcome by means of the extraordinary measures I have already mentioned.

We are now confronted by another danger which is threatening a very big party, namely, the Polish Communist Party. Up to now I have not spoken about individual parties, I merely summed up the various shortcomings of our parties and mentioned some of them as examples. But I consider it my duty to deal separately with the Polish question. In the present situation our Polish Party occupies a very responsible post. Everyone realizes what an important role our brother party in Poland is destined to play in the event of war. The party will become one of the principal forces at the disposal of the Communist International. At the time of the Pilsudski coup d'etat the Polish Party committed a gross and dangerous opportunist error. This error was committed by the leaders of all tendencies without exception. Responsibility for this fundamental opportunist error cannot by any means be placed on the shoulders of any one group, as we, the Comintern, have already declared. At the last Congress of the Communist Party of Poland, which lasted over three months—because on every question and in regard to every incident differences and disputes arose between the two fractions—the representatives of the Comintern were unanimous in declaring that political differences within the Polish Party have been practically reduced to nought. And yet after this congress, the only thing that prevented the disruption of the Polish Party was the extremely strong pressure brought to bear upon it by the executive and the whole Comintern. Had we not intervened there would have been two parties in the Polish Communist movement, notwithstanding that political differences—I say this with a full sense of responsibility—were reduced to a minimum. We must consider that this has been going on recently, in an atmosphere in which the Pilsudski-ites are openly preparing for war; at a time when it is clear to everyone that the insults hurled at Se'm, etc., are not merely the coarse antics of a man who has taken leave of his senses, but a definite Caesarist policy directed first and foremost against the Soviet Union—and I must say that this Caesarist policy is an extremely clever and agile one. Pilsudski-ism has really succeeded in splitting several oppositional parties, it has succeeded in splitting our Ukrainian Party, the opposition in the White Russian Hromada, etc. Finally, in international politics, Pilsudski-ism has carried out successfully a very cunning policy. (A voice from the audience: "It succeeded in innoculating the working class with its policy.") Yes, it succeeded in penetrating into the working class. In fact, it was not our party alone that achieved victories in Poland, a considerable number of Warsaw workers voted for Pilsudski. Our party achieved considerable success in the situation which has arisen: a positively brilliant success. But from the last report received the day before yesterday we learn that there are now two committees in the Warsaw organizations. I do not think that this is a matter that the Communist Party, or the Communist International can be proud of (applause). Comrades, I think—although I did not draw up the draft theses—that the Congress will be unanimous in empowering the Executive Committee to adopt measures that will secure unity. (Loud applause.) It will be far better to have a united party headed by ordinary workers who, in the event of war, will fight boldly as soldiers of the revolution, than to have an organization of leaders who are continually quarreling and who at the moment of extreme danger will ruin our party. (Applause.)

VII. Favorable Perspective.

FORWARD: TO THE STRUGGLE AND TO VICTORY!

Comrades, I have not dwelt so much on our shortcomings because I consider the general situation and the general premises for our activity unsatisfactory or unfavorable. On the contrary. The big political questions, such as the war danger and the situation arising from the ever-growing contradictions in capitalist stabilization, provide us with increasingly favorable ground for our work among the whole working class. That ours is the predominating influence in colonial countries is an indisputable fact, particularly so in China; we are on the eve of it becoming an indisputable fact also in India; our influence is also predominating, beyond dispute, among the working class of west European countries, where we confront them with important questions like the war danger. Therefore, having regard to the accentuation of general contradictions, the accentuation of the inherent contradictions of capitalism and the accentuation of the class struggle, i. e., having regard to the conditions as they exist objectively at present everywhere, the ground and the prospects of our work and our success can be said to be favorable. There is not the slightest ground for saying that technical progress, the partial consolidation of the capitalist organism, the process of capitalist stabilization will break us as the social democrats have prophesised. On the contrary, the more acute these contradictions which are the inevitable concomitant of the present situation become, the wider and the more solid becomes the ground under our feet. When we have learned—and we will of course finally do so—to link up our every day work with important political questions, we will succeed in winning over the broad masses of the working class in the west European countries, we will bring under our influence the labor movement in the big capitalist states and we will be able to link them up with the truly powerful and great historical movement of the oppressed peoples. And when the hour, when imperialism will raise its standard of war, approaches, our Communist International, all our Parties, the great phalanx of the world's workers will be ready to take up the challenge. They will hurl forth the battle-cry of civil war, of a fight to a finish against imperialism. And this battle-cry will be the cry of the Communist International! (Loud and prolonged applause. The delegates rise to their feet and sing the "Internationale.")

Judgment Day Arrives in Dedham, Mass.

"I Know the Sentence Will Be Between the Oppressed and Rich Class"—Vanzetti

By EUGENE LYONS.

(From First Anniversary Memorial Edition of "The Life and Death of Sacco and Vanzetti. International Publishers, New York).

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SACCO and Vanzetti were brought into the neatly swept court room at Dedham on April 9, 1927, to hear themselves sentenced to die in the electric chair. The scene was fully illumined; the press of the entire world was represented, millions who felt deeply about the case watched with bated breath. The sentencing was merely a formality, yet it seemed that something might happen....

And something did happen. Vanzetti made a speech to the court. For the great epic of the class struggle there is a prologue ready-made: Bartolomeo Vanzetti and Judge Webster Thayer facing each other in the illumined court room of Dedham.

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Judge Thayer on the rostrum of authority, a narrow figure mumbling dead words: Words as cold and precise as corpses. Words disinterred from the morgues of statute and precedent. Words that evoke a musty ingrown past.

And Vanzetti in the prisoner's cage. Alive, far-seeing, reaching out for words to express a new vision, groping for electric words to light up new vistas. Finding words that touch off the imagination and explode the walls of the narrow court room.

Behind Thayer, the dead accumulation of precedent and wealth and privilege, guarded by bayonets. A narrow world that is organized, rigid and unfeeling. Behind Vanzetti, the multitudes, as yet unorganized: the amorphous multitudes, surging forward and retreating and surging further forward, their live bodies and their live hopes against the dead past and its bayonets.

Thayer barricaded by statute books and surrounded by bayonets is yet a weak, shrinking figure, frightened by his own black cowl, by the sinister memories of witch-hangings, by the sting of light on eyes accustomed to shadow. He rises to pronounce the dead formula of death.

"The jury did it," he mumbles, "the jury, not I. The jury and the law and the court—not I. I am just a small sick man about to die."

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And Vanzetti standing, it seems alone, but erect and unafraid, speaking with the voice of a million. He, too, pronounces a death verdict. It is directed against the decaying past; not merely against the lonely frightened figure on the rostrum of authority. He speaks for the weak, the despised, the intimidated. Vanzetti does not explain nor apologize. He condemns with words of fire and challenges with the resonance of a million throats.

Thayer—old, worn, dyspeptic, bitter—has come to judge the men in the prisoner's cage. But he shrinks from their words and their gaze. The skeleton clatter of his formula is lost in the echoes of Vanzetti's verdict. For it is Vanzetti—calm, eloquent in the awareness of multitudes speaking thru his voice—who does the judging.

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"Nicola Sacco," the clerk asked, "have you anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed upon you?"

Sacco replied that his friend Vanzetti would speak for both.

Nevertheless his feelings got the better of him, and he exclaimed:

"I never knew, never heard, even read in history anything so cruel as this court. After seven years' prosecuting they still consider us guilty.

"I know the sentence will be between two classes, the oppressed class and the rich class, and there will be always collision between one and the other. We fraternize the people with the books, with the literature. You persecute the people, tyrannize them and kill them. We try the education of people always. You try to put a path between us and some other nationality that hates each other. That is why I am here today on this bench, for having been of the oppressed class. Well, you are the oppressor.

"You know it, Judge Thayer—you know all my life, you know why I have been here, and after seven years that you have been persecuting me and my poor wife, and you still today sentence us to death. I would like to tell all my life, but what is the use?"

"Bartolomeo Vanzetti," the clerk repeated, "have you anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed upon you?"

"Yes," Vanzetti replied.

He talked quietly, with a gentle smile, as one talks to children. He paused to find a word in the tongue foreign to him—but the simple homely sentiments which are not in law books came without pauses, from somewhere deep within him.

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"What I say," Vanzetti began, "is that I am innocent, not only of the Braintree crime, but also of the Bridgewater crime. That I am not only innocent of these two crimes, but in all my life I have never stolen and I have never killed and I have never spilled blood. That is what I want to say. And it is not all. Not only am I innocent of these two crimes, not only in all my life I have never stolen, never killed, never spilled blood, but I have struggled all my life, since I began to reason, to eliminate crime from the earth.

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"Everybody that knows these two arms knows very well that I did not need to go into the streets and kill a man or try to take money. I can live by my two hands and live well. But besides that, I can live even without work with my hands for other people. I have had plenty of chance to live independently and to live what the world conceives to be a higher life than to gain our bread with the sweat of our brow.

"My father in Italy is in a good condition. I could have come back in Italy and he would have welcomed me every time with open arms. Even if I come back there with not a cent in my pocket, my father could have given me a position, not to work but to make business, or to oversee upon the land that he owns.

"...Well, I want to reach a little point farther, and it is this, that not only have I not been trying to steal in Bridgewater, not only have I not been in Braintree to steal and kill and have never stolen or killed or spilt blood in all my life, not only have I struggled hard against crimes, but I have refused myself of what are considered the commodity and glories of life, the prides of a life of a good position, because in my consideration it is not right to exploit man. I have refused to go in business because I understand that business is a speculation on profit upon certain people that must depend upon the business man, and I do not consider that that is right and therefore I refuse to do that.

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"Now, I should say that I am not only innocent of all these things, not only have I never committed a real crime in my life—though some sins but not crimes—not only have I struggled all my life to eliminate crimes, the crimes that the official law and the moral law condemns, but also the crime that the moral law and the official law sanction and sanctify—the exploitation and the oppression of the man by the man, and if there is a reason why I am here as a guilty man, if there is a reason why you in a few minutes can doom me, it is this reason and none else.

"There is the best man I ever cast my eyes upon since I lived, a man that will last and will grow always more near to and more dear to the heart of the people, so long as admiration for goodness, for virtues, and for sacrifice will last. I mean Eugene Victor Debs. He has said that not even a dog that kills chickens would have found an American jury disposed to convict it with the proof that the commonwealth has produced against us.

• • •

"...He knew, and not only he knew, but every man of understanding in the world, not only in this country but also in other countries, men to whom we have provided a certain amount of the records of the case at times, they all know and still stick with us, the flower of mankind of Europe, the better writers, the greatest thinkers of Europe, have pleaded in our favor. The greatest scientists, the greatest statesmen of Europe have pleaded in our favor.

"Is it possible that only a few, a handful of men of the jury, only two or three other men, who would shame their mother for worldly honor and for earthly fortune; is it possible that they are right against the world? For the whole world has said that it is wrong and I know that it is wrong. If there is one that should know it, if it is right or if it is wrong, it is I and this man. You see, it is seven years that we are in jail. What we have suffered during these years no human tongue can say, and yet you see me before you, not trembling, you see me looking you in your eyes straight, not blushing, not changing color, not ashamed or in fear.

"...We have proved that there could not have been another judge on the face of the earth more prejudiced, more cruel and more hostile than you have been against us. We have proven that. Still they refuse the new trial. We know, and you know in your heart, that you have been against us from the very beginning, before you see us. Before you see us you already know that we were radicals, that we were underdogs, that we were the enemy of the institutions that you can believe in good faith in their goodness—I don't want to discuss that—and that it was easy at the time of the first trial to get a verdict of guilty.

• • •

"We know that you have spoken yourself, and have spoke your hostility against us, and your despisement against us with friends of yours on the train, at the University Club of Boston, at the Golf Club of Worcester. I am sure that if the people who know all what you say against us have the civil courage to take the stand, maybe Your Honor—I am sorry to say this because you are an old man, and I have an old father—but maybe you would be beside us in good justice at this time.

• • •

"...We were tried during a time whose character has now passed into history. I mean by that, a time when there was a hysteria of resentment and hate against the people of our principles, against the foreigners, against slackers, and it seems to me—rather, I am positive of it, that both you and Mr. Katzmann have done all what it were in your power in order to work out, in order to agitate still more the passion of the juror, the prejudice of the juror, against us.

"...We believe more now than ever that war is wrong, and we are against war more now than ever, and I am glad to be on the doomed scaffold if I can say to mankind, 'Look out; you are in a catacomb of the flower of mankind. For what? All that they say to you, all that they have promised to you—it was a lie, it was an illusion, it was a cheat, it was a fraud, it was a crime. They promised you liberty. Where is liberty? They promised you prosperity. Where is prosperity? They have promised you elevation. Where is the elevation?

• • •

"From the day that I went in Charlestown, the misfortunate, the population of Charlestown, has doubled in number. Where is the moral good that the war has given to the world? Where is the spiritual progress that we have achieved from the war? Where are the security of life, the security of the things that we possess for our necessity? Where is the respect for human life? Where are the respect and the admiration for the good characteristics and the good of the human nature? Never before

Continued on Page Six

France, England, Italy Concentrate Armies as Diplomats Go to Sign Kellogg Pact

SECRET TROOP MOVES FEATURE "PEACE" PLANS

Britain, France Hold Joint Maneuvers

By United Press.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—With the signing of the Kellogg anti-war treaty less than a wek away, the armed forces of England, France and Italy are mased in their respective countries, preparing against possible war.

Annual maneuvers are being held by all three countries.

In England, artillery, cavalry, tanks, armored cars and airplanes began their maneuvers on Salisbury Plain today, coinciding with "navy week," during which the people are permitted to inspect navy ships at the various ports. Last week, London was "bombed" unmercifully in sham airplane maneuvers.

French troops are maneuvering with great secrecy this week in the mountains and valleys of that country, while joint Franco-British maneuvers were decided on for the Rhineland, despite protests from Germany.

Italy also is having expensive troop maneuvers.

Meanwhile, preparations went forward here for a great gathering of diplomats to attend the formal signing next Monday of the Kellogg treaty, a movement to end wars of aggression or conquest.

Secretary Kellogg is due on the Ile De France in a few days. He will stop at the home of Myron T. Herrick, United States ambassador to France, Herrick announced today.

Kellogg sent a wireless today saying he was enjoying the trip and in perfect health.

The American embassy announced today that Kellogg would repay the visit of President William T. Cosgrave of the Irish Free State before he returns home. Kellogg probably will leave Havre on the cruiser Detroit on August 29, landing at Queenstown, Ireland.

SOVIET MONGOLS ISSUE DENIAL

Charge Japanese Move to Gain Manchuria

ULAN BATOR, Mongolia, Aug. 21.—In a statement issued today the Mongolian Soviet Republic emphatically denied that it had instigated the revolt in inner Mongolia against the Manchurian government denouncing these reports as propaganda and provocation by the Japanese with a view to gaining a free hand in Manchuria. The government resents the publication of these reports in the Japanese and English press. The statement says in part:

"Lately the foreign press and the radio have announced a people's insurrection in and about Barga. The Japanese press particularly spreads news of this rebellion and in addition reoprts that Mongolian troops are participating.

"The Mongolian Government emphatically denies its participation or the participation of its army in any rebellion. It requests citizens of the republic adequately to controvert these provocative rumors."

TO RALLY FOR SACCO-VANZETTI

Continued from Page One

jamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president as th eprincipal speakers.

Philadelphia, Labor Instittue, 8th and Locust, August 24, with Max Shachtman, editor of the Labor Defender, Herbert Benjamin, Workers Party organizer, and an Italian speaker.

San Francisco, August 22, Musicians' Union Hall, with Emanuel Levin, William Schneiderman, Edgar Owens, and Charlotte Anita Whitney as chairman.

Pittsburgh, Cameraphone Theatre, 6202 Penn Ave., August 26, with Jack Stachel, organization secretary of the Workers Party, Magliacano in Italian and other speakers.

Detroit, Woodward and Alfred Sts., August 22, a demonstration with William Reynolds, Alfred E. Goetz, John Schmees and others.

Haverhill, Mass., Lbierty Club Hall, 340 Liberty St., August 22, with H. Sidney Bloomfield.

Omaha, Jefferson Park, August 22, with James Lace and others.

Newark, Military Park, August 22, with Philip Frankfeld.

Milwaukee, Harmony Hall, 1st Ave., and Mineral Street, August 26, with English and Italian speakers.

Poughkeepsie, Fall Kill Hall, Main and Washington, August 22, with Walt Carlson, business manager of the Labor Defender and Nicola Napoli, editor of Il Lavoratore.

The Speed-up at Its Worst: Assemblying

Scene in the radiator department at the Hyland Park Plant of the Ford Motor Car Company.

AUTOMOBILE-NEW GIANT

Special Forms of Exploiting Workers

By BEN LIFSCHITZ

(This is the fifth in the series of articles on "Automobile—Symbol of Modern Slavery." The preceding articles have covered the scope of the industry, the giant mergers, the driving forces to imperialist war and the competition betwen Ford and the General Motors.)

• • •

The automobile industry can truly be designated as the real "American" industry. It marks the highest point of American capitalism in technical development, mass production, concentration of industry, sales methods and financing.

The automobile industry is indeed the pride of American capitalism. At the hearing of the bar association, held in New York, James A. Emery, general counsel of the National Manufacturers Association, pointed to the automobile industry as an example to prove the soundness of the American plan of production, the Open Shop.

"The cost of production is reduced to the minimum and the wages of the workers have been at comparatively high levels." It is working out so well for the capitalists that the manufacturers of the leading European countries: England, Germany and France, are sending over their technicians and efficiency men to study the American plan of production and exploitation. It has also appealed very much to the labor leaders of England and Germany, who have sent over their representatives to study this "millenium," where the accepted slomilenium," where the accepted slogan is "the higher the production, the higher the wage."

Greatest Exploitation.

A careful study of conditions, however, will convince any observer that nowhere is the exploitation of the worker so sharp as in the automobile industry, notwithstanding the fact that the average production for the individual worker is so high.

The economists term this acute form of exploitation as "various forms of wage payments"—but the workers in the automobile industry know from bitter experience that all these various forms of wage payments are introduced to squeeze out every atom of energy in order to produce more and more work for the same money and most of the time for less.

Speed-up is manifested in various ways: Piece-work is one of the systems evolved by the employing class to increase production by giving the workers a certain price per piece. The more pieces they turn out, the more they get up to a certain point. Under this system many bosses may be dispensed with. Time-study men are employed to walk around with a stop-watch and observe different operations. When they think that a worker is making his money too easily, or getting too much for the operation, his piecework is cut down and the worker must work all the harder to catch up.

Then the conveyer line may be screwed up a little faster. The steam may even be turned low in winter to keep the workers a bit chilly and, hence, more in the mood to move faster at the machine. Raising the task of the individual worker or the group is the most common speed-up system.

The Whip—Fear.

The lay-off method, or the mere rumor of lay-offs, may be used to put fear in the hearts and hands. Under the stimulus, they give closer attention to the belt. The workers' names and production records may be put on a black-board and competition encouraged. The gang or group piece-work system may be used.

This makes the workers boss each other. Each realizes that the harder he pushes the other fellow the more the return to each other under the gang payment system.

The department percentage scheme is practiced in the Hudson Motor Car Company, where the company guarantees 200 per cent of the day rate, provided the work is done in a given time. However, the workers are ignorant as to the rates. This company practices schemes of reduction of forces, expecting the smaller group of workers to produce the same amount of work.

The "Buick Worker" tells how the gang system works in plant No. 66. When a new man comes in, instead of the company paying him day rate while he breaks in on the job, the workers (the gang) have to pay him out of their own small wages.

At the Chevrolet plant in Flint, Mich., they hire in some departments at a flat rate of 42 cents an hour, promising a bonus which will run them up to 65-70 cents in three months. They increase the bonus in the first few days and then fire them out before they reach the high bonus.

Ford Conveyor System

Above are two views of the conveyor system bringing parts and materials to the workers who stand still at their task.

Group Piece-Work.

In the Fisher Body plants the group piece-work system is now developed into a still further form of exploitation, best illustrated by one of the Fisher Body shops in Cleveland. Here they hire the workers at a basic day rate, fluctuating between 55 and 70 cents an hour. The company has designated for itself a certain rate for the operation. The company allows the workers to make one dollar an hour. The work is given out in lots, which take between 1½ weeks and two weeks to perform. This lot, say, of 100 fenders, is to be finished in a certain time in order to get the dollar an hour. This group of workers, however, do not get its bonus at the end of each week, but when the lot is completed. If the worker is laid off, or quits himself, he gets only his day rate. They use the same form of group system in the Sterns-Knight plant of Cleveland. In the Chandler Cleveland Motors Corporation the same group system is used. The workers do not know what they make every day. They only find out what they make on their bonus at the end of a pay period of two weeks.

The extent to which this group system demoralizes the workers, and makes them drive one another, could best be shown by the peculiar strike which broke out in the crank shaft department of the Buick Motor Company, where the gang demanded of the superintendent that two workers that were not fast enough to keep up a high speed of production should be taken out from the gang!

The Ford Company does not use this system. Instead of giving the man extra money for more production, Ford pays this money to a large gang of bosses and straw bosses, who keep razzing the men all the time. These "drivers" have received many millions of dollars, in the past, as bonuses and they, in turn, saw to it that Ford got it back many times over from the sweat and blood of the workers.

Evolve New Schemes.

But with the increased competition in the industry the Ford Company has evolved new schemes. One of the favorite ways of cutting wages is known as the "systematic Ford plan." "The Ford Worker" of June, 1928, tells the story:

"A herd of hunting dogs of the service department are placed under the direction of a specially trained hound bearing the license number, Star 262. These animals roam over the plant, hunting for some worker they can send to the employment office for talking, or wiping the filth off his hands before the bell rings, running to the lunch wagon or walking away from his machine towards the tool crib. These dogs take your number and send you to the employment office, where you are usually fired. This is invariably the case if you happen to be getting above $7 a day. Then you are replaced by a man standing for $5 a day or by a student at 25 cents an hour."

In the horse-shoe department, B building, Fordson, as throughout the whole plant, it is reported by many workers that boys getting around 35 cents an hour are being hired. The company feeds them a lot of taffy and calls them "students." They are expected to turn out as much production as the higher paid man next to them. They are promised a raise if they make good. The bosses "forget" about it. The one thing they never forget is "step on it"—more production, speed-up, raise the standard of efficiency. These boys are being used to beat down the wages of the men.

Systematic Terror.

This story of a superintendent, printed in the "Auto Workers News," June, 1928, will give the reader an idea of the systematic terror which is used by the various companies to speed up production and to transform the worker into a real slave:

In one of the biggest departments of the River Rouge plant, production was running smoothly. In fact, more production was being turned out by this particular superintendent than by any of the others. Nevertheless an efficiency expert one day walked over to him and told him to fire fifteen men. "Which fifteen men?" asked the head of the department. "Oh, any fifteen will do." "And the reason?" asked the superintendent. "You don't have to give any reasons," was the reply. "Well, even if I don't give the men a reason, I want to know why just the same," insisted the speaker.

"Very well, then, I'll tell you," said the efficiency expert. "You are too friendly with the men. We have noticed that when you go through the department no one is afraid of you. No one is more on the alert, more uneasy and trying to work harder than before. It is different in the other departments. Any one can tell when the superintendents are passing through. The men are all uneasy and trying to goad themselves to the maximum effort. All the men think the heads of their departments are son —— ——s."

"Are you not satisfied with the production record here?" asked the superintendent. "That part is quite O. K.," was the reply.

Unusual Foreman.

The superintendent then stated, "Henry Ford may be able to make what he wants out of other men, but he is not going to make a son —— —— out of me. I quit."

Something like the above story could be told about executives in the Fisher Body, Pontiac plant, and in other plants of the automobile industry. It illustrates the labor policy of this industry. Manufacturers don't want leaders, they want slave-drivers. They don't want workers to have any spirit of independence and self-respect, they want obedient, docile slaves.

The process of acceleration of production, of speed-up never stops. Here are a few examples. A Dodge worker writes that "in the Duco work we now spray the Victory Six with two coats instead of one, and at the same price." A Packard man writes, "In the body division we used to do six jobs a day. Now we do eight, and 20 per cent. of the men have been laid off. And in the hood painting department of the same plant they used to turn out 16 jobs a day. Now 38 are required. And of course several men were fired."

Race-Track Speed.

At the Ford plants, most famous for their race-track speed, the soldering department has increased production from 35 to 80 pieces per hour in one year. At one of the Fisher Body plants where they used to make 150 to 160 bodies a day, they now finish from 235 to 240 with the same number of men on the job. At the Hudson plant they more than doubled the output for the same number of men in one year, at the same time reducing the wage an average of 10 cents an hour. (Auto Workers News, June, 1928.)

A worker from Briggs writes: "We're still speeding up plenty these days, on a piece work basis. Just as soon as we increase our efficiency, we're due for a cut in prices. Men still start at the average wage of 45 cents per hour, and women at 35 cents per hour.

On a certain operation a man has to handle 4,500 doors to make $8, and on another operation 12,000 pieces of metalstrips must be put through the rolls to earn the same amount of money. There is everything here to make a worker feel that he is in prison: hard labor, slave-drivers and hard-boiled guards.

Set Women Against Men.

Another way used to cut wages is by replacing men with women. In the core-making department of Plant No. 20, men working for $5-$7 a day are now being replaced by women, who are paid only $3-$4 a day and often less for doing the same work.

The process of acceleration of production as shown above, is proceeding at an ever increasing pace. This in conjunction with the fact that that the automobile market is nearing the saturation point, is producing ever increasing unemployment in the industry.

With the development of so many new styles, the manufacturers are very careful to keep up production as nearly as possible to the orders placed for given season. This leads to a situation where work is becoming more seasonal and the duration of the seasons much shorter.

In the next article, we will deal with the phase covering health conditions, wages, hours and profits.

JUGOSLAV NOTE WILL STIR UP MORE ANGER

Dalmatian Workers in Rage at Pact

ZAGREB, Yugoslavia, Aug. 21.—The note of the Belgrade government to the Italian government promising it the full satisfaction for the recent anti-Italian incidents in Sebenico and Spalato, is expected to lead to further demonstrations against the Nettuno pact and the Belgrade regime in Dalmatia and Croatia.

The note was sent as an apology for the demonstrations of workers, peasants and students in Spalato and Sebenico when Jugoslav workers were discharged from Italian factories to make way for imported Italians, as provided for in the Nettuno pact.

The demonstrations grew to serious proportions in Sebenico, where windows of Italian shops were reported smashed, an attempt was made to storm the Italian consulate and Italian sailors, who attempted to break the demonstration, were attacked.

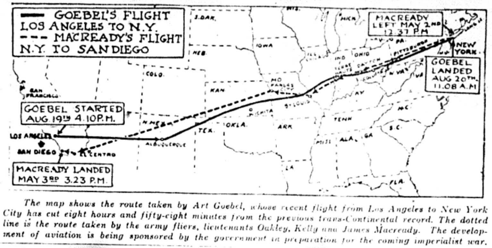
• • •

All-Opposition Coalition.

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Aug. 21.—The formation of an all-nationality opposition coalition is indicated by latest reports from Zagreb, where the Croation peasant party and democratic party leaders have already formed a coalition.

Dissident members of the Belgrade parliament, notably the few remaining Croatian representatives, some deputies of the Serbian peasant party and of the German minority are expected to join the Croats and Dalmatian parties against the Belgrade regime. Ivo Milich, the Croatian member of the government "radical" party, has already given up his membership and joined the Croatian peasant party.

Trans-Continental Flight Record Lowered by Eight Hours



GOEBEL'S FLIGHT LOS ANGELES TO N.Y.
MACREADY'S FLIGHT N.Y. TO SAN DIEGO
GOEBEL STARTED AUG 19th 4.10P.M.
MACREADY LANDED MAY 3RD 3.23 P.M.
MACREADY LEFT MAY 2ND 12.37 P.M
GOEBEL LANDED AUG 20TH 11.08 A.M
LOS ANGELES
SAN DIEGO
SAN FRANCISCO
NEW YORK
ALBUQUERQUE
ST LOUIS
PITTSBURGH

The map shows the route taken by Art Goebel, whose recent flight from Los Angeles to New York City has cut eight hours and fifty-eight minutes from the previous trans-Continental record. The dotted line is the route taken by the army fliers, lieutenants Oakley, Kelly and James Macready. The development of aviation is being sponsored by the government in preparation for the coming imperialist war.

HIT TREACHERY OF REFORMISTS

Continued from Page One

welcoming the attitude of the Communist International was unanimously adopted. It was decided to hold the next congress of the League in Paris at the end of July, 1929.

At the Sunday session General Denyanda, Madame Drevet, and the representative of the Communist Party, Tchaukai spoke. Saklavala analyzed the situation in India, Drevet on Indo-China, Mohammed Hatta on Indo-Asia.

On the motion of the British delegation a sharp resolution against the second international's decision regarding India was adopted. In his closing speech Maxton, of the Independent Labor Party, sverely attacked the second international's decision against participation in the Anti-Imperialist League.

FOR SERVICES RENDERED

CHICAGO, Aug. 21 (UP).—George E. Brennan, democratic leader, who died August 8, left an estate valued at $300,000 to his wife and daughter, Mary, relatives said today, when his will was filed for probate.

JUDGMENT DAY COMES TO DEDHAM, MASS.

(Continued from page five)

the war as now have there been so many crimes, so much corruption, so much degeneration as there is now.

"...Well, I have already said that I not only am not guilty of these two crimes, but I never committed a crime in my life. I have never stolen and I have fought against crime, and I have fought and I have sacrificed myself even to eliminate the crimes that the law and the church legitimate and sanctify.

• • •

"This is what I say: I would not wish to a dog or to a snake, to the most low and misfortunate creature of the earth—I would not wish to any of them what I have had to suffer for things that I am not guilty of. I am suffering because I am a radical and indeed I am a radical; I have suffered because I was an Italian, and indeed I am an Italian; I have suffered more for my family and for my beloved than for myself; but I am so convinced to be right that you can only kill me once but if you could execute me two times, and if I could be reborn two other times, I would live again to do what I have done already.

"I have finished. Thank you."

• • •

Then Judge Thayer rose to speak. He rose to pronounce sentence of death. But first he paused to apologize. He paused to exhibit a stainless legal conscience—and his thin voice trembled.

"Under the law of Massachusetts," he began, "the jury says whether a defendant is guilty or innocent. The court has absolutely nothing to do with that question. The law of Massachusetts provides that a judge cannot deal in any way with the facts. As far as he can go under our law is to state the evidence.

"During the trial many exceptions were taken. Those exceptions were taken to the Supreme Judicial Court. That court, after examining the entire record, after examining all the exceptions—that court in its final words said, 'The verdict of the jury should stand; exceptions overruled.' That being true there is only one thing that this court can do. It is not a matter of discretion. It is a matter of statutory requirement, and that being true there is only one duty that now devolves upon this court, and that is to pronounce the sentence.

• • •

"It is considered and ordered by the court that you, Nicola Sacco, suffer the punishment of death by the passage of a current of electricity thru your body within the week beginning on Sunday, the tenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand, nine hundred and twenty-seven. This is the sentence of the law.

"It is considered and ordered by the court that you, Bartolomeo Vanzetti..."

Vanzetti: "Wait a minute, please, Your Honor. May I speak a minute with my lawyer, Mr. Thompson?"

Thompson: "I do not know what he has to say."

Thayer: "I think I should pronounce the sentence. Bartolomeo Vanzetti, suffer the punishment of death..."

Sacco (interrupting): "You know I am innocent. Those are the same words I pronounced seven years ago. You condemn two innocent men."

Thayer: "...by the passage of a current of electricity thru your body within the week beginning on Sunday, the tenth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-seven. This is the sentence of the law."

BRITISH; U. S. RUBBER RIVALS AGREE TO MEET

Huge Boost Planned in Prices

AMSTERDAM, Holland, Aug. 21 (UP).—The Dutch rubber committee announced today that British producers are ready to co-operate in a proposed conference with American manufacturers to stabilize the industry.

In a circular to producers, the committee said the British were not willing to send delegates to the United States, however, and added that negotiations with Belgian and French producers had resulted in no agreement.

The circular added that in response to a request for mediation, the Dutch minister at Washington replied that although the American consumers would not take the responsibility for inviting the Dutch, they are ready to deliberate if the latter formulate definite proposals.

M'COY SATISFIED WITH NICARAGUA

MANAGUA, Aug. 21.—General Frank McCoy, American supervisor of the elections in Nicaragua this fall, has returned from a twelve-day tour of the country and reports himself satisfied with the progress of the American occupation throughout the country.

He said further that the Nicaraguan national guard, officered by American marines, was replacing the police in many towns and was doing "effective work."

MAN INJURED, ROBBED.

ASHLAND, Pa., Aug. 21 (UP).—James Lewis of New York was in the state hospital here today in serious condition from injuries received when he was held up and robbed early this morning.

BACKACHES from KIDNEY or BLADDER CATARRH in the Aged
Soon eased by the genuine
Santal Midy
Effective-Harmless
SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES

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CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42nd & B'way Now
Conrad Veidt
in "Two Brothers"
and
"THE LIFE OF VON HINDENBERG" and CHAPLIN in "EASY STREET"

To Witness the Celebration of the 11th Anniversary of the NOVEMBER REVOLUTION
ACROSS
LAST TOUR THIS YEAR group sails OCT. 17 on the express ship "Mauretania."
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COST OF THE ENTIRE TOUR
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$25 First Payment, balance payable in installments.
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FOR	AGAINST
1. Organization of the unorganized.	1. Wage cuts, injunctions and company unions.
2. Support of the miners and textile workers' struggles.	2. Unemployment.
3. Recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.	3. Treachery of the labor bureaucracy.
4. A Labor Party.	4. Discrimination against Negroes.
5. For a Workers' and Farmers government.	5. Imperialist war.

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Place the Communists on the Ballot.

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National Election Campaign Committee
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National Biscuit Co. Cuts Wages and Speeds Up Thousands of Workers in Plants

HANdOuTS

The baloney battle between the comic fundamentalist, Rev. John Roach Straton, who believes the world was constructed in a week of stupid labor on the part of God, and the odorous Tammanyite, Al Smith, seems to be a draw. The first round was undoubtedly won by the Rev. Straton when Al Smith refused to answer in a public hall the preacher's charges that he was a high-powered vice generator. One of Al's seconds, the Daily World, revived the reeling governor with a bucket of water when it sent one of its inquiring photographers to the Rev. Straton's Sterling Forest Hotel at Greenwood Lake, New York. Here the newspaperman found a speakeasy in a flourishing condition. The preacher with the insect's name thereupon countered with the remark that all reporters on the World are a "pack of liars," which is probably correct as a general estimate. However, the bootlegger maintains that he pays his rent only with the money that comes over the bar.

* * *

Byrd Dog

Commander Richard Babyface Byrd who was recently stored in the rear end of a trans-Atlantic plane and transported to France now expects to be shipped into the Antarctic regions by the aid of a lot of unknown workers. The capitalists just adore expeditions such as Byrd's. It spreads the air psychology and keeps the workers' minds off the main ideas. Above is Dr. David E. Buckingham who selected one hundred dogs for Byrd. Byrd himself has contributed to the success of the expedition in the past few weeks by getting beauty treatments, speaking at Rotary luncheons and being photographed in a new starched uniform.

* * *

Jordan Puets celebrated his 94th birthday in Milwaukee recently by chopping wood. The U. S. S. R. has a place for aged workers, but it isn't near a wood-pile. It's in a quiet spot in one of the palaces hurriedly vacated by the parasitical noblemen who are now gaining a livelihood in Paris sponging dishes and trying to pass checks on Czarist banks.

* * *

Alive and Useless

Under that ridiculous system of living known as capitalism, the more you give to society the less you get. In fact a worker doesn't worry nearly as much about having a pleasant old age as having some. A worker is lucky if he lives until he is 45 without having something fall on him. Then he may wake up any morning and find his lungs gone. On the other hand you have a social leech like John D. Rockefeller hanging onto life until he is 89. His value to society isn't past, it never existed. He wouldn't know now which end of a broom to sweep a floor with. His idea of generosity is to relieve the working class of a million and give a street urchin a new dime whenever a cameraman is around.

* * *

Gems of Learning

Major General Henry T. Allen: "I think Governor Smith appeals to the soldiers."

He is appealing to everybody, but the question is will he get any response.

Ramsay MacDonald: "Wages and hours of labor are tremendously important, but do not let us forget that we also have to stand by the beauties of our country so that our children and grandchildren may enjoy them."

Tell it to the millions of unemployed who have such a hard time appreciating beauty on an empty stomach.

—M. C. H.

EXPLOITATION OF WORKERS GAINS $8,500,000 PROFIT

Correspondent Urges Reading of 'Daily'

(By a Worker Correspondent)

We workers of the National Biscuit Company work only four and a half days a week. We are forced to take a "vacation one day every week regardless of whether we want it or not, as we are being laid off by the company every Monday. And you know what that means. It means that the majority of us workers can hardly keep going till the end of the week on such reduced, meagre wages.

The cause of all this is the horrid speed-up system of the company. We work all day like horses and if we are not finished with the work we are overtaxed with at the end of the day we are compelled to stay on the job and finish even if it takes half an hour to do it.

Wages Cut Continually.

The cutting of wages and laying off of workers is continually going on. The wages of the packers have been reduced from 24 dollars to 22 and 21 dollars per week. Some packers are getting as low as 14 dollars a week, which is just enough to starve on. Also we are very often compelled to go to other departments and do various jobs which should be done by other workers. The bosses say that this is necessary, because there is not enough work, if so, why do they have a sign up "girls wanted?" While we are being laid off our company has piled up nearly $8,500,000 protit for the first six months of this year. The company also bought a new large plant, the Christie, Brown Co. of Canada. The only way we could improve our condition of work and get higher wages for our work is to organize ourselves and protect our interests. If we do not do it ourselves, surely the company will not do it for us. There is one paper in this country that is ready and willing to help us fight to improve our conditions.

* * *

Buy and read the Daily Worker every day. It will be sold at the factory at closing time beginning next week.

BOMBAY TIED UP BY HUGE STRIKE

Troops in North Meet Peasant Resistance

Continued from Page One

Works. The action was in protest against an ultimatum of the directors refusing to re-employ some of the men who already had walked out.

The movement was sponsored by Haschandra Bose, leader of the Bengal Swarajists and new president of the Jamshedpur Labor Association.

Industrial unrest appeared today to be spreading through India. The English language press blames Communism. A manifesto was reported to have been sent to the Central Committee of the Communist Party in India by M. N. Roy, exiled Communist, advocating the establishment of a Communist nucleus in every factory and agricultural district to "attack the landlord system and overthrow capitalism."

* * *

(By United Press.)

BOMBAY, India, Aug. 21.—Workers in the Bombay area of the great Indian Peninsula Railroad are threatening to strike, it was reported today. The strike in the locomotive shops of the Guaranteed State Railroads at Nizam, Hyderabad, spread to enginemen and other workers.

The Times of India, in an article calling attention to the recent strike on the South India Railway, said the government must take steps to "check Communist mischief before it destroys the peace of the land."

Mill Strike Spreads.

The Bombay mill strike, already in its fourth month, has affected Madras workers, where a strike was called in the Choolai mills in protest against the double loom system.

There has been much talk in the press of a threatened "revolution," and the government was called on by several papers to step in.

* * *

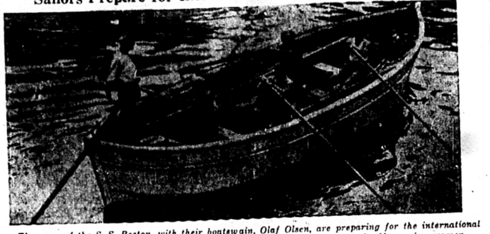
Troops in Bombay.

BOMBAY, Aug. 21.—British detachments, with armored car and airplane support, have arrived in the northern part of the Bombay presidency, and the peasants, who have been peacefully resisting the efforts of collectors to gather taxes there, are massing along the roads to prevent the troops from occupying confiscated lands. The lands have been taken over by the peasants against government orders and worked and harvested.

TREASURY REPORT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21 (UP).—The treasury net balance August 18 was $257,786,288.36. Customs receipts this month to August 18 were $30,811,090.40.

Sailors Prepare for International Life Boat Races



The crew of the S. S. Boston, with their boatswain, Olaf Olsen, are preparing for the international life boat races in New York Harbor on Labor Day. Last year's race was won by Norwegian seamen.

OPEN-AIR SACCO VANZETTI MEETS

Speakers of Workers Party Thruout City

A large number of open air meetings thruout the city have been arranged by the agitprop department of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 2. "The Class Murder of Sacco and Vanzettti" will be the subject for the week. Speakers are urged to obtain bulletins at the agitprop department, Workers Center.

Rutgers Square, N. Y. C. LeRoy, Alkin, M. Epstein, Goliger.

First Ave. and 49th St. Wright, Schalk, Sumner, Jessie Taft (Pioneer).

Foot of West 14th St. Noon. Ballam (Seamen's Meeting).

26th St. and Lexington Ave. Smith, Severino.

Today:

Second Ave. and 10th St. Padgug, Silber, Hendin, I. Cohen.

Union Square. JJacobson, Suskin, Ross, Kaplan.

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx. ~~Grecht~~ LeRoy, Alkin, Goliger, Blechshmiat.

Myrtle and Prince, Brooklyn. Powers, Huiswood, Rosemond, Kindred.

Eagle Pencil Co. Noon. Grecht, Milgrom.

Seventh Ave. and 131st St. R. B. Moore, Williams, Silverfarb.

Seventh Ave. and 137th St. Padmore, Taft, Gill, Green, Lloyd.

Passaic, N. J. Vera Bush, H. Fox.

Hopkinson and Pitkin, Brooklyn. (Y. W. L.) Pasternack.

Williams and Sutter, Brooklyn. (Y. W. L.) Baum.

Tomorrow:

138th St. and St. Annes Ave., Bronx. Padgug, Codkind, Leo Margolis.

40th St. and 8th Ave. P. Shapiro, Joe Cohen.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx. Powers, Gozigian, Rolfe, V. Smith.

25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I. Schachtman, Castrell, Severino, Hendin.

Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria. Reiss, O'Flaherty, Blake, Heder, Abern.

Friday:

106th St. and Madison Ave. (Y. W. L.), Fishman.

National Biscuit Co. Noon. Frankfeld, Ross.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn. Benjamin, Donaldson, Peer, Harris.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St. Taft, Vera Bush, Huiswood, Lyons.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn. Bimba, Burk, Schalk, Silber.

Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.) Padmore, Matlin.

50th St. and 5th Ave., Brooklyn. (4th Ave. line, B.-M. T.) Nessin, Magliacano, Lillienstein.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J. Stanley, Russak.

Saturday:

First Ave. and 79th St. Auerbach, Primoff, Magliacano, McGill, Lustig.

West New York, N. J. (14th St. and Bergenline). Yusem, Harrison.

Perth Amboy, N. J. Sherman, Freiman.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Wright, Welch.

Elizabeth, N. J. (Union Square.) R. B. Moore, Burke.

Osborn and Dumont, Brooklyn. B. Lifshitz, Rosemond, Ed Welsh, Julius Cohen.

International Handkerchief Factory, 137th St. and Willow Ave Noon. Baum and Y. W. L.

Sunday:

Bath Beach (48 Bay 28th St., Brooklyn). 2 p. m. B. Miller.

Butler Knocks Hoover But Decides That He Will Support G. O. P.

Hoover's position on prohibition and naval armaments were criticized yesterday by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, one of the wet leaders of the republican party and president of Columbia University, in a letter made public yesterday.

Butler, however, at his summer home in Southampton, L. I., hastily denied that he had intended to make any statement that a "good republican" would not make, indicating that he would support the G. O. P. reactionary program "in spite of its faults."

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Unit 5F, 3D Meeting.

Unit 5F, 3D of the Workers (Communist) Party has postponed its next meeting from today to Thursday evening on account of the Sacco and Vanzetti demonstration in Union Square. The meeting will be held Thursday, at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St.

* * *

Literature Squad Notice.

All members of the literature squad must report at the Workers Bookshop, 26-28 Union Square, first floor to-day at 4.30 p. m. Prompt attendance is of the utmost importance.

* * *

International Branch 1.

The meeting of International Branch 1, which was scheduled originally for today has been postponed to Thursday, 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Mark's Place, so as not to conflict with the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration on Union Square.

6F SS 3D.

Because of the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration, Unit 6F SS 3D meeting for this week only will beh eld tomorrow at 6.15 p. m. This will be an educational meeting on the same subject. 101 W. 27th St.

To All Sections Subsections, Units.

Material for Red Week is now ready at the district office. This includes boxes, leaflets, credentials, buttons, blanks and labels. Organizers should see to it that all comrades are supplied with the necessary material.

District Executive Committee.

Section 1 Membership Meet.

Members of section 1 of the Workers (Communist) Party are urged to attend the membership meeting on tomorrow, 6 p. m., at 60 St. Mark's Place. The immediate problems of the Workers (Communist) Party will be discussed, and no one under any circumstances will be excused from attendance of this meeting.

Night Workers.

The Night Workers' Branch meets today at 3 p. m., at 26 Union Square, 6th floor.

* * *

All Party comrades. Comrades are wanted for very important Party work. Report at 6 p. m. Thursday, August 23, at 6 p. m. sharp. District Executive Committee, Dist. 2, John J. Ballam, Acting D. O.

7F 2A.

Unit 7F, Subsection 2A will meet Thursday evening instead of Wednesday at 101 West 27th St. at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

Lower Bronx Unit.

The Lower Bronx Unit will hold an open air meeting Friday, August 24, on the election campaign at 138th St. and Brook Avenue. Speakers: Katz, Geffen, Schiffman.

* * *

Brownsville Section Y. W. L.

Open air meetings will be held at the following places:

Hopkinson and Pitkin Aves. at 8:30. Speakers: M. Spector, Clarck, Greenberg and Gudisman.

Sutter and Williams Aves. at 8:30. Speakers: Marr, Lifshitz, Arotafsky and B. Cohen.

Dean and Utica Aves. at 7:30. Speakers: Praturck, S. Mellman, Rosemond and M. Mellman.

All speakers and open air committees must be at the headquarters at 7 o'clock sharp.

* * *

Section 7 Speakers' Class.

All comrades registered with the class must be prepared to speak on Sacco and Vanzetti. Bulletins on that subject are obtainable at 1373 43rd Street. The class will meet tomorrow at 5 p. m.

* * *

Downtown Y. W. L., Unit 2.

An open air meeting of the Y. W. L. Downtown Unit No. 2, will be held tomorrow at 49th St. and 1st Ave. Speakers will be: Marie Duke, Joe Harris, Len Richman, Rosen, Jensky, and Max Helfand.

* * *

Branch 6, Section 5

A meeting will be held of all members of Branch 6, Section 5, of the Workers (Communist) Party at 8:30 p. m. today at the Cooperative House, 2700 Bronx Park East.

* * *

Branch 6, Section 5

This branch will hold a special meeting today at 8 p. m. at 2700 Bronx Park East. Cooperative House.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th. All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

* * *

"Icor" Concert.

On Saturday night, Sept. 29, at Town Hall, 113-123 West 43rd St., a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish territory "Biro-Bidjan."

* * *

Rumanian Workers

Tonight a meeting will be held at 101 West 27th Street at 8 p. m. by the Rumanian Workers Educational Club.

Working Women.

Working women will gather at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., this afternoon, from 4 o'clock to 5, in Room 32. From there they will go in a body to the Sacco and Vanzetti memorial meeting on Union Square. This call is issued by the Working Women's Federation.

Downtown I. L. D.

The I. L. D. will hold its meeting tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 35 East 2nd Street.

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ARBEITER BUND, Manhattan & Bronx; German Workers' Club.
Meets every 4th Thursday in the month at Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. New members accepted at regular meetings. German and English library. Sunday lectures. Social entertainments. All German speaking workers are welcome.

BUTCHERS' UNION
Local 174, A.M.C. & B.W. of N.A.
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Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.

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CHINA WORKERS HELP MOONEY AND BILLINGS

Leaders at Red Meet Cable Labor Defense

A message of working class solidarity, proclaiming the intention of the working class leaders in China to carry on the fight against the white terror and oppression of the Nanking regime was received here by the International Labor Defense from the Chinese delegation to the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International at Moscow. Thec cablegram follows:

"The Chinese delegation of the Sixth Congress of the Communist International sends to all working class prisoners in the United States its fervent greetings. We swear to fight our common battle with renewed energy.

(Signed) "Li Kwang, chairman of the Chinese Delegation."

GIANTS HOLD LEAD; YANKS AND A'S WIN

The Brooklyn Robins spoiled St. Louis' chance to return to first place in the National League race Tuesday by beating them 6 to 1, after the New York Giants had dropped a 3 to 2 decision to Cincinnati.

The Robins clinched their victory over the Cardinals with a run in the fifth inning with the score tied at one all. They added four runs in the ninth for their margin of victory. Doug McWeeney held the Cards to three hits.

Cincinnati scored all their runs in the second inning and the Giants were unable to overtake them, despite Terry's home run in the ninth. Red Lucas pitched excellent ball, allowing the Giants only five hits.

* * *

The New York Yankees maintained their lead of 5½ games over the second place Philadelphia Athletics Tuesday by defeating St. Louis, 3 to 1, in a pitching dual. With Sam Gray pitching for the Browns and Waite Hoyt on the mound for New York, the game proved a thriller from the first. New York's two runs in the second were enough to win, but not until Hoyt had pitched the Yanks out of some very tight spots.

Philadelphia, in contrast, had no trouble disposing of Cleveland, 12 to 4. The Athletics scored 6 runs in the first inning and held a lead of 12-0 before Cleveland rallied with four runs in the eighth. Four Cleveland pitchers opposed the ancient and victorious Jack Quinn.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

National League.

Cincinnati 3; New York 2.
Brooklyn 6; St. Louis 1.
Philadelphia 3; Chicago 1.
Pittsburgh 6; Boston 2.

American League.

New York 3; St. Louis 1.
Philadelphia 12; Cleveland 4.
Chicago 3; Washington 1.
Detroit 4; Boston 3.

TWO NEGROES ON NEBRASKA TICKET

Davis and Albert are Named

Continued from Page One

nominating them on the Communist ticket and by demanding complete social and political equality for them. Davis urged the Negro workers to quit the republican and democratic parties, both now parties of slavery, agents of Wall Street and both equally responsible for the lynching of Negroes in the South and the general discrimination against Negroes throughout the United States.

Workers From All Parts.

Roy Stephens declared that a ratification convention was the most representative of Nebraska workers ever held in the state. He scored Senator Norris and Norman Thomas, the Socialist candidate, as supporters and defenders of the capitalist system.

Prior to the ratification convention the workers had already collected the necessary number of signatures to place the Party ticket on the ballot in the state.

William Z. Foster will speak in Omaha on Sept. 29 and Benjamin Gitlow on Oct. 22.

RAILROAD MAGNATE DEAD.

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 21 (UP).—B. F. James, 68, secretary and treasurer of the Colorado and Southern Railroad, died at his home here yesterday.

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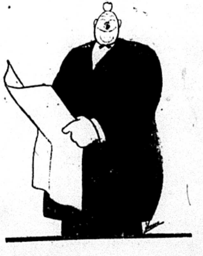

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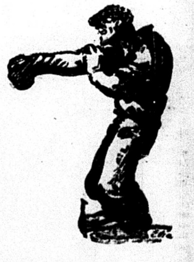

Red Week--August 20 to August 26, Inclusive

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For Red Mass Collections, August 25 and 26

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY - - - - - 26-28 Union Square, New York City

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Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Sacco and Vanzetti

One year ago, in the death house of Charlestown prison were fitted the steel head-pieces of the electric chair upon the heads of the two Italian laborers whose names are now the best-known Italian names and the best-loved in the entire world.

The historical moment in the United States called for a savage blow against the militant section of the working class (and thus of course against the working class as a whole); it was "sound policy" from the capitalist point of view to murder Sacco and Vanzetti. Also the international situation made it psychologically necessary and a "sound policy" to throw the murdered bodies of the two Italian laborers into the faces of the score of Latin-American and European nations whose masses had dared to "meddle" in the case. By throwing the dead bodies onto the world-stage American imperialism said: "Who is master in this world?"

Millions of workers, raised under the sodden slave-philosophy given them through every channel of capitalist culture, believe in the everlasting character of the capitalist society, believe also in the one great, abstract justice, rising in godly grandeur above human affairs, uninfluenced by class conflicts and dealing even-handedly with all men—a theological conception, one of the most important in the ideological structure of the capitalist system.

From the very insistence of the capitalist authorities that the killing of Sacco and Vanzetti represented "justice," the working class begins to get a new understanding of what "justice" is. In the course of long and painful months the working class of the world has had it burned upon its minds that the murder of two innocent workers as an act symbolizing the mastery of the capitalist class over the working class, is "justice." Yes, justice, in a capitalist order, means murder. Justice means perjury and bribery, lying, swindling and murder or anything else which will under the circumstances tend to uphold the present order of society, the capitalist society of exploitation.

Sacco and Vanzetti received the only kind of justice there is in this country. It is the only kind of justice that can exist in a capitalist country. Evidence has nothing to do with political trials, except fictitious evidence employed to maintain the illusions of the masses. It is demonstrated that evidence had nothing to do with the Sacco-Vanzetti case. All concerned know beyond a shadow of doubt that both were innocent. The only question was: "What outcome will best benefit the social order of capitalist property?" As the spokesman of the whole United States capitalism, Thayer answered: "To hang these anarchist bastards."

If Sacco and Vanzetti are not to have died in vain, then we are duty bound to bring sharply to the minds of the working class just what their deaths mean. We must make the workers understand that in the murder of these innocent men there was nothing inconsistent with the administration of capitalist laws, but that the murder was the most typical, characteristic action of the legal system of capitalism in general, and of the United States in particular. It was an act of the class struggle.

The workers must learn the class nature of capitalist institutions. They must learn that there is no justice in the skies above, but that capitalist "justice" resides in the filthy little person of a Judge Thayer, sitting in a little court house administering a man-made system which has the purpose of preserving a certain form of property-relationships and social organization.

Justice, in a class society, can only be class justice.

Besides the capitalist class justice that Sacco and Vanzetti received, there is only one other justice existing in the world today. It also is class justice, but of another class. It is the justice of the revolutionary tribunals of the working class, set up by free workers to try such criminals as Thayer and Fuller. Such justice of the working class exists only in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics—for the present. It will come later throughout the world.

Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti were anarchists. Today there is practically nothing remaining of proletarian revolutionary composition in the anarchist movement. But Sacco and Vanzetti died as revolutionists, and their fearlessness and loyalty are the pride of the revolutionary working class of the world. Nicola and Bartolomeo belonged to the revolution, and the accrued result of their martyrdom is a strong ligament in the mighty body of revolution. What form does the revolution take? A form which the two martyrs could not see, but which nevertheless their martyrdom will help to strengthen.

Vanzetti and Sacco were revolutionists in that they believed in and fought for the realization of a free society—free from exploitation of man by man—and in that they trusted to the working class to bring that change by class struggle. Their aim was a society without government of compulsion—a state-less society. Insofar as this alone is concerned they were correct, but the methods of the long struggle to attain their aims were lost for them in a confusion of idealistic thinking.

All of the hard and cruel facts of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti demonstrated with ruthless logic exactly the flaws that exist in the anarchist views they held. The central point is the question of the state. Nothing more than the unswerving murderous course of the American capitalist class and its institutions in the Sacco-Vanzetti case, proves that the working class cannot accomplish the overthrow and suppression of the present ruling class without, first, the revolutionary organization and mass discipline and second, the ruthless dictatorship of the victorious proletariat. Nothing better proves that the proletariat cannot win its struggle without the organization of the firmest elements of the proletariat in the revolutionary party of the Communist revolution.

If Sacco and Vanzetti are not to have died in vain, the working class must learn from their martyrdom some knowledge useful for destroying the system that murdered them, and for attaining the free society of which they dreamed.

They must learn the nature of the capitalist state, an instrument for the suppression of a class by another class, and not an "impartial" institution above the classes, serving all "equally."

They must learn that for the realization of the ideals of Sacco and Vanzetti, this capitalist class must be overthrown and must be ruthlessly suppressed by the power of the working class itself organized as a revolutionary state power of the new form of workers' councils—soviets.

And above all they must learn to fight, and to fight with the iron discipline of class loyalty and revolutionary organization which alone can lead to victory and free society, and vengeance for Sacco and Vanzetti.

They must learn that the building of the revolutionary Communist Party is the immediate answer to the murder of labor's martyrs.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

Now, let us see what our campaign organizers are doing. Sidney Bloomfield, campaign manager for the New England states, writes:

"Winfield A. Dwyer has invaded New Hampshire to collect signatures on our petitions. Comrade Walter Paanenen of West Concord, New Hampshire, is actively engaged in this task, and is covering the nearby towns of Hilford, Wilton and Concord. He has just ordered a shipment of Party Platforms. Comrades Chase and Iram, both of whom are Party candidates in New Hampshire, have just covered several points, including Newport, Claremont and Stoddard. Dwyer is scheduled to go to Manchester, where the great Amoskeag Mills are located. We are arranging a Weisbord tour and making arrangements for the Foster-Gitlow meetings. But the main job will be done by local speakers, whom we are planning to utilize to the utmost."

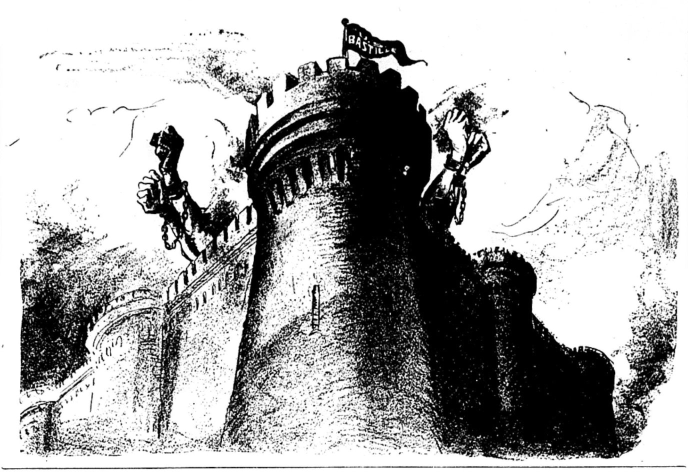
* * *

Comrade Benjamin, organizer for District 3, sends in the following communique:

"The Party office in District 3 is in receipt of a contribution of $10 to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund from Joseph Chilofsky, a member of the Electrical Workers' Union. This worker states that he sends this contribution from the first pay he has received after several months of unemployment, as his answer to the brutalities of the police, whom he witnessed arresting a speaker at an open-air meeting. Other contributions have been received by the district office from the Ruthenberg Branch of the Independent Workmen's Circle, which sent $5, the first installment of a $25 pledge which they have made. The North Philadelphia branch of the Workers Club sent in $10 through their delegate to the enlarged campaign committee which has been formed in this city."

CAPITALISM

By Fred Ellis



The Face of the Workers Enemy

Sacco and Vanzetti Will Live in Workers' Hearts as Labor Martyrs

By MOISSAYE J. OLGIN

We stood with lowered heads before the graves of Sacco and Vanzetti. They died the heroic death of revolutionary fighters. They died irreconcilable enemies of the capitalist order. Their methods of struggle may only partly approach mass proletarian action, yet they gave the working class an example of men rising to immense spiritual heights in defiance of the most formidable foe with death staring in the face. Their death is saturated with the essence of greatness.

> "Our words—our lives—nothing! The taking of our lives—lives of a good shoemaker and a poor fish peddler—all! That last moment belongs to us—that agony is our triumph!"

In Hearts of Workers.

The working class has taken the two martyrs to its heart. The workers of the world see in those two victims, picked out at random by the ruling class from among all its opponents, an example of strength, courage, humaneness so widespread among the exploited masses. One, a man of iron; the other a man of dreamy softness; one, a silent and stubborn recluse; the other a poet opening his heart to all the winds; one, in Vanzetti's words, "a man, a lover of nature and mankind, a man of action"; the other, in his own words, "a living hurricane of thoughts, feelings and sentiments." Both made of that metal that breaks but does not bend.

We pay our heart's tribute to the dead martyred friends, but our eyes are turned to the living foe. Our Sacco-Vanzetti memorials must give the workers a clear picture of the rulers under whom we are compelled to live. The conviction and execution of the two victims shed a lurid light on the state of mind of concentrated capital which is the law of this land.

Part of Class Struggle.

The liberals and socialists are wont to blame the "Massachusetts courts." To them it is an "unfortunate episode" which one ought to remember for the sake of history and in the name of justice. To the workers this is not an accident and not an isolated case. To the workers it only reveals in one flash the face of the enemy which they see every day in less tragic but no less significant encounters.

The Massachusetts courts do not stand alone. Judge Thayer did not care whether the "bastards" were guilty or not, but how many judges in every state of the union care to know the innocence or guilt of labor fighters brought before their bench?

Guilty Because Militant.

Sacco and Vanzetti were found guilty because they dared to challenge the existing system; thousands of strikers, strike organizers, labor agitators, are found guilty everywhere in the United States for the sole reason that they fight the manufacturers and financiers. The most outrageous law violation was perpetrated against two peaceful, radical workers, but does any state or any city of this country follow its own laws when it comes to workers fighting for a better life? Sacco and Vanzetti fell the victims of a crudely executed "frame-up," but does anybody know the number of "frame-ups" employed everywhere against workers seized on the picket line, against workers distributing class literature, against speakers denouncing Wall Street? With grim determination the millionaire governor of Massachusetts upheld the criminal action of his judges, but isn't it the conviction of every governor, every cabinet member, every president, that the "law" must be upheld under all circumstances once its edge is directed against the working class? Lowell, Grant and Stratton, representing the "intelligentsia" of the country, proved as biased and as hostile to Sacco and Vanzetti as was the judge himself; but isn't the average American college president, editor, engineer or lawyer full of the same class prejudice and class hatred as that famous trinity?

Massachusetts Not Alone.

Massachusetts does not stand alone. Sacco and Vanzetti are no "unfortunate exception" to the rule. It is time for the working class, for all of us, to realize that there is no liberty for the working class in this country; that the struggling, unsatisfied worker is deprived of all the so-called constitutional guarantees; that he is confronted by a solid wall of the organized state power that does not shirk before the most hideous crime; that in this respect his position is hardly better, and in many instances it is even worse, than it was in Russia under the czar after 1905.

The working class must see the enemy's face. It will then realize that it can rely on nothing but its own organized force.

Garvey, Negro Misleader, As a Democrat

"Blind Moses" Takes Bosses' Gold to Betray Workers of His Race

By OTTO E. HUISWOOD

Marcus Garvey, the "blind" Negro "Moses," "Provisional President" of Africa, has for once turned his attention to American domestic politics. This sponsor of the "Back to Africa" movement and the naive philosophy of Negroes voluntarily isolating themselves from their natural allies, the class-conscious workers of all countries, has at last seen a light—the glitter of gold. He is now championing the cause of the democratic party and Al Smith, the arch-enemies of the Negro masses.

It is rather curious that Garvey, who during the many years of his activities in the United States spurned all active participation in the struggles of the masses for the improvement of their condition in America has now aligned himself with the party of slavery and the lynching bee. But, for Mr. Garvey, principles and consistency do not exist. His policies are rather based on a catch-as-catch-can philosophy.

A Different Song.

A few years back Marcus Garvey addressed a letter to a number of white business men and prominent public officials, soliciting their aid, morally and financially for the purpose of repatriating Negroes to Africa. He had an interview with Simmons, the then Imperial Wizard of the Ku Klux Klan, and the subject of his conversation with this Grand Cyclops, was to the effect that this is a white man's country, that the white man was entitled to his supremacy here, but, on the other hand, Africa was the home of the black race, and that he should be aided in establishing a nation of his own on that continent. Today he is singing a different song.

In the "Negro World" of July 28, Marcus Garvey says: "Once more the time has come for the American Negro to use his ballot wisely in the interest of domestic politics and supremely in the interests of the black race." And he proceeds to tell his readers that they must vote for Al Smith, "not because the democratic party has been more kindly disposed toward the Negro than the republican party, but because Hoover represents a gang of politicians who mean absolutely nothing good to the black man in America nor anywhere else for that matter."

The inference from this statement is no doubt that the democratic politicians do mean some good to the Negro. Do they not hang and burn him at the stake, and is not jim-crowism, disfranchisement, segregation, and peonage the law in the South—the stronghold of the democratic party? And what does it matter to Mr. Garvey, if Robert Powell is lynched in Houston, Texas, just at the time of the national convention of the democratic party and only a few miles from the convention hall? Does the fact that Negro visitors to the democratic convention were placed aside like lepers in a cage-like structure mean anything to the "Moses"?

Raskob and DuPont.

Garvey opposes Hoover and the republican party, because he was convicted for using the mails to defraud and deported under a republican administration, and because "this Mr. Hoover in this our present century has come upon the scene to assist big American interests to reduce Liberia to slavery, the slavery from which Abraham Lincoln freed us in America in 1865."

It is evident that Marcus Garvey, the leader, believes in the myth that Abraham Lincoln freed the Negro. This proves his complete ignorance of the social conflict at that time, which made it imperative that chattel slavery, a primitive system of production, be abolished and make way for wage slavery. Besides, it is apparent that he entertains the illusion that the democratic party is the party of the "small businessman." He has no doubt never heard of John J. Raskob, Pierre DuPont, and the other financial magnates who are the power behind the democrats and who have just as great an interest in the subjugation of Liberia.

In speaking of the occupation of Haiti, Garvey says: "It is true that it was under Woodrow Wilson's regime that America assumed control of Haiti, but Woodrow Wilson never intended Haiti to be exploited as the republican party has done." But Mr. Garvey does not tell us of his secret information as to how Wilson and the democratic party intended that Haiti should be exploited. Here he exposes himself as the apologist of Wilson and the democratic party in their armed intervention in Haiti and the slaughtering of thousands of poor, defenseless workers. The one thing that that the democratic administration he does not dare tell his readers is that under democratic administration the National City Bank and other big interests will not exploit Haiti.

He knows too well that no Negro, not even the biggest moron in his organization, would believe that. But let Mr. Garvey tell us the real reason for his endorsement of the democrats: " . . . and it is now time for every Negro to vote for Al Smith and the democratic party, so that we may expect something of service in return for the support given whole-heartedly." What is this "something of service" that "we may expect in return"?

Betrays Negroes.

Marcus Garvey stands revealed as one of those misleaders who for some paltry consideration is ready to aid in riveting the chain of oppression on the Negro masses. His endorsement of the democratic party, the party of the solid south, with its policy of violent repression of the Negro workers, is a base betrayal of the Negro race. This blatant clown has placed the stamp of approval on the business interests who thrive upon the exploitation and enslavement of the Negro masses.

Through the bitter experience of every-day struggle the Negro will learn that both the democratic and republican parties are the agencies of the employing class, which exploits both black and white workers and whose policy it is to keep the Negro at the bottom of capitalist society. The Negro workers must learn that both parties stand for the same thing—lynching, segregation and exploitation.

The Negro workers must support the party which champions his cause, the party which fights against the system that oppresses and abuses him, the party which unites all workers regardless of race and, which is dedicated to the common struggle for the abolition of the capitalist system which divides and exploits both black and white workers. This party is the Workers (Communist) Party.

TO MASSACHUSETTS—A YEAR AFTER

Now that they're ashes, light as thistledown,
To blow with all the winds that ever blow,
Are you at ease, securer in your crown,
And has your commonwealth no other foe?
Are their lives gone?—and does no tempest grow
To leap upon your courts and tear them down?

THEY LIVE

When you lived you were bound by bars,
But what bars are big enough, strong enough
To bind you today, Sacco and Vanzetti!

—HENRY GEORGE WEISS.

Told You So

THIS is the first anniversary of the legal murder of Sacco and Vanzetti by the capitalist government of the state of Massachusetts. Today millions of workers in every part of the world will hold demonstrations commemorating the lives of those two gallant workingclass warriors and pledging themselves to fight on against the capitalist system that sent Sacco and Vanzetti to their doom.

* * *

THERE will be two kinds of memorial meetings today. One kind will be held under the auspices of the Communist movement in the United States and other countries; the other under the auspices of liberals, anarchists and pacifists. The Communists will not only point out that Sacco and Vanzetti were framed by the authorities, that they were killed in the electric chair not because of a crime of which they were innocent but because they fought for the workingclass, but they will also point out that there never is and never can be any more justice under a class government than that class can afford to grant its suppressed class enemy.

* * *

THE liberals would have us believe that a "good" governor in the position of Governor Fuller of Massachusetts would have used his office to grant Sacco and Vanzetti a new trial. This is a dangerous illusion to hold up before the workingclass. This is on a par with the A. F. of L. political policy of "reward your friends and punish your enemies." This kind of nonsense means that the workers do not have to organize into a revolutionary class party to fight against judicial assassination now, and for their ultimate emancipation from wage slavery.

* * *

FROM the beginning of the Sacco-Vanzetti defense fight the Communists made a mass issue out of it, knowing that the power of the masses only could stay the hands of the executioners. Unfortunately the American workingclass were still too much under the sway of the reactionary labor bureaucrats to throw their collective weight behind the protest. The leaders of the A. F. of L. confined themselves to uttering platonic doubts of the guilt of Sacco and Vanzetti. The liberals depended on intellectuals and bourgeois editors and politicians who crawfished when the campaign carried on by the Communists threatened to assume mass proportions.

* * *

THE Workers (Communist) Party, as a member of the great united front labor defense organization the I. L. D., was the driving force behind the movement to save Sacco and Vanzetti. Tho not in agreement with the anarchist philosophy held by the two doomed men, it saw in them protagonists of the workingclass who were willing to sacrifice their lives for the cause of labor, and saw that it was because of this that the capitalist government of Massachusetts decreed that they must die. Had Sacco and Vanzetti been parlor anarchists of the type to be found on many capitalist newspapers, they would be living today. But they believed in organizing the workers and fighting for higher wages and working conditions and that is why they were executed.

* * *

THE mass demonstrations today will be utilized, in addition to refreshing the memory of the workingclass regarding the crime committed against Sacco and Vanzetti, to mobilize the masses for a great drive to free Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, now incarcerated in living tombs in the state of California and to open the jail gates for the I. W. W. prisoners in Walla Walla, Washington. The International Labor Defense is organizing this drive. The movement to free these class war victims will not be based on liberals and intellectuals, tho the assistance of all human beings will be welcome, but it will be based on the exploited masses of the United States.

* * *

WHILE those workers are suffering the tortures of the damned in jail, millions of their class are going their way heedless of their agonies. In this election campaign, neither the republican, democratic nor Socialist parties have a word to say about the class war prisoners. The Workers (Communist) Party only places the release of all class war victims in the forefront of its program. The more sacred duty remains to be performed by the American workingclass than to compel the arrogant jailers of Tom Mooney, Billings and the victims of the Centralia frame-up to open the jail gates for our comrades.

* * *

AS Vanzetti wrote before the executioner pulled the fatal switch in Charlestown prison, he and his comrade Sacco might have spoken from soap boxes against the capitalist system until the end of their days without awakening the proletariat of the world as they were able to do thru their execution on a framed-up charge by the ruling classes of Massachusetts. Those two humble men became workingclass heroes thru their sacrifice for the cause of the oppressed. Their memories will be honored for ages to come, when the rotten system that sent them to their doom, will be a historical blot and the names of their executioners recalled only to be cursed.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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SACCO-VANZETTI MEET ON UNION SQ. TODAY, 5 P. M.; HUGE DEMONSTRATIONS HELD IN MANY COUNTRIES

JAPAN MUNITIONS FOR UPRISING IN MONGOLIA FOUND

Seeks Excuse for Armed Intervention in North China

Arms are Intercepted

(By United Press)

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 22. — A large shipment of alleged contraband munitions arrived here, August 13, and were confiscated, it has been announced. The munitions were on board the steamship Kahimara and were allegedly from a firm in Osaka and addressed to a firm in Harbin.

* * *

Imperialist Scheme Exposed.

VLADIVOSTOK, Siberia, Aug. 22.—The munitions sent by Japan bound for Harbin, via the Chinese Eastern Railroad, and seized here, is taken to indicate that the Japanese government was instigating a revolt in Manchuria in order to create an excuse for military intervention, as was hinted in a statement released a few days ago by the Soviet government of Outer Mongolia.

Reports have been current in both Japanese and British papers that the attack of Inner Mongolian tribesmen on the northwestern section of Manchuria, which cut the Chinese Eastern Railroad at two points, were instigated by Soviet government authorities in order to create a Soviet Republic out of Inner Mongolia, which is under Chinese rule. On the basis of this charge Vice-Director Lasevitch, of the Eastern Chinese Railway was arrested by Manchurian officials.

The new developments, however, seem to indicate that Japan is attempting to prepare the way for armed intervention in Manchuria, where its interests are at stake, by provocative statements. The discovery of the shipment of munitions is considered by many to be adequate proof that the Japanese government has a hand in Manchurian uprisings.

AL TAKES WALL ST. NOMINATION

Against Injunctions, If "Unwarranted"

ALBANY, N. Y., August 22.—Speaking on this anniversary of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti by American capitalism, but with no sign of recognition of its significance to the working class of the world, Alfred E. Smith, Tammany-Wall Street candidate for the presidency of the United States, tonight accepted the democratic party's nomination.

Smith's speech was a peculiar mixture of the promise of humble obedience to the will of finance-capital with an appeal to elements within the republican party. This appeal to republicans is seen in the words:

"Dominant in the republican party today is the element which proclaims and executes the political theories against which the party liberals like Roosevelt and La Follette and their party insurgents have rebelled. This reactionary element seeks to vindicate the theory of benevolent oligarchy. It assumes that material prosperity, the very existence of which is challenged, is an excuse for political inequality. It makes the concern of the government, not people, but material things".

But the governor immediately hastened to cover up:

"It is a fallacy that there is inconsistency between progressive measures protecting the rights of the people, including the poor and the weak, and a just regard for the rights of legitimate business, great or small. Therefore, while I emphasize my belief that legitimate business promotes the national welfare, let me warn the forces of corruption and favoritism, that democratic victory means that they will be relegated to the rear and the front seats will be occupied by the friends of equal opportunity."

The expected retreat of the Tam-

Continued on Page Two

Children Starving, Wants Them Adopted

Unwilling to see her little children suffer hunger and privation, Mrs. Olga Larkin, 28, a widow of Elizabeth, N. J., is offering them for adoption. Under a ruthless profit system no provision is made for caring for those families who become dependent upon the sullen charity of professional "philanthropic" agencies. In the Soviet Union an elaborate system of social insurance exists for the protection of the workers and their families. Photo shows mother and children, Cecilia, 8, Howard, 11 months, and Joseph 4.

Forced to Bare Company Guilt In Mine Blast

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 22.—Faced by inescapable evidence of the criminal negligence of the officials which resulted in the death of 13 miners following an explosion in the mine of the Irvona Coal and Coke Company, near Coalport, four district inspectors were today forced to charge the management with "carlessness" in carrying out the provisions of the mining laws.

The report which covered the investigation made by the inspectors was made public by Walter H. Glasgow, secretary of mines.

DISCUSS NEGRO AT WORLD MEET

Colonial Issue Theme at Red Congress

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 22.—At the thirty-fourth session of the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International this morning the discussion on the colonial question continued. Those who participated in the discussions were Manaver, of Indonesia; Fokin, of the Young Communist International; Tchousteumet, of China; Ford, of the United States; Lacerda of Brazil; Schneller, of the Young Communist International; Paredes, of Ecuador; Martinov and Travin, of the Soviet Union.

Ford, American Negro, declared that the American social democrats were actively supporting the imperialist attack on Nicaragua. The "socialists," he said, permitted an imperialist agent to make a speech from the "socialist" broadcasting station, "Eugene Debs," defending the American robber policy in Nicaragua. The Negro and colonial population, he declared, can only be freed under the leadership of the Communist International.

Lacerda, who spoke next, declared that the Latin-American countries are semi-colonies. British influences in Brazil, he said, caused exceptional laws against the Communists on the basis of forged documents. United States capitalism, he continued, is striving to drive the British out of Brazil and has already achieved some success. He said that the Brazilian Communist Party was working illegally and making progress.

Paredes declared that the bourgeois democratic revolutions in Latin-America must receive more attention. Numerous revolutions of

Continued on Page Three

TAUNTON POLICE STOP MILL RALLY

T.M.C. to Arrange New Weisbord Meeting

TAUNTON, Mass., Aug. 22.—A mass meeting of textile workers, scheduled to be held here yesterday to hear Albert Wisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mill Committees, was stopped by the chief of police, who was carrying out a last minute order of the mayor.

The meeting was arranged by the Taunton unit of the Textile Mill Committees, and was to be held as part of a drive to establish new factory groups of the organization there. Albert Weisbord was scheduled to speak at the meeting about the coming convention of textile workers' organizations, which will be held in New York September 22 and 23, for the purpose of launching a new national union of mill operatives.

Leaders of the organization work here declared that another meeting is already being arranged for despite police prohibition. "If necessary," they stated, "meeting after meeting will be called to test the 'authority' of the mill bosses' city hall office boys, as was done by our Fall River organization."

CLOAK WORKERS DRIVE BROADENS

Hold Spirited Delegate Parleys in N.Y., Boston

More than one thousand shop delegates, representing many thousands of workers in the ladies garment manufacturing industry concluded their second monthly shop chairmens' and delegates' conference at Webster Hall Tuesday night, with the unanimous adoption of measures providing for the continuance of the organization drive with which they are building the new union and the widening of its scope to take in every shop in the trade where union conditions are not enjoyed by the workers.

The other outstanding feature of the enthusiastic conference was the answer given by all the speakers to the recent public decision of the reactionary chiefs of the United Hebrew Trades to organize a "Vigilante Committee" of underworld characters for the admitted purpose of breaking up left wing meetings and attacking left wing leaders. A

Continued on Page Two

LABOR SPORT OLYMPICS

Expect Record Crowd at Meet Saturday

Seven hundred young worker athletes from all parts of the United States have already sent their entry blanks to the headquarters of the Labor Sports Union of America, signifying their intention of competing in the Second annual track and field meet to be held this Saturday and Sunday at Wingate Field, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Worker athletes from the entire country will participate in the games, expected to be the most colorful and successful of any labor sports meet ever held in the country. From as far west as California, young workers have arrived. Some of them are even now riding the rails, hitch-hiking across the continent to take part in the meet.

The program of events includes nearly every standard track and field event. Although no records

Continued on Page Three

Jail 400 as Riga Militants Protest White Terror

DOCK WORKERS STRIKE AGAINST WAR ON UNIONS

Sacco Anniversary Is Signal for Action

Scores Hurt in Clash

RIGA, Latvia, Aug. 22 (UP).—Four hundred men were arrested today during a disturbance attending a protest strike of 5,000 harbor workers.

The men struck in protest against trial of Communist agitators.

Mounted police frustrated an attempt to invade the courtroom.

* * *

KOVNO, Lithuania, Aug. 22.—Scores of workers were injured in Riga today when police attempted to break up an open air meeting in the center of the city where the workers protested against the government proclamation disbanding the radical trade unions, and simultaneously the longshoremen and workers in several industries went on strike.

The fighting began when a reinforced patrol of police attempted to break the demonstration at noon, when thousands of workers were present. Strikers, workers and sympathizers then withdrew to other sections of the city and resumed their meetings in defiance of the police.

When news reached the government that the meetings were being continued they sent detachments of heavily armed police to the outlying districts. The workers refused to disband and latest reports indicate that the street fighting still continues.

The decree of the government disbanding the unions was directed especially against those unions which were strong in Communist membership, which included almost all the major unions in Latvia. Simultaneously with the issuance of the decree many working class leaders were arrested and the revolutionary press ordered suspended.

That the first memorial of the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti was chosen as the occasion for the workers' demonstration and strikes in several industries, has greatly alarmed the authorities who have feared such an outbreak on August 22.

4 FUR LOCALS IN NEW UNION VOTE

Meet Here Tonight Simultaneously

Members of all four craft locals of the left wing New York Joint Board, Furriers Union, cutters, operators, nailers and finishers will meet tonight immediately after work to take up the important question of endorsing the action of their leaders in launching a new national union of fur workers. Cutters' Local 1, Operators' Local 5, and Nailers' Local 10 meets in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place; Finishers' Local 15 will meet in Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second St.

The new union movement, launched at a recent conference in which all but two local unions of the International Fur Workers' Union of the A. F. of L. participated, has already been endorsed by the membership of three locals at their meetings several days ago. The last one to take this action was the Boston local which met Tuesday night, according to a report received today.

The tremendous sentiment for the construction of a new and real workers organization in the industry has brought about the union wrecking policy of the A. F. of L. and socialist officialdom who attempted to destroy the Joint Board because of its left wing leadership. In the ensuing two year struggle all union conditions were destroyed the out

Continued on Page Two

Jail Communist

HUGO OEHLER

ARREST MISSOURI WORKER LEADERS

Oehler and Cushing Held Incommunicado

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 22.—Hugo Oehler, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party in the Kansas district, and Cushing, a member of the district executive committee of the Young Workers (Communist) League of District 10, were arrested today in front of the Armour Company's packing plant here, while they were speaking to workers employed there, during the noon lunch hour.

Bond was refused them, and efforts of friends to see them were prohibited by the police authorities, who arrested them under the instigation of the Armour Company officials.

Both Oehler and Cushing are being held on charges of vagrancy. The case will be called for trial at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning.

WESTERN UNION ABSORBS POSTAL

Morgan Now Supreme Over Telegraph

The merger of the Western Union Telegraph with the Postal Telegraph lines, if not already actually accomplished, is seen here as an immediate prospect in the announcement made public yesterday that the Postal would in the future use the same wires and services as the Western Union thru an agreement with the American Telephone and Telegraph Company which controls the Western Union and provides service to it.

Morgan Move.

The agreement is expected to make millions for the Morgan interests which now own both lines. J. P. Morgan and Company is represented on the directorate of the International Telephone and Telegraph Company, the new owner of the Postal, by Russell C. Leffingwell, one of the Morgan partners.

Telephone and several telegraph messages simultaneously are to be transmitted on the same long distance wire circuits of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company.

The new relations between the Telephone and the Telegraph Companies are to make use of inventions which are expected to eliminate to a large extent the necessity of parallel pole lines and wire circuits of the two companies.

No estimate of the probable economies of the scheme was made by Walter S. Gifford, president of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, but it is known that millions will be made.

DELAY FASCIST FLIGHT

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 22 (UP)—It appeared today that Captain Cesare Sabelli, Italian aviator planning a hop to Rome in his Bellanca plane, "Roma," might be obliged to postpone his flight.

ROSARIO DOWNS TOOLS; MANY CITIES RESPOND

Many Demonstrations Held Thruout Country

U.S.S.R. Holds Meets

(By United Press.)

ROSARIO, Argentina, Aug. 22.—The labor unions here have decided to call a general strike tomorrow in commemoration of the first anniversary of the Sacco-Vanzetti executions.

* * *

(By United Press.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 22.—All newspapers devoted liberal space today to the first anniversary tomorrow of the Sacco-Vanzetti executions.

The press, recalling the 1927 demonstrations against the executions, said the workers of the world never will forget the American class murders.

* * *

One year after Sacco and Vanzetti were executed by capitalist justice, working class demonstrations have been held all over the United States and throughout the world.

Rosario.

In Rosario, where stevedores, street-car workers, bakers, telephone operators, transportation workers, have been on strike for a number of months and have finally forced the street car company (Belgium-owned) to rehire the fired Communist and anarchist members of the union, all workers have downed their tools, as a memorial to the class murder of Sacco and Vanzetti, and a protest against capitalist justice.

U. S. S. R.

Every newspaper in the Soviet Union has called the attention of the workers and peasants to the class murder of Sacco and Vanzetti. They recalled the heroic struggle against capitalist justice carried on by the two revolutionary workers, with the eyes of all the workers in the world fixed on the Dedham courthouse.

Cherbourg.

In Cherbourg, the scene of an angry working class demonstration on the arrival of the American

Continued on Page Five

WORKERS ANGRY AT JINGO THREAT

Many to Attend Astoria Meeting Tonight

The threatening letter received by the District Office of the Workers (Communist) Party from a patriot who signs himself "A Real Veteran," in which the patriot intimates that the meetings being held by the Workers (Communist) Party at the corner of Jamaica and Steinway Aves., Astoria, will not be allowed to continue by the Veterans of Foreign Wars, has enraged thousands of New York workers, and made them more than ever determined that those meetings shall be held every Thursday, as scheduled.

The Communist speakers scheduled to speak at the corner of Steinway and Jamaica Aves. tonight are Reiss, Heder, Blake, Tom O'Flaherty and Martin Abern, acting secretary of the International Labor Defense.

Militant Mine Leader

Freeman Thompson, one of the leaders of the National Arrangements Committee for a new mine union is having considerable success in organizing [illegible] in West Virginia.

MINERS ACTIVE IN UNION DRIVE

Unorganized Fields are Responding

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 22.—Indications of the broadening influence of the movement for a new miners' union are had here daily in the numerous reports which come in to the National Arrangements Committee.

In Fayette County, when organizers succeeded in getting into a company town and told the miners there about the new miners union which was being built to replace the collapsed U. M. W. of A., one miner said: "The whole world is moving and we're standing still!" Two weeks later a strong local was organized. Credentials for three representatives from there were received today at the Arrangement Committee headquarters.

Freeman Thompson on Job!

Freeman Thompson is directing the job of reorganizing West Virginia. West Virginia will be well represented at the National Miners Convention in Pittsburgh, September ninth, credentials already received indicate.

Organizers tell many interesting stories about their experience in organizing locals in southern West Virginia.

"The men in West Virginia sure are behind the new union!" this organizer says. "I asked one fellow how things were, and he told me that the boys earn enough to buy bread, but they got to send to the old country for enough to buy meat! It's about time they had a fighting union!"

Mother Ella Reeve Bloor writes

Continued on Page Three

Bas Relief Being Made for Sacco, Vanzetti

BOSTON, Aug. 22 (UP).—Gutzon Borglum, famed sculptor, has completed a bas relief of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, the internationally known radicals who were executed for a double murder at Charleston State Prison a year ago Thursday.

The bas relief, depicting Sacco and Vanzetti in life size, will bear the following inscription, taken from Vanzetti's last letter:

"What I wish more than all in this last hour of agony is that our case and our faith may be understood in their real being and serve as a tremendous lesson to the forces of freedom so that our suffering and death will not have been in vain."

'THE LAND OF VITALITY'

Labor Lawyer Returns from the USSR

By SENDER GARLIN

A vivid, enthusiastic report of life in the Soviet Union has been brought back by Joseph Brodsky, New York labor attorney, who has just returned following a visit lasting nearly three months.

Leaving this city on the "Acquitania" on May 30, as leader of a group of 65 traveling under the auspices of the World Tourists, Inc., Brodsky visited the larger centers of the U. S. S. R., spoke to hundreds of workers, peasants, Red soldiers and students. He sat through all the sessions of the Shachta trial of the foreign technicians convicted of criminal sabotage against the Soviet Union and was in Moscow during the World Congress of the Communist International, which is still in session.

"The first impression which the

Continued on Page Three

50 SPEAKERS TO ADDRESS GIANT MEMORIAL HERE

Gitlow, Minor, Nearing Among Speakers at Meet

Rain Cause of Delay

The demonstration in honor of Sacco and Vanzetti will take place at 5 o'clock today on Union Square. Benjamin Gitlow, candidate for vice president on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, was added to the list of those to speak at the meeting which was postponed yesterday because of the heavy rain.

New York's shops and factories late yesterday afternoon poured forth thousands of workers who thronged Union Square to attend the memorial demonstration called by the New York section of the International Labor Defense to commemorate the anniversary of the der of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti.

A heavy downpour of rain which continued thruout the entire day caused the demonstration to be postponed until today at 5 p. m. For over an hour thousands of workers waited about in the square until they were definitely assured that the demonstration would not take place at the scheduled time.

Police Arrive.

Making good his threat that the New York police department would assign at least 1,000 uniformed and plainclothes cops to the meeting, Police Commissioner Warren yesterday instructed his men to exercise "extraordinary police watchfulness over public buildings and the homes of prominent citizens" and directed his patrolmen "to arrest on sight anyone distributing handbills in connection with the demonstration."

Inspector Patrick McCormick, in charge of maintaining "order," was on hand with a special detail from headquarters. All parades in connection with the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration were prohibited by official ukase.

Workers Eager.

While the possibility of the demonstration hung in the balance due to the shifting weather conditions,

Continued on Page Two

WORKERS CALLED TO SACCO MEET

Labor Defense Issues Statement

A call to the workers of New York to come in thousands to the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration to be held at Union Square today at 5 p. m. was issued last night. The call, which is signed by Rose Baron, New York Section of International Labor Defense which is arranging the meeting, says in full:

"To the workers of New York:

"The blood lust of the American master class was not slaked with the blood of Sacco and Vanzetti. New frame-ups, arrests, clubbings are the order of the day. The mass protests last August were answered by clubs and bayonets and machine guns. The class war has flared on a dozen new fronts in Pennsylvania, Ohio, New Bedford, Fall River and elsewhere. Mooney and Billings are suffering a living death in Folsom and San Quentin prisons.

"On to Union Square at 5 today!

"Make today's demonstration a smashing challenge to the forces that strangled Sacco and Vanzetti. Come in your thousands and tens of thousands. Bring your comrades and fellow workers!

"Remember Sacco and Vanzetti!

"Release Mooney and Billings!

"Challenge the class murderers!

"On to Union Square."

"Socialist" Official of United Hebrew Trades Faces Court on Charge of Extortion

GROCER TRAPPED HELLER, LEADER OF 'WAR ON REDS'

Doublecrosses His Meal Ticket, Boss Assn.

Always outstanding as one of the most boisterous shouters in camp of the "socialist" trade union officialdom here for the blood of all Communists and left-wingers, Samuel Heller, manager of the right wing Grocery Clerks Union, Local 338, of the A. F. of L., was yesterday held in $500 bail for a hearing August 28 when arraigned in Bridge Plaza Court yesterday on charges of attempted extortion.

Among the raucous cries for "war to the death on Communists," that filled the air at Monday's meeting of the United Hebrew Trades officialdom, the voice of Heller could be heard to bluster, "I demand that a new fight be begun against the left wing Grocery Clerks' Union." This union, in a recent struggle for the confidence of the workers and their allegiance, had compelled the Hebrew Trades to withdraw from the field.

Now, Barney Cantor, grocer, of 367 South Third St., Brooklyn, has taken out a warrant for Heller's arrest because the yellow labor "leader" is said to have demanded a large sum in cash graft if he didn't want his store picketed by right wing hirelings.

The grocery store owner stated he had been threatened by the store owners association of Brooklyn to get out of business or join their organization. Upon his refusal to do so, Cantor said, the employers association had sent the so-called union official to him to make the threat more graphic. After threatening to drive the store owner out of business, Heller is said to have demanded money if Cantor wanted to avoid becoming a member of the bosses association. Heller is alleged to have declared that he had the power to protect him from the other employers.

The grocer, however, knows that the right wing grocery clerks union not only has no members, but is no union, being merely a racketeering outfit. He therefore defied the "Communist-eater" and arranged for his arrest.

LEAGUE SCHOOL NOW IN SESSION

24 Young Workers are Attending Courses

Twenty-four members of the Young Workers (Communist) League are attending full-time sessions of the League school which is now in session at the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square.

Composed of workers from the anthracite, textile and needle trades, the students, half of whom are girls, are spending eight hours daily in lectures and discussions on subjects which include American history, economic theory, imperialism, public speaking, workers' correspondence and youth problems and the history of the youth movement.

The course is organized for the purpose of "giving the leading League functionaries a training in the principles of the class struggle, and to train them for leadership in all struggles of the young workers."

Instructors include Gil Green, national agitprop director of the Young Workers (Communist) League; Hyman Gordan, district agitprop director of the League; Philip Frankfeld, acting district organizer of the League; Sender Garlin, of the staff of the Daily Worker; Karl Weisberg, and others.

Open-air speaking, signature collections in connection with the Workers Party election campaign and activity for the youth conference comprise some of the work engaged in by the students after the school sessions.

CLOAK CUTTERS BUILDING UNION

In a call announcing considerable gains in membership since the recent Bronx Stadium meeting, cloak and dressmakers yesterday appealed to all cutters in the ladies' garment industry to leave the reactionary Local 10 and take out membership books in the new cloak and dressmakers' union. The statement also announces a meeting of the organization tonight, immediately after work, at 16 W. 21st St.

The recently chosen executive committee of the Cutters' Welfare League has elected A. Horowitz to attend to complaints made by members of the league.

Hundreds of cutters have joined the league in the past few weeks, and are participating enthusiastically in the campaign to build a union controlled and run in the workers' interests, the statement says. Cutters in all shops are called upon to come to the meeting tonight and to bring their fellow workers with them.

PHILADELPHIA WORKERS CONSIDER THEMSELVES "LUCKY" ON $25 WAGES

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 22 (FP).—Along smoke-blackened river fronts of the Delaware and Schuylkill, 250,000 industrial workers toil in more than 5,000 mills, factories and shops. Philadelphia, hodgepodge of industry, turning out everything from rugs to locomotives, gets little of the front page publicity that shines on Detroit, Pittsburgh and other centers where industry concentrates on autos, steel or textiles. Yet Philadelphia turns out products for each of these industries and for half a hundred more.

From Quaker City shops have been spawned many of America's greatest fortunes, but her workers consider themselves lucky to average $25 a week. Rotary optimists boast of the $319,000,000 payroll, but never bother to split it up into 250,000 units and to inquire of themselves whether they'd like to live on so little.

Philadelphia, conservative though the town is, believes in equality of men and women in industry. Consequently 80,000 women are hard at work for an average of $16 a week. In addition a majority of the 56,000 salaried workers employed in offices and stores are women. Because this classification includes higher paid executives, the average salary is $2,500 a year.

This huge bedlam of factories prides itself on diversified products, but nevertheless 90,000—more than a third of all her workers—are employed in some 1,500 textile mills and garment shops. Another 50,000 work in metal and metal products shops. Chemicals, food products, leather goods, paper and printing, and tobacco are other major industries.

Although each industrial worker, for his $1,200 a year wage, turns out products valued at $7,000, Philadelphia is too poor to provide decent housing conditions for a large part of the community. So bad were conditions that 10,000 complaints were made last year to the Philadelphia Housing Association. Defective plumbing, bad sanitation, unsafe structures, insufficient equipment, poor drainage, flooded cellars, filthy conditions and leaky roofs and walls were some of the reasons why workers appealed, in last resort, to this private society for relief.

Typical of vicious century-old tenements in which Quaker City workers must live is one which has a continuous record of complaints since 1912. It has been inspected 72 times since then, to little avail. This dwelling has only six rooms, but it is usually occupied by three families, and at times by as many as seven. Two of the rooms are in the attic and have sloping ceilings and small windows.

AL TAKES WALL ST. NOMINATION

Against Injunctions, If "Unwarranted"

Continued from Page One

many candidate on the tariff question was made in the words: "The democratic party does not andunder m y leadership will not advocate any sudden or drastic revolution in our economic system which would cause business upheaval and popular distress."

Smith a Wilsonian Imeprialist.

Smith showed a cunning hand in pronouncing stereotyped phrases of "sympathy" for Latin-America, but wound up by standing on the positions of the two arch imperialists, Elihu Root and Wilson.

Smith's stand on what he chooses to call the question of "labor" is an adroit paraphrase of some of the mouthings of William Green and and Mathew Woll, with even an evasion of much of the weasel-wording used by those gentlemen. He made plain that he is in favor of the use of injunctions in labor disputes, but makes a distinction (entirely meaningless) between what he considers warranted injunctions and "unwarranted" injunctions against the workers. The portion of the speech devoted to "labor" came toward the close. It reads:

"The American people constitute a structure of many component parts. One of its foundations is labor. The reasonable contentment of those who toil with the conditions under which they live and work is an essential basis of the nation's well-being. The welfare of our country therefore demands governmental concern for the legitimate interest of labor.

"The democratic party has always recognized this fact and under the administration of Woodrow Wilson, a large body of progressive legislation for the protection of those laboring in industry, was encated. Our platform continues that tradition of the party. We declare for the principle of collective bargaining which alone can put the laborer upon a basis of fair equality with the employer; for the human principle that labor is not a commodity; for fair treatment t ogovernment and federal employes; and for specific and immediate attention to the serious problems of unemployment.

"From these premises it was inevitable that our platform should further recognize grave abuses in the issuance of injunctions in labor disputes which threaten the very principle of collective bargaining. Chief Justice Taft in 1919 stated that government of the relations between capital and labor by injunction was an absurdity. Justice Holmes and Justcie Brandeis of the U. S. Supreme Court unite in an opinion which describes the restraints on labor imposed by a federal injunction as a reminder of involuntary servitude.

Against Injunctions — If "Unwarranted"

"Dissatisfaction and social unrest have grown from these abuses and undoubtedly legislation must be framed to meet just causes for complaint in regard to the unwarranted issuance of injunctions.

"The Judiciary Committee of the United States Senate has already in progress a careful study of this situation. I promise full cooperation to the end that a definite remedy by law be brought forth to end the existing evils and preserve the constitutional guarantees of individual liberty, free assemblage and speech and the rights of peaceful persuasion.

"I shall continue my sympathetic interest in the advancement of progressive legislation for the protection and advancement of working men and women. Promotion of proper care of maternity, infancy and childhood and the encouragement of those scientific activities of the national government which advance the safeguards of public health, are so fundamental as to need no expression from me other than my record as legislator and as governor.

Charging Segregation in Civil Service, Negro Bolts G. O. P.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—J. Finley Watson, grand exalted ruler of the Negro Elks, today refused to serve on the republican national committee in an advisory capacity, stating that under the republican administration his race had "lost civil rights, political representation and political leadership." He charged that there was "humiliating segregation within the civil service."

SACCO-VANZETTI MEET AT UNION SQ. TODAY

Continued from Page One

workers thruout Greater New York made systematic preparations for attending the memorial en masse.

At the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., several hundred members of the United Council of Working Women met to prepare the march to Union Square. Fiery slogans and banners denouncing capitalist class "justice" which was responsible for the frenzied murder of Sacco and Vanzetti were being prepared for the demonstration. These will be carried thru the downtown streets enroute to Union Square today.

Shops Active.

Organized groups were formed by members of the International Labor Defense in their own shops and preparations were made to attend the giant rally in a body. During the entire afternoon the telephones of the Daily Worker and International Labor Defense were flooded with queries as to whether or not the demonstration was to take place despite the rain.

A hurried consultation of the officials of the New York section of the I. L. D. held at an eleventh hour resulted in the decision to postpone the meeting until today. Confidence was expressed that the magnitude of today's demonstration would be increased as a result of the delay under the circumstances.

In a statement issued by Rose Baron, I. L. D. local secretary late yesterday afternoon, she pointed out that the "holding of the memorial meeting on August 23 would be on the correct anniversary of the death of the two martyrs inasmuch as Sacco and Vanzetti were executed a few minutes after midnight of August 22."

Meetings Thruout World.

Simultaneously with the announcement of the postponement of the Union Square meeting until today, news came of demonstrations thruout the world.

Until the last minute prior to the official postponement, telegrams, murder of Nicola Sacco and Barpour into the office of the New York section of the I. L. D. pledging support from the various fraternal and labor organizations. Unions and clubs which will take part in the huge meeting are as follows:

Unions To Be Present.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, Local 1090; International Seamen's Union; Window Cleaners' Protective Union, Local 8; Paper Box Makers' Union; Architectural Iron and Bronze Workers' Union; United Council of Working Class Women; Amalgamated Food Workers of America; Furriers' Union; International Ladies' Garment Workers, Locals 22 and 43; twenty-seven branches of the Workmen's Circle; Suit Case Bag and Portfolio Makers' Union; Hand Millinery Workers' Union, Local 43; Shoe and Slipper Workers' Union; Workers (Communist) Party, Young Workers (Communist) League; Young Pioneers of America; 45 branches of the New York section of the International Labor Defense, under whose auspices the demonstration has been arranged.

Rose Sacco To Attend.

It is expected that Rose Sacco, widow of the murdered revolutionist will attend the Union Square meeting. Greco and Carrillo, who narrowly escaped a death similar to the ones suffered by Sacco and Vanzetti, will also attend the demonstration. It will be remembered that Greco and Carrillo were saved from electrocution when the frame-up against them was exposed by the International Labor Defense.

Among the speakers who will address the meeting are:

Many Speakers.

Benjamin Gitlow, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for vice president; Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker; Ben Gold, manager Joint Board Furriers' Union; Louis Hyman, manager N. Y. Joint Board Cloak and Dressmakers' Union; Jack Stachel, organizational secretary, Workers (Communist) Party; Robert W. Dunn; Alexander Trachtenberg; Scott Nearing, Communist lecturer and writer; M. J. Olgin, editor of the "Hammer," Yiddish Communist monthly; Leonard D. Abbott; George Powers, secretary, Architectural Iron and Bronze Workers' Union; Bert Miller, organizational secretary Dist. 2, Workers (Communist) Party; Sasha Zimmerman, manager Dress Division, Joint Board Cloak and Dressmakers; Richard Moore, secretary Negro Labor Congress; A. Markoff; Bishop Paul Jones, of Fellowship of Reconciliation; Benjamin Lipshutz, secretary Jewish Language Bureau, Workers (Communist) Party; Louis Baum, secretary Photographers' Union; Mike Gold, editor "New Masses"; Leon Rostovsky, editor Uj Elore, Hungarian Communist Daily; Morris Taft, manager International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, Local 41; Martin Abern, acting national secretary, International Labor Defense; J. Ballam, acting organizer Dist. 2, Workers (Communist) Party; W. Van Valkenburgh; Kate Gitlow, secretary United Council of Working Class Women; D. Benjamin, assistant director, Workers School; Rebecca Grecht, state election campaign manager, Workers Party; Carlo Tresca, editor Il Martello; Max Shachtman, editor Labor Defender, official organ of I. L. D.; Nina Siracusa, Il Lavoratorie, Italian Communist daily and John Peppan; Anthony Bimba, editor Laisve, Lithuanian Communist Daily; Pat Moore; I. Zimmerman; Jos. J. Padgug, of Commercial Telegraphers of America.

Representing Young Workers (Communist) League: Phil Frankfeld, Carl Winter, M. Yucen, Knox Helfand.

Representing N. Y. Working Women's Federation: Paulina Roggers, Gertrude Welsh, Ellen Yushkevich.

Representing Independent Shoe Workers: Guisseppe Magliacano, Stephen Gerardi.

4 FUR LOCALS IN NEW UNION VOTE

Continued from Page One

of town locals also falling before the bosses A. F. of L. drive.

Before the week is over, it is understood, meetings of many other locals in the United States and Canada will be held with those remaining arranging for meetings for next week.

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BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 22.—At a crowded membership meeting of Boston Local 30 held here Tuesday night, a resolution of endorsement of the new union launched by the International United Front Committee, was carried enthusiastically by a unanimous vote.

A. Winnick, representing the United Front Committee addressed the local in its name. Leaders of the local, business agent Perlman and president Meddoff who are also members of the International Committee then told the workers that a National Executive Committee was to be elected which will serve as an executive body for the organization till the national convention elects a permanent central executive.

Funeral of Leo Strauss, Young Militant, Today

The funeral of Leo Strauss, 16-year-old member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, who was drowned last Sunday when he ventured beyond his depth in the water near Pleasant Bay Park, will be held today at 142 Ludlow St.

Delegations of Young Pioneers, from which the dead youth had recently been graduated into the Young Workers (Communist) League, will assemble before the procession and take part in the simple exercises.

TRAIN CRASH

HOLBROOK, Mass., Aug. 22 (UP)—Hundreds of passengers were severely shaken today when an express train on the New Haven Railroad, bound from Woods Hole to Boston, struck a half-ton trolley rail which had dropped from a truck onto the railroad track near Holbrook depot.

CLOAK WORKERS DRIVE BROADENS

Hold Spirited Delegate Parleys in N.Y., Boston

Continued from Page One

special resolution was passed giving the official attitude toward these threats of the right wing gangs.

Act of Fear.

"Frightened out of their wits by the rising tide of mass resentment evidenced by the needle trades workers thru their rapid adhesion to the new left wing unions," the statement declares, "the yellow reformist betrayers of the workers bluster publicly about a terror with which to halt the movement."

The statement makes clear that these attacks will not go unchallenged, and that the workers will know how to defend themselves.

Simultaneously with the conference going on here, a similar conference of shop delegates was being held in Boston, the details of which were brought back by Charles S. Zimmerman, who acted as a N. O. C. representative there. The conference there was the first to be held in Boston while the New York parley was the second.

High Spirit.

Remarkable enthusiasm was manifested by the 200 delegates representing over 57 shops in that city, at the prospect of finally beginning the structural work on the new union that will replace the organization of the bosses and the Sigman-Schlesinger gang.

After Zimmerman, Levine and Yaninsky from the National Organization Committee had delivered their reports and after the meeting had inaugurated the organization drive, the conference voted unanimously to affiliate with the N. O. C. An executive committee of 23, elected immediately, was then chosen to carry on the work until the regular elections planned will have taken place. An appeal to the workers to pay the voluntary $10 tax was also adopted.

J. H. Cohen, chairman of the New York Local Committee of the N. O. C. opened the conference here and acted as chairman.

Signs Up Shops.

Joseph Borachovich, Louis Hyman and H. Korets were the main speakers. Borachivich reported on the general situation, Korets on the brilliant prosecution of the organization drive and Hyman summed up with the concluding speech. Korets presented figures and names showing that over 100 shops had been struck by the union, 46 of which have already signed contracts agreeing to union conditions.

Borachivich and Hyman, in their speeches, stressed particularly the bankruptcy of the Sigman fake union, pointing to their impotent threats of violence against workers as evidence.

100 Volunteers Wanted for Ulmer Park Picnic

One hundred volunteer workers are wanted by the Trade Union Educational League to act on committees at the T. U. E. L. Workers' Festival, to be held at Ulmer Park Saturday.

They are urged to report at the Workers' Center, 26-28 Union Square. Volunteers will be admitted to the picnic grounds without charge.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

Left Wing Leaders to Greet Workers at Trade Union League Festival

Two of the best known left wing leaders of this city, Ben Gold, militant leader of the furriers and Louis Hyman, leader of the left wing cloakmakers, in a statement issued last night greeted the annual Workers Festival to be held by the Trade Union Educational League next Saturday at Ulmer Park, and urged all left wing workers of New York to support the picnic by their attendance.

Both Gold and Hyman will be present at the picnic and will speak, but only if requested to. John J. Ballam, secretary of the New York T. U. E. L. will also be at the festival.

One of the outstanding events of the picnic will be the Red Poets Forum. Those who will read their revolutionary poetry include Michael Gold, A. B. Magil, Edwin Rolfe, Henry George Weiss, H. T. Tsieng, Henry Reich, Jr., and Beatrice Siskind. After these poets have read their works, there will be an impromptu reading of poetic attempts by those present who wish to read

$500,000 SUIT AGAINST J. D., JR.

Bright Still Fights Corruptionists

A new suit for $500,000 against John D. Rockefeller, Jr., together with applications for injunction relief against the psalm-singing oil magnate as well as Federal Judge Augustus Hand, Supreme Court Justice Mitchell May, Edwin P. Hesse, police superintendent of Washington, the Morgan controlled Equitable Trust Company, John J. McKelvey, Charles P. Howland, George Gordon Battle, Rockefeller attorneys, was yesterday begun by Charles Bright, who has for years been carrying on a legal battle against the combination.

Bright, who is the son of John Bright, the famous British commoner, is known to have been defrauded by the Rockefeller gang of several millions of dollars he had expected to realize out of public utility and other concessions in Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay. Through their control over the state department and through the forgery of documents, these concessions were cancelled. Bright has won a number of legal suits against the Rockefellers but they have thus far succeeded in preventing a final accounting.

Bright has been engaged in the past ten years in exposing the corrupt judges and public officials of New York City and other cities who do the bidding of the big capitalists.

NEGRO WORKERS MEET TOMORROW

Moore, Padmore and Campbell to Speak

Noted Negro leaders will address the Monster Mass Meeting to be held tomorrow evening at 8 p. m. at the Boyles Memorial E. Church, Gates Avenue and Irving Pl., Brooklyn, under the auspices of the American Negro Labor Congress.

Richard B. Moore, national organizer of the American Negro Labor Congress; Grace P. Campbell, chairman of the Harlem Educational League, George Padmore, Henry Rosemond and Edwin H. Best will address the Negro workers who are expected to appear in hundreds. Conrad A. Walters will be chairman.

A statement issued by the American Negro Labor Congress last night announces that "The A. N. L. C. has a message for every Negro man, woman and child who has to work for a living—a message for every Negro whose soul burns with indignation at the indignities heaped upon his group in this country, partitioned Africa, and slaughtered Haiti."

The Congress invites every Negro in New York to come and hear the aims of the organization.

ANSWER G. O. P. ON 'PROSPERITY'

Campaign Hits Work's Falsehoods

The work of class-conscious New York workers to swell the Communist Campaign Funds during Red Week, and especially the mass turnout of New York workers on the Red Tag Days, Saturday and Sunday, Aug. 25 and 26, will answer the lies of "high wages" and "prosperity" being spread by the capitalist publicity agents high in the councils of the republican and democratic parties.

Urge Contributions.

If at a stated time all the workers of this country were asked to shout their answers to the capitalist lies, the resulting thunder would effectively nail those lies, but since it would be impracticable to arrange for such a vocal demonstration, New York workers are urged to make fitting reply to the unfounded capitalist propaganda in the most concrete and substantial manner by collecting for and contributing to the Communist War Chest all week. Workers are urged to report at one of the many stations established thruout the city for participating in the Red Tag Days, Saturday and Sunday. Only by means of a solid campaign fund can the capitalist lies be answered with Communist literature and speakers thruout the country.

CHINA UNIONS IN NEW AID APPEAL TO U.S. WORKERS

Bishop Brown Joins Committee

Continuing their drive for the raising of funds for the relief of the Chinese workers and peasants now persecuted by the Nanking government through the suppression of their labor and farm unions, the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions yesterday made known the enlistment of Bishop William Montgomery Brown as a member of the Committee.

Enclosing a check for the amount of $25, for the Chinese trade unionists, Bishop Brown sent the following letter to Robert W. Dunn, secretary of the Committee:

Contributes $25.

"Your letter of July 19th is just at hand, though I have not time to read the appeal of the dear workers of China just now. I know about their conditions, however, through what I have read in the daily newspapers, and I shall be delighted to serve on the American committee on their behalf.

"Enclosed we are handing you our check for $25.00 toward the fund to be raised for them.

"Wishing that we could make it $2,500.00 or more, I am

"Most Cordially yours,

(signed) W'm. M. Brown.

Letter From Jeng.

The committee again urged the participation of workers throughout the United States in their drive for raising the necessary relief yesterday following the receipt of a letter of appeal from Sou Chao Jeng, chairman of the All-China Federation of Labor Unions, describing the misery and torture to which the Chinese militants are subjected.

"Do you know," Jeng writes, "that in April of last year Chiang Kai-shek and Li Ti-sing in Canton murdered over 4,000 workers because they wished to "reorganize" the unions, i.e., to dissolve them? Do you know that since the April coup d'etat in Kwantung there have been over 2,000 workers killed?

"Do you know that in Hunan and Hupeh 20,000 peasants have been shot for the sole offense that they did not wish any longer to die of starvation upon their little plots of land and to give up the last cupful of rice to the militarists?

Women Burned Alive.

"Do you know the Canton rebellion of the workers, directed against the yoke of the imperialist murderers has been suppressed? Do you know that over 5,000 workers' corpses were thrown upon the streets of Canton? Do you know that working women were tied together in batches of five and burned alive?"

Jeng's letter ends with a fervent appeal for aid. "Help us in our struggle," he says, "in our struggle for life, for liberty and the loosening of the yoke that hangs like a sword over the heads of the millions of Chinese workers and peasants."

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

Foster and Gitlow

As the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party stand for the emancipation of the proletariat from the slavery of capitalism, from the horrors of imperialist war, unemployment and poverty, work and vote for Communism. Read The DAILY WORKER. Read the National Platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. Write for it to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Ten cents a copy.

WORKERS OPEN AIR FESTIVAL

THIS SATURDAY August 25

Given by Trade Union Educational League, Local N.Y., and Jewish Workers University

An Unusual Program Will Be Offered

3 P. M.
Freiheit Soccer Team.

5 P. M.
International Red Poets Forum

6 to 11 P. M.
Camp Fire Concert with the Mass Chorus of Brooklyn—and other musical members

Tickets for Entire Festival, Only 35 Cents
TO BE OBTAINED AT THE FREIHEIT AND WORKERS' CENTER, ROOM 205

ULMER PARK
B. M. T. West End Line to 25th Ave.

Imperialist Wars Threaten the World on Eve of Signing of Kellogg's "Peace" Pact

TROOPS MASSED MAY DRAW ALL INTO CONFLICT

Danger of Attack on Soviet Union

By C. P. WILLIAMSON.
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Wars, rebellions, revolutions and military, naval and air activities, involving five continents and a score of nations, is the situation in which the world finds itself today—less than a week from the time the Kellogg anti-war pact will be signed in Paris in an effort to outlaw armed conflicts for all time.

In no period since the end of the Great War has the world been involved in such a host of warlike, or threatened warlike, activities.

Great Britain has just concluded the greatest air maneuvers the people of England have seen since the world war. British army maneuvers and artillery have now begun in Wiltshire.

In Paris yesterday Premier Poincare announced there can be no reduction in taxes for the coming year since the new budget must provide for expenditures of more than $160,000,000 for reorganization of the army and construction of a vast system of fortresses and trenches along the eastern frontier. Cruisers will be modernized and the most modern air force possible for both defensive and offensive purposes will be built.

Maneuvers Near Italian Line.

France is now carrying out vast military maneuvers along the Italian frontier, in the Pyrenees and in the Rhineland.

Charges and counter charges of vast troop movements along the Polish-Lithuanian frontier have been filtering into the capitals of Europe for weeks from both Kovno and Warsaw.

Anti-Italian demonstrations in Jugoslavia, which have frequently overshadowed quiet periods in Europe since the war, have broken out again, and Jugoslavia has again been forced to offer "satisfaction" to Italy for the attacks on Italian subjects in Dalmatia.

In Ar African provinces, where the native tribes have been carrying on a minor war against Italy for a long time, recently forty-three natives were killed in an engagement with Italian troops. The Italians lost twelve killed and thirty wounded.

French Suppression.

From Jerusalem it is reported that sixty persons were killed in a recent clash between Druse mountaineers and French troops in a mountain stronghold in Syria, but this report was denied by the French Foreign Office. The actual political situation in Syria has been somewhat questionable for some time. Aside from the minor war which has been waged by the French Foreign Legion ever since France accepted the mandate for the country the French are having difficulty with the Syrian constituent assembly.

British Suppression.

The British are having their troubles apparently, for, according to Arab sources, the situation in Trans-Jordania, and particularly along the eastern boundaries, is critical, due to the continuance in office of the premier of one of the provinces despite the request of the Emir Abdullah that the government resign. It is alleged that the British are supporting the usurping premier.

The French and British ministers recently made representations to the Bulgarian government emphasizing that energetic measures must be taken immediately against the revolutionaries in Macedonia, whom the two nations consider "a menace to the peace of neighboring nations and the world." It is frequently remarked that some minor activity of theirs might very well inflame all the Balkans.

In Spain there is a movement—entirely political in character—against the government of Dictator Primo de Rivera. Political conditions in Spain have been quiet since the disruption of the Catalonia Separatist plot last year.

While Europe, Asia and Africa have been occupying themselves mainly with questions of international ramifications, revolutions are occurring or have just been suppressed in North and South America. In Mexico, rebel attacks, few of which could hardly be called serious, have taken place in many sections.

Five Electrocuted by Power Line in Arizona

PHOENIX, Ariz., Aug. 22 (UP).—Five persons, four of them members of one family, were electrocuted here last night when they came in contact with a power line blown to the ground during a heavy wind and rain storm.

Screams of Richard Miller, the first to touch the wire, brought his wife and son, Eugene, both of whom died while attempting to free him. A second son, Wesley, and a neighbor, Carl Weeks, were killed while trying to rescue the three already [illegible]

One of Wall Street's Best Bets in Air for Imperialist War

Photo shows the Los Angeles, giant dirigible, in flight over Lakehurst, N. J., its base. The Los Angeles will be one of the chief weapons against the workers when Wall Street plunges the United States into imperialist war.

CONDITIONS IN THE AUTO INDUSTRY

Menaces to Health

Declining Wages

Increasing Profits

By BEN LIFSCHITZ

(This is the sixth in the series on "Automobile—Symbol of the Modern Slavery." The previous installments have outlined the scope of the industry, the giant combinations, the conflict between Ford and General Motors, the driving forces to war. Tomorrow's issue will outline the causes and lessons of the recent Flint strike.)

Serious health danger confront the workers in all branches of the automobile industry. Painters, wood workers, trimmers, blacksmiths, machine shop workers, foundry workers, metal grinders. Those who do welding, brazing, soldering, core making, polishing, acid dipping, buffing, electro-planting and other sections of the work.

Breathing poisonous fumes, chemicals, dusts and gases, cause occupational diseases. High power machines, tools and speed-up systems lead to accidents, nervous disorders and broken health. In departments where all the processes are conducted on one floor, every worker is exposed to all the dangers, all the time.

Among 17,783 automobile workers examined in Ohio 5 to 10 per cent of all the workers had tuberculosis. 5 to 10 per cent of all the carpenters, temperers, painters and varnishers had lead or turpentine poisoning.

Deadly Dangers.

Painters and other workers are poisoned by: lead dust from dry rubbing down or sandpapering automobile bodies and scraping paint and by fumes from burning off old paint. Lead is insidious poison. It stores up in the body. The smallest amount may do damage. Less than a grain of lead breathed each day will cause poisoning.

Dry sandpapering caused an epidemic of lead poisoning among automobile workers in Detroit in 1922. 99 workers were sent to the hospital. In Ohio there were 104 cases of leading poisoning among auto workers from dry sandpapering in the same year. Lead poisoning causes paralysis of body and brain. In the last stages workers are helpless, unable to feed or clothe themselves. Lead poisoning causes painters colic, anemia, apoplexy, hardens the blood vessels and affects the heart and kidney.

Automobile bodies must have smooth, durable, glossy coats, new patent paints used for this purpose have brough new dangers. Deadly poisons such as benzol, the irritating, suffocating fumes of other volatile poisons cause suffering and distress among the workers. Benzol may cause death in a few moments. Control of the fumes is practically impossible. The National Safety Council report shows one man in three poisoned among 81 workers examined.

Spraying Poison.

Spray painting has invaded the automobile industry increasing every danger. The spray gun works by air pressure. Poisonous spray is splashed all over the room. Open spraying is a menace to all workers in the shop compelled to breath the air. Flimsy compo board partitions do not protect respirators, do not keep out fumes and spray.

The automobile industry which is piling up hundreds of millions of dollars profit from the sweat and toil of the workers, has no money to install special ventillating systems to carry off these dusts, fumes and the spray gun menaces to which the workers are exposed to all day long.

In addition to these facts compiled by the Workers Health Buro of America, March 1927, we want to point out the few things prevalent in the industry. The Ford Motor Company which is directed by such a "humane" personality as Mr. Ford, the company only allows 15 minutes for lunch for those working 8 hours. In these 15 minutes the worker must stay in line and get his food, eat the lunch. There is certainly no time left for anyone to wash up. The other automobile concerns are no better in this respect. In the factories of Flint, Michigan, there are no adequate sanitary facilities, no wash rooms or separate rooms away from the fumes and dust. The workers are compelled to eat their lunch with their dirty hands, and all the poisonous gases and all the poisonous materials which are used in handling the material is actually being transmitted into the bodies of the workers.

No Wash Rooms.

The most striking example of the conditions of the workers in the automobile industry is that many the workers in Flint, Michigan, including the women, walk with their overalls from their homes to the shops because there are no adequate dressing rooms or wash rooms.

These are the sanitary and health conditions which prevail in one of the most important American industries which the capitalist class of the United States speaks with pride and points out to the automobile industry as an example to prove the soundness of the American plan of production and the open shop.

Wages.

It is very hard to ascertain the exact wage that the workers receive in the various branches of the industry, first, because in all the reports made by the various companies on payments on wages, they usually include executives and the staff-supervisors which swells up the average wage of the workers in the industry. Second, the wage compiled by the manufacturers association or by the labor department statistics, include all the bonuses and extra premiums that the workers get.

According to the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, 1922 males received from 49 cents an hour for labor to 93 cents an hour for letterers, varnishers, stripers, which used to be a very high skilled trade. Now machines are used to do that work.

In 1925 males received from 57 cents for laborers to $1.05 for dingmen. Women received in 1922 68 cents and lathe operators from 36 to 69 cents.

The average full time earnings for males was in 1922, 33 cents and in 1925, 36 cents.

Low Average.

According to the figures of the National Industrial Conference Board, the average wage for 1919 was $34.19, the average weekly earnings for all the workers for the first quarter of 1926 was $32.87.

Unskilled Male	$27.63
Women	18.71
Skilled male	34.81

In 1922 there were paid out in wages $585,823,733 to 324,665 workers which made an average wage of $1804.39 against $2,003, which was the average wage paid out in 1920, the boom year in the automobile industry.

According to the survey made by the executive council of the American Federation of Labor in the automobile factories of Detroit for the month of July 1926, the boom year in the automobile industry, common labor inside was paid 50 cents an hour on the average. Pig-iron loaders receievd 50 cents, cupo-molders from 60 cents to $1, assemblers in automobile plants from 70 to 90 cents, asemblers outside from 53 to 80 cents, electricians from 70 to 75 cents, machinists from 70 to 70 cents, shop carpenters from 60 to 80 cents, hand truckers from 45 to 50 cents and electric truckers from 55 to 65 cents. They only maximum wage rates that were above $1 an hour were $1.15 maximum for cranemen and $1.25 for wood patternmakers. Maximum wages of $1 an hour were possible to coremakers, machine molders, hand floor molders on heavy work, machine operators on production and acetylene welders.

Some of the classes of workers in Detroit factories who start at 50 cents an hour are time clerks, oilers, stock chasers, millwright helpers, steamfitter helpers, electrician helpers, blacksmith helpers, firemen, truck drivers, crane operators, and several classes of machine operators. In certain factories a rate of 40 to 45 cents is paid to beginners in some of these classes and to workers in various other grades.

Profits.

According to the report of the Wall Street Journal of June 1928, five companies in the automobile industry: General Motors, Chrysler, Hudson, Studebaker, Packard, have increased their net income 250 per cent in 3 years.

The profits in these concerns were in 1926, $299,481,000, in 1927, $314,-977,000 of which the General Motors alone made a net income available for dividends $235,104,826.

However, the wages of the workers are gradually going down. According to the figures of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, the averages yearly earnings of all those employed in the industry is now about $1800 a year which is $200 less than the average for 1920.

The wages of the masses of workers excluding executives and supervisors staff, included in the general average range from about $20 to $36 during the week of 50 hours.

Since the Federal Labor Department investigated wages in the industry in 1925, finding that the average full time weekly wage for women was $23 and for men $36, the industry has been hit by an epidemic of wage cuts.

Scheme of Wage Cutting.

Wage cuts are not delivered at one stroke throughout the industry, but are made piecemeal, plant by plant and department by department. Thus the resentment of large groups of workers is not aroused simultaneously.

It is, therefore, no surprise that the workers in the automobile industry are gradually beginning to react. The most appropriate term for which should be "department walkouts" accuring quite often in the various plants in the automobile industry.

Recently about 200 men on three assembly lines on Oakland, Pontiac Plant walked off the job when the company failed to keep its promise of giving a raise of 5 cents an hour and bonus.

There have been walkouts in the Buick plant of Flint, Michigan, in the Nash automobile works in Kenosha and the strike of the oil sanders in Flint, Mich.

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In the next article we will deal with the cause of the strike in the oil centers of Flint, Mich. and also the lessons to be derived from the strike.

MINERS ACTIVE IN UNION DRIVE

Unorganized Fields are Responding

Continued from Page One

that a real progressive movement has been launched in Indiana. Mass meetings are held right along. Powers Hapgood, Mother Bloor and Freeman Thompson have been among the speakers.

The National Miners Arrangements Committee instructed each district to hold organizational conferences in every sub-district to make final preparations for the election of delegates and affiliation.

It also instructed John Watt to attend the Ohio conference, Freeman Thompson, the Indiana and Kentucky conferences, and Anthony Minerich, the anthracite tri-district conferences.

To knit together the Indiana forces for the new union, conferences are being held in Clinton, Bicknell and Blandsford. Where locals have fallen to pieces, they will be reorganized and elect their delegates; where there is no organization, the militants are on the job to organize every mine, and elect delegates. Every coal digger wants to have a share in building the new union. If he cannot come to the National Miners Convention himself, he wants to vote for a representative

One of the serious problems facing the National Arrangements Committee, it was announced, is that of financing the convention, the printing, postage, hall rent and other expense. Hundreds of delegates planning to attend will be unable to secure funds for railway fare, it was stated. The success of the convention depends on whether sufficient money can be raised to provide for these immediate costs. The committee has made an urgent appeal to the labor movement to send contributions to Room 411, 119 Federal St. Pittsburgh, N. S.

LABOR ATTORNEY BACK FROM USSR LAUDS NEW LIFE

Tells of the "Land of Vitality"

Continued from Page One

visitor to the Soviet Union gets," Brodsky said yesterday, "is the enormous vitality of the nation. Building is brisk, factories are being enlarged; there is great activity everywhere."

The workers and peasants of the Soviet Union, he said, are utterly convinced of the inevitability of a joint imperialist attack upon their country. "They are determined to resist this attack," Brodsky reported, "and are confident that in the event of war the world proletariat will stand by them."

"The country belongs to the workers," said Brodsky. "Of this fact they are profoundly convinced. A visit to the opera house, to the vacation places, rest homes and theatres dramatizes this fact. Everywhere are workers."

Tens of thousands of workers visit the museums each day, Brodsky reports. "Interpreters and guides are provided and the way of the visitor is facilitated to the greatest extent."

Complete refutal of the slanderous propaganda in capitalist countries that the Soviet government has despoiled its art treasures is found, Brodsky stated, in the fact that all the art galleries, museums, parks and public buildings have been preserved for the use of the workers and peasants.

Stability.

That the Soviet government is stable and will endure is attested to not only by the enthusiasm of the millions of workers and peasants who are prepared to die to defend it against the world imperialists, but also by the "despairing attitude of many of the former members of the bourgeoisie, some of whom include Nepmen."

The Soviet Union is dedicated to the service of the youth, the labor attorney said. "All energies are bent to their development as citizens of the workers' and peasants' republic." The schools, universities, clubs, the sport unions—all are saturated with the enthusiasm and vitality which is characteristic of the new social order, he said.

The legal system of the Soviet Union differs from the legal system of the United States and other capitalist countries as night does from day, Brodsky said. "The distinguishing characteristic of the Soviet jurisprudence is its lack of formality. Every case is decided on its individual merits and not on precedents and citations founded on medieval law. There are no loopholes through which cunning lawyers, hired by wealthy and powerful corporations, can take advantage of," he reported.

Law for Workers.

Obscure Latin terms and involved pleading and procedure, which in capitalist countries are used to confuse the poor client, does not exist in Soviet jurisprudence. "Nevertheless," Brodsky said, "the codification of the Soviet law is being accomplished gradually."

All courts have three members, Brodsky said, one being the chief magistrate, who may be but is not necessarily a lawyer, and two workers. These workers are sent by various unions, and there is a system of rotation. The two workers can overrule the judge, and very frequently do so, he stated.

No "Sharks."

No such institution as the bail system, as it is known in the United States, exists in the Soviet Union. Consequently, there are no bond sharks, surety agents and other parasites. In the U. S. S. R., Brodsky said, the defendant is given the opportunity to seek a friend who will simply vouch for his appearance on the day of trial. "Financial standing is not necessary, only that the friend be a member of a trade union, and no money is involved."

Public trials in the Soviet Unions are not spectacles to provide cheap "thrills" to idlers, but rather a forum for the education of the masses. The Shakta trial, Brodsky said, is a vivid illustration of this.

Speaking of England, France and Germany, Brodsky said that the workers there are dominated by poverty and despair. "In England, unemployment, poverty and prostitution are growing daily, and the same thing is true of the other countries in Europe."

Tour Soon.

Only Soviet Russia alone, Brodsky said, is free from this depression. "There the workers, in control of their economic and political life, are energetic, active, alert, enthusiastic—sure that their country is but the first of the nations of the world where the workers will come into their own."

The World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave., of which Brodsky is president, and Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, is arranging a tour to the Soviet Union in time to witness the 11th Anniversary Celebration of the November Revolution. The group will sail on October 17, on the Cunard express steamer "Mauretania" to London.

With Talk of Peace Prepare for War

The largest American submarine the V-4, is now in active service in the U. S. Navy. While Secretary of State Kellogg is speeding across the Atlantic to sign the "peace" treaty, the V-4 is practising mine laying operations in the same waters.

LABOR OLYMPIC GAMES SATURDAY

Record Crowd Expected to Attend

Continued from Page One

are expected to be broken, there will be many spectacular performances, and the thousands expected to attend have been assured by the Labor Sports Union that they will not suffer from lack of excitement. The comparative strength of the competitors augor well for many close races, and winners will achieve victory in many of the events only through the closest of decisions.

Besides organizing the young workers in sports clubs as is done in the Soviet Union, Germany, and other countries of Europe, the Labor Sports Union has the additional purpose of offsetting the propaganda spread by the various bosses' organizations such as the American Athletic Union and the Y. M. C. A. and developing a strong class-consciousness among those athletics in the United States who are workers, and whose struggle for existence does not afford them the opportunity of extended practise that is allowed to the pampered college athletes.

40,000 BERLIN TAILORS STRIKE

Demand 11 Percent Raise in Wages

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—Forty thousand workers in the men's clothing industry here will go on strike today, due to the refusal of the employers to grant the workers' demands of an 11 per cent. increase in wages over the present wage scale. The entire industry will be involved.

Among the first of the nation's workers to be hit by the German employers' rationalization schemes, which slashed wages and increased production, the needle trades workers decided to launch demands to ease the continued pressure put on them by the bosses.

That the employers will fight is evidenced by its refusal of an arbitration proposal made by the Reichstag recently. The sentiment among the workers will allow no "arbitration" schemes to interfere with the enforcement of their demands.

DISCUSS NEGRO AT WORLD MEET

Imperialism Is Main Theme at Congress

Continued from Page One

this kind, he said, occurred in recent years with the support of the workers and peasants. The workers must strive to secure a hegemony with the peasants in these revolutions.

Decolonization False.

Martinov declared that the decolonization theory was false. The capital export from the imperialist motherlands to the colonies, he said, was aimed at exploiting the raw-stuff sources and not at developing native industry. The essential factor in the imperialist colonial policy, he continued, was not predatory exploitation of cheap colonial labor power, but undermining the basis for the development of native industry. The bourgeois democratic revolutions, he concluded, must be regarded as revolutionary factors.

Thirty-fifth Session.

At the thirty-fifth session in the afternoon the following spoke: Abderdarame, Algeria; Vassilyev, of the Soviet Union; Germanetto, for the Red International of Labor Unions; Cox, of Britain; Lu Hai-cho, of China; Martinez, of Venezuela; Mustaphe, of Tunis; Ibarola, of Paraguay.

Colonial Parties.

Vassilyev declared that the chief attention of the Communist International must be directed towards China, India, Egypt and Latin-America. The chief task, he said, was to strengthen the existing Communist Parties, of forming new ones where necessary. The weakness of the Communist Parties in some colonies leads to the tendencies to form mass workers' and peasants' parties outside of the Communist Party. Clarity must be created in the colonies concerning the role of the Communist Party, he said. No Communist Party exists in India, he continued, but four workers' and peasants' parties do exist which are developing into a united party. The Communists work in these parties, he said, but have no fraction. The chief task in India, therefore, is to form a Communist Party from the various Communist groups and to form fractions in all workers' and peasants' organizations. The chief task in Egypt, Vassilyev continued, is to strengthen the Communist Party, to organize fractions in the trade unions and other mass organizations, to expose the Wafd and win the peasants and workers away from the Wafd. The ground for Communism in Latin-America is good, he said, and therefore we must not form workers' and peasants' parties, but Communist Parties, or strengthen the existing parties. (Applause.)

Cox declared that the idea of the theses that India is only agricultural and a dependent of Britain was false. Imperialism, he said, does not retard industrial development in the colonies, but controls this development. The question of the bourgeois democratic revolution must be more clearly formulated in the theses he declared.

Must Expose Reformists.

Martinez declared that the growing activity of the workers' movement in Latin-America produced increasing aggressiveness of American imperialism. United States reformism is also striving to penetrate into the Latin-American workers' movement, he said, and the Latin-American bourgeoisie is inclined to make an agreement with the imperialists. The reformists, he continued, are striving to win the movement with the help of the Pan-American Federation of Labor. The Communist Parties must expose their own bourgeois reformists and United States imperialists, he concluded.

At the continuation of the thirty-sixth session on August 18 the discussion proceeded. The following spoke: Alinin, of Indonesia; Loesrey, of France; Narayan, of India; Griffin, of New Zealand; Jones, of the United States; Contreras, of Mexico; Pepper, of the United States, and Nala, of Uruguay.

Organize Negro Workers.

Jones declared that the revolutionary activity of the Negroes was not strong enough because too little attention was paid to the Negro question. However, the American Communist Party, he said, approves the slogan of self-determination of the Negroes to form a Negro republic. The most important thing, he continued, is the organization of the Negro workers for the Revolution.

(To Be Continued.)

LAND BARONS IN NICARAGUA TO HELP MARINES

Land Owners in Move Against Sandino

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Aug. 22. Vigilance committees in the State of Neuva Segovia have been organized by sixty landowners and mineowners to help the United States marines in their fight against the Sandino Army of Independence, and to help the marines in patroling the towns when the elections take place.

This action on the part of the landowners and mineowners is an attempt to prevent the nationalization of their land and property by General Sandino, who has proclaimed his own government in the Department of Neuva Segovia.

The nationalization of large estates and mines has provided the Sandino government with provisions and gold for manufacture of money. The committee of vigilants has its counterpart in the vigilantes used by large companies throughout South America, composed mostly of men imported from the United States, to prevent the organization of militant unions.

Simultaneously the United States election board has announced its approval of Moncada, the liberal candidate, for the presidency, and General McCoy, the election supervisor, has expressed his approval of the formation of the vigilantes to help him in supervising the elections.

EXPLAINS U. S. OIL.

BOGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 22 (UP).—Sam Haskell, representative of the Texas Petroleum Co., explained the viewpoint of American oil companies regarding Colombia's oil problems, in a lecture at the Municipal Theatre today.

FASCISTS TO FORM KINGDOM.

ROME Aug. 22 (UP).—The date for proclaiming President Ahmed Zogu king of Albania has been set for August 25, a dispatch from Tirana said today.

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Milwaukee ACWA Officials Call Police to Attack Communist, Correspondent Says

HANdOuTS

The servile officials of the American Federation of Labor will once more appeal for funds for the erection of a monument to Sam Gompers. Most of the money is expected to come from the employers, for whom he did so much. When Wm. Green dies the capitalist class should lay him carefuly away in Arlington Cemetery and declare a national holiday in his honor.

• • •

Takes à Peek

"Oh, Mama, who is the gentleman in the cartoon?"

"That's George N. Peek who has just been taking one at Governor Smith."

"Well, what does he work at or is he a politician, too?"

"Yes, Adolph. He's chairman of the Corn Belt Committee."

"He wants to get relief for the farmers?"

"Not the poor ones. He wants to relieve the farmers who make $20-000 a year of their envy for the manufacturers who make $100,000."

"What did Al promise him?"

"Al said he would grow 3 ears of corn on every stalk if he was elected and to spread the news."

• • •

Irving Rosenberg used to operate a candy store in the Bronx. Every time a Health Department inspector visited him he had to empty the cash register before he could get a clean bill. He was shaken down so often he decided that it was a legitimate enterprise and made up his mind to go into business for himself. He soon learned you can't conduct robbery, as a steady trade, unless you have a permit from Tammany Hall and work for the city. He was arrested and held on $1,500 bail.

• • •

Lands a Count

The market is very low for honesty in the U. S. at the present time whereas dishonesty is selling high and moving fast. For instance in so-called high-society the odor of corruption can easily be detected. Debutantes are sold openly for what they will bring. If a title so much the better. In Europe counts are no account and most of them haven't got carfare and cigarette money. These degenerates have squandered everything in booze and gambling except their titles which they can't pass as an ante in any poker game. The only place a title is negotiable is in the U. S. that doesn't believe in royalty. Above is a picture of Estelle Manville who has just been engaged to Count Folke Bernadotte of Sweden. So commercialized has the game become that many counts will announce to their friends the date of divorce along with the date of marriage.

• • •

Gems of Learning

Rev. E. C. Cameron:

"It is said that we cannot win the world with a divided Christianity. Undoubtedly true, but the whole truth is, we cannot win the world anyway. The reason is human nature. Probably half the people inhabiting the earth at any particular time do not want to be saved."

Strange how much more interested they are in ham and eggs and automobiles.

John J. Raskob, chairman of the Democratic National Committee:

"I am entirely a democrat."

Last year he was a republican. Next year he will be a Holy Roller if he can find enough lubricant there for General Motors.

EARTHQUAKE RESCUE WORK.

PARIS, Aug. 21 (UP).—Governor General Bordes of Algeria has sailed from Marseilles for Algiers to direct rescue work among victims of last week's earthquake and tornado. Fifteen bodies have been recovered from the debris and the ruins of a movie theatre and several warehouses which collapsed were being searched for other victims. Doctors treated 230 injured.

M. C. H.

ADLER GARMENT WORKERS EAGER FOR "DAILIES"

Progressive Group Issues Demands

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MILWAUKEE (By Mail).—The distribution of The DAILY WORKER and the Il Lavoratore among the locked-out clothing workers of the Adler shops was objected to by the local Amalgamated union officials.

Not Against Rank and File.

The reason given by the officials for their bitter opposition to The DAILY WORKER and Il Lavoratore is "attacking the Amalgamated 'union.'" When Pippenhager, business agent of the Amalgamated here, made this accusation in the presence of the members of the union on the picket line, I protested against the statement, pointing out that the criticism by The DAILY WORKER was not directed against the rank and file of the Amalgamated union, but against the class-collaboration policy of the officialdom.

"This policy of the Amalgamated," said Sidney Hillman, president of the Amalgamated, while in Milwaukee some time ago "is to help the employers to be as prosperous as possible." Against this policy of the officialdom the Communists will always object and fight.

The officials of the Amalgamated here are up in arms because leaflets were distributed among the members of the union signed by the Amalgamated Progressive Group. The Progressive Group in this leaflet demanded that more effective picketing be ignored by the union. The leaflets criticized the policy of co-operation with the bosses by the officials. The Progressive Group put forward the following demands: 100 per cent. union ship; 40-hour week; no piece work; increase in wages; no arbitration clause in the agreement.

The officialdom of the Amalgamated has placed the responsibility for the issuing of the leaflets by the Progressive Group to the Workers (Communist) Party. The officials were telling the workers that only agents of Adler Company could issue such leaflets. They have done everything to antagonize the members of the union to the Workers (Communist) Party.

Misrepresent Communists.

This fight of the officials of the Amalgamated against the Party has another reason in the fact that Leo Krzicki, the organizer of the Amalgamated has been nominated as the candidate of the "socialist" party for the office of secretary of state in the coming elections. The Amalgamated officialdom is lined up in support of Leo Krzicki and against the Workers (Communist) Party. They are attempting in an underhand manner to misrepresent the Party in the eyes of the Amalgamated union members.

Slanderous accusations against our Party are not the only means used by the officialdom. They are threatening to use violence against those who would dare to distribute the literature of the Progressive Group or of the Party among the Amalgamated rank and file members.

They are prohibiting members of the Party from participating in picketing the Adler shops. The business agent, Pippenhager, called upon the policemen, who are protecting the Adler scabs, to remove the writer of these lines from the picket line, saying that if the policeman will not do it then he, Pippenhager himself, will remove me.

Under protest I have left the picket line, stating that the actions of the business agent will be published in The DAILY WORKER.

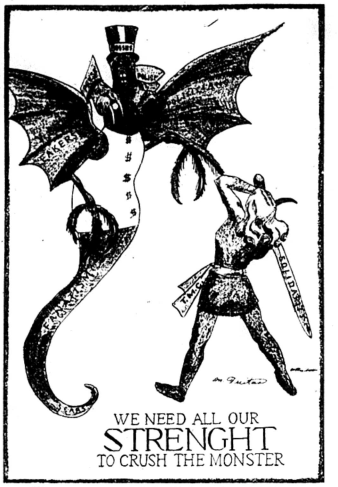
Threats of violence by the officials of the Amalgamated only show that they have no satisfactory answer to the criticism of the Progressive Group and the Communists.

—B. SKLAR.

OLYMPIC TEAM RETURNS.

The American olympic teams came home today from Europe following the games at Amsterdam, where they failed for the first time to win first place in team standing.

The Textile Strikers Need Your Help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T.M.C.
SOLIDARITY
WE NEED ALL OUR STRENGHT TO CRUSH THE MONSTER

This cartoon was sent in by Marie Freikas, Fall River textile worker, now on strike against a ten per cent wage cut forced on the workers last January by the mill owners and their aides, reactionary union officials. Fall River workers answered by striking when the Textile Mill Committees called them to struggle against the wage cut.

STORE CLERKS TO HELP RED DRIVE

Banquet Funds to Be Given for Campaign

As part of the Red Week mobilization of all workers, labor unions and workers' clubs for the financial drive of the Workers (Communist) Party Campaign Fund, the progressive group of Local 203 of the Waiters' Union—also affiliated with the United Hebrew Trades, has decided to hold a banquet and concert, all of the proceeds, of which will be donated to the campaign fund of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The affair will be held on Friday evening, September 7, at the United Workers Co-operative Restaurant, 2731 White Plains Ave. The workers present will have the opportunity of listening to P. Yuditch, labor editor of the Freiheit, Jewish Communist daily, well known to all Jewish workers for his able analyses of labor problems which affect left wing workers in New York. An effort is being made, also, to secure Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, as another speaker.

The progressive group of Local 302 recently ousted the reactionary officials and is putting up a fight for amalgamation with Local 719, Cooks and Broilers.

Workers Party Meeting Continues Despite New Attack by Hoodlums

A Workers (Communist) Party open-air election campaign meeting, held at Lexington and 26th St., last night, continued its program despite attacks by hoodlums and members of the state militia, who threw water from the armory windows located on the corner at which the meeting was being conducted.

A crowd of about 60 workers were listening attentively to the argument of the speakers when windows above the crowd were opened, catcalls were made and finally paper bags filled with water were thrown down on the speakers. Among those who addressed the workers were A. Gusakoff and Edward Wright. The meeting was successful and a collection taken up for the campaign netted $3.

Coal Company Trick Evades Compensation

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MOLONAUER, Pa., (By Mail).—The rush and hurry for profits and because it costs money to buy props to prop up the roof of the mine, often causes the coal miner to meet with accident or often with death.

On July 7, 1925 in a mine at Molonauer, Pennsylvania, George Milko was injured by a fall of slate. He was granted compensation by the state board until November 14, 1926, when the company went into court and had the court rule on whether he was entitled to as much compensation as he was getting. This is a slick trick resorted to by the coal companies. When a miner or other worker is injured they let the compensation be fixed at a high rate and then when they wish to have the compensation shut off they go into court for a readjustment and bring in their books and prove that the rate of pay earned by the worker is not as represented but is much lower on the average paid by them to the worker over a given period.

After several hearings of the case at court the court decides in favor of the company. Now this worker is denied the right of compensation by a decision of the state board of review July 28, 1928 and he must go to the poor house or rely on the charity of his friends for a living.

—W. J. W.

TREASURY REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22 (UP).—The treasury net balance August 20 was $257,875,009.84. Customs receipts this month to August 20 were $33,281,402.81.

SOCIALISTS IN KANSAS COLLECT SMALL CROWDS

Meetings Smaller Than City's Pioneers

KANSAS CITY, Kas. (By Mail).—The socialist campaign and the tour of Norman Thomas, events which were termed by the socialist New Leader as a revival of the defunct corps of the socialist party, has proved, at least as far as Kansas City is concerned, a total fiasco.

With thousands of leaflets distributed by the local "party organization," with notices and write-ups appearing two weeks in advance in the local capitalist press about Norman Thomas' arrival and the meetings where he was to speak, the meeting drew less people than half the membership of the Young Pioneers here.

There were two meetings scheduled, one in Bethany Park, which was not held at all for the reason that, besides Norman Thomas and his aides, nobody showed up. The second meeting was held at the Pythian Hall, 626 Minnesota Ave.

Only twenty-five showed up to this meeting. This included one farmer and the news reporters.

McAllister Coleman, the first speaker, was introduced as a "journalist who writes with power."

His job was to tell about the tour. He started by saying what was evidently a lie, that in New York the socialist party had a picnic of 10,000 workers. At any rate, it was a rather poor way of boosting the strength of the socialist party, if it will be remembered that it always points to the Communists as a Party which has nothing west of Chicago. He referred to a meeting in West Virginia and Wichita, Kansas. According to him there was more hope for a socialist party in Wichita, because all the socialists invested their money in oil stocks.

So the socialist party is getting to be just as respectable as the two capitalist parties, even acquiring socialist Tea Pot Domers.

Then Norman Thomas was introduced. In his preliminary remarks he said that there are many issues involved, but his whole speech was a thorough evasion of the real issues. About unemployment he advised his audiences to read the socialist party leaflet. The farm question he approached in a typical Smith and Hoover method, expressing good wishes. He said, "I do not know anything about the farmers."

But he, the socialist standard-bearer, justified it by the fact that neither does Smith know anything. "But I believe that we ought to create conditions where the farmer could market his whole product, and also bring about the elimination of the middlemen." But about how this is to be done or under what conditions it is to be accomplished he said nothing. He did not even mention the war danger, Soviet Union, injunctions and other vital problems. He mustered up his entire strength and loudly exclaimed, "But the big problem before us is liberty, civil liberties." This was the biggest issue before the American workers: Most of his talk dealt with denial of civil liberties by the sheriffs and lower courts, as if everything was O. K. with the higher governmental authorities and institutions. Then he declared that the socialist party has a special message to (I thought to workers) but no, to cities. "Yes," he repeated, "to cities, clean streets, smooth sidewalks, better sewer pipes, etc."

Then Norman Thomas was very respectable. In respectability he aped the democratic and republican party to the minute details. He refrained from attacking Hoover and Smith, not only that, but he even refrained from attacking the republican and democratic parties as such. Evidently the socialist party has also entered the "gentleman's agreement" to carry on a "clean campaign." On this occasion it will be well to make a comparison of strength between that party which refers to itself as "We Americans" and the "Foreigners," the Communist Party. The above remark that all socialist audiences is even less than the Pioneers in this city is sufficient to show the strength of the party that competes with the K. K. K. for the title of "American."

"He Understood Women" Has a Dislike for Understanding

MICHAEL KALLESSER and Francis Lynch in their play, "He Understood Women," at the Belmont, seem to have settled down to make an accurate true-to-life picture of modern commercial and military circles, with the following cast:

Joseph Granby, as Julian Romain, First Adulterer, and wealthy. He says he understands women.

Allan Devitt, as Lieut. (afterwards Capt.) Maurice Lonsaine, Second Adulterer, and in debt.

Hilda Spong, as Baroness LeLong, Adulteress, and somewhat aged.

William Augustin, as Baron LeLong, Suspecting Husband of Adulteress.

Peggy Allenby, as Aline, Maid to Adulteress, Mistress of Second Adulterer, afterwards Wife of First Adulterer, and Grand Opera Singer.

Frank G. Bond, as Auguste Bertrand, whose sole purpose in the play is to answer when First Adulterer wants to talk philosophy, and to accelerate the plot when it stalls on dead center.

The scene is laid in France at the time of the subjugation of Morocco.

The Second Adulterer persuades his admirer, the Adulteress, to sell herself to the First Adulterer, who, through his wealth, can dictate to the war department both promotions and demotions of French officers. The price is to be a captain's commission for the Second Adulterer.

While the Second Adulterer is hiding in the Adultress' bedroom from the First Adulterer, who is engaged in a love scene with the Adultress in the parlor, the Suspecting Husband arrives in the parlor, and is angry. He says harsh things to his wife, and is challenged to a duel and killed by the First Adulterer for insulting a lady. The lieutenant becomes a captain, and immediately deserts the Adulteress to take up with the maid. He tires of her soon and persuades the First Adulterer to marry her in order to have a son to whom he can pass on his secrets of the science of love.

The Adulteress out of jealousy tells the First Adulterer about her maid's amour with the Second Adulterer, whereupon he casts off his wife and has the Second Adulterer sent on active duty to Morocco.

After a year the wife has become a great singer, the First Adulterer crushed by the discovery that women yield to him only for value received, and the Second Adulterer begs on his knees to be taken out of Morocco to serve his country in some easier way. The Adulteress then whitewashes him, by saying that she exaggerated his sins with Aline, and Aline is reinstated as wife of the First Adulterer.

The aged Adulteress then woos unwilling Second Adulterer. So he enters with her into the holy state of matrimony.

The theatre is badly attended. Marx and Engels say:

"Our bourgeoisie, not content with having the wives and daughters of their proletarians at their disposal, not to speak of common prostitutes, take the greatest pleasure in seducing each other's wives. Bourgeois marriage is in reality a system of wives in common...."

And there were signs even last season that the portion of the bourgeoisie which goes to plays is tired of looking in mirrors.

—V. S.

CONRAD VEIDT

This talented German artist is playing a dual role in "Two Brothers," showing on the Cameo screen this week.

YoungWorkersLeague Mourn Member's Death

The Young Workers (Communist) League issued the following statement yesterday commemorating the death of L. Strauss, 16-year-old member of the Young Workers (Communist) League who was drowned at the Daily Worker Carnival Sunday at Pleasant Bay Park when he ventured beyond his depth while swimming:

The Young Workers (Communist) League is deeply grieved over the untimely death of one of the young fighters in its ranks, Comrade L. Strauss.

Comrade L. Strauss was born in Russia, and as a child lived thru the Russian Revolution and was imbued with a revolutionary spirit even as a child. When he came to America, he immediately joined the Young Pioneers. He was one of the most active Pioneers and before his death helped in leading a Pioneers group. Last year he graduated from the Pioneers into the League.

Comrade Strauss was 16 years old age when he met his untimely death by drowning.

COLLIER MAKES CLERKS SLAVE ON NEWSSTANDS

Pay Averages $22 a Week

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The infamous Collier, the publisher who controls the subway news-stands in Greater New York City, has been pointed out as one of the worst labor offenders in the country by organized labor. The subway news-stand slaves are exploited in the worst manner by the interests of Collier who do not value human labor to the least extent, except to get as much as possible out of them.

Conditions on the stands are unbearable. In the summer time there is the foul heat and dust the clerks are forced to inhale into their system and in the winter they are compelled to brave the cold and moist. It is a common occurrence amongst the news-stand employes to be affected with all sorts of ailments due to the environment in which they are compelled to work in. They are on the job from the early hours of the morning until the late hours of the night. The "stand" must always be attended and the clerk must wait for an inspector to come along and relieve him to attend to his personal wants.

The average pay is about $22 per week for all the smaller stands and the poor paying stands, larger and better paid stands the clerks work for a commission of 12 per cent which is lowered gradually to bring the pay envelope to about $30 per week. Each stand is charged up with a certain amount of merchandise and, for instance, one stand is charged with $175 in merchandise at the retail price, at the end of the week the daily report is tabulated and if $150 in sales was taken in, then there must be $25 in merchandise to account for.

Clerks are held responsible for all shortages at the end of the week. A shortage sometimes amounts to $25 of the week's earnings of the stand, which is deducted from the clerk's weekly salary. The inspectors come around several times during the day to keep tab on the efficiency of the clerks.

—JACK H. KALMAN.

PLANE NEARS NICARAGUA.

MIAMI, Fla., Aug. 22.—Lieutenant Frank Schilt planned to refuel his Fokker marine plane and examine its three motors today, preparatory to leaving tomorrow for Managua, Nicaragua and a flight across the upper Caribbean.

AMUSEMENTS

The LADDER
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SEATS NOW ON SALE 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CORT THEATRE, W. 48 St.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42nd & B'way Now
Conrad Veidt
in "Two Brothers"
and
"THE LIFE OF VON HINDENBERG"
and CHAPLIN in "EASY STREET"

BUSINESS CHEERS HOOVER.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, Aug. 22.—Herbert Hoover motored 38 miles from West Branch to Cedar Rapids today for a two day series of conferences here with farm representatives from 15 agricultural states.

FIRST ANNIVERSARY MEMORIAL EDITION
The LIFE AND DEATH of SACCO AND VANZETTI
By EUGENE LYONS
An epic of two alien workers in America. The author tells that story with an emotional sweep worthy of the subject. It is accurate and complete and will remain as a monument to the seven-year struggle which involved all humanity.
SPECIAL EDITION
$1.00
WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
39 East 125th Street, New York City.

ACROSS EUROPE TO SOVIET RUSSIA
To Witness the Celebration of the 11th Anniversary of the NOVEMBER REVOLUTION
LAST TOUR THIS YEAR group sails OCT. 17 on the express ship "Mauretania."
COST OF THE ENTIRE TOUR
$375
$25 First Payment, balance payable in installments.
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We assist you to extend your stay so as to visit your relatives and friends in any part of the Soviet Union.
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Take the
DAILY WORKER
With You on Your
Vacation
Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.
Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.
Vacation Rates
2 weeks 65c
1 month $1
2 months $1.50
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Enclosed find $............
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DAILY WORKER
26-28 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK, N. Y.

SUPPORT THE
$100,000 Communist Campaign Fund
A campaign to rouse the workers and poor farmers to revolutionary struggle against the capitalists and their government.
FOR
1. Organization of the unorganized.
2. Support of the miners and textile workers' struggles.
3. Recognition and defense of the Soviet Union.
4. A Labor Party.
5. For a Workers' and Farmers government.
AGAINST
1. Wage cuts, injunctions and company unions.
2. Unemployment.
3. Treachery of the labor bureaucracy.
4. Discrimination against Negroes.
5. Imperialist war.
HELP TO PROVIDE A FUND TO
Place the Communists on the Ballot.
Tour speakers and organize mass meetings.
Furnish campaign publicity and advertising.
Publish campaign literature.
Respond Now! Respond Now!!
Send All FUNDS to
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treas.
National Election Campaign Committee
43 E. 125th St., New York City.

MILL WORKERS' STRIKE AID FUNDS GROW, NEED MORE

Murdoch Release Means New Boss Attack

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 22.—Workers throughout the United States are rallying to the aid of the striking textile workers of New Bedford and Fall River. Funds for the relief and defense of workers arrested in these two cities are being received daily by the Workers International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

With the release from prison of William Murdock, general organizer of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, a campaign for new union members is being conducted by the N. B. T. W. U. Increased activity on the part of the union means that the bosses' agents will arrest more strikers in the future. The need of increasing the relief machinery of the Workers' International Relief is also absolutely necessary at the present time.

Fred G. Biedenkapp, national secretary of the Workers' International Relief, now in this city, said today that funds for the relief and defense of the strikers are being received in increasing amounts, but yet the sums received are far from sufficient to cover the ever-increasing expenses incurred. He called upon the workers to send a generous donation to the W. I. R., 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

Among the contributions received today is a check for $242.85 sent by the national office of the Independent Workmen's Circle, Boston; $250 from the Workers International Relief, of Lynn, Mass., the proceeds of a recent picnic; $50 from a Finnish Reading Club, Potter Hill, R. I.; and $56.35 colllected by Andrew D. Young of Fitzwilliam Depot, N. H.

SIGMAN AND CO. FROTH AT MEET

Cry. "Break Left Wing Meetings"

Julius Hochman and Morris Sigman, leaders of the attack against the cloakmakers that smashed the cloakmakers' union, together with other bureaucrats in the New York Jewish labor movement, indulged in frothy vituperation of the left wing movement and their recently inaugurated policy of building real unions in the needle trades, at a meeting of the United Hebrew Trades held Monday night in the building owned by the yellow Jewish Forward.

They openly advocated a policy of intensified terror against the left wing, as the only method that will halt their growth.

Hochman and Sigman called for the organization of a Committee of 1,000 to "smash windows of those who write lies about the 'union'," and also to break up meetings of the left wing. In smashing the windows he is believed to have referred to the Freiheit building.

SINCLAIR LEWIS RETURNS.

PARIS, Aug. 21. (UP).—Sinclair Lewis, the American novelist, sailed for the United States yesterday on the liner Hamburg, accompanied by his wife.

Health Food
Vegetarian Restaurant
1600 MADISON AVE.
PHONE: UNIVERSITY 5865

MEET YOUR FRIENDS at
Messinger's Vegetarian
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1763 Southern Blvd., Bronx, N. Y.
Right Off 174th St. Subway Station

WE ALL MEET
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NEW WAY CAFETERIA
101 WEST 27th STREET
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All Comrades Meet at
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SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES
A place with atmosphere
where all radicals meet.
302 E. 12th ST. NEW YORK

Hold U. S. Battleships Realy for Imperialist War

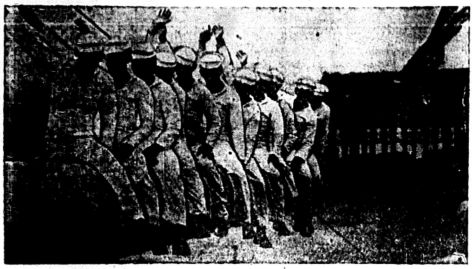

Photo shows part of the crew of a U. S. battleship in San Francisco harbor, from which many warships have been recently dispatched against the Nicaraguan workers in the interests of Wall Street investments there. While increasing its army and naval forces, the government cloaks its preparations with "peace" talk.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

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6F SS 3D.

Because of the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration, Unit 6F SS 3D meeting for this week only will be held today at 6:15 p. m. This will be an educational meeting on the same subject. 101 W. 27th St.

To All Sections Subsections, Units.

Material for Red Week is now ready at the district office. This includes boxes, leaflets, credentials, buttons, blanks and labels. Organizers should see to it that all comrades are supplied with the necessary material.

District Executive Committee.

Section 1 Membership Meet.

Members of section 1 of the Workers (Communist) Party are urged to attend the membership meeting on today, 6 p. m., at 60 St. Mark's Place. The immediate problems of the Workers (Communist) Party will be discussed, and no one under any circumstances will be excused from attendance of this meeting.

• • •

All Party comrades: Comrades are wanted for very important Party work. Report at 6 p. m. Thursday. work. Report at 6 p. m. today. District Executive Committee, Dist. 2, John J. Ballam, Acting D. O.

Lower Bronx Unit.

The Lower Bronx Unit will hold an open air meeting Friday, August 24, on the election campaign at 138th St. and Brook Avenue. Speakers: Katz, Geffen, Schiffman.

Section 7 Speakers' Class.

All comrades registered with the class must be prepared to speak on Sacco and Vanzetti. Bulletins on that subject are obtainable at 1373 43rd Street. The class will meet today at 8 p. m.

Downtown Y. W. L., Unit 2.

An open air meeting of the Y. W. L. Downtown Unit No. 2, will be held today at 49th St. and 1st Ave. Speakers will be: Marie Duke, Joe Harris, Len Richman, Rosen, Jensky, and Max Helfand.

Branch 2, Section 8

A unit meeting of Branch 2, Section 8 will be held Monday at 8 p. m. promptly. Members should bring their membership cards, as a roll call will be taken.

Upper Bronx Y. W. L.

An open air election meeting will be held Friday at 8:30 p. m. at Wilkins corner Intervale Ave. E. Wall, S. Daniels, H. Bindler and a Pioneer will speak.

Downtown Unit 2, Y. W. L.

An open air election meeting will be held today at 8 p. m. at First Ave. and 49th St. Speakers will be Helfond, Richman, Rothman, Duke and others.

Open Air Meet.

An open air meeting will be held tonight at Allerton and Kruger Avenues, near the Cooperative houses. Spiro, chairman, Sovarino, and Nestin, candidate for 6th A. D. will speak.

• • •

Upper Bronx Signature Drive.

A contest for a free week end at a cooperative camp for the comrade securing the most signatures in the 6th A. D. will be held this Sunday. One hundred comrades are wanted at 2700 Bronx Park East, headquarters of Branch 6; Section 5, Sunday morning at 9 a. m. to compete for the free week ends.

• • •

Subsection 3E.

The enlarged Executive Committee of Subsection 3E will hold a meeting on Monday, Aug. 27, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

International Branch 1 will hold the regular meeting on Monday, Aug. 27, at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

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Membership Meeting.

The membership meeting of Subsection 3E will be held on Tuesday, Aug. 28, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a ~~Workers~~ Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for Saturday, August 25th.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

"Icor" Concert.

On Saturday night, Sept. 29, at Town Hall, 113-123 West 43rd St., a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish territory "Biro-Bidjan."

Downtown I. L. D.

The I. L. D. will hold its meeting today at 8 p. m. at 35 E. 2nd St. Street.

Office Workers' Union.

On Monday, Aug. 27, at 8 p. m. the Office Workers' Union will hold an open air dance on the roof garden of the Heckshor Foundation.

German I. L. D. Sacco Meet.

A Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. at New York Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. The meeting is arranged by the German Branch 43, of the I. L. D.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to
The DAILY WORKER
Advertising Dept.
26-28 Union Sq., New York City

Hotel & Restaurant Workers
Branch of
THE AMALGAMATED
FOOD WORKERS
133 W. 51st St., Phone Circle 7336
Business Meeting Held On the First Monday of the Month
One Industry—One Union. Join and Fight the Common Enemy
Office Open from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

NEGRO WORKERS JOINING PARTY

Communist Recruits in Harlem Increase

At the last two open-air election campaign meetings held by the Workers (Communist) Party in Harlem twelve Negro workers, attracted by the fighting platform of the Workers Party, made application to join the Party. These meetings were held at 137th St. and Lenox Ave., and at 131st St. and Seventh Ave., both in the heart of the workingclass section of Negro Harlem.

The election campaign waged by Section 4, the Harlem branch of the Workers (Communist) Party has been especially fruitful in the matter of recruiting new members from among the Negro workers of Harlem. Hardly an open-air meeting is held in the Negro section without the resulting applications for membership of several Negro workers.

Negro workers when approached by signature solicitors, have evinced an interest in the Workers (Communist) Party, have asked questions concerning its platform, especially with respect to the party's attitude on the question of race equality and lynching.

Last Thursday evening, the Negro unit of the Workers (Communist) Party held an open meeting at the Harlem headquarters, 143 E. 103rd St., which was attended by 125 Negro workers. At the close of the meeting five Negro workers made application to join the Communist Party.

RED WING, Minn., Aug. 21 (UP).—Four unidentified passengers were burned to death here today and seven other persons were injured when a Chicago-Twin Cities bus collided with a motor truck, overturned twice in a ditch, and caught fire.

CARPENTERS' UNION
LOCAL 2090
Meets every Thursday, 8 P. M., at Labor Temple, 243 East 84th St. Office and headquarters are in the Labor Temple.

FRENCH, BRITISH FORCE CRISIS IN BULGAR CABINET

Demand Macedonian Movement Crushed

VIENNA, Aug. 22 (UP).—Seventy members of the government party in the Bulgarian parliament have protested to Premier Liapcheff against the resignation of War Minister Vulkov, a dispatch from Sofia said. They claimed Foreign Minister Buroff forced Vulkov to resign because he was accused of complicity in the present revolutionary activity in Macedonia, against which France and Britain have warned Bulgaria.

• • •

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Aug. 22.—The cabinet crisis caused by the resignation of A. Buroff, foreign minister, and two other members yesterday, following the arrival of a note from the French and British governments through their representatives here demanding that the Macedonian autonomy movement be suppressed, was brought to a point today with the resignation of the war minister, Vulkov.

When Buroff resigned yesterday he gave as his reason that the inability of the Bulgarian government to meet the demands of Britain and France was due to the complicity of the war minister in the Macedonian movement.

War Minister Volkoff has also been charged by the former premier, Zankoff, of receiving bribes from those interests in the Macedonian border section who would like to see a Macedonia separate from the British and French controlled Bulgaria.

Shoe Workers Urged to Participate in Sacco-Vanzetti Meet in N. Y.

The Independent Shoe Workers Union of Great New York and vicinity yesterday issued a statement to the shoe workers in the city on the anniversary of the deaths of Sacco and Vanzetti which says in part:

"Nicola Sacco who was a shoe worker all his life was always in the front ranks of the shoe workers struggles in the state of Massachusetts. We the Independent Shoe Workers Union of Greater New York and Vicinity call upon all the shoe workers of Greater New York to come and participate in the open-air memorial meeting in Union Square, New York City on Thursday, August 23, at 5 p. m.

"We urge all the members of the union and the large mass of shoe workers generally to demonstrate our protest against class murder and the frame-up system of which Sacco and Vanzetti have fallen as victims."

MARY WOLFE
STUDENT OF THE DAMROSCH CONSERVATORY
PIANO LESSONS
Moved to
2420 Bronx Park East
Near Co-operative Colony, Apt. 5H
Telephone EASTABROOK 2459
Special rates to students from the Co-operative House.

GIANTS, CARDS, LOSE; ATHLETICS WIN AGAIN

The Giants and the Cardinals both lost close games yesterday. Luque, Cincinnati's Cuban pitcher, outpitched Aldridge, 5 to 4. The Robins again kept the Cardinals from regaining first place, winning, 3-2. Petty and Clark pitched for Brooklyn, against Mitchell.

• • •

In the American, the Athletics made hay while rain kept the Yanks idle. Rommel won a corking 17-inning game, 6-5, after Ernshaw was removed. Uhle and Miljus pitched for Cleveland.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

Phila., 6; Cleveland, 5 (17 Ins.).
Detroit, 7; Boston, 0 (1st).
Detroit, 4; Boston 3 (2nd).
Washington, 2; Chicago, 0.
St. Louis-New York, rain.

National League

Cincinnati, 5; New York, 4.
Brooklyn, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Pittsburgh, 10; Boston, 3.
Chicago, 3; Phila., 2 (12 Ins.).

DEMAND END OF ZARITSKY TERROR

Officialdom Violates Constitution, Charge

Samuel Boerum, leading left winger in the New York Capmakers Local 1, who was recently removed from his job because of his activities against the reactionary leadership, and whose "punishment" was later changed to a fine of $50 when the officialdom changed their decision in retreating before the resentment of the membership, yesterday made public an appeal he sent to the general executive board of the Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers International demanding a halt to these terrorist tactics.

Although not expecting the reactionary officialdom of the International organization to take any action, since President Zaritsky himself is the leader of the expulsion policy against all progressive members, Boerum nevertheless decided to appeal to the Board. Boerum brands the action of the local officialdom unconstitutional and violating 3 distinct sections of the constitution.

EXTEND WEVD LICENSE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22 (UP).—The Federal Radio Commission announced today that it would extend the operating license of WEVD, operated by the Debs Memorial Fund at Woodhaven, N. Y.

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OPEN-AIR SACCO VANZETTI MEETS

Speakers of Workers Party Thruout City

A large number of open air meetings thruout the city have been arranged by the agitprop department of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 2. "The Class Murder of Sacco and Vanzetti" will be the subject for the week. Speakers are urged to obtain bulletins at the agitprop department, Workers Center.

Today:

138th St. and St. Annes Ave., Bronx. Padgug, Codkind, Leo Margolis.

40th St. and 8th Ave. P. Shapiro, Joe Cohen.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx. Powers, Gozigian, Rolfe, V. Smith.

25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I. Schechtman, Castrell, Severino, Hendin.

Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria. Reiss, O'Flaherty, Blake, Heder, Abern.

Friday:

106th St. and Madison Ave. (Y. W. L.), Fishman.

National Biscuit Co. Noon. Frankfeld, Ross.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn. Benjamin, Donaldson, Peer, Harris.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St. Taft, Vera Bush, Huiswood, Lyons.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn. Bimba, Burk, Schalk, Silber.

Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.) Padmore, Matlin.

50th St. and 5th Ave., Brooklyn. (4th Ave. line, B.-M. T.) Nessin, Magliacano, Lillienstein.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J. Stanley, Russak.

Saturday:

First Ave. and 79th St. Auerbach, Primoff, Magliacano, McGill, Lustig.

West New York, N. J. (14th St. and Bergenline). Yusem, Harrison.

Perth Amboy, N. J. Sherman, Freiman.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Wright, Weich.

Elizabeth, N. J. (Union Square.) R. B. Moore, Burke.

Osborn and Dumont, Brooklyn. B. Lifshitz, Rosemond, Ed Welsh, Julius Cohen.

International Handkerchief Factory, 137th St. and Willow Ave. Noon. Baum and Y. W. L.

Sunday:

Bath Beach (48 Bay 28th St., Brooklyn). 2 p. m. B. Miller.

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SACCO-VANZETTI MEETINGS HELD THRUOUT WORLD

Call General Strike in Rosario

Continued from Page One

legionnaires shortly after the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti, another demonstration, marking the first memorial of the murder of the martyrs, and directed specifically against Secretary Kellogg, who is arriving in the "Ile-de-France," a ship manned by strikebreakers conscripted from the French navy, has taken place and has alarmed the French government.

Berlin.

From Berlin comes news of a monster demonstration in Lustgarten, addressed by many speakers, recalling the trial and execution of Sacco and Vanzetti and pointing out the implications for the working class. Thousands of Red Front fighters led the demonstration and the Lustgarten was crowded with Berlin workers.

United States.

Similar working class demonstrations have taken place throughout the United States and are scheduled to take place in the course of the week. The demonstration scheduled for yesterday on Union Square, New York City, was postponed on account of rain, to the great disappointment of many workers who had gathered to pay tribute to the martyrs. The demonstration, however, will be held today in Union Square at 5 p. m. Boston, San Francisco, Detroit, Omaha City, Poughkeepsie were also scenes of working class protest. Philadelphia workers will gather on August 24, with Max Schachtman, editor of the "Labor Defender," Herbert Benjamin, organizer of the Workers Party and an Italian speaker.

At Milwaukee the Sacco-Vanzetti meeting will take place on August 25, at Harmony Hall, 1st Ave. and Mineral St., with English and Italian speakers.

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All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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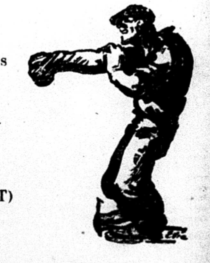

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For Red Mass Collections, August 25 and 26

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

The Reconciliation of the Socialist Party With Gumshoe Pete

W. E. Woodward, novelist, author of "Bunk," of a biography of George Washington and one of General Grant, has made a contribution toward clarifying the recent shift of the socialist party from the extreme right to the ultra-extreme right, the elimination of all reference to the class struggle from its constitution and the general adjustment of that party's formal front to its actual front of warfare against the working class for the preservation of the capitalist system.

Mr. Woodward has announced that he is "a socialist of the deepest dye"—then he explains why and when he got the deepest shade of the safron socialist dye upon his clothes. The explanation comes in the text of a letter written by him to a select number of artists and writers to ask their support of the Reverend Norman Thomas for president. Such a vote, says he, "will help to make American politics more realistic," and will "help lay the foundation for a powerful party of progress and social justice." Nothing about the working class of course. It is a small American echo of Ramsay MacDonald's recent declaration that the British social-democrats constitute, not a class party, but a party of intellectuals.

That sufficiently explains why Mr. Woodward joins himself to the socialist party. But the greatest significance is to be found in his explanation on the point of the time of his joining. For Mr. Woodward makes plain that he would not have joined the socialist party in any previous period, but only now because of the changes that time has wrought.

Let Woodward speak for himself:

> "Ten years ago it might have been embarrassing for me to have urged anyone to serve on a committee for socialist candidates. Names of those affiliated would have been on the blacklists and Gumshoe Pete from Washington would have had his accusing eye on one's window."

In other words, ten years ago the Ruthenbergs and Gitlows and John Reeds were in the socialist party; there was class struggle still expressed in a portion of the conglomerate group that was then the socialist party; there was still a connection with revolutionary workers; there was danger; there was Debs in prison, with Ruthenberg and Gitlow and hundreds of others soon to go for long terms; Palmer raids on left wing socialist party members—all of this was still connected with the socialist party ten years ago, and it would not do at all for a respectable gentleman like Mr. Woodward (or the Reverend Thomas, then preaching the gospel of Jesus to the fashionable Brick Presbyterian church) to have anything to do with that.

Since then the flames of struggle have separated the revolutionary elements of the socialist party of that day from the yellow dross which is the socialist party today. The socialist party has sunk to the level of contempt for the working class, and the gumshoe men of Washington smile upon it since it has ceased to be of the working class and has begun its role of open strikebreaking and belligerent support of the capitalist system.

In 1918 Mr. Woodward could not possibly have been a member of the same party with Ruthenberg, and with the Debs who declared himself a "Bolshevik" and took ten years' sentence to Atlanta prison.

> "But all that has long ago been laughed to death," continues Mr. Woodward. "I am not only a supporter in this campaign of Thomas and Maurer, but I am a socialist of the deepest dye. I am one of those optimists who believe that humanity is capable of getting rid of wolfish greed and dirt and poverty and war. Yet my books are read in the most respectable homes. Even members of the stock exchange write me nice admiring letters."

And "Comrade" Woodward now will find pleasant diversion in preaching down at the working class that "humanity" (capitalist society) "is capable of getting rid of wolfish greed and dirt and poverty"; and by preaching that capitalist "humanity can get rid of ...war," he will be very useful and "respectable" to the same imperialists who are preparing feverishly for the coming world war, and who need the Kelloggs and also the Reverend Thomases and the Woodwards to flimflam the working class with illusions that there is to be no war. Mr. Woodward adds his voice to the chorus of Hillquits, Bergers and Boncours who chant in unison that it is not necessary to overthrow the capitalist system.

"Gumshoe Pete from Washington" will not bother you, Mr. Woodward; he will be ready at all times to cooperate with you while revolutionary workers struggle and starve, go to jail, and fight to transform the next "War to End War" into a revolutionary struggle for the establishment of the rule of the only class that can and will abolish capitalist greed and poverty and war.

Mr. Woodward, shake hands with Mr. Gumshoe Pete; you're in the socialist party now.

Japan's Stronghold on Shantung

By M. L.

I.

THE reactionary government of Japan has sent tens of thousands more soldiers to China and occupied the whole of the province of Shantung, taken over the railway line Tchingtau-Tchinau and occupied the nearby mines and other industrial undertakings. The army operating in Manchuria is growing unceasingly and a new expedition has been set up along the frontier of Corea and Manchuria. In Tientsin strong Japanese military forces are "protecting the town" and for this reason they have occupied the greater part of it. Japanese military planes have made military demonstrations over the town.

That is no simple intervention, but open war against the Chinese people. The Kuomintang, under its reactionary leaders, does not even think of offering any serious resistance to these Japanese imperialist encroachments, but has even subordinated itself to the imperialists. The "appeals" and "protests" of the Kuomintang have no real weight. The Kuomintang in its present composition has ceased to be a danger to the imperialists. The Japanese interventionists know this as well as anyone. The Japanese are sending continual reinforcements to Manchuria and other parts of North China and declare quite openly that Manchuria is a Japanese possession and that anyone who thinks of taking up a threatening position towards the dominance of Japan in Manchuria must be devoured.

Position Strengthened.

At the same time the Japanese imperialists are using every possible intrigue to strengthen their position. They are ready to use any and every Chinese general for their purpose and are negotiating with Feng Yu-hsiang and Yen Si-shang with this aim in view.

In his speech at the opening of the Japanese parliament, the prime minister and Foreign Minister Tanaka declared that Japan had a "great mission" in the far east. This "great mission" of course is nothing but the maintenance of Japanese hegemony in China by the oppression of the Chinese people, the destruction of the revolution and the annihilation of the "Red danger." One can trust the government of Tanaka to do all in its power to be true to this "great mission."

Its Fight With Britain.

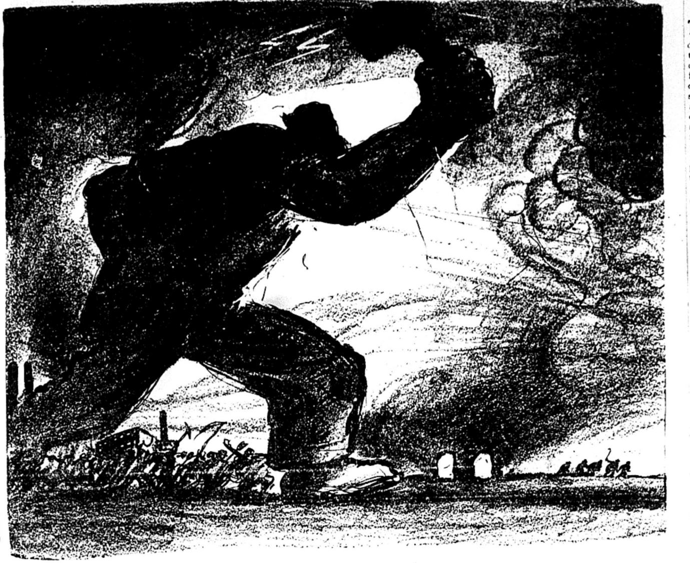
When the great revolution threatened chiefly the positions of the British during the advance of the Canton army against the north, Japan did everything in its power to exploit the situation in order to take over the positions of the British. This was the time of the diplomacy of Shidekharas, or the period of the economic penetration of China. At that time Japan was unwilling to co-operate with Great Britain openly. The concern Mitsubishi, whose political representative was the ruling party of the day, the Kanseikai (at present Minseito) had not so much in the pool as the concern Nitsui, the backer of the present governmental party Seiynkai. Further, the smaller merchants who made considerable profits out of the temporary flourishment of trade with China were on the whole against an intervention. When, however, the revolution extended to the valley of the Yangtse and the national-revolutionary troops occupied Shanghai, the Japanese capitalists began to cry for help. Then the government of Tanaka, supported by all the reactionary forces of Japan, came forward with its open policy of aggression. Strong forces were sent to China and Chiang Kai-shek was bribed. The directorial boards of five of the most important large scale banks openly welcomed this "positive" course. Before the so-called eastern conference, which was initiated by the government of Tanaka, the executive power in Southern Manchuria was divided amongst three persons, the administrative chief of the South Manchurian Railway, the general consul in Mukden and the general governor of Kwangtung. The Tanaka government concentrated all power in the hands of the administrative chief of the South Manchurian Railway and Yamamoto, an agent of the Mitsui concern, was appointed to take over this post.

(To Be Continued.)

Nothing can now keep the Pullman porters from striking! After being endorsed by several religious organizations, one or two insurance societies; after having their recent strike sabatoged by William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, the climax came yesterday when the organization received an endorsement from a Negro employers' association.

SACCO AND VANZETTI ARE NOT FORGOTTEN!

By Fred Ellis



Mill Workers Must Build Union

Look Forward to Big Convention in New York Sept. 22-23

By ALBERT WEISBORD

Textile workers throughout the country are looking with eager eyes toward the coming convention called for September 22-23 in New York City by the National Textile Mills Committee. They see in this convention the first step toward the organization of a new union for the textile industry which will fight to lift the workers out of their present wretched condition of long hours, speed-up and wage-cuts.

From Maine to Alabama the textile workers are sweating in a misery which can scarcely be surpassed in any other industry. Whether it be in cotton, in silk or in wool manufacture, whether in the dye works of Paterson or in the knitting mills of New York City, whether in the carpet mills of Philadelphia or in the silk throwing mills in the anthracite, everywhere the wage slaves in all branches of this big and important industry are seeing a worsening of their conditions.

Hours are growing longer than ever. The Massachusetts textile barons through their lobby in the legislature are planning to wipe out the 48-hour week. In Rhode Island, Maine and other parts of New England the hours run from 54 up. In South Carolina women are slaving as many as 60 hours a week. Not only are the hours longer than they were a few years ago, but the quantity of production the workers are forced to turn out is greater than ever. The number of machines to be tended is doubled, tripled and even more. Machinery is run at a higher speed. The life and heart eaten out of the worker in a nerve-wracking grind.

Wages in textile mills have always been low. It is the lowest paid of any big industry. On top of average wages of about $17 a week, which is all the textile workers can average in these times of slack work and unemployment, the textile bosses in New England have instituted wage cuts of 10 per cent. Whole families are finding themselves reduced to starvation.

Lack of organization and false leadership in the past has hampered the efforts of the textile workers to better their conditions. Only small and weak unions have existed, mostly on a craft basis. The principal union, the UTW (United Textile Workers) because of its black reactionary leadership is looked upon with hatred by all workers who have had any dealings with it. The UTW, in the place of militant fight to win better conditions for the workers, has left a slimy trail of sell-outs, collaboration with the bosses, neglect and betrayals. The vast masses of the one million unorganized textile workers it has never attempted to reach.

The call for a new union comes like a beacon of hope to all those who are suffering in the textile hells. With a militant leadership, the same leadership that conducted the splendid fight made by the woolen workers in Passaic two years ago and is now in charge of the spirited battle being put up in New Bedford and Fall River, with such a leadership the workers feel confident that their ranks will be organized and mobilized for struggle.

The National Textile Mills Committee calls upon all unorganized and organized textile workers everywhere to communicate with the National Secretary, Albert Weisbord, at 96 Fifth Ave., Room 311, New York City, sending in names and addresses of all those interested in the national convention. The convention is called for Sept. 22 and 23 at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place, New York City.

Rob Injured Children of Compensation

Percentage of Accidents in Pennsylvania High; Courts are Harsh

By W. J. WHITE

Pennsylvania is noted for its brutality to workers. No state in the entire United States is more callous to the needs and miseries of its wealth producers. This arises from the fact that Pennsylvania is one of the most productive of the states and that its productivity has passed into the hands of a few mighty oligarchs, who, in their race for the surplus wealth produced by the workers, have thrown other considerations to the winds.

Children in Mills and Factories.

In the competition for mass production and a cheapening of the articles produced in the mills and factories of the state, notwithstanding that there is a child labor law in the state, many young boys and girls are employed in the many dangerous occupations where machinery of the most massive and dangerous type is used. Thousands of these young workers are forced, through the poverty of their parents, to lie outright and falsify their age when they apply at the mill or factory for work. Where these young workers have been employed, under such circumstances, the supreme court of the state has placed itself on record against the children and in favor of the employers.

Record of Capitalist Courts.

In 1927 there were investigated by the Bureau of Women and Children's Department of the Compensation Board, 515 cases of accidents to children under this illegal employment. This represents 12 per cent of the total accidents in the state. Out of these, 258 were denied compensation, which represents 50 per cent of the cases investigated by the bureau under a special investigator.

This means that one half of those injured whose cases were investigated could not get any compensation when they went into the courts and sued the employer. The supreme court of the state denied them compensation.

Some idea of the productive capacity of Greater Pittsburgh and the number of men, women and children it employs can be imparted by recounting some of the products of this industrial area.

Record Production.

The production of pig iron is greater in the Pittsburgh area than in any country of Europe. Its production of this basic product is one-tenth of the world total and one-fifth of the United States total. In money values it represents $200,000,000. The pig iron industry employs 7,000 people and has a pay roll of $13,500,000 annually. It has a greater pay roll than the total pay roll of Arizona, New Mexico, Nevada, North Dakota and South Dakota combined. Its 57 blast furnaces represent 13 per cent. of the blast furnace capacity of the United States. All of these represent an outlay of $13,000,000. Notice that the production sells for $70,000,000 more than the invested capital annually. The production of this pig metal uses up 28,500,000 tons of iron ore, limestone, coke, and other raw materials. This represents 600,000 railroad cars of material, which, if placed end to end, would reach for a distance of 4,500 miles.

In steel, Greater Pittsburgh outdistances all other cities in the country. No other city can even compare with it.

Its production of this commodity is 25 per cent. of the entire country. It gives employment to more than 100,000 workers and the annual pay roll is $200,000,000. The value of the product when marketed is more than $750,000,000, and of this many millions are profits produced by the workers for the Thaws, Morgans and Mellons for nothing.

The Greater Pittsburgh steel works annually produce eleven and one-half million tons of steel ingots and castings, which is about 25 per cent. of the country's production and 15 per cent. of the output of the entire world.

Greater Pittsburgh's steel works and rolling mills, annually produce nine and one-half million tons of finished steel rolled products and forgings, which sell on the world's markets for more than 500 million of dollars, and not one state in the entire country can meet or excel this record, except the state of Pennsylvania.

Pittsburgh has one hundred and one steel works and rolling mills within its confines and all of them together have a grand capacity of fifteen millions of tons of steel annually.

Steel, Coal, Railroads and Oil.

In these mills and factories young and ill-paid workers toil side by side with their parents. In the deadly heat and exhausting labor they can be found risking their lives amid the most massive and dangerous machinery. Not a day passes but a toll of injury and death is exacted from the young and inexperienced in life and limb. Yet when they go into court for compensation they are met with the barbarous maxim of the common law of England, "That they do not come into court with clean hands"—that is, that by under-stating their age become partners to an illegal contract and can not recover.

Coal and Railroads Take Their Toll.

In coal and on the railroads the percentage of accidents is even higher. In the coal mines especially now that they are, in many cases, filled with inexperienced strikebreakers and scabs, the death toll is very high. The risk of the average railroader is the highest, or among the highest, in all industry and in these the young workers pay they debt to "rationalization" and the speed-up of greed. Yet when it comes to getting pay for their injuries, here also the mandate of the owned and paid-for courts stand as a bulwark to defend the interests of those who profit from things as they are.

THE REVEREND THOMAS FIZZLES IN OMAHA

(By Special Correspondent)

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 16 (By Mail).—Norman Thomas and his socialist followers failed last night in their attempt to hold a big mass convention of 500 voters as is required by the state election laws to place their party ticket on the ballot in Nebraska.

For three weeks it had been advertised that Thomas would speak at the meeting and thousands of leaflets had been distributed in hopes of inducing a few hundred workers to attend the meeting. Only about three hundred came to the meeting and they were given leaflets at the door by several class-conscious workers exposing the socialist party as an enemy of the working class. Norman's followers became indignant when they discovered the nature of the leaflet and started grabbing them from the hands of the persons who received them before they had time to read even the first line. One lady got so peeved over this that she demanded that she be given another and Norman's henchman very meekly got one and handed it to her. He quickly got the police and chased the workers away, but they had already passed out about 200 of the dodgers.

Workers Leave Hall.

Before Thomas spoke August Claessens of New York announced that the meeting was in reality a convention and that at the conclusion of the presidential candidates' speech all who were socialists or believed in what Norman was about to say should remain and take part in the convention. Almost the entire audience walked out when Thomas finished speaking. The chairman yelled frantically for them to remain but only about fifty did so.

Told You So

THERE is a rather healthy rebellion in the ranks of the social-democratic party of Germany over the action of the socialist ministers of the Imperial Republic in approving the outlay of $20,000,000 for cruisers. Prior to the elections, the socialists promised to "outlaw" war and devote the money that their capitalist political opponents would spend on war preparations on welfare work and unemployment. The fact is that the social-democratic party of Germany stands for imperialism as firmly as the most extreme fascist group.

• • •

THOSE who have followed the actions of the British Labor Party ministers when MacDonald was premier will not be surprised that the German socialists favor building a big navy to protect the interests of German imperialism. MacDonald sanctioned the building of five new cruisers and there was little more than a peep of protest from the liberals and pacifists in England and other countries, the very people who howl because the workingclass government of the Soviet Union maintains a powerful proletarian military and naval force for the defense of the revolution.

• • •

ADVICES from Berlin indicate that the masses of the social-democratic party have been aroused to action by this fresh act of treachery of their leaders. Several meetings of socialist workers were held at which motions demanding the resignation of the socialist ministry were passed. This is a good sign. There is no hope for a successful struggle against capitalism in any European country until the masses break away from the socialists and join the Communist Party.

• • •

ACCORDING to a headline, Prince Charles of Belgium is the working people's pet. The prince likes to drive an engine, work in railroad shops and coal mines and tinker with motor cars. This should more than compensate the Belgian workingclass for any discomforts they may suffer from having to keep this member of a parasite brood in luxury.

Tom O'Flaherty

CAMPAIGN CORNER

A second order for "Vote Communist" stamps has been received from Baltimore. The first ten books ordered have been quickly disposed of, and the present order is expected to last only a few days. Preparations are going forward to make the rally and picnic on Labor Day, when Benjamin Gitlow will speak, the biggest affair of the kind since the war. Scores of workers' organizations are co-operating in the arrangements of this huge affair. All eyes in the Quaker City are turned toward Schuetzen Grove, where this rally will be held.

• • •

Edward McCormack of Denver mailed a letter to Comrade George Saul, the hustling Rocky Mountain organizer, with a Vote Communist stamp pasted where the stamp of Morgan's uncle is supposed to be. It was returned marked "unmailable." Uncle is particular. He probably thinks that Benjamin Franklin is a better looking man than Benjamin Gitlow. He certainly has more hair on his head than Gitlow and Foster combined.

• • •

There is enough news of New York activities to fill several campaign corners. Rebecca Grecht, the campaign manager, and Lawrence Ross, the district publicity man, are nifty with tongue and typewriter, so there is much activity among the comrades in the Empire State and much talking and writing about it. Signatures are coming in in big bundles, and the workers and poor farmers of the wealthiest state in the union will have an opportunity to mark their ballots for William F. Dunne for governor, Robert Minor for United States senator, and the smaller (though not less worthy) fry on the state ticket. More about New York in another "corner."

• • •

"Funds, funds and more funds," to paraphrase Danton or darned near it in the absence of the correct quotation. Fives and tens are now pouring in on contribution blanks. New states are going on the ballot every week now, or the Communist ticket is going on the ballot in new states every week. It's all the same either way. Action brings more action and money. The campaign is now beginning to hit its stride. The dog days are rapidly going to the dogs, and with the approach of bearable weather the morale of the comrades is due for a rise. Never mind if the Gulf Stream switched its course and changed the climate. We'll restore the status quo after the revolution. In the meantime, make the shekels fly this way. Remember what Hearst wired his correspondent in Cuba before the Spanish War: "You give us the news, and we will give you the war." Comrades and sympathizers: "You give us the money, and we will give you the campaign"—and a peppy one at that. Forward your contributions at once to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 E. 125th St., New York City. Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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DEFY POLICE TERROR; HOLD SACCO-VANZETTI MEETINGS

URGES NEGROES TO AID WORKERS PARTY CAMPAIGN

Communists Champion of Race, Says Moore

Takes Up Challenge

In answer to the challenge made in an article that appeared in the New York Amsterdam News by Dr. Thomas L. Harten, pastor of the Holy Trinity Baptist church of Brooklyn, in which Harten declared that he would give $200 for the campaign of any colored man who is nominated for any office, who would be an actual fighter for the cause of the Negroes, the Workers (Communist) Party, through its candidate for congress in the 21st Congressional District, Richard B. Moore, yesterday made public a letter which discusses the points raised by the pastor's article.

The letter, agreeing with Dr. Harten's summary of the republican and democratic parties as not only holding out no inducements for the Negro but being definitely against the entire race, claims his support for the Workers (Communist) Party Negro candidate, Richard B. Moore.

"The Workers (Communist) Party," the letter reads, "stands forth

Continued on Page Five

MURDOCH SPEAKS IN FALL RIVER

Flays Uniformed Thug Brutality

(Special to the Daily Worker)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 23.—Fall River textile workers at a mass meeting held on Liberty Lot yesterday evening welcomed William T. Murdoch, New Bedford strike leader recently released from jail, with an enthusiastic demonstration. This was his first appearance before a meeting of the Fall River Textile Mill Committees.

In the speech that followed Murdoch commented on the chairman's introductory remark that he had been jailed without any justifiable cause. Murdoch declared that he had been imprisoned for the greatest reason that the bosses can have. "That reason," said he, "is that I represented the Textile Mill Committees which had come in and carried on the strike that Batty had planned to sell out, just as the yellow traitors, the officialdom of the Fall River Unions, had sold out the workers when the wage cut was enforced here in January." We are also the mill owners' most dangerous enemy because we proceeded to organize the masses of workers that the Battys term "unorganizable."

He then launched a slashing at-

Continued on Page Three

WORKERS TO HOLD RED TAG DAYS

"Why change and disrupt the orderly process of government which would involve slowing down business?" asks Hubert Work, chairman of the republican national committee, and the answer of thousands of New York workers tomorrow and Sunday—set aside as Red Tag Days for the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign—will be couched in the language usually spoken by capitalist vote getters: money. Workers thruout New York will collect for and contribute to the Red Election Campaign, with the

Continued on Page Two

Accepts Challenge

Richard B. Moore.

LATVIAN STRIKE IS SPREADING

250 More Arrested by Police

RIGA, Latvia, Aug. 23.—Fighting between strikers and police was resumed here today.

The government was considering proclaiming a state of siege.

Two hundred and fifty workers were arrested today in addition to 400 arrested yesterday. Police were firing continually in the air to intimidate the rioters.

Minister of War Kalminisch returned from his vacation.

The strike movement, which began yesterday among 5,000 harbor workers who walked out in protest against the trial of Communist agitators in the Riga District Court, spread today to the street railway workers.

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RIGA, Aug. 23.—Police continued to patrol the streets of this city today following the demonstrations of thousands of Latvian workers against the government's attempt to disband all unions which are predominantly Communist in composition.

The demonstration yesterday followed an attempt of the government to close the offices of a number of trade unions. The unions have a majority Communist membership. The suppression orders brought response from thousands of workers in the capital in the form of demonstrations which marched on the center of the town. Police attempting to stop the marchers fired into the procession wounding several.

N. Y. FUR LOCALS BACK NEW UNION

Greek Furriers Meet Tonight

Members of all four craft locals making up the New York Joint Board Furriers' Union held enthusiastic and crowded meetings last night in four separate halls here and after hearing their officers report of the decision of the International United Front Committee to form a new national fur workers' organization, unanimously adopted the report and proceeded to elect two representatives from each local to membership on the Provisional National Executive Committee. This committee is to function as a central body till a permanent one is chosen by the coming convention of the new union.

Cutters' Local 1, Operators' Local 5 and Mailers' Local 10 held their meetings in three halls of the Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place, and the Finishers' Local 15 met in Stuyvesant Casino, Second Ave.

Sanctioning officially the drive for a new organization, as they did

Continued on Page Two

U. S. IN RUBBER GRAB

To Force Filipinos to Increase Grants

MANILA, Aug. 23.—The first step in the program of leasing large scale plantations to American syndicates, chiefly for the purpose of cultivating rubber, was taken yesterday with the introduction of a new land law into the national legislature. The law would increase the amount of land which may be leased from the government to 5,000 hectares.

The law further provides that leases on the land may be renewed at fifty per year intervals, which will assure the large rubber corporations. This proviso has been stipulated by the large rubber interests who will not undertake investments under the terms of leases which might expire at shorter periods.

The present land laws, which prevent the leasing of large acre

Continued on Page Three

13,000 WORKERS DEMONSTRATE IN N. Y. 'RED SQUARE'

Demand the Release of Mooney, Billings at Meet

Rap Frame-up System

In the face of a score of mounted police, armored motorcycles, and several hundred uniformed cops and plainclothesmen, about 13,000 New York workers yesterday crowded the north side of Union Square at the first anniversary memorial demonstration of the murder of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti.

Reminiscent of the great demonstrations held in the same square last year during the last days prior to the execution of the two labor martyrs, yesterday's meeting was characterized by militancy and enthusiasm.

From three platforms nearly 50 speakers representing the Workers (Communist) Party, left wing trade unions, New York anarchist groups, working women's organizations and fraternal societies denounced the "rapacious system which was responsible for the death of Sacco and Vanzetti," and explained the class character of the prosecution of the two Italian immigrant workers.

Communist speakers declared that the overthrow of the capitalist system and the establishment of a dictatorship of the working class alone would prevent the recurrence of such brazen frame-ups as was made upon Sacco and Vanzetti.

The meeting was opened by Rose Baron, secretary of the New York Section of International Labor Defense, under whose auspices the meeting was arranged. Morris E. Taft, manager of Local 41, International Ladies Garment Workers Union, was chairman.

Prolonged cheers greeted the name of Mooney and Billings whenever they were mentioned. The names of the assassins of Sacco and Vanzetti—Thayer, Fuller, Katzman, were greeted by boos and hisses.

Electrifying bursts of cheering swept the throng as the verdict of the New England overlords was exposed as a means of assassinating the two militant workers who dared to challenge their authority.

"Will Not Be Forgotten."

Speaker after speaker, during the three hours that the meeting continued, declared that the crime perpetrated in Massachusetts just a year ago would not soon be forgotten. They pointed out that the delusions of the liberals that the two workers would ultimately be freed because individuals of prominence in the business and professional world had "interceded" in their behalf had proved itself to be hollow, and would serve as an object lesson to the working class in the future.

Capitalist "Justice."

They pointed out that the Sacco-Vanzetti case was not a "miscarriage of justice," as the liberal apologists for the capitalist system would have the workers believe, but a normal "dispensation of capitalist 'justice' when applied to militant workers."

Several speakers who made slighting references toward the Communist program from the anarchist platform were repeatedly booed by the crowd, and as a result cut their speeches short and left the platform.

Several minutes later a cordon of police made a ring around the platform and remained until the conclusion of the meeting.

Fiery Slogans.

Among them were: "Free Mooney and Billings"; "Down with the Fullers and the Thayers"; "Down with Capitalist Justice"; "The I. L. D. Fights for Class War Prisoners"; "The Cause for which Sacco and Vanzetti died lives on"; "Break the Prison Bars which Hold the Champions of Labor"; "How Long Shall We Let Them Murder Us?"; "Only the Rule of the Workers Will Smash the Frame-up System"; "Long Live the First Workers' and Peasants' Republic"; "Rally to the Cause for Which Sacco and Vanzetti Died"; "There Are 30,000 Textile Workers on Strike in the State Which Murdered Sacco and Vanzetti"; "Sacco and Vanzetti Gave Their Lives for the Class Struggle—Vote for the Workers (Communist) Party of the Class Struggle."

Speakers at the meeting included

Continued on Page Five

Victim of Police

Policemen in the Holland vehicle tube tunnel between New York City and New Jersey severely beat James Bernard (above), when Bernard was driving thru the tunnel. Testimony showed that the assault was absolutely unprovoked.

MINERS PREDICT NEW ERA AHEAD

All Eyes Turn to Big Convention

(Special to the Daily Worker.)

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 23.—September 9 will mark the beginning of a new era for the miners, according to the view generally expressed by progressive mine leaders and rank and file coal diggers who are making every preparation for the big national conference which opens here on that date. At the headquarters of the National Arrangements Committee, 119 Federal St. N. S., signs of the greatest activity are in evidence.

"Our enthusiasm and confidence is based not on mere hopes but on our knowledge of the situation," it was declared. "Reports from practically every organized and unorganized field are uniform in declaring that sentiment for the new union is rising.

Kentucky Active.

"Organization work in Kentucky for instance, is booming," leaders stated. "Powderly, Browder, Hillside, Beech Creek are already lined up with the movement to build a new miners union. When William Duncan, Lewis' local 'boss' comes to the mass meetings with armed gangsters, with the handles of knives sticking out of their belts and draped on their fat stomachs, the men simply laugh at him and go on with their plans for more and more mass meetings, organizing more locals, electing delegates.

"'You've done your share, Duncan!' they tell him. 'You've wrecked what was left of the U. M. W. of A. in Kentucky. Now we're doing this job. We are going to build an honest, militant miners' union, and a thousand Lewises and Duncans can't stop us!'

"Even in far off Wasington the

Continued on Page Three

ELECTION FUNDS NEEDED

With the Workers (Communist) Party ticket on the ballot in fifteen states and at least fifteen more expected to be in the red column within the next six weeks, the need for funds to cover this large territory with speakers and campaign literature is becoming daily more critical.

William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow are to start their national campaign tours the first week in September, and several other nationally known speakers are scheduled to go on the road shortly. It costs money to tour speakers and to print literature.

The tremendous circularization of the readers of the Party press, the sending out of a quarter million pieces of mail, placed a heavy financial burden on the campaign committee. Thousands of dollars were expended for printing and stamps alone. Unless there is a generous response to this appeal, not only will there be no net return for the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund but the campaign itself will be hard hit by the heavy deficit.

The National Election Campaign Committee again appeals to the readers of the Communist press to contribute generously and at once to the Campaign Fund.

If every Communist who reads this appeal will take at least one single dollar and send it at once to Alexander Trachtenberg, 43 East 125th Street, New York City, our problem will be solved and the campaign will go ahead. Help. The emergency is great. You are urged not only to contribute yourself but also to canvass the shop in which you work, the members of the working class fraternal organizations to which you belong, and the members of your trade unions.

Many have already responded, and hundreds of dollars are reaching the National Office for the Campaign Fund, but thousands are needed—and now—and unless the flood of contributions is substantially increased, the campaign will suffer a terrible blow.

The National Election Campaign Committee points out to the class conscious workers who are supporting the Communist ticket the seriousness of the situation and the urgent need for funds. Every worker who realizes the importance of the election campaign and the great opportunities that it presents to radicalize the workers ideologically, must look on this appeal as a personal one and join actively in the drive to raise the $100,000 campaign fund.

If you have not already acted, help now and save the campaign from a most disastrous blow just when we are beginning to go full steam ahead.

TEN ARRESTED AT SACCO MEET IN KANSAS CITY

Oehler, Cushing Now Face Long Prison Sentences

Plan Protest Meeting

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 23.—Hugo Oehler, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, and Cushing, a member of the executive committee of District 10 of the Young Workers (Communist) League, are facing the possibility of long prison terms under the "criminal syndicalism" law of this state, following a raid on a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration at Shawnee Park last night.

Seven other workers, members of the International Labor Defense, who were arrested at the same time, were later released.

The attack was instigated by the Armour Company of this city, before whose gates a similar meeting was held the day before, workers charge. At that time Oehler and Cushing were arrested. They were later freed under bail.

Despite the general police intimidation which exists throughout the city, the International Labor Defense is mobilizing all forces at its command for a series of protest meetings and a general united front conference of labor organizations in a few days.

REPORT HASSELL PLANE SIGHTED

Seen Over Greenland Sunday

JULIANEHAAB, Greenland, Aug. 23 (UP).—A plane believed to have been the Greater Rockford was seen on Sunday passing over the village of Fiswenaesset, the governor of South Greenland, announced today.

A message from the governor received at the radio station here said there was no doubt about the plane having passed, as it was seen by the entire population of Fiskenaesset and the neighboring village of Lichtenfel.

The plane was sighted at 10:30 a. m., Sunday, flying from the north and going low over Fiskenaesset, as though looking for a landing place.

Militant Seized in New Bedford Strike

Textile picket seized by the New Bedford police who have intensified their terror in a vain effort to smash the strike against the wage slash. (Courtesy New Bedford Evening Standard.)

ARREST FIVE PICKETS AT NEW BEDFORD MILLS

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 23.—Four strikers were arrested this morning, three of them women, when they insisted on their legal right to picket at the Potomska Mill gates this morning. Germina Medieros, strike committee member on her way to a meeting at union headquarters was also arrested on a warrant issued against her on charges of "disturbing the peace."

Maria Valente, Laura Nunes, Joseph Gomes and 16-year-old Blanche Almeda after being twice driven away from the factory gates by a squad of police came back to reform the picket line for the third time, which resulted in the arrests on charges of peace disturbance and loitering.

William T. Murdoch, general organizer of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union, who was just released from jail appeared this morning at the mills to lead the picket lines.

Tampico Workers Go on Strike as Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial

(By United Press.)

TAMPICO, Mexico, Aug. 23.—Labor organizations held street demonstrations today outside the American and Italian consulates and the newspaper El Mundo's offices in commemoration of the Sacco-Vanzetti executions a year ago.

Fiery speeches were made, but there was no disorder, beyond the suspension of traffic. Three general stoppages were reported at noon.

DISCUSS INDIAN REVOLT TACTICS

Red Congress Holds 37th Session

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, USSR, Aug. 23.—The thirty-seventh session of the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International opened on the afternoon of August 18 with Schueller as chairman. Continuing the colonial debate the following spoke: Fachri of Turkey, Murphy of Britain, Mondok of Czechoslovakia, Losovski of the Red International of Labor Unions, Neumann of Germany, Page Arnot of Britain, Devries of Holland, Dutt of India.

De-Colonization Theory.

Murphy opened his speech by saying that he spoke for himself and not for the British delegation. He said that he was completely in agreement with the theses. He declared that Bennet gave a menshevist picture of the industrial development in India. Bennet's de-colonization ideas would lead to the conclusion that no revolutionary perspective was possible before the industrialization of India, he said. The decisive factor in the colonial revolution Murphy designated as the accumulation of imperialist contradictions and not industrialization. The retarding process of industrialization in the colonies is the common character of all imperialist colonial policies, he said. Statistics prove that Britain always followed the same policy of hindering the industrial development in India with the exception of the war years. Bennet's contention that the whole Indian bourgeoisie is already in the counter-revolutionary camp, he termed a false statement.

"We must stand on the basis of

Continued on Page Three

THOMAS MAKES LEAGUE APPEAL

The Reverend Talks to Round Table Knights

TOLEDO, Ohio, Aug. 23 (UP).—Norman Thomas, socialist candidate for president, said today that Governor Smith's speech of acceptance was a "clever emotional appeal to liberals for support of a program impossible of achievement through the democratic party to the knights of the round table here.

"I question the sincerity of Smith's general attitude," said Thomas. The socialist leader criticized the failure of the democratic nominee to include the world court, the league of nations, the war debt settlement, and the Russian recognition issues in his speech.

War Danger Meeting in Newark August 26

NEWARK, Aug. 23.—A conference of party speakers, agitprop directors, organizers and other Party and League functionaries of the Communist Party and the Young Workers League of New Jersey will be held on Sunday morning, Aug. 26, at 93 Mercer Street, Newark, New Jersey.

BOSTON WORKERS DEFY POLICE TO HOLD MEMORIAL

Hold Meeting in Street After Lock-out at Paine Hall

Crowd Cheers Gitlow

(Special To The Daily Worker.)

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 23.—In direct defiance of local police authorities who earlier in the day had caused the doors of the Paine Memorial hall to be shut, 2,000 workers last night joined in a huge memorial demonstration in honor of Sacco and Vanzetti in the streets outside the hall.

Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, and principal speaker at the meeting, received a tremendous ovation. Other speakers were Jessica Henderson, who opened the meeting on behalf of the International Labor Defense and Harry A. Cantor, of the Workers (Communist) Party, who acted as chairman.

Gitlow, reviewing the seven years of torture thru which Sacco and Vanzetti were led, declared that the most effective way to honor their memory is to build the militant,

Continued on Page Three

FIFTY SPEAKERS AT SACCO MEET

Minor, Olgin, Tresca at N. Y. Memorial

Following are excerpts from speeches made at the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration at Union Square yesterday:

Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Workers and Communist Candidate for U. S. Senator—"Sacco and Vanzetti were murdered just a year ago because the historical moment in the U. S. called for a savage blow against the militant section of the working class and against the working class as a whole. It was 'sound policy' from the capitalist point of view to execute Sacco and Vanzetti.

"The international situation made it a shrewd political act of American imperialism to throw the charred bodies of the two Italian laborers into the faces of the working class of nations whose masses had dared to 'meddle' in the case.

"The capitalist class rose to power by revolution and will go down by revolution. We pledge ourselves not to 'forgive' the murderers of Sacco and Vanzetti, not to be passive, but to go ahead, work, fight—sacrifice our lives if need be—to realize the overthrow of the capitalist class that murdered them, and to establish the dictatorship of the working class in the United States."

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Carlo Tresca, editor of Il Martello—"The employing class in the United States is one of the most brutal in the world, and its treatment of Sacco and Vanzetti was not an isolated incident but characteristic of it. Fascist Italy, under the bloody Mussolini, is murdering thousands of the best workers without a hint of protest from the United States. . . ."

• • •

M. J. Olgin, editor of the "Hammer"—"We are gathered here under the red flag of revolution to do honor to the memory of Sacco and Vanzetti. We workers do not believe this drivel that their execution was a miscarriage of justice. The attack upon the labor movement must be resisted. Only in this way can we do honor to the memory of Sacco and Vanzetti."

FIGHT THE SAME ENEMY

5,000 Strikers Honor Sacco, Vanzetti

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 23.—Over five thousand striking textile workers crowded into Saulniers Lot yesterday at a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense.

Out of a sick bed, Augustus Pinto, the heroic young strike leader came to the meeting, declaring he felt he must speak to the strikers on the day when the world's workers mourn the death of their martyred comrades. Another speaker was A. Gaspar, arrested last year in the demonstrations arranged by the local Portuguese revolutionary paper, "A Luta."

G. Zamieras, representing the Workers (Communist) Party, in an impassioned speech in Portuguese declared that the oligarchy that had

Continued on Page Three

Four Western Railroads Merge to Form One of the Largest Combines in Country

FIRST PLANNED IN 1923, MOVE ENDS LONG WAR

Seen as Blow at Wage Demands

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—A merger of the largest western railroads on which trainmen are now taking a strike vote was seen as a certainty today with the announcement of the appointment of Hale Holden, president of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Line as chairman of the Southern Pacific. The Southern Pacific, the Burlington Systems, the Great Northern, and the Northern Pacific are involved in what is one of the greatest railroad mergers in history.

The move is seen among other things as a more effective means of fighting the demands of the workers.

* * *

Long Planned Move.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23 (U.P.).—Consolidation of four western railroads was predicted today as the result of the appointment of Hale Holden, president of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy line, to the chairmanship of the executive committee of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The roads involved are the Southern Pacific, the Great Northern, the Burlington systems and the Northern Pacific.

Railroad officials recalled that in 1923 Holden submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission a plan for the merging of all western roads into four major lines.

Holden's appointment is expected to end the opposition of the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe to the expansion of the Western Pacific and to increase co-operation among the western roads.

HOSTILE VESSEL BARRED BY USSR

British Warship Not to Remove Sub Dead

MOSCOW, Aug. 23.—A British warship will not be allowed to enter Soviet waters in order to bring back to England the bodies of the sailors found on the British submarine L-55, which was sunk by the navy of the Soviet Union while the L-55 was participating in the invasion and counter-revolution in 1919, according to Tass, Soviet news agency.

The British government made the request which was received in Moscow on August 20. The L-55 was salvaged by the Soviet navy about two weeks ago in order to discover whether the submarine had been sunk by a mine or by volleys from the Soviet navy, the latter proving to be the case.

Although the Soviet government would not allow a battleship of a country with whom all diplomatic and trade relations were cut, it expressed its willingness to permit a warship of a friendly government, or a British merchantman to dock at its ports.

RED SQUAD WILL INVADE BROOKLYN

Sections 2 and 3 are Active in Drive

The, by this time, famous Red Squad of Section 2, which made its lasting reputation last Sunday by its fine work in obtaining signatures in the Fourth and Fifth Assembly Districts of the Bronx, will this Sunday tackle Brownsville.

The squad will meet at 154 Watkins St., in the Brownsville section of Brooklyn, at 9 o'clock Sunday morning, and will go through the Twenty-third and Twenty-second Assembly Districts until 12 a. m. After that hour the members of the squad will further participate in the election campaign by taking collection boxes of the Red Tag Day and soliciting cash contributions.

Squad is Confident.

Members of the Section 2 Red Campaign Squad, interviewed last night in their headquarters at 101 West 27th St., expressed full confidence in their ability to clean up both the Brownsville Election Districts on Sunday morning.

Should the work of the section two squad prove as fruitful next Sunday as it did last Sunday in the Bronx, the movement which is on foot in the District Office to have their names inscribed on a special honor role will doubtless gain headway.

Section 3 Active.

Section 3, whose Red Squad last week worked from the 2075 Clinton Ave. headquarters of the Bronx, is also mobilizing this week for participation in the Brownsville election raid. A good deal of friendly rivalry has developed between the two sections, and although the Section 2 Squad succeeded in obtaining more signatures in the Bronx, the Section 3 Squad is determined to obtain more in Brownsville.

Turn Out Planes for Imperialist War

Light planes like this which are being turned out for "commercial" purposes can be converted into military planes. Aviation is being encouraged by the war department.

ARREST FOUR AT CLEVELAND MEET

Were Giving Leaflets to Workers

(Special to the Daily Worker)

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 23.—Police yesterday broke up a mass meeting held on the Public Square here, and arrested four students attending the Ohio Young Workers Training School who were selling Communist literautre to the assembled workers, in an effort to stop the campaign which the Workers (Communist) Party is carrying on in this city.

In order to make the arrests legal a communication from Cleveland states, the Cleveland authorities dug up for the first time in many years an obsolete ordinance which prohibits the sale or distribution of literature, leaflets and other printed matter at open-air meetings.

Suppression of Workers.

"Every method to suppress the propagation of Communist ideas and to stop the growing influence of the Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League on the masses of workers," the communication continues, "is being employed by the Ohio authorities. In recent months the workers of Cleveland have seen the strict enforcement of old city ordinances that have been lying dormant for years. These ordinances have been revived for the sole purpose of crushing the revolutionary working class movement."

Terrorist Campaign.

Police last week caused the arrest of seven young workers in the Ashtabula school and the threat of arraignment under the Ohio Criminal Syndicalist Law of two instructors of the school.

The four young workers were arrested on the Public Square, a place originally dedicated to "free speech." One of them was held for "investigation" overnight, and released the following morning under $100 bail.

WORKERS TO HOLD RED TAG DAYS

Collect for Communists Tomorrow, Sunday

Continued from Page One

express purpose of ultimately radically changing the form of government advocated by the republican chairman, Work, and his democratic Siamese Twin.

Reports from the thirty Red Stations which punctuate every section of the city indicate that there will be an unprecedented turnout of workers for participation in the Red Fund campaign. Thousands of collection boxes have been distributed to thousands of enthusiastic collectors.

Tomorrow and Sunday a dash of color will be added to New York's streets and beaches by the red-lettered arm-bands which will encircle the left wings of thousands of class conscious workers for the Communist campaign.

"Every worker who donates to the Communist Campaign Fund will do his bit toward making the slogan of the collection boxes, 'Down With the Government of Wall Street,' a reality," is the statement of the District Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party. "All workers are urged to strike a blow for the immediate relief of the unemployed, for the abrogation of government by injunction, for a struggle against imperialist war and for a workers' and farmers' government in the United States."

"Butcher" Machado to Aid Sugar Barons

HAVANA, Cuba, Aug. 23 (UP).—President Machado conferred for two hours today with several groups of sugar growers, including representatives of the Punta Alegre Sugar Company and several other powerful sugar centrals.

Although the sugar men refused to make a statement as to the result of the conference, it was reported reliably at the palace that the Cuban government's 1928-1929 crop policy was discussed and that all indications are for no further crop restrictions.

Worker Killed, Many Hurt in Train Wreck

STILLWATER, Minn., Aug. 23 (UP).—One person was killed and at least seven persons injured when an Omaha-Northwestern passenger train struck a helping engine and was derailed here today.

The body of William Richardson, Minneapolis, engineer of the passenger train, was pinned under the locomotive. Five cars, in addition to the engine, left the track, piled up and were badly damaged.

No definite check could be made of the injured persons as they were taken to St. Paul by an auxiliary train.

N. Y. FUR LOCALS BACK NEW UNION

Greek Furriers Meet Tonight

Continued from Page One

at the time the huge Cooper Union meeting was held, the New York fur workers accelerated the movement that will drive out of the trade the A. F. of L. and socialist officials of the old International that had sold to the bosses the workers' union standards.

The election of delegates to the provisional N. E. C. was held at the end of the meetings and were as follows: Ben Gold and S. Liebowitz, from Local 1; Aaron Gross and B. Baraz, from Local 5; Louis Cohen and H. Herschkowitz from Local 10; Lena Rabinowitz and J. Winogradsky from Local 15.

* * *

To Form Greek Local.

All Greek fur workers are called to a meeting tomorrow night for the purpose of registering their votes on the decision to build a new furriers' union and to establish a united local of Greek furriers. Workers in all fur manufacturing shops, whether they belong to the Greek branch of the New York Joint Board or to the Greek Local 70 of the A. F. of L. International, are called to this meeting.

Officers of the A. F. of L. Local 70, as well as the leaders of the Joint Board branch, will speak at the meeting to explain the step taken by the International United Front Committee. A. Winnick will also be there to represent the Progressive Bloc of the right wing Joint Council, which split off from the reactionary scab union to join in the new union movement. B. Gold, manager of the New York Joint Board, will address the meeting also.

The Greek Branch of the Joint Board and the officers of Local 70 joined in a call to the chairmen of all shops in the industry to instruct the Greek workers in their shops that they must attend the meeting without fail.

WORKING WOMEN HOLD OUTING

The United Council of Working Women will hold an outing on Sunday, August 26th, at Van Cortlandt Park, beginning at 1 p. m.

An interesting program of readings, recitations, singing and an educational talk by a prominent speaker is promised.

Directions: The Jerome Woodlawn train on the Lexington Ave. subway line will take you to the park, get off at the last stop 242nd St., there a committee will meet you and direct you to the Lawn.

Former Mayor, Police in Boston, Graft Ring

BOSTON, Aug. 23 (UP).—Thirty-eight residents of North Adams and vicinity, including a former mayor, six members of the police department, and several business men, must appear before a federal grand jury here today.

Although the nature of the case had not been definitely revealed, it was reliably reported that the summonses were in connection with an extensive liquor and graft investigation in North Adams, scene of many recent raids.

President Edward Piker of the city council, a former mayor of North Adams, was among those summoned.

MILLER, MOORE SPEAK IN HARLEM

Negro Workers Show Enthusiasm

At a large and enthusiastic meeting of Negro workers held Tuesday night at the corner of 133rd Street and Lenox Ave., which was the first meeting held by the new Unit 1 of Negro comrades of the Workers (Communist) Party, Bert Miller, organizational secretary of the Workers Party and Richard Moore, in charge of Negro work, spoke on the problems confronting the Negro workers of this and other cities and urged the unity of all Negro workers with white workers against capitalist oppressors of all races.

The importance of the election campaign was outlined by Miller, who emphasized the anti-Negro role of both the democratic and republican parties by citing the segregation of Negroes at the republican convention, which also refused to seat Mrs. Booze, a Negro delegate, at one of the party meetings, and by the barring of Negroes from the Texas primaries by the democrats and the lynching of a Negro worker which marked the opening of the democratic convention.

In proving the essential anti-Negro worker role of the republican party, Moore proceeded to shatter the illusion of Lincoln having been a friend of the Negroes, upon which illusion the republican party has been "trading upon the ghost of Lincoln." Moore cited Lincoln's letter to Horace Greeley in which he wrote "if I can save the union by freeing all the slaves, they shall be freed; if I can free the union by freeing some of the slaves, some shall be freed, and if I can save the union buy not freeing the slaves, they shall not be freed."

Moore and Miller, recalling the police brutality against Negro workers in Harlem a short while back, called on the Negro workers present to support the candidates of and join the Workers (Communist) Party, "the only party that has taken an uncompromising, four-square position on the Negro question."

NEGRO WORKERS HOLD MASS MEET

To Discuss Aims of Labor Congress

The aims and purposes of the American Negro Labor Congress will be discussed tonight at a mass meeting called for 8 o'clock at Boyles Memorial M. E. Zion church, Gates Ave. and Irving Place, Brooklyn.

Leaflets distributed for the meeting invite all workers to attend and declare that the congress has "a message for every Negro man, woman and child who has to work for a living—a message for every Negro whose soul burns with indignation at the indignities heaped upon his group in this country, in partitioned Africa and slaughtered Haiti."

Speakers include Richard B. Moore, national organizer of the American Negro Labor Congress; Grace P. Campbell, chairman Harlem Educational Forum; George Padmore, Henry Resemond, Edwin H. Best, Chairman, Conrad A. Walters.

TUNNEY IN DUBLIN

DUBLIN, Aug. 23 (UP).—James Joseph Tunney arrived here tonight from London.

MILLIONS ATTEND SACCO-VANZETTI MEETS IN U.S.S.R.

World Tourists to See Soviet Anniversary

Millions of workers throughout the Soviet Union joined in memorial meetings to honor Sacco and Vanzetti on the anniversary of their murder by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, according to reports received here. As in the case of Tom Mooney, for whom protest demonstrations were held in the U. S. S. R. long before the great majority of the American workers realized that he and Billings would almost certainly be executed, the Russian workers demonstrated again their solidarity with the victims of capitalist class "justice."

Meetings and demonstrations in the Soviet Union are conducted not only in the great public squares of the important cities, including Moscow, Leningrad, Kiev, Odessa, etc., but in many of the former palaces of the czarist "nobles," since expropriated by the first workers' and peasants' government.

Many Americans Expected.

A large number of Americans are expected to see for themselves the new order of things in the U. S. S. R. This will be made possible by the special tour to the Soviet Union arranged by the World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave., New York City. They will not only be enabled to visit the various cities of the U. S. S. R., study the new life of the Russian workers and peasants, but will be privileged to witness the Eleventh Anniversary Celebration of the November Revolution.

The Seventh of November (25th of October, old Russian) is the day of inspiring celebrations and unique festivities over the U. S. S. R. The entire Red Army and Fleet of Russian workers and peasants participate in pageants which surpass those of any other national holiday.

Organize Big Tour.

The World Tourists, Inc., is organizing an October tour, to arrive in Russia in time for this celebration. By special arrangement with the Official Travel Bureau of the Soviet government it is in a position to greatly reduce the cost of this tour, enabling the average worker to avail himself of it.

The group will sail from New York on October 17, on the Cunard express steamer "Mauretania" to London.

U. S. S. R. GRAIN ABOVE AVERAGE

Wheat, Rye, Barley Oats Continue Good

According to cabled reports received yesterday by the Amtorg Trading Corporation, the grain crop prospects in the U. S. S. R. continue favorable. The Central Statistical Administration estimates the condition of all grain crops on August 1 at 115.6, taking 100 as the average crop. Last year the condition of the crops on August 1 was estimated at 107.

Spring wheat showed the most favorable condition, being estimated at 37 per cent above the normal on August 1. Rye was 9 per cent above the average, barley 12 per cent above and oats 28 per cent. Winter wheat is estimated at 8 per cent below normal.

GANG LEADER SHOT

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 23 (UP).—William F. (Big Bill) Davis, gang leader, was shot and killed today by a police squad which trapped him as he allegedly was extorting tribute from a soft drink parlor.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

The Soviet Union

Is the Fatherland of the exploited and oppressed of all lands. Defend the Soviet Union against its imperialist enemies by rallying around the program of the Workers (Communist) Party, by supporting its candidates in the elections, and by helping to organize the masses for Communism. Vote Communism! Join the Workers Party. Read the Daily Worker.

Election Mass Meeting on September 28

The workers of New York will have an opportunity of hearing all of the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York State at the monster election campaign rally to be held at the Central Opera House, 67th Street and Third Avenue, on Friday evening, September 28th.

While the general subject of the talks by the various candidates will be the election platform of the Party, special attention will be paid to New York questions, chief of which are the Tammany role, the political power of the power and public utilities corporations sheltered under the wing of New York republicanism and the role played by the socialist party in labor struggles of the city and state.

All workers' organizations are requested by the District Campaign Committee to keep this date open and arrange no conflicting affairs.

TO HOLD T.U.E.L. FETE TOMORROW

Dances, Folk Songs to Feature

Thousands of left wing workers of this city and environment will frolic and make merry tomorrow at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, at the annual Workers' Open Air Festival held by the New York local of the Trade Union Educational League.

Tickets, which may be bought at 26-28 Union Square, the new home of the Trade Union Educational League, for fifty cents each, contain the admonition "12 noon to 12 morning," although, if the left-wingers of this city are as good merrymakers as they are fighters, the time limit will be disregarded.

In more than one way will the T. U. E. L. frolic be unique among openair events. The program of sports will be more complete and competition more keen; the program of eats will be more varied and exciting; the Red Poets' Forum, led by Mike Gold, will be the first such forum to be held at an open-air affair.

Costumed groups of singers will render folk songs in many languages, to be followed immediately by folk dances. After the folk dances there will be general dancing by those present to the tunes of violins, fifes and harmonicas.

Arrangements have been made by M. Pasternak, of the local T. U. E. L., for the presence of Chinese left wing workers who have offered to prepare Chinese food, among which is not included the American version of Chop Suey. Armenian cooks will prepare their national culinary pride, "Shashlik," and the food race will be on.

The workers present at the picnic will be greeted by John J. Ballam, Secretary of the T. U. E. L., Louis Hyman of the Cloakmakers' union and Ben Gold of the Furriers' union.

All left wing workers and sympathizers, their wives and sweethearts, urged to attend the festival in support of the T. U. E. L. and its policies.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

BALKAN CRISIS SEEN BREWING IN JUGOSLAVIA

Minorities Continue Demonstrations

ESSEG, Jugoslavia, Aug. 23.—Numerous students and peasants were arrested here when they staged a furious demonstration against the Belgrade government and its suppression of the national minorities.

The demonstration followed a memorial meeting in honor of the dead Croatian leader, Stefan Raditch.

* * *

Leaders Uncertain.

ZAGREB, Yugoslavia, Aug. 23.—Members of the Croatian peasant party here expressed themselves, in interviews to the foreign press correspondents, to be entirely in favor of an autonomous Croatia, often repeating the term "free Croatia" and "Belgrade suppression," but the leaders of the party were not quite certain as to how this aim was to be attained.

Charges of suppression, fraud, fascist tendencies against the Belgrade officials, filled the interview. When questioned as to how the free Croatia was to be obtained, Dr. Krnjevic, secretary of the Croatian peasant party, was not sure, but said, "We shall see."

In face of the pacifist resistance of the Croatian leaders, mass demonstrations, in many cases very militant, have taken place in Dalmatian and Croatian cities against the Yugoslav regime and the Netuno pact with the fascists.

Since the next regular elections will not take place until 1931, many observers here doubt the ability of the present leaders to convince the mass of Croatian peasants and Dalmatian workers to continue a policy of passive resistance. In view of the fact that Italy is so interested in Jugoslav development and the development of an Italian Adriatic lake, trouble for the Balkans, which may have wider repercussions, is forecast.

UNITY CAMP TO AID THE 'DAILY'

Workers spending their short vacations in the Cooperative Camp Unity, Wingdale, N. Y., are this week striving to better the record of $1,100 collected last week at Camp Nitgedaiget. A "Daily Worker Week," similar to the one which was held at the latter camp, has been inaugurated at Unity.

The program includes a moonlight excursion on the lake on which the camp is situated; two days during which a camp judge will be elected; and the "Prohibition Day," during which all workers whose actions deviate from the regular camp routine will be fined, proceeds to go to the Daily Worker. This day has been set for Friday.

The program will continue with a "Salome Night" on Friday evening, a literary day on Saturday, to conclude with a Soviet Costume Ball which will last until the early hours of Sunday.

Office Workers Will Celebrate Formation of Union With Dance

A dance celebrating the formation of the office workers union, with offices at the Labor Temple, Second Avenue and 14th St., will be held Monday evening, Aug. 27, at 8 p. m., on the roof garden of the Herkscher Foundation Building, Fifth Avenue and 104th St.

All workers are invited to attend the festivities that will be held on the evening of the dance attendent to the formation of the union.

CAP UNION HEAD ASKS BOSS WRIT

"Socialist" in Court Against Left Wing

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 23.—The "socialist" president of the International Cloth Hat, Cap and Millinery Workers Union, Zaritsky, and his lawyer, the "socialist" leader, Bearak, appeared yesterday before Court Referee Martin Witt to argue his application for a permanent injunction against the left wing leaders of the Boston Capmakers Local 7, whose leadership the right wing seeks to replace. J. Miller, the left wing local manager, and Harry Hoffman, labor attorney, came to argue in opposition.

The leader of the "socialist" party, Bearak, eloquently enumerated "fact" after "fact" to prove to the capitalist judge that Miller and the other left wing officers were Communists whose control of a trade union was dangerous to the honorable referee.

The hearing, however, has not yet been ended. It is to be continued Friday before the same referee. After the completion of the hearing, Zaritsky's referee will have power to decide whether the Boston members of the union are entitled to the leadership they chose at a legal election held recently under the supervision of a right wing committee from the general executive board.

SHOE WORKERS MEET TONIGHT

Organization Drive to Be Launched

Plans for a united shoe workers' conference to mobilize forces for the building of the union were announced yesterday by the Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York and vicinity.

The conference which will be held tonight at 8 p. m. sharp at 51 E. 10th St. is called to discuss the next step for the future progress of the union, according to Joseph Magliacano, organizer of the shoe workers.

Shop chairmen, shop committees and organization committees in addition to rank and file shoe workers will attend the meeting. Conditions in the industry have become more and more deplorable, workers declare, and the only way to remedy them is to build the organization. A large attendance is expected at tonight's meeting.

WORKERS OPEN AIR FESTIVAL

THIS SATURDAY
August 25

Given by Trade Union Educational League, Local N.Y., and Jewish Workers University

An Unusual Program Will Be Offered

3 P. M.
Freiheit Soccer Team.

5 P. M.
International Red Poets Forum

6 to 11 P. M.
Camp Fire Concert with the Mass Chorus of Brooklyn—and other musical members

Tickets for Entire Festival, Only 35 Cents

TO BE OBTAINED AT THE FREIHEIT AND WORKERS' CENTER, ROOM 205

ULMER PARK

B. M. T. West End Line to 25th Ave.

Workers in Berlin, Leipzig, Cologne Protest Social Democratic Cruiser Building

CROWDED MEETS DEMAND WARSHIP ORDERS REVOKED

Communists Leading Protest

BERLIN, Aug. 23.—Demands that the social democratic government of Chancellor Mueller revoke its armament program initiated with the order for the building of a new cruiser at Kiel, are sweeping over the German working class and finding expression in hundreds of meetings and demonstrations of which the largest took place in Berlin yesterday.

Cities as widely separated as Cologne, Breslau and Leipzig have also held similar meteings.

In Berlin a crowded gathering demanded that the social democrats cease their apologies together with the program for armament construction and revoke the orders for the Kiel cruiser.

The demand, which was put in the form of a resolution, was passed by a huge majority.

Similar resolutions were carried in other meetings thruout the country.

The Communist Party, which is leading the German working class in its protest against the war danger implied in the building of the cruiser is also pointing out the political capital the reactionary parties hope to make out of the issue. The reactionaries are secretly pleased with the social democratic action as is evidenced by President Hindenburg's refusal to permit a referendum. At the same time they are eager to drive the social democrats from office and the cruiser issue offers them the easiest way.

So widespread is the feeling among the German workers against the cruiser construction that it is believed the social democrats will be unable much longer to ignore the growing protest movement.

DISCUSS INDIAN REVOLT TACTICS

Red Congress Holds 37th Session

Continued from Page One

the Second Congress theses and build up strong Communist Parties in the colonies which can fulfill their tasks in the bourgeois democratic period," he concluded.

Losovsky Speaks.

Losovsky declared that the new factor since the adoption of Lenin's resolution at the Second Congress is that since then the proletariat appeared as an independent force in numerous colonies. This fact is connected with certain industrial developments, he said. It would be false, however, to adopt a de-colonization theory from this fact. It was also false, he said, that colonies are the only sources of raw material and food for the motherlands. Such an assumption would make it difficult to set forth the slogan of the dictatorship of the proletariat and peasantry because this slogan assumes a certain stage in industrial development. Some comrades, he said, particularly the Latin Americans, wrongly fear that the slogan of the bourgeois democratic revolution diminishes the role of the proletariat and the Communist Party. Leninism demands, however, that the proletariat play a leading role in the bourgeois democratic revolutions.

This fact, Losovsky continued, and the character of the Bolshevist slogan of the dictatorship of the proletariat and peasantry must be made clearer in the theses. It is theoretically correct that the proletariat may temporarily support the colonial bourgeoisie and even make agreements with it but it is politically incorrect when the theses declare that the task of the Indian proletariat is the formation of an independent revolutionary working class movement and cleaning the revolutionary organizations from the Swarajists. The theses contain practically nothing about colonial reformism, he said.

Situation in India.

Neumann declared that Lenin's lesson of the avoidability of the capitalist development stage in the path of the colonies to socialism must be stressed. The de-colonization theory inevitably contradicts Lenin's standpoint, he said. The Indian proletariat must not conclude an alliance with the native bourgeoisie even temporarily because the Swarajists will betray the struggle at the first opportunity. The old leadership of the Communist Party of China, he said, made not only opportunist errors but even counter-revolutionary errors, for instance when it appealed for the suppression of the peasant "excesses." The present leadership of the Communist Party of China showed toleration towards the putchist tendencies in the beginning but since has corrected its errors.

Page Arnot of Britain declared that the British delegation never represented the de-colonization theory. The Indian industry is not dominant but growing, he said. The theoretical error of the theses is the attempt to explain the present policy of the British monopolist capitalism in India on the basis of the descripton of the period of industrial capitalism. The theses should have shown clearly the general law of capitalist development according to which capital exports produce a tendency to increase the speed of development of industry in the colonies. Imperialism tends to foster the growth of industry, he said. The normal form of capital export is investment in state loans, which contributes to the Indian industry, particularly in steel production, he said.

Dutt declared that it was incorrect to say imperialism hinders the growth of industry and it was also incorrect to say that it fosters industry. To a certain extent, he said, British imperialism hampers the growth of industry but having regard to the inevitable development, imperialism strives to bring Indian industry under its control. The Indian bourgeosie betrayed the national revolution but is still a factor of contradiction towards British imperialism, but is also a counter-revolutionary factor towards the proletariat. Recognition of the counter-revolutionary character of the Indian bourgeoisie must not prevent us from utilizing it in order to develop a mass revolution, Dutt concluded.

THE FLINT STRIKE AND ITS LESSONS

First Strike Against the Intense Speed-Up in Fisher Plant

(This the seventh of the series of articles on "Automobile—Symbol of The Modern Slavery." Previous articles have discussed the scope of the industry, the giant combinations, the driving forces to war, the health conditions in the various plants. Tomorrow's article will deal with the question of "Who Will Organize the Auto Workers?").

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By BEN LIFSCHITZ

The strike in Flint, Michigan was one of those department walkouts to which we have referred in the last article as a manifestation of the resistance the workers in the Automobile Industry are beginning to show.

The strike broke out in the Oil Sanding Department of the Fisher Body Corporation in Flint, Mich. The Fisher Body Corporation took advantage of the change in the Buick model to cut down the earnings of the oil sanders.

In spite of the fact that there is added work on the 1929 Buick, the company insisted that the oil sanders do this work for the same prices they received for the 1928 model.

Extreme Abuses.

The men working in the Oil Sanding Department have to stand all day long in an inch or more of oil. They are soaked externally and internally with this same oil which is extremely detrimental to the health of the men, causing boils and sores all over their body. This constant source of irritation and poison is the cause of much heart and stomach trouble and obliges many of the men to obey the doctor's orders and quit.

The only response to the complaints of the men was a demand by the management that the men try again to make up their regular earnings by speeding it up a little bit more. Finally, being convinced that they would receive no consideration from the company, the men went out on strike Thursday, July 5th.

Elect Strike Committee, Present Demands.

That evening the strikers sent a committee to Detroit for the purpose of obtaining the assistance of the Auto Workers Union. With the help of the organizer of the Auto Workers Union, Philip Raymond, the strikers formulated a set of demands and elected a Strike Committee and Picketing Committee. The Strike Committee was instructed to present the demands of the strikers to the company at once. The demands of the strikers were as follows:

1. A 25 cent raise on coach and coupe jobs.
2. A 10 cent raise on roof rail panels and drip-molding panels.
3. A better grinding compound instead of the oil furnished, and more sandpaper.
4. Hot water for washing.
5. No victimization.

In the afternoon the committee returned and reported the results to the asembled strikers. They reported that the company insisted that the men return to work and try to earn their usual pay at the old rate. If this were found impossible, then the company promised to adjust the wages. The men unanimously refused to depend on further promises from the Fisher Body Corporation and voted to continue the strike until their demands were granted.

Strike Holds Up New 1929 Model

By Tuesday the strike had seriously held up production throughout the whole plant. The Buick Motor Company was held up by the lack of bodies. Many workers, both in the Fisher body plant and the Buick Motor Company were sent home because of the tie-up in the production.

Meetings were held in the afternoon opposite the Fisher Body plant. During the week a large meeting was held of about 800 workers in the Labor Temple under the auspices of the Auto Workers Union.

On Saturday, the 14th of July, a meeting was held with representatives from several of the other departments of the Fisher Body Corporation, which were ready to come out on strike in support of the oil sanders and also to gain their own demands. These representatives agreed that their departments would come out on Monday. To prevent the further growth of organization among the workers, the company voluntarily gave its vet sanders an increase of 25 cents per body.

Others Walk Out.

At two o'clock that afternoon a large group of metal finishers walked off the job. They stated their determination to support the demands of the oil sanders. That evening a committee, elected by the metal finishers, in a meeting with the strike committee agreed to the plan of going on the job the next morning for the purpose of bringing the rest of the men in their department out on strike, unless the company acceded to the demands of the oil sanders. The next morning the company countered this move by guaranteeing all the men $1 an hour whether there was work for them to do or not. A majority of the metal finishers also failed to realize the necessity of supporting the efforts of the oil sanders. By this time it had become obvious that without support from the other departments the oil sanders could no longer prevent the company from slowly but surely reaching the point of normal production. At a meeting of the strikers that evening, the strike was called off.

Proof of Solidarity.

In an interview between the writer and Mr. Frank McGrogan, the leader of the strike, he stated that to his knowledge this strike was one of the best illustrations from the point of view of the solidarity of the workers in that department that ever took place in the Fisher body plant. It [illegible] the first time that over one hundred and eighty workers, mostly Americans, struck against the increasing speed-up system being introduced into the Fisher body and in all the other plants in the automobile industry.

In order to understand the significance of this strike, we must know that there was no union or any other organized group within that shop. That this walkout was simply a sporadic outburst on the part of the workers which expresses the accumulated resentment, dissatisfaction and the growing spread of revolt which is continually, slowly but surely, growing among the automobile workers.

Shortcomings of the Strike.

It is true that the Flint strike shows that we are still in the first stages of the rude awakening of class consciousness among the automobile workers. In the interview with Frank McGrogan, he stated, "Well, the Company treated me pretty fair for about three years, but last year this wage-slashing campaign started and now suddenly they come along with another wage-cut of about $7 a week. This was more than any of us could stand."

It should be noted that McGrogan showed real qualities of leadership. Taking his sentiments as typical of those expressed by other workers, we have to realize that the level of class consciousness is yet quite low among the workers in the automobile industry.

However, even some of our leading comrades in the Detroit district underestimated this strike believing, as one of our comrades expressed it, that this "was the old usual department walkout."

Our comrades did not fully realize that the conditions in the automobile industry at present have reached the point where any department walkout may and can be broadened and sharpened into a larger struggle because the rationalization process in the automobile industry does not only result in a cut of wages but produces instability and job insecurity for the worker.

Changing Conditions.

The automobile industry is becoming more seasonal, the ever-changing styles of cars are giving the employers more and mere of an opportunity to speed up production and get more work out in a given time. Therefore the average unemployment time among the automobile workers is becoming greater. We must bear in mind that as long as the worker is sure of his weekly earnings, more or less commensurate with his standard of living, he will not be so ready to resist. But when this base of security is taken away from him, and this is not only in General Motors but also in Fords, then under the pressure of conditions, he will resist. We therefore must view every department walkout as a manifestation of a changing frame of mind among the automobile workers, and we must try to broaden and extend this resistance.

The second shortcoming in the Flint strike was that there were no general demands to draw into the the strike the workers of the other related crafts. In the automobile industry, as in all modern industries, the production of the machine is divided into given units, each one of these units being made up of a group of operations. The production of the whole car can be tied up if we learn and know how to tie up the correlated operations which make up the component parts of the machine.

Broaden Demands.

We must, therefore, issue such demands as will appeal to the workers of the other crafts in the industry so that strike will mean something to them and encourage them to participate in order to maintain or improve their conditions.

The third shortcoming of this strike was that the leadership of the strike did not sufficiently try to extend the strike to the other plants of the Fisher body in Detroit, Cleveland and other cities.

We must remember that the present highly developed industries work on the basis of ever increasing production. These companies create enough subsidiaries to enable them to carry on production in case of labor troubles. We therefore, find that these large concerns always have branches in other cities, under their own name and aften under other names.

The strikers from the Fisher body plant of Flint, Michigan, should try to hold meetings at the Fisher body plants of Detroit and to extend the strike in the several Fisher body plants of Detroit.

Dramatize Struggle.

Fourthly, the strike was not sufficiently dramatized in order to draw the attention both of the workers of the auto industry and all the other workers to it.

While making this criticism, we must realize that our comrades were very much handicapped because there was no Communist nucleus to give direction and form the backbone of the struggle. Not only was there no shop nucleus, but there was not even a shop committee, a union or any other organized group with connections in other departments which could make possible the spreading of the struggle to the other departments and plants of the company.

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(Tomorrow's article will deal with perhaps the most important phase of the study yet printed, the question of "Who Will Organize the Auto Workers?")

CORRUPT UNION OFFICIALS SUED

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Following revelations of corruption and extortion on the part of union officials of Painters' District Council 14, the Department of Justice probably in connection with certain open shop employers taking advantage of the situation, yesterday filed a suit in equity against officers and business agents of the council, charging a conspiracy in restraint of trade.

Twenty local painters' unions and their recording secretaries, all of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decoraters and Paperhangers of America; Arthur W. Wallace, secretary-treasurer, of the District Council and Frank L. Axelson, Joseph Casey, George W. Cummings, Stephen J. Dempsey, Albert Green, W. E. Hertz, Charles W. Hanson, Harry Leubbe, Joseph C. Moenich, Roy Shields and George Tuckbreiter, all business agents of the district council, are named in the suit.

Revelations last April disclosed that the union officials worked together with manufacturers to compel the purchase by retailers of certain makes of cabinets and other supplies, called strikes to enforce their demands and charged a premium of $2 up per item, for permission to use articles other than those specified. At the time it was revealed that several millions of dollars had been extorted in this way by the union officials working together with the employers.

Fight Same Bosses, Say Mill Strikers

Continued from Page One

murdered Sacco and Vanzetti was the same 28,000 textile strikers were fighting against in a struggle to regain a wage cut. Eli Keller, Jack Rubinstein and Fred E. Beale, union organizers and 11 year old John Lopez of the Young Pioneers, also spoke.

Above the platform erected for the speakers hung two huge portraits of Sacco and Vanzetti framed in red and black cloth borders. Thruout the meeting the audience showed by its reaction to the speakers that it was deeply moved.

BUENOS AYRES TAXI DRIVERS WIN WALK-OUT

Police Forced to End Cruising Regulations

BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 23.—Taxi drivers of this city who have been on strike for several days yesterday won a complete victory when the police suspended the regulations to which the men objected.

The regulations, recently introduced into Buenos Ayres, were directed against cruising by taxi cabs and parking in many sections of the city. The men declared that they would be unable to operate under such laws.

The strike of the men which quickly followed the publication of the new ordinance, was virtually one hundred per cent, the entire taxi industry in the city being tied up. The firm front of the strikers forced the city authorities to suspend the regulations and taxi service was resumed this morning.

BOSTON WORKERS HOLD MEMORIAL

Gather in Streets Despite Police

Continued from Page One

fighting, political organization of labor—the Workers (Communist) Party.

Urges Fight For Mooney.

"The workers in the United States will do the same to the czars of Massachusetts that the Russian workers did to the czars of the Russian empire," he said.

He appealed for an intensification of the campaign to force the release of Tom Mooney, Warren K. Billings, the victims of the Centralia frame-up and all class-war prisoners thruout the world.

Attacking both Gov. Smith and Herbert Hoover as equally pliable tools of Wall Street, Gitlow said that both candidates will sanction the future frame-up of militant workers as they sanctioned the frame-up of Sacco and Vanzetti.

The Sacco-Vanzetti murder, Gitlow declared, was "part of the imperialist war preparations of Wall Street to terrorize the workers so that they would be submissive to the war designs of the American imperialists."

Before introducing Gitlow, the chairman revealed how John F. Casey, head of the Boston License Bureau, had ordered the hall closed, intimidating the proprietor by threatening to revoke his license. He denounced the jailing of John Porter, militant leader of the New Bedford mill strikers, and appealed to the workers to fight for the release of all class-war prisoners by joining the International Labor Defense.

Training the Young Imperialist Crop

While Commander Richard Byrd was planning his imperialist flight to the Antarctic it occurred to someone that to take along a boy scout would be good publicity stunt. So a group of scouts were sent for Byrd to look over and choose the one who best typified the bourgeois ideal. Here he is with Commander Byrd.

MURDOCH SPEAKS IN FALL RIVER

Flays Uniformed Thug Brutality

Continued from Page One

tack on Chief of Police Feeney and his gang of uniformed thugs, terming them "Black and Tans," the dirty dogs who went out to shoot down their brothers and sisters for money in the struggle for Irish freedom.

"Many of the Black and Tans shipped out to the United States when the Irish workers finally refused to tolerate their presence, and, from the vicious brutality of the Fall River police assaults on the strikers here, it is likely that some of them got on the Fall River police force. If that is not so, then the brood here is the same," he declared.

After congratulating the workers here on the splendid fight against an inhuman police terror, Murdoch ended by calling for mass representation of Fall River textile workers at the coming convention of the National Textile Mill Committees, which will begin in New York September 22.

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(Special to the Daily Worker)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 23.—With the intention of providing themselves with excuses for arrests for "peace disturbance," police here are constantly entering T. M. C. headquarters with complaints about leaflet distribution and the gathering of members outside the union hall. The union intends to disregard orders to halt the legal distribution of circulars.

Police agents are also invading the homes of workers in an effort to intimidate them with threats of deportation for strike activities. They also use browbeating tactics in an effort to get the parents to prevent their children from attending children's club meetings where strike songs are sung. These clubs are being organized by the union.

HORNELL, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Joseph Cornish, a laborer employed by the Huguec Silk Company, was smothered to death when he fell fifteen feet into accumulated soot in a smokestack at the power plant of the open-shop mill.

MINERS PREDICT NEW ERA AHEAD

All Eyes Turn to Big Convention

Continued from Page One

men are on the job. 'You bet we'll have delegates at the National Miners Convention next month!' they write.

'Just try and keep us away!'"

"Ohio is conducting a series of sub-district conferences. The first one opens in Bellaire. Others will follow in quick succession. Bob Mutusek, Frank Sepich and Andy Plechaty are leading the work there, affiliating locals with the new union, getting dues cards in circulation.

"It took a lot to knock some sense into the heads of those who have followed Lewis' lead like so many sheep all these years, while the U. M. W. of A. has gone to ruin. When the newspapers announced Lewis' latest betraya[illegible]bandonment of the Jacksonville scale and instruction to each district to beg what it could from the operators, Lewis' supporters said that it was a lie, that the progressives had made up the story!

"But when they heard the same story from Lewis' office, they understood at last. These boys are now joinng the great masses of miners who say that Lewis' betrayals are a thing of the past—a new day is dawning. September 9th will mark a new era for the miners of America!"

Pointing to the difficulties and obstacles ahead, mine leaders stressed the great importance of securing the necessary funds to make the convention possible. Hundreds of delegates who are preparing to journey to Pittsburgh have no carfare. Halls must be rented. Printing must be paid for; postage means cash.

"On the labor movement, on the progressive and left-wing forces in particular, rests the responsibility of making this important convention possible," it was declared. "Help the miners build a real union!"

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23 (UP).—Forecast for Thursday and Friday: Eastern New York, increasing cloudiness followed by showers Friday in south portion and late tonight or Friday in north portion.

LIBERAL PARTY PRESS LAMENTS FRENCH ARMIES

Fears Military Power on Continent

LONDON, Aug. 23.—"The sacrifice of a principle by Great Britain is something bigger than a concession—it is a betrayal." With these words the "Liberal" Manchester Guardian regrets the acceptance by the British foreign office of the French point of view that reserve armies are to be unlimited, alleged to be included or implied in the terms of the so-called Anglo-French naval accord. It also reopens the question of the exact nature of those terms which is vexing many unincluded governments today and initiates an attack upon the conservative party's foreign policy.

While leading its attack under cover of the blow which the British French alliance may mean to disarmament projects, the Guardian goes on to lament that a free hand is now given the French army on the continent.

"France's military supremacy in Continental Europe is accepted," the paper says, "her formidable long service army, her large conscript army and her vast trained reserves are alike to remain untouched in the disarmament plans."

It is understood that the London Daily Herald, organ of the reformists, which is following in the train of the liberal press, is planning to demand that the government publish the full text of the naval agreement, since there is "reason to believe that the real agreement is not confined to naval affairs."

Wall Street in New Filipino Rubber Grab

Continued from Page One

age to syndicates, has been the principal stumbling block to American exploitation of the rubber growing potentialities of the Philippine Islands.

It is understood that the Firestone and a number of lesser American rubber corporations have been actively interested in the proposed amendment of the land law and contemplate an extension of the change as soon as this can be effected. Business circles are crediting the Stimson government with what is little short of a coup.

The law will chiefly affect the island of Mindanao, the center of the rubber growing area.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 23 (UP).—Dissatisfied with a world championship marathon dance record of 946 1-2 hours, established at the bunion shuffle which ended here last night, Mildred Ollenburg of Milwaukee and Tom Acquino of Chicago struggled on today trying to set a mark of 1,000 hours.

1928
The Presidential Election and The Workers
By JAY LOVESTONE
20 cents

The secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party analyzes the economic and political background for the presidential elections.

The role of the major parties in the campaign.

The tasks facing the workers and what the Workers (Communist) Party means to them.

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Albert Weisbord Will Speak at Huge Textile Relief Conference on September 15

DELEGATES FROM MANY TRADES TO BE AT MEETING

Paterson Meet to Be Held Tonight

Calling upon all the workers in the east affiliated with labor and fraternal organizations, the Workers International Relief yesterday announced the Textile Relief Conference, which will be held under its auspices at the Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place, New York City, on Saturday, September 15.

Thousands of workers, representing almost every trade and industry in the United States, will attend the conference, it was announced. Miners, steel workers, train workers—all will assemble at the Irving Plaza Hall to formulate plans for the relief of their striking textile brother workers in New Bedford and Fall River, who have continued their heroic efforts to win their demands in the face of the combined brutality of the police and gangsters under the control of the company officials.

Call Sent Out.

For the purpose of insuring the presence at the conference of workers representing every trade and industry in the country, the Workers International Relief has issued a call throughout the United States asking each organization to send the names of its delegates in to the offices of the W. I. R., at 1 Union Square, New York City, as soon as possible.

Weisbord to Speak.

Albert Weisbord, militant leader of the Passaic textile strike two years ago, and one of the militant spirits in the New Bedford textile struggle, will address the representatives, outlining plans and methods of raising relief for the striking textile workers.

As the preparations for the conference continue, meetings in various cities are being planned for the textile workers relief. One of these, to be held tonight at Paterson, N. J., is expected to crowd the Carpenters Hall at 57 Van Houten.

New Bedford Strikes.

A New Bedford textile striker, who will come directly from the strike center, will describe the brutality and viciousness of the fascist police tactics with which the mill bosses have vainly attempted to break the solidarity of the 30,000 strikers in New Bedford and Fall River. He will speak of the indomitable spirit the textile strikers have shown in the face of mass arrests, beatings and clubbings; of how police rode down a defenseless woman, drowned the six-year-old son of a striker, and later broke up the funeral march of the mourning workers.

Other speakers will include Fred Beidenkapp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief, which is conducting the campaign for the textile strikers; Harvey O'Conner, of the Federated Press, and Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the W. I. R., under whose auspices the meeting is being held. Edward J. Stanley, who is organizing the drive for textile relief in New Jersey, will be chairman.

Tammany Politician Greets Olympic Team on Return to United States

While the Spartakiade, or workers' sport festival is taking place in Moscow the members of the American team are returning to America where Mayor James Walker of New York City greets them. The American Olympic team came rather bedraggled out of the contests this year so there is not a great deal of enthusiasm. Above Tammany's mayor congratulating Johnny Weismuller, swimming champ.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Lower Bronx Unit.

The Lower Bronx Unit will hold an open air meeting today on the election campaign at 138th St. and Brook Ave. Speakers: atz, Geffen, Schiffman.

* * *

Branch 2, Section 8

A unit meeting of Branch 2, Section 8 will be held Monday at 8 p. m. promptly. Members should bring their membership cards, as a roll call will be taken.

* * *

Upper Bronx Y. W. L.

An open air election meeting will be held today at 8:30 p. m. at Wilkins corner Intervale Ave. E. Wall, S. Daniels, H. Bindler and a Pioneer will speak.

* * *

Upper Bronx Signature Drive.

A contest for a free week end at a cooperative camp for the comrade securing the most signatures in the 6th A. D. will be held this Sunday. One hundred comrades are wanted at 2700 Bronx Park East, headquarters of Branch 6, Section 5, Sunday morning at 9 a. m. to compete for the free week ends.

* * *

Subsection 3E.

The enlarged Executive Committee of Subsection 3E will hold a meeting on Monday, Aug. 27, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

International Branch 1 will hold the regular meeting on Monday, Aug. 27, at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Membership Meeting.

The membership meeting of Subsection 3E will be held on Tuesday, Aug. 28, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Williamsburg Y. W. L.

The following open air meets will be held: Today, 8 p. m., Myrtle Ave. and Prince St. Speakers: Shapiro, R. Gordon, Harris.

Today, 8 p. m., Grand St. Extension and Havemeyer St. Speakers: Hoffer, Davis, Weinfeld, Steckloff.

Tuesday, Aug. 28, Tompkins Ave. and Hart St. Speakers: R. Gordon, Harris.

* * *

Lower Bronx Y. W. L.

The Lower Bronx Y. W. L. meets today at 6:30 p. m. at 715 E. 138th St.

* * *

Section 5.

This is mobilization week for signature drive. Every comrade living or working in the Bronx must report at headquarters, 2075 Clinton Ave., at least once this week and go out collecting signatures. A strict checkup will be kept, and action taken against those failing to attend to this important work.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for tomorrow.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

* * *

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

* * *

"Icor" Concert.

On Saturday night, Sept. 29, at Town Hall, 113-123 West 43rd St., a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish territory "Biro-Bidjan."

* * *

Office Workers' Union.

On Monday, Aug. 27, at 8 p. m. the Office Workers' Union will hold an open air dance on the roof garden of the Hecksher Foundation.

* * *

German I. L. D. Sacco Meet.

A Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting will be held today at 8 p. m. at New York Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. The meeting is arranged by the German Branch 43, of the I. L. D.

* * *

United Council of Working Women.

On Saturday evening, August 25th, Newark Council No. 1 will have an open air meeting at Springfield and 16th Aves., Newark, N. J. Joseph Cohen, Eva Shaffern and other speakers will address the meeting. speakers will address the meeting.

* * *

A meeting will be held tomorrow at 6 p. m. in the Negro section, on 131st St. and 7th Ave. Subject, the exploitation of Negro women in industry. Speaker to be announced.

POLICEMAN DRUNK.

Policeman Frank T. Getresser was suspended, charged with reckless driving, intoxication and transportation of liquor yesterday after the automobile he was driving while drunk collided with the auto of Irving Nober, who sustained cuts and bruises as a result of the crash.

OPEN-AIR SACCO VANZETTI MEETS

Speakers of Workers Party Thruout City

A large number of open air meetings thruout the city have been arranged by the agitprop department of the Workers (Communist) Party, District 2. "The Class Murder of Sacco and Vanzettti" will be the subject for the week. Speakers are urged to obtain bulletins at the agitprop department, Workers Center.

Today:

106th St. and Madison Ave. (Y. W. L.), Fishman.

National Biscuit Co. Noon. Frankfeld, Ross.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn. Benjamin, Donaldson, Peer, Harris.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St. Taft, Vera Bush, Huiswood, Lyons.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn. Bimba, Burk, Schalk, Silber.

Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.) Padmore, Matlin.

50th St. and 5th Ave., Brooklyn. (4th Ave. line, B.-M. T.) Nessin, Magliacano, Lillienstein.

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J. Stanley, Russak.

Saturday:

First Ave. and 79th St. Auerbach, Primoff, Magliacano, McGill, Lustig.

West New York, N. J. (14th St. and Bergenline). Yusem, Harrison.

Perth Amboy, N. J. Sherman, Freiman.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Wright, Weich.

Elizabeth, N. J. (Union Square.) R. B. Moore, Burke.

Osborn and Dumont, Brooklyn. B. Lifshitz, Rosemond, Ed Welsh, Julius Cohen.

International Handkerchief Factory, 137th St. and Willow Ave Noon. Baum and Y. W. L.

Sunday:

Bath Beach (48 Bay 28th St., Brooklyn). 2 p. m. B. Miller.

15,000 WORKERS IN HUGE SACCO MEETING IN N. Y.

Communists Denounce Frame-up System

Continued from Page One

Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker; M. J. Olgin, editor of the Hammer, Yiddish Communist monthly; Bert Miller, organizational secretary of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party; Louis Baum, of the Photographers' Union; Roger Baldwin, American Civil Liberties Union; Kate Gitlow, secretary of the United Council of Workingclass Women; Martin Abern, acting national secretary of the International Labor Defense; Max Shachtman, editor of the Labor Defender; Harry Gannes, of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League; Carlo Tresca, editor of Il Martello; George Powers, secretary of the Architectural Iron and Bronze Workers' Union; Leon Rostovsky, editor of Uj Elore, Hungarian Communist daily; W. Van Valkenburgh; Joseph J. Padgug, of the Commercial Telegraphers of America; Karl Weisberg, of the Young Workers (Communist) League; Guisseppe Magliacano and Stephen Gerardi of the Independent Shoe Workers' Union; Jean Taft and Harry Eisman, of the Young Pioneers of America, and a large number of others.

* * *

Resolution adopted at Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting, Union Square, August 23, 1928, at 5 p. m.:

"Whereas, the legal murder of Sacco and Vanzetti brought out with shocking brutality the vicious menace of the frame-up system which is now recognized as an integral part of the machinery of American capitalism for attacking and crushing the labor movement and its best fighters, and

"Whereas, the two martyrs who were burned to death in the electric chair of Massachusetts were not the only victims of this infamous system. Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings are still anguishing in California prisons, two working class fighters who narrowly escaped death on the scaffold for their loyalty to the labor movement. In the Walla Walla, Washington, penitentiary the eight I. W. W. members of Centralia must serve their prison terms as victims of the frame-up system. In New York, the system attempted the legal murder of two Italian anti-fascist workers, Greco and Carrillo, in collaboration with the agents of the Mussolini dictatorship. In the same city, workers on strike in the needle trades have been railroaded to prison in an effort to break the strike as in the Mineola case. In Pennsylvania, prison cells are being prepared for a score of Cheswick miners whose only crime was their participation in a protest movement for Sacco and Vanzetti, and

Whereas each new struggle, every strike and lockout adds new names to the already long list, the most active workers, the outstanding leaders or the most obscure rank and file fighters stand in constant danger of being picked out by the claws of the frame-up system, railroaded through the corrupt courts with prejudiced juries and judges on some trumped up charges and sent to prison, and

"Whereas there are now hundreds of workers in prisons or on trial or to be sent to the prisons of American capitalism, with the secred memory of Sacco and Vanzetti in mind, it is our duty to fight with all our energy to liberate those in prison for their devotion to labor's cause and to prevent the imprisonment of any more of our fighters, and

"Whereas foremost among the class war prisoners today are Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings, who have suffered the tortures of life imprisonment for twelve years now; the Centralia I. W. W., who have been imprisoned for nine years; the scores of miners in every part of the industry and more than five hundred workers who have been indicted in the New Bedford and Fall River strikers.

"Now therefore be it resolved that the workers assembled in Union Square on the first anniversary of the legal assassinaton of Sacco and Vanzetti express their condemnation of the frame-up system and the rule of capitalist class justice in the United States. We resolve to give our determined support to the campaign of International Labor Defense for the liberation of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings and the hundreds of other victims of capitalist persecutions in this country.

"Build and strengthen the International Labor Defense!

"Smash the frame-up system!

"Free Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings!

"Release all class war prisoners of American capitalism!"

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

GIANTS LOSE LEAD; ATHLETICS WIN, 3-1

(By United Press.)

The New York Giants split a double-header with Pittsburgh today and as a result dropped to second place in the league standing, St. Louis recapturing the lead by remaining idle. The Giants won the first game, 6 to 3, but dropped the second, 13 to 3.

Five runs in the eighth inning won the first game for the Giants after they had trailed the greater portion of the contest. In the second game Pittsburgh piled up an 8 to 1 lead in the first six innings and five runs in the seventh to smother any hopes McGraw might have held of a clean sweep.

Cincinnati climbed into the third place in the race over the Chicago Cubs, who did not play. A double victory over Brooklyn, 2-0 and 6-1, turned the trick. Kolp allowed only three hits in the first game to seven yielded by Doak. In the second game Ash was credited with a win when he held the Robins to six hits.

Philadelphia gained another half game on the New York Yankees today with a 3 to 1 win over Cleveland. The victory cut New York's lead to 4½ games. The Yanks did not play. The Athletics scored one run in the first inning and were never seriously threatened thereafter. Miller outpitched Grove, 6 hits to 8, but the Athletics made their six hits count with more effect.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

New York, 6; Pittsburgh, 3 (1st).
Pittsburgh, 13; New York 3 (2d).
Cincinnati, 2; Brooklyn, 0 (1st)
Cincinnati, 6; Brooklyn, 1 (2d).
No other games.

American League

Philadelphia, 3; Cleveland, 1.
Detroit, 2; Boston, 1.
Washington, 4; Chicago, 3.
St. Louis-New York (2 games, rain).

No Work; Girl Tries to Kill Self by Poison

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 23. Dorothy Ross, nineteen-year-old girl who came here several months ago to find employment, yesterday attempted to commit suicide by swallowing lysol after repeated attempts at getting a job had failed her.

She was taken to the Atlantic City Hospital in a serious condition. Surgeons said she would recover.

URGES NEGROES TO AID WORKERS PARTY CAMPAIGN

Communists Champion of Race, Says Moore

Continued from Page One

today as the champion of the oppressed Negro race and of all other oppressed groups in the country. Unlike the republican and democratic parties, which segregated and excluded Negroes at the national conventions, the Workers (Communist) Party welcomed and seated 24 Negro delegates. These delegates participated on all important committees, many serving as chairmen of sessions, and helped to draft a program of action for the complete emancipation of the oppressed masses of America.

"The Workers (Communist) Party, in accordance with its stand for the complete emancipation of the Negro race, nominated three Negro candidates on its state ticket—Lovett Fort Whiteman for state comptroller; Richard B. Moore for congress, and Edward Welsh for assembly."

The letter concludes with a call to Harten to support the campaign of Richard B. Moore if he is as sincere as his article implies, and if he has the true interest of the Negro masses at heart.

MORE BORDER POLICE.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 23 (UP).—The addition of 17 members to the customs border patrol was announced by Harry Smith, assistant collector of customs. The appointments are temporary, pending receipt of the civil service eligible list.

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Put the Party on the Ballot
All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:
Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..............WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers! For the Party of the Class Struggle! Against the Capitalists!

The Red Flag in Texas—and Elsewhere

Republican politicians claim a strong chance of carrying the state of Texas for their party in this election. Texas has been solid for the democratic party since the very beginning of its career as a state that seceded from Mexico after Mexico abolished slavery, and was brought into the United States to strengthen the bloc of slave states against the "free labor" states of the north. The possibility that Texas might go republican—a reflection of the fact that Texas is being industrialized—is interesting.

But we state categorically that a still more important matter in the long run will be the fact that in Texas this year for the first time a rousing campaign for the revolutionary Communist Party will take place throughout the state, with the ticket of Foster and Gitlow officially on the ballot.

Texas is an enormous territory—as large as the area of all of the capitalist countries of Europe combined, the whole of that continent outside of the European territory of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. Consistent with its historical origin, Texas is a stronghold of the meanest and pettiest reaction—a conglomeration of new, rapacious industrial capitalism with the landlordism of cattle and cotton kings, a stunted, provincial labor movement and the doubly cruel exploitation and persecution of the mass of Negroes who are a large section of the working class and tenant farmers. Texas hangs a Negro at the door of the democratic convention hall; Texas law and court rulings are that Negroes can be excluded as Negroes, for no other reason, from any party's primary election; not even the classic anti-slavery play, "Uncle Tom's Cabin," is permitted in Texas until it is transformed into a glorification of chattel-slavery.

Is it not important that the red flag of the Communist Party is being carried in the election campaign in Texas this year? The republican party means nothing for the masses of white and colored workers and farmers except a continuation of the same persecution, and perhaps even more intensive and efficient exploitation (for capitalism always adds another screw to the rack for labor). But the coming of the Communist Party to Texas, the use of the election campaign by the revolutionary party which alone can and will liberate these masses—this is of deep historical significance.

• • •

Texas is the fifteenth state in which the Communist ticket is now on the ballot. This makes one more than the total number of states in which we were on the ballot in 1924. From the early days of the campaign, the National Election Campaign Committee has aimed at putting the Party on the official ballot in thirty states. In view of the comparative numerical weakness of the Communist forces and the scarcity of funds, this figure was considered too high by many comrades, but at the rate the membership is working now there is every reason to believe that the goal set by the campaign committee will not only be reached but passed before the deadline on filing nomination petitions is reached.

It is significant that the 15 states in which we are already officially on the ballot this year include only four of those in which we were on the ballot in 1924. It is almost certain that the Party ticket will be on the ballot in the ten other states where the Communist candidates were on the official ballot in 1924. In the main these are industrial states where the requirements are severe for young parties that did not poll enough votes in a previous election to qualify them as "legal" parties. With the addition of those ten states the total would be 25, with only five more to go to reach the goal set by the National Campaign Committee. In all, work is being conducted in 42 states, and there is a chance that we may reach even 35 or 40 states this year.

The phenomenal success of the Party in the important work of getting its ticket on the ballot in so many states should spur the comrades to increased activity in securing signatures, selling campaign literature and raising funds, so that the message of the class struggle can be carried into every section of the country.

It will be a great achievement for the Young Workers (Communist) Party, despite the many handicaps under which it works, to give the workers and poor farmers in the great majority of the states an opportunity to hear the Communist message and mark their ballots for the Communist standard-bearers, Foster and Gitlow. It will establish the Party as a political party, national in scope, in the minds of the masses, and the only serious contender for the political leadership of the exploited workers and farmers.

The success achieved by the Party thus far in the campaign should be an incentive to the membership to work harder from now on. Funds must be raised. Readers of the Communist press are receiving contribution blanks for the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund. Needless to say all the Communist papers will urge their readers to contribute to this fund to the best of their financial ability. They should give until it hurts—hurts the capitalist parties and the pale pink socialist party, which has stripped itself of all working class character in order to win the support of the liberals and the petty bourgeoisie.

Every man and woman who votes the Communist ticket in this election campaign is a potential member of the Workers (Communist) Party. Here is an excellent opportunity to help develop the Party into a great, powerful, militant mass party that will be capable of leading the exploited masses in their every-day struggles and to their final emancipation from capitalism.

From now on every member of the Workers (Communist) Party must get busy in the election campaign.

Party Campaign in Connecticut

By DAN GRAY.

With the date for filing signatures with the secretary of state approaching nearer and nearer, the signatures drive of the Workers (Communist) Party in Connecticut is increasing in tempo. The state election laws demand that 4,000 registered voters sign to place our Party on the ballot. This means that we will have to procure at least 6,000 signatures to take care of all the names that may be crossed off by the town clerks.

The task of mobilizing the Party membership to canvas for signatures is not an easy one. There is still present among the Party membership a tendency to regard the Party's participation in the elections as of secondary importance. Many of the comrades still think that the function of our Party is merely to lead the workers on the industrial field, while they do not yet realize the importance of crystallizing into a political expression the influence we have gained amongst the workers in the struggles our Party has led. Especially is this true in a district such as ours, where the Party has not yet made deep inroads amongst the masses of factory workers.

Signature Sundays.

But to those comrades who do go out regularly for signatures, the tremendous propaganda value that lies in the mere canvassing becomes at once apparent. With most of the work done in the proletarian sections, the comrades report enthusiastically the opportunities to speak to workers, to present our program by word of mouth, to leave a piece of literature, a leaflet, or a Daily Worker. Each comrade who collects signatures is an agitator for our Party. To date we have succeeded in getting small groups of comrades in New Haven, Hartford, Stamford, and Bridgeport, who go out every evening in the week. Some comrades have already topped the 300 mark. There are very few comrades in the country, even in the much-tooted Boro Park section of District 2, who can equal this record.

Now as the time begins to draw to a close, the Party units are arranging "Signature Sundays," when all the membership must report to headquarters, and report back how many names they collected.

Party on Ballot.

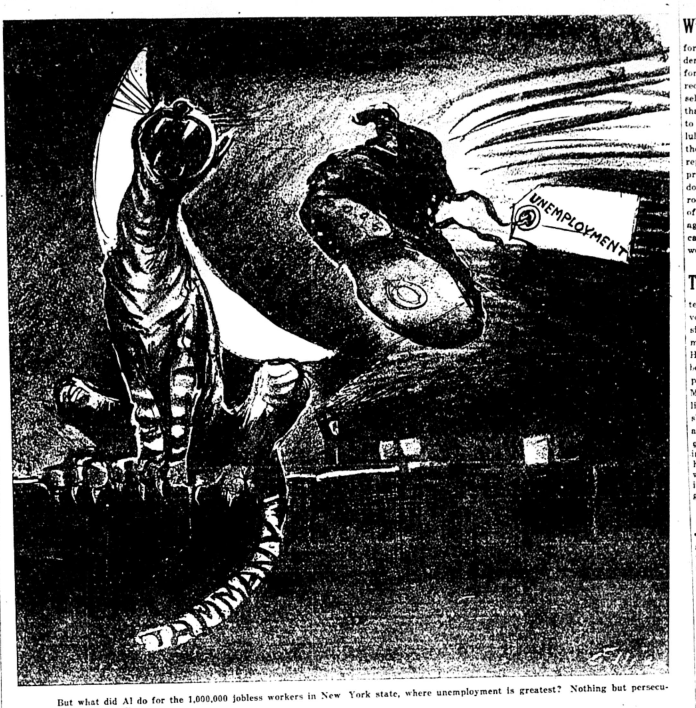
Getting our Party on the ballot will carry the name of our Party and our emblem into every hamlet in the state. Workers and farmers who never heard of the Workers (Communist) Party will see the name and the hammer and sickle on the state printed ballots. The boss-controlled state machinery will be forced to place our Party before the eyes of the workers. The fight to get the right to hold street meetings will be much easier, once the Party is on the ballot. The reactionary machinery of such cities as Waterbury and New Britain will have to think twice before they refuse us the right to street meetings.

Off the ballot, the workers regard us as an insignificant sect. They do not consider our Party in the light of a real political party. For we must admit that the average worker still considers a political party as one which participates in elections.

The task of placing the Party on the ballot is tremendous, the forces are rather meagre, but the comrades, enthused over the great propaganda results in their work, are confident that the Party will be on the ballot in the state of Connecticut.

THE AL-CAT SERENADES THE UNEMPLOYED

By Fred Ellis



But what did Al do for the 1,000,000 jobless workers in New York state, where unemployment is greatest? Nothing but persecution by Tammany police.

Told You So

WHATEVER brawls disturb the peace of the capitalist candidates for the presidency and vice-presidency there will be peace at home, for, according to their publicity directors, their wives are the most self-effacing collection of females that ever cheered male warriors on to battle for noble causes. During lulls in the election campaign, on those dog days that a prominent republican multimillionaire or a prominent democratic evengelist does not fly from his old political roost to perch on the cross beam of the former enemy, the press agents trot out to the wives of the candidates to sell them to voting women.

• • •

THE wives of vice-presidential candidates, it is true, are only potentially interesting to the woman voter. It is the probable or possible "first lady of the land" that makes the first page. Should Hoover, if elected, kick in his bucket before his term expires, then the populace will be interested in how Mrs. Curtis manages to keep Charlie's slippers handy. And in case Al should follow Tweed, Kelly, Croker and Murphy to the happy hunting grounds before he serves his term in the white house—that is, granted he is elected—then a whole nation will be ready to hear how Mrs. Robinson keeps her dry husband in grape juice.

• • •

JUST now Mrs. Hoover and Mrs. Smith are in the spotlight. We are assured that Mrs. Smith is a very fine person and that she "unselfishly keeps herself in the background—finding her greatest satisfaction in her husband's success." But Mrs. Hoover's press agent takes the cake. Here is a picture of Mrs. Hoover in the White House. "As she knits under her lamp of an evening—she loves to knit—she will be able to think with sympathy of those far-away Americans, our new pioneers, who are roaming the world in search of markets, stabilizing our prosperity. They will find, when they return, understanding listeners in the white house." We wonder what the loving Mrs. Hoover will think—while she mends Herbert's socks—of the millions of unemployed American workers who are roaming the United States in search of markets—for their labor!

• • •

WHAT the devil is the matter with petty larceny thieves, anyhow? They never seem to take a lesson from the doings of their betters. A man stole a package of safety razors for his penniless brother and he landed in jail. The brother, with a family of seven, had not had a job in two years. The news-item does not say that he is a veteran of the world war. Perhaps such incidents are becoming too commonplace and no longer news. A hero of Morgan's war who is reasonably sure of his grub nowadays is something of a novelty. But had this loving brother who stole the razors purchased an insurance company with the funds of the company and then left the concern short several millions of dollars his case would be discussed respectfully and there would be little likelihood of his seeing the inside of a dirty jail.

• • •

AT the rate Al is stealing G. O. P. millionaires maybe the G. O. P. will have to sell a few more naval oil reserves or recall Al Fall and the contents of the black satchel. One good Al deserves another. Since elections follow the biggest money bag, the G. O. P. strategists will have to do something about it. The old "Ohio Gang" could solve the problem in a jiffy. Here is a good chance for Harry Daugherty to get back into grace. And good old Jess Smith. Instead of raiding night clubs in New York he would bring them all the booze they want from Europe on United States battleships, and, incidentally, replenish the Hoover campaign treasury.

Tom O'Flaherty

Japan's Stranglehold on Shantung Province

Imperialists Seek to Extend Sway Over North China; Manchuria a Colony

(Continued.)

In the second part of the year 1927 the Japanese imperialists attempted to secure a closure of hostilities between Chang Tso-lin and Chiang Kai-shek, and they were successful in this. At the same time the Japanese sent new troops to Shangtung and consolidated their position in Manchuria. At the present time the Japanese consular authorities, which work with their police apparatus, are the only real power in the town and districts of southern Manchuria. The Japanese railway building plans have been extended. During the negotiations with Chang Tso-lin concerning the building of railway lines, Japan adopted an aggressive attitude from the beginning. The Chinese bourgeoisie, which only possessed a local line between Mukden and Chailun, were unable to do anything.

Japan hurried to obtain the whole building of railways in Manchuria in its own hands. It hurried in particular to complete the building of the local railway line, Shangtung-Girin-Kainei-Seoul, because the line is of strategic importance and connects Northern Corea with the center of the Girin province.

III.

MANCHURIA was turned into a colony in the literal sense of the word. In Japanese text-books for geography in the Japanese elementary schools South Manchuria is marked as Japanese territory. This principle is also maintained by Japanese politicians. "Manchuria for the Japanese," has been the consistent policy of Japanese imperialism for years. Japanese capital in Manchuria, which amounts to about a milliard (70 per cent of the shares of the South Manchurian Railway Company belong to the concerns Mitsui, Okura, Yashuda, Mitsubishi and other great trusts), must be protected. In order to "protect the rights and interests of the empire and the lives and property of the nation, energetic measures are necessary."

Increase Army.

For the carrying out of these "peaceful" plans the Japanese army in China has been brought up, according to official Japanese sources, to a strength of 54,000 men, many important districts in China have been occupied and the most important ports in China are blockaded by 55 Japanese warships.

Japan's hands are, however, not completely free. The American secretary of state, Kellogg, although he refrains from making any strong protest, has declared that the United States cannot recognize any special interests of the Japanese in Manchuria. On the other hand, however, recently one can observe a certain drawing together on the part of Great Britain and Japan.

Japan is working feverishly to exploit its favorable strategic situation and to consolidate its possession of the first piece it has robbed. At the present moment its intentions are to force Shangtung to share the fate of Manchuria. However, the other powers, which have their own "interests" in China, cannot permit Japan to seize the lion's share of the booty. The antagonism between the various imperialist powers has not been abolished and the war which Japan has begun in China can at any time develop into an imperialist war.

IV.

IS there any danger which threatens Japan's hegemony in China? There is such a danger, and that is above all the awakening of the toiling masses of South China and the growing fighting spirit of the colonial peoples.

As early as 1925 the great wave of strikes which followed the events in Shanghai exercised a great influence upon Japanese undertakings. In consequence of the impoverishment of the masses in Central China, trade with China was considerably reduced and that was particularly bad for Japan.

The strong revolutionary movement which followed did not limit itself to the south. Its consequences were shown all over the country and reached even Northern Manchuria. Even here the number of strikers grew from year to year despite the beastliness which Chang Tso-lin used to suppress them. In this he was of course supported by the Japanese imperialists. The workers and peasants, tired of the sufferings which they were forced to endure under the iron heel of the Japanese troops, commenced to revolt. Even in a far-off district like Tsitsikara a revolt of the coolies took place.

(To Be Continued.)

3 Athletic Meets---Amsterdam, Moscow, New York

Boosting Militarism, Nationalism at Capitalist Olympics; Workers Sports

By PETER CLARK

It is an interesting—and a fitting—coincidence that Moscow, the revolutionary center, and Amsterdam, the traditional center of reformism and working-class betrayal, should be the cities wherein were staged, respectively, during this month, the largest proletarian and bourgeois athletic meets ever held—at Moscow, the Spartakiade and at Amsterdam the Olympic games.

These two athletic meets, dramatizing, as they do, the high points of contrast and conflict between the workers' sports movement and the capitalist sports movement are of considerable significance to the class-conscious workers. But even more significant—to the militant section of the labor movement in this country—is the National Workers Athletic Meet, to be held on August 25-26 under the auspices of the Labor Sports Union of America.

We propose to indicate briefly the main points of interest for workers attached to each of these three meets.

• • •

The Amsterdam Olympics.

Organized under the auspices of the International Athletic Federation, the capitalists' world sports organization, the Amsterdam Olympics were participated in by three thousand athletes, coming from all important capitalist countries in the world. It is estimated that over three million dollars was required to finance the Olympics. The quota for the United States was $400,000, a sum which was subscribed by big business men. The American team of 350 was sent across in a special steamer, the Theodore Roosevelt. The interest of the American sporting public in the games was keyed up to a pitch equaled only by a world's series or a championship fight. For weeks the news of the Olympic games monopolized the sports pages and was the main reading fare of the twenty odd million sports fans, the big majority of them workers.

Slick Propaganda.

The important question for us is: How does this costly sports spectacle serve the interests of the bourgeoisie? The answer is threefold. First, it serves the general purpose of capitalist sports, i. e., focusing of the interest of the workers and consequent detraction from economic and political questions. Second, it is used to whip up nationalistic and patriotic sentiment. Third, it is used to boost militarism and military training. And, fourth, it is used to spread the myth of international good will and peace with which the capitalist countries are covering up their war preparations.

• • •

Flag Waving.

In the United States the drawn out process of elimination meets by which the American team was selected, was accompanied everywhere by frenzied flag waving and military displays specially arranged by army officials. At nearly all of the meets, military officials were accorded honorary officials. It is symptomatic that a militarist, General Douglas McArthur, was placed in charge of the team.

The sailing of the Theodore Roosevelt was made the occasion for an outburst of rabid patriotism and military swagger. The comparison between the conquering expedition of Pershing's doughboys in 1917, and the American athletes sailing under General McArthur, was not only used, but overworked.

• • •

"Good Will."

At Amsterdam, the sheer hypocrisy of the slogan of "promotion of international peace and good will" under which the Olympic games were being run, was completely exposed. No sooner had the games gotten under way, than a violent quarrel developed between France and Holland, with the result that a break in diplomatic relations was barely averted. All of the technical arrangements were made with an eye to giving a maximum of play to nationalistic pride. Three flag poles, varying in size, were erected in the stadium where the games were held, and as each event was run off the flag of the triumphant nation was run up on the highest pole, while the second and third place countries had their flags hoisted on the shorter poles. Great demonstrations by the groups of supporters accompanied this ceremony. National feelings ran so high that small riots were constantly breaking out between the partisans of the various countries, and it was found necessary to maintain special squads of Dutch police at the stadium to separate the combatants and quell the disorders.

Corruption.

Apart from the jingoistic atmosphere which surounded the Olympic games, the main feature was the commercialization and corruption which prevailed. The choicest seats were cornered by scalpers who resold them with prices ranging between $50 and $100. The athletes, who were supposed to be simon-pure amateurs went about the city brazenly spending large sums of money. Even among the sports correspondents, who were being paid to write up the Olympics in the proper colors for home consumption, there were many who could not help but comment on the obvious fraud connected with the games. One well known New York writer provoked beyond discretion by the hypocritical pretensions which were being made at amateurism, caustically summed up the situation as follows:

"Surely track fans would not attempt to argue that there is anything remotely connected with amateurism about the Olympic games in Amsterdam. Why they have taken 2,000 cameras away from the people in the last ten days, proving that they wont even let an amateur photographer in the joint."

A Replica.

The Amsterdam Olympics, far from being a demonstration of "international good will among nations" were a replica on a small scale of the world struggle going on amongst the capitalist powers—with the added realistic touch of America playing the dominating role.

The utilization of the Olympic games, after the manner in which the Kellogg disarmament proposals are being used, i.e., for the purpose of ideologically disarming the international working class as to the danger of a new war, as to the war preparations which are going on—this is the fundamental political significance of the Amsterdam Olympic games.

(In tomorrow's issue we will deal with the Moscow Spartakiade and the Workers National Athletic Meet scheduled for this Saturday and Sunday at Wingate Field, N.Y.)

INTERBOROUGH RESPONSIBLE FOR 35 MORE DEATHS

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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WORKERS PARTY ON BALLOT IN 5 NEW ENGLAND STATES; DEFY TAMMANY TO HALT N. Y. RED ELECTION TAG DAY

35 ARE KNOWN DEAD; SCORES DYING IN RUSH-HOUR SUBWAY SMASH-UP; COMPANY KNEW OF FAULTY SWITCH

Train Crammed With Workers Split in Two on Concrete Stanchion

Mayor Walker Views Tragedy; Pleased Cement Support Was Strong

BULLETIN

IN CONFORMITY WITH THE HABITUAL PRACTICE OF THE NEW YORK TRACTION OFFICIALS, AN ATTEMPT WAS LAST NIGHT BEGUN TO SHIFT RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE DEATH OF AT LEAST 35 PERSONS AND THE MUTILATION OF AN UNKNOWN NUMBER OF OTHERS IN THE TIMES SQUARE CRASH TO THE SHOULDERS OF THE MAINTENANCE AND TRAIN WORKERS.

THE REAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE TRAGEDY WAS INADVERTENTLY STATED BY MAYOR WALKER, FOLLOWING A VISIT TO THE SCENE LAST NIGHT, WHEN HE SAID THAT HE "UNDERSTOOD THAT THE SWITCH HAD BEEN REPORTED FAULTY."

• • •

(By United Press)

A southbound Interborough subway express train was wrecked at Times Square late today, derailing three cars and telescoping two others.

An ambulance attendant at Bellevue Hospital told the United Press he had seen 35 bodies laid out in the Times Square station and he believed all of them were dead.

The train was wrecked on a split switch.

Thousands of persons, attempting to get home at the evening rush hour, were stranded on subway platforms. Extra police were called to keep order.

Just before 6 p. m. Mayor Walker arrived at Times Square. Then he came out and in the midst of a group of newspapermen said: "there will be an investigation."

"Terrible and deplorable as this is, we find some comfort in the splendid subway construction where a train would split in half, yet only one supporting column was destroyed. The rest of the structure is safe."

FIVE HOSPITALS CROWDED.

Hours after the accident ten blocks in the heart of the Times Square district, where the wreck occurred, were still closed and under police guard, with none permitted to enter.

At five hospitals 100 surgeons were busy attending the injured and reviving those who were shocked and fainted.

In morgue rooms there were strewn gruesome relics of the havco which had occurred when the thing all New Yorkers fear came suddenly upon the city.

It was just 5:10 p. m., with the rush of home going traffic approaching its peak, when the accident occurred. On the Times Square subway platform, and every other subway platform in lower Manhattan, there were crowds, almost countless in numbers, milling about and waiting for trains.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company's New Lots Avenue express train of 10 steel cars, southbound, whirled into the Times Square station.

Jammed in Cars.

"Let 'em off; let 'em off," shouted the guards and a few left the train, their places taken by as many as the guards could squeeze inside the doors. With effort, the doors of the 10 cars were closed and inside each car was packed 200 or more people, men and women, clerks, office workers, professional men and women, laborers. The heavy train pulled out, leaving hundreds of people still on the platform, waiting for other trains.

Just about a city block beyond the end of the platform, there is a switch on the express track. The first seven cars of the train passed swiftly over it with only the usual clack and clatter.

But the eight car, for a reason which may never be known, in railroad parlance "split the switch" and went hurtling from the track. The momentum carrier it on. About 100 feet from the switch it smashed with a deafening crash into one of the great, steel pillars which support the street above.

The impact tore the car in half and ripped it loose from the forward seven cars of the train. The forward half smashed and plunged its way along some 200 feet above the stanchion. The rear half telescoped into the two cars behind it.

The 200 or more people in the eighth car, which had been torn

Continued on Page Two

VICTIMS:

When this edition of the Daily Worker wont to press, only six of the 35 or more dead had been identified. They were:

DEAD.

James P. Cedmore, Manhattan.

William McDonald, Bronx.

William Crone, Far Rockaway, L. I.

James Benke, Far Rockaway, L. I.

George Frey, Rockville Centre, at West 30th St. station.

Vincent Mangario, thirty-one, No. 175 Trimble Avenue, Clinton, N. J., at St. Vincent's Hospital.

THE INJURED

The names of the injured, according to first reports, were:

Beckler, Mrs. B., thirty-one, No. 237 West 12th St., shock; at St. Vincents Hospital.

Blanchard, George, No. 243 Willow St., Brooklyn.

Cornello, Tony, sixty-three, Ave. B.

Fricario, Andrew, twenty-nine, No. 324 Wilkinson Ave., Jersey City, lacerations; St. Vincent's Hospital.

Gerrity, John, twenty-nine, No. 353 57th St., Brooklyn, head and back injured; at St. Vincent's Hospital.

Gentry, John, thirty-four, No. 350 57th St., Brooklyn, lacerations; at New York Hospital.

Gomez, Ricardo, twenty-eight, No. 75 South St., returned home.

Grunkett, Guy, eighteen, No. 703 West 184th St., lacerations; Polyclinic Hospital.

Harvey, Lillian, twenty-four, No. 946 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, contusions of both legs; New York Hospital.

Kammille, Ted, No. 1650 59th St., Brooklyn, sprained ankle.

Keane, Anna, amputation of left

Continued on Page Two

Golden Tag Days of Wall Street Parties

Mr. Bird Coler, how about prohibiting the Golden Tag Days of the two corrupt parties of capitalism?

• • •

William F. Kenny, of New York, to Al Smith's campaign fund, in return for fat construction contracts with the New York public utilities corporations at the hands of Gov. Smith's Public Service Commission.

Herbert Lehman, banker, identified with the importing interests, $10,00.

William Todd, ship builder, doing much contracting work for the city of New York, $5,000.

James J. Riordan, head of the County Trust Co., of New York, $5,000.

• • •

Al Smith's pre-convention campaign in 1920 cost $121,471. The republican party spent $566,364 to put over Calvin Coolidge.

The two capitalist parties spent (officially) $730,981 to put over Calvin Coolidge in 1920. This does not include crooked transactions in mysterious "black satchels" that are, naturally, not recorded.

• • •

"Official" reports of pre-election campaign contributions to the Washington offie of the Hoover organization state that $43,150 in that office alone. The other $337,672 Hoover fund collected at other G. O. P. stations was not disclosed. Generous contributors included Edsel Ford, Julius Rosenwald, of Sears, Roebuck Co., and others.

• • •

Enormous sums of money were collected by both democratic and republican parties during the campaign of 1924. Corruption and thievery reigned supreme and the backers of the two Wall Street candidates did not even disguise the brazen fashion in which the election was being bought up.

Some of the contributors to the G. O. P. fund in 1924—

Joseph R. Grundy, Bristol, Pa., president of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association, $50,000; William Wrigley, Jr., Chicago,

Continued on Page Two

FIGHT THUGGERY IN ACW, IS CALL

Forming themselves into a "Committee for the Reinstatement of Abe Jacobs, of Wililam P. Goldman's shop, militant workers in that large factory yesterday issued a circular calling on the approximately 500 workers there to demand the return to the job of the worker who was recently severely slugged by the business agent of the Lapel Makers Local of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union.

Because he was known to the right wing gangster officialdom to be a left winger, Business Agent Frunzi and a squad of other thugs came into the factory and assaulted Jacobs while he was at work, knocking out three teeth, slashing his lip and then emptying his pockets of a pay envelope just received containing $44.

The attack was made because the other hundreds of workers in the

Continued on Page Two

WORKERS IN BIG CENTERS RALLY TO BACK PARTY

Organizers are Busy in Drive to Line Up Maine

Negroes Support Drive

Five of the six New England states comprising one of the greatest industrial sections of the United States will be on the Communist ballot in this election campaign according to a report made to the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party by Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman of the National Election Campaign Committee who has just returned from a tour of New England.

Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, and New Hampshire are already certain to be on the ballot and the Campaign Committee of District one with headquarters in Boston, plans to send an organizing crew into Maine to whip that rock-ribbed center of reaction into line as soon as their work is complete in the other states.

Heightens Campaign.

Having already placed more states on the Communist ballot than the total in the 1924 campaign the National Election Campaign Committee is sending representatives from New York headquarters into the various districts to spur the comrades into increased activity.

Added interest is attached to the Maine fight because of the fact that the placing of the Communist ticket on the ballot there will mean a clear-cut fight between the Workers (Communist) Party and the Republican Party, the Democratic Party having quit the field in this election campaign and the Socialist Party being nowhere in evidence.

There were only two New England states on the ballot in 1924, Massachusetts and Rhode Island. The Communists polled a bigger vote in Massachusetts in that year than the Socialist Party and this year because of the activities of the Communists in the New Bedford and Fall River textile strike and the general activities of the Party in behalf of the workers in all other industries. the workers of New England are rallying to the Party standard and helping energetically in the Communist campaign.

In New Bedford alone the striking textile workers guaranteed to collect half the necessary number of signatures to place the Workers (Communist) Party ticket on the ballot and in Rhode Island the textile workers, impressed with the work of the Party in Massachusetts are turning to the Party as the only political leader of the exploited masses.

The Socialist Party is practically eliminated in New England, Comrade

Continued on Page Five

FISHING SMACK DISABLED

CHATHAM, Mass., Aug. 24 (UP). — The fishing vessel, Orion, of Gloucester Mass., is disabled at latitude 48.41 north longitude 69.37 west with a broken shaft, a radio message from the S. S. Gytsun, received here today said.

A HUNDRED PER CENTER.

ROME, Aug. 24 (UP). — Secretary Turati of the fascist party in a circular to fascist federations today, deplored the use of foreign sparkling wines at fascist banquets in preference to the native beverages. "Such snobbishness is intolerable," he said.

Thousands Demand Mooney Release at N. Y. Sacco-Vanzetti Meeting

13,000 workers braved a heavy rain in Union Square, New York, Thursday to demonstrate against capitalist "justice" at the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting. They pledged to smash the frame-up system and voiced a demand for the immediate release of all class war prisoners. The demonstration was held under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense.

LEWIS MACHINE GRANTS $5 DAY

Aim to Break Ranks of Ohio Miners

COLUMBUS, Ohio., Aug. 24.—Officials of the Lewis-Hall machine have worked out another betrayal of the miners in a so-called agreement signed up for about fourteen miners in district 6 which call for a wage scale of $5.00.

Most of the operators to whom the concession was granted belong to the Central Ohio Operators Association. Four of the mines are said to be in the Hocking Valley, one in the eastern Ohio district, and the remainder in Tuscarawas county.

The contract is dated September 1, and terminates March 31, 1930. It calls for $5 a day and 70 cents a ton for cutting and loading.

Rank and file miners and militant leaders are organizing their forces for the convention for a new miners union to be held in Pittsburgh September 9-16, as the only way to protect the coal diggers from the betrayals of the Lewis machine.

MEXICAN LABOR IN SACCO MEET

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 24.—Several thousand militant Mexican workers staged a fiery demonstration here yesterday on the anniversary of the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti.

Marching defiantly before the American consulate, they carried placards denouncing "Yankee imperialism" and "the assassins of Sacco and Vanzetti.

The demonstration continued for three hours and forced the closing of stories in many parts of the city. Traffic was completely paralyzed.

Three speakers were arrested for making "statements offensive to the Mexican army."

Kellogg Dodges Sacco-Vanzetti Demonstrators

PARIS, Aug. 24. — Secretary of state Kellogg arrived in Paris this morning having changed his entire schedule in an effort to dodge a Sacco and Vanzetti demonstration which he feared was waiting to receive him at the depot.

All he succeeded in outwitting was a small crowd of Americans who were waiting to welcome him on the wrong platform. Surrounded by a phalanx of gendarmes and intelligence service officers, the small figure of the American secretary was hustled out of his compartment before he was whisked away thru a little used side-door of the depot.

Elaborate precautions were taken by the French and American intelligence service conjointly to protect the secretary from Sacco and Van-

Continued on Page Three

BIG PICNIC TODAY AT ULMER PARK

Thousands of left wing workers of New York, representing every nationality and every industry in the city, will meet today at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, at the festival of the Trade Union Educational League.

A list of sport events will be staged, after which there will be general potato races, fat men's races (of whom there is a scarcity among the left wingers), and others.

In evening several well known revolutionary poets will read their creations in a Poet's Forum, led by Mike Gold, editor of the New Masses. Those who will participate are Edwin Rolfe, Hebry Heich, Jr., George Henry Weiss, Beatrice Siskind and A. B. Magil.

Ulmer Park may be reached by taking the B.-M.T. West End Line to Twenty-fifth Avenue.

COLONIAL ISSUE AT RED CONGRESS

Indian Delegate Tells of British Rule

At World Congress of the Communist International now in session Contreras declared that the main aim of the Latin-American Parties must be to found a workers' and peasants' alliance between Latin-America and the United States. He said that Humbert Droz's slogan of Latin-Americanism was dangerous. The Indians must receive more attention, he said. The Communist Party of the United States has not fulfilled its tasks in the anti-imperialist struggle, he declared, and the Central Committee of the Party is responsible.

Pepper declared that the fundamental line of the theses was correct. India was really agrarian and dependent on the motherland, he said. He thought that Bennet's ideas of decolonization were wrong. India, he said, has practically only light industries which cannot transform an agrarian into an industrial country. The transformation was only possible, he said, by the production of the means of production. Ninety per cent of British capital was sent to India, not for industry but for state loans. The basis for the revolutionary situation in India, he continued, is the collision of imperialist capital with the pre-capitalist conditions of India. The Indian bourgeoisie was not completely

Continued on Page Three

MINE DISTRICTS DRIVE FOR UNION

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 24.—"The United Mine Workers of America is dead! Long live the new union!"

This is the ringing slogan now resounding throughout the mine fields as preparations for the convention of September 9-16 are speeded up. The National Arrangements Committee of which John Watt is chairman and Pat Toohey is secretary, has been receiving reports from numerous districts indicating the rising sentiment of the coal diggers for a new and militant union under their own control.

Unionism and militancy is in the life blood of the coal diggers! Texas to Pennsylvania, east to west, organized and unorganized fields—the miner is a union man. He knows the value of solidarity, the need for militancy and struggle. September 9, everyone predicts confidently, will prove the accuracy of this estimate of progressive leaders.

Throughout District 12, thousands of miners are getting together in mass meetings, to protest against

Continued on Page Five

COLLECTIONS TO BE MADE TODAY, TOMORROW HERE

Communists Expose Fake Tammany Alibi

Volunteers to Cover City

In complete defiance of the threat of the Tammany police department which yesterday indicated that it would take steps to halt the Red Tag Day collections, the Workers (Communist) Party will proceed with its program, it was announced last night at the New York district office of the Party.

All the forces of the Party will be mobilized for the collections today, and the entire city will be blanketed with thousands of volunteers who will invade all sections of Greater New York.

"We propose to go forward with our collection," John J. Ballam, acting organizer of District 2, announced last night. "We shall appeal directly to the working class and carry out our original plans in spite of the attempts of Mr. Coler to prevent us."

Announcement had been made yesterday by Police Commissioner Warren that he would act on the instructions of Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Public Welfare, advising him of the Communist collection and that "any collection of moneys by party workers would be in violation of the ordinances of the city of New York."

A Tammany Order.

Calling attention to the obvious political character of the order, the statement charges:

"Mr. Coler's party — Tammany Hall—has access to the money bags

Continued on Page Three

GITLOW SCORES TAG DAY THREAT

Urges Workers Defy Tammany Order

In a scathing statement issued last night from the national campaign headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, 43 E. 125th St., Benjamin Gitlow, the Party's vice-presidential candidate, denounced the action of the Tammany police department in threatening to bar the Red Tag Days scheduled for today and tomorrow.

Characterizing the move as a vicious attack by Tammany Hall upon the Workers Party, and urging the workers of the city to redouble their energies in the drive, Gitlow said:

"Bird S. Coler and Police Commissioner Warren are determined to prevent the Workers (Communist) Party from collecting funds from the workers for the Communist Election Campaign. This vicious attack upon the Workers (Communist) Party is being made by the Tammany Hall Al Smith adminstration of New York. Al Smith does not seek campaign contributions from the workers. He gets his from Mr. DuPont, the powder and explosive king of America. He gets his from the big fat boys of Wall Street. The Standard Oil crowd, General Motors, the power interests, the traction interests, the trusts and super-trusts are out to elect Al Smith. They will supply millions to elect Al Smith president. These millions they have robbed from the sweat and toil of the workers and poor farmers. They want to elect Smith to continue the reign of Wall Street and a strike-breaking government. Hoover will also get millions from the same crowd for the same purpose. The millions that will be spent by Wall Street for election purposes are for corruption in government, wage cuts, injunctions, breaking up of picket lines, jailing of workers, framing up of innocent workers, Sacco and Vanzetti executions, and imperialist world war.

"The textile strikers of New Bed-

Continued on Page Two

650 ATHLETES AT BIG LABOR SPORT MEET TODAY

Men and Women Workers Will Participate in Thirty One Events Here

The biggest workers' athletic meet ever held in the United States will get under way at Wingate (P. S. A. L.) Field, Brooklyn, N. Y., at 2 o'clock today. Thirty-one track and field events, soccer, swimming and a mass drill will top the program. In the mass drill alone, 300 will participate.

Athletes from all parts of the country have come to New York for the meet. From Sudbury and Toronto, Canada, five athletes have come, making the trip in a has-been Ford. Milwaukee, Waukegan, Chicago, Duluth, Superior, Cleveland, Buffalo and other cities have sent athletes to the meet. In all, 24 cities are represented.

Strong Waukegan Trio.

Waukegan, Ill., has probably sent the strongest trio of athletes of any one city, in Paul Venhe, Arne Jokinen and A. Karjala. Venhe and Jokinen were the two high scorers of last year's meet.

Five Negro athletes are also taking part. They are favored to grab the honors in the short distance events.

Expect Records to Fall.

Last year's 100-meter record of 11.2 seconds will undoubtedly fall before the onslaught of the sixty athletes who will take part in this event. It will be necessary to run 12 trial heats in this event in order to give every athlete a chance. Nearly all of the trials and semi-finals will be held on Saturday, with the exceptions of the 3,000-meter walk, the 400-meter district relay race and the 5,000-meter run.

The big feature of the Sunday program, which starts at 10 a. m. and continues through to 6 p. m., will be the mass drill. Three hundred trained men and women will take part in this drill. For three

Continued on Page Five

Scenes of Horror as Hundreds Are Trapped in Rush-Hour Interborough Smash-Up

LIMBS BROUGHT TO SURFACE IN BLOODY BASKETS

Relatives Besieging the Morgues, Hospitals of City

Disaster on West Side

Continued from Page One

apart, were thrown wildly about, perhaps half of them onto the tracks, against stanchions, even under the wheels of the cars behind.

Through the train there went the shriek of hundreds of people, seized with near-panic.

But the passengers were too closely packed in to struggle much. Women fainted and men fought—but it was a futile fight for they could hardly move. Someone tore open a window in one of the rear cars; then another and another. People scrambled out.

Electric Fire.

Peter Molther of Manhattan saw two women beside him. Their faces were pale and their forms were stiff. He thought they were dead. He lifted them both through a door, left them on the track, and sought safety for himself.

Men pulled other men and women through doors and windows after them. Everyone seemed to scream for a moment and then to concentrate upon winning safety for himself and his fellows.

A hiss went through the wrecked cars and blue smoke curled from the electrical wiring, short circuited and burning. But the fire was soon out.

"As I fled from the place," Peter Molther said, "I could see bodies strewn along the track clear back as far as the stanchion which the car hit, and I could see arms and legs and parts of bodies. It was a frightful vision and I can never forget it."

Shrieks of Terror.

Back on the Times Square platform, where hundreds were crowded waiting for trains, the people heard a crash, then a shriek, and a shout of terror; the thundering of the derailed cars as they plunged along the track; and the hiss of the short-lived fire; all in such a brief space of time none could tell what sound had followed the other.

The cries were echoed from the crowd on the subway platform. Like sheep, the people crowded towards the end of the station from which the terrifying sounds had come; then turned and fought for the exits.

By 7:30 p. m. 250 workmen were engaged repairing the damage to the subway—that New York might ride to work in haste again Saturday morning, or perhaps even ride home from the theatre tonight.

While the city and the transit company centered efforts on rescue at Times Square, thousands crowded platforms at stations along the route, and extra police had to be sent to each platform to maintain order. It was mid-evening before the last of these homegoers had been moved away on emergency trains which were routed over the Broadway and East Side subways. Many of them were hours late.

It was mid-evening before the work of identification of the dead and injured was more than well underway. It may be dawn before it is completed.

About 10 p. m. Frank Hedley, president of the Interborough, came to the Seventh Precinct Headquarters and for 10 minutes talked with two assistant district attorneys in an inner office. Hedley left, accompanied by two detectives, refusing to make any comment. Rumors went around that he was under technical arrest but these were denied by officers who said he had been directed to produce immediately the switch inspector who was responsible for permitting the train to cross a switch which was not in good repair.

Contributions

Sec 1—Shop Nuc 1, N. Y. C.	3.75
Sec. 1—3F, New York City	3.75
Sec. 1—2F, New York City	5.25
Sec. 1—2I, New York City	1.50
Sec. 1—1F, New York City	10.25
P. Glasser, New York City	.50
C. Labron, New York City	1.00
Brown, New York City	.50
J. Reiner, New York City	1.00
M. Pizer, New York City	1.00
S. Kahn, New York City	.25
S. Klein, New York City	.50
S. Blum, New York City	1.00
M. Feinblatt, New York City	.50
Risher, New York City	.25
Fredrick, New York City	.25
J. H. Owens, Ripley	.50
K. Zbikova, Ambridge	1.00
Herwegh Maenner Chor, Cincinnati	10.00
H. McGilliway, Portland	5.00
P. Males, Portland	5.00
V. Gosheff, Portland	5.00
L. Skaka, Portland	1.00
F. Evanoff, Portland	1.00
T. Costoff, Portland	1.00
I. Ivanoff, Portland	5.00
I. Duman, Portland	1.00
G. Nacdenoff, Portland	.50
S. Nekelchoff, Portland	1.00
S. L. Hetrick, Elwood	1.00
Siegel Family, Ontario, Calif.	1.00
Mrs. M. Okicich, Pueblo	1.00
Nucleus 23, Chicago	5.00
J. Beenstock, Bronx	1.00
A. Harris, Paterson	2.00

Labor's Martyrs Immediately After Murder—Capitalist Class Justice

These remarkable photos were taken immediately after Nicolo Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti (right) were burned to death on the electric chair on August 22, 1927.

GITLOW SCORES TAG DAY THREAT

Urges Workers Defy Tammany Order

Continued from Page One

ford and Fall River are getting a taste of Hoover-Smith big business government.

"Defy the Wall Street powers who want to crush the labor movement and prevent a campaign in the interests of the workers and farmers being carried on in the United States today.

"Roll up a mighty contribution from the workers for the Communist campaign.

"Redouble your contributions to the Communist election campaign. Let dollars come from workers to the Communist Campaign Fund as an answer to the dastardly attack against the workers by the Wall Street plunderbund.

"Solidarity among the workers. Full support to the Workers (Communist) Party.

"Down with the parties of Wall Street and the candidates of Big Business.

"Carry on a mighty Communist campaign for Workers and Farmers Government."

THE VICTIMS OF SUBWAY CRASH

Continued from Page One

leg; Polyclinic Hospital.

Keenan, Anna, at Polyclinic Hospital.

Kenway, E., thirty-five, No. 108 Rockaway Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, fractured shoulder, to New York Hospital.

Kraft, Emma, forty-seven, No. 101 East Forty-first St.

Kreunter, John, No. 71 Willow St., Brooklyn.

Larcomb, William, thirty-three, Perth Amboy, N. J., multiple abrasions of scalp, left knee and shoulder.

M'Groarty, Anna, No. 20 Rensen St., Brooklyn, Polyclinic Hospital.

Mitchell, William, lacerations; Polyclinic Hospital.

McGarrity, Anna, at Polyclinic Hospital.

Palange, Alice, twenty-one, No. 793 Baker Ave., Bronx; abrasions of legs, at New York Hospital.

Rabinowitz, David, sixteen, No. 585 Powell St., Brooklyn, lacerations of face, abrasions of left knee; treated at Bellevue Hospital.

Rabinowitz, Isidor, thirty-one, No. 322 East 19th St., Brooklyn.

Scanlon, E. O., twenty-nine, No. 219 Washington, lacerations of scalp, at New York Hospital.

Sebold, Elizabeth, nineteen, No. 335 Beach 87th St., Rockaway.

Whitman, Mabel, thirty, Brooklyn.

Weisman, Louis, thirty-seven, 81 Nassau St., contusions.

Wortendyke, Frank, thirty-three, Mahwah, N. J.

Mr. Plunkeet.

An unidentified woman about 30 years old.

Crafp, Emma, 47, Manhattan.

Price, Morris, 52, Brooklyn.

Spain Dictator Exiles Soldiers and Civilian Opponents to Colonies

LISBON, Aug. 24 (UP).—Major Sarmento De Beires, one of that select group of men who have flown across the Atlantic Ocean, has been transported to exile in the Portuguese colonies as a deserter, it was revealed today.

The government made public a list of those who were shipped to the colonies yesterday on the steamer Lourenco Marques. They comprised mostly military men and civilians, most of them prominent, involved in the latest attempt to overthrow the government.

Those doomed to enforced domicile in such colonies as the Azores, Angola and Mozambique included 40 officers, among them two former cabinet ministers, and others prominent in the professions.

Theremin, Noted Soviet Musician, in Program at Stadium on Monday

Professor Leon Theremin, noted Soviet scientist and musician, and inventor of the Theremin-Vox, which produces music from the ether, will appear as solo artist at the Lewisohn Stadium, Convent Ave. and 139th St., next Monday, the Stadium Concerts Committee announced yesterday.

Professor Theremin, with three of his pupils assisting him, will present a program of well-known classics as well as the improvisations that featured his recent program at the Daily Worker Concert at the Coney Island Stadium. He will be accompanied by the entire Philharmonic Orchestra in several of his renditions.

BARE RIGHT WING MURDER ATTEMPT

Sorkin, ex-McGrady Man, Exposes Plot

Accusations of startling cold-bloodedness were levelled at the right wing scab Joint Council of the fur industry and at the "Forward" chiefs, "socialists" and A. F. of L. bureaucrats at the helm of the drive to destroy the fur workers union conditions.

"Forty thousand dollars were used by the scab council in payments to those who were to 'wipe out of existance' one of the leaders of the left wing Joint Board Furriers' Union," was the statement made by Hyman Sorkin, until recently a leader of the scab council and therefore in a position to know. This statement was made by Sorkin at a meeting of the Progressive Bloc which split away from the council in order to join the movement for a new union sponsored by nearly all fur union locals.

Sorkin's declaration is substantiated by facts already known since it can be recalled that Aaron Gross, Joint Board leader, was murderously assaulted by thugs who slashed his throat in an effort to kill him.

Sorkin also bared facts relative to this attempt. He declared that in order to avoid the possibility of future investigation on the big sums paid out, finance books were destroyed. Further in the expose, it was learnt that, at the time Gross was attacked, the "socialist" party leader, Bearak, was in New York and was the recipient of a number of checks averaging $6,000. Bearak refuses to explain whether these huge sums were for himself or for people who were to do the "work."

Further disclosures made later by Sorkin, interestingly portray the complete demoralization reigning in the camp of the right wing union destroyers. A special gang of thugs are employed by the scab council, Sorkin said. Their job is to force fur workers to take out membership books from the council. Each of these gangsters always carry scores of membership books in his pockets, which they sell to the workers, pocketing the money. In rare cases only do these cut-throats force a worker to the council offices for a book or dues stamps, each one is himself a union treasurer. Books and stamps are sold on the spot.

Every time a squad of these guerrillas are sent out to stop a shop, they are paid five dollars for a morning job and three dollars for an evening job. Recently, Sorkin related, they went on strike demanding five dollars for both jobs. They won. Now that the thousands of dollars are spent in the fight to wreck union standards, many of these thugs are threatening to resign unless the Forward or the A. F. of L. "comes across."

More Involved in Obregon Murder Plot

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 24 (UP).—The latest group of suspects arrested in connection with the assassination of President-elect Obregon will be tried as co-authors of the crime instead of accomplices, it was indicated today.

WORKERS PARTY HAS MINE PAPER

Stanton Nucleus Will Push Election Drive

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 24.—The first coal diggers' paper ever issued by a Workers (Communist) Party mine nucleus, appeared yesterday with the publication of "The Miners' Blast," shop-paper of the miners in the vicinity of Stanton, Pa. This is the first miners' nucleus paper that has ever been issued in the United States.

Introducing itself to the coal diggers, the "Miners' Blast" prints an editorial, part of which follows:

"The Miners' Blast is published by a group of miners in Stanton, organized in the mine nucleus of the Workers (Communist) Party, the revolutionary organization of the American working class. It is your paper, the paper of the rank and file, the miner, the laborer, driver, breaker-boy, of all the workers employed in and around the mine.

"The Miners' Blast is appearing at a time when conditions in Stanton, as in all other mines and the mining industry as a whole, is becoming increasingly worse day by day. Unemployment, wage-cuts, and speed-up mark the offensive of the operators, who gloating over their victory in the soft coal fields, are now preparing to attack and smash the union in the anthracite also."

The editorial, after showing up the betrayals of Lewis's corrupt clique ends with a call to all the miners to write for the paper and to participate in the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party.

GOP Appoints Machold N. Y. Campaign Head

H. Edmund Machold, big anti-labor power magnate of New York, was yesterday chosen by the republican State Committee to succeed George K. Morris as G. O. P. Campaign manager of New York State.

After his selection had been assured, Machold, following in the footsteps of John J. Raskob, went through the same gesture of "officially resigning" his post as president of the Northwestern Power Company.

CREW SAVED BY TUGS.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Aug. 24 (UP).—The crew of the steamer Labrador was saved by tugs today when the vessal struck a sunken reef off the Isle of Gorriti. Water flooded the ship through a hole in the side.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

CANDIDATES OF WORKERS PARTY TO FIGHT CASEY

G. O. P. and Democrats Back Labor Faker

WILKES-BARRE, Aug. 24.—John J. Casey is the president of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, the successor of Jim Maurer. Mr. Casy is ot only a socialist. He represents Luzerne County in Congress, elected on the republican, democrat, and socialist tickets.

The honorable congressman is a typical labor faker, a good illustration of the fusion of the "non-partisan" A. F. of L. machine with the capitalist parties. Because Mr. Casey started his career as a breaker-boy and because he comes from a district where the majority of the voters are union men, he is posing as a friend of labor.

Last February he delivered a speech about the strike in congress, appealing to the representatives of the Mellons and Rockefellers to relieve the suffering of the miners and to save the country from the Bolshevik menace. Maurer can be well proud of his successor—this flag waving, red-baiting, republican-democratic-socialist politician.

Casey is running again for re-election. The labor misleaders are working hard to get him in. Of course, the socialist party is not going to oppose him. He will have the united coal-operators-"labor" support, which will mean election.

The Anthracite Sub-district of the Workers (Communist) Party of America is going to put up a strong fight against Casey, as well as the other capitalist politicians. A rank-and-file miner will run as candidate in his district against him. The class collaboration of the A. F. of L. will be fully exposed, and the miners rallied behind the Party of the Class Struggle.

Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers Party, will devote quite some time in his speech to the Caseys, Lewises, and the other fakers. He will speak at the monster Picnic and Rally in Sans Souci Park, Saturday, September 1st. Judging from the interest of the miners and the publicity given to it by the capitalist papers, this affair will be a great success in our election campaign.

Perfect New Airplane for Militaristic Use

A new type of airplane, reported to be a compromise between the monoplane and biplane models now in standard use was scheduled for public exhibition and test today at Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

The model, known as the New Standard, is the work of Charles Healy Day, veteran aircraft designer. Clarence Chamberlain, officials of many New Jersey cities, and aviation engineers will watch the tests.

12 Others Charged With Part in Obregon Death

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 24 (UP).—The twelve persons recently arrested in connection with the assassination of president-elect Obregon will be charged with being co-authors of the crime and not accomplices, it was indicated here today. The penalty for the men if found guilty is death and 20 years imprisonment for the women.

The Vege-Tarry Inn
"GRINE KRETCHME"
BEST VEGETARIAN FOOD
MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
Phone, Fanwood 7463 R 1.

Speakers and Agitprop Conference at 2 Today

A special conference of Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League open-air meeting speakers and agitprop directors will be held at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, fifth floor, at 2 p. m. today.

Bert Miller, organizational secretary of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, will lead the discussion on "The History and Records of the Major Capitalist Parties in this Country."

ARREST 175 FOR LESE MAJESTE

Peasants are Jailed by Japanese Terror

TOKIO, Japan, Aug. 24.—The temporary suspension of police censorship has revealed that 175 men and women, chiefly peasants, were arrested in this country in April for religious practises which included a form of primitive collectivism.

The devotees are alleged to have seceded from the Shinto faith and the leaders of the movement have exhorted their followers to contribute their wealth to the common support of their sect. The government charged that this is a form of Communism and proceeded against them on accusations of lese majeste to the emperor.

Many of the adherents to the sect are peasants upon whose credulity their religious teachers imposed.

BRITISH PREPARE DIRIGIBLE BASES

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Bases for giant dirigibles are now being constructed by the British government in Cardington, England; Ismailia, Egypt; Karachi, India; St. Hubert, Canada, and Groutville, South Africa. Additional bases will be built in Australia and New Zealand.

The bases are being built to accommodate the giant airships that are now being built in England. They are capable of carrying 100 men, can travel a distance of 4,000 miles at a stretch and will use heavy oil as fuel instead of gasoline.

This, together with the world-wide wireless communication combine recently completed by the British, and the extensive construction of railways in the colonies and dominions, is taken to indicate that the British empire is being unified in preparation for war.

German Firm Produces

A rocket-propelled car which will attain a speed of 400 miles an hour is being planned by the Opel Motor Works of Germany, according to Dr. Karl Kuelb who arrived here yesterday.

The car was recently experimented with in Germany and will probably be shown at the Daytona Beach this winter, Dr. Kuelb is here to arrange for the exhibition of the "lightning" car.

THE GOLDEN TAG DAYS OF PARTIES OF CAPITALISM

Witnesses Show Jingoes Led Brutal Attack

Continued from Page One

$25,000; F. K. Prince, Boston, $25,000; W. H. Woodin, N. Y., head of the American Car and Foundry Co. and now in return for bus franchise in New York City a contributor of $25,000 to the Al Smith campaign fund.

The democrats were equally receptive in that year. Some of their "rich unles" included:

B. M. Baruch, New York banker, $22,500; Henry Morgenthau, New York ambassador to Turkey under Wilson and real estate operator in Tammany controlled New York City; Jesse H. Jones, Houston Tex., who won notoriety in 1928 demonstration convention, $20,000; Thomas F. Ryan, public utility operator in New York City, $50,000.

• • •

After the 1924 campaign the republicans showed a surplus of $355,264 and the democrats a deficit of $265,000. On March 7, 1928 the democrats announced that the deficit was wiped out, and that the 1928 campaign fund would be begun with $250,000 in hand. Contributions: Thomas F. Ryan, $50,000; Jesse H. Jones, director of finance of democratic national committee, $50,000; William F. Kenney, $25,000; C. W. Watson, Fairmount, W. Va., former U. S. senator, and coal magnate, $25,000.

The sums of money mentioned above relate only to expenditures of the national committees and probably constitute less than half of the total cost of the national campaign.

The Party Drive In Arkansas

By WILLIAM PICKENS.

So says a news headline.—Well, what difference will it make with evolution if Arkansas votes on it? If a "Hill Billy" votes yes, what is the difference? If he votes no, what is the difference? Evolution will not be altered by a political vote. Evolution is not a town law; if it be a law at all, it is a law of the universe. And great natural laws are not to be determined by stump speeches and ignorant voters. Natural laws are only to be discovered and understood. They cannot be influenced, altered or repealed.

If there are any scientists in Arkansas, they might set about and study the theory and the laws of evolution and see if they can understand any of it, or rediscover it—or something like that.

What could be the sense of submitting the matter of evolution to the general populace "to take a vote on it?"

BLAST INJURES MANY.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., Aug. 24 (UP). — Several persons were reported injured today in a gasoline sewer explosion which seriously damaged two buildings shortly after noon.

Food Workers Support Big Youth Conference

Local 164, of the Amalgamated Food Workers, has contributed $10 to carry on the work of the Working Youth Conference.

The Working Youth Conference, which will take place September 29 and 30, has issued thousands of leaflets to unorganized young workers. One was a general leaflet addressed to all young laundry workers. Bulletins have been distributed to department store workers in Kleins, F. and W. Grands, to Woolworths, to Ohrbacks, and many others. Leaflets have been distributed to biscuit, shoe, knitgoods, pencil workers, and to many more groups of youth workers in New York.

FIGHT THUGGERY IN ACW, IS CALL

Beckerman Is Ousted From Joint Board

Continued from Page One

shop declared they refused to pay dues to Hillman's collector because the officialdom had made a company union out of the organization.

An event occurring too late to be contained in the leaflet took place when Jacobs appeared before the executive board. When he came to face that body he was told that he will be kept off the job unless he signs a statement against the Jewish Commnist Daily Freiheit and the Daily Worker which denies the truth of the story of the beating. After the worker had refused this, he was ordered to stay away from that shop.

• • •

The long expected withdrawal of Abraham Beckerman from managership of the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union has finally been effected by that "little Mussolini" and his name will not be put on the ballot in the so-called elections to be held by that union soon.

An internal dispute of long standing with the chief officials of the organization are known to be the cause in informed circles. The rapid and ever-growing assumption of more power in the New York market due to his popularity among the bosses because of his brazen sell-outs of the workers' interests, caused the Hillman-Schlossberg clique in the national office to look upon him as a dangerous rival.

This, and the recent exposure of a huge graft machine in his administration, coupled with loss of support of his own underworld characters, back up the generally known belief that Beckerman's resignation is imminent. It is not as yet known which henchman of Hiliman is to be assigned Beckerman's place.

ANOTHER HOOVER BANKER

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 (UP).—The United States needs the leadership of Herbert Hoover, Mortimer L. Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb and Company, New York bankers, said today in advising republican headquarters of his support.

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For Red Mass Collections, August 25 and 26

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY - - - - - 26-28 Union Square, New York City

Colombian President Calls for War on Trade Unions, Communists in Manifesto

KELLOGG DODGES SACCO, VANZETTI MEET IN PARIS

Izvestia Comments on Peace Pact Promise

Continued from Page One

zetti demonstrators who, they alleged were planning a protest when the secretary arrived. Ambassador Herrick, who also seems to have been suspected, was not informed and arrived several minutes too late on the platform. He was in time, however, to hear one or two of the bolder Americans, who by this time had recognized the secretary, shout "Vive, M. Kellogg." Aside from this there was no demonstration as, heavily guarded by police and detectives, the secretary proceeded to the official reception.

Announcement has been made that steps are being taken whereby the multilateral peace treaty will be opened to signature by forty-four other powers following its signature by the original Locarno pact signatories here on Monday.

It is intimated that the government of the Soviet Union also may be invited to sign the treaty, altho the American government will evade the appearance of recognizing the U. S. S. R. by delegating France to undertake this negotiation.

• • •

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 24.—Commenting on reports that the United States government was willing to consider the signing of the Kellogg multilateral peace treaty, the Izvestia today regretted that the announcement made by assistant secretary of state Castle is oral and unofficial. This excites perplexity and may be the cause of a number of supplementary questions, the paper states.

"We only regret that the step of the assistant secretary of state — dictated, undoubtedly, by the desire to explain questions arising in relation to the compact's complicated procedure and the fact that the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics did not participate in the preliminary discussions — still leaves many difficulties and renders more difficult considerations of the fundamental problem, which could only be aided if all questions concerning the rights of States not original signatories were illumined with the necessary fullness."

The Imperialist War Is Looming

A poster issued illegally to members of the German army aviation corps by the Communist Party of Germany. The poster is being used in the campaign against the war with which the imperialist powers are threatening the Soviet Union.

COLLECTIONS TO BE MADE TODAY, TOMORROW HERE

Communists Expose Tammany Alibi

Continued from Page One

of Wall Street. Wall Street's candidates, Hoover and Smith, will be supported by contributions amounting to millions. The Workers (Communist) Party, which is the party of the working class, is determined to defeat the attempt of Mr. Coler to prevent the workers from conducting an adequate campaign.

Would Refuse Permit.

"It comes with ill grace from Mr. Coler, appointee of Tammany Hall," the Communist statement continued, "to issue such an order, after that organization has accepted the generous contributions of Mr. DuPont, the gunpowder magnate, Mr. Doheney, the oil bandit, Mr. Kenny, the contractor who reaps his rich profits from city contracts, Mr. Ryan, the traction millionaire, and Mr. Baruch, the banker."

In his letter to Warren, Coler said that he had not received an application for a permit from the Workers Party, but that he would refuse to grant one in any event.

Tammany Corruption.

It was pointed out last night that Coler's alleged support of "law" is particularly ironic in view of the well-known fact that the City Lodge House, among others, on East 25th St., one of the municipal institutions over which Coler has general supervision, has for years been a nest of corruption and general inefficiency. This was especially revealed during the so-called unemployment surveys last winter when William G. McMahon, superintendent of the lodging house, fearful of revelations that would undoubtedly be made, refused all access to his books and records.

Received No Notice.

The Communist statement concluded:

"The Workers (Communist) Party disclaims having received any notice or information from Mr. Coler in reference to its city-wide drive on August 25 and 26 for the purpose of raising funds among the workers for its election campaign. We have a legal right to approach workers for funds in the city-wide house to house drive which we have planned. The alleged statement of Mr. Coler, an agent of Tammany Hall, is an attempt to pursuade the workers of this city not to contribute to the election campaign fund of the only Party which speaks in their interests. Time and again Mr. Coler has expressed his class prejudice by preventing the raising of much-needed relief funds for strikers and now he caps the climax by attempting to prohibit workers from contributing funds for an election campaign for the Party of their choice.

"We are confident that instead of discouraging the workers, Mr. Coler's statement will serve as an added stimulus to the workers of the city of New York to support the campaign fund of the Workers (Communist) Party in this drive.

"Workers (Communist) Party,
District Two—John J. Ballam,
Acting District Organizer"

RED CONGRESS DISCUSSES THE COLONIAL ISSUE

Indian Delegate Tells of British Rule

Continued from Page One

in the imperialist camp, as Bennet says.

Bourgeois democratic revolutions are the central question for all colonies, Pepper continued. The chief errors of the Communist Party of China, he said, were, first, that it failed to notice the development of the general national into the bourgeois democratic revolution and, second, that it thought the latter was developing into a proletarian revolution. Stalin's definition of the bourgeois democratic revolution, he continued, as a unification of the struggle against imperialism and feudal remnants is classical and applies to China, India and all colonial and semi-colonial countries. The central Communist task today, Pepper declared, is to fight against imperialism and the war danger. The bourgeois democratic revolution still exists in China. Regarding the Canton insurrection, he said, I always described it as the greatest historical action of the Chinese proletariat and never opposed armed insurrection.

The Colonial Theory.

Further speakers were Remmele, of Germany, and Wolfe, of the United States. Wolfe declared that the de-colonization theory overestimates the progressive role of imperialism and leads to an opportunist apology for imperialism and weakens the struggle aaginst it. Temporarily, he continued, United States capitalism played a progressive role in Latin-America but only in order to drive out British imperialism, which was the first in the field and allied with the feudal and clerical reaction. When the American aim was achieved, he continued, the United States crushed the progressive movement it had itself released and made an alliance with the feudal reaction. The petty bourgeois theory of unity of Latin America against United States imperialism is inacceptable, he said. We aim at the unification of the revolutionary forces in Latin America and in the United States and the foundation of a Latin American workers' and peasants' Soviet Republic, he declared.

• • •

(Wireless to The Daily Worker).

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 22.—Discussion of the colonial question, participated in by delegates from the colonial Communist Parties and from the working class all over the world continued in the thirty-eighth session of the Sixth Congress of the Communist International, under the chairmanship of Manavar of Indonesia.

The following discussed the theses dealing with the colonial problem: Bunting, of South Africa; Raza, of India; Schubin, of the Soviet Union; Cardenas, of Columbia; Lominadse, of the Soviet Union; Raveto, of Argentina; Wurm, of the Information Department of the Communist International; Masut, of the Young Communist International; Ramirez, of Mexico; Bensaid, of Algeria; Shagri, of Persia, and Shenkuang, of China.

Closing Speech on Colonies.

At the thirty-ninth session of the World Congress under the chairmanship of Remele, Sikander, of India, commenced the closing speech on the colonial debate. The speeches of the representatives of the decolonization or industrialization theories take no account of the existing circumstances, he said. Class contradictions exist between the British and Indian capitalists and British capitalism wishes to maintain the monopoly position in India and continue its exploitation of the country as a rawstuff and food source, and a market for the motherland. Military reasons make it necessary to extend Indian railways, he continued, and this is the aim of capital export and not the development of heavy industry.

Here, continued Sikander, the thesis is correct and not the critics of it, including the majority of the British delegation. The general capitalist development of India has led to the growth of the native bourgeoisie which aims at the development of heavy duty and political independence. The Indian bourgeoisie, he declared, is counter-revolutionary and betrays the revolution, while compromising with the imperialists. The idea that the Indian bourgeoisie has not betrayed the national revolution, just as the Koumintang did, is incorrect.

The upper section of the Indian bourgeoisie is prepared to ally itself with British imperialism whereas the lower section is prepared to fight for power and utilize the masses as cannon-fodder, he continued. The fight must be conducted against the petty bourgeoisie which has an influence on the masses. The Second International strives to prove the progressive role of imperialism in the colonies. It is incredìtable, Sikander declared, that some Communists hold the industrialization theory and thus follow in the footsteps of MacDonald.

The Bunk Artists of Imperialism Get Busy

After refusing to accept the proposals of the Soviet Union for complete and immediate disarmament the imperialists got busy concocting a "peace" plan, whose only relation to world peace is to cloak the preparations which the powers are making for the next imperialist war. Above, four imperialist diplomats who will sign the Kellogg treaty in Paris August 27th. Frank B. Kellogg, upper left; Austen Chamberlain, British Foreign Minister, upper right; Aristide Briand, French Foreign Minister, lower left; Gustav Stresemann, German Foreign Minister, lower right.

GOVERNMENT TO ABET PETROLEUM IMPERIALISTS

More Concessions are Granted

BOGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 24.—Strict and comprehensive legislation against Communism, the Communist Party and revolutionary labor unions and organizations, and organization of mixed oil companies that would give greater power to foreign capital were called for in a manifesto issued today by President Dr. Abadia Mandez and his cabinet.

Legislation against the Communist Party already exists in Colombia, but the new manifesto declared the government's intention to declare revolutionary labor unions and other revolutionary organizations illegal, and would provide strict punishment for violators.

The "mixed" oil companies proposed would provide a combine, dominated by foreign capital, the main competitors being England and the United States, for the exploitation of oil lands, as well as for the refining and marketing of the oil and the construction and exploitation of public pipe-lines. The same manifesto indicates that the government will not begin exploitation of the national oil reserves, which it would consider "inconvenient at the present time."

The Andean Oil Company, British controlled, and the Standard Oil are the two chief petroleum interests in Colombia. The Gulf Refining Company was recently legislated against when the Barco concessions were repealed by the president. One national company already exists in which, it is believed, Standard holds chief control.

Who Will Organize the Auto Workers?

(This is the seventh in the series of articles on "Automobile—Symbol of the Modern Slavery." The articles thus far have given a general picture of the industry, the extent of the mergers, the conditions among the workers, etc. The recent Flint strike came in for special consideration. Who will organize the auto workers? Every worker should read this most important article.)

• • •

By BEN LIFSCHITZ

The National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, an organization of auto manufacturers, is the powerful instrument in the hands of the bosses to promote their interests. On the other hand, we find the workers completely unorganized and absolutely helpless against such powerful combinations as Ford, General Motors Corporation and the other giants in the industry. It is true that the wages of the workers, up to January, 1927, were relatively high, but since then there has been a steady reduction in wages, a lengthening of hours and ever-increasing speed-up. This intense exploitation will affect the workers much more in the future.

Who Will Organize the Auto Industry?

The problem of organizing the workers in the automobile industry is very complicated. It requires a thorough knowledge of the development of the industry, its constant changes. It requires close examination of each of these powerful producing machines.

There are only a few unions, and all of these, except one, are craft unions. There is the automobile aircraft, Vehicle Workers Union, the machinists, pattern makers, molders, electricians, polishers and a few others. All those unions (with the exception of the A. A. and V. W. U., usually called the Auto Workers Union) represent very small groups. The machinists' locals include primarily automobile mechanics working in garages and some tool and die makers from the manufacturing plants.

The central labor bodies in the auto center are made up chiefly of the building trade locals. Their leaders are usually connected with the city and state politicians of either the democratic or republican parties, depending upon which political machine is in control. Some of these officials, as is the case of Frank Wade, president of the Michigan Federation of Labor, a prominent republican, have such high regard for organized labor that he has built a new home on Third Ave., Flint, engaging the Modern Housing Corporation, a General Motors subsidiary, to do the job. This housing corporation employs only non-union labor. Much to his surprise and indignation, he was recently called before the central labor body of Flint by his union to answer charges of misconduct in betraying union labor and the principles of union labor. He admitted these charges and so heated a discussion arose in the meeting that steam roller methods had to be used by the chairman to prevent further exposures of the actions of this labor faker.

Officials' Sabotage Struggle.

It is, therefore, not surprising that in the last strike the officials of the Central Labor Body of Flint, Michigan, not only did not support the strike, but actually did everything possible to hinder the struggle.

When a mass meeting was arranged in the Labor Temple, under the auspices of the Auto Workers Union, they found the door locked and a sign placed there by officials of the organization reading that the auto workers were not to meet there that night. Even members of the A. F. of L. were indignant at such tactics, calculated to obstruct the organization of automobile workers, and they forced the custodians to open up the hall for the workers.

It is also no accident that the Flint Federation of Labor issued a pamphlet entitled "Americanism Versus Communism," in which they give a list of the business concerns co-operating with the Flint Federation of Labor in their campaign against Communism. The list includes such open-shop concerns as the DuPont de Nemours and Co. and the General Motors subsidiaries, A. C. Spark Plug and the Buick Motor Company.

Ruthless Open-Shoppers.

The General Motors Corporation is the most ruthless foe of organized labor in Michigan, and, for that matter, in the United States. Yet the Flint Federation of Labor begs the Buick Motor Company for a few tainted dollars to help fight the Communists. General Motors has declared that it will buy no more union-mined coal. Yet they do not hesitate to assist the labor fakers of Flint in their campaign against Communism. They know that by attacking the Communists they are attacking the only group that is making a determined effort to organize the workers in the automobile industry. Hence they do not hesitate to help the leaders of the Flint trade unions to stab the motor workers in the back. The workers are learning very fast about this crew of labor misleaders. When the Flint Federation of Labor called a mass meeting of these strikers not one of the strikers showed up at the meeting.

It is already almost two years since the Detroit Convention of the A. F. of L. adopted a resolution to organize the automobile workers. It is no surprise to us that practically nothing was done toward organizing these workers. We may expect even greater betrayals by the local and national leaders of the A. F. of L. when a greater and more deep-going awakening takes place among the automobile workers.

Against Mass Power.

The leaders of the A. F. of L. realize what an organized movement of hundreds of thousands of automobile workers would mean for them and they are not so anxious to build something that will turn against them.

The leaders of the American industries have already learned by this time to take the statements of the American Federation of Labor with a ton of salt. We have no doubt that the capitalists in the airplane industry have as much fear of the threat of William Green to organize this industry as when the A. F. of L. passed their resolution to organize the automobile industry.

Certainly we cannot expect the officialdom of the A. F. of L. to make a real effort to organize the workers in the automobile industry. Their latest betrayals of the miners, textile and needle workers, and their action in the Flint strike, must convince every class-conscious worker that the A. F. of L. officialdom are the enemies of the American working class.

Task of Workers Themselves.

The organization of the workers in the automobile industry must come through the initiative of the class-conscious workers themselves.

A number of problems are connected with the question of organizing the workers in the automobile industry.

The automobile industry, as we have noted in the article on "The Scope of the Industry," is the largest manufacturing industry in the United States, both in the raw material used and in the number of workers, directly and indirectly employed. The most important feature of the industry is that nowhere in the world, not even including the Clyde district of Scotland, is there such a compact mass of proletarians concentrated as there are in the Detroit-Toledo-Cleveland area, which contains close to three-quarters of a million workers employed in the factories, making motor vehicles, parts, accessories and tires. The most significant fact is that more than two-thirds of those workers are located within a radius of about sixty miles. Detroit is the center, Flint is to the northwest and Toledo to the east.

A strike in one of the large automobile plants, properly conducted, is bound to have an effect on the workers in the other shops and must result in deepening the class-consciousness of the workers in the auto industries and lead to further struggles.

Increase of Semi-Skilled.

The tendency in the automobile industry is generally in the direction of less and less skill. That does not mean that the absolute number of the skilled workers in the automobile industry is diminishing, but that the percentage of the skilled workers in relation to the amount of production is diminishing. The tendency is also to reduce the number of unskilled known as common laborers. Both tendencies are in the direction of increasing the semi-skilled workers. No matter what you are doing in the industry, some slight skill or agility is required and, as in the case of the oil senders, while the amount of skill is not high, nevertheless a particular form of skill is required which takes some time to acquire.

• • •

(Tomorrow's article, which will conclude the series, will deal with the important problem of the tactics and strategy of organizing the auto workers and the necessity of building shop committees.)

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"Organize for General Strike," Correspondent Urges Philadelphia Clothing Workers

HANdOuTS

Everybody knows the American marines are in Nicaragua to ensure fair play at the elections and prevent the activity of disorderly elements so that the balloting can be conducted with the same serenity noted in American cities for instance Chicago. It is a fact, odd and without significance, that American investments in Latin America have jumped from 300 million in 1900 to $5,000,000,000. It is also a remarkable coincidence that there are no investments in Labrador and no marines.

• • •

Goodwill, etc.

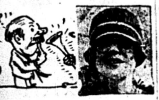
A sure way to gain fame, when normally you wouldn't attract any more attention than a banana peel on Third Avenue, is to hire an airplane and fly off into some waste place. Above is Miss Zoe Beckley who has just completed a "Goodwill" flight to Mexico City. She is now in the market to endorse overalls, chewing tobacco or Castoria. A flight of this kind is called a Good-will flight on the absurd theory that because an airplane of one country flies over another country it is a token of friendship. This might be so if airplanes were constructed to transport olive branches instead of bombs.

• • •

The depravity of Fascism can be reassured by what it regards as admirable. "That coward Nobile! The first airship captain who was first to leave his ship "has just been awarded a Papal medal as big as a "smallish soup plate."

• • •

Composite Photo



"Oh, mama, what happened here?"

"That's a composite photo showing Norman Thomas on the left addressing a crowd of one sympathizer right on his tour out west."

"What's he saying to them, I mean her?"

"That even though the socialist party has nullified the class struggle for the workers they will never gain complete freedom unless they all get together and vote for municipal ownership of croquet lawns and government supervision of horseshoe throwing."

"Who are all those people down below?"

"They're the people that stayed away."

"Well, why doesn't Norman come home?"

"He can't get such big audiences in New York."

Gems of Learning

Archbishop of York, referring to the war:

"Was it all worth while? Here at this gate let there be no faltering in the answer, 'Yes, a thousand times yes.' . . ."

If you were selling poisoned meat or paper shoes yes, a thousand times yes.

Don Miguel Primo de Rivera, son of Spanish dictator referring to father:

"His duties in Spain are so arduous that he may never come to America, so he is sending me instead, to show his interest in America, because I am his namesake. . . . This year and next there will be great expositions at Seville and Barcelona. . . ."

—M. C. H.

ENGINEER DROWNS.

ITHACA, N. Y., Aug. 24 (UP). — Prof. John G Pertsch, Jr., 42, a member of the faculty of the College of Electrical Engineering at Cornell University, was drowned in Cayuga Lake, off Taughannock Point. He was seized with cramps while attempting to aid Miss Signe Sjoegren, an assistant medical advisor of the university, who was in distress in deep water.

CONDITIONS NOT ONLY TERRIBLE BUT HORRIBLE

Must Oust Blumberg and Colleagues

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—To be successful in an organization campaign, to organize the unorganized, it is necessary to have a correct picture and a correct analysis of the situation in the particular industry on which you intend to concentrate.

To assure the success of the organization drive it is also necessary to organize the whole membership of the union to participate in the drive, not the kind of participation that Mr. Blumberg, Weinstein and the rest of the corrupt machine want, that is 'To give out leaflets only," but the participation of the rank and file members of the union in the formulation of the policy on how to organize the clothing workers of this city.

Not Italian Situation.

The present misleaders of the Amalgamated have a narrow conception of what is actually the situation in this city. The Hillman machine has been telling to the Philadelphia clothing workers, that "Philadelphia is an Italian situation" and many sincere brothers from the Italian local and those of the Jewish locals believed and still believe that Philadelphia is an Italian situation.

This analysis is misleading for the clothing workers of this city. Being that there are a number of active clothing workers who believe that the analysis of the Hillman, Weinstein machine is a correct one, I want to prove here the incorrectness of it and how misleading this analysis is.

In 1922, we had a large number of Italians in the Philadelphia clothing workers' industry. In 1922 there were no immigration laws preventing foreign born workers from coming to America to fill the industries as there are today. We must consider that the immigration laws prevailing in America have reduced tremendously the entrance of Italians in the clothing industry in this city.

Many Italians that were working in the Philadelphia clothing market in 1922 have left their work and changed their trade due to the lower standard of wages in the clothing industry here. Many others have left the city.

This, however, does not mean that we have no Italian clothing workers in the industry here. Let me bring you some figures and that alone will convince you of the incorrectness of the analysis of the Hillman and Blumberg machine.

We have in the city of Philadelphia 15,000 clothing workers. Sixty-five per cent of whom are young workers and fifty per cent of the young workers are American born and the other percentage Americanized so that they hardly read or understand Italian. Fifty per cent of the Philadelphia clothing workers are female workers.

60% American Born.

Of the 15,000 clothing workers we can say that 80 per cent are Italians, not Italians from Italy but of Italian parentage. Sixty per cent of the 80 per cent are American born. This very clearly shows that we do not have an Italian situation when we speaking of organizing the Philadelphia clothing workers.

The reactionary Hillman, Blumberg, Weinstein machine has not the slightest intention of organizing the unorganized clothing workers and their analysis is in accord with their intention.

I want to give here some high lights of the so-called organizational drive carried on by the officialdom of the Amalgamated here. Recently Mr. Blumberg came in Philadelphia to "organize" the clothing workers. Even tho the "campaign" has not been officially called off the clothing workers can rest assured that the campaign is over.

At the beginning of the campaign before Mr. Blumberg, the dictator, arrived in town, thru the pressure of the left wing and progressives a Youth Committee was organized by the Joint Board of the A. C. W., to organize the unorganized young clothing workers. Soon as this committee started some work with organizational results the machine launched an attack. Mr. Weinstein, the manager of the Philadelphia Joint Board, viciously attacked the committee at one of the meetings of the board and declared, "This committee must not organize the young clothing workers but merely study ways and means of organizing them. When the writer of this article reported that we had a group in the Makaransky shop, and some other connections in other shops, it was considered by Mr. Weinstein and the rest of his associates, London, Licastro, etc., a crime to organize a group in a non-union shop and have connections in other non-union concerns.

Their attack did not prevent the committee from continuing its work and few parties and dances were organized by this committee with the result that hundreds of young clothing workers attended. Mr. Weinstein, Licastro and the rest of the machine feared these young workers would join the union and that the youth would have made real headway in the organization of the unorganized clothing workers, and smashed the Youth Committee to prevent the meeting of the Young Workers' Social Club (organized by the Youth Committee).

Pressers Recruit.

The Italian pressers also made some headway in recruiting pressers from open shops to come to meetings. When the pressers proved their real intention of willingness to organize, they were abandoned by the misleader, no meetings were called any more, etc.

Thru the activities of the youth and the pressers in this "campaign" some workers were fired by the bosses from Makaransky, Daroff, Middished, etc. The officialdom permitted the manufacturers to continue to terrorize the clothing workers.

The conditions of the Philadelphia clothing workers are not terrible, but horrible. Young workers, boys and girls, are working for from $6 to $15 per week and a man with a family to support does not make enough to clothe and feed his family. A general discontent prevails among the clothing workers. The to be organized. These workers Philadelphia clothing workers want have no confidence in the Hillman, Blumberg, Licastro, Weinstein, Morriconi and corrupted misleaders of the workers. Our slogan should be: "Mr. Blumberg, Weinstein, London, Morriconi, Licastro, must go. The union must be lead by the workers themselves and not by the corrupted bureaucratic politicians of the present machine."

The rank and file of the Amalgamated are interested in the organization of the clothing workers here. The corrupt machine is not interested and they must go.

An organization drive is necessary in Philadelphia. A real organization drive conducted by the rank and file members of the organization. Organization committees of hundreds of rank and file members must be mobilized who should lead the campaign. The dictator, Blumberg, must go. Jewish and Italian brothers and sisters must be made to participate in the campaign. Italian, Jewish, Poles, and Lithuanians can be found in the clothing industry of this city, and most of all young American-born elements. With a correct approach, with a correct and militant policy and with a campaign conducted by the membership of the Amalgamated we can feel confident that a successful general strike can be won. Philadelphia clothing workers, organize. Organize and fight against the corrupted misleaders of the workers. Organize for a general strike.

DOMINICK FLAIANI.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

Scandinavian Pioneers Arriving in Berlin

Pioneers from all over the world are coming to the Pioneer congress in Berlin. The group above, are workers' children from Norway, Sweden and Denmark.

GERMANY SIGNS NANKING PACT

SHANGHAI, Aug. 24—The text of the treaty signed by the Nanking government and the German government has been made public and the treaty follows the same lines as that recently signed by the United States government.

It included the most-favorable-nation clause that is included in the Kellogg treaty. "In all customs and kindred matters neither of the high contracting parties shall be placed at a disadvantage in the territory of the other as compared with the treatment accorded any other country."

The treaty provides for early negotiations for trade and shipping agreement although the German government had already granted China trade autonomy in 1921.

"PROSPERITY" IN "SUNNY SOUTH" MEANS POVERTY

Workers, Farmers are Crushed

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Some of the chambers of commerce in the south are inserting large advertisements in various northern papers inducing mill owners and other manufacturers to move down south. Inducements are cheap so-called "Anglo-Saxon labor," non-unionism and other delights of the open-shoppers.

The various politicians are shouting as usual that there is prosperity in the south. Herbert "Starvation" Hoover is sending his agents thru the south with the intention of buying votes. One of his agents, congressman W. E. Evans, of California, recently visited Chatanooga, Tenn. According to the Chatanooga News of Aug. 18, he visited that city and conferred with the republican leaders. Mr. Evans called Hoover "humanitarian" and other names that sound sweet. Evans said in part, "I find a tremendous sentiment in Tennessee for him (Hoover), and this is true regardless of party."

How is "prosperity" in reality in the south? A few days ago I spoke with several people from Chatanooga who gave me a real description of conditions there.

Business is in a state of general depression. Many petty shopkeepers are closing up their establishments. Among the little shopkeepers there is great competition. The "little guys" are being swallowed up by the "big fellows," such as the Atlantic and Pacific, Piggly Wiggly and others.

Recently Sowder and Brown, two large merchants of Chatanooga, opened up a $50,000 modern grocery store. This has hit the little fellows hard and many of of them in the neighborhood have to close up their shops. They are raising a cry against the chain stores and they cannot do anything against them.

Wages of workers are being cut nearl yeverywhere. Many factories have closed down completely.

Farmers are selling most of their crops below cost. Many of them are flocking to the large cities to find employment. Their lot is pitiful.

Many of the workers are realizing that they cannot depend on the political fakers and they are joining the trade unions to better their conditions.

A strike of stone workers is now on at South Pittsburgh near Chatanooga. The ranks of the strikers are solid and no doubt they will win.

The hill people of the south are waking up from their slumbers. The trade union movement should pay more attention to the southern workers. There is a great field for organization work.

—CASSELL.

Clark's "Relations" at the Masque Up to Specifications

ONCE a year there has to be a play about Jewish small businessmen who are very excitable, easily angered, who splutter, but who have good hearts. There's money in it. "Relations," now at the Theatre Masque, is this year's.

Being one of a distinct class, drawn according to blue prints of previous successes, you cannot expect to be surprised at anything Edward Clark, producer, author and star of "Relations," brings into it. He just delivers the goods, and that's all. It sounds funny enough to explain the presence of various anti-Semites who come to have their little joke, it is sentimental enough to account for the presence of the possessors of the Ghetto inferiority complex, and therefore it should be a sure fire success; why not? All the jokes in it have been tried many times before, on many other audiences, and they always went over right.

Aside from considerable Rotarian propaganda about business men needing to help each other out, and considerable plain boss propaganda about delivering a fair day's work for a fair day's wage, "Relations" concerns itself with the clash in the retail millinery business between family loyalty, ingrained into Jewish business families by hundreds of years of persecution by the Gentiles, and the conflicting demands of profit-making, likewise a product of life and culture. "Uncle Wolfe" Michaels (he changed his name from Lubin because everybody in America changes his name) runs a small scale business, and tries to employ all his relations. They swindle him. The heroine, also a relation, calls them "slackers." Uncle Wolfe calls them numerous other things, in his effort to get more speed out of them. Finally he fires the bunch.

Edward Clark, as the testy "Uncle Wolfe," and Peggy Coudry, as the usual slangy office girl, who left a good job at Woolworth's to labor for Uncle, are the best.

NAN SUNDERLAND

Will be one of the principals in "Elmer the Great," Ring Lardner's comedy, which opens at the Lyceum Theatre in September.

• • •

"DAWN" AT THE CAMEO

Beginning today, the Film Arts Guild will present "Dawn" for its first popular priced engagement at the Cameo Theatre. Sybil Thorndyke, the noted English actress, plays the role of Nurse Cavell.

On the same program will be shown "Memories of Conflict," flashes of war photographed on the battlefields of Europe.

JUGOSLAV GOV'T. MOVES AGAINST CROAT LEADERS

May Lead [illegible] War for [illegible]

BELGRADE, Jogoslavia, Aug. 24.—Pressure is being brought by Belgrade officials and members of the Serb party against the government to arrest M. Matchek, leader of the Croatian Peasant Party, for high treason because he sent Krnjenvitch, secretary of the party, to the Interparliamentary Union Congress at Berlin and a telegram protesting against the seating of the Yugoslav delegates who were all Serbs and calling the attention of the Union to Croatia's fight for autonomy.

In the meantime the Croatian and Democratic parties holding a coalition session in Laibach, voted an unanimous endorsement of Matchek's action and agreed, individually and collectively, to assume responsibility for it.

If the Yugoslav government now wishes to take action against those responsible for the move at Berlin they would have to take measures against all the members of the Croatian Peasant and Democratic Parties, which would amount to extraordinary measures of suppression, that could very easily lead to armed struggle for independence in view of the present mood of the Croatian and Dalmatian rank and file.

AMUSEMENTS

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MEMORIES OF CONFLICT
Photographed on Battlefields of Europe.
ARCH SELWYN presents
DAWN
with
SYBIL THORNDIKE
as Nurse Edith Cavell

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RUSSIAN RECORDS

59049	DOWN THE VOLGA RIVER. Folk Song. GRAND FATHER PAHOM. Folk Song.
59047	SORROW WALTZ and MOSCOW POLKA.
59006	BEAUTY and POLISH MAZURKA.
59001	KOROTCHKA. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59044	MOSKVA. National Song. Isa Kremer.
59010	PA D'ESPAGN. Russian Orchestra "Odessa".
59007	PERED RAZLUKOJ (March). Russian Orchestra "Odessa".
59009	UKRAINA (March). Russian Orchestra "Odessa".

UKRAINIAN RECORDS

59048	BAJATI (Kaukasian Melody). Kavazky Orchestra.
57001	EKH. RASPOSHEL (Balalacchny). Orchestra Gorskoy.
59016	FOURTEENTH STREET (Kupley). S. Sarmatoff.
59035	KAMARINSKY (National Dance). Solo, Zibulski.
59026	KOHANOTCHKA BALALAJKA. Orchestra Biljo.
40048	KORUBUSKA... Soprano Isa Kremer.
77005	VOSPOMINANIJA O ROSSII. Waltz. Patro Biljo.
59017	AMERIKANSKI BABI. Humorist S. Sarmatoff.
59048	KAVKAZKA MELODIJA. Kaukazus Orchestra.
15034	OJ, GORE KALINA. Ukrainian National Chorus.
59002	REVE TA STOGNE. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59004	VIJUT VITRI. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59029	ZAPOROJZI U SULTANA. Kornienko Ukr. Orchestra.

POLISH RECORDS

77006	FANTASY ON SONG OF INDIA. Dance Oriental.
77007	FREEDOM MARCH—INTERNATIONAL—LA MARSEILLAISE.
60029	ALL RIGHT. Baryton Ochrymovicz.
60042	BAJ-BAJ (Komishe scene). Trupe Marskiego.
60048	DJABELSKA PIENS O PEKLE. Bassist Didur.
60014	MARSZ UKRAINSKY. Orchestra Warsaw.
60038	NAPISZE KARTECKE DO RZYMU. Tarnow Orchestra.
60036	NA WARSZAWSKIM BRUKU. Podgorsky & Pavlak.

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Rebecca Grecht Found Guilty of Disorderly Conduct at Long Island Magistrate Court

FLIMSY EVIDENCE CAUSE SENTENCE TO BE SUSPENDED

But Tammany Bars the Communist Collection

Rebecca Grecht, District Campaign Manager of the Workers (Communist) Party was found guilty of "disorderly conduct tending to a breach of peace" at the First Magistrates Court of Long Island City yesterday, in spite of evidence given at the trial pointing to the guilt of the fascists—none of whom were arrested—who broke up the open air meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party on August 9 and assaulted the speakers, and in spite of evidence showing that no police protection had been given the speakers.

Policeman Stewart Donnelly was the first to testify. Donnelly submitted that in the face of the commotion it was impossible to prevent the assault on Abraham Harfield, Communist candidate from the First Assembly District of Queens, that he had had no opportunity to apprehend those guilty of the assault; that he had no chance to even inquire the names and addresses of members of the Veterans of Foreign Wars who were standing in a menacing circle around Harfield. Donnelly testified, however, that he remained standing there with Harfield for a number of minutes, during which Harfield was still subjected to the attack of the members of the jingo organization.

Jingo Testifies.

At the close of Donnelly's testimony, after many glaring discrepancies and what amounted to an admission of aid to the assault had been wrung out of him by Jacques Buitenkant, representing the International Labor Defense, a righteous citizen walked up to the bench and asked permission to testify, having been present at the meeting in question. He gave his name as Alfred Heller, and proceeded to denounce the "inflammatory remarks" of Rebecca Grecht in a vicious manner.

Under cross-examination, Heller, who said he was motivated purely by his duties as a citizen in volunteering his testimony, admitted he was a member of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, but maintained that as such he is not prejudiced against the Workers (Communist) Party. This unprejudiced, righteous and indignant patriot, maintaining that he had not crossed the street from his meeting to the Communist meeting, proceeded to give "testimony" in detail of what took place around the Communist platform, details not possibly visible to anyone more than a few feet away.

Grecht on Stand.

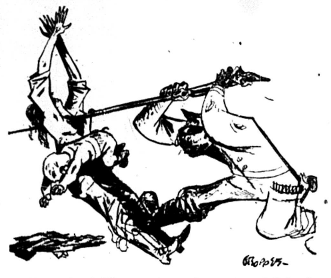
Rebecca Grecht, called to the witness stand, testified that when the meeting was being broken up and Harfield and Mueller assaulted, no policeman was in sight, and that when one arrived she made repeated demands for attention from him, but that the policeman ignored her, and ignored her demand that those responsible for the assault be arrested. Only after she had seen Harfield's bleeding face and blood-stained shirt, Rebecca Grecht testified, did she characterize "the elements responsible for the assault on the speakers and the breaking up of the meeting as 'hoodlums.'" Upon this, the officer had arrested her.

Harfield Scores.

Harfield next testified as to what had occurred, stating definitely that the policeman who arrived in the nick of time, after he had been brutally beaten, made no effort to prevent the assault. During his testimony a court official came in and whispered in the ear of Judge Paul U. Daly. Immediately the judge walked out of the court room and a recess was declared for a few minutes. The nature of the closed-chamber consultation and the identity of the person consulted was not revealed.

In finding Rebecca Grecht guilty of disorderly conduct, Judge Daly refused to consider the circumstances of the case, refused to take into consideration the breaking up of the Communist meeting and the assault on the Communist speakers, refused to censure those responsible for the assault, and refused to censure the policeman for failure to make arrests or even inquiries as to those responsible.

Blessed by the State Department



The murder of Chinese workers and peasants, and their wives and children, by the Kuomintang war lords, has received the official blessing of the state department thru the virtual recognition accorded to the Nanking regime. (Above) A Kuomintang soldier amuses himself. (drawing by William Gropper)

YANKS LOSE 2 GAMES; GIANTS LOSE BY 16-6

The Yanks' lead was yesterday cut to 3 games, when they dropped two games to St. Louis, 5-2 and 3-1, as the Athletics beat Cleveland, 1-0. Crowder opposed Pipgras in the first Yank game, allowing 8 hits. Blaeholder gave the Yanks only 6 hits in the second, Heimach opposed him. Walberg for Philadelphia, shut Cleveland out, 1-0.

• • •

The Giants lost to Pittsburgh, 16-6. Genewich, Scott, Faulkner and Benton were slaughtered by the Pirates, who got 19 hits. Grimes pitched for Pittsburgh. The St. Louis Cards beat Phila, 1-0, gaining another game on the Giants.

• • •

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League.

Chicago 4, Boston 1
Chicago 4, Boston 3
Pittsburgh 16, New York 6
St. Louis 1, Philadelphia 0.

American League.

St. Louis 5, New York 2
St. Louis 3, New York 1
Boston 2, Detroit 1
Philadelphia 1, Cleveland 0

MINE DISTRICTS DRIVE FOR UNION

Leaders Prepare for Convention

Continued from Page One

the wage cut that Harry Fishwick, Lewis and the coal operators are attempting to force upon them. In Springfield, Tony Minerich and John Watt exposed John W. Hindmarsh's dealings in a debate which has inflamed all Southern Illinois. Even the children shout "labor faker!" when the Lewis henchmen mount a platform. Illinois, always in the forefront of miners struggles, will have a big delegation from every part of the state at the national miners convention in Pittsburgh.

Anthracite Active.

The Silverbrook local in the hard coal region was the first to receive a charter for the new miners union. The anthracite miners know that it would be fatal to allow themselves to be split away from the soft coal miners as some company-hired traitors in the ranks are suggesting. They know that one united front of bituminous and anthracite miners under honest and militant leadership is the goal of the progressive movement. The tri-district will send a strong delegation to help build the new union.

The proof of Lewis' union-wrecking program is arriving at the National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee headquarters, in the form of credentials from the former union fields of Maryland, Tennessee, Alabama, Oklahoma, Kentucky, the southwest and far west. This proves that the miners want a union and that Lewis has deliberately broken district after district. Now these miners are mobilizing their forces for to affiliate them with the new miners union.

650 ATHLETES AT BIG LABOR SPORT CARNIVAL TODAY

Men and Women Will Participate

Continued from Page One

months the clubs have been practicing specially for this occasion, and the drill is expected to be executed in perfect harmony. A big brass band will be on the field to enliven the proceedings. Moving pictures will be taken of the drill, as well as the track and field events and the soccer game.

Big Crowd Expected.

Wingate Field, where the meet will be held, has a covered grandstand, accommodating 6,000 people. However, there is standing room around the field for the overflow crowd which is expected. The field can be reached by taking the Brighton Beach B.-M. T. line to Ave. J.

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L. S. U. Convention.

More than 100 delegates, representing 70 affiliated clubs, are expected at the Second National Convention of the Labor Sports Union, which opens Monday, at 10 a. m. at the Progressive Hall, 15 W. 126th St.

The convention will definitely establish the L. S. U. as a real national organization for workers' sports and athletes.

The full program for Saturday and Sunday follows in full:

100-meter dash, trials; 60-meter dash (boys), trials; 100-meter dash (women), trials; 100-meter dash, semi-finals; 800-meter run, trials; 3,000-meter walk; 200-meter dash, trials; 4 X 400 relay (district); 400-meter, trials; 4 X 100 relay (club); 5,000-meter run; weight throwing; pole vault, hop-skip and jump; high jump (women); shot put, 8-pound (boys); hammer throw; basketball throw; porter game, semi-finals (girls); soccer game, semi-finals.

Saturday, Aug. 25, 8:15 p. m. Washington Baths, Coney Island; admission 35 cents—Sixty-meter, free style, women; 60-meter, free style, boys; 100-yard, free style, men; 3 X 100 relay, three styles; 4 X 100 relay, free style; springboard diving; life saving; water polo; exhibitions; comical acts; public dancing after 9 p. m.

Sunday, Aug. 26, 10 p. m., Wingate Field (P. S. A. L.): admission 50 cents—110-meter hurdles, trials; 800-meter, finals; 60-meter, boys, semi-finals; 100-meter, women, finals; 200-meter, finals; 60-meter, boys, finals; 4 X 100 relay (women); 400-meter, semi-finals; shot put, 16-pound; broad jump, women; high jump; porter ball game, finals.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 24 (UP) — Seven men were killed, three are dying and six others were overcome today by lethal acid fumes when the freighter Steel Inventor, on which they were stowaways, was fumigated for yellow fever at Quarantine, off Hawkins Point.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

ATTENTION SECTION 3.

All those members of Section 3 who did not attend unit meetings this week are hereby ordered to report to section headquarters, 101 W. 27th St., this morning at 10 a.m.

Section Organizer.

• • •

Branch 2, Section 8.

A unit meeting of Branch 2, Section 8 will be held Monday at 8 p. m. promptly. Members should bring their membership cards, as a roll call will be taken.

• • •

Upper Bronx Signature Drive.

A contest for a free week end at a cooperative camp for the comrade securing the most signatures in the 6th A. D. will be held tomorrow. One hundred comrades are wanted at 2700 Bronx Park East, headquarters of Branch 6, Section 5, Sunday morning at 9 a. m. to compete for the free week ends.

• • •

Subsection 3E.

The enlarged Executive Committee of Subsection 3E will hold a meeting on Monday, Aug. 27, at 6.15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

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International Branch 1 will hold the regular meeting on Monday, Aug. 27, at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

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Membership Meeting.

The membership meeting of Subsection 3E will be held on Tuesday, Aug. 28, at 6.15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

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Williamsburg Y. W. L.

The following open air meet will be held Tuesday, Tompkins Ave. and Hart St. Speakers: R. Gordon, Harris.

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Attention Section 3.

All members of Section 3 living in Brownsville must report for duty Sunday morning at 10 a. m. at campaign headquarters.

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Unit 2C, 3F.

"The War Danger" is to be discussed as a special educational order of business at the meeting of Unit 2C, 3F, on Monday August 27, 6 p. m., at 108 E. 14th St.

• • •

Section 2 Red Sunday.

All members of Section 2 are urged to participate in the Red Sunday Drive for the collection of funds for the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign. Members should report to 154 Watkins St. this Sunday, at 9 a. m.

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Attention Literature Agents!

The new "Party Organizer" is just off the press. All literature agents are requested to report for their bundles to the Workers Book Shop, 28 Union Square, 1st floor.

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Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

• • •

"Icor" Concert.

On Saturday night, Sept. 29, at Town Hall, 113-123 West 43rd St., a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish territory "Biro-Bidjan."

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Office Workers' Union.

On Monday, Aug. 27, at 8 p. m. the Office Workers' Union will hold an open air dance on the roof garden at the Hecksher Foundation.

• • •

United Council of Working Women.

Today the Newark Council No. 1 will hold an open air meeting, at Springfield and 16th Aves., Newark, N. J. Joseph Cohen, Eva Shaffern and other speakers will address the meeting.

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[illegible] meeting will be held today [illegible] p. m. in the Negro section, on [illegible] St. and 7th Ave. Subject, the exploitation of Negro women in industry. Speaker to be announced.

• • •

Brownsville Sacco Meet.

The Brownsville branch of the I. L. D. will hold a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meet Thursday, Aug. 30 at 8 p. m., at Bristol St. and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

OPEN AIR FESTIVAL, T. U. E. L.

The local New York Trade Union Educational League and the Jewish Workers University have arranged a Workers Open Air Festival at Ulmer Park for today.

All friendly organizations are urgently requested not to arrange any affair on this day and coperate to make this affair a success.

• • •

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

NEED AID TO GO ON WITH STRIKE

Textile Union Appeals to Workers

With a grim determination to win, the 30,000 textile strikers of New Bedford enter the fifth month of struggle against the mill barons with as much enthusiasm and courage as they had on April 16, when the strike started.

Altho the forces aligned against them are strong and powerful the strikers, the biggest part accepting the leadership of the Textile Mills Committee, are putting up a fight that is winning the admiration of the entire American working class.

With several hundred workers arrested, many sentenced to terms in prison ranging from a year and a half to one month, the fight is now reaching the point where all can see that it will be a long drawn out struggle. Both the mill owners and the strikers realize this and are acting accordingly.

The workers of America must immediately rally to the support of the strikers. They are willing to man the picket lines, but the entire American working class must do its share. Food is needed for the strikers and their families. Needed in larger quantities as the strike continues, more workers applying for relief every day.

The striking textile workers of New Bedford need help! Workers come to their aid! Send contributions at once to the Workers' International Relief, 49 William St., New Bedford, Mass.

WORKERS IN BIG CENTERS RALLY TO BACK PARTY

Organizers are Busy in Campaign

Continued from Page One

Trachtenberg reported, leaving the hegemony of the class struggle in the hands of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Alexander Bail, district organizer for all the New England states outside of Connecticut, and Sidney Bloomfield, campaign manager assured Comrade Trachtenberg that Maine would be on the ballot, leaving Vermont to the ex-bill collector and strike-breaker Coolidge and the renegade John Spargo, who is now engaged in writing a treatise on the fauna and flora of the Granite state.

Comrade Trachtenberg reported that on the eve of the textile strike in New Bedford, there was no Communist organization there worth speaking of, but now, due to the participation of the Party in the struggle, there is a strong Workers (Communist) Party organization and a healthy nucleus of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Negroes Sign Petitions.

Trachtenberg learned that the Negro workers in Connecticut, where there are large Negro settlements are most willing to sign the Communist petitions, which shows that those workers, who suffer from race discriminations as well as industrial exploitation are beginning to see a way out, and are turning to the Workers (Communist) Party as the only Party that has a program to meet their problems as a persecuted race and also as industrial wage slaves.

Rhode Island Strong.

The New Bedford strike not only raised the revolutionary spirit of the workers in that great mill city but the struggle has electrified the workers in all the New England states, particularly Rhode Island, another great textile state. Though small in area New England is an industrial stronghold where the textile workers in particular, in view of the chaos in the industry and the wage-cutting drives of the textile barons are in a state of ferment unequalled since the great struggles in Lawrence and other cities seventeen years ago.

In Maine and New Hampshire Party conventions have already been held, state tickets nominated and presidential electors secured. In addition to the Party members, many non-Party sympathizers are helping in the campaign and several have agreed to act as Communist electors. Despite the tremendous difficulties confronting the comrades in getting the Party on the ballot in Maine, they are determined to put up a real battle against the Republican Party and establish the Workers (Communist) Party as a militant political factor in that state.

Connecticut Coming.

Comrade Trachtenberg reported that District 15, under the direction of Comrade Charles Mitchell, district organizer and campaign manager, is sure to be on the ballot. Tho a small state, Connecticut is the home of several large industries, and the population of many cities in the state is more than 80 per cent industrial. The obstacles placed in the way of getting the Party on the ballot in Connecticut can be seen from the fact that tho small, it requires 6,000 signatures to get a new Party, or a party not "legal" in the sense of election regulations, on the ballot. Over half the necessary number of signatures have been already collected.

Urge Worker Correspondence.

Those who are collecting signatures are invited by the National Election Campaign Committee to write their experiences in the form of workers correspondence for the benefit of the readers of the Communist Press. Those stories in addition to having intense human interest are excellent propaganda and will serve to encourage the Party membership as a whole to participate in this most important campaign work.

The prospects for waging a splendid campaign in New England are bright, Trachtenberg says, and the probability that all the New England states with the exception of Vermont, with their tremendous working class population will be on the ballot, will establish the Workers (Communist) Party in that section of the country, as the political leader and the organizer of the masses in the class struggle against capitalism and the capitalist government.

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Smith on Prohibition and Labor

Among the newspapers that support Al Smith, one section which caters to "liberal" readers is busy shouting about the liberalism of Smith's acceptance speech; the other section catering to a wealthier section of the bourgeoisie is equally insistant that the acceptance speech shows that Smith is just as good as Hoover from the Wall Street point of view.

The truth is that Smith's acceptance speech is fully as reactionary as the speech of Hoover. Look into the "liberal" phrases carefully, and every "liberal" statement Smith made contains an "out"; everything has its reservation that nullifies its pretended liberalism, except such as are purely negative statements of pious wish or sentiment.

Smith is not a liberal. If he were a liberal he would come closer to making promises, each of which would be ignored after election. But search Smith's speech through and through, and every pretty flower of speech has a Tammany worm in it.

There is absolutely no difference of class basis between the republican and the democratic party today. The real or pretended division among the directors of the largest trusts and finance-capitalist institutions only goes to prove that both Hoover and Smith are acceptable to the finance-capitalist oligarchy that rules America. It proves equally well that both Smith and Hoover are completely and unquestionably disciplined servants of the same giant oligarchy.

An examination of the various points of controversy (so-called) in this "gentlemen's campaign," upon the "high level" of which each side compliments the other, only goes to confirm the fact that they serve the same masters.

The prohibition question Smith tries to ballyhoo into the first place of controversy. But when all is said and done, each of these capitalist candidates would carry out precisely the same program in regard to prohibition. Is the directorate of General Motors divided on the question of best policy in regard to liquor? Well, the directorates of this and other such corporations will decide among them what is the best system for getting the highest degree of efficiency and the greatest exploitation out of labor in the big American industrial plants, and Smith or Hoover will take orders that will be delivered to either of them from the same desk.

Smith said, "If with one hand on the bible and the other hand reaching up to heaven" he promises to enforce the constitution, he will do so—but he specifically applied this to the prohibition amendment, not to the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments. On the question of the fourteenth and fifteenth amndments his position is expressed in the figure of the dead Negro swinging by a rope at the door of the democratic convention that nominated him.

As for what Smith calls his "labor" plank, it commits Smith to absolutely nothing. His "labor" plank is for capital. His words in favor of "the principle of collective bargaining" do not commit the General Motors or the Du Pont de Nemours Powder Co. to agree to the unionization of their plants. Nor does anyone seriously imagine that Raskob, Woodin and Du Pont will even juggle with company unionism because of anything Smith says, or that the U. S. government will make them.

Smith, though he is said never to have read a book, must have grinned inside when he repeated Sam Gompers' idiotic phrase "labor is not a commodity," and it will not interfere with the Steel Trust's purchase of that commodity at the lowest starvation rate.

Smith declares for injunctions in labor disputes. He is for the use of injunctions; he merely **"recognizes" "abuses"** in the use of injunctions and is only against what the board of directors of General Motors would be disposed to class as **"unwarranted"** issuance of injunctions!

Smith's acceptance speech is the speech of John J. Raskob, the open-shop manufacturer, Pierre du Pont and their banker-friends.

Smith is obliged to scratch harder for votes because he is the man outside of office, and this affects his language. If he can persuade millions of discontented workers and farmers to vote for capitalism, he will be serving capitalism as well as any politician can.

Smith is equally as reactionary as Hoover or Coolidge.

A Signature Drive in Arizona

By FRANK R. LOGAN.

(The following story is an interes

(The following story is an interesting account of how three comrades—Saul, O'Brien, and Logan—toured the State of Arizona in a flivver to collect the necessary number of signatures to put the Workers (Communist) Party ticket on the ballot. Thhe job was accomplished, and then Comrade Logan sat down and sent in the following intriguing narrative.—Edtior.)

Phoenix, Arizona.—Comrade Saul arrived in Phoenix 11:30 p. m., August 3rd. He went to Comrade O'Brien's home, where he spent the night. The next morning Comrades O'Brien and Saul came to my room and pulled me from my bed, and in a very few minutes I was dressed and ready to go. After our breakfast, Comrade O'Brien went to work, leaving us with the understanding that he would get permission to join us at 12:30. Comrade Saul and I went to the State Capitol to get the required number of signers that we had to get from each county and to get a copy of the election laws. We then went to Comrade O'Brien's home and had dinner. Comrade O'Brien overhauled his flivver, after which we put some cots in, so we would have beds to sleep on.

At 8 o'clock we left Phoenix for Superior, which is 78 miles from Phoenix, and arrived there about 11:00. We got a small number of signatures Saturday night. After all of the people had left the streets, we decided that we should pitch our tents and lie down. Comrade Saul and I slept somewhat cold, not being used to the climate in the mountains. We left Superior for Miami, 21 miles distant. We reached Miami at 8 p. m. Sunday evening, and started to work. Everything looked very gloomy, as it seemed that it would be impossible to get the required number of signatures from Gila County (we thought 90 was the required number). We worked until 11 o'clock, and obtained only three signers. We all met at a certain place as per agreement, and then drove outside of town, where we had the use of a natural camp-ground.

"No Negroes Here."

After a good night's rest we awoke at 6:30 o'clock. We went for breakfast to a Greek cafe, where I was refused service at the table but was invited to the kitchen, because of my being a Negro. I rejected this offer, and we found a cafe a short distance away where we all had breakfast. We then started out to get the signatures, and although it seemed an impossible task, by about 2 o'clock we had the required number.

After lunch we left for Safford, which is in Graham County, 95 miles southeast. We arrived there at 10:30, got a number of signatures by 11 o'clock, and decided to call it a day. We were able to drive out a few blocks to accommodate ourselves with another natural camp-ground. Safford is a town of Mormons (hicks). We were up at six o'clock, and went for breakfast at a cafe operated by the so-called lily white A. By instruction I was told that I could not get service there because of my color, and I said that I was born here and not colored. Yet this lily white Caucasian refused through his little hick waitress, who doesn't know whether she lives on earth or exists on some unexplored planet. Nevertheless we found a cafe where all were served.

Get Signatures

Comrade O'Brien went to the County Hall to find out the required number of signatures to complete the list from Graham County. Comrade Saul and I went right ahead with getting signers. Everyone seemed to be somewhat indifferent, but we overcame all of the objections, one by one, until we got the required number. It was then about one o'clock, and we made our affidavits and ate lunch. We then (1:30 o'clock) went over and started the flivver for our next long drive of 185 miles to Tucson, which is in Pima County.

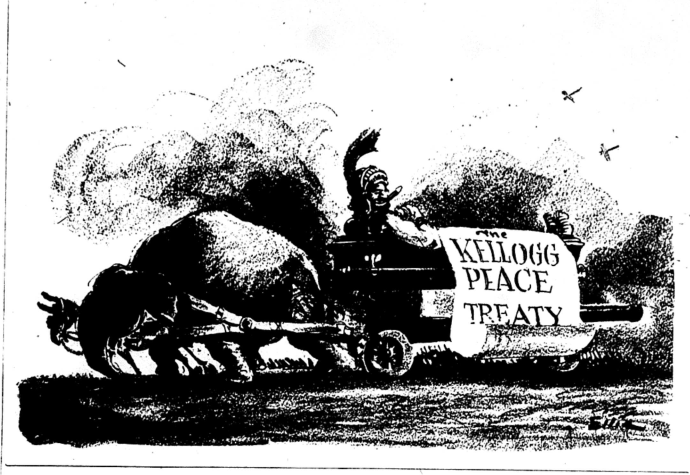
We had a hard job in front of us, but we never thought about the job as we went on. We just wanted to get to Tucson, so we would be able to get started. We arrived in Tucson at 9:00 o'clock, had supper ,and then worked until 11 o'clock. We went out to look for another free camp-ground, which we found. We slept a little longer the next morning, as we were very tired, but got up at seven, had breakfast, and went to Comrade McFadden and Lewe's home. They gave us their support by helping to get signers. Without their support it would have been almost impossible to get the required number of signatures. Also Comrade McFadden gave a donation of $11.50 to the cause. By about 9:30 p. m. we had the required number of signatures. Comrade McFadden got in touch with a notary, and by 11:30 p. m. we had our affidavits made.

After a short rest we left for Superior to get other affidavits made. After driving all night we reached Superior about 8:30 in the morning. We ate breakfast and then got busy and found an ex-I. W. W., who made the affidavits. We left for Phoenix, and arrived there at 3:30 p. m. We decided to file the papers the next day, which was the tenth. I went home, and Com. Saul spent the night with Com. O'Brien.

Friday morning, August 10th, we went to the capitol to file the papers with the secretary of state. When we got there, we found that the assistant secretary took care of these matters. As he was out, we had to wait for him about two hours. When he did come, he told us that we should go down and see the attorney general. The latter was out, and would return at 2:30. After eating our lunch we returned to the attorney general's office. Upon checking up, we found that we needed 38 more signers from Gila county. They were somewhat hostile toward us, but we knew the election laws and went right ahead.

"GOING TO HIS FUNERAL, BUT JUST FOR THE RIDE"

By Fred Ellis



For a New National Mine Union

Coal Diggers of All Districts Rally Forces for September 9 Convention

By JACK OBLAN.

The coal mines of the United States are the private property of some seven thousand companies. Of these about two thousand are affiliated nationally and control 75 per cent of the production. All these companies are like fish in a pond—the big ones eating up the smaller ones.

The production capacity is approximately double the market capacity. With the present low and ever falling wages, long hours and even worsening conditions of labor, the coal companies can produce over one thousand million tons a year. The market cannot consume more than 550 million tons.

The coal barons thus are always provided with a "reserve army," an army of unemployed miners, which they skillfully use to exert a terrific pressure on the miners at work and keep them at starvation wages. The miners exist under a condition of exploitation both degrading and humiliating.

Crazy Speed-Up.

The crazy speed-up is on the gallop. From 1916 to 1924 production of bituminous coal per man-hour increased 29 per cent.

Accidents and fatalities are increasing. The increase in the accident rate is even more rapid than the production rate. While the production increased 29 per cent the accident rate increased in the same period 38 per cent; 53 per cent of the accidents were due to collapse of roofs and in most cases were avoidable even according to capitalist engineers; 18.6 per cent due to mine car and locomotive accidents and 12.2 per cent due to electricity—nearly all these are avoidable. Almost all accidents occurred due to dastardly, criminal negligence and disregard of human life by the coal companies.

In the brief period between May 19 and 25, of this year, in only four coal mine disasters 230 men were killed, namely:

Mather Mine, Mather, Pa., May 19th, 195 killed.

No. 1 Mine, Yukon, W. Va., May 22, 17 killed.

No. 30 Mine, Kenvir, Ky., 8 killed.

No. 50 Mine, N. Wilkes-Barre, Pa., 10 killed.

Other Causes of Death.

The introduction of machinery further increases the hazards of human life in the mines. So, for instance, in the states of Alabama, Colorado, Indiana and Pennsylvania, with a low percentage of machine mined coal (62 per cent) fatalities were 4 in 1,000—bad enough! However, in the states of Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio and Kentucky where machine cut coal is high (84 per cent), fatalities rose to 7.2 to 1,000 men.

For the country as a whole, while fataliities due to haulage increased one-third, those caused by mining machines more than doubled.

"It is surely unnecessary to argue the point that the introduction of mechanical haulage increased the risk of injury to underground employees thru incident speed of movement and consequent less prompt control," is the admission of Harry L. Gandy, secretary of the National Bituminous Coal Mine Operators, in the May issue of the "Coal Mine Management."

Speed-up blessings! Dear child of the Greens and Lewises! Gandy further admits that "it is safe to say that it (the total effect of various forms of mechanization upon the risk of life.—J. C. O.) is very **substantial**" (boldface mine. J. C. O.).

Dastardly Record.

In the matter of killing off its producers the parasitic coal barons of the U. S. A. are the best racers on a world-scale.

During the five year period of 1921-1925 inclusive, average number of men killed per 1,000 on the basis of a 300 day year (record from capitalist sources), the following is a comparative table:

United States	4.87 men
Great Britain	1.13
Prussia	1.86
Belgium	1.00
France (to 1924)	0.97

The German socialists combined with their capitalists could not kill half as many workers as could the American coal barons combined with John L. Lewis' treacherous machine.

It must be remembered that the American mines are at the same time the most "advanced" from the point of view of machine production. So, for instance, in 1924, the following percentages of mines had cutting machines installed:

United States	69.5%
Germany, about	30%
Britain	19%

The U. S. mine barons hold the record in:

1. Mechanization of mines; alongside with it speed-up; intensification of production, and exploitation.

2. An ever increasing percentage of hazards—accidents and fatalities.

3. Seting free ever greater numbers of miners (installation of cutting and other machines "liberates" five miners out of every 6).

What makes the power of the coal barons so supreme? Untamed? What is their strategy in the present situation?

Source of Power.

They are so all-powerful because they have succeeded in paralyzing temporarily the great giant—the organized strength of the coal miners, the producers of coal. This they achieved thru planting their agents, tools within the ranks of the U. M. W. A.—the Lewis machine.

The coal barons have set up a bureaucratic machine of their own within the miners' ranks. This is the chief source of their strength. This Lewis clique has done the bosses an invaluable service by crippling the union and sapping it of its strength and vitality. The next step in the bosses' strategy is to use this Lewis clique as a lever with which to further break up the union into many more fragments, to further weaken, devitalize and demoralize every one of its parts, and, therefore, the union as a whole—and to thus lay the basis for a final smashing of the union.

That such is the mission of the present Lewis misleaders of the U. M. W. A. is testified by the capitalists themselves.

Proof of Treachery.

George J. Anderson, president of the "Consolidation Coal Co." at a banquet of coal operators at Pittsburgh in February sought to inspire them with fighting capacity against 200,000 striking miners. There must have been some "lame ducks" among the coal interests. So, upon request of John D., Rockefeller, Jr., he made a speech.

He stated that in his mines (thanks to Lewis' efforts—remember the 1922 strike in which Lewis against the protest of the union locals involved signed a separate agreement with the "Consolidation Coal Co." in W. Va., while the men employed by the same company in W. Pa. were still out), the union was smashed in 1924.

Comparing the last union year (1924) with 1927, the "Consolidated Coal Co." with practically the same number of men (7 per cent increase), increased production 66 per cent. The men were worked more than twice as many days a year (265 days, as against 131). They naturally worked longer hours, having no organized backing. Productivity was more intense. In Summerset County, Pennsylvania and in W. Virginia his company recently eliminated 2,500 workers, which constitutes 20 per cent of his force, thru machine installation. The workers were getting on the average $23 in 1924 and $29 in 1927, only 21 per cent increase in wages for probably treble the exploitation.

The "Consolidation Coal Co." owns the mine towns and so the cost of living rise surely took away the 21 per cent and more.

Mr. Anderson thus proved to his coal baron colleagues that it pays to break up the miners' union.

Praises Lewis.

Since these are his figures the actual condition is undoubtedly much worse. Drunk by his successes he proceeded to singing odes to Lewis.

Referring to the strike he said:

"On the operators' side they know that the present conflict is an 'industrial war which has lasted twice as long as the world war.' On the other side the miners have a great general. When the history of labor will be written, he will be recognized as one of the great labor leaders of our country.

"In the old days things were bad when the companies were compelled to sign with the men nationally. Lewis has taken a great step forward by permitting individual companies to sign."

Lewis stands branded as a most despicable, miserable, prostituted tool of the coal interests and with him his clique of flunkeys.

His present strategy of draining the U. M. W. A. of all its progressive, potent, militant, virile and honest elements is directly in line with the needs and wishes of the coal barons to further devitalize and demoralize, the disunited and shrinking union.

"Open Shop" is the program of the Mellon-Rockefeller-Schwab-Morgan and other big capitalist interests. "To smash the U. M. W. A." is their next step. John L. Lewis is the servile messenger boy to do this dirty job. Lewis, of course, does not think it time yet to go the way of his once bosom friend, Mr. Farrington. He still can be more useful to the coal operators.

However, the "Lewises must go" storm clouds are, the symbols and the left wing and progressive forces are the guarantee that Lewis and his whole pack of wolves will go.

Leadership of Left Wing.

In this whole messy and confused situation the national organized left wing forces are the healthy kernel giving the miners leadership and understanding in their struggles, and laying a base for re-building the union and not permitting its being smashed.

The September national convention of the miners is the only bright star on which are centered the hopes, not only of the entire miners, rank and file, but of the entire labor movement of the United States.

Down with the misleaders of labor!

All power to the progressive miners' forces!

On to the September 9 convention!

Japan's Stranglehold on Shantung Province

(Continued.)

Since the beginning of 1927 mass arrests and executions have been taking place in Manchuria. The Japanese authorities have taken the finger prints of the Chinese railway workers along the whole of the South Manchurian railway line. In July, 1927, 48 Chinese Communists were arrested in Dairen because they had organized strikes in Japanese undertakings. In consequence of this Tong Ho-kao and many others were recently sentenced to death. In August a strike of 1,300 coolies took place in the mines of Pentchibu. The strike was drowned in blood by the Japanese troops.

Fight Reaction.

The movement against the reaction took on a mass character. In Mukden prices aro rising steadily and the Mukden paper assignats are steadily failing. At the beginning of this year the value of these assignats had fallen to one-fortieth of their nominal value. The lower officials are sabotaging, soldiers are deserting, police and teachers are striking, many factories have joined the strike wave.

In North China in the years 1927 and 1928 Chili and Shangtung were the first two provinces where the strike movement welled up.

Since the events in Tsinan the masses themselves have, despite the reprisals of the Kuomintang and the bloodhound Chiang Kai-shek, organized an anti-Japanese movement. This anti-Japanese movement is spreading in Tsinan, Tsingtau, Tientsin, Peking and also in Mukden.

Order is being maintained by Japanese troops alone.

At the same time the jealousy and competition between the powers is becoming more intense. Chang Tso-lin's former adviser, the Englishman, Simpson, had long been agitating for a resuscitation of the activity of British capital in North China where the revolutionary wave does as yet but little harm. In point of fact one can observe the beginnings of new activity on the part of the British in this direction. The United States is looking for new markets and Germany also is commencing to send its wares to North China and to Manchuria.

The Japanese imperialists are striving to conclude the work of building the railway lines, Shangtung-Girin-Kainei and Sypingai-Taunan-Tsitsikar. They would then like to lay their hands on the East China Railway and are preparing an attack upon the U. S. S. R. and its Primorskaya district.

V.

The military division of China is commencing. The Chinese national bourgeoisie has completely betrayed the national revolution. Whilst the Japanese troops were attacking the Southern army and bombarding Tsinan and the advance guard of the Southerners were putting up a desperate resistance to the Japanese, the commanders of the Japanese and the Chinese troops were shaking hands as a sign of "peace."

Only an immediate resuscitation of the international solidarity of the proletarian with the oppressed peoples can ward off the threatening catastrophe and prevent a bloody campaign against the Chinese people and the Chinese revolution.

The Chinese and Japanese proletarist already see the necessity of a common and joint struggle against Japanese imperialism and intervention in China and against the occupation of China by the Japanese militarists.

Told You So

NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER has burst into the limelight again with a bang. Nick is one of those fellows who needs no introduction, for where is the man with ears so deaf who has not heard of Columbia University? Because of his opposition to the prohibition of booze—not the prohibition of free speech on the campus—Butler is known among the irreverent as Nick the Bartender. He is a republican of considerable standing and his name has been frequently mentioned for the presidency. Nick is against the substitution of fusel oil for whiskey and a mixture of T. N. T. and ditchwater for beer. He is also against war with England and perhaps France, but not so that you notice it against war on Nicaragua.

• • •

NICK'S latest bid for public attention is a letter to the New York Times, in which he berates Hoover and the republican party for their evasive attitude on the Volstead act and Hoover's sponsoring of a navy that will command "respect." As a member of the Carnegie peace foundation, Nick objects to this. Now that Gene Tunney has disarmed and made an alliance with the Carnegie peace millions, there is no good reason why the United States should not turn its gun cotton into bathing suits.

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REPUBLICANS say that Nick's blast against Hoover doesn't mean anything; the democrats say that it means much. Nick's next move will be to walk down Broadway arm in arm with John J. Raskob, who is busily engaged making the democratic party respectable. John will have nobody around him who is not worth at least a million. Democrats are going to be as scarce in the democratic party pretty soon as Negroes in the Ku Klux Klan.

• • •

JUST the same Nick pulled off a dirty trick on the Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton. Roach was having the time of his life, breaking into the front page daily, until Nick shoved him over into the want ad section. Now, it will take the discovery of a brewery in Calvary Baptist Church to win him back his rightful position in the news. Of course, our readers know something of the fit-throwing fundamentalist, but perhaps not all of them have heard of the recent purchase of a hotel by Roach for $50,000. And, shucks! What did a blackguardly reporter do but purchase a quart of whiskey in the place and invite Roach to have a snifter. Roach did not blame the devil, but he blamed Al. It was a dirty trick, anyhow.

• • •

BECAUSE the war department plundered a Washington dog pound for subjects on which to test a new brand of poison gas there is considerable indignation among the members of the Animal Rescue League and other humanitarian organizations. A deaconess of the House of Mercy had a friend who wanted a dog, her husband presumably being a congressman. The lady of mercy went to the dog-pound and picked a sadfaced little terrier. Her kindly nature took pity on him and she thot he would be just the kind of a little animal to counteract the atmosphere created by the other member of her friend's household.

• • •

BUT the deaconess was informed that before she could have the dog she must present the pound-keeper with papers signed by a notary public giving assurance that the animal would not be used for vivisection or otherwise subjected to cruel and unusual punishment. When the lady returned with the papers, fancy her embarrassment when she was informed that the war department ordered the terrier and the other dogs in the pound sent to Maryland, to be used in experiments with poisonous war gases. Perhaps the members of the Animal Rescue League are of the opinion that with so many unemployed around there is no necessity for the war department to pick on the dogs.

• • •

RIGHT on the heels of the Kellogg pact for the outlawry of war, comes news of the renewal of the entente cordials between England and France. Of course the Kellogg treaty is about as effective an instrument for the prevention of a war as the incantations of medicine man against the ravages of an epidemic of cholera morbus.

Tom O'Flaherty

TO HOLD 3 DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST KELLOGG PACT TODAY

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker
WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY
EDITION

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SOVIET INDUSTRY 81% SOCIALIZED, REPORT REVEALS

HEDLEY DODGES; BLAME WORKER IN I. R. T. WRECK

Interborough to Use Accident to Get 7-Cent Fare

Company Whitewashed

The sixteenth Times Square subway wreck victim died in Bellevue Hospital today and five of the other 110 injured were in a critical condition as three official investigations into Manhattan's worst underground traffic accident continued to make reports to the district attorney's office.

• • •

With the total of deaths as a result of the I. R. T. disaster on Friday mounting to 15, elaborate maneuvers have been begun by the Tammany city officials seeking to whitewash the Interborough of criminal responsibility for the accident and to shift the blame on the undermanned, miserably underpaid and overworked staff of the company.

The victim selected is William S. Baldwin, I. R. T. maintenance foreman. The chief tactician of Tammany Hall in its role of shielding the Interborough and its officials is District Attorney Banton, who has placed the blame on Baldwin. Actively co-operating with the District Attorney is the Tammany-controlled Transit Commission which is conducting an "investigation" into the accident. Saturday afternoon it issued its first report in which, without directly blaming Baldwin, it attributes the accident to "man failure." No word is said of the Interborough's responsibility.

The Transit Commission's "investigation," as well as the district attorney's quick action in whitewashing the company and blaming the worker are also seen as maneuvers intended to permit the Interborough to evade financial liability for the accident, thus defrauding victims and their relatives of any damages they might succeed in wringing from the I. R. T.

MAT WOLL IN FUR UNION S O S CALL

Howls in Horror Over New Fur Union

In a final despairing gesture, Matthew Woll, chairman of the American Federation of Labor committee in charge of the fight against the left wing and Communists in the needle trades unions, issued an appeal to all unions of the A. F. of L. to assist him in his fight against the left wing, which is fast regaining control of that industry.

Frantic at the spectacle presented by the almost completely annihilated A. F. of L. International Fur Work-

Continued on Page Two

YOUNG WORKER JAILED 9 TIMES

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KENOSHA, Wis., Aug. 26.—For the ninth time in the last two months, Samuel A. Herman, a member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, has been arrested by a boss-controlled police force of Kenosha.

Herman was speaking at an open-air meeting arranged by the Young Workers (Communist) League in front of the Nash Motor Company here during the noon hour. A crowd of over 400 workers were listening attentively as the league speaker exposed the republican, democratic and socialist parties as organizations opposed to the interests of the working class.

The speaker was in the midst of an appeal to the workers present, urging them to support the candidates of the Workers (Communist)

Continued on Page Three

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 26.—Teachers in Fulton county schools secured a pay raise through the activity of the local Federation of Trades.

Taxi Drivers' Union Formed; Assail Abuses

The organization of a Taxi Chauffeurs Union with probable tie-up of all taxi traffic in New York city in the near future if the demands of the new organization are not complied with by the bosses, has been announced by the Union Organization Committee of the new union.

Speaking for the Taxi Chauffeurs Union Charles Kroll, secretary of the organization, declared that the drivers were determined that the time had come to put an end to the abuses by fleet owners and corporations.

A similar statement has been issued by the Organization Committee.

Abuses on the part of bosses and foremen in the taxicab garages, being compelled to drive cars in bad condition, often with faulty brakes, and police control of the Hack License Bureau are among the abuses cited by the committee in its statement.

In reference to the latter abuse, the announcement points to the discrimination to which it leads in the streets and courts.

Hackmen are frequently compelled to stand two trials once in court and again before the Hack Bureau, tho this is contrary to the American Constitution.

Members of the Organization Committee of the union declare that enthusiasm for the new union is in direct proportion to the resentment of the chauffeurs for the abuses which they have been forced to suffer in the past.

Widespread sympathy is reported and the committee believes that the growth of the union will be swift.

INDIA TACTICS ARE DISCUSSED

Kussinen Speaks at Red Congress

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 24.—At the fortieth session of the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International, which was devoted to the closing of the debate on the colonial question, Kussinen took up the criticism of the theses presented by Bukharin, point by point, concentrating his remarks especially on the criticisms made by the British delegation.

"I will deal first with the criticism of the theses," he declared. "I myself pointed to the insufficient treatment in the theses of the role of the colonial peasantry, but Heller's statement that this question is not treated at all is incorrect. The main idea of the theses is the independent role of the proletariat in the colonial revolution. The theses gave us the chief task of the Communist Parties in the colonies, independent political trade union organization of the proletariat.

"Losovsky's reproach that the dictatorship of the proletariat and peasantry is not sufficiently treated is unjustified," Kussinen continued.

To the theory of decolonization and industrialization, the speaker devoted most of his remaining remarks. The theses assumes a certain fostering of industrial development by imperialism in the colonies, for the capitalist exploitation of the colonies is not only robbery, but also a capitalist exploitation which is impossible without a certain development of production. Native capital is partly a by-product of imperialism, partly a by-product of the development of production. However, imperialism prevents greater development of colonial productive forces.

"Bennet says," continued Kus-

Continued on Page Five

Sign Kellogg Imperialist War Pact Against USSR at Paris Today

SEE TREATY AS NEW MOVE FOR ANTI-USSR BLOC

Leading Imperialists Will Attend Confab

War Maneuver Is Seen

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Last minute arrangements for the pageant which the French government will attempt to make of the signing of the multilateral "peace" treaty here tomorrow were being hurried thru tonight.

The American secretary of state, Kellogg, spent the day in a round of ceremonial visits and has expressed himself as gratified. It is understood that he at first suffered from grave fears that the French workers would harry him with demonstrations.

No further progress is reported on the question of a discussion of the "peace" treaty by a representative of the Soviet Union.

Receipt of a communication from the Spanish government has also been announced. The Spanish communication states that the government regrets its omission from the signers of the multilateral pact tomorrow.

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PARIS, Aug. 26.—On the eve of the signing of the Kellogg multilateral peace treaty here, rumors

Continued on Page Five

MEETS TO HIT KELLOGG PACT

3 Demonstrations in New York Today

The signing of the Kellogg peace pact in Paris today against the background of extensive military maneuvers and "sham" warfare now carried on by the imperialist powers of Europe will be the occasion for three demonstrations to be staged today by the New York branch of All-American Anti-Imperialist League, according to a statement issued by this organization at its headquarters, Room 536, 799 Broadway.

These demonstrations will take place at Wall St. and Nassau St. at noon; at Union Square, 5 p.m., and Columbus Circle at 8 p.m.

"As an instrument for outlawing war the Kellogg pact is both in intent and content but an empty gesture," the statement continued. "It is, however, an act of the most far-reaching significance since it is a maneuver on the part of the powers of the United States for preferred position in the realignment of the imperialist powers of the world in preparation for the next war."

The tremendous increase in appropriations for military operations as well as the exclusion of the Soviet Union from the ranks of signatories of this treaty, belied the intention of its offer from making it an instrument for a warless world.

The Anti-Imperialist League, under whose auspices the Wall street Independence Day demonstration in front of the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. was staged, is planning an intensive campaign to expose the efforts of the imperialist powers to create a smoke screen for the preparations of the next war.

CANCER KILLS WORKERS

Highest Death Rate Among Workers

Continued investigation of the role which smoke and gas fumes play in connection with cancer, has brought to light the fact that workers living in the slums and workers employed in factories where light and heating facilities are deficient, make up, by far, the greatest number of deaths as a result of the fatal disease. Workers employed in mines, in smelting factories, at dockyards, railroad yards, and in open-air work in the midst of great industrial centers like Pittsburgh, are affected by the disease much more rapidly and seriously than those employed in other and lighter activities.

Although the statistics for many years back had shown that the death rate from cancer was highest among the workers and poor people living in the slums, no ac-

Continued on Page Three

Bringing Up the Dead From New York's Latest Interborough Crash

The number of dead in the tragic subway disaster at Times Square, New York City, last Friday night has not yet been exactly ascertained. The number of victims mangled beyond recognition is huge and much time must be spent putting into some semblance of once living persons the parts of bodies which were found dozens of feet from the pillar which the crowded train leaped the rails. Above, one of the earliest removals at 41st St. and 7th Avenue.

THE U. S. S. R. AND THE KELLOGG PACT

Declaration of Foreign Commissar Tchicherin to the Press

George Chicherin, People's Commissar for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, recently made the following statement to the press:

• • •

The so-called Kellogg Pact, or more correctly said the reciprocal agreement on the outlawing of war as a weapon of national policy has occupied the centre of general attention since December last. During this period there has taken place a lively exchange of opinion between the Powers regarding the drawing up of this pact; nevertheless they did not think of inviting the Soviet Union to take part in these discussions. Obviously the governments conducting and taking part in these negotiations must have in mind the question of inviting the Soviet Union to participate, and from their standpoint they have adequate reasons for refraining from doing so.

This circumstance can only serve to emphasize the real object of the conclusion of the so-called Kellogg Pact.

Weapon Against U. S. S. R.

The exclusion of the Soviet government from these negotiations leads us in the first place to the assumption that, among the real objects of the initiators of this pact there obviously was and is the endeavor to make of this pact a weapon for isloating and fighting against the Soviet Union. The negotiations regarding the conclusion of the Kellogg pact are obviously an integral part of the policy of encircling the Soviet Union which at this moment occupies the central point of the international relations of the whole world. I would remind you that our delegate Comrade Litvinov, on his return from the December meeting of the Preparatory Commission on Disarmament, gave in his report a short analysis of the Kellogg proposals regarding the conclusions of a pact and ably showed that the "outlawing of war as a weapon of national policy" is synonymous with preparing war as a weapon of international counter-revolution.

The real purpose of the Kellogg Pact is shown yet more plainly by the French reservations submitted to the American government in the Note of June 23, when sending the second editing of the Pact to the initiatory Powers. The American government had pointed out that the second editing had the object of giving expression to the French demands. In its reply to this Note the French government emphasized in a still more undisguised manner that the Kellogg Pact aimed at protecting the international relations which are laid down in treaties, which idea was also expressed, although in a less outspoken form, by the American government when sending the second editing of the Pact.

The French government sets up war aimed at the carrying out of national policy, against war which is to perpetuate the existing relations, laid down in treaties, of the interested nations. According to the view of the French government, in the first case the government in question acts of itself, independently of the existing relations to other states. The second case would mean that states would conduct a war to secure the existing relations laid down in treaties. For this very reason the treaties France has with Poland and Rumania belong to the totality of the general system of present day treaty relations, so that a war arising out of these treaties would not be a war as a weapon of national policy but a war to perpetuate the existing peaceful and friendly relations between the signatories of the Pact.

War Against Soviet Union.

When the American government, when sending the second editing of the Kellogg pact to the initiatory powers on June 23, pointed out that this second editing realized the French demands, it was not attempting to deceive. The Pact actually states that the states participating in the agreement renounce war as a national policy, in order to perpetuate the existing peaceful and friendly relations between their peoples. In its accompanying Note of June 23, the American government declares in detail that the Statute of the League of Nations, as also the Locarno agreement and the agreements between France and a number of powers are included in the relations mentioned in the Kellogg Pact. This clearly shows that **the Kellogg pact is an integral part of the war preparations against the Soviet Union.**

The same also applies to the English reservations, according to which the defense of a number of areas in various parts of the earth is necessary in order to secure the British empire, and for which reason Great Britain joins in the Kellogg Pact only on condition that this fact is expressly stated and that it retains freedom of action regarding the defense of these areas.

In its Note of June 23, the American government refers to the answers of the English and the French governments, and points out that none of the reservations made by the one or the other government contradicts the second editing of the Pact. The American government, moreover, asserts that the Pact fully secures the lawful interests of all parties participating in it. The American government goes still farther and declares that any nation, at any moment regardless of the provisions of the treaties, has the right to decide whether circumstances call for it to resort to war as a means of lawful defense, and that the whole world will applaud when the nation in question fights for a good cause.

None of the initiatory powers of the Pact has raised any objection to this clear formulation of the sense of this Pact. None of these Powers has opposed it. In my opinion it must be clear to everybody that the point of this whole diplomatic action of the leading world Powers is directed against the Soviet Union.

Soviet Union Excluded.

Recently some new facts in international relations have come to be added to the Kellogg Pact. A considerable portion of the German press is conducting a campaign for the inclusion of the Soviet Union in the Pact. Some English Liberal newspapers, as the "Daily News" and some French Left papers, as well as a part of the American press, have begun to speak in the same tone. That part of public opinion finding expression in these newspapers has raised the question whether it is not possible for the Soviet Union to participate in the Kellogg Pact and whether the Soviet Union has been invited to participate.

I must reply to this question by declaring that it is not yet too late for this. The Pact has not yet been signed. Negotiations regarding its content can still take place with the Soviet Union. **Although the so-called original signatories of the Pact have already come to an agreement among themselves, they would have full possibility, if they wished to make the Pact something else than a weapon in the preparation of war against the Soviet Union, to enter into negotiations with the Soviet government. Their inclination or disinclination to conduct negotiations with the Soviet government on this question will serve to prove what their actual aim is—peace or the preparation for war. I can declare that our government is prepared to take part in these negotiations. The issue will depend upon the content of these negotiations. But the Soviet government is of the opinion that the possibility of it, too, signing the Kellogg Pact is not excluded.**

Up to the present our government has not received an invitation to take part in these negotiations nor the text of the agreement itself, nor even the proposals and reservations to the project made by the other Powers. Only if we are served with the official Notes can we take part in these negotiations and in the event of favorable conditions, also sign the Pact.

Soviet Union's Anti-War Policy.

It is one of the fundamental aims of the Soviet Union to put an end to war. Our government directs its whole policy towards abolishing the possibility of any war. Whatever the objective results

Continued on Page Two

REAL WAGES FAR ABOVE PRE-WAR LEVEL; BIG GAIN IS MADE IN AGRICULTURE

World Congress of Communist International Hears Varga's Report

Rapidly Improving Conditions of Peasantry Is Also Pointed Out

MOSCOW, Aug. 26.—"With real wages in the Soviet Union 134 per cent of the pre-war level, with all industries except the iron and steel long past the pre-war level, and agriculture developing more quickly than in all capitalist countries, the economic condition in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics has clearly proved the socialist system far superior to that of capitalism."

This, and the fact that industry in the Soviet Union is 81 per cent socialized, was revealed in a statement by E. Varga in a report to the forty-first session of the World Congress of the Communist International, now in progress in Moscow.

Other highlights of the report show the Soviet state and cooperatives now control 81 per cent of industry in the U. S. S. R.; that the kulaks, or rich peasantry, control only 12 per cent of the harvest and represent no real danger to the poor peasants, and that the five-year plan provides for a 14 per cent increase in production; an increase in agriculture of from 30 to 40 per cent, and an increase of fifty per cent in real wages. The text of Varga's report follows:

The economic situation in the Soviet Union and the existence of the U. S. S. R. has proven the existence of capitalism unnecessary. Industry, with the exception of iron and steel is long past the pre-war level. Since 1921 agriculture has been developing faster than elsewhere, as also industry.

Better Standards.

The capitalist states took great loans in order to carry out reconstruction, but the Soviet Union managed practically from its own forces. The U. S. S. R. accumulated, not including the peasantry, thirteen milliards of gold roubles. The standard of the life of the toilers has considerably increased.

The yearly population increase totals three millions. Mortality is rapidly decreasing. Cholera has been wiped out, typhus and tuberculosis greatly diminished. There is a tremendous cultural development on the part of the former oppressed nationalities.

Soviet Union industry is divided into socialist and private. The former is growing much quicker than the latter.

The socialist share of the industry is eighty-one per cent. The cooperatives are growing rapidly. Production and the means of production are growing more rapidly than is normal in industry. Real wages are 134 per cent of the pre-war level.

The situation of the peasantry is considerably improved. The capitalist contention that the workers are living at the expense of the peasants is a lie. The Kulaks control only twelve per cent of the harvest and represent no serious danger. The poor peasant is the ally of the proletariat, the middle peasant hesitant. The Kulak is hostile, but without the middle peasant not a powerful factor. Despite the plan of economy difficulties exist. There is an essential difference between the U. S. S. R. crises and capitalist crises. The richer capitalism is, the more crises, the richer the U. S. S. R., the fewer crises.

Capitalist unemployment is caused by a superfluity of means of pro-

Continued on Page Three

COLLECTIONS TO BE CONTINUED ANOTHER WEEK

Police Threats Fail to Halt the Plans of Communist Drive

Because she demanded the return of the Workers Party campaign fund collection box full of coins which the police had confiscated, Jennie Kliedman had her suspended sentence recalled and was ordered held for trial today by Magistrate Flood in West Side Court.

• • •

Continuing the threats of the Department of Public Welfare against workers collecting for the Red Election Campaign Fund, James W. Kelly, deputy commissioner of the department, has issued a statement "explaining" the action of Commissioner Bird S. Coler, who previously had denounced the drive and incited the police to take a hand.

Simultaneously the Workers (Communist) Party has announced that despite police persecution the drive would be continued throughout the week of August 27. It was originally scheduled to be held only from Aug. 20 to 25. In a statement issued last night explaining this move, John J. Ballam, acting district organizer, declares:

"The returns thus far from collectors who have gone out among the workers in behalf of the Red Election Campaign Fund indicates that there is a tremendously favorable sentiment for our party at this time. This favorable sentiment must be tapped and utilized to the fullest extent.

Difficulties.

"Certain objective difficulties have arisen, which have prevented us from capitalizing sufficiently in the Red Week arranged for August 20 to 25. The postponement of the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration has

Continued on Page Two

FIGHTS TO FREE JAILED HUSBAND

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 26.—During the visit here of Mrs. Eugene Barnett, wife of Eugene Barnett, one of the leading Centralia I. W. W. prisoners now confined in Walla Walla, Washington, penitentiary, who came at the invitation of the International Labor Defense and the Centralia Liberation Committee, many meetings of labor organizations were arranged at which Mrs. Barnett and her young son, Clifford, spoke, urging support to the campaign now being conducted for the release of the eight men.

• • •

WHEN Mrs. Barnett visited the hall of the I. W. W. to speak there, and thank the members for their past support to the campaign,

Continued on Page Three

DENGUE EPIDEMIC

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 26 (UP).—The epidemic of dengue which has taken a large toll of lives in Greece recently, continued unabated last week and the heat wave today gave no indication of relief.

Negro Workers Cheer Moore, Padmore at Big Labor Congress Meeting in Brooklyn

SPEAKERS URGE ALL TO SUPPORT WORKERS PARTY

"Only Freedom Lies in Class Organization"

Warning against the spread north of Southern institutions prejudicial to the Negro masses and pointing out that the only hope of the Negro is to organize as workers and strengthen their power by alliance with those sections of the exploited white workers who are class-conscious and ready for such an alliance, leaders of the American Negro Labor Congress received tremendous ovations from a large crowd of Negro workers who turned out Friday night for the organization's mass meeting at Boyles Mem. M. E. Zion Church, Gates Ave. and Irving Pl., Brooklyn.

"You can talk until doomsday about freedom," Richard B. Moore, National Organizer of the A. N. L. C. told the meeting, "you can talk until doomsday about emancipation, but unless you organize the only class which has the power and the will to struggle for emancipation, your talk is useless.

Organize Labor Power.

"Not until the Negro masses organize their labor power and unite with other oppressed groups and classes will we win our freedom. The only hope of the Negro is to organize as workers and strengthen their power with an alliance with the class-conscious white workers of America and the white, brown and yellow workers of the world."

Describing the American Negro Labor Congress as the basic Negro organization, fighting for better wages, better conditions of labor, equal pay for equal work, and against all inequalities, political, social or economic, the A. N. L. C. National Organizer warned the audience that there were two groups of white workers: those who still had the ideology of the bosses and aided the bosses in practising discrimination against colored workers, and those who had learned in the school of revolutionary activity that the interests of all workers, black, white and brown, were identical and were ready to make common cause with all sections of the working-class. "The American Negro Labor Congress is organized to smash the barriers raised in the trade unions by the first group and to force equal pay for equal work, equal opportunity for employment and equal representation in the unions," Moore said.

Henry Rosemond, secretary of the Haitian Patriotic Union and a member of long standing in the American Negro Labor Congress, urged upon the meeting the necessity of a militant organization such as this and called upon those present to show their sympathy with its aims and program not merely by applause but by becoming active members and helping to build up the Brooklyn Council of the American Negro Labor Congress.

Grace Campbell, chairman of the Harlem Educational Forum, gave a brief and interesting outline of working conditions among Negro women in the needle trades and other industries. She emphasized the necessity of these workers joining the unions in their industries.

Raps Old Political Parties.

Ripping the mask of false friendship from the Republican Party and showing it up in its true colors as a party dominated by financiers and employers whose exploiting interests were necessarily opposed to the interests of the exploited black and white workers, and further reminding his hearers of the traditional enmity of the Democratic Party, George Padmore called upon the Negro workers to vote for the party which by its working-class program and its outspoken, fearless advocacy of the interests of the Negro workers had shown itself the true friend of the Negro, the Workers (Communist) Party. He severely castigated Judge Atwell for his prejudiced remarks in a recent case before him, and warned that "Atwell is not individual. There are scores of Atwells come up from the South and trying to introduce Southern prejudice and Southern institutions in the North. We must meet this growing menace by eternal vigilance and effective working-class organization." Referring to the agitation for Africa for the Africans, Padmore told the meeting that "unless we are sufficiently organized, economically and politically, we will not be able to help our African brothers when they, taking courage from the heroic revolution of the Chinese masses, launch the inevitable revolution against capitalist-imperialist domination and exploitation."

LENINGRAD, Aug. 26.—Anna Bistrova, an Esthonian woman, has confessed to the Soviet authorities that she was engaged in organized espionage in Soviet territory since 1924.

She revealed a wide organization of which she was a part, according to an official announcement, and eleven other arrests were made on the basis of her confession. Most of those held were Russians.

At the same time 30 other persons were jailed on various charges in connection with alleged Esthonian-Latvian military and espionage in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

DOCTORS LEFT MINE STRIKER'S BABY TO DIE; HE COULD NOT PAY CASH

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 26.—Anthony Yelich tells a story of years of intense struggle, in the fight for a living wage and safer working conditions in the mines. Yelich is living in the Lilly Patch now, on the bank of a rising swamp, dark with filth. The stench caused by lack of sewage arrangements is so strong that the families of the patch find it difficult to sleep at night. Operations at the Lilly mine have not been resumed since the beginning of the strike some sixteen months ago, and there is practically no other work available for the men in a radius of many miles.

Both Tony and his wife are young. They have two children, four-year-old Tony and the baby, Rose. A third child died at birth. Little Tony was a "strike" baby, born out-of-doors, because his parents were evicted back in the 1924 strike.

Ten-months-old Rose is a "strike" baby, too. She is a tiny, yellow, shrunken infant, and looks much younger than she really is. When she developed convulsions one evening last week Yelich went first to one doctor, then to another and another, appealing for help. But Yelich had no money to pay in advance, and the doctors would not come. The fifth doctor finally agreed to come.

"We thought the baby would die sure, she was so bad," Yelich said, when he came to the National Miners Relief Committee headquarters for relief for the Lilly Patch. "But the doctors wouldn't come, because I didn't have any money. I was near crazy by the time I got to Dr. Houston over at Vesta Six he came. It's a hard life."

The Yelich family, like their many neighbors, have received no relief from the union during the past six months. Only the supplies sent by the National Miners Relief Committee kept the patch from being wiped out by famine. The baby has had no fresh milk in many months. The precious canned milk sent by the relief committee is mixed with water and sustains life in her shrunken little body, as it does for hundreds of other babies.

Young Mrs. Yelich is very ill, too. Stomach trouble, she says, brought on when she was feeding the baby. She had little or nothing to eat, herself. This acute form of stomach trouble is very common among recent mothers in the mining camps.

Because it is almost impossible for the relief committee to fill adequately the most fundamental needs, such as flour to bake bread with, it has been unable to take care of more than a fraction of the urgent appeals for medical help. Confinement cases, especially, are a great problem. Special appeals to workers everywhere are being broadcasted from the Pittsburgh office, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., asking for financial assistance to meet this vital need.

RED ELECTION MEETS THIS WEEK

To Present Platform of Class Struggle

The Workers (Communist) Party will present to the workers of New York City its program of the class struggle at a series of open-air meetings throughout the city this week. The meetings follow:

Today.

Rutgers Square—Hendin, Haltman, Wattenberg, I. Cohen, Haltz (Pioneer).

First Ave. and 49th St., N. Y.—Wright, Schalk, Summer, Schatzkumer (Pioneer).

Twenty-Eighth St. and Lexington Ave.—Schachtman, MacDonald, Severino.

Tomorrow.

Grand St. Ext. and Havemyer, Brooklyn—Bimba, Shapiro, G. Welsh, Kuhl (Pioneer).

Sutter and Williams, Brooklyn—B. Miller, Pasternack, J. Cohen, Mikels (Pioneer).

Longwood and Prospect Ave., Bronx—Tafe, LeRoy, Alkin, Wm. Margolis.

Lenox Ave. and 133rd St., N. Y. C.—Padmore, Powers, Suskins, Smith (Pioneer).

Wednesday, Aug. 29.

Second and 10th St.—Hendin, Joe Cohen, Peer, Goliger.

Union Square, N. Y.—Baum, Blake, Ross, Kaplan.

Wilkins and Intervale Ave., Bronx—Grecht, Primoff, Spiro, L. Margolies, Eisman (Pioneer).

Fleet St. and Flatbush Ave. Ext., Brooklyn—Padgug, Rosemond, Mindolla.

Seventh Ave. and 31st St., N. Y. C.—R. B. Moore, Green, Williams, Lamb, Baum (Pioneer).

Seventh Ave. and 137th St., N. Y. C.—Moore, Huiswood, Vera Bush, Himoff (Pioneer).

Passaic, N. J.—Gussakoff, Harrison.

Thursday, Aug. 30.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth St. and St. Ann's—Yusem, Cibulsky, Fishkoff, Green (Pioneer).

One Hundred and Fortieth St. and 8th Ave., N. Y.—Shapiro, Joe Cohen.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Nessin, Kastrell, Spiro, Gozigian, Berman (Pioneer).

Twenty-fifth St. and Mermaid Ave., Coney Island—Padgug, Lilianstein, Magliacano, Shafran.

Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria, L. I.—Schachtman, Abern, Vera Bush, Burke, Blake, Heder.

One Hundred and Sixth and Madison, N. Y.—Codkind, Schal, Sumner, Brantx (Pioneer).

Osborn and Dumont Aves., Brooklyn—Benjamin, Rosemond, Kindred, Julius Cohen.

Friday, Aug. 31.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Ballam, Ross.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn—LeRoy, Pasternack, Alkin, G. Welsh, Levitt (Pioneer).

Fifth Ave. and 110th, N. Y.—Taft, Huiswood, E. Welsh, Ruiz, Lyons, Repalsky (Pioneer).

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Wright, Freidman.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn—Nessin, Primoff, Rosemond, Mindola.

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn (4th Ave. line, B.-M. T.)—Powers, Donaldson, Magliacano, Macdonald, Chalupski, J. Taft (Pioneer).

Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.)—Markoff, Russak.

Saturday, Sept. 1.

First Ave. and 19th St., N. Y.—Markoff, E. Welsh, Napoli, Rolfe Galiger.

West New York, N. J.—Padmore, Szepesey.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—B. Smith, L. Duke, Rosen (Pioneer).

Elizabeth, N. J. (Union Square)—Yusem, R. Duke.

Rifts Widen Between Nanking War-lords as Pai and Yen Contend

PEKING, Aug. 26.—Rifts between the Nanking generals are slowly but surely widening, the open opposition between General Yen Hsi-shan and General Pai Chun-hsi being particularly prominent now.

Pai Chung-hsi enjoys the patronage of Chiang Kai-shek and it is alleged feels safe in flouting the orders of Yen Hsi-shen, who is his immediate superior.

Backed by an army of 120,000 men, Pai is doing his utmost to establish his position as a contending war-lord until such a time as it is supposed he will feel sufficiently strong to declare himself independent.

De Rivera Program to Provide for Harsher Laws Against Labor

MADRID, Spain, Aug. 26.—General Primo de Rivera, has announced to the Union Patriotica, the only political party legalized under his dictatorship, that the anniversary of his accession to office will be the occasion for the proclamation of a new administrative program.

The program will launch an attack upon leaders and organizations who have opposed the government and have urged the workers to protest against their oppression by the present regime.

POLICE ATTACK SACCO MEETING

Arrest 13 at Rockford Memorial

ROCKFORD, Ill., (By Mail).—Continuing their drive against the Young Workers (Communist) League, police broke up a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting held here Wednesday evening under the auspices of the League.

A large crowd of workers had gathered at the meeting, which was held at Broadway and Eighth Sts.

As the first speaker, Max Appleman, launched into an explanation of the class justice which brought about the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti, a squad of policemen and plain clothes men surrounded the meeting. The speaker was immediately pulled down and many other League members, who were identified by plain clothes men, were also lined up. Thirteen in all were arrested.

They were then marched in a body down the main street of Rockford to the police sub-station. Marching down the street, the sang the International and the Red Flag.

Upon arrival at the city jail they were questioned, and Max Appleman was charged with speaking without a permit, while Zip Khoehis was charged with distributing leaflets. The other 11 workers, after a warning from the chief of police, were released.

WAITERS' UNION ENDS STRIKES

Settlement Permits Discrimination

Strikes involving five restaurants, with over forty waiters and waitresses, have been announced today as "settled" by Louis Rifkin, president of Local 1, Waiters and Waitresses, American Federation of Labor. The restaurants included the three Trufood chain places, on 39th, 40th and 44th Sts.; the Elkwood, 149th St. and Third Ave., and Stempler's Exchange Bakery and Restaurant on 21st St., on strike for the past three years.

The latter place is notorious because of the long court fight of the bosses to secure an injunction against picketing. When the judge refused to grant an injunction, it was hailed by the American Federation of Labor as a great victory.

At Thursday's meeting of Local 1, however, a proposal to hold a "legal celebration," at which some New York judges and lawyers were to be guests of honor, along with members of the New York Restaurant Owners' Association, union officials, and, incidentally, a few strikers and union members, was voted down by the membership. No celebration of any kind will be held until a committee of five from the union membership has reported back to the union after a conference with the official strike committee. And, if a "celebration" is then decided on, a big fight is expected over the question as to whether judges, lawyers and bosses are allowed to join, according to statements of the rank and file.

In the meantime, much dissatisfaction is expressed by the strikers because two of the leaders were discriminated against in the Trufood settlement; one being taken back to work only after all the others refused to return without him. The question of the second being taken back is still undecided. Union officials refused to put up a fight for better conditions for a cook, who walked out in sympathy with the waiters; nor was any fight made for the reinstatement, with better conditions, of two "bus" boys who also joined the strikers. The new "union" contract is unsatisfactory in other respects; it allows for fewer men on the job and their replacement by women at longer hours and lower wages; also, some of those who scabbed despite the picket line still retain their jobs, though provision is made that they be laid off gradually.

BOSSES DEMAND TAILORS' SCALPS

Get Opportunity Thru Yellow Officials

Another conference between the employers and the right wing officials of the Ladies Tailors' Local 38 will be held today. The approaching expiration of the present agreement was used by the bosses as an opportunity to present a series of drastic demands for lowering the conditions of the union members, due to the fact that the union was weakened by the right wing clique now in power here and in the International. A statement was issued to the press by the left wing workers in that organization that states in part:

"The demoralization of the ladies' tailoring trade and also in Local 38, due to the policy of the right wing clique now in power, was brought to such a point that when the agreement is about to expire the employers have the audacity to put up demands to the union which, if accepted, would destroy the conditions that the workers have won after twenty years' struggle.

"It is clear that if the clique in the International had not created this situation in the union, the employers would not have dared to put up such demands to the local.

"At the membership meeting held Thursday night, August 23, at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., the agreement that the Couturier Association presented to Local 38 was read. This agreement was unanimously rejected.

"The reading of the impossible demands of the employers caused many members of Local 38 to stand up and demand that the general membership meeting elect two additional members to the Conference Committee that was appointed by the Executive Board of Local 38, in view of the struggle that the local will have to wage. This justifiable demand was rejected by the right wing chairman."

RED DRIVE TO BE CONTINUED

Workers Urged to Aid Communist Campaign

Continued from Page One

interfered with the meetings of many party units, and a number of comrades have therefore not received their boxes or shop collection lists. An added difficulty was the rainy weather which persisted throughout the week and also retarded collections.

"We have, therefore, decided to extend the collection period throughout the week of August 27, to give every comrade an opportunity to secure his quota of contributions to the party's campaign fund. We have assigned a quota of not less than five dollars, which must be raised by each comrade either through a collection list or a box, toward the party's campaign fund.

Coler's Attack.

"The extreme political importance of this drive is indicated by the fact that Bird S. Coler, Tammany Commissioner of Public Welfare, has seen fit to come out in the capitalist press openly denouncing the drive, in an attempt to demoralize the workers and frighten them from contributing to the Communist Campaign Fund. The results thus far have shown that this dastardly move on the part of Tammany Hall has had the opposite effect, and contributions have been prompt and generous.

"All comrades are therefore instructed to secure a box or a list, to utilize this week to complete their quota and to roll up a fitting answer to Bird S. Coler and his Wall Street masters in Tammany Hall."

State Trade Union Convention in Ky.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Aug. 26.—The annual convention of the State Federation of Labor will convene in the State Capitol on Monday, September 17.

THE U. S. S. R. AND THE KELLOGG PACT

Continued from Page One

of wars may be in the future it is the chief aim of the policy of our government to prevent any war. Among other wars we likewise strive to exclude also those which serve as a weapon of national policy. Our government, therefore, fully agrees that everything must be done in order to exclude the possibility of wars which serve national and imperialist policy as a weapon, but it regards the intended prohibition of these wars as insufficient. Our press has contributed a great deal towards making clear the real meaning of the Kellogg Pact. The criticism of the Kellogg Pact in our newspapers is necessary; in the event of our participation in these negotiations we would also propose alterations in this Pact which are necessary from our point of view.

No Disarmament in Pact.

Our government declares that the Pact, which is in itself already inadequate, is rendered of still less value by the reservations made by England and France, which give every party to the Pact the right to interpret it in the spirit of its own national or imperialist policy. Our government particularly points out that the Kellogg Pact loses value above all owing to the fact that it is not accompanied by any undertaking in regard to the question of disarmament.

The chief aim of the international policy of the Soviet Union is to preserve peace. The proposal of our government regarding disarmament is a plain authentication of this policy. Our government cannot neglect to make use of the American Pact proposal in order to proceed farther on the way of struggle for the preservation of general peace. But we fully realize that the attitude that the most influential portion of the press of Great Britain, France and of the United States is adopting in this question leaves us but little hope of the possibility of participating in the negotiations.

YOUNG TEXTILE STRIKERS MEET

Fall River Cops Stop Relief Meeting

(Special to the Daily Worker)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 26.—Anton Sousa, eighteen-year-old picket leader of the Fall River textile strikers, who was sentenced to six months in jail for his strike activities, was released when the International Labor Defense provided $2,200 in bail bonds. He promptly went to act as one of the speakers at a mass meeting of young mill workers called by the youth section of the Textile Mill Committees on Liberty Lot.

Joe Tarvis, another youthful strike leader, Jack Rubinstein, Bill Sroka, James Ried and Sousa spoke at the meeting.

After Ried had delivered a speech in which he urged the young workers to stand behind the union in its fight for improvement of the conditions of all workers, he received the pledges of the young strike leaders that the youth will not only support the struggle but continue to play a leading role in conducting and spreading the anti-wage-cut fight.

Police here stopped a mass meeting of the Workers' International Relief by lining up a large squad of patrolmen outside the hall rented by the strike aid organization, and thereby intimidating the hall owners who then refused to abide by their contract.

MORE CLERICALS IN OBREGON CASE

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 26.—Further statements of the police indicate that many more clericals are involved in the plot that succeeded in killing General Obregon and in an additional plot to kill President Calles.

Other details besides those contained in the previous statement have not been revealed, but as the investigation continues, the police state that others have been implicated, among them those who were the authors of the Celaya plot to poison Obregon and Calles.

In the meantime Toral, Mother Concepcion and the other clericals held have been transferred to Mexico City, where the investigation will continue.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

Ask McMillan to Aid Hassel Search

CHICAGO, Aug. 26. (UP).—Capt. Donald B. McMillan has been asked by the Field Museum here to give all possible assistance to agencies searching for Bert Hassell and Parker Cramer, missing Rockford, Ill., fliers.

Captain McMillan, who is leader of the museum's Rawson-McMillan Arctic Expedition, was messaged by museum officials after receipt of a telegram from Clarence M. Young, Director of Aeronautics of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, suggesting that the expedition's ships might be invaluable in the search.

It is believed the expedition has sailed from Nain, Labrador, on its return voyage.

NEEDLE WORKERS HOLD RED RALLY

To Endorse Communist Election Candidates

Workers in all crafts of the needle trades industry will gather Wednesday evening at a mass meeting in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Pl. to endorse the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party in the coming presidential elections. The meeting will be held immediately after work. Ben Gitlow, Communist candidate for the vice-presidency, will be the chief speaker.

The mass meeting is the result of the enthusiastic response from many thousands of needle trades workers to the recently published "Statement to Needle Trades Workers," issued by the National Committee of the Needle Trades Section of the Trade Union Educational League. This statement had called upon these workers to support the Communist candidates after pointing out that the "socialist" officialdom of the right wing unions had made an alliance with Tammany Hall Al Smith and the bosses to disrupt their organizations and destroy their union working standards.

All leaders of the left wing garment unions will speak at the meetings. They include Ben Gold, furrier leader; Charles S. Zimmerman, of the Cloakmaker's Union; H. Sazer, capmakers; Gladys Schechter, of the Millinery Union; S. Lipin, tailor; M. Yusim of the Young Workers League, and M. Ziebel, milliner. Rose Wortis, leader of the dressmakers will act as chairman.

According to the Needle Trades National Committee, which is the official sponsor of the meeting, a committee of 50 needle trades workers will be elected at the meeting to organize a campaign for mass support to the Party candidates among the masses of workers in the clothing industry.

MORE WORKERS ARE OUT OF JOBS

Official Report Shows Jobless Increase

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26 (UP).—Favorable reports on the general industrial and business situation came from the Federal Reserve Board tonight while the American Federation of Labor noted a slight increase in the number of unemployed during July.

The Reserve Board survey showed industrial and trade activity on a larger volume in July than is usual in midsummer with the general level of commodity prices advanced slightly.

A survey of 24 cities made by the American Federationist revealed a one per cent increase in the number of organized wage earners out of work. Preliminary figures for August show but a slight change over the July situation.

"Production of manufactures and minerals showed a smaller decrease than is usual in July," the Federal Board reported, "and the index of industrial production, which made allowance for seasonal variations, advanced."

NICE, France, Aug. 26.—The Italian consul at Nice, Marquis di Muro, was wounded today by a gunshot fired from behind the iron grill of the consulate garden.

Atlhough the man who attempted the assassination was not seen, police here claim that they have evidence that will involve a number of anti-fascists.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

U. S. S. R.-BRITISH WOODWORKERS IN UNITY PROGRAM

Promise Mutu . Aid; to Fight War

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By Mail).—A further step towards the solidarity of the international working class and towards mutual assistance in time of conflict was taken by the woodworkers' unions of the Soviet Union and of Britain when both organizations ratified their agreement for the formation of an Anglo-Russian Woodworkers Committee.

The chief task of this committee is to render mutual, moral and material support in strikes and lockouts. The participants in the committee also undertake to fight energetically against international strikebreaking and against the reformist slogan of class peace in industry.

The political significance of the unity committee is further evidenced by its agreement to work for the prevention of the disruptive tactics of the imperialists and for the prevention of imperialist war.

The initiatory conference of the new Anglo-Russian Committee will take place in autumn when a program of action will be worked out and the practical tasks of the committee set.

MAT WOLL IN FUR UNION S O S CALL

Howls in Horror Over New Fur Union

Continued from Page One

ers Union, which is "international" in name only, since every important local of that organization has already affiliated to the new furriers' union recently established, Matthew outdid himself in the drawing up of ridiculous appeals.

"A direct challenge," says Woll in the declaration, "has just been issued by the Communist Party of Moscow to the A. F. of L." He then cries loudly about the new unions recently launched in the needle trades, textile and mining industry.

Although the statement is primarily supposed to be a broadside against the fur workers and the union they are building, Woll says very little that is specific about that organization. This is explainable when it is remembered that the new union was launched at the recent mass meeting with nearly every fur manufacturing and fur dressing local already affiliated and split off from the reactionary A. F. of L. skeleton organization.

However, he warns all furriers to keep away from the meetings called by the "reds."

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

With $18,000,000 in Munitions for Albania, Italy Prepares Balkan War

FASCISTS TURN MOUNTAIN STATE TO ARMED CAMP

Huge Force of Slaves Toils for Rome

VIENNA, Aug. 26.—Behind the move to proclaim Achmed Zogu king of Albania lies a whole network of Italian intrigue backed by a constant flow of rifles, machine guns and other materials of war from the peninsula to the smaller Balkan State, reports from Tirana reveal.

Accounts which would tend to show that the Italian ramification of all activities in Albania is greater by far than even the wariest of her foreign neighbors dreams have been leaking from that country within the last few days.

Eighteen million dollars worth of ammunition, rifles and artillery is said to be a conservative estimate of the war material which Italy has shipped to Albania in the past 18 months. War equipment to maintain an army of 300,000 men in the field is also reported as part of a plan by which it is believed the Italians hope to consolidate their interests in the Balkan peninsula.

Plans for building the Albanian army to a force of 100,000, in a nation of 800,000, are also contemplated by Rome and Achmed Zogu. Recruits are constantly being called into service and reservists called back for training.

Formerly it is alleged that Italian ships from such Adriatic ports as Brindisi and Bari, loaded to capacity with arms and ammunition, used to discharge their explosive cargo under cover of night in Albanian ports. Such materials are now being openly brought into the countr[illegible] they are carried off by fle[illegible]talian motor trucks waiting for them at the wharves. The materials are apparently stored with a view to present use against the Jugo-Slavs.

It is said that if the Albanian treasury were called upon to pay for a fraction of the war materials which have been imported in the last year and a half that the country would be bankrupt.

Scores of Italian army officers are meanwhile training the Albanian army and have been officially placed in command of Albanian regiments. All of the more important strategic positions are commanded by Italians, it is said.

Under the direction of the Italians, armies of Mohammetan laborers carry out the plans which are made in Rome and accepted in Tirana. These labor forces, living like animals on the slim proceeds of what is virtually forced labor, are said to be housed around the powder magazines, of whose contents they are kept in ignorance. The Italians are taking no chances with labor troubles.

Meanwhile fresh corps of officers and new shiploads of ammunition are constantly arriving from Italy.

FIGHTS TO FREE JAILED HUSBAND

Continued from Page One

she was deliberately ignored by the officials of the organization, it is reported, and left the hall after a few minutes' talk with some former friends. One of the local I. W. W. officials, one Clarke, made it clear to her that her presence was not desired.

* * *

It is known that the hostility of the local officials of the I. W. W. was due to the fact that Eugene Barnett and others of the Centralia prisoners have insisted that the movement for their release be not based on the narrow, sectarian conception of some of the I. W. W. spokesmen, but be placed on the broad and effective basis of the inclusion of such organizations as International Labor Defense and other labor bodies.

Such an attitude on the part of some of the I. W. W. officials, it is declared here, is not aiding but hampering the campaign for the release of the eight men which is gathering momentum and weight throughout the northwest.

WORKERS CANCER DEATH RATE HIGH

Continued from Page One

tion at all had been taken by the health departments in any city of the United States to publish these statistics or to attempt to remedy the situation. It was only recently, when private investigation forced the news of the cancer danger on the front pages of several newspapers, that the health department finally decided to "investigate" and "study" the problem.

This study, which has just been published by the department of health, timidly suggests that "cancer may be caused by constant exposure to smoke and fumes."

Mangled Bodies, Shapeless Steel, Price of the I. R. T. Greed

It is estimated that 2,000 men and women returning from work were aboard the I.R.T. train which jumped an open switch at Times Square last Friday night. Wedged tightly into the cars they had no chance to escape when the final disaster came. The picture shows workers rescuing bodies harpooned among the ribbons and blades of twisted steel wreckage.

INDUSTRIAL OCTOPUS

The Organization of the Auto Workers

(This is the final article in the series on "Automobile—Symbol of the Modern Slavery." What methods and strategy shall be used in the work or organizing this important branch of industry? What is the part which the Communists and the Workers (Communist) Party will play in this task?)

* * *

By BEN LIFSCHITZ

Generally speaking those workers who are exploited to a greater degree, the unskilled and lower grade of semi-skilled, are the easiest to reach, and are the first to respond in times of crisis.

However, this general correct principle must be applied in a real Leninist way. We must know the specific situation in the automobile industry. We must utilize the sharp dissatisfaction prevalent among the skilled crafts in the industry. The skilled crafts, the tool and die makers, at the present time earn between 85 cents and $1.10 an hour, which means that on the average makes little more than some workers in the production department. It is true they do not work so hard but the skilled worker in the metal industry always feels that he is not being paid sufficiently especially when he compares the wages he is getting to the wages of the skilled workers in the organized building trades.

Need to Study Conditions.

It is a known fact in the metal industry that in times of great strikes, such as 1917 and 1919 it was the tool makers who were the backbone of the movement. We must also pay special attention to those crafts where the work is particularly hard on the workers. The oil tenders and some of the workers of other crafts are worked so hard that it is not always easy for the company to get men to work on these jobs. We must, therefore, concentrate on these crafts using them as starting points, as a wedge to reach the other crafts. We must also bear in mind that some of the unskilled and semi-skilled are very much afraid to lose their jobs because it is much harder for them to find another job than it is for workers of the skilled crafts engaged in the key production positions.

Language Groups and Their Importance.

In Detroit and other automobile centers, there are scores of auxiliary organizations, such as fraternal societies, cooperatives, athletic clubs, dramatic societies and the like which offer splendid opportunities for doing organization work. These organizations are composed almost entirely of automobile workers, principally foreign born, and chiefly of Slavic origin. The workers in these organizations suffering from all the grievances that automobile workers suffer generally, are responsive to our organization and propaganda program. Their fraternal and other organizations offer us good opportunities for mass contact. They provide the means for extensive organization work which can be carried on under some measure of protection from the employers attacks. We must utilize this field to the utmost.

We must carry on an aggressive campaign in these proletarian organizations. Active propaganda must be carried on for the popularization of the workers demands and the exposure of the hard conditions in the industry. These organizations must be utilized for contacts to build the shop committees and for recruiting union members.

Build Shop Committees.

We must understand that to organize a union under the present conditions in the automobile industry is a most complicated problem. The industrial plutocrats will not allow any form of workers organization in their shops. They realize that no matter what form the workers' organizations may take in their shops, they can, especially when led by Communists, become effective organs of class struggle.

The spy system in the automobile industry is as thoro as it is in the steel industry. Not only do they have an industrial spy system in the plants but they use a system whereby they get "suckers" to spy for them in the company towns.

In Flint, Pontiac and all the other company controlled towns, the companies own the whole city government from the Justice of the Peace, to the mayor. In addition to this, all the real estate companies in these company towns are owned and controlled by the General Motors.

The companies have thus worked out a system whereby they kill the organization in its embryo. As soon as they are informed, through their spy system, of any organization work or even the mood of resistance on the part of some individual worker, they fire this worker and thereby kill the possibility of organization.

Work Carefully.

We must therefore realize that in order to build a real union, we must protect the more advanced workers who are willing to join the organization in the first stages of its development. We must therefore lay the basis for skeleton shop committees in as many departments as possible long before the union comes out in open challenge to the powers in the industry. This skeleton shop committee must be built up very carefully, using as the first medium of contact the most advanced and class conscious workers in the departments.

These workers are to make contact with those elements in their departments who show some indication of class consciousness, and who are dependable. As soon as sufficient contact is made in a given department, a meeting should be held of these workers and a department representative elected. It is not advisable, in the first stage of organization development, to call general meetings of all the workers who have joined the department groups. It would be dangerous because of the possibility of the spy coming in and breaking up the organization.

The representatives of these department groups should meet regularly to discuss the conditions and the grievances in the shops, thereby establishing a real medium of contact which will later enable the workers, when they are ready for action, to establish a functioning organization in the shop. Simultaneous with building up of these skeleton shop committees, it is necessary to carry on open agitation and propaganda at the factory gates. Shop papers must also become the real living expression of the grievances of the workers in the various departments and shops.

We must utilize every resistance on the part of the workers to broaden the class struggle, we must always point out to the workers that there is a fight all along the line. If they are to resist the wage cuts, stop the increasing speed-up and improve their conditions they must realize the general character of the struggle, must tie themselves up with the automobile workers in the United States.

The Role of the Party.

In the organiation campaign, the burden of leadership and general work will fall upon our Party comrades. The Party must be the driving force in the whole movement. This must be realized clearly and the proper conclusions drawn. There is no other organized group that can go through with an aggressive organizing campaign. The local progressive trade unionists are demoralized by the misleadership of such men as Batt and Martel. The socialists are practically nonexistant. It is no accident that the socialist party was conspicuous by its absence in the recent Flint strike. The socialist party is generally defunct in Michigan. The I. W. W. are few and demoralized with syndicalist illusions. Our Party represents the only firm and decisive body capable of carrying out such a task. The Communist Party is the leading force that must take the initiative and form the backbone of building up the resistance of the workers. It must crystalize the feelings of the workers and help them build a mass organization in order to fight successfully these gigantic combinations of American capitalism.

(END)

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

CUBA IMPORTANT ELEMENT IN U. S. MILITARY PLANS

Air Route Awards Make Island Focal Point

HAVANA, Cuba, Aug. 26.—A Cuba, bound hand and foot to American air predominance, has been envisaged and welcomed here following the awards of important mail carrying contracts to the Pan-American Airways Incorporated.

The Pan-American is owned by American investors and is contemplating the purchase of equipment valued at millions of dollars and comprising six new planes.

Each of these planes will be equipped with three 400-horsepower motors and can carry 1,000 pounds of freight and twelve passengers. The corporation has already called for bids for twenty and more passenger planes.

The contracts at present awarded call for service between the United States, Cuba, Porto Rico and Panama. This places the Island of Cuba in an enviable position as a commercial air focus and makes it an important unit in the American defenses in event of war. As the air key to the widely separated dependencies of the United States in the Caribbean Sea, Cuba now contemplates a future which will place her in the front rank as strategic element in American military plans.

YOUNG WORKER JAILED 9 TIMES

Kenosha Youth Has Militant Record

Continued from Page One

Party and to become members of the Party.

Suddenly, an automobile packed full of khaki-uniformed police, drew up to the spot where the meeting was being held. Without any preliminary warning, the police forcibly plowed their way through the crowd of workers, roughly seized Herman and placed him under arrest, just as several motorcycle police arrived and brutally ran their machines through the crowd of listeners.

As Herman was being driven off to the police station in the big police car, the workers, who knew him well, booed the police. Catcalls, cries of "dirty scabs in unform" and "let Herman go," were hurled at the defenders of big-business.

The young militant was held in the county jail incommunicado for several hours, until the local branch of the International Labor Defense came to his aid and bailed him out.

Mayor Had Kind-Word for Interborough

Surrounded by baskets of limbs and heads, the bodies of the dead and screaming men and women, burned, lacerated and crushed by one of the I.R.T.'s most tragic subway disasters, Mayor Walker last Friday night expressed himself as gratified by the solid subway construction on which the train hurtled killing a still uncertain number. "Terrible and deplorable as this is," the Mayor said, "we find some comfort in the splendid subway construction where a train would split in half [illegible] of column was destroyed. The rest of the structure is safe."

REPORT SHOWS USSR INDUSTRIALP ROGRESS

Continued from Page One

duction. Soviet unemployment is caused by lack of means of production. There is no over production. In the U. S. S. R., but a rise in production coupled with a rise in consumption. No crisis exists in the Soviet economic system, only partial difficulties. With intensification of agriculture a fivefold harvest is possible.

Agriculture has difficulties but no crisis. Grain purchasing difficulties have been overcome. Industrial production is more expensive in the Soviet Union than in the highly developed capitalist countries because many machine are old, many trained workers were lost in the civil wars and the degree exploitation is no so high. Export is smaller than before the war because the workers and peasants now consume more.

The grain export will grow in the future. With the export also import will grow.

Unemployment was largely caused by temporary causes. Only ten per cent of the unemployed are trained workers. The Donetz process showed technical deficiencies, but the first generation of revolutionary technicians is now entering industry. Despite difficulties in the Soviet Union, production is increasing at an unexampled speed.

The five-year plan provides for an 120 per cent increase in industrial production. This means production will be increased 144 per cent, agriculture 30 to 40 per cent. Real wages will be increased. The only danger for the proletarian dictatorship is the possibility, even the probability of a capitalist attack. The problem before this congress is how to prevent this attack, or if unpreventable how to turn it into a victorious proletarian revolution in the capitalist countries.

At the 42 session yesterday afternoon the situation and problems of the Communist Party in the Soviet Union was discussed; the roots of the Trotzkist ideology in class relations in the Soviet Union and the objective situation internationally were taken up.

Manuilski then polemised against Trotzky's ideas. He said that "the opposition in the whole world is defeated. The Leninist party is sufficiently strong to carry out successfully all the tasks of socialist construction until assistance from international proletariat arrives. The Communist Party knows that there is not a path more to the left than Leninism." Manuilski was applauded.

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Miner's Wife Urges Building of Strong Union; Pull Out the Rank Weeds, She Says

HANdOuTS

Twenty-four representatives from capitalist colleges in thirteen states decided to go to Chicago, spend six weeks "on their own" and prove that the reason the unemployed are so is because they don't want to work. One of these who taught highlights of economics in one of the bosses' hokum factories landed herself a nice job after four days making lamp shades at $3.50 a week. She managed to hold the job six weeks. Now she is back in her college again and will have to continue to teach her students that everybody has an equal opportunity under capitalism including the offspring of J. P. Morgan and Chicago workers. If she doesn't she will find herself in Chicago making lamp shades in dead earnest. The only difference will be she will have to live a whole week on that $3.50.

• • •

Comic Fellows

William Gibbs McAdoo, the strange bird who used to flourish around political conventions, if you can think far enough back, and whom most people thought was extinct, recently flew into the papers in the above bright feathers. McAdoo used to tell everybody he was a progressive and became famous due to his eagerness to become president. He is about as progressive as Ben Gold is reactionary. Beside him is Will Rogers who is also a comedian. Both boys get their biggest laughs when they never suspect they are funny. Rogers writes for the New York Times where he has as much freedom as he would have with his lariat rope in a china shop. McAdoo impelled by his boyish spirits, dolled himself up in the above costume to ride in the California fiesta. The fiesta is held to help boost the prices of Southern California real estate, of which, incidentally, McAdoo owns a large share.

• • •

Jim Walker, the Necktie mayor, took a ride in a subway and came out with the news that it was cool and comfortable. If the comic mayor should visit the Chicago stockyards he would probably say "What ideal surroundings."

• • •

More Society

"Ma, is this the Hula dancer Pa spoke of?"

"No, no. That's Mrs. Louis Beaumont."

"What does she work at?"

"She doesn't. While our folks get silicosis and radium poison she rests up from doing nothing at Lido Beach, Venice."

"Well, Ma, just why does she wear a dress like that?"

"That's a bathing suit."

"Why does she carry and umbrella?"

"She doesn't want to get it all wet."

Gems of Learning

Morris Hillquit, high priest of the socialist party:

"The Kellogg peace pact is receiving infinitely more attention abroad than home. To war-scarred Europe it promises outlawry of war by a solemn international pact on the initiation of the powerful American Republic. It is regarded as more than a mere diplomatic gesture."

Nowhere except in the socialist party.

M. C. H.

LEWIS CUT OFF RELIEF DURING BITTER WINTER

National Miners' Aid Sent Help

By a Woman Worker Correspondent

RENTON, Pa. (By Mail).—After reading several other papers I find that the Daily Worker and the Coal Digger are the only friends a working man has got. They are the only papers that tell the truth about the workers and what they are doing and what they have to say.

I read in one paper several things about the Save-the-Union Committee and so on. This paper also said that the money that has been raised for relief is being used to pay "fakers" such as the leaders of the Save-the-Union Committee who are trying to wreck the union. But I should like to ask who it was that wrecked the union if not the Lewis machine.

Cut Off Relief

The Lewis machine cut all the strikers of Renton off its relief list last March and ever since then we have been getting our beans from the National Miners Relief. All the locals that were cut off by the Lewis machine have been getting their relief from the same source.

This paper I am speaking of says that the Save-the-Union Committee is planning a conference in Pittsburgh on September 9 to organize a new union and to work it and put it in worse shape then it now is. The paper states that if the miners wanted to oust Lewis they would oust him at election time, but that the miners know that Lewis can't be put out till his time is up. I would like to know how Lewis can be put out by elections when he counts his own votes? I have heard the miners who went back to work on the non-union mine at Delmont, Pa., complain that the speakers were not here often enough, that is why they went back to work. Some say it is Anthony Minerich's fault, but some day these men will realize what Anthony Minerich did for them and is still trying to do for them to get better working conditions and better wages.

Scabs.

Some of you, maybe, can remember when Minerich led the picket line at White Valley and some of the men and women who never had been near a meeting except when they tried to call one for the purpose of going back to work, these people stood on top of hills and laughed and clapped when the state police beat up Anthony Minerich. These people remarked that they cannot strike for us union people, they thought that if they went on strike April 16, the strike would be won on April 17. But if they had been out for sixteen months as we have been they would know more about it. If they had put up a winter in the barracks without shoes and clothes and lacking food they would not say, "We can't strike."

And furthermore, some of the non-union miners I have heard have said, that if John L. Lewis were left alone he would have done better. But my opinion is that John L. Lewis was let alone too long, that is why he has got so proud that he thinks he is a better sport for helping the Mellon along. I think that if we women had organized in 1922 and got in line with the men, John L. Lewis would have gotten the seat worms and would have moved around a little faster and we would not be lost sheep as we are today. We would have a leader who would take care of us and not lose us. But the men at that time thought different.

Weed Out the Fakers.

I think that by this time Lewis has proved himself so wrong that all the miners who were on his side can see it. He does not care what a miner earns just as long as Lewis has his big salary. Mr. Clark and Mr. Feely used to come to our meetings, both men and women's, and they used to express themselves. We must weed the garden till it is clean; we must not have any weeds and then the garden will grow faster! But I think they knew that they were among the biggest weeds in the garden and needed to be cleaned out first.

Brothers and Sisters, these weeds have become very large and tall in the garden but they do not have much root to them, so I think it is getting easier to weed right along. Only we must organize strongly, both men and women, from coast to coast.

T. S.

Honduras Spurns U. S. "Arbitration" Proposal

TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras, Aug. 26.—The government of this republic has for the second time virtually rejected the arbitration proposals of the American state department.

The reply of the Honduran government to secretary Kellogg's request for re-consideration has not been published but it is understood that it re-states the government's previous stand on this issue.

To Succeed Hoover; Paper Mill Baron

William F. Whiting, at right above, has just been chosen by President Coolidge, with whom he is here posed, to succeed Herbert Hoover, Wall Street's republican candidate in the coming elections, as secretary of commerce. Whiting is head of a large paper manufacturing and distributing corporation.

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STEAMER ON FIRE

TUTUILA, Pago Pago, Aug. 26 (UP).—Fire was sweeping the starboard side of the British steamer Port Napier, a 12,000-ton vessel, as it was reported racing to this port.

With its cargo, consisting mainly of oil and matches, there was danger of fire spreadily rapidly.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

PHILADELPHIA COPS ARE PALS OF RUM GANGS

Fat Judge "Amazed"; Wants Probe

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By Mail).—Judge Edwin O. Lewis in Quarter Sessions Court called upon the August grand jury to make a searching "investigation" of the recent gang murders in this city.

The judge's charge to the grand jury makes an interesting sociological document and unwittingly reveals the real flowering of democracy in what is regarded as the typical American city, the birthplace of American "liberty."

In the address to the grand jury, Judge Lewis wants it to find out who are the persons comprising the gangs, why do these gangs exist, who are the leaders in the Philadelphia bootleg ring, who are the men said to be making millions of dollars profit, who are their accomplices who war upon the rival gangs.

Lewis was surprised and indignant to know that detectives fraternized with professional gangsters. The judge naively says, "I was amazed to think that police officers would be on friendly terms with known gangsters."

The writer ventures to suggest that the honorable is probably the only known person in Philadelphia to be amazed at the fact. But the judge asks the grand jury to find out what is back of it. "Why are the police in friendly terms with these men?"

One of the slain "racketeers," Hughey McLoon, was a daily companion of Magistrate Carney. Carney is one of the minor judges. So Judge Lewis instructs the grand jury to subpoena Magistrate Carney.

"What is supreme in Philadelphia law or lawlessness? Who is going to govern Philadelphia, the mayor, the courts and the police or these cowardly gangsters? You want to know about these gangs so that you can present indictments against crimes the evidence might indicate them to be guilty of. A good, healthy, courageous inquiry will do a lot of good and no harm. Now you go and make it. If you want any help come to me. I will give you all the help you want, no matter what it may cost the country."

All the police officials as well as the director of public safety, Davis, and District Attorney Monaghan, said they were "heart and soul" in support of the inquiry. To all probabilities the entire inquiry will amount to "small potatoes." The criminal and vicious elements of Philadelphia are too deeply and intimately connected with the republican organization for the ruling class of this city to permit any real expose. And elections are but two months away.

During the past two weeks, when the various gang murders and the shooting affairs of which the judge speaks took place, the police of Philadelphia were very busy. No, not against the gentlemen of the "rackets" with whom they fraternize, but against the workers of Philadelphia.

At every factory, shop or mill where there was a strike or possibility of a strike, were police, not singly or in pairs, but in squads. At every workers' gathering, at every workers' meeting, police and detectives were presnt.

During all this time many arrests were made. No, not of gangsters but of honest workers peaceably and legally trying to better their conditions. Does Judge Lewis demand an investigation of why police were at places where people were legally assembled? No. Judge Lewis does not care. And the grand jury would do well to ponder the fact that were the police and detectives assigned to work against the gangsters, instead of against workers the whole investigation might be unnecessary.

And are the gangsters now "afraid" and do they fear the investigation to be made? Evidently not. For less than twenty-four hours after the judge's dramatic charge to the grand jury there was an additional gang murder and another gang shooting at which a gangster was severely wounded.

—C. RABIN

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

BELGRADE PLANS TO JAIL CROAT PARTY LEADERS

Fear of Peasant Masses Causes Orders

VIENNA, Aug. 26.—Sheltering its action with a plea that leaders of the Croatian Peasant Party are attempting to split the kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, the Belgrade government is reported to be preparing to arrest those leaders, particularly Dr. Vlado Matchek, who is charged with having led agitation against the state.

In defense of its orders the government cites Matchek's newspaper interviews and the telegram which he is alleged to have sent to the Interparliamentary Congress in Berlin. In this he stated that the Jugo-Slav representatives in the Skuptchina were not the representatives of Croatia.

The other leader against whom the government is reported to be proceeding immediately is Deputy Kremjebich, leader of the separatist delegation at the Interparliamentary Congress.

While it is acting against the leaders of the Croatian Peasant Party the government is frank in admitting that it is the revolt of the masses of peasants which it fears. The demand for separation from Serbia has spread among the peasants and it is believed here that the action of the government in jailing the leaders of the party will have little effect in suspending the action of the peasants in Croatia.

1928
The Presidential Election and The Workers
By JAY LOVESTONE
20 cents

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The role of the major parties in the campaign.

The tasks facing the workers and what the Workers (Communist) Party means to them.

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'Caravan' Opening at Klaw; 'Eva the Fifth' Tomorrow

THIS week will see five new productions on Broadway. Three of the incoming plays will open this evening, "The Money Lender" and "Gentlemen of the Press," with "Eva the Fifth," scheduled for Tuesday, and "Ringside" and "Caravan" coming in on Wednesday.

"Caravan," a melodrama of gypsy life, by Clifford Pember and Ralph Cullinan, opening at the Klaw Wednesday night, will have Virginia Pemberton heading the cast. Others in the company include Elas Shelley, Barry Macullum, Robert Hyman, Jerome Daly and Leo Kennedy.

• • •

Roy Horniman's London success, "The Money Lender," will open at the Ambassador this evening with the sast headed by Herbert Clark, Katherine Standing, Grant Stewart and Isabel O.Madigan.

• • •

"Gentlemen of the Press," a newspaper comedy by Ward Morehouse, will be ushered in at the Henry Miller tonight. John Cromwell, Helen Flint, Hugh O'Conell and Carlotta Irvin are in the cast.

• • •

Tomorrow night, at the Little Theatre, "Eva the Fifth," a comedy by Kenyon Nicholson and John Golden, will have its premiere showing. The cast is headed by Claiborne Foster and includes Buford Armitage, Lois Shore, Sila Mack, Philip Barrison and Ross Hertz.

• • •

"Ringside," by Edward E. Parramore, Jr., Hyatt Daab and George Abbott, will be presented by Gene Buck at the Broadhurst Theatre. The large cast is headed by Robert Gleckler, Suzanne Caubaye, John Meehan, Richard Taber, Harriet MacGibbon and Joseph Crehan.

IBSEN CELEBRATION HELD IN LENINGRAD

An evening specially dedicated to the Ibsen Centenary was recently organized in Leningrad by the Vox, in conjunction with the Club of Scientific Workers.

An address on the works of Ibsen was given by Prof. K. N. Derzhavin, the Leningrad representative of Vox, and a special program was given by artists of the Academic Theatre and the State Conservatory of Music, consisting of scenes from Ibsen's plays and musical items connected with Ibsen's works.

GORDON CRAIG

With Sybil Thorndyke in "Dawn," showing at the Cameo Theatre this week.

"THE FEARLESS COSSACK," AT THE PLAYHOUSE, CHICAGO

"The Fearless Cossack," or "Taras Bulba," one of the most famous character creations in all of Russia's literature, has been brought to the screen in a photoplay, which the Playhouse, 410 South Michigan Boulevard, Chicago, will present for the week beginning this Sunday.

"Taras Bulba," the novel on which "The Fearless Cossack" is based, was written by N. V. Gogol, the great Russian novelist. In this searching novel, Gogol pictured with minute accuracy the lusty, ribald and often murderous marauders, dispatched by Czar Ivan, "The Terrible," to defend his furthermost borders against the incursions of the Crimean Tartars.

On the same program, the Playhouse will present a number of unusual novelties.

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700 Workers Protest Brutal Action

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 26.—Police yesterday attacked and broke up an anti-war meeting held under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League on Bridge Square here, and arrested Carl Cowl, ex-National Guardsman, and now a member of the Young Workers (Communist) League. Cowl was roughly handled, taken to the police station, and detained there without any charge having been made against him.

Seven hundred workers, gathered on the square to protest against the capitalist war preparations, stood their ground in spite of the police attack and listened to Pat Devine, who mounted the platform immediately after the arrest of Cowl, denounce the brutal action of the police. He called upon the workers to demand the unconditional release of Cowl and to fight for their rights of free speech.

Scores Police Terror.

"The action of the police," he said, "is obviously a continuation of the entire government policy of the suppression of anti-militarist work in the Citizens Military Training Camps throughout the country."

As Devine concluded his appeal to the workers, after all the Workers (Communist) Party platforms had been sold to those gathered on the square, the city bomb squad arrived at the meeting. "They had evidently been rushed to the meeting for the purpose of creating a disturbance in order to be able to attack the Workers (Communist) Party anti-militarist activities on a new charge," a report from Minneapolis stated.

The meeting, however, was almost over, and the bomb squad was unable to create any disorder on the square.

Devine announced another meeting to be held Wednesday, with Carl Cowl as the principal speaker. The 700 workers at the Bridge Square meeting determined by a unanimous vote to carry on the fight against the capitalist militarist activities.

TO SIGN "PEACE" TREATY TODAY

British-French League Rumor Spreads

Continued from Page One

characterizing the true nature of the so-called naval accord between the French and British governments as an offensive and defensive alliance, continue to find credence.

The irony of the situation is heightened by the presence in this city of the British and French diplomats who are responsible for the signing of the naval accord and the secretary of state of the government against which it is understood primarily to be directed, the United States.

While it is believed that the basis of the accord is the common policy which the two great European powers are carrying on in Asia and Africa and their common preparations for war against the Soviet Union, it is rumored that a united front against the United States is one of the desiderata of the pact.

• • •

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26 (UP).—The British embassy here has received official word from the British foreign office denying the authenticity of the letter alleged to have been written by Sir Austen Chamberlain, British foreign minister, to Premier Briand, as a secret understanding supplementing the recent Anglo-French agreement.

Calls Trip to Soviet Union "Wonderful Experience" in Life

Edward Hutchins, of Hutchins and Wheeler, prominent Boston law firm, who recently returned from an extended tour through the Soviet Union, where he traveled in a group sent by World Tourists, Inc., 100 Fifth Ave., New York City, in a letter to his sister, Miss Grace Hutchins of New York, said that his trip "was well worth while; the most interesting and wonderful experience of my life."

While in Russia Mr. Hutchins visited industrial plants, agricultural centers and several Russian universities. He was keenly interested in all he saw, and writes: "I never worked harder on a vacation."

PLUMBER KILLED AT WORK.

Matthew Landy, a plumber, was killed by a falling radiator while he was at work Saturday in an elevator shaft of a building under construction at 14 Desbrosses St.

ENGRAVERS GAIN

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 26.—Organized photo-engravers won improved work conditions after a short

The Crime of Frank Hedley and the I. R. T. Corporation

"Smoke and death, smoke and death, but no god for me, no god," cried one blackened woman reeling from the inferno of the I.R.T. subway crash at Times Square. The wreck occurred when the ninth car of a rush hour train leaped a faulty switch. "I understand that the switch was known to be faulty," Mayor Walker is quoted as saying following the disaster. Above, the ninth car split in half against the concrete side supports.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Branch 2, Section 8

A unit meeting of Branch 2, Section 8 will be held today at 8 p. m. promptly. Members should bring their membership cards, as a roll call will be taken.

• • •

Subsection 3E.

The enlarged Executive Committee of Subsection 3E will hold a meeting today, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

International Branch 1 will hold the regular meeting today at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Membership Meeting.

The membership meeting of Subsection 3E will be held tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Williamsburg Y. W. L.

The following open air meet will be held tomorrow, Tompkins Ave. and Hart St. Speakers: R. Gordon, Harris.

• • •

Unit 2C, 3F.

"The War Danger" is to be discussed as a special educational order of business at the meeting of Unit 2C, 3F, today at 6 p. m. at 108 E. 14th St.

• • •

International Branch 1.

This branch meets Wednesday at 60 St. Marks Place, at 7:30 p. m.

German Language Fraction.

All German speaking party members are invited to a full-fraction meeting tomorrow 8 p. m. at the Hungarian Workmens Home, 350 E. 81st Street. Max Scharf will lead the discussion.

• • •

Downtown Y. W. L. Unit

An open air meeting of the Young Workers League, Downtown Unit No. 2 will be held Thursday, August 30, at 49th St. and 1st Ave. Speakers will be: Marie Duke, Rosen, Jensky, Len Richman, Fanny Rothman, Joe Harris, and Max Helfand.

• • •

Unit 5F, 3D.

Unit 5F, 3D will meet Wednesday at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Please be on time.

• • •

Section 1, 2I.

Officers will be elected at a roll call meet today at 6:30 p. m.

• • •

Harlem Functionaries Meet.

A special meeting of Section 4 functionaries for the purpose of discussing the election campaign will be held tomorrow 8 p. m. at 143 East 103rd St. Agitprop, election campaign and open-air directors, literature and Daily Worker agents, as well as all members of the speakers class, are urged to come on time.

• • •

Unit 3, Section 7

Unit 3, Section 7 will meet today at 764 40th St. at 8 p. m. All members must attend.

• • •

The Brownsville Section of the Young Workers (Communist) League has arranged the following open air meetings:

Today, at 8 p. m. at Sutter and Williams Aves.

Tomorrow, at 7:30 p. m. at Dean and Utica Aves.

CARPENTERS EXPOSE ROLE OF MISLEADERS

When the great building boom was over it became necessary for the average union carpenter to draw his savings (if he had any) from the bank. In looking for a job he found a line of unemployed carpenters and saw non-union men in place of union men. He witnessed the results of the speed-up, the hire and fire systems and then he began to realize how far the trade was from union control and how much the union officials had neglected to utilize the "good times" in the interest of the membership.

Even in some conservative locals, the membership began to demand from the officials what they were going to do with these burning questions, but the best they could get from the so-called leaders was "We are conferring."

Progressives Active.

But if our reactionary leaders proved how far they were from solving the evils in our trade, the progressive elements proved more efficient. The progressive carpenters of Greater New York issued a leaflet with a constructive local program and a clear analysis of the conditions in our trade.

We were confronted with elections for local union officials, carpenters, state federation and also elections of delegates to our carpenters' general convention, which takes place once in four years. The national committee of the progressive carpenters issued a national program in which was a clear analysis of our problems and the solutions of them.

This national program of the progressive carpenters' committee made a strong impression among the carpenters of New York. Every union carpenter who had some thinking ability could easily realize that we progressives came with a clear understanding and with a constructive program which, if adopted, would improve our conditions and strengthen our union. This national program brought so much enthusiasm to the rank and file that it was translated into several languages to give those whose understanding of the English is limited an opportunity to study it. In certain local unions of Greater New York the question was raised at the meetings that the local as a whole should buy these national programs and distribute them among the members. A few of the large locals adopted a motion to that effect.

Unity Necessary.

The local elections and the elections of delegates to the general convention clearly proved the necessity of unity among the progressive element and the importance of all progressive carpenters of Greater New York to consolidate their forces. There, where the progressives were unified, a decisive victory was won. In other places they were defeated. In general, the progressives of New York strengthened their forces. In some large local the old reactionary officials were defeated and replaced by those who were not only more honest, but are also more capable to lead the local unions and the Brotherhood of Carpenters as a whole in a better way than the corrupt officialdom of the Hutchinson, Halkitt, Wilson & Co. machine.

Yes, there is a spark of political awakening among the carpenters. They have lately been too much and too shamelessly fooled by the city administration and by the New York State government. A law was passed for the prevailing rates and wages for city employees in the building trades under union conditions were supposed to be employed in the construction work. The fact of the matter is that the city administration had been converted into a scab agency.

Workers Aroused.

The Irish, Scotch and American carpenters, citizens of the United States are grumbling to their utmost. Our officials are confused in this tangle, and at a meeting of a conservative local union where the belief prevailed that no politics should come upon the floor, it is curious to see this meeting converted into a hot political tribune. One labor bureaucrat tries to prove that the democratic administration machine is corrupt, is swindling us and will continue to swindle us. Another labor bureaucrat (democrat) tries to convince the membership that the republican machine is fooling us to the highest degree. A Schotchman, an old trade unionist gets up to admit that both political machines are good for nothing and the workers have to go into independent politics. "A labor party," howls one from the floor.

Need of Union.

Well what is to be done with such kind of disturbers? To suspend them, expel them? This was practically the last thing on the business of our meeting, because those quiet obedient members are not coming at all to the meetings. They need a union card as a means for getting a job; they need a saw as a necessity for the job. So it is simple, if the wife can go to file his saw why can't she go and pay his dues and take his card? Why the hell does he need to go to the meeting? This is the reason why the progressives are becoming the main factors in the local, altho numerically not so large. They are exercizing a strong influence and they may become the predominant power if they consolidate their forces.

INDIA TACTICS ARE DISCUSSED

Kussinen Speaks at Red Congress

Continued from Page One

sinen, "it is a question not of decolonization but of industrialization under the control of imperialism. That is the same thing in a different form. The acceptance or the rejection of the theses depends on the answer to the question. Does imperialism retard or foster industrial development in the colonies? According to the Marxist analysis of the development of capitalism, exploitation of the colonies has divided the world into two parts—agricultural and industrial. Naturally, capital export conducted by finance capitalism has caused certain alterations. Capital export, however, does not foster industrialization, but is the weapon of imperialist expansion for the consolidation of economic dominance and exploitation of the rawstuff sources.

"Capital export is accompanied by certain industrial development, for instance, the building of railways and exploiting of mines, but not by industrialization. British imperialism wants India as a market for industrial products and as an agrarian dependent.

Lenin's Colonial Theses.

"Lominadse also falls a victim to the decolonization theory," continued the speaker. "Lenin's colonial theses at the Second World Congress correctly represented the essence of the imperialist colonial policy as the retardation of the industrial development. He did not say that British imperialism will succeed in holding back industrial development, but on the contrary development will proceed and provide grounds for conflict between British imperialism and the native bourgeoisie. India has no native industry and without this there is no possibility of industrialization. The measures of British imperialism are directed towards hindering industrial development. The decolonization theory is an imperialist lie. Our task is the exposure of this lie.

"Heller, Bennet, Rothstein and other British comrades make a serious right-wing error in putting forward a false decolonization theory. Bennet said that if imperialism hindered industrial development there would be no basis for the formation of the proletariat. This very hindering of the development leads, however, to something different—it causes the native bourgeoisie to play a certain progressive role, whereas imperialism plays a reactionary role. Communists must condemn the native bourgeoisie, not because it fights for independence but because it does not fight enough. The colonial bourgeoisie is not able logically to represent its own class interests, on the contrary, it will ally itself even more with imperialism against the proletariat and the agrarian revolution.

Role of Native Bourgeoisie.

"Bennet only sees the revolutionary and the counter-revolutionary camps, but what is in between he cannot see. Antagonism exists between imperialism and the native bourgeoisie. The theses do not say that the workers should support the Swarajists. The fact is, however, that the Swarajists are not common counter-revolutionaries, but hesitant bourgeois opportunists. We must fight them and tell the workers what they will do, but we must not simply describe them as counter-revolutionaries and fail to utilize the antagonism between them and imperialism.

"Lenin proposed fanning such antagonism and connecting our agitation with it, but Bennet proposes the opposite. It is improbable that the bourgeoisie will even temporarily join the revolutionary camp, but we must not exclude such a possibility for all colonies beforehand. Conditions under which a temporary alliance is possible are contained clearly in the theses."

Two Stages in Bourgeois Revolution.

Kussinen then went on to deal with the second opposition group to the theses, consisting of Losovsky, Schueller, Lominadse and Neumann. He said.

"This group rejected the decolonization theory, but declared it was wrong to speak of two stages in the bourgeois democratic revolution. However, we see the first stage in India and the second stage in China. Clarity must be created concerning the character of the native bourgeoisie because it has influence over the masses. Our task is to win these masses for the revolution."

Kussinen then criticized Neumann and Lominadse, who, he declared, tried to represent themselves as the saviors of the Communist International from the opportunist morass. Kussinen declared that the theses treated insufficiently of the Negro question. Ireland and South Africa must also receive more detailed treatment, he said.

He continued: "The chief tasks set by the theses were to strengthen the Communist Parties, plus the conquest of the masses away from the national reformists' leadership and the struggle against imperialism and its helpers, particularly the social democracy. The proletariat, together with the colonial allies and the exploited peasant masses, will triumph over imperialism." (Applause.)

The Canton Insurrection.

At the thirty-ninth session, which preceded Kussinen's speech in the session reported above, Strachov made the closing speech on the colonial question and Jlon spoke for the Chinese delegation. Jlon's remarks were as follows: "Pepper's statement that formerly Sun-Yat-Senism was dominant in the Communist Party of China and now Trotzkyism, is slanderous. At the time of the Canton insurrection Pepper proposed the slogan of self-administration for the villages, whereas, in reality, the peasants were insurrecting. Thus Pepper went further than Trotzky, who declared that the Chinese revolution was ebbing. In the program commission Pepper suggested that instead of 'feudalism' 'Asiation production methods' should be set. This means working against the slogan for nationalizing the land. This explains why Pepper opposed the agrarian revolution with the anti-imperialist movement, whereas, in reality, without the agrarian revolution no overthrow of imperialism is possible.

"As long as the imperialists maintain backward agrarian relationships no industrialization of the colonies is possible," Jlon continued. "The national bourgeoisie is closely connected with the semi-feudal gentry and the landowners. It is prepared to make anti-imperialist gestures only as long as native exploitation is not endangered. At the decisive moment there will be either a bourgeois dictatorship or a proletarian-peasant dictatorship. The Communists must support the movement for national freedom. National fascism and national reformism must, however, be fought. The petty bourgeoisie must be won, but the Party must not fall under petty bourgeois influence."

A delegation from the Moscow Post and Telegraph Workers then greeted the Congress. Remmele answered the speeches of greeting for the Congress.

Pepper then made the following declaration: Lominadse commenced the polemic here concerning the Canton insurrection, not I. Lominadse aimed at weakening the effect of the resolution of the Ninth Plenum, which recognized the heroism of the Canton insurrection, but criticized the errors in leadership and the errors in the preparation for the insurrection in ten points. It is not permissible for Strachov and Lominadse to identify the heroic struggle of the Chinese proletariat with the errors of the leadership. Errors must be exposed in order that in the future we may lead not only insurrections but victorious insurrections.

BROACH ATTACKS ELECTRIC UNION LOCAL 3 WORKERS

Calls Them "Cattle" and "Bums"

(By Electrical Worker)

At our last meeting of Local No. 3 electrical workers held at Central Opera House, H. H. Broach, international vice-president, took over the whole meeting much to the disgust of the members who are getting tired of seeing his sneering face always before them.

Broach made a vile attack on the general membership which two weeks ago refused to vote his $24 dues increase. Broach referred to the union members as "cattle" and said that they were not union men.

More Money Yet!

The dues question would come up again for consideration, he warned us. At the same time he tried the old game of picturing the "progress" which he said has taken place in the union, but avoided all mention of unemployment, increasing non-union conditions on the job, and violations of union rules.

A new business agent was appointed by Preiss, the business manager, at the swollen salary of $115 per week. Broach tried to prove that this is not more than the average member earns throughout the year. Some of us unemployed men did not know whether to laugh or get mad.

Broach drew his usual picture of needing money by stating that two injunctions facing the organization required funds to fight them. He said nothing about giving a report for the thousands of dollars already spent for which no full accounting has been given. In a most polite manner he reminded the members that at all times there must be $40,000 in the general fund. Should the fund fall below that sum, every member would receive a post card to come to the local and keep on paying until that amount is secured.

Little Dictator Struts.

Our "Little Caesar" then showed his real character again when he reported that he had received a letter from a member suggesting cutting down expense by eliminating some of the unnecessary expense in running the local. He probable referred to the money spent for gangsters, strong-arm men, the oversupply of business agents, and that dizzy financial manipulation which Broach calls "legal expenses." For this suggestion Broach referred to the member as "that Bum." He challenged any member to stand up on the floor with that question. This shows how Broach is ruling out all forms of freedom and expression at the meetings.

Your game is up, Mr. Broach. Until recently you could pose before the members as the defender of their interests even though some of us understood what you really are. Now everyone is wise to you. From now on it is: Broach against the membership. Goodbye, Mr. Broach.

ST. LOUIS INCREASES LEAD AS GIANTS LOSE

(By United Press)

Del Bissonette's home run over the fence at Ebbetts Field in the last half of the tenth inning beat the New York Giants, 4 to 3, and set McGraw's club another full game behind the St. Louis Cardinals, who defeated the Phillies, 6 to 1.

The Chicago Cubs drew up to the heels of the second place Giants by defeating the Boston Braves, 6 to 3. It was the fifth consecutive victory for Chicago. The Cincinnati Reds strengthened their hold on fourth place, turning back the Pirates, 4 to 3.

The defeat at the hands of the lowly Dodgers disheartened the Giants, especially as they made 13 hits to 7 for the victors. Hubbell pitched well for New York, while his team-mates were hitting Jess pretty hard, but Bissonette's homer settled matters in the extra session.

In beating Pittsburgh, the Reds clicked off three double plays, bringing their total to 159 for the season. Ford accepted 13 chances at short.

• • •

The Washington Senators advanced from sixth to fourth place in the American League race by beating the Cleveland Indians, 5 to 1, Braxton allowing the visitors but five hits.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

Washington, 5; Cleveland, 1.

National League

Brooklyn, 4; New York, 3.
Chicago, 6, Boston, 3.
Cincinnati, 4; Pittsburgh, 3.
St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 1.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

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Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

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Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

• • •

"Icor" Concert.

Today at 8 p. m. the Office Workers' Union will hold an open air dance on the roof garden of the Recksher Foundation.

• • •

Office Workers' Union.

On Monday, Aug. 27, at 8 p. m. the Office Workers' Union will hold an open air dance on the roof garden of the Heckshor Foundation.

• • •

Brownsville Sacco Meet.

The Brownsville branch of the I. L. D. will hold a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meet Thursday, Aug. 30 at 8 p. m., at Bristol St. and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn.

FLOODS IN SOVIET TOWNS

MOSCOW, Aug. 26 (UP).—The town of Zeya and many villages along the Zeya river have again been inundated by a flooding of the stream. The river is still rising.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

GERMANS OBTAIN PERUVIAN TRACT AS CONCESSION

To Be Used as Source for Raw Material

BERLIN Aug. 26.—In order to develop western Brazil as a source for raw material and ores, the German Peruvian Company has been organized here with the aid of New York capitalists.

In order to provide easy communication with the homeland a railroad will be constructed from Tambo del Sol to Pucalpa, connecting the terminal of the North German Lloyd line on the Amazon with the west coast of South America.

Large tracts of land, rich in mineral deposits and thinly populated, along the railroad route have also been obtained. Besides using the acquired land as a source for raw material it will also be used to accommodate settlers from Germany.

GREEK DICTATOR SPREADS TERROR

Gendarmes Wound Many in Xanti

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 26.—Terror against radical workers in Greece continues as Venizelos is assured of retaining his dictatorship after he had suppressed workers' demonstrations and protest meetings.

In Xanti the efforts of the police to suppress a workers' demonstration came to a conflict between gendarmes and workers, at which many workers were wounded. The workers, Laranidis and Faratti, were arrested.

Following a protest meeting by tobacco workers of the American-owned firm the workers, Douvas and Drungas, were deported for six months to the Island of Ithaca, Gallias to Argostolion and Panayotakis to Zakynthos.

DRIVERS ORGANIZE

DENVER, Col., Aug. 26.—Laundry drivers in this city have organized. They are chartered by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters.

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For President
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For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Hoover and Smith, Siamese Twins of Finance-Capital.

On the basic question of imperialism Smith and Hoover are perfect twins—we might say Siamese twins. It is important to accentuate this point, because Smith takes a little latitude here in the hope of catching some of the discontented votes. Al Smith says he wants to abolish "the practice of the president of entering into agreements for the settlement of internal disputes in Latin-American countries unless—." "Unless the agreements have been consented to by the senate as provided for in the constitution of the United States" are the qualifying words of Smith. But "the consent of the senate" means nothing more than an inconvenience to the senators who may be obliged to drop the pose of the Borah sort of "anti-imperialism," which proves always to be its opposite when tested. Smith is against "interference in the purely internal affairs of Latin-American countries"—which means, of course, that anything will be construed as not being "purely internal" that may be required as an excuse for invasion and conquest of Latin-Amercan countries. It should be noted carefully that Smith speaks critically of the present military invasion and war against Nicaragua—but he abstains with equal care from any demand that the marines be withdrawn from Nicaragua. It is curiously interesting that Smith for his "anti-imperialist" inspiration goes to "a great republican secretary of state, Elihu Root!" Is this not a sly hint that the democratic party will carry out the republican imperialist policy in Latin America?

But there can be no serious contention that the conquest of Latin America by the United States will not be undertaken as quickly by Smith as by Hoover when Smith declares his readiness to act upon "such responsibilities to civilization as may be placed upon us by the Monroe Doctrine." The Monroe Doctrine today is nothing less than the doctrine of United States imperialist domination and ultimate military rule over all of Latin America.

Nor need anyone be fooled by Smith's attack upon Coolidge's doctrine "that the person and property of a citizen are a part of the national domain even when abroad." It is only an attack upon Coolidge's stupidly frank wording of the doctrine which both of them would put into effect—the sort of "razzing" which is considered legitimate among rival servants of the same boss.

Nowhere does Smith say that he would withdraw the marines from Nicaragua. Nowhere does he say anything more than, in effect, that he would be more skilful than his rival in the enforcing of the imperialist program on Latin America. He constantly refers to Wilson as the highest model, and under Wilson the one greatest giant stride of American imperialism took place—both the militarization of the nation and entry into the world war, and the ruthless conquest of Latin-American countries.

On foreign policy in general there is not even a shadow of pretense of difference.

On the questions of war and armaments, all of Smith's fine words of pacifism are only uttered in rhetorical competition with Kellogg's pacifist drive, and the same imperialist war program is endorsed by Smith when Smith implies his support of the Kellogg pact.

On the farming situation Smith shows a bankruptcy of even the empty words he finds for other questions. He admits he is for precisely the same thing Hoover is for, and that he does not care to say what this is. He cannot say publicly that the program of the masters of both Hoover and himself includes the progressive ruin and expropriation of the farmers. Therefore in the several hundreds of words he used, he suggested not one single concrete measure. Concrete measures, he says, will be found "after election." See?

On the questions pertaining to water power there appears superficially to be a difference, but the program which Smith indicates that he would carry out is not in the least out of accord with the interests of the Raskob and du Pont type of industrial-financial kings, and in practice would be the same program that Hoover would carry out.

In regard to immigration it is amusing to find Smith using almost the same words as some that are used in the socialist party platform, Smith being against "the harsh provision which separates families," and the socialist party being for changes to "permit the reuniting of families," and both upholding the American imperialist immigration bar upon the working class' right to move from one country to another.

It is true that Smith appealed to republican voters holding illusions concerning "liberals like Roosevelt and LaFollette and their party insurgents,"—but the Old Guard republican machine also has restored "Young Bob" to the fold and equally appeals to such elements to remain with the republican party.

On the tariff question no one takes seriously any mild contentions that there is a difference; there is none; the democratic party has admitted that it accepts the republican tariff program, which is, after all, no more a fixed program than it is an obligation to take orders from the same masters.

Wall Street can lose nothing in the election of Smith, and can lose nothing in the election of Hoover. If Hoover is its choice for the head of the traditional party of the trusts and biggest banks, Smith has has been the choice of the same trusts and banks as governor of New York, in which position Wall Street has tested him in four terms and found him a good servant of such open-shop trust-magnates as DuPont, Raskob and Woodin.

The only possible manner in which a worker or a farmer can cause the slightest ripple in the temper of an international banker and trust magnate by the mere casting of a ballot is by voting for that nightmare of all bankers and trust magnates—Bolshevism.

A big vote piled up for Foster and Gitlow, for the Communist ticket both national and state, is the workers' only means of registering the slightest effect in this election. That is—the only means except that of utilizing the election campaign to bring thousands of members into the Workers (Communist) Party, and to strengthen the working class in all of its struggles, in the mine fields, in the textile strike, in the organization of the unorganized.

Make the election campaign a campaign to rally the masses to conscious class struggle. Vote Communist. Join the Communist Party. Make the workers see the connection of Communist politics and the struggle on the picket line! Work for Bolshevism against the Siamese twins of Wall Street!

Hold Red Rally at Cudahy Co.'s Plant

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KANSAS CITY, Mo. (By Mail).—For the fist time since the 1921 strike the Packing House workers came out en masse to attend a meeting and a Communist meeting at that. Over 200 workers of the Cudahy Packing House took every spare minute of their lunch time, which lasts 30 minutes, to listen to Hugo Oehler, district organizer of District 10 of the Workers (Communist) Party.

This is the third meeting being held by the Party in front of the Cudahy plant but this meeting unlike the previous two meetings was attended by such a number of workers in response to a leaflet issued by the Communist Party. Following the distribution of the "Packing House Workers" a special leaflet addressed to the Cudahy workers was distributed calling upon them to walk out during their lunch time and attend the meeting at an empty lot on Kansas Avenue in front of the Cudahy plant.

Stool Pigeons and Bosses Tried to Disrupt the Meeting.

When Hugo Oehler mounted the chair which he used as his platform there was no worker in front of him. The reason for it was that a few bosses stood right near him thinking that in this way the workers will be scared away from coming to the meeting. But no sooner had Oehler begun to speak than workers began to come from all directions. Before two minutes were over the sidewalk was jammed to capacity.

The meeting held has greater significance than an ordinary meeting. The Communist Party is not only active in the election campaign but is also active in carrying on an organization campaign among the packing house workers. It is because of the desire on the part of the packing house workers to do away with the terrible exploitation in the houses that they turned out to the meeting.

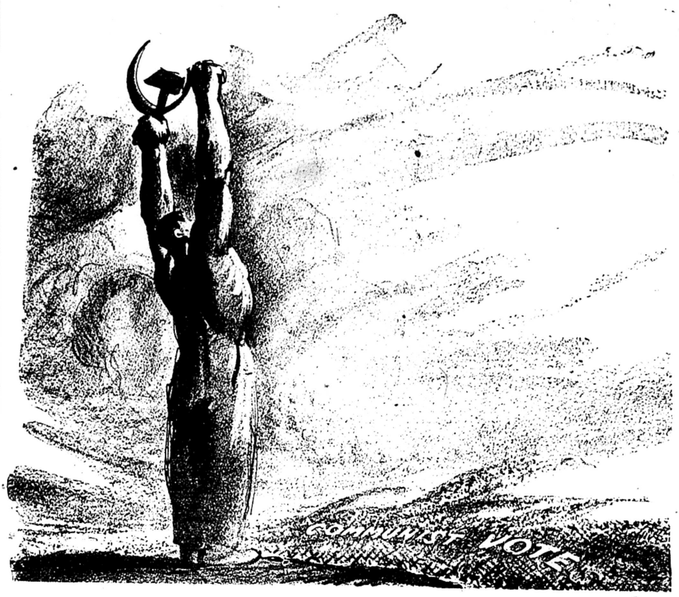
The drive to organize the packing house workers is not limited to Kansas City alone but to all South Western and Western packing centers.

The packing huose paper which is issued by the Communist Party is being spread in every packing house.

The committee in charge of publishing the "Packing House Worker" states that funds are needed in order to print many copies in order to reach every worker in the packind industry. All contributions should be sent to 207 E. 14th St., Room 1, Kansas City, Mo.

WORKERS AND FARMERS! VOTE COMMUNIST!

By Fred Ellis



Ten Days of Textile Struggle

By AMY SCHECHTER.

Police Murder Pregnant Woman; Clubbing Fails to Break Picket Line

At the first signs of revolt among their slaves in the grey stone mill prisons of Fall River, the millowners stripped the millworkers of all the defences won by labor in generations of struggle, and systematically set about throttling them into submission.

Police, press, courts, reactionary craft union bureaucracy were immediately mobilized against the strikers. Police violence was used to smash picket lines, the courts to outlaw the strike and forge legal shackle to the activities of the strike leaders; the press to pour slime over the Textile Mill Committees and discourage the strikers by fake back-to-work stories; the labor bureaucrats to order the men under their control to scab in the strike.

The Fall River cotton manufacturers learned to fear the strength and staying power of militantly led millworkers in the course of the New Bedford textile strike still going strong in New Bedford after four months under T. M. C. leadership. Long before the Fall River strike vote was taken all their forces were lined up in readiness to block the first strike move.

Monday, August the sixth, at dawn, when the Fall River strike opened with the walkout of 3,000 workers from the American Printing Company, the city was practically declared under martial law for textile workers. No breathing space. No quarter. Police swarming over the streets "below the hill" where the millworkers of the American Printing Company live. Solid police cordons thrown across the viaducts leading to great fortress of the American Printing Company. Patrol wagons and vans drawn up at the curb ready for mass arrests or use as barricades.

Men and women clubbed and strangled as line after line, five times shattered and five times reforming tried to break through the police wall to picket their mill. The wave of terror rising higher every day. A pregnant woman striker crushed against the iron railing of the viaduct by the police, beaten and thrown aside for the strikers to take to the hospital after the police had gone. Johnny Medeiros, six year old striker's child, ridden down by a trooper herding strikers into their houses after the daily break up of the picket line, running for refuge through a gap in the fence near the river, found soon after drowned—"while swimming"—the police say.

A hundred and fifty police massed on the church steps and the streets outside barricaded to hold back the mill workers attempting to march after the coffin of the boy.

From the break-up of the first TMC mass meeting in Fall River weeks before the strike, the Fall River police have carried out the role of company gangsters as openly as the Coal and Iron in any Rockefeller coal town. Police Chief Feeney, boasting of his personal supervision of police operations in the strike area, openly stated in the press the third day of the strike that he believed he was having success in "breaking the back of the strike." Over a hundred arrests were made during the first days.

The organizers, Jim Reid, Sam Weisman, Peter Hagelias and young Bill Sroka were arrested and rearrested, sometimes three times in a day. A week after the strike began the first case came up for trial. Picketing, singing strike songs, addressing mass meetings, or attending them were all branded as criminal activities. Not content with imposing vicious prison sentences on organizers and the leading rank and file strikers, and demanding heavy bail to keep them jailed, the mill owners' Judge Hannify, created a new legal strikebreaking precedent by placing these men under forfeitable $1000 bonds to "keep the peace" interpreted as refraining from all strike activities.

Of course the strike is meat for the American Legion, which has passed a resolution pledging its members to back Chief Feeney to the limit in his operations to put down "the labor agitation." The last few days a number of prosperous-looking men with the solemnly stupid look of the true legionnaire have been seen sleuthing around "Liberty Lot" during the TMC mass meetings.

Strike Spreads.

And still the strike and preparations for spreading the strike to all the mills of Fall River go on. Thursday the leaders got out on bail. Friday they addressed mass meetings and resumed their other strike activities.

The heavy police barrage may force new tactics on the part of the leaders, but no retreat. The workers, previously unorganized and striking for the first time in their lives, in ten days have learned more about the nature of the capitalist state and its role in bludgeoning the workers back into slavery at the employers command than in all the previous years of their life. They have had their baptism of fire in the class war, and come out of it not intimidated but hardened to the struggle. Committees are stiffened up. Organizational work is carried on with new understanding.

Conditions in Fall River were known as the worst in northern mill towns before the 10 per cent cut last January. $15 was given as the official average wage for Fall River mills at the State Arbitration Board hearing in New Bedford last week. Pay envelopes for July taken at random from a collection of those handed to men working in the Print Works of the American Printing Company show $10.89, $13.41, $12.11, $15.85, $8.18, $12.86, $13.16, $12.05. Most of them married men. In this division men work 11, 12, 13, sometimes up to 16 hours, at the heaviest jobs in the mills, in steaming, fume-laden rooms at high temperatures.

Speed-Up.

Steadily increasing speed-up in mill after mill is paring down the little left to the mill workers after the 10 per cent slash, and driving them beyond endurance. If their stand fails, the workers know that another cut will come in the early Fall.

The fight will be increasingly bitter, but it must go on. Abandonment of the fight for the right to organize, the right to hold meetings, the right to strike, the right to picket, means condemning the mill workers to blacker slavery.

Challenge to Labor.

The denial of these rights by the mill owners and their courts, their violent suppression of every attempt of the mill workers to reach out and take these rights is a challenge to labor and all who believe in guarding the elementary rights.

Outside aid is urgently needed for the Fall River strikers, relief, defense, help in establishing the few legal rights that capitalist legality allows, in order to break through the wall of violence, the cotton manufacturers have built around the mill workers, and give them a fighting chance for their lives.

3 Athletic Meets---Moscow, Amsterdam, New York

By PETER CLARK

II.

The Moscow Spartakiade.

Just as the Amsterdam Olympic Meet represented the high-water mark in the capitalists' use of sports to serve their class interests, so the Moscow Spartakiade was the highest expression of the proletariat sports movement, and of its role as a support of the workers' revolutionary movement.

The Spartakiade was sponsored by the Russian Workers Sports Organization, the Society for the Promotion of Physical Culture, and was supported by the Red Sports International. It lasted from August 12 to 22, and was held at the Michael Tomsky Stadium, which has a seating capacity close to 50,000.

About 5,000 athletes in all took part in the Spartakiade and of this number 1,500 were from foreign countries. In spite of the ban which the Luzerne (socialist) Sports International placed on the participation of any of its members in the Spartakiade, large delegations of social-democratic sportsmen accompanied the Red sportsmen to Moscow. Three hundred participants came from Germany, two hundred from Czecho-Slovakia, 80 from Finland and 90 from France. Smaller delegations came from over a score of smaller countries.

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The Spartakiade was made the occasion for a widespread educational campaign carried on in the Soviet Union in favor of physical culture. August 12 was officially pronounced Physical Culture Day, and throughout the Soviet Union there were held sports meets. In all the public squares of Moscow sports exhibitions were staged, with 50,000 worker-athletes taking part, and hundreds of thousands of people watching.

In order to make possible the participation of foreign athletes the Soviet government provided free transportation within the borders of the Soviet Union. The visitors were also maintained at the expense of the government and were quartered at the Third House of the Central Committee of the U. S. S. R.

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There was a marked contrast in the manner in which the Spartakiade and the Olympics were run off. First, the attitude of the spectators was fundamentally different. Whereas at the Olympics the crowd was divided into nationalistic sections, at the Spartakiade the spectators were completely international and applauded athletes only on their skill. If anything, the foreign athletes were accorded the most enthusiasm.

Among the athletes themselves there was no semblance of that bitter rivalry, of that hard individualism which distinguished the conduct of the Olympic stars. The bugaboo of professionalism, which was such a big controversial issue at the Olympics, did not even remotely enter into the Spartakiade.

Nearly every athlete taking part was a worker, and those who had come from foreign countries had done so at great personal sacrifices and after overcoming many difficulties.

At the Olympics it had been necessary to lay in a stock of flags of all competing nations—and a terrible uproar had been made because a Canadian flag had been overlooked. But at the magnificent Tomsky Stadium, only one kind of flag was on display—and that was the Red flag of the international proletariat.

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Whereas the real political purposes behind Olympics had been hypocritically covered up by the bourgeoisie, the organizers of the Spartakiade openly proclaimed that its primary slogan would be: Defense of the Soviet Union. In line with this slogan, of course was emphasized the solidarity of the proletarian sportsmen the world over against the Olympics, and the capitalist sports movement as a whole. The Spartakiade was a demonstration of the need for proletarian sports, a demonstration of the growing strength of the proletarian sports movement, a demonstration against the bourgeois Olympics.

But, most of all, it was a demonstration of the fact that the class-conscious worker-athletes the world over are prepared to defend their Socialist Fatherland, the Soviet Union, against imperialist aggression.

PRINTERS WIN RAISE

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 26.—Typographical Union No. 8, of St. Louis, recently accepted a proposal whereby an increase to time workers aggregating $64,000 a year was agreed to, the contract to run for five years.

Told You So

THIS department suggests that the Animal Rescue League communicates with Mr. Frank B. Kellogg, who is now in Paris limbering up for the signing of a treaty to outlaw war, and urge the secretary of state to insert a clause in his anti-war treaty prohibiting the use of dogs for tests of poison gases, intended for the slaughter of human beings. Since, what may be poison for a dog may be meat for a man, there is no sense in wasting good [illegible] on a helpless little animal, a gas that may smell to a hero like the odor of a choice Havana cigar.

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THE latest evidence of the spread of Americanism in Nicaragua is the organization of "Vigilance Committees" to aid the United States marines in the war against Sandino and his revolutionary army. The dispatch which carried this news states that those assassins were organized by indignant Nicaraguans, but it is clear that this alleged indignation was superinduced by the cold treatment of General McCoy, American fixer of the coming elections. The Nicaraguan vigilantes no doubt will copy the methods of the murderers of strike leaders in the United States, the thugs who hanged Frank Little in Butte and established a reign of terror in several western states during and after the war. With a gang of good American election tellers, under the direction of General McCoy, in addition to the vigilantes, Nicaragua would be as thoroly Americanized as Chicago, Illinois.

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THE French and British scout the idea that the pact is directed against the United States, yet both powers considered the question of how the navies of both countries could be pooled in the event of war. The U. S. is the only country in the world that has a navy equal to Great Britain. France is increasing her navy rapidly and only recently held the biggest military maneuvers since the war on the Italian border. The recent pact between England and France is not good news for Mussolini; neither is the success of Venizelos in the Greek elections. Venizelos is a tool of Great Britain and is said to have friendly intentions towards Jugo Slavia, with which Italy has been at loggerheads.

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ALL this shows how ridiculous it is to expect anything from the Kellogg treaty except another war. The great powers are simply sparring for position. Clashes of economic interests between them are certain to bring war. Despite the existence of the league of nations, the system of offensive and defensive alliances that prevailed before the war is more in evidence today than ever. The United States is Great Britain's chief rival and a war between the two imperialist giants is only a question of years. How long can this inevitable war be staved off by the ruling classes who probably are convinced from their experience in the last one that the next will spell their doom? Even tho they know this they are driven irresistibly, thru the competitive nature of the capitalist system, to a course which signs their death warrants.

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THE platonic gestures towards peace of the imperialists may lull some workers into a feeling of false security. But there is nothing under the sun more certain than another world war, hundreds of times more terrible than the last. The poison gases that the war department of the United States is testing on dogs to make sure that they are deadly enough for use against men, the sham airplane battle over London recently, the French war maneuvers on the Italian frontier, the appropriation of $20,000,000 by the German government for the building of battleships, the intensive war preparations of Italy—all are signs pointing to mass murder in the name of the defense of country.

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THE government of the Soviet Union alone declares before the world that all gestures towards peace are empty unless accompanied by disarmament. And all the efforts of the Soviet Union to induce the imperialist powers to adopt a disarmament plan have been blocked. There can be no peace under capitalism. If angels were suddenly elected to head all the capitalist governments in the world, they would be immediately transformed into militarists. War is as indigenous to the capitalist system as claws to a tiger. Only the abolition of capitalism will bring about the abolition of war.

Tom O'Flaherty

Argentinian Objects to Invasion Provided in Monroe Doctrine

BUENOS AYRES, Argentina, Aug. 26.—The Monroe Doctrine does not imply invasion into Latin-American countries said Dr. Jose Leon Saurez, Argentine member of the League of Nations Codification of International Law Commission here.

Speaking on the refusal of Argentina to enter the League of Nations, Saurez declared that it would eventually return, providing the interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine was not left entirely to the United States and that invasion on the rights of the South American republics be not considered the Monroe Doctrine.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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SIGN KELLOGG "PEACE" PACT IN AIR FEVERISH WITH WAR

EXPOSE NEW CAMPAIGN OF KANSAS AUTHORITIES TO DESTROY WORKERS PARTY

Communist Leaders Face Long Jail Terms on Criminal Syndicalist Charges

New Attack Seen as Party Gets on Ballot in the State

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 27.—The cases of Oehler Yocum and Kassis, Workers (Communist) Party members arrested here in connection with a Sacco and Vanzetti demonstration, have been set over for September 10. They are charged with violating the Kansas criminal syndicalist law. The charges against them will be amended to include their membership in the Workers (Communist) Party as one of their "crimes."

The Kansas authorities will base their case against the seven others arrested at the same time on the alleged "illegality" of the Party. The prosecution will seek to obtain convictions on the basis of the Party platform and on Oehler's speech, it is reported.

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A rousing call for a fight against the "criminal syndicalism" law of Kansas, and the recent attempts of the Kansas authorities to crush and drive out of existence the Workers (Communist) Party with the arrest of a number of its members, was today issued by the national office of International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th Street.

The call follows upon the arrest in Kansas City, Kansas, of Hugo Oehler, district organizer of the Workers Party, and Matthew Cushing, a young packing house worker, at an open air noon-day meeting held in front of the Armour Packing plant. They were held on charges of vagrancy, which were too thin, and were later changed to charges of violating the Kansas Criminal Syndicalism Law.

At a meeting which followed the arrest, in Shawnee Park in Armourdale, held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense for the joint purpose of commemorating the first anniversary of the Sacco-Vanzetti murder and the arrests before the Armour gate, the police swooped down and arrested ten of the speakers and workers in the audience. Those arrested included Hugo Oehler, Matthew Cushing, E. B. Eastwood, Samuel Kassis Nelson, Dr. N. S. Yocum, I. Bogdonovich, Jack Kolka, W. Miklash, and two by-standers, Mr. and Mrs. Edward D. Warren.

Held Under Bail.

According to reports just received from Kansas City, all but the last two named have been charged with violation of the Criminal Syndicalism Law and are being held under $500 bail each. The "violation" consists in the fact that all of the men indicted are charged with being members of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Coming simultaneously with the breaking up by police of a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting called by International Labor Defense in Arma, Kansas, it indicates the determination of the Kansas authorities to drive out of existence every radical labor organization in the state.

Persecute Radicals.

The Kansas law is an extremely vicious piece of anti-labor legislation and is cunningly framed to make it an easy matter for the prosecution to railroad to prison any "undesirable person." The charges against Oehler read that he "by word of mouth and by means and use of public distribution, display, circulation, gifts and sale of certain printed and written circulars, leaflets, books and other printed matter did unlawfully, wilfully, knowingly, openly, publicly and feloniously suggest, advocate, advise and affirmatively teach to various and numerous other persons there assembled, the doctrine of criminal syndicalism, with the intent then and there to spread the same, or the

Continued on Page Three

T. M. C. DEMANDS PARADE PERMIT

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 27. —A committee chosen by the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of Textile Mill Committees will ask Mayor Ashley tomorrow to ask

Continued on Page Three

13 Progressive Miners Camps Facing Famine

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 27.—A crisis in relief work among the striking soft coal miners which imperils their courageous struggle of sixteen long and bitter months is announced in a telegram from Albert Wagenknecht, chairman of the Miners National Relief to the New York Relief Committee today.

Wagenknecht's telegram follows in full:

"Monday begins the most critical week we have experienced. Henceforward every cent in your treasury. Thirteen progressive camps have called for food before Wednesday and there is no money on hand. They must be fed. Our most needy and our best fighters are among them. Shipments of two carloads to Ohio has depleted our treasury. Rush funds. Signed: Albert Wagenknecht."

RED CANDIDATE HITS IRT HEADS

Greed for Profit Costs Blood, Says Dunne

Charging that Al Smith, Jimmie Walker, the republican legislature, together with the I. R. T. are responsible for the terrible subway catastrophe which took place Friday afternoon at 5 p. m. near Times Square Station, resulting in 16 killed and over 100 injured, William F. Dunne, candidate for Governor of New York on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket issued the following statement:

Service Undermanned.

"For years the traction companies have followed a practice of undermanning their trains without any action by the administration. They have consistently refused to install and maintain mechanical safety equipment, have not carried out the order to purchase more cars. The insufficient number of cars has resulted in the inhuman crowding in trains to unheard of limits. Experienced workers have been fired as punishment for organization activities. In general, the I. R. T. with the connivance of Tammany Hall has been carrying out a policy that was bound to endanger the life and

Continued on Page Five

WATKINS OUSTED AT A. F. L. MEET

Switchmen's Delegate Led Group to USSR

DULUTH, Minn. (By Mail).—Undisguised glee on the part of the capitalist press here followed the expulsion from the Minnesota State Federation of Labor Convention of William Watkins of St. Paul, delegate from the Switchmen's Union, on the ground that he is a Communist.

Watkins was chairman of the first rank and file delegation to the Soviet Union. The group, composed of workers in many American industries, brought back an enthusiastic report about the gains which the Russian workers have achieved since the Bolshevik Revolution.

An editorial which appeared in the Duluth Herald typifies the capitalist press reaction to Watkins' ouster from the A. F. of L. convention.

"Organized labor would be admitting a Trojan horse if it let Communists into its deliberations, and it shows no disposition to be foolish," said the editorial. "If capital was as intelligent as that, it would support unionism instead of fighting it, as it sometimes does."

"Goat" for the I. R. T.

Selected by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company as a scapegoat in order to shield itself from criminal responsibility for the subway smash-up which killed 16 and injured over 100, William Baldwin, above, is now out on $10,000 on a charge of homicide. In return for many years of service to the traction barons, Baldwin may be imprisoned for the rest of his life. Faulty equipment of which the company was aware was responsible for the disaster last Friday evening.

RED DRIVE TO BE CONTINUED

Workers Urged to Aid Communist Campaign

Because she demanded the return of the Workers Party campaign fund collection box full of coins which the police had confiscated, Jennie Kliedman had her suspended sentence recalled and was ordered held for trial today by Magistrate Flood in West Side Court.

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Continuing the threats of the Department of Public Welfare against workers collecting for the Red Election Campaign Fund, James W. Kelly, deputy commissioner of the department, has issued a statement "explaining" the action of Commissioner Bird S. Coler, who previously had denounced the drive and incited the police to take a hand.

Simultaneously the Workers (Communist) Party has announced that despite police persecution the drive would be continued throughout the week of August 27. It was originally scheduled to be held only from Aug. 20 to 25. In a statement issued last night explaining this move, John J. Ballam, acting district organizer, declares:

"The returns thus far from collectors who have gone out among the workers in behalf of the Red Election Campaign Fund indicates that there is a tremendously favorable sentiment for our party at this time. This favorable sentiment must be tapped and utilized to the fullest extent.

Difficulties.

"Certain objective difficulties have arisen, which have prevented us from capitalizing sufficiently in the Red Week arranged for August 20 to 25. The postponement of the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstration has

Continued on Page Two

POLICE AT MINE ELECTION MEET

Anthracite Miners Get Taste of Democracy

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 27. —Using the ridiculous excuse that a mass meeting was being held on Sunday without a permit, Chief of Police Taylor yesterday broke up the Endorsement Conference called by the Workers (Communist) Party at 206 South Main St. The conference was called to endorse the Communist candidates, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow and to mobilize for the September 1 picnic and rally at Sans Souci Park, where Benjamin Gitlow will be the main speaker.

About sixty delegates were present, representing labor organizations in Luzerne and Lackawanna Counties, when Emil Gardos, subdistrict organizer, opened the conference. Pointing to the presence of the police, he said: "This conference is being stopped in spite of the fact that we are in election

Continued on Page Three

SCABS KNIFE 3 IN ASSAULT ON STEEL STRIKERS

Men Turn Down Boss Terms; Demand Flat Rate

Massillon Strike Looms

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 27.—The Central Alloy Steel Corporation's attempt to break by force the big steel strike which their counterfeit peace proposals have failed to smash after two weeks of struggle, resulted yesterday in a fight between strikers and scabs, in which three of the former were arrested.

Scabs Stab.

The fight, which followed the arming of strikebreakers in the Central Alloy plant, began when mine scabs attacked six strikers. The pickets defended themselves and in the course of the affray a strikebreaker stabbed three men not strikers, seriously wounding them. Bleeding profusely the victims were carried by the police not to a hospital but to the jail. It is thought that the police believed the men were strikers.

The strikers were then fined $10 and given ten days in the workhouse.

The government's interest in the strike has been dramatically disclosed in the terms which Commis-

Continued on Page Three

WORLD CONGRESS HITS OPPOSITION

Score Trotskyists at Communist Meet

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 26.—The forty-third session of the fifth World Congress of the Communist International opened here yesterday with Bela Kun acting as chairman. The discussion opened on the subject of the speeches of Varga on the situation in the Soviet Union and a speech by Manuilski on the problems of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

Approve All-Union Party.

Thaelmann, of Germany, then proposed that both speeches be published in a brochure as an answer to the social democratic slanders, and followed the proposal with a reading of a declaration in the name of the Communist Parties of Germany, Chechoslovakia, Poland, Austria, Sweden, Finland, Norway, Denmark, Lithuania, Latvia, Esthonia and the Young Communist International, completely approving the political and organizational line of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

The declaration pointed out the great successes achieved by the Communist Party despite the difficult conditions created by foreign imperialists. These difficulties he proceeded to sum up.

The complete bankruptcy of the Trotskyist and Menshevist opposition was pointed out in the declaration. The propagation of Trotskyist ideas was declared incompatible with membership in the Communist International.

War Danger.

The war danger is acute, the declaration further declared. When war comes the Communist International will lead the masses in a struggle to turn the imperialist war into a civil war for the overthrow of the bourgeoisie and the establishment of the dictatorship of the proletariat.

The chief task of the Communist is the exertion of all forces in order

Continued on Page Five

MAT WOLL IN FUR UNION S O S CALL

Howls in Horror Over New Fur Union

In a final despairing gesture, Matthew Woll, chairman of the American Federation of Labor committee in charge of the fight against the left wing and Communists in the needle trades unions, issued an appeal to all unions of the A. F. of L. to assist him in his fight against the left wing, which is fast regaining control of that industry.

Frantic at the spectacle presented by the almost completely annihilated A. F. of L. International Fur Work-

Continued on Page Two

Bringing Up the Dead From New York's Latest Interborough Crash

The number of dead in the tragic subway disaster at Times Square, New York City, last Friday night has not yet been exactly ascertained. The number of victims mangled beyond recognition is huge and much time must be spent putting into some semblance of once living persons the parts of bodies which were found dozens of feet from the pillar where the crowded train leaped the rails. Above, one of the earliest removals at 41st St. and 7th Avenue.

THE U. S. S. R. AND THE KELLOGG PACT

Declaration of Foreign Commissar Tchicherin to the Press

George Chicherin, People's Commissar for Foreign Affairs of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, made the following statement to the press some weeks before the signing of the Pact:

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The so-called Kellogg Pact, or more correctly said the reciprocal agreement on the outlawing of war as a weapon of national policy has occupied the centre of general attention since December last. During this period there has taken place a lively exchange of opinion between the Powers regarding the drawing up of this pact; nevertheless they did not think of inviting the Soviet Union to take part in these discussions. Obviously the governments conducting and taking part in these negotiations must have in mind the question of inviting the Soviet Union to participate, and from their standpoint they have adequate reasons for refraining from doing so.

This circumstance can only serve to emphasize the real object of the conclusion of the so-called Kellogg Pact.

Weapon Against U. S. S. R.

The exclusion of the Soviet government from these negotiations leads us in the first place to the assumption that, among the real objects of the initiators of this pact there obviously was and is the endeavor to make of this pact a weapon for isloating and fighting against the Soviet Union. The negotiations regarding the conclusion of the Kellogg pact are obviously an integral part of the policy of encircling the Soviet Union which at this moment occupies the central point of the international relations of the whole world. I would remind you that our delegate Comrade Litvinov, on his return from the December meeting of the Preparatory Commission on Disarmament, gave in his report a short analysis of the Kellogg proposals regarding the conclusions of a pact and ably showed that the "outlawing of war as a weapon of national policy" is synonymous with preparing war as a weapon of international counter-revolution.

The real purpose of the Kellogg Pact is shown yet more plainly by the French reservations submitted to the American government in the Note of June 23, when sending the second editing of the Pact to the initiatory Powers. The American government had pointed out that the second editing had the object of giving expression to the French demands. In its reply to this Note the French government emphasized in a still more undisguised manner that the Kellogg Pact aimed at protecting the international relations which are laid down in treaties, which idea was also expressed, although in a less outspoken form, by the American government when sending the second editing of the Pact.

The French government sets up war aimed at the carrying out of national policy, against war which is to perpetuate the existing relations, laid down in treaties, of the interested nations. According to the view of the French government, in the first case the government in question acts of itself, independently of the existing relations to other states. The second case would mean that states would conduct a war to secure the existing relations laid down in treaties. For this very reason the treaties France has with Poland and Rumania belong to the totality of the general system of present day treaty relations, so that a war arising out of these treaties would not be a war as a weapon of national policy but a war to perpetuate the existing peaceful and friendly relations between the signatories of the Pact.

War Against Soviet Union.

When the American government, when sending the second editing of the Kellogg pact to the initiatory powers on June 23, pointed out that this second editing realized the French demands, it was not attempting to deceive. The Pact actually states that the states participating in the agreement renounce war as a national policy, in order to perpetuate the existing peaceful and friendly relations between their peoples. In its accompanying Note of June 23, the American government declares in detail that the Statute of the League of Nations, as also the Locarno agreement and the agreements between France and a number of powers are included in the relations mentioned in the Kellogg Pact. This clearly shows that the **Kellogg pact is an integral part of the war preparations against the Soviet Union.**

The same also applies to the English reservations, according to which the defense of a number of areas in various parts of the earth is necessary in order to secure the British empire, and for which reason Great Britain joins in the Kellogg Pact only on condition that this fact is expressly stated and that it retains freedom of action regarding the defense of these areas.

In its Note of June 23, the American government refers to the answers of the English and the French governments, and points out that none of the reservations made by the one or the other government contradicts the second editing of the Pact. The American government, moreover, asserts that the Pact fully secures the lawful interests of all parties participating in it. The American government goes still farther and declares that any nation, at any moment regardless of the provisions of the treaties, has the right to decide whether circumstances call for it to resort to war as a means of lawful defense, and that the whole world will applaud when the nation in question fights for a good cause.

None of the initiatory powers of the Pact has raised any objection to this clear formulation of the sense of this Pact. None of these Powers has opposed it. In my opinion it must be clear to everybody that the point of this whole diplomatic action of the leading world Powers is directed against the Soviet Union.

Soviet Union Excluded.

Recently some new facts in international relations have come to be added to the Kellogg Pact. A considerable portion of the German press is conducting a campaign for the inclusion of the Soviet Union in the Pact. Some English Liberal newspapers, as the "Daily News" and some French Left papers, as well as a part of the American press, have begun to speak in the same tone. That part of public opinion finding expression in these newspapers has raised the question whether it is not possible for the Soviet Union to participate in the Kellogg Pact and whether the Soviet Union has been invited to participate.

I must reply to this question by declaring that it is not yet too late for this. The Pact has not yet been signed. Negotiations regarding its content can still take place with the Soviet Union. **Although the so-called original signatories of the Pact have already come to an agreement among themselves, they would have full possibility, if they wished to make the Pact something else than a weapon in the preparation of war against the Soviet Union, to enter into negotiations with the Soviet government. Their inclination or disinclination to conduct negotiations with the Soviet government on this question will serve to prove what their actual aim is—peace or the preparation for war. I can declare that our government is prepared to take part in these negotiations. The issue will depend upon the content of these negotiations. But the Soviet government is of the opinion that the possibility of it, too, signing the Kellogg Pact is not excluded.**

Up to the present our government has not received an invitation to take part in these negotiations nor the text of the agreement itself, nor even the proposals and reservations to the project made by the other Powers. **Only if we are served with the official Notes can we take part in these negotiations and in the event of favorable conditions, also sign the Pact.**

Soviet Union's Anti-War Policy.

It is one of the fundamental aims of the Soviet Union to put an end to war. **Our government directs its whole policy towards abolishing the possibility of any war. Whatever the objective results**

Continued on Page Two

Nijni-Novgorod Fair Dominated by State Firms; Orient Present

MOSCOW Aug. 27.—A new factor has been introduced into the last few fairs at Nijni-Novgorod, famous for centuries on account of its picturesque fairs that have drawn merchants from all parts of the Orient.

The majority of booths on the fair grounds are now either government firm owned or cooperative booths from all parts of the Soviet Union. Mixed with the fineries of China and Mongolia, with the products of government industries, products of the villages, can now be seen, taking a prominent part on the market, modern farm machinery. Of the 900 firms represented at the colorful spectacle about 400 are state or co-operative, eight concessionaires, 100 foreign—mostly from the Orient, and 109 private, mostly independent peasant exhibits.

The greatest feature of the fair is an exposition of handicraft from 42 producing sections of the Soviet Union.

SOVIET UNION IS "INVITED" AFTER TERMS ARE FIXED

43 Communists are Jailed by Paris Police

Humanité Scores Pact

(By United Press)

MOSCOW, Aug. 27 (UP).—The Soviet Union has been invited to participate in the Briand-Kellogg treaty to outlaw war, which was signed in Paris today by representatives of 15 powers.

French Ambassador Herbette late today transmitted an invitation from France to the Soviet Union to join the pact. Ambassador Herbette said Russia would participate under the same conditions and privileges of the original signatories.

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(EDITOR'S NOTE: *Despatches to the effect that the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is invited to "participate" in the Briand-Kellogg treaty to outlaw war "under the same conditions and privileges of the original signatories" are entirely deceptive. The pact had been subject to negotiations since December last, and the Note of the United States department of state of June 23 was taken as validating reservations made by both France and Great Britain, the reservations having the effect of strengthening the imperialist character of the pact. The statement to the press of Commissar of Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Union Chicherin prior to the signing of the pact, was not that the Soviet Union would sign the pact in its condition as signed yesterday, but that: "I can declare that our government is prepared to take part in these negotiations. The issue will depend upon the content of these negotiations. But the Soviet government is of the opinion that the possibility of it, too, signing the Kellogg pact is not excluded. . . . Only if we are served with the official Notes can we take part in these negotiations, and in the event of favorable conditions," also sign the pact. . . . Our Government . . . regards the intended prohibition of these wars as insufficient . . . . in the event of our participation in these negotiations we would also propose alterations in this pact which are necessary from our point of view. . . . . The imperialist powers delayed the invitation to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics until after negotiations of their own had moulded the character of the pact, excluding the Soviet government from any chance to propose changes. Only after the imperialist powers had signed the pact in a form to their own liking, the invitation is sent to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.*)

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

PARIS, Aug. 27—Not six months after they had retreated in confusion before the proposals for complete disarmament made by the Soviet government thru its assistant commissar for foreign affairs, Maxim Litvinov, at Geneva, the representatives of fifteen powers in all parts of the world today affixed their signatures to the Kellogg peace pact in Paris in an atmo-

Continued on Page Three

TO LAUNCH NEW MILL COMMITTEE

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 27.—At a mass meeting of textile silk workers held here yesterday in Carpenters' Hall by the Workers International Relief, Paterson silk workers heard Albert Weisbord and Selig Pitkowitz, former organizer of the Associated Silk Workers Union, announce the imminent launching of a new national union of textile workers at a convention in New York in Sept. 22.

After pointing out to the workers that the new wage cut drive now being inaugurated by the silk manufacturers here and in neighboring cities was not being combated by the Associated Silk Workers officials of that union were concerning themselves with carrying thru an amalgamation with the defunct United Textile Workers Union of the A. F. of L. which is no better

Continued on Page Three

Negro Workers Cheer Moore, Padmore at Big Labor Congress Meeting in Brooklyn

SPEAKERS URGE ALL TO SUPPORT WORKERS PARTY

"Only Freedom Lies in Class Organization"

Warning against the spread north of Southern institutions prejudicial to the Negro masses and pointing out that the only hope of the Negro is to organize as workers and strengthen their power by alliance with those sections of the exploited white workers who are class-conscious and ready for such an alliance, leaders of the American Negro Labor Congress received tremendous ovations from a large crowd of Negro workers who turned out Friday night for the organization's mass meeting at Boyles Mem. M. E. Zion Church, Gates Ave. and Irving Pl., Brooklyn.

"You can talk until doomsday about freedom," Richard B. Moore, National Organizer of the A. N. L. C. told the meeting. "You can talk until doomsday about emancipation, but unless you organize the only class which has the power and the will to struggle for emancipation, your talk is useless.

Organize Labor Power.

"Not until the Negro masses organize their labor power and unite with other oppressed groups and classes will we win our freedom. The only hope of the Negro is to organize as workers and strengthen their power with an alliance with the class-conscious white workers of America and the white, brown and yellow workers of the world."

Describing the American Negro Labor Congress as the basic Negro organization, fighting for better wages, better conditions of labor, equal pay for equal work, and against all inequalities, political, social or economic, the A. N. L. C. National Organizer warned the audience that there were two groups of white workers: those who still had the ideology of the bosses and aided the bosses in practising discrimination against colored workers, and those who had learned in the school of revolutionary activity that the interests of all workers, black, white and brown, were identical and were ready to make common cause with all sections of the working-class. "The American Negro Labor Congress is organized to smash the barriers raised in the trade unions by the first group and to force equal pay for equal work, equal opportunity for employment and equal representation in the unions," Moore said.

Henry Rosemond, secretary of the Haitian Patriotic Union and a member of long standing in the American Negro Labor Congress, urged upon the meeting the necessity of a militant organization such as this and called upon those present to show their sympathy with its aims and program not merely by applause but by becoming active members and helping to build up the Brooklyn Council of the American Negro Labor Congress.

Grace Campbell, chairman of the Harlem Educational Forum, gave a brief and interesting outline of working conditions among Negro women in the needle trades and other industries. She emphasized the necessity of these workers joining the unions in their industries.

Raps Old Political Parties.

Ripping the mask of false friendship from the Republican Party and showing it up in its true colors as a party dominated by financiers and employers whose exploiting interests were necessarily opposed to the interests of the exploited black and white workers, and further reminding his hearers of the traditional enmity of the Democratic Party, George Padmore called upon the Negro workers to vote for the party which by its working-class program and its outspoken, fearless advocacy of the interests of the Negro workers had shown itself the true friend of the Negro, the Workers (Communist) Party. He severely castigated Judge Atwell for his prejudiced remarks in a recent case before him, and warned that "Atwell is not individual. There are scores of Atwells come up from the South and trying to introduce Southern prejudice and Southern institutions in the North. We must meet this growing menace by eternal vigilance and effective working-class organization." Referring to the agitation for Africa for the Africans, Padmore told the meeting that "unless we are sufficiently organized, economically and politically, we will not be able to help our African brothers when they, taking courage from the heroic revolution of the Chinese masses, launch the inevitable revolution against capitalist-imperialist domination and exploitation."

LENINGRAD, Aug. 27.—Anna Bistrova, an Esthonian woman, has confessed to the Soviet authorities that she was engaged in organized espionage in Soviet territory since 1924.

She revealed a wide organization of which she was a part, according to an official announcement, and eleven other arrests were made on the basis of her confession. Most of those held wer Russians.

At the same time 30 other persons were jailed on various charges in connection with alleged Esthonian-Latvian military and espionage in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

DOCTORS LEFT MINE STRIKER'S BABY TO DIE; HE COULD NOT PAY CASH

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 27.—Anthony Yelich tells a story of years of intense struggle, in the fight for a living wage and safer working conditions in the mines. Yelich is living in the Lilly Patch now, on the bank of a rising swamp, dark with filth. The stench caused by lack of sewage arrangements is so strong that the families of the patch find it difficult to sleep at night. Operations at the Lilly mine have not been resumed since the beginning of the strike some sixteen months ago, and there is practically no other work available for the men in a radius of many miles.

Both Tony and his wife are young. They have two children, four-year-old Tony and the baby, Rose. A third child died at birth. Little Tony was a "strike" baby, born out-of-doors, because his parents were evicted back in the 1924 strike.

Ten-months-old Rose is a "strike" baby, too. She is a tiny, yellow, shrunken infant, and looks much younger than she really is. When she developed convulsions one evening last week Yelich went first to one doctor, then to another and another, appealing for help. But Yelich had no money to pay in advance, and the doctors would not come. The fifth doctor finally agreed to come.

"We thought the baby would die sure, she was so bad," Yelich said, when he came to the National Miners Relief Committee headquarters for relief for the Lilly Patch. "But the doctors wouldn't come, because I didn't have any money. I was near crazy by the time I got to Dr. Houston over at Vesta Six—he came. It's a hard life."

The Yelich family, like their many neighbors, have received no relief from the union during the past six months. Only the supplies sent by the National Miners Relief Committee kept the patch from being wiped out by famine. The baby has had no fresh milk in many months. The precious canned milk sent by the relief committee is mixed with water and sustains life in her shrunken little body, as it does for hundreds of other babies.

Young Mrs. Yelich is very ill, too. Stomach trouble, she says, brought on when she was feeding the baby. She had little or nothing to eat, herself. This acute form of stomach trouble is very common among recent mothers in the mining camps.

Because it is almost impossible for the relief committee to fill adequately the most fundamental needs, such as flour to bake bread with, it has been unable to take care of more than a fraction of the urgent appeals for medical help. Confinement cases, especially, are a great problem. Special appeals to workers everywhere are being broadcasted from the Pittsburgh office, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., asking for financial assistance to meet this vital need.

U. S. S. R.-BRITISH WOODWORKERS IN UNITY PROGRAM

Promise Mutual Aid; to Fight War

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By Mail).—A further step towards the solidarity of the international working class and towards mutual assistance in time of conflict was taken by the woodworkers' unions of the Soviet Union and of Britain when both organizations ratified their agreement for the formation of an Anglo-Russian Woodworkers Committee.

The chief task of this committee is to render mutual, moral and material support in strikes and lockouts. The participants in the committee also undertake to fight energetically against international strikebreaking and against the reformist slogan of class peace in industry.

The political significance of the unity committee is further evidenced by its agreement to work for the prevention of the disruptive tactics of the imperialists and for the prevention of imperialist war.

The initiatory conference of the new Anglo-Russian Committee will take place in autumn when a program of action will be worked out and the practical tasks of the committee set.

RED ELECTION MEETS THIS WEEK

To Present Platform of Class Struggle

The Workers (Communist) Party will present to the workers of New York City its program of the class struggle at a series of open-air meetings throughout the city this week. The meetings follow:

Today.

Rutgers Square—Hendin, Haltman, Wattenberg, I. Cohen, Haltz (Pioneer).

First Ave. and 49th St., N. Y.—Wright, Schalk, Summer, Schatzkumer (Pioneer).

Twenty-Eighth St. and Lexington Ave.—Schachtman, MacDonald, Severino.

Tomorrow.

Grand St. Ext. and Havemyer, Brooklyn—Bimba, Shapiro, G. Welsh, Kuhl (Pioneer).

Sutter and Williams, Brooklyn—B. Miller, Pasternack, J. Cohen, Mikels (Pioneer).

Longwood and Prospect Ave., Bronx—Tafe, LeRoy, Alkin, Wm. Margolis.

Lenox Ave. and 133rd St., N. Y. C.—Padmore, Powers, Suskins, Smith (Pioneer).

Wednesday, Aug. 29.

Second and 10th St.—Hendin, Joe Cohen, Peer, Goliger.

Union Square, N. Y.—Baum, Blake, Ross, Kaplan.

Wilkins and Intervale Ave., Bronx—Grecht, Primoff, Spiro, L. Margolies, Eisman (Pioneer).

Fleet St. and Flatbush Ave. Ext., Brooklyn—Padgug, Rosemond, Mindolla.

Seventh Ave. and 31st St., N. Y. C.—R. B. Moore, Green, Williams, Lamb, Baum (Pioneer).

Seventh Ave. and 137th St., N. Y. C.—Moore, Huiswood, Vera Bush, Himoff (Pioneer).

Passaic, N. J.—Gussakoff, Harrison.

Thursday, Aug. 30.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth St. and St. Ann's—Yusem, Cibulsky, Fishkoff, Green (Pioneer).

One Hundred and Fortieth St. and 8th Ave., N. Y.—Shapiro, Joe Cohen.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Nessin, Kastrell, Spiro, Gozigian, Berman (Pioneer).

Twenty-fifth St. and Mermaid Ave., Coney Island—Padgug, Lillianstein, Magliacano, Shafran.

Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria, L. I.—Schachtman, Abern, Vera Bush, Burke, Blake, Heder.

One Hundred and Sixth and Madison, N. Y.—Codkind, Schal, Sumner, Brantx (Pioneer).

Osborn and Dumont Aves., Brooklyn—Benjamin, Rosemond, Kindred, Julius Cohen.

Friday, Aug. 31.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Ballam, Ross.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn—LeRoy, Pasternack, Alkin, G. Welsh, Levitt (Pioneer).

Fifth Ave. and 110th, N. Y.—Taft, Huiswood, E. Welsh, Ruiz, Lyons, Repalsky (Pioneer).

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Wright, Freidman.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn—Nessin, Primoff, Rosemond, Mindola.

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn (4th Ave. line, B.-M. T.)—Powers, Donaldson, Magliacano, Macdonald, Chalupski, J. Taft (Pioneer).

Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.)—Markoff, Russak.

Saturday, Sept. 1.

First Ave. and 19th St., N. Y.—Markoff, E. Welsh, Napoli, Rolfe Galiger.

West New York, N. J.—Padmore, Szepesey.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—B. Smith, L. Duke, Rosen (Pioneer).

Elizabeth, N. J. (Union Square)—Yusem, R. Duke.

Rifts Widen Between Nanking War-lords as Pai and Yen Contend

PEKING, Aug. 27.—Rifts between the Nanking generals are slowly but surely widening, the open opposition between General Yen Hsi-shan and General Pai Chun-hsi being particularly prominent now.

Pai Chung-hsi enjoys the patronage of Chiang Kai-shek and it is alleged feels safe in flouting the orders of Yen Hsi-shen, who is his immediate superior.

Backed by an army of 120,000 men, Pai is doing his utmost to establish his position as a contending war-lord until such a time as it is supposed he will feel sufficiently strong to declare himself independent.

De Rivera Program to Provide for Harsher Laws Against Labor

MADRID, Spain, Aug. 26.—General Primo de Rivera, has announced to the Union Patriotica, the only political party legalized under his dictatorship, that the anniversary of his accession to office will be the occasion for the proclamation of a new administrative program.

The program will launch an attack upon leaders and organizations who have opposed the government and have urged the workers to protest against their oppression by the present regime.

POLICE ATTACK SACCO MEETING

Arrest 13 at Rockford Memorial

MADRID, Spain, Aug. 27.—Gen-Continuing their drive against the Young Workers (Communist) League, police broke up a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting held here Wednesday evening under the auspices of the League.

A large crowd of workers had gathered at the meeting, which was held at Broadway and Eighth Sts.

As the first speaker, Max Appleman, launched into an explanation of the class justice which brought about the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti, a squad of policemen and plain clothes men surrounded the meeting. The speaker was immediately pulled down and many other League members, who were identified by plain clothes men, were also lined up. Thirteen in all were arrested.

They were then marched in a body down the main street of Rockford to the police sub-station. Marching down the street, the sang the International and the Red Flag.

Upon arrival at the city jail they were questioned, and Max Appleman was charged with speaking without a permit, while Zip Khochis was charged with distributing leaflets. The other 11 workers, after a warning from the chief of police, were released.

WAITERS' UNION ENDS STRIKES

Settlement Permits Discrimination

Strikes involving five restaurants, with over forty waiters and waitresses, have been announced today as "settled" by Louis Rifkin, president of Local 1, Waiters and Waitresses, American Federation of Labor. The restaurants included the three Trufood chain places, on 39th, 40th and 44th Sts.; the Elkwood, 149th St. and Third Ave., and Stempler's Exchange Bakery and Restaurant on 21st St., on strike for the past three years.

The latter place is notorious because of the long court fight of the bosses to secure an injunction against picketing. When the judge refused to grant an injunction, it was hailed by the American Federation of Labor as a great victory.

At Thursday's meeting of Local 1, however, a proposal to hold a "legal celebration," at which some New York judges and lawyers were to be guests of honor, along with members of the New York Restaurant Owners' Association, union officials, and, incidentally, a few strikers and union members, was voted down by the membership. No celebration of any kind will be held until a committee of five from the union membership has reported back to the union after a conference with the official strike committee. And, if a "celebration" is then decided on, a big fight is expected over the question as to whether judges, lawyers and bosses are allowed to join, according to statements of the rank and file.

In the meantime, much dissatisfaction is expressed by the strikers because two of the leaders were discriminated against in the Trufood settlement; one being taken back to work only after all the others refused to return without him. The question of the second being taken back is still undecided. Union officials refused to put up a fight for better conditions for a cook, who walked out in sympathy with the waiters; nor was any fight made for the reinstatement, with better conditions, of two "bus" boys who also joined the strikers. The new "union" contract is unsatisfactory in other respects; it allows for fewer men on the job and their replacement by women at longer hours and lower wages; also, some of those who scabbed despite the picket line still retain their jobs, though provision is made that they be laid off gradually.

BOSSES DEMAND TAILORS' SCALPS

Get Opportunity Thru Yellow Officials

Another conference between the employers and the right wing officials of the Ladies Tailors' Local 38 will be held today. The approaching expiration of the present agreement was used by the bosses as an opportunity to present a series of drastic demands for lowering the conditions of the union members, due to the fact that the union was weakened by the right wing clique now in power here and in the International. A statement was issued to the press by the left wing workers in that organization that states in part:

"The demoralization of the ladies' tailoring trade and also in Local 38, due to the policy of the right wing clique now in power, was brought to such a point that when the agreement is about to expire the employers have the audacity to put up demands to the union which, if accepted, would destroy the conditions that the workers have won after twenty years' struggle.

"It is clear that if the clique in the International had not created this situation in the union, the employers would not have dared to put up such demands to the local.

"At the membership meeting held Thursday night, August 23, at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., the agreement that the Couturier Association presented to Local 38 was read. This agreement was unanimously rejected.

"The reading of the impossible demands of the employers caused many members of Local 38 to stand up and demand that the general membership meeting elect two additional members to the Conference Committee that was Appointed by the Executive Board of Local 38, in view of the struggle that the local will have to wage. This justifiable demand was rejected by the right wing chairman."

RED DRIVE TO BE CONTINUED

Workers Urged to Aid Communist Campaign

Continued from Page One

interfered with the meetings of many party units, and a number of comrades have therefore not received their boxes or shop collection lists. An added difficulty was the rainy weather which persisted throughout the week and also retarded collections.

"We have, therefore, decided to extend the collection period throughout the week of August 27, to give every comrade an opportunity to secure his quota of contributions to the party's campaign fund. We have assigned a quota of not less than five dollars, which must be raised by each comrade either through a collection list or a box, toward the party's campaign fund.

Coler's Attack.

"The extreme political importance of this drive is indicated by the fact that Bird S. Coler, Tammany Commissioner of Public Welfare, has seen fit to come out in the capitalist press openly denouncing the drive, in an attempt to demoralize the workers and frighten them from contributing to the Communist Campaign Fund. The results thus far have shown that this dastardly move on the part of Tammany Hall has had the opposite effect, and contributions have been prompt and generous.

"All comrades are therefore instructed to secure a box or a list, to utilize this week to complete their quota and to roll up a fitting answer to Bird S. Coler and his Wall Street masters in Tammany Hall."

State Trade Union Convention in Ky.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Aug. 27.—The annual convention of the State Federation of Labor will convene in the State Capitol on Monday, September 17.

THE U. S. S. R. AND THE KELLOGG PACT

Continued from Page One

of wars may be in the future. it is the chief aim of the policy of our government to prevent any war. Among other wars we likewise strive to exclude also those which serve as a weapon of national policy. Our government, therefore, fully agrees that everything must be done in order to exclude the possibility of wars which serve national and imperialist policy as a weapon, but it regards the intended prohibition of these wars as insufficient. Our press has contributed a great deal towards making clear the real meaning of the Kellogg Pact. The criticism of the Kellogg Pact in our newspapers is necessary; in the event of our participation in these negotiations we would also propose alterations in this Pact which are necessary from our point of view.

No Disarmament in Pact.

Our government declares that the Pact, which is in itself already inadequate, is rendered of still less value by the reservations made by England and France, which give every party to the Pact the right to interpret it in the spirit of its own national or imperialist policy. Our government particularly points out that the Kellogg Pact loses value above all owing to the fact that it is not accompanied by any undertaking in regard to the question of disarmament.

The chief aim of the international policy of the Soviet Union is to preserve peace. The proposal of our government regarding disarmament is a plain authentication of this policy. Our government cannot neglect to make use of the American Pact proposal in order to proceed farther on the way of struggle for the preservation of general peace. But we fully realize that the attitude that the most influential portion of the press of Great Britain, France and of the United States is adopting in this question leaves us but little hope of the possibility of participating in the negotiations.

YOUNG TEXTILE STRIKERS MEET

Fall River Cops Stop Relief Meeting

(Special to the Daily Worker)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 27.—Anton Sousa, eighteen-year-old picket leader of the Fall River textile strikers, who was sentenced to six months in jail for his strike activities, was released when the International Labor Defense provided $2,200 in bail bonds. He promptly went to act as one of the speakers at a mass meeting of young mill workers called by the youth section of the Textile Mill Committees on Liberty Lot.

Joe Tarvis, another youthful strike leader, Jack Rubinstein, Bill Sroka, James Ried and Sousa spoke at the meeting.

After Ried had delivered a speech in which he urged the young workers to stand behind the union in its fight for improvement of the conditions of all workers, he received the pledges of the young strike leaders that the youth will not only support the struggle but continue to play a leading role in conducting and spreading the anti-wage-cut fight.

Police here stopped a mass meeting of the Workers' International Relief by lining up a large squad of patrolmen outside the hall rented by the strike aid organization, and thereby intimidating the hall owners who then refused to abide by their contract.

MORE CLERICALS IN OBREGON CASE

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 27.—Further statements of the police indicate that many more clericals are involved in the plot that succeeded in killing General Obregon and in an additional plot to kill President Calles.

Other details besides those contained in the previous statement have not been revealed, but as the investigation continues, the police state that others have been implicated, among them those who were the authors of the Celaya plot to poison Obregon and Calles.

In the meantime Toral, Mother Concepcion and the other clericals held have been transferred to Mexico City, where the investigation will continue.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

Ask McMillan to Aid Hassel Search

CHICAGO, Aug. 27 (UP).—Capt. Donald B. McMillan has been asked by the Field Museum here to give all possible assistance to agencies searching for Bert Hassell and Parker Cramer, missing Rockford, Ill., fliers.

Captain McMillan, who is leader of the museum's Rawson-McMillan Arctic Expedition, was messaged by museum officials after receipt of a telegram from Clarence M. Young, Director of Aeronautics of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, suggesting that the expedition's ships might be invaluable in the search.

It is believed the expedition has sailed from Nain, Labrador, on its return voyage.

NEEDLE WORKERS HOLD RED RALLY

To Endorse Communist Election Candidates

Workers in all crafts of the needle trades industry will gather Wednesday evening at a mass meeting in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Pl. to endorse the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party in the coming presidential elections. The meeting will be held immediately after work. Ben Gitlow, Communist candidate for the vice-presidency, will be the chief speaker.

The mass meeting is the result of the enthusiastic response from many thousands of needle trades workers to the recently published "Statement to Needle Trades Workers," issued by the National Committee of the Needle Trades Section of the Trade Union Educational League. This statement had called upon these workers to support the Communist candidates after pointing out that the "socialist" officialdom of the right wing unions had made an alliance with Tammany Hall Al Smith and the bosses to disrupt their organizations and destroy their union working standards.

All leaders of the left wing garment unions will speak at the meetings. They include Ben Gold, furrier leader; Charles S. Zimmerman, of the Cloakmaker's Union; H. Sazer, capmakers; Gladys Schechter, of the Millinery Union; S. Lipin, tailor; M. Yusim of the Young Workers League, and M. Ziebel, milliner. Rose Wortis, leader of the dressmakers will act as chairman.

According to the Needle Trades National Committee, which is the official sponsor of the meeting, a committee of 50 needle trades workers will be elected at the meeting to organize a campaign for mass support to the Party candidates among the masses of workers in the clothing industry.

MORE WORKERS ARE OUT OF JOBS

Official Report Shows Jobless Increase

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27 (UP).—Favorable reports on the general industrial and business situation came from the Federal Reserve Board tonight while the American Federation of Labor noted a slight increase in the number of unemployed during July.

The Reserve Board survey showed industrial and trade activity on a larger volume in July than is usual in midsummer with the general level of commodity prices advanced slightly.

A survey of 24 cities made by the American Federationist revealed a one per cent increase in the number of organized wage earners out of work. Preliminary figures for August show but a slight change over the July situation.

"Production of manufactures and minerals showed a smaller decrease than is usual in July," the Federal Board reported, "and the index of industrial production, which made allowance for seasonal variations, advanced."

NICE, France, Aug. 27.—The Italian consul at Nice, Marquis di Muro, was wounded today by a gunshot fired from behind the iron grill of the consulate garden.

Atlhough the man who attempted the assassination was not seen, police here claim that they have evidence that will involve a number of anti-fascists.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

MAT WOLL IN FUR UNION S O S CALL

Howls in Horror Over New Fur Union

Continued from Page One

ers Union, which is "international" in name only, since every important local of that organization has already affiliated to the new furriers' union recently established, Matthew outdid himself in the drawing up of ridiculous appeals.

"A direct challenge," says Woll in the declaration, "has just been issued by the Communist Party of Moscow to the A. F. of L." He then cries loudly about the new unions recently launched in the needle trades, textile and mining industry.

Although the statement is primarily supposed to be a broadside against the fur workers and the union they are building, Woll says very little that is specific about that organization. This is explainable when it is remembered that the new union was launched at the recent mass meeting with nearly every fur manufacturing and fur dressing local already affiliated and split off from the reactionary A. F. of L. skeleton organization.

However, he warns all furriers to keep away from the meetings called by the "reds."

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

French Imperialists Are Worried Over Reports of American Control Over Liberia

FEAR U. S. WILL DOMINATE VAST RUBBER SOURCE

Loan Is Negotiated by Firestone Interests

PARIS, Aug. 27.—Statements by French West African officials today disclosed their attitude towards the control given the United States government in the internal affairs of Liberia by an alleged loan for $5,000,000.

The statement of opinion on the part of the French officials was precipitated by reports that the state department at Washington has been accused before the League of Nations of attempting to gain control of the Liberian government through a virtual subsidy.

While pretending to ridicule the influence which the American government is able through its financial position to exert upon Liberian policies, the French officials betray their nervousness over the control thus obtained by the American interests.

While the French have huge rubber reserves in their equatorial African possessions they are also interested in the potentialities of rubber cultivation in Liberia. They, morever, fear the independence of foreign markets which the opening of this new rubber source will mean to the American rubber manufacturers.

The loan is understood to have been negotiated secretly by the American Firestone rubber interests under liberal patronage of the leading republican party.

POWERS SIGN KELLOGG PACT

Seen as Move Against Soviet Union

Continued from Page One

phere supercharged with war, while the iron heel of international militarism clanked thru the clock hall of the Quai D'Orsay. The solemn play of signing was ushered in by the arrest of 43 Communists. The building in which it was enacted was surrounded with police. Sergeants de Ville infested every embrasure and entrance for blocks around and at their head was Chiappe, the Paris police chief, notorious for his brutal suppression of workers following the demonstrations for Sacco and Vanzetti.

No representative of the Soviet government was at this "peace" conference. The representatives of the governments there assembled were consciously performing the first maneuver in the circuitous preparations for war against the Soviet Union.

"Peace is proclaimed," Premier Briand, the French foreign minister, told the 14 delegates gathered in the Salon Des Ambassadeurs at the Quai D'Orsay, "but it still remains necessary to organize it. That is work for tomorrow."

When he had finished, Briand turned to Stresemann, the German foreign minister, and bowed. The German official, in an impressive silence, proceeded to the central table almost falteringly, took up the huge gold pen and signed his name to both copies of the treaty. One copy, in French, will be preserved in the archives here and the other, in English, at Washington.

After the delegates adjourned to the gardens for tea, the crowd poured into the room, trying to touch the treaty. Guards pushed them back and surrounded the treaty while photographers took close-ups of it.

The arrest of the Communists followed their denunciation of the Kellogg "peace" pact as an effort to cloak the military preparations of the signatories against the Soviet Union under cover of the so-called multilateral peace treaty.

TO JAIL OBREGON PLOTTERS IN U. S.

Issues Warrant Against Accomplices

Acting on advices from Manuel C. Telles, Mexican ambassador to the United States at Washington, U. S. Commissioner Francis A. O'Neill today issued warrants for the arrest of six Mexicans in New York allegedly implicated in the assassination of General Alvero Obregon.

Among the warrants issued was one for the arrest of Manuel Trejo [illegible], 21, who has been mentioned prominently in dispatches from Mexico City as implicated in the murder of Obregon. The others, [illegible] Navarro Becerra, 34, [illegible] Rabolez Ochoa, 24, Jose A. [illegible], 35, Enrique M. Zepeda, 35, [illegible] Ortega are specifically charged with the murder of Obregon and also implicated in recent bomb outrages in the Mexican capital.

At Funeral of Boy Victim of I. R. T.

One case which the I. R. T. subway crash at Times Square last Friday night brought to light is typical of the great American boss slogan, "work hard and you'll get ahead." As usual it was frustrated, this time by N. Y. Traction Company greed. The parents of Irving Rabinowitz had a little grocery store and had starved along all their lives to "make something" of their son. He was finishing his medical studies when the I. R. T. made something of him that his parents had never intended. Fate? Not at all, but another American tragedy of boss propaganda. Above, the boy's parents at his funeral.

EXPOSE KANSAS DRIVE AGAINST COMMUNISTS

Continued from Page One

duty, necessity, propriety, expediency or justification of a means of accomplishing, effecting or bringing about industrial or political ends, change or revolution, and one Nelson, S. Yocum, one Sam Kassin and one E. B. Eastwood, being then and there voluntarily present in person, did unlawfully, wilfully, and feloniously assist and abet him, the said Hugo Oehler, in the commission of the aforesaid offense, with the intent to spread the same and did then and there unlawfully, wilfully, knowingly, openly, publicly, voluntarily, feloniously bring, have displayed, circulate, distribute, give and sell to various and numerous persons, certain written and printed leaflets, books and other printed matter, suggesting, affirmative by teaching and advising the necessary propriety, expediency and justification of doing acts of physical violence and the commission of unlawful acts as means of accomplishing, effecting or bringing about industrial or political ends, changes or revolution."

"Evidence."

The "evidence" to prove this, seized by the police at the two meetings they broke up, consists of 20 copies of the national election program of the Workers (Communist Party, application cards for membership in the Party, a book on Sacco and Vanzetti by Max Shachtman, copies of the Labor Defender, the official organ of the International Labor Defense, a number of leaflets issued by the nucleus of the Workers Party in the Armour plant and similar material.

I. L. D. Statement.

The statement of the national office of International Labor Defense on the case issued by Martin Ahern, assistant national secretary, says, in part, as follows:

"The reactionary authorities of Kansas, alarmed at the growth of the radical labor movement in the state and urged on by the Packing Trust which is also dissatisfied with the activities of the Workers (Communist) Party whose members have been agitating for a union in the plants of Kansas City, have taken the first steps towards driving a working class party out of existence in the state and railroading its most active members to long years of imprisonment in the state penitentiaries.

"The arrest of the dozen workers in Kansas City, and the breaking up of meetings in front of Armour's, and the International Labor Defense meetings in Kansas City and Arma is indicative of the determination with which the authorities are going about with their dirty anti-labor work. The attack, directed primarily against the Workers Party, is an attack against a legal political organization, whose candidates for the presidency and vice-presidency, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow respectively, are officially on the ballot in the state of Kansas. The holding of political meetings are supposed to be guaranteed by the U. S. constitution.

Attack on Communists.

"The Kansas Criminal Syndicalism Law is one of the many adopted throughout the country in a vicious attempt to crush the labor and revolutionary movement. In Kansas it has already been used on numerous occasions to imprison some of the best militants in the state for no other reason than their membership in a labor organization and their devotion to the cause of the working class.

"The charges against the workers arrested in Kansas City simmers down to the 'crime' of belonging to the Workers (Communist) Party and advocating its program, the program of a legally recognized political organization."

The International Labor Defense then calls upon all workers to rally to the support of the defense immediately so that the authorities may be prevented from sending innocent workers to serve long terms of imprisonment.

All unions, and other labor organizations are urged to adopt resolutions immediately calling for the release of the prisoners and for the immediate repeal of the Criminal Syndicalism law as a flagrant and vicious piece of anti-labor legislation.

To Call Conference.

Meetings are to be organized throughout the state of Kansas so that the workers of that state will be able to express their opposition to the frame-up and to the "C. S." law. The International Labor Defense will also call a state-wide conference of all labor organizations in Kansas as soon as possible to mobilize all available forces to fight for the release of the men and the end of the Criminal Syndicalism law. Special efforts are to be made to build and strengthen the I. L. D. so as to better enable it to carry on the work in this and other cases.

Needs Funds.

The legal aspects of the case are being organized rapidly by the national office of the I. L. D. Nationally-known attorneys will be secured to represent the defense in the case as part of the campaign to use every means to smash the attempts of the Kansas authorities to make the Workers Party illegal in that state. It is understood that efforts are now being made to retain the services of such well-known attorneys as Jerome Walsh, of Missouri, the son of Frank P. Walsh and himself a member of the Missouri State Legislature, and Congressman Coombs, who represents the state of Missouri in the national house of representatives. Attorney Meeks of Kansas City has already been engaged.

In order to help meet the tremendous costs that fighting the case will involve, the I. L. D. today also appealed to workers and progressive-minded people throughout the country to send funds immediately to aid in defraying the expenses.

WANT OWN LABOR COUNCIL: JAILED BY JUGOSLAVS

50 Dalmatian Workers Arrested

ZAGREB, Yugoslavia, (By Mail).—An attempt of the members of labor unions in Split, Dalmatia to wrest the labor council in that city from the hands of a group of corrupt officials has resulted in the arrest of more than fifty workers at the date of this writing with prospects for more arrests in the near future.

Although the council is known as a workers council, contrary to what one may expect from the name, it has nothing to do with the interests of the workers. For many years this council was ruled by a board put together by the government party, which board used money obtained from workers for personal enterprises and even for reactionary police actions. For a long time working class organizations demanded that a new board be appointed but to no effect. Not only the unions, brutally persecuted by the police, but also the nationalist organizations and other organization condemned in the sharpest terms the directors of the labor council.

Due to the growing force of these protests the government finally had to order a re-organization of the council. Hoover, working class and national organizations were not included in the list and only a list of the old corrupt elements was drawn up.

As the reorganization meeting was being held a large number of angry workers crowded the meeting room, exposed the members of the old board and broke up the meeting. Immediately police and gendarmes entered the picture and arrested over fifty workers. The arrests are still going on. Among the arrested there are many functionaries and leaders of unions and other working class organizations. They were brutally beaten in the police prisons and then handed over to the courts.

Naturally, at a new meeting the new board of directors was elected in accordance with the wish of the government. The board consists of thirteen members, of which only two are workers and the rest of officials—among them a bank director and a lawyer.

Four Boys Drown in Missouri River

ST JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 27 (UP).—The Missouri River took a toll of four lives Sunday when a small launch carrying eight persons capsized.

According to witnesses the launch capsized when the four boys crowded to one side. All of the bodies were recovered.

Author and Signers of Pact to Cloak War Schemes

Above, premier Briand of France; secretary of state Kellogg, and William Cosgrove of the Irish Free State, who signed the Kellogg peace pact in Paris for their respective governments yesterday. Under cover of this pact the imperialists are rushing faster than ever their plans for war against the Soviet Union and one another.

SCABS ATTACK STEEL STRIKERS

Ohio Men Turn Down Bosses' Terms

Continued from Page One

sioner Faukner of the labor department made to the strike committee, declaring that if the men would accept a bonus as part of the agreement the government would back it up.

The strike committee solidly refused to deal with the commissioner on any other than a flat rate, no bonus basis.

The plant has been badly crippled by the walkout of the men and the strikebreakers are working only three days a week, although the company is known to have big orders on hand, notably for material for airplane motors.

See Massillon Strike.

The spirit among the pickets is excellent and the line is at the mill daily.

Fear of the Massillon Steel officials that the strike will spread to their plant from Canton is leading them to take savage repressive measures and seven men were discharged yesterday for having strike leaflets in their possession or for distributing them. An army of stools and detectives has permeated the plant and every move of the workers is the subject of a report to the corporation officials from one or another of these agents.

Espionage and the trial of the three Canton strike leaders arrested at Massillon, which the corporation designed as an object lesson to the other workers, has served merely to arouse the strikers' strike sentiment in the mill.

USSR to Turn Czarist Prison Hell-Hole Into Revolutionary Museum

LENINGRAD, U. S. S. R., Aug. 27.—The Old Shlusselburg Fortress on the banks of the Neva, where many noted revolutionists were imprisoned by the czarist government, will be opened as a Revolutionary Museum by the Soviet Government on August 29.

The cells will be left as they are, many of them bearing the inscriptions of former revolutionary prisoners. Visitors will be able to see the damp and dark cells under the level of the Neva, with their single iron cots, wet and sparse floors.

At the execution place tablets with the names of the prisoners executed will be placed.

TO LAUNCH NEW MILL COMMITTEE

Continued from Page One

than a company union. Both Weisbord who is passing thru here on an extensive tour and the other speakers declared that the Textile Mill Committees are entring town to begin building a real union. Locals of the Associated being invited to join in the drive.

Announcement was made of a mass meeting to be held Friday evening for the purpose of establishing on a city wide basis the local section of the T. M. C. Pitkowitz said that committees were already being formed in the various mills. Of the 25,000 silk operatives in Paterson only about 3,500 are organied into the Associated and the U. T. W.

T. M. C. DEMANDS PARADE PERMIT

Boss' Mayor Grants It to A. F. of L. "Union"

Continued from Page One

a permit for a parade of textile strikers on Labor Day. Two parades hitherto arranged by the T. M. C. Union were broken up by the police force.

The reactionary officialdom of the A. F. of L. Textile Council announced its acceptance of the permit to parade on Labor Day tendered them by the mill owners' mayor. The permit granted carries specifications which are directly aimed at the T. M. C. Union Children under fourteen, the singing of strike songs, the displaying of badges and signs, parade halts, and speaking are all forbidden by the mayor.

The parade day, however, is regarded by the workers and strikers of the city as a test of strenght between the A. F. of L. Union and the militant organization.

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 27.—Following a huge mass meeting of over 4,000 textile workers here, held to honor the memory of the working class martyrs, Sacco and Vanzetti, the police, quiter for a few days, again began to intensify their persecution of the Textile Mill Committees and their members.

An additional registration office, rented yesterday to facilitate the signing up of the flood of new members coming into the Textile Mill Committees, was padlocked by police yesterday. They also placed a special guard at the doors to keep them closed.

DOCTOR REVEALS TORTURING IN VENIZELOS JAILS

Found Worker Suffering From Wounds

BERLIN (By Mail).—In behalf of the Greek Workers' Aid, Dr. Zouraris visited the proletarian prisoners in the Greek prisons. In spite of the difficulties put forth by the police, he succeeded in visiting a few jails. Concerning such a visit he makes the following statement:

"The undersigned doctor visited Leonidas Stingos, 28 years old, in jail and testifies to the following: 1. Bleeding and swelling of the right eye, caused by a blunt instrument; 2. Bleeding of the gluteal parts and skin; 3. Wounds on the ankles of both feet caused by a sharp instrument; 4. Swelling on the soles of both feet, undoubtedly caused by a whip; 5. Bloody discharges at coughing.—G. Zouradis."

The same doctor, on the ground of his investigations, sent appeals to all newspapers, in which he pointed out the mistreatment and proved the responsibility of the prefect of police of Saloniki. The prefect threatened him with deportation.

POLICE AT MINE ELECTION MEET

Continued from Page One

times, when, according to the so-called democracy, every party has the right to express itself before the people. It is stopped by the police, who are proving themselves to be tools of the coal operators, because they will not allow a working-class party to step forward to expose the corruptness of this system and to mobilize the workers to fight against it. . . ."

At this point Chief Taylor stopped the speaker and, using the half a dozen plain clothes men, chased out all the delegates from the hall, which is used by the Party as its office and meeting place.

In a statement issued to the press, the Sub-district Committee makes it clear that they are going to fight back to test out the Mussolini-like action of the police chief. The conference will be held again this Friday evening, August 31, on the same place, and the September 1 picnic with Benjamin Gitlow in Sans Souci Park is expected to be a huge success.

$100,000

For a campaign against wage-cuts, longer hours, rationalization, and all exploitation of the workers. Send your contribution to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Alexander Trachtenburg, treasurer.

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Every City in America, Every Labor and Fraternal Organization to Have a Booth

Communist Workers Dragged Down by Police at Armour Plant, Correspondent Says

HANdOuTS

As far as Secretary Kellogg goes one-sixth of the earth doesn't exist. This is the U. S. S. R. But nonexistent countries as well as those recognized by the heavy-headed secretary of state may be allowed to sign his phoney peace pact. This is indicated by the humorous declaration of Acting Secretary of State Castle who says that adherence by the U. S. S. R. to the pact would not in any sense constitute recognition of the Moscow regime by the United States. Kellogg expects the combined capitalist states will wipe out the U. S. S. R. before he will be forced to admit there is such a thing. Kellogg forgets only one thing—the revolutionary proletariat.

* * *

Reduced to This

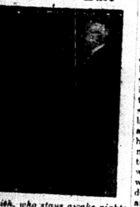
Getting married in bourgeois circles, as everybody knows, is a matter of salesmanship. If you've ever sold anything you know you must have the product in marketable condition. Above is a new form of reducer said to be effective. Reducing is one worry the poor haven't much of. The rich ladies, to whom it would never occur to quit gorging themselves and walk around the block, make use of all manner of fads to keep their bodies down to a saleable size.

* * *

In an investigation of one ward in Jersey City it was found that of 4,091 votes, 1,039 turned up missing. These people who had just voted had moved away or died. With both old parties paying out millions for votes the business is flourishing. It's getting so a man votes oftener after he's dead than ever before.

* * *

Bunk by the Bale



Al Smith, who stays awake nights thinking of ways to get his picture in the paper, did so above by standing beside the first bale of cotton of the season, which was auctioned off at "Show Boat." Al claims he is far more liable to lead the farmers out of their misery than Herbert Hoover because Herbert never did auction off a bale of cotton in his life. Due to the strength of the working class in New York Al has posed as a friend of labor to boost his votes. He is the father of the housing bill which never built any houses and now he is trying to put over a powerful bill which will be a powerful aid to the power distributing corporations. Al Smith's platform for the presidency is personality. Workers should remember that no matter how strong the personality of an engineer he can't make a locomotive fly.

Gems of Learning

Paris Temps: "When it is considered desirable to publish the terms of the Franco-British compromise, it will be seen to be an instrument of peace actuated by the same spirit which inspired the anti-war pact."

What worse could be said about it?

Senator Moses, vice-chairman of the republican advisory committee: "There are some farmers who react to the auto-suggestions of ill-treatment."

Prosperous and don't know it.

Bernard M. Baruch: "The business man is not concerned about Smith. His career has been a remarkable one. I don't think we have seen one like his. Business has no need to be worried."

Nobody can lose but the worker.

M. C. H.

CAMPAIGN TALK BRINGS FIERCE BOSS REPRISAL

Grim Silence Reveals Workers' Anger

KANSAS CITY, Kan. (By Mail).—The Armour and other packing house bosses, in order to stem the tide of the rising spirit of revolt on the part of the packing house workers, have begun a reign of police terror. On Tuesday noon, August 21, Hugo Oehler, organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party in District 10, and Matthew Cushing, packing house worker, were arrested by the police when they addressed a meeting of Armour's workers at the gates of the plant.

Early in the morning, before the workers entered the plant, leaflets were handed out to them, asking the workers to walk out at noon and attend the meeting.

While this distribution of literature was performed, 100 workers stopped at the entrance enthusiastically discussing the development of the organization drive. The response of the workers of the biggest company in the industry sent alarm down the line of the packing offices. The meeting at the Cudahy plant a few days previously added fire to the uneasiness of the bosses.

"We have got to clean 'em out of town," was the expression of one of the three bosses sitting in a rich car, and it became clear that at the noon meeting the bosses would call the police into action to intimidate and drive fear into the hearts of the workers, in this way hoping to stop the movement for organization.

At noon workers began to stream out of the gates, and, noticing the police on foot and motorcycles, they stopped, awaiting developments.

A policeman approached Oehler and told him to clear out. "There will be no meeting," he said. Whereupon Oehler protested on the grounds that he represented a political party which is on the ballot in the state of Kansas. The workers intently listened to the conversation. The policeman retreated to consult the Armour official. Oehler mounted the platform and began to speak. Workers, encouraged by the fact that the organizer did not permit himself to be bulldozed, flocked to the speaker's stand. The company's official became nervous. He ran over to the cops on the motorcycles, shouting "Look, he is speaking. Do something."

The cop stood for a while listening to Oehler, who explained that the party's nominees are William Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow. Then Oehler began to speak on the issues confronting the workers. "Our purpose in entering this election campaign is not only to seek your vote as a protest against capitalism, but also to organize the workers against the bosses." "That's enough," shouted the cop and with a clenched fist ran up to Oehler and pulled him down from the platform. The crowd began to follow Oehler, but then stopped when a Cudahy young packing house worker, Matthew Cushing, took Oehler's place and began to speak. A policeman violently rushed back and shouted: "You here, too?" and pulled him off. However, while he was being escorted by the policeman he continued shouting at the top of his voice. Workers applauded when he declared that the packing workers will not stand for a three-dollar-a-day wage. Stool-pigeons and bosses were also organized and a few tried to shout hurrah, but were soon silenced by the grim looks of the crowd.

When the police forced Oehler and Cushing into the automobile, Oehler shouted: "Fellow-workers, we'll see you later." Then one cop, instigated by the company official, rushed to him and slugged him until blood appeared. Meanwhile the streets were lined by the masses of the Armour workers. There was no excitement, which is the usual thing when an arrest happens, but there was a grim silence which definitely expressed the disapproval, nay, even bitterness, of the workers against the police brutality. They were brought into the police station, locked up and held incommunicado.

Company officials were on the spot trying to get some names, while representatives of the American Legion and K. K. K. were anxious to find out what was the strength of the Communists in the Armour plant. Wednesday morning the two workers were bailed out, the police setting a $500 bond for each on a vagrancy charge. Meanwhile the stool-pigeons and foreman circulated wild rumors in the packing house plant re the persecution of the Communists, such stories as deportation, life sentences and the like. At the same time the company is preparing lay-offs of workers under the alleged Communist leanings of the workers for the purpose of further intimidating the workers.

The Workers (Communist) Party is, however, consolidating its forces to fight the assault of the Armour and other packing interests. The I. L. D. is calling a protest meeting in Kansas. The Armor Nucleus also issued a special statement to the Armour workers offsetting the assault of the bosses.

C. M.

Shut in Phone Booth After I. R. T. Crash

Mary Hall of Brooklyn, her dress covered with blood stains as she appeared following the I.R.T. crash at Times Square is shown above. For fear she would tell the true story of the horror of the wreck she was kept shut in a telephone booth where she nearly fainted from the heat and injuries sustained in the smash-up.

SLUG PROGRESSIVE MACHINIST MEN

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHICAGO, Ill., (By Mail).—On Monday night, August 13th at the meeting of the District 8 lodge of the International Association of Machinists, two progressive members of the I. A. of M., William Mauseth of Lodge 113 and William Simons, of Lodge 199, both of Chicago were set upon by Charles Fry, business agent of Lodge 126 and the sluggers from his lodge. Mauseth is a trustee of his lodge, and a delegate to the Chicago Federation of Labor. Simons is a trustee of Lodge 199 and recently elected by Lodge 199 as the delegate to the Atlanta convention of the I. A. of M. on September 17th.

Simons got blows on the forehead and jaw, which became swollen, before he succeeded in getting out of their hands. Mauseth, unable to get away, was beaten almost to a pulp, drenched in blood. In the meeting hall, he was battered, thrown to the ground, and kicked all over his body. His nose and eyes are swollen, his body bruised all over. As Mauseth was being pushed downstairs, he was punched from all sides. Fry himself, a big bully, directed the beating.

Desperate Over Defeat.

Fry, the boss of District 8, has become desperate because of the growth of the progressive forces in this district. In the Chicago district election in December, 1927, the progressive forces increased their vote for business agents and other district offices, running on a program which was printed and distributed among the membership, making great headway. Threats of expulsion and beating up progressives were made by Fry in the district lodge meetings, but later denied by him. Last Monday night's exhibition of unbridled ferocity shows that his program is one of slugging, of gangsterism.

Czar Fry introduced amendments to the I. A. of M. Constitution, proposing the abolition of the present referendum for election of grand lodge officers (substituting election by the convention every four years); and also proposing compulsory insurance which means much higher dues. Fry's propositions were defeated in a large number of locals, largely due to the efforts of the progressive forces. Lodge 113, tool and die makers, voted down Fry's propositions. In Lodge 199, Brother Simons was elected a delegate to the Atlanta convention on a full progressive program, in opposition to Fry's amendments.

A week ago at the Lodge 199 meeting, Fry made an attack on Simons, laying down an anti-Communist barrage, branding every progressive a Communist, making the usual stupid charges of Soviet control, trotting out the usual faker's line. Simons made an effective reply, despite threats of physical beating from some of Fry's henchmen.

Fry, a Thug Himself.

Under the heading "Good and Welfare" Fry read the recently issued program for the I. A. of M. convention by the International Machinist Progressive Group, branding the Amalgamated plank an I. W. W. program, of the One Big Union. The argument for organizing women he dismissed lightly with the old fashioned idea that "Woman's place is in the home." He opposed taking Negroes into the organization because "these niggers scabbed during the packing house strike." After declaring that the program was contrary to the principles of the I. A. of M., he said that the time had come for a show down; the progressives were gaining too much ground among the membership; the time had come to act. Mauseth and Simons should be given a chance to speak, and then be kicked out of the hall; if the district lodge couldn't do it, then he, Fry, would do so.

Progressives Stand Firm.

Mauseth and Simons hurled back at Fry his own accusations, charging him with disrupting the organization, with terrorizing members, with denial of the right of members to run their own organization. They showed the need of organizing women, youth and Negroes if machinists standards were to be maintained and improved. They declared that Fry and the grand lodge officials were peas from the same pod, reactionary, following a policy that had undermined the organization. Mauseth and Simons defended the planks in the progressive program.

They stated that if they had to take a licking, they would, Mauseth saying that he had taken beatings from scabs, and if necessary, he could take a beating from Fry and his sluggers.

Their speeches received applause for their militant stand. Their speeches were in marked contrast to that of Fry. These progressives spoke militantly for a policy of struggle, without bringing in personalities, showing an understanding of the problems facing the I. A. of M. and the required solution, while Fry's speech showed his bankruptcy, his intolerance, his determination to rule or ruin, despite the will of the membership.

Throws Out the Progressives.

Fry then made an harangue, after which he shouted: "Let's throw them out." He walked over to Mauseth, pushed him from his seat and toward the sluggers stationed on the opposite side toward the door, Fry then went for Simons, pushed him out of his seat, then started punching him. The slugging continued as explained above.

The brutal methods of Fry caused indignation among the progressive delegates from many lodges, who feel that they cannot any longer come to district meetings, when any member opposing the propositions of Fry is in danger of being beaten up by Fry's slugging crew. Even some delegates who have supported Fry against the progressives on former occasions had their stomachs turned by Monday's night's exhibition.

Fry's action is the result of desperation. The progressives will rally their forces under the slogan of "Gangsterism Must Go. Elect Progressive Officials on a Progressive Program."

Vare Hearing Again; Vare Is Absent

PITTSBURGH, Pa. Aug. 27.—Forces of the U. S. senate and representatives of two individuals involved gathered here today for the opening of the senate sub-committee hearing in the Wilson-Vare senatorial election of 1926.

William B. Wilson, democratic candidate for senator from Pennsylvania in 1926, who has waged a bitter fight against Vare, his opponent, arrived in Pittsburgh yesterday.

Vare's convenient illness at Atlantic City will prevent him from attending the hearings. Forty-three witnesses, many of them leading politicians of Allegheny County, have been summoned to appear at the opening of the investigation.

LAUNDRY SLAVES ARE EXPLOITED ON WAGONS IN SHOP

Girls Faint in Heat of 100 Degrees

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Having read the Worker Correspondence of Comrade Suskin in the Daily Worker of Aug. 9 about the laundry industry and the working conditions, I would like to add some important data which he forgot to mention.

During the last ten years the laundry industry has grown to be one of the biggest and richest industries of this city. The following fact illustrates how quick the bosses get rich.

$20,000 a Week.

Eight years ago, when I started to work for one of the present very big laundries, it was a poor place, washing about 900 bundles. At the present time its size has increased to a two-story building covering four blocks. It washes as many as 7,000 bundles of clothes, amounting to some $20,000 worth of business per week. And it is estimated to be worth $1,500,000 in value.

The laundry employs 300 inside help and 52 outside drivers. This is only one example of the many big laundries of greater New York.

What is the reason that the bosses become so rich and enlarge their plants to such an extent in so short a time? Because of the inhuman exploitation of the laundry workers and the drivers.

Comrade Suskin has already indicated that the average wage of the girls in the mangle room ranges from nine to ten dollars per week for a ten hour day. The average wage of the kitchen help is between $20 and $23 per week, the hours being unlimited with no extra pay for overtime. But if a worker is out a half day on account of sickness, this is taken out of his pay envelope.

Temperature, 100.

Comrade Suskin is also right about the miserable sanitary conditions in the laundries. In the afternoon of a very hot day, I drove up in front of the laundry where I work. To my great astonishment five of the girls were lying on the trucks outside in a fainting condition. I inquired of an elderly Irish working woman what had happened. And she told me that they had fainted because of the heat. "What is the wonder with the humidity inside the mangle room at 90 or above and the heat above 100?" There is no ice water for the girls to drink. The board of health ordered the bosses to make windows, but for known reasons the inspectors seem to be lenient with the bosses and no windows have been made yet. The same is true for most of the industry.

250 Organized.

How about labor organizations in this industry? Practically none. Out of the 7,000 laundry drivers of this city, only between 250 and 300 are organized. In a laundry drivers local union of the American Federation of Labor. Just think of it, out of 7,000 drivers only 300 are organized! And their conditions are just as bad as those of the other workers. The driver is the backbone of every laundry, he uses his skill and ability to get the trade and to hold it. He works about 70 hours a week and makes from $30 to $35. The driver is often forced to pay for lost articles out of his wages because the bosses, regardless of their big profits, refuse to make good in such cases.

Organize.

Workers of the laundries, the time has come for us to think about our conditions. Our bosses become millionaires out of our sweat, but we still slave under the worst sanitary conditions for starvation wages and with no labor organization to protect our interests. Think about a union in our industry.

—R. Q.

* * *

EDITOR'S NOTE:—For obvious reasons the name of this Worker Correspondent and his laundry are not published. Many workers are afraid to write the Daily Worker because they believe that their paper will print their names and addresses, or the name of their shop. The Daily Worker takes every precaution to guard the names of its Worker Correspondents, of whom there are now hundreds in mills, shops and mines thruout the United States. There are many also on shipboard. Join this group of Worker Writers. Send your paper a story of your conditions today and then show it to your fellow workers when it is printed. Your pen can fight, too, if you will let it. Give it a chance.

Much Fancy Shooting and Ornate Swearing at Morosco

It may be as superfluous as carrying coals to Wilkes-Barre to import a Chicago gang war to New York City, but this is what Willard Mack has done, with his "Gang War" at the Morosco Theatre

It is a realistic story of the effects of prohibition on the peace of a mid-west American city, which plugged along prior to the enactment of the Volstead Act with an average homicide record of one a day. The competition for the privilege of quenching the public thirst with needled beer compelled the competitors to organize standing armies on the theory that eternal vigilance was the measure of their beer profits. Their profits enabled the gangs to purchase the government, state and city administrations, though, as one gangster correctly said, the bootleggers did not do the right thing by the Anti-Saloon League, which was responsible for their prosperity.

"Gang War" keeps the audience from going to sleep, what with shooting and bombs and a couple of seductions. The play starts off with a bang and ends with a bombing. The leader of one beer mob is killed leaving a church. Not satisfied with one corpse, the gang responsible for the murder shot up the cafe in which the dead leader was wont to hold counsel with his men, while the dead chief's successor was busily engaged seducing a little flapper, who liked his money, his champagne and his mustache. The little girl got killed, which compelled the police to ask a few questions. The mess was cleared up to the satisfaction of the police and the audience when the new leader was killed by his discarded sweetheart, his rival had his throat slit by an expert Italian and the gang headquarters bombed by an airplane.

The police department is given credit with being on the level, interested only in the mutual slaughter of the rival mobs. But the sheriff does not get such a square deal. He holds up the gang for dough and pre-war booze, which the gang leader finally refuses to cough up because he believes he is sufficiently powerful to ignore such a political nonentity as a sheriff.

CLAIBORNE FOSTER

Featured in the new comedy, "Eva the Fifth," which is scheduled to open at the Little Theatre tonight.

There is a good deal of hokum in the play, which fails short of being husky melodrama and yet is too serious for good burlesque. In so far as it falls, it drops between these two stools. Nevertheless those citizens who are forced to live under comparatively peaceful and bloodless conditions and wish to satisfy their hidden homicidal cravings will not regret paying the tariff on "Gang War."

It must be admitted that Robert Middlemass, as the police lieutenant, and Charles T. Lewis, as the sheriff, acted their parts realistically. The former was so dumb that he did no know enough to be crooked and the latter was so crooked that he could afford to look dumb. Anne Forrest, as Mazie Dowley, looked agreeable and shot her faithless gang leader like a regular little wife, and though Wilma Lanyon, as Olive Moore, she who was seduced, did not have much time to do her stuff in view of the audience, but she showed enough in the short time at her disposal to convince the most captious that she feared nothing in this world less deadly than a bomb.

Fifty-five per cent interesting.

T. J. O'F.

NEW BALL GAME OF JUSTICE IN JUGOSLAV COURT

Torture Exile by Many Shipments

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Aug. 27.—The case of the hotel-keeper Adam Mueller of Osijek, which has been in the public eye for some weeks, is growing into one of the greatest extradition scandals of the last few years. Mueller, who was born in Hungary, has been living with his family for the last thirty years in Osijek. He became a citizen of the Jugoslav state and denied allegiance to all other states.

Suddenly it occurred to the police chief of Osijek, the well-known working class persecutor Cvijetko Hervat, to lodge a charge against Mueller that he was using his hotel as a meeting place for the illegal Communist Youth organization. Mueller was escorted to the Hungarian border by gendarmes, but the Hungarian officials did not want to have anything to do with him and brought him back to Jugoslavia.

Mueller now lived for fourteen days in Osijek under the strict surveillance of the police only to be sent back again to Hungary. Again the Hungarian officials denied him refuge in Hungary and for the second time was he sent back to the Jugoslav border.

Police Chief Hervat now was struck by a bright idea; he had Mueller brought to the Austrian border.

Since this drawn out persecution had nothing to do with Austria and since Mr. Schober, Austrian police chief, refused to give him asylum, it seems as though Adam Mueller will not be able to withstand very much longer this ball-game between the different border states and the Jugoslav state official.

USSR GETS SUGAR MILLS.

MOSCOW, USSR (By Mail).—The Supreme Council of National Economy of the USSR gave permission to the state sugar trust to sign a contract with foreign firms to build two new sugar factories in the Ukraine on the basis of long term credits.

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Police Brutally Break Up Minneapolis Anti-War Meet and Arrest Young Speaker

HOLD YOUTH IN JAIL WITHOUT GIVING REASON

700 Workers Protest Brutal Action

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 26.—Police yesterday attacked and broke up an anti-war meeting held under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League on Bridge Square here, and arrested Carl Cowl, ex-National Guardsman, and now a member of the Young Workers (Communist) League. Cowl was roughly handled, taken to the police station, and detained there without any charge having been made against him.

Seven hundred workers, gathered on the square to protest against the capitalist war preparations, stood their ground in spite of the police attack and listened to Pat Devine, who mounted the platform immediately after the arrest of Cowl, denounce the brutal action of the police. He called upon the workers to demand the unconditional release of Cowl and to fight for their rights of free speech.

Scores Police Terror.

"The action of the police," he said, "is obviously a continuation of the entire government policy of the suppression of anti-militarist work in the Citizens Military Training Camps throughout the country."

As Devine concluded his appeal to the workers, after all the Workers (Communist) Party platforms had been sold to those gathered on the square, the city bomb squad arrived at the meeting. "They had evidently been rushed to the meeting for the purpose of creating a disturbance in order to be able to attack the Workers (Communist) Party anti-militarist activities on a new charge," a report from Minneapolis stated.

The meeting, however, was almost over, and the bomb squad was unable to create any disorder on the square.

Devine announced another meeting to be held Wednesday, with Carl Cowl as the principal speaker. The 700 workers at the Bridge Square meeting determined by a unanimous vote to carry on the fight against the capitalist militarist activities.

NEW MILL UNION MOVEMENT

Weisbord Textile Tour Gets Big Response

The work in preparation for the national convention to be held in New York City Sept. 22-23 to build a new textile union is proceeding rapidly apace. The left wing movement centered in Boston, New Haven, Philadelphia, New York, Scranton, Buffalo, and other places, is mobilizing its forces to see that in all cities in these territories delegates are sent to the national convention.

Already several preliminary conferences have been held. A national leaflet is being broadcasted and distributed in the important textile cities, towns and villages. Albert Weisbord, Secretary of the National Textile Mills Committees, is now conducting a tour to intensify the propaganda for the new union, to get delegates for the coming convention, and to build mill committees everywhere. Already he has covered Manchester, N. H., Nashua, N. H., and in Massachusetts the towns of Lawrence, Lowell, Taunton, New Bedford, Fall River, Salem, Peabody, East Hampton, and Holyoke. In all of these places the leaflets distributed are very well received by the textile workers. Meetings with groups of workers have been held and delegates secured for the national convention.

In many places where Albert Weisbord has gone, meetings had not been held for many years. These meetings have acted as bombshells eliminating the darkness and breaking the terror of the mill owners. Secretary Weisbord will continue the tour covering the following places: Shelton, Bridgeport and Willimantic, Conn., Woonsocket, Olneyville and Pawtucket, R. I., Corona and Astoria, L. I., West New York, N. J., New York City, Paterson and Passaic, N. J., Chester, Kensington, Easton, Allentown, Scranton, Nanticoke, Luzerne and other points in Pennsylvania, Utica, Amsterdam, Little Falls, Herkimer and other cities in New York State.

Textile workers everywhere wishing to attend the convention should communicate with Albert Weisbord, Secretary, National Textile Mill Committees, 96 Fifth Ave., room 311.

MAGNET IN UKRAINE.

LENINGRAD, USSR (By Mail)—A big magnet anomaly has been discovered in the Ukraine on the territory of a former Poltava Province 25 kilometres distance from Krementchug.

The second big anomaly has been discovered 45 kilometers from Krementchug. An investigation has been started by authorities.

Explosion in Wooden Structure Endangers Many Lives

Many lives were endangered when an explosion in a one story wooden structure at 138-9 95th Ave., Jamaica, caused a serious fire. Above, firemen fighting the flames.

RED CANDIDATE HITS IRT HEADS

Greed for Profit Costs Blood, Says Dunne

Continued from Page One

health of the millions of workers of New York City who are compelled to use the subways, elevateds, etc. This criminal policy inevitably led to the tragedy of last Friday when, with 2,000 crowded into the ten trains, scores of lives were sacrificed to the greed and profits of the traction barons. Nor has this been the first of such accidents. As far back as 1918 the transit commission was informed that the Malbone Street disaster, where hundreds of people were killed and injured was also due to a conscious undermanning of safety devices and equipment.

Not Safety, But Profit First.

"For the past ten years the transit history of New York has consisted of a series of wrecks and collisions, attended by terrific loss of life. What concern is it of the rich stockholders and directors of the subway company that the lives of those who work underground, of those who must travel in the subways are jeopardized and imperilled? The Hedleys, the Quackenbushes, Dahls and Chadbournes are but interested in increasing their profits; if expenses can be lowered by not making necessary repairs and improvements by worsening the conditions of those who work for the company the matter of lives of workers and passengers counts for nothing in their estimation. A few thousand dollars spent in campaign contributions goes a long way toward closing the eyes of city officials to the criminal negligence of the I. R. T.

Slaughter in Fight for 7c. Fare.

"There is no question but that the Traction Company hoped to put across the 7-cent fare by pursuing such policies. They hoped that the workers, becoming impatient with poor, crowded, insufficient and dangerous service would be willing to pay increased fare. They did not point out, of course, that the profits the Traction Company made last year were more than enough to take care of all necessary repairs and improvements, could have provided for additional cars and service and could have made possible wage increases and better conditions for the subway workers.

"In this criminal policy, the I. R. T. has had the support of the city and state government. Al Smith, the Democratic Governor of New York State and candidate for President on the democratic ticket and the republican legislature are equally responsible. They did not compel the traction company to make the necessary improvement in service though the order was given several months ago. Tammany judges and Tammany police have time and time again aided the transit company with injunctions and police clubs in their attack upon traction workers when these workers went out on strike for improved conditions and for the right to organize.

Tammany's Masters.

"Tammany Hall with Mayor Walker in the lead not only have not put up a fight against the seven cent fare steal, but have laid the basis for it immediately after the elections are over. And now Mayor Walker caps the climax by excusing the I. R. T. by saying: 'Terrible and deplorable as it is, we find some comfort in splendid subway construction where a train would split in half, yet only one supporting column was destroyed. The rest of the structure is safe.' Already the traction Company and government officials are attempting to lay the blame for the disaster upon some innocent worker.

"The traction robbers as Chadbourne, Kenny and others are known supporters of Smith's candidacy. Kenny who is a big stockholder in Traction Company has already given $50,00 for Smith's Campaign and has stated that he is ready to give more. Nor does Hoover the republican candidate lack such support.

"The millions of workers of New York City will not be deceived by the attempts of the I. R. T. and of the two parties, the democratic and the republican parties to whitewash their responsibility for the tragedy.

Prosecute Real Criminals

"The Workers (Communist) Party demands that the executive heads of the Traction Company who are responsible for Friday's catastrophe should be criminally prosecuted for what is tantamount to mass murder. Neither the Traction Company nor Tammany Hall, its agent, gives one snap of the fingers for the lives or the welfare of the workers of the city.

"The workers themselves must carry on the fight for the maintenance of the 5 cent fare, to demand better service and more safety provisions.

"The Workers (Communist) Party demands the right to organize for the traction workers.

"It calls upon the workers of New York City and New York State to oppose the parties of Wall Street and of the traction Company, the republican and democratic parties.

"It calls upon the workers to support the Workers (Communist) Party and vote for its candidates, William Z. Foster for president and Benjamin Gitlow for vice-president as the only Party which safeguards the interests of the workers."

Taxi Drivers' Union Formed; Assail Abuses

The organization of a Taxi Chauffeurs Union with probable tie-up of all taxi traffic in New York City in the near future if the demands of the new organization are not complied with by the bosses, has been announced by the Union Organization Committee of the new union.

Speaking for the Taxi Chauffeurs Union Charles Kroll, secretary of the organization, declared that the drivers were determined that the time had come to put an end to the abuses by fleet owners and corporations.

A similar statement has been issued by the Organization Committee.

Abuses on the part of bosses and foremen in the taxicab garages, being compelled to drive cars in bad condition, often with faulty brakes, and police control of the Hack License Bureau are among the abuses cited by the committee in its statement.

In reference to the latter abuse the announcement points to the discrimination to which it leads in the streets and courts.

Hackmen are frequently compelled to stand two trials once in court and again before the Hack Bureau, tho this is contrary to the American Constitution.

Members of the Organization Committee of the union declare that enthusiasm for the new union is in direct proportion to the resentment of the chauffeurs for the abuses which they have been forced to suffer in the past.

Widespread sympathy is reported and the committee believes that the growth of the union will be swift.

USSR TO BUILD ARCTIC BASES

MOSCOW, USSR., Aug. 27.—The Council of People's Commissars has organized under the chairmanship of Sergius Kamenev, acting chairman of the Revolutionary Military Council, a special government committee to prepare a five-years plan for scientific investigatory work in arctic regions of the USSR.

The committee will prepare and submit for the consideration of the government projects to construct geophysical observations on the Franz-Joseph Land, New Zemblia and the North Land and special moving masts as resting bases for scientific arctic expeditions on dirigibles within the territory of the USSR.

The question of construction of such moving masts on Soviet territory was raised at first on the Aeroarctic Congress in Leningrad, in June of this year, being proposed by Fritjopf Nansen and Captain Walter Brunsek and supported by the Soviet section of Aeroarctic.

The committee consists of representatives of the All-Union Academy of Science, Soviet section of Aeroarctic, Association for Studying the Northern Seas, Society of Chemistry and Aviation, etc.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

ARABS AWAITING BRITISH INROAD

Lawrence Returns to Aid Imperialists

CAIRO, Egypt, Aug. 26.—Rumors continue to arrive from Tansjordania and Irak that the British forces are being concentrated on the Arabian frontier for invasion of that country as soon as the great heat is past.

The return of Lawrence to Arabia is regarded as significant of the gravity of the situation and the importance which the British government attaches to its present undertaking.

The immediate pretext for the concentration of troops, together with which are armored cars and plane squadrons, is the break-down of the diplomatic conversations with Ibn Saud, king of the Hedjaz and sultan of Nejd, at Jeddah.

Strong resentment against both the British and French, who are suspected here of acting in concert against the Arabs and Syrians, is reported from all parts of the Near East.

FAIL TO HALT SACCO MEETING

Baltimore Workers Unintimidated

BALTIMORE, Md. (By Mail).—A squad of police failed to intimidate the hundreds of workers who attended a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting held here last Wednesday.

Herbert Benjamin, district 3 organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, was the principal speaker at the meeting. He discussed the seven years' torture of Sacco and Vanzetti and described the role played by the capitalist class in the frame-up. Benjamin also spoke on the political campaign and declared that Governor Smith had given silent assent to the murder of the two workers. He urged all Baltimore workers to vote Communist in the coming elections.

Other speakers were Elmer Smith of the Young Workers League and Hilda Wolfe of the Young Pioneers. Henry Neuman acted as chairman of the meeting.

Report U. S. Invested In Colombia Close to Seventy Million Dollars

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—After a report of the minister of finance on the national debt of Colombia, read in the senate, the Minister of Labor and Industry, Sr. Montalvo, declared that he opposes contracting all loans in New York, and that in this he is in accord with President Abadia Mendez who is opposed to Colombia's placing all its loans in the United States.

It appears from the report that the total foreign debt of Colombia is $190,400,000, of which $73,000,000 is government loans, $77,000,000 loans of provinces and $40,000,000 borrowed by municipalities. The internal loans amount only to $8,513,000.

The report did not say how much of the foreign debt has been contracted in Great Britain and how much in the United States, but in 1925 the U. S. department of commerce estimated investments in Colombia at about $70,000,000.

The establishment of two new units of the General Motors Corporation abroad was announced yesterday by J. D. Mooney, vice-president of the huge automobile company.

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WORLD CONGRESS DENOUNCES ACTS OF OPPOSITION

Elect Commission to Frame Resolution

Continued from Page One

to mobilize the world proletariat and all enslaved peoples for the defense of the Soviet Union, the Socialist Fatherland of all the exploited as the beginning of the world revolution.

Semard, of France, then made a declaration in the same spirit on behalf of the French, Italian, Belgian, Spanish, Swiss and Dutch delegations. Bell did likewise on behalf of the British, American, Canadian, Latin American and New Zealand delegations. Rogitch spoke for the Jugo-Slav, Bulgarian, Rumanian and Greek delegates; Strachov for China, Japan, Indonesia, etc.; Fachri for Turkey, Persia, Syria, Palestine, Egypt and Arabia.

Opposition Treason.

Semard then declared that the Trotzkyists had become among the greatest enemies of Communism by denying the possibility of building Socialism in one country alone, by declaring the existence of a thermidor in the Russian Revolution, by international fractional work and especially by their activities in the All-Union Communist Parties.

The undersigned delegations therefore approve unreservedly all measures taken against the opposition as questions vital to the existence of the dictatorship of the proletariat.

Abroad the oppositionists are allying themselves with the social democrats against the Communist International, as for example in Belgium where they have split the Party, in Holland where they have contributed to causing the Dutch trade unions to leave the Red International of Trade Unions, and in Italy where anti-Communist work among the emigrants is being carried on.

In France the leaders of the opposition were expelled and the opposition fell to pieces. The Congress must condemn the Trotskyist opposition because its activities only aid counter-revolution.

Bell Speaks.

Bell, of Great Britain, then declared that the opposition's statement that the condition of the workers in the Soviet Union is growing worse is a slander. The standard of living of the workers in the U. S. S. R. is steadily improving, while the building up of Socialsm in the Soviet Union is uninterruptedly proceeding.

The Trotskyist charge of the "national limitation" of Russia is disproved by the splendid help given by Russian workers to the British miners and all other oppressed and fighting sections of the workers and colonial peoples.

All the weapons of the social democrats against the Soviet Union in recent years have been taken from the Trotskyist arsenal. The undersigned delegations approve completely all measures against the opposition and demand no readmission of oppositionists until they have abandoned all false ideas and subordinated themselves completely to Communist discipline.

Rogitch's Address.

Rogitch then approved completely the measures against the opposition. Only a united disciplined Bolshevist Party can overcome the dangers and difficulties of the transformation period, he said. The international proletariat is no longer without a fatherland. It has its fatherland to defend.

Strachov declared that the success of Socialist constructive work in the Soviet Union is the best argument against the Trotskyist opposition. The application of repressive measures against the opposition are not only right but are the duty of the proletarian state. The Trotskyist opposition declared the Canton insurrection a putsch. Objectively it assists the counter-revolution.

Elect Commission.

Fachri then stated that, "our delegations approve completely all measures adopted against the opposition by the All-Union Communist Party. Long years of experience show that the Soviet Union is the only support of the international proletarian movement and national revolutionary movement in the colonial countries."

The Commission for elaborating the resolution was then elected. The Commission consists of Varga, Mauilski, Thaelmann, Semard, Rogitch, Bell, Fachri, and Strachov.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

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Anthracite Party Campaign.

September 1 will be a red letter day in the anthracite sub-district. Benjamin Gitlow will speak at a picnic and campaign rally at Sans Souci Park.

• • •

Philadelphia Campaign Picnic.

The enlarged Foster-Gitlow campaign committee is running an election campaign picnic and rally at Schuetzen Park, 83rd and Tinicum Ave., on Labor Day, September 3. Gitlow, candidate for vice president, will speak. Directions: Take subway-surface car No. 37, or take any car south to Moyamensing Ave. and take southwestern car going west. Admission, 50 cents.

• • •

Michigan Party Campaign Picnic.

A picnic to raise funds for the election campaign will be given by the Workers (Communist) Party, Young Workers (Communist) League and The DAILY WORKER at Welcome Park, Lansing, on Sunday, September 2 and Monday, September 3. A good athletic program has been arranged. A prominent Party candidate will speak. Tickets for both days, 35 cens.

• • •

Kansas City Party Picnics.

September 2—Workers Party picnic, Swope Park, Kansas City, Mo.

September 2—Russian Fraction picnic, Puraski Farm, Kansas City, Kan.

• • •

Pittsburgh Labor Day Picnic.

A joint picnic under the auspices of the International Labor Defense and the National Miners Relief Committee of the U. S. will be held on Labor Day, September 3, in Gammon's Wildwood Grove on the Butler Short Line. Program will include prominent speakers, swimming, boating, etc.

• • •

Chicago Open-Air Meetings.

Mondays—Paulina and Chicago.

Tuesdays—Belmont and Wilton.

Wednesdays—112th St. and Michigan.

Thursdays—Washtenaw and Division, St. Louis and Roosevelt.

Saturdays—Washtenaw and Division, St. Louis and Roosevelt; Archer and Sacramento; Fullerton and Greenview; 32nd and State St.; Houston and 92nd St.; Madison and Wood.

• • •

Chicago Tolstoy Celebration.

Centennial jubilee of L. N. Tolstoy will be celebrated Saturday evening, September 8 at 8 oclock at Schoenhoffen Hall, corner Ashland and Milwaukee Aves. Musical program and speakers. A postcard copy of a painting of Tolstoy will be given out free to those attending.

• • •

Waukegan Workers Party.

The Waukegan, Illinois, Young Workers (Communist) League will hold its International Youth Day celebration Saturday, September 15, starting at 8 p. m. Dancing after program and speaking. Minnie Lurye of Chicago will be the main speaker. To be held at Workers Hall, 517 Helmholz Ave.

• • •

Open air meetings of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League held every Wednesday evening at Sheriden Road and Lake St. Waukegan, Ill. Everybody welcome.

• • •

Chicago Social and Concert

A very interesting social and concert will be held on Saturday, September 22, at 7:30 p. m. in the F. al. helt Hall, 3301 W. Roosevelt Road, under the joint auspices of Section 4 of the Workers Party, the Young Workers League and the Pioneers. The program promises to be an especially good one. Admission 25c.

• • •

Denver Street Meetings.

The Workers (Communist) Party will hold street meetings every Wednesday evening at 18th and Lawrence Sts.

Every Saturday evening the local International Labor Defense will hold street meetings at the same corner.

• • •

Los Angeles Election Rally.

A mass ratification rally will be held on Tuesday, September 4, at the Labor Temple, 532 Maple Ave., when Anita Whitney, prominent California Communist will speak and be formally endorsed by all members of the Workers Party, Young Workers League and hundreds of sympathetic workers.

POLICE PREVENT SACCO MEETING IN ST. LOUIS

Use Tear Gas Bombs on St. Louis Workers

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 26.—Workers who yesterday had gathered to hold a Sacco and Vanzetti memorial meeting here were prevnted from holding the meet when more than twenty policemen arrived before the time when the program was scheduled to begin, and lockd the doors of the hall.

As the workers began to arrive, mounted police reached the scene and brutally rode their horses through the gathering crowd, aided by the original squad who immediately opened a tear-gas bomb attack on the defenseless workers.

Hugo Oehler, now charged with criminal syndicalism for his activities in organizing workers in Kansas City and other parts of Missouri, and Sevio, had been scheduled to speak at the meeting.

As a result of the police action, the International Labor Defense of St. Louis has issued a call to all its members to mobilize for a free-speech fight in the city.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

REJECT BOSS OFFER

TORONTO, Can., Aug. 26.—Organized street car employes rejected the company's offer to renew their present agreement. The vote was 1,633 to 677.

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Joint Auspices: National Miners' Relief Committee and International Labor Defense. Directions: Butler Short Line Car (20 minutes ride); B. & O. R. R. to Wildwood Station and walk. Auto: Follow Route No. 8 to Wildwood Picnic Ground.

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ✕ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Hoover and Smith, Siamese Twins of Finance-Capital.

On the basic question of imperialism Smith and Hoover are perfect twins—we might say Siamese twins. It is important to accentuate this point, because Smith takes a little latitude here in the hope of catching some of the discontented votes. Al Smith says he wants to abolish "the practice of the president of entering into agreements for the settlement of internal disputes in Latin-American countries unless—." "Unless the agreements have been consented to by the senate as provided for in the constitution of the United States" are the qualifying words of Smith. But "the consent of the senate" means nothing more than an inconvenience to the senators who may be obliged to drop the pose of the Borah sort of "anti-imperialism," which proves always to be its opposite when tested. Smith is against "interference in the purely internal affairs of Latin-American countries"—which means, of course, that anything will be construed as not being "purely internal" that may be required as an excuse for invasion and conquest of Latin-Amercan countries. It should be noted carefully that Smith speaks critically of the present military invasion and war against Nicaragua—but he abstains with equal care from any demand that the marines be withdrawn from Nicaragua. It is curiously interesting that Smith for his "anti-imperialist" inspiration goes to "a great republican secretary of state, Elihu Root!" Is this not a sly hint that the democratic party will carry out the republican imperialist policy in Latin America?

But there can be no serious contention that the conquest of Latin America by the United States will not be undertaken as quickly by Smith as by Hoover when Smith declares his readiness to act upon "such responsibilities to civilization as may be placed upon us by the Monroe Doctrine." The Monroe Doctrine today is nothing less than the doctrine of United States imperialist domination and ultimate military rule over all of Latin America.

Nor need anyone be fooled by Smith's attack upon Coolidge's doctrine "that the person and property of a citizen are a part of the national domain even when abroad." It is only an attack upon Coolidge's stupidly frank wording of the doctrine which both of them would put into effect—the sort of "razzing" which is considered legitimate among rival servants of the same boss.

Nowhere does Smith say that he would withdraw the marines from Nicaragua. Nowhere does he say anything more than, in effect, that he would be more skilful than his rival in the enforcing of the imperialist program on Latin America. He constantly refers to Wilson as the highest model, and under Wilson the one greatest giant stride of American imperialism took place—both the militarization of the nation and entry into the world war, and the ruthless conquest of Latin-American countries.

On foreign policy in general there is not even a shadow of pretense of difference.

On the questions of war and armaments, all of Smith's fine words of pacifism are only uttered in rhetorical competition with Kellogg's pacifist drive, and the same imperialist wa[illegible] program is endorsed by Smith when S[illegible] implies his support of the Kellogg p[illegible]

On the farming situation Smith shows a bankruptcy of even the empty words he finds for other questions. He admits he is for precisely the same thing Hoover is for, and that he does not care to say what this is. He cannot say publicly that the program of the masters of both Hoover and himself includes the progressive ruin and expropriation of the farmers. Therefore in the several hundreds of words he used, he suggested not one single concrete measure. Concrete measures, he says, will be found "after election." See?

On the questions pertaining to water power there appears superficially to be a difference, but the program which Smith indicates that he would carry out is not in the least out of accord with the interests of the Raskob and du Pont type of industrial-financial kings, and in practice would be the same program that Hoover would carry out.

In regard to immigration it is amusing to find Smith using almost the same words as some that are used in the socialist party platform, Smith being against "the harsh provision which separates families," and the socialist party being for changes to "permit the reuniting of families," and both upholding the American imperialist immigration bar upon the working class' right to move from one country to another.

It is true that Smith appealed to republican voters holding illusions concerning "liberals like Roosevelt and LaFollette and their party insurgents,"—but the Old Guard republican machine also has restored "Young Bob" to the fold and equally appeals to such elements to remain with the republican party.

On the tariff question no one takes seriously any mild contentions that there is a difference; there is none; the democratic party has admitted that it accepts the republican tariff program, which is, after all, no more a fixed program than it is an obligation to take orders from the same masters.

Wall Street can lose nothing in the election of Smith, and can lose nothing in the election of Hoover. If Hoover is its choice for the head of the traditional party of the trusts and biggest banks, Smith has has been the choice of the same trusts and banks as governor of New York, in which position Wall Street has tested him in four terms and found him a good servant of such open-shop trust-magnates as DuPont, Raskob and Woodin.

The only possible manner in which a worker or a farmer can cause the slightest ripple in the temper of an international banker and trust magnate by the mere casting of a ballot is by voting for that nightmare of all bankers and trust magnates—Bolshevism.

A big vote piled up for Foster and Gitlow, for the Communist ticket both national and state, is the workers' only means of registering the slightest effect in this election. That is—the only means except that of utilizing the election campaign to bring thousands of members into the Workers (Communist) Party, and to strengthen the working class in all of its struggles, in the mine fields, in the textile strike, in the organization of the unorganized.

Make the election campaign a campaign to rally the masses to conscious class struggle. Vote Communist. Join the Communist Party. Make the workers see the connection of Communist politics and the struggle on the picket line! Work for Bolshevism against the Siamese twins of Wall Street!

Hold Red Rally at Cudahy Co.'s Plant

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KANSAS CITY, Mo. (By Mail).—For the first time since the 1921 strike the Packing House workers came out en masse to attend a meeting and a Communist meeting at that. Over 200 workers of the Cudahy Packing House took every spare minute of their lunch time, which lasts 30 minutes, to listen to Hugo Oehler, district organizer of District 10 of the Workers (Communist) Party.

This is the third meeting being held by the Party in front of the Cudahy plant but this meeting unlike the previous two meetings was attended by such a number of workers in response to a leaflet issued by the Communist Party. Following the distribution of the "Packing House Workers" a special leaflet addressed to the Cudahy workers was distributed calling upon them to walk out during their lunch time and attend the meeting at an empty lot on Kansas Avenue in front of the Cudahy plant.

Stool Pigeons and Bosses Tried to Disrupt the Meeting.

When Hugo Oehler mounted the chair which he used as his platform there was no worker in front of him. The reason for it was that a few bosses stood right near him thinking that in this way the workers will be scared away from coming to the meeting. But no sooner had Oehler begun to speak than workers began to come from all directions. Before two minutes were over the sidewalk was jammed to capacity.

The meeting held has greater significance than an ordinary meeting. The Communist Party is not only active in the election campaign but is also active in carrying on an organization campaign among the packing house workers. It is because of the desire on the part of the packing house workers to do away with the terrible exploitation in the houses that they turned out to the meeting.

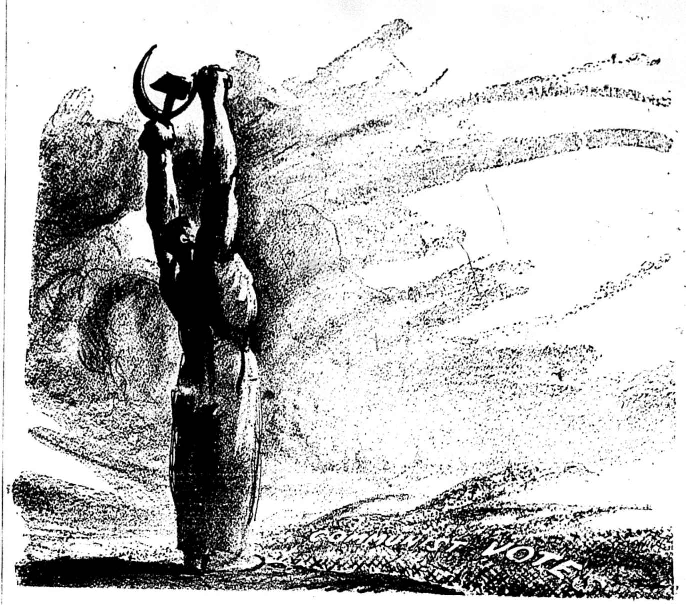
The drive to organize the packing house workers is not limited to Kansas City alone but to all South Western and Western packing centers.

The packing huose paper which is issued by the Communist Party is being spread in every packing house.

The committee in charge of publishing the "Packing House Worker" states that funds are needed in order to print many copies in order to reach every worker in the packind industry. All contributions should be sent to 207 E. 14th St., Room 1, Kansas City, Mo.

WORKERS AND FARMERS! VOTE COMMUNIST!

By Fred Ellis



Ten Days of Textile Struggle

By AMY SCHECHTER.

Police Murder Pregnant Woman; Clubbing Fails to Break Picket Line

At the first signs of revolt among their slaves in the grey stone mill prisons of Fall River, the millowners stripped the millworkers of all the defences won by labor in generations of struggle, and systematically set about throttling them into submission.

Police, press, courts, reactionary craft union bureaucracy were immediately mobilized against the strikers. Police violence was used to smash picket lines, the courts to outlaw the strike and forge legal shackle to the activities of the strike leaders; the press to pour slime over the Textile Mill Committees and discourage the strikers by fake back-to-work stories; the labor bureaucrats to order the men under their control to scab in the strike.

The Fall River cotton manufacturers learned to fear the strength and staying power of militantly led millworkers in the course of the New Bedford textile strike still going strong in New Bedford after four months under T. M. C. leadership. Long before the Fall River strike vote was taken all their forces were lined up in readiness to block the first strike move.

Monday, August the sixth, at dawn, when the Fall River strike opened with the walkout of 3,000 workers from the American Printing Company, the city was practically declared under martial law for textile workers. No breathing space. No quarter. Police swarming over the streets "below the hill" where the millworkers of the American Printing Company live. Solid police cordons thrown across the viaducts leading to great fortress of the American Printing Company. Patrol wagons and vans drawn up at the curb ready for mass arrests or use as barricades.

Men and women clubbed and strangled as line after line, five times shattered and five times reforming tried to break through the police wall to picket their mill. The wave of terror rising higher every day. A pregnant woman striker crushed against the iron railing of the viaduct by the police, beaten and thrown aside for the strikers to take to the hospital after the police had gone. Johnny Medeiros, six year old striker's child, ridden down by a trooper herding strikers into their houses after the daily break up of the picket line, running for refuge through a gap in the fence near the river, found soon after drowned—"while swimming"—the police say.

A hundred and fifty police massed on the church steps and the streets outside barricaded to hold back the mill workers attempting to march after the coffin of the boy.

From the break-up of the first TMC mass meeting in Fall River weeks before the strike, the Fall River police have carried out the role of company gangsters as openly as the Coal and Iron in any Rockefeller coal town. Police Chief Feeney, boasting of his personal supervision of police operations in the strike area, openly stated in the press the third day of the strike that he believed he was having success in "breaking the back of the strike." Over a hundred arrests were made during the first days.

The organizers, Jim Reid, Sam Weisman, Peter Hagelias and young Bill Sroka were arrested and rearrested, sometimes three times in a day. A week after the strike began the first case came up for trial. Picketing, singing strike songs, addressing mass meetings, or attending them were all branded as criminal activities. Not content with imposing vicious prison sentences on organizers and the leading rank and file strikers, and demanding heavy bail to keep them jailed, the mill owners' Judge Hannify, created a new legal strikebreaking precedent by placing these men under forfeitable $1000 bonds to "keep the peace" interpreted as refraining from all strike activities.

Of course the strike is meat for the American Legion, which has passed a resolution pledging its members to back Chief Feeney to the limit in his operations to put down "the labor agitation." The last few days a number of prosperous-looking men with the solemnly stupid look of the true legionnaire have been seen sleuthing around "Liberty Lot" during the TMC mass meetings.

Strike Spreads.

And still the strike and preparations for spreading the strike to all the mills of Fall River go on. Thursday the leaders got out on bail. Friday they addressed mass meetings and resumed their other strike activities.

The heavy police barrage may force new tactics on the part of the leaders, but no retreat. The workers, previously unorganized and striking for the first time in their lives, in ten days have learned more about the nature of the capitalist state and its role in bludgeoning the workers back into slavery at the employers command than in all the previous years of their life. They have had their baptism of fire in the class war, and come out of it not intimidated but hardened to the struggle. Committees are stiffened up. Organizational work is carried on with new understanding.

Conditions in Fall River were known as the worst in northern mill towns before the 10 per cent cut last January. $15 was given as the official average wage for Fall River mills at the State Arbitration Board hearing in New Bedford last week. Pay envelopes for July taken at random from a collection of those handed to men working in the Print Works of the American Printing Company show $10.89, $13.41, $12.11, $15.85, $8.18, $12.86, $13.16, $12.05. Most of them married men. In this division men work 11, 12, 13, sometimes up to 16 hours, at the heaviest jobs in the mills, in steaming, fume-laden rooms at high temperatures.

Speed-Up.

Steadily increasing speed-up in mill after mill is paring down the little left to the mill workers after the 10 per cent slash, and driving them beyond endurance. If their stand fails, the workers know that another cut will come in the early Fall.

The fight will be increasingly bitter, but it must go on. Abandonment of the fight for the right to organize, the right to hold meetings, the right to strike, the right to picket, means condemning the mill workers to blacker slavery.

Challenge to Labor.

The denial of these rights by the mill owners and their courts, their violent suppression of every attempt of the mill workers to reach out and take these rights is a challenge to labor and all who believe in guarding the elementary rights.

Outside aid is urgently needed for the Fall River strikers, relief, defense, help in establishing the few legal rights that capitalist legality allows, in order to break through the wall of violence, the cotton manufacturers have built around the mill workers, and give them a fighting chance for their lives.

3 Athletic Meets---Moscow, Amsterdam, New York

By PETER CLARK

II.

The Moscow Spartakiade.

Just as the Amsterdam Olympic Meet represented the high-water mark in the capitalists' use of sports to serve their class interests, so the Moscow Spartakiade was the highest expression of the proletariat sports movement, and of its role as a support of the workers' revolutionary movement.

The Spartakiade was sponsored by the Russian Workers Sports Organization, the Society for the Promotion of Physical Culture, and was supported by the Red Sports International. It lasted from August 12 to 22, and was held at the Michael Tomsky Stadium, which has a seating capacity close to 50,000.

About 5,000 athletes in all took part in the Spartakiade and of this number 1,500 were from foreign countries. In spite of the ban which the Luzerne (socialist) Sports International placed on the participation of any of its members in the Spartakiade, large delegations of social-democratic sportsmen accompanied the Red sportsmen to Moscow. Three hundred participants came from Germany, two hundred from Czecho-Slovakia, 80 from Finland and 90 from France. Smaller delegations came from over a score of smaller countries.

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The Spartakiade was made the occasion for a widespread educational campaign carried on in the Soviet Union in favor of physical culture. August 12 was officially pronounced Physical Culture Day, and throughout the Soviet Union there were held sports meets. In all the public squares of Moscow sports exhibitions were staged, with 50,000 worker-athletes taking part, and hundreds of thousands of people watching.

In order to make possible the participation of foreign athletes the Soviet government provided free transportation within the borders of the Soviet Union. The visitors were also maintained at the expense of the government and were quartered at the Third House of the Central Committee of the U. S. S. R.

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There was a marked contrast in the manner in which the Spartakiade and the Olympics were run off. First, the attitude of the spectators was fundamentally different. Whereas at the Olympics the crowd was divided into nationalistic sections, at the Spartakiade the spectators were completely international and applauded athletes only on their skill. If anything, the foreign athletes were accorded the most enthusiasm.

Among the athletes themselves there was no semblance of that bitter rivalry, of that hard individualism which distinguished the conduct of the Olympic stars. The bugaboo of professionalism, which was such a big controversial issue at the Olympics, did not even remotely enter into the Spartakiade.

Nearly every athlete taking part was a worker, and those who had come from foreign countries had done so at great personal sacrifices and after overcoming many difficulties.

At the Olympics it had been necessary to lay in a stock of flags of all competing nations—and a terrible uproar had been made because a Canadian flag had been overlooked. But at the magnificent Tomsky Stadium, only one kind of flag was on display—and that was the Red flag of the international proletariat.

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Whereas the real political purposes behind Olympics had been hypocritically covered up by the bourgeoisie, the organizers of the Spartakiade openly proclaimed that its primary slogan would be: Defense of the Soviet Union. In line with this slogan, of course was emphasized the solidarity of the proletarian sportsmen the world over against the Olympics, and the capitalist sports movement as a whole. The Spartakiade was a demonstration of the need for proletarian sports, a demonstration of the growing strength of the proletarian sports movement, a demonstration against the bourgeois Olympics.

But, most of all, it was a demonstration of the fact that the class-conscious worker-athletes the world over are prepared to defend their Socialist Fatherland, the Soviet Union, against imperialist aggression.

PRINTERS WIN RAISE

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 26.—Typographical Union No. 8, of St. Louis, recently accepted a proposal whereby an increase to time workers aggregating $64,000 a year was agreed to, the contract to run for five years.

Told You So

THIS department suggests that the Animal Rescue League communicate with Mr. Frank B. Kellogg, who is now in Paris limbering up for the signing of a treaty to outlaw war, and urge the secretary of state to insert a clause in his anti-war treaty prohibiting the use of dogs for tests of poison gases, intended for the slaughter of human beings. Since, what may be poison for a dog may be meat for a man, there is no sense in wasting good gas on a helpless little animal, a gas that may smell to a hero like the odor of a choice Havana cigar.

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THE latest evidence of the spread of Americanism in Nicaragua is the organization of "Vigilance Committees" to aid the United States marines in the war against Sandino and his revolutionary army. The dispatch which carried this news states that those assassins were organized by indignant Nicaraguans, but it is clear that this alleged indignation was superinduced by the cold treatment of General McCoy, American fixer of the coming elections. The Nicaraguan vigilantes no doubt will copy the methods of the murderers of strike leaders in the United States, the thugs who hanged Frank Little in Butte and established a reign of terror in several western states during and after the war. With a gang of good American election tellers, under the direction of General McCoy, in addition to the vigilantes; Nicaragua would be as thoroly Americanized as Chicago, Illinois.

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THE French and British scout the idea that the pact is directed against the United States, yet both powers considered the question of how the navies of both countries could be pooled in the event of war. The U. S. is the only country in the world that has a navy equal to Great Britain. France is increasing her navy rapidly and only recently held the biggest military maneuvers since the war on the Italian border. The recent pact between England and France is not good news for Mussolini; neither is the success of Venizelos in the Greek elections. Venizelos is a tool of Great Britain and is said to have friendly intentions towards Jugo Slavia, with which Italy has been at loggerheads.

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ALL this shows how ridiculous it is to expect anything from the Kellogg treaty except another war. The great powers are simply sparring for position. Clashes of economic interests between them are certain to bring war. Despite the existence of the league of nations, the system of offensive and defensive alliances that prevailed before the war is more in evidence today than ever. The United States is Great Britain's chief rival and a war between the two imperialist giants is only a question of years. How long can this inevitable war be staved off by the ruling classes who probably are convinced from their experience in the last one that the next will spell their doom? Even tho they know this they are driven irresistibly, thru the competitive nature of the capitalist system, to a course which signs their death warrants.

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THE platonic gestures towards peace of the imperialists may lull some workers into a feeling of false security. But there is nothing under the sun more certain than another world war, hundreds of times more terrible than the last. The poison gases that the war department of the United States is testing on dogs to make sure that they are deadly enough for use against men, the sham airplane battle over London recently, the French war maneuvers on the Italian frontier, the appropriation of $20,000,000 by the German government for the building of battleships, the intensive war preparations of Italy—all are signs pointing to mass murder in the name of the defense of country.

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THE government of the Soviet Union alone declares before the world that all gestures towards peace are empty unless accompanied by disarmament. And all the efforts of the Soviet Union to induce the imperialist powers to adopt a disarmament plan have been blocked. There can be no peace under capitalism. If angels were suddenly elected to head all the capitalist governments in the world, they would be immediately transformed into militarists. War is as indigenous to the capitalist system as claws to a tiger. Only the abolition of capitalism will bring about the abolition of war.

Tom O'Flaherty

Argentinian Objects to Invasion Provided in Monroe Doctrine

BUENOS AYRES, Argentina, Aug. 26.—The Monroe Doctrine does not imply invasion into Latin-American countries said Dr. Jose Leon Saurez, Argentine member of the League of Nations Codification of International Law Commission here.

Speaking on the refusal of Argentina to enter the League of Nations, Saurez declared that it would eventually return, providing the interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine was not left entirely to the United States and that invasion on the rights of the South American republics be not considered the Monroe Doctrine.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

NATIONAL EDITION

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GITLOW BEGINS TOUR SATURDAY

KELLOGG FIGHTS CORDIAL LETTER TO SOVIET UNION

Signers of War Pact Send Evasive Note

Feminists are Jailed

PARIS, Aug. 28.—After abandoning in terror a half year ago the conference in which the representatives of the Soviet Union issued their proposals for complete world disarmament, the powers today decided to invite the Soviet government to sign the Kellogg multilateral "peace" treaty, although the Commissariat for Foreign Affairs of the U. S. S. R. had made it sufficiently clear that it was participation in the "peace" negotiations that it desired.

The invitation to sign was given not by an American representative but by the French ambassador.

The suggestion had been made that the 14 delegates signing the treaty affix their names to an official letter cordially urging Russia to adhere, but Secretary Kellogg and M. Briand preferred that the U. S. S. R. should get the same invitation extended to 44 other nations.

The French ambassador at Moscow transmitted to M. M. Litvinoff, Assistant Soviet Commissar of For-

Continued on Page Three

HOLD MEET IN SPITE OF POLICE

Miners Hold Workers Party Rally

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 28.—The breaking up by the police of the Workers (Communist) Party Endorsement Conference here last Sunday has not deterred members of the Workers (Communist) Party from continuing their intensive drive in the hard-coal region, according to a communication from Emil Gardos, sub-district organizer in this city.

The local newspapers printed in full the statement of the Workers (Communist) Party on the police attack, denouncing their brutal methods, and clearly stating that the conference will be held again Friday.

As a result of the police terrorism, the Workers (Communist) Party Campaign Picnic to be held Sept. 1 at San Souci Park, received extraordinary publicity. Hundreds of workers not yet class-conscious are expected to be present to hear Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, who will be the main speaker.

CRASH KILLS EIGHT WORKERS

SHELBY, N. C., Aug. 28 (UP).—The debris of brick, plaster and twisted planks—all that remains of the three buildings which collapsed today, killing eight persons—was searched tonight for the bodies of four workmen still missing.

Police, firemen, relatives of the missing, and friends, pulled and tugged at the mass of wreckage, trying to penetrate its depths.

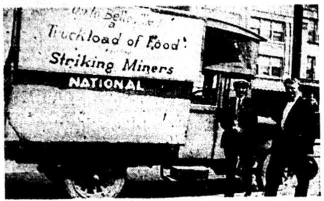
Four Negro laborers remained unaccounted for this afternoon as volunteers dug deeper into the debris. A group of seven had been working in the excavation. Three of them were taken out seriously hurt but the remaining four were believed trapped under the heaps of bricks and plaster.

The four missing men were believed trapped in the basement of one of the buildings, near where a retaining wall they had flung up, gave way, bringing down with it the structures of three buildings in the heart of this town of 4,000 population.

BRITISH UNIONS AGREE TO MERGE

LONDON, Aug. 28 (UP).—Terms have been agreed upon provisionally for an Amalgamation of the Transport and General Workers Union with the Workers Union. Total membership of the merged unions would be 450,000. The move was considered a step in the campaign to form a "super-federation" of more than 1,000,000 membership embracing all railway and transport workers.

Wisconsin Workers Send Miners Relief



A truck loaded with food for the striking miners and their families has been sent by the Milwaukee Local of the National Miners Relief. The signs on the side of the truck spread the story of the miners' struggle and need all along the route taken by the truck. Beside the truck, at left, is H. Grawert, of Machinists Union No. 66, and next to him, O. R. Zimmerman, who drove the truck into the Illinois coal fields. (Photo by Cora Meyer, Worker Photographer.)

SEND $1,200 IN FOOD TO MINERS; MORE NEEDED

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 28.—A carload of potatoes and another of $1,200 worth of groceries, including flour, sugar and fat-backs, were sent into Ohio this week, Anthony Minerich, secretary of the National Miners Relief Committee, said today. Jack Bell and Jim Vall, chairman and secretary of the Ohio relief committee, will distribute the foodstuffs from Yorkville, through committees which will come from mining camps for miles around.

More than 500 families of Avella will share the week's shipment of 20 barrels of flour, yeast, salt and fats to bake bread, 20 barrels of potatoes, 1,000 cans of condensed milk, 1,000 pounds of sugar, beans, etc. The committee elected by the eight Avella locals many months ago, which includes Fred Siders, Steve Paich, Philip Giambatista and Mike Coleman, carry the relief out to the

Continued on Page Four

HILLMAN PHILA. 'DRIVE' FIZZLES

Survey Reveals Not a Shop on Strike

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 28.—Complete vindication of the step taken by Domenick Fliani when he demonstratively resigned from an organizership in the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union "special organization campaign committee," was had today when a thorough survey made in this city revealed today not a single Philadelphia clothing manufacturer with a strike in effect against his shop. Fliani, an active left wing member of the Philadelphia local, had issued an open letter containing his resignation and a denunciation of the Amalgamated officialdom for the fake drive they were carrying on.

Sound and Fury.

About two months ago the Amalgamated general officialdom, from Hillman down to manager Beckerman of the New York Joint

Continued on Page Five

ANTI-KELLOGG MEET ATTACKED

After three speakers had addressed a crowd of 2,000 at a meeting held at Wall and William Sts., yesterday noon on the fake Kellogg "peace" pact, police attacked and broke up the gathering which was arranged under the auspices of the New York section of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League.

Before the meeting was scheduled to begin, when the stand was being put up by the anti-imperialist workers, police tried to keep them from proceeding, on the ground that "the police sergeant had heard nothing about it." This was denied by the officials of the New York section of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, who said that the police commissioner had been duly notified of the

Continued on Page Two

GreekDengueEpidemic Spreading to Provinces

ATHENS, Aug. 28 (UP).—Eighty per cent of the population of Athens and Piraeus have been affected by the epidemic of dengue, it was estimated today. The fever was spreading in the provinces.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 28 (UP).—Authorities took precautions along the Greek-Turkish frontier today to prevent the spread of the dengue into Turkey.

FISHERMEN WIN THEIR STRIKE

Bedford Fleet Owners Withdraw Wage Cut

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 28 (FP).—Strike sentiment spread from the ranks of 27,000 cotton mill workers, and nearly 500 fishermen—all there are—struck for a better division of the sea's spoils. Boat owners tried to force fishermen to bear the cost of fuel oil, gasoline, ice and waste in operating fishing crafts. Workers answered by rallying to the Fishermen's Union, and staying ashore.

When bosses capitulated, fishermen went back to sea for 60 per cent of the catch, the owner to pay major expenses except food. Every man joined the Fishermen's Union of the Atlantic, allied with the International Seamen's Union, making New Bedford a 100 per cent union port.

TO ENDORSE RED TICKET TONIGHT

N. Y. Needle Trades Meeting

The candidates and platform of the Workers (Communist) Party will be endorsed at a rally of New York needle trades workers, to be held tomorrow night at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place. Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Party, will be the principal speaker at the meeting, which is arranged by the National Needle Trades Committee of the Trade Union Educational League.

Besides listening to Gitlow, the progressive needle trades workers will hear their own militant leaders, who have led them successfully in bitter struggles against the right wing of the socialist party and A. F. of L. bureaucracy, and who are most energetically working for the support of the Workers (Commu-

Continued on Page Two

Raise German R. R. Rates to Pay for War

BERLIN, Aug. 28.—An increase in German passenger and freight rates has been forced through the railroad arbitration court, against the will of the Reichstag, by Parker Gilbert, Reparations Agent General and co-author of the Dawes plan.

The increase will bring 250,000,000 marks more per year for the payment of German reparations. Gilbert had decided that additional revenues were needed in order to improve the railroads and at the same time not endanger the reparation payments.

MURDOCH, MILL STRIKE LEADER IS JAILED AGAIN

Picket Gets 6 Months, 3 Women 30 Days, in Court Terror

28,000 Stand Very Firm

BULLETIN

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 28.—William T. Murdoch, Textile Workers Union leader, who has just finished serving a three-month jail sentence for his activities in the big textile strike here, was again arrested for leading a picket line at the Potomska Mill gates. Marion Botelho, sentenced this morning to 30 days was also jailed anew, this being her ninth arrest. Maria Valente was arrested for the fifth time in the strike.

Police forced their way into a meeting of Polish women strikers in the Hops St. Hall, which was being addressed by Helen Zakowski, and arrested Natalia Przabu on a warrant charging picketing last week.

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(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 28.—Joseph Vieira, a textile striker arrested on a special warrant for alleged rioting when he was picketing the gates of the Sharp Mill, was sentenced to a six-month jail term in the District Court today. Marion Botelho, Casmiro Lamieras, Germaine Madieros and Vincencia Santos, four other members of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union, are

Continued on Page Three

WORLD CONGRESS AWAITS PROGRAM

Czech Delegate Buried in Moscow

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 28.—The Sixth World Congress of the Communist International is devoting the interval from Friday to Monday to sessions of the program commission.

The commission has virtually finished its work by now and will present the final form of the program to the next plenary session of the Congress.

The burial of the Czech delegate, Horaz, who died here suddenly, took place this afternoon.

"Forward" Sputters in Horror Over Iniquity of Left Wing Leaders

The "socialist" Jewish Forward, organ of the right wing union wreckers in the needle trades, yesterday devoted almost half of its front page to an "astounding expose."

A reproduction of pictures was printed, showing a group of about 15 men sitting before a conference table in Moscow! Two of them were Charles S. Zimmerman and Aaron Gross, left wing cloakmakers' and furriers' leaders, who had gone to Moscow and were in this instance pictured in the "Red Needle" as participating with representatives of needle trades unions from other parts of the world, in the proceedings of the Red Trade Union International, held there in April.

The captions also declare that both denied having been in the Soviet Union, and then ask mysteriously . . . "What were they doing there?" thus completely ignoring the fact that Zimmerman gave a public report of his and Gross' work at the Red International Congress at a meeting in Manhattan Lyceum which was widely advertised by posters nailed up in many sections of the city.

Denounce Kellogg "Peace" Treaty in Wall Street

Harry Gannes, secretary of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League is shown above addressing the big crowd that gathered to listen to him denounce the Kellogg "peace" pact as an instrument of the imperialist powers to cloak their war preparations against the Soviet Union. The meeting was held at Broad and Williams Streets, in the heart of the American financial district.

BUKHARIN ON U. S. PARTY SITUATION

At Sixth World Congress of the Communist International

MOSCOW, Aug. 27.—From the detailed report of International Press Correspondence we can now give a clearer and more objective picture of the estimation of the American Workers (Communist) Party situation as given by the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International than the short and sometimes unclear and distorted wires containing speeches made at the congress.

The closing remarks of Comrade Bukharin, the official spokesman of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, clarified all issues related to the American Party situation.

Internal and External Contradictions.

Comrades of the American opposition, Foster and Bittelman, and Comrade Lominadze who deviates from the official line of the Russian Party, criticized the theses of Comrade Bukharin from the "left." They made the criticism of the theses and of the American Central Executive Committee, that they underestimate internal contradictions and lay too much emphasis on external contradictions of imperialism. Bukharin said on this point the following:

"The basic thing today is the war danger. If we separate external contradictions from internal contradictions it is equivalent to diminishing the significance of this fact. From an objective point of view such an underestimation of the war danger is not a left position but quite the contrary, it is the reflection of right wing dangers in the Communist International. The principal danger that threatens us today is the underestimation of the War Danger."

Reserve Powers of U. S. Imperialism.

The speakers of the opposition, Comrades Dunne, Bittelman and Foster, charged that the Central Executive Committee overestimates the power and growth of American imperialism and overlooks the fact that "the reserve powers of American imperialism are diminishing."

Bukharin said on this question as follows:

"I absolutely disagree with the argument advanced here by many comrades to the effect that the internal possibilities of American imperialism have been exhausted. They have not been exhausted and in general I am in principle opposed to this point of view. It is wrong both in theory and in principle. It is the Luxemburg theory."

New and Old Unions.

The speakers of the opposition and Comrade Losovsky accused the Central Executive Committee of obstructing the execution of the Profintern resolution because, laying the main emphasis on organizing new unions, the Central Executive Committee stated the necessity of maintaining and increasing our work in old unions, too.

Bukharin took the following position on this question:

"A dangerous tendency was also revealed in the course of the discussion, namely a tendency to deny the necessity for working in the reactionary unions; and attempts were even made to develop a theory for the purpose of fortifying this attitude. Sometimes this tendency is observed among the rank and file and arises from difficulties which the work in reactionary trade unions encounters. The tendency to leave reactionary unions is fostered also by the fact that large numbers of workers in many countries are still unorganized. This is the case in the United States of America and also in France. It is absolutely clear that the task of organizing the unorganized is one of our main tasks at the present time, but this is no reason why we should abandon our work in the reactionary trade unions even in countries where dual unions exist."

No Big Political Differences.

Speakers of the opposition, especially Comrade Bittelman, accused the Central Executive Committee that it is advertising American imperialism and that it does not see the possibilities for Communist mass work in America. Bukharin's speech rejects categorically both charges:

"Take the American Party. Quite lately—at least so it seemed to all of us—the American Party appeared to be overcoming the internal friction, but now we find that the controversy is flaring up again. The internal Party struggle has 'revived' to such an extent that attempts are being made to utilize the present conjuncture for the purpose of continuing the struggle in the acutest form. Are there really any big political differences in the American Party? No. They are petty. Are the differences so important as to warrant the formation of fractions? I believe they are not. For instance, take the question concerning the attitude towards American capitalism. Some say American imperialism has grown stronger. Their opponents declare that they are advertising American imperialism. Such an expression should not be used. No good can come of it and it does not help clear up the question. I must confess that I do not entertain any hopes of a revolutionary situation arising in the United States in the near future. I say this quite frankly. In no country in the world is capitalism so strong as it is in the United States of America, where it has reached its zenith. Is it a terrible thing to say that there is little likelihood of an immediate revolutionary situation? It is if this is used to back up the argument that there is positively no ground for activity among the American masses. As far as I know, however, no one has made such an assertion. Unemployment is a fact. Changes in American industry is also a fact and so also is the growing discontent among the unemployed workers. Is there any ground for the growth of the Communist Party? Yes, there is. Does this furnish any justification for an acute factionary struggle? Of course not. All steps must be taken to avoid such a struggle."

STOP COMMUNIST MEET IN HOLLAND

BERLIN, Aug. 28 (UP).—Intervention of former Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany prevented a meeting of German and Dutch Communists at Arnhem, Holland, on the Rhine, 50 miles southeast of Amsterdam, the radical newspaper Welt Am Abend said today.

The newspaper said that the Dutch and German foreign ministers had consented to the attendance of the Germans at the meeting, but suddenly changed front.

The Dutch, the Welt Am Abend added, reinforced frontier police with regular troops, who halted several thousand Germans seeking to attend the meeting, despite the order against it.

U. S. Wants More Men for Air Army

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28 (UP).—The navy today ordered all available navy academy graduates who have not previously done so to take a physical examination to determine their fitness as aviation pilots.

MANY RECORDS FALL AT LABOR SPORTS MEET

Arthur Kirtin, Negro Athletic Star, Scores Double Victory in Sprint Events

In spite of a slow track, soggy with a three-day downpour of rain, 650 athletes, representing labor and fraternal organizations throughout the United States, met in a two-day track and field meet at Wingate Field, Brooklyn, Saturday and Sunday, in the second annual athletic meet of the Labor Sports Union of America.

Although hampered by the slowness of the drenched field and the bad weather that for a time threatened to halt the meet, the worker-athletes succeeded in hanging up several records that will be remembered as marks to shoot at by participants in future meets.

The outstanding record of the day was established when Arthur Kirton, a young Negro worker of New York, running unattached, wing-footed his way to a double victory in the 100 and 200-metre dashes. 11.7 in the shorter sprint and 24.4 in the 200-metre dash.

Although the outstanding sprint performer of the Labor Sports Olympics, Kirton by no means monopolized the double victories of the day. E. Hakkila, running under the colors of the Yritys Club of Norwood, Mass., succeeded in hanging up victories in the 800, 1,500 and 5,000-metre runs, outdistancing fields composed of the choice labor long-distance runners in the country.

P. Ahola won the javelin and discus throws, and H. Ahola led the contestants in the hop-skip-and-jump and the high jump events, establishing marks coming close to the best amateur performances in the country.

Women and junior athletes, turning out in unprecedented numbers, contributed largely to the colorful

Continued on Page Two

JAIL AUSTRALIA UNION LEADER

Charge He Intimidated Scabs

SYDNEY, New South Wales, Aug. 28 (British United Press).—Jacob Johnson, secretary of the Australian Seamen's Union, was sentenced today to six month's imprisonment on a charge under the Commonwealth Crimes Act of attempting, by intimidation, to induce seamen to leave the inter-state steamer Barwon during the recent strike of marine cooks.

Notice of appeal was given pending which three other charges against Johnson were adjourned.

3 Dead, Many Injured in Western Tornadoes

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa, Aug. 28.—Three known dead, nearly a score seriously injured, several probably fatally, was the toll of a tornado which ripped through four southeastern Iowa counties late yesterday. Other injuries were also reported from Phoenix, Arizona.

WILL COVER 20 STATES ON BIG CAMPAIGN TRIP

Letters From Workers Indicate Growing Interest

To Tour the West

Reports from the cities in the 20 states where Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, will speak on his nation-wide election tour, show that the membership of the Workers (Communist) Party and the class conscious workers are intensely interested in the program and platform of the class struggle, and are ready to give Gitlow an enthusiastic greeting.

The tenor of the letters that are coming in to the National Election Campaign headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party at 43 East 125th St. indicates, according to the committee, that never before have the masses been so ready to listen to the revolutionary program of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Gitlow will start his two-month's speaking campaign tour, which will

Continued on Page Four

GITLOW TO TALK AT CLEVELAND

Expect Record Crowd at Sept. 9 Meet

CLEVELAND, Ohio., Aug. 27.—Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential nominee of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, will be the principal speaker at a mass meeting to be held Sunday, Sept. 9 at the Association Hall, 2105 East 21st St. The meeting will begin at 2 p. m. and a record crowd is expected to hear the Communist leader.

Gitlow's record in the labor movement, as asemblyman in New York, and his imprisonment for participation in the left wing movement of the socialist party, which later became the Workers (Communist) Party, has proven his mettle as a labor fighter to the Cleveland workers, who look forward to the event.

Gitlow will speak on the record of the Workers (Communist) Party for the last few years, and explain its program and aims.

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The Labor Day Picnic of the Cleveland local of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held at Lakeland, 14711 Lakeshore Blvd., Monday, Sept. 3, beginning at 10 a. m.

DETROIT TO HEAR FOSTER, BEDACHT

Two-Day Red Election Picnic Sept. 2-3

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 28.—The Detroit Election Campaign Committee, together with the Daily Worker and the Young Workers (Communist) League, have organized a Two-Day Election Campaign Picnic at Welcome Park on September 2 and 3 for the purpose of stimulating the election campaign in the city of Detroit. All workers' organizations and readers of the Party press are urged to be at this picnic.

Max Bedacht, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party and

Continued on Page Three

GREAT RESPONSE IN "RED DRIVE"

The answer of thousands of class-conscious workers to the action of Tammany's Department of Welfare in banning the collections for the campaign fund of the Workers (Communist) Party will be an extension of the Red Week drive to take in all this week, and an intensification of the drive, the district office of the Party announced last night.

The Tammany-controlled Welfare Board's action has proved a boom-

Continued on Page Two

Young Workers League Girls Distribute Leaflets to Army Recruits at Fort Hancock

JINGO SURROUNDS DANCE HALL WITH ARMED SOLDIERS

But No Trace Is Found of Leaflets

A group of six girls, all members of the Young Workers' (Communist) League in New York, attended a dance given by the Citizen's Military Training Camp at Fort Hancock, Saturday, and managed to distribute bulletins, leaflets, and stickers in many of the buildings of the fort. After they had completed the distribution of the anti-imperialist leaflets, they returned to the dance hall and proceeded with the dancing.

For a time all went well. The jazz band continued to play and the jingo officials in charge of the occasion remained blissfully ignorant of the fact that leaflets reading, "Don't Become a Scab and Strikebreaker," "Demand the Withdrawal of Marines from China and Nicaragua," "Defeat the Imperialist Attack on the Soviet Union," and "Free the Philippine Islands from the Rule of Wall Street," had been placed under the notice of the young recruits.

Lieutenant Finds Leaflet.

But suddenly, a lieutenant, his face flushed and irritated, appeared in the hall and ordered the dance stopped. He had discovered one of the stickers with the Young Workers (Communist) League slogans printed in glaring black on it. Soon soldiers with cocked guns surrounded the dance hall, with orders not to let a single person leave until the "culprits" responsible for the distribution had been found. A search was immediately instituted, with no one of the 330 young people gathered in the hall allowed to leave.

Guns of No Use.

But after a quarter of an hour, not a single trace of a leaflet had been found on any of those in the building. Finally, irritated beyond measure, the jingo lieutenant and his aides were forced to quit their search for the unknown leaflet-distributors, and allow the dance to continue.

One of the leaflets distributed on the night of the dance read, in part as follows:

"To all Fort Hancock Recruits: You are now getting your second 'free trip.' You are going to Coney Island. You will be taken to Luna Park.

"All of this is pure bribery. The camp authorities want to make you believe that they are great fellows. They want you to forget the real purposes of the Capitalist Military Training Camps. They give you these little 'treats' in order to hide the real issues.

Score Lieutenant Walker.

"What has Lieutenant Walker been telling you? He always starts off his lectures by reading last year's letter to the recruits. He tells all kinds of fairy tales about the Communists. He gives the flukiest kinds of 'explanations' about the statements in the leaflet. He tells all kinds of lies about the Communists, who they are, what they stand and fight for.

"What is the real position of the young Communists to the question of capitalist militarism? Why do the Communists fight against the C. M. T. C.'s?

"We young Communists fight the C. M. T. C.'s because the young workers and students are trained to be used to defend the millions of dollars invested by the bankers of Wall Street in China, Nicaragua, and other places. What investments have the young workers in Nicaragua? Why are American marines killing the brave Nicaraguan people? What are American gunboats and marines doing in China? Why is American capitalism preparing to fight against the only workers and farmers government in the world—Soviet Russia? All because of the interests of American bankers in those places. All because Soviet Russia defends the interests of the workers and farmers in Russia itself and throughout the world."

Red Squad Will Invade Harlem as Signature Drive Gains Momentum

The past week marked the most active signature work since the drive started, with a total of 2,800 signatures obtained thruout the city. Sections 2 and 3 Red Squad are to some extent responsible for this unprecedented wave of activity, and the response of the membership of the various sections was much better than heretofore.

Branch 6 of Section 5 of the Bronx, with headquarters at 2700 Bronx Park East, brought into the fold three hundred and fifty signatures yesterday, the result of Sunday's work alone. Stern, campaign manager of the branch, reminded the District Campaign Committee that this number was obtained through the work of the members of the branch only, with no outside assistance.

* * *

Sections 2 and 3 Red Squads, despite a pouring rain and the re[illegible] of the Brownsville station from its usual stamping grounds, appeared last Sunday at 154 Watkins St., Brownsville, and went out for signatures to put the candidates of the 22nd and 23rd assembly districts on the ballot. The next mobilization of the Red Squad of Sections 2 and 3 will be on September 9, and the scene will be 143 E. 103rd St., in Harlem. All members of Sections 2 and 3 are urged by their respective campaign directors to participate in the September 9th Red Squad mobilization and still further boost the already enviable record of the squad.

Burial of Dead; Crowds at Funerals of Victims of the I. R. T. Greed

The burial of the victims of the traction barons' lust for profits were crowded by silent masses of men and women, chiefly workers. Anger against the corporation whose inhuman greed caused the death of nearly a score at Times Square last Friday made the silence of the crowds grim. The burial of the seven year old Herman Zips, killed with his mother, is shown above.

YOUNG WORKERS JOIN RED DRIVE

Harlem Unit Leads in Signatures

Competition which has arisen between the various sections of the Workers (Communist) Party on the signature drive to put the candidates of the Workers Party on the ballot has extended to the units of the Young Workers League.

In order to help put the workers' candidates on the ballot, the District Training School of the Young Workers (Communist) League, in session for a two weeks intensive course, has planned to participate in the drive by working with the various units of the League, giving the same time and attention to each unit.

The activity of the students of the training school will begin today, August 27th, when they meet in the lower Bronx to put across the Communist candidate from the 3rd Assembly District of the Bronx. It is expected that through the efforts of the thirty members of the training school enough signatures will be gathered in one evening's applied work.

In the League competition, thus far the Harlem unit is ahead, with a total close to three hundred signatures obtained by Harlem young workers. The next in line for the League Election Campaign Banner is Williamsburg, with 108 signatures to its credit.

During the next two weeks a decided increase of League election activities will be noticed, especially with respect to the signature drive, since not only will Sundays be made special mobilization days, but during the week unit meetings will be dissolved early for participation in the signature drive.

A feature of the Young Workers League signature drive activities is the challenges being hurled back and forth by the units of the city. Each is confident of an unparallelled record at the end of the drive, and although Harlem is far ahead of the other competitors the coming two weeks may find it in second or worse position.

TO HOLD ELECTION RALLY ON COAST

Workers Will Ratify Whitney Nomination

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 28.—A mass ratification rally will be held on Tuesday, September 4, at the Labor Temple, 532 Maple Ave., when Charlotte Anita Whitney, prominent California Communist and "criminal syndicalism" defendant, will speak and be formally endorsed by all members of the Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League, and other hundreds of interested and sympathetic workers.

This public election mass meeting follows the nomination of Anita Whitney at the Workers Party state convention held in San Francisco recently. The Los Angeles Party campaign committee announces this as the first big Communist election demonstration, to be followed later by meetings at which William Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow, candidates for president and vice-president, will be featured speakers.

This meeting is expected to serve as a rally to mobilize the thousands of Los Angeles workers to vote Communist in the elections.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 27.—Congressional investigation of penal institutions with the view of determining whether additional federal institutions are necessary will begin here tomorrow. No results are expected.

Organizations Must Send Delegates to Daily-Freiheit Meet

Unions, trade union leagues, fraternal organizations, workers clubs, women's councils and other women's organizations, Workers (Communist) Party units, sections, youth organizations, musical and cultural organizations, must be represented with three delegates each at the Freiheit and Daily Worker Bazaar Conference at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East Fourth St., tomorrow, at 8 p. m.

Those organizations which have not elected their delegates should be represented by the secretary and two active members.

The work which will be organized at the conference is very important, and it is necessary that every organization be represented.

ANTI-KELLOGG MEET ATTACKED

2,000 Workers Hear Anti-Imperialists

Continued from Page One

league's plans through a communication written to him several days before the meeting was scheduled to take place.

For a short time the police, tho present in great numbers as at the last Wall Street demonstration on July 3, when wholesale arrest of members of the organization had been made, did not try to molest the meeting. Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the league addressed the meeting as chairman. Following her in quick succession came Harry Gannes, acting head of the national organization, and Harvey O'Connor, of the Federated Press. As they spoke, the office workers, passing the corner on which the speeches were being made, flocked closely around the stand. In a short time, a crowd of about 2,000 white-collar slaves of Wall Street had gathered.

Then Y. Y. Shu, president of the Chinese Students' Alliance of America, was introduced to the meeting.

Just as he was about to begin his speech, however, the police surged forward through the crowd, and cut short the meeting.

The posters were confiscated, the crowd driven away.

* * *

In the anti-imperialist meetings held on Union Square and Columbus Circle later in the day, police continued in their intimidation of the workers who gathered to listen to the speakers. Plowing their ways through the crowds at both places, they tried to break up the meetings without giving the impression of using force. But the workers, in spite of many underhand jabs from the clubs of the police, continued to hold their ground and listen to the speakers expose the fake Kellogg treaty.

The speakers at both of the later meetings included I. Zimmerman, Harriet Silverman, Harry Gannes, Y. Y. Shu, George Padmore and D. Seizo Ogino.

Caddies on Strike; Seek Organization

POUGHKEEPSIE, Aug. 28.—Led by a high school graduate who protested "Seventy-five cents for sixteen holes is atrocious pay," caddies of the Dutchess Golf and Country Club have gone on strike for higher wages and the privilege to organize for their mutual welfare.

Two Stowaways Found Dead on Munson Boat

BALTIMORE, Aug. 28.—Two stowaways were found dead and four others were found in a semi-conscious condition when the sugar-laden Munson Line freighter "Munisla" docked today.

This is the second stowaway tragedy aboard Baltimore-bound ships in the last three days. On Friday 7 stowaways from Brazil were killed when they were trapped in the hold of a ship when it was fumigated in quarrantine.

CLOAK DRIVE ON IN BOSTON, PHILA.

Mass Meetings Will Be Held Today

BOSTON, Aug. 28.—A mass meeting of all cloak and dressmakers will be held here Tuesday evening in Franklin Union Hall, Berkeley and Appelton Sts., for the purpose of beginning in earnest the drive to build a real union for the workers in the industry by organizing the open shops that swamp the industry. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the executive committee of the shop chairmen's conference held here last Tuesday. Leaders of the National Organization Committee will speak.

The executive committee elected will serve as the local section of the National Organization Committee, and will deliver a full report of the proceedings of last Tuesday's conference. All plans adopted there for the organization of the unorganized cloak and dressmakers will be reported to the mass meeting. The workers will also be asked to endorse and help translate into action the plans formulated by the executive committee since the conference.

NEEDLE TRADES TO HEAR GITLOW

Workers Will Endorse Red Ticket

Continued from Page One

nist) Party candidates in the 1928 elections. Among these are Ben Gold, leader of the Furriers; Charles Zimmerman, of the Cloak and Dressmakers; H. Sazar, of the Cap Makers Union; Gladys Scheshter, Local 43, Millinery Handworkers Union; S. Liptzin, Amalgamated Clothing Workers, and M. Ziebel, of Local 24, Millinery Workers., Rose Wortis will be chairman.

M. Yusem, of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak, representing the young neddle trades workers, who have been among the most militant in carrying on the struggle against right wing thuggery.

"The large attendance of needle trades workers at tomorrow's rally," declared H. Sazar, secretary of the needle trades T. U. E. L., "will be ample answer to the mobilization of the Vigilance Committee of the United Hebrew Trades, the threats of the socialist party bureaucracy, and A. F. of L. efforts to intimidate the needle trades workers from supporting the Communist candidates."

To Invite Edison to USSR to Participate in Tolstoi Exercises

MOSCOW, Aug. 28.—Thomas A. Edison and Fridtjof Nansen will be invited by the Tolstoi Jubilee Committee to attend the Tolstoi Week anniversary here from September 10 to 17.

During this week the anniversary of the author's birth will be celebrated by meetings and special performances all over the Soviet Union at which the significance of the author will be discussed, his plays produced and special films of his life be shown. At his home town a large hospital, clinic and elementary school, the most modern in Russia, will be opened as dedications to Tolstoi's memory.

Lammot Du Pont Will Support Republicans

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 28.—Lammot Du Pont, president of the E. I. Du Pont de Nemours and Co., today announced that he would support Hoover altho he "agrees with Smith's stand on prohibition."

Confident that the family fortunes will be safe regardless which candidate is elected, Pierre Du Pont, his brother, and chairman of the E. I. Du Pont de Nemours, recently announced his support of Al Smith and contributed $50,000 to the democratic campaign fund.

USSR Labor Unions in Increase of 100 Per Cent During 5 Years

MOSCOW, Aug. 28.—Membership in the labor unions of the Soviet Union increased 100 per cent during the last five years according to figures published by the Soviet Labor Bureau.

On October 1, 1922 there were 25 industrial unions with a total membership of 4,546,100. On October 1, 1927 there were more than 10,000,000 union members with more than 2,000,000 in the Ukraine.

The increasing role of women in the labor unions is demonstrated by the fact that while in 1922 there were 1,356,100 women in the unions there are now more than 2,000,000.

GREAT RESPONSE IN "RED DRIVE"

Tammany Threat Is a Boomerang

Continued from Page One

erang. Instead of putting a stop to the collection of funds for the Red Campaign, it will result not only in an increase but a doubling of the campaign funds collected during the Red drive.

Score Tammany Move.

The workers of this city who have carried on their left wing struggles in the face of police brutality, injunctions, thuggery and gangsters, and carried them on successfully, will not be stopped in their activities by an edict of the Department of Welfare, the statement said.

"The decisive factor in election campaigns is money, according to Frank R. Kent, in his recently published book "Political Behavior." Money, he says, beats every candidate in the presidential elections who was beaten for the past thirty years.

Capitalists Buy Votes.

"While the capitalist parties use their campaign funds to buy votes, to pay corrupt misleaders of labor for swinging votes their way, and to spread the lying propaganda which is the essential part of the capitalist election campaign, the Workers (Communist) Party needs funds for the printing of hundreds of thousands of leaflets for distribution among the exploited workers and calling to their attention the role played by the capitalist government in breaking their strikes, reducing their wages and instituting the speed-up system.

"The response of workers to the Communist platform in the 1928 elections will be greater than ever before. Among the increasingly exploited masses of skilled and semi-skilled workers whose eyes have been opened to the nature of the capitalist candidates who receive their bosses' support the Workers' Party will poll thousands of votes. The urgent need is campaign funds."

Plan Dinner to Mark Opening of Workers Progressive Center

In celebration of the opening of the Greek Workers' Progressive Center, 101 W. 28th St., a dinner has been arranged for Saturday, Sept. 1, to be followed by a dance which will last until the early hours of Sunday.

The center will be a place in which cultural, dramatic, recreational and musical activities will be carried on as well as the political and labor training. Workers' plays will be presented there regularly.

Besides the enumerated activities, workers will be able to come in at noon hour, or in the evening, and eat meals in the spacious restaurant or go to the study hall and read or play chess, checkers, billiards, and many other games which are now being installed.

TRAIN DERAILED

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 28 (UP).—Several passengers suffered slight burises, sustained yesterday when seven cars and an engine of the northbound Shasta Limited, coast route train on the Southern Pacific, left the rails in a tunnel in southern Oregon.

BREAK RECORDS AT LABOR SPORT MEET IN N. Y.

Over 650 Athletes Take Part

Continued from Page One

pageant quality of the huge sport meet. Establishing several new meet records in both the swimming and track and field events, the women and child contingents of the labor-athlete army succeeded in carrying off a great deal of the day's honors.

The summaries in full follow:

100-Metre Dash for Women.

1, V. Hedsrom, Yritys, Milwaukee, Wis., 15 1-10; 2, Mary Koski, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 15 1-10; 3, Violet Koskela, Pyrinto, Maynard, Mass., 15 4-10.

100-Metre for Men.

1, A. Kirton, unattached, N. Y., 11 7-10; 2, A. Jokinen, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 11 8-10; 3, A. Karjala, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 11 8-10.

Shot Put for Boys.

1, O. Koski, Sisu, Worcester, Mass., 14.93; 2, J. Kaihllanen, Moukari, Lanesville, Mass., 14.67; 3, O. Holtti, Kisatoverit, Brooklyn, N. Y., 13.30.

Pole Vault.

1, P. Vehne, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 3.18; 2, T. Maki, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 2.90; 3, R. Kritz, Kisatoverit, Brooklyn, 2.70.

200-Metre Dash.

1, A. Kirton, unattached, N. Y. 24 4-10; 2, A. Jokinen, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 24 5-10; 3, U. Asikainen, Veikot, Gardner, Mass., 24 6-10.

400-Metre Dash.

1, N. Asikaimen, Veikot, Gardner, Mass., 54 9-10; 2, T. Erkkela, Moukari, Lanesville, Mass., 54 9-10; 3, E. Toukala, Vesa, N. Y., 59 5-10.

800-Metre Dash.

1, E. Hakkila, Norwood, Mass., 2.8; 2, R. Asikainen, Gardner, Mass., 2.11 2-10; 3, H. Saloman, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 2.15 4-10.

1,500-Metre Run.

1, E. Heikkila, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 4.27 9-10; 2, R. Asikainen, Veikot, Gardner, Mass., 4.32 5-10; 3, A. Saloman, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 4.35 5-10.

5,000-Metre Run.

1, Heikkila, ° Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 16.49; 2, Luiska, Jyry, Cleveland, Ohio, 16.50; 3, Neva, Workers Sports Alliance, Canada, 16.53.

10,000-Metre Run.

1, Luiska, Jyry, Cleveland, Ohio, 35.36; 2, Neva, Workers Sports Alliance, Canada, 35.49 5-10; 3, V. Virtanen, Vesa, New York, 37..4 3-10; 4, U. Kukkonen, unattached, New York, 39.4 5-10.

16-Pound Shot Put for Men.

1, K. Kilpi, Veikot, Orchester, N. Y., 12.04 M.; 2, E. Saari, Veikot, Orchester, N.Y., 11.99 M.; 3, O. Bergroos, Kisstoverit, Brooklyn, N. Y., 11.74 M.

36-Pound Weight Throw.

1, Saloman, Toverit, New York, 12 M., 1 C. M.; 2, A. Kangas, Vesa, New York, 11 M., 93 C. M.; 3, Saloman, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 10 M., 95 C. M.

16-Pound Hammer Throw.

1, J. Saloman, Toverit, Jamaica, N. Y., 45 M., 56 C. M.; 2, A. Cantas, Vesa, N. Y., 44 M., 5 C. M.; 3, V. L. Kuosnan, Kiisto, Monessen, Pa., 40 M., 87 C. M.

Javelin Throw.

1, L. Aholo, Vesa, New York, 50.6 M.; 2, P. Soini, Kisatovcerit, Brooklyn, 47.88; 3, S. Saloman, Yritys, Norwood, Mass., 45.5.

Discus Throw.

1, L. Ahola, Vesa, N. Y., 36.67 M.; 2, A. Kantas, Vesa, N. Y., 34.8 M.; 3, P. Soini, Kisatoverit, Brooklyn, 23.42 M.

Hop, Skip and Jump for Men.

1, P. Ahola, Toverit, New York, 13.18 M.; 2, H. Salin, Vesa, New York, 12.30 M.; 3, P. Venhe, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 12.18 M.

High Jump for Men.

1, P. Ahola, Toverit, Jamaica, N. Y., 1-83 M.; 2, H. Macki, Kiva, Bessemer, Pa., 1-68 M.; 3, V. Heali, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 1-62 M.

Broad Jump for Men.

1, A. Ahola, Toverot, Jamaica, N. Y., 6 M., 3 C. M.; 2, P. Venhe, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 5 M., 63 C. M.; 3, H. Maki, Kiva, Bessemer, Pa., 5 M., 61 C. M.

3,000-Metre Walk.

1, P. Jarvi, Yritype, Norwood, Mass., 16.9; 2, Johnson, Veikot, Orchester,, N. Y., 17.46 1-10; 3, W. Williams, Yeikot, Rochester, N. Y., 18.45.

110-Metre Hurdles

1, P. Aholo, Toverit, JJamaica, N. Y., 16.8 8-10; 2, Wm Kuosman, Kiisto, Monessen, Pa., 17.10; 3, P. Vehe, Into, Waukegan, Ill., 19 8-10.

4x100-Metre Relay for Boys.

1, New York District, 49.6; 2, Massachusetts District, 51.5.

4x100-Metre Relay for Men.

1, Illinois District, 3.50 8-10; 2, New York District, 3.53 3-10.

Shot Put for Women.

1, Saloman, 8.86; 2, Nylund, 8.41; 3, Hovi, 8.17.

4x100 Metres for Men—Clubs.

1, Kisatoverit, 46.9; 2, Into, Waukegan, 47.0; 3, Bronx Workers, 50.2.

60-Metre Dash for Boys.

1, S. Wikunen, Kisatoverit, Brooklyn, 22.02; 2, Halin, Vesa, New York, 20.51; 3, L. Holtti, Kisatoverit, Brooklyn, 19.09.

4x100-Metre Relay for Women.

1, Sisu, Worcester, Mass., 59 sec.; 2, Kisa, Toverit, Brooklyn, 59.8; 3, Chicago District, 61.9.

Broad Jump for Juniors.

1, J. Kaihlanen, Moukari, Lanesville, Mass., 5 M., 59 C. M.; 2, S. Nikkonen, Kisatoverit, Brooklyn, 5 M., 17 C. M.; 3, J. Resnick, Bronx Workers S. C., New York, 5 M., 16 C. M.

Broad Jump for Women.

1, Alma Kuusiluoto, Yrji, Conneaut, O., 4.45; 2, Violet Koskelo, Pyrinto, Maynard, Mass., 4.17; 3, Hedstrom, Yrity, Milwaukee, Wis., 3.94.

Swimming.

Diving—1, K. Lindstrom, K. T., Brooklyn, 87.05 pts.; 2, V. Lindstrom, K. T., Brooklyn, 86.27 pts.; 3, P. Kling, German A. C., 78.96 pts.

Boys 60-Metre.

1, A. Haapanen, Vesa, N. Y., 28.3; 2, O. Nordquist, K. T., Brooklyn, 44.5; 3, L. Palo, Kisatoverit, Brooklyn, 48.

Women 60-Metre Free Style.

1, Miriam, Manniston, K. T., Brooklyn, 1.4; 2, Ida Gold, 1.7; 3, Elenor Wirkull, K. T., Brooklyn, 1.10.

Mens 100-Metre Free Style.

1, A. Dpef, K. T., Brooklyn, 59.8; 2, A. Happanen, Vesa, N. Y., 1.8; 3, D. Kuusiluoto, K. T., Brooklyn, 1.10.

3x100-Yard Relay—Medley.

1, Workers Sports Alliance, 4.16; 2, Kisatoverit, Brooklyn, 4.21.

4x100 Yard Relay—Medley.

1, Kisatoviret, Brooklyn.

CALLES TO QUIT NOV. 30; RUMOR IN MEXICO

But Congress to Extend Term

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 28.—With three months of President Calles' term still ahead and the meeting of congress scheduled for September, two opposing views as to who will fill the vacancy created by the assassination of Obregon are being expressed here. Jose Manuel Puig Casauranc, newly appointed secretary of Industry, Commerce and Labor announced during a luncheon, according to El Universal Graficio, that "President Calles for no reason will continue in power after November 30."

Aaron Saenz, governor of the State of Nuevo Leon, is reported to have said that the Obregonist party will remain unified under all circumstances and "ready to face a solution of the abnormal position."

Others here doubt the words of Casauranc, and believe that Calles will remain in office as is indicated by the composition of the congress which is predominantly Obregonista and Crom, and the fact that the president recently made three new appointments to his cabinet.

MAGNET IN UKRAINE.

LENINGRAD, USSR (By Mail)—A big magnet anomaly has been discovered in the Ukraine on the territory of a former Poltava Province 25 kilometres distance from Krementchug.

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Did You Answer?
If not yet, tax yourself with one day's wage and do your share to complete the Fund.

A Day's Wage
for the
$100,000
COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN FUND

Are you unemployed and so badly in need that you cannot send even a single dollar or a two-dollar bill for the Communist Campaign?

ANSWER BEFORE YOU LAY DOWN THIS NOTICE

WE NEED 5's, 10's, 25's, 100's but the singles and twos are just as welcome.

Just attach your contribution to the blank that we sent you and mail it in NOW!

Send all Funds to
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treasurer
NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE
43 EAST 125TH STREET
NEW YORK CITY

Belgian Shipping Completely Paralyzed by Latest Walk-Out in Big Harbor Center

ANTWERP WHARF WORKERS' STRIKE TIES UP PORT

Walk-out Is Second One This Year

ANTWERP, Aug. 28. — Dock workers engaged in coaling ships at this port went on strike today.

The walk-out followed the demands of the workers for an immediate increase in wages.

News of the strike spread over the waterfront like wild-fire and groups of harbor workers quickly surrounded the knots of dock strikers.

As yet the police have taken no provocative action but it is believed that they may do so at any moment, having in mind the repressive measures used by the authorities in Havre recently.

The strike of the dockworkers follows by only a few months the strike with which they tied up this harbor and its shipping completely on the failure of officials of the Red Star line to grant demands of the men.

It was recently reported that an agreement had been reached between the participants in the former walk-out and the officials the terms of which were to be published in February, 1929.

NOT TO DISCUSS MONROE LAW

Powers Afraid It Will Embarass U. S.

GENEVA, Aug. 28.—A few days before the council of the League of Nations meets a movement that has been quietly set on foot will assure no discussion of the Monroe Doctrine at the League meeting. Costa Rica had demanded that the Monroe Doctrine be defined by the League before it indicates whether it will accept the invitation to join the League of Nations.

That this matter will not be discussed has been guaranteed by some League leaders who think that such a discussion would be embarrassing to the United States and would arouse "misunderstanding."

The Council, however, is expected to frame a reply to the Costa Rican note which is expected to be noncommital.

DETROIT TO HEAR FOSTER, BEDACHT

Two-Day Red Election Picnic Sept. 2-3

Continued from Page One

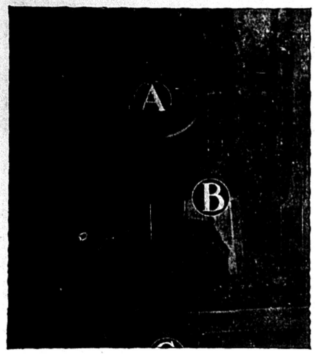
District Organizer of Chicago, will be the campaign speaker.

This picnic has been arranged for the purpose of raising funds for campaign propaganda among the workers in the open shops in the auto industry. All arrangements necessary have ben made to spread the revolutionary message of our Party to these hundreds and thousands of unorganized workers in the auto industry.

The workers in Detroit will have an opportunity to hear the message of the Workers (Communist) Party on the election campaign as given by William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president. He will speak at the Danceland Auditorium on Sunday evening, September 9, at 8 p. m.

A meeting for Foster has also been arranged in the city of Flint, which is a General Motors town. The workers in the auto industry in the city of Flint are being confronted with one wage cut after another and this meeting in the city of Flint will be utilized for the purpose of exposing the open-shoppers of General Motors and to call upon the workers the need for organization.

Mechanical Explanation of I. R. T. Crash



The above chart shows the mechanical elements which are alleged to have caused the I. R. T. disaster in which nearly a score of persons perished at Times Square recently. A shows the wheel of the car which crashed. B, the apparatus, a defect in which is blamed for the tragedy, and C, a spur, the twin of which engaged the wheel and sent scores to death and injury.

Costa Rica Attack on Monroe Doctrine Up Before League

GENEVA, Aug. 28 (UP)—Agreement of a draft convention to control the private manufacture of arms virtually was assured today when Japan notified the League of Nations Commission, which will take up the proposed pact this week, that her delegate will accept the United States viewpoint.

Juan Sivort, in behalf of the Argentine Association of the League of Nations, memorandumed all league councillors today in regard to Costa Rica's demand for a league interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine. Costa Rica insisted that the doctrine be excluded from the league covenant as constituting merely a unilateral declaration instead of a regional agreement.

KELLOGG FIGHTS U. S. S. R. LETTER

Opposes "Cordial" Note at Meet

Continued from Page One

eign Affairs, the invitation of France to adhere immediately after the signing. Litvinoff was non-committal but asked for full correspondence concerning the treaty and for a list of nations which have been invited.

Several plenipotentiaries here freely admitted the pact will be greatly affected by the decision from the Soviet Union—where months ago a proposal to eliminate all armaments was originated and placed before a stunned disarmament conference.

The same program which was made famous last year by visiting aviators from America will be followed. The diplomats will sign their names in the gold book and attend a musical program.

American Secretary Kellogg has slightly changed his plans and expects to leave Havre aboard the cruiser Detroit Wednesday noon for Dublin. He will reach Port Kingstown Thursday noon.

• • •

PARIS, Aug. 28.—Ten feminists were jailed today when they attempted to hold an "equal rights" demonstration.

MORE "ECONOMY."

SUPERIOR, Wis., Aug. 28 (UP).—Executive offices of the president indicated here today that one of President Coolidge's first official acts on his return to Washington will be the calling of a department head conference to inaugurate an enforced economy campaign for the remainder of the current fiscal year.

POLICE ARREST SACCO SPEAKERS

Blue Laws Revived to Stop Kallen

BOSTON, Aug. 28.—A taste of the prosecution of Sacco-Vanzetti sympathizers last year by the Massachusetts police was experienced here when a warrant was sworn out against Horace Kallen, educator and lecturer, because he mentioned the names of Sacco and Vanzetti together with Jesus Christ. The warrant was later repealed, "pending further investigation."

Kallen spoke at a memorial meeting here on Thursday night at which he said: "If Sacco and Vanzetti were anarchists, so was Jesus Christ an anarchist."

The charge is based on an old blue law which dates back to 1697. Under this same law Anthony Bimba, labor leader, was charged with blasphemy in connection with a speech to shoe strikers at Brockton in 1926.

News that a conservative and well-known lawyer in Boston was ready to defend Kallen was followed by the report that the charge would be withdrawn.

Karolyi Warns Mexico of U. S. Imperialism

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 28.—Count Michael Karolyi, former president of Hungary, is reported to have warned Mexico and Latin America generally against the danger of United States imperialism in a speech in Vera Cruz prior to his sailing for New York.

KILLED IN BUS COLLISION

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 28 (UP).—A woman was killed and six other passengers more or less seriously injured today when a sightseeing bus was pushed over a small embankment in collision with an automobile at Rye, near here.

8 FIREMEN INJURED

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 28 (UP).—Eight firemen were injured slightly today while fighting flames in a local bottling plant. Damage was estimated at $75,000.

MEXICAN PHONE WORKERS TIE UP SERVICE OF CITY

Prevent Scabs From Entering Building

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 28.—Failure of the Ericsson Telephone Company of this city to accede to the demands of the left wing telephone employes union has resulted in a complete tie-up of telephone service in the Federal District.

One of the chief demands of the men is that the telephone corporation sign an agreement unionizing the entire plant in Mexico City. There are approximately 50,000 telephone instruments in the Federal District of which the Ericsson interests control more than two-thirds.

The strikers are also demanding liberal increases in wages, and there are a number of subsidiary demands.

Officials both of the government and the corporation expressed themselves concerned as to the widespread political effect which the strike may have owing to the uncertain situation in Mexico following the assassination of President-elect Obregon.

Dr. Puig Casaurano, who has succeeded secretary of labor Morones, has conferred with union leaders and the representatives of the telephone corporation. Together with the latter, it is understood that he will attempt to force a settlement of the strike before a national arbitration board.

Meanwhile the spirit of the workers is militant and they are reported to have taken virtual control of the telephone property. Red flags hang from the telephone building and armed guards are said to be preventing the entrance of strikebreakers to the building.

It is rumored that President Calles will personally interfere in the strike if the ministry of labor and the telephone officials are not able to force a settlement before.

JAIL MURDOCH, MILL LEADER

Continued from Page One

to be imprisoned for one month each for picketing and singing while picketing.

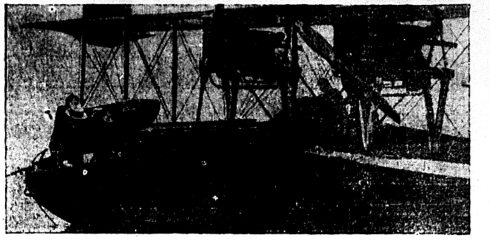
After police had made an attack on the Sharp Mill picket line July 24, warrants were sworn out for those picket captains not arrested at the mills. Vieira was one of these. He was taken out of the union hall on the warrant issued. His release, as well as that of the other strikers was later obtained on an appeal immediately filed, $600 being required for Vieira's freedom.

The A. F. of L. and "socialist" officialdom of the Textile Council at their meeting in Brooklawn today all congratulated the Fall River Textile Council bureaucrats for the order they issued their membership instructing them not to strike while workers of the American Printing Company were picketing the plant under the leadership of the Textile Mill Committees. Frank Manning, "socialist," was the most boisterous in his endorsement of this scabbing order. Other speakers were Mary and Powers Donovan.

MILITARIST LANDS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28 (UP).—General John J. Pershing hailed the Kellogg anti-war treaty today as "the most important step ever taken toward world peace."

N. Y.-Atlantic City Passenger Plane Forced to Land on Bay



The first plane to inaugurate the New York-Atlantic City passenger service was forced to make a sudden landing when one of its engines burned out. Planes like these can easily be converted into bombers for the next imperialist war.

CHINA WAR LORDS RENEW CONFLICT

Manchurian Troops Hold Railroad

LONDON, Aug. 28 (UP).—Civil warfare has broken out with renewed intensity in the Peking area of China, reports to the Daily Mail from Peking said today.

Remnants of the old Northern Army, decisively defeated several months ago, have engaged the Nationalists in that district and severe fighting is going on. Hundreds of wounded were reported being received in Peking and Tientsin.

General Chang Tsung-Chang, the Northern leader, who has not yet come to terms with the Nationalist government and who is reported to have considerable forces available, is said to be occupying a strategic position along the Mukden-Tientsin railroad.

Chinese Troops in Chefoo Revolt Against Nanking Army Officers

CHEFOO, China, Aug. 28.—One hundred Chinese soldiers were injured here when military authorities tried to disarm a group of 200 soldiers who were suspected of "disloyalty" to the Nanking regime.

The revolting troops refused to disarm and when the officers tried to force them to do so fighting occurred.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

1,500,000 Chinese Peasants are Facing Death by Starvation

SHANGHAI, China, Aug. 28.—One million, five hundred thousand Chinese workers and peasants in a district 30 miles wide and 100 miles long near Western Shantung are slowly dying of starvation, according to Earl Baker, who returned today from a visit from the stricken area.

Relief is absolutely necessary, Mr. Baker said, to avert the death of almost the complete population of the section.

The reason for the plague is thought to be the droughts and the insect invasion and destruction of the fields. Over 150,000, Mr. Baker said, are too ill to survive, even if aid can reach them soon. Others are living only on a diet of grasshoppers, the only "food" available in the region.

Krassin and U. S. S. R. Flier Chukhnovsky Off to Seek Amundsen Men

BERGEN, Norway, Aug. 28 (UP).—The Russian icebreaker Krassin has picked up the aviator Chukhnovsky at Kings Bay to carry on the search for Roald Amundsen, missing in the Arctic since he set forth to hunt for survivors from the dirigible Italia.

The Krassin carried provisions sufficient for 40 men for six months. She will sail shortly for Hinlopen Bay and Franz Josef Land, where a wooden hut will be erected as a flying base. The Krassin will return at the end of September if no trace is found of Amundsen.

MINER FATALLY HURT AT WORK

Men Struggle Not to Return to Scab Pits

RUSSELLTON, Pa., Aug. 25 (By Mail).—Nick Kasunich was pinned against the wall of a mine of the Republican Iron and Steel Company near here yesterday afternoon, and fatally injured. The Russellton miner died soon after he arrived at the Allegheny Valley Hospital.

The miners suffered hunger and untold hardship to avoid going back to open shop mines. But after 16 months of struggle, many Russellton miners returned to the pits when John L. Lewis and the policy committee abandoned the Jacksonville scale of wages. In many camps the men are still holding out, demanding the recognition of pit committees. As far as its resources allow, the National Miners Relief Committee is sending groceries into camps where hunger and disease is rampant. Contributions to fight off famine, should be sent to the relief headquarters, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FRENCH GENERAL TEXTILE STRIKE LOOMS IN FALL

Sept. 2 Final Date to Answer Demands

LILLE, France, Aug. 28.—Demanding the suppression of the present regulations forbidding strikes, the left wing textile union of northern France is threatening the mill owners with a widespread walk-out calculated to paralyze the industry.

The demands which take the form of an ultimatum, include increased wages for women operatives.

The ultimatum states that if the demands have not been granted in full by September 2, the union threatens to issue a call for a general strike.

Workers in the French textile industry have received reports that similar unrest exists in German textile centers and that a strike is extremely likely in the fall in the lower Rhine district and at Duren.

The French towns immediately affected by the strike are Lille, Valenciennes, and Roubaix.

NEW CLUE TO LOST PLANE.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 28 (UP).—Another possible clue to the Hassell-Cramer plane Greater Rockford was reported to the government here today.

$100,000

To fight against the imperialist war on Nicaragua and the war preparations now being made by Wall Street for another bloody conflict, in which the American workers and exploited farmers will be sacrificed. Send in your contributions to the NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE, 43 East 125th St., New York. Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

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Every City in America, Every Labor and Fraternal Organization to Have a Booth

Broach Nervous at Meeting, Red and Perspiring, Electrical Correspondent Says

CAMPAIGN CORNER

Our Ohio comrades deserve the Order of the Red Star for their successful efforts in collecting signatures to place the Party ticket on the ballot in a great industrial state where the law calls for the filing of a large number of names. Five hundred of the total number required are already in their hands, and they intend to have the 20,000 necessary to put the Party on the ballot inside of a week. The Cleveland comrades are making arrangements to have Gitlow speak on the radio when he arrives for his September 9th meeting. There will be a picnic on September 3rd which is expected to attract a large crowd.

• • •

In New Hampshire a few comrades in one day collected 300 of the 1,000 signatures required to place the Party ticket on the ballot. At this rate New Hampshire should be "over the top" by Labor Day at the latest.

Comrade Charles Mitchell, acting district organizer in Connecticut, reports that the Nutmeg State will be filled in a couple of weeks. It takes 4,500 signatures to do the job in Connecticut, but our comrades are gunning for 6,000. There is more joy in cracking one hard nut than in squeezing one hundred soft ones. This is the attitude our Connecticut comrades are taking.

• • •

Comrades who thot we were biting off more than we could digest when the National Election Campaign Committee announced that it would get the Party ticket on the ballot are now beginning to cheer up. With fifteen states already filed and ten more totering on the edge, the only question now is: How many states in addition to the thirty aimed at, will have the Communist ticket on the ballot?

• • •

Comrade Harry Ratner writes from Sioux City, Iowa, about the plans of the Party organization here, to wage an intensive campaign. The comrades intend to cover every town in the state with Communist literature. Headquarters have been engaged. Among the speakers who will tour the state are Comrade J. Patton, candidate for Governor, Comrade Roy Stephens, Sub-District Organizer, Comrade D. E. Early and Comrade Stanley Clark. There is a Young Pioneer nucleus of 20 members in Sioux City and they are doing excellent work distributing literature.

• • •

Comrade Ratner reports that Senator Brookhart who was formerly the idol of the exploited farmers is no win bad odor with a great many of them because of his support of Hoover who stands for the very policies that made the name of Coolidge anathema to them. The more radical of the farmers now regard Brookhart as a traitor and one leading farmers' organization recently refused to give him a hearing. The Communists are getting out a special leaflet exposing Brookhart as a traitor who camouflaged himself with progressive colors only to flop over into the camp of extreme reaction when an opportunity presented itself.

• • •

Comrade Jakira, district organizer in Pittsburgh, reports that the District Committee has sent out instructions to all Party units to secure permits for open air meetings in their respective cities or towns. Efforts to secure the public school's auditorium in Pittsburgh for the Gitlow meeting on September 7th have so far proven fruitless, but when the authorities were advised that a protest would be made against this discrimination against a workingclass political party, they asked our comrades to make out an application. Pittsburgh is a stronghold of the Mellon interests and the open-shop coal and steel barons. The radio broadcasting station is now controlled by the big department stores, and their owners are thoroly reactionary.

• • •

Contributions to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund are pouring in. This fact is published, not to serve notice on the supporters of the Workers (Communist) Party ticket that they can now rest on their cars, but in order to stimulate them to increased activity. I will just quote from two letters, one from a 76-year old compositor and the other from a hobo. The compositor writes: "Enclosed find one measly dollar. Don't waste postage on me. I am an old man (seventy-six) and work at my trade for a bare living. If I can raise another buck, you'll get it. I have made a note of your address. Good luck to you." And the hobo writes with his contribution: "This is from an old sympathizer for the Socialist Party, but it turned yellow. At present I am forced to degrade myself by bumming my way in this reactionary land of hypocrisy. Yours for a workingclass government."

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 28.—Thomas Feeley, a worker employed by the Public Service Company here, was electrocuted today when he came in contact with a live feed wire that had been left uncovered in the field where he worked.

"LITTLE CAESAR" DID NOT ANSWER 'DAILY' QUESTION

His Henchmen Were Detectives Is Rumor

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Last week a member of Local 3 handed me a copy of the Daily Worker of August 7 to read. Well, I must confess that I have read the paper at least six times and each time my eyes were opened more to the rascality of this man Broach and his pet officers. So on Tuesday night I went to the meeting to hear Broach or Hogan answer some of the questions that your worker correspondents had asked them. But I was very much disappointed.

On my way into the meeting hall I noticed a large number of the membership which was not permitted to enter the meeting. And I inquired as to the reason and the only thing I could find out was that they had all paid up dues cards. And that Broach gave orders not to let them into the meeting. He must have feared some of those members if not all of them. Maybe those members whom Broach is keeping out are in a position to show his rascality up to the membership. You know that he does not like anyone that can debate with him.

Well, I got into the hall after I had to pass along a line of thugs on the stairs, and I settled myself in the front so as to be able to see and hear all that was going on.

The meeting opened and the chairman or whatever he is, turned the meeting over to this man Broach. Broach talked about everything under the sun but he never answered those questions, only threatened the membership with a raise of dues.

But from where I was sitting I could see that he was honestly beaten on the vote. Hogan just sat in and grinned when Broach said that Hogan was an honest man. I was a very surprised man to hear Mr. J. Solomon try and defend his masters and at the same time attack the readers of the Daily Worker. The dirty and filthy language that he used would not have been used by the vilest man, let alone a labor official.

Is not this man Solomon the same gent who was so glad to hear that Hogan had to go to jail? Well, I guess that $100 a week has changed his heart.

While Broach was talking he seemed very nervous and red and the sweat on his forehead was very noticeable. And what a lot of butts he smoked! I guess he was afraid that the masses were ready to give him the air.

Broach sure has some fine collection of animals around him under the guise of officers. Some are jail birds and book-makers and what not.

During his "Caesar" talks he stated that he controlled New York City's electrical license board through his charts. It is possible that Tammany has turned over this board to that carpet-bagger.

Well, after the meeting the members were talking about the questions in the Daily Worker and some said that Broach was surrounded with stoolpigeons. It was said that years ago one of his present officers worked for Burns Detective Agency; also one of his present field force worked for the Kenney Agency right before he came into Local 3.

I wish the membership of Local 3 would read the Daily Worker and keep in touch with what is going on in the electrical trade through this paper. I am a new reader.

K. V. W.

Driving Home "Air Consciousness"

The subsidies and prizes the American militarists and jingoes are carrying on in their campaign to awaken air consciousness in the United States. Above, a group of student pilots.

ASSAIL CHICAGO CAP EXPULSION

Rally Demands Feingold Reinstatement

CHICAGO, Aug. 28. — Several hundred members of the Chicago cap and millinery workers' unions, Locals 5, 52, 53 and 54, at a mass protest meeting held here recently, unanimously voted for a resolution condemning the reactionary officialdom of the Capmakers Local 5 for expelling from membership in the union I. Feingold, left wing leader, and demanding of the general executive board his immediate reinstatement and the preferment of charges against the reactionary officialdom.

Feingold, whose removal from a general organizership by the International Zaritsky clique had not halted his fight for a militant fight against the encroachments of the employers, but had instead intensified it, was expelled by a decision of Local 5 of the Chicago executive board.

The officals, in bringing this decision to the local meeting brought along a squad of thugs to help them enforce their subsequent order that neither the members present, nor Feingold himself speak in discussion of this arbitrary decision.

The resolution passed by the mass meeting declares: "We wholeheartedly protest against the rule by injunction as instituted by our President Zaritsky against Local No. 7 of Boston, as criminal and contrary to all elementary rules by which the labor movement is supposed to be guided, and that we protest against the suspension and expulsion policy introduced into our union by Zaritsky and the G. E. B.

British Build Record Airplane in Secret

LONDON, Aug. 28.—An airplane, which was built in secret by the British government and which is expected to break all duration and non-stop records, has been transferred in secrecy to the Northholt Airdrome.

The plane is expected to keep in the air for nearly three days and travel 6,000 to 7,000 miles without refueling.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

GITLOW TOUR BEGINS SEPT. 1

Will Visit Twenty States

Continued from Page One

take him into twenty states of the union, on Sept. 1 with a meeting at Wilkesbarre, Pa., in the heart of the anthracite region.

From there he will go to Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota, and across Montana to the northwestern coast of the United States. He will then proceed down the coast to Los Angeles, and turn eastward, speaking in Arizona, Texas, Oklahoma and other states until he strikes the eastern coast, where he will finish his tour with meetings in New York and Providence, R. I. on November 4 and 5 respectively.

The complete itinerary follows:

September 1-2 Wilkesbarre; September 3-4-5 Philadelphia; September 6, Monessen or Cannonsburg; September 7-8, Pittsburgh; September 9, Cleveland; September 10, Youngstown; September 11, Bellaire; September 12, Toledo; September 13, Grand Rapids; September 14, Gary; September 16, Indianapolis; September 16, St. Louis; September 17-18, Springfield; September 19, Duluth; September 20-21, Virginia, Minn.; September 22-23, Bismarck; September 24-25, Plentywood; September 26-27, Great Falls; September 28-29, Spokane; September 30, Seattle; October 1, Portland; October 2-3, Astoria; October 4, Oakland; October 5-6, San Francisco; October 7-8, Los Angeles; October 9, San Diego; October 10, Phoenix; October 11-12, Tucson; October 13, San Antonio; October 14-15, Houston; October 16, Dallas; October 17, Oklahoma City; October 18, Tulsa; October 19-20, Arma, Kans; October 21, Minneapolis; October 22, Omaha; October 23, Kansas City; October 24-25, Milwaukee; October 26, Chicago; October 27, Pontiac, Mich; October 28, Detroit; October 29, Reading; October 30, Philadelphia; October 31, Boston; November 1, Haverhill; November 2-3, Fall River; November 4, New York; November 5, Providence.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

SALVATION ARMY PUTS COMMUNIST OUT ON STREET

Discharged for Aiding Miners' Relief

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Calif. (By Mail)—The salvation army's industrial home for men has once again showed its true colors as an agent for the bourgeoisie. This time they discharged a member of the Workers Party for participating in the recent drive for the National Miners Relief and for attempting to organize a shop nucleus among the employes of the home. These industrial homes here hire unemployed men as truck drivers to pick up old clothes and paper until they obtain employment. It was the hope of this Comrade that if he organized a nucleus whenever the men left the home they would organize similar nuclei in other places.

The reason I am sending this correspondence to our paper is that there are plenty of workers in Los Angeles who read the Daily Worker and who give these papers and magazines to the salvation army. I suggest that the next time a salvation army solicitor calls at your house for papers or magazines turn him down and let him know that it was because his organization discharged a member of the Workers Party. Show them the solidarity of labor.

I might also add that the salvation army is buying fifteen new Ford trucks and two new Ford sedans for the officers of the home with the money that should go to the poor.

The salvation army is also secretly supporting Hoover for the presidency.

Workers of America, get wise to yourselves.

D. W. GOODWIN.

Journeymen Barbers Convention Starts

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 28.—The New York State Journeymen Barbers opened their twenty-eighth annual state convention here today in the Seneca Hotel. Harry Quinto, president of the New York State Journeymen Barbers' Union, was chairman.

The principal topic of the convention is the proposed state-wide license bill. The speakers at the first session were James Shanessy, president of the International Barbers' Union, Anthony Merlino, New Haven; James Reed of the Williams Soap Company and others.

'The Big Pond' at the Bijou Is a Comedy in a Little Way

GEORGE MIDDLETON and A. E. Thomas are drawing laughs in the Bijou these nights with a comedy called "The Big Pond," tho the tickling of the risibles of the audience is at least as much due to the excellent acting of Harlan Briggs, Kenneth McKenna and Reed Brown, Jr. as to anything in the lines supplied by Messrs. Middleton and Thomas.

It is a story of a wealthy American family (Billings) from Vernon, Ohio, in Europe, with the father cursing at everything foreign in true hundred-per-cent fashion while the daughter waxes romantic over the skies and puddles of Venice and more so over the polite Pierre de Mirande who actually gave her the impression that he loved her.

Thrown in for good measure was a young fellow Ronny Davis (Red Brown, Jr.) who worked in the Billings rubber factory in Vernon. This fellow's job in the comedy was to provide some competition for the affections of Miss Billings.

Pierre de Mirande had wealthy ancestors but unfortunately they were all dead and gone and so was Pierre's money, if he ever had any. But he could twirl a wicked mustache, bend a nasty spine and tell a Reubens from an election campaign poster of Herbert Hoover.

To cut a three-act comedy short, Miss Billings induces her foreigner-hating father to take Pierre back home to Vernon and give him a job in his factory at $100 per week. Billings consented in the hope that the Frenchman would be laughed out of Ohio by the Rotarians. This is not what happened. Within a year Piere was running the factory and he had sold himself to Billings. As a result and due to the business ability of Pierre the Frenchman's salary was raised to $20,000 a year.

Pierre's technique was perfect except in one respect. He did not know how to handle, literally speaking, the girl he loved. Ronny Davis informed him in answer to a question that it was considered improper to hold an American girl's hand prior to engagement and that an attempt at osculation might end in death for the assailant. The Frenchman expressed surprise, having been to dances where he noticed that girls appeared to be bent on pushing their partners off the map, but he took Ronny's advice and almost lost Miss Billings. However, all this was set right.

This play has no other object than to bring customers to the box office. It stands a good chance of attaining that object.

—T. J. O'F.

IN "CARAVAN"

Virginia Pemberton is one of the principals in "Caravan," a play of Gypsy life, opening at the Klaw this evening.

Soviet Film Directors to Visit United States

BERLIN, Aug. 28 (UP).—How to adapt Russian films so as to appeal to American audiences is the problem that is to be studied by a commission of three producers of Soviet films.

The committee is going to the United States shortly as a result of a suggestion made by Joseph Schenck, president of the United Artists, during his recent visit in Moscow.

WORKERS SEND HELP TO MINE STRIKERS

$1,200 in Groceries Is Shipped

Continued from Page One

camp and distribute it according to the need of the families there.

A special treat of 20 crates of ripe tomatoes went to Renton with their regular shipment. Ignatz Porme, chairman, says that over 325 families are fed by the relief committee's shipments. Neither the Avella nor the Renton families receive any help from the union.

Vestaburg, Harwick, Pucketty Creek, Parnassus, Creighton, Portage, New Kensington, Charleroi, California and North Bessemer are some of the camps the relief committee keeps alive in Pennsylvania. Triadelphia, Elm Grove and Morgantown, West Virginia, Indiana, Ohio and Southern Illinois receive periodic shipments or checks with which to buy food.

The relief committee is straining its resources, and appeals for donations to make it possible to bring food into many other camps suffering dire hunger. "We don't ask for fancy stuff," one camp pleads, "if you would only give us a little flour or a few potatoes." A twelve-year-old boy from Harwick writes: "We're not forgetting what you did all these months. We only wish we could show you how we'll stick with you when you're striking," the future miner says to the workers who have made it possible to send bread to his town. All contributions should be sent directly to the Pittsburgh headquarters, 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

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Four hundred men rushed a tiny launch at the 96th Street dock of the Hudson River, seeking jobs with the Spencer-Kellogg Co., of New Jersey, and very nearly caused disaster.

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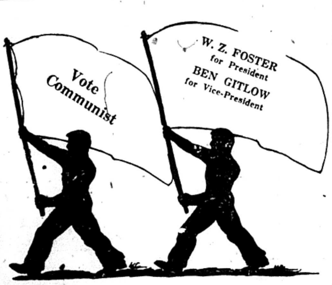

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Politics and the Fly-Hunt....................M. J. OLGIN
The Presidential Elections of 1928..........ARNE SWABECK
Obregon Assassinated........................JANET CORK
A Reply to Eastman's "Marx, Lenin and the Revolution" A. CHIK
Notes on American Literature..............JOSEPH FREEMAN
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Scott Nearing Will Tour Throughout New Jersey in Workers Party Election Drive

CANDIDATE WILL EXPOSE ROLE OF WALL ST. TWINS

Will Tour Many Cities Thruout State

Scott Nearing, Communist candidate for Governor of New Jersey, began on Sunday a tour of the cities of the state. The first meeting was held at the old Y. M. H. A. Hall, at the corner of Smith and McLellan Sts., Perth Amboy. Other meetings will be held in Jersey City, Newark, Passaic, Bayonne, Elizabeth and Paterson.

Much interest has been awakened among New Jersey workers in Nearing's tour by the leaflet distributed by the Workers (Communist) Party challengingly headed "Who Rules New Jersey?" The campaign speeches of the Communist candidate for governor will expose fully the Wall Street control of both major capitalist candidates, Smith and Hoover, will bring to light the full graft and sordid corruption which is rife in New Jersey, and will conclusively prove the domination of state government in New Jersey by powerful corporations.

The workers of New Jersey are not the only ones to be stirred to interest by the tour of the Communist candidate. The graft and corruption prevalent in that state is so widespread and involves so many high lights in the councils of both capitalist parties that there is much quaking in the boots which tramp capitalist political circles.

An incident which occurred in Perth Amboy is illustrative of the interest awakened in the masses of New Jersey workers by the impending tour of the Communist candidate. A fisherman walked into the headquarters of the Party in Perth Amboy. "Look here," he exclaimed indignantly, "while your candidate is exposing all of the graft of the politicians, let him expose the poor sewage system. It's so bad now that most of the fish we catch here are poisoned by sewage."

The full list of meetings and where held is as follows: Sunday, Aug. 26, Perth Amboy, Smith, corner McLellan Sts., Y. M. H. A. Hall; Wednesday, Aug. 29, Jersey City, Ukrainian Hall, 160 Mercer St.; Thursday, Aug. 30, Newark, Workers Center, 93 Mercer St.; Friday, Aug. 31, Passaic, 212 President St., Ukrainian Hall; Saturday, Sept. 2, Bayonne, Labor Lyceum, 72 West 25th St.; Tuesday, Sept. 4, Elizabeth, Labor Lyceum, 515 Court St.; Wednesday, Sept. 5, Paterson, Carpenters' Hall, 54 Van Houten St.

All the meetings will be held at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Expedition Explores New Found Inca City in Peruvian Jungles

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 28.—At the top of the mountain of Huaynapiccho, on the Amazon ridge of the Andes mountains, an unknown Inca city and fortress has been discovered by the accident of astronomic observations from a nearby mountain. It is believed that it is the first time that white men set foot in this particular part of the vast domain of the old Inca empire.

It is possible and even probable that these ruins were ruins already when the Incas conquered the country from the Aymaras, about 600 years before the arrival of the Spaniards at the beginning of the sixteenth century and that they represent a civilization which preceded that of the Inca empire.

Huaynapiccho was discovered in August by a Peruvian scientific expedition.

Four of the explorers swam the Vilcanota and opened a trail through the dense wilds to the base of the mountain. One of the party was bitten by a snake and could not proceed, but the others pushed on to find a wide stone stairway 400 yards long leading up the steep incline.

At the top of the staircase they found a great old fortress. Outside the fortress lay the ruins of an evidently once thriving city. There were big stone constructions, many platform dwellings and characteristic of the Inca architecture, streets, alleys and other remnants of note. But all was covered by a thick wild growth which in the course of centuries had spread itself rampant over the town.

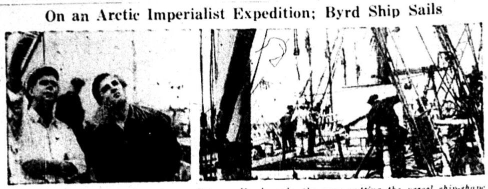
A [illegible] exploration party is being organized with the purpose of thoroughly examing the ruins.

The present indebtedness of Ecuador is about $10,000,000 to Great Britain and $10,000,000 to the United States.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 26 (UP).—Twenty-four hours after its mysterious disappearance while on a flight from Victoria, B. C., to Seattle, the fate of a ten-passenger Ford monoplane of the British Columbia Airways was still a mystery late today.

Thirty-seven firemen were overcome by carbon monoxide gas which poured with smoke yesterday afternoon from a fire in a sub-cellar of the Bernard Bernstein textile plant at 16 Thomas St.

On an Arctic Imperialist Expedition; Byrd Ship Sails



At right, the men on whom the expedition really depends, the crew putting the vessel ship-shape for departure on its long cruise to spread American imperialism. At left, Captain Fred C. Melville and Chief Engineer Thomas B. Murloy, oversee the work.

COMMUNISTS DIE IN JUGO-SLAV JAILS

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, (By Mail).—"If they die then they are off our hands," answered the royal commissioner of Jugoslavia to the appeal of a representative of the labor unions and a lawyer that proletarian prisoners be treated with more humanity.

The trade unionists and the lawyer Vicol had appealed to the military court at Galatz in behalf of more than 20 proletarian prisoners, condemned by the military court, and subject to brutal mistreatment in the military prison.

The royal commissioner who first received the representative, answered: "Yes, we have arrested 20 Communists, as dangerous elements, dangerous for the safety of the state. What role does the competence of the judge play against the safety of the state?" When the persecution of the prisoners was described to him he answered, "Yes, the maximum power of the prison regime is turned against them. Are they at home there where they can eat whatever they want? They have declared a hunger strike—that is their affair! If they die then they are off our hands!"

The delegation then went to the chief justice. When he was told of the conversation with the state official he cried: "But it is certainly not so! The royal commissioner does not know the situation, Mr. Lawyer! This is a humane regime and we have not had the occasion to sharpen it—we only apply the law, nothing more!" He called the prison commander and the investigation officer, who both naturally assured him of the liberality of the regime.

An Order Is an Order.

When finally the lawyer proved that all the prisoners were civilians and were falsely accused and accordingly that the military court had no jurisdiction over them, the mayor declared, sighing, "What do you want, my dear sirs—everything according to orders. I am also convinced that the people are not guilty and that the military court has no jurisdiction over them. But what shall we do? An order is an order!"

African Exploitation Bared at Conference

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 28.—The exploitation and misery of millions of Negroes in Africa were described at today's session of the Institute of Politics. Raymond Leslie Buell, research director of the Foreign Policy Association and President M. Johnson of Howard University were the speakers.

Buell charged that disease had been brought into the interior by European soldiers. He described conditions of forced labor fostered by the world capitalists, and said that in the artificial labor centres, the death rate is sometimes as high as 80 to 100 per thousand.

STAMFORD, Conn., Aug. 27 (UP)—Lieutenant Governor J. Edwin Brainard, of Branford, and his son, Spencer, of this city, were named as joint defendants in a $30,000 damage suit in court here today. The plaintiff, George C. Stevens, of New York, alleges that he holds a $20,000 demand note from Brainard, dated July 13, 1922, upon which neither principal nor interest has been paid.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 26 (UP).—Fires which have destroyed 75,000 acres of timber land in five of California's valuable forests during the past week were virtually under control tonight, according to reports from rangers to S. B. Show, United States District Forester here.

17 Hurt as Missouri Train Leaps Track

VISTA, Mo., Aug. 27 (UP).—Seventeen passengers and two members of the crew of a Frisco, Kansas City, Clinton and Springfield passenger train were injured when two cars of the train struck a spread rail and plunged into a ditch five miles south of here.

Seven of the injured were badly hurt, but all will recover, according to physicians. The most seriously injured were taken to a hospital at Springfield.

The train was a local and consisted of the engine, a baggage car and a single coach. The engine passed over the weakened portion of the track, but the baggage car and a coach overturned. Passengers in the coach were trapped until members of the train crew were able to smash the windows.

After Franco-British Note to Bulgarian Gov.

BELGRADE, Aug. 27 (UP).—Fifteen persons were killed between Obidin and Philippovo, in the Macedonian Mountains, on August 22 in a fight between followers of Ivan Machiloff and General Alexander Protoguereoff.

It was charged the followers of Machiloff attacked a group of seventeen of the opposition faction, headed by Boris Izworski and killed fifteen of them.

Bronx Workers Party Candidates to Speak at Dinner on Sept. 9

All the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party running in the Bronx—comprising Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party—will meet at 2075 Clinton Avenue on Sunday, Sept. 9, at a Bronx election banquet, at which all the participants in the signature drive will also be present.

The candidates of the Bronx will speak, but the main business of the affair will be eating. The banquet will also be in the nature of a celebration for putting across the Fifth Assembly District, which has already been accomplished. By the time the banquet comes around it is probable that the Fourth Assembly District will also be on the ballot.

• • •

A special meeting of Branch 6, Section 5, the Co-operative Branch of the Workers (Communist) Party in the Bronx, will be held tomorrow, August 29, at 8:30 p.m.

This meeting has been called by the District Executive Committee to consider problems of especial importance to the branch. Every member must be present. A special check-up of those absent shall be made.

John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer, will be present a the representative of the District.

BELIEVE 19 DEAD IN N. Y. FLOOD

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 27 (UP).—Two men are known to have lost their lives and seventeen others are believed dead as the result of the cloudburst which swept the narrow Roundout Valley from Grahamsville to Rosendale, a distance of about 25 miles. The flood carried away five main highway bridges and a score of smaller spans, virtually marooning the villages of Eureka, Montela, Lackawack and Napanoch.

The known dead are Abe Blatt, of Lackawack, torn from the arms of rescuers by a torrent after he had carried his invalid wife to safety, and Charles Lavery, 50, of Paterson, who lost his grip on a rope and was swept from sight in the torrent a few hundred yards from the Napanoch Institution for Defective Delinquents.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

HILLMAN DRIVE PROVES FIZZLE IN PHILADELPHIA

Survey Reveals Not a Shop on Strike

Continued from Page One

Board were bombarding the industry with blaring statements to the socialist and employers press, to the effect that a special committee will be appointed "which will once and for all time organize the open shop market of Philadelphia." After a sharp scramble between Beckerman and Blumberg for the position of chief "disburser" of the funds alloted by the general office, Blumberg was finally picked to "handle" the purse strings. This was more than a month ago.

Blumberg, appointee at the helm of the fake drive, still occupies an elaborate suite of rooms which began as the organizer's offices and now is occupied solely by Mr. Blumberg, to be shared occasionally by a Mr. Weinstein his satellite according to information obtained from attendants of the Sylvania Hotel.

Demands Ignored.

Continual demands raised by the left wing in the local organization, that the workers be called to mass meeting to begin a mass movement to organize the shops, and that the Philadelphia local be permitted some control in the conduct of the strike, were met with threats of reprisals from the officialdom of the national office.

Only three shops were called out on strike, the inquiry proves, and even these three strikes were abandoned after a short tussle of a few days with the employers. Instead of presenting to the workers an organization program of struggle against the employers, the reactionary Hillman agents made statements to the employers thru the press and other agencies, inviting them to "come and be unionized," in return for great benefits from Hillman's brand of unionization. Bosses were offered "cooperation" and were tempted with more profits thru "more efficient production." When the offer of even these tempting morsels were met with a stony silence from the employers, the "special committee" repaired itself to the Sylvania Hotel where it will no doubt remain till they deflate the bulging bag.

400 Jewish Families to Colonize Siberia

MOSCOW, Aug. 27.—Four hundred more Jewish families, which head the list of thousands who have applied for colonization, will be sent to the Bureya settlement in Eastern Siberia in October by the Soviet Government, according to a report in the Emes, the official Communist Yiddish Daily.

In spite of the recent flood and the lack of modern tools, the Ozet—Jewish colonization organization, reports that the 28 cooperatives will overcome the inital difficulty in getting settled and will shortly turn into successful farming groups.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Anthracite Party Campaign.

September 1 will be a red letter day in the anthracite sub-district. Benjamin Gitlow will speak at a picnic and campaign rally at Sans Souci Park.

• • •

Philadelphia Campaign Picnic.

The enlarged Foster-Gitlow campaign committee is running an election campaign picnic and rally at Schuetzen Park, 83rd and Tinicum Ave., on Labor Day, September 3. Gitlow, candidate for vice president, will speak. Directions: Take subway-surface car No. 37 or take any car south to Moyamensing Ave. and take southwestern car going west. Admission, 50 cents.

• • •

Michigan Party Campaign Picnic.

A picnic to raise funds for the election campaign will be given by the Workers (Communist) Party, Young Workers (Communist) League and The DAILY WORKER at Welcome Park, Lansing, on Sunday, September 2 and Monday, September 3. A good athletic program has been arranged. A prominent Party candidate will speak. Tickets for both days, 35 cens.

• • •

Kansas City Party Picnics.

September 2—Workers Party picnic, Swope Park, Kansas City, Mo.

September 2—Russian Fraction picnic, Puraski Farm, Kansas City, Kan.

• • •

Pittsburgh Labor Day Picnic.

A joint picnic under the auspices of the International Labor Defense and the National Miners Relief Committee of the U. S., will be held on Labor Day, September 3, in Gammon's Wildwood Grove on the Butler Short Line. Program will include prominent speakers, swimming, boating, etc.

• • •

Chicago Open-Air Meetings.

Mondays—Paulina and Chicago.

Tuesdays—Belmont and Wilton.

Wednesdays—112th St. and Michigan.

Thursdays—Washtenaw and Division, St. Louis and Roosevelt.

Saturdays—Washtenaw and Division, St. Louis and Roosevelt; Archer and Sacramento, Fullerton and Greenview, 32nd and State St.; Houston and 92nd St., Madison and Wood.

• • •

Chicago Tolstoy Celebration.

Centennial jubilee of L. H. Tolstoy will be celebrated Saturday evening, September 8 at 8 oclock at Schoenhoffen Hall, corner Ashland and Milwaukee Aves. Musical program and speakers. A postcard copy of a painting of Tolstoy will be given out free to those attending.

• • •

Waukegan Workers Party.

The Waukegan, Illinois, Young Workers (Communist) League will hold its International Youth Day celebration Saturday, September 15, starting at 8 p. m. Dancing after program and speaking. Minnie Lurye of Chicago will be the main speaker. To be held at Workers Hall, 517 Helmholz Ave.

• • •

Chicago Social and Concert

A very interesting social and concert will be held on Saturday, September 22, at 7:30 p. m. in the Freiheit Hall, 3301 W. Roosevelt Road, under the joint auspices of Section 4 of the Workers Party, the Young Workers League and the Pioneers. The program promises to be an especially good one. Admission 25c.

• • •

Los Angeles Election Rally.

A mass ratification rally will be held on Tuesday, September 4, at the Labor Temple, 532 Maple Ave., when Anita Whitney, prominent California Communist will speak and be formally endorsed by all members of the Workers Party, Young Workers League and hundreds of sympathetic workers.

• • •

Philadelphia Open Air Meetings.

The following open air meetings will be held this week under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party Today, at 13th and Thompson Sts. Thursday, at 40th and Lancaster Ave. and at 32d and Cumberland; Friday, at 52d and Girard Ave., at Wyllie and Ridge Ave., at 7th and Ritner Sts., Saturday, at Ferman and Silver, at Kensington and Orleans, at 32d and Cumberland, at 7th and Snyder. Tuesday, September 4 at Broad and Castle.

• • •

Detroit Campaign Meetings.

The Detroit Election Campaign Committee together with the Daily Worker and the Young Workers (Comunist) League have organized a two-day picnic for September 2 and 3 for the purpose of stimulating the election campaign. Max Bedacht, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party and District Organizer of Chicago will be the campaign speaker. All workers organizations are urged to support the drive for funds which will be used for campaign work among the auto industry workers.

The picnic will be held at Welcome Park. Directions: Take Clawson bus at Ford Highland Park which will take you direct to the picnic grounds. By auto take Woodward Ave. to Royal Oak, then cut Main St. to 15½ mile road. Watch for signs along road.

• • •

Foster to Speak.

Wm. Z. Foster, candidate for president on the Communist ticket will speak at Danceland Auditorium, Woodward and Forest, Sunday evening, September 9, at 8 o'clock.

Refund $142,393,567 in Taxes to Huge Corporations in U. S.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27. — American tax payers contributed $2,790,535,537 to the treasury during the fiscal year ended June 30, a decrease of more than $75,000,000 as compared with 1927, Commissioner of Internal Revenue Blair announced today.

Income tax collections amounted to $2,174,573,102, a decrease of $45,379,340 for the year, and miscellaneous taxes totaled $615,962,434, a decrease of $29,768,251.

During the year the treasury made refunds of $142,393,567 to favored corporations, bringing the total refunds for the last 12 years to $937,317,000, Blair said.

Italian Communist Tortured in Jail, Is Reported "Ill"

Special Cable to The Daily Worker

BERLIN, Aug. 27.—Terracini, Italian Communist leader, who was sentenced to twenty-two years imprisonment at the recent trial of the members of the Central Executive Committee of the Italian Party, has been taken suspiciously ill in the Santo Stephano prison. His life is endangered.

According to reports which have come over the border, Terracini was brutally tortured in jail.

Harriman Gets Grant From Polish Fascists

WARSAW, Aug. 27 (UP).—The cabinet decided today to ratify the Harriman Company's purchase of five mining companies in Polish Upper Silesia. The concerns purchased by the New York firm have assets estimated at $50,000,000.

STATE A. F. OF L. IN NEW YORK ENDORSES SMITH

Misleaders to Aid Wall St. Man

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 27.—Tammany Al Smith, who has received the support of Raskob, Du Pont and other representatives of Wall Street, will in all probability receive the unqualified endorsement of the State Federation of Labor, whose convention opens here tomorrow.

The convention will be addressed by Senator Robert F. Wagner, Tammany politician, and Attorney General Ottinger, who will very likely head the republican state ticket. The action of the convention will probably serve as a precedent for the federations in other states.

Postpone World Meet of Young Communists

Special Cable to The Daily Worker

MOSCOW, Aug. 27.—The fifth world congress of the Young Communist International has been postponed until the adjournment of the sixth world congress of the Communist International which is now in session.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

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Form New York—By Train to Raven Rock, N. J.
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AT THE PLAYHOUSE
From Sunday, August 26th to Sunday, September 2nd.
From 12 o'clock noon to midnight

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83rd and Tinicum Ave.
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Beautiful nature spot. Splendid picnic ground with a dance hall of 1,000 capacity. Will accommodate any labor organization.
DIRECTIONS: Take trolley car south-bound to Moyamensing Ave., then Southwestern car going westward. Also Subway line No. 37.

DON'T READ

Los Angeles, Cal.
Workers Press Picnic
SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1928
WHITING WOODS
MONTROSE, CALIFORNIA
[illegible] round trip, 50c
Directions: By auto, San Fernando Road to Verdugo Road to Montrose City left to Picnic Park. Buses leave 9 a. m. and 11 a. m., Co-operative Center, 2709 Brooklyn Ave. and Party Headquarters, 122 W. 3rd St. Return from picnic grounds, 5:30 and 6:30 p. m.

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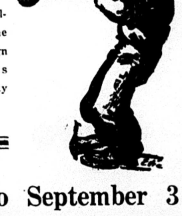

Extend Red Week to September 3
VOLUNTEER FOR SERVICE ALL WEEK
—AT—
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101 W. 27th St.
148 E. 103d St.
1800 7th Ave.
2075 Clinton Ave.
215 E. 138th St.
Jewish Workers Club, 1472 Boston Road
2700 Bronx Pk., E.
46 Ten Eyck St., Bklyn.
1373 43d St., Bklyn.
154 Watkins St., Bklyn
For Red Mass Collections, September 1, 2 and 3
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY 26-28 Union Square, New York City

GREAT WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA
PICNIC and DANCE
For Relief and Defense of the Miners and Families
Labor Day, Monday, September 3
GAMMON'S WILDWOOD GROVE
MUSIC—DANCING—SINGING—ELABORATE SPORTS PROGRAM—PRIZES
National Speakers From Four Corners of the U. S. A.
REFRESHMENTS
(Everything to Eat, Drink and Be Merry)
Admission, 50c
Joint Auspices: National Miners' Relief Committee and International Labor Defense. Directions: Butler Short Line Car (26 minutes ride); B. & O. R. R. to Wildwood Station and walk. Auto: Follow Route No. 8 to Wildwood Picnic Ground.

PICNIC and DANCE
ON
LABOR DAY, Monday, September 3, 1928
AT
GAYDA'S FARM, CHESWICK, PA.
GAMES! Admission 25 Cents EATS!
AUSPICES: WORKERS PARTY, SUBDISTRICT TWO

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers!
For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

"In Time of Peace Pacts Prepare for War."

We cannot know what resources may be left to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics at the present moment of its struggle against the coming imperialist war in connection with the so-called Kellogg Pact. But this much is certain—the brazenly dishonest device of "inviting" the Soviet Union to sign the Pact **after the negotiations as to the nature of the pact had been closed** is only further proof of what Comrade Chicherin said in a statement to the press some weeks prior to the signing of the Pact:

> **"The exclusion of the Soviet government from these negotiations leads us in the first place to the assumption that, among the real objects of the initiators of this pact there obviously was and is the endeavor to make of this pact a weapon for isolating and fighting against the Soviet Union. The negotiations regarding the conclusion of the Kellogg pact are obviously an integral part of the policy of encircling the Soviet Union which at this moment occupies the central point of the international relations of the whole world. I would remind you that our delegate Comrade Litvinov, on his return from the December meeting of the Preparatory Commission on Disarmament, gave in his report a short analysis of the Kellogg proposals regarding the conclusions of a pact and ably showed that the 'outlawing of war as a weapon of national policy' is synonymous with preparing war as a weapon of international counter-revolution."**

After the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is excluded from all negotiations as to the terms and conditions of the pact, so that, without interference by any nation pursuing a real peace policy, the capitalist diplomats could shape the Kellogg document into "a weapon for isolating and fighting against the Soviet Union"—"a weapon of international counter-revolution,"—the belated so-called invitation to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics can be nothing more than a further maneuver against the Soviet Union. It is one more proof that the imperialist powers feel the active need of a mobilization-slogan for a coming war against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. Whatever recourse may yet be found by the Soviet Union in this situation, it is certain that the imperialists intend their "invitation" itself to give them a political advantage against the Soviet Union. They offer the Soviet Union the chance to sign a pact facilitating the encirclement of the Soviet Union and war against it; and in the event of refusal to sign, the imperialists will cry: "See! The Bolsheviks alone refuse peace!"

Having once turned pale before the Soviet diplomats' proposal for complete and immediate disarmament at their "disarmament" conference, the imperialists dared not give the Soviet diplomats a chance to propose really to **outlaw war** at a conference for the "outlawry of war." For thus the Soviet diplomats would have demonstrated to the world that the outlawry of war is an impossibility to capitalist imperialist governments.

The workers of the entire world should know that the signing of the Kellogg-Briand pact yesterday brings the imperialist world war closer by a seven-league stride. The hypocritical farce at Paris is a warning to the working class to prepare for the coming war.

The Pact was signed in an atmosphere of war, with reservations intended by both Great Britain and France as steps to their particular vantage-points for the coming war. The Pact was proposed by the biggest imperialist power, the United States, which is preparing feverishly an enormous war machine with which to enforce its position as the dominant imperialism of the whole world. And the whole process developed to a farther stage the grouping of war forces in positions hostile to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

The complex of war maneuvers against the Soviet Union is not the only ghost that haunted the Salle de l'Horloge when the treaty was signed. The imperialist rivalry between the United States, an imperialist power almost without colonies and out to conquer a colonial empire, and Great Britain, struggling to keep its weakening hold upon a worldful of colonies, is a vortex for all imperialists intrigues. The impulsion of a series of imperialist nations toward the extinction of the Chinese revolution and the conquest of China is more powerful than the "new parchment from the skin of milk-fed lamb" that Kellogg took to Paris.

Workers of the world! Get ready to defend the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics—for imperialist "Peace" has been declared! The stern duty of the working class, exploited farmers and oppressed colonials, will be to transform the imperialist war into a revolutionary war against the capitalist class—for liberation from wars and exploitation.

Machado Tool Spread Reformist Talk

(Special to the Daily Worker)

HAVANA, Aug. 27.—Juan Arevalo, Machado's tool in the Cuban labor organizations, who was "elected" to represent Cuban labor at the recent conference of the Geneva Labor Office, gave a long interview on his return to Havana to the "Diario de la Marina," the largest newspaper of this city.

He began by pointing out how he was chosen to represent the Cuban workers because he represents "within the universal labor trade union movement the evolutionist social theories as opposed to the Red Trade Union International Moscow and all its revolutionary extravagances whose results are perfectly disastrous for those workers who follow these theories." He continued by describing how in this respect he was in perfect accord with the leaders of Amsterdam and the Second International whom he met in Europe.

Organize in Argentine.

From these meetings, Arevalo reports, the idea was born to organize a central Latin American Labor Office in Buenos Aires in connection with the "Confederacion Obrera Argentina" which is affiliated with Amsterdam. Arevalo explained that this Latin American organization will by no means try to oppose the Pan-American Federation of Labor. But he hopes that such an organization, with the center in Buenos Aires, will be able to approach many labor organizations which the Pan-American Federation of Labor was unable to reach, "because the anarchists, Communists and syndicalists are spreading false conceptions about the purpose and aims of the P.A.F.L."

Arevalo hopes that the next congress of the Pan-American Federation of Labor, which will take place in Havana in May, 1929, "will clarify many erroneous ideas which were traditional in the labor movement, such as the 'class struggle.' We must find new orientations towards 'class cooperation,' because the aspirations of the working class being just and humane, we need for the betterment of the working class the sincere cooperation of other classes. We are convinced," he continued, "that we could obtain help towards our betterment from many elements who today deny this help to us because they are told to be our enemies, while in fact they sympathize with the idea of betterment of the working class." He explained how he could see clearly in Geneva, that the "Marxist conception, that governments are committees representing the capitalist class, is false because the majority of the governments represented there voted and worked for the conventions favorable to the workers and thus we have an enormous amount of data and proofs to demonstrate the opposite of Marx's theories."

The "Glory" of Reformism.

"We do not deny," he continued, "that the governments defend the rights of private property and the wage system, but labor reformism is not interested in hypothetical aims." On these principles Arevalo announced, he is going to start a campaign "among the workers and intellectuals of Cuba for the organization of the long expected socialist party of Cuba, as there is a great necessity for such a party."

Arevalo is the editor of a weekly paper in Havana called "Accion Socialista-Organo Defensor del Proletariado," in which he pictures the dictator Machado as the friend of the proletariat.

Surprising as it may seem from this exposure of his characteristics, Arevalo met with an unexpected adventure when returning from Europe. Before leaving for Cuba, he went to visit his parents in Coruna, in Northern Spain. There the police of Primo de Rivera promptly arrested him as a dangerous character. Arevalo complained bitterly about this incident, that though "equipped with a diplomatic passport and being an official delegate of the Cuban government," he was kept in jail for twelve days in spite of the intervention of the Cuban consul in Coruna and the Cuban ambassador in Madrid. The fact of being the editor of such a dangerous paper as his "Accion Socialista" was sufficient to make him suspected, notwithstanding the assurances of the Cuban ambassador.

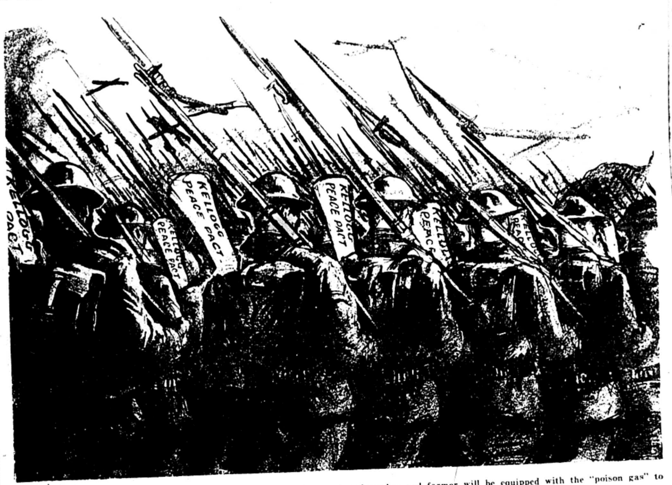
Makes Millions While Premier of Greece

ATHENS, Greece, Aug. 27.—Fifty million dollars represent the wealth amassed by Stephanos Skouloudis, former premier and foreign minister of Greece, in his banking operations in Constantinople which cover the period 1915-16 when he held power in Athens.

He was forced out of his premiership by the allied powers because he prevented Greece from joining them on account of his huge interests in Turkey. The death duties alone on the will of the former premier amount to $6,000,000.

A COPY IN EVERY KNAPSACK

By Fred Ellis



As he marches to the impending imperialist world war, each conscripted worker and farmer will be equipped with the "poison gas" to make his own brain soggy—if Mr. Kellogg's swindling "peace" pact works as intended.

What Party Fights for Negroes?

Communist Candidate Challenges a Negro Minister to Make Good His Promise

Rev. Thomas S. Harten, pastor of a Negro church (one must remember that white Christians compel Negro Christians to accept the Jim Crow system of segregation), recently published a statement to the effect that both the democratic and the republican parties are enemies of the Negro people and offering a donation of $200 to the campaign fund of any Negro candidate nominated for public office—presumably meaning one truly representing the cause of emancipation of the Negro masses.

Richard B. Moore, candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party for congress in the 21st congressional district of New York, answered the challenge of the minister, pointing out that the Workers (Communist) Party is the only party that qualifies as the champion of the Negro masses and that it has numerous Negro candidates for office on its tickets in this election. Moore therefore demands that the preacher make good on his offer by contributing the fund to the Communist campaign and by giving the other forms of aid promised to a genuine campaign for Negro rights.

The full text of the letter of the Communist candidate to the Rev. Harten, recently quoted in part in our news columns, is as follows:

Rev. Dr. Thomas S. Harten,
Pastor, Holy Trinity Baptist Church,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dear Dr. Harten:

Your statement published in the New York Amsterdam News of August 8 with respect to the present political campaign and the interests of the Negro, is quite a challenging one. You are quite right when you say:

> **"Today it seems that the great principles of human rights are forgotten by the Grand Old Party, while a few of our Negro leaders play to the howling mob without making the proper demand for our citizenship rights. On the other hand the democratic party . . . is just as much opposed today to the Negro receiving his citizenship rights as it was sixty years ago."**

Surely any man who is at all interested in the emancipation of his race and whose eyes are open to the actual situation, to the brazen and open rebuffs to the Negro by both these parties, can come to no other conclusion.

We are indeed glad to find that you are taking a definite and militant stand in this present campaign. We bear in mind the militant struggle which you have waged in Brooklyn in many instances for the defense of the oppressed Negro race. And we are hoping that your entry into the political campaign will be characterized by the same uncompromising and militant spirit.

We are at one with you in your opposition to Governor Smith and to the democratic party, because we know that the democratic party is not only the party of the Solid South, but also the party of big business, the party of the wealthy oppressors who profit from the degradation and exploitation of the black and white workers of this country.

"Black Man Without a Party?"

The republican party is also the party of big business and the party of racial oppression. Only a blind man can hope for anything from these parties for the oppressed Negroes.

Will the beneficiaries of a system do anything to abolish that system? Will the parties of the oppressors do anything to abolish oppression? Of course not! You seem to be conscious of this when you say:

> **"Today the black man is without a party. During political campaigns, the candidate comes, delivers flattering speeches and makes great promises, which only last until election day. In fact, the present republican administration stood by and held the coats of the southern democrats while they stoned us; in other words, they have held their peace while the democrats violated the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments, while sending up a mighty howl about the Eighteenth.**
>
> **"To my mind, it will not pay the Negro to lose friendship over Mr. Smith nor Mr. Hoover, but our only salvation lies in selecting some real men of our race not only in Harlem but throughout the country, and send them to congress, to the state legislature, and elect them judges."**

Yes, in respect to the republican and democratic parties, it is absolutely correct and indisputable to affirm that "today the black man is without a party." But fortunately for the oppressed Negro race, there is a growing militant and powerful party of the oppressed Negro and other workers of America, the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

The Workers Party stands forth today as the champion of the oppressed Negro race and of all other oppressed groups in the country. Unlike the republican and democratic parties, which segregated and excluded Negroes at their national conventions, the Workers (Communist) Party welcomed and seated 24 Negro delegates. These delegates participated on all important committees, many serving as chairmen of sessions, and helped to draft a program of action for the complete emancipation of the oppressed masses of America.

Only Party for Negroes.

This platform is a historic document. It is the first time in the political history of America that a party has taken such an unequivocal, uncompromising and militant stand upon the Negro question. I ask that you give it your careful consideration, and that you especially note the section dealing with the oppression of the Negroes. I feel confident, knowing your militant attitude, that when you have read this, and when you have become fully acquainted with the record of the Workers Party, you will conclude that this is the only party in America which today offers any opportunity to the Negro masses and is therefore the only party which deserves their support.

The Workers Party, in accordance with its stand for the complete emancipation of the Negro race, nominated three Negro candidates on its state ticket—Lovett Fort-Whiteman for State Comptroller; Richard B. Moore for Congress from the 21st Congressional District, and Edward Welsh for Assembly from the 21st Assembly District. These candidates, standing as they do upon a platform which demands the abolition of the whole system of racial discrimination, will be compelled to wage a militant struggle in the legislative offices and will have the support of their party.

Not Question of Individuals.

I am sure you will agree that it is not enough to have individuals who are sympathetically disposed toward the Negro race, or even Negro candidates in office, if they lack the clear understanding of the true situation and the spirit of militancy and struggle. It is also necessary—in fact, it is absolutely essential—to have a party back of these candidates which will compel them to toe the mark and will stand back of them with its support.

A Negro who is bound hand and foot by the corrupt and oppressive democratic and republican machines, will be unable to fight militantly for the interests of his race. But even if he had the desire to do so, he would be completely blocked by his party. We know what happens to men who break the discipline of their political machine. We know how Governor Sulzer was impeached by the democratic machine and how Theodore Roosevelt was broken by the republican plunderbund. These instances are conclusive. If Tammany Hall did not hesitate to impeach a governor, what would it not do to a Negro who did not obey its mandates? If the republican party did not hesitate to crush the most influential single figure in American political life, what will it not do to a Negro? Both republican and democratic parties have given evidence in this connection. If the republican party will indict and jail its most faithful Negro henchmen, such as Perry Howard and Warner, what would it not do to a militant Negro who broke its discipline fighting for the interests of his oppressed race? All this convinces us of the necessity of supporting a party which actually supports our cause.

Answers Challenge.

I am, therefore, led to hope confidently for your support. I feel that this Party and its candidates have the only real claim upon the offer of support which you so generously make. I therefore claim your support for the Workers Party and for its candidates.

Your offer is quoted thus:

> **"I will pledge $200 from this church for the campaign of any colored man who is nominated, and I believe there are a number of other churches that will give as much or more. Then I will take over from Brooklyn a number of intelligent men and women who will make a house-to-house canvass helping to register the Negro vote without any charges. I will give both my time and money to help."**

I invite you and your co-workers to membership in the Negro Campaign Committee for the Workers Party which is now being formed by the militant and far-visioned fighters of the race.

This campaign is not only an opportunity but a challenge and a test to our race.

Should we fail to support the Party which champions our cause, we will write our race down as a group which neither thinks nor cares about its freedom.

This must not be.

Our race for its own self-protection must now realize what its true interests are, who its true allies are, and must take a stand as intelligent and free-spirited militants.

I look forward to receiving your support and active co-operation in the present political struggle for the enfranchisement and emancipation of our people.

Cordially yours,
RICHARD B. MOORE.
Candidate for Congress, 21st Congressional District, on the Workers Party ticket.

THE WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY DEMANDS:

1. **Abolition of the whole system of race discrimination. Full racial, political, and social equality for the Negro race.**
2. **Abolition of all laws which result in segregation of Negroes. Abolition of all Jim Crow laws. The law shall forbid all discrimination against Negroes in selling or renting houses.**
3. **Abolition of all laws which disfranchise the Negroes.**
4. **Abolition of laws forbidding intermarriage of persons of different races.**
5. **Abolition of all laws and public administration measures which prohibit or in practice prevent Negro children or youth from attending general public schools or universities.**
6. **Full and equal admittance of Negroes to all railway station waiting rooms, restaurants, hotels and theatres.**
7. **A federal law against lynching and the protection of the Negro masses in their right of self-defense.**
8. **Abolition of discriminatory practices in courts against Negroes. No discrimination in jury service.**
9. **Abolition of the convict lease system and of the chain gang.**
10. **Abolition of all Jim Crow distinctions in the army, navy and civil service.**
11. **Immediate removal of all restrictions in all trade unions against the membership of Negro workers.**
12. **Equal opportunity for employment, wages, hours, and working conditions for Negro and white workers. Equal pay for equal work for Negro and white workers.**

U. S. S. R. REVENUES INCREASE 16 PER CENT

MOSCOW, Aug. 27.—The revenues of the Soviet government, for the most part from government and co-operative undertakings promises to exceed the expectations of the Planning Commission, which estimated that the year 1927-1928 would net a revenue of 6,100,000,000 roubles for the Soviet government.

Figures for the first nine months of the economic year (which is calculated from October 1, 1927) show that the revenue receipts were 76 per cent of the yearly total. The revenues thus far show an increase of 16 per cent over last year.

The budget funds this year are distributed so as to constitute an increase of 29 per cent for agriculture, 79 per cent for poor peasants' collective farms, 30 per cent for industry and 37 per cent for electrification. The excess of 100,000,000 roubles will be devoted to cultural and educational undertakings.

ANOTHER GANG MURDER

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 27 (UP).—Chicago racketeers, working against Los Angeles bootleggers in a liquor running war, today were blamed for another gangland murder in connection with the death yesterday of Philip Rubino.

Told You So

THE officials of the wreck that was once the powerful United Mine Workers of America are begging the coal operators to sign contracts with them under almost any conditions. Accepting a reduction of wages for the miners is the least of those lads' worries. Of course there is going to be no reduction in the salaries of the union officials. John L. Lewis will still draw his $12,000 a year with an equal amount for expenses.

• • •

THE officials of the international union and the district officials are not devoting all their time to chasing hard-boiled coal operators with pleas for a conference and a contract. Comrade B. K. Gebert, who is active in the anthracite region, sent in a program of a "Civic Testimonial" in honor of the Right Reverend Monsignor James S. Fagan, of Hazelton, Pa., of which Thomas Kennedy, secretary-treasurer of the U. M. W. of A. is General Chairman. With Mr. Kennedy on the committee is a coal company lawyer by the name of John H. Bigelow.

• • •

IN his opening remarks brother Kennedy quoted from the "holy gospel" the old gag, "He that exalteth himself shall be humbled and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted." Perhaps the striking coal diggers had exalted themselves overmuch in fighting for the preservation of the Jacksonville scale and now being properly humbled according to scripture by a reduction in wages. Mr. John L. Lewis, who according to the catholic catechism should go straight to hell—provided he can go straight even on that straight road—for his failure to see the true faith, joined in his praise of the Reverend Fagan for "promoting harmony between employer and employe." And so on.

• • •

WHAT the starving miners of the bituminous coal fields may think of the "stately ceremony and gorgeous pomp" that marked the elevation of the Rev. Fagan to the rank of papal chamberlain we cannot say for certain but we can imagine that are now being properly humbled account of the ceremony they will utter some healthy curses. "The scene at the church was most beautiful. Assembled around the magnificent marble altars were fully fifty priests, attired in black cassock and white surplice. The beautiful purple of the robes of Monsignor Fagan and Monsignor Leach and the bright hue of the purple robes of the three bishops, stood out in brilliant contrast against the black of the priests, while the gold vestments of the officers of the mass blended well with the array of color."

• • •

WELL, here is one ex-altar boy who would swap the whole ceremony for a loaf of bread for a hungry miner's child. And those who wish to protest against this mediaeval hocus pocus, can do so in no better way than by sending a contribution to help the National Miners Relief Committee, with headquarters at 611 Penn Avenue, to feed the victims of the coal operators in the great strike. Alfred Wagenknecht, Relief Director, who is neither a priest nor a bishop, will see that the money is used for food and not for incense or gold vestments.

• • •

MARCUS GARVEY would have his followers believe that Africa can be redeemed for the black man with the aid of Al Smith. Marcus knows better, but like all leaders who in the past as well as in the present have utilized the sufferings of an oppressed people to rise to power and affluence, he is deliberately deceiving the exploited and persecuted Negroes who have not yet seen through his fraudulent pretensions. No intelligent Negro worker will expect any help from the leader of the lynching Democratic Party any more than from the Republican Party which permits the lynching of Negroes without a protest. "A plague on both Wall Street parties who serve the exploiters of white and black!" will be the answer of the class conscious Negroes who have learned that only through the program of the Workers (Communist) Party will the Negro masses be able to emancipate themselves in a common cause with their white brothers and sisters.

• • •

AN Associated Press staff writer says that state department folk look at the "outlaw-war" planks in the Democratic and Republican platforms with wry faces. And well they might, because they only mean more war. It is rumored in Washington that Kellogg intends to step out of his present berth as soon a he puts his fake anti-war treaty over in Paris. Whether he does o not will make no difference to th colonial peoples and particularly the Nicaraguans. Another [illegible] will send the marines just lingly to shoot down any people refuse to be slaves to Wall St

Tom O'Flaherty

3 Hurt in Bus Crash

NORWALK, Conn., Aug. (UP)—Three persons were injur one seriously, early today whe New York-Boston bus of the Be shire Transportation Company s ded and crashed into a truck Amory Hill.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

RED TICKET ENDORSED BY NEEDLE WORKERS

KELLOGG NOTE REVEALS ANTI-USSR ALLIANCE

Izvestia Declares Pact Move to Hide War Plans

Kellogg Let's Cat Out

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—That the Kellogg pact is designed to perpetuate the relations entered into by the powers in the Treaty of Locarno, and designed as a bloc against the Soviet Union, was confirmed here today when the text of the note of invitation sent to 48 nations to adhere to the pact was made public here today. The negotiations preceding the signing of the treaty assured the maintenance of the bloc against the Soviet Union.

The conditions laid down for the adherence of the Soviet Union to the pact are such which would not allow of any change in the original nature of the treaty. They reveal that the powers were determined not to countenance the demand of the Soviet Government that it be allowed to participate in the negotiations.

Reports received here from Moscow state that an article in the Izvestia, official organ of the Soviet Government, points out that as long as the powers continue to arm and assign a major part of their budgets to the army and navy, and as long as they refuse to adopt a plan of complete disarmament, such as was proposed by the Soviet Government at the Geneva disarmament conference, the Kellogg pact will be ineffective and will amount only to a realignment of powers.

The text of the note to each of the forty-eight governments follows:

I have the honor to inform you

Continued on Page Three

RESUME SOVIET-GERMAN TRADE

Relations Broken at Shackta Trial

BERLIN, Aug. 29 (UP).—The foreign office delivered a note to the Soviet embassy today expressing Germany's readiness to resume trade relations with Russia.

Relations were broken off because of the arrest of Germans in the Donetz Basin mine conspiracy cases.

* * *

In the trial of the sabotagers against the Soviet Union operating in the great industrial and mining center of the Don Basin, three German engineers, connected with German firms, were accused of taking part in the conspiracy and espionage for their firms and former owners.

FRENCH TEXTILE UNION TO STRIKE

Bosses Reject Wage Raise Demand

PARIS, Aug. 28.—The Northern France textile syndicate, a mill owners association, in an official statement issued yesterday rejected the demands of the left wing textile workers syndicate that the wages of women workers be increased. This action makes almost certain the calling of a general strike by about Sept. 2.

Even though the wages of men textile operatives are miserably low, the exploitation of the women workers is almost unendurable. In add[illegible] to this the workers organi[illegible] [illegible] at strike action also in order to shatter the existing laws and regulations curtailing strike activity.

Workers in other textile centers are also threatening walkouts as are most of the large centers in Germany.

Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Executive Will Meet Today, 6:30 p. m.

The Executive Committee of 25, elected at the Daily Worker-Freiheit bazaar conference, will hold its first meeting today at 6:30 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square. Business of an important nature will be transacted at that time, it is announced.

TEACHERS WIN PAY RAISE

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 29.—Teachers in Fulton County schools have secured a pay raise through their activity in a long fight against the local reactionary county boards.

Mrs. Knapp Is "Awful Sick"; Will Be Freed

SYRACUSE, Aug. 29.—A malignant illness, conveniently discovered by her enterprising lawyers just after she was convicted of grand larceny and embezzlement of the state census funds of 1915, may save Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp, former republican secretary of state from a prison term.

This was revealed today with the announcement that a a result of this "illness" George Z. Medalie, special prosecutor, will move for suspension of her sentence.

The lady's ailment took a sudden turn for the worse, it was found today, when it was announced that she would have to come up for sentence in Albany next Tuesday. Her personal physician immediately announced that so serious is Mrs. Knapp's condition that he has refused to risk for her an "operation for goitre."

Solicitous friends, many of whom were on the "dummy" payroll of the census bureau during Mrs. Knapp's efflorescent administration, will begin a campaign to obtain a pardon for her if the prosecutor's motion for suspension of the sentence is overruled.

MILL STRIKERS PREPARE PARADE

Mayor Stalls on Permit for T. M. C.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 29.—Fearful of the consequences outright refusal would bring, since nearly all of the 28,000 textile strikers are adherents of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees, Mayor Ashley yesterday announced that the left wing union could parade on Labor Day "if the Chief of Police concurred." Permission to parade was first granted the A. F. of L. Textile Council, the application of the T. M. C. union being held up in order to give them less time for preparations.

The mass pressure of the tens of thousands behind the T. M. C. organization was responsible for the wariness of the mayor who tried to avoid a baldly discriminating decision to grant a permit to one and not to the other. Preparations for the parade on the part of the militant union, however, are going full speed ahead, and they will parade whether permission is granted or not.

The Labor Day parades are expected to show all those watching strike developments who are the real leaders of the masses of strikers. Reliable opinion here states that if the A. F. of L. officialdom could have foreseen the possibility of a rival parade by the T. M. C., they would never have announced one. Substantiation of this is had in the fact that they always tried to avoid calling mass demonstrations on picket lines and to meetings.

The T. M. C., however, has already called two parades, both of which were broken by vicious police assaults.

Elizabeth Donnelley, leader of the children's strike clubs here was dismissed from court when she came up for trial on a disturbing the peace charge. She had been leading 300 children in singing strike songs at the park, when she was arrested. About 100 children followed her and her police captors on the way to jail, and demonstratively shouted for her release for several hours at the police station.

Many Lives Imperilled in Boston Explosion

BOSTON, Aug. 29 (UP).—Scores of lives were imperiled, four persons were severely injured, and several others slightly hurt, here today, when two terrific explosions occurred in a manhole in a Back Bay street.

The manhole cover was hurled 45 feet into the air by the blast, which shattered windows within a radius of a block and which was felt for many blocks around.

USSR RESUMES SEARCH

Krassin on Way Back to Arctic Wastes

BERGEN, Norway, Aug. 29 (U. P).—The Russian ice breaker Krassin has started its lonely and humanitaran search back into the frozen arctic area.

The big steel prowed craft, which rescued seventeen men of the Italia and rescue groups, is en route to Kings Bay, Spitsbergen, today, from where it will put back into the northland to search for the six men who floated away with the envelope of the Italian dirigible and for the six men of the Roald Amundsen expedition.

At Kings Bay the Krassin will pick up the Soviet aviator Chukhnovsky, who will make reconnoitering flights in an attempt to find a trace of the twelve men who still are missing after that ill-fated expedition to the pole.

POINT TO WAR DANGER AT RED YOUTH CONGRESS

Young Communists in Fourth World Meet

Urge More Sport Work

MOSCOW, Aug. 29.—Stressing the danger of imperialist war, the second plenary session of the Fifth World Congress of the Young Communist International opened here today under the chairmanship of Blenkle.

Chitarov, in his opening speech, spoke at length on the danger of war, pointing out the chief tasks of the Young Communist International. "The broad masses of the working class youth are still under the influence of the bourgeois," he said. "The Socialist Youth International is following a reactionary course and is steadily losing ground.

"The economic situation of the youth of the world is very bad, particularly that of the peasant youth. The role of the youth in factories is rapidly growing on account of the introduction of rationalization in the factories, the speed-up system, etc. The organization of youth is weak, and even declining.

Fighting Spirit Grows.

"The responsibility for this situation rests with the Amsterdam International which tries to rob the youth of its rights in the unions. In spite of this, the fighing spirit of the young workers has been growing in recent years. Many strikes of young workers have occurred in various countries. The influence of the Communist youth in the trade unions is constantly growing.

"Since the last congress, the Communist young workers have participated in armed struggles in Poland, China, Indonesia, Bulgaria, and Greece. The French Young Communist League fought actively against the Moroccan and Syrian wars. The British Young Communist League has fought against Chinese intervention. The Scandina-

Continued on Page Two

RED CAMPAIGN NEARING CLOSE

Increased Activity to Mark Sept. 1, 2, 3

Thirty stations throughout the city will serve as centers from which, on September 1, 2 and 3, thousands of Red Campaigners will circulate throughout the city with collection boxes, working for the Communist Campaign Fund.

"The excellent recruiting device of Tammany's Commissioner of Public Welfare, who issued his papal bull against such Red collections, has succeeded in increasing the army of collectors by many workers

Continued on Page Two

BURKE TO GO ON CAMPAIGN TOUR

Will Arrange Meetings in 12 Cities

Continuing its energetic election activities, the Workers (Communist) Party Election Campaign Committee for New York State has decided to send out a speaker to tour in advance of the state-wide tour to begin Sept. 14 when Robert Minor, Communist Candidate for U. S. Senator, will go on the road.

While the first trip will confine itself to street meetings, arrangements are being made for mass meetings in a dozen cities of the

Continued on Page Five

ANCONA, Aug. 29 (UP).—The steamer Sento was badly damaged by fire today. Militiamen and firemen helped the crew fight the flames.

Heat Wave Hits City, To Stay; Many Suffer

Great discomfort, and in many sections of the city, much suffering was caused yesterday by a late summer heat wave and humid condition which struck New York. The city's shops, factories, and subways were more sweltering than they have been for several weeks as a result.

No immediate relief is in sight, according to the Weather Bureau, unless local showers develop. The heat is expected to continue for another day or two.

The temperature at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon was 88 degrees and 61 degrees humidity. This was just two points below the record for the date, which was 90 degrees in 1895.

HOLD WORKERS SPORTS MEET

47 Delegates Present at Convention

The second National Convention of the Labor Sports Union opened Monday, Aug. 27, at the Progressive Hall, 15 W. 126th St., with 54 delegates present, representing 33 clubs. In addition to the regular delegates, two representatives of the striking young textile workers of New Bedford, Jack Rubenstein and Joseph Tarvis, were present.

Paul Cline, National Secretary, reporting for the Executive Board on the past year and a half of work, pointed out that the Labor Sports Union had made great progress since its first convention. A total of 67 clubs have been brought under the organizational control of the Labor Sports Union. These 67 clubs have a membership of 4,500 to 5,000. Of these 67 clubs, the majority are located in three centers, New York, Chicago and Detroit. New York has 15 clubs, Detroit 9 and Chicago 13. Cline stressed the importance of organizing workers' sports clubs in all cities, and making the Labor Sports Union a real national organization.

Five functioning districts of the Labor Sports Union have been set up. They are Chicago, Detroit, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania and the Massachusetts districts.

In carrying on its athletic activities the Labor Sports Union has held two big indoor meets and two Olympic meets. In the meet just concluded, about 600 athletes took part.

Walter Burke of Detroit was elected chairman of the convention and Al Steele of New York, secretary. Theodore Maki, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was unanimously elected president.

In addition to Burke and Maki, fifteen members of the Executive Board were elected. The fifteen were: I. Sapperstein, Metropolitan Workers Soccer League; E. Austin, M. W. S. L.; Al Steele, Eastern District L. S. U.; Arne Myntinnen, Paaveo Jokinen and Emil Miller, Vesa, N. Y.; Frank Kern, of the German-American Club of the M. W. S. L.; J. Bruney, of the Falcon A. C. of the M. W. S. L.; Milton Weich, of the Co-operative Sports Club; Jack Rubenstein, Eastern District; Joe Shandler, Harlem Progressive Youth; Frank Forslund, Scandinavian Workers A. C.; Murray Singer, Plumbers Helpers; Milda Toivenen, Vesa A. C. and a member of Local 43 of the Millinery Workers Union.

The convention instructed the incoming Executive Board to prepare for the publication of a regular monthly official publication of the Labor Sports Union. This publication is to be issued not later than three months after the date of the convention.

FURRIERS SQUASH A. F. L. SCABBERY

Philadelphia, Boston Build New Union

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 29.—Edward F. McGrady, special agent of the A. F. of L. in charge of destroying unionism in the fur industry, made an attempt at a reprisal for Local 53's action in affiliating with the new union movement, and was again condemned by the fur workers at a crowded mass meeting in Boslower Hall.

After hearing their business agent, Sam Burt, report that he found McGrady in conference with the bosses' association whom he was trying to convince to break off negotiations for a new agreement with Local 53, and after listening to Ben Gold of New York make an appeal to build the new union, the workers here unanimously passed a resolution denouncing the International clique.

Refuse to Yield.

Due to this situation the employers took advantage and presented the local with demands of a reduction in wages and the power to dis-

Continued on Page Two

BAN COMMUNIST PARTY IN LATVIA; OFFICES RAIDED

Action Follows Strike Demonstration Aug. 22

Suppress Newspapers

RIGA, Latvia, Aug. 29.—The Communist Party of Latvia has been declared illegal by the Ministry of the Interior and police are now suppressing the party and its press throughout the country. Today all the Communist Party offices were raided, literature confiscated, the press suppressed, and the police are looking for the functionaries.

This action came as a counter move on the part of the government to the monster demonstration and general strike called by the Communist Party for August 22, when in spite of the arrest of 400 workers and the continued attack of the police the demonstration proceeded to protest against the arrest of Communists and the banning of the radical unions.

Although anti-Communist legislation had already been enacted in the form of the decree banning the radical unions, which were rich in Communist members, and the government had been persecuting the Communists, having arrested many functionaries, the latest move brings the government out openly in its position against the Communist Party.

It is an assured fact that members both of the Communist Party and the Independent Socialist Party, which co-operated in the demonstration of August 22, will be followed up closely by the police and arrested in masses.

BETHLEN BEGS WALL ST. HELP

Is Alarmed by Visit of Karolyi

In order to counteract the effect of the visit of Count Michael Karolyi, former president of Hungary, who will arrive in New York on Saturday, Premier Bethlen, virtual fascist dictator of Hungary, has issued a statement through the New York Times, calling upon "American citizens" to show the "great American spirit" and aid the Hungarian reaction.

The statement bases its plea for support upon its attack on the working class which seized power in March, 1919 only to be overthrown by the invasion of foreign troops.

The statement points to the visit of the 500 Hungarian delegates of the dictatorship who were present at the unveiling of the Kossuth monument in New York, but fails to mention the demonstration of American workers which took place at that time and which exposed the

Continued on Page Three

40,000 GERMAN TAILORS STRIKE

Industry Is Completely Shut Down

BERLIN, Aug. 29.—Forty-thousand workers in the mens' clothing industry complete the first week of a general strike for improved working conditions today with determination strengthened to stay out "till livable wages are granted." This is due to the success the workers achieved in completely shutting down the entire industry immediately after the strike call was issued.

The effectiveness of the walkout and the fact that the annual fall buyers fair has just been opened in Liepzig are looked upon by many as signs of the strike terminating successfully for the workers.

Wages received by the mens' clothing workers here, union officials show, are below the pay received by unskilled industrial labor.

Discontent and growing sentiment for strike action is spreading in widely separated textile manufacturing centers.

Millinery Workers Aid Miners

"We pledge our solidarity with the striking miners"
MILLINERY WORKERS UNION
LOCAL 43

Millinery workers of Local 43, shown above, have pledged their aid for the relief of the striking miners who are continuing their struggle in spite of the betrayal by the Lewis machine.

PLAN FOR BIG PRESS BAZAAR

76 Organizations Send Delegates

Seventy-six organizations, represented by 149 delegates, outlined plans for the National Daily Worker and Freiheit Press Bazaar, at a conference held at the Manhattan Lyceum Tuesday night.

Speaking in behalf of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, Alexander Trachtenberg urged a nation-wide drive for the bazaar as a means of building up the press of the Party. He pointed out that the need of a militant press was greater than ever in view of the tremendous struggle in which the American workers are now engaged.

The fact that only five weeks remain for the bazaar was stressed by many speakers, who urged the intensification of the organization drive. Delegates to the conference reported that bakers, jewelry workers, white goods workers, workers' clubs and progressive clubs have already elected delegates and are busy preparing booths for the bazaar.

Harry Fox, campaign manager of the Daily Worker, was elected chairman of the meeting and R. Goliger, of Section 1, Workers Party, secretary.

A committee of 25 was elected which will hold its first meeting today at 6.30 at 26-28 Union Sq.

HUNGARY POLICE TORTURE WORKER

BUDAPEST, Hungary (By Mail).—The police here have continued their persecution of revolutionary workers and are raiding working class sections in order to discover Communist literature. On Aug. 8 the police succeeded in finding such literature and followed up the discovery by numerous arrests.

One of the arrested, Ludwig Simon, threw himself from the window of the police station and suffered a broken foot. He was brought back to the inquisition chamber.

Simon did not jump from the window without sufficient cause. Undoubtedly he could no longer stand tortures of the Hungarian police and threw himself out of the window to escape prolonged suffering.

MILFORD, Penn., Aug. 29 (UP).—M. M. Merrill, official of Curtiss Aviation field, New York, and Edwin Ronne, who were flying on Monday from Rochester, N. Y., to Curtiss Field in an airplane belonging to Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, were found burned to death near the wreckage of their plane today.

MINOR, WHITEMAN WILL TOUR STATE

Communist Program to Be Presented

Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for U. S. Senate and Lovett Fort-Whiteman, Communist candidate for Comptroller, together with a representative of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will begin a state-wide election campaign tour of New York on September 14th, in response to demands made by workers of many cities for an opportunity to hear the Communist candidates speak on the issues and significance of the 1928 elections.

The itinerary of the tour will include Poughkeepsie, Albany, Troy, Schenectady, Syracuse, Utica, Rochester, Buffalo, Jamestown and Binghampton. Reports made by up-state Communist campaigners, engaged in obtaining signatures to put the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot, indicate the interest of masses of workers in the Communist platform and principles.

Whiteman will stress the role of the capitalist parties in betraying Negro as well as white labor, and will shatter the last of the illusions harbored by Negroes that the republican party is their friend, by citing instances of segregation and the ousting of Negro delegates at the Kansas City convention.

The second New York State tour to be arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party will be made by William F. Dunne, candidate for Governor, and Juliet Stuart Poyntz, candidate for Attorney-General, sometime in October.

TO DEFY FASCISTI IN SACCO MEET

Demonstration at St. Louis Friday

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 29.—Defying the long arm of the Mussolini fascist government, by whose orders the local police stopped a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting last week, the workers of St. Louis will hold a huge Sacco and Vanzetti meeting Friday at Bruids Hall, Market and Ninth Sts.

Police, at the order of the Italian fascist consul here, drove the workers from the hall with riot guns and gas bombs. Italians and English speaking workers will address the meeting.

3 CHANNEL SWIMS ON.

CAPE GRIS NEZ, France, Aug. 29 (UP).—Two attempts to swim the English Channel were underway tonight with the prospect that another swimmer would leave here at midnight to join in the endurance contest.

CITY TAXI STRIKE NEAR

New Union Holds Vital Meet Tonight

The immediate prospects of a general taxi strike thruout Greater New York will be high up on the agenda of the newly-formed Taxi Chauffeurs Union when it meets at the Labor Temple, 84th St. and Third Ave., tonight.

Organized after active agitational work among the taxi drivers for many years, the union says that a strike is the next step unless the owners of fleets of cabs here in the city agree to a general increase in pay and improvement in working conditions.

Long hours, miserable wages, intimidation by police authorities, a blacklist which keeps hundreds of workers from getting jobs—these are some of the issues which the taxi drivers are just about ready to fight out to a finish.

Especially vicious do the taxi men

Continued on Page Four

GITLOW ATTACKS GREEN-TAMMANY HALL ALLIANCE

Socialists Exposed as Traitors to Workers

Workers Party Lauded

Crowding Irving Plaza Hall despite the intense heat, hundreds of needle trades workers last night heard the Communist vice-presidential candidate, Ben Gitlow, assail the alliance of the republican, democratic and "socialist" parties, who are joined in an effort to destroy their unions.

The meeting unanimously endorsed the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party and its candidates in the coming national elections.

Speakers at the meeting, which was held under the auspices of the National Committee of the Needle Trades Section of the Trade Union Educational League, included Committee Secretary H. Sazer, Charles S. Zimmerman, leader of the Cloakmakers Union; A. Jukowsky, a leading left winger in the Millinery Union; H. Ziebel, Rebecca Grecht, and others.

Scoring William Green's endorsement of Smith, Gitlow declared:

"By making a statement tantamount to an endorsement of Alfred E. Smith, Mr. William Green caps the climax of his career of betrayal of the labor movement and identifies himself completely with notorious open-shoppers like Raskob, Woodin and Du Pont who are behind the Smith candidacy.

"His action is fully in line with that of Mr. Woll of the executive

Continued on Page Two

SILK BOSSES IN WAGE CUT DRIVE

Workers There Join Mill Union, T.M.C.

Word reaches the office of the National Textile Mill Committees from Bernard Herman, Secretary of the Philadelphia Textile Mill Committees, of a vicious wage-cutting campaign being launched by the bosses in the silk mills of the tri-cities of Pennsylvania, Easton, Allentown and Bethlehem.

On Aug. 18, the first step was taken by the employers in the Arona, a small mill, where a 10 per cent slash was given. Following this wages were cut in a mill in Allentown. Anticipation is current among the workers of a thoroughgoing campaign which will hit all mills in the vicinity, and will drag down the already low wages to starvation level. Coming as they do on top of a sharp unemployment which has hit the tri-cities in the past year, the wage cuts are driving the workers to desperation.

With the Associated Silk Workers practically out of existence in this important silk center, the workers have been left helpless to defend themselves against the onslaughts of the employers. The entrance of the Textile Mill Committees into the field, therefore, has been met with an enthusiastic reception by the workers. They feel that leadership is being given them for a serious organization drive.

New German Cruiser Is Launched in Tests for Future Use in Warfare

BERLIN, Aug. 29 (UP).—The German navy's wireless-controlled target ship, Zaehringen, left Wilhelmshaven today for an extensive trial in the North Sea.

Details of the ship were kept secret, but the United Press learned when it was tried out during the Baltic Fleet maneuvers on Aug. 8 that it is filled with cork, so that shellfire will not sink it. The Zaehringen carries no crew but is manipulated by wireless control from a cruiser.

It developed that the ship did not function satisfactorily at the maneuvers, so a new device was installed which will be tried out on the present trip.

HERRICK SAILS

PARIS, Aug. 29 (UP).—Ambassador Myron Herrick sailed for New York on the Ile de France. He will spend his vacation in Ohio.

To Present Communist International Program in Final Form at World Congress

TO DEVOTE NEXT 4 DAYS TO WORK OF COMMISSIONS

Colonial Committee Is Still in Session

Special Cable to The Daily Worker

MOSCOW, Aug. 28.—The World Congress of the Communist International has decided to devote its sessions on Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday to the work of various commissions.

The program commission which practically finished its work will present the Communist International program in its final form to the next plenary session of the Congress which will probably be held on Wednesday.

The colonial commission is still in session.

WORKERS PLAN ASTORIA RALLY

To Protect Communist Meeting Tonight

The threats of Astoria Tammany-controlled members of fascist organizations to break up any Workers (Communist) Party meetings held at the corner of Steinway and Jamaica Aves., has resulted in a mobilization of all class-conscious workers to protect the Communist speakers.

A meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tonight at the corner of Steinway and Jamaica Aves. despite these threats. Speakers will include Max Schachtman, editor of the Labor Defender; Martin Abern, acting secretary of the International Labor Defense; Vera Bush, Donald Burke, H. Blake and J. Heder.

The Veterans of Foreign Wars have taken courage from the conviction of Rebecca Grecht, Communist Campaign Manager, in the First Magistrates Court of Queens last week, and are interpreting it as an official and indirect stamp of approval. That they intend to stop tonight's meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party is evident from threats overheard at the meeting which they tried to disrupt by throwing eggs and water bags.

The Astoria branch of the Workers (Communist) Party calls on all class-conscious workers to be present tonight to resist an attempt to break up the meeting and assault the Communist speakers.

One Killed in New York Train Crash

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 29 (UP).—A freight train on a switch too near the northbound main track was struck by an Erie commutation train at 6:40 p.m. today at Goshen, eight miles from here, killing one person and injuring dozens of commuters who had reached a point within a few miles of their homes.

Three cars of the "Orange County" were tossed from the tracks, blocking all rail traffic. Injured were brought to Middletown on a special train.

MADISON, Wis., Aug. 29 (UP).—Bert Martin, Secretary-Treasurer of the farmer labor party, announced his resignation today and almost simultaneously pledged his support to Herbert Hoover, republican presidential nominee.

Mangled Worker Faces Starvation

Rose Contrearas and her husband face starvation and eviction from their rooms as a result of the mangling of the hands of the young Porto Rican worker by his machine. They have an eighteen-month old baby.

Red Campaign in N. Y. Is Nearing Its End

Continued from Page One

whose eyes have been opened to the class character of the Tammany departments of the city," the district Party office stated yesterday.

Continue Campaign Efforts.

With the two major political parties hurling accusations at each other to the effect that their actual expenditures on the campaign will far exceed the published limits, the Workers (Communist) Party is continuing its efforts to raise as much money as it possibly can to spread working-class propaganda among the masses of workers. The Communist Party has no intention of advertising a certain limit to its campaign budget and spending double the amount, according to a campaign committee statement. It will spend what it gets, and what it gets will be contributed by workers in the interests of their own class platform.

Huge Capitalist Funds.

"It is a generally accepted fact that campaign figures shrink modestly when published, and that actual expenditures are enormous, but the use to which the difference is put might prove embarrassing public information," the statement said.

"Whether the workers will be intimidated by Tammany bans is another matter. The response of workers indicates that not only will they not, but that they will increase their efforts to collect and raise their contributions for the Red Campaign Fund."

WORLD YOUTH CONGRESS OPENS

Continued from Page One

vian Young Communist Leagues worked well on the occasion of the visit of the British fleet.

"The political activity of the youth of the world has also increased considerably, progress has been made in mass work, good trade union work has been accomplished in Germany, Great Britain, France and Poland.

"The Trotzkyist opposition won no influence in the Young Communist International. The Chinese Young Communist League has developed into a mass organization. The Young Communist League of the Soviet Union has over 2,000,000 members, and works actively in the building up of socialism.

Weaknesses.

"The weaknesses of the Youth movement, on the other hand, are insufficient organization strength, the fluctuation of the membership figures, an over large proportion of youth from middle-sized and small-scale shops, and insufficient work in sports and other mass organizations. The organizational activities of the Communist Party, unlike the League, are of an objective nature. For instance, the capitalist stabilization and persecution. It is also partly of a subjective nature. For instance, the insufficient attention paid to the application of special youth methods.

"The solution to these problems is not the depoliticalization of the youth, but on the contrary, an increase in political activity."

After the reading of telegrams and special greetings, the session was adjourned.

FURRIERS SQUASH A. F. L. SCABBERY

Philadelphia, Boston Build New Union

Continued from Page One

charge workers at will. The resolution passed called on the officers not to give away any of the points on the agreement which the workers won through long struggles. The unanimous determination of the membership, however, makes it certain that the employers will be exceedingly wary of a challenge to a struggle.

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Bureaucrats Fail in Boston.

BOSTON, Aug. 29.—An excellent exhibition of the impotence of the A. F. of L. in the furriers drive to build a new union, was presented here Tuesday when a meeting called by the chiefs of the Boston Central Labor Union for furriers willing to start a dual Fur Union Local 30, resulted in an attendance of exactly four workers, who it later turned out told the A. F. of L. to keep hands off the union.

The meeting was scheduled to be held in the office of Zaritsky's scab capmakers local and was called by mail. When the four workers got to the place, according to M. Butkowitz, one of them, they found Max Hemlin, a socialist party official waiting for them with Griedjes of the A. F. of L. body. The workers protested against Hemlin's presence. He was compelled to withdraw.

To Greidjes' proposal that the four workers form a nucleus for the drive to set up an opposition fur union, Butkowitz replied that the furriers went no such thing. He also told the A. F. of L. agent that if he hadn't gotten the three other workers to come along, not a single worker would have answered his call.

PREPARE FOR SCOTT NEARING TOUR IN WEST

To Stir Up Interest in Local Meets

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 29.—In order to assure the success of the Scott Nearing meetings in Ohio, the district office of the Workers (Communist) Party here is sending comrades to work up local interest in the meetings and to accompany Nearing on his tour in order to make organization capital out of the tour.

The following is the schedule of Nearing's tour: Martins Ferry, Oct. 14; Zanesville, Oct. 15; Dayton, Oct. 16; Springfield, Oct. 17; Lima, Oct. 18; Mansfield, Oct. 19; East Liverpool, Oct. 20.

There are Party organizations in three of those cities. It is expected that as a result of the Nearing meetings nuclei will be organized at each point.

Sadie Van Veen and Lil Borer, the latter of the Young Workers League, started out on a hitch-hike tour during which they will cover 25 cities. Here is a list of the cities they will cover.

Comrades Van Veen and Borer are together as far as point of Hamilton on Sept. 1: Columbus, Aug. 25; Urbana, Aug. 26; Springfield, Aug. 28; Dayton, Aug. 29; Middletown, Aug. 30; Hamilton, Aug. 31.

Comrade Sadie Van Veen: Louisville, Ky., Sept. 1-4; Covington, Sept. 5; Newport, Sept. 6.

Comrade Lil Borer: Cincinnati, Sept. 1-4; Washington Court House, Sept. 5; Lancaster, Sept. 6.

Comrades Borer and Van Veen: Logan, Sept. 7; Nelsonville, Sept. 8; Athens, Sept. 10; Gloucester, Sept. 11; Corning, Sept. 12; Crooksville, Sept. 13; Dresden, Sept. 14; Zanesville, Sept. 15; Coshocton, Sept. 17; Navarre, Sept. 18; Massillon, Sept. 19; Barberton, Sept. 20.

30 Present at Jersey Speakers' Conference

The second speakers' conference was held in Newark, at 93 Mercer St., last Sunday, with an attendance of 30 Communist campaigners, representing nine New Jersey towns, including Paterson, Passaic, Cliffside, Bayonne, Elizabeth, Newark, Garfield, Perth Amboy and Jersey City.

The chief topic of the discussion was the War Danger, led by A. Gussakoff, district literature agent. The floor discussion which followed was lively, being participated in by several workers present who were not members of the Workers (Communist) Party.

A speakers' conference will be held every other Sunday regularly, with representatives of many New Jersey towns participating. Arrangements are being made by the members of the speakers' bureau for meetings to be held in centers of working-class population throughout New Jersey.

HUGE ICEBERG DRIFTING

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29 (UP).—The greatest iceberg on record—five miles long—is drifting south of the Labrador coast, coast guard headquarters here was advised today. The cutter Marion was ordered to note the progress of the gigantic berg.

RED TICKET ENDORSED BY NEEDLE WORKERS

Continued from Page One

council of the American Federation of Labor, who remonstrated with the Tammany police authorities of New York City for not being sufficiently harsh and brutal in dealing with the striking workers. Mr. Green in his praise of Smith does not speak for the rank and file of labor, especially in New York state where the iron fist of Tammany Hall is known so well. Particularly the needle trades workers have learned to know the meaning of Smithism through bitter experience. They well remember how the Governor's Commission, working hand in glove with the right wing officials of the International Ladies' Garment Workers, sought to break the strike of the cloakmakers.

"Time and again Tammany Hall has demonstrated its solidarity with the manufacturers and the treacherous right wing leaders by the ruthless police brutality displayed against peaceful pickets, and by the issuance of numerous injunctions against workers on strike. The record of the Smith administration and of Tammany Hall speaks louder than the hypocritical catch-phrases of Al Smith.

"The city administration under Jimmie Walker or the state administration under Al Smith, the so-called "great friend of labor," refused to give the slightest assistance or relief to the thousands of unemployed who tramped the streets last winter suffering hunger and privation. On the contrary, the Tammany Hall police did not hesitate to use their clubs freely whenever the unemployed sought to organize to demand some medium of relief. On the other hand Mr. Smith has cooperated with the traction millionaires in their inhuman exploitation of the traction workers and their attempt to mulct the workers of the city by instituting a seven-cent fare. The workers of New York City may confidently expect that after Election Day they will be blessed with the seven-cent fare and the abolition of the emergency rent laws.

"Time after time the representatives of labor have stormed the gates of the capitol at Albany in behalf of women and children in industry, the sick, the aged and the large toll of injured workers—only to be rebuffed by both Al Smith and the republican legislature.

"In view of these things, which are a matter of record, the masses of the workers of New York state will repudiate the action of those who so basely spoke in their name in behalf of labor's enemy, Al Smith, and will demand an accounting for this treacherous betrayal."

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Eloquently setting forth the repeated betrayals of the workers' interests by the "Socialist" Party, and the assistance in union wrecking rendered to that party by the political parties of the bosses, the resolution adopted declares in part:

"We, needle trades workers, cloakmakers, dressmakers, furriers, tailors, cap and millinery workers, assembled in mass meeting at Irving Plaza Hall on Wednesday, August 29, wholeheartedly approve of the action of the National Needle Trades Committee, Trade Union Educational League, which has endorsed the program and the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

"The last few years have been for us a period of intense and continual struggle. Union organization has been destroyed in large sections of the industry. A vicious speed system has been established by the manufacturers, through which thousands of workers are thrown out of employment. Today hundreds, thousands of workers are faced with want and actual starvation.

One Gang.

"These conditions have resulted from the alliance between the manufacturers, the reactionary socialist union officials, who have carried the class collaboration policies of the petty bourgeois socialist party into our union, the A. F. of L. bureaucracy, all of whom have joined their forces against us.

"Fur workers, cloak and dressmakers, cap and millinery workers, have been jailed, framed-up and clubbed, not only by the Tammany Industrial Squad and police and by republican judges, but as well by the socialist union disrupters and gangsters hired and protected by them.

Learned by Experience.

"We needle trades workers have learned through many years' bitter experience that the democratic and republican parties are the parties of the bosses and ready to fight the workers at every step. We remember the Governor's Commission, appointed by Al Smith, so-called "peoples candidate," which tried to force the cloak and dressmakers into submission to the bosses. We know of the injunctions against the needle trades workers handed out by Tammany judges, of their anti-labor activity, not only in our struggles, but in the subway and elevated strikes, etc. We know also that the republican judges have thrown innocent strikers in New York into prison for the crime of fighting for better conditions. We know what the republican machine has done in Pennsylvania, where political officials openly co-operated with the coal operators to break the strike and destroy the union. We know what is happening in Republican New Bedford, where the national guard has used bayonets against striking textile workers.

"Nor can we support the socialist party. This party has betrayed the needle trades workers as it is betraying the interests of the entire working class. The socialist party is in fact the party of the needle trades manufacturers, the party of the petty bourgeoisie. It no longer believes in the class struggle; it fights the progressive movement everywhere, not only in the needle trades, but among the miners and textile workers as well. In our struggles we have seen it working hand in hand with the bosses and with Tammany Hall, using gangsters against our best fighters. The needle trades workers throughout the country must emphatically repudiate the socialist party, betrayers of labor.

Back Workers Party.

"The only party which is true to the program of class struggle, the only anti-capitalist party in America, is the Workers (Communist) Party. It is the only party calling upon the workers to intensify their resistance against the union-smashing, wage-slashing, open-shop drive of the bosses.

"Not only has the Party, itself, through its program and support, inspired us to struggle for better conditions, but we have found the members of the Party in the front ranks of the struggle of the cloakmakers and the furriers against the bosses, the socialist union betrayers, and the reactionary A. F. of L.

Endorse Candidates.

"We therefore fully endorse William Z. Foster for president and Benjamin Gitlow for vice-president, candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party, and all other state and local candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

"We endorse the formation of a Needle Trades Campaign Committee for the Workers (Communist) Party, and call upon the incoming Needle Trades Campaign Committee to hold meetings of the shop chairmen, to conduct open-air meetings and mass meetings in all trades and to give every possible support to the Workers (Communist) Party campaign."

CUT AWAY FROM SIGMAN, LAUNCH BOSTON LOCAL

To Build Union of the Workers, Not Bosses

BOSTON, Aug. 29.—A record attendance of over 700 cloak and dressmakers at a mass meeting held here Tuesday evening unanimously voted to fight the International clique and to establish a real Boston cloak and dressmakers local under the leadership of and affiliated to the National Organization Committee. The meeting was held in the Franklin Union Hall.

After listening to a report of the progress made nationally in the drive to establish the new cloakmakers union which was delivered by Louis Hyman, chairman of the N. O. C., J. Portnoy, A. Oswaldo and M. Guterson of New York, E. Yanninsky, Sakowitz and Shapiro of Boston, the assembled workers voted to completely disassociate themselves from the Sigman company union.

Resolution.

The resolution adopted at the meeting calls for the immediate carrying out of the following actions.

First—Severance of all relations with the company union, no dues payments to that organization, and no recognition to any of its agents.

Second—The immediate affiliation of all those attending to the National Organization Committee.

Third—The launching of a campaign to build the Boston section of the N. O. C. by an organization drive of all open shops and shops where no union conditions exist, under the leadership of the temporary Local Executive Committee. This committee was elected at the recent conference of shop delegates.

Fourth—A drive be inaugurated to get every one of the Boston workers to pay the voluntary $10 tax, which is used in the organization drive.

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PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 29.—Hundreds of Philadelphia cloak and dressmakers are meeting here tonight to take up the problem of establishing a new cloak and dressmakers union in this city.

Joseph Borachivich and Rose Wortis, heads of the National Organization Committee have arrived here from New York to address the meeting. The sentiment of the workers shows that the new local section of the N. O. C. will be launched with great enthusiasm. Despite the presence of a Philadelphia local of the Sigman International there exists no such thing as union conditions in the Philadelphia factories.

Textile Barons of Lowell Brag About Cheap Labor Hire

LOWELL, Mass. (FP).—Always darkest before the dawn, chant optimistic business men of deflated Lowell. As cotton mills close down or move, they leave their shells and workers behind them. And now the Lowell Chamber of Commerce broadcasts for manufacturers to come a-tumbling to take advantage of cheap factory locations and cheaper labor.

"There are few cities," the Chamber remarks in dignified tones, "which offer greater opportunities than does Lowell for the establishment of new industries at the minimum of capital expenditure and with the maximum of labor supply."

TOBIN BLESSES TAMMANY "AL"

Also Has Kind Word for Hoover

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ROCHESTER, Aug. 29.—Tammany Al Smith received another boost from American Federation of Labor officialdom congregated at the convention of the State Federation of Labor when Daniel J. Tobin, Secretary of the A. F. of L., addressed the convention.

Referring to Smith, who through his commission and through organized Tammany gangsterism attempted to break the New York needle trades strikes, Tobin declared:

"No man living could have made a clearer exposition of his attitude toward labor than the Democratic candidate."

Referring to Hoover, Tobin declared:

"As far as labor is concerned we know nothing seriously wrong with him. He has always expressed sympathy with labor, but has never held an elective office of any kind. In the offices that he has held he has rendered splendid unselfish service. He was a millionaire at thirty. He made his money honestly. He is above suspicion from a monetary standpoint."

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"GRINE KRETCHME"
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MODERN IMPROVEMENTS
DIRECTIONS: Take ferries at 23d St., Christopher St., Barclay St. or Hudson Tubes to Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad to Berkeley Heights, N. J.
BERKELEY HEIGHTS
NEW JERSEY
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Did You Answer?
If not yet, tax yourself with one day's wage and do your share to complete the fund

A Day's Wage
for the
$100,000
COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN FUND

Are you unemployed and so badly in need that you cannot send even a single dollar or a two-dollar bill for the Communist Campaign?

ANSWER BEFORE YOU LAY DOWN THIS NOTICE

We Need
5's, 10's, 25's and 100's but the singles and twos are just as welcome.

Just attach your contribution to the blank that we sent you and mail it in NOW!

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National Election Campaign Committee
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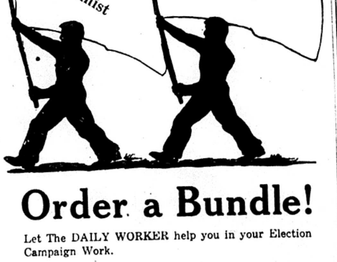

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As an Answer to Tammany Attacks
STRIKE A BLOW for the
PARTY OF THE WORKING CLASS

Contribute and Collect Funds for the Election Campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party

Extend Red Week to September 3
VOLUNTEER FOR SERVICE ALL WEEK
—AT—
60 St. Marks Pl.
101 W. 27th St.
143 E. 103d St.
1800 7th Ave.
2075 Clinton Ave.
215 E. 138th St.
Jewish Workers Club,
1472 Boston Road
2700 Bronx Pk. E.
46 Ten Eyck St., Bklyn.
1373 43d St., Bklyn.
154 Watkins St., Bklyn
For Red Mass Collections, September 1, 2 and 3
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
26-28 Union Square, New York City

Army of Independence Again Engages Marine Troops in North Nicaragua

AMERICANS ARE LURED FARTHER FROM SUPPLIES

Revival of Fighting in North Seen

MANAGUA, Aug. 29.—Reports emanating from American sources that General Sandino has fled and that his forces are daily dwindling received another set-back yesterday when a considerable detachment of the army of independence engaged a marine patrol.

The Nicaraguans were under the command of Miguel Angel Ortez.

The action was indecisive, General Sandino's men falling back into the jungle before the superior American forces. No casualties are reported to have been suffered by the army of independence.

Observers here point to the revival of fighting in Nueva Segovia as symptomatic of the substantial area under the control of the troops of General Sandino. The region is largely jungle and mountain but embraces a large section of northern Nicaragua about the upper reaches and sources of the Coco River.

The late engagement is the first of any importance in Nueva Segovia since General Sandino made his surprise offensive against the Mosquito Coast country early this spring. Since then the American marine forces have been engaged in attempts to drive back the army of independence from its advance position. At the same time the American forces are leaving their bases farther behind as they are lured into the jungle country.

Giants Lose; Athletics Win

The New York Giants lost more valuable ground in the National League pennant race Wednesday, when they dropped their third straight game to the Boston Braves. Ben Cantwell, a former Giant, held New York to eight hits, the Braves winning, 8 to 3.

The St. Louis Cardinals and Chicago Cubs were rained out, the Cardinals increasing their end over the Giants to six games and the ubs advancing to second place, a fraction of a point ahead of the Giants.

A costly defeat at the hands of the Philadelphia Phillies dropped the Pittsburgh Pirates back into fifth place after dividing fourth place for a day with the Cincinnati Reds. Claude Willoughby held the Pirates to five hits, the Phillies taking a 7-inning game, 4 to 0.

• • •

Continuing their drive for the top of the American League, the Philadelphia Athletics won their fourth straight game from the Chicago White Sox, 6 to 2, advancing to within 2½ games of the New York Yankees, the closest they have been to first place since the first week of the season. Haas and Boley starred at bat, getting seven hits between them, and Ed Rommel, who relieved Walberg, held the White Sox hitless the last five innings.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

Boston, 8; New York, 3.
Philadelphia, 4; Pittsburgh, 0.

American League

St. Louis, 4; Boston, 3.
Philadelphia, 6; Chicago, 2.
Cleveland, 9; Detroit, 5.

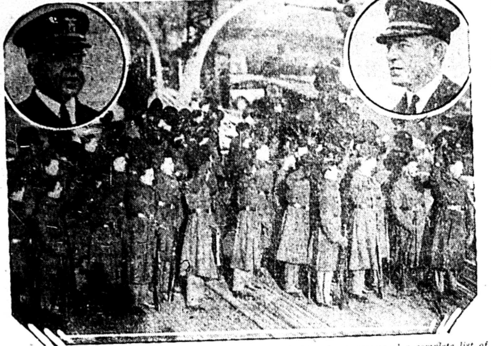
THREE KILLED IN WRECK.

ALTOONA, Pa., Aug. 29 (UP).—Three persons were killed and three injured today when a Pennsylvania Railway passenger train struck an automobile on a grade crossing at Coburn, a few miles west of here. Two of the dead were in the automobile. The third victim was a pedestrian, whose identity has not been established, who was standing at the crossing waiting for the train to pass.

BOOST RAILWAY RATE.

BERLIN, Aug. 29 (UP).—A 10 to 12 per cent increase recently granted to railways was causing anxiety to economists today. The increase amounts to 250,000,000 gold marks annually, and it was feared it might start a "vicious circle" of general price raising after Oct. 1, when the new rates become effective.

To "Supervise" Nicaraguan Elections for Wall Street



The American authorities controlling the Nicaraguan elections have announced a complete list of supervisors, recently. At every polling place American marines will be posted to see that only the "right elements" cast their votes. Above, some of the "supervisors."

KELLOGG NOTE SHOWS BLOC AGAINST U.S.S.R.

Continued from Page One

that the Governments of Germany, the United States of America, Belgium, France, Great Britain, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Union of South Africa, Irish Free State, India, Italy, Japan, Poland and Czechoslovakia have this day signed in Paris a treaty binding them to renounce was as an instrument of national policy in their relations with one another and to seek only by pacfic means the settlement or solution of all disputes which may arise among them.

This treaty, as your Excellency is aware, is the outcome of negotiations which commenced on June 20, 1927, when M. Briand, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the French Republic, submitted to my government a draft of a pact of perpetual friendship ebtween France and the United States. In the course of the subsequent negotiations this idea was extended so as to include as original signatories of the anti-war treaty not only France and the United States but also Japan, the British Empire and all the governments which participated with France and Great Britain in the Locarno agreements, namely Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Germany, Italy and Poland.

Met Point Raised by Britain.

This procedure met the point raised by the British government in its note of May 19, 1928, where it stated that the treaty from its very nature was not one which concerned that government alone, but was one in which the government could not undertake to participate otherwise than jointly and simultaneously with the governments in the Dominions and the government of India; it also settled satisfactorily the question whether there was any inconsistency between the new treaty and the Treaty of Locarno, thus meeting the observations of the French government as to the necessity of extending the number of original signatories.

The decision to limit the original signatories to the powers named above, that is, to the United States, Japan, the parties to the Locarno treaties, the British Dominions and India, was based entirely upon practical considerations it was the desire of the United States that the negotiations be successfully concluded at the earliest possible moment and that the treaty become operative without the delay that would invitably result were prior universal acceptance made a condition precedent to its coming into force.

My government felt, moreover, that if these powers could agree uno na simple renunciation of war as an instrument of national policy there could be no doubt that most, if not all, of the other powers of the world would find the formula equally acceptable and would hasten to lend their unqualified support to so impressive a movement for the perpetuation of peace.

The United States has, however, been anxious from the beginning that no state should feel deprived of an opportunity to participate promptly in the new treaty and thus not only align itself formally and solemnly with this new manifestation of the popular demand for world peace, but also avail itself of the identical benefits enjoyed by the original signatories.

Accordingly in the draft treaty proposed by it the United States made specific provision for participation in the treaty by any and every power desiring to identify itself herewith, and this same provision is found in the definite instrument signed today in Paris.

Provision Made for Other Powers.

It will be observed also that the powers signing the treaty have recorded in the preamble their hope that every nation of the world will participate in the treaty, and in that connection I am happy to be able to say that my government has already received from several governments informal indications that they are prepared to do so at the earliest moment. This convincing evidence of the world-wide interest and sympathy which the new treaty has evoked is most gratifying to all the governments concerned.

In these circumstances I have the honor formally to communicate to your excellency for your consideration and for the approval of your government if it concurs therein the text of the above-mentioned treaty as signed today in Paris, omitting only that part of the preamble which names the several plenipotentiaries. The text is as follows:

[Here follows the text of the treaty.]

The provisions regarding ratification and adherence are, as your excellence will observe, found in the third and last article.

That article provides that the treaty shall take effect as soon as the ratification of all the powers named in the preamble shall have been deposited in Washington, and that it shall be open to adherence by all the other powers of the world, instruments evidencing such adherence to be deposited in Washington also.

Any power desiring to participate in the treaty may thus exercise the right to adhere thereto and my government will be happy to receive at any time appropriate notices of adherence from those governments wishing to contribute to the success of this new movement for world peace by bringing their peoples within its beneficent scope.

It will be noted in this connection that the treaty expressly provides that when it has once come into force it shall take effect immediately between an adhering power and the other parties thereto, and it is therefore clear that any government adhering promptly will fully share in the benefits of the treaty at the very moment it comes into effect.

I shall shortly transmit for your excellency's convenient reference a printed pamphlet containing the text in translation of M. Briand's original proposal to my government of June 20, 1927, and the complete record of the subsequent diplomatic correspondence on the subject of a multilateral treaty for the renunciation of war. I shall also transmit, as soon as received from my government, a certified copy of the signed treaty.

• • •

New Anti-U. S. S. R. Move.

GENEVA, Aug. 29 (UP).—A Polish demand for a reservation in the convention providing for control of government and private production of arms was accepted today by the League of Nations Commission drafting the convention.

A clause was incorporated exempting all Russian border states from the terms of the convention until Russia ratifies it.

• • •

U. S. S. R. Terms Parley "Fake."

GENEVA, Switzerland, Aug. 29. —Following the note of Maxim Litvinov, Peoples Commissar for Foreign affairs of the Soviet Union, that his government would not participate in the conference for the control of the private manufacture of arms, Count Von Bernstorff, of Germany, president of the commission, declared that it was inadvisable to hold an international conference on this question now.

Litvinov's telegram declared that since the League of Nations had done nothing towards the solution of the problem of the real disarmament, the Soviet Union could not co-operate. The telegram insisted that urgent steps should be taken to avoid the risk of future wars and said that an attempt to supervise the production of armaments is calculated merely to mislead public opinion by holding forth false hopes of real disarmament.

The United States delegate urged that all facts pertaining to the armaments of the powers be published, but the Japanese representatives urged that the details of warship armaments should not be published.

WORKERS REBEL AGAINST FASCIST RULE IN ITALY

Unemployed in Many Armed Uprisings

(Special to the Daily Worker)

THE ITALIAN FRONTIER, Aug. 6 (By Mail).—Collisions between groups of desperate unemployed workers and police or fascist militia have been on the increase lately Land workers and the poor peasants have also begun to demonstrate against the authorities.

It has just become known (the censorship succeeded in holding the affair secret until now), that armed masses of peasants and land workers marched to the Podesta in the Boara Pisana, in the province of Padua, at the end of April and demanded work. The Podesta gave a negative and provocative answer. Thereupon the demonstrators attacked the building and wounded the Podesta. The militia was alarmed and shot into the masses, killing four peasants and wounding many more. A number of fascists were also wounded.

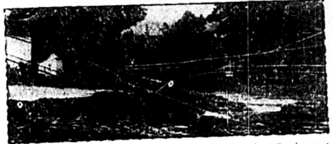
Unemployed Rebel.

Unemployment has increased greatly recently, and due to the inability of the fascist officials to provide work, there have been numerous rebellions. One instance is that of the rebellion at Caporetto, where workers of Buia had been recently transferred, which led to the uprising of the unemployed. When all the workers united against the authorities, the fascist militia attacked the demonstrators brutally, wounded many, and made many arrests.

In the industrial district around Trieste violent demonstrations of unemployed and destitute workers have taken place. The fascist authorities arrested several hundred workers and exiled them to islands. Amongst the deported workers are the fathers of 3, 4 and more children.

In Biella armed fascists attacked the peasants who were returning from the market, robbing them of 20,000 lira. When a number of workers and peasants protested they were arrested. In Prognere Onoglia the peasants demonstrated against the Podesta, a former colonel, on account of the man's constant chicaneries. The indignation of the population was so great that he had to be replaced.

Where Up-State Farmers Suffered Loss



Washout of bridge where the waters of the Roundout Creek swept human life, animals, and structures of all kinds before them in the r downward rush after heavy rains caused a flood.

BETHLEN BEGS WALL ST. HELP

Is Alarmed at Karolyi Visit

Continued from Page One

true reactionary nature of the Hungarian regime.

Count Karolyi will arrive here Saturday on his way from Mexico.

• • •

Anti-Horthy League Meeting.

On the occasion of the arrival of Count Michael Karolyi of Hungary the Anti-Horthy League, with the co-operation of many other Hungarian organizations, will hold a monster demonstration on Saturday, September 1, at noon, at the Wall St. Pier. Sunday evening, September 2, the League will hold a mass meeting at which Count Karolyi will be the main speaker.

On the statement issued by Premier Bethlen of Hungary through the New York Times, the Anti-Horthy League made the following comment:

"Count Bethlen regrets the loss which has been caused by the Rumanian army of occupation, but he remains silent over the fact that it was precisely he and Count Perenyi who had ordered the Rumanian troops against the workers of Hungary.

"Count Bethlen asks for help from America, but he does not say that he wants help for a government which has killed over six thousand workers, Jews and liberals.

"The Anti-Horthy League at the demonstration on Saturday and at its mass meeting on Sunday will expose the actions of the Hungarian government to the American public. At the same time it will also protest against the actions of the state department, which has refused a visa to Count Karoyli while it has made possible the entry to this country of the agents of the Horthy regime."

POLISH-RUMANIA ALLIANCE SEEN

VIENNA, Aug. 29 (UP).—Joseph Pilsudski, the Polish statesman, has arrived at Constantza to visit the Roumanian royal family, a dispatch from Bucharest said today.

It was reported the visit was in connection with preliminary negotiations for a Polish Roumanian Alliance.

Lost Curtis Airmen are Found Burned to Death

BOMB DAMAGES THEATRE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29 (UP).—Damage estimated at $10,000 was caused in a bomb explosion at the Tarthnon Theatre, in Berwyn, this morning. Doors were demolished and windows broken.

WHAT I SAW IN CHINA
By TOM MANN
10 cents

THE "grand old man" of the British Labor movement tells of his experiences in revolutionary China after a six months' stay with the International Workers' Delegation.

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As the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party stand for the emancipation of the proletariat from the slavery of capitalism, from the horrors of imperialist war, unemployment and poverty, work and vote for Communism. Read The DAILY WORKER. Read the National Platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. Write for it to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City. Ten cents a copy.

Take the
DAILY WORKER
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Vacation

Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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These will be red letter days of the biggest event of the year.

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will be the place for this stupendous expression of proletarian effort and initiative.

EVERY PARTY UNIT from New York to Seattle, from Maine to Texas, every workingclass organization sympathetic with the revolutionary movement, every class conscious worker on the job. Here is what you should do:

ELECT A BAZAAR COMMITTEE to gather articles. Solicit ads for the souvenir program at $75 per page. No workingclass organization should fail to register itself in this manner by taking all or part of a page. No Workers Party Unit should be missing. Gather names for the Red Honor Roll at one dollar a name.

Fall in line to make the Red Bazaar the biggest success of the year.

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Packing House Workers Fight Back Armour Company Terror, Correspondent Says

HANduOTS

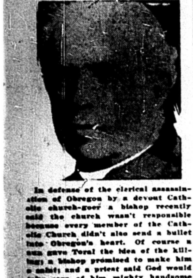
If you happen to be a worker and a picket you know that you can't look at a cop with an expression that might suggest dissatisfaction or you are liable to be deposited in a calaboose charged with violation of any ordinance the number of which the cop happens to remember, from inciting to riot to committing a nuisance. However, if you happen to have political pull you can causually bump off your enemies and get nothing worse than eulogies in the capitalist press.

* * *

In Chicago, where the papers hold up their editions for the daily killing, Benny Zion has just been shot to death. Benny was killed because he was wanted as a witness in the killing of di Bernado. Di Bernardo was killed because he was wanted as a witness in the killing of Octavius Granady and so on. In Chicago, if you have only dimly seen a shooting through the corner of your eye you had best go home immediately and start putting your affairs in order.

* * *

Devout Double-crosser



In defense of the clerical assassination of Obregon by a devout Catholic church-goer a bishop recently said the church wasn't responsible because every member of the Catholic Church didn't also send a bullet into Obregon's heart. Of course a nun gave Toral the idea of the killing; a bishop promised to make him a saint; and a priest said God would take care of him mighty handsome after he died. From this it might be gathered that Toral was at least influenced by the church. Such poppycock! When a priest bludgeons an ignorant church-goer into turning over his all he does it in the name of the church, although the money is spent on an individual belly. Above is Mora y del Rio, Archbishop of Mexico, who has now cheated Toral out of his promised bliss after death by saying he will have to pay a visit to purgatory.

* * *

Shameful tactics on the part of God Almighty have just been noted in Winston-Salem, North Carolina. George W. Blakely, a sexton, was ringing the bell to call the workers to his church, where he intended to tell them, as usual, that if they put enough in the collection plate God would cooperate with them in the matter of more wages and shorter hours, when suddenly the bell fell down and killed the sexton.

* * *

The equality of opportunity for which America is supposed to be famous actually exists only among those citizens who occupy the cemeteries. And even to attain this equality members of the working and capitalist classes make use of divergent methods. For instance last week Barney Depoka, who had been hunting for a job for 20 days stood in front of a Child's restaurant watching the girl turn flap jacks. He fell down, at last, starved to death. On the other hand any doctor will tell you that the principal cause of death among the rich is over-eating.

M. C. H.

Train Worker Killed in Canton Collision

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 29 (UP).—One trainman was killed and another injured today when a passenger train of the Pennsylvania Railroad, bound for Chicago, crashed into a large casting which was projecting from a freight train on a parallel track.

R. D. Shreeve, 35, of Pittsburgh, fireman on the passenger engine engine, was fatally injured. He died a few minutes later.

Charles Greese, 36, engineer, also of Pittsburgh, was injured. He brought the passenger train to a stop after the engine had struck the casting.

PREPARATION FLIGHT

LAKEHURST, N. J., Aug. 29 (UP).—The U. S. naval dirigible Los Angeles left the naval air station today for a short training flight over New Jersey. There were 48 officers and men aboard, in command of Lieutenant-Commander H. V. Wiley.

SEEK LOST PLANE

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Aug. 29 (UP).—Coast guard patrol boats entered Discovery Bay today to search for the missing Vancouver-Seattle airplane which is thought to have sunk Saturday with either six or seven persons aboard.

STRONG EARTHQUAKE FELT

SAN SALVADOR, Aug. 29 (UP). —A strong earthquake of prolonged duration was felt early today. Inhabitants were greatly alarmed, but no damage was reported.

STAGE PROTEST ON SYNDICALIST LAW OFFENSIVE

Police Seize Many at Sacco-Vanzetti Meet

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KANSAS CITY (By Mail).—The first attack of the packing house bosses led by Armour Company against the packing house workers has been successfully beaten back.

The Workers (Communist) Party nucleus in the Armour plant the following day issued a statement to the workers of all the packing houses explaining to them the meaning of the attack upon the Communist Party and the arrest of Communist speakers who were addressing a meeting of the Armour workers. The statement of the nucleus was enthusiastically greeted. At the Cudahy plant the bosses called up the police station, asking to arrest the distributors of the leaflets. However, when the two policemen came they failed to arrest and stop the distribution due to the fact that the workers in spite of the rain surrounded the distributor asking for the leaflets.

More Persecution.

When Hugo Oehler got out from prison, on August 22, he was invited to speak at a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting by the International Labor Defense. The meeting was held in Shawnee Park at Armourdale. The police surrounded the meeting and after Oehler was through the police arrested him and thirteen more persons. Among the arrested were the secretary of the I. L. D., E. B. Eastwood, Dr. Nelson, S. Youkum, Sam Kassin, Matthew Cushing and a half dozen of packing house workers. The police also arrested two mothers with their children and only after a vehement protest on the ground that the children were sick did the police release the mothers. The arrested were brought to the city jail and placed under $500 bail on the charge of vagrancy. One of the mothers who was originally arrested made the following statement:

"I have listened to the speeches telling the wrong done to Sacco and Vanzetti. I did not believe all of it could be true. The raid of the police at the meeting convinced me that everything is possible. I never believed that in democratic America the police would hold up a public meeting and rather kidnap than arrest so many people."

The police surrounded the meeting for a two-fold purpose:

Police Are Armour Spies.

First it was in line with the policy of the Armour Company to intimidate and terrorize the workers and thus keep them from organization. Second, the Armour and other companies are anxious to spot the members of the Workers (Communist) Party nucleus of the packing houses. Particularly were the police anxious to discover Armour workers. However, they failed miserably. The workers are as defiant as ever. The terror of the company failed to intimidate the workers.

When the Armour Company discovered that its campaign fell flat it began to further conspire against the workers. Thursday the assistant county attorney issued warrants for Hugo Oehler, Dr. Nelson S. Yokum, E. B. Eastwood and Sam Kassin under the Kansas State Syndicalist Law. They were released on $500 bond each.

The International Labor Defense is calling a conference of all labor, fraternal and liberal organizations for Friday, August 31, at the Musicians Hall, 1017 Washington St.

—M. C.

MELBOURNE, Australia, Aug. 29 (UP)—Experts predicted today that the wheat yield will be 150,000,000 bushels. Prospects were excellent in all states.

LONDON, Aug. 29 (UP).—Pilot Sidney Stevens was killed in the crash of a royal air force training plane at Abu Sueir, Egypt, the government announced today.

Be a Worker Correspondent!

The Worker Correspondent

FUNDS TO SUPPORT RED DRIVE URGENT

No urgent appeals for ten-dollar and fifty-dollar contributions come from the headquarters of the democratic and republican parties. The plutes don't bother with "chicken feed." The contributions come in big wads. A $50,000 donation from a DuPont for Al Smith's campaign or a $20,00 donation from a Lamont for the Hoover treasure chest is worth a front-page story, but even those big sums are lost in the $20,000,000 kitty that the two parties of plunder and pillage are collecting for the greatest vote-buying campaign in the history of the United States.

The Workers (Communist) Party is collecting a $100,000 fund to carry the message of the class struggle to the exploited masses. It is a lot of money in the eyes of the working class. But it is not so much after all. A Tammany grafter could make as much on one juicy sewer contract. And a republican burglar could make ten times as much from the proceeds of an oil deal.

Rousing Campaign.

But to the Workers (Communist) Party it means a rousing campaign that will cover the industrial and agricultural areas of the United States with propaganda, by word of mouth and literature.

There are hundreds of Communist sympathizers who can afford to contribute ten dollars, twenty dollars, fifty dollars, perhaps one hundred dollars, and there may be a few that can write checks for one thousand each and not starve. If there be such, let them come across now and take their dividends in the satisfaction of helping to bring nearer the day when this world will no longer be an exploiting hell, the paradise of the parasite-owning class and an inferno for the exploited producing classes.

Aid Drive.

The National Election Campaign Committee bases its appeal for funds on the comparatively small contributions of the many. If the thousands of members of the Workers (Communist) Party and the scores of thousands of sympathizers would contribute directly or indirectly $5 each, we would not bother our readers with any more election fund appeals, but our campaign activity would show the result of the financial stimulus.

There is in front of the writer as he clicks the typewriter keys a pile of contributions at least one foot high. They all came in the last two days. This shows that the financial tide is rising. But its tempo must be increased several hundred per cent, if we are to make the kind of a campaign we want to make. Lack of money is always a shackle on the limbs of a revolutionary party, and the Workers (Communist) Party is no exception.

Substantial Proof.

Money can be collected for the Communist Campaign Fund without much trouble. Here is some proof: Comrade Kobel of the Estonian Workers' Club walked into the headquarters of the National Election Campaign Committee, at 43 East 125th St., a few days ago and walked away with a subscription list and ten books of Vote Communist stamps. Today he walked in with $19.50—$9.50 on the list and the balance the proceds of the sale of the ten books. When he left he carried with him five subscription lists and 25 books of Vote Communist stamps.

The South Slavic fraction in Youngstown, Ohio, sends in $10 for the Communist Election Campaign with a note saying that this is only a beginning.

Jack Kizer from the National Home for Disabled Soldiers in Leavenworth, Kansas, manages to collect a dollar now and then for leaflets, posters and stamps.

And a worker who has been unemployed for six months sends $2, saying: "This is my contribution to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund. Although unemployed for six months, I send this as the 'duty' of a class-conscious worker in the food industry."

A Hungarian worker, who remembers the role played by the Workers (Communist) Party in the textile strike of Passaic, sends $5 for the Election Fund

"Please find enclosed $2. I would send more but I am an old man now. I spent my best years in the I. L. P." (Independent Labor Party of Great Britain), writes a veteran from Cleveland, Ohio.

Auto Worker.

And a speed-up worker from the Studebaker plant in South Bend, Indiana, donates $2 to the campaign and sends $3 for campaign platforms. "Maybe I can sell some of them," he says, "and send a little more money later. I have been collecting and donating some to the Miners Relief, and it is hard in the Studebaker shop for one man to always keep on with some agitation and not get canned."

Contribute Now!

Only a few of the hundreds of letters received each week can be published because of lack of space. Young and old, native and foreign-born workers are realizing the importance of the Communist campaign, and they are contributing to make it as effective as possible by helping to supply the financial sinews of war.

Contribute now to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund. Make all checks and money orders payable to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer, National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

City-wide Strike of Taxi Drivers Looms; Union Meets Tonight

Continued from Page One

consider the system of compelling them to speed up their cars in order to get more passengers and of signing a waiver to their rights under the state workmen's compensation act in case of injury or death.

A vigorous battle will also be made against the Hack Bureau, which, they charge, is discriminating against them by barring them from "cruising" on Fifth Ave. and the theatrical district.

"No group of workers in Greater New York face greater hardships in making a living than the 50,000 taxicab chauffeurs who operate the 20,000 cabs in twenty-four hour service here," declared Charles Kroll, secretary of the union, yesterday.

SEARCH FOR FLIERS.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 29. (UP). —Wesley L. Smith, superintendent of the National Air Transport Co., left here in a Douglas mail plane early today for Ithaca, N. Y., to take part in the search for Edward P. Ronne, manager of the Buffalo airport, and M. M. Merrill of Mineola.

LABOR DEFENSE HELPS CANTON STEEL STRIKERS

Six Face Deportation Charges

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CANTON, Ohio (By Mail).—Though but a little more than a week old the strike of 400 chippers and 100 grinders of the Central Alloy Steel Company of Canton is experiencing some of the brutality that is usually meted out to workers who dare to strike against the miserable wages and terrible conditions which the employers try to force upon them.

Fifteen of the strikers already face charges ranging from suspicion to deportation. Thus the mill owners are trying to intimidate the strikers and expect to bring them back to work.

However, when the bosses had brought about twelve arrests and the men were charged and released on bonds the highest of which was set at $500, they began to think that something else must be done. As one of them said, "these damn strikers get out of jail just as fast as we put them in." So they decided to order higher bond. When three men were brought to the police station Friday morning on "suspicion" because a scab said he was afraid they might beat him up, the judge ordered them charged and set bail at $150 each. But no sooner had they been taken down stairs to the lock-up when one of the company cops appeared in court, had a conversation with the judge and immediately the bond was raised to $1500.

This, the bosses thought, would keep them in jail and discourage the others. But the mill owners forgot to take into consideration the fact that there is an I. L. D. and that the I. L. D. functions in smaller cities like Canton just as well as in the larger cities. The I. L. D. got on the job and in a few hours the men were again at liberty and went straight from jail to their strike meeting elated over the fact that an organization of workers which they had never heard of before arranged to sign their bonds, thus allowing them to get back on the picket lines.

—F. C.

100,000 Workers in Haiti Face Starvation

PORT AU PRINCE, Haiti, Aug. 29.—Following wide devastation due to a recent hurricane in Haiti, over 100,000 workers and peasants are faced with starvation. All animals and crops were killed by the terrific storms sweeping the country. The resources of the Haitian government, drained by United States imperialist interests and the Borno administration, are insufficient to help the people.

AIDS SUGAR BARONS.

HAVANA, Aug. 28 (UP).—President Machado today signed a decree permitting Cuban sugar centrals to sell the remainder of their 1927-28 crop to any country of the world, instead of to the United States alone, the only restriction being that the sugar for countries other than the United States be sold through the Sugar Export Corporation, a government organization.

TEMPTING "PROVIDENCE."

LONDON, Aug. 29 (UP).—The Prince of Wales attempted a new form of thrill today. With his brother, Prince Henry, he paid a surprise visit to the Rugby wireless station and climbed the towering mast. It is 850 feet high and reputed to be the tallest in the world.

FRENCH VILLAGE BURNS.

MOUTIERS, France, Aug. 29 (UP).—Fire destroyed 26 houses and 21 barns with their contents in the village of St. Martin de Belleville last night. Sixteen families were made homeless. The loss was 1,000,000 francs.

'Goin Home' Splendidly Acted and Well Presented at Hudson

Barbara Bulgatov

RANSOM RIDEOUT'S "Goin' Home," a play about relationship between the Negro and white races, is now at the Hudson Theatre. It has a fine first act, in which the problem is posed. Israel Du Bois, acted by Richard Hale, is a New Orleans Negro, servant to the white land-owning Powell family, who has been stranded in France in 1914, has joined the French Senegalese battalion, and among those wild fighters, as yet filled with a spirit of savage independence, not realizing that they are pawns of French imperialism, has recovered to some extent from his feeling of humble subservience.

Wounded and retired from the army, Israel has married a French girl, Lise (part taken by the talented Barbara Bulgakov) and runs a cafe in a seaport town, from which, just at the end of the war, American troops are disembarking for the voyage home.

The general atmosphere is not bad at first. The drunken military police, cursing France and all future war, open the first scene. The wildly hilarious American Negro stevedores, dressed in uniform so that they can be forced to work for army wages in France instead of drawing real pay, are caricatured and burlesqued, however. Still, there is a general feeling made apparent that war is done forever, and a general agreement that if there is another war, the thing will have to run without them. They sing "Over There" meaning over there in America. They sing "Mademoiselle from Armentiers," only some verses of course, but it is a song which casts reflections on the personal purity and courage of the general officers of the A. E. F. They gamble, drink and dance.

Israel wants to go home, but has been afraid to tell his white French wife the real reason why he cannot.

This woman, represented as entirely venal, strikes up a flirtation with Major Powell (acted by Russell Hicks), commanding a battalion of Negro troops, who comes to the cafe to get drunk before embarking for America. When he finds she is married to a Negro, he shows her with a gory description of a lynching just what Southerners would do to any "black basterd" that dared to marry a white woman, and what they would do to her. His first reaction is that she has been tricked into a marriage with a "Nigger" and that he must save her. She is willing because she is furious at Du Bois for not telling her of the servant status of Negroes in America.

When the major, coming out of Lise's room to which she has rather crudely enticed him, really finds who has married Lise, he becomes just as determined to rescue Lise from his abominable miscegenation, taking the attitude that this vile and filthy French woman has trapped him, and is ruining him. He is no longer a "Good Nigger" but he is an old servant of the American master class, and the major will stand by him.

Israel makes a gesture of manhood, when he demands an accounting of the major of his relations to "my wife." The major, still drunk, is about to pulverize him, when Simba Sar (Clarence Redd), an old comrade in arms of Israel's, cuts in to defend him. Simba Sar is the complete foil to the American Negro slave, a fine upstanding barbarian, proud and courageous. After a fast fight, he is about to cut the major's throat for him, when Israel goes slave again, and shoots, not the major, but Simba Sar.

The contrast between the crawling slave psychology of Israel and his fellows and the barbaric manliness of the African is well brought out, but with an emphasis of sympathy and approval for Israel.

The last act shows the major "proving" over and over again (in ways that would never happen in real life) that he has a right to be master; that he knows what is best for the "Nigger" and convincing even Jim, an American Negro soldier who has mustered up the spirit to desert, that the best thing to do is to go along back home, and be a "good Nigger," and "stay in his place."

HERBERT CLARK

In "The Money Lender," a new play by Roy Horniman which opened Monday night at the Ambassador Theatre.

The play closes on the note struck by Israel, at about the time his nerve leaves him: "Life is a deep river, nobody knows where it comes from or where it goes, and don't you dare to swim against the current."

The play is almost perfect master class propaganda, ingenious enough to recognize the elements of justice on the side of the oppressed Negroes, and overcoming this evident argument of the suppressed races by a final exaltation of the master class virtues of the Powells and their kind. It is not a pro-war play, it might be called almost a pacifist preachment. It follows closely the line of thought of the average Southerner, who was, on returning to America, quite outspoken in his regret that he had to fight the Germans instead of the "rotten French Niggah lovers."

It is so well presented, and so well acted that one hesitates to quibble over minor inaccuracies, such as the Negroes in the cafe singing a "Carry Me Back" song ("Back to Ole' Virginia" in this case, I think, anyway one of those pseudo-Negro jingles such as no Negro ever indulges in). Some of the finer propaganda points are of course, the tacit assumption that a French woman who would marry a Negro with the Crois de Guerre must be an ignoramus and a prostitute, the sympathetic treatment of the French commandant who helps the major take Israel back to America, though of course he "don't understand Niggers," and the story of the friendship of the major for his boyhood companion, even though a "Nigger."—V. S.

1 KILLED, 6 HURT IN CRASH.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 29 (UP)—One person was killed and six other passengers in a sightseeing motor bus were injured near here late yesterday when the bus rolled down an embankment after collision with an other automobile.

PIONEERS AID STRIKING COAL MINERS RELIEF

Worker Children Show Class Solidarity

LUMBERVILLE, Pa. (By Mail). When the news of the severe crisis that the miners are in at the present time reached the children in the Young Pioneer Camp of Philadelphia, everyone immediately began to think as to what would be the best way of raising money to help the miners and to show solidarity with them. Every suggestion was treated with open arms, but it was not until one worker's child got up and said, "Comrades, why shouldn't we contribute at least two deserts, that is all the campers should miss the deserts from the two meals and the money that would have gone to pay for them should be sent to the miners?"

As soon as this brief declaration was finished gigantic applauce from the assembled hundred campers gathered in the dining room made clear their assent to the suggestion. Besides the money contributed from the desert, the campers also gave money from their private spending accounts. Totalling up to twenty-five dollars in all, the solidarity of the workers' children with the miners was announced. Some money was also contributed by adults from Camp Huliet.

This action is not significant as aid in the strike, especially in this crisis, but as an announcement of the fact that the workers' children are in the class struggle, and in it to stay.

Chicago Musicians Get Wage Increase

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—Chicago union musicians today won a boost in pay from $77 a week to $90. The Theater Managers' Association signed a two-year contract with the union.

Extra musicians and players in burlesque houses also won salary increases.

TOMBS ONE OF WORST JAILS.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 29.—A special congressional committee today named the Federal Cuyahoga County jail here, the Tombs prison in New York, the Moyanensing prison, Philadelphia, and the Omaha jail the four worst in the United States.

STEEL PIECES.

BERWICK, Pa., Aug. 29.—William Breece, 60, a punch press operator, was still alive after surgeons had removed a piece of steel that had injured his heart.

Breece was at work when the piece of steel entered his side.

AMUSEMENTS

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER IN ITS REVISED FORM?
CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:25 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

HUDSON West 44 St. Eves. at 8:30 Mats. Sat. and Mon. at 2:30
"Goin' Home"
"Vivid and unfailingly exciting."
—Alison Smith, World.

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With SYBIL THORNDIKE
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Hoover and Smith Accept the Nomination......BEN GITLOW
Politics and the Fly-Hunt......M. J. OLGIN
The Presidential Elections of 1928......ARNE SWABECK
Obregon Assassinated......JANET CORK
A Reply to Eastman's "Marx, Lenin and the Revolution" A. CHIK
Notes on American Literature......JOSEPH FREEMAN
Self-Study Corner (Tactical Questions in the Struggle Against War)
Book Reviews

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Injured Victims of I.R.T. Smash-Up Charge Company Refuses to Pay Hospital Bills

DECEIT, DURESS USED TO COMPEL 'SETTLEMENTS'

Dist. Atty. Opens His "Investigation"

The Interborough Rapid Transit Co. was yesterday charged by victims of the wreck at Times Square for which it was responsible last Friday night with refusing to pay the hospital bills of the workers injured in the crash, many of them incapacitated for life. Victims of the wreck and relatives of some of the 17 workers killed also told of visits from I. R. T. lawyers, and other I. R. T. agents, in which threats were made that if immediate settlements, suitable to the I. R. T. were not made, no money at all might be forthcoming to the victims of the wreck. The agents hinted that the company "might go bankrupt."

"$100 or Nothing."

Daniel Hagerty, a victim of the wreck, who received serious injuries to the back, yesterday said that he had been offered $100 by a claim agent of the Interborough who hinted that he would receive nothing if the I. R. T. should go bankrupt. Hagerty, and other victims charged that the I. R. T. agents had visited them while they were in extreme pain, and sought to trick them into signing agreements while they were not in condition to clearly realize what they were doing. Hagerty and the other victims approached by the company agents refused to sign.

Mrs. William Mitchell, of 30 W. 82nd St., whose husband was so seriously injured in the disaster that he must remain in a hospital for three months or more, yesterday stated that the I. R. T. had refused to pay a week's hospital bill of $28 for her husband. Mitchell was a waiter, and is unable to pay the hospital charges. He will never be able to resume work, doctors stated.

Threats Made.

Alice Palange, 22, a clerk, whose foot was fractured and who received internal injuries, told of being approached by an I. R. T. agent and being warned that she would do better to settle with the company "while you have a chance." Another victim, Max Gomez, said that an I. R. T. agent had threatened to bring a physician employed by the I. R. T. around to examine him.

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Banton Opens Quiz.

Questioning of witnesses of the wreck was begun today by District Attorney Banton. He has already received the "reports" of the city police and the transit commission "investigators" as to the cause of the smash-up.

In the report of the transit commission it was said that there was no evidence that the accident had been caused by a defective wheel on the fatal ninth car of the underground train. Instead, the report found that it was more likely that someone had manipulated the switch as the train was passing.

That this is part of the deliberate frame-up which the Interborough is now perfecting against three of its employes in an effort to shake itself from criminal responsibility is now clearly seen. These workers are William E. Baldwin, maintenance foreman and his helper, Joseph Carr, and Harry King, a towerman. Baldwin is now free under $10,000 bail charged with homicide.

BURKE TO GO ON CAMPAIGN TOUR

Will Arrange Meetings in 12 Cities

Continued from Page One

state where workers will be able in many instances to hear Comrade Minor, and other Communist speakers, for the first time.

Donald Burke, having surrendered the "Red" Essex to George Pearlman for use in the New Jersey campaign, will cover the state by train. He will speak at street meetings, many of them before factory gates at noon hour, sell literature and solicit funds in support of the Party campaign.

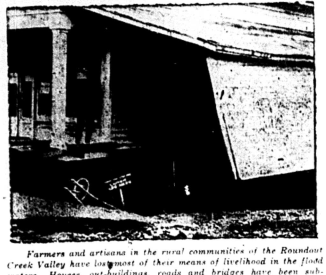
Burke will leave next Tuesday, Sept. 4, making Poughkeepsie his first stop. His itinerary includes Hudson, Troy, Albany, Schenectady, Utica, Rochester, Syracuse, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Binghamton, and Ithaca.

Members and sympathizers of the Workers (Communist) Party in these cities are urged to render whole-hearted assistance in making this preliminary tour a success—thereby ensuring the success of the much more important tour to follow. Definite dates for each city will be announced soon.

NEGRO HITS HOOVER

CHICAGO, Aug. 29 (UP).—Armand Scott, Washington, D. C., Negro attorney, told 25,000 members of the Improved Order of Elks, a Negro organization in convention here, that "I for one never again will support the policies of President Coolidge and I know that many Negroes believe that way."

Wreckage in New York State Flood Area



Farmers and artisans in the rural communities of the Roundout Creek Valley have lost most of their means of livelihood in the flood waters. Houses, out-buildings, roads and bridges have been submerged and planted areas are under water. Farm animals have been drowned or temporarily dispersed.

"RESERVATIONS" IN THE "PEACE" TREATY

By GEORG (Berlin)

The answers of the governments to the United States have all been despatched, so that all may arm themselves for the ceremonious signing of the "Treaty to Outlaw War" in Paris.

This treaty to outlaw war has a rather involved and long history. On the alleged suggestions of American pacifists, the French minister for foreign affairs, Briand, in June of last year made the proposal to the Washington government to conclude a reciprocal Franco-American pact of permanent peace. Briand thought by such a gesture to gain the good-will of American creditors and perhaps also a rearguard against England, and to make a cheap pacifist show in order to weaken in Geneva the impression of French sabotage of disarmament.

To this Kellogg replied in the name of the United States government with a counter-proposal that a "Treaty for Perpetual Peace" should be arranged not merely between France and the United State, but between the United States and the five other big capitalist powers. The American proposal was not merely a pacifist gesture as election propaganda for the republican party in office. Dollar imperialism went much farther and undertook an attack on the organization and alliance systems of the other powers. The thrust was directed, on the one hand, against the League of Nations, which Great Britain is manipulating for its policy of power, and, on the other hand, against the network of French alliances. The United States proposed the formation of a new system, the center of gravity of which should lie in the United States. The dollar government was to become the supreme judge in every conflict.

France, caught in its own net of pacifist hypocrisy and out-maneuvered by Washington, responded with a list of conditions and reservations, due regard for which was stated to be an essential preliminary to its signing a treaty. The sense of the French reservations was as follows: France can renounce neither its military alliances nor the support of the League of Nations. France will sign no treaty by means of which the United States can forbid it to enter into a war. For this reason, Briand withdrew behind the formula "Right of Defense"; furthermore, the war obligations arising out of the Convenant of the League of Nations, the Treaty of Locarno and the various French military alliances were not to be influenced by the proposed treaty.

This exposure on the part of France of its own "pacifism" was very opportune for the Washington government. Over the head of the Paris government it now appealed to all the big capitalist powers for their support of the pact. In doing so, the United States counted upon the possibility of playing the powers off against one another.

In view of the paramount conflict between England and America, the English government endeavored from that moment to bring about a united front of all the powers against the United States. In the negotiations now beginning with France the Anglo-French front has actually come into being. In order to gain the support of France against Washington, the London government adopted Briand's reservations and supplemented them with the particular English demand that America should recognize as "special English spheres of influence" certain parts of the world, such as Egypt, Arabia, the Persian Gulf, i.e., should grant England a guarantee equal in value to the American Monroe Doctrine.

In its answer Washington either passed over the French and English reservations in silence or refused to include them in the text of the treaty. The original American draft was retained, although "explanations" were offered, not, however, to be incorporated in the treaty and, consequently, not legally binding.

This trump card played by dollar imperialism caused England and France to retreat. In their latest notes, despatched last week, they still insist formally on their "reservations," but they declare themselves prepared to sign the American text unaltered. They make out as if they are under the impression that America acknowledges their standpoint.

Accordingly there arises the grotesque situation, so stigmatizing for imperialistic hypocrisy, that they will sign a treaty, the text of which will be "interpreted" differently by each signatory. Their differences remain unchanged. It might be asked why this scrap of paper should be signed at all. In the first place, to fool the workers with pacifist phrases. On this point all the signatories are in agreement. In the second place, each of the signatories is thinking of his own special position. Under serious circumstances, the United States is strong enough to snap its fingers at the European "reservations" and to interpret the pact in the American sense, i.e., to compel France and England to accept a dollar judgment, if no other means avail, then by means of ship's guns. But while still referring to the "pact," England and France have in the course of the pact-negotiations cemented their alliance more firmly, a fact which is of great importance for England on account of its war plans against the Soviet Union and its fight for power against the United States, while for France it is of great importance for England on retaining its supremacy in Europe over Germany. Germany has made use of the opportunity to ingratiate itself with America in order to acquire a support in the rear against France. None of them can refuse to sign; such an open demonstration against Washington would be too risky. Therefore, they are signing, but "with reservations."

These reservations, in part tacitly acknowledged by Washington, are such, however, that even bourgeois-liberal newspapers are asking whether war is now really "outlawed and prohibited," as the reservations and exceptions can easily be interpreted to admit of any war.

The pact has still another very serious aspect: The Soviet Union has been completely excluded from the negotiations. This diplomatic boycott alone bears witness to a capitalist world solidarity against the Workers' State, which is regarded as being outside of the "moral world." Nay, more, there exists between American and England a tacit understanding that war against the Soviet Union is "not outlawed." Thus the pact outlaws not war, but the Soviet Union! Or, as the liberal "Manchester Guardian" expresses it, "Chamberlain suggests that all members of the League of Nations be invited to sign the pact. Critics in Paris remark that through this suggestion the universality of the pact is dropped. For this suggestion means that not only Egypt and the Monroe territories but also Russia would be drawn into the zone in which military operations are sanctioned."

Armenian Picnic Will Donate Part of Funds to Communist Fund

East Van Cortlandt Park, next Sunday, will be the scene of the Armenian picnic for the benefit of the Armenian Communist weekly, "Nor Ashkhar," and the Communist campaign fund.

An elaborate and diversified program has been arranged, to include native music and many forms of dancing. The peak of the program will be reached when the Freiheit Singing Society will give a number of its well-known selections.

Refreshments will be served, the chief of which will be real Armenian "shashlik" and an Armenian beverage whose nature is unrevealed.

The picnic is open to all class-conscious workers, whether their antecedents are Armenian or Abyssinian. The program arrangements committee promises an extraordinarily good time to all.

STRICT CENSOR IN YUGOSLAVIA; RUMOR REVOLTS

Troops Held Ready by Belgrade

VIENNA, Austria, Aug. 29.—While a strict censorship enforced by the Belgrade government prohibits news of the Croatian and Dalmatian movement for autonomy from leaking across the border, meager reports received here indicate that the Yugoslav police are moving against the leaders of the Croatian Peasant Party and that all workers' and peasants' demonstrations in Dalmatia and Zagreb are being ruthlessly suppressed.

A few days ago officials of the Belgrade government announced that they would proceed against Dr. Vlado Matchek, president of the Croatian party and Deputy Kremjebich, who headed the Croatian delegation to the inter-parliamentary congress in Berlin, where he appealed to the congress not to seat the Belgrado delegates since they did not represent Yugoslavia. The actual moves that the government have taken in this direction are not known, due to the efficiency of the censor.

Rumors that student and workers' demonstrations against the Belgrade hegemony are continuing to take place in Spalato in spite of police and gendarme obstruction, still persist.

Although it is known that the Croatian and democratic delegates are holding their coalition convention in Laibach and have indicated their support of Matchek, details concerning the convention are lacking.

The troops that were mobilized on the occasion of the death and burial of Stefan Raditch, in order to prevent any peasant uprisings, are still being kept in readiness by the Belgrade government. Liberal use, however, is reported to be made of them in the suppression of mass demonstrations, strikes and revolutionary organizations.

RED CAMPAIGN MEETS THIS WEEK

The Workers (Communist) Party will present to the workers of New York City its program of the class struggle at a series of open-air meetings throughout the city this week. The meetings follow:

Today.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth St. and St. Ann's—Le Roy, Cibulsky, Green (Pioneer).

One Hundred and Fortieth St. and 8th Ave., N. Y.—Shapiro, Joe Cohen.

Bryant and 174 St., Bronx—Nessin, Kastrell, Spiro, Gozigian, Berman (Pioneer).

Twenty-fifth St. and Mermaid Ave., Coney Island—Padgug, Lilianstein, Magliacano, Shafran.

Steinway and Jamaica, Astoria, L. I.—Schachtman, Abern, Vera Bush, Burke, Blake, Heder.

One Hundred and Sixth and Madison, N. Y.—Codkind, Schalz, Sumner, Brantz (Pioneer).

Osborn and Dumont Aves., Brooklyn—Benjamin, Rosemond, Kindred, Julius Cohen.

Tomorrow.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Ballam, Ross.

Bristol and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn—Lipzin, Pasternack, Alkin, G. Welsh, Levitt (Pioneer).

Fifth Ave. and 110th, N. Y.—Taft, Huiswood, E. Welsh, Ruiz, Lyons, Repalsky (Pioneer).

Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Wright, Friedman.

Varet and Graham, Brooklyn.—Nessin, Rosemond, Mindola.

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn (4th Ave. line, B.-M. T.)—Powers, Donaldson, Magliacano, Macdonald, Chalupski, J. Taft (Pioneer).

Paterson, N. J., (3 Governor St.)—Markoff, Russak.

Saturday, Sept. 1.

First Ave. and 79th St., N. Y.—Markoff, E Welsh, Napoli, Rolfe, Galiger.

West New York, N. J.—Padmore, Szepesey.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—B. Smith, L. Duke, Rosen (Pioneer).

Elizabeth, N. J. (Union Square)—Yusem, R. Duke.

Hundreds of Workers Fired as Ford Opens Plant in Manchester

LONDON, Aug. 29.—Hundreds of workers in Cork, Ireland, will be deprived of their jobs when Henry Ford moves his automobile factory to Manchester, England, as was announced at the meeting of the Cork Rotary Club here last night.

The Ford factory is being moved to escape the British duty of 22 2-9 per cent, which was aimed directly against the Ford car by British automobile interests. Most of the machinery has already been moved from Cork to Manchester.

British manufacturers have been hard hit by Ford competition and had succeeded in having parliament impose a high duty on the cars.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

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Downtown Y. W. L. Unit

An open air meeting of the Young Workers League, Downtown Unit No. 2 will be held today at 49th Street and 1st Avenue. Speakers will be Marie Duke, Rosen, Jensky, Len Richman, Fanny Rothman, Joe Harris, and Max Helfand.

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Y. W. L. Upper Bronx, Unit 1.

The Y. W. L. Unit 1 of Upper Bronx will hold an open air meeting at Intervale and Wilkins Ave., Bronx at 8.30 p. m. tomorrow. E. Wald, P. Green, S. Daniels will speak.

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Section 5, Campaign Conference.

A conference of all agitprop directors, all members of the campaign committee of each unit, all Daily Worker agents, all literature agents will take place today at 2075 Clinton Avenue at 8.30 p. m.

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Literature Agents Meet.

A meeting of the District Literature Committee and all Section Literature Agents of District 2 will be held today, 6 p. m. at 28 Union Square in the Workers Book Shop. Strict attendance is necessary.

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Section 5, Bronx.

All unit and section agitprop leaders, campaign committees, Daily Worker and literature agents and all comrades active in this election campaign must be present at a conference of the section today at 8 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Avenue.

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Important Notice.

All Party members are instructed to appear at Party Headquarters 26-28 Union Square, today at 6 p. m. for important Party work. Also on Saturday, September 1, at 1 p. m.

All comrades are instructed to turn in at once all money collected during last week's Tag Day and take another box or list for this week's collection.

—John J. Ballam, Acting Dist. Org.

• • •

Party Fraction Meeting.

A Party Fraction meeting will be held Wednesday, Sept. 5, at Party headquarters, 26-28 Union Square, at 8 p. m. of all Party members belonging to the United Council of Working Class Women and other women's organizations. Party members who are housewives must all come to the Fraction meeting. All active comrades, in language groups such as Lithuanian, Ukrainian, Finnish, Jewish, etc., etc., must attend this meeting.

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Y. W. L. German Branch, Yorkville.

The next meeting will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. at the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E81st Street. All German speaking young workers are invited to attend this meeting.

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Branch 2, Section 8 Meet.

A meeting of Branch 2, Section 8 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Sunday, at 9 a. m. at 154 Watkins St. After the meeting all members will go out to participate in the collection of signatures.

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Section 5, Bronx, Meet.

A special meeting of Branch 5 will be held today, 8.30 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. of the branch and section committees. Members elected will make further arrangements for the Bronx Red Banquet to be held Sunday, September 9, at the same address.

U. S. CUBA SUGAR MONOPOLY SEEN

HAVANA, Cuba, Aug. 29.—Sometime today or tomorrow, President Machado is expected to sign a decree restricting the sale of the sugar crop exclusively to the United States, except for 1,500,000 tons of raw sugar remaining from last year's crop which will be allowed to be sold by European companies. All sugar bound for other countries but the United States would have to be sold through the Sugar Export Corporation.

Interests are known to be working for an exclusive United States monopoly on the sugar crop.

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Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

• • •

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

• • •

Brownsville Sacco Meet.

The Brownsville branch of the I. L. D. will hold a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meet at 8 p. m. at Bristol St. and Pitkin Aves., Brooklyn.

• • •

Young Workers Social Club.

A membership meeting of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be held this evening at 8 p. m. Report from Comrade Hollander will be given at the meeting which will be held at 118 Bristol St.

• • •

"Would the Single Tax Abolish Economic Slavery" will be the subject of debate at the Ingersoll Forum 113 W57th St. next Sunday, September 2nd at 8 p. m. The debate will be between Timothy P. Murphy and George Lloyd. Affirmative by Lloyd. Negative by Murphy.

• • •

I. L. D. Open Air Meet

An open air meeting under the auspices of the International Labor Defense will be held tomorrow evening corner of Longwood and Prospect Aves. Bronx. The speakers will be Louis A. Baum, Secretary of the Photographic Workers Union, and S. Levy. I Brodowsky will act as chairman.

• • •

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

COAST ASSURED FOR U. S. CANAL

Colombian Puppets are Faithful

BOGOTA, Colombia, Aug. 29.—Nicaragua acquires the Mosquitia coast, which has been under dispute for the last twenty-five years by the Colombian and Nicaraguan companies, according to the treaty that was announced today by President Abadia.

Mosquitia is on the eastern coast of Nicaragua and is of primary importance to the United States government in view of the proposed Nicaragua canal which would cut through this territory. By granting the sovereignty of the Nicaraguan government over this territory, United States is assured of control according to the canal agreement entered into with Nicaragua.

As a recompense the Colombian government got the Providencia Archipelagio, which is off the Mosquitia coast about 100 miles from Nicaragua and 400 miles from Colombia. The Archipelagio offers no danger to the United States canal since it is located in shallow water which does not allow the approach of large vessels.

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DEMONSTRATION IN SEATTLE FOR CLASS VICTIMS

Centralia Victims' Release Demanded

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 29.—A mass demonstration and open-air meeting for the release of the eight Centralia I. W. W.-now in prison was held here on Occidental and Washington Sts. with more than 500 present to hear speeches by Carl Brannin, chairman of the Seattle International Labor Defense; Mrs. Barnett, wife of one of the prisoners; John C. Kennedy, of the Seattle Labor College; George Ritchie and George O'Hanrahan. Bill Worol, well known for his activities in organizing the lumber workers, acted as chairman.

Speakers gave the details of the case, exposed the conspiracy of the lumber trust which still exists to keep these workers in prison, and urged the workers to carry on the fight for their release through their economic and political power by increasing their pressure on the capitalist class.

It was pointed out that Kenneth MacIntosh, notoriously anti-labor, and the state supreme court judge who sealed the fate of the Centralia men by upholding the vicious sentence of 25-40 years parcelled out by the judge of the lower court, has declared himself a candidate for the U. S Senate.

A state-wide conference, planned for the Centralia prisoners, will include trade unions, farmers' organizations, liberal groups and other labor organizations.

Progressive Group of Delicatessen Clerks to Hold Red Drive Banquet

A Red Election Banquet and Concert of the progressive group of Local 302, Delicatessen Clerks' Union, will be held Friday evening, Sept. 7, at the United Workers' Co-operative Restaurant, 2731 White Plains Ave., the Bronx. The proceeds of the affair will be donated by the progressive group to the Election Campaign Fund of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Among the speakers will be Rebecca Grecht, district campaign manager of the Workers (Communist) Party and P. Yuditch, labor editor of the Freiheit, Jewish Communist daily. Rebecca Grecht will speak on the significance of the 1928 elections to workers, and Yuditch will devote a large part of his talk to the struggle of the progressive clerks against the right wing bureaucracy of the United Hebrew Trades, and the role of the socialist party misleaders. He will urge the political as well as the industrial left-wing solidarity of the delicatessen clerks.

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Sentence Czech Worker to 4 Months Prison for 'Blasphemous' Speech

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Aug. 29.—A Communist, Medina, was convicted in Leitmeritz, of blasphemy and sentenced to four months hard labor in prison, with one day of fasting per month.

Medina had spoken the year before in Teplitz-Schoenau before a meeting of workers called to protest against the arrest and mistreatment of revolutionary workers. He was charged with blasphemy and the undermining of religion.

NEARING GREETED IN PERTH AMBOY

Workers Give $36 for Red Campaign

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., Aug. 29.—The 150 Perth Amboy workers who came in a driving rainstorm to hear Scott Nearing, Communist Candidate for Governor of New Jersey, speak on the issues of the 1928 elections and the working-class program of the Workers (Communist) Party, received the Communist candidate with an enthusiasm which indicates the growing discontent of New Jersey workers with the Hague and Edge political machines, according to a Workers (Communist) Party statement today.

The meeting, which was the initial one of Scott Nearing's New Jersey tour, was held at the old Y. M. H. A. Hall in Perth Amboy.

Nearing unmasked the Wall St. control of Hoover and Smith and presented a clear picture of the workers' problems under capitalism, emphasizing the wage reductions, speed-up, and union-smashing activities of the bosses to further reduce the standards of the workers.

Jensky of the Young Workers (Communist) League outlined the problems of the working youth in New Jersey and throughout the country, urging the working youth of Perth Amboy to join the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Before the main speech, delivered by Nearing, the Lapotnice Russian Balalaika Orchestra rendered several numbers, under the direction of Alexander Belakopytoff.

Irving Frieman, the chairman, made an appeal for membership in the International Branch of the Workers (Communist) Party of Perth Amboy and help carry on the working-class campaign of Communism.

Every worker who entered the hall bought a Vote Communist button, from the sale of which $13 was raised for the Communist Campaign fund. An additional collection brought the total contributions of the meeting to $36.

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

Mr. Kellogg Explains That "Peace" Means War

There is something genuinely appropriate in the fact that the repository for the official documents of the imperialist Kellogg Pact is in the capital of the country where half the world's gold supply is—the United States. And many bourgeois newspapers in European countries are already interpreting the Kellogg maneuver as one which takes the wind out of the sails of the League of Nations, tending to transfer from Great Britain to the United States the leading role in the imperialist struggle for world domination.

Kellogg's trip to Ireland on a United States warship immediately after signing the Pact is explained by his longing to play on the "beautiful golf grounds" of the American legation at Dublin and his wife's desire to visit a lady friend there, but diplomacy is not such a game as can be explained with such Gopher Prairie motives. The formalities of visits on warships by heads of departments of state to heads of foreign states are invariably taken seriously in capitalist diplomacy. When the U. S. warship Detroit takes Kellogg to Ireland without touching at an English port, we do not suddenly lose our memory for the fact that the antagonism of English and American imperialism is the pivot around which all the contradictions within the capitalist world revolve at the present time.

The lead is forced out of the hands of England and into the hands of the Wall Street clerk in the white house. Not that England is paid nothing in the deal. She is given what will be called, in the coming world war, a legal sanction for military action to carry through her imperialist program as against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and in a certain field of colonial depredations. So is France given concessions as represented by the French reservations. But the hegemony is taken into the hands of Wall Street government.

The Kellogg Pact altogether marks a sharp push forward in the development of the world situation of alignment and intrigue for war. (That is the only sense in which it is a "forward step").

Several capitalist correspondents have pointed out that it is absolutely certain that all nations of the world will be involved in the next war. The fact that a larger number of governments have signed the Kellogg Pact than signed the League of Nations covenant is only another expression of such a situation. There is no doubt that the central point of the international relations of the whole world is the policy of the imperialist nations of encircling the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. A series of treaties establishing alliances for hostile action against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, is the central point of what is called the "status quo" in international relations. Bear this in mind when thinking of Kellogg's assurances to France and England that there is no "inconsistency" between the Kellogg Pact and previously existing treaties. Remember that the Pact just signed at Paris is qualified by a preamble declaring its purpose to perpetuate the "existing" relations between nations.

Then take a look at Kellogg's letter to the 48 nations (running from Albania to Venezuela but excluding the Soviet Union) conveying the invitation to sign the already fixed terms of the Pact. Kellogg explains, perhaps more clearly than he intended, the reason why the fifteen governments exclusively were picked as privileged to form the terms of the Pact and to be the original signatories. The choice of the same nations that signed the imperialist treaty of Locarno is explained in part by Kellogg's letter which says:

> **". . . it also settled satisfactorily the question whether there was any inconsistency between the new treaty and the treaty of Locarno, thus meeting the observations of the French government as to the necessity of extending the number of original signatories."**

Unless one is so naive as to think the Locarno treaty was not a part of the imperialist war maneuvers of the recent past, Kellogg's own words written just before sailing on the warship to visit his lady friends in Dublin are convincing. The "peace" pact is a step in the preparations for imperialist war.

The necessity of defense of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics by the working class and exploited farmers of all countries becomes by these events a living reality greater than ever before.

Canton Steel Strike Significant

By I. AMTER.

For some time the local press of Canton completely suppressed information about the Canton strike. Five hundred chippers and grinders—it might seem a strike of no significance. A strike of 500 men in an industry of 400,000—what does it amount to?

But the strike of the 500 chippers and grinders is of great significance, first of all because these workers are chippers and grinders and secondly because they are working for the Central Alloy Steel Corporation.

Significant Strike.

Before, however, analyzing the immediate significance of the strike, let us look into the industry as a whole. The steel industry is operating, at the present time, at between 75-80 per cent capacity. There has not been the usual summer lull, probably due to the fact that the automobile industry is working a little more briskly than usual, and the building industry has kept up pretty well. Rail orders have not been plentiful, and although for several months, with intermission, the unfilled orders of U. S. Steel have dropped, still the production, as a whole, has been at a higher level than last year.

Nevertheless, the fact that there are 4,000,000 unemployed in the country, that miners have been striking and therefore could take the work of laborers in the steel mills, makes a walkout at this time significant.

Union 'Misleaders.'

It is true that the concern for [illegible] the 500 men work is not one [illegible] largest. It is a merger of [illegible] Steel of Canton and Alloy [illegible] of Massillon. The two plants [illegible] about 4,000 men. This is [illegible] nothing compared to the tens of thousands working for the larger steel corporations. But when one considers that steel workers strike, steel workers who have gone through many unsuccessful strikes —1919, 1921, 1924—men working for an industry that is backed by billions of dollars capital—one of the basic industries,—then it is the more remarkable. When one further considers that there practically is no organization in the industry, and that the Communists have done little in the industry in the way of organization, then it is still more remarkable.

Finally when one considers that there is a small union in the industry which is bound to scab on the men —the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers—a company union, which refuses to organize the steel workers and only takes in the highly skilled—and has not all of them—then one realizes that when men walk out, they must be hard pressed.

Wage Slash.

The immediate issues that forced the walk-out were the usual ones. Cut in the wage scale — usual promises, which were not kept, followed by the disgust of the men and finally a nearly 100 per cent walk-out (six men remained on the job).

The men had no leaders, no policy —they only knew one thing and that was that they would not work for the scale they were getting—and they wanted to be organized. They walked out and formed what they later called the Central Alloy Mill Committee.

Why is the strike remarkable? Because the men realized their strategic position. Chippers and grinders occupy a strategic position in the industry. Without their work, no products can be turned out. Work might continue, but it could not be for stock. The metal bars have to be chipped and ground off, before any further work can be done. Therefore the strike threatened to stop the entire mill—and eventually will do so.

The strike occurring at Central Alloy Steel made it all the more important. Why it might be asked, did a representative of the government Conciliation Board at Washington go to Canton. Certainly the strike of 500 men does not interest the government to that extent. 500 men have gone out many a time, and have remained out on strike for months, without the government interfering. The member of the Conciliation Board not only went to Canton, but asked the strike committee to see him—which they refused to do.

The day that the information appeared in one of the Canton papers, it was apparent why the strike is significant—and why the Conciliation representative was in Canton. One has but to quote the article that appeared alongside the report that the "strike was still on."

"The Central Alloy Steel Corp., which manufactures the bulk of crankshaft material for automobiles and airplanes of all types, is operating at capacity. . . . The Alloy furnishes the steel that goes into crankshafts, gears, connecting rods, small forgings of every kind, and the rolled strip steel for automobile frames. **Besides this it produces crankshafts and small forged parts for 95 per cent of the airplane motors made in this country."**

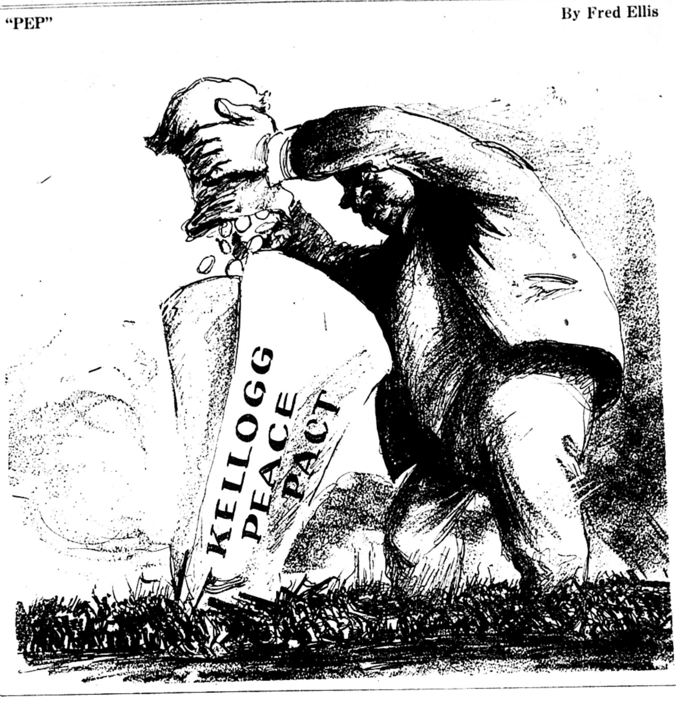
Government Interested.

The last sentence contains the secret of the importance of the Central Alloy plants: they are turning out material for the airplane industry—a war industry. If Central Alloy Steel is held up by a strike, the production of airplanes will likewise suffer.

(To Be Continued.)

"PEP"

By Fred Ellis



Villard Deserts Rev. Thomas

Tammany Hall Pulls Off an Offensive in the "Socialists'" Rear; Captures Nation Editor

By TOM O'FLAHERTY

They will do it every time. When the cat is away the mice dance as they darned well please and sometimes dig into the cheese. There is rhyme as well as reason in this.

While Reverend Doctor Norman Thomas or the Christian General was out in the west, boosting the League of Nations and the Kellogg mutilateral treaties to the open and empty spaces, Tammany Hall pulled off an offensive in his rear and captured the left wing of the liberal movement, among the prisoners being General Oswald Garrison Villard, editor of the Nation and a bit of a millionaire to boot.

The Christian General.

The Christian General (not to be confused with Feng of Peking) thought he had the liberal movement stowed away safely back of his pulpit, so, accompanied by his aide de camp, McAllister Coleman, and Little Corporal Claessens, he made a drive into the fastnesses of the west until his munitions ran out and his rear became exposed. Of course, we are speaking politically.

The Three Musketeers found the natives rather frigid to the liberal doctrine, masking under the cognomen of socialism, so the champions of the meek and lowly returned sadder but wiser men. They complained bitterly of their treatment at the hands of the Pullman Company, which behaved towards them as if they were Communists, but they might have recovered from their pique if they had not invested 45 cents in the Nation.

Dignified Oswald.

It was then they learned that the situation had changed at G. H. Q., and that Brother Villard had gone over to the enemy in their absence. It is a rule of war that swapping horses while crossing a stream is dangerous business, but that is not what actually happened. Villard got off the anemic socialist jennet and mounted the laughing jackass, personified by Al Smith. Again we wish to point out that all this is metaphor. The dignified Oswald would not bestride an electric elephant, not to speak of a hirsute donkey, but in politics when a political leader quits his affiliation and joins another, any kind of language is justified.

Only a few weks ago, Aide de Camp Coleman had a life-size picture of the Christian General in the Nation, which started at the cradle and almost followed him into his political grave. An editorial in the same organ flayed Hoover and Smith adroitly and ended with the consoling thought that upright citizens, fortunately for the good name of the United States, were not obliged to scratch their votes into pulp, because of the programs and affiliations of the Efficiency Engineer and the Happy Warrior; there was Norman Thomas. "Nation Out For Thomas," was the unwritten headline on every copy-reader's tongue. But alas, poor Thomas, who knows Oswald well, never expected this headline:

"AL SMITH SPEAKS OUT."

On August 29, a full-page editorial in Villard's famous weekly comes out boldly and gayly for John J. Raskob's good man Al. There is nothing like a few quotations to convince our readers that this is not a fairy tale. Here goes:

"Al Smith has spoken out. His acceptance speech is worthy of the man and of the office which he seoks. It is one of the finest state documents which has grown out of the American political scene since our entrance into the World War set a blight upon our hopes for political progress. There is an honest, straightforward ring to his words that was lacking in the complacent generalities of his rival for office. Against Hoover's smug assurance that 'No one can rightly deny the fundamental correctness of our economic system' set Al Smith's assertion that he will not 'accept the old order of things as the best unless and until I become convinced that it cannot be made better.' We do not see how any progressive, reading the two speeches, can fail to feel that Smith would make the better president."

This is a dirty crack at Thomas, who is not even hinted at, let alone mentioned. And Thomas, who boasts that he is a progressive and not a revolutionist, must now defend his position against this indirect challenge from Villard. Thomas deserted the class struggle and spurned such ungodly and un-American words as "proletariat" and "bourgeoisie," but he built his house on the quicksands of liberalism and is now like a voice crying in the wilderness. "The birds of the air have nests and the foxes have holes, but the socialist party has not a roof over its political head."

Hook, Derby and Bottle.

Of course, Mr. Villard does not swallow Al, hook, derby and bottle, but Al does not demand that all his supporters have their photos taken with a foaming schooner of beer in one hand and a flask on the hip. All Al wants a supporter to do is to vote for him and get his poor relations to do likewise. Mr. Villard is against booze in any form, but if he has to choose he will choose Canadian Club in preference to Hester St. Scotch.

The Perfect Sucker.

When we read Al's acceptance speech, our common sense told us that it was clever demogoguery and a liberal is constantly going around with his gullet exposed looking for a political confidence man who will be good enough to drop some honey into it. The liberal is the perfect sucker—when he is honest. When he is not he is the perfect rogue. And the perfect liberal sucker is as rare as a gangster who is not good to his mother.

Villard fairly chortles over the tongue-thrashing delivered by Al to the water-power burglars and the "dishonest and unpatriotic propaganda" of the utility corporations, thereby hurting certain of his friends. Ha! Ha! How Al's contractor and sewer-pipe friends must chuckle at the sight of Little Red Riding Hood Villard walking into the Tammany Tiger's den.

"If Al Smith continues to speak out with that frank clarity of utterance," concludes Mr. Villard, "he will win the support of most of the five million voters who supported LaFollette in 1924. He will not demonstrate that his party has reformed since the landslide of 1920 or that the equality of opportunity he preaches is possible under the present profit system, but he will prove that political ambition does not always turn able administrators into [illegible]nian jumping jacks."

This is the unkindest swat of all. The political objective of the socialist party election campaign was the five million votes that were wasted on LaFollette in 1924. The socialist party at that time actually claimed that they were socialist votes. But it appears that those socialist votes having once tasted the sweets of bourgeois booths are reluctant to return to the socialist confessional. It is to cry out loud. As a political opportunist Thomas has proven that he is a first class publicity man. He is too good for this political world. Hard-boiled Al in one fell speech stole the stool from under him.

When the socialist party decided that it would become the party of all the "good" people, regardless of what social groove they moved in, it spelled its own doom. It could not beat the republican party to Wall Street. And it could not nose out the democratic party in making promises, spinning empty phrases to win the muddle-headed liberal and labor-faker-guided vote. The rousing language of Eugene V. Debs, whose mantle looks out of place on Thomas' shoulders, rallied the rebel workers to voice a protest against capitalism in elections, but why should a rebel worker vote for a socialist program that simply competes with the democratic party for votes? The answer can be read in the Nation and will be read in the tabulated record of the socialist vote next November.

The Workers Party.

The policy and tactics of the Workers (Communist) Party, which have been labeled "unpopular" and "un-American" by the socialists, are based on the interests of exploited masses of this country, the workers in industry and the poor farmers on the land. The candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party are not chasing will-o'-the-wisp liberals or little business men. If they accept the program of the class struggle and work for it, they are welcome to join the ranks. But they must cast off their liberalism.

The Communists are waging a campaign in this election in order to rally the workers around their revolutionary program, to strengthen the Party in order that it will be increasingly able to play its historical role as the leader of the masses in the struggle against capitalism, the every-day struggle for better conditions under the robber system and the final struggle to get rid of capitalism and start the task of constructing a socialist society on the ruins of the present social order, under the auspices of a Workers and Farmers government.

Vote Communist!

In this election class-conscious workers will vote for William Z. Foster for president and Benjamin Gitlow for vice-president and for the Communist candidates on the state tickets throughout the country. They will not vote for "good" men, but for the revolutionary program of Communism. They have no other alternative, since the Workers (Communist) Party is the only political party in the field that bases itself on the workers and exploited farmers. It is the only real party of labor.

City Groping Through Fog

By A. B. MAGIL

City groping through fog, your face hangs over
The long slate river swollen and blind.
Your ships are like sleepwalkers.
Black smoke strangles in the throats of your
factories.
Day stands still.

Say it again, city groping through fog,
Say it again—what you said yesterday,
The day before:
The same old words falling like whips on our backs,
The same old grinding of wheels, machine-speech,
cords of sound.
Binding our bodies and brains.

And today as yesterday,
As the day before,
Your tired millions grope through fog
To clear bitter toil.

Organization of Workers in Offices

By J. L. PERILLA.

The organization of the office workers becomes a major task when we consider the fact that close to one half million are employed in the city of New York and the majority of them are young workers.

An organization campaign to organize the unorganized young workers in the city of New York must of necessity take into consideration the office workers. This preponderance of office workers is clear when we consider the fact that New York is the largest trading center in the world and the center of Finance Capital. As a class the office workers are the most difficult to deal with due to their petty-bourgeois illusions as to the possibilities of rising out of their class. Rationalization has had even its radicalization effects on office workers. Machine production, simplification of accounting and office methods and the general growth of industry which entails an increase in the size of staffs has convinced large sections of office workers that their problems are not separate and apart from the problems of the general working class. Piece-work is a new practice that has been introduced into office work. In many of the large offices and department stores, employees are paid so much per posting and penalized a greater amount for every error made.

Many Unorganized.

The official labor movement has done nothing to crystalize this growing possibility for organization. The Bookkeepers, Stenographers and Accountants Union has been a stumbling block in the way of organization. They have satisfied themselves with organizing a few union offices where the conditions on the whole are far better than in capitalist offices.

Even on the question of organization of union offices they have failed miserably—the great majority still remain unorganized. No attempt has been made by this decrepit and fossilized organization that labels itself as a trade union to involve the New York Labor Movement in a campaign for organization. They make no pretenses at organization —their purpose is to hinder organization. Every militant that ever attempted to criticize the policies of "Les Majesty" has found himself or herself outside of the organization. In considering steps towards organization of these thousands of office workers—the B. S. & A. U. must be rejected as a negative factor.

The Office Workers' Union, an organization that has the will and determination to organize the office workers, will be the organization on whose shoulders wil rest the task of organizing the unorganized office workers. Although only a few months old it has already surpassed in size the B. S. and A. U.. The attendance at meeting is at least twice as big as the latter organization. The program and the constitution of the Office Workers' Union shows that they are aware of the tasks and problems before them. The office Workers' Union demands and should get the entire support of the left wing and progressive labor movement of the city of New York.

On September 25 and 26 the New York Working Youth Conference will be held at Labor Temple, New York City. The purpose of this conference is to find ways nad means and take actual steps to organize the young workers in the City of New York. The Office Workers Union, one of the original signators of this conference, will do everything possible to make this conference a success. The Office Workers Union calls on all office workers to organize themselves into office committees and send delegates to the Working Youth Conference. The improvement of the conditions of the office workers can only be gotten by struggle. They are no longer a privileged class that have to be bribed.

Williamsburg to Meet Tonight for Signature Mobilization Campaign

The Members of Section [illegible] Williamsburg, will meet tonight [illegible] o'clock at 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn, to form a regiment of signature solicitors.

According to A. Bimba, section organizer, the members of the Williamsburg section will be given territories to cover in the thirteenth and fourteenth assembly districts, in an intensive drive to put the Communist candidates in those assembly districts on the ballot.

All members of the Williamsburg section are urged by Bimba to report at the headquarters, 46 Ten Eyck St., promptly, as the order of business will be short and within a few minutes after registration is taken, the members will be sent out for signatures.

A special check-up will be made of those who fail to report.

BURY MILITARIST.

PARIS, Aug. 29 (UP).—France will bury tomorrow Marshal Emile Fayolle, one of the generals in the war, who died on Monday.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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WORKERS PARTY GOES ON BALLOT IN PENNSYLVANIA

World Congress of Communist International Unanimously Adopts Bukharin Theses

LOVESTONE ASKS THE END OF U. S. FRACTIONALISM

U. S. Minority Makes Reservations Upon Comintern Theses

Credentials Report

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)
International Press Correspondence

MOSCOW, Aug. 30.—Thaelmann reported on the work of the Political Commission at the World Congress of the Communist International. The political theses were then unanimously adopted plus all of the amendments suggested by the Commission.

Takes Exception to Theses.

Johnstone then made the following declaration in the name of the minority of the United States delegation.

"The minority of the Workers Party agrees with the political theses except for the passage concerning the United States which fails to stress the United States imperialist contradictions and the progressive radicalization of the American workers and which also fails to condemn the right wing policy of the majority of the Central Committee of the Workers Party, particularly regarding the non-application of the decisions of the Fourth Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions, and Negro and anti-imperialist work."

Majority Supports Theses.

Lovestone answered for the majority of the Workers (Communist) Party. He said:

"The majority of the Workers (Communist) Party approves unreservedly the political theses presented by the delegation of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

"The unanimous adoption of the theses disproves the accusations of the minority against the majority of the Workers (Communist) Party concerning the alleged right wing policy, and means that the Communist International supports the present leadership. The best method to fight against the undoubtedly existing right wing dangers is for the minority completely to accept the theses, abandon fractionalism and subordinate itself to the majority."

The resolution recommending that all Communist parties support the International Red Aid was unanimously adopted.

Honor Horaz.

The forty-fourth session of the Congress was opened with Remmele acting as chairman. The delegates rose silently in memory of Horaz, Czech deputy who died here.

Piatnitzki then delivered the report of the credentials committee. There were 515 delegates present, forty more than at the fifth congress. There were 372 delegates with decisive votes and 143 with advisory votes. Forty-eight sections of the International, representing 4,024,159 members, sent delegates. The delegates at the Congress from countries not previously represented came from Palestine, Colombia, Syria, Uruguay, Ecuador, Paraguay, Venezuela, New Zealand and Chile. Thirty per cent of the delegates were formerly members of Social Democratic Parties. The report was unanimously adopted.

Report on War Danger.

The forty-fifth session was opened yesterday afternoon with Jilek. [illegible] reported for the war commission which unanimously adopted the resolution on the war danger and the tasks of the Communists.

Police Continue to Harass Cabmen

Continuing the police persecution of taxi drivers, 31 more cabmen were hailed into Harlem Court on Wednesday on charges of "crowding a public hack-stand." The charges were made by owners of private [illegible]

Militarism Plays the Tune They Are Marching to

Uniformed by the bosses, armed by the bosses, trained in the bosses' camps to fight the bosses' wars, hundreds of young workers are yearly made the victims of American militarism. On page three of this edition is a picture of young Red Front Fighters, defenders of the working class, in their camp in Germany. They are workers and will fight for their own interests. The national guardsmen above, the Second Company, Signal Corps of Brooklyn, are being trained as instruments by which capitalism will defend its profits, wrung from the lives of these same workers, or use them in fighting for new sources of profit, new oppression.

STEEL MILL BOSS STONES PICKETS

Strikers Fight Off Attack; 1 Knifed

CANTON, O., Aug. 30.—Aroused by the endurance of the five hundred steel strikers and their enthusiastic picketing of the Central Alloy Mill of the Steel Corporation, E. C. Smith, assistant superintendent of the company yesterday provoked a fight with the workers by ordering scabs to hurl rocks into the massed picket line. Frank Perry, strike leader, and Pete Scoventz were arrested after the fight.

His violence followed unsuccessful attempts to break the peaceful picketing of the men with threats of arrest.

The whole section in the neighborhood of the mill was menaced by the flying rocks while many were hurt by the missiles.

The Central Alloy Mill Committee, together with certain citizens, is attempting to proceed against Smith legally, but the prosecuting attorney has refused to issue a warrant for his arrest.

The sole effect of the attack on the steel strikers has been an intensification of picketing which has brought the already full line to a point where it includes virtually all the men effected by the strike.

Joe Allasanni, an active picket, was stabbed at the home of a scab while attempting to persuade him to join the strikers. He is in the local hospital in a serious condition. The strikers blame Smith for the assault.

A call for a meeting this Sunday to protest the mill superintendent's action has been issued by the Central Alloy Mill Committee.

MILL STRIKERS ASK AID ABROAD

Cable to Red Union International

NEW BEDFORD, Aug. 30.—Cables urging relief and aid for the 30,000 New Bedford textile strikers have been sent to the All Russian Trade Unions and to the Amsterdam International by Fred Biedenkapp of the Workers International Relief and Albert Weisbord, National Secretary of the Textile Committees.

The joint cable declares:

"Thirty thousand textile strikers in New Bedford and Fall River are now in their nineteenth week of struggle against wage cuts and the speed-up system. We appeal to you

Continued on Page Five

PLAN MORE COSSACKS

An increase in funds for the police department of $2,000,000 for 1929 will be asked by police commissioner Warren, it is reported. An addition of over 200 new policemen is also planned by Warren.

Office Boy, 60, Poverty-Tired, Kills Himself

Richard W. Annin, 60, who lives at 457 Third St., Brooklyn, yesterday got tired of struggling along with his wife on the miserable salary of $25 a week that he earned by running errands for the Port of New York, and jumped from the tenth story of tho building at 75 West St.

It was not the humiliation of his job alone that caused him to put an end to his drab life. His wife, after the tragedy, explained that she and her husband had been struggling to "get by" on the $25 which he earned as "office boy" for the Port of New York.

Across the court of the building an office worker saw Annin step out on the window sill, three floors above the Port Authority headquarters. Five times he stepped to the sill, hesitated and stepped back again. The sixth time he leaped.

Every bone in Annin's body was broken, a bland interne from the Broad St. Hospital announced.

From 1915 until last year Annin was a solicitor for a downtown concern. Then the old collection system was abandoned and he was fired. For months he was without work, but recently he succeeded in getting the job as office boy.

SLUG MILLINERS AT LOCAL MEET

Thugs Halt Discussion On Employment

Because of the determined demands of millinery workers, attending a meeting of their Local 24, that the burning problem of unemployment be taken up at the meeting in order to relieve the suffering of the jobless families, a dozen of the most militant workers were beaten up, four seriously, by thugs hired by the officialdom. The meeting ended after most of the workers had left in protest against the sluggings.

The four seriously injured are Milton Weich, Morris Fein, A. Musin and M. Walitsky.

Was Planned.

That the right wing officialdom from the alleged liberal Spector down to the fascist Hershkowitz had come prepared to prevent the taking up of anything they had not determined on beforehand was apparent at the outset by the tense atmosphere in Bryant Hall, where the meeting was held.

The meeting opened with the announcement that the order of business would be (1) report of the executive board; (2) financial report; and (3) the question of the $12 tax on the membership. The

Continued on Page Two

RED TAG DAYS AT CAMPS, BEACHES

Workers Will Take Boxes Along

With hundreds of class-conscious workers leaving the city for an abbreviated vacation over the week-end tomorrow, the slogan "Take a Box Along" will be on everyone's lips, and the Red Tag Days of September 1, 2 and 3 will be continued at many camps and beaches where workers meet.

News of the anti-labor action of Tammany Hall's Department of Welfare in banning collections for the Red Campaign Fund of the Workers (Communist) Party has reached all those camps and beaches where workers spend their week-ends, and is having the effect of instituting a Red Week Campaign in those places which before did not have one. Tomorrow, Sunday and Monday, when the Red Tag Days will be held, will mark the final windup of the extended Red Week drive for funds for the Communist campaign.

Urging all workers to collect for and contribute to the Red Election Campaign Fund, the District Campaign Committee last night issued a statement emphasizing the urgent needs for funds. After stressing the importance of an appropriate answer to the Tammanyites in the form of more intensified collections, the statement continues: "Capitalist politicians order political maneuvers from Europe by phone, as the trans-Atlantic telephoned instructions to the republican boss of Allegheny County by W. L. Mellon, nephew of Andrew W. Mellon, the strikebreaker, but the workers of New York do not have to wait for instructions on how to act when the democratic machine orders their campaign stopped. The reaction of New York workers is swift and effective. The campaign for funds is now greater than ever before, and the Red Tag Days of September 1, 2 and 3 will give every worker the opportunity to strike a blow at the Tammany machine."

On Labor Day the Tag Day Drive is expected to go over the top, with a bang. All workers are urged to obtain a box, if their previous box has already been handed in, at one of the thirty stations throughout the city and collect money during these three days wherever they go.

MERCURY HITS 87; FIVE DEAD

Heat again took its toll of lives yesterday, this time claiming five working men and women throughout the metropolitan area. Rising from a low level of 77 degrees at 4 o'clock in the morning, the mercury gradually rose to a high point of 87 at 2 p.m., where it continued to stay until 5 o'clock.

Rain, coming early in the evening, did not do away with the uncomfortable heat. While the mercury went down a bit after the thunder showers, the humidity increased by leaps and bounds, drawing the perspiration from the thousands of workers employed indoors in New York City.

Seven prostrations were recorded during the day. Most of these occurred to men working in factories and women engaged in work at home.

Relief is expected today, however, in the form of cool breezes travelling quickly across the country from the Canadian northwest.

SCHOOL BUT NO SHOES

Issue Nation-Wide Mill Strike Appeal

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 30.—The New Bedford textile strikers are up against a new problem. School opens in New Bedford on Wednesday, Sept. 5, and strikers' children have neither shoes nor clothes to go to school in.

It is alright, the children find, to run around barefoot in ragged blue overalls during vacation days, although it has not been so easy tramping up and down the picket line. But school and cool weather coming soon mean that regular clothes and shoes are needed, and therefore the Workers International Relief is sending out a nationwide appeal for workers and sympathizers to come to the aid of the strikers' children. These children are entitled to workers support not only because of their striking parents, but because they are real fighters

Continued on Page Four

MISLEADERS OF LABOR ENDORSE WALL STREET AL

New York State Labor Meet Approves Tammany

Fakers Retain Jobs

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 30 (UP)—Governor Alfred E. Smith's presidential candidacy was endorsed almost unanimously today by the 600 delegates to the Sixty-fifth annual convention of the New York State Federation of Labor. Only a half dozen determined anti-Smith men insisted on recording their opposition.

A resolution advocating renomination of Senator Royal S. Copeland was referred to a committee and buried as far as the convention is concerned.

All officers of the State Federation were re-elected by unanimous ballot after a caucus failed to develop opposition, included are president, John Sullivan of New York; vice-presidents, Thomas J. Curtis of New York, Emanuel Kovelski of Rochester, Joseph A. Mullaney of New York City, John C. Imhof of New York City, C. F. Conroy of Buf-

Continued on Page Five.

WILL WHITEWASH I. R. T. ON WRECK

Banton Doesn't Call Company Officials

District Attorney Banton yesterday continued to go thru the motions in his "investigation" as to the responsibility for the I. R. T. smash-up which resulted in the death of 17 and the injury of over 100 others.

Refusing persistently to take the Interborough offficals into account in considering responsibility for the disaster, Banton yesterday heard witnesses consisting for the most part of old employes of the road. Hardly had an hour passed after the accident last Friday night when President Hedley of the I. R. T. threw the responsibility for the wreck from himself and the I. R. T. to the shoulders of William Baldwin a switch repair man. Baldwin is now free under $10,000 bail on a charge of homicide.

At the "hearing" yesterday a theoretical "breach" between Banton and the officials of the Transit Commission developed as to their interpretations of the cause of the wreck. The commission's report, delivered to Banton Tuesday, declared that the switch which derailed the last two cars of the train had been turned by some one alongside the switch valves beside the track over which the train was passing.

Banton declared himself to be of the opinion that the switch could not have been turned by anyone touching the lever in the signal tower while the train was passing over the track.

Reports continue that adjusters of the I. R. T. are still active in intimidating injured passengers and relatives of victims of the wreck in an effort to force "settlements."

Charge Evangelist In Huge Swindling Game

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 30 (UP).—Aimee Semple McPherson, internationally known evangelist, was charged in a damage suit today with using her four-square Gospel and members of her Angelus Temple congregation as pawns in a real estate game from which she netted thousands of dollars.

The complaint, entered by S. S. Hahn for Mrs. M. W. Puryear, asserted that Mrs. McPherson entered into a conspiracy with H. L. Henry and C. E. Kenyon whereby she received ten per cent commission for all sales made through her in a Lake Tahoe sub-division.

DENGUE EPIDEMIC WANING.

ATHENS, Aug. 30 (UP).—The Dengue epidemic, which has affected 90 per cent of the population of Athens and Piraeus, was believed on the wane today due to the isolation of those taken ill

Red Candidate

William J. White, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party and steel worker, who is running for U. S. Senator of Pennsylvania on the Party ticket.

BREAK UP PHILA. CLOAK MEETING

Police, Sigmanites In United Front

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.—Working frankly as the prearranged agents of the reactionary officials of the Sigman cloakmakers' local here, police here halted a mass meeting of more than 600 cloak and dressmakers who had come to Boslower Hall at the call of the National Organization Committee to take up the question of establishing a local branch of the new Cloak and Dress Makers' Union.

The workers, thoroughly disgusted with the continued betrayals of the little local Sigmans, had decided to join in the great movement recently launched in New York for the establishment of a real union in the trade.

Thugs Demand Entry.

After the hall was well filled, about a score of right wing hirelings, led by the officials of the local, came and demanded admission to the meeting. The committeemen at the door denied them this on the grounds that only cloak and dressmakers would be admitted, the officials and any gangsters they may bring were not invited, they were told. But the police "guardians" of the meeting openly ignored the committeemen and helped the thugs force their way in.

No sooner did Chairman S. Levin open the meeting, when the small group of disturbers in one corner of the hall howled boisterously to

Continued on Page Two

Believe Report That Amundsen Plane Was Sighted is Groundless

OSLO, Norway, Aug. 30 (UP).—Apparently groundless reports today that the wreckage of Roald Amundsen's Latham airplane in which the explorer and five companions were lost while seraching for members of the Polar dirigible Italia's crew, had been found caused great excitement here.

The reports, which were not confirmed, apparently originated through a correspondent of the newspaper Aftenposten, who said the wreckage had been found on one of the three northernmost islands of the Lofoten group, known as Vesteraalans.

KENTUCKY MINE MEET

Build Up New Union in Scab South

PITSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 30.—Thirty delegates representing eighteen mines attended the sub-district conference in Hillside, Kentucky. Mine by mine, local by local, the situation was gone over. Most delegates have already been elected. From now until the convention, representatives from each mine will knit their fellow workers more closely into dues paying locals affiliated with the new union, where this has not already been done.

Freeman Thompson spoke before more than 500 at a mass meeting after the adjournment of the conference. Many committees from distant parts of the state came to evening meeting, and told Thompson that they were sent to request him to come to their sub-districts to outline the policies of the new union and organie them. A large number of miners joined the new union at the end of the meeting. Thompson left today for West Virginia and Maryland.

FOSTER, GITLOW PLACED ON TICKET IN COAL AND STEEL KINGDOM OF U. S.

William J. White, Steel Worker, Named Red Candidate for Senate

Communist Ticket Now On Ballot In 16 States; Plan Active Campaign

Another great industrial stronghold, the state of Pennsylvania, the center of the steel and coal industry and the scene of some of the greatest conflicts in American history between the employing classes and the workers, has been placed on the Communist ballot according to a telegraphic report received at the Communist National Campaign headquarters, 43 East 125th Street, yesterday.

With the addition of Pennsylvania, the Communist ticket is now on the ballot in 16 states, the others being, Delaware, West Virginia, Maryland, Michigan, Illinois, Texas, Montana, Arizona, New Jersey, Iowa, Arkansas, Nebraska, Kansas, New Mexico and South Dakota.

Strikers Collect Signatures.

One of the outstanding features of the success in placing the Communist ticket in this reactionary semi-feudal barony of the Mellon family in Pittsburgh and the Vare machine in Philadelphia is that most of the 6,000 signatures required were secured from, and collected by, striking miners, only comparatively few of them being members of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The enthusiasm with which these embattled workers entered into the drive to place the Party ticket on the ballot was due to the active part played by the Communist Party on the side of the striking coal diggers in their long struggle to maintain the Jacksonville scale and the working standards they had won in previous fights with the coal barons. Not only were the Communists active on the picket line, and iin organizing the ranks demoralized by the treachery of the Lewis-Fagan machine of the United Mine Workers of America; not only were they in the front ranks of the struggle, rallying the men and women to sterner resistance against the employers and the state government, but they took a leading part in supplying the miners and their dependents with the necessities of life which enabled then to stand out for fifteen months against starvation and persecution.

Communist Party Wins Workers.

The National Election Campaign Committee calls attention to this fact and points out that only thru participation in the struggle of the workers against the employing classes can a revolutionary party be built up. While the Workers (Communist) Party has won the enthusiastic support of the miners in Pennsylvania, the Socialist Party has fallen into a state of complete demoralization as is evidenced by the surrender of his position as president of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor by James Maurer, socialist candidate for vice-president to John Casey, a reactionary labor-faker and congressman from the anthracite region on the G. O. P. ticket.

Though the final date for the filing of petitions is September 5th Max Jenkins, of Pittsburgh, campaign manager was able to file 6,000 signatures at Harrisburg on August 28th, five hundred more than the needed number.

Labor Party for Foster, Gitlow.

Not only is the national ticket of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in Pennsylvania but the ticket is also endorsed by the Pennsylvania Labor Party, and acknowledgement of this action has been received from the secretary of state by the National Election Campaign Committee. The Workers (Communist) Party agreed not to nominate any other candidate either for state office or for congress and to give its support to the Labor

Continued on Page Three

NEW MINE UNION GRANTS CHARTER TO FIRST LOCAL

Prepare For National Convention On Sept. 9

Seeking United Front

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 30.—With the granting of its first charter to the Silverbrook local in the hard coal region the New Miners Union inaugurated a fresh chapter in American labor history.

The authorization action has definitely bridged the gulf which the Lewis machine sought to create and deepen between the miners of the anthracite and of the bituminous coal fields.

The anthracite miners know that it would be fatal to allow themselves to be split away from the soft coal miners as some company-hired traitors in the ranks are suggesting. They know that one united front of bituminous and anthracite miners under honest and militant leadership is the goal of the progressive movement. The tri-district will send a strong delegation to help build the new union.

The proof of Lewis' union-wrecking program is arriving at the National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee headquarters, in the form of credentials from the former union fields: Maryland, Tennessee, Alabama, Oklahoma, Kentucky, the Southwest and the Far West. This proves that the miners want a union and that Lewis has deliberately broken district after district. Now these miners are mobilizing their forces to affiliate them with the new miners union.

Miners of both districts are preparing enthusiastically for the national Miners Convention which opens on Sept. 9. Delegates have been chosen and preparations for their departure for Pittsburgh have been made.

CHINA WORKERS ARMY ADVANCES

PEKING, Aug. 30.—A section of the workers and peasants army of China, led by Communists, is near Tainan-fu, seat of the Shantung provisional government, according to an official report received here.

The workers and peasants army has made considerable gains in the Honan and Shantung provinces. Its ranks are reported to be well along its route.

U.S. Army Authorities Offer Prize for Essay Telling "How to Fight Communism"

JINGOES GETTING NERVOUS DUE TO Y. W. L. ACTIVITY

Prosecution Attempts Fail Again

By PAUL CROUCH

The military authorities are desperate. They have spent millions to lure young workers into the "Citizen's Military Training Camps". The capitalist press has been mobilized in the service of capitalist militarism. The campaign was successful. Thousands of young workers were deceived by the promise of a "vacation", and the attraction of the uniform. They came to the camps like sheep, blissfully ignorant that they were to be trained to murder other workers for the profits of their own masters. Yet the angry outbursts of the military authorities are not the cries of victory. What has happened?

Medal for Jingo Essay.

At Fort Hancock, New York, a medal has been offered for the best essay on how to combat Communist propaganda. Officers there and at many other camps have devoted long lectures in their efforts to deceive the young workers, and to build up a jingo spirit in their desperate attempt to fight the revolutionary message of working-class solidarity being brought to the armed forces by the Young Workers Communist League.

The offer of prizes for ways to combat Communism will be without success. All the medals of the capitalist state cannot produce any essay telling how to stop the spread of Communism in the armed forces.

The very fact that the war department, with its millions of dollars, huge printing presses and thousands of "chaplains" and other propagandists, is frightened by mimeographed camp papers and the activities of a very small but militant group of young workers is of the greatest significance.

Prosecution of Y. W. L.

An investigation is being conducted by the military "intelligence" service of the army, and the department of justice has announced that it will propose special laws against the anti-militarist work of the young Communists. John Porter has been sent to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, with the purpose of separating him from the Communists in New York and to subject him to the brutal tyranny of Col. William (Wild Bill) Morrow, the present commandant, who was in command of Alcatraz when Walter Trumbull and the writer were imprisoned there.

League Members Defy Army.

The military authorities are well aware of the fact that there is no federal law under which they can interfere with the anti-militarist work of the Young Workers (Communist) League. At Camp Devens, Mass., League members told the officers that "we have a right to distribute papers to the soldiers and we will continue to do so". At the National Guard Camp, near Chicago, 17 League members were arrested and the capitalist press began premature rejoicing at the "prosecution" of the young Communists, but the authorities had to release the League members without trial.

Will Intensify Efforts..

Whether threats or actual terror is used by the army czars, the Young Workers (Communist) League will continue its struggle against capitalist militarism. The desperation of the war department when anti-militarist work in this country is just beginning is another evidence that class consciousness in the armed forces is a fatal blow to imperialism. While the government gives military training to young workers, we will expose the nature of these preparations and call on the youth to use its military knowledge in the interest of the working class against the bosses. The Young Workers (Communist) League will continue to point out the way to unity of civilian and soldier workers in their common struggles.

No amount of medals can produce an essay telling of any method to stop Communism in the armed forces—for it is an impossible task.

NEW YORK WORKERS AID MINERS WITH RELIEF COLLECTION IN SHOPS

The Executive Committee of the Shop Delegate Conference for Miners Relief at its last meeting made extensive plans for activities among the workers in shops and factories on behalf of the striking miners and their families. An educational campaign will be carried on for the organization of shop committees. Mass meetings are being arranged to be held in all parts of the city, to acquaint the workers everywhere with the struggle of the miners, with the Lewis betrayals, with the efforts to build a strong, powerful, new Miners Union that will be a mighty weapon in the hands of the 800,000 miners, and the workers in all other industries.

Many shop collections are being made weekly by the delegates who attended the shop delegate conference in July. In an unorganized shoe factory $10 was collected. About two months ago in the same factory collections of $100 were made by a group of active workers. Among the shops where substantial collections are being made weekly are, the Majesty Dress Shop, The Mitchell Shop, The Carnegie Shop, Greenberg Brothers, Liebman and Horowitz, The Phoenix Pleating Shop. The workers of Nat Levine turned in fro mone collection $22.50. At the Duncan & Bradkin Dress Shop $7.25 was collected; at the Potholz Bros., $9.50. The millinery workers are going over the top. In the Advance Hat Co., and in the Sally Hat Co. shop committees are functioning and a weekly tax is collected. There have also been collections made at the Mindheim Hat Co., $4.20; Frank Katz Hat Co., $32; Marvin Hat Co., $7.

Sonia Margolies, delegate to the conference from the G. & G. Dress Shop, reported that at every shop meeting the question of Miners Relief is placed on the order of business, with reports and discussion on how best to help the miners in their struggle to build a powerful union.

Recruits Tell Army Officers to Stay Out Of the Mess Halls

Through the columns of the "Camp Holiday Rebel," recruits at the Citizen's Military Training Camps protest against the practice of officers coming in during meal times and forcing them to stop eating and come to attention.

The article declares:

"It is not enough that we are getting long daily drills instead of that vacation we were promised when we first joined the C. M. T. C. We are not even allowed to eat in peace the meager lunch given to us. Often officers make a practice of walking into the mess hall while we are having our lunch. Of course according to the strict disciplinary rules of the camp, everyone must immediately come to attention. So at times you nearly choke yourself swallowing the food in your mouth.

"Why don't the officers let us alone when we are not drilling? Can't we even eat our meals, rotten as they are, in peace? If anyone wants to come to the mess hall while we are eating, let him do so, but it must not interfere with our lunch, and not one of us must come to attention. If the officers do not like that, let them keep out of the hall while we are there."

BREAK UP PHILA. CLOAK MEETING

Police, Sigmanites In United Front

Continued from Page One

drown out the chairman's voice.

After this continued for several minutes, and just as it was becoming apparent to the hundreds assembled that the disturbers would be silenced by the conductors of the meeting, a detective stalked over to the speakers platform and ordered Chairman Levin to close the meeting. Despite Levin's protests that a permit had been obtained for the meeting and that he is certain of being able to conduct an orderly meeting, the detective, who by this time had been reinforced by a whole squad of police, mounted the platform and ordered the assemblage to disperse.

Call Another Meet.

Announcements made later by the leaders of the National Organization Committee declared that another mass meeting will be arranged early next week, in spite of any of the gangster and police assistance the Sigman machine here may rally.

The speakers of the N. O. C. who came to the Philadelphia meeting were Joseph Borachovich, Rose Wortis, B. Kaplan and S. Levin.

MARINES SCORE USE BY WALL ST.

"Risky" to Fight For Rights, Says Sailor

American marines not only protest against being sent to Nicaragua to fight for Wall Street's interests, but many of them discuss the idea of group desertions to Sandino's army, according to a letter from a sailor whose ship carried the U. S. forces to Nicaragua.

The sailor also declares that the servicemen are dissatisfied with their conditions and treatment and have "short talks" on the matter. However, he says "it is pretty risky and it's not done often. But they have their talks now and then."

The letter, in part, follows:

"They (the marines) didn't seem to like the idea of going down there to fight, and there was talk on the ship about a bunch of them deserting and joining Sandino. . . .

"The sailors are dissatisfied with the regulations, also with the food and the way it is put out. They have short talks, but as yuo know yourself, it's pretty risky and it's not done often. But they have their talks now and then."

• • •

The name of the writer and the ship are withheld by the Daily Worker for obvious reasons.

SERVICEMEN!

Soldiers, sailors, marines, National Guardsmen and C. M. T. C. recruits!

The Daily Worker and the Young Workers are the only publications defending the interests of the enlisted men and fighting for their rights. Read our publications, and remember that our pages are always open to you for expression of opinion or news of conditions.

The Young Workers (Communist) League is making a special fight for the servicemen and is mobilizing the young workers for special demands for the enlisted men. We stand for the unity of the civilian workers with the workers in uniform.

Write to us for our publications and additional information. Address The Young Workers League, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

35 Students of Pocono College to Leave For Soviet Union Tomorrow

Thirty-five students of the Pocono People's College, Henryville, Pa., have been invited by the Russian Commissariat of Education to visit Russian educational institutions this fall. They will sail on the S. S. Amsterdam tomorrow, according to a statement made yesterday by George Wise of the American-European Travel Bureau, 100 Fifth Ave. The party will be headed by Dr. S. A. Mathiason, president of the college.

In addition to visiting Russia the party will tour France, Germany, Denmark, Sweden and Norway. The party will return to New York December 1.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

Allies of the Kuomintang Murderers

American marines stationed at Tsinan-fu, where worker-peasant troops are reported to be advancing against the city.

BLAME OBREGON'S DEATH ON CHURCH

Called Aid to U. S. Imperialism

"The Catholic Church has just committed one of its greatest crimes when they caused a poor, fanatical 23-year-old boy to kill General Alvaro Obregon," writes Salvador De la Plaza, in the current issue of the Labor Defender.

The writer, who is secretary of the Continental Commitee of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League in Mexico City, in the same article, just published, traces the role of the church in Mexico since its loss of power after the fall of Porfirio Diaz in 1910.

"It armed the assassin's hand of Victoriano Huerta against Madero in 1913, and in the very legation of the United States it planned the crime with Mr. Wilson, the then minister of Mexico, De La Plaza charges.

"During the eighteen years of civil war, at times with British imperialism, at others with the American, and always with the help of, and aiding the Spanish capitalists, it used the fanaticism of the peasants and raised the standard of 'Cristo Rey" to incite the basest passions; to steep in blood and crush the struggle of the proletariat for its emancipation."

The author analyzes the new role of the church today, subservient to American financiers and the fight against both by the Mexican workers, led by the growing Communist Party of Mexico.

The article is illustrated by a photograph of the welcome given by armed Mexican workers in the Vera Cruz district to Socrates Sandino, brother of the Nicaraguan rebel leader, who has recently arrived in Mexico. Among the welcoming group of armed peasants is Epigmenio Guzman, Communist mayor of Villa Cardel, and Gustavo Machado, recently returned from Sandino's camp.

Y. W. L. STUDENTS THANK FOR AID

Contributions Made School Possible

A resolution to send letters of thanks to the various organizations which contributed sums of money to make possible the holding of the two-weeks session of the Young Workers League Training School was adopted at a recent meeting of the students.

The school, which began August 20 and which will continue to the end of the present week, was composed of leading League functionaries of District 2.

Among the organizations whose aid is being acknowledged are: the Lithuanian Buro of the Workers (Communist) Party; Proletcos; the Workers School, Camp Nitgedaiget, units of the Workers Party and Young Workers League and a large number of individuals.

Trade Union Festival Postponed to Sept. 22

The Festival of the Local New York, Trade Union Educational League has been postponed to Saturday, September 22, on account of rain.

The tickets for August 25 will be good for September 22. All left wing workers are asked to inform their friends and shop mates of the postponement.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

SLUG MILLINERS AT LOCAL MEET

Thugs Halt Discussion On Employment

Continued from Page One

latter proposal is a ukase from the officialdom which tried to choke off protests of the unemployed by saying that $2 of the $12 will be "donated" to the unemployed, the other $10 going toward the campaign of wrecking the union's progressive locals. The mobilization of underworld forces for the meeting was made in preparation of the protests from the membership against this measure.

Motion Ditched.

A motion made by a member that the unemployment question be taken up immediately after the executive report was counted out by the "special tellers" borrowed from the gangster club of Local 1, who were there under the leadership of Herschkowitz, Zaritsky's adjutant-general. The original agenda was then railroaded through.

When the minutes had been read, a report of finances was made in which it was declared that a loan made to the Sigman cloakmakers' company union by Local 24 officials was not yet paid. The officials then remarked that due to the "sick condition" of the Sigman union the loan be extended. At this workers from the floor protested, terming Sigman's scab union as "dead" and not "sick."

Attack Started.

As if a signal had been given, the gangsters fell upon the worker who made this statement. When other milliners went to his rescue thug reinforcements came from somewhere out of previous sight and many workers were slugged before they had a chance to escape through fire escapes and other exits.

Even the few who remained left in protest when the Zaritsky gang called in police to act as ushers at the meeting.

KALLEN MAY BRING ACTION

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—The possibility of bringing action against those responsible for the recent issuance of a warrant for the arrest of Dr. Horace M. Kallen was considered tonight by his lawyers.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

Greek Workers Center Opening Is Postponed Until Next Saturday

The Greek Progressive Workers Center, which was originally scheduled to be opened to the workers this Saturday, has been postponed a week until Saturday, September 8. With the postponement of the opening, comes the news that the Dinner and Dance will also be held on the later date.

The Greek Progressive Workers Center, being in the heart of the fur and millinery workers section of the city, at 101 West 28th St., will be a haven for rest and educational activity for the exploited workers of the district. All workers have been invited by the management committee to spend their spare hours in the center. Games have been procured, chess, billiards, etc, to keep the workers busy in their moments between work and after lunch.

Besides these games, activities of cultural, dramatic, educational, and recreational pursuits will be installed as permanent features of the center as soon as its completion is announced.

New Figure-Head For Austrian President

VIENNA, August 30.—To fill the figure-head post of President of Austria, Professor Clemens Pirquet, noted physician, has been nominated to succeed Michael Hainisch, whose term expires at the end of November. The other candidate proposed is Professor E. Wettstein, a noted botanist.

No political leader is permitted to hold the presidency under the Austrian law, and his chief duty seems to be not to meddle in state affairs and act as chief receiver of notabilities for the government.

SEES SLAVERY FOR LIBERIA IN FIRESTONE DEAL

Hoover Charged As Accomplice

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 30.—Sharply disagreeing with Dr. Thomas Jesse Jones, Negro apologist for the Firestone Liberian deal and educational director of the Phelps-Stokes Fund, Dr. Raymond Buell, white research director of the Foreign Policy Association and specialist in African problems, severely criticized Herbert Hoover, former Secretary of Commerce, and the State Department at the Institute of Politics today for their active role in procuring the rubber concession in Liberia for Firestone.

While the colored educational director of the Phelps-Stokes fund in his attempt yesterday to whitewash the State Department and Firestone, lauded the deal as a civilized and humane action which would provide the Liberians with all the "benefits" of modern civilization, Dr. Buell saw in the plan a vicious exploitation of the Negroes of Liberia, who would be forced into virtual slavery, akin to that which existed in this country prior to the Civil War, in order to promote the interests of an American tire manufacturer, who is supported by the American government.

U. S. Domination.

Dr. Buell also pointed out that the whole plan was made contingent upon the acceptance of a $5,000,000 loan by the Liberian government and the subsequent control of all its finances and revenues by a United States commission. Further, Dr. Buell pointed out that this loan was made by a dummy finance company known as the "Finance Corporation of America," which in reality was Mr. Firestone himself.

"Neither the American Congress nor the American people knew anything about these transactions, which sooner or later may make Liberia another Haiti or Nicaragua. It is difficult to find in the history of international relations a better example of secret diplomacy in the worst sense of the word."

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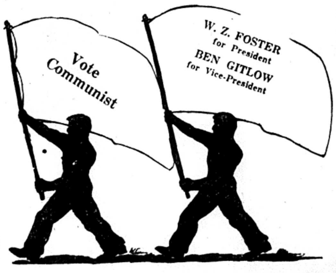

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1472 Boston Road

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For Red Mass Collections, September 1, 2 and 3

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY 26-28 Union Square, New York City

Begin Attack on Rubber Imperialism's Alteration in Philippine Land Lease Law

HIT ALTERATION IN 5,000 ACRE LIMIT MEASURE

U. S. Interests Want Mindanao Grants

MANILA, Aug. 30.—The first steps towards defeating the Stimson government's scheme to alter the Philippine land laws in such a way that American investors may lease more than 5,000 acres were begun in the legislature yesterday. The change is supported by Senators Quezon and Osmena.

The attack on the proposed "liberalization" measure, led by several senators of the so-called Nationalist Party, has caused the gravest concern to the American officials and the Osmena-Quezon group.

Leading the legislative attack are Jose Clarin, floor leader of the majority of the Nationalist Party, and a number of senators.

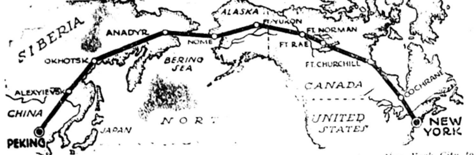
A similar opposition to the measure is reported to be developing in the lower legislative body also.

From the earliest days of his incumbency, Governor-General Henry Stimson has worked to overthrow the present Philippine land law, which does not permit the leasing of more than 5,000 acres by a corporation.

American rubber interests, who are interested in seeing the restrictive law abandoned, have been lobbying to effect its repeal or abrogation. They are desirous of establishing rubber plantations, especially in Mindanao Island which will aid them in their competition with the British interests in the same commodity.

Opposition to the "liberalization" measure is widespread throughout the islands though it has not as yet crystallized into effective organization to deeat the obnoxious legislation.

Practicing for the Imperialist War Against the USSR



Vilhjamir Stefansson, noted arctic explorer, predcts an airplane route from New York City to Peking which, he declares, will be in operation by 1933. The route, which traverses a course from New York City to Cochrane, Canada, and thence to a point in northern Alaska and down the coast of the Far Eastern Soviet Republic, crosses no high mountain ranges. The only large body of water necessary to cross is Behring Strait between Nome, Alaska, and the opposite coast of the Far Eastern Soviet Republic. The step will be eagerly watched by the war department with an eye to the coming imperialist attack on the Soviet Union.

COMMUNIST PARTY ON PENNSYLVANIA BALLOT

Continued from Page One

Party candidates who favor the program of the class struggle.

Communists Oppose Kutz.

The Communist Party, however, could not support Charles Kutz, the candidate for United States Senator on the Labor Party ticket. Kutz is one of the reactionary labor leaders who plays politics with the two big capitalist parties. While chairman of the state Labor Party he did not hesitate in the last pri-elections to throw his support to Charles Water, a Republican politician, who was runnig on the Labor Party ticket against John Brophy who was the choice of the Labor Party in the state. Kutz was severely criticized by the state Labor Party convention held in Philadelphia and was removed from office as a result.

Bill White for Senator.

Against the reactionary Kutz, the Workers (Communist) Party nominated the veteran revolutionist William J. White, a steel worker and a member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, who has been active for many years in the Lef Wing of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Tin and Steel Workers of which the notorius Michael Tighe is president. White participated in the great steel strike, nder the leadership of William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, who pulled out 400,000 steel workers in the heroic effort to bring the slaves of the United States Steel Trust within the fold of union labor, under militant leadership.

Foster and Gitlow, the Communist presidential and vice-presidential candidates and White for United States Senator will receive the support of all class-conscious and progressive workers in Pennsylvania, particularly those who have learned by experience in strikes that both the Republican and Democratic parties are agents of the employing classes and always place the forces of the state at the service of the crushing the worker's resistance.

Struggle to Get on Ballot.

The task of securing the necessary number of signatures to place the Communist ticket on the ballot was divided epually between the Party organization in District 3, with headpuarters in Philadelphia, under the leadership of Comrade Horbert Benjamin, the district organizer, and in western Pennsyvania, under the direction of Comrade A. Jakira, organizer of District 5.

The cemrades of District 3, secured most of their alloment of signatures from the miners in the anthracite region where a bloody war has raged for many months between the progressive forces on one side and the reactionaries on the other supported by the coal operators, the state and mnicipal governments. The Communist Party took the lead in the struggle against the iniquitous contract system, which was supported by the Capellini machine and only fought in a half-hearted way by spurious progressives like Brennan and McGarry, Boylan and Company, who profited the murder of honest fighters like Alex Campbell and others to oust Capellini and get into the gravy themselves.

In Mellon's Kingdom.

In Pittsburgh, the stronghold of the Mellon family and the headquarters of the Pittsburgh Coal Company, leader in the open-shop movement in the coal industry the Communist Campaign Committee found the men and women who went thru the great strike willing to sign the petitions to place the Communist ticket on the ballct.

In Pittsburgh as in Philadelphia, the labor politicians are owned and controlled by the captains of finance and indstry, and the "Labor World" which purports to speak for organized labor devotes most of its space to attacking the Communists and boosting Herbert Hoover for president. The officials of the United Mine Workers in Pittsburgh, have a united political front with the capitalist politicians the very politicians who are the agents of the coal operators who broke the miners strike by starvation, and with the aid of John L. Lewis and his machine.

Another important factor in making the striking miners and their sympathizers see thru the policy of the Capitalist politicians was the work of the National Miners Relief Commitee under the direction of Comrade Alfred Wagenknecht, whose success in raising relief funds for the textile strike in Passaic, New Jersey, brought reluctant praise from the late Sarah Conboy of the United Textile Workers Union and even from Thomas Mac-Mahon, reactionary president of the same organization.

Miners' Fight is Political

Not only did the National Miners elief Committee bring food and clothing to the famished strikers, but it carried on an educational campaign thru news releases, bulletins and posters, pointing out that the state troopers, "yellow dogs" or coal and iron policemen, judges and mayors, all agents of the capitalist parties, were their enemies and that they should organize into a class party thru which the could fight on the political field.

The miners were puick to see that the only political party, that appeared on their side dring the strike, was the Workers (Communist) Party, and thousands of them now feel that this is the Party that is entitled to and will get their support in this election campaign, and afterwards in the fight to rally the masses for other struggles and eventually for the overthrow of the capitalist system.

Big Mine Union Convention.

The miners of Pennsylvania, in addition to helping put the Communist ticket on the ballot, are perfecting arrangements to build a new Miners Union to replace the wreck of what was once the mighty United Mine Workers of America, —wrecked through the perfidy of John L. Lewis and his corrupt machine. A great convention will be held in Pittsburgh, from September 9 to the 16, which will be attended by hundreds of delegates from every mining region in the United States. The Workers (Communist) Party is planning a spirited election campaign in Pennsylvania, which will have the effect of raising the morale of the workers in that state and labor in general as well as encouraging the members of the Party in other states to greater activity.

The National Election Campaign Committee, is making arrangements to send speakers into every industrial hamlet in the state to carry the message of the class struggle to the workers and to point out to them how they must organize themselves for a militant struggle against the exploiters, by joining the Workers (Communist) Party and building up militant industrial unions.

Comrades Foster and Gitlow are scheduled to speak in the principal cities of Pennsylvania during the election campaign.

The list of presidential electors in Pennsylvania, which follows, is all proletarian:

L. L. Langdon, Carpenter
Parthenia Hills, Houseworker
W. J. White, Steel Worker
Ben Careathers, Upholsterer
Bernard Herman, Textile Worker
Frank Mozer, Plumber
Leo P. Lemley, Electrician
A. Rodrigez, Miner
Wm. Mikades, Barber
Anna Otis, Housewife
Harold R. John, Bookkeeper
Dominic Flaiani, Garment Worker
Joseph Gralick, Machinist
Julia Marino, Housewife
Norman A. Brown, Paper Cutter
Louis Tobino, Machinist
Wm. Kogerman, Carpenter
Rebecca Horowitz, Housewife
Theo Fegan, Paperhanger
Mary Horvatin, Housewife
Arnold A. Marinoff, Truck Driver
Jos. A. Sabatelli, Machinist
T. Morgan, Stationary Enginner
Louis Cohen, Tailor
Mike Blaskovich, Waiter
Tony Gaibrish, Glass Worker
Sam Shore, Tailor
Milan Resetar, Clerk
Paul Hanas, Tailor
Susan Kendra, Housewife
John Kendra, Carpenter
Morris Launderman, Engineer
Frank Winkler, Auto Worker
James Parker, Salesman
Anna Weisman, Housewife
John S. Truhar, Bricklayer
Jalmar Siliander, Tailor
Mary Horvat, Tailor

"COMMUNISTS? HANG THEM ON THE SQUARE"

SOFIA, Bulgaria, (By Mail).—"The accused men were Communists and as such deserved to die," was the decision of an Albanian court, and on the morning of July 12, the peasants coming to market at Tirana saw three white robed figures dangling from three gibbets on the market place.

That is the essence of the story of medieval cruelty that finally broke through both the Italian and Albanian censorship that had succeeded in holding its secret for over a month, and was made public here with all its gruesome details. Three men, one Albanian and two Bulgarians, were hanged in the marketplace of Tirana, Albania, two hours after midnight on July 12, and roused a wave of sullen terror and horror among Albanian peasants and workers. President Zogu found it necessary to withdraw to the seaside near Durazzo under a guard of more than 800 soldiers and gave it out that he was "taking a vacation" —at a place where he could easily flee to his protector Mussolini.

Framed Charge.

The three men who were so cruelly hung were Ibrahim Arapi, Albanian, and Theodor Georgieff and Theodor Vulkanoff, Bulgarians. At a trial lasting less than three hours they were convicted for "planning a bomb attempt" against "'the savior of Albania." Not an iota of evidence was brought against them, only two or three dubious witnesses were called. In fact the government prosecutor declared that there was no need for incriminating proof, in reality the evidence presented was declared to be inconsequential. "But the accused men are Communists and as such deserve to die, anyway."

When the oldest child of Arapi, who was the father of seven children, appeared before President Zogu and asked for clemency the president assured him that his father would not be slain. The same evening a patrol of gendarmes appeared at the prison, escorted the three men to the market place where three gibbets had been constructed. About two hundred people collected at 1:30 in the morning and sullenly witnessed one of the cruelest executions in history. According to Albanian law free speech was granted on the gallows.

"You Are All Traitors."

Arapi stood stalwart and tall on the kerosene box under the gallows with the noose about his neck. "What difference does it make how a man dies?" he cried to the prosecutor. "I am only sorry I got my sentence from a Grecomaniac like you and a traitor who has always plotted against Albanian independence. But that doesn't matter—you will all be brought to trial. You are all traitors. Ahmed Zogu treacherously gave Vermosh and St. Nacum to Jugoslavia. You and all your subordinates are sons of Mussolini."

He was cut short by a gendarme who demanded that he be hung immediately. But the prosecutor granted his last request—he took a handful of coins in the possession of Arapi and put them in his pocket for future distribution among the poor, as Arapi had requested.

All three men died a horrible death. They were allowed to hang with their feet just touching the cobbles on the market place until they died. In one case the tripod was dislodged and the soldiers held it aloft until Georgieff's body remained still. It took 15 minutes for him to die.

The next morning the gendarmes removed the bodies at 10 o'clock instead of at noon which was the custom. The hanging had aroused too much resentment among the inhabitants of Tirana and had spread through the country like wild-fire.

COSTA RICA HITS MONROEDOCTRINE

GENEVA, Aug. 30 (UP)—The Little Nation of Costa Rica has raised the most perplexing question before the 51st session of the League of Nations Council which convened here today.

Costa Rica's demand for an interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine has not been placed on the assembly agenda, but president H. J. Procope, Foreign Minister of Finland, will submit the question to a secret session, probably on Friday. Then, it is hoped, a reply will be framed and later the council members will decide whether they will take up the issue at a public session.

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Keep in touch with the struggles of the workers while you are away on your vacation. This summer the Election Campaign will be in full swing. The DAILY WORKER will carry up-to-the-minute news concerning the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party in the various states.

Daily cable news service from the World Congress of the Communist International which opens soon in Moscow.

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U. S. WORKERS FIGHT FOR CLASS PRISONERS GAINS

Elizabeth Flynn to Address Conference

Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, national chairman of the International Labor Defense, will be among the speakers at the state-wide conference to be held early in September for the purpose of further organizing the movement for the release of the five Centralia class war prisoners. Great impetus is being given the movement. The five Centralia workers have already served 8 years as victims of the Washington state lumber barons.

Among those who have added their voice in the demand that Governor R. H. Hartley release the Centralja prisoners is Kate Crane-Gartz, well known liberal in California. She writes in part as follows:

"To the Governor: I wish to add my appeal to the many thousands of others for unconditional pardon for the eight members of the I. W. W. of Centralia who have been confined for eight years in the Washington penitentiary for a crime that was instigated by certain subversive interests and who acted only in self-defense."

A wide representation from trade unions and fraternal organiations, is expected at this state-wide conference, according to reports received by the national office of International Labor Defense.

Among the Central labor bodies which have demanded unconditional freedom for the Centralia prisoners are Everett Central Labor Union, Seattle Central Labor Union, Tacoma Central Labor Union and many others.

Young Red Front Fighters in Temporary Camp

A group of young Red Front Fighters are shown above resting during a halt in the march to their summer training camp. The German workers do not train in boss-owned, boss-administered citizens' military training camps where they are trained to fight the bosses' wars for them. The German workers have their own training camps where they train themselves to fight for their own class against the bosses.

JAPANESE RAID NANKING BUREAU

SHANGHAI, Aug. 30.—The relations between the Japanese and Nanking governments were again aggravated when foreign police under the instructions of the Municipal Council, where Japanese interests are strongly represented, raided and closed down the Nanking government's intelligence bureau located in the foreign settlement.

The immediate cause for the raid was declared to be the circulation by the bureau of handbills which were confiscated by the police, setting forth the Nanking side of the Tsinanfu incident. Circulars setting forth the side of Japan had previously been distributed.

JAIL 2 WORKERS AT SACCO MEET

ROCKFORD, Ill., Aug. 30.—Heavy fines were imposed upon two members of the Young Workers (Communist) League, Max Appleman and Zip Knochic, by a judge here because they distributed Communist literature and spoke "without a permit." They were arrested at the Sacco-Vanzetti open-air meeting, that was held here on Aug 22.

At the magistrates trial the bonds were set at $100 a piece and the magistrate angrily remarked: "You think you can run this country, don't you?"

Members of the Young Workers League here look upon the trial as the first step in crushing the League, and particularly the League training school.

ARABS DEFEAT BRITISH TROOPS IN BIG BATTLE

Down 2 Planes; Take 150 Prisoners

JERUSALEM, Aug. 30.—Success of Yemen tribesmen against Anglo-Arab troops is reported here by a dispatch from Sheik Imam Jahia of Yemen, who won a victory near Sana, capital of Yemen.

Jahia's troops are reported to have captured the mountain strongholds around the capital, bringing down two British airplanes and taking 150 prisoners. They are preparing for an attack on Sana.

The British have massed troops, tanks and airplanes along the Irak frontier in preparation to resist the attack of the tribesmen, who are said to be revolting against British rule.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

Baltimore Workers To Hold Big Picnic

All workers in Baltimore will attend the Labor Day Picnic and Dance at the Co-operative Shore Monday, September 3, (Labor Day). This will give the workers of Baltimore not only an opportunity to have a good time but to help the Daily Worker.

Those attending the Picnic will be able to take part in all sorts of sports, bathing, fishing, boating and dancing. You get to the shore by the following directions. By street car take car No. 23 and stop at Mace Avenue; from there our machines will take you to the shore. By auto: Drive on Eastern Avenue past Josenhaus corner, turn to the right and follow our signs to the shore.

Thompson Talks At Blandford Meet

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 30.—Freeman Thompson returned today from Indiana and Kentucky where he attended four subdistrict conferences and spoke at a number of mass meetings. The Clinton, Bicknell and Blandford conferences all indicated that the job of organizing Indiana is certainly being taken care of.

Dues are being paid directly to the new union, and many applications for charters have already been received in the Pittsburgh office from this district.

Following the Blandford conference a large mass meeting was held, at which Thompson spoke. The miners of Blandford have already organized.

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Every City in America, Every Labor and Fraternal Organization to Have a Booth

eroic Miners' Wives, Mothers Fight Side by Side with Men, Correspondent Says

HANduOTS

The American Federation of Labor executive council has denounced Brookwood Labor College as being too radical and ordered its unions to refuse further support. The New Leader, organ of the decrepit Socialist party, characterizes this action as "a tragic blunder." The New Leader is right. The actions of both the A. F. of L. officialdom and the socialist party, whether through corruption or stupidity, are directed toward one result, the maintenance of the present economic system. They work hand in hand. The New Leader is also right in saying there is no radicalism at Brookwood. You have just as much chance of coming upon radicalism at Brookwood as finding Bill Green urging the armed overthrow of the capitalist system at West Point.

* * *

No Silicosis Here

The result of capitalism on one prominent face is depicted above. To get such ideal results as these, however, it is necessary to exploit children before they are seven and work pregnant women 60 hours a week. An excellent tip also is to spend the nights in dissipation and the days cursing the servants. The above remarkable head is connected with a pair of feet that can't be walked upon due to gout and other leisure class diseases. As the socialist party is always pointing out the rich do have it tough. For instance the above individual is always losing his peas in the two bags that hang down from his jaws.

* * *

The decay of capitalist civilization is indicated by the announcement that a company has been formed to re-condition chewing gum.

Gems of Learning

General Umberto Nobile, ex-Arctic explorer:

"Part of our motion picture film was lost. We had to burn it in an effort to keep warm. But we spared the footage showing me in the act of dropping emblems upon the North Pole."

Part of the film which, unfortunately was lost, showed the U. S. S. R. Ship Krassin fishing the helpless Fascists off the white ice.

* * *

Ramsey MacDonald, socialist party chief:

"We find throughout the Dominion (of Canada) that socialism has made considerable progress."

This sounds like the reflections of a canoeist above Niagara Falls. Ramsey hasn't heard there is a war on the way.

* * *

James O'Neal, S. P.-ite, speaking of congress of second international:

"The organized working class organized militia companies whose members were prepared to challenge any attempt at Fascism. * * * The Belgian workers have been prepared to hazard their lives to preserve their organizations and to guard the road to power from any ambitious Mussolini."

But to hazard their lives for a workers republic? Nothing doing! That would be unethical.

* * *

William Allen White:

"I only did this because I felt that a debate on the subject of harlotry was not worthy of a presidential campaign. But if Gov. Smith tries to wisecrack his way out of his record I shall come back at him with the proven evidence."

Will Al vote for prostitution? Yes. And so does the "pure" William Allen White. Anyone who votes for capitalism votes for prostitution.

Prostitution cannot be eliminated without eliminating poverty and neither Al nor Bill has a program for that.

—M. C. H.

German Financier Is Arrested For Frauds

BERLIN, Aug. 30 (UP).—Hugo Stinnes, son of the late Hugo Stinnes, multimillionaire industrialist, was arrested today on a charge of fraudulent manipulations in connection with the revalorization of German war bonds.

LOWELL MADE SUCKER

BOSTON, Aug. 30 (UP).—Federal investigators continued today their investigation of the financial operations of Guy Huston, alleged to have victimized several prominent New Englanders, including President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard University, in a farm loan scheme which was reported to have failed.

WOMEN IN COAL FIELDS DEFIED BOSSES' TERROR

Hate Lewis; Work for New Organization

PITTSBURGH, Pa. (By Mail).—The women are the burden bearers of the race. The women are the greatest sufferers in industry. It is the wives on whom unemployment, strikes, lockouts and all the hardships of industry fall heaviest.

It is the mothers whose hearts break when children are hungry or in want; when shoes are worn thin and when stockings are past mending. It is the wives and mothers who have to worry most about rent day and the pay envelope.

Women are not only the child-bearers but the greatest sufferers from the terrible system of exploitation under which we live.

Company Barracks.

The women in the coal fields always suffer, even in the best of times. They suffer because they are never sure of employment: because when their men go into the mines they never know whether they will ever see them alive again. They suffer because the company houses in which they live are often little better than the shacks into which they have to move when they are evicted in a strike period.

When the Jacksonville scale was broken the women were the first to realize that it meant that the miners would be forced to accept anything that the coal operators chose to pay them and when the miners went out in protest, it was the women who saw naked want staring them in the face.

But they were game. They encouraged their men and stood by the strike. They went on the picket line. They were given scant courtesy. Our boasted American chivalry fails to manifest itself in industry. What was manifested was a brutal disregard of workers rights and the women and even the children were treated to the clubs and beatings, arrests and frame-ups. The weapons used by the coal operators are used indiscriminately against men and women alike.

The Lansing Women

So the wives and mothers of the miners understand what is going on. They know that the coal operators work in conjunction with the police and the judges and the courts. The 51 women of Lansing who were locked up when they marched to the jail to see their men who had been arrested on the picket line, have lost whatever illusions they might have had about justice and equality before the law. They know that the laws are against them and their class. They know that the jails are made for the workers and not for the coal operators or other millionaires of the country.

The women have also discovered what is wrong with the U. M. W. of A. They know that Lewis is wrong. They clinch their fists when they hear his name. They hate him more than they do the coal operators and with good reason, for he has betrayed them in a hundred ways. And when the miners are betrayed it means the betrayal of women and children; it means hunger and cold and sickness. And the women hate John L. Lewis bitterly and when the new union is formed (without Lewis and his gang) the women will have had a hand in it and deserve to have a place in it for the women fought as stubbornly to win the strike as the men.

The Proletarian Women.

There are women in the coal fields who deserve to be known in song and story. They have braved every peril; have shown revolutionary courage; have defied the sheriffs and the courts.

The women are the burden bearers and they will be the fighters in the great struggle for proletarian victory.

The miners wives in southeastern Ohio have organized into groups with the express purpose of getting together for mutual benefit and also to be able more effectively to win any future struggles that may be in store for them.

And they have also helped themselves at the present time through holding picnics, dances and through collections made in nearby towns.

It is of great value to the miners and to the whole labor movement when women learn to organize and to meet and discuss their needs and to make plans to help themselves in whatever way possible.

The miners will win and the whole working class will win when the women who work in factories and shops learn the same lessons and wives of the miners and other workers will form strong organizations to fight along with the men for decent wages, hours and conditions in industry.

—SADIE VAN VEEN.

Wife of Latest Air Militarism Victim

The wrecked plane in which Mazel Merrill, director of the Curtis Airplane Service, and Edward Ronne, director of the Buffalo air-port crashed to their death in a northeastern Pennsylvania woods was discovered by searching planes yesterday —Above, Mrs. Merrill taking leave of the flier who later found her husband's plane.

CONTRIBUTIONS IN RED CAMPAIGN DRIVE

We herewith publish the third list of contributions to the Communist Campaign Fund received by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, at 43 East 125th Street, New York City.

With the Communist ticket on the official ballot in fifteen States and the prospect for getting the Party candidates on the ballot in at least thirty States growing brighter every day, the members of the Party and sympathizers with the Communist program are urged to become increasingly active in helping to raise the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund, which is the minimum necessary to wage a good campaign throughout the United States.

Charles Smith, $5; Michael Roslanski, 1; George E. Powers, 10; Geo. Racuimas, 2; Henry Kroner, .50; Joe Jacobs, 5; A. Jakira, 10.20; Hugo Oehler (Dist. No. 10), 13; David Kattainen, 1; Theodore Letonis, 3; Aldona Petkus, 1; Marc Escowitz, 2; Edward Royce, 5; J. Sundrotas, 1; Gust Suanders, 2; John Dugan, 1; Jack Kizer, 1; South Slavic Fraction, 10; Richard J. Ralchick, 1; Frank Maudey, 2; Victor Ganiek, 1; Joseph Dubar, 5; Franklin P. Brill, 5; Thomas and Francis Mlodunk, 5; J. E. Hanger, 2; E. Urchus, 1; Adam R. Remeykis, 1; A. Rudak, 1; N. Sanyk, 1; Nick Jackman, 2; Paul Almond, 2; G. Saverians, 3; Felix Stonfors, 3; Evanglos Emlilomatis, 10; I. Kettula, 5; Karl Eriksoni, .50; Rose Weiss (Sec. 2), 8; Jos. Panek, 2; Alex. Feinstien, 3; Raymond Raine, 1; H. Ward, 1; D. P. Lekovich, 1; Chas. Urban, 1; S. Martiner, 2; Louis Mangus, 1; Emanuel Zago, 2; Joseph Burke, 2; Albert Langendufer, 2; Gustaf Lind, 1; K. Dracounacos, 7; Louis Zoitas, 1; Geo. Zebrys, 5; Louis and Luna Abrams, 5; S. Tuomi, 1; Clarence Eyles, 1; Joseph Gudisanskas, 1; W. Yaralzkey, 2; John Wentala, 1; Edward Ferguson, 1; Karl J. Malmstrom, 3; N. Gustafron, 2; John Buthus, 3; J. H. Maki, 5; Bill Mitroplos, 1; Mike Pranirsski, 2; Benjamin Smith, 10; Finnish Workingmen's Assn., 25; Samuel A. Herman, 5; H. W. Kipler, 1; Jack Merchant, 1; Estonian Workers' Club, 19.50; Arthur Starr (Agr. Dist.), 6.65; Emil Gardos, 20; Workers Bookshop, 66.67; William Molesky, 5; F. Solbrig, 1; Charles Granoto, 4.30; Ed. Herch, 2; Passaic Sympathizer, 5; Joseph Vacss, 5; Jos. Strunsky, 1; George Bell, 3; Charles Granoto, 2; Gus Serra, 1; Demoputa, 1; Joseph Miller, 5; Carl Nyll, 1; John E. Holm, 1; Christ. Fourlas, 3; S. Dunn, 1; Sigfried Olson, 1; J. H. Jensen, 5; M. Goodman, 1; Wm. Schmidt, 2; C. Nelson, 2; Wm. Patterson, 5; M. Nemser (Sec. 4, N.Y.C.), 4; Jacob Maki, 4; Ettore Audace, 2.

Receipts issued by District 2: Leo Kling, 100; 2A—J. Ancher, Sec., 10; 2C—G. Mirijanian, 14; Sec. 7, Br. 4—Ed. Wiekstorm, 2.50; A. Warren and sons, 2; Printers Nucleus, 2; 3C—S. Taft, Sec., 30; Martin Feinstein, 2; 2A—J. Ancher, Sec., 10; John Summer, .50; John Summer, 10.

Receipts issued by District 3: Tan, 2.50; I. Lazarowitz, FDN, 5; Marion Gittleman, FDN, 4; S. J. Pearlman, 5; B. Glasser (3C), 3; Trychonink (2B), 1; B. Zatizes (2B), 1; Orchow (2A), 1; Cutler (1B), 1; Stoppleman, 1; Minkoff, 1; Nemeroff, 1.

Forward all contributions to the National Election Campaign Committee, Workers (Communist) Party, 43 East 125th St., Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer.

CZECH DELEGATE BURIED IN U.S.S.R.

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Aug. 30.—The burial of Horaz, delegate of the Chechoslavakian Communist Party to the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International, who died here suddenly, took place today.

The funeral was attended by the delegates to the World Congress and by many Moscow workers.

Children of Mill Strikers Go Without Shoes; School Opens

Continued from Page One

for the strike in their own right. They have stood their ground bravely when the police attacked the picket lines, and come out day after day, wet weather as well as fine.

Food becomes a sharper problem too, as school opens. Strikers' children must not be sent half-hungry to wrestle with their lessons. For this reason the W. I. R. is opening special children's relief stations, to make sure that the children are properly fed. As a beginning, Sunday, Sept. 9, is being set aside as a special Children's Milk Day. Up to now the children have been given relief when they came to the stations during the week, with no food distribution on Sunday—but double portions on Saturday. Sunday has now been established as a special children's day.

An appeal has been issued by the Workers International Relief to make the special Children's Relief Drive a success.

Send all contributions to the Workers International Relief for New Bedford Strikers, 49 William Street, New Bedford, Mass.

Mussolini Denouncer Lured Back to Italy Jailed By Fascists

GENEVA, Switzerland, Aug. 30 (UP).—Cesare Rossi, former fascist leader, was lured across the Swiss frontier by a woman and seized by Italian authorities, newspapers here reported today.

Swiss authorities began an investigation of the arrest, which, it was revealed, occurred near Tessin, Switzerland.

The reports were that Rossi, who has been hiding in France since he denounced Mussolini and fascism for the murder of Deputy Matteoti, visited the Canton of Tessin. When Italian authorities learned he was there, a lure was used to get him in their jurisdiction, it was said.

BLUE LAWS AGAIN

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 30 (UP).—Facing a sentence of sixty days in jail on a bread and water diet or working on Sunday, thirteen barbers brought before an alderman last night are being held in $25 bail each for court, after they waived hearings.

POLICE SMASH MEETING IN OHIO STEEL CENTER

Steubenville Workers Are Defiant

(By a Worker Correspondent)

STEUBENVILE, Ohio, (By Mail).—The first organized attempt of the workers of Steubenville, Ohio, to build a strong defense movement in this city in several months, has found the local police department in a highly nervous condition, verging on delirium tremons.

On Saturday, August 25, the local branch of the I.L.D. was to hold a mass memorial meeting for Sacco and Vanetti on the steps of the Court House. The meeting was scheduled for 7, but the Salvation Army had already taken the stump. Our comrades waited peacefully until eight, when the sky-pilots left. Comrade J. Judson, of Cleveland, mounted the stand. He had said no more than ten words to call the meeting to order, when four husky coppers jerked him off the stump and proceeded to walk him to the police station, a block away.

The crowd followed to the station, where the police told Comrade Judson he might go free if he would cease speaking. He refused, so they kept him there.

There then began a long grilling, in which many questions were asked, such as "Who are your committee? Where are you from? Why do you bother with such things? What can you do? Sacco and Vanzetti are dead already!" Comrade Judson answered these questions properly, being sufficiently wide awake to know just what was wanted, and giving them very little actual information regarding the local movement.

Comrade Judson was held overnight, it was finally decided to release him on charges of inciting to riot, under $2,000 bail. But there was a slight hitch in the plans of the police. Mr. Borkowsky, federal commissioner in the Steubenville district walked in. He pointed out to the police that they really had nothing on Comrade Judson, that he had said nothing seditious, that he had had no time to incite a riot, and they really couldn't do a thing. He also attempted to persuade Comrade Judson to abandon his ideas. "Such a smart fellow might do so much better.....''!

In effect, Mr. Berkowsky saved the police department from a black eye. However, the local Comrades of Steubenville are enthused over the result, glad of the response to the call for the memorial meeting, and promise that he will use this incident to the utmost in the building of a strong I.L.D. local in this city, which will defy the steel bosses and strengthen and defend the workers movement in Steubenville.

—N. A.

Chicago Police Called "Rotten to the Core"

CHICAGO, Aug. 30 (UP).—A special grand jury investigating crime and violence at the poles returned indictments against fourteen persons today, charging conspiring to obstruct personal liberty.

The indictments declared the investigations would indicate the Police Department of Chicago is "rotten to the core."

OHIO MINERS TO HOLD SUB-DIST. MEETS

Follow Lead of Lewis No More

PITTSBURGH, Pa. Aug. 30.—Ohio is conducting a series of sub-district mines conferences. The first one opens in Bellaire. Others will follow in quick succession. Bob Mutusek, Frank Sepich and Andy Plechaty are leading the work there, affiliating locals with the new union, getting dues cards in circulation.

It took a lot to knock some sense into the heads of those who have followed Lewis's lead like so many sheep all those years, while the U.M.W. of A. has gone to ruin. When the newspapers announced Lewis' latest betrayal, the abandonment of the Jacksonville scale and instruction to each district to beg what it could from the operators, Lewis' supporters said that it was a lie, that the progressives had made up the story!

But when they heard the same story from Lewis' office, they understood at last. These boys are now joining the great masses of miners who say that Lewis' betrayals are a thing of the past—a new day.

Nine Workers Killed In Italian Cyclone

MONZA, Aug. 30.—Nine workers were killed in a violent cyclone that struck this city last night, it was announced officially today. In addition, 40 were injured seriously, seven of whom may die. Nearly 100 were injured slightly.

Among the dead were: Alfredo Hagant, 30; Giovanni Lissoni, 27; Pierina Pastor, 20; Pietro Casiraghi, 21, and Federico Maiocchi, all employed in hat factories. The other dead were unidentified, including two women.

BRITISH BANK GAINING

LONDON, Aug. 30.—The Bank of England's reserve yesterday totaled £60,175,962, the first time it has been above the 60,000,000 figure since February 3, 1915. A week before the outbreak of the World War the reserve was £26,875,000.

WHAT I SAW IN CHINA

By TOM MANN

10 cents

THE "grand old man" of the British Labor movement tells of his experiences in revolutionary China after a six months' stay with the International Workers' Delegation.

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'Elmer the Great' Ring Lardner Comedy Due at Lyceum Sept. 24

IN MARK TWAIN PLAY

Scene from "A Connecticut Yankee," Mark Twain's famous satire in musical form, now in its tenth month at the Vanderbilt Theatre.

GEORGE M. COHAN'S first production of the season is all set. He has decided to open here with "Elmer The Great," Ring Lardner's baseball comedy and will present it at the Lyceum Theatre on Sept. 24. The play is based on Lardner's "You-Know-Me-Al" stories. The chief role will be played by Walter Huston. Other players include: Nan Sunderland, Harold Healy, Tom Blake, Thomas V. Gillen, Edith Luckett and Katherine. The play is now playing in Chicago.

Two productions of the Sam H. Harris-Albert Lewis forces will open next Monday at Philadelphia: the Jack Dempsey-Estelle Taylor play "The Big Fight" at the Chestnut Street Opera House, and "The War Song," the George Jessel play at the Lyric. The New York openings follow a fortnight later.

DERUSSA FILM GROUP JOIN EUROPEAN PRODUCERS

Derussa, the Soviet government and the German film trust combine, is the latest continental producing firm to enter the Affiliated European producers. Derussa is the fifteenth film company to merge in the creation of the new organization, which is to distribute all the films of these companies in America.

The acquisition of Derussa is considered as one of the most important events in the formation of this distributing combine. Michael J. Gourland is the president of the affiliation. Among the prominent Derussa directors are: Sergius M. Eisenstein, creator of "Potemkin"; W. J. Pudowkin, of "The End of St. Petersburg" fame; Jury Tarisch, who made "Czar Ivan the Terrible"; and F. Ozep, director of "The Yellow Ticket."

POISONS 3 WITH CYANIDE.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Aug. 30 (UP).—After all-night questioning by state detectives, Samuel Weiss, one of two persons arrested on suspicial of causing the deaths of three persons with poisoned beer, confessed early today that he had placed cyanide in the beer.

Mrs. Catherine Weiss, his sister-in-law and wife of one of the victims, was still be questioned.

"The New Moon," Schwab and Mandel's new musical play opened in Cleveland last night at the Hanna Theatre. The production is due here in two weeks at the Imperial Theatre.

Aline Bernstein who designed the costumes and sets for the Grand Street players will join the Civic Repertory Theatre as its scenic designer. Eva Le Gallienne started rehearsals at the Fourteenth Street Playhouse yesterday.

Mae West will give a special matinee of "Diamond Lil," Labor Day at the Royale. This will mark the twenty-second week of her play "Diamond Lil."

AMUSEMENTS

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER IN ITS REVISED FORM?
CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

HUDSON West 44 St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Sat. and Mon. at 2:30
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"MEMORIES OF CONFLICT"

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CONTENTS:

Hoover and Smith Accept the Nomination......BEN GITLOW
Politics and the Fly-Hunt......M. J. OLGIN
The Presidential Elections of 1928......ARNE SWABECK
Obregon Assassinated......JANET COKK
A Reply to Eastman's "Marx, Lenin and the Revolution" A. CHIK
Notes on American Literature......JOSEPH FREEMAN
Self-Study Corner (Tactical Questions in the Struggle Against War)
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Three Hundred Carpenters and Joiners Walk Out in Demand for Five Day Week

UNION MEN TIE UP OVER TWENTY MILLS IN STRIKE

Victory For Workers Soon Is Seen

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 30. —A country-wide strike of union carpenters has tied up over 20 mills. The strike was called on Monday, when 300 carpenters and joiners walked out with the demand for a five-day week with the same wages that they have been getting for a five and a half day week.

The strike affects cabinetmakers, benchmen and machine men.

An early victory for the strikers was indicated when the head of the Building Materials Men's Association, the bosses' league, expressed anxiety for a settlement.

GITLOW TO SPEAK AT PHILA. PICNIC

To Produce O'Neill's "Hairy Ape"

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.—The election campaign rally and picnic to be held at Schuetzen Park, 83rd and Tinicum Ave., on September 3, where Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, will speak, is expected to draw a record crowd, the Communist Election Campaign Committee announced here today.

Arrangements are being made for a monster demonstration as a reception to Benjamin Gitlow, who will begin his cross-country tour with an address in the citadel of the corrupt Vare machine. Efforts are being made to provide for the broadcasting of this speech so that thousands in the eastern part of the country will be able to hear the demands of the Communist Party.

Other features will make this a highly enjoyable affair. An open-air performance of Eugene O'Neil's "Hairy Ape," by the Hederow Theatre Players on a specially constructed stage, is the latest feature to be announced. This will be the first time that the play is given under open skies.

Both players and spectators will have an opportunity to satisfy their palates with a variety of international foods. Chinese comrades are preparing "Chop-Suey," "Chow-Mein" and "Fooyundun," Armenian comrades are preparing their famous relish "Shashlik" and the unknown dish shrouded in mystery, "Matzun," and the Italian comrades will have their incomparable spaghetti and macaroni.

The picnic will be held, rain or shine, since there is a huge pavilion at the park. The affair will last the whole day and the admission is only 50 cents.

DAWES PLAN FOR MEXICO CHARGED

Wall Street Ready to Supervise

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 30.—Facts relating to the internal economic condition of Mexico collected by a committee of United States bankers, and published in United States only for the use of certain bankers, have been demanded to be made public for Mexico by economists here. Eduardo Villasenor, writing in El Universal, has demanded that this secrecy by lifted.

The bankers committee came to Mexico to make an investigation of the economic situation due to the fact that the Mexican government had declared that it would not be able to meet its external obligations. When they returned they published their findings and distributed them only to prominent bankers, with certain recommendations, which, it is feared here, provide for United States domination of railroads, revenues and banks. The report was not made public in Mexico at all.

Villasenor writes in part, "We suppose that they have recommended that Mexico release control of her railways, her telegraphs and the Banco de Mexico with, possibly, the [illegible] National Bank of Agricultural Credit, to satisfy international obligations. Excessive measures would not be surprising. They would serve to prove their fidelity to the bankers whose interests they have to serve."

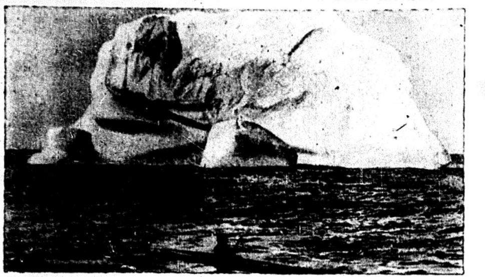
HOOVER'S STAND ON PORTO RICO.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29 (UP).—Dr. Thomas E. Benner, Chancellor of the University of Porto Rico, has asked for a statement from Herbert Hoover, republican presidential candidate, on his attitude toward Porto Rico, it was learned today.

MORE MILITARISM

The United States navy is preparing to receive the flagship of the [illegible] navy, the cruiser Aus- [illegible] when it arrives here today

Step Toward Exploitation; "The Cross and Then the Sword"



The Eskimos in the Labrador region were perfectly contented and healthy before they ever saw a missionary, but the Sir Wilfred Grenfell thought they needed Christian religion and the "benefits" of capitalist civilization. So he founded a string of missions along the Labrador coast. As in all colonial regions, "Christian missions pave the way for capitalist exploitation of natives. Grenfell, recently knighted for his services to British imperialism, is shown above in a kayak.

BOTH YANKS AND ATHLETICS LOSE

(By United Press)

Both American League pennant contenders received a setback Thursday, the Washington Senators defeating the New York Yankees, 3 to 1, and the Boston Red Sox beating the Philadelphia Athletics, 3 to 2.

Waite Hoyt, the Yankees' star right hander, failed to stop the Senators who knocked him out of the box with a three-run rally in the sixth inning. Hits by Rice, Goslin, Judge, and Reeves accounted for the Washington runs.

Babe Ruth's forty-seventh home run of the season in the seventh inning gave the Yankees their only run. Ruth, however, hit into a double play in the ninth after Gehrig had fanned.

Sam Jones held his former teammates to seven hits.

Two pitchers shoved into the game in the ninth beat the Athletics. Charlie Ruffing, batting for Russell, doubled and scored two runs and Big Ed Morris, taking the mound in the last inning, fanned Hauser, Tris Speaker and Eddie Collins—the last two pinch hitters.

• • •

Rain helped the Chicago Cubs to gain half a game on the league-leading Cardinals in the National League race Thursday. The Cubs beat the Cincinnati Reds, 2 to 0, rain stopping the game at the end of the sixth inning. The Cardinals' lead is 5 games.

With the Cardinals leading the Pittsburgh Pirates, 2 to 0, at the end of the first inning, rain halted the contest. Alexander and Kremer were the rival pitchers.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.

Washington, 3; New York, 1.
Boston, 3; Philadelphia, 2.
Detroit, 5; Cleveland, 3.

National League.

Boston, 6; Philadelphia, 5.
Chicago, 2; Cincinnati, 0 (6 innings, rain).
St. Louis—Pittsburgh, Rain.
Only games scheduled.

The Reverend Thomas Evades All Questions

By SAUL HELD.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Aug. 30.—The "socialist" candidate for the presidency delivered one of his middle class sermons at Rockford, Ill. on Monday night, August 20, in a hall that seats about eight hundred persons. Three hundred persons were present. The composition of the small audience consisted of a few foggy "socialists," middle class storekeepers, and a few workers. Not a militant, fighting, revolutionary note was struck in his entire talk. It was an appeal to sob sisters and the middle class to vote for the "socialist" ticket. The Reverend with artificial, dramatic gestures attempted to arouse the sentiments of the audience. Pacifist and traitorous statements gave his speech the "socialist" coloring.

Support Kellogg Plan.

Said Mr. Thomas: "I support the Kellogg Peace Pact because of the psychological results." What are the psychological results? The Kellogg Peace Pact serves the purpose of hiding the military preparation of capitalism for the next world slaughter. And the "socialists," true to their policy of betrayal of the working class, hand in hand with capitalists attempt to screen the military preparations. Not once did Mr. Thomas mention the fact that the working class must first shatter the capitalist system and then build socialism. Instead he advocated intelligent voting as the best possible means of transforming capitalist society into socialism in a peaceful manner.

Desert Marxism.

Long ago have the "Socialists" forgotten and deserted Marxism. Marx in his Communist Manifesto declares: "In depicting the most general phases of the development of the proletariat, we have traced the more or less veiled civil war raging within existing society up to the point where that war breaks out into open revolution, and where the violent overthrow of the bourgeoisie lays the foundation for the sway of the proletariat."

Mr. Thomas lamented a great deal over the sad spectacle of war and declared that "Socialists" have always fought war. How weak is his memory (a fitting qualification for a "Socialist")! Has Mr. Thomas forgotten the betrayal of "socialists" during the World War? Has he forgotten the betrayal of the socialists in Germany who voted war credits and raised the slogan of "German Imperialism is the Most Civilized of Imperialism." The "socialists" of France, Italy, and America also had such slogans and also betrayed. All this Mr. Thomas has conveniently forgotten.

Mr. Thomas "chastized" the Communists for their "hot-headed" ideas on the question of armed insurrection force against capitalism, and spoke in the artificial quivering voice of a presbyterian preacher.

Socialists Betrayed Workers.

Has Mr. Thomas forgotten that the Social Democracy supported armed insurrections in Georgia and Ukrainia against the first worker's and Peasant's Government on the face of the earth: Or, Karl Kautsky's enticing appeals to the French and British governments for financial aid in the support of the insurrections? What a bluff on the part of the loving reverend whose hands are bloody with the murders of militant workers the world over! The "pacifist" supports armed insurrection! And against whom? Against the working class! When the meeting adjourned the members of the Young Workers League Training-School bombarded him with questions. Under the bombardment, the reverend hemmed, hawed, twisted and turned, with the look of a cornered rat in his eyes.

Gives Evasive Answers.

In replying to the question: "Did not the 'socialists' vote for the war credits in Germany during the war?" he answered: 'Some socialists are good and some are bad." When he was told of the issuing of injunctions against striking workers in Milwaukee, which has a "socialist" administration, Mr. Thomas replied, "we are not in a majority on the administration." This falsehood is self evident. When asked why military training exists in schools of Milwaukee the same hypocritical answer was given. Knowing the League members would annihilate him in a short time he declared he would not answer any more questions from League members, and turning like a beaten rat, he slunk away. In his entire talk not a word about organization. Not a word about the young workers in industry, not a word about militant revolutionary struggle on any field. The betrayers in the sheep's clothing of "pacifism" and and "liberalism" are a menace to the working class. Fight the betrayers of the working class!

LABOR FAKERS ENDORSE SMITH

New York Misleaders Retain Jobs

Continued from Page One

falo, Betty A. Hawley of Brooklyn, Joseph P. Ryan of New York City.

William E. Brown of Utica, Michael J. Fanning of Schenectady, A. W. Herman of Syracuse, William M. Gregory of Yonkers, Jeremiah Ryan of Albany, secretary-treasurer John M. O'Hanlon of Albany. Legislative Committee, John M. O'Hanlon of Albany, John J. Doyle of Buffalo, John M. Schilling of New York, John T. O'Brien of Syracuse, Mabel Leslie of New York.

• • •

The fact that "Tammany Al" Smith, who is being supported in his present presidential campaign by such financial barons and labor haters as John J. Raskob, General Motors head, and Pierre du Pont, big munitions manufacturer, was going to receive the sanction of the American Federation of Labor, was indicated two days ago when William Green, reactionary president of the organization, delivered a speech in which he called the Wall St. candidate a "friend of labor."

Austin Chamberlain Sails For the U. S.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—Sir Austen Chamberlain, foreign secretary, left today for Liverpool to start a trip to America for his health. He wore his monocle.

Sir Austen will sail on the Orcoma for the West Indies, Panama, San Francisco and Vancouver. He will be accompanied by Lady Chamberlain, their daughter, Diane, and younger son, Lawrence, as well as a governess, valet and private detective. They expect to be gone ten weeks.

TEXTILE STRIKERS IN NEW BEDFORD ASK AID ABROAD

Send Cables to Red Labor International

Continued from Page One

for financial assistance to relieve the suffering strikers and their children. The starvation wages and unemployment among American textile workers is unbearable and life-destroying".

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 30. —The Chief of Police, it seems, has concurred, and a permit to parade on Labor Day was sent yesterday to the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mills Committee by Mayor Ashley. The mayor according to reports, tried to dodge the issue by referring it to the police head, but mass pressure was too great to be ignored.

Although no permit was granted till last night and after a decision against the application for a permit was likely, the arrangements committees of the Textile Workers Union have engaged in preparatory plans for many days. The American Federation of Labor Textile Council, which is also to hold a parade, having been granted permission some time ago, is working feverishly to make a showing that will save its face.

After protests from the strikers and even outsiders has become unbearably loud, the city authorities finally granted a permit to the T. M. C. union to hold a meeting in Brooklawn Park. Only the Textile Council was hitherto permitted to hold meetings there. A highly successful meeting of hundreds of British workers was held there yesterday. James Ried, from Fall River, Ellen Dawson, William T. Murdoch, Fred E. Beale, Kelley Jeanette Pearl of the W. I. R. spoke. A French Canadian speaker Henri Ruth, was also there and was enthusiastically received by the workers.

Calles Cabinet Meets On Eve of Opening of The Mexican Congress

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 30.—President Calles is holding a cabinet meeting today in preparation for the opening of the Mexican congress on September 1. The chief point on the agenda, both for the cabinet meeting and the congress is the problem of choosing a successor to the president, whose term expires on November 30.

At the first session of the congress resolutions will be presented by the National Peasants League and sections of the Obregonista party demanding that the term of President Calles be extended for two years, so that preparations for a national election in 1931 may be made.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29 (UP).—An iceberg five miles long, the greatest on record, was reported drifting south from a position 60 miles off the Labrador coast, coast guard headquarters was advised today.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Y. W. L. Upper Bronx, Unit 1.

The Y. W. L., Unit 1 of Upper Bronx will hold an open air meeting at Intervale and Wilkins Ave., Bronx at 8:30 p. m. today. E. Wald, P. Green, S. Daniels will speak.

• • •

Important Notice.

All Party members are instructed to appear at Party Headquarters 26-28 Union Square, today at 11 a. m., for important Party work.

All comrades are instructed to turn in at once all money collected during last week's Tag Day and take another box or list for this week's collection.

—John J. Ballam, Acting Dist. Org.

• • •

Party Fraction Meeting.

A Party Fraction meeting will be held Wednesday, Sept. 5, at Party headquarters, 26-28 Union Square, at 8 p. m. of all Party members belonging to the United Council of Working Class Women and other women's organizations. Party members who are housewives must all come to the Fraction meeting. All active comrades, in language groups such as Lithuanian, Ukrainian, Finnish, Jewish, etc., etc., must attend this meeting.

• • •

Y. W. L. German Branch, Yorkville.

The next meeting will be held this evening at 8 o'clock at the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E81st Street. All German speaking young workers are invited to attend this meeting.

• • •

Branch 2, Section 8 Meet.

A meeting of Branch 2, Section 8 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Sunday, at 9 a. m. at 154 Watkins St. After the meeting all members will go out to participate in the collection of signatures.

• • •

3 E. 1 F.

Unit 3 E. 1 F. will hold an important meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 4, at 6:15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3 E. International Branch 1.

The International Branch 1 will meet on Tuesday, Sept. 4, at 9 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3 E. 2 F.

An important meeting of Unit 3 E. 2 F. will be held on Wednesday, Sept 5, at 6.15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St

• • •

Subsection 3 E.

The new Subsection Executive meeting will hold the first meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 6, at 6.15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

BROWNSVILLE Y. W. L.

An open-air meeting, arranged by the Brownsville Young Workers (Communist) League, will be held at 8:30 p. m. at Stone and Pitkin Aves. The following are the speakers: Sylvia Gudisman, Charles Willson, Morris Melman Morris Spector. Rubin Greenberg will be chairman. The open-air committee and all other members must be at headquarters at 7:30 sharp.

• • •

Red Banquet in the Bronx.

Sept. 9 will be Red Sunday in the Bronx. A Red Banquet will be held at 5 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave., the Bronx. The banquet is arranged by the Workers Party, Section 5, to introduce the Party candidates, Rebecca Grecht, and Ben Gold. S. Zimmerman will speak.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 30 (UP) —Divers decovered today the body of Christine Denlock, 19, who was drowned in the Ohio River near here when the towboat Aliquippa of the Vesta Coal Company overturned in 18 feet of water. She was a chambermaid on the boat.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

• • •

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

"Would the Single Tax Abolish Economic Slavery" will be the subject of debate at the Ingersoll Forum 113 West 57th Street this evening at eight o'clock. The debate will be between Timothy P. Murphy and George Lloyd. Affirmative by Lloyd. Negative by Murphy.

• • •

I. L. D. Open Air Meet

An open air meeting under the auspices of the International Labor Defense will be held this evening at the corner of Longwood and Prospect Aves., Bronx. The speakers will be Louis A. Baum, Secretary of the Photographic Workers Union, and S. Levy. I Brodowsky will act as chairman.

• • •

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

MINERS COLLECT CONVENTION FARE

Colorado Launches Fund Drive

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 30.—A campaign for collecting funds to pay the expenses of delegates to the National Miners Convention, has been launched in Colorado. This is the task of miners in every district.

"Of course it's very hard collecting money when the boys haven't been getting any pay for a long time," writes a miner of Lafayette, Colo. "We find ourselves bunking against a stone wall many, many times while we are trying to get some work done. But hell, what's a thousand stone walls when we got to build a union to protect ourselves and our families? I tell you, brothers, we are working and mean to build a real union!"

WRECKED MEN RESCUED

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—Four shipwrecked men were rescued in Quincy Bay today by a seaplane piloted by J. D. Thomas and J. B. Lynch.

ST. LOUIS LABOR AIDING MOONEY AND BILLINGS

Send Protest to Gov. Young

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 30.—The unconditional pardon and immediate release of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings was demanded in a resolution adopted by the Central Trades and Labor Union of St. Louis, which represents 75,000 organized trade unionists, and was sent to C. C. Young, Governor of California, and William Green, President of the American Federation of Labor.

The resolution was also endorsed by the St. Louis Building Trades Council, representing 16,000 organized workers, the Belleville, Illinois, Trades and Labor Assembly, representing 5,000 organized workers, and the East St. Louis, Illinois, Central Labor Council, representing 3,000 organized workers, and the Granite City, Illinois, Tri-City Labor Council, representing 2,000 organized workers, and the International Moulders Union Conference Board.

RED CAMPAIGN MEETS THIS WEEK

The Workers (Communist) Party will present to the workers of New York City its program of the class struggle at a series of open-air meetings throughout the city this week. The meetings follow:

Today.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Ballam, Ross.
Bristol and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn—Lipzin, Pasternack, Alkin, G. Welsh, Levitt (Pioneer).
Fifth Ave. and 110th, N. Y.—Taft, Huiswood, E. Welsh, Ruiz, Lyons, Repalsky (Pioneer).
Market and Plaza, Newark, N. J. —Wright, Friedman.
Varet and Graham, Brooklyn.—Nessin, Rosemond, Mindola.
Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn (4th Ave. line, B.-M. T.)—Powers, Donaldson, Magliacano, Macdonald, Chalupski, J. Taft (Pionee).
Paterson, N. J., 3 Governor St.—Markoff, Russak.

Saturday, Sept. 1.

First Ave. and 79th St., N. Y.—Markoff, E Welsh, Napoli, Rolfe, Galiger.
West New York, N. J.—Padmore, Szepesey.
Perth Amboy, N. J.—B. Smith, L. Duke, Rosen (Pioneer).
Elizabeth, N. J. (Union Square)—Yusem, R. Duke.

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Daily Worker

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ✕ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers!
For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

The Communist Party On the Ballot In Bloody Pennsylvania

The "Ruhr" coal and iron region of Germany is famous the world over, both in labor history and in the intrigues of diplomats and the strategy of field marshalls. But it might not be too much to say that Pennsylvania is as significant to the economy of the United States of America—and to the labor history of this country—as the "Ruhr" is to all of Europe.

There are vast differences. From the point of view of labor history, we do not forget that the American working class has not had the same experiences as the brave German workers of the "Ruhr." But those who know the long history of the workers of the mine fields of Pennsylvania will look to Pennsylvania for some of the most glorious achievements of the working class in the coming years. Pennsylvania is "the guts" of American industry in at least as real a sense as any other section that could be named. The vast mass of workers in the basic industries of iron, steel and coal can truly be called the flower of the working class of America.

But for the very same reasons the capitalist lords of the United States have always used the greatest precautions, the most ingenious devices and the most ruthless methods to make a vast prison stockade of the steel-mill towns and mining camps. In this they have not been unsuccessful. Pittsburgh is notoriously a city of blood-and-iron police methods directed against the working class. And if the police department of that city can be regarded as a sort of a collective Harry Thaw on a rampage against everything that seemed to lead even in the direction of free expression from the masses, so also the trade union bureaucracy has long been best symbolized as that police department's little Evelyn.

Yet underneath the heartless official surface of the state of the coal and iron cossacks and the crass "culture" of the foulest type of America bourgeoisie exemplified by the Mellon family, there has always been present the fiery heart of the best that the American proletariat can show in men and women.

It is significant that in the Daily Worker today appear two news despatches from the state of Pennsylvania. The Workers (Communist) Party—the American section of the Communist International, the revolutionary party of the American working class—will be on the ballot this year in Pennsylvania. This is one of the news items. It is a big one. It means a better opportunity for the working class of Pennsylvania to mobilize itself, train itself, school itself in political questions so as to raise to a higher stage its class consciousness for the struggle towards the victory which will crown all its many years of struggle. Voting will not displace the cossacks, will not change the state power of the coal and steel barons into an instrument for the benefit of the working class, but the use of the election campaign in a revolutionary manner by the working class party which has no illusions of capitalist democracy, can bring to the workers of Pennsylvania an advantage in all their struggles. Is it an accident that the candidate heading the Communist national ticket as the red nominee for president and the candidate that heads the state ticket for United States senator, are respectively, the leader who organized the huge struggle of the Great Steel Strike, and a veteran steel worker who was associated with him in that struggle? The workers of Pennsylvania know that it is not accidental. They know this because the Workers (Communist) Party has been their one true, tireless leader throughout the terrific coal strike through which they have just gone, only to see their former union wrecked by the enemies of themselves and the Communists. It is no accident that the day's news of success in the campaign to get on the ballot tells us that the coal miners were chiefly those who put through the successful campaign to get the national ticket headed by Foster and Gitlow and the state ticket headed by the steel worker, William J. White, on the Pennsylvania ballot.

The other news item tells of the granting of the first charter for a local of the new Miners' Union. This also is momentous news. The great National Convention of the coal miners for the founding of the new national union to take the place of the now dead United Mine Workers, destroyed by John L. Lewis and his fellow servants of the capitalist class,—this great convention is now but a few days away. It will begin on September 9. It will be one of the most important events in all of the history of the American working class. There is nothing surprising that the new Union that is being born is a result of the struggle between the militant coal miners and the Communists, against the traitor Lewis, member of the same republican party which is bossed by Mellon, the arch-type of the scab coal mine owner.

The whole working class of Pennsylvania has new opportunities to learn that the class struggle is a political struggle, that the picket line meets the state power of the bosses as its greatest and decisive enemy.

Congratulate the workers of Pennsylvania—and put the Communist ticket on the ballot in many more states!

They Studied with Guns in Hands

By SOL AUERBACH.

KIEV is a city of green and gold. Built on seven hills overlooking the Dneipr River, with its poplar lined streets climbing the hills, it is a breezy and vigorous city even in the summer. The people walking on the streets have a carefree and easy temper. In the evening they walk in crowds, singing and yelling to one anohter. In the Proletarian Garden, situated on a cliff high above the river, the workers of Kiev gather in the evening to listen to the orchestra or play on the recreation grounds.

The gilded domes of the churches blend with the rising and waving green of the streets into a harmony of gold and green in sunlight. The city feels like a summer resort to a temporary visitor who does not have to work while he enjoys the Dneipr and the color.

In the evening members of the proletarian student organization, the Prolestud, join us on the way to the river front. We walk along with the crowds, down the hundreds of steps to the river shore. Kiev comes here on a summer evening, in thousands of arm-clasping joyous people. They cross in large motor barges to the other shore of the river where they build small camp fires and splash about in the water.

• • •

Twenty-five of us embark on a large one-motored barge and chuck our way against the current up the river. The river is smooth as glass on the surface, hiding a swift and dangerous current. It is pitch dark out there and Kiev throws only small specks of light into the sky. Blotches of light climb up the Kiev hills. Small flickers of light on the bridge, from the camp-fires on the opposite shore, from the stars. The smoke from the power plant casts a shadow across the moon. The Ukrainian students sing revolutionary songs.

Yasha stands at the stern of the boat, an athletic and imposing figure. He is the son of a peasant and a student at the Kiev Polytech. He is a giant. Strength radiates from his open collar from the well-set neck, from the muscular forearm, from the square jaw, from the lively prancing eyes. He is a man cut for leadership, with a spirit and will that sways masses. He becomes our leader immediately, leading the songs, urging us into action.

Our boat is a volume of song. The Ukrainian and Russian students are swept away by the motion of the boat and the call of the night. They sing song after song with the full strength of their being, united by common experiences, common sufferings, common aims and ideals. They are songs that come deep, deep from the masses, full of power, full of vigor and triumph and also full of sadness.

• • •

Yasha stands at the stern of the barge, singing into the night. His voige is deep and clear. From one song to another he leads his comrades, his deep rich bass dominating all.

"You must excuse us for singing our heads off like this, comrades. You may not understand these songs in a foreign language. But you surely must understand their spirit, their real meaning. These songs means everything to us."

And he leads off on another.

Suddenly he breaks off the song. We are drawing near to some concrete pillars projecting out of the Dneipr. He points to them defiantly and says,

"Do you see those pillars? It is all that is left of a bridge. The bridge was blown up by the retreating Polish army. I was in the thick of the fight. I have taken part in seventeen battles in and around Kiev. The land of the workers and peasants is invincible! Workers of the world this is your home. Workers, workers of the world, your day of freedom is at hand. We are your mainstay, your rallying point, your hope!"

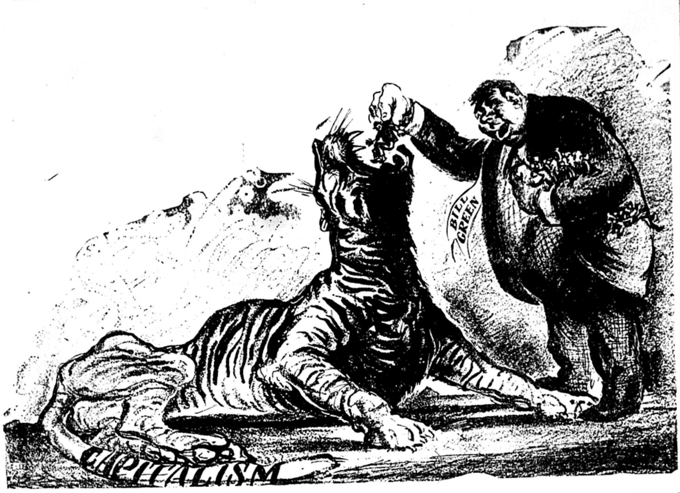
He must have fought with the same abandonment with which he sings. And yet Yasha is only one of the many young workers and peasants in the vanguard of the Red Army. Only one of the many students who studied with guns in their hands, studied so that they could be leaders in the construction of the proletarian fatherland.

PUPPET GOVERNMENTS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—In answer to the invitation sent to 48 states to join Kellogg's pact to "outlaw war," only three petty governments have thus far indicated their unconditional acceptance. The governments are: Peru, Liberia and Luxembourg.

Denmark, Bolivia, Austria, Cuba and San Domingo have communicated that they intend to join in the future.

"REWARD YOUR FRIENDS AND PUNISH YOUR ENEMIES" By Fred Ellis



How "Socialist" Party Has "Developed"

By I. AMTER

At last we know whither the socialist party is going. "Thirty-six educators have issued a call to join the socialists. Appeal for formation of progressive party." This is the goal of the socialist party, section of the socialist labor international. A party of liberals, to put themselves at the "head of the liberal forces of the country."

Who and what are the liberals? They are the intellectuals, who interpret the struggles of the working class in the terms of emotion and petty-bourgeois interests. They are that section of the population which is being crowded economically and hardly finds a place in society.

Is there a place for them in American capitalist society? There is. Among these thirty-six men are men who help capitalism to develop more rapidly in the United States; but the majority of them are men and women who are unable to interpret the struggle that is taking place, who cannot reconcile it with their conception of ethics, and, in that some of them are teachers of religion, decry a number of the baser manifestations of the struggle.

"Industrial Peace."

These liberals are advocates of industrial peace. Why should in this age of reason, when "intellect has taken the place of force," as Matthew Woll would put it, why should in this day, force play any part in human relations? The worker wants peace, the employer wants peace; let them sit down around the table with the motto that industrial peace is the better method, a "give and take" policy, as has been instituted in the settlement of the coal situation in Colorado, and the class struggle will be eliminated.

This method eliminates nothing; it merely beclouds the issue for a short time, but the class struggle goes on none the less. Phrases will not stop the workers from struggling. Economic determinism will not keep the employers from forgetting industrial peace, when the question of profits and control arises. The liberal phantasy will not aid the intellectuals in solving the question. The struggle goes on—and intellectualism will be swept aside.

Prepare for War.

Despite the proposals of industrial peace, the war industry is working at top speed. "America has the most formidable war gas producing industry in the world," so reports a renowned chemist. Surely this industry is not intended for the destruction of the American workers! Surely it is not intended for the destruction of the working class of another nation, which has arrived at the stage of industrial peace between the workers and the capitalist class! Mondism in England is "established." The British workers no longer hate or fear the British capitalists. All is honey and roses—and the war industry will close down.

This is the product of the propaganda of the intellectuals—the socialists who have "abolished" the class struggle! This is the vain position of the petty-bourgeoisie, which is being shoved to the wall. In despair of its position, it clamors for peace, for it dare not take the position of the working class, and it cannot entice more than a shred of recognition from the capitalist class. The intellectual who sees himself predestined to take over the leadership of society!

Will this class arrive at the signal position occupied by the leadership of the Independent Labor Party of Great Britain, all of whom, including MacDonald, are intellectuals? It will not. The MacDonalds became the heirs of the mass movement created by the Kerr Hardies, the movement that led to the formation and development of the Labor Party of Great Britain. The development of capitalism in Great Britain required sagacious leaders of the working class, who could swing the Labor Party from its labor and struggle trend to support of capitalist policies. The movement for struggle was tamed, and the Labor Party became respectable.

The Intellectuals.

In the United States there is no mass movement of the workers as yet in strongly organized form. The form of organization and of struggle is as yet the trade union in the United States, and it is fighting a fight for economic improvements. The intellectuals play little part in these struggles. The brutal rise of American capitalism, in sharp struggle with imperialisms that are declining and are fighting for their very existence, demands of American capitalism the application of rigid measures against the working class, which the intellectuals cannot ease.

There may be one Woll, but there cannot be many Wolls in the labor movement in the United States, for the organization of the workers, which means the organization of the unorganized, has taken the form of a determined struggle against the resolve of the employers to make America an open-shop country. Although the company union idea is growing and more millions of workers are being embraced in it, the experiences of the workers who have been in company unions are tending to explode the entire idea. While growing, the ground-work is decaying. The intellectual who is an exponent of industrial peace, and therefore of the company union, sees the flower bloom—and rot.

Illusions.

The socialist supports industrial peace—and, following in the wake of the League of Nations, spreads the illusion that the League will bring about the area of international peace. Yet in the name of the League of Nations, the world is near to international disaster. In the name of the League of Nations, the colonial peoples are being exploited as never before. It is a more refined method—and yet it is more brutal. Irak, India, Egypt, Nicaragua, the Philippines, Liberia—all of them present the same aspects. **There is no industrial and no international peace, for we are living in the era of imperialist wars and the social revolution!**

Has then the socialist—that is the intellectual—an enduring place in American capitalist society? His role will soon be spent. It is not unlikely that the socialist party, now transforming itself into an intellectual, liberal, progressive party, eliminating the struggle, and acting as the "peace-bringing" agent of the capitalist class among the workers, will thrive for a while in the United States. But this development will be of short duration.

Unemployment of millions—for the second year—rationalization, which means the pauperization and impoverishment of milions (the number of children working in the factories of the country is not decreasing but increasing), the industrialization of agriculture, the fear of old age, the expansion of industry with the diminishing scope of foreign markets, the intensification of competition with foreign countries, whose imperialist life depends on foreign markets for goods and capital—all of these conditions present no possibility of industrial or international peace.

Mass Struggle.

The American liberal and intellectual—the American socialist—has "developed" into what he essentially is—but too late. The struggle is too far advanced for the capitalist to be able to make much use of him. War and industrial and political strife are the order of the day. True, masses of workers are not consciously in this struggle.

The strike of the miners, textile workers and needle trades workers; the spontaneous strike of the auto workers and the Canton steel workers, indicate that the oppressive and threatening conditions no longer appeal to the workers. Struggle is in the air—and instead of acting as pacifier—the American intellectual, liberal—called "socialist"—falls into the category of third capitalist party, created by the petty-bourgeoisie, for the purpose not of smoothing industrial and political differences between the classes but of aiding the capitalist in exploiting and crushing the workers.

"Socialist" Treachery.

This is demonstrated in all the struggles mentioned. The role of the socialist party has amply proven this contention. The statement of the Reading, Pennsylvania, socialist party that if a strike should occur in that city, the socialist administration will "give the employers better protection than they have ever had before," is brilliant indication of it. This is the analysis of the "development" of the socialists in America.

So be it. This eliminates the socialists from militant participation in the struggle—except as a counter-revolutionary element. It clearly opens the eyes of the workers fighting for elementary demands to the role of the socialist party. Norman Thomas—yes, even that former worker, Jim Maurer—may shake hands with John D. Rockefeller and Andrew Mellon. All of them wish industrial peace—the peace of the graveyard, while the workers will struggle in the streets for bread.

Fighting Communists.

The coming winter will demonstrate the truth of these assertions. Unemployed workers will demand work. Children will be hungry. Workers in the factories and mills will fight for a little more, which will be denied them. Impelled by the growing competition with intense American rationalization, the capitalists of Europe will oppress their workers still more. This will react on America and produce a condition of sharper struggle. The socialist will play his true role—all flamboyant colors will be laid aside. A third capitalist party with the pious face and garb of the Reverend Thomas and professors of religion of the universities will be in the field—while the workers will recognize that, despite all professions, the struggle is here and must be fought out—and their leaders will not be the emasculated, castrated black-robed socialist party, but the fighting, red-garbed Communists.

CANTON STEEL STRIKE

BY I. AMTER.

(Continued.)

The government is seemingly highly interested in the strike. Settlement of the strike, however, will not be so easy for the company or the government. Chipping and grinding is very hard and dirty work. Americans refuse to do it. The work is done almost exclusively by foreigners—and in Canton primarily by Spaniards, Greeks and Italians. In Massillon, South Slavs, Bulgarians and Rumanians predominate. The work is of such a character that owing to the tool the worker uses—350 lbs of air pressure in it,—the hands swell up the first few weeks and resting the tool on the knee causes great pain.

Strategic Situation.

Scabs therefore are difficult to procure. Men come and go, for they cannot do the work—and the handling of the tool is dangerous. It is stated that one of the scabs did not hold the tool properly and it flew into the air. The result was almost a panic.

The Canton strike may be the beginning of a big movement throughout the steel industry. Even though the strategic situation of the men made their walk-out easy, the spirit that dominates the men indicates that it is not the consciousness that they can control the further production, but the fact that a spirit of militancy has entered them. They have been fooled three times, they are hard workers, and when they saw that the company through the superintendent did not keep faith, they felt that the only thing to do was to strike.

What was it that impelled the men immediately to organize? They met, elected their strike committee and proceeded to picket the mill. They issued leaflets, putting forth their demands and calling on the men in Massillon in the chipping and grinding departments to come out. They appealed to the men throughout the plant to cooperate. They performed all the maneuvers that trained fighters would go through.

Lessons of Strike.

What lesson must we learn from the strike—which is still on with full force, despite the terrorism of the police? One important lesson and that is that despite unemployment, wage cuts, terrorism, the **workers are beginning to fight back.** Spontaneous movements are taking place. Some of these movements are occurring in very important plants. Unquestionably, the Central Alloy Steel is turning out material for the War Department. Commercial airplanes are also eventually come under the jurisdiction of the War Department.

In any case, Communists must be alert: spontaneous movements have their advantages and drawbacks. Spontaneous movements may be led by agents provocateurs. They may be inspired by honest men with honest motives. Spontaneous movements, without any organization, are not the best of movements. But out of these movements, if the Communists are on the job, widespread movements may develop. This is the period of restlessness on the part of the workers. Miners, textile workers, needle trades workers, steel workers, railroaders. The next few months may witness extensive strikes.

Bankers, Merchants Receive Kellogg On Arrival In Dublin

DUBLIN, Irish Free State, Aug. 30.—A reception committee composed of Captain Nutting, governor of the Bank of Ireland, and the heads of the chambers of commerce, together with government officials, met Secretary Kellogg when he arrived on the battleship Detroit from Paris, where he had just affixed his signature on the pact to "outlaw war." Seventeen guns fired a salute as the cruiser approached.

An automobile cortege, closely guarded, took the party to Dublin from the port.

KRASSIN LEAVES.

MOSCOW, Aug. 30.—The Krassin, Soviet ice-breaker, which has been completely refueled and carries food sufficient for several months, is hastening its return to Kings Bay where it will resume the search for lost members of the Nobile expedition and the six missing rescuers including Amundsen.

Told You So

WHEN Fred Marvin, the enterprising gentleman who furnished Red scares to the bankers and to Daughters of the American Revolution, at so much per scare, was found guilty of libeling a prominent pacifist woman and soaked to the tune of $17,000 damages, it was feared that a worthy successor to Fred would be hard to find. But Matthew Woll, a vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, learning that Fred got all his "secret" information about the doings of the Communists from the columns of the Daily Worker, stepped into the vacuum and is now peddling the same line of green goods that brought his predecessor much notoriety and some cash for several years.

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WOLL is not a chicken-feed peddler of Communist "plots." He is a big merchant. Any newspaper that agrees to run Matt's picture and announce the fact that he is an official of the Civic Federation can have a brand new "plot" as soon as Matt has time to read the Daily Worker. If the Daily Worker publishes a resolution on new tactics in trade union work adopted at a congress of the Red International of Trade Unions, or a speech by Comrade Bukharin on the political situation in the United States, Matt begins to have labor pains and delivers a "Red Plot."

• • •

UNFORTUNATELY for Matt, the capitalist editors are beginning to get sick of his stuff. Marvin was more clever. Fred issued his scares through prominent society ladies, who had to be played up anyhow in deference to their status in society and their connections with the powers that be, behind department stores and corporations that carry on extensive advertising campaigns. The newspapers also know that Matt fears the Communist propaganda because his job is at stake. When the workers get wise to Matt and his fellow-labor fakers, they will no longer pay him a fat salary for betraying their interests to the employers and sitting down with the grand moguls of finance who spend most of their time thinking up schemes to break strikes and make the open-shop universal in the United States.

• • •

LABOR DAY is nearing, but nowadays it is robbed of whatever working class significance it had previously. Though the labor movement of the United States was the original proponent of May Day as the rallying day for the workers of the world, later on, its reactionary leaders set up the first Monday in September in opposition to the first of May. Until recent years the central labor bodies in the various cities held parades on Labor Day with whatever unions that happened to be on strike at the time, or, most recently, taking the part of honor in the march.

• • •

BUT, nowadays, strikes are tabooed by the reactionaries, and in most cities picnics have taken the place of parades. These affairs no longer have much if any labor character. High moguls of the state and city governments are invited guests and in the City of New York prominent militarists have places of honor. In Denver, Colorado, a scabby labor paper by the name of the Colorado Labor Advocate announces that the Denver Post of the American Legion is giving an American flag to the best uniformed union and that the labor-hating newspapers are giving a loving cup for the best float.

• • •

THIS is only another straw which shows which way the wind is blowing in the old trade unions. The bureaucracy has plumbed the depths of betrayal. They have gone over, body and soul, to the employing classes. Most of the reactionary labor leaders now have substantial stakes in the capitalist systems. Their loot is invested in industry and they are just as willing that the workers should be exploited and kept tamely at the machine as the bosses of industry.

• • •

THIS period marks a definite turning point in the history of the labor movement in this country, and, indeed, in every country. What it taking place here is an international phenomenon. It is true that in Europe the reactionary trade union and political leaders of socialist and labor parties parrot a more radical phraseology, but, in practice, they are all of the same stripe. Social democrats in Europe, leaders of the British labor party and the bureaucrats of the American Federation of Labor are all playing the same role, serving the interests of imperialism in their own countries.

Tom O'Flaherty

Arrest Of Six Refugees Expected

The arrest of the six Mexican refugees who are sought by United States authorities for complicity in the assassination of General Obregon and for planting bombs in the Mexican chamber of deputies was reported to be imminent by George J. Mintzer, head of the criminal bureau of the United States.

The six are Jose A. Jiminez, a Catholic priest; Manuel Trajo Morales, Oswaldo Rables Ochoa, Antonieta Ortega, Joaquin Navarro Becerra and Enrique M. Zepeda. They are believed to have fled over the border immediately after Jose Toral had killed Obregon.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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U.S.S.R. TO SIGN KELLOGG PACT WITH SHARP CRITICISM

World Congress of Communist International Unanimously Adopts Bukharin Theses

LOVESTONE ASKS THE END OF U. S. FRACTIONALISM

U. S. Minority Makes Reservations Upon Comintern Theses

Credentials Report

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)
International Press Correspondence

MOSCOW, Aug. 30.—Thaelmann reported on the work of the Political Commission at the World Congress of the Communist International. The political theses were then unanimously adopted plus all of the amendments suggested by the Commission.

Takes Exception to Theses.

Johnstone then made the following declaration in the name of the minority of the United States delegation.

"The minority of the Workers Party agrees with the political theses except for the passage concerning the United States which fails to stress the United States imperialist contradictions and the progressive radicalization of the American workers and which also fails to condemn the right wing policy of the majority of the Central Committee of the Workers Party, particularly regarding the non-application of the decisions of the Fourth Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions, and Negro and anti-imperialist work."

Majority Supports Theses.

Lovestone answered for the majority of the Workers (Communist) Party. He said:

"The majority of the Workers (Communist) Party approves unreservedly the political theses presented by the delegation of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

"The unanimous adoption of the theses disproves the accusations of the minority against the majority of the Workers (Communist) Party concerning the alleged right wing policy, and means that the Communist International supports the present leadership. The best method to fight against the undoubtedly existing right wing dangers is for the minority completely to accept the theses, abandon fractionanilsm and subordinate itself to the majority."

The resolution recommending that all Communist parties support the International Red Aid was unanimously adopted.

Honor Horaz.

The forty-fourth session of the ongress was opened with Remmele ting as chairman. The delegates [illegible] silently in memory of raz, Czech deputy who died here.

[illegible] Piatnitzki then delivered the [illegible]ort of the credentials committee. [illegible]here were 315 delegates present, [illegible]rty more than at the fifth con[illegible]ess. There were 372 delegates [illegible] decisive votes and 143 with ad[illegible]ry votes. Forty-eight sections [illegible] the International, representing [illegible],15[illegible] members, sent delegates. [illegible] delegates at the Congress from [illegible]tries not previously represented [illegible] from Palestine, Colombia, [illegible], Uruguay, Ecuador, Paraguay, [illegible]uela, New Zealand and Chile. [illegible] per cent of the delegates [illegible] formerly members of Social [illegible]ocratic Parties. The report [illegible] unanimously adopted.

Report on War Danger.

The forty-fifth session was open[illegible] yesterday afternoon with Jilek. [illegible] reported for the war commis[illegible] which unanimously adopted the [illegible]tion on the war danger and [illegible] tasks of the Communists.

[illegible]AMITE KILLS WORKERS.
[illegible]RIS, Aug. 31 (UP).—Seven [illegible] were killed and scores in[illegible] today by an explosion in a [illegible]ite factory at Ablon, near [illegible]r.

[illegible]ET UNION BUYS WOOL.
[illegible]DON, Aug. 31 (UP).—An [illegible] Telegraph dispatch from [illegible] today said Soviet Russia [illegible]chasing large quantities of [illegible] wool.

Communist Candidate

J. I. Whidden, candidate for state representative in Colorado on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket. Whidden was active in relief work in the Colorado coal strike of last year. He is a literature agent of the International Labor Defense.

URGE WOMEN TO AID COMMUNISTS

Hit Capitalist Parties On Statement

Urging working women to support the Workers (Communist) Party, in the elections, the Chicago Federation of Working Women's Organizations, representing 12,000 women, issued the following statement:

At the November elections all working women and working class housewives must vote.

The program of the Federation states the following: "to propagate for the participation of all working women's organizations in the public affairs of labor, particularly on such issues as pertain to the interest of working women. . . . to develop political consciousness and activity among working women and to support labor candidates."

In order to fully carry through, in all its phases the work of our Federation all members of the Federation should take part in the election campaign and should become fully posted on all election issues

Continued on Page Five

REVEAL POLICE GRAFT IN PHILA

$10,000,000 Bootleg Ring Is Charge

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31 (UP).—Open charges of existence of a graft-ridden police force receiving hundreds of thousands of dollars from a $10,000,000 bootleg ring headed by Max "Boo Hoo" Hoff, millionaire fight manager, were made today when District Attorney Monaghan said that policemen were receiving from $50 to greater sums a month for "keeping quiet."

It is expected criminal action will be taken against many members of the force from the highest to the lowest rank. Evidence against the police was found, it is alleged, when records were seized in a raid Wednesday night of an accounting firm which audited the accounts of the bootleg syndicate.

The record purported to show $50 to $500 was paid detectives and policemen on the beats in return for "failure" to see the flagrant violations of the prohibition laws. One former official was paid $200,000 in one month, it was said.

NEW APPEAL OF WOODLAWN CASE COMES UP SOON

3 Workers Face 5-Year Jail Terms; Charge "Sedition"

I. L. D. Leading Fight

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, August. 31.—Although the Workers (Communist) Party has just been placed on the ballot in the state of Pennsylvania, a vicious campaign to drive the Party underground is being pushed in this section of the state.

Three Workers Framed.

Three workers of the little steel town of Woodlawn near here are facing five-year prison sentences. Arrested in a "red raid" on Armistice Day, November 11, 1926, Pete Muselin, Milan Reseter and Tom Zima will go to the state workhouse soon as a result of the energetic efforts of the combined forces of the local, state and private police of the Jones & Laughlin steel corporation, unless the workers of the United States join in the campaign for their release which is being conducted by the International Labor Defense.

Argue Appeal September 24.

On April 16, 1928, the superior court affirmed the judgment in the case of the three workers. An appeal against the decision of the superior court was made to the supreme court of Pennsylvania, and the case will be argued on September 24.

Several workers were arrested, but five were held for court charged with violation of the Anti-Sedition law of Pennsylvania. Of these, the case against Steve Bratich has been dropped, and another has left the state.

The charges against the workers were quashed on two occasions because they were "too indefinite to support conviction," but they were finally indicted in the court of Quarter Session of Beaver County, a court controlled by the Jones and Laughlin Steel corporation.

Prejudiced Judge, Jury.

The case was tried in an atmosphere of the most frenzied and blatant prejudice, and the foreman was a notorious klu-kluxer of Ambridge, Pa.

Muselin, a war veteran, is a barber and was secretary of the barbers local in Woodlown and known as a militant. Reseter, also a veteran of the world war, is a butcher and was secretary of the Croation Benefit society. Zima is a steel worker.

TEXTILE STRIKE LOOMS IN FRANCE

PARIS, August 31.—The rank and file of the other textile unions, headed by labor reactionaries, have joined the strike of textile workers in Northern France, which was called by the Communist textile union which delivered an ultimatum to the Northern France Textile Syndicate demanding more wages and threatening a general strike on September 2 if their demands are not met.

The strike was called on the refusal of the concerns to grant increased salaries for the female operators and as a protest against the suppression of the regulation against strikes.

The French government is trying to avert the general strike and the minister of labor, Loucheur conferred today with a delegation from the employers who informed him that they would not grant the demands of the workers.

New Kansas Drive Against Communists

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 31.—An attempt to drive the Workers (Communist) Party in Kansas underground is seen in a series of new criminal syndicalism charges that are being started in Kansas.

The charges are being made against workers and members of the Workers (Communist) Party in the state. who were arrested at the Sacco-Vanzetti meeting held in the city on the anniversary of the murder of the two martyrs. Hugo Oehler, district organizer for the Workers (Communist) Party; Matthew Cushing, young packing house worker and a member of the executive committee of the district Young Workers (Communist) League, and nine others were arrested either for speaking or attending the meeting. Of these, eight will be charged under the criminal syndicalism law. All eight are members of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Meat Interests Caused Arrest

The arrests were made at the instigation of the Armour Company officials, who called on the police

Continued on Page Five

SLUG MILLINERS AT LOCAL MEET

Thugs Halt Discussion On Employment

Because of the determined demands of millinery workers, attending a meeting of their Local 24, that the burning problem of unemployment be taken up at the meeting in order to relieve the suffering of the jobless families, a dozen of the most militant workers were beaten up, four seriously, by thugs hired by the officialdom. The meeting ended after most of the workers had left in protest against the sluggings.

The four seriously injured are Milton Weich, Morris Fein, A. Musin and M. Walitsky.

Was Planned.

That the right wing officialdom from the alleged liberal Spector down to the fascist Hershkowitz had come prepared to prevent the taking up of anything they had not determined on beforehand was apparent at the outset by the tense atmosphere in Bryant Hall, where the meeting was held.

The meeting opened with the announcement that the order of business would be (1) report of the executive board; (2) financial report; and (3) the question of the $12 tax on the membership. The

Continued on Page Two

Instructions Issued To All Members Of Wkrs Party in Mass.

A statement issued yesterday by the National Election Campaign Committee, addressed to the members of the Workers (Communist) Party in Massachusetts, follows:

"All petitions in circulation in the state of Massachusetts must be returned to the district office not later than Monday, Sept. 3. All functionaries must carry out the following:

"Collect the petitions from the Party members.

"Have the signatures certified by the election officials at the city hall in your city.

"Return the list immediately by special delivery or bring the lists yourself, if you are close to Boston.

"Boston members of the Workers (Communist) Party return their lists directly to the office."

LEWIS MACHINE BETRAYS MINERS IN DYING MOVE

Agrees to Reduction Of $1.65 In Wages

Men Are Incensed

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 31.—With the new miners union looming as the one hope for the men in the coal fields, the Lewis-Fishwick machine, acting in the name of the wreck they have made of the former United Mine Workers of America, yesterday agreed with the coal barons to accept a contract by whose terms a reduction of $1.65 will be effected in the wages of the already impoverished miners.

Six dollars and thirty-seven cents will be the new scale for shift men and $5.85 for top men. The Jacksonville scale called for $7.50 per day.

The agreement has been reached after negotiations drawn out by the participants to six weeks' duration.

Expressions of intense resentment are reported from all sections of the Illinois fields where news of the new settlement has penetrated. Denunciation of the settlement and open scorn for the machine on the part of the miners are about equally mingled.

The settlement is believed to have given a tremendous impetus to the feeling for a new miners union among the miners in Illinois.

BREAK UP PHILA. CLOAK MEETING

Police, Sigmanites In United Front

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.—Working frankly as the prearranged agents of the reactionary officials of the Sigman cloakmakers' local here, police here halted a mass meeting of more than 600 cloak and dressmakers who had come to Boslower Hall at the call of the National Organization Committee to take up the question of establishing a local branch of the new Cloak and Dress Makers' Union.

The workers, thoroughly disgusted with the continued betrayals of the little local Sigmans, had decided to join in the great movement recently launched in New York for the establishment of a real union in the trade.

Thugs Demand Entry.

After the hall was well filled, about a score of right wing hirelings, led by the officials of the local, came and demanded admission to the meeting. The committeemen at the door denied them this on the grounds that only cloak and dressmakers would be admitted, the officials and any gangsters they may bring were not invited, they were told. But the police "guardians" of the meeting openly ignored the committeemen and helped the thugs force their way in.

No sooner did Chairman S. Levin open the meeting, when the small group of disturbers in one corner of the hall howled boisterously to

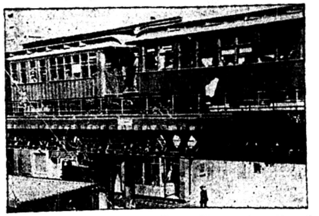
Continued on Page Two

LEVINE PRACTICES HOP.

LONDON, Aug. 31 (UP).—Chas. A. Levine flew his trans-Atlantic plane Queen of the Air from Croydon Field toward Brussels today to arrange for a flight across the ocean from there.

A party of six was in the plane, including Bert Acosta and Miss Mabel Boll.

Swaying "L" Imperils Thousands



A worker declared that according to his own observations the Ninth Avenue L between Tenth and Charles Streets, sways from five to ten inches every time a train passes. He made this statment at the Board of Transportation offices at 49 Lafayette St. The official to whom Willing spoke is quoted as saying, "We can do nothing about it. If you really want you might write a letter to the Transit Commission. Maybe they'll send men to examine the structure."

JAIL 5 MINERS FOR AIDING IN NEW UNION

WASHINGTON, August 31.—Five miners received sentences ranging from four to eight months in prison for participating in the new miners' movement, as was brazenly admitted by Judge Erwin Cummins yesterday when he fumed that the movement "is part of the Communistic scheme to steal union organizations and make them communistic."

The four defendants were the victims of a frame-up in which they were accused of beating up a scab who worked in a non-union coal company that had been struck by the new union forces.

Despite the violent hatred shown by the capitalistic judges in the numerous arrests, in which it was clearly seen that they are doing the bidding of John L. Lewis and the mine operators, the movement for the establishment of the new union is gathering headway. The new mine union convention is scheduled for September 9, in Pittsburgh.

PUSH PLANS FOR TEXTILE PARADE

"Conciliation" Faker to Aid Batty

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 31.—With a final spurt, of activity the strike committee of the Textile Workers Union leading the huge textile strike here put the finishing touches on their preparations for the big parade on Labor Day.

Many local fraternal organization sent in requests for permission to participate in the parade of the strikers. These organizations include; The Cape Verdean Suciadade, Santo Cristo, Suciadade Catolica, Progressive Club, Susiadade Continental and Monte Pio. Textile Mill Committee units of Providence, Taunton, Pawtucket and others intend to send delegations. The Fall River strike committe voted last night to send delegation.

The lines of march have already been announced. The start will be from the Hope St. Lot, and the South Saulniers Lot. The parade will then converge in a march to the Commons where a monster mass meeting will be held. Three bands already been secured, with others optional.

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(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 31.—Completion of the twentieth week of the great textile strike of

Continued on Page Five

POLICE BREAK UP ELECTION MEETS

Workers Party Scores Terror

Evidently acting on the instructions of the coal operators who control the politicians of the democratic and republican parties in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania, Chief of Police Taylor of Wilkes Barre, broke up a meeting of workers called to endorse the candidacies of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, presidential and vice-presidential nominees, respectively, of the Workers (Communist) Party, on the afternoon of Aug. 26.

In a statement issued by Emil Gardos, in behalf of the Anthracite sub-district, the police chief and Mayor Hart of Wilkes Barre are taken to task for their action and charged with resorting to every means to destroy the workers' organizations.

The statement follows:

The Subdistrict Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, protests most vigorously against the breaking up of the Conference called to endorse William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, the standard bearers of the Party during the November elec-

Continued on Page Five

CLERICALS FLOCK TO REV. THOMAS

Ministers Committee Aids Reformists

The pink and bourgeois tone of the socialist party, and its conservative appeal, becomes glaringly evident by the formation of a Ministers Committee for Thomas and Maurer, socialist candidates for president and vice-president, respectively. The committee was formed under the impetus of Harry W. Laidler, with the aid of some ministerial and bishopric adherents.

The appeal sent out by the Ministers Committee reveals on black and white the weakness of the socialist forces, which cater for clerical help for lack of workers' support and the absolute and unconditional negation of the principles of the class struggle.

The ministers appeal to the "religious people of the country" to support the socialist party candidates who represent the "intellectual and moral forces in politics."

FIND THAW BLACKMAIL.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 31 (UP).—The arrest of a suspect today revealed a plot to extort money from Mrs. William Thaw, mother of Harry K. Thaw, police announced.

BUY ENGINES FOR ANDES.

LONDON, Aug. 31 (UP).—The Argentine Trans-Andine Railyay today ordered three "Garrett" articulated locomotives from Beyer, Peacock & Co., Manchester.

The Buenos Aires Central Railway ordered six locomotives from Kerr, Stuart & Co., Stoke-on-Trent.

NO BAN AGAINST WAR, INVASIONS BY IMPERIALISTS

Powers to "Use Pact Itself As Imperialist Instrument"

Scores "Reservations"

Editor's Note: The following despatch transmitted from Moscow by the United Press is received at the moment this edition goes to press. As previously made clear by the Daily Worker, the plans of the imperialist powers in respect to the Kellogg Pact are directed against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, and to cover up the growing antagonisms between the capitalist powers and their plans for war. The failure to invite the Soviet Union to participate in the negotiations previous to the signing was a demonstration of this fact. The dispatch indicates that the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics in its struggle against the coming imperialist war will utilize the signing of the Pact to demonstrate to the masses of the world the hypocrisy of the imperialist powers. The future will show that the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is the only power in the world today which in reality struggles against war.

• • •

By EUGENE LYONS.
(United Press Staff Correspondent)

MOSCOW, Aug. 31 (U. P.)—The Soviet Union today agreed to sign the Briand-Kellogg Treaty to outlaw war.

The decision of Moscow had been looked forward to with some apprehension, and fears of European statesmen were not groundless. In a note accompanying the andherence of Russia to the pact, Soviet authorities voiced scathing criticism of the antiwar declaration and of reservations which England, France and other powers insisted upon before they would sign.

It had been freely admitted by certain diplomats that the treaty would not be successful unless the Soviet Union adhered. While today's decision may alleviate fear that the peace pact would not be successfully concluded, the citicism virtually is certain to cause wide comment.

Russia, frustrated in her desire to be an original signatory, was invited to adhere a few hours after the signing of the treaty in Paris. France advanced the invitation.

In the note accompanying the acceptance, Litvinoff, assistant commisar of Foreign Affairs, recounted the Soviet efforts in behalf of disarmament at Geneva and also in a series of bilateral treaties outlawing war.

Therefore, the note said, it is strange that the Soviet government was not invited to participate in the preliminary negotiations for the Briand-Kellog treaty. Litvinoff regrets the absence in the pact of any disarmament obligations and protest the indefiniteness and ambiguousness of the first clause of the treaty, which permits participants to make arbitrary interpretations.

Litvinoff remarks that [illegible] clause falls to mention inform [illegible] wars such as "interventio [illegible] blockade, military occupatio [illegible] of foreign territory, or forei [illegible] ports."

The Soviet Foreign Minister sited previous interventions in Russia and the present state of affairs in China in support [illegible] this contentions.

The Soviet note especially attacked the British reservations concerning freedom of action toward certain regions. It said that if such reserva-

Continued on Page Five

LAUNCH NEW "DAILY" SUBSCRIPTION DRIVE

Central Committee Workers (Communist) Party Urges Support of Campaign

Today, September 1, the anniversary of the founding of the Communist party of America, begins the drive for securing thousands of new readers for the fighting revolutionary daily organ of our Party—The Daily Worker. This is an appropriate chice of the day when to begin a new and vigorous effort to make our Party Central Organ the revolutionary mass paper circulation that it ought to have. The Daily Workers is not only revolutionary working class newspaper published daily in the English language, it is the builder of the Workers (Communist) Party of America and the press organ of leadership of the workers in every conflict. The Daily Worker holds always before the eyes of the working class the revolutionary goal of the working cla[illegible] movement, the historical role of [illegible] working class as the revolutionary class and the indispensable leadership of the Workers (Communist) Party, the American section of the Communist International.

In every dispute between the employing classes and the workers the on the side of labor. In the great strike of the bituminous miners the Daily Workers has shown itself the defender of the battling coal diggers, voicing their aims and sounding their slogans. In the textile strike of New Bedford, where 28,000 mill workers have been defending their already low standards of living for several months, the Daily Worker alone of all the dailies printed in the English language stands by the strikers and wages an incessant fight against the textile barons.

In this election campaign, while the capitalist press are glutted with columns of anti-labor, capitalist

Continued on Page Five

U.S. Army Authorities Offer Prize for Essay Telling "How to Fight Communism"

JINGOES GETTING NERVOUS DUE TO Y. W. L. ACTIVITY

Prosecution Attempts Fail Again

By PAUL CROUCH

The military authorities are desperate. They have spent millions to lure young workers into the "Citizen's Military Training Camps". The capitalist press has been mobilized in the service of capitalist militarism. The campaign was successful. Thousands of young workers were deceived by the promise of a "vacation", and the attraction of the uniform. They came to the camps like sheep, blissfully ignorant that they were to be trained to murder other workers for the profits of their own masters. Yet the angry outbursts of the military authorities are not the cries of victory. What has happened?

Medal for Jingo Essay.

At Fort Hancock, New York, a medal has been offered for the best essay on how to combat Communist propaganda. Officers there and at many other camps have devoted long lectures in their efforts to deceive the young workers, and to build up a jingo spirit in their desperate attempt to fight the revolutionary message of working-class solidarity being brought to the armed forces by the Young Workers Communist League.

The offer of prizes for ways to combat Communism will be without success. All the medals of the capitalist state cannot produce any essay telling how to stop the spread of Communism in the armed forces.

The very fact that the war department, with its millions of dollars, huge printing presses and thousands of "chaplains" and other propagandists, is frightened by mimeographed camp papers and the activities of a very small but militant group of young workers is of the greatest significance.

Prosecution of Y. W. L.

An investigation is being conducted by the military "intelligence" service of the army, and the department of justice has announced that it will propose special laws against the anti-militarist work of the young Communists. John Porter has been sent to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, with the purpose of separating him from the Communists in New York and to subject him to the brutal tyranny of Col. William (Wild Bill) Morrow, the present commandant, who was in command of Alcatrez when Walter Trumbull and the writer were imprisoned there.

League Members Defy Army.

The military authorities are well aware of the fact that there is no federal law under which they can interfere with the anti-militarist work of the Young Workers (Communist) League. At Camp Devens, Mass., League members told the officers that "we have a right to distribute papers to the soldiers and we will continue to do so". At the National Guard Camp, near Chicago, 17 league members were arrested and the capitalist press began premature rejoicing at the "prosecution" of the young Communists, but the authorities had to release the League members without trial.

Will Intensify Efforts.

Whether threats or actual terror is used by the army czars, the Young Workers (Communist) League will continue its struggle against capitalist militarism. The desperation of the war department when anti-militarist work in this country is just beginning is another evidence that class consciousness in the armed forces is a fatal blow to imperialism. While the government gives military training to young workers, we will expose the nature of these preparations and call on the youth to use its military knowledge in the interest of the working class against the bosses. The Young Workers (Communist) League will continue to point out the way to unity of civilian and soldier workers in their common struggles.

No amount of medals can produce an essay telling of any method to stop Communism in the armed forces—for it is an impossible task.

NEW YORK WORKERS AID MINERS WITH RELIEF COLLECTION IN SHOPS

The Executive Committee of the Shop Delegate Conference for Miners Relief at its last meeting made extensive plans for activities among the workers in shops and factories on behalf of the striking miners and their families. An educational campaign will be carried on for the organization of shop committees. Mass meetings are being arranged to be held in all parts of the city, to acquaint the workers everywhere with the struggle of the miners, with the Lewis betrayals, with the efforts to build a strong, powerful, new Miners Union that will be a mighty weapon in the hands of the 800,000 miners, and the workers in all other industries.

Many shop collections are being made weekly by the delegates who attended the shop delegate conference in July. In an unorganized shoe factory $10 was collected. About two months ago in the same factory collections of $100 were made by a group of active workers.

Among the shops where substantial collections are being made weekly are, the Majesty Dress Shop, The Mitchell Shop, The Carnegie Shop, Greenberg Brothers, Liebman and Horowitz. The Phoenix Pleating Shop. The workers of Nat Levine turned in fro mone collection $22.50. At the Duncan & Bradkin Dress Shop $7.25 was collected; at the Potholz Bros., $9.50. The millinery workers are going over the top. In the Advance Hat Co., and in the Sally Hat Co. shop committees are functioning and a weekly tax is collected. There have also been collections made at the Mindheim Hat Co., $4.20; Frank Katz Hat Co., $32; Marvin Hat Co., $7.

Sonia Margolies, delegate to the conference from the G. & G. Dress Shop, reported that at every shop meeting the question of Miners Relief is placed on the order of business, with reports and discussion on how best to help the miners in their struggle to build a powerful union.

Recruits Tell Army Officers to Stay Out Of the Mess Halls

Through the columns of the "Camp Holiday Rebel," recruits at the Citizen's Military Training Camps protest against the practice of officers coming in during meal times and forcing them to stop eating and come to attention.

The article declares:

"It is not enough that we are getting long daily drills instead of that vacation we were promised when we first joined the C. M. T. C. We are not even allowed to eat in peace the meager lunch given to us. Often officers make a practice of walking into the mess hall while we are having our lunch. Of course, according to the strict disciplinary rules of the camp, everyone must immediately come to attention. So at times you nearly choke yourself swallowing the food in your mouth.

"Why don't the officers let us alone when we are not drilling? Can't we even eat our meals, rotten as they are, in peace? If anyone wants to come to the mess hall while we are eating, let him do so, but it must not interfere with our lunch, and not one of us must come to attention. If the officers do not like that, let them keep out of the hall while we are there."

BREAK UP PHILA. CLOAK MEETING

Police, Sigmanites In United Front

Continued from Page One

drown out the chairman's voice.

After this continued for several minutes, and just as it was becoming apparent to the hundreds assembled that the disturbers would be silenced by the conductors of the meeting, a detective stalked over to the speakers platform and ordered Chairman Levin to close the meeting. Despite Levin's protests that a permit had been obtained for the meeting and that he is certain of being able to conduct an orderly meeting, the detective, who by this time had been reinforced by a whole squad of police, mounted the platform and ordered the assemblage to disperse.

Call Another Meet.

Announcements made later by the leaders of the National Organization Committee declared that another mass meeting will be arranged early next week, in spite of any of the gangster and police assistance the Sigman machine here may rally.

The speakers of the N. O. C. who came to the Philadelphia meeting were Joseph Borachovich, Rose Wortis, B. Kaplan and S. Levin.

MARINES SCORE USE BY WALL ST.

"Risky" to Fight For Rights, Says Sailor

American marines not only protest against being sent to Nicaragua to fight for Wall Street's interests, but many of them discuss the idea of group desertions to Sandino's army, according to a letter from a sailor whose ship carried the U. S forces to Nicaragua.

The sailor also declares that the servicemen are dissatisfied with their conditions and treatment and have "short talks" on the matter. However, he says "it is pretty risky and it's not done often. But they have their talks now and then."

The letter, in part, follows:

"They (the marines) didn't seem to like the idea of going down there to fight, and there was talk on the ship about a bunch of them deserting and joining Sandino. . . .

"The sailors are dissatisfied with the regulations, also with the food and the way it is put out. They have short talks, but as yuo know yourself, it's pretty risky and it's not done often. But they have their talks now and then."

• • •

The name of the writer and the ship are withheld by the Daily Worker for obvious reasons.

SERVICEMEN!

Soldiers, sailors, marines, National Guardsmen and C. M. T. C. recruits!

The Daily Worker and the Young Workers are the only publications defending the interests of the enlisted men and fighting for their rights. Read our publications, and remember that our pages are always open to you for expression of opinion or news of conditions.

The Young Workers (Communist) League is making a special fight for the servicemen and is mobilizing the young workers for special demands for the enlisted men. We stand for the unity of the civilian workers with the workers in uniform.

Write to us for our publications and additional information. Address The Young Workers League, 43 East 125th St., New York City.

35 Students of Pocono College to Leave For Soviet Union Tomorrow

Thirty-five students of the Pocono People's College, Henryville, Pa., have been invited by the Russian Commissariat of Education to visit Russian educational institutions this fall. They will sail on the S. S. Amsterdam tomorrow, according to a statement made yesterday by George Wise of the American-European Travel Bureau, 100 Fifth Ave. The party will be headed by Dr. S. A. Mathiason, president of the college.

In addition to visiting Russia the party will tour France, Germany, Denmark, Sweden and Norway. The party will return to New York December 1.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

Allies of the Kuomintang Murderers

American marines [illegible] where worker-peasant troops are reported to be advancing against the city.

BLAME OBREGON'S DEATH ON CHURCH

Called Aid to U. S. Imperialism

"The Catholic Church has just committed one of its greatest crimes when they caused a poor, fanatical 23-year-old boy to kill General Alvaro Obregon," writes Salvador De la Plaza, in the current issue of the Labor Defender.

The writer, who is secretary of the Continental Commitee of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League in Mexico City, in the same article, just published, traces the role of the church in Mexico since its loss of power after the fall of Porfirio Diaz in 1910.

"It armed the assassin's hand of Victoriano Huerta against Madero in 1913, and in the very legation of the United States it planned the crime with Mr. Wilson, the then minister of Mexico, De La Plaza charges.

"During the eighteen years of civil war, at times with British imperialism, at others with the American, and always with the help of, and aiding the Spanish capitalists, it used the fanaticism of the peasants and raised the standard of 'Cristo Rey" to incite the basest passions; to steep in blood and crush the struggle of the proletariat for its emancipation."

The author analyzes the new role of the church today, subservient to American financiers and the fight against both by the Mexican workers, led by the growing Communist Party of Mexico.

The article is illustrated by a photograph of the welcome given by armed Mexican workers in the Vera Cruz district to Socrates Sandino, brother of the Nicaraguan rebel leader, who has recently arrived in Mexico. Among the welcoming group of armed peasants is Epigmenio Guzman, Communist mayor of Villa Cardel, and Gustavo Machado, recently returned from Sandino's camp.

Y. W. L. STUDENTS THANK FOR AID

Contributions Made School Possible

A resolution to send letters of thanks to the various organizations which contributed sums of money to make possible the holding of the two weeks session of the Young Workers League Training School was adopted at a recent meeting of the students.

The school, which began August 20 and which will continue to the end of the present week, was composed of leading League functionaries of District 2.

Among the organizations whose aid is being acknowledged are: the Lithuanian Buro of the Workers (Communist) Party; Proletcos; the Workers School, Camp Nitgedaiget, units of the Workers Party and Young Workers League and a large number of individuals.

Trade Union Festival Postponed to Sept. 22

The Festival of the Local New York, Trade Union Educational League has been postponed to Saturday, September 22, on account of rain.

The tickets for August 25 will be good for September 22. All left wing workers are asked to inform their friends and shop mates of the postponement.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

SLUG MILLINERS AT LOCAL MEET

Thugs Halt Discussion On Employment

Continued from Page One

latter proposal is a ukase from the officialdom which tried to choke off protests of the unemployed by saying that $2 of the $12 will be "donated" to the unemployed, the other $10 going toward the campaign of wrecking the union's progressive locals. The mobilization of underworld forces for the meeting was made in preparation of the protests from the membership against this measure.

Motion Ditched.

A motion made by a member that the unemployment question be taken up immediately after the executive report was counted out by the "special tellers" borrowed from the gangster club of Local 1, who were there under the leadership of Herschkowitz, Zaritsky's adjutant-general. The original agenda was then railroaded through.

When the minutes had been read, a report of finances was made in which it was declared that a loan made to the Sigman cloakmakers' company union by Local 24 officials was not yet paid. The officials then remarked that due to the "sick condition" of the Sigman union the loan be extended. At this workers from the floor protested, terming Sigman's scab union as "dead" and not "sick."

Attack Started.

As if a signal had been given, the gangsters fell upon the worker who made this statement. When other milliners went to his rescue thug reinforcements came from somewhere out of previous sight and many workers were [illegible] before they had a chance to escape through fire escapes and other exits.

Even the few who remained left in protest when the Zaritsky gang called in police to act as ushers at the meeting.

KALLEN MAY BRING ACTION

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—The possibility of bringing action against those responsible for the recent issuance of a warrant for the arrest of Dr. Horace M. Kallen was considered tonight by his lawyers.

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Greek Workers Center Opening Is Postponed Until Next Saturday

The Greek Progressive Workers Center, which was originally scheduled to be opened to the workers this Saturday, has been postponed a week until Saturday, September 8. With the postponement of the opening, comes the news that the Dinner and Dance will also be held on the later date.

The Greek Progressive Workers Center, being in the heart of the fur and millinery workers section of the city, at 101 West 28th St., will be a haven for rest and educational activity for the exploited workers of the district. All workers have been invited by the management committee to spend their spare hours in the center. Games have been procured, chess, billiards, etc, to keep the workers busy in their moments between work and after lunch.

Besides these games, activities of cultural, dramatic, educational, and recreational pursuits will be installed as permanent features of the center as soon as its completion is announced.

New Figure-Head For Austrian President

VIENNA, August 30.—To fill the figure-head post of President of Austria, Professor Clemens Pirquet, noted physician, has been nominated to succeed Michael Hainisch, whose term expires at the end of November. The other candidate proposed is Professor E. Wettstein, a noted botanist.

No political leader is permitted to hold the presidency under the Austrian law, and his chief duty seems to be not to meddle in state affairs and act as chief receiver of notabilities for the government.

SEES SLAVERY FOR LIBERIA IN FIRESTONE DEAL

Hoover Charged As Accompiice

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Aug. 30.—Sharply disagreeing with Dr. Thomas Jesse Jones, Negro apologist for the Firestone Liberian deal and educational director of the Phelps-Stokes Fund, Dr. Raymond Buell, white research director of the Foreign Policy Association and specialist in African problems, severely criticized Herbert Hoover, former Secretary of Commerce, and the State Department at the Institute of Politics today for their active role in procuring the rubber concession in Liberia for Firestone.

While the colored educational director of the Phelps-Stokes fund in his attempt yesterday to whitewash the State Department and Firestone, lauded the deal as a civilized and humane action which would provide the Liberians with all the "benefits" of modern civilization, Dr. Buell saw in the plan a vicious exploitation of the Negroes of Liberia, who would be forced into virtual slavery, akin to that which existed in this country prior to the Civil War, in order to promote the interests of an American tire manufacturer, who is supported by the American government.

U. S. Domination.

Dr. Buell also pointed out that the whole plan was made contingent upon the acceptance of a $5,000,000 loan by the Liberian government and the subsequent control of all its finances and revenues by a United States commission. Further, Dr. Buell pointed out that this loan was made by a dummy finance company known as the "Finance Corporation of America," which in reality was Mr. Firestone himself.

"Neither the American Congress nor the American people knew anything about these transactions, which sooner or later may make Liberia another Haiti or Nicaragua. It is difficult to find in the history of international relations a bettor example of secret diplomacy in the worst sense of the word."

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The LIFE AND DEATH *of* SACCO AND VANZETTI

By EUGENE LYONS

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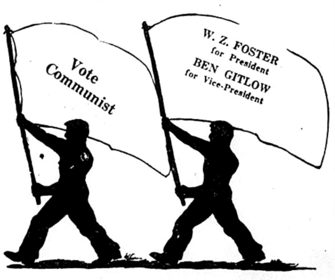

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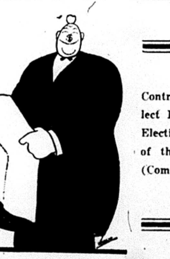

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WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY 26-28 Union Square, New York City

Bukharin's Speech in Reply to Discussion on the International Situation

The Positive and Negative Sides of the Discussion

Comrades, the discussion that took place here was a remarkable one in many respects. In the first place there is the large number of comrades who took part in it. There were nearly 90 speakers. Never has there been so large a number of speakers on any one subject at previous Congresses. Particular mention should be made of the speeches delivered by our Negro comrades, by the delegates from Oriental countries and colonial countries generally, and especially of the speeches delivered by our Chinese comrades. It is important also to note the active part that was taken in the discussion by Communists from the South American countries, for this is the first time since the Communist International was established that we have had so many representatives of these countries present. Reference should be made also to the speeches delivered by numerous comrades from small parties, to which we sometimes devote too little attention.

Taking the discussion as a whole I must say that it was of enormous positive significance. I would like to point out the characteristic positive sides of the discussion.

First of all, I want to mention the criticism and self-criticism that was displayed. Our theses, my speech, the work of the Communist International and of the various parties, were all subjected to criticism.

The stream of self-criticism that flowed through the whole of the discussion is particularly to be welcomed. Another positive side of the discussion was that the representatives of nearly every Party took part in it. A particularly pleasing feature, I repeat, is that representatives of "new" parties in the colonies, in South American countries, etc., participated.

Many of the remarks that were uttered in the course of the discussion were undoubtedly correct. These remarks must be embodied in one way or another in the decisions to be passed by the Congress as well as in the future work of the Comintern. It is true that in the main these remarks were concerned not with questions of principle, but with secondary questions; nevertheless, extremely important problems were touched upon. Among these I include the points made on the peasant questions, the references to the need for more attention being devoted to the unemployed problem that were made in the course of the discussion of our analysis of the present period of capitalist development. A number of speakers also referred to the question of colonial work, the Negro question, and also to the day to day practical work of the various parties and of the Executive Committee of the Communist International. Special mention must be made of the comments made on the organizational shortcomings of our apparatus.

But there is also a negative side to the discussion to which I must refer. In this I include the rather narrow limits to which much of the discussion was confined. The majority of comrades who spoke here almost exclusively dealt with their own countries and not with the fundamental problems of the movement that arise from the present situation. Of course, I do not object to the various delegations analyzing and discussing the questions that directly concern them. On the contrary, I think this is desirable because it facilitates an exchange of experiences, and, as it were, the collectivisation of our experiences. Without such an exchange of experience the work of the Communist International and of its Congresses would be impossible. On the other hand I think that the failure of many speakers to deal with fundamental questions was a drawback in the discussion.

I will not dwell on the verbal skirmishes that took place here, but will merely recall the words of Heine: "This is not a knightly bout for the hearts of ladies fair; tis but a wordy war twixt Capucian monks and their foes,—the Rabbis" (Laughter). And I do not think it is necessary to deal in detail with this monk and rabbi contest.

II. The Stabilization of Capitalism and the Controversy over the "Third Period."

The Fifth Congress of the Comintern and the Question of Stabilization

Comrades, I will first of all deal with the fundamental problem, the problem of the stabilization of capitalism and with the question around which the controversy centered most, namely, the question of the so-called period.

As you know, the term "stabilization" did not appear in the discussion at the Fifth Congress of the Comintern. What happened at the Fifth Congress, and what estimate did we make then of the economic and political situation? In the theses passed on the world economic situation the Fifth Congress first of all took note of the collapse of world economy; the theses speak directly of the collapse of world economy, of the chaos in the currency and of the crisis of European economy. At that time we said that European economy was moving in a vicious circle and was unable to extricate itself from its state of crisis. We also pointed to the world agrarian crisis. The Comintern at that time emphasized that the bourgeoisie was incapable of removing the chaos in the currency, etc.

On the report of Comrade Zinoviev the Fifth Congress passed a resolution on tactics. What was the essential feature of the analysis of the political situation contained in that resolution? The principal point stressed in that resolution was the existence of a "pacifist-democratic era."

Thus, as a result of the analysis we made of the situation at that time we declared that world economy was in a state of collapse, that European economy was in a state of permanent crisis; and the political superstructure of that analysis was the "era of democratic pacifism." This era, as you know, was reflected by the "Labor Government" in England, the victory of the "Left Bloc" in France, the "Labor Government" in Denmark, and the various coalition tendencies in other countries. Such was the general situation at that time, and such was the estimate made of it by the Fifth World Congress. Not a word was said about stabilization. The word "stabilization" was first uttered in our midst only in 1925.

At the Fifth Congress, I repeat, and thrice stress it, in order to mark the change in the whole situation, there was as yet no talk of stabilization. Why do I stress this point so much? In order that we shall take special note of it so that we may clearly understand the changes that have taken place in the objective situation since the Fifth Congress. This is precisely why in the first part of our theses we advanced the postulate of the third period. The postulate on the three periods was discussed by the delegation of the Communist Party of the S. U. and there it was amended to make it more precise. Of course, the fact that the situation since the Fifth Congress has been divided into three periods by the delegation of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union is not in itself a logical proof that this division is correct. We must substantiate it by sound arguments.

Why It Is Incorrect to Deny the Existence of a Third Period

The part of the thesis which deals with this point reads as follows:

"1. After the first period of the World Imeprialist War, the international labor movement passed through a series of historical phases of the general crisis of the capitalist system.

"The first period was the period of direct revolutionary actions of the proletariat, the highest point of development of which was reached in 1921. This period culminated in the victory of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics over the forces of foreign intervention and over the internal counter-revolution, with the consolidation of the proletarian dictatorship and the organization of the Communist International on the one hand and with a series of severe defeats suffered by the Western European proletariat on the other. The final link in the chain of events in this period was the defeat of the German proletariat in 1923. This defeat was the starting point of the second period, a period of gradual and partial stabilization of the capitalist system, of the process of the 'restoration' of capitalist economy, of the general capitalist offensive and of defensive battles fought by the proletarian army weakened by severe defeats. On the other hand, this period was a period of rapid restoration in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and of extremely important successes in the work of building up Socialism. Finally came the third period which, in the main, was the period in which capitalist economy exceeded the pre-war level and in which also the economy of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics almost exceeded the pre-war level (the beginning of the so-called 'reconstruction period,' the further growth of the Socialist forms of economy on the basis of a new technique). For the capitalist system, this was the period of rapid development of technique, accelerated growth of cartels and trusts, of tendencies towards state capitalism and at the same time a period of intense development of the contradictions of world capitalism operating in forms determined by the whole of the preceding process of the crisis of capitalism (contraction of markets, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics colonial movements, growth in the internal contradictions of imperialism). This third period, in which the contradiction between the growth of the forces of production and the contraction of markets becomes accentuated with particular force, will inevitably give rise to a fresh series of imperialist wars: between the imperialist States themselves, wars of the imperialist States against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, wars of national liberation against imperialism and imperialist intervention and to gigantic class battles. As a result of the accentuation of all the International antagonisms (antagonisms between the capitalist States and the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, the military occupation of Northern China — which is the beginning of the partition of China and of the mutual struggle between the imperialists, etc.); as a result of the accentuation of the internal antagonisms in capitalist countries (the swing to the Left of the masses of the working class, growing acuteness of the class struggle), and as a result of the outburst of colonial movements (China, India and Egypt), this period will inevitably lead,—through the further development of the contradictions of capitalist stabilization, to the further shattering of capitalist stabilization, and to the severe accentuation of the general crisis of capitalism."

Those who are opposed to dividing the whole period into three periods assert that the second period in no way differs from the third; therefore there is no reason whatever for making a distinction between the second and third periods and therefore the third period is superfluous.

But suppose we assume for the sake of argument that there is no difference, how then are we to explain the fact that world economy has exceeded the pre-war level? In my opinion this is a very important fact. Why? Permit me to explain this in as simple a manner as possible. The importance of the fact just stated lies in that it reveals the dynamics of the development. Before the pre-war level was exceeded we had reason for assuming that the growth of the productive forces in this country or that, was due to accidental causes, that this growth was not typical and was not the characteristic feature of the given period. But as world economy, or rather the capitalist sector of world economy has gone beyond the pre-war level and is developing a new basis we must adopt a more cautious estimate of the situation and very materially modify our previous estimate. We are not so blind as not to see such material facts and pass them by.

Thus, there is no mistaking the fact that a difference exists. This difference is both technical and economic. We cannot ignore it.

It has been said that there is no difference between the second and the third periods. But if that is the case then I ask, why have we modified our estimate of the general situation? Not because we are cleverer than we were, but because the situation has changed. In the beginning of the process we had rudimentary manifestations of stabilization and we had very serious grounds for believing that these were only of a casual character. Now we have no grounds for believing that. The situation has become much clearer; the facts speak much more eloquently. That is why we have modified our estimate of the situation.

A number of comrades denied that there was any difference between the two periods but in the very next breath they said that contradictions had become very much more acute. But why have these contradictions become more acute? Did they become more acute suddenly, like a bolt from the blue? These two points of view cannot be harmonized. One cannot say: "there is no change in the situation" and at the same time admit that contradictions have become more acute; for, these contradictions must have some basis. It has been said: no change has taken place in the situation; but a new war is going on in China. Is that a trifle? We in the simplicity of our hearts thought it was a fundamental feature of the world political situation. If we are so blind as not to see these "trifles," then our pretensions to leadership are not worth a brass farthing. What sort of a leader can he be who fails to see the change in the situation and for whom it is a matter of indifference whether the economy of Europe has sunk to the lowest depths or is making rapid progress: whether there is war in China or not; whether the imperialists are preparing to attack the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics or not, etc., etc. If we are unable to see these new facts then we are finished. In that case our new tactical line (in England, France, etc.) is inexplicable. If we are still marking time in the old place then the new tactical line is superfluous.

I have quoted the strongest argument that was advanced against the third period. But other less categorical arguments were put forward such as: the third period does not exist, but still, we must say something about it. I want very conscientiously and precisely to analyze this "argument."

I will first of all reply to Comrade Kostrjeva,, of the Polish delegation who in her speech said:

"Reference is made to three periods, into which the post-war period is supposed to be divided. But we consider that the line of demarcation that is drawn between the second and the third period is not the line of technical progress, because the latter was the condition precedent to the restoration of post-war capitalist development. What is the characteristic feature of the third period? The most characteristic feature is that the contradictions which accumulated in the course of the stabilization process due to the great development of the productive forces are now coming to the surface and are shattering the whole system of capitalist society."

I must confess frankly that I do not understand the logic of this reasoning. Not technical development, but contradictions! But where do these contradictions come from? Comrade Kostrjeva says that they are due to the "great development of the productive forces". But I ask comrade Kostrjeva, is a "great development of the productive forces" possible without technical progress? Hitherto I, like a good many other comrades, together with Marx, thought that the productive forces were the sum of instruments of production and labour power. That is why the "growth of productive forces" cannot be separated from "technical progress". This would be absolutely incorrect theoretically. To postulate a great growth of productive forces in the present period, and at the same time to deny the great growth in technique in the same period; to insist that contradictions have become ever so much more acute as a result of the changes that have taken place in the productive forces and at the same time to throw away this very criterion reveals that something is wrong from the point of view of even elementary logic.

The second speaker who dealt with this question was Comrade Strakhov (China). He said: "we do not understand this question and therefore we believe that there is no third period. But we are in favour of having this period mentioned in the "Thesis".

Modesty is certainly a virtue, and certain Communists should strive to cultivate it. Wth that I can fully agree. But, comrades, I cannot agree that this is a sound argument. When Comrade Straghov said that there is no difference between the second and third periods someone in the hall shouted "hear, hear". I do not know whose voice it was but whoever it was he displays a capacity for logic that is, to say the least, peculiar. While there is a close connection between the development of productive forces and the development of technique there does not always seem to be a similar connection between logic and vocal capacity.

At the end of his speech Comrade Straghov said that the third period should after all remain in the Theses. But if there is no difference whatever between the second and the third periods, then dear comrade Straghov, why put it in the Theses? Do you merely want to waste paper? It is certainly not sound logic to say there is really no third period, but we ought to talk about it in the Thesis. I agree that sometimes we put in Theses things that do not exist, but none of us will believe that such Theses represent the acme of tactical wisdom. If there is no third period then it is better to leave it out of the Thesis. But since you propose to leave it in the Thesis it shows that your conscience is not clear, you have a feeling that this unfortunate third period is of some use after all. Certainly it is of some use; it will help us to lay down correct tactics.

What is the meaning of the third period? What is the meaning of "these philosophies"? The meaning is that by taking note of a third period we emphasise that the stabilisation of capitalism cannot disappear from world economy in the course of a single day. And this must be emphasised. It is precisely on these grounds that our delegation supports the postulate of the third period.

(To Be Continued.)

TO RESUME VARE HEARING.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 31 (UP).—A United States senate sub-committee investigating the William S. Vare-William B. Wilson senatorial contest will resume hearings at Washington, D. C., Wednesday, it was announced today.

WEATHER FORECAST.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31 (UP).—Forecast for Friday and Saturday: Eastern New York and New Jersey: partly cloudy and cooler tonight; Saturday partly cloudy; gentle to moderate northwest and north winds.

CASABLANCA, Morocco, Aug. 31 (UP).—The Sultan has ordered restoration to former Sultan Moulay of his fortune, which was sequestered by the state. Moulay Hafid has been living in Paris.

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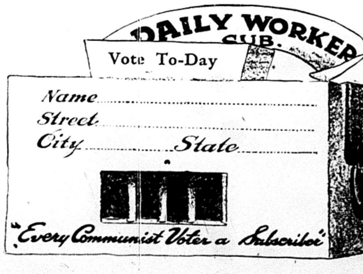

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WORKERS' RULE IN MINES OF U.S.S.R.

WORKERS' CONTROL IN THE RUSSIAN MINING INDUSTRY. By John Strachey, with a foreword by A. J. Cook. The New Leader, London. 48 pages.

Reviewed By ANNA ROCHESTER

JOHN STRACHEY went to the Soviet Union last winter at the invitation of the Russian Miners' Union and spent two months in the [illegible] coalfields. He had been editor of The Miner, the paper of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, and he was well aware of the chaos, unemployment, brutality and betrayal of which British, American and German miners have been the victims.

Strachey's report takes up the points most immediately affecting the everyday life of the miner. But by way of introduction he gives certain "key" figures for the Russian coal industry as a whole.

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The total annual output for the fiscal year 1926-27 surpassed the output in 1913 by 2,500,000 tons, and Gosplan estimates that in the current year it will rise another 4,500,000 tons. Strachey pictures the demoralization of the coal industry during the civil war, and the malicious destruction of the Don mines during the German occupation of the Ukraine. In 1920 the Soviets secured control of the Don coalfield—the principal coalfield in European Russia—and that year (October 1920 to October 1921) the total tonnage produced by the coal industry of the Soviet Union was less than 8,000,000 tons. This year it will exceed 35,000,000 tons.

The ouput per man shift has been rising—in spite of the sabotage of technicians which was revealed after Strachey had left Russia and to which he does not refer. Thanks to mechanization and reorganization of the industry—and again in spite of criminal sabotage—the cost of producing coal has been steadily falling while wages have been rising.

How the coal industry is coordinated with other fuel industries and with the national economy as a whole is briefly described. The Coal Trusts carry on the actual administration of the mines and are responsible for measuring up to production standards and labor standards set by the central government in Moscow, with participation of men representing the Miners' Union. No reader of The Daily Worker needs to be reminded that these trusts bear no resemblance to the Coal Syndicate of the German Ruhr or to the various trusts which are increasing their holdings in the coal industry of the United States. They have no private shareholders, and no power to appoint officials unsatisfactory to the Miners' Union.

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Wages for mine workers Strachey compares with British wage levels and finds the relatively small cash wage per day or per ton, in the Soviet Union, made up for by the free housing which is fairly general in the coal fields, and by other points which he enumerates as follows:

"1. The miners get about 1½ tons of free coal a month. 2. Every miner receives two weeks' holiday with full pay a year. For most underground workers the holiday period has been extended to a month. . . . 3. On discharge a worker receives from two to six weeks' pay, according to the reason of his discharge. 4. Working clothes (usually, I found, made of a sort of fine canvas) are provided free for all miners. For 'bad places,' i.e., wet seams, etc., special oilskins are provided, while in all cases boots and a warm-wadded jacket and a cap are included in the outfit. Furthermore, "the Russian miners, in common with other Russian workers, are insured both against unemployment and sickness, accident and death."

Strachey does not attempt such a comparison of present wages with pre-war wages as, for example, Paul Douglas gives in the Soviet Union in the Second Decade. But A. J. Cook, in his foreword, points out: "While the conditions of the British miners have become very much worse since 1913-1914 and get worse every day, the hours becoming longer and the wages lower, the conditions of the Russian miners have improved, hours have been reduced and things get steadily better."

Strachey emphasizes the fact that Russian miners underground work only six hours from bank to bank. This is in accordance with the standard set by the Labor Code of the Soviet Union. But a limited overtime is permitted underground. According to Strachey this brought the hours up to an 8-hour shift for certain underground repair men and timberers, but this does not agree with the testimony of Douglas and other investigators nor with the standards set by the Labor Code.

• • •

Enemies of the Soviet Union like to state that industrial accidents have greatly increased since the revolution. Strachey points out the distinction between "slight" accidents which have increased according to the registered figures—but which were commonly not reported under the old regime—and "serious" and "fatal" accidents which in the coal industry have decreased by 75 per cent and by nearly 50 per cent respectively.

The trade union structure, which Strachey outlines clearly, leads up from the mine local to the Central Executive Committee in Moscow. Strachey writes enthusiastically of the functioning of the union with its local conflict committees, its mines production conferences, and its technical specialists who along with rank and file representatives sit on the central boards in Moscow. Not himself a Communist, Strachey sees in the various phases of trade union life in the Soviet Union opportunity for every worker to find development, self-expression, and a satisfying share of social responsibility.

• • •

One important fact Strachey fails to emphasize. No union, however thoroughly organized, militant in struggle and honestly led, could secure for the rank and file workers in a capitalist state such protection and such responsibility as belong to the workers in the Soviet Union. The importance of the workers' state as the decisive factor in the picture of workers' control is much too light sketched. Even the strongest kind of miners' union would find itself powerless to achieve under the United States of Morgan, Mellon, DuPont, Rockefeller, Insull, et al., workers' control of the workshop, as Strachey describes it. But it is also true—and this is far more important—that for miners and workers in other basic industries strong class-conscious unions are a necessary first step toward such workers' control. Without their aggressive support of the revolutionary state power of the working class, the status actually achieved in the Soviet Union will remain for us merely an idle dream.

The Legion in Harlem Parade

BY CYRIL BRIGGS.

To the sound of three brass bands and the flaunting of red, green and black flags, the African Legion last Sunday noon clanked through the streets of Colored Harlem. Legionnaires in red striped black uniforms were supported by detachments of Black Cross nurses, Boy Scouts, U. N. I. A. Choirs, bands playing, flags flying, gold braided officers shouting orders from flying automobiles.

The Legion had mobilized and it looked bad for someone. And what was that they carried? A picture substitute for an effigy? A picture of Al Smith, favorite son of the democratic party. The democratic party, traditional and relentless foe of the Negro workers of America.

There it was, mounted on an automobile.

A huge painting of Smith.

What will the African Legionnaires do with it? This picture of a tool of imperialism, this picture of the nominee of the deadly enemy of the Negro workers. What do the Legionnaires intend doing with it? What treatment does an enemy of the Negro masses deserve? But what is this? What mockery, what bitter jest, what base betrayal is this? What means the sign "Vote for Smith"?

Is this the way the African Legion wages war for a free Africa, by serving as the puppets of the democratic party which outraged black Haiti and turned that country, torn and bleeding, over to the republican party which finished the job? Is this the way to Negro liberation? Shame! Shame!

To such depths has the Universal Negro Improvement Association sunk as the result of the Negro misleaders at its head!

Bands playing. Flags flying, but no masses cheering. Even the sidewalks were almost empty as the Negro workers remained indoors, grimly aloof from this treacherous demonstration for an enemy of the Negro masses.

STORM IN MALTA.

MALTA, Aug. 31 (UP)—A violent hail storm did heavy damage to the farm districts of Castelleona and Genivolta. Many were injured, one seriously. Some of the hailstones weighed as much as 700 grams.

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The Society of Assyrians was formed in Moscow their number in the capital being about 5,000 people.

Red Planet

By EDWIN ROLFE

Red planet, hanging low over metal-tinted walls:
Move a bit in the sky so the color-starved masses may see you,
Leap, suddenly, from a bleak year into the next;
Red planet, over the gray walls built of the burnt ashes of blood.

There are a thousand such walls, red planet, on the earth,
Built by fat ants who fear the dazzling message of your color.

I have watched these fattened ants for a thousand years, red planet,
And my father before me has watched them a thousand more.
The ants have been building these walls since you first were seen in the skies,
Using the ashes of blood to block the sight of you.

Each time you rise, red planet, you are a little higher,
And a little nearer to us, the masses imprisoned in walls.
Your red is a little brighter, its color-shafts pierce our walls.
(That is why the fattened ants continually build them higher,
Building wall upon wall with the burnt ashes of our blood.)
Thinking they can stop your progress by their puny efforts,

But someday, red planet, you will have attained
A spot so high in the heavens, so gleaming bright in the heavens,
That the ants will shriek with confusion, and hide themselves in their holes,
And the masses will rise from their earth-fetters, rise from a thousand hells,
As the walls of the burnt blood are shattered
By the impact of your light.

POETS OF AMERICA *and* SACCO, VANZETTI

AMERICA ARRAIGNED! Edited by Lucia Trent and Ralph Cheyney. Dean & Co., New York.

Reviewed by HENRY REICH, Jr.

THE cry of protest that swept the world against the execution of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti and the wave of class bitterness that filled the hearts of workers everywhere upon the consummation of that murder, are perpetuated—so far as the poets are concerned—in "America Arraigned!" The Civil War and the French Revolution gave rise to songs of patriotism and partisanship. But perhaps never before in history has a single world event inspired so much poetry as the case of these two martyrs to the cause of labor. This anthology embraces most of the important poems written on the subject.

Some sixty poets are represented in the volume, which is divided into three parts: "Before Governor Fuller and His Advisory Commission Refused to Interfere," "After Intercession was Refused but Before the Crucifixion," and "After the Crucifixion." Certain of the poems are pointed out as contributing something of literary value as well as of propaganda value to the book. Perhaps the finest poem from these two points of view is that of A. B. Magil. His "Murder at Midnight," which originally appeared in the Daily Worker, is a vital and highly effective piece of work. It contains such a cry as this:

Go back, slaves, go back.
Go back to the factories, the dancing machines.
Go back dancing slaves.

Noon.
(The sun is a big round brass spitoon.)
Life seethes, blown up.
Collapses like a pricked balloon.
Night.
"Abraham Lincoln freed the slaves."

Another poem that stands out is "They are Dead Now" by John Dos Pasos, beginning "This isn't a poem" and concluding "Make a poem of that if you dare," with an interlude on what men think about in prison and something of the aftermath of the murder. James Rorty's "Gentlemen of Massachusetts" is an excellent piece of invective:

Understand this, you bleak-hearts, you gray impostors, you wisps, you spectres, half-born, death-elected;
No man votes death to another; self given, that cup, and you—
Seven years we pled and pled with you; we said:
"This blood you crave is poison, this for you and yours the final steep
"Gulf to oblivion, why so fast, old apes? The tiger Tomorrow has smelled you, the sky
"Breeds vultures, though you sow a hundred Christs on every hill
"Death is your harvest, it will not be long. . . . "

Among others contributing excellent material are Lola Ridge, Edna St. Vincent Millay and Joseph T. Shipley. Considering the high standing in the literary world of some of the other contributors, their poems are rather disappointing. This applies to Alfred Kreymborg, Witter Bynner, Arthur Davison Ficke, Kathleen Millay, Countee Cullen, John Gould Fletcher, and the compilers of the anthology, Ralph Cheyney and Lucia Trent.

One of the finest contributions to the book is not a poem at all. It is a statement by William Ellery Leonard in which he voices his regret that he is unable, on account of ill health, to participate in the anthology with a poem in "tribute to those two brave and noble spirits, Sacco and Vanzetti." He says: "I would not seem by my silence to give consent to this terrible deed—terrible for its social implications of contemporary upper class stupidity and smugness, even more for its fierce moment of injustice and cruelty."

To the compilers of the anthology must be given credit for preserving a unique and invaluable poetic record of the Sacco and Vanzetti case. Some of these poems will live along with the martyrs in the memory of the working class which so recently demonstrated that Sacco and Vanzetti are still alive and an active force in the struggles of labor.

CLEVELAND—To close the Young Workers Training School which has been in session for five weeks, a large affair is being arranged for Saturday night, September 1st, 8 p.m. at the Finnish Hall, 1900 W. 25th Street. Admission 25 cents.

The students are arranging a good program and many prominent speakers will be present. Good music.

WHAT I SAW IN CHINA
By TOM MANN
10 cents

THE "grand old man" of the British Labor movement tells of his experiences in revolutionary China after a six months' stay with the International Workers' Delegation.

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National Election Campaign Committee
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
43 East 125th Street NEW YORK, N. Y.

PAULI IS A "SUCCESS"

By DORA AZERSKY.

PAULI was American born and bred in the poorest, dingiest section of New York's east side. Her home had that mouldy smell which indicates dire poverty, her parents, religious fanatics belonging to an ancient world. In such surroundings Pauli grew up, far from anything expressive of beauty, of sunshine, of anything pertaining to modern ideas or to progress, and certainly far from entertaining any free, independent thoughts.

Although very young, she is searching for work. Thru the many streets of New York, day after day she drags herself in search of a much coveted job. Days of eager, frantic search and monotonous evenings of brooding and disappointment in her crowded, poverty-stricken east side home. Pauli had an inexhaustible patience. Today was unsuccessful, tomorrow, maybe? But, what did tomorrow have in store? The same dark, bitter search and suspense, and disappointment.

But Pauli must not protest against the sweet uses of adversity. Her mother and her teacher taught her to accept everything without a murmur. She is obedient, there is no rebellion in her passive nature. Her mother and teacher could not be wrong, their teachings are unassailable. Her mother is so much older and wiser than she, and her teacher—a teacher knows everything. Pauli idolizes her mother and her teacher and does not question their counsel. She is a true product of non-resistance.

• • •

A LONG time passed, and Pauli finally obtained employment. Now she is surely satisfied. Has she no cause to be? She is earning her own living and can hold her head up. The world has been good to her. At no time does she talk of the hardships she encounters in the shop nor of her needs at home. She appears always satisfied, and when asked, replies, "Why should I kick? I am satisfied."

Once Pauli came into the shop without her usual cheerfulness, and suddenly she commenced unloading her mind. Her work-mates were not far removed from her general way of looking at things and were in accord with her unconcern. Pauli related the hard struggle they had at home to make ends meet and ended by relating in a sad tone, "Last night none of us slept a wink. Father coughed and coughed, but this morning he went to work. He earns so little now, and if his cough gets any worse he may lose his job yet."

I ask her, "What do you say now, Pauli?" and await an answer.

"Oh, I can't kick!" she replied.

Early childhood training triumphed.

'Machinal' Due at Plymouth Theatre Next Thursday Night

ARTHUR HOPKINS will bring his first production of the season, "Machinal," into the Plymouth Theatre next Thursday evening. This is a play by Sophie Treadwell in two parts and ten scenes, modernistic in treatment. In this production an effort is made to liberate the stage from routine settings, with the atmosphere suggested largely by lighting. The method of staging was designed by Robert Edmond Jones.

There will be a company of twenty in "Machinal," with the principal part being played by Zita Johann, and other important parts by Jean Adair, Clark Gable, George Stillwell and Charles Kennedy.

"The Trial of Mary Dugan" will close its run at the Sam H. Harris Theatre tonight and move to the Century on Monday for a four weeks' engagement. The Bayard Veiller melodrama began its career here on Sept. 19 at the National.

Horace Liveright's first musical production, "The Dagger and the Rose," a comic opera based on "The Firebrand" by Edwin Justus Mayer, will be given its first performance Monday evening at the Apollo Theatre in Atlantic City. After one week's engagement it will move to the Erlanger Theatre, Philadelphia, for two weeks, and will open here at the Erlanger Theatre Monday evening, Sept. 24.

"Luckee Girl" is the new title of "A Good Fellow," the musical farce based on the French, "Un Bon Garcon," now in rehearsal under the direction of the Messrs. Shubert. The cast includes Irene Dunne, Billy House, Harry Puck, Josephine Drake, Doris Vinton and Frank Lawler. The production will have its first showing in Atlantic City Monday.

"Dawn," with Sybil Thorndike playing the role of Edith Cavell, now at the Cameo Theatre, will be held over a second week.

Columbia's special production, "Submarine," featuring Jack Holt, Dorothy Revier and Ralph Graves, opened at te Embassy Theatre last night.

KENNETH MacKENNA

Featured player in "The Big Pond," the new Middleton-Thomas comedy at the Bijou Theatre.

The 55th St. Playhouse will show Emil Jannings in "Peter the Great" for three days beginning today. On Tuesday and Wednesday the feature is "The Hunchback of Notre Dame" and Thursday and Friday, "Love Me and the World is Mine."

The cast includes: Mae Busch, Charles Farrell and Greta Nissen in support of the two principal players. "Fazil" is the screen version of "L'Insoumise," the Continental stage play by Pierre Frondaie.

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RUSSIAN RECORDS

59049	DOWN THE VOLGA RIVER. Folk Song. GRAND FATHER PAHOM. Folk Song.
59047	SORROW WALTZ and MOSCOW POLKA.
59006	BEAUTY and POLISH MAZURKA.
59001	KOROTCHKA. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59044	MOSKVA. National Song. Isa Kremer.
59010	PA D'ESPAGN. Russian Orchestra "Odessa".
59007	PERED RAZLUKOJ (March). Russian Orchestra "Odessa".
59009	UKRAINA (March). Russian Orchestra "Odessa".

UKRAINIAN RECORDS

59048	BAJATI (Kaukasian Melody). Kavazky Orchestra.
57001	EKH. RASPOSHEL (Balalaechny). Orchestra Gorskoy.
59016	FOURTEENTH STREET (Kupley). S. Sarmatoff.
59035	KAMARINSKY (National Dance). Solo, Zibulski.
59026	KOHANOTCHKA BALALAJKA. Orchestra Biljo.
40048	KORUBUSKA... Soprano Isa Kremer.
77005	VOSPOMINANIJA O ROSSII. Waltz. Patro Biljo.
59017	AMERIKANSKI BABI. Humorist S. Sarmatoff.
59048	KAVKAZKA MELODIJA. Kaukazus Orchestra.
15034	OJ, GORE KALINA. Ukrainian National Chorus.
59002	REVE TA STOGNE. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59004	VIJUT VITRI. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59029	ZAPOROJZI U SULTANA. Kornienko Ukr. Orchestra.

POLISH RECORDS

77006	FANTASY ON SONG OF INDIA. Dance Oriental.
77007	FREEDOM MARCH—INTERNATIONAL—LA MARSEILAISE.
60029	ALL RIGHT. Baryton Ochrymovicz.
60042	BAJ-BAJ (Komishe scene). Trupe Marskiego.
60048	DJABELSKA PIENS O PEKLE. Bassist Didur.
60014	MARSZ UKRAINSKY. Orchestra Warsaw.
60038	NAPISZE KARTECKE DO RZYMU. Tarnow Orchestra.
60036	NA WARSZAWSKIM BRUKU. Podgorsky & Pavlak.

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Worker Students Of Ohio to Visit All Industry Districts

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 31.—As a climax to the five-week intensive training course at the Ohio Young Workers Training School, the League will tour ten of the students through the eastern part of Ohio to make a study of the important industries in this section of the country. Ohio, rich in heavy industries, such as steel, machine manufacture, auto, rubber, glass, pottery, mining, will offer a good field for study.

Akron, the center of the rubber industry, Youngstown, the heart of the steel industry; East Liverpool, the center of the pottery industry, mining centers and other industrial centers will be visited.

To Build New Auto Factory In U. S. S. R.

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—The special commission of the Moscow Soviet headed by Rogov, acting chairman of the Soviet, left abroad to carry out negotiations with foreign firms in connection with a construction of a new motor-car factory in Moscow.

The Commission will visit Berlin and some other towns of Europe and afterwards will leave for America.

AMUSEMENTS

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Money Refunded If Not Satisfied With Play.

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Acceptance Speeches
Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

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In lots of 100 or more 30 per cent off.

National Election Campaign Committee
43 EAST 125TH STREET
NEW YORK, N. Y.
All orders must be accompanied by payment

Three Hundred Carpenters and Joiners Walk Out in Demand for Five Day Week

HANdOuTS

When Cal Coolidge, the president-tial zero, was told that the power trust was getting its propaganda in the school books and favorable editorials in the papers by corrupt means he said he saw no reason for the federal government to interfere. Correct! If the power trust was unable to dope the school books or bribe the papers it would be time enough for Coolidge to enter the game and help them get results.

• • •

Getting Them Young

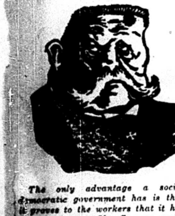
Paul A. Siple, Boy Scout of Erie, Pa., was selected by Byrd to add another uniform to his antarctic expedition. The capitalists use the boy scout organization to train the the young in military discipline so they'll be all ready for the next imperialistic blood bath which already reddens the horizon. Byrd's act will give the foul game a boost. Siple's daily kind deed while at the South pole will be sweeping the snow off the front porch and melting up a balloon of rum for Byrd, 8,000 of which will be taken along. This will prevent the pleasure loving commander feeling at all ill at ease while his employes are out selecting the proper icebergs to be brought home as scientific specimens.

• • •

It doesn't make much difference to a worker whether the bandit who robs him is left-handed or right-handed. It won't make the slightest difference whether Al or Herb is elected. A republican and a democrat are as similar as two police dogs both of whom jump when their master whistles. This seems to be understood by James G. Harvey who has just been elected mayor of Hazelton, Pa., on both the republican and democratic tickets.

• • •

Eye On Russia



The only advantage a social democratic government has is that it proves to the workers that it has no advantage. The German social democratic government of Chancellor Mueller is going ahead with the cruiser building program the same as many other capitalist government. This has brought a storm of protest from the workers and has elated President Hindenberg above, who sees a chance for political ammunition. Hindenberg is a crafty reactionary whose policy has always been to get everything possible from the U. S. S. R. and at the same time prepare for War so as to be able to sell his strategic position at a high figure when the imperialist wolves begin the attack against the workers republic.

• • •

Gems of Learning

Glenn Frank, president of the University of Wisconsin:

"Chain stores cannot be put out of business by being dammed and criticized as Wall Street octopuses, nor can they be legislated out of business. Specialization, mass production, a larger turnover with small profits are the only effective counter weapons."

In other words all the worker needs to compete with the chain stores is a few million dollars.

• • •

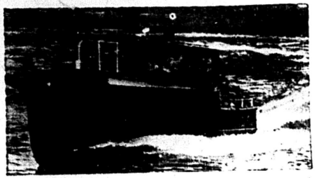
Professor E. M. Borchard of Yale, speaking of the Kellogg "peace" pact:

"Considering these reservations, it would be difficult to conceive of any war that nations have fought within the last century, or are likely to fight in the future, that cannot be accommodated under these exceptions. Far from constituting an outlawry of war, they constitute the most solemn sanction of specific wars that has ever been given to the world."

When a professor of Yale can see through the Kellogg peace pact it ought to be clear to everyone.

—M. C. H.

Also the Motor Boat Makers Profit



The profits of prohibition are not confined to the enforcers, the official grafters, the bootleggers, highjackers, lobbyists and other vermin on one side or the others who fatten on the illicit trade in liquor. The ship manufacturers also profit. Above, one of a fleet of rum chasers the government is launching.

U. S. S. R. SCORES KELLOGG PACT

To Sign with Sharp Criticism

Continued from Page One

tions refer to parts of the British Empire they are "superfluous" and if it means other regions, the participants in the treaty are entitled to know "where the freedom of action of the British government begins and where it ends."

In conclusion, the note said that in regard to this British reservation "the Soviet government cannot but consider it an attempt to use the pact itself as an instrument of imperialistic policy."

The Soviet Acceptance was handed to French Ambassador Herbette today in the lengthy and critical note accompanying it.

In the acceptance, the Soviet Government details its vigorous criticism of the anti-war treaty and the reservations, attempting to show how it is not capable of preventing wars. The attack centers on British reservations which are branded as "an attempt to use the Pact as an instrument of imperialis policy."

"Nevertheless," the note concludes," inasmuch as the treaty objectively imposes certain obligations of the powers through public opinion and gives the Soviet Government a new chance to put before all participants in the pact the question of the disarmament solution, which is the only guarantee of preventing war, the Soviet Government expresses its consent to sign the Pact."

ASK AID FOR DAILY WORKER

Appeal On Workers Party Anniversary

Continued from Page One

propaganda issued by the two big parties of Wall Street and the little "socialist" party of the petty bourgeois, the Daily Worker devotes its pages to the workers' side of the class struggle and the election campaign waged by the Workers (Communist) Party to rally the masses for the struggle against capitalism

As the program of American imperialism expands, as the class struggle grows in sharpness, the Daily Worker will loom larger in the life of the American working class. Every effort must therefor be made to increase its power and effectiveness as a weapon of revolutionary labor in the class struggle

The Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has authorized the Management Committee of the Daily Worker to conduct a vigorous drive for 10,000 subscribers during the two remaining months of the election campaign.

Every Communist voter must become a reader of the Daily Worker

During the election campaign all workers who attend the meetings addressed by Foster and Gitlow and the state and local candidates on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket should become readers of the Daily Worker.

The Central Executive Committee calls on every member of the Workers (Communist) Party, every militant worker and every sympathizer to become a subscriber. The Daily Worker must be strengthened by increasing its circulation until it grows into a mass organ of the class struggle in the United States.

Ten thousand new subscribers! Every Communist voter must become a reader of the Daily Worker

Central Executive Committee,
Workers (Communist) Party.

POLICE BREAK UP ELECTION MEETS

Workers Party Scores Terror

Continued from Page One

tions and to mobilize mass support for the Sept. 1 Picnic and Rally at Sans Souci Park at which Gitlow will be the main speaker.

60 Delegates Attend.

About 60 delegates were present, representing labor organizations in Luzerne and Lackawanna counties, when Emil Gardos, Subdistrict Organizer, opened the conference. Pointing to the presence of the police force, he said: "This conference is stopped in spite of the fact that we are in election times, when according to the so-called democracy, every party has the right to express itself before the people. It is stopped by the police which is proving itself to be the tool of the coal operators, because they will not allow a working class party to step forward, to expose the corruption of this system and to mobilize the workers to fight against it. . . . ."

At this point Chief Taylor stopped the speaker and using the half a dozen plainclothes men, chased out all the delegates from the hall, which is used by the Party as its office and meeting-place.

Boss Police.

This action of Chief of Police Taylor is further proof that the government and the republican and democratic parties are in the control of the coal operators who resort to all means to destroy the workers' organizations, who are putting up a fight for the interest of the exploited masses.

We want to state that this outrageous interference with the right of free speech and assemblage demonstrates the falsity of the so-called democracy and it is going to open the eyes of many workers who believe today in the capitalist parties. This breaking up of the conference is not going to stop us from carrying on our work. It means the redoubling of activities on our part.

The Subdistrict Committee will on the one hand take the necessary steps to test out the Mussolini-like action of Mayor Hart and Chief Taylor and will work with increased energy to spread our ideas to the workers, to call upon them to fight for their interests against the onslaught of the operators and to rally them behind the only political party of the workers, the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

The conference broken up by the police will be held on Aug. 31, at the same place and no efforts will be spared to make the picnic on Sans Souci with Benjamin Gitlow as main speaker a real success.

SUBDISTRICT ORGANIZER.

CASES AGAINST KANSAS WORKERS

Continued from Page One

o attack the meeting at which the arrested workers spoke.

All literature that was seized in connection with the arrests is admitted in the mails and sold and distributed publicly throughout the United States. The International Labor Defense has already taken up the defense of the arrested workers.

WILL CONTINUE RED TAG DAYS AT CAMPS, BEACHES

Workers Will Take Boxes Along

With hundreds of class-conscious workers leaving the city for an abbreviated vacation over the week-end tomorrow, the slogan "Take a Box Along" will be on everyone's lips, and the Red Tag Days of September 1, 2 and 3 will be continued at many camps and beaches where workers meet.

News of the anti-labor action of Tammany Hall's Department of Welfare in banning collections for the Red Campaign Fund of the Workers (Communist) Party has reached all those camps and beaches where workers spend their week-ends, and is having the effect of instituting a Red Week Campaign in those places which before did not have one. Tomorrow, Sunday and Monday, when the Red Tag Days will be held, will mark the final windup of the extended Red Week drive for funds for the Communist campaign.

Urging all workers to collect for and contribute to the Red Election Campaign Fund, the District Campaign Committee last night issued a statement emphasizing the urgent needs for funds. After stressing the importance of an appropriate answer to the Tammanyites in the form of more intensified collections, the statement continues: "Capitalist politicians order political maneuvers from Europe by phone, as the trans-Atlantic telephoned instructions to the republican boss of Allegheny County by W. L. Mellon, nephew of Andrew W. Mellon, the strikebreaker, but the workers of New York do not have to wait for instructions on how to act when the democratic machine orders their campaign stopped. The reaction of New York workers is swift and effective. The campaign for funds is now greater than ever before, and the Red Tag Days of September 1, 2 and 3 will give every worker the opportunity to strike a blow at the Tammany machine."

PUSH PLANS FOR TEXTILE PARADE

"Conciliation" Faker to Aid Batty

Continued from Page One

28,000 workers iin an anti-wage cut struggle here is marked by the entrance of the Federal Government into the situation in the person of Charles G. Wood, labor hating "conciliation commissioner" who recently issued a statement in Fall River denouncing the leaders of the Textile Mill Committee as the "friendish leaders of the Passaic strike."

After having come twice into the Fall River strike situation in an open attempt to break the textile strike there, Wood now comes into New Bedford to "settle" the strike by helping the reactionary Textile Council attempt to carry thru a betrayal. In Fall River Wood had mad a special trip into town to denounce the T. M. G. and to advocate the running out of town of the union leaders.

Denounce Wood.

William T. Murdoch, organizer of the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees, yesterday issued a statement which says: "The union recognizes Wood as a faker and a state paid bosses' agent. Wood cheated the workers in the Golden Rule Hosiery Co. plant in Providence by organizing a fake cooperative scheme in which the workers were forced by the bosses to invest their savings only to have their money lost for them. Then Wood comes into the cotton strike situation by first trying to break the Fall River strike and now the New Bedford strike by organizing a sell out with Batty's aid."

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Philadelphia Campaign Picnic.

The enlarged Foster-Gitlow campaign committee is running an election campaign picnic and rally at Schuetzen Park, 83rd and Tinicum Ave., on Labor Day, September 3. Gitlow, candidate for vice president, will speak. Directions: Take subway-surface car No. 37, or take any car south to Moyamensing Ave. and take southwestern car going west. Admission, 50 cents.

• • •

Michigan Party Campaign Picnic.

A picnic to raise funds for the election campaign will be given by the Workers (Communist) Party, Young Workers (Communist) League and The DAILY WORKER at Welcome Park, Lansing, on Sunday, September 2 and Monday, September 3. A good athletic program has been arranged. A prominent Party candidate will speak. Tickets for both days, 35 cents.

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Pittsburgh Labor Day Picnic.

A joint picnic under the auspices of the International Labor Defense and the National Miners Relief Committee of the U. S., will be held on Labor Day, September 3, in Gammon's Wildwood Grove on the Butler Short Line. Program will include prominent speakers, swimming, boating, etc.

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Chicago Open-Air Meetings.

Mondays—Paulina and Chicago.
Tuesdays—Belmont and Wilton.
Wednesdays—112th St. and Michigan.
Thursdays—Washtenaw and Division. St. Louis and Roosevelt.
Saturdays—Washtenaw and Division; St. Louis and Roosevelt; Archer and Sacramento. Fullerton and Greenview; 32nd and State St.; Houston and 92nd St.; Madison and Wood.

Chicago Tolstoy Celebration.

Centennial jubilee of L. N. Tolstoy will be celebrated Saturday evening, September 8 at 8 o'clock at Schoenhoffen Hall, corner Ashland and Milwaukee Aves. Musical program and speakers. A postcard copy of a painting of Tolstoy will be given out free to those attending.

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Waukegan Workers Party.

The Waukegan, Illinois, Young Workers (Communist) League will hold its International Youth Day celebration Saturday, September 15, starting at 8 p. m. Dancing after program and speaking. Minnie Lurye of Chicago will be the main speaker. To be held at Workers Hall, 517 Helmholz Ave.

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Chicago Social and Concert

A very interesting social and concert will be held on Saturday, September 22, at 7:30 p. m. in the Freiheit Hall, 3301 W. Roosevelt Road, under the joint auspices of Section 4 of the Workers Party, the Young Workers League and the Pioneers. The program promises to be an especially good one. Admission 25c.

Philadelphia Open Air Meetings.

The following open air meetings will be held this week under the Party. Today at Ferman and Silver, Kensington and Orleans, at 42d and Cumberland, at 7th and Synder. Tuesday, September 4 at Broad and Castle.

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Detroit Campaign Meetings.

The Detroit Election Campaign Committee together with the Daily Worker and the Young Workers (Comunist) League have organized a two-day picnic for September 2 and 3 for the purpose of stimulating the election campaign. Max Bedacht, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party and District Organizer of Chicago will be the campaign speaker. All workers organizations are urged to support the drive for funds which will be used for campaign work among the auto industry workers.

The picnic will be held at Welcome Park. Directions: Take Clawson bus at Ford Highland Park which will take you direct to the picnic grounds. By auto: take Woodward Ave. to Royal Oak, then cut Main St. to 15½ mile road. Watch for signs along road.

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Foster to Speak.

Wm. Z. Foster, candidate for president on the Communist ticket will speak at Danceland Auditorium, Woodward and Forest, Sunday evening, September 9, at 8 o'clock.

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Baltimore Picnic

A Labor Day picnic and dance will be held at the Workers Cooperative Shore on Monday, September 3. Sports, swimming, fishing and boating. Admission in advance 25c, at the gate 35c. Directions: Street car No. 23 and stop at Mace and Essex. Buss will take you to shore free of charge. By auto: drive out Eastern Avenue past Essex to Greenhan corner and turn right.

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Cleveland Labor Day Rally.

A Labor Day rally of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held on September 3, at 10 a. m., at Lakeland, 14711 Lake Shore Blvd. Edwin D. Blank, Workers Party candidate for attorney general will speak.

Directions: Take St. Clair Euclid Beach or E. 105th Euclid Beach cars only. Admission in advance 25c, at the gate 35c.

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Baltimore Activities.

The Young Workers League will hold a package party and dance on Friday, September 7 at 1137 East Baltimore St. All comrades are requested to bring packages. Admission 15c. All proceeds are to go to the relief of the textile strikers of New Bedford.

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Collection for Strikers.

The Young Workers League of Baltimore will hold a house to house collection on September 1-8 at which all comrades are urged to participate.

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Scott Nearing to Speak.

Scott Nearing will speak here September 11 at 1029 East Baltimore St., the Conservatory Hall of Music, at 8 p. m. Admission 25 cents.

URGE WOMEN TO AID COMMUNISTS

Hit Capitalist Parties On Statement

Continued from Page One

and the candidates and the party platforms and policies.

Vote for Your Class!

"No working class woman should work for nor campaign for, or vote for candidates of the capitalist class.

The democratic, republican, farmer-Labor and the socialist parties all represent the capitalist class. The only difference between them is that they each represent a different group of the capitalist class.

The republican and democratic parties represent the finance and banking interests of the country. The socialist parties and the farmer-labor party represent the smaller capitalists and the rich farmers.

Vote Communist!

The Workers (Communist) Party is the only party representing the workers and working farmers of all races in the United States. The candidates of this party are the only ones that should receive the full support of the working class women.

All working women should read the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party, especially that part concerning the working women. The platform of the Workers Party makes the following demands:

1. Prohibition of night work, overtime and job work.
2. The law should provide for an allowance throughout the period of pregnancy and childbirth to the amount of full working wages.
3. The organization of working women into trade unions.
4. Elimination of all restrictions and discriminations against women in trade unions.
5. Equal pay for equal work, etc.

No working woman should attempt to remain neutral on political questions. The question of the very existence, the right to earn bread, is a political as well as an economical question and through political organization of the workers, the working class women together with working class men should demand and fight for political and economical rights.

Vote for the candidates of the workers!

Vote for the working class demands!

Vote for the Workers (Communist) Party!

Vote for Foster for President!

Vote for Gitlow for Vice-President!

Vote for Max Bedacht for U. S. Senator from Illinois!

Vote for William Kruse for Governor of Illinois!

Organization Meeting Called By Ohio Young Wkr's League, Sept. 23

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 31.—To orientate the League in Ohio to the importance of intensifying work in the shops and mines and build shop and mine nuclei, an organization conference has been called by the District Executive Committee for Sunday, September 23, at 10 a. m. All members working in large establishments, representatives from the mining section and Party members from the important nuclei in the district will attend the conference.

The steel workers in Warren and Youngstown will be represented by members of the League working in the mills who are preparing to report on the conditions of the workers in the important steel mills of those two cities. Other important centers, such as Akron, the rubber city; East Liverpool, pottery, and Cleveland will be represented.

COMPARATIVE JUSTICE DIES.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 31 (UP).—Andre Weiss, vice-president of the Permanent Court of International Justice, died today. He was the founder of the International Academy of Comparative Justice.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 31 (UP).—Two persons were killed and a third was injured today when a Pennsylvania train struck an automobile.

UNION MEN TIE UP OVER TWENTY MILLS IN STRIKE

Victory For Workers Soon Is Seen

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 30.—A country-wide strike of union carpenters has tied up over 20 mills. The strike was called on Monday, when 300 carpenters and joiners walked out with the demand for a five-day week with the same wages that they have been getting for a five and a half day week.

The strike affects cabinetmakers, benchmen and machine men.

An early victory for the strikers was indicated when the head of the Building Materials Men's Association, the bosses' league, expressed anxiety for a settlement.

Charge Evangelist In Huge Swindling Game

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 30 (UP).—Aimee Semple McPherson, internationally known evangelist, was charged in a damage suit today with using her four-square Gospel and members of her Angelus Temple congregation as pawns in a real estate game from which she netted thousands of dollars.

The complaint, entered by S. S. Hahn for Mrs. M. W. Puryear, asserted that Mrs. McPherson entered into a conspiracy with H. L. Henry and C. E. Kenyon whereby she received ten per cent commission for all sales made through her in a Lake Tahoe sub-division.

PITTSBURGH, P.A.

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DIRECTIONS: Take Subway or Surface car 27, or take any car South to Moyamensing Ave. and take Southwestern car going West
ADMISSION, 50 CENTS

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Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers!

Against the Capitalists!

The Communist Party On the Ballot In Bloody Pennsylvania

The "Ruhr" coal and iron region of Germany is famous the world over, both in labor history and in the intrigues of diplomats and the strategy of field marshalls. But it might not be too much to say that Pennsylvania is as significant to the economy of the United States of America—and to the labor history of this country—as the "Ruhr" is to all of Europe.

There are vast differences. From the point of view of labor history, we do not forget that the American working class has not had the same experiences as the brave German workers of the "Ruhr." But those who know the long history of the workers of the mine fields of Pennsylvania will look to Pennsylvania for some of the most glorious achievements of the working class in the coming years. Pennsylvania is "the guts" of American industry in at least as real a sense as any other section that could be named. The vast mass of workers in the basic industries of iron, steel and coal can truly be called the flower of the working class of America.

But for the very same reasons the capitalist lords of the United States have always used the greatest precautions, the most ingenious devices and the most ruthless methods to make a vast prison stockade of the steel-mill towns and mining camps. In this they have not been unsuccessful. Pittsburgh is notoriously a city of blood-and-iron police methods directed against the working class. And if the police department of that city can be regarded as a sort of a collective Harry Thaw on a rampage against everything that seemed to lead even in the direction of free expression from the masses, so also the trade union bureaucracy has long been best symbolized as that police department's little Evelyn.

Yet underneath the heartless official surface of the state of the coal and iron cossacks and the crass "culture" of the foulest type of America bourgeoisie exemplified by the Mellon family, there has always been present the fiery heart of the best that the American proletariat can show in men and women.

It is significant that in the Daily Worker today appear two news despatches from the state of Pennsylvania. The Workers (Communist) Party—the American section of the Communist International, the revolutionary party of the American working class—will be on the ballot this year in Pennsylvania. This is one of the news items. It is a big one. It means a better opportunity for the working class of Pennsylvania to mobilize itself, train itself, school itself in political questions so as to raise to a higher stage its class consciousness for the struggle towards the victory which will crown all its many years of struggle. Voting will not displace the cossacks, will not change the state power of the coal and steel barons into an instrument for the benefit of the working class, but the use of the election campaign in a revolutionary manner by the working class party which has no illusions of capitalist democracy, can bring to the workers of Pennsylvania an advantage in all their struggles. Is it an accident that the candidate heading the Communist national ticket as the red nominee for president and the candidate that heads the state ticket for United States senator, are respectively, the leader who organized the huge struggle of the Great Steel Strike, and a veteran steel worker who was associated with him in that struggle? The workers of Pennsylvania know that it is not accidental. They know this because the Workers (Communist) Party has been their one true, tireless leader throughout the terrific coal strike through which they have just gone, only to see their former union wrecked by the enemies of themselves and the Communists. It is no accident that the day's news of success in the campaign to get on the ballot tells us that the coal miners were chiefly those who put through the successful campaign to get the national ticket headed by Foster and Gitlow and the state ticket headed by the steel worker, William J. White, on the Pennsylvania ballot.

The other news item tells of the granting of the first charter for a local of the new Miners' Union. This also is momentous news. The great National Convention of the coal miners for the founding of the new national union to take the place of the now dead United Mine Workers, destroyed by John L. Lewis and his fellow servants of the capitalist class,—this great convention is now but a few days away. It will begin on September 9. It will be one of the most important events in all of the history of the American working class. There is nothing surprising that the new Union that is being born is a result of the struggle between the militant coal miners and the Communists, against the traitor Lewis, member of the same republican party which is bossed by Mellon, the archtype of the scab coal mine owner.

The whole working class of Pennsylvania has new opportunities to learn that the class struggle is a political struggle, that the picket line meets the state power of the bosses as its greatest and decisive enemy.

Congratulate the workers of Pennsylvania—and put the Communist ticket on the ballot in many more states!

They Studied with Guns in Hands

By SOL AUERBACH.

KIEV is a city of green and gold. Built on seven hills overlooking the Dneipr River, with its poplar lined streets climbing the hills, it is a breezy and vigorous city even in the summer. The people walking on the streets have a carefree and easy temper. In the evening they walk in crowds, singing and yelling to one anohter. In the Proletarian Garden, situated on a cliff high above the river, the workers of Kiev gather in the evening to listen to the orchestra or play on the recreation grounds.

The gilded domes of the churches blend with the rising and waving green of the streets into a harmony of gold and green in sunlight. The city feels like a summer resort to a temporary visitor who does not have to work while he enjoys the Dneipr and the color.

In the evening members of the Proletarian student organization, the Prolestud, join us on the way to the river front. We walk along with the crowds, down the hundreds of steps to the river shore. Kiev comes here on a summer evening, in bands of arm-clasping joyous people. They cross in large motor barges to the other shore of the river where they build small camp fires and splash about in the water.

* * *

Twenty-five of us embark on a [illegible] one-motored barge and chuck our way against the current up the river. The river is smooth as glass on the surface, hiding a swift and dangerous current. It is pitch dark over there and Kiev throws only tiny specks of light into the sky. Blotches of light climb up the Kiev hills. Small flickers of light on the bridge, from the camp-fires on the opposite shore, from the stars. The smoke from the power plant casts a shadow across the moon. The Ukrainian students sing revolutionary songs.

Yasha stands at the stern of the boat, an athletic and imposing figure. He is the son of a peasant and a student at the Kiev Polytech. He is a giant. Strength radiates from his open collar from the well-set neck, from the muscular forearm, from the square jaw, from the lively prancing eyes. He is a man cut for leadership, with a spirit and will that sways masses. He becomes our leader immediately, leading the songs, urging us into action.

Our boat is a volume of song. The Ukrainian and Russian students are swept away by the motion of the boat and the call of the night. They sing song after song with the full strength of their being, united by common experiences, common sufferings, common aims and ideals. They are songs that come deep, deep from the masses, full of power, full of vigor and triumph and also full of sadness.

* * *

Yasha stands at the stern of the barge, singing into the night. His voice is deep and clear. From one song to another he leads his comrades, his deep rich bass dominating all.

"You must excuse us for singing our heads off like this, comrades. You may not understand these songs in a foreign language. But you surely must understand their spirit, their real meaning. These songs means everything to us."

And he leads off on another.

Suddenly he breaks off the song. We are drawing near to some concrete pillars projecting out of the Dneipr. He points to them defiantly and says,

"Do you see those pillars? It is all that is left of a bridge. The bridge was blown up by the retreating Polish army. I was in the thick of the fight. I have taken part in seventeen battles in and around Kiev. The land of the workers and peasants is invincible! Workers of the world this is your home. Workers, workers of the world, your day of freedom is at hand. We are your mainstay, your rallying point, your hope!"

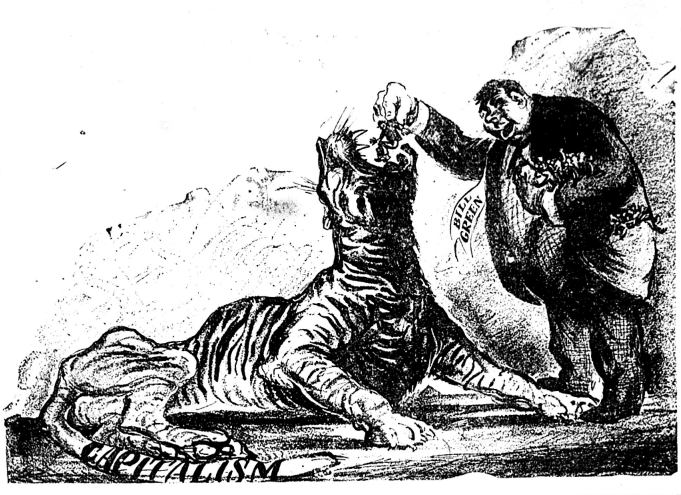
He must have fought with the same abandonment with which he sings. And yet Yasha is only one of the many young workers and peasants in the vanguard of the Red Army. Only one of the many students who studied with guns in their hands, studied so that they could be leaders in the construction of the proletarian fatherland.

PUPPET GOVERNMENTS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—In answer to the invitation sent to 48 states to join Kellogg's pact to "outlaw war," only three petty governments have thus far indicated their unconditional acceptance. The governments are: Peru, Liberia and Luxembourg.

Denmark, Bolivia, Austria, Cuba and San Domingo have communicated that they intend to join in the future.

"REWARD YOUR FRIENDS AND PUNISH YOUR ENEMIES" By Fred Ellis



How "Socialist" Party Has "Developed"

By I. AMTER

At last we know whither the socialist party is going. "Thirty-six educators have issued a call to join the socialists. Appeal for formation of progressive party." This is the goal of the socialist party, section of the socialist labor international. A party of liberals, to put themselves at the "head of the liberal forces of the country."

Who and what are the liberals? They are the intellectuals, who interpret the struggles of the working class in the terms of emotion and petty-bourgeois interests. They are that section of the population which is being crowded economically and hardly finds a place in society.

Is there a place for them in American capitalist society? There is. Among these thirty-six men are men who help capitalism to develop more rapidly in the United States; but the majority of them are men and women who are unable to interpret the struggle that is taking place, who cannot reconcile it with their conception of ethics, and, in that some of them are teachers of religion, decry a number of the baser manifestations of the struggle.

"Industrial Peace."

These liborals are advocates of industrial peace. Why should in this age of reason, when "intellect has taken the place of force," as Matthew Woll would put it, why should in this day, force play any part in human relations? The worker wants peace, the employer wants peace; let them sit down around the table with the motto that industrial peace is the better method, a "give and take" policy, as has been instituted in the settlement of the coal situation in Colorado, and the class struggle will be eliminated.

This method eliminates nothing; it merely beclouds the issue for a short time, but the class struggle goes on none the less. Phrases will not stop the workers from struggling. Economic determinism will not keep the employers from forgetting industrial peace, when the question of profits and control arises. The liberal phantasy will not aid the intellectuals in solving the question. The struggle goes on—and intellectualism will be swept aside.

Prepare for War.

Despite the proposals of industrial peace, tho war industry is working at top speed. "America has the most formidable war gas producing industry in the world," so reports a renowned chemist. Surely this industry is not intended for the destruction of the American workers! Surely it is not intended for the destruction of the working class of another nation, which has arrived at the stage of industrial peace between the workers and the capitalist class! Mondism in England is "established." The British workers no longer hate or fear the British capitalists. All is honey and roses—and the war industry will close down.

This is the product of the propaganda of the intellectuals—the socialists who have "abolished" the class struggle! This is the vain position of the petty-bourgeoisie, which is being shoved to the wall. In despair of its position, it clamors for peace, for it dare not take the position of the working class, and it cannot entice more than a shred of recognition from the capitalist class. The intellectual who sees himself predestined to take over the leadership of society!

Will this class arrive at the signal position occupied by the leadership of the Independent Labor Party of Great Britain, all of whom, including MacDonald, are intellectuals? It will not. The MacDonalds became the heirs of the mass movement created by the Kerr Hardies, the movement that led to the formation and development of the Labor Party of Great Britain. The development of capitalism in Great Britain required sagacious leaders of the working class, who could swing the Labor Party from its labor and struggle trend to support of capitalist policies. The movement for struggle was tamed, and the Labor Party became respectable.

The Intellectuals.

In the United States there is no mass movement of the workers as yet in strongly organized form. The form of organization and of struggle is as yet the trade union in the United States, and it is fighting a fight for economic improvements. The intellectuals play little part in these struggles. The brutal rise of American capitalism, in sharp struggle with imperialisms that are declining and are fighting for their very existence, demands of American capitalism the application of rigid measures against the working class, which the intellectuals cannot ease.

There may be one Woll, but there cannot be many Wolls in the labor movement in the United States, for the organization of the workers, which means the organization of the unorganized, has taken the form of a determined struggle against the resolve of the employers to make America an open-shop country. Although the company union idea is growing and more millions of workers are being entraced in it, the experiences of the workers who have been in company unions are tending to explode the entire idea. While growing, the ground-work is decaying. The intellectual who is an exponent of industrial peace, and therefore of the company union, sees the flower bloom—and rot.

Illusions.

The socialist supports industrial peace—and, following in the wake of the League of Nations, spreads the illusion that the League will bring about the area of international peace. Yet in the name of the League of Nations, the world is near to international disaster. In the name of the League of Nations, the colonial peoples are being exploited as never before. It is a more refined method—and yet it is more brutal. Irak, India, Egypt, Nicaragua, the Philippines, Liberia—all of them present the same aspects. **There is no industrial and no international peace, for we are living in the era of imperialist wars and the social revolution!**

Has then the socialist—that is the intellectual—an enduring place in American capitalist society? His role will soon be spent. It is not unlikely that the socialist party, now transforming itself into an intellectual, liberal, progressive party, eliminating the struggle, and acting as the "peace-bringing" agent of the capitalist class among the workers, will thrive for a while in the United States. But this development will be of short duration.

Unemployment of millions—for the second year—rationalization, which means the pauperization and impoverishment of milions (the number of children working in the factories of the country is not decreasing but increasing), the industrialization of agriculture, the fear of old age, the expansion of industry with the diminishing scope of foreign markets, the intensification of competition with foreign countries, whose imperialist life depends on foreign markets for goods and capital—all of these conditions present no possibility of industrial or international peace.

Mass Struggle.

The American liberal and intellectual—the American socialist—has "developed" into what he essentially is—but too late. The struggle is too far advanced for the capitalist to be able to make much use of him. War and industrial and political strife are the order of the day. True, masses of workers are not consciously in this struggle.

The strike of the miners, textile workers and needle trades workers; the spontaneous strike of the auto workers and the Canton steel workers, indicate that the oppressive and threatening conditions no longer appeal to the workers. **Struggle is in the air**—and instead of acting as pacifier—the American intellectual, liberal—called "socialist"—falls into the category of third capitalist party, created by the petty-bourgeoisie, for the purpose not of smoothing industrial and political differences between the classes but of aiding the capitalist in exploiting and crushing the workers.

"Socialist" Treachery.

This is demonstrated in all the struggles mentioned. The role of the socialist party has amply proven this contention. The statement of the Reading, Pennsylvania, socialist party that if a strike should occur in that city, the socialist administration will "give the employers better protection than they have ever had before," is brilliant indication of it. This is the analysis of the "development" of the socialists in America.

So be it. This eliminates the socialists from militant participation in the struggle—except as a counter-revolutionary element. It clearly opens the eyes of the workers fighting for elementary demands to the role of the socialist party. Norman Thomas—yes, even that former worker, Jim Maurer—may shake hands with John D. Rockefeller and Andrew Mellon. All of them wish industrial peace—the peace of the graveyard, while the workers will struggle in the streets for bread.

Fighting Communists.

The coming winter will demonstrate the truth of these assertions. Unemployed workers will demand work. Children will be hungry. Workers in the factories and mills will fight for a little more, which will be denied them. Impelled by the growing competition with intense American rationalization, the capitalists of Europe will oppress their workers still more. This will react on America and produce a condition of sharper struggle. The socialist will play his true role—all flamboyant colors will be laid aside. A third capitalist party with the pious face and garb of the Reverend Thomas and professors of religion of the universities will be in the field—while the workers will recognize that, despite all professions, the struggle is here and must be fought out—and their leaders will not be the emasculated castrated black-robed socialist party, but the fighting, red-garbed Communists.

CANTON STEEL STRIKE

BY I. AMTER.
(Continued.)

The government is seemingly highly interested in the strike. Settlement of the strike, however, will not be so easy for the company or the government. Chipping and grinding is very hard and dirty work. Americans refuse to do it. The work is done almost exclusively by foreigners—and in Canton primarily by Spaniards, Greeks and Italians. In Massillon, South Slavs, Bulgarians and Rumanians predominate. The work is of such a character that owing to the tool the worker uses—350 lbs of air pressure in it,—the hands swell up the first few weeks and resting the tool on the knee causes great pain.

Strategic Situation.

Scabs therefore are difficult to procure. Men come and go, for they cannot do the work—and the handling of the tool is dangerous. It is stated that one of the scabs did not hold the tool properly and it flew into the air. The result was almost a panic.

The Canton strike may be the beginning of a big movement throughout the steel industry. Even though the strategic situation of the men made their walk-out easy, the spirit that dominates the men indicates that it is not the consciousness that they can control the further production, but the fact that a spirit of militancy has entered them. They have been fooled three times, they are hard workers, and when they saw that the company through the superintendent did not keep faith, they felt that the only thing to do was to strike.

What was it that impelled the men immediately to organize? They met, elected their strike committee and proceeded to picket the mill. They issued leaflets, putting forth their demands and calling on the men in Massillon in the chipping and grinding departments to come out. They appealed to the men throughout the plant to cooperate. They performed all the maneuvers that trained fighters would go through.

Lessons of Strike.

What lesson must we learn from the strike—which is still on with full force, despite the terrorism of the police? One important lesson and that is that despite unemployment, wage cuts, terrorism, **the workers are beginning to fight back.** Spontaneous movements are taking place. Some of these movements are occurring in very important plants. Unquestionably, the Central Alloy Steel is turning out material for the War Department. Commercial airplanes are also eventually come under the jurisdiction of the War Department.

In any case, Communists must be alert: spontaneous movements have their advantages and drawbacks. Spontaneous movements may be led by agents provocateurs. They may be inspired by honest men with honest motives. Spontaneous movements, without any organization, are not the best of movements. But out of these movements, if the Communists are on the job, widespread movements may develop. This is the period of restlessness on the part of the workers. Miners, textile workers, needle trades workers, steel workers, railroaders. The next few months may witness extensive strikes.

Bankers, Merchants Receive Kellogg On Arrival In Dublin

DUBLIN, Irish Free State, Aug. 30.—A reception committee composed of Captain Nutting, governor of the Bank of Ireland, and the heads of the chambers of commerce, together with government officials, met Secretary Kellogg when he arrived on the battleship Detroit from Paris, where he had just affixed his signature on the pact to "outlaw war." Seventeen guns fired a salute as the cruiser approached.

An automobile cortege, closely guarded, took the party to Dublin from the port.

KRASSIN LEAVES.

MOSCOW, Aug. 30.—The Krassin, Soviet ice-breaker, which has been completely refueled and carries food sufficient for several months, is hastening its return to Kings Bay where it will resume the search for lost members of the Nobile expedition and the six missing rescuers including Amundsen.

Told You So

WHEN Fred Marvin, the ent prīs ing gentleman who fur she Red scares to the bankers an th Daughters of the American Re lu tion, at so much per scare, wa found guilty of libeling a prom in pacifist woman and soaked to he tune of $17,000 damages; it as feared that a worthy successo Fred would be hard to find. Matthew Woll, a vice-president the American Federation of Lab learning that Fred got all "secret" information about the d ings of the Communists from th columns of the Daily Worke stepped into the vacuum and is now peddling the same line of green goods that brought his predecessor much notoriety and some cash for several years.

* * *

WOLL is not a chicken-feed peddler of Communist "plots." He is a big merchant. Any newspaper that agrees to run Matt's picture and announce the fact that he is an official of the Civic Federation can have a brand new "plot" as soon as Matt has time to read the Daily Worker. If the Daily Worker publishes a resolution on new tactics in trade union work adopted at a congress of the Red International of Trade Unions, or a speech by Comrade Bukharin on the political situation in the United States, Matt begins to have labor pains and delivers a "Red Plot."

* * *

UNFORTUNATELY for Matt, the capitalist editors are beginning to get sick of his stuff. Marvin was more clever. Fred issued his scares through prominent society ladies, who had to be played up anyhow in deference to their status in society and their connections with the powers that be, behind department stores and corporations that carry on extensive advertising campaigns. The newspapers also know that Matt fears the Communist propaganda because his job is at stake. When the workers get wise to Matt and his fellow-labor fakers, they will no longer pay him a fat salary for betraying their interests to the employers and sitting down with the grand moguls of finance who spend most of their time thinking up schemes to break strikes and make the open-shop universal in the United States.

* * *

LABOR DAY is nearing, but nowadays it is robbed of whatever working class significance it had previously. Though the labor movement of the United States was the original proponent of May Day as the rallying day for the workers of the world, later on, its reactionary leaders set up the first Monday in September in opposition to the first of May. Until recent years the central labor bodies in the various cities held parades on Labor Day with whatever unions that happened to be on strike at the time, or, most recently, taking the part of honor in the march.

* * *

BUT, nowadays, strikes are tabooed by the reactionaries, and in most cities picnics have taken the place of parades. These affairs no longer have much if any labor character. High moguls of the state and city governments are invited guests and in the City of New York prominent militarists have places of honor. In Denver, Colorado, a scabby labor paper by the name of the Colorado Labor Advocate announces that the Denver Post of the American Legion is giving an American flag to the best uniformed union and that the labor-hating newspapers are giving a loving cup for the best float.

* * *

THIS is only another straw which shows which way the wind is blowing in the old trade unions. The bureaucracy has plumbed the depths of betrayal. They have gone over, body and soul, to the employing classes. Most of the reactionary labor leaders now have substantial stakes in the capitalist systems. Their loot is invested in industry and they are just as willing that the workers should be exploited and kept tamely at the machine as the bosses of industry.

* * *

THIS period marks a definite turning point in the history of the labor movement in this country, and, indeed, in every country. What it taking place here is an international phenomenon. It is true that in Europe the reactionary trade union and political leaders of socialist and labor parties parrot a more radical phraseology, but, in practice, they are all of the same stripe. Social democrats in Europe, leaders of the British labor party and the bureaucrats of the American Federation of Labor are all playing the same role, serving the interests of imperialism in their own countries.

Tom O'Flaherty

Arrest Of Six Refugees Expected

The arrest of the six Mexican refugees who are sought by United States authorities for complicity in the assassination of General Obregon and for planting bombs in the Mexican chamber of deputies was reported to be imminent by George J. Mintzer, head of the criminal bureau of the United States.

The six are Jose A. Jiminez, a Catholic priest; Manuel Trejo Morales, Oswaldo Rables Ochoa, Anieta Ortega, Joaquin Navarro Becerra and Enrique M. Zepeda. They are believed to have fled over the border immediately after Jose Toral had killed Obregon.

IMAX TODAY OF NEW YORK COMMUNIST ELECTION FUND DRIVE

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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50 OVERCOME, 16 HURT, AS 300 ARE TRAPPED IN I. R. T.

"On to National Miners Convention to Build New Union" Is Call from Pittsburgh

MOKE AND GAS FILL CARS AS PANIC RESULTS

Passengers Recall the Times Square Disaster

Blame Bad Equipment

More than 50 persons were overcome by smoke and gaseous fumes, several of them being taken to hospitals, and three hundred passengers were thrown into a panic yesterday when the breaking of a contact shoe of the fourth car of a five-car I. R. T. subway train, bound from Grand Central terminal to Astoria, caused a short circuit while the train was running thru the East River tube, about 700 feet west of the Long Island City shore.

Undermanned trains and archaic equipment is said to have contributed to the accident. Officials of the Interborough have thus far escaped prosecution for their criminal negligence of the Times Square accident of August 24.

With [illegible] of this disaster, in which [illegible] were killed and over 100 mutilated fresh in their minds, the passengers yesterday fought to escape from the gas-filled cars.

The short circuit automatically shut off the power and left the train and tube in total darkness, except for a few emergency lights which feebly flickered in the smoke-filled tube.

Passengers scrambled frantically over one another in their effort to reach the safety of the open air.

The panic was increased when lack of power delayed the opening of the doors. Men and women screamed, pounding their fists on the doors.

The train was finally coasted toward the emergency exit at Fourth and West Sts., on the Long Island City side.

Volunteers immediately began the work of picking up the unconscious passengers and passing them to rescue squads along the tracks.

A few minutes later ambulances arrived from St. John's, Flushing, Greenpoint, Reception and Metropolitan Hospitals.

Mrs. Stella Fanning, 23, was among the most seriously injured, ambulance attaches at the mouth of the tube reported. She was overcome by carbon monoxide fumes and had to be carried into the open where a pulmoter was needed to restore her to consciousness.

CLIMAX TODAY OF RED COLLECTIONS

Thousands Will Cover Entire City

Workers throughout the city will today participate in the climax of the two weeks' Red Election drive for the Communist campaign fund, under the direction of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party.

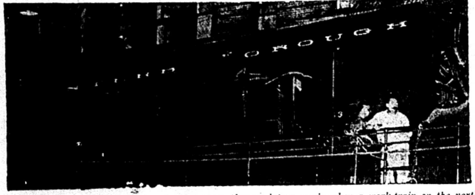
Hundreds of collection boxes and lists in the hands of workers in all parts of Greater New York will demonstrate the determination to carry on the campaign despite attempts of the Tammany police to interfere with it, it was announced.

To Cover City.

Volunteers will invade hundreds of shops, factories, offices and working-class districts throughout the city in an effort to build up the election fund of the Workers Party which this year is carrying on a most energetic campaign.

Workers are urged to report at one of the thirty Tag Day stations in various parts of the city and go out with their collection boxes. They are urged by the district offices of the Party to turn today "into a real [illegible] Day" by working for the candidates and platform of the only workers' political party in existence.

One Week After I. R. T. Disaster; Elevated Crash



Four persons were injured and many were thrown into a panic when a work-train on the northbound track, at Jackson Ave., sideswiped a subway train from the Bronx and crashed thru a wooden coach. Fearing another Times Square catastrophe, the passengers nearly rioted in panic. Above, the debris of the wooden coach.

2,000 DENOUNCE HORTHY FASCIST TERROR AT MEET

Karolyi Proves Lame Duck in Speech

Jamming a meeting at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and 3rd Ave. last night, more than 2,000 persons unanimously adopted a resolution protesting against the Horthy terror in Hungary and demanding the unconditional release of all class war prisoners.

The chief speaker at the meeting, which was arranged by the Anti-Horthy League of America, was Count Michael Karolyi, who is in this country by grace of a 60 hours dispensation while on his way from Mexico to Spain.

Karolyi Proves Dud.

Karolyi, as on the day before when he spoke at Wall and Broad Sts., proved to be a dud as far as the expectations of his audience were concerned because of his concern over not offending the immigration authorities. The first president of the bourgeois Hungarian republic, who was deposed by the workers' and peasants' revolution in 1919 under Bela Kun, limited himself to flowery appeals for old-fashioned "liberalism" and "tolerance" and "the ideals of the founders of the American republic."

In striking contrast to Karolyi's timid, watery words was the speech of Leo Rostovsky, representing the Workers (Communist) Party, who spoke after the Count. Rostovsky exposed the hollowness and futility of the Karolyi brand of liberalism, pointed out the role of the Hungarian Communist Party in the proletarian revolution and declared that only the workers and peasants of Hungary, under the leadership of the Communist Party, could liberate the country from the yoke of the terrorist Horthy-Bethlen regime.

Applaud Workers' Rule.

Rostovsky was warmly applauded. Tremendous applause also greeted Gustav Meyer, president of the Workmen's Sick Benevolent Association, another of the speakers, when he urged the overthrow of the present fascist regime and the establishment of a workers' and peasants' government.

The formation by the agents of Horthy of a fascist Hungarian organization in this country was an-

Continued on Page Two

SUGAR ADDS TO DEATHS.

Increased consumption of sugar is given as the possible explanation of the increased death rate from diabetes during the past thirty years, in a bulletin just issued by the New York health department.

Canton Steel Strikers to Organize Aid

CANTON, Ohio, Sept. 2.—The Central Alloy Steel Mill Committee and the International Labor Defense have called a conference for Sept. 4 for the purpose of discussing ways and means to raise relief for the striking steel workers who have been out for four weeks.

A number of organizations, besides those sponsoring the conference will participate in the relief meeting, and it is expected that agencies will be established within a week to alleviate some of the most needy cases among the strikers and their families.

E. C. Smith, superintendent of the Central Alloy Mill, has announced that he will starve the men back to work and they are determined to defeat them on the hunger line, in spite of the pinch of want that many of the families are suffering.

The conference will also discuss questions of labor defense. Twenty-eight strikers have been arrested to date, three of whom are serving sentences in the workhouse. Means of aiding all these class-war victims will also form a part of the discussion.

MILITARY FEAR ANTI-WAR MEET

Arrest Cowl of Y.W.L. in Minneapolis

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 28 (By Mail).—Carl Cowl, ex-National Guardsman speaking for the Young Workers League at Bridge Square last Saturday night was arrested and charged with inciting to riot. This action is known to have been taken in response to the demand of the military department that the police "get" those who distributed "inflammatory" literature to the CMTC students at Fort Snelling. The meeting called to expose the fake peace proposals of the government and the so-called friends of labor in office, was infested with plainclothesmen, detectives, policemen and finally the gun squad itself, sent in response to the open letter. Many CMTC students were pre-

Continued on Page Five

NEW AIR MAIL ROUTE.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—A direct air mail route between Chicago and Philadelphia has been opened by the National Air Transport Company.

MINE DELEGATES READY

Come from All U.S. to Build New Union

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 2.—"Our automobiles have new tires, and we're all set for the trip!" writes a delegate to the National Miners' Convention, from Oklahoma. "We have no money in our treasury because we've been striking for sixteen months," a delegate from the Allegheny Valley, Pennsylvania, writes, "please send us a little money if you can for fare. If you haven't got it, we'll walk. Anyway, I'll see you at the National Miners' Convention!"

From the anthracite comes, "The Lattimer Local was sure proud of being the first anthracite local to send in credentials for the convention. We're gladder still to see the other locals following us!" "I can't tell you how the boys here are looking forward to building a new Miners' Union and throwing out the

Continued on Page Five

RED TICKET WILL BE ON BALLOT IN CENTRAL STATES

Stachel Returns From Tour

The great mid-western states—in which some of the biggest industries of the country are located, great mining communities and centers of transportation—will be on the Communist ballot in this election, and the workers and exploited farmers who have grown tired of the misleading propaganda and false promises of the capitalist parties will this year have an opportunity to protest against the capitalist system by voting for the national Communist candidates, Foster and Gitlow; for the state candidates, and for the Communist program.

In a report made by Jack Stachel, organizational secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, to the Central Executive Committee, after a tour of Pennsylvania, Michigan, Ohio, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kentucky and Tennessee, he declared that every one of these states would be on the ballot—Michigan and Pennsylvania are already on—in the November elections.

Enthusiastic Response.

Stachel reported that the members of the Workers (Communist) Party everywhere found a ready response to their requests for signatures to place the Communist ticket on the ballot. Shaffer, campaign manager, reported that in Cleveland, Ohio, alone 10,000 signatures were collected and 1,800 in Youngstown.

Pat Devine of Minnesota reported to the organizational secretary that nearly the required number of signatures were on hand and that both the national and state tickets would be on the ballot. The farmer-labor party of Minnesota, once a strong organization, is now demoralized and dominated by reactionary elements, who are playing hide-and-go-seek with the interests of the workers and poor farmers and flirting with the republican and democratic parties.

Good Opportunity.

In Wisconsin it is not possible to proceed with the task of collecting signatures until after the primaries, but there is no doubt about the ability to collect the required number and get the national and state tickets on the ballot.

In Indiana, a great coal-mining and manufacturing state, once a socialist stronghold and in recent years one of the states controlled by the political apparatus of the Ku Klux Klan, the Communist petitions are in circulation, and enough signatures to put the Party on the ballot will undoubtedly be collected.

Stachel reported that the comrades in the various districts were enthusiastic over the campaign and realized what a splendid opportunity it presented to reach the workers with Communist propaganda. "An

Continued on Page Five

Y. W. L. MEMBERSHIP MEETING TUESDAY

Tomorrow there will be a general membership meeting of the Young Workers League of District 2. Matters of great and immediate importance will be taken up at this meeting.

The meeting will be held in the Workers' Center, 28 Union Square. Every League member must be present.

FORM NEW MINE UNION SEPT. 9 AT PITTSBURGH, PA.

Committee Warns That Vital Meet Is Only Week Away

Must Stop Lewis Dues

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 2.—With the day only one week away when the rank and file coal miners from every mining region of the United States will send delegates to Pittsburgh to participate in a convention for the purpose of building a new miners' union in place of the wreckage of the United Mine Workers left by John L. Lewis and his machine, the National Miners Arrangement Committee has issued the following appeal:

"The most important task before you at this moment is to elect delegates to the National Miners Convention to be held in Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 9-16, 1928.

"Only one week remains until this important convention takes place.

"Make it your duty to have your local union represented! Hold your local union meeting, get into action today!

"On to the National Miners Convention! Build a new, powerful, honest and militant national miners union.

Break with Lewis Machine.

"Sept. 9 will mark a new milestone in the history of the American coal miners. We will break away from the betrayers of our many strikes, from the tools of the operators who have smashed our once powerful organization district by district. We will break with the contemptible and criminally corrupt Lewis machine, that has just completed the most vicious betrayal of all—the abandonment of the Jacksonville Scale, the surrender of the National Agreement, and instructing each district to go to the operators and beg for what pittance they can get.

"The United Mine Workers of America was once a strong, powerful organization. Today it consists of nothing but the corrupt Lewis machine and a handful of supporters. Even Lewis will soon turn his back upon it. To save his big salary he is now trying to have the coal operators join him in a traitorous company union scheme, to secure the check-off as the rake-off for the Lewis machine.

"Stop paying dues to the Lewis machine! Why pay dues to those

Continued on Page Five

SOVIET YOUTH IN GIGANTIC RALLIES

Kellogg Pact Shown Supported on Guns

MOSCOW, Sept. 2. (UP).—Twice within the last 24 hours, Moscow has witnessed demonstrations reflecting on the Briand-Kellogg outlawry of war treaty which has been adhered to by the Soviet Union.

Every boy and girl who could be recruited here today marched in a gigantic parade celebrating International Youth Day. Among the many banners and floats which passed along the streets of the capital, those satirizing the anti-war pact predominated.

One elaborate float showed the treaty supported upon cannon and bayonets.

The first public move against the Briand-Kellogg pact had been made Saturday night at the closing session of the Congress of Communist International. A manifesto was issued attacking the "pacifist lies," such as the anti-war treaty and warning against the "treachery" of social democrats.

The manifecto summoned workers, farmers, soldiers and sailors of the world to support of the Communist revolutionary activities and to the work of supporting the Soviet Union. The Congress also approved methods used toward Russian and other oppositionists.

Ex-Governor Puts His O.K. On Lynching

(Special to the Daily Worker)

JONESBORO, Ga., Sept. 2.—In a speech in which he warmly supported the candidacy of Al Smith for president, Ex-Governor Tom Hardwick of Georgia upheld the lynching of Negroes here Friday night.

Hardwick, who has posed as a "liberal" and a friend of the socialists, said it was alright to lynch Negroes if the public thinks they are guilty of a crime. Appealing to every traditional prejudice of his audience, Hardwick declared that Tammany Hall is the friend of the property owners of the South and called on them to vote for Al Smith. "I'll vote for Al because I am a white man," he blustered.

While inciting the whites of Georgia to launch a terror against the Negroes in the name of Al Smith and Tammany Hall, the former chief executive of the state at the same time took pains to dispel any anti-catholic prejudices among his hearers by pious appeals for "religious tolerance."

MILL STRIKERS MARCHING TODAY

Fakers Working Hard to Betray Struggle

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 2.—With all decks cleared for the mass demonstration of strength which the textile strikers here are to exhibit in the huge Labor Day parade tomorrow, rumors of unofficial negotiations between the officialdom of the reactionary Textile Council and the mill owners flood the city.

Leaders of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees are issuing emphatic warnings to the masses of strikers to beware of any attempts at a betrayal of the strike.

Finishing touches on parade preparations were made by the union leaders this afternoon. Weisbord, William T. Murdoch and Jack Rubinstein will lead the column coming from the north end. Fred E. Beal and Eli Keller will head the south end division and James P. Ried and S. Weissman will march at the head of the Fall River strikers' contingent.

Fraternal and sympathetic organizations will participate in the parade, marching as separate divisions. The New Bedford sections of the Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League are to march under their own banners.

* * *

Police Charge Strikers.

The police charged a crowd of about two hundred strikers besieging a store on Nash Road, where a scab, Manuel Camara, was seen entering last night. Following a report rendered at the Block Committee, which includes the Paige Mill to the effect that Camara was scabbing there, strikers volunteered to investigate the case. At 6:30 Camara was seen entering the store by members of the Strikers' Children Clubs and it was only until 10:30 that Camara was finally escorted home by police in an automobile.

Continued on Page Five

SOVIETS REPORTED SET UP IN INTERIOR CHINA; RED ARMIES SWEEP ON

Nanking Rushes 20,000 to Fight the Worker-Peasant Advance

Communists Gain Honan, Kiangsi; Distribute Land

SHANGHAI, Sept. 2.—With the area of virtually two provinces under the government of Interior Chinese Soviets, the Nanking government is rushing 20,000 picked troops, which participated in the capture of Peking, against the steady and relentless advance of the Worker-Peasant army at Honan and Kiangsi.

The spread of Communism to the entire Sixth Army is reported to have given an acceleration to the advance of the Worker-Peasant forces which cannot be overestimated.

Soviets Established.

Nanchang lies directly in the path of the advancing Worker-Peasant troops and its capture by the armies is believed to be a question of days only.

Reports from the interior confirm the rumors that the Kian and Yunghsin districts, the most fertile in the province, have elected local governments and are proceeding with the distribution of land immediately.

Land Distributed.

Three mou of farm land is the maximum distributed to all male peasants between the ages of 18 and 40 according to reports reaching here. The mou is equal to about one-fifth of an acre.

As the armies advance increasing forces of peasantry are being liberated by the Interior Soviets and the newly recruited forces are said to be among the staunchest supporters of the workers' and peasants' government.

The entire northern frontier of the Honan and Kiangsi provinces are protected by natural formations, and the poor roads make the advance of the counter-revolutionary Nanking armies a difficult task involving weeks. This has given rise to the belief here that Nanchang and several other towns will have fallen before the invasion from Peking becomes menacing.

YOUTH CONGRESS STRESSES TASKS AT WORLD MEET

Plans Now for Underground Organizations

Special Cable to The Daily Worker

MOSCOW, Sept. 2.—Concentrating on the present situation of the working youth throughout the world, and laying special emphasis on the tasks of the Young Communist International, the third plenary session of the Y. C. I. opened here yesterday under the chairmanship of Mehring.

Gorkitch made the report for the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International on the organizational situation. He said:

Greek, Swedish Leagues Strong.

"The Yonug Communist Leagues of Sweden and Greece are the only ones that are growing steadily. The membership of the large leagues in various countries are at a standstill, and the small leagues are diminishing. Illegal leagues are making fine progress in spite of their subjection to the white terror.

"The Young Communist Leagues' strength, compared to the strength of the Communist Parties, is insufficient, with the exception of the Swedish league, which makes up 84 percent of the Swedish Party's strength. The Young Communist Leagues in capitalist countries are not yet mass organizations.

New Leagues Formed.

"The following new leagues have been formed since the Fourth World Congress of the Young Communist International: Australia, Palestine, South Africa, Indonesia, Persia, Honduras, San Salvador, and India. One of the most important links is the formation of Leagues in Central and South America.

"The children's movement is progressing. Twelve new organizations have been formed since the last Congress. Individual countries, however, are losing in membership as a result of wrong methods. The

Continued on Page Three

SWIMS ENGLISH CHANNEL.

FOLKESTONE, England, Sept. 2.—After a 23-hour struggle against waves and unusually strong currents, Ishak Helmy, well-known Egyptian swimmer, yesterday achieved the ambition of several years when he successfully swam the English Channel.

ZOGU IS KING; SEE BALKAN WAR

Fascists Now Masters of Country

VIENNA, Sept. 2.—The kingdom of Albania was formally established yesterday by the Albanian Constituent Assembly, while a delegation of deputies waited upon Ahmed Zogu to inform him of his elevation to the throne, according to a dispatch from Tirana. With the assumption of the kingship by Ahmed Zogu is seen the final triumph of Italian influence in Albanian and hence in Balkan, affairs.

Experts here regard the establishment of the kingdom of Albania a fraught with the gravest consequences of war if the Italians continue their policy of gradual interference in Balkan affairs, and there is no probability that they will cease.

While there is every indication that the Jugo-Slav government anxious to avert war, at least until it is stronger nationally and through further alliances, it is believed that the Italian dream of turning the Adriatic sea into a Roman lake with Italy controlling both shores will be sufficient to bring on open hostilities in the not distant future.

GORKY SERIOUSLY ILL.

LENINGRAD, Sept. 2.—Maxim Gorky, famous Russian proletarian novelist, is seriously ill with appendicitis. Gorky has just returned here from a tour throughout the Soviet Union, in which he received great ovations from the workers.

GERMAN TAILORS FIRM

40,000 Now in Second Week of Strike

BERLIN, Sept. 2.—Policies and tactics of the rank and file and not of the union officialdom is about to be crowned with success in the big general strike of 40,000 tailors, who are fighting for a ten per cent wage increase, according to admissions in the employers' trade journals here.

With the strike barely two weeks old, the employers' associations are already beginning to apply to the workers organizations for conferences to settle the strike which has successfully tied up the entire industry. News items carried in the trade papers alluded to, admit that the strike will not be of long duration due to the big Liepzig Fair, now in progress.

Reformist leaders of the mens' clothing workers' unions had refused to obey the workers' demand for an immediate strike at the time em-

Continued on Page Five

ecruits at Fort Hancock and Plattsburgh Get C. M. T. C. Bulletins Through Ma

EN AID YOUNG ORKERS LEAGUE GET NAMES

uthorities Baffled by Distribution

Three hundred and thirty recruits at the Citizen's Military Camp at Fort Hancock and 500 at Plattsburgh received copies of special bulletins issued by young Communists in both camps.

Delivered to the recruits through the mails, the Fort Hancock army authorities were completely taken by surprise when they discovered that the bulletins had flooded the camp. It has since been learned that they tried to stop the letters in which the bulletins were contained from reaching their destinations, but were unable to find a legal pretext to do so.

Reports received by the Young Workers (Communist) League in this city declare that the young workers and students were intensely interested in the contents of the bulletins and its expose of capitalist militarism, the dangers of a new imperialist war and the role which they will be expected to play.

Many of the recruits wanted additional bulletins to take home with them, it was found.

The bulletins, which were mimeographed, contained pointed and instructive articles. The following is typical:

"This is what the C. M. T. C. offers: (1) Training for cannon fodder for Wall Street; (2) Anti-labor teaching and strikebreaking; (3) Anti-Soviet propaganda; K. P. duty; hard drill; (5) Service to the boss class.

"Some fighting points of the Young Workers (Communist) League: (1) Against all capitalist wars; (2) For organizing young workers into labor unions; (3) For defense of the Workers' Soviet Union; (4) Four weeks' vacation with pay for all young workers; (5) Abolition of child labor; (6) Unemployment relief; (7) Loyalty to the working class."

In addition to these the recruits were urged:

"Resist the capitalist C. M. T. C. propaganda; fight, not for the bosses, but for the working class; rally to the defense of the Workers' Soviet Union; join the Young Workers (Communist) League.

No word has as yet been received as to the reaction of the authorities at Plattsburgh to the publication of the bulletin.

At Fort Hancock stickers have been found pasted up repeatedly. Three times girl members of the Young Workers (Communist) League distributed leaflets.

CHICAGO FACES MUSICIAN STRIKE

Defy Writ; Get Backing of Movie Operators

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—Union musicians involved in the dispute over the "minimum orchestra" issue tonight were advised not to return to work Monday notwithstanding the federal injunction restraining a walkout from Chicago moving picture theatres. Acting with the musicians, the operators union will cease work if any non-union music is installed either by devices or organists.

While the walkout here would affect only 52 outlying theatres, the controversy admittedly is part of the nation-wide movement of musicians against the "talking pictures."

The musicians union is demanding a minimum of four players in each theatre orchestra.

The old contract expires at midnight tonight. The exhibitors Saturday obtained a federal injunction from Judge James H. Wilkerson restraining officials and members of the Chicago Federation of Musicians from taking part in a strike.

Clarence Darrow, attorney for the musicians, following a lengthy conference with union officials today advised the men they did not have to continue work, declaring every citizen had the right to refuse to work "for any reason."

Force Leguia to Tell of American Oil Grant

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 2.—By a request made in the Peruvian senate, that the government make public the details of an immense oil concession granted by the government to Americans, it is revealed that the Pittsburgh oil capitalists, M. L. [illegible] and J. C. Trees, had obtained a concession of a territory of [illegible] acres (about 5,000,000 [illegible]) in the Andean territory. The senate adopted a resolution requesting the government to give details concerning the extent of the concession.

[illegible] even the well-selected Peruvian senate appears to feel uncomfortable at the rate at which the [illegible] Leguia is giving away Peruvian resources to American cap-

British Imperialism Entertains Tool

Knight them, junket them and pay their bills is a policy which has proved effectual for the British imperialists in dealing with the leaders of oppressed nationalities in all parts of the world. Chieftans become tools with British pay in their pockets. Above, Sir Offori Atti, chief of the Akim Abuakwa tribe of West Africa, snapped during a ceremonial visit to London.

Persecution of Communists By Colombia Reactionaries

By ALBERT MOREAU.

The ruling class of the Republic of Colombia that has its mercenary representatives in the senate of that country, is enacting a bill of "heroic laws" which, if passed, will constitute a serious menace to the existence of the labor and Communist movements in that country.

The class in power finds itself at present before a dilemma almost impossible to solve. The workers of Colombia are organizing themselves into strong revolutionary unions and into a Communist party to fight the aggressiveness of the penetrating American finance capital which enslaves them economically and politically.

The so-called people's representatives are acting under Wall Street's orders which aim at the complete control of the natural resources of the country and the assurance of a positive profitable investment of capital, which means more exploitation of the native workers. As a consequence of that, the labor movement has recently taken an aspect which is menacing the very life of the national bourgeoisie, thus endangering Wall Street's capital.

The Communists are the vanguard in this struggle.

The senate is acting in favor of the "fat fellows" that speak through the White House. As usual, the conservative and liberal members of the senate unite against the rising proletariat. This is the case here. The senate in Colombia is coming to the rescue of the Morgans.

Raped by U. S. Imperialism.

The influence exercised by the Washington government in Colombia is well known to us. Early in 1903, the Colombian army brutally attacked the population of Panama that was resisting American interference in the Canal Zone. The senate then acted under the orders of the American financiers, for the Panama Canal was absolutely essential for the commercial and military supremacy over the two continents and the Pacific.

Today, the Colombian senate is fighting its own people, and both conservatives and liberals are instruments of American finance-capital.

On the other hand, the masses, today, no longer limit themselves to a passive hatred against foreign capital that accentuates exploitation, but, led by the Communists, they are preparing against the future military occupation as witnessed in their neighbor country, Nicaragua.

Bill Against Communists.

The bill of which we speak is intended to crush the influence of the Communists . Senator Dr. Gomez Recuero does not hide it. He says: "I heartily endorse the bill that suppresses Communist propaganda, a law which protects our country against this world danger that aims at the destruction of our sacred civil liberties."

Dr. Recuero knows well that the Communists constitute a danger to the interests of the class to which he belongs. Senator Montalvo, one of the most responsible authors of the bill, says:

"The government is right in enacting such a law that suppresses Bolshevism. Even if it does not exist in a strong, organized form, we must strive to cut it down at its roots."

What is the famous bill that the reactionary senate calls "Bill of heroic laws"? All organizations that aim at the following are prohibited:

1. To propagandize against the idea of fatherland.
2. To attack the legitimate right to private property.
3. To be disrespectful to the Roman Catholic religion, stated by the constitution to be the national religion and an essential element of social order.
4. To agitate in the army or police force against military discipline.
5. To provoke or help "illegitimate" strikes.

Communists Lead Against Capital.

The bill principally aims at the Communists who are the deadly enemy of private property and capitalist order of society. The bourgeoisie is interested in having the masses respect religion and the fatherland that keep them in obscurity, thus making certain that they will not fight private property, the heart of capitalism.

But suppression will not do away with the internal antagonism of capitalism and also of imperailism. This bill will teach the workers of Colombia to double their energy and fight until the internal and external enemies of the working class are annihilated.

Makes Analysis of Loewenstein's Nerves

PARIS, Sept. 2.—A chemical analysis of the nerves of Capt. Alfred Loewenstein, Belgian millionaire, who died mysteriously in a drop of 4,000 feet from his airplane on July 4, has been made by Dr. Kohn-Abrest in an effort to determine Loewenstein's mental state at the time of his fall. Dr. Kohn-Abrest will shortly make a report of his findings to the Boulogne Court.

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Fascists Fail to Bar Workers Party from Getting on Ballot

With the placing of the State of Pennsylvania on the Communist ballot, the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign has gotten into its stride, and there is every prospect that not only will the original goal of thirty states be reached but the National Election Campaign Committee expects to exceed it.

The Communist ticket is now on the ballot in sixteen states, two more than the number on in the 1924 campaign. In addition to Pennsylvania, the other states are Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, Texas, Michigan, Illinois, Montana, South Dakota, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Arizona, New Jersey, Arkansas and New Mexico.

Stachel Reports.

In a report made by Jack Stachel, organization secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, to the Central Executive Committee on his return from a tour of the Middle West, he states that Ohio, Wisconsin, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana and Minnesota will be on the ballot in the November elections. In several of these states the necessary signatures have already been secured, and as this article is being written Communists in three of the states mentioned in Stachel's report are preparing to file the petitions with the state authorities.

Five of the six New England states are almost certain to be on the ballot, according to a report by Alexander Trachtenberg, after a tour in District 1, with headquarters in Boston, and District 15, with headquarters in Connecticut.

Hard Fight in Vermont.

The state of Vermont alone, where the Party has no connections, will be left out in the cold. It will require a hard fight to put the Party on the ballot in Maine, but the National Election Campaign Committee has wired instructions to Alex Bail, district organizer, and Bloomfield, campaign manager, to throw all necessary forces into Maine and get that state on the ballot.

For the first time Communist propaganda has broken into the south and the Rocky Mountain states on a large scale. The success of the Party in those sections is giving the capitalist government serious concern, and with the aid of fascist organizations like the American Legion in many of the states where the Communist ticket is on the ballot, the authorities are doing everything possible to throw the Communist ticket out.

This is being tried in Kansas, Nebraska and Texas, and no doubt other states will follow suit. The Workers (Communist) Party, however, is not surprised by this action; it is only the expected happening. The Communists are citing this policy of repression to demonstrate to the workers that the Workers (Communist) Party is the only political party that is feared by the bosses.

Oehler Arrested.

In Kansas members of the Communist Party known to the authorities are being arrested on sight. Hugo Oehler, district organizer, and several other comrades have been arrested and charged with a violation of the Criminal Syndicalism Law of the state. The International Labor Defense has issued a rousing call for a fight against the criminal syndicalism law in Kansas, which is now being utilized in an attempt to crush and drive out of existence the Workers (Communist) Party.

In the states already on the ballot the Party organizations are putting their energy into the second phase of the campaign drive, touring speakers and distributing campaign literature.

Nearing on Tour.

Scott Nearing, candidate for governor in New Jersey, is touring that state, and his schedule calls for several meetings in Ohio and in other states.

Benjamin Gitlow started on a nation-wide tour September 1 with a meeting in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania. This tour will take two months, winding up on the eve of election day.

William Z. Foster, Communist presidential candidate, will start his national tour in New Haven on September 6. Both candidates will visit the important industrial centers from coast to coast. The comrades throughout the country are enthusiastic over the prospects for a rousing campaign, and are confident that the Foster, Gitlow and Nearing meetings will be well attended in view of the intense interest displayed this year in the election campaign.

Outside of the Communist Party activities in the election drive, one of the chief pieces of news was the desertion of the socialist candidate, Norman Thomas, by the Nation, owned and edited by Oswald Garrison Villard, the millionaire liberal.

Villard Deserts.

Until recently the Nation supported Thomas editorially, but in the issue of August 29th a full-page editorial evidently written by Villard came out for Al Smith on the basis of his attack on the "water power interests" and his criticism of the invasion of Nicaragua without congressional sanction. Smith, evidently, would have had no word of criticism of the war on Nicaragua, had the constitutional requirements for a declaration of war been complied with. It should be noted, however, that hitherto neither Smith nor the Tammany delegation in congress had a word of protest against this crime. Furthermore, Woodrow Wilson, who is held up as the patron saint of the New Tammany, made war on the Soviet Union without congressional sanction, when he sent an expeditionary force to Archangel in a vain effort to crush the Russian Revolution and maintain the bourgeoisie in power in that country.

Smith's statement that he favored a policy of peace with Mexico can be discounted in view of the fact that the Knights of Columbus, a semi-secret Catholic organization which is supporting Governor Smith, last year raised a million dollars to foment a civil war in that country in an attempt to overthrow the Calles government because of its hostility to the Catholic feudal hierarchy in that country.

Blow to Socialists.

The defection of Villard is a severe blow to the socialist party campaign, which based its election strategy on the capture of the La Follette vote of 1924. In handing out sops to catch the liberal vote, Thomas could not go farther than Al Smith, since the socialist party, having repudiated the class struggle, is no longer even ostensibly a party of labor but caters to small business and the intelligentsia.

The great majority of the labor fakers will be on the Smith bandwagon. Even tho the executive council of the American Federation of Labor declared for a non-partisan policy, the New York State Federation of Labor voted almost unanimously to endorse Smith, the three exceptions being two republicans who declared for Hoover and Lefkowitz of the Teachers' Union, who said he would vote for Thomas, tho he preferred Smith to Hoover. The inroads made by Smith into the socialist support in the right wing needle trades unions can be gathered from the fact that neither Sigman nor any of the other bureaucrats who have been supported by the socialist party in their war on the left wing opened their mouths for Thomas at the state convention of the New York Federation of Labor, but were included in the number that voted to endorse Tammany Al.

Wall St. Twins.

The Hoover and Smith managers are making claims and counter-claims that their respective candidates will get a majority of the electoral votes. Wall Street is divided on the two candidates, which proves that the capture of the democratic party by the northern or Wall Street elements in the party has put the "democracy" on a par with the G. O. P. in the eyes of Big Business and that the fight between Hoover and Smith resolves itself into a contest between the two parties for the most favored position in the affections of Wall Street.

Bert Martin, the national secretary of the Farmer Labor Party, which has not been heard of much in recent years, resigned his office and called on all other officers of the organization to follow suit. The secretary came out for Hoover in an open letter issued from his office in Chicago.

With the socialist party floundering between the devil and the liberals and all former reformist opposition parties to capitalism gone the way of all flesh, the Workers (Communist) Party has a splendid opportunity in this election campaign to plant the seed of Communism in almost every state in the union and bring the program of the class struggle to the wide masses thruout the nation.

Greets Imperialists; Mayor Walker

Officers of the British battleship Australia whose presence in New York harbor is understood as a gesture by the governments of both nations were received with all outward show of cordiality by Mayor Walker recently. He is shown greeting Rear-Admiral G. F. Hyde, commander of the big man-of-war.

Says Metropolitan Museum Injures Art

The Metropolitan Museum of Art is a "discourager of art in America," according to Murdock Pemberton, playwright and theatrical press agent, who in the current issue of Creative Art severely criticizes the administration of the museum.

"AIR RAIL" SERVICE STARTS.

The first trans-continental "air rail" trip started at 7 o'clock Saturday night when the Manhattan Limited of the Pennsylvania Railroad left for Chicago. At Chicago an airplane took the first passenger of the new service, R. B. Gentles, of New York, to Minneapolis, thus completing the trip.

2,000 DENOUNCE HORTHY TERROR

Cheer the Struggle for Workers' Government

Continued from Page One

nounced by Emery Balint, secretary of the Anti-Horthy League. Loud boos greeted this announcement. Balint declared that the Anti-Horthy League intended to fight with every weapon at its command against this organization.

He also announced that the complete fraudulence of the recent Hungarian delegation to this country would be exposed at a mass meeting September 15 at the foot of the Kossuth monument on Riverside Drive. This monument, unveiled several months ago at solemn ceremonies at which city officials were present, is in a state of collapse, Balint said, because of the poor materials used, proving conclusively that the monument was merely camouflage for the real aim of the delegation—the securing huge loans to permit Horthy to continue to murder and imprison Hungarian workers and peasants.

Other Speakers.

Other speakers of the meeting were Dr. Samuel Buchler, of the Anti-Horthy League; Morris L. Ernst, of the American Civil Liberties Union, and John Biro. Hugo Gellert, acting as chairman, denounced as lies the recent statements of Bethlen concerning the "glorious" conditions prevailing in Hungary.

The resolution adopted, in addition to demanding the release of political prisoners, demanded the right of free speech, free assemblage, free press and the right to organize, a farmer-labor government in Hungary and issued the slogan of struggle against imperialist wars.

MILITARISTS WILL HOLD 'WAR SHOW' IN PHILADELPHIA

Transit Bosses Aid Fascists

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—The veterans of foreign wars, reactionary militaristic organization are "in again".

Conditions in this city are getting worse daily, and this organization is attempting to benefit by these sad circumstances.

At this particular time they are being aided by the notorious scab concern, the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Co.

In all of the subway and elevated stations, as well as in the trains, surface cars and buses of this company, have recently appeared large placards with the following announcement:

> **War Shows by Veterans of Foreign Wars. For the benefit of needy veterans, and orphans.**

The government of Andy Mellon & Co., which is capable of relieving the plutocrats of this country of hundreds of millions of dollars yearly by decreasing their taxes, is not capable of spending a much smaller amount for needy veterans, their widows and orphans, men who died to pile up tremendous profits for these same plutocrats.

Instead, to raise an insignificant sum, so small that the "relief" will be used up in a few days, "war shows" will be held by an organization, one of whose chief purposes is to propagate more wars.

These war shows will show the public in an untruthful, sentimental and romantic way the "glories" of war. Their purpose is to create a new crowd of needy veterans, widows and orphans.

But many workers in this city who suffered during the last war in more ways than one, are awakening to these shams and it is up to every class conscious worker in this city to show up this organization, "The Veterans of Foreign Wars", to their fellow workers for the enemy that it really is, while it pretends to aid the needy.

—C. RABIN

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Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Bukharin's Speech in Reply to Discussion on the International Situation

III. The War Question Is the Central Question

The first and second sections of Bukharin's speech in reply to the discussion on the international situation at the Sixth Congress of the Communist International were Published in Saturday's Daily Worker. Those sections were: I. "The Positive and Negative Sides of the Discussion," and II. "The Stabilization of Capitalism and the Controversy over the 'Third Period.'"

• • •

I come now to the second fundamental question which gave rise to an even more lively discussion than the first one. It is a pity that only a few comrades spoke on this point. First of all, however, I would like to put the following preliminary **question:** What is demanded of an **E. C. C. I. reporter? Must he travel over the whole globe and then come back and report that in Mexico the situation is so and so, in the Argentine it is a little different, in Nicaragua it is altogether different; in the Co-operative Movement so and so and so and so is going on? Must he report about absolutely everything; about the Co-operative Movement, about the Mexican government, etc., etc.? Were he to do that, he would no doubt satisfy the wishes of all the comrades without exception. Had I done that, Comrade Murphy, for example, would have been completely satisfied because I would have spoken about the Co-operative movement (laughter). The Mexican comrades would have been satisfied with the last few words I would have said about Mexico. Perhaps this would be a very good method, because all the comrades would be pleased with the fact that I would have mentioned "their" Movement. For a Marxist, however, the important thing is to indicate the main tendencies out of the sum of facts and on the basis of these tendencies to lay down the principal tactical line. That is what I considered my task to have been. What is the pivot of the present situation? We have taken note of the great changes that have taken place in the world situation in many directions; but what is the pivot of the world situation, what is the key to our tactics? In my report I replied to this question quite openly and clearly. I said: the pivot of the whole whole situation is the war problem. The war danger—this is the core of the situation. In my opinion the war danger is the most characteristic symptom of the present situation as a whole.**

Imperialist and Social Democratic Comments.

I will take it upon myself, comrades, to "discuss" with the enemies of the proletariat, the imperialists and the social democrats. In their press they have commented on the speech I delivered here. First of all I will deal with the Polish imperialist press. "Epokha," the official Polish organ, in a leading article entitled "Soviet Loyalty," says the following:

"Bukharin's speech shows that the Comintern and the Soviet government is one and the same thing. Up till now the Soviet government has dissociated itself from the Comintern and this formula was accepted by those states who desire at all costs to maintain normal relations with the U. S. S. R. Poland is one of these states. Now, however, it turns out this formula is unsound. The Soviet government cannot disavow Bukharin, who is a member of the Political Bureau, i. e., the supreme organ of power in the U. S. S. R. The fact that Rykov is a member of the Presidium of the Comintern Congress (Bukharin: Apparently they have confused Rykov with an American or an Indian) and that Bukharin's report is published in all the Soviet newspapers indicate that the Soviet government no longer dissociates itself from the Comintern and has removed its mask. Now we know that the Soviet government and the Comintern is one and the same thing, that the Soviet government is preparing for war against Poland and that in this war the Polish Communists must act as spies and create diversions in the rear."

Another Polish newspaper, "Polska Zbroina," the organ of the ministry for war, writes:

"Bukharin's statement concerning the role of the Polish Communists in the event of a Polish-Soviet war is not an unexpected one. However, what deserves attention is the bold, one may say, the insolent tone in which this statesman, who occupies a number of high posts in the Camarilla that now governs Russia, speaks of the possibility of war with Poland and the fact that he does not think fit to conceal his plans and prospects. All that we wish to point to, however, is the senseless and destructive demoralization which the mere fact of the existence of the so-called Communist system introduces in internal and foreign relations and the manner in which it is tolerated. Bukharin's declaration will compel those who up till now have demanded the legalization of Communists to hold their tongues. For, the Communists are the enemy. The most dangerous enemy of the Communist system is Pilsudski, around whom all those who are opposed to Communism must rally."

Comrades, you understand perfectly clearly what all this talk means. It is by no means an accident that the point in my speech about the war danger is precisely the one that is selected for comment.

The social democratic press has also commented on my report. "Vorwaerts," the central organ of international Social Democracy, in its issue of July 27, writes:

"This political belief in miracles is dictated by well-formulated theories at the Congress of the Communist International in Moscow; its prophet is Bukharin. The political belief in miracles has already taken many forms in the Comintern. The miracle was first expected to come from Germany, then from the Balkans and then from the Pacific Islands. Now Bukharin swears by China, by the antagonisms between America and Europe, but above all he swears by war."

Then comes the following "comment":

"Again we get a rehash of the old vulgar-Marxian theory: the growth of productive forces under capitalism leads to the struggle for markets; the struggle for markets leads to war—this prospect is inevitable and without any possibility of evasion. . . . As sure as the sun will rise tomorrow, so sure will war break out—soon and even very soon, for Bukharin says: war is the question of the day. If war breaks out then further consequences will inevitably follow: Imperialist war will give rise to civil war, to world revolution, to the victory of the Soviet system throughout the whole world! Long live the world revolution, or rather, as this is only the second act, long live war!"

(Bukharin: So it turns out that our slogan is "long live war!") "And so they believe in miracles; they believe that the continuity of development and the continuity of the activities of social democracy in the sphere of practical politics in the interests of Socialism will be interrupted. History commences all over again from the year 1914. A new 1914 this is the illusion that is held out to the Communist Parties of the world in order that their eyes may be closed to the cheerless perspective and the hopelessness of the position that confronts them; and they cheerfully return to the thesis: War is the beginning of all beginnings."

Permit me comrades to comment on these comments. First of all in regard to the Marxian theory. It is enough to read the last resolution passed by all the congresses of the social democratic parties immediately before the war to realize how thoroughly the social democrats have destroyed the Marxian theory which at one time determined their attitude towards war. I was present at the Chemnitz Congress of the social democratic party. As far as I remember it was held in 1912 or in 1913. Haase delivered a speech in which these vulgar-Marxian theories were employed in order to define the position of German social democracy on the question of war. Take the resolutions of international socialist congresses, these too were based on this "vulgar-Marxian theory."

Marx, Engels and Lenin on War and Revolution.

Let us see what Marx, Engels and Lenin had to say on these questions. For example, the "vulgar Marxian" Karl Marx, in an article in the New York Tribune of February 2, 1854 entitled "The European War" wrote;

"But we must not forget that there is a sixth power in Europe which at a definite moment will establish its domination over the other five so-called 'Great Powers' and make every one of them tremble. This power is revolution. After a long period of calm and restraint it is now again called to the field of battle by crises and the phantom of famine.

"At the required signal the sixth greatest European power will come forth in shining armour, sword in hand. . . .

"That signal will be the threatening European war. . . ."

That is how the "vulgar Marxian" Karl Marx appraised the situation. And another well-known "vulgar Marxian," Friedrich Engels, in 1887, in a preface to Siegesmund Borheim's pamphlet whote:

". . . . For Prussian-Germany no other was is possible except a world war, and this world war will be of a power and magnitude hitherto unparalleled. From eight to nine million soldiers will be hurled against each other, and Europe will be laid desolate to a degree that no swarm of locusts has ever desolated a land. It will be the desolation caused by the Thirty Years War compressed into three or four years, and over the whole continent of Europe will rage famine, starvation, the brutalization of the troops as well as the general population, acute poverty caused by the hopeless chaos in the artificial mechanism of trade, industry and credit—all this will end in universal bankruptcy; in the collapse of the old states and their routine political wisdom, a collapse so complete that crowns will roll in the gutter in dozens and no one will think it worth while to pick them up. No one can foresee how all this will end, and who will emerge the victor. But there is one result about which there is absolutely no doubt whatever: General exhaustion and the creation of the conditions for the final victory of the working class.

"This is the prospect, when the system of mutual competition in armaments carried to the extreme, finally brings its inevitable fruits. It is to this, O Kings and statesmen, your wisdom has brought old Europe! and if your only alternative is to commence the last war dance, we shall not weep (uns kann es recht sein). What if the war does push us into the background for a time; what if it does rob us of a few of the positions we have already captured? If you unleash the forces which later on you will be unable to control them, no matter what turn events may take, at the end of the tragedy your power will be reduced to ruin and the victory of the proletariat will either have been achieved or at all events (doch) will be inevitable."

I have quoted this long passage in order to show what the "vulgar Marxians," Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels thought about the connection between war and revolution. But it may be objected: These forecasts have partly come about already. What you have quoted may be a very good argument against the social democrats. But can it serve to explain the present situation? Now here I would like to quote the opinion of another "vulgar Marxian," Comrade Lenin. He thought that the revival of capitalism after the first world war was possible. He thought and wrote about the prospect of the further development of the revolution. What did he say on this subject? Comrade Lenn wrote:

"We do not wish to ignore the deplorable possibility of humanity experiencing—at the worst—a second imperialist war if, notwithstanding the mass ferment and the numerous outbreaks of mass discontent and notwithstanding our efforts, revolution fails to spring out of the present war." (Vol. XIII, p. 455. Rus. Ed.)

As a result of the war, revolution was victorious in a number of countries. In the U.S.S.R. the proletarian dictatorship is already established. But even after the victory of the proletariat in the U.S.S.R. Lenin foresaw the possibility of another imperialist war. In his last work written a little while before his death he again emphasized this perspective. He spoke and wrote about a second series of European wars, of a second series of great revolutions, and I think that in this he carried on the traditions of Marx and Engels and of all those who were really capable of understanding the world situation.

What Makes the Imperialists and Social Democrats Irritable?

Now I ask you, comrades, what makes the imperialists so irritable when the question of war is discussed? Why is there so much irritation in the Social Democratic camp direct reaction to my reference to precisely on this question? Why is there such a sharp, sudden and this question in my speech? Ponder over it. Why is the thesis on the forthcoming world war primarily subjected to criticism? Why are the other protests I referred to, made against my "insolent conduct" and against my "insolent speech"?

It is because objectively, the war danger is the pivot of the world situation. That is why our opponents react so fretfully to our analysis.

And this is easily to be explained. We expose their criminal work, we tear down the veils that conceal them, we destroy their screens, we openly speak the truth and say that the imperialists are preparing for war and that they are already conducting war. Many comrades completely forget that war is actually going on in Eastern Asia. How can a fact like that be eliminated? Should we say that, as this war is being carried on against an "uncivilized" people,—against Chinese, it does not exist as far as we "highly civilized" Europeans are concerned. Only the blind can fail to see that war is already going on in China. Only the blind can fail to see that the Japanese-American conflict has become more acute. Also it is perfectly clear that it is to the interests of the imperialists, to the interests of the Social Democrats and of all those who desire to support the world capitalist system to obscure this thesis by all the trickery they can muster. Imperialism is in action, it is maneuvering, it proposes all sorts of "pacifist" pacts, for example, the Kellogg Pact; it is carrying out excellent maneuvers, for example, the recent note addressed to the Nanking Government by the United States. It resorts to a number of other tricks; it organizes Conferences of the League of Nations, it shouts about peace. In a word it is exerting every effort to obscure the fundamental fact—its own criminal work. And the Social Democrats? What is the principal role of the Social Democrats today? It is to throw a veil over this fundamental fact of present-day development, to ideologically obscure it and remove it from sight. That is why they shout from the house-tops that the capitalist states are craving for peace, that it is only the "cursed" land of the proletariat that is disturbing the peace. That is why they sing the praises of the League of Nations and all other pacifist inventions. Is not all this clear? We have said this a thousand times before. There is only one state which is really carrying out a peace policy, and that is the U. S. S. R. There is only one State that has made a serious proposal for universal disarmament, and that is the U. S. S. R. There is only one state that is not interested in the partition of the globe, is not interested in colonies and "mandates" and that is the U. S. S. R. And it is precisely for this reason that the imperialists and their lackeys try to turn the facts upside down.

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Bukharin's speech will be continued in tomorrow's Daily Worker, when the fourth section, IV. "The External and Internal Contradictions of the Capitalist System," will be published.

YOUTH CONGRESS STRESSES TASKS

Must Prepare Now For Underground Days

Continued from Page One

reorganization proceeded slowly until the end of 1927, when an organizational conference revived the work among the children.

"One of the big mistakes is that the Communist Parties do not give sufficient support to the Young Workers Leagues, and when they do, it is only formally.

Must Correct Errors.

"Several departments of the executive committee of the Young Communist International are working poorly. The work in mass organization is insufficient. As regards work among non-party, sport, peasant and cultural organizations must be strengthened. The German Jungstorm, a non-Party organization, is successful; similar organizations must be formed in other countries.

"Illegality is threatened to the Young Communist work in the near future, and the leagues must prepare for this time both organizationally and iedologically. Organizational questions must be made the chief interest of the whole organization."

After prolonged applause, and greetings from the White Russian delegation and the presentation of a banner to the Congress from the Polish Young Communist League, the session was adjourned.

Miners' Paper Builds New Union In Kansas

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Aug. 31.—S. T. Wakefield of Mulberry, Kansas, knows that the Coal Digger is the best speech-maker and means for bringing more and more miners into the new miners union. Kansas is a big state, and organizers haven't enough money to pay train fare or big gas bills. So Wakefield lets the Coal Digger do the work where the organizers can't.

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Reading	15
Scranton	20
Chester	15
W. Barre	35
Wash. D. C.	35
Wil. Del	25
Richmond, Va.	15
Wheel., W. Va.	20
District 4	
Buffalo	75
Rochester	50
Syracuse	25
Troy	15
Jamestown	20
Schenectady	15
Utica	10
Niagara Falls	15
Endicott	20
Binghamton	15
District 5	
Ambridge	15
Arnold	15
Avella	25
Bethlhem, Pa.	25
Braddock	15
Cannonsburg	20
Duquesne	20
East Pittsburgh	25
Erie	25
Mckeesport	35
Mckees Rocks	15
Monnessen	50
Pitsburgh	175
So. Browns	15
Wilkes-Barre	25
District 6	
Akron	20
Alliance	15
Bellaire	15
Canton	25
Cincinnati	35
Cleveland	200
Columbus	15
Conneaut	15
Dayton	15
E. Liv.	15
Dillinonvale	15
Lima	10
Sandusky	10
Toledo	100
Warren	35
Youngstown	20
District 7	
Detroit	500
Flint	40
Grand Rapids	50
Hancock	15
Ironwood	15
Muskegon	15
Pontiac	25
District 8	
Chicago	500
Christopher	10
E. St. Louis	15
Moline	15
Rockford	15
Springfield	15
Waukegan	25
Gary	25
Hammond	15
Indianapolis	15
South Bend	15
Kenosha	25
Madison	15
Milwaukee	75
Racine	15
Superior	50
West Allis	25
District 9	
Duluth	40
Minneapolis	75
Rochester	25
St. Paul	75
District 10	
Phoenix, Arizona	10
Tucson	15
Denver, Col.	50
Pueblo	15
Sioux City	20
Kansas City, Kan.	15
Kansas City, Mo.	50
St. Louis, Mo.	50
Butte, Montana	15
Cometown, Montana	10
Great Falls, Mon.	10
Plentywood, Mon.	10
Omaha, Neb.	25
Austin, Tex.	10
Breckenridge, Tex.	10
Dallas, Tex.	10
Galveston, Tex.	15
Houston, Tex.	10
Hanna, Wyoming	15
Rock Springs, Wy.	10
District 12	
Astoria, Ore.	15
Portland, Ore.	25
Mt. Vernon, Wash.	10
Olympia, Wash.	10
Seattle, Wash.	50
Spokane, Wash.	10
Tacoma, Wash.	10
District 13	
Eureka	1
Ft. Bragg	10
Fresno	1
Hollywood	1
Inglewood	1
Long Beach	1
Los Angeles	20
Oakland	5
Palo Alto	1
Petaluma	
San Diego	
San Francisco	1
San Jose	
San Pedro	
Santa Cruz	
Ukiah	
District 15	
Ansonia	1
Bridgeport	2
Collinsville	1
Danbury	1
Hartford	[illegible]
New Britain	1
New London	[illegible]
Stamford	2
Waterbury	1
Agricultural	
Jacksonville, Fla.	1
Miami	1
Tampa	1
Louisville, Ky.	[illegible]
Bismark, N. D.	1
Sykeston, N. D.	1

Miners Sentenced As Progressives; After Scab Assaulted Them, Correspondent Says

HANdOuTS

the lying propaganda of the ist was spread through the Nebraska is suggested by llowing lines from a letter ce M. Davis, former power ust propagandist revealed in the federal trade commission records:

"President of state federation of women's clubs was in today and gave me a wide-open indorsement of utility public speaking for clubs comprising something more than 20,000 women in Nebraska.

"But what the hell am I going to do about it? Wish I had 20 clever women speakers scattered geographically over the state."

His difficulty passed and he flooded the state with propaganda. Which shows that the bourgeois woman can do a man's job any day in the gentle art of corruption.

• • •

In Print Again

Above Al Smith is shown demonstrating his fitness to be President of the United States by riding in a tally-ho at Sea Girt, New Jersey, even though he has already proved his superiority to Herbert Hoover by auctioning off a bale of cotton. Al has told the working class, on his honor, that if he is elected president he will pass a lot of laws to help them out of their difficulties at the expense of the rich even though the millions of dollars now being raised for his campaign are coming entirely from his intended victims. This sort of idiocy sounds like good sense to the remarkable brains of the A. F. of L. officialdom and the New York State Executive Committee has endorsed him. Above Al had just taken off his hat to cool himself when, by good chance, he happened to drive by a group of newspaper photographers.

• • •

Bruce Reynolds, who describes himself as a writer, has just returned from Russia where, he says, he bought, "old greasy clothes from a citizen," and lived the life of the proletariat for as long as three weeks. After this elaborate study of life in the U. S. S. R., Bruce returned to the U. S. and says that Russia is a country "Upside down, standing on its head." It's a country upside down all right compared to capitalist countries but it's the one country that's standing on its feet.

• • •

Duke Minus Dukedom

This snapshot shows the "Grand Duke Alexander of Russia" in an embarrassing moment. The "Grand Duke" had just speared a snipe on the beach at Biarritz, France, when who should walk up but Mme. Letel-[illegible] to whom he is shown explaining that he always did have a habit of dropping things. He dropped everything in Russia one day and skipped himself out without leaving a forwarding address. Even today he is better off than most of the [illegible] who scurried off like flies before a flyswat. He's managed to borrow a little from his friends, for instance the cap and pants he got from a pal who had a big pull with the Salvation Army. He also makes a few dimes by selling interviews he has had with the dead czar by spirit communication. The czar tells him he'll be back in Russia in a couple of weeks, now, when the U. S. S. R. will break up. The czar says that such madness as the workers running their own government and getting what they produce certainly can't last forever.

SOLE EVIDENCE CAME OF BOYS WHO SAW FIGHT

Men Given Workhouse for Defending Selves

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PITTSBURGH, Pa. (By Mail).—A few months ago in West Brownsville Mike Mattey and his father, while acting as pickets, the younger Mattey and his father tried to stop George Harbody from entering the mine of the Lilley Coal and Coke Company as a scab. When they approached the scab and appealed to him not to take the bread out of the mouths of the miners and their families he struck at one of them with his dinner bucket and tried to attack the other by assaulting him with his fists. In this encounter the scab got the beating of his life. He then went before squire H. L. Swartz at Centerville, Pa., and had warrents sworn out for five miners, three of whom happened to be passing by at the time and who had nothing to do with the fuss at all. The squire heard only the evidence of the scab and upon his lone evidence held the five miners for the grand jury in Washington, Pa.

When the case came before the grand jury the only evidence the grand jury had was the evidence of two boys who happened to see the scab get beaten up and did not know anything as to the reason why he was beaten as they did not know or hear Mattey and his father make the plea to the scab not to be breaking the strike and helping the coal companies to smash the miners' union.

Judge Erwin Cummins of Washington, Pa., when he was passing sentence on the five miners told them that "the Save-the-Union movement is part of the Communist scheme to steal union organizations and make them Communist," the judge declared. "It is closely allied with the Third International Sunday schools where Communism is being taught to children are being held regularly in parts of Washington County.

"I have in my possession literature used in these schools that teaches hatred of the American government and seeks to overthrow American institutions."

This was the burden of his charge in passing sentence. He thus showed in an unmistakable manner that it was not for beating up the scab in self-defense that he was sending them to the workhouse but by reason of the fact that they were reported to him as members of the Save-the-Union movement. —H. H.

Kentucky, Washington Want New Mine Union

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 2.—Organization work in Kentucky is booming. Powderly, Browder, Hillside, Beech Creek, are already lined up with the movement to build a new miners union. When William Duncan, Lewis' local "boss" comes to the mass meetings with armed gangsters, with the handles of knives sticking out of their belts and draped on their fat stomachs, the men simply laugh at him and go on with their plans for more and more mass meetings, organizing more locals, electing delegates.

"You've done your share, Duncan!" they tell him. "You've wrecked what was left of the U. M. W. of A. in Kentucky. Now we're doing this job. We are going to build an honest, militant miners' union, and a thousand Lewises and Duncans can't stop us!"

Even in far off Washington the men are on the job. "You bet we'll have delegates at the National Miners Convention next month!" they write. "Just try and keep us away!"

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 2.—"The men in West Virginia sure are behind the New Miners Union!" one organizer says.

"I asked one fellow how things were, and he told me that the boys earn enough to buy bread, but they got to send to the old country for enough to buy meat! It's about time they had a fighting union!"

Overhaul Engines of Byrd Plane

Dean G. Smith, one of the pilots accompanying Commander Richard Byrd in his antarctic flight, is pictured with his plane, the Floyd Bennett. The plane is tri-motor, all metal and was manufactured by Fords who are backing the expedition.

AUSTRALIAN UNIONS FACING BIG TASKS

By J. RYAN

Several matters of importance to the working class of Australia have occurred recently. The most important are: (1) the passing of the anti-trade union act by the federal government; (2) the marine cooks' strike; (3) prosecutions against prominent trade union leaders; (4) cleavage between Australasian Council of Trade Unions and bureaucracy of the Australian Workers' Union; (5) campaign of capitalist press in alliance with A. W. U. bureaucracy against the Pan-Pacific Trade Union Secretariat, and (6) the All-Australian Trade Union Congress.

Towards the close of last year the federal government introduced an amending arbitration bill into parliament. This bill proposed that strikes, boycotts, picketing, incitements to strike, etc., be made illegal, and that the unions be compelled to accept any wages and conditions for their members that the arbitration court judges cared to give them. Parliament ratified the measure and it is now law.

Marine Cooks' Strike.

A dispute between the Marine Cooks' Union and the ship-owners over an additional cook for one ship resulted in a general strike of marine cooks, thereby throwing thousands of other marine workers out of work. Because the cooks ignored other unions and played a lone hand in the dispute, there was much disorganization; eventually the cooks were defeated.

The secretary of the Brisbane branch of the Seamen's Union and the secretary of the Brisbane Waterside Workers' Union were prosecuted and heavily fined for engaging in a strike. In New South Wales, J. S. Garden, secretary of tho Labor Council of N. S. W., was arrested and charged with incitement to murder because he made the following statement regarding the marine cooks' strike:

"The new methods adopted in strike strategy are different than the old methods. The old method was that once a thing was declared 'black' the trade union movement should dissociate itself from it. Tactics now are different insofar as if scab cooks man the vessels our tactics may change, and we may supply union men even though scab cooks are aboard. Accidents, however, occur in the best regulated families. The new cooks will not be very good sailors, and will have to go to the railing occasionally. They may lose their balance, in which case the water is damp, the sea is deep, and dead men tell no tales."

The case was postponed until next week. It is probable that Comrade Garden will be jailed, meanwhile the Labor Council has distributed thousands of leaflets and stickers in order to prepare the workers to take action to procure his release.

For a considerable time the bureaucracy of the Australian Workers' Union, which has become divorced from the rank and file of the union, has been fighting the Australasian Council of Trade Unions. The A. C. T. U. made overtures for peace and unity, but its efforts were scornfully rejected on the excuse that the A. C. T. U. is affiliated with the Pan-Pacific Trade Union Secretariat and is therefore dominated by foreigners. The real reason is that the constitution of the A. C. T. U. will not permit the A. W. U. officials to control the organization.

An intense and scurrilous campaign has been, and is still being waged against the P. P. T. U. S. by the capitalist press and the A. W. U. officials.

A special All-Australian Trade Union Congress was convened by the A. C. T. U. in order that the above mentioned questions could be discussed and a common policy arrived at regarding future action. The congress met on Monday, July 16, and was the largest congress that has yet been held. A determined effort was made by the capitalist press to coerce the delegates into attacking the left wing, but fortunately the campaign was not successful.

Congress in Discussion.

Congress discussed the anti-trade union Act, and decided to assist in every way possible any section of the trade union movement that fell foul of its many penal clauses.

A long and acrimonious discussion occurred when the marine cooks' dispute was reviewed. There were charges and counter-charges of scabbery and cowardice. Congress finally decided that the cooks' demands were justified, and complimented them on their splendid fight, but considered they were in error in not conferring with other unions or with the central body—the A. C. T. U. So that a similar situation shall not arise in the future congress adopted resolutions that will compel craft and sectional unions to confer with kindred organizations before embarking on strikes, and if the dispute be of a national character, with the A. C. T. U.

Delegates were so incensed against the reactionary officials of the Australian Workers' Union that, by an overwhelming majority, they decided that the time had gone by for overtures. It was decided to conduct an energetic campaign among the rank and file of the A. W. U. so as to unmask its leaders.

By an overwhelming majority (92 to 36) congress endorsed the affiliation of the A. C. T. U. to the Pan-Pacific Trade Union Secretariat. This is particularly gratifying in view of the vicious propaganda of the capitalist press and the A. W. U. bureaucrats. An attempt by the right wing to throttle the "Pan-Pacific Worker" (which is published by the A. C. T. U.) was also crushingly defeated.

Unemployment is exceptionally prevalent in Australia at present. According to the government statistician the percentage of workers unemployed is 11.2, which means in round figures about 180,000, out of a total population of six and a quarter millions. Unemployed demonstrations are taking place in every State, particularly in Western Australia, where the police were called out to protect the "Labor" premier from the wrath of the workless a few days ago.

Because the Labor government of Queensland has exposed itself as a willing tool of capitalism — railway workers' lockout, building workers' lockout, etc. — the Communist Party has decided to oppose it with Communist Party and left wing candidates at the next state elections. The Communist Party has sent two organizers to Queensland and hopes to send more soon. It is too soon as yet to forecast results.

READING WORKER TELLS "JOYS" OF "SOCIALIST" RULE

Union No Stronger; Wages No Higher

(By a Worker Correspondent)

READING, Pa., (By Mail).—The workers of Reading needn't worry any more. Their low wages, long hours, insults from the bosses and foreman and others, means nothing in comparison with the fact they have elected a "socialist administration". The workers of Reading should feel happy. Mr. Stump is a mayor; Mr. Maurer is a councilman. The yellow Forward should immediately proclaim to the world the victory of "socialism" in the U. S.

Chase Me—I'm a "Socialist"

Why all that stuff about Revolution, class struggle, strikes, civil war? Who wants all that? Who needs it? (Certainly not Hilquit.) Who in the world discovered all these words?

It's all these damn Bolsheviks that want all that. Respectable "socialists" don't need all that. "Socialism" can be achieved in America through peaceful means. How? Very simple; by the ballot. The only thing the worker need do is vote the "socialist" ticket, and "socialism" will be here.

A fact? Why look at Reading, the "socialists" tell us. Look at what we have achieved there, without all that nonsense of class-struggle, etc. Don't we have a "socialist" administration in Reading? Who is the mayor, if not a "socialist"? And Mr Maurer, the councilman? All this is very fine. But are the workers of Reading satisfied with their conditions? Do the workers feel any difference between the old democratic administration and the present so-called "socialist" one? Have the number of trade unions increased since the "socialists" took office? Have their conditions been bettered? What about unemployment?

No Class Struggle, O No.

But let's hear what the workers themselves have to say. In questioning a worker of the P. and R. shops of Reading as to what they have gained from the "socialist" administration, he looked at us and replied: 'Gained? like hell, we have! They (the "socialists") never promised us anything and don't give us anything. What do we make in the P. and R. shops, working like hell? he continued, Working at fifty cents per hour. And when work slows down, we work three to four days a week, but they keep running steady the gang of loyal slaves. Where are the "socialists"? Why don't they organize us? Why dont they see that the work is divided equally among the workers? Why dont they stop the prosecution against those who mention unionism in the shops?

They claim as a government they have to protect the property and interests of the employers as well and, therefore, cannot interfere in the business of the boss, we tried to explain to the already excited worker.

"What", he shouted. "They have got to protect my boss? How the devil can they protect me then? They can't protect both of us, can they? Is that why we voted the "socialist" ticket, to protect the boss? Do they protect the boss in the Soviet Union? What we need to do." he shouted, "is to kick the hell out of the bosses as they have done into the U. S. S. R., and not promise him protection. These guys here in Reading are too darned polite in dealing with the bosses". The worker was all excited. We gave him a copy of the Daily Worker, and promised to come to see him the next day.

Another example of how the workers feel and live under the "socialist administration" is a letter of a woman, a workers wife who tells her story in the Reading Unionist, of July 15.

A Machinist's Wife.

She writes: Would you like to know how it feels to be a poor man's wife? Maybe, other people would like to know too.

"My husband is a machinist and earns fifty-two cents an hour. It amounts to a few cents over $28 per week, when he works full time. This week was a holiday, and sometimes there is a sickness, so then the pay is smaller.

"Apparently he is 'lucky' that he is earning just fifty-two cents. During the winter the industries of Reading and West Reading have been laying the 'higher' priced machinists off, sometimes in bunches of fifty, and employ the next day new men at from forty to fifty cents per hour.

"Since he cannot get any extra, no night (which he should not be compelled to do after a hard day's labor) the only thing left to do is for me to get a job.

"But how can I go to work when I have two boys of three and five years of age to care for?

The Right fo Live.

"We want justice. We want a living wage for a man who puts his five days a week in any shop. We want wages to house, eat, dress in comfort. We would like, too, an inexpensive car, so we could see something of our country. But what have we? Not even a living wage. We have appalling debts and the fear of what should happen to us if the wage-earner should ever become real sick."

Many more examples could be cited, but the above mentioned will do for today.

And what does our "socialist" administration do to improve the conditions of these poor workers. Nothing. Absolutely nothing. They feed the workers with the illusions of "Elect us and we will give you everything".

But you cannot fool the workers all the time. The workers of Reading demand deeds and not words. They demand organization. The workers of Reading demand the "socialist's" action. They are beginning to realize that the Stumps and Maurers and the rest of the bunch are too cowardly to put up a militant fight for the workers.

The workers of Reading will have to make a step further and understand that their emancipation can come only through the doing away with the present capitalist system of society, and the establishment of a Communist one, as the workers have done in the Soviet Union.

—A. W.

Hopkins "Heavy Traffic" at the Empire Thursday

"Heavy Traffic," a new play by Arthur Richman, will be presented by Charles Frohman at the Empire Theatre on Wednesday. Mary Boland plays the featured role. Other players include A. E. Matthews and Reginald Mason.

At the Hammerstein Theatre, "Good Boy," a musical comedy with book by Otto Harbach, Oscar Hammerstein 2nd and Henry Myers and music and lyrics by Herbert Stothart, Bert Raimer and Harry Ruby, will open on Wednesday night. The cast is headed by Eddie Buzzell, Borroh Minevitch, Helen Kane, Dan Healy, Barbara Newberry, and Sam Hearn.

"Machinal," a drama by Sophie Treadwell, opens Thursday evening at the Plymouth Theatre, produced by Arthur Hopkins. Principals in the cast are: Zita Johann, Jean Adair, Clark Cable, George Stillwell and Charles Kennedy.

George Kaiser's newest play "The Phantom Lover," ("Oktobertag") will open Tuesday at the 49th Street Theatre. The cast includes: Edith Barrett, Louise Mackintosh, Romney Brent, George MacQuarrie, David Newell and Cameron Clemens

CLARKE SILVERNAIL

Is back in the cast of "The Silent House," playing his old role of wily Ho-Fang, in the melodrama at the Shubert Theatre.

CHOPIN OPERETTA BASED ON LIFE OF COMPOSER

Sigurd Johannsen's play, "Chopin," which will be known here as "White Lilacs," was adapted from the German by Harry B. Smith. It adheres to facts in all the more important phases of the story. Johannsen drew his information chiefly from George Sand's novel, "Lucretia Floriani," which she based on her experiences with the composer, "George Sand, sa Vie et ses Oeuvres," by Wladimir Karenine, and "Frederic Chopin as Man and Musician," by Frederick Niecks.

The score by Karl Hajos is interspersed with many of Chopin's composition, including the Nocturnes in C Sharp Minor and E Flat, the Waltzes in C Sharp Minor and A Minor, two ballades and the Second Scherzo. In the instrumentation of Chopin's piano pieces Hajos has adhered carefully to the composer's score in harmony and rhythm. The period of "White Lilacs," which opens at the Shubert Theatre Sept. 10, is about 1857, the year Chopin met George Sand.

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Whitewash I. R. T. in Bronx Crash Saturday in Which Four Workers Were Hurt

MAY TAKE SAME ACTION IN TIMES SQUARE WRECK

17 Still in Hospitals After Aug. 24 Crash

A complete whitewash of the Interborough Rapid Transit Co. in the collision in the Bronx Saturday was yesterday made by District Attorney Banton. The collision occurred on the East 180th St. branch of the subway at the Jackson Ave. station. Four workers were injured, one of whom may die. The smash occurred when two work trains collided, showering a passing northbound passenger train with glass. Hugh McDevitt, motorman of a work train, was yesterday in a serious condition in Lincoln Hospital, suffering from internal injuries and a fractured leg. The collision came a week after the Times Square disaster, in which 17 workers were killed, and over 100 injured, many critically. District Attorney Banton, conducting an "investigation" into the Times Square wreck, has indicated that the Interborough would be whitewashed, and that William Baldwin, I. R. T. maintenance worker and two other workers would be made the goats for the company. Seventeen of the workers injured in the Times Square wreck still remain in hospitals. District Attorney Banton reported yesterday that there were no further developments in the "inquiry."

WORKERS PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

Open-air meetings throughout Greater New York have been arranged by the agitprop department of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party:

Monday, Sept. 3.

Rutgers Square, N. Y., Gussakoff, Hendin, Wattenberg, Epstein, Silber; 1st Ave. and 49th St., Schachtman, Suskin, Severino, Silverman.

Tuesday, Sept. 4.

Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer, Bklyn., Frank, Rosemond, Shafran; Sutter and Williams, Bklyn., Taft, Lipsin, G. Welsh, Julius Cohen; Longwood and Prospect, Bronx, Nessin, Frishl, Blake, Leo Margolies; Lenox Ave. and 133rd St., N. Y. C., R. B. Moore, McDonald, H. Williams.

Wednesday, Sept. 5.

Twenty-eighth St. and Lexington Ave., Baum, Suskin, Abern; 2nd Ave. and 10th St., N. Y. C., Gussakoff, Hendin, Goliger, J. Cohen; Union Square, N. Y. C., Powers, Blake, Ross, Caplan; Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx, Padgug, Gold, LeRoy, Alkin, Sumner; Fleet St. and Flatbush Ext., Bklyn., Yusem, Vera Bush, Midolla, Jessie Taft; 7th Ave. and 131st St., N. Y. C., Padmore, Patterson, Ed. Welsh, Schalk; 7th Ave. and 137th St., N. Y. C., R. Moore, Lamb, Lloyed, Sumner; Passaic, N. J., Ed. Wright, Ida Starr, Evelyn Blacker.

Thursday, Sept. 6.

138th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx, Codkind, Peer, H. Williams, Wm. Margolis; 40th St. and 8th Ave., N. Y. C., V. Smith, Joe Cohen; Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx, Chas. Zimmerman, Wortis, Harfield, Weitz, Spiro; 25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I., Ben Lifshitz, Shapiro, Magliacano, Chalupski; Steinway and Jamaica Aves., Astoria, L. I., Powers, Rock, Schachtman, Heder, Mueller; Osborn and Dumont, Brooklyn, Benjamin, Kagan, Sumner, J. Cohen.

Friday, Sept. 7.

National Biscuit Co. (noon), Gecht, Ross; Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn., Ragozin, Castrell, Lillienstein, Wilson; 5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C., Markoff, Lloyed, Grace Lamb, Lyons, Rodriguez; Varet and Graham Ave., Bklyn., Bimba, Rosemond, G. Welsh, Midolla; 50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn., Reiss, Yusem, I. Zimmerman, Donaldson; Market Place, Newark, N. J., Vera Bush, Sazposoy, L. Duke; Patterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.), Baum, Freiman, Laurence Elkind.

Saturday, Sept. 8.

1st Ave. and 116th St. (Italian), Auerbach, Napoli, Rolfe; 1st Ave. and 79th St., V. Smith, Moreau, Magliacano, Lloyed; West New York, N. J., Leroy, C. Martin; Perth Amboy, N. J., Padmore, Covatez; Elizabeth, N. J., Markoff, R. Duke; Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Wright, Weich.

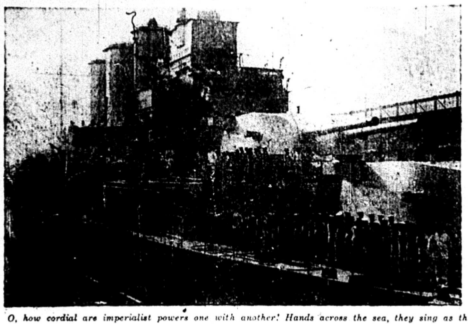
Mine Delegates On Way to Convention

Continued from Page One

fakers," writes a brother in Missouri. "We're behind your movement," another from Washington writes. "I wish you could of sent a brother from Pittsburgh to speak before us, but we're working and doing our best anyway. We're collecting money on the lists."

"We're lining up the locals here," writes Dan Slinger from Belleville, Illinois. "I am enclosing credentials sent to our office by mistake." West Virginia is humming with activity. So is Kentucky, as well as every other state where there are coal mines. "On to Pittsburgh, and the National Miners' Convention!" is the cry everywhere.

A Threat; British Imperialism Makes a Gesture



O, how cordial are imperialist powers one with another! Hands across the sea, they sing as the mail fists clank together in the imperialist handshake. At present it is the British government which has sent a hint in the form of the big guns and armored sides of H. M. A. S. Australia now in New York harbor where its officers are being feted by their colleagues while it is wondered on both sides how soon they will be at war.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Party Fraction Meeting.

A Party Fraction meeting will be held Wednesday, Sept. 5, at Party headquarters, 26-28 Union Square, at 8 p. m. of all Party members belonging to the United Council of Working Class Women and other women's organizations. Party members who are housewives must all come to the Fraction meeting. All active comrades, in language groups such as Lithuanian, Ukrainian, Finnish, Jewish, etc., etc., must attend this meeting.

• • •

3 E. 1 F.

Unit 3 E. 1 F. will hold an important meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 4, at 6:15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3 E. International Branch 1.

The International Branch 1 will meet on Tuesday, Sept. 4, at 9 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3 E. 2 F.

An important meeting of Unit 3 E. 2 F. will be held on Wednesday, Sept. 5, at 6:15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Subsection 3 E.

The new Subsection Executive meeting will hold the first meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 6, at 6:15 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Comrades Zimmerman and Potash Report.

A report of the present situation in the needle trades will be given by comrades Sasha Zimmerman of the Cloak and Dressmakers and Potash of the Furriers Joint Board at the Headquarters of Sections 2 and 3 on Wednesday, September 5, at 7:30 p. m. A discusion will follow. All comrades of Sections 2 and 3 are to attend.

• • •

Unit 6 F. Subsection 3rd will hold its next business meeting Wednesday, September 5, 6:15 p. m. sharp at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Unit 4 F. S. S. 2 A. will not meet today on account of Labor Day—next meeting of the unit will be held on Monday, Sept. 10th. Every member must attend.

• • •

Subsection 3 C.

All units of sub-section 3 C will meet today at 100 W. 27th, at 6 p. m.

• • •

Executive Committee of 3 C meets Wednesday at 100 W. 27th St.

• • •

Unit 6F.

A meeting of Unit 6F will be held tomorrow at 60 St. Marks Place at 6 p. m. sharp. Your presence is most urgent.

• • •

3F, Section 1.

Because of Labor Day, Unit 3F Section 1 will meet Tuesday, 6 P. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

• • •

Unit B. Section 4.

REMINDER:—Meetings are now held every Wednesday night at headquarters 350 East 81st Street.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

• • •

Freiheit Gesangs Verejn.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

• • •

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

• • •

"Esperanta Laborulnro."

"Esperanta Laborularo," a class-conscious workers organization will hold its meeting Tuesday, 8 p. m. at the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st St.

• • •

Spanish Workers Club.

The Centro Obrero de Habla Espanola will meet tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. A lecture on imperialism will be given by Leon Ruiz.

Seek Data on Fascist Terrorization in U. S.

Information concerning the campaign of intimidation and terror being carried on by agents of Mussolini against anti-fascist Italians in this country is being sought by the American Civil Liberties Union.

This organization has sent an appeal to all anti-fascist newspapers in the United States for evidence of these fascist activities. Italian consular agents have taken a direct part in this work, the Civil Liberties Union declares.

WANTED Experienced Stenographer, must be League or Party member. Call Harlem 1278.

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302 E. 12th ST. NEW YORK

RED TICKET IN CENTRAL STATES

Jack Stachel Reports On Progress

Continued from Page One

election campaign reaches into every working-class nook and cranny in the country. It is then that the workers are intensely interested in politics, due to the efforts of the capitalist parties to win their votes and the millions of dollars spent by the rival bourgeois politicians on newspaper propaganda," he said.

The National Election Campaign Committee is planning to bring the election fight into the factories. In Chicago the stockyard workers will be propagandized with literature and speakers will appear before the gates at noon to explain the program and policy of the Party. The same method will be followed in Detroit, Cleveland, and other large cities. In this way the Communist campaign will penetrate into the mills and mines and wherever the workers toil for a master.

Saving Signatures.

An interesting sidelight on the utility of signature-collecting is the fact that the comrades are copying the names of those who sign petitions and keeping them with a view to soliciting these workers for Party membership later on and for use in other election campaigns.

The National Election Campaign Committee plans, according to Stachel, call for the sending out from each district rank and file organizers to sell literature and carry on propaganda in sections where there is no Party organizations. There are thousands of industrial centers throughout this country where the word Communism has never been heard. Automobiles will be used in this work. The Party intends to call for 1,000 volunteers for this task.

Foreign-Language Workers.

Foreign-language organizations will be drawn into the campaign more than hitherto, Stachel declared. In all the great industries of the nation there are hundreds of thousands of foreign-born workers who are persecuted by the authorities and under constant threat of deportation for activity in strikes or for belonging to a militant working-class party like the Workers (Communist) Party.

The importance of building the Party in this election campaign cannot be over-stressed. It will be made clear to the workers that the Communist candidates are not asking the workers merely to vote Communist, but to become a part of the great emancipating movement of labor that has its roots in every country in the world and to join the Workers (Communist) Party, the only political party in the United States that aims to overthrow the brutal robber system of capitalism and establish in its place the Socialist system.

CALL DELEGATES FOR MINE MEET ON SEPTEMBER 9

Convention for New Union Week Off

Continued from Page One

who have wrecked your union, who have openly admitted that they cannot better your conditions, nor shorten your work hours, nor uphold your wage scales, and who have agreed that hundreds of thousands of miners must be chased out from the industry?

"If the corrupt hangers-on of the Lewis machine refuse to call a local membership meeting to elect delegates, then the progressives should call the local union meeting and, over the heads of the corrupt officials, elect their delegates. Let nothing stand in your way, you must be represented!

"Remember, one delegate for each local union or mine, and an additional delegate for every 100 members is your quota. We are enclosing credentials which you will make out and send immediately to the National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee, 119 Federal St., N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

"Organize! Make the convention a huge success! Speed the work for the new union!

"The task of bringing all the delegates to Pittsburgh will be a hard one. The cost of bringing the delegates to the convention and their upkeep while here will be tremendous. Get your local union to send all funds it can afford. Collect as much as you can and send it to the Pittsburgh headquarters, to pay the expenses of the convention.

"Throw all your energies into the fight to build the new, powerful, honest and militant National Miners Union.

"Affiliate with the new union! Send for charters and dues cards!

"The U. M. W. A. is dead! Help build the new miners union!

Remember, on Sept. 9, in Pittsburgh, Pa., a new day will dawn for the miners of America! Your delegates wil help bring this about!

"NATIONAL MINERS CONVENTION ARRANGEMENTS COMMITTEE,
"John J. Watt, Chairman,
"Pat. H. Toohey, Secretary."

YANKS SHUT OUT; GIANTS WIN, 5 TO 2

The Yankees' lead was reduced to one and a half games yesterday, when Marberry of the Washington Senators shut the league-leaders out with but 4 hits. Marberry's slants puzzled the so-called "murderers' row." Zachary, ex-Washington and St. Louis hurler, started for the Yanks, but was removed for Moore.

• • •

The Giants—strange to relate—yesterday won another game. They beat the Boston Braves, 5 to 2. Cantwell of Boston was unable to repeat his victory over the Giants of the other day, and gave way to Clarkson. Benton, Giant star pitcher, held Boston, although the Braves got 10 hits.

Brooklyn won an 11-inning battle from the cellar Phillies, 6 to 5. McWeeney, Elliott and Clark pitched for Brooklyn and Melligan for Philadelphia.

The Cubs beat Pittsburgh, 3 to 2, and kept pace with the leading St. Louis Cards, who won from Cincinnati, 5 to 3.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

Washington, 2; New York, 0.
Chicago, 3; Cleveland, 1.
St. Louis, 5; Detroit, 1.
No other games scheduled.

National League

New York, 5; Boston, 2.
Brooklyn, 6; Phila., 5 (11 ins.).
Chicago, 3; Pittsburgh, 2.
St. Louis, 5; Cincinnati, 3.

MILITARY FEAR ANTI-WAR MEET

Arrest Cowl of Y.W.L. in Minneapolis

Continued from Page One

distributed at the camp Tuesday. Apparently they came to learn more of the League slogan raised: "Learn Whom to Fight While Learning How To Fight." About 700 workers were present.

Arrest Cowl.

At the anti-war meeting held here Saturday night Carl Cowl, League speaker for the evening, was arrested and charged with inciting to riot. The opening speech of Comrade Pat Devine, District Organizer Dist. 9, drew the attention of the audience to the extensive war preparations carried on by the Imperialist powers in face of the hypocritical pretence of inaugurating World Peace Pacts. "President Coolidge acting for the big capitalists has laid plans for the building of the biggest military machine in the world. Secretary of State Kellog at the same time is throwing dust in the eyes of the country by his alleged Peace Proposals which in reality are a cloak to hide the ever-growing war danger" he stated.

Cowl, an ex-member of the National Guard, a Y. C. L'er now, took the platform to deal with the CMTC and the National Guard. He said: "We do not oppose U. S. Militarism on pacifist grounds. We believe in fighting for the working class against the employing class.

MILL STRIKERS MARCHING TODAY

Fakers Working Hard to Betray Struggle

Continued from Page One

On the way out he declared: "I ain't gonna work any more."

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 2. Finally compelled to yield, Governor Fuller yesterday announced he will see the committee of strikers Tuesday and the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the T. M. C. is preparing to send a committee of 40 textile workers to Boston then.

James P. Ried and Fred E. Beal, leaders of the Fall River and New Bedford mill committees will head a committee composed of 40 men, women and children in the two strikes. They will demand of the state officialdom an immediate investigation of police brutality and will also demand that all the huge sums allotted to the mill owners several months ago as tax rebates, be turned over for use by the strikers as relief.

Although they put up these and other demands for action by Fuller, not one of the striking workers or their leaders have any illusions as to favorable action on them by a man who was directly responsible for the murder of labor's martyrs, Sacco and Vanzetti. During all these months of struggle the governor-appointed judges and police, both state and city, have been carrying on a campaign of terrorization that continued even after a 6-year-old child and an expectant mother in Fall River were killed. The strikers nevertheless demand an audience with Fuller directly in order to expose him as personally responsible for the strikers' sufferings.

• • •

FALL RIVER, Mass., Sept. 2.—As a sign of appreciation for "services rendered" by the police in the Fall River strike, these "services" being the most vicious sluggings and beatings administered to picketing strikers, resulting in the death of a six-year-old boy and a pregnant woman, the American Printing Company officials presented the Fall River Police Association with a check for $500 to go toward their fund. This became known yesterday when the police heads granted the association permission to accept the "gift."

NEW YORK CITY STAGE HELP MAY WALK OUT SOON

Seek Wage Raise and Better Conditions

A theatrical tie-up in New York City loomed, when over 1000 stagehands, members of Local 1 of the Theatrical Protective Union yesterday announced their determination to stand firm on their rejection of an agreement arrived at between the heads of the union and the International Theatrical Protective Association, the vaudeville bosses' league. A 2-year agreement between the union and the bosses expired Saturday. The workers demand an increase in wages and better working conditions, a changing in working hours, a crew of seven men in theaters alternating weekly with musical and dramatic attraction, and $8 a performance for "grips," who now get $6.

MACMILLAN TO SEEK FLYERS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—Commander Donald B. MacMillan and his arctic expedition for the Field Museum have been ordered to look in the territory around Greenland for the two lost pilots, Bert Hassell and Parker Cramer, and their airplane Greater Rockford.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to
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Amalgamated General League Meeting
will be held
Tuesday, September 4
at 7:30 P. M.
AT 26-28 UNION SQUARE
This is a very important meeting. Every member must attend.

Grand Picnic and Dance
given by
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
ARMENIAN FRACTION
Monday, September 3, 1928, (Labor Day)
Native and American Dances. Refreshments and FAMOUS SHASHLIK
Directions: Take Jerome Ave. Woodlawn Train to end of line. Walk two blocks West.

Section One
BAZAAR CONFERENCE
Wednesday, September 5
at 8:00 P. M.
AT 60 ST. MARKS PLACE
All Units in Section One Are Requested to Elect Delegates

As an Answer to Tammany Attacks
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PARTY OF THE WORKING CLASS

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Extend Red Week to September 3
VOLUNTEER FOR SERVICE ALL WEEK
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143 E. 103d St.
1800 7th Ave.
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215 E. 138th St.
Jewish Workers Club.
1472 Boston Road
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46 Ten Eyck St., Bklyn.
1373 43d St., Bklyn.
154 Watkins St., Bklyn
For Red Mass Collections, September 1, 2 and 3
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY 26-28 Union Square, New York City

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers!

Against the Capitalists!

Labor Day, the Reds and the Yellows

Forty-four years ago, two years after the Central Labor Union of New York had begun celebrating the first Monday in September as "Labor Day," the Federation of Organized Trades and Labor Unions of the United States and Canada, which later took the present name of American Federation of Labor, resolved:

> **"That the first Monday in September of each year be set apart as a laborer's national holiday and that we recommend its observance by all wage earners irrespective of sex, calling or nationality."**

Two years later, in 1886, on the first day of May the great 8-hour movement was launched in action with the strike in the McCormick harvester works. The attack of the police upon the strikers' meeting on May 3 at Haymarket Square, and the killing of the police, followed by the murder of the Haymarket martyrs by the State of Illinois, fixed for the whole world the genuine Labor Day as May 1.

There came a rivalry between the two Labor Days. The September day became the favorite of the timid and corrupt trade union bureaucracy, and in 1894 the United States Congress made the first Monday of September of each year a national holiday.

Prior to the World War the September Labor Day was generally the occasion for parades of the trade unions—modest parades, meek processions for the most part, in this country, and still more timid speeches on the smaller detail of reform demands, and proposals of "industrial peace" often heard from the mouths of capitalist politicians.

But even this form of Labor Day celebration has virtually passed out of existence since the beginning of the World War. Parades were abandoned as giving too much spontaneous expression to the masses of workers in the trade unions. The September Labor Day in the hands of the Gompers, the Greens and the Lewises, has become only a day for obtaining extra well paid advertisements from big open-shop corporations for the dry and lifeless "labor journals" of trade union bureaucrats, and for issuing statements to the capitalist press on the benefits of class collaboration and semi-company-unionism. William Green's "Labor Day Message" is a pitiful example. Labor Day is, he says, "a respected national institution." "We have made progress," he declares—perhaps meaning progress in totals of private bank accounts and investments of himself and his associates. He certainly could not say that the membership of the American Federation of Labor has increased during the past eight years. It has decreased almost steadily since 1920. Is the degree of the organization of the workers increased? No. Have wages and conditions in the important sectors of industry improved? No. All Mr. Green can say is, "We find the principle of organization of employes finding increased acceptance," showing by his context that he means "acceptance by the capitalists. What a ludicrous lie—even for Green! Not a word does he say on behalf of the need for struggle of the workers against the capitalist offensive which has long been eradicating unionism, with Mr. Green's help, in many fields. A whine about "such industries as coal and textiles that have failed to keep pace with efficient practices." And the struggling coal miners and textile workers can go to hell as far as he is concerned. Then an open approval of the bar association proposal of a national anti-strike law in the guise of "legislative relief for the abuse of the injunction," and a hint for the working class to vote for the capitalist Tammany candidate for president.

Mr. Green says that the trade unions are not looking "for domination over other groups in industry and society,"—and by this he means that he and his kind are opposed to the victory of the working class in its struggle with the capitalist class.

This Labor Day marks even more sharply than ever the shameful bankruptcy and corruption of the official leadership of the American trade union movement.

But there is another side to the picture. If the corruption of class collaboration has swamped as never before the official circles of trade unionism, there is nevertheless a process which works in the opposite direction. Mr. Green speaks of "progress" to be marked on this Labor Day, but we, the Communists, are those who can speak **truly** of progress. If the vast resources of American capitalism are still able to corrupt the trade union misleaders and to keep masses of trade union membership in sluggish inaction, nevertheless the contradictions of this capitalist system have brought considerable sections of the working class already to the elementary consciousness that they must struggle or go down to extinction. Already the exposure of the fact that the bureaucracy is willing only to fight for the employers against the workers has been accompanied by the rise of new leadership of big struggles. If there has been no big strike action in the past several years in which the officials of the trade unions have not betrayed the workers, it is also true that there has been no big strike struggle for several years in which the Workers (Communist) Party has not come to the front in the role of the fighting leader of the workers. The Green bureaucracy is not organizing the unorganized workers—**but the Communists are.**

Mr. Green can mark no progress this day. But the working class can mark progress in the fact that it has in certain sections already learned how to fight without the help of the Greens and Lewises, McMahons and Sigmans, and to fight shoulder-to-shoulder with the Workers (Communist) Party.

A Camp for Workers' Children

By PHILIP FRANKFELD.

For us, as Communists, we must be clear just why we participate and engage in certain kinds of activities. Ideological clarity is especially important if the field of work is a new one. The first question that therefore comes to mind is: What are our purposes? What is our conception of all of our camp work?

In the first place, we must always remember that we must carry on all of our work as Communists. That means that we do not conceive the camps to be an end in themselves; we do not conceive the camps to be mere "havens of rest." We do not want those workers and workers children that we attract to merely "go back to nature for rest and recuperation." Our purpose is: to raise the prestige of the Party, the League, and the Young Pioneers with the workers and children who come to camp. We want them to carry away with them the message of Communism. We want to make many new Party, League, and Pioneer members as a result of our work in the camps.

The W. I. R. camp is a working-class childrens camp located in Wingdale, N. Y. The Camp is located right near Camp Unity. Anyone who has ever been to the camp can't help being impressed by the beauty of the surroundings. Mountains enclose the camp like a fortress. The place abounds with trees. There is a beautiful lake a bit from the camp. The Childrens Camp, at the same time, is not too near the adult camp—altho the W. I. R. camp enjoys all of the improvements of Unity.

Composition Of The Camp.

There are 99 children in WIR camp, with the present group 90 to 95 per cent children of workers. These children have been attracted to the camp because of the fact that the WIR Camp is the only workers childrens camp in the city. They have heard that the camp follows a working class policy; they have heard (both the parents and children) that the Pioneers are helping out greatly in the work of the camp. They have heard that the rates are pretty low—$8 a week—and that the food, activities, educational program, are all very good.

This group of 99 children contains several Negro children of Negro workers. The WIR Camp does not recognize any distinctions in race, sex, nationality, etc. It is a workers children's camp, and its policies will, are, and continue to be based on the working class movement.

This article will briefly outline a days activity of the children in the WIR Camp. This will not require any detailed comment on the part of the writer to convince anybody that the leaders in the camp have been able to work out a well balanced day's activity for the children.

In the morning, on rising, the children get out on the field and the red flag is raised. The children then give the pledge to the working class and sing the International. This is followed by the morning exercises for all of the children. Breakfast follows.

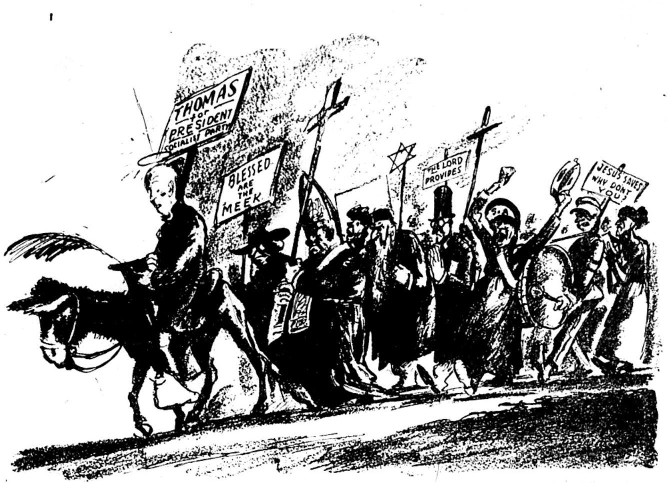
After breakfast, the children themselves make up their beds. The leaders then conduct an inspection of the tents. Classes are then held in American History, on working class struggle, and in literature. After classes—sports work—then wash—then dinner.

After dinner, there is a rest period for 1 hour. Later in the afternoon the children have rowing, swimming, etc. Supper follows. After supper, there is group activities for 1½ hours. In this hour and a half of group work, there are discussion on the arts and crafts; supervised reading; sports work; dramatics; singing; and social. From 8 to 9:15 P. M., on certain days, there is a class in science, camp fires, and indoor sports.

(To Be Continued.)

HALLELUJAH, HERE THEY COME!

By Fred Ellis


THOMAS for PRESIDENT SOCIALIST PARTY
BLESSED ARE THE MEEK
THE LORD PROVIDES
JESUS SAVES WHY DON'T YOU?

The ministers' committee for support of the Reverend Norman Thomas will now get busy to rally the proletariat for the socialist party.

Thomas Advises Mine Fakers

By FRED BRILL

The "Socialist" Candidate Shows Himself a Friend of John L. Lewis

Norman Thomas, Socialist Candidate for President of the U. S. A. has approached the miners' problems: he has spoken in mining towns of West Virginia. In the New Leader of August 11th, he writes his views.

He is for fighting the Communists, but he begins to realize that merely fighting Communists is not enough. He advises the A. F. of L. bureaucracy as well that something more is needed. He writes: "Neither we Socialists nor the A. F. of L. leaders can afford to spend most of our time, energy and thought merely fighting Communism." No?

Than what is your fight, Reverend? Perhaps against the capitalist class? No. Thomas proclaims that "Our big fight is against the apathy, stupidity and hopelessness among the workers which American capitalism so successfully cultivates." No. It is not a question of struggle against the capitalists, so as to rouse the fighting spirit of the working class and draw them into the struggle against capitalism. No. The socialist fight is to dispel apathy, stupidity and hopelessness. How? By telling the miner to vote the socialist ticket.

What about cleaning out the fakers in the labor movement? The Greens, the Wolls, Lewises, etc? How about a change in policy in the labor movement? No. All that is necessary is for the A. F. of L. to join the Amsterdam International, as Thomas argues, "without diminishing desirable national autonomy," which is the same offer made by the Amsterdam fakers and repeatedly rejected by the American labor bureaucrats. Joining Amsterdam without admitting international responsibilities — this is Thomas' solution.

An Ally of Lewis.

Who is to blame for the present conditions in the mining industry? Evidently, the Communists. The labor fakers? They are only partly to blame, and even then, only a part of them. Here are Thomas' own words: "Part of the tragedy must be charged up to the union leadership. Some of Lewis' henchmen have utterly lost the confidence of all sorts of workers." And then Thomas offers as a solution the laying on of socialist hands, as follows: "These rank and filers haven't turned Communist, but have drifted into a state where discontent is temporarily smothered by a dull hopelessness. One of the best of the mine leaders put it in a nutshell last night at Clarksburg when he said: 'We made a big mistake when we forgot the power of socialist ideals to hold our union together.'"

Sigman Tactics.

But haven't the Lewises and Fishwicks followed the same tactics as Sigman and other socialists in the needle trades, as former President Johnston in the Machinists? Of course they have. Haven't they adopted governor's commissions, reorganization of the industry in the bosses' interest; haven't they betrayed strikes and expelled militants? Of course they have. They are following the example of the socialists already—and the result is destruction of the old United Mine Workers of America.

In the New Leader of Aug. 4th, Thomas admits the weakening of the U. M. W. A. by the Indianapolis decision, and that failure to organize West Virginia and Kentucky brought about the present condition. As a solution, Thomas offers the class collaboration policy: "The first fight of the union perhaps will have to be to find a way aiding decent operators who cooperate with it to get business." He proposes "some sort of genuine industrial democracy which, of course, involves recognition of the union . . . nationalization and operation under a public authority representing producers and consumers."

Reformist Slogan.

Thomas' solution is nationalization and federal control of the mining industry under the capitalist system. Tinkering with federal control and ownership is a reformist slogan. Nothing but the abolition of the capitalist system and the establishment of a Workers and Farmers Government will solve the coal miners' problem.

Vote Communist.

A gigantic struggle is being waged in the mining industry for the establishment of a New Miners Union. On the one side are the coal operators backed by Wall Street, and the labor fakers in the U.M.W.A. and in the A. F. L. generally. On the other side are the rank and file members who voted Lewis out of office, and attempted to save the union from destruction, and found that the only way to save the union for the membership was to start a New Miners Union.

The Communists support the new union. The I. W. W. attempts in its small way to make capital for itself, with no result. The socialist party attacks the new Miners' Union; its candidate for president puts most of the blame for the disastrous condition of the mining industry on the Communists; he exonerates most of Lewis' henchmen, blaming only a "part of them." In doing this, it lines up with the reactionaries in the miners union.

The socialist party appeals to the miners for votes in the coming election. But the militant miners will not be caught by this vote catching bait. They know that the Socialist Party is a reformist party, not one of struggle, but of surrender to the bosses. They know that the Workers (Communist) Party is the party of the class struggle, fighting the battle of the exploited worker, and they will support the Workers (Communist) Party in the coming November elections.

Dutch Imperialism Enslaves Indonesia

(Continued.)

Brutality, Deportation of Native Workers Has Brought Awakening of Class-Consciousness

But this is not all! The conciliatory policy of the Governor-General De Graeff towards the right wing of the nationalist movement has thoroughly alarmed the Dutch colonial capitalist group. They fear that the shifting of the majority in the Volksraad from the Dutch to the Indonesians will weaken the dominant position of the Dutch in Indonesia. They are afraid that the Volksraad might then pass resolutions detrimental to the Dutch colonial capital; such measures would, of course, hurt the economic position of the Netherlands in the world. It is, therefore, not very difficult to understand why the imperialist capitalist group commenced a strong campaign against the Governor-General De Graeff.

At the head of this group was Mr. Tripp, president of the Java Bank, who, because of his semi-official position ought to have refrained from any political action against the government. It is the opinion of this banker that vital Dutch interests are at stake, so he organized a protest movement among the Dutch colonials and severely criticized the political attitude of the government. He even succeeded in getting not less than 12,995 signatures of leading citizens, petitioning the governor-general to postpone the partial reorganization of the Volksraad.

The government replied that it did not want to bear the responsibility of the "serious consequences which would arise if the reorganization were delayed." Also the government drew the attention of the European citizens to the fact that "the country is affected by a serious economic crisis, which has unduly influenced a large portion of the population while at the same time a foreign power (meaning Soviet Russia) is doing its utmost to undermine the country and to overthrow the social order, for which purpose it utilizes every possible means of propaganda." Finally, the government warned everybody not to act against its policy, for "he who knowingly hampers the evolution of the country is breaking the branch upon which it is seated."

This policy of the Governor-General De Graeff caused nearly all Dutch citizens to take up a hostile attitude towards him. The reactionary campaign became stronger and stronger. Mr. Staal, formerly Dutch Consul-General at Calcutta, wrote a pamphlet about the colonial question, putting forth precisely the imperialist point of view. His thesis was that Indonesia must be kept at any cost as a Dutch possession, because the vital interests of the Netherlands depend upon it. "The loss of this colony," he said, "would do irreparable injury to the Netherlands and would reduce the prosperity of the Dutch to a critically low standard." For that reason the government must not entertain the question of Indonesian independence. Mr. Staal winds up his pamphlet by saying that the best security for the interests of the Netherlands is "a government which resolutely believes in its own strength, which meets the natives half way in minor points as a righteous and gentle friend, but which does not hesitate to show in unmistakeable terms who the master is as soon as the vital interests of the Dutch are endangered."

Another strong attack on the liberal colonial policy comes from the "Ondernemersraad"—Dutch Employers' Association—whose chairman and propagandist is Mr. Treub. Their principal thesis is that the Netherlands would be degraded to the rank of an insignificant nation, if Indonesia became independent.

It is beyond the scope of this article to point out all the shades of the reactionary Dutch imperialist propaganda with regard to Indonesia, but the above is sufficient to throw light upon its character and power.

All this sharp, strong reactionary agitation finally succeeded in influencing the attitude of the governor-general towards the nationalist movement. A former Dutch official of high position in Indonesia recently said: "Though Mr. De Graeff came to Indonesia with the best of intentions in regard to the rapid political development of the country, he is unable to escape the powerful influence of the reactionary group which really runs the colony." The Governor-General De Graeff's speech at the opening session (May 15) of the Volksraad shows clearly his change of front and that he is now working hand in hand with the Dutch colonial capitalists. With regard to the uneasiness displayed by the Dutch imperialists both in the Netherlands and in Indonesia, De Graeff said that the question of altering the position of the Dutch in Indonesia is not within the sphere of practical politics, and that "the Dutch leadership in this country will continue for a long while yet." At the same time he split the nationalist movement into the evolutionary nationalists, who can depend upon the sympathy of the government, and the revolutionary nationalists on whom the government is ever keeping a watchful eye. He tried to keep the two "sections" apart by arguing that there was a fundamental difference between them and by warning the so-called "sound nationalists" against the "destructive nationalists."

In the Explanatory Memorandum of the Provisional Report of the Volksraad, the government's attitude has been precisely defined in the following sentence:

"Only on the basis of the maintenance of the leadership of the Dutch will the native popular movement get the hearing or sympathy of the government."

It is no wonder that such a declaration gives satisfaction to the Dutch citizens of Indonesia. The most reactionary newspaper "Het Neiws van den Dag van Ned. Indie" eulogizes the utterance of Dr. Graeff in which he categorically states that Dutch leadership in Indonesia is indispensable for many years to come, while the "Java Bode" joyfully declares that the words of the governor-general can be likened to a bomb thrown into the ranks of the nationalists. Yet another reactionary newspaper "Het Soerabajaasch Handelsblad" wrote the following: "The words of the governor-general do the Dutch heart good, and will contribute very much towards reestablishing the contact between the governor-general and the Dutch people. These words will inspire confidence in the Dutch people who are much concerned regarding the guiding principles of the policy of the colonial government."

(To Be Continued.)

Told You So

NO matter how cleverly imperialist powers succeed in preventing the government of the Soviet Union from getting its revolutionary propaganda across at given moments, they only succeed in whetting the public appetite for what Russia has to say later on. The U. S. S. R. has a very revolutionary program for world peace. It actually suggests that the capitalist powers agree to drop their dirks, the Soviet Union of course doing likewise and simultaneously. This program is anathema to the imperialist statesmen who are kidding the masses with peace drivel while their respective governments are arming for another war.

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T. J. O'Flaherty

THE Soviet Government was not included among the governments originally invited to sign the Pact of Paris, which was conceived in Washington and delivered by "Nervous Nellie" Kellogg in the city of joy. Perhaps Kellogg feared that Litvinoff would shake things up again as he did at Geneva with the famous disarmament proposal. Anyhow, Russia was not invited with the first batch of powers, but was permitted to come in later on with Siam and Albania. It was alright anyhow. The Soviet Government hasn't a swelled head. So Maxim Litvinoff, assistant foreign minister had the great honor to write a long letter to the French ambassador telling why his government would sign the pact, tho it was of the opinion that it did not amount to a tinker's damn. And this letter appeared on the front page of every big newspaper in the United States and no doubt in all other countries.

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THE Daily Worker pointed out a week ago that Kellogg had a political reason for visiting the Irish Free State and passing up England. Now, all the capitalist papers are discussing the incident at length. They conclude that it is a gesture against England. That is just what it is. The approach of the United States to Egypt for an arbitration treaty was another gesture. Both Ireland and Egypt are hardly nominally free. But they are free enough to have the right to receive tourists. So, immediately after Kellogg signed the peace pact in Paris with Lord Cushendon of England, the American secretary of state proceeded to renew the diplomatic war against England by visiting Ireland, where British imperialists are as popular as rationalists at a Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton service.

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A HORNET was turned loose at a League of Nations session in Geneva when the Colombian representative made a speech branding the Monroe Doctrine as an instrument of oppression and supporting the demand made by Costa Rica, that the League Council give an interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine. The Chilean and Cuban members of the council took the same position as the Colombian and it is believed that the League Council will state its position on the question. It is not stated in news dispatches that Great Britain, the owner of the League of Nations took steps to block the discussion. Perhaps Britain wants to let Kellogg do a little worrying while he is playing golf in Ireland.

• • •

THE international figures who have often been down but never down and out met in London a few days ago. The two gentlemen are, James Joseph Tunney, the big sock and syllable man, and Edward P., the Prince of Wails and horse-falls. Gene expressed surprise over the prince's knowledge of boxing. Whether the prince inquired how a pugilist can win a fight by staying a discreet length of time on the floor after he gets knocked out before assuming a perpendicular position, we do not know. Such information might come in handy to the prince the next time a horse puts him standing on his neck. If the prince could come up reading a book instead of jiggling a collar bone, he might be given the decision that has hitherto gone to the horse.

• • •

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST may be for Al Smith or against him for all we know after reading his cable to the Brooklyn Eagle. It is true that on the face of the message one unacquainted with Willie would conclude that Al was on his black books. But then with a few exceptions, there is no record of anybody supported by the publisher getting far. The exceptions are ex-Mayor Hylan and a well-known actress.

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THERE is yet time for Hearst to declare for the democratic party, the republican party, the socialist party or for William Randolph Hearst. It will not make much difference which party the publisher supports. The party with the biggest contingency fund on election day will get the electoral votes.

Tom O'Flaherty

CHARGE QUEENS SEWER GRAFTERS MURDERED D'OLIER, WITNESS

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY
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WORKERS [COMMUNIST] PARTY GOES ON BALLOT IN OHIO

British "Labor Leaders" Appeal for Police Protection Against Starving Welsh Miners

EXPEL SEAMEN'S UNION FOR HELP TO COAL MINERS

Jobless Men March Past Hall; Hold Open Air Meet in Park

Crocodile Turner Cries

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Fear of the officials of the sixteenth annual convention of the British Trade Union Congress which opened here today that a large delegation of unemployed Welsh miners would try to invade the hall and present their case to the conference caused them to appeal to the police for protection and heavy guards were held in readiness to repel the starving workers.

The miners, however, marched quietly past the Congress building and held their meeting in a park.

Following the appeal to the police, Ben Turner, president of the Congress, said: "Unemployment is a perpetual nightmare of the workers. It is breaking down the physical standards of the nation."

MORGAN GRIP ON MEXICO TIGHTENS

Control of National Railways Looms

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 3 (UP).—Rehabilitation of the National Railways cannot be accomplished unless they are administered as a private enterprise, Luis Montes De Oca, secretary of treasury, said in his annual report to congress today. He urged that statutes be changed so that the railways could progress comparably with those of other countries.

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The recommendation of Luis Montes De Oca, Mexican secretary of treasury, that the railways of Mexico be taken out of state control is regarded as a maneuver designed to place the Mexican railways under control of J. P. Morgan and Co., thus more effectively tying Mexico to the apron-strings of American finance-capital.

Last year when Mexican finances were in an unusually low state, an international bankers' committee headed by Thomas W. Lamont, of J. P. Morgan and Co., considered some method of settlement of Mexican debts to them. It was unofficially reported that one of the recommendations of the committee was that the railroads become a private instead of a state monopoly. The report of the Mexican secretary of treasury to congress is thus in compliance with the wishes of this Morgan-controlled committee.

GREEN ORATES IN CLEVELAND

Labor Fakers Fawn Before Bosses

(Special to the Daily Worker)

CLEVELAND, Sept. 3.—After [illegible] insisting that International May Day, the true American Labor Day, is "entirely European in origin and character," William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, delivered himself of his annual Labor Day oration at Genuga Lake Park here by thanking the American capitalist government as "having done something fine and noble when it honored labor by creating a national holiday and designating it Labor Day.

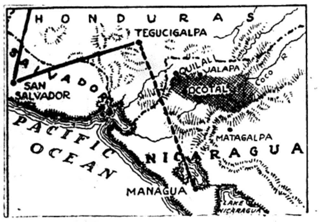
Completely unmindful of the "insignificant" fact that the working class creates all and should therefore feel less humble at receiving such "overwhelming honors," the

Continued on Page Five

TUNNEY IN PARIS.

PARIS, Sept. 3.—Gene Tunney, retired heavyweight champion, arrived here tonight.

Stronghold of Army of Independence



The Sandino Nationalist army has slowly and steadily lured the marines back into the jungles and the torturous Nicaraguan valleys. The armies are "still advancing." In the opinion of military experts, the marines will be "still advancing" until the end of time at their present rate. Experts contend that it will take many more thousand marines than the United States now has in Nicaragua to subdue the army of independence while it has a friendly population to feed it and to recruit from, and a rugged, defensive country to campaign in. The map shows the scene of the latest operations, the Coco River country, fever-swamp and jungle.

TO HOLD CONFERENCE FOR MILL STRIKERS

BOSTON, Sept. 3.—A call rallying all working class forces in New England for a conference to build up substantial machinery for the defense of the hundreds of victims of the court and police terror in the bitter New Bedford and Fall River textile strikes, was issued by the New England District of the International Labor Defense over the signature of its Secretary-Organizer, Robert Zelms.

All of that organization's locals, branches and affiliated bodies, all trade unions and other sympathetic societies are called upon to send delegates to the conference which will be held here Sunday, Sept. 23, at 10 a.m., in Paine Memorial Hall, 9 Appelton St.

The appeal broadcast and the instructions it gives are in part as follows:

"The records of the New Bedford police already show more than 500 arrests in that city alone in their

Continued on Page Three

TEXTILE PICKET LINES STRONGER

Expose Fake Federal Mediation Scheme

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 3.—Simultaneous with the extensive preparations that were being made during the last few days for the textile strikers' parade today, special attention was being paid to plans for strengthening the picketing of mills, and particularly homes, beginning with tomorrow. Reliable reports have it that the mill barons intend to launch an intensified drive to build up a "sizable" nucleus of strikebreakers by sending special agents to the homes of mill operatives.

Never was an army of tens of thousands of strikers more unanimously adamant in its refusal to keep out of the mills. This and the fact that Labor Day has already been reached without any sign of

Continued on Page Three

GENERAL MOTORS HEAD FOR HOOVER

Partner Backs Smith; Win Either Way

Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., president of the General Motors Corporation, yesterday announced his support of Herbert Hoover, republican presidential candidate, in a statement which at the same time endorsed the G. O. P. platform.

John J. Raskob had previously officially announced his "resignation" as chairman of the finance

Continued on Page Two

MINOR TO SPEAK AT RIDGEWOOD

Election Rally Called by German Conference

Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for the U. S. senate from New York state, will be the principal speaker at the election rally of Brooklyn and Queens to be held at the Queens County Labor Lyceum, 785 Forest Ave., Ridgewood on Friday, Sept. 7, at 8 p. m. Joseph Berg, well-known German speaker will deliver an address in German, and Erich R. Saenger, secretary of the German Language Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party will be the chairman.

This election mass meeting is being called by the German Election Campaign Conference, organized some time ago by the German Language Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party. Several Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit branches, German singing societies, the Arbeiterbund, the German branch, Ridgewood, of the International Labor Defense, and the German Language Bureau will participate in the conference.

NEGRO AIDS NEW UNION

Miner's Wife Will Attend Convention

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 3.—The Indiana Women's Auxiliaries will be represented at the National Miners Convention by Mrs. Ora Boyce, of Clinton. Mrs. Boyce has been doing excellent work in both Kentucky and Indiana, speaking at mass meetings and union meetings for the new union.

Mrs. Boyce, who is a Negro sister, has been especially useful in organizing the miners of her race into locals for the new union, and their women-folk into auxiliaries.

"We must not allow the same mistakes the U. M. W. A. officials made," Mrs. Boyce says. "The new union is not discriminating against any miner. The Negro miners are all rallying to the new union because they know they will get a square deal. In the delegation coming from Indiana, the Negroes will be represented. We will take part in building our union."

SPEED ELECTION OF DELEGATES TO MINE MEET

Arrangement Committee Issues Appeal to All Locals

Convention 5 Days Off

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 3.—As every day brings the National Convention to build a new Miners Union closer, the speeding-up of the elections of delegates to participate in the momentous rank and file meeting is requested by the Convention Arrangements Committee. Over the signatures of John J. Watt, chairman and Pat Toohey, secretary the following appeal has been issued:

To all Local Unions and Progressive Groups:

Dear Brothers:

When you receive this letter there will be only a few days left before the National Miners Convention convenes in Pittsburgh, Pa. We expect that you have already made the fight in the local unions to secure delegates to this convention and made a successful fight. However, should you have failed in these efforts, due to being blocked by the remnants of the reactionary machine, it is essential that your progressive group immediately get together in a regular meeting and select your delegates.

Secondly, make all arrangements possible for collection of finances for your delegates as well as arrangements for transportation by automobile, bus or whatever is convenient and cheap.

Thirdly, please remember that we are already now in the process of building the New National Miners' Union in the place of the one which has been wrecked by the joint efforts of the coal operators and the corrupt Lewis machine. It is therefore necessary that we go to work immediately to prepare to have all your local unions affiliate with the new union. Make arrangements to have your local union go on record for securing charter and dues cards from the New National Miners Union.

A successful convention means speeding of the good work to build

Continued on Page Five

HILLMAN HOLDS FAKE ELECTIONS

Left Wingers are Ruled Off Ballots

With annual monotony the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union will hold its election farce today and tomorrow in several sections of the city in order to put the "democratic seal" on the reactionaries appointed by the Hillman-Schlossberg machine at the last national convention of the union.

Disregarding the mass demand for the elimination of Beckerman, Joint Board czar, from the ranks of organized labor—this demand coming even from workers not professedly left wing—Beckerman and his entire coterie of henchmen are on the ballot to fill positions of manager, assistants, trade managers and business agents. This despite the fact that the largest locals in New York voted overwhelmingly not to allow Beckerman on the ballot.

Militants Ruled Off.

Left wingers, progressives and all other workers who have courage enough to openly manifest opposition to the sell-out policies of Beckerman and Hillman were arbitrarily ruled off the ballot. If the workers'

Continued on Page Two

RUMOR CHAMBERLAIN RETIRE

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Rumors that Sir Austen Chamberlain, British imperialist foreign secretary, is about to retire from the political arena, in which he has been instrumental in putting across several of the worst imperialist measres ever perpetrated on the British colonies, was voiced in London official circles today.

For a New Miners' Union! Fight Cossacks

Cossacks warming up for action in Pennsylvania. Not only the Pennsylvania delegation to the National Miners Convention for Building a New Union which will meet in Pittsburgh from September to 16, but miners from all over the country can remember similar instances of open war used against them by the mine barons with the connivance of the capitalist state and their own reactionary misleaders. They are determined to build a strong union.

TRAINMEN VOTE SOLID FOR STRIKE

Officials May Prevent Walk-out

CHICAGO, Sept. 3 (UP).—Trainmen and conductors of 55 western railroads have voted almost "one hundred per cent for a walkout," A. F. Whitney of Cleveland, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, announced tonight.

"The complete tabulation has not been made," Whitney told the United Press. "The result will be close to 100 per cent for a strike, however."

Whitney arrived here today to meet with E. P. Curtis, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, and other officials and members of the "Strike Committee" to tabulate the vote and to consider the tentative proposal the railroads have offered for mediation.

The committee, numbering between 115 and 120 men, will consider the proposal of the roads at a meeting Tuesday and will vote whether or not to accept it. In event the committee would vote to accept the proposal the strike vote would be set aside, Whitney said.

A strike, if called, would affect 70,000 men. The controversy over which the men threaten to strike has been waging for several months. The workers originally demanded increases of from 10 to 18 per cent. The roads offered to meet the wage demands in part but sought to have certain working conditions included in the agreement.

The men refused the offer and the strike vote resulted.

Young Worker League Dist. 2, Meets Tonight

A general membership meeting of the Young Workers (Communist) League of District 2 will be held tonight at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

Matters of immediate importance will be taken up and discussed at the meeting, and every member of the Young Workers (Communist) League should be present.

FRENCH TEXTILE STRIKE

PARIS, Sept. 3.—The rank and file of the other textile unions, headed by labor reactionaries, have joined the strike of textile workers in Northern France, which was called by the Communist textile union which delivered an ultimatum to the Northern France Textile Syndicate demanding more wages and threatening a general strike on September 2 if their demands are not met.

MURDER IS SEEN IN DEATH OF SEWER MAN

Because William L. D'Olier, president of the Sanitation Corporation of 420 Lexington Ave., whose body was found near the Mt. Zion Cemetery in Maspeth, L. I., with a bullet through his temple Sunday morning "knew too much" about graft in Queens sewer contracts, he is now dead.

During the past 24 hours three things have been established—that an autopsy substantiates the belief that D'Olier did not meet his death by suicide; that the .32 caliber revolver, with one discharged cartridge, in his right hand was not his own. Finally, that although the body was found with the head resting in sharp rocks, as though it had

Continued on Page Two

To Report On Needle Trades at Meets of Party Sections 2, 3

The membership of Sections 2 and 3 of the New York District of the Workers (Communist) Party will attend special section meetings tomorrow evening at 7.30 to hear Charles S. Zimmerman, leader of the Cloak and Dressmakers National Organization Committee, and Irving Potash of the New York Joint Board, Furriers Union, deliver a report on "The Present Situation in the Needle Trades."

The reports will be delivered at the section headquarters, 101 West 27th St., after unit meetings will have been held. All units will close their meetings promptly at 7:30 o'clock.

According to a statement issued by the sections' industrial organizers the reports by Zimmerman and Potash are of the greatest importance at this vital moment in the struggle of the needle trades workers, and therefore to the entire Party membership in these industrial areas.

NEW DRIVE ON TAXI MEN

Yellow Cab Has Aid of Tammany Hall

Actively co-operating with the big open-shop taxi corporation, the Tammany police has begun a new campaign to drive independent taxi drivers out of existence. The campaign has taken the form of a gradually widening edict whereby public hack stands are being abolished. This is in addition, of course, to the systematic persecution and intimidation of cab drivers by the police.

Taxi drivers report that bans have been placed on a number of the most profitable hack stands. One of the latest to be abolished has been the stand on Seventh Ave., between 33rd and 34th St., in front of the Pennsylvania Hotel, which has been the favorite hack stand for more than 100 taxi drivers since the hotel was built.

When the hotel owners were

Continued on Page Five

20,000 SIGNATURES ARE COLLECTED BY WORKERS IN BIG OPEN SHOP STATE

William Patterson, Labor Veteran, Heads Ohio Ticket

1,000 Volunteers to Be Sent Thruout State On Agitational Tours

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 3.—For the first time in its history, the Workers (Communist) Party has qualified for a position on the official ballot in the great mining, manufacturing and agricultural state of Ohio.

The placing of the Communist ticket on the Ohio ballot is a big factor for the Workers (Communist) Party and a tribute to the enthusiasm with which the members of the Party in the Ohio District faced the tremendous task of collecting the 20,000 signatures necessary to comply with the terms of the law.

Mine, Steel Workers Aid.

Of the 20,000 signatures, 10,000 were collected in Cleveland alone.

In the mining and steel regions the workers not only signed the Communist petitions willingly, but assisted in the securing of signatures.

This willingness is attributed to the active part played by the Party in the great coal strike which raged in Ohio for over a year. The Communists stood with the left wing in the United Mine Workers Union against the operators and the Lewis machine which deliberately sought to break down the morale of the strikers and send them back to work on the employers' terms. When the strike was finally broken and the union destroyed, the Communists took the lead in fighting to bulid the new union.

Open Shop State.

This is a state notorious for its open shop drives, as the birthplace of the infamous "Ohio gang" including Warren Gamaliel Harding, Harry Daugherty and Jess Smith, unofficial head of the bribe-collection section of the department of justice.

Ohio has contributed more capitalist presidents and presidential candidates to the nation than any state in the union. It threw up Mark Hanna, the man who put electioneering on a gold basis, and John D. Rockefeller, the oily king of gasoline got his start there. Norman Thomas, who is now leading what is left of the socialist party back to Jesus, first saw the light of salvation in Marion, O., the late Gemaliel's home town.

The district organizer, I. Amter, and the Campaign Committee of Party District No. 5, with headquarters in Cleveland, under the direction of N. Schaffer, mapped out a plan for all sections of the state and assigned quotas to each Party organization in the district.

Workers Remember.

The steel workers of Youngstown, Warren and other cities remembered the great steel strike which was led by William Z. Foster, candidate for president on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket this year. They know that today only the Communists are actively engaged propagandizing the workers in all industries for militant trade unionism, the reactionary leaders of the A. F. of L. and the socialist party having gone over bag and baggage to the employing classes.

Ohio was the first state to send a revolutionist to jail for opposition to the war. Charles E. Ruthenberg, late executive secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, delivered a speech against the war shortly after it was declared in the public square of Cleveland and was sent to jail in Canton prison for one year.

Revolutionary Traditions.

It was in Canton that Eugene V. Debs was arrested for his famous anti-war speech and sentenced to 10 years in Atlanta.

The left wing of the socialist party of Ohio was expelled on the eve of the socialist convention in Chicago in 1919 with the entire state of Michigan. Ruthenberg, who was secretary of the Cleveland section of the socialist party, was the leader of the left wing in Ohio and was

Continued on Page Five

FIND NEW PLOT AGAINST USSR; MANY ARRESTED

G. P. U. Seizes Heads of Four Moscow Factories

War Danger Is Seen

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 3 (UP).—The C. P. U. announced today that they had arrested the directors of four large Moscow factories, several technical chiefs, officials of various trusts and private traders, accused of bribery.

It was charged that raw materials, of which there is a shortage, were imported for government use and were diverted to private channels.

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KOENIGSBERG, East Prussia, Sept. 3.—An unconfirmed dispatch from Moscow today states that directors of four of the largest factories in Moscow, and a number of technicians in various industries, have been arrested by the G. P. U. The prisoners are charged with participation in plots against production and for the overthrow of the Soviet government.

Similarity of the present arrests and charges to those in the celebrated Shakhta trial of several months ago have been pointed out and rumors that the present conspirators were financed by enemies of the Soviet Union outside the country have been made.

New clouds of war hovering on the horizon were freely discussed today following disclosure of the arrests.

Al Smith's Bed Fellow Makes Labor Day Spiel

(Special to the Daily Worker)

DALLAS, Texas, Sept. 3.—The usual blarney about the "dignity of labor" was emitted by Joseph P. Robinson, vice-presidential candidate on the democratic ticket, in a Labor Day speech here today.

He approved the "principle of collective bargaining" and shadow-boxed against the "abuse" of labor injunctions.

Robinson spoke under the auspices of the labor skates of the city.

GAS BLAST IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Sept. 3 (UP).—Chicago's northwest side was shaken today when three 1,500-gallon tanks of gasoline exploded, shattering windows in nearby homes. Frederick Schard, the only worker near the tanks, was injured probably fatally. He was thrown 20 feet by the blast.

Bukharin's Speech in Reply to Discussion on the International Situation

Bukharin's speech in reply to the discussion on the international situation at the Sixth Congress of the Communist International began in Saturday's Daily Worker. Those sections already published are: "I. The Positive and Negative Sides of the Discussion, "II. The Stabilization of Capitalism and the Controversy over the 'Third Period,'" and "III. The War Question is the Central Question."

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IV. The External and Internal Contradictions of the Capitalist System

Thus, the imperialists say: We don't want war, the U. S. S. R. wants war. Pilsudski says: I don't want war, the U. S. S. R. wants war. Meanwhile, all of them are feverishly preparing for a war of aggression against the U. S. S. R. and for war among themselves. I do not wish to assert that this war will break out for certain within the next few months. No one can say in what month, or even in what year war will break out. But the point is not whether war will break out within a year or two or three. The point is that the danger of war is growing from month to month. I think that this is perfectly clear. It is to the imperialists' interests to obscure this thesis and the social democrats are interested in the same thing. But there is no reason why we should conceal this fact. Hence, I cannot agree to the significance of this fact being diminished in any form, even in the form of separating external contradictions from internal contradictions.

Several comrades, as it were, keep internal contradictions in one pocket and external contradictions in another. There were several comrades of our delegation who adopted the same attitude, but they received no support. Is this attitude correct? No, it is not. It is the reflection of an underestimation of the war danger. From the objective point of view it is the reflection of right wing dangers in the Communist International. The principal danger that threatens us is the under-estimation of the war danger. In view of the fact that this question is by no means a simple one, on the contrary, it is a very complicated one, I think it is my duty to explain it in the most elementary manner possible, in order to avoid any possible misunderstandings and in order to obtain a clearest possible picture of it.

First of all, are there any persons in the Communist International who under-estimate the war danger? Undoubtedly there are. Comrade Thorez, Semard, Ercoli and many other comrades referred to it. All of us have said and emphasized, for example, that the Chinese revolution and Japan's war against China have not been sufficiently reflected in the work of the Parties affiliated to the Communist International. Therefore, the objective situation reveals a continuous increase in the war danger, if the position of the imperialists and social democrats is absolutely clear, then we must take the under-estimation of the war danger seriously into consideration. This under-estimation of the war danger follows from the fact that the war danger is regarded as an ordinary problem, as one of many equally important problems. We do not link up the war danger with other questions in such a way as to subordinate all our other tasks combatting approaching war. And this is precisely what we must do if our actions are to correspond to the objective situation and to our tasks of the day. This is why I would like to enlarge on this thesis.

You know, comrades, that in his article on the Hague Conference, Lenin wrote, that in time of war or immediately on the eve of war a section of the Communist press will undoubtedly disgrace itself. Of course, it may be said that Lenin was a "pessimist." But the fact is, we have these words written in black and white by Lenin. Shall we say that this was an "incautious" expression to use? I do not know whether this forecast will be realised, but I do know that such a danger exists in view of the under-estimation of the war danger. I ask you what other danger is there to compare with this one? Almost none, for this is the fundamental question of the whole situation.

How the Question of External and Internal Contradictions Should be Presented

I ask you to verify the question as to whether this is the fundamental question or not. If you decide that this is the fundamental question then it will be easy for you to draw the necessary conclusions. In my opinion, attempts to transfer the center of gravity from the question of the war danger to that of the internal contradictions or to some other, imply a failure to understand the seriousness of the situation. This question is closely connected with the under-estimation of the intervention which has already commenced in China. I think also that it is connected with what I referred to in my speech: the inadequate internationalism of our Communist Parties.

The question of the internal contradictions and the connection these have with the external contradictions is a very complicated one.

I have already pointed out that some comrades, as it were, put the internal contradictions in one pocket and the external contradictions in the other. Such an attitude does not correspond to the objective state of affairs and must inevitably lead to erroneous tactical conclusions. Let us examine the question. First of all I ask you: is revolution possible without war? This is quite a legitimate question. The answer is: of course it is possible. It would be absurd to suggest that an immediate revolutionary situation can arise only in connection with war. It is true that history shows that in a majority of cases revolutions have been connected with war. Examples of these are: the Paris Commune, which arose during the Franco-Prussian war; the first great revolution in Russia in 1905, which broke out immediately following the Russo-Japanese war; the February and October Revolutions of 1917 in Russia and a number of European and Asiatic revolutions, which broke out in connection with the world war—all these revolutions were closely connected with wars. But can it be asserted that in our times an immediate revolutionary situation in countries like Germany and Czechoslovakia can arise only in connection with war? Such an assertion would be absurd and from the practical point of view it would imply that we must "wait" for war to break out, and that we must take into account only one single perspective in our work. The question is: must we, as subjective factors, as a definite force, prepare for revolutionary situations under all circumstances? Of course we must. I repeat, it would be absurd to propose any other tactics. But, speaking generally, the degree of probability of revolution in either of these cases are not the same. I would formulate this in the following way: immediate revolutionary situations are possible, and perhaps even probable in Europe say, even without wars; but it is absolutely inevitable in the event of war. In the event of war revolution is historically inevitable; wars will be inevitably accompanied by revolutions. Thus, it would be radically wrong to deny the possibility of an immediate revolutionary situation arising as a result of the development of internal contradictions alone.

Rejecting as I do the eclectic point of view of the comrades who isolate internal from external contradictions I must deal with the mutual relations of these contradictions.

What are the mutual relations between these two categories of facts, where is the function point, which is to serve as the starting point or the conclusions we must draw? In my opinion, world economic contradictions, the great world conflicts are of first class importance in this respect. Take England for example. Are the internal contradictions becoming more acute there? Of course they are. The growth of those contradictions in Great Britain are connected with the process of decline of the British Empire. But has not the process of decline of the British Empire its roots, in the majority of cases, in the international sitation? Is it not due to the competition of the United States, to the centrifugal tendencies of the British Dominions and partly also of the colonies, and a number of other international factors? Picture to yourself a different international milieu for British capitalism, and the results will be altogether different.

Now take another example, the internal contradictions in Germany. Who does not know that it was American capitalism that facilitated the stabilization of Germany. Can we in this case draw a sharp line of demarcation between internal and international factors? Just imagine for a moment America refusing to supply credits to Germany (a prospect that is held out by the Economist, Paish)—and internal collapse is inevitable.

Now take another category of factors. Why should we deal only with economics? I have in mind politics and, partly also economic policy. We talk about "industrial peace," "Mondism," about the treachery of social democracy and of how it is becoming merged with the state apparatus, etc. All this is 100 per cent true. But try and explain these processes merely from the point of view of the growth of internal contradictions. You will not be able to explain them. What is "peace in industry?" It is the most sharply expressed form of the class truce—the best form of war preparations. Those who fail to understand that, lose sight of the very essentials of the question. Why was the Trade Union Act passed in Great Britain? Is it possible for us to understand this "internal" act if we ignore external problems and completely lose sight of the preparations for war? If we ignore this point, in this way we shall be incapable of carrying on any agitation whatever against this act. Does not the new orientation of social democracy towards the internal question of class truce intensify the treacherous role of social democracy in foreign politics? Is this not clear to every infant? Is there anyone so foolish as to deny the connection that exists between Paul Boncour's military law with the internal situation in France as well as with its foreign relationships? I could quote numerous examples of a similar character. But the examples I have already quoted are sufficient to convince us that all other problems are subordinate to the central problem of the war danger, to the problem of war. This applies to the problems of internal politics and to internal contradictions. Any other approach to the question of internal politics and to the tactical problems connected with them are unsound and certainly not revolutionary.

The Fight Against the War Danger Must Permeate All Our Day to Day Work.

We all start out from the point that it is necessary to intensify our day to day mass struggle. Several Parties are limping along very badly in this respect. But everyone is agreed with the theory of it. What then is the difference between our day to day work and the day to day work of the social democrats? There surely must be a difference. What is this difference? The difference is that Communists must link up the day to day questions of so-called "high politics." Take a British Communist for example. What sort of agitation must he carry on among the masses when, for example, he has to lead, say, a small strike? The fight against restriction of trade union rights in any form must be linked up with the fight against the Trade Union Act. In its turn the fight against the Trade Union Act must be linked up with the fight against "Mondism" and with the fight against war. The fight against war must be linked up with the fight for the dictatorship of the proletariat. If he does not act in this way he is not a Communist. The broad masses of the proletariat who took part in the last world war know the "price" and know the incalculable suffering that the imperialist bourgeoisie inflicted upon humanity. In our day to day work we must point to the danger of war in connection with every day to day question of any importance. We could quite easily give up this trump card, but it would be a very silly thing to do from the political point of view. I want to put this question very clearly before the comrades and ask them to ponder over it. In my opinion we may make two estimations of the situation, and from each of these, different tactical orientations will follow. One orientation is that which does not co-ordinate general problems with everyday problems, and the other orientation which certainly does link up every day to day demand with the problem of war—the problem which in our day is the central problem. In their tactics Communists must unfailingly link up every minor, everyday problem with the big general problems. It goes without saying that this calls for considerable ability. High-sounding phrases are not enough. We must employ astute methods of propaganda and agitation; not isolate but co-ordinate them and subordinate all problems to the problem of war. In criticizing the social democrats (rights as well as "lefts," who are the most subtle and most pernicious deceivers of the working class) we must emphasize that "industrial democracy" and arbitration are not only of economic significance, but that they are also means for the preparation for war. We must open the eyes of the proletariat and the poor peasants to this fact. This is how we must carry on our propaganda, this is the direction towards which we must orientate the whole of our tactical line. We do not want a jumble of numerous facts; but from all the facts, from all the developing tendencies we must bring out the central point, the central problem of the war danger. In co-ordinating our partial demands with the problem of war, with the struggle against war, we must also link them up with the propaganda for the dictatorship of the proletariat. It may so happen, of course, that the immediate struggle for the dictatorship of the proletariat will come to the forefront even if there is no war. But we must note the fact that the coming war is already casting its evil shadow before.

Thus, I have analysed the mutual relations between internal and external problems. I have emphasized that an eclectic approach to this question is impermissible. This analysis has brought out the necessity for a firm and determined line and the necessity for concentrating attention on the problem of war; the need for linking up this problem with all other problems, the need for special propaganda and agitation in order to prepare the proletariat for the struggle against the bourgeoisie and against social democracy. Such is our fundamental tactical line. It is the only possible line for the Communist International.

• • •

Bukharin's speech will be continued in tomorrow's Daily Worker when the fifth section, "V. Problems connected with the work of the Communist Parties," will be published.

TEXTILE PICKET LINES STRONGER

Expose Fake Federal Mediation Scheme

Continued from Page One

a break in their ranks are the cause for frenzied attempts to marshall scabs, strengthen the police terror and call in federal "conciliators" of the strikebreaking Wood type.

In spite of the rumors of rallying scabs, two of the most important mills here, the Potomska and the Kilburn, were compelled to announce to their office force, minor superintendents and other petty foremen, that the mills are compelled to dismiss them until further notice.

Charles Wood, federal labor commissioner, announced that he is intensifying his efforts for a settlement. Surprisingly little attention is being paid to his efforts by the workers, who are determined not to permit their inspiring struggle to be betrayed by a fake settlement Wood and the Textile Council officialdom may reach without taking into consideration the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees, who are the real representatives of the strikers. Wood said he had applied to Secretary of Labor Davis for two more members of the commission to be sent here.

• • •

The removal of the governor-appointed judges who have sent hundreds of strikers to jail, donation to strikers' relief of the sums returned by the authorities to the mill owners as tax rebates on their property and the immediate termination of the police terror against mass picketing, are three of the outstanding demands to be made of Governor Fuller when the committee of 40 strikers go to Boston to keep their appointment with him.

Although by no means Utopian enough to believe that Fuller will concede these justifiable demands, the leaders of the textile strikers take this step in order to further expose the governental machine and show that even the higher officialdom are directly responsible for the oppression of strikers in Fall River.

STRATON AGAIN

John Roach Straton, notorious Holy Roller, yesterday revived his attack on Tammany Al Smith, calling him the "chief friend of liquor in America today."

HOLD PARLEY FOR STRIKE DEFENSE

Boston Conference for Mill Strikers

Continued from Page One

effort to break up the mass picketing. Many of the workers have been arrested numerous times and their sentences total, in some cases, as high as two years. Their fines run into thousands of dollars. The bail that is now posted with the courts amounts to more than $250,000, involving security running up to $500,000.

"In Fall River 82 workers have been arrested for their strike activities. Their sentences amount to many months in jail and heavy fines. The judge has just handed down a ruling that is practically without precedent, deciding that the bail posted for an arrested striker is to be forfeited if the striker is again arrested! The bail put up for the Fall River strikers amounts to $35,000.

"The International Labor Defense, a national, non-partisan, working-class organization, whose aim is to defend all workers, irrespective of their opinions or affiliations, from attacks, arrests and imprisonment, or deportation at the hands of the capitalists and their institutions, has been busily engaged in the strike of New Bedford and Fall River, just as it is engaged in every similar struggle. It has furnished lawyers and legal defense to all the arrested workers, seen to it that bail was obtained, and helped to rally workers in other parts of the country to the aid of the strikers.

"The main defense work for the New Bedford and Fall River strikers has been conducted by the New England District Office of the I. L. D., at enormous expense. All the strike cases have been appealed and will come up for trial by jury at the next session of the Superior Court, while additional new cases come up almost daily. All available financial and moral support must be mobilized for the defense of the textile strikers.

"For this reason it has been decided to call a special conference of the International Labor Defense of New England District.

"All sections of the militant and conscious labor movement, regardless of differences between them, must be mobilized for this fight.

"The representation at the Special District Conference will be as follows:

"1. Each branch of the I. L. D. is entitled to send two delegates.

"2. Each local organization of the I. L. D. (in cities having more than one branch) is entitled to send two delegates, one of whom is to be the local secretary.

"3. All trade unions, co-operatives, workers fraternal societies, clubs and other organizations sympathetic to the aims of International Labor Defense, are entitled to two delegates each.

"4. Former class-war prisoners, influential individuals interested in labor defense, and members of the District Committee of the I. L. D., are invited to attend the conference as fraternal delegates.

"5. The expenses of all delegates attending the conference are to be paid by the delegates themselves or by the organizations they represent.

"It is the aim of the International Labor Defense to make this conference of New England an imposing demonstration of the unity of all progressive elements in the labor movement for the defense of New Bedford and Fall River strikers and for support of all persecuted workers and their families and for organized resistance to capitalist persecution in America and throughout the world.

"All organizations which favor this idea are urgently requested to send delegates to the conference. Credential form enclosed herewith. Please notify the District Office as soon as your delegates are elected.

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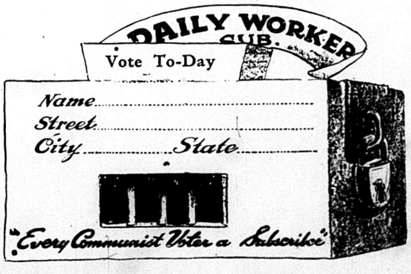

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ECTRICAL WORKER, DAILY WORKER READER, SAYS MEN ITCHING TO FIGHT BROACH

a Worker Correspondent)

Daily Worker of Aug. 7, deal[illegible] the electrical industry and [illegible] with H. H. Broach and [illegible]ainly was an eye-opener to thousands of electricians of New York and vicinity.

The members of local 3, as well as the unorganized electricians, are finding out who their friends and who their enemies are. Mr. Broach, who tried to railroad a $24 increase in dues was miserably defeated, although he succeeded in railroading an increase of $21.

Right was Mr. Solomon when he got up at that meeting, red and full of perspiration, and stated that the members have voted down the increase of $24 because of the "Red Page" in the Daily Worker.

Yes, Mr. Solomon, we have realized that it is the Daily Worker with its "Red Pages" that is fighting for the interests of the workers and not you who are getting $115 a week of the workers' sweat and blood.

In a recent copy of the Daily Worker appeared a letter signed by a brother, K. V. W., stating that "Little Caesar" did not answer the questions put to him by the Daily Worker. Of course not. Don't you know that he has nothing to say on the accusations. He knows that the membership is discovering his betrayals and that he can't bluff them any more.

The members of local 3 will have to put up a bigger fight than they have done until now, for Broach will not give up without a battle. Many of us are now determined to fight to a finish.

I, too, am a reader of the Daily Worker. I hope that all members of the local will get wise to themselves and begin to read the Daily.

More power to the Daily Worker.

—J. C. S.

entral Alloy Steel Mill Committee to Call Strike, Correspondent Says

HANdOuTS

[illegible] dispatch carried in the Milwau[illegible] Leader, Victor Berger's Socialist [illegible] journal, says a resolution was [illegible] by the Communist International to oppose further investments [illegible] capital in colonial countries on the [illegible] belief that such capital would [illegible] be invested in the U. S. S. [illegible] The story goes on to say that [illegible] "complained that foreign [illegible] are improving living [illegible] among the proletariat, [illegible] revolutionary propaganda [illegible]. The investor now is viewed [illegible] a benefactor instead of an ex[illegible], they say." This sort of rich [illegible] reactionary imbecility is what the S. P-ites give birth to when they [illegible] to maintain they are friends of the workers and enemies of the [illegible] republic.

• • •

Mrs. Proves Dud

[illegible] the excitement of a campaign [illegible] some times make some [illegible] blunders even going to such [illegible] lengths as enforcing a law [illegible] would cause some annoyance [illegible] the rich. Mrs. Mabel Walker [illegible]ebrandt, assistant attorney [illegible], in charge of dry enforce[illegible], has heard some criticism. Some people have even gone so far [illegible] to suggest the prohibition law [illegible] not being enforced noticeably. Mrs. Willebrandt descended on New [illegible] and prepared 125 subpoenas. [illegible] a wealthy liquor lover took a [illegible] off his knee and a bottle out of her mouth to get a better glance [illegible] a newspaper to see that he was [illegible] to be called before the grand [illegible]. But it was all a mistake. U. S. Attorney Charles H. Tuttle [illegible] from the hills, reassured the [illegible] boys, pulled some strings, sent the Mrs. home, and cancelled the [illegible], and the balloon-bellies [illegible] their bookings to Europe.

• • •

[illegible] worker can occasionally get a [illegible] solace even from a capitalist [illegible]. For instance a dispatch says [illegible] Joseph Craig a policeman must [illegible] ten days in his own can for [illegible] drunk.

• • •

Gems of Learning

[illegible] Curtis, vice-presidential [illegible]idate solving the farm problem:

"I am convinced that if a small [illegible] committee of the House and [illegible] were appointed to study the [illegible] and to find a proper solu[illegible], the necessary relief quickly [illegible] and would be offered."

The detail certainly should be at[illegible] to.

[illegible] Otto Hoetzsch, member of [illegible] reichstag, now in America; [illegible] the Kellogg pact:

". . is his policy solely due to [illegible] considerations inasmuch as [illegible] electoral campaign demands suc[illegible] for the republican party, or, at [illegible] a program of foreign policy?"

[illegible] altogether. It's also an anti-[illegible] S. S. R. combine. —M. C. H.

[illegible] Flight From Dessau to Peking

[illegible]SSAU, Sept. 3 (UP).—Two [illegible] flyers, holders of the [illegible] endurance flight record, to[illegible] were winging their way on a [illegible] flight from Dessau to Pe[illegible]. The Germans are Edward [illegible] and Herr Zimmerman, who [illegible] established an endurance [illegible] record of 65 hours. They [illegible] to make the flight to Peking [illegible] a stop, going by way of [illegible] and Tokio.

[illegible] to Free Swindler of N. Y. State Funds

[illegible]BANY, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Friends [illegible] Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp will [illegible] immediate steps seeking to [illegible] Gov. Smith extend executive [illegible] if Justice Stephen Cal[illegible] tomorrow imposes a prison [illegible] on the former Secretary of [illegible] convicted last June of larceny [illegible] census funds.

CANTON WORKERS MASS PICKETING DESPITE POLICE

Mill Bosses Import Gamblers, Spies

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CANTON, O. (By Mail).—The strike of 500 chippers and grinders of the Central Alloy Steel Corporation, now in its fourth week, is still gaining strength. The strikers are more enthusiastic and hopeful of gaining their demands than at any time since the strike. News has reached the strikers that of the 600 scabs imported into the mill, from Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Youngstown, etc., only 150 remain in the mill. The scabs are being sheltered and fed inside the mill. The company has put into use the barracks which were used in 1925 to break the strike.

Spy-Ridden.

Production is at its lowest, despite the growing number of scabs taken in. Where prior to the strike men turned out one ton of steel every four hours, as an average, the scabs' average is 26 hours. Importation of scabs has been a total failure from the point of view of production. The mill is ridden with spies, men are not allowed to talk to one another. Gambling and booze are encouraged by the company. Two professional gamblers were brought in the mill last week, and after skinning all the scabs of their earnings they quit.

There is growing hostility of the men in other departments towards the scabs, and the company. Possibilities of spreading the strike are better today than ever before. The mill committee has formulated a systematic plan of reaching all the workers in the mill. Speakers are being sent to all fraternal organizations to explain to the men that this fight is their fight. If the chippers and grinders lose, they will next be the target for wage cutting and speed-up by the company. The workers are predominantly of foreign birth: Greeks, Spaniards, Italians Portuguese. It is hoped that the response from the organizations for relief of the strikers will be liberal, insofar as they are closely related and all are concentrated in the same mill, same neighborhood, and same fraternal and benefit organizations. The mill committee will in the next week or ten days exert all efforts to reach the other workers and if successful in signing up a substantial number of the men into the mill committee will issue a call for a general strike of all departments and formulate demands for the entire shop.

Strikers Parade.

As a result of speeches made by Joe Judson, a mill worker from Lorain, O., who together with many others came into town in search of a job and subsequently joined the strikers, the spirit of solidarity and enthusiasm of the strikers is greater than at any time since the strike. Banners appeared for the first time on the picket line Friday, stating the demands of the strikers and asking support of the men on strike by those inside and the workers outside.

The strikers, numbering 200, in military formation paraded the neighborhood and passed the workhouse where three of our brothers are serving a sentence of ten days on trumped up charges. The strikers received a favorable response from hundreds of workers gathered on the sidewalks. The line was greeted by cheers and applause by the workers in the shop.

Judson denounced the city authorities and police force who were getting their instructions from E. C. Smith, assistant superintendent of the Central Alloy Corporation. On numerous occasions the police were seen in conference with Smith.

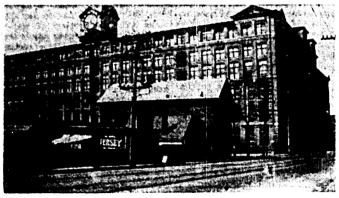
Friday, at 5 p. m. when the parade appeared the police and Assistant Superintendent Smith were astounded at the growing picket line and the discipline of the strikers. Smith was running wild back and forth, urging the police to tear down the banners, but not knowing the law, they abstained from molesting the parade, which after covering a couple of miles of the mill district peacefully disbanded. The strikers promise a greater picket line on Saturday with many more banners.

—N. J.

FLIGHT ATTEMPT FAILURE

LE BOURGET, France, Sept. 3 (UP).—Another attempt to start on a trans-Atlantic flight failed today when the monoplane of Jean Assolant and Rene Lefevre failed to rise after a long run down the field.

Slavery Here: But Workers Organizing



The Ayer Woolen Mill, one of the three largest in Lawrence, Mass., was one of the first New England mills to form a Textile Mill Committee. It was organized by a leader of the New Bedford textile strike. On September 22, the Textile Mill Committees movement, grown nationwide, will hold its first national Convention in New York City.

KANSAS COMMUNISTS FIGHT BOSSES DRIVE

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KANSAS CITY, Kan. (By Mail).—Tuesday morning, at half past eight, comes up the trial of Hugo Oehler, Ed. Eastwood, Nelson, Stocum, Sam Kassis, Matthew Cushing and others on their second set of charges which are vagrancy. To be sure Hugo Oehler and M. Cushing have been arrested twice and both times were charged with vagrancy in addition to Hugo Oehler's indictment for alleged violation of the criminal syndicalist law. It is expected that more charges against Cushing will be brought up in court and also against other packing house workers. Cushing was arrested at first together with Oehler when they were addressing a meeting of the Armour workers at the gates of the plant at noon. After the meeting was broken up by the police and both of them arrested Hugo Oehler was beaten up and when brought to jail hypocritically charged with vagrancy.

Captain Beatty admitted to the local newspaper reporter that the arrests were made following complaints of the Armour Company, that two "Reds" were agitating the workers frequently appearing at the gates. A policeman who arrested Hugo Oehler said that he did so because Hugo Oehler wanted to organize the workers against the bosses.

Many spies in the past months have been trying to enter the Party. Even now spies are all over spying on Party members and workers in general. The company officials of Armour are anxious to find names and information. When the arrested were brought to the police station they were thoroughly searched and while this was done a company official stood by greedily looking for "names." Almost the entire capitalist machine the courts, police, detective agencies, stool pigeons, spies, including the word-heelers of both parties, have been mobilized to stave off the Communists. All these visit neighborhoods and homes of workers suspected of radical or Communist leanings and these are being threatened in an underhand way. One politician approached one worker whom he suspected of sympathizing with the Communists and said, "Did you hear of what the government is doing to them Reds, the troublemakers? Kansas is a tough state and we will clean out all the Reds."

Negro communities are also visited and are told for the sake of the preservation of the Negro race to stay away from the Communists and remain good American citizens and support the "Dems. and Reps." In other words, the Negro workers should not fight for their emancipation but should be thankful and kiss the hands of their exploiters and lynchers like willing slaves.

It is clear that the attack against the Party was undertaken because the Communist Party has come out openly in this election campaign and challenged the rule of the imperialists, Wall Street bankers and their tools, the republican and democratic parties. Every state in the southwest has been invaded and workers in important industries approached. The Communist Party was not only satisfied with appealing for votes but also called upon the workers to organize and fight for the economic improvement of their conditions, to fight against the evil of unemployment, danger of war, etc. Everywhere Communist organization was set up and the Party begins to grow by leaps and bounds.

In the west particularly, is the growth noticeable and it is keenly felt by the American ruling class. It constitutes the reserve force of imperialists. From this section of the country will be mainly recruited the cannon fodder for the next imperialist war and therefore to imbue the youth with the spirit of class struggle and to organize the workers industrially is to give a serious blow to the imperialists.

This is the reason for the attack upon the Party and it must also be the reason why the workers must support the Party and beat back the attacks of the bosses.

—R. S.

'Eva the Fifth' at the Little Provides Fair Entertainment

THE trials and tribulations of a road company playing a version of Uncle Tom's Cabin suited to the standards of the state of Kansas, said trials consisting of the badgering of a harassed manager who finally leaves his troupe stranded on a siding, the effort of a go-getting hick undertaker to take unto himself in marriage the leading lady and the emotional disturbance brought to her thespian lover by the ambition of the solvent mortician, bring laugh from a perspiring audience in the Little Theatre where "Eva the Fifth" is on the boards.

The story begins in Little Eva's dressing room at a one night stop in Kansas. The box office contains everything but money and the troupe has not enough of the coin that cheers between them to buy castor oil for Little Eva's lesser sister, whose fondness for candy is her chief business in the show. The manager at his wit's end to make things go, dug up a wealthy business man, and immediately saw wings sprouting from the yokel's shoulders. Badly in need of an angel he broadly hinted that Little Eva, (Claiborne Foster) should treat the hick with tact and courtesy, in other words, string him along for the sake of the business.

Tho embarassed by a jealous lover, Little Eva did the best she could, but being obviously virtuous, as is the rule in plays produced by Mr. John Golden, it is reported, Eva frightened the wary gold finch away with her realistic description of the show's financial condition. This lack of business acumen angered the show manager so he left the troupe to its fate on a siding.

It was then that the entire troupe with but a single thot for food and transportation urged Little Eva to accept the attentions of the kiking hick who followed her from town

IN "SKIDDING."

Betty Lee Carter, who plays an important role in "Skidding," now at the Bayes Theatre.

to town. Finally she offered herself up on the matrimonial altar for the sake of her comrades. But two things happened that saved her from a fate worse than death. Her thespian lover—a squint-eyed critic could see from the start that he was first in her affections—established his leadership over the troupe by staging a show in the little town that brought in coffee and doughnuts for the troupe and the lesser Eva learned that the wealthy hick was an undertaker and not a furniture dealer as he led her big sister to believe.

Everything ended happily, without bloodshed or much hard language. In fact the only violence in the play was when the bloodhound, or what looked like one, put in a busy ten minutes scratching the best organized collection of fleas that ever appeared before an audience.

The gags in the show are as mossy as a speech by Charlie Curtis, but they are the kind that could be printed in the late Warren Gamaliel Harding's "Marion Star." Why one laughs at them is hard to explain, but human nature is sometimes inexplicable.

Claiborne Foster, Buford Armitage, Lois Shore and Philip Barrison get away with the lion's share of the applause. In fact all the roles are played as competently as the author could expect.

Sixty-five per cent interesting.

—T. J. O'F.

IMPERIALISTS BUILD AIRPORTS FOR FUTURE WAR

U. S. Will Have 2,000 by Next Year

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3 (UP).—Airports are being established by municipalities at a rate that will give the United States about 2,000 well-equipped fields next year, reports to the aeronautics branch of the commerce department showed today. Henry Ford is reported cooperating heavily in a movement to increase the port.

The aggregate present investment by cities in airports is estimated by the department at between fifty and sixty millions, which includes value of grounds, buildings and equipment. A score of airports now existing cost more than $1,000,000 each to construct and plans are proposed for many more of this type.

Virtually every large city has an airport, either built or proposed, and an average of 1.10 cities a month are notifying the department of intention to build airports. Cost of these airports averages $100,000, but the total runs to $3,000,000 and more for some of the largest. Chicago expects to spend about $4,000,000 on its municipal airport, according to the department's information.

STEAMSHIP BURNING AT SEA

LONDON, Sept. 3 (UP).—The Moor Line steamship Castlemoor wirelessed its owners today that its cargo was on fire and that the crew has been unable to extinguish it after a week's work.

SEPTEMBER

Communist

IS OFF THE PRESS!

CONTENTS:

Hoover and Smith Accept the Nomination......BEN GITLOW

Politics and the Fly-Hunt......M. J. OLGIN

The Presidential Elections of 1928......ARNE SWABECK

Obregon Assassinated......JANET CORK

A Reply to Eastman's "Marx, Lenin and the Revolution" A. CHIK

Notes on American Literature......JOSEPH FREEMAN

Self-Study Corner (Tactical Questions in the Struggle Against War)

Book Reviews

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National Election Campaign Committee

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and on the same program
"MEMORIES OF CONFLICT"

QUITS CHANNEL SWIM.

CAPE GRIS NEZ, France, Sept. 3 (UP).—Annie Meynell, German girl swimmer, abandoned her attempt to swim the English Channel today when she was within five miles of Dover.

Acceptance Speeches

Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

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Ralph Easley, Labor-Baiter, Calls for New Series of Raids Against the Militants

ALLY OF WOLL URGES FEDERAL SYNDICALIST LAW

Wants 'Stronger' D. of J. Action

By LAURENCE TODD,
Federated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Ralph M. Easley, formerly secretary and now chairman of the executive council of what remains of the National Civic Federation, has circulated in the capital, for Labor Day reading, a suggestion that congress begin a new persecution of labor radicals. He advances this Bismarckian scheme as a prelude to one of his appeals for harmony between anti-union employers and the conservative element in the American Federation of Labor. The American labor movement, he says, "is not only the one labor movement in the world which is not Red but that is militantly anti-Red."

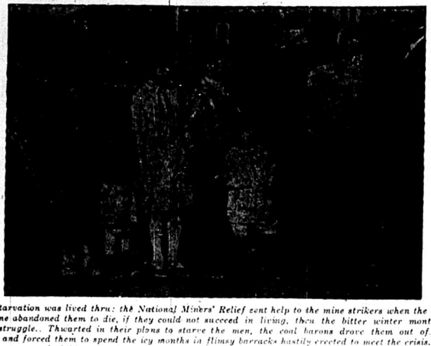
Urges New Drive.

"Strange as it may seem," he says, "one of the reasons why the A. F. of L. has so much trouble with the Communists in this country today is that, under our federal laws, the U. S. government at Washington is without power either to investigate or check the venomous propaganda of the Communists and other subversive forces which are striking viciously at the vitals of our national life and attempting to undermine the American labor movement. Therefore the Communists say openly to their members: 'Go the limit! The federal government can't do anything and the state governments don't know anything.' And unfortunately they are right in both instances.

"When, in his splendid challenge of Aug. 20 to the Communists, Mr. Matthew Woll pointed out that the Soviet government of Russia is sending its money in here to finance Communist activities, he is describing a condition of affairs which every other civilized government in the world would deal with most summarily. . . . The anti-syndicalist laws are state laws, and the Department of Justice cannot use funds as now appropriated to aid in the enforcement of state laws. The only way to remedy this disturbing situation is for congress to make a specific appropriation which will enable the Department of Justice to keep itself informed with respect to the activities of these destructive elements. This will call for much educational work since, naturally, all the radical forces will oppose the granting of such power. Until this is accomplished, the Bureau of Investigations of the Department of Justice will remain padlocked as it has been for over two years."

The final two sentences seem to point to a need for funds in the office of the National Civic Federation, which would, of course, conduct the elaborate—and expensive—"educational work" to secure from congress an appropriation for terrorization of radicals. They seem also to indicate that Easley has had a quiet talk with Chief Hoover of the Bureau of Investigations, who inspired the Red raids of 1919-1920. They are not satisfied with the deaths of Sacco and Vanzetti.

For a New Miners' Union—Remember Evictions!



Starvation was lived thru: the National Miners' Relief sent help to the mine strikers when the Lewis machine abandoned them to die, if they could not succeed in living, thru the bitter winter months of their struggle.. Thwarted in their plans to starve the men, the coal barons drove them out of their homes and forced them to spend the icy months in flimsy barracks hastily erected to meet the crisis. Here men, women and children lived, more children were born in this suffering and the weakest and oldest died, but the miners persisted unflinchingly in their grim struggle for the right to have a union and to live. John L. Lewis wrecked that union and the rank and file is determined now to build a New Union. They meet for this purpose in Pittsburgh, Sept. 9-16.

GREEN ORATES IN CLEVELAND

Labor Fakers Fawn Before Bosses

Continued from Page One

imposter who claims to speak for American labor then begged the rulers of this country not to "abuse" the anti-strike injunction weapon. He, as well as Frank Morrison, Federation secretary, hastened to assure the employers that they "by no means" advocate the abolition of this vicious weapon. As Morrison said, "The injunction process is necessary. Labor does not ask its abolition."

"We will continue to agitate," said Green in advocating the policy workers should pursue in destroying this strike-breaking power of the bosses' courts.

Leading up to the main point in his speech, Green spoke about the growing masses of workers who are permanently displaced from industry by the increasing installation of new machinery. Both Green and Morrison admitted the misery of the unemployed and then as a climax offered as a remedy, not a general struggle for the forty-hour week, but the necessity of careful examination of this "phenomenon" by the efficiency engineers. After citing figures showing that over 3,000,000 wage earners, the support of 15,000,000 persons are at present unemployed, Morrison declares, "The unemployment situation, intensified by the increased use of machinery, challenges the attention of efficiency experts."

Not that the forty-hour five-day week was not mentioned. It did receive the usual lip service. Green pointed out eloquently—that the employers ought to hand this tremendous concession to the workers, completely disregarding that the only real forty-hour concessions made in an industry were made only after general strikes led by the left wing had compelled capitulation by the employers. Shorter work weeks voluntarily conceded in other industries are nothing more than part-time production standards for the workers.

The A. F. of L. will also enter the political field in the fall, Green declared, explaining that they will advocate the usual policy of supporting either of the boss parties.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Party Fraction Meeting.

A Party Fraction meeting will be held tomorrow evening at Party headquarters, 26-28 Union Square, at 8 p. m. of all Party members belonging to the United Council of Working Class Women and other women's organizations. Party members who are housewives must all come to the Fraction meeting. All active comrades, in language groups such as Lithuanian, Ukrainian, Finnish, Jewish, etc., etc., must attend this meeting.

• • •

3 E. 1 F.

Unit 3 E. 1 F. will hold an important meeting today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3 E. International Branch 1.

The International Branch 1 will meet today at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

• • •

3 E. 2 F.

An important meeting of Unit 3 E. 2F will be held tomorrow evening at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Subsection 3 E.

The new Subsection Executive meeting will hold the first meeting today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Comrades Zimmerman and Potash Report.

A report of the present situation in the needle trades will be given by comrades Sasha Zimmerman of the Cloak and Dressmakers and Potash of the Furriers Joint Board at the Headquarters of Sections 2 nd 3 on tomorrow evening at 7:30 p. m. A discussion will follow. All comrades of Sections 2 and 3 are to attend.

• • •

Unit 6 F. Subsection 3rd will hold its next business meeting tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. sharp at 101 W. 27th Street.

• • •

Unit 4 F. S. S. 2 A. will not meet today on account of Labor Day—next meeting of the unit will be held on Monday, Sept. 10th. Every member must attend.

• • •

Executive Committee of 3 C meets Wednesday at 100 W. 27th St.

Unit 6F.

A meeting of Unit 6F will be held today at 60 St. Marks Place at 6 p. m. sharp. Your presence is most urgent.

• • •

Unit B. Section 4.

REMINDER:—Meetings are now held every Wednesday night at headquarters 350 East 81st Street.

• • •

Printers Fraction Notice.

A meeting of the printers' fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tomorrow at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, at 6:30 p. m. A very important matter for immediate attention will be taken up. Members are asked to note the change in date and hour of this meeting.

• • •

Bronx Section 5, Red Banquet.

Section 5 of the Bronx is in the midst of a Red Signature and Campaign Mobilization Week which began yesterday to last until Red Sunday, Sept. 9 at 5 p. m. in a Red Banquet to be held at 2075 Clinton Ave. Workers (Communist) Party candidates will address those gathered at the banquet.

• • •

Section 5 Membership Meet.

A special membership meeting of Section 5 will be held today, 8:30 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. Important matters will be taken up, and all members must attend.

WORKERS PARTY GOES ON BALLOT IN OHIO

Continued from Page One

secretary of the Communist Party of America, which was organized in Chicago that year.

Ohio State Ticket.

In addition to getting the national Communist standard bearers, Foster and Gitlow, on the ballot, the Ohio Communists have nominated a complete state ticket, headed by William Patterson of Toledo, 60 years old, a member of the Knights of Labor until that organization petered out and now a charter member of the Longshoremen's Union.

Patterson joined the Knights of Labor when he was 16 years old. In 1920 he joined the Longshoremen's Union as a charter member and has worked in that industry and been a member of that union ever since. He joined the socialist party in 1900 and was always with the left wing and opposed to the reformists. He has helped the workers in every struggle from the days of the Knights of Labor until today.

Patterson joined the Communist Party when the split came in the socialist party in 1919 and has been an active member ever since.

Call Volunteers to Work.

The District 6 Campaign Committee has called for volunteers to go out into the industrial sections of the state on agitational tours, making new contacts for the Party and selling Communist literature.

The Central Executive Committee of the Party is calling for 1,000 members for this work. Ohio has already started by sending out members who are hitch-hiking from town to town, speaking and selling literature.

Not only has District 6 performed the task of collecting 20,000 signatures to put the Party ticket on the ballot in Ohio, but Party members were released for work in Tennessee and Kentucky, where the job of getting the Party ticket on the ballot is nearing completion.

Membership Participates.

N. Schaffer, in a letter to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 E. 125th St., reports that:

"On the whole the Party membership with very few exceptions participated in this important work, as a result of which the Party made valuable contacts and promises to make a substantial gain organizationally.

"We are now touring in the district Sadie Van Veen, a prominent Party member and Lil Borer, of the Young Workers (Communist) League, also a member of the District Bureau, to capitalize the growing sentiment for the Workers (Communist) Party.

"We are opening our campaign in Cleveland with a mass meeting on Sept. 9, at 2 p.m., at the Bricklayer's Hall, 2105 E. 21st St., at which Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate, will speak.

"A record-breaking attendance is expected."

Commenting on the success of the members in placing the Party ticket on the ballot in Ohio, Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman of the National Election Campaign ommittee of the Workers (Communist) Party, declared that "the proletarian protest vote in Ohio this year will go to the Communist candidates on the ticket of the Workers (Communist) Party, which is the inheritor of the revolutionary traditions of the American labor moveemnt, the only party pledged to fight for everyday demands of the workers and for the final emancipation of labor from the slavery of capitalism and the establishment of a workers and farmers government."

Communist Candidates.

Here is the roster of the Communist state ticket in Ohio:

William Patterson, governor; Carl Hacker, lieutenant governor; Bruce Smith, secretary of state; Sarah Vervin, treasurer of state; Edwin Blank, attorney general; Joseph Coope, state auditor; Israel Amter, United States senator; Joseph Willnecker, United States senator; John Foley, congress, Cleveland; Frank Sepich, congress, mining section; Carl Guillod, congress, Canton; Sadie Van Veen, state senator; N. Schaffer, state senator; Milosh Boich, state senator; Christopher Kraven, state senator; John Fromholz, state senator; A. Bonati, state assembly; Gustave Ecke, state assembly; Abraham Eleff, state assembly; G. Theodore, state assembly; S. Czolgosz, sheriff; Thomas Bradley, commissioner.

TWO LOST ARCTIC FLYERS RESCUED

ROCKFORD, Ill., Sept. 3 (UP).—Bert Hassell and Parker Cramer, who disappeared two weeks ago while attempting to blaze a new air trail from here to Stockholm, have been found safe and well.

Advices received by the Rockford Chamber of Commerce from Mount Evans, Greenland, said that the fliers have been picked up by members of the University of Michigan-Greenland expedition after they had landed on the Sukkertoppen ice arm.

BARBERS ORGANIZE

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 3—The Journeymen Barbers' International Union has issued charters to these craftsmen in Cisco, Texas, and Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

• • •

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

• • •

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

• • •

"Esperanta Laborulare."

"Esperanta Laborulare," a class-conscious workers organization will hold its meeting today, 8 p. m. at the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st St.

• • •

Spanish Workers Club.

The Centro Obrero de Habla Espanola will meet today at 8:30 p. m. A lecture on imperialism will be given by Leon Ruiz.

• • •

Washington Heights Lecture.

Joseph Rofman will talk on "100 Years of Development in Transportation" tonight, 8:30 p. m., at the Heights Progressive Club, 176th St. and Amsterdam Ave. Questions and discussion will follow.

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SEEK TO FORCE OUT TAXI MEN IN NEW YORK

Police in New Move to Aid Corporations

Continued from Page One

asked to explain th action, they declared that modern hotels and apartment buildings were no longer permitting hack stands outside their buildings and they had decided to keep up with the fashion. The fact, however, that directly across from the Pennsylvania Hotel, at the entrance to the Pennsylvania Station, the Yellow Taxi Corporation has its cabs is considered to have had more to do with the abolishing of the public hack stand than changing fashions in hotel exteriors.

On the south side of the hotel a Fifth Ave. bus stand is also located—further reason for abolishing the hack stand. At least 500 taxi calls leave the hotel daily and these are now being gathered in by the Yellow Company.

Close Down Other Stands.

Stands in Harlem and the Bronx are also being closed down to make room for busses of the Surface Transportation Corporation, a subsidiary of the Third Ave. Railway. The latest to go has been the West Farms stand, at 177th St. and Boston Rd.

The police are also actively aiding the big corporations in Coney Island. Since the opening of the summer season taxi drivers have been forbidden to cruise for fares on the main streets, including Surf Ave., by order of Traffic Inspector Kuhne. Cab drivers caught cruising on the main streets are haled into court for "obstructing traffic" or for "hacking other than from a public hack stand."

The large bus corporations, such as the Greeley, Luna, Knickerbocker and the Rialto are cleaning up fortunes as a result of the no cruising order, hackmen declare.

Ferry Traffic.

The Yellow Taxi Corporation is also reaping the harvest of the ferry traffic which is unusually heavy at this time of the year. On the waterfront, at the West 23rd St. and West 42nd St. ferries, police, with the aid of officials of the company, are on the watch for independent drivers.

The open favoritism shown to the big taxi corporations serves another purpose in helping to divide the ranks of the exploited taxi drivers, setting up the corporation wage-slaves against the independent hackmen, it is pointed out. Despite this and the constant browbeating and persecution of taxi men by police and fleet owners, the organization drive of the newly formed Taxi Chauffeurs Union is growing in dimensions and hundreds of cab drivers are being enrolled daily.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

WANTED Experienced Stenographer, must be League or Party member. Call Harlem 1278.

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YANKS BREAK EVEN; GIANTS WIN TWO

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 (UP).—The upward rush of the Philadelphia Athletics came to an abrupt halt today when the Philadelphia club dropped both games of a double-header to the Washington Senators and lost a full game in their pursuit of the league-leading New York Yankees.

As for the world's champions, themselves, they are not particularly happy over the outcome of the Labor Day ball games, for the best they could get was an even break with the Boston Red Sox, and it took four pitchers and a lot of luck to bring about the single Yankee victory.

The Senators won two games, 6 to 1 and 5 to 4, and dragged the Athletics back to a place two and one-half games behind the league-leaders.

The Yankees gained a full game by their even break with the Red Sox, and needed it. Bill Carrigan's crew battered four New York pitchers for fifteen hits in the opener, yet were beaten, 8 to 7. In the second game, Ken Williams' homer in the ninth and the relief pitching of Morris, who was rushed in to stem a belated Yankee rally, gave the Sox a 4 to 3 victory.

• • •

The St. Louis Cardinals were given a setback in the National League race Monday when the Cincinnati Reds rallied behind Eppa Rixey and Adolph Luque to win a double-header, 6 to 5 and 8 to 2.

By winning a double-header from the Philadelphia Phillies, 4 to 3 and 9 to 3, the New York Giants advanced to within four and one-half games of the Cardinals.

The Pittsburgh Pirates routed the Chicago Cubs in two games, winning 16 to 1 and 6 to 3, dropping the Cubs to four and one-half games behind St. Louis.

Cincinnati ended a five-game losing streak by winning from St. Louis, 6 to 5, in an extra-inning contest. A single by Critz and a double by Purdy produced the winning run with two out in the eleventh inning. In the second game the Reds scored six runs in the sixth inning after an early lead to cinch the game. Luque went the route, giving up 8 hits.

Four runs in the first inning accounted for the Giants' 4 to 3 victory over Philadelphia in their first game Terry hit a home run with two on bases and Lindstrom's single scored O'Doul. Joe Genewich pitched the Giants to a 9 to 3 win in the second. Terry added his second homer of the day and a double in this contest.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

New York, 8; Boston, 7 (1st).
Boston, 4; New York, 3 (2nd).
Washington, 6; Phila., 1 (1st).
Washington, 5; Phila., 4 (2nd).
Chicago, 5; Detroit, 2 (1st).
Chicago, 7; Detroit, 5 (2nd).
St. Louis, 5; Cleveland, 3 (1st).
St. Louis, 16; Cleveland, 10 (2nd).

National League

New York, 4; Phila., 3 (1st).
New York, 9; Phila., 3 (2nd).
Pittsburgh, 16; Chicago, 1 (1st).
Pittsburgh, 6; Chicago, 3 (2nd).
Cincinnati, 6; St. Louis, 5 (1st).
Cincinnati, 8; St. Louis, 2 (2nd).
Brooklyn at Boston (2), rain.

KOREA FLOODS KILL HUNDREDS

510 Known Dead; Many More Expected

SEOUL, Korea, Sept. 3 (UP).—Five hundred and ten persons were known to have drowned in floods along the Yalu River Basin, the governor of Kankyonando province reported today.

Seven hundred houses were destroyed as the great torrent of water swept down through the valley.

It was feared there would be additional casualties.

The report added that bridges and roads were damaged as the flood waters, which came after heavy recent rains, washed over them.

Relief measures already have been started through the district, where the suffering is reported most serious. A government investigation also has started.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

Counter-Revolution in Only 6 Mexican States, Calles Says

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 3 (UP).—Religious rebellions continue in only six states, President Calles announced today, and operations even in these districts, he said, were confined to smallest villages and to ranches.

"The executive is confident the rebellion is dying rapidly, and that the beginning of the new administration December 1 will find the country completely peaceful," the announcement added.

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SPEED ELECTION OF DELEGATES TO MINE MEET

Big Convention Only 5 Days Off

Continued from Page One

the new union! Altogether for the New National Miners' Union.

(Signed) **National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee, John J. Watt, Chairman; Pat Toohey, Secretary.**

• • •

EDITOR'S NOTE:—Every day another batch of credentials arrive at the headquarters of the National Miners Convention Arrangements Committee. From West Virginia, 100 credentials have already arrived. From Kansas, the last report shows 21 delegates elected. The other Western districts elected another 20 delegates. Illinois last reported 60 delegates. Indiana and Western Kentucky, 45 delegates. Ohio, 55 delegates. Pittsburgh district elected 150 delegates, and District 2 has sent in credentials for 18 thus far.

From the unorganized territory of Pennsylvania, 70 credentials have arrived. These are only partial reports, and indicate a great National Miners' Convention.

WORKERS GET RAISE.

EDMONTON, Atla., Sept. 3.—Increases of 2 to 15 cents an hour mark the new two year contract negotiated by the brewery workers unions of Alberta with the employers. The new scales run from 57¼ cents for laborers to 81½ cents for first brewhouse men.

CULINARY WORKERS UNION

Big Spring, Texas, will now have a union of culinary workers. The new union has started off with more than forty members.

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Amalgamated General League Meeting
will be held
Tuesday, September 4
at 7:30 P. M.
AT 26-28 UNION SQUARE
This is a very important meeting. Every member must attend.

Section One
BAZAAR CONFERENCE
Wednesday, September 5
at 8:00 P. M.
AT 60 ST. MARKS PLACE
All Units in Section One Are Requested to Elect Delegates

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Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

A White Worker Who Hates Negroes

To the Editor of the Daily Worker:

Your paper is wonderful always helping strikers and trying to get the workers together in one big body. I read your paper every evening I enjoy it very much. But one thing your paper gives me a pain. That is about the poor negroes. I wish you would ride on Lenox car line to 146 st. and Lenox ave and see for yourself how the blacks behave. They have never got the fare ready, always looking for trouble. The N. York railroad Co. hires hundreds of men all year and every one off them goes away with a different i-dear in regards to colored people. I have been through a few strikes and 4 free speech fights out in the western country In other words I have been through hell But still I say get the white people together The colored people will be the last in the world to wake up. The colored people think to much of there color. And they don't know what there rights are. I hope you rebels won't throw this letter in the waste basket, And here's hoping that some colored people read this letter in your paper, And act a little human.

Yours for big Change in america

J— K—

The writer of the above letter appears to be a member of one of the most exploited sections of the working class. Undoubtedly he thinks himself quite a radical person, perhaps a revolutionist, and certainly he considers himself a loyal fighter for the working class.

But we are of a different opinion. His letter convinces us that Mr. K— represents one of the most pitiful examples of that type in the working class that has been completely saturated with the views which his masters want him to hold in order to keep him and his kind in slavery and in condition to be used as a tool against his own and our class.

His experiences in strikes and free speech fights does not deter us from saying that if he continues to hold a contemptuous view of those members of our class whose skins are darker in color than his own, he will finish up as a strikebreaker and perhaps as a hired gunman against the working class when a decisive struggle is on. For Mr. K— is already a complete mental slave of his boss. For him it is enough to make him hate his brother worker of the Negro race when a Negro passenger on a streetcar is not quick enough in complying with the insolent demands of the big corporation that the passengers "step lively," "move up front, there!" and "have the fare ready," and generally act as well-trained human sardines in packing themselves together for the greater profit of the traction millionaires. It does not occur to him to insist that the wealthy labor-exploiting corporation should be made to supply better accommodations and hire bigger crews. If K— had any real rebel working-class spirit in him, he would rejoice when Negro workers show themselves self-respecting enough not to jump to the commands of the traction corporation. But he seems instead to be reacting automatically as a trained flunkey of his boss. And he tries to justify himself by hating a section of his brother-workers for being Negroes.

And in hatred toward those brother-workers who are Negroes, he again shows himself merely a petty intellectual slave of the ruling class. All talk about "helping strikers and trying to get the workers together in one big body" is nothing but a dirty and reactionary lie unless it includes an active struggle for the equal rights of the Negro workers with the white workers and to get all workers organized together absolutely regardless of race or color. The Daily Worker and the Workers (Communist) Party for which it speaks are fighting and will continue to fight without compromise for the full economic, political and social equality of the Negro workers with the white workers as an inseparable part of the struggle of the working class for freedom. When we fight for the dictatorship of the working class in the form of the Soviet Republic, we mean precisely what we say—that the working class, Negro and white workers alike and equally, must make themselves the ruling class for the suppression of the capitalist class and the capitalist system and for the socialization of industry and finally the establishment of the Communist society. This involves the complete and ruthless sweeping away of all privileged positions and class distinctions in the whole of society; and first of all it involves a merciless eradication of all racial and other division between sections of the working class. That is one thing that is meant by "trying to get the workers together."

Mr. K—'s idea is particularly dangerous because he wants to solve his problem by compelling the Negro masses to reform themselves to the twisted Jim Crow ideals which he seems to entertain in his own head. We say flatly that the trouble is not with the Negroes, but with the whites. About the Negro masses we say only that they give in **too much** to the Jim Crow treatment that a white capitalist system imposes upon them, often through such little tools as Mr. K—. What we should do is **not** to preach at the Negroes to "act a little human," but to conduct a crusade among the white workers to eradicate the race hatred that divides the working class and thus makes it weak before its real enemy, the capitalist class. Furthermore the Communist movement, the working class movement, is an **international** movement, and to think of it otherwise would be nothing but a farce. Mr. K—'s idea, carried out logically, would have to include hatred of the Chinese workers and peasants and consequently a treacherous, counter-revolutionary attitude toward the great Chinese revolution. It would have to include hatred on an international scale against the hundreds of millions of our oppressed brothers of dark skin in Africa, Indonesia, India, etc.—in fact the major portion of the human race which is of non-white color. In short, it is the ideology of imperialism, the ideology of reaction and capitalist domination.

The Communist Party always and everywhere takes sides first of all with the most exploited sections of the working class. In United States among other countries this means first of all the Negro workers, the most exploited of all. We want all of our class regardless of race to stand shoulder to shoulder for our common cause; but let us tell Mr. K— frankly that if it comes to a struggle between the Negro workers and white workers holding such views as Mr. K—, we shall fight to the last ditch for the Negroes.

And so, Mr. K—, we would like for you to change your ideas, but as long as you think as you do we are glad we "give you a pain."

A Camp for Workers' Children

(Continued.)

The WIR Childrens Camp is [illegible] on the broadest possible [illegible]. In the camp, the children [illegible] the right to determine their [illegible] activity, express their opinions [illegible] the work of the leaders, etc. [illegible] is a children's council which [illegible] 3 times a week. There all [illegible] pertaining to camp life are [illegible] INTERnational Relief [illegible] Camp [illegible]. There is an executive [illegible] of 8 or 9 children and one [illegible]. This executive committee [illegible] whenever necessary. The [illegible] committee is composed of [illegible] of committees, such as [illegible] of the camp, the [illegible] of the camp, head of the [illegible] committee, of the sports [illegible], social, sports, life saving [illegible], literature and [illegible].

Camp Discipline.

[illegible] children who come to the [illegible] camp, no matter how [illegible] they may be, go away when their 2 weeks or more are over, with a real understanding of working class discipline. Not that this discipline is enforced from above; but our younger comrades are explained, taught, educated to the significance of working class discipline.

The Night Camp Fire.

On Saturday nights camp fires are lighted, and programs arranged for the evening. Last Saturday night we had an opportunity to observe the children themselves at play. It was in the evening, after supper, after a day of sports activity, swimming, baseball, etc. The children were relaxing—and enjoying themselves. The fire was started, wood was added to the slow flame, and in a short time there was a large bright fire. The children were seated on benches. They opened the program by reciting the pledge and singing the International. Following that, an entirely impromptu program took place. Some children recited poems, others danced, there was mass singing. Comrade Erie Burroughs, a leader in the WIR Camp, then sang some songs and did some dancing.

Relations With Camp Unity.

The real life and punch of Camp Unity is the WIR Childrens Camp. They lead the singing, cheering, and everything else in camp. The activities of the children are all conducted in English. Certainly W. I. R. camp can teach many adults who claim to be experts in the childrens movement a thing or two about childrens work.

The children carry on their activity independently of the Unity Camp. There is no interference, no conflict at all—in fact there is co-operation between the two. For the adult workers it is a real education to watch the WIR Camp at work; and the fact that the children have their baseball games with the adults affords both a mutual interest and good relationship between the two.

(To Be Continued.)

The Disarmament Comedy in Brussels

By WALTER STOECKER (Berlin).

The disarmament comedy of the Geneva League of Nations has found a worthy continuation in Brussels The social-democratic press reports on the "unanimity" with which the disarmament resolution was passed in Brussels. In reality it was precisely in this question that the national antagonisms of the separate social-imperialistic parties collided most violently with one another. To speak of actual unity here is simply ridiculous. The sole "unity" observable among the delegations in Brussels consisted of a mutual willingness to come to a decision placing no obligations on anybody, and giving the separate socialist parties a free hand for the continuation of their imperialist policy.

Submit Resolution.

The Executive submitted to the Congress a resolution on the disarmament and military question in full accordance with this standpoint, a mere string of empty disarmament phrases, expressly demanding "equal freedom in the choice of their army system" for all nations, and containing nothing further than a few pacifist demands which do not bind the parties to anything. There was naturally no mention of any description of proletarian fighting action against the war danger. The Swiss social democrat, Reinhardt, observed very truly that the acceptance of the proposal for free choice of the army system could only mean that the labor parties of the conquered states should demand better and more effective armies, in other words, renewed armament.

The disarmament commission in Brussels, after a lengthy consultation, laid before the Congress a resolution practically identical with the draft already submitted. This is all that the public has learned up to now about the "unity" of the Congress.

Internal Fights.

How did this resolution come to be accepted? We hear from reliable sources that violent disagreements took place in the disarmament commission. The British Independent Labour Party opposed the Executive resolution by one of its own, beginning with an approval of the disarmament proposal of the Soviet government:

"The Labour and Socialist International declares that the experiences gained by the Disarmament Commission of the League of Nations, and the failure of the Anglo-Americano-Japanese naval disarmament conference, have clearly emphasized the impossibility of arriving at disarmament by means of partial measures which do not completely exclude war. It congratulates the Russian Soviet government on its proposal for complete disarmament. In its opinion partial disarmament can only be of slight value for removing the danger of war."

Pacifist Slogan.

A further paragraph of this resolution demands the closing down of the key industries, and adds to the pacifist slogan of refusal of war service the further refusal to manufacture munitions:

"The time has come for the International socialists to take up a relentless attitude against war, to join forces all over the world in the struggle for complete disarmament, and to organize the working class to resist every threatened war, even by means of resort to the closing down of the key industries and the refusal of war service and the manufacture of munitions."

A final paragraph demands increased pressure on the governments and the refusal of all military credits:

"Meanwhile the socialist parties should invariably vote against all credits for the army, navy, and air force."

The British Labour Party, of which the Independent Labour Party forms only a small part, found itself obliged, under the pressure exercized by the British working class, to bring forward demands falling but little short of those of the Independent Labour Party. It supported the motion for congratulating the Soviet government on Litvinov's disarmament proposal, and proposed the following supplementary motion to the resolution submitted:

"The Congress not only appeals for socialist peace policy, but calls upon the workers to make it clear to their governments that they will meet every danger of war, whether defensive or offensive in name, by the organization of a general resistance, including the refusal to bear arms, to manufacture means of warfare, or to lend any material aid whatever. It demands that steps be taken for organizing, with the utmost rapidity, a world conference of the socialist, trade unionist, and co-operative internationals, in order to prepare for unanimous action on this basis."

It is characteristic that the Labour Party did not support the motion for the refusal of all military credits.

More Alterations.

The Swiss Social Democratic Party moved numerous alterations intended to give the resolution of the Executive a somewhat more Marxist touch, but without actually changing anything essential. The sole step in this direction was the demand that the paragraph be struck out which provides for equal free choice of the army system for all countries. The following paragraph of the Swiss motion is of interest:

"The development of war technics involves the necessity of small barrack armies in place of the great unwieldy masses of a field army; mechanized war replaces the fighting mass army. These small professional armies are replaced by illegal army bodies and strictly organized masses of industrial workers in the countries themselves. The militarists are endeavoring to make us believe that this change in technics is disarmament, whilst in reality the disarmament conferences, in Washington and other places, have simply been veiled agreements for increased armament. The working class will not allow itself to be misled in this manner, but will take up the struggle against these new forms of armies with utmost energy."

European experts point to the British-French participation in the exercises for the world war dead who fought for imperialism in 1914-18 as an indication that the two countries are formal allies again by secret terms in the Anglo-French naval accord. The alliance not merely directed against the United States indicating the sharpening of the struggle between the imperialist powers, but is also directed against the Soviet Union. Above, the French Generals Petain, Gouraud, Waygand and the British general Hamilton, participating in the militarist rally.

Further motions from Julius Deutsch, and from the American and Dutch parties, were of little importance.

The Commission debate proved extremely interesting. The proposals of the I. L. P. were more than disagreeable to the assembled reformists and anti-Bolshevists. Renaudel Breitscheid, Julius Deutsch, and the representatives of Polish and Czech social democracy joined forces for a violent attack upon the British proposals, and in part upon the Swiss. To these gentlemen it appeared as something monstrous to be called upon to congratulate the Soviet government on its sincere and real peace policy. And they were even more indignant at the thought of paralyzing the key industries and the manufacture of munitions in the case of war. And on top of that the demand for the refusal of war credits! This proposal was almost unanimously condemned as "nonsensical" and "irresponsible," for a "State" cannot be refused the means for its "defense." A principle which formed a natural part of class war policy in the Socialist International before the war—the refusal of all military credits—is merely "irresponsible" in the eyes of the "statesmen" of the Brussels Congress.

Withdraws Motion.

After a few somewhat violent clashes the British Labour Party withdrew its motion, which it had not taken very seriously in any case, and the sub-commission then appointed incorporated a few of the radical phrases contained in the motions of the I. L. P. and the Swiss party, omitting, it need scarcely be said, any mention of concrete fighting measures.

The congratulation of the Soviet government on its disarmament proposal was rejected!

The demand for the organization of the resistance of the working class against war was rejected, as also the demand for closing down the key industries and the manufacture of munitions!

Back Down.

The demand for the refusal of all military credits for the army, navy, and air force was rejected!

The demand that the passage on the free choice of the army system for all nations should be struck out of the resolution was rejected!

The proposal that a world conference should be called of the socialist, trade unionist, and co-operative internationals against war danger, was rejected!

And then followed a tragi-comedy! The Left heroes of the I. L. P. and the Swiss party climbed down, and agreed to the resolution submitted, although all concrete demands had been abandoned!

These negotiations of the disarmament commission, as also the motions of the parties and the votes upon them, were secret, and intended to be kept secret. We have, however, every reason to bring them to the notice of all social democratic workers.

Social Imperialism.

The resolution, in this crippled form, was naturally passed without difficulty by the Congress. This disarmament resolution is a typical document of reformism and social imperialism. A series of pseudo-radical phrases conceal the fact that this resolution accords every single national labor party perfect freedom, and places it under no obligation whatever, either now or at the moment of war danger, to undertake any proletarian action again imperialism. The resolution reeks of League of Nations cretinism and sickening disarmament chatter.

The clouds of verbosity spread by the imperialist bandits in Geneva, for the purpose of concealing increased armaments behind the shield of disarmament, have been efficiently imitated by their assistants in Brussels. Even where they speak of political measures at all, not one of the parties dreams of executing them. One example suffices. The resolution demands:

"Restriction of financial expenditure for army and fleet" and states further:

"The Labour and Social International emphasizes the necessity of accelerating disarmament action. Apart from the struggle for the international disarmament agreement, the socialist labor parties will continue to fight in order that every State will previously, of its own will either cease or limit its armaments."

On the very same day upon which Breitscheid, Crispien, and Löbe were expressing their agreement to this principle in Brussels, Herman Muller and Hilferding were voting for the building of the new armored cruiser, Henderson and MacDonald, Renaudel and Boncour, Hilferding and Breitscheid, to say nothing of the Polish and Czech social democrats, who have hitherto granted practically all the means required for increased armaments, have not the slightest intention of adhering to this resolution. They know very well that paper is very patient. Boncour's military law, MacDonald's air fleet, and the German armored cruiser, are striking evidence of the revolting disarmament hypocrisy of the reformists assembled in Brussels. How little these gentlemen take their talk of disarmament seriously may be further seen from the fact that they rejected the British motion for the convocation of the disarmament conference before the end of this year, substituting the non-committal formula: "The disarmament conference is to be convened as soon as possible."

The "left" social democrats point out that the resolution really does **demand** revolutionary measures against warring governments. Is this really so? The passage in question reads:

"The Labor and Socialist International demands that all international conflicts be subject to the decision of obligatory arbitration or some other process of peaceful settlement. The strongest possible pressure of the masses, even in the most revolutionary form, is to be exercised against any government which, in the event of an international dispute, refuses to submit to arbitration award and proceeds to war."

Boncour's Militarism.

Quite apart from the fact that the national defenders assembled at Brussels will certainly side with their own fatherlands when the next war breaks out and have purposely invented a vague formulation for the passage on arbitration, this passage is further a deliberate support to anti-Bolshevist war agitation, for it may easily be interpreted to give opportunity to capitalist powers to pronounce an arbitration award against proletarian Soviet Russia.

The whole passage on the "democratization of the army," is on the one side a confirmation of Boncour's incredible military law, and on the other a formula that the other social imperialist parties will simply laugh at. The resolution demands the removal of all barriers dividing the army from the people, the securing of civil rights for the soldiers, etc. All these are demands which the German social democrats, for instance, have already trodden under foot dozens of times. With the aid of a formula stating that the army must not be politized, they have rejected every motion brought in by the Communists for the suffrage and coalition rights of the Reichswehr soldiers.

The Brussels resolution is an empty and non-committal social imperialist document, evidencing only too plainly the nationalist spirit of this II. International, a document taken seriously by nobody, and only fit to be stowed away in the League of Nations disarmament commission archives. It is characteristic that the resolution meets with the approval of the Austro-Marxists, as well as of the left phrasemongers of the I. L. P. and the Swiss Social Democratic Party.

The bourgeois press has readily recognized the real character of the Brussels disarmament resolution, and takes it no more seriously than it does the disarmament resolutions of the League of Nations. The actual effect of the Brussels resolution is therefore to favor and promote imperialist war danger, for it confirms the bourgeoisies in their faith that they may confidently rely on their social-imperialist accomplices. In spite of all phraseology, the Brussels Congress has therefore actually been a congress for the preparation of the next imperialist bloodbath.

For their own sake, for the sake of their struggle for emancipation and their international war against war, the class-conscious working class have every reason to defend themselves energetically against the Brussels disarmament comedy. At the same time they call to the social democratic workers and class comrades: "Give up all hope in this pseudo-international, and join the one and only proletarian international, the Communist International!"

Dutch Imperialism in Indonesia

(Continued.)

The change of front of the governor-general has its consequences. His speech is indeed a bomb thrown into the midst of the moderate nationalist party, "Budi Utomo," which at this moment is in opposition to the non-co-operators, and attaches value to collaborating with the government for the attainment of Indonesian independence! Soon after De Graeff's speech, "Budi Utomo" publishes a manifesto, addressed to all nationalists, urging them to a "Union sacree" with national liberty as their goal and to make a strong stand against the attempt of the governor-general to divide the nationalists into two camps. This demarcation between the evolutionary and revolutionary nationalists is denounced as artificial and must be rejected by every nationalist whether he be for co-operation or non-co-operation. The manifesto reiterates that most of the Indonesian nationalist organizations have been united and consolidated in the P. P. P. K. I. (Concentration of Indonesian Nationalist Political Parties.) The rejection of Dutch leadership by "the Indonesian nationalists of all shades" is called natural. And the manifesto ends with the slogan: "By an indissoluble united front we march towards Indonesian Independence."

The remarkable thing about this manifesto is that it was issued by "Budi Utomo," the extreme right wing of the nationalist movement, whose members are mostly government officials. This seems to be a good sign for the Indonesian cause of Independence, for with that manifesto "Budi Utomo" enters the radical-nationalist movement. Mr. Singgih, a non-co-operator and now secretary of the "Budi Utomo," made the following statement in an interview with a correspondent of the newspaper "Mataram":

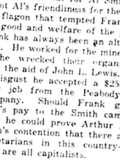
"The confidence in the capacity of the government to translate into action what the governor-general said he would do upon entry into office, has been changed into one of distrust. In these circumstances co-operation with the government is impossible."

Told You So

OFFICERS of British ships touching at Soviet ports are returning home those days with terrible tales of Communist attempts to extract whatever germs of imperialism remain in the systems of the British sailors. Apparently the Bolshevik propaganda is having some effect, as the officers complain that the sailors are not near as docile on their return trip as they were when outward bound.

• • •

IT appears that as soon as a British ship docks in a Soviet port, officials of the local seamens' club visit the rank and file of the vessel and offer them the freedom of the city. The sailors are treated with traditional proletarian hospitality and made to feel at home. And at home they surely are, for the Soviet Union is the Fatherland of all workers. British sailors as well as the sailors of all countries are treated with honor in Russia while in their home ports they are more used to the policeman's club than to an official welcome. And instead of the key to the city they usually hear the grating of jail keys turning in the locks from the outside.



T. J. O'Flaherty

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FRANK FARRINGTON, former president of the United Mine Workers of Illinois, tho a life-long Republican is out for Al Smith. It is not Al's friendliness for the foaming flagon that tempted Frank, but the good and welfare of the people. Frank has always been an altruistic cuss. He worked for the miners until he wrecked their organization with the aid of John L. Lewis. Then, in disgust he accepted a $25,000 a year job from the Peabody Coal Company. Should Frank give a year's pay to the Smith campaign fund he could prove Arthur Mushbrain's contention that there are no proletarians in this country—that they are all capitalists.

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PHILADELPHIA bottleggers have set a good example in thrift to the rest of the country by parking $10,000,000 in the savings banks of the Quaker City last year. This is no reflection on the prohibition director of Philadelphia or on Wet Vare, the G. O. P. Republican boss, who supported the arid 'Oover at Kansas City. It merely goes to show that bootleggers like actors are not the reckless spenders they were believed to be. A political boss with a solvent rum ring is more to be envied than pitied those days. This is surely a spiritual nation.

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AS a local capitalist sheet that is willing to do anything to increase its circulation observed, the I. R. T. wreck at Times Square last week has degenerated into a mystery. Mayor Walker, District Attorney Banton and half a dozen other celebrities started so many investigations that they succeeded in casting doubt on the authenticity of the wreck. "Who is who and what is what?" is the big question agitating the public mind today. In the meantime the dead have been buried and the wounded have not the wherewithall to pay their hospital bills. And Frank Hedley, president of the I. R. T. is playing golf and Mayor Walker is planning another vacation.

• • •

THIS is not a dirty slam at the ministerial profession, but it must be commented on as a part of a columnist's duty. Clinton S. Carnes, Treasurer of the Home Mission Board of the Southern Baptist Convention, who has been missing since August 15, is a two-time convict, having served one term in Missouri state prison and another in Atlanta for misuse of the mails. For twelve years Mrs. Carnes kept the secret of her husband's shame from their two sons. While he was in Atlanta she assured them that he was serving his country. Whether he was or not, many of those who are "serving their country" in Washington ought to be serving time in Atlanta.

• • •

TEXAS GUINAN, the big wisecracker of Broadway, got a chilly reception in Los Angeles. The angelians did not give the little girl a hand or a handout. Perhaps they thot that one bally whoopee artist was enough for one city. As long as Los Angeles has Aimee McPherson, they don't have to plunder New York for talent.

• • •

THE officials of the United Mine Workers of Illinois have agreed to accept a reduction in wages for the Illinois mine workers. But the officials will not accept a reduction in their own salaries. The wage slash has the sanction of John L. Lewis international president. At the 1924 convention of the international union in Indianapolis, Lewis boasted that he never accepted a wage cut and never would. And he was right. He had his salary raised from eight to twelve thousand dollars a year.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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MINE LEADER MURDERED!

OFFICIALS MEET TO PLAN SELLOUT OF RAIL STRIKE

Aim to Ignore Vote of 70,000 Workers for Walk-out

Consider "Peace" Plan

(By United Press)

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—Committees of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Order of Railway Conductors met today to consider a mediation proposal which may avert a strike among 70,000 employes of 55 Western railroads.

Although the majority of trainmen and conductors have voted to strike, the walkout will not be called if the peace plan drawn up in Washington last week by representatives of the railroads, brotherhoods and the federal board of mediation should prove satisfactory to the brotherhood committees now in session.

High officials of the two organizations said it might be two or three days before the committees could reach an agreement on the mediation proposal. Until then they are withholding the final result of the strike vote.

The strike vote resulted from failure of previous conferences which lasted over a period of several months. A 7½ per cent wage increase was asked by the trainmen. The railroads offered to meet the salary demand in part, but held out for working conditions which the unions were unwilling to grant.

DRESS WORKERS MEET IN PHILA.

Sigman Rushes There to Save Henchmen

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4.—Waist and dressmakers here will rally at a mass meeting to be held tonight in Garden Hall, Seventh and Morris Sts., for the purpose of establishing a local branch of the National Organization Committee of Cloak and Dressmakers. Louis Hyman, Joseph Borochovich, Rose Wortis and B. Kaplin, leaders of the National Organization Committee, will come here from New York to address the workers.

Careful preparations were made, the committee arranging the meeting declares, to assure the assembled workers that no organized squad of right wing hirelings can disturb the meeting. A similar mass meeting held last week was ordered to disperse by the police who were openly doing the bidding of right wing officials. The Sigmanites first began a disturbance in order to provide the police with an excuse for breaking up the meeting.

Sentiment among the workers runs so high since the interrupted meeting last week, that the right wing officials have sent a hurry call to New York for Sigman to come to Philadelphia.

* * *

Reliable information received states that Morris Sigman and Julius Hochman, the discredited heads of the defunct International left yesterday for Philadelphia, where the waist and dressmakers are to hold a mass meeting under the auspices of the National Organization Committee.

Section 3 Daily Worker Agents Meet Tomorrow

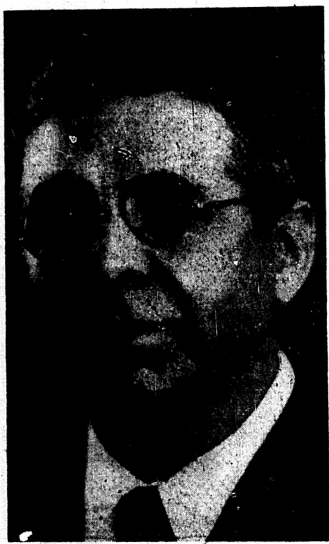
A conference of all Daily Worker agents of Section 3 will be held tomorrow, at 6:30 p.m. at 101 West [illegible] St. The purpose of the conference will be to mobilize the members of all the units in Section 3 for work in the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar.

All Daily Worker agents are instructed to attend.

Dismiss Health Workers in South

NEW ORLEANS.—Due to industrial depression throughout Louisiana [illegible] employes of the State Board of Health, which includes the inspectors of milk, have been dismissed. [illegible] cut the health appropriation in half.

Workers (Communist) Party Candidate



William Patterson, candidate for governor of the state of Ohio on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket. Patterson will conduct a speaking tour bringing the platform of the Workers Party to workers in all parts of Ohio. He will spend the longest period among the industrial workers of northern and eastern Ohio and the miners of the southeast.

BRITISH MISLEADERS BLESS COLLABORATION

LONDON, Sept. 4.—Complete endorsement of the Lord Mond plan of class collaboration by the officialdom of the British Trade Union Congress characterized the sessions of that body which opened two days ago, a report from Swansea, Wales, states.

It is understood that a measure empowering the General Council to collaborate with employers' organizations in setting up a so-called National Industrial Council with authority to regulate industrial support is to be rammed through the congress.

The gesture of the congress officials in excluding the reactionary Seamen's Union whose officials, headed by Sir Havelock Wilson, have for years betrayed the men and gained especial notoriety by his strikebreaking actions during the British General Strike, has been more than compensated by the alarm with which the march of the Welsh miners to Swansea has affected the congress heads.

The officials appealed to the police for protection and the starving men were met by a phalanx of po-

Continued on Page Three

TRAIN KILLS BRAKEMAN.

Hopping from a moving New York Central train yesterday morning at 125th St., Edwin Gingras, thirty-five, a brakeman for the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, fell under the wheels of a car. His legs were severed and he died almost instantly. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and a daughter, Kathleen, who dances in vaudeville as Hillie Kalua. He lived at No. 223 Alexander Ave., the Bronx.

ANOTHER TRAIN WRECK IN BRONX

First Reports About Injuries Meagre

BULLETIN

(By United Press)

A speeding passenger train entering New York City was derailed at 150th Street in the Bronx shortly after 11 p. m. last night and a hurry call was sent for all available ambulances in the district.

First reports indicated that two coaches, neither of which contained any passengers, had been turned on their sides. How the accident occurred was not at first established, but one report indicated the wrecked train collided with a freight train.

One report said one man had a leg amputated and was believed to be dying, but the report lacked confirmation.

The passenger train was understood to have been a "special" which was being brought into the Grand Central Station without passengers.

CHILEAN BUDGET SUBMITTED.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 3.—The 1929 budget which has been submitted to congress calls for ordinary revenues of 1,123,000,000 pesos ($409,895,000) and ordinary expenditures of 1,063,000,000 pesos.

SEEKS AL SMITH'S JOB

G. O. P. Names Oil-Smeared Ottinger

State Attorney General Ottinger, who as assistant in the Department of Justice to the notorious Harry Daugherty aided in the great oil looting during Harding's administration, has been chosen as the republican candidate for governor of New York, it was learned on reliable authority yesterday.

The selection of the oil-smeared Ottinger instead of some ostensibly "purer" candidate thus continues the link of the republican machine of the state with one of the most corrupt administrations in the history of the United States.

In addition to his Teapot Dome connections, Ottinger was also a member of the Water Power Commission which in 1926 succeeded in putting thru a bill which would have turned over all the water power in the state to the Pioneer Power

Continued on Page Five

WORLD CONGRESS ADOPTS PROGRAM IN FINAL SESSION

Seven New Parties are Admitted to the International

Elect New Executive

MOSCOW, Sept. 4.—In a speech reporting the work of the Program Commission of the Communist InterNational Bukharin officially brought to a close the forty-sixth and last session of the World Congress of the Communist International, held here today under the chairmanship of Remelle. The program, in its final form, was unanimously adopted by the Congress.

"The Program Commission," Bukharin said, "has completed its very good work. The smaller program commission dealt with 600 proposals for amendment. The most important addition to the program was the chapter dealing with capitalist development and concerning the general family and social relations under capitalism. Another passage was adopted concerning the evolution of state power under monopolist capitalism and dealing with the general crisis in the capitalist system.

"Great improvements were made in the colonial question. Great alterations were made in the chapter dealing with the strategy and tactics of the Communist International.

Continued on Page Five

30-DAY TERM FOR POOR MRS. KNAPP

But G. O. P. Embezzler May Not Even Serve

ALBANY, Sept. 4.—Convicted of grand larceny and embezzling funds in her administration of the state census of 1925, Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp, former republican secretary of state, was today sentenced to serve 30 days in jail.

Mrs. Knapp, who was until quite recently dean of Home Economics at Syracuse University, had hoped to avoid even this light jail sentence by feigning illness. This she may yet accomplish, her lawyers feel confident, when they will attempt to obtain a certificate of reasonable doubt with bail pending appeal from Supreme Court Justice Ellis J. Staley on Saturday.

Mrs. Knapp was convicted on a specific charge of embezzling $29,500, but testimony during her trial revealed the fact that huge sums, entirely unaccounted, were stolen under her administration as a result of padded payrolls and other methods of graft. Numerous of her relatives were on the state census payroll, the majority of them not even having been assigned to jobs. A step-daughter of Mrs. Knapp testified that a check for several thousand dollars made out in her name was not even known to her, Mrs. Knapp having endorsed it and pocketed the proceeds.

Mrs. Knapp was taken to the women's detention room in the Albany County jail, where she will remain today. She will be assigned to a regular cell in the women's section tomorrow, it is announced.

3 Ford Slave Ships Reach Brazil; Start Rubber Tract Work

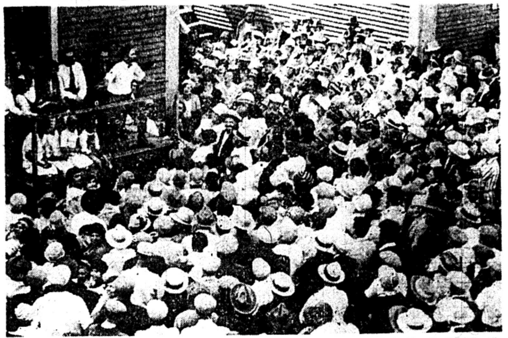
PARA, Brazil, Sept. 4 (UP).—Three Ford ships arrived at the mouth of the Tapajoz River today with engineers, material, machinists and physicians to begin development of Henry Ford's vast rubber concession on the Amazon River.

Ford's concession for months has been subjected to a severe attack by newspapers throughout Brazil, many of them charging the governor of Peru with giving the automobile manufacturer privileges which were withheld from local industrialists.

BELIEVE SHIP LOST

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 4 (UP).—The crew of a salvage boat which searched all day Sunday for the missing freighter Florian reported today that an oil film on the waters off Cape Flattery apparently marked the grave of the vessel.

Addressing Throngs of New Bedford Textile Strikers



Masses of New Bedford textile strikers listening to addresses by leaders of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mill Committees. Never flinching in the face of police terrorism and the hardships which every strike entails, the textile strikers are firmer today than ever before.

CALL FURRIERS TO BLOCK MEET

Workers in All Shops Get Appeal

All furriers working on West 27th St. in the shops of the Associated Fur Manufacturers, as well as those in shops of the left wing New York Joint Board, are urged by the union to come to a block meeting in its headquarters, 77 E. 22nd St., Thursday evening immediately after work.

This is the second of a series of meetings called for those employed on individual blocks in the fur manufacturing district as part of the Joint Board's drive to unionize the trade and thereby give the final death-blow to the disintegrated right wing Joint Council of the A. F. of L.

The first of these meetings called, instead of being merely a meeting of workers in a particular industrial section, developed into a mighty demonstration in support to the left wing organization drive. Workers quit promptly at 5 o'clock and marched to the union building en masse.

The statement issued by the union calling the meeting pays particular attention to the workers employed in the Associated shops, the owners of which are particularly vicious in their sweat shop exploitation, because they are ostensibly controlled by the Joint Council.

These, as well as workers employed in the open shops (which have greatly increased since the A. F. of L. began their union destruction) are called upon to destroy their membership cards of the scab union and sign up with the Joint Board. Hundreds of workers at the last meeting demonstratively tore up their right wing cards as they stood before the windows signing up.

POLICE ATTACK MILL STRIKERS

Had Come to Boston to See Gov. Fuller

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 4.—The committee of forty textile strikers, on their way through the Boston Commons to the State House to keep their appointment with Governor Alvin T. Fuller, Sacco-Vanzetti murderer, were yesterday attacked by a squad of police who injured many by their onslaught. The strikers were singing strike songs and were displaying banners demanding an end to the New Bedford and Fall River police terror.

After the workers were slugged by the police, an announcement was made public that the committee "came too late to see the governor, but that he would be willing to hear them Wednesday morning.

LIGHT MICHIGAN VOTE.

DETROIT, Sept. 4 (UP).—Showing practically the same attitude as most of the candidates assumed during the campaign, little interest was displayed and only a light vote cast in the Michigan primary today.

Foster Leads Straw Vote at Harvester Co.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 4. — The workers of the International Harvester Co. have expressed themselves overwhelmingly in favor of William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for President. In a straw vote taken at the plant on the question of which candidate the workers would prefer to address them Foster came out on top with close to 120 votes. Hoover, Smith and Thomas each received only about a dozen votes.

The Harvester company workers, as well as the workers of other trades in Milwaukee, will have an opportunity of hearing Foster next Monday night when he will speak at Bahn Frei Hall, 1120 North Ave. Hundreds of workers are expected to hear the militant message of the Communist presidential candidate.

The meeting at which Foster will speak will also inaugurate Red Week in this city. House to house collections for the election campaign fund will be made and the workers' press and literature will be brought to thousands of wage-slaves.

KENOSHA LABOR SPY EXPELLED

Warn Units Thruout U. S. to Shun Bugna

KENOSHA, Wis., Sept, 4.—John P. Bugna, former secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, local Kenosha, has been expelled from the Party, charged with being an industrial spy. It has been discovered that he was known as Q-170 in the employ of the Corporation Auxiliary Co., one of the largest industrial spy agencies in the country.

In a statement issued by Samuel A. Herman, field organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in Kenosha, branches of the Party throughout the country were warned against Bugna.

"Bugna is about six feet tall," the statement reads, "slenderly

Continued on Page Three

REORGANIZE UNION.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—Firemen and oilers employed in cotton mills have reorganized their local union, broken in a 1919 strike.

ADMIT D'OLIER VITAL WITNESS

Commissioner Says "He Knew Much"

Police yesterday continued to shadow-box in the "investigation" of the mysterious death of William L. D'Olier, sewer engineer, whose body was found in a lonely spot in Queens Sunday morning.

First considered a suicide, it has now become increasingly clear that D'Olier was murdered. The specific reason was casually suggested yesterday by former Commissioner Shearn, who had charge of the second Queens sewer investigation. The connection between the Sanitation Company of which D'Olier was president and the $29,500,000 Queens graft situation was "very important and D'Olier knew all about it, admitted Shearn yesterday.

Connolly Speaks Up.

At the same time Maurice Connolly, deposed borough president of the Queens, who up till now has maintained an extremely discreet silence on the probable cause of D'Olier's death, volunteered the information that the dead sewer man had been "keenly disappointed by the failure of negotiations to close a $15,000,000 paving contract in Kentucky."

The "suicide" theory is being strongly advocated by the Queens graft ring, whose most conspicuous practitioner is Connolly, and all others who had business relations with Connolly during his efflorescent administration.

This group received a serious jolt when it was definitely established that D'Olier's brief case, which he carried when he left his home in Pelham, N. Y., Saturday afternoon, was not found with his body.

Refute Police.

A number of Queens residents who saw D'Olier's body when it was discovered insist that there was virtually no blood on the ground under the body, and disagree fundamentally with New York detectives who claim the contrary.

Yesterday the theory gained ground that D'Olier might have been shot in an automobile and his body then carried to the spot where it was found.

TO FLY TO SHANGHAI.

LANSING, Mich., Sept. 4 (UP).—Dr. Tien Lai-Huang, Chinese aviator, announced today he would take off from San Francisco, probably within two weeks, on an attempted two-stop flight across the Pacific Ocean to Shanghai.

PLAN BIG PRESS BAZAAR

Daily Worker Affair on Oct. 4, 5, 6, 7

Militant workers thruout the country are expected to make the Daily Worker and Freiheit Bazaar on October 4, 5, 6 and 7 one of the biggest affairs yet held in the militant working class movement. The bazaar will be held at Madison Square Garden. Labor and fraternal organizations and units of the Workers (Communist) Party are making preparations for the bazaar.

The committee in charge has requested that all material for the bazaar be sent to the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee, 30 Union Square.

It is also urged that workers begin now to gather names for the Red Honor Roll and that labor organizations and Workers Party nuclei send ads for the souvenir program.

FIVE BULLETS TAKE LIFE OF FRANK BONITA

Lewis Machine Seen as Real Murderer of Progressive

Brother of Sam Bonita

Shooting on Eve of Big Mine Meet

WILKES BARRE, Pa., Sept. 4.—On the eve of the National Miners Convention to build a new union, the bloody corpse of Frank Bonita, brother of Sam Bonita, now in the penitentiary on framed charges, has been thrown down as a challenge to the coal miners of the country.

Five bullets from the revolver of a man alleged to have been an agent of the Lewis machine, now under arrest, struck down the progressive leader with a calculated ferocity reminiscent of the murders of Thomas Lillis, Pat Reilly and Alex Campbell; his fellow progressives.

Veil of Secrecy

Ross Nilo, alias Roasario Chiodo, Bonita's alleged murderer, and Joe Mogentale, a boarder in Bonita's home are in the Mid-Valley Hospital with wounds in the hands and thigh. Paul Schellegis, another man, also suspected with the killing is under arrest.

In spite of the curious veil of secrecy which invests the affair and which the authorities have so far done little to dispel, the bloody and devasted dining-room of the Bonita home is mute evidence of the terrific battle which the progressive leader made for his life as well as of the determination of his murderer to "get" him at any cost.

Overturned and broken chairs, smashed pictures and bloodstained

Continued on Page Five

SIGMAN'S THUGS COLLECT "DUES"

Agents of Scab Union Forget Receipts

A squad of "dues collectors," made up of underworld thugs, sent to all the cloak and dressmakers' shops by the right wing Sigman company union, yesterday collected their real due from the workers in the dress-manufacturing shop of Bellard Cloak Co., 130 W. 25th St.

The workers in the shop were occupied at their various tasks when the door was suddenly pushed open and the squad of Sigman agents entered.

When one of the pressers answered the thugs' gruff demands for money with the statement that he did not intend to pay any more dues to the Sigman union, one of the strong-arm men suddenly pulled a knife. This was a signal for the immediate rising of the other workers from their machines to the defense of their fellow-worker. The arguments presented by the workers against dues payments did not subside until after police came and arrested four of the invaders.

'COLLABORATION' PLAN IN MINES

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—A new plan to hog-tie the miners of Colorado by means of a class collaboration scheme was revealed today by the National Catholic Welfare Conference, which was instrumental in the scheme.

The collaboration scheme, whose object is to bind and deliver the miners to the Rocky Mountain Fuel Company, resembles in some respects the notorious Baltimore and Ohio plan. It is the outgrowth of the wrecking of last year's strike in the Colorado fields by the opportunist leadership of the I. W. W.

Hylan, Graft Expert, Says Police Department Is Linked With Phila. Graft Ring

$15,000,000 IN 'HUSH' MONEY A YEAR IN N. Y. C.

Higher-Ups Involved in Graft Ring

That the police force of New York is putrid with graft and corruption and definitely linked with the rum ring and graft-ridden police force of Philadelphia, whose $10,000,000 graft activities were exposed two days ago, was yesterday revealed in a statement issued by former Mayor Hylan of New York.

Hylan, whose own city administration was shown several times to be a hotbed of corruption, speaks authoritatively on the graft situation, admitting that he was himself offered a bribe to participate in the graft activities. This offer, the ex-mayor vows, he declined to accept.

Situation Bad.

"The situation in this city as regards official countenancing and aiding, directly or indirectly, all sorts of illegality, including bootlegging, gambling and other vice, is extremely bad," Hylan said. "And it is going from bad to worse, aided by the unwillingness or inability of the local authorities to check it."

Hylan's statement charged that the rum-ring of Philadelphia, which had been able in a single year to deposit graft profits to the extent of $10,000,000 in the banks, was definitely connected with the New York police force and city administration, reaching out to several high officials of New York City.

Protection graft given to the New York police force by speakensies and other illegal businesses in New York has reached a total of almost $15,000,000 annually, it is charged. In this matter, the entire force is implicated, led by the highest police officials, who lead the entire force in corruption and graft.

Recent disclosures of graft among the members of the narcotic squad of the New York police department, the ex-mayor interpreted as a sure indication of graft higher-up and an attempt to cover up existing rottenness among the higher officials of the department.

Speaks From Experience.

"You can make up your mind pretty quickly," said the former mayor, under whose administration the graft and corruption at the hack licence bureau on West 57th St. under Commissioner Drennan was shown up in the winter of 1924-25, "that when cops are getting razzed, there's something to be hidden among the higher-ups. When a little man is 'broken,' particularly when there's a lot of public ceremony about the process, you can be sure that a neck a whole lot more important than his is being saved."

TO PICK CALLES SUCCESSOR SOON

Provisional President to Serve One Year

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 4 (UP).—Congress is expected to select a provisional president to succeed President Calles in two or three weeks, instead of waiting until November, as originally planned.

It was indicated today that the provisional president would serve for one year, when an election would be held.

Among those prominently mentioned as possibilities for the office are War Minister Joaquin Amro, General Jose Gonzaler Escobar, Governor Manuel Peres Trevino and Minister of the Interior Emilio Portes Gil.

French Flyers Forced Down in Morocco Town

LE BOURGET FIELD, France, Sept. 4 (UP).—The Yellow Bird landed at Casa Blanca, Morocco, at 4.40 p. m. today, it was announced here this evening.

The plane, in which Sergeants Jean Assolant and Rene LeFevre started a long distance flight at 7.05 o'clock this morning, was forced down by a leaky oil pipe, a message said.

Cal to Return to "Labors" Next Week

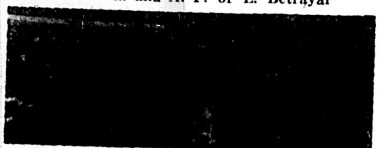
SUPERIOR, Wis., Sept. 4 (UP).—President Coolidge will leave the Summer White House for Washington the first of next week, it was announced at the executive offices today.

While the exact date was not given out, it was learned on good authority that the president will be in Washington not later than the middle of the week.

SEARCH HERRICK FOR LIQUOR.

Myron T. Herrick, United States Ambassador to France and James J. Davis, Secretary of Labor, were among the 1714 passengers of the S.S. Ile De France, who were searched by customs officials for liquor, when the liner docked here today.

Militarism and A. F. of L. Betrayal



The complete sell-out of the officialdom of the American Federation of Labor has seldom been more graphically portrayed than in the above picture of "Labor Day" celebrations at Fort Hamilton, Brooklyn! The celebration was held under the auspices of the Central Trades and Labor Council, the cabinet of reactionary labor tsars who have consistently betrayed the workers of New York City to the bosses, and who have grown, in many cases, enormously rich in doing so.

BIG SECTION 1 MEET SATURDAY

Banner Ceremonies to Be On Program

The ceremonial banquet which will accompany the awarding of the first District 2 Election Campaign Banner will be held at the headquarters of the Downtown Workers Club, 35 E. 2nd St., this Saturday at 8 p.m.

The banner will be awarded to the members of Section 1 in recognition of the good work of members of that section in putting across the first assembly district in the city,—the Eighth Assembly District of Manhattan.

For the occasion, 35 E. 2nd St will be festively decorated and a banquet will be given by the Section Campaign Committee, of which A. Gussakoff, District Literature Agent, is in charge during the absence of S. Milgrom. An unusually fine musical program has been arranged, to be followed and preceded by refreshments of a substantial nature.

A nominal charge of fifty cents is being made for admission, to defray the cost of the music and food. The banquet is not restricted to members of Section 1. All members of the Workers (Communist) Party and progressive workers throughout the city are invited to attend. Should the attendance be large enough, the receipts above the cost of the banquet will be given to the Communist campaign fund.

The work of members of Section 1 has been characterized by a splendid attention to the propaganda work which accompanied the securing of signatures to put the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot. According to the report of the Section Campaign Director, party platforms and other literature were sold to fully half of the workers who attached their signatures to the petitions.

A special effort is being made by the Communist campaigners of the downtown section to complete the Sixth Assembly District by the time the banquet will be held, thus making the occasion a doubly festive one.

Co-operative Branch of Bronx to Mobilize for Final Signature Drive

In a statement issued last night by Spencer, campaign director of Branch 6, Section 5 of the Bronx—known as the Co-operative House Branch of the Workers (Communist) Party—all Bronx Communist campaigners and members of Sections 2 and 3 are urged to report at 2700 Bronx Park East for participation in the signature drive.

The members of Branch 6 have already obtained 1,000 of the 1,800 signatures required to put the Communist candidate in the Sixth Assembly District on the ballot. This work is to be especially commended in view of the fact that the Sixth Assembly District is the largest in the city, and many sections of it are very sparsely populated.

Splendid work has been done in the matter of selling party platforms by the members of the branch.

According to a report made by Spencer, the branch has received very little assistance from the members of Sections 2 and 3, who are supposed to participate in the signature drive in the Sixth Assembly District. This has been largely due to the Red Sundays these sections have been arranging in other sections of the city.

In his statement Spencer declares that "unless all comrades of the Co-operative Branch, comrades of other Bronx branches and those comrades of Sections 2 and 3, who are supposed to report at the Co-operative Branch, unite for one concerted effort, there is danger that the Sixth Assembly District may not be put across. This we must not allow. The next two weeks must finish our drive in the Sixth Assembly District, and with the co-operation of all of us this can be easily accomplished."

The Co-operative headquarters is open every evening, with Spencer in charge. All members are urged by the District Campaign Committee to co-operate with Branch 6 in its signature drive.

SYDNEY POSTAL STRIKE.

The secretary of the Amalgamated Postal Workers' Union (Mr. E. F. Murnane) stated that the mail branch at the General Post Office, Sydney, was seething with discontent, and that apparently the present superintendent of mails was not inclined to give consideration to Union representations on behalf of the employes affected.

Sections 2 and 3 Plan Red Sunday in Harlem on Sunday, Sept. 9

The members of the Red Squads of Sections 2 and 3, in line with their splendid work in the Bronx and Brownsville, will mobilize for the third time on Sunday, Sept. 9, for campaign work in Harlem.

The two Red Squads will meet at 9 a. m. next Sunday at the Harlem headquarters, 143 East 103rd St., and will make a gallant effort to put across the seventeenth, eighteenth and twenty-first assembly districts.

According to Bessie Gussakoff and H. Bydarian, campaign managers of Sections 2 and 3, special registration is being taken at every unit meeting of volunteers for the Red Squads. It is expected by the campaign managers that the Red Squads which will report in Harlem next Sunday will greatly outnumber the squads that worked in the Bronx and in Brownsville.

It has been proposed by Bessie Gussakoff that a special banner be awarded to the Red Squads of the two sections in recognition of their work in the signature drive thruout the city, and the proposal is being looked on with favor by Rebecca Grecht, district campaign director.

Should the work of the Red Squads in Harlem equal that done in the Bronx two weeks ago it is certain that no opposition to Gussakoff's demand will be met.

PLAN BIG FRENCH TEXTILE STRIKE

Delay Date to Make Walk-out General

PARIS, Sept. 4.—Due to the sympathetic interest shown by non-union textile workers and even by the rank and file of the reformist unions toward the strike action proposed by the revolutionary textile unions, the latter have announced a postponement of the general strike call from September 2 till the 23rd, in order to mobilize all the mill workers for a big general struggle.

The original demand put forward by the left wing organizations, a wage increase for women textile operatives, met with such unanimous approval that the militant unions decided to rally the membership of right wing unions as well as the non-union workers around a larger list of demands, before the strike is put into effect.

'DAILY' SUB DRIVE EFFORTS URGED

Agents Must Intensify Work in All Cities

In a letter distributed throughout the country by the committee in charge of the Daily Worker Election Subscription Drive, Daily Worker agents were advised to participate more strenuously in the big campaign. The letter follows in part:

"To all Daily Worker Agents:

"This is the first week of the Election Subscription Campaign to get ten thousand new readers for the Daily Worker. All the necessary material has been sent and should be in your hands by this time. The success of this campaign will depend on the amount of organization done by our agents in the various districts, cities and units.

"The Daily Worker Agents should work to fill their quotas not only for the various prizes that are being given to the cities and district but also as a means to build the Party press.

"The various city agents should sub-divide the quotas among the units in their cities. You should arrange to have a bundle of Daily Workers (at the special price of $6 per thousand) at all meetings and for the purpose of getting new contracts and new subscribers to the Daily Worker. You should take steps to organize systematic distributions in front of the large shops and trade union meetings. Visit the various fraternal and sympathetic organizations in your city and see that their members subscribe to the Daily Worker."

RED CANDIDATES TO TALK IN BRONX

Banquet Is Scheduled for Sunday

A Bronx Communist Campaign Banquet at which all the local Communist candidates will be present, will be held at 2075 Clinton Ave., the Bronx, at 5:30 p.m. on Sunday, Sept. 9.

The banquet will celebrate the placing on the ballot of the candidate running on the Communist ticket in the Fifth Assembly District of the Bronx, and, if a final drive this week can do the job, will also celebrate the putting across of the Fourth Assembly District of the Bronx, for which only three hundred additional signatures are needed.

The Bronx banquet, at which elaborate food and musical programs will be given, will be the first affair of its kind to be held in the Bronx during the present campaign, and should be attended by all Bronx members of the Workers (Communist) Party as well as other progressive workers who recognize in the election platform of the Workers (Communist) Party the expression of their own political and economic demands.

The banquet will be filled with militant needle trades workers who have recently endorsed the platform and candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party, since the Bronx may be called the home of these militant left wing needle trades workers who have fought the reactionary policies of the socialist party misleaders consistently.

All of the Communist candidates running in the Bronx will be present at the affair. While the details of the musical and other entertainment to be provided have not yet been divulged, the banquet will be an affair long to be remembered in the minds of those workers who will be present, according to Jacob Yakovleff, organizer of Section 5, the Bronx.

Workers of Panama Score Democratic Anti-Alien Plank

PANAMA, Sept. 4.—The General Syndicate of Workers of Panama has sent a letter to the Daily Worker protesting against the resolution incorporated in the democratic platform providing that only American citizens be employed in positions in the Canal zone above the rank of messenger. The resolution was proposed by Canal zone democrats and is regarded as part of the campaign against foreign-born workers, especially those of radical sympathies, in the Canal zone.

The letter is signed by Charles R. Mendoza, executive secretary, and Jorge R. Brouwer, Jr., foreign secretary of the General Syndicate of Workers of Panama.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

I. L. D. APPEALS TO WORKERS FOR MORE SUPPORT

Urges Branches to Intensify Work

With the conclusion of the summer season, the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, is planning to intensify the activities of all its branches. An appeal, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the New York Section, has been issued to the branches and to all class-conscious workers, urging more active co-operation and aid in order that the I. L. D. may be able to continue its work. The appeal states:

"The summer months, always difficult months financially for the International Labor Defense, have this year been unusually hard upon us. Our annual outing, which is usually a source of considerable income, fell far below expectations because of postponement and rain. Throughout the summer money was constantly being paid out to defray the expenses of the many cases that we handled, while very little was coming in.

Without Funds.

"Thus the I. L. D. now finds itself actually without sufficient funds to go on with the defense of workers under attack by the capitalist courts. But this work will not and must not stop. The only weapon which the workers have in their fight against the frame-up and the other devices of the boss courts—the International Labor Defense—must not be crushed because of lack of support.

"The I. L. D. appeals to all branches to intensify their work immediately, to start membership campaigns, to arrange affairs of various sorts and to do everything possible to enable the local office to continue its indispensable work in behalf of workers caught in the legal machinery of the capitalist courts.

Autumn Revel.

"The I. L. D. also appeals to all class-conscious workers to join in this work by becoming members of the International Labor Defense and supporting it to the utmost.

"All branches and all workers should also make preparations for our Autumn Revel, which will be held Saturday, Oct. 27, in Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Branches and other workingclass organizations are requested not to arrange affairs for this date."

Grab Levine Plane for Non-Payment of Taxes

PARIS, Sept. 4 (UP).—Police seized Charles A. Levine's new Junkers plane, Queen of the Air, at Cherbourg today.

Levine, who had intended to sail for New York today aboard the Leviathan of the United States Lines, arrived at Cherbourg flanked by gendarmes nad his plane was put under seal.

The plane was seized because Levine, piloted by Bert Acosta, left Le Bourget Field without the authorization of customs officials, who previously had ordered the plane to stay on the ground until the taxes on it were paid. The plane was built in Germany and imported by Levine.

New Job for Hughes?

GENEVA, Sept. 4 (UP).—The assembly of the League of Nations will elect a successor to John Bassett Moore as judge of the world court Saturday, Herluf ahle, president of the assembly, announced today. The election of Charles Evans Hughes was regarded as certain.

Painter Has Narrow Escape in Fall

Manuel Martin had a narrow escape yesterday when he fell from a scaffold at 245 Degraw St., Brooklyn, and dropped three storys to the ground. He suffered bruises only. Falls from scaffolds are frequent occurrences among painters.

BURKE TO LEAVE ON TOUR TODAY

Will Cover 10 Towns on Trip

Preparatory to the election campaign tour for the Workers (Communist) Party to be made by Robert Minor, Communist candidate for U. S. Senate and Lovett Fort-Whiteman, Communist candidate for Comptroller, which is scheduled to start at Poughkeepsie on Sept. 4, Donald Burke, Red campaigner, today begins his upstate tour, covering each of the cities at which Minor and Whiteman will later speak.

Burke's first stop will be Poughkeepsie, at which he will speak today. The rest of his itinerary includes: Troy, Sept. 6 and 7; Albany, Sept. 8; Schenectady, Sept. 9 and 10; Utica, Sept. 11; Syracuse, Sept. 12; Rochester, Sept. 13 and 14; Buffalo, Sept. 15, 16 and 17; Jamestown, Sept. 18, and Binghamton, Sept. 19.

Besides making preparations for the Minor-Whiteman tour, Burke will hold open-air meetings on the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party and wherever possible will speak at factory gates at noon.

Burke is already a familiar figure in many upstate localities due to his fine work during the Red Essex tour, during which he and George Pearlman accounted for putting fourteen upstate counties on the ballot for the Workers (Communist) Party. The expenses of the tour will be paid by Burke himself out of collections to be taken at the various meetings, and he confidently expects to raise sufficient funds to considerably swell the Communist campaign fund after paying the costs of his tour.

To Protest Porter Jailing at Meet in Milwaukee Sept. 16

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 4.—International Youth Day will be celebrated in Milwaukee with a mass meeting protesting against the vicious sentence meted out to John Porter, young textile strike leader, who has been condemned to two and a half years at hard labor by the federal military authorities.

The meeting will be held on the evening of Sept. 16 at Liberty Hall, Eighth and Walnut Sts., under the auspices of the Young Workers League. Minnie Lurie, a member of the District Executive Committee of District 8 of the League, will be the chief speaker.

Kroger Grocery Trust Swallows Competitor

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 4 (UP).—Announcement was made today by the Kroger Grocery and Baking Co. of the purchase of the Eagle chain of 115 stores in Pittsburgh which have been owned and operated since 1922 by Benjamin Chait, Joseph Goldstein, Joseph Porter and Meyer Weinberg.

Banquet of Progressive Delicatessen Clerks in Red Campaign Friday

The progressive group of Local 302, Delicatessen Countermen's Union, will have a banquet and concert this Friday, Sept. 7, at the United Workers Co-operative Restaurant at 2731 White Plains Ave., the Bronx, for the benefit of the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party. The banquet is scheduled to begin at 8 p. m.

The banquet will be one of many courses and a fine musical program has been arranged. Owing to the fullness of the program, only two speeches will be made, Rebecca Grecht, district campaign manager, will speak on the importance of the 1928 elections to workers and link up the splendid fight of the progressive delicatessen clerks in ousting the right wing leaders from the union with the political fight of the workers, and P. Yuditch, labor editor of the Freiheit, Jewish Communist daily, will review the struggles of the militant, left wing members of the union against the reactionary officials of the United Hebrew Trades Council, with which the union is affiliated.

The workers who have arranged this banquet in support of the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party have made a reputation for themselves by the spirit with which they combatted all right wing leadership in their union. As delegates to the United Hebrew Trades meetings, several of these workers have taken the floor in opposition to the concerted reactionary forces marshalled by the corrupt leaders and have often run a gauntlet of blows after their militant speeches. According to I. Himmelfarb, one of the leaders of the progressive group, this group is extending its influence widely thruout the union with fine results in drawing the membership away from the misleaders.

WORKERS WAGES ADVANCE.

CHATTANOOGA, Sept. 4. — Wages are advanced and better work conditions secured under a new contract signed by employers of Electrical Workers No. 175 here.

MILL STRIKER'S WIFE COMES TO THE "BIG CITY"

Slaved 22 Years in Textile Mills

After twenty-two years in the gray textile mills of New Bedford, a thin, undernourished little striker's wife, Mrs. Stella Correia, left her husband and three little children and came to New York yesterday to help raise funds for the fighting, hungry New Bedford strikers. This is her first time in this city. As Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary of the Workers' International Relief, brought her from the Grand Central station, the noise and bustle of the traffic and the glittering shop windows on Fifth Avenue left her a little breathless.

"How is it possible," she asked, "that while our people are working for starvation wages in New Bedford that there is so much wealth in New York?"

Mrs. Correia will attend union meetings for the purpose of raising funds for the textile strikers and on Saturday, September 15, at 1 p. m., she will address the Workers' International Relief Conference at Irving Plaza Hall.

At the offices of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, Mrs. Correia told a pitiable tale of hunger and suffering among the textile workers of New Bedford and Fall River. She also told of how she and her children have taken part in all mass picketing demonstrations and how on several occasions she and her oldest girl, Mary, were arrested and brutally manhandled by the New Bedford police. Her youngest child, Charlie, she said, is a chronic victim of pleurisy, contracted during a winter when the family could not afford coal.

When her husband and herself are at work they both make $21.45 for a full week's work, Mrs. Correia said. The children are left with neighbors and have to shift for themselves as best they can.

"When are you going back to work?" a reporter asked.

Mrs. Correia stiffened and snapped back: "When we win the strike."

FIRE MORE MINERS

LONDON (By Mail).—Eight hundred men and boys are to receive notice today at New Bildworth (Notts). The pit was sunk only two years ago. Depression in the industry is the reason given for the notices.

Did You Receive Our Letter?
Did You Answer?

If not yet, tax yourself with one day's wage and do your share to complete the fund

A Day's Wage
for the
$100,000
COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN FUND

Are you unemployed and so badly in need that you cannot send even a single dollar or a two-dollar bill for the Communist Campaign?

ANSWER BEFORE YOU LAY DOWN THIS NOTICE

We Need
5's, 10's, 25's and 100's but the singles and twos are just as welcome.

Just attach your contribution to the blank that we sent you and mail it in NOW!

Send all Funds to
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treasurer
National Election Campaign Committee
43 EAST 125TH STREET
NEW YORK CITY

Are You Working
for the
DAILY WORKER-FREIHEIT
BAZAAR
October 4, 5, 6 and 7

These will be red letter days of the biggest event of the year.

Madison Square Garden
will be the place for this stupendous expression of proletarian effort and initiative.

EVERY PARTY UNIT from New York to Seattle, from Maine to Texas, every workingclass organization sympathetic with the revolutionary movement, every class conscious worker on the job. Here is what you should do:

ELECT A BAZAAR COMMITTEE to gather articles. Solicit ads for the souvenir program at $75 per page. No workingclass organization should fail to register itself in this manner by taking all or part of a page. No Workers Party Unit should be missing. Gather names for the Red Honor Roll at one dollar a name.

Fall in line to make the Red Bazaar the biggest success of the year.

HEADQUARTERS
National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee
30 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK CITY

Bukharin's Speech in Reply to Discussion on the International Situation

Bukharin's speech in reply to the discussion on the international situation at the Sixth Congress of the Communist International began in Saturday's Daily Worker. Those sections already published are: "I. The Positive and Negatives Sides of the Discussion, "II. The Stabilization of Capitalism and the Controversy over the 'Third Period,'" "III. The War Question is the Central Question," and "IV. The External and Internal Contradictions of the Capitalist System."

* * *

V. Problems Connected With the Work of the Communist Parties

I now want to take up certain separate problems, which in my opinion are very important. Permit me first of all to say a few words about our trade union tactics and our trade union work, which was discussed here. The Executive of the C. I. constantly emphasizes in its resolutions, circulars, letters, and other documents, the necessity for persistent trade union work in connection with the united front tactics. Everybody knows this. The world situation, which I have analysed and described here makes this problem more acute than ever and brings the task of winning over the masses more and more to the forefront. In the present situation winning over the masses is the condition precedent for our struggle against the dangers of war, and against war as such. The masses cannot be won over unless we work inside the trade unions. From the point of view of our international relations we must repeat what we have already said, namely. that strenuous work in the trade unions is absolutely essential.

We must not lose the initiative in the struggle for trade union unity. In the present situation we stand particularly in need of strongholds among the masses. That is why an intensification of trade union work in general, and an intensification of Profintern work in particular, is now one of the major tasks in the work of the Communist Parties. In the course of the discussion of the trade union question a number of tendencies were revealed. Some comrades spoke of the necessity to organize the unorganized, to create independent organizations in opposition to the reactionary unions, and, under certain definite conditions, to link up with the Profintern unions those trade union organizations which have been captured from the reformists. This is the policy which we advocated and which was generally adopted by the IV. Congress of the R. I. L. U. However, in the discussion reference was made to tendencies to resist these decisions, to the absence of an independent Communist line in trade union work, to complete surrender to Reformism out of fear of expulsion from the trade unions. But another tendency was also revealed in the course of the discussion, namely, a tendency to deny the necessity for working in the reactionary unions, and attempts were even made to develop a theory for the purpose of justifying this attitude. Sometimes this tendency is observed among the rank and file and arises from the difficulties which work in the reactionary trade union encounters. It is true that we are being expelled from the reactionary unions and for that reason greater firmness and a strong belief in our own policy is necessary to be able to work under such difficult conditions. The tendency to leave the reactionary unions is fostered also by the fact that large numbers of workers in many countries are still unorganised. This is the case in the United States and also in France. Comrade Thorez pointed out in his speech that only a negligible section of the French workers are organised. It is absolutely clear that the task of organizing the unorganised is one of the main tasks at the present time. But this is no reason why we should abandon our work in the reactionary trade unions, even in countries where dual unions exist. Some comrades try to prove theoretically that it is impossible to capture the machinery of the reformist labor organizations, trade unions, etc. They draw an analogy between the trade union and the governmental machinery. The slogan: capture the bourgeois state machine, they claim, must not be taken literally. They point out that Marx and Engels, and later Lenin in his "State and Revolution" explained that capturing the state means destruction of the state machine and its displacement by another; that this was the process of capturing the state.

The comrades apply this argument to the trade union question. There, too, there is a firmly organized bureaucratic machine similar to that of the bourgeois state machine. They say that it is impossible to capture that huge machine, it must be destroyed; but it is possible to destroy it only when the bourgeois state apparatus is destroyed. From this they conclude that it will be impossible to capture the reactionary trade unions before the capture of political power. On these assumptions it is easy to arrive at the conclusion that it is not necessary to work in the trade unions now under a Reformist leadership. However the argument that it is impossible to capture the reactionary unions cannot be proved. True, it is a very difficult task and it is probable that a final victory all along the front will be scored in many countries only in the process of the Social Revolution and after the capture of power. We have had cases like that in Soviet Russia, but we never abandoned our work in the Menshevik trade unions. To say that it is impossible to capture the unions is to take too pessimistic a view of the situation. The bourgeois state apparatus does not consist of workers. But the trade union machine is so constructed that only its upper layer consists of the so-called bosses while the lower strata consists of the masses of organized workers. If it is possible to "capture" the entire machine, it is possible to capture the rank and file, the factory committees and certain separate parts of the machine. Having broken through the front at one point it will be possible to proceed further. With the help of the masses it will be possible to break through the trade union front at several points. Can this be called breaking up the machine? In a certain sense, yes. By removing a reformist leader and placing our own man in his place, we are reorganizing the apparatus. The capture of any part of the machine means the "cleansing" and reorganizing of that machine. This is clear. To make a theoretical comparison between the trade unions and the state is unsound.

In his famous pamphlet "Left Wing Communism—an Infantile Sickness" Lenin very bluntly raised the issue of the necessity for working in the reactionary unions. The arguments he used are generally known. We must not go from one extreme to the other. We must combat the opposition to the decisions of the IV. Congress of the Profintern. Abominable facts were related here of what occurred in the Germany Party on this point. But we must also fight against the slogans of workers' control of industry and the like if they are advanced at a moment when there is no revolutionary situation (such slogans are pregnant with most serious dangers). Certainly we must combat these what are in fact right wing tendencies; but we must not fall into the other extreme and deny the very possibility of fruitful work in the reactionary unions.

Work in the Mass Organizations.

The proposition we advanced in the discussion on the Youth question fully applies also to trade union work. We demanded from the Youth that they carry their mission into all mass organizations where workers are to be found even if these organizations are non-Communist or non-revolutionary. In this epoch of intense struggle against social democracy (we can make no headway without such a fierce struggle) and the prospects of war, our penetration into the masses of the proletariat is an absolutely necessary pre-requisite for success. Without creating this pre-requisite our existence as a Communist Party is generally impossible. To hope optimistically for the growth of our influence is not enough. We welcome this growth but the disproportion between the influence of our Party and the organizational consolidation of that influence is notorious. In order to remove this disproportion we must carry on strenuous work in the trade unions and other mass organizations. Comrade Willi Munzenberg quite correctly said that we must devote serious attention to the mass organizations. The forms of these organizations are multifarious but nevertheless we must take our positions in them. By the way, Comrade Munzenberg unjustly rebuked me for under-estimating the significance of the Anti-Imperialist League. In my report I argued precisely against the liquidatory tendencies of some comrades in relations to that League. Attempts are being made to give a theoretical basis to these liquidatory tendencies. The followers of this tendency say that they are not purely Communist organizations, that they are not even proletarian organizations; they contain many intellectuals and many representatives of the national revolutionary movements who may betray us tomorrow, etc. The opponents of participation in these organizations fear that these amorphous non-Communist organizations will "displace" the Communist Parties. These organizations include the Anti-Imperialist League, the Unity groups, the labor and other delegations to the U. S. S. R. with and without participation of intellectuals, etc. Some comrades are afraid that the Communist Parties will be crowded out by these organizations. Of course to assign to these organizations a role by which they would displace the Communist Parties would be a betrayal of Communism. This is a self-evident fact. But who assigns to them such a role? We do not regard these organizations as substitutes for the Communist Party, but as a means for spreading our influence among the broad masses. Comrade Munzenberg said that Comrade Bukharin, perhaps because he is insufficiently informed, has failed to note the great actions of the League in Mexico. Comrades, it is true that I did not mention this point. But does Mexico atone for all sins? For instance, I do not think the League has done sufficient positive work in connection with the Chinese question. In this connection it has done very little. Comrade Munzenberg knows better than anyone else the organizational weaknesses of the League. I mention the shortcomings of the League not because I propose to deprive it of our support, but because I want it to be supported. Willi Munzenberg alone is not to be blamed for this; we are all to blame. We gave very little assistance to the League, we did not supply the League with adequate forces. Our parties did not sufficiently co-operate with it. Such are the unembellished facts, on the basis of which we must draw our conclusions.

The problem of mass organizations is one of the most important problems and the next Plenum will have to work out a series of practical measures for its correct solution. The line is clear, but our experience is inadequate. We have already adopted many resolutions on this question and have debated on it many times. We have resolutions to show but our deeds do not correspond with these paper resolutions. This is a fact.

Unemployment.

The unemployment problem was touched upon, and quite rightly. Several comrades spoke on the question and particularly Comrade Hannington from Great Britain. This question must be elaborated in the theses and the most serious attention must be paid to it.

The unemployment problem was discussed here yesterday in connection with the special problems appertaining to America. Comrade Lominadze raised several objections to the case presented by Comrade Vargn. He said on the one hand that Varga revises the fundamental principles of Marx by speaking of a decline in the number of workers employed in industry. He thinks this is not the case nor can it be. On the other hand Comrade Lominadze says that he does not agree with me when I say that this is the first time anything of this kind has occurred, for Marx has given numerous examples of such cases.

I think one must choose one of these two propositions. Either something of the sort has existed and exists now or nothing of the kind can exist. (Lominadze: There is no law of development).

Quite right. There is no law of development. (Lominadze: I said this against Varga). But you are arguing also against me.

The second proposition excludes the first. But Comrade Lominadze wants to have it both ways.

How does the matter actually stand? Is a reduction in the number of workers employed in industry possible or not? It is possible. It is possible as were the various cases which Marx cited in volume I of "Capital." Not a "certain" but a fairly well known French economist, Ganil to whom Comrade Lominadze referred, developed a whole theory on this subject as follows: as capitalism develops, the number of workers employed declines, and the number of capitalists increases. Hence, the workers become capitalists! Marx said that this was nonsense, that it was a ridiculous and worthless theory. But is this the point involved in the "American" case? Did Varga express his agreement with Carver (and Ganil)? Did Varga say that the workers become capitalists? God forbid! Varga said that they become unemployed. There is nothing in this to suggest Ganil's theory. Hence, Ganil must be left to lie in peace. Further, Marx cites several cases of individual factories in which the number of workers employed declined. Is it possible for the same thing to happen now (for the first time!!) in a whole country, at least for a certain period of time? I think it is possible. A certain country may occupy an exceptional position in world economy, may be distinguished by certain specific features of development just as certain individual factories or districts of Great Britain were distinguished in the days of Marx. It would be imprudent and wrong to advance a new "natural law" of capitalist development at the present time. Firstly we have too little empirical material with which to make such generalizations, but it is quite permissible to speak of positive facts. There is a country that occupies an exceptional position in world economics and that country is the United States. It is quite reasonable to suppose that a country with such enormous economic resources and where technical progress has made such rapid strides should not develop along the general, average line but should develop in leaps. That is exactly what is happening in America.

What does that mean? For our analysis as a whole it means the following: We see various processes giving rise to growing unemployment. These are—growing unemployment caused by depression and crisis; growing unemployment as a result of rationalization, and finally a spasmodic reduction in the absolute number of workers employed in industry due to the very rapid technical development that is taking place in the United States.

I absolutely disagree with the argument advanced here by many comrades to the effect that the internal possibilities of American imperialism have been "exhausted." They have not yet been exhausted and in general I am on principle opposed to this point of view. It is wrong both in theory and principle, it is the Luxemburg theory (Voice: This is what Varga said!). Yes, Varga said it but I disagree with Varga on this point. It is wrong, it is a reiteration of Rosa Luxemburg's theory. What is true is that under the present market conditions in a country like the United States, consecutive investments of capital are not as profitable as for instance in South America. And this problem is not as simple as some comrades think. It is a very complicated one. Our general deductions are as follows. There are now various causes of unemployment and these causes must be analysed. There is the unemployment that arises in time of depressions; there is unemployment called forth by the process of rationalization, even in the period of the upward trend of development; there is a rapid growth of unemployment at the time of a marked upward trend of development accompanied by extremely rapid technical progress. Take for instance unemployment in Great Britain and in America. These are two different types of unemployment. It goes without saying that we as Communists regard all the types of unemployment as a product of the development of the contradictions in capitalism. We utilize these contradictions with the object of sharpening the class struggle.

The Peasant Problem.

Now a few words on the peasant problem. The critical remarks made on this question by Comrade Kolarov, by the Italian, Balkan, South American, Persian and several other comrades I think are absolutely justified. But in my turn I can hurl the reproach at all these comrades for not having said a word about the agricultural proletariat. As a matter of fact this problem is one of the most serious problems in the capitalistically developed European countries.

How does the peasant problem as a whole stand at the present time? I think the formulation we adopted in 1925 still holds good. With the beginning of partial capitalist stabilization, work among the peasantry in the highly-developed West-European countries has become objectively more difficult for us.

The broad masses of the peasants—not the pauperized peasants of the Chinese, Russian or Roumanian type, but the "middle" and "lower middle" West European type (Germany, France, Czechoslovakia, etc.)—became restless when considerable disturbances took place in the entire capitalist system. No analogy can be drawn between the Chinese peasants and the German middle peasants. They represent totally different social categories, they are quite different types of peasants. Lenin spoke of this at the second congress, and strongly emphasized this distinction. In times of war and great disturbances in Western Europe, these sections were also moved. But under the present conditions of stabilization, work among the peasants in the large capitalist countries will in my opinion be very difficult.

All the more reason therefore, why we must stress the significance of our work among the agricultural laborers. In a number of countries at the present time an offensive on the agricultural proletariat is observed all along the line. At the same time in a number of countries of a different type, the agrarian problem is becoming accentuated—the events in the Balkan countries and particularly in Roumania have shown us that this problem is assuming special significance and we must therefore regard it as the most important issue for us in these countries. The same thing applies to those colonial countries in which an immediate revolutionary situation may be expected in the near future. For instance, the peasant problem in China is now an urgent and the central problem of the revolution. Special attention must be devoted to the peasant problem in the South-American countries. The structure of the state in almost all South-American countries is of a peculiar type (big landowners and owners of latifundia are at the helm). In some of these countries we find latifundia on which a mixed regime of capitalist exploitation and feudal relations exist. We find similar conditions in some colonies with their plantation systems, where extraordinary laws exist, for instance, against the Negroes, etc. The peasant problem in Indonesia, India and South Africa (where the natives are being divorced from the land) plays an enormous and even a decisive role. For our Parties in those countries the peasant problem is the chief and principal problem. In Poland — I come now to European countries—this problem is also of the utmost importance.

However, the comrades who spoke on this question made almost no concrete proposals as to what is to be done. Of proposals that were made I will mention only one, which reduces itself to the suggestion that we should revise the point of view we adopted in 1925 in regard to the peasant parties. The comrade who made that suggestion believes that under the existing objective conditions (the extraordinarily importance of the peasant problem in several countries) we ought to organize peasant parties.

I do not agree with that and I believe that there is no reason to accept the suggestion. The arguments advanced in its favor are not convincing enough. We are told that since we must devote more attention to the peasant problem, particularly in the various colonial and semi-colonial countries, in the South American countries, etc., it naturally follows that we must organize peasant parties. Why? We have already discussed this question and decided that it was necessary to organize peasant leagues, to gain influence in them and to control them through our fractions. It seems to me that this position was absolutely correct and that it holds good also today. Why are separate peasant parties necessary? What does it mean to create a new party in the light of the prospect of development of bourgeois national revolutions in the colonies and their transformation into social revolutions. It means that we would set up parties to compete with the Communist Parties of the proletariat. We cannot say: up to a certain point we "favor" such parties, but after that we "eliminate" or liquidate them without ceremony. No, comrades, such parties would grow and eventually would compete with the Communist Parties. Of course, in cases where peasant parties already exist we must seek to win them over and to bring them under our influence. But wherever the question of organizing a peasant party is raised for the first time it seems to me that it would be much better for us to organize peasant leagues, because by doing so we shall be able to organize broader sections of the peasantry and create a surer means by which to lead the toiling sections of the peasants. Such a form of peasant organization may attract a larger membership and will be much easier to bring under the influence of the proletarian Communist Party. All these political considerations argue against this proposal. We decided this question in this spirit before and gave the same motives for this solution. There is no reason whatever why we should relinquish this position.

The Importance of Work in South America.

Allow me to deal with a few other questions.

First of all I want to lay stress on the problem of the South American countries. We have already mentioned the fact that this is the first time that the South American Parties are so well represented at our Congress. Of course, this shows that our movement has extended to the South American countries. These countries are now particularly important for us as they play a very important although peculiar role in world politics. We have already pointed out the growing aggressiveness of North American capitalism in South America; we have also pointed already to the war of liberation Nicaragua is waging against the imperialist invasion of the U. S. We are all perfectly well aware of the great importance of Mexican resistance and we also know that such resistance and a powerful popular movement against North American imperialism is now developing in several countries in South America. We know perfectly well that this problem is interwined with certain internal problems in the respective countries, particularly with the agrarian problem and the struggle against fascism. On the question of tactics in the South American countries there are various currents among us. I cannot deal now with all the controversial points. I would like, however, to emphasize the point that from the viewpoint of the development of powerful national revolutions and powerful agrarian revolutions,—which most likely will reveal the tendency to become transformed into social revolutions, the whole gamut of South American problems is assuming increasing significance from day to day.

The Negro Problem.

I want to stress the importance of the Negro problem. The Comintern has already passed a number of resolutions on this question. Nevertheless, it is a fact that the Parties concerned have not yet paid the necessary attention to this issue. Almost all Negro comrades say in addition, that the survivals of race prejudice are still to be observed in some parties. I do not deny this fact. If on minor national issues, there is friction within the Communist Parties, for instance in Western Europe, what reasons have we to believe that great cultural and radical distinctions leave no traces upon the Communist Parties? Even on the Commissions of the Comintern a wrong note is detected when questions concerning the Negro problem are discussed. I myself noticed this during a discussion on the South African question. We must put an end to this once and for all. In our theses we must declare in the name of the Comintern that it is the duty of all our comrades to adopt a correct policy on this question and fight mercilessly against the slightest manifestations of race prejudice. The Negro problem must not be studied merely from the point of view of the situation in North America, but also from the viewpoint of the situation in South Africa, etc.

The Situation in India.

A few words on India. Some Indian comrades raised some points against me and I must reply. For instance, Comrade Rasur objected to my description of the present economic situation in India. He regretted that I did not say something about the industrialization of India. I must state here that in elaborating their theory of the "de-colonization" of India the Indian comrades sought support in a statement I made in the course of which, while I made no reference to the de-colonization of India, I nevertheless, pointed to the large investments of foreign capital to be observed in India.

Is it true that I made no reference to the industrialization of India in my report? I may not have employed the term industrialization. But I spoke of big capital investments during the war and post-war periods; is that no industrialization? However, this is not a decisive factor in analyzing the present situation in India. A decisive element is the following: Has the policy of British imperialism changed in regard to India or not? Is there any change to be observed in the economic policy of British imperialism? I think the flow of capital to India has greatly diminished of late. We no longer observe the feverish investments of capital; there is no longer an upward curve of large investments as we saw before. That is why the surging process of economic development that was observed some time ago is not observed now. Hence, the impoverishment and pauperization now in progress which is converting the peasants not into urban workers on all sides, but semi-beggars on the land, robbed and enslaved on all sides. This retards the development of the home market and therefore the development of industry which has to contend against bitter competition, which is made all the more severe by the "preferences" Britain is able to secure for herself by the privileged position she occupies in the country. Such are the peculiar features of India today. Comrade Rasur said that Britain is trying to bribe the upper strata of the peasantry. This is true. But it seems to me that Comrade Rasur somewhat exaggerates this process. In reality we see the process of further pauperization and this is a basis for the coming revolutionary battles. This is also a basis for bourgeois maneuvers against British imperialism. In regard to the tactics that must be applied in India, I have dealt with them already.

The Vienna Insurrection and the "Left" Social Democracy.

In dealing with the smaller Parties I think a few words must be said regarding the Austrian question. Some comrades asked me whether the fact that I did not mention the July insurrection in Vienna is to be taken as indicating a change in our opinion on this question. As you all know we discussed the Austrian question some time ago and expressed ourselves very strongly against the position of the Austrian Party. In the resolution we adopted it is pointed out that the Vienna uprising was a powerful revolutionary mass movement and that our Party should have advanced the slogan of Soviets and should have led the insurrection under this slogan. No doubt all of you are familiar with that resolution. It seems to me that there is no reason why we should depart from the opinions we expressed at that time. It is another question as to whether that movement was not isolated somewhat at the stage which it had reached. The masses of the German and Czecho-Slovakian proletariat could not be called out for a general strike and no decisive mass action could be effected then. From this point of view the Vienna uprising was to a certain extent isolated. However, with the further development of events we might have attained a different situation. That was quite possible. Who can say that if the events had developed further we would not have had great ferment in Germany and Czechoslovakia? Such a possibility was not entirely out of the question. The argument that the rising was isolated, or rather, relatively isolated cannot be brought in as an argument against our revolutionary tactics in Austria. Did the Austrian Party at that time have the opportunity to develop the movement? I think it did. The Party made a mistake in not helping to create mass organizations in the form of Soviets. It had the opportunity for doing that, but it committed a grave mistake in not acting in the right way in the right time. I think the resolution of the Plenum of the E.C.C.I. was absolutely correct. It is another matter as to how far similar events are possible in the existing situation. I do not consider such a prospect very likely. But this is an entirely different matter.

The Austrian events emphasized with particular force the correctness of the thesis on the role of the "left" social democrats when it says that they are the most dangerous enemies of the revolutionary proletariat.

* * *

Bukharin's speech will be continued in tomorrow's Daily Worker when the sixth section, "VI. Tactical and Inner Party Problems," will be published.

KENOSHA LABOR SPY EXPELLED

Continued from Page One

built, and is at present employed at the Nash Motor Co. as an 'inspector,' and secretly as a spy on his fellow-workers. He has a record of industrial espionage extending over a long period of years, having once been a member of the I. W. W. in Chicago, as well as a member of the Chicago union. He was employed for a time by the Moody Water Pipe Co., where he was engaged in spying and reporting the activities of the militant workers to the company officials.

"During the months he was secretary of the Workers Party in Kenosha several members were mysteriously discharged from their jobs.

Activities Discovered.

"Bugna has a box in the Kenosha post office, No. 743, where he receives mail from an individual named Harte, who is employed by the Corporations Auxiliary Co. Bugna was in the habit of paying regular visits to Harte, who lives in South Milwaukee, Wis. For his spy activities he received $1.80 per report.

Bugna has been expelled from the Workers (Communist) Party, and all units of the Party are asked to beware of this individual, in the event of his attempting to join the Party elsewhere."

BRITISH 'LEADERS' OKAY MOND PLAN

Continued from Page One

lice who surrounded the meeting the demonstrators held in the open fields.

Everyone seeking admission to the congress today was closely scrutinized in order to prevent the entrance of miners and other militant elements. The congress has definitely refused to receive a deputation of miners.

In spite of Ben Turner's address of pacifism in which he declared pensioning all those engaged on naval and military work "until the time comes when they could be making ploughshares" would be better "than to continue the unholy preparations for war," the most serious topic before the congress, after discussion of the Mond plan, was the decline in trade union membership during the past year.

It is believed that figures revealing a decline of 280,000 by no means tells the whole story of the decay in British unionism under the existing leadership.

A resolution making unemployment a national and not a local charge was passed by the congress following discussion in which the officials advanced the opinion that the miners are solving their unemployment suffering by marching afoot to the cities where they swell the large populations of unemployed persons.

Campaign Notice

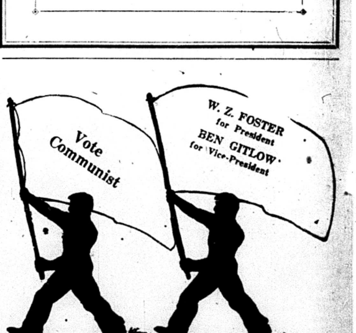
A PACKAGE of one hundred leaflets will be sent you FREE OF CHARGE by the National Election Campaign Committee. Just send in your name and address on a post card or letter. This is not an advertising campaign, and the Committee is not seeking a profit on the sale of campaign leaflets. 500,000 leaflets will be given away. If you like the idea, you can keep it going by sending as much as you can contribute to the Free Campaign Leaflet Fund to enable the Committee to renew the offer.

Mail this coupon NOW to the
National Election Campaign Committee
43 East 125th St., New York City.

Comrades:

Send me a package of one hundred Communist Campaign leaflets. It is understood that there is no obligation on my part except to distribute these leaflets.

Name ....
Address ....



Order a Bundle!

Let The DAILY WORKER help you in your Election Campaign Work.

Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.

Special price on Daily Worker bundles during election campaign.

$8.00 per thousand (regular price $10.00 per thousand).

Enclosed find $ ....for........Daily Workers
Name ....
Street ....
City .... State ....

rune Pickers Camp in Squalor in Rich California, Worker Correspondent Reports

ANdOuTS

master minds of British
manship can find no better
a million and a quarter job-
m to leave them squatting
their wretched hovels waiting
e unemployment dole. Re-
, however, Premier Baldwin
birth to a new solution. He

state of permanent un-
oyment in Great Britain may
be considered an Empire
gency. * * * His Majesty's
rnment in Great Britain will
nue the policy of loans en-
g any British workman to
rate to the dominions, pro-
g that he has been assured
there."
ereupon the dominions imme-
y replied: "Nothing doing!"
the words of Prime Minister
of Australia: ". . . the flow
be conditioned upon . . . our
r of absorption."
Baldwin has a real solution
the unemployment problem which
't speaking much about. He
ts ultimately to fit them all
with new uniforms and send
to the attack of the U. S. S.
as soon as he can obtain the co-
ation of a few more capitalist
ions.

• • •

Wants Pointers

s. Lucia Welch, lord mayor of
thamptpon, had heard that the
ft in New York City was the
est in the world and came all
way over from England to ask
four-in-hand expert, Jim
ker, to tell her personally just
w he did it. Our mayor, who is
n above with the self satisfied
rk on his face, said it all lay in
ing an organization back of you
Tammany Hall which can pick
enough graft from the paint on
e boxes alone to pay the over-
d and all the rest is velvet. This
the same whipper-snapper who
ently stated that the subway
ck in which 16 were killed, was
uccess because it proved that you
't knock down a concrete post
h a train wreck. He's the kind
a fellow who would expect you
enjoy hitting yourself on the
d with a hammer so long as you
't break the handle.

• • •

One of the values of color movies
ll be to photograph S. P. conven-
ons.

• • •

oday's Pact Signers

Now that the gates have been
own wide open there is a gen-
al rush of the hoi polloi to sign
Kellogg "peace pact." Those
have renounced war as an in-
ument of national policy today
shown above. Top row left to
ht, Al Capone and Lou Gehrig.
tom row, Mrs. Willebrandt and
ter Keaton.

RESERVATIONS:

Al Capone: *"Unless its a defen-*
ve war, the first principle of de-
se being attack."

Lou Gehrig: *"Unless it is neces-*
ry."

Mrs. Willebrandt: *"Unless its an*
d to humanity."

Buster Keaton: *"Unless its con-*
ient."

• • •

Gems of Learning

nny Raskob, Chairman of the
ocratic National Committee:

"Tammany Hall is an organiza-
n which exerts its power solely
Manhattan Island. It has never
ght to influence Governor Smith
his actions as Governor of New
k."

mmany has no more influence
Al than a feline has over its
front paw.

• • •

nator Curtis, Vice-Presidential
minee:

"Herbert Hoover is well worthy
the party's choice, a credit to it
to the nation, both in the eyes
our people and of the world."

oover is the same individual
said would wreck the party
w weeks back.

M. C. H.

STARVING CAMP OF MEN, WOMEN FOLLOWHARVEST

Brutal Capitalism of West Crushes Them

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SAN JOSE, Calif. (By Mail).—Californians Inc. has raised a million dollars to advertise the state of California. This organization is composed of real estate sharks, bankers and big corporations who want the state flooded with a surplus of labor so that the industries can be run more cheaply.

A true picture of the exploited fruit slaves of the Santa Clara Valley in which the city of San Jose is located, is furnished by this account I am sending you. This and similar incidents happen all during the fruit season.

In the canneries this year there is less work. Workers are speeded up as never before and compensation less also for the slave mart is glutted, thanks to Californians Inc. The warehouses are full of unsold fruit yet workers who produced that fruit cannot afford to purchase it for the price is prohibitive. The canneries charge us 30 cents for a commercial quart of fruit which costs them exactly 3 cents to produce. How is that for frenzied finance?

Squatted on her haunches, a dark-faced woman with a baby in the crook of one arm, sits, stirring something cooking in a battered iron kettle over an open outdoor fire. She might be 25 and might be 45—there is no telling from her unwashed, stolid face, and fat, formless shape.

Nearby play four children, all under 10 years old. A man sits smoking on the runner of an old Ford truck parked nearby. In the bed of the truck and scattered on the ground are several bundles of ragged bedding, a wash tub and board, and dented tin kettles and plates.

Multiply this scene by 200—and you have—no, not Mexico—but the bank of Coyote Creek along Brokaw Road, near the Oakland Highway, at 5:30 o'clock of an evening.

Coyote Camp.

"We come to pick prunes," explains a friendly man with flashing teeth and long mustache.

"Our home? Our home is where we stop. Yes, we have all our belongings with us. Where do we come from? Well, from Imperial Valley, I do. The rest? Oh, Imperial, Pasadena, Mexico, all over South."

The squalor and lack of sanitation of the camp, and the meagerness of the possessions of the people who have brought their all with them are unbelievable to one who has not been out to see this camp on the bank of the Coyote.

The majority of the people in the camp are right on the borderline of starvation. They all live in hope—hope of a job on a prune ranch—tomorrow.

No one knows exactly how many families there are camped there—300 last week, it was estimated by the State Free Employment Bureau—perhaps 200 tonight, perhaps more or less tomorrow night, for they are coming and going every day.

The camp is made up of 150 to 300 Mexican families who have come up from Southern California and Mexico for the prune picking harvest in the Santa Clara Valley.

In Ford trucks, so shaky that it is a wonder they do not fall to pieces, in old Packards and Cadillacks, once bosses of the road, but years discarded by their original owners and now decrepit and wheezing, in cars and trucks of various makes, alike only in the particular that they are all old, the Mexicans have been arriving in San Jose for the last two weeks.

Some of the men apply at the State Free Employment Bureau where many of them have been placed during the last two weeks by Tom Graham of that bureau. Others drive from ranch to ranch, hunting work. If they are successful, they stay where they are to work. If not, they come back to the camp to spend another night.

Along towards the late afternoon the unsuccessful ones begin to straggle in for the night. There are fewer at night this week than last because many of the families have procured jobs on the prune ranches. But it was estimated last night that there were in the neighborhood of 200 families camped along the creek. And "famny" means "family" among these Mexicans—an average of about five children to the family besides the parents, and an occasional grandmother or grandfather.

Two hundred families—figure out for yourself the number of individuals camped between the creek and road without any sort of central organization or any sanitary conveniences.

The barest necessities of life, food, water, fire, shelter, are pressing problems to these campers. Food is hard to get. Neighbors report that under cover of darkness children with pails are frequently seen surreptitiously crossing the fields to milk cows grazing nearby. Water is procured nearby where it has been piped from a neighboring ranch. It may be had for the carrying a block or two—and the wives are glad to get it for that little labor. For fire, there must be wood. Shelter is the easiest problem to solve. There are a few fairly decent family tents. Other families sleep huddled in the beds of their trucks. A few have made rough shelters of brush such as one sees in pictures describing the life and habits of primitive peoples.

But the hardships of their lives do not seem to appall these people. They are of more resistant fiber than the average American. An empty stomach until they find work—they can stand that—draw their belts a little tighter—and hope for tomorrow. Are they cold at night under their thin, dirty blankets, in their brush and canvas shelters? But they are used to sleeping cold! The sun will shine tomorrow.

—CORA WILSON.

U. S. Air Imperialists Make Last Preparations

After a final overhauling of one of the planes which is to accompany the Byrd polar expedition to the antarctic, three of the pilots are shown posing with the plane. At the left is Bernt Balchen who was with Byrd in his ill-fated trans-Atlantic hop.

Socialists in Minnesota Will Not Aid Coal Miners

DULUTH, Minn. (By Mail).—At the recent state convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor which was held at Winona, Comrade William Watkins who was a delegate of the Switchmen's Union of St. Paul was not seated for the reason that he is a Communist. The next day, in the Duluth Herald, a capitalist sheet, the following editorial, headed, "Labor and the Communist" appeared:

"The Minnesota State Federation of Labor, in convention at Winona, resolutely clings to its position of sturdy resistance to Communism and the Communists.

"In that, of course, it is right. Communism is no less the enemy of craft unionism than it is of capitalism.

"Communism is out to destroy both, and it feels that it has to destroy trade unionism first because, by improving as it has the lot of labor in this land, unionism is making itself a formidable obstacle to the cause of Communism.

"Indeed, the Communist who fights organized labor, and the union man who fights Communism, are both showing very much more intelligence than the conservative citizen who fights unionism, not seeing that it is a mighty bulwark against destructive radicalism.

"Organized labor would be admitting a Trojan horse if it let Communists into its deliberations, and it shows no disposition to be foolish. If capital were as intelligent as that, it would support unionism instead of fighting it, as it sometimes does."

The editor is right when he says that the present trade unions, and we might as well include the "socialist" party, are a mighty bulwark against the establishment of a cooperative commonwealth, but he is altogether off the track when he says that the present trade unions are improving the lot of labor. There was a time when the trade union movement did to some extent help improve the conditions of the workers, but today under a corrupt leadership the trade union movement has become the tool of the bosses. It meekly consents to lengthen the hours of labor, lower the wages of the workers, and intensify exploitation. It is the present trade union leadership that the Communists are out to destroy, and not the trade union movement. I mentioned the "socialist" party as playing the part of the betrayer.

Let me prove that to you. As secretary of the International Labor Defense of Duluth, I invited the "socialist" party local to take part in a tag day for miners' relief. I also asked them to take part in the Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting which was held August 22, and was attended by several hundred workers. The "socialists" refused to cooperate with us in the tag day nor did they take part in the memorial. The trade union leaders of this city, working hand in hand with the "socialists," not only refused to help us raise money for the strikers, but went out of their way to call up the police commissioners and the city council to whom I had applied for a tag day permit, told them not to grant such perm[illegible] cause the Communists will use the money for propaganda purposes inst[illegible] of sending it to the miners. I was forced to go before the commissioners and the city council and expose the rotten gang of would-be labor leaders and hypocritical "socialists." The permit was granted and we collected a couple hundred dollars which money was immediately forwarded to the National Miners' Relief at Pittsburgh.

Of course, it is only a matter of a short time when the rank and file of the trade union movement will find out who are their true friends, and instead of the labor fakers ousting Communists from the trade union movement, the trade union movement will be ousting the labor fakers and their allies, the "socialists."

—S. BLOOMBERG.

86 YEARS OLD, HE FIGHTS FOR PARTY

Ohio Worker Is a Labor Veteran

"In my eighty-sixth year I feel as young in spirit as a man of twenty. I am now ready as well as I ever was to fight for the overthrow of the capitalist system and for the workers' rule. Tell the comrades in New York that I don't intend to die so soon, and am ready to take active part in the present election campaign of the Party and all the Party activities, for I recognize that the Workers (Communist) Party is the only political force in the country at the present date, that will eventually lead the working class to a final victory." These are the words of W. H. Aggus, 75 Benedict Ave., Norvalk, Ohio.

W. H. Aggus is 86 years old. I met him in Norvalk, Ohio, on the Daily Worker tour. It would encourage everyone to spend some time with this old-young labor movement veteran.

Aggus has been in the socialist party since 1905. Always a good fearless fighter, in 1913-19 when the socialist party adopted the policy of cowardness and betrayal, Aggus left the S. P. just as every revolutionary fighter did. During the war he made speeches in his small 100 per cent Yankee town of Norvalk, O., declaring his opposition to the war. In 1919 the American Legion and all the jingoes in Norvalk put the Boy Scouts to smash his windows and to stone him. He was compelled to leave town and went to Cleveland.

At the end of 1921 Aggus returned to his home, which was an old broken shack. He was friendless and deserted by his relatives. One thing remained to him—the revolutionary movement.

Aggus' property now consists of a small wooden shack. In the front of the small wooden "house" there is a plumbing shop where he is still at work. In the back there is a wooden bed and a very rich library. He turned over many books to comrades and to the Public Library. This is his life's savings.

"Well, comrade," he said, "I tell you I have more than I need because I can use for myself very little. Anything I have more than I can use belongs to the movement and so he paid for a yearly sub to the Daily Worker and also sent a contribution to the Election Campaign Fund. "The job we are faced with most is how to fight the influence of the church in the provincial towns, for the church is directly part of the capitalist class and its rule."

When I left Aggus bade me goodbye, saying that the comrades are to keep up the fight because they have a very big task to perform. I told him that I will acquaint the comrades with the old-young Pioneer.

MUST FIGHT FOR NEW MINE UNION

Militant Workers Must Aid

By FRED BRILL.

I mean you, reader of the Daily Worker. What are you doing for the new Miners' Union?

I have just been through the mining field of Illinois—where organizers are in the field, doing their damnedest to get delegates elected to the Sept. 9th Convention.

These organizers have been in the field for some time, damned glad if they get enough money for a bite to eat and to get to the meetings in the different towns. They are still plugging away, getting results. They're doing their share.

• • •

What are you doing for the new Miners' Union, militant worker in the various industries of this country?

The new Miners' Union will benefit all workers—it will not only fight for the miners' interest. A strong Miners' Union means a better defense of workers everywhere, a strong ally of fighting workers throughout the country.

• • •

You needle trades workers, building a new union; textile workers, building a new union. You will need support. You auto workers fighting Smith's campaign manager, Raskob, of the General Motors need support from the fighting miners. Workers in all industries, about to engage in struggles, will need support from several hundred thousand courageous, militant miners.

• • •

Now it is the miners who above all need support. They have passed through a long strike in Pennsylvania and Ohio. In other sections they work part time. They have little money to get by on.

• • •

Green has launched an attack on the new Miners' Union. He has called for a house cleaning of the "reds," of those progressives in the labor movement who support the new Miners' Union.

• • •

Now is the time to speak up! Defend the new Miners' Union from attack by the fakers in your local union! Speak up in your fraternal organization! Collect funds for the National Convention!

Do your duty as a militant worker!

Clever Propaganda in "Money Lenders" at the Ambassador

FIRST it must be understood that "Money Lenders" at the Ambassador is a good play, from a technical standpoint, close, well knit, crisply working up to its climax, and that it is well and deftly acted, by a well trained cast that specializes in making what might be merely "types" into something rather human appearing, for the time. It is an English play, written by Roy Herniman, and is said to have had a success in London.

The story is that of a daughter, Lillian Luttrell (Katherine Standing), of an aristocratic ex-army officer who turns loan shark, in secret, and preying even on his equally aristocratic relatives, amasses a small fortune. He operates through a Jew, Samuel Lebi (Herbert Clark), a young and ingenious business man. He dies and wills a million dollars to his daughter if she marries Lebi, and to either of them willing to marry, if the other refuses. The play turns around the difficulties of these two, each in love with some one else.

The relatives of the girl, aristocrats, not business men, are shown to be as futile, grasping, cowardly, petty and compromising as any of the pawnbrokers of fiction. The relatives of Solomon Levi are mocked in the usual way, but gently, and praised as good business men—not as good as the neat young loan shark, of course.

Lillian is willing to go through with the bargain, but the two finally split on the question of religion, the man in the case cleverly accentuating his orthodox Judaism, and insisting that any children they may have shall be brought up in that faith. The honor of the Church of England is finally the stiffening which causes Lillian to refuse Solomon Levi, and forfeit the million, a consummation which he has been working toward all the time.

It is an ending to which the audience's prejudice is skilfully fished for by a continual development all through the play of the theory that the chosen people are "not our people," just as good, of course, admirable, and all that, but "their men are not for our daughters," or the other way around.

Now this, I think, is the best piece of capitalist, as distinct from religious, or professional class, or genteel propaganda for racial segregation that I have ever seen. Every trick is used. The old trick of the young English bourgeoisie, of concentrating the hated qualities of capitalism in some Shylock, not without dignity, or the trick would be seen through, and thus deflecting class hatred into the channel of race prejudice, is used here. The antagonism of capitalist for aristocrat, a side issue of course compared with other fights, is here, in properly subdued form. Religion, which makes for eternal separation of Jews from Christians, is exalted, as a thing to sacrifice for. Even Zionism, in the form of Solomon's bearded rabbi uncle, Jacob Dacosta (George Farren) is approved of, because it adds another barrier. "The Jew bars us, so we must bar the Jew"—the argument used by California against Japan.

And the final trick of it all, the insistence that races must not intermingle in marriage, though one is of course as good as the other: how is this essentially different from the Jim Crow laws of Southern states, which proscribe equally that the blacks shall not ride in the white sections of street cars, and that the whites shall not ride in the black sections? This is the equivocal pretension of fairness about all Jim Crowism, and makes the unthinking to overlook the fact that any segregation necessarily means that the subject race gets the worst end of the street car, and everything else.

But it is to the credit of our party that if the theory taught in this piece of wonderful propaganda were ever to prevail over it, about half the happy marriages in it would be smashed. And I offer this not as an idle observation, but as proof of the fact that this play is capitalist propaganda, dealing in sentiments and needs of capitalists, that do not naturally occur to the working class, that the capitalist class hopes the workers wil learn by example from the capitalist class, and which the most class-conscious section of the working class healthily rejects.

—V. S.

IN "GOIN' HOME"

Georges Renevant who plays an important role in "Goin' Home," Ransom Rideout's engrossing play at the Hudson Theatre.

Buffalo Prepares For Big Worker andFreiheitBazaar

Louis Sisselman, who for the past three months has been on a tour of the Middle West for the Daily Worker, is now touring District 4, New York. While in Buffalo a special Daily Worker meeting was held, at which a committee was elected to prepare a special Buffalo Booth at the Press Bazaar on October 4 to 7. Ten new subscribers were obtained a district Daily Worker agent was elected and the committee that was elected promised to start an intensive drive to increase the circulation of the Daily Worker in up-state New York.

On September 4 Sisselman will be in Rochester, on the 7th in Syracuse, the 8th in Utica, the 9th in Schenectady and Troy.

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A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

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The Presidential Elections of 1928......ARNE SWABECK
Obregon Assassinated......JANET CORK
A Reply to Eastman's "Marx, Lenin and the Revolution"......A. CHIK
Notes on American Literature......JOSEPH FREEMAN
Self-Study Corner (Tactical Questions in the Struggle Against War)
Book Reviews

WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
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Workers Party and Young Workers League in Joint Youth Celebration, Sept. 14

ANNIVERSARY TO BE TURNED INTO ANTI-WAR MEET

Speakers and Excellent Program

The Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League, District 2, will hold a joint mass meeting in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place, on Friday, Sept. 14, at 8 p. m.

This year's celebration will contain many new features. It will be an All-Youth Program. It will include prominent youth speakers, will present for the first time the Youth Chorus of New York and will include Sarah Nemser, a talented violinist, and a youth sports' club will perform as well.

The thirteenth anniversary of International Youth Day will be turned into an anti-war demonstration by the League and the Party. Members of the Communist Youth League have been very active in the Citizens' Military Training Camps this summer. The Young Workers (Communist) League has learnt how to carry on work against capitalist militarism both inside of the very institutions of capitalist oppression, and outside of them among the masses of youth, a statement announcing the meeting says.

WORKERS PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

Open-air meetings throughout Greater New York have been arranged by the agitprop department of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party:

Today.

Twenty-eighth St. and Lexington Ave., Baum, Suskin, Abern; 2nd Ave and 10th St., N. Y. C., Gussakoff, Hendin, Goliger, I. Cohen; Union Square, N. Y. C., Powers, Blake, Ross, Caplan; Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx, Padgug, Gold, LeRoy, Alkin, Sumner; Fleet St. and Flatbush Ext., Bklyn., Yusem, Vera Bush, Midolla, Jessie Taft; 7th Ave. and 131st St., N. Y. C., Padmore, Pasternack, Ed. Welsh, Schalk; 7th Ave. and 137th St., N. Y. C., R. Moore, Lamb, Lloyed; Passaic, N. J., Ed. Wright, Ida Starr, Evelyn Blacker.

Tomorrow.

138th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx, Codkind, Peer, H. Williams, Wm. Margolis; 40th St. and 8th Ave., N. Y. C., V. Smith, Joe Cohen; Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx, Chas. Zimmerman, Wortis, Harfield, Weitz, Spiro; 25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I., Ben Lifshitz, Shapiro, Magliacano, Chalupski; Steinway and Jamaica Aves., Astoria, L. I., Powers, Rock, Schachtman, Heder, Mueller; Stone and Pitkin Ave., Bklyn., Benjamin, Kagan, Sumner, J. Cohen.

Friday, Sept. 7.

National Biscuit Co. (noon), Grecht, Ross; Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn., Ragozin, Castrell, Lillienstein, Wilson; 5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C., Markoff, Lloyed, Grace Lamb, Lyons, Rodriguez; Varet and Graham Ave., Bklyn., Bimba, Rosemond, G. Welsh, Midolla; 50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn., Reiss, Yusem, I. Zimmerman, Donaldson; Market Plaza, Newark, N. J., Vera Bush, Szepesey, L. Duke; Patterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.), Baum, Freiman, Laurence Elkind.

Saturday, Sept. 8.

1st Ave. and 116th St. (Italian), Auerbach, Napoli, Rolfe; 1st Ave. and 79th St., V. Smith, Moreau, Magliacano, Lloyed; West New York, N. J., Leroy, C. Martin; Perth Amboy, N. J., Padmore, Covatcz; Elizabeth, N. J., Markoff, R. Duke; Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Wright, Weich.

OTTINGER NAMED BY REPUBLICANS

Former Daugherty Aid Heads State Ticket

Continued from Page One

Co., a subsidiary of the Morgan-controlled General Electric Co. H. Edmund Machold, the new head of the state republican machine, was also a member of this commission.

Ottinger, who is a Jew, is being groomed to corner a large part of the heavy Jewish vote usually obtained by Gov. Smith. It is considered possible that the selection of Ottinger as the republican gubernatorial candidate may cause a change in the plans of the democratic machine. Col. Herbert Lehman, millionaire banker, another Jew, may be chosen instead of Senator Wagner who is at present slated to head the democratic ticket. Lehman is a member of the banking firm of Lehman Bros., and a director in the Studebaker Corporation, the Pierce Oil Corporation and the Morgan-controlled Coal and Iron National Bank.

To Seamen, Victory; To Imperialists, Publicity

Seamen from the crew of the S.S. Mauretania winning first place in the international lifeboat races. Swedish and American seamen took second and third places respectively.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Party Fraction Meeting.

A Party Fraction meeting will be held this evening at Party headquarters, 26-28 Union Square, at 8 p. m. of all Party members belonging to the United Council of Working Class Women and other women's organizations. Party members who are housewives must all come to the Fraction meeting. All active comrades, in language groups such as Lithuanian, Ukrainian, Finnish, Jewish, etc., etc., must attend this meeting.

3 E. 2 F.

An important meeting of Unit 3 E. 2F will be held this evening at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Comrades Zimmerman and Potash Report.

A report of the present situation in the needle trades will be given by comrades Sasha Zimmerman of the Cloak and Dressmakers and Potash of the Furriers Joint Board at the Headquarters of Sections 2 and 3 this evening at 7:30 p. m. A discusion will follow. All comrades of Sections 2 and 3 are to attend.

Unit 6 F. Subsection 3rd will hold its next business meeting today at 6:15 p. m. sharp at 101 W. 27th Street.

Executive Committee of 3 C meets today at 10 W. 27th St.

Unit B, Section 4.

REMINDER:—Meetings are now held every Wednesday night at headquarters 350 East 81st Street.

Printers Fraction Notice.

A meeting of the printers' fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held today at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, at 6:30 p. m. A very important matter for immediate attention will be taken up. Members are asked to note the change in date and hour of this meeting.

Downtown Unit 1.

Downtown Unit 1 of the Young Workers (Communist) League has arranged the following open air meetings for next week:

Monday, at 5th St. and Ave. B at 8:30 p. m.

Tuesday, at 7th St. and Ave. B at 8:30 p. m.

Saturday, at Clinton St. and East Broadway at 8:30 p. m.

B. Wakshull, Bleiman, Klingoffer, Miriam Cullen, Ben Intrator and Rose Pollack, and a Young Pioneer member will be the speakers.

Unit 5F, 3D Meeting.

Unit 5F, 3D of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet tonight at 6 p. m. at 101 West 27th St. All members are urged to attend.

6F, 2A

A special meeting of F6 2A will be held Thursday at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

Section 2.

Section 2 Campaign Conference will be held Thursday at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All unit campaign directors and unit campaign committees must come.

4F, Section 1.

Unit 4F, Section 1 will hold a meeting today at 6 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Pl. Roll will be taken and absentees will be reported to Section Disciplines Committee.

Women's Work.

There will be a fraction meeting of all women party members, this evening at the Workers Center, 6th floor, room 601 at 8 p. m. sharp.

Functionaries Meet.

A meeting of all functionaries of Section 3 will be held Friday, Sept. 7, at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All functionaries must be present as important matters will be considered, including the section conference.

Williamsburg Y. W. L.

The regular membership meeting will be held Thursday at 8 p. m. at the new headquarters, Throop Ave corner Thalton St.

Shop Nucleus 4, 3E.

This nucleus will meet Thursday, Sept 6.

F3, SS2A.

An educational meeting of F3, SS2A will be held on Thursday at 6 p. m. sharp at 101 W. 27th St.

Boxes and Lists Must Be Turned In.

All lists and boxes for the collection of funds for the Party's campaign fund must be turned in at once to the various headquarters they were taken from.

Section, subsection and units are instructed to turn in all moneys to the district office.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

Workers School Sport Club.

All comrades and friends are invited to attend the Workers School Sport Club Hike which will take place on Sunday, Sept. 9. All participants will meet at 242nd St., Van Cortlandt Park Subway Station at 8:30 sharp. There will be a soccer practice on this hike.

Rumanian Workers Club.

An educational meeting will be held by the Rumanian workers tonight at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. Friday at 8 p. m. at the same place a monthly business meeting will be held.

Working Women.

The Central Body of the United Council of Working Women will have its regular meeting tomorrow evening at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Sq., on the 6th floor, Room 601, at 8:30 p. m. sharp. Organizers secretaries and delegates must attend; members are invited.

Freiheit Gesang Farein Picnic.

The Annual Picnic of the Freiheit Gesang Farein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. The chorus will render an original program of songs under the leadership of Lazar Weiner. A large group of the Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra will give a program in classical musical. Dancing and fireworks will be included in the program during the day.

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A membership meeting of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be held Friday, 8 p. m. at 118 Bristol St. near Pitkin Ave. All members are urged to attend.

Phila. Underworld Dives Quiet as Fake "Clean-up" Starts

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4 (UP). —A quiet Labor Day was spent by Philadelphia's underworld after police had been assigned the herculean task of "cleaning up the town" in 24 hours, and the city generally awaited today further revelations by District Attorney Monaghan in his extensive investigation of prohibition violations.

FRANK BONITA IS MURDERED

Lewis Machine Seen in Action

Continued from Page One

walls told part of the story of the courageous fight of Frank Bonita to overpower his assailants.

Blood-stained steps reveal the path by which Ross Nilo, whom the police believe to have done the killing, dragged his thigh, pierced by a wound self-inflicted in the heat of the struggle.

According to the story told by the police, Bonita was visited by his companions, his murderers among them, and in order to allay his suspicions they engaged him in a game of cards. Suddenly one of the men declared that he had been cheated and fired upon Bonita. The miner defended his life, but was mortally wounded. Fearing capture, the assailants fled.

Pool of Blood.

Hearing the shooting, neighbors notified the police, who found Bonita lying in a pool of blood. One bullet had entered his head just over the left eye. Another had torn through his stomach. Another entered near his nose. Two others were near his heart and in one thigh.

While concealing their moves and reluctantly giving any information, police admit that the murder is the probable result of decision by his enemies that Bonita knew too much and must be "knocked off."

In this connection they cite knowledge he had of the Lillis, Campbell and Reilly murders.

Lewis Machine?

The union men many of them on the eve of departing to participate in the building of a New Miners Union in Pittsburgh, are convinced that the murder was paid for and engineered by officials of the John L. Lewis group, driven to frantic measures by the final decay of their monster graft machine.

In the house at the time of the shooting were Bonita's wife, Susie, and his two baby daughters, aged three and one.

Frank Bonita was secretary of his local of the United Mine Workers and represented District 1 on the delegation which that district sent to the Save-the-Union Conference in Pittsburgh on April 1.

Sam Bonita, the younger brother of the murdered man, is serving a ten-year term in the Eastern penitentiary on framed-up charges involved in the shooting of Frank Agati, who attacked him at a meeting.

WORLD CONGRESS ADOPTS PROGRAM IN FINAL SESSION

Admit New Parties to International

Continued from Page One

New chapters were adopted concerning cooperative socialism and Austrian Marxism. A new chapter was also added dealing with the tasks of the cultural revolution.

"The program is not an ideal one, but it can be adopted as a great historical step forward, and I recommend that the Congress adopt it unanimously."

Report On Colonies.

Protracted applause greeted Bukharin at the conclusion of his report. The program was adopted, as Bukharin had advised the Congress, unanimously, and without any reservation.

After the Internationale had been sung by the delegates present, Kuusinen rose to make his report on the Colonial Commission.

"Great improvements have been made," he said, "particularly in the case of the Chinese revolution and the revolutionary movements of Indonesia and India. The Commission adopted the original idea concerning the character of imperialist colonial policy, but dealt more clearly with such questions as capital exports which increase the tempo of industrial development but simultaneously increase the enslavement of the colonies."

The theses were unanimously adopted.

A resolution, read by Thaelmann concerning the situation in the Soviet Union and the problems of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, was unanimously adopted.

Kolarov reported for the Appeal Commission, and the Congress unanimously ratified the expulsion of the Trotzkyists and rejected the requests of Trotsky, Radek, Sapronov, etc., for reinstatement. The reinstatement appeals of Maslov and Fischer were also rejected, simultaneously with a declaration that the way back into the ranks of the German Communist Party was open to all workers who break with the Maslow Fischer group. The appeals of Suzanne Girault, etc, and the Dutch Vynkoop group were also rejected.

After Humbert Droz had spoken on the formation of new Communist Parties in the colonies, the Congress accepted the Communist Parties in Corea, Cuba, Ireland, New Zealand and Paraguay. The Socialist Parties of Ecuador and Columbia were also accepted as sections of the Communist International, and the Executive Committee of the Communist International was instructed to give organizational instructions to these parties in order to make them into real Bolshevist parties.

The congress then unanimously elected the new Executive Committee of the Communist International and the International Control Commission.

Bukharin then made a speech closing the Congress. "The Congress," he said, "has presented a review of the world revolutionary forces. The adoption of the program of the Communist International is a great historical task which alone would have justified the convening of the congress. The adoption of this program proves the external and internal growth of the Communist International. The Congress declared that the war danger was the axis of the present situation. The rejection of the appeal of the Trotzkyists means their political death. The Communist International represents an historical class with a great mission with only its chains to lose and a whole world to win . . . the proletariat!"

Great applause greeted him at the end of his speech, and he read the proposed manifesto of the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International to the workers of the world. The delegates sang the Internationale.

Filing slowly through the great hall, the delegates from all parts of the world, singing revolutionary songs and shouting enthusiastically passed out, ending the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International.

GIANTS SPLIT TWO; ATHLETICS WIN 9-2

(By United Press)

The Chicago Cubs gained a half game on the St. Louis Cardinals Tuesday in the National League race by defeating the Pittsburgh Pirates, 9 to 8, while the Cardinals were idle. The Cubs are now within four games of the league leaders. The New York Giants split a double-header with the Philadelphia Phillies, winning the first, 9 to 4, and losing the second 8 to 7.

Connie Mack's Athletics advanced within two games of the New York Yankees by winning from the Washington Senators 9 to 2.

Charlie Hargreave's wild throw in the ninth in attempting a double-play allowed Stephenson to score and gave the Chicago Cubs a 9 to 8 victory over the Pittsburgh Pirates. The Pirates found Nehf, Bush and Blake for thirteen hits and Fussell, Blankenship and Hill allowed ten. Adam Comorosky, Pirate outfielder, hit a home run and two singles, driving in six runs.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.

Phila. 9; Washington 2.
Chicago 3; Detroit 2. (first)
Chicago 3; Detroit 2. (second)
St. Louis 9; Cleveland 6.

National League.

New York 9; Phila. 4. (first)
Brooklyn, 3; Boston, 2 (1st).
Brooklyn, 9; Boston, 2 (2nd).
Phila. 8; New York 7. (second)
Chicago 9; Pittsburgh 8.

CUBAN REPUDIATES LAW.

HAVANA, Sept. 3.—Refusing to accept the constitutional amendment by which all public office holders in Cuba were retained in office for two years over their regular elective terms, Dr. Ricadro Dolz, member of the senate, has presented his resignation to that body.

MANY JOBLESS IN CONNECTICUT

State Labor "Leaders" Try to Dodge Issue

NEW LONDON, Conn., Sept. 4. —Widespread unemployment in the state is one of the problems which progressive will try to force to the fore at meeting of the Connecticut State Federation of Labor which opened here yesterday.

Among the important problems facing the convention are the organization of 98 per cent of the workers of the state, the prevalence of child labor, the fight against company unionism, the serious unemployment situation.

In addition to these problems, militants will try to bring the Mooney-Billings case and the recognition of the Soviet Union before the attention of the convention.

Try to Fix Blame on Pilot in Death of French Minister

PARIS, Sept. 4 (UP). —The pilot and a representative of the owners of the plane in which Maurice Bokanowski, minister of commerce, and four others were killed were blamed for the accident today.

POSTPONE MILL STRIKE PARADE IN NEW BEDFORD

March Next Saturday; Rain Causes Delay

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 4. —A driving rain that continued thruout the day caused the calling off of the textile strikers' parade scheduled for yesterday by the Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mill Committees, and its postponement till next Saturday afternoon. The reactionary Textile Council leadership, which also planned a parade yesterday, when asked whether they too will issue another call for a parade, said they "will take it under advisement."

Enthusiasm High.

The continuous rain did nothing, however, to dampen the tremendous enthusiasm shown at the mass meetings held later. Leaders of the strike here and in Fall River, Albert Weisbord, and other leaders of the National Textile Mill Committees addressed the assembled workers.

The strike, now in its 21st week, presents to the owners of the 56 fine cotton goods manufacturing mills, a front as solid and formidable as did the original walkout of the 30,000 workers.

Rumors persist, despite denials, that Batty and Co. are conducting secret negotiations with representatives of the mill owners looking toward a fake settlement of the strike.

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Light, comfortable private room in Downtown Section. Write Box 20, Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square, N. Y. C.

Section One

BAZAAR CONFERENCE

Wednesday, September 5

at 8:00 P. M.

AT 60 ST. MARKS PLACE

All Units in Section One Are Requested to Elect Delegates

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

The "Unionism" of Al Smith.

Every time the spokesmen of the big capitalist political parties open their heads on what they call the "labor question," the growing intimate relations between the heads of the great open-shop industrial kings and the heads of the American Federation of Labor become clearer.

It seems that all capitalist leaders are "for labor" in this election campaign, and certainly the reactionary trade union bureaucrats are for capital.

Here are a few words from the Labor Day address of Al Smith's running mate, Senator Robinson:

> "The employers of laborers in large numbers have long applied business methods in their enterprises ANALOGOUS TO COLLECTIVE BARGAINING. While the present system is not perfect in its operation, it is nevertheless deemed essential to the carrying on of the nation's business, as well as to the best interests of employes."

We have put into capital letters the words "analogous to collective bargaining." What does this strange expression mean? What is the method "analogous to collective bargaining" which "the employers of laborers in large numbers" have long applied?

Evidently by "the employers of laborers in large numbers" Mr. Robinson can only mean the great industries such as the Steel Trust, the monster automobile manufacturing corporations, machine manufacture in general, corporations such as those of the Rockefellers, with perhaps some large railroads, etc. And he speaks, not of collective bargaining, but of "methods analogous to collective bargaining,"—and not of trade union methods applied by the workers, but of "business methods" which the employers "have long applied."

If Mr. Robinson means anything atall he means to suggest that the democratic party platform has in view company unionism as the utmost that the democratic party wants to promise the workers—a system "analogous to collective bargaining," but "applied" by "employers of laborers." (And of course even these are empty words—for Mr. Raskob and Mr. du Pont will decide for themselves whether they can best suppress "their" workers with or without company unionism.)

Some careful thinking ought to be done by any workers who may be under the spell of the Tammany "friend of labor." Robinson, the crude politician of the West, said what Smith, the slicker politician of the East, has had in mind in all he said about "collective bargaining," something "analogous to collective bargaining,"—the Rockefeller Plan of scab company unions, in other words.

Take Robinson's words a little further. He speaks against "abuse of injunctions" in labor disputes. This means absolutely nothing unless it means that he is in favor of injunctions in labor cases, except where they can be adjudged (by a capitalist court) to be an "abuse" of injunctions. And he explains exactly what he means:

> "In other words, the process has been abused in labor disputes by the granting of injunctions in PRETENDED emergencies." (Our emphasis)

He means injunctions in labor disputes must be granted to employers against the workers only when there is a real emergency, and not merely a "pretended" one. The employers must have injunctions, he says in effect, only when they need injunctions in order to beat the workers. He cites the democratic platform to prove it.

Why, then, is this criminal anti-labor platform of the democratic party supported by trade union bureaucrats? Because there is a very real and fundamental agreement between the views of such men as William Green, the trade union bureaucracy generally, and the anti-labor views which Robinson expresses. (And of course there is no real difference between the democratic and republican positions on the subject.)

Is not the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor now doing everything in its power to crush out every spark of resistence in the working class against the employers' offensive? Is not their openly expressed policy of "partnership between labor and capital" only another name for a system "analogous" to company unionism? And have they not already given their creative support to the infamous bar association project for a national anti-strike law which would practically universalize the power of injunction against all workers' organizations?

The closer Al Smith comes to that company unionism "analogous to collective bargaining," the closer the betrayers of labor headed by William Green will come to Al Smith.

Vote Communist!

A Camp for Workers' Children

(Continued.)

There is a great necessity for a workers children's camp in N. Y. Why? Because there are dozens of children's camp owned, controlled, and run by outright capitalist institutions, (Boy Scouts); by the settlement houses; by religious groups (Zionist); and then the so-called non-partisan camps; "socialist" (Pioneer youth); and the Workmen circle camps. None of these give the worker's child a working-class understanding and training during their stay at camp. Of course we must recognize a distinction between the various types of camps mentioned above. The outright capitalist camps, scout and settlement houses, are different from the non-partisan camp, but a workers children's camp is in direct contradiction to all of them insofar as it openly utilizes this opportunity to carry on educational work along working-class lines.

The class conscious section of the working class must realize the importance of combatting the capitalist controlled camps. Communist and left-wing workers must give the utmost support to an English speaking working-class, children's camp. And that is what W. I. R. Children's Camp is. The policies of the Workers Children's Camp must be a definitely class line. Whenever petty bourgeois and bourgeois elements manage thru one means or another to get their children out to a workers children's camp—there must not be a question at all but that after proper notification, these children will have to be returned to their parents.

Need Aid.

If any worker is really interested in seeing and feeling a real living, throbbing movement of workers children—let him visit the WIR Childrens Camp.

If any class conscious worker is interested in developing a class movement amongst the children and combatting the influence of the capitalist controlled camps—he must support the WIR Camp.

What can be done immediately?

1) Send books fit for children (between the ages of 9 to 15). There is a library in Camp. But not enough. Send books to WIR Camp, Wingdale, N. Y.

2) Send money to Workers International Relief. There is going to be a deficit—that is to be expected especially in the beginning of a workers children's camp. Let every worker who is concerned with the future of the movement, interested in developing new forces for the working class movement let him and her show it by supporting, morally, and financially the Workers International Relief Camp. Address—1 Union Sq., City.

Even Maurer Means Nothing

By I. AMTER.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 4.—Jim Maurer, vice-presidential candidate of the socialist party, was booked to speak in Cleveland on August 19. The picnic at which he was to speak was arranged by the Jewish "branch" of the socialist party in Cleveland. Socialism is so respectable that the picnic was announced at the meeting of the Cleveland Federation of Labor, one of the most reactionary central labor bodies in the country, which prides itself on knowing how to deal with the militants and progressives. Notices were in the "Cleveland Citizen," edited by that old-time socialist, Max Hayes. What more could one want! Surely a respectable crowd would gather at Lakeland to hear Jim Maurer.

Did not Jim have enough of the [illegible] about him to attract even the [illegible], the Communist? Had he not been in the Soviet Union and made fine speeches over there—and [illegible] here when he returned? [illegible] Maurer had not yet been in Cleveland. Surely a good crowd would gather to hear him—the "future vice-president" of the United States.

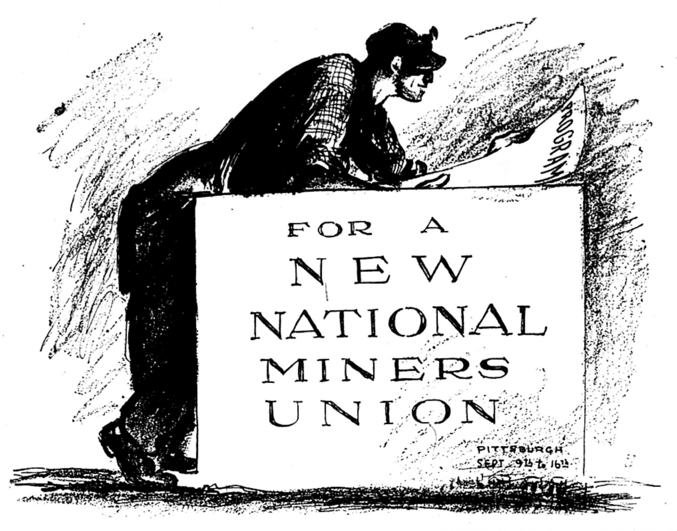
But it was all miscalculated. To be sure Jim did not come. Perhaps some of the gang knew that he would not appear, but for the sake of success, the upper guys would not divulge it. How would it look if the picnic grounds were empty—although Jim Maurer, one time president of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor and socialist candidate, was announced to speak! Surely in Cleveland there is enough "socialism" to make a successful picnic.

But it didn't work. The "masses" did not know that Maurer was not coming—but the masses didn't care whether he came or not. Two hundred people gathered at Lakeland and sat around disgusted that Maurer did not appear. Probably even the management of the picnic did not know that he would not come to Cleveland, for they provided no other speaker.

Earlier in the season the socialists had a picnic, and Sharts, candidate for governor, spoke. He bored his audience, till at the end of his speech hardly a handful was listening.

Thus the "message" of the socialist party attracts and interests the workers. The socialist party is played out as far as the working class is concerned.

THE CORNERSTONE — By Fred Ellis



PROGRAM
FOR A NEW NATIONAL MINERS UNION
PITTSBURGH SEPT 9th to 16th

Berry, a Broker in "Labor"

(Maj. George L. Berry has been picked by Tammany Al Smith to corral the "labor vote" for the Democratic presidential ticket during the present election campaign.—Note.)

* * *

Czar of Pressmen's Union Waxes Wealthy On Continued Betrayals of Workers

By WILLIAM Z. FOSTER.

THE symbol and outstanding instance of everything corrupt and reactionary in the printing trades is Major George L. Berry, President of the Pressmen's International Union. He is peer of the worst labor fakers ever developed in the entire history of the American labor movement. European labor men, unacquainted with the prevalent reaction in our unions, marvel that such a figure can pretend to be a labor leader and is able to hold on to his official position.

October Strikers.

Berry, a former prize-fighter and ex-army officer, is one of the most blatant Chauvinists in the entire labor movement. He is a high official in the American Legion and a prominent politician in the Democratic Party. Berry's methods are without parallel. He has become a wealthy capitalist by the misuse of his official position. We shall reserve for later a description of his czaristic tactics in controlling his union and his scandalous system of plundering his rank and file. Here let us cite only a few of his strikebreaking exploits.

Under Berry's leadership the Pressmen's Union carries on a policy of crassest craft betrayal. When any of the other unions in the industry strike the pressmen are ordered to stay at work. And if the local pressmen, outraged by this union scabbery, nevertheless go out in support of the strikers, Berry immediately enters into active collaboration with the employers and fills their places with scabs. He follows the same strike-breaking policy when any of his local unions strike over their own grievances, regardless of their justificiation, unless they get his specific permission. Berry has broken many strikes this way. One of his most infamous exploits was breaking the 1919 New York "vacationist" strike. Recently he sent professional scabs in to break the pressmen's strike in the Cuneo Co.'s plant in Chicago. Such scabherding comes easy to Berry as he himself was originally a strikebreaker in St. Louis, where he was given a card in the union to induce him to quit scabbing.

Broke Pressmen's Strike.

The strike of the New York web pressmen illustrate the methods of Berry. In 1921, under influence of the great post-war drive against labor, Judge Manton, arbitrator in the New York pressmen's dispute with the employers, made an award conceding all the employers' demands including wage reductions and drastic worsening in working conditions. Although enraged, the web pressmen fulfilled the award's terms until the agreement expired in 1923. At this time Berry, arbitrarily taking charge of the situation, dallied and delayed for weeks, maneuvering with the employers to force the workers to accept unfavorable terms.

Finally the pressmen struck, tying up all the big New York papers. Berry outlawed the strike and ordered the men back to work. He also issued a call to all his locals in the U. S. and Canada to furnish scabs at $20.00 per day and he opened an office to recruit strike-breakers. The Burns Detective Agency worked with him recruiting scabs. The strike lasted 11 days. The men were driven back to work under conditions but little better than those of the Manton award, in the name of the sacredness of contracts. The employers praised Berry extravagently, and so did the labor reactionaries.

Congratulated by Gompers.

Gompers wired congratulations to Berry, and when the latter appeared at the Portland convention shortly afterward he was given a wild ovation, and the delegates rising tumultously to do him honor. Mr. Gompers said:

"We will suspend business to hear from one who has engaged in a tremendous contest in the interest of the honor and integrity of the American labor movement."

The Pressmen's Home.

THE notorious Pressmen's Home in Watkins County, Penn., about 12 miles from Rogersville and about 100 miles from Knoxville, cost the union originally about $11,000 and Berry, the President of the Union, has since squandered about $2,000,000 of union funds upon it. Berry owns several thousand acres of farming and stock-raising lands, much of which lies adjacent to the Home. Its value has been greatly enhanced by the proximity of the latter institution. Berry owns the "Rogersville Review," the Clinchfield Mercantile Co., the Clinchfield Land and Lumber Co., and the Clinchfield Hydro-Electric Power Co. He sells farm products and various other commodities to the Home at fancy prices. The Home, supposedly for the benefit of disabled pressmen, is situated conveniently for his own ends and Berry loses no opportunity to profit by it. Hutcheson of the Carpenters Union, no doubt inspired by Berry's success, is beginning the development of a big Home for carpenters at Lakeland, Florida. Already it smells badly of graft.

Swiped $165,000.

In connection with the Pressmen's Home, Berry proceeded to develop his own concern, the Clinchfield Hydro-Electric Power Co., with union funds. For this purpose he misappropriated $165,000 upon the false pretense that the company was owned by the union. Disbelieving this, Chicago Pressmen's Union, 3, a local in Berry's International, took the matter to court. The court ruled that the company in question belonged to Berry and his friends personally and it ordered them to pay back to the union the $165,000 which they had misappropriated. Things looked black for Berry. But the employers, of whom Berry is a valuable servant, came to his aid. With their assistance he was able to terrorize the Chicago local into dropping the case, by the threat that if they did not do so their pending demands upon their bosses for better conditions would be categorically rejected. Hence Berry, althrough convicted in court, was never compelled to pay back the $165,000.

How Wealthy.

The ultra-patriotic Major Berry is now a rich man. He is reputed to be worth half a million dollars. When he was elected President of the International at the Brighton Beach Convention in 1907 they had to take up a collection to pay his expences from San Franicsco. Now, in addition to his large properties in Tennessee, he sports, when in New York, a suite in the Waldorf-Astoria. A few years ago he narrowly missed securing the Democratic nomination (tantamount to election) for Governor of Tennessee. When he put up a fight for Democratic nomination for vice-president of the United States in 1924 he had the support of wide sections of the capitalist press, Republican as well as Democratic. At that time he had in New York practically all the national organizers of the union, at the union's expence, wearing "Berry for Vice-President" buttons and working for his nomination.

* * *

(From "Misleaders of Labor," by William Z. Foster. Published by Trade Union Educational League, 2 W. 15th St., New York).

American Capitalists Live in Luxury

By GEORGE PADMORE.

Coolidge "Prosperity" Applies Only to the Exploiting Class; How Other Half Lives

There has never been a president of the United States who has been so fond of boasting about the prosperity which the capitalists enjoy as Mr. Coolidge. This gentleman, who owes his position as chief executive of the most powerful and richest nation in the world to the servile way in which he serves the interests of the American bourgeoisie, can well prate about the great wealth which the owning class of America controls.

There is no doubt about it. America is the banker of the world, due largely to the last war when the workers fought and the exploiters remained at home and fattened on war-time production. A partial examination of this idle chatter of the president reveals the fact that when Coolidge talks about prosperity he means the prosperity of the bankers, industrial capitalists and corrupt politicians. True, there is prosperity in America for the Mellons, Rockefellers, Fords, Schwabs, Hoovers, Al Smiths, Raskobs, du Ponts, etc., etc. But there is not even the full dinner pail for the workers, poor farmers and the oppressed Negro race. Whatever little these groups once enjoyed is today a thing of the past.

In this age of trust, monopoly, syndicates and cartels, the middle class of America is fast disappearing into the ranks of the proletariat, which grows bigger and bigger under the oppressive weight of big business. Marx was truly right when he said: "In proportion as the bourgeoisie is developed, in the same proportion is developed the proletariat, the class of modern workers who live only so long as they find work, and who only find work as long as their work increases capital."

How Capitalists Live.

In order to illustrate how utterly false and bankrupt this swan song of Coolidge prosperity, as far as the workers are concerned, we publish a partial list of the report of the Park Avenue Association which should be compared by American workers who are today confronted with one of the most acute economic depressions in the history of the nation.

"The most characteristic example of American luxury may be found in the record of expenditures on Park Avenue, New York City, as estimated and officially stated by H. Gordon Duval, late president of the Park Avenue Association, published in the New York Times and World, Jan. 28 of last year.

"The 4,000 families who live on this avenue between 34th St. and 96th St. spend a total of $280,000,000 or $70,000 per family during the year. They spend for women's clothing $50,000,000 a year, or $192,000 a day; for liquor, according to the reporter, $15,000,000. They spend $26,922 a day for yachts, $11,538 a day for flowers. A father spends $25,000 for a single debutante daughter. The women and girls in this section on average each spend yearly $6,250 for clothing, $2,000 for furs, $500 each in beauty shops, $900 for hats. The paltry five millions that these four thousand families give to "charity" is only one-tenth of what the women spend on clothing alone. And a large proportion of these people are professing Christians."

"The following is a partial list of their yearly expenditures:

Women's wear	$50,000,000
Rent	18,000,000
Furs	16,000,000
Traveling	15,000,000
Art Galleries	15,000,000
Restaurants	10,000,000
Automobiles	10,000,000
Millinery	7,000,000
Yachts	7,000,000
Amusements	5,000,000
Beauty Shops	4,000,000
Total for 4,000 families	$280,000,000

"The Other Half."

On the other hand, there are over five millions of able bodied men and women walking the streets of "prosperous" America—the paradise of the capitalist class—the hell-hole of the workers, who are willing to work, but are unable to get employment. Thousands of working class families merely live above the starvation margin. Women and children are driven into industry. Homes are broken up; family life disintegrated.

It is estimated that there are over 25,000 fatal accidents in industry yearly, not including more than 2,000,000 daily disability. Of the 28 million children between the ages of 5 and 18 in America today only 16 millions are regularly at school, while 12,000,000 are compelled to go to work to help the family income. There are more than 8 million persons over 10 years of age who can neither read nor write and it is estimated among conservative educators that only one child out of every 60 gets a chance to attend high school or college, and this opportunity, when it presents itself is either for the sons of the rich or petty-bourgeoisie.

In the face of these facts it is no wonder that the class struggle is growing sharper and sharper daily. Hundreds of thousands of coal miners have recently been betrayed by the fake leadership of men like John L. Lewis, Bill Green and Matthew Woll. Over 30,000 textile workers are putting up a heroic struggle against their bosses and in the face of police terrorism, to avoid a ten per cent cut in their starvation wages; bread lines begin to increase as the winter season approaches; and starvation and grim poverty stalks the land from coast to coast. This is the lot of the American workers, the producers of wealth and plenty for the capitalist parasites.

Truly, what America needs is a revolution.

Told You So

IT is not safe to take too much money out of the sewerpipes of New York in a year sanctified by the candidacy of a Tammany sachem for the presidency. Tammany braves die; they never squeal. If they don't die willingly, they die anyhow. Philips, the big Queens County boss, charged with having taken millions of dollars out of the sewer business was bumped off in Atlantic City some months ago. Since then his son has been shooting his father's loot over the green baize tables of Long Island gambling joints. Last Sunday, William L. D'Olier, another big sewer man, was found dead on a lonely road with a bullet through his head.

T. J. O'Flaherty

* * *

IF there is any choice between democratic political grafters and their republican competitors it is in the way they pass out rather than in the way they take their loot. The republican go-getters seem to have more confidence in justice. They await the rap as a rule, and the rap seldom comes. The only exception in recent years is Jess Smith, Harry Daugherty's pal. But then there is a suspicion that Jess was assisted to Valhalla.

* * *

IT IS reported that workmen have abandoned search for Tammany relics on the site of the old wigwam on 14th Street. If they were looking for the vault in which Boss Tweed kept his loot, they must be an optimistic and naive gang. It would not be like Dick Croker and Charlie Murphy to spend decades in the Tiger's lair without making a thoro investigation of the premises.

* * *

HERE are a few epigrams from the lips of a Presbyterian divine on Labor Day: "Luxury can only justifiably come into existence when honest penury has vanished and when each person has his daily bread." "Wealth does not release the possessor from the obligation to work." "Lack of wealth does not justify the poor in voluntary idleness." This particular divine is not a bad egg, as clergymen go, but he is full of steak. The poor are lacking in wealth because the rich rob them of the fruits of their labor and should the idle poor insist on the right to a job without the consent of the idle rich they would land in a police cell for their pains.

* * *

THE divine would do worse than consult young Alfred Doss, a young German who jumped ship to seek his fortune in this country. After working at odd jobs for a while Doss ran into hard luck and a few nights ago a policeman found him sleeping in a doorway and on being informed that the lad had no money, the cop arrested him for vagrancy.

* * *

BERT MARTIN, the national secretary of the Farmer-Labor Party threw up his job and declared for Hoover. Had he not done this, Martin would be unknown outside of his wife and family and the installment furniture dealer. The existence of a national Farmer-Labor Party has been something of a mystery for the past four years. Martin hopes that in four years time the "progressive forces" will be able to get together and build anew. Hope deferred maketh the heart sick. In the meantime intelligent workers will work and vote for the Communist ticket, strengthen the Workers (Communist) Party and join it for a real fight against capitalism and to organize the masses for the struggle which will end when the workers and poor farmers of this country overthrow the robber system and set up a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

* * *

J. C. PENNY, the department store magnate, is for Hoover. Penny is a democrat. Now, what we would like to know is: who is Robert Dollar going to support? This does not look like an election campaign, but a tit for tat game.

Tom O'Flaherty

CALL FOR DELEGATES TO TEXTILE RELIEF MEET, SEPTEMBER 15

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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FOSTER STARTS NATION-WIDE CAMPAIGN TOUR SUNDAY

"Miners' Convention Sept. 9 To Be Biggest Historical Turning Point," Says Gitlow

SPEAKS AT BIG ELECTION RALLY IN ANTHRACITE

Charges Lewis Machine Wrecked Old Union

Scores Labor Fakers

Tells Diggers New Union Only Hope

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Sept. 5.—"The National Miners' Convention to be held at Pittsburgh on the 9th of this month will be the biggest historical turning point in the history of the mining industry," declared Ben Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president of the United States, in his speech here Saturday as a part of the national political campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The keynote of Gitlow's speech was the struggle of the miners. Reporting on the smashing of the union and the wage-cuts taking place in the bituminous fields, the Communist vice-presidential candidate called upon the hard-coal miners to organize themselves under the banner of the new union to resist the coming attack of the coal operators.

Fakers Accept Wage-Cuts.

"In Ohio the officials accepted a $2.50 wage-cut a day, in Illinois wages were cut to $6 a day. It is definite that when negotiations will be started in the anthracite tri-district, the operators will demand the reduction of wages, further speed-up and the elimination of union control. The United Mine Workers bureaucracy will betray the miners here too, and the rank and file must turn for leadership to the new union which will be organized in Pittsburgh at the Sept. 9 convention. The Workers (Communist) Party gives full support to the rank and file in building this new union."

Blames Lewis."

"John L. Lewis and his policies," declared Gitlow, "are responsible for the collapse of the coal strike which leaves the coal diggers at the mercy

Continued on Page Five

OBSERVE YOUTH DAY NEXT WEEK

Young Worker League to Hold Many Meets

While the capitalist countries of the world are gathering their forces for a new imperialist war, the working-class youth of this country is preparing to demonstrate against imperialist war in celebration of International Youth Day, which will be observed this year during the week of September 16. Numerous open-air meetings and demonstrations, as well as indoor meetings, will be held throughout the country during this week under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

International Youth Day has been celebrated annually by the working-class youth of the world since September 3, 1915, when the historic conference of youth to fight the imperialist war was held at Berne,

Continued on Page Five

Daily Worker Agents Will Meet Tomorrow

A meeting of Daily Worker agents will be held tomorrow, 6:30 p.m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square. The drive of the Daily Worker for 10,000 new readers, and the preparations for the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar will be on the order of business of the meeting.

All Daily Worker agents have been urged to attend the meeting without fail.

BELIEVE SHIP LOST

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 4 (UP).—The crew of a salvage boat which searched all day Sunday for the missing freighter Florian reported today that an oil film on the waters off Cape Flattery apparently marked the grave of the vessel.

Police Terror; But New Bedford Textile Pickets Fight On

In spite of the terrorist methods with which the New Bedford police have attacked the picket lines of the textile strikers, the lines are larger and firmer today than at any time in the history of the strike. Above, three policemen seizing one woman picket during a recent raid of the authorities.

SIX MORE HURT IN NEW I. R. T. WRECK

Traction Barons Refuse to Repair Equipment

Two accidents on the transit lines of New York City yesterday added to the toll of workers' lives injured and endangered in recent catastrophes here. The first occurred on the Williamsburg Bridge and the second on the Third Avenue elevated line of the Interborough Rapid Transit.

Six persons were hurt in both crashes. John Lamb, a worker, was nearly thrown off the Williamsburg Bridge in a rear-end collision of one-man surface cars. Two of the six injured were children. Lamb, who is employed on the Williamsburg Bridge as cable repairman, managed to clutch a cable just as he was hurled over the side of the bridge.

Another subway disaster was narrowly averted when trainmen discovered a warped rail on the tracks near the Canal Street Station of the B.-M. T. They immediately held up the train and hurried repairs on the rail, tying up traffic for more than twenty minutes. Had the warped rail not been discovered, workers afterward said, the rail would have cracked under the strain of the crowded train, causing a disaster as bad as the recent Times Square I. R. T. wreck.

The I. R. T. officials have come to the point where they no longer bother about repairing out-of-date equipment and machinery in their subway and elevated lines, using the archaic equipment as a maneuver for the campaign to get an increase in fare.

Knapp 'Nearly' Goes to Prison; "Life Ruined"

ALBANY, Sept. 5.—In a gray, tiny cell in the county jail here the wife of a jobless Albany worker is serving a nine-months' term, following her conviction on a charge of stealing some clothes to keep herself warm last winter.

In a large, airy, sunny and comfortable room with wide windows overlooking great lawns—in the home of County Sheriff Henchey—Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp, former republican secretary of state sobs ostenstatiously because she will have to spend 30 days in these comparatively congenial surroundings.

Sky Was Limit.

Mrs. Knapp was convicted of grand larceny as a result of the highly informal manner in which she "administered" the $1,000,000 state fund appropriated for the cen-

Continued on Page Three

CALL DELEGATES TO RELIEF MEET

Weisbord Will Speak at Conference

Albert Weisbord, leading figure in the spectacular Passaic textile strike and now national secretary of the Textile Mill Committees, will be the principal speaker at the Workers International Conference, Saturday, Sept. 15, at 1 p.m. in Irving Plaza, 15th Street and Irving Pl. The conference will also be addressed by Fred Beidenkapp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief and by many militant workers who are now struggling on the New Bedford and Fall River strike fronts, Harry Silverman, who issued the call for the conference, said yesterday.

The call reads in part:

"Organized labor must respond to the New Bedford and Fall River strike with 100 per cent support. The stirke has been on for five months. The need is great. Immediate and continuous relief must be sent into New Bedford and Fall River. The Workers International Relief has responded to the strike from the very beginning of the struggle.

"We count on organized labor and its sympathizers in New York to show its solidarity with the New Bedford striking workers. Help us win the strike."

The appeal called upon unions to discard red tape and to elect or appoint delegates to the conference either by executive boards or by executive members and to forward names of such delegates to the offices of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square.

RESCUERS COMING SOON

Krassin Heroes to Visit U. S. December

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—As they prepare to set off again into the frozen north in search of the 12 lost men of the Amundsen and Allesandri parties, news has been received here by the Soviet Union Information Bureau that Prof. Rudolph Lazarevich Samoilovich and Aviator Chukhnovsky, two of the leading members of the Krassin rescue expedition, will visit this country early in December.

The two members of the Soviet rescue expedition, who covered themselves with glory in saving 16 men given up for lost in the Arctic waters, are coming here at the invitation of the Russian-American Chamber of Commerce.

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Continue Search.

MOSCOW, Sept. 5.—Undaunted by the finding of the pontoon of a

Continued on Page Three

To Use Television in Directing Orchestra

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 5 (UP).—Fritz Reiner, director of the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra will go to New York to discuss his plan of directing by television an off-stage orchestra necessary for the presentation of the second symphony of Mahler, he said today.

BRITISH UNION "LEADERS" OUST ALL COMMUNISTS

Could Not Answer Red Attacks; Exclusion Is Result

Thomas Kills Union

Officialdom Drives 2 Million From Union

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Unable to answer the charges of leaders of the British minority movement and of the Communist unionists, the officials of the Trade Union Congress, meeting at Swonsen, Wales, yesterday demanded and forced thru a resolution excluding the progressive leaders from participation in the further proceedings of the congress.

The move had a two-fold aspect designed, on one hand, at silencing criticism of the officialdom and, on the other, to direct public attention away from the congress officials and towards the Communists and minority members as responsible for the tremendous decrease in union membership during the last year.

Figures disclosing the falling off in members continue to point to the appalling decline of rank and file confidence in the officialdom as the leaders while totals continue to reveal wider losses and the progressive consciousness of the British workingman that the present congress heads are bent on leading him to the destruction of the trade union movement.

Loss of 2,000,000 members was again cited today, this time by J. H. Thomas, former cabinet minister, and now secretary of the National Union of Railway Men. Minority leaders taunted the officials from the floor on the increasing lack of confidence betrayed in their leadership by the decrease totals.

The most significant action of the congress, after the exclusion of the progressives and Communists, was the stifling of a plan for the formation of a Government Workers' Union, comprising workers from the Woolwich arsenal, which John H. Thomas quashed before it could gain momentum.

SEWER GRAFTER 'KNOWS NOTHING'

Connolly Called for Questioning

Former borough president of Queens, Maurice E. Connolly, who resigned under fire during the investigation into the notorious $29,500,000 sewer graft scandal, was yesterday called to the district attorney's office in connection with the death of William L. D'Olier, wealthy sewer sub-contractor. The body of D'Olier was found near a cemetery in Maspeth, L. I., Sunday morning, a bullet having been put thru his temple.

Takes No Chances.

As was expected, Connolly gave little information of a tangible sort which would trace the murderers of D'Olier. He did, however, succeed in involving himself in several contradictions and inconsistencies some of which might prove embarrassing to him should the authorities do a surprising thing and penetrate into the actual basis for D'Olier's death.

Connolly swore on his dubious honor, when closeted with the district attorney, that he met the dead contractor only once, when the latter was introduced by Robert E. Moore of the electrical contracting firm of Fishback & Moore. At that time, he said, D'Olier was trying to interest Moore in a $15,000,000 road-building venture in Kentucky.

This statement by Connolly was flatly contradicted by Walter G. Lowe, a taxi driver, who positively identified pictures of the dead man as a man he had seen in conversation with Connolly in front of Connolly's office in Long Island City, the afternoon of August 16. Lowe said that

Continued on Page Two

William Z. Foster

Recognize him? This picture of the Communist candidate for president was taken when he was leading the huge 1919 steel strike. The picture may be familiar to those who followed that stirring strike.

WOLFE STARTS ON TOUR SOON

Many Cities to Hear Communist Speaker

Bertram D. Wolfe, member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, head of the agitprop department and director of the Workers School, is scheduled to start a speaking tour in behalf of the Communist election campaign, that will take him to the principal cities in the United States from Cleveland to the Pacific Coast.

Wolfe has been active in the Communist movement since it was organized in 1919, and prior to that was one of the leading elements in the left wing of the socialist party. He was editor of the Rank and File, the organ of the left wing in the

Continued on Page Five

RED DRIVE RALLY PLANNED SEPT. 28

Minor, Dunne to Speak at Big Meet

The first large election campaign rally this year of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Friday, Sept. 28, 8 p.m., at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., where the workers of New York who have survived the "prosperity" which press-agented the Coolidge administration, will hear the Communist candidates of New York speak on the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Among the Red candidates who will make their appearance at the Central Opera House rally will be William F. Dunne, candidate for Governor of New York, Robert Minor, candidate for U. S. Senate from New York; Juliet Stuart Poyntz, running for Attorney General of New York; Lovett Fort-Whiteman, Red candidate for Comptroller of the state; Philip Frankfeld, candidate from the Third Assembly District of the Bronx, and Rebecca Grecht, running in the Fifth Bronx Assembly District, and Communist Campaign Manager of District two of the Workers (Communist) Party. Wil-

Continued on Page Two

POLICE BEAT UP MINER

Victim Is Slugged, Fined and Jailed

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 5.—Hundreds of miners are appealing to the International Labor Defense for aid against the onslaught of the operator's courts. Rudolph DiPiazy brought a black-jack which he declared a coal and iron policeman broke in two over his head, to the court with him. His case against the coal and iron policeman was dismissed nevertheless. Court costs, amounting to $63 were demanded, but when the miner, who had not drawn wages in more than 16 months, could not pay the costs, he was sent to jail in lieu of payment.

The coal and iron policeman ran away immediately after he and three of his fellows had beaten up DiPiazy in the heart of the town of Bentleyville before many witnesses. However, when DiPiazy filed a complaint against the policeman, he re-

Continued on Page Three

COMMUNIST PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE TO SPEAK AT MEETS IN DETROIT, FLINT

Ford, General Motor Slaves to Get Election Message of Party

Tour Will Include Chief Industrial Centers of Country

Invading one of the leading exploitation centers of the United States, William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, will start the first leg of a tour that will take him into every industrial section of the country when he speaks at two meetings to be held in Detroit and Flint, Mich., Sunday.

Foster will speak in Flint in the afternoon and in Detroit in the evening at the Danceland Auditorium.

The cities of Detroit and Flint are dominated by the Ford Motor Company and General Motors, respectively. Both giant corporations are business rivals, but they are in thorough accord on the question of the open shop and the speed-up system.

Ford Backs Hoover.

Ford is a staunch supporter of Hoover for president, and General Motors is divided in its support of the two Wall Street parties, Alfred E. Sloan, president of General Motors, being for Hoover, while John J. Raskob, chairman of the finance committee of the corporation, is putting his money and his organizing ability behind the candidacy of Al Smith.

Ford has consistently fought every effort to organize the slaves of "The Belt," as his system of producing automobiles is known. The bureaucrats of the American Federation of Labor, after making several threats to organize the Ford plants, did not move a muscle. But the Detroit district of the Workers (Communist) Party, through shop bulletins and open-air meetings, has brought the message of trade unionism to Ford's slaves despite the opposition of the Ford-controlled police and city government officials.

Flint Strike.

The workers in the Flint plant of the General Motors Corporation recently went on strike against a wage cut at the very moment that John J. Raskob was lining up a committee of A. F. of L. misleaders to support Al Smith, under the direction of the notorious strike-breaker, George Berry, president of the pressmen's union.

Thousands of workers in the Ford and General Motors factories are awaiting with keen interest what Foster has to say on the situation in the automobile industry. Foster is known to millions of workers in the United States as the outstanding figure in the struggle against the bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor. He organized the packing house workers of Chicago and the slaves of the Steel Trust, bringing 400,000 of the steel

Continued on Page Three

ADAM MOLESKI FIGHTS FRAME-UP IN COURTS

Sam Bonita, Mendola, Innocent, But Jailed in Same Case

WILKES BARRE, Pa., Sept. 5.—Under the shadow of the murderers of Frank Bonita, the same Luzerne county courthouse that witnessed the frame-up proceedings against the latter's brother Sam will see the further frame-up of Adam Moleski on similar charges, Sept. 13. Moleski is one of a trio of miners, including Sam Bonita and Steve Mendola, framed-up in a conspiracy which resulted in the death of Frank Agati, Lewis lieutenant, when he attacked the three progressives after a local meeting last spring.

Mendola and Bonita have already been railroaded to jail and are serving terms varying from six to ten years of hard labor.

Moleski will take an appeal to fight his conviction in a higher court.

The trial of Moleski and the jailing of Bonita and Mendola is the outcome of the fight against the Lewis-Cappelini machine and the contractor system in the anthracite.

With the opening of the National Convention for the building of a new union four days off, the coal miners from all over the United States are watching with the most intense interest the outcome of the struggle for his freedom which the innocent miner is waging in the Luzerne County courthouse.

ASTORIA JINGOES FORCED ON RADIO

Fail to Compete With Communist Meetings

Discredited as a result of their attempts to break up the open-air meetings arranged every Thursday night in Astoria, L. I. by the Workers (Communist) Party, the Tammany-controlled John J. Dwyer Post, Veterans of Foreign Wars, has resorted to radio broadcasting.

So completely victorious did the Communists emerge from the battle waged against the Astoria fascists when they tried to halt the Party meetings, that the Post has completely abandoned its own open-air meetings which they had conducted

Continued on Page Two

RIDGEWOOD MEET TO HEAR MINOR

Candidate Will Speak On Party Demands

The workers of Ridgewood will have an opportunity to hear the Communist program at the mass meeting to be held tomorrow at 8 p. m., at the Queens County Labor Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker, Communist candidate for U. S. senator, will be the chief speaker.

Other speakers are Joseph Berg and Erich R. Saenger, secretary of the German Language Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party.

All sympathizers of the Communist movement are urged to help in making this mass-meeting a success.

Miners Throughout West Virginia Fields Respond to Call for New Militant Union

BITTNER, PAL OF LEWIS, FAILS TO DUPE DIGGERS

Freeman Thompson Leads Militants

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 5.—Now that locals have been organized throughout West Virginia under Freeman Thompson's direction, "hundred per cent" Van Bittner is ballyhooing through the state with an equippage of armed thugs, state police and company "yellow dogs," attempting to smash the miners' locals affiliated with the new union, and revive the extinct U. M. W. A. district.

The trouble with Bittner's "mass meetings," is that they are totally lacking in masses. When the gang arrived in Rivesville, Bittner sent his thugs out to round up the miners for a meeting. But the coal diggers of West Virginia have been betrayed too often to be duped by Lewis' henchmen, and refused to come. A handful of men did, however, gather several hundred feet away from the hall, to watch the show. While state police and "yellow dogs" looked on, Bittner's lieutenants tried to herd the men into the hall. The first man who refused the invitation was viciously punched in the face. The police did not interfere.

Loud Speakers Used.

In Monogah, Bittner used other methods. There always were a few curious enough to watch the spectacle from a distance, or others unfortunate enough to live in the neighborhood of the "mass" meetings. To reach them, Bittner bellowed into loud speakers. Even at that his gang was not successful in getting more than a small handful close enough to take a picture for the U. M. W. Journal, which reports great triumph.

Since Bittner is so openly protected by the same police who have always sided with the operators and fought the miners, it is commonly believed here, that Bittner's scheme is to trick the men into a company union and break the rapidly growing new Miners' Union which is recognized as a menace to the operators.

A strong delegation is coming to the National Miners' Convention in Pittsburgh, September 9th, to help build the new union. Wages are as low as $3.50 a day. In many places, the companies pay wages in company-coined counterfeit "scrip" money, which is exchangeable only in company-owned stores, at from [illegible] to 35 per cent loss.

SECTION 7 IN ELECTION DRIVE

To Gather Signatures Beginning Sunday

The Election Campaign Committee of Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party, located in Boro Park and taking in Bath Beach, Coney Island and the Brighton section, is preparing for an intensive signature drive starting Sunday, Sept. 9, and lasting for one week. There is a growing determination in the section to put the ninth assembly district on the Communist election map by September 16.

A special call has been sent to the Jewish Workers' Culture Clubs of Boro Park, Coney Island, Brighton and Bath Beach to participate in the signature drive. The Boro Park Jewish Workers' Culture Club, confident of its ability to outstrip the other clubs in the signature race, has issued a challenge to these clubs.

The signature work in the Boro [illegible] interesting experiences met with by the Red campaigners. A one-page leaflet issued by the Section 7 Campaign Committee, called "The Lighter Side of Signature Gathering" contains droll and serio-comic anecdotes related by the Communist campaigners.

Section 7 was the first section to swing into line on the signature drive, and hopes to be the first to complete its job. D. Weitz, section campaign manager, has sent communications to every unit of the section urging participation in the intensified drive of next week, and looks forward to considerably increased signatures as a result of the drive.

The workers' clubs who will also take part in the drive have resolved to obtain more signatures than the members of the section themselves.

Section 1 Workers to Hold Banquet Saturday

The members of Section 1 will [illegible] at a banquet this Saturday [illegible] p.m. at the headquarters of the [illegible] Workers Club, 35 East [illegible].

Section 1 has been the first to [illegible] receive the Red Banner [illegible] by the district for its work [illegible] the highest amount of [illegible] to place the Workers (Communist) Party candidates on the ballot.

Victims and Potential Victim in the Sewer Graft Case

John M. Philips (left), reputed head of the sewer construction grafters in Queens, L. I., whose body will be exhumed following the suspicious circumstances surrounding the death of William L. D'Olier (right), sanitation engineer, also alleged to have been in the graft ring. It is possible that Frencis Phillips (center), son of the sewer graft king will be the next person who "knows too much." It is now believed that not Phillips but some one still higher up in a graft line is the key man in the case. To date Phillips, D'Olier and George Redding, bond salesman, about to testify for the government, have conveniently "died."

ASTORIA JINGOES FORCED ON RADIO

Fail to Compete With Communist Meetings

Continued from Page One

regularly in competition with the Communists.

Meet Their Waterloo.

The last attempt on the part of the fascist Post to attack the Communist open-air meeting in Jamaica was frustrated by the attendance of over 1,000 workers from Astoria, Long Island City and other industrial centers.

The first radio talk delivered under the auspices of the Tammany gang was made by Harold Lord Varney, a renegade I. W. W. and stool-pigeon, who proudly described himself as "a personal labor aid" to the late lamented oil-smeared Warren G. Harding. Referring to the militants in the American unions, Varney said: "It is time for our patriotic and veterans' organizations to take the offensive against this disloyal force at work in the heart of the nation."

Red Meeting Tonight.

Tonight's meeting, to be held at the usual storm-center, Steinway and Jamaica Aves., Astoria, will be addressed by Max Shachtman, editor of the "Labor Defender"; Powers, Rock, Heder and Meuller.

BUTCHER UNION CHIEFS OUST 6

Militants on Committee to Delve Finances

The right wing officialdom of the Jewish Butchers' Union pried themselves out of a highly uncomfortable position just before the rank and file committee elected by the membership had an opportunity to probe the finances of the union. The officials came to the union membership meeting and railroaded through the expulsion of six left wingers, several of whom were at the same time members of the rank and file committee which was to investigate the treasurer's accounts.

The six left wingers, Sam Sivak, Eli Werner, M. Malamud, M. Teitlebaum, Sam Marcus and S. Portnoy, were the leaders of a struggle against the union leadership, which has been active in the support of the campaign of the United Hebrew Trades to destroy any Jewish union showing signs of militant policy against the employers. When these left wingers were also elected to delve into the accounts of the organization, the socialist chiefs decided they must get rid of them and thereby the danger of a public report of the union's income and expenses.

The investigation committee was elected at the meeting before the expulsions took place, the expulsion meeting having been held Monday night in the Forward building. The election was brought about when the officialdom came to the members with the demand that they pay increased dues hereafter.

SEWER GRAFTER 'KNOWS NOTHING'

Continued from Page One

on another occasion, a man who he is convinced is D'Olier, coming from the same direction, hailed him and directed him to drive him to the Pennsylvania Club, 35 E. 50th St.

The officers of the Awixa Corporation, whose records mysteriously "disappeared" during the sewer investigation were also questioned yesterday as to their relations with D'Olier's corporation. It is generally known that the firm held sub-contracts from the Awixa in the equiping of two sewage disposal plants in Queens.

Save this copy of the Daily for one of the 40,000 traction workers.

Graft Smell Hovers Over Fat Bank Books of Philadelphia Police

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Huge bank accounts owned by high police officials are believed to have a direct connection with the $10,000,000 bootleg ring now under grand jury investigation here.

District Attorney Monaghan, who represents an opposition faction within the republican machine, also expressed himself as skeptical of the effectiveness of the so-called "clean-up" ordered by Mayor Mackey.

GUNS TO PROTECT FASCIST MEETING

Seipel's Challenge to Be Met by Workers

(Special to the Daily Worker)

VIENNA, Austria, Sept. 5.—Chancellor Seipel, fascist dictator of Austria, today announced his intention of protecting the provocative demonstrations of the fascists scheduled to be held Oct. 7 in the industrial town of Wienerneustadt, against the counter-demonstrations of Austrian workers.

Seipel's statement declared that he would protect the fascist demonstrations "with all the means within the power of the state."

In spite of the demonstration of the fascists, which the workers know will be "protected" by the presence of thousands of armed soldiers, the workers are rallying strongly and will attend their own demonstration in large numbers as an answer to the Chancellor's reactionary decree.

STAGE WORKERS MAY STRIKE SOON

Demand Increase of $10 Per Week in Wages

Over two thousand stage hands in New York City theatres may go on strike this Saturday, tieing up the productions on Broadway just as the new theatre season is beginning to get under way. This was revealed yesterday, when Local No. 1 of the Theatrical Protective Union, composed completely of workers employed in the heavy work behind the scenes, refused to accept the agreement of the theatre owners under which they have been working for the last few years.

The agreement between the International Theatrical Association and the union of stage hands expired last Sunday. At the expiration of the agreement, a new one was submitted to the union by the theatre bosses. But all indications point toward the refusal of the union to accept the new proposed agreement of the theatre bosses.

The stage hands, who received $48 a week under the old agreement, now demand an increase for each worker of $10 a week.

A meeting of representatives of the bosses and workers was held yesterday with no results. Another is scheduled to be held at 1 [illegible].

One of the leaders of [illegible] when asked yesterday whether a strike would be declared if the demands of the union are not granted, replied:

"Oh, we won't be able to hold the boys back after Saturday."

SIGMAN AGENTS IN WILD DASH

As Forward Says, 'They Get Warm Reception'

After enduring for two years the terrorization of reactionary union-wrecking officialdom of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, the workers in the cloak and dress manufacturing trades are demonstrating their determination to drive the agents of the employers out of whatever control they still possess. Again the workers in a right wing shop defied the Sigman dues collectors and drove them out of the shop.

The "Collectors" Arrive.

A business agent from the company union, reinforced by the usual "dues collecting" underworld committee, came to the shop of Skwirlsky and Son, West 22nd St., to extract tribute from the workers. After the business agent and his committee refused to obey the order of the workers that they leave, the workers rose from their machines and drove them out. The Sigman agent then went to the 30th Street Police Station and came back with a detective to arrest those he claimed had "beaten him up." No arrests were made, however.

This shop had been under right wing control for many months, the employer himself paying for the company-union membership books, because the workers had refused to do so. The employer, seeing the public disintegration of the right wing union, had notified the scab union that he would no longer pay his workers' dues. This led to the visit of the "dues" committee.

"Warm Reception."

While events like this are registered in the cloak market every day, workers see much irony in stories appearing in the right wing Jewish Daily Forward announcing: "Cloak and Dressmakers Give a Warm Reception to the Union's Campaign for Dues." The cloakmakers comment sardonically that the Sigman organ is understating its case, and vouch that the Sigman campaign is being received with even greater heat.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (UP).—Attorneys, acting for William B. Wilson in his contest of William S. Vare's election to the United States senate from Pennsylvania, revealed today they will protest the entire vote in all but 400 of the 1,500 election divisions in the city of Philadelphia.

Attorney A. B. Hurshman said Wilson also would protest approximately 300 election divisions in Allegheny County, in which Pittsburgh is situated.

HUGE NEW YORK RED DRIVE RALLY PLANNED SEPT. 28

Minor, Dunne to Speak at Big Meet

Continued from Page One

liam W. Weinstone, District Organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, will officiate as chairman.

The rally will be held immediately after the completion of the upstate tour of Robert Minor and Lovett Fort-Whiteman, whose last meeting will be held at Binghamton on Sept. 25.

Workers clubs and fraternal and benefit associations throughout the city are cancelling whatever other activities were scheduled for the night of the meeting and are expected to attend the Red Campaign Rally in a body. Increasing unemployment, drastic wage-cuts, lay-offs, and the growing reactionary policies of the socialist party misleaders aimed at all progressive workers which have characterized the past four years and especially the past year, have taught the workers of New York that their industrial and economic demands cannot be separated from their political affiliations, and as a result the huge rally of the Workers (Communist) Party on the 28th of this month will assume an unprecedented mass character.

FLAY SOCIALISTS ON YOUTH WORK

World Youth Congress Raps Reformists

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Sept. 5.—Reports by Chitarov and Gorkitch yesterday opened the Fourth Plenary session of the Young Communist International. Young acted as chairman for the day. The following participated in the discussion and business of the session:

Blenkle of Germany; Rust of Great Britain; Botte of Italy; Mehring of the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International; Fuernberg of the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International; Grossen of Roumania; Pionier of China.

Blenkle pointed out that the role of young workers in industry was increasing steadily and that young workers are continually replacing adults. "The chief enemy of work among the youth," Blenkle said, "was the Socialist Youth International, which still had some influence in workers' mass organizations. The participation of young workers in the recent German elections, with their own program, proved the great possibilities that exist for youth work.

Rust declared that the British delegation was in agreement with the policies of the Executive Committee of the Communist Youth International. The British Young Communists, he declared, had made progress and extended its influence. The left wing of the British social-democracy is joining in the Young Communist movement.

The delegates to the congress honored the memories of the victims of the International Youth Day in Berlin, Warsaw and Shanghai.

LaFollette Candidate Beaten in Primary

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 5.—Although Sen. Robert M. LaFollette, so-called "insurgent" leader, won the senatorial nomination by an overwhelming vote in Tuesday's primary, conservative republicans gained a victory when Walter S. Kohler was chosen nominee for governor.

Practically complete returns tonight gave Kohler a lead of approximately 21,000 over Joseph D. Beck, "insurgent" candidate, who had the backing of LaFollette. Gov. Fred Zimmerman, who had a small progressive following and was endorsed by the anti-saloon league, ran a poor third.

'Welcomed' to America

Unable to find work in Germany, Alfred Ross, 16 year old worker stowed away to get to the United States, where he thought he might find work. He found out his mistake when he was arrested here on a charge of vagrancy. The young worker is shown seated above.

POLICE AS SHOE STRIKEBREAKERS

Fail as New Workers Walk Out

Not even the use of police as strikebreaking agents has helped the owners of the S. Lieberman Shoe factory break the determined strike of the 73 workers normally employed in that shop. This was demonstrated yesterday when the sergeant and patrolman on strike duty near the Hope St. Brooklyn shop, escorted almost a dozen men up past the picket lines and into the plant. This tactic, however, failed to get strikebreakers, for every one of the men taken in walked out of the plant in about 15 minutes.

Hitherto, applicants who came to answer the employers advertisements for shoe makers were met at the street corner by the striking workers and were told that the shop is strikebound. They then immediately went home, a few of them even joining up with the Independent Shoe Workers Union which was only recently formed thru an amalgamation of several craft unions. Seeing that he would never get a man to go near the plant the employer told the police to escort applicants up.

The strike grew out of the employers' discrimination against active unionists, and the dismissal of the general chairman.

Czech Immigrants Starving in Sydney

SYDNEY, Sept. 5.—Several hundred immigrants to Australia from Czechoslovakia are starving and penniless in Sydney.

They say they were misled by immigration agents who told them at Prague there was plenty of work in Australia at $30 per week, and all they would have to do was to walk off the steamer and tumble into jobs.

But they found record unemployment. Since government immigration agents misled them, they want their fares paid back to their homeland.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

YOUTH TO HOLD HUGE MEETING IN NEW YORK

Frankfeld, Perilla and Gordon Outline Tasks

The Young Workers (Communist) League of New York held a very successful membership meeting. Over 275 members were present at the Irving Plaza Hall.

The order of business was a report on International Youth Day. Frankfeld, acting district organizer, reported on the history of International Youth Day, the struggle against the social chauvinists in the Second International on the part of the revolutionary youth movement, spoke about the present war danger facing the working class, discussed the role of the fake Kellogg "peace pact" as an instrument in the hands of the imperialists to fool the masses, the struggle against capitalist militarism on the part of the League, and the immediate tasks of the League during this period.

Must Increase Work.

"What is most important for the League is to develop a real Bolshevik understanding and ideology during this period of war preparations. The League must increase its work right within the very institutions of capitalist militarism. At this moment, we can report that we have sent as many comrades into the Citizens Military Training Camps this year as we did last year plus the year before. We must expose the National Guard, we must show the real class character of the army, the navy, the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, etc., to the masses of youth, both inside and outside of these organizations." Frankfeld concluded his remarks by reporting on the joint mass meeting arranged by the Party and the League for International Youth Day for Friday, Sept. 14.

Gordon Outlines Tasks.

David Gordon spoke next on the election campaign. He criticized the League members for not responding energetically enough to the election campaign. He showed that while the League had collected 1,000 signatures to date, that it was not sufficient. "The quota for the New York League is 5,000 signatures, and the League must go out and get them," said Gordon. He outlined the immediate tasks of the League in the election campaign.

Perilla spoke next on the Working Youth Conference. He reported that the League had put out 23 leaflets, eight bulletins and two general leaflets. More than 250,000 leaflets had been distributed by the Working Youth Conference Committee, together with the League. "Now the big job is to begin to get trade union endorsements and the election of delegates. The bigger task is to begin to organize shop committees in large and small factories. We must have in mind," said Perilla, "that this conference will be only a beginning. The fakers will never organize the youth; the progressives have shown their inability to do so, and only the Communists and left wingers will do the job." Perilla, in conclusion, called for still greater efforts to put the Working Youth Conference over, the conference date being set for September 29 and 30.

A discussion followed in which many members spoke. Frankfeld read a cable to be sent to the Congress of the Young Communist International now in session in Moscow. The cable was greeted with applause, and a collection of $17 was taken up to send the cable there. It was also announced that a former member of the Young Peoples Socialist League, Joe Freedman, had joined the League. Freedman was one of the leaders in the Brownsville Y. P. S. L.

The New York membership of the League was very well mobilized for the International Youth Day campaign which is now in progress.

Section 2 Campaign Conference to Take Up Important Work

The first enlarged Election Campaign Conference of Section 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tonight at the section-headquarters, 101 West 27th St., at 8 o'clock, according to Bessie Gussakoff, Campaign Director of the Section.

In a statement issued last night, Gussakoff urged the attendance of all unit and subsection campaign committees of Section 2. The statement reads in part as follows:

"It has long been known that Section 2 is the backbone of every campaign that the party undertakes in the New York district and the election campaign is no exception. This is proven by the work of the section's Red Squad, which is participating in signature drives throughout the city. In the last few weeks of the election campaign it is of especial importance that the campaign committee of our section be more firmly knit and work more closely together. Many important issues have to be discussed and it is vital for the whole election campaign in the city as well as for our section that every member of every unit campaign committee be present at this conference."

The Daily Worker agent, the Agitprop Director and the literature agent of every unit is the unit's campaign committee, according to Gussakoff, and these functionaries should lay all other business aside tonight and be present at the conference.

A special request has been made by Bessie Gussakoff that the unit campaign committee of every unit be excused at 8 o'clock from whatever unit meetings are in progress at that time tonight. A special registration of attendance will be taken.

Arrest Taxi Driver On Framed Charge

Issac Cohen, taxi driver, of 80 Allen Street, was arrested on a trumped-up charge of disorderly conduct and given a summons to the traffic court, because he had stopped on the corner of 29th Street and Fourth Avenue for a prospective passenger.

Cohen was proceeding south on Fourth Avenue and was behind a police truck when he saw a passenger signaling him. Cohen says the truck was traveling at a low rate of speed and that he passed it and when in front of the truck signaled the driver to come ahead. He pulled his cab up near the curb to pick up his passenger, when a cop who was in civilian clothes, jumped from the truck and gave him a summons for traffic court. Cohen turned to his passenger and told him that he did not think he deserved a summons and would battle the case in court. This irritated the Tammany cop, who half drew his "gat" from his holster and ordered the driver to proceed to the police station. There his hack license was "picked up" and he was thrown into jail. In the evening he was taken to night court where he was given a suspended sentence.

Returning to the police station he discovered that his cab had been stripped by the cops and that his license had been sent downtown to the hack license bureau. In the meanwhile, Cohen is out his license, which means out of a job.

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Bukharin's Speech in Reply to Discussion on

VI. Tactical and Inner Party

This is the final section of Bukharin's speech in reply to the discussion on the international situation at the Sixth Congress of the Communist International, which began in Saturday's Daily Worker. Those sections already published are: "I. The Positive and Negative Sides of the Discussion," "II. The Stabilization of Capitalism and the Controversy over the 'Third Period,'" "III. The War Question is the Central Question," "IV. The External and Internal Contradictions of the Capitalist System," and "V. Problems Connected with the Work of the Communist Parties."

* * *

Comrades, now a few words about inner Party affairs. It is quite clear that now, after the defeat of the Trotskyist opposition, which represented a bloc of the right and ultra-left, the chief danger is undoubtedly the right wing danger. This danger is fairly serious both from the standpoint of current tasks as well as from the standpoint of the future. This danger has been frequently referred to from the standpoint of current affairs, in regard to the German Communist Party in connection with activity in the trade unions; in regard to the Czech Party in connection with the Red Day; in connection with the opposition against our "new tactics" in France, and so forth. The right wing danger is a fact, a dangerous fact not only from the standpoint of the present situation, but also from the standpoint of tomorrow. We must not lose sight of this.

Take the Czech question. The Party tried to mobilize its forces, but proved incapable of accomplishing this. The result was a poor rehearsal on the eve of future events. The diagnosis of the internal ailment has been made; the disease proved to be fairly serious. Now we must calculate quite calmly. I am not a particular believer in alarms about the right danger and left deviations. I believe that during the last year the Communist International has effected a big change,—mind you, a big, not a little change—primarily in regard to the British and French Parties. Comrade Lominadze was quite wrong when for some reason he thought fit to assert that only a slight change has been made towards the left. It seems to me that a big change towards the left has been made particularly in regard to the British Party. Any one who knows the inner life of the British Party will realize that we have broken with all the old traditions of the British labor movement which exercised great influence upon our Party too. (Voice: "The same in France!") Yes, in France as well. But I cannot speak about two countries at the same time. The strongest traditions in the British working class was that of the unity of "organized labor." Such "unity" has been a big trump in the hands of the reformists: by deceptive use of this slogan they were able to combat revolutionary ideas, the revolutionary Party, and so on. This "unity" (of the revolutionary workers with the reformist wolves) proved to be the most formidable obstacle to the emancipation of the proletariat from the influence of the reformists who have openly resorted to the outrageous policy of expulsions and splits. On the one hand they enjoyed the protection of the police, and on the other hand they shielded themselves by cries about unity. This tradition is so deeply rooted among the British proletariat that some of our best comrades could not conceive of a fight being waged simultaneously against the Baldwin government and the Labor Party. The chief danger, they said, was the Baldwin government against which a united front of the whole working class was to be formed; but the whole working class was in the grip of the Labor Party, consequently, the Baldwin government could be overthrown only with the help and support of the Labor Party. Such was the original position. Hence the slogan adopted at the congress of the British Party, of "a Labor government under the control of the executive of the Labor Party." Then our British comrades, not without the influence of the E. C. C. I., made a sharp turn. How is it possible to fail to appreciate the importance of so important a change for the whole life of the Party? We effected this change without a lot of noise, and without bandying epithets against each other, effected it by conviction and frank and open discussion. This will render it all the more durable, notwithstanding the friction that must inevitably arise. This change in tactics constitutes a big event in the history of the British labor movement.

All of us have known all along that in the French Party here were also deeply rooted parliamentary traditions. Only a few months ago the parliamentary traditions were revealed, for instance, on the question of loyalty towards the state (the question of the arrests). Was this a mere accident? Was this merely a surface phenomenon? No, these tendencies were deeply ingrained in the ranks of the Party. And yet, within the short period of two months or so we took a sharp turn and hurled forth the slogan of "class against class," the slogan of Don't vote for the Socialist Party, this implies not a little, but a big change in the tactics of the French Party. Here again the change was effected without superfluous noise, by relying upon the rank and file by comradely reasoning with those who hesitated, and stern combat against those who were stubborn. These tactics have not been carried out without friction, not without internal conflicts, not without internal difficulties; nevertheless, the change effected by the French Communist Party is one of principle. It is a change which relates to principle to a larger extent than any change effected in the French Communist Party since the time of its foundation. I do not mean to say that the French Communist Party, the British Communist Party and the Communist International, have accomplished a great "feat." However, looking at this question objectively, don't you find that a big change has been effected in the tactics of both of these big Parties. I believe that is the case. And does not this change constitute a decisive blow to the right danger? Of course, it does. Does not this tactical change help us to focus the light upon the hidden danger from the right? Of course it does. This very fact accounts for the opposition from the right, this explains the misgivings expressed as to the correctness of these tactics. This accounts for the fight which has been waged against these tactics. The best means of combatting the right tendencies both in the French and in the British Parties is the consistent application of the so-called "new tactics."

As I have already said, the right danger may grow in the future. Why? We must expect the phenomenon referred to by Comrade Lenin in the article which I quoted, namely, that a section of our press may not prove equal to the task. Such a possibility is not at all excluded. Another question is, to what length may the wrong position be carried? It is not merely a question of the press, but also of Party organizations. Where is the guarantee that at a period of immediate danger of war, when we shall have to decide upon still another change in our tactics, that some 'deviations' will not be discovered? A number of changes will be required in our tactics, on organization questions, in our attitude towards legal and illegal work, and upon many other issues. Where is the guarantee that there will be no schism in some parties, no facts and phenomena resembling a crisis? Such things are quite likely to happen. They will come, naturally first of all, from the extreme right circles in the different parties. And for this reason, if we thoroughly analyze the existing situation and the outlook, we must arrive at the conclusion, as regards the question of our inner Party policy, that we must hit at the right wingers all over the front, all along the line.

Inner Party Questions.

Breaches of discipline, in which the right danger is hidden, certainly cannot be tolerated. Against this we must wage the most strenuous fight. Nevertheless, I must say: the task of conducting a vigorous struggle against the right wing danger within the Party by no means removes the tasks of internal Party unity, the task of reasonably conducting given campaigns and of developing a sort of inner Party tactfulness. In Germany we have a right danger. We propose in the theses to wage a vigorous fight against this right danger. In the theses we propose to combat systematically any conciliatory attitude in regard to right dangers. Yet, at the same time we must by every means in our power rally all the comrades who stand on the platform of the Essen Party Congress, of the decisions of the Comintern and who promise to wage a relentless fight against the right danger. (A voice: "This is what we are doing.")

I am instructed by the delegation of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union to declare—in so far as the German Party is concerned—that we are opposed to any atempts to oust Comrade Ewart from the Party leadership. I must say, however, that leading German comrades have no intention of doing that. At this Congress we wish to create the pre-requisite conditions for a situation which will make even the slightest fissure in the leading bodies of the Party impossible. All the comrades must act upon the basis of the strictest discipline, the strictest subordination of the minority to the majority. Without such a pre-requisite condition it will be impossible to carry on a political fight. Further splits, further schisms either in the leadership or within our Parties, would lead to the most fatal consequences. I take it therefore that the essential pre-requisite for our successful activity should be discipline. We have seen how actually the question stands in Poland. Consolidation, unity, and discipline are absolutely essential for the victorious development of revolutionary events. Lately we have had moments of crisis in the Comintern. Such critical moments, experienced by some of the Parties, have a highly detrimental effect upon the masses of the workers. It is possible to get rid of such crises only by pursuing a firm and definite political line. This constitutes the fundamental postulate to the whole of the subsequent development. For instance, among the minority of the German Party there is a striving towards effecting a change in the leadership. I believe such aims to be improper. We must do nothing of the kind, as this would lead to internal strife in the German Party. The E. C. C. I. fully and entirely supports the historically formed nucleus of the Polbureau of the C. C. with Thalmann at the head. I believe that questions like that of inner Party democracy, for example, questions of the new cadres of the Party, of raising the theoretical level of the Parties, of livening up the rank and file groups, of mass activity, etc., should be raised as big Party questions. The Parties should learn to live more of a real political life, and eschew all politics without principles.

Take the Polish Party for example. There are no great political differences in that Party and yet a furious factional strife is raging in it. Or take the American Party. Quite lately, at least so it seemed to all of us, the American Party appeared to be overcoming the internal friction; but now we find that the controversy is flaring up again. The internal Party struggle has "revived" to such an extent that attempts are being made to utilize the present conjuncture for the purpose of continuing the struggle in the acutest form. Are there any really big political differences in the American Party? No, they are petty. Are these differences so important as to warrant the formation of factions? I believe they are not. For instance, take the question concerning the attitude of American imperialism. Some say that American imperialism has grown stronger; others claim that their opponents, i. e. those who say so, are advertising American imperialism. Such an expression should not be used. No good can come of it, and it does not help clear up the question. I must confess that I do not entertain hopes of a revolutionary situation arising in the United States in the near future. I say this quite frankly. In no country in the world is capitalism so strong as it is in the United States of America, where it has reached its zenith. Is it a terrible thing to say that there is little likelihood of an immediate revolutionary situation? It is, if this is used to contradict the argument that there is positively no ground for activity among the American masses. As far as I know, however, no one has made such an assertion. Unemployment is a fact; changes in American industry are also a fact and so is also the growing discontent among the unskilled workers. Is there any ground for the growth of the Communist Party? Yes, there is. Does this furnish any justification for an acute factional struggle? Of course not. All steps must be taken to avoid such a struggle.

It seems to me that the Czechoslovakian Party presents the most difficult problem. Perhaps we are not yet in possession of the necessary data for a correct analysis of the situation and for drawing up the proper measures; nevertheless, the case of Red Day is highly symptomatic. Something is wrong in the Czechoslovakian Party, not only among the leaders, but also among the rank and file, and the Party as a whole; there is something wrong from the standpoint of the political line, of the fundamental orientation of the Party, and of grave social democratic survivals. It is essential therefore after this Congress, or during the Congres for the Executive Committee to ta up the Czech question specially order to frame the necessary m ures not only in regard to the le ing bodies, but also in regard to orientation of the whole Czech P ty. Lately the Czech Party c ted a series of mistakes in tion with the Factory C Bill, for example in the p for Massaryk in the election, and in a whol other questions which passive attitude of th now we are witnesin thing more than m This imposes upon thoroughly analysi and of taking measures.

At the pres thing must our ranks, confronted —the tas the Part ficient mind, Parti acti o

FASCISTI W FAMILY OF

sc m tin Mus The Zambo father, b ly of Ant lynched when he lini at Bologna on Oct.

Bloody Mussolini Helps.

A deposition from Mussolini said the shots were not fired by Anteo but by another young man standing beside him. Police claimed the second young man was Ludovico and that a revolver found in his room closely resembled that carried by Anteo.

The indictment quoted a remark written by Anteo on the leaf of an anarchistic book: "The assassination of a despot who is strangling the people constitutes an act of justice, not a crime."

OBREGON CAUCUS SEEKS NOMINEE

Report Mexican Group Favors Trevino

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 5 (UP).—A majority of the Obregon faction, at a caucus yesterday, were reported to have decided in favor of Perez Trevino as provisional president to succeed President Calles. Others mentioned were General Gonzalo Escobar, General Andrew Almazan, Senator Eduardo Neri and Secretary of the Interior Emilio Portez Gil.

• • •

Obregon Investigation.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 5.—The hidden power of the Catholic Church to alter the testimony of witnesses was revealed as the government's investigation of the Obregon assassination plot, adjourned from Monday, continued today with conflicting statements before the authorities of the part alleged to have been played in the plot by Mother Superior Concepcion.

Elugio Gonzalez and Maria Elena Manzano, who had confessed that they planned to kill Obregon by sticking him with a poisoned pin while dancing, retracted their statement that the nun joined them in the conspiracy.

In spite of damaging testimony, Mother Concepcion again denied any knowledge of the plot, or of the manufacture of bombs to be used gaainst Obregon and President Calles.

Fake "Farmer-Labor" Meet Names Nominee for the Presidency

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 5.—The executive committee of a fake convention calling itself the "Farmer Labor Party" today named Frank Eldridge Webb, of San Francisco, as its presidential nominee. The convention is said to be part of a plan to split the farmer-labor party in this section. The committee in charge of the convention stated that it would attempt to get Senator James A. Reed of Missouri to run as vice-president. If Reed declines, it was said, L. R. Tillman of Georgia, nephew of former Senator Tillman of Georgia, would probably be named.

NEW YORK JINGOES MEET.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 5 (UP).—The tenth annual convention of the American Legion, State Department of New York, opened today with a series of preliminary meetings. Actual business session will get under way tomorrow.

Ex-Hillman Flunkey Fined for Bootlegging

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Sept. 5.—After forsaking the "labor" business for more lucrative fields, Samuel Lavitt, of this city, has run afoul of the police. Lavitt, formerly a business agent for the Amalgamated Clothing Workers and ex-flunky of other corrupt union machines, was today fined $200 and costs in city court for keeping and selling liquor at the Lincoln Hotel, of which he is the proprietor.

Three of Lavitt's assistants were fined, and five frequenters of the place, which was raided by police a week ago Sunday, forfeited $50 bonds.

Police Slug, Then Jail Mine Militant

Continued from Page One

turned and arrested the miner for "disorderly conduct" and "inciting to riot." The case against the miner was given the same "impartial" treatment from the court. The charges against DiPiazy were dismissed at the same time that the charges against the coal and iron policeman were.

The policeman was released after the costs amounting to $46, $17 less than the costs imposed upon the miner, were paid by the Bethlehem Steel Corporation at whose mine the private policeman was stationed. DiPiazy is still in jail. Funds must be raised immediately to free the miner.

FRENCH CREATE AIR DEPT.

PARIS, Sept. 5 (UP).—The cabinet decided today to create a separate air ministry instead of having aviation under jurisdiction of the Department of Commerce.

appropriated for ... sands of dollars. When ... needs as Dean of Home Economics of Syracuse University were relatively satisfied, Mrs. Knapp thoughtfully put a score of her relatives on the census payroll, and thousands of dollars were grafted in this way.

Early today a rumor gained ground that Mrs. Knapp would actually be transferred to the regulation prison cell, but it was quickly dissipated when the county sheriff, qualifying suddenly as a medical diagnostician, announced that "it would not be safe to place her in a cell at this time due to her delicate condition."

From a Good Family.

"The cell block is noisy," explained the solicitous sheriff, "and for a woman of her breeding and delicate health I think it would be more than she can stand."

Mrs. Knapp's dainty constitution did not prevent her, however, from consuming a rather substantial supper last night. The sheriff's wife and a well-equipped restaurant in the neighborhood collaborated in the preparation of the meal which consisted of steak, mashed potatoes, corn on the cob from the sheriff's own garden, sliced tomatoes, sliced peaches, fruit cake and coffee.

"Life Is Ruined."

Despite the mildness of the sentence imposed upon the lady embezzler in an effort to sustain the pretense that "justice will be done," Mrs. Knapp has been whining shrilly since she arrived at the sheriff's home.

"My whole life is ruined," she told friends today. "What is there left after this? What difference does air and sunshine make to me after serving 30 days in jail?"

France Fears Austro-German Unity Move

PARIS, Sept. 5 (UP).—France has become greatly alarmed over the possibility of a closer relationship between Germany and Austria, it was learned today.

While Germany has shown increasing signs of worry because consideration of Rhineland evacuation at the League of Nations Assembly has been delayed, French statesmen have seen a menace to European peace in the "Anschluss" demonstrations among peoples of the two former allies. It is known that Foreign Minister Briand said as much to Chancellor Ignaz Seipel of Austria at Geneva Monday night.

United ... speech at the ... Convention of the Workers ... munist) Party, Foster said:

"The automobile workers for years were among the best paid workers in the United States. But recently their wages have repeatedly been cut, they have been speeded up enormously; unemployment has borne down on them; in short, their former relatively favorable conditions have been taken from them to such an extent that a growing spirit of resistance is spreading among them, in Canada as well as in the United States. . .

"The automobile industry has been held up, not only in this country, but all over the world, as a most decisive achievement of American capitalism, as the industry in which American capitalism with a formula of mass production and high wages had laid the basis for a contented working class. Yet we see that under the wage-cuts, speed-up, unemployment and generally worsened conditions, the privileged automobile workers are being forced down to such a position that sentiment for organization and struggle is rapidly developing among them."

Foster will speak in the principal cities of the country, touching Spokane, Washington, in the northwest and going down the coast to Los Angeles. He will travel east as far as Chicago, then south through Kentucky, Alabama and Georgia. He will finish his tour at a monster mass meeting in New York on November 4.

• • •

DETROIT, Sept. 5.—William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, will be the speaker at two election campaign meetings in this city and vicinity Sunday.

At 2 p. m. Foster will speak at 1223½ N. Saginaw Ave., Mich. In the evening at 8 o'clock he will speak at Danceland Auditorium, Woodward, near Forest Ave., Detroit.

Hundreds of workers are expected to hear the Communist presidential candidate at these two meetings.

9 KILLED IN ACCIDENTS.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 5 (UP).—Following a holiday week-end during which nine persons lost their lives in motor accidents, six persons were killed in automobile mishaps in Connecticut yesterday.

to the ... Buffalo, N. Y. ... of Louis Sisselman, Daily Worker agent who has been touring the country for the past two months in the interests of the paper.

Considering the fact that the entire quota of subs set for Buffalo is 75, the start of 18 subscriptions which were procured yesterday augers well for the realization of the entire quota in the city, and for a successful campaign throughout the country.

Buffalo is not the only city, however, which has responded vigorously to the Daily Worker election campaign subscription drive. Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Boston and other big industrial centers of the country have also begun sending in new subs. In many cities throughout the United States, committees have been elected among the class-conscious workers which will concentrate all their efforts on the realization of cities' quotas.

Rescuers Will Come Here Soon

Continued from Page One

plane believed to indicate the almost certain death of Roald Amundsen and his five companions, the Soviet icebreaker Krassin will continue to search the northern seas for traces of both the members of the Amundsen expedition and of the six lost members of the Allesandri party, according to an announcement by the Russian Arctic Rescue Committee.

The rescue committee declares that it will persist in the search for the 12 victims of the disastrous expedition of the fascist General Nobile as long as there is one chance in a hundred that any of them may be alive.

Mexican Federals Rout Reactionary Forces

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 5.—Federal troops killed 27 counter-revolutionists when the garrison at Penjamo, State of Guanajuato, was attacked by reactionary forces it was announced today.

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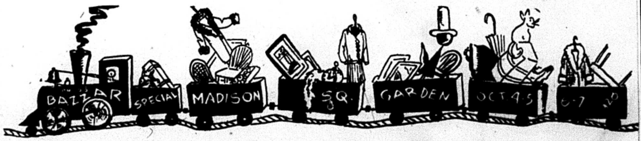

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New Bedford Textile Youth Conference Is Success, Correspondent Writes

HANdOuTS

[illegible] sanctimonious grass-hopper [illegible] Coolidge who went to Brule, [illegible]nsin, to fish and attend church [illegible] the click of news photographers, [illegible] made a sickening bid for the [illegible] of timid churchgoers by [illegible] which will work extreme [illegible] on his faithful guide [illegible] Babb. The president has or-[illegible] him categorically to stop [illegible].

• • •

[illegible] Men Her Meat

[illegible]one knows that Herbert [illegible]'s wet stand varies from [illegible] to east and republican party [illegible] are cautioned to have a [illegible] handy to know at any time ex-[illegible] what Hoover's platform is in [illegible] given locality. Mrs. Wille-[illegible] lost hers and began to apply [illegible] G. O. P. tactics to New [illegible] state. Herbie called her on [illegible] carpet and told her not to be [illegible]. The rum raids are over [illegible]. Above is Helen Morgan who [illegible] forced to the indignity of put-[illegible] up $1,000 bail before the mad-[illegible] ceased. This is quite irriating to [illegible] who could hardly shake that [illegible] out of a butter and egg man [illegible] hour and a half's heavy hand-[illegible].

• • •

Bossy's Act

[illegible]buryport, Mass., isn't as big [illegible] Chicago or New York, but it also [illegible] a vaudeville sketch for mayor. [illegible] Gillis decided his love for hu-[illegible] could best be satiated by [illegible] its gasoline needs and [illegible] to put up a gas station [illegible] what is laughingly referred to as [illegible] respectable part of the city. The [illegible] who reside there, who made [illegible] money originally peddling pig [illegible] and exploiting girls in their [illegible], were horrified. Bossy decided [illegible] best way to satisfy individual [illegible] is to get a public office, so [illegible] became mayor. The council re-[illegible] him a permit for his station [illegible] Bossy built it without a permit. [illegible] was then given a sentence of [illegible] days in jail. This irritated [illegible] who now says he will start a [illegible] called "Bossyisms" in which [illegible] will regale everybody with inci-[illegible] in the private lives of his [illegible]. All of which would be a [illegible] mildly amusing Hippodrome [illegible] the factory workers if the cost [illegible] production was not so high and [illegible] all come out of their wages.

• • •

Gems of Learning

[illegible] Smith W. Brookhart:

"Herbert Hoover has handled two [illegible] dollars worth of farm sur-[illegible]. He did it successfully and [illegible] the prosperity of the farmers all [illegible] the war and for a year and [illegible] after the war was over. His [illegible] speech shows that he [illegible] how to do the same thing in [illegible] of peace."

[illegible] "friend of the farmers" [illegible].

• • •

Norman Thomas, S. P-ite:

"Gov. Smith's speech is a clever [illegible] emotionally appeal to liberals [illegible] support of a program impossible [illegible] achievement through the demo-[illegible] party."

[illegible] as impossible of achieve-[illegible] the S. P. program.

M. C. H.

YOUNG WORKERS FROM MILLS LAY DOWN POLICIES

Child Labor Delegate Reports

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The textile youth conference held at New Bedford was one of the most successful conferences ever held in the textile industry in Massachusetts. It was a very successful step towards the organization of the youth in the textile industry.

At this conference there were 51 delegates, representing 25 mills, in which 50,000 textile workers are working for the most miserable wages. Twenty-five to thirty per cent are young workers.

There were representatives from Fall River, New Bedford, Lawrence, Rhode Island, Revere and Malden knitting mills. The bulk of the delegation were from New Bedford and Fall River. Due to the bitter struggle that is being carried on in New Bedford and the beginning of an intensive fight against the mill owners in Fall River the young workers are beginning to understand the class struggle and the need for organization, and this was pointed out by the report of the T. M. C. organizer, Keller.

The conference was a very constructive one. Very little time was spent by all the reporters and participators in discussion in generalizing things. Analysis of local situations and concrete proposals to start work were discussed and plans laid for further activity.

Keller Reports.

Keller, the first and general reporter on the T. M. C. and strike leader, reported on the situation in the textile striking regions and the betraying role of the Batty crowd. He further pointed out the role of the T. M. C. and youth activity in the T. M. C. and in the strike. At the end he called upon the conference to send delegates to the National Convention to form a new National Textile Union, which is to be held September 22, 1928.

Edith Slaff, youth organizer in the textile industry, reported on the youth in the textile industry and the need of the youth to organize and fight side by side with the adults to organize and improve their conditions.

E. Donelly reported on child labor in the textile industry. She pointed out the relation of the exploitation of child labor and public school education. At the end she called upon the youth conference to help to organize the children and win them for the working class.

Winn, fraternal delegate of the Young Workers (Communist) League, pointed out the role of the young worker in the struggle against capitalism, with all its educational and military institutions. He promised 100 per cent assistance from the League to organize the youth and make soldiers of the working class. In conclusion, he analyzed the program and the aim of the conference, and then the main thing—to carry on the work after the delegates return to where they came from.

Terrible Conditions.

Very interesting were the reports of the young textile delegates. You could notice the exploitation and speed-up system of the youth in the textile industry, the low wages, long hours, speed-up system and work in danger, expecting to get injured any minute from certain machines.

A child labor delegate of F. R told of the wages the children get and how early they have to come in. At the end he told the delegate that he is a member of the T. M. C. and that he is going to get all the children from his department into the union. The reports and discussions were typical, interwoven with anxiety to find a solution. Spontaneous desire from the delegates to discuss and report on the conditions in their mills was a surprising one. Every delegate wanted to speak and this proves the awakening of the youth in the textile industry.

Resolutions were passed on the organization of the unorganized youth, on Porter, on the youth demands, on textiles, on the new union and on child labor.

What can we learn from the conference? First of all it is clear that the struggle in the textile industry against the low wages and the speed-up system has created a basis to organize and mobilize the youth against the mill owners for organization and improvements in conditions. Secondly, it demonstrated quite clearly that the existing union in the textile industry not only failed to recognize the necessity to organize the entire industry, but deliberately ignored the mass of unorganized textile workers, among whom there are thousands of young textile workers, in the most favorable situation.

It is important to note that for the last five months of bitter struggle in New Bedford the youth played a very important and militant role.

The A. F. of L. has never attempted and never will attempt to carry on organization work among the young workers. Their policy is known to every militant worker as a misleading policy. The role that they play at present in New Bedford and Fall River is a submissive stand to the bosses, and a bitter attack against the militant union of the T. M. C. The A. F. of L. and its branches in the various towns show bankruptcy and gradual decay. A very good example is the Central Labor Union of Boston. At its last meetings we noticed the fear of the state officials. Speaking on the textile situation they all raised the "cry" of the militancy of the T. M. C. against the A. F. of L.

The Central Labor Union of Boston shows its decay in not doing any work at all, members do not attend the meetings and there is no interest. Myers of the Cigarmakers Union, a rank and file delegate, speaking at the Central Labor Union, at its last meeting, pointed out that the A. F. of L. and the Central Labor Union are not carrying on any activity on behalf of the workers, and that is ~~why~~ there is discontent. He further pointed out the role of the "socialist" party in the unions and he exposed them as the worst betrayers of the workers.

The above illustrations need no comment, they are self-explanatory. The only ones that carry on the strugle for the workers, and carry on organizational work among the adult workers and also realize the necessity to organize the youth, are the T. M. C.

The Young Workers League has given full support to this work of the T. M. C. The program of the League in organizing the unorganized youth, in spite of all obstacles from the state and the labor fakers, is a correct one.

The conference was a good beginning, but the work has to be continued or else the energy spent up till now will be in vain. The executive committee that was elected must carry out the decisions of the conference and lay additional plans. Among the chief things for the executive to do are: 1. The popularization of the textile youth conference among the young textile workers in all textile centers. 2. Local conferences and youth mass meetings to be called and have T. M. C. assistance. 3. Build local youth committees. 4. Intensifying the activities of the youth in the strike regions, such as picketing and participation in all committees. 5. Mobilizing the youth for the support of the New Bedford strike.

S. WYNN.

Arm in Arm With the "Law;" Mrs. Knapp

Mrs. Florence Knapp is on the third day of the thirty-day sentence imposed on her for grand larceny in administering the $1,200,000 census fund. O, capitalism takes care of its own. Under the Baumes laws a person can be held for the theft of a few cents. Mrs. Knapp is in the Albany County Jail, not in the common jail, but occupying a room in Sheriff Henchey's quarters where she is served specially prepared meals. Capitalism takes care of its own. She is said to be indignant at receiving a thirty-day term (which she probably will not complete) when she expected a suspended sentence.

PUTTING PARTY ON BALLOT IN OHIO

By N. SHAFFER.
Campaign Manager, Workers (Communist) Party, Ohio District.

In order to put the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in the municipal elections in the City of Cleveland, in 1927, it was necessary to have in the four districts into which the city is divided, some 800 signatures in a district. We started the campaign for signatures rather early, and yet when we were approaching the date for filing the petitions, we found we had not enough signatures in any of the four districts to put the Party on the ballot.

In the 1924 presidential election, we did not even make an attempt to put the Party on the ballot in Ohio.

With this experience in mind we entered the national election campaign of 1928.

Organize Drive.

Many comrades, when they heard we need 20,000 signatures in order to put the Party on the ballot, shrugged their shoulders. "It is impossible," they smiled to themselves, but dared not say it aloud in face of the political importance.

We organized the campaign for signatures according to territory. Each section elected a campaign committee with a responsible comrade for manager of the section. We did the same thing in each local outside of Cleveland. We placed the question of securing signatures at every meeting of the nuclei, fractions, section, and even fraternal organizations.

20,000 Names Needed.

During the three months the campaign for signatures lasted, our major work was signatures—always keeping in mind that 20,000 were needed in order to put the Party on the ballot.

Now after the campaign for signatures is over and we were able to get the necessary amount of signatures, it is necessary to point out some of the drawbacks with which we weer faced in the signature drive.

We will take as our object a comrade who refused to go out for signatures, advancing the following reasons for it: "Do you mean to tell me that if Foster and Gitlow are elected and they go to Washington and get $75,000 a year, they will remain Communists?" He added, "I don't believe in this election bunk, where the Party is going to spend $100,000 for nothing, when we can take this $100,000 and spend it for the hungry miners, striking textile workers, etc."

We argued with the comrade, we asked him: "Are you in favor of the Party conducting meeting?" "Yes," he said. "Are you in favor of the Party distributing pamphlets, books, increasing its circulation of the Press?" "Yes." "Are you in favor of the entire membership being mobilized for this work and not only a few comrades?" "Yes." "Then," we argued, "why not utilize this political situation in the country, when the workers are thinking moremore politically than at any other time during the year, and speak to them through meetings, leaflets, etcetera, on the issues with which they, the workers, are concerned, from a Communist viewpoint?" "Yes," he said, "but if Foster and Gitlow are elected and get $75,000 a year, will htey remain Communists?"

Get Signatures.

To prove our contention we will point to only a few comrades at this time:

Comrade Moskogianes, a Greek, who does not speak a clear Enclish was able to get more signatures during this drive than the whole membership during the 1927 elections.

Comrades Sisco, Pyotsia, H. Levine, Vranovsky, Bonati, are a few comrades in this district who were able to get hundreds of signatures and at the same time sell many Party Platforms and make connections for the Party among the American and foreign-born workers despite their handicap.

Acceptance Speeches
Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidiy done.

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TAXI "BUCKERS" ON WATERFRONT WORK WITH COPS

Yellow Cab Co. Hogs Depots, Ferries

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Altho no ban has been made on cruising taxicabs on the waterfront from South Ferry north, taxi drivers complain that cops stationed along West Street have, for the past three weeks, been chasing them into the side streets. This despite the fact that hundreds of people who want cabs are unable to get them and are forced to ride in the cabs run by "buckers," who operate the high-rate cabs. These "buckers," drivers say, work hand in hand with the traffic cops, whose palms are "greased" to keep independent drivers and those working for fleet owners away from the ferries and boat lines.

This discrimination on the part of the Tammany cops has been going on now for a number of years. Inside the depots the open shop Yellow Taxi Corporation is strongly entrenched and outside are the "buckers" who work off the public hackstands. Altho the stands, which are established by the city are theoretically for all cab drivers to work from, drivers of low rate cabs who try to work these stands soon find themselves surrounded by a gang of hostile "buckers" who demand that the stranger leave the stand. If the drivers don't move quick enough, the tires on their cabs are "needled" and oftentimes the driver is given a beating by these gorillas, while the cop takes a walk.

Cops Helps "Buckers."

At the Hudson Day Line pier, at the foot of Desbrosses Street, the traffic cops stationed there are said to be very active. In fact the drivers say these cops actually exerted themselves. These cops, in order to please their "bucker" friends, picked up the credentials of a number of drivers. This, of course, means that the drivers will be unable to provide for their dependents until fourth deputy police commissioner in charge of the hack license bureau sees fit. This may mean days, weeks and perhaps months. Other drivers were summoned to the traffic court for "hacking other than a hackstand," or "obstructing traffic." This to serve as a warning to other drivers for more drastic action.

Not only do these "Buckers" hold full sway over the waterfront but on the hackstands in front of hotels and apartment houses and the night clubs. Altho it is against the hack regulations to maintain a "closed line" on pain of revocation of license, these fellows for obvious reasons are able to get away with it. In front of the night clubs, where no hackstands are established, and where these "buckers" work hand in hand with the doorman of the night club, who oftentimes is a well-known gangster, and who also lends his hand in slugging up of taxi drivers who try to pick up passengers who hail them from in front of these clubs. The only "calls" outside taxi drivers are allowed to pick up are the fares who are going a small distance or are obviously sober.

It is estimated that there are about 500 fifty-cent pieces which are paid nightly, and about 6 gorillas on the receiving end. The doormen get paid by the week. Each "bucker" donates his bit of one dollar. About twenty-five men work a night club. Not a bad racket.

—TAXI.

THE PARIS VISIT OF THE VAKHTANGOV THEATRE

By A. V. LUNACHARSKY
Commissar for Education and Fine Arts.

THE SOVIET THEATRE represents an exceedingly interesting phenomenon. Its general trend, which has become fully observable now after ten years existence, is characterized in regard to its content by a gradual approach to the theatrical illustration of the basic phenomena and fundamental problems of our post-revolutionary realities. In order to be able to make full use of theatrical art achievements and traditions of the past in carrying out this task, we are so solicitous about preserving the heritage of our theatrical past.

On the other hand, the Soviet theatre has been looking for a form which would enable the fullest and most flexible representation of the new and tremendous content engendered by the Revolution.

Now we have already the first manifestations of the splendid synthesis in which the fundamental notes of social realism are richly blended with various methods of stylization, fantasy, hyperbolic treatment, etc.

Genius of Vakhtangov.

In the path-seeking of our post-revolutionary theatre a quite exceptional role was played by the genius of Vakhtangov. His death prevented him from completing those profound lines which could be discerned in his fundamental productions. This remarkable man was constantly engaged in seeking for new lines towards evolving a profoundly artistic and at the same time essentially popular theatre. The unusually graceful and whimisical "Princess Turandot," composed of the elements of fantasy, naturalism, and the grotesque; the Maeterlinck play "St. Anthony's Passion"; the mystico-poetical and eerie play of "Hadibuk," and a number of other plays produced by him, have served as one of the chief sources for the further development of our theatrical innovations.

Example of Creative Liberty.

Fortunately for our theatre, the death of Vakhtangov did not mean the end of his efforts. His young and talented disciples did not become scattered like a flock of sheep after the death of the shepherd. They continued his work with the greatest success, and in a number of plays they have portrayed our contemporary life, taking first rank among our social theatres. At the same time they did not give up the cultivation of the art achievements of the past, reaching at times a stage of real virtuosity, whilst at the same time imparting to their play the breath of modern realism. The young Vakhtangov Theatre has a tremendous diapason, and may therefore be considered to a large extent a characteristic representative of our theatre in general. The play which the theatre is now taking to the West, "Princess Turandot," like any other play taken by itself, naturally reflects neither all the nuances of the Vakhtangov Theatre nor all the original features of the contemporary Soviet Theatre; nevertheless this old Italian play, conceived in the form of free myth and jesting, was transformed by Vakhtangov and his able assistants into an unusually brilliant example of creative liberty and unrestrained originality in enjoying the art of theatrical presentation in genial and humorous vein. Perhaps, it is characteristic to show this splendid jest by one of the most serious masters of our serious theatre in order to show thereby how far we are from pedantism of any kind, and how little we are trammelled by tendency. We believe that Europe will yet have the opportunity to become introduced to our more serious productions, not quite so readily appreciated by the spectator, which are at time impregenated with the art portrayal of the great and strenuous life of our serious and infinitely glorious epoch.

MARC LOEBELL.

In "The Grand Street Follies," now in its fifth month at the Booth Theatre.

AMUSEMENTS

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ABANDON FRENCH FLIGHT.

PARIS, Sept. 5 (UP).—Jean Assolant and Rene Lefevre have abandoned their flight to Dakar, Africa, and returned to Casablanca, Morocco, authorities at Le Bourget field were informed by wireless today.

SEPTEMBER
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CONTENTS:
Hoover and Smith Accept the Nomination......BEN GITLOW
Politics and the Fly-Hunt......M. J. OLGIN
The Presidential Elections of 1928......ARNE SWABECK
Obregon Assassinated......JANET CORK
A Reply to Eastman's "Marx, Lenin and the Revolution" A. CHIK
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Three Die, One Injured, as Ten Families Are Trapped in Harlem Tenement Fire.

STRUCTURE WAS A TINDER BOX; BABY IS VICTIM

Injured Man, Skull Fractured, May Die

A mother, her five-months old baby daughter, and a Porto Rican worker were burned to death yesterday when a fire starting on the ground floor of a flimsy tenement in Harlem spread like prairie-fire thru the house.

The mother, Mrs. Melise Rutledge, 40, a Negro, and her young child were trapped on the third floor of the match-box structure and were suffocated.

Alonzo Gomez, a young worker who arrived here only several days ago from Santo Domingo, was found dead on the fifth floor. Most of the inmates of the building managed to escape before the flames enveloped the archaic structure.

Walter Miller, another Negro worker, was taken to the Harlem Hospital suffering from a fractured skull he sustained as a result of the blaze.

The lives of ten families escaped complete annihilation only through the timely aid given by workers living in the neighboring houses, who came to the aid of the trapped families and guided them down to the streets.

OBSERVE YOUTH DAY NEXT WEEK

Continued from Page One

Switzerland, under the direction of Karl Liebknecht.

Meetings Scheduled.

The Young Workers League has issued an appeal to all its members to make the International Youth Day meetings this year more successful than ever. The following calendar of meetings has been arranged:

District 1—Quincy, Sept. 1; Norwood, Sept. 11; Brockton, Sept. 12; Lawrence, Sept. 13; Lowell, Sept. 14; Lynn, Sept. 15; Peabody, Sept. 16; Lonesville, Sept. 17; Worcester, Sept. 10; Fitchberg, Sept. 11; Gardner, Sept. 12; Washua, Sept. 13; Providence, Sept. 15; W. Concord, Sept. 14; Boston, Sept. 16; Fall River, Sept. 15; New Bedford, Sept. 14.

District 2—New York City, Sept. 1.

District 2—Philadelphia, Sept. 28; Nanticoke, Sept. 4; Scranton, Sept. 5; Wilkes-Barre, Sept. 7; Old Forge, Sept. 8.

District 4—Buffalo, Sept. 16.

District 5—Pittsburgh, Sept. 8; New Kensington, Sept. 13.

Cleveland Meeting.

District 6—Cleveland, Sept. 16.

District 7—Flint, Sept. 8.

District 8—Waukegan, Sept. 13; St. Louis, Sept. 16; Chicago, Sept. 23.

District 9—Superior, Wis., Sept 16; Duluth, Minn., Sept. 16; South Range, Mich., Sept. 13; Cloquet Minn., Sept. 16; Eben Junction, Sept. 15; Belden, N. D., Sept. 14; Culu, Wis., Sept. 16; Ontonagon, Mich., Sept. 9; Lawler, Minn., Sept. 16; Bovey, Minn., Sept. 16; Paynesville, Mich., Sept. 9; Makinen, Minn., Sept. 15.

District 10—Denver, Col., Sept. 8; Walsenberg, Sept. 6; Trinidad, Sept. 8; Aguilar, Sept. 10; Pueblo, Sept. 11; Leadville, Sept. 12; Canon City, Sept. 14; Omaha, Sept. 5; Lexington, Sept. [illegible]; Galveston, Sept. 4; San Antonio, Sept. 6; Brockenbridge, Sept. 9.

District 15—Springfield, Conn., Sept. 8; Hartford, Sept. 14; New Haven, Sept. 15, and Bridgeport, Sept. 9.

WORKERS PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

Open-air meetings throughout Greater New York have been arranged by the agitprop department of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party:

Today.

133th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx, Codkind, Peer, H. Williams, Wm. Margolis; 40th St. and 8th Ave., N. Y. C., V. Smith, Joe Cohen; Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx, Chas. Zimmerman, Wortis, Harfield, Weitz, Spiro; 25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I., Ben Lifshits, Shapiro, Magliacano, Chalupski; Steinway and Jamaica Aves., Astoria, L. I., Powers, Rock, Schachtman, Heder, [illegible]; Stone and Pitkin Ave., Bklyn., Benjamin, Kagan, Sumner, J. Cohen.

Tomorrow.

National Biscuit Co. (noon), Grecht, Rose; Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn., Ragozin, Castrell, Lillienstein, Wilson; 5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C., Markoff, Lloyed, Grace Lamb, Lyons, Rodriguez; Varet and Graham Ave., Bklyn., Bimba, Rosemond, G. Welsh, Midolla; 50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn., Reiss, Yusem, I. Zimmerman, Donaldson; Market Plaza, Newark, N. J., Vera Bush, [illegible], L. Duke; Patterson, N. J. (8 Governor St.), Baum, Freiman, Lawrence Elkind.

Where Pullman Porter Lost Leg in Crash

Jerome Johnson, a Pullman porter, lost his left leg in a crash when two empty trains of the New York Central and New York New Haven and Hartford lines crashed at the Mott Ave. yards in New York City recently. Above, clearing away the debris after the smash-up which derailed one car.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

6F, 2A

A special meeting of F6 2A will be held Thursday at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

* * *

Section 2.

Section 2 Campaign Conference will be held today at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All unit campaign directors and unit campaign committees must come.

* * *

Functionaries Meet.

A meeting of all functionaries of Section 3 will be held Friday, Sept. 7, at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All functionaries must be present as important matters will be considered, including the section conference.

* * *

Williamsburg Y. W. L.

The regular membership meeting will be held today at 8 p. m. at the new headquarters, Throop Ave. corner Thalton St.

* * *

Shop Nucleus 4, 3E.

This nucleus will meet today.

* * *

F3, SS2A.

An educational meeting of F3, SS2A will be held today at 6 p. m. sharp at 101 W. 27th St.

Boxes and Lists Must Be Turned In.

All lists and boxes for the collection of funds for the Party's campaign fund must be turned in at once to the various headquarters they were taken from.

Section, subsection and units are instructed to turn in all moneys to the district office.

* * *

Comrades, vacation period is over—we must all chip in our forces and put our Bronx candidates on the ballot. We've put across the 5th Assembly. We are close to doing the same in the 4th. In the other Assembly Districts we can do likewise if we all exert our fullest energy in this Red Mobilization Week for our section which began Tuesday, Sept. 4. A Gala Red Banquet is to wind up Bronx Red Week on Sunday, Sept. 9th at 5 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. Our candidates are to be presented. Headquarters—2075 Clinton Ave.—open every night—Sat. and Sun. all day, for signature collectors.

Bronx Party Notice.

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party living in the Bronx must report to headquarters, 2075 Clinton Ave., to solicit signatures. Several hundred signatures are still needed and all workers are urged to participate immediately.

An open air meeting under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League, Downtown Unit 2, will be held tonight on the corners of 49th St. and 1st Ave. The speakers will be Rosen, Jensky, Rothman, Richman, Helfand, Harris and Duke.

* * *

Subsection 3E.

The new Subsection Executive Committee will have a meeting today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

3E International Branch 1.

A meeting will be held of the 3E International Branch 1 on Monday, September 10 at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

3E, 1F.

Unit 3E, 1F will hold a meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 11 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

3E, 2F.

A meeting will be held on Wednesday, Sept. 12 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Section 1.

Section 1 meets at 8 p. m. Saturday, at 35 E. 2nd St. headquarters of the Downtown Workers Club.

1st Section has officially received banner awarded by the District for the most signatures.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

* * *

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

* * *

Workers School Sport Club.

All comrades and friends are invited to attend the Workers School Sport Club Hike which will take place on Sunday, Sept. 9. All participants will meet at 242nd St., Van Cortlandt Park Subway Station at 8:30 sharp. There will be a soccer practice on this hike.

* * *

Working Women.

The Central Body of the United Council of Working Women will have its regular meeting this evening at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Sq., on the 6th floor, Room 601, at 8:30 p. m. sharp. Organizers, secretaries and delegates must attend, members are invited.

* * *

Freiheit Gesang Farein Picnic.

The Annual Picnic of the Freiheit Gesang Farein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. The chorus wil render an original program of songs under the leadership of Lazar Weiner. A large group of the Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra will give a program in classical musical. Dancing and fireworks will be included in the program during the day.

* * *

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A membership meeting of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be held Friday, 8 p. m. at 118 Bristol St. near Pitkin Ave. All members are urged to attend.

* * *

Jewelry Workers Club.

The Jewelry Workers Welfare Club will hold its second outing of the season this Sunday at Pelham Bay Park. Bring lunch. Start at 8 a. m.

* * *

Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville English Branch will hold a meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 11 at 347 E. 72nd St. at 8 p. m.

* * *

Brownsville "Icor."

A general "Icor" meeting of the Brownsville Committee will take place tonight at 8:30 at Hoffman's Mansion, 1529 Pitkin Avenue.

All friends of the movement to colonize Jews in the Soviet Union are urged to come and partake in the great historic work.

The question of the Town Hall concert which will be held September 29th, will be taken up. All "Icor" members must be present.

Imperialist Planes Forced to Return

AUGUSTA, Ga., Sept. 5 (UP).—The nine huge war planes, enroute from Langley Field, Va., on a trans-continental trip to Los Angeles, were forced to return here when they failed to break through cloud banks after taking off for Montgomery, Ala., and Shreveport, La.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations!

Avoid financial disputes by eliminating losely kept records. I will install for any organization a simple, yet adequate, system of accounts that will correctly reflect the true financial condition of the organization. To insure continuous well kept records, have me periodically audit your books. I submit simple and understandable financial statements. Write or call

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Public Accountant and Auditor
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Walker 5793 or 7537

Connecticut A. F. L. Meet Again Passes Over Vital Matters

NEW LONDON, Conn., Sept. 5.—The Connecticut State Federation of Labor finished another session today without taking up a single problem of importance to the workers in this state. Organization of the thousands of unorganized workers in this state was not mentioned, nor was the serious unemployment situation. Election of state officers will be held at tomorrow's session.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Dowatown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

N. J. MISLEADERS OF LABOR MEET IN CONVENTION

Ignore Main Tasks; May Endorse Smith

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 5.—The New Jersey State Federation of Labor opened another annual convention here today. Important matters affecting the workers in this state, such as fighting the powerful open-shop corporations in this state and relief for the many thousands of jobless, were ignored in today's session.

The reactionary officialdom of the state federation is expected to table these matters should they come up. The convention will probably be devoted entirely to the question of endorsing one of the capitalist presidential candidates. Since the corrupt Hague democratic machine is closely allied with the labor misleaders, Al Smith is expected to receive the officials' endorsement.

At the last annual convention of the state federation, Hilfers, treasurer, was forced to admit that he had received $100,000 from a combination of the largest open-shop firms in the state. Nothing has been done about this matter by the officialdom, who have many times been accused of similar charges, but on a larger scale.

A leader of the corrupt ring dominating the state federation is Theodore Brandle, wealthy insurance man and building trades official, who has sold out many strikes.

FIGHT TEXTILE STRIKE SELL-OUT

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 5.—Efforts are increasing to put over a sell-out in the brilliant struggle of the textile workers as the strike nears the end of the 21st week.

Tonight the advisory committee of the Cotton Manufacturers Association is to consider the request made by the Citizens Mediation Committee, asking that conferences be held with the officialdom of the American Federation of Labor Textile Council. The Citizens' Committee will submit a "peace" plan which concedes the mill owners the right to enforce an intense speed up system in return for their withdrawal of the wage cut notices.

The plan of the mediators is based on the notorious "Labor Extension Plan" offered as a settlement plan by the officialdom of the Textile Council. The Textile Mill Committees denounce this offer as an intolerable speed-up system which is even worse than the ten per cent wage cut.

The T. M. C. union also launches a sharp attack on the A. F. of L. fakers for being so eager in making concessions to the employers when even the local press is carrying daily stories refuting Sullivan's pretenses of unanimity among the mill owners. These reports show that the ranks of the mill owners are fast disintegrating. Rumors reported by the press state that many mill owners are ready to capitulate to the brilliant anti-wage cut struggle and resume operations.

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CARPENTERS' UNION
LOCAL 2090
Meets every Thursday, 8 P. M., at Labor Temple, 243 East 84th St. Office and headquarters are in the Labor Temple.

YANKS SPLIT DOUBLE BILL WITH SENATORS

By United Press.

After giving Connie Mack's pennant aspirations a jolt Monday, the Washington Senators split a double-header with the New York Yankees at the Yankee Stadium Wednesday. Washington won the first game 3 to 1 and the Yankees won the nightcap 8 to 3. As the Philadelphia Athletics were idle Wednesday, the Yankees maintain a two-game lead in the American League race.

The New York Giants gained a half-game on the St. Louis Cardinals by defeating the Philadelphia Phillies 14 to 3. The Cardinals were idle and still hold a four-game lead on the New York Giants and the Chicago Cubs.

Sad Sam Jones held the world's champions to six hits in the first game to win the 3 to 1 decision. Huggins used Pipgras, Moore and Thomas on the mound but the Senators pounded out nine hits. Lefty Heimach pitched the second game for the Yankees and was saved in the first inning with a fast double-play with the bases filled. Goose Goslin's hitting was the feature of both games.

The New York Giants obtained twenty-two hits off Walsh and Willoughby to give the McGrawmen a 14 to 3 victory over the Philadelphia Phillies. Mel Ott, New York outfielder, hit two home runs and accounted for four of New York's scores. Klein, Philadelphia outfielder, hit his fourth home run in as many games.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.

Washington, 5; New York, 1 (1st).
New York, 8; Washington, 3 (2d)
Detroit, 10; Chicago, 2.
(Only games scheduled.)

National League.

New York, 14; Philadelphia, 3.
Boston, 9; Brooklyn, 2 (1st).
Boston, 7; Brooklyn, 1 (2nd).
(Only games scheduled.)

GITLOW RALLIES MINERS AT MEET

Tells Diggers New Union Only Hope

Continued from Page One

of the blood-sucking operators unless the miners rally courageously to meet the situation. The criminal misleadership of the Lewis bureaucrats has brought the mine workers to wage cuts of as much as $3 per day. Betrayed by the Lewis henchmen and left at the mercy of the operators, some miners have settled for $5 per day. The Illinois settlement for $6 with full permission for the unrestricted use of loading machines is the result of the same treacherous policy which has brought ruin and devastation everywhere in its trail.

"The anthracite coal operators," continued Gitlow, "are determined to take advantage of the ruin that Lewis has wrought in the bituminous coal regions, to strengthen their attack against the miners in the anthracite region.

"The only forces that fought against the Lewis policies leading to this debacle, were the left wing and progressives in the union. And they are expelled by the Lewis gang from the union. Now these militant fighting coal miners are being drawn together. The rank and file have taken the initiative and are in the act of establishing a powerful national miners' union.

"Unite with Soft Coal Miners."

"You coal miners of the anthracite must unite with the rank and file of the bituminous miners for the great convention at Pittsburgh on Sept. 9, which will be the biggest historical turning point in the history of the mining industry. For there will be gathered the real fighting elements of the mine workers from all points of the country to give the final knockout blow to the treacherous Lewis gang that has been throttling the coal miners of this country. The coal miners will build a great new union not afraid to fight for the interests of the mine workers."

Scores Mayor.

Commenting on the local political situation, the speaker paid special attention to Congressman John J. Casey and to Mayor Hart, both belonging to the so-called "friends of labor" category of the A. F. L. "Casey is a democrat and the president of the State Federation of Labor," Gitlow said. "He is fully upholding the destructive policies of the republican John L. Lewis, a member of the party of the strike-breaking Mellons and of Governor Fisher."

"Mayor Hart," Gitlow declared, "tried several times to stop the miners' meetings by sending down the police and the American Legion. He will not succeed, however, in this job. Faced with always worsening conditions and with the betrayal of the labor bureaucracy, the hard-coal miners will turn more and more towards the Workers (Communist) Party for leadership and will support their candidates during the coming elections."

Papcun Speaks.

Besides Gitlow, George Papcun, secretary of the tri-district National Miners Convention, Arrangements Committee, spoke about the situation in the union, exposing both Boylan and McGarry, the regular and "insurgent" presidents of District 1, who are both supporting the policies of Lewis and who will both be eliminated by the rank and file of District 1. "The hard-coal miners will join hand in hand with their brothers in the bituminous fields in building their union," said Papcun.

Emil Gardos, subdistrict organizer, acted as chairman at the rally.

The breaking up of the Workers Party Endorsement Conference, and threats of the police and reactionary union officials and the presence of spies and hecklers could not prevent hundreds of hard-coal miners from attending the campaign rally which was held at Sans Souci Park.

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TEXTILE COUNCIL FAKERS TRYING TO SELL MILL STRIKE

Gov. Fuller Threatens Reid, Mill Leader

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 5.—Mistaken about the identity of the committee of forty New Bedford textile strikers who, "he thought," were members of the A. F. of L. New Bedford Textile Council, Governor Fuller, in keeping his appointment with the delegation yesterday betrayed the fact that Batty, reactionary council leader, had met the strike by offering the mill own- the strike by offering the mil owners an opportunity to install a speed-up system in return for their recall of the wage cut. The committee he was speaking to were members of the Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mill Committees.

When the notorious Fuller discovered he was talking to honest trade unionists, who not only refused to sell out the 21-week old struggle of 28,000 textile workers, but who denounced the traitor Batty, he openly threatened to have James P. Reid, the 70 year old committee spokesman, thrown out of the building.

Batty's proposal to the mill owners via the governor, that a vicious speed-up system be installed in the mills, in return for the recall of the ten per cent wage cut, was sharply attacked by Reid and Keller as a sell-out that is a bigger wage slash than the 10 per cent cut.

Fuller not only refused to listen to the demand for an unconditional recall of the wage cut, but he even refused to hear the complaints of the strikers against the brutal police terror and the sending of hundreds of workers to jail for picketing.

Philadelphia Workers to Aid the Starving Chinese Trade Unions

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 5.—All the forces of the various labor, fraternal and other workers' organizations affiliated with the Philadelphia Joint Conference to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions will be mobilized this Saturday, Sept. 8, for a big house-to-house collection, with all the funds to be sent immediately to the Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions at 96 Fifth Ave., New York City.

Dead Crew of British Submarine Raised by USSR Brought Home

PORTSMOUTH, England, Sept. 5 (UP).—Nine years after Russian gunfire sent the submarine I-55 to the bottom of the Baltic, her crew was brought home today.

The cruiser Champion arrived here with 38 coffins on her decks. Four submarines, their flags at half-mast, escorted the Champion. Harbor noise was stilled and the busy port paused to pay silent tribute.

The L-55 was sunk by Soviet destroyers in Kaporsky Bay during the Baltic operations of 1919. The rusted hulk of the submarine was salvaged and brought to Kronstadt

WOLFE STARTS ON TOUR SOON

Many Cities to Hear Communist Speaker

Continued from Page One

trade union movement of California, which later on changed its name to Labor Unity.

Wolfe spent some time in Mexico after the war, carrying on Communist propaganda. He was deported from the country by President Calles for his agitational activities against the Calles-Morones policy.

Wolfe has been director of the Workers School for the last three years. It is now the largest Workers School in the country.

In addition to speaking for the candidacies of Foster and Gitlow, Wolfe will utilize his tour to build the Party by soliciting new members and explaining the aims and objects of the Workers School.

The dates for Wolfe's meetings have not yet been selected. He will visit the following cities: Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, Minneapolis, Superior, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver, Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Salt Lake City.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (UP).—A hurricane, the progress of which has been watched several days by the weather bureau, has apparently moved inland over the Yucatan Peninsula, the bureau reported today. The storm was described as of slight intensity.

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

The Red Presidential Campaign.

Do workers closely sympathetic to the Communist Party—do even all of the members of the Workers (Communist) Party itself realize the importance of the nation-wide campaign now getting under full speed with the speaking tours of Foster and Gitlow?

Already scores and even hundreds of thousands of American workers have a friendly acquaintance with the Workers (Communist) Party. They have learned by experience that this is the party which can always be found on the picket-line side-by-side with the workers in any struggle, large or small, with the employing class, the state or the treacherous bureaucrats which so often attack their organizations "from on top."

In short, many thousands of workers know the Workers (Communist) Party as a "strike" party, so to say.

But with the getting of the national political campaign under full steam, these workers will have the chance to see the same fighting party in a broader light. Not that the Communist Party shows a "different" side to the working class in an election campaign from that shown in a strike. On the contrary, the Communist Party is unique in exactly this fact, that it is and remains consistently the militant party of the class struggle at all times and under all conditions.

The great audiences which will hear Foster and Gitlow in scores of cities and towns throughout the United States will witness a kind of political campaign that is conducted by no political party other than a Communist Party. Not obsequious soliciting of the largest possible number of votes from all classes alike by softening the sharp discords between the classes, but conducting a a straightout propaganda and agitation of class struggle on the part of the working class against its enemies, is the Communist method. Not to make a separation between what is called "politics" and the fights of the workers for wages and conditions, but to **link together** all phases of the struggle of the workers for the smallest demands and for the largest. To show the working class that every class struggle is a political struggle, and to lead the workers always more and more consciously to unify their forces and their struggles. To **politicalize** the struggles of the working class in the true sense of the word—to direct the struggle into broader and deeper channels in which the whole combined struggle appears more clearly as the struggle of all exploited classes and peoples for emancipation against the capitalist class and against the capitalist class state.

Much can be done in this election campaign struggle to make vast numbers of American workers for the first time see the connection between their economic struggles and the necessary political struggle. Foster and Gitlow and the many other candidates on state and local tickets can bring many to understand that they must vote as they strike. Holding always before the working class the essential character of the Workers (Communist) Party, its revolutionary purpose to be realized not in capitalist "democracy," but in the revolutionary struggle for the overthrow of capitalist society and the establishment of the dictatorship of the working class, the Communist candidates will stand in sharp contrast to the opportunist vote-snatchers of the socialist party.

"Socialist" party election activity is a blind to draw the workers **away from class struggle** and into "political activity" in the pettiest and most sordid sense of capitalist politics. Communist election activity is a broadening and clarifying of the struggle, so that it becomes political in the sense of being unified and strengthened and deepened into a conscious struggle for **power.**

The working class ticket before the workers is the Communist ticket, and the manner of conducting the campaign can make the workers understand this essential truth.

Members of the party and sympathizers must see the tremendous significance of this campaign, and act accordingly in sparing no labor to make the meetings big and successful.

Communist election activity is revolutionary activity.

Expose C. M. T. C. Vacation

The "vacation" promised young workers who go to the Citizens' Military Training Camps is exposed in a letter from one of the recruits to the Young Workers (Communist) League.

"Unharness the mules before cooping them" was the spontaneous demand of those who had been led to join the camps by the war department, the letter reports. "Whether he is a Catholic or a Communist, there is a curse on each pair of lips."

The letter follows:

• • •

Fort Snelling, Minn.,
August 5, 1928.

Dear friends.

It is a good thing that at last one organization is fighting for the interest of the boys in the C. M. T. C., and is willing to publish the truth. I will tell you something of my own experiences here.

The C. M. T. C. at Fort Snelling started on Wednesday, August 1. First of all we went through something that was supposed to be a physical examination. We were rushed through such a machine-like process that it brought a picture of a Ford factory. A fellow stepped in with his civilian clothing on—he came out clad in full uniform. During this transition period we got a taste of crankiness that is quite popular amongst those in the officialdom of the army. Then a wave of protest went through the barracks. Some felt like leaving for home. When we got organized into platoons we had to march out on parade and take the C. M. T. C. oath.

Lecture on Patriotism.

The lieutenant gave a speech on "citizenship" emphasizing the importance of patriotism, but he didn't tell us who got the profits while the young workers die in the trenches.

At six o'clock Wednesday night we had our first army meal. It consisted of white bread, water, potatoes, meat and brown gravy. One could see at once that some of the boys were disappointed because the food was not as good as they expected. The next day the meat was a great deal worse than before. Some of the boys were yelling that army mules should be at least unharnessed before they are served on the table. However, it isn't as bad as starving like so many unemployed workers in this country of "prosperity." Many join the army because of hunger.

Bawled Out.

The appearance of your clothes and beds has to be "just so." All buttons buttoned, shoes shined and hats the right way. For the least mistake the student officer will bawl you out. The bunks are examined daily and everything has to be placed correctly to an inch.

Conditions in the dormitories and where washing is done is terrible. Water is fed through one pipe which at any one time wil be icy cold or boiling hot. Yet we are expected to take baths as often as possible. Also, we are expected to be ready for reveille on time, washed up. Also the barracks are supposed to be swept "under the beds"—a room consisting of from 20 to 40 beds and only one broom is given. But beds must be ready in twenty minutes and the room swept.

All came here for a nice vacation, but whether one is a Catholic or a Communist there's a curse on each pair of lips.

C. M. T. C. Tool of Bosses.

You may be sure that the officers will try their best to prevent the facts presented by the Young Workers League from reaching the boys here, but it is easy to see that the "so-called" vacation we get is to make us tools of the bosses so that we are ready to fight and die to defend the investments of the capitalists.

Speaking for myself and some others here, I wish to say that the war department has another guess coming. We'll endure this "vacation," and when the time comes we'll use our military knowledge on the side of the working class.

All success to you.

A C.M.T.C. ROOKIE.

P. S. If you print this please don't use my name.

Higgins Renews Graft Investigation in New Pre-Election Move

Commissioner of Accounts Higgins, on his first day back in New York after his vacation, renewed his "investigation" of graft in the Department of Street Cleaning of New York City. The charges made by the Commissioner included vague assertions concerning graft and inefficiency and payroll padding in the department, but made no definite charge against any of the city officials involved in the graft.

The sessions on the graft situation which Higgins announced had been held on his return, were held behind closed doors.

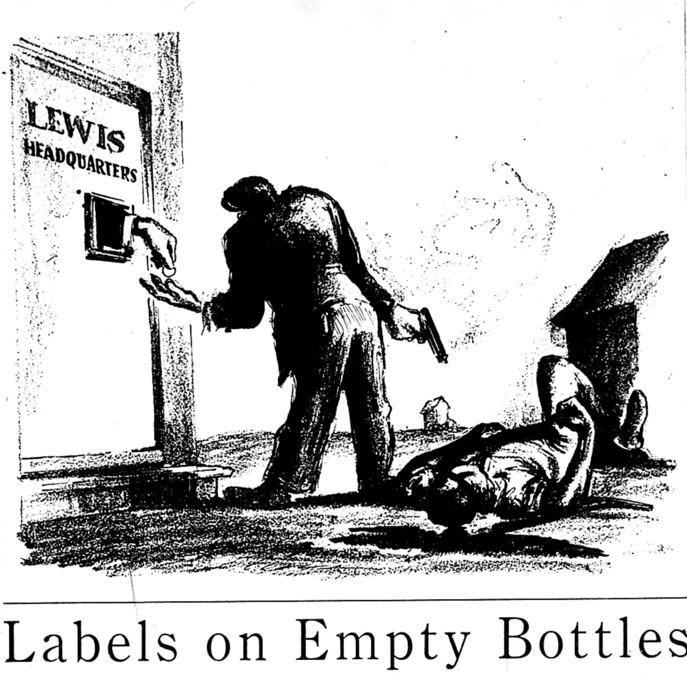
The continuation of the so-called investigation, which before his vacation had resulted in many bombastic and self-covering accusations but very few sentences, is seen as a padded move on the part of the Commissioner, who is utilizing the rottenness of the New York City official graft, to inflate the pre-election Tammany campaign.

Indict Bankers in Fraud Scheme

BOSTON, Sept. 5 (UP).—Seven Middle Western bankers were indicted by a federal grand jury today on charges of conspiracy to defraud New Englanders of $1,500,000 in a bogus farm loan scheme. Fraudulent use of the mails was charged against Guy Haston, John Huston, John Boyles and Harold A. Smith, all of Chicago; Orin F. Schee and Vernon Sigles of DesMoines, and Walter Cravens of Kansas City.

"ONE MORE, BOSS."

By Fred Ellis



Labels on Empty Bottles

The Terms "Democratic" and "Republican" Mean Same; Both Dance to Wall Street

By BERT MILLER.

> **"The party term Republican isn't definitive any more. It isn't even descriptive. No more so is the party term Democrat. They are labels on empty bottles, signs on untenanted houses, cloaks that cover but do not conceal the skeletons beneath them. . . . There are no genuine issues between them, no authentic differences of policy or performance."**
>
> **—Samuel Blythe, Saturday Evening Post, March 25, 1922.**

• • •

The frequency and agility with which the highest representatives of American capitalism have assumed and discarded political labels, in the election campaign of 1928, and the similarity of the interests represented on both sides, are convincing evidence of the closest identity of the two major parties as instruments of the ruling class.

John J. Raskob, for instance, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, was formerly a member of the republican party, a member of the Union League Club and is reliably reported as one of those who called on Calvin Coolidge, to ask him to run again. Mr. Raskob is at the same time one of the leading figures of the General Motors Corporation, a Morgan firm, notwithstanding the fact that Dwight Morrow, of Morgan & Co. is one of the right hand men of Coolidge.

Both Generous.

Simultaneously we find that Mr. DuPont, also of the General Motors Corporation supports Al Smith with a generous contribution of $50,000, while his associate in the same firm, Mr. Durant, supports Herbert Hoover.

Mr. W. H. Woodin, head of the American Car and Foundry Company, who contributed heavily to the republican war chest in 1924, gives $25,000 without the slightest hesitation to Al Smith's fund in 1928.

George B. Cortelyou, former Secretary of Commerce under Roosevelt, and ex-Chairman of the Republican National Committee, has recently become closely associated with Nicholas F. Brady, multi-millionaire "angel" of Tammany Hall, through the merger of the Consolidated Gas Company of which Cortelyou is the head, and the Brooklyn Edison Company headed by Mr. Brady. The Mellon interests are involved in this merger.

Senator Robert L. Owen and Professor Irving Fisher, close associates of Woodrow Wilson, have just leaped over the fences into the republican camp.

There can be no better example of the political acrobatics now taking place, than the struggle within the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor, regarding the indorsement of candidates. Contrary to long established precedent, this body of capitalist henchmen did not indorse the democratic nominee as usual, but could arrive at no decision in the present campaign.

Dollar Twins.

These occurrences and similar ones which take place daily in the present campaign, indicate clearly that the hand of the controlling group of Big Business is securely and simultaneously at the throttle of both major political parties. But there is even more convincing proof of the closer approximation of both of these parties with each other in the path laid down by the dominant big business interests of the country. This can be seen in tracing the development of the two party platforms, hypocritical and deceptive as they are.

In 1844, and for a long period thereafter, the democratic platform assailed the evils of federalism. It demanded "a form of government springing from and upheld by the popular will," declared "that the Federal Government is one of limited powers," and insisted upon the rights of the various states. Yet we find that the World War during the administration of President Wilson, "increased the power of the Federal Government tremendously, centralizing it to an unheard-of degree. The president, above all, was given almost unlimited power" over the industrial life of the nation, the railroads, telephones, telegraphs and the press. "The rights of the separates states were subordinated to the desires of the Federal Government." (See "For a Labor Party," by John Pepper P. 25). In the last gubernatorial election in New York State, Al Smith came out for increased centralization of the state government and a four year term for governor. In spite of the fact that the democratic platform still contains a mild demand "that the rights and powers of the states shall be preserved in their full vigor and virtue" and opposes "bureaucracy and the multiplication of offices and office holders" to placate the Solid South, the democratic Party has already given full assurance of its ability and readiness to strengthen the centralized power of the government as a necessary asset of American imperialism.

A study of past platforms of the two major parties discloses the fact that each of them have at times fulminated more or less against the trusts, monopoly, etc. The democratic platform of 1900 declares: "We pledge the democratic party to an unceasing warfare in nation, state and city against private monopoly in every form." Yet the fact remains that following a few phrases, intended for the consumption of the petty bourgeois, small merchant and manufacturer, about "sinister monopolies formed for the purpose of wringing from the necessaries of life an unrighteous profit," we find in the democratic platform of 1928, the following assurance: "Honest business, **no matter its size,** need have no fears of a democratic administration."

More Pap.

In 1900 under the leadership of William Jennings Bryan, the democratic platform declared: "No nation can long endure half republic and half empire" and further, "We are unalterably opposed to seizing or purchasing distant islands to be governed outside the constitution, and whose people can never become citizens." Yet Wilson's platform of 1916 declared: "But the circumstances of the last two years have revealed necessities of international action which no former generation could have foreseen. We hold that it is the duty of the United States to use its power, not only to make itself safe at home, but also to make secure its just interests throughout the world," which constitutes a clear and unequivocable defense of the acts of American imperialism.

The record of the two parties brings into much sharper relief their approximation toward the line set down by American imperialism. No distinction can be drawn between them as far as the use of injunctions and police violence in labor disputes, the passage of legislation favorable to business, such as the Federal Reserve Act, reduction of taxes, etc.

(To Be Continued.)

Raditch's Death and the Yugoslav Crisis

By GEORG.

The events preceding the death of Raditch illustrate the profound nature of the state crisis. We will recall the most important: on May 30th a demonstration was held in Belgrade against the government's intention to sign the Nettuno Treaties with Italy. Bloody fights ensued between the demonstrators and the gendarmerie and numerous wounded bestrewed the barricades. Thereupon followed weeks of the highest tension and an obstruction fight of the opposition against the government. The leader of the obstruction was Raditch. The government party of the Great-Serbian bourgeoisie answered this obstruction with threats to murder the leaders of the opposition, and then very soon carried out the threat. On June 20th the government deputy, Ratchitch fired a number of shots in open parliamentary session from the government benches at Raditch, killing Raditch's brother Pavel, and two other members of the Croatian Peasant Party and severely wounding Raditch and several of his friends.

The Croatian Peasant Party answered this murderous attack by withdrawing from parliament and setting up in the Croatian capital, Agram, a sort of opposition parliament. The news of the murder in parliament called forth tremendous indignation throughout Croatia. On June 21st endless processions of peasants were formed. Barricades were erected in Agram and dead and wounded lay around. Raditch himself, who appeared to be recovering from his wound, tried to exercise a pacifying influence, but passions had been aroused. At the beginning of August the editor of the Serbian journal, which had given incitement towards the murder of Raditch, Ristovic, was shot down in the streets of Agram, the act meeting with popular approval.

The Croatian territory, populated chiefly by poor peasants, belonged before the war to the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy and was incorporated in Hungary. Under the Habsburg Monarchy the country was administered as a colony. As was the case with all the suppressed nationalities of the Habsburg Monarchy, the Croats, too, lived, as far as the broad masses were concerned, in complete national, social and cultural enslavement. After the war the Habsburg Monarchy collapsed. One of the chief gainers by this new formation of states was Serbia, which was selected by France as an outpost in connection with French plans for supremacy in the Balkans and became a big state. Among other territories to be incorporated in Yugoslavia was Croatia.

Once more Croatia was treated as a colony, oppressed nationally and exploited economically; this time by the Great-Serbian bourgeoisie. The result of this Great-Serbian policy was general impoverishment of the Croatian population, and more especially of the peasant masses. Naturally, this national suppression was felt most by the poor working masses. The well-to-do strata, so set at a disadvantage by the Serbs, used the dissatisfaction of the masses in Croatia for their own purposes. They formed a separatist movement, which often bore upon its banners radical slogans of complete severance of Croatia from Serbia. But the petty-bourgeois leaders of the Croatian movement were themselves afraid to take revolutionary measures, for their chief purpose was to gain satisfaction for the Croatian upper classes, which object was best to be achieved through a compromise with the Serbian bourgeoisie and through participation in governmental power.

In addition to these domestic causes the State crisis in Yugoslavia is aggravated by the **outside interference of the big imperialist powers.** French imperialism is equipping Serbia as its guard in the Balkans against Italy. As far as the Croatian question is concerned, French imperialism has an interest in the Belgrade policy of the "mailed fist" in order to make the country ripe for war.

On the basis of the Anglo-French rapprochement against the Soviet Union, the Belgrade Government is compelled to draw closer to Italy by ratifying the Nettuno Treaties and opening Dalmatian and Croatian territories to Fascist penetration. The resistance of the Croatian parties to these intentions of the Belgrade Government was strengthened when it became known that, as a price for the signing of the Nettuno Treaties, Belgrade was to receive from England a fifty million pound loan, accompanied by English financial control, exclusively to serve the economic interests of the Great-Serbian bourgeoisie, which would signify the Croatian upper classes once more at a disadvantage.

Told You So

Mrs. Florence E. S. Knapp, former secretary of state for New York, was sentenced to a thirty-day term in prison for grand larceny. It appears that Mrs. Knapp, a republican party leader, took unto herself several thousands of dollars that were intended for use in counting the heads of the inhabitants of New York state. Had Mrs. Knapp been a poor working woman, who, seeing her children hungry, took a bottle of milk from a wealthy neighbor's doorstep, her punishment would be more severe. As it is, Mrs. Knapp is said to be shocked at the sentence.

T. J. O'Flaherty

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Al Smith may be gracious enough to pardon Mrs. Knapp, even though her sentence could not be milder had she stolen a gander. This would touch new levels among the liberals and even some hard-boiled republicans might take the gesture as a sign that with Al Smith in the white house legitimate grafters would not fare so badly. It would be nice, you know, if a gentleman's agreement could be reached between the republican and democratic parties to share the loot on a percentage basis, the lion's share going to the party that polled a majority of votes in any national, state or city elections.

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Former Judge Jacob Panken, of the Municipal Court, returned from the International Socialist Conference in Brussels, is fully convinced that the imperialist "anti-war" treaty of Senator Kellogg will prevent "big wars." The ex-judge apparently is not much concerned over little wars, like the war on Nicaragua or the continuous punitive expeditions sent against the peoples of India, Syria, and other peoples, by the imperialist powers that enslave them with the sanction of the League of Nations.

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Many readers of the Daily Worker believe we are indulging in excessively severe condemnation of the socialists when we class them as allies of imperialism. Yet Panken's and Thomas's views on the fake Kellogg peace pact proves our contention. The imperialist powers, while preparing for war to defend the loot already in their possession or in order to grab off more spoils, are continually drugging the mass mind with pacifist illusions. Side by side with the building of battleships, bombing planes and the production of poison gases goes the production of peace propaganda designed to lull their own cannon fodder as well as to throw their imperialist competitors off the scent.

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Here is where the socialists come in handy. Of course the American socialists do not play as important a role in this game of bluff as do the European socialists. But they take exactly the same position on this question of war. Wars between big powers, or "big wars," as Brother Panken says, the socialists are against. Such wars are liable to put too big a strain on the capitalist system and result in a nasty revolution. But little wars to punish subject peoples for daring to demand freedom, though Panken might send a fervent prayer aloft to Jehovah, and Thomas an earnest supplication to Jesus, to make the milk of human kindness flow more freely in the breasts of the ruling classes.

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The socialists do not object to imperialism conquering other peoples, stealing their land and natural resources and putting them to work as wage slaves. This is what they call preparing the world for the social revolution. But they don't like to have to kill Nicaraguans and others who resist this "civilizing" process. They sometimes protest, little less vehemently than the imperialist political acrobat Al Smith it is true, but still they protest against the "unconstitutional" killing of subject peoples who fight for their freedom. But just as soon as any subject people is having reasonable success in returning shot for shot, they always find some darned excuse for jumping on the defendants and threatening them with socialist displeasure unless they lie down and confine their activities to writing letters to The Nation or the World Tomorrow.

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When the polecat produces attar of roses instead of the perfume by which he has hitherto won recognition if not favor, imperialism will become an agent of world peace. Socialist leaders know this. They are not political idiots, any more than Smith, Hoover and Company. They have cast their lot with the capitalist system in conjunction with William Green, George L. Berry, John L. Lewis, and the rest of the labor fakers. They have a stake in the capitalist system. They are engaged in the business of fooling the masses. And no greater disservice can be rendered the workers of the world today than to give them the impression that the Kellogg peace pact will or can prevent big wars. Lack of space prevents me from touching on incidents that have transpired since the signing of this fake treaty in Paris, which would convince anybody that the Kellogg pact is the joke of the century as a peace instrument.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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FIGHT JINGO PLOT TO BLOCK COMMUNIST ELECTION DRIVE

Jim Reid, Textile Leader, Denounces "Executioner" Fuller in the Governor's Office

A. F. L. PLANNING TO BETRAY BIG TEXTILE STRIKE

Mill Barons Aiming at Fake Settlement With Batty and Co.

Strike Ranks Stiffen

Workers Demand Boss Capitulation

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BOSTON, Sept. 6.—Jim Reid, leader of a delegation of textile strikers to demand from Governor Fuller the immediate termination of the police and court terror, yesterday denounced the murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti in Fuller's own office, when the latter began to upbraid the delegation for putting forward a demand for a wage increase in answer to the New Bedford mill owners' wage cut.

"We came here to talk and not to listen to a lecture," Reid shot back at Fuller when the governor embarked on an oration in which he criticized the delegation for not being ready to make a concession to the bosses in order to end the strike. The session with the mill owners' agent in the State House ended soon after he had shouted to the workers' leader: "I'll have you put out of my office."

The score of strikers' representatives, poorly clothed, presented a striking contrast to the creased slickness of the Governor of the State of Massachusetts, and to the waxed mahogany fittings of the office. With quiet dignity the spokesman of New Bedford's and Fall River's workers began to talk of the struggle against the wage cut. The atmosphere soon underwent a rapid change as Fuller began to assert his fear and hatred of labor.

Confident beforehand that the millionaire manufacturer, Fuller, would never take any step toward ending the vicious terror of the police and troopers in the strike area, the delegation of leading strikers nevertheless decided to seek an appointment with him in order to expose further the strikebreaking role of the city and state authorities.

The first clash between Fuller and the delegation came after Reid had described the unbearable sufferings of the 28,000 strikers. Fuller kept interrupting insolently. Reid then calmly told the governor that he was "worse than Chief of Police Feeney of Fall River," whose vicious attacks of picketers was responsible for the drowning of a six-year-old child driven into the river to his death by a trooper.

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(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 6.—Feverish preparations are now being made by the mill owners to lash out in a renewed offensive against the 28,000 strikers through the medium of a fake settlement which they are trying to reach with the officialdom of the reactionary United Textile Workers Union. Although denials of intentions to "settle" the strike are still forthcoming from the president of the manufacturers association, the employers' trade journals print predictions that the strike will be "settled" in about ten days.

These "predictions" and rumors of settlements are merely a new strikebreaking maneuver of the mill owners, leaders of the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees declare. They also warn the workers that the bosses are now desperate enough to consider using the American Federation of Labor union as the chief agency for smashing the strike.

Batty Sell-Out.

As evidence in support of this contention they point to the fact that Batty & Co., the U. T. W. leaders here, are the real sponsors of the plan to grant the mill owners the "Labor Extension System," which is one of the most vicious speed-ups ever devised. The Citizens Media-

Continued on Page Five

Norway Discontinues Search for Amundsen

OSLO, Norway, Sept. 6 (UP).—The Navy Department decided today to discontinue the Arctic search for Roald Amundsen. The search along the Norwegian coast for further traces of his plane, a pontoon of which was found last week, will be continued.

Freed; Heroes of the Soviet Republic of Bavaria

After a long and difficult struggle the German working class finally forced the release of its class war prisoners by the Amnesty Act. Among those freed were leaders of the Soviet Republic of Bavaria shown above. They are top row, left to right, Rudolf Greiner, a leader of the Bavarian Soviet in 1919, sentenced to 15 years imprisonment, released after eight and a half years in jail. He was charged with "terrorism." Gustav Streidl, sentenced to 12 years for high treason for his activities in the Bavarian Soviet government; he was jailed seven years. Georg Huber jailed on the same charges as Greiner. In the front row left to right, Georg Lermer, also jailed on the same charge as Greiner. Alois Lindner, who, enraged at the murder of Kurt Eisner, made an attempt on the life of Erhard Auer, leader of the right wing Bavarian social democrats. He was sentenced to 14 years in prison. Next to him is Johann Kick sentenced with Greiner on the same charges.

SUPPORT BAZAAR, DRESS TUEL CALL

Urges Workers to Aid "Daily" Affair

A call has been issued by the dressmakers' section of the Trade Union Educational League to all dressmakers to supprot the great Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar to be held in Madison Square Garden Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7. The call states:

"The Daily Worker and the Freiheit are the only two newspapers in English and Yiddish that serve faithfully the interests of the workers and take the leading part in all the struggles in which we are engaged, both with the bosses and the trade union bureaucrats.

Look to Workers' Aid.

"Because of the fact that the Daily Worker and the Freiheit follow rigorously the line of class

Continued on Page Two

Banquet to Celebrate Opening of Progressive GreekCenterTomorrow

The Greek Workers Progressive Center, situated in the heart of the fur and millinery district at 27 W. 28th St., will be the scene of a big banquet tomorrow evening, held in celebration of the official opening of the center.

The program of the evening will include music, dancing, a big meal for all those present, and many new features that are being held secret until the time of the banquet and dance.

The Greek Workers Progressive Center, it is expected, will be the gathering place for the many millinery and fur workers who toil all day in the vicinity.

GERMAN PLANE CRASH.

BERLIN, Sept. 6 (UP).—The pilot and two passengers were killed today when a plane crashed while en route to Munich from Erfurt.

Civil War Vet, 81, Strong for Foster, Gitlow

(Special to the Daily Worker)

HAYS, No. Carolina, Sept. 6.—A veteran of the Civil War, 81 years old, is actively supporting the Communist election campaign and the candidates for president and vice-president, William Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow.

He is I. Milas Crouch, father of the young Communist ex-soldier, Paul Crouch, who was sentenced to serve 40 years at Alcatraz following his conviction before a court martial on a charge that he and Walter Trumbull organized the Communist Youth League among U. S. soldiers stationed in Hawaii. Wide protests resulted in their sentences being commuted.

"Workers and farmers who support Hoover and Smith are voting for the capitalists and for a continuation of their own enslavement," the elder Crouch says.

"I hope that the Workers (Communist) Party will soon succeed in getting on the ballot in this state so that the exploited workers and farmers can vote for the Communist program and candidates," he said.

RUBBER WORKERS STRIKE.

SYDNEY, Sept. 6.—About 25 employes at the Barnet Glass Rubber Company, Ltd., at Melbourne, ceased work on Monday as a protest against one of their number being transferred to another department in the works, and his wages reduced by 18 shillings per week.

COOK ATTACKS MOND SCHEME

Reformists Endorse Collaboration

LONDON, Sept. 6.—Dramatically denouncing the class collaboration plan of Herbert Mond, which officials of the Trades Union Congress in session at Swansea, Wales, yesterday forced thru the congress, A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain fainted from emotion and had to be carried from the hall.

Cook's denunciation and the taking of the vote on the Mond plan were the high points in this session of the Congress.

Speaking to an assemblage that had presumably been denuded of Communists and minority movement leaders as a result of the expulsion proceedings of the officialdom two days ago, Cook's voice crying "Halt!" to the ruinous policy of the Congress heads had a profound affect upon the convention and deeply stirred the hall.

In the midst of pointing out the path of destruction to which the present leadership is directing the trade union movement, Cook fell unconscious from the effort he was making.

Following passage of the resolution accepting the Mond plan, Ben Turner, president of the Congress, reverted to the unemployment situation in Great Britain which he called a "perpetual nightmare." Practical measures for combating this situation were not brought by Turner before the Congress.

"DAILY" SUB DRIVE ON

Pittsburgh Responds With 14 New Subs

"Your subscription drive is a wonderful idea, and although the quota for the district is high, you can rest assured that District 5 (Pittsburgh) will be on the top when the Daily Worker Election Campaign drive for 10,000 new readers throughout the country ends."

Thus does A. Kaspar, Daily Worker agent now engaged in procuring subs in the big Pennsylvania industrial center answer the call sent out by the Daily Worker a few days ago for one of the most extensive drives in the history of the paper, in a letter sent to the Daily Worker Subscription Campaign Manager.

Accompanying the letter is a package containing fourteen new subscriptions, gathered among the workers of Pittsburgh. Kaspar insists, however, that this is merely a beginning, and the subscriptions that he expects to send before the campaign is completed, will far exceed the quota set for Pittsburgh.

Continued on Page Three

TO USE GUNS ON FRENCH WORKERS

Jingoes Plan to Stop Anti-War Meet

PARIS, Sept. 6 (UP).—Government officials have perfected plans to prevent an anti-militaristic demonstration scheduled to be held in the suburb of St. Denis next Sunday.

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Continuing their anti-labor policy of throttling and persecuting workers throughout France, the reactionary and imperialistic French government officials, who arrested more than a thousand Communists in the last demonstration held several weeks ago, has issued a statement to the French capitalist press indicating that the anti-militarist demonstration scheduled to be held next Sunday will be prevented at the point of guns.

WATT, TOOHEY ISSUE APPEAL TO DISTRICT 1

Big New Union Meet to Open on Sunday

New Boss Offensive

Build Union Wrecked by Lewis Machine

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 6.—With the National Miners Convention for the purpose of building a New Union in the American coal industry but three days away, an open letter has been addressed by the Convention's Arrangements Committee to the membership of District 1, the anthracite region, as well as to the officials.

Bearing the signatures of John Watt and Pat Toohey, chairman and secretary, respectively, of the committee, the open letter calls on the miners to make a final effort to establish a new and powerful nation-wide Miners Union beside the wreck of the old United Mine Workers.

The letter further calls on McGarry, Hermanson and Harris to aid in the move to build the new organization and demands that they cease playing into the hands of the operators by imploring recognition from John L. Lewis.

The text of the open letter follows:

"In order to place once more before you the seriousness of the present condition of the United Mine Workers of America, we declare that the great fundamental principles once established by the rank and file membership of that organization has been flagrantly violated and completely abrogated by the officials, who, by hook and crook have managed to maintain themselves in control. However, these great principles have again come to life and are embodied in the movement for the New National Miners Union.

"The justified dissatisfaction that prevails in your district is the inevitable result of the wrong policies and corrupt practices of the Cappellini machine, acting for Lewis and the coal operators, the vicious and abusive contractor system, the increased speed-up system which is now made worse by the appearance of machines and mechanical devices and the omplete refusal of the Conciliation Board, an instrument of the operators, to remedy any of the industrial ills from which you suffer.

"In face of these facts and against such opposition as the operators, aided by Lewis and Boylan, the business men and city officials, are you going to continue to beg recognition from Lewis, who has destroyed the union in the bituminous fields? Or are you going to do the only sensible thing, under the circumstances, and join in with the progressives in the soft coal fields and help to build the New National Miners Union!

"The anthracite operators are now beginning the same process that the soft coal operators followed to increase their profits and weaken resistance of the miners by crushing their union. The first step is to close the so-called uneconomic mines,

Continued on Page Three

7 Midwestern Bankers are Arrested, Charged With Farm Loan Fraud

BOSTON, Sept. 6 (UP).—Investigation of an allegedly bogus farm loan scheme has caused issuance of warrants for the arrest of seven Midwestern bankers on charges of using the mails to defraud New Englanders of approximately $1,500,000.

Federal Grand Jury indictments were returned yesterday against Guy Huston, John E. Huston, John L. Boyles, and Harold Smith, all of Chicago; Walter Gravens, Kansas City, Mo.; and Oran F. Schee and Vernon U. Signer, both of Des Moines, Ia.

The alleged fraud was in the sale of stock of the Farms Company of Massachusetts, the Missouri-Kansas Farms Company, and the Farmers Fund of Illinois.

IMPERIALIST FLIGHT HALTED.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Sept. 6 (UP).—Lieut. Keith Anderson left at 6 a. m. today on a projected flight to England but was forced to return in half an hour by a heavy gale.

Militarists Try to Keep Workers Party From Ballot in Six States

Taxi Chauffeur Illumines Sewer Graft

Former chief of the borough of Queens, Maurice Connolly, says that the last time he saw William L. D'Olier, mysteriously murdered sanitation engineer, who figures in the same case, was July 3. Walter Lowe, taxi driver, however, is sure he saw D'Olier and Connolly together Aug. 16. D'Olier is the third man whose death in the sewer scandal points to murder because "he knew too much." Above, Lowe with his machine.

USSR SIGNS KELLOGG PACT WITH CRITICISM

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 6.—Sharply criticizing the imperialist powers, the Soviet government today announced officially its adherance to the Kellogg "peace" pact. The note of adherence was handed M. Herbette, the French ambassador by Assistant Commissar for Foreign Affairs, Maxim Litvinov, together with a note containing the criticism of the pact by the Soviet government.

The criticism impugns the motives of the major signatories in drawing up the treaty and indicates that the document is a new maneuver for disguising the militarist plans of the powers.

RIDGEWOODHEARS MINOR TONIGHT

Will Present Program of Class Struggle

Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and candidate for senator on the Workers (Communist) Party will be the main speaker tonight at an election rally at the Queens County Labor Lyceum, 785 Forest Ave., Ridgewood. The rally has been called by the German election campaign conference of Brooklyn and Queens. Several prominent German speakers will also present the class struggle program of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Section 2 Daily Agents in Bazaar Meet Today

A Daily Worker agent bazaar conference of all agents of Section 2 who are at present engaged in work for the success of the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar to be held at the beginning of October, will meet today, at 6 p. m., at 101 West 27th St.

Plans will be formulated for activity in the bazaar work, and all Daily Worker agents of Section 2 have been urged to attend this meeting without fail.

ASSERTS SEWER GRAFTER ALIVE

Phillips Not Buried, Says Doctor

While the district attorney and Tammany police officials are persisting in their refusal to consider the "mysterious" death of William D'Olier, sanitation engineer, as one of deliberate murder, another name, that of John M. Phillips, has again come to the fore.

Phillips, involved deep in the $29,500,000 Queens sewer graft, was reported to have died of "acute alcoholic poison" in Atlantic City on July 2.

The startling declaration was made yesterday by Dr. Louis H. Taylor that he believes Phillips is still alive, and that another body had been substituted at the time of the funeral services in Long Island City. At that time he had noticed the body did not resemble his friend, Phillips, and had communicated his belief to others present at the funeral.

Exhumation of the body presumably that of the Queens graft czar, may be made as a result of the present disclosure.

The belief recalls the activities of the Queens sewer contract gang which manipulated contracts for work in that district and whose personal was carefully herded and guarded by Phillips who was careful to prevent inquiry into the workings of the "ring."

D'Olier's Rib Fractured.

Meanwhile, District Attorney Newcombe yesterday continued his listless "investigation" of the death of D'Olier.

The most impressive evidence which brings additional support to the murder theory was uncovered yesterday, with the discovery on D'Olier's body of a fracture of the cartilage connecting the eighth rib to the breast bone. This, it is pointed out, reveals clearly that a struggle must have taken place before death.

Jail Leaders, Break Up Open-Air Meets in Kansas

S. P. Is Not Molested

Mill Barons Back Anti-Communist Drive

Having succeeded in placing seventeen states on the Communist ballot and with the probability that no less than thirty-five will be put in the red column in this election campaign, the Workers (Communist) Party is now fighting in several states the attempts of the black forces of reaction to throw the Party off the ballot in their effort to prevent the only revolutionary political party in the field to bring its program of militant class struggle before the exploited masses and organize them politically and industrially for the fight against the capitalist system and their political instruments.

Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman of the National Election Campaign Committee, in a report to the Political Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party yesterday stated that in the states of Nebraska, Oklahoma, Texas, Kansas, Massachusetts, and New Hampshire, fascist organizations and employers, working in co-operation with the authorities, are using every possible means at their disposal to prevent the secretaries of state from accepting the Communist petitions.

Thousands Sign Petitions.

Trachtenberg called attention to the fact that, whereas in 1924 the Party ticket was on the ballot in fourteen states only, this year it is already on in seventeen states, the great majority of them for the first time. A small army of organizers was sent out by the National Election Campaign Committee into sections where the masses never had an opportunity before to hear the Communist message, and thru the activity of these organizers thousands of workers and poor farmers signed their names to the Communist petitions and gave other valuable assistance to the election campaign.

Trachtenberg, in his report, pointed out that in no place has the socialist party been interfered with, for the good reason that the platform on which Norman Thomas, the Socialist Party candidate, is running is a petty-bourgeois platform, which stands fundamentally for the perpetuation of the capitalist system and favors the major policies of world imperialism, including the League of Nations, the World Court, and the imperialist Kellogg "anti-war" treaty.

While the socialist Party platform and its presidential candidate, Norman Thomas, would only clip the claws of the capitalist beast and trim the Tammany Tiger's whiskers, the ruling classes of this country are aware that the Workers (Communist) Party aims to abolish the capitalist system root and branch and build a socialist society on its ruins under the direction of a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

"Socialist" Cities.

The socialist candidate holds up as an example of the courteous treatment the capitalist system would receive under a socialist administration in Washington the municipalities of Reading, Pennsylvania, and Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Immediately after the election of the socialist ticket in Reading the new administration announced that the police force of the city would be at the service of the employers. In Milwaukee, strikebreaking on the part of the "socialist" police force is traditional, and in no other city are the employers given more privileges than in "socialist" Milwaukee.

In view of these facts it is not surprising that the American Legion, the World War Veterans, and other reactionary auxiliaries of the

Continued on Page Three

BLAST KILLS MINERS

1 Will Die; Other's Hands' Blown Off

ADENA, Ohio, Sept. 6.—When a charge of dynamite exploded prematurely, two miners at work in the Somners mine near here, were seriously injured. Alex Jack, 24-year-old miner, is not expected to live according to reports received by the National Miners Relief Committee. His left hand was completely blown off, his right hand badly injured, and there are severe lacerations about his face and abdomen. Charles Brown is suffering severe body injuries.

"Who'll be next?" grim-faced miners ask one another as they step into the man-trap, to be carried hundrews of feet down into open-shop mines.

In union mines, pit committees demand safety precautions. Speaking of the extreme lack of safety precautions in open-shop mines, one miner said, "They fire you if you complain about no air circulation, but what's a coal-dust explosion matter to them? It ain't their kids that'll be orphans and go hungry!"

arly Morning Fire in Twenty-five Cent Hotel Endangers Lives of 150 Workers

LICEMEN CLUB ANY WHO STAY O GET CLOTHES

tructure Was Ancient Variety

A fire which destroyed the top floor of the Hotel Annex, a 25-cent-a-night lodging house on the corner of Fulton and Clinton Sts., early yesterday morning drove 150 men, mostly unemployed workers forced to resort to the abominable conditions imposed on them by the squalid "hotel" management, into the street.

The blaze was discovered shortly after 2 a. m., when most of the workers, tired from their long day of seeking jobs, were fast asleep. A lodger on the third floor discovered the fire. Other lodgers, roused by the fire, ran to the nearest alarm boxes and turned in three alarms.

Meanwhile the workers, by this time all awake, were running around frantically, scantily dressed in the early morning cold, trying to gather their few personal belongings. Each one went for his clothes, practically all he owned.

They were progressing very calmly, and in a few moments would have had their entire belongings under their arms and safe from the fire, when policemen, running into the building, began to strike right and left among the workers with their clubs, prodding the shivering men into the street. Many of them had their tattered clothes, which were safely clutched in their hands, grasped by the police, who used their clubs and blackjacks on the workers.

When finally driven into the street by the frenzy of the police, many of the workers were attired only in their night clothes. Others had bed sheets around them trying vainly to keep warm.

Although the tinderbox hotel was only slightly damaged almost the entire possessions of the unemployed workers were lost.

COLOMBIA YIELDS TO OIL MAGNATES

Native Indians Revolt Near Barcos Tract

BOGOTA, Colombia, Sept. 6 (UP).—Secretary of Industry Montalvo told the United Press today that he was submitting to the senate a new oil law based on "the open door nationalization policy."

The new law, it was hoped, would meet the objections of foreign oil interests that the revised Colombian oil policy was confiscatory.

The government was investigating today reports that oil men had invaded the former Barrcos concession territory, entering from the Venezuelan border. The Barrcos concession to American oil interests recently was ordered invalidated by the government. Border garrisons will be reinforced.

It was reported from Cucuta today that 200 natives of the Motilone Indian tribe were within a few miles of Puerto Villamizar on the Barrcos concession and were hostile.

Bert Miller Speaks at Jersey Meet Sunday

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 6.—Bert Miller, organizational secretary of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, will speak on "The History and Records of the Republican and Democratic Parties" at a special New Jersey sub-district conference to be held at 93 Mercer St., Newark next Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. All Party and Young Workers League speakers and functionaries are requested to attend. The meeting will open promptly, it is announced.

INDIANA TRAIN WRECK.

MOUNT VERNON, Ind., Sept. 6 (UP).—Eleven cars of a Louisville and Nashville freight train fell through a bridge near here today.

A Group of American Visitors Bound for the Soviet Union

Over 1,000 Americans are expected to visit the Soviet Union this fall. A large number of these will make the trip in time [illegible] the Eleventh Anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution, under the auspices of World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave., which is the authorized representative of Sovtorgflot, the official Soviet travel bureau. Photo shows part of a group which left New York City on the "Aquitania" bound for the Soviet Union, July 9.

SUPPORT BAZAAR, DRESS TUEL CALL

Urges Workers to Aid "Daily" Affair

Continued from Page One

struggle, they must constantly depend on the support of the class-conscious workers. Upon us falls the burden of aiding and maintaining our press.

"Affairs are the chief source of income for our proletarian press. The annual Daily Worker-Freiheit bazaar is the greatest of all these undertakings and upon it the financial security of the two papers depends to a large extent.

To Have Booth.

"This year the bazaar will be held Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7 in Madison Square Garden. Less than four weeks remain to prepare for this colossal undertaking. The Daily Worker and the Freiheit are our newspapers and the bazaar is our bazaar. We must by all means make it so overwhelming a success as to give our enemies little joy.

"The dressmakers' section of the Trade Union Educational League calls upon all dressmakers to join actively in the work for this bazaar. The dressmakers must have a booth with the best dresses and for this it is necessary that every dressmaker sew at least one good dress for the bazaar.

Get Busy!

"A great many tickets must be sold. Many greetings and names for the Red Honor Roll must be secured. No time must be lost; intensive activity in behalf of the bazaar must be started immediately.

"Get busy sewing dresses, collecting names for the Red Honor Roll and selling tickets. Everybody on the job for the bazaar of our Daily Worker and Freiheit."

Delicatessen Clerks' Progressive Group Plan Election Feast Tonight

The long and carefully prepared-for Red Election banquet of the progressive group of the Delicatessen Countermen's Union, Local 302, will be held today at 8 p. m. at the United Workers Co-operative Restaurant, 2731 White Plains Ave., the Bronx.

According to I. Himmelfarb, one of the leading members of the progressive group which is arranging this banquet for the benefit of the Communist election campaign, the spread to be offered at the festive board will be exceptionally appetizing and satisfying. There will not be a preponderance of delicatessen food, according to Himmelfarb.

The two speakers at the banquet will be Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party and candidate for assembly from the Fifth District of the Bronx, and P. Yuditch, labor editor of the Freiheit, who will speak in English.

Relief Contributions for Textile Strikers Pouring Into W. I. R.

Contributions for the relief of the New Bedford and Fall River textile strikers continue to pour into the offices of the New York local of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, Harriet Silverman, local secretary, said yesterday. Branch 421, Workmens Circle of Paterson, donated $166.57; D. Leibowitz collected $25 from some Peekskill campers over the week-end and the Co-operative Trading Association gave $50 yesterday, Miss Silverman said.

U. S. PLANS ARMS ALLIANCE NOTE

Struggle With Britain Is Sharper

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (UP).—When President Coolidge returns here state department officials will being preparing a note setting forth the American attitude toward the Anglo-French naval agreement, it was said in an authoritative quarter today.

Published London reports that England is about to denounce this agreement because it has offended the United States are not credited here. Whether or not these reports are true, it was intimated that a communication on the subject would be sent to London or Paris and perhaps to both.

Minor to Speak at Big Finnish Workers' Celebration Sunday

Thousands of Finnish workers from New York City and vicinity will throng to College Point Field, College Point, L. I., to attend a huge all-day picnic and celebration that has been arranged by the Finnish District Committee of Workers Clubs for this Sunday.

The picnic will open at 10 a. m with an athletic program in which some of the leading Finnish working class athletes will take part. Many other entertaining numbers will also be included in the day's activities, as well as liberal refreshments.

One of the features of the affair will be the appearance of Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for United States Senator. Minor will speak at an election campaign rally that will be held at the picnic and will call upon the Finnish workers to support the program and candidates of the Workers Party.

GORKI MUCH BETTER.

LENINGRAD, Sept. 6 (UP).—Maxim Gorki, novelist, who has been ill, was reported greatly improved today.

SHOE STRIKERS PUT UP DEMANDS

Recognition of Union Is Chief Requirement

Swinging into an offensive, the 73 strikers who have completely paralyzed the shoe factory of the S. Liebermann Co., Hope St., Brooklyn, for over a week, yesterday put forward three main demands the employers will be compelled to accede to before they will resume work in the shop. Recognition of the Independent Shoe Workers Union, reinstatement of general chairman A. Mershon, and the return of the 6 per cent wage cut enforced several months ago, are the demands unanimously voted for at the strikers' meeting yesterday morning in Arcadia Club, Hope and Rodney Sts., Brooklyn.

From the beginning of the strike, the craftsmen, who comprise 100 per cent of the plant's working force, had simply asked the firm to reinstate the general chairman, whose dismissal for union activities had first precipitated the walkout. Since the firm stubbornly decided to challenge the workers organization, even indulging in a vain attempt to replace the strikers by scabs, the workers decided to increase their strike demands.

The Joint Council of the Shoeworkers Union, which had formulated the demands at its meeting Wednesday night, which it later presented for adoption to the strikers' meeting, also announced a series of activities which will mobilize their membership for support of the Liebermann strike as well as for a general recruiting drive the union is about to begin.

Section meetings of union members employed in all sections of Greater New York will be held in the next few days, with the first scheduled for this Sunday afternoon. This will be the Coney Island section, which will meet at 2:30 p. m. in the Workers House, 2901 Mermaid Ave., Coney Island. The organizer and president will deliver a report. A general membership meeting of the entire city will also be held the coming Tuesday night, with the meeting place still to be announced.

A call was also issued yesterday to all members of the organization committee to attend a meeting tonight in the union headquarters, 51 East 10th St. Matters pertaining to the Lieberman strike and plans for the union membership drive will be discussed at tonight's meeting.

2 TRAIN WORKERS KILLED

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 6 (UP).—Two men were killed when a passenger train of the Southern Railway line ran into a washout three miles north of here today. The train was bound for Columbia from Greenville. The dead are D. B. Moore, engineer, and J. F. Rateree, fireman.

5,000 CHILDREN MOVE TO HELP MILL STRIKERS

Plan for Relief for the Textile Workers

More than 5,000 workers' and farmers' children throughout the country, members of organizations affiliated with the National Workers' Children's Relief Center, 799 Broadway, are being enlisted for intensive relief work for the embattled textile strikers of New Bedford and Fall River, Ann Thompson, secretary of the Center said yesterday. The Center is affiliated with the Workers International Relief, which is doing the relief work in the textile strike zone. Robert Dunn, writer and labor economist, is chairman of the executive committee.

Young Pioneers of America, school children, Relief Scouts and children's clubs are now mobilized for textile relief work, according to Miss Thompson. Pledges are coming in from all parts of the country and 10,000 textile meal-ticket relief books are being prepared for distribution and sale, Miss Thompson said. It will be remembered that members of the Relief Center raised more than $4,000 for relief during the miners' strike.

During November workers' children conferences, affairs and mass meetings will be held in many cities to speed up children's textile relief work.

GITLOW TO SPEAK IN YOUNGSTOWN

Hundreds Expected to Attend Meeting

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Sept. 6.—The Workers (Communist) Party of this city has arranged a mass meeting for Sept. 10 in the Rayon Wood Auditorium, at which Benjamin Gitlow, candidate for vice-president on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, will be the principal speaker.

Workers of this city have for a long time been awaiting the visit of the militant working class leader, and extensive preparations have been made for his arrival. The Rayon Wood Auditorium, one of the biggest halls in the city, has been procured for the occasion.

Every class-conscious worker in Youngstown is expected to attend the mass meeting, at which Benjamin Gitlow will set forth the platform of the class struggle to the exploited workers of the big industrial city.

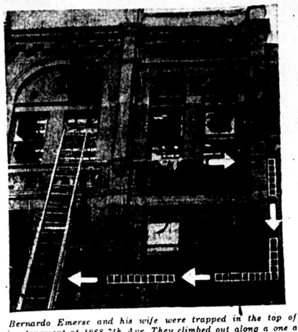
Camp Wocolona Raises $164 for Benefit of the Red Election Campaign

Among the 250 guests and 30 employees of Camp Wocolona, Monroe, N. Y., over $500 was raised during Red Week for the Communist Election Campaign, the Daily Worker, the striking miners, the striking textile workers, and for the general expenses of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, in a wind-up drive.

The collections were as follows: Red Election Campaign, $164; Daily Worker, $166.50; striking miners, $118.41; striking textile workers, $61.20; District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, $19.96.

The wind-up drives at Camp Wocolona were made in accordance with the general policy of the camp to encourage collections among the vacationists for the benefit of workers on strike and for the campaigns of the only working class party in the country. During the season over $3.500 was raised at the camp by the class-conscious workers who spent their short vacation periods there.

Where Three Lost Lives in Tenement Fire



Bernardo Emerse and his wife were trapped in the top of a blazing tenement at 1968 7th Ave. They climbed out along a one and one half inch ledge and reached, she, the next building, and he, a fire ladder a floor below. The arrows in the picture show the route taken by the Emerses in escaping. Three less fortunate were burned in the fire-trap.

DREAD MINE DISEASE; MINERICH BEGS RFLIEF

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 6.—According to Dr. G. A. Parker, who has made a medical survey of twenty typical mining towns, the dread Pellagra and beri-beri may be expected if the lack of essential food continues.

The National Miners Relief Committee appeals to all sympathizers to send as much as possible to its headquarters at 611 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., to meet this desperate situation.

"Relief committees! Your task is not over," is the appeal of Anthony Minerich, secretary of the Relief Committee. "Hunger, disease, extreme hardships are being suffered in the mine fields. Babies are born, but doctors refuse to attend because there is no money. There is no bread for the children.

"In the open-shop mines accident after accident occurs. Over 1,200 miners were killed in the first half of this year. Only in union mines are there pit committees that have the right to demand safety precautions. Thousands of miners are still fighting for such committees. Our relief helped many hold out until this demand was won. Remember, our task is not over! Call your committee together, tell them about the great need, and help all you can!"

FIVE INJURED IN MANHOLE BLAST

2 Badly Hurt, Taken to Hospital

A gas explosion which sent a manhole cover at Ninth Ave. and 53rd St. up into the street last night injured four men and a woman who were on the street at the time. Two of the men were injured so seriously that they had to be removed to the Roosevelt Hospital. The other three injured were taken home.

The four men, all workers, had just emerged from a lunch room nearby when the blast hurled the manhole cover into the air on the street. All four were knocked to the pavement and badly bruised One of them, Fred Wenzel, of 848 11th Ave., was hurled by the explosion into the manhole itself, and had to be lifted out with ropes by workers employed in the vicinity.

The woman, Mrs. Mathilda John, 85 years old, of 835 Ninth Ave., fell into a manhole across the street from the explosion. It had been removed to let air into the subterranean passage. She was badly bruised and cut, and was sent home.

The manhole cover was hurled into the air with such force that it struck the elevated structure twenty feet above the street level. It narrowly missed hitting several passersby as it fell back to the pavement.

Plan Freiheit Gesangs Verein Picnic Sunday at Pleasant Bay Park

The annual picnic of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held this Sunday, Sept. 9 at Pleasant Bay Park. The Freiheit Gesangs Verein, under the direction of Lazar Weiner, will render a program of songs. The Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra will give a program of classical numbers. The Russian Workers' Balalaika Orchestra, "Lapotniki," will also be a feature.

Harry Fox at Speakers Conference Tomorrow

The weekly speakers' conference of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, will be held at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square, tomorrow at 2 o'clock. Harry Fox, of the Daily Worker, will talk on "How to Put the Daily Worker Over at Open-Air Meetings."

All Party, Young Workers League and Pioneer speakers are urged to attend and participate in the discussion.

Plan Picnic for Il Lavoratore Sunday

Italian workers in New York and vicinity will hold a picnic for the benefit of Il Lavoratore, Italian Communist weekly newspaper, on Sunday, September 9, at Zeman's Park, Union City, N. J.

The picnic will start at 10 a. m. Games, and music by an eight-piece orchestra will be the feature.

RED CONVENTION OF ESSEX COUNTY TO OPEN SUNDAY

Jersey Campaign on in Many Cities

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 6.—The Essex County Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party will open here on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock at the Workers Progressive enter, 93 Mercer St. All labor and fraternal organizations are invited to send three delegates each to the convention.

A county campaign committee will be elected at this time, and ways and means of conducting the campaign will be the order of business. A speaker from District 2 will outline the national policies of the Communist campaign. This is the first of a series of city and county conventions to be held throughout New Jersey.

Irving Freiman will talk on "The New Jersey Issues and the Campaign" at the semi-monthly Speakers' Conference at the Newark Workers Center, 93 Mercer St., next Sunday, Sept. 9, in the morning at 10 o'clock.

TCHICHERIN ON VISIT TO BERLIN

(By United Press)

BERLIN, Sept. 6.—George Vassilievich Tchicherin, Soviet People's Commissar of Foreign Affairs, is visiting Berlin to recover from his recent illness, but political speculation tonight centered on a report that the Soviet minister is seeking an interview with Foreign Minister Stresemann.

The possibility that Russo-German relations may be greatly strengthened by such a meeting has created a friendly interest in Tchicherin's visit which otherwise might have passed without incident.

Philly Bootleggers Buy Up Arsenals

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 6 (UP).—Six bullet-proof vests and three hand-operated machine guns were among the articles of gangland haberdashery purchased from him by Max "Boo Boo" Hoff, alleged head of a $10,000,000 alcohol ring, Edward Goldberg has admitted, Assistant District Attorney Schofield said today.

His direct linking of Hoff, nationally known as a fight promoter because of his connection with the Philadelphia Dempsey-Tunney battle, with the recent gang warfare overshadowed other developments of a sensational day in the vice investigation. These included the indictment of 182 persons for prohibition offenses by the federal grand jury and the holding of Goldberg on a perjury charge.

Biedenkapp to Leave Today for Fall River

Fred Bcidenkapp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, will leave tonight for Fall River, Mass., to attend the opening of an additional relief station.

TEACHERS WIN PAY RAISE.

ATLANTA, Sept. 6.—Teachers in Fulton county schools secured a pay raise.

LINK FULLER, KELLOGG AT FRENCH MEMORIALS

PARIS, Sept. 6. — In three great meetings held on successive nights in working class districts of Paris, thousands of workers met to honor the memory of Sacco and Vanzetti. L'Humanite, French Communist daily paper, founded by Jean Jaures and now possessing a quarter of a million circulation, devoted three columns of its front page to news, editorials and pictures concerning the martyrdom of the two Italian labor organizers, done to death in Charlestown state prison to appease Massachusetts' anti-labor hysteria.

At the Parisian meetings, addressed by the fiery Vaillant-Couturier, editor of the labor daily and member of parliament, the anniversary was made the occasion for protests against the Kellogg pact.

"You cannot be against Fuller and with Kellogg," said Vaillant-Couturier, in exposing pacifist pretensions of Kellogg. "The same laws which command one to kill Sacco and Vanzetti command the other to shoot down the workers of Haiti and Nicaragua while awaiting bigger game."

Hundreds of young sailors and soldiers, he said, are in military prisons, under conditions of amazing brutality and workers and their representatives in parliament are constantly being harassed by the French police and the government. The Sacco-Vanzetti case is a reminder to French workers, Vaillant-Couturier summed up, that France also has hundreds of workers in jail, framed up for their loyalty to their class. He called for a world-wide struggle against the Fullers, Thayers and Kelloggs of all nations.

TWO COMMUNIST CAMPAIGNERS

Designed By Fred Ellis

THE VOTE COMMUNIST STAMP

Printed over a background formed by the Red Hammer and Sickle with the photographs of Foster and Gitlow tastefully worked in.

To be posted on envelopes, letters, programs, shop papers, bulletins, etc.

PRICE:

Book of eighty stamps, $1.00. Can be resold at 10c per page of eight stamps.

Quantity lots: 55 books for $50; 90 for $75; 125 for $100.

THE VOTE COMMUNIST BUTTON

A beautiful arrangement of the photographs of Foster and Gitlow within a solid red shield.

VOTE COMMUNIST stands out.

Can be sold anywhere for a dime.

PRICE:

5c in lots up to 100.
4c in lots up to 1000.
3c in lots up to 5000.
2c in lots of 5000 or over.

National Election Campaign Committee
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
43 East 125th Street
NEW YORK, N. Y.

Did You Receive Our Letter?
Did You Answer?

If not yet, tax yourself with one day's wage and do your share to complete the fund

A Day's Wage
for the
$100,000
COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN FUND

Are you unemployed and so badly in need that you cannot send even a single dollar or a two-dollar bill for the Communist Campaign?

ANSWER BEFORE YOU LAY DOWN THIS NOTICE

We Need
5's, 10's, 25's and 100's but the singles and twos are just as welcome.

Just attach your contribution to the blank that we sent you and mail it in NOW!

Send all Funds to
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treasurer
National Election Campaign Committee
43 EAST 125TH STREET
NEW YORK CITY

Surrender of Mexican Oil to U. S. Interests Seen in Statement of Commerce Sec'y.

FINAL SELL-OUT TO U. S. FIRMS SEEN IN MOVE

All Facilities to Be Granted Investors

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 7.—American oil investors and corporation heads are rejoicing today over the decision of Dr. Jose Manuel Puig-Casaurane that henceforth in its dealings with the American and other oil companies the Mexican government will consider oil as a public utility.

The oil interests interpret this as an end to the petroleum war between the government and the forsigners which the Mexican supreme court in a number of rulings had already gone far to decide in favor of the Americans. They further see in it a virtual surrender of the petroleum resources of Mexico into the hands of the powerfully entrenched American exploiters and a complete abandonment of the principle of the right of the American people to the sub-soil products around which the entire struggle revolved.

Secretary Puig-Casaurane made precise explanation of a number of points involved in the present ruling. He declared that in lieu of submitting oil claims, drilling permits, or pipe-line franchises or other petroleum company documents to a rigorous examination, his department will "accept company documents without reservation, considering them legally drawn up." He stated further that if they were not so drawn it was the business of the courts to decide. Prompt action in granting favors to American corporations was also promised by the secretary, and he assured them they would be accommodated with all legal facilities.

Approximately 100 applications for confirmatory concessions are reported to be pending at the present time.

PAPER WORKERS WIN.

STOCKHOLM (FP).—Victory after two months of strike has come to workers in Sweden's paper industry. Aggressive tactics used by strikers from the start are given credit for the success.

COMMUNISTS FIGHT JINGO ATTACK

Continued from Page One

capitalist government should regard the socialist party as a patriotic, law-abiding political party and the Workers (Communist) Party a "subversive" party inimical to the interests of the capitalist class. These fascist organizations are working under the direction of the big capitalists and enjoy all the privileges of the regular forces of the state.

Fascists Active in Nebraska.

In Nebraska the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars are leading the fight to throw the Workers (Communist) Party ticket off the ballot. The Communist petitions were filed after a convention held in Omaha on Aug. 19, which wa sattended by the required number of citizens, and the required number of signatures were collected. Six hundred and Eighty-three persons signed the roll, which was 183 more than was necessary according to law. Tho the law says that 500 persons must be present at a meeting to launch a new party, a supreme court decision of 1912 held that all of them need not be physically present at the gathering and that if they sign the rosters of members subsequently, that is sufficient.

The Sun, of Omaha, carried a news story on August 27 which declared that in default of a protest filed within five days, Secretary of State Marsh would have no other recourse but to accept for filing the petitions of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The posts of the American Legion and Veterans of Foreign Wars at Lincoln then protested to the secretary of state, and at the Legion convention, held in Grand Island on Aug. 29, R. A. Kirkpatrick, chairman of the Americanization Committee of the Legion, spoke on the "menace" of Bolshevism and declared that a grave danger confronted the Legion.

This attack followed on the heels of Governor Adam McMullen's warning that Communist propaganda was making great inroads among the youth of Nebraska.

"Here in Nebraska," Kirkpatrick said, "for the first time we have the Workers Party on the ballot. Also 16 other states have this party to deal with politically this year."

Spy System.

Kirkpatrick declared that the Legion was carrying on an extensive espionage campaign, boasting that Legion stool-pigeons attended several Communist meetings during the year and furnished reports to the Department of Justice in Washington.

In the State of Kansas the war on the Communists was not confined to an attempt to throw the Party off the ballot. Leading members of the Workers (Communist) Party were arrested, including Hugo Oehler, District Organizer for District 10, who has done splendid work in getting the Party ticket on the ballot not only in Kansas, but in neighboring states. Oehler was arrested with others and charged with a violation of the criminal syndicalism law, their particular offense being conducting open-air meetings in front of the Cudahy Packing Company's plant in Kansas City.

In Texas, the assistant secretary of state ruled the Party off the ballot on the ground that "it is not shown that the Workers (Communist) Party is a state political organization, having polled in the last election more than 10,000 votes and less than 100,000 votes for its nominee for Governor of Texas."

Texas Discrimination.

That the Workers (Communist) Party is being discriminated against in Texas is shown by the fact that the steps taken by B. H. Lauderdale, chairman of the Party State Executive Committee, were the same as those taken by the American Party, organized by former Governor Ferguson in 1920. Of course, the American Party was not a working-class party, while the Workers (Communist) Party is.

In Springfield, Mass., the local authorities refused to accept Communist petitions for filing, and the election committees everywhere in the state are protesting a high percentage of the signatures. This compels the Communists to collect three or four times as many signatures as the legal requirement.

In Manchester, N. H., the head of the local inspectors of the voting lists is the head of the employment office of the Amoskeag Mills as well as a state senator who works in the State House at Concord in the interests of the Amoskeag textile barons. He divides his time between the Amoskeag office, the Manchester City Hall, and the State House, but all that time is well spent in the interests of the Amoskeag Mills.

The 800 signatures were collected in Manchester alone—the requirement for the whole state is 1,000—the politicians, the police, and the entire city administration is controlled by the Amoskeag Mills, and the election inspectors are challenging the signatures wholesale.

The action of the New England authorities in trying to keep the Workers (Communist) Party off the ballo tis a reflex of the New Bedford and Fall River strikes and the activity of the Party and its membership in these bitter labor struggles. The Communists in both cities have given leadership and encouragement to the militant rank and file in the fight against the mill bosses. As in other states the authorities are not interfering with the socialist pary, which is supporting the reactionary bureaucrats of the Textile Council of New Bedford, who enjoy the protection of the police in their policy of betraying the strikers.

In the election campaign conducted by the Workers (Communist) Party thruout the country, Trachtenberg said, the mask is being torn from the ugly face of capitalist democracy. In violation of their own laws, the capitalists are attempting to keep the Communist ticket off the ballot, lest the exploited workers should be able to vote for a Party that stands for their real interests. The difference in attitude of the employing classes towards the revolutionary Workers (Communist) Party on one side and the purely parliamentarian, pacifist socialist party, on the other, is a tribute to the progress being made by the Communists in mobilizing the workers for the class struggle.

The prospect of a well-organized political party of revolutionary labor, with a program that calls for the organization of the unorganized and the radicalization of the organized workers, as well as the organization of the militant workers into the Workers (Communist) Party, is giving the ruling classes attacks of nerves. The attempt to keep the Party off the ballot will only have the effect of increasing the activities of the members, Trachtenberg said, and making them more determined than ever to fight to put the Party ticket on the ballot, to keep it on until election day, and to wage a militant election campaign between now and November, with the object in view of strengthening the Party for the struggles ahead.

WATT, TOOHEY ISSUE APPEAL TO DISTRICT 1

Big New Union Meet Opens Sept. 9

Continued from Page One

create keen competition for jobs and make for the deterioration of union conditions, after which will come the direct attack. The job of the operators to destroy the union there will be much more effective now, since they have succeeded in completely wrecking the U. M. W. A. in the soft coal fields. Although they are united nationally, they have been content to smash the union piecemeal in one district at a time, as the procession through Alabama, Kentucky, Tennessee, Maryland, West Virginia, Washington, Canada, Pennsylvania and Ohio will show. No section of the union can fight these attacks alone, as the destruction in the above mentioned fields will show.

"What are you anthracite miners going to do in this situation?

"What will you do, McGarry, Hermanson and Harris? Your election is the result of the determination of a majority of the local unions of your district to get rid of Cappellini and fight against the infamous contractor system and the rotten Conciliation Board.

"Your continued effort to beg recognition from Lewis will play into the hands of the operators and betray the confidence the men have placed in you. This the miners are bound to realize. Think this over, decide to line up with the union and help to make it what it should be, but this union must be the New Union.

"You know that the change from Cappellini to Boylan was planned by Lewis and that the corrupt policies will remain, that the conditions about which you so justly complain will remain, and, while you fight against the recognition of Boylan, you fail to fight these rotten conditions and surrender your right to strike, because of threats of the business men and city officials.

"You know you cannot make peace with Lewis unless you surrender to his demands and that would mean betrayal of the trust of the rank and file who expect you to fight for them. You have appealed to the Lewis machine that a special district convention or election be held. This you have done in face of the fact that you know full well that it is the common practice of the Lewis machine to pack conventions with delegates of nonexisting locals who represent the corrupt Lewis machine only. You also know full well that an honest election cannot be held with Lewis playing a leading role in such election.

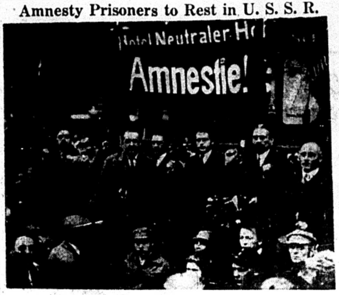
"We submit to you that in view of this situation, which is well known to you, there is only one step you can take which will be to the best interests of the men you have been chosen to represent, which will actually reestablish union conditions and forever do away with corruption, and that is to join with the men in the soft coal fields in the building of a new, strong and powerful National Miners Union.

"Send delegates from your local unions to the great National Miners Convention to be held in Pittsburgh, Pa., September 9 to 16, 1928.

"We invite all coal miners to join this great movement.

"Fraternally yours, National Miners Convention Ararngements Committee. (Signed) John J. Watt, chairman; Pat H. Toohey, secretary."

Amnesty Prisoners to Rest in U. S. S. R.



A reception given class war prisoners released under the amnesty act. Having forced the release of their leaders, the German workers have been everywhere celebrating their freedom. The scene above was taken as the liberated men were starting on a visit to the Soviet Union where they will recuperate for a short time from the effects of the suffering they underwent in the German prisons. In the background, giving the Red Front salute are seen, left to right, George Huber, Alois Lindner, Rudolf Greiner. At the extreme right are Gustav Streidl and Johann Kick. All were leaders of the Soviet Republic of Bavaria during the period when it was resisting the attacks of the capitalist forces.

BRAZIL WORKERS DENOUNCE FORD DUTYLESS CARGO

Local Capitalists Also Envy Rubber King

PARA, Brazil, Sept. 6.—Considerable resentment is being expressed here over the duty free admission of materials for Henry Ford's rubber concession into this country. Protest has been unofficially made by a number of labor and other organizations.

The duty free clause was inserted into the concession granting Ford the huge rubber concession.

Representing a solid section of public opinion, even the liberal newspapers are attacking the Ford grant and the arrival of the first cargo without customs payment. In this they also have the backing of local industrialists, who, for their own interests, allege that the contract with Ford grants privileges to the American industrialist not granted to them.

The immediate planting of the Ford concession will be deferred, representatives of the company announced yesterday, pending preliminary operations, principally of a sanitary and construction nature.

Transportation facilities are occupying the attention of the Ford engineers, who are laying out a number of roads. Ford's rubber will be shipped by boat down the Amazon at small cost, but for quick handling of the latex; rubber base in the camp, a network of roads has been planned in the concession.

DAILY WORKER 'SUB' DRIVE ON

14 New Readers Gotten in Pittsburgh

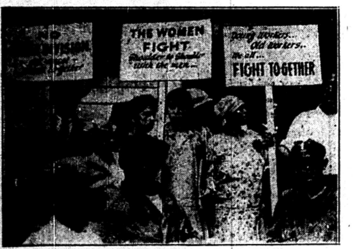
Continued from Page One

Further enthusiasm for the ultimate success of the Daily Worker Election Campaign Drive for 10,000 new readers is shown in a communication from Anna Herbst, Daily Worker Agent in District 15, Connecticut. Sending 15 new subs for the militant daily, Anna Herbst, also insists that this is "only a beginning," and that she expects to have many more before her tour over the state of Connecticut is completed.

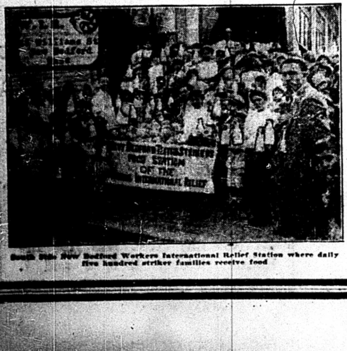
Throughout the United States, the machinery of the huge Daily Worker drive is being oiled. Committees are being formed, and the definite work of procuring subscriptions for the Daily Worker is definitely getting under way. Although several big cities, including Boston and Cleveland have not as yet been heard from, new subs are expected before the week is over.

In New York City, that campaign will definitely get under way with a Daily Worker agents meeting tonight at the Workers Center.

Textile Organizer, P. HAGELIAS being assaulted on the Picket Line by the Fall River police. His left arm was almost twisted from its socket


THE WOMEN FIGHT Shoulder to Shoulder with the men...
Young Workers... Old Workers... We all... FIGHT TOGETHER

New Bedford strikers declaring the Solidarity of All Workers They paraded and were arrested



South Side New Bedford Workers International Relief Station where daily five hundred striker families receive food

Textile Strikers

IN THE STATE THAT ELECTROCUTED SACCO and VANZETTI

Fight Against Black Reaction!

In New Bedford, Mass., 30,000 textile workers are out on strike since April 16th of this year, against wage reductions and the speed-up system. The strike has spread to Fall River where several thousand more textile workers have entered the strike.

Under the leadership of the militant Textile Mill Committees the strikers are carrying on an heroic struggle. Police clubs, bayonets in the hands of the militia, wholesale arrests of pickets, heavy fines and long prison sentences have not been able to break down the fighting spirit of the striking textile men and women.

Thousands of strikers and their children go hungry waiting for help from their fellow workers and friends. More than seven hundred strikers have been cast into jail and put under heavy bail. In Fall River, in addition thereto, they are also placed under heavy peace bonds, which is a new invention of the boss owned courts.

RELIEF and DEFENSE

must be provided for every striker in need. No striker must be left to suffer in capitalist jails. Bread, soup and milk must be provided to keep starvation out of the ranks of the militant strikers.

AFTER 21 WEEKS OF STRUGGLE THE STRIKERS FOR THE FIRST TIME APPEAL ON A NATIONAL BASIS TO LABOR AND THE FRIENDS OF LABOR. THEY ASK THAT EVERYBODY AID IN FEEDING AND DEFENDING THE STRIKERS OF

NEW BEDFORD and FALL RIVER

—THE NEED IS GREAT. THE STRUGGLE IS BITTER.

—DETERMINEDLY THE STRIKERS FIGHT AGAINST OPPRESSION.

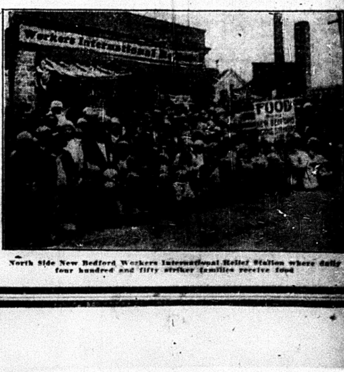
SEND YOUR DONATION at once to the Strike Relief Headquarters of the

Workers International Relief

for NEW BEDFORD and FALL RIVER STRIKERS, 49 Williams Street, New Bedford, Mass., or to 1 Union Square, New York City.

Two hundred and forty-seven men and women strikers arrested for picketing in New Bedford carried away by the police in hired moving vans

F. G. BIEDENKAPP, National Secretary of the Workers International Relief addressing a strike relief mass meeting at New Bedford



North Side New Bedford Workers International Relief Station where daily four hundred and fifty striker families receive food

PLUMBERS HELPERS TO MEET AT LABOR TEMPLE IN MASS MEETING, SEPT. 15; ALL MUST RALLY

(By a Worker Correspondent)

It is my object to put before the labor movement the case of a plumbers' helper, an acquaintance of mine. It can be taken as an example of what is happening every day in the trade. The plumbing bosses don't give a damn what happens to tion with the Red Day; in connec- the helpers as long as they are assured that the helpers are not strong enough to resist exploitation.

The shop this helper was working in is Harry L. Mensher's in the Bronx. The helpers in this shop are continually forced by the boss to hurry up, hurry up all the time. The day's work starts before 8 a. m., for the helper must have hot lead so that the mechanic can use it immediately upon starting to work. All day long the boss is on the job driving the helpers crazy with his hollering, hurry up, hurry up.

On the sixth floor the boss can be heard in the street shouting at the helpers hurry up, hurry up.

Then when the boss wants overtime done he pays single time and he stands behind the helpers afraid that the helpers may take a little time off to take a breath and light a cigarette.

The day's work may end after 5 p. m., if the boss does not want a certain piece of work done. Such is an example of the day's work of a plumbers' helper. It is a cinch according to the boss to carry heavy pipe all day long. The boss occasionally sticks to the fact that helpers are not well organized, by saying, "You are not union men so what can you expect."

As a reminder to the bosses we must strengthen our organization. The American Association of Plumbers' Helpers is going to have a mass meeting Sept. 15 at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., and by coming to the meeting and organizing shop committees, the plumbers' helpers will show the bosses that in union there is strength.

K. T.

Hundreds of Miners from All U. S. Coming to Build New Union, Correspondent Says

HANdOuTS

When one capitalist nation draws its sword and proceeds to cut the throat of another, the League of Nations, theoretically, is supposed to rush in, snatch the swords of both the aggressor and the defender and hurl them into the dustbin, not failing to reprove them both for barbarity. Actually the league would find itself taxed to settle a dispute between a housewife and a fish peddler. Costa Rica was beginning to think the United States was using the Monroe Doctrine as a cloak for anything from wholesale robbery to driving a car without a tail light and asked the League of Nations just what the Monroe Doctrine was supposed to be anyway. The League got out of the way of this one with its usual hop step and jump. The handful of words that was handed Costa Rica, if they are found to have any meaning, won't throw any more light on the Monroe Doctrine than the U. S. wishes.

• • •

Gems of Learning

Raymond Leslie Buell, Research Director of the Foreign Policy Association:

"The European has solved the conflict by making the natives work. Forced labor has three forms: First, for porterage, or the transport of goods upon the heads of human carriers; second, natives are obliged to travel hundreds of miles down the Congo to work on railways on the West Coast; third, in many territories, notably the Portuguese, French and Belgian, and indirectly in some British territories, natives are being compelled to work for private enterprise. Thousands, if not millions are annually obliged to submit to this type of servitude."

This is imperialism building up the country for the "inferior" races.

• • •

Harry M. Daugherty, attorney general during the Harding administration:

"I've done my share for the republican party. I'm through with politics and won't take part in the campaign."

More than his share.

M. C. H.

Mexican Congress for Successor for Calles

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 6. — Congress is expected to select a provisional president to succeed Plutarcho Elias Calles within the next fortnight.

The selection of a candidate for one year, pending the new elections, was indicated as the deputies planned to name the next executive almost immediately instead of waiting until the last of November when President Calles' term will expire.

New names have been placed in the spotlight since President Calles' opening address to the congress Saturday in which he predicted the end of military rule in Mexico.

Most prominently mentioned for the presidency have been Joaquin Amero, Minister of War; General Jose Gonzales Escobar; Gov. Manuel Perez Trevino, and Emilio Portes Gil, Minister of Interior.

Elmira Machinists Strike Is Still Firm

ELMIRA, N. Y., Sept. 6.—The machinists who went on strike June 18 at the American LaFrance and Fomite Corporation plant, this city, are standing firm.

The corporation, which manufactures fire-fighting apparatus, has been unable to obtain skilled mechanics to act as strikebreakers, and production has practically ceased.

THE "KOSHER" BROOKHART.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5 (UP).—Senator Brookhart of Iowa, who was ejected from membership in the republican party after the 1924 election for refusing to support the ticket, is now so completely back in the "fold" that he spent a friendly hour with Herbert Hoover and emerged predicting a republican victory.

OPEN-SHOP MINES SEND DELEGATES TO HUGE MEET

See Rapid Growth for New Union

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PITTSBURGH, Pa. (By Mail).—A new national miners union, with fighting policies and organized bodies of coal miners in every section of the industry to start with, is an assured fact. Despite all the terrorism and intimidation of the Lewis machine and the lack of funds for an intensive campaign by the progressives, tens of thousands of mine workers have elected delegates to the National Convention, Sept. 9-16, at Pittsburgh, Pa., which will organize the new union, liberating the miners from the traitorous leadership which has wrecked their old union.

At least 600 delegates will gather in Pittsburgh for this historic task, judging by the large number of credentials that have already reached the headquarters of the National Convention Arrangements Committee, according to Pat H. Toohey, Secretary of the Committee.

The credentials already received show the following number of delegates from the various coal fields: at least 40 from the states west of Illinois, 45 from Indiana and Kentucky, about 75 from Illinois, over 50 from Ohio, about 150 from the Pittsburgh District, about 20 from District 2, Central Pennsylvania, 50 from the Anthracite, about 100 from West Virginia and 70 from the unorganized counties of Pennsylvania. No doubt there are additional delegates whose credentials have not arrived yet.

The large delegations from the formerly unorganized territories are of particular significance. In the short time that the National Convention Arrangements Committee has carried on organizing work, and despite the lack of funds, it has succeeded in organizing a large number of locals and has established hundreds of groups in the formerly unorganized coal fields. The miners everywhere have responded with enthusiasm to the call for the new, fighting National Miners Union, and will gather their forces for the struggle to regain the losses suffered through the betrayals of the Lewis machine and to re-establish union conditions in the industry. Every indication points to a rapid growth of the new union. Sept. 9 will usher in a new day for the miners of this country.

—A. C.

9 Bombing Plans in Military Maneuvers

FORT BRAGG, N. C., Sept. 6 (UP).—Nine bombing planes on a trans-continental test flight arrived today from Langley Field.

The trip was made in 3 1-2 hours. The planes fought head winds the entire distance and low-hanging clouds forced them to fly at an altitude of 1,000 feet.

TREASURY REPORT

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (UP).—The treasury net balance Sept. 1 was $191,023,231.91. September customs receipts on that date were $1,821,559.74.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

American Sailors in Life Boat Races

The crew of the S. S. President Harding put up a stiff fight in the international lifeboat races on Labor Day. They won third place, British sailors taking first and Swedish second. But not the seamen who rowed the race were given the prize. By a kind of thinking possible only to the bosses, the men were shoved to one side as soon as the applause was over, and the prize was handed to the capitain of the President Harding. Above, the award.

USE DEPORTATION THREAT IN OHIO

Break Up Sacco Meet in Martins Ferry

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Local authorities fearing a possible "October Revolution" as a result of the activities of the "reds" have called federal authorities to Martins Ferry, O., to scare workers from attending meetings by threatening them with deportation. This action of the police is the result of the breaking up of the Sacco-Vanzetti Memorial Meeting, August 25, when six speakers were arrested and held for a grand jury trial. Those arrested were classed as "aliens" and "foreigners" (all residents outside of Martins Ferry are aliens) and charged with rioting and holding meetings which are a menace to public safety.

The police of Martins Ferry attempted to scare the workers from attending the Sacco-Vanzetti meeting by making statements in the local papers that "there will be no meeting tonight" and that "patriotic organizations would come to the aid of the authorities to drive the 'reds' from the city."

Patrol wagons and riot guns were on hand at the meeting and the speakers were not given an opportunity to say much when they were hustled to the waiting patrol. Several hundred of the crowd followed the police to the city jail and police fearing trouble gave the arrested men a speedy hearing and ordered them sent to the county jail at St. Clairsville. An armed escort of many machines was necessary to bring the men to the county jail because their "Communist friends" might try to rescue them en route.

The bail of the arrested men was fixed at $1,000 and although the hearing was speedy yet their release was delayed to three days because the judge was out of town, (playing golf at a country club), and besides "the men were better locked up than free." The arrested men sang solidarity songs and local papers stated that they were a group of "radical foreigners" who (learned this from the songs) have been planning a revolution for October in Martins Ferry.

The workers of eastern Ohio showed their solidarity and friendship to the arrested speakers who fought for free speech by sending them greetings and food to the jail.

—F. H.

STINNES IN HUGE WAR BOND STEAL

In 40,000,000 Mark Swindle

BERLIN, Sept. 6.—Fraudulent manipulation of German war bonds totalling billions of marks has been uncovered by the ministry of justice in an investigation that started several days ago with the arrest of Hugo Stinnes, son of the late German industrialist, it was said today.

After consultation with his lawyers, Stinnes said he had been the victim of "agents provocateurs" who enticed him into making false claims for the redemption of war bonds. Officials claimed the investigation revealed that the banks in Germany, France, Rumania and Holland were implicated.

The fraud consisted of buying up war bonds and claiming the full redemption value allowed only to original holders. Thus claims have been entered for 40,000,000 marks in war bonds ostensibly in the hands of original holders, whereas the government had estimated only 20,000,000 were so held.

Chicago Militants to Hold Big Picnic

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 6.—A boost for labor unity and a rallying of militant unionists in Chicago will mark the annual Trade Union Educational League picnic at Kolze's Electric Park on Sunday, Sept. 16. These annual outings have been an event among progressive trade union circles in Chicago for seven years.

All tickets sold in advance will be accompanied by a month's subscription to Labor Unity, the national organ of the TUEL. Kolze's Park, at 6353 W. Irving Park Blvd., is a well known amusement center with unusual opportunities for recreation in addition to the games, dancing and refreshments arranged by the picnic committee.

The Park can be reached by any car north to Irving Park Blvd. and transfer west to Kolze's Park.

KAROLYI SAME OLD "LIBERAL" WORKERS FIND

Innocuous Statements Charm Wall Street

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Count Michael Karolyi, first president of the Hungarian bourgeois republic, left the United States. Since three years he has been barred from this country by the state department. His latest arrival marked a change of heart on the part of the officials of Wall Street in Washington. Karolyi was allowed to come in for two days. The capitalist papers more warmly greeted him than formerly. The conversation of Karolyi with the state department aroused hopes in Karolyi about lifting up the ban.

What caused these changes?

Karolyi proved, partly by his silence, partly by his statements, that he is not dangerous to capitalism.

Karolyi had his first opportunity to state his views after his arrival, Sept. 1, at the Wall and South St. mass meeting. But what happened?

He had nothing to say, no program to offer, not a word in the interest of the working class.

He received a cool reception, in contrast with Louis Kovess, Editor, Uj Elore Hungarian Communist Daily, who spoke in the name of the Party, despite the chairmen and police officers, who tried to stop him. A five minutes demonstration followed the appearance of the speaker, a demonstration of the Communist Party, for the Communist Internationale. So the "reception for Karolyi" turned to be a demonstration for Communism. Even police brutality could not stop the workers from marching through Wall Street and singing the revolutionary hymn.

At the Central Opera House there was another demonstration for the Workers Communist Party.

And here, Karolyi once more proved that he has no program for the workingclass. His statement about "his Jeffersonism" proved that he is still the liberal he was at the time of his presidency.

The demonstrations at Wall St. and the Central Opera House proved that the Hungarian workers see their only leader in the Communist Party.

—N. R.

Hopkins Play Opens Tonight; "Luckee Girl" Here Sept. 17

ARTHUR HOPKINS will bring his first production of the season, "Machinal," a play by Sophie Treadwell in two parts and ten scenes, into the Plymouth Theatre this evening. The production, designed by Robert Edmond Jones in modernistic style is eagerly awaited by the first night element who look upon a Hopkins production as an event. This one has caused much comment along Broadway the past month.

The cast of twenty is headed by Zita Johann, Jean Adair, Clark Gable, George Stillwell and Charles Kennedy. Mr. Hopkins staged the play.

The premier of "Luckee Girl," the French musical farce, which the Shuberts are sponsoring, will take place at the Casino Theatre Monday evening, September 17. Gertrude Purcell adapted the book from "Un Bon Garcon," Max and Nathaniel Lief wrote the lyrics, Maurice Yvain the score. The cast is headed by Billy House, Irene Dunne, Irving Fisher, Harry Puck, Josephine Drake, Doris Vinton and Frank Lalor.

"The New Moon" which begins the second week of its fornight run in Cleveland today, will play the Alvin Theatre, Pittsburgh next week instead of coming here. It will open at the Imperial Theatre on September 18, instead of the 11th, as previously scheduled.

Hamilton MacFadden has acquired a new comedy titled "Hell on Wheels," by Maxwell Anderson, Jack Niles, and Douglas Moore. Rehearsals will start in three weeks. Mr. Anderson was author or part author of "What Price Glory," "Outside Looking In," and "Saturday's Children."

John T. Doyle, who plays the lead ing masculine role of "The Great Power," did such good work at the opening performance of that play in Philadelphia, that Myron C. Fagan, author and producer of that drama, will have him co-featured him with Minna Gombell, when the play opens at the Ritz Theatre Tuesday.

Walter Folmer, who has not been seen on Broadway since his appearance in "Dancing Mothers," will play the role of Polverino in Horace Liveright's comic opera, "The Jagger and the Rose."

"The Silent House" will be transferred from the Shubert to the Sam Harris Theatre on Monday to make room for the premiere of "White Lilacs" at the Shubert.

STEAMER ADRIFT.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6 (UP).—The ore-laden Planet Line Steamer Corbus, Rio Janeiro for Baltimore, is adrift off Port Spain, Trinidad, after running out of fuel oil.

FAVOR SIX-DAY WEEK

DENVER, Sept. 6.—The State Industrial Commission has ruled in favor of a six-day week for culinary workers in Colorado Springs.

AMUSEMENTS

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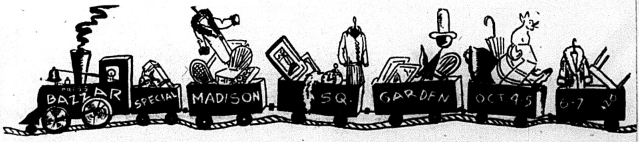

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Union Officials Move to Avert Strike of 2,000 Stage Workers Set for Tomorrow

SENTIMENT OF WORKERS FOR A WALK-OUT

Wage Raise and Better Hours Is Demand

Panic stricken by the threat of 2,000 stage hands in New York City to go on strike tomorrow if their demands are not met, the labor committee of the International Theatrical Association, the bosses league, attempted yesterday to avert the strike by conferring with officials of Local 1 of the Theatrical Protective Union. Sentiment among the stage hands is overwhelmingly for the walkout if all the demands are not met by the bosses.

The International Theatrical Association is the organization of theatre managers, whose agreement with the stage hands expired last Sunday. The agreement was not renewed at once, since the members of the stage hands' union refused to agree to work for $48 a week.

Demands of the stage hands include a weekly wage of $100 for department heads, of whom three are required in each theatre—property man, carpenter and electrician. Assistants to department heads now receiving $65 a week are asking $90. Department heads are now paid from $75 to $100.

The union is also asking a change in working hours and a crew of seven men in theatres alternating weekly between musical and dramatic attractions. Ordinary stage hands want $85 a week. The old agreement was made two years ago.

More than two thousand stage hands in New York are members of the union and if a strike is called Saturday virtually every theatre in New York will be affected.

RED CAMPAIGN IN OHIO, KENTUCKY

Speakers Will Cover Industrial Cities

(Special to the Daily Worker)

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 6.—The Cleveland district of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League is at present engaged in a strenuous effort to bring the influence of the Communist election campaign into the shops and factories of Ohio and Kentucky. Speakers are preparing tours throughout the district, concentrating on the unorganized industrial towns. Communist literature and leaflets will be distributed before factory doors. The Daily Worker will be placed in the hands of workers who for years have seen no genuine labor literature.

Two speakers are already out on a campaign tour. Sadie Van Veer and L. Bover, representing the Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League respectively, have held meetings before factory gates in Dayton and Middletown. At Dayton the meeting was held before the Delco-Remy Light Co.—a General Motors controlled plant. A crowd of 500 workers were present at the meeting.

In Middletown the speakers addressed a crowd of workers employed in the Beech-Nut Tobacco plant. They were enthusiastically received by the workers, who until that time had come in contact with no workers' movement whatsoever.

Into these cities, as well as all the cities of Ohio and Kentucky where the workers are forced to slave for starvation wages and under horrible speed-up systems, the Communist election campaign speakers will bring the message and platform of the class struggle.

French Teachers Union Aid Workers, Peasants in Political Campaign

PARIS, Sept. 6 (FP).—Propaganda against the French Teachers' Union, which has 80,000 members and is affiliated with the General Confederation of Labor, has this year run its usual course in the press controlled by the organized employers. Threats to secure legislation forbidding the teachers to belong to a trade union have been met by the union's counter-attack on the big business groups of which Premier Poincare is the spokesman.

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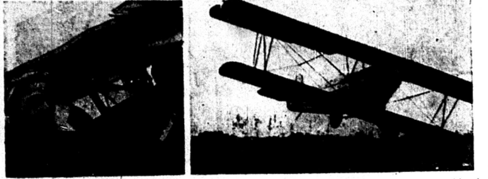
Set Pace for the Bombers; Trans-continental Air Race



At left, Robert Drake, pilot who will risk his life in trans-continental air race. Next to him is shown Travel Air No. 47, one of the participating planes. The flights, which will be made in six consecutive hops, will give the militarists precise data on the time required to rush bombing planes from one coast of the country to the other. Various plane and engineer manufacturers are interested in the flight.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Functionaries Meet.

A meeting of all functionaries of Section 3 will be held tomorrow 7, at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All functionaries must be present as important matters will be considered, including the section conference.

• • •

Comrades, vacation period is over—we must all chip in our forces and put our Bronx candidates on the ballot. We've put across the 5th Assembly. We are close to doing the same in the 4th. In the other Assembly Districts we can do likewise if we all exert our fullest energy in this Red Mobilization Week for our section which began Tuesday, Sept. 4. A Gala Red Banquet is to wind up Bronx Red Week on Sunday, Sept. 9th at 5 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. Our candidates are to be presented. Headquarters—2075 Clinton Ave.—open every night—Sat. and Sun. all day, for signature collectors.

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Bronx Party Notice.

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party living in the Bronx must report to headquarters, 2075 Clinton Ave., to solicit signatures. Several hundred signatures are still needed and all workers are urged to participate immediately.

• • •

3E International Branch 1.

A meeting will be held of the 3E International Branch 1 on Monday, September 10 at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3E, 1F.

Unit 3E, 1F will hold a meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 11 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3E, 2F.

A meeting will be held on Wednesday, Sept. 12 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Section 1.

Section 1 meets at 8 p. m. Saturday, at 35 E. 2nd St. headquarters of the Downtown Workers Club.

• • •

Pioneer Hike.

Pioneer Reunion Hike will be held Saturday. All Pioneers meet at Dykman St. Ferry at 10 a. m. to go to Palisades.

• • •

N. J. Speakers Conference

Section 2 Speakers Conference will be held this Sunday at 10 a. m. at Worker Center, 93 Mercer St., Newark, N. J. Bert Miller will speak on the democratic party platform.

• • •

Section 6 Membership Meet.

A general membership meeting of Section 6 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Monday, 8 p. m. at 46 Ten Eyck St. All members must be present.

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Unit 6F, SS3D.

Unit 6F, SS3D will hold an educational meeting September 12 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

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Brownsville Y. W. L.

The Brownsville section of the Y. W. L. will hold an open-air meeting tonight on the corner of Willams and Sutter. The following are the speakers: S. Gudisman, M. Melman, M. Spector, M. Aritofsky, pioneer speaker. All comrades are to be at the headquarters at 7:30 p. m.

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4S, 3E.

The next unit meeting will be held Wednesday, Sept. 12th, at 6:00 p. m.

• • •

2FD, SS 2C.

Unit 2FD, Subsection 2C will meet today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

Lower Bronx Unit.

The Lower Bronx Unit will hold an open air meeting Friday at 138th St. and Brook Avenue on the election campaign. Speakers: Malkin, Matthews, and Adler.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

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Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

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Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

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Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

• • •

Workers School Sport Club.

All comrades and friends are invited to attend the Workers School Sport Club Hike which will take place on Sunday, Sept. 9. All participants will meet at 242nd St., Van Cortlandt Park Subway Station at 8:30 sharp. There will be a soccer practice on this hike.

• • •

Freiheit Gesang Farein Picnic.

The Annual Picnic of the Freiheit Gesang Farein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. The chorus wil render an original program of songs under the leadership of Lazar Weiner. A large group of the Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra will give a program in classical musical. Dancing and fireworks will be included in the program during the day.

• • •

Your [illegible]orkers Social Culture Club.

A [illegible]ership meeting of the You[illegible]rkers Social Culture Club will be held today, 8 p. m. at 118 Bristol St. near Pitkin Ave. All members are urged to attend.

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Jewelry Workers Club.

The Jewelry Workers Welfare Club will hold its second outing of the season this Sunday at Pelham Bay Park. Bring lunch. Start at 8 a. m.

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Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville English Branch will hold a meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 11 at 347 E. 72nd St. at 8 p. m.

• • •

Printers.

There will be meeting of the League for Amalgamation of the Printing Trades Unions on Sunday afternoon at 2:30, in the Tribune Building, 154 Nassau Street, one flight up. All progressive printers should attend this meeting.

BIG GAIN IN USSR FOREIGN TRADE

July Turnover Is 38% Above Last Year

The foreign trade turnover of the Soviet Union for July across European borders, amounting to 150,000,000 rubles, was the largest this year and was 38 per cent greater than the turnover for July 1927, according to cabled reports received today by the Amtorg Trading Corporation, the principal firm engaged in Soviet-American trade. Imports totaled 87,700,000 rubles, 21 per cent in excess of the June figure and 66 per cent greater than the imports for July last year. Exports at 62,300,000 rubles registered a gain of 4 per cent over June and 12 per cent over July 1927.

The July output of coal, 2,628,000 metric tons, and of oil, 1,032,400 tons, was somewhat greater than in June. Pig iron at 268,200 tons, steel at 310,600 tons and cotton cloth at 173,100,000 meters registered slight decreases.

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A. F. L. PLANNING TO BETRAY BIG TEXTILE STRIKE

Mill Barons Aim at Fake Settlement

Continued from Page One

tion Committee is the official body proposing that conferences be held between the bosses and the U. T. W. on the basis of considering the adoption of the speed-up plan. In return for this proposal, which the U. T. W. is endorsing beforehand, the employers will be asked to rescind the wage cut.

"Even if the wage cut is recalled," T. M. C. leaders declare, "the institution of the speed-up plan will mean a bigger wage cut than before, in addition to an inhuman exploitation of the mill operatives."

Expose Settlement.

The Textile Mill Committees organization has been preparing the strikers for the coming betrayal for the last few weeks, by exposing any fake settlements the Batty gang may arrive at. Even statements made in the local capitalist press admit that the overwhelming majority of the strikers will not go back to work unless the employers capitulate completely. Nevertheless some sort of fake settlement will be made with the U. T. W. as a first step toward splitting the said ranks of the strikers.

As counter measures to ward off the detrimental effects of the coming strikebreaking moves of the A. F. of L. officialdom, the Textile Workers Union again put forward their demands for a twenty-five per cent wage increase, the forty hour week, etc. The T. M. C. also announces that preparations are in full swing for the immediate resumption of huge daily picket lines at the mills. Plans for the organization of Block Committees among the broad masses of strikers is already well under way, the strike leaders declared. The immediate goal for this work is the establishment of at least 50 block committees.

These organizational measures are being entered into now in order to prepare for the police terror that will be aimed at the Textile Mill Committees as soon as the U. T. W. publicly announces its betrayal of the 21 week old struggle.

CARDINALS BEAT PIRATES BY 4 TO 3

(By United Press)

The St. Louis Cardinals gained a half game on the contenders in the National League race by defeating the Pittsburgh Pirates, 4 to 3, in a ten-inning game. The Cardinals now lead the New York Giants and the Chicago Cubs by four and one-half games.

In the American League the Chicago White Sox won from the Cleveland Indians, 2 to 1. All other games scheduled were postponed on account of rain.

A home run by George Harper in the last of the tenth inning with one runner on base gave St. Louis Cardinals their victory over the Pirates. Chick Hafey put the Cards in the lead with a home run with one on in the fifth, only to have Paul Waner hit for the circuit in the ninth, with L. Waner on base, to tie the score. The Pirates threatened in the tenth, when Scott singled and was sent home by a long single by Grimes, only to have Harper decide the situation in the Cards' half of the inning. Grimes allowed six hits, while Mitchell was touched for seven.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

Chicago, 2; Cleveland, 1.
No other games; rain.

National League

St. Louis, 4; Pittsburgh, 3.

SWIMMING MARATHON NOT TO BE RESUMED THIS YEAR

TORONTO, Ont., Sept 6 (UP).—The failure of any of the contestants to finish in the 15-mile Wrigley swimming marathon in Lake Ontario yesterday appears to have sounded the death knell of another such event in September.

If the event is renewed in 1929 it probably will be much earlier in the season, as the water is entirely too cold in September.

The management of the marathon announced today that the prize money of $35,000 this year would be distributed among the leaders.

WORKERS PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

Open-air meetings throughout Greater New York have been arranged by the agitprop department of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party:

Today.

National Biscuit Co. (noon), Grecht, Ross; Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn., Ragozin, Castrell, Lillienstein, Wilson; 5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C., Markoff, Lloyed, Grace Lamb, Lyons, Rodriguez; Varet and Graham Ave., Bklyn., Bimba, Rosemond, G. Welsh, Midolla; 50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn., Reiss, Yusem, I. Zimmerman, Donaldson; Market Plaza, Newark, N. J., Vera Bush, Szepesey, L. Duke; Patterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.), Baum, Freiman, Laurence Elkind.

Tomorrow

1st Ave. and 116th St. (Italian), Auerbach, Napoli, Rolfe; 1st Ave. and 79th St., V. Smith, Moreau, Magliacano, Lloyed; West New York, N. J., Leroy, C. Martin; Perth Amboy, N. J., Padmore, Covatez; Elizabeth, N. J., Markoff, R. Duke; Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Wright, Weich.

PAINT HARMS WORKERS.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—If spray painters use masks they may be partially protected from poisonous vapors, according to the United States Public Health Service.

SWEDISH IRON MINERS STILL ON BIG STRIKE

Russian Unionists Send $8,000 Aid Weekly

STOCKHOLM (FP), Sept. 6.—Locked out last January because they refused to take a wage cut, 4,000 iron miners are still on strike in central Sweden after eight months of conflict.

Wages underground equal 16.2 cents in American money, a 50 per cent reduction in a few years. When the 1927 agreement ended, bosses sought to write a further 10 per cent cut into a new agreement to run for two years. A strike and lockout followed simultaneously.

The Russian Miners' Federation, which concluded a mutual aid pact with the Swedish miners last autumn, has been sending the strikers about $8,000 a week in relief.

God's Treasurer Makes Big Haul

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 6 (UP).—Shortage in the Southern Baptist Home Mission Board accounts administered by Clinton S. Carnes, missing treasurer, probably will reach $1,000,000, a statement of church officials said today.

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers!
For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

The Textile Workers Meet the Murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti

Alvan T. Fuller, capitalist governor of Massachusetts, is one of the principal murderers of Sacco and Vanzetti. Many thousands of workers in all countries of the world know him as such.

But not all of the working class has understood that the capitalist governor of Massachusetts is the consistent murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti—that is, they have not understood that Fuller, as the representative of the capitalist state would always use every weapon of force, violence and trickery against the working class under all circumstances. Many workers, especially in America where the majority of the working class is still within the capitalist political parties, do not yet understand that the capitalist government of the United States and that of the states, including Massachusetts are class organizations existing for the purpose of suppressing the workers. To put it in dramatic form, Massachusetts workers in tens and hundreds of thousands knew Gov. Fuller was the murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti, but they did not yet know that he is also the murderer of Johnny Madeiros, the striker's boy that was killed by a trooper in Fall River. They did not see that behind every private thug of the mill owners and behind every policeman's club is the capitalist class' political power.

That is because the working class generally does not yet know the connection between the capitalist state and the capitalist class including the textile mill owners. They have not yet understood that the government of a capitalist country is only the executive committee for managing the common affairs of the capitalists. And to manage the affairs of the capitalist class in Massachusetts means among other things to use the police power, the military, the courts and all other public powers to break strikes of the textile workers.

The workers have been slow to understand the nature of the capitalist state.

But the visit of a delegation of New Bedford and Fall River strikers to Fuller's office and the courageous conduct of the delegation's spokesman, Jim Reid, did something toward showing the workers that Governor Fuller or any other capitalist official of the capitalist State of Massachusetts represents, not "the people," but the capitalist class and the mill owners. When Fuller learned by the strike demands they made that the delegation was composed of real representatives of the striking textile workers, he flew into a rage and threatened to have his flunkies throw the leader of the delegation out of his office.

Did Governor Fuller consent to withdraw the armed forces controlled by him from their strikebreaking jobs at Fall River and New Bedford?

Absolutely no. He could not. He represents the mill owners as much as does any private guard or any superintendent of the mills.

Fuller's business is breaking strikes for his masters, the capitalist class including the rich mill owners. His business is killing Saccos and Vanzettis and—and Johnny Madeiros. Of course Fuller and all of the capitalist politicians (including the "socialists") would deny this. They pretend that they are representatives of "all the people." In this way they deceive millions of our class into trusting our enemies.

The delegation of forty textile workers that visited Fuller was apparently composed of workers experienced enough to know that Fuller is an enemy of our class and could do nothing for us. But by visiting Fuller and compelling him to say that he would not withdraw the armed thugs of the state from the strike situation, the delegation compelled Fuller to expose himself to many more thousands of workers who had not yet understood that they can place no reliance in the capitalist government.

These workers will continue to learn more clearly by every experience of the strike that the enemy that faces them is the capitalist class and its state organization. They will learn that every class struggle is a political struggle.

* * *

The textile workers of Massachusetts must learn to connect their struggles on the picket line with the political struggle in order to make themselves and our whole class powerful enough to defeat our enemies. They must vote in this election, not for the political parties of the mill owners' class, but for their own class party—the Workers (Communist) Party. They must leave the political parties of the mill owners' class and join their own Workers Party.

And strengthen the picket lines! Don't put your faith in agents of the capitalist class!

* * *

Why did Fuller, while practically throwing out of his office a delegation representative of the striking workers, show such a friendly attitude toward Mr. Batty, Mr. Binns and other "labor" fakers? Because Batty and Binns and their kind are professional tricksters engaged in strikebreaking for the bosses and in trying to prevent the organization of a powerful Textile Union that will fight for the workers. The mill bosses (and their little governor) hate the Textile Mill Committees because the Textile Mill Committees, formed by the workers themselves, are fighting bravely and effectively to keep the bosses from cutting wages. Batty, Binns and company are trying to prevent the formation of the new Union, and therefore are on friendly terms with the bosses and Fuller.

The oppressed and exploited textile workers of the entire country should hasten their preparations for the great Textile Convention on September 22. All textile workers must see to it that their delegates are elected and that this great conference results in building a powerful national union that will fight effectively.

And the working class everywhere must give generously to the support of the textile workers through the Workers' International Relief. The textile workers are fighting not for themselves alone, but for the entire working class, and we must help them.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

The drive to sell 100,000 copies of the Platform of the Class Struggle is now well under way. The Jewish fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party has published an edition of 15,000 copies and a Finnish edition has already ordered 1,000 copies.

* * *

To offset the influx of G. O. P. stalwarts into the ranks of the democratic party two big Tammany sewer pipe grafters had their brains blown out. At least they were found shot through the head. It would even things up considerably if the "oily" republican grafters went and did likewise.

* * *

Benjamin Gitlow has started on a nationwide tour in behalf of the Communist election campaign. Gitlow, the Communist vice-presidential nominee started on Sept. 1 with a meeting in the anthracite region. Foster opens his tour on Sept. 9 in Detroit.

* * *

With seventeen states already on the ballot the comrades are enthusiastic over the prospect of getting the thirty states originally planned by the National Election Campaign Committee on the Communist ballot. By the time this appears in print other important industrial states will be filed and the stories carried in the Party press.

* * *

The Ohio comrades did splendid work in collecting 20,000 signatures in a comparatively short time. This huge task was accomplished by voluntary effort, the comrades working at it in their spare time. What has been accomplished in Ohio can be done in every other state.

* * *

Campaign fund contributions keep pouring in. The piles of blanks with contributions from twenty to one dollar bills are coming in every day. Members of the Workers (Communist) Party and Communist sympathizers have contributed generously to relief for the striking miners and textile workers, but they realize that the election campaign offers the Party the best opportunity it ever had for establishing itself throughout the United States as the only party of the workingclass, a party that leads and fights with them in their everyday struggle and organizes them for the final struggle against capitalism and for the organization of a Workers and Farmers Government.

* * *

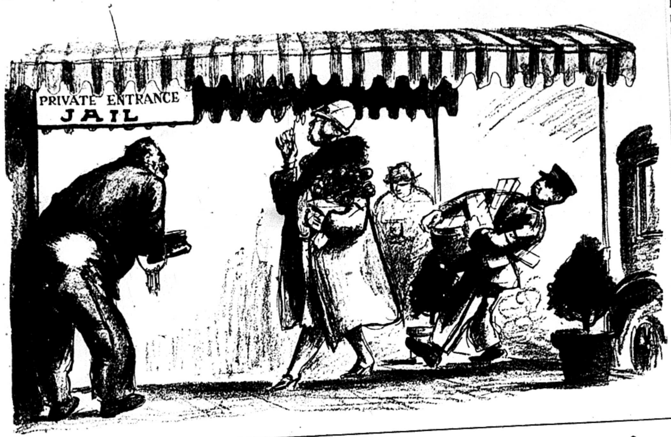
The comrades in Utah are well on the road to success in putting the Communist ticket on the ballot there. Utah is a hotbed of reaction and the authorities are placing many obstacles in the way of getting the Communist ticket on the ballot. But the more opposition the harder our comrades in Utah work.

* * *

The slaves of Ford and General Motors will have an opportunity to hear the message of the class struggle when William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, speaks in Detroit on Sept. 9, in Danceland Auditorium and later on in Flint. Foster will have some interesting things to say about the "benevolent" open-shopper, Ford, who is supporting Hoover and the open-shop General Motors Corporation which is split between Smith and Hoover.

By Fred Ellis

MRS. KNAPP GOES TO JAIL



Lovestone Dissects U.S. Empire

Defends Bukharin's Thesis at Sixth Communist World Congress

The following speech was delivered by Comrade Jay Lovestone at the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International.

* * *

Comrades: I believe the American Party owes an explanation to the Congress for the impermissible performance of some comrades of the delegation that has come here. Allow me to assure you comrades that I do not intend to air the inner questions in detail as has been done. I merely propose to analyze the economic situation prevailing in the United States, not only from an American angle but particularly insofar as it involves the present status of international capitalism.

The comrades in the opposition of the Workers (Communist) Party are confusing the immediate economic situation with the fundamental trend of economic developments of American imperialism. We reject any schematic concept as utterly un-Leninist.

The American Party's opposition say that they accept the main line of Comrade Bukharin's theses but they have seven reservations; one, they want an elaboration of some sections; second, an emphasis on other sections; third, they say that the rate of decline in the growth of production is already clear. Then they say that the rate of increase of exports is already declining. Fourth, our opposition demands a "new emphasis" on America. Fifth, according to our opposition the thesis of Comrade Bukharin fails to show clearly the interpendence of the class struggle within the imperialist countries and the contradictions between the capitalist countries. Sixth "it is necessary that the Congress should work out a more concrete perspective or America," said Comrade Foster. Seventh, all in all, our opposition, in accepting the theses of Comrade Bukharin, say that they want "a new word" on America. Otherwise our self-styled left wing which the Comintern has repeatedly criticized for its right errors, accepts the theses of Comrade Bukharin.

Comrade Bukharin says that American imperialism is still on the ascent; that the very prowess of American imperialism is the basis of rationalization in Europe. The Central Executive Committee maintains that American imperialism is still on the ascendant. Our comrades of the opposition charge that we advertise American imperialism because we recognize as an objective, though objectionable fact, the existing prowess of American imperialism. For instance, the other day in our July 4 demonstrations, when our comrades were arrested for anti-imperialist acts, we were "salesmen" of Wall Street. And look at this piece of advertising that has been put into the theses of Comrade Bukharin—advertising American imperialism—in the language of our opposition:

"The general social and economic basis of this fact is the slow rate of development of the crisis of capitalism in the course of which one of its principal component parts is on the upgrade while others are undergoing a process of relatively slow decline. This includes the growing consolidation of the positions of the United States as the world exploiter, creditor and usurer (the 'prosperity' of the United States. . .)"

Now, what does the opposition say? I quote from their documents as follows:

"An analysis of the degree of ripeness of these contradictions will show that American capitalism is about to reach the apex of its growth."

This is taken from the Bittelman-Foster thesis. Secondly, "The present economic depression must inevitably become the forerunner of a deep-going crisis." Third, before the Presidium of the Comintern, Comrade Dunne declared:

"Furthermore, our Party and in this all of us are involved, but of course most of the responsibility rests on the majority of the C. E. C.—have under-estimated the rapidity of the development of the class struggle in America, underestimated the tempo both of the decline of the American national economy and the will and the desire of the masses to struggle."

A few words about the present economic situation in the United States. Yes, there is an acute depression in the United States today. Basic features of this depression are shown in mass unemployment, arising first of all from the depression itself and secondly from the tremendous rationalization process which is producing an army of virtually permanently "disemployed" workers. Secondly:—the mass production which has been the very boast and pride of the development of American imperialism is bringing on sharp contradictions in its course. Thirdly: the credit situation—with America as the leading world creditor—is in a crisis, because of the terrific plethora of capital. There are also crises in different industries. But these crises are not elements of decay, elements of decline, but on the other hand are symptoms of growth of rationalization in these industries. For examples, I mention coal, oil, textiles.

Are there contradictions in American imperialism? I refer you to the fact that at the February Plenum of our Central Committee the thesis presented to the Central Committee and voted for by the opposition pointed out very sharply a number of contradictions in American imperialism. Merely to enumerate these are: 1. The large excess productive capacities as indicated in the "over-development" of certain industries. 2. The deepening fundamentally critical condition of agriculture. 3. The superabundance of credit. 4. Intensive installment buying which really should be called over-buying or over-selling. To a large extent American prosperity is based on installment buying. This mortgage on the future purchasing power of the workers and farmers which may for a time defer an economic depression, will become an aggravating force of an economic crisis, once it sets in. 5. Derangement of certain basic industries. This is due for the time to insufficient rationalization and being appendage industries, like coal to steel and rails, and like coal and oil being more subject to distributing conditions of the world market than other industries. 6. The rapid development of great international cartels in Europe indicates a growing capacity of other imperialist powers not only to challenge but also to undermine the supremacy of American imperialism. 7. American imperialism is dependent on other imperialist powers for certain basic raw materials, as rubber, nitrates, oil, tin, nickel, etc. 8. The increasing export of capital creates for American imperialism a problem in the final repayment of commodities.

We have elaborated and emphasized the contradictions developing in American imperialism and the opportunities for work for our Party growing out of the conditions arising from these very contradictions. Are there already visible elements of decay? Yes! And we have pointed out very emphatically such elements of decay in American imperialism as the development of a rentier class, the narrowing domestic market hitherto largely the very base of American prosperity.

But we must not overlook its certain strength and special reserve powers.

However, when we look at this reserve power we do not become pessimistic. We say that in this very aggression of American imperialism we find the basis for the increased militarization as well as the certainty of America being involved in the coming imperialist war. In appraising the role of American imperialism we must not over-estimate the strength of American capitalism. There are forces gnawing at its very vitals despite the outward substantial signs of prosperity. Above all, we must keep in mind the fact that international capitalism is now in its last stage—the decadent stage of imperialism.

Comrades, our opposition sees only either the contradictions or strength. They cannot see, at the same time, that the very strength of American imperialism brings about contradictions and hence increasing opportunities for our Party's working.

Now I want to examine some of the criticisms made of Comrade Bukharin's theses by our opposition.

The vitality of American imperialism is not to be measured by mere figures of the value of commodities produced in certain years, but by the whole system of rationalization, particularly by the productivity status of the individual productive unit, that is, by the productivity per man per hour.

The number of persons engaged in industry for the product of one hundred men in 1914 is as follows:

Year	Number of Men (approximately)
1919	102.2
1921	99.6
1923	80.5
1925	71.0
1927	64.0

Up to 1919 employment and productivity had increased simultaneously. Now the trend indicates continued increase in productivity but, particularly in the last three years, a marked decrease in the number of men employed in the manufacturing industries. The average work- of men employed in the manufacturing industries increased about 45 per cent in 1927 above 1914.

The second point. Comrade Bittelman says that there is a decline in the rate of increase of exports. It is silly to compare the present years with the war years, as Comrade Bittelman has done. First of all, the war and immediate post-war years are an unusual period. Secondly we must examine the values in pre-war dollars and not stop at mere superficial dollar value. In order to have correctness in this respect, we should not take the years of 1919-21 for they are not the proper base to take. The United States is not living in a vacuum. We must look at it in relation to other imperialist powers. The question is: is the United States still beating in the world market all other imperialist powers? We say, yes. It is this that indicates the present strength and prowess of American imperialism. On this basis American exports are still expanding despite Bittelman's figures.

But why does Comrade Bittelman leave out the question of the trend in the export of capital which is the very key to the present international situation? These facts show that American imperialism is still on the upgrade. We herewith produce the following table:

American Export of Capital.

Year	Amount
1923	$ 414,000,000
1924	878,000,000
1925	1,031,000,000
1926	1,135,000,000
1927	1,377,000,000

These figures are exclusive of refunding loans and are the net amount of additional new capital exported within these years.

For the last six months of 1928 America has exported $1,053,164,000: This compared with $794,277,000 in the first half of 1927. It is a fact that American capitalism is investing in foreign securities and in domestic securities for export and at home, a thousand dollar per business second.

Now Comrade Bittelman's main argument to prove his fallacious theory of the decline of American imperialism is that the percentage of national income received by the workers is decreasing. Comrade Bittelman cites this in order to show the increasing misery of the American workers. He forgets that though it is absolutely true that the rate of exploitation of the American workers is increasing, this fact in itself does not mean that their condition is getting worse. A smaller share of a bigger national income is bigger than a larger share of a smaller national income. To prove our point we herewith indicate the constant rate of increase in the growth of the national income of the United States:

Year	Amount of Income
1921	$62,736,000,000
1922	65,567,000,000
1923	76,769,000,000
1924	79,365,000,000
1925	86,461,000,000
1926	89,682,000,000

Here we have an increase of $28,-000,000,000 in seven years—a pretty rapid decline!

Comrade Varga is correct when he states that the American standard of living is not going down. The fact of the matter is that the real income has been increasing 7 per cent every year. What the opposition confuses is real wages with the rate of exploitation.

Now from this fallacious income analysis Comrade Bittelman comes to his most "damaging" conclusion against the theses proposed by Bukharin. He says: "The theses do not bring out sufficiently the dependence between the outer and inner conflicts of imperialism." Comrade Bittelman wants to create the impression that Bukharin's theses tried to explain the conflict among the imperialist powers without a class basis, without linking them up with the relations of the classes in the various countries.

It goes without saying that this is a ridiculous charge which, if it were true, would challenge the whole Marxian basis of the theses proposed by Comrade Bukharin in behalf of the Russian delegation.

(To Be Continued.)

Congratulates Moore on Expose of Randolph

From Seattle, Wash., has come a letter congratulating Richard B. Moore, national organizer of the American Negro Labor Congress and Communist candidate for Congress for his expose of the misleaders of the Pullman Porters Union. The letter, written by John W. Carr, follows:

"Dear Comrade Moore:

"I have read with genuine gratefulness your 'Open Letter to Mr. Philip Randolph' on page 11 of the 'Negro Champion' of Aug. 8. I am a member of the Communist Party and International Labor Defense, and moreover, being a member of the Negro race, I am watching every advance movement.

"Please send me full information regarding the American Negro Labor Congress. How may I become a member? And how may a branch be established in Seattle?

"Also permit me to bid you success in your race for Congress.

"Earnestly yours, my dear comrade,
"JOHN W. CARR."

Told You So

IT has been reported to me that all doubts as to my nationality have been dispelled by the photo published at the head of this column, but I am going to risk reviving those doubts by becoming a salesman for the day. If I succeed in convincing a goodly number of the readers of the Daily Worker that they should do as I suggest, they may come to the conclusion that I am too good a salesman to come from the Emerald Isle and if I don't, the business manager will come to the conclusion that no other country would produce me. Like the presbyterian, I am damned either way.

* * *

ANYHOW a fellow is always taking chances unless he is stowed away comfortably in a nice quiet graveyard, so here goes. Those of you who read the Daily Worker, from front to rear, including the advertisements, have noticed that we have started a subscription drive. This drive will last for the duration of the election campaign. The Workers (Communist) Party of which the Daily Worker is the central organ, is the only political party in the United States that combines a subscription drive with an election campaign. One is complementary to the other.

T. J. O'Flaherty

* * *

THE big difference between the attitude of the Workers (Communist) Party and capitalist parties towards election campaigns is mirrored in this subscription drive. The capitalist parties are out for votes, and we include in this category the caricature of a socialist party, headed by Norman Thomas. The Communists are in the campaign to make revolutionists by agitation and propaganda, to help in the organization of militant industrial unions and to bring all class-conscious workers into the Communist Party.

* * *

CONVINCING workers to vote the Communist ticket is an extremely important duty. Getting those voters to subscribe to the Daily Worker is doubly important. The speeches made by Communist speakers during an election campaign may be quickly forgotten by thousands of workers on whom they made an impression at the moment. Even workers who vote for the Communist ticket as a result of those speeches may become lost to the movement afterwards unless they are kept constantly in touch with the activities of the Workers (Communist) Party. But when you get a worker to subscribe to the Daily Worker, there is a strong possibility that he will become a convinced Communist and a member of the Party.

* * *

SHOULD the Communist ticket poll 100,000 votes in this election campaign and secure 10,000 new readers for the Daily Worker and 5,000 new members for the Workers (Communist) Party, this would be considered by the Central Executive Committee of the Party a more successful election campaign than if the Party ticket polled 250,000 votes, but failed to secure any subscriptions to the Daily or any new members for the Party. Such a campaign would be hardly worth the time and energy expended on it. It would be only a bubble, like the campaigns of the socialist party which always put the emphasis on votes. This is not the kind of a campaign that the Communist Party is making.

* * *

THERE are wonderful possibilities for realizing the goal of 10,000 new subscribers for the Daily Worker between now and voting day in November. Every worker who signs his name to a Communist petition is a prospect for a sub. In the state of Ohio alone the comrades collecte 20,000 signatures. Ten thousand o those were collected in Clevelan If only one out of every twenty o those signers could be induced subscribe to the Daily Worker would be a great accomplishme and a guarantee for broadening t base of the Party in Ohio. This plies to every other state.

* * *

OUR readers must not come to t conclusion that the subscripti list is closed to members of t Party. They should be the first subscribe. The business mana will tell you that papers sold on newsstand are a financial loss, the Daily Worker Publishing Co pany. It is better that the p made by the distributor and news-agents should go where it do most good, in the coffers of Daily Worker, tho everything sh be done to encourage newsst sales. A revolutionary newsp is usually published at a loss. big business advertisers that en the capitalist newspapers to large editions with all kinds of tures would not give a Polish to the Daily Worker, which dep almost entirely on subscription contributions from the worker

Tom O'Flahe

COMMUNIST PARTY GOES ON BALLOT IN KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

2 MINE DELEGATES SHOT!

WORKERS PARTY ON BALLOT IN 2 MORE STATES

Kentucky, Tennessee Have Candidates on Red Ticket

Rally Negro Workers

Foster and Gitlow Will Tour South

The Communist Election Campaign has scored another great triumph in the hitherto solid south, having succeeded in placing its national and state tickets on the ballot in the open-shop mining states of Kentucky and Tennessee, bringing the total number of states on the Communist ballot up to 19, five of which are below the Mason and Dixon line.

The Workers (Communist) Party ticket is now on the ballot in the following states: Kentucky, Tennessee, West Virginia, South Dakota, New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Ohio, Michigan, Iowa, Illinois, Nebraska, Kansas, Arizona, Montana, New Mexico, Texas, and Arkansas. This is five more than the total on the ballot in 1924.

Open-Shop Mine Center.

Kentucky, known as the Blue Grass State, is a great open-shop mining center in which the United Mine Workers of America never succeeded in making much headway, because of the failure of John L. Lewis to send capable organizers into the state and the semi-feudal conditions that prevail there.

The output of the open-shop coal mines in Kentucky helped considerably to break the great bituminous strike that raged in Pennsylvania and Ohio for over a year, ending with the surrender of John L. Lewis to the coal operators.

The advent of the Workers (Communist) Party in Kentucky is certain to give fresh impetus to the work of organizing the non-union miners in that state. Already organizers have been sent into Kentucky by the arrangements committee of the New Miners Union, whose national organizing conference in Pittsburgh opens tomorrow. The miners in the Blue Grass State are anxious to join a union that will fight for their interests, but they refuse to have anything to do with the U. M. W. A., officered by reactionary tools of the republican and democratic parties.

No Party Organization.

There was no Party organization in Kentucky and only a few Party members when Comrade Judson of the Cleveland district was sent into the state a few months ago to organize the campaign for placing the Communist ticket on the ballot. Through the few Party members he was able to make contact with several sympathizers who joined the organization after consenting to act as electors. Several more have joined the Party since then.

Tennessee is also bidding for further fame by having a Communist ticket on the ballot for the first time in history. Like Kentucky, Tennessee is an open-shop coal mining state. The president and only official of District 19 of the U. M. W. A., William Turnblazer, has a post-office box address at Jellico, but, though his name sounds hot, that gentleman has done little or nothing to bring the coal diggers inside the ranks of organized labor.

Pioneer Work.

Judson, who organized the drive to put the Communist ticket on the ballot in Tennessee, had to do pioneering work. Outside of a few Communists and sympathizers, there was hardly any party organization, but the sentiment for the program of the class struggle was so strong in that open-shop, low-wage state that within a few weeks he had succeeded in holding a state convention and complying with the legal requirement for getting the ticket on the ballot.

The National Election Campaign Committee is now working to line up Virginia, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Louisiana and Mississippi, and several organizers sent from headquarters in New York are busily engaged collecting signatures and lining up Communist sympathizers.

Continued on Page Three

Communist Nominee

Edward Welsh, Workers (Communist) Party candidate in the twenty-first assembly district, New York City.

KENOSHA WRIT NOW PERMANENT

Scabs Still Planting Bomb Frame-ups

KENOSHA, Wis., Sept. 7.—The temporary anti-picketing injunction in force against the striking hosiery knitters here since last March was declared permanent by a ruling made yesterday by Judge Gieger in Milwaukee. In the strike, which began last February when the Allen-A Company tried to enforce a speed-up system, the knitters defiantly violated the strikebreaking writ, despite sentences meted out for "contempt of court."

In addition to granting permanence to the injunction, Federal Judge Geiger awarded the company permission to sue for legal costs and damages allegedly suffered by the hose mill owners. A new batch of strikers, who are charged with "injunction violation," were ordered brought to trial at an early date by Geiger. It is expected that the workers will be haled into court early in October.

Although unsuccessful as yet in putting across a successful frame-up of strikers for "bombing" the homes of strikebreakers, agents of the employers still continue to ar-

Continued on Page Five

D'OLIER FEARED MURDER ATTEMPT

Brother Charges Sewer Grafters Responsible

William L. D'Olier, important witness in the Queens borough sewer graft investigation who was found shot to death under mysterious circumstances last Sunday, was "marked for death," according to two witnesses before the grand jury investigating the $29,500,000 sewer scandal.

Gilbert C. Waldron, long a business associate of D'Olier, and Henry D'Olier of Bridgeport, brother of the dead man, were responsible for the assertions that gunmen hired by sewer grafters killed the witness rather than that he had taken his own life.

Waldrop said that D'Olier told him Saturday night before the shooting that he was afraid. It also was pointed out that D'Olier had purchased a revolver—which was not used in the shooting—for the purpose of protecting himself.

BRITISH UNION CHIEFS REJECT LABOR UNITY

Defeat Move to Resume Relations With USSR Unions

Men Condemn Decision

Effect of Cook Speech Is Profound

LONDON, Sept. 7.—Officials of the British Trades Union Congress in session in Swansea, Wales, today succeeded in defeating the desire of the overwhelming majority of the rank and file unionists to resume relations with the Soviet trade unions.

Leaders of the Congress who two days ago were active in expelling Communists and members of the minority movement from the hall in an effort to silence criticism of their policies today fought the proposal to resume relations.

Following close on the heels of this wholesale flouting of trade union opinion, the officials blocked proposals to convene a world conference to discuss the formation of a single, all embracing international trades union.

The collapse of A. J. Cook yesterday while making a single handed onslaught on what he characterized as policies of betrayal has had a profound affect upon the membership of the unions, and today's action of the officials has met widespread condemnation in many quarters.

TO RENEW POWER TRUST HEARINGS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (UP).—An open session of the Federal Trade Commission's investigation of the power industry will be held Sept. 13 when documents on utilities propaganda will be offered, the commission announced today.

Witnesses will be called on Sept. 17 to testify regarding documents presented at the initial hearing. Most of these are already in the commission's possession without having been formally entered in evidence. In earlier hearings, the commission developed that utilities placed their propaganda in schools, the press, the theatre and elsewhere.

No date has yet been set for hearings on propaganda work in West Coast states. After this phase is ended, the commission will have hearings on the financial aspect of the utilities organizations.

Plan Freiheit Gesangs Verein Picnic Sunday at Pleasant Bay Park

The annual picnic of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held tomorrow at Pleasant Bay Park.

The Freiheit Gesangs Verein, under the direction of Lazar Weiner, will render a program of songs and classics, many of which have heretofore never been performed by the organization.

To reach the picnic grounds, the I. R. T. Lexington Ave. train should be taken to the 177th St. station. Then change to the Grand Union car to the end of the line, where a bus will take the picknickers to Pleasant Bay Park.

FOSTER BEGINS TOUR

Interview With Communist Candidate

William Z. Foster, presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, left late last night for Detroit and Flint, Mich., where he will open his nation-wide campaign tour on Sunday. He will speak in Flint in the afternoon and in Detroit in the evening.

Just before he left on the tour which will take him into a large number of important industrial centers, including as far west as Spokane, Wash., and as far south as Alabama and Georgia, Foster met reporters from a number of capitalists newspapers, outlined the issues which he will emphasize on his tour. The interview took place at the national headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, 43 E. 125th St.

In response to questions Foster told of the energetic campaign now being conducted by the Party.

Foster answered questions on the

Continued on Page Two

11 Indictments Against Knapp To Be Dropped

ALBANY, Sept. 7.—Eleven remaining indictments against Mrs. Knapp in connection with the embezzlement of thousands of dollars of the 1925 million-dollar census funds, will be dropped, it was revealed today.

Mrs. Knapp

At the same time lawyers for the former republican secretary of state announced that she has definitely decided to abandon all legal moves to secure her release from a theoretical sentence of 30 days in the Albany County Jail. Mrs. Knapp was sentenced on Monday, and until today she rested leisurely in the private home of the county sheriff. Today, evidently as a result of the ridicule heaped upon the authorities because of their obvious efforts in coddling the G. O. P. embezzler, Mrs. Knapp has been transferred to the "hospital" of the jail. Here, it is believed, she will receive the same lavish attention that has been bestowed upon her by the prison authorities since she arrived here.

STANDARD OIL MAN FOR SMITH

Democrats Get $500,000 in One Month

Edward S. Harkness, financier and high official of the Standard Oil Company yesterday announced his support of Tammany Al Smith. He accompanied his endorsement with a check for $10,000, which, democratic campaign leaders hope will be but a prelude to larger sums before the presidential election takes place in November.

Coincident with the announcement of Harkness' contribution, the "official" monthly report of donations received was made by Col. Herbert H. Lehman, director of finance of the National Democratic Committee. Contributions totalled almost half million dollars—$438,919. 15 were formally reported to have been obtained by the committee in the single month of August. This is one-sixth of the goal set by the committee for the entire campaign.

The contribution by Harkness is one of a long list of substantial donations made by powerful American industrialists to both twin parties of Wall Street.

RUMOR BRITAIN MAY VOID PACT

LONDON, Sept. 7.—With the objections of the United States made unmistakably clear, the British Cabinet is planning to nullify its arms pact with France, according to rumors widely circulated here.

The rumored action on the part of the Cabinet in no way lessons the hostility between Great Britain and the United States, according to well-informed opinion. It merely means if the rumors are correct that the British government finds it inadvisable at the present stage to carry thru its pact. The terms of the treaty leaked out in spite of every effort on the part of the British and French governments to keep them quiet.

It has also been suggested that the rumored Cabinet decision may be a blind for carrying the treaty into effect.

H. Gordon at Speakers Conference Today at 2

The weekly speakers conference of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, will be held at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Sq., at 2 p. m. today. Hyman Gordon, the principal speaker, will discuss the Youth Election Campaign.

MILL STRIKERS MASS PICKETING SELL-OUT PARLEY

Many March Around New Bedford Hotel as Police Rally

UTW Men Join Pickets

"Only T. M. C. Can End Strike," Signs Say

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 7.—Hundreds of striking workers now gathering in picket formation around the New Bedford Hotel where representatives of the Cotton Manufacturers' Association and the officialdom of the A. F. of L. Textile Council are meeting in conference to sell out the 21 week old anti-wage cut struggle of the 28,000 mill operatives.

Thousands of pickets are expected to arrive while the police are busily massing reserves nearby. Interspersing the crowds of Textile Mill Committee members are also members of the A. F. of L. union who are joining in the struggle against a betrayal of the strike.

Those picketing are carrying numerous placards denouncing Batty and his henchmen as strikebreakers. Some of them read: "No Compromise!, No Sell-Out!" "We Demand Rank and File Negotiations!" "A Settlement Without the T. M. C. is a Sell-Out!" "The T. M. C. Led the Picket Lines, the T. M. C. Will Settle For Us!"

The employers had signified their willingness to meet Batty early this afternoon and the conference for the betrayal were quickly arranged for the same evening, having begun at 7:30 this evening.

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 7.—Acting informally until today in all their strikebreaking attempts to grant the speed-up system to the mill owners, Batty and Co., leaders of the A. F. of L. Textile Council yesterday publicly conceded the vicious "Frieder Plan" system to the bosses in accepting an invitation to confer with them on the ending of the strike. The invitation was tendered to the Textile Council and to the cotton manufacturers by the Citizens Mediation Committee. Eager acceptance to confer is expected from the employers momentarily.

The traitorous step of accepting the invitation to the conference with an endorsement of the speed-up system, was taken by the A. F. of L. officials at a time when the capitalist press was compelled to print stories heralding an imminent break in the ranks of the mill owners' association.

In granting the employers the advance privilege of installing an "efficiency system" that would mean a bigger cut than the ten per cent that precipitated the strike, Batty declared, "The Council believes that the interests of the workers, stockholders, consumers, and the community is more secure where the industry is scientifically and efficiently operated. We understand that a truly scientific plan for operating the industry is impossible without our co-operation. . . . We sincerely hope that the conference will accomplish its object in the greatest possible degree."

The "fly in the ointment" of both the manufacturers and the labor betrayers is, however, that any sell-out pact reached by them will not result in any wide-scale reopening of the 56 mills closed down for the last 21 weeks. Conclusion of a fake settlement will not result in a return of the workers to the mills, but the mill

Continued on Page Three

Bronx Young Workers in Big Signature Drive

The members of all the four units of the Bronx section of the Young Workers (Communist) League will meet tomorrow, at 9 a. m. at the Section headquarters, 2075 Clinton Ave., to rally for the big signature drive to put the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in the Bronx.

Each young worker will be expected to report promptly, because the work is the most important to the Party at the present time.

2 on Verge of Death When Lewis Stool Pigeon Fires as Bentleyville Miners Back Move For New Union

Militants Rally to Build New Union Despite Terror by Reactionary Lewis Machine; Hundreds to Take Part

Delegates From Kansas, Pennsylvania Arrive; Kentucky, Missouri, Illinois, West Virginia, Maryland Miners Due Today

(Special by Long Distance Phone to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 7.—Hardly had the riddled body of Frank Bonita, mine militant, been buried in Wilkesbarre, when two more progressive miners, delegates to the National Miners' Convention which opens here Sunday, were shot by a Lewis stoolpigeon at a local meeting in Bentleyville.

MINERS DEFY LEWIS MACHINE.

In spite of the terror, miners throughout the country are going ahead with the fight to build the new national union. Delegates continue to pour into Pittsburgh for the convention opening tomorrow which will begin the construction of the new organization.

Headquarters of New Bedford Strike Relief

Above the headquarters of the Workers International Relief in the south end, New Bedford, Mass. The W. I. R. has been giving aid to thousands of striking textile workers now in the twenty-first week of their walk-out. This work requires the greatest possible assistance from all workers thruout the United States and they are requested to send contributions and clothing to the Workers International Relief, 49 Williams St., New Bedford, Mass.

Progressives Dying.

George Moran and Frank Kovac are now lying at the point of death in a hospital and Kovac's young son is seriously wounded as a result of a bloody attack made on the progressive miners by Louis Carboni, who for a long time has posed as a progressive while undermining the work of the progressives in the building of a new national miners' union.

Immediately after the shooting, Carboni fled to the hills and is now being sought.

Rank and File Back Militants.

The shooting followed a heated discussion on a motion pushed by Carboni, who was chairman of the meeting, that the delegates chosen to attend the convention should not attend. When the motion was overwhelmingly defeated by the rank and file, Carboni approached the progressive delegates and opened fire.

Frantic at the determination of the miners to form a new union, Lewis has been rounding up all his paid thugs and henchmen for a campaign of terror against the militants. Rank and file miners throughout the country are answering this attack with added determination to oust the corrupt Lewis terror-machine and build on its ruins a new fighting organization.

* * *

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 7.—With the arrival of Tom Wakefield and the first delegation of 10 rank and file miners from Kansas yesterday the National Miners Convention to build a new union was launched, though its sessions do not officially open until tomorrow.

Tom Wray with part of the delegation from McDonald, Pa., where the Pittsburgh Coal Company has been open shop since 1925 and where Lewis last month withdrew the pickets, brought another note of militant enthusiasm to the gathering men.

The intense atmosphere, in which for the past weeks have been made the final arrangements for receiving the hundreds of delegates, who will tax the facilities of the convention,

Continued on Page Five

PICKET STEEL MILL DESPITE INJUNCTION

CANTON, Ohio, Sept. 7. — A march to the picket line such as has not yet been witnessed in the progress of the Canton steel strike was the men's answer yesterday to the Central Alloy Steel Corporation's attempt to serve injunctions on the strikers.

Following the success of the corporation in securing an injunction specifically mentioning eighty strikers by name and permitting only four men to picket the mill at one time, the 500 chippers and grinders who are in the fifth week of their struggle against the powerful steel interests, crowded an overflow meeting. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Central Alloy Steel Mill Committee.

At the same time, the scabs are leaving the mill and many are joining the ranks of the strikers. Estimates of from 900 to 1100 have been put on the number of scabs imported by the steel corporation to break the strike, but with few exceptions

Continued on Page Three

FRANKFORT, Ky.—The annual convention of the State Federation of Labor will convene in the State Capitol on Monday, September 17.

Greek Workers Center Opening Is Postponed Until Next Saturday

The Greek Workers Progressive Center, which was originally announced to be opened tomorrow, has postponed its opening celebration one week until Saturday, Sept. 15. On that day, a huge banquet and dance will be held at the new Center, which is located at 101 West 28th St. in order to open the activities in a fitting manner.

At the banquet next Saturday, dancing to the music of a five-piece professional jazz band will begin immediately after the workers have packed the luscious feast away. New features are also promised, but the nature of them will not be revealed until the festive night.

RAP 'TAMMANY AL.'

DERBY, Conn., Sept. 7.—Tammany Al Smith was last night characterized as an executive who has burdened the state of New York with a staggering load of taxation by Schuyler Merritt, of this city.

SUPPORT BAZAAR, CALL

Communist Party Appeals to Workers

An appeal to all units of the Workers (Communist) Party and all sympathetic organizations to rally behind National Bazaar Week, Sept. 10 to 17 was issued last night by the Central Executive Committee of the Party. National Bazaar Week will mobilize all forces for the great Daily Worker-Freiheit bazaar in Madison Square Garden, Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7.

The appeal follows:

"The Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party considers the Joint Bazaar arranged for the benefit of the Daily Worker and the Freiheit for Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7 at Madison Square Garden in New York City an event of highest national importance. At this particular moment, when large sections of the American working class are engaged in bitter struggles against the bosses, of betrayal of the workers by the labor bureau-

Continued on Page Three

JINGOES ATTACK BAY RIDGE MEET

An open-air meeting, arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party at 50th St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn, was last night attacked by a group of 15 American Legion jingoes. The police, as is usually the case when Legion attacks on Communist meetings are planned, were nowhere to be seen in the vicinity.

The meeting opened shortly after 8:30 p. m., with Schwatzberg of the Young Workers (Communist) League acting as chairman. The first speaker, Reice, was comparatively unmolested, although the jingoes shouted and shoved and disturbed the meeting in many other ways. It was when I. Zimmerman took the platform to speak that the Legionnaires began to shove forward until they had completely surrounded the rostrum.

WORKER, FACE BLOODY AND SWOLLEN, TELLS I. L. D. STORY OF BEATING BY COMPANY POLICE

His face swollen and blue, Michael Intravator, an American-born worker of Italian descent, stood in the office of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, yesterday, an eloquent witness to police and boss brutality against all workers suspected of radical sympathies.

Intravator told the following story:

He had been employed as a cleaner at the Pennsylvania Railroad and had been laid off some time ago, but was told by Superintendent Tracy that he might come around from time to time to see if there was any work. On Wednesday Intravator came to the office again and asked for work. He was told by Moloney, another member of the department, to report at 1 a. m. for work on the night shift.

Overjoyed at getting a job again, Intravator reported promptly at 1 a. m., ready to start work. Near the Pennsylvania Railroad office a Pennsylvania Railroad policeman stopped him and began talking in a threatening manner to him. Soon two plain-clothes men came along and the three of them began dragging Intravator away. Superintendent Tracy and Moloney watched the proceedings, but did not interfere.

The three guardians of "law and order" dragged Intravator to a dark room in the Pennsylvania station and began beating and abusing the worker mercilessly. While they were beating him they kept asking him what nationality he was and to what organization he belonged. Intravator told them that he was an Italian and that he was not a member of any organization, but this had no effect on the three officers, who continued to beat him until he was nearly unconscious. Then they threw him out of the room.

Intravator has a brother, Jack Intravator, a member of the Workers (Communist) Party, and this fact is believed to have been responsible for the brutal police attack on him, made with the sanction of the flunkeys of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The New York Section of the International Labor Defense has started an investigation into the case.

Expelled Progressives Lead Members in Launching a New Butcher Workers Union

UNITED HEBREW TRADES FAKERS SPLIT OLD UNION

Militants Will Begin Organization Drive

A large section of the membership of the Jewish Butcher Workers Union, which is affiliated with the reactionary United Hebrew Trades, revolted against the union wrecking tactics of their socialist officialdom, and called upon the six progressives expelled from the old union several days ago, to form a new and genuinely democratic organization which will conduct an honest fight for the betterment of working standards. This was formally accomplished yesterday when the establishment of the Progressive Butchers Union was announced.

When the campaign of disruption carried on for the past few months by the right wing leaders of the old union reached its climax by the expulsion of the six progressive workers at a membership meeting early this week, a large section of the membership decided to call a halt to the reactionary policies of the right wing leaders.

But when the expulsion of the six workers was followed up by attempts at removing them from their jobs, by threatening violence to the militants involved, two reactions took place. One was the driving away of the right wing official who came to order the dismissal of the militant from his place of work, at 14 Rutgers place and the other was the crystallized decision to cut away from the nest of grafters that compose the decayed United Hebrew Trades Union.

With the beginning of the new week the leaders of the new union movement declare thy expect to have enrolled more than half of the present membership of the old union. In a few days, the progressive leaders announced, the new union will choose permanent officers for the prosecution of the contemplated organization drive. The ousted workers were expelled because they were chosen as a committee to investigate the finance accounts kept by the socialist bureaucrats.

In taking this step the butcher workers become the second organization to launch an open struggle against the United Hebrew Trades. The first was the Retail Fruit, Grocery and Dairy Clerks Union, whose bitter struggle with the U. H. T. thugs ended in their gaining complete control of the industry.

Taxi Chauffeurs Plan Big Mass Meet Here

Plans for a mass meeting of all taxi drivers throughout New York City and vicinity were discussed at a meeting of the newly formed Taxi Chauffeurs Union, held at the Labor Temple, 84th St. and 3rd Ave. last night.

A number of new members were taken into the union, which is now conducting an organizational drive.

FRAME FASCIST FOES

Zamboni Is Sentenced to Thirty Years

ROME, Sept. 7.—Mammolo Zamboni and his sister-in-law, Virginia Tabarroni, both on "trial" before a special fascist tribunal in connection with an attempt on the life of Mussolini in October, 1926, were today sentenced to 30 years each. Ledovico Zamboni, son of Mammolo, was acquitted.

The sentence ended a long story of personal persecution on the part of the fascist premier, dating from one of a series of "attempts" on his life in Bologna in October, 1926. Anteo Zamboni, young son of Mammolo, was lynched by a mob of blackshirts immediately after the attempt, altho his "guilt" had never been proved. The Zambonis were enemies of the fascist regime.

Considerable doubt has been expressed as to the authenticity of the series of "attempts" on Mussolini's life, and prominent labor leaders have charged that the affairs have been pre-arranged so as to offer an excuse for the fascist terror.

No injury has resulted in any of the attempts, but immediately after each severe repressions have followed, in which thousands of Italian workers were killed, injured and jailed.

The trial of the elder Zamboni and his sister-in-law was a farce, in which many witnesses were overawed who testified as to the absence of the accused from Bologna on the day of the alleged attempt. A few witnesses against the accused, all fascists, were sufficient to frame the Zambonis.

Japanese Workers Suffer in Heavy Tokio Floods

Hundreds of workers in Tokio, Japan, have been left homeless as the result of heavy rains which have inundated the streets. Above, a partially submerged quarter. Some of these sections stretch for blocks and blocks.

CAMP UNITY GOES OVER THE TOP FOR "DAILY"

From an isolated, ramshackle farmhouse in the Berkshire hills to a modern, well-equipped proletarian rest home able to accommodate nearly 1,000 workers during the sweltering summer months—this is the achievement of Camp Unity, at Wingdale, N. Y.

Place of Beauty.

Nestling in the soft, cool hills, the camp has grown phenomenally in one brief year. "When we came here," Morris Rifkin, manager of Unity reported, "we found practically nothing but scenery." Since that time a spacious, comfortable, sunny dining hall has been constructed able to accommodate one thousand guests.

Built on beautiful Lake Ellis, Camp Unity is one of the beauty spots of southern New York and a pride to the thousands of militant workers who come here each summer to refresh themselves for increased activity in the class struggle.

Recently "Daily Worker Week" was observed at Unity. More than $1,300 was contributed to the fighting daily by both camp workers and guests during that single week. From the workers alone, on jobs in the kitchen, on construction work and in the office, the sum of $501 was collected, each one donating at least one week's wages to the campaign of the "Daily."

Ingenuity Used.

Unique methods, curiously enough enjoyed by the workers present, were devised for building the fund for the Daily Worker. Various games were arranged. "Prohibitions" were the most lucrative source of revenue for the energetic directors of the campaign.

Certain activities and luxuries were prohibited in the camp, and all those indulging in these had to pay a tax to the Daily Worker. Judges were chosen and from their decisions there could be no appeal. Saturday William Abrams, member of the staff of the Communist Yiddish daily, "The Freiheit," was the field-marshal in the drive. His ingenious mind and enthusiastic spirit dominated the entire campagn.

Nucleus Active.

Primarily responsible for the success of the Daily Worker Week was the active nucleus of the Workers (Communist) Party at Unity. Bass the unit organier, was here, there and everywhere during the entire seven days of the campaign. Sam Daicksel, the sprightly social director, helped not only with his effective and eloquent announcements at dinner-time, but with concrete suggestions for adding to the "fines and punishments" of the campers.

Comrade Siegel, secretary of the co-operative which conducts Unity, made himself into a popular hero by his ingenuity in gathering funds for the Daily. Not only did the Communists at the camp throw all their energies into the campaign, but the non-Party members, many of them working at the camp, brought much enthusiasm into the drive.

Nathaniel Buchwald, dramatic critic of the Freiheit, brought his famous pipe along with him, and his fruitful and witty mind aided the campaign enormously. M. Sultan, Harry Fox, promotion manager of the Daily Worker, Dave Lyons of the W. I. R. camp, Sam Dassa, Celia Samorodin, Sophie Kniznick, Comrades Feldman and Berkowitz—all these threw themselves might and main into the campaign.

A Soviet.

Camp Unity has a Workers Council. It meets each week and takes up not only the relations of the camp employes with the management, but also recommendations for the improvement of the camp. The Workers Council was in the forefront of the campaign.

Nearly $70,000 was expended in improving the camp this year, according to manager Rifkin. A large number of workers, many of them from the native community, helped in the construction.

"In spite of the low wages generally paid in this section," said Rivkin, "these workers received the union scale. We hired no contractors, whatever. Interesting, isn't it, but many of these workers from the communities joined the Party and are now active.

No Special Privileges.

No attempt is made to create a utopia for the camp workers, the manager said. "It is unsound for an employe to expect to get special privileges here just because we are a workingclass camp. On the contrary, because we are a workingclass camp, he should be even more conscientious—he must show the true proletarian spirit."

Two thousand workers co-operate in the management of Camp Unity and in addition to the camp there is also a residence for working women at 110th St. and Seventh Ave. Here 240 girls and women find congenial homes. "The spirit there," the manager was careful to point out, "is not the Y. W. C. A. spirit." Here he said the atmosphere is one of proletarian democracy.

30 UNIONS JOIN STRIKE AID MEET

W. I. R. Textile Relief Call Answered

More than thirty New York unions and fraternal organizations have signified that they will attend the textile relief conference called by the Workers' International Relief for Saturday, Sept. 15 at Irving Plaza, according to Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York Local of the relief organization.

In a letter addressed to those unions which have not been heard from, immediate action is asked of militant union members to see that delegates are elected or appointed at once and the names and addresses sent immediately to Local New York Workers' International Relief, 1 Union Square, New York City, room 604.

The conference will start the drive for 100 per cent support for the textile strikers and their wives and children. Prompt relief means victory for the strikers. All workers in shops and factories should also have delegates appointed to represent them.

THE DAILY WORKER IN TEXTILE STRIKE

By ALBERT WEISBORD.

The Daily Worker has proved to be of really inestimable aid to the textile strikers in New Bedford and Fall River. In Fall River the capitalist press simply rotted with venemous poison against the workers. In the very first day of the strike there appeared a special editorial to the citizens of Fall River, telling them to be steady, that the red flag of Communism would never fly in Fall River and the strikers would soon be crushed. This open filth was peddled daily and appeared in every news line concerning the strike.

In New Bedford the papers, played a more clever role. In many subtle ways by boosting the labor bureaucrats, by innuendoes against the T. M. C. organizers, by playing up the strikebreaking role of the socialist party and such persons as Powers Hapgood and Mary Donovan, the New Bedford press has done its bit all too well to break the resistance of the workers.

In this situation the only paper the workers could turn to was the Daily Worker. The Daily Worker came in big bundles to the strikers and were distributed free to them. This became one of the features of the strike meetings. Almost in no time the bundles would disappear. The Daily Worker became the strikers' paper, and because of the fact that no strike bulletin could be issued in the field, became the strike bulletin of the textile strikers in the field. Already hundreds have given their names for permanent subscription. Because they have seen that only the Communist press, only the Daily Worker could be relied on day in and day out to give the correct news and to rally all forces for the defense of the strike.

Suppose there had been no Daily Worker? I can safely say that the loss of the Daily Worker to the strikers would have been a deep and telling blow which might have had the most serious effects upon the strike as a whole.

All the comrades working in the field have felt the great support the Daily gives them in mobilizing the masses and wiping out the poison that their enemies daily try to spread in the ranks of the workers.

The Party and left wing is moving along in mass work. Its effects are being felt more and more. Now more than ever we need the Daily Worker. It is up to the workers—textile and others in the various centers in the U. S. to get behind the Daily Worker campaign for 10,000 new readers.

ISSUE CALL FOR WORKING YOUTH MEET IN N. Y. C.

Unions, Clubs Will Be Represented

The Provisional Committee of the Working Youth Conference, which will be held in New York City on the 29th and 30th of September, yesterday sent out thousands of letters to young workers throughout the city and vicinity, calling upon them to attend the conference.

The call, which is sent out to all unorganized as well as organized young workers, to all local unions, and to all working youth clubs, reads in part as follows:

"A General Working Youth Conference will take place Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 29 and 30, at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave. The conference will get started Saturday afternoon at 2 p.m.

"The purpose of this conference is to help in the organization of the unorganized young workers in New York City. The purpose of the Working Youth Conference is to lay the basis for drawing the young workers in this city into the ranks of the general labor movement. The conference will help to prepare and mobilize the young workers for struggle in order to better their working conditions; to fight against wage-cuts; to abolish the speed-up system; and for the unionization of the youth.

"This Working Youth Conference will help unite the young workers with the adult workers in the common struggle against the bosses; will help prevent the bosses from employing the young workers at lower wages than the adult workers and from using the youth as scabs and strikebreakers in times of strikes. The Working Youth Conference will help to bring the young Negro workers together with the white young workers; and will fight against the double discrimination of the young Negro workers—first as young Negroes and then as young workers.

"Please read this call at your local meeting, at the youth club meeting, at the meeting of workers in the organized shops, and at the meeting of the shop committee. Please read the enclosed resolution. Send in the names and addresses of the delegates elected to the Working Youth Conference."

Brothers of Murdered D'Olier, Smiling

From left to right: Francis D'Olier, Gilbert Waldrop and Henry D'Olier, the brothers of the murdered L. D'Olier and their counsel. D'Olier is believed to have been murdered for knowing too much about the Queens sewer graft scandal.

FOSTER LEAVES ON U. S. TOUR

Is Interviewed on Eve of Departure

Continued from Page One

Kellogg "peace" pact, the socialist party, unemployment, the Negro, prohibition, the present plight of the impoverished farmers, the new miners' union, the New Bedford strike.

The Communist candidates are now on the ballot in 19 states, including several backward southern states, Foster said. In response to a question from one of the reporters as to whether or not he expected to win any of the states, Foster replied:

"Our program is based on a larger perspective than just that. We have no illusions about our ability to win states just at this time. We will nevertheless carry on an energetic campaign of propaganda and organization among the masses of the workers and farmers thruout the United States."

Kellogg Pact.

Discussing the Kellogg "peace" pact, Foster told the reporters that it was a fake gesture, forced by the proposal made by the Soviet Union at Geneva for complete scrapping of armaments. Unmasked by the comprehensive proposal of the U. S. S. R. Foster said, the world imperialists are now backing the Kellogg scheme in an effort to hide their preparations for a new bloody war.

Primarily, Foster said, the Kellogg pact is intended as a move against the Soviet Union. "The utter insincerity of the scheme," he said, "was conclusively revealed in the statement which accompanied Soviet Russia's adherance to the pact."

Its Greatest Support.

The candidates and platform of the Workers (Communist) Party will get their greatest support in the coming election, Foster said, in those sections where the Party has taken an active, and often a leading role in the industrial struggles. Foster cited the activity of militants in the mine, needle trades and textile struggles.

"Thousands of farmers," the Communist candidate said, "bankrupt and impoverished, and convinced of the futility of expecting genuine aid from the capitalist government, will rally to the banner of our Party."

Declaring that most of the so-called leaders of the discontented farmers have been repeatedly bribed in one form or another, Foster cited the case of the McNary-Haugen bill. "Curious, isn't it," Foster said, "that McNary, the co-author of the bill, immediately after President Coolidge vetoed the bill, suddenly announced his support of Coolidge."

In response to another question, Foster said that no issues existed between the republican and democratic parties. "They are both parties of business," he said. Foster cited the fact that many powerful corporations are investing in the campaign funds of both parties. "Insull of Illinois, who made handsome contributions to both parties, is only one of the gang," he said.

Work Among Negroes.

Foster told of the campaign tours being arranged by the Workers Party throughout the United States. "Our speakers will reach every important industrial and farm center of the United States."

Asked about work among the Negroes, Foster said that for the first time in the history of the Party, speakers are being sent into the backward southern states, and an energetic campaign conducted.

One of the reporters seemed especially concerned about the Communist campaign among the Negroes. "Do you have some special reason for making an appeal to the Negroes?" the gentleman of the press asked.

Party of Workers.

"Our Party is a party of the working class," Foster replied. "The Negroes, being among the most viciously exploited of the American workers, we, of course, put special emphasis on our campaign among them."

The interview ended, the Daily Worker representative happened to descend the stairs of the National Office with a bland young man from the New York Times.

"He's a mild-mannered fellow, isn't he," suggested the gentleman from Times Square, "but he's sure been raising an awful lot of hell all over the country."

HUGE SILK FIRM.

LONDON, (By Mail).—Anglo-French (Verdun) Artificial Silk, Ltd., a public company with a nominal capital of five hundred thousand shilling, has been registered, state Jordan and Sons, Ltd., to acquire a French company known as "Verdun Textile."

WORKER, AGED 73 HELPS TEXTILE MILL STRIKERS

Urge Aid for Starving Fighters

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 7.—"I am now in my seventy-third year having been a 'Jimmie Higgins' in the labor movement for more than twenty years. I cannot bear to see the suffering of the textile strikers so I sent five dollars. Sorry I cannot indulge the passion for giving as much as I would like, but I am a worker and nearing the scrap-heap." So writes W. N. Patterson, aged worker of Zanesville, Ohio, in response to an appeal for funds for the relief of the hungry New Bedford and Fall River strikers issued by the Workers' International Relief, 1 Union Square.

Heart-rending and pressing calls for food continue to pour into the offices of the W. I. R., Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary, said yesterday. "The New Bedford and Fall River textile strike will end in victory if only we can feed the women and children," he said.

* * *

BOSTON, Sept. 7.—Completing a three weeks' tour in the state of Connecticut, for the relief of the textile strikers, Jeannette D. Pearl, field organizer for the Workers' International Relief, visited the strikers' zone in New Bedford and addressed two open-air meetings arranged by the T. M. C. for the strikers. Miss Pearl reports a remarkable labor spirit. The W. I. R. maintains two soup kitchens in New Bedford. More are needed. A drive is now to be launched for shoes for the picket line.

The W. I. R. is launching an active campaign in Boston and vicinity for shoes, clothing and food. The drive will be conducted by the field organizer, with headquarters at 38 Causeway St., Boston, Mass., Organizations are urged to cooperate.

Election Notice

Help us flood the country with pamphlets and leaflets carrying the message of the class struggle to all the workers and exploited farmers of the country in the biggest election campaign yet undertaken by the Workers (Communist) Party.

Every class-conscious worker is invited to co-operate in this task. Attach One Dollar to this coupon for 10 copies of the new 64 page Party Platform, and we will contribute a quantity of pamphlets and leaflets to be distributed by you FREE OF CHARGE.

Mail This Coupon NOW to The

NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE.
43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Comrades:

Enclosed find $1.00 for which send me 10 copies of newly published platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. Also send me an allotment of literature FREE, which I shall distribute among my shop mates and friends:

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Clothing for Men, Women and Children; Hats, Caps, Dresses, Art Objects, Cameras, Raincoats, Overcoats, Furniture, Knitgoods, Books, Furs, Jewelry, Jewelry Repairing, Shirts, Toys—All at Half Price. Do Not Buy Now. Wait for the Bazaar October 4, 5, 6 and 7.

British Government of India Introduces Law to Deport Labor, Peasant Organizers

OFFICIALS ARE ALARMED OVER MASS MOVEMENT

Fear Growing Strike Wave and Peasants

BOMBAY, Sept. 7.—Fear of the growing revolutionary movement in India and intention to take drastic measures against it characterize legislation now under consideration by the government of India. The proposed laws will enable the government to deport British and all organizers which it may see fit to call foreign.

The measure is aimed specifically at Communists and comment attending its consideration openly denounces the alleged formation of a powerful Communist Party in the Indian peninsula.

It is understood in official circles that in event of the rejection by the legislature, the viceroy will certify the bill.

Increasing militancy of the peasants, together with the wave of strikes which are tying up the country, are believed to be the immediate causes of the present legislation.

British troops, summoned to repress successive strikes, are not sufficient to hold the Indian masses in check, is the opinion of British authorities, and they believe the time has come when it will be necessary to crush the strikes and peasant disturbances as they arise. The new measure is designed to effect this purpose.

Failure of the British troops to do more than curb the peasant movement in the Bardoli district is also reported to have caused a situation verging on panic in certain official circles and emphasis on the deportation measure at this time is in some part attributable to the government's failure in northern Bombay presidency.

TO WORK WAY HOME

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 (UP).—Eighteen American students, said to be "stranded" in Germany, have been given permission by the U. S. Shipping Board to work their passage home on the liner George Washington, which leaves Bremen today.

Question Assassin of Obregon

Jose de Leon Toral, murderer of president-elect Obregon of Mexico, is shown during the investigation by state officials. A number of catholics, nuns and priests, are believed to be implicated in the assassination of Obregon.

SUPPORT BAZAAR, COMMUNIST CALL

Continued from Page One

cracy and of the growing war danger and the menace against the Soviet Union, the maintenance of our Party's central organ, the Daily Worker and our Party's largest mass paper, the Freiheit, becomes most vital to our Party's prestige and influence.

"The bazaar has been arranged to supply much needed funds for our two Party organs. The Central Executive Committee has therefore decided to set aside the week of Sept. 10 to 17 as the National Bazaar Week. We ask all units of the Party throughout the country as well as all sympathetic organizations, to lend every effort to make the bazaar a success.

"The bazaar committee reports that they are in need of articles for sale, of names for the Red Honor Roll, for the Souvenir Program and advertisements. In view of the fact that this bazaar is of national character, it becomes of the utmost significance as a demonstration of our ability to mobilize the entire forces of the Party in one supreme effort for a big enterprize of this kind. We are confident that the entire Party will respond to this call enthusiastically and that it will do everything in its power to make the bazaar not only a success for our two Party organs, but also a real achievement for our Party.

STRIKERS PICKET SELL-OUT PARLEY

Continued from Page One

barons hope, the T. M. C. leaders state, that this move will break the back of the strike.

An official statement issued by the T. M. C. yesterday denounces the Frieder Plan sell-out and declares: "Batty's treacherous acceptance of the Frieder Plan, which is merely a high-sounding name for a slave-driving speed-up system and which was formulated by a mill owner, is a trick to nullify the gains made by the 28,000 strikers in 21 weeks of struggle and suffering. That the whole thing is a planned sell-out is further proven by the fact that the T. M. C., the real strike leaders, were not invited to the conferences."

The T. M. C. statement then appealed to all the members of the Textile Council to join the Textile Workers Union in the sharpest attack against the sell-out of the strike, yet planned.

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 7.—Today the thousands of textile strikers will march in the parade which was postponed from Labor Day due to the rain.

Two huge columns of marchers will come up from either end of the city, the North and South Ends. When both lines reach Linden St. they will merge to march to the grounds arranged for a big mass meeting where they will be addressed by their local and national leaders.

The United Textile Workers Textile Council will also hold a parade at the same time. Interest runs high, since the two parades will be public tests of strength. The Textile Mills Committees eagerly awaits the opportunity to prove the weakness of the A. F. of L. union's following.

The T. M. C. union also announces the parade as a demonstration against the open attempts of the Batty leadership to betray the strike by agreeing to concede the bosses a speed-up system.

MUELLER TRIES TO JUSTIFY WAR CRUISER PLANS

Sees "Peace All Over" as Nations Brew War

GENEVA, Sept. 7.—In a disarmament plea which is viewed as an effort to explain the huge appropriations for cruisers recently sanctioned by the "socialist" German cabinet, Chancellor Hermann Mueller today told the Assembly of the League of Nations that Germany could not continue disarmed indefinitely while the other nations were building powerful war machines.

Chancellor Mueller's statement is regarded as an attempt to silence the storm of workingclass protest, led by the Communist Party, that broke loose in Germany when the social democratic cabinet approved the cruiser appropriations.

Speaking to representatives of countries that are feverishly engaged in building bigger and bigger armies and navies and with wars of oppression being carried on in various colonial countries, the "socialist" chancellor declared that never in the history of the world have conditions been so favorable for peace. Loud applause greeted this statement, increasing when he told the Assembly that the German government would continue the imperialist policy of Gustav Stresemann, secretary of foreign affairs.

Mueller voiced approval of the Kellogg "peace" pact and of the secret Anglo-French naval agreement, which is believed to be directed against the United States.

PARTY ON BALLOT IN KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE

Continued from Page One

The Negro workers comprise the majority of the population in most of the states below the Mason and Dixon line, but though "freed" by the Civil War and given the franchise, they are not permitted to vote by the democratic party, which hitherto has held undisputed sway in the south.

Negroes Sympathetic.

Communist organizers report that there is strong sentiment for the Workers (Communist) Party among the Negroes, who are beginning to realize that the republican party has been cashing in on the Civil War in order to hold the votes of the Negroes who have settled in the north. The action of the National Women's Campaign Committee of the republican party in refusing to associate with a Negro committeewoman at a political feast in Washington, the segregation of Negroes in government offices in the national capitol, and the consistent refusal of the republican administration to take the necessary steps to stop the lynching of Negroes, has opened the eyes of hundreds of thousands of Negro workers to the sham claims of the republican bosses that the G. O. P. is the protector of the Negroes.

The attempt of some Negro politicians to line up the exploited and persecuted members of their race behind the banner of Al Smith in the north is not making much headway. Negro workers in the north as well as in the south are not so weak in memory that they have forgotten the lynching of a Negro at the gates of Houston on the eve of the democratic convention there, and hardly a week passes without the lynching of a Negro in some southern state, without even a protest from Al Smith or any prominent member of the democratic party.

For the first time in history the Negro masses of the south will have an opportunity to hear the message of racial equality, of freedom for the Negro as well as the white worker, freedom from the slavery of capitalism, a freedom they all must fight for shoulder to shoulder. The Negroes will be told by Communist speakers that the white workers and black workers have the same enemy to fight, the ruling class of this country. They will learn that the Workers (Communist) Party alone, a section of that great world revolutionary organization, the Communist International, has the program and the policy around which workers of all colors can rally in the common struggle for a society where the producers of wealth will no longer be mendicants begging for a share of what they create, but masters of their own political and industrial lives.

Foster and Gitlow, the national standard-bearers of the Workers (Communist) Party, are scheduled to speak in Kentucky, Alabama, New Orleans, Atlanta and Virginia early in October during their nation-wide tours in behalf of the Communist Election Campaign.

CHARGE BRUTAL TREATMENT IN WHEAT HARVEST

British Unemployed in Canada Jailed, Killed

WINNEPEG, Sept. 7.—Disclosure of a system of unemployment amounting to virtual peonage gave the exponents of transportation of jobless British workers and their employment in Canadian harvest fields a rude jolt today. The alleged murder of harvesters and the imprisonment of others in an underground cage have been charged by Thomas Johnson, m. p. from Sterling, Scotland. He is a member of the United Kingdom delegation of the Empire Parliamentary Association and is now traveling in Canada.

Not only has one of the harvesters deported from England for the purpose of working the Canadian fields been mysteriously slain en route, but a number of others have on various occasions been employed by the officials as strikebreakers.

Johnson further stated that he had seen harvesters imprisoned in an underground cage at a railroad station here while police and soldiers stood guard over them.

Substantiating his colleagues' charges, David Kirkwood, also a member of parliament traveling in Canada, declared that he had record of instances where the transported men had been forced to act as strikebreakers and, that, further, one had been found hanged.

Hundreds of the men are returning from the harvest fields with stories of slave driving that are almost incredible. The government has refused to assume responsibility for placing the workers declaring that that is the business of the railroad companies.

Canadian officials show a disposition to hush the matter up.

Picket Steel Mills Despite Injunction

Continued from Page One

they have left the job. Many are unable to do the work. Others have voluntarily joined the strikers on learning for what purpose they had been brought to court on.

Joe Alessandrini, who was knifed by a scab last Thursday is in a serious condition, the authorities having given him no medical care for two days after the stabbing.

Following the mass meeting, the Canton newspapers for the first time carried stories on the strike, revealing the extent to which the steel corporation controls the city.

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Relieved promptly with genuine Santal Midy
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Zeman's Park, Union City, N. J.
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SPEAKERS:—IN ITALIAN: COMRADE OSVALDO EUSEPI
IN ENGLISH: COMRADE A. MARKOFF
DIRECTIONS—Take 23rd St. Ferry to Lackawanna Station, Hoboken, then Summit car and get off at 38th St., Union City; or 42nd St. Ferry to West Shore, take Union City car, get off at 38th St., Union City.

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Textile Strikers

IN THE STATE THAT ELECTROCUTED SACCO and VANZETTI

Fight Against Black Reaction!

Textile Organizer, P. HAGELIAS being assaulted on the Picket Line by the Fall River police. His left arm was almost twisted from its socket

FIGHT TOGETHER

New Bedford strikers declaring the Solidarity of All Workers They paraded and were arrested

South Side New Bedford Workers International Relief Station where daily five hundred striker families receive food

In New Bedford, Mass., 30,000 textile workers are out on strike since April 16th of this year, against wage reductions and the speed-up system. The strike has spread to Fall River where several thousand more textile workers have entered the strike.

Under the leadership of the militant Textile Mill Committees the strikers are carrying on an heroic struggle. Police clubs, bayonets in the hands of the militia, wholesale arrests of pickets, heavy fines and long prison sentences have not been able to break down the fighting spirit of the striking textile men and women.

Thousands of strikers and their children go hungry waiting for help from their fellow workers and friends. More than seven hundred strikers have been cast into jail and put under heavy bail. In Fall River, in addition thereto, they are also placed under heavy peace bonds, which is a new invention of the boss owned courts.

RELIEF and DEFENSE

must be provided for every striker in need. No striker must be left to suffer in capitalist jails. Bread, soup and milk must be provided to keep starvation out of the ranks of the militant strikers.

AFTER 21 WEEKS OF STRUGGLE THE STRIKERS FOR THE FIRST TIME APPEAL ON A NATIONAL BASIS TO LABOR AND THE FRIENDS OF LABOR. THEY ASK THAT EVERYBODY AID IN FEEDING AND DEFENDING THE STRIKERS OF

NEW BEDFORD and FALL RIVER

—THE NEED IS GREAT. THE STRUGGLE IS BITTER.
—DETERMINEDLY THE STRIKERS FIGHT AGAINST OPPRESSION.

SEND YOUR DONATION at once to the Strike Relief Headquarters of the
Workers International Relief
for NEW BEDFORD and FALL RIVER STRIKERS, 49 Williams Street, New Bedford, Mass., or to 1 Union Square, New York City.

Two hundred and forty-seven men and women strikers arrested for picketing in New Bedford carried away by the police in hired moving vans

F. G. BIEDENKAPP, National Secretary of the Workers International Relief addressing a strike relief mass meeting at New Bedford

North Side New Bedford Workers International Relief Station where daily four hundred and fifty striker families receive food

E "TRANSFORMATION" OF ALEX HOWAT: THE STORY OF A MINE LEADER WHO LEADS NO MORE

By CHARLES MILLS.
(Secretary, Tri-District Committee.)

Industrial struggles between labor and capital always produce new leaders of the workers and brings with new experiences of our class with lessons that can be used in future battles. Such is the case of the miners' struggle of six years ago in Kansas when the organized workers fought the Kansas Industrial Court Law, the operators, and the Lewis betrayal. In this battle the militant miners of Kansas were the shock troops of the American workers.

Out of this struggle, from the unknown to the known came Alex Howat, leader of the Kansas miners, President of District 14, a man who was big, rough and ready, yet one who was always good to his friends. One who trusted too many. The miners defied the state. Howat led the fight. And then the miners defied the treacherous Lewis and again Howat led the fight. Howat's name was read from coast to coast. Such opportunities to men come seldom and even less do men realize these opportunities. A chance as a leader to do the working class great good or great harm; an opportunity to reach millions where in the past one spoke to and was heard by hundreds. The good they can do depends upon their loyalty to the workers and their theoretical development in the class struggle.

A Year in Jail.

The result of the Lewis sell-out was a defeat of the Kansas miners even though they beat the law as a law. From the standpoint of the workers this defeat was practically a loss but theoretically it was only one of the many dress rehearsals for future struggles. To Alex Howat it was more than that, a year's sentence in jail, removal from office as president that kept one fairly well, a slap in the face by Lewis and a year to think it over; to dwell on the fact that although right he gets the worst end.

Naturally when this man was released he spoke bitterly against Lewis and his machine. Had not he lived through and felt this betrayal? Had not experience taught him the truth. His tours that followed were such and although more subjective than objective we can say with all the shortcomings his speeches were basically correct because he fought the octupus of the miners bureaucracy. After years of fighting the Lewis machine, after touring all over the East, Alex Howat came back to Kansas thinking that he did not get the proper response. Many miners in the East had not had the experience Howat had had and although the masses supported him he still had the machine to buck.

Howat Changes.

But this did not last long. With the years, day by day other miners in other districts experienced similar sell-outs and they too began to respond to the left wing slogans. Soon district after district was betrayed! District after district revolted. Such was the period prior to and after the April First Pittsburgh Conference. Like wildfire the revolt spread. Like a new day the miners took up the battle cry. Conditions determine our order of business and today masses could be mobilized while six years ago only a portion of the miners responded.

At last the chance had come. Six years ago Howat preached revolt, told how he was crucified by the Lewis machine, how he was ready to fight to the end. The time had come but Howat was not ready. Years changed conditions and men. Alex Howat could not see the time had come. Alexander Howat would not act. First he voiced his sympathy with the left wing revolt. Hundreds of thousands of miners were in movement, hundreds of thousands looking for a voice for their feelings but Howat could not be that voice.

Excuse after excuse was given for not going East and taking up the battle. The time had come for leaders to recognize their place and lead but Alex had spoken six years ago and not all miners responded and now when they responded Alex could not hear. Alex had passed away.

At first Howat took a position of verbal support to the left wing. Then he went to a position of neutral and neutral inevitably means helping the strongest force in a fight and this meant helping Lewis. Actions speak louder than words.

The Turning Point.

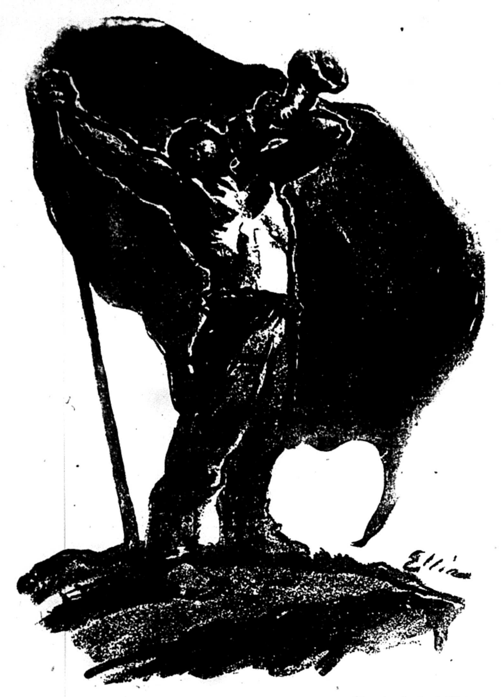
At the Arma mass meeting called by the Burr Skahan machine when the revolt in the district was gaining, when the July 1st convention was a few weeks off, the machine put Alex up as speaker for a mass meeting, the only speaker to be put up. Howat fell for the trap of the machine. His speech by the words of his old time followers was the worst he ever made. In a period when the storm rages he did not even mention the Lewis machine one way or the other. His militancy and fire was gone. He tried to skip the issue and in doing such he helped the machine again. It was the turning point. He drifted further. Or [illegible] someone is just learning a few things?

Alex Howat went to Kansas City to collect relief for the miners, only for the Kansas miners. The National Miners Relief had a station at [illegible] but Howat turned his money over to District 14 machine, to the Lewis machine, to the fakers who were living good while the miners were starving.

Aids G. O. P.

During the primaries Howat was campaigning for the republican candidates. Campaigning for Winters for County Attorney, a man who is a cousin of Burr, the District Secretary Treasurer who was ousted by the July First Convention. Burr, a Lewis man; Burr who had helped stop Howat and all things progressive; Burr, the bosses' agent. Howat also supported other reactionary candidates and while the State Federation was drumming up business for democrat shysters, Burr was using stationery for Hamilton for governor on the republican ticket. Any one who went through Howat's experience should have known the A B C of the class struggle of political action. A labor party of the county could be a power but when men like Howat hinder its development, they sabotage it. Errors may be committed by revolutionists in an attempt to build a labor party, but errors corrected and work renewed for such is consistent in policy and does not justify excuses of such action as support of any old party candidates.

"Build the New Mine Union!"



(Drawing by Fred Ellis)

THE LIFE AND DEATH OF NIKODIM PAVLICH

Our teacher's name was Nikodim Pavlitch, and his surname Kostiuk. He was employed in our village during twenty-two years, and almost all those who could read and write in our village had been his pupils. My uncle, Danila, has already five children, his son Gritzko is of my age. Sometime ago I asked Danila: "Uncle Danila, who had taught you to read and write?" He replies: "Nikodim Pavlitch."

The old men relate that Nikodim Pavlitch came to our village when he was quite young—he was not even twenty years old. And when I entered school he was already bald and his face was covered with wrinkles.

Fives times, if not more, gendarmes came from town and searched the lodging of our teacher; once they beat him with canes till he bled, but they could not arrest him, for Nikodim Pavlitch did his work carefully and referred always to laws which existed.

For us, village children, Nikodim Pavlitch was like an elder brother.

Nikodim Pavlitch did not die a natural death; he was martyred to death by Polish gendarmes. That's how it happened.

• • •

After the war against Germany, the Soviet Power did not remain long in Western White Russia. The Polish lords declared that our country is under their rule and that they will rule over us according to their laws.

The Polish authorities issued a decree, according to which children were to be taught in all schools in the Polish language, and that they had to learn from those books, in which the rule of the Polish lords was praised. The Polish lords issued this decree in order to confuse the minds of the pupils and in orde, that the children should become faithful servants to the lords.

When Nikodim Pavlitch received the decree of the Polish authorities, he gathered us together and asked us:

"Who of you children knows the Polish language?"

The children say that they do not understand Polish, and only the priest's son Basil and the saloon-keeper's nephew Pavlo bragged that they could read and write Polish.

Then Nikodim Pavlitch thought and said:

"Well, children, look here, I know the Polish language and shall teach you in the afternoons to read and write Polish. And in the day time we will learn the White Russian language."

"And from which books?" asked the priest's son, Basil.

"From White Russian ones," answered the teacher. "We have no other books."

"It's not allowed to learn from White Russian books," said Basil. "The authorities have forbidden to learn from White Russian books, and he who does not obey the authorities, commits a mortal sin."

"Well, then, shut up! It's not your business!" shouted the children to the priest's son. "You are not an instructor for us."

• • •

In the evening Nikodim Pavlitch sent a declaration to the authorities. In this declaration he stated that the children do not understand the Polish language, and that in the evening he will teach us to read and write Polish, and in the day-time White Russian.

This paper he sent, and our life went on as usually.

When the priest and the kulaks (rich peasants) got to know, that Nikodim Pavlitch teaches us from old books, they also sent a declaration to the town authorities. In this statement they said that the teacher goes against the authority of the Polish lords, tells the children about Lenin and about the Soviet system and that it is necessary to arrest him.

One morning, when we had a lesson in arithmetic, three gendarmes entered the school. They had fierce faces and round their belts hung revolvers and in their hands they held whips. One of them, the chief one, approached Nikodim Pavlitch and shouted to him:

"You, are you Nikodim Pavlitch Kostiuk?"

"I," said our teacher.

"What are you doing here?"

"I teach the children," answered Nikodim Pavlitch.

"Show the book."

The teacher handed the arithmetic book over to him. The gendarme saw that the problems are written in White Russian language. His face grew quite red. He lifted his whip and struck Nikodim Pavlitch heavily on the face.

The children screamed, jumped from their seats, ran towards the gendarme, weeping and shouting:

"Don't hit him! Why do you beat Nikodim Pavlitch?"

And Tanka Krivtchuk got hold of the gendarme's sleeve, weeps, bites and screams with all her might:

"Brigand! Brigand!"

• • •

She suffered very much for Nikodim Pavlitch and was deeply humiliated. The gendarme lifted her with both hands and hit her head against the edge of a desk. Tanka died on the spot. At first convulsions shook her body twice. The brain poured out—so died Tanka. And the other gendarmes locked the door and beat the children with whips. They beat their faces, their backs, their chests; they beat them so mercilessly that the shirts and trousers of many children were torn to pieces and the whole body was in stripes and bled.

They they locked us up and led Nikodim Pavlitch away to some place.

We were released only in the evening. It was already quite dark.

• • •

When we came home to our huts we were told that the gendarmes had already left. I asked my mother:

"And what happened to Nikodim Pavlitch?"

And mother weeps, kisses me and between sobs says:

"He is on the square, our martyr. They have killed him, killed, the brutes."

My whole body bled. Every touch caused pain. I couldn't move, but when I heard that Nikodim Pavlitch lays on the square, I forgot all about my pains and ran to the square.

There I saw him lying near the church fence. His shirt was torn off, his chest was stabbed in many places with bayonets and on his forehead were two bullet wounds.

Next day the whole village buried Nikodim Pavlitch and Tanká. And after another day the new teacher—a Pole—arrived, who taught the children only in Polish, from Polish books, and according to these books the rule of the Polish lords is the most just on earth and established by God.

And life becomes in our village more and more unbearable. The people sigh, being plundered by the lords. Little children die during the winters from hunger.

We read the false books of Polish lords, we think of the graves of Nikodim Pavlitch and Tanka and our eyes fill with tears.

Our life is hard, very hard!

'The Phantom Lover' by G. Kaiser, a Poetic Phantasy

At the Forty-ninth Street Theatre they are playing Georg Kaiser's 1928 play, "Oktobertag," under the title "The Phantom Lover." I do not know how closely the translation follows the original, but some of the super-sentimental passages which mar an otherwise clever dialog may be due to too close adherence to the German, a language in which you utter extraordinarily sweetish phrases without sounding like The Family Magazine.

To be brief, the situation is this: Lieutenant Jean-Mare Marrien (acted by David Newell) is summoned, with threats if he does not come, to appear before a perfect stranger, Monsieur Coste. The fact that everyone on the stage pronounces the lieutenant's first name differently, is not a part of the play, and is not what causes his handsome sulky face to fill with displeasure. The trouble is that Coste accuses him of being the father of a child recently born to Catherine, Coste's niece. Jean, etc., offers proofs to the contrary in the way of an alibi, but admits being in the city on a day in October.

Finally it appears that Caterine saw the lad on that day, looked with him into a jewelry shop at marriage rings, knelt with him at prayers in church, and sat in the same box with him at the opera, all without his knowing it, though she thought this constituted a marriage with ring, blessing, and celebration with music. In a loyal attempt to consummate the marriage, she opens her door that night, and grasps out into the hallway to lead her husband in, the lieutenant at that identical moment being miles away and utterly ignorant of her existence. The baby came about by the fact that when Catherine so grasped into the darkness she accidentally got hold of the butcher boy, who was sneaking into the house quietly to visit one of the maids.

Now though Catherine never knew the difference, this maid did, and presumably, partly out of motives of revenge, urged on Leguerche, the butcher boy (played by Romney Brent, the best actor in this production) to blackmail Coste for the price of a meat shop.

Marrien, having met Catherine, falls most romantically in love with her, and so far adapts himself to Catherine's delusion and her preceding paranoid state (the mystic marriage, etc.) that he murders Leguerche to protect himself against any interference with the delusional system which he now shares with Catherine. This seems to be the only way to explain the cutting down of Leguerche, for Coste was willing to buy him off, and the boy wanted only to become a capitalist, in a way not morally different from that followed by other capitalists, and therefore, presumably approved of by playwright and audience.

However, in spite of the fine acting, especially of Brent, who is real enough, the whole affair has an air of mystic fairyland about it, and much is left unexplained. You don't know quite whether half the actors are meant to be crazy, or whether Kaiser is kidding you. Or maybe a German is having a little fun with the French army again.—V. S.

MILDRED BROWN

In Ray Henderson's musical show "Good News", which has just celebrated a year's run at the 46th St. Theatre.

"DAWN" IN THIRD WEEK AT CAMEO

"Dawn", the English film-version of the story Nurse Edith Cavell, in which Sybil Thorndike contributes an excellent cinema-portrait, is playing its third week of phenomenal business at the Cameo Theatre under the auspices of the Film Arts Guild.

Our censors in the hinterland have decided that "Dawn" is not pro-German, etc., and so Ohio and New Jersey picture theatres will show the film New York state mentors of our film morals censored by eliminating the scene showing the shooting of a German officer by a private.

OHIO UNIONISTS TO MEET.

COLUMBUS, Ohio.—Officers of the State Federation of Labor have issued the call for the annual convention which will be held in this city beginning Monday, September 17th.

A Novel of "Poor Whites" By a Literary Ku Kluxer

STRANGERS AND LOVERS. By Edwin Granberry. The Macaulay Company. $2.00.

Reviewed by EDWIN ROLFE.

THIS book falls within the category of the might-have-been-good novels. That is to say, the author, at the very outset of his work, had a story of gigantic possibilities in his hand: the life of a girl belonging to the "poor white" class in the south. But, confronted with several methods with which to attack the story, Granberry, it seems, chose the worst, that of treating his central characters in a decidedly snobbish and supercilious manner.

There are many prejudices revealed in the book which definitely stamp the author, who has been given a place "in the front rank of our younger novelists" by bourgeois critics, as a follower of the decadent literary school of the Dial and the now defunct Little Review groups.

There is, to mention one of these prejudices, a loftly contempt for the Negro, whom he treats not sympathetically or understandingly but in a way that is sure to lead the unwitting reader, who imagines that Granberry knows all about the south of which he writes, to adopt a similar race-prejudiced stand against the Negro. Then there is the difference in his treatment of Millie, the girl of the poorer class, and Mrs. Boynton, a member of the southern aristocracy. This difference is subtle; so subtle in fact, that were it not for a close scrutiny of the novel, this false and narrowly aristocratic stand of the author would not be discernible. But one can see that there is condescension in his descriptions of Millie and a fawning humbleness in those of Mrs. Boynton.

There are some moments in the volume when the author's intense preoccupation with the simon-pure aesthetics of writing result in several beautiful (albeit artificial) effects. But these moments are so scattered and unfrequent in their presence that they do not on the whole affect the hopeless mediocrity of the book.

Stowkowski to Present Music of New Russia

(By United Press)

LEOPOLD STOWKOWSKI, Philadelphia orchestra conductor, with his wife and daughter, returned from Europe yesterday after an 18 months' tour, during which he made a study of Oriental music.

Stowkowski said he had brought back several Russian scores which he would play for the first time during the winter season in Philadelphia.

The conductor kept what he called a travel book, in which he made notes each day of what he had seen and heard.

"The book will never reach the public," he said. "I kept it so that I could bring back at will many of the experiences of our trip."

12 FIREMEN HURT

DENVER, Sept., 7.—Twelve firemen were injured, 4 seriously, and 10 others were overcome by smoke, in a fire in the Loop Market block in the downtown district last night. The fire was believed to have resulted from an explosion in a warehouse basement.

AMUSEMENTS

415th TIME
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FIRST TIME AT POPULAR PRICES!
ARCH SELWYN presents
DAWN
with
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as Nurse Edith Cavell
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"POWERFUL"—Eve. World
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CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30
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Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

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Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30
"Goin' Home"
"Vivid and unfailingly exciting."
—Alison Smith, World.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—A wage increase of $3 a week has been secured by printers employed on daily newspapers. The contract runs for three years and is retroactive to June 1 this year. This is the third increase since 1923 and affects 500 men and women.

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59001 KOROTCHKA. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59044 MOSKVA. National Song. Isa Kremer.
59010 PA D'ESPAGN. Russian Orchestra "Odessa".
59007 PERED RAZLUKOJ (March). Russian Orchestra "Odessa".
59009 UKRAINA (March). Russian Orchestra "Odessa".

UKRAINIAN RECORDS
59048 BAJATI (Kaukasian Melody). Kavazky Orchestra.
57001 EKH. RASPOSHEL (Balalaechny). Orchestra Gorskdy.
59016 FOURTEENTH STREET (Kupley). S. Sarmatoff.
59035 KAMARINSKY (National Dance). Solo, Zibalski.
59026 KOHANOTCHKA BALALAJKA. Orchestra Biljo.
40048 KORUBUSKA... Soprano Isa Kremer.
77005 VOSPOMINANIJA O ROSSII. Waltz. Patro Biljo.
59017 AMERIKANSKI BABI. Humorist S. Sarmatoff.
59048 KAVKAZKA MELODIJA. Kaukazus Orchestra.
15034 OJ, GORE KALINA. Ukrainian National Chorus.
59002 REVE TA STOGNE. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59004 VIJUT VITRI. Soprano Isa Kremer.
59029 ZAPOROJZI U SULTANA. Kornienko Ukr. Orchestra.

POLISH RECORDS
77006 FANTASY ON SONG OF INDIA. Dance Oriental.
77007 FREEDOM MARCH—INTERNATIONAL—
LA MARSEILLAISE.
60029 ALL RIGHT. Baryton Ochrymoviez.
60042 BAJ-BAJ (Komishe scene). Trupe Marskiego.
60048 DJABELSKA PIENS O PEKLE. Bassist Didur.
60014 MARSZ UKRAINSKY. Orchestra Warsaw.
60038 NAPISZE KARTECKE DO RZYMU. Tarnow Orchestra.
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Acceptance Speeches
Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

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Ten Are Injured When Bronx Bus Crashes Into Building; Brakes Are Blamed

SAY COMPANY KEPT BRAKES IN DISREPAIR

Worker Killed in Truck Accident

A Bronx bus, early yesterday morning, turning sharply to avoid hitting a sand truck proceeding up the street toward it, crashed into the plate glass front window of a store at 556 E. 187th St., the Bronx, injuring ten passengers. Mrs. Mollie Sigmori, 235 Prospect Ave., the Bronx, and her child, Ralph, 2, were taken to a hospital, suffering with serious injuries. The accident was laid to faulty brakes, which the company failed to repair, it is said.

Frederick Estreve, 55, a French seaman and former roomer at 228 E. 42nd St., was killed today by an American Railway Express Co. truck in Lexington Ave. at 42nd St.

The truck parked in front of 303 E. 22nd St. It weighed five tons.

"Watch," said Patrick Mancay, 9, of 223 E. 22nd St., climbing into the driver's seat.

George Kelly, 11, of 319 E. 23rd St., was busy inspecting the cowl and engine.

Suddenly the engine started and the truck lurched forward. George screamed and tried to escape, but was crushed between the truck and a coupe. At Bellevue Hospital he was believed to have received internal injuries.

An unidentified woman about 65 was killed by an automobile truck today at Pennsylvania and Blake Aves., Brooklyn.

KENOSHA WRIT NOW PERMANENT

Scabs Still Planting Bomb Frame-ups

Continued from Page One

range new cases of bombings and other "acts of violence." The mill bosses raised a new hue and cry when a bomb exploded near the home of Mrs. Chauncey Pitts, a strikebreaker. This is the thirteenth bombing planted by strikebreaking hirelings, who are ready to sacrifice one of their own number in order to enmesh some striker in a frame-up.

The day before the company officials tried to arrest several leading strikers on the charge of having burned up a company automobile. The "story" offered by those pressing the charges were that the driver of an automobile conducting scabs to and from the mill had been waylaid, ordered out of the machine, tied to a tree and compelled to watch the burning of the car. One of the reasons for the great difficulty encountered by the bosses in framing strikers is that the population of the town is overwhelmingly in sympathy with the strikers who are conducting the bitter struggle.

WEISBORD PLANS ANTHRACITE TOUR

Will Speak at Principal Industrial Cities

WILKES-BARRE, PA. Sept., 7.—Three meetings have been arranged for Albert Weisbord, militant textile leader and candidate for Senator from New Jersey on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, in the Anthracite region, in connection with his tour in preparation for the National Convention on Sept. 22, 23.

He will speak in Wilkesbarre on Friday, Sept. 14 at Concordia Hall, 91 So. Washington St., in Nanticoke on Wednesday, Sept. 12 at 128 So. Ridge St., and in Old Forge on Thursday, Sept. 13, at Columbus Hall. All three of the meetings will begin at 7 p. m.

While Weisbord's tour is especially addressed to the workers in the silk mills, mostly young girl workers receiving from $5 to $15 a week, it is expected that all workers in the cities which he will visit will avail themselves of the opportunity which Weisbord will present of hearing a report about the struggle of the New Bedfrod textile strikers from the leaders of the strike.

Says Philadelphia Is One of Biggest Bootleg Centers

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7 (UP).—Philadelphia was advanced today as a rival to Chicago in the alcohol "racket."

To disclosures regarding vast underworld activity, District Attorney Monaghan added the statement that Philadelphia had become one of the nations chief distributing centers for bootleg liquor.

Even New York, Monaghan said, was receiving supplies from a $10,000,000 bootleg ring with headquarters in the small but active underworld section here.

Obregon Followers Take Oath to Picture

Jose Luis Solorzano, president of the Obregon party in the Mexican congress is shown swearing to support the principles of the assassinated leader. The Obregonists have constructed a large picture of Obregon which they use to swear by.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Functionaries Meet.

A meeting of all functionaries of Section 3 will be held today at 6:30 p. m., at 101 West 27th Street. All functionaries must be present as important matters will be considered, including the section conference.

• • •

Comrades, vacation period is over—we must all chip in our forces and put our Bronx candidates on the ballot. We've put across the 5th Assembly. We are close to doing the same in the 4th. In the other Assembly Districts we can do likewise if we all exert our fullest energy in this Red Mobilization Week for our section which began Tuesday, Sept. 4. A Gala Red Banquet is to wind up Bronx Red Week tomorrow at 5 p. m., at 2075 Clinton Avenue. Our candidates are to be presented. Headquarters—2075 Clinton Ave.—open every night—Sat. and Sun. all day, for signature collectors.

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Bronx Party Notice.

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party living in the Bronx must report to headquarters, 2075 Clinton Ave., to solicit signatures. Several hundred signatures are still needed and all workers are urged to participate immediately.

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3E International Branch 1.

A meeting will be held of the 3E International Branch 1 on Monday, September 10 at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3E, 1F.

Unit 3E, 1F will hold a meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 11 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3E, 2F.

A meeting will be held on Wednesday, Sept. 12 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Section 1.

Section 1 meets at 8 p. m., today, at 35 E. 2nd St. headquarters of the Downtown Workers Club.

• • •

Pioneer Hike.

Pioneer Reunion Hike will be held today. All Pioneers will meet at Dykman St. Ferry at 10 a. m. to go to Palisades.

• • •

N. J. Speakers Conference

Section 2 Speakers Conference will be held this Sunday at 10 a. m. at Worker Center, 93 Mercer St., Newark, N. J. Bert Miller will speak on the democratic party platform.

• • •

Section 6 Membership Meet.

A general membership meeting of Section 6 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Monday, 8 p. m. at 46 Ten Eyck St. All members must be present.

• • •

Unit 6F, SS3D.

Unit 6F, SS3D will hold an educational meeting September 12 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

4S, 3E.

The next unit meeting will be held Wednesday, Sept. 12th, at 6:00 p. m.

• • •

Williamburgh Y. W. L. Meet.

All members of the Williamsburgh section of the Young Workers (Communist) League will meet tomorrow, 10 a. m., at 46 Ten Eyck St. (cor. Lorimer) to go out collecting signatures. At 1 p. m. all members will return with signatures and the entire section will go to Prospect Park where an open forum will be held on "International News Day."

• • •

Branch 4, Section 5 Meet.

An important meeting of Branch 4, Section 5, of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Monday evening. All members must attend.

• • •

Lower Bronx Y. W. L.

The McKinley Square unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold a park meeting at 8:30 p. m. Tuesday, in the Russian Alley at Crotona Park.

On Monday, at 8:30 p. m., the unit will hold an open-air meeting on the corners of Bathgate and Clairmont Aves. The speakers will be E. Taft, Binller, Sylvia Daniels and a Young Pioneer speaker.

• • •

Section 2 Industrial Conference.

The September Industial Conference of Section 2 will be held Monday, 6 p. m., at 101 West 27th St. The drives for new needle trades unions, the election campaign in the shops and trade unions and the working youth conference will be taken up. All unit and sub-section industrial organizers as well as leading fraction representatives and local fraction secretaries are urged to attend.

• • •

Branch 2, Section 1.

A business meeting of Branch 2, Section 1 will be held at 60 St. Marks Place, 6:30 p. m., Monday evening.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

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Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

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Freiheit Gesangs Verein.

The annual picnic and concert of the Freiheit Gesangs Verein will be held Sunday, September 9, at Pleasant Bay Park. An original program of songs has been arranged for the occasion.

• • •

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

• • •

Workers School Sport Club.

All comrades and friends are invited to attend the Workers School Sport Club Hike which will take place tomorrow. All participants will meet at 242nd St., Van Cortlandt Park subway station at 8:30 sharp. There will be a soccer practice on this hike.

• • •

Freiheit Gesang Farein Picnic.

The Annual Picnic of the Freiheit Gesang Verein will be held tomorrow at Pleasant Bay Park. The chorus will render an original program of songs under the leadership of Lazar Weiner. A large group of the Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra will give a program in classical musical. Dancing and fireworks will be included in the program during the day.

• • •

Jewelry Workers Club.

The Jewelry Workers Welfare Club will hold its second outing of the season tomorrow at Pelham Bay Park. Bring lunch. Start at 8 a. m.

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Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville English Branch will hold a meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 11 at 347 E. 72nd St. at 8 p. m.

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Printers.

There will be meeting of the League for Amalgamation of the Printing Trades Unions tomorrow afternoon at 2:30, in the Tribune Building, 154 Nassau Street, one flight up. All progressive printers should attend this meeting.

• • •

Sacco-Vanzetti Branch, I. L. D.

A meeting of the Sacco-Vanzetti Branch of the International Labor Defense, the Bronx, will be held Monday, 8:30 p. m., at 1472 Boston Road. After a short business meeting, an interesting discussion on "Capitalist Justice in the United States" will be led by I. Zimmerman.

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Jewelry Workers Notice.

The Jewelry Workers' Welfare Club will hold a ball and concert on Saturday evening, Nov. 3, at the Webster Manor, 11th St. All fraternal organizations are urged not to arrange conflicting affairs for that date.

• • •

Ingersoll Forum.

Timothy P. Murphy will speak at the above forum, 113 W. 57th St., tomorrow at 8 p. m., on "Philosophy and Religion." Admission free. Free discussion from the floor.

• • •

Local 22, T. U. E. L.

A meeting of Local 22 T. U. E. L. will be held Monday, 8 p. m., in the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

• • •

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

WORKERS PARTY OPEN AIR MEETS

Open-air meetings throughout Greater New York have been arranged by the agitprop department of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party:

Today.

1st Ave. and 116th St. (Italian), Auerbach, Napoli, Rolfe; 1st Ave. and 79th St., V. Smith, Moreau, Magliacano, Lloyed; West New York, N. J., Leroy, C. Martin; Perth Amboy, N. J., Padmore, Covatez; Elizabeth, N. J., Markoff, R. Duke; Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Wright, Weich.

NATIONAL MINE MEET TO START WORK TOMORROW

Hundreds of Miners to Take Part

Continued from Page One

was keyed still higher when the Kansas delegates strode into the arrangements committee.

Hundreds Expected.

Expected tonight are hundreds of delegates from Pennsylvania, and southern and western districts, including many miners from the unorganized fields whose credentials have been pouring into the office for days past.

Delegates from Avella, Charleroi, Harwick, Renton, Pennsylvania mining villages which withstood the bitter winter of semi-starvation and Lewis betrayal, will arrive in this city at about the same time as delegates from Indiana, the Kentucky anthracite, Missouri, Maryland, Illinois, and West Virginia. Six hundred and seventy-five delegates are reported to be not far outside Pittsburgh tonight. Most are traveling by auto caravan.

Destitution.

The Kansas delegates have fired the pre-convention atmosphere with stories of a betrayal more vicious if anything, than what the Lewis machine perpetrated in any other coal area.

Declaring that only almost total destitution, following a long period of unemployment, prevented the Kansas delegation from being double and triple its actual number, the delegates relate how the Lewis group signed the state on the 1917 scale with the proviso that the mines were to open Sept. 1, though practically none did.

Looting of the miners through the checkoff is another outrage of which the men have countless examples to tell though the Lewis machine is using all the methods at its disposal to suppress the indignation of the miners and reports of the wage steals.

Blacklist Threat.

Threat of the blacklist was held over the heads of all miners who attend the National Convention by district president of the United Mine Workers, James Scahan, in an outburst at the rump district convention he called together at Pittsburgh, Kan., on Aug. 30.

Few Lewis locals have been left functioning in Kansas, the delegates report. Even Dan Coffee, Lewis district board member, in the course of an argument against the new miners union before two locals in Arma, Kan., announced that the Lewis machine is desperately weak in that state.

The Lewis crowd in Kansas is in mortal fear of a stampede of the Kansas miners to the new union and the delegates declare that there is nothing more likely to take place.

MINER CRUSHED BY CAR

Food Is Crying Need as Babies Starve

WEST BROWNSVILLE, Sept. 7. Jabez Allen was fatally injured when a mine car jumped the track in the open shop Vesta No. 5 mine near Vestaburg, and crushed to the South Side hospital, and died of internal injuries soon after.

Thousands of miners are still striking in Western Pennsylvania, demanding the recognition of pit committees, Destitution, disease and hunger have never been so extreme in all the seventeen months of hardship and struggle.

The National Miners Relief Committee is unable to take care of more than a fraction of the pleas for the barest necessities of life reaching its headquarters. A little flour to make bread, a little canned milk to dilute with water and feed the babies — such appeals are made every day at 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., by white-faced mothers, grim-faced fathers.

ATHLETICS TIE THE YANKS FOR FIRST

(By United Press)

The long, uphill fight of the Philadelphia Athletics which began two months ago at a time when they were trailing the New York Yankees by twelve games was crowned with success today when the Mackmen went into a tie for first place with the world's champions.

Two victories over the Boston Red Sox at Fenway Park while the Washington Senators were administering two crushing defeats to the Yankees at New York put the Athletics, for the first time this season, on even terms with their rivals.

No uphill struggle in the history of baseball, not even the drive of the Boston Braves, the "Miracle Men" of 1914, from the bottom of the National League to the top, exceeds in drama the rise of the Athletics of 1928.

Two months ago, the American League pennant had been conceded to the Yankees by every critic of baseball, while Connie Mack seemed to be left with another expensive collection of relics on his hands.

Slowly and at first almost imperceptibly, the Athletics set out to overtake the over-confident world's champions. Only within the past few weeks has it seemed likely that they would make the grade.

The day's double-headers demonstrated the present superiority of the Mackmen over the Yankees. The "A.'s" had no easy time beating the Boston Red Sox. "Lefty" Grove, Connie Mack's southpaw ace, had to pitch his head off to win the first game at Fenway Park, 1 to 0. Grove held the Sox to four hits, while Ruffing allowed the Athletics six.

In the second game, the Mackmen got away to a fast start, scoring six runs in three innings off MacFayden and Griffin. They needed the lead, for the Red Sox found Earnshaw and Orwoll for a ringing round of base-hits, and it was not until Ed Rommel took a hand that Carrigan's young men were safely subdued, the Athletics winning, 7 to 8.

Yankee ambitions were rudely shattered in the first game, when Hadley let them down with three hits and the Senators won, 11 to 0. "Goose" Goslin, who is taking great pleasure in assisting in the discomfiture of the Yanks, contributed a home run with one on during a seven run rally in the eighth. Tom Zachary was the victim of the assault.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

National League.

Philadelphia, 4; Boston, 0 (1st).
Boston, 4; Philadelphia, 3 (2nd).
Chicago, 11; Cincinnati, 1.
St. Louis, 6; Pittsburgh, 3.
(No other games.)

American League.

Washington, 11; New York, 0 (1st)
Washington, 6; New York, 1 (2nd)
Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 0 (1st).
Philadelphia, 7; Boston, 3 (2nd).

100 Attend Workers Party Election Meet in Spite of Police

PASSAIC, N. J., Sept. 7.—More than a hundred people listened to Evelyn Blacher and Leroy speak on the militant program of the Workers Party at an election rally in spite of the presence of a large number of police.

Much campaign literature was sold to the workers, and despite the evident animosity of the police, who had previously broken up two open air meetings, the speakers continued for almost two hours.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

FEAR BETRAYAL OF CARPENTERS BY MISLEADERS

Officials Confer With Bosses on Strike

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Sept. 7. —Alarmed by the solidarity of the 250 carpenters on strike in Westchester county, the Building Material Men's Association, the bosses' league, sent a telegram to William L. Hutchinson, of Indianapolis, reactionary president of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, asking for authority to settle the mill workers strike by arbitration.

The carpenters went out 11 days ago, demanding a 5 day week with the same pay they have been getting for 5 and a half days. The bosses yesterday conferred with the county officials of the carpenters' union. The carpenters are on the alert, fearing an attempt by the union officials to sell them out.

N. J. MISLEADERS ENDORSE SMITH

Jobless, Unorganized Workers Ignored

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 7. —The New Jersey State Federation of Labor today passed a resolution endorsing Al Smith for president.

The resolution was rammed thru the convention by the misleaders in charge of the federation, who are closely allied with the corrupt Hague democratic machine. All important issues affecting the workers of this state were ignored or tabled. A few words were spoken about the severe serious unemployment in the state, but the matter was thereupon forgotten by the officialdom.

The problems of organizing the unorganized, who comprise the huge majority of the workers in this state, was, as customary in the anual federation conventions, not even mentioned.

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭	☒	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers!
For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

The Miners' National Convention at Pittsburgh.

Sunday marks the opening at Pittsburgh of the most important trade union convention in the United States in many long years.

It is the convention which must mark the definite foundation of the national union of the bituminous and anthracite coal industry in the United States.

The United Mine Workers Union was in its day the backbone of the American trade union movement. The corruption of the bureaucracy of that once-great union, its collaboration and conspiracy with the mine owners against the vital interests and needs of the workers, culminating in the most brazenly open betrayal by the Lewis machine during the crisis in the industry, when Lewis and his henchmen in all districts deliberately starved out and broke the strike—has resulted finally in the downfall and hopeless destruction of the union..

Upon the pitiful fragments of a Union which, when it lived, had been the greatest mass organization that trade unionism in this country had been able to produce,—upon the wreckage of the United Mine Workers Union, sits a discredited, unmasked and desperate gang of strikebreakers headed by John L. Lewis and calling themselves still by the meaningless name of the dead union. This wreckage is transformed into nothing more than a machine for strikebreaking and the prevention of the organization of the coal industry. Those who control the machine of this union are but gunmen and strikebreakers in the virtual, and sometimes literal pay of the coal operators. Lewis' only bid for survival is a bid to the coal operators to make use of him and his machine as instruments for the strangling of the movement for organization in the industry.

Within the eight years of the power of John L. Lewis over the union, the employers with his assistance have beaten the organized section of the workers in the industry down from the position where they once held 70 per cent of production, down to where even the most charitable have ceased to claim 30 per cent of production as unionized.

Never fully organized, the coal mining industry required, from the point of view of the workers, above all the organization during this crisis of the unorganized fields which were being used as a lever to crush the unionized workers. With the shrewd ingenuity of a specialist in strikebreaking, Lewis and high-salaried bureaucracy went into this situation, not with the necessary energetic drive for the organization of the unorganized fields, but with the slogan borrowed from the scab mine operators to squeeze out of the industry a quarter of a million coal miners. When in spite of the Lewis bureaucracy the unorganized miners of Western Pennsylvania formed their own locals, applied for admission to the international union and joined the strike of 1922, the Lewis bureaucracy cut the throats of these miners by making a settlement without their inclusion. In the struggle of 1919, the bureaucracy of the United Mine Workers betrayed the mine workers. In 1922 again the "leaders" sold out the strike. In [illegible] again. And in the long and bitter struggle of 1927 and 1928 Lewis and his district lieutenants deliberately played the [illegible] within the union of wrecking the organization in order to defeat the strike.

The national nominating convention of the Workers (Communist) Party last May said in its platform:

> "District after district was lost for the United Mine Workers under the leadership of the Lewis machine. In 1919 the miners' strike tied up 70 per cent of production; the present strike only 20 per cent. Lewis and the operators have broken up the U. M. W. A. The Lewis machine criminally neglected the necessary preparations for the strike. It sabotaged the organization of the unorganized. It has signed up individual agreements. It has betrayed the cause of a national agreement. It has split the movement by ousting everybody from the union who wants a militant struggle. It is cutting off relief from every striking miner who dares to criticize it. It is trying to enforce a yellow dog pledge of starvation. The last vestiges of democracy have been eradicated from the union. Lewis stole the elections. The Lewis machine is not a leadership set up by the rank and file, but a leadership set up with the aid of the bosses over the rank and file. From June to December, 1927, while the striking miners were starving on a dollar or two a week relief, Lewis drew $11,093.66 in salary and personal expenses."

This is a ghastly picture, but coal diggers who have been in the struggle know that it is a plain picture of the facts.

After having carried the struggle against the mine workers to the point where it appeared to the anti-union experts that a touch of the hand would cause a complete collapse of unionism in the industry, John L. Lewis himself suddenly announced that the strike was over, that the Jacksonville scale must be abandoned for a drastic lowering of all standards, and that every district should desert the struggle for a national agreement, each making what scab arrangements could be made with individual bosses or in separate fields.

By the hand of John L. Lewis the United Mine Workers of America is dead.

But the will of the mine workers to fight for their rights as men, is only brought to its final strength by this blow of treason.

From all over the United States are gathering in Pittsburgh the representatives of the most militant fighting mine workers of all parts of the country.

These men are going to form the nation-wide Union of the coal industry.

They bring with them all the heroic traditions of the old Union. They bring with them the sacred cause of our class, and they bring the courage and they will generate the power to defend the cause.

The Union they form will become the backbone of the trade union movement during the next period. But it will be something more than the United Mine Workers Union was, for these are different times and different conditions. As the old union was the backbone of the organized trade union movement—but even at that the backbone of a hunchback, of a dwarfed and stunted trade union movement—the new National Miners' Union will be the backbone of a finer, greater, stronger trade union movement.

The coal mining situation is not alone in a vacuum. The whole labor movement of the world, including particularly the United States, is now undergoing the most ferocious attacks for its destruction. News from England today is enough to show that not alone here but also throughout other countries, the trade union bureaucracy is engaged in helping the capitalist class in the effort to force the whole of our class on its knees. Opportunist trade union "leaders" and "socialist" leaders are in the fight which can only result in the destruction of the unions or the destruction of themselves by the workers.

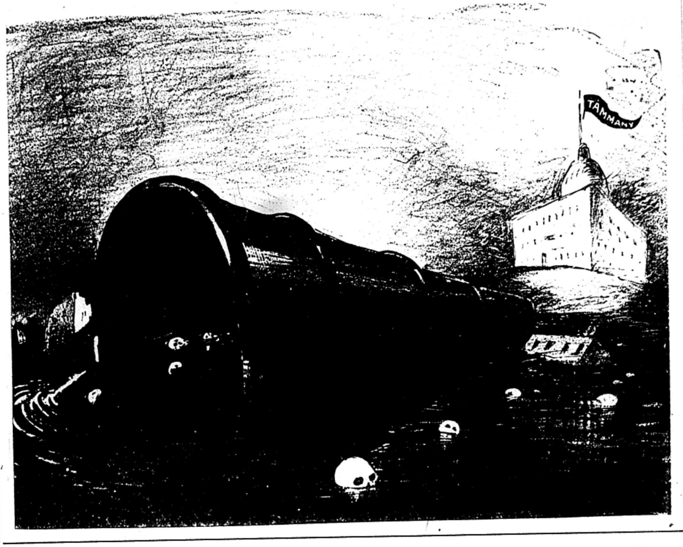
The present convention in Pittsburgh will not only build a great, fighting union for themselves, but in the same act they will build a fighting front for the working class against the bosses and against the traitors who are butchering the labor movement from within.

The coal miners of the entire country must rally to this convention. To pay dues any longer to John L. Lewis' national and district organizations would be only to supply the sinews of war against the mine workers.

All support the new National Miners' Union!

SEWERS OF NEW YORK

By Fred Ellis



Lovestone Dissects U.S. Empire

Defends Bukharin's Thesis at Sixth Communist World Congress

This is the second instalment of Comrade Jay Lovestone's speech at the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International.

* * *

(Continued.)

A few words about the role of American imperialism. The Central Committee declares that the growing aggressiveness of American imperialism today is based on its growing strength. This is the special feature of the present world situation. Our opposition says that the growing aggressiveness is based—on "the diminishing reserve power of American imperialism." This is false and is a wrong "elaboration" of the theses. The opposition cannot see that the growth and aggressiveness of American imperialism can go together. Here is where they get their criticism of the Party in certain fields. They believe so firmly in their false conclusions that American imperialism is about to decline, that they charge that the C. E. C. policies towards Anglo-American and Japanese-American conflicts are based on a supposed notion attributed to the C. E. C. of America being the tail to British and Japanese imperialism on China.

Let us examine some facts. I read from the estimate of the Anglo-American relations made by one of the "theoreticians" of our opposition. Comrade Dunne in estimating the Anglo-American relations has declared:

"If American imperialism really desires peace for herself and the imperialist world (we consider in this article only the inner imperialist conflicts and not the general struggle of imperialism against the Soviet Union), the requisite procedure seems quite simple. It would be sufficient for immediate purposes for the two most powerful imperialist nations—America and Great Britain—to sign a treaty against war and agree to move jointly against any other imperialist nation or nations, which disturbed the peace. The combination of forces would be too powerful for any possible grouping of capitalist nations to challenge."

The Central Committee rejects this opportunist non-Leninist estimate of the Anglo-American conflict, and maintains that the Anglo-American conflict has displaced the Anglo-German conflict of pre-war days.

Now let us see about the Japanese question. Our Central Committee maintains that the Japanese-American imperialist conflicts are developing and are bound to sharpen. But particularly because of the strong persistent anti-Japanese propaganda of American imperialism and the propaganda of Wall Street that the United States is a friend of China—it is necessary for us to expose this propaganda by making clear the concrete, aggressive role of American imperialism. American imperialism is today temporarily giving Japan, to a certain extent, some freedom because of the greater common danger of a revolutionary China. Do we deny the sources of conflict between Japanese and American imperialism? We do not deny any of this. What we do deny is that it is our work to hide the role of American imperialism in this connection as an active co-operator with Japan in crushing China. The basic line of the policy of the Party must be founded not on the differences among the imperialist powers, but on the concrete role of the so-called home government, the United States government, which oppresses the American workers.

Is there a radicalization process going on in the United States? The Central Committee says, yes. The volume of radicalization today is greater than at any time since the LaFollette movement was at its height. We say, furthermore, it is increasing, but if it were of a national and deep-going character there would be some mass political expression of it. There would be many economic struggles of the workers. There would be a wave of strikes. But Green, Woll and the reactionary trade union fakers and the capitalist politicians still have the overwhelming majority of the working class following their policy.

The error of the opposition on the question of radicalization is that they maintain that radicalization in the United States today is already national and involves the bulk of the working class. This is due to the fact that they think radicalization can come only when capitalism goes down and that American imperialism is already going down. They fail to see that the developing strength of American imperialism itself develops contradictions which are a source of radicalization.

Briefly about unemployment: America with its mass unemployment and with its consequent developing unrest affords increasing opportunities for our Party. Our Party has responded well.

Much has been said here by our opposition about the fight against the Right danger. The American Party has consistently fought the Right danger for a number of years. Our opposition is making a caricature of the fight against the Right danger.

Comrades, I want to give you a brief survey of the development of our Party.—In the first stage we made errors mainly of an ultra-Left character. For instance, Comrade Cannon, now parading here as one of the Left, had a shortcut method of fighting the ultra-Lefts by proposing to expel 5,000 workers from our Party. We fortunately rejected that method.

In the second period of our Party our orientation was largely a Right Wing orientation, that was in 1924 and 1925 with Lore-Foster-Bittelman constituting the heart and head of our then Party leadership. Let us briefly look at the line of our Central Committee at that time.

1. Labor banking, which everyone denounces today, was officially endorsed in the Labor Herald, edited by Foster, the official organ of the Trade Union Educational League.

2. The convention in which the Foster-Bittelman-Lore-Cannon group were the majority, was greeted by Lore in the "Volkszeitung," his paper, as the victory of a majority for Trotskyism. And when we tried to repudiate this, we were defeated in all our efforts.

3. The convention sent a request to the Comintern that the E. C. C. I. decision to reorganize the Party on the basis of shop nuclei should not be applied to America.

4. Our efforts to secure a repudiation of Trotskyism as soon as it raised its head, were defeated. It was not until instructions came from the Party representative in Moscow at the Fifth Congress that Trotskyism was first renounced by the then majority of our Central Committee led by Foster and Lore.

5. The whole of the trade union work was then based upon the skilled workers, the labor aristocracy. The sole attention was paid to the amalgamation of the existing trade unions. All our efforts to push the organization of the unorganized (1925 Convention) were rejected.

6. Lore, who was then the real ideological leader of the Foster majority, has since been expelled. At the Fifth Congress, special instructions were given to our Party to have the then majority of Foster break with the Lore forces, now outside the Party, and unite with the followers of Ruthenberg.

7. The C. I. further declared at its Fifth World Congress that: "The comrades gathered around Comrade Cannon have made a number of declarations which have shown that in their efforts to secure influence on the petty-bourgeoisie they have failed to maintain the Communist position."

8. What was the policy of these self-styled Left Wingers of today on the Negro work at that time? I read from a speech delivered at the Third Comintern Congress by Comrade Dunne of the opposition:

"That the black workers are not organized is not to be explained by race antagonism, but by the fact that the American workers in general are not organized. In those branches of industry in which Negroes work, they are accepted in the trade unions as members on a basis of equality. If we are against dual unions in general, we cannot be for dual Negro unions. Race prejudice exists, it is true, but the best means of struggle against it will be the acceptance of white and black workers in one organization, and for the mobilization of the Negroes on one side of the barrier and the whites on the other."

"If Comrade Losovsky insists upon the organization of separate Negro unions in America, then we invite him to come to America and try to occupy himself with this question for at least a year. I am convinced that at the next Congress he would demand the head of that comrade who might propose such a solution of the Negro problem."

Our Central Committee has put forth a totally different policy, without Comrade Losovsky's assistance on this question.

Then let us come to the present period of our Party, beginning with the close of 1925.

We now see the beginning of the development towards a Bolshevik Party, with the present Central Committee leading the Party.

1. We organized the Party on a Bolshevik basis of shop nuclei.

2. We raised the ideological level of the Party.

3. We have driven the Party into mass work. Today 47 per cent of our members are in the trade unions, as against only 32 per cent when we took over the Party leadership.

4. We began the campaign to organize the unorganized. When we raised it concretely on the Passaic question, the organization of the unorganized textile workers and famous Passaic strike, the opposition resisted it and branded it as dual unionism. (December, 1925, C. E. C. Plenum.)

5. We have made considerable headway in the unification of the Party, ideologically as well as organizationally.

6. We have laid the beginning of mass work among the Negroes.

7. We have conducted the fight against opportunism, continuing the fight against Lore, and the fight against the ideologically damaging effects of American imperialism on the working class and even on certain sections of our Party—the present opposition.

Comrade Swabeck, one of the leaders of the opposition, declared there was pessimism in the Party because the Russian Revolution is no longer a source of inspiration to the American workers.

This comrade saw a conflict between the ideals of the proletarian revolution in Russia and the objectives of the Party in active participation in the every-day struggles of the working class. We rejected this theory vigorously as an example of the most dangerous opportunism.

And when Comrade Foster developed the theory that the trade union bureaucracy is invincible, and that the savings of the workers in America have "dynamic possibilities," we rejected it as another evidence of the dangerous effects of the strength of imperialism on the ideology of our Party.

Our Party is engaged primarily in the work of organizing the unorganized. The Trade Union Educational League has been so organized as to provide place for the unorganized workers in its structure. In mining, textile, needle trades, boot and shoe, and rubber, we are engaged in organizing new unions. In textile, mining and the needle trades we already have new unions organized. The Party is in the center of every strike in the country. The Passaic strike and many others, the Sacco and Vanzetti movement, the fight against the American imperialist war in Nicaragua, the struggle against the oppression of the colonial masses—in all these our Party has been the leader. Today our Party has the complete hegemony over the Left Wing.

Comrade Cannon spoke here critically about our election campaign. I can only refer to an article of his in the "Daily Worker" (June 5, 1928) before he came to Moscow, in which he wrote the highest praise of our election campaign.

With reference to the Negro work, we have made many errors, but we have made a definite beginning in this work.

In the organization work, our Party apparatus is centralized. We have brought in more than 1,000 new members in the mining campaign: we have more than 15,000 members in the Party today, with an average monthly increase of 600 members for 1928. We now have 28 factory nuclei papers with a circulation of over 60,000.

(To Be Continued.)

Rivers Continue to Mount in South

ATLANTA, Sept. 7.—The overflowing of rivers in Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina today was causing great destruction to highways and crops. Hundreds of square miles of farmland were reported inundated in North Carolina. The Cape Fear River rose 13 feet above its banks at Fayetteville.

Told You So

TAMMANY politicians are so crooked that they won't even die straight. Thus it has come to pass that the big pipe and plumbing king, John M. Phillips, who was supposed to have died recently is now suspected of having pulled off another fake. Phillip's family physician, Dr. Louis H Taylor, asserts that he doubts that the body buried in Old Calvary Cemetery was the carcass that once encompased the spirit of Mr. Phillips; in fact that what was buried must have been a couple of other fellows.

* * *

THE story is well-known to our well-informed readers, which means all of you. However, we pick up a new reader now and then who may not be acquainted with the history of the Queen's sewerpipes, (not by Dumas but just as good) so we propose to devote a few lines to the famous tale. Phillips was, and probably still is, a leader of the democratic Party in the borough of Queens. He was, and perhaps still is also a philanthropist and being concerned with the health of the borough, he decided to go into the sewerpipe business. In this charitable work he amassed an enormous fortune which is usually the reward of virtue according to the pulpit.

T. J. O'Flaherty

* * *

BE that as it may, jealousy was born in the breasts of divers other democratic philanthropists who failed to pipe the dough in the sewers. The upshot of the whole thing was that Phillips and several of his fellow philanthropists got into the toils of the law. Fearing that his conduct might be misunderstood, Phillips is alleged to have come down to Atlantic City, parked a keg of booze near his bed, attached a tube to the bung hole and sucked himself to death.

* * *

FOLLOWING the alleged demise of Phillips, a couple of other democratic leaders took off for Valhalla, under suspicious circumstances. Under ordinary conditions the death of a Tammany leader would not incite the public to make exhaustive investigation of the cause of their demise, a feeling of relief rather than sorrow being the rule rather than the exception. But now, all the tabloids and some of the more dignified newspapers are demanding an investigation and no doubt the statement of Dr. Taylor will mean overtime for the gravediggers.

* * *

"THE trick wouldn't be beyond him," observed Dr. Taylor when he broke the story to the press. Should the doctor's doubts be confirmed we are faced with the possibility of having a new religion on our hands. If the late Mr. Phillips is found running a night club or should it be learned that he is one of the recent millionaire bolters from the democratic to the republican party, it would be just like him to claim that he arose from the dead and is a brand new Jesus with a mandate to found a new religion. We await the result of the possible investigation of the Phillips coffin with as much interest as an old professor would the rummaging of a Pharaoh's grave.

* * *

WHILE touching on the subject of religion it is interesting to note that Aimee McPherson, the four-square evangelist, did the square thing by the Los Angeles judge who sat on her kidnaping case or rather sat on those who prosecuted Aimee for pulling off an alleged fake. The upright judge received the sum of $2,500, but he assures us that it did not affect his judgement in the slightest. He would have freed the red-headed girl if she had only given him a nickel cigar.

* * *

THE thirty-day sentence imposed on Mrs. Florence Knapp will just about give her time for a good long sleep. Instead of a headline reading: "Short Rap For Knapp," "Brief Nap For Knapp" would be more appropriate. However, Mrs. Knapp is lucky she did not steal a pound of corned beef. Even a cop would be liable to lose a week's pay for stealing a banana.

* * *

THERE is a good story going the rounds in Wall Street these days of a cop who in being shifted to a new beat walked into a restaurant and asked the cashier for a cigar. The girl gave him the weed, then reached into a drawer and handed the officer a sealed envelope. The cop decided not to express any surprise until he got into a nearby alley. Fancy his embarrassment when he found a fifty dollar bill and the word "Thanks." That cop is now a regular customer.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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POLICE AND LEWIS THUGS RAID MINE CONVENTION; SLUG, ARREST DELEGATES; CONVENTION PROCEEDS

35,000 in Textile Strikers' Parade Demonstration Against the A. F. of L. Sell-Out

RIVAL BATTY-CO. PARADE MUSTERS ONLY 1,000 MEN

Textile Council Shown Bankrupt, T. M. C. Sole Leader

Whole City Turns Out

Great New England Labor Rally Held

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. Sept. 9—Establishing beyond all doubt, the unchallengabe leadership of the Textile Mill Committees in the great textile struggle here 20,000 striking textile workers, amid scenes of indescribable enthusiasm marched for three hours thru the main streets of this city, poured into the town Commons, and held a monster mass demonstration against the strike sell-out now being prepared by the American Federation of Labor officialdom and the mill owners.

When the marchers at the head of the huge parade swung into the Commons for the mass meeting, they were greeted by a roar of cheers by a mass of 15,000 strikers and sympathizers who were already packed into the huge square.

Red Banners.

Three bands of thirty pieces each, played strike and march songs for the line of marchers who, tho marching six abreast, stretched two miles long. Salvo on salvo of thunderous applause by the tightly packed thousands overflowed from the sidewalks greeted the parade as it passed thru the city. Red banners, bunting scarves and ties gave this normally quiet city a festive and rebel air.

While the tens of thousands demonstrating their solidarity with the Textile Mill Committees swung

Continued on Page Three

MILL BOSS HEAD IS INTERVIEWED

Says Batty Begged for Chance to Sell Strike

By CHARLES YALE HARRISON.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 9.—"William M. Batty, secretary of the New Bedford Textile Council, came to me last week and pleaded that if we took down our wage-cut notices, he would agree to have his union accept the Frieder Standardization Plan," said John Sullivan, president of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association, Saturday in an exclusive interview with the writer today. This news coming after the conference between the diehard Sullivan and Batty is authoritative proof that the American Federation of Labor officials are frantic at the growing strength of the Textile Mill Committees.

When interviewed Batty declared that he would work to put thru the Frieder plan. Admitting the plan to be a speed-up system, Batty declared that it is the only way out of the situation.

"We favor the Frieder Efficiency Plan but it all depends on the workers. I fear that some workers view this plan as a speed-up system, but if accepted prospects for a settlement would be bright," said Batty to the questioner. Batty manifested great nervousness at the continued spread of Textile Mill Committees influence.

When questioned by the writer on the duration of the strike Sullivan said, "Approaching winter and hunger will drive them back to the mills."

The workers here are mobilized to fight the sell-out, and when the [illegible] this interview was announced to them from the platform in the Commons after today's parade, they greeted the reiteration of the Textile Mill Committee strike policy of no surrender, with a mighty roar of approval.

New Bedford Textile Strikers Fight On, Their Ranks Unbroken

The New Bedford textile strikers concluded their 21st week of heroic struggle with one of the greatest demonstrations of solidarity since the strike started when 35,000 workers took part in a parade and demonstration Saturday that was at the same time a repudiation of the betrayal policy of the Textile Council. Above is a picture of a recent strike meeting addressed by leaders of the Textile Mills Committee who are recognized by the workers as their real spokesmen.

C. E. C. OF WORKERS PARTY ENDORSES UNRESERVEDLY THESES OF COMINTERN

Approves Declaration of Lovestone for American Delegation

Rejects Johnstone Statement in Behalf of Minority

The Political Committee of the Central Executive Committee at its session on September 5th, endorsed unreservedly the political thesis of the Communist International on the report of Comrade Bukharin, as adopted by the Sixth World Congress.

The Political Committee approved the declcaration of Comrade Lovestone in behalf of the American Delegation to the Congress. Comrade Lovestone had made the following declaration:

> "The majority of the Workers (Communist) Party Delegation approves unreservedly the political theses presented by the delegation of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.
>
> "The unanimous adoption of the theses disproves the accusations of the minority against the majority of the Workers (Communist) Party concerning the alleged right wing policy, and means that the Communist International supports the present leadership. The best method to fight against the undoubtedly existing right wing dangers is for the minority completely to accept the theses, abandon fractionalism and subordinate itself to the majority."

The Political Committee rejected the stand of the minority of the American Delegation which took exception to sections of the theses and as expressed in the statement of Comrade Johnstone as follows:

> "The minority of the Workers Party Delegation agrees with the political theses except for the passage concerning the United States which fails to stress the United States imperialist contradictions and the progressive radicalization of the American workers and which also fails to condemn the right wing policy of the majority of the Central Committee of the Workers Party, particularly regarding the non-application of the decisions of the Fourth Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions and Negro and anti-imperialist work."

The Political Committee of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party is in complete agreement with the theses and the report of Comrade Bukharin, including the section of the theses dealing with the analysis of American imperialism and the estimation of the work of the Party.

CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY.

OBSERVE YOUTH DAY THRUOUT U.S.

Young Worker League to Hold Many Meets

While the capitalist countries of the world are gathering their forces for a new imperialist war, the working-class youth of this country is preparing to demonstrate against imperialist war in celebration of International Youth Day, which will be observed this year during the week of September 16. Numerous open-air meetings and demonstrations, as well as indoor meetings, will be held throughout the country during this week under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

International Youth Day has been celebrated annually by the working-class youth of the world since September 3, 1915, when the historic

Continued on Page Four

White Tourists Shoot Down Ceylon Worker

COLOMBO, Ceylon, Sept. 7 (UP). —Five Europeans were under arrest today after a riot in which several Europeans and natives were injured.

Passengers from the Steamer Osterley, arriving last night from Australia, engaged in an argument with a native shopkeeper over the price of a shirt. A passenger shot and wounded the native and a rickshaw coolie. He was arrested but his friends stormed the jail to rescue him. The other arrests were made then.

Stage Hands Here Win Large Wage Increase

More than 1,200 members of the Theatrical Protective Union won wage increases as the result of a strike threat, it was announced yesterday.

Under the terms of the new agreement, stage hands will receive $6.75 a performance, a wage increase of 75 cents, while property men, electricians and carpenters will receive $82.50 weekly.

SEARCH MISSING SOVIET AVIATOR

MOSCOW, Sept. 9.—All ships in the Siberian and Arctic regions have been asked to search for the airplane "Soviet North" piloted by Krasinsky, which left Anadir Aug. 13. The plane was reported last on August 19, going westward. Krasinsky was on an experimental flight across the Northern part of Siberia.

SUPPORT URGED FOR 'DAILY' DRIVE

Ballam Tells Service of Workers' Paper

By JOHN J. BALLAM

The Daily Worker is now engaged in conducting a vigorous drive for 10,000 readers during the remaining months of the election campaign. The campaign in New York is in full swing. Dozens of meetings are held daily. Our comrades are active in getting signatures to place our Party on the ballot in New York state. This task is reaching completion. The Daily Worker is the most powerful instrument of our Party to make our campaign a success.

New York City, the scene of the needle trades struggle, the fight against the right wing, police, gangsters and all the forces of the

Continued on Page Three

CONVICT 2 STEEL CANTON STRIKERS FOR PICKETING

Workers Continue to Violate Boss Injunction

Sentence on Tuesday

Victory Seen as Mill Makes Overtures

(Special to the Daily Worker)

CANTON, Ohio, Sept. 9.—Two strikers who violated the anti-picketing injunction obtained by the Central Alloy Steel Corporation in its frenzied attempt to break the five-week walk-out of the 500 chippers and grinders, will be sentenced here Tuesday, having been convicted. Thirteen other pickets who were arraigned at the same time received suspended sentences.

The court room was packed with strikers, including members of the mill committee and Joe Judson, militant picket leader. Conspicuous in the court were also a large number of spies of the steel corporation and Superintendent Smith and W. H. Selden, chipper boss, whom the strikers insist be removed as one of their demands.

Frame Strike Leader.

When Judson entered the court room Smith was seen in whispered conversation with the chief of police and prosecutor, and a few minutes later he was arrested and held on a charge of "suspicion." Judson was later released under $100 bond.

Friday night's meeting of the

Continued on Page Three

CONN. LEFT WING ACTIVE AT MEET

Fight Reaction at State Federation Meet

NEW LONDON, Sept. 9.—The Connecticut State Federation of Labor Convention, held here, adjourned yesterday with the re-election of office of the same old reactionary gang of misleaders.

There were only three left wing delegates at the convention, who fought for the labor movement in the state.

The left wing delegates, R. S. Kling from the machinist local of New Haven, Morris Rabinsky, of the painters of New Haven and Wm. F. Hearing of the Moulders Union of Stamford, introduced the following resolutions to the convention, three of which were adopted unanimously: (1) For the release of Tom Mooney and Billings; (2) Against Child Labor; (3) For the Organization of the Un-Organized; (4) For a Labor Party, and (5) For the Recognition

Continued on Page Four

INTERMARRIAGE IN USSR.

MOSCOW, (By Mail).—According to instructions of the People's Commissariat for Home Affairs the inter-marriages of persons belonging to different citizenships if one of them is a Soviet citizen are valid only if marriages are registered according to legislation of the USSR in the registrary offices at the local Soviets.

Over 100 Delegates Are Arrested After Miners Drive Back Army of 200 Gangsters and Detectives

Freeman Thompson, Tony Minerich Among Scores Taken in Police Dragnet; All are Held Without Bail.

Frank Sepich, Tony Calmari Severely Beaten Up; Delegates Carry on Convention Despite Fascist Terror

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 9.—Evading the raiding parties of Pittsburgh police and an army of Lewis thugs and coal operator detectives, several hundred mine delegates from every section of the organized and unorganized fields are holding a closed session in another hall, hastily secured for the purpose.

By JACK LEE.
(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 9.—Fighting for their own lives as well as for the establishment of a new miners' union, hundreds of mine delegates smashed through the combined attack of two hundred Lewis gangsters assisted by the Pittsburgh police here today to hold the second session of their historic convention.

The first session was broken up this morning before it could begin in an exhibition of American fascism in action, the equal of which has as yet not been seen and which offers a grim foretaste to the American working class of what it must prepare for in the future.

Planned In Advance.

Pittsburgh city police, carrying out an evidently well-planned program and cooperating with over two hundred thugs recognized by miners as members of a permanent army of paid attaches of the Lewis administration, rode rough shod through the meeting of the mine delegates at the Labor Lyceum Hall, swung clubs indiscriminately, laid numbers of coal diggers low, broke heads, knocked some unconscious and ended by arresting thirty-five of those present among whom are some of the best known leaders in the fight for a new mine union.

"We want the leaders," was the cry with which the fascist army led by the police drove into the attack. "Get the leaders," the slogan was repeated. In the round-up, Freeman Thompson, Anthony Minerich, Frank Sepich and other prominent progressive mine leaders were included. Tony Calmari of Charleroi and Sepich were blackjacked. Calmari is now in Passavant Hospital still unconscious four hours after the vicious slugging. Severe lacerations of the head and serious abdominal injuries are casting his life in doubt.

Police Refuse Bail.

The police refuse to grant bail to those arrested because "it is Sunday."

The cops spent the afternoon today in driving from one hotel to another arresting all delegates whom they could lay hands on. Their first act after the raid on the Labor Lyceum was to proceed to the Monongahela Hotel at three o'clock at which place they arrested all members of the delegation present. At the hotel at which the West Virginia delegation was registered, Lewis gangsters made a wholesale attack on members who were outside of the entrance. Following this the whole delegation was arrested.

Another delegation of thirty-five members who arrived at the Labor Lyceum this afternoon, ignorant of the raid this morning, were immediately pounced upon by the police and dragged off to jail.

Information which came to the National Arrangements Committee for the new union of the Lewis plans to break up the convention caused the four hundred delegates who had already arrived last night to take possession of the meeting hall during the night in order to hold it. About nine o'clock this morning the Lewis gangsters, some of whom have come from as far as West Virginia, drove up in taxicabs. Among them were many recognized as coal operator detectives. All wore red, white and blue badges

Continued on Page Three

Communist Candidate

August Bonati, candidate for state assemblyman in Ohio on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket. Bonati served in the war while carrying on the struggle against militarism, at one time leading a strike of 4,000 military prisoners.

FUR WORKERS IN GENERAL MEET

To Decide Question of Registered Furriers

What to do to facilitate the entrance of fur workers who were registered members of the right wing Joint Council of the A. F. of L. into their newly applied for membership in the left wing Joint Board, will be the chief point for discussion at the general membership meeting of the Joint Board, which is to be held tomorrow evening, immediately after work in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place.

The meeting was decided upon by the leaders of the Joint Board as the best method of settling this problem, which becomes more pressing each day due to the increasing influx of furriers working in the shops of the Associated Fur Manufacturers, Inc. These shops have "agreements" with the right wing union and refuse to recognize the Joint Board.

The registered members reapplying for union admission owe large amounts of money in dues. The Joint Board therefore wants to take up with the membership the question of lessening their indebtedness.

MINE DELEGATES SHOT BY LEWIS GUNMAN MAY DIE

Attack on Bentleyville Militants Rouses Convention

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 9.—News of the shooting by a Lewis machine henchman of George Moran and Frank Kovac, two mine delegates from the Bentleyville local union to the Pittsburgh miners' convention spread like fire among the members of the various delegations. Today's raids upon the convention and upon the hotel headquarters of the delegates by the combined forces of the Lewis gangsters and the Pittsburgh police are seen here as the last act of desperation in the terror and murder campaign of the Lewis machine.

* * *

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 9.—Lewis gunmen in Bentleyville rescued and carried off to safety Louis Carboni the Lewis spy who Friday night

Continued on Page Three

WILL DESCRIBE MINE STRUGGLE

Watt to Tell of Miners' Convention

A vivid, first-hand report of the historic National Miners' Convention, which opened yesterday in Pittsburgh for the purpose of launching a new Miners' Union, will be given to the workers of New York by John Watt, chairman of the National Convention Arrangements Committee and one of the outstanding leaders of the progressive miners' movement, at a huge Solidarity Mass Meeting in Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., Thursday evening, Sept. 20, at 8 o'clock.

The meeting, which has been arranged by the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, and

Continued on Page Two

SOVIET UNION CELEBRATES TOLSTOY CENTENARY

Workers, Peasants Join Honoring Great Writer in Observances Thruout Week

MOSCOW, Sept. 9.—Tomorrow 146,000,000 people, occupying one-sixth of the world's surface, will join in paying tribute to one of the greatest writers that Russia has produced, Leo Nicolaievich Tolstoy.

Beginning tomorrow and lasting thruout the week, memorial meetings, concerts, performances of Tolstoy's plays and various other celebrations will take place, under the direction of the Soviet Government, in observance of the 100th anniversary of the birth of the great writer. The observances will center in Moscow and in Yasnaya Polyana, the village where Tolstoy spent most of his life and where practically all of his great works were written. Special exhibits will be on view at his home and in a number of museums.

The Commissariat of Education, which is in direct charge of the Tolstoy centenary, has invited various cultural organizations to participate in the Moscow celebrations. These include the Academy of Arts, the Academy of Sciences, the Union of Literary Societies, the Society of Former Political Prisoners, conservatories and all the theatres.

At Yasnaya Polyana thousands will march in a procession to Tolstoy's tomb, which will be followed by the dedication of the three new memorial buildings built by the Soviet Government, a high school, a large hospital and an agricultural experimental station for the improvement of peasant economy.

To Present Plays.

The peasants of Yasnaya Polyana and of the neighboring village of Telyatina, the home of Tolstoy's friend and chief disciple, Chertkov, together with their children will

Continued on Page Three

Determined Miners in Old Flivvers Make Way to Pittsburgh to Build New Union

ELEGATES FROM LL OVER U. S. ARRIVE HOURLY

Many Come From the Open-Shop Territory

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 9.—The Kansas' miners' delegation has forced its way in well-worn Fords, the first of the auto caravans across country, to be on time for the National Miners Convention, which will launch a new miners' union, a fighting, incorruptible organization of the rank and file on a national scale to win back a living wage and decent conditions in the industry. Other delegations are arriving hourly from the anthracite, Central Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, West Virginia, and other fields.

A hundred and fifty delegates from the Pittsburgh district are in town. You see these rugged workers around on the streets and in the offices of the Convention Arrangements Committee; they are men that hunger and the 17 months' struggle against operators and police and state troopers and the gangsters, and the starvation policy of International President Lewis and his minions have not been able to break. The advance guard arrived Saturday from McDonald, from Avella, from Harwick, from the Portage section and other towns scattered about the district.

From Open-Shop Territory.

Tom Wray and his brother delegates come from the territory of the Pittsburgh Coal Co., which has locked out its miners since 1925, and whose open-shop policy, they report, was recognized a few weeks ago by Lewis when he calmly withdrew pickets from those mines.

The Indiana delegation had a little road trouble. The first cars, which contained among others Mother Bloor, active organizer for the Save-the-Union Movement in Indiana, and one of the only three women members of the old United Mine Workers of America, also some active Negro delegates, were stalled at Englewood, Ohio. Mother Bloor and some of the others came on by train, and the whole caravan came on into Pittsburgh in time for the convention.

Ready to Walk.

"If the tires had given out," Thomas S. Wakefield, white-haired delegate in the Kansas group, said of his caravan, "we would've walked! You see, the locals back in Kansas are waiting for charters from the new union, and we promised to bring them back. The Kansas district has been shot to pieces ever since Lewis threw out our officers and put in a 'provisional' set, and whenever we put a progressive on the slate to oppose them at election time, they just cross the name off."

Wakefield was a member of the Knights of Labor and helped to organize the United Mine Workers of America. Now that he has seen it wrecked by the Lewis gang he is helping to organize another union. He has proved himself a good union man.

New Locals.

Wakefield told of the organization of new union locals in some towns, where they only await their charters to begin to take everything over, and of the refusal of the Lewis local officials to permit any meetings of their few remaining locals for fear that if they ever meet they will join the new union.

The Lewis district administration has signed up the state on the 1917 scale, much under the Jacksonville scale, but even so, the mines do not open as they were expected to on Sept. 1. The Kansas delegation thinks that this is because the operators are not certain that the reactionary district president, Skahan, has anything to sell to them that he will be able to deliver.

Threaten Blacklist.

Dan Coffee, district board member for the old union, appeared at meetings of two locals in Arma, Kansas, the center of the coal industry there, and in the course of his argument with the boys of 46 and 3350 pleaded with them not to join the new union, "because the United Mine Workers is terribly weak in Kansas."

Another tactic of the machine in Kansas is the blacklist. An open threat to blacklist any miner who went with the new union was made at the U. M. W. A. district convention during the last week of August by district officials on the platform there—but the miners refused to be terrorized. They do not believe the Kansas machine has any sting left. "I don't believe the gentlemen," said Wakefield when he was told that all the progressives would be expelled, "but I wish they would kick out the two or three that are left. They'll find themselves in good company."

Fat Salaries.

This Lewis district convention, Wakefield believes, started a move to return to the officials' exorbitant salaries which the miners of Kansas had begun to cut down. The delegates were hoodwinked or bulldozed into creating a special fund under the direct charge of the district officials, which will surely be used to provide them with a softer living.

At present the reactionary officials in District 14 of the U. M. W. A. (Kansas) are living on the loot they collect from the few miners who were signed up before the strike, mostly strip miners, steam shovel men, etc. One of these men announces that out of his last check of $114, the company checked off for Lewis officials $15 in so-called dues, special and district assessments. Another strip miner with a check of $96 was held up in the same way for $12.20.

The Kansas delegation could have been three or four times as large, the delegates here said, if it were not for the expense of transporting delegates to Pittsburgh. As it is, the locals which could not send their own men will be represented by those from other locals.

Tammany Authorities Refuse to Seek Murderers of D'Olier, Witness

With inescapable evidence proving that William D'Olier, sanitation engineer, was murdered by henchmen of Queens sewer grafters, the district attorney still refused to seek the men higher-up who instigated the killing because D'Olier knew "too much" about their grafting activities. Photo shows Thomas Grims (left) who was with John M. Phillips, sewer-pipe king, when he died in Atlantic City under extremely suspicious circumstances; Francis Phillips, his son and heir to millions, shown hiding his face from photographers while walking from a recent grand jury hearing with his lawyer, and (extreme right), Peter Campbell, a contractor who has been doing "business" with some of the big boys.

ELECTRICIANS STRIKE IN PHILADELPHIA, PA.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9.—Despite the opposition to a fight for the 40 hour week on the part of the union officials who brought in the head of the Contractors Association to "convince" the workers against striking for this demand, local 98 of the electrical workers of Philadelphia voted 519 to 65 to go on strike at its meeting last Tuesday. The remaining shops, including those of the out-of-town contractors and 5 local contractors settled at once with the union.

The issue was over the question of the 40 hour week. Last May the union carried a resolution going on record for a 40 hour week, for the same pay that the workers received for the 44 hour week. Nothing was done during the summer months as the electrical workers worked only 5 days a week for the last few years, during the summer.

Members Insistent.

At the close of the summer the electricians were faced with a 5½ day week with the same pay as for the 5 day week. The union membership insisted on putting through its demand for the 40 hour week. They demanded a 5 day week and $1.25 an hour.

The contractors claimed that they were in favor of the 40 hour week through their representative W. B. Panghorn, head of the Contractors Association, a former member of Local 98 who was invited by the officials to speak at the meeting when the strike vote was taken. However, he claimed that the time was not "ripe." The membership overwhelmingly rejected the proposal fo the contractors.

Workers Must Fight.

The workers are confident of winning. With the Association split, and with the out of town contractors conceding to the demand of the workers, it is only a matter of days, in their opinion, to the settlement of the strike.

No strike-breakers have been brought in, and the strike is being conducted according to the best theory and practice of the A. F. of L.—"peace in industry."

This was evidenced by the calling in of the head of the Contractors Association, the worst enemy of the union, to confuse and terrorize the workers. Otherwise, the proposals of the contractors would never have gotten 65 votes.

WILL DESCRIBE MINE STRUGGLE

Watt to Tell of Miners' Convention

Continued from Page One

the Shop Delegates Conference for Miners' Relief, will be the occasion for rallying the workers of New York and vicinity not only to support the new Miners' Union, but also to intensify relief activity in behalf of the thousands of miners and their families whom the long 17-months' strike has left in a condition verging on starvation.

A number of other leaders of working class struggles will be among the speakers. They will give a graphic account of the desperate fight of the miners against starvation, eviction, police brutality and betrayal and will bring a message of solidarity with the needle trades workers, the striking textile workers and the whole of the progressive labor movement. The mass meeting is expected to be the starting point for a new campaign among the workers of New York for all possible support to the heroic miners and to their efforts to build a new and powerful union under a militant rank-and-file leadership.

U. S. Bankers Have Further Hold on Peru

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 9.—City revenues have been pledged by the Peruvian government as a security for the loan of $7,500,000 for public works which has been arranged by a New York syndicate, headed by E. H. Rollins and Company.

The first part of the loan, totaling $3,000,000 will be used to refund the city debt. The bonds will bear 6½ per cent interest and will mature in 36 years.

BEN GOLD BACKS BIG YOUTH MEET

Calls for Support of Conference

Ben Gold, manager of the Joint Board of the Furriers Union, in a statement issued Saturday, calls for the most energetic support to the efforts of the young workers to organize themselves.

"The Working Youth Conference which will be held September 29 and 30, deserves the greatest support on the part of every class-conscious worker in the furriers trade," Ben Gold said. "The young workers generally are not organized; but we found at the time of the furriers strike, that those young furriers in the union were most active and militant on the picket line, in getting out scab shops, and in battling for the rights of the workers."

"It is most important," continued Gold, "for the entire militant labor movement to see these exploited young workers trying to do something for themselves and to become organized. At this time when we are building our new strong, powerful union in the furriers trade, every furrier must see to it that the young workers in the trade are organized into the union. As a step in that direction, young workers in the shops must be sent as delegates to the Working Youth Conference where they will hear the message of militant unionism.

"All support to the young workers. All support to the Working Youth Conference."

Mohegan Colony Aids Mine, Textile Strikers

The Mohegan Colony has raised during the summer $175 for the striking textile workers in New Bedford and Fall River and $148.50 for the miners.

Various affairs and two one-act plays were given in the building of the Mohegan Modern Co-operative Association, at which collections were later taken up for relief purposes. The response to these efforts was very good on the part of those located in the colony.

A member of the Executive Committee of the Youth Conference for Miners and Textile Relief helped to arrange these affairs and brought the money to the Youth Conference to be forwarded to Pittsburgh and New Bedford, respectively.

Besides the money already raised, money will still be forthcoming for relief.

3 KILLED IN PLANE CRASH.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 9 (UP).—Three men were injured probably fatally when their plane crashed here today at Richards Airport and then burst into flames as it touched the ground.

3 SHIPS FOUNDER.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 9 (UP).—Three steamships were reported in a dangerous condition not far from Magallanes tonight.

WORKERS GIVE FUNDS TO RED ELECTION DRIVE

Food Workers Hold Big Dinner Rally

At a Red Banquet held [illegible] night by the Progressive Group of Local 302, Delicatessen Countermen's Union at the United Workers' Co-operative Restaurant, 2731 White Plains Ave., the Bronx, $150 was raised for the Workers (Communist) Party Election Campaign. Of this amount $100 was collected from the food workers present by Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, and $50 was netted above the expenses of the banquet.

Labor Editor Speaks.

Paul Yuditch, labor editor of the "Freiheit," Jewish Communist daily, spoke on the exploitation of the food workers and the bitter struggle the progressive workers in the food industries are waging against the misleaders of their unions, and against the socialist party leaders of the United Hebrew Trades.

Rebecca Grecht, candidate for assembly on the red ticket from the fifth Bronx assembly district, spoke on the role of the republican and democratic parties as the instruments of big business and on the labor-betraying role played by the socialist party, which has openly repudiated the class struggle and is definitely the instrument of the petty bourgeoisie.

Meeting Is Enthusiastic.

The spirit and enthusiasm of the food workers present were exceedingly high. Those present represented all branches of the food industry, including waiters, and the speeches of Paul Yuditch and Rebecca Grecht were received with prolonged applause by them. Especially did enthusiasm run high when Rebecca Grecht spoke on the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party in the election campaign, and tied up the industrial and economic demands of the workers with their political affiliation.

Among those who contributed were M. Berkowitz, I. Himmelfarb, I. Dreazin, M. Zimmerman, M. Chorover, I. Ruditch, M Budesky, A. Bederson, Fox, Miller and Gordon.

This banquet marks the opening of an intensive election campaign among the food workers, leading up to the Food Workers' Election Mass Meeting which will be held at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., on Sept. 21 at 8 p. m. Prominent Communist speakers will be present.

• • •

Workers' Camps Contribute.

Camp Unity, through the Workers (Communist) Party unit there, has contributed to the Red Election Campaign the sum of $36, through the sale of Vote Communist stamps and buttons, $11.95 as a donation apart from the sale of buttons and stamps, and has also donated $11.95 to the general expense fund of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, is was announced yesterday.

As a result of a visit to Camp Nitgedaiget of Arvld Osol, representing District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, $104.66 was collected from among the workers there for the propagation of the Communist platform in the election campaign. This was part of the Red Week activities which were held during the weeks of August 19th to September 3rd.

Trumbenick Gives $25.

The initial donation made by the workers of Camp Trumbenick was $20. Beside this $5 worth of Vote Communist stamps and buttons were sold among the vacationing workers.

At all these camps funds were raised for workers' causes thruout the entire season, among those who benefited being the striking miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio, the New England striking textile workers and the Chinese trade unions.

Camp Wocolona, it was learned has raised during the season over three hundred and fifty dollars for various causes, the amount of $164 being raised during Red Weeks for the Red Election Campaign.

Harlem Speakers' Class

All members of the Section 4 speakers' class are required to attend the session to be held Tuesday evening, 143 East 143rd St. The Kellogg peace pact will be the subject of discussion with Comrade Markoff leading the discussion.

Tammany Hall Holds Out Hand to Fascists

The arrival of the Italian vessel Augustus, the world's largest motor liner, was the occasion for another official welcome by the Tammany city administration to representatives of Mussolini's murder regime. Photo shows Grover Whalen, Mayor Walker's staff hand-shaker, greeting Capt. Francesco Tarabotta, skipper on the Augustus. With them is Commander Emanuel Grozzi, local Italian consul.

THE YELLOW TRADE UNIONS IN CHINA

Wherever the counter-revolutionaries do not succeed in breaking up the labor movement, they strive to corrupt the revolutionary unions. In some cases the old name of the union is retained, but hirelings are put into the leading positions as for instance, in Hupeh and Kwangtung, while in other cases the name of the union is changed and the unions themselves are converted into heterogeneous organizations united by inter-union committees, or into unions differentiated according to craft (the United Union of Shanghai, the United Unions in other Provinces, etc.) Thus is the centralization of the forces of the working class being destroyed.

The yellow trade unions now existing in China may be divided into two groups: those which existed before the coup d'etat of Chiang Kai Shek, and those formed by the Kuo Ming Tang since that event.

Canton Unions.

To the first type of yellow unions belong the Kwantung Labor Federation and the Mechanic's Union of Canton. These unions have embraced and are embracing several thousands of organized workers in China, having but insignificant groups outside of Canton. Both these organizations rely upon the aristocracy of labor or upon the existing guilds and countrymen's organizations like the Kwantung Federation of Labor. Owing to their connections with the merchants and compradores of Canton, these unions have always been outspokenly reactionary, taking an active part in the struggle against the revolutionary trade unions. Thus, in the crushing of the Canton revolt in December 1927, armed detachments of the Mechanics' Union aided the government troops in the fight against the revolutionary workers.

The yellow trade unions formed by the Kuo Ming Tang government after the Chiang Kai Shek stroke, represent organizations of the semi-fascist type. These reactionary unions, with the help of the troops, have suppressed the revolutionary trade unions in Shanghai, Wuhan, Canton and elsewhere, having killed the revolutionary leaders and the militant members of the trade unions. At the head of the yellow—or as the Kuo Ming Tang leaders called them, "reorganized"—trade unions were placed the agents of the generals who had nothing in common with the working class.

Compulsory Arbitration.

The aim of the yellow trade unions is to substitute compulsory arbitration for strikes, but in reality they do not carry out even this. In the majority of cases they act as the simple agents of the bourgeoisie, ignoring entirely the demands and interests of the workers. Only in such cases when it is a fight against a foreign manufacturer, particularly where the native bourgeoisie is not firmly tied up with the imperialists, the yellow trade unions sometimes wage a fight against foreign capital. Such was the case during the strikes of the printers in the Japanese printing shops in Shanghai, during the strike of domestic servants in foreign families at Fushow, and so on.

At the same time the reactionary trade unions do their utmost to suppress every movement of the rank and file. Thus, in August 1927, the yellow "Joint Committee" of the Shanghai trade unions disbanded the Council of Chairmen of the Factory Nuclei, and in June 1928, it dissolved the union of employees of second-hand merchandise shops for having declared a strike on its own initiative. In some cases strikers were arrested by squads from the yellow trade unions and handed over to the police.

Workers Indignant.

Such flagrant reactionary work of the yellow trade unions has naturally aroused tremendous indignation among the workers. The latter have answered the treachery of the leaders of the yellow trade unions by assassinating them. This has caused the bourgeoisie to decide upon a new reform of the trade union movement and to create in Shanghai the so-called "Workers' Federation," an organization which resembles the trade unions of the reformist type. The new Federation, composed of Chiang Kai-Shek adherents and connected with the commercial and industrial bourgeoisie, immediately on being formed, began to fight the old rival organization, the "Joint Committee," consists of the Kwangsi group. This rivalry strongly undermines the position of yellow organizations.

Fascist Methods.

What are the elements of the workers ranged behind these yellow trade unions? Firstly, the aristocracy of labor, the masters and foremen, the highly skilled and well paid workers, who hope to gain by striking a bargain with the bourgeoisie; secondly, the backward mass semi-lumpen-proletariat which was already previously under the influence of the native bourgeoisie and has served it in various semi-bandit organizations; thirdly, the workers of those localities where there were previously no trade unions at all and to whom the existing yellow organizations constitute a considerable step in advance as compared with their past position.

The fascist methods of the Kuomintang are carried out through the yellow trade unions and are accompanied by white terror in regard to the revolutionary workers and the revolutionary movement in China. Nevertheless, it is equally certain that the yellow trade unions will not succeed in capturing the labor movement. The revolutionary spirit of the Chinese proletariat and its living and working conditions serve as the best guarantee against this menace. The first revival in the revolutionary movement will spell the doom of the yellow trade unions.

Underground Work.

The revolutionary trade unions are carrying on their work underground. In Shanghai these underground unions still unite 50,000 workers. In Canton the Red Trade Unions have three to four thousand members, and there are two or three thousand members in Hankow and other parts of China. The active members of these unions penetrate into the yellow unions for the recruiting of workers. In order to guarantee the conquest of the masses in China, the system of shop committees is now being practiced. This movement will undoubtedly have great results.

The Chinese working class has fighting experience, which has been gained during several years; it has a firm basis, which can never be destroyed by the white terror, despite the whole series of defeats of the working class. All over China the peasant movement is growing stronger day by day. Everywhere peasants are seizing the lands, driving the landlords away, and forming their village councils. This is of colossal help to the city proletariat, and in the end the working class will win out.

Appeal for Aid.

The Chinese working class is waging a stubborn and difficult struggle. It relies upon the help of the international proletariat, for the struggle of the Chinese workers is at the same time the struggle of all workers. The Chinese working class appeal to the international working class with the following slogans, "Down with the blue and white flag (of the Kuomintang), the flag of white terror! Down with the Kuomintang. We will set up a government of the Workers and Peasants."

Fellow workers! Help the Chinese proletariat to victory in our great common cause!

VARIED PROGRAM BEING PLANNED FOR YOUTH DAY

To Hold Mass Meet in Irving Plaza

The Young Workers (Communist) League of New York has arranged a whole series of activities in connection with the International Youth Day celebration, which will begin today and wind up Sept. 16.

Beginning Monday night, the League will hold many open-air meetings throughout the city. The subject will be "International Youth Day and the American Young Workers." Dozens of youth clubs will be visited during the week by members of the League. All Workers Party units will be visited this week and a discussion on the role of the Communist Youth League and the Young Pioneers will be lead by League speakers.

Friday, September 14, a joint mass meeting of the Party and the League will take place in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place. The program, as announced by the committee in charge, will be an all-youth program. The New York revolutionary labor movement will hear for the first time the Youth Chorus, which, singing in English, will render the International, the Young Guardsman and Red Cavalry. The graduation of 20 Young Pioneers into the ranks of the League will be held. J. J. Ballam, acting district organizer of the Party, is scheduled to speak at the meeting. Carl Winters will act as chairman; Frankfeld, acting district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League; Comrade Welsh, candidate of the Workers Party in the Twenty-first Assembly District, and in charge of Negro work in the Y. W. L., District 2; Comrade Yusem, N. E. C. representative, and a Young Pioneer, will speak. Sarah Menzer, League member, will render a number of violin selections.

The program will wind up with a young workers sport club performance.

Tickets sell for 35 cents each and this will include a free three months' subscription to the Young Worker.

Wall Street 'Al' to Go on Tour in Car of Big Contractor

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 9 (UP).—A special train of eleven cars will leave New York a week from today, carrying Governor Alfred E. Smith westward for a two weeks speaking tour.

Besides the governor the train will carry a corps of clerical assistance, friends and a heavy consignment of baggage. Thirty-six reporters will make the trip, in addition to camera and movie men who will record the campaign in picture.

The governor and his party will travel in the private car St. Nocholas, owned by William F. Kenny, close personal friend of the candidate. An observation car also will be provided for their use.

Issue Instructions for Red Election Campaign Workers in District 2

All Workers (Commmunist) Party speakers, section election campaign directors and committee members are requested by the district agitprop to carefully read the announcements of open air meetings appearing in the Daily Worker every day.

Election campaign directors are also requested to send in complete reports of meetings in their sections to the district agitprop, 26-28 Union Square.

U. S. S. R. to Consider Further Plans for Jewish Colonization

MOSCOW, Sept. 9.—All organizations here devoted to the colonization of unemployed Jews on the land in Siberia and Southern Ukraine will hold a conference on December 1 at which they will present their plans for common discussion to the Comzet, the government department for Jewish colonization states.

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Imperialists Build New Fortifications Across Europe in Preparation for Next War

FRANCE BUILDS ARMAMENT OVER PRE-WAR SCALE

German Reformists in Aerial Preparation

PARIS, Sept. 9.—In order to prepare for a large-scale war, plans for complete fortification of the eastern frontier of France, that will provide for a series of fortifications stretching from the North Sea to the Mediterranean, will be put into effect at a conference to be held next week at Metz, which will be attended by Paul Painleve, minister of war, and the foremost generals of France and members of the senate and chamber army commissions.

The plan was drafted by the war marshal, Petain, and provides for an extension of the French fortifications beyond the 1914 status. The line of armaments cutting across Europe from north to south will consist of forts, batteries, trenches, railroads, underground communications and shelters.

The old fortification system will be modernized and offer second, third and fourth lines of armaments. Besides the old fortifications a tremendous amount of work will be expended in building new roads, communications, long-distance batteries, airdromes and other armaments of the latest type.

A first appropriation of 200,000,000 francs has already been granted in this year's budget and in the course of seven years the strongest line of fortification that Europe has yet seen will be completed.

Besides these inland fortifications the French government has already begun to build a series of airplane stations all along its coast, which will temporarily be used for passenger and mail purposes, but which can easily be turned into effective war bases.

* * *

Reformists Also Prepare.

BERLIN, Sept. 9.—In line with its policy of keeping on hand as large an armed force as possible under the terms of the Versailles treaty, and providing a still larger reserve force by the simple expedient of training more men in shorter periods, the German "socialist" reichstag is considering a plan to give exhaustive aviation training to young men.

The course in aviation will not only provide training in flying but will also train young men in the principle of airplane construction on the most modern lines. Frankfort-Main will have a course this winter and similar courses will be instituted in other leading cities.

The aviation plants are also being kept on the peak of efficiency and are experimenting in the production of monster planes.

HONOR TOLSTOY IN SOVIET UNION

Observe Centenary of Great Writer

Continued from Page One

present three of Tolstoy's plays. Huge crowds are expected for the Yasnaya Polyana celebrations and they will be quartered largely in railroad cars on a siding.

In all the high schools of the Soviet Union Tolstoy's works will be studied and discussions held on such subjects as "Tolstoy and the Revolution" and "Tolstoy and the Peasant." The Commissariat of Education has also ordered his picture displayed in the high schools and presentations of his plays and readings from his works by the students.

Complete Works.

The State Publishing House is issuing a complete edition of Tolstoy's works, numbering many volumes. This will also include almost everything that has been written on Tolstoy by writers thruout the world. During the past few years the circulation of Tolstoy's works among the masses has increased by leaps and bounds and the issuance of his complete works is expected to further increase the interest in Tolstoy.

Famous foreign writers and thinkers, including Romain Rolland and Mahatma Gandhi, have been invited by the Soviet Government to visit the Soviet Union on the occasion of the centenary.

Masses To Take Part.

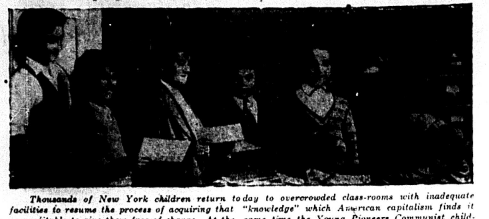
Thruout the week the leading theatres will present Tolstoy's plays and three films produced by Sovkino and based on Tolstoy stories—"The Cossacks," "Polikushka" and "Father Sergey"—will be shown.

In all the celebrations the masses of the workers and peasants will be drawn in and both the virtues and faults of Tolstoy, as well as his social significance, will be pointed out by leading writers and critics of the Soviet Union.

USSR FREES PRISONERS.

MOSCOW, Sept. 9.—All prisoners who have been sentenced to a term of one year or less will be freed by a decree of the Soviet government. This means that twenty per cent of all present prisoners will be liber-

Mental Doping Starts Today: New York Schools Open Doors



Thousands of New York children return today to overcrowded class-rooms with inadequate facilities to resume the process of acquiring that "knowledge" which American capitalism finds it so profitable to give them free of charge. At the same time the Young Pioneers Communist children's organization, resumes its intensive activity among the workingclass school children, designed to counteract the mental doping which aims to convert them into obedient servants of the capitalist class. Photo shows a group of children registering at Public School No. 3, Grove and Hudson Sts., a section inhabited largely by poor workers.

35,000 TEXTILE STRIKERS PARADE

A. F. of L. Rival March Musters Only 1,000

Continued from Page One

out of the north and south ends of the city toward a common junction in the center, the leaders of the Textile Council of the United Textile Workers Union stepped to the head of a "parade" which generous estimates place at 1,000 participants. The would-be betrayers of the strike then led their meagre group of followers away from any possible contact with the T. M. C. parade, directly to the outskirts of the town to a short disheartened meeting in Buttonwood Park.

The masses collecting since one o'clock in the afternoon at either end of the city received the signal to march at 2:30, and after reaching the center, merged themselves into a single column. They then paraded into Pleasant St. which is flanked by City Hall, swank hotels, clubs and the Textile Council's headquarters. The streets echoed the crashing and blaring bands and the cheering throngs, in what is admittedly one of the greatest labor manifestations in the history of New England.

Minor in Parade.

At the head of the parade marched Robert Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, William T. Murdoch and Fred E. Beal, strike organizers; Fred Biedenkapp, the Workers International Relief; Tony Samieras, Eli Keller, Ellen Dawson and Jack Rubinstein, union organizers. After them came the members of the strike committee consisting of about 100 workers. A special division of 500 prisoners composed of strikers who were arrested, jailed and are still facing trial for their picketing activities, then followed. A huge banner, shaped in the shield of International Labor Defense, was carried by a striker leading this division of honor. Then came pageants of hundreds of Portuguese and Polish women strikers dressed in the costumes of their native countries. Bouquets of roses and other flowers, woven into the initials of the T. M. C. were born on the shoulders of marchers.

Then came the main body of the parade. Looking far down the length of the parade column, the marchers were divided off into sections made up of the operatives in each of the 56 mills tied up by the strike. Each section carried a placard indicating that this is the Mill Committee of their particular factory.

Police Threats.

Police officials, leading the completely mobilized city force, halted the parade several times with threats to disperse it if the divisions of Young Pioneers, a Communist childrens' organization, was not ordered to quit the parade. A police ukase issued yesterday had forbidden children under 14 to participate. Not in the least daunted, the Pioneers, leading the hundreds of strikers children formed their own parade again and again despite repeated dispersals by the police. Harrassed to the point of exasperation, the police were completely occupied with trying to keep the swarms of dodging and jeering children from singing strike songs, also "verbotten" by the cops.

Despite a special police order that the Young Workers' (Communist) League members refrain from carrying their own banner, the banner was repeatedly raised thruout the entire line of march.

At the mass meeting on the Commons, immeasurable enthusiasm reigned. Minor, Biedenkapp, Rubinstein, Murdoch, Beal, Keller, Dawson, Robert Zelms of the International Labor Defense; Alex Bail of the Boston District of the Communist Party; S. Weisman, Figarato, of the Young Workers League and a marvelous Portuguese orator Samaras, spoke to the tremendous throng from two corners of the huge platform simultaneously. Warnings to fight the sell-out now being attempted by the A. F. of L. fakers, Batty and Co., was the main theme of the speeches delivered.

When Robert Minor called upon the workers to "support the workers representatives in the coming election, the Communist presidential candidates, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, all speaking had to be suspended for ten minutes before the ovation quieted down.

MINE CONVENTION IS ON DESPITE TERROR

Continued from Page One

of the discredited Lewis group. Blocking the streets, entrances and hallways, the army of gangsters proceeded to club all delegates who approached the hall. Calmari, who was one of the early arrivals, had his head broken and was dragged unconscious down a side street, where he was beaten up still further. At the head of the gang of Lewis thugs, and directing its activities, was John Buzzarelli, international board member of the discredited Lewis organization.

The fascist gang then proceeded to invade the hall.

Delegates Repulse Gang.

When the delegates rallied and repulsed the thugs, the Lewis henchmen called upon the police. The gangster army in the meantime occupied itself with throwing rocks at the hall from across the street. Notwithstanding this and the fact that the delegates were all sitting quietly in the hall, the police raided the meeting room, ordered the miners to remove their convention badges and drove them from the building. Several minutes later a patrol wagon was backed up and thirty-five delegates, all the wagon could hold, were jammed in and placed under arrest, charged with rioting.

They are now being held at the Center Ave. police station. Martin Abern, representative of the International Labor Defense, is working with officers of the American Civil Liberties Union to secure bail for those imprisoned.

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

Cannot Stop New Union.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 9.—Characterizing the attack by Lewis gangsters upon the convention of the mine workers as "the last act of desperation of a dying and corrupt organization united with the police and coal operators," John J. Watt, chairman of the arrangements committee and one of the leaders of the rank and file, declared here today that the attempt to terrorize the delegation would fail. "Nothing can or will stop the convention or the organization of a new mine union which will fight for the interests of the coal diggers," Watt said. "The corrupt and treacherous Lewis gang clearly reveals its fear and desperation of the rising spirit of the rank and file. By this last act they confirm their own bankruptcy and the widespread determination of the coal diggers to fight for a real union."

Acts of Fear.

The fear and desperation of the Lewis machine has caused it to resort to widespread terror and even murder in an attempt to prevent the holding of the convention. Last Friday a Lewis henchman carried out a murderous attack on George Moran and Frank Kovac, delegates to the convention from Bentleyville. The attack and shooting was made by Louis Carboni, who for a time posed as a progressive. Approaching the delegates after a local union meeting Carboni opened fire upon them. They are now at a hospital on the point of death.

Last week Lewis henchmen carried out a similar attack in the anthracite region, as a result of which Frank Bonita, another progressive mine leader, was brutally murdered. Bonita is the brother of Sam Bonita, who was railroaded to prison by the combined Lewis, police and coal operator forces in District 1. The Lewis-Cappellini machine of this district earlier carried out its murderous campaign leading to the shooting of Alexander Campbell, Peter Reilly and Tom Lillis.

Notwithstanding all this, the sentiment of the miners for rank and file control of their union has been steadily rising. Section after section and district after district threw off the corrupt and treacherous Lewis hold on the organization, culminating in the calling of the present conference for a new miners union under the leadership of the progressives.

TRIES TO CURE SICKNESS.

ANTWERP, Sept. 9.—Dr. W. K. Stratman-Thomas, youthful scientist of the University of Wisconsin, has sailed for the Belgian Congo in an effort to find a cure for sleeping sickness.

RELIEF MEET TO HEAR WEISBORD

Conference Saturday to Plan Aid

The struggles and sufferings of 30,000 textile workers in New Bedford and Fall River will be graphically described by Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mills Committee, and other speakers at the great city-wide conference for textile relief, to be held Saturday at 2 p. m. at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place. The conference has been called by the workers International Relief, which is in charge of relief activities in behalf of the textile strikers.

More than 30 trade unions and fraternal organizations have already accepted the invitation to send delegates to this conference. Labor organizations that have not yet chosen representatives are urged to do so and to communicate with Harriet Silverman, local secretary of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, Room 604.

On Saturday evening two movie performances will be given for the benefit of the mill strikers, one at 8:45 and the other at 11. The Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., has donated its auditorium for this occasion. The movie to be shown will be "The Crowd," a film on a workingclass theme written by John V. A. Weaver, novelist and poet. Weisbord will speak at both performances.

FULLER SPIELS BEFORE ELECTION

Blows Glorified Hokum Into Jingo Ranks

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Sept. 7.—Governor Alvan T. Fuller of Massachusetts addressed the state convention of the American Legion here today.

Fuller, whose jingo prejudice and bigotry are now known throughout the world as a result of his cold-blooded complicity in the murder of the two innocent workers, Sacco and Vanzetti, hypocritically placed before the jingo convention such deliberate bombast as "We must not allow our politics to be torpedoed by prejudice," and such hokum, in the light of his own acts, as "The right of every citizen to worship as he pleases . . . must be preserved and maintained inviolate."

The Legionnaires, of Fuller's own breed, gave the judicial murderer an ovation after he completed his lengthy spiel. It was from among their element that the governor received the backing for the blackest judicial murder on record.

JAIL COMMERCIAL SPY.

BERLIN, Sept. 9.—Charged with attempting to obtain German chemical secrets in the production of nitrates and acetic acids, Herr Bermet, senior partner in the Dutch firm of Verbt & Fuchs, has been arrested.

BIGGEST OIL GUSHER.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Sept. 9.—An oil well in the Rio Mara district on the property of the Orinoco Oil Company, is expected to be brought out as the richest gusher in the world at any moment.

CROSS-COUNTRY FLIGHT

YUMA, Ariz., Sept. 9 (UP).—Tex Rankin, Portland, Ore., flyer, was first to finish the Tucson to Yuma flight of the transcontinental air race of Class A planes today. He landed his Waco plane at Fly Field at 11:50 a. m.

GOV'T. FUNERAL SERVICE.

MOSCOW, Sept. 9.—In order to provide decent burial, the Moscow Soviet has decided to open funeral bureaus where it will be possible to buy a coffin for $3 and obtain a whole burial service for $8.

FASCIST TREATY AIMS AT FRENCH COLONIAL TRADE

British Also Hit by Abyssinia Pact

ADDIS ABBABA, Abyssinia (By Mail).—Important concessions to the Italian government and intensified conflict between Italy and France for North African trade are seen here as the result of the treaty signed between Italy and Abyssinia on August 2 and further clarified here recently.

The treaty provides that Abyssinia have a free zone at the port of Assab, with free commercial traffic across the Italian colony of Eritrea. In return Italy is granted certain concessions, the most important of which is the building of a railroad from Assab, a Red Sea port, to the Abyssinian town of Dessie, and later further south to Addis Abbaba. The new line will open trade with central Abyssinia and when the Dessie-Addis Abbaba extension is completed Italy will be in active competition with the French interests for trade in the south.

A year and a half ago Ras Taffari had complained to the League of Nations that England and Italy had each attempted to gain a dominating position in Abyssinia. The matter had been dropped when both governments denied the charges, but later it was revealed that they had attempted to gain concessions in Abyssinia.

British interests were eager to dominate Abyssinia because of its strategic position in regard to Egypt and the Sudan, and France is mainly concerned over her African colonies and trade.

SUPPORT URGED FOR 'DAILY' DRIVE

Ballam Tells Service of Workers' Paper

Continued from Page One

state, has been carried to the point where in the needle trades we are ready to launch a New Union.

The campaign of murder now being carried on by the I. R. T. officials in order to terrorize the workers of New York into yielding to the granting of a seven-cent fare has been exemplified by the series of so-called accidents which have occurred recently on the elevated and in the subway, with scores of working class victims, through the deliberate negligence of the traction millionaires to maintain adequate safety appliances and repair their equipment. Traction workers must be aroused to the significance of these acts and organize into a militant union.

On September 22 the New Union of Textile Workers will be launched, in which the silk workers of Paterson, with their background of militant struggle, and the Passaic textile workers, who conducted the heroic struggle successfully against the textile barons, will participate.

In all these struggles of the workers the Daily Worker has been the organizer and leader and has mobilized the workers generally in support of these militant struggles. Every member of the Party in District 2 must make it his first Communist duty to get new readers and subscribers for the Daily Worker. During the election campaign every worker who attends our meetings must become a reader of the Daily Worker. Only through the columns of the Daily Worker can we combat the anti-labor, capitalist propaganda issued by the two big parties of Wall Street and the little socialist party of the petty-bourgeoisie.

The Daily Worker devotes its pages to the workers' side of the class struggle, and the election campaign waged by the Workers (Communist) Party to rally the masses for the struggle against capitalism.

Every Communist voter must become a reader of the Daily Worker!

The District Executive Committee of District 2 calls upon every member of our Party, every militant worker and every sympathizer, to become a subscriber to the Daily Worker. The Daily Worker must be strengthened by increasing its circulation until it grows into the mass organ of the class struggle in our district and throughout the country.

Air Mail Route From New York to Mexico

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—An air mail service between the United States and Mexico will be started on October 1, according to a statement by Postmaster General New who made the details public today.

The American part of the route will run from Laredo, Texas into San Antonio from where a Mexican line will take the mails to Mexico City, negotiating the trip in three days from New York to Mexico City. There will be direct mail connections between Mexico City, Queretaro, San Luis Potosi, Saltillo and Monterey in Mexico, and New York, Boston, Chicago and other large cities in the United States.

Air Derby Trains Pilots for Imperialist War

The cross-country air races now in progress are helping to train pilots and improve air machinery that will be found highly serviceable in the next imperialist war in which the United States will certainly not remain on the sidelines. Above are Harry Tucker, left, and Lee Schoenhair, right, standing in front of their Lockheed Vega plane in which they will take part in the non-stop division of the races.

LEWIS GUNMEN RESCUE KILLER

3 Mine Delegates in Critical State

Continued from Page One

shot three delegates of the National Miners' Convention. Delegates crowding into Pittsburgh to launch a real miners' union are grim and determined to end the situation which resulted in the murder of Frank Bonita in Wilkes-Barre and the Bentleyville shooting.

Delegates arriving from Bentleyville give graphic details of the shooting—murder, they call it, for they say the local doctor states that George Moran is dying in the Washington General Hospital, Washington, Pa., with three bullets through him, and that Carl Glovak's condition is critical. Theodore Glovak, his son, is badly wounded, but is expected to recover.

Lewis Spy.

The story they tell of the attempted assassinations is as follows: Louis Carboni is a Lewis spy, who pretended to be a progressive for a time. He is also strongly suspected of being in operators' pay, and has boasted of having $10,000 in the bank—money which no one ever made coal mining.

Carboni some time ago severed connections with all progressives, however, and openly fought the Save-the-Union movement. As president of the Bentleyville local of the U. M. W. A. he had a difficult time, for the majority of the local is for the new union. At the meeting Friday night the union men were determined to affiliate with the new union which the Pittsburgh convention will build.

Carboni put a henchman at the door, with orders to let no one go out, and announced that the U. M. W. A. and no one else ruled this hall. He gave the floor to no one but his own supporters, who were almost all paid supporters of Lewis also.

One of Carboni's men, named Robb, launched into an insulting tirade against Carl Glovak, a progressive, and a delegate to the convention. When Glovak arose to answer, Carboni felled him with a blow over the head with a chair. Delegate George Moran, who was elected constable by the workers of Bentleyville, told Carboni he was under arrest. Carboni thereupon drew a gun and started shooting, first three shots at Moran, then at Glovak, and then at Glovak's son, who came to his father's assistance. He turned swiftly on Adam Getto, another delegate to the convention, and, placing his gun squarely over Getto's heart, snapped the trigger, but there was no ammunition left. By this time other miners had disarmed Carboni and he was led to the Burgess.

Shield Carboni.

But curiously enough the Burgess was gone. Also, a coal and iron policeman refused to arrest Carboni. And then 12 Lewis gunmen turned up and demanded that Carboni be delivered over to them. The miners were unarmed and had no choice. There is a rumor that as soon as the scene is properly prepared, Carboni will be formally surrendered to the authorities for whitewashing.

Miners say that with the blood of Frank Bonita, delegate to the convention, scarcely dry on the floor of his own house, the shooting of delegates Goerge Moran, Carl Glovak and Theodore Glovak at a meeting in the Bentleyville local union by a Lewis spy is a challenge that they cannot overlook. They will answer it by streaming from the remains of the U. M. W. A., in which officials are supported by murder of members, and build the new miners' union to be formed by this convention in Pittsburgh, a union which the rank and file miners will run for the benefit of every mine worker.

FRANCO-BRITISH PACT CONTINUES

England to Strengthen Allegiance

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—While the government is anxiously awaiting the return of Secretary Kellogg from Paris in order to frame a note to the British government in regards to the Franco-British naval pact, reports both from London and Paris deny that the British are ready to drop the naval pact on the objections of Washington.

London reports indicate that not only does the government intend to continue the naval agreement, but in the event that the United States government will voice its objections, new means will be found to consolidate the Franco-British entente. The British government still declares that the pact was impelled by the desire to see the Geneva disarmament conference escape from the deadlock on naval disarmament. The Unifed States government has already voiced its objection to limitation of large sized warships and the unlimited production of smaller and more effective craft, which is provided for in the Franco-British accord.

MORE "GOOD-WILL."

BALBOA, Canal Zone, Sept. 9.—The Mexican army aviator, Colonel Roberto Fierro, who is making a "good-will" flight around Central America, arrived at Albrook Field, in the Canal Zone, at 12:07 p. m. today from San Jose, Costa Rica.

U. S. AND BRITISH GIVEN FREE HAND IN COLOMBIA OIL

New Oil Laws Passed by Puppet Gov't.

BOGOTA, Colombia, Sept. 9.—Full private property rights and complete freedom in the development of the oil lands are given foreign companies, notably American and British, in the new Colombian oil legislation which passed the national senate and chamber of deputies on the first reading.

The $100,000,000 invested by United States oil interests in Colombia find their chief competitor in the British interests. The new legislation invalidates the "emergency" oil laws which aroused much opposition from the American companies and also provides for the easier penetration of foreign capital in the exploitation of oil by allowing American and British participation in national oil companies.

National oil reserves were made out of the Casanare Plains and the Uraoa regions by the same legislation, but development of these regions are to be delayed until the government decrees that exploitation is to be begun.

The Barco concession to two American oil companies, which was cancelled by government decree, will be included in the national reserves.

CONVICT 2 STEEL STRIKERS IN OHIO

Workers Continue to Violate Injunction

Continued from Page One

strikers in Rumanian Hall was packed to capacity. The meeting, one of the most enthusiastic since the strike began, was interrupted when five deputy sheriffs broke into the hall and nabbed Judson amidst jeering and shouting. He was held in jail incommunicado overnight. Yesterday morning he was released under $500 bond.

Hundreds of strikers on the picket line each day is the answer the workers have given the steel corporation. The steel barons' injunction and the arrests of strikers have strengthened the ranks of the men.

Violating Injunction.

Strikers are openly violating the injunction which decrees that no more than four workers can "legally" picket the plant.

A special injunction has just been issued forbidding Judson from speaking or walking in the vicinity of the steel mill.

Company Sagging.

Evidence that victory for the men is near is seen by the fact that during the past few days company attorneys have been making overtures to the lawyer for the strikers for negotiation and settlement of the strike.

1928
The Presidential Election and The Workers
By JAY LOVESTONE
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Boston Cloak and Dressmakers Enthusiastic for New Union, Correspondent Writes

STRIKE OUT OF SYMPATHY FOR OUSTED WORKERS

Sigman Visits Boston; Trip Is Failure

BOSTON, (By Mail).—The month of August was a month of great [illegible] in Boston. The conference of shop chairmen and committees called by the National Organizational Committee, which took place on Aug. 21 was so successful that the International clique leadership fell into a panic.

For days did this clique contemplate the breaking up of the conference by intimidating the workers, warning them against going to the conference and threatening with discharge. At the end, shop after shop disregarded their orders and came to the conference. Fifty-seven shops, which represent about 75 per cent of the garment industry of Boston responded to the conference.

The spirit of this conference was one of, enthusiasm, devotion and hope. Every worker present felt that he is contributing and he is ready to contribute all the time for the building of a new and powerful union. The speeches, the actions taken all breathed with new constructive readiness to build.

The mass meeting of Cloak and Dressmakers held on August 28 where hundreds of workers endorsed the decisions of the conference to build a union of cloak and dressmakers was another knock to the international clique. The new union is now the subject of discussion on every corner and every place where cloak and dressmakers gather.

This constructiveness and spirit of enthusiasm has also been transmitted to the shop. Shop after shop is telling the business agents of the International that they refuse to recognize officers who were afraid to have an election; they refuse to recognize a union which practices discrimination, yellow dog contracts and machine control, and the international is powerless against the determination of the membership to build their union.

The policy of terrorizing the workers thru the imposing of fines and thru discharges from jobs met also with failure in Boston. Solomon [illegible], who was fined by the chairman of the membership meeting with five dollars for making a remark to the dislike of the chairman never paid this fine. The cloak and dressmakers of Boston realized that the imposing of fines by a chairman of a meeting was a challenge to the entire membership; they accepted the challenge and when brother Solomon was discharged from the job per order of the self-appointed Joint Board officialdom the cloak and dressmakers came to the picket-line to his defense. In the case of the Cohn and Jacobson & Worthmore, where one of our workers was discharged, twenty-seven out of the thirty operators in the shop went down in sympathy with her. This shop was the greatest surprise to the clique. A shop where the former president of the Joint Board and a former vice-president of the International are working, a shop where the workers have taken little interest in the work and life of the union, expected that not a word would be said in the defense of the discharged workers, but they were mistaken. The workers of Cohn and with the discharged worker and only Jacobson came down in sympathy after two days of persuasion and intimidations did the clique succeed in getting some of the workers to go back to work. Today there are eighteen of the workers out on strike and the strike is as lively as ever.

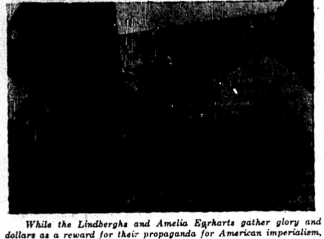
The Boston cloak and dressmakers are not ready to fight for the international. The most die-hard right wingers realize the injustice committed by the international clique all thru these years. They also know that if a fight starts in the shops the pressers, the cutters and every other worker in the shop is going to suffer and they refuse to take up the fight for the international against their own brothers whom they know as the best union men and women.

The determination of the workers to build their union, the answers that the business agents receive from the workers in the shops, the shop-meetings held every night in the headquarters of the N. O. C., the response on the picket-line in the defense of the locked out workers—everything is working against the clique, a terrible demoralization is [illegible] in their own ranks. Every worker, right or left, feels that the fight which the international started in Boston, is not a fight for the good of the cloak and dressmakers of Boston, and the latter are, therefore, [illegible] in taking up the fight against their brothers and against themselves.

This situation was quickly reported to the president, Mr. Sigman. He rushed to Boston to save whatever can be saved. He was present at the last meeting of the Joint Board, where the members told him what they think of him and his [illegible]. His visit did not change the situation. The Boston cloak and dressmakers do not see any reason to fight their brothers. Realizing his failure, Mr. Sigman is now forced to send his best "friend" Breslaw to save the situation. Mr. Breslaw is due here soon. Whether he will succeed, remains to be seen; we are confident, however, that the cloak and dressmakers who have learned from the experience of the New York workers realize that a fight against their brothers in the shops means a fight against themselves; we are confident that they will not fall into the trap set for them by the Sigmans, Shlessingers, Breslaws and the rest of the clique. The Boston cloak and dressmakers are determined to build their union.

—EMMA YANINSKY.

Air Mail Pilots Risk Lives, Get No Glory



While the Lindberghs and Amelia Earharts gather glory and dollars as a reward for their propaganda for American imperialism, air mail pilots risk their lives daily without ever getting their names into the newspapers unless they happen to get killed. Such was the fate of Pilot Paul Wheatley of the giant Fokker air mail plane, whose ruins are shown above. The plane crashed at Pocatello, Ida., killing Wheatley and six passengers.

POLICE TERRORISM OF NEGROES IN HARLEM

By GEORGE PADMORS.

"Three thousand Negroes in Harlem are ready to go to jail. We are ready to make any kind of sacrifice for freedom," was the militant ultimatum issued by E. B. Knox, acting president of the Universal Negro Improvement Association, to the Tammany hall "cossacks", who have launched a campaign of police terrorism in Harlem.

Despite every effort to suppress the growing militancy among the Negro masses, especially those elements which assemble at the open air street meetings to hear speakers inform them as to the only way for emancipation, through their organized strength and power, the patrolmen are openly interrupting speakers and breaking up meetings under the dirty pretence of regulating traffic.

This form of terrorism has become so pronounced that today certain speakers are looked upon as "marked men" and every effort is being made by the blue-coated bullies to frame them up.

Among these militants are, William Grant and Pedro Suner. Because of their open radicalism, the police have succeeded in getting them involved in the case of Clarence Donald, a victim of police brutality which nearly led to a riot in Harlem, some weeks ago.

Near Riot in Harlem.

On the evening of July 22, 1928, a man named Clarence Donald, 36, living at 328 Seventh Ave., went to the home of one Zerlena Clavis, 559 Lenox Ave., near 139th St., where it is said, a dispute took place. She raised an alarm and Donald ran to the street where he was chased by Policeman Kuberl.

Donald, seeing that he was covered by the constable, raised his hands to surrender. At this time another policeman, named De Stella, came to the assistance of Kuberl and while Donald had his hands up started to beat him brutally with his night stick.

This savage and cowardly act drew the attention of passersby who protested against the police conduct. A woman shouted, "Shame on you, the police have no right to be beating up an unarmed man like that!" As she said these words, De Stella turned away from Donald and made an attempt to slap the woman.

Her male companion immediately rushed forward and landed the officer a square blow in the face, throwing him to the ground.

Stabs Donald.

By this time, Charles Brown, a detective, got an alarm and hurried to the scene. He drew his pistol but the crowd which had gathered prevented him from using it, by closing in on him. He then pulled out a knife with which he stabbed Donald, who was struggling to free himself from the grip of Kuberl. No sooner had this act been committed than the crowd became infuriated and began to land blows on him and patrolmen Young and MacFadden, who had joined the fray.

Somebody telephoned the 135th St. station and Captain Burnell, with a squad of men rushed to the scene where they attacked the crowd with their fists, feet and night sticks.

Armed With Machine Guns.

There were about 150 officers armed with machine guns, service pistols and rifles. The fire department assembled engines across the street and warded off the crowd with volumes of water, while the ambulance attached to the Harlem hospital hurried to and fro with wounded civilians who were felled by the police clubs.

As the fight progressed, thousands of Negroes congregated at the corner of 138th street and Lenox avenue and took up the cause of the civilian element against the police, who were indiscriminately beating up men, women and children. While the struggle was going on, Donald was hurried off to the 135th street station in an automobile where he was beaten so badly that he had to be carried to the Harlem hospital for treatment on a stretcher.

The Hearing.

The case against Donald was first called on July 31st, but was adjourned until August 14th when he was sentenced to 10 days by Magistrate Dodge at the Heights Court. This trial was a typical farce to which workers are daily subjected.

Donald was able to offer three witnesses who refuted the charge of disorderly conduct, but the judge accepted the complainants' word and convicted the prisoner. The trial was a real Tammany "burlesque" with the poor Negro as the "scapegoat."

Sunner, one of Donald's witnesses, having dared to deny the charges of Patrolman Young was immediately arrested after he left the stand and charged with assault.

Torture Grant.

The same thing happened to Grant, who told the court he saw Patrolman De Stella on the night of the riot wound Patrolman Kuberl with a kick in the groin which he had aimed at Donald but missed.

This charge enraged the police so that they were determined to take it out on Grant. They took him to the Wadsworth ave. station and later to the 123rd street station where he was beaten up unmercifully and burned with cigar ends and matches, in an attempt to get him to make "a confession."

The next day they charged him with robbery and brought a white taxi driver, named Herman Ellis, a police "stool-pigeon", to swear that Grant had robbed him on the morning before the riot. Grant was brought before Magistrate Bushell in the Harlem court and placed on $5,000 bail.

Interviewed in the lock-up, Grant said that he was the victim of a frame-up. "Some weeks ago, I had to report a cop named Blankey of 135th street station to Police Commissioner Warren and Inspector Ryan for breaking up my meeting. They are therefore trying to get me in jail so as to keep me from talking to my people."

Attorney John Smith, 26 Courtland street, who represented the men told the court that the arrest of the witnesses was the most high handed and outrageous intimidation he had ever heard of.

Protest Meeting Called.

The Negro masses in Harlem are in a state of revolt against this open and flagrant campaign of police terrorism. All sections of the population, even the most reactionary elements, are voicing their protest.

Richard B. Moore, national organizer of the American Negro Labor Congress, when interviewed stated that his organization has recently issued an appeal to various organizations and prominent race leaders to stage a monster protest meeting in Harlem and to organize the broad masses of the workers to continue to fight vigilantly against this unwarranted police assault, which the authorities are carrying on to crush the militant spirit of the Negroes, so as to make them easy pawns for capitalist exploitation.

DEMAND MISSIONARIES SKIP.

APIA, British Samoa, Sept. 8.—The withdrawal of white Christian missionaries from British Samoa has been demanded by the Mau, native radical political society.

The organzation has also decided to take no notice of the order of a special British commission which would prevent all members of the Mau from holding office.

MAIL CARRIERS ARE DRIVEN 12 HOURS A DAY

Spies Watch Men at All Times

(By a Worker Correspondent)

May I call your attention to the greatest imperialistic, slave-driving, speed-up system that ever existed? I refer to the U. S. Postal System, under the control of politicians and administered according to their own whim. For instance, the recent expose at Biloxi, Miss. Merit and seniority are supposed to be the main factors for advancement. However a politician can overcome these obstacles for the benefit of his man.

Substitute carriers, when appointed, must themselves buy a complete uniform and all incidentals. Their time is no longer their own. They are soldiers in a huge slave army at the beck and call of their superiors, controlled by the magic of the "for the good of the service." Sub-carriers are required to be in attendance, on shifts at times of about 12 hours, regardless of whether there is work to be done or not. Skillful manipulations of schedules do this.

Mail carriers in small stations, which territory is being rapidly "improved," are required to make that extra effort of loyal American citizens, in maintaining schedule in face of adverse conditions. Having no recouse but to follow instructions even after a refusal of help was given, the mail carrier is forced to miss a few streets of his delivery and if caught is severely punished. Sometimes a hint is given a mailman by times a hint is given a mailman by the Superintendent to do so, should he be caught he is "hard ridden" by the same superintendent. If he does not take the hint the superintendent will "lay" for him.

The postal service has, I believe, the greatest system of espionage. Inspectors, foremen, appointed from the ranks according to the strength of their political affiliations, spy upon the men. Spying galleries are found in many stations; some are disguised as ventilators.

—J. G.

COAST FUR UNION WANTS CHARTER

Wants Affiliation to New Union

LOS ANGELES (By Mail).—The six-month-old furriers' union here, at a membership meeting held recently unanimously adopted a resolution to request a charter from the new international fur workers union recently established in New York.

The resolution, signed by the local union secretary, J. Sonnenshien, states its position, as follows:

"Whereas: The fur workers of the city of Los Angeles have organized themselves into a union; and

"Whereas: In organizing they thought it best to join with their brothers in other cities of the United States and Canada; and

"Whereas: They have tried their best to get a charter from the now defunct International Fur Workers Union of the United States and Canada; and

"Whereas: There is in process of formation a New International Fur Workers Union, that is assuming the duties and responsibilities of the defunct International Fur Workers Union; and

"Whereas: The New International Fur Workers Union is ready to unite all existing fur workers' locals working in the trade and is willing to issue a charter to the local in Los Angeles; therefore

"Be it resolved: That this local of the Fur Workers Union of Los Angeles at its regular meeting assembled on August 27, 1928, heartily endorses the action taken by the locals in New York, Brooklyn, Boston, Toronto and elsewhere to organize themselves into one International Fur Workers Union in the United States and Canada; and

"Be it resolved: That we join the New International Fur Workers Union, as one of the progressive locals, and demand that we be issued a charter so that we may take part in the effort to build the New International Fur Workers Union; and

"Be it further resolved: That we send to the provisional executive committee, who are empowered to act for the international, for this charter; and

"Be it further resolved: That we publish this resolution in any of the labor press that may be willing to print same, and to all locals that are now affiliated with the provisional executive committee."

EGYPTIAN JINGO DEAD.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—Gen. Hasser Tewfik Badr Pasha, cousin of King Fuad of Egypt, died a few minutes after a heart attack in a taxicab on Grand Boulevard.

OBSERVE YOUTH DAY THIS WEEK THROUGHOUT U.S.

Young Worker League to Hold Many Meets

Continued from Page One

conference of youth to fight the imperialist war was held at Berne, Switzerland, under the direction of Karl Liebknecht.

Meetings Scheduled.

The Young Workers League has issued an appeal to all its members to make the International Youth Day meetings this year more successful than ever. The following calendar of meetings has been arranged:

District 1—Quincy, Sept. 1; Norwood, Sept. 11; Brockton, Sept. 12; Lawrence, Sept. 13; Lowell, Sept. 14; Lynn, Sept. 15; Peabody, Sept. 16; Lonesville, Sept. 17; Worcester, Sept. 10; Fitchberg, Sept. 11; Gardner, Sept. 12; Washua, Sept. 13; Providence, Sept. 15; W. Concord, Sept. 14; Boston, Sept. 16; Fall River, Sept. 15; New Bedford, Sept. 14.

District 2—New York City, Sept. 14.

District 2—Philadelphia, Sept. 28;

District 4—Buffalo, Sept. 16.

District 5—New Kensington, Sept. 13.

Cleveland Meeting.

District 6—Cleveland, Sept. 16.

District 8—Waukegan, Sept. 13; St. Louis, Sept. 16; Chicago, Sept. 23.

District 9—Superior, Wis., Sept. 16; Duluth, Minn., Sept. 16; South Range, Mich., Sept. 13; Cloquet, Minn., Sept. 18; Eben Junction, Sept. 15; Belden, N. D., Sept. 14; Culu, Wis., Sept. 16; Ontonagon, Mich., Sept. 9; Lawler, Minn., Sept. 16; Bovey, Minn., Sept. 16; Paynesville, Mich., Sept. 9; Makinen, Minn., Sept. 15.

District 10—Aguilar, Sept. 10; Pueblo, Sept. 11; Leadville, Sept. 12; Canon City, Sept. 14; Lexington, Sept. 10.

District 15—Hartford, Sept. 14; New Haven, Sept. 15.

CONN. LEFT WING ACTIVE AT MEET

Fight Reaction at State Federation Meet

Continued from Page One

of the Soviet Union.

All of these resolutions were read before the entire convention, and in the Resolutions' Committee report, it was recommended that the resolutions on child labor, for the organization of the unorganized and for the release of Tom Mooney and W. K. Billings be unanimously adopted. The other two received a non-concurrence, which was followed by a long discussion, after which a vote was taken with the following results: On the Recognition of the Soviet Union, 5 voted for and 64 against. On the Labor Party, 11 voted for and 62 against.

William F. Hearing, left wing delegate, in announcing his candidacy as Vice-President for the Federation, was to withdraw his candidacy in the threat that a resolution would be introduced condemning him for his connections with the Communists. Hearing refused to withdraw, and just before the voting took place there was whispering all over the hall, "Don't vote for Hearing, he is a Communist." In spite of this, Hearing received 41 votes, out of 105.

A resolution signed by the "socialist" delegate from Bridgeport by name Brewster, was introduced condemning, in an indirect way, Hearing and his associates.

No attempt was made to endorse Smith, for president.

J. W. Moore was again elected as the president of the federation, with his henchman Eagan, as Secretary for the State.

No concrete proposals for the organization of the 89 p. c. of the unorganized workers in this state were made.

Chopin Operetta Heads New Productions of the Week

IN CHOPIN OPERETTA

Odetto Myrtil, one of the principals in "White Lilacs," a romantic play with music, based on the life of the great composer, Frederic Chopin, which will open tonight at the Shubert Theatre.

THIS evening, at the Shubert Theatre, the Shuberts will present "White Lilacs," a romance with music, based on the life of Frederic Chopin. Guy Robertson, Odette Myrtil and DeWolf Hopper are the principal players. Others include Allan Rogers, Grace Brinkley, Ernest Lawford, Charles Croker-King and Maurice Holland. Harry B. Smith adapted the book from the German of Sigurd Johannsen and also wrote the lyrics. The music is by Karl Hajos. Many of Chopin's compositions are interpolated.

• • •

"The High Road," Frederick Lonsdale's new comedy, will open tonight at the Fulton Theatre with a cast headed by Edna Best, Frederick Kerr, Harbert Marshall, Alfred Drayton, H. Reeves-Smith and Hilda Spong.

• • •

Max Marcin will bring his new production, "Trapped," a melodrama which he wrote in collaboration with Samuel Shipman, to the National Theatre Tuesday. The cast includes Felix Krembs, John Miltern, William Ingersol, Calvin Thomas, Janet McLeav, Edward Woods and Mary Robinson.

• • •

Myron C. Fagan will present his own play, "The Great Power," at the Ritz Theatre, Tuesday night, with a cast headed by Minna Gombell and John T. Doyle, and including Alan Birmingham, Helen Shipman, G. Davidson Clark, Conway Wingfield and Walter Walker.

• • •

The Shuberts have decided to advance the premiere of their new musical farce, "Luckee Girl," to Saturday evening, September 15, at the Casino Theatre. "Luckee Girl" is an adaptation by Gertrude Purcell of the French musical farce, "Un Bon Garcon." The music is by Maurice Yvain, lyrics by Max and Nathaniel Lief. The cast includes Billy House, Irene Dunne, Irving Fisher, Harry Puck and Josephine Drake.

• • •

MARY BOLAND GOES THRU "HEAVY TRAFFIC" AT THE EMPIRE LIKE A FIRE ENGINE.

Critics predict a short life for "Heavy Traffic," now at the Empire Theatre but the presence of Mary Boland in the cast guarantees it a merry one, until the end of the first act. The play is by Harry Richman out of Frohman to use the vernacular of the race track.

Mary Boland, who played the leading role in "Women Go On Forever" brings weight and vivacity to the story of a fickle siren who is afflicted with kleptomania; she looks with a proprietary eye on every pulchritudinous male that comes within range of her vision. Mrs. Malcolm West is the mansnatcher who is able to indulge in her amorous predilections by virtue of a philosophical husband who looks on matrimony as only something a little more binding than a marriage engagement during a spring vacation.

This lassez faire attitude on the part of Mr. West may have an ulterior motive after all, a suspicion that does not seem altogether groundless when the siren's spouse falls in love with the sister of his wife's latest acquisition.

This animadversion brings on the usual complications which seem to have imposed too heavy a strain on the playwright. Despite the ability of Miss Boland to sustain interest in spite of an author, the audience is more inclined to yawn than to chuckle after the curtain falls on the first act.

Miss Boland displays as much knowledge of human nature as if she owned a string of boarding houses in the thespian belt.

A. E. Matthews, much to the regret of the clients had only scanty opportunity to display his histrionic prowess. Others who stood up well under the ordeal of supporting Miss Boland are Reginald Mason, Edward Crandall, Robert Strange and Leo Carroll.

As an effort to amuse the population it is one third successful.

Nicaragua Jingo Lauds U.S. Marine's Gun Rule

Adolfo Benard, conservative candidate for president of Nicaragua, arrived here yesterday on the Spanish Royal Mail liner Manuel Arnus, with a statement deriding the influence that Sandino, revolutionary leader of the Nicaraguan workers and peasants, has had on the elections.

Toward the United States, he assumed an attitude of complete servility, praising the marine rule of the U. S. imperialists which has killed hundreds of Nicaraguans on native soil.

CONCESSION FAILS.

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 9.—Negotiations between the recently formed German-Peruvian Company and the Hartmann interests for the taking over of the Hartmann concession have failed. The concession included colonization and railroad construction.

FORD PLANT IN BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 9.—Henry Ford is expected to gain a lead on British automobile producers when his new plant at Dagenham, Essex, will be completed in about two years.

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YOUNG WORKERS AT C.M.T. CAMPS GET AN EARFUL

YWL Distributes Many Bulletins

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Members of the Young Workers (Communist) League in the Citizens' Military Training Camp in Fort Sheridan, have published a bulletin, "Camp Holiday Rebel," which was distributed by mail to about 400 Citizens' Military Training Camp students.

The "Camp Holiday Rebel" exposed to the CMTC students the role of the CMTC and the preparations for a new war. It urged the students that since they are already in the CMTC camp, to utilize their military knowledge in the interest of the working class. Through this bulletin the students got the Communist position on war and militarism, and were urged by the league members to fight for the workers against the bosses.

All the CMTC students who came from factories with the idea that the CMTC will give them a vacation became immediately disillusioned during the first week of their stay in the camp.

As a result of our Communist agitation which created some demoralization in the camp, drilling during the last four days was completely abandoned. In order to counteract the influence of the Communist League the camp authorities forced the CMTC students to sign a pledge of allegiance. At first the students refused to sign, telling openly to the officers, that they signed for war, but after two hours the authorities succeeded to force the students into submission and made them sign the pledge under the threat that they will receive dishonorable discharge and inform same to employer—which means they will lose their jobs. Upon the finish of camp, the students who came from factories said that this is the last time that they will go to camp.

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A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

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Silk Union Members Reject Demand of Officials to Merge With United Textile

PATERSON RALLY BACKS MOVE FOR NEW MILL UNION

Spirited Meeting Hears Albert Weisbord

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 9.—After a membership meeting that dragged far into the night, the members of the Associated Silk Workers Union voted overwhelmingly to reject the plan of the union administration to merge the Associated with the United Textile Workers Union of the American Federation of Labor.

Despite the pressure exerted by the officialdom, led by Fred Hoelsher, the members remained steadfast in their determination to keep themselves from being swallowed up by the reactionary U. T. W. Militants at the meeting advocated the sending of official delegates to the convention called by the Textile Mill Committees in New York September 22 and 23.

As a result of the decision reached at this meeting, the officialdom's plan to carry through a fake amalgamation scheme with the defunct A. F. of L. Union has been definitely spiked. Sentiment runs strong in the union for a joining of forces with the T. M. C., which, workers state, is the only living force in the industry today and which is honestly trying to organize the hundreds of thousands of textile workers.

• • •

Five Hundred Hear Weisbord.

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 9.—Members of the Associated Silk Workers Union, of the Textile Mill Committees and even unorganized dye house workers from all over town, to the number of 500, attended a mass meeting of the T. M. C. here Friday evening, with Albert Weisbord as the principal speaker. Weisbord had come to speak about the New Bedford textile strike and about the coming convention of a new textile national union scheduled for New York on September 22. The meeting was held in Carpenters Hall, Van Houtan St.

More workers turned out to this meeting than did to the largely advertised meeting of the Associated Union itself. When the meeting was opened it was found that the officialdom of Associated and of the United Textile Workers were in the hall.

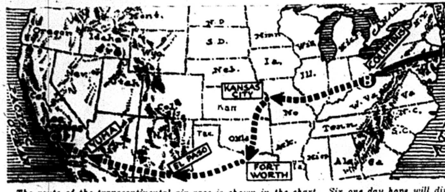
Calls for Delegates.

Weisbord severely criticized the officials of the existing small unions in Paterson. He called on the workers of the existing unions in Paterson to see to it that delegates were sent to the national convention to be held in New York City September 22 and 23 at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and 15th St., New York City. At the same time delegates were to be elected from the mills directly.

applause and enthusiasm that greeted the remarks of the secretary of the National T. M. C. were such as to insure that Paterson will be well represented at the national convention and that soon a real drive will be started by the T. M. C. in Paterson for the organization of the unorganized there for a real struggle.

On September 15 he will speak at the special Textile Relief Conference in New York City. On September 16 and 17 he will be in Utica and Amsterdam, upper New York textile centers. This brings matters to the time of the convention itself.

How Fast Can the Army Fly Planes From Coast to Coast



The route of the transcontinental air race is shown in the chart. Six one day hops will divide the long route and demonstrate to the militarists how fast bombing planes can safely be rushed from one coast to the other. Los Angeles, one of the great air centers of the Far West, is the Pacific terminus of the flight.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Bronx Party Notice.

All members of the Workers (Communist) Party living in the Bronx must report to headquarters, 2075 Clinton Ave., to solicit signatures. Several hundred signatures are still needed and all workers are urged to participate immediately.

3E International Branch 1.

A meeting will be held of the 3E International Branch 1 tonight at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3E, 1F.

Unit 3E-1F will hold a meeting tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

3E, 2F.

A meeting will be held on Wednesday, Sept. 12 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Section 6 Membership Meet.

A general membership meeting of Section 6 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tonight at 8 p. m. at 46 Ten Eyck St. All members must be present.

• • •

Unit 6F, SS3D.

Unit 6F, SS3D will hold an educational meeting September 12 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

4S, 2E.

The next unit meeting will be held Wednesday, Sept. 12th, at 6:00 p. m.

Branch 4, Section 5 Meet.

An important meeting of Branch 4, Section 5, of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held this evening. All members must attend.

Lower Bronx Y. W. L.

The McKinley Square unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold a park meeting at 8:30 p. m. tomorrow in the Russian Alley at Crotona Park.

Tonight at 8:30 p. m., the unit will hold an open-air meeting on the corners of Bathgate and Clairmont Aves. The speakers will be E. Taft, Binller, Sylvia Daniels and a Young Pioneer speaker.

Section 2 Industrial Conference.

The September Industial Conference of Section 2 will be held tonight, 6 p. m., at 101 West 27th St. The drives for new needle trades unions, the election campaign in the shops and trade unions and the working youth conference will be taken up. All unit and sub-section industrial organizers as well as leading fraction representatives and local fraction secretaries are urged to attend.

• • •

Branch 2, Section 1.

A business meeting of Branch 2, Section 1 will be held at 60 St. Marks Place, 6:30 p. m., this eve. hold a meeting tomorrow at 347 E. 72nd St. at 8 p. m.

Meet Tomorrow.

Branch 5, Section 5, will meet tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. The entire executive committee must be present.

Branch 2, Section 8.

A membership meeting of the unit will be held tonight at 8:30 p. m. at 511 Hendrix St.

• • •

Branch 6, Section 5.

The next meeting of Branch 6, Section 5, will be held Wednesday evening at 8:30. Spiro will lead the discussion on "The War Danger." Come on time.

• • •

2C, 3F

Unit 2C, 3F will hold an important meeting tonight at 6 o'clock at 108 E. 14th St.

• • •

Subsection 2A.

A meeting of the executive committee will be held tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 28th St.

• • •

4F, 2A.

A meeting of 4F, 2A will be held tonight at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Unit 3, Section 7.

A membership meeting will take place tonight at 764 40th St.

• • •

International Branch 1, Section 1D.

A meeting of International Branch 1, Section 1D, will be held Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

• • •

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

Yorkville I. L. D.

The Yorkville English Branch will hold a meeting on Tuesday, Sept. 11 at 347 E. 72nd St. at 8 p. m.

Printers.

There will be meeting of the League for Amalgamation of the Printing Trades Unions tomorrow afternoon at 2:30, in the Tribune Building, 154 Nassau Street, one flight up. All progressive printers should attend this meeting.

Sacco-Vanzetti Branch, I. L. D.

A meeting of the Sacco-Vanzetti Branch of the International Labor Defense, the Bronx, will be held tonight, 8:30 p. m. at 1472 Boston Road. After a short business meeting, an interesting discussion on "Capitalist Justice in the United States" will be led by I. Zimmerman.

• • •

Jewelry Workers Notice.

The Jewelry Workers' Welfare Club will hold a ball and concert on Saturday evening, Nov. 3, at the Webster Manor, 11th St. All fraternal organizations are urged not to arrange conflicting affaids for that date.

• • •

Local 22, T. U. E. L.

A meeting of Local 22, T. U. E. L. will be held tonight, 8 p. m., in the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

• • •

Campaign Conference.

A conference on the Bronx Workers' election campaign will be held Sunday, Sept. 15, at 2 p. m. at 147 Boston Road. All labor and fraternal organizations sympathetic to the aims of the Workers Party are requested to send two delegates.

Union Membership Meet.

A special general membership meeting of the Architectural Iron, Bronz and Structural Workers' Union will be held tomorrow evening at o'clock at 7 E. 15th St.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

Two U. S. Officials are Charged With Extortion

Edward F. Brown and Elmer F. Andrews, internal revenue agents, were arraigned yesterday afternoon, charged with extortion, and were held for a hearing on Sept. 12.

Brown, an agent for five years, was held in $2,500 bail. Andrews, who has been an agent for more than eight years was held in $3,500 bail.

WORKERS PARTY OPEN-AIR MEETS ARE ARRANGED

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

TODAY.

Rutgers Square—Hendin, M. Epstein, I. Cohen, H. Blum.

1st Ave. and 49th St.—Schachtman, Yusem, Spiro.

Lexington Ave. and 28th St.—Lena Chernenko, Joe Cohen.

TOMORROW.

Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer, Brooklyn—Nessin, Primoff, I. Zimmerman.

Sutter and Williams Sts., Bklyn.—Wm. Frank, Lipzin, Julius Cohen.

Longwood and Prospect, Bronx.—M. Taft, Suskin, Sumner, S. Spiro.

Lenox Ave. and 133rd St.—R. Moore, G. Lloyd, G. Welsh, A. Glasswood.

WEDNESDAY.

2nd Ave. and 10th St.—A. Gussakoff, Goliger, Joe Cohen.

Union Square—Hendin, Caplan, Ross, B. Gussakoff, M. Stone (Pioneer).

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx—Grecht, LeRoy, Alkin, I. Franber (Pioneer).

Fleet St. and Flatbush Ext., Bklyn.—Bimba, Moore, Rosemond, Midolla.

Eagle Pencil Co., N. Y.—Frankfeld.

7th Ave. and 131st St.—R. Moore, Pasternack, Kagan, O. Passikoff (Pioneer).

7th Ave. and 137th St.—Wright, Grace Lamb, Williams, Ed. Welsh.

Passaic, N. J.—Baum, Evelyn Blacker, Ida Starr.

Newark, N. J. (Negro meeting)—Clayton and Broome St.—George Padmore, R. Duke.

THURSDAY.

138th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx—Blake, Shapiro, Frishkoff, M. Smith (Pioneer).

40th St. and 8th Ave.—Powers, Shafran, A. Harris.

25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Benjamin, Sumner, Suskin, Chalupski.

Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I.—Vera Bush, McDonald, Rock, Mueller, Heder, Harfield.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Nessin, Primoff, Spiro, Wm. Margolis, Severino.

Stone and Pitkin Ave., Bklyn.—Ben Lifshitz, I. Zimmerman, Julius Cohen, Louis Minds (Pioneer).

106th St. and Madison Ave.—Codkind, Green, Ed. Welsh.

FRIDAY.

National Biscuit Co. (noon).—Ballam, Wilson, B. Gussakoff.

Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn.—Ragoin, Chernenko, Castrell, Jim Cork.

5th Ave. and 110th St.—Reiss, Morean, Lloyd, Jessie Taft, Cruz, Lyons.

Varet and Graham Ave., Bklyn.—Taft, Yusem, G. Welsh, C. Silverman (Pioneer).

50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn.—Shachtman, Wm. Frank, Suskin, D. Kuhl (Pioneer).

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Bert Miller, C. Martin.

Paterson, N. J. (3 Grover St.)—Markoff, Erdy, Szepesey.

YANKEES CRUSH A'S TWICE; REGAIN LEAD

(By United Press)

The New York Yankees arose from their slump yesterday and administered a sound double beating to the ambitious Athletics from Philadelphia, 5 to 0 and 7 to 3, thereby gaining a one and a half game lead in the hotly contested American League pennant race.

Connie Mack, who hasn't piloted a winner since he broke up the immortal $100,000 infield in 1914, brought his stalwarts into New York this afternoon in possession of a half game lead over the Yankees, and the prospect of a double-header between these two teams attracted more than 85,000 baseball fans to the Yankee Stadium.

Behind the steady pitching of George Pipgras, the Yankees took the first game of the afternoon's bargain bill, 5 to 0. Pipgras kept the Athletics' hits well scattered and they never threatened.

The second game, however, provided one of those thrills which makes baseball the game that it is. The score was tied, 3 to 3, when the Yankees came to bat in their half of the eighth inning. They quickly filled the bases and then it was that long, silent Bob Meusel, one of the most colorless players in the game, came to bat.

As the 85,000 fans raised their voices in a cheer, Bob stepped into the role of a hero and smote the ball far into the stands for a home run, scoring three mates ahead of him and cinching the game, 7 to 3, for the New York Yankees.

Boston Art Club Fires Radicals; Appoints Old Fogies in Their Places

BOSTON, Sept. 8.—The Boston Art Club, an organization which has held exhibits since 1850, when it was first formed, has fired the Art Committee in charge of exhibits for the past few years because it is "too radical."

In its place, a committee composed of Alvan T. Fuller, executioner of Sacco and Vanzetti, who has gained much repute among the fascist Massachusetts intelligentzia since the murders; Herman Dudley Murphy, one of the conservative "photographic" artists group, and several other out-of-date painters, have been appointed as the committee in charge.

ANOTHER CHICAGO KILLING.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9 (UP).—Chicago gangland's latest and boldest outbreak claimed its second life today when Joe Ferraro, bodyguard of Tony Lombardo, died of bullet wounds in the back.

MINERS' STRIKE LEADERS GIVEN EVICTION NOTICES

Avella Strike Leaders Thrown Out by Co.

AVELLA, Pa., Sept. 8.—The following eviction notice has been served upon the four miners who led the strike in the Avella section, William Hallam, Pete Harvey, John Parks and Joseph Sivers. The National Miners Relief Committee is taking care of moving these miners into other quarters.

"To Joseph Sivers, and his wife:—

You are hereby notified to quit and remove from the premises now occupied by you, being House No. 128, situated at Penobscot Mine, Jefferson Township, Washington County, Pennsylvania, which you hold as a tenant under Avella Coal Company, within seven (7) days from the service of this notice, as the said Avella Coal Company desires to have again and possess the same.

Avella Coal Company,
By AUGUST CANNAZI,
Superintendent."

QUICK WATSON, THE BUG-HOUSE.

LONDON Sept. 9 (UP).—Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, speaking before the spiritualist congress here tonight, said the transfiguration of Christ before the disciples was simply a "mediumistic materialization."

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Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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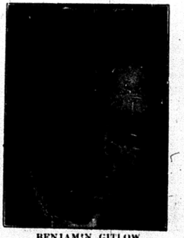

BENJAMIN GITLOW

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Editor....................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..........WM. F. DUNNE
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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ **WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY**

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Nothing Can Stop the Miners' Onward March.

The criminal attack of the armed thugs of John L. Lewis, and company detectives, led, protected and supported by the police of Pittsburgh, upon the Convention of the new Miners' Union Sunday will have the effect of pushing forward the movement of the coal miners of this country to the point where the defeat of Lewis and the coal operators will be decisive and certain.

Lewis and the scab operators thought they could frighten the coal miners of this country!

Lewis and the scab operators are fools to think so. The coal miners cannot be beaten.

Lewis' thugs and the operators attacked and made a small civil war upon the great Pittsburgh convention—not lightly and idly, but because they were compelled to do so under the conditions from their point of view. They were compelled to attack with reckless force and complete disregard for the formalities of "law" precisely because the coal operators and their flunkey Lewis know that this convention will effect the organization of the most powerful union in the western half of the world if it goes through with its program. This knowledge forced Lewis and his bosses to cast aside all pretenses of "law and order" and to try to smash the movement before it is too late. The great nation-wide advance of the mine workers had to be met by Lewis if he was to function any longer as the operators' chief union-smasher. Lewis knows that it means his ruin as a parasite upon the backs of the mine workers if the new national Miners' Union is formed. The operators know that it is the end of their dream of a universal scab coal industry if the new union is formed in the hands of real men instead of Lewis and the Cappelinis, Fishwicks and Fagans.

The action of the workers in going forward with the formation of the new union—called forth the more extreme act of the operators, their detectives and "labor" leaders.

But the bosses and the scab leaders are mistaken in one thing. They do not realize that their desperate action will only result in calling forth still more courageous and determined actions of the mine workers. Throughout the United States the enraged coal miners will give in no uncertain terms their answer to the new crime of Lewis. The locals of the wrecked United Mine Workers will be shaken into realizing what Lewis' "partnership between capital and labor" is leading to when his henchmen march between company detectives and city police to attack the great convention of the Mine Workers.

Increased support of the New Union will result.

The thing that Lewis and his bosses do not understand is that the further the fight is carried and the more the masses of coal miners are stirred up—the more surely the [illegible] of mass determination to organize the industry will rise and overwhelm the scab forces trying to stop it.

We do not say that Lewis and the powerful rich coal operators "did all of their stuff" on Sunday. On the contrary, we know that, not only Lewis and a few company detectives and city police, but the whole power of the State of Pennsylvania, the States of Ohio, West Virginia, etc. and the whole power of the capitalist government of the United States are at the disposal of the scab coal operators. But we also know that not even these forces will be enough to keep the workers from organizing when the fight proceeds in such a way that the workers are conscious of its meaning.

The coal operators and their allies, the Lewis gang and the Pittsburgh police, went further in this outrageous assault than any of them had gone before. Not even the murders that the Lewis gang committed in Illinois, Eastern Pennsylvania, Western Pennsylvania and elsewhere were as desperate as the actions culminating on Sunday. Only Friday night two delegates were shot down by a Lewis agent immediately after their election by their local union to the Convention. Campbell, Reilly and Lillis died on the streets of Pittston, Pa., shot down in broad daylight by machine-gun fire at the hands of Lewis henchmen. Countless loyal coal miners have been slugged and jailed at the hands of the Lewis gang before.

But these desperate deeds and those even more extreme that may be expected will not stop the union.

This little "civil war" against the coal miners shows the nature of the capitalist state.

In the past few days both of the big capitalist political parties and their candidates have gone through the form of endorsing in empty words the right of the workers to organize. But this small military action against an orderly national convention shows that the capitalist spokesmen lied. Every power will be used against the workers when the workers really move to have an organization controlled by themselves in a great basic industry. In this case no political party except the workers own class party—the Workers (Communist) Party—will stand by our class. This violent action against the workers is a forecast of the fact that American capitalism will go at least as far as the government of any of the most reactionary countries of Europe at its worst.

But no power can or will stop the coal miners.

These are the finest quality of proletarians ever developed in this country.

They will fight on.

We are firmly convinced that they will now launch an even more successful Union than would have been seen if the foul crew of scabs had not attacked the convention.

Workers of America! Workers of all countries! Stand by the mine workers in this crisis!

On to the New Union!

Labels on Empty Bottles

By BERT MILLER.

(Continued.)

[illegible] of the fact that the democratic party has long denounced the [illegible] tariff as conducive to the [illegible] of "monopoly," Mr. Pittman, chairman of the Democratic [illegible] Committee at the Houston convention is quoted by the N. Y. [illegible] of Aug. 2, 1928 (democratic [illegible]) as follows: "Democratic [illegible], says Mr. Pittman, has been [illegible] an evolution since 1900. [illegible] growth of Southern and [illegible] industry 'the theory of low [illegible] has been abandoned. The [illegible] now stands for maintenance [illegible] standards of wages of labor [illegible] duties which will allow 'all industries to prosper without [illegible] destruction from foreign [illegible] . . . Now the main purpose [illegible] Pittman's remarks is plain: [illegible] in the renaissance of [illegible] interests that may feel [illegible] The Wilson Tariff Bill [illegible] and the Underwood [illegible] Wilson have given [illegible] to these business [illegible] they have no need for [illegible]

In the early days of the republican party, it still had something to offer the agricultural interests, which were at that time quite powerful. The Homestead Act was the purchase price for the culmination of the alliance between the grain growers of the Northwest and the Eastern industrial interests. But today the republican party openly flouts and spurns the farming interests and refuse to do anything for them as shown at the last national convention. We are witnessing therefore a process in each of the two major parties, whereby the petty bourgeois are being crushed more and more under the heel of the industrial and financial interests of the Northeast. While it is true that LaFollette for a time raised considerable ructions in the republic party on the wave of agricultural discontent, and while it is true that this wave of discontent will again surge upward as the crisis in agriculture sharpens again, yet we must agree that at present time the Norris, Borah, LaFollette, Brookhart, and the rest of the so-called farm bloc are distinctly out of the running as far as any dominant influence in the party is concerned. Under the caption: "Why the Farm Bloc is Impotent," the N. Y. World of June 12, 1928 brings this out quite clearly in these words, "The farmers of the Mississippi Valley are quite incapable of imposing their will upon the republican party. . . . It is an illusion, one of the persistent illusions of American politics, that the farmers of the Mississippi Valley are a great power in the land. . . . The simple truth is that the disaffected region is too weak in population, in delegates and in electoral vote to dominate the republican party. . . . The control of the republican party is securely lodged in the hands of the industrial faction."

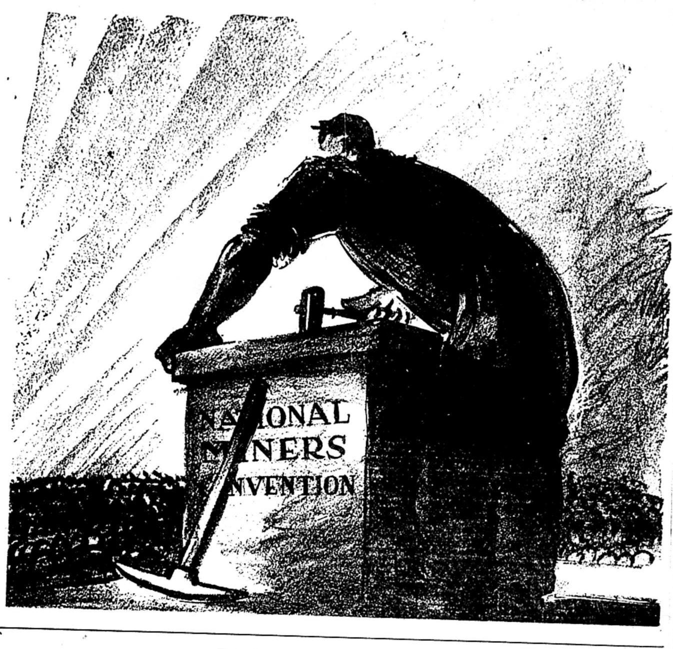
(To Be Continued.)

COOK TO BE FREED.

FORTH WORTH, Texas, Sept. 7 (UP).—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, Arctic explorer, geologist, physician and oil promoter, probably will be liberated from his long prison term before the year is over.

"ALL HELL CAN'T STOP US"

By Fred Ellis



Lovestone Dissects U.S. Empire

Defends Bukharin's Thesis at Sixth Communist World Congress

This is the third instalment of Comrade Jay Lovestone's speech at the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International.

* * *

(Continued.)

Are we fighting the right danger? No one can charge the Central Committee with being guilty of overcaution and conservatism in leading the Party work. The Central Committee has provided for the immediate expulsion of any Party member who refuses to violate an injunction. In the fight against the injunction, particularly in the coal strike, many scores of our members have been jailed. The same has occurred in the national picketing and street demonstrations in which our Party has participated vigorously and which have very often been led by our Party.

Only the other day our Central Committee was compelled to repudiate a proposal by one of the opposition leaders in America, Comrade Swabeck, to refuse to build a new union in the textile industry because the reactionary United Textile Workers—the blackest type of reactionary union we have—has issued a statement that it wants to organize the unorganized. We have been fighting against the Right danger in Minnesota, where supporters of the opposition said that the discipline of the labor party is as high as the discipline of the Communist Party, and where these comrades insisted on supporting the bourgeois politician, Shipstead, for the U. S. Senate.

In the anti-imperialist work, we fought the pacifist errors of Comrade Gomez, an opposition delegate.

In the mining campaign, we have fought the Right errors committed in the anthracite by the opposition spokesman, Papcun.

And in the question of the progressives, it was the Central Committee which saw to it that where we made unity with the progressives we did not give them the leadership.

Our Central Committee very properly sharpened its position towards the socialist party. Much has been made here of the so-called opportunist attitude of our Party towards the socialist party.

The minutes of our Political Committee, December 14, 1927, show that this outrageous opportunistic crime (of sending under special circumstances for special confidential purposes some very reliable comrades into the socialist party) charged against the majority of the C. E. C. if it is at all to be considered an error, was participated in wholeheartedly by our opposition leaders in an even more aggressive and aggravating manner than that proposed by the majority.

Much noise has been made by our oppositionists here in reference to the Panken matter as another opportunistic crime of the Central Committee. Not only did the supporters of the opposition of the New York District Executive Committee unanimously vote for the policy in the Panken election, but in the Polcom meeting of October 27, 1927, Comrade Foster made a motion which was typical of the worst of opportunistic errors our Party has committed in its relations to the socialist party. The motion thus proposed by Foster was rejected. It reads as follows:

"That the policy of the New York D. E. C. in giving qualified support to Panken the S. P. candidate for judge) was incorrect. The Party should have approached the S. P. with general proposals for the establishment of a united front labor ticket in the New York elections, based on a minimum program."

The C. E. C. of our Party has been charged with opportunism by the opposition because of the wrong step it took in sending an open letter to the S. P.

It is clear from the minutes of Polcom, Nov. 7, Nov. 25 and Dec. 7, 1927, that though the Central Committee as a whole was responsible for this mistake, yet the opposition did more than its share in having the Party commit this error. The Party has repeatedly pointed out the anti-proletarian and pro-capitalist policies of the S. P.

On April 9, before we received the last letter from the Presidium of the Comintern, we find the following motion in the Polcom:

Motion by Mr. Lovestone:

"That the Party issue a statement not addressed to the S. P., but an official statement to the workers on the S. P. convention."

In the May Plenum Resolution, our Party elaborated in detail its sharpened policy against the S. P. Comrade Bittelman has said here that he and the opposition as a whole admit and correct their errors. What he should have said was that the entire opposition repeat it errors.

Up to the May Plenum the differences in the Party were not brought up in any sharp way. The differences that existed were chiefly between Comrade Bittelman on the one hand on the trade union question, and the majority of the Central Committee, inclusive of Foster, on the other hand. A similar relationship occurred on the proposal of Comrade Bittelman on political strikes in our every-day agitation.

On the very day before the last Plenum was opened, all comrades were agreed that no political resolution was required for the session. Comrade Cannon and Bittelman even made motions to this effect. These motions were unanimously agreed to. Obviously until very recently the present opposition in our Party did not see any Right menace.

I want to say a few words on Comrade Losovsky. He says we rejected the Profintern resolution. He says we have made a united front with the Right wing of the German Party in opposition to the Profintern. Comrade Losovsky's imagination is working overtime.

What are the facts regarding the so-called rejection of the Profintern resolution? First of all, Comrade Foster presented the resolution on trade union work at the May C. E. C. Plenum which we voted for. Secondly, Johnstone presented an ultra-factional document as the report of the Profintern Congress delegation which we rejected and which not even Comrade Losovsky would have us accept. Thirdly, we carried a motion endorsing the Profintern resolution. Fourthly, the charge made by Comrade Losovsky yesterday that the cable to the Trade Union Educational League Conference, the Left Wing Conference, caused discontent in the Central Committee, is unfounded. Although Comrade Foster put his opposition to the contents of this wire—yet we published it and long before we received this advice for the organization of the unorganized we adopted the following motion:

Political Committee, November 2, 1927:

"The T. U. E. L. in order to establish working relations with the unorganized masses shall build up a special connection with the workers' clubs, shop committees and other groups in the organized plants and cities. Into all groups and leading committees of the T. U. E. L. there shall be included representative elements from the unorganized plants and in the respective industries and localities."

As to the ridiculous charge of Losovsky that we have made unity with the Right Wing in the German Party, Comrade Losovsky—"people who live in glass houses should throw no stones." Is your criticism of the German Right Wing correct? We endorse it 100 per cent. Why do you make these charges without quoting us as you quoted your case against the Germans?

Was there no criticism of the Profintern resolution by us? Of course there was! By whom? Especially by Comrade Foster about whom you are so silent—in the May Plenum Trade Union resolution. Foster criticized it also in an 18-page letter to Comrade Losovsky. In July Comrade Foster wrote an article against the criticism made by Comrade Losovsky against us.

Comrade Losovsky, without the slightest basis of fact, has been attacking our Party in a most shameful manner and charging it with not doing any work in organizing the unorganized. Our Party has done considerable work in this field, despite the slanderous campaign of Comrade Losovsky.

I myself have some disagreements with certain features of the Profintern resolution. In this matter I also want to register a sharp disagreement with Comrade Pepper, who said he agrees with this resolution of the Profintern 99 per cent.

The comrades might ask, why is it that Comrade Losovsky is so bitter and prejudiced against our Party? The answer is the following: For years we have conducted a vigorous fight against him to compel him to revise the program of the T. U. E. L. (the American Left Wing) which provided for a long time the exclusion from its ranks of any worker who did not accept first of all the proletarian dictatorship.

When we consider the effort it took from us to defeat Comrade Losovsky on this point, there comes forcefully to our attention the fact that Comrade Losovsky has no right whatsoever to talk of another comrade as a "muddler of two continents." The weakness of the Profintern is the leadership of Comrade Losovsky, who has been making a muddle of nearly everything he has touched.

At the IX Plenum Comrade Losovsky introduced a resolution on the American trade union question in which there was not a single word about the need for Communists working with the existing A. F. of L. unions. The American delegation to the IX Plenum introduced a counter-resolution in which it laid the greatest emphasis on the organization of the unorganized, but at the same time said it is necessary to continue and increase the work of the Communists in the A. F. of L. Comrade Losovsky fought against this amendment bitterly, but was overwhelmingly defeated—in fact, Comrade Foster refused to vote for the position of Comrade Losovsky on the policy to be followed by our Party in the mining campaign.

Obviously, Comrade Losovsky acts in a factional, prejudiced manner against our C. E. C. I am of the opinion that Comrade Losovsky has for some time functioned as one of the primary forces instigating factionalism.

In recent months the Party has done much work in organizing the unorganized. Several thousands of our Party members have been expelled from the trade unions. Our Party has developed a vigorous, energetic strike leadership policy. What we need is advice and criticism, and not vilification from Comrade Losovsky.

Comrades, I want to say that despite the very sharp criticism made by . . . (Interruption, the chairman announcing the end of Comrade Lovestone's time. One minute granted to finish).

The Congress should not misjudge the situation. Our Party will not be thrown into a faction fight despite the vigorous efforts of our opposition to camouflage, develop poisonous smoke screens and to stampede our membership into a suicidal faction war. Our Party has fought the Right danger. We have made a proposal here for a special amendment to the theses proposed by Comrade Bukharin on behalf of the Russian delegation, to instruct the American C. E. C. to continue and intensify its fight against the Right danger.

The Party needs peace. We are in the midst of big campaigns—the mining campaign, the election campaign and the campaign to organize the unorganized in a number of industries. There is a possibility of peace because despite all the errors, all the hesitation, all the slowness of our opposition, they are more and more coming closer to the correct line of the Comintern, to the policy followed by the C. E. C. Therefore we insist that the opposition should dissolve its bloc (Foster-Cannon). We request that the C. I. should reject the unfounded charge of Right Wing levelled against the C. E. C. We insist that the C. I. should once and for all put an end to the factional opposition to the C. E. C. The American Party realizes the gravity of the situation. We are prepared to do everything in our power to maintain the unity of our Party and to carry on the tasks such as are confronting us in developing our work amongst the Negroes, fighting against imperialist war on Nicaragua, organization of the unorganized. With the help of the Comintern and under the leadership of the Comintern, we will move forward to a united mass Communist Party in America.

Told You So

CHARLES (Whiskers) Hughes has been unanimously elected a member of the World Court which is a sort of scullery to the League of Nations. Thousands of one-hundred per cent Americans hug the delusion that "we" are not in the League, but Wall Street knows better. While not officially in, Charlie will see to it that Morgan's interests are taken care of thru the World Court. There are more ways of hoodwinking the masses than there are interpretations of the bible.

• • •

WILLIAMS J. LYONS, president of the Newark Building Trades Council and business agent for Newark Bricklayers' Local No. 3, is reported to be the victim of a kidnapping stunt during which he was tortured with a hot poker and hanged by his thumbs in an effort to extort $100,000 from him. Those who will doubt the credibility of the story on the grounds that it is inconceivable that a labor leader should be worth so much in dollars, might read William Z. Foster's, "Misleaders of Labor."

T. J. O'Flaherty

• • •

LYONS owns a restaurant in Newark and it is rumored that a ransom fund was collected for him, the total raised reaching the sum of $10,000. Lyons is wealthy and served a prison term at Trenton in 1923 for operating a gambling house. The New Jersey Federation of Labor recently voted to endorse Al Smith for president. The convention also distinguished itself by putting "canned music" on the unfair list, tho William Green, president of the A. F. of L. is upholding class-collaboration on the movietone at the Roxy Theatre, in Manhattan.

• • •

YOU can always depend on a labor faker to pick on a fake issue to fight against with his mouth. A cur barking at the moon is an example of useful endeavor compared to the antics of a trade union body bleating against new developments in the cinema. To expect the New Jersey State Federation of Labor to tackle the organization of the unorganized industrial workers in that state would be like expecting the House of Morgan to come out for the Communist ticket. The labor movement in New Jersey is about the most graft-ridden and spy-ridden in the United States and its official leaders have as much in common with the exploited workers as a fox has with a chicken coop.

• • •

THE regular and irregular members of the Daily Worker editorial staff are not in the habit of passing taffy to each other, but I must hand a bouquet to my next column neighbor Fred Ellis for his cartoon showing Mrs. Knapp going to "jail." It appeared in last Friday's issue. It says half a dozen columns on capitalist miscarriages of justice.

• • •

MRS. KNAPP stole tens of thousands of dollars, yet she is treated with the consideration given to Harry Sinclair and Edward L. Doheny who were able to get away with a couple of states. Mrs. Knapp may feel bored before her thirty day term in her boudoir has expired, unless big-hearted Al pardons her in the meantime. But as we said before had she swiped a bottle of milk for her thirsty poodle dog, she would now be defending herself from savage cockroaches in a filthy jail. The moral of this story is, that robbers who know their onions should join either the Democratic or Republican party before starting out to get rich quick, and then take care not to be caught at petty larceny.

• • •

SCARCELY had Mrs. Florence Knapp parked herself comfortably in her flowered suite in the sheriff's home, at Albany, than the candidate for attorney-general of Massachusetts addressed an open letter to Governor Smith demanding that he take steps to end the notorious "Albany baseball pool" which is reported to have flourished in the shadow of the capitol. The political thieves are certainly rattling each other's skeletons. As a matter of fact the pool operated in Hudson and not in Albany and only the blind in New York's officialdom were unaware of its location. Those who did not profit by it were too busy, getting theirs from some other source of graft.

Tom O'Flaherty

CALL FOR END OF U. S. FACTIONALISM AT RED YOUTH CONGRESS

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

NEW MINERS UNION FORMED!

Keller and Dawson, New Bedford Leaders, Ousted from United Textile Convention

MILITANTS BARE STRIKEBREAKING OF U.T.W. CHIEFS

McMahon, Campos in Frenzied Attack on T. M. C.

Oust Passaic Delegates

Comes on Eve of Plans for Real Union

Eli Keller and Ellen Dawson, among the leaders of the present New Bedford strike and of the Passaic struggle of 1926, were yesterday arbitrarily excluded from the convention of the United Textile Workers' Union which opened in the morning at the Great Northern Hotel here. Officials of the union who ordered the ouster did not even trouble to offer an explanation for their actions, despite that both Keller and Dawson are accredited delegates from Locals 1618 and 1619 of the Passaic U. T. W.

The entire morning session of the convention was devoted to eulogies interspersed with hymn-singing in memory of S. A. Conboy, the late union secretary, and the afternoon session was given over to villification of the Textile Mill Committee in which the two ousted progressive delegates are taking a leading part.

Plan Sell-out.

The expulsion of Keller and Dawson from the convention comes simultaneously with the bitter fight which the 28,000 New Bedford textile workers are waging against the U. T. W. to sell out the struggle which is now in its twenty-second week. It also comes on the eve of the formation of the new national textile workers' union which will be organized at a convention to be held in New York City on Sept. 22-23.

When the credentials committee

Continued on Page Two

PLAN FOR MINE RELIEF MEETING

Watt to Speak at Big Meet

While the delegates of the rank and file miners continue their convention at Pittsburgh to build a new Miners' Union despite the police and Lewis thug terror, preparations are being speeded in New York City to make the monster Solidarity Mass Meeting on Thursday evening, Sept. 20, a tremendous demonstration of the workers of this city in support of the thousands of coal diggers who are throwing off the yoke of the treacherous Lewis leadership.

The meeting, which will be held at Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., under the auspices of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, and the Shop Delegates' Conference for Miners' Relief, will have as its chief speaker John Watt, chairman of the National Convention Arrangements Committee and one of the leaders

Continued on Page Three

Coolidge Heir Obtains His First Position With "Friends of Family"

In return for services rendered by his papa to the Morgan interests which control the railroad, the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad yesterday announced that it had given a position to John Coolidge, son of Calvin.

True to the traditional bunkum, it was announced that Young Coolidge will begin "at the bottom" with a $30 a week wage.

His father is expected to get a job either with the U. S. Steel Corporation or another Morgan concern upon the expiration of his term.

New Bedford Textile Pickets and Organizer

New Bedford textile strikers are now in the twenty-second week of their grim struggle against the mill bosses, and they are as determined to win as ever as was demonstrated overwhelmingly by the parade and mass meeting held last Saturday under the auspices of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees. Above, organizer addressing strikers.

BOSSES ADMIT POWER OF TMC

Employers, AFL, Push Sell-Out Plans

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 10.—Feeling against the attempt to betray the strike by granting a speed-up system to the mill owners, has risen to such a great pitch since the two anti-sellout demonstrations of the Textile Mill Committees, that the columns of the capitalist press here are compelled to admit their doubts as to whether a "settlement" with the A. F. of L. officials will result in a return of the textile workers to the looms.

First the picketing demonstration of hundreds of strikers at the New Bedford Hotel, where the bosses and the Textile Council leaders were in conference, and then the tremendous parade demonstration of 35,000 strikers and sympathizers on Saturday, showed conclusively that the capitalist press far understate their "doubts."

Not only has the great "no compromise" movement, begun by the T. M. C., taken hold among the vast majority of the 28,000 strikers here, but even the membership of the Textile Council who have not as yet severed their relations with the A. F. of L. union, frankly declare that they will fight Batty and his gang in their locals.

Speed-Up Plans.

The first full membership meetting of the Cotton Manufacturers Association held in many months will take place tonight to consider Batty's offer to settle the strike if the bosses would exchange the wage cut for the Frieder Plan, a speed-up system whereby the workers will produce much more for a pay smaller than even the wage cut pay.

Realization of Batty's impotence barons negotiating committee gave interviews to the press, which de- in getting the strikers back to work, is, however, dawning on the mill, owners, and their action at tonight's meeting is expected to reflect this knowledge. Hitherto, the mill

Continued on Page Three

4 PRISONERS ESCAPE.

SALEM, Mass., Sept. 10 (UP).—Four prisoners in the Essex County jail escaped tonight by sawing the bars of the prison dining room.

BRIAND ATTACKS USSR AT GENEVA

Delivers Vicious Speech at League Meet

GENEVA, Sept. 10.—A bitter attack on the Soviet Union which has constantly advocated complete disarmament, marked the speech of Foreign Minister Briand of France at this morning's session of the League of Nations assembly.

Commenting sarcastically on the joining of the pact to "outlaw" war by the Soviet Union, he did not stop to answer any of the trenchant criticisms that accompanied the Soviet note of adherence.

He said: "While this country's signature has been placed on the anti-war pact, renouncing war of aggression, I do not know if it has renounced another kind of war which some regard as 'holy war.' Some think they and they alone understand and trust and they desire to impose their views on other countries by force of arms. Such a war may be inspired by sentiment and may be more respectable than

Continued on Page Two

3 CONFERENCES ON BIG BAZAAR

Call Bronx, Brooklyn, Jersey Meets

Three important conferences in the New York district will take place this week to consider plans for making the Daily Worker-Freiheit bazaar in Madison Square Garden Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7 the greatest event of its kind ever held.

Representatives of sympathetic Bronx trade unions and fraternal organizations will meet tomorrow night at 8 o'clock at 1472 Boston Road. Preparations will be made to organize on a broad scale thruout the Bronx the work of collecting articles and other activities in connection with the bazaar.

On Thursday night at 8 o'clock a similar conference will be held by

Continued on Page Three

100 MOTHERS STRIKE

Won't Send Children to Distant Schools

Rebelling against the tyranny of the petty officialdom of the New York school system which compels children to go long distances over dangerous street crossings in order to get to school, 100 working class mothers gathered at the corner of S. Third Street and Briggs Ave., Brooklyn, in front of Public School 50 and demonstrated against the efforts of school authorities to eject their children from that school.

The mothers, grouping their children about them, declared that they would not send their little ones to other institutions to which they had been transferred. These are at long distances from the children's homes, they pointed out, necessitating crossing streets where trolley cars and hit-and-run drivers place the children's lives in constant danger.

Overcrowded Schools.

Overcrowding, a chronic phenomenon in the New York school sys-

Continued on Page Three

BIG COMMUNIST VOTE EXPECTED DESPITE JINGOES

Signature Drives Exceed Hopes in Many States

Miners Rally to Party

Fascists, Bosses Put Obstacles in Way

The great industrial state of Ohio and two southern states, Kentucky and Tennessee, are now on the Communist ballot, bringing the total up to nineteen.

The comrades in Ohio collected 20,000 signatures tho only 14,500 were required. The signatures were all collected by voluntary effort, the comrades visiting the homes after working hours and also collecting at the shops during lunch hour.

Expect Big Vote.

Ten thousand of those signatures were collected in Cleveland alone. The steel cities of Youngstown and Warren contributed a good percentage of the necessary names.

A heavy Communist vote is expected in the mining region of Ohio where the bituminous strike was recently called off by John L. Lewis. Owing to the activities of the Communists during the strike the miners are very sympathetic to the Party and many of them joined up.

5 Southern States.

In addition to Tennessee and Kentucky there are now on the ballot in the south, Texas, Arkansas and Maryland. The Communist ticket was never before on the ballot in those states.

The National Election Campaign Committee now claims that the Communist ticket will be on the ballot in thirty-five states instead of the thirty originally set as a goal. With two months more to go before election day, the Party has five more states on the ballot than it had four years ago at the end of October.

As the Communist campaign is developing strength, the authorities in several states are beginning to put on the screws and in the west fascist organizations like the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars are protesting the appearance of the Communist ticket on the ballot.

In Nebraska and Kansas those patriotic societies, acting as the tools of the employers are attacking the Workers (Communist) Party, and in conjunction with the authorities trying to throw the ticket off the ballot.

Oehler Under Arrest.

In Kansas, Comrade Hugo Oehler, the district organizer and several other comrades were arrested for holding meetings in front of the Cudahy Packing Company plant. The International Labor Defense is looking after the legal rights of these comrades.

The secretary of state for Nebraska has granted a hearing to the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars on their protest against permitting the Workers (Communist) Party ticket to stay on the ballot. The hearing is set

Continued on Page Three

DOCK STRIKE IN SYDNEY COMING

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Sept. 10 (UP).—A prolonged labor struggle on the Sydney waterfront was predicted when the waterside workers' federation refused to accept the new industrial award which went into effect today.

Overseas and interstate shipowners said they were determined to maintain the court's award.

Seeks Mill Relief

Stella Correia, above, New Bedford textile striker is now in New York City seeking relief for her fellow strikers. She is addressing unions and fraternal organizations nightly. Mrs. Correia and her little daughter, Mary, are familiar figures on the New Bedford picket lines. Both have been repeatedly clubbed and jailed by the police. (Photo by the Workers International Relief.)

CALL FOR END OF FACTIONALISM

U. S. Negro Presides at Red Youth Congress

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 10.—Bucharin reported on the results of the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International at the twelfth session of the Young Communist International which was held under the chairmanship of Philipps, American Negro.

The Congress adopted the resolution approving the decisions of the World Congress of the Communist International and adopting its decisions and program as a basis for the work and decisions of the Young Communist International Congress.

The resolution assures the Communist International of the unshakeable loyalty of the Young Communist International above all in regard to the war danger and the the defense of the Soviet Union. "Under the banner of Lenin the Young Communist International will lead the masses of working youth to victory."

The resolution was greeted with storms of applause and the singing of the International.

The Congress then elected Agitation and Propaganda, and Organization Commissions.

* * *

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 10.—The eighth session of the Congress of the Young Communist International continued with the following speaking: Szuets, Hungary; Contreras, Mexico; Rossing, Bulgaria; Gallopin, France; Ackermann, Latvia; Don, United States; Matagu, China; Kaplan, United States; Vorings, Greece; Marlot, Canada, and Sulimov, Korea.

Contreras declared that American imperialism has penetrated Latin-Ameria. "The youth and children are being terribly exploited," he said. "The youth represent an active factor in Sandino's movement. The fight against clericalism is important as is also enlightenment work among the young workers. We intend to found an anti-imperialist militia as a defense organization."

Don dealt with the effects of ra-

Continued on Page Four

Daily Worker Agents Hold Meeting Tonight

To consider plans to gain 10,000 new readers of the Daily Worker and to make further preparations for the Daily Worker Bazaar, all Daily Worker agents will meet tonight at the Workers Center, 28 Union Square.

The sub drive is in full swing and it is expected that the New York district will show the lead in widening the circulation and influence of the Daily Worker.

National Organization Launched; Greatest Enthusiasm of Delegates Representing All Coal Mine Fields

Sheriff Again Orders Meeting to Disperse But Not Before Miners Have Completed Historic Task of Convention

Watt Is Named President; Boyce, Negro Miner, for Vice-President; Weisbord Receives Ovation for Textile Workers

By JACK LEE.
(Special To The Daily Worker.)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 10.—The New National Miners' Union which is to unite the forces of nearly one million bituminous and anthracite coal diggers of America for the coming era of struggle against the oppressor coal barons was born here today. The union with the greatest tradition of militancy and heroism in American labor history, built through the life sacrifice of hundreds of coal diggers, in the end, torn apart and finally wrecked by the treacherous policy of the Lewis machine, was reborn here today under a new form, a rank and file leadership with a program of battle which promises a new era for the courageous miners.

Evading the continued onslaughts of the police and the Lewis gangsters who yesterday raided the first meeting of the convention, over seven hundred delegates met hastily at the Workers Center at East Pittsburgh last night to carry out the second and successful session at which the full plans for the new union were formulated. Meeting again this morning the business of launching the new organization was all but completed when it was again interrupted by police and the sheriff of Allegheny County, who ordered the delegates to disperse and issued a proclamation forbidding the further holding of meetings.

While these sessions were in progress further developments were reported following the fascist raid yesterday by the combined forces of the Pittsburgh police, who led an army of over two hundred Lewis thugs in a raid on the first session of the convention at Labor Lyceum Hall. Three miners were held for the grand jury on $1,000 bail each. Fines were levied on over a dozen others including Pat Toohey, Freeman Thompson, Anthony Minerich, Andy Plechady, and others. Over fifty others were released. Some are still unaccounted for.

The fines were paid by the International Labor Defense in order that the delegates might return to the convention to carry on its business. Rough handling was made of the miners in jail by the police. Treatment was necessary for a number in the hospitals.

Textile Delegates Greeted.

Fraternal delegates from the striking New Bedford textile workers to the mine convention were greeted amid the greatest enthusiasm last night. Speaking before the convention, this afternoon, Albert Weisbord, well-known militant leader of the textile workers, received an ovation from the coal diggers, who cheered the glorious fight of the battling New Bedford mill operatives. A vote of solidarity and support to the new union of the textile workers was carried unanimously.

At the meeting last night it was voted to submit the constitution of the new union to the membership for ratification and amendment. Among the unique and characteristic provisions of the new constitution is one providing that the salaries of officers and wages of minor officials must be based on the pay received by rank and file miners, and members of pit committees, which are also to become grievance committees. Complete democratic procedure throughout its provisions marked the constitution.

Provisions are contained for the easy recall of officers and members of the executive board. Mine districts will later be remarked for better organizing purposes, but for the present the existing district markings will be maintained.

A strong and nation-wide organization campaign will be launched. "The Coal Digger" was adopted as the official organ of the new union. Every new member is to take a six months' subscription.

The convention voted for the abolition of the check-off now going to the discredited Lewis group. De-

Continued on Page Three

JUDGE ATTACKS JAILED MINERS

"Red Baiter" Upbraids Delegates

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 10.—Pennsylvania "justice" ran true to form here today as the 112 miners taken in the police and Lewis gangster raid on the mine convention were arraigned before Magistrate Orie.

Disregarding the evidence in the case and the almost unprecedented violations of all so-called civil liberties by the police, the judge began immediately to upbraid the delegates for their militancy and branded them as being "Reds," and a "menace to our government."

Miners pointed to the attitude of the judge as a further confirmation of the obvious cooperation between the Lewis machine, the police and coal operator justice to prevent the organization of a real union.

3 Held for Grand Jury.

Three of the mine leaders were held for the grand jury on rioting charges. A number were fined $25 each. About fifteen were fined $5 each. Many of the delegates arraigned this morning appeared with their heads bandaged and bearing other marks of the slugging by police and Lewis thugs. Despite the obvious criminality of the gangsters the few of them arrested were immediately discharged by the judge.

The miners were closely questioned on their political and industrial beliefs by the magistrate. "These Reds need investigation," the judge declared openly. "Every man who cannot prove his citizenship will be turned over to the government authorities for investigation. Perhaps some of them will be deported," he warned.

MINOR, WHITEMAN WILL START TOUR

Will Talk in Cities Up-State

The opening shot in the up-state campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party will be fired in Poughkeepsie on Friday, September 14, at an open-air meeting to be held in the evening, at which Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for U. S. Senate; Lovett Fort-Whiteman, Communist candidate for Comptroller, and H. Gordon of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will be the principal speakers.

The Poughkeepsie meeting will be the initial one of a number to be held in the major cities of New York state during this first campaign tour to be arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party. On September 15 the second meeting will take place in Albany, at the northwest corner of State and Crown Sts., after which Minor, Whiteman and Gordon will speak at Troy, at Domino Hall, 22-24 Fourth St., on Sunday, September 16.

Schenectady will be the scene of the fourth meeting, on Monday, August 17, at the Turner Hall, 837 Albany St.

Much interest has been stirred up among up-state workers by the advance announcements made by the

Continued on Page Two

LITERACY DRIVE IN USSR

2,000,000 Young Workers Pledge Aid

MOSCOW, Sept. 10 (UP).—Every one of the two million "Komsomols" or young Communists, has been pledged by their organization to undertake to teach at least one person, in his own family or outside, to read or write.

This is but one phase of a renewed campaign just announced to reduce illiteracy in Russia.

In the early years of the Soviet revolution, leaders of the new government declared their determination to end all illiteracy before the tenth anniversary of their assumption to power. This ambition is still within at least 20,000,000 persons of achievement, according to offical statistics.

About 6,000,000 of the illiterates, it is estimated, are under 25 years old. Illiteracy is especially high among the minority nationalties in the Caucasus, Siberia, and other outlying sections. The one exception is the Jewish population which has fewer illiterates than any other race in the Soviet Union.

F. L. Fur Misleaders, Bosses Plan to Wreck Philadelphia Local; Workers Mobilize

ALL STOPPAGE FOR MASS RALLY THIS AFTERNOON

Boston Workers Win Skirmish With Fakers

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10.—Workers engaged in the fur manufacturing industry here are rallying all their forces for an impending struggle which may terminate in a general walkout because of a threat of their employers to break their contract with the union and sign a fake agreement with the reactionary officials of the A. F. of L. Fur International. To this end a mass membership meeting will be held today at 4 p. m. in Boslower Hall, 7th and Pine Sts.

Mass Demonstration.

The setting of the time for four o'clock in the afternoon was done with the express intention of "demonstrating to employers that if they wish production to continue in Philadelphia fur factories they had better halt any plans they have about cancelling agreements and signing scab compacts with the A. F. of L. fakers," according to a union statement.

Edward F. McGrady, A. F. of L. agent in charge of the drive to destroy unionism in the industry, had been discovered by S. Bert, left wing union manager, while he was plotting with the bosses in the office of a leading manufacturer. Soon after this followed an announcement from the employers association that they intended to sever relations. The reason for the attacks on the local was its recent decision to join with the New York union in their drive to build a real furriers' national organization.

* * *

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 10.—The first attempt of the International to launch a struggle against the Boston Furriers' Local, which had joined in the movement to build a new union, failed miserably when the workers carried thru a short and victorious strike against a firm which decided to break off relations with the local union.

Strike Short But Effective.

Agents of the A. F. of L. came into Boston last week and approached one of the larger employers here with promises of permitting him open shop privileges if he would join them in fighting the local. The employer, A. Rubin, agreed. Then followed a declaration to the union that the firm of Rubin no longer considers its contract with them valid. This was followed up by an immediate cututting of wages, and lengthening of hours.

The workers answered by a strike that lasted no more than four hours before it was won, along with a wage increase.

NORTH, NANKING CONTINUE WAR

HONG KONG, Sept. 10.—Fighting between Nanking and northern war lords continues and the Nanking forces have seized Tong Shan, endangering the position of Chang Chung-Chang in Shantung, where he established an independent position after the death of Chang Tso-Lin, the Manchurian dictator, and the retreat of the northern troops north of the Great Wall.

Tong Shan is near Tsinan, capital of Shantung, and the northern army apparently has succeeded in slowly encircling Chang Chung-Chang. The latter may be obliged to follow the example of thousands of disbanded northern troops and move north.

It has been reported, however, that hang Chung-Chang was in a strong position in Shantung and determined to resist the encroachment of the Nanking war lords. It is believed that his confidence results from Japanese support.

4 GERMAN MINERS KILLED

BERLIN, Sept. 10 (UP).—Four persons were killed and one is still missing in an explosion in the Cleophas mine in Upper Silesia. The mine belongs to the American Giesche Company.

Underworld at Funeral of Slain Gang Leader

Photo shows crowd at burial of Frank Yale, slain Brooklyn gang leader. Many political leaders were reputed to have been connected with Yale's gang.

Labels on Empty Bottles

By BERT MILLER.

(Continued.)

Within the democratic party, we witness the same process going on. Slowly but surely men like Bryan, with his confused petty-bourgeois theories, McAdoo, the representative of the big farming, cattle and wool growing interests of the West, representative also of the cotton growing interests of the South, are cast aside. The democratic party, which has been historically the party of the petty bourgeois, and has catered more directly to this class, is sloughing off this impedimenta and is demonstrating its full capacity to serve the industrial and financial interests of the Northeast, of Wall Street. In the words of Wilson's platform, "We must now remove, as far as possible, every remaining element of unrest and uncertainty from the path of the business men of America, and secure for them a continued period of quiet, assured and confident prosperity."

One might naturally ask, "Why does the capitalist class maintain two parties? Think of the expense, inefficiency, wasted effort, confusion, etc." Professor Arthur N. Holcombe, in his book "The Political Parties of Today" makes the following enlightening reply, "That system (the bi-partisan system) has certain incontestable advantages along with its obvious defects. It diminishes the violence of social strife arising out of all the various conflicting interests of the people. . . . The very evasions of contentious issues and concealments of grounds for social friction, which so many critics condemn, form a part, and no small part, of the services which the major parties render."

What is the future prospect for the two party system? In the days when the LaFollette movement was at its height, Mr. Frank A. Munsey, one of the leading spokesmen of the republican party made the following prediction: "In the early days of the Republic they (the republican and democratic parties) represented distinct and positive ideas. But with these great fundamental ideas converted into history there are no longer any big outstanding issues between them that have any place in our politics. There are, to be sure, many small points on which the republican and democratic parties differ, today. It is their business to differ, to create differences, to work up issues, without which they would cease to exist as political parties. It is the business of each party to oppose and to fight the acts and proposals of the other party. While this political jockeying has been going on since the great old issues disappeared, a new issue has developed that now divides all America into two political camps, as yet without political names. They are the radical camp and the conservative camp, and within each camp there is a wide range of thought and feeling. Some day, and not a very distant day at that these two groups will evolve into organized political parties with names that signify what they stand for."

Some Prospects.

What are the forces making for the merger of the two old parties into one conservative party as against a so-called radical party? What will be the nature of such a radical party? One of the factors making for a merger is the general tendency toward merger in the field of industry and finance. But the capitalist class will not forego lightly the advantages gained from the bi-partisan game of buncombe. Only under the threat of some rising spectre which menaces its interests, will it consolidate its forces for more effective defense. Will that force be a party of farmers? That is unlikely. The present demoralization of the agricultural elements, the La Follette defeat does not forecast a very speedy recovery in that direction. The drift of population from the farms to the cities particularly in the South will tend to weaken them still more. The future lies in the hands of the proletariat, which has given numerous recent proofs of its fighting spirit and militancy in the miners' struggle, the New Bedford strike, the needle trades fight, etc., and a greater resistance of the unorganized workers. The close and open identity of the two major parties with business has never been more evident. The prospect of severe struggles against capitalist rationalization expressing itself in the form of wage cuts, speed-up and union smashing will be a strong educative force, in which the government will again and again show the true character of the major political parties, and will bring to the fore emphatically and forcefully to the workers their interests as a class.

Never have the workers had a better opportunity to see before them the complete identity of the two major parties with Big Business The so-called new political alignments of this or that magnate, the superficial reasons given such as "prohibition" or "personality," and the equally hostile front of both parties to both labor and farmers, these facts offer our party an unusual and splendid opportunity to be the most powerful factor in exposing the lie behind the sham of the bi-partisan system.

On the basis offered by the present developments in American politics, the Workers (Communist) Party stands out clearly as the only party which speaks for the workers. The socialist, party with its appeal to liberals and the petty bourgeoisie, with its ignominious withdrawal from the path of the class struggle, has proven its utter bankruptcy and futility as a party of the working-class. The Workers (Communist) Party in the 1928 election campaign is the one party which clearly and without reservations puts forth the slogan of "Class against class," and rallies the workers to fight politically against their exploiters with the same determination and solidarity which they have so frequently displayed in the struggle on the industrial field.

Export Trade of Soviet Union—Egypt Grows; Cotton Chief Import

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 10. According to statistical figures of the eastern chamber of commerce of the Soviet Union, the turnover of trade with Egypt for nine months of the fiscal year (October-June) amounted to over 33,000,000 roubles, having surpassed corresponding figures of the last year.

The USSR is importing from Egypt cotton and exporting to Egypt oil products, flour, sugar, coal, etc.

LIKE HIS PAPA.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 10.—John Coolidge, the president's son, will work on the New Haven Railroad, it was announced today.

WORKERS CLUBS AID RED FUNDS

Followers of Trail Contribute

With the election campaign reaching a more intense stage thruout the country, marked by "whisper" campaigns and a monotony of scandals in the capitalist parties, the Red Campaign waged by the Workers (Communist) Party is daily growing more productive of donations by workers' clubs to the Communist war chest. The followers of the Trail Club, an organization of workers which takes regular weekly excursions into the country of billboards surrounding New York, recently collected from its members the sum of $37.25 while on an excursion up the Hudson.

Other workers' organizations responded to the appeal issued by the District 2 Election Campaign Committee. Workmen's Circle Branch 84 of Plainfield sent a donation of $5 to the campaign fund and the Tomashover Branch 106, Workmen's Circle of Paterson, N. J., contributed last Saturday.

Previous donations made to the Red Campaign fund by workers' organizations are numerous. The Finnish Cooperative Trading Cooperative Association donated $25; Ukrainian Workers' Club, $69.25; Staten Island Finnish Workers' Club, $10. Through the Jewish Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party, the Coney Island Workers' Club donated $16; the National Workers' Alliance, Branch 3, gave $15; the Brownsville Workers Youth Centre donated $10; and the Young Workers Social Culture Club of Brownsville gave $5.

BRIAND ATTACKS USSR AT GENEVA

Continued from Page One

aggressive war, but the effect is just as bad."

In the same speech he very vigorously assailed the views of Chancellor Mueller of Germany and criticized his position on national minorities and the reduction of armaments. Briand side-stepped the national minority issue by declaring that "the question must not become a lever to shake the confidence of peoples in their governments in the work of the league for peace."

Many Reservations for World Tourists Visit to the Soviet Union

Reservations for the forthcoming visit to the Soviet Union are coming in rapidly, M. Goodman, manager of the World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave., announced yesterday.

"There is a great deal of interest," Goodman said, "in the tour which we are arranging, especially in view of the fact that the party will arrive in the U. S. S. R. in time to witness the Eleventh Anniversary of the October Revolution."

The entire trip will consume 35 days, and the party will leave on the fast S. S. "Mauretania" on October 17. Free Russian visas are guaranteed by the World Tourists.

KELLER, DAWSON EXPELLED FROM UTW CONVENTION

Expose Strikebreaking Misleaders

Continued from Page One

appeared before the convention to report, they recommended that Dawson, Keller, and John Di Santo be denied seats as delegates.

Di Santo is a delegate from Local 1623, Passaic, and was marked for exclusion because of his militancy. It was only after Keller rose to protest at being denied the right to represent his union, and after he had demanded reasons for his exclusion, that McMahon, U. T. W. president, assigned John Campos of Fall River, Mass., to state "reasons."

"Young Workers Party."

Campos launched into a vicious attack against the two delegates, who, he said, were members of a dual union. "I, as an official of the U. T. W., was almost mobbed by the textile workers due to their propaganda," he said. McMahon then contributed to the attack of the progressives, by assuring the convention that he is not afraid of "red scares," but that Keller and Dawson are both members of the "Young Workers Party" which holds meetings at 799 Broadway. "Dawson," he added, "is also secretary of the "International Defense League' which is also red."

Particularly hysterical did McMahon become every time he mentioned Albert Weisbord, Passaic strike leader. "Weisbord quit you," he shouted, despite the fact that the U. T. W. had made public demands that Weisbord leave Passaic before they would admit the Passaic locals into membership in the U. T. W. McMahon delivered himself of the prize gem of the day when, in talking about Passaic, he lamented, "these workers had the juice squeezed out of them; I was handed a squeezed lemon when we took the Passaic locals in."

Instead of defending themselves against the "accusations," Keller and Dawson launched into an attack against the U. T. W. officials. After insisting that they could be members of the U. T. W. and at the same time be adherents to the program of the T. M. C., which they termed a militant organization movement, the progressives branded U. T. W. leadership in New Bedford as nothing short of strikebreaking.

Refutes Slander.

Keller pointed out that when the T. M. C. entered the New Bedford strike the conservative union there had been outside the U. T. W., and that he had a right to enter the struggle under those circumstances. "Only after the leaders of our union joined hands with the Textile Council there in its reactionary policies, did we fight the U. T. W.," Keller said. He then assailed Campos for his open declaration to the Fall River workers to scab while the T. M. C. was leading a strike there. He charged Campos with giving direct aid to the brutal police terror against the strikers. As for McMahon's liking for "juicy" workers only, Keller declared that this fact is already known, not only to the Passaic workers, but ever-growing circles of textile operatives.

After a strenuous but fruitless attempt on the part of the machine to fasten an excuse for expulsion on John Di Santo, and after a speech by Di Santo, in which he condemned the absence of democracy in the organization, the McMahon machine railroaded the exclusion of Keller and Dawson. Gus Deak, president of the Passaic local, and Di Santo remained as delegates.

2 Officials Indicted in Street Graft Mess

Richard F. Walsh, a district superintendent in the street cleaning department, and Thomas Owens, a stable foreman were indicted yesterday by the Kings county grand jury of payroll padding and graft in the department.

Despite the fact that corruption in this department is known to be city-wide, thus far only about a half a dozen—and these minor officials—have been indicted.

Boro Park Red Week Features Contest for Ballot Signatures

Beginning yesterday and lasting thruout the week, a three-cornered contest will mark the signature drive in the Boro Park section of the Workers (Communist) Party. Preparations for an intensified drive to put the candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party in the 9th Kings County Assembly District on the ballot have been widespread and a lively competition is anticipated among the members of the Boro Park Section of the Communist Party, the members of the various Workers' Cultural Clubs and the members of the Women's Councils in the Boro Park, Brighton, Coney Island and Bath Beach sections.

The signature drive this week in Boro Park will be enlivened not only by the competition existing among the organizations as such, but also by the inner competition. Every Workers' Culture Club has challenged every other, the councils of the United Councils of Working-class Women are each sure of beating the record of their sister organizations, and among the Red Campaigners of Section 7 a spirited rivalry exists.

MINOR, WHITEMAN WILL START TOUR

Will Talk in Cities Up-State

Continued from Page One

impending Minor-Whiteman tour. The workers have evinced their interest by questions asked the Red Campaigners who gathered signatures up-state to put the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot as to the platform of the Communist Party. The increasing number of wage-cuts to which up-state workers in the factories, foundries and railroads have been subjected has opened their eyes to the role played by the republican party, which has always claimed up-state New York as its own, and the anti-labor record of Tammany Al Smith is sufficient to show what the workers can expect from a democratic administration.

Lovett Fort-Whiteman, a Negro worker, will devote a part of his campaign talks to speaking of the problems of the Negro workers, the attitude of the capitalist parties to lynching and race segregation.

U. S. Military Forces in Nicaragua Protect Puppet; Ignore Many

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 10 (UP).—The newly organized constabulary quelled the first serious election outbreak late Sunday. The National Guard assisted in suppressing an attempt to storm the liberal party campaign office at Rivas.

Several persons were injured and four were arrested.

The rioting was started after a conservative party mass meeting which was held at Rivas. The crowd was aroused by speeches and finally moved on the liberal office and attempted to rush the doors. They were met by members of the constabulary and guards.

General Frank R. McCoy received a message today from Major Norman Randolph, electoral supervisor at Rivas, reporting the situation "well in hand." Reserves are held in readiness.

TAXI BURNS.

At about 9 a. m. last night the life of a chauffeur working for the Yellow Taxi Company was imperilled by the burning of the company automobile which he was driving on Union Square between 15th and 16th Streets.

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WORKERS WILL HOLD TEXTILE RELIEF MEET

To Show "The Crowd," Distinguished Movie

Thousands of textile workers demonstrated their solidarity with the textile strikers and their Mill Committees in the monster parade held in New Bedford on Saturday, while preparations were going forward full speed in New York for holding a mass conference for relief. The call has been sent broadcast by Local New York, W. I. R., to all labor unions and working class organizations. Where the delegates cannot be elected the call requests workers to send their representatives from shop unions, fraternal societies to the W. I. R. Relief Conference, Saturday, Sept. 15, at Irving Plaza Hall, and to make the conference a 100 per cent demonstration of solidarity with the 35,000 workers now engaged in a life and death struggle.

A delegation of textile strikers from New Bedford and Fall River will address the meeting. Textile workers from Paterson and Passaic are sending their delegations to greet the strike delegates, to hear Albert Weisbord relate the newest developments of the struggle, and announce the program for the coming convention to organize the new textile union.

Following the Relief Conference there will be two motion picture performances Saturday evening, Sept. 15 of "The Crowd" which has drawn large and enthusiastic audiences. All proceeds will go for the benefit of the textile strikers of New Bedford and Fall River. There will be two showings at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., one performance at 3:45 p. m. and the other at 11:00 p. m. Albert Weisbord will speak before each showing.

Search for Missing Soviet Aviator

MOSCOW, Sept. 9.—All ships in the Siberian and Arctic regions have been asked to search for the airplane "Soviet North" piloted by Krasinsky, which left Anadir Aug. 13. The plane was reported last on August 19, going westward. Krasinsky was on an experimental flight across the Northern part of Siberia.

Second Conference for Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar This Thursday

All delegates to the last Daily Worker and Freiheit Bazaar which was held on August 28 must attend the second conference called by the Executive Committee for Thursday, September 13, at 8 p. m., at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Sq.

It is hoped that all organizations which were not represented at the last conference elect delegates to this one, since the work for the First National Bazaar is in full progress, and much must still be done in the short time left.

AIM TO UNIONIZE N. Y. SHOE SHOPS

City-Wide Meeting to Be Held Tonight

Mobilization of the shoe workers of Greater New York for the organization of a poorly unorganized trade and also for the support of the striking workers in the Brooklyn shoe plant of S. Liebermann Co., is the program announced by the leaders of the Independent Shoe Workers Union. The first step toward this will be tonight's city-wide meeting of shoe workers at the union headquarters, 51 E. 10th St.

The entire working crew of the big Brooklyn factory are still solidly out on strike, and the spirit shown at their daily meetings demonstrates their determination to stay out until their demands are met. The workers ask that their general chairman be accorded immediate reinstatement, that the union be recognized and that union conditions be enforced. The dismissal of the chairman for union activities was the original cause for the walkout.

A meeting of all shoe workers living in Coney Island was held by the union yesterday in the Workers House, Mermaid Ave. The workers pledged their enthusiastic moral and financial assistance to the strike.

At the meeting tonight General Organizer Magliacano and the union president will render reports on the strike and on the general trade situation. Plans for the organization drive will then be formulated.

KELLOGG BACK.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 (UP).—Secretary of State Kellogg returned to the state department today from Paris where he signed the so-called "peace pact." Kellogg announced receipt of information that Soviet Russia had adhered to the treaty.

Daily Worker - - Freiheit

NEW JERSEY

BAZAAR CONFERENCE

WEDNESDAY EVE., SEPT. 12,
at 93 MERCER STREET
NEWARK, N. J.

Workers Party Units, Labor and Fraternal Organizations of Newark, Elizabeth, New Brunswick, Plainfield, Stelton and Roselle, are requested to elect three delegates.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

This is BAZAAR WEEK September 10 to 17

for the Benefit of The DAILY WORKER and FREIHEIT

Collect Articles
Ads
Names for the Honor Roll

National Bazaar Committee
30 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK, N. Y.

Hold Protest Meeting Against Kellogg "Peace" Treaty; French Police Arrest 800

THIRTY HELD AS FOREIGNERS IN OFFICIAL PLOT

Demonstration for the Communist Youth

PARIS, Sept. 10.—A total of 800 arrests was made by the Paris police on Communists and workers who met yesterday to protest against the Kellogg peace pact in a mass meeting outside the city. Thirty of the men were detained charged with possessing improper, or lack of identification papers. They will be held for deportation as foreigners, a favorite device of the Paris prefect of police, Chiappe, who was in charge of the police attack.

The mass demonstration scheduled to take place at St. Denis in the cordon rouge, the Red Belt which encircles Paris, was intended as a commemoration of the fourteenth anniversary of the Young Communist Youth organization in France, as well as a protest against the Kellogg pact.

Chiappe, who recently announced the perfection of a plan to abandon Paris in event of a workers' uprising and concentrate the counter-revolution in Versailles, had the three Communist speakers, deputy Garchery, and municipal councillors Joly and Gelis arrested at the St. Denis gate. They were taken to the police station and only after repeated refusals to answer questions were set free. The police admit that they were unable to learn anything from the prisoners.

The thirty workers who are being held on deportation charges were still in jail last night. While the police claim that they are foreigners this fact has not been established in more than a few cases. Following the Sacco-Vanzetti demonstrations in Paris in 1927, police prefect Chiappe used the same deportation proceedings to send a number of workers' leaders out of the country. It was charged at that time that not all those deported were foreigners, but the deportation proceedings were carried on by the police in secret.

WORKERS PARTY OPEN-AIR MEETS

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

TODAY.

Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer, Brooklyn—Nessin, Primoff, I. Zimmerman.

Sutter and Williams Sts., Bklyn.—Wm. Frank, Lipzin, Julius Cohen.

Longwood and Prospect, Bronx.—M. Taft, Suskin, Grecht, S. Spiro.

Lenox Ave. and 133rd St.—R. Moore, G. Lloyd, G. Welsh, A. Glasswood.

TOMORROW.

2nd Ave. and 10th St.—Goliger, Joe Cohen.

Union Square—Hendin, Caplan, Ross, B. Gussakoff, M. Stone (Pioneer).

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx—LeRoy, Alkin, Jessie Taft (Pioneer).

Fleet St. and Flatbush Ext., Bklyn.—Bimba, Moore, Rosemond, Midolla.

Eagle Pencil Co., N. Y.—Frankfeld.

7th Ave. and 131st St.—R. Moore, Pasternack, Kagan, O. Passikoff (Pioneer).

7th Ave. and 137th St.—Wright, Grace Lamb, Williams, Ed. Welsh.

Passaic, N. J.—Baum, Evelyn Blacker, Ida Starr.

Newark, N. J. (Negro meeting)—Clayton and Broome St.—George Padmore, R. Duke.

THURSDAY.

138th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx—Blake, Shapiro, Frishkoff, M. Smith (Pioneer).

40th St. and 8th Ave.—Powers, Shafran, A. Harris.

25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Sisselman, Sumner, Suskin, Chalupski.

Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I.—Vera Bush, McDonald, Rock, Mueller, Heder, Harfield.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Nessin, Primoff, Spiro, Wm. Margolis, Severino.

Stone and Pitkin Ave., Bklyn.—Ben Lifshitz, Julius Cohen, Louis Mikels (Pioneer).

106th St. and Madison Ave.—Codkind, Green, Ed. Welsh.

FRIDAY.

National Biscuit Co. (noon).—Ballam, Wilsen, B. Gussakoff.

Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn.—Ragozin, Chernenko, Castrell, Jim Cork.

5th Ave. and 110th St.—Reiss, Moreau Lloyd, I. Zimmerman, Cruz, Lyons.

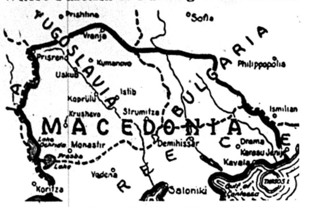
Verett and Graham Ave., Bklyn.—Taft, Yusem, G. Welsh, C. Silverman (Pioneer).

50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn.—Vern Smith, Wm. Frank, Suskin, D. Kuhl (Pioneer), A. Harris.

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Bert Miller, C. Martin.

Paterson, N. J.—(3 Governor St.) [illegible], Erdy, Szepsey.

Where Fascism Is Pushing War Schemes



The Balkans showing the district of Macedonia and the contiguous districts of Albania, Jugo-Slavia, Macedonia, Bulgaria and Greece. Italy is running guns and ammunition into Albania and the recent elevation of Ahmed Zogu to the kingship is regarded as a triumph for the fascist government. In southern Jugo-Slavia, Bulgaria and northern Greece the Macedonians are demanding their autonomy. It is the plan of the fascists to utilize the differences in the Balkans to establish Italian control in the peninsula.

FACES DEPORTATION AND DEATH AS RED

VIENNA, (By Mail). — Seven weeks have now gone by since Dr. Peter Iskroff, a journalist, and formerly an executive member of the Bulgarian Young Communist League, was arrested in Vienna.

The Bulgarian police have been hunting him down since 1925; in 1926 he was finally obliged to flee the country, and in his absence was tried and condemned to death.

The excuses for his arrest in Vienna were that he had been seen talking to a Communist, and that he was in possession of a forged passport and a "bag full of Communist literature."

The Communist literature proved to consist mainly of the works of Marx and Engels, and the forged passport is not an unusual possession for a political refugee whose government has sentenced him to death. There are many refugees from the Balkans in Vienna, and unless the police get other instructions offenders quite frequently get no worse punishment for their irregular passports than three days' imprisonment.

Marxian Newspaper.

Iskroff is also alleged to have brought out a newspaper in violation of the Austrian press law, but even the reactionary journals which are trying to make the most of this have to admit that it was a publication dealing with Marxian theory.

The long detention of Iskroff can only have one meaning—that the Austrian authorities are planning to hand him over to the Bulgarian government. True the Vienna police have officially announced that the Bulgarian authorities have not filed any request for extradition, but there is nevertheless an acute danger that he will be deported to Bulgaria, where death awaits him.

Secret Arrest.

If it were only a matter of press and passport offenses, the Austrian government would not have held him in prison all these weeks.

His very arrest would have remained a secret but for the fact that the Austrian Red Aid with the support of the Communist press brought it into public notice.

The capitalist press is trying its utmost to make an affair of state out of the case in order to stir up public opinion against Iskroff and to pave the way, not only for his extradition, but for the denial of the right of asylum of other political refugees.

100 MOTHERS IN SCHOOL STRIKE

Rebel Against Edict Menacing Children

Continued from Page One

tem, was given as the reason for the transfer of 560 of the pupils of P. S. 560, all of them in Grades 4B to 8B, to other schools.

The women were bitter against the school authorities and the Tammany city administration which had refused to listen to their complaints. They declared that they would continue their strike against sending their children to distant schools even if they had to be kept out of school the entire term.

No Room For Children.

The strike of the 100 Brooklyn mothers was a dramatic incident serving to focus attention on the intolerable conditions which greeted parents and children with the opening of the 900 elementary and secondary schools of the city yesterday. Seventy thousand of the 1,050,000 pupils have no place to sit down and they will have to be put on part time. Practically all classrooms are greatly overcrowded, making it impossible for the 34,000 teachers in the New York school system to perform their work properly.

While Tammany Hall has been busy dividing up huge sums in graft, the crying need of new schools and more adequate facilities has been conveniently overlooked. Only one new building, the Theodore Roosevelt, in the Bronx, was ready to meet the greatly increased enrollment yesterday.

FIVE PRISONERS SLAIN BY GUARDS

5 Others Being Hunted With Bloodhounds

BATON ROUGE, La., Sept. 10.—Five prisoners were shot down and killed and three others wounded by prison guards while making a break for freedom last night. Fighting desperately for their lives, five other prisoners managed to escape and are now being hunted with bloodhounds.

Fourteen prisoners in all, all of whom were working at the camp of the Angola state prison, took part in the jail break. Unable longer to endure the intolerable conditions at the prison and the brutal treatment they were subjected to at the hands of the guards, they made a surprise dash for freedom and compelled two guards to open the camp gates for them.

Guards and trusties of the prison gave chase and a gun fight ensued which was continued from two railroad launches. Five of the prisoners and one trusty were killed and three were wounded. The dead prisoners are Cleveland Owens, Stephen Beck, Jack Martin, Stanley Proctor and Arthur Kinchen. J. B. Broom was the trusty killed.

Prison authorities declare the five escaped prisoners who are now being hunted will be dealt with severely if caught.

BIG COMMUNIST VOTE EXPECTED

Signature Campaign Is Great Success

Continued from Page One

for September 17th. They admit that there is no legal objection to the Party being on the ballot, but that a Party that stands for the abolition of the capitalist system is "subversive."

Fight Jingoes.

In Texas, the assistant secretary of state rules the Party off the ballot, tho according to precedent and the law it has a legal right to stay on having complied with the state regulations governing the putting of a new party on the ballot. In all those states the Party organization is fighting back and the comrades are confident that they will defeat the aims of the reactionaries.

In New England, the local election committees are scrutinizing every signature presented for filing by the Workers (Communist) Party. A high percentage of the names are challenged. The tools of the mill owners in the textile cities are doing everything possible to prevent the workers from having a workers' party ticket in the election.

Bosses and Inspectors.

In Manchester, New Hampshire, the election innspector is head of the employment department of the Amoskeag Mills. Eight hundred of the one thousand signatures needed to get the Party on the ballot in New Hampshire were collected in that city which is controlled by the textile company. There is certain to be a hard fight to overcome the hostility of the Amoskeag-controlled election commission to putting the Communist ticket on the ballot.

William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for the presidency, started his nation-wide tour in behalf of the Communist election campaign with a meeting in the General Motors stronghold of Flint, Michigan on the afternoon of Sunday, September 9th, and in the Ford-dominated city of Detroit on the evening of the same day. Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, opened his speaking tour with a meeting in the anthracite region on Labor Day which was given much publicity in the local press.

FRENCH AND U. S. INTERESTS IN RUBBER BATTLE

Predict Native Unrest as Fight Begins

PARIS, Sept. 10.—Reports from Liberia and French Senegal state that leaflets printed in the native dialects and urging the natives to resist American encroachments have made their appearance in the Negro republic.

Wireless messages attacking the American concessionaires are also said to have been broadcast on the west African coast.

While the purpose of these attacks is unquestionably an attempt on the part of the French rubber interests to discomfort their competitors in Liberia, one section of opinion here is alarmed over the effect which the propaganda will have upon the native tribes.

The opinion has found expression that disturbances may be expected in west Africa if propaganda of a similar nature continues.

Both French and American officials express themselves as concerned over this latest turn in the rubber war which is rapidly developing between the rival interests in Africa. Neither would welcome a general outbreak among the natives, though each is willing to foment disturbances in the enemy's territories. The French, as the older and longer established interest, is at present the aggressor, but a number of indications suggest that a policy of reprisal will not be long in following on the part of the Firestone interests.

Meanwhile the natives are reported to be deserting the fields and enlisting in the Firestone plantations, lured by stories which agents of the corporation are spreading throughout Liberia. Some fear is being expressed for the staple crops, which are in danger of loss should the drain of land workers from the fields not be compensated by a parallel drift from the plantations once the rubber workers have been disillusioned. The Firestone Company is reported to have foreseen this eventuality and to have prepared an elaborate system for keeping the natives in the company's control whatever their will to leave the Firestone service.

PLAN FOR MINE RELIEF MEETING

Watt to Speak at Big Meet

Continued from Page One

of the new Miners' Union.

Watt will bring a report of the historic National Miners' Convention; he will discuss the militant program of the new rank and file union and tell of its plans to organize the quarter million unorganized miners who have been ignored by the Lewis machine. He will describe in graphic manner the sufferings and struggles of the miners and their families in the great 17-months' strike which was so shamefully betrayed by Lewis and his corrupt henchmen. And he will call upon the workers of New York to get behind the struggle to build a powerful new miners' union by supplying the means to enable the thousands of coal diggers, their wives and children who are in a destitute, semi-starving state to live and fight on.

In addition to Watt, other speakers, well known as leaders of working class struggles in this city, will address the meeting and call on the workers to join wholeheartedly in the campaign to furnish the relief necessary in order to build the new Miners' Union.

Invention Aids Military Naval Activity

Lieutenant C. B. Momsen, inventor, tells Admiral C. F. Hughes about his invention which, he alleges, permits divers to work at a depth of 110 feet without ill effects. Admiral Hughes gained notoriety thru his actions during salvaging of the F-4, navy submarine which sank off Massachusetts with a crew of two score men. At that time a garage owner from the middle west induced the admiral to show him the entire salvaging operations on the grounds that he was an expert on deep sea diving. Newspaper men discovered the hoax by asking a few simple questions.

HOOVER PLANS TO OUST WORK

Takes Personal Charge of Dirty Work

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Herbert Hoover, presidential candidate on the republican ticket, will hereafter take personal charge of his election campaign and has relegated Dr. Hubert Work, former secretary of the interior, to a merely technical role, it was learned here today. Work is now national chairman of the campaign.

While the real reasons for the assumption of personal power by Hoover are carefully disguised, it has long been apparent that the hard-boiled campaign strategists in the republican camp had become disgusted with Work's too easy going style. On the question of the whispering campaign which the republicans have launched broadcast in the attempt to defeat Al Smith, Work has been entirely too emphatic in his statements repudiating the campaign.

Again Work's announcements on the prohibition issue, virtually giving away the case, that there is no real issue between both hypocritical old parties, has also displeased the more shifty politicians.

BUILD SULPHUR MILL

ASKHABAD, U. S. S. R., Sept. 10.—A construction of a sulphur factory has been started in a central part of the desert Kara-Kum in Turkmenistan. The Karakum sulphur fields, containing pure sulphur, are considered as one of the best of this kind in the whole world.

GRANT PRIVILEGE TO R. R. C.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 10.—The government of the U. S. S. R. has decided to give to the Ussuriisk Railway the right to demand that the existing tariffs and the port duties on transit traffic shall be paid up in a foreign currency.

NEW MINE UNION FORMED AT MEET

Over 600 Delegates are Already Present

Continued from Page One

tails of the fight against the check-off are left to the policy committee of each district to work out.

Negro Chosen.

John J. Watt, one of the outstanding militants of the union, was chosen president. William Boyce, a well-known Negro fighter, was chosen vice-president. Pat Toohey was elected secretary-treasurer. A general executive board, consisting of one member from each district, was named. Practically the full business of the convention had been carried out when a dozen Pittsburgh business men appeared outside the hall, headed by the sheriff, who ordered the meeting to disperse. The session adjourned in an orderly fashion, despite the continued provocation of the police.

• • •

(Special to the Daily Worker)

Hold Miners For Grand Jury.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 10.—Three miners' delegates were held for the grand jury on one thousand dollars bail each charged with rioting following the vicious raid by the Pittsburgh police and Lewis machine gangsters on the first session of the convention to form a new miners' union. Over a score of others were fined. Fifty were released and a number of others are still unaccounted for following the unprecedented fascist dragnet set in motion yesterday in which over one hundred miners were taken in.

The three held for the grand jury are Thomas Wray McDonald of Pennsylvania, Mike Stenovich and Charles Fulp, a Negro delegate. Fines of twenty-five dollars each were levied against Anthony Minerich, Freeman Thompson, Thomas Oberland, Andy Plechaty, R. Silvert, S. Antonini, F. Pastuzak, A. Melley, R. Metsack, G. Condonglen, T. Yelish, J. Sever, J. Daly, J. Region, Wm. Farrini, S. Reno and others. A few received fines of smaller amounts. The International Labor Defense paid the fines in order that the delegates might return to the convention and proceed with its business.

The three held for the grand jury are being jailed immediately. Miners in jail were roughly treated by the police. Freeman Thompson was locked in a padded cell for agitating in behalf of the new union from his cell.

The attack by the police and the Lewis gangsters have made the coal diggers all the more determined to continue to bring the new union to a success despite the opposition of the coal operators police and the Lewis machine.

BOSSES' PAPER ADMIT POWER OF MILL COMMITTEE

Employers, AFL, Push Plans for Sell-Out

Continued from Page One

clared that no wage cut recall would be made under any circumstances, even if the Frieder plan was granted. The tremendous strike demonstrations, however, caused a change of front already.

T. M. C. Stronger.

Now the mill owners are openly expressing their belief in the "sincerity" of the council officials, and are ready to confer. The probable course of action, observers declare, will be to reach a settlement with Batty and then try to break the strike with the aid of the A. F. of L. officials and a newly intensified police terror against the T. M. C. picket lines.

The continually growing influence and prestige of the Textile Workers' Union of the T. M. C. received new powerful impetus in the last few days' developments. An obvious process of disintegration is easily evident in the ranks of the Textile Council. Many more members of that union joined the T. M. C. outright, and even those remaining show their disgust with their misleaders by threats of revolt in the U. T. W. locals.

The New Bedford Times, which strongly favors the Frieder plan, states:

"Some believe that the manufacturers would not agree to a settlement on this basis, because they have no assurance that such a settlement would be supported by the operatives themselves in spite of its approval by the Textile Council strike committee. Even though the specialization system, which has been advanced as the basis of settlement is not the system which is known as the speed-up, the operatives appear to understand it as such."

Soviet Government Experiments in Benzine

LONDON, Sept. 10 (UP).—An official of Russian Oil Products, Ltd., was reported today to have confirmed reports that the company has purchased 10,000 tons of benzine in California.

It was understood the benzine would be used in blending experiments in an attempt to create a new brand.

U. S. S. R. to Provide Transportation for Year's Record Crop

MOSCOW, Sept. 10.—With a large crop of spring wheat and feed grains in the villages and prospects for winter wheat promising to bring the harvest to 13 per cent above the pre-war average, the Commissariat of Agriculture is now concentrating its efforts to provide adequate transportation of the crops from the outlying districts in Siberia and the Caucasus.

The peasants have been selling their grain in larger and larger quantities due to the increase of prices by the government and th has resulted in the accumulati large stores of grain in the vi cooperatives. Inadequate pro for storage demands that the be immediately transported.

10 Die in Sunday Aviation Crashes

Ten men were killed and 5 seriously injured in aviation accidents thruout the country on Sunday. The deaths were traceable directly to the propaganda campaign on the part of the U. S. military authorities, in cooperation with militarist aviation societies, now being carried on in an attempt to stimulate interest of youth in aviation, and thus trap them into becoming part of a reserve aviation corps for use in imperialist war.

Two students in Otterbein, Ind. high school were killed when a plane in which they were passengers crashed. Two amateur aviators died in a crash in Sioux City, Iowa.

WHAT I SAW IN CHINA
By TOM MANN
10 cents

THE "grand old man" of the British Labor movement tells of his experiences in revolutionary China after a six months' stay with the International Workers' Delegation.

Workers Library Publishers
39 East 125th Street
New York City

1928
The Presidential Election and The Workers
By JAY LOVESTONE
20 cents

The secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party analyzes the economic and political background for the presidential elections.

The role of the major parties in the campaign.

The tasks facing the workers and what the Workers (Communist) Party means to them.

WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS
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Vote Communist
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BEN GITLOW for Vice-President

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Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.

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Did You Receive Our Letter?
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If not yet, tax yourself with one day's wage and do your share to complete the fund

A Day's Wage
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ANSWER BEFORE YOU LAY DOWN THIS NOTICE

We Need
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Just attach your contribution to the blank that we sent you and mail it in NOW!

Send all Funds to
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treasurer
National Election Campaign Committee
43 EAST 125TH STREET
NEW YORK CITY

abor Misleader, Mayor of Sioux City, Issues Order to Bar Communist Tag Days

"YOU ARE TRYING TO PUT US OUT OF BUSINESS"

Thus Faker Describes Communists

(By a Worker Correspondent)

SIOUX CITY, (By Mail).—We have got a new mayor in Sioux City—none other than Mr. Martin, president of the Trades and Labor Assembly.

The Sioux City branch of the Workers Party sent a committee of [illegible] to ask Mayor Huff for a permit to hold a tag day on Labor Day [illegible] miners' and textile workers' relief, and as the Trades and Labor Assembly had charge of the Labor Day parade, Mayor Huff told them they would have to see Martin, president of the assembly. "That was after due invcatigation of course."

When the committee finally got a hearing with Martin, the first thing he asked them was, "Are you a Communist organization."

And when the committee told him it was, he said, "Do you suppose we would give a permit to an organization that was trying to put us out of business?"

Then he said, "Why did you pick on Labor Day for your tag day when we have a crowd and a speaker out there. You are just trying to antagonize us."

Of course he takes his orders from Green, Woll and company and we knew exactly who he was talking for.

If the tag day had been for Lewis' outfit everything would have been hunky dory.

Its sure pretty rich when we've got to ask a lackey of Green for a permit to hold a tag day. Why not can the mayor and let Martin run the city. The mayor is out of town half the time anyway.

* * *

P. S. You will notice they were wise enough to know we were trying to put them out of business. They are educated to that extent anyway.

CALL NORTHERN RELIEF PARLEYS

ill Strike Aid Being Gathered in Cities

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 10.—An appeal to labor organizations of this city, to participate in a conference which will launch a relief campaign for New Bedford's 28,000 textile strikers, was issued Saturday by the local section of the Workers International Relief. The conference will be held Saturday night, Sept. 15, in the building of the Labor Educational Alliance.

All organizations of labor, sympathetic to the anti-wage cut struggle of the heroic New Bedford mill workers are urged to elect delegates in time to attend the conference.

* * *

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 10.—The Workers International Relief is issuing a call for a conference, Sunday, Sept. 30, at 2 p. m. at the Credit Union Hall, 62 Chambers St. Workers fraternal, trade union and sympathetic organizations are invited to the conference which is [illegible] for the purpose of assisting textile strikers of New Bedford. Ways and means to help and encourage the New Bedford workers in their brilliant struggle will be discussed by the delegates here.

In the call to the meeting, the W. I. R. asks that at least two delegates from each organization be immediately elected or appointed, and their names and addresses be [illegible]ded to the Boston office at 5 [illegible] St., Room 205.

After a description of the urgency of the strikers need for relief both in food and clothing, the W. I. R. asks in its call that advance checks be forwarded as soon as possible to the above office.

Relatives of Those Murdered by Fascist Swear Vengeance

VIENNA, Sept. 10 (UP).—A dispatch from the Tirana correspondent of the newspaper Obzor at Zagreb today said a new blood feud had been sworn against Zogu of Albania.

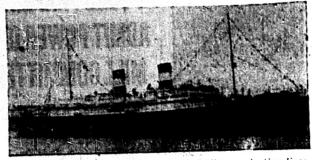
The dispatch said the relatives of Leach Grela, mayor of Halia Biker, an opponent of Zogu who was murdered a few days after Zogu was proclaimed king, has sworn to avenge the death.

It was recalled here that upwards of 800 Albanians in the last two years have sworn to kill Zogu at the first opportunity, in revenge for the death of relatives.

IMPERIALIST FLIGHT.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Sept. 10 (UP)—Capt. Charles Kingsford Smith and George Ulm left in their Trans-Pacific monoplane Southern Cross at 5:30 p. m. today on a flight to New Zealand. They were accompanied by T. H. McWilliams, radio operator and H. A. Litfield, navigator.

Seamen Slave In Fascist Vessel



The motor ship Augustus, of the Italian navigation lines, is the largest of its type in the world, as well as the largest vessel flying the Italian flag. The seamen, however, are bound hand and foot by the fascist seamen's laws which prevent the men from organizing any effective resistance to their oppressors.

THE STRUGGLE OF THE ESTHONIAN WORKERS

As a heritage from tne czarist Russia Esthonia received a number of more or less big factories including the "Krengolmskaya Manufactura," one of the biggest textile factories, the Narvas clothes mill, the gigantic Russian-Baltic shipbuilding factory a. s. o.

But most of the giants are either stopping or they work a 10-20 per cent quota. This is explained by the fact that since the Soviet-Esthonian frontier was traced the Esthonian industry was deprived of the Russian market and that owing to the low level of its production she can not beat the competition on the west European market. The Esthonian capital is, however, not capable to reorganize the production of its factories. As for the interior market of the country, it can not absorb even half of the production of these factories. This is why most of them are stopping, their machinery becomes old, the tools are rusty, the plants half destroyed and from one year to the other the chances of the restitution of their former potence are becoming less and less.

The working hands which had been left idle outside these factories do not find any employment not only in the towns but in the country and form a part of the enormous army of the unemployed. The worker of the town does not go to the village as the Esthonian boss peasants and landlords are pressing out the last farthing of energy of the poor agricultural workers for a miserable pittance of food and an infinitesimal day pay. And therefor lamentable as the situation of the unemployed is in the towns the labor exchange is unable to satisfy the demand of the country for working hands. The industrial stoppage was a great blow against the Esthonian working class. Its trade organizations are powerless and can not practically give much help to its members. The Esthonian worker earns monthly not more than 20 rubles worth. And only highly qualified metal workers, of whom there are so little in Esthonia and the workers of the printing trade earn something like 40-50 rubles per month. It stands to reason that even this "big" sum is hardly sufficient to assure an assistance to the family of the worker.

It is but natural that under these conditions the Esthonian worker is susceptible for revolutionary ideas. This made the dominating rich peasant parties in Esthonia to introduce a whole system of cruel terror in the country.

After the memorable revolt of the Esthonian workers of December 1st, 1924, martial law was introduced in the country being in force even now in the greatest part of its territory and particularly in the industrial centers. Any attempt of the working class to refuse obedience involves a persecution of the military tribunal. According to Esthonian statutes 10 per cent of the whole population are held in state prisons. The majority of the delicts being of the category of political offense.

This regime is truly characterized by a recent trial of a number of working women who were condemned to many years of imprisonment with hard labor for membership in the IRR organization. In particular, one of these women was severely punished for having acted in commission of the IRR as intermidary at sending food parcels to political prisoners.

Nevertheless the Esthonian proletariat is firm in defending its rights. Not quite long ago the Esthonian tailors were on strike and, although their organization is not a strong one, they succeeded in securing full satisfaction of all their demands by the owners. The textile workers of Narva have likewise demanded some small raise in wages a few weeks ago. As the factory owners refused to comply the working women took up passive resistance and won.

It is two months now that the heroic fight of the Esthonian printers is lasting. They have created a strong and firm trade union which was the first among all Esthonian trade unions, to force the owners, some years ago, to enter collective wage agreements extending to all the 600-800 members of the union. Now this trade union has engaged a new strike war against the owners of printing houses aiming at a raise in wages that would create conditions of work corresponding to those of the west European printers. In the collective wage agreement, however, there was a provision according to which the union was obliged to give two months' notice to the owners before the beginning of any strike. This term was sufficient for the owners to recruit the necessary state of blacklegs and as a matter of fact they have secured practically on the day following the declaration of the strike a regular issue of the papers and periodicals. As blacklegs they have used journalists, administration workers of the printing houses and a great number of unemployed intellectuals most of whom are quite unable to find employment in the country or have such low income that they willingly go over to the printing trade which according to their judgment pays quite well. The recommencement of work in the printing houses was a great blow to the strikers as it has deprived them of the moral effect which the strike undoubtedly would have if the papers could not have appeared for a considerable time. Besides the renewed work of the printing shops is making a bad influence upon the strikers who are now afraid of the possibility of a lost fight which under the Esthonian conditions means voluntary unemployment for a long period of years.

Not quite long ago a meeting of the contesting parties was organized upon the initiative of the strike committee. It gave, however, no practical results as the owners of the printing shops made quite unacceptable conditions. They demanded immediate and unconditional return to work and besides refused the reconclusion of the collective wages agreements. They alluded to the fact that a month later or so they will be no more in need of the services of the strikers at all, and what is more, they compiled "blacklists" of the strikers which were sent to the border countries in order to deprive the workers of the possibility of finding employment even there. The workers refused to accept these conditions. The strike is continued.

ELDERLY NEGROES HELD AS SLAVES

Forced to Toil for Bootleggers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MEMPHIS, Tenn., (By Mail).—Appearing at the prohibition office here before Director Alvin J. Howe, Marcus and Mary Burt, an elderly couple, told a sensational story of an island in the Mississippi River, 60 miles from here, on which more than 500 people were held as slaves, forced to work for a group of Caucasian bootleggers, and of the beating to death of four enslaved inhabitants who displeased the island's masters.

The Burts had been in slavery for a year, they said, and escaped by smuggling themselves in a rum running boat, then dropping into the river in the night and swimming to the Tennessee shore, after which they made their way to Memphis.

Hold All as Peons.

The couple told officials here that the inhabitants of the island had been reduced to a half savage state by the bootleggers. They were forced to manufacture liquor, the output of which amounted to approximately 10,000 gallons a week. Beatings were numerous, they said, and offered to pilot officials to four unmarked graves on the island where the bodies of men beaten to death had been buried.

German Ambassador to Moscow Dies in Berlin

BERLIN, Sept. 10.—While on a temporary visit here the German ambassador to the Soviet Union since 1922, Count Brockdorff-Rantsau, suddenly died yesterday from a fit of apoplexy.

The ambassador had taken part in the negotiations with the Soviet Government which resulted in the renewal of trade relations under a new treaty. He also headed the German delegation to Versailles in 1919, but resigned the foreign office portfolio a month later because he opposed the acceptance of the treaty.

YOUTH CONGRESS DISCUSSES MANY LEAGUE ISSUES

Describe New Methods of Organization

Continued from Page One

tionalization on American young workers. "Rationalization has caused a leftward movement among the young workers," he said. "The American Young Workers League must liquidate fractionalism and fight unitedly against fractionalism in the Party."

Kaplan dealt with the problems of the Workers Party and declared that the most important question for the Party was the ending of fractionalism.

Mariot described the progress made in Canada in anti-militarist work.

Wider Criticism.

At the ninth session Gorkich made the closing speech. "The discussion failed to deal with numerous questions," he declared. "For instance, the children's movement, work in mass organizations, preparation for illegality and fluctuation of membership. Self-criticism in the Leagues must be increased. Organizational questions must be dealt with in connection with political questions. The political influence of the Leagues is more important than the number of members. Red Aid work must be improved and more attention paid to the small Leagues. League reporting must also be improved." Gorkich's speech was greeted by applause.

Chitarov then spoke. "The discussion showed the fundamental unanimity," he said. "The chief enemy remains the socialist youth international. Criticism of the Young Communist International was necessary and welcome. The work will be improved. The Congress must end the fractional struggle in the American League and establish unity of basis with the Comintern policy.

"The reason for the membership standstill is insufficient carrying out of decisions. The discussion has laid the basis for the development of the League into Bolshevist mass organizations." Applause greeted Chitarov's speech.

Tenth Session.

The tenth session opened with Lovery, of Italy, as chairman. Leibbrandt, of the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International, spoke on agitprop methods.

"The discussion showed," he said, "that the Congress unanimously favors the introduction of new working methods. These methods must be adapted to youth ideology. The work must be based on the social situation of the youth and the political character of the youth movement must be maintained. The present factory group work is insufficient and must be supplemented by Sunday sessions, hikes, Sunday schools, etc.

"The local organizations must support the work of the factory groups. Meetings and celebrations must be made more interesting for the young workers with music, theatricals, etc., though all these things must have topical political significance. New members must not be overloaded with work, but must be given some work to keep them interested. Light athletics must be encouraged and young workers' clubs organized. The new methods have dangers, but these can be avoided when the methods are always connected with political questions."

Don, of the United States, was the first discussion speaker and described the methods of the American League, the formation of circles, clubs for soldiers and sailors, etc.

Novakova, of Czecho-Slovakia, and Massie, of Britain, also spoke.

Geminder was chairman of the eleventh session. The discussion of Liebbrandt's speech continued. The following spoke: Becker, Germany; Pavlov, Soviet Union; Hellmut, Germany; Sokolev, Soviet Union; Boiko, Bulgaria; Runov, Soviet Union; Schaelicke, Young Communist International Publishing House; Sikin, Soviet Union; Rudin, France; Nikolai, Greece; Victorovich, Poland; Lovira, Italy, and Matagu, China.

Schaelicke said: "New methods must also be adopted in our publishing activity. Most of our publications are minutes of congresses, reports, etc., which few read. We must publish more interesting and educational literature, tendencious stories for the youth, etc. Literary evenings must be arranged to discuss our new publications, etc. Altogether more attention must be paid to publishing work which is politically very important."

Liebbrandt then made the closing speech.

Obregon Assassin to Be Tried September 25

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 10 (UP).—The trial of Jose De Leon Toral for the assassination of President-elect Alvaro Obregon was set tentatively today for Sept. 25.

It probably will be held in cinema theatre in the suburb of Mexcoac, accommodating 2,000 persons.

Soviet Union Pensions Widow of Iron Worker Who Challenged Astor

LONDON, (By Mail).—Mrs. James Morton, widow of the Liverpool ironmoulder who went to Leningrad in answer to Lady Astor's challenge, to work under the same conditions as Russian workers, sailed from London for Leningrad on Friday.

She has been paying a short visit to England, but, on board the Soviet steamer, "Ushar," she expressed pleasure at the thought of return to the Soviet Union.

She herself receives a widow's pension of £2 5s. a week, while £3 5s. a week is to be paid for the upkeep and education of her two young children until they reach the age of 18.

BUILD BIG AIR PORT IN MOSCOW

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 10.—It has been decided to construct an airport in Moscow where there are meeting at present airplanes of three airlines: Moscow-Berlin, Moscow-Irkutsk and Moscow-Baku-Teheran.

A suitable area of land will be alloted for the airport near the Central Military Aerodrom.

Construction will be started with the erection of a building for the aero-station which will include a hotel, restaurant with a winter garden, post office, radio station, custom house, cabinet of aeronavigation, kino, etc. The work of the construction will be commenced from the spring of the next year.

POLITICIANS AIDING THE BOOTLEGGERS IN SOUTH

By ART SHIELDS
(Federated Press).

ASHEVILLE, N. C. (FP). Sept. 8. Nowhere in the United States, probably, has the prohibition issue brought more bunk into the political campaign than in the southern states.

Rival politicians assume that the south is pretty dry today, where in fact it is wet. Bishop Cannon of the methodist episcopal church south is appealing to the voters in behalf of Hoover, who will keep the south dry—as though it were dry; and Josephus Daniels, editor of the Raleigh News and Observer and ex-secretary of the navy, is asking for support of Smith on the theory that he will not make the south and the rest of the country wet. Meanwhile, citizens who yield to the noise of this controversy are forgetting fundamental issues that challenge all thoughtful persons in the south—to wit, the gouging by the power companies, denial of the right of workers to organize in the manufacturing industries and on some railroads, and the price fixing practiced by the "Big Five" tobacco companies who buy one of the two chief money crops of the farmers.

Liquor sells plenteously throughout North Carolina at one Dollar a pint; in some parts of South Carolina it is reported selling at 50 cents a pint. Hotels, gasoline filling stations and other public places are the points of retail distribution. Thus, while the writer was in camp at an auto park near Durham, he was kept awake several nights by auto parties supplied at a nearby gasoline station with a fluid derived from corn.

Bootleggers, if they are not in with the right people, occasionally are convicted, and serve time in the road gang. But these incidents do not affect the supply nor the price of liquor.

JOBLESS, TAKES IODINE.

CHICAGO, (By Mail). — Otis Fisher, 21 years, 625 East 42nd St., a laborer, drank iodine while despondent over the loss of his job. He was taken to Wilson Hospital where his condition was pronounced not serious.

WORKERS IN FALL RIVER FIGHT FOR MOONEY-BILLINGS

Local Labor Defense Holds Meet

(By a Worker Correspondent)

FALL RIVER, Mass. (By Mail). Mooney-Billings Branch of the International Labor Defense met last night at the headquarters of the Textile Mill Committee, 381 Columbia St., Fall River, Mass. The meeting was well attended and much enthusiasm was shown as indicated by the business done.

It was decided that the branch meet regularly every first and third Sunday morning at 10 at the above address.

R. Martin, A. Resantes, M. Olviera and C. Motta were elected as delegates to the New England conference.

The literary agent, Jesse Troy, reported that he had sold 83 copies of the "Labor Defender." A. Olivira was elected assistant literary agent and it was voted that the "Defender" be placed on sale at ten different stores suggested by the members present.

A committee consisting of A. Abrantes, J. Fraitus, A. Resantes, T. Silviera and M. Oliviera was elected to make arrangements for mass meeting under auspices of Mooney-Billings branch of the I. L. D. in Fall River was elected. The meeting is to be held after the New England conference with at least one speaker of national reputation attending.

3 CONFERENCES ON BIG BAZAAR

Call Bronx, Brooklyn, Jersey Meets

Continued from Page One

representatives of trade unions and fraternal organizations of Bath Beach, Borough Park and Coney Island. The conference will take place at 1373 43rd St., Brooklyn.

The work of mobilizing the New Jersey workers for the bazaar will be launched tomorrow night at 8 o'clock at a conference at 93 Mercer St., Newark. Delegates of workers' organizations in Newark, Elizabeth, New Brunswick, Plainfield, Stelton and Roselle will be present. The New Jersey workers are determined to make a good showing at the bazaar, those in charge of this conference declare.

While these conferences are getting under way, reports are being received daily at the office of the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee, 30 Union Square, from points as far west as Seattle of active preparations of workers thruout the country to insure the success of this great bazaar of their labor press. Articles are being collected and booths arranged by both individuals and organizations and all signs indicate that last year's bazaar will be greatly surpassed.

USSR HAS AFGHAN EMBASSY.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 10.—In view of the agreement signed between the governments of the U. S. S. R. and Afghanistan about raising the status of Soviet representation in Kabul and the Afghan mission in Moscow, both of which are now embassies, the Soviet representative, Stark, in a personal audience has presented to the Afghan Padishah his credentials as ambassador of the U. S. S. R. in Afghanistan.

GENEVA, Sept. 10 (UP).—A telegram from Charles Evans Hughes was read to the assembly of the League of Nations today, accepting his election as a judge of the world court and expressing appreciation of the honor.

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$375

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35 DAYS
of
Interesting Travel
Free Russian Visas

"Chauve-Souris" and Moissi Play Here in November

MORRIS GEST is ready to embark on his first fully active season in two years, in association with his partner F. Ray Comstock, according to an announcement sent out yesterday.

While in Salzburg, Gest completed arrangements whereby Max Reinhardt will come to New York to direct the company to be headed by Alexander Moissi in a production of Tolstoy's "The Living Corpse" ("Redemption"). This production, which will be made in association with Edgar Selwyn, is designed to celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of the birth of the great Russian playwright and novelist. The same play, by the way, has been chosen, Gest reports, by the Moscow Theatre for its own contribution to the Tolstoy centennial on its home stage this fall. Reinhardt will contribute a number of his ablest actors to support Moissi in the production here. The engagement is for eight weeks, opening in New York, and including six or eight other cities. The date of the premiere will be announced later.

Arrangements have been made for the first Canadian and American tour of the Stratford-upon-Avon Festival Company. The Board of The Shakespeare Memorial Theatre will begin on Monday, October 1st, in Montreal. The tour will continue across Canada to Vancouver and Victoria and down the Pacific Coast through Seattle, Tacoma and Portland to San Francisco and Los Angeles, then returning East.

Nikita Balieff, the Russian creator of Chauve-Souris and his troupe will come to New York in November with a company largely recruited from new sources, in an intimate revue, distinctly different in type from his previous productions in this country.

A new spectacular Reinhardt pantomine season is promised season after next, as well as the American production of a musical play, "Beautiful Women," by Ossip Dymow in which Reinhardt is interested. These negotiations will be carried further during Reinhardt's stay in New York before proceeding to California to begin work on his supervision of a motion picture by himself and Hugo von Hofmannsthal, starring Lillian Gish.

Gest also announces that a new production of "The Miracle," is to be sent across the continent on a tour of cities which did not have the spectacle in previous seasons.

MARY BOLAND

Featured player in "Heavy Traffic," Arthur Richman's new play at the Empire Theatre.

BROADWAY BRIEFS.

The Theatre Guild will send "Volpone", now current at the Guild Theatre, on tour as the companion piece to "Marco Millions". The play's first appearance will be at the Nixon, Pittsburgh, October 1. Preceding it by a week at the Nixon will be "Marco Millions." After the Pittsburgh engagement, this section of the acting company will go into Chicago with Cleveland, Baltimore, Philadelphia and Boston to follow.

* * *

"The New Moon" opened a week's engagement at the Alvin Theatre, Pittsburgh last night. The show will have its local premiere at the Imperial Theatre next Tuesday.

* * *

Sam H. Harris has placed "Animal Crackers," the new Marx Brothers starring vehicle in rehearsal. The libretto is from the combined typewriters of Geo. S. Kaufman and Morris Ryskind with the score and lyrics credited to Bert Kalmar and Harry Ruby.

USSR BUYS LATVIAN CARS.

MOSCOW, USSR., Sept. 10. — The USSR Trade Delegation in Latvia has informed the ministry of finance that during next two weeks there will be given new Soviet orders to the Latvian industry for railway-carriages, wool products, paper, etc., amounting to 12,000,000 latts. Together with orders for the first year of existence of the Soviet-Latvian commercial treaty the USSR has given orders to the Latvian industry for the sum of 45,000,000 latts.

AMUSEMENTS

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Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d and B'way 3rd BIG WEEK
"DAWN"
With SYBIL THORNDIKE
and on the same program
"MEMORIES OF CONFLICT"

John D. Seymour, recently seen here in "The Royal Family", has been engaged to play an important role in "Mr. Moneypenny."

Acceptance Speeches
Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

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Needle Trades Leader Endorses Working Youth Conference Here September 29-30

NEW YORK LABOR URGED TO BACK MEET HERE SOON

It Will Aid Workers, Zimmerman Says

Charles Zimmerman, Manager of the Dress Department of the Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers' Union of the National Organization Committee, in a statement yesterday declared himself to be heartily in favor of the Working Youth Conference of Greater New York to be held on September 29 and 30, at Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St.

"The great task of organizing the unorganized youth of the United States will be greatly enhanced by the forthcoming conference," Zimmerman said. Declaring himself to be pleased that so many progressive unions have already endorsed the conference, the needle trades leader said that the meet will be a "means of approaching the hundreds of thousands of young workers with the message of militant trade unionism."

Zimmerman said he was glad to approve the Working Youth Conference and add his name to the lists of unions that have already endorsed it. The Independent Shoe Workers, United Umbrella and Handlemakers, locals of the Knitsgoods Workers, the Tuckers and Hemstitchers and Millinery Workers have already endorsed the conference.

RAIL STRIKE IN PEKING DISTRICT

Nanking Prohibits All Walk-outs and Unions

(Int'l. Press Correspondence)

PEKING, (By Mail).—The workers and the railwaymen of Tchan-Sin-Tsien, the first station south of Peking on the Peking-Hankow line, have gone out on strike. The workers demand an increase of wages and the right to reform their forcibly dissolved union.

In line with the general policy of the Nanking regime to prevent the organization of unions the local civil and military authorities of Shanghai have published an ordinance prohibiting the declaration of strikes or the formation of new trade union organizations without the permission of the government or the Koumintang.

The ordinance declares among other things: "We draw the attention of the capitalists once again to the fact that they have no right to treat the workers badly or to dismiss them without good cause. The employers and the workers must strive to arrive at a mutual understanding and cooperation. All striking workers must immediately come to an agreement with the employers and resume work.

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Public Accountant and Auditor
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Walker [illegible]

THE ARCHITECTURAL IRON, BRONZE & STRUCTURAL WORKERS UNION meets every second and fourth Tuesday of the month, at Rand School, 7 East 15th St., City. Headquarters: 7 East 15th St., City. Telephone: Stuyvesant [illegible]
A. Rosenfeld, Secretary.

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Advertising Dept.
26-28 Union Sq., New York City

Communist Funeral for Minnesota Party Member

Communist funeral services embodying choral singing but no religious services were held for Anatisia Hawrylus, a member of the Workers (Communist) Party in Minneapolis. The coffin was draped in the Red Flag.

Workers Party Activities

Night Workers.
Regular meeting of the Night Workers Branch will take place tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at 26-28 Union Square, top floor.

* * *

3E, 1F.
Unit 3E, 1F will hold a meeting today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

3E, 2F.
A meeting will be held tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 10 W. 27th St.

* * *

Unit 6F, SS3D.
Unit 6F, SS3D will hold an educational meeting tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

4S, 3E.
The next unit meeting will be held tomorrow at 6:00 p. m.

* * *

Lower Bronx Y. W. L.
The McKinley Square unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold a park meeting at 8:30 p. m. today in the Russian Alley at Crotona Park.

* * *

Branch 2, Section 1.
A business meeting of Branch 2, Section 1 will be held at 60 St. Marks Place, 6:30 p. m., this evehold a meeting today at 347 E. 72nd St. at 8 p. m.

* * *

Meet Tomorrow.
Branch 5, Section 5, will meet today at 8:30 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. The entire executive committee must be present.

* * *

Branch 6, Section 5.
The next meeting of Branch 6, Section 5, will be held tomorrow evening at 8:30. Spiro will lead the discussion on "The War Danger." Come on time.

* * *

Subsection 2A.
A meeting of the executive committee will be held today at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

International Branch 1, Section 1D.
A meeting of International Branch 1, Section 1D, will be held tomorrow at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

* * *

Section 1 Agitprop Conference.
Agitprop conference of Section 1 will be held Wednesday, Sept. 12, at 8 p. m. sharp at 60 St. Marks Place. All unit agitprops must be present.

* * *

Literature Agents.
September Communist is out. All literature agents will return the August issue and receive the September bundles.

* * *

Section 1 Membership Meet.
A special membership meeting of Section 1 will be held Thursday, September 13, at 6:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place. On the order of business are: 1. Daily Worker and Freiheit Bazaar. 2. Discussion on the War Danger. Comrade Ella Wolfe will lead the discussion. All members must attend.

* * *

The teachers conference is scheduled for today at 7:30 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square, 5th floor. The following will be the order of business: 1. Grading and assignment of classes. 2. Text for various grades and, supplementary readers. 3. Discussion on methods of using texts. 4. The planning of regular conference for the English teachers.

FD1, SS 2C.
Unit FD1, Subsection 2C meets tomorrow at 6 p. m. at the Freiheit office, 30 Union Square.

* * *

6F.
A regular meeting of Unit 6F will be held today.

* * *

Brownsville Youth.
The Brownsville Youth will hold an election campaign conference on Sept. 16th of all Youth Workers' organizations. It will be held at 122 Osborn St. at 11 a. m.

Bronx Agitprop Conference.
A conference of all campaign managers and committees, all agitprop directors, all Daily Worker and literature agents and all others interested in campaign work will be held Thursday, Sept. 13, at 8:30 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave.

* * *

Harlem Young Workers League.
The Harlem section of the Young Workers League is holding a hammer and sickle party Saturday, Sept. 15, at 8 p. m. at 143 East 103rd St. Dancing and refreshments will be some of the features.

* * *

Unit 3F 2A.
A very important meeting of Unit 3F, Subsection 2A will be held on Thursday, Sept. 13, 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Youth Day Meetings.
The following International Youth Day meetings are scheduled for New Jersey:
Paterson: Thursday, Sept. 13, at 3 Governor St.
Newark: Friday, Sept. 14, at 93 Mercer St.
Passaic: Friday, Sept. 14, at 25 Dayton Ave.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Local 22 T. U. E. L.
Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Icor Concert.
Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

Yorkville I. L. D.
The Yorkville English Branch will hold a meeting today at 347 E. 72nd St. at 8 p. m.

* * *

Printers.
There will be meeting of the League for Amalgamation of the Printing Trades Unions this afternoon at 2:30, in the Tribune Building, 154 Nassau Street, one flight up. All progressive printers should attend this meeting.

* * *

Jewelry Workers Notice.
The Jewelry Workers' Welfare Club will hold a ball and concert on Saturday evening, Nov. 3, at the Webster Manor, 11th St. All fraternal organizations are urged not to arrange conflicting affairs for that date.

* * *

Dressmakers' Dance.
On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.
A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Campaign Conference.
A conference on the Bronx Workers' election campaign will be held Sunday, Sept. 15, at 2 p. m. at 1472 Boston Road. All labor and fraternal organizations sympathetic to the aims of the Workers Party are requested to send two delegates.

* * *

Union Membership Meet.
A special general membership meeting of the Architectural Iron, Bronze and Structural Workers' Union will be held this evening at 8 o'clock at 7 E. 15th St.

* * *

"Proletcos."
A membership meeting of "Proletcos" (Prolet Cooperative Stores, Inc.) will be held at the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square, 5th floor, tomorrow at 8 p. m.

* * *

Plumbers' Helpers.
The American Association of Plumbers' Helpers will hold a mass meeting tomorrow at the Labor Temple, 247 East 14th St. Election of officers and executive board will take place at this meeting.

* * *

Spanish Workers' Dance.
All friends are asked to attend the dance of the Spanish Workers' Club on Saturday, Sept. 15 at the Spanish Workers' Center, 55 West 133th St.

* * *

Brownsville I. L. D.
Brownsville I. L. D. will hold a special meeting Thursday at 8 p. m. at 154 Watkins St.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

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TOMORROW—
Wednesday Evening, September 12
8 P. M., will be held
Membership Meeting of "Proletcos"
(Prolet Cooperative Stores, Inc.)
at the WORKERS SCHOOL, 26-28 UNION SQUARE
—Fifth Floor—
Very important matters will be taken up.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF "PROLETCOS"
N. Polak, Sec'y.

Boro Park Bath Beach, Coney Island
DAILY WORKER
FREIHEIT
Bazaar Conference
THURSDAY EVE., SEPT. 13, at 8 p. m.
—AT—
1373 43rd Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
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SOVIET EXPORT OF COAL SHOWS HUGE INCREASE

Don Anthracite Used Thruout World

MOSCOW, USSR., Sept. 10. — According to information of the Trust "Donugol" the export of the Don anthracite abroad greatly increased lately. Thus its export to France for the period of seven months of current operative year (October-April) was 20 per cent higher than English import on anthracite to France. The selling of Soviet anthracite in France is realized on a monopolist basis according to the contract of "Donugol" with one French firm. As it is reported from "Donugol" the demand for the Soviet anthracite in France notwithstanding its great import surpasses the supply.

In Italy where "Donugol" is acting about three years, the Don anthracite is also in a great demand.

In Greece and Turkey the Don anthracite is purchased mostly for filling the ship's bunkers.

Lately inquiries came for the Soviet anthracite from Switzerland, Denmark, Argentine, Canada and other countries.

The works which are at present carried out in the Don basin for construction of sorting and coal breaking machines will allow to issue a better kind of anthracite on the export market.

Scotland Rail Men Fight Wage Slash

LONDON, (By Mail).—Scottish carters and motormen employed by the railway contractors are meeting the employers today in Glasgow to demand immediate negotiations with regard to the 2½ per cent cut which has been made in their wages as a result of the recent railway agreement, to which they were not a party.

FIRE BRITISH MINERS.

LONDON, (By Mail).—Blidworth Colliery, Notts, is being closed down and 800 men and boys received notice at the end of the week. This is a new pit, only sunk two years ago and equipped with the most modern machinery.

No Tip Center Barber Shop
NEW WORKERS CENTER
26-28 Union Sq. 1 Flight Up
NEW YORK CITY
Individual Sanitary Service by Experts.—LADIES' HAIR BOBBING SPECIALISTS.
Patronize a Comradely Barber Shop

GIANTS WIN TWO; GAIN ON CARDINALS

The Giants yesterday took a double-header from the Boston Braves, 4-1 and 11-0. Fitzsimmons easily held the Braves in check, allowing but 7 hits in the first game. Bob Smith, once an outfielder, pitched fine ball for Boston, but did not get Fitzsimmons' support. The second game was a walk-away for the Giants. Genewich allowed the braves but 3 hits. Boston used Delaney, Edwards, Clarkson and Boggs in a vain effort to halt the Giant sluggers. The Giants gained a game and a half on St. Louis, whom Cincinnati beat, 7-2. The Cubs held second place despite being beaten by Pittsburgh, 7-5.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

National League.

New York 4, Boston 1. (1st)
New York 11, Boston 3 (2nd)
Philadelphia 11, Brooklyn 6 (1st)
Brooklyn 7, Philadelphia 2 (2nd)
Pittsburgh 7, Chicago 5.
Cincinnati 7, St. Louis 2.

American League.

St. Louis 5, Cleveland 3.
Chicago 6, Detroit 4.
Boston 5, Washington 2.
(Only games scheduled).

Chicago Militants to Hold Big Picnic

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—"Help build the left wing" will be the slogan of trade unionists when the Chicago local of the Trade Union Educational League holds its annual picnic, Sunday, September 16, at Kolze's Electric Park, 6353 W. Irving Park Blvd. An excellent program includes speakers, games, dancing and refreshments.

All tickets sold in advance entitle the holder to a one months subscription of "Labor Unity."

An interesting program from 10 o'clock in the morning till late at night will be staged. Those who want to lend their assistance are asked to get in touch with the Chicago secretary of the T. U. E. L. at 2021 West Division Street.

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WEAVERS STRIKE IN RHODE ISLAND

75 Workers Demand Wage Raise

WARREN, R. I., Sept. 10.—Seventy-five weavers and helpers employed in the Warren Narrow Fabrics Co., walked out on strike recently due to the refusal of company officials to grant the men a wage increase and also to rehire a number of weavers who were laid off because of an alleged slackness.

The strike forced a complete closing down of production in the plant, and although the employers show a willingness to "talk business" on the question of the wage increase, the strikers refuse to return because the management declares its unwillingness to capitulate on the question of taking back to work the dismissed weavers.

17 Persons Killed in Train Smash-up

VIENNA, Sept. 10 (UP).—Reliable reports from Prague tonight said 17 persons had been killed when the Paris-Budapest express collided with a freight train.

A false signal was blamed for the accident.

The trains were running at about 40 miles an hour near the railway station of Saitz, near Lundengurg. At least 33 persons were injured.

The Czechoslovakian minister of railways went to the scene in an airplane.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

SEE MELLONS BEHIND NEW GAS TRUST COMBINE

Take Over Brooklyn Company

Acquisition by the United Light and Power Company of the American Light and Traction Company to form one of the largest utilities combines in the country was made public yesterday in a statement of profits which revealed an increase of over $4,000,000 of the consolidation over that of last year.

Negotiations have been conducted in secret between the Koppers and Mellon interests and have only recently been completed as a result of which a half billion dollar merger has been affected. The new consolidation follows close upon that of the Brooklyn Edison Company with the Consolidated Gas Company, a billion dollar merger.

The Brooklyn Borough Gas Company which is 90 per cent owned by the United Light and Power Company furnishes gas under perpetual franchise to the thirty-first ward of Brooklyn, the suburbs of Coney Island, Manhattan Beach and other sections. Other United subsidiaries are located in dozens of states throughout the country. The new consolidation further strengthens the hold of the Mellons in the public utility fields.

LEADS CROSS-COUNTRY RACE

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 10 (UP).—E. E. Ballough, Chicago, led the Class B flyers in the trans-continental race in today's lap from Oklahoma City, although John Livingstone of Monmouth, Ill., in finishing second, retained the lead in elapsed flying time.

General
Bronx Bazaar Conference
WEDNESDAY EVE., SEPT. 12,
AT 8 P. M. AT
1472 Boston Road, Bronx, N. Y.
ALL WORKERS PARTY UNITS, FRATERNAL AND LABOR ORGANIZATIONS ARE REQUESTED TO ELECT THREE DELEGATES

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Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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Editor..........ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..........WM. F. DUNNE

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers! For the Party of the Class Struggle! Against the Capitalists!

Only a Fighting Union Can Live in the Coal Industry

The voice of the Dictatorship of the Capitalist Class was heard through the mouth of Sheriff Brown of Allegheny County, who in the name of the law ordered the national convention of the New Miners' Union to disperse.

This "democratic" government, basically an iron dictatorship of the capitalist class, appears as a "democratic" government as long as it is not necessary in the interests of the capitalist class to show the iron fist. But when the vital interests of the ruling class demand it, the capitalist government appears in the role of an unlimited power, independent of "laws," "guarantees" and "legal procedure." The government for two days, and within one city, suddenly showed itself as a naked dictatorship. The coal miners and the steel workers have seen this often before. But the case this time is especially clear.

By learning the nature of government—learning that the state power is in all cases merely the organized power of one class for the purpose of suppression of another class by every instrument including persuasion, trickery and force and violence, the mine workers will begin to understand better how they can conduct their struggles more effectively.

Is there already some evidence that the coal miners are learning this lesson? Yes, the fact that the putting of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in Pennsylvania and Ohio was largely the work of the coal diggers of those states, is evidence that the coal miners have learned much from the exposures of capitalist government as unlimited violence of the employers against the workers.

There is still more to be learned from the action of the Pennsylvania authorities in attempting to suppress the Miners' Convention.

Not all workers have been clear in the past what the policy of the capitalist class and its government would be in regard to trade unions. Would the biggest capitalist employers in the basic and decisive industries adopt consciously a unified policy of complete and frank outlawing of all pretense of organization of the workers? Or would they adopt a policy of maintaining a sham of workers' organization under the employers' control, to act as a preventive of real organization by the workers themselves?

John L. Lewis and the bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. in their entire plan of action, adopt the latter of the two theories—the theory that the employers will consent to maintain permanently some sort of "union" organization to act as a subtle and powerful police force against the mine workers, to prevent strikes, break up all wage movements and to detect and expel any coal mine worker who may show signs of rebellion against conditions.

Recent events in the coal mining industry show that the mine operators even refuse to accept the scab "unionism" of John L. Lewis & Co. Accepting Lewis' "co-operation between capital and labor" until it had helped them to destroy the union, they then announced that they were "through with the U. M. W. of A." and would outlaw all forms of organization. Other corporation heads have long ago declared that company-unionism was no longer useful in controlling labor, and that the danger of workers' capturing even a company union made it best not to play with such things.

The coal operators will make use of Lewis and the officials machinery of the U. M. W. of A. in many more cases. Lewis' gangsters were still active with the police and company detectives in the bloody attack upon the Miners' Convention. The coal operators will still use this shell of organization as long as they can make it useful as a strikebreaking machine against the mine workers.

But the official shell of the U. M. W. of A. is forced to act so openly as a strikebreaking machine that it is compelled to expose itself.

The effectiveness of the Lewis strikebreaking machine in still deceiving some considerable numbers of mine workers, is the measure of its continued usefulness to the operators. A vigorous campaign of the New Union that was formed at Pittsburgh can solve this question.

The coal operators will use what tools they find handy. They will use Lewis and Sheriff Brown, separately and in combination, or anything else which may at the moment serve their purpose.

But one thing is sure: The dominant forces of American capitalist industry are aiming consciously for the complete elimination of unionism and every form of substitute for unionism—in the great basic industries.

The mine owners, and the finance-capitalist overlords most vitally interested, are determined to stamp out all semblance of unionism in the coal fields. Their sheriffs say so. Their guns and their cossacks say so.

These facts taken in conjunction with the experience in which the United Mine Workers crashed to its ruin under the efforts of Lewis to make it serve the capitalist mine owners and at the same time keep the confidence of the mine workers, go to show that already in the coal industry at the present time no weak union can live. The crisis in the industry compels the workers to fight or accept unbearable suffering. They fight. The union that keeps their loyalty will have to fight for them.

The great events in the mining industry, and above all the splendid national convention at Pittsburgh which founded the new Union, show that the only Union that can live in the coal industry is a militant fighting union.

Such a union has been founded. It is up to the mine workers themselves to build the magnificent structure which its broad base demands: One million coal miners must be reached! Build the new Union!

American Cooperative Movement

By GEORGE HALONEN

There is a tendency in the cooperative movements of the capitalist countries to "reform" this movement to make it an adjunct in the body of the capitalist system; and this attempt is being done although the cooperative movement is basically a proletarian movement. The economic interest of the exploited has created this movement, and this interest still demands it to be a movement to fight the battles of the working class.

Although the cooperative movement in America is relatively weak, the question of the character of the movement is of utmost importance for its future growth. Thus a step to undermine the working class character of the American movement is not to be ignored, but on the contrary should put all progressive cooperators not only on guard but also to enthuse them for further struggle for a genuine proletarian cooperative movement.

Middle Class Elements.

It is very significant that the Consumers Cooperative Services of New York and the Franklin Cooperative Creamery of Minneapolis are the cooperatives who have instigated a referendum on "Neutrality" among the affiliated societies of the Cooperative League of U. S. A. The social composition of the membership of these two cooperatives is not a proletarian one. The Consumers Cooperative Services has a chain of cafeterias mostly in non-proletarian districts of New York City. The Franklin Cooperative Creamery, although a cooperative organized as a direct result of a strike, has been losing its original working class fighting spirit by expanding with the help of middle class elements and private shop keepers.

These two cooperatives have submitted the following resolution to a referendum:

"Resolved that in the interest of harmony and unity, the Cooperative League hereby directs, by action of its constituent societies, the exclusion from discussion at its congresses of these two fields of divisive, controversial opinion:

1. Communist, socialist, and other political or economic theories.

2. The attitude cooperators and the cooperative movement should take toward such other political or economic programs and movements.

And Be It Further Resolved that the Board of Directors be authorized and instructed to apply this resolution and to define what constitutes such divisive or controversial discussion.

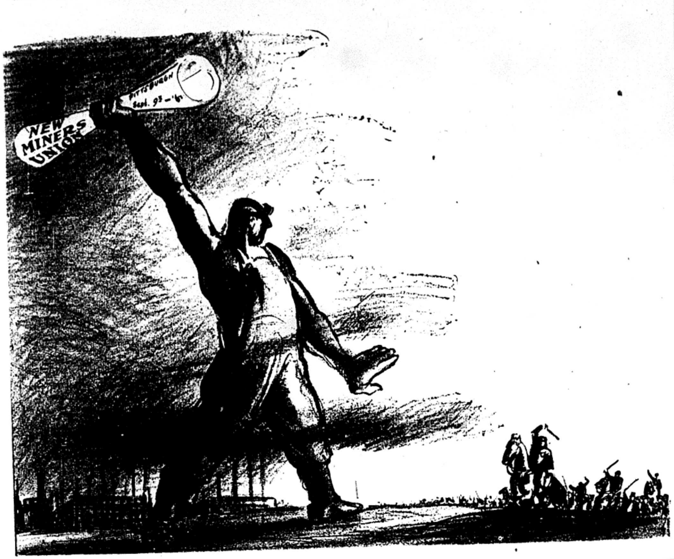
We are living in a class society in which the production relations determine the division of the people into different classes in accordance with their specific economic interests. Altho all are consumers, only a part of them owns and controls the means of production and by virtue of this ownership this part, the capitalist class, exploits the working class. Naturally the economic interests of these classes are different and this constitutes the basis of the struggle between these classes.

The cooperative movement, being a broad movement of those whose economic interest demands a change in the present system of society, cannot ignore these class alignments. To pretend to be "neutral" would in reality mean the supporting of the capitalist class.

(To Be Continued.)

THE UNION CAN'T BE STOPPED

By Fred Ellis



On United States Imperialism

Comrade Pepper Analyzes Position of Labor Movement in United States

The following speech was delivered by Comrade John Pepper at the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International. It analyzes the position of American capitalism and the nature of the sharpening class struggle in the United States.

* * *

Comrades: the American comrades who spoke here took a somewhat critical attitude towards the thesis of Comrade Bukharin, I have to state that these comrades spoke only in their own name. In the name of the American delegation I am authorized to state that the American delegation fully agrees with the thesis of Comrade Bukharin. Small wonder that these comrades criticized the thesis of Comrade Bukharin—they had a very good reason to do that. They have an estimation of the present world position of American imperialism which differs fundamentally from the estimation given by Comrade Bukharin.

It is necessary to mention here that on the same day the thesis of Bukharin was distributed another document was distributed in the Anglo-American Secretariat of the Comintern called "The Right Danger in the American Party," signed by Comrades Bittelman, Foster, Cannon, etc. This document is not without significance for the discussion of the VIth World Congress on the international situation because it contains a basically different analysis of American imperialism and its role in the general world situation from that expressed by Comrade Bukharin in his speech and thesis.

Outstanding Features.

The outstanding features of the thesis are the following:

1. The continuing ascendancy of American imperialism.
2. The shifting of the economic centre of gravity from Europe to America.
3. The growing expansion and aggressiveness of American imperialism, the growing disproportion between the economic growth and power of American imperialism and its lack of colonies and its "insufficient" military preparedness.
4. The export of American capital was and is the basis for European stabilization of capitalism.
5. The very technical progress and increase of forces of production serve to increase the inner contradictions and outer conflicts of American imperialism, to sharpen the class struggle and the resistance of the working class.

This is the line of Bukharin's thesis regarding the world role of American imperialism.

The line of the document of the American comrades is a basically different line from that expressed in the thesis of Comrade Bukharin. I cite first the follwoing sentence:

"An analysis of the degree of rightness of these contradictions will show that American capitalism is about to reach the apex of growth."

The document says that it is an erroneous conception for American Party is erroneous because it is based on the growth of American imperialism instead of emphasizing the diminishing reserve powers of the same:

"This follows from a correct analysis of the diminishing reserve powers of American capitalism."

The document asserts that the American Party has "a different conception of the position and present phase of American capitalism," and it defines this conception as follows:

"The main emphasis upon the tendencies making for the growth and power of American capitalism."

The document says that it is an erroneous conception for the American Party to lay the main emphasis upon the tendencies making for the growth of American capitalism and dubs the estimation of the American Party "a dangerously opportunist conception."

These quotations prove sufficiently that there is a deep-going difference between the estimation of the thesis and the "document" of some American comrades. Comrade Stalin just a few days ago in Leningrad contrasted the ascending star of American imperialism to the setting star of British imperialism, and characterized America as the country of the gigantic growth of capitalism. It is unquestionably one of the thesis and the "document" of Comrade Bukharin's thesis that the whole world situation as regards imperialist powers revolves around the world hegemony of American imperialism. The world hegemony of American capitalism is today the axis of all capitalist relations in the world. An oversight of that amounts to political blindness. Not to emphasize that implies a basically different line.

Important Antagonisms.

Those comrades who maintain that American imperialism is already in its general decline, are afraid that if we analyze facts as they are and estimate realities as realities, if we state that there are still possibilities of growth of American capitalism—then we deny possibilities of increased outer and inner conflicts for American imperialism. This conception is gravely erroneous. Quite the contrary is the correct position. The very fact that American imperialism is growing, that its economic power is increasing with such unheard of speed is the basis of most important antagonisms within the capitalist world. Not the "diminishing reserve powers," but the economic world hegemony of American imperialism is the basis of its conflicts with British imperialism. The disproportion between the growing economic power of American imperialism on the one hand and the lack of colonial possessions, the lack as compared with the colonial empire of Great Britain and with the powerful British navy or the huge French Army is the real source of present-day imperialist conflicts.

The statement that the reserve powers of American imperialism are already diminishing is not borne out by the facts. How can one say that the reserves of American capitalism are already exhausted knowing the fact that just recently a large section of the American continent, the so-called solid South is being industrialized? America still has huge agrarian territories which in the first time in her history are becoming centres of highly centralized modern industry. The agricultural crisis is one of the sore spots in American capitalist economy. The source of the agricultural crisis is the growth of industry, trustification, the speedy progress of technique. Another sore spot in American capitalism is the crisis in the coal and textile industries. But again facts prove that the basis for these partial crises is the very technical progress and particularly the shifting of the centre of gravity of these industries to the south where cheaper water power and cheaper labor power can be obtained.

Imperialist Resources.

American imperialism still has gigantic resources and possibilities to grow. Facts show that the present economic depression is characterized by the following tendencies:

1. Trustification is asserting itself with irresistable power. Consolidations of railways, big combines and mergers in all industries are the order of the day. The special feature of the present situation is that not only individual corporations merge into trusts but trusts are already merging into veritable super-trusts.

2. A process of centralization similar to that in production is going on in the field of distribution. We failed so far to give a thorough analysis of this entirely new process of trustification of distribution. For the first time in the history of the capitalist world are we facing the phenomenon of trustification of distribution which creates a powerful material basis for socialism in future America.

How is it possible for these American comrades to have such a wrong conception of the estimation of American imperialism?

1. These comrades confuse the present depression which is a temporary phenomenon with the basic and general decline of American imperialism. They overlook the fact that the very rapid growth of American imperialism is responsible for the growing antagonism between America and other imperialist countries. They do not understand one of the most important thoughts of the thesis of Comrade Bukharin, according to which the main feature of the present situation is the growing inner and outer conflicts of imperialism based on the technical reconstruction and growth of capitalism. This is the special feature of the present situation in contra-distinction to the post-war crisis. American capitalism never needed any stabilization because it never suffered from a post-war crisis in the same sense as European capitalism.

3. The third source of the erroneous conception is the mistaking of a special acute decline of American imperialism for those elements of decline which are present in the imperialist development of all capitalist countries, such as the export of capital, the growth of parasitic elements, a rentier class, etc. The presence of these elements in not equivalent to an absolute decline of American imperialism, but it means the growth of contradictions in America capitalism.

4. Another source of the misunderstanding is the erroneous interpretation of Lenin's definition according to which imperialism is generally the period of decline of capitalism. But Lenin never said that the period of imperialism excludes the growth of capitalism or the rapid growth of capitalism in individual countries.

Imperialist Limitations.

Summing up: American capitalism still has possibilities to grow, it did not reach the apex of its growth, it still has huge reserve powers. At the same time we have to emphasize that American imperialism has its limitations, that it is necessary to analyze these factors which make up for the eventual downfall of American imperialism. What are these limitations?

1. The aggressive imperialist policies of the United States are creating many complications in world politics and it is inevitable that these complications will reflect themselves in the internal situation as well. The very aggressiveness of American imperialism calls for a growing resistance on the part of the other imperialist powers and of the Latin-American countries against U. S. imperialism. The imperialist aggressiveness of the U. S. makes necessary the building up of an extensive navy and army which means growing instability, increasing taxation, growing discontent of various strata of the population and growing resistance of the masses against imperialist aggressiveness.

2. The very technical progress of industries calls for partial crisis which stir up broad strata of workers. The industrialization of the south spells unemployment, wage cuts, insecurity of living for hundreds and thousands of workers in New England. The crisis in the mining industry serves as the basis for a fomentation among the huge masses of coalminers. The technical progress in agriculture, the very fact that in 1925 there were 200,000 and in 1927 already 700,000 tractors in use makes hundreds of thousands of farmers "superfluous" and creates a critical situation for large sections of the farming population of America.

3. The centralization and bureaucratization of the U. S. government is making headway all the time. The government is in a growing degree becoming merged with the apparatus of the trusts.

4. The inter-dependence between American capitalism and world capitalism manifests itself in a growing degree. The decay of European capitalism must affect the fate of American imperialism also.

5. America does not enjoy the same monopolistic situation as Great Britain did for decades. America has to face other powerful imperialist countries to compete with and therefore we can foresee that American imperialism will not be in the position to bribe large sections of the American working class for many more years.

6. Other limitations of American imperialism are: the existence of the U. S. S. R., the growing revolt of the colonies, and the growth of the revolutionary proletarian movements in Europe.

(To Be Continued.)

Hassell Expedition Reported Stranded

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 10 (UP).—The Greenland administration department announced today that a radio message from South Greenland reported the motorboat carrying Bert Hassell and Parker Cramer, rescued Rockford, Ill., fliers, and their companion, Professor Hobbs of the University of Michigan expedition, to Greenland, had struck a rock and sank four miles from Simiutak at the mouth of the Simiutak Fiord last Thursday.

Told You So

THE London Daily Herald learns that the British government has decided to drop the secret Anglo-French naval pact because of the opposition of the United States. If this is true, "Nervous Nellie" Kellogg did not waste the time he spent playing golf in the Irish Free State. Austen Chamberlain is recovering from the effects of the secret pact, on an ocean liner bound for the southern part of the western hemisphere. Lord Cushendon, is recovering from the strain of silence imposed on him at the ceremonies attendant on the signing of the "anti-war" treaty in Paris and Lord Birkenhead, alias "Galloping Smith" is holding down the British Foreign Office in the absence of those two nervous gentlemen. If Smith ever has an attack of nerves it will not be due to enforced silence. He is as noisy as a whelp in a barrel.

T. J. O'Flaherty

* * *

AS additional proof that the Kellogg treaty is an instrument of peace, we offer free of charge to the socialist party, the Carnegie Peace Foundation, Nicholas Murray Butler, the Sulgrave Institute, and the recent German maneuvers in East Prussia. Fifty thousand troops participated, with representatives of all the leading military powers in attendance with the exception of England and France.

* * *

EDWARD S. HARKNESS, a Standard Oil Republican, dropped $10,000 into the Al Smith campaign fund treasury the other day and got his picture into the Morning World. If this picture does him justice the writer would not care to meet him on pay day. Harkness would certainly never make good as a taxi driver, for the good reason that no solvent traveler would give him instructions to drive to any destination except a police station. Yet it is possible that Mr. Harkness is a Rotarian, reads the American Mercury and has a good word to say for his mother. P. S. Harkness is a Republican by birth and force of habit.

* * *

SOMETHING terrible is in the air in placid Philadelphia.. It is nothing less than the suspicion that the police department is in cahoots with the bootleggers. The head of the city detectives has already been suspended and nothing can save him from a lot of embarrassment except perhaps a drive against radicals on the ground that they are undermining the integrity and diluting the patriotism of the workingclass population of Pennsylvania.

* * *

WILLIAM V. (Big Bill) DWYER, the ex-bootleg mahatma, who was recently paroled from Atlanta because of ill-health is again active in social life. You cannot keep a fellow like "Big Bill" out of business. A grateful friend is said to have handed the big boy a check for $500,000 on his return from the hoosegow. With this trifle Dwyer is reported to have organized a Hockey club and got himself elected treasurer.

* * *

GAMBLING KINGS, bootlegging barons, oil sultans, confidence wizards and bank presidents do not seem to have much difficulty in getting out of jail. In fact they have a much harder time getting in. But let a militant labor leader find himself on the wrong side of a penitentiary key hole and only a miniature revolution can get him out. Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings in California and the Centralia boys in Washington have been locked up now from eight to twelve years and the state authorities seem to be just as determined as ever to keep them imprisoned.

* * *

THE writer was reminded forcibly of the relationship between the police and the petty bourgeoisie recently after he was gypped out of four dollars by a cashier in a Third Avenue restaurant, which shall be named "Hell Gate" instead of the real name. When this customer indicated that the cashier was in danger of getting a crack on the button, he was challenged to call a cop. This he did not do, fearing that the first officer of the law he ran into, might be fondling a sealed envelope.

Tom O'Flaherty

G. O. P.'s, Democrats Fear Communists in Poughkeepsie Debate

The Communist Party section at Poughkeepsie held its meeting without the participation of the republicans and democrats, who had been invited to debate with the Communists. No reason was given for their failure to attend, but it is generally supposed that they were indisposed.

Young students tried to break up the meeting of the 400 workers but failed after a miserable showing. The speakers were Si Gerson, Milton Weich, Rose Smith and others. A collection towards the election fund of the Communist Party was taken up and some applications for membership in the Party were obtained. The next meeting will take place next Friday.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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NEW UNION CALLS MINERS TO ORGANIZE IN ALL FIELDS

BOSSES & BATTY TRYING TO MEND A. F. OF L. FENCES

Is Preliminary Step in Attempt to Break Big Mill Strike

Strike Lines Tighten

Council Rank and File Joining T. M. C.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 11.—In order that the approaching sell-out agreement expected to be reached soon between the mill bosses and W. E. G. Batty, secretary of the A. F. of L. Textile Council, should not appear too blatant, a little play was staged here today with Batty as chief actor. The manufacturers' association "made a proposal" to Batty yesterday that the workers accept the wage cut and in addition to that permit installation of the Batty-endorsed Frieder speed-up system. Taking his cue, Batty issued a statement refusing "unconditionally" to accept the bosses' demand.

This is recognized by the workers here as an attempt on the part of the employers to assist Batty in regaining at least some of the following the Textile Council had lost to the Textile Mill Committees.

At the full meeting of the employers organization, held till a late hour last night at the Wansutta Club, representatives of all the 56 mills tied up by the strike signed the statement demanding both the wage cut and the speed-up system. Even the "progressive" elements among the bosses, as the Batty [illegible] them, in several public statements, Batty and his numer-

Continued on Page Three

Conference for Giant Press Bazaar Will Be Held Tomorrow Night

The Executive Committee of 25 elected at the last Bazaar Conference which was held on August 28 is calling all delegates to a second conference to take up the tasks of the Grant Press Bazaar which is only three weeks off. All the delegates from Workers Party Units, Labor and Fraternal Organizations that were present at the last conference are urged to attend the conference tomorrow at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

The Executive Committee urges all organizations that were not represented at the last conference to send three delegates.

Barred by Misleaders

Elt Keller, general organizer of the New Bedford Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees, and general manager of the district council of textile workers of the United Textile Workers of America, Passaic Local 1618 of which he is president. Keller has just been excluded from the National Council of the U. T. W. in New York City on the grounds that he was a member of the "Young Workers Party," which does not exist, and of the Textile Mill Committees. Ellen Dawson, an organizer of Textile Mill Committees, secretary of Local 1619 of the U. T. W., was excluded at the same time.

WORKERS CHEER FOSTER AT MEET

$165 Is Collected in Milwaukee

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 11.—Five hundred enthusiastic workers listened intently while William Z. Foster, Communist presidential candidate, called on them to support the election campaign program of the Workers (Communist) Party at Bahn Frei Hall here last night.

Foster's appearance in the hall was the signal for a tremendous demonstration which lasted several minutes. The workers responded generously to an appeal for contributions to the Communist campaign fund and $165 was collected. A large number of Party platforms was sold and several membership applications were filled out.

CROSS-COUNTRY FLIGHT.

YUMA, Ariz., Sept. 11 (UP).—Edward Ballough, Chicago, was lap leader for the second consecutive day when he led the flyers in the Class B trans-continental air race into Yuma from El Paso, Tex., today. He arrived at 10.04 a. m.

RED ELECTION FUNDS NEEDED

Having succeeded despite obstacles that appeared insurmountable, in placing the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in nineteen states, the National Election Campaign Committee must now fight to keep the ticket on the ballot in several of those states.

Since the Party had to be placed on the ballot by petition, having no legal standing, thousands of dollars had to be spent on organizers sent out to organize the drive for the collection of signatures.

Having complied with all the regulations for placing a new party on the ballot, despite the handicaps imposed by the capitalist governments of the states, the ruling classes in Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma and Texas, are using every legal trick to throw out the Communist petitions.

Where the state authorities cannot do their dirty work under some legal pretense they are using the American Legion and other fascist organizations.

In the state of Kansas, our district organizer, Hugo Oehler and several active Party workers have been arrested, charged with a violation of the vicious criminal [illegible] law of that state.

THE NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE INTENDS TO FIGHT TO KEEP THE COMMUNIST TICKET ON THE BALLOT IN KANSAS AND IN EVERY OTHER STATE.

Money is needed immediately for this purpose. Wire your contributions. If you are broke borrow. You never borrowed for a worthier cause. Collect everywhere—in shops, from your friends at your union meeting and fraternal organizations.

Send all funds ONLY to National Election Campaign Committee, Workers (Communist) Party, 43 East 125th Street, New York City, Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer.

NATIONAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE.

Executive Committee of Communist International Is Chosen

LOVESTONE AND FOSTER MEMBERS FROM U. S. PARTY

Ben Gitlow Candidate; Weinstone in Control Commission

Red Youth in Session

Young Communists Gain in Britain

The list of members and candidates of the new Executive Committee of the Communist International and the International Control Commission, elected at the Sixth Congress which has just closed at Moscow, includes four members of the Workers (Communist) Party of America. These are:

Members of the Executive Committee of the Communist International—Jay Lovestone and William Z. Foster.

Candidate to the Executive Committee of the Communist International—Benjamin Gitlow.

Member of the International Control Commission—William W. Weinstone.

* * *

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, Sept. 11.—The new Executive Committee of the Communist International elected at the Sixth Congress follows: Americoldo, Barbe, Bell, Bienkle, Boshkokitch, Bukharin, Campbell, Carillo, Childi, Chitarov, Dengel, Ercoli, Ferdi, Ferminaraya, Foster, Furubotn, Gomez, Gottwald, Hsing, Humbert-Droz, Jacquemotte, Jilek, Katayama, Kato, Kilboom, Kolarov, Kopelnig, Kun, Kusinen, Lenski, LiKuang, Losovsky, Lovestone, Manner, Manuilski, Mickievitch, Molotov, Musso, Pieck, Piatnitzki Popescu, Prushniak, Remmele, Rust, Rykov, Samuelson, Semard, Serra, Skrypnik, Smeral, Spector, Stalin, Syphneios, Thaelmann, Thorez, Tchatergee, Tchiuvito, Weisser and Zetkin.

The other candidates are: Asano, Billoux, Bosnitch, Darsono, Dimitrov, Doriot, Evert, Frachon, Garlandi, Gitlow, Guytner, Guanli, Gussov, Hanson, Heckert, Horner, Rutswood, Kavanagh, Lopez, Lovitzki, Malika, Moira, Monmousseau, Maorodshi, Pasqmal, Pollit, Purmann, Riasho, Schneller, Sillen, Sokolik, Thoegerson, Tchangpiao, Tchauki, Tunri, Ulbricht, Varga, Vereik, Visser, Yaroslavski and Zapotocky.

The following were elected members of the International Control Commission: Angaretis, Anwelt, Cachin, Codovilla, Eberlein, Flieg, Gorkitch, Hsuyen, Iskrov, Kon, Maggi, Mondok, Murphy, Shargi, Sirola, Solz, Stefanescu, Tchengchen, Weiss, Weinstone and Tchakaya.

Youth Congress Meets.

At the fifth session of the Congress of the Young Communist International the discussion on the

Continued on Page Four

PARTY SECTIONS AID BIG BAZAAR

Bishop and Mrs. Brown Sending Articles

The sections of the Workers (Communist) Party of District 2 are not lagging behind in the preparations for the great Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar which will transform Madison Square Garden on October 4, 5, 6 and 7 into a huge proletarian market center.

Four of the sections, 1, 2, 3 and 5, have already decided to have booths of their own at the bazaar and have begun collecting articles for them. Other sections of District 2 are holding conferences this week and will also make plans for aiding the bazaar. It is planned to mobilize every member of the Workers (Communist) Party in District 2, which includes New York City and New Jersey, in the preparatory

Continued on Page Four

Texas Red Candidate

John D. Rust, of Weatherford, Texas, is candidate for United States senator on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket. Rust is a charter member of the Workers Party. He is a native Texan mechanic and skilled operator of big farm machinery, tractors and combines. A world war veteran, he took an active part in organizing the Workers Party in Kansas City. Rust is also the inventor of the cotton picker with which he is shown in the picture, the first successful picker which farmers in general can afford to buy.

McMAHON PLEA TO BOSS' SOULS

Makes Vicious Attack on Militants

"Appeal to the soul of the people, to civic, social and fraternal organizations; appeal to bankers and business men for the forty-hour week," preached Thomas F. McMahon, president of the United Textile Workers Union, while he was delivering his report to the convention which last night finished its second day in the Great Northern Hotel.

The rest of McMahon's report, besides being a vicious attack on progressive forces in the textile industry, presented a picture of the almost complete decay of a so-called International organization. All that an elaborate and expensive organization apparatus of a union in the almost completely unorganized textile industry can boast about in two years is a gain in membership by a

Continued on Page Two

RIGHT WING THUGS HELD IN STABBING

Gangsters Who Slash Butchers Under Bail

The holding of William Schiffrin without bail on a charge of homicide, and the continuation of the hearing of witnesses till Friday in 161st St. Magistrate's Court were the latest events developing out of the bloody battle between five right wing thugs of the butchers' union and Schiffrin, which ended in the death of the thug leader and the wounding of a second of the underworld squad, when Schiffrin fought back his assailants.

Testimony rendered by eye-witnesses who included passersby neighborhood residents, etc., was so overwhelming that Magistrate Dodge decided to hold three of the right wing thugs, who were caught on the scene of the battle with drawn knives, under bail of $1,500. They are Louis Katzman, Louis Posner and Hyman Zlotnikovitz. Two companions of Schiffrin, Max Kluger and Dave Newberg, who were isolated from him when the thugs attacked were also held under the same bail, to testify in Friday's hearing.

Events leading up to and includ-

Continued on Page Two

Political Prisoners in Poland on Hunger Strike; Demand Trial

(Red Aid Press Service)

WARSAW, Poland, (By Mail).—The political prisoners in the war prison at Posen have declared a hunger strike, which at the time of this writing has already lasted thirteen days.

They demand the shortening of the investigation, which has already lasted for months, and the carrying out of their trial.

DELAY TRIAL OF OEHLER GROUP TO AID IN FRAME-UP

Prosecutor Seeks Time to Strengthen Case

Hand of Armour Co.

Criminal Syndicalism Is Charge

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 11.—In an obvious effort to get more time to strengthen its flabby case, the prosecution today asked for a postponement of the trial against Hugo Oehler, Workers Party district organizer, and seven workers held on a charge of having violating the state criminal syndicalist law. They were arrested upon the instigation of the Armour Company here at a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial demonstration on Aug. 22.

The defense has already presented its case, and with the prosecutor's request for the delay having been granted, he will present his argument on Sept. 24. Lawyers for the defendants today put in a motion to dismiss the indictments on the ground of insufficient evidence, and Judge Gates took it "under advisement."

The prosecution introduced in evidence copies of the Workers (Communist) Party platform; "The Life and Death of Sacco and Vanzetti," by Eugene Lyons; several copies of the "Labor Defender"; a leaflet, "We Stand Firm," issued by the Communist nucleus at the Armour plant; and copies of the Daily Worker containing special articles and photographs on Sacco and Vanzetti and a speech by Bukharin.

Two witnesses are being depended upon by the prosecution in its frame-up of the militant workers. These are Capt. Beety, of the Kansas City police, and R. R. Maiden, formerly second in command to the chief of the Colorado state police. Maiden is now a federal prohibition agent and strikebreaker. He came to Kansas City to help the Armour interests in their fight against the growing influence of the Workers Party in the west.

These two worthies, together with other company and state stool-pigeons, are exerting all efforts to railroad the eight workers to long prison terms. Workers thruout the city, whose indignation at the brutal police attack on the Sacco-Vanzetti meeting has not yet subsided, are incensed at the arrest of their comrades and have started a wide protest movement demanding that the eight workers be freed. The International Labor Defense is defending the workers.

BIG "DAILY" SUB CAMPAIGN OPENS

Great Enthusiasm at Agents Meeting

Characterized by tremendous enthusiasm, the drive for 10,000 new readers for the Daily Worker was officially opened with a "Daily" agents' meeting at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, last night.

J. L. Perilla, reporting for the circulation department, outlined the plans for the present campaign. "We must make concrete gains for our Party during the period of the election campaign by increasing the circulation of our mass organizer—the Daily Worker," he said.

Lively Discussion.

Detailed plans for conducting the drive were enthusiastically discussed by the "Daily" agents, especially the arrangement made with the agitprop department of the District

Continued on Page Two

QUAKE HEARD

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11 (UP).—Slight earthquakes, apparently 2,700 miles to the southwest, were registered on the Georgetown University seismograph today.

EAST LIVERPOOL, Ohio.—The National Brotherhood of Operative Potters and organized employers renewed their agreement for two years.

Killed by Lewis Thug

George Moran above, a delegate to the National Miners Convention to Build a New Union, was shot by the revolver of Louis Carboni, a Lewis agent, on the eve of the big convention. He died as the result of his wounds. Frank Kovac, also a delegate, and Kovac's young son were wounded at the same time.

BRITISH ARE FOR MILITARIST PACT

Defends Anglo-French War Treaty at Geneva

GENEVA, Sept. 11.—Under cover of a plea for "disarmament" separate agreements and treaties between powers were advocated by Lord Cushendun, acting foreign minister of England, at this morning's session of the assembly of the League of Nations.

Declaring that each state "has a right to judge for itself the level of armaments necessary for its security," Cushendun stated that great difficulties would be met in the practical carrying out of disarmament, which, he thought, would never be fully accomplished because of the development of new means of warfare. By these he means especially air and gas armaments.

"New arms have been developed," he said, "especially in the aerial and chemical fields. That presents new difficulties. You can count guns, men and ships, but you cannot estimate the possibilities of these new arms, which are also imperative for commercial use and development."

As a solution of these difficulties Cushendun proposed separate treaties. He said, "It is necessary for states to reach agreements among themselves, owing to their different needs and their constitutional, parliamentary, geographical and other differences. That necessitates long negotiations."

In this way, it is generally

Continued on Page Four

FASCIST JINGO DEAD

VIENNA, Sept. 11.—General Rocca of Italy was killed in an automobile accident near Bucharest, Rumania, today, according to dispatches received here. His son was seriously injured. General Rocca had been visiting his son at Bucharest, where he is employed by a petroleum company.

REPUDIATES WAGE CUT AGREEMENTS; DISTRICTS FIGHT LEWIS CHECKOFF

George Moran, Bentleyville Militant, Dies of Wounds Inflicted by Lewis Gunmen

Release Last of Those Arrested in Raid by Pittsburgh Police; Calamari Recovers

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BENTLEYVILLE, Pa., Sept. 11.—George Moran, well known militant miner, died here today of bullet wounds inflicted by Louis Carboni, a Lewis hireling who last Friday shot Moran and Frank Kovac, another miner, because they supported the call to a new union.

* * *

By JACK LEE.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 11.—"Lewis and his corrupt clique can no longer speak in the name of the coal miners. We call upon the rank and file in all fields to refuse to recognize any wage cut agreements signed by this discredited clique and to fight against the check-off thereby destroying the possibility of this group keeping the coal diggers enslaved to its company union."

In these ringing words the general executive board of the newly formed National Miners' Union today sent broadcast its message of encouragement to the thousands of coal miners throughout the country who are awaiting the outcome of the convention proceedings now winding up in this city.

Draw Up Constitution.

Today's session of the general executive board was concerned chiefly with completing work on the new union's constitution drawn up yesterday which will be submitted to the membership for ratification and amendment.

No more arrests of mine delegates took place today, following the two day reign of unprecedented terror on the part of the Pittsburgh police who Sunday carried out wholesale raids resulting in the arrest of over one hundred delegates. The Lewis gangster army is still following the convention delegates around the city in automobiles. Precautions have been taken to prevent further attacks by the Lewis thugs.

Moran Dies.

George Moran, Bentleyville militant miner who was shot last Friday by Louis Carboni, a Lewis hireling, has died, it was learned here today. Frank Kovac, who was fired on at the same time is still in a critical condition. Tony Calamari of Charleroi, who was Sunday beaten into unconsciousness by Lewis gangsters and whose life has been despaired of, is said to be slowly improving.

Portray Speed-up.

In a lengthy analysis of the present mine situation embodying a statement on policy adopted by the convention, the executive board of the new union has drawn up a record of the profits of the coal barons, a picture of the speed-up, the unemployment and starvation which the coal diggers are facing.

The statement calls attention to the systematic betrayal of the miners by the Lewis machine through the signing of separate districts and the abandonment of the Jacksonville scale resulting in the practical extermination of the United Mine Workers of America. "Lewis and his corrupt clique can no longer

Continued on Page Three

FURRIERS ISSUE DUES MANIFESTO

Held Membership Meet Last Night

A manifesto was issued by a membership meeting of the fur workers held last night in Irving Plaza, 15th Street and Irving Place, which was addressed especially to all workers who were compelled to register with the scab A. F. of L. Joint Council, but who are anxious to resume membership in the Joint Board. A great obstacle to the joining of such workers has been the problem of becoming in good standing by payments of back dues.

The manifesto, voted for unanimously by the enthusiastic gathering, announced to the registered workers that the Joint Board is ready to cancel all arrear dues and that an up-to-date book can be obtained upon payment of the $25 tax levied by general decree soon after the big 1926 general strike.

All fur workers not yet members of the Joint Board are called upon to join up so that a more effective drive can be launched for the organization of the trade thru the new national union planned.

Tank Kills Girl in British War Maneuver

LONDON, Sept. 11 (UP).—An army tank ran over and killed a girl spectator during maneuvers near Camp Hill today.

The accident, first of its kind ever recorded, occurred while the Royal Tank Battalion was returning from a mimic battle. The tank emerged from behind a truck and crushed the girl while horrified spectators looked on. The victim's name was not learned.

ERECT TOLSTOY STATUE

Is a Symbol of New and Free Russia

Special Cable to The Daily Worker

MOSCOW, Sept. 11.—The Tolstoi celebration week began in the Soviet Union in the big theater where members of the Soviet Government, relatives of Tolstoi and foreign guests spoke.

Lunarcharsky in speaking on Tolstoi and the revolution analyzed Tolstoi's work from the Marxist standpoint and declared that the working class honored Tolstoi as a great artist but rejected his "non-resistance" theories as reactionary and Utopian.

Stephan Zweig, well-known German author who analyzed the effect of Tolstoi on European culture, was greeted with applause. The celebration concluded with the performance of Tolstoi's favorite pieces in music.

* * *

MOSCOW, Sept. 10.—A symbol of the oppression of czarist Russia and of the Orthodox Church will be placed against the background of a new and free Russia, when the fifteen year old statue of Leo Tolstoy will be restored to its place on Muisky Square, on the occasion of the centenary of the great writer.

The statue was made by C. Merk-

Continued on Page Five

HARBOR STRIKE IN AUSTRALIA

MELBOURNE, Australia, Sept. 11.—A complete tie-up of all Australian ports was effected today following the repudiation by the Waterside Workers Federation of the latest decision of the arbitration court.

The strikers declare that the decision of the arbitration court is not acceptable to them and that they will fight to the finish to secure its retraction.

Commerce is at a standstill in every harbor and the owners are already reported to be importuning the authorities to bring pressure to bear on the strikers to return to work.

250,000,000 Theatre Merger Looms as Warner Bros. Gets Control of Stanley Co.

LL STRIKERS TANDING FIRM, W. I. R. REPORTS

orkers are Grateful for Relief

relief investigating committee ing into the living conditions of New Bedford and Fall River strikers yesterday reported despite the twenty-one weeks struggle the textile workers will out until victory, according to Beidenkapp, national secretary the Workers International Relief, acted as head of the committee.

Visit Workers' Homes.

"We visited scores of homes and each case the workers repeatedly that they will stand by the Mill Committee until the -cut notices are taken down and substantial increase in wages is ," Beidenkapp said.

"Take the case of Joseph Me-, a striker," the textile relief said. "Medeiros has worked the New Bedford mills ever since was a lad, twenty-five years ago. is married and has nine children. when he was working full time most he ever made was $20 a . He lives in three rooms, one which is a kitchen. Think of it— people in three rooms.

W. I. R. Helps.

"When we asked his wife how she managed to feed and clothe 11 people on $20 a week she smiled ly. A consumptive girl of 14, eldest, sat in a corner of one of miserable rooms and coughed fully.

"But when the magic words—Workers International Relief—was tioned, the faces of this unhappy tuguese family lighted up and Medeiros said in his native guage, 'If the relief committee us, we'll strike until we win.'"

As members of the committee left the house, Beidenkapp said, the little -year-old consumptive said, "Don't get my milk."

The Workers International Relief fighting hard to make it possible the heroic New Bedford and Fall River strikers to 'carry on,' Beidenkapp said in conclusion.

APTIST CHIEF IN GRAFT MESS

harge Treasurer Had Spent Funds on Girls

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 11 (UP). —An indictment charging embezzlement of $69,000 from the Southern Baptist Convention Home Mission Board was returned today against nton S. Carnes, former treasurer of the board, who disappeared August 15.

The indictment was returned by the Fulton county grand jury and officials in the office of Solicitor General John Boykin, of Fulton county, said it was only the first of a number of indictments expected to be returned as auditors continue their survey of the mission board's books.

Carnes left a shortage of approximately $1,000,000 when he disappeared, officials of the mission board claim. Much of the money was invested in Atlanta real estate and assets of nearly $20,000 have been turned over to the church by Carnes' family to help make up the shortage.

It was disclosed he aided two Atlanta girls in their moving picture careers. More than $13,000 has been paid the girls in the past year, it is claimed, and Carnes was to have received a percentage of their stage contracts in remuneration.

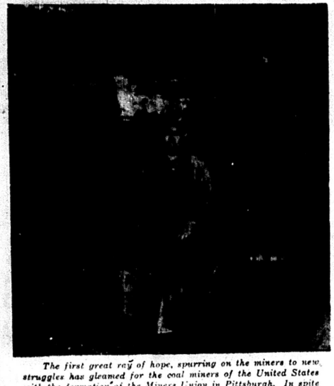
Two warrants have been issued for Carnes' arrest. One was sworn out last Friday by Dr. L. R. Christie, president of the board, and a bench warrant was issued today by Judge D. Thomas immediately after the indictment was returned.

Bond, in case Carnes is arrested, has been set at $50,000.

MOLDERS RAISE WAGES.

SEATTLE.—Molders raised their minimum wage to $7.50 a day after a short strike. The former minimum was $6.40, but several employers paid more than this rate. The average increase is 60 cents a day.

New Miners Union Is New Hope to Them



The first great ray of hope, spurring on the miners to new struggles has gleamed for the coal miners of the United States with the formation of the Miners Union in Pittsburgh. In spite of the terror launched against the rank and file delegates, the Lewis agents were unable to smash the Miners Convention. The police assisted the Lewis gangsters. Above, typical miners in the depth of a mine.

WATT TO TELL MINERS' STORY

Relief Meeting on September 20

With the formation of the New National Miners Union at the historic Pittsburgh convention and the launching of a campaign to unite all of the nearly 1,000,000 coal diggers in this country in one powerful, militant organization, the monster solidarity mass meeting to be held in New York City Thursday evening, September 20, becomes an event of unusual significance for every worker in this city and vicinity.

At this meeting, which will be held in Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., John Watt, first president of the new union, will appear to tell the workers of New York the story of one of the greatest events in the history of the American labor movement. Watt, who has been one of the outstanding figures in the fight for the miners against the unholy triple alliance of bosses, police and the corrupt Lewis machine, will bring a report of the great Pittsburgh convention, will describe the attack of the police and 200 Lewis thugs on its first session and will discuss in detail all the events leading up to the historic moment when the New National Miners Union became a reality.

Watt, who has fought side by side with the thousands of other rank and file miners during their desperate 17 months strike, will describe the terrible sufferings of the miners and their families, and their struggles against starvation, eviction and disease—struggles which are still going on. He will appeal to the New York workers to back the new union to the utmost by aiding the miners and their families.

Leaders of workers' struggles in other trades will also speak and bring the message of solidarity of all the workers in their fight against their oppressors.

Nine Planes Line Up for Non-Stop Flight Over U. S.

ROOSEVELT FIELD, L. I., Sept. 11 (UP).—Nine of the first airplanes in the country were being tuned up here tonight for a flight only one plane ever has succeeded in making—a non-stop trip across the North American Continent from east to west.

Weather permitting, the planes will leave here some time between 7 a. m. and 5 p. m., Wednesday. No starting order has been arranged for the race, each plane taking the runway when ready to leave.

The favorite at the start is Art Goebel, who recently flew his Yankee Doodle plane from west to east across the continent without a stop

WILL CELEBRATE INT'L YOUTH DAY

20 Pioneers Graduate September 14

Over 20 Young Pioneers will graduate at the International Youth Day celebration this year, which will take place Friday, Sept. 14, at 8 p. m., in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place. These Pioneers, having received their training and education along working class lines, will now become young Communists and League members.

The Pioneer graduates will march up in a body to the platform, in their Pioneer uniforms, one of their number will speak in the name of the entire group, and they will be welcomed into the League by the chairman of the meeting, Carl Winters.

Besides the Pioneer graduation there will be quite an interesting program for the evening. The American Revolutionary Youth Chorus will sing and then the Sports Club will perform. There will be several violin selections by a member of the League. The speakers for the evening will be John J. Ballam, Philip Frankfeld, Morris Yusem, Ed. Welsh and Carl Winters, chairman.

Makes Corrections on "Unity Goes Over the Top for the 'Daily'"

Editor, the Daily Worker:

I hereby acknowledge the fact that I read, appreciated and enjoyed the story "Camp Unity Goes Over the Top for the 'Daily'" which appeared in last Saturday's issue of the Daily Worker. It would undoubtedly have been a fine report since it bestowed such high praise upon myself, and were it not for a few oversights on the part of the comrade who wrote it, the article would have been much better. Incidentally, the article was excellently written.

I hereby place the following corrections: David Siegel did not make himself "into a popular hero in gathering funds for the 'Daily." Instead of Comrade Siegel, the manager of the Unity Co-operative, this passage should have been read that: "Comrade Sheck, active comrade of the Freiheit Singing Society, made himself into a popular hero," etc.

Almost the same as to Siegel applies the reference to Comrade Sultan. The real driving force in the campaign for the "Daily" was the kitchen and dining room staff of the Unity Camp. They contributed the bulk of the sum of money raised, and they were those who successfully collected from the campers.

Comradely yours,

—WILLIAM ABRAMS.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

ACCOUNTS WEEK FOR DISTRICT 2, WORKERS PARTY

Workers Party Roll to Be Taken

The week of September 24-31 is to be set aside as a week of investigation into the activities of every member of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, when a roll call will be taken of attendance and Party activities, according to a statement by John J. Ballam, acting district organizer. The statement follows:

"To all units in District 2:

"One of the fundamental principles of procedure in a Bolshevik Party is the strict accountability of every Party member, from the highest to the lowest. Therefore we have established a period from September 24 to 31, during which all units are called upon to examine the record of activity of every Party member and pass judgment in each case as to whether this record is satisfactory or not. The particular phases of activity which will be subject for review will be the following: 1. Good standing. 2. Attendance at unit meetings. 3. Payment of campaign assessment stamp. 4. Activity in union. 5. Activity in fraternal or auxiliary organizations. 6. Activity in shops. 7. Activity in the election campaign.

"With the increasing menace of the war danger, with the intensification of struggles in which our Party members are engaged, with the numerous and direct attacks upon our Party (Astoria, Bayridge, etc.), it becomes necessary to demand of our Party membership a stricter response to the tasks which are laid down by the leading Party committees. The critical period ahead demands that every Party member shoulder in a Bolshevik manner the full responsibilities which such membership entails.

"Every unit is instructed to carry on a complete roll of its membership during the week of September 24 to 31 for the purpose of checking up the activity of each member. In order to insure an accurate report on each Party member, every comrade must attend the unit meeting held during this week. All reports are to be sent to the District Office, to the section or sub-section organizer immediately after the unit meeting."

WORKING YOUTH RALLY FOR MEET

Shoe Workers Endorse Conference

Joseph Magliacamo, general organizer of the Independent Shoe Workers of Greater New York and vicinity, and H. Levine, the business agent of the same union, issued a statement yesterday endorsing the Working Youth Conference.

They said: "We, the Independent Shoe Workers of Greater New York and vicinity, were in the provisional committee from the very beginning. The Independent Shoe Workers is out to organize the industry 100 per cent in New York and vicinity, and we realize that we will not be able to do this without drawing the young shoe workers into the union.

"The Working Youth Conference, which will take place Saturday and Sunday, September 29 and 30, deserves the wholehearted support of every progressive and left-wing worker, not only in the shoe industry, but in all industries in New York."

Three Scabs Injured in Attack on Pickets

Three strikebreakers employed by the Reliable Suit Case Company of 335 Canal St. are said to have been injured when they attacked a number of pickets of the Suitcase, Bag and Portfolio Makers' Union.

The company is attempting to operate a non-union shop. Recently leaders of the union, against the will of the rank and file, secured an injunction against the company. The injunction expired on September 1 after which the firm renewed its union smashing campaign.

First Conference of the NeedleTradeCampaign Committee for Tonight

The first meeting of the Needle Trades Election Campaign Committee—elected out of the large mass meeting held on August 29th which was addressed by Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president, will be held tonight at 8 o'clock at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, Room 601.

In a joint statement issued last night Rebecca Grecht, Campaign Manager of the Workers (Communist) Party and H. Sazar, Secretary of the Needle Trades T. U. E. L., urged all members of the Needle Trades Campaign Committee to attend this meeting. "A special opportunity exists for the carrying on of the Communist election campaign among the needle trades workers," the statement reads in part, "but if we are to take advantage of this opportunity we must, get to work now and lay plans for the work. Needle trades workers have through bitter experience learned that their industrial demands cannot be separated from the ticket they vote and the platform they support at election time."

BIG "DAILY" SUB CAMPAIGN OPENS

Great Enthusiasm at Agents Meeting

Continued from Page One

2, Workers (Communist) Party, for having speakers on the Daily Worker at every open-air meeting and campaign rally.

Thousands of attractive posters, advertising the "Daily," are being distributed throughout the city, it was reported. Systematic distributions in front of the large factories and union headquarters are being organized, with the co-operation of the Party units and with squads of Communist newsboys in various sections of the city.

Mass Distributions.

Mass distributions of the Daily Worker in working-class sections of the city are being conducted each day in order to acquaint New York workers with their own militant daily, it was announced at the meeting last night.

Speakers emphasized the fact that efforts must be made to build the Party press in the Negro sections in Harlem—that every reader must see that a copy of the paper is placed in the hands of his friends and shop-mates during the period of the subscription drive in order to gain them as readers of the Daily Worker.

Stage Play Broadcast by Television

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 11 (UP).—A new world of amusement was unlocked for the first time here today in an epochal demonstration of the first television broadcasting of a stage play, in which the images and voices of the actors went over radio in perfect synchronization.

Furthermore, they were perfectly received by a somewhat awe-struck audience of newspaper correspondents gathered as the guests of Station WGY of the General Electric Company and Dr. E. F. W. Alexanderson, consulting engineer of General Electric and chief consulting engineer of the Radio Corporation of America.

McMAHON MAKES PLEA TO "SOULS OF EMPLOYERS"

Makes Vicious Attack on Militants

Continued from Page One

merger with the independent reactionary union in New Bedford. And even this gain is now being lost because the New Bedford union has already lost more than two-thirds of the members that it had at the time of the merger by the defection of strikers to the ranks of the Textile Mill Committees.

Fat Expense Accounts.

Yesterday's entire session was almost completely taken up with the overwhelming wordy report of the president. A short but very telltale report of finances was rendered which besides proving how extremely well treated the officials are in the matter of "expenses," showed the impoverishment of an allegedly national organization. No discussion was held by delegates yesterday.

The expulsion from the convention of two militant delegates yesterday served notice that a trumpet call to battle against all progressive forces could be expected from the officialdom. The expected took place when McMahon launched a scurrilous attack on the T. M. C., on the left wing leaders' conduct of the great Passaic strike and particularly on Albert Weisbord its leader. This hysterical attack ended with the declaration that all Communists and their sympathizers would be rooted out of the organization.

The tremendous problem of organizing the more than a million unorganized and exploited mill operatives was considered far less important than an attack on those who have proven themselves the most sacrificing and the most devoted members of the union. The serious problem of perpetual unemployment in the industry, McMahon proposes to solve by "appealing to the souls of bankers and business men," delegates from the few militant locals bitterly remarked.

Condemn McMahon.

These progressive delegates also condemned McMahon's craven, if not openly traitorous policy on the injunction evil, which the textile workers suffer from to a very large degree. McMahon proposed that the union criticize the "abuse" of the injunction, and that it call for its more careful use.

Other interesting and amusing features of the session yesterday was the speech delivered by A. J. Muste, dean of the Brookwood Labor College. Muste cried bitterly at the injustice being done him by the A. F. of L. in charging his college with being a Communist hive. Particularly amusing was the slip made by Organizer Starr, who unwittingly testified that McMahon was lieing outright when he charged Weisbord with "quitting cold" the Passaic strikers. Starr in the beginning of his report of activities in Passaic began saying: "When we took charge after Weisbord had agreed to step out of the picture."

The finance report showed that despite the comparatively small salary pulled down by McMahon, namely $3,622 per annum, he was by no means suffering real want. His chops and soft quilts were paid for by an expense sheet totalling $5,895.50, thus leaving a plump margin to stow away, even if the figures given in the report are true. Other innumerable "traveling" organizers also received good treatment.

Right Wing Thugs are Held in Stabbing

Continued from Page One

ing the attack are developed as follows, according to testimony. Six members of the Butchers' Union were expelled from membership because of their demand that the finances of the union be investigated. The expulsion was followed up by an immediate attempt to remove them and all other left wingers from their jobs.

Thugs Attack.

In conducting this expulsion campaign, thugs were sent to the butcher shop of A. Oxman, 598 Prospect Ave., to order the employer to deprive Louis Lassowitz, left winger from his means of livelihood. The employer refused to heed the order whereupon the gangsters thratened the workers that if they came back later to find him still at work "he would be carried out."

Lassowitz then called up several friends of his and William Schiffrin and Max Kluger, butcher worker, came around to the shop to protect their fellow-worker from the right wing hirelings. On reaching the shop, Schiffrin and Kluger, finding no sign of the gang near the butcher shop, walked out on the avenue to go home. On reaching Beck St. and Johns Ave. they suddenly saw a large closed car pull to the curb and five of the six men in the car jumped out and rushed toward the two workers with drawn knives. Kluger had time to run, but not Schiffrin, who was forced against the wall of a building when he backed away.

Protests Himself.

Desperately trying to save himself from the ferocious onslaught of the five knife-wielding thugs, Schiffrin drew a penknife and swung it back and forth before him to keep off the rapidly closing circle of cutthroats.

Harry Silver, leader of the attacking squad, came in too close and received a wound above the heart, from which he died later in the Lincoln Hospital. Another of Silver's men received a cut on the arm when he, too, lunged forward with his knife.

Henry O. Kahn and Joseph Brodsky were the attorneys of the defendants, and Samuel Markewitz, notorious right wing hireling, was trying to frame up a murder harge against Schiffrin and his companions.

250 PLAYHOUSES FALL INTO LAP OF BIG COMBINE

Movement Is Spreading Thruout U. S.

A move toward the most extensive merger in the history of the theatre business was made yesterday, when Warner Brothers acquired a controling interest in the Stanley Company's chain of more than 250 theatres in the east.

While it was not announced officially, officials of the Warner Company yesterday admitted that the merger had "come to a head."

At the same time the giant theatrical octopus is negotiating with the Keith-Albee interests. Together the huge combine will total $250,-00,000, reaching its tentacles to all parts of the United States.

Movement Spreading.

That the merger movement will not stop here, but will spread into the vaudeville field, was also indicated yesterday. Rumors persist that the Shubert interests will be bought out in the present wave of financial amalgamation.

The Stanley Company, which is being bought out by the Warner Brothers, in addition to its great chain of movie houses, controls First National Pictures and is already associated with the Keith-Albee Circuit in New England.

GIRL PICKETS IN HUNGER STRIKE

KENOSHA, Wis., Sept. 11.—Mertice Hudson, eighteen years old, and Amanda Rittmer, twenty-one, both militants in the strike of the hosiery workers here, have gone on a hunger strike following their arrest Monday by police at the Allen-A factory during a demonstration of pickets.

Mertice Hudson has been arrested seven times for her strike activities. The charge against the pickets was disorderly conduct and both are being held under $50 bail.

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Spanish Fascists Arrest More Than 300 in Raid; Army Reported on Verge of Outbreaks

REVOLT LOOMS IN CATALONIA; MANY IN JAILS

Allege "Plot" Aims to End De Rivera Regime

MADRID, Spain, Sept. 11.—The interior department of the Spanish government admitted today that orders for the arrest of members of an alleged conspiracy to overthrow the de Rivera regime had been issued last midnight. It was added that the police spent the remainder of the night searching the homes of suspected persons and carrying them to the police stations in taxicabs for further examination.

The police today refused to announce the number of arrests that had been made but intimated that it was in the neighborhood of 300.

This statement was made today following the official announcement that a new conspiracy to overthrow the existing government had been unearthed.

Officials of the government declare that the conspiracy had ramifications thruout the country and charge that the participants in the "plot" were enlisting the support of the soldiers in their cause and that large sections of the army are extremely discontented. Fear was expressed that disturbances among soldiers in many regions of the country may be expected.

A significant feature of today's disclosures is the extent to which the alleged conspiracy has spread in Catalonia. A revolt in this province, where unrest has been brewing for months, is foreseen as a not remote possibility of the present situation.

Many arrests are reported from Barcelona.

Reports of wholesale arrests came from the provinces, principally Catalonia, Valencia, Asturias and Andalusia. They included many radicals and soldiers.

OLGIN TO SPEAK AT RELIEF MEET

Master Film Will Be Shown Saturday

An urgent appeal has just come from New Bedford strikers to send shoes and clothing, particularly for the children, who have gone barefoot all summer in any old kind of makeshift clothes. They cannot go barefoot to school until they get clothes and shoes.

The Workers' International Textile Relief Conference on Saturday, September 15, will be called on to meet this emergency in addition to organizing for continuous support for the strikers.

Unions and fraternal organizations that have not yet sent in their delegates are requested to do so immediately, according to a statement issued by the secretary of Local New York, Harriet Silverman, urging organizations to make every effort to be represented in this important conference.

An appeal for relief will be made by Moissaye J. Olgin and Fred Biedenkapp at the conference. Olgin will also make an appeal at the motion picture performances to be held Saturday evening at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave.

Posters have been made for display by workers' organizations and may be had by calling at the office of Local New York, W. I. R., 1 Union Square, New York City, Room 604.

Hassell Reaches South Greenland

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 11 (UP).—Bert Hassell and Parker D. Cramer, American aviators, and Prof. W. H. Hobbs, of the University of Michigan expedition to Greenland, have reached Godthaab, the sheriff of South Greenland advised the Greenland administration department today.

The fliers, with Hobbs and three other Americans, were rescued from the mouth of Simiutak Fjord, where they landed after their motorboat hit a rock and sank, the message said.

Back from the Wars; Kellogg Returns to U. S.

Having succeeded in lending his name to the so-called "peace" pact under cover of whose terms the international imperialists have banded together to prepare war against the Soviet Union, Frank Kellogg, secretary of state of the United States, has returned to his country. He is shown landing at the Battery.

COMMUNIST INT'L CHOOSES EXECUTIVE

Continued from Page One

speeches of Gorkitch and Chitarov was continued under the chairmanship of Hrsel. The following spoke: Lippe, Norway; Miura, Japan; Jurr, Germany; Williamson, United States; Achja, Esthonia; Boiko, Bulgaria; Gross, Holland; Gregoriov, Soviet Union; Holmberg, Sweden; Mitrovitch, Yugoslavia; Williams, Belgium; Young, Executive Committee of the Y. C. I., and Wagner, of Czechoslovakia.

Williamson, of the U. S. A., said in his speech: "Rationalization and the increased exploitation of the youth in the United States of America caused a leftward tendency among the young workers. Despite favorable conditions the American League won neither politically nor organizationally. Immigration increased the masses of young unqualified workers and increases the supply of cheap labor power. Youth sections must be founded in the new unions. The influence of the bourgeois youth organizations is growing, but unfortunately an opposition movement does not exist. The percentage of young workers in the American League is falling, whereas the percentage of students is growing. Party leadership fails to see great alterations taking place in the U. S. A., and thinks the new line of the Communist International applies only to Europe. The result is right wing errors. The Y. C. I. policy is the only basis for struggle against factionalism. Increased attention must be paid to revolutionary movement in Latin-America."

The seventh session was presided over by Beniero and was devoted to a continuation of the discussion. The following spoke: Mamhud, India; Anderson, Finland; Andrevski, Poland; Tapsel, Britain; Leibbrandt, Executive Committee of the Young Communist International; Vassiliev, Soviet Union; Yakubovitz, Poland; Siegenthaler, Switzerland; Limanovski, Poland; Geminder, Executive Committee of the Young Communist International, and Ilinski, Soviet Union.

British League Gains.

Tapsel declared: "The Boy Scouts are organizing an international meeting next year. Our task is work among the delegations. The British League is gaining members, but the number of factory groups is diminishing. The reasons are the terror of the employers and the trade union bureaucrats, mass unemployment and lack of trained officials. Youth sections are being organized in the Labor League of Ex-Servicemen."

Gyptner was chairman of the eighth session. The discussion continued, the following speaking: Longe, Italy; Christenson, Denmark; Onofrio, Argentine; Schueller, Executive Committee of the Young Communist International; Milano, Uruguay; Bohl, Austria, and Pereira, Brazil.

Must Fight Reformists.

Schueller said: "The slogan of self-criticism must be issued in the Leagues. The change in the tactics of the Communist International would have been impossible without self-criticism. The Fifth Youth Congress must introduce methods more adapted to the youth. Hostile organizations, particularly reformist youth organizations, must be fought and our supplementary organizations extended. Bourgeois organizations can be best fought in connection with the war danger and the colonial question. Young Communist Leagues must retain their political character and introduce new methods."

The Congress was then greeted by a delegation of Leningrad working youth.

RECORD EARTHQUAKE.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11 (UP).—A severe earthquake shock was registered on the University of Chicago seismograph today, the weather bureau reported. The first phase was registered at 6:41 a. m., lasting for 44 seconds, and the second phase five minutes later for the same duration. The bureau reported the shocks were 2,100 miles from Chicago and were continuing at 7 a. m.

NEW UNION IN CALL TO MINERS

Urge Organization in All Fields

Continued from Page One

speak in the name of the coal miners," the statement declares. "We call upon the miners to break completely with the Lewis machine and to join the National Miners' Union. We welcome the Negro miners into our ranks as our brothers as well as the white foreign born workers and pledge ourselves to fight for the equality of all these ranks of workers."

Fight Collaboration.

The program is a pledge to fight for the best possible working conditions for the coal diggers. Opposition to class collaboration is emphatically stressed. Endorsement is made of the issue of a Labor Party. Class solidarity with all other workers in their battles and a program looking to the complete emancipation of the workers is embodied in the policy of the new union.

Charles Fulp, a Negro delegate, who was beaten up by the Lewis gangsters and later arrested, together with Wray and Stanovich, two other delegates, were released this forenoon. All those arrested have now been released.

Fulp was fined $10 by the judge, who has throughout shown his prejudice against the coal miners. Fulp was beaten up by twelve gangsters who attacked the mine delegates before Hotel Monongahela last Sunday. Forty-seven stitches were taken in Fulp's head and body.

Fagan Leads Gangsters.

The gangsters were led by Pat Fagan, arch traitor and head of the Lewis District 5. Eight police watched the gangsters finish their job on Fulp. After they had departed, the cops pulled their guns on Fulp and placed him under arrest. He was held in jail for two days during which he received but one meal and two glasses of water.

Last night a thousand dollar bond offered for Fulp, Wray and Stanovich was refused by the magistrate intent on keeping them in jail. Today, however, they were released.

The attack on Calamari was led by John Buzzarilli, a Lewis subdistrict board member. Delegates to the convention who recognized Buzzarilli saw him jump on and kick Calamari just before the unconscious miner was dragged off to the patrol wagon.

• • •

Workers Protest Raids.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 11.—Indignation and mass protest against the "suppressive measures of the Pittsburgh police and hirelings of the Lewis machine for their attempt to disrupt the convention" for a new mine union was expressed in a meeting here at which several hundred workers attended.

The meeting which was called following the receipt of newspaper reports of the vicious raids of the Lewis gangsters and the police likewise protested against the "cold-blooded murder of Frank Bonita one of the delegates to the convention of the National Miners' Union," who was shot by Lewis hirelings several days before the opening of the convention. Al Schaap acted as chairman of the meeting and George O. Hanrohan as secretary.

A resolution recounting the acts of treachery of the Lewis machine and pledging support to the new national miners' union was passed enthusiastically.

HOUNDS SEEKING MEN

Vile Conditions Are Cause of Jail Break

BATON ROUGE, La., Sept. 11.—Bloodhounds proceeded along the Mississippi River this morning as prison guards followed the trail of two prisoners, the only ones of thirteen to make good their escape after a desperate break from the penal farm at Angola. The bodies of six were recovered after a serious fight. Seven wounded men were treated in the prison hospital.

Vile conditions, poor food and indescribable brutality on the part of the prison wardens is understood to have been the cause of the jail break.

Overpowering two guards and making a rush for sawed-off shotguns, thirteen prisoners were soon returning the fire of a prison posse in pursuit. Aubrey Kinchen and Jack Broom were killed before they got free of the walls. When the others reached the ferry they were overtaken.

The four shot after they had climbed into the river craft dropped overboard into the river and were drowned. Cleveland Owen, known for several previous attempts to free himself, was their leader. The others were Stephen Beck, Stanley Proctor and Jack Martin.

BOSSES, BATTY TRY NEW PLAN

In New Attempt to Break Strike

Continued from Page One

ous "socialist" aides constantly praised these "progressive" mill barons. It was to these that Council officialdom always addressed its appeals for collaboration and a mutual agreement on an "efficient" plan of production.

The tone adopted by the manufacturers in their statement of demands issued after their meeting last night and delivered to the head of the Citizens' Mediation Committee is the same one taken by the A. F. of L. union in their enthusiastic endorsements of the Frieder speed-up plan. The employers took the position that the speed-up plan is a concession to the strikers. Batty's position is the same.

The mill owners therefore said: "It will be expensive to install and require special supervision to maintain."

The unshakable determination of the masses of the 28,000 strikers to fight both the employers and Batty in their plan to break the strike by a sell-out, is being fortified as the members of Batty's own union see thru this attempt of the boss-Batty alliance to make them think that they would be making great gains by "winning" the Frieder speed-up system. The great majority of the council leadership openly declare their intention to join the T. M. C. adherants in their struggle to win the 22-week-old strike even if the wage cut notices are withdrawn.

TEXTILE BARONS TRY FRAME-UP

New Bomb Blast in Kenosha

KENOSHA, Wis., Sept. 11.—The fourteenth in a series of bomb explosions occurred yesterday when a blast went off at the home of Alfred Gemmell. Gemmell's brother William, who lives with him is said to be one of the strikebreakers in the local hosiery mill now on strike.

The explosion like those previously set off is believed to have been set off by private operatives of the mill bosses who are known to be using this time-honored method in an attempt to discredit the strike.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

PROPOSE LAWS TO SMASH INDIA LABOR UNIONS

Try New Method to Halt Strike Wave

LONDON, (By Mail).—The ever-rising revolt of the Indian workers, the strikes on the railways, in the cotton and jute mills, in Tata's iron and steel works have frightened the rulers of India, who are now going to add some "legal" repression to their well-known methods of shooting, imprisonment, etc.

Two bills will be introduced in the coming session of the Legislative Assembly which are both aimed directly at the workers' organizations. One, a Trade Union Bill, on the same lines as our own Act, but designed to cripple and fetter the workers even more rigidly. The other, a "Public Safety Bill," which empowers the government to "remove" Bolshevist agents from the country whenever they like.

The special purpose of this bill is to provide for the removal of British-born subjects of His Majesty from the British territory of India! It thus plays hell with all British constitutional theories, "rights of the subject," etc. Our rulers do not mind bursting "constitutionalism" wide open when it pleases them.

The reason for all this is that in the past it has not been difficult to prevent known "Reds" from landing in India; they are simply told they are not wanted. But to get them out legally was more difficult; thus George Allison's deportation form was marked "Aliens" in large letters.

Trade unionists who try to help the workers to organize for fighting will now be treated as "Bolshevist agents" and deported. In this the government will be helped by Right Wing leaders, such as Mr. Kirk, a "leader" of the Southern Indian Railway Union, who has declared: "Unfortunately it is true that the strike is due to the influence of Communists."

The bills are likely to go through the Legislative Assembly, where most of the Swarajist "opposition" are capitalists. Even if they do not, the government will "certify" them.

PARTY SECTIONS AID BIG BAZAAR

Bishop and Mrs. Brown Sending Articles

Continued from Page One

work necessary to make the bazaar a success.

Many trade unions and sympathetic organizations are also actively working for the bazaar, while in every section of the country workers are collecting articles in order to make this the greatest proletarian bazaar ever held in this country. Among those who are busy with bazaar work is Mrs. William Montgomery Brown, wife of the heretic bishop, who is sewing articles that will be among the choicest numbers at the bazaar. Bishop Brown is also sending copies of his books which will be sold at the book sections of the bazaar.

The Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee, 30 Union Square, has emphasized the importance of this year's event, since upon its success depends the existence of the two fighting working class dailies. All workers are urged to bend their energies toward the goal of sending the bazaar over the top.

Slave Driver in Ceylon; Lipton

Frequently referred to in the capitalist press as a "true British sport and good fellow", Sir Thomas Lipton, who spends his considerable quantities of spare time racing British against American yachts, is better known to the Ceylonese workers as a slave driver. His huge fortune was amassed from the labor of Tamili workers on his tea plantations. There, for pitiable wages which keep them just above starvation line, the serfs of this "genial sportsman" cultivate and pick the tea—which brings him money to invest in yachts. Above, Sir Thomas Lipton, with Charles Levine, imperialist flier.

PAINLEVE MAKES MILITARY PLANS

To Build Armaments Across Europe

PARIS, Sept. 11.—While Briand was delivering his attack against the Soviet Union at Geneva and talking of "disarmament," war minister Painleve of France was viewing the army maneuvers between Metz and Strasburg, on his way for an extended tour of the northeast frontier where he is to make practical recommendations for the strongest line of fortifications Europe has ever seen.

Painleve will leave the maneuvers to preside at the conference of military chiefs and experts, which is to lay plans for the immediate start of work on the fortifications which will stretch from the North Sea to the Mediterranean. He is accompanied by chief of the general staff, Gneral Debeney, and General Fieilleneau, and by members of the senate and house of deputies army commissions.

To start work on this line of the most modern fortifications this year's budget has already assigned 200,000,000,000 francs for the building of forts, roads, railways, underground communications, batteries and redoubts.

Japan Favors British Naval Pact as U. S. Voices Disagreement

LONDON, Sept. 11 (UP).—It was announced at a meeting of the Japanese cabinet today that Japan welcomed the Anglo-French naval agreement, an exchange telegraph dispatch from Tokio said.

Japan considers the agreement a step towards world disarmament, the dispatch said. Premier Tanaka said Japan had unofficially notified the powers she welcomed the naval compromise, but had sent no formal reply, since the United States had not agreed to the agreement.

Assassin of Obregon Found to Be Sane; Will Be Tried Soon

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 11 (UP).—Six blood tests made of Jose De Leon Toral, assassin of President-elect Obregon, showed him to be entirely normal, it was announced today. Further tests of Toral's drawing, craftsmanship and other physiological examinations will be made next.

The prosecution is prepared to present its evidence against Toral and those accused with him of plotting the assassination, but the testimony is so voluminous that preparations may delay the trial until October.

22 KILLED IN ITALY

MONZA, Italy., Sept. 11.—Investigators were unable to explain today the accident which claimed 22 lives during the Grand Prix auto races here Sunday. Emilio Materazzi's machine suddenly leaped the ditch surrounding the track and crashed into the crowd behind a concrete wall. The ditch was eight feet wide and was considered one of the safest in the world for spectators.

RUMANIAN TRIAL OF 144 WORKERS AIMED AT LABOR

Banning of Unions Looming

(Red Aid Press Service)

BUCHAREST, Rumania (By Mail).—One hundred and forty-four accused workers will shortly appear before the military court in Klausenburg. The accused include the best known leaders of the working class movement, many union functionaries and workers. The charge is "conspiracy" and "action for revolt."

The real ground for the process is quite different. The action against the united labor unions has taken on an especially sharp form, above all in Transylvania where these organizations are strongly grounded. The beginning of this action was the mass arrests that have taken place for the last few months in Klausenburg, Oradea and Temesvar. Then followed mass arrests directed especially against the Workers International Relief, which was declared "dangerous for the state."

The names of the accused show best the real purpose of the government in this process. The president of the united labor unions, Kalman Mueller, the representative Eugen Rosvan, the editor of the workers' paper, Stefan Foris, well-known functionaries like Avramescu, Tordai, etc., are among them.

Tortures which drove one of the accused to suicide and the 40 day hunger strike of Stefan Foris were the introductions to this process.

It is hoped that the public expression of European workers will hinder the ending of this process in the destruction of the workers' organizations.

Campaign Notice

A PACKAGE of one hundred leaflets will be sent you FREE OF CHARGE by the National Election Campaign Committee. Just send in your name and address on a post card or letter. This is not an advertising campaign, and the Committee is not seeking a profit on the sale of campaign leaflets. 500,000 leaflets will be given away. If you like the idea, you can keep it going by sending as much as you can contribute to the Free Campaign Leaflet Fund to enable the Committee to renew the offer.

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The Presidential Elections of 1928..........ARNE SWABECK

Obregon Assassinated.........................JANET CORK

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Worker Correspondent Tells of Attack on the Miners' Convention by Lewis Thugs

[illegible]ICE HELPED [illegible]NGSTERS; JAIL [illegible]NY MILITANTS

[illegible]wis Men Wear "Patriotic" Ribbons

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PITTSBURGH, Pa. (By Mail).—[illegible] hundred hired assassins of [illegible] treacherous Lewis machine, [illegible] to the teeth, displaying red, [illegible] and blue ribbons, symbols of [illegible] loyalty, marched upon the [illegible] and file Miners' Convention [illegible] at Pittsburgh, slugging and [illegible]ing the delegates mercilessly [illegible] the aid of the local and state [illegible], who entered the hall and [illegible] up the convention.

Police and Thugs Together.

The police and the hired thugs of [illegible] corrupt Lewis machine arrived [illegible]neously at the convention [illegible]. While the police drove the [illegible] hundreds of delegates as[illegible] from the hall, the paid [illegible] of Lewis met them at the [illegible] or on the street with clubs and [illegible]jacks, felling the marked lead[illegible] of the rank and file miners.

[illegible] Calamere, progressive organizer, [illegible] the first attacked, being beaten [illegible] kicked while the police looked [illegible]. He was left unconscious in the [illegible] of the street, his head beaten [illegible] a bloody pulp, while the thugs [illegible]ued their bloody deeds. The [illegible] street outside the hall was a [illegible] mess, marked by the uncon[illegible] forms of progressive leaders. Calamere and others were rushed to [illegible] hospital. Calamere's condition [illegible] reported to be critical.

Frank Sepich, progressive of east[illegible] Ohio, was also badly beaten, [illegible] he managed to get into one of [illegible] rooms of the convention hall, [illegible] he was later found in a semi[illegible] condition by the police. [illegible] head was cut open in several [illegible] by blows from the Lewis [illegible]sters. Sepich was also taken [illegible] the hospital.

While the fight was going on out[illegible] the police searched the hall for [illegible] leaders. Tony Minerich, young [illegible] of the progressive miners, [illegible] located and immediately ar[illegible]. He was roughly handled by [illegible] police and when taken outside [illegible] the waiting police patrol a blood[illegible] yell arose from the hired [illegible] thugs who swarmed on the [illegible]walk.

Police Help Thugs.

The police did not arrest any of [illegible] Lewis thugs, but actually helped [illegible] in the slugging and carried [illegible] felled leaders to the patrol [illegible].

There was much excitement and [illegible]fusion when the rush was made [illegible] the hall. The Lewis thugs [illegible] marked by the "patriotic" rib[illegible] of red, white and blue. The [illegible]orities and the thugs attacked [illegible]body who wore delegate rib[illegible] and who did not carry the pa[illegible] emblem.

[illegible] was reported that many inno[illegible] onlookers received blows from [illegible] clubs of thugs. The city is full [illegible] "ten dollar assassins." All meet[illegible] places of the progressive miners [illegible] watched by these thugs and by [illegible] police.

Many more arrests are expected [illegible] police are combing the city for [illegible] progressive mine leaders.

Indications are that the rank and [illegible] miners will go through with the [illegible]vention and will assemble again [illegible] the convention hall tomorrow.

FRANK HENDERSON.

[illegible]ptist Home Official [illegible]rned Money Over "Movie-Struck" Girls

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 11 (UP).—[illegible] of the missing gold from [illegible] of the Southern Baptist [illegible] Mission Board was showered [illegible] two movie struck girls by Clin[illegible] S. Carnes, missing treasurer, [illegible] believed today.

Thomas Howell Scott, one of the [illegible] for Carnes' interests, said [illegible] two contracts had been found [illegible] the treasurer's private safe. They [illegible]ated that Carnes was to fi[illegible] the quest of Sonja Norida and [illegible] Lois Griffin for moving pic[illegible] honors. In return, when suc[illegible] was theirs, the two girls were [illegible] him back, plus interest.

[illegible]maged Ship in Tow

BOSTON, Sept. 11 (UP).—The [illegible] wasted lumber schooner Lin[illegible], reported in distress after col[illegible] with the Boston Collier Sew[illegible] Point six miles south-southeast [illegible] Cape Cod, was enroute to Boston [illegible] today.

[illegible] were that none of the [illegible] crew had been injured and [illegible] the schooner, while badly dam[illegible] was in no danger of sinking.

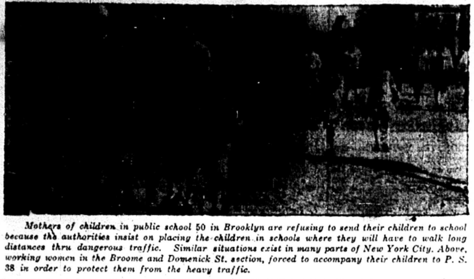
[illegible]FITS FOR MELLON.

[illegible]SBURGH, Sept. 11 (UP).—[illegible] Aluminum Company of Amer[illegible] declared its regularly quarter[illegible] today of $1.50 on preferred [illegible] payable October 1, to stock[illegible] of record September 15.

[illegible]HOONER IN DISTRESS.

[illegible], Sept. 11 (UP).—The [illegible] Navy Yard reported tonight [illegible] informed by the Chatham [illegible] of the Radio Corporation of [illegible] that the Schooner Lincoln [illegible] six miles south, south[illegible] of Cape Cod Light.

Mothers Forced to Take Children to and from School



Mothers of children in public school 50 in Brooklyn are refusing to send their children to school because the authorities insist on placing the children in schools where they will have to walk long distances thru dangerous traffic. Similar situations exist in many parts of New York City. Above, working women in the Broome and Domenick St. section, forced to accompany their children to P. S. 38 in order to protect them from the heavy traffic.

U. S. GOVERNMENT IS TEACHING MURDER

By PEDRO GOTAY LOPEZ.

The United States has established throughout the different states, a very effective system of military training. The primary purpose of these military institutions is the teaching of mass murder to the younger generations. The students that enlist yearly in the C. M. T. C. or R. O. T. C. form a very important part of the long chain of lackies at the service of Yankee imperialism. They are the servile class, which, in a future war, will be obliged to defend the capitalist pirates of America.

In these camps the raucous politicians of the White House turn out yearly a large number of prepared men, taught to be unconscious mechanical slaves. They are fed with imperialist shallowness and hence, like damned slaves, are unable to rebel against their yellow masters.

The military authorities maintain that their chief motive in establishing these camps is the teaching of citizenship. But what kind of citizenship?

Lured by the brilliancy of a military career I myself was once a student in the R. O. T. C. of the University of Porto Rico, a senior candidate in the C. M. T. C. of Fort San Cristobal, a member of the National Guard and, later on, of the Reserve Corps. And to my own satisfaction I unmasked the so-called teaching of citizenship in military camps. The military text-books used in the C. M. T. Camps and universities say that the object of military training is to fight battles. In other words, to murder our brethren. So that the very government that, in a cynical output of fakery and sheer irony, is trying to outlaw war teaches murder to the youth of America, "the land of the free." And they called this citizenship.

Imperialist Bandits.

Yes, dear comrades, the right kind of citizenship that the imperialist bandits want to instil into the hearts of the young men. The dirty fakers say that capitalism is right, slavery a sane institution, and that the government at Washington is the best that man, aided by his capitalist god, can devise. (They say all this in their soporific lectures on citizenship). They take great pains to make the young soldiers understand that when a war breaks out every citizen should enlist in the army of the imperialists, ready to die, like a good boy, for the millionaires of Wall Street. All that is opposed to this curious kind of citizenship is foolery and downright treason. And who is hired to teach this grandiose lesson? A priest. Invested with all the authority of a minister of God this well-paid faker teaches murder. Rebellion against militarism, say the holy wiseacre, is rebellion against the Almighty. Thus making of their poor God a big millionaire, hater of the working class.

Camp life is spent in bayonet training, machine gun and rifle firing, trench warfare, etc. The program itself unmasks the feigned pacifist attitude of the degenerate mass murderers and their puppets. In the universities this program is enlarged. Students are obliged to enlist in the R. O. T. C. even in violation of their creeds. They are handled like a herd of cattle. The militarists believes that the students should be guided by their cicerones to save them from the abyss of knowledge and hence from becoming alert and rebellious. But in spite of this they rebel and throw away the bunk forced on them by priests. Now we can see the far-reaching effect of teaching the philosophy of class-consciousness to the young.

Class Struggle.

Hand in hand with the teachings of class struggle. The shallow-minded imperialists are preparing their greatest and, perhaps, final outbreak of thunder. It is very easy for them to declare war. They do not suffer. They have not to mourn after the event for they keep their sons in easy jobs, far away from the roaring of cannons. They have newspapermen to preach the poor murder the poor, to fire them with a flame of insane patriotism. Capitalist editrs, like politicians, gain millions in the big business of making war. And they are so debased as to trade with the life of men. They do not care. It is the poor who do the fighting, hungry and panting; it is poor women and children who are starved to death. War is declared for them, the enslaved class in modern society.

For the rich war is business. That is why it is easy for them to preach war.

But where are you, class-conscious fathers? It is for you to fight these evils. Train your sons to fight the society criminals, hiding between piles of golden dust in their sumptuous palaces of Wall Street and Washington. Let the young generation learn the evils of war when it is against the working class. Let them know that the only war in which they should take a hand is that which will try to liberate the workers from the oppression of world imperialism. After learning the truth, if they have any brains, they will rebel against the pirates of capitalism and the debased religious class that, in the name of a millionaire god, teach the young the destructive principles of mass murder.

WORKERS PARTY OPEN-AIR MEETS

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

TODAY.

2nd Ave. and 10th St.—Goliger, Joe Cohen.

Union Square—Hendin, Caplan, Ross, B. Gussakoff, M. Stone (Pioneer).

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx—LeRoy, Alkin, Jessie Taft (Pioneer).

Fleet St. and Flatbush Ext., Bklyn.—Bimba, Moore, Rosemond, Midolla.

Eagle Pencil Co., N. Y.—Frankfeld.

7th Ave. and 131st St.—R. Moore, Pasternack, Kagan, O. Passikoff (Pioneer).

7th Ave. and 137th St.—Wright, Grace Lamb, Williams, Ed. Welsh.

Passaic, N. J.—Baum, Evelyn Blacker, Ida Starr.

Newark, N. J. (Negro meeting)—Clayton and Broome St.—George Padmore, R. Duke.

TOMORROW.

138th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx—Blake, Shapiro, Frishkoff, M. Smith (Pioneer).

40th St. and 8th Ave.—Powers, Shafran, A. Harris.

25th St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I. Sisselman, Sumner, Suskin, Chalupski.

Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I.—Vera Bush, McDonald, Rock, Mueller, Heder, Harfield.

Allerton and Cruger, Bronx—Nessin, Primoff, Spiro, Wm. Margolis, Severino.

Stone and Pitkin Ave., Bklyn.—Ben Lifshitz, Julius Cohen, Louis Mikels (Pioneer).

106th St. and Madison Ave.—Codkind, Green, Ed. Welsh.

FRIDAY.

National Biscuit Co. (noon).—Ballam, Wilson, B. Gussakoff.

Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn.—Roggoin, Chernenko, Castrell, Jim Cork.

5th Ave. and 110th St.—Reiss, Margolis, Severino.

BRITISH ARE FOR MILITARIST PACT

Defends Anglo-French War Treaty at Geneva

Continued from Page One

thought, the British minister is preparing the way for other pacts and treaties, similar to the Franco-British naval pact, under cover of "good-will" and "peace." It is significant that neither in the speeches of Briand or Cushendun was there a single reference to a plan for complete disarmament as proposed by the Soviet Union, except when the former, in an extremely belligerent tone, yesterday referred to the "theatrical gestures" of the Soviet Union.

• • •

Powers Meet; U. S. Absent.

GENEVA, Sept. 11 (UP).—The Big Five—Britain, France, Belgium, Italy and Japan—met with Germany today to discuss Berlin's proposals for evacuation of the Rhineland.

The meeting was in the apartments of Lord Cushendun of England and was attended by Cushendun, Foreign Minister Aristide Briand, France; Foreign Minister Paul Hymans, Belgium; Vittorio Scialoja, Italy; Mineichiro Adachi Japan, and Chancellor Hermann Mueller, Germany.

The greatest importance was attached to the meeting, which started at 5 p. m. It was the first time the powers directly concerned had consented to discuss the Rhineland evacuation with Germany.

The way for the meeting was paved when Foreign Minister Gustave Stresemann of Germany visited Paris for the Kellogg treaty signing. The optimism which had prevailed in German circles since then, however, was dimmed considerably as today's conference started, by reaction to Briand's assembly speech of yesterday. The French diplomat dismissed in blunt terms Germany's claim that she is disarmed while the former allies are not. He insisted that Germany has a highly trained army of 100,000.

Moreau Lloyd, I. Zimmerman, Cruz, Lyons.

Varet and Graham Ave., Bklyn.—Taft, Yusem, G. Welsh, C. Silverman (Pioneer).

50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn.—Vern Smith, Wm. Frank, Suskin, D. Kuhl (Pioneer), A. Harris.

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Bert Miller, C. Martin.

Paterson, N. J.—(3 Governor St.) Markoff, Erdy, Szepesey.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 15.

1st Ave. and 116th St. N. Y.—(Italian) McGee, Green Magliacano, Napoli.

1st Ave. and 79th St. N. Y.—Auerbach, Rolfe, Lustig, Lloyd, Spiro.

West New York, N. J.—(14th St. and Bergenline Ave.) Gussakoff.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—(308 Elm St.) Vera Bush, Covatcz, L. Duke. Elizabeth Ave.)

Elizabeth, N. J.—(Smith and Elizabeth Ave.) Markoff, R. Duke.

Bryant and 174 St., Bronx—Ben Gold, V. Cibulsky, Wortis, Leo

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LENINGRAD, MOSCOW
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BERLIN
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of
Interesting Travel
Free Russian Visas

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SOVIET RUSSIA
(Last Tour This Year)
Sails:
SS. MAURETANIA
October 17
WORLD TOURISTS
Incorporated.
69 FIFTH AVE.
New York
Algonquin
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SHANGHAI MEN TO DELIVER PHONE BOOK DIRECTORIES

From 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. for $2

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BOSTON (By Mail).—I am a Bostonian and I had a fair taste of the "prosperity" that exists there. Being out of work for several months I thought I would try a bigger city. And the capitalist press tells us daily what a remarkable amount of prosperity we have in this country. Why, even Coolidge says so. I therefore felt sure that since Boston had nothing for me, certainly I would have good luck in New York.

"Lady Prosperity."

Here I spent more than three weeks looking for lady prosperity until one day I read an ad, "Men wanted to deliver telephone directories; paid daily." Several addresses were given. I went to 51st St. and 11th Ave. As I neared the place a man grabbed me by the shoulder and shouted, "Here is another one." Another man came to me, asked me my name and address, without bothering to learn whether I was merely a passerby or actually out for a job.

At that point I felt that Coolidge was correct. There is prosperity. Why, they actually shanghai men to work, so great is the demand. After they took down my name and address, they told me to start loading the truck. I asked how much I would be paid. They said two dollars and one and one-quarter cents. They explained my wondering, saying that I would be paid two dollars for the day and one and one-quarter cents for each old book returned. What could be sweeter?

I followed the men into the warehouse and found the bundles of directories that they loaded contained 14 books, Brooklyn edition. To say the least, it was very heavy. We loaded several trucks with from 3,000 to 4,000 books in each.

22 Flights Up.

The truck to which I was attached went to the dress district. The truck remained at one certain place. In order to deliver the directories we often had to walk several blocks to the place and there go up to the 22nd floor, or something very similar. Now and then, after some searching, I managed to find old directories to return.

At noon I noticed that no one was knocking off for lunch. I asked the foreman about lunch and he answered to go right ahead and eat if you wish. I asked some of the others why they were not going out to eat. Some said they weren't hungry, while others said that they didn't have a cent to their names.

When five o'clock came I thought that my shoulders would come off, they were so tired. At five-thirty I asked the foreman when we quit. He answered he would tell us when to quit. I began to speak to the men and asked them whether they didn't think that we had already done enough work between 7:00 a. m. and 5:30 p. m. and that there was no use doing more since even the commission was at that late hour not more than sixty-three cents per man. They said that if we should quit we wouldn't get any money at all. I told them not to worry but call it a day. Four of us quit.

The others kept on werking. When they came back for another load I talked to them again. When six o'clock came all of us had quit, against the foreman's will. We weren't through, however, because we had to put the old books, which were on the sidewalk, into the truck. At eight o'clock we were through. We were given the $2 per man, but were told to return Saturday for the commission.

I can't paint the picture as black as it actually was. They worked us like h—— and then fooled us with that commission. But I'm no writer, so I can't say it as I'd like.

I just want to close with a word of warning to the poor suckers who like the sound of working on a commission basis. It's nothing more than sound and you must work your body out before you can scratch enough money with which you might buy a couple of meals.

Now I'm in Boston again and a little gladder to be out of work with people I know, not as it was in New York.

M. S.

SLAVE FOR STEEL TRUST 32 YEARS; FIRED; TOO OLD

Workers Must Organize to Fight Bosses

(By a Worker Correspondent)

GARY, Ind., (By Mail).—The worker Goodman is an old man. He is 57 years of age. He has been working for the United States Steel Corporation for the last 32 years.

He has been employed in different plants of the corporation. The poor slave worked as a scab in the great steel strike of 1919 in the Gary steel mills. Two years ago the corporation presented him with a steel medallion in recognition of his [illegible] service for the U. S. S. Corporation.

Since then he has been working in the police force (in the steel mill police force!). As such he worked last year in August day and night to protect the company's property from the Reds! You remember that at that time our Comrades Sacco and Vanzetti were murdered by the bosses. All his life this man has been trying to satisfy the bosses, thinking about his pension of $50 a month, which the company is supposed to give to every worker who works for 20 to 30 years continuously for the U. S. Steel Corporation. For he did not know that the steel mills are here not to pension but to rule the workers.

A couple of weeks ago he was discharged. No reason at all was given. He was simply told that he is unable to work even in the police force. It is true that he is a physical wreck. No man can work for 32 years in that hell and be strong and healthy.

After he was discharged the company sent spies to his house to get the medallion from him so that he could not prove his continuous service.

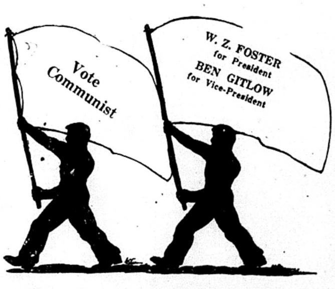
He is scared to give his case to the Gary lawyers. He is sure that every one of them is one way or another in the service of the corporation.

Last week he had to beat it from Gary. He went on his sister's farm in Ohio where he hopes to regain his health and to find some lawyer who will win the $50 a month pension for him.

That is a story for the steel workers to study. We must know that individually we are unable to get even what is due us by the rules of the United States Steel Corporation. One by one we are exploited when we are healthy and strong, but when nothing is left in our bodies they throw us out.

We must agitate, educate and organize ourselves into a strong union and united we can get what is due to us—the steel workers. They are built by us and the time will come when they will belong to the steel workers' union.

—S. W.



Order a Bundle!

Let The DAILY WORKER help you in your Election Campaign Work.

Order a bundle to distribute and sell at your open air meetings, in front of factories and at union meetings.

Special price on Daily Worker bundles during election campaign.

$8.00 per thousand (regular price $10.00 per thousand).

Enclosed find $.........for........Daily Workers
Name ....
Street ....
City .... State ....

"Machinal" at the Plymouth

Hopkins Play Is a Treat for Lovers of Expressionistic Acting

IN "Machinal", now playing at the Plymouth Theatre, Zita Johann gives a portrayal of a young woman caught in the meshes of a life to which she cannot accommodate herself; a weak woman always rebelling but always finally submitting until in desperation she kills her husband, an act that was appreciated by the audience but which led his executioner to the electric chair.

Zita Johann

The play is by Sophie Treadwell and both the author and the producer were successful in presenting a picture of life that would not excite the admiration of anybody not having Rotarian blood in his veins.

Hopkins departed from the customary method of dramatic production by dispensing with superfluous scenery and depending for effect on the histrionic powers of the cast and the splendid lighting effect.

The story in brief is of a young woman who was employed in an office and was unfortunate enough to have the vice-president of the company fall in love with her. Being the only support of her mother she marrried the giggling, complacent, success expert.

Later on we find her in a restaurant or speakeasy where she makes the acquaintance of a singing sheik who boasted of the killing of an enemy in Mexico with a bottle filled with little stones. She became enamoured of the new acquaintance and accompanied him to his room.

In the last act of the play she is on trial for the murder of her husband and is found guilty of killing him with a bottle filled with pebbles. She goes to the electric chair, thus breaking the usual precedent on Broadway, where the heroine is almost always saved at the eleventh hour by a pardon or the sudden turning-up of the real culprit.

IN NEW FAGAN PLAY

Minna Gombell who stars with John T. Doyle in the latest Myron C. Fagan play "The Great Power" which opened last night at the Ritz Theatre.

The play is produced in two acts and several scenes. It holds one's attention from the beginning to the end and tho it may not be as big a revenue producer as some of these productions that strike below the belt, it is well worth the cost of a ticket to those who cannot be satisfied with dramatic hokum.

The young woman in "Machinal", whether her creator knows it or not reminds one forcibly of the fate of the middle class rebels against the grind of the modern industrial processes who resort to Mencken or poetry in their quest for an avenue of escape. But there is salvation in neither swamp. In fact they are doomed. (Here we shall leave them for the moment.)

Be that as it may, "Machinal" is well worth seeing and if there be any members of the New Playwrights Theatre solvent enough to pay the tariff or crash the box office, they might learn a few tricks in the art of production that would save much floor space in Cherry Lane.

The honors of the performance go in the order mentioned to, Zita Johann, the young woman, George Stillwell, her killable husband, Chas. Kennedy, the priest (who by the way is a former altar boy and is now a perfectly good atheist) and Jean Adair, the young woman's mother. The rest of the cast is good but too numerous to mention here.

—T. J. O'F.

AMUSEMENTS

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER
IN ITS REVISED FORM?
CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30
Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

HUDSON West 44 St. Evs. at 8:30
Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30
"Goin' Home"
"Vivid and unfailingly exciting."
—Alison Smith, World.

CENTURY Thea., Central Pk. W. & 62 St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Wed. and Sat.
THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d and B'way 3rd BIG WEEK
"DAWN"
With SYBIL THORNDIKE
and on the same program
"MEMORIES OF CONFLICT"

John D. Seymour, recently seen here in "The Royal Family", has been engaged to play an important role in "Mr. Moneypenny."

Acceptance Speeches
Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

PRICE 5 CENTS
In lots of 100 or more 30 per cent off.

National Election Campaign Committee
43 EAST 125TH STREET
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All orders must be accompanied by payment

1200 Mothers in Brooklyn Threaten to Call a General School Strike

CHILDREN FORCED TO GO TO MORE DISTANT SCHOOLS

No Seats Provided for 70,000 Pupils

Twelve hundred mothers in Brooklyn yesterday delivered an ultimatum to the Board of Education that they would go on strike to keep their children out of school unless action was taken this week to alter the recent reallocation of school assignments in the Williamsbridge district.

One hundred mothers went on strike on Monday, keeping their children from the schools to which they had been transferred by the school authorities, altho these schools were great distances away from the homes of the children. Under the new rule, children have been forced to travel unusually long distances thru dense traffic to reach the schools.

Many of the striking mothers picketed in front of school No. 150 yesterday.

An open air mass meeting of parents will be held this evening at the corner of Rodney and South Third Streets, Brooklyn, to acquaint mothers of the children affected by the reallocation of the strike plans.

When school opened thruout New York City on Monday, over 70,000 school children found themselves without seats. The usual attempt will be made to partially remedy this condition by part time sessions. Whereas increased facilities would have improved the situation, the part time plan has failed.

FALL BUSY AGAIN.

TULSA, Okla., Sept. 11.—The action of Albert B. Fall, former secretary of the interior, in leasing Quapaw Indian lands near Picher, Okla., to the Eagle-Picher Lead Company, was upheld today by Federal Judge F. E. Kannamer, who entered a decree for the company and dismissed complaints asking for the cancellation of certain mining contracts.

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JOSEPH E. ERON, Principal
THE LARGEST AND BEST AS WELL AS OLDEST SCHOOL.
to learn the English language, to prepare oneself for admission to College.
ERON SCHOOL is registered by the REGENTS of the State of New York. It has all the rights of a Government High School.
Call, Phone or write for Catalogue:
Register Now. School Opens in September.
Our 25,000 alumni are our best witnesses.
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Boarders Wanted
Accommodations for 5 or 6 — Male Boarders — Clean, sunny rooms, good table. CONATY, 401 East 142nd Street.

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NEW YORK CITY
Individual Sanitary Service by Experts.—LADIES' HAIR BOBBING SPECIALISTS.
Patronize a Comradely Barber Shop

TODAY—
Wednesday Evening, September 12
8 P. M., will be held
Membership Meeting of "Proletcos"
(Prolet Cooperative Stores, Inc.)
at the WORKERS SCHOOL, 26-28 UNION SQUARE
—Fifth Floor—
Very important matters will be taken up.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF "PROLETCOS"
N. Polak, Sec'y.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Night Workers.

Regular meeting of the Night Workers Branch will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock at 26-28 Union Square, top floor.

* * *

2E, 2F.

A meeting will be held today at 6:15 p. m. at 10 W. 27th St.

* * *

Unit 6F, SS3D.

Unit 6F, SS3D will hold an educational meeting today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

4S, 3E.

The next unit meeting will be held today at 6 p. m.

* * *

Branch 6, Section 5.

The next meeting of Branch 6, Section 5, will be held this evening at 8:30. Spiro will lead the discussion on "The War Danger." Come on time.

* * *

International Branch 1, Section 1D.

A meeting of International Branch 1 Section 1D, will be held today at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

* * *

Section 1 Agitprop Conference.

Agitprop conference of Section 1 will be held today at 8 p. m. sharp at 60 St. Marks Place. All unit agitprops must be present.

* * *

Literature Agents.

September Communist is out. All literature agents will return the August issue and receive the September bundles.

* * *

Section 1 Membership Meet.

A special membership meeting of Section 1 will be held tomorrow at 6:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place. On the order of business are: 1. Daily Worker and Freiheit Bazaar. 2. Discussion on the War Danger. Comrade Ella Wolfe will lead the discussion. All members must attend.

* * *

FD1, SS 2C.

Unit FD1, Subsection 2C meets today at 6 p. m. at the Freiheit office, 30 Union Square.

* * *

Brownsville Youth.

The Brownsville Youth will hold an election campaign conference on Sept. 16th of all Youth Workers' organizations. It will be held at 122 Osborn St. at 11 a. m.

* * *

Bronx Agitprop Conference.

A conference of all campaign managers and committees, all agitprop directors, all Daily Worker and literature agents and all others interested in campaign work will be held tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave.

* * *

Harlem Young Workers League.

The Harlem section of the Young Workers League is holding a hammer and sickle party Saturday, Sept. 15, at 8 p. m. at 143 East 103rd St. Dancing and refreshments will be some of the features.

* * *

Unit 3F 2A.

A very important meeting of Unit 3F, Subsection 2A will be held tomorrow, 6 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Youth Day Meetings.

The following International Youth Day meetings are scheduled for New Jersey:

Paterson: Thursday, Sept. 13, at 3 Governor St.

Newark: Friday, Sept. 14, at 93 Mercer St.

Passaic: Friday, Sept. 14, at 25 Dayton Ave.

* * *

Organization Conference.

An organization conference of Section 2 will be held Tuesday, Sept. 18, at 101 W. 27th St. at 6 p. m. All unit and subsection organizers must attend.

* * *

1F 3D.

Unit 1F 3D will hold a meeting tonight at 6 o'clock at 101 W. 27th St. Election of delegates to Section 3 conference will be held.

* * *

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 31 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

* * *

Harlem Y. W. L. Dance.

The Harlem unit of the Young Workers League will have a comraderie and dance on Saturday night, September 15, at 143 East 103rd St.

* * *

Newark Youth Day.

On Friday evening, Sept. 14, the Young Workers League of Newark will celebrate International Youth Day, at the Progressive Center, 93 Mercer Street. The program will include a play, dancing and good speakers.

* * *

German Branch, Yorkville Y. W. L.

The next meeting of the German Branch of the Young Workers League of Yorkville will be held on Friday, Sept. 14, 8 p. m., at the Hungarian Workers Home, 352 East 81st St. There will be a lecture on the "Communist Youth Movement."

* * *

Brownsville Open Air Meetings.

The Brownsville section of the Young Workers League will have the following open air meetings:

Tonight: Hinsdale and Glenmore Ave., 8:30 p. m.; speakers: S. Millman and Charles Wilson. Stone and Pitkin Ave., 8:30 p. m.; speakers: J. Polchick, George Clark, Joe Frum and Joe Fredman.

Thursday: Junius and Liberty Ave.; speakers: Polchick, S. Mellman and Charles Wilson.

* * *

Youth Day Celebration.

The Brownsville Youth Center issued a call for all young workers to attend the Youth Day Celebration.

* * *

Bath Beach Y. W. L.

A unit membership meeting of the Bath Beach Young Workers League will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 1965 Bath Ave.

FAT BANK PROFITS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Sept. 11 (UP).—An increase to $4 a share in the annual dividends of the Bancitaly Corporation was announced today by A. P. Giannini, president of the corporation.

VOLUNTEERS WANTED

in connection with Negro work. Typing, filing, addressing and covering affairs. Turn in your name and address to ELSIE NEWMAN, National Office, 43 East 125th St.

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Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

* * *

Jewelry Workers Notice.

The Jewelry Workers' Welfare Club will hold a ball and concert on Saturday evening, Nov. 3, at the Webster Manor, 11th St. All fraternal organizations are urged not to arrange conflicting affairs for that date.

* * *

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Campaign Conference.

A conference on the Bronx Workers' election campaign will be held Sunday, Sept. 16, at 2 p. m. at 1472 Boston Road. All labor and fraternal organizations sympathetic to the aims of the Workers Party are requested to send two delegates.

* * *

"Proletcos."

A membership meeting of "Proletcos" (Prolet Cooperative Stores, Inc.) will be held at the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square, 5th floor, today at 8 p. m.

* * *

Plumbers' Helpers.

The American Association of Plumbers' Helpers will hold a mass meeting today at the Labor Temple, 247 East 14th St. Election of officers and executive board will take place at this meeting.

* * *

Spanish Workers' Dance.

All friends are asked to attend the dance of the Spanish Workers' Club on Saturday, Sept. 15, at the Spanish Workers' Center, 55 West 135th St.

* * *

Brownsville I. L. D.

Brownsville I. L. D. will hold a special meeting tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 154 Watkins St.

* * *

Workers School Sport Club.

All friends and members of the Workers School Sport Club are invited to participate in an Over Night Hike which the Workers School Sport Club is having on Saturday, Sept. 15. We meet at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square at 8:30 and the destination is Tuckahoe Woods. There will be soccer practice on this hike. Be sure to bring a blanket, raincoat and sweater.

* * *

Rumanian Workers.

The Rumanian Workers' Club will hold a meeting tonight at 8:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Young Needle Trades Workers!

A mass meeting of all young needle trades workers will be held tomorrow immediately after work at Labor Temple in preparations for the Working Youth Conference. Attendance is urgent.

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DAILY WORKER
FREIHEIT

Bazaar Conference

THURSDAY EVE., SEPT. 13, at 8 p. m.

—AT—

1373 43rd Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

WORKERS PARTY UNITS, LABOR AND FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS ARE REQUESTED TO ELECT THREE DELEGATES

RUTH'S HOMER AIDS YANKS TO BEAT A'S

(By United Press)

Babe Ruth came to bat at the critical moment today, drove his 49th home run of the season over the right field fence, scoring Lou Gehrig ahead of him, and thereby the New York Yankees defeated the Philadelphia Athletics by the score of 5 to 3 in the third game of their crucial series for leadership in the American League.

The Yankees have now defeated the Athletics in all three games of this highly important four-game series and tonight are two and one half games in the lead.

It was a hard game for Lefty Grove to lose. He allowed seven hits and but for the one bad inning, the eighth, was never in serious trouble.

Henry Johnson took the mound duties for the Yankees and made a good job of it. He allowed seven hits but was a bit unsteady in the opening inning when the Athletics scored two runs. Haas was hit by a pitched ball with one out and Mickey Cochrane, Athletic catcher, tripled to left, scoring Haas. Al Simmons sent up a long sacrifice fly to Earl Combs in center field to score Cochrane. Following this inning, the Athletics were held well in check with the exception of the fourth when one more run was added.

Mickey Cochrane led the Athletic attack, hitting safely three times in four tries at bat, his triple in the opening inning accounting for one of the Athletics' runs.

The score was tied when Ruth came to bat at the climax of the Yankees' rally in the eighth inning. Up until that inning, the Yankees had been almost helpless under the pitching wizardry of Lefty Grove, ace of the Athletics' staff. Both Ruth and Gehrig had been struck out by Grove and neither had gotten a hit.

The Yankees had scored one run in the seventh on two hits and an infield out but they were still trailing, 3 to 1, when the Yankee half of the eighth came around.

First indication of trouble came when Grove couldn't find the corners and walked Combs. Koenig then beat out an infield hit and Combs went to third when Dykes pegged wild to first base trying to catch Koenig. With a man on third and first and none out, Grove let go a wild pitch and Combs raced across the plate.

* * *

The Giants won another doubleheader from the Boston Braves 11-6 and 7-6. Scott pitched the first against Cantwell and Greenfield of the Braves. Hubbel and Benton pitched for the Giants in the second and Cooney for Boston. The Giants took second place, displacing the Chicago Cubs, who won a game from Pittsburgh, 9-3.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.

New York 5, Philadelphia 3.
St. Louis 16, Cleveland 6.
Detroit 7, Chicago 6.

National League.

New York 11, Boston 6 (1st).
New York 7, Boston 6 (2nd).
Brooklyn 7, Philadelphia 2 (1st).
Philadelphia 4, Brooklyn 3 (2nd)
Chicago 9, Pittsburgh 3.
St. Louis, 6; Cincinnati, 3.

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TOLSTOY STATUE BANNED BY CZAR TO BE REPLACED

Symbol of a New and Free Russia

Continued from Page One

ulov, one of the best known Russian sculptors, and was presented to the city in 1913. But when an effort was made to place it on Muisky Square, a great protest was made by the religious elements. The rebellion of Tolstoy against a society dominated by a wealthy and decadent class and against the oppressive institution of the Orthodox Church was still fresh in the minds of the clericals.

They charged that it was a sacrilege to place an image of Leo Tolstoy, who had been excommunicated by the Orthodox Church, so near the Alexander Cathedral. Since the church was all-powerful in the czarist regime the government ordered the statue to be hidden.

During this week, when all of the Soviet Union will observe the centenary of Tolstoy's birth, the statue will be placed on Muisky Square.

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WORLD COTTON CONSUMPTION

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11 (UP).—The estimated world consumption of commercial cotton in 1927 was 23,204,000 bales, according to a report by the bureau of census today.

General

Bronx Bazaar Conference

WEDNESDAY EVE., SEPT. 12,
AT 8 P. M. AT
1472 Boston Road, Bronx, N. Y.

ALL WORKERS PARTY UNITS, FRATERNAL AND LABOR ORGANIZATIONS ARE REQUESTED TO ELECT THREE DELEGATES

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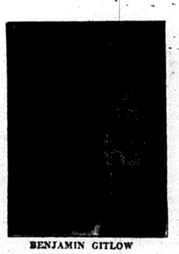

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For Vice-President
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☐ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Protecting the Holy Al Smith.

The clerical angle of Al Smith's candidacy for president may yet furnish the finance-capitalist government at Washington with a new approach to the problem of suppressing political propaganda of which it does not approve. The mailing of postcards said to convey someone's opinion of Al Smith has resulted in a movement to bar from the mails certain kinds of election propaganda that may be classified by capitalisit office holders as "scurrilous." We haven't forgotten that propaganda for the liberation of the working class has already been officially declared to be in the legal sense "scurrilous" and "obscene," and on that ground workers have already been jailed in several cases.

Postmaster General New says in connection with the postcards directed against Smith:

> "Scurrility should have no part in any political campaign nor should religion.
>
> "There are many reasons for opposing a candidate, but defamatory statements of this kind should not be among them. In the strongest way possible I wish to condemn such attacks on Governor Smith or any other candidate, and I shall do everything to prevent the mails from being a party to them."

We have said many times that Al Smith's real pope is not in Rome, but in Wall Street. The real menace of Al Smith comes from his character as a tool of American super-trusts and banking combinations. The effectiveness of the pope and all other religious instruments is preserved merely as they are tools for the befuddlement of the masses by the very sober heads of the oligarchy of finance-capital from which even the pope has to borrow money and ask favors.

But when a candidate of Wall Street enters the national political campaign obviously backed by clerical elements, and when at the same time a veritable Torquemadan censorship is proposed to stop any criticism of that candidate's clerical affiliations, it begins to look as though another means of handcuffing the working class movement is being sought.

There is nothing strange in the fact that Postmaster General New of the Teapot Dome cabinet undertakes to defend the candidate of the rival big capitalist party as an accompaniment to the move for further Tsarist censorship of political propaganda sent through the mails. It only goes to show that both the democratic and republican parties, with Al Smith and Herbert Hoover, represent the same financial oligarchy, and that their contest for office is mainly a contest of servants for employment by the one master. The only touch required to finish the picture is for the Reverend Norman Thomas, candidate for his own little capitalist party, to add his sanctimonious voice to the howl against "scurrility." Surely he will not lose the chance to defend "the opium of the people!"

The only real scurrility is the lying propaganda for capitalism, for the perpetuation of the filthy, criminal system of enslavement and exploitation, which all of the capitalist parties are conducting every day in tens of millions of copies of capitalist papers.

Read the Daily Worker and learn to understand your own working class movement for liberation, your own working class point of view which the capitalist class wants every excuse to suppress as "scurrilous."

And vote Communist.

Join your class party and fight for liberation from capitalism and all its "popes," both of finance and of superstition.

American Cooperative Movement

By GEORGE HALONEN.

(Continued.)

It is not possible for a living, fighting movement to remain an outsider in the social struggle. This movement must consider and discuss different economic and political theories and determine its attitude towards the big problems of the working class.

The Congress Decision.

The Fifth cooperative congress held in Minneapolis on November 4-6, 1926, unanimously decided that:

"Whereas, the cooperative movement in its nature is primarily a working class movement against the present system based on profit, and

"Whereas, a change in the present economic system of society can be accomplished only thru the united action of the whole working class, therefore

"Be it resolved, that this Fifth National Congress in convention assembled at Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 4-5-6, 1926, declares the cooperative movement to be a part of the general labor movement, and that therefore the cooperative movement should seek the cooperation of all workers and farmers' movements for the benefit of the exploited toilers."

This official declaration of the Cooperative League of the U. S. A. very clearly states that the changing of the present system of society is such a big task that it requires the united action of the whole working class and that therefore the cooperative movement cannot be an isolated movement but must seek cooperation of all workers' and farmers' for the benefit of the exploited toilers.

The resolution now put for a referendum would prevent even discussion of all vital problems the solving of which would benefit the exploited toilers. Thus this referendum is not only an attempt to nullify the unanimously adopted congress decision, but also a move to isolate the cooperative movement from the labor movement.

The ultimate result of this would mean that the cooperative movement must become purely a business movement without any social meaning.

"Neutrality" Only a Phrase.

The most ardent proponents of this "neutrality" do not support their theory in practise. They are in politics, even in party politics. Instead of remaining "neutral" in party politics, they attack in most vicious way workers' independent political action, and especially one party, the Workers Communist Party of America.

The comment of J. H. Walker, a member of the Board of Directors of the Cooperative League, is a very typical one. Here's his "neutrality":

"Neutrality."

"I favor the resolution with one qualification and that is: The League should have the right to discuss and act on political matters to the extent of having the right to eliminate from its membership Communists and fascists. Regardless of what their open declarations are, by experience, I know that they have for their purpose the destruction of every movement that means betterment of the workers, except the Communist or fascist movements, through which they expect to usher in through revolution, a dictatorship, establish executives whom they select the same powers as the Czar had during his regime.

"I don't think those gentlemen should be permitted in the Cooperative Movement or in the Trade Union Movement, or in any other organization of the workers that has in mind, dealing with conditions as they are, and through the establishment of the organization the use of their economic and political powers and influence, solving their problems and making progress peacefully. From experience, I know that the matter of truth, honesty or humanity has no place in their program."

"Red-Baiting."

Thus this Mr. Walker wants to "eliminate" all "divisive and controversial questions" by "Red baiting" stuff. And he considers his lying, misleading statement as an example of the neutrality proposed in the referendum.

An attack upon Communists and their "political and economic theory" is not the only thing supposed to be within the scope of this "neutrality," but also attacks upon the whole working class are part of the "neutrality," and everything in behalf of the working class is considered "controversial and devisive."

Dr. Warbasse, the president of the Cooperative League, has in many of his writings declared that: "Most of the people in the world are workers, therefore most of the fools are workers. . . ." But Mr. Walker has nothing to say against this "economic theory."

Dr. Warbasse, who ardently favors "neutrality" in the cooperative movement, writes in the August issue of "Cooperation," the official organ of the League about political issues. Instead of refraining from "politics" as he requires others in in the cooperative movement to do, he presents in the official cooperative magazine his own personal "programs and theories."

And what does this apostle of "neutrality" propose to the Co-operators? First he states that "At present the matter stands about thus: knaves, fools and patriots vote for mammon; dreamers, philanthropists and reformers vote for socialism; gentlemen, philosophers and sages vote not at all." Then he, however, admits that "There is probably no such thing as good government, but there are governments that are better than others." Thus preparing a ground for a "better" government, he states this: "The Democratic Party has no more use for cooperation than the republicans have. But Mr. Smith, the democratic candidate, introduces something new. He is a Catholic; and the Catholic Church is honestly and sincerely in favor of Cooperation. Its leaders recommend cooperation to their people. It is the only religious organization which makes cooperation one of its principles and is active in its promotion. This is not a theory; it is a fact."

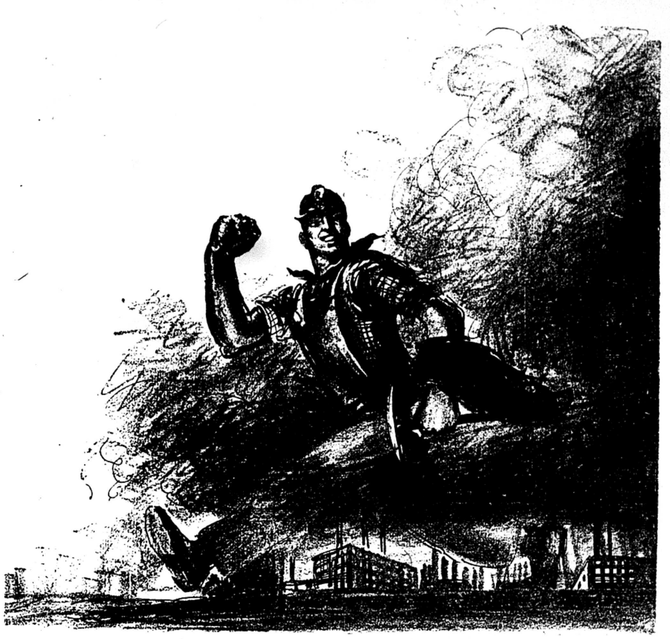
To boost Mr. Smith is "neutrality," to attack the Communists is "neutrality," but to explain that the cooperative movement must be a working class movement to fight the battles of the workers and poor farmers is "controversial and devisive."

This is the logic of those who want to rob the cooperative movement of its working class nature and who want to mislead the cooperators into the fold of capitalist politics and capitalist political parties, and to prevent the working class from building its own independent political party.

All progressive cooperators regardless of their religious or political views, should open their eyes and understand the true meaning of these "neutrality" maneuvers. The future of the American cooperative movement demands that it must first of all be a genuine working class movement. Under centralized capitalism the cooperative movement has no other alternative than to live and grow into a big social movement for the purpose of helping the exploited toilers.

"WE'VE JUST BEGUN TO FIGHT!"

By Fred Ellis



On United States Imperialism

Comrade Pepper Analyzes Position of Labor Movement in United States

The following speech was delivered by Comrade John Pepper at the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International. It analyzes the position of American capitalism and the nature of the sharpening class struggle in the United States.

* * *

(Continued.)

The second problem I want to elaborate upon is the question of radicalization and bourgeoisification of the American working class.

The same document of certain American comrades which I already quoted from errs in the estimation of the amount and volume of the radicalization of the American working class also. I have to give a few quotations:

"There is a general growth of discontent, militance and readiness to struggle among the semi-skilled and unskilled workers (the bulk of the American proletariat)."

Another passage:

"The progress of widespread and general radicalization is taking place in all industries among the most exploited sections of the workers."

The Labor Movement.

I have to state that these assertions of the document do not correspond with the facts. There is a certain amount of radicalization of the American working class, a radicalization of certain industries. There is a certain left trend among the unskilled workers, but we cannot say that that Left trend is general or nationwide, that it embraces the bulk of the American workers already. I am afraid that even in Germany, France or Great Britain, in those countries which show the most marked tendencies of the radicalization of the working classes—even there we cannot say today yet that the radicalization of the Left trend embraces the bulk of the working class.

It is interesting to note a remarkable contradiction: the same comrades who charge the Central Committee of the American Party, that it overlooks the general radicalization of the American working class, put forward the accusations here in Moscow only nine months ago, that the Central Committee of the American Party refuses to recognize that there is a powerful process of bourgeoisification of the American working class going on. I am of the opinion that the American Party had the correct position nine months ago stating that there is a marked tendency of the bourgeoisification of the American working class, but at the same time there is another tendency of radicalization of certain sections of the working class which serves as sufficient basis for mass Communist work.

Two-Fold Process.

I stated just a few days ago in the Profintern: Stabilization in Europe serves as the basis for the growth of reformism and the contradictions of stabilization create a basis for the growth of the Communist Party. The world hegemony of American imperialism serves as the basis for the further growth of American reformism and creates the possibilities for the further growth of the American Federation of Labor. On the other hand the contradiction arising from the growing power of American imperialism create possibilities for the growth of radicalization of the masses for the increase of the Communist mass movement.

I want to emphasize: it is a two-fold process and it amounts to political blindness to overlook one or the other side of it.

I would like to characterize certain special American features of the radicalization of the working class. I am of the opinion that instead of repeating here general phrases about the general radicalization of the bulk of the American working class it is our duty to try to give a concrete analysis of the volume, the limitations, the forms and the special features of the radicalization of America.

The limitations of radicalization at present which determine the amount of the leftward trend are the following:

1. The absence of big political issues between the capitalist parties.
2. Unlike 1924 there is no third party movement at this time.
3. There is no labor party movement on a national or mass scale at present.
4. The bulk of the American working class belong still at present to the old capitalist political parties. The twelve railroad brotherhoods which a few years ago were the backbone of an independent political movement of the American working class endorsed a few weeks ago Hoover as president. The American Federation of Labor, which in 1924 endorsed the third party movement of LaFollette will now endorse Al Smith, the candidate of the democratic party.
5. The socialist party of America ceased to be a proletarian party and the Communist Party of America is not yet a mass party. The American working class was not able to develop yet a mass political party which exercises an influence on millions of workers.

The above given facts show clearly the limitation of the radicalization especially the political radicalization of the American working class. The basic factor of the situation is—as stated in the political resolution of the May Plenum of the American Party—the analysis of the moods and actions of the masses of the unskilled and semi-skilled workers. We can state that there is a very significant amount of radicalization going on among the most exploited sections of the working class as proven by the struggles of the miners, textile workers and workers in the needle trades.

Special Features.

The radicalization in America has certain features in contradistinction to the radicalization in certain European countries. Germany's radicalization manifests itself on the political field and lags behind on the trade union field. The workers are willing to follow politically the Communist Party of Germany, but they are not willing to accept its strike leadership. In America the leftward workers are not yet willing to accept the political leadership of the Communist Party of America, but at the same time they accept in a growing degree the strike leadership of the Communists.

The problems of unemployment are among the fundamental problems of present-day America. Some comrades criticized here Comrade Bukharin that he did not pay enough attention to unemployment. I think it is an unjust criticism because Comrade Bukharin analyzed thoroughly the new kind of unemployment, the permanent growth of the industrial reserve army, the perpetual disemployment of hundreds of thousands and even millions of workers.

Some other comrades think that Comrade Bukharin's thesis on permanent disemployment, on the absolute decrease of the numbers of the working class in America, must lead to "opportunism." I think this is an unfounded and ridiculous charge. Tens of millions of workers permanently disemployed out of the process of production—that does not mean a harmonious development but it means a revolutionary situation. It is ridiculous to forget that those workers who are thrown out from the process of production, even if they do not produce, are still proletarian elements and human beings who want to eat, who will resist against starvation.

Sharper Struggle.

It is clear that the increasing sharpness of the class struggle and the growing resistance of the workers will not permit that capitalism shall push out the bulk of the working class from the process of production. On the other hand, we should note that capitalism is able to regulate to a certain degree this process. In America there is a prohibition of immigration which means that hundreds of thousands of foreign-born workers are excluded year by year from America. Again there is a possibility of emigration from America to other younger capitalist or half-capitalist countries. Again there is a possibility that the tendency to diminish the absolute numbers of the working class will again come temporarily to an end.

Anyone who denies the existence of this new phenomenon is polemising not against Comrade Bukharin but against the very facts. The facts about America speak a very clear and eloquent language. In 1927 the factories produced 26 per cent more than in 1919. During this same period the number of wage earners employed in manufacturing decreased by not less than 980,000. Eleven per cent fewer wage earners than in 1919 produced in manufacturing in 1927 26 per cent more products. In other words, each worker produced 40 per cent more. And the same tendency manifests itself not only in the factories, but in railroading, too. And this absolute decrease of the numbers of the working class went hand in hand with "prosperity," with rapidly increased production.

There is no other country at present which manifests such a marked tendency for merging state apparatuses and finance capital as the United States of America.

There are special historic reasons which explain the rapid and almost complete merger of trusts and state apparatus in America. It is not an accident that the whole history of America's political and economic development is responsible for the fact that this merging process, this trustification of the state apparatus, goes on in America more rapidly and thoroughly than in any other country.

In the other capitalist countries the centralized bureaucratic militaristic state apparatus of the bourgeoisie developed prior to the period of finance capital. Centralized bureaucratic state apparatus in America began to develop only in the period of imperialism hand in hand with the growth of finance capital and trusts. Further, America never had a system of feudalism as the European countries. The class struggle between the feudalists and the city bourgeoisie which gave rise to the bureaucratic centralized state apparatus in the hands of the monarchy never played any role in the history of America.

As late as in 1884 the number of federal employes in America amounted only to 13,780. In 1912, immediately before the war, the federal bureaucracy had already increased to 278,000. Today, in 1928, the federal bureaucracy numbers 559,138. The total number of government employes—(federal, state and local) is not less than three million today. A list of the leading men of the various branches of the American government reads like a list of the members of directors of trusts, banks and corporations.

Now comrades, I want to refer to the Right danger in the American Party. The document officially submitted to the Communist International and signed by some of the American leading comrades, calls itself "The Right danger in the American Party." Is there a Right danger in America? It must be so in such a powerful imperialist country with such a powerful labor aristocracy. Yes, there is a right danger and the American delegation is justified in introducing an amendment to that section of the thesis of Comrade Bukharin which deals with America. Our amendment reads:

"It is necessary that the American Party C. E. C. should continue and intensify its fight against Right deviations."

(To Be Continued.)

Told You So

T. J. O'Flaherty

SOME time ago this column had a little yarn about a reader of the Daily Worker who dropped his paper into a seat on a subway train with the object in view of having either a passenger or a member of the train crew pick it up. He was successful and it occurred to me that this is a very good way to bring the Daily Worker to the attention of the workers. A comrade who joined the Party recently tells me in a letter that he has followed this method since he first began to read the Communist daily. Others should please do likewise.

* * *

WHILE on the subject of the Daily Worker may we not again call your attention to the subscription drive now under way. We want 10,000 more new subscribers and this is the time to go after them. The masses are excited over politics and this is good for them. But it is not good for them to be fed on capitalist dope and the Daily Worker is the only revolutionary daily published in the American language that sets them right on questions of the day and shows them the way to go forward on the road to freedom from capitalism.

* * *

EVERY intelligent radical knows that the Daily Worker is published at a loss. Its advertising revenue is derived from ads from chiropractors, vegetarian restaurants, dentists and good-natured lawyers. At best this source of income cannot be but inadequate to meet the heavy expenses that are incurred in getting out a daily paper. There is a deficit that must be met.

* * *

THE Daily Worker deficit can be reduced to a minimum by building up a large circulation thru prepaid subscriptions. This will enable the Management Committee to increase the paper in size and—now it can be told—to keep the editorial and business office staffs in coffee and doughnuts and an occasional substantial meal. And the goal of 10,000 new subscribers set by the Management Committee in this campaign can be realized. Every member of the Workers (Communist) Party should become a subscriber as well as every Communist voter. Should this be accomplished we would have a circulation of at least 100,000 by the end of the year. But we are not utopians, and 10,000 new subs would make us quite happy.

* * *

IT is not necessary to tell you what the Daily Worker is doing in the class struggle. Suffice it to say that in every fight of the workers against the bosses the Daily Worker is on the firing line. And where the workers are passive it encourages them to fight in an organized manner because that is the only way the workers can win better conditions now and train themselves for the bigger fights to come. The Daily Worker is not merely a workingclass newspaper, that presents the workers side of the class struggle in its news columns, it is an organizer of the workers for battle against capitalism under the guidance and leadership of the Workers (Communist) Party.

* * *

ON another page you will see a sub blank and sub rates. Fill out the blank, send a check or money order along and the Daily Worker will be delivered at your door every morning by a letter carrier, who could not be better employed than distributing a Communist newspaper. Wall Street will elect its candidate in November. That is certain. But if the Daily Worker adds 10,000 new subscribers to its list, there will be joy in Red Square.

* * *

EDITORIAL fears of a great epidemic of corruption are being expressed in the capitalist press. The police are growing more corrupt daily. Not satisfied with their salaries they are fastening themselves on the payrolls of bootleggers and other followers of the golden calf. Their loyalty to the municipalities that pay their wages decrease in inverse ratio to the increase of the honorariums of the business men.

Tom O'Flaherty

Williamsburg Red Week Will Begin This Saturday

Section 6 of the Workers (Communist) Party will launch an intensified Red Week Election Campaign next Saturday, which will last thruout next week and which is expected to result in a sufficient number of signatures to put the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in the 6th and 13th Assembly Districts of Brooklyn.

Saturday night, Sept. 22, will be Red Night in Williamsburg, with open-air meetings to be held at the Grand Street Extension and Havemeyer Street; Ellery Street and Tompkins Ave.; and Graham Ave. and Varet Street corners. After these various Red meetings are concluded, all the speakers who spread the message of Communism will have a final wind-up meeting at the Grand Street Extension and Havemeyer Street.

The Williamsburg headquarters at 46 Ten Eyck Street will be open every day during the week after 6 p. m. and after 1 p. m. on Saturdays for those who will participate in the signature drive. Special emphasis will be laid on the distribution of the Daily Worker and other Communist literature by the Red Campaigners engaged in securing signatures.

TEXTILE WORKERS ELECTING DELEGATES TO BUILD NEW UNION

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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BIG AUSTRALIA HARBOR STRIKE DESPITE GOV'T

Premier Threatens to Use Crimes Act to Jail Leaders

Tie-up Is Complete

Wool Growers May Call in Scabs

CANBERRA, Australia, Sept. 12.—Premier Stanley Bruce today threatened to invoke the crimes act to break the strike of the dock workers, which is tying up every port in the country.

The crimes act involves a year's imprisonment for organizers convicted of "agitation" and deportation of those not born in the Commonwealth. As many of the labor leaders are alleged to come from other parts of the British empire the government plans to make a drastic step towards destroying the strike in this way.

Reports from virtually every harbor in Australia tell the same story of a complete tie-up of shipping. Scores of vessels are lying idle in every large port.

The wool-growers of Australia, who are preparing to ship their crop, have announced their intention of employing strikebreakers and loading their wool on the idle vessels.

The present strike began following the refusal of the dockers to accept the award of the arbitration court providing for two pick-ups a day [illegible] of one.

The term pick-up is used to designate the employers' practice of hiring a shift of men from among the first applicants in the morning. The two-shift system would mean that workers employed in the morning would receive only half a day's wages, whereas under the one-shift system they would work all day.

BERLIN CABINET CRISIS LOOMING

Nationalists and Folks Party Bloc Seen

BERLIN, Sept. 12 (UP).—The nationalist party executive has demanded an immediate convening of the foreign relations committee of the Reichstag in view of developments at Geneva where Chancellor Mueller has been discussing evacuation of the Rhineland with France, Belgium, England and Italy.

The executive has recalled all nationalist members of the Reichstag to Berlin and it was believed the party is planning a drive to force Germany's retirement from the League of Nations.

Such action, it was said, might result in a domestic crisis since the folks party is disappointed by the Geneva conferences and might join with the nationalists.

Lodgings Needed for 250 Textile Delegates

Lodgings are needed for the 250 delegates to the National Convention of Textile Workers which will take place September 22-23, at Irving Plaza, this city. All workers who can accommodate one or more delegates for Saturday night, September 22, are urged to send their names and addresses to the Daily Worker, with information as to how many people they can accommodate and whether men or women.

Quick action is needed since the delegates are preparing to come. Help [illegible] make the textile convention a success and let us hear from you immediately!

Stinnes, Manipulator of War Bonds, Resigns

BERLIN, Sept. 12 (UP).—Hugo Stinnes, son of the late German industrialist, has resigned from the directorate of all German and foreign firms connected with the Stinnes interests, it was announced today.

Stinnes was arrested recently accused of trying to defraud the government through the manipulation of German war bonds.

KENTUCKY A. F. L. MEETS.

FRANKFORT, Ky.—The Kentucky State Federation of Labor opens its annual convention in [illegible] September 17.

Victims of the Kuomintang Terror

Loading the mutilated bodies of Cantonese revolutionary workers on the death wagons. Heavy trucks are used by the Cantonese officials of the Kuomintang to carry away the bodies of the workers they have murdered.

"FORWARD" GUILTY OF BLOODSHED, IS CHARGE

Deepest hatred is expressed by the masses of workers in the Jewish labor movement at the socialist hierarchy in control of the United Hebrew Trades and its organ, the yellow Jewish Forward, whose programs against the left wing reached a climax in the flow of blood that resulted in the death of a right wing follower and the wounding of another, when they led a squad of six, armed with knives, against William Schiffrin, left winger.

Two years of repeated bloody assaults on left wing workers and their leaders were perpetrated by underworld thugs hired by the right wing officialdom with money received from the Forward, Jewist workers declared in their discussions of the case, which is practically the only topic of conversation. Now that gang is shouting for the blood of an honest worker who, single-handed and with his back to a building, defended himself against the combined attack of the six knife-wielders, who were sent to do their bloody work by the Forward crowd.

The facts they were discussing

Continued on Page Two

D'OLIER FEARED "BUMPING OFF"

Followed a Conference With Connolly Gang

"Somebody is going to be bumped off before this thing is over."

That is what William I D'Olier, sanitation engineer, told a close friend in connection with the $29,500.000 Queens sewer scandal, just a few days before D'Olier's body was found with a bullet through his temple near a cemetery in Maspeth, L. I.

Followed "Conference."

That D'Olier made this statement was sworn to yesterday by Edward C. Wallace, a personal friend of the sanitation engineer, and Gilbert C. Waldrop, the attorney of the slain man.

Wallace insisted that Connolly had had a "conference" with D'Olier a few days before he was killed. This statement sharply contradicts Connollys testimony that he had not seen D'Olier since July 3.

Pious denial of Wallace's statement was made by Connolly when he was informed of it yesterday.

"It's adding nonsense to nonsense," he commented blandly.

District Attorney Listless.

Waldrop further informed the district attorney, to whom he gave his deposition yesterday, that D'Olier attended a conference of "Connolly's friends" August 27.

The district attorney, thus far, has neglected to go into a thorough investigation of Connolly and his close associates during the week before D'Olier's death.

WEISBORD, OLGIN WILL SPEAK HERE

Film Will Follow Mill Relief Conference

The cynical threat made by John Sullivan, president of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers Association, that hunger, want and freezing weather will drive the men back to the mills, will be vigorously answered when several hundred labor and fraternal delegates meet on Saturday at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place, at 2 p. m., to discuss ways and means to intensify relief for the textile strikers," Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York Local, Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, said yesterday.

Albert Weisbord and Moissaye J. Olgin will speak. Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary of the W. I. R., will also address the conference.

Posters announcing the conference have been displayed at labor union headquarters in all parts of the city.

"The New Bedford and Fall River strikers are on the road to victory.

Continued on Page Two

RYAN PUTS OVER NEW AGREEMENT

Longshoremen Again Sold Out

Longshoremen along the eastern coast are today voting on a new wage contract which renews for another year the miserable wage of the present agreement expiring on October 1. Joseph P. Ryan, president of the International, in a statement completing an obvious sell-out of the longshoremen predicted that the men would accept the new agreement.

Ryan, who is also president of the Central Trades and Labor Council, yesterday headed a committee which called upon Frederick C. Toppin, vice president of the International Mercantile Marine and leader of the bosses' union-haters, with a nominal demand for a 5 cents an hour increase. The proposal was promptly "rejected" by the bosses on the ground that "the condition of business does not warrant an increase." Thereupon completing the

Continued on Page Two

NEW MINE UNION TO CARRY FIGHT TO ALL FIELDS

National Board Holds Final Sessions of Convention

Moran's Funeral Today

Tony Carbonari Still in Grave Danger

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 12.—The National Executive Board of the newly formed National Miners' Union continued its sessions throughout the day, finishing up the various tasks in connection with the launching of the organization.

In addition to the organization drive planned for all fields, the new union will hold a series of mass meetings in the various districts, at which reports of the convention will be made by the delegates who attended. It is planned to follow these meetings with conferences in each district, at which delegates will be elected from the local unions. The conferences will choose the district officers and administration.

• • •

Funeral of Moran.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 12.—The funeral of George Moran, militant miner of Bentleyville, who died yesterday as a result of wounds inflicted by Louis Carboni, a Lewis spy, will be held in Bentleyville Thursday. A mass demonstration will be staged, at which miners from every surrounding section will be present. The new National Miners Union, to which Moran was a delegate, will send two representatives to assist in the funeral arrangements. The National Executive Board of the union has sent its

Continued on Page Five

MAT WOLL FUMES AT TEXTILE MEET

Boss Agent Splutters Hatred for "Reds"

Matthew Woll, professional red-baiter and A. F. of L. vice-president, unloaded his annual "red hunting" speech to the United Textile Workers Union convention in the Great Northern Hotel yesterday. At the same time he blandly offered "hope" as the only solution to the problem before American workers of being faced with the growing competition of European factories, established and enlarged by the tides of gold pouring into Europe by American capitalists.

Militant delegates at the convention, at the conclusion of Woll's speech, declared that the acting president of the National Civic Federation had inadvertently confessed that the Communists have the real solution for the problems of the workers which arise under the present system.

"A social fabric," they said, "that can bring down upon the heads of the workers untold suffering through unemployment caused by investments of capital in foreign factories, and which chokes the workers with their own production, ought to be destroyed."

Commenting on the boss-agent Woll's statement that the "Communists preach a philosophy of despair," militant delegates remarked that, in addition to it being untrue, it is far preferable to Woll's policy of continual betrayal of the workers.

Batty Also There.

Besides Woll's attack on the Communists, there was one by W. E. G. Batty, the secretary of the New Bedford Textile Council. Batty was furious at the "reds" and the work they did by gaining sole leadership

Continued on Page Two

Radium Victim

After a long fight in the courts which, siding with the United States Radium Corporation, sought to withhold compensation from the women radium victims, the first checks of $150 have been received. Above, Grace Fryer, one of the poisoned women.

URGE WORKERS TO JOIN YOUTH MEET

Ballam Pledges Support of District

John J. Ballam, acting district organizer of Dist. 2, Workers (Communist) Party urged New York workers to attend the International Youth Day Celebration to be held here tomorrow evening at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Pl., in a statement issued last night.

The statement follows:

"The Workers (Communist) Party, District 2, feels that it is part of its revolutionary duty as the leader of the entire working class to explain its attitude on the working youth in connection with the growing war danger and in connection with International Youth Day.

"The young workers are one of the most exploited sections of the working class. The young workers are being constantly drawn into industry. At the same time, we find that the young workers are mostly unorganized, the wages of the young workers are low, the young workers are to be found among the unskilled workers, and at best, in the ranks of the semi-skilled. This is due to the development of machinery which eliminates the need of skill.

"The young workers offer the

Continued on Page Two

TO HOLD FIRST HUGE RED RALLY

N. Y. Candidates Will Speak Sept. 28

The first large election campaign rally to be held in New York this year—which will take place at the Central Opera House, 67th St. near Third Ave., on Friday evening, 8 o'clock, September 28th—will come at a time when workers thruout the country are carrying on an intensive fight against reactionary unionism and are forming new, militant unions in the basic industries.

The determination of workers who have long suffered the exploitation of their capitalist bosses working hand in glove with the bosses' political machines to break with corrupt, misleading "labor leaders" is well demonstrated at the mine workers' convention to form a new union, at which their program of organization was carried on despite the murder of delegates and the combined assault of thugs and state police carrying out the instructions of the Lewis machine.

In New York City, thousands of garment workers and furriers are also engaged in the formation of a

Continued on Page Two

Rank and File Army of Communist Volunteers Will Build Workers Party During Election Campaign

MILL STRIKERS PICK NATIONAL UNION DELEGATES

Pioneers Flogged for Strike Activity

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 12.—While the reactionary-controlled United Textile Workers Union of the American Federation of Labor continues in convention, dividing its time between unseating militant delegates and "appealing to the souls of employers for improvement of working conditions," the thousands of textile strikers here are choosing delegates to the convention for a new national textile workers union to be held in New York City on September 22 and 23.

Today's developments on the attempt of the Textile Council and the mill owners association to come to a fake agreement for ending the strike are negligible since one of the chief actors in this strikebreaking play, W. E. G. Batty is now in New York attending the U. T. W. convention. No sooner did word reach Batty that Eli Keller and Ellen Dawson, two T. M. C. organizers, were unseated as delegates by the McMahon machine, than Batty and his immediate crowd thought it safe to go to New York.

The only direct event in the sell-out plot, was the statement issued by Charles Mitchell, chairman of the Mediation Committee that "the situation is too delicate for comment."

How thoroughly controlled by the

Continued on Page Three

MANY BOOTHS AT "DAILY" BAZAAR

Organizations Prepare for Big Event

Preparations for the great National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar are progressing by leaps and bounds. Workers in every section of the country are joining the vast proletarian army that has already begun the march that will culminate when the workers take possession of Madison Square Garden for four days, Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7 and hold the huge bazaar that is expected to give new life and new power to the two great working class dailies, the Daily Worker and the Freiheit.

Working class organizations thruout New York City have already begun collecting and making articles for their booths. The Amalgamated

Continued on Page Three

Campaign Committee of City Meets Tomorrow

A meeting of the City Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m., at the Worker Center, at which problems in connection with the Red Campaign in this city

In a statement issued last night by Rebecca Grecht, District 2 Campaign Manager, all section organizers, section campaign directors campaign managers and other representatives of industrial fractions and industrial campaign committees are urged to attend without fail.

Call Is Issued for 1,000 Workers to Give Their Services to Drive

Trachtenberg, Campaign Committee Chairman, Outlines Plans to Build Party

Marking a new forward step in the development of the Workers (Communist) Party, the Central Executive Committee has issued a call for one thousand rank and file organizers and speakers to offer their services to the Party for a limited time during the election campaign, in order to bring the program of the class struggle into every industrial town and hamlet in the United States, as well as to the exploited farmers and to build the Party in thousands of places where no Communist organization exists at the present time.

Speaking in behalf of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman of the National Election Campaign Committee, declared that the election campaign offers the best opportunity ever presented to the Party to bring its message to the masses of exploited workers and farmers from coast to coast.

Communists Revolutionary Party.

"In the early days of the socialist movement," he said, "when that party based itself on the working masses, when it had as leaders proletarian rebels like Ben Hanford, the creator of Jimmie Higgins and Eugene V. Debs, before it deserted the class struggle and fell into the hands of shyster lawyers and preachers, socialist party members were imbued with the spirit of voluntary effort and every active member considered himself an organizer. Today the socialist party is a hollow shell without force or enthusiasm and the revolutionary tradition of the pioneering days of socialism in the United States has been inherited by the Workers (Communist) Party.

"The members of the Workers (Communist) Party today, unlike the few that still carry cards in the socialist party, are actively engaged in every struggle of the workers against the capitalists on the industrial field. They are building new militant unions to take the place of the industrial organizations of the workers that have been reduced to impotency and wrecked thru the treachery of crooked labor leaders, and organizing the working class in industries where the fossilized labor bureaucrats could not or would not essay the task of organization.

Must Reach Small Towns.

"Our comrades of the rank and file," Trachtenberg declared, "can be equally successful in building the Workers (Communist) Party. It is not necessary that they should be experienced orators. Every worker can tell his story and explain his point of view to another worker.

"Foster and Gitlow, the national standard bearers of the Party in the election campaign and the hundreds of candidates on the state tickets can only visit the principal cities. There are thousands of small towns scattered thruout the United States that are almost entirely populated by the working class, and in which there is no unit of the Workers (Communist) Party.

"The masses of workers are carefully watching the present election campaign. The well-informed class-conscious workers know from experience that both parties are enemies of labor, that both parties have issued injunctions to break strikes; that both parties wherever in power are equally willing to serve the capitalists and use the state forces to suppress the struggles of the workers.

"During the administration of Woodrow Wilson," Trachtenberg

Continued on Page Three

FOSTER ASSAILS KELLOGG TREATY

"Camouflage for War of Imperialism"

The presidential campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party) has started with the opening of national campaign headquarters at 43 East 125th Street, and the sending of William Z. Foster, their presidential candidate, and Benjamin Gitlow, candidate for vice-president, on a nation-wide speaking tour. Scott Nearing, candidate for Governor of New Jersey, is on a tour of the South. He spoke last night at Baltimore and will address another meeting tomorrow at Richmond, on the Communist program of revolutionary struggle against the present economic and political order. The Communists have more speakers in the field than any other political party.

Foster Scores Kellogg Pact.

Foster at his meeting last night at St. Paul and yesterday at Milwaukee, and in his speeches at Flint and Detroit on Sunday, outlined the plans and views of the Communists. He attacked the can-

Continued on Page Five

EUROPEAN LABOR GREETS MINERS

Cables Received From Militant Unions

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 12.—Cables of congratulations and international greetings from miners unions of Belgium, Austria, and France were received by the National Miners Union whose sessions have been held here this week. All of them express hope and confidence that the new union means much to international labor. The officials of the old United Mine Workers of America showed scant concern to the coal miners' unions of other countries when they were in trouble, and for this reason European labor is doubly interested.

Thus the Regional Union of the nothern miners of France states that it "is following with the closest interest the evolution of the miners' movement in the United States towards fighting policies," and hopes for full proceedings of the convention. And the others are in like spirit: The letter of the Knights of Labor of Belgium declares the "hope that this conference will enable the miners to free themselves definitely from the worst bureaucrats in the world." The mine workers' opposition in the Austrian Federation of Mine and Mill workers states that "the strug-

Continued on Page Three

Meeting of Cutters' Welfare League Today

A meeting of the Cutters' Welfare League will be held today at 7 p. m. at the Joint Board Cloakmakers' Union headquarters, 16 W. 21st St.

I. Horowitz, organizer of the League and a member of the National Organization Committee, will report on the activities of the committee at the meeting.

Second Conference for Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar This Evening

The second conference of the giant press bazaar committee will be held tonight, at 8 p. m., at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Sq. All delegates to the last conference held on August 28 are urged to come.

All organizations who were not represented at the last conference are also urged to send two delegates to the meeting tonight.

CHUKHNOVSKY RESUMES SEARCH FOR LOST MEN

Makes Successful Flights as Italian Government Recalls Ships Giving Up Hunt

MOSCOW, Sept. 12 (UP).—The Russian aviator Chukhnovsky, who is accompanying the icebreaker Krassin on its search for the envelope crew of the dirigible Italia and the Roald Amundsen party, made one successful flight yesterday and has started another.

These are the first flights made on the present excursion of the Krassin.

On the first flight Chukhnovsky reconnoitered eastward from Cape North and finally returned to the Krassin. After a short rest he started another flight.

• • •

ROME, Sept. 12.—While the Soviet icebreaker Krassin ploughs the Arctic seas in search of the 12 men mysteriously swallowed up by the ice deserts of the north, announcement was made today by the Stefani News Agency that the fascist Italian government had decided to recall all its vessels now in the Spitzbergen waters.

Six Italian subjects, members of the so-called Allessandri party, are among the 12 men being sought. The other six are Roald Amundsen, Norwegian explorer, and his five companions.

The announcement gave the unfavorable weather conditions as the reason for the abandonment of the search. It is planned to release the Norwegian icebreaker Braganza, which is under charter by the Italian government. The Citta di Milano, base ship of General Nobile, initiator and leader of the disastrous fascist expedition into the north, will leave Spitzbergen at the end of the week, the announcement stated.

The abandonment of the search by the Italian government leaves the Krassin, which already has rescued 16 men, as the only expedition persisting in the hunt for the lost men. Attached to the Krassin is the heroic aviator, Chukhnovsky, who has resumed his flights.

0 Prisoners in Mass. Jail Strike for Restoration of Half Hour Recreation Period

[illegible]AT WOLL FUMES AT TEXTILE MEET BEING HELD HERE

Boss Agent Splutters Hatred for "Reds"

Continued from Page One

of the big New Bedford textile strike of 28,000 workers. "No good louts!" Batty fumed at the Textile Mill Committee leadership in a speech that nevertheless could not help admitting his organization's complete bankruptcy in that situation.

Deak Asks a Question.

This he did when, toward the close of his speech, in which he hemmed and hawed about alleged membership totals, Gustav Deak, delegate from a Passaic local, rose and quietly asked Batty how many came to his parade last Saturday and how many workers turned out to participate in the Textile Mill Committee parade demonstration. Deak was answered with the confession that the T. M. C. had more, but that there were many sympathetic organizations in the T. M. C. parade. He then declared that this Saturday's demonstration completely stripped from Batty and his Textile Council any pretentions to leadership in the strike. He pointed out that 1,000 people followed Batty while 35,000 massed behind the banners of the T. M. C.

Denounces Batty.

He also denounced Batty and his union for the betrayal he was engineering in New Bedford. The policy of sell-out to the bosses, by offering to sign an agreement granting the bosses a vicious speed-up system which would nullify a recall of the wage cut, was characterized by the Passaic representative as the policy that has made the U. T. W. into a rotten skeleton instead of a union.

TO HOLD FIRST HUGE RED RALLY

N. Y. Candidates Will Speak Sept. 28

Continued from Page One

militant union. These workers have had long and bitter experience and learned of the anti-labor role played by the political parties of their bosses and are well aware of the socialist party backing of the policies of class-collaboration advocated by the A. F. of L. As well as workers thruout the country who are following the lead of the Workers (Communist) Party in the organization of new unions, the workers of New York are backing the only workers' party on the political as well as the industrial field.

Among the speakers at the huge rally to be held on September 28th will be Wm. F. Dunne, Communist candidate for governor; Robert [illegible], candidate for U. S. senate; [illegible] S. Poyntz, running for attorney-general; Lovett Fort-Whiteman, candidate for comptroller; Rebecca Grecht, running in the fifth [illegible] assembly district and state election campaign manager, and P. Frankfeld, running in the third [illegible] A. D. William W. Weinstone, district organizer of the Workers Party, will preside.

Five Workers Killed, Fourteen Hurt When Oil Tanker Explodes

WILMINGTON, Sept. 12.—An explosion of an oil tanker at South[illegible], near here, resulted in the death of five workers and in injury to fourteen.

Among the fourteen are a number of workers who were seriously injured when the tanker exploded. Rescue crews were rushed to the scene.

[illegible]in at Speakers' Conference Saturday

M. J. Olgin will speak on "The [illegible] Union and Its Relation to the Election Campaign" at a conference of open-air speakers, arranged by the agitprop department of District [illegible] Saturday at 2 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

A taxi driver would appreciate a copy of THE DAILY WORKER.

Because They Withstood the Warlords

The advance of the Worker-Peasant armies who are reported to control two provinces at this time, has been met by the most brutal reprisals among the Canton workers. Above, bodies of the victims lying unburied in the streets.

URGE WORKERS TO JOIN YOUTH MEET

Ballam Pledges Support of District

Continued from Page One

movement a fertile field for revolutionary activity because of their conditions. The young workers must be won for the working class. And the only way that the youth can be won is by the building up of its vanguard, the strengthening of the Communist youth movement, the degree of active support that the Party gives to the Young Workers Communist League.

"International Youth Day is being celebrated thruout the world. In every section of the globe, the Communist Parties and the Young Communist Leagues arrange joint celebrations on this occasion. International Youth Day was born in the period of imperialist war. Its tradition is one of struggle against imperialism. The Communist Parties must participate in this demonstration of the working youth against the present war danger, must help to mobilize the entire working class for a militant struggle against pacifist illusions and against the war preparations of the exploiters.

"For that reason there will be held in New York City a joint mass meeting on September 14th in the Irving Plaza Hall. Every class-conscious worker should be there as a sign of solidarity with the exploited toiling youth. The Party as a whole will have to pay more attention to the problem of the young workers and of giving greater support to our youth movement, which has done such excellent work in the last period. The Communist Youth League has participated in every political demonstration that the Party has organized in recent months. The League has done good work in the C. M. T. C's this summer in the New York district. Generally, the work of the League has improved much.

"Now it is up to the Party membership to develop the Young Workers (Communist) League still further, and for the Party units to help the League politically, morally and financially.

"Every Party member, every militant class-conscious worker, should attend the International Youth Day mass meeting Friday night."

Steuer Pays $5,000 Fine for False Customs List

Max D. Steuer, New York shyster lawyer, and defender of former Boro President Connolly of Queens in the sewer graft trial, has paid a fine of more than $5,000 for bringing undeclared articles into the country.

Steuer arrived on the Aquitania last Friday. It was noticed at the time that he was among the last of the passengers to claim his baggage at the pier. Today the customs authorities state dthat descreup? thorities stated that discrepencies had been found in the Steuer declaration.

DUNN TO SPEAK AT YOUTH MEET

Conference Important, He Says

Robert Dunn, labor economist and author of "American Foreign Investments" yesterday added his name to those of prominent trade unionists who have endorsed the Working Youth Conference of Greater New York to be held at Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th Street, September 29 and 30.

Dunn stated that "it would help the young workers considerably should the Conference be a success. It therefore becomes the duty of all interested in aiding the young workers to endorse and support it. I am glad to hear that trade unionists are heartily supporting it."

The Working Youth Conference is considered a big step towards the organization of the unorganized and greatly exploited working class youth in New York. It is a step to unite the youth with the adult workers and rally them for a struggle to better their conditions.

Philadelphia Gangs Busy in Bootleg War

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 12 (UP).—Petty gang flare-ups, none of which ridded the city of members of its alcohol and machine gun traffic, continued to keep the city alert today.

While officials investigated a report that bootleggers were smuggling in grain alcohol from Porto Rico to replenish their lowered supply, gunmen entered the bottling establishment of Pasquale Livoy and attempted to atone for the shooting of one of their members Monday.

At that time Livoy had resented an attempt to "shake him down" and had killed one gunman and seriously wounded another in the ensuing gun fight. Today's attempt left him only stunned by the force of a bullet deflected by his watch.

WEISBORD, OLGIN WILL SPEAK HERE AT RELIEF MEET

Film Will Follow Mill Relief Conference

Continued from Page One

The mill workers will win their demands if militant labor in New York will stand behind them. We must continue to rally support for these valiant fighters," Miss Silverman said.

Workers in shops and factories, labor organizations, fraternal bodies, women's organizations, are urged to send delegates.

"The Crowd," by John V. A. Weaver, and directed by King Vidor, a study of a New York white-collar slave, will be shown at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St., in the evening. There will be two performances, it is announced, the first at 8:45 and the second at 11 p. m.

Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mills Committee, will speak before each performance.

BLAME 'FORWARD' IN BRONX FIGHT

Right Wing Pogroms to Stop! Is Threat

Continued on Page Two

were not the prejudiced story of friends of Schiffrin, but the exact testimony rendered by police making the arrests of both Schiffrin, two of his comrades and three of the right wing "knifing crew." They and the capitalist press, who certainly cannot be termed friends of the left wing, clearly showed that the six right wing agents had leaped out of an auto and rushed at Schiffrin and his friend. His friend fled, Schiffrin was hemmed in, and he decided to face his attackers. Harry Silver, leading the armed squad, received a wound from a penknife from which he later died.

To-morrow the hearing of the case will be continued in the 161st St. Magistrate Court before Judge Dodge. Schiffrin is held on a charge of homicide while his two companions and the three right wingers are out on bail of $1,500.

The case grew out of an attempt of the socialist officials of the Butchers Union, to deprive a left wing worker from his job because he had been a supporter of a demand to investigate the finance records of I. Korn, socialist head of the union.

These brutal methods of crushing the militancy out of the Jewish labor movement, which are resorted to by the right wing are condemned vehemently by the workers. A movement can already be seen developing, to drive out of the labor movement elements which use the weapon of depriving families of bread, and knifing attacks of workers in order to retain their control of the workers organizations.

During the last period of struggle against the socialists, the Jewish working class has seen A. Gross, fur union leader, barely escape death in a brutal attack by professional gangsters. Another Italian worker barely escaped murder.

Six Planes Start in Cross-Country Flight

ROOSEVELT FIELD, L. I., Sept. 12 (UP).—Speeding over carefully picked air lanes, some of which were made hazardous by cross currents, six planes tonight were safely on their way to Los Angeles and the completion of the final event of the National Air Derby of 1928.

Shortly before 6 p. m., a powerful Lockheed-Vega monoplane equipped with a Hornet 500 H. P. motor and carrying 587 gallons of gas, lifted itself from the field and headed into the west, the last of an entry list of nine, three of which were definitely declared out of the 3,450 mile race shortly after its start. In the cockpit were John P. Morris and William Thaw 2nd, both of Pittsburgh.

TEXTILE STRIKER LEARNS TO DIET

14 Year Old Daughter, A Miracle Cook

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 12.—Joseph Julio, a rank and file textile striker here yesterday told a representative of the Workers International Relief that his ability to withstand the rigors of the 22-week strike is entirely due to the miracle his 14-year-old daughter performs in the stewpot. When interviewed by a representative of the relief committee, Julio said, "You should see what my girl Victoria can make with the supplies the relief station gives her." Victoria is a dark-eyed Portuguese girl who smiled shyly as her father paid tribute to her culinary art.

A Worker's Life.

The Julios live in a ramshackle house on South First Street; the father is a widower and he and his eight children live in three rooms. His average earnings for the past two years have been $13 a week. His fourteen year old daughter has no time to go to school as she looks after her little brothers and sisters.

This family is typical of the thousands of striking families here and Fall River who are standing by the Textile Mill Committee in the fight to break the power of the treacherous American Federation of Labor textile union which is making breakneck efforts to betray the 22-week strike.

Appeals for Support.

Fred Beidenkapp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief, yesterday issued an urgent appeal for funds with which to continue feeding the 30,000 textile strikers in New Bedford and Fall River. "The next few weeks," Beidenkapp said, "will determine the outcome of the strike. It is the duty of all militant workers to make the utmost sacrifices to help feed these heroic workers."

CHAMBERLAIN BOOSTS PACT.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Sept. 12 (UP).—Sir Austen Chamberlain today defended the Anglo-French naval compromise and, incidentally, vigorously denied reports that he intended to resign as secretary for foreign affairs.

BRONX ELECTION CAMPAIGN DINNER IS SUCCESSFUL

4th and 5th Assembly Districts on Ballot

At the end of a day's intensive signature drive the Red Campaigners of Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party, the Bronx, participated in a Red Banquet last Sunday evening at which Bronx Communist candidates spoke and which resulted in the collection of $100 for the Red Campaign Fund.

The banquet was the formal celebration for the putting across of the 5th Assembly District of the Bronx, and it turned out after the results of that day's activities had been checked up that in the 4th Assembly District also, enough signatures had been obtained.

At the banquet, which was held under the chairmanship of J. Yakovlieff, Section Organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party of the Bronx, several candidates on the Red Election ticket spoke on the issues and importance of the 1928 Elections. Among these were Rebecca Grecht, candidate from the 5th A. D. and Communist Campaign Manager of District 2; Samuel Liebowitz, candidate from the 24th Congressional District; Samuel Nesin, running in the 6th A. D.; Louis A. Baum and Philip Frankfeld, candidates from the 1st and 3rd Bronx Assembly Districts respectively.

Baseball Magnates Make Fat Profits

(By United Press)

Approximately 175,000 fans paid over $195,000 to witness the recent series between the New York Yankees and the Philadelphia Athletics at the Yankee Stadium.

A crowd of 85,000 was present at the double-header Sunday when the Yankees displaced the Athletics as American League leaders. About 51,000 saw the Yankees win from the Athletics Tuesday and 40,000 were on hand for the final game today.

It was the biggest series ever played in a regular season for attendance and gate receipts.

Ryan Puts Over New Agreement for Bosses

Continued from Page One

farce, Ryan immediately announced that the workers would accept the old terms.

Ryan, Anthony Chlopek, and T. V. O'Connor, the latter two who were former presidents of the International, have on many occasions in the past worked out similar schemes with Toppin particularly in 1919 when workers of New Jersey drove Ryan and O'Connor from their meeting following a brazen sell-out.

Hoover Holds Confab With Mellon, Coolidge

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12 (UP).—The part which President Coolidge and Secretary of the Treasury Mellon will play in the republican presidential campaign apparently was discussed between them and Herbert Hoover during a conference lasting an hour and fifteen minutes today. Just what Coolidge will do in the campaign, however, remains a mystery.

EXPOSE GRAFTING BY JOB AGENCIES

Open Shoppers Become Suddenly Virtuous

Evidence of criminal practices on the part of private employment agencies continued to pile up yesterday at the hearing before the Industrial Survey Commission at the Bar Association building. The commission controlled by the republican legislature, is believed to be planning legislation looking towards greater control of labor and employment by big business and is making the "investigation" in order to prepare the ground.

Among the witnesses were Dr. John B. Andrews, secretary of the American Association for Labor Legislation; John M. O'Hanlon, secretary of the New York State Federation of Labor, who has been working together with the open-shop commission in some of its programs; Miss Belle Downer, former examiner of the United States Employment Service, and others.

The evidence showed that the parasitic, private employment agencies work together with employers to hire, fire and rehire workers and then split the fees. Other employers hire girls as waitresses, but actually force them into prostitution. The most common practice is to take money from workers on the promise of a job which never is open.

Wales Reaches Egypt on Propaganda Tour Thru African Empire

CAIRO, Egypt, Sept. 12.—The Prince of Wales and his brother, the Duke of Gloucester, arrived today and immediately went to the British residency. They will meet King Fuad at a luncheon during their visit here before leaving on an extensive trip through Africa. The trip is a "good-will" journey and also will permit Wales to shoot some big game.

REFUSE TO WORK UNTIL DEMANDS ARE FULLY MET

New Rule After Four Escape

SALEM, Mass., Sept. 12 (UP).—Twenty prisoners employed in the workshop of the Norfolk County jail here went on strike today because of a new ruling depriving them of a half hour recreation period.

The ruling was put in effect after the escape of four prisoners from the jail Sunday night. They sawed their way to freedom through the bars in a window in the jail dining room.

The prisoners were engaged in reed work. They refused to leave their cells unless they were accorded the recently rescinded right.

Prison authorities said the strike did not amount to "a row of pins" because other prisoners were only too willing to be permitted to leave their cells to work in the reed room.

Continue School Strike Until Parents Demands Are Met by Authorities

While Miss McCooey, associate superintendent of the Brooklyn public schools, and Dr. Baker, superintendent of the schools in the eastern section of Brooklyn denied that there was a strike because of overcrowded schools, inconvenient location, and traffic menace, mothers held two mass meetings last night at 8:30, one outside Public School No. 19 and the other outside Public School No. 50 at which it was decided to carry on the strike.

The mothers object to sending their children to overcrowded and far-distant schools and to the new assignment of pupils which has resulted in children of one family going to three different schools.

The mothers refuse to send their children to school unless the conditions are remedied.

FLYING INCREASES DEAFNESS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12 (UP).—Instead of curing deafness, airplane riding tends to diminish the sense of hearing, according to Lieut. Col. Levy M. Hathaway, U. S. army flight surgeon. Hathaway said defective hearing was so common among persons compelled to listen to roaring airplane motors that it was coming to be considered an occupational disability.

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Motion Picture "The Crowd"

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE FOR THE TEXTILE STRIKERS OF NEW BEDFORD AND FALL RIVER

ALBERT WEISBORD, Speaker

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 15TH
LABOR TEMPLE, 14TH ST. & 2ND AVENUE

2 Performances: 8.45 p. m. and 11 p. m. — Admission 50 Cents

AUSPICES:—Local New York Workers' International Relief, 1 Union Square, New York, Room 604.

W. I. R. Textile Relief Conference
SATURDAY, SEPT. 15TH, 2 P. M., IRVING PLAZA HALL, 15th Street and Irving Place

Show Your Solidarity With the Textile Strikers

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

This is BAZAAR WEEK September 10 to 17

Collect Articles Ads Names for the Honor Roll

for the Benefit of The DAILY WORKER and FREIHEIT

National Bazaar Committee
30 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK, N. Y.

Clamp Down Censorship as Portuguese Gov't Reports Discovery of Revolution Plot

POLICE ARREST 15 IN RAIDS IN ALEMTEJO CITY

Allege Ammunition, Rifles Found

LISBON, Portugal, Sept. 12 (UP). (Delayed by censor.)—Newspapers published today an announcement by the dictator of political police that a revolutionary plot had been discovered and frustrated in Beja, province of Alemtejo.

Police seized 33 bombs, 22 pounds of dynamite and other explosive material and arrested 11 men.

* * *

OPORTO, Portugal, Sept. 12. — Announcement that more than fifteen arrests have been made in Beja have been received here.

While fragmentary in the extreme, dispatches from the south state that a quantity of ammunition and rifles was located by the police at the same time.

The exact nature of the attempt against the present government is unknown but it is believed that there are grounds for considering the present situation critical.

No arrests have been made as yet in this city.

Beja is the principal city and capital of the province of Alemtejo. It is approximately 200 miles from Lisbon. The province is mountainous.

MANY BOOTHS AT "DAILY" BAZAAR

Organizations Prepare for Big Event

Continued from Page One

League is going to have a booth of its own where men's and children's clothing will be sold at low prices. Local 22, International Ladies' Garment Workers' League, will have a booth of all sorts of dresses.

The millinery workers are now busy preparing 30 dozen Parisian hats for their booth, while the United Council of Workingclass Women will have several booths of its own.

One of the most interesting booths will be the jewelry booth. Here a complete jewelry shop will be established, including a repair department where workers will be able to have their watches repaired while they wait. Artistic revolutionary emblems will also be sold at this booth. The jewelry workers have set themselves the goal of making at least $5,000 for the Daily Worker and the Freiheit.

MILL STRIKERS PICK DELEGATES

Will Attend Meet for New Union

Continued from Page One

mill owners even the city's public schools are, was sharply demonstrated this week when members of the Young Pioneers League and members of the Strikers Childrens' Club, were the subject of a vicious campaign of persecution for their activities in behalf of the strike.

Punishment for their affiliations ranges fro mpetty annoyances of the suspected children, all the way to open floggings. Afina Ellenterio, 11 years old, a pupil in the Ingraham School was first scolded for her membership in the Pioneers and then beaten till she fainted. "The official crime she was alleged to have committed was that of not knowing the location of Mississippi. Eliza Moura, Roosevelt Junior High School was punished for having the Pioneers insignia on her blouse.

Domingue Costello, ten, the son of a shoemaker who soles the shoes of strikers free, was held after school yesterday and beaten for wearing a Pioneer tie. Gangs of young roughs are being sent to start fights with the children picketing the homes of scabs. Manuel Bernado, 12 had his eyes blacked, and Louis Garcia, 12, was bruised.

In spite of all this persecution, however, the childrens' movement grows by leaps and bounds, in activity as well as numbers. Strikers' children, volunteered to join the Pioneers in a widespread distribution of the Young Comrade, official organ of the Young Pioneers of America.

Great enthusiasm was shown by the strikers from the Whitman Mill when they attended the meeting of their mill committee. Fred E. Beal was chairman and reported on the planned new union to be launched in New York on Sept. 22. Keller and Dawson, returned from the U. T. W. convention were occorded a spirited ovation. Thursday evening, the strikers from the Nashewena Mill are to meet. Friday the Soule Mill workers meet with the Acushnet and Potemska following soon thereafter.

When French Imperialist Plans Went Wrong

The wreckage of the plane in which the French minister of commerce, Maurice Bokanowski, together with three companions and the pilot were killed when flames enveloped their plane at Toul, France. Bokanowski, one of the most zealous of the French imperialists was recently in the United States where he reviewed the troops at West Point and took a keen interest in the preparations which the Americans are making for imperialist war.

EUROPEAN LABOR GREETS MINERS

Cables Received From Militant Unions

Continued from Page One

gle of the fighting American mine workers against their reactionary officials and bureaucrats gives us also a lead."

French Miners Send Greetings.

From the Unitary Union of Northern Miners and Allied Trades of France comes the following message of solidarity and good-will over the signature of M. Morival, its secretary-general:

"Dear Comrades:

"The Regional Unitary Trade Union of the militant miners of the North of France salutes with joy the calling of the convention at Pittsburgh on the 9th of September, by the left wing of the American miners.

"It expresses the hope that the miners on that date will succeed in founding a real class-conscious union, one which will enable them to free themselves from the yoke of the traitor chiefs of the old union.

"The Regional Trade Union, which is following with the closest interest the evolution of the miners movement in the United States, toward real fighting policies, also hopes that the Pittsburgh Conference will send us the full proceedings of the Convention.

"Long live the American Miners Union, freed from Lewis and his clique!

"Long life the world wide united front of the miners!

"For the Regional Trade Union of the Miners of the North of France.

"The Secretary General,
—"M. Morival."

* * *

Belgium Workers Speak

For the Federation of the Knights of Labor of Seraing, Belgium, Jules Blavier, secretary, writes:

"Seraing, Aug. 7th '28.

"Dear Comrades:

"On the occasion of the Convention called at Pittsburgh by you left wing American workers,

"We send fraternal greetings to all the miners and also to the New American Miners Union.

"We hope that this convention will enable the miners to free themselves definitely from the worst bureaucrats in the world.

"Liberated from this check and strong in their new hope the miners will go forward in the struggle, and devote their lives to throwing off the chains of capitalism.

"For the Federation of the Knights of Labor of Belgium.

"The Secretary,
—"Jules Blavier."

* * *

Austrian Miners' Greetings.

Through Franz Koritschoney, the left wing miners of the Austrian Federation of Mine and Millworkers, whose headquarters are in Vienna, write: "We militant mineworkers of Austria, who are struggling against the reactionary bureaucrats greet with enthusiasm the great step of our American colleagues.

"More and more have the conservatives of our country given up their pretence of following the 'left' progressive tradition and adopted the class collaboration program of the A. F. of L. The struggle of the fighting American mine workers against their reactionary officials and bureaucrats give us also a lead. Long live the militant miners' union! Long live the six hour day! Long live the solidarity of the workers of the world!

"With fraternal greetings,
—"Franz Koritschoney, Member of Executive Committee."

Aluminum Workers Are Paid Low Wage

WASHINGTON. — Female workers in the manufacture of aluminum utensils are paid as low as $14.69 a week, according to the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics.

A study of 32 plants in seven states show that weekly earnings for male and female workers average $25.68. Full-time weekly hours average 52½, but the time actually worked average 50 hours. The comparatively few molders are the highest paid employes, their full-time weekly earnings average $41.37 None of these workers are organized.

Crisis May Force Tory Cabinet Reorganization Chamberlain 'Too Sick'

LONDON, Sept. 12 (UP).—A reorganization of the cabinet, including the resignation of seven ministers for reasons of health, will take place before the 1929 elections, the Daily Telegraph reported today.

The newspaper said it understood the following would retire: Sir Austin Chamberlain, the Earl of Balfour, Sir William Johnson-Hicks, W. C. Bridgeman, the Marquis of Salisbury, Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister and Sir Arthur Steel-Maitland.

FRENCH WORKERS PRESS ON BRIAND

Charges War Preparation Against USSR

PARIS, Sept. 12.—Briand's speech at Geneva in which he stressed the need for military defense against a war which he charged was being prepared by the Soviet Union, resulted in many comments here, the most important of which was the denunciation of the militarist policy of the French government by the Communist press.

The criticism pointed out that French military and naval costs were rising, that new preparations were being made, especially in the new line of fortifications stretching across Europe, the construction of airplane bases, and the perfection of chemical means of warfare.

When Briand charges the Soviet Union with "fostering a class war" and claimed that military strength was necessary not so much for national defense but for protection against the "menace," the Communist press charges that was only an excuse for further preparations for an offensive war against the Soviet Union, and for the perfection of a strike-breaking and counter-revolutionary organization of military and naval strength.

By trying to discredit the Soviet Union by his references to "theatrical gestures" Briand is only trying to draw the attention of the French masses from the significance of its class struggle and the sincere and whole-hearted desire of the Soviet Union for peace, the press said.

On the other hand, semi-official government papers like the Temps, commended Briand on his stand at Geneva, especially against the German demand for evacuation.

JAPANESE TORIES PLAN OFFENSIVE

TOKIO, Sept. 12.—Many charges of bribery and other underhand methods punctuate the comment here on the complete dissolvency of the opposition party, Minseito, which leaves Baron Tanaka in power and his policy towards Manchuria and the Nanking regime intact.

The first move in this series of government maneuvers took place on August 1 when Takejiro Tokonami seceded from the opposition group and threatened to form a third party, which weakened the opposition (Minseito). Well informed observers charge that this move was inspired by the government group and that the further disintegration of the Minseito was brought about by cash bribes.

This clever maneuvering has resulted in the maintenance of the policy of military aggression in Manchuria and enmity to the Soviet Union. The Minseito, in event it had attained power, would perhaps have adopted a less "militantly aggressive" policy but one essentially based on the protection of the Japanese "interests" in Manchuria.

MOLDERS RAISE WAGES.

SEATTLE.—Molders raised their minimum wage to $7.50 a day after a short strike. The former minimum was $6.40 but several employers paid more than this rate. The average increase is 60 cents a day.

OPERATORS REFUSE CUT.

ST. LOUIS.—Motion picture operators have rejected a 10 per cent cut proposed by St. Louis owners. Negotiations continue.

OIL INTERESTS END INDIA WAR

Price-cutting Cut Too Many Profits

LONDON, Sept. 12.—After the price war between Dutch Shell and the Standard Oil in India, in which it was found that the Royal Dutch Shell undercharged considerable in order to win the eastern market from the United States, both companies are now charging exorbitant prices, according to the report of an Indian board of inquiry?

At the beginning of the price war the Dutch Shell alleged that the Standard had bought oil from the Soviet Oil Syndicate which rightfully belonged to it, on the basis of pre-revolutionary claims.

It is generally believed that the two oil companies, after their recent conference in England, had, among other things, decided to give up the price-war because of its damaging results. According to the board of inquiry, the excess charged by the oil companies would amount to about $20,000,000 above the ordinary economic prices.

DRIVE TO HELP MILL CHILDREN

Open W. I. R. Station in New Bedford

A relief station to feed the children of the textile strikers is soon to be opened in New Bedford by the Workers International Relief. The Mothers' League of New England is launching a special campaign for its support. The Hebrew Bakers' Local 45 has taxed its members with fifty cents per capita, making a sum of about $125 which is to go toward the initial expense of the children's station. Two food stations, at the north and south end of New Bedford, are maintained by the Workers International Relief. It also conducts soup kitchens in Fall River.

Increased relief activity is reported in Boston and vicinity. Jeannette D. Pearl, field organizer for the W. I. R., is visiting and addressing organizations, enlisting sympathy and support of workers and friends. At a special meeting of the Carpenters' Local 157 a dollar tax per member was levied. The president, A. Roosar, advanced a check of 200 on account, and promcheck of $200 on account, and promsoon. Generous donations have been made by the New York and Independent Workmen's Circle of Boston, W. S. & D. B. F., American Austrian Benefit Society, with promise of help from several other organizations.

The board of directors of the Community Church, after listening to report of the New Bedford situation, assured Miss Pearl of their sympathy with the need for relief and offered to start a relief drive in support of the W. I. R. relief kitchens.

Imperialists Discuss Occupation of Rhine at Session in Geneva

GENEVA, Sept. 12.—Five representatives of big powers met here today to discuss the question of the evacuation of German land occupied by allied troops and to formulate a common platform to present to the United States government that would combine the question of the evacuation of the Rhine with that of war debts.

Previously Briand of France had declared that evacuation would not take place without some form of repayment. The French delegation, supported by the British, has demanded as a form of remuneration that the railroad and industrial securities of Germany be marketed abroad, that the allies control the German frontier and that there be no talk of a German-Austrian political union. By a united platform the European powers expect to have the United States government reduce or cancel the war debts in return for the German securities.

With characteristic seclusion nothing was said of the results of the first conference, but a long series of negotiations are thought necessary before the powers concerned will agree to a common platform.

144 ROUMANIAN PEASANTS AND WORKERS TRIED

Government Witnesses are Police Spies

BUCHAREST, Rumania, Sept. 12. The Rumanian government yesterday began the trial of 144 workers and peasants on charges of spreading Communist propaganda, according to reports from Klausenburg.

Against these defendants the government has marshalled more than four hundred witnesses, many of whom, according to statements of the workers, are police spies and government agents.

The evidence in the case is comprised in several volumes of closely printed matter.

In spite of the strictness with which the Rumanian censorship has endeavored to keep the less savory details of the arrests from leaving the country, stories of unbelievable cruelty and tortures in the Rumanian jails have frequently found their way across the frontier and into the stories of correspondents.

Many of the defendants in the present trial have been held in prisons for months following their arrest on charges which, at times, are no more serious than the possession of a book declared illegal by the authorities or an accidental world. In many cases the arrests can be laid to local jealousies and informing for revenge.

SPANISH POLICE ARREST 60 MORE

Papers Carry No News of Raids

MADRID, Sept. 12 (UP).—Extraordinary precautions have been taken by police and military authorities to suppress any disorder at tomorrow's ceremonies celebrating the fifth anniversary of Premier Primo De Rivera's regime as dictator.

Any disturbance will be put down quickly. Officials, however, were confident that a plot to overthrow the De Rivera rule had been broken thoroughly by more than 360 arrests here and in the provinces.

This morning's papers, due to censorship, did not carry a line about the miscarried plot, which was discovered Tuesday. All that was printed was the announcement that De Rivera was conferring today with the ministers of interior and justice and the chief of police about preparations for tomorrow's ceremony, which will draw 50,000 visitors to Madrid.

Sixty additional arrests at Valencia were reported today by Captain General Castro Girona, but on orders from Madrid they were made by civil police instead of the military. General Girona, as military chief, added that no indication was seen of disturbances in Valencia.

GERMAN MINERS THREATEN STRIKE

Soft Coal Diggers Get Small Pay

SENFTENBERG, Germany (FP). —Soft coal miners of this district are preparing to strike in October for the eight-hour day. Now they are working 9½ hours.

The strike, it is expected, will be short but exciting. Last year the coal diggers struck for a wage increase. Officials with polished boots, riding breeches and canes soiled manicured hands to help strikebreakers. Despite elaborate police protection for the blacklegs, the organized miners won—although 10 pfennigs was the extent of their victory. That is about 2½ cents American.

Average wages are now about 30 marks a week, or $7.50. That figure also represents just about the purchasing power of 30 marks. Competition of badly paid Polish miners depresses German standards. German miners live barely on the subsistence level, denied many ordinary articles of diet deemed essential in America. Among these are butter, eggs and milk. Cheap meats, sausages, vegetables and dark bread constitute the digger's diet.

American coal operators haven't much to learn over here. Miners live in company houses in a company town. The company owns the store, hotel, bakery, church and other buildings.

OFFSPRING SHAMES PAPA.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 12 (UP). A. O. Guy, son of Rev. J. W. Guy, superintendent of the South Carolina anti-saloon league, was fined $200 and sentenced to four months in jail today when he pleaded guilty to a charge of violation of the prohibition law.

Torn from German Prisons by Workers

A group of class war prisoners leaving the infamous Sonnenburg jail following their release under the provisions of the German amnesty act. The freed prisoners were received enthusiastically all over Germany by the German working class elated at its success in delivering its fighters from the hands of the capitalists. A number of the prisoners will go to the Soviet Union to recuperate from the sufferings they underwent in jail.

VOLUNTEER ARMY AIDS IN RED ELECTION DRIVE

Continued from Page One

said, "Mitchell Palmer, attorney general, got out his infamous injunction against the miners and under the Harding regime the notorious Harry Daugherty got the Wilkerson injunction out against the striking railroad workers. The reactionary leaders of the American Federation of Labor have conveniently forgotten the strikebreaking roles played by both parties, and are now scrambling for position on the bandwagons of the democratic and republican parties.

"But the workers who went thru these strikes, who were clubbed, jailed and blacklisted, who lost their working conditions and suffered reductions in wages as a result of those injunctions, have not forgotten. The lessons of those struggles have been engraved on their memories and they are willing to listen to the program of the Workers (Communist) Party which calls on them to organize industrially and politically, and points out that only thru militant struggle can they hold whatever gains they have made in the past, win further concessions from the bosses in the future and prepare for the final overthrow of the capitalist system, and the establishment of a Workers and Farmers' Government, which will build a new society and free labor from the chains of the present slavery, the constant fear of unemployment, the horrors of war, and other evils of capitalism."

Trachtenberg announced that all these comrades who have machines, whether they be flivvers or second hand Packards, will be asked to loan them to the Party during this organization drive. Every vehicle capable of eating up space will be pressed into service. Comrades who cannot secure other means of locomotion will hike from town to town. The National Office of the Workers (Communist) Party will provide all the necessary campaign material, leaflets, membership cards, collection blanks, sub blanks for the Daily Worker and other Communist organs.

Members who are ready to offer their services are urged to get in touch immediately with the National Office of the Workers (Communist) Party at 43 East 125th Street, give their names and addresses, their Party connections and all other necessary information, tell where they would prefer to be sent and how much time they can give to this work.

Comrade Trachtenberg made it clear that the National Election Campaign is not merely a campaign to roll up a large vote for the Communist ticket, but that it is primarily a campaign to build the Party, to establish it on a national basis and thereby multiply its influence among the masses. It is not only a campaign of functionaries as is the case with the socialist party election campaign. The revival of the pioneer spirit among the members of the only revolutionary working class political party in the United States is a guarantee that the Workers (Communist) Party is destined to fulfill its historical role in America, which is to organize and lead the masses for the conquest of the land and machinery which they now use for the profit of the ruling classes in return for a bare existence, and to place political power exclusively in the hands of the workers and farmers.

While the socialist party is mobilizing ministers of religion, professional journalists, bourgeois college professors and shyster lawyers, the Workers (Communist) Party is mobilizing the working masses. In this work, the class conscious women in industry will be called on to volunteer, the members of the Young Workers (Communist) League will be asked to place their energy and enthusiasm at the disposal of the Central Executive Committee, Negro radicals will be sent into the south to bring the message of Communism to the persecuted and exploited black workers in the factories and on the farms and Communist agitators will go into the farming regions to organize Party branches.

"In this campaign," Comrade Trachtenberg concluded, "every member of the Party must become a Party builder. Those who can leave home and work for awhile are expected to volunteer immediately for this interesting and politically important task."

CREW, PASSENGERS SAVED.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 12 (UP).—The lives of seventy passengers were endangered when fire broke out yesterday in the hold of the Ward liner Monterey off the Port of Progresso, a wireless to the newspaper Excelsior said today.

REFORMISTS ASK "OPEN DOOR" FOR ARGENTINE OIL

Block Nationalization Project

BUENOS AYRES, Argentina, Sept. 12.—The proposal to nationalize all oil lands met with a setback when a coalition of the minority parties, including the conservatives, "socialists" and anti-personal radicals decided to obstruct any discussion of the plan in the chamber.

The bill calls for the expropriation of all oil lands including those held by private and foreign interests and would effect British and American oil companies who have the principle concessions in the Argentine. The largest United States interest is held by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey.

The minority bloc can obstruct the discussion on the proposed legislation by absenting itself from the chamber, thus preventing a quorum which is necessary for any discussion of new laws.

The Argentine produces about 1,372,000 tons of crude oil, of which only 800,000 come from the national reserves, the remainder being supplied by the foreign investors. In order to fulfill the fuel need Argentine must import about 850,000 tons. Between the oil interests in the country itself and the companies that export to Argentina, a virtual control over the fuel supply is exercised by the foreign interests.

The "socialist" and conservative bloc stand for an open-door policy for foreign oil exploiters.

WHAT I SAW IN CHINA
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THE "grand old man" of the British Labor movement tells of his experiences in revolutionary China after a six months' stay with the International Workers' Delegation.

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BROACH'S "EXPENSES" ARE TOTALLED BY ELECTRICAL WORKER; $1,794 IN A MONTH

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Electrical workers who are interested in learning what becomes of the money paid into their international office will be rewarded by looking over the quarterly report of the office.

I have before me now a copy of the report covering the months of April, May and June, 1928. We glance over the receipts and go to the disbursements, the money paid out.

At the head of the list—J. P. Noonan, April salary $700. Wow! Seven hundred bucks! Say, wire-pullers, how long do you suppose a man retains his working class viewpoint on a salary of $700 a month?

Setting the average dues at four dollars, it takes dues from 175 wiremen to buy papa Noonan his salary. And one more feature is that it comes regularly every month. Winter and summer he never has to ask for it or wait till the boss gets in a check from a job. No worry about unemployment here, boys. Year round job.

Next on the list comes a man with whom the electrical workers of New York are well acquainted. H. H. Broach—April salary $441.66. Not so bad, but a little farther along comes a notation: H. H. Broach—$300 for New York difficulty. What difficulty? Putting over his dirty work on Local 3? Then comes an item of $203, expenses to March 31; then $222, from March 31 to April 7; then $220 for the New York difficulty. Difficulties come high in New York. Then $201 from April 7 to April 14, and again $206.75 from April 14 to April 21, making a total of $1,794.41 taken out of the treasury by Broach in one month the month of April, 1928.

Is Broach using our money to fight his battles against us? Use your own judgment. Is it any wonder that the fat-boys try to keep the per capita coming in regularly? By golly, it has to come in pretty regularly to keep them in limousines and porter-house steaks. If they were real honest to god union men they would work for the scale and expenses. The International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers is a working class organization, not a millionaires' club. All our initiation fees go to the international office. Why not go fifty-fifty with the local union and build it up instead of piling up big surpluses for these birds to use fighting their battles against us and providing fat jobs for themselves as heads of insurance companies and the like? Where is the benefit of the rank and file? Do we get a reduction in dues out of the profits of our investments? Do we get insurance any cheaper than from the other companies? No.

Think it over, wire-pullers, and determine that these fellows shall come down to earth. They are away out of touch with us. They have lost the workers' viewpoint and look upon us as the capitalists do, as poor saps to be exploited and bled to the fullest extent.

—M. O.

Steel Workers Must Push Organization Thru U. S., Correspondent Says

00,000 SLAVES IN MOLTEN HELLS; 6,000 ARE IN UNION

Big Corporation Buys Up Officials, Police

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PITTSBURGH, Pa. (By Mail).—The steel workers of this country stand as an unparalleled example of the need of organization. For of all the workers in the country who are supposed to have some skill in their work they have a smaller membership in the organized membership of the American Federation of Labor, in proportion to the number employed in the steel industry, than any other body within that organization. Of all the skilled and semi-skilled craftsmen in this country which the officials of the Federation claim control there are less members in the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Plate Workers, and more non-union and open shops in which no members of the Iron and Steel organization can be found than in any of the other branches in which the many thousands of workers are employed. In the whole industry in the country there are working, when the industry is running at capacity, about six hundred thousand skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled workers and out of that vast whole it is doubtful if there are six thousand bona fide steel and iron workers in the Amalgamated Association.

Open Shop.

The steel mills of the country, both Bessemer and open hearth, are notorious for their lack of organization, notwithstanding the fact that the men are exploited under the most inhuman speed-up system. The blast furnaces of the country have been open shop and non-union throughout the history of their existance as part of the huge iron and steel trust, and even earlier than the formation of the trust, the men who worked in the blast furnaces were mercilessly exploited, thru long hours, in the exhausting heat fro the barest existance wage. The trust have ruthlessly used their private army of coal and iron police, and their espionage system of stool pigeons, and private detectives, to keep out any organizers and break up any attempt to organize these [illegible] workers. No union has ever been permitted to get a foot hold in the steel mills or the blast furnaces of this country since the Homestead strike.

Not even in the great effort of 1919 when Bill Foster made one of the most determined attempts to organize the steel workers was the organization allowed to take deep root in the mills, by the officers of the steel trusts thruout the country. In that strike they used every force at their command to break up the union, before those in charge were allowed to consolidate the ranks of those who had joined the new union. Of course to these efforts of the Garey's must be added the open and secret sabotage of this work by the reactionary officialdom of the American Federation of Labor, who did their best to see that no organization was allowed to get a start in the steel mills and blast furnaces of the trusts.

Divisions of Workers.

One of the difficulties that must be faced in the organization of the steel workers will be that this industry is divided into a great many different kinds of fabrication plants as well as into many different kinds of production plants. The organizers of the steel workers must reckon on going into tube mills, pipe mills, rail mills, rod mills, nail mills, mills where they turn out armour plate for battleships, tin and sheet mills where they turn out the metal for the bodies of automobiles and trucks, and many other plants in which the steel workers are employed and in which we must carry on in our organizing campaign.

Steel in City Politics.

The steel trusts have learned a lesson in their numerous campaigns against the workers for the open shop, that it would be well if the workers would take to heart. They are always found buttressed in the numerous political offices in the towns where their plants are operated. In Homestead, Braddock, Rankin, McKeesport, McKees Rocks and the other small boros and towns in and around Pittsburgh, taking this city as an example, every office of any note is in the hands of some tool of the big corporations. In Woodlawn, a suburb of Pittsburgh, the Jones and Laughlin Steel Corporation control the entire town. The intern church movement exposed in one of their reports on the conditions of the steel workers, that the police of Pittsburgh who had beats in and near steel mills were paid during the 1919 steel strike $150 per month by the big steel corporations, exclusive of their regular pay as city policemen of the city of Pittsburgh. This accounts in part for the many meetings which could not be held in any of the towns in and around the Pittsburgh district. They were paid by the mill barons to see that their interests were not interfered with and they delivered the goods as every organizer in the steel campaign can testify. The steel corporations enter the campaigns and have their tools in office so that when trouble comes they are ready to beat up, arrest, jail and send to prison those who would interfere with their "business" by organizing their slaves.

Politics In Organizing Game.

This phase of any effort on our part to organize the steel mills is not to be overlooked for it is a big problem and one with which we are confronted at every turn in our work. The gun of the thug and gangster when backed by the advice of the rulers in steel—"to go the limit and we will protect you and see that no harm befalls you no matter what you do"—has caused many a militant organizer to slow up in the steel owned towns of the country. These thugs and gangsters are hired in every big industry not only in times of strke but in the days even when there is no evidence of trouble they can be seen strutting about the mill yards with colts strapped to their belts. They know the mayors and burgesses are owned and are the tools of the big trusts and if they bump off some organizer of the workers they will be protected. Hence we must make this a very concrete part of our work among the iron and steel workers and go into the political game witih the deliberate intention of wresting out of the hands of the steel barons this potent weapon which they use so effectively in suppressing the right of free speech and public assembly.

W. J. WHITE.

PAYROLLS DROP.

WASHINGTON.—Payroll totals in selected industries dropped 3.1 per cent during July, as compared with June, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Employment declined 1.1 per cent in the same period.

POTTERS AGREEMENT.

EAST LIVERPOOL, Ohio.—The National Brotherhood of Operative Potters and organized employers renewed their agreement for two years.

HAVE FIVE-DAY WEEK.

DALLAS, Tex.—Plasterers', lathers and electrical workers in this city have established the five-day week. Bricklayers, sheet metal workers, carpenters and painters are next in line.

CHAMPION RUNAWAY.

SECAUCUS, N. J., Sept. 12 (UP). Joseph Barnett, 4, champion ranaway of the east, has been found here, nine miles from his home in Guttenberg. Police cannot remember whether this is the 10th or 11th time Joseph has run away from home this year.

Militarists Watch Transcontinental Non-Stop Flight

American militarists are paying close attention to the swiftness with which it is possible to rush bombing planes from one coast of the country to the other. Blazing the trail for them are the transcontinental hops which have been occupying the flying world for some weeks past. The latest bait to lure fliers along the transcontinental route is a purse of $22,500 for the first non-stop flight from Roosevelt field to Los Angeles. Above, the Bellanca monoplane which George Haldeman, who crossed the Atlantic with Ruth Elder, will pilot. Below, the plane belonging to Mrs. Anne U. Stillman, wife of the Wall Street financier. Her pilots, George King and Olivier Boutillier are shown at right.

TO SHOW 'THE CROWD"

Great Film at Labor Temple Saturday

"THE CROWD," by John V. A. Weaver (Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer) which created a sensation when it was shown at the Astor Theatre last spring, will be shown for the benefit of the New Bedford textile strikers next Saturday evening, Sept. 15, at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St.

Albert Weisbord and M. J. Olgin will speak before each performance at 8 p. m. and 11 p. m.

Here's what Robert Wolf, author of "Springboard," who was cinema critic for "Sovietskoe King" of Moscow, said about "The Crowd" when it was first shown:

"This is the first really great American film-drama—a movie, it seems to me, quite worthy to rank with 'Potemkin,' 'Variety,' 'The Last Laugh,' 'Ballet Mecanique,' the best of Chaplin and the other few first-rate achievements of the screen.

"I do not quite see how 'The Crowd' escaped creating a sensation among both the intellectuals and the radicals here.

"'The Crowd' in a quiet and unassuming way is so revolutionary that if the police knew their business they would arrest King Vidor and John V. A. Weaver. Its moral is: Can anybody make a success in America? Y-e-s. . . try and do it! It is the first direct attack upon the great capitalist myth. . . 'The Crowd' is the story of a disillusioned white-collar slave. Out of the vast mass of commercial workers that is downtown New York, Vidor and Weaver have picked two, John and Mary, any two of the clerks and stenographers that you would hit at at the noon hour from a Broadway office-building window with a brick.

". . . 'The Crowd' is an artistic expression so detached, so skilful, so restrained, that it is difficult to find words adequate to praise it."

Makes Corrections on Expulsion of Lesco

The Daily Worker has received the following statement from the District Executive Committee, Workers (Communist) Party of Ohio, relative to the expulsion of Steve Lesco from the Party:

In its statement on the expulsion of Steve Lesco from the Party the District Executive Committee of District Ohio made a few errors in regard to happenings at the meeting of the District Painters' Council, which are corrected in the following.

The progressive who was beaten up was not attacked directly in the office of the union, but was taken into the men's room of the building and assaulted.

At the meeting of the District Painters' Council no charges were preferred against the progressive. The council appointed an investigating committee without any charges being preferred. Isaacs was a member of the investigating committee and altho the progressive was given no trial whatever, Lesco reporting for the committee recommended his expulsion from the council. This was done.

The above facts do not alter the situation, nor the decision of the District Executive Committee on the expulsion of Lesco. The facts themselves justify more than ever the expulsion of Lesco from the Party.

Another sentence in the statement of the District Executive Committee needs a little elucidation. Today the masses of the American workers are not yet prepared to join a revolutionary party. This is due to their illusions about American "democracy" and to the fact that they still have some faith in the capitalist parties. How shall they be made to feel their class positions? How shall they begin to think and act as a class—as workers? Only if they are weaned away from their support of the capitalist parties and form a party embracing the broad masses of the workers—a Labor Party.

This party will be a class party, only in so far as it will have a labor platform and will put up candidates of the working class. But this party will be limited in its possibilities, for its program will not contemplate a change in the capitalist system. It will be a party made up of workers endeavoring to secure more rights for the workers under the present system.

The Communists have no illusions about a Party of this character. The Communists will help to wean the workers away from the capitalist parties and do everything possible to accelerate this process. But only a complete change of the capitalist system by overthrowing it will really help the workers. Revolutionary workers join the Workers (Communist) Party who are prepared to fight for this change.

DISTRICT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, DISTRICT OHIO.

PACKARD AUTO WORKERS FIRED FOR SICKNESS

Department Boss Is Called Bully

(By a Worker Correspondent)

DETROIT, Mich., (By Mail).—Some red-blooded workers should go to the Packard plant in Detroit and organize a union because htis plant is a slave-driving outfit, especially certain motor departments.

There is a bull boss there named Smith, who never speaks to anybody who works under him except when he wants to holler his head off telling the men that they work too slow.

If we want to find out something or ask him something he never answers our questions. He just bawls us out good and proper.

There we work from fifty cents to fifty-four cents an hour. If a answered that he gets too much already. The bull tells him that he'll get a cut in wages not a raise. I've known men working there for three years and they are still getting fifty cents an hour.

I've asked the big bully about the bonus and he says that we did not make any bonus. They don't want anybody to know too much, the less a man knows the better for the boss. If a man is a little educated he is no good to them, he knows too much.

The bosses' system is never to talk to the slaves, just be rough to them, don't tell them anything.

If a man stays at home a day because he is sick and comes back to work the next day, he gets a good bawling out and may get fired too. If a man gets a raise in wages he gets only two cents an hour more.

One man told the bull that he wanted to go home because he was sick. The bull told him to go ahead and stay home altogether. He told him never to come back to work no more.

Parden me for my bad writing because I have no time to go to school under this system. They want you to work hard till you die, then you get promoted. I started to work when I was nine years of age and still I am a slave.

I am a disabled ex-serviceman and reader of The Daily Worker.

—N. R.

* * *

EDITOR'S NOTE—The worker who wrote the above piece of correspondence asks his fellow workers and the editors of his class paper to pardon his "bad writing." There is nothing to pardon. As a letter describing conditions in the Packard shop and the slavery of the workers there, this is very good writing! If there were words misspelled in the original letter, the writer tells why: "I started to work when I was nine years of age and still I am a slave." The Worker Correspondent does not care about swell English. Write the best you can and we will do the rest.

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Edwin Burke Comedy to Open On Monday at Maxine Elliott

NEXT Monday night Patterson McNutt will present "This Thing Called Love," a new comedy by Edwin Burke, at the Maxine Elliott Theatre with Violet Heming and Minor Watson as the featured players. The supporting cast includes Malcolm Duncan, Juliette Day, Ruth Garland, Bruce Elmore, J. H. Brewer, Henry Whittemore, Enid Romany and Josephine Lewis. This is McNutt's first Broadway production since he sponsored a revival of Ibsen's "Ghosts" with Mrs. Fiske as the star. He is the co-author of "Pigs," a success of a few seasons back.

RUTH LYONS.

In "Night Hostess," Philip Dunning's play of Broadway night life at the Martin Beck Theatre.

"Young Love," by Samson Raphaelson, author of "The Jazz Singer," goes into rehearsal today and is scheduled for an out of town opening prior to its Broadway showing.

"In Abraham's Bosom," the Pulitzer prize play by Paul Green, will have four performances at the Provincetown Playhouse before it leaves for an extended road tour. Performances begin on Friday evening, September 21, and end with the Sunday evening performance.

William Crimmins has replaced Al Roberts as the Uncle Tom of the troupe in "Eva the Fifth" at the Little Theatre.

Robert Long is the latest addition to the cast of "Possessions," which is now in rehearsal. The play is due here next month.

SOVKINO COMEDY BOOKED FOR CAMEO THEATRE.

The Film Arts Guild announces the American premiere of the first Soviet comedy at the Cameo Theatre which has been tentatively titled "The Three Moscow-Teers." This Sovkino production is the first attempt at cinema humor by the Sovkino studios and has had a tremendous success in Europe. It relates the stories of two young men modelled on the style of Huckleberry Finn, who have created an invention which does away with hand labor in the making of wooden packing boxes. The attempts of the packing box manufacturer to frustrate their efforts to bring their invention to the attention of the Soviet authorities is replete with comic situations and indicates that the Russians are quite adept in the matter of unique "gags."

On the same program will be "The Shanghai Document" which, while ostensibly a news reel scenic, gives one the feel and throb of life in this amazing Chinese metropolis better than any previous production. Its direction by J. Slokh and photography by Leo Stepanov has been acclaimed by the European press as equal to the best to be found in Russian productions. This program will come to the Cameo Theatre about the first week in October.

AMUSEMENTS

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A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

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Ben Gold, Fur Leader, Will Speak at Huge Mine Meeting Here on September 20th

JOHN WATT WILL TELL STORY OF BIG CONVENTION

Miners Send Solidarity Message to Needle Men

Ben Gold, head of the Joint Board, Furriers Union, who has played the outstanding role in the struggles of the furriers against the alliance of the bosses and the reactionary international clique, will be one of the speakers at the monster solidarity mass meeting on Thursday evening, September 20, at Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., which has been arranged by the National Miners Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, and the Shop Delegates Conference for Miners Relief.

Watt to Speak.

This is the meeting at which John Watt, who has just been elected president of the new National Miners Union, will bring a report of the historic convention at Pittsburgh, at which the new union of the rank and file was launched. Watt, who has been in the thick of the coal diggers' fight against their enemies, will describe the vivid details of the miners' desperate struggles with starvation, eviction and disease—a constant reality—and brings a message of solidarity with the fighting needle trades workers, the striking textile workers and the whole of the progressive labor movement.

In addition to Ben Gold, who is one of the outstanding leaders of left wing struggles in this country, others prominent in the battles of the progressive workers will speak and call on the workers of New York and vicinity to express their solidarity with the new miners' union by aiding the thousands of coal diggers and their families, who are still destitute and facing starvation. There will also be speakers representing the Youth Conference for Miners Relief and the Children's Relief Scout Groups, who will address themselves particularly to the youth and the children.

The huge solidarity mass meeting is expected to mobilize the militant workers of this city 100 per cent behind the new National Miners Union and to rally all forces to support the miners in the new struggles which face them.

NEW MINE UNION PLANS BIG FIGHT

Continued from Page One

sympathy to the family of the heroic coal digger. The delegates to the new union convention today passed a resolution saluting the dead miner who gave his life for the union.

* * *

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 12.—Tony Carbonari, delegate to the convention for a new miners' union, who was slugged by Lewis gangsters last Sunday morning, is still in the hospital in a very critical condition. One side of his brain has cleared of concussions, although he is still delirious, cannot remember anything and refuses to take any food.

The National Miners' Relief Committee has sent a doctor regularly to attend Carbonari, and as much as possible is being done to bring him around.

Hospital authorities announced that they have orders to turn Carbonari over to the police if he recovers. Police denial of charges that they deported numbers of mine delegates from the city have been refuted by delegates to whom information has come from those who were driven out of town.

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Ruth's Homer Makes Yankee Owners Happy

Visions of the World Series with its attendant huge profits must have loomed large in the minds of the millionaire owners of the New York Yankees as Babe Ruth trotted around the bases after smashing a home run which won Tuesday's game with the Philadelphia Athletics. Above is a section of the crowded stands during a tense moment in the game.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Literature Agents.

September Communist is out. All literature agents will return the August issue and receive the September bundles.

* * *

Section 1 Membership Meet.

A special membership meeting of Section 1 will be held tomorrow at 6:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place. On the order of business are: 1. Daily Worker and Freiheit Bazaar. 2. Discussion on the War Danger. Comrade Ella Wolfe will lead the discussion. All members must attend.

* * *

Brownsville Youth.

The Brownsville Youth will hold an election campaign conference on Sept. 16th of all Youth Workers' organizations. It will be held at 122 Osborn St. at 11 a. m.

* * *

Bronx Agitprop Conference.

A conference of all campaign managers and committees, all agitprop directors, all Daily Worker and literature agents and all others interested in campaign work will be held today at 8:30 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave.

* * *

Harlem Young Workers League.

The Harlem section of the Young Workers League is holding a hammer and sickle party Saturday, Sept. 15, at 8 p. m. at 143 East 103rd St. Dancing and refreshments will be some of the features.

* * *

Unit 3F 2A.

A very important meeting of Unit 3F, Subsection 2A will be held today, 6 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Youth Day Meetings.

The following International Youth Day meetings are scheduled for New Jersey:

Paterson: Thursday, Sept. 13, at 3 Governor St.

Newark: Friday, Sept. 14, at 93 Mercer St.

Passaic: Friday, Sept. 14, at 25 Dayton Ave.

* * *

Organization Conference.

An organization conference of Section 2 will be held Tuesday, Sept. 18, at 101 W. 27th St. at 6 p. m. All unit and subsection organizers must attend.

* * *

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 31 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

* * *

Harlem Y. W. L. Dance.

The Harlem unit of the Young Workers League will have a comraderie and dance on Saturday night, September 15, at 143 East 103rd St.

* * *

Newark Youth Day.

Tomorrow the Young Workers League of Newark will celebrate International Youth Day, at the Progressive Center, 93 Mercer Street. The program will include a play, dancing and good speakers.

German Branch, Yorkville Y. W. L.

The next meeting of the German Branch of the Young Workers League of Yorkville will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m., at the Hungarian Workers Home, 352 East 81st St. There will be a lecture on the "Communist Youth Movement."

* * *

Brownsville Open Air Meetings.

The Brownsville section of the Young Workers League will have the following open air meetings:

Thursday: Junius and Liberty Ave.; speakers: Polchick, S. Mellman and Charles Wilson.

* * *

Bath Beach Y. W. L.

A unit membership meeting of the Bath Beach Young Workers League will be held today at 8 p. m. at 1965 Bath Ave.

* * *

Branch 3, Sec. 7.

Starting next Monday, Branch 3, Section 7, will meet every Monday night at Finnish Hall, 764 40th St., Brooklyn. Important business meeting on September 10th at 8 p. m.

* * *

Unit 2FD, Subsection 2C.

A meeting of Unit 2FD, Subsection 2C, will be held tomorrow evening at 6:30 at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

6F 2A.

6F 2A will meet tomorrow at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 67th St.

* * *

Y. W. L. Downtown.

Will meet Saturday at Clinton and E. B'way., at 8:30 p. m. Speakers: Tillie Lurye, M. Cullens, Klingoffer, Rose Pollack, B. Intrator and a Pioneer speaker.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

* * *

Jewelry Workers Notice.

The Jewelry Workers' Welfare Club will hold a ball and concert on Saturday evening, Nov. 3, at the Webster Manor, 11th St. All fraternal organizations are urged not to arrange conflicting affairs for that date.

* * *

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Campaign Conference.

A conference on the Bronx Workers' election campaign will be held Sunday, Sept. 15, at 2 p. m. at 1472 Boston Road. All labor and fraternal organizations sympathetic to the aims of the Workers Party are requested to send two delegates.

* * *

Spanish Workers' Dance.

All friends are asked to attend the dance of the Spanish Workers' Club on Saturday, Sept. 15 at the Spanish Workers' Center, 55 West 113th St.

* * *

Brownsville I. L. D.

Brownsville I. L. D. will hold a special meeting today at 8 p. m. at 154 Watkins St.

* * *

Workers School Sport Club.

All friends and members of the Workers School Sport Club are invited to participate in an Over Night Hike which the Workers School Sport Club is having on Saturday, Sept. 15. We meet at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square at 8:30 and the destination is Tuckahoe Woods. There will be soccer practice on this hike. Be sure to bring a blanket, raincoat and sweater.

* * *

Young Needle Trades Workers!

A mass meeting of all young needle trades workers will be held today immediately after work at Labor Temple in preparations for the Working Youth Conference. Attendance is urgent.

* * *

Branch 548 W. C. is organizing a symphony orchestra. Comrades who play on any instrument are requested to correspond with M. Green, 804 W. 187th St., or to come every Tuesday night to the club rooms of the Bronx Arbeiter Club, 1472 Boston Road.

* * *

Spanish Workers Club.

The Spanish Workers Club will have a lecture on "Bourgeois and Proletarian Literature," by Miguel Cruz, next Tuesday at 8:30 p. m. at 55 W. 113th St.

FOSTER ASSAILS PACT IN DETROIT KELLOGG 'PEACE'

"Camouflage for War of Imperialists"

Continued from Page One

didates of the socialist as well as the republican and democratic parties, and their platforms, which he claimed avoid the real issues confronting the American people. He attacked the peace pact which Kellogg has just brought back from Europe, the imperialist and military preparations of the capitalist nations, their conspiracy against the Soviet Union, the exploitation of American workers and farmers, bourgeois democracy, discrimination against the foreign-born, Negroes and women, and told his audience that only the Workers (Communist) Party offered the worker a solution of these evils of the capitalist system.

Foster charged that the Kellogg Peace Pact is a "camouflage for imperialism, a smoke-screen behind which the rival powers are maneuvering for advantageous position in preparation for the inevitable conflict for domination of world markets." He predicted a war between the United States and Great Britain, and condemned the "capitalist conspiracy against Russia, whose very existence is a menace to the ruling class, an inspiration to workers everywhere to rise in revolution and set up a workers and farmers government."

The Communists are not in the political field solely to win votes, said Foster, but they frankly utilize the campaign to disseminate Communist propaganda. If Communists should be elected they would not hope to reform the present system and realize their radical program by parliamentary methods, but would utilize legislative bodies as forums, to mobilize the masses for revolutionary struggles against the capitalist class and its government. The Communist candidate condemned the socialists for creating illusions about the possibilities of using the ballot to capture and reform the present government and emancipate the working class. No Communist would become president, he said, until the government is a revolutionary Soviet with a Red Army to enforce the rule of the workers.

Auto Workers Exploited

In Detroit, Foster protested particularly against the ruthless exploitation of the automobile workers in that section. He attacked "Fordism," as a plan to speed up the workers and squeeze out more profits for the bosses. "Once the best paid of American workers, the auto-worker has suffered from wage cuts and a killing speed-up system which throws him on the scrap-heap at an early age."

Foster is best known for his leadership of the great steel strike of 1919. He has a long record of militantly radical activity, having been expelled from the socialist party in 1909 after nine years in its left-wing. He joined the I. W. W. which sent him to Budapest to a meeting of the International Trade Unions Secretariat. While in Europe he studied the labor movement there. Upon his return he helped in the organization of the now defunct Syndicalist League, and of the Trade Union Educational League in 1916. After a trip to Russia in 1921 Foster openly declared himself a Communist and has since been a target for the officials of the American Federation of Labor, for his activity in the left wing of the trade unions.

The campaign tours of Foster, Gitlow and Nearing will cover the entire country. Foster will speak in Butte tomorrow, in Seattle on September 16, Portland, September 19, San Francisco September 21, and in Los Angeles September 23.

BISHOP'S HOME RUN BEATS YANKEES, 4-3

(By United Press)

The Philadelphia Athletics turned the tables on the New York Yankees here this afternoon and won the fourth game of their critical baseball series for the American League leadership. The score was 4 to 3.

By their victory today the Athletics won one game and lost three in the four-game series and are now one and one-half games behind the Yankees.

Today's game, like two previous games in this series, was decided by a home run, this time by Max Bishop, Athletics' second baseman, who drove the ball into the right-field bleachers in the first half of the ninth inning with none on base and the score tied at 3 to 3.

Connie Mack sent the veteran Ehmke to the mound and Miller Huggins called on Waite Hoyt, mainstay of the Yankee staff since the injury suffered by Herb Pennock. Tony Lazzeri, although still suffering from an arm injury, was at second base for the Yankees.

In the eighth inning, with a one run lead, Ehmke weakened and was replaced by Orwoll, who was credited with the win. Something went wrong with Ehmke's right knee and he had difficulty in standing on the mound. In this inning the Yankees missed a golden opportunity to win the game. Combs was safe on an infield hit and Koenig singled, but Combs was out in attempting to reach third. Lou Gehrig then struck out for the second time during the game, Ruth was walked and Meusel was hit by a pitched ball, filling the bases. Orwoll was then rushed to the mound and walked Lazzeri on four straight balls, forcing in Koenig with the tying run. Gazella then batted for Robertson and flied out to Haas.

In the ninth inning Mack sent Rube Walberg to the mound. Walberg had previously suffered defeat in the second game of the double-header Sunday, but today his effectiveness returned and with a one run lead, resulting from Bishop's homer, he was never in trouble. Collins walked, but Durocher, Combs and Koenig were retired in order, giving the Athletics the 4 to 3 victory.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

Brooklyn, 6; Philadelphia, 1.
St. Louis, 2; Cincinnati, 1.
New York at Boston, rain.

American League

Philadelphia, 4; New York, 3.
Only game scheduled

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FOSTER TO SPEAK IN CALIFORNIA IN RED CAMPAIGN

Begin Intensive Red Drive

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 12.—With only three weeks time in which to gather 12,000 signatures on the nomination petitions, the entire Workers Party membership in the California district has mobilized to get the names of Foster and Gitlow on the ballot in this state, and to run Anita Whitney for United States Senator.

San Francisco and Oakland are in a race to see which can gather the most signatures, and each day Communist and left-wing workers are bringing hundreds of names into the Party headquarters. The largest hall obtainable in the city has been taken for the campaign mass meeting, Friday, September 21, at which William Z. Foster will speak. It is the Civic Auditorium, Larkin Hall, and this is expected to be the biggest Communist meeting ever held in San Francisco. Workers' delegations from Oakland, Berkeley, San Jose, and farmers' delegations from Petaluma and Santa Clara County are coming in to San Francisco for the Foster meeting.

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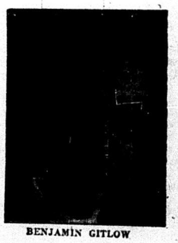

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Also the Workers of the Whole World Have Reason to Be Proud of the Red Army, Mr. Briand!

The Daily Worker has received from Geneva a wireless telegram of the International Press Correspondence which reads as follows:

"The speech of Aristide Briand to the League of Nations Assembly contain some passages that are extremely interesting and which show the possibilities of the League of Nations as a rallying point for the united imperialist front for war against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

"Briand denied that armaments have increased since the inception of the League of Nations, and continued:

> "'There is one country which is no member of the League of Nations and where armaments with regard to both men and material are increasing, and which is proud of this fact.
>
> "'This country is prepared to make theatrical gestures for disarmament, and demands disarmament complete and absolute. This country has signed the Paris pact. It renounces war. What war? Past war which has spotted with blood all the pages of human history? Or war which led one people pursuing national aspirations to attack other people? This war is damned, but there is another sort of war which doesn't seem to be damned. This other form of war seems to be holy for this people and leads it to misuse its power everywhere. The effects of such war are not less bloody for peoples. If the delegates here failed to realise this truth they would not be doing their duty. I speak not to create hindrances but in order to show that certain fears are justified.'"

Other dispatches published in the capitalist newspapers here fully bear out the interpretation of the French foreign minister's speech as one directed toward consolidating the imperialist forces of the world for concerted military action against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, and using the League of Nations as the base for counter-revolutionary war against the peoples of France, Germany, England and other countries in the expected revolutionary working class upheavals accompanying the outbreak of imperialist war. This is the correct conception of the League of Nations. Briand is merely trying to develop a more frank expression of the essential character of the League of Imperialists which has been half-concealed under Wilsonian hypocrisy. The half-concealment of this imperialist character has been necessary in the past to enable the social-democratic flunkeys of the imperialists to dupe the working class into support of the League of Imperialists. But in the complex maneuvres of European governments against one another, the Poincare government felt that the sentimental hog-wash was being used against the particular interests of French capitalist imperialism. This is interestingly brought out by the Temps (the semi-official organ of the French government), which says:

> "The Minister of Foreign Affairs has said all that should be said at this moment when there is being carried on a certain campaign which tends to give a completely false note to the current peace efforts."

Referring tactfully to Briand as "the creator of Locarno, the initiator of the (Kellogg-Briand) pact against war," the Temps continues:

> "The German campaign for early evacuation of the Rhineland without any recompense in return, for immediate and general disarmament and for anschluss with Austria has created misunderstanding which it is vital to dissipate. No one can do this with more purpose, authority and clarity than M. Briand, the creator of Locarno, the initiator of the pact against war, the man who has worked with the greatest ardor for the rapprochement of peoples and the peace of Europe.
>
> "His discourse has brought great comfort to all true friends of peace. It can only have deceived those who are content with the equivocal and who have abandoned for a mirage certain absolute formulas which they wish to exploit for certain particular causes or revolutionary theories."

The crafty brain of Briand, the ex-"socialist," in carrying through the imperialist purposes of the French finance-capitalists, foresees the need of his capitalist masters to prepare the way for the imperialists to attack the Soviet Union and any working-class revolution which may be found to intervene in the imperialist war to which his policies lead. The masses must be psychologized to believe that the menace of war comes from the efforts of the exploited masses. Revolutionary war against imperialism and against imperialist war ("the transformation of imperialist war into civil war against the capitalist class") are the only means by which peace can be brought to the world. The crafty imperialist war makers would reverse the picture and make the less conscious masses think that revolutionary war is the source of war danger. Especially the fact that the socialist Union of Socialist Soviet Republics must be defended by the proletariat of every capitalist country, is transformed by this dirty political "apache" Briand into a claim that menace of war comes from the only great power on earth that stands as a bulwark against imperialist war and as a concrete realization of the only social system that can and will put an end to all war.

Black is white, up is down, water is dry and fire is wet, says Mr. Briand; so the Soviet Union which is the only power to propose complete and absolute disarmament is the one which initiates war.

This is another warning to the working class of the world. The world war is coming without doubt. It is uncertain only as to the time at which it will break out with unprecedented suddenness and ferocity. The working class must be prepared ideologically to play its part as the most courageous defenders of the Socialist Fatherland of the world's working class—the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The imperialists will start the war which the working class of all countries must transform into revolutionary war against the imperialists.

The speech of Briand shows the criminal idiocy of pacifist illusions. It shows that not only the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is justified in being "proud" of its Red Army of free workers and peasants, but also the workers, farmers and colonial peoples of the whole world must be proud of the Red Army which belongs to all of us and will be the active champion of the oppressed of all countries in their struggles for liberation.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

Money is coming in for the Communist Campaign Fund in all languages. The Campaign Corner Editor is a one hundred per cent American, in the sense that he knows only one language and a half and those indifferently. But he can read the dollar sign in any language. It [illegible] Esperanto. Kate Schatz, of the Bronx, also of the Camp of the [illegible] of Nature, sends the sum of $[illegible] with the best wishes of the contributors. If those sympathizers [illegible] on a thick coat of tan for protection from the elements in winter as well as in summer we may have another contribution before the votes [illegible] to fly in November.

• • •

[illegible] receipt of this communication the editor of Campaign Corner [illegible] around the office for somebody to read the letter that accompanied the donation. Finally a Jewish comrade who could read his own language was located. The others could read almost everything else. But fancy my embarrassment when the comrade who essayed the task of translating it into South Boston Americanese stumbled at the dollar sign and could not hurdle his way over the figures until I had to give him a life. Verily indeed this is a topsy turvy world.

• • •

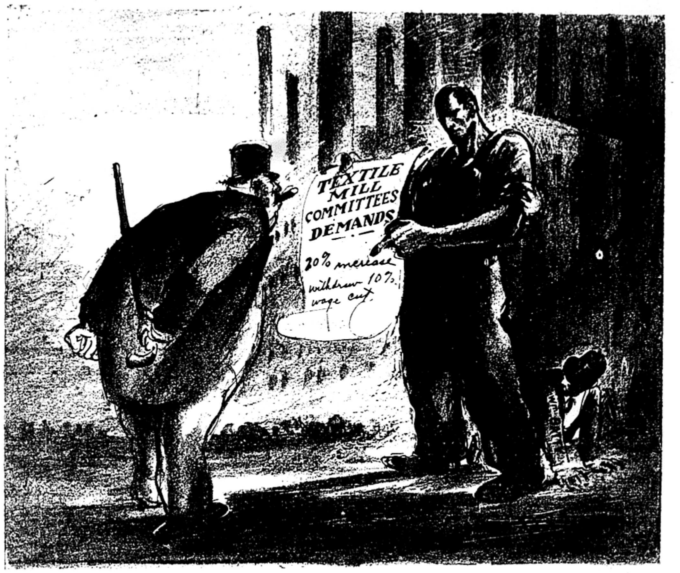
Here is another letter containing a check for $50.00. The campaign manager notes, "play up big" on the margin. The language is either Lettish, Lithuanian or Croatian. It doesn't matter. Fifty dollars is a lot of money. The money comes from Powhatan Point, Ohio, and I gather that it is the proceeds of a picnic held on August 26. I have reason to expect that when all the returns are in that the comrades of Powhaton Point will send us $25.00 more. Am I right or wrong?

• • •

The picnic period is almost over and that source of revenue for the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund has bumped into a closed season. The Campaign Corner editor has been informed that a favorite indoor sport between now and election day will be raising funds for the Communist election campaign by means of house parties. Comrades will gather informally at somebody's home, listen to a tune over the radio, have tea and cake, and then simultaneously decide to contribute something to the campaign fund. No expenses, everything will be velvet. Besides having an enjoyable evening the comrades participating in this kind of indoor sport will have the additional satisfaction of doing a worthy deed. An easy conscience is conducive to sound sleep.

AND MR. BATTY SNEAKS BEHIND

By Fred Ellis



On United States Imperialism

Comrade Pepper Analyzes Position of Labor Movement in United States

The following speech was delivered by Comrade John Pepper at the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International. It analyzes the position of American capitalism and the nature of the sharpening class struggle in the United States.

• • •

(Continued.)

I consider it my duty to cite one outstanding example of the fight of the American Party against Right dangers. I think it is not without significance that the document which accuses the C. E. C. of the American Party of constituting a Right-wing, that this document does not contain one single word about the most important, the fundamental error the American Party ever committed. The Right-wing error I am referring to is contained in the election platform of 1924. The same comrades who accuse the American Party of being a Right-wing party had the leadership of the Central Executive Committee of the American Party in 1924. These comrades are therefore fully responsible for the policies of the election platform of 1924. This election platform reads as follows:

"The Workers Party declares itself in favor of the immediate nationalization of all large-scale industries such as railroads, mines, super power plants, and means of communications and transportation, and for the organization of the workers in these industries for participation in the management and direction of these industries industrialized, thus developing industrial democracy, until industry comes under the control of those who produce the wealth of the nation."

Repeat Mistake.

Comrades, this statement was written, introduced and propagandized by those comrades who are accusing the present Central Executive Committee of being a Right-wing leadership. It wants to develop "industrial democracy" today in the middle of capitalist society and fosters the illusion that industrial democracy can develop before the working class seizes power and takes over the control of state power and industries. I have to state that the same mistake was repeated two years later, in 1926, in the election platform of the Party, though in not such a bad form.

Two election platforms of the Party contained a policy towards the nationalization and workers' control which was here characterized by Comrade Bukharin as a step towards a social-democratic line. And yet, such a deviation, such a grave error, was never mentioned, never criticized, never noticed, never corrected by those comrades who signed the lengthy document called the "Right danger in the American Party" and who claim to have the monopoly of Leninist policy in the American Party.

Party Corrects Errors.

The mistakes of the election platforms of 1924 and 1926 were corrected in the last election platform adopted by our Party in May, 1928. The initiative to correct these grave errors did not come from those comrades who signed the document called "Right Wing Danger in the American Party," but from the Central Executive Committee which they accuse of being a Right wing.

The American Party does not want to cover up its mistakes. Read the resolution of the May Plenum of our C. E. C. on the Trade Union question. There is a ruthless criticism in it of all mistakes we have made.

No one can question that the present Central Committee was the one to notice the major error contained in the previous platforms of the Party regarding immediate nationalization, control of production and industrial democracy. The present program of action of the Party does not contain such grave deviations to the Right.

We hope the whole Congress will reject the charge that the present Central Executive Committee of the Party is a Right wing or has the Right wing policies. Especially is it unjustified to put forward such a grave accusation based on a fundamentally wrong analysis and estimation of American imperialism as it is given in the document of these comrades.

Between Two Imperialist World Wars

International Youth Day Must Serve to Tear Masks From War-Mongers

By MARTIN ABERN

International Youth Day comes at an appropriate time this year. The day set aside by the handful of revolutionary youth during the bitter and black days of 1916-1917, as a day of demonstration against imperialist war, occurs this year amid smoke-screens of false and misleading "peace" pacts and the militarist preparations that forebode a new imperialist war.

While these war preparations are proceeding apace, and new betrayals are being planned by the socialists and labor misleaders, it is necessary to tell and retell the story of the days that gave birth to International Youth Day and to point out the significance of the occasion.

The outbreak of the world war of 1914-1918 tore the corrupt bodies of the entire socialist movement to bits. The sores that had festered for years were burst open by the terrific catastrophe. The labor and revolutionary movement of Europe in particular was exposed as a body poisoned by the agents of imperialism within its ranks. It was a slow poison, administered for years before the war, and nurtured by the small bribes and special privileges granted the aristocracy of labor by their imperialist masters.

Collapse of Reformists.

Only a small section of the revolutionary movement rose to the situation properly. The only elements that opposed the imperialist war were the Russian Bolsheviks, the Italian socialist leadership (Maximilists), the Rumanian and Bulgarian left wingers, and varied groups in the Scandinavian and other countries; and, significantly, the young socialist movement added its voice to the militant denunciation of the "socialist" traitors who were acting as agents for the kaisers, czars, bankers and business magnates in recruiting cannon fodder among the working class and peasantry.

The revolutionary youth were among the first to reestablish international working class connections. The miserable collapse of the second international only served to brighten by comparison the splendid work of the revolutionary youth center which was established in Switzerland.

The youth bureau in Berne, with its periodical, "The Youth International," received the closest and warmest collaboration of the exiled Russian Bolsheviks. Some of the most noteworthy contributions on imperialism, war, socialist-jingoism and the like, by such men as Lenin, Bucharin, Zinoviev, Trotsky, Kollontai and other Russian revolutionaries of the time could be found in the pages of the "Youth International." And this collaboration was a fruitful one in more than one respect, for the articles of Lenin in particular helped to burn away the last remnants of pacifist and petty-bourgeois illusions that still hovered over the revolutionary youth elements who were so anxiously and bravely striving to struggle against imperialism, the war, and the social patriots.

Set Aside Youth Week

It was while the trenches were flowing with working class blood, to the chants of praise sung by the "socialist" renegades, that the youth bureau in Berne issued a call to the revolutionary young workers and peasants throughout Europe to set aside the first week in September, 1915 for broad, militant demonstrations against the imperialist war and the treason of the social democrats. The voice of the revolutionary youth was the first on a Europe-wide scale to be raised in harmony with the Russian Bolsheviks, the German Spartacists led by Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, and the reds in other lands.

This great tradition, sprouting from the seeds of struggle, and forcing its way through the weeds of treason, has been properly carried down to this day. It is an occasion when the working and peasant youth of all countries demonstrate their hatred and opposition towards the imperialist wars of their master class. It is a special opportunity for the rallying of all of the toiling youth to the banner of struggle against imperialist war by enlisting on the side of the proletariat in the war of the class that continues every day. It comes during the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party which gives an added opportunity to the young militants. It is the warning of the militant youth to the imperialists that they will continue a revolutionary war against the reaction even if an imperialist slaughter should be going on at the time.

What more fitting occasion for International Youth Day demonstrations could be desired than the present? Military, naval, aerial, and industrial war preparations are going on throughout the capitalist world with unprecedented feverishness. The United States is planning a colossal navy and industries are being organized for two-minute transformation into war factories. There is a growing increase in points of friction between England and the United States, between the United States and Japan, between France and Italy, between the imperialist powers and the colonial peoples, and between world imperialism and the workers' fatherland, the Soviet Union. The struggle for world markets, for colonies, for "places in the sun," for world supremacy, has never been sharper than at this time, and the storm clouds of war have rarely been heavier.

New War In Making.

Precisely at such a time are the imperialist rogues attempting to hoodwink the masses in preparing them for "service." Innumerable "scraps of paper" are being signed with great solemnity by the "wise" diplomats. "Peace" has been proclaimed time and again at Versailles, at Genoa, at Laussane, at Locarno, at Thoiry, and now at Paris with American imperialism taking the lead. The more 'peace pacts" signed the nearer approaches the day of war.

International Youth Day must serve to tear the masks from these hypocrites and war mongers. They must be exposed as the mass murderers of the working class and peasant youth. Especially must the socialists be placed in their proper niche as at times open or concealed agents of the imperialist war lords. These renegades are continuing the tradition of the socialists of 1914. Norman Thomas supports the anti-Soviet Kellogg pact. Boncour helps to militarize working class France. Herman Mueller supports the navalism program of German imperialism. MacDonald bombs Chinese workers for his British masters. The Russian Mensheviks join the imperialist clamor for intervention against the Soviet Union.

Two Traditions.

Theirs is a tradition of despicable betrayal and they follow it consistently. Ours is a tradition of revolutionary anti-imperialist and anti-militarist struggle which received its baptism in war and revolution. It is a tradition which the youth best demonstrates on International Youth Day.

Told You So

T. J. O'Flaherty

GANGSTERISM is on the run again in Chicago, according to a committee of prominent jurists, who have collected over $150,000 to clean up the town. I dare say crime will travel fast as long as the chasers get their pay regularly. There is a lot of spending in $150,000. The rule of "Big Bill The Builder" is said to be tumbling down and gunmen are reported moving their arsenals to Detroit, Philadelphia and other virgin cities.

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BUT doubts spring eternal in the human breast and this department is skeptical, thanks to the newspapers. We read, for instance, that Scarface Al Capone, who manufactures beer and politicians in the Windy City, lost one of his best men in a gang shooting a few days ago. Al is a pious man, as befits one who admits that he loves his wife and children, so he knelt by the bier of the dead beerlegger and asked Jehovah to do the right thing by him. Then Al returned to his fortress, protected by a battalion of his Cicero Guards.

• • •

SO rampant has crime become in Chicago that even the deity has gone highway. We are indebted for this information to a reader who sent in a clipping from the Sunday sermon page of a newspaper, with the startling headline: "God Waylays Sinner." Like a footpad who leaps out of a dark alley on a pedestrian suspected of carrying home his pay envelope to a waiting and anxious wife,' Jehovah, not content with taking his toll from the rest of the world, has the poor taste to invade Chicago, thus throwing a monkey wrench into the machinery of the crime commission and robbing Al Capone of a chance of getting what rightfully belongs to him by virtue of his daring and his artillery.

• • •

THE American marines in Nicaragua are still doing their duty. Apparently the Nicaraguans vote as they shoot, so, despite the best laid plans of the Coolidge administration, they insisted on voting against American imperialism. The American marines painfully and regretfully unlimbered their rifles and shooed them away from the poles. If the marines manage to finish their bulleting in Nicaragua by November they may be able to help out, making change when the ballots are being exchanged in the United States on election day.

• • •

AN amnesia victim, whose first name is David—if his memory can be trusted—was found wandering in Greenwich Village recently. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where he will soon come to the conclusion that his name is Jonah. A psychoanalyst or a floor-walker would lose his memory in that joint. Should a guest be suspected of mental deficiency his test is a Chinese newspaper, provided he is not a Chinaman. Should an Occidental shake his head and admit that the language is Greek to him he will be lodged in the mental defective ward, but, should he ask for his laundry, he is placed in a padded cell. David would have been more fortunate had he run into King Benjamin of Benton Harbor.

• • •

OLD-FASHIONED drinking will soon be a thing of the past if those whose slogan is "Down With Liquor" hearken to the advice of G. E. Marchand, the wonderman who made his fortune before '37. This philanthropist is bringing his message of good cheer to an insolvent world through a big advertising campaign and public lectures. "How would you like to have $1,040 EXTRA every year for LIFE?" he asks. The vote is unanimous. Now what is the secret?

• • •

"EYE DRINKING," says Mr. Marchand, "is the new scientific principle through which you can get the money-making secrets 22 times faster than the old-fashioned method. The path from the eye to the brain is 22 times as broad as the path from the ear. It is through eye drinking that Mr. Marchand can give you coaching that you can use at once—to advance at once. It is through eye drinking that thousands have been enabled to break away from the dull routine jobs and attain unexpected heights of success. It is through eye drinking . . ." Well, that's enough. The eye-ball has supplanted the high-ball. "Drink to me only with thine eyes," is no longer a dry phrase. It has a kick to it. If it isn't one thing it is another in the life of the poor bootlegger.

Tom O'Flaherty

Int'l Progressive Center Opens This Saturday With Dinner, Dance

The International Progressive Center, at 101 W. 28th Street announces that it has been completed and will be opened on Saturday evening, September 15, with an excellent dinner, music and dancing.

N. Y. WORKERS WILL JOIN YOUTH DAY CELEBRATION TONIGHT

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TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

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WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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SIX TEXTILE LOCALS BREAK FROM U. T. W. CONVENTION

Illinois Miners Vote Overwhelmingly to Repudiate the Lewis-Fishwick Wage Cut

MANY THOUSAND INDICATE WILL TO HOLD RANKS

Miners Believed to Be Following Decision of Convention

Vote Is Four to One

Predict Other Fields Will Follow

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 13.—Voting overwhelmingly to repudiate the wage cut agreement entered into between the Lewis-Fishwick machine and the coal operators, two of the largest districts of Central Illinois today showed their determination to maintain their living standards at all costs.

Incomplete reports gave the Springfield vote as 2,071 against and 555 for the new scale; but it is thought likely that the real vote was far more greatly opposed to the agreement by which the Lewis-Fishwick machine is seeking to complete its sell-out of the miners.

In the Taylorsville district 2,645 votes were reported against and 1,394 for the wage cut. Here again the actual vote is believed to have been more overwhelmingly opposed than the report would indicate.

In repudiating the Lewis sell-out, the mi[illegible] believed to have reacted t[illegible] decision made by the convention of the new National Miners Union to fight against the wage-cut agreements which the Lewis machine has inaugurated since its official abandonment of the Jacksonville scale several months ago.

MINOR TO SPEAK AT POUGHKEEPSIE

Communist Candidate Starts Tour

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Starting an election campaign tour which will take him into the most important industrial cities of New York State, Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for U. S. senator, will address the workers of Poughkeepsie at 8 p. m. tonight at the corner of Market and Main Sts.

Hyman Gordon, of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will also speak at this open air meeting.

Great interest has been aroused in the Communist election campaign among the workers here. That the growing class consciousness of the workers has become a real force is evidenced by the campaign which the bosses have started against "Red agitators," in which they are being actively supported by the boss press. A leading role in this campaign is being played by the De Laval Separator Company, whose more than 1,000 viciously exploited, miserably underpaid slaves have begun to show signs of awakening to their interests.

Meetings that have been held outside the plant and distributions of the Daily Worker have met with an enthusiastic response from the workers. The company in its effort to counteract this influence and

Continued on Page Three

SOCIALISTS' ASK FOR INJUNCTION

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 12.—Driven by desperation to any means to stem the successful march of Boston's cloak and dressmakers in the establishment of a new union here, the right wing Joint Board, under the leadership of "socialist" officialdom, joined the firm of [illegible]ohen and Jacobson in applying for an injunction to notorious Massachusetts courts against the organizers and functionaries of the new

Continued on Page Two

Striking Parents Denounce School Transfers

Striking parents with placards denouncing the transfer of 560 of their children from public school 50, in Brooklyn to a school where they have to walk long distances thru dangerous traffic. The strikers, chiefly the mothers of the children, are endeavoring to persuade other parents to keep their children from attending the school.

MINE LEADERS RAP BROPHY'S PROPOSALS

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 13.—The National Executive Board of the National Miners Union which is in session here today to complete the technical arrangements delegated to them by the convention which met Sunday and Monday in defiance of police and United Mine Workers' gangsters, issued the following statement declaring their opposition to John Brophy's policy of surrender published in the Pittsburgh Press.

"The National Executive Board of the National Miners Union regrets that John Brophy, formerly chairman of the National Save the Union Committee has taken the position he tries to defend in an interview published in the press today. We agree with Brophy when he says:

Lewis Exposed.

"'John Lewis, in addition to pursuing a labor policy that finally wrecked many districts, brought low wages to the miners and lost 300,000 members in the

Continued on Page Three

TOOHEY PLEDGES FIGHT FOR UNION

Attends Funeral of Slain Miner

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 13.—Standing at the grave of George Moran, militant miner of Bentleyville, who was assassinated by Louis Carboni, a spy for John L. Lewis, the secretary of the new National Miners' Union, Pat H. Toohey, urged the necessity of the miners joining the new union and a continuation of the fight in which Moran lost his life.

Defies Doctor; Attends Funeral.

A dramatic figure at the funeral was Charles Glovak, with a bullet through his abdomen, who attended the funeral in violation of the doctor's orders. "If I cannot attend the funeral of the man I have been fighting side by side with I am

Continued on Page Two

FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

FOSTER TOUR

Sunday, Sept. 16, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Sept. 17, Roslyn, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Sept. 18, Aberdeen, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Portland, Ore., Swiss Hall, 283½ Third St.

Friday, Sept. 21, San Francisco, Calif. Civic Auditorium, San Francisco.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Los Angeles, Calif., Whiting Woods, Rosemont, Calif.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, Salt Lake City, Utah, W. O. W. 168 S. W. Temple St., 2nd floor.

Thursday, Sept. 27, Denver, Colo. Tabernacle Hall, 20th & Lawrence Sts.

Friday, Sept. 28, Omaha, Neb. Son Theatre, 14th & Farnam Sts.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Kansas City, Mo. Musicians Auditorium, 1017 Washington St.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Chicago, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, St. Louis, Mo. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Oct. 3, Indianapolis, Ind. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Cincinnati, O. Final arrangements to be announced.

GITLOW TOUR

Saturday, Sept. 15, Terre Haute, Ind. Final arrangemnts to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 16, St. Louis, Mo. Hibernian Hall, 3619 Finney Ave.

Monday, Sept. 17, Rock Island, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Duluth, Minn. Woodman Hall, corner 21st Ave. W. & 1st St.

Thursday, Sept. 20, Virginia, Minn. Small Auditorium, City Hall.

Saturday, Sept. 22, Bismarck, N. Dak. Paterson Hall at McKenzie Hotel, 422 Main St.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Stanley, N. Dak. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Sept. 24, Plentywood, Mont. Farmer Labor Temple, Plentywood.

Wednesday, Sept. 26, Great Falls, Mont. Final arrangements to be announced.

Friday, Sept. 28, Spokane, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, Portland, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Oct. 2, Astoria, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Oakland, Calif. Final arrangements to be announced.

FOSTER IS GIVEN BIG WELCOME AT ST. PAUL MEET

Is Striking Contrast to Freeze-Out for Thomas

Exposes Kellogg Pact

Red Candidate Riddles Boss Parties

By PAT DEVINE

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 13.—A procession of automobiles, draped in red and carrying Communist signs, welcomed William Z. Foster, presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, on his arrival here last night to address a mass meeting in behalf of the national election.

The cordial greeting that met Foster was in striking contrast to the coolness with which the Rev. Norman Thomas, the socialist candidate, was received when he arrived here last Saturday.

Workers Crowd Hall.

The German-American House where Foster spoke, was crowded to capacity. The audience was 100 per cent working class and applauded frequently while the speaker exploded the prosperity claims of the republican party, exposed the hollowness of the promises made to the workers and poor farmers by Al Smith, scored the socialist party for having deserted the class struggle, with being as hostile to the Soviet Union as the big capitalist parties, with having formed a united front with the labor bureaucracy against the left wing in the trade union movement and in general with having hauled down the red flag of revolt against capitalism and hoisting in its place the white flag of surrender.

Foster stressed the outstanding difference between the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party and of the parties of capitalism. "Our campaign," he declared, "has for its object the rallying of the masses of workers and exploited farmers for the struggle against capitalism. The Communists insist that the conditions of the exploited masses cannot be permanently improved under the present system, so they propose to abolish it and build up a socialist society on its ruins.

Workers Must Fight.

"The Workers (Communist) Party does not believe that the ruling classes will surrender its power over the economic lives of the masses without a struggle. History has

Continued on Page Three

DISCLOSE FACTS OF MINE MURDER

Eye-witnesses Report on Moran Killing

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BENTLEYVILLE, Pa., Sept. 13.—From eyewitnesses to the shooting last Friday of George Moran, Charles and Theodore Glovak, militant miners and delegates to the convention for a new miners union, has at last come the full details of the affair which has ended in the death of Moran.

Louis Carboni was president of the Bentleyville local. Some time in the past he had been posing as a progressive, but was soon suspected of being both an operator's detective and a Lewis spy. He had placed ten thousand dollars in the bank which he certainly did not get by mining coal. Carboni when he saw his stool-pigeon activity exposed, came out in the open against the Save-the-Union movement and against the National Miners Convention in speeches, and in articles in the press. He exercised his usual iron terrorism over his local union, with threats of gun play and

Continued on Page Three

CHARLESTOWN, S. C., Sept. 13.—The International Printers' Union decided today at its annual convention to hold its 1929 meeting in Seattle.

Fascists Jail Eleven More Communists

GORIZIA, Italy, Sept. 13.—Alleging that they have discovered the "source of a vast Communist organization" police arrested eleven prisoners here and have charged them with complicity in the assassination of a fascist on August 22.

Unrest throughout large sections of the populace, that has arisen out of the suppression of trade unions and unfavorable economic conditions, has led to the arrests and the strengthening of police and gendarme precautions.

REFUSE BAIL TO SAVE UNION FUND

17 Year Old Textile Strikers Arrested

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 12.—Charges of assault and battery were preferred against Joe Costa and A. Francis, two seventeen-year-old strikers who were arrested yesterday in the neighborhood of the Paige Mill. They had accosted a scab on his way to work and inquired if he knew that a strike was in progress. A fight ensued resulting in the arrest of the two young strikers.

A representative of the International Labor Defense, coming to jail later to bail the boys out, was told by the prisoners that they preferred to stay in jail overnight in order to save the union the eight dollars bond fee.

Brooklawn Park, was crowded with three thousand strikers who came to the meeting called today by the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committee. Over one hundred English members and former members of the A. F. of L. Textile Council also attended the meeting.

Enthusiastic applause greeted every pointed remark condemning the Frieder Plan, a speed-up system endorsed by the A. F. of L. union in their efforts to sell out the great question of the wage cut.

The most unanimous determination in a strike situation is being manifested by the tens of thousands on strike against the attempt of Batty to put over a sell-out by granting employers the Frieder system. The speed-up, even with the wage cut rescinded would leave the mill operatives in a worse condition than that which prevailed when the cut notices were posted.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 12.—Andrew Raeburn, secretary, announced that another full meeting of the Cotton Manufacturers Association, will be held tonight. Although the mill owners refuse to assign any special purpose for the meeting, it is generally believed that they will consider the question of going to official conferences with the A. F. of L. Textile Council for the purpose of terminating the 22-week-old strike of the 28,000 textile workers.

The last meeting of the manufac-

Continued on Page Three

TEXTILE RELIEF MEET TOMORROW

New York Unions Send Delegates

A large number of New York labor unions and fraternal organizations are responding to the appeal for relief for the 28,000 New Bedford textile strikers by sending in pledges of support and credentials for delegates who will attend the Workers International Relief Conference, to be held at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Pl., tomorrow at 2 p. m.

Included among these organizations are the bricklayers, printers, bakers, boot and shoe workers, garment workers, furriers, carpenters,

Continued on Page Two

WILL STRESS NEW WAR DANGER AT YOUTH MEET HERE

Under Joint Auspices of Workers Party and Y. W. L.

Pioneers to Graduate

Will Be Held at the Irving Plaza Hall

International Youth Day will be celebrated at a mass meeting to be held at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place, tonight at 8 o'clock. At the meeting, which is being jointly arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers League of District 2, speakers will stress the imminent war danger, and point out the importance of the working class youth in industrial and revolutionary struggles.

Celebrations Thruout World.

The attack on the Young Workers League and the arrests of many of its members will be dealt with. The fight against imperialist jingoism will be the central point of the program, it is announced.

The meeting tonight is one of many held in various cities of the United States and working class centers thruout the world as part of the 13th anniversary of International Youth Day.

The program tonight will be an elaborate one, it is announced. A feature will be the graduation of 20 Young Pioneers into the Young Workers League, to the strains of the Youth Chorus, which will make its initial appearance tonight. In addition will be a special program arranged by a Youths Sports Club.

Speakers.

Speakers will include John J. Ballam, acting district organizer of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party; P. Frankfeld, acting district organizer of the League; Morris Yusem, representing the N. E. C. of the League; Ed. Welsh, a young Negro worker; a girl worker, and a representative of the Young Pioneers. Carl Winters will act as chairman.

LABOR FAKER IN ELECTION FRAUD

Plays Tricks in Sell-out of Workers

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 13.—Theodore N. Brandle, labor faker extraordinary, bosses' agent, strikebreaker and union destroyer heads a list of 1127 names of those who are accused of violating the New Jersey election laws by registering as a member of one capitalist party and voting in the primaries of another. The name of Brandle along with those of the 1,126 others has been submitted to Attorney General Katzenbach by the Case Legislative Investigating Committee at the conclusion of the hearing before the committee today.

Brandle's treacherous practice of leading workers into support of capitalist parties is brought to attention by the little game of double-crossing one capitalist party for the benefit of the other.

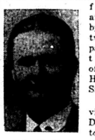
Brandle, who is one of the prominent democratic politicians of New Jersey, was among those who voted in the republican box. Brandle is one of the strongest supporters of Mayor Frank Hague of Jersey City, vice chairman of the National Democratic Committee, who has several times been on the verge of exposure for various grafting activities.

Hague is one of the chief supporters of Al Smith for the presidency as is Brandle.

Farm Leader, Inventor, Is Red Candidate

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WEATHERFORD, Texas., Sept. 13—Neither the great masses of the American workers nor the hundreds of thousands of impoverished farmers have anything to gain by supporting the two old, corrupt parties and the twin candidates of Wall Street, Hoover and Smith.



John D. Rust

This is the conviction of John D. Rust of this town, candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party for U. S. senator from Texas.

"Only the Workers (Communist) Party, which has the fundamental approach to the problems of the great masses, represents their interests. The platforms of the republican, democratic and socialist parties are based on the program of perpetuating the present system of exploitation. The program of the Workers (Communist) Party—the program of the class struggle—aims at the overthrow of the present system and the substitution of a Workers' and Farmers' government."

Rust is a native Texan mechanic and skilled operator of big farm machinery. He is a veteran of the World War and took an active part in organizing the Workers Party in Kansas City. He is also the inventor of the cotton picker, the first successful picker which farmers in general can afford to buy.

URGES SUPPORT FOR YOUTH DAY

Labor Defense Issues Statement

In an appeal issued last night, the New York section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, calls upon the young workers of this city to make the International Youth Day celebrations this week the occasion for intensified struggle for the release of class war prisoners and for building the International Labor Defense.

The appeal, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the local I. L. D., follows:

"The New York Section of the International Labor Defense greets the workingclass youth of this country and its fighting organization, the Young Workers (Communist) League on the occasion of International Youth Day, the day which annually mobilizes the young workers in the struggle against imperialist war.

"In the struggle against imperialist war and against every

Continued on Page Five

'DAILY' AT THE BAZAAR

To Issue Miniature Paper at Big Event

On Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7 the Daily Worker and the Freiheit will be printed at Madison Square Garden.

That is, not the Daily Worker and Freiheit that are familiar to thousands of workers, but miniature editions of the two fighting working class dailies. They will be issued at the huge National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar to be held in Madison Square Garden Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7.

The great crowds of workers that are expected at the bazaar will be able to see the Daily Worker and the Freiheit roll off the press complete in every respect, including news stories, editorials and features, but diminished in size. This will be only one of the many interesting novelties at what promises to be the most remarkable working class bazaar every held in this country.

Madison Square Garden will be

Continued on Page Three

WILL JOIN MOVE FOR NEW NAT'L TEXTILE UNION

A. F. of L. Organization Branded a "Mill Boss' Company Union"

Laud T.M.C. Movement

McMahon Fumes at the "Daily Worker"

Branding the United Textile Workers' Union of the American Federation of Labor as "an organization that is now serving the mill owners as a company union," four delegates, acting in behalf of six local unions, walked out of yesterday's convention session in the Great Northern Hotel, signified their complete severance with the reactionary U. T. W., and declared their intention of participating in the convention called by Textile Mill Committees for the establishment of a new national union of textile workers. The T. M. C. convention will be held here on the 22 and 23 of Sept. in Irving Plaza Hall.

The break came when Gustav Deak, organizer of the U. T. W. locals in Passaic, tried to answer the furious tirade delivered by President McMahon against the Daily Worker for the comments in its news columns on the large expense accounts chalked up by McMahon and his shoal of organizers.

Attacks Reactionaries.

Deak rose to speak and was immediately met with a barrage of shouts to "sit down or I'll throw you out," from McMahon, who was in the chair. When the protests of Deak and many other delegates that he be permitted to speak were unheeded by McMahon, Deak decided to take the floor. Deak launched into a slashing attack on the reactionary policies of the U. T. W. officialdom in Passaic and in New Bedford now, declaring that the bureaucrats were trying to break the 22 week old strike, and continuing to show, despite the incessant interruptions, that the textile workers in this country had nothing more to expect from McMahon and Co., and from the skeleton of an organization from which he derived a living, Deak denounced the U. T. W. fakers for unseating Ellen Dawson and Eli Keller on the first day of the convention here, and declared that he was authorized to speak for the locals they represented.

The statement follows:

"We, the undersigned delegates to the Convention of the United Textile Workers of America, representing Locals 1644, 1619, 1623 of Passaic, N. J., and Local 1615 Silk Workers of New York and Local 55, Knit Goods Workers of New York, hereby withdraw from this convention, and declare to the convention that the membership as a whole of the locals we represent will sever its affiliation with the United Textile Workers.

We are forced to pursue this course because we are convinced that the U. T. W. is no more than a company union, serving the interests of the employers rather than those of the workers, and in support of our contention we cite the following:

U. T. W. Betrayal.

Although the textile industry is in as bad condition as any in the country and is rapidly becoming worse due to wage slashing, lengthening of hours, and increasing speed-up, the U. T. W. officialdom has done nothing to organize the unorganized workers, except on paper. We submit that the U. T. W. is following the general policy of the A. F. of L. in failure to organize the unorganized and its lack of militancy in union leaders, as for instance the treachery of President Lewis of the United Mine Workers, the corrupt leadership of the A. F. of L. in the garment workers and furriers unions—in all three of which the militant workers have broken away from their leaders and are organizing new unions.

In the Passaic situation we cite the rejection by the U. T. W. officials of Albert Weisbord, militant

Continued on Page Three

N. Y. WORKERS WILL JOIN YOUTH DAY CELEBRATION TONIGHT

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
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SIX TEXTILE LOCALS BREAK FROM U. T. W. CONVENTION

Illinois Miners Vote Overwhelmingly to Repudiate the Lewis-Fishwick Wage Cut

MANY THOUSAND INDICATE WILL TO HOLD RANKS

Miners Believed to Be Following Decision of Convention

Vote Is Four to One

Predict Other Fields Will Follow

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 13.—Voting overwhelmingly to repudiate the wage cut agreement entered into between the Lewis-Fishwick machine and the coal operators, two of the largest districts of Central Illinois today showed their determination to maintain their living standards at all costs.

Incomplete reports gave the Springfield vote as 2,071 against and 555 for the new scale; but it is thought likely that the real vote was far more greatly opposed to the agreement by which the Lewis-Fishwick machine is seeking to complete its sell-out of the miners.

In the Taylorsville district 2,645 votes were reported against and 1,394 for the wage cut. Here again the actual vote is believed to have been more overwhelmingly opposed than the report would indicate.

In repudiating the Lewis sell-out, the mi[illegible] believed to have reacted to [illegible] decision made by the convention of the new National Miners Union to fight against the wage-cut agreements which the Lewis machine has inaugurated since its official abandonment of the Jacksonville scale several months ago.

MINOR TO SPEAK AT POUGHKEEPSIE

Communist Candidate Starts Tour

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 13.—Starting an election campaign tour which will take him into the most important industrial cities of New York State, Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Workers (Communist) Party candidate for U. S. senator, will address the workers of Poughkeepsie at 8 p. m. tonight at the corner of Market and Main Sts.

Hyman Gordon, of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will also speak at this open air meeting.

Great interest has been aroused in the Communist election campaign among the workers here. That the growing class consciousness of the workers has become a real force is evidenced by the campaign which the bosses have started against "Red agitators," in which they are being actively supported by the boss press. A leading role in this campaign is being played by the De Laval Separator Company, whose more than 1,000 viciously exploited, miserably underpaid slaves have begun to show signs of awakening to their interests.

Meetings that have been held outside the plant and distributions of the Daily Worker have met with an enthusiastic response from the workers. The company in its effort to counteract this influence and

Continued on Page Three

SOCIALISTS' ASK FOR INJUNCTION

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 12.—Driven by desperation to any means to stem the successful march of Boston's cloak and dressmakers in the establishment of a new union here, the right wing Joint Board, under the leadership of "socialist" officialdom, joined the firm of Cohen and Jacobson in applying for an injunction to notorious Massachusetts courts against the organizers and functionaries of the new

Continued on Page Two

Striking Parents Denounce School Transfers

Striking parents with placards denouncing the transfer of 560 of their children from public school 50, in Brooklyn to a school where they have to walk long distances thru dangerous traffic. The strikers, chiefly the mothers of the children, are endeavoring to persuade other parents to keep their children from attending the school.

MINE LEADERS RAP BROPHY'S PROPOSALS

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 13.—The National Executive Board of the National Miners Union which is in session here today to complete the technical arrangements delegated to them by the convention which met Sunday and Monday in defiance of police and United Mine Workers' gangsters, issued the following statement declaring their opposition to John Brophy's policy of surrender published in the Pittsburgh Press.

"The National Executive Board of the National Miners Union regrets that John Brophy, formerly chairman of the National Save the Union Committee has taken the position he tries to defend in an interview published in the press today. We agree with Brophy when he says:

Lewis Exposed.

"'John Lewis, in addition to pursuing a labor policy that finally wrecked many districts, brought low wages to the miners and lost 300,000 members in the

Continued on Page Three

TOOHEY PLEDGES FIGHT FOR UNION

Attends Funeral of Slain Miner

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 13.—Standing at the grave of George Moran, militant miner of Bentleyville, who was assassinated by Louis Carboni, a spy for John L. Lewis, the secretary of the new National Miners' Union, Pat H. Toohey, urged the necessity of the miners joining the new union and a continuation of the fight in which Moran lost his life.

Defies Doctor; Attends Funeral.

A dramatic figure at the funeral was Charles Glovak, with a bullet through his abdomen, who attended the funeral in violation of the doctor's orders. "If I cannot attend the funeral of the man I have been fighting side by side with I am

Continued on Page Two

FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

FOSTER TOUR

Sunday, Sept. 16, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Sept. 17, Roslyn, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Sept. 18, Aberdeen, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Portland, Ore., Swiss Hall, 283½ Third St.

Friday, Sept. 21, San Francisco, Calif. Civic Auditorium, San Francisco.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Los Angeles, Calif., Whiting Woods, Rosemont, Calif.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, Salt Lake City, Utah, W. O. W. 168 S. W. Temple St., 2nd floor.

Thursday, Sept. 27, Denver, Colo. Tabernacle Hall, 20th & Lawrence Sts.

Friday, Sept. 28, Omaha, Neb. Son Theatre, 14th & Farnam Sts.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Kansas City, Mo. Musicians Auditorium, 1017 Washington St.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Chicago, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, St. Louis, Mo. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Oct. 3, Indianapolis, Ind. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Cincinnati, O. Final arrangements to be announced.

GITLOW TOUR

Saturday, Sept. 15, Terre Haute, Ind. Final arrangemnts to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 16, St. Louis, Mo. Hibernian Hall, 3619 Finney Ave.

Monday, Sept. 17, Rock Island, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Duluth, Minn. Woodman Hall, corner 21st Ave. W. & 1st St.

Thursday, Sept. 20, Virginia, Minn. Small Auditorium, City Hall.

Saturday, Sept. 22, Bismarck, N. Dak. Paterson Hall at McKenzie Hotel, 422 Main St.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Stanley, N. Dak. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Sept. 24, Plentywood, Mont. Farmer Labor Temple, Plentywood.

Wednesday, Sept. 26, Great Falls, Mont. Final arrangements to be announced.

Friday, Sept. 28, Spokane, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, Portland, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Oct. 2, Astoria, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Oakland, Calif. Final arrangements to be announced.

FOSTER IS GIVEN BIG WELCOME AT ST. PAUL MEET

Is Striking Contrast to Freeze-Out for Thomas

Exposes Kellogg Pact

Red Candidate Riddles Boss Parties

By PAT DEVINE

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 13.—A procession of automobiles, draped in red and carrying Communist signs, welcomed William Z. Foster, presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, on his arrival here last night to address a mass meeting in behalf of the national election.

The cordial greeting that met Foster was in striking contrast to the coolness with which the Rev. Norman Thomas, the socialist candidate, was received when he arrived here last Saturday.

Workers Crowd Hall.

The German-American House, where Foster spoke, was crowded to capacity. The audience was 100 per cent working class and applauded frequently while the speaker exploded the prosperity claims of the republican party, exposed the hollowness of the promises made to the workers and poor farmers by Al Smith, scored the socialist party for having deserted the class struggle, with being as hostile to the Soviet Union as the big capitalist parties, with having formed a united front with the labor bureaucracy against the left wing in the trade union movement and in general with having hauled down the red flag of revolt against capitalism and hoisting in its place the white flag of surrender.

Foster stressed the outstanding difference between the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party and of the parties of capitalism. "Our campaign," he declared, "has for its object the rallying of the masses of workers and exploited farmers for the struggle against capitalism. The Communists insist that the conditions of the exploited masses cannot be permanently improved under the present system, so they propose to abolish it and build up a socialist society on its ruins.

Workers Must Fight.

"The Workers (Communist) Party does not believe that the ruling classes will surrender its power over the economic lives of the masses without a struggle. History has

Continued on Page Three

DISCLOSE FACTS OF MINE MURDER

Eye-witnesses Report on Moran Killing

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

BENTLEYVILLE, Pa., Sept. 13.—From eyewitnesses to the shooting last Friday of George Moran, Charles and Theodore Glovak, militant miners and delegates to the convention for a new miners union, has at last come the full details of the affair which has ended in the death of Moran.

Louis Carboni was president of the Bentleyville local. Some time in the past he had been posing as a progressive, but was soon suspected of being both an operator's detective and a Lewis spy. He had placed ten thousand dollars in the bank which he certainly did not get by mining coal. Carboni when he saw his stool-pigeon activity exposed, came out in the open against the Save-the-Union movement and against the National Miners Convention in speeches, and in articles in the press. He exercised his usual iron terrorism over his local union, with threats of gun play and

Continued on Page Three

CHARLESTOWN, S. C., Sept. 13.—The International Printers' Union decided today at its annual convention to hold its 1929 meeting in Seattle.

Fascists Jail Eleven More Communists

GORIZIA, Italy, Sept. 13.—Alleging that they have discovered the "source of a vast Communist organization" police arrested eleven prisoners here and have charged them with complicity in the assassination of a fascist on August 22.

Unrest throughout large sections of the populace, that has arisen out of the suppression of trade unions and unfavorable economic conditions, has led to the arrests and the strengthening of police and gendarme precautions.

REFUSE BAIL TO SAVE UNION FUND

17 Year Old Textile Strikers Arrested

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 12.—Charges of assault and battery were preferred against Joe Costa and A. Francis, two seventeen-year-old strikers who were arrested yesterday in the neighborhood of the Paige Mill. They had accosted a scab on his way to work and inquired if he knew that a strike was in progress. A fight ensued resulting in the arrest of the two young strikers.

A representative of the International Labor Defense, coming to jail later to bail the boys out, was told by the prisoners that they preferred to stay in jail overnight in order to save the union the eight dollars bond fee.

Brooklawn Park, was crowded with three thousand strikers who came to the meeting called today by the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committee. Over one hundred English members and former members of the A. F. of L. Textile Council also attended the meeting.

Enthusiastic applause greeted every pointed remark condemning the Frieder Plan, a speed-up system endorsed by the A. F. of L. union in their efforts to sell out the great question of the wage cut.

The most unanimous determination in a strike situation is being manifested by the tens of thousands on strike against the attempt of Batty to put over a sell-out by granting employers the Frieder system. The speed-up, even with the wage cut rescinded would leave the mill operatives in a worse condition than that which prevailed when the cut notices were posted.

* * *

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 12.—Andrew Raeburn, secretary, announced that another full meeting of the Cotton Manufacturers Association will be held tonight. Although the mill owners refuse to assign any special purpose for the meeting, it is generally believed that they will consider the question of going to official conferences with the A. F. of L. Textile Council for the purpose of terminating the 22-week-old strike of the 28,000 textile workers.

The last meeting of the manufac-

Continued on Page Three

TEXTILE RELIEF MEET TOMORROW

New York Unions Send Delegates

A large number of New York labor unions and fraternal orzanizations are responding to the appeal for relief for the 28,000 New Bedford textile strikers by sending in pledges of support and credentials for delegates who will attend the Workers International Relief Conference, to be held at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Pl., tomorrow at 2 p. m.

Included among these organizations are the bricklayers, printers, bakers, boot and shoe workers, garment workers, furriers, carpenters,

Continued on Page Two

WILL STRESS NEW WAR DANGER AT YOUTH MEET HERE

Under Joint Auspices of Workers Party and Y. W. L.

Pioneers to Graduate

Will Be Held at the Irving Plaza Hall

International Youth Day will be celebrated at a mass meeting to be held at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place, tonight at 8 o'clock. At the meeting, which is being jointly arranged by the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers League of District 2, speakers will stress the imminent war danger, and point out the importance of the working class youth in industrial and revolutionary struggles.

Celebrations Thruout World.

The attack on the Young Workers League and the arrests of many of its members will be dealt with. The fight against imperialist jingoism will be the central point of the program, it is announced.

The meeting tonight is one of many held in various cities of the United States and working class centers thruout the world as part of the 13th anniversary of International Youth Day.

The program tonight will be an elaborate one, it is announced. A feature will be the graduation of 20 Young Pioneers into the Young Workers League, to the strains of the Youth Chorus, which will make its initial appearance tonight. In addition will be a special program arranged by a Youths Sports Club.

Speakers.

Speakers will include John J. Ballam, acting district organizer of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party; P. Frankfeld, acting district organizer of the League; Morris Yusem, representing the N. E. C. of the League; Ed. Welsh, a young Negro worker; a girl worker, and a representative of the Young Pioneers. Carl Winters will act as chairman.

LABOR FAKER IN ELECTION FRAUD

Plays Tricks in Sell-out of Workers

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 13.—Theodore N. Brandle, labor faker extraordinary, bosses' agent, strikebreaker and union destroyer heads a list of 1127 names of those who are accused of violating the New Jersey election laws by registering as a member of one capitalist party and voting in the primaries of another. The name of Brandle along with those of the 1,126 others has been submitted to Attorney General Katzenbach by the Case Legislative Investigating Committee at the conclusion of the hearing before the committee today.

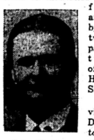
Brandle's treacherous practice of leading workers into support of capitalist parties is brought to attention by the little game of doublecrossing one capitalist party for the benefit of the other.

Brandle, who is one of the prominent democratic politicians of New Jersey, was among those who voted in the republican box. Brandle is one of the strongest supporters of Mayor Frank Hague of Jersey City, vice chairman of the National Democratic Committee, who has several times been on the verge of exposure for various grafting activities.

Hague is one of the chief supporters of Al Smith for the presidency as is Brandle.

Farm Leader, Inventor, Is Red Candidate

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)



John D. Rust

WEATHERFORD, Texas., Sept. 13—Neither the great masses of the American workers nor the hundreds of thousands of impoverished farmers have anything to gain by supporting the two old, corrupt parties and the twin candidates of Wall Street, Hoover and Smith.

This is the conviction of John D. Rust of this town, candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party for U. S. senator from Texas.

"Only the Workers (Communist) Party, which has the fundamental approach to the problems of the great masses, represents their interests. The platforms of the republican, democratic and socialist parties are based on the program of perpetuating the present system of exploitation. The program of the Workers (Communist) Party—the program of the class struggle—aims at the overthrow of the present system and the substitution of a Workers' and Farmers' government."

Rust is a native Texan mechanic and skilled operator of big farm machinery. He is a veteran of the World War and took an active part in organizing the Workers Party in Kansas City. He is also the inventor of the cotton picker, the first successful picker which farmers in general can afford to buy.

URGES SUPPORT FOR YOUTH DAY

Labor Defense Issues Statement

In an appeal issued last night, the New York section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, calls upon the young workers of this city to make the International Youth Day celebrations this week the occasion for intensified struggle for the release of class war prisoners and for building the International Labor Defense.

The appeal, signed by Rose Baron, secretary of the local I. L. D., follows:

"The New York Section of the International Labor Defense greets the workingclass youth of this country and its fighting organization, the Young Workers (Communist) League on the occasion of International Youth Day, the day which annually mobilizes the young workers in the struggle against imperialist war.

"In the struggle against imperialist war and against every

Continued on Page Five

'DAILY' AT THE BAZAAR

To Issue Miniature Paper at Big Event

On Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7 the Daily Worker and the Freiheit will be printed at Madison Square Garden.

That is, not the Daily Worker and Freiheit that are familiar to thousands of workers, but miniature editions of the two fighting working class dailies. They will be issued at the huge National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar to be held in Madison Square Garden Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7.

The great crowds of workers that are expected at the bazaar will be able to see the Daily Worker and the Freiheit roll off the press complete in every respect, including news stories, editorials and features, but diminished in size. This will be only one of the many interesting novelties at what promises to be the most remarkable working class bazaar every held in this country.

Madison Square Garden will be

Continued on Page Three

WILL JOIN MOVE FOR NEW NAT'L TEXTILE UNION

A. F. of L. Organization Branded a "Mill Boss' Company Union"

Laud T.M.C. Movement

McMahon Fumes at the "Daily Worker"

Branding the United Textile Workers' Union of the American Federation of Labor as "an organization that is now serving the mill owners as a company union," four delegates, acting in behalf of six local unions, walked out of yesterday's convention session in the Great Northern Hotel, signified their complete severance with the reactionary U. T. W., and declared their intention of participating in the convention called by Textile Mill Committees for the establishment of a new national union of textile workers. The T. M. C. convention will be held here on the 22 and 23 of Sept. in Irving Plaza Hall.

The break came when Gustav Deak, organizer of the U. T. W. locals in Passaic, tried to answer the furious tirade delivered by President McMahon against the Daily Worker for the comments in its news columns on the large expense accounts chalked up by McMahon and his shoal of organizers.

Attacks Reactionaries.

Deak rose to speak and was immediately met with a barrage of shouts to "sit down or I'll throw you out," from McMahon, who was in the chair. When the protests of Deak and many other delegates that he be permitted to speak were unheeded by McMahon, Deak decided to take the floor. Deak launched into a slashing attack on the reactionary policies of the U. T. W. officialdom in Passaic and in New Bedford now, declaring that the bureaucrats were trying to break the 22 week old strike, and continuing to show, despite the incessant interruptions, that the textile workers in this country had nothing more to expect from McMahon and Co., and from the skeleton of an organization from which he derived a living. Deak denounced the U. T. W. fakers for unseating Ellen Dawson and Eli Keller on the first day of the convention here, and declared that he was [illegible] to speak for the locals they represented.

The statement follows:

We, the undersigned delegates to the Convention of the United Textile Workers of America, representing Locals 1614, 1619, 1623 of Passaic, N. J., and Local 1615 Silk Workers of New York and Local 55, Knit Goods Workers of New York, hereby withdraw from this convention, and declare to the convention that the membership as a whole of the locals we represent will sever its affiliation with the United Textile Workers.

We are forced, to pursue this course because we are convinced that the U. T. W. is no more than a company union, serving the interests of the employers rather than those of the workers, and in support of our contention we cite the following:

U. T. W. Betrayal.

Although the textile industry is in as bad condition as any in the country and is rapidly becoming worse due to wage slashing, lengthening of hours, and increasing speed-up, the U. T. W. officialdom has done nothing to organize the unorganized workers, except on paper. We submit that the U. T. W. is following the general policy of the A. F. of L. in failure to organize the unorganized and its lack of militancy in union leaders, as for instance the treachery of President Lewis of the United Mine Workers, the corrupt leadership of the A. F. of L. in the garment workers and furriers unions—in all three of which the militant workers have broken away from their leaders and are organizing new unions.

In the Passaic situation we cite the rejection by the U. T. W. officials of Albert Weisbord, militant

Continued on Page Three

Calamari, Progressive Mine Leader, Is Still in Danger After Lewis Thug's Attack

GRIM FACTS OF MINERS' BATTLE TO BE RELATED

Watt, Gold to Speak at Relief Meet

"Faithful to our great tradition, we, the delegates assembled at this convention, representing the rank and file coal miners, finally and completely repudiate the Lewis machine and resolve to build the new union, the name of which shall be the National Miners' Union."

With these ringing words the historic Pittsburgh convention announced the launching of the new miners' union on the ruins of the old one destroyed by the Lewis machine and set in motion the machinery which will unite the nearly 1,000,000 coal diggers in this country in one powerful, militant organization.

The steps that led up to the formation of the new union, the fight against the triple entente of the bosses, police and John L. Lewis and his cut-throat hirelings, the desperate struggles of thousands of miners and their families against starvation, eviction and disease, and the tense moment of the huge epoch-making Pittsburgh convention—all this will be vividly described to the workers of New York by the first president of the new National Miners' Union, John Watt, at a huge Solidarity Mass Meeting Thursday evening, Sept. 20, at Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave.

The meeting, which has been arranged by the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, and the Shop Delegates Conference for Miners' Relief, will mobilize the workers of New York and vicinity in support of the new miners' union and of the thousands of coal diggers, their wives and children who are face to face with starvation.

In addition to Watt, who will be the main speaker, leaders of workers' struggles in other fields will appear to pledge the solidarity of the workers of New York with the fighting miners. These speakers will include Ben Gold, general organizer of the Joint Board, Furriers' Union; Gladys Schechter, organizer, Millinery Workers' Union; Hyman Korets, general manager of the organization department, Cloak and Dressmakers' Union; Harold Williams, secretary of the Negro Committee for Miners' Relief; a speaker representing the Youth Conference for Miners' Relief and one from the Children's Relief Scout Groups.

TAILORS DOWN SIGMAN SCHEME

'Settlement' Rapped in 700 to 3 Vote

Despite the presence of Morris Sigman, president of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, the membership of Ladies Tailors Local 38, at a mass meeting in Bryant Hall late Tuesday night, rejected by 700 to 3, the right wing proposal that the employers be given permission to dismiss workers indiscriminately. This action forced the right wing officialdom of the local to go back to the employers negotiators for a new agreement and tell of the membership's decision. Tomorrow evening another mass meeting will be held, where the Sigman officials will report on the result of their trip.

At then negotiation for the new agreement the employers organization, taking advantage of the deterioration of the strength of the union due to the neglect and incompetency of the right wing officials, had the spunk to demand the right to discharge 10 per cent of their employees, and also those whom they judge to be guilty of "insubordination, and a slow worker. After the battery of "expert negotiators" Morris Sigman and Morris Hillquit, corporation lawyer, had met many days with the employers, they finally came to the members and advised acceptance of the clause they demanded.

Training Workers as Imperialist Sharpshooters

To crack sharp shooter team of the Second Corps Area of the Citizens Military Training Camp at Camp Perry, Ohio. More than 3,000 contestants competed in the rifle matches. The Young Workers (Communist) League is instructing these young workers in the reasons why the capitalists maintain the Citizens Military Training Camps.

MILLER TO SPEAK IN PORT CHESTER

J. O. Bentall Will Start Tour

Bert Miller, organization secretary of District 1, will speak at two election campaign rallies on Saturday, September 15th, in Port Chester, New York and Stamford, Connecticut.

The Port Chester meeting will take place at 6 p. m. in the center of the city, a special permit having been secured for the purpose.

The Stamford meeting will be held at 8 p. m. the same day on the Town Hall steps. This place is used by the republican and democratic parties once every three weeks respectively. The socialists were after the same position but were not on the job quick enough and lost out.

Both meetings are arranged by Comrade Mitchell, acting district organizer of District 15.

J. O. Bentall, Communist candidate for governor speaks in Scandinavian Hall, 701 State St., Erie, Pa., at 8 p. m., September 15th. If the weather is favorable, Comrade Bentall will speak in Perry Sq., South Park Row and Peach St.

Bentall will speak in several cities along the lake shore on his way to Minnesota where he is booked for a six-week tour.

TOOHEY PLEDGES FIGHT FOR UNION

Attends Funeral of Slain Miner

Continued from Page One

ready to be buried with him," said Glovak.

Long Procession of Mourners.

A terrific rainstorm subsided a half hour before the funeral but in spite of the storm more than nine hundred mourners, organized delegations of nine local unions, marched in the procession. Local women's auxiliaries, youth organizations, Miners' Relief and the National Executive Board all sent wreaths. President Watt of the National Miners' Union was master of ceremonies and Patrick Toohey, secretary, was the principal speaker.

Organizer of Children.

Many children and representatives of children's organizations attended the funeral. Moran was admired by all the miners' children as he was one of the leaders in creating children's organizations.

State troopers hovered around the outskirts of the crowd, but this time attempted no attack.

Entertain Carboni.

Carboni, the murderer of Moran, is technically under arrest, but instead of being in jail, as is always the case with militant miners under arrest, is being well cared for in a hospital in Washington. A wife of one of the local miners says that Carboni's wife boasted that five were meant to be killed at the union meeting. Glovak says that Pete Gulik, Lewis sub-district board member, threatened him with "something worse than a frame-up," several days before the shooting.

The National Executive Board adjourned last night. The next regular meeting will be held in three months.

U. S.-Welsh Tinplate Combines Agree on Market Exploitation

SWANSEA, Wales, Sept. 13 (UP)—Details of an American-Welsh tinplate manufacturers' agreement were published here today, allocating the world's tinplate markets.

The agreement was for the purpose of securing if possible, the freedom of the United States from Welsh competition in certain export markets of the world where Americans have immense capital invested. A similar agreement probably will be made with Germany shortly, it was said.

In return for the concession, American tinplate manufacturers agree to refrain from Wales' prewar markets in Europe.

FIND PORTION OF AMUNDSEN PLANE

Pick Up Piece of Wing in Tromseo Channel

OSLO, Norway, Sept. 13 (UP).—A piece of an airplane wing, identified as belonging to Roald Amundsen's Latham plane, was found in the Tromsoe Channel today.

Its position was believed to indicate that Amundsen and his party were forced down soon after they left Tromsoe last June to search for survivors from the dirigible Italia.

SHIP BLAST KILLS FIVE WORKERS

(By United Press)

SOUTHPORT, N. C., Sept. 13.—The coast guard cutter Modoc today sought the 7,000-ton tanker Shreveport, converted by an explosion yesterday into a burning mass with four bodies aboard. Thirty others of the crew were rescued, but one man died later. Four others were treated at a hospital here.

While the Modoc hunted the flaming ship 125 miles off shore here the twenty-nine survivors described the accident.

Captain S. A. Simmons, of Baltimore, said the tanker was proceeding empty from Philadelphia to Texas. Suddenly the decks bulged, there was a great flash, then an explosion, and wreckage began falling about the now burning steamer.

The Shreveport was owned by the Cities Service Transportation Co. of New York.

Speakers' Conference Tomorrow at 2 O'clock

A conference of all open-air speakers of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, will be held at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, tomorrow at 2 p. m.

M. J. Olgin will speak on "The Soviet Union and its Relation to the Election Campaign" at the conference, which is arranged by the Agitprop department of the district.

DICTATOR'S FLIER OFF.

LONDON, Sept. 13 (UP).—The Spanish inventor, De La Cierva, will attempt the first crossing of the English Channel in an auto-gyro plane on Tuesday, he announced today. The flight will be from Croydon to Paris.

KELLOGG AGREES TO BIG WAR BILL

"Peace" Pact Takes Second Place

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (FP).—When Secretary of State Kellogg returned from his Paris and Dublin trip, he went immediately into conference with President Coolidge. Then he talked with Chairman Borah of the senate foreign relations committee. After that, the unofficial report went around that the administration had made a deal with the big navy lobby in the senate, whereby the 16-ship naval construction bill would first be passed and then the Kellogg treaty for renunciation of wars of aggression would be ratified.

Fifteen cruisers and one airplane carrier are to be built, at a cost of $274,000,000, under the terms of the pending bill, which has passed the house and has been somewhat amended in the senate committee. One amendment by Senator Hale's committee is being fought by the organized labor lobby. It seeks to permit naval officers to purchase from private non-union firms about half the work that will go into the eight ships that are to be built in government yards. All the private yards are non-union.

One primary reason for Kellogg's agreeing to let the naval construction bill have the right of way over his treaty is that Senator Swanson of Virginia, who threatened trouble over ratification, is interested in getting the ship contract for yards at Newport News and the Norfolk navy yard as quickly as possible.

SHOE STRIKERS STILL OUT SOLID

Union Holds Section Meeting Sunday

Stolidly determined to stay out on strike till their demands for recognition of the union and reinstatement of active unionists, are granted all craftsmen employed by the S. Lieberman Shoe Co. in Brooklyn, continue to picket the plant with increasing vigor. Widespread support is being marshalled by the workers organization, the Independent Shoe Workers Union of Greater New York, in a series of meetings still being held. This Sunday afternoon at 2:30 p. m. a section membership meeting of Harlem unionists is to be held in the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st Street.

In addition to taking up the question of supporting the men on strike in Brooklyn, this meeting, as the others did, will occupy itself with the coming organization drive of the union. Organizers Magliacano, the union president and other speakers will address the meeting. Last Sunday shoe workers in Coney Island met in section meeting.

The anti-union employer has already confessed the fact that the strike hurts where strikes hurt bosses most, and agreed to see the union leader in conference. On hearing the demands of the union, he refused to accede the men's demands, hoping that the break off of negotiations would discourage the strikers.

DE LEON LAUDS WORKING YOUTH MEET, SEPT. 29

Conference to Take Up Vital Tasks

Solon De Leon, labor economist, yesterday endorsed the forthcoming Working Youth Conference to be held at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St., on September 29 and 30.

In a statement, issued through the arrangements committee of the conference, De Leon said:

"One of the most striking shortcomings of the labor movement in America is the fact that the young workers, the Negro workers and the women workers have not yet been organized. The organized section of the working class is limited more or less to the skilled and well-paid workers. The great masses of the worst exploited, the harshly treated, the much abused, the low paid, workers have not been organized.

"The officials of the A. F. of L. have repeatedly shown their unwillingness, or inability, to organize these masses of workers. Tens of thousands of these unskilled and semi-skilled workers are ready to become organized. The young workers especially, who constitute a large percentage of these unskilled and unorganized workers, have shown their ability to fight side by side with the adult workers when they were organized. They have shown, in instances, their readiness to be organized. Since there is no one else to do the organizing, the left wing must get on the job and do it.

"The Working Youth Conference is a step in the direction of organizing the unorganized young workers. It should receive the greatest possible support from all militant workers. This first step will have to be followed up with many more steps, until we succeed in accomplishing the task of organizing the young workers."

Textile Relief Meet Called for Tomorrow

Continued from Page One

painters and a large number of progressive groups.

"This conference will meet the challenge of the textile trust and the reactionary labor misleaders, who are determined to break the strike," Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the Workers International Relief, said yesterday.

Following the conference, delegates and hundreds of New York workers are expected to view the showing of "The Crowd" at Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St., tomorrow night. M. J. Olgin and Albert Weisbord will speak before each performance, at 8:45 p. m. and 11 p. m. The entire proceeds will go to the New Bedford and Fall River textile strikers.

SAILOR DROWNS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (UP).—Francis Peterson, naval storekeeper attached to the submarine tender Beaver in Chinese waters, was found dead on board the submarine S-32 today, the navy was advised. His home was in Boston.

Shoe Shop Fire Menaces Many

Fire in a shoe repair shop at Pitkin Ave. and Chester St., Brooklyn, menaced the lives of several workers and threatened to trap others in the continguous block of frame buildings. It took hours for the firemen to get the blaze under control. Above, the ruins of the shoe shop.

DUBINSKY BROKE MOVES OFFICES

Cutters League Grows in Membership

Dubinsky and his Cutters' Local 10, one of the strongest pillars of reaction in the Jewish labor movement, and Morris Sigman's right-hand man in his pogroms on the cloak and dressmakers in New York, are bankrupt, was the charge made by Organizer A. Horowitz, when he reported yesterday to the crowded meeting of members of the Cutters' Welfare League, which adheres to the National Organization Committee for a New Cloakmakers' Union. The meeting was held in the headquarters of the N. O. C., 16 W. 21st St., and began promptly at 6 last night.

To substantiate this charge, Horowitz called attention to the recently published charge that the "rich and all-powerful Local 10," (according to Bubinsky) is compelled to vacate its independent headquarters on 14th St. and move into the right wing Joint Board building. It was also pointed out at the meeting that Dubinsky tried to cloud the impression which he recognized such an event would inevitably create, came out with a boisterous announcement to the effect that no one should suspect that his Local 10 is bankrupt, but that the only reason he is moving from the very comfortable 14th Street offices, where they have been for nearly 10 years, is for "convenience."

The meeting last night also voted unanimous approval to the request of a committee sent by those arranging the big Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar in Madison Square Garden, October 4, 5, 6 and 7. A committee was elected to assist in making the bazaar a success. A motion was also carried to request the organization's executive board to buy tickets.

The league leaders reported on the work to date. The organizer reported on the complaints he had attended in the shops. The report on membership drives show that many new members are signing up with the League every week.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

'SOCIALISTS' ASK FOR INJUNCTION

Sigmanites Beg Aid of Massachusetts Judge

Continued from Page One

union. Another hearing is scheduled for the coming Monday.

The new union, tho recently launched, has already acquired the allegiance of the workers in nearly every ladies garment manufacturing shop in this city. The sudden and complete stoppage of dues payments to the Sigman union by the members, and the simultaneous growth in membership of the new local section of the National Organization Committee, caused the Boston Sigman machine to beg for aid from the employers which was promptly forthcoming from a number of bosses.

The firm of Cohen and Jacobson, was among the first to dismiss the most militant among its employees. This was answered by the workers by an immediate walkout. The new union declared the shop on strike and it has been tied up ever since, with regular picketing going on in full force. The injunction was specifically applied for to halt this strike, and to stop picketing.

In the injunction application the "socialist" officials and their boss ally, went to great lengthy detail in trying to prove to the Massachusetts judge that the N. O. C. is a "red" organization, which is causing friction between the company union and the employers association. Another "socialist" gem is the clause in the injunction application, which states that the defendants, the officers of the N. O. C., are trying to break up the International Ladies Garment Workers Union thru "violence" and "threats to kill!"

The writ application names in its papers, Julius Portnoy, N. O. C. treasurer, Emma Yaninsky, N. O. C. organizer, W. Weiner and A. Shapiro, local leaders, and all other union functionaries.

SLUGGED FOR MILITANCY; MAY DIE AS RESULT

Mine Relief Appeals for Aid for Him

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 13.—For thirty-six hours following the attack on the miners' convention by Lewis thugs and Pittsburgh police, Anthony Calamari, the mine leader of Charleroi, who was most seriously injured, hovered between life and death in a state of unconsciousness. At the present moment he is walking about fretfully, his memory entirely gone, and refusing all food. The National Miners Relief Committee has procured special medical aid for him.

Calamari has taken an active part in the strike since the beginning, and has been organizing the miners, urging them not to return to the mines individually, but in an organized manner.

Brutally Attacked.

When Calamari approached the Labor Lyceum, Sunday morning, his convention delegate badge pinned to his lapel, the thugs fell upon him, breaking three blackjacks over his head, throwing stones and every conceivable missle at him. The gallant miner fought back as long as he could, but was soon overpowered, and fell unconscious.

Then the thugs kicked his head and shoulders, and dragged him up the street. When the delegates in the hall who had repulsed the attackers and closed the doors of the hall to open the convention, saw this through the window, they threatened to charge upon them unless the attack upon Calamari ceased. The thugs drew away from the unconscious miner.

Rushed to Hospital.

The delegates had succeeded in fighting off the attackers and were seated in the hall when the police arrived. Calamari was rushed to the Passavant Hospital while the police cleared the hall.

The doctors say that Calamari's condition is very serious. The National Miners Relief Committee is doing its utmost to help him. Calamari was a member of the Relief Committee of Charleroi, and his ruddy, smiling face and witty tongue were well known to the relief committee staff. Whenever Calamari came to the headquarters, he would get to work, folding news releases or bulletins or whatever other work there was to be done, until the order for groceries for Charleroi was ready.

Appeal For Help.

The miners throughout the Monongahela and Allegheny Valleys know Calamari as a loyal leader. The National Miners Relief Committee is doing its utmost to save Calamari's life. Funds are needed to pay doctor's bills, and take care of the stricken striker's family. All contributions should be sent directly to the relief headquarters, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Come! Come!
Motion Picture "The Crowd"
BENEFIT PERFORMANCE FOR THE TEXTILE STRIKERS OF NEW BEDFORD AND FALL RIVER
ALBERT WEISBORD, Speaker
SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 15TH
LABOR TEMPLE, 14TH ST. & 2ND AVENUE
2 Performances: 8.45 p. m. and 11 p. m. — Admission 50 Cents
AUSPICES:—Local New York Workers' International Relief, 1 Union Square, New York, Room 604.
W. I. R. Textile Relief Conference
SATURDAY, SEPT. 15TH, 2 P. M., IRVING PLAZA HALL, 15th Street and Irving Place
Show Your Solidarity With the Textile Strikers

REGISTER NOW!
FOR THE
JEWISH HOLIDAYS
"The Indian Summer" Week-End
The best part of the year in
Unity Camp
The best working class camp
Buses will leave 1800 7th Avenue corner 110th Street to the Camp, Friday evening at 6:30 p. m. and Saturday at 1:30 p. m.
For registration inquire at our main office, 1800 7th Avenue, corner 110th Street.
Telephone. Monument 0127
Monument 0111
Camp Telephone, Wingdale 51

This is BAZAAR WEEK September 10 to 17
Collect Articles Ads Names for the Honor Roll
for the Benefit of The DAILY WORKER and FREIHEIT
National Bazaar Committee
30 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK, N. Y.

Bulgarian Authorities Seize 15 Workers in Terror Wave; One Commits Suicide

BELIEVE CRISIS IN CABINET IS BEHIND SEIZURE

Liapchef Forms New Ministry

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Sept. 13.—In what is believed to be an effort to distract public attention from the cabinet crisis government agents yesterday arrested fifteen workers charged with participating in a Communist conspiracy.

The men were rushed to the police station where they were held incommunicado while the government newspapers made official announcement of the discovery of a conspiracy.

Complete censorship conceals the occurrences at the police headquarters but it is known that at least one prisoner was killed himself either by rushing to an unguarded window and hurling his body into the street below in order to escape prison torture or by being thrown by the police.

The government is charging the workers with terrorist activities and claims that $7,000 had been received by them from Vienna during the month of August. This is denied by others in close contact with the arrested men.

It is the opinion in many circles that the government's action is the result of a decision to strike two blows at one time against a group of militant workers and in order to turn attention from the serious crisis in the ministry.

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SOFIA, Bulgaria, Sept. 13 (UP).—Premier A. Liaptcheff has formed a new ministry which includes all the members of the old cabinet except the minister of railways. A cabinet crisis arose over charges implicating cabinet members in the recent Macedonian disturbances.

MINOR STARTS TOUR TONIGHT

To Speak at Meet in Poughkeepsie

Continued from Page One

befudd[illegible] minds of the workers so as to make them submit to all sorts of exploitation hired the notorious stool-pigeon O'Brien to stand on street corners for a week and tell the workers fairy tales about the glorious conditions they were living under.

Beaten in Debate.

A debate was arranged between O'Brien and Richard Moore, secretary of the American Negro Labor Congress, which was attended by a huge crowd of workers. O'Brien was miserably beaten and the De Laval Company finally dispensed with his eloquence, finding that it had no effect on the workers.

More recently Theodore H. Miller, works superintendent of the De Laval plant, came out with a statement in the Poughkeepsie Eagle-News, a reactionary boss sheet, that there is a great dearth of skilled tool makers and that the city should teach the children a skilled trade. In this way the separator company would be provided with cheaper skilled labor. This statement was made despite the fact that there are hundreds of skilled workers walking the streets. The tool makers employed in the De Laval plant are, moreover, wretchedly paid.

Workers Not Fooled.

These devices of the De Laval company seeking to camouflage the real issues that are involved so as to keep the workers and their families permanently chained to the De Laval exploitation system, are being seen thru increasingly by the workers. Hundreds of them will turn out tonight to hear Minor and Gordon point out to them the true path of their liberation.

Interest in the Daily Worker among the Poughkeepsie workers has grown to such an extent that definite stations where the paper will be sold every day have been established. These stations are: Albrecht, 88 Jefferson St.; W. Kelly, 64 Church St.; Demask, 520 Main St.; F. Wetmore, 125 Main St.; M. Betros, 541 Main St.; McCabe, 39 Catherine St.; Satz, corner Market and Main Sts.; P. Alexander, 229 Main St., and Rimaldi, 67 Main St.

Tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock Minor will speak in Albany at the corner of State and Pearl Sts. The rest of his itinerary is: Sunday, Sept. 16, Troy, Domino Hall, 22-24 Fourth St., 3 p. m.; Tuesday, Sept. 18, Schenectady, Turner Hall, 837 Albany St., 8 p. m.; Wednesday, Sept. 19, New Century Auditorium, corner Hopper and Genesco Sts., 8 p. m.; Thursday, Sept. 20, Syracuse, Labor Temple, 309 S. Franklin St., 8 p. m.; Friday, Sept. 21, Rochester, Labor Lyceum, 580 St. Paul St., 8 p. m.; Sunday, Sept. 23, Buffalo; Monday, Sept. 24, Jamestown, [illegible] Brotherhood Hall, corner [illegible] and Third Sts.; Tuesday, Sept. 25, [illegible].

Planes Roar Across Continent for Militarists

Above, Emile Burgin, taking off in his Belanca monoplane in the transcontinental non-stop race for a $12,500 purse. At right, Art Goebel and his passenger, who are favored to win the race. The planes are being eagerly watched by the militarists who are interested in the swiftness with which bombers can cross from one coast of the United States to the other.

DISCLOSE FACTS OF MINE MURDER

Eye-witnesses Report on Moran Killing

Continued from Page One

blackjacking, to try and prevent it from continuing in the Save the Union movement.

Gang Ready.

At the meeting Friday night, Sept. 7, Carboni was in the chair and had his gang of Lewis supporters posted about in the hall. Delegates to the National Miners Convention elected previously were there, but Carboni was trying to force the local to rescind its action to attend the convention.

A man named Robb, a Lewis agent, arose and in a vicious, sneering tone of voice began to slander Charles Glovak, a delegate to the National Miners' Convention. The gang had special reasons to hate Glovak, for he had formerly been deluded into following Carboni, and had only recently found him out and exposed him to the membership.

Hit with Chair.

Glovak protested, took a step toward Robb, and the latter while standing on the platform at Carboni's side, picked up a chair and smashed Glovak over the head with it. At the same time, Carboni shouted something in approval of the act, and pulled a blackjack with his left hand.

Then George Moran, elected constable by the miners of this township, placed Carboni under arrest. Carboni had his right hand in his pocket all the time, and without drawing the gun there (afterwards found to be a .32 calibre revolver) he reached around and shot three times at Moran, two bullets through the abdomen and one in the hand.

Moran sank quietly back to a seat but did not fall. Carboni turned swiftly to Charles Glovak and shot him in the abdomen and groin. The hall was in great confusion, Carboni was dashing down the aisle toward the door all the time, his gangsters were interfering with efforts to catch him. He neared the door, which was blocked by Theodore Glovak, son of the man just shot, and himself a delegate. Another shot for Theodore, who fell, leaving the passage open.

Killer Tries For Getto.

But Carboni wanted to kill again before leaving. He saw Adam Getto, a delegate, and placed the muzzle of his pistol directly over the man's heart. There was one cartridge left, but it missed fire, and Adam closed with the murderer; the two of them rolled locked together all the way down the stairs to the street door.

Getto and another miner led Carboni, who was calling his followers by shouting, "They want to murder me," to the burgess' house, where they met not them burgess, but a deputized watchman who had until recently been a coal and iron policeman. The policeman refused to arrest Carboni. Lewis gangsters appeared and took Carboni away from the two unarmed miners.

PRINT 'DAILY' AT BAZAAR OCT. 4-7

Continued from Page One

converted into a real proletarian market center where every conceivable article will be sold. In addition many interesting games and novelty "stunts" are being arranged to keep every visitor, young and old, interested.

The huge machinery that is necessary to conduct the bazaar successfully has already been set in motion. The major part of the task is the preparation before the bazaar And workers thruout the country have already set to work collecting articles, enlisting the support of sympathetic organizations, collecting greetings and names for the Red Honor Roll that will be contained in the handsome bazaar souvenir and doing other tasks necessary to send the bazaar over the top.

All workers are urged by the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee, with headquarters at 30 Union Square, to intensify their efforts in behalf of the event which the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has called of first significance to every worker in the country.

Salvador Volcano Threatens Towns

SAN SALVADOR, Sept. 13 (UP).—The volcano Izaico has broken into violent activity, throwing off great volumes of smoke, and raining ashes and cinders on the towns of Sonsonate, San Antonio, Caluco, Nahizaico and Hahulingo.

The rumblings of the eruption are clearly audible. In Sonsonate, a distinct odor of sulphur can be smelt.

FOUR DELEGATES QUIT U. T. W. MEET

Hit Reactionaries; to Back New Union

Continued from Page One

leader of the Passaic workers and the failure of MacMahon to gain the confidence of the workers, because of his collaboration with the bosses and other strikebreaking agencies. The failure on the part of the officials of the U. T. W. to carry on a militant fighting policy, and agreeing with the bosses to blacklist militant workers and leaders of the Passaic strike. When the mill owners were making a drive against the union, reducing wages, introducing speed-up systems and insurance schemes, MacMahon and the Executvie Council of the U. T. W. were fighting the leadership of the local unions instead of stepping out militantly with a fighting program against the attacks of the mill owners.

In New Bedford, where 28,000 of our fellow-workers are striking against a 10 per cent wage cut, the U. T. W. leaders are cooperating with Batty, who is negotiating with the bosses to effect the betrayal of the strikers. There the strike was called actually against the will of these same corrupt leaders, and at this very moment they are considering submitting to the so-called Frieder plan, which would not only break the strike but would worsen conditions and lessen wages for the strikers.

Official Scabbing.

In Fall River also, where the Textile Mill Committees were urging the workers to strike against their 10 per cent wage cut, and in support of the New Bedford strike, Thomas MacMahon and Compos in their speeches urged the Fall River workers to remain at work, even while their work constituted actual scabbing on the New Bedford strike. The Textile Mill Committees alone are putting up a real militant struggle for the workers in these centers, and are responsible for the remarkable strength which the New Bedford strike has after 22 weeks.

The stand of the U. T. W. is plainly outlined by President MacMahon, who in his speech yesterday urged the "organization" of the workers on a class-collaboration basis of appeals for support to church organizations, clubs, manufacturers' associations, etc. The expulsion of Eli Keller and Ellen Dawson, militant leaders of the Passaic struggle, who have well proven their loyalty to the textile workers, is indicative of the drive made by the officials of the U. T. W. to rid the union of all honest, fighting elements.

Based on the above enumerated points and on others too numerous to mention in a brief document of this nature, we hereby sever all connections with the United Textile Workers, and call upon all textile workers everywhere to follow the only militant leadership in the field, that of the Textile Mill Committees, and to participate in the formation of a new national textile union, led by honest militant workers representing the rank and file of textile workers throughout the country.

(Signed):

GUSTAV DEAK, Delegate, Local Union 1614, Passaic, N. J. Organizer United Textile Workers locals in Passaic.

JOHN DI SANTO, Delegate, Local Union 1623, Passaic, N. J. Vice President Local Union 1623.

PHILIP LIPSHITZ, Delegate, Local Union 1615 Silk Workers. President Local Union 1615 N. Y.

SARAH CHERNOW, Delegate Local 55, Knit Goods, N. Y.

ELLEN DAWSON, Delegate, Local 1619, Passaic, N. J. Secretary Local 1619, Passaic, N. J.

ELI KELLER, Delegate, Local 1613, Passaic, N. J. President Local 1613, Passaic, N. J.

MINE LEADERS SCORE BROPHY

Charge He Wants Surrender to Lewis

Continued from Page One

last five years through his corrupt machine, nullified the democratic provisions of the organization, stole elections at will and sought to silence all opposition by expulsion and intimidation.'

"And we agree with Brophy when he says:

"'I condemn the policy of terrorism pursued by the paid gansters and so-called organizers who would set aside the right of assembly by mob action. The bankruptcy of ideas of the United Mine Workers officialdom is plainly evident when it encourages violence as a menace of obtaining their end.'

Murray, Reactionary.

"'The attempt of Phillip Murray to justify such a disregard of the constitutional right of the freedom of assembly by saying the United Mine Workers stand was motivated by the desire to defend the United States Government is nothing but rank hypocrisy. The action of his gang on Sunday was nothing more nor less than fascism.'

"The difference between us and John Brophy is that he doesn't know what to do about it and we are doing something about it.

"Brophy would have us remain handcuffed in the company union that is all that is left of the United Mine Workers of America. We know that all good union men can and will rally to the National Miners Union, which has a policy of struggle against the evils Lewis surrenders us to, and has a democratic constitution such as Brophy says he desired for the United Mine Workers of America.

Gangsters Not Union Men.

"No power in the world can make union men of the gangsters and Lewis officials who attacked our convention last Sunday, and as long as we let Lewis count the votes he cannot be voted out of union office.

"So our plan is to go ahead with a real miners' union, and leave Lewis to stew among his paid organizers, his thugs and gunmen which is all he will have left.

"What union does Brophy propose for the 300,000 men who have been forced out of the union by Lewis, unless we take them in?

"What union does Brophy offer 300,000 more men Lewis has always refused to organize into the U. M. W. A.?

"What does Brophy propose? He gives no plan but surrender.

"We will never surrender."

NAVARRE REBELS AGAINST REGIME OF DE RIVERA

2,000 Jailed; Include Communists

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, Sept. 13 (UP).—The provincial assemblies and all minor officials of the Navarre country, comprising the provinces of Navarra, Alaava, Viscaya and Guipuzcoa, have resigned, advices received here today said.

The resignations were in protest against the action of the Spanish directorate in taking over administration of publication and collection of certain annual taxes, in violation of ancient tradition and the autonomy of Navarre.

The local officials informed the government they could not now be held responsible for possible disorders.

• • •

BORDEAUX, France, Sept. 13 (UP).—Generals Lopez Ochoa and Aguilura, former minister of war, accused of complicity in the plot to overthrow the De Rivera dictatorship, have been arrested at Valiadolid, Spain, advices received here today said. The editors of the newspaper Democracia and others also were arrested.

• • •

Communists Also Jailed.

MADRID, Sept. 13.—The arrests made here during the last few days, and which amount to 2,000, were explained by the minister of the interior as a precautionary move intended to "eliminate the possibility of any unsympathetic or unpleasant demonstrations" during the celebration that begins today of the fifth anniversary of the regime of Premier Primo de Rivera, the dictator.

The police included in their roundup many Communists in Barcelona and Madrid, and although the government denied that the military were involved in the plot to overthrow the dictatorship, two generals and several soldiers were arrested.

• • •

LA LINEA, Spain, Sept. 13 (UP).—Sixty Free Masons and the correspondent of the newspaper El Sol were arrested today. Authorities gave no reason for the arrests.

La Linea is in the province of Cadiz, near Gibraltar.

REFUSE BAIL TO SAVE UNION FUND

Continued from Page One

turers was held several days ago to consider the Frieder speed-up plan, which was endorsed as a basis of settlement by W. E. G. Batty, Textile Council head. They, too, came out with a decision endorsing the speed-up but at the same time demanded that the ten per cent cut should stand, thus giving the Batty gang an opportunity to make a "categorical refusal." This was made, in the opinion of the vast majority of the strikers, in order to give Batty an opportunity to accept when bosses finally agree to accept the speed-up plan.

A mass meeting of strikers will be held this afternoon, according to an announcement made a few hours ago from T. M. C. headquarters. Particular stress will be placed by the speakers on the vicious character of the Frieder plan.

Mothers on Picket Line at P. S. 50

Mothers whose children will have to go long distances thru heavy traffic if they are transferred from public school 50 in Brooklyn have gone on strike and refused to allow their children to attend classes. A group of the striking women is shown above.

FOSTER CHEERED AT SAINT PAUL RALLY

Continued from Page One

given ample proof of the truth of this contention. Even if it were possible for a majority of the workers and poor farmers of the United States to vote for the abolition of capitalism at the polls in November the ruling classes, with their command of the armed forces of the state, would never permit the masses to take over political power peacefully. The right of the ruling classes to exploit the masses for their own profit can only be taken away from them by the might of the workers and exploited farmers in great mass struggles for the capture of political power

"Therefore, the Communists in this election campaign not only urge the masses to vote Communist, but also to organize into militant industrial unions, into radical farmers' associations, to join the Workers (Communist) Party, under the leadership of which the broad struggles of the masses will be co-ordinated for the overthrow of capitalism."

Scores Farmer-Labor Bureaucrats.

Foster dealth at length with the farmer-labor party movement in Minnesota, one of the strongholds of that movement. He denounced the reactionary labor bureaucracy and the fake progressives who betrayed the workers and farmers into the hands of the capitalists and made of the farmer-labor party a pawn in the game for their own material advancement.

The Workers (Communist) Party, Foster declared, was the driving force behind the movement to break the masses away from the capitalist parties through the farmer-labor party movement, but through the hostility of the reactionaries in the farmers' organizations and the trade unions and through the sabotage of the alleged progressives, the heart was taken out of the movement and it is now only a hollow shell

The Communists never held that the workers and poor farmers could emancipate themselves from capitalism by means of a farmer-labor party. This is the task of the Communist Party, which carried in its platform a program of action for the every-day struggles of the masses and puts forth as the final aim the overthrow of the capitalist system and the capitalist government and the establishment of a Workers and Farmers government which will have the historical task of building the socialist society. He called on the workers and exploited farmers to join the Party.

Exposes "Peace" Pact.

Foster flayed the fake Kellogg anti-war treaty, which he branded as a "camouflage for imperialism, a smoke screen behind which the rival powers are maneuvering for advantageous positions in preparation for the inevitable conflict for domination of world markets." He predicted that the rivalry between England and the United States carried the seeds of another war which would make the last world war pale into insignificance.

The speaker declared that the heart of the war danger was the conspiracy of the capitalist powers against the Soviet Union, the first revolutionary government of workers and farmers in history. The conditions of the masses in the Soviet Union are improving yearly by leaps and bounds, he said, while the conditions of the workers in every struggle in the United States. The raid on the organizing convention of the National Miners Union in Pittsburgh, by the police, acting in conjunction with the Lewis machine, was additional proof of the united front between the coal operators and the leaders of the U. M. W. A., as well as an indication of their panic over the determination of the rank and file to substitute militant struggle against the emother country in the world are growing worse.

While trade union membership in the capitalist countries is falling, he said, over ten millions of workers are now lined up in the All-Russian Council of Trade Unions, almost as many as the entire membership of the International Federation of Trade Unions, with headquarters at Amsterdam.

Militancy Rises in U. S.

Foster declared that a new wave of militancy was developing in the United States. He pointed out that the organization of the National Miners Union, to take the place of the wrecked United Mine Workers of America, marked a new and revolutionary forward step in the class ployers for the policy of class collaboration followed by Lewis and company.

In the textile industry, the speaker declared that the mill workers were organizing for the purpose of building a new union to replace the unofficial company union that is run by MacMahon of the United Textile Workers. Foster told of the great struggles in New Bedford and Fall River and urged his hearers to give their unstinted support to the fighting textile workers and the miners.

"There is no fundamental difference today," the speaker said, "between the republican and democratic parties. Both are now completely dominated by finance capital. The nomination of Al Smith on the democratic party ticket marks the official taking over of that party by Wall Street. The campaign director of Al Smith is John J. Raskob, of General Motors, one of the outstanding enemies of trade unionism in the United States.

"Leading the Hoover drive for the presidency are equally notorious enemies of labor, headed by the Mellon interests, Henry Ford and other apostles of the open shop.

Stresses Negro Question.

"The Workers (Communist) Party is now on the official ballot in 19 states, Foster told his audience and the National Election Campaign Committee expects to have the Communist ticket on the ballot in at least 35 states on election day. As a result of Foster's speech several new applications for membership in the Party were received."

One of the most important issues before the American working class today is the Negro question, Foster said. Not only in the South but throughout the country the Negroes are suffering from racial discrimination as well as from industrial exploitation. The white workers must put the protection of the Negro masses on their order of business. They must fight the discrimination against Negroes in trade unions. Racial prejudice is one of the most effective weapons of the capitalists for weakening the power of the workers to fight effectively for their interests as a class. He scored the capitalist parties for their sanction of the lynching of Negroes, segregation and other discriminations and declared that the Workers (Communist) Party was the only Party that had a program with a revolutionary solution of the Negro roblem.

VENIZELOS WON ELECTIONS WITH TERRORIZATION

Communist Literature Was Banned

(Red Aid Press Service)

ATHENS, Greece (By Mail).—The huge election campaign of Venizelos is a surprise to no one who rightly understands the meaning of "free voting." The abrogation of proportional representation was the introduction to this free voting, the worst sort of terror accompanied its carrying out.

A few examples: Shortly before the voting the Communist Party printed its election program. The edition of 50,000 copies was confiscated by the police. The members of the election committee who carried the program with them were arrested. On the intervention of the election commission it appeared that the copies were confiscated under the law forbidding the transportation of Communist literature. The Communist Party, however, had placed a legal list on the ballot.

In Niacussa the workers Nopas and Patritsoupulos were arrested because they had posted opposition placards. They are still in jail. In Volos on the charge of election propaganda the worker Andreas Tabalis was exiled for one year to the island of Jos and Nikolaus Tsakiris to Folegandros.

In Saloniki numerous Communist leaflets and placards were confiscated. The legal election campaign meeting that was called for August 5 was forbidden by the police.

In this way it was not difficult to gain a large majority in the elections.

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A Day's Wage
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Are you unemployed and so badly in need that you cannot send even a single dollar or a two-dollar bill for the Communist Campaign?
ANSWER BEFORE YOU LAY DOWN THIS NOTICE
We Need
5's, 10's, 25's and 100's but the singles and twos are just as welcome.
Just attach your contribution to the blank that we sent you and mail it in NOW!
Send all Funds to
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG, Treasurer
National Election Campaign Committee
43 EAST 125TH STREET NEW YORK CITY

Soldier Correspondent Tells of Bad Food, Bad Conditions, and Bad Pay in Army

MEN DESERTED CONSTANTLY AS NO WAGES CAME

Refused Coffee in Cold Winter Weather

(By An Army Correspondent)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By Mail).—On September 7, 1925, I was out of work, tired and discouraged, and when I came across an army poster I was ready to do anything foolish. There was a sergeant there and he jumped right on my neck and told me what a good chance there was in the army for a young man like me. I fell for that bunk, and what a fool I was to believe him. Well, I joined. I have regretted it ever since.

They sent me to Fort Ethan Allen, in Vermont. There they threw a uniform at me. The breeches were as baggy as h—— and the coat was too small. It was a misfit all over. Three days after I was inoculated and my arm was stiff for two days and I was compelled to work. They said it was to exercise the arm. The rules say that you are supposed to rest for twenty-four hours, but they don't care. They do as they want. They are the boss and they tell you, too. Two weeks after I was there, a notice was put up that General Brown was coming to inspect barracks and for eight days and nights we worked from seven in the morning to eight at night, and then another bunch worked until morning to get through. We worked all day and we could not sleep at night because there was so much noise and we were so tired. That went on for eight days and when we were through and the general came he found fault with everything and over 70 of us got h—— and K. P. for a week.

That discouraged us a lot and that night 21 soldiers deserted. They never came back while I was there and they never found them. We went on guard from 4:30 to 4 the next day, two hours on and two hours off, and, let me tell you, two hours was too much in winter. Sometimes it was below zero and when we asked for coffee they would laugh and say: "What the h——, you think you are home; you are in the army now." That would send some more boys over the hill, that is, they would desert. Every day three or four would go over the hill, never to come back. They said they would sooner go to the guard house than go back, and I believe it, too.

The grub was none too good. When we did get something that was good we did not get enough of it. Any little thing that we did we got K. P. for two or three weeks, and that was that. They were the boss. We had nothing to say about it. If you did, another K. P. you would get, so it was no use to kick about anything. A dog's life is what I call it. In May they sent us to [illegible], about 70 miles away. We had to hike it, too, with two horses and a pack to take and cannon to clean. When we got there our clothes were all dirty and we were a mess. The meals were rotten, a handful of beans and a slice of bread and we were lucky to get that some times, and when we did get it it was full of grass and oats.

It was 15 miles to town and they said that we could not go there for smokes. They said that they would get them for us. Well, the Y. M. C. A. came there with the smokes, and they soaked us good for them. They soaked us 20 cents for Bull Durham. It only cost them 15 cents for two bags, and they soaked us 20 cents. That is what I call rotten. We staid there for five weeks, and 27 men left over the hill. Well, if they had staid five weeks more, the whole d—— troop would have left.

When we got back to the Fort eight more left. Well, the captain started to get kind of worried. He wanted to know what was the matter. One of the boys, who was getting discharged, went to the captain and said that if the boys did not get better food and more of it, and that if we did not do less work, that some morning he would wake up and find the army over the hill as the rest had gone. The captain got wise and after that we got things a little better for about two weeks, and then things went back the same. I got discharged six days after that and I was d—— glad to get out of that hole. I wrote to a buddy of mine there and asked him how things were, and he said that things were as tough as before.

All the time I was there, when I asked the boys if they were glad that they joined, they would say: "I must have been drunk when I signed for this hole."

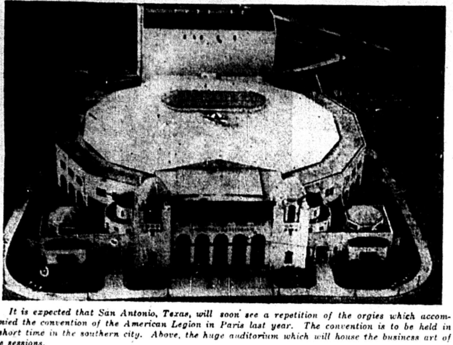
Let me give you the amount of things that we must get and pay for out of $21 per month. We have to get our uniform cut to fit us. That costs $6; five cans of shoe polish, 75 cents; two boxes of tooth paste, $1; laundry, $2 per month; 2 bottles of brass polish, 70 cents; two sets of brass buttons, $1.25 per set; uniform pressed every week, 50 cents, $2 per month; overcoat pressed, 50 cents per week, $2 per month; shaving cream and razor blades, $1.50 per month; milk, 10 cents a pint, or $3 per month; $7 in canteen checks.

Well, figure it out; the first month's pay is not enough to pay the bills, as you can see for yourself. I never had more than two or three dollars after paying my bills. Sometimes I owed them money. Sometimes the boys would not get paid for two or three months and then, discouraged, they would go over the hill.

The pay is $21 per month.

P. G. J.

Where American Reactionaries Will Plot Against Labor



It is expected that San Antonio, Texas, will soon see a repetition of the orgies which accompanied the convention of the American Legion in Paris last year. The convention is to be held in a short time in the southern city. Above, the huge auditorium which will house the business art of the sessions.

LOW WAGES FOR WOMEN WORKERS

Toil Under Miserable Conditions

(By a Worker Correspondent)

READING, Pa. (By Mail).—The Bureau of Statistics in the Pennsylvania Department of Internal Affairs announced that of the 40,793 workers in Berks County 26,643 are male and 14,150 female. This means that for every two men employed in Reading and vicinity there is more than one woman, and the indications are that the proportion will continue to increase in the future as it has in the past.

The theory that women are in industry for only a short time and that their earnings are of no great significance because the family is dependent upon woman not as a wage earner but as a home keeper does not hold water.

The simplification of production through the process of rationalization of industry and the introduction of efficiency schemes widely opened the doors into industry for women. The result is that millions of women are today engaged in almost every branch of industry and represent a very important section of the working class.

Nevertheless their wages still are based on the old, unfounded theory that they have no family responsibilities as wage earners, with results disastrous to the life and health for the maintenance of which they are responsible, and opposite results for the employers, enabling them to secure greater profits.

Wages 50 Per Cent Lower.

In spite of the fact that the women workers, in many instances, work even under worse conditions than the male workers (longer hours) performing the same kind of work in quantity as well as in qual- almost 50 per cent lower than that ity, their wages are, nevertheless, of the male workers.

This is clearly illustrated by the following facts: The 40,793 workers, men and women, in Berks County received last year a total income in wages of $49,971,900 and of this amount 26,643 male employes were paid $37,319,600 while 14,150 female workers received only $12,652,000.

This means that while the male worker in industry received slightly more than $1400 a year average, or about $23 per week, the woman worker received slightly more than $893 per year, or about $15 a week. $15 per week is the approximate weekly wage, according to official figures of the Pennsylvania Department of Internal Affairs, for a woman worker in the city of Reading and vicinity. $15 for 50 and 55 hours of work under most miserable working conditions.

Women Not Organized.

Such a condition can be accounted for only by the fact that there is a complete lack of organization of the women workers in industry. The trade union officials have at no time attempted to organize the thousands of women in industry in Reading. And the women in Reading constitute today a considerable portion of unorganized workers. The socialist party and the officials of the Federated Trade Council who are to make believe to organize the unorganized workers [illegible] but in reality to build [illegible] prestige of the socialist party [illegible] collect votes for the coming presidential elections, will meet with considerable resistance on the part of the Reading working women in November at the ballot box.

A WORKER CORRESPONDENT.

RESPONSE TO RED FUND DRIVE GREAT

Side by side with the drive of the Workers (Communist) Party to put its candidates officially in nomination on the ballots of the various states goes a drive for a campaign fund to make effective the preliminary work of going on the ballot.

The response to the call for a campaign fund to put out campaign literature, tours, speakers and organizers, build the Party and carry the revolutionary Communist message to all corners of the country is growing. Greater interest is daily being manifested in the National Election Campaign being carried on by the Workers Party, and this is proven by the growing number of contributions.

Herewith the National Election Campaign Committee reports an additional one hundred and fifty contributions received in the early days of the drive.

If you are not listed on this honor roll you have not yet done your duty to build up the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund.

Send your contributions to the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th St., New York City, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer:

Louis Lagomarsino, $3; B. Devyatkin, $2; G. Shlemko, $6; Ivan Ojak, $15; A. Sulkuranto, $5; Wm. Waisane, $1; Aleks Ahava, $1; E. Bopa, $1.75; John Kuchta, $5; Clara Garfinkel, $3; John Haluschak, $1; J. Oikkonen, $2; Margaret Stresow, $5; John B. Price, $1; Charles Sowtas, $2; Joseph Reiner, $3; Ben Williams, $1; Edward Lawson, $1; R. I. Kuriloff, $5; Abe Adler, $5; Hindi Library, $5; Pete Leodes, $5; Jos. Asevieus, $1; Andy Caramitus, $5; Peter Wietanen, 75 cents; A. Schemmer, $2; Bror Akuson, $3; Mike Harris, $5; Zack Kizer, $1; Vale Jokela, $1; T. Baronian, $1; Joseph V. Bak, $2; J. Latvala, $2; Joseph R. Holland, 3; Edward R. Cranson, $1; Kostant Simonaskas, $2.50; Naemi Lindgren, $1; Jack Montana, $1; Herman Ilvonen, $1; J. M. A. Spence, $5; Alex. Constantinov, $2; A. Middleton, $4; R. E. Page, $1; District 12; J. A. Blasutch, $3; Dan Agalos, $2; Henry Hendrickson, $5; John Wussenen, $5.75; District 5, $4.20; District 5, 15.00; I. Gallub, $5; Slovak Workers Society, Branch 1, $25; D. Gordaneff, $2; Frances Franek, $3.35; Mrs. Maimi Fri, $1; Modney Anthony, $2; Chas. Kulju, $2; Karel Lak, $1; Walter Leon, $1; Carl A. Wikstrom, $2; A. Shkeris, $2; Pontiac S. S. Osasto, $5; Frank Mazal, $1; Louis F. Weiss, Sr., $5; J. Feinzeig, $1; Sam Smaulis, $5; D. Zamoysky, $1; Dick Doorian, $1; John Seigard, $1; Alvis Rusicka, $2; District 2, $100; District 10, $12.30; District 10, $1.80; Section 4, District 2, $12; A. Heller, $50; Subdistrict 8, District 8, $7; Dr. H. M. Richter, $100; Justin Swartz, $2; Sue Waks, $5; John White, $2; Titto Roso, 2; C. Matisiner, $3; F. A. Blomberg, 50 cents; S. Frieman, $3; Peter N. Reno, $1; Joseph Svaboda, $1; S. Gailas, $7; Alan Guraly, $1; Xenofon Charahis, $1; Victor M. Johnson, $2; T. Chatmover, $2; Magnus Farawaag, $1; B. Fine, $5; J. E. Wilson, $1; Geo. F. Partridge, $5; I. Daniels, $2; Tyaeven Yhdistys, $9.81; Frank Peterson, $1; D. J. Stidhan, $1 District 3, $10; Mrs. Gust Makie, $4; E. Okerstrom, $3; Daniel Czarnecki, $1; John Panwell, $2; Gus Daubenick, $1; Claus Carlson, $3; Hans Perkon, $2.50; Raudi Hanson, $1; Joseph Krayewski, $2; Rudolph Novoting, $2; Emilia Hyben, $1; A. Simonoff, $1; Stanley Cizonos, $3; Frank Stuck, $13; A. Vlasak, $2; George Milos, $3; Angelo Rossi, $1; S. H. Silverman, $1; Frank Roveta, $1; James Bora, $1; J. J. Kashkevich, $5; Axel Gullstrand, $1; H. L. Zalph, $1; O. J. Christensen, $5; Paul Balich, $10; J. Jarnovich, $2; A. C. Barrett, $1; Frank Siriami, $5; Avak Shamirian, $4; Christ Company, $4; C. B. Demiris, $1; Peter Arvanis, $2.

Santi Deninel, $4.00; John Paules, 1.00; Harry Trabachnick, 1.00; John Shrises, 1.00; Kazis Mikelionis, 1.00; C. O. Peterson, 2.00; John Staples, .50; C. Larichinto, 1.00; Chas. Martyn, 9.50; L. Ara, 1.00; Paul C. Reiss, $7; District 5, $10; Nozar Esujian, $2; A. Johnson, $1; R. Galnsca, $1; Stanislav Adames, $3; Paul DuVal, $1; Oscar F. Solen, $1.

Receipts of District 3.

Norman Nicherster, $1; I. Samuelson, $15; No. Phila. Arbeiter Club, $10; Daugerdas, $1; Sumonia 3C, $1; Lazarowitz, $4; Dr. Myerson, $1; Dr. Myerson, $5; Steven Stanley, $1; C. E. Ruthenberg Br. W. C., $5; Dora Chilkofsky 2F, $7; W. Phila. Workers Club, $1; Jos. Chilofsky, $10; A. Galkus 2B, $1; Trychemuk, $1; I. Samuelson, $10; Com. Dohn, $6; Korenfeld, $1; Halikas Simes, $1; Mrs. Vera Schechter, $1; Mrs. Green, $1; Gellman, $2; Czapko B, $3; D. M. Sholomskas, $1; Com. Peculich, $5; Com. Peculich, $.50; Jt. Lith. Com., $25.

Receipts of District 5.

Mike Blaskovich, $2; Kusti Niemi, $6; Karl Kari St. Nucleus 1, $2; Rebecca Horowitz St. N 2, $18.55; J. Kurowski, $1.50.

PITTSBURGH IWW STOPS MINE AID

Prevent Worker Who Wanted to Give

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PITTSBURGH, Pa. (By Mail).—There is a small, decaying I. W. W. group in Pittsburgh who claim to be "left-wingers." In reality, they are just as reactionary as their officials are. They had a picnic on August 12, at Kladler Farm. The writer of these lines was there and paid admission. While there I tried to get permission to collect on lists for Miners Relief and Defense. The manager said that he had no objections, but that he did not think that anyone would contribute.

The first worker I approached gave fifty cents. He was preparing to sign his name on the list, when the same manager ordered the collection stopped. When asked for the reason, he refused to give it. So, this is how the Pittsburgh I. W. W's are willing to help the miners who are carrying on a heroic struggle for the last 18 months or so.

J. A.

Bulgar Irregulars Battle Greek Troops

ATHENS, Sept. 13 (UP).—An all-night engagement between Greek troops and a band of Bulgarian Comitadjis (irregulars) was reported here today.

The Comitadjis tried to cross the border and finally were repelled by the troops after a long fight, a dispatch said. Casualties occurred on both sides.

TOUGH WINTER IS AHEAD, ELECTRIC WORKER WARNS

Urges Men to Beware Broach's Gift of Gab

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Electrical workers, awake before it is too late. Beware of Broach the self-proclaimed Mussolini of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers. The union will go on the rocks if the progressive element does not get busy.

When this bird Broach came to town to organize and clean up Local 3, he saw he would have a hard job to get control of the local and be crowned as Little Caesar. So he planned five locals to separate the members.

Ask him today for five locals. Why, he wouldn't even want two, because if there were two he would be terribly beaten with his clique.

Terrorism.

I believe that the rank and file is against him but they are terrorized by fear of losing their jobs. They would not be able to attend meetings if they spoke their real mind.

Before Broach and his collection of animals came into power, he had a committee of 100. They were always meeting separately planning how by hook or crook to capture Local 3. These meetings were absolutely illegal.

I asked a member about the high dues. He said, "I will have to cut my throat to meet them now." I asked him why he didn't get up at the meeting and protest against the high dues. He answered that that would be the end of him. But if this member had an ounce of spunk in him, and another and another had followed him at the meeting, Little Caesar Broach would have been beaten on his increase in dues.

The Old Yelp.

This man Broach, this hypocrite, said about four months ago that there would be no increase in dues. But lo and behold—$21 for three months! I predict that before he leaves town the dues will be around $100.

The average member in the last 18 months only made an average of about $30 or $40 a week. Brothers, prepare for a tough winter. This apartment house owner and sneak Soloman on the meal ticket of the disorganizing committee of Local 3. Was he as crooked as a ram's horn when he was a delegate? This bird raises the old hue and cry: The Communists, the Communists! Every corrupt and dirty misleader of labor uses the "Reds" to cover up his tracks.

But I have found out that the Communists are better than the crusaders of old. They are in the forefront of all labor's struggles and they call a spade a spade.

Brothers, beware of this sneak Broach and of his gift of gab. Behind his talk are weapons to destroy the union and your conditions what few you have.

Brothers, get together, spread the news, if necessary let us have a meeting of our own since the officials and Broach bar the members from the meetings. Spread the Daily Workers, the only real labor paper in America today. If we do this we will be able to dislodge Broach and his collection of animals. Keep up the fight. Don't be apathetic. This is your bread and butter. Your very existence depends on the union.

—E. W.

"Good Boy" at Hammerstein's Seems to Have Golden Future

"GOOD BOY," musical child of Arthur Hammerstein, is going to help papa a lot, for "Good Boy," newest musical play at the Hammerstein Theatre, has a bright, yea, even golden future.

Arthur Hammerstein

It is tuneful, lively, gay, beautifully dressed and has even the added advantage of a moving stage and the use of motion pictures. It is lavishly done and you're likely to enjoy it as the other night's crowd did, even though it is only a batch of tinsel-covered nonsense.

It seems there is a plot to this play to hang the music on. Maybe you have seen this plot before. Horatio Alger wrote 50 or 500 books on this plot. They still teach it to children in the schools as the gospel truth. And so it is. It seems a bright boy came from Butlersville, Arkansas, to make Barrymore look foolish. He flops as an actor, but with all the golden opportunity laying around loose in this country he makes a couple of million or so at something else at about 10:45 at the end of the second act. You just can't keep a good man down. It seems that in New York making millions is easy. Everybody makes them but this poor sap reviewer. He and 120 million other people.

But that's only the plot. If you don't let that bother you and allow yourself to forget class lines for the classy ones you will spend an enjoyable evening. "Good Boy" is tuneful. "I Wanna Be Loved" is sung so persuasively by Helen Kane (a right handsome persuader) that half the town will be singing it soon or I don't know my radio.

Charles Butterworth and Eddie Buzzell cut comic capers and get away with stories that aren't generally told by good boys. The chorus is composed of good girls: attractive, lively, capable and splendidly interwoven throughout the evening's festivities.

The effects achieved with the aid of the moving stage are splendid. The settings never tire, the show is speeded up and it brings a breath of originality that has been sadly lacking in this so-called featherweight entertainment.

Leave all reason behind you when you see this one and think to her only with thine eyes. If you do you are likely to enjoy the show.

The book of "Good Boy" is by Otto Harbach, Oscar Hammerstein, 2nd, and Henry Myers, and the music and lyrics by Herbare Stothart, Bert Kalmar and Harry Ruby.

W. C.

IN "MACHINAL"

Zita Johann, who plays the principal role in Arthur Hopkins' production of "Machinal," now at the Plymouth Theatre.

RUSSIAN FILMS AT INTERNATIONAL CINEMA EXHIBITION

The U. S. S. R. Society for Culture Relations With Foreign Countries has sent on to Holland a series of exhibits for the International Cinema Exhibition, now being held. Among the films sent to Holland are: "October," "Poet and Tzar" and "The End of St. Petersburg." Over one hundred art posters and literature on the Soviet films were included.

VOX is forwarding ten culture films and fifteen are films for demonstration at the exhibition. The film production enterprises of the U. S. S. R. will be represented by photos, posters and fragments from their best films.

• • •

Sergius M. Eisenstein, director of "Potemkin," who was recently signed by Joseph M. Schenck to make a picture for United Artists, has made another masterpiece in "The General Line," which is now being released in Berlin by Derussa, represented in this country by the Affiliated European Producers.

• • •

Paul Fejos has completed his second production for Universal titled "Erik the Great." Conrad Veidt and Mary Philbin co-star in the production. "Erik the Great"

BROACH DICKERS WITH BOSSES ON ENDING LABELS

Predict Little Caesar Will Get His

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Recently fifteen fixture manufacturers joined hands and organized the Building Trades Employers' Association, paying $1,000 each. This was done in an attempt to create a united opposition to Local 3 of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

Among other projects for lowering the workers' standards of living were the following:

1. An equal concession to the smaller manufacturers similar to that granted by Broach to the larger manufacturers—namely the abolition of the union label on all fixtures.

2. Demand a blanket agreement to deal with them collectively and not as individuals. This agreement to expire in January when the slack season begins so that it will be impossible for the workers to obtain improved conditions or even retain their old agreement.

At the last regular meeting of Local 3, Broach stated that he had had a conference with Norman of the Building Trades Employers' Association regarding the fixture label situation. Norman demanded that men hang all fixtures regardless of the label.

The question has been referred to the Building Trades Council. In all probability the Council will vote in favor of Norman who really controls the Council and soon the label will disappear completely from all fixtures.

As the union will be unable to control the fixture situation on the job an immediate speed-up system by the bosses will follow. This will naturally result in further unemployment.

The Little Caesar will soon feel the firm kick in the pants of the infuriated workers. Labor fakers of his type sooner or later get their deserts.

—J. J.

AMUSEMENTS

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway
Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER
IN ITS REVISED FORM?
CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30
Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

Arthur Hopkins Presents
'MACHINAL'
A new play in two parts and ten scenes by Sophie Treadwell
Plymouth Thea. W.45thSt.Eves.8:30
Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

HUDSON West 44 St. [illegible] at 8:30
Mats. Wed. a[illegible] Sat. 2:30
"Goin' Home"
"Vivid and unfailingly exciting."
—Alison Smith, World.

CENTURY Thea., Central Pk. W. & 62 St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Wed. and Sat.
THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d and B'way 3rd BIG WEEK
"DAWN"
With SYBIL THORNDIKE
and on the same program
"MEMORIES OF CONFLICT"

SHUBERT Thea. 44, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:30; Mats. Wed.; Sat. 2.30
GUY ROBERTSON ODETTE MYRTIL DE WOLF HOOPER
in a musical romance of Chopin
WHITE LILACS

COMPLETE TOUR
$375

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TWO COMMUNIST CAMPAIGNERS
Designed By Fred Ellis

THE VOTE COMMUNIST STAMP
Printed over a background formed by the Red Hammer and Sickle with the photographs of Foster and Gitlow tastefully worked in.
To be posted on envelopes, letters, programs, shop papers, bulletins, etc.
PRICE:
Book of eighty stamps, $1.00. Can be resold at 10c per page of eight stamps.
Quantity lots: 55 books for $50; 90 for $75; 125 for $100.

THE VOTE COMMUNIST BUTTON
A beautiful arrangement of the photographs of Foster and Gitlow within a solid red shield.
VOTE COMMUNIST stands out.
Can be sold anywhere for a dime.
PRICE:
5c in lots up to 100.
4c in lots up to 1000.
3c in lots up to 5000.
2c in lots of 5000 or over.

National Election Campaign Committee
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
43 East 125th Street
NEW YORK, N. Y.

Acceptance Speeches
Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

PRICE 5 CENTS
In lots of 100 or more 30 per cent off.

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All orders must be accompanied by payment

Workers (Communist) Party, District 2, Issues Call for "Negro Week" Sept. 17-23

BALLAM URGES FULL SUPPORT OF MEMBERSHIP

Negro Speakers Will Address Units

The week beginning Monday, September 17, to Sunday, September 23, inclusive, will be "Negro Week" in District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, John J. Ballam, acting district organizer of the district, announced in a statement issued yesterday.

Each unit will hold a discussion upon the Party's Negro program and platform during that week. Negro speakers will be assigned to lead this discussion in as many units as possible.

Urge Special Drive.

"The purpose of Negro Week," says the statement, "is to concentrate the attention of each unit on the Negro problems, so that all comrades are alert to the utilization of all possible Negro contacts. In unions where we have an influence a special drive should be made to draw in Negroes. Connections should be made with groups of Negroes in various trades (elevator runners, porters, building trades, needle trades, laundry, longshoremen, etc.).

Our open-air meetings should emphasize the problem. Efforts should be made to distribute the Party's special leaflet on lynching. These can be ordered through the District Office.

Need Full Support.

"The fullest support must be given by every comrade to the drives for the support of Negro work. The Negro work is an opportunity and a test for our Party, which is the Party of the oppressed Negro masses. The response of the Negro workers in giving signatures and in open-air street meetings is most encouraging. They are coming to our Party by scores. Let each comrade do his utmost to further intensify this campaign which must win thousands of Negro workers for our Party.

"Negro Week will wind up with a dance at 161 Lenox Ave., Saturday, September 22. Comrades should avail themselves of this opportunity to show their solidarity with the Negro workers."

ZOGU RECOGNIZED AS KING BY U. S.

Is Set Up as Albania Ruler by Fascisti

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Recognition of the new Albanian government of King Zogu was announced at the state department today. King Zogu formerly ruled Albania as Ahmed Bey Zogu until he recently proclaimed a monarchy with himself as king. Zogu has been set up as king by the Mussolini fascist government, by whose support he was able to overthrow Fan Noli, former head of the Albanian government.

Using Albania as a base, extensive preparations to stir up an inter-Balkan war are reported as being made by the Italian fascist government.

TRAIN CRASH

DETROIT, Sept. 13 (UP).—The "Red Arrow," crack Pennsylvania train from New York, crashed today into an open swith at the suburban town of Lincoln Park and collided with two freight cars on a siding.

Birds of a Feather; All Belong to Wall Street

Greeting Calvin Coolidge on his return to Washington from a summer resort appropriately owned by an oil baron, were Secretary of State Kellogg, sponsor of the imperialist war pact against the Soviet Union, and Herbert Hoover, who may succeed Coolidge as Wall Street's White House flunkey.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Section 1 Membership Meet.

A special membership meeting of Section 1 will be held today at 6:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place. On the order of business are: 1. Daily Worker and Freiheit Bazaar. 2. Discussion on the War Danger. Comrade Ella Wolfe will lead the discussion. All members must attend.

* * *

Brownsville Youth.

The Brownsville Youth will hold an election campaign conference on Sept. 16th of all Youth Workers' organizations. It will be held at 122 Osborn St. at 11 a. m.

* * *

Harlem Young Workers League.

The Harlem section of the Young Workers League is holding a hammer and sickle party tomorrow at 8 p. m. at 143 East 103rd Street. Dancing and refreshments will be some of the features.

* * *

Youth Day Meetings.

The following International Youth Day meetings are scheduled for New Jersey:

Newark: Friday, Sept. 14, at 93 Mercer St.

Passaic: Friday, Sept. 14, at 25 Dayton Ave.

* * *

Organization Conference.

An organization conference of Section 2 will be held Tuesday, Sept. 18, at 101 W. 27th St. at 6 p. m. All unit and subsection organizers must attend.

* * *

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 31 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

* * *

Harlem Y. W. L. Dance.

The Harlem unit of the Young Workers League will have a comraderie and dance tomorrow night at 143 East 103rd St.

* * *

Newark Youth Day.

Today the Young Workers League of Newark will celebrate International Youth Day, at the Progressive Center, 93 Mercer Street. The program will include a play, dancing and good speakers.

* * *

German Branch, Yorkville Y. W. L.

The next meeting of the German Branch of the Young Workers League of Yorkville will be held today at 8 p. m., at the Hungarian Workers Home, 352 East 81st St. There will be a lecture on the "Communist Youth Movement."

* * *

Branch 3, Sec. 7.

Starting next Monday, Branch 3, Section 7, will meet every Monday night at Finnish Hall, 764 40th St., Brooklyn. Important business meeting on September 10th at 8 p. m.

* * *

Unit 2FD, Subsection 2C.

A meeting of Unit 2FD, Subsection 2C, will be held this evening at 6:30 at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

6F 2A.

6F 2A will meet today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 67th St.

* * *

Y. W. L. Downtown.

Will meet tomorrow at Clinton and E. B'way., at 8:30 p. m. Speakers: Tillie Lurye, M. Cullens, Klingoffer, Rose Pollack, B. Intrator and a Pioneer speaker.

Subsection 3E.

3E International Branch 1 meets Monday, Sept. 17, at 9 p. m.

* * *

3E 1F.

Unit 3E 1F will meet on Tuesday, Sept. 18, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

3E 2F.

A meeting will be held of Unit 3E 2F on Wednesday, Sept. 19, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Executive Subsection 3E.

The Subsection Executive Committee will hold a meeting on Thursday Sept. 20, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Unit 4F, Subsection 3C.

Unit 4F, 3C will hold an educational meeting Monday, Sept. 17, at 101 W. 27th St. at 6:30.

* * *

Section 8.

Section 8 meets Wednesday, Sept. 19, at 154 Watkins St. at 8:30 p. m.

* * *

Youth Chorus.

All members of the Youth Chorus must be present in the League office at 6 p. m. sharp. Final arrangements for International Youth Day must be made.

WORKERS PARTY OPEN-AIR MEETS

TODAY.

National Biscuit Co. (noon).—Ballam, Wilson, B. Gussakoff.

Bristol and Pitkin, Bklyn.—Ragoin, Chernenko, Castrell, Jim Cork.

5th Ave. and 110th St.—Reiss, Moreau Lloyd, I. Zimmerman, Cruz, Lyons.

Varet and Graham Ave., Bklyn.—Taft, Yusem, G. Welsh, C. Silverman (Pioneer).

50th St. and 5th Ave., Bklyn.—Vern Smith, Wm. Frank, Suskin, D. Kuhl (Pioneer), A. Harris.

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—Bert Miller, C. Martin.

Paterson, N. J.—(3 Governor St.) Markoff, Erdy, Szepesey.

TOMORROW.

1st Ave. and 116th St. N. Y.—(Italian) McGee, Green Magliacano, Napoli.

1st Ave. and 79th St. N. Y.—Auerbach, Rolfe, Lustig, Lloyd, Spiro.

West New York, N. J.—(14th St. and Bergenline Ave.) Gussakoff.

Perth Amboy, N. J.—(308 Elm St.) Vera Bush, Covatez, L. Duke. Elizabeth Ave.)

Elizabeth, N. J.—(Smith and Elizabeth Ave.) Markoff, R. Duke.

Bryant and 174 St., Bronx—Ben Gold, V. Cibulsky, Wortis, Leo Margolis, Severino.

JAILED GREEK WORKERS URGE HUNGER STRIKE

Demand Full Amnesty for Militants

(Red Aid Press Service)

ATHENS, Greece, (By Mail).—Forty working class prisoners in the jail of Kawalla threatened to declare a hunger strike unless a general amnesty was granted and the exiled workers, deported because of strike and anti-Venizelos activities, were permitted to return, the message was sent to the Greek government. The telegram follows:

"For over two months we 40 workers have been in prison. After we had been beaten by the police until we bled we were thrown into jail where we have been forgotten. The investigation draws itself out and has not brought any results. The investigation should be turned upon the police officials who are responsible for the incidents of the strike for which we are charged.

"The amnesty promises of the government are soap bubbles and contradict the growth of the white terror. Under such conditions the voting cannot be designated as free voting. We raise our protest against it. We demand the immediate liberation of the prisoners, the return of the exiles and a general amnesty.

"We declare that we, in case that our demands are not met, will declare a hunger strike, for which the government will be responsible.

"In the name of 40 prisoners in Kawalla:

"Fostiras, Zafirin, Casteratos, Apostolu, Chrysestomu."

HURRICANE IN ST. THOMAS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (UP).—A tropical hurricane swept across the Virgin Islands west today. It was described as a "dangerous storm" and great caution was advised for vessels near its path.

GIANTS GAME AND A HALE BEHIND CARDS

The Giants scored a double win over the Boston Braves yesterday, and, as the St. Louis Cardinals took a beating from the Chicago Cubs, McGraw's men advanced to within a game and a half of the National League lead.

Benton pitched for the Giants in the first, and allowed the Braves 9 hits. The score was 12 to 2. Brandt, Greenfield and three other pitchers were used by Boston.

The second game was a tougher one for the Giants to win. They won, however, 7 to 6. Genewich and Faulkner, for New York, opposed Delaney and Hubbel in the box.

St. Louis took a 6 to 1 lacing from Chicago. Blako allowed only four hits. Mitchell pitched for the Cards.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

New York, 12; Boston, 2 (1st).
New York, 7; Boston, 6 (2nd).
Brooklyn, 10; Philadelphia, 0.
Chicago, 6; St. Louis, 1.

Lodgings Needed for 250 Textile Delegates

Lodgings are needed for the 250 delegates to the National Convention of Textile Workers which will take place September 22-23, at Irving Plaza, this city. All workers who can accommodate one or more delegates for Saturday night, September 22, are urged to send their names and addresses to the Daily Worker, with information as to how many people they can accommodate and whether men or women.

Quick action is needed since the delegates are preparing to come. Help to make the textile convention a success and let us hear from you immediately!

R. R. Fireman, Hurt in Wreck, May Die

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 13 (UP).—John Romaker of Toledo, fireman on the "Red Arrow" train on the Pennsylvania Railroad was seriously injured and only quick action by the engineer, John A. Thomas of Toledo, averted a serious accident, when the train crashed into a freight train on a switch in Lincoln Park today.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

Jewelry Workers Notice.

The Jewelry Workers' Welfare Club will hold a ball and concert on Saturday evening, Nov. 3, at the Webster Manor, 11th St. All fraternal organizations are urged not to arrange conflicting affairs for that date.

* * *

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Campaign Conference.

A conference on the Bronx Workers' election campaign will be held Sunday, Sept. 15, at 2 p. m. at 1472 Boston Road. All labor and fraternal organizations sympathetic to the aims of the Workers Party are requested to send two delegates.

* * *

Spanish Workers' Dance.

All friends are asked to attend the dance of the Spanish Workers' Club on Saturday, Sept. 15, at the Spanish Workers' Center, 55 West 113th St.

* * *

Workers School Sport Club.

All friends and members of the Workers School Sport Club are invited to participate in an Over Night Hike which the Workers School Sport Club is having tomorrow. We will meet at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square at 8:30 and the destination is Tuckahoe Woods. There will be soccer practice on this hike. Be sure to bring a blanket, raincoat and sweater.

Spanish Workers Club.

The Spanish Workers Club will have a lecture on "Bourgeois and Proletarian Literature," by Miguel Cruz, next Tuesday at 8:30 p. m. at 55 W. 113th St.

* * *

Boro Park Jewish Workers.

A special meeting of the Boro Park Jewish Workers Club will be held tonight at the club rooms, 1373 43d St. A dance and social will follow the meeting.

FASCIST REGIME IN THE UNITED STATES IS SEEN

Senator Makes Report After Europe Visit

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (FP). Senator Elmer Thomas, democrat, of Oklahoma, on his return from Europe, where he traveled over the Soviet Union and took part in the interparliamentary union sessions in Berlin, declared his belief that America is drifting toward a fascist dictatorship.

This dictatorship, he said, would be due to the concentration of a large proportion of the national wealth in the hands of a few. It would be based upon the model set by Mussolini in Italy, but would naturally develop social conditions like those in czarist Russia. In turn, it would force the people to overthrow the dictatorship in much the same way that the Russian people overthrew and destroyed their former regime and old ruling class.

Visiting Italy last year, Senator Thomas was impressed by the absolutism of Mussolini's rule. This year he went to Russia to see what he now calls the opposite type — a government run by and for the masses. All other governments, he said, are in the middle ground between these two.

Urge Workers to Give Support to Int'l. Youth Day

Continued from Page One

phase of the capitalist system the workingclass youth are playing a leading role. And it is the workingclass youth thruout the world who suffer most for their devotion to their class. Thousands of young workers and peasants are now rotting in the jails of fascist Italy, Hungary, Poland and other capitalist countries. In this country too, the land of 'democracy,' young workers have been attacked and jailed and at this very moment John Porter, Young Workers League organizer and textile strike leader, is serving a sentence of two and a half years for his activities in the New Bedford strike.

"In the struggles of the young workers, as well as of the older workers against the attacks and frame-ups of the capitalist courts, the International Labor Defense has always stood forth as the great weapon striking blow after blow in defense of all workers, young and old, of every trade, color and nationality. It is the duty of the workingclass youth and particularly of the Young Workers League to do everything possible to strengthen their only defense organization and to join more intensively in the fight to free the class war prisoners in this country.

"The New York Section of the International Labor Defense, which has defended young workers of this city on many occasions, calls upon the young workers to make International Youth Day the occasion for increasing this activity and for building and strengthening the I. L. D."

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Editor.........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor..................WM. F. DUNNE

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WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers!
Against the Capitalists!

International Youth Day.

During the first imperialist war, when millions of the youth and young manhood of the earth were being slaughtered in behalf of the capitalist powers, the first International Youth Day was observed. Born out of the catastrophic conditions of the war and as a protest against the wholesale destruction of human life, the movement from the first involved a mighty struggle against imperialism, characterized by audacious demonstrations in the very strongholds of the war mongers.

But at the same time it was also characterized by certain limitations—demands for struggles against all wars, a lack of understanding of revolutionary wars, campaigns against military training, pacifist illusions—limitations that were inevitable when we consider the social democratic ground upon which the movement first struck roots. The lessons of that war and of the Bolshevik revolution in the land of the former Russian Czars had a profound effect upon the youth movement. In the years that have passed since 1915, when International Youth Day was first celebrated, the half measures have given way and today, in a period of preparation for another imperialist world war, the movement is strongly imbued with the revolutionary teachings of Lenin. The propaganda for boycotting military training has given way to revolutionary determination to fight to turn the weapons placed in the hands of the armed forces by the imperialist masters upon those same war mongers and their governments.

Of special significance to the youth of America is this International Youth Day that is being observed throughout the United States during the next few days, occurring, as it does, at a time when the imperialist powers of the United States through its Kellogg pact and other maneuvers is endeavoring to place itself in the very forefront of the world reaction. One of the major tasks of the revolutionary youth movement is relentlessly to expose the malignancy of the "peace" offensive of American imperialism, to show that the Kellogg pact is but the culmination of a whole series of aggressive acts by the Wall Street government calculated to displace British imperialism as the leader of the political reaction of the world. The peace pact is only a prelude to the next world conflagration wherein will be placed before the youth of the world, amidst the thunder and lightning of a world war, the question of dying like dogs in behalf of the imperialist bandits, or following the revolutionary Leninist line of turning the imperialist war between nations into a civil war against capitalism.

Tonight at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th Street and Irving Place, the working class youth will celebrate International Youth Day, and within the next week there will be a whole series of demonstrations throughout the country.

Let this day be utilized further to intensify the agitation against pacifist illusions, against the miserable lackeys of imperialism in the ranks of the socialist party who preach pacifism to the masses and who are the worst enemies in the labor movement of the working class. Let it be a day for an intensification of revolutionary organizational work in the ranks of the armed forces of the imperialists, of organizational work in the industries, particularly the war industries of the country, so that when again the first blast of the trumpets of war sounds there will be countless thousands of young workers that will rush to their posts of duty and begin preparations for the revolutionary upheavals that must inevitably rise out of such a war.

Al Smith, Drunk or Sober.

The reptile capitalist press, particularly that section of it that supports the democratic party candidates in this campaign, is in a frenzy of indignation in response to the latest crude publicity stunt pulled off by the Al Smith forces. A certain letter alleged to have contained statements that Smith was "disgustingly drunk" at a New York State fair and said to have been written by a Syracuse gossip to a West Virginia gossip is the cause of the frenzy.

The letter, however, has mysteriously disappeared. No one knows what happened to it. But the vague rumors regarding its one time existence furnished the Smith publicity forces with an opportunity for "refuting" the "lie" in a manner calculated to appeal to maudlin sentimentality.

Smith's forces induced a republican politician to issue a statement to the effect that on the date Smith is accused of having been drunk he was sober. In fact the republican politician declared he did not even suspect that the democratic candidate for president had even one drink. Thus, in place of discussion of political issues we have piffle, instead of meeting the problems that face the masses of the country we are surfeited with drivel.

The question of the degree of drunkeness of Smith on the occasion mentioned or at any other time or place is not a burning issue and only the veriest dolts will consider it such. Furthermore a candidate or a Party that dared to discuss real issues would never sink to the level of replying to backstairs gossip, say nothing of inventing it as was obviously done in this case so that the public could read about the alleged trenscendent virtues of a candidate in the daily press.

Such devices only emphasize the deliberate policy of both the republican and democratic parties of evading issues that press for solution, such as unemployment, the danger of imperialist war, recognition of the Soviet Union, the right of workers to organize and strike, and the use of injunctions against labor.

The one party that places before the working class the real political situation and offers a solution for the ills from which the exploited workers and farmers suffer is the Workers (Communist) Party.

We discuss political issues, but we also realize that individuals personify certain definite tendencies and it is certainly laughable to see the defenders of Al Smith feign indignation because he was accused of having been drunk. One who was spawned in that cesspool of vice, corruption, gangsterism, hoodlumism and prostitution known as Tammany Hall and is now annexed to the Morgan financial interests as well as being a darling of the Roman religious machine, itself always a vicious tool of reaction, certainly cannot be expected to pass for what the sentimentalists call a paragon of soberness and virtue. We expose the political role of the capitalist politicians and the parties they represent in order that the workers may come to hold them in contempt and we also expose their debaucheries as symbolic of the class corruption they represent.

Al Smith, drunk or sober, is a dangerous enemy of the working class.

Just as Norman Thomas or Herbert Hoover, sober or drunk, are enemies of the working class.

They are lackeys of capitalism—all.

Vote in your class interests!

Vote Communist!

The Crimes of a "Labor Boss."

Mr. Theodore N. Brandle, the "labor boss" of the Jersey City building trades unions, who utilizes his position to smash trade unions, break strikes and make money for himself as head of a structural steel builders' association, "labor" bank president and real estate operator, is reported as being in trouble with the law.

The trouble won't be much. Mr. Brandle is rich. He is an enemy of the working class, and a half of his business activity is that of destroying the labor movement; so we are sure the law of the capitalist state has no snares for him.

But what is the crime said to be charged against Brandle? Registering as a democrat and voting republican! We shall not get excited about the little trick played on one capitalist party for the benefit of another.

What is the real crime of this peddler of the workers' blood?

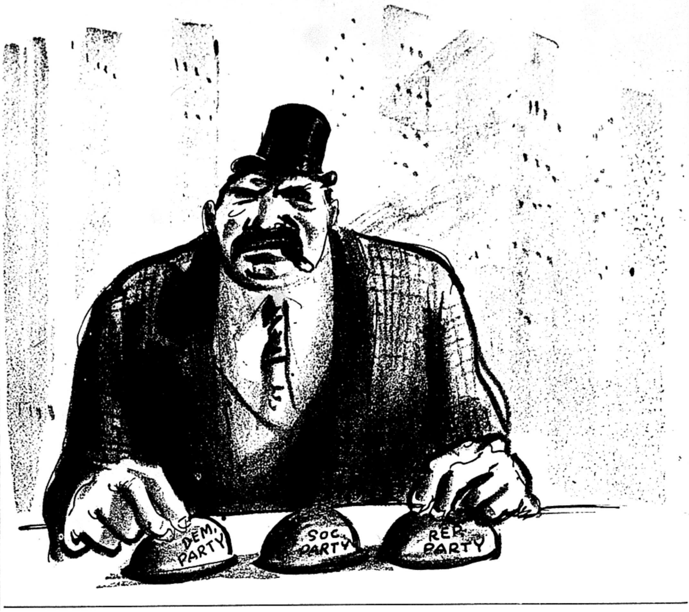
Brandle is a vicious enemy of the working class not only in his mercenary operations in the trade unions, but also for his foul trade of inducing workers to vote for their class enemies in either or both of the capitalist political parties. And this is a crime for which he will not be punished by any capitalist court. This is his real crime.

Throw out the parasites and swindlers of the working class within the labor movement!

Vote for your own working class party—the Workers (Communist) Party!

THE OLD SHELL GAME

By Fred Ellis



Role of Revolutionary Youth

By P. FRANKFELD

Youth Day Organized 13 Years Ago to Fight Against Imperialist War

September 3, 1915, the first International Youth Day was celebrated. September 3, 1915, Europe was in the throes of an imperialist war. Millions of workers and young workers from England, France, Germany, Russia, and other countries, were being maimed and killed on the battlefield. These workers and young workers were fighting the war of the allied imperialist bandits against the German imperialist robbers.

The working class of Europe was helped to this slaughter by the actions of the social-democratic parties, who supported, respectively, their "own fatherlands." The Second International became a pliant and willing tool in the hands of the imperialists.

Role of Revolutionary Youth.

The revolutionary youth leagues, however, did not fall in line and support the imperialist war. The revolutionary youth leagues, which Liebknecht had helped to organize, fought against the policy of betrayal of the social-democratic parties. The Socialist Youth International, organized in Stuggart in 1907, with the activve participation of Karl Liebknecht, was always in the left in the parties. The reasons were, firstly, that the young workers were one of the most exploited sections of the working class. This the social-democratic leaders refused to understand. They represented the interests of the aristocracy of labor workers. They refused at first to even consider the question of organizing a revolutionary youth movement. They saw in the youth a source of revolutionary energy and a source of struggle against their opportunism. How well their expectations were fulfilled!

Fight Militarism.

The second reason was the fact that from the very beginning of the socialist youth movement it followed the revolutionary leadership of Liebknecht. Liebknecht was a steady opponent of capitalist militarism. Liebknecht imbued them with a spirit of struggle against capitalism and capitalist militarism. When the betrayal came in 1914, and when Liebknecht, Luxenbourg Lenin, and the rest of the Russian Bolsheviks fought against the Second International, it was to be expected that the revolutionary youth would do the same.

With the aid of Liebknecht, the Berne conference of the socialist youth leagues was organized. There the slogans of Liebknecht of fight against the imperialist war was adopted. Although the slogans adopted were not the slogans of Lenin—of turning the imperialist war into a civil war of the classes, yet, in substance, the Berne conference condemned most categorically the actions of the Second International; called for a militant struggle against the imperialist war, and went to the length of deciding to hold open mass demonstrations of the youth as a sign of protest against the imperialist war.

Thirteen years later, in 1928, in France several days ago, 800 Communists and Young Communists are arrested for holding an I. Y. D. demonstration. Thirteen years after 1915, in America, the masses of young workers are being prepared both ideologically and actually for the next world war. At the same time that half a billion dollars is appropriated for military purposes in a period of one year; at the same time that 36,000 young workers and students complete their education in "citizenship" in the capitalist military training camps, when the R. O. T. C., the National Guard, the dozens of semi-military and military institutions are being crowded by young workers who are attracted to them, at the same time the representatives of the Wall Street government are signing fake peace pacts in Paris.

Hypocritical Pacts.

The Kellogg "peace" pact bears the same relation to the present situation that the Hague Peace Tribunal bore to the last world war. It is an attempt to give the masses a false sense of security. It is a smoke screen to hide the feverish preparations that are being made for the next war. The antagonisms between the leading imperialist powers wax stronger. The intrigues amongst themselves and against each other shows the nearness of the next war, and the whole falsity of the Kellogg "peace act". The naval accord between France and England is an indication of that, and America's uneasiness about the accord shows that America is on guard against British imperialism and watches closely its every action.

These pacifist slogans and phrases are the greatest enemy of the working class. The false sense of "security" of the masses today will make them easily pliant tomorrow when the war comes. Pacifism must be taught that it is in the in- working class and the working class and working youth must be made watchful; must be put on guard; mus tbe taught that it is in the interests of the working class to learn the use of firearms during this period of active war preparation; so that when the next war comes; the workers will be able to turn the imperialist war into a war of emancipation of the working class.

13 Years Experience.

The revolutionary youth movement of today well understands its tasks. It has the experience of 13 years behind it. The Young Communist Leagues inherited those revolutionary traditions of the Berne conference of 1915. The Communist Youth League of America, is learning and has participated in the preliminary work of mobolizing during this period and educating the working youth to its mission. The Communist Youth League has carried on a real struggle against the various forms of capitalist militarism—and that is still only the beginning.

Mass Meeting, September 14.

The Young Workers Communist League of New York will celebrate the 13th anniversary of IYD by holding a mass meeting in Irving Plaza. This will take place the 14th of September, Friday night, at 8 p. m. The League will draw the lessons of its summer work in the CMTC's. The League will explain its attitude towards capitalist wars. The League will help to mobolize masses of young workers against the growing war danger, against the possible fight against the Soviet Union on the part of the imperialist war powers; prepare the youth to be ready to defend their socialist fatherland, "Soviet Union", teach the young workers their duties in the next world war.

This International Youth Day will be made into a youth celebration in the fullest sense of the term. The program, the speakers' arrangements, etc., have that objective in mind.

Young workers and working class students. All class conscious workers will be in Irving Plaza Hall, Friday night, Sept. 14th, to participate in the IYD celebration.

The Communist Campaign in California

By WM. SCHNEIDERMAN.

Three Weeks to Get 12,000 Signatures; Fight Johnson, Fake "Progressive"

The Party is entering the election campaign in California under exceptionally difficult conditions.

The election machinery of the state is so organized as to make it almost impossible for a working-class party to get on the ballot. The only way that we can get Communist candidates on the ballot this year is by running them as independents, and our campaign must be so organized that the workers will understand that these candidates are the respresentatives of the only working-class party in America. The Party is given the short period of three weeks to gather 12,000 signatures to place Foster, Gitlow, and Anita Whitney on the ballot.

California is a traditionally republican state. Senator Hiram Johnson has led the so-called "progressive" wing of the party, which was in conflict with the more reactionary elements led by the Los Angeles Times and the open-shop Industrial Association. The A. F. of L. leaders in the state therefore had a good excuse to support Johnson and the republican party as long as he controlled it. Johnson, the jailer of Mooney and Billings, was a "friend of labor."

Unmask Johnson.

But recent developments have unmasked Johnson and the misleaders of labor in their real role. A political bargain was struck, whereby Johnson agreed to support Hoover in return for the united republican support of the state for his own reelection to the senate, and peace reigned in the happy family of the republican party. We now witness the spectacle of Johnson, the Los Angeles Times, and the Industrial Association receiving the political support of the California labor movement. Those labor officials who balked at supporting Hoover, are out for Tammany Hall's Al Smith.

The socialist party in California, at its recent state convention in Los Angeles, showed how politically and organizationally bankrupt it really is. In the fight to free Mooney and Billings, in the campaign against the vicious Criminal Syndicalist Law, in the Hands-Off-China campaign in San Francisco, in every workers struggle in the state, the socialist party was either silent or gave direct and indirect support to the enemies of the working-class. In California it has even less of a working-class base than in other parts of the country.

Fight Exploitation.

It is left only to the Communist Party to enter this campaign on a working class basis. The invasion of the open shop in the once-strongly-organized sections, the exploitation of woman and child-labor in fruit and cotton picking, and in the packing and canning industries, the double exploitation of the Negroes, Mexicans, Chinese, Japanese, and Filipinos, the war-clouds on the Pacific Ocean, and the general worsening of the conditions of labor in California are immediate issues which we can link up with the Communist program of organizing and leading the workers' struggle against the capitalist system.

The recent State Nominating Convention has nominated the following candidates which we are trying to place on the ballot, in addition to the presidential and vice-presidential candidates, Foster and Gitlow: For U. S. Senator, Anita Whitney; for Congress, Congressional District No. 10 (Los Angeles), Mary Ostrow; for 29th State Assembly District, Emanuel Levin, (San Francisco); 26th Assembly District (San Francisco), James Butler; Assembly District 36 (Oakland), J. Reed; Assembly District, 39, (Oakland), H. Davidson, a Negro worker; Assembly Dist. 40 (Berkeley), M. Shannamon; Assembly District 45 (San Jose), Cora Wilson; Assembly District 66 (Los Angeles Arthur Dick.

Workers and Farmers! Support your Party! Vote Communist!

MEXICAN SUFFRAGETS

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 13 (UP).—Mexican women have organized a branch of the anti-reelectionist party with the object of promoting nation-wide equal suffrage.

Told You So

NO doubt about it, this is a land of opportunity. John Coolidge, son of Cal the Fisherman, walked into the office of the president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad and got a job at $30 a week. Not bad for a start. What a corking salesman this young lad must be! If he ever gets into the "right off the boat" business he will clean up a fortune unless he mistakes a prohibition agent for a customer and not merely a consumer. On top of his good luck in landing a job it is rumored that Miss Trumbull, daughter of the governor of the state of Connecticut, will soon make the announcement that she intends to marry the young. He doesn't even have to esk.

T. J. O'Flaherty

* * *

WHILE on this interesting subject of golden opportunities, the whereabouts of Mr. Osborne Wood, son of the late Ivory Soap governor of the Philippine Islands may be of interest to our readers. While in the islands with his father, young Wood made millions of dollars on the stock exchange. He had inside dope of course and his conduct became so scandalous that congress indulged in some wild language over it. Wood came back to New York, whoopeed himself into an asylum from there to Paris and Monte Carlo and returned almost penniless.

* * *

BLOOD will tell. So young Osborne went to work at something or other, according to his press agent. Evidently he did not make a howling success at the business since we did not hear of his being elected president or marrying the daughter of the head of the firm. A few days ago Osborne was discovered by the state militia of New Mexico digging coal, so they took him into their ranks and made some kind of a general out of him. You cannot keep a good man down in a coal mine.

* * *

A NEWSPAPER reporter's job is not all beer and skittles as a rule. But it is said that every rule has its own exception and so it is with a reporter's job. George Farrand of Bergen county, New Jersey, a city hall reporter for the "Jersey Journal" of Jersey City, testified at a hearing regarding the corruption in Mayor Frank Hague's political machine that he had been on the city payroll for seven or eight years at $5.50 a day. This means $33 a week in addition to his remuneration from the "Jersey Journal." When asked what he did in return for this honorarium Farrand confessed that he answered the telephone whenever he happened to be around the office.

* * *

ONE could write columns on the opportunities that exist here for the ambitious poor boy, who feels that he can be president if he only tries hard enough. Some say that accident has a good deal to do with progress along the road to high station. There are people who believe that Calvin Coolidge would now be defending bootleggers in Boston or still collecting bad debts on a 25 per cent commission basis in Vermont, had not Murray Crane, the G. O. P. boss taken an interest in him. And if the Boston policemen had not gone on strike in 1919 he might never have been vice-president. And had the late Warren Gamaliel been a little more careful about his shell fish, Cal might never have gotten into the White House.

* * *

HOWEVER, we suggest to the four million unemployed that follow in Mr. Coolidge, Jr.'s footsteps even if they take them into the offices of railroad presidents. It would be a great boost for the Hoover campaign if the Coolidge job-hunting success could be repeated four million times. "A job for every willing worker" would blow the froth off Al Smith's alcoholic promises. But as they say in burlesque, "Well—what the 'ell?"

* * *

THE mystery surrounding the death of William D'Olier, one of the leading actors in the Queens Sewerpipes drama, is deepening and the plot is thickening. The experts are in doubt as to the manner of his death. The moral forces of the sewerpipe borough, to wit, the "outs," are of the opinion that he was murdered. The inside boys are of the opinion that he committed suicide. There is a clue, but it only adds dye to the death riddle. His clothing was torn when taken to the hospital. Was it torn before he died or afterwards? As, that is the question. The surgeon who examined the body declared: "I cannot recall seeing any tears in the clothing when I arrived there." We are willing to bet that there will be many tears shed before the real story of the sewer scandal is known despite the old adage: "Murder will out."

Tom O'Flaherty

GROCERY BOSSES MEET

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (UP).—Representatives of the grocery industry will confer in Chicago October 24 to formulate trade practice rules for their industry, the Federal Trade Commission announced today.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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ILLINOIS MINERS WILL REPUDIATE LEWIS WAGE CUT

Thousands Indicate Will to Maintain Solid Ranks

Vote Is Four to One

Predict Other Fields Will Follow

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 14.—Voting overwhelmingly to repudiate the wage cut agreement entered into between the Lewis-Fishwick machine and the coal operators, two of the largest districts of Central Illinois today showed their determination to maintain their living standards at all costs.

Incomplete reports gave the Springfield vote as 2,071 against and 555 for the new scale; but it is thought likely that the real vote was far more greatly opposed to the agreement by which the Lewis-Fishwick machine is seeking to complete its sell-out of the miners.

In the Taylorsville district 2,645 votes were reported against and 1,394 for the wage cut. Here again the actual vote is believed to have been more overwhelmingly opposed than the report would indicate.

In repudiating the Lewis sell-out, the miners are believed to have reacted to the decision made by the convention of the new National Miners Union to fight against the wage-cut agreements which the Lewis machine has inaugurated since its official abandonment of the Jacksonville scale several months ago.

TORNADO BRINGS DEATH IN WEST

Dozen Killed, Scores Injured

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, Sept. 14 (UP).—Ten persons were killed, more than forty injured and property damage of more than a million dollars was done by two tornadoes that struck northeast Nebraska and southeast South Dakota late yesterday, a re-check showed today.

Nearly complete reports showed five persons were killed in Nebraska and five in South Dakota. Several of the forty persons injured were in a serious condition.

• • •

ROCKFORD, Ill., Sept. 14 (UP).—Two persons were reported dead and moer than a score injured seriously late today when a tornado swept through the southeastern section of the city.

First reports stated that two brothers hiding in a tool shed were killed when the roof was torn off the structure by the twister.

A score of men was buried in the

Continued on Page Three

JUGOSLAV JAILS 281 MILITANTS

(Red Aid Press Service)

BERLIN, (By Mail).—A record of the Jugoslav white terror against workers and revolutionists was published in a recent number of the Zagreb newspaper "Zastita Gevjeka" (People's Defense). The statistics cover the first half year of 1928.

In Jugoslavia, during this time, 1669 people, who had 1974 dependents, were arrested. They were in jail for a period of 46 years, 2 months and 13 days. One hundred and thirty-two were sentenced, 9 of which to death. Of these five were already executed.

The remaining 123 people were sentenced to 371 years, 10 months and 21 days of prison.

Besides these 27 people were murdered on political grounds, 94 are missing and 203 exiled for a collective period of 884 years.

Seventy-one persons carried out hunger strikes which amounted to a period of 293 days.

From the first half year there remain 31 persons in jail awaiting trial while investigation is going on.

On July 1 there were 281 political prisoners with a collective sentence of 1028 years.

The last two months has brought a tremendous leap in these statistics.

SHIP HITS LEDGE.

STONINGTON, Me., Sept. 14 (UP).—The steamer J. T. Morse of the Eastern Steamship Lines, with about sixty passengers aboard, was docked safely here last night after it had struck a ledge about a third of a mile off shore.

Canton Officials Murder Workers

Scores of workers thruout the provinces of Kwantung have fallen victim to the terrible vengeance which the Nanking officials in Canton have exacted in their fury and alarm at the relentless advance of the Worker-Peasant armies in the interior of China. Above, bodies of workers lying unburied after official massacre.

RED YOUTH CONGRESS VIEWS COLONIAL WORK

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 14.—A report on the work in the colonies by Fokin, of the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International, marked the thirteenth session of the Young Communist Congress, which opened under the chairmanship of Zam, of the United States.

"The national revolutionary movement plays a role which is a supplementary force for the world revolution, but during the course of its development," Fokin declared, "it plays a directly revolutionary role. The task of the Young Communist International is to win the masses of the working youth in the colonies.

Leagues in Colonies.

"Leagues exist in most colonies, but only in China is the League a mass organization. The working conditions of the youth in the colonies are terrible and a basis exists for the Communist youth movement. The young Communists must also win the left wing of the intellectual youth. The national revolutionary youth movement only develops where no basis exists for Young Communist Leagues."

Ferrat, of France, then made the co-speech, chiefly concerning the Latin-American countries. "Intensified class struggle in Latin-America caused insurrections led by the petty bourgeois, which, however, was incapable of carrying the revolution to its logical end. The proletariat must therefore win hegemony.

Work Among Peasants.

"The situation of the working youth is bad," continued Ferrat, "and the conditions of the working young peasants are worse. Our tasks in Latin-America are the creation of supplementary mass organizations, particularly among the

Continued on Page Three

Celebrate Youth Day in Boston September 29

The Young Workers League of Boston will celebrate International Youth Day with a mass meeting to be held at Tremont Temple, Tremont St., Boston, on Saturday, Sept. 29, 8 o'clock in the evening.

GITLOW SPEAKS IN PITTSBURGH

Lewis Tools Come to Break Up Meet

PITTSBURGH (By Mail).—Among those present at the election meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party, at which Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate, spoke, were Pat Fagan, reactionary president of District 5, of the United Mine Workers, and Robertson, vice-president of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor. Both appeared to have come to attempt to break up the meeting.

Fagan and Robertson were the leaders of the gang of 300 Lewis thugs brought to Pittsburgh last week to aid the police to break up the convention of the National Miners Union. Had not the meeting hall been so packed with militant workers, there is no doubt that the labor misleaders would have attempted to break up the meeting.

Gitlow pointed out the situation of the workers, and particularly of the miners, and the struggles they have been carrying on in order to improve their conditions. He showed how the reactionary Lewis administration has sold them out, with the aid of the courts and police.

I. Amter, district secretary of the Party in Ohio, dealt with the danger of war, and pointed out that while Kellogg went to Paris to sign a treaty to "outlaw" war, the U. S. congress appropriated $2,200,000,000 for war purposes.

Three Workers Die in Coast Oil Blast

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 14.—Three workers were killed today in an oil explosion that wrecked several stills at the El Segundo Refinery of the Standard Oil Company. Seven other workers were injured. Company officials would not give any information concerning the cause of the blast. Many homes of workers were threatened.

FIGHT THE REACTIONARIES!

In Nebraska the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars have protested against the filing by the secretary of state of the petitions of the Workers (Communist) Party ticket.

These fascist organizations, acting under the direction of the capitalists, admit that the Communist ticket cannot be LEGALLY thrown off the ballot. But they claim that since the Communists are opposed to the capitalist system, they have no MORAL right to be on.

The "immorality" of the Workers (Communist) Party lies in the fact that it would rob the capitalists of their LEGAL right, held by FORCE, to rob the workers and exploited farmers of the fruits of their labor, and thru their ownership of the machinery of production and distribution, the right of the millions of unemployed to have access to a means of livelihood. The Communists propose to make the workers and farmers owners of all land and machinery and place them at the throttle of a government apparatus of their own.

This is why the capitalists, their government apparatus and fascist auxiliaries seek to prevent the Workers (Communist) Party from bringing the message to the widest possible circles of workers, by means of the election campaign.

This is why they are trying to throw the Party ticket off the ballot in violation of their own laws.

The secretary of the state of Nebraska has appointed a date for a hearing on the protests made by the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars.

The Workers (Communist) Party will fight to the bitter end against this attack. This fight will cost money.

This is a challenge to every rebel worker in the United States. We are calling on the workers to supply us with the sinews of war to wage a victorious fight against the enemies of labor. This call must be answered IMMEDIATELY.

Send in your contributions. Do not hesitate to wire funds, because the need is urgent.

Send money ONLY to National Election Campaign Committee, Workers (Communist) Party, 43rd East 125th Street, Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer.

POLICE RESUME TERROR IN MILL STRIKE; JAIL 11

Seen as Preparations for Launching of Sell Out

Attack Mill Pickets

Strikers Rally Forces to Fight Betrayal

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 14.—Pointing definitely to a new police terror campaign to be launched because the A. F. of L. mill boss sell-out is about to be put across, two young girl strikers Marian Botelho and Zermaine Madieros, while walking home from a strike committee meeting, were brutally handled by Sergeant Velho who held warrants for their arrest.

Zermaine Madieros was struck heavily across the breast and Marian Botelho had her arm severely twisted and scratched, causing it immediately to swell.

Joseph Costa, a young striker was again arrested on a warrant at 1:30 this afternoon, charged with entering a schoolroom and making derogatory remarks about the American flag and swearing allegiance to the Red Flag.

Evidence obtained to date proves that the whole story is a fabrication by the police who are seeking every excuse in order to obtain warrants. Further investigation is being made in this case.

• • •

NEW BEDFORD, Mass Sept. 14.—The temporary dormant police terror is developing swiftly into full force again, as the mill owners realize that the strikers are overwhelmingly opposed to the A. F. of L. speed-up and sell-out plan. Nine pickets of the Textile Mill Committees were arrested this morning for picketing the Paige Mills and are lodged in jail on charges of "parading without a permit."

Casmiero Lamieras, eight times arrested for his activities as picket captain, called on the pickets at the Paige Mills early yesterday morning to reform their line for a final march to the T. M. C. headquarters.

When Sergeant Velho ordered him to disperse his line, Lamieras answered by taking the head of the line with John Cordiera and marching in picketing formation. By this time an augmented police force charged and broke the line only to see it reform again. Velho made the first arrest, and after 50 police reserves had been called out the other strikers also were taken to jail.

Later in court, fines of $20 each were levied and when the union attorney appealed, bail as high as $600 each was demanded.

LEWIS OFFICIALS AMONG SLUGGERS

Miners Recognize Gang Leading Attack

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 14.—A Check-up by delegates to the convention for a new miners' union disclosed the fact that a large number of Lewis officials were among the gangsters and sluggers who attacked the first session of the convention last Sunday.

Gang Is Here.

Frank Hughes, International Organizer; Joe Angelo, International Organizer (not Joe Angelo of the National Miners Union); Heartneady, President District No. 17; Studdard, District No. 31, (West Virginia); Bussarilli, Sub-District Board Member, William Hynes, Sub-District Board Member; John Dramarich, Field Worker, District No. 5; Thomas Robertson, District No. the Pennsylvania State Federation 5, Organizer, and Vice-President of of Labor; Bozo Damich, International Organizer and his son.

'SOCIALISTS' ASK FOR INJUNCTION

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 12.—Driven by desperation to any means to stem the successful march of Boston's cloak and dressmakers in the establishment of a new union there, the right wing Joint Board, under the leadership of "socialist" officialdom, joined the firm of Cohen and Jacobson in applying for an injunction to notorious Massachusetts courts against the organizers and functionaries of the new

Continued on Page Two

Communist Candidate

Chester P. Bixby, candidate for governor of Massachusetts on the ticket of the Workers (Communist) Party. Bixby has a long record as a militant worker and leader of shoe workers' organizations. An organization meeting at which Bixby was scheduled to speak to the shoe workers of Lynn recently was forbidden by the city and police authorities.

USSR RESCUERS HUNT AMUNDSEN

Five Soviet Aviators Lost in Siberia

MOSCOW, Sept. 14 (UP).—The final search for Roald Amundsen and his five companions and the six men of the dirigible Italia envelope party started today and if it fails the twelve explorers will be given up as lost.

The steamship Krassin, which rescued so many members of the Italia crew and their rescue parties and which now is engaged in a last search for the Amundsen and Alessandri parties, has been ordered to return to Russia within a fortnight.

The last reconnoitering route will be in the region of Seven Islands to Victor Island and thence eastward.

Chukhnovsky, the Russian aviator, will make airplane reconnoiters over the region. Today he was held up by bad weather.

Meanwhile the Italia relief committee, formed when the polar dirigible went down in the arctic, organized an expedition to search for a group of five Russian aviators who are lost in the Arctic.

The Soviet airplane "Soviet Sever" started on August 19 on a flight from Vladivostock to Leningrad. The route lay directly across the snow capped Arctic region. Since the start no word has been heard of the plane.

The relief committee directed the Soviet ice cutter Astrakhan, carrying two airplanes, to proceed to the area between North Cape, Caicutina, Guba and Wrangel Island where it is believed the plane may have landed. The airplane base will be organized at Anadir.

The Astrakhan is expected to reach Anadir within 20 days.

Daily Worker Asks Readers to Send All News Without Delay

Many news stories are received by the Daily Worker which do not appear in print because they arrive too late. This is due to the fact that correspondents often wait several days after a meeting or an affair has been held before they send in the report of it to the Daily Worker. It is impossible to print such news in a daily paper.

The editorial department of the "Daily" has now on hand a number of examples of such stories. One is a report of a Young Workers League Conference in Hancock, Mich. Tho this conference was held Aug. 26, the report of it was not mailed until Sept. 10.

If stories like these are mailed immediately or if they are sent by air mail, they will arrive in ample time to be published in the Daily Worker.

The Daily Worker requests all its readers to cooperate with it in its effort to present all the important working class news on time by telephoning or mailing all news without delay and wherever possible using air mail.

50 British Weavers Pull Protest Strike

MANCHESTER, England, Sept. 14.—As a protest against the dismissal of two workers in the Lion Mill of the Wellback Co., the other fifty operatives in the plant walked out on strike with the demand that their comrades be unconditionally reinstated. The Lion Mill is located at Horwich.

Workers Party Goes on Ballot in Massachusetts, New Hampshire; Red Ticket Now Filed in 21 States

Workers in Strike Centers Rally to Support of Communist Ticket

Signatures Gathered in Spite of Terrorism by Officials in Both States

By ALEX BAIL

(Dist. Organizer, Dist. 1, Workers (Communist) Party)

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 14. Massachusetts and New Hampshire have been added to the long list of states where the workers and exploited farmers have raised the banner of Communism in this election campaign, and succeeded despite the many obstacles placed in their way by the ruling classes, in collecting the number of signatures necessary to qualify the Workers (Communist) Party for a place on the official ballot.

The members of the Party in those two states worked hard to add Massachusetts and New Hampshire to the nineteen states already in the red column. They are determined that Rhode Island will be the next state in New England to go over the stop.

Strike Centers Respond.

Despite numerous difficulties such as holding up certification of signatures by some city election authorities and flat refusal to certify signatures as in Peabody, we finally succeeded in filing with the state election authorities 1500 certified signatures or 500 more than actually needed to place the Party on the ballot. The most important fact in the collection of signatures was the enthusiastic support received by the Party in New Bedford and Fall River where our Party has been leading thousands of textile workers in a struggle against the mill barons.

Defeat Terror Move.

In New Hampshire, the Party filed over 1200 signatures with the secretary of state. There, as well as in Massachusetts, we encountered difficulties, the election inspector in Manchester being employment director of the Amoskeag Mills and that corporation's senator in the state house at Concord.

While collecting signatures on the streets of Manchester, Comrade Sidney Bloomfield, New England Campaign Manager for the Workers (Communist) Party, was arrested and ordered to get out of the city. This terrorism, however, only had the effect of making our comrades work harder to accomplish the task of getting the Party on the ballot in this great industrial state.

In addition to placing the national ticket on the ballot in New Hampshire, the Party is running comrades Henry C. Iram for governor and Fred B. Chase for senator. Both are veterans in the class struggle, Chase being at one time state secretary of the socialist party of Massachusetts.

The fact that the Party is on the ballot in Massachusetts is of great significance. In the state where Sacco and Vanzetti were murdered, our Party comes forward with an indictment of the whole frame-up system of exploitation. In the state

Continued on Page Three

TYPOGRAPHICAL OFFICIALS KILL 40-HOUR WEEK

Annual Meet Defeats 3 Militant Proposals

CHARLESTOWN, S. C., Sept. 14.—Working fast in order to crush all opposition, the annual convention of the International Typographical Union, packed with handpicked trusties of the Morrison-Howard machine, defeated by large majorities three progressive resolutions which would have given a fighting edge to the union's policy.

A resolution introduced by the New York delegation, which includes a number of well-known militants, calling for a 40-hour week, was overwhelmingly voted down. The I. T. U. bureaucracy thus went on record against any lightening of the toil of the thousands of printers which would at the same time have gone a long way towards remedying the widespread unemployment that exists in the industry.

The machine also squashed a proposal to permit local unions to call a strike without the approval of the Executive Council. The convention further hogtied the rank and file by defeating a resolution to permit local unions to strike without first notifying the International president when a boss refuses to arbitrate.

TEXTILE RELIEF MEET TODAY

New York Unions Send Delegates

A large number of New York labor unions and fraternal orzanizations are responding to the appeal for relief for the 28,000 New Bedford textile strikers by sending in pledges of support and credentials for delegates who will attend the Workers International Relief Conference, to be held at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place today at 2 p. m.

Included among these organizations are the bricklayers, printers, bakers, boot and shoe workers, garment workers, furriers, carpenters,

Continued on Page Two

SPEED RED DRIVE IN DISTRICT 15

Miller, Padmore Speak at Meetings

The Workers (Communist) Party, District 15, has arranged election campaign meetings thruout the district. One will be held in Port Chester, N. Y. today at 6 p. m., and another today at 8 p. m. at the Town Hall steps, Stamford, Conn. The speakers will be Charles Mitchell, District Organizer of the Party and Bert Miller.

Hartford is arranging a series of meetings for George Padmore, who is now touring the state of Connecticut for the Workers Party. These meetings will be arranged in the thickly populated Negro workers section of Hartford on Saturday and Monday, September 15-17.

After this Padmore will visit New Haven and Stamford, where similar open air meetings will be arranged for among the Negro Masses.

VIENNA WORKERS SCORE FASCISTS

Reactionaries Plan to March on City

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

VIENNA, Sept. 14.—To meet the provocative action of the fascist organization, the Home Defense Corps, which is mobilizing from 18,000 to 60,000 of its armed members for a march on Weinerneustadt, a suburb of Vienna and industrial center, on October 7, the Executive Committee of the Communist Party of Austria issued an appeal to the workers to prepare counter-measures against the fascist parade.

The appeal calls on the workers to elect delegates in the factories for a national congress to prepare a general mobilization of the Austrian working class against the fascist provocation.

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VIENNA, Sept. 14.—Workers in the suburbs of Vienna are preparing a huge demonstration for October 7, which will serve as a counter-move and means of protection against the Austrian Home Defense Corps, a fascist organization, which is planning to march on Vienna on that date.

The estimates of the fascist numbers run from 18,000 to 60,000 and all of them will probably be armed, although they also go under the name of the "Pacifist Peasant Party."

The fascists plan to march upon Vienna. The workers term this move a direct act of provocation.

BAZAAR WORK ENLISTS MANY

Organizations Gather Articles for Booths

More and more workers' groups are joining the great proletarian army that will take possession of Madison Square Garden October 4, 5, 6 and 7 where the huge National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar will be held.

The upholstery workers have decided to have a booth of their own where all sorts of upholstered furniture will be sold. In order that this booth may be planned in proper fashion, a meeting of all upholster-

Continued on Page Three

Armenian Fraction Gives $25 to "Daily"

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 14.—The Armenian Fraction of the Workers (Communist) Party has donated $25 to the Daily Worker in order to help it over its financial difficulties.

The Armenian Fraction has been very active in aiding the Daily Worker in the past and has also contributed generously to many other working class causes.

LEARN RED PLATFORM

Intensive Drive Among Auto Workers

DETROIT, Sept. 14.—Thousands of workers in the auto industry in the city of Detroit are being informed about the program of the class struggle thru the noon-day meetings at the factory gates. The Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party in this district is enthusiastic over the success of our election campaign among the workers in the auto industry.

These workers are beginning to realize that both the democratic and republican party of Wall Street as well as the corrupt socialist democratic party have nothing to offer to these thousands of workers in the auto industry. These workers are being informed as to the program and platform of the capitalist parties as to their stand on the speed-up, wage cuts, unemployment, the organization of the unorganized, recog-

Continued on Page Three

TOOHEY PLEDGES FIGHT FOR UNION

Attends Funeral of Slain Miner

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 13.—Standing at the grave of George Moran, militant miner of Bentleyville, who was assassinated by Louis Carboni, a spy for John L. Lewis, the secretary of the new National Miners' Union, Pat H. Toohey, urged the necessity of the miners joining the new union and a continuation of the fight in which Moran lost his life.

Defies Doctor; Attends Funeral.

A dramatic figure at the funeral was Charles Glovak, with a bullet through his abdomen, who attended the funeral in violation of the doctor's orders. "If I cannot attend the funeral of the man I have been fighting side by side with I am

Continued on Page Two

Saturday Feature Page on P. 4 of Today's Issue

Turn to page 4 for the weekly Saturday Feature Page of the Daily Worker. It contains an article on the Tolstoi anniversary and reviews of current books.

Calamari, Progressive Mine Leader, Is Still in Danger After Lewis Thug's Attack

RIM FACTS OF MINERS' BATTLE TO BE RELATED

Watt, Gold to Speak at Relief Meet

"Faithful to our great tradition, we, the delegates assembled at this convention, representing the rank and file coal miners, finally and completely repudiate the Lewis machine and resolve to build the new union, the name of which shall be the National Miners' Union."

With these ringing words the historic Pittsburgh convention announced the launching of the new miners' union on the ruins of the old one destroyed by the Lewis machine and set in motion the machinery which will unite the nearly 1,000,000 coal diggers in this country in one powerful, militant organization.

The steps that led up to the formation of the new union, the fight against the triple entente of the bosses, police and John L. Lewis and his cut-throat hirelings, the desperate struggles of thousands of miners and their families against starvation, eviction and disease, and the tense moment of the huge epoch-making Pittsburgh convention—all this will be vividly described to the workers of New York by the first president of the new National Miners' Union, John Watt, at a huge Solidarity Mass Meeting Thursday evening, Sept. 20, at Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave.

The meeting, which has been arranged by the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, and the Shop Delegates Conference for Miners' Relief, will mobilize the workers of New York and vicinity in support of the new miners' union and of the thousands of coal diggers, their wives and children who are face to face with starvation.

In addition to Watt, who will be the main speaker, leaders of workers' struggles in other fields will appear to pledge the solidarity of the workers of New York with the fighting miners. These speakers will include Ben Gold, general organizer of the Joint Board, Furriers' Union; Gladys Schechter, organizer, Millinery Workers' Union; Hyman Koretz, general manager of the organization department, Cloak and Dressmakers' Union; Harold Williams, secretary of the Negro Committee for Miners' Relief; a speaker representing the Youth Conference for Miners' Relief and one from the Children's Relief Scout Groups.

TAILORS DOWN SIGMAN SCHEME

'Settlement' Rapped in 700 to 3 Vote

Despite the presence of Morris Sigman, president of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, the membership of Ladies Tailors Local 38, at a mass meeting in Bryant Hall late Tuesday night, rejected by 700 to 3, the right wing proposal that the employers be given permission to dismiss workers indiscriminately. This action forced the right wing officialdom of the local to go back to the employers negotiators for a new agreement and tell of the membership's decision. Tomorrow evening another mass meeting will be held, where the Sigman officials will report on the result of their trip.

At thes negotiation for the new agreement the employers organization, taking advantage of the deterioration of the strength of the union due to the neglect and incompetency of the right wing officials, had the spunk to demand the right to discharge 10 per cent of their employees, and also those whom they judge to be guilty of "insubordination, and a slow worker. After the battery of "expert negotiators" Morris Sigman and Morris Hillquit, corporation lawyer, had met many days with the employers, they finally came to the members and advised acceptance of the clause they demanded.

Training Workers as Imperialist Sharpshooters

To crack sharp shooter team of the Second Corps Area of the Citizens Military Training Camp at Camp Perry, Ohio. More than 3,000 contestants competed in the rifle matches. The Young Workers (Communist) League is instructing these young workers in the reasons why the capitalists maintain the Citizens Military Training Camps.

MILLER TO SPEAK IN PORT CHESTER

J. O. Bentall Will Start Tour

Bert Miller, organization secretary of District 1, will speak at two election campaign rallies on Saturday, September 15th, in Port Chester, New York and Stamford, Connecticut.

The Port Chester meeting will take place at 6 p. m. in the center of the city, a special permit having been secured for the purpose.

The Stamford meeting will be held at 8 p. m. the same day on the Town Hall steps. This place is used by the republican and democratic parties once every three weeks respectively. The socialists were after the same position but were not on the job quick enough and lost out.

Both meetings are arranged by Comrade Mitchell, acting district organizer of District 15.

J. O. Bentall, Communist candidate for governor speaks in Scandinavian Hall, 701 State St., Erie, Pa., at 8 p. m., September 15th. If the weather is favorable, Comrade Bentall will speak in Perry Sq., South Park Row and Peach St.

Bentall will speak in several cities along the lake shore on his way to Minnesota where he is booked for a six-week tour.

TOOHEY PLEDGES FIGHT FOR UNION

Attends Funeral of Slain Miner

Continued from Page One

ready to be buried with him," said Glovak.

Long Procession of Mourners.

A terrific rainstorm subsided a half hour before the funeral but in spite of the storm more than nine hundred mourners, organized delegations of nine local unions, marched in the procession. Local women's auxiliaries, youth organizations, Miners' Relief and the National Executive Board all sent wreaths. President Watt of the National Miners' Union was master of ceremonies and Patrick Toohey, secretary, was the principal speaker.

Organizer of Children.

Many children and representatives of children's organizations attended the funeral. Moran was admired by all the miners' children as he was one of the leaders in creating children's organizations.

State troopers hovered around the outskirts of the crowd, but this time attempted no attack.

Entertain Carboni.

Carboni, the murderer of Moran, is technically under arrest, but instead of being in jail, as is always the case with militant miners under arrest, is being well cared for in a hospital in Washington. A wife of one of the local miners says that Carboni's wife boasted that five were meant to be killed at the union meeting. Glovak says that Pete Gulik, Lewis sub-district board member, threatened him with "something worse than a frame-up," several days before the shooting.

The National Executive Board adjourned last night. The next regular meeting will be held in three months.

U. S.-Welsh Tinplate Combines Agree on Market Exploitation

SWANSEA, Wales, Sept. 14 (UP). —Details of an American-Welsh tinplate manufacturers' agreement were published here today, allocating the world's tinplate markets.

The agreement was for the purpose of securing if possible, the freedom of the United States from Welsh competition in certain export markets of the world where Americans have immense capital invested. A similar agreement probably will be made with Germany shortly, it was said.

In return for the concession, American tinplate manufacturers agree to refrain from Wales' prewar markets in Europe.

FIND PORTION OF AMUNDSEN PLANE

Pick Up Piece of Wing in Tromseo Channel

OSLO, Norway, Sept. 14 (UP).—A piece of an airplane wing, identified as belonging to Roald Amundsen's Latham plane, was found in the Tromsoe Channel today.

Its position was believed to indicate that Amundsen and his party were forced down soon after they left Tromsoe last June to search for survivors from the dirigible Italia.

SHIP BLAST KILLS FIVE WORKERS

(By United Press)

SOUTHPORT, Sept. 14 (UP). —The coast guard cutter Modoc today sought the 7,000-ton tanker Shreveport, converted by an explosion yesterday into a burning mass with four bodies aboard. Thirty others of the crew were rescued, but one man died later. Four others were treated at a hospital here.

While the Modoc hunted the flaming ship 125 miles off shore here the twenty-nine survivors described the accident.

Captain S. A. Simmons, of Baltimore, said the tanker was proceeding empty from Philadelphia to Texas. Suddenly the decks bulged, there was a great flash, then an explosion, and wreckage began falling about the now burning steamer.

The Shreveport was owned by the Cities Service Transportation Co. of New York.

Speakers' Conference Tomorrow at 2 O'clock

A conference of all open-air speakers of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, will be held at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, tomorrow at 2 p. m.

M. J. Olgin will speak on "The Soviet Union and its Relation to the Election Campaign" at the conference, which is arranged by the Agitprop department of the district.

DICTATOR'S FLIER OFF.

LONDON, Sept. 14 (UP). — The Spanish inventor, De La Cierva, will attempt the first crossing of the English Channel in an auto-gyro plane on Tuesday, he announced today. The flight will be from Croydon to Paris.

KELLOGG AGREES TO BIG WAR BILL

"Peace" Pact Takes Second Place

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14 (FP). When Secretary of State Kellogg returned from his Paris and Dublin trip, he went immediately into conference with President Coolidge. Then he talked with Chairman Borah of the senate foreign relations committee. After that, the unofficial report went around that the administration had made a deal with the big navy lobby in the senate, whereby the 16-ship naval construction bill would first be passed and then the Kellogg treaty for renunciation of wars of aggression would be ratified.

Fifteen cruisers and one airplane carrier are to be built, at a cost of $274,000,000, under the terms of the pending bill, which has passed the house and has been somewhat amended in the senate committee. One amendment by Senator Hale's committee is being fought by the organized labor lobby. It seeks to permit naval officers to purchase from private non-union firms about half the work that will go into the eight ships that are to be built in government yards. All the private yards are non-union.

One primary reason for Kellogg's agreeing to let the naval construction bill have the right of way over his treaty is that Senator Swanson of Virginia, who threatened trouble over ratification, is interested in getting the ship contract for yards at Newport News and the Norfolk navy yard as quickly as possible.

SHOE STRIKERS STILL OUT SOLID

Union Holds Section Meeting Sunday

Stolidly determined to stay out on strike till their demands for recognition of the union and reinstatement of active unionists, are granted all craftsmen employed by the S. Lieberman Shoe Co. in Brooklyn, continue to picket the plant with increasing vigor. Widespread support is being marshalled by the workers organization, the Independent Shoe Workers Union of Greater New York, in a series of meetings still being held. This Sunday afternoon at 2:30 p. m. a section membership meeting of Harlem unionists is to be held in the Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st Street.

In addition to taking up the question of supporting the men on strike in Brooklyn, this meeting, as the others did, will occupy itself with the coming organization drive of the union. Organizers Magliacano, the union president and other speakers will address the meeting. Last Sunday shoe workers in Coney Island met in section meeting.

The anti-union employer has already confessed the fact that the strike hurts where strikes hurt bosses most, and agreed to see the union leader in conference. On hearing the demands of the union, he refused to accede the men's demands, hoping that the break off of negotiations would discourage the strikers.

DE LEON LAUDS WORKING YOUTH MEET, SEPT. 29

Conference to Take Up Vital Tasks

Solon De Leon, labor economist, yesterday endorsed the forthcoming Working Youth Conference to be held at the Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St., on September 29 and 30.

In a statement, issued through the arrangements committee of the conference, De Leon said:

"One of the most striking shortcomings of the labor movement in America is the fact that the young workers, the Negro workers and the women workers have not yet been organized. The organized section of the working class is limited more or less to the skilled and well-paid workers. The great masses of the worst exploited, the harshly treated, the much abused, the low paid, workers have not been organized.

"The officials of the A. F. of L. have repeatedly shown their unwillingness, or inability, to organize these masses of workers. Tens of thousands of these unskilled and semi-skilled workers are ready to become organized. The young workers especially, who constitute a large percentage of these unskilled and unorganized workers, have shown their ability to fight side by side with the adult workers when they were organized. They have shown, in instances, their readiness to be organized. Since there is no one else to do the organizing, the left wing must get on the job and do it.

"The Working Youth Conference is a step in the direction of organizing the unorganized young workers. It should receive the greatest possible support from all militant workers. This first step will have to be followed up with many more steps, until we succeed in accomplishing the task of organizing the young workers."

Textile Relief Meet Called for Tomorrow

Continued from Page One

painters and a large number of progressive groups.

"This conference will meet the challenge of the textile trust and the reactionary labor misleaders, who are determined to break the strike," Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the Workers International Relief, said yesterday.

Following the conference, delegates and hundreds of New York workers are expected to view the showing of "The Crowd" at Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St., tomorrow night. M. J. Olgin and Albert Weisbord will speak before each performance, at 8:45 p. m. and 11 p. m. The entire proceeds will go to the New Bedford and Fall River textile strikers.

SAILOR DROWNS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14 (UP). —Francis Peterson, naval storekeeper attached to the submarine tender Beaver in Chinese waters, was found dead on board the submarine S-32 today, the navy was advised. His home was in Boston.

Come! Come!

Motion Picture "The Crowd"

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE FOR THE TEXTILE STRIKERS OF NEW BEDFORD AND FALL RIVER

ALBERT WEISBORD, Speaker

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 15TH
LABOR TEMPLE, 14TH ST. & 2ND AVENUE

2 Performances: 8.45 p. m. and 11 p. m. — Admission 50 Cents

AUSPICES:—Local New York Workers' International Relief, 1 Union Square, New York, Room 604.

W. I. R. Textile Relief Conference
SATURDAY, SEPT. 15TH, 2 P. M., IRVING PLAZA HALL,
15th Street and Irving Place

Show Your Solidarity With the Textile Strikers

Shoe Shop Fire Menaces Many

Fire in a shoe repair shop at Pitkin Ave. and Chester St., Brooklyn, menaced the lives of several workers and threatened to trap others in the contingyous block of frame buildings. It took hours for the firemen to get the blaze under control. Above, the ruins of the shoe shop.

DUBINSKY BROKE MOVES OFFICES

Cutters League Grows in Membership

Dubinsky and his Cutters' Local 10, one of the strongest pillars of reaction in the Jewish labor movement, and Morris Sigman's right-hand man in his pogroms on the cloak and dressmakers in New York, are bankrupt, was the charge made by Organizer A. Horowitz, when he reported yesterday to the crowded meeting of members of the Cutters' Welfare League, which adheres to the National Organization Committee for a New Cloakmakers' Union. The meeting was held in the headquarters of the N. O. C., 16 W. 21st St., and began promptly at 6 last night.

To substantiate this charge, Horowitz called attention to the recently published charge that the "rich and all-powerful Local 10," (according to Bubinsky) is compelled to vacate its independent headquarters on 14th St. and move into the right wing Joint Board building. It was also pointed out at the meeting that Dubinsky tried to cloud the impression which he recognized such an event would inevitably create, came out with a boisterous announcement to the effect that no one should suspect that his Local 10 is bankrupt, but that the only reason he is moving from the very comfortable 14th Street offices, where they have been for nearly 10 years, is for "convenience."

The meeting last night also voted unanimous approval to the request of a committee sent by those arranging the big Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar in Madison Square Garden, October 4, 5, 6 and 7. A committee was elected to assist in making the bazaar a success. A motion was also carried to request the organization's executive board to buy tickets.

The league leaders reported on the work to date. The organizer reported on the complaints he had attended in the shops. The report on membership drives show that many new members are signing up with the League every week.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

'SOCIALISTS' ASK FOR INJUNCTION

Sigmanites Beg Aid of Massachusetts Judge

Continued from Page One

union. Another hearing is scheduled for the coming Monday.

The new union, tho recently launched, has already acquired the allegiance of the workers in nearly every ladies garment manufacturing shop in this city. The sudden and complete stoppage of dues payments to the Sigman union by the members, and the simultaneous growth in membership of the new local section of the National Organization Committee, caused the Boston Sigman machine to beg for aid from the employers which was promptly forthcoming from a number of bosses.

The firm of Cohen and Jacobson, was among the first to dismiss the most militant among its employees. This was answered by the workers by an immediate walkout. The new union declared the shop on strike and it has been tied up ever since, with regular picketing going on in full force. The injunction was specifically applied for to halt this strike, and to stop picketing.

In the injunction application the "socialist" officials and their boss ally, went to great lengthy detail in trying to prove to the Massachusetts judge that the N. O. C. is a "red" organization, which is causing friction between the company union and the employers association. Another "socialist" gem is the clause in the injunction application, which states that the defendants, the officers of the N. O. C., are trying to break up the International Ladies Garment Workers Union thru "violence" and "threats to kill!"

The writ application names in its papers, Julius Portnoy, N. O. C. treasurer, Emma Yaninsky, N. O. C. organizer, W. Weiner and A. Shapiro, local leaders, and all other union functionaries.

SLUGGED FOR MILITANCY; MAY DIE AS RESULT

Mine Relief Appeals for Aid for Him

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 14.—For thirty-six hours following the attack on the miners' convention by Lewis thugs and Pittsburgh police, Anthony Calamari, the mine leader of Charleroi, who was most seriously injured, hovered between life and death in a state of unconsciousness. At the present moment he is walking about fretfully, his memory entirely gone, and refusing all food. The National Miners Relief Committee has procured special medical aid for him.

Calamari has taken an active part in the strike since the beginning, and has been organizing the miners, urging them not to return to the mines individually, but in an organized manner.

Brutally Attacked.

When Calamari approached the Labor Lyceum, Sunday morning, his convention delegate badge pinned to his lapel, the thugs fell upon him, breaking three blackjacks over his head, throwing stones and every conceivable missle at him. The gallant miner fought back as long as he could, but was soon overpowered, and fell unconscious.

Then the thugs kicked his head and shoulders, and dragged him up the street. When the delegates in the hall who had repulsed the attackers and closed the doors of the hall to open the convention, saw this through the window, they threatened to charge upon them unless the attack upon Calamari ceased. The thugs drew away from the unconscious miner.

Rushed to Hospital.

The delegates had succeeded in fighting off the attackers and were seated in the hall when the police arrived. Calamari was rushed to the Passavant Hospital while the police cleared the hall.

The doctors say that Calamari's condition is very serious. The National Miners Relief Committee is doing its utmost to help him. Calamari was a member of the Relief Committee of Charleroi, and his ruddy, smiling face and witty tongue were well known to the relief committee staff. Whenever Calamari came to the headquarters, he would get to work, folding news releases or bulletins or whatever other work there was to be done, until the order for groceries for Charleroi was ready.

Appeal For Help.

The miners throughout the Monongahela and Allegheny Valleys know Calamari as a loyal leader. The National Miners Relief Committee is doing its utmost to save Calamari's life. Funds are needed to pay doctor's bills, and take care of the stricken striker's family. All contributions should be sent directly to the relief headquarters, 611 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

REGISTER NOW!
FOR THE
JEWISH HOLIDAYS

"The Indian Summer" Week-End

The best part of the year in

Unity Camp

The best working class camp

Buses will leave 1800 7th Avenue corner 110th Street to the Camp, Friday evening at 6:30 p. m. and Saturday at 1:30 p. m.

For registration inquire at our main office, 1800 7th Avenue, corner 110th Street.
Telephone: Monument 0827
Monument 0111
Camp Telephone, Wingdale 51

This is BAZAAR WEEK September 10 to 17

Collect Articles Ads Names for the Honor Roll

for the Benefit of The DAILY WORKER and FREIHEIT

National Bazaar Committee
30 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK, N. Y.

British and French Army Staffs View 400 Planes Maneuvering on 500 Mile Front

RIAND MARKED USSR AT GENEVA AS BOMB TARGET

More Proof of Franco-British Alliance

PARIS, Sept. 14.—The French government is massing 400 of its army airplanes in a mimic attack on Paris, following the example of its ally, Great Britain, while Sir Hoare, minister of aviation of Great Britain, and a staff of British and French army and aviation officers are looking on and making observations with a view towards perfecting the offensive and defensive abilities of the French air force.

At the same time the French minister of war and the leading members of the general staff are holding conferences along the northeastern and eastern frontiers of France with the purpose of perfecting plans for the immediate construction of a line of fortifications of the most modern type, that will stretch from the North to the Mediterranean Seas.

Eye on U. S. S. R.

The French planes are divided into two armies, and as Foreign Minister Briand, just returned from the League of Nations assembly in Geneva, where he spoke of "disarmament" and accused the Soviet Union of preparing for war against the capitalist world, is sitting in conference with his cabinet, the planes are staging a mimic battle.

The most modern methods of destruction are being experimented with. Squadron upon squadron of fast-motored and bomb-loaded planes circle over a front of fifty miles, maneuvering against an "imaginary" enemy, whose name has been indicated by Briand at Geneva.

The Next War.

The inhabitants of Paris and the peasants in the outlying districts do not need very much imagination to be able to picture the war of the near future.

Fortifications Strong.

PARIS, Sept. 14 (UP).—Minister of War Painleve has returned from a personal inspection of the eastern frontier fortifications with renewed confidence in France's plan of defense and with proposals for concentration of work on the "nerve centers" of the eastern border.

In an interview the war minister revealed an "ingenious method" on which the northeastern, eastern and southeastern frontier defenses are based.

"The plan is based on an unusual method which unites the best advice of specialists of different countries," he told the United Press correspondent, "taking into consideration the methods of a continued frontier or separated regions or intensive concentration of strength in certain spots."

Machine-Gun Fire.

"There are certain regions which I visited on my trip that are covered with bristling underbrush. These sections will be so arranged that, on a minute's notice, they may be fortified with machine guns and protected by barbwire.

"Such regions are virtually ready for use today if the need should arise. They need only the installation of garrisons when the time comes for their protection."

Recent accounts of French fortifications and plans for the future developments indicate that the country is to have the greatest line of defense from the northeastern coast to the Alps that ever was known.

It will be an extensive line of fortifications and secondary bases and—by the time for withdrawing the French troops from Germany—the French frontier will be so firmly guarded that authorities believe not even the most modern war machine could dent it.

Auto Workers Learn Red Platform

Continued from Page One

ition of Soviet Russia, war danger, etc.

The Election Campaign Committee is determined to have Communist speakers in all of these factories thruout the auto industry in the city of Detroit and as well as the vicinity of Detroit. The platform of the class struggle is being sold at the factory gates and is received very favorably by these workers. Workers will be made conscious of the fact that only the members of the Workers (Communist) Party and the left wing in the labor movement will [illegible] the big open shop industry. It is becoming clearer to these thousands and hundreds of workers in the auto industry that the labor bureaucracy is playing the game of the capitalist agencies to mislead and sell out the interests of the working class.

ece of Airplane Wing Wasn't Amundsen's

SLO, Norway, Sept. 14 (UP).—
piece of an airplane wing found
he Tromsoe Channel yesterday
ot belong to the Roald Amund-
lane, as at first supposed, it
stablished today.
wing was identified as hav-
longed to an airplane carried
French cruiser Strasbourg,
crashed during a coastal sur-
ently.

Militarists Train for Imperialist Next Carnage

Expert shots from the sharp-shooting contests which the militarists have been fostering at Camp Parry, Ohio. At the left, Lester Quigley, postmaster at Manville, N. J., and on the right, B. F. Leonard, of Roswell, N. M. Notice that Leonard has already lost one arm. Even many young girls were urged to participate in the rifle matches.

WORKERS PARTY ON BALLOT IN 21 STATES

Continued from Page One

where the workers feel the full brunt of capitalist dictatorship, the Party raises the banner of Communism and calls for the establishment of a workers government—a Soviet Government.

G.O.P. Aids Mill Barons.

The prospects for our Party are bright indeed. Tens of thousands of textile workers have seen police and troops massed against them in an effort to drive them back into the mills under starvation wages. The republican administration in the state and the democratic administration in the various cities have used the state machinery to the fullest extent against the workers and for the mill bosses. Persecution, mass arrests, long prison terms, anti-picketing decisions and brutal third degree methods have been the lot of the fighting textile workers in New Bedford and Fall River.

The merging of the socialist Party with the trade union bureaucrats in New Bedford and Fall River and their joint effort to sell out the workers by foisting on them a vicious speed-up system has done much to expose the true reactionary character of the socialist party. The masses of textile workers are looking to our Party for leadership on the economic and political fields.

Mary Donovan Hapgood, candidate for governor on the socialist party ticket is trying to cash in politically on her connection with the Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee, a liberal outfit that refused to participate in a mass movement for the defense of the two framed workingclass leaders, spurned every offer for a United Front of labor, but instead lined up with bourgeois politicians and professors, expecting that thru wire-pulling and the influence of "conservative public leaders" the political hangmen in control of the government apparatus of Massachusetts would free the men they had doomed to die because of their activities in behalf of the workingclass.

Bankrupt politically and numerically, the socialist party which was part and parcel of this criminal conspiracy against Sacco and Vanzetti, in the refusal to arouse the masses against the frame-up, is now playing its customary political confidence game, putting Miss Donovan forward as a workingclass leader to catch votes in the election campaign. The class-conscious workers of Massachusetts who rallied behind the Workers (Communist) Party and the International Labor Defense in the great mass struggles under Communist leadership to snatch Sacco and Vanzetti from the jaws of death will turn a deaf ear to the siren pleas of the Socialist Party candidate for governor.

Aid Strikebreakers.

The socialist party in New England is lining up with the strikebreaking bureaucrats of the New Bedford Textile Council who are waging war on the rank and file of the mill workers under the leadership of the Textile Mills Committees. Miss Donovan speaks from the same platform with the labor fakers, leads their picket lines, under police protection, denounces the Left Wing leadership of the strike and helps to distribute leaflets charging the foreign-born workers with dragging down the standard of living of the "American" workers.

The socialist party of New England today is merely a competitor—tho a weak one—of the republican and democratic parties for the favor of the ruling classes.

The Workers (Communist) Party not only raises the banner of the class struggle during the election campaign and all the year round. Its stand on behalf of the striking textile workers in the New Bedford and Fall River, as well as during the fight to save Sacco and Vanzetti has convinced every rebel worker in New England that it is the only political party entitled to the support of labor in the elections.

In the shoe industry, also, our Party is making headway and has good possibilities of firmly entrenching itself. The existing reactionary unions have failed miserably not only in putting up a struggle against the worsening of conditions and the speed-up which has permanently disemployed some 75,000 shoe workers, but they have even failed to hold on to what conditions the bosses had been willing to give the union members. This has resulted in widespread dissatisfation. A broad secession movement has begun, centering in Lynn. Almost all the locals have seceded from the Boot and Shoe Workers Union. There, a center is being created from which will grow a powerful, national shoe workers' union which fights for the interests of the workers.

In the Needle Trades.

Also in the needle trades as well as other industries large masses have been convinced of the correctness of our program and are rallying around our Party. The coming months of campaign period will bring ever larger masses of workers in support of our militant class struggle program.

Besides the presidential ticket of Foster and Gitlow, the Party has also placed a full state ticket in the field headed by Chester W. Bixby, militant shoe worker of Haverhill for governor.

The following comrades were also placed for other state offices: United States Senator—John J. Ballam; for Lieutenant Governor—John Corbin, of Worcester, a stationary engineer; Secretary of State—Harry J. Cantor, a printer; Treasurer—Albert Oddie, of Brockton, one of the leading Left Wingers in the shoe industry; Auditor—Eva Hoffman, woman worker and organizer of the New England Federation of Working Women; Attorney General—Max Lerner, of Worcester, moving picture operator.

The list of presidential electors follows: Hobart Riley, Robert Zelms, William Janhonen, John Louko, Henry Gage, George Kraska, Emma P. Hutchins, Joseph Ginsburg, Sholom Reinstein, Alolph Suihkonen, Joseph Goldberg, Harry L. Cann, John Hurwitz, Elsie Fultur, Alexander Taraska, Nathan G. Kay, Stephen Puleo and Boris Kleid.

Benjamin Gitlow, Communist candidate for vice-president of the United States is scheduled to speak in Boston on October 31, in Haverhill, November 1, and in Fall River, November 2.

BAZAAR WORK ENLISTS MANY

Organizations Gather Articles for Booths

Continued from Page One

ers has been called in the office of the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee, 30 Union Square, for Tuesday immediately after work.

The umbrella workers will also have a booth where umbrellas and parasols of various prices, styles and colors will be on sale.

Coney Island, Bath Beach and Boro Park are determined not to lag behind other sections of the city. At a meeting of delegates of various workingclass organizations it was decided to have a booth at the bazaar that will vie with the best. The organizations have already begun collecting articles for the booth.

Local 22, International Ladies Garment Workers Union which will have a booth of dresses, is gathering all its forces for bazaar work. A committee has been appointed which is present every night at local headquarters, 16 W. 21st St. to receive articles and reports. The committee urges all members of the local to get busy making dresses, selling tickets and collecting names for the Red Honor Roll.

Other organizations, as well as individual workers thruout the country, are also not letting any grass grow under their feet. "The Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar must be an overwhelming success," is the general feeling.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

ZAM PRESIDES AT RED YOUTH MEET

They Take Up Colonial Question

Continued from Page One

peasant youth, the strengthening of the Anti-Imperialist League, increase the work of the fractions in the mass organizations and increase anti-militarist work."

Rust, of Britain, also made a co-speech on the colonial question. "The work for the support of the revolutionary movement in the colonies is progressing. The most important Leagues for colonial work are the British, French, American, Dutch and Italian. Special educational courses must be organized in the Leagues concerning colonial work. A direct connection must be established with the colonial Leagues or improved where connection already exists. It is necessary to send comrades from imperialist countries for work in the colonies.

League Colonial Department.

"Propaganda work among the troops sent to the colonies is extremely important. A sharp fight must be conducted against colonial policy of the social democracy which assists the imperialists. Special colonial departments must be formed in the central committees of the Leagues."

Mahmud, of India, was chairman of the fourteenth session. Pioneer, of China, made another speech on the colonial question. "The Chinese piay a great role in industry and, in consequence, also in revolution. The working conditions and exploitation are terrible. The students played a revolutionary role formerly, but are now only partly revolutionary. Terror caused the Chinese League to lose members. The correct Bolshevist policy is now adopted in China. The Communist youth took a prominent part in the Canton insurrection. Despite the terror the organization is maintained intact.

"The chief tasks are to strengthen the League, build supplementary mass organizations, win leadership of the peasant youth and co-operate with the party to win the Chinese workers for the victorious revolution." (Great applause.)

U. S. League and Colonies.

Phillips, of the United States, opened the discussion, saying, "The American League has commenced colonial work and sent comrades to Mexico, distributed leaflets among the troops sent to Nicaragua and China, etc. Work in the Philippines must now commence. Work among the Negroes has also commenced but is very insufficient. Work must be performed in Liberia, Haiti, etc., where great masses of industrial proletarian youth exist."

The following then spoke: Miura, of Japan; Schueller, of the Executive Committee of the Young Communist International, and Ford, of the United States.

Ford discussed the progress of industrialization in Africa. "The Young Communist International must adopt the policy laid down by the Red International of Labor Unions for work among the Negroes. The Young Communist International must also work together with the Secretariat for work among the Negroes."

Revolutionary Students.

The following speakers were: Muniabazir, Tanutuva and Spence, of Britain; Fentinmin, of China, and Harvey, of the United States. Harvey said: "We must pay more attention to the revolutionary students in the colonies. South American states are semi-colonial and therefore important for revolution in case of war. The workers' sport movement in the colonies must be strengthened. Anti-militarist work in the army must be performed, particularly in Hawaii and Cuba. The Leagues in the motherlands must co-operate in the colonial work."

Ricardo, of Argentine, spoke and then Haywood, of the United States. Haywood said: "The American League must increase its work among the Negroes. Important slogans must be equal rights and votes for Negroes. Special methods are necessary for Negro work. The American League must form special departments for Negro work."

Masuth, of the Soviet Union; Lopez, of Mexico, and Sulimov, of Corea, then spoke. The Colonial Commission was then elected.

MANY KILLED AS TORNADO SWEEPS OVER PORTO RICO

Report Thousands Are Homeless

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Sept. 14 (UP).—Many lives have been lost in the tropical hurricane which devastated this island yesterday. The property loss will reach millions.

Death, suffering and destruction was spread through the entire island. It was impossible today even to begin to approximate the loss. All communications were disrupted.

What may have happened in the interior of the island is painful to thing of. Hospitals in this area were unroofed and 80 per cent of the families are without shelter.

The water supply of San Juan and surrounding cities has been cut off.

Famine and disease threatens them.

* * *

First indications of the seriousness of the tornado that swept over Porto Rico were received today as the French Cable Company lines were partly restored.

The first messages from San Juan said that "ruins are all over" and that the storm was so great that an automobile being used to run messages to the French cable office, could not venture out because of the storm's force.

* * *

HAVANA, Cuba, Sept. 14 (UP).—The National Observatory announced at 10 a. m. today that the central part of the tropical hurricane was off the Northern Coast of the Dominican Republic at that hour.

The announcement said the observatory was unable to give the direction in which the storm was traveling, but that Eastern Cuba was in no danger.

TORNADO BRINGS DEATH IN ILLINOIS

Two Killed, More Than a Score Injured

Continued from Page One

debris of the Rockford Chair and Furniture Company, a three-story brick building which was demolished.

Six men had been taken from the ruins shortly after the storm had spent its fury and rescue workers were digging for fifteen others who were still pinned beneath the ruins.

• • •

WINNEBAGO, Neb., Sept. 14 (UP).—The tornado which swept northeastern Nebraska yesterday virtually wiped out Winnebago. Eight persons were killed and a score more injured.

Nearly every building in Winnebago was damaged, many homes being demolished. Property damage in this section of the state will run into the millions, it was estimated today.

Under the auspices of the Food Workers Section of the Trade Union Educational League, an election rally for the support of the platform and candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held on Friday, September 21st, 8 p. m. at the Manhattan Lyceum, 66 4th Street.

Catapult Planes from Liner at Sea

Two days have been clipped off the distance between the United States and Europe. The plane, above, carrying mails, was catapulted off the decks of the Ile de France and arrived in Boston Harbor tw odays before the liner. This new devise is being encouraged by governments as a method of perfecting aviation technique as a preparation for the coming imperialist war.

FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

FOSTER TOUR

Sunday, Sept. 16, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Sept. 17, Roslyn, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Sept. 18, Aberdeen, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Portland, Ore., Swiss Hall, 283½ Third St.

Friday, Sept. 21, San Francisco, Calif. Civic Auditorium, San Francisco.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Los Angeles, Calif., Whiting Woods, Rosemont, Calif.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, Salt Lake City, Utah, W. O. W. 168 S. W. Temple St., 2nd floor.

Thursday, Sept. 27, Denver, Colo. Tabernacle Hall, 20th & Lawrence Sts.

Friday, Sept. 28, Omaha, Neb. Son Theatre, 14th & Farnam Sts.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Kansas City, Mo. Musicians Auditorium, 1017 Washington St.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Chicago, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, St. Louis, Mo. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Oct. 3, Indianapolis, Ind. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Cincinnati, O. Final arrangements to be announced.

GITLOW TOUR

Saturday, Sept. 15, Terre Haute, Ind. Final arrangemnts to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 16, St. Louis, Mo. Hibernian Hall, 3619 Finney Ave.

Monday, Sept. 17, Rock Island, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Duluth, Minn. Woodman Hall, corner 21st Ave. W. & 1st St.

Thursday, Sept. 20, Virginia, Minn. Small Auditorium, City Hall.

Saturday, Sept. 22, Bismarck, N. Dak. Paterson Hall at McKenzie Hotel, 422 Main St.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Stanley, N. Dak. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Sept. 24, Plentywood, Mont. Farmer Labor Temple, Plentywood.

Wednesday, Sept. 26, Great Falls, Mont. Final arrangements to be announced.

Friday, Sept. 28, Spokane, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, Portland, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Oct. 2, Astoria, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Oakland, Calif. Final arrangements to be announced.

200 Workers Escape Death by Burning as Ship Cargo Explodes

The lives of more than 200 seamen and stevedores were endangered when a cargo of nitrate of soda exploded and tore a hole in the steamship Aconcagua, moored at Harrison Street, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon. The cotton stored in the ship immediately caught fire and the 12 men working in the hold barely escaped with their lives.

Nitrate of Soda, subject to explosion by spontaneous combustion is handled by the stevedores and seamen without any precautions being provided. The soda ignited spontaneously and the whole ship was soon ablaze endangering buildings and workers along the docks.

FRENCH AIRPLANE FORCE PERFECTED FOR FUTURE WAR

British War Minister Aids Maneuvers

PARIS, Sept. 14.—While talk of useless disarmaments continues the French aerial authorities, following the lead of their British ally, will start aerial battles over Paris tomorrow morning in which 400 airplanes will participate and at which British experts will be present.

The maneuvers will continue for 48 hours, observed by the keen eye of Sir Samuel Hoare, British air minister, and a group of high-ranking British and French army officers. A theoretic attack on the city will be staged with the purpose of discovering weaknesses in the defensive as well as the offensive abilities of the French air force.

Many observors here point to these maneuvers as the further proof of the Franco-British alliance, which has many more implications than have been made public.

Labor Faker Dead

QUINCY, Mass., Sept. 14 (UP).—James Duncan, a former vice president of the American Federation of Labor, died at his home here today after a long illness.

He was president of the Granite Cutters' Association and had long been identified with labor activities. Duncan opposed William Green for the presidency of the A. F. of L. following the death of Samuel Gompers.

KILLED IN WAR MANEUVRES.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Sept. 14 (UP).—Cadet Gaynor Tostein, 23, Racine, Wis., was killed and Cadet Sheldon B. Yoder, Almont, Mich., was saved by his parachute at Kelly Field today when the planes they were piloting in practice military maneuvers collided approximately 7,000 feet from the ground.

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TOLSTOY---A REBEL ARTIST OUT OF PAST

By SOL AUERBACH.

"I renounced the life of my class, for I had come to confess that it was not a real life, only the semblance of one; that its superfluous luxury prevented the possibility of understanding life, and that in order to do so I must know, not an exceptional parasitic life, but the simple life of the working classes, the life which fashions that of the world, and gives it the meaning which the working classes accept. The simple laboring men around me were the Russian people, and I turned to this people and to the meaning which it gives to life."

Leo Tolstoy wrote this in "My Confessions," the book which marks the pivot point of his development, written after a brave and frank scrutiny of the life and ideas of his class and himself. He had come to that point in his life when such a serious and sincere nature as his own could no longer tolerate the meaningless and parasitic life of the Russian nobility. He had asked himself two questions: What is the end of all this pleasure seeking, this meaningless hopping from one pleasure to another, this continual life of passive acceptance without questioning of purpose and good? In this he saw nothing but decadence, death, decay, a palatial edifice of glass pleasures built upon the backs of the masses.

• • •

From the first question it was but a step to the second: If this life of personal pleasure means nothing, is useless, how then can I be of use to society? It is one thing to see the insignificance of the individual in the complex structure of society; it is quite another to substitute for the meaningless and decadent ideology of a parasitic class an all-embracing, healthy and constructive way of looking at things. In the masses Tolstoy saw a daily life of struggle and suffering, an existence rooted in the very soil of Russia, massive, bulky, sturdy as an oak, pushing out its branches and generating its sap in spite of the oppressive weeds of a czarist regime, and the sun-dimming painted windows of the church.

In a certain sense we can say that Tolstoy was class conscious and took his stand with the masses against the "noble" oppressors of czarist Russia. With the formulation of his point of view Tolstoy renounced the culture and institutions of his class. The art of what we would call the bourgeoisie was to him decadent, swimming in the juices of its own decayed body. He saw in it only a refined way of expressing "the feeling of pride, the feeling of sexual desire, and the feeling of weariness of life." Contrast this culture with the simple handicrafts and life of the working and peasant masses and one sees the difference between a life that will build the culture of the future and a life that is building its own coffin. "Free the slaves of capital, and it will be impossible to produce such refined art."

• • •

Although Tolstoy in one sense was class conscious—in a negative way by his denunciation of the life of a parasitic ruling class—he was not possessed of that class consciousness which is constructively revolutionary. His was the point of view of a rebel artist not of a proletarian revolutionist. His whole reaction to the miserable social conditions of Russia was that of a highly sensitive and realistic individual. In the Russian peasant he saw a patient acceptance of his lot, a chronic passivism, a restraining quietism, a deep religious sense. So great was Tolstoy's desire to achieve peace of mind in a life that served some purpose that he accepted these traits as a part of his philosophy, incorporating the bad nature of the Russian masses as well as the good. If he had been a more penetrating social philosopher, he would have seen that these traits were only transient and temporary, that they had been instilled into the masses as a means of defense against centuries of oppression. But Tolstoy's change was so emotional and so extreme, his desire to live the life of the masses so great, that he committed the fault that he had charged to the art of the ruling classes — he placed the beautiful above the "good." The simple words reputed to Christ and their docile ineffective acceptance by the toiling masses who sought relief in dreams when it could not be obtained any other way, was beautiful to the soil-rooted mind of Tolstoy. He preached passivism, simple religion, brotherhood of man, and sonship in God.

• • •

But while he failed in setting up an independent social philosophy of action—in his case inaction—his all-embracing view and his serious and persistent realism have made him one of Russia's greatest novelists. Between the covers of any of Tolstoy's books one can see the whole of Russian life of his day. He could dig into life and knew how to sort his findings in such a way as to give to his readers that intimate touch, that actual feel of people's lives that only great novelists can achieve. When he turned his gaze upon Russia he saw it all. His individual characterizations are masterpieces. His writing is lacking in meaningless "aesthetic" effects, he writes simply and directly, his words seems to be in direct contact with the lives of the people he pictures. Living through his sentences, you can see the pleasure-seeking nobleman, the more serious, groping, questioning, self-distrustful man of leisure, wandering through a life without purpose or aim. There is the peasant, toiling, living his simple life interspersed with sins and momentary pleasures, the army officer, the countess, the lovelorn aristocrat moving unalterably towards her doom. Always the troubles and problems of the masses, their toiling life used everywhere as a backdrop to the aimless life of the nobility. The petty officials, the bureaucrats, that drab curtain of the mind—the church, the oppressive hand of the czarist regime; his was a complete and realistic picture of the Russia of the czars. His view was wide, understanding, sympathetic, filled with social content.

Tolstoy stands as a great man of the past, a heritage of czarist Russia to the masses of the Soviet Union.

II.

A new spirit prevails in Tolstoy's land today. The centenary of the birth of one of old Russia's greatest novelists sees a workers' and peasants' government in power, the eyes of the working masses turned in the direction of a new ideal, the concentrated energy of its best men—directed towards the construction of a classless and just society. Czarist Russia has died. A new society and culture has taken its place.

Tolstoy himself said that the masses understand good art, that no training is needed to understand it. And the Russian masses have understood this master out of the past, in whose works are incorporated so much of their own experiences and suffering. The workers' and peasants' government has devoted the entire week to the celebration of the hundreth year of Tolstoy's life.

• • •

The Tolstoy jubilee committee has been working on the centenary celebration for the last few years. The celebration which has taken place in the Soviet Union during the last week is symptomatic of the spirit of the new society. Throughout the land the masses attended meetings and special performances where his life and work were described and some of his plays shown. The significance of Tolstoy the artist and Tolstoy the man was discussed and clarified. For on both scores, to a great extent, does Tolstoy belong to the masses of the Soviet Union. As a social rebel, denouncing the society of classes and its oppression of the laboring masses; as a great writer, one of the best of the old Russia. And the Soviet Union, contrary to the belief of its enemies and the viciously inacculate writer in last Sunday's New York Times, has not destroyed or renounced all that belonged to its ancestor. It has destroyed what is bad out of the old Russia and taken the good for its own use. That is always the privilege of a new society, and it can accomplish great things by a rational and good choice.

This celebration has not simply used the birth of Tolstoy to honor a dead statue, but has used it to educate the masses, to further instill the impetus for constructive work in the building of a socialist state. What greater honor could have been given to Tolstoy than to build a modern school dedicated to him in his village of Yasnaya Polyana, where children born in a new state will be trained in the principles of Communism. Or the building of a modern hospital and clinic to look after the health of the peasants in that vicinity where he wrote his novels. What could be more symptomatic than this honoring of a great novelist of Russia's past, of the unbreakable impetus to push ahead, to educate, to build a thriving and healthy culture on the basis of a healthy social organization.

• • •

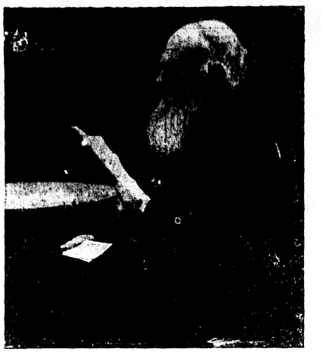
Enemies of the Soviet Union abound. There is a hostile capitalist world. But the Soviet Union uses its heritages of the past, creates new means, patiently continues it constructive work, carries on its own educational and cultural activities, is making out of itself the forerunner of a new world and a new international society. To the masses of tomorrow belong all the positive achievements of yesterday and today. The Soviet Union is collecting achievements out of the past to combine with its own achievements and safeguard them for the masses of the world. Tolstoy is one of the achievements out of the past and he has been adopted for the future.

Mexico to Ask U. S. for Obregon Plotters

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 14 (UP).—Judge Alonso Aznar Trejo asked the foreign relations department today to make further representations to the United States about the arrest of fugitive Mexicans wanted as suspects in the Obregon assassination.

Authorities believe Manuel Trejo and his companions are hiding in New York.

Tolstoy at Yasnaya Polyana



STORY OF RAILROADS

For Kids Who Ask No Questions

THE STORY OF THE RAILROADS—FOR NICE CHILDREN THE STORY OF TRANSPORTATION. Jeanette Eaton. Harper & Bros. $2.

Reviewed by WALT CARMON.

IN this attractive booklet for children, on a single story thread are beaded all the modes of transportation from the canoe of the Indian to the airplane. All of it is a most elementary scientific explanation in a fashion a child could not help but enjoy.

Unfortunately, the book is not as scientific in its explanation of the vital forces that prompt invention and scientific research. Nor is there added a word as to the part they play in our lives nor the world we live in. At times this limitation of the book is even amusing. For instance: the reason all cities do not have subways is that "it takes a great many people riding every day and paying out thousands and thousands of fares all the time to pay back to the city all it has spent to build these underground railroads." To the city? And after the people have paid and paid until they have paid in full? Then what? And why?

• • •

In one of the stories in "Fairy Tales For Workers' Children" by Herminia Zur Muhlen there is a little boy who is forever asking questions. He wants to know "why?" about everything. This youngster would prove a most uncomfortable one to the author who glibly skips over each step in the progress of transportation with a most unsatisfactory "because people wanted to go faster." Alright. Why? And what people?

• • •

The book opens a vision of a real service that could be performed for workers' children in another book on the subject which would answer every why of transportation progress. Why industry grew with the discovery of steam and electric power; why these made necessary new inventions; why trade expanded and how modern transportation brings the things that workers produce to foreign markets. Children will find no answer to questions like these here, tho the book is not without merit.

It is profusely illustrated in a nice fashion in keeping with the text. There is nothing in it to jar the Sunday school sensibilities of the most conservative teacher. It is a perfectly safe book. It is not as good as could have been written and as you will guess from this description (and price) it is not written especially for workers' children.

—WALT CARMON.

'White Lilacs' Chopin Operetta Opens at the Shubert Theatre

OF all the weaknesses with which genius is afflicted the greatest is supposed to be conceit. The narcissus complex is seen at its best in "White Lilacs", now playing at the Schubert Theatre with the noted funster and husband DeWolfe Hopper in a leading role. If Mr. Hopper's contribution to the evening's entertainment was confined to his little curtain speech between the second and third acts that alone would be worth the price of admission provided one could afford $5.50 for an orchestra seat.

The much-married Hopper however did not romp off with the lion's share of the honors. Those went undoubtedly to Oddette Myrtil who gavé an impersonation of the famous George Sand, that should please equally well an addict of the Ziegfeld Follies or a steady customer of Theatre Guild productions.

The operetta is based on the short-lived love affair between the great composer Frederick Chopin and Miss Sand. This critic is of the opinion that Guy Robertson in the Chopin role exhibited more prowess in wooing the famous love-novelist than tickling sweet notes from the piano. It must be admitted that his task was easy. Miss Sand fell for him like a cloud burst. Miss Myrtil however kept the eyes and ears of the audience busy and tho at times she seemed to be scanning the seats for a missing angel, and paying more attention to the bald heads in the front row than to the sensitive Chopin, her formance more than atoned for any deficiency in the piano playing.

Great men came into George Sand's life simply to be smitten, with two exceptions, her publisher and a singer named Luselle. The publisher, played by Hopper, was about as artistic as a floorwalker and the singer had room in his heart for only one love and that he lavished on himself.

Others who contributed to the gayety of the evening were Ernest Lawford as Heinrich Heine, and Charles Croker-King as Meyerbeer. Heine, Meyerbeer and the publisher are good for lively small talk while George Sand is resting between tricks or changing from male attire to the rather generous female covering of other days. We can imagine the envy of would-be authors in the audience as the lady turned out a novel with a few saratches of her pen, between spasms of emotion, while the silence of the country atmosphere was broken by the crowing of roosters and the lowing of cows.

Among the impressions the visitor takes away from "White Lilacs" is that the life of a genius is spent between fits of melancholy brightened by briefs doses of exhiliration, also that artists spend most of their moments boosting their own stocks. Such people are beloved by all the world excepting their unfortunate mates.

Incidentally a Hopper gag is worth recording. It is about the monkey who sighed when he ran into a revived ancient: "This is my own, my native gland."

The operetta is from the German original of Sigurs Johannsen, book and lyrics adapted by Harry B. Smith with music by Karl Hajos. It is jazzed up to suit the machine age.

—T. J. O'F.

"NEWLY RICH" TO OPEN FOLKS THEATRE.

Misha and Lucy Gehrman, noted Yiddish stage team, will be co-starred by Jack Revenger in "Newly Rich" a Jewish comedy drama by Z. Libin, which will inaugurate the new Yiddish Folks Theatre on Second Avenue and 12th Street tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. Gehrman are supported in the new play by Bella Finkel, recently of "Four Walls," Anna Apple, Yudel Dubinsky, Isidore Cashir, M. and Sarah Skulnick, Wolf Goldfadden, Rebecca Weintraub annd Jacob Goldstein. The Yiddish Folks Theatre (formerly the Yiddish Art) is the latest addition to the string of Jewish Playhouses on Second Avenue.

BRITISH FILM OPENS AT CAMEO THEATRE.

The Film Arts Guild will present today the world premiere of "Q Ships," an English production of the New Era Company, which is an epic of the seas. "Q Ships" tells for the first time the story of the mystery ships and their work in conflict with the German U-Boats during the war. "Q Ships" was produced with the official sanction of the British admiralty.

RESCUE MISSING FLYERS.

PLYMOUTH, England, Sept. 14 (UP).—Commander Louis Demouget and two companions, lost in a ship-to-shore mail plane from the liner Ile De France, have been rescued at sea.

FORSEES A STATIC WAGE-SLAVE UTOPIA

A THEORY OF THE LABOR MOVEMENT By Selig Perlman, Ph. D. Macmillan Co. 1928.

Reviewed by JOHN L. SHERMAN.

THE mind of the American bourgeoise is coming of age. This is the explanation of the rapidly accumulating storehouse of conjecture and reflection upon the social process and the labor movement. The early history of the labor movement in the United States and even of social development itself is astonishingly devoid of theory. Events followed so rapidly on the heels of one another that there was no pause for thought. Reflection follows upon the conflict with obstacles. When the going is fairly unhampered there is but little call for the action of the "mind." The question "Whither?" is a product of struggle. The mind of the American business class is beginning to mature.

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It is necessary to examine the new theories of the labor movement and of the social process against the background here suggested. Only against such a curtain will their true perspective be seen.

Before the war, labor was militant, now it is cooperative. This was the testimony of W. Jett Lauck so-called labor economist, at a hearing before the American Bar Association last winter. The same estimate—probably even the phrase was filched—was made by Evans Clark in his review of "Labor Dynamics" by J. B. S. Hardman and others in the New York Times.

Now, it is, of course, not true that "labor," by which they mean the official labor movement was militant before the war. What is true and significant in this statement is that the officialdom of labor before the war still maintained the pretense of militancy; that now it has consciously abandoned even the gesture of struggle and has taken over officially the policy of "cooperation" with the employers.

The value of Prof. Perlman's book is that it carries out to its conclusion the logic of the position adopted by the new school of theorists. Of course, Mr. Hardman will not "accept" all the conclusions drawn by the learned professor of the University of Wisconsin. Calhoun, Saposs Muste and the others of what might be called the "left wing" of the class callaborationists, would seek a middle ground between out and out class collaboration and the "dogma" of the class struggle; yet the very method of their approach to the labor struggle, the so-called pragmatic attitude of which they are so fond, forces them finally and "in the long run" to ACT as if the struggle were not even in existence. It then remains only for Mr. Perlman to come along with his conclusion that there is no struggle at all. The fight against theory and dogma completes itself with the adoption of a theory insipid and shameful.

• • •

"Twenty years ago," Perlman confides, "the author of this book like most of his college generation in Russia professed the theory of the labor movement found in Marxian classics. . ."

Fortunately the spirit, of which the professor later makes much of led him to America. "By an unusual stroke of good luck the author joined the research staff of Professor John R. Commons." Then the light dawned. Perlman learned "the method of deducing labor theory from the concrete and crude experience . . .of sweat shop bosses 'scabs,' strikers, merchant capitalists and manufacturers."

And what is this new empirical theory in which, as he boasts, "the Hegelian dialetic nowhere occurs nor is cognizance taken of labor's 'historical mission'?"

The worker is and will ultimately remain only "job conscious." He has none of those ultimate aspirations which comprise "the faith of the revolutionist." The trade union leader alone best understands the road for labor to travel for he sees the worker as he really is and must be, seeking nothing higher than to secure the essentials of life and aspiring only to climb towards "a civilized level of existence for ones self and ones dependents." (Page 200).

"There are, and by and large three basic economic philosophies," Perlman says, "the manual laborers', the business men's and the intellectuals'. . .

"In an economic community there is a separation between those who prefer a secure, though modest return—that is to say a mere livelihood—and those who play for big stakes and are willing to assume risk in proportion. The first compose the great bulk of manual workers of every description. . . while the latter are, of course, the "entrepeneurs, and the big business men . . ."

The worker, we are told is instinctively aware of his own shortcomings, he is aware of his own inate inferiority and "this scarcity consciousness has always been typical of the manual worker." The business man, 'on the contrary, is an eternal optimist."

All the errors of the intellectual (by whom he means the revolutionist) arise out of his failure to understand what is really on the worker's mind. So the intellectual, the Marxist, is not actually the social scientist, he professes to be but a dealer in abstractions, unable "to withstand an unrush of overpowering social mysticism."

The pragmatist sees that there is really a "parity of the classes" in society that there is an emerging "spirit of cooperation" by which the struggle of the workers is to be decided rather than by the force of numbers.

There is really no basis for the theory of sharpening class struggle. Labor is developing towards a "stable job consciousness." Capitalism is developing from a "demand and supply capitalism to a welfare capitalism."

And what is the outcome of this new and pragmatic insight?

"In a nutshell the problem of American unionism today is, first, how to dispel the hostility of the employer." This can best be accomplished through the spirit of cooperation.

Finally we have the logical conclusion and perspective of this theory of the labor movement. Labor will become "institutionalized" "The likelihood of that spirit of cooperation developing in unionism increases in the measure that its position in industry approaches a security rooted in institutionalism."

• • •

Yes, this means the company union! And this is the final outcome of heroic pragmatism: the permanency of the company union!

It would be gratutitous to point out that these gentlemen really have not the faintest perception of the real nature of the social process going on; they fall to se that what they call "labor" cannot be understood apart from its dynamic relations to the whole social system; that the pragmatic method however desirable as a tool can never of itself lead to scientific insight.

But even their own pragmatic method confutes them: The bosses almost without exception (and not less and less so, but more and more so) reject "the spirit of cooperation" which the good pragmatists urge upon labor alone!

Does anyone seriously believe that the coal barons, the textile lords, the steel kings are really "falling for" this good-will hokum? Anyone who pretends to know what is going on in the labor movement who believes this is already in a bug house needing only the pragmatic test to verify the fact.

In a nutshell "cooperation" is meant only for the workers. The bosses have their own good methods in the class struggle which they have no intention of abandoning.

Soviet Union to Film Scenario in Mongolia

THE "Belgoskino," the state film company of the Ruthenian Soviet Republic, has sent three expeditions to Mongolia to film a scenario in the Siberian city of Werchneudinsk, with a political plot built around a descendant of Chingis-kan, the Mongolian conqueror, according to a report to the Department of Commerce by Trade Commissioner George R. Canty, in Paris recently.

The report contains a detailed description of current developments and plans in the motion picture industry and Europe.

The "Belogskinio" has considerably expanded its production and recently transferred it to Leningrad where a new studio will be build. The company has just completed a new film entitled "In a Large Town" directed by Auerbach and Donskoj. The film is a description of two tendencies among working youth.

Gardin, manager of Sovkino, has been engaged by "Belgoskino," and is now at work on a film on Chinese life, it is announced.

The Soviet film industry, according to the report, has lately produced a large number of satirical films on various aspects of life in the U. S. S. R. "Don Diego and Pelageja," produced by Mejrabpem-Rouss, is meeting with considerable success. Sovkino has now completed another film of this sort, entitled, "The Chinese Mill" (directed by A. Lewischin).

IN "LUCKEE GIRL."

Doris Vinton is one of the principals in the new musical show "Luckee Girl" which is scheduled to open at the Cameo Theatre tonight.

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5129	Er, der Herrlichste von Allen
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	F
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3219	Weaner Madl'n (Girls of Vienna)
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Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Levestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

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Workers (Communist) Party, Issues Call for "Negro Week" Sept. 17-23

BALLAM URGES FULL SUPPORT OF MEMBERSHIP

Negro Speakers Will Address Units

The week beginning Monday, September 17, to Sunday, September 23, inclusive, will be "Negro Week" in District 2, Workers (Communist) Party, John J. Ballam, acting district organizer of the district, announced in a statement issued yesterday.

Each unit will hold a discussion upon the Party's Negro program and platform during that week. Negro speakers will be assigned to lead this discussion in as many units as possible.

Urge Special Drive.

"The purpose of Negro Week," says the statement, "is to concentrate the attention of each unit on the Negro problems, so that all comrades are alert to the utilization of all possible Negro contacts. In unions where we have an influence a special drive should be made to draw in Negroes. Connections should be made with groups of Negroes in various trades (elevator runners, porters, building trades, needle trades, laundry, longshoremen, etc.).

Our open-air meetings should emphasize the problem. Efforts should be made to distribute the Party's special leaflet on lynching. These can be ordered through the District Office.

Need Full Support.

"The fullest support must be given by every comrade to the drives for the support of Negro work. The Negro work is an opportunity and a test for our Party, which is the Party of the oppressed Negro masses. The response of the Negro workers in giving signatures and in open-air street meetings is most encouraging. They are coming to our Party by scores. Let each comrade do his utmost to further intensify this campaign which must win thousands of Negro workers for our Party.

"Negro Week will wind up with a dance at 461 Lenox Ave., Saturday, September 22. Comrades should avail themselves of this opportunity to show their solidarity with the Negro workers."

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

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Waukegan Workers Party.

The Waukegan, Illinois, Young Workers (Communist) League will hold its International Youth Day celebration today, September 15, starting at 8 p. m. Dancing after program and speaking. Minnie Lurye of Chicago will be the main speaker. To be held at Workers Hall, 517 Helmholz Ave.

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Chicago Social and Concert

A very interesting social and concert will be held on Saturday, September 22, at 7:30 p. m. in the Freiheit Hall, 3301 W. Roosevelt Road, under the joint auspices of Section 4 of the Workers Party, the Young Workers League and the Pioneers. The program promises to be an especially good one. Admission 25c.

Collection for Strikers.

The Young Workers League of Baltimore will hold a house to house collection tomorrow at which all comrades are urged to participate.

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Chicago Anti-War Demonstration.

On September 23 at Ashland Auditorium, a mass demonstration against capitalist militarism will be held under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League. Besides prominent speakers, an attractive program containing playlets, music and other attractions is being arranged.

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Milwaukee Youth Day.

Milwaukee Youth will celebrate International Youth Day tomorrow night 8 p. m., at Liberty Hall, Eighth and Walnut Sts. Elaborate musical program and speakers from Chicago will address the assembled workers.

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Youth Day in Detroit.

The Young Workers (Communist) League will celebrate International Youth Day with a mass demonstration against the danger of war tomorrow, September 16th, 3 p. m., at Carpenters Hall, 935 Alger near Oakland. Admission 35c, including a 3 month sub to the Young Worker free. An attractive program which includes athletics and folk dancing has been prepared. Prominent speakers will address the meeting.

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International Youth Day.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Grand Rapids, Mich., will celebrate International Youth Day by holding a mass meeting and dance. The affair will be held at Son's Hall, 1057 Hamilton Ave., today, September 15, at 7:30 p. m.

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Chicago TUEL Picnic.

The Chicago Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual picnic tomorrow at Kolze's Electric Park, 6352 W. Irving Park Blvd. Directions: Take any car to Irving Park Blvd., transfer to Irving Park Blvd., car to park.

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Philadelphia Meetings.

The following open-air meetings will be held in Philadelphia:

Today, September 15, 7th & Snyder Ave. Filiani and League speaker.

Today, September 15: Kensington and Orleans. Thomas and Ovrutsky.

Today, September 15: Germantown and Silver St. Herman and League speaker.

Today, Sept. 15: 29th and Cumberland. Benjamin and Bender.

Monday, Sept. 17: Marshall and Girard. Mozer and Lemley.

Tuesday, Sept. 18: [illegible] and Thompson. Olken and Miller.

Tuesday, Sept. 18: Broad and Castle. Benjamin and [illegible].

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Youth Day Meetings.

The following International Youth Day celebrations will be held in the Superior sub-district of the Young Workers (Communist) League:

Superior, Wis., Sept. 16. Workers Hall.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 16. Workers Opera.

Cloquet, Minn., Sept. 16. Workmen's Hall.

Eben Junction, Mich., Sept. 15-16.

Lawler, Minn., Sept. 16.

Nashwauk, Minn.

Ewen, Mich., [illegible] Crossing Hall.

Markham, Minn., Sept. 15.

Oulu, Wis., Sept. 16.

Herbster, Wis., Sept. 16.

Mass, Mich., Cherry Workers Hall, Sept. 16.

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International Youth Day.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Washington, D. C., will celebrate International Youth Day Sunday, Sept. 23, at 1337 Seventh St., N. W. A well known speaker will address the meeting. A musical program has been arranged, to be followed by dancing. Admission is 25 cents, including a three months' subscription to the Young Worker free.

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Anti-War Meet.

In St. Louis an anti-war mass meeting will be held at Jeffla Hall, Jefferson and Lafayette avenue, on September 23, at 8.00 p. m. This meeting is being held by the Young Workers (Communist) League in celebrating International Youth Day. Interesting speakers, violin recital, string orchestra, playlet are some of the features. Admission is 25 cents, which includes a two months' subscription to the Young Worker. The unemployed will be admitted free.

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Open Air Meetings.

The following open-air meetings are being held in Cincinnati by the Workers (Communist) Party:

Tuesdays, Hopkins and Freeman Aves.; Wednesdays, Clinton and Central Aves.; Fridays, Springrove and Straight Sts.; Saturdays, Court and Vine Sts. Speakers, L. A. Weeks and H. M. Foster.

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Hold Party.

The Young Workers (Communist) League, anthracite subdistrict, will celebrate the Pioneer Leaders' class by having a party and social today at the subdistrict headquarters, 206 S. Main St., Wilkes Barre, Pa., at 8.30 p. m. Admission is 25 cents. The Pioneer Leaders' Class will take place today and tomorrow during the day, where workers from all parts of the anthracite will come together to learn how to organize the working class children.

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Working Youth Conference.

The Working Youth Conference of Philadelphia will take place today and tomorrow at Grand Fraternity Hall, 1626 Arch St. All unions, youth organizations, and young workers from shops are invited to send delegates.

A dance will be held tonight at Grand Fraternity Hall in honor of the delegates to the conference. Admission is 50 cents. Refreshments will be served.

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International Youth Day.

An International Youth Day meeting will be held today in New Haven, Conn., at the Labor Lyceum, 38 Howe St., under the auspices of District 15, Young Workers (Communist) League.

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Weekly Sales.

Beginning Wednesday, Sept. 19, the Workers Co-operative Association of Detroit will run weekly Red Star Sales on Wednesday nights at its store at 6020 14th Street.

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Youth Day in Hancock, Mich.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Hancock, Mich., will celebrate International Youth Day tomorrow night at the Labor Hall Kansankoti. The program will include musical numbers, speeches and poems.

• • •

Philadelphia Youth Day.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Philadelphia will celebrate International Youth Day September 28 with a mass meeting at Grand Fraternity Hall, 1628 Arch Street. A special musical and choral program will be offered.

COOLIDGE, OTHER JINGOES FIGHT FOR A BIG NAVY

Use Franco-British War Pact as Excuse

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14. — Following a discussion between President Coolidge, Secretary Kellogg, and Wilbur, secretary of the navy, on the Franco-British naval pact, it was announced that the navy will urge the passage of the fifteen-cruiser bill now pending before the senate naval committee.

Much consternation has been felt in Washington over the naval pact, which has been kept secret, and which is interpreted by naval experts here as a move against the United States being prepared for the Geneva disarmament conference, which is to meet in some indefinite time in the future. Much fear is also felt over the virtual control of the Atlantic and eastern waters which would result by the pooling of the British and French forces and the protection of their mutual interests.

Conferences will take place during the course of the week between the secretary of the navy, naval experts and admirals, Kellogg, Coolidge and Borah. The discussion of the 15-cruiser bill and the Kellogg-Briand pact to "outlaw war" will most probably be the chief questions for discussion at the next session of the senate.

7 KILLED IN CRASH.

GARY, Ind., Sept. 14 (UP).—Seven persons were killed and another was injured, probably fatally, when a Grand Trunk freight train crashed into an automobile at a grade crossing.

U. S. S. R. Aids Visits of Americans, World Tourists Declares

There are many difficulties in the way of the tourist desirous of entering the Soviet Union, according to Milton Goodman, manager of World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave., authorized Russian travel agency here.

"All persons, whether American citizens or not, are being accepted as tourists to Russia, provided they have not participated in counter-revolutionary activities against the Soviet government," said Goodman yesterday.

Group visas, he said, are assured each tourist by Rusturist, official Russian tourist department, which organization agrees to secure extension of visas for members of World Tourist parties desiring to remain in Russia after the completion of their tour in order to visit friends and relatives. Separate individual visas to enter Russia alone, apart from tourist groups, will not be granted except under unusual conditions and then only by special arrangement.

"All groups of tourists sent over by World Tourists," Goodman said, "are accompanied while in the Soviet Union by guides speaking both English and Russian who aid in sightseeing and travel tours. This interpreter and guide service is free," Goodman said.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 14.—While the largest bloc in the congress is supporting Emilio Portes Gil, secretary of the interior, as its candidate for provisional president of Mexico, newspapers report that Aaron Saenz, governor of Nuevo Leon, will be a candidate at the regular elections in 1929.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

GOVERNMENT IN AUSTRALIA WARS ON DOCK STRIKE

Dock Workers Tie-Up Many Ports

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Sept. 14 (UP)—The commonwealth arbitration board announced today that a waterside strike exists.

The announcement leaves the ship-owners free to supply non-union labor to move ships tied up by the refusal of dock laborers to work. The men objected to a ruling of the board involving a "split day" of work.

Bronx Fraternal and Labor Organizations Hold Meet Sunday

The Bronx fraternal, sick and death benefit, mutual aid and labor organizations will meet in conference this Sunday afternoon at 2 p. m. at 1472 Boston Road to discuss ways and means of furthering the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The conference was called by Section 5, the Bronx section of the Workers (Communist) Party, of which J. Yakovlieff is organizer. Calls were sent to the Bronx workers' organizations, inviting them to elect two delegates each to the conference. All other Bronx workers' organizations who have not received official invitations are also urged to send delegates.

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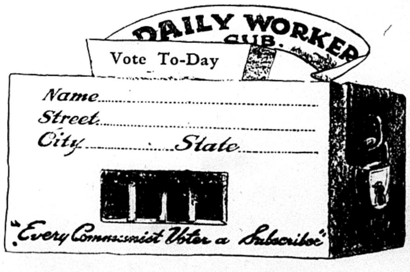

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭	☒	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!
For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

International Youth Day.

During the first imperialist war, when millions of the youth and young manhood of the earth were being slaughtered in behalf of the capitalist powers, the first International Youth Day was observed. Born out of the catastrophic conditions of the war and as a protest against the wholesale destruction of human life, the movement from the first involved a mighty struggle against imperialism, characterized by audacious demonstrations in the very strongholds of the war mongers.

But at the same time it was also characterized by certain limitations—demands for struggles against all wars, a lack of understanding of revolutionary wars, campaigns against military training, pacifist illusions—limitations that were inevitable when we consider the social democratic ground upon which the movement first struck roots. The lessons of that war and of the Bolshevik revolution in the land of the former Russian czars had a profound effect upon the youth movement. In the years that have passed since 1915, when International Youth Day was first celebrated, the half measures have given way and today, in a period of preparation for another imperialist world war, the movement is strongly imbued with the revolutionary teachings of Lenin. The propaganda for boycotting military training has given way to revolutionary determination to fight to turn the weapons placed in the hands of the armed forces by the imperialist masters upon those same war mongers and their governments.

Of special significance to the youth of America is this International Youth Day that is being observed throughout the United States during the next few days, occurring, as it does, at a time when the imperialist powers of the United States through its Kellogg pact and other maneuvers is endeavoring to place itself in the very forefront of the world reaction. One of the major tasks of the revolutionary youth movement is relentlessly to expose the malignancy of the "peace" offensive of American imperialism, to show that the Kellogg pact is but the culmination of a whole series of aggressive acts by the Wall Street government calculated to displace British imperialism as the leader of the political reaction of the world. The peace pact is only a prelude to the next world conflagration wherein will be placed before the youth of the world, amidst the thunder and lightning of a world war, the question of dying like dogs in behalf of the imperialist bandits, or following the revolutionary Leninist line of turning the imperialist war between nations into a civil war against capitalism.

Tonight at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th Street and Irving Place, the working class youth will celebrate International Youth Day, and within the next week there will be a whole series of demonstrations throughout the country.

Let this day be utilized further to intensify the agitation against pacifist illusions, against the miserable lackeys of imperialism in the ranks of the socialist party who preach pacifism to the masses and who are the worst enemies in the labor movement of the working class. Let it be a day for an intensification of revolutionary organizational work in the ranks of the armed forces of the imperialists, of organizational work in the industries, particularly the war industries of the country, so that when again the first blast of the trumpets of war sounds there will be countless thousands of young workers that will rush to their posts of duty and begin preparations for the revolutionary upheavals that must inevitably rise out of such a war.

Al Smith, Drunk or Sober.

The reptile capitalist press, particularly that section of it that supports the democratic party candidates in this campaign, is in a frenzy of indignation in response to the latest crude publicity stunt pulled off by the Al Smith forces. A certain letter alleged to have contained statements that Smith was "disgustingly drunk" at a New York State fair and said to have been written by a Syracuse gossip to a West Virginia gossip is the cause of the frenzy.

The letter, however, has mysteriously disappeared. No one knows what happened to it. But the vague rumors regarding its one time existence furnished the Smith publicity forces with an opportunity for "refuting" the "lie" in a manner calculated to appeal to maudlin sentimentality.

Smith's forces induced a republican politician to issue a statement to the effect that on the date Smith is accused of having been drunk he was sober. In fact the republican politician declared he did not even suspect that the democratic candidate for president had even one drink. Thus, in place of discussion of political issues we have piffle, instead of meeting the problems that face the masses of the country we are surfeited with drivel.

The question of the degree of drunkeness of Smith on the occasion mentioned or at any other time or place is not a burning issue and only the veriest dolts will consider it such. Furthermore a candidate or a Party that dared to discuss real issues would never sink to the level of replying to backstairs gossip, say nothing of inventing it as was obviously done in this case so that the public could read about the alleged trenscendent virtues of a candidate in the daily press.

Such devices only emphasize the deliberate policy of both the republican and democratic parties of evading issues that press for solution, such as unemployment, the danger of imperialist war, recognition of the Soviet Union, the right of workers to organize and strike, and the use of injunctions against labor.

The one party that places before the working class the real political situation and offers a solution for the ills from which the exploited workers and farmers suffer is the Workers (Communist) Party.

We discuss political issues, but we also realize that individuals personify certain definite tendencies and it is certainly laughable to see the defenders of Al Smith feign indignation because he was accused of having been drunk. One who was spawned in that cesspool of vice, corruption, gangsterism, hoodlumism and prostitution known as Tammany Hall and is now annexed to the Morgan financial interests as well as being a darling of the Roman religious machine, itself always a vicious tool of reaction, certainly cannot be expected to pass for what the sentimentalists call a paragon of soberness and virtue. We expose the political role of the capitalist politicians and the parties they represent in order that the workers may come to hold them in contempt and we also expose their debaucheries as symbolic of the class corruption they represent.

Al Smith, drunk or sober, is a dangerous enemy of the working class.

Just as Norman Thomas or Herbert Hoover, sober or drunk, are enemies of the working class.

They are lackeys of capitalism—all.

Vote in your class interests!

Vote Communist!

The Crimes of a "Labor Boss."

Mr. Theodore N. Brandle, the "labor boss" of the Jersey City building trades unions, who utilizes his position to smash trade unions, break strikes and make money for himself as head of a structural steel builders' association, "labor" bank president and real estate operator, is reported as being in trouble with the law.

The trouble won't be much. Mr. Brandle is rich. He is an enemy of the working class, and a half of his business activity is that of destroying the labor movement; so we are sure the law of the capitalist state has no snares for him.

But what is the crime said to be charged against Brandle? Registering as a democrat and voting republican! We shall not get excited about the little trick played on one capitalist party for the benefit of another.

What is the real crime of this peddler of the workers' blood?

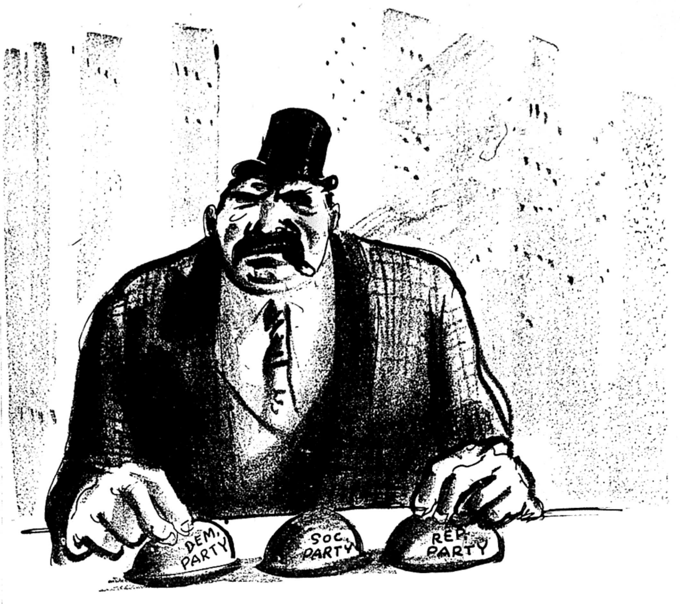
Brandle is a vicious enemy of the working class not only in his mercenary operations in the trade unions, but also for his foul trade of inducing workers to vote for their class enemies in either or both of the capitalist political parties. And this is a crime for which he will not be punished by any capitalist court. This is his real crime.

Throw out the parasites and swindlers of the working class within the labor movement!

Vote for your own working class party—the Workers (Communist) Party!

THE OLD SHELL GAME

By Fred Ellis



Role of Revolutionary Youth

By P. FRANKFELD

Youth Day Organized 13 Years Ago to Fight Against Imperialist War

September 3, 1915, the first International Youth Day was celebrated. September 3, 1915, Europe was in the throes of an imperialist war. Millions of workers and young workers from England, France, Germany, Russia, and other countries, were being maimed and killed on the battlefield. These workers and young workers were fighting the war of the allied imperialist bandits against the German imperialist robbers.

The working class of Europe was helped to this slaughter by the actions of the social-democratic parties, who supported, respectively, their "own fatherlands." The Second International became a pliant and willing tool in the hands of the imperialists.

Role of Revolutionary Youth.

The revolutionary youth leagues, however, did not fall in line and support the imperialist war. The revolutionary youth leagues, which Liebknecht had helped to organize, fought against the policy of betrayal of the social-democratic parties. The Socialist Youth International, organized in Stuggart in 1907, with the activve participation of Karl Liebknecht, was always in the left in the parties. The reasons were, firstly, that the young workers were one of the most exploited sections of the working class. This the social-democratic leaders refused to understand. They represented the interests of the aristocracy of labor workers. They refused at first to even consider the question of organizing a revolutionary youth movement. They saw in the youth a source of revolutionary energy and a source of struggle against their opportunism. How well their expectations were fulfilled!

Fight Militarism.

The second reason was the fact that from the very beginning of the socialist youth movement it followed the revolutionary leadership of Liebknecht. Liebknecht was a steady opponent of capitalist militarism. Liebknecht imbued them with a spirit of struggle against capitalism and capitalist militarism. When the betrayal came in 1914, and when Liebknecht, Luxenbourg, Lenin, and the rest of the Russian Bolsheviks fought against the Second International, it was to be expected that the revolutionary youth would do the same.

With the aid of Liebknecht, the Berne conference of the socialist youth leagues was organized. There the slogans of Liebknecht of fight against the imperialist war was adopted. Although the slogans adopted were not the slogans of Lenin—of turning the imperialist war into a civil war of the classes, yet, in substance, the Berne conference condemned most categorically the actions of the Second International; called for a militant struggle against the imperialist war, and went to the length of deciding to hold open mass demonstrations of the youth as a sign of protest against the imperialist war.

Thirteen years later, in 1928, in France several days ago, 800 Communists and Young Communists are arrested for holding an I. Y. D. demonstration. Thirteen years after 1915, in America, the masses of young workers are being prepared both ideologically and actually for the next world war. At the same time that half a billion dollars is appropriated for military purposes in a period of one year; at the same time that 35,000 young workers and students complete their education in "citizenship" in the capitalist military training camps, when the R. O. T. C., the National Guard, the dozens of semi-military and military institutions are being crowded by young workers who are attracted to them, at the same time the representatives of the Wall Street government are signing fake peace pacts in Paris.

Hypocritical Pacts.

The Kellogg "peace" pact bears the same relation to the present situation that the Hague Peace Tribunal bore to the last world war. It is an attempt to give the masses a false sense of security. It is a smoke screen to hide the feverish preparations that are being made for the next war. The antagonisms between the leading imperialist powers wax stronger. The intrigues amongst themselves and against each other shows the nearness of the next war, and the whole falsity of the Kellogg "peace act". The naval accord between France and England is an indication of that, and America's uneasiness about the accord shows that America is on guard against British imperialism and watches closely its every action.

These pacifist slogans and phrases are the greatest enemy of the working class. The false sense of "security" of the masses today will make them easily pliant tomorrow when the war comes. Pacifism must be taught that it is in the in- working class and the working class and working youth must be made watchful; must be put on guard; mus the taught that it is in the interests of the working class to learn the use of firearms during this period of active war preparation; so that when the next war comes; the workers will be able to turn the imperialist war into a war of emancipation of the working class.

13 Years Experience.

The revolutionary youth movement of today well understands its tasks. It has the experience of 13 years behind it. The Young Communist Leagues inherited those revolutionary traditions of the Berne conference of 1915. The Communist Youth League of America, is learning and has participated in the preliminary work of mobolizing during this period and educating the working youth to its mission. The Communist Youth League has carried on a real struggle against the various forms of capitalist militarism—and that is still only the beginning.

Mass Meeting, September 14.

The Young Workers Communist League of New York will celebrate the 13th anniversary of IYD by holding a mass meeting in Irving Plaza. This will take place the 14th of September, Friday night, at 8 p. m. The League will draw the lessons of its summer work in the CMTC's. The League will explain its attitude towards capitalist wars. The League will help to mobolize masses of young workers against the growing war danger, against the possible fight against the Soviet Union on the part of the imperialist war powers; prepare the youth to be ready to defend their socialist fatherland, "Soviet Union", teach the young workers their duties in the next world war.

This International Youth Day will be made into a youth celebration in the fullest sense of the term. The program, the speakers' arrangements, etc., have that objective in mind.

Young workers and working class students. All class conscious workers will be in Irving Plaza Hall, Friday night, Sept. 14th, to participate in the IYD celebration.

The Communist Campaign in California

By WM. SCHNEIDERMAN.

Three Weeks to Get 12,000 Signatures; Fight Johnson, Fake "Progressive"

The Party is entering the election campaign in California under exceptionally difficult conditions.

The election machinery of the state is so organized as to make it almost impossible for a working-class party to get on the ballot. The only way that we can get Communist candidates on the ballot this year is by running them as independents, and our campaign must be so organized that the workers will understand that these candidates are the respresentatives of the only working-class party in America. The Party is given the short period of three weeks to gather 12,000 signatures to place Foster, Gitlow, and Anita Whitney on the ballot.

California is a traditionally republican state. Senator Hiram Johnson has led the so-called "progressive" wing of the party, which was in conflict with the more reactionary elements led by the Los Angeles Times and the open-shop Industrial Association. The A. F. of L. leaders in the state therefore had a good excuse to support Johnson and the republican party as long as he controlled it. Johnson, the jailer of Mooney and Billings, was a "friend of labor."

Unmask Johnson.

But recent developments have unmasked Johnson and the misleaders of labor in their real role. A political bargain was struck, whereby Johnson agreed to support Hoover in return for the united republican support of the state for his own reelection to the senate, and peace reigned in the happy family of the republican party. We now witness the spectacle of Johnson, the Los Angeles Times, and the Industrial Association receiving the political support of the California labor movement. Those labor officials who balked at supporting Hoover, are out for Tammany Hall's Al Smith.

The socialist party in California, at its recent state convention in Los Angeles, showed how politically and organizationally bankrupt it really is. In the fight to free Mooney and Billings, in the campaign against the vicious Criminal Syndicalist Law, in the Hands-Off-China campaign in San Francisco, in every workers struggle in the state, the socialist party was either silent or gave direct and indirect support to the enemies of the working-class. In California it has even less of a working-class base than in other parts of the country.

Fight Exploitation.

It is left only to the Communist Party to enter this campaign on a working class basis. The invasion of the open shop in the once-strongly-organized sections, the exploitation of woman and child-labor in fruit and cotton picking, and in the packing and canning industries, the double exploitation of the Negroes, Mexicans, Chinese, Japanese, and Filipinos, the war-clouds on the Pacific Ocean, and the general worsening of the conditions of labor in California are immediate issues which we can link up with the Communist program of organizing and leading the workers' struggle against the capitalist system.

The recent State Nominating Convention has nominated the following candidates which we are trying to place on the ballot, in addition to the presidential and vice-presidential candidates, Foster and Gitlow: For U. S. Senator, Anita Whitney; for Congress, Congressional District No. 10 (Los Angeles), Mary Ostrow; for 29th State Assembly District, Emanuel Levin, (San Francisco); 26th Assembly District (San Francisco), James Butler; Assembly District 36 (Oakland), J. Reed; Assembly District, 39, (Oakland), H. Davidson, a Negro worker; Assembly Dist. 40 (Berkeley), M. Shannamon; Assembly District 45 (San Jose), Cora Wilson; Assembly District 66 (Los Angeles Arthur Dick.

Workers and Farmers! Support your Party! Vote Communist!

MEXICAN SUFFRAGETS

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 13 (UP).—Mexican women have organized a branch of the anti-reelectionist party with the object of promoting nation-wide equal suffrage.

Told You So

NO doubt about it, this is a land of opportunity. John Coolidge, son of Cal the Fisherman, walked into the office of the president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad and got a job at $30 a week. Not bad for a start. What a coming salesman this young lad must be! If he ever gets into the "right off the boat" business he will clean up a fortune unless he mistakes a prohibition agent for a customer and not merely a consumer. On top of his good luck in landing a job it is rumored that Miss Trumbull, daughter of the governor of the state of Connecticut, will soon make the announcement that she intends to marry the young [illegible] He doesn't even have to ask.

T. J. O'Flaherty

* * *

WHILE on this interesting subject of golden opportunities, the whereabouts of Mr. Osborne Wood, son of the late Ivory Soap governor of the Philippine Islands may be of interest to our readers. While in the islands with his father, young Wood made millions of dollars on the stock exchange. He had inside dope of course and his conduct became so scandalous that congress indulged in some wild language over it. Wood came back to New York, whooped himself into an asylum from there to Paris and Monte Carlo and returned almost penniless.

* * *

BLOOD will tell. So young Osborne went to work at something or other, according to his press agent. Evidently he did not make a howling success at the business since we did not hear of his being elected president or marrying the daughter of the head of the firm. A few days ago Osborne was discovered by the state militia of New Mexico digging coal, so they took him into their ranks and made some kind of a general out of him. You cannot keep a good man down in a coal mine.

* * *

A NEWSPAPER reporter's job is not all beer and skittles as a rule. But it is said that every rule has its own exception and so it is with a reporter's job. George Farrand of Bergen county, New Jersey, a city hall reporter for the "Jersey Journal" of Jersey City, testified at a hearing regarding the corruption in Mayor Frank Hague's political machine that he had been on the city payroll for seven or eight years at $5.50 a day. This means $33 a week in addition to his remuneration from the "Jersey Journal." When asked what he did in return for this honorarium Farrand confessed that he answered the telephone whenever he happened to be around the office.

* * *

ONE could write columns on the opportunities that exist here for the ambitious poor boy, who feels that he can be president if he only tries hard enough. Some say that accident has a good deal to do with progress along the road to high station. There are people who believe that Calvin Coolidge would now be defending bootleggers in Boston or still collecting bad debts on a 25 per cent commission basis in Vermont, had not Murray Crane, the G. O. P. boss taken an interest in him. And if the Boston policemen had not gone on strike in 1919 he might never have been vice-president. And had the late Warren Gamaliel been a little more careful about his shell fish, Cal might never have gotten into the White House.

* * *

HOWEVER, we suggest to the four million unemployed that follow in Mr. Coolidge, Jr.'s footsteps even if they take them into the offices of railroad presidents. It would be a great boost for the Hoover campaign if the Coolidge job-hunting success could be repeated four million times. "A job for every willing worker" would blow the froth off Al Smith's alcoholic promises. But as they say in burlesque, "Well—what the 'ell?"

* * *

THE mystery surrounding the death of William D'Olier, one of the leading actors in the Queens Sewerpipes drama, is deepening and the plot is thickening. The experts are in doubt as to the manner of his death. The moral forces of the sewerpipe borough, to wit, the "outs," are of the opinion that he was murdered. The inside boys are of the opinion that he committed suicide. There is a clue, but it only adds dye to the death riddle. His clothing was torn when taken to the hospital. Was it torn before he died or afterwards? As, that is the question. The surgeon who exam[illegible] body declared: "I cannot r[illegible]ing any tears in the clothing when I arrived there." We are willing to bet that there will be many tears shed before the real story of the sewer scandal is known despite the old adage: "Murder will out."

Tom O'Flaherty

GROCERY BOSSES MEET

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13 (UP).—Representatives of the grocery industry will confer in Chicago October 24 to 'formulate' trade practice rules for their industry, the Federal Trade Commission announced today.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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STRESS NEED FOR NEW MILL UNION AT W. I. R. MEET

Weisbord Emphasizes Importance of New Bedford Strike

138 Delegates Present

Formulate Plan to Aid Textile Strikers

The necessity of the formation of a new textile union for the exploited workers in the industry throughout the United States was the major point of most of the speeches delivered at the Textile Relief Conference of the Workers International Relief, held Saturday afternoon at the Irving Plaza Hall. One hundred and thirty-five delegates, trade unions, fraternal organizations, workers clubs, workmen circles, women organizations and shops were present.

Decisions on the work of the conference were passed unanimously. They included plans for a big tag day in October, a Workers Song Festival, the formation of a New York City clothing and shoe station, house-to-house collections for textile strikers relief, and the sending of collection lists and speakers to union and other labor and fraternal organization meetings.

Albert Weisbord, militant textile workers leader, spoke after the opening of the conference. He stressed the importance of the New Bedford strike, the need for a new union and the necessity of holding a Textile Mills Committee Convention soon.

Fred Biedenkamp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief, emphasized the necessity of a huge national Workers Interna-

Continued on Page Two

TO EXPOSE SMITH IN RED CAMPAIGN

Big Communist Rally September 28

The candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party who will speak at the first large election campaign rally to be held in New York this year at the Central Opera House on September 28 at 8 p. m. will expose the political role played by the so-called "progressives" who with the socialists backed the candidacy of Robert LaFollette four years ago.

With the formation of the "Progressive League" by heads of the LaFollette movement, with the express purpose of campaigning for Al Smith, the delineation of the political forces becomes clearer. More clearly than ever is brought out the identity of the socialists; the "progressives," following a vacillating policy with regards to affiliation with either the socialists or democrats, bring home to workers the essential fact that as far as the workers are concerned there is

Continued on Page Two

NEW DRESS UNION IN PHILADELPHIA

Police Arrest Workers for Picketing.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 16.—A new office has been opened in Philadelphia, a branch of the National Organization Committee of the Cloak and Dressmakers' Union. There will be an official conference on Tuesday evening, Sept. 18, consisting of delegates from shop committees for the purpose of building up a militant union for the workers. The meeting will be held at the new office, 42 North 9th St.

In spite of the fact that the Philadelphia branch is new and is only in the process of organization as yet, the office is busy day and night with many workers in the

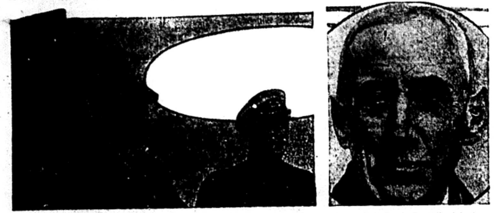
Continued on Page Two

Nine Dead as Result of Rockford Storm

ROCKFORD, Ill., Sept. 16 (UP).—Death toll of the tornado which swept this city Friday was brought to nine today with the recovery of the body of Olaf Larson, 27, from the ruins of the Rockford chair and furniture company factory.

Larson was caught under the factory's water tank and crushed to death. His body was the first recovered since Friday. Five bodies remain in the wreckage.

Soviet Arctic Heroes on "Krassin" Continue Search for Amundsen



Left to right: Capt. Egge, Commander of the Soviet Icebreaker "Krassin," Prof. Samoilovich, in charge of the Amundsen rescue expedition; and an officer on the "Krassin." With the rescue of 13 of the Nobile crew to their credit, the Krassin crew has again put out to the Arctic regions, determined not to give up the search until some trace at least of the Amundsen crew is found. The Italian fascist government recently ordered its ships to discontinue their search. Amundsen, lost explorer, is shown at right.

McGARRY FORCES FIRED BY LEWIS

Miners Had Deserted "Opposition"

(Special to the Daily Worker)

SCRANTON, Sept. 16.—Eight members of the so-called insurgent group headed by Frank McGarry, who was named president by the Brennan-Harris forces at a convention held about two months ago, were Friday night expelled from the United Mine Workers following a seven-hour session of the Lewis-Boylan executive board. The charge against them was disloyalty to the organization for having formed a dual union.

Included with McGarry are John Hermansen, vice president, and Walter Harris, secretary-treasurer of the so-called insurgent group and five members of their executive board.

Unprincipled Opposition.

The McGarry - Brennan - Harris forces refused to take any stand on principle against the corrupt Lewis machine and sought to become the administration for Lewis. Due to this policy which went contrary to the known sentiment of the vast majority of the rank and file miners, the membership rapidly deserted the McGarry forces.

The so-called McGarry opposition rose to power because it earlier had cooperated with Alex Campbell, the heroic Pittston mine leader who was murdered because of his fight against the Cappellini machine in District 1. McGarry capitalized his connections with Campbell and united with the Brennan group to form a so-called "opposition" to the Cappellini machine. The Mc-

Continued on Page Five

"DAILY" DRIVE IN HARLEM STARTED

1,000 Copies Will Be Distributed Each Day

A mass canvass of Harlem for the purpose of getting new readers for the Daily Worker in its Election Campaign Subscription Drive for 10,000 new readers, will be inaugurated today, when 1,000 copies of the Daily Worker will be distributed to the Negro workers in the vicinity. This distribution will be continued daily for the entire week.

The distribution will be supervised by S. Kreiger, of the business office of the Daily Worker, and will be the first big scale attempt of the militant daily to attract the attention of the great masses of exploited Negro workers.

Kreiger will have as his assistants a committee composed of members of the Harlem section of the Workers (Communist) Party. These workers will rally and are expected to be a big and powerful factor in the work of popularizing the only real fighting workers' papers in the United States among the exploited Negro masses.

Foster, Gitlow To Speak in Coast Cities

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 16.—Wm. Z. Foster, Communist presidential candidate, will speak on Friday evening, Sept. 21st, at the Civic Auditorium, Larkin Hall, in San Francisco. He will then speak in Los Angeles on Sunday, Sept. 23rd. Ben Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate, will speak in San Francisco at the Eagles Hall, on October the 5th.

Election Rallies at which the state and local candidates of the Communist Party speak, are being held every Sunday night, in San Francisco at 1212 Market Street, and in Oakland at Fraternity Hall, 7th and Peralta Street. In San Jose, meetings are held every Sunday afternoon at St. James Park. Street meetings are being held as follows: In San Francisco, 20th and Mission, every Friday night; Fillmore and O'Farrell, every Friday night; Third and Minna, Monday and Wednesday. In Oakland, every Tuesday night at 10th and Broadway.

The following headquarters are ~~open for~~ any worker to get Communist campaign literature, or to sign petitions to place Communist candidates on the ballot: In San Francisco, 1212 Market Street; In Oakland, Workers Book Shop, 2123 Telegraph Ave.; In Berkeley, Comrades Hall, 1819 Tenth Street.

MINERS' UNION ISSUES POLICY

Adopt Militant Plan of Class Struggle

EAST PITTSBURGH, Pa.—The first convention of the National Miners' Union which met here September 9-10, worked out and adopted the following statement of the policy the new organization expects to pursue in its efforts to make the coal fields fit for a miner to work in, raise wages, shorten hours, and block the open shop drive and the treachery of the U. M.W. A. machine.

The deep crisis in the coal industry has become ever more acute. The ranks of the hundreds of thousands unemployed miners are swelling with the rapid advance of labor saving loading machines, conveyers and mechanical devices. A terrific speed-up system is being put into practice.

While the profits of the coal operators have grown into staggering figures, the misery and want among the coal miners is appalling. Yet the operators pursuing their

Continued on Page Four

Attention All Newark Members of the Party!

All New Jersey comrades are to report without fail Monday, Sept. 17, between 4:30 and 7:30 at 93 Mercer St., Newark, for important Party work.

JOHN J. BALLAM,
Acting Dist. Org. Dist. 2.

REFORMIST BETRAYAL

Austria Socialists Fighting Peasants

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

VIENNA, Sept. 16.—What seems to be the beginning of the complete betrayal of the interests of the Austrian tenant farmers is indicated as the congress of the social democratic party opened here on Saturday.

Articles in the social democratic "Arbeiterzeitung" and "Abend" hint that the congress will decide to partly abandon the tenant's protection law. The "Arbeiterzeitung" points to the difficult situation in the provinces and declares that "alteration" in the tenants protection law is inevitable.

The Abend declares openly that unless the next elections bring a social democratic majority, which contingency is unlikely, the social democracy will no longer oppose the reduction of the tenants' protection measures.

The party congress delegates are almost exclusively officials, as the workers have been sifted out in carefully prepared district conferences. A big attack of the right wing, under the leadership of Renner, is expected.

STORM IN PORTO RICO KILLS 100

Tornado Sweeps Over Florida Coast

SAN KUAN, Porto Rico, Sept. 16 (UP).—With communication service only partly reestablished, estimates of damage in last Thursday's hurricane began to reach the capital today, adding a large number of deaths to the disaster of ruined crops and demolished homes.

More than fifty persons were killed in Cayey and the island of Humacao, it was reported, and the toll is expected to be greatly increased by information from the interior region. Conservative estimates placed the damage at more than $50,000,000.

Cayey, which is twenty-five miles southwest of here, reported at least thirty persons were killed in that vicinity and more than 100 seriously injured. Advices from the island of Humacao placed the death toll above thirty-five and indicated more might die.

Officials here were of the opinion that at least 100 persons were killed on the entire island but full information will not be available until roads and communication lines are restored.

Ponce suffered terrible destruction, it is known, but no details were available tonight.

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JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 16 (UP).—A hurricane probably without precedent in intensity flung itself on the east coast of Florida to-

Continued on Page Three

POLICE BROWBEAT TEXTILE STRIKER

Costa Kidnapped, But Later Released

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 16.—In an attempt to lay the basis for a Red hysteria drive, police officers yesterday virtually kidnaped Joseph Costa, a young textile striker, and worked for hours in a vain effort to force admissions from the boy of his "subversive activities."

Costa, who last Friday was arrested on a framed-up charge of invading a public school, "desecrating the American flag" and "swearing allegiance to the Red Flag," was seized by Federal Immigration Inspector John G. Harberg, who, together with two "dicks," nabbed the young striker immediately after the hearing on his case, which was postponed to Monday morning.

Costa pleaded "not guilty" to the charge and although Prosecutor Raphael Berracini attempted to block the postponement of the hearing the demand was finally granted.

Costa, who is a courageous militant, could not be intimidated. Even when Harberg produced a pair of handcuffs and threatened to beat him up, Costa maintained his composure.

Finally, after all efforts to force Costa into admissions of guilt had failed, he was released.

Workers Theater to Meet Tonight; Plans for Many Plays

The first meeting this fall of the Workers Theatre will take place tonight at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, Room 34, at 8 p. m.

Arrangements will be made to start work on several plays on working class subjects, written by active members during the summer. Boris Glagolin, well-known Russian director, will work with the Workers Theatre.

NAVAL OFFICER ATTACKS YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE

San Francisco Jingoes Furious as Sailors Get Leaflets

Police "Investigating"

Leaflet Urges Defense of Working Class

(Special to the Daily Worker)

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 16.—The militarist authorities in San Francisco, thrown into a furore by the distribution of over a thousand leaflets by members of the Young Workers (Communist) League to sailors of the Pacific Fleet during its recent visit to San Francisco, have begun a campaign of suppression of all Communist activities in the city.

Captain Black, jingo in command of the U. S. S. California, yesterday sent a letter to Mayor Rolph, demanding that the activities of the Young Workers (Communist) League be investigated in connection with the distribution of these leaflets, which were received by sailors on board every one of the 47 warships in the Pacific Fleet while moored in San Francisco Bay.

Jingoes Hold "Lectures."

So panic stricken were the naval officials, that "lectures" were hurriedly arranged on board every ship. In these lectures the militarist officials urged that the sailors "pay no attention to the Bolshevik literature" that they had received. An attempt at intimidation was seen in the announcement by the jingo speakers that the War Department of the United States was "investigating the matter."

Immediately after the receipt of the letter from Captain Black, Mayor Rolph issued an order to the police department of San Francisco, commanding them to investigate the activities of the Young Workers (Communist) League, with the purpose of taking drastic action

Continued on Page Three

FOSTER TALKS TO BUTTE WORKERS

Militant Miners Hail Communist Message

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BUTTE, Montana, Sept. 16.—Here on the battle ground of some of the most bitterly contested labor struggles in American history, the home of the strikebreaking Anaconda Mining Company, the industrial city that once sent its flaming message of revolt east and west thruout the country, William Z. Foster, presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket spoke Thursday night to a rapt and enthusiastic audience on the program of class struggle in the National Platform of the Communist Party in election campaign.

It was in Butte that the slaves of the copper kings revolted under the leadership of the I. W. W. in its fighting days.

It was in Butte that the heroic Frank Little was taken from his bed at night by an army of hoodlums under the direction of the Anaconda Mining Company and hanged

Continued on Page Three

Progressive Workers of Building Trades Hold Electiond Rally

Under the auspices of a progressive group of building trades workers, an election campaign rally will be held on Saturday, October 6th, at the Labor Temple, 243 East 84th St. The meeting is scheduled to open at 2:30 o'clock.

The issues of the campaign from the workers' viewpoint will be discussed by speakers and the role played by both the republican and democratic parties as the eager tools of big business will be exposed. Workers will be urged to vote and work for a working class platform and working class candidates for office, under the emblem of the Hammer and Sickle.

Several candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party are expected to be present to address the meeting as well as well-known militants among the building trades workers.

BARBERS ORGANIZE

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 16.—The Journeymen Barbers' International Union has issued charters to these craftsmen in Cisco, Texas and Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Harlem Straw Vote Reveals Negro Workers Rallying to Communist Election Drive

120 LEFT WING BUTCHERS MEET FOR NEW UNION

Pass Resolution for the Defense of Framed Militant

Score Knife Committee

Charge Corn Intends to Levy $25

One hundred and twenty butcher workers, all members of the militant group of the Hebrew Butcher Workers Union, who were expelled by the corrupt leadership, dominated by Corn, last night gathered at the Stuyvesant Casino, Second Ave. and Ninth St., for the purpose of organizing a real militant workers union among the butchers that will be free of the corruption and gangsterism now rampant in the yellow right-wing-controlled leading clique.

A resolution, passed unanimously by all of the 120 workers present, reiterated the stand of the expelled members that Shiffrin, now in jail under charges of manslaughter, had been attacked by Corn's "knife committee," and that he had been forced to fight the entire five attackers with his back to the wall, while they all brandished butcher-knives.

Warn Workers Against Corn.

It warned the workers in the union against Corn's intention to levy a tax of $25 on each member, and urged them to protest against this tax. Going on to define their stand in the attack on Shiffrin, the resolution closed with a pledge that every possible effort would be made in the defense of Shiffrin to prevent his being framed-up by the right wing gangsters and sent to prison.

While the meeting was in progress, a crowd of the right wing knife-wielding gangsters gathered outside on the streets and attempted to start a riot, with the intention of blaming it on the militant left wing workers assembled in the hall. Finally, Corn, one of his assistant gangsters and several policemen broke into the meeting room, intending to reate a riot among the workers present. The workers stood their ground, however, and not only prevented the rest of the gangsters gathered outside from entering the hall, but ejected Corn and his protecting gangster from the meeting room.

Corn, in an assertion which he made later in the evening, charged that he had been struck while in the hall. This, however, was denied by the left wing workers present.

During the meeting the progressive group of the Bakers Union donated the sum of $500 for the defense of William Shiffrin. Two hundred dollars were given in cash and $300 more promised within the next few days. The Delicatessen Clerks followed suit with $100 in cash and a pledge of $400 more within the week. Among the militant left wing butcher workers themselves, $1,900 was raised to free Shiffrin.

Among those who addressed the meeting were Werner and Teitlebaum of the expelled group of the Butchers' Union; Bronsky, Okun and Weiss of Bakers' Union, and D. Vacker of the Grocery and Fruit Clerks' Union. Malamud acted as chairman of the meeting.

NEW WALL ST. ENVOY

BAHIA, Brazil, Sept. 16.—The newly appointed American consul, Howard Donovan, arrived here today and took up his duties immediately.

Large Audiences Greet Red Speakers at the Numerous Campaign Rallies

Workers Party Platform on Negro Question Impresses Workers Thruout Country

A decided trend on the part of the Negro voters towards the Workers (Communist) Party candidates is seen in several straw votes taken within the last fortnight on the streets of Negro Harlem.

Openly resentful at the consistent treachery of the republican party, aware of the traditional enmity of the southern democrats, who would be in control of the country in the event Al Smith is elected, and remembering the betrayal of the colonial peoples by the socialist parties, the Negro workers are welcoming with open arms the aggressive election campaign the Workers Party is waging in Harlem to elect three militant Negro leaders on the Party ticket, headed by William Z. Foster for president and Ben Gitlow for vice president.

Speaking to a huge crowd of Negro workers last Tuesday night at Lenox Ave. and 134th St., Richard Moore, Workers Party candidate for congress in the 21st Congressional District, after devoting an hour to a graphic exposure of the treacherous role of the bosses' parties and their socialist allies, called for a show of hands. To his call for those who would vote the republican ticket in the coming eletion to raise their hands, not a single hand was seen. The call for a socialist showing of hands met with the same lack of response, while the call for a democratic showing netted just three hands of persons who had not yet recovered from the virus of the Al Smith gaff. The call for those who would vote for the Workers Party met with quite a different response, however. There was a spontaneous raising of hands, followed by hearty applause.

This same method of taking a straw vote is being followed by Edward Welsh, candidate on the Workers Party ticket for assemblyman in the 19th Assemby District, and by other speakers, and meets with practically the same results.

And not only in Harlem is this trend of Negro workers towards the Party observable, but throughout the country. The Negro workers

Continued on Page Three

NEGRO WEEK IN DISTRICT 2 BEGINS

Workers Solidarity Dance to Wind Up

This week is Negro Week in District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party. It will be marked by discussions on the problems of the Negro workers and by an effort to raise funds to push the Party's Negro work.

Negro comrades will be assigned by the district agitprop department to lead the discussion in as many units as possible. Where Negro comrades are not available the units will select one of their own members to lead the discussion.

Collections are to be taken up in all units for the purpose of financing our Negro work. These collections must be sent to the district office immediately. Contribution lists will be distributed to each member and all must try to get contributions from their shop mates and Party sympathizers for this most important work. Subscription blanks for the Party's Negro press will also be given out and each comrade must take a year's subscription in order both to support the work and to keep himself properly informed upon the problems and outlook of the Negro workers.

Negro Week will wind up with a Workers' Solidarity Dance in Harlem. Tickets for this dance will be sent to all the units and all comrades are asked to buy tickets and attend this dance in a demonstration of the solidarity of black and white workers.

Secretaries of all units in the district meeting on Monday night are asked to call at the district office to make sure of getting their instructions for Negro Week, contribution lists, tickets, etc.

Hoover Will Speak in Newark Tonight

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—Herbert Hoover, republican candidate for president of the United States, will make a two-day campaign visit to New Jersey. His first stop is Newark where a torchlight parade is to be staged in the evening after a day spent engaging in the customary stupidities of a presidential candidate.

In Newark it includes laying a wreath on the Washington monument, a visit to the birthplace of Grover Cleveland, a guest at a republican reception. After the parade he will deliver his first speech in an armory hall.

It will be broadcast by a large hook-up of the stations allowed to exist under the autocratic domination of Hoover's department of commerce.

POLICE BREAK UP OPEN AIR MEETING

Napoli, Red Candidate, Speaks

Police Saturday broke up an open air meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party at 116th St. and First Ave. at which Napoli, Workers Party candidate for state senator was speaking. Napoli was assailing the democratic and republican parties as tools of big business, when someone in the audience, said to have been a member of the American Legion, began to interfere. The fascist walked away and returned with two policemen, who ordered the meeting to stop. The audience of about 100 workers were angered by the action of the police.

MOORE HITS MISLEADER

Communist Replies to Smith's Lackey

Characterizing him as a "lickspittle in the service of a reactionary party," Richard B. Moore Workers (Communist) Party candidate for congress from the 22nd New York district, and Negro workers' leader, has sent the following letter to the Reverend S. L. Carruthers, of the Independent League of Negro Voters, which endorsed Al Smith, Wall Street candidate for president on the democratic party:

Rev. Dr. S. L. Carruthers,
Independent League of Negro Voters,
Ansonia, Conn.

Dear Sir: I have just read your statement to the press in which you state that Negroes are indignant at the treatment they have received at the hands of the republican party and are therefore turning to the democratic party for relief from the unfair discrimination against them.

The action of the Independent League of Negro voters in endors-

Continued on Page Three

TWO GIRLS WIN HUNGER STRIKE

Arrested for Picketing Knitting Mills

KENOSHA, Wis., Sept. 16.—Amanda Rittmer, and Mertice Hudson, two young mill strikers are free here today as a result of a hunger strike which they carried out in protest against repeated arrests by local police for their activities on the picket line.

The last arrest occurred eleven days ago during a demonstration of locked out workers of the Allen Knitting Mills. Both girls went to jail refusing to accept bail and have forced their release through a hunger strike.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 16.—The skeleton of a British soldier has been discovered in the garden of the Casino at Lierre, near Antwerp.

Progressive Forces Planning Strong Fight at Carpenters' Convention September 29

UNIONS SEND IN 200 REPLIES TO LOCAL CIRCULAR

Progressives Stand on Militant Program

Indications of a growing revolt against the reactionary administration of Wm. L. Hutcheson, president of the Carpenters' International Union, was seen here by progressive members of the organization following reports received by the Defense and Reinstatement Committee of former Local 376.

Nearly 200 replies favorable to the appeal sent out by the committee to union locals throughout the country have been received, it was announced by Morris Rosen, former president of Local 376. Rosen is to present the appeal of the local before the coming convention of the International to be held at Lakeland, Florida, September 29.

Outgrowth of Reactionary Drive.

The Defense and Reinstatement Committee of Local 376 was formed following the country-wide drive four years ago by the Hutcheson administration against all progressivism within the union ending with the destruction of the local. The appeal by the local which came before the Indianapolis convention of the International four years ago was railroaded by Hutcheson at its closing session in one of the stormiest scenes in the history of the organization.

Since then resentment against the policies of betrayal carried out by the Hutcheson machine has been spreading. Recently, the Defense and Reinstatment Committee of Local 376 sent out a review of its case to several thousand locals throughout the country. To date, nearly two hundred replies have been received by Nathan Rosen, secretary of the committee, 174 Grafton St., Brooklyn. Thousands of copies of the appeal have been sent to many of these locals at their request for distribution among their members.

Many in Direct Support.

Among the replies are numerous letters declaring direct support of the appeal of Local 376. Others indicate that they will instruct their delegates to fight to give Morris Rosen a hearing at the Lakewood convention. A third group, evidently not wishing to declare themselves at this time indicate that their delegates would like to meet Rosen during the convention to discuss the issue further.

The replies both as to character and number are considered of the greatest significance by progressive carpenters.

Rosen, who ran for president against Hutcheson four years ago, predicted that there would be a strong progressive opposition to the machine at this year's convention.

Progressives Gaining.

"The issues which the progressive carpenters are rallying around are becoming increasingly more vital for our trade," Rosen declared. "Non-union conditions are spreading. No less than 75 per cent of the building trades workers are today working below the scale. We find a progressive loss of job control by the workers, lowering wage levels and the increasing use of non-union materials. In our International, in spite of the fact that the use of non-union trim is prohibited by our constitution, the officers of the organization wink at the practice and workers who protest against the violation are removed from the job."

The burning issues of the trade Rosen stated are organization of the unorganized, amalgamation of the building trades unions, reinstatement of expelled members and locals, elections and conventions every two years instead of every four as at present, rank and file control of the organization.

The progressives will make a much better showing this year than in the past, Rosen predicted, owing to the fact that they are much better organized.

IMPERIALISTS IN GENEVA CONFAB

Talk About Rhineland Evacuation

GENEVA, Sept. 16.—After the conclusion of the third conference of the five leading imperialist powers here on plans for Rhineland evacuation negotiations, it was announced today that the discussions had been satisfactory and that an agreement had been reached.

The official communique said the following points were decided upon:

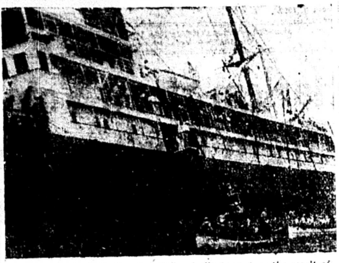
First, official negotiations on early evacuation of the Rhineland will be opened on the request of Chancellor Herman Mueller of Germany.

Second, necessity for complete and definite settlement of the reparations problems, including the constitution of a committee of financial experts for that purpose.

Third, acceptance of the principle of constituting a commission of verification and conciliation to control the Rhineland after evacuation of troops.

The negotiations will be carried out through diplomatic channels, it was announced, and the composition, operation, and duration of the commission will form the subject for negotiations between the governments of France, Great Britain, Italy, Belgium and Germany.

Crew, Passengers Imperiled on Sinking Ship



Above, the S. S. Ecuador, listing badly to port as the result of a broken rudder, off Cape Lazarus, Lower California. Passengers are shown being rescued by heroic work of the crew and seamen of a small Mexican freighter.

WORKER SLUGGED BY LEWIS'S GANG

Steel Slave Mistaken for Coal Digger

By W. J. WHITE.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 16.—Three Lewis gangsters attacked George Talevsky, a steel worker, in East Pittsburgh while he was returning home from work. They proceeded to beat him up under the impression that he was a coal miner. Passersby seeing the man attacked by the gangsters went to his rescue and saved him from being seriously beaten up.

The Lewis gang were under the direction of Jack Hasson, of New Kensington, one of the paid Lewis thugs in Allegheny Valley. The sluggers, whose names are John Arcure, Ray Spatti and John Donnelly, were held on a charge of attempted murder on a bond of $1,000 each. The bond was furnished by the discredited United Mine Workers organization.

MINERS CARRIED ON WHILE JAILED

Watt to Speak on New Developments

When 120 delegates to the National Miners Convention at Pittsburgh were thrown into jail after the convention had been attacked by the police and 200 Lewis thugs, they showed their fighting spirit by holding an all-night session in jail. They conducted the business of the convention; chose the new union's name; the National Miners Union, and adopted the constitution—all behind the bars of the boss-dungeons.

This was only one of the dramatic incidents of the great Pittsburgh convention that will be described to the workers of New York by John Watt, the first president of the new National Miners Union, at the huge Solidarity Mass Meeting in Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., Thursday night.

Watt, who has been in the forefront of the coal diggers' struggles, will deliver an official report of this epoch-making convention.

Supplementing Watt's talk will be speeches by other leaders of workers' struggles. Two leaders of new union movements among the needle trades workers, Ben Gold, general organizer, Joint Board, Furriers Union, and Hyman Koretz, general manager, Organization Department, Cloak and Dressmakers' Union, will bring a message of solidarity of the needle trades workers with the fighting miners. Other speakers will include Gladys Schechter, organizer, Millinery Workers' Union; Harold Williams, secretary of the Negro Committee for Miners' Relief and speakers representing the Youth Conference for Miners' Relief and the Children's Relief Scout Groups.

Several thousand workers are expected at this big solidarity meeting which is being arranged by the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, and the Shop Delegates Conference for Miners' Relief.

Working Women's Bazaar Committee Makes Plans at Meet

The Bazaar Committee met on Thursday evening, Sept., 13th, in the central office of the Council of Workingclass Women.

Gertrude Gordan, chairman of the bazaar committee, recommended that the committee subdivide itself and visit various councils in order to emphasize the importance of doing everything possible to help make the bazaar a success.

The following procedure for the councils was decided upon: At the next regular meeting of the council a special day should be set aside for the purpose of collecting articles, names for the honor roll, and ads.

STRESS NEED FOR NEW MILL UNION

138 Delegates Attend W. I. R. Conference

Continued from Page One

tional Relief Organization, accompanying his appeals with graphic descriptions of the New Bedford strike, showing the need of the militant striking workers.

Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York Branch of the Workers International Relief, spoke on the need of forming a permanent New York organization to function all the year round to raise aid for developing struggles between the workers and the big industrial barons. Her proposals for a plan of work were also delivered to the delegates present.

The Resolutions Committee elected unanimously after a vote of the delegates present, is made up of the following workers: Pogano, of the Bricklayers Union, local 1; Deak, of the United Textile Workers Union, Passaic District Council; Liebowitz, of the Furriers Joint Board; Buckenberger, of the Lower Bronx Workers Club; I. Gordon of the Bronx Youth; Pine, of the Furriers; Ostrow, of the Architectural Iron and Bronze Workers; Wildhorn, of the Office Workers Union; Bulatkin, of the Hotel Workers, and Baum, representing the Photographers Union.

TO EXPOSE SMITH IN RED CAMPAIGN

Big Communist Rally September 28

Continued from Page One

little to choose between the two. A vote taken from the democrats and given to the party of the petty business men is a case of out of the frying pan into the fire.

At the Central Opera House rally on the 28th of this month, the speakers of the Workers' (Communist) Party will have something to say on Smith's being the "friend of the working man," as both democrats and "progressives" claim—with tongue in cheeks. The "progressives" who are backing Smith now seem to forget Smitth's campaign against the needle trades workers of New York as well as his collaboration with traction interests to rob the workers out of millions of dollars in increased fares and his failure to meet the needs of the unemployed.

Communists candidates scheduled to speak at the Central Opera House on Friday the 28th are Wm. F. Dunne, Robert Minor, Rebecca Grecht, Juliet S. Poyntz, Lovett Fort Whiteman and Philip Frankfeld. William W. Weinstone, District organizer of District 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party will preside. A nominal admission charge of twenty-five cents will be made to defray the cost of the hall. Indications are that this will be the largest Communist election rally ever held in this city.

WORKERS PARTY ARRANGES WEEKS OPEN AIR MEETS

Negro and Elections Is Topic

The Workers (Communist) Party has arranged the following open-air meetings for the current week, at which the subject will be "Negro Problems in the Election Campaign." All speakers must get bulletins at the district Agitprop Department:

Monday, Sept. 17.

Passaic, N. J.—Edward Wright.

Plainfield, N. J.—Sidney LeRoy.

Rutgers Square, N. Y.—Hendin, Epstein, Joe Cohen, Blum, Holtz (Pioneer).

First Ave. and 49th St., N. Y.—DeLeon, Spiro, Kagan, Caplan.

Twenty-eighth St. and Lexington Ave., N. Y.—William Frank, Sumner, Alkin, Ackerman.

Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer, Brooklyn—Bimba, Suskin, G. Welsh, R. Ryant (Pioneer).

Fifth Ave and 125th St., N. Y.—J. Codkind, Gill Green, Silverfarb.

Sutter and Williams Sts., Brooklyn—M. Taft, Lipzin, Chernenko, C. Delrimo (Pioneer).

Longwood and Prospect, Bronx—Grecht, Primoff, G. Spiro, William Margolis, B. Kaplan (Pioneer).

Lenox Ave. and 133rd St., N. Y. C.—R. B. Moore, L. Oak, G. Lloyd, Williams, Baum (Pioneer).

Eagle Pencil Co.—Phil Frankfeld.

Wednesday, Sept. 19.

Second Ave. and Tenth St., N. Y. C.—Hendin, Sumner, Alkin, Ackerman, Schatzkamer (Pioneer).

Union Square, N. Y. C.—Biedenkapp, Alex. Gussakoff, Ross, Caplan.

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx—Baum, Blake, Kagan, H. Eisman (Pioneer).

Fleet St. and Flatbush Ext., Brooklyn—Powers, Vera Bush, McDonald, Rosemond.

Ninety-ninth St. and Lexington Ave., N. Y.—John Sherman, Charles Wilson (Y. W. L.).

Seventh Ave. and 131st St., N. Y. C.—R. B. Moore, M. Yusem, Alexander, Donaldson.

Seventh Ave. and 137st St., N. Y. C.—Markoff, Ed. Welsh, Grace Lamb, M. Himoff (Pioneer).

Passaic, N. J.—Vern Smith, Evelyn Blacker, Ida Starr.

Thursday, Sept. 20.

One Hundred—and Thirty-eighth St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx—Nessin, Padgug, Harfeld, Leo Margolis, Malliken (Pioneer).

Fortieth St. and Eighth Ave., N. Y. C.—Cibulsky, Peer, Bydarian.

Twenty-fifth St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Shapiro, I. Zimmerman, Midolla, H. Gold (Pioneer).

Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I.—Schachtman, Powers, Vera Bush, Heder.

Jefferson and Henry St., N. Y.—Joe Cohen, Silber.

Stone and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn—Ben Lifshitz, Pasternack, Julius Cohen, Mershon, S. Finkelstein (Pioneer).

Two Hundred and Nineteenth St. and White Plains Ave.—Ben Gold, R. Wortis, Weich, Spiro, Severino.

One Hundred and Sixth St. and Madison Ave.—Listen - Oak, Gill Green, Williams, Kagan.

Friday, Sept. 21.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Grecht, Ross, B. Gussakoff.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—Rogozin, Baum, Julius Cohen, L. Mikell (Pioneer).

Fifth Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C.—M. Taft, Grace Lamb, Jessie Taft, Gamilla, Lyons.

Varet and Graham Ave., Brooklyn—Primoff, Chernenko, Rosemond, Wellman (Pioneer).

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn—DeLeon, V. Smith, McDonald.

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—M. Sumner, C. Martin, S. Ackerman.

Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.)—Bert Miller, L. Duke.

Clinton St. and East Broadway, N. Y.—Joe Cohen, Silber, Shatzkamer (Pioneer).

Ave. A and 7th St., N. Y.—Wm. Frank, Suskin, Goliger (chairman).

Saturday, Sept. 22.

First Ave. and 116th St. (Italian)—Auerbach, Rolfe, Napoli, Magliacano.

First Ave. and 79th St.—G. Lloyd, Moreaic, Alexander, Lustig, J. Rosen (Pioneer).

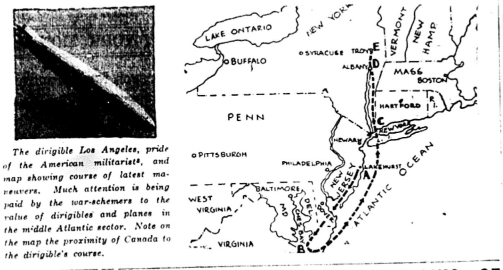
West New York, New Jersey (14th St. and Bergenline Ave.)—Markoff, C. Martin.

Perth Amboy, N. J. (308 Elm St.)—Edward Wright, Covatcz.

Elizabeth, N. J.—D. Benjamin, R. Duke, Freiman.

Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx—Chas. Zimmerman, Padgug, G. Spiro, Severino, R. Yukelson (Pioneer).

Dirigible Los Angeles in Militarst Coast Maneuvers



The dirigible Los Angeles, pride of the American militarists, and map showing course of latest maneuvers. Much attention is being paid by the war-schemers to the value of dirigibles and planes in the middle Atlantic sector. Note on the map the proximity of Canada to the dirigible's course.

RIFKIN FORCED OUT OF OFFICE

Goes Way of All Fake Progressives

Following a vote of non-confidence in the committee which had charge of the recent Trufood strike of which he was chairman, Louis Rifkin, president of Local 1, Waiters' and Waitresses' Union, resigned from his office as president of the organization at the meeting of the union held last Thursday.

Criticism of Rifkin, begun by the left wing several months ago, paved the way for his final defeat, although left wing followers refused at the same time to support the group of reactionaries under the leadership of Lehman, who led the last attack on Rifkin. Rifkin resigned under fire.

Criticism against him by the left wing was based on the strike strategy and settlement, which was carried thru in the most modern class-collaboration style, ending with Rifkin's proposal that the end of the strikes be celebrated with a banquet including judges, lawyers and bosses as honored guests. The proposition for this was defeated; and instead, a committee was appointed to investigate the expenditure of funds. The reactionary machine led the attack against Rifkin having opposed all organization work. The strike committee's refusal to account for over $7,000 led to the non-confidence vote.

Rifkin was elected to office on a united front progressive ticket, although he has always been criticized by the left wing.

Wall St. Al Smith to Leave for Tour in Kenny's Coach

ALBANY, Sept. 16.—Travelling in a private railway coach owned by a millionaire stock jobber and loanmonger, William F. Kenny, the democratic candidate for president, Al Smith, will start on his western tour in a few days. A group of politicians will accompany him on the trip.

Former Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock of Nebraska will be with the gang until they reach Omaha and then his place will be taken by Senator Burton K. Wheeler, the copper trust senator from Montana, a candidate for re-election.

Wheeler was the candidate for vice president on the LaFollette third party ticket last presidential election but has recanted and is now one of the main supporters of the entire imperialist policy of the Wall Street wing of the democratic party. He voted for the adherence of the United States to the world court and supports all the reactionary measures in the senate of the republican-democratic Wall Street coalition against even the middle class liberals with whom he identified himself a short time ago.

MUELLER SENT OFF.

BERLIN, Sept. 16.—After a heated debate in the German cabinet, and indications of the instability of the present social democratic reich, Chancellor Mueller left for Geneva to continue the evacuation-war debt negotiations. The cabinet, after many hours of discussion approved Mueller's policy.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

PLAN PICNIC OF T.U.E.L. SATURDAY

To Celebrate Formation of New Union

The Trade Union Educational League Picnic, which was postponed from August 25, because of rain, and which will be held Saturday afternoon, September 22, at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, will lose nothing because of its postponement, according to a statement by the T. U. E. L., issued last night and addressed to all left wing workers of the city. The statement urged their attendance and announced that many more events have been arranged which were not scheduled for the former date. The statement reads, in part, as follows:

"This year more than ever before the progressive workers of New York have cause for celebration. The past year has marked the growing militancy of workers, increased the vigor of their fight against both the exploitation of the bosses and the treachery of the right wing union officials, and, above all, has seen the birth of the new union movement in the needle trades. It it fitting that all left wing workers get together to celebrate their victories—won through the active leadership of the T. U. E. L. groups in the unions."

The festival of the left wing workers will be enlivened by many events, including poetry readings by Michael Gold, A. B. Magil and others; eating contests, etc. Ulmer Park may be reached by taking the B.-M. T. West End train to 25th Ave.

WORKERS FORM NEW DRESS UNION IN PHILADELPHIA

Police Arrest Workers for Picketing

Continued from Page One

trade coming to seek information. All these workers continually show their interest in the new union.

* * *

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 16.—Strikes have already been declared in six dressmakers' and eight cloakmakers' shops. Workers are constantly picketing in front of the buildings.

The Philadelphia police, pursuing their usual tactics against left wing workers, have arrested two pickets who were peacefully walking up and down the picket line.

Both arrests took place at the Brownstein shop, located at 41 North 11th St. The pickets arrested were Esther Miller and Pauline Goldberg.

Pauline Goldberg was beaten up by the wife of a scab and then arrested by the police on charges of disorderly conduct. The scab's wife claimed that she was the boss of the shop. Immediately after hearing this, the manager of the Sigman union rushed to court to defend her.

This fact, according to the militant strikers, conclusively proves that the interests of the Sigman clique are tied up with those of the bosses.

The militant and progressive dress and cloakmakers, however, are determined to fight to a finish, despite the provocative tactics of the Sigman clique, which is alarmed at the inroads being made into their ranks by the new organization.

Kellogg Fears Franco-British Naval Pact

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—Due to the Franco-British naval pact and the threat against the United States sea power implied in it, official opinion here has expressed itself to the effect that the United States government may not join the disarmament conference that may take place in Geneva during the course of next year.

The union of the two large powers' governments in the naval accord will not produce very favorable results as far as the United States government is concerned.

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Rosario Strike Spreading to Buenos Ayres as Workers Fight for Their Demands

CITY EMPLOYES JOIN WALK-OUT DESPITE THREAT

Companies Failing to Resume Service

ROSARIO, Argentina, Sept. 16. — As the strikers here still refuse to go back to work after months of resistance that tied up the second largest port in Argentina, the strike threatens to assume general proportions by spreading to Buenos Ayres, the capital and largest port in Argentina.

In spite of the orders of the municipal authorities that the companies resume telephone and street-car operation, the firms have thus far failed in maintaining service by the use of strikebreakers, due to the effective resistance of the pickets.

The city workers are also threatening to join the strike on a demand for higher wages, in spite of the announcement of the minicipal government that they will be immediately fired and replaced by strikebreakers if they continue in their demands.

The port of Rosario is still tied up and thousands of tons of grain await shipment. The street car strike was originally called when the company refused to re-hire Communist and anarchist workers whom it had discharged.

FOSTER TALKS TO BUTTE WORKERS

Militant Miners Hail Communist Message

Continued from Page One

from a trestle until he was dead. During the days when the revolutionary spirit was high, Butte was an armed camp. Pacifism had no place among the red-blooded workers of the copper mines.

In those days the editors of the Butte Bulletin sat at their type writers with their guns within reach. There were many casualties in this bitter class conflict and all the casualties were not on the side of the battling miners. It was no uncommon thing to read in the Butte Bulletin that another company gunman was found dead in such and such a place. Bill Dunne was arrested many times and in constant danger of assassination by the tools of the copper trust.

The militant spirit is not dead in Butte. The workers who attended the Foster meeting made that quite clear. They applauded the uncomprising note of class struggle in his speech, and showed that the spirit that defied all the power of the mighty Anaconda was ready to be harnessed into a disciplined battle against the copper kings, the Republican and Democratic parties an the whole capitalist system.

Speed-Up System.

The Butte miners are in the grip of a speed-up contract system that is almost unbearable. The workers have no protection against the terrible grind. Anaconda is getting out more ore than it formerly produced with double the present force. The I. W. W., once powerful in this region, is dead.

Foster's audience listened attentively while the speakers told of the organization of the National Miners Union, to take the place of the corrupt and bankrupt United Mine Workers of America betrayed and wrecked by John L. Lewis and his reactionary machine. He told of the preparations now being made by the textile workers to organize into one big industrial union under militant and progressive leadership, a union that will fight the bosses for better conditions instead of begging for favors from them.

Foster Explains Program.

"The program of the Workers (Communist) Party," Foster declared, "calls for the complete overthrow of the capitalist system, and the establishment of a Workers and Farmers Government to supplant the present Wall Street state apparatus that is used to crush the workers and keep their noses at the capitalist grindstone. In the Soviet Union, the workers and peasants, in the fact of a hostile capitalist world are building up a socialist society and doing it with success. The American workers and poor farmers must do the same thing. There can be no permanent improvement in the conditions of the exploited producing classes until they have political power in their own hands, dispossess the parasitic masters of land and industry, and operate the machinery of production and distribution in the interests of the workers. This is what they are doing in the Soviet Union. This is what the workers and subject peoples of all the world must do. The workers and peasants of the U. S. S. R. have blazed the way."

Stormy applause greeted Foster when he denounced Senators Walsh and Wheeler, one a well known agent of the Anaconda Mining Company and the other an alleged progressive now campaigning for Al Smith, the Tammany reactionary. There is no difference between Wheeler and Walsh he pointed cut and the workers must give both the cold shoulder. He asked the members of the audience who were not already members to join the Workers (Communist) Party and join in the struggle to organize the workers and poor farmers in the United States for the fight against the capitalist system.

Imperialist War Danger.

Foster called attention to the grave danger of another imperialist war that confronts the workers of all countries. The capitalist powers, while quarreling among themselves look on the Soviet Union as their enemy. This is the heart of the war danger, he said.

"He declared that the Soviet Union was the fatherland of the workers and peasants of all countries and the workers must be prepared to defend the Soviet Union.

Foster attacked the republican and democratic parties and their candidates, declaring that both were equally anti-labor. Both were backed by Wall Street and had as their campaign managers and advisor the leading open shoppers in the United States.

Raps "Socialists."

The Socialist Party, he declared, had repudiated the class struggle and is now just another party of capitalism, supporting the imperialist League of Nations, the world court, the Kellogg anti-peace fraud in the guise of an anti-war treaty and other imperialist institutions [illegible]

Norman Thomas, the socialist presidential candidate who spoke recently had a very poor meeting, the apathy of the audience being in striking contrast to the enthusiasm displayed by those who came to hear the Communist candidate.

Foster left Butte for Tacoma, Washington, his next stop on his nation-wide tour in behalf of the election campaign.

Second Byrd Ship Sails on Imperialist Antarctic Voyage

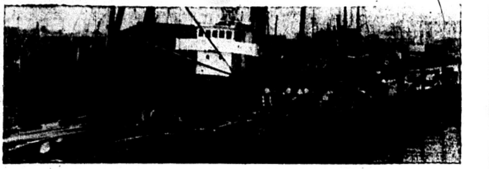

Photo shows the second ship of the Byrd imperialist expedition to the South Pole, the Eleanor Bolling, which sailed from New York Saturday. The expedition is a publicity stunt for the U. C. Navy.

RICHARD MOORE HITS SMITH LICKSPITTLE

Continued from Page One

ing Al Smith and other democratic candidates is nothing less than jumping from the frying pan into the fire. It means political insanity and suicide for the Negro worker, as for the white worker as well.

In rushing madly into the ranks of the democratic party in their disgust at the open treachery of the republicans, Negroes are forgetting that the democratic party is the traditional enemy of the Negro race. Bishop Ransom, Marcus Garvey, and now the Reverend Carruthers are leading their brother Negroes in this mad rush to destruction. The arguments you and your colleagues advance to justify your support of the party of slavery, peonage, disfranchisement, and lynching are so weak and witless that I wonder that you dare to make them public.

You explain that "Negro applicants for jobs in Washington have been high-hatted" and that the Ku Klux Klan is doing everything in its power to elect republicans. You are very well aware that democrats have consistently barred Negroes from political positions—this is the unbreakable law in the south, and it is very seldom that it is broken in the north. How many Negroes have been appointed to office by Al Smith? The merciless dictum of Carlyle, "the Negro is useful only as a servant," is the rule of democrats and republicans alike. Surely you cannot be ignorant of the open determination of such Negro-hating democrats as Carter Glass, Heflin, Hoke Smith, et al, to keep the Negro in his place as hewers of wood and drawers of water.

Moreover the Ku Klux Klan divides its support between the major parties which are alike dominated by the oppressors and exploiters of the Negro and white workers whose class interests are identical. It should be perfectly plain to every thinking Negro that only by defeating both of the corrupt old parties of finance-capital can his interests and the interests of his white brother-worker be protected.

[illegible] intelligent vote in the present election is a vote for the only party that stands upon a clear-[illegible] platform of full economic political and social rights for the oppressed Negro race, the only party which carries on a militant fight for the abolition of the whole corrupt system of class and race exploitation—the Workers (Communist) Party.

Whether the democrats or the republicans win, the Negroes and every other oppressed group loses—the working class loses, for its interests are diametrically opposed to those of the big corporations without whose support neither Smith nor Hoover could hope to win.

The Workers (Communist) Party demands abolition of race discrimination, segregation of Negroes, Jim Crow laws, laws which disfranchise Negroes, which forbid intermarriage, which prevent Negro children from attending public schools. We demand a federal law against lynching, equal opportunity for Negroes, and equal pay, abolition of all restrictions in trade unions against Negro membership, and aboliition of the convict lease system and the chain gang, and of discriminatory practices in courts.

What is your answer to that? You have none because you are a lick-spittle politician in the service of a reactionary party.

Sincerely,

(Signed) RICHARD B. MOORE,
Director of Negro Dept., Workers (Communist) Party Candidate For Congress, 21st Congressional District, New York.

LOS ANGELES TO HEAR FOSTER

Bosses Starting Open Shop Drive

LOS ANGELES (By Mail).—The workers of Los Angeles will be given a chance to hear the message of one of the leading opponents of the "open shoppers" on September 23, when William Z. Foster, the Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, will speak here. A huge turnout for Foster, a large vote for the Workers (Communist) Party, and a beginning of the real fight against the open shop.

The largest industry in Los Angeles, in point of view of production and payroll, is the motion picture industry. This industry also is the only one where any appreciable organization has been effected. The movie worker may be considered the best paid of all the workers in this city. Significantly enough, the workers in the movie industry, the stage hands, carpenters, electricians, etc., are better organized than all other industries in this city.

This fact seems to have been the cause of a concerted campaign now on in Los Angeles to break the organization. The Los Angeles Times, the leader and mouthpiece of the labor-hating "American Plan," open-shop bosses, is leading this fight. In a vicious editorial in the September 9 Sunday edition the Times characterizes the whole attack. Following are some of the statements from the Times:

"The progress made by the American Federation of Labor in the unionization of the great Los Angeles motion-picture industry is one to give great concern to supporters of the open shop and to all who appreciate its vital importance to the welfare of free American industry, not only here but everywhere.

"Much more is at stake than merely the control of the film-making business," and here the American plan bosses let the cat out of the bag. They are afraid that the unionization process will spread to other industries, to their shops.

There can be only one answer by the workers to this provocation from the Times and that is a determined counter-attack. Against the open-shop slogan of the Times and the Chamber of Commerce of Los Angeles, workers must fight for unionization of all the industries of Los Angeles and of southern California. These must not be vacillating, compromising, craft unions; but fighting, uncompromising, class-conscious organizations. That is one of the most effective answers to the challenge of Harry Chandler, the Los Angeles Times and the "open-shop principle."

SWEDE PAPER WORKERS WIN

STOCKKOLM, Sept. [illegible]

Victory after two months of strike has come to workers in Sweden's paper industry. Aggressive tactics used by strikers from the start are given credit for the success.

STRIP MINER KILLED

MURPHYSBORO, Sept. 16.—David Craig, 60-year-old miner of Halldayboro, was instantly killed at his work as a trackman for the Truax-Traer Coal Company strip mine.

NEGROES TURN TO WORKERS PARTY

Straw Vote Favors the Communists

Continued from Page One

were rather aloof at first, the Negro comrades report. The attitude was that the Workers (Communist) Party was "just another white people's organization," and the Negroes are rather skeptical of white people and their organizations. They have cause to be. But it was soon driven home to them that the Workers (Communist) Party was not a white people's party, but a party of all the workers, black and white. Speakers of their own color told them the truth about the Workers (Communist) Party, and told them how twenty-four Negro workers had sat in the National Nominating Convention of the Party, participating in all important committees, acting as chairman of some of these committees, and helping to draft a program of action for the oppressed masses of America, white and colored. And they learned that many Negro workers have been nominated on the Party ticket, and that a Negro, Lovett Fort-Whiteman, was nominated for comptroller in New York state. That Negro workers have been nominated by the Party even in the southern states.

Platform Impresses Them

In addition, they have been greatly impressed by the Party platform and its bold, vigorous denunciation of lynching and other crimes against Negroes. Its utter fearlessness in voicing their demands for full equality: economic, political, social; for abolition of all Jim Crow distinctions in the army, navy and civil service; for equal opportunities for employment; equal pay for equal work, etc., have convinced them that the Workers (Communist) Party is a genuine friend and fearless champion.

Further informed that militant fighters of their own race, like Richard Moore, Lovett Fort-Whiteman, Edward Welsh, etc., are high in the councils of the Workers (Communist) Party, that the Negro has representation on the highest bodies of the Party, they were made to realize that the Workers (Communist) Party was their Party, in a genuine sense, and in the same way that it is the Party of all the oppressed and exploited workers of America. The result is that many of them not only decided to vote for the Party but became members as well. Hundreds of copies of the Party Platforms have been sold so far in Negro Harlem, and it may be safely predicted that the sale of the platform in this section will run into the thousands before the campaign is over.

Negro in Revolt.

In the meantime, the revolt of the Negro workers against the treacherous republican machine threatens to throw into a panic the group of petty-bourgeois Negro leaders whose power to maintain its luxurious mode of living depends upon its ability to lead the Negro masses into the political camps of their enemies. These masses are refusing to follow the old leadership blindly as in the past, but are beginning to challenge their ability and disinterestedness.

In their desperate effort to stem the revolt from the old parties of the rank and file, the Negro henchmen of these bankrupt parties are attempting to divert the Negro masses from scrutiny of the record of these parties, with the false arguments that the campaign is based upon the individual rather than on the party. This in itself is a confession that the records of these parties do not warrant the Negro workers voting for them. This in itself is an additional and forceful argument why the Negro workers should vote for the Party of the working class, the Workers (Communist) Party.

Cooperative Bakery in Los Angeles Grows

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 16.—The "Co-op" Bakery at 2708 Brooklyn Ave., long a center of the revolutionary workers movement in Los Angeles, has decided upon a further expansion.

The Cooperative Consumers League has arranged to purchase the corner lot next to its own building for the price of $15,300. Within the immediate future a large modern Co-operative Cafeteria will be built there to add another link to the growing chain of revolutionary co-operatives in this country.

PUPPET QUEZON BACKS STIMSON IN PHILIPPINES

Defends Imperialism of U. S. Government

MANILA, Philippines, Sept. 16. "Outside capital is necessary, and must receive proper inducement", declared Senator Manuel Quezon, president of the Philippine senate, in a speech before the congress yesterday in which he defended Governor-General Stimson's plan for an economic policy that would benefit the American landowners at the expense of the native peasants.

Attempting to win the native landowners to the side of the American program, Quezon predicted that the plantations and industries developed by the American capitalists would eventually become the property of the Philippines.

In an effort to ward off the storm of criticism aroused by Stimson's policies in the Philippines, the senator praised the governor-general very highly, stating that "he accepted the position inspired by a high sentiment of duty and moved by the noble ambition of honoring his own nation through serving the interests of our people."

While advocating complete serviency to the American regime and to its policy towards the island, Quezon, at the same time, held out hope of "independence" and promised that in some future date, after United States capital had firmly embedded itself, independence would come.

JINGO ATTACKS YOUTH LEAGUE

Navy Officer Demands "Investigation"

Continued from Page One

against any further anti-militarist activities that the League might try to carry on among the armed forces on the Pacific Coast. The first steps following this order were taken when plainclothes men visited the headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party at 1212 Market St., in an attempt to discover the identity of the leaders of the distributions.

Expect Repression Soon.

According to a statement of the San Francisco branch of the Workers (Communist) Party, all these activities on the part of the police undoubtedly mean that repressive measures will soon be taken against the leaders and members of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Undaunted, however, by the police activities, the League has continued its anti-militarist activities. When the fleet continued on its journey and stopped in the San Padro Harbor, the sailors were again met by members of the Young Workers (Communist) League distributing anti-militarist literature.

The leaflet distributed in San Francisco reads in part: "Sailors! Workers In Uniform! Fight Against Capitalist Wars! You left the factories, mines, and farms, or the unemployment market to 'Join the Navy and See the World.' You are workers, and yet the Wall Street government is using you against the workers and peasants of China and Nicaragua, who are fighting to free themselves from the rule of the big capitalist powers. Tomorrow they will use you to fight the workers of other countries, and especially the Soviet Union; or, if necessary, to do strike-breaking duty against our fellow-workers in America. Do not be a tool of the bosses, but use your training to defend the working class. Join us in the fight against imperialist war!"

STORM IN PORTO RICO KILLS 100

Continued from Page One

night in all its sky darkening, destructive fury.

Grave anxiety prevailed for lives and property.

Terrific winds, sweeping rains and seas of awe inspiring height brought fear to the thousands who dwell in towns and cities which dot the shore line—in winter time the playground of eastern America.

Richard W. Gray, meteorologist of the United States Weather Bureau at Miami, warned that the disturbance far exceeded in intensity the disastrous hurricane of September, 1926, which swept Miami and the interior of Florida with appalling loss of life and property damage in the millions.

From Daytona Beach, 250 miles southward to Miami, the gravest danger apparently existed, with the hurricane center placed by the weather bureau near west Palm Beach, a city with summer population of 20,000.

Children Protest Transfer In School Strike

Dr. Baker
He should have Planned For a new school building
Parents Dont Send Your Child to a School You Are Not Assured OF ITS SAFETY
We Demand Schooling In PS 50

Striking children at Public School 50 in Brooklyn, whose mothers have been picketing the school in protest against the transfer of the children to a building in a section of the city where they would have to walk long distances thru traffic. Above, the children picketing with placards.

NOTED USSR SCHOLAR TO LECTURE HERE

Professor Waldemar G. Bogoras-Tan, head of the department of ethnography of the University of Leningrad, has arrived in the United States to participate in the Congress of Americanists to be held in New York City September 17-22. Professor Bogoras-Tan, one of the world's leading authorities in the field of anthropology of the inhabitants of the polar regions, was formerly connected with the Museum of Natural History in New York and has for the past 30 years been in close contact with American anthropologists engaged in studying the peoples of the Arctic circle both in North America and in Asia.

Professor Bogoras-Tan devoted many years of his life to the revolutionary movement in Czarist Russia, being at one time an active member of the Narodnoe Voli (People's Will). For these activities he was exiled by the imperialist Russian government to the extreme northeastern section of Siberia, near the polar wastes. During his ten years of exile he made extensive researches among the natives of these regions. Since the 1917 revolution he has been occupying important educational posts under the Soviet government.

Works With Minorities.

For the past few years he has been engaged principally in organizing the work of elevating the cultural and economic status of the northern tribes in Russia. The Northern Institute in Leningrad, which was founded four years ago by the Northern Branch of the All-Russian Central Executive Committee and of which he is the director, is doing notable educational work among the "lesser" northern tribes who in Czarist times were considered only as objects of exploitation insofar as they were given any notice at all. Many of the tribes were almost completely exterminated. The new school is attended by 300 students of 42 nationalities, who are given a four-year course, during which they are supported by the government. Some of the students come from a distance of 7,000 miles to attend the school and spend many months in traveling, on foot, reindeer, dog-sled and other conveyances before reaching the railroad. Many have never eaten bread nor seen a horse. The training at the school equips them for work as instructors of their tribes, to which they return upon the expiration of the course.

Last year the Soviet government expended $1,500,000 for educational and scientific work among the northern nationalities. During recent years 65 schools have been opened and 50 highly qualified graduates of Prof. Bogoras-Tan's courses at the University of Leningrad are devoting their energies to raising the cultural and economic level of these primitive people.

Prof. Bogoras-Tan will remain in the United States for several months after the close of the congress for the purpose of giving a series of lectures.

HONOR TOLSTOI

MOSCOW, Sept. 14.—The hundredth anniversary of the birth of Leo Tolstoy was observed in his home village of Yasnaya Polyana yesterday by the dedication of a modern school and hospital, in the presence of his relatives, peasants of the vicinity, and Tolstoy scholars and admirers from over the whole world.

Lunacharsky, Commissar of Education of the Soviet Union, at the unveiling of a statue of the great writer, explained the significance of his life and work, paying tribute to him as a far-seeing realistic artist, and a rebel always sincerely seeking for truth, but also pointed out that his policy of resistance and pacifism could not apply to the exploited masses.

SPANISH LABOR UNION SUPPORTS SANDINO FIGHT

Federation Commends Independence Army

PARIS, Sept. 16.—The **brave** struggle of General Sandino **and his** army of independents for **a free** Nicaragua was approved in **a resolution** unanimously adopted **by the** 500 delegates at the convention **of** the Spanish Federation of **Labor**, which took place in Madrid **last** week, in spite of the arrests **of some** of the delegates in the police **dragnet** which preceded the fifth **anniversary** of the dictatorship **of De** Rivera.

The resolution commended **the** revolutionary army for its **war** "upon the oppressors of their country."

This is the first meeting **of the** Federation of Labor during **the five** years that De Rivera was in **power**. It is a known fact that **delegates to** this convention were arrested, according to facts received **here**, although the dictator, in a **statement** issued last week, declared **that the** number and the nature of **the arrests** were not fully known.

Unemployment in Germany Increasing

BERLIN, Sept. 16.—**Inquiries** made by the German national **center** elicited that at the end of **July, 1928**, in respect of the 9,427 **branches** sending in reports, and **representing** 4,031,021 members, the number **of** unemployed was 252,850, **as compared** with 278,124 in June. **Short-time** workers were 247,460, **instead** of 221,951.

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acking House Workers Know Communists Fight for Them, Says Correspondent

SSES, POLICE RYING TO FRAME OHLER, OTHERS

Workers Party Rouses Workers to Union

(By a Worker Correspondent)

KANSAS CITY, Kan. (By Mail).—With the hearing for Hugo Oehler, Nelson S. Yocum, E. B. Eastwood and Sam Kassis, charged with the violation of the Kansas State Criminal Syndicalist Law, starting Monday, 1 p. m., at the state court house, there are practically no new developments in the case of the packing interests against the Communist Party.

While only these four are indicted for the violation of the syndicalist code of the state there are six others who are charged with vagrancy and against whom other charges such as the syndicalist law or of a similar character will be brought. The persecution and the frame-up of militant workers and Communists was carefully planned by the company and government officials. When the raid on the Sacco-Vanzetti meeting, which was held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense, at Shawnee Park in Armourdale, Kansas, the police had about a dozen spies, stool-pigeons from the packing houses, and detectives all clad in overalls, planted in the crowd. At the same time higher company officials and police in plain clothes, headed by Beatty, captain of the police force, were hiding during the meeting in the bushes.

When the meeting was finished this aggregation reinforced by fifteen policemen in uniform descended upon the meeting and began the arrests.

Oehler and E. B. Eastwood were the first ones to be arrested, then Kassis and Nelson S. Yocum, while the stool-pigeons began to round up the audience. Among the arrested were mothers with their children, who were released after a protest. It is important to note that Beatty referred the protesting mothers to the company official who evidently was conducting the raid. The police were careful to exclude American born workers and arrested only those who looked like foreign-born workers. When the arrested were brought to the jail they were charged with vagrancy and released under a $500 bond. Meanwhile the police, the county and district attorneys, were busy in formulating the charges.

On Thursday afternoon it became known that Hugo Oehler, district organizer of District 10 of the Workers (Communist) Party, and Nelson S. Yocum, E. B. Eastwood and Sam Kassis were indicted under the criminal syndicalist law.

Hugo Oehler made a tirade against the government in which he said that Sacco and Vanzetti were murdered by the capitalists and their government, and that the workers must organize in order to prevent further recurrences. This is seditious, according to the hard-boiled government officials, who received their education while in service of the Armour Company. Then, according to police statements, Oehler urged to have the conditions reversed and have the laborers kill the capitalists. It is evident that the stool-pigeons of the Armour Co. will testify to statements that Oehler never made and on the basis of his speech at the Sacco-Vanzetti meeting they will try to railroad him.

More "Crimes."

E. B. Eastwood, who is secretary-organizer of the Kansas City branch of the International Labor Defense, is also indicted on the same charges. His crime consists in making an announcement after the meeting of some picnics and other I. L. D. affairs. So this is termed assisting Hugo Oehler in organizing, teaching, preaching sedition, violence, etc., against the government. Sam Kassis, a member of the I. L. D., was, according to the police, distributing the Labor Defender, the official organ of the I. L. D., and other I. L. D. literature. This, too, is a seditious act against the government.

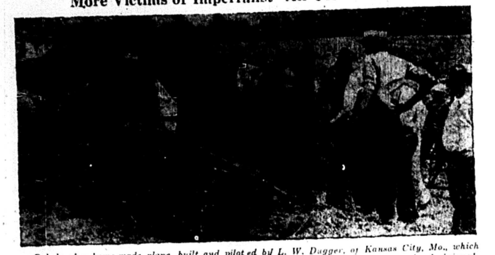
The Packing House workers who were arrested at the Sacco-Vanzetti meeting in Armourdale are now being urged to turn state evidence against Hugo Oehler and the others. If they fail to do so they will be faced with the prospect of being arrested on the charge of belonging to the Communist Party and will also lose their jobs.

Meanwhile the persecution of the Communist Party and other militant workers is the most "going" subject of discussion, not only among the Packing House bosses, but also among workers in other industries.

The workers know that the Communists are persecuted because they are fighting for the interests of the workers against those of the bosses. Particularly do the Packing House workers feel and resent this attack. They know that the attack against the Party was undertaken and directed by the packing house interests because the Party was the active factor in rousing the workers towards the need of a union.

—M. C.

More Victims of Imperialist "Air Consciousness"



Debris of a home-made plane, built and piloted by L. W. Dugger, of Kansas City, Mo., which crashed to the earth recently. Dugger was burned to death. The passengers were seriously injured.

MINERS' UNION ISSUES POLICY

Adopt Militant Plan of Class Struggle

Continued from Page One

greed for more profits have followed a policy of closing so-called unproductive mines, speed-up production, cutting wages, establish the open shop and exterminate the union. In this the operators have found complete support from their criminally corrupt tools—the Lewis machine.

Old Union Smashed.

In district after district the union has been smashed. Working conditions have been lost. The number of unemployed coal miners has grown to over 200,000. In complete collaboration with the coal operators the Lewis machine pursued this reactionary policy of trying to drive these 300,000 unemployed coal miners out of the industry. This in face of a situation where unemployment prevails everywhere.

The corrupt Lewis clique sold out completely to the "open shop" drive of the coal operators. Strike after strike was defeated by their treasonable policies of serving the bosses. They divided the miners against themselves by signing of separate agreements. First by signing up some of one company's mines while permitting the rest to operate "open shop," next by signing separate districts, leading to the criminal isolation of the Pennsylvania and Ohio strikers while the other districts were taken out of the fight. Lastly, this corrupt clique completed its dastardly wrecking policy by abandoning the Jacksonville scale, cutting wages in Illinois and Indianapolis, betraying the Pennsylvania and Ohio strike and entirely destroying the union in those fields.

Agents of Bosses.

These black reactionaries and bosses' agents who comprise the whole of the Lewis machine nationally, and in the various districts have wrought a terrible destruction. The United Mine Workers has now been practically completely exterminated. The desperate efforts still made by the Lewis machine to hang on to the check-off in Illinois and a couple of other isolated spots is just an attempt to maintain their exorbitant salaries. The result of the last wage agreement there for the rank and file coal miners is a drastic wage cut and the shackles of a company union.

Thruout the past labor history of this country the coal miners can show a splendid record of militant struggle for working class organization. The unbreakable solidarity and unconquerable fighting spirit which made possible the building of a once great union still lives. We will build again where the traitors have destroyed. Faithful to our great tradition we the delegates assembled at this convention, representing the rank and file coal miners, finally and completely repudiate the Lewis machine and resolve to build the new union, the name of which shall be the National Miners' Union.

Repudiate Wage Cut.

John L. Lewis and his corrupt clique can no longer speak in the name of the coal miners. We call upon the rank and file in all the fields to refuse to recognize any wage cut agreements signed by them. Fight against the check-off and thereby destroy their hope to keep you enslaved to the company union. Break completely with the Lewis machine and join the National Miners' Union.

We solemnly declare to use every ounce of our energy to fight to the last to remove every obstacle to build an organization to comprise the whole of the rank and file coal miners. An industrial organization taking into its membership all men employed in and around the mines, except the bosses. Within our ranks we welcome the colored miner as well as the white, the foreign born miner as well as the American. We pledge ourselves to fight for complete equality for all, in every respect, regardless of race or nationality.

Importance of Negro Workers.

The Negro miners are an important part of the workers in our industry. They must be brought into our union, drawn into full participation in every sphere of activity and leadership. Ours is the fight to unite all coal miners under the banner of one great organization for the protection of our common interests.

Our object shall be to fight ceaselessly to secure the best possible wages and working conditions obtainable through our organized power. Only through struggle have we gained in the past, and we declare our unalterable opposition to class collaboration. Our policy will be one of militant struggle to win our rightful demands.

For a Labor Party.

In the attacks by the operators upon our standard of wages and working conditions, in all past strikes, clubbings, jailings or detective ambushing have been our lot. Courts and police and all the forces of the government have been against us regardless of whether the republican or democratic party were in control of administration. We therefore declare in favor of a policy of independent political action by the workers through a Labor Party.

In all industries of the country today, the standard of living of the workers are being attacked, wages reduced and the speed-up system intensified. The employers are pursuing their open shop drive. The basic industries are unorganized. Yet the mood for struggle of these workers is growing. The National Miners' Union declares as its policy to assist these workers in their struggles against the employers. To assist them in organizing into new militant unions. Class solidarity against the attacks and exploitation of the capitalist employers is our slogan. To promote it is our object. We declare that we will spare no efforts to extend this class solidarity to embrace all the workers of the world, to strengthen them in the struggle for complete emancipation from capitalist exploitation.

FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

FOSTER TOUR

Tuesday, Sept. 18, Aberdeen, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Portland, Ore., Swiss Hall, 283½ Third St.

Friday, Sept. 21, San Francisco, Calif. Civic Auditorium, San Francisco.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Los Angeles, Calif., Whiting Woods, Rosemont, Calif.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, Salt Lake City, Utah, W. O. W. 168 S. W. Temple St., 2nd floor.

Thursday, Sept. 27, Denver, Colo. Tabernacle Hall, 20th & Lawrence Sts.

Friday, Sept. 28, Omaha, Neb. Son Theatre, 14th & Farnam Sts.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Kansas City, Mo. Musicians Auditorium, 1017 Washington St.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Chicago, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, St. Louis, Mo. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Oct. 3, Indianapolis, Ind. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thureday, Oct. 4, Cincinnati, O. Final arrangements to be announced.

GITLOW TOUR

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Duluth, Minn. Woodman Hall, corner 21st Ave. & 1st St.

Thursday, Sept. 20, Virginia, Minn. Small Auditorium, City Hall.

Saturday, Sept. 22, Bismarck, N. Dak. Paterson Hall at McKenzie Hotel, 422 Main St.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Belden, N. D. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Sept. 24, Plentywood, Mont. Farmer Labor Temple, Plentywood.

Wednesday, Sept. 26, Great Falls, Mont. Final arrangements to be announced.

Friday, Sept. 28, Spokane, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, Portland, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Oct. 2, Astoria, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Oakland, Calif. Final arrangements to be announced.

200 Students From Far North Attend Leningrad School

LENINGRAD, Sept. 16 (UP).—One of the strangest schools in the world has been functioning in this city since 1926. It is the so-called Northern Faculty, whose 200 students, about 40 of them women, represent 31 different nationalities inhabiting the frozen northernmost reaches of European and Asiatic Russia.

Laplanders, Samoyeds, Tungus, Ostyaks and so on—some of them tribes whose very existence has been discovered only recently—have sent daring members to taste this Russian culture of which the white men from warmer climes have told them. Many of them had to travel for two months or longer by reindeer and dog or floating in diminutive punts to get to the Leningrad school.

BOSS HECKLES SHOP PLUMBERS

"Step on It," Is His Speed-Up Order

(By a Worker Correspondent)

In the plumbing shop of Marks and Schleck, in the Bronx, the plumbers are forced by the bosses to speed up on the job.

Mr. Marks, the senior partner, is continually heckling the workers. His favorite expressions are: "Get the work done," "throw it up," "step on it," "are you a cripple?" "I can do twice as much," "if you can't work faster get the h—— off this job." All of these brilliant remarks are taken by the plumbers as they are meant, and they continually try to work faster.

It is impossible for the plumbers on this and other jobs to appeal to the local union; the misleaders of labor immediately call up the boss on the telephone and arbitrate the matter so that later when this delegate appears there are no differences between the workers and the boss.

What is necessary for the plumbing trade is to organize job committees to protect the plumbers and helpers of the American Association of Plumbers Helpers.

D. W.

SPEED UP OF CAR MEN IS CAUSE OF MANY ACCIDENTS

Lay Off Many; Risk Is Motorman's

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CLEVELAND, Ohio (By Mail).—A vicious plan of speed-up and staff reduction is now being inaugurated in this city by the local traction interests, the Cleveland R.R. Co. who own the sole rights of transportation in the city and suburbs. The new plan was put into effect on the 10th on Euclid Ave., the "Broadway" of this city.

Articulated or two car trains mounted on three trucks, with an aisle connecting the cars to allow passengers to pass from one car to the other, have been introduced. Under the old system two conductors were necessary to operate a two-car train, but the new cars will require only one. At present a conductor rides on the rear car instructing the passengers how to use the treadle doors with which the new cars are fitted. Afterwards, the company declares, when the car riders are acquainted with the new machinery only one conductor will be necessary. This means that a considerable number of the men will be thrown out of employment to swell the large numbers that are already roaming the streets of this "city of homes."

Motormen's Risk.

Along with the new cars comes the announcement from the company that five minutes will be cut off the running time on the Euclid Ave. line.

This is going to be a dangerous procedure, especially for motormen as it is almost impossible at the present to make the schedule time owing to the volume of traffic and the large number of automatic traffic signals that the carmen have to contend with. Lately many serious accidents have occurred owing to the high speed at which motormen have been forced to operate the cars, on an eight mile stretch of Euclid Avenue, three-fourths of which lies in the busiest section of the city. This running time is only forty-five minutes from about 7 p. m. to 5 a. m. What with a stop at every second block, and traffic signals that only alternate every thirty-five or sixty seconds, and an inspector hiding behind a telegraph pole with a watch in his hand, you can easily imagine the risks a motorman has to take to keep the car on time and keep his job. The schedules are O. K.'d by the city traction commissioner Mr. Ballou, who works hand in hand with the R. R. company in speeding up the men,

Insurance Gag.

A group insurance and retirement benefit plan proceeded the speeding up. The insurance plan was introduced following the declaration of the supreme court of Ohio declaring unconstitutional the closed shop contract then existing between the Carmen's Union and the R. R. Co. after the local courts had declared legal an award of twelve cents per hour increase in wages granted by an arbitration board. This was in 1924. Since then the R. R. Company has done everything possible to lure the men away from the union. Free smokers, free concerts, free picnics, free dental treatment, and now free uniform caps have been given to the men, all paid for out of the nine and seven cent fares that are being wrung out of the car riders, the great majority of whom are workers.

During all this time neither the officials of our local union or our international have done anything to help the membership. In fact they conspired with the R. R. Co. and the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. of New York to put over the insurance plan on the men. Under the insurance plan the workmen have no legal guarantee whatever, nothing but vague promises by the R R. Company. "The R. R. Co. reserves the right to change, alter, or amend the plan any time," and for that they deduct $2.50 per month, and permit us no say in the matter except to withdraw, which by so doing you lose 70 per cent of the money that had been deducted, and perhaps get the "air" into the bargain. Time pemitting, I hope to write some more letters about the conditions of the Cleveland R. R. workers and the class collaboration activities of our local and international union officials.

CARMAN.

Five New Plays This Week - - Burke Comedy Opens Tonight

THIS week will see five new productions on Broadway: "Cross My Heart," "Lucky Strike" and "This Thing Called Love," are scheduled for this evening, the Jack Dempsey-Estelle Taylor show, "The Big Show," tomorrow night and Schwab and Mandel's new musical "The New Moon" for Wednesday.

Patterson McNutt will present: "This Thing Called Love," a comedy by Edwin Burke at the Maxine Elliott Theatre tonight. Minor Watson and Violet Heming are featured and the cast includes Juliette Day, Malcolm Duncan, Ruth Garland and Bruce Elmore.

Another opening for this evening is "Cross My Heart," Sammy Lee's musical show, which opens at the Knickerbocker Theatre. The cast includes Lulu McConnell, Mary Lawlor, Eddie Conrad, Clarence Nordstrom, Fairchild and Rainger and their orchestra. Harry Tierney wrote the score and the lyrics are by Joseph McCarthy. Daniel Kusell is responsible for the book.

"Lucky Strike," a comedy by H. R. Irving will come to the Biltmore this evening for a limited run of two weeks.

Tuesday evening, at the Majestic, Sam H. Harris and Albert Lewis will present "The Big Fight" by Milton Herbert Gropper and Max Marcin, starring Jack Dempsey and Estelle Taylor. Other players include Edna Bennett, Jack Roseleigh, Arthur Vinton and William Ricciardi.

"The New Moon," a musical comedy, will open at the Imperial Theatre, Wednesday. Oscar Hammerstein 2nd and Frank Mandel are responsible for the book, while Sigmund Romberg wrote the music. The cast will feature Evelyn Herbert, Robert Halliday and Gus Shy and will include Max Figman, William O'Neal, Marie Callahan and Edward Nell.

VIOLET HEMING.

Star of "This Thing Called Love," a new play opening tonight at the Maxine Elliott Theatre.

Vaudeville Theatres

PALACE

Eddie Dowling, late star of "Honeymoon Lane," assisted by Kate Smith and James F. Hamley; Lucille LaVerne, in a condensed version of the play, "Sun Up"; Gaston and Andree, with Lorna Jermaine, assisted by Edna Mackay; Buck and Bubbles; "Toto"; Margaret Stewart, with May Day with Beulah Stewart.

HIPPODROME

Al Van, with his gang; Bob Hall; Orville Stamm and Billie, Alexander and Peggy; Ray Huling and "Charlie"; The Colleanos. The feature photoplay will be "Manmade Women," starring Leatrice Joy and H. B. Warner.

BROADWAY

Hughie Clark and His Gang, featuring Dick Luke's Arcadians, Josephine Davis, Jazz Lips Henderson, Taylor Sister, Ann Bronson and Dottie Lucke, Bobby Joyce and Marie Hisgen. Olive Olsen; the Eno Troupe. The feature photoplay will be "Freedom of the Press" starring Lewis Stone.

CALIFORNIA RED DRIVE STARTS

Foster, Gitlow, Whitney on Ballot

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 16.—Though suffering from a belated start, the campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party is now in full swing. About 1,000 names have already been obtained for the petitions for putting Foster and Gitlow on the ballot, while a similar number have been obtained for Anita Whitney, the Communist candidate for U. S. senator.

Boris Susman and Arthur Dick, candidates for the state assembly in the 66th and 73rd Districts respectively, are expected to go on the ballot without great difficulty.

The opening gun of the Los Angeles campaign was fired Tuesday evening, Sept. 4th, when Comrade Anita Whitney of Oakland, candidate for U. S. senator, spoke to an enthusiastic mass meeting at the Walker Auditorium. Over four hundred dollars were raised from the collection for the campaign.

The names and addresses of nearly 18,000 voters who declined to state their political affiliations, as well as about 1,500 who registered "socialist," are being canvassed to sign the Communist petition blanks.

Los Angeles will also have a number of nationally prominent speakers, such as Foster and Gitlow, speak at mass meetings. There will be a large number of open air meetings arranged, not only in Los Angeles, but also in the surrounding cities and towns.

PLUMBER HELPER DELEGATES SENT TO CONVENTION

Unions Organized in Several Cities

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The yearly national convention of the United Association of Plumbers, Steamfitters and Gasfitters will be held at Atlantic City, N. J., beginning Sept. 17.

The American Association of Plumbers' Helpers will send a delegation to this convention. Brothers C. E. Miller, M. Helfand, M. Singer and S. Rothenberg were elected as delegates.

A mass meeting of plumbers' helpers will be held prior to the departure of the delegates to Atlantic City on Wednesday, Sept. 5.

Word has reached us from Chicago, Ill., that the plumbers' helpers there have organized a union.

In Philadelphia, the Plumbers' Helpers Union is making great headway. A delegation will be sent to the United Association Convention.

Our hopes are not based on any conventions. Only by organizing strongly on the jobs can we achieve our aims.

Plumbers' helpers come to the mass meeting. Bring your fellow helpers along.

—A. P. H.

SEEK 8-HOUR DAY.

Members of the Gloucester, N. J., police force recently began the circulation of petitions throughout the city to obtain sufficient signatures to have placed on the November election ballot the question as to whether the police force shall have an 8-hour day.

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A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

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Mill Workers Realize Old Labor Organizations, Led by Misleaders, Do Not Aid Them

SEES WORKERS READY FOR NEW TEXTILE UNION

Organizer Reports on New England Tour

That the textile workers everywhere are ripe for struggle and will respond eagerly to the call for a convention to organize a new union issued by the National Textile Mill Committees is the opinion of John Di Santo, Passaic textile worker, who has just completed a tour of New Hampshire, Massachusetts and Connecticut textile centers for the Textile Mill Committees. Di Santo was one of the delegates to the United Textile Workers Convention, who was there to represent one of the six local unions which broke away because of the U. T. W.'s reactionary policies.

"Everywhere conditions for the workers are growing more and more rotten," Di Santo stated yesterday in an interview with the Daily Worker representative. "Everywhere speed-up, long hours and unemployment are the order of the day. The U. T. W. and the A. F. T. O. are doing nothing to relieve these conditions, and everywhere the workers are completely disgusted with the leadership of these organizations. The new union will certainly go over big in New England."

In Lawrence, where the multiple loom system prevails, Di Santo found the workers in the Pacific mill running 105 Draper automatic looms. This compares with 90 looms in Nashua, N. H., which is already a large number. Terrible unemployment has cursed the city of Lawrence for several years. Lowell, Mass., is left a desert through the removal or closing down of its mills. The tendency of the Massachusetts mills to move either south or to Maine is becoming greater with the inducement of longer hours and cheaper labor in these centers. Maine has now offered a 50 per cent cut in taxes as a bait to manufacturers to move there. The 60-hour week for women as well as men prevails in Maine, while Massachusetts is still "hampered" (from the bosses' point of view) with the 48-hour law for women.

A pay envelope of a dye worker in the American Printing Company in Fall River, Mass., for 55 hours' work shows the enormous sum of $13.91. Another worker's envelope contained $19 and some change for 60 odd hours' work. Child labor is abundant throughout New England, Di Santo claims. Not only legalized child labor of from 14 to 16 years, but the employment of children younger than 14 is also common.

Di Santo's tour has helped to insure a representation from New England centers for the national convention to be held on September 22-23 at Irving Plaza, New York City. Delegates have been elected from the following centers, from mill committees and workers clubs: Manchester and Nashua, N. H.; Lowell, Lawrence, Salem, Taunton, Fall River, New Bedford, Holyoke, Chicopee Falls, Easthampton, Mass., and Shelton, New London, Norwich.

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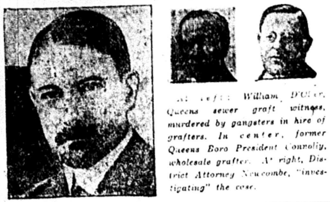

At left: William D'Olier, Queens sewer graft witness, murdered by gangsters in hire of grafters. In center, former Queens Boro President Connolly, wholesale grafter. At right, District Attorney Newcombe, "investigating" the case.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Organization Conference.

An organization conference of Section 2 will be held tomorrow at 101 West 27th Street at 6 p. m. All unit and subsection organizers must attend.

* * *

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 31 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

* * *

Branch 3, Sec. 7.

Starting today Branch 3 Section 7, will meet every Monday night at Finnish Hall, 764 40th St., Brooklyn. Important business meeting Monday at 8 p. m.

* * *

Y. W. L. Downtown.

Will meet today at Clinton and E. B'way., at 8:30 p. m. Speakers: Tillie Lurye, M. Cullens, Klingoffer, Rose Pollack, B. Intrator and a Pioneer speaker.

* * *

Subsection 3E.

3E International Branch 1 meets today at 9 p. m.

* * *

3E 1F.

Unit 3E 1F will meet tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

3E 2F.

A meeting will be held of Unit 3E 2F on Wednesday, Sept 19 at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Executive Subsection 3E.

The Subsection Executive Committee will hold a meeting on Thursday Sept. 20, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Unit 4F, Subsection 3C.

Unit 4F, 3C will hold an educational meeting today at 101 W. 27th St. at 6.30.

* * *

Section 8.

Section 8 meets Wednesday, Sept. 19, at 154 Watkins St. at 8:30 p. m.

* * *

Branch 4, Section 5.

A business and educational meeting of the branch will take place today at 8:30 p. m., at 2075 Clinton Ave. Comrade Stamler will speak on imperialism.

* * *

Bronx Special Membership Meet.

All members of Section 5 must attend a special mobilization meeting for important Party work tomorrow at 8.30 p. m., at 2075 Clinton Ave.

* * *

E. C. of Subsection 3C.

A meeting of the enlarged executive committee of Subsection 3C will take place on Wednesday, Sept. 19, 6.30 p. m., at 101 W. 27ht St. All members of the committee and functionaries must be present.

* * *

Units of Subsection 3C.

A meeting of units of Subsection 3C will take place today at 6:30 p. m., at 101 West 27th Street. There will be a report from the election campaign directors.

* * *

Unit 2C, 3F.

A special discussion meeting will be held today at 6 p. m., at 108 East 14th Street. Subject is: The disciplinary decisions of the district office.

* * *

Italian Unit.

A special meeting of the Italian unit, Section 4, Harlem will be held tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. at 143 E. 103rd St. Election of a new executive committee of the unit will take place.

* * *

Unit 2F, Section 1.

An educational meeting of Unit 2F, Section 1, will be held today at 6 p. m., 60 St. Marks Place. Topic "Farmers in U. S. Compared With U. S. S. R. Peasants."

* * *

Branch 1, Section 5.

Tomorrow at 8.3 p. m. there will be a section membership meeting at 2075 Clinton Ave. The entire membership must be mobilized for important Party work. The branch meeting has been called off.

* * *

6F S1.

6F S1 meets tomorrow at 60 St. Marks Place.

NANTES, Sept. 16.—Over one hundred striking dockmen were arrested here yesterday, when police broke up a demonstration of the workers.

The police were later forced to release all of the strikers following a second demonstration of the strikers. The dockers are fighting a wage cut.

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NEARING SPEAKS IN DELAWARE TOWN IN TOUR

First Time Red Speaker Talked There

For the first time in its history the ultra-conservative town of Newark, Delaware was visited by a Communist speaker when Scott Nearing addressed a crowd of approximately 137 people at the Opera House on Monday evening, Sept. 10.

"You will have to face the Communist ideas and movement in the next few years and in the campaign of 1928," was the challenge laid down by the noted economist. "There is no essential difference between the democratic and republican parties," said the speaker," for both dwell on insignificant peculiarities of the candidates and ignore the really important issues such as the concentration of wealth and the submergence of the working class while they differ in no essential way on the issues they do deal with.

"Union membership has decreased by a third since the war and many unions are in a precarious position," Nearing continued. "Production has increased two-fold since the war but of the enormous profits all but a few per cent has been made by a few concerns while wages have not increased and have in many industries decreased. Thus the working class is faced with the need and the desirability of forming strong unions. The Workers Party aims to organize these unions."

"In the international field the United States finds itself the dominant nation due to its wealth and to its loans and investments abroad." Outlining this situation Nearing discussed the possibilities of war which he said were quite likely to be stirred up in several different ways."

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GEHRIG, KOENIG HIT HOMERS; YANKS WIN

(By United Press)

The New York Yankees retained their half game lead in the American League race Sunday by defeating the St. Louis Browns while the Philadelphia Athletics were winning from the Cleveland Indians.

Home runs by Gerhig and Koenig helped the Yankees beat the Browns, 7 to 5.

Lefty Grove pitched the Athletics to a 7 to 1 victory over the Indians, allowing but four hits.

The Yankees collected 12 hits off Blaeholder and Wiltse. The Browns made but six hits off Johnson and Zachary, but three Yankee errors aided them.

The Athletics bunched six hits with two errors in the sixth inning to score six runs and drive Shaute from the mound.

* * *

The New York Giants lost a half game in the National League pennant race by dropping a 1 to 0 game to the Pittsburgh Pirates Sunday. The St. Louis Cardinals, who were idle, now hold a two-game lead over the Giants.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

New York, 7; St. Louis, 5.
Philadelphia, 7; Cleveland, 1.
Washington, 11; Detroit, 7.
Chicago, 7; Boston, 1 (1st).
Boston, 2; Chicago, 0 (2nd).

National League

Pittsburgh, 1; New York, 0.
Cincinnati, 4; Brooklyn, 3.
No other games scheduled.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 25 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

* * *

Jewelry Workers Notice.

The Jewelry Workers' Welfare Club will hold a ball and concert on Saturday evening, Nov. 3, at the Webster Manor, 11th St. All fraternal organizations are urged not to arrange conflicting affairs for that date.

* * *

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Spanish Workers Club.

The Spanish Workers Club will have a lecture on "Bourgeois and Proletarian Literature," by Miguel Cruz, tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. at 55 W. 113th St.

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WORKERS OF ALL RACES
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SOLIDARITY DANCE
of New York Council of the American Negro Labor Congress
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1928
at HARLEM LABOR CENTER
461 Lenox Avenue, Near 133rd Street
Admission 25 Cents. — — Good Music. — — Refreshments.

McGARRY FORCES FIRED BY LEWIS FROM THE U. M. W.

Many Meetings Choose Convention Delegates

Continued from Page One

Garry forces gave lip service to the fight against the contractor system but showed its true character when it refused to make any fight against Lewis. This did not save them from expulsion by the Lewis machine which, carrying out the policy of the coal operators, is determined to root out all opposition.

New Union Has Correct Plan.

Anthracite miners see in this event another confirmation of the correctness of the policy of the newly formed National Miners' Union whose leaders from the start condemned the unprincipled activities of the Brennan-McGarry group.

The National Miners' Union is planning a meeting in District 7 in the near future which will initiate a drive in the anthracite. One union of the anthracite and the bituminous miners is the policy of the new union, rank and file control by the coal diggers and a militant struggle against the coal operators as against the policy of betrayal which is the program of the Lewis machine.

Labor Defense Groups Show Great Activity; Autumn Revel Oct. 27

With the conclusion of the summer months, many of the branches of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, have taken a new lease on life and are showing increased activity. Membership campaigns have been started on a broad scale and increased attendance is reported at meetings.

Lectures on topics of workingclass interest and social affairs are also being arranged by many branches. A drive for subscriptions to the Labor Defender has been started and is meeting with success.

All I. L. D. branches have also begun preparations for the annual Autumn Revel of the New York organization, which will be held in Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St., on Saturday evening, October 27. It is planned to make this one of the most colorful affairs that the I.L.D. has ever held.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

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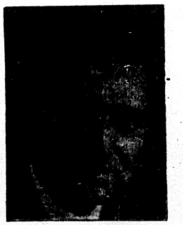

BENJAMIN GITLOW

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from September 1st to Election Day

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers! For the Party of the Class Struggle! Against the Capitalists!

Loans to the Soviet Union

The loan mongers of the world are evincing extraordinary interest in the possibility of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics being able to absorb huge amounts of investment capital. The reason for this sudden interest in prospects for future Soviet loans is the demonstrated ability of the Bolshevik government to meet German demands for loan payments months before they fall due.

The financial world was astonished to learn that during the first business week of September 21,000,000 marks worth of gold was sent into Germany from Soviet sources. This transaction had been preceeded by a large number of smaller shipments of gold from the Soviet Union into Germany. For a time the financial world was unable to ascertain the motive for such a gold movement and so their experts on statistical analysis began to delve into the problem. What was the motive of the Soviet Union in shipping such amounts of gold?

The answer was soon forthcoming. The gold shipments that culminated in the 21,000,000 marks movement were for the purpose of placing sufficient gold in German banks to cover the first payment of German government guaranteed credits, amounting to 80,000,000 marks ($20,000,000). It has been ascertained that the total amount that will fall due between October and January 1929, is already in the hands of the German bankers.

This fact is a staggering refutation of the professional traducers of the Soviet Union who have carried on a persistent propaganda to the effect that the Bolsheviks could not meet the payments on these loans. The lie factories of Paris and Riga, as well as Kellogg's propaganda mill at Washington, and Matthew Woll's Civic Federation liars, will have to invent new slanders against the U. S. S. R.

American financial writers are now speculating upon the volume of future loans that will flow to the Soviet Union.

With gold again moving from London to New York the question of disposing of the enormous gold supply in the United States becomes more complicated. Since the Soviet Union is able to absorb a tremendous volume of credits, this question inevitably forces itself to the very forefront in financial circles. It is a certainty that credits will be granted, with or without recognition of the Soviet Union by the United States government.

Let no one imagine, however, that because credits will be extended the loan mongers are any more friendly to the revolution than before. They will remain, as before, the relentless enemies of the workers' and peasants' government. In fact, they will endeavor to utilize their loans for counter-revolutionary purposes. The Berlin correspondent of the New York Evening Post, speaking of credits to the Soviet Union says:

> "Many persons think the Soviets ought to buy finished articles for consumption, which can be bought on short term credits, instead of machinery, which requires long-term credits. . . . It is understood from very reliable sources that it is possible, if the Russians are willing to accept large short-term credits, Americans are ready to participate with the Germans in placing considerable sums at their disposal."

While appearing as merely a technical question of finances, the distinction between short-term credits for articles calculated for immediate consumption and long-term credits for machinery is of the greatest political significance. Short-term credits mean that the banking capitalists will place at the disposal of the Soviet Union only those credits that will enable the Bolshevik government to purchase the finished products of the industrial capitalist countries—hoping the Soviet Union will become a mere market for the absorption of such commodities and will be dependent for its needs upon the capitalist world. Long-term credits mean placing at the disposal of the Soviet Union money that will enable the government to continue its policy of socialist construction by establishing its own industries—its own machinery of production.

The greatest need of the Soviet Union is not merely the machinery of light industry that will enable it to produce textile and other commodities for immediate sale and consumption. Its greatest need is the establishment of heavy industries; industries that produce the machinery of production for the lighter industries.

That is the road over which the Soviet Union is travelling toward the construction of socialism. The loan mongers of the world know this and will try to market the products of their home industries and prevent the development of Soviet industries.

But the Soviet Union that has faced the bullets of the imperialists and defeated their mercenary legions on its own soil, that has known how to deal with the spies and saboteurs of the enemy, will also meet and defeat the intrigues of those who try to utilize credits to the detriment of the revolution. They will, of course, not refuse short-time credits, but never will the Soviet Union permit itself to be placed in a position where it is dependent for industrial commodities upon the imperialist bandits who, at the very moment they grant credits, will conspire against the workers' and peasants' government. The progress of the Soviet Union on the road to socialism is a guarantee against the imperialist plotters.

Furthermore, the class conscious workers of the capitalist countries who are the only real defenders outside the Soviet Union of their socialist fatherland will continue their fight against the imperialists whether they grant long or short-term loans, knowing full well that conspiracies, in one form or another, against the Soviet Union will cease only when capitalism falls before the world proletarian revolution.

Paris — Two Weeks After the Kellogg Pact

The swindle of the Kellogg pact as an alleged preventive of wars is emphasized by the aircraft maneuvers at Paris, less than a fortnight after the signing of the document by various nations. The maneuvers at Paris were, like all similar exhibitions, intensive propaganda for ever greater armaments.

British and French army staffs viewed the performance and made observations "with a view towards perfecting the offensive and defensive ability of the French air force." It is particularly significant that a mock airplane attack on Paris was managed in such a way that had it been real it would have completely destroyed most of the city and the general staff itself. The inevitable conclusion to be drawn from the Paris performance is the necessity for doubling and trebling the air forces as well as the anti-aircraft forces. Let no one think for a moment that such maneuvers before staffs of officers from other powers reveal to them the real condition of the military forces, even though they may have a joint entente against other imperialist powers.

The presence of the British did, however, also emphasize the new Anglo-French entente that first took the form of a naval agreement between the Baldwin-Chamberlain tory government and the Poincare-Briand imperialist government.

While the sham air fight was going on in Paris the puppet president at Washington, Cal Coolidge, and his antedulivian secretary of state, "Nervous Nelly" Kellogg, were still trying to conceal their fury at the Anglo-French naval agreement which was consummated in defiance of the naval arms policy of the United States.

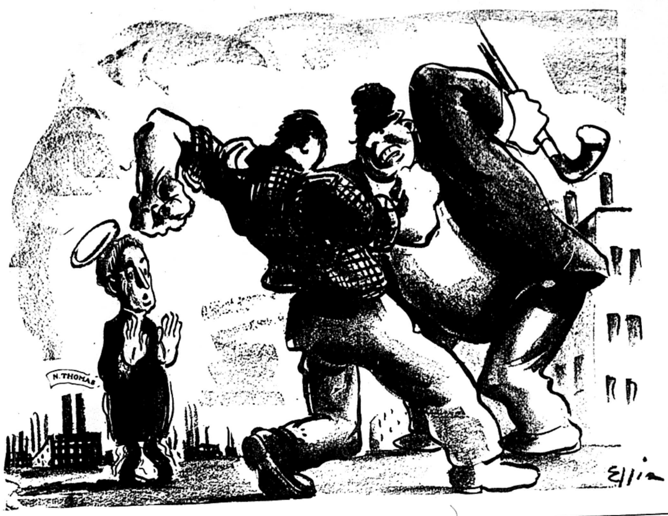
Within a short time we may expect similar sham battles off the coasts of the United States which will "reveal" the fact that all the sea coast cities may easily be destroyed, as an excuse for our own jingoes to demand armaments that will surpass those of any other nation.

This frenzied preparation for another imperialist war, the logical inevitable result of the contradictions generated on a world scale, is the outstanding political problem of the day, yet as far as the campaigns of the democrats, republicans and socialists are concerned, this fact is utterly ignored.

It is only the Communists that face the reality of the situation and wage a determined struggle against the war-mongers. All those workers and farmers of the United States, who will be the victims of the next world slaughter, should rally to the support of the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party and help wage a fight against imperialism and all its agents—the Herbert Hoovers, the Al Smiths and the Norman Thomases.

"THIS IS TERRIBLE. LET US HAVE PEACE"

By Fred Ellis



Housing Vital Problem of Negro Workers

Exploited by Sharks; Face Exorbitant Rents; Slum Conditions; Segregation

By RICHARD B. MOORE.
(Candidate for Congress, 21st Congressional District, Workers (Communist) Party.

One of the most vital problems which the Negro masses face is the problem of housing. How very vital, in fact, how actually menacing this problem now is will be realized when it is known that the record of the death rate in cities shows that Negro children are dying from two to eight times faster than the children of other races. This frightful mortality, this slaughter of the innocents, is due directly to the terrible housing conditions imposed upon the Negro masses under the present oppressive capitalist system which is based upon rent, interest and profit.

Rent profiteering, overcrowding, unsanitary and beastly conditions are at their worst in the segregated districts where Negroes are compelled to live. Unable to move out of these miserable ghettos, the Negro masses are forced to pay the most exhorbitant and outrageous rents for houses in every state of dilapidation and lack of sanitation. They are the prey of the greedy landlords and grasping capitalists who literally suck the life-blood out of them.

Negroes Jim Crowed.

Exploited at the point of production where they are paid the lowest wages for the most taxing and menial labor, Negro workers are set upon at the point of consumption by rent hogs and landlord sharks who take advantage of their segregated condition to gouge and bleed them to death. Terrible indeed is the plight of these workers caught in the meshes of this vicious and lethal system of profit-making and rent-gouging. Impoverishment, degradation, disease, and death—this is the terrible toll which Negro workers are forced to pay under this vicious system which yields ill-gotten gain and blood money to a few capitalist parasites.

Negro Landlords Just as Oppressive

It is a fact worthy of special note and full of great significance that Negro landlords and real estate agents are ready participants in and active supporters of this vicious system which pauperizes, degrades, and crushes the masses of the Negro race. It is an undeniable and weighty fact that Negro landlords and agents are no more considerate of the purse, safety, health, and lives of Negro tenants than any other landlords.

Indeed, it is to be observed that Negro real estate agents have been a very active class in increasing rent. They are exceedingly active and skillful in the business of persuading landlords to put in Negro tenants at doubled rentals. What does it matter to them what these tenants do, or how they live in order to pay these oppressive rents? What does it matter to these Negro agents and landlords whether black babies live or die? Only one thing matters with them as with all landlords and capitalists of whatever race, and that is profit.

Profit For Landlords—Slums For Workers.

The higher the rent, the greater the commission, the larger the gain. And again, the less coal burned, the fewer repairs made, the greater the profit. So rents are raised, steam heat and hot water are hardly to be obtained, and repairs and sanitation are neglected by black as well as by white landlords and agents. With results for the masses of these workers that are terrible to contemplate. Destitution, degeneration, disease, and death, these are the tragic results. When measures are introduced for the protection of tenants or for the improvement of housing conditions, such as the extension of the Emergency Rent Laws, and the Dwellings Law Bill which were brought before the New York legislature this year, it is seen that black and white landlords unite in the fight to defeat them. They line up together on the basis of their class interests as capitalists to kill laws which would help to abolish fire-traps and disease-breeding slums, laws which would improve in some slight measure the standards of safety and health in the homes of the masses. They ought as one to wipe from the statute books any laws which afford tenants and workers the slightest legal basis for a fight against "unjust, unreasonable and oppressive rents." The Negro landlords and agents, like the others, protect their class interests, their profits, they fight against the interests of the oppressed Negro masses who are being crushed into the dust.

Workers Fight the Slum System.

It is the workers' and tenants' organizations that are found fighting for the protection of the workers, black and white.

The American Negro Labor Congress sent telegrams to the governor and legislature of New York State, demanding the passage of these laws. The Harlem Tenants League sent resolutions and delegates along with the representatives of other tenants' leagues and labor bodies to fight for the protection and the welfare and lives of the masses of the people.

Lessons.

The lesson of this situation is plain and pointed. It is clear before our eyes. The fight to reduce higher rents and to clean up the vile conditions which menace the health and survival of the Negro workers will have to be waged against the bitter opposition of both black and white landlords who fatten upon these vicious and murderous conditions. The Negro tenants and workers of other races, will have to carry on this necessary struggle for the salvation of the black and white workers.

The Only Solution—Communism.

They must build strong tenants' leagues and powerful labor unions as their essential and effective instruments for this vital struggle. They must organize politically to defeat the parties of the capitalists and the landlords, the republican and democratic parties. They must defeat likewise the socialist party, the treacherous party of the small business men and yellow liberals who have forsaken the class struggle and who fail to fight for the interests of the workers. They must build and support the Party of the class struggle, the Party of the workers, farmers, and tenants which fights militantly against the system of rent-profiteering and capitalist exploitation—the Workers (Communist) Party.

Under the banner of this militant proletarian party the black and white tenants and workers must fight for the abolition of the capitalist system of rent, interest and profit which is responsible for their oppression and degradation. They must fight for the establishment of a workers' government under which the means of life—land, houses, factories, mills, mines, etc.—will be owned and controlled by all the workers under the system of Communism, which alone can solve the problem of housing, of labor, etc., and guarantee a decent life for all the masses.

In the present election campaign the duty of the oppressed Negro and white workers and tenants is clear. It is to support wholeheartedly the only party which fights for a program of housing and labor in the interests of the masses, the Workers (Communist) Party.

The program of the Workers (Communist) Party on housing demands:

1. Abolition of all laws which result in segregation of Negroes. Abolition of all Jim Crow laws. The law shall forbid all discrimination against Negroes in selling or renting houses.
2. Municipal fixing of low rents for workers. Rent for wage earners should not amount to more than 10 per cent of their wages.
3. Municipally built houses should be rented to the workers without profit.
4. Immediate enactment of state laws providing for abolition of the right of eviction by landlords against wage earner tenants.
5. Compulsory repair by the landlords of all working class homes in bad condition.
6. Immediate establishment by municipalities of homes to shelter the unemployed.
7. Municipal aid to workers' building cooperatives.

• • •

(Editor's note):

This article by the candidate of our Party for congress in the 21st congressional district exposes the terrible housing conditions existing in the Jim Crow quarters where Negro workers are forced to live by the vicious racial caste system which capitalist society maintains. Similar conditions are to be found in all working class districts.

In "prosperous" America the workers, black and white, are forced to live in slums and hovels, but in Soviet Russia, where the workers rule, the best houses are occupied by workers and "the building of homes for workers is an essential part of the whole constructive program of the Soviet government which spends millions yearly to erect houses for wage earners."

The oppressive nature of the capitalist government of America is clearly to be seen in the callous disregard of the lives of the masses of the people by the capitalist politicians who killed the Dwellings Law Bill, and other such measures. The fight against this capitalist exploitation and degradation of the workers is and must be carried on against the bitter opposition of both republican and democratic parties. This was brought into bold view in the struggle over the Dwellings Law Bill. One of the most militant fighters for the protection of the tenants and workers in that struggle was the candidate of our Party, Richard at all the hearings at Albany. We B. Moore, who as president of the Harlem Tenants' League, appeared quote in part from one of his speeches exposing before the legislature the oppressive housing conditions:

"If the legislature were conversant with the terrible housing conditions now existing, and if it were moved by considerations for the health and welfare of the people, it would pass this bill forthwith. The dreadful conditions among the masses will be realized from the pathetic fact that we have mothers appearing in court with children whose fingers and cheeks have been eaten by rats because rapacious landlords refuse to make repairs. The issue which this legislature is now called upon to decide, the issue now squarely before it, is whether the richest state of the richest country in the world cannot find enough resources, cannot provide a housing code which will provide sufficient light and air and which will compel standards for the protection of the health and lives of its citizens.

"The landlords have raised the cry of confiscation. It must be answered that millions of dollars of slave property were confiscated in order to abolish chattel slavery. But the issue is not now confiscation. We have not yet come to that again. There is not a single confiscatory provision in this Dwellings Law Bill which requires only the barest minimum standards for health and safety. As a matter of fact, this bill does not begin to require what is really necessary for the protection of the masses. Against this false cry of confiscation, we raise the true cry of murder, for the lethal conditions under which the masses of people are now compelled to live amount to murder. To the gentleman who quoted from the decalogue, "Thou shalt not steal," we reply, that there is another commandment which is still more binding, "Thou shalt not kill."

"I ask this legislature not to be overawed by this display of the landlords who have packed this hearing. The millions of the people demand the passage of this law. They are the fewer here for the reason that even now at this hour they are toiling and sweating and grinding to produce the profits and rents which these oppressors squeeze out of them. But these workers are watching to see whether this legislature will sacrifice the health and lives of its citizens to the greed of oppressive profiteers. They will judge and act accordingly."

The capitalist politicians of both the republican and democratic parties killed this bill. The workers and tenants should learn from this that they must support the party of their own class which alone can be depended upon to fight for their vital interests. This party is the Workers (Communist) Party. Vote Communist! Join the Workers (Communist) Party!

'Labor' Laws Are in Interest of Bosses

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Labor laws are supposed to be in the interests of the workers. So say the state and federal authorities. Well, man, they are on paper, of course.

In the construction of new buildings hoists are used for carrying up materials. No people are allowed to ride on them. Recently I saw men riding on them because they wanted to save time. In one place the boss also saw this but as usual didn't give a damn.

Workers, see that the safety laws are enforced. If we do not protect our lives, who will? It is up to us.

CASSELL.

Japan has more than 850,000 women factory workers.

Told You So

A BIG fat, oil worm has finally turned Harry Sinclair who has been kicked around like the "Ole hound dawg" for several years is now on the inside of the boot. You all heard of the scandalous way in which this patriot was treated for his patriotic action in becoming a party of the second part to an oil deal, which relieved the navy department of a state full of oil. Big hearted Harry agreed to shoulder the burden.

T. J. O'Flaherty

• • •

WELL, Harry lost several pounds of excess avoirdupois and perhaps a million dollars in legal fees before he was finally absolved of sin. But a true patriot will never rest until he has given his country convincing proof that his heart only palpitates for two worthy purposes, namely love and patriotism. When the time came for the oil Ameer to file his income tax report he lopped off a couple of millions from his taxable income, which he claimed was lost to him thru bad luck with the horses, a few bad debts and sundry items amounting to half a million.

• • •

HAD Sinclair succeeded in convincing the internal revenue department of the truth of his tale he would have saved $250,000—almost enough to buy the next administration. And he might have succeeded but for the cupidity of two internal revenue agents who tried to hold him up for $35,000. Rocking with indignation, Sinclair got in touch with the competent authorities, who had the agents arrested with the dough. Harry broke into the press and is now eligible for a cabinet position. Evidently he learned something from the Teapot Dome scandal.

• • •

THE arrival of Aimee McPherson in town, on her way to England, cannot help attracting the attention of prospective business men to the field of religion as a fertile source of income. Aimee has found it that way. In one respect it resembles the insurance business. One can start without much capital. The customer bears all the expense and unless he dies too soon he is certain to be all velvet. There is another resemblance. Insurance, though encouraging thrift, thrives on the thriftless, who are more inclined to spend their savings than to bank them for a dying day. Religion, while warring on sin, would go to bed supperless only for the jolly old sinner.

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AIMEE is going to England to save the Anglo-Saxons from beer and sin. The English are between the devil and the deep sea, alright. They must choose between Aimee and Pussyfoot Johnson. Wise people always pick the lesser of two evils. Pussyfoot, in addition to being a chronic snooper, is a confidence man. He passes off a glass eyeball for the real article. Since Aimee faced a jury in her kidnaping trial and learned from experience that short skirts are more effective in softening the male heart than the most eloquent address from learned counsel, she has compromised with Satan by giving her calves the air. But by meeting the sinners halfway she brings in the customers. Pussyfoot is too old-fashioned. He persists in looking at sin straight with his eye.

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THE Workers (Communist) Party is now on the ballot in twenty-one states, with several other states almost ready for filing. This is a splendid accomplishment for a young party with only one election campaign behind it. In the heyday of the socialist party it was only on the ballot in 41 states. But for the "traditional" socialist voters, who have gone to sleep since the war, the socialist party would not get enough votes in this election campaign to fill a high hat. Al Smith has stolen Norman Thomas's campaign thunder and a considerable chunk of the LaFollette vote of 1924, which the socialists then claimed for themselves, will divide between the democratic and republican parties.

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WHILE the Workers (Communist) Party was incurring the wrath of the capitalists and the labor fakers by participating in the struggles of the workers for wages and working conditions, and leading the left wing struggle in the trade unions, the socialist party was busy slandering the Communists and assisting the reactionary labor leaders in ousting the militants. They expected that this treacherous policy would win them the support of the trade union bureaucracy. But this is not Europe, where the social democrats are either running the government for the capitalists or are in a respectable opposition. The labor bureaucrats, being "practical" persons, do not see any sense in sticking their economic necks into the Rev. Norman Thomas's halo. They prefer the more juicy honors of the capitalist parties.

Tom O'Flaherty

SOVIET VESSEL RESCUES 6 MISSING RUSSIAN FLIERS IN ARCTIC

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1928

2,000 ILLINOIS MINERS STRIKE AGAINST WAGE CUT

Many Are Dead and Injured, Hundreds of Families Homeless in Florida Hurricane

DEATHS MOUNT IN PORTO RICO STORM DISASTER

Thousands of Peasants Homeless; Great Suffering

Many Mad of Hunger

Great Destruction Is Reported

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 17.—A large number of persons are dead, and hundreds injured as a result of the hurricane which swept across Florida, according to fragmentary reports from the storm-swept east coast today.

West Palm Beach, across Lake Worth, was believed to have been the hardest hit on the basis of these reports. Hundreds of injured and homeless were crowded in temporary hospitals and shelter.

The entire section is without light, power, gas and sewerage facilities, and suffering is obviously greatest in the working class districts.

The food problem was reported especially serious in West Palm Beach.

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MIAMI, Fla., Sept. 17 (UP).—Late reports placed the death list in the Florida hurricane at twenty-seven. Eleven persons, including eight Negroes, were reported killed in the area south of west Palm Beach.

A report that fifteen persons were drowned at Lake Okeechobee reached the United Press in a roundabout manner from Tampa. But with wires in their present condition it was impossible early tonight to accurately check the reports.

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SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Sept. 17. (UP).—Porto Rico has been devastated. Hundreds of thousands have been made homeless by Thursday's hurricane.

Thousands of country people are walking the streets of the partly-wrecked towns, begging for food. Some have gone mad from hunger and terror.

Communications have not been restored, but apparently no part of the island escaped. A hundred houses were destroyed in San Juan and the same in most cities. Some towns were heaps of ruins, notably Las Piedras and Yabucoa.

Destruction Everywhere.

No trains are running and no telegraph lines have been established yet. Automobiles move with extreme difficulty over roads choked with debris. Road gangs are work-

Continued on Page Three

CALL PARLEY TO HELP SCHIFFRIN

Worker Organizations Will Meet

A preliminary conference of all working class organizations has been called by the Progressive Butchers and the Grocery Clerks Union for tomorrow at 8 p. m. in the main hall of the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, it was announced yesterday.

The official call to the conference has already been sent to all labor unions, labor fraternal oranizations unions, labor fraternal organizations to send delegates to the conference, the purpose of which will be to launch a vigorous campaign to secure the release of this militant worker who is in danger of being sent to prison for many years.

A special appeal was made by the committee to the various defense committees already in existence to come to this conference.

Schiffrin is now under a charge of homicide for defending his life against a squad of five "committeemen" sent by the right wing Butchers' Union, who attacked him with knives. The leader of the squad was killed when Schiffrin defended himself with a penknife.

Textile Pickets Fight On Despite Police Terrorism

Scenes like the above are daily occurrences in New Bedford, where 30,000 textile workers are on strike for a living wage. Pickets are shown being attacked by police. Despite police brutality, workers are determined to fight bosses to the end.

The textile workers, dissatisfied with the misleaders of the U. T. W., will build a new militant union. The convention will be held in New York, Sept. 22nd.

NEW CONFERENCE ON RAIL WAGES

Misleaders Work for Sellout

CHICAGO, Sept. 17 (UP).—Representatives of 70,000 railroad conductors and trainmen of 55 western railroads were expected to meet with a federal board of mediation here today in a renewed effort to settle a wage dispute which has been the subject of unsuccessful conferences for more than two weeks.

Sessions of the contesting parties failed to result in an agreement early this week. The case may go to President Coolidge, it was indicated today. The train service em-

Continued on Page Three

CLOAK CHAIRMEN MEET TOMORROW

Boston, Philadelphia Hold Rallies

All shop chairmen and shop delegates in the cloak and dress manufacturing industry here will meet at their monthly conference tomorrow evening immediately after work in Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St., according to the announcement made public from Joint Board headquarters last night.

The status of the organization drive, its results to date, and its extension to all sections of the industry, are to be the chief topics of the discussion at tomorrow's conference. Tentative plans for work have been drawn up by the executive board of the Shop Chairmen's Council, as the monthly conferences are called.

Movement Growing.

Despite the fumings of the "socialist" Jewish Daily Forward, and the leaders of the right wing scab union therein, the movement for a

Continued on Page Two

Section 5 to Hold Membership Meeting

A meeting of Section 5, Workers (Communist) Party, will be held tonight at the section headquarters at 2075 Clinton Ave.

Matters of vital importance will be discussed.

Police- Drive Auto Thru Red Election Meet

PATERSON, Sept. 17.—Driving their car right thru a hundred or more workers, police last Friday night broke up an open air meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party.

After bullying the committee in charge of the meeting, the police said that they would not allow any more meetings on that street corner and instructed the chairman to appear before the chief of police the next morning.

The brutal chief of police, John Tracey, famous for his treatment of Paterson workers in a decade of class struggle, was visited by a committee from the Young Workers (Communist) League. He told the committee that they were "interfering with traffic" on that corner and would not be allowed to meet there. Boasting about his ability to handle "labor troubles," he would give no permission for a meeting on a different corner and referred the young workers for such permission to Captain Murphy, "who," the chief said, "is in charge at night, and whose wishes I don't want to override."

ISSUE DUES CALL TO FUR WORKERS

Thousands Pay Strike Tax to Build Union

The decision of the recent membership meeting of the Joint Board Furriers Union on the cancellation of dues arrears for all fur workers not in good standing, reported here recenty, was broadcast thruout the entire fur manufacturing district yesterday in a printed manifesto distributed by the thousands.

Great Response.

Inquiries at the headquarters of the Joint Board show that since the decision on the dues question was made, many hundreds of furriers who had not as yet joined the left wing Joint Board, took advantage of the decision and came to make payments on the $25 tax levied after the victorious strike of 1926.

The manifesto distributed yesterday declares that all workers, registered and unregistered and even

Continued on Page Two

ENDORSE RED TICKET

N. Y. Food Workers Back Foster, Gitlow

The platform of the Workers (Communist) Party and William Z. Foster and Ben Gitlow, Communist candidates, were overwhelmingly endorsed by the Hotel and Restaurant Branch of the Amalgamated Food Workers at a special meting held last night at the union headquarters 133 W. 41st St.

Only two of the workers present refrained from endorsing the Communist ticket. One of them, a member of the socialist party, abstained; the other an admittedly republican worker, recommended consistently enough that the branch endorse Smith.

Leading Communists and members of several food trade unions will speak at a food workers election rally Friday evening at the Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th St., it was announced.

SWEDEN ELECTS 6 COMMUNISTS

Social Democrats Lose Thirteen Seats

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Sept. 17.—Six Communists gained seats in the second chamber and the social-democrats lost thirteen seats preliminary results of the elections indicate.

The results for 212 out of the 230 seats show: conservatives, 67; peasants party, 25; liberal, 3; social-democrats, 84; Communists, 6. The conservatives gained 8 seats and the peasant party 3.

The city of Stockholm will hold its elections on Friday to fill the eighteen seats still vacant.

STRIKERS' HAIL MILL CONVENTION

Batty Begs for Chance to Sell Out

BULLETIN

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 17.—The decision of the mill owners association in favor of the speed-up system as well as the ten per cent cut, which was again announced, was met with a pleading appeal to the bosses by W. E. G. Batty of the A. F. of L. Textile Council. Batty is trying to convince the mill owners that he is still able to sell out the strike.

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(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 17.—Rallying of picket forces to meet the approaching sell-out attempt of the A. F. of L. union and the selection of delegates to attend the New York convention that will launch a new national textile workers' union, are the central problems occupying the New Bedford strikers as they enter the 23rd week of struggle against the owners of 56 mills here.

Hold Big Rally.

The huge mass meeting yesterday in Saulniers Lot, discussed chiefly the coming convention, which opens in New York on Sept. 22. Concrete evidence of the seriousness with which the strikers consider this important step in their own struggle can be seen by the response to an appeal by union secretary Eulelie Mendes for money with which to pay the fare of the delegates chosen. No sooner was the call issued when scores walked forward with their contributions of small silver. Not considering the amounts donated and pledged by sympathizers and many British workers there, the coins alone made a total of $95.66. Every meeting of strikers for the past few days has devoted considerable time to a discussion of the approaching convention.

William T. Murdoch, Eli Keller, Samieras and Fred Beal spoke at

Continued on Page Three

TARANTO, Italy, Sept. 17 (UP). A slight earthquake shock was felt here today, alarming the inhabitants. No damage was reported.

HOOVER BOASTS OF PROSPERITY AS JOBLESS LISTEN

Red Auto Procession Brings Message to Newark Workers

Give 10,000 Circulars

Hoover Thugs Attack "Red Essex"

NEWARK, Sept. 17.—Flaunting the picture of increasing prosperity of big business before the eyes of thousands of workers who listened to him here and before the millions who probably tuned in on the radio, Herbert Hoover tonight delivered a studied bid for the vote of the American workers. Although the speech was devoted to the "labor question," he glossed over or evaded the struggles of the workers in many industries for a living wage and the unemployment question.

In his speech Hoover cleverly disguised the unemployment issue with the camouflage that the several millions who he admitted had been thrown out of work through the introduction of "efficiency" methods, had been "transferred to our filling stations, our garages, our hotels and our restaurants."

The speech which was taken to be a sort of counter move to the recent Al Smith bid for the vote of labor was filled with the usual Coolidge-Hoover statistics attempting to prove that the republican party had brought about if not exactly the millenium was at least on the way of its realization.

The protective tariff, Hoover extolled as one of the pillars of prosperity. The laws restricting immigration he referred to as "the necessary and natural companion piece of a protective tariff." Admitting the lowering status of the farmers, he offered no suggestion for its cure beyond the obscure statement that "one of the large opportunities for the further improvement of labor lies in the further improvement of agriculture."

On the question of injunctions he repeated the Al Smith evasion practically in so many words, that "it is necessary to impose restrictions on the excessive use of injunctions."

Praises Labor Fakers.

He praised the labor fakers indirectly for their class collaboration policies and their "efficiency" unionism and for accepting "the fundamental fact that greater efficiency * * * is the road to cheaper costs, lower prices," and again commended them for having "joined in repelling * * * subversive movements."

• • •

While Hoover and his cohort of super-politicians paraded up Broad St. and through Sussex Ave., Newark, early last night, in a line of expensive limousines, a counter-parade was being held by workers of Newark under the direction of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Led by the redoubtable Red Essex, with George Pearlman, veteran of the New York and New Jersey signature collection tours, at the wheel, almost 50 cars, old clanking Fords, outworn Chevrolets, bedraggled cars that wheezed and groaned under the strain of motion, wended its way through Broad St., Broome St., Mercer St., Clinton Ave., Kinney St., Washington St., and Central Ave. to the Essex Armory, after having left the Newark headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party at 93 Mercer St.

In each little car were packed five, six, seven and even ten workers, crowded inside, hanging on to the running boards, sitting across the fenders. Each worker had prepared for the occasion with a noise-producing instrument; horns and rattles announcing the path of the Communist parade for blocks ahead.

Tied to the backs and sides of the cars in glaring black and red lettering, were signs reading:

"Vote Communist"; "Hooverism means Injunctions and Police Rule for the Workers!" "Hoover and Smith are candidates of Wall Street. Vote for a Workers' Ticket, Vote Communist!" "Vote for William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, the candidates of the Party of the Class Struggle!"

While the ramshackle cars were noisily cutting their way through

Continued on Page Two

Old Unionist Slashed

Because he was making a plea for unity and democracy B. Chazinoff, whose membership book in Ladies Tailors' Local 38 carries the ledger number 1, was brutally assaulted by Louis G. Rea, Sigmanite official, as he was concluding his speech from the Bryant Hall platform, at a membership meeting last week. Doctors at the New York hospital, where Chazinoff was taken to by members later, found it necessary to take three stitches in the cheek before the wound was closed.

BUTCHERS BUILD THEIR OWN UNION

Leave Corrupt United Hebrew Trades Fakers

No longer able to endure the corrupt officialdom, whose tight clutch on union machinery the membership could not dislodge because of a terror instituted by depriving family men of their jobs and beating up those who protested, a majority of the members of the Butcher Workers Union of the socialist-controlled United Hebrew Trades, yesterday officially severed their relations with that organization and announced the formal launching of the Progressive Butcher and Chicken Workers Union. This was decided upon at a meeting of the seceding members in the headquarters of Grocery Clerks Union, 220 E. 14th St.

To Form Real Union.

At the meeting which came to a close late last night, the speakers showed that they are not splitting an established labor organization, but they are supplanting the "gold mine" of a few socialist reactionaries, with a real organization that will organize the trade and fight to improve the conditions of the workers.

"Between 400 and 500 workers belong to the right wing union in a trade consisting of many thousands," declared the speakers, citing additional proof of corruption by pointing out that H. Korn, the right wing manager, was mulcting the few hundred members out of a salary of $125 per week, added expenses and an automobile to boot.

The beginnings of the breaking away from the rotted United Hebrew Trades organization came recently when several members were expelled for the crime of being

Continued on Page Two

I. R. T. DODGES BLAME

Officials Pass Buck for Subway Wreck

Officials for the Interborough Rapid Transit Company testifying at a hearing in Homicide Court yesterday into the responsibility for the Times Square subway wreck which on August 24 caused the death of 18 and the serious injury of scores of others, sought to divert attention from obvious guilt of the company itself by propounding theories of the possible guilt of some of its employees.

Arthur L. Hess, superintendent of signals, for the company, repeated the earlier theory that "man failure" had caused the wreck. Thus far no one has brought out the fact that the company in failing to replace obsolete material, to repair defective rolling stock and by working its employees inhuman hours so they become overstrained, is responsible not only for this wreck but for numerous others which have occurred during the past few years.

MASS RESENTMENT RAGES OVER NEW VOTE STEAL BY LEWIS-FISHWICK MACHINE

Frank Farrington, Exposed Crook, Endorses Treachery of Harry Fishwick

Coal Diggers Strike Following Overwhelming Vote Against Wage-Cut Sell-Out

(Special to the Daily Worker)

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 17.—The seething revolt of the Illinois miners against the last betrayal of the Lewis-Fishwick machine in signing up for a wage cut followed by the referendum steal just put over by the machine broke out today when over two thousand miners went out on strike against the accumulating treachery of the officials.

The miners employed at the Capitol Mine of the Peabody Coal Company struck in a body after a discussion among themselves this morning. They had voted overwhelmingly to reject the wage cut put over by the Lewis-Fishwick machine and have been enraged to the breaking point since the announcement by the officials which clearly showed that a steal had been put over.

Crook Endorses Traitor.

Frank Farrington, former president of District 12, who was exposed as being in the pay of the Peabody Coal Company and is now one of its chief directors, recently issued a statement printed in a Belleville daily paper in which he praised Harry Fishwick and attacked the new miners' union. The endorsement of the crooked Farrington of the treacherous Fishwick is taken as another confirmation of the utter sell-out which the Lewis machine is putting over.

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SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 17 (UP).—More than 2,000 Illinois coal miners in three separate fields walked out of collieries today, refusing to work under the new "Chicago agreement," which reduced the scale of day workers from $7.50 to $6.10 per day.

Six hundred miners in the Springfield district, 675 in the Peoria district and 1,000 in the Belleville district refused to accept the scale adopted last week by a referendum vote of the 90,000 miners in the state, and walked out.

Miners throughout the state reopened today, re-employing several thousand.

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Miners Strike in a Body.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 17 (UP).—Six hundred coal miners working at the Capitol Mine, owned and operated by the Peabody Coal Co., went on strike today.

The men refused to work under the terms of the Chicago scale which provides $6.10 a day for day workers. This scale was accepted last week through a state-wide referendum vote.

The men had been working for $7.50 a day, the terms of the old Jacksonville wage scale.

In the miners' referendum last week the miners of the Springfield district cast a heavy vote against the new scale.

After talking the matter over this morning the miners decided to go home.

U. S. S. R. VESSEL FINDS 6 MISSING ARCTIC FLIERS

Intended to Explore Siberian Coast

MOSCOW, Sept. 17. — The six Soviet aviators missing since August 22, who were bound on an Arctic trip of exploration, were rescued by the Soviet steamship Staropol, a wireless message from the ship states.

The aviators had started on the plane, Soviet of the North, from Vladivostock in a tour of investigation over northern Siberia on the fringe of the Arctic circle.

The airplane was wrecked during a storm near Kolyuchin Bay, Siberia, and the six aviators walked more than 200 miles over a desolate and frozen expanse to the coast where the Staropol picked them up.

The aviators had intended to fly along the edge of the Arctic circle to Leningrad, investigating and making records of the little known stretch between the Bering Sea and Leningrad.

Volunteers, Lodgings, Desired for the Textile Convention Here Soon

The arrangements committee for the convention for a new national textile union issued a call yesterday, asking all sympathetic workers to volunteer to assist at the sessions of the convention to be held Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 22 and 23.

At the same time appeals to all who can accommodate one or more delegates with lodging during the convention, were issued by the committee. Over 250 delegates are expected from many parts of the country, and this problem is most pressing. All who want to assist in the formation of a genuine textile workers' organization are urged to register their names and addresses with I. Zimmerman, at the office of the local section of the Trade Union Educational League, Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

WORKERS GREET MINOR ON TOUR

Red Candidate Speaks Thruout N. Y. State

Declaring that prohibition and the tariffs are "fake issues," and that no real difference exists between the two major parties, Robert Minor, candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party for United States senator from New York, was applauded by a large audience at Troy Sunday night.

Minor maintained that the real difference of opinion between the wet and dry politicians arose from the dispute between employers who

Continued on Page Three

ALGIERS STORM.

PARIS, Sept. 17 (UP).—A new series of violent storms was reported today from Algiers.

Local Two Waiters' Officials Cooperate With the Bosses to Jail Five Unity Pickets

Where Hundreds of Workers Died In Hurricane

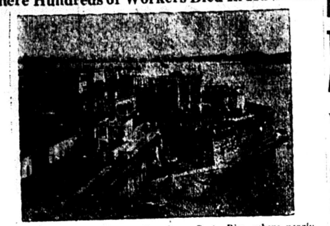

Photo shows a corner of San Juan, Porto Rico, where nearly a thousand workers have perished in a hurricane that has swept its path as far north as Florida. The number of workers made homeless mounts high into the thousands.

DENTAL WORKERS ISSUE CALL FOR RENEWED FIGHT

Expose Role of Yellow Daily Forward

The dental mechanics of New York City and vicinity started to organize about two and a half years ago. The formation of our union was proceeding very slowly as in our first steps we met with very hard tasks. In the early fall of 1928 the executive board decided to engage a professional organizer, as the membership impatiently demanded some action. Some of the executive members mentioned the name of P. P. Cosgrove as an efficient organizer. We knew him only by a few speeches he delivered at our previous mass meetings. A committee of ours met Cosgrove at the office of the Amalgamated Food Workers, and at this conference he accepted our proposition, and arrangements were made that he take office on March 15th. None of us knew about his affiliations, as it was of no interest to us, neither did he show any particular inclinations or dislike to any political parties. He was on the job as trade union organizer only.

Under the leadership of Cosgrove our activities took a faster tempo, and some preparations were made for a coming struggle (later we found that these preparations were not sufficient). At our executive meetings in the early days of May, 1928, we decided to call the strike before the slow season came on. A letter was sent out to the employers for recognition, but the time [illegible] was too short and the letter was ignored.

May 15th, at a mass meeting a strike vote was taken and it was unanimously decided to declare a strike. May 16th the strike was on and in a few days we succeeded in tying up about 85 per cent of the industry. In the first days of the strike we laid a policy not to settle with individual employers, as we considered a settlement with the association as a body of greater advantage to the union.

The fight took a bitter turn. Our pickets were arrested and beaten up; hired stool-pigeons were planted in our ranks by the bosses to carry all the information possible from the headquarters to the office of the association. But the spirit of the strikers was very good. They learned their lesson now, no sacrifices were too big to accomplish the aim of organization. But here we received a painful blow. Our organizer disappeared, without giving us any notice or information of his whereabouts. For a few days we were in fear of a complete failure, but the spirit of the rank and file who went out on strike so enthusiastically encouraged us and we immediately formed a strike settlement committee, under the chairmanship of a devoted rank and filer.

Settle 125 Shops.

We also had at our command a group of progressive dentists who devoted lots of time and energy in helping us carry on the fight. We opened individual settlements, and in a few days we succeeded in settling about 125 shops with about 800 mechanics going back to work under union conditions.

Meanwhile the slow season began and we could not break the stubbornness of the rest of the bosses. Different plans were introduced and we all agreed that the only way out was to join the A. F. L., the parent labor organization. But we found that while on strike we cannot obtain the direct affiliation of the A. F. L., and we decided to apply for a local charter in the I. J. W. U., as:—

1) These two trades have some minor points in common.

2) Through this affiliation get the channels open to organized labor for moral and financial support. (Later we found out that here too we were too optimistic.)

Brother Beardsley, general secretary of I. J. W. U., came down to our meetings, helped us keep up the spirit of the men and served us in advisory capacity, as how to bring this struggle to an end. The charter was granted to us, and negotiations were started with the bosses. We did not get any results and decided to call off the strike temporarily, and send our men back to the jobs in an organized manner. Most of our men got their jobs back, and only because of the exceptionally dull season this year, we have about fifty men on our unemployment list. We expect to place them back as soon as the busy season begins.

The strike was over. Considering our inexperience, and the disappearance of Cosgrove in the middle of the strike, our membership was gratified by the accomplishments—an enlarged membership to about fifty per cent, forty per cent working in settled shops, a strongly crystallized sentiment towards organization and readiness to sacrifice while building. These were the results of our first strike. Now was the time to start slow but constructive organizational work in order to bring in the rest of the men in the trade into the union and unionize the industry 100 per cent.

We laid our plans and prepared for new activities, and here, unexpectedly, we met with a severe attack upon the union by the Daily Jewish Forward. On August 22 we found on the front page, in a little box, an article full of false and misleading statements about our union. Our executive board immediately sent out a letter to the Forward, asking to correct this harm done to us by printing our letter with the real facts. Our letter was ignored. We recollected that in the beginning of the strike a committee of ours appealed to the editor of the Forward for some publicity and moral support, but they were flatly refused. The same thing happened again. No attention was paid to our letter and only on September 6 we find an article concerning our union, this time signed by our international secretary. The heroic struggle and accomplishments of our rank and file are minimized, again the labor organizations and public are misinformed about our activities. We object to the attempt of the Daily Jewish Forward to inject issues foreign to our union into our ranks.

In the name of the entire membership, we hereby declare that we are interested solely in building a powerful union of dental mechanics and that our union is open to every one working in our trade, regardless of his or her political or religious affiliations or of their attitude on social questions.

Mr. Cosgrove is condemned by every worker in the trade for his treacherous desertion in leaving his entrusted position at the most dangerous moment. We are disgusted with the attitude of the Forward, which seeks to make political capital out of the difficulties in our union, and this can only result in dividing and thus weakening our union in the same manner that an organ of employers would do.

Trusting that you give this publication worthy attention, we remain, fraternally yours, H. Posner, chairman; H. Pinkson, secretary; per S. K.

Executive Board of Dental Laboratory Workers Union, Local 84, I. J. W. U., affiliated with A. F. of L.

We are hereby enclosing the letter that we sent to the Forward in answer to their attack on our union.

* * *

Daily Jewish Forward,
175 East Broadway,
New York City.

Gentlemen:

In your publication of August 22 we note an article concerning our union. This article makes allegations which are utterly untrue.

The Dental Laboratory Workers Union has to a certain degree successfully concluded their struggle against the employers. To state that one thousand families depending upon dental mechanics are in need now is indeed a misstatement of the truth.

We have succeeded in organizing 75 per cent of the workers in this industry. We have also succeeded in unionizing approximately 65 per cent of the industry. Only 50 dental mechanics belonging to our union are on our unemployment list in our office at 96 Fifth Ave., where all the information about our activities can be obtained. One of the main reasons for this number of unemployed is the exceptionally dull season this year.

On or about the beginning of our struggle, we have made an appeal for assistance to you. You have failed to render us this assistance, moreover you have refused us any co-operation at all.

It is indeed surprising to us that at this late date, many weeks after our struggle has ceased and when our union is in the midst of another organization campaign, for you to publish such derogatory statements. As a labor organ you should have referred to our local office or to the office of the International Jewelry Workers Union, of which we are a part, about the facts in our trade.

In the spirit of fairness, we ask you to publish this communication in the same space allotted to your article so improperly conveying misleading and false information, and expect you to print this letter of ours in the next edition.

Fraternally yours,
H. FOSNER, Chairman.
Per Executive Board of Dental Laboratory Workers Union, Local 84, I. J. W. U., affiliated with A. F. of L.

UNIT 4F, 2B MEETS TOMORROW

An industrial meeting of Unit 4F Sub 2B, will be held Wednesday at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All members are urged to attend.

The meeting was originally scheduled to take place on Tuesday.

CLOAK CHAIRMEN MEET TOMORROW

Boston, Philadelphia Hold Rallies

Continued from Page One

new cloakmakers' union makes greater and greater inroads in the very shops where the Sigman gang boasts they have "strength." This is due to the particularly miserable conditions under which the workers in these right wing shops are compelled to work.

* * *

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17.—The first official shop conference of waist and dress makers to be held here since the local section of the National Organization Committee was established to supplant the right wing local, will be held Tuesday night, immediately after work, in the recently opened headquarters of the N. O. C., 42 N. 9th St.

Conferences Regularly.

These conferences will be held regularly at specified periods, for the full participation of rank and file representatives in the work of replacing the corrupt Sigman union with one operated by and for the interests of the waist and dressmakers.

Representatives of the National Organization Committee central offices in New York will attend the conference to assist in launching the organization drive contemplated.

* * *

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—The right wing's official signal of hysteria, namely, their application to Massachusetts judges for an injunction to save their scab union from being destroyed by the membership, who are swiftly rallyng behind the recently launched local of the new cloakmakers' union, will be the subject of discussion at a mass meeting of Boston cloak and dressmakers called for Wednesday evening, immediately after work in Scenic Auditorium, 12 Barclay St.

Ask Pals To Help!

In addition to calling the attention of needle trades workers thruout the country to the spectacle of "socialists" applying for injunctions against workers, the meeting will serve the purpose of consolidating the gains already made and will also secure the participation of the rank and file in the movement to build a real union of the Boston ladies' garment workers.

BUTCHERS BUILD THEIR OWN UNION

Leave Corrupt United Hebrew Trades Fakers

Continued from Page One

elected by the membership to conduct an investigation of the union's finances. With expulsion not sufficient, the "socialist" Korn sent gangster squads to remove the expelled militants from their jobs.

Mass Meet Soon.

The secession sentiment was very sharply precipitated, however, when a gang of right wing committeemen came armed with knives to remove a worker from the job. In this case the armed squad had attacked a friend of the victimized militant, and the friend, William Schiffrin, had defended himself, causing the death of the knife-squad leader.

The leaders of the new union movement declared yesterday that a mass meeting will be called in the near future for the butcher workers, where an organization drive will be launched and where elections of permanent officers will be held. The date will be announced later.

In the statement issued by last night's meeting, it was announced that members of the right wing union can join the new union without payment of an initiation fee. Workers hitherto non-union will pay an initiation fee of five dollars.

QUAKE IN ITALY.

ROSSANO, Italy, Sept. 17 (UP). —A sharp earthquake shock, followed by a milder one, was felt here today. Some houses were cracked. Inhabitants fled into the open.

MISLEADERS AIM TO BLOCK DRIVE AT ORGANIZATION

Workers Held Under Heavy Bail

Cooperating with two restaurant employers in a frame-up against members of the Unity Waiters' Association, officials of Local 2, Waiters of Brooklyn, yesterday effected the arrest of five workers of the Association who have been held on excessive bail charged with picketing.

The five workers involved are Sam Langland, Max Mironberg, Izzie Bantzman, Philip Saffern, and Dave Siegal, all of whom were arrested on charges of picketing. Bail was set at $500 each, with an additional $300 added for Mironberg, who in addition was charged with attempted assault.

Siegal, who is secretary of the Unity Waiters, was not picketing at all but who after the arrest of the others went to the Coney Island court to see how much bail would be needed and was himself arrested.

"Offense" of Picketing.

The charge of picketing was made by the proprietor of the M. and Z. Delicatessen and Restaurant, 6714 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn, while the charge of attempted assault came from the business agent of Local 2, Waiters, who had put a Local 2 picket line in front of Margulies Restaurant, 6618 Bay Parkway, without consulting the Unity Waiters, who had an agreement with the house. When Mironberg protested, the business agent called the police and had him arrested at the job, where he has been employed the past two months.

At the M and Z, the Unity Waiters had called a strike in protest against the proprietor's recently putting a Local 2 Waiters sign in the window, after having had an agreement for the past year with Unity. Local 2, it was learned, had agreed that the Unity Waiters could stay on the job so long as the Local 2 sign was permitted on display, but officials of this local refused to consider negotiations with the Unity Waiters for a joint organization drive and failed themselves to make any such drive.

To Fight For Organization.

The Unity Waiters Association was organized over a year ago with the view of improving the job conditions of its members, all of whom had appealed in vain for admission into either of the A. F. of L. waiters' unions, Local 1 and Local 2. In the two Brooklyn restaurants where the arrests took place, the Unity Waiters had succeeded in gaining a six day week, 10 hour day, at $18 wages, instead of the 7 day, 12 to 14 hours work under open-shop conditions, with wages ranging from $10 to $15.

Both local 2 of Brooklyn and local 1 of Manhattan have repeatedly fought the efforts of the Unity Waiters to organize the trade.

HOOVER TALKS ON U. S. 'PROSPERITY'

Communists Hold Big Counter Demonstration

Continued from Page One

the streets of Newark, members of the Young Workers League, gathering from all parts of the state, and using the Hoover entrance as the pivot point for their activities, distributed over 10,000 leaflets, denouncing both Hoover and Smith as candidates of the money interests that are now engaged in the suppression of the workers led by Sandino in Nicaragua, and in China, the Phillipines and in other imperialist militarist activities throughout the world.

While Hoover was delivering his series of fabrications on the unemployment situation in the United States, the Communist automobiles continually circled around the armory, throwing leaflets among the crowds of white and Negro workers outside the huge hall.

At one point in the auto procession, a crowd of drunken hoodlums, each wearing Hoover buttons and bands, attempted to attack the workers in the cars. A group of them succeeded in tearing one of the signs off a car. Immediately the Red workers jumped out of the autos and meeting the attack with double force, drove the hoodlums away.

Throughout the demonstration, over a thousand police, city patrolmen, state troopers and National Guardsmen surrounded the Armory and the streets leading up to it.

The reception in Newark of "the man who had sat in the oil-smeared Harding cabinet and kept his mouth shut" was quite cold and inimical. When he arrived at South Station at 7 p. m. less than 200 people were there to greet him. The persons who lined the streets sparsely were there merely thru curiosity, and booed Hoover as he passed. A stand which had been erected in front of the city hall was left unused thru lack of a sufficient audience.

Spanish Fascist Dictator Sends Greetings to Walker, Fascists' Friend

Miguel Primo De Rivera, son of the fascist premier of Spain, presented the greetings of his father to Mayor Walker, Tammany grafter and friend of all fascists. Walker has received similar greetings from Mussolini, another arch enemy of the workers.

HUGE RED RALLY HERE EEPT. 28TH

At the first huge campaign rally of the Workers (Communist) Party this year, to be held at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., Friday evening, Sept. 28, the thousands of workers are expected to jam the doors to hear the state and local candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

"Despite unemployment to the official extent of four million, waves of strikes, unprecedented exploitation and speed-up of workers, wage cuts and union smashing, the republican spokesmen continue to blow 'prosperity' bubbles. Andy Mellon's latest clay pipe product will not diminish appreciably the attendance at the Central Opera House on the 28th of the month," said Rebecca Grecht, district campaign manager, in a statement yesterday.

"Merely because the republican platform asserts that 'today American labor enjoys the highest wage and the highest standard of living throughout the world' does not melt the clubs of the police on the picket lines. Neither does the republican claim that the American worker 'is paid a wage which allows comfort for himself and dependents' atone for lay-offs and wage cuts and make the 'prosperity' pill easier to swallow on an empty stomach.

"Precisely because the republican party in its platform pledges itself to maintain the present standard of living for workers and because its democratic rival pledges itself to the same program, through its strikebreaking candidate, Smith, whose activities in the neddle trades strike in New York are notorious, will large masses of New York workers attend the Workers (Communist) Party campaign rally on the 28th."

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

TOURING IN THE U.S.S.R.

Many Visiting First Workers Republic

A fascinating account of a voyage along the Volga and some of the cities on the route is contained in "Seeing Russia," an illustrated volume by E. M. Newman.

Nizhni-Novgorod is described as a throbbing city in spite of the fact that the fairs for which it was famous under the czars has been abolished by the Soviet Government. "Nizhni," says the writer, "has maintained itself in a position of importance from a remote and vitally interesting past. It is Russia's great gateway to the East, and was established as early as 1912, becoming the capital of a large manufacturing district."

As in Moscow the Kremlin is the great center and heart of the city, as well as its protecting fortress. Upon the hill where it is situated, one obtains a view of a beautiful country, the Volga river, the confluence of the Oka and Vezloma, and the broad fields that stretch away towards the Urals.

"Here," says the author, "is a fine place in which to wander about with no particular destination in view, merely absorbing the atmosphere and observing the people.

"The Kremlin should be visited. It is enclosed within a wall sixty-five to one hundred feet in height and having eleven towers.

"From the Kremlin we go to Alexander Garden, an artificial terrace overlooking the river, and halfway down the slope to the Petcherski Convent." In the convent library may be found some interesting records of the brutal reign of Ivan the Terrible, Newman reports.

Tour Is Planned.

Nizhni-Novgorod is but one of the many cities of interest that may be seen by the visitor in the Soviet Union.

A tour which will take in many cities of the U. S. S. R., including Leningrad and Moscow, and which will give the traveler an opportunity to see many scenes of interest in the Soviet Union is now being arranged by the World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave. The next party, which will arrive in the Soviet Union in time to witness the Eleventh Anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution, will leave on the "Mauretania" October 17.

Resignation of Rifkin, Now Seems, Has Been Temporarily Postponed

L. Rubinfeld, secretary-organizer of Waiters and Waitresses Local 1, after telephoning the Daily Worker yesterday that the news item printed in yesterday's issue concerning Louis Rifkin's resignation as president was untrue, refused to clarify the situation.

Rifkin's resignation was made in the form of an open announcement from the chair, following a union session lasting until 5 a. m. Friday morning, at which time the meeting adjourned in disorder. Rifkin's announcement of his resignation came after a vote of non-confidence in the strike committee of which he was chairman and which recently concluded settlements of five strikes, three at Trufood restaurants, one at the Elkwood, and one at the Exchange Buffet, Seventh Ave. and 21st St. It was the settlement at the latter place, on strike for over a year, that caused the chief attack when right wingers charged that the proprietor's attorney had received several thousand dollars to effect a settlement.

Whether Rubinfeld's announcement that Rifkin did not resign means that these so-called "progressives" have patched things up with the right wing remains to be soon.

N. Y. JOINT BOARD ISSUE DUES CALL TO FUR WORKERS

Thousands Pay Strike Tax to Build Union

Continued from Page One

Joint Board members now behind in dues payments, can become members in good standing and retain their former ledger numbers if payments will be made on the $25 tax. This offer, the bulletin states, is limited until Oct. 15. After this date full arrears will have to be paid by applicants, who will also then be considered new members.

Urged to Aid Fight.

The manifesto appeals to the fur workers to rally to build up the left wing Joint Board for a drive to regain all union conditions. The working standards in the fur industry were destroyed by the right wing and A. F. of L. when they carried on a two-year campaign to establish a dual scab union called the Joint Council. The uncompromising struggle of the Joint Board against this agency of the employers has, however, resulted in its complete annihilation. The union is now trying to re-establish union conditions by recruiting membership among those who were forced out of the union by a terror of police, bosses and right wing thugs.

Grocery Clerks' Union Gets Larger Offices as Organization Grows

Announcement that the offices and meeting rooms of the Grocery and Dairy Clerks Union have been removed to larger quarters was made yesterday by its officers. The new location will be at 220 14th St. The union's executive board is scheduled to hold the first meeting in the new offices tonight at 8 o'clock.

The need for more spacious quarters for the union made itself more and more pressing as the union grew tremendously as a result of their organization activities in the three branches of the trade. The last general strike of the union was in the retail fruit stores, when many new members of a formerly unorganized trade were taken into the organization. The remarkable growth of this organization was recorded despite the most vicious strikebreaking opposition from the leaders of the United Hebrew Trades from whom they seceded.

4 BIG NIGHTS

1,000,000 Articles

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FRIDAY 5TH
SATURDAY 6TH
SUNDAY 7TH
OCTOBER

4 BIG DAYS

DO NOT BUY NOW, WAIT TILL THE BAZAAR

4 BIG DAYS

Industrial Production in Soviet Union Has Made a Big Increase, Report Revea

AVERAGE WAGES RISE AS STATE ECONOMY GROWS

More Prosperity Than Last Year

MOSCOW, Sept. 17.—Increase in the average monthly wage of workers together with an increase in the state industries marked the development of the industries in the Soviet Union according to the latest figures of the State Planning Commission.

The wholesale production of the Soviet big industries amounted in July to 718,900,000 rubles as against 578,700,000 rubles in July of last year and for the ten months of the current year (October to July) it amounted to 8,015,000,000 rubles.

Following the provisions of the State Planning Commission that every increase in the production of the industries would be followed by an increase in the salaries of the workers, the average monthly wages of the workers increased from 64.32 rubles in July of last year, to 70.17 rubles in July of the current year.

The production of fuels and minerals also saw a commendable increase for the month of July as compared with July of last year. Coal, oil, cast-iron, iron-ore, cotton yarn were produced in greater quantities for the month than for the same month last year.

As a measure of the increasing prosperity of the workers and peasants figures on the money in circulation can be taken. The general sum of circulating money on August 1 of this year amounted to 1,718,000,000 rubles as against 1,443,000,000 rubles on August 1 of the last year.

Jugoslav Oppressors Recognize Mussolini's Albanian Czar, Zogu

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Sept. 17. Ignoring the protest of Croatian and Dalmatian peasants, workers and students, and in spite of the anti-fascist demonstrations that have been taking place throughout the land the abbreviated government at Belgrade has decided to recognize the new Albanian monarchy created by Mussolini.

The government announced that "Jugoslavia found no political or juridicial objection and has no desire to meddle in Albania's internal affairs."

* * *

VIENNA, Sept. 17 (UP). — Austria officially recognized King Zogu as ruler of Albania today.

GROWING INFLUENCE OF DAILY WORKER

By LOUIS SISSELMAN.

It is great encouragement to a comrade in the field to see the growth in influence of the Daily Worker. This is especially noticeable in the steel and mine regions in the western part of Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio. I can firmly say that the present campaign of the Daily Worker will go over the top. One has but to come into these regions and realize the bluff of Coolidge prosperity.

Workers in the steel regions earn the miserable sum of 27 to 40 cents per hour. The speed-up system and the spy-system is organized to the highest extent where the bloody rule of the steel trusts prevail.

P. O. with Bosses.

The Post Office is directly connected with the company and any worker receiving the Daily Worker stands a chance to lose his job. In spite of all these difficulties workers responded to the Daily Worker cheerfully, have subscribed to the Daily Worker, in many cases secretly, for they recognize the Daily Worker as the mouthpiece of the oppressed workers.

I have witnessed miners receiving a bundle of Daily Workers in one of the barracks, they were so eager to look at it as starving children are when they receive food. I have met many workers on the road who never heard of the Daily Workers before but when they looked at it they liked it at the first glance and were approached to subscribe to it.

20,000 Signatures.

In many cities where we had no connections before, contacts were established through the Daily Worker. Many readers of the Daily Worker did their share in getting the 20,000 signatures that were required in the State of Ohio. Organizations for the Daily Worker were established such as Daily Worker Builders Clubs and Committees. This was the case in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania and Youngstown, Ohio.

In Toledo, Ohio, the comrades have succeeded in raising a fund of $100 to enable 50 comrades to get a three months subscription to the Daily Worker and then these 50 workers will become regular subscribers. These do not include the new subscriptions that were obtained there.

In Buffalo, New York, for instance, besides the 20 new subscriptions that were obtained, a committee was organized to secure enough articles to form a Buffalo booth at the Freiheit and Daily Worker Bazaar in New York.

In, Rochester, New York a conference will be called soon to take up ways and means to build the Daily Worker. At this conference many organizations will be represented.

Distribute "Daily"

The Daily Worker is distributed there at the special noon-day meetings that are held in front of the big Northeastern Electric Co., the large Eastman Kodak factory and other huge industrial enterprises, the workers are eager to get it. The best elements of the working class are interested in the Daily Worker.

I met class conscious Negro workers who were more than glad to receive a copy of the Daily Worker, and are handing them over to fellow workers.

Negro Workers Active.

A Negro comrade in East Liverpool, Ohio is a Daily Worker agent and doing very good work. In Warn, Ohio, where a Negro comrade is a Daily Worker agent in spite of the oppression and terrorism that he is confronted with from the mill barons, he does splendid work for the Daily Worker.

On the whole it can be said that it only requires the devotion of the comrades in every part of the country; that there is a great field for the growth of the Daily Worker, so that it becomes the actual mouthpiece, the collective organizer and educator of the workers in this country, and able to counter-attack the poisonous dope of the capitalist press. At the same time it will pave the way towards our campaigns for the organizations of militant trade unions, for the campaign against war and for the rebuilding of a workingclass revolutionary movement in this country.

* * *

(Comrade Sisselman recently returned from a tour for the Daily Worker that lasted 14 weeks)

Wall Street's Candidates In Propaganda Stunt

Photo shows Herbert Hoover and his running mate Senator Curtis, Wall Street candidates, on the republican ticket, getting their "official" photographs taken. With the Wall Street candidates is Hubert Work, chairman of the republican national campaign committee.

WORKERS GREET MINOR ON TOUR

Red Candidate Speaks Thruout N. Y. State

Continued from Page One

believe that prohibition makes for greater efficiency of workers and employers who think that bootleg liquor is destructive of labor efficiency.

Both groups are only interested in the question as it effects the labor power of the worker, he stated, and prohibition is a piece of class legislation to which the Communists are bitterly opposed—"whether Smith or Hoover is elected makes no difference, the prohibition question will not be solved. It is only utilized to work up a semblance of competition between candidates, to stir up public interest in a campaign in which there is no actual difference on any real issue, as both parties are dominated by the same masters."

Minor characterized as trivial and hypocritical the campaigns being conducted by the two old parties, and denounced the endorsement by the American Federation of Labor of their candidates as a "betrayal of the workers." The socialist party, of which Minor was once a member, he described as an ally of the bureaucracy of the trade union movement, for "creating the illusion that the corrupt capitalist system can be reformed and the socialist commonwealth realized by peaceful means."

LETTER CARRIERS MEET

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Approximately 700 delegates representing units of the New York State Letter Carriers' Association gathered today for their annual convention. The principal business will be discussion of plans to have congress increase the retirement pension of postal employees.

Clerical Jailed; Four Killed in Train Wreck by Mexican Reaction

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 17.—Charged with having conspired to overthrow the government and with violating the religious laws, a catholic priest, Mateo Chavez, and others were arrested by military authorities of Guadelajara.

At the same time four trainmen were killed and several passengers injured when a band of counter-revolutionaries tore up the rails on the Mexico City-Guadalajara line and wrecked an express. Those killed were the engineer, two firemen and an express messenger. The railway workers have declared that they will refuse to run the trains unless adequate protection against the counter-revolutionaries is given.

MILL STRIKERS BOOST NEW UNION

Batty Begs for Chance to Sell Out Men

Continued from Page One

this meeting. All laid great stress to the importance of resuming mass picketing as an answer to the Batty sell out plan. They then talked of convention arrangements. Meetings of individual mill committees were still being held for the election of representatives to the convention, the speakers also stated.

Local papers announce that they expect J. Sullivan, president of the mill owners' association to issue a statement on the secret meeting of that organization, held recently. It is expected that the mill bosses will come out with an announcement that they are ready to negotiate for a settlement with Batty. This means that the sellout, whereby the bosses will be granted a speed-up system that means less earnings for the mill workers, is imminent momentarily.

"No settlement is valid without our union. The intended Batty 'settlement' will be rejected by the overwhelming masses of strikers and even by a majority of Batty's own membership," was the defiant message carried in a statement to the press by the Textile Workers Union of the Textile Mill Committees. The statement also declared: "We shall keep fighting for a victory, and we are certain that the majority of Batty's union will join the other thousands of workers in a struggle against a betrayal of their struggle.

* * *

More than a hundred strikers successfully carried through picketing demonstrations before the gates of the Paige Mills despite attempts of the police to break them up. Three times the lines of strikers were compelled to reform in picketing formation. Strenuous attempts are being made by the owners of this plant to reopen their plant.

With the aid of straw bosses and lesser superintendents, borrowed from other mills, the Paige factory planned to resume operation of the looms. The bitterly stubborn picketing of the strikers here, despite the many arrests, has to date prevented the turning of a wheel in this large plant.

Casmiero Lamieras, the oft-arrested picket leader, was thrown from his bicycle as he came riding up to the Paige plant picket line. He resumed his activities, however, despite these attempts to maim him.

* * *

Over two thousand mill workers in [illegible] joint espionage system of the bosses, the United Textile Workers and the American Federation of Textile Operatives, and came to attend a mass outdoor rally called by the Textile Mill Committees, where the question of the new union convention was to be taken up. The rally was held during an outing of the T. M. C. to the Swansea Woods.

Enthusiastic applause was the greeting given to the announcement of the speakers that the convention in New York will launch a real national organization of textile workers.

This union will be unlike that of Campo's of the U. T. W. and of Tansey of the A. F. T. O. This union will fight for the workers and will not work for the bosses' interest, was the remarks of the speakers, received with tremendous applause.

FARMERS SUFFER AS STORM GROWS

Porto Rica Devastated, Florida Struck

Continued from Page One

ing hard to restore communications so aid can be given to the stricken.

Guliiermo Esteves, commissioner of the interior, returned from a difficult trip through part of the island today and estimated the total damage at more than $100,000,000.

There is no way of estimating the number of dead and injured, without resorting to guesswork. From authentic reports that reached here, however, it was apparent that at least 200 were dead. Reports received by the United Press from half a dozen points showed a tabulation of 132, and the list undoubtedly will grow when other points are heard from.

* * *

Hurricane Spreads.

The weather bureau issued a statement today saying that the hurricane which swept out of the Indies onto the Florida Coast yesterday still was moving northwestward and now centered over the section east of Tampa.

The bureau also extended its warning to include the section south of Jacksonville to below Titusville and on the west coast north of Cedar Keys to Apalachicola. This warning also included the coast section north of Jacksonville to Savannah, Ga.

* * *

Florida Disaster.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 17 (UP).—The hurricane raking Florida beat upon the well-populated interior of the peninsula this afternoon as it swung northwestward.

The west coast north of Tampa and the western fringe of the state from Tallahasee on was believed to feel the full force of the great storm.

* * *

500 in West Indies Killed.

PARIS, Sept. 17 (UP).—Five hundred persons were killed by a tropical hurricane on the Island of Guadeloupe, French colony in the West Indies, the minister of colonies announced today.

The announcement said 235 bodies had been recovered. The principal town, Point a Pitre, was almost entirely destroyed, it was said.

American Oil Barons Get Fat Concession in Dutch East Indies

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17 (UP).—Settlement of an eight-year oil dispute between the Netherlands and the United States government whereby American citizens will be enabled to participate in the development of Petroleum lands in the Dutch East Indies on a reciprocal basis, was announced at the State Department today.

A similar dispute with Great Britain remains unsettled.

Ray Ragozin to Speak at School Meets Here

Ray Ragozin, Pauline Rogers and others will speak on school conditions in the institution at two open-air meetings called by the Parents Association of Public School 89 for Thursday evening, Sept. 23. The meetings will be held at 8 p. m. at the corners of Allerton and Cruger Aves. and Allenton and Olinville Aves.

2 COPS IN RUM RING.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 17 (UP).—Two police officers, the first arrested in the present liquor investigation, were seized late this afternoon and held on charges growing out of the probe of an alleged $10,000,000 bootleg and murder ring by the grand jury.

DISAGREE WITH BRITISH.

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 17.—Two Argentine ambassadors, Dr. Jose Uriburu, to Great Britain, and Dr. S. Mansilla, to Spain, will shortly resign their posts, it was learned today, and Dr. Enrique Larreta and Dr. Carlos Noel will take their places.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

CZECHS THANK USSR, 'KRASSIN' FOR POLAR WORK

Commission Publishes Rescue Records

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Sept. 17.—Deep thanks and gratitude to the Soviet rescue expedition, to the pilots, captain and the whole crew of the ice-breaker Krassin for "their noble and self-sacrificing activity when they carried on searching and rescued participants of the polar expedition headed by Nobile, among whom was also a citizen of Prague, Professor Behounek," was expressed in a note handed by Mr. Girsa, Plenipontentiary Representative of the Czechoslovakian Republic in the U. S. S. R. to the People's Commissariat for Foreign Affairs.

* * *

"Krassin" Journals Received.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Sept. 17.—The ship's journals of the ice-breaker "Krassin," diaries of members of the expedition, a great number of photographic negatives and moving-picture films, as well as articles by the expedition leaders, were received by the Soviet Rescue Commission from the "Krassin" at Norway.

The Committee will soon publish all this material, which it considers of great international importance. The exclusive rights to distribute photo-pictures of the "Krassin" are given to the Literary-Illustration Bureau, "Presse-Cliche." The film which was taken on the Krassin and from Chukhnovsky's airplane is being issued by the "Sovkino" and will be ready in about one month.

* * *

Others Give Up Search.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—Due to bad weather the French ships in the Arctic are given up the search for the Amundsen group, and returning to their home ports. The French cruisers Strasburg and the Durance are returning and the American ship the Hobby is also heading for home. The Citta di Milano, Italian ship, is on its way to Norway, having given up the search. The Soviet ice-breaker, the Krassin, will continue to look for the missing men.

NEW CONFERENCE ON RAIL WAGES

Misleaders Work for Sellout

Continued from Page One

ployes have voted almost unanimously to strike in event of failure of the parley.

It was pointed out that a provision of the Watson-Parker railway act gives the president power to appoint a fact-finding commission. If this provision is invoked in a last effort to avert a strike, it automatically would delay the walkout for thirty days, pending the report of the commission to the chief executive.

* * *

Observers See Planned Betrayal.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—The expected maneuver on the part of the officials of the union conductors and trainmen to block the demands of the men for wage increases has been made.

These officials are again sitting in more or less secret mediation with representatives of the employers notwithstanding the overwhelming vote of the men for strike action and in spite of their own repeated statements that there would be no more of the interminable conferences by which the railroads have succeeded in postponing action for over two years.

Only further mass pressure on the part of the workers can prevent a certain betrayal, which observers declare the union officials and the railroad magnates are even now working out.

WHAT I SAW IN CHINA

By TOM MANN

10 cents

THE "grand old man" of the British Labor movement tells of his experiences in revolutionary China after a six months' stay with the International Workers' Delegation.

Workers Library Publishers
39 East 125th Street
New York City

An Old Bosses' Game, Contests Mean Speed-Up

One of the oldest tricks of bosses in order to make the speed-up of the workers faster is to run contests. An old variant of this dodge is the typewriting contest. Photo shows some of the entrees in one of these contests in Sacramento, Cal., where the international typewriting speed contest is under way. Incidentally, the typewriter manufacturers get some of the publicity.

NEARING TOURING STATES OF SOUTH

Demands End of Race Exploitation

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 17.—Scott Nearing, who is touring the south in the interests of the Workers (Communist) Party, spoke here Thursday evening, presenting the Communist viewpoint on national issues and outlining the revolutionary platform of his Party.

Nearing, a well-known economist who was expelled from the University of Pennsylvania for his radical views, made an appeal for the support of Negroes and other oppressed groups. He said that the Negroes who fled from the south have been as "ruthlssly exploited in the industrial cities of the north." The demands of the Communists, he pointed out, include abolition of all race discrimination, segregation, disenfranchisement, discrimination and also the enactment of a federal law against lynching, and equal opportunities for Negroes with equal pay.

Nearing predicted "an inevitable war between the United States and Great Britain, as the outcome of their rivalry for domination of world markets, so essential to the 'prosperity' of modern imperialist nations. While the United States and Great Britain are now co-operating in the loot of China, together with Japan, this situation has in it the germs of future conflict on the Pacific."

Nearing, who is candidate for governor of New Jersey, will make a tour of all the principal cities of Florida, Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee, Kentucky, West Virginia, Ohio and Pennsylvania during the election campaign.

WILSONIAN SHADES.

GENEVA, Sept. 17 (UP).—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson attended the session of the third commission of the League of Nations today, dealing with disarmament.

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Negro Debators Show Communism Is Solution of Oppressed Workers

Before a large audience, a debate on the subject "Resolved that Communism Is the Only Solution for the Oppressed and Exploited Negroes," was held last Sunday evening at the St. Marks Church.

C. Phillips, for the affirmative, pointed out that Communism is an international movement based upon the oppressed masses both at home and in the colonies. He said that the Communist Party was a true revolutionary party, and the only party which could free the Negroes, together with the workers of the world, from oppression. He also pointed to the fact that three Negroes were on the Communist Party ticket and that for the first time in the history of American labor, a Negro had been elected vice-president of a union,—referring to the election of William Boyce as vice-president of the newly organized National Miners' Union.

SPANISH BALLOON.

MADRID, Sept. 17 (UP).—The balloon Hispania, which left Guadalajara on Saturday on an attempt to break the world altitude record, was found wrecked at Caraca, Province of Murica, today. Commander Molla and his crew were dead.

180 POLITICAL PRISONERS FACE DEATH IN JAPAN

Anti-Monarchist Acts Charged by Govern't

(Red Aid Press Service)

TOKIO, Japan (By Mail).—The law passed in Japan providing the death penalty for anti-state and anti-monarchist propaganda has a special importance, since in the near future a large number of processes against persons who have carried on anti-government and anti-monarchist propaganda will take place.

In April of this year it is known that mass arrests have taken place in Japan, 385 arrests being reported in the newspapers. Of these 180 were held in jail. The arrested are charged with anti-state and anti-monarchist propaganda.

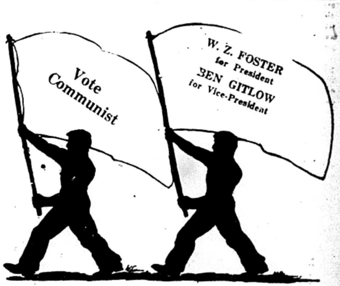
With the new law passed providing death for such activity these prisoners face certain death.

Party Accounts Week Here Sept. 24 to 30

Party Accounting Week will be held during September 24-30, according to the district office of the Workers (Communist) Perty.

John J. Ballam, acting district organizer of district 2, last night issued instructions that all Party members are to attend their unit meetings without fail during that week, in order that a check-up may be made on attendance, dues payments, assessment stamps and general activity.

Those failing to attend, the statement said, will be considered delinquent in their Party duties. All reports for Party Accounting Week will be turned over to the district office for further action.



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National Election Campaign Committee

arpet Worker Exposes "New Departure," Scheme of Bosses for Further Slavery

G WAGE CUTS FOLLOW IN WAKE OF THE SYSTEM

'Worker Council' Other Plan of Owners

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW HAVEN, Conn. (By Mail.)—Several weeks ago the most skilled workers of the Bigelow-Hartford Carpet Co. went out on strike for an increase in wages, stayed out about a day or so and suddenly went back to work again, but the next day the company announced a ten per cent cut in the wages of all the workers in the mill, excepting those that were on strike. The next day the latter got an increase in wages of from five to ten per cent. Which means that the company cut the wages of 80 per cent of the workers in the mill and increased the 20 per cent, thus dividing them one set or craft against the other; and finally introduced the "New Departure," which is quite well explained in the enclosed clipping.

This "New Departure" is being followed by all of the bosses around this part of the country, including Hartford, New Britain, Middletown, etc.

The U. S. Rubber Co. in Hartford the other day announced the formation of a "workers council" in the plant. The way this company is proceeding is by selecting three of its "stools," to be proposed to the workers, to vote for and "elect" them as "their representatives" to meet with three of the representatives of the company to form the so-called "workers council" in the plant. A seventh member to the council is to be appointed by the board of directors. These schemes are being introduced by the bosses, and the limitless exploitation is going on while the so-called leaders, or rather misleaders, of labor are meeting in New London, and instead of conceiving plans how to organize the 98 per cent of the unorganized workers in this state, they are harping about "this firm being unfair to labor," that "hair tonic be-on the black list, etc.," which all goes to show that they are like dogs under the master's table barking for crumbs.

CHARLES MITCHELL.

• • •

EDITOR'S NOTE: The scheme, related in the clipping, which appears below, by which the Bigelow-Hartford Carpet Co. plans to form a "workers council" of stools cannot receive too careful attention from every worker. Similar schemes, under this or other names, are being employed wholesale throughout the United States to delude and further control the workers, in the interests of class collaboration, that is to say, in the bosses' interests.

Notice the bait at the end of the third paragraph.

A NEW DEPARTURE

The Bigelow-Hartford Carpet Co. announces a new plan of conducting business which is an innovation as regards employe participation in the management of the company.

Three separate groups have been established, a works council, a foremen's council and an advisory board, each with definite activities in regard to improvement of working conditions, bettering manufacturing methods and generally promoting a spirit of co-operation, harmony and good fellowship throughout the plant.

In addition to the three groups, a suggestion system also is to be installed, providing for boxes to be placed about the mill in which employes are to deposit signed suggestions on any matter pertaining to plant problems. Cash rewards are promised for suggestions which result in manufacturing economies of improved quality.

Here is the novel plan as it has been worked out and is ready for the great experiment.

Membership in the works council shall be limited to workers only. That is, no one in a supervisory capacity shall be eligible for membership in this group.

So far as is possible, representation in the works council shall be on the basis of one representative for every seventy-five employes in a department. Where small departments make this impossible, the employes of several rooms shall be considered as one unit, so as to make up the required number.

In order to get the organization started, the overseers have appointed temporary members from their respective departments. These temporary members shall comprise the works council until the first regular election has been held. It should be thoroughly understood that although these members have been arbitrarily appointed, as soon as the organization is functioning smoothly, membership in it will be possible only by election.

The advisory board shall be appointed by the management of the company, and shall consist only of the several departments.

The purpose of this body shall be to adjust points of issue upon which the works council and the foreman's council might not agree, and any other executive matters that may come before it.

The statement says in part: "It is the sincere wish of the management of your company that every employe in the plant will enter into this program with a hearty spirit of co-operation, for it is only in this way that effective work can be done and the fullest benefits derived. Let us all take advantage of this opportunity to share in the management of the plant in which we earn our livelihood."

Mayor Pays Visit to Fascist Friends; Jobless Starve, Mayor Revels

Mayor Walker paid a visit the other day to his fascist chums aboard the Italian motor liner Augustus. Walker is shown above in the center, helping the fascist officers of the ship to squander the money wrung from the Italian workers slaving under the Mussolini terror.

CLUB MEETS NEED OF THE JEWELERS

Is Welcomed; Growth Is Rapid

(By a Worker Correspondent)

When the Jewelry Workers Welfare Club was organized five months ago, it was confronted with the difficult task of drawing in the demoralized, disorganized jewelry workers who by now were getting tired of being called repeatedly to union mass meetings which always resulted in a fizzle.

But in spite of the prevailing conditions the organization of our club was welcomed immediately by the workers and it has had a healthy steady growth since.

Need for Club.

The few affairs that we have had in this short period of activity have proved to the most pessimistic of us the great possibilities and great need of such an organization.

Still the growth of our club, altho it is a social mutual aid club, has greatly alarmed the right wing jewelry bosses of Local 1, International Jewelry Workers Union. Upon learning of the existence of the club, they immediately called together their fellows and passed an illegal resolution condemning the club as a dual union. And they then proceeded to expel illegally all the most active members of the club who happened also to be the most active members of the union.

They were so sure of the demoralizing effect of their terror that the president predicted that "at the next dying meeting the club will automatically disband." He pointed to the successful elimination of the former general - secretary, Abe Greenstein, by Local 1 and the International and predicted the same fate for the club.

Allege Greenstein Was Corrupt.

That there is no comparison between the two cases does not appear to Beardsley and Co. They don't realize that Abe Greenstein was a corrupt, unscrupulous individual who was hated by all the progressive elements in the International. Now it is Mr. Beardsley, who was then in the opposition, who uses Greensten's dirty tactics and is in turn despised by all progressive elements. But their desperate tactics only make matters worse for them. Already some of their supporters who even voted to outlaw the club, have broken away from them, joined the club and are among its active members.

While the Beardsley crowd in desperation commit blunder after blunder, the club grows in numbers and influence. We are already arranging a ball and concert for November 3, at New Webster Manor.

We appeal to all jewelers not to hesitate but to join the club and help to build up an organization of jewelry workers that will raise the jewelers from their present chaotic state of mind into class conscious workers.

It is also up to the members to take advantage of the present favorable sentiment among the workers and to draw them into the club in greater and greater numbers.

All jewelers should also get into the Union and see to it that we clean Local 1 of the clique that is retarding its growth. Demand a new organizer, a new executive board, instead of the hand-picked deadheads. Demand the re-instatement of the expelled members and the activization of all elements willing to work to build up a strong union.

Beardsley and his clique would not and could not build the union. They must go! —S. C.

FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

FOSTER TOUR

Tuesday, Sept. 18, Aberdeen, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Portland, Ore., Swiss Hall, 283½ Third St.

Friday, Sept. 21, San Francisco, Calif. Civic Auditorium, San Francisco.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Los Angeles, Calif., Whiting Woods, Rosemont, Calif.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, Salt Lake City, Utah, W. O. W. 168 S. W. Temple St., 2nd floor.

Thursday, Sept. 27, Denver, Colo. Tabernacle Hall, 20th & Lawrence Sts.

Friday, Sept. 28, Omaha, Neb. Son Theatre, 14th & Farnam Sts.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Kansas City, Mo. Musicians Auditorium, 1017 Washington St.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Chicago, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, St. Louis, Mo. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Oct. 3, Indianapolis, Ind. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Cincinnati, O. Final arrangements to be announced.

GITLOW TOUR

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Duluth, Minn., Woodman Hall, corner 21st Ave. and 1st St.

Thursday, Sept. 20, Virginia, Minn., Small Auditorium, City Hall.

Saturday, Sept. 22, Bismarck, N. Dak. Paterson Hall at McKenzie Hotel, 422 Main St.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Belden, N. D. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Sept. 24, Plentywood, Mont. Farmer Labor Temple, Plentywood.

Wednesday, Sept. 26, Great Falls, Mont. Final arrangements to be announced.

Friday, Sept. 28, Spokane, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, Portland, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Oct. 2, Astoria, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Oakland, Calif. Final arrangements to be announced.

ITALY PREPARES FASCIST FORCES

Largest Army; Strong In Aviation

ROME, Italy, Sept. 17.—Mussolini's government has entered the world race in armaments, well in the lead, having during the last five years attained a status with the first class powers in aviation and chemical warfare, maintained one of the largest armies n Europe and has rebuild its old navy and added considerably to its naval forces.

Its ship-building program for the year 1927-28 includes two cruisers of 10,000 tons each, twenty swift destroyers, 15 submarinnes varying from the large cruising type to the smaller swift type, a school ship and other smaller craft. During the last year three submarines and one cruiser were launched. This building program follows in its general lines the program of the British and French navies, who are also building small effective battleships instead of the old-type large and clumsy warships.

The airplane building fury here is already too well known to need further description, for Italy is ranked among the first of the aviation powers. Besides the regular army, the National Fascist Militia, numbering 300,000 men, is being kept in constant practice by numerous maneuvers, and is used also for the suppression of "rebellious" elements at home.

"END OF ST. PETERSBURG" AT PLAYHOUSE

This week the Playhouse Theatre in Chicago is presenting the latest wonder film from the studios of Soviet Russia, "The End of St. Petersburg."

This film is a wonderful realistic record of the entire crash of the Old Russian government. Pudowin the director has taken for his chief figure a bewildered youth, who goes to the city and becomes part of the great overturn. But the hero of the picture is really the mass of Russian workers and farmers. The story is told violently, in sharp flashes, lashing at capitalism with irony and hate. The film catches the restlessness of a whole sullen people in the chaos of revolution.

COOLIDGE BACKS 15-CRUISER BILL

Enters Competition After Kellogg Pact

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—While naval officials are stating that the Kellogg pact "is one thing and the navy's needs are another," and President Coolidge has declared that the United States navy bill will continue in its construction program in spite of the Franco-British naval pact, certain interests here are beginning to propagandize for the passage of the 15 10,000 ton cruisers bill.

The Franco-British naval pact restricts the construction of 10,000 ton cruisers while allowing freedom in the construction of smaller and speedier craft, which is not in accord with the policy of the United States navy. The bill will provide for the construction of 15 large cruisers during the course of three years.

In discussion among officials here it was emphasized that despite their signatures to the Kellogg treaty to "outlaw war" Great Britain, France, Japan and Italy are not slowing up their programs of naval construction.

LABOR FAKERS WAX FAT, IGNORE KODAK WORKERS

Green Is Guest of Open Shop Boss

(By a Worker Correspondent)

ROCHESTER, N. Y. (By Mail).—With slight opposition, Governor Al Smith, one of Wall Street's candidates for president, recently received the formal endorsement for the president of the United States by the 65th annual convention of the New York State Federation of Labor assembled here. In this action, organized labor of New York State was again mislead and betrayed.

"Opposition Steam-Rollered."

When the resolution endorsing Governor Smith was voted upon, there were about half a dozen "noes." Edward Walsh and Theodore H. Freese, Rochester delegates of the Typographical Union, asked for a division of the vote. President Sullivan, veteran labor faker, rejected this demand with the remark that "I see and I hear that the vote is overwhelming."

"Then we ask to be recorded in the negative," shouted Walsh and Freese, who support the republican machine. But President Sullivan quelled the uproar by pounding the gavel while other resolutions were being railroaded through. Resolutions favoring the recognition of the Soviet Union and amalgamation of craft unions were rejected by the labor fakers.

Pay Raises For Fakers.

Pay increases of $1,000 each was voted to John Sullivan, president and John M. O'Hanlon, secretary-treasurer. This brings their salaries up from $7,000 to $8,000 a year.

At the opening session, President William Green of the A. F. of L., lauded the candidate of Dupont and Rascob as "the great friend of the labor movement." This was part of his "prosperity" hokum.

Mr. Green "forgot" to mention the great nation-wide offensive of the bosses which is fast wrecking everything worth while in the A. F. of L. Not once did he mention the struggle of the miners, the textile workers, and needle trades. He readily dispensed with the problem of organizing the unorganized workers, by denouncing them in the following words: "Those who are on the outside, working 10 and 12 hours a day, have only themselves to blame, because they are working a greater number of hours than are included in the recognized working day."

"For Efficiency and Speed-Up."

"High wages and greater production go hand in hand and combine to make a high standard of living." Mr. Green does not wish to be reminded about the wage-slashing campaign that accompanies increased production in every big industry—in mining, textile, steel, and others.

"This is a golden age," Green continued, when referring to the present high productivity of labor. He urged greater productivity for every worker.

Distribute Kodak Shop Paper.

Every one of the 600 delegates to the state convention was handed a copy of the latest issue of the "Kodak Worker," organ of the Communist nucleus in Eastman's plants. A special letter appearing on the front page was addressed to the delegates of the A. F. of L. state convention.

The letter cites the betrayals by the A. F. of L. leadership of trade unions and calls for their removal. It also points to the millions of unorganized workers in auto, steel, rubber, and other plants that the A. F. of L. willfully refuses to organize, and calls upon the workers to support the Communist Party program for such work and in the coming elections. President Green, in his opening speech, indirectly referred to the Kodak Worker and other shop papers published by Communist factory groups as not being representative of the sentiment of the American worker. The fact that the Kodak Worker provoked such an attack vindicated the real position of this Communist factory organ.

To give further proof that capital and labor can travel arm-in-arm William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, broke away from the convention sessions to be the guest of Mr. George Eastman, "Kodak King," notorious open-shopper of the city. Mr. Eastman is the virtual boss of this town having recently forced the city-manager form of government on to the city because it enables him to more efficiently control the local government. The present city manager is a former Eastman employee.

The luncheon took place at Mr. Eastman's home, 900 East Ave. Accompanying Mr. Green were several other labor fakers of the A. F. of L.

While Green dined and wined with George Eastman, one of the Eastman plants, Camera Works, recently discharged 65 metal polishers, members of the A. F. of L. with whom the company had a verbal agreement. The men were receiving 94 cents an hour and were discharged and others rehired at about 55 cents an hour. The Eastman Kodak Co. is pursuing a similar policy in other departments. Eastman, the symbol of reaction and the open shop, welcomed Mr. Green and his fellow labor fakers into the city.

ROSE HOROWITZ.

The Old Fashioned Gangster Is Revived in "Trapped"

THE gangster who subsidizes grand opera and reads the American Mercury, the cop who lectures on behaviorism and the banker who knows enough to get in out of the wet, have given way to their professional ancestors, of the fierce mustache, scanty vocabulary, epileptic movements, and half-wit innocence, in the melodrama called "Trapped" by Max Marcin and Samuel Shipman at the National Theatre.

As a work of art it is eminently successful in creating the choicest aggregation of dumbells that ever deserved to starve with hunger. The hokum is so plentiful that it keeps the audience constantly wondering what piece of idiocy is going to turn up next.

None of the characters has enough intelligence to qualify for a job as trained ram in the Chicago stockyards. The play is an insult to the holdup profession and had Mr. Shipman dared to present his libel in Chicago, he would be well advised to buy a bulletproof vest from Mr. Goldberg of Philadelphia before visiting the Windy City. After all there are things that even a patient gangster cannot put up with.

A wealthy banker was happy in the possession of much money and a daughter. A group of kidnappers on the lookout for business, picked on him. Unless he came across with two hundred and fifty grand, they would slice the flapper into sandwich meat and present her to him in a sack. A messenger in the employ of the fond parent's bank was induced to call for the swag. A police inspector, who evidently knows what an adult moron looks like, complicates things by mistaking the young man for a bandit. The young man conducts himself as if he had just arrived by air mail from Sleepy Hollow. His imbecilities helped the inspector play his jackass role with inimitable skill. Taxi drivers, butlers and more taxi drivers appear, much excited, a state that did not communicate itself to the audience. With the aid of the inspector and the young bank messenger the flapper gets kidnapped, but thanks to a 100 per cent American in the gang and the half-wittedness of the bank messenger, the gangsters made a sorry mess of the business and wound up by getting pinched—just like that.

Up until the last moment the audience would be justified in believing that the police inspector was the head of the kidnapping gang, but that may be due to reading the newspapers.

The Americanism of one of the gangsters breaks out when he refuses to sanction the murder of the kidnapped fraulein saying: "This is a dirty foreign business anyhow." You see the gang was mostly composed of Sicilians.

The outstanding character in the play is Felix Krembs as the gang leader, who is over six feet and well mustached. Calvin Thomas, the 100 per cent American who showed reform tendencies after he had become muscle-bound cutting up bodies, Edward Woods as the bank messenger, John Miltern as the inspector and William Ingersoll as the banker, are entitled to their pay.

—T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

IN "THE BIG FIGHT."

Estelle Tayler who is co-stared with Jack Dempsey in a new play "The Big Fight," opening this evening at the Majestic.

PHILLY ALCOHOL "PROBE."

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 17 (UP). George W. Elliott, former director of public safety and for two years an assistant to Brig. General Smedley D. Butler, will be called before the grant jury for further questioning as Philadelphia's fifth week of investigation into its gangster and alcohol racketeering benigs.

DUNCAN, A. F. L. OFFICIAL, DIES; PAL OF GOMPERS

Was of Old School of Misleaders

QUINCY, Mass., Sept. 16.—The death of James Duncan, former vice president of the American Federation of Labor and close pal of Samuel Gompers last Friday, marks the passing of the old line of labor misleaders who founded the Federation and who for a generation directed the organization along the lines of careful and limited collective bargaining.

Duncan, like his close associate Gompers, was always a bitter enemy of progressivism and militancy which they attacked with the customary epithets about "Reds." At the same time these old misleaders differed from the present more open labor traitors who rule the Federation, in carrying on a struggle against restrictive legislation which threatened labor and against the company union.

Duncan was president of the Granite Cutters' International Union. In 1924 on the death of Gompers, he sought to become president of the Federation. Because the new group of younger and more aggressive misleaders voted him down, he threatened to resign. He retired in 1925. He was seventy-one years old.

FASCISTS PLAN FLIGHT.

OLD ORCHARD, ME., Sept. 17 (UP).—The big blue and yellow Sesquiplane Roma was locked in a hangar at the Portland Airport at Scarboro tonight while its crew, which hopes to fly to Rome, awaited word that weather conditions were favorable for a trans-Atlantic flight.

AMUSEMENTS

HUDSON West 44 St., Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30
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Arthur Hopkins Presents
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A new play in two parts and ten scenes by Sophie Treadwell
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3c in lots up to 5000.
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WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
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John Watt, Ben Gold and Other Militant Leaders to Speak at Big Mine Meet Thursday

WORKERS OF NEW YORK WILL HEAR OF CONVENTION

Watt Will Tell Story of New Union

With only two days remaining, preparations are being speeded to make the big solidarity mass meeting at Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., on Thursday night, one of the greatest demonstrations ever held in this city.

Workers throughout the city are eagerly waiting to hear John Watt, first president of the new National Miners Union, give a report of the historic Pittsburgh convention. He will call upon the workers of New York to launch a campaign that will enable the miners to keep up their fight to build a strong union of the rank and file.

Another leader in the struggle of the workers for a real rank and file union, Ben Gold, general organizer, Joint Board, Furriers Union, will also speak and bring a message of solidarity with the fighting miners. Other speakers include Hyman Koretz, Cloak and Dressmakers Union; Gladys Schechter, Millinery Workers Union; Harold Williams, secretary of the Negro Committee for Miners Relief, and representatives from the Youth Conference for Miners Relief and the Children's Relief Scout groups. They will pledge the support of the workers of New York and the working class youth and children to the fighting miners.

The National Miners Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, and the Shop Delegates Conference for Miners Relief are arranging the meeting.

INDIA TEXTILE STRIKE STRONG

(Red Aid Press Service)

LONDON, (By Mail).—In Sholapar, the province of Bombay, the struggle in the strike of the textile workers has become sharper in the last few days. As the London "Times" reports, it came to various conflicts between the strikers and the strikebreakers, since the pickets have carried on an energetic resistance to the breaking of the strike.

Many arrests have taken place. The strikers are reported to have decided to ignore the orders of the police.

Gov't Admits Bad Conditions of Negroes

WASHINGTON, Sept. [illegible]—Inadequate educational, health and economic opportunities for the Negro workers in the United States are admitted by the bureau of education. This admission by the education department comes soon after a similar admission in regard to the American Indians.

There are only 48,000 Negro teachers in the country. Upon this group rests the task of teaching 5,000,000 Negro school children.

REFORMIST'S ZEPPELIN.

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, Germany, Sept. 17 (UP). — Hugon Eckner decided to postpone today's proposed trial flight of the new transatlantic dirigible count Zeppelin because of bad weather.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Organization Conference.

An organization conference of Section 2 will be held today at 101 West 27th Street at 6 p. m. All unit and subsection organizers must attend.

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 31 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

3E 1F.

Unit 3E 1F will meet today 6.15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

3E 2F.

A meeting will be held of Unit 3E 2F tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Executive Subsection 3E.

The Subsection Executive Committee will hold a meeting on Thursday Sept. 20, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Section 8.

Section 8 meets tomorrow at 154 Watkins St. at 8:30 p. m.

Bronx Special Membership Meet.

All members of Section 5 must attend a special mobilization meeting for important Party work today a. 8:30 p. m., at 2075 Clinton Ave.

E. C. of Subsection 3C.

A meeting of the enlarged executive committee of Subsection 3C will take place tomorrow at 6.30 p. m., at 101 West 27th Street. All members of the committee and functionaries must be present.

Italian Unit.

A special meeting of the Italian unit, Section 4, Harlem will be held today at 8:30 p. m. at 143 East 13rd Street. Election of a new executive committee of the unit will take place.

Branch 1, Section 5.

Today at 8:30 p. m. there will be a section membership meeting at 2075 Clinton Ave. The entire membership must be mobilized for important Party work. The branch meeting has been called off.

6F S1.

6F S1 meets today at 60 St. Marks Place.

Brownsville Y. W. L.

An open air meeting will be held tonight at Dean and Utica Aves. at 8 o'clock sharp.

Night Workers.

The Night Workers section meets tomorrow at 3 p. m. at 26 Union Square, 6th floor.

Unit 5F 3B.

Unit 5F 3B meets Thursday instead of Wednesday this week at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Lower Bronx Y. W. L.

Lower Bronx Unit of Y. W. L. will hold an open air meeting today at 138th St. and Brook Ave. Speakers, Schiffman, Malkin, Giffin.

Morning International Branch.

The comrades of the M. I. Branch are notified that a very important meeting of our unit will take place on Thursday, Sept. 20, at 10 a. m. sharp at 26 Union Square. A roll-call will be taken and the names of the absent comrades will be turned over to the Discipline Committee. Full attendance is expected.—Secretary.

6F 2B.

A meeting of Unit 6F 2B will be held Thursday at 101 W. 27th St. Election of functionaries to be taken up.

9F, Section 1.

An educational meeting of 9F Section 1 will be held today at 6:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place. The Negro question will be taken up.

Subsection 2C.

2C meets today at 101 W. 27th St.

Unit 6F, Subsection 3D.

The next unit meeting will be an educational talk on our Party Platform. Comrade Sibulski will lead the discussion. The meeting will be held tomorrow at 101 West 27th St. and will begin at 6:15 sharp.

Section 3, Open Air.

An open air meeting of Section 3 will be held today at 39th St. and 9th Ave. Speakers Solon De Leon, Harry Weit, David Siegel.

Unit 6F.

An educational meeting of Unit 6F Section 1 will be held today at 6 p. m. at the section headquarters, 60 St. Marks Place.

German Language Fraction.

A meeting of the German Language Bureau will take place tonight at 8:15 p. m. at the Hungarian Workmen's Home, 350 East 81st St. A full fraction meeting of the German Fraction is called for Tuesday, Sept. 25, at 8:15 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

Williamsburgh Y. W. L.

The Williamsburgh section of the Y. W. C. L. will hold the following open air meetings this week:

Tuesday: at Graham and Varet Sts., Brooklyn. Speakers M. Geltman, R. Gordon, H. Harris and S. Ryant.

Friday: At Grand St. Extension with the following speakers: A. Weinfeld, C. Steckloff, M. Hoffer and D. Davis.

Friday: At Hooper St. and So. 3rd St., Brooklyn, with the following speakers: H. Harris, S. Weiss, R. Gordon and M. Geltman.

There will be a meeting of the Williamsburgh unit of the Y. W. C. L. Thursday, Sept. 20 at 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn (corner Lorimer). All members must be present.

Branch 5, Section 5.

Branch 5, Section 5, will meet today at 2075 Clinton Ave. at 8:30 p. m.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

Spanish Workers Club.

The Spanish Workers Club will have a lecture on "Bourgeois and Proletarian Literature," by Miguel Cruz, today at 8:30 p. m., at 55 W. 113th St.

Banquet at Brighton Beach.

Saturday, Oct. 13, at 8:30 p. m., a Chinese supper and an interesting concert will be given by the Workers' Club, Brighton Beach.

Parents' Association.

Parents Association of P. S. 52, Bronx, will hold an open air meeting Thursday at 8 p. m. at Cruger and Allerton Aves. Speakers: Ray Ragozin, Lillian Rogers, Harriet Silverman.

Young Needle Trades Workers.

A mass meeting of all young needle trade workers will take place on Thursday night after work at the Labor Temple. The working youth conference will be discussed.

WORKERS PARTY ARRANGES WEEKS OPEN AIR MEETS

Negro and Elections Is Topic

The Workers (Communist) Party has arranged the following open-air meetings for the current week, at which the subject will be "Negro Problems and the Election Campaign." All speakers must get bulletins at the district Agitprop Department.

Tuesday, Sept. 18.

Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer, Brooklyn—Bimba, Suskin, G. Welsh, R. Ryant (Pioneer).

Fifth Ave. and 125th St., N. Y.—J. Codkind, Gill Green, Silverfarb.

Sutter and Williams Sts., Brooklyn—M. Taft, Lipzin, Chernenko, C. Delrimo (Pioneer).

Longwood and Prospect, Bronx—Grecht, Primoff, G. Spiro, William Margolis, B. Kaplan (Pioneer).

Lenox Ave. and 133rd St., N. Y. C.—R. B. Moore, L. Oak, G. Lloyd, Williams, Baum (Pioneer).

Eagle Pencil Co.—Phil Frankfeld.

Wednesday, Sept. 19.

Second Ave. and Tenth St., N. Y. C.—Hendin, Sumner, Alkin, Ackerman, Schatzkamer (Pioneer).

Union Square, N. Y. C.—Biedenkapp, Alex. Gussakoff, Ross, Caplan.

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx—Baum, Blake, Kagan, H. Eisman (Pioneer).

Fleet St. and Flatbush Ext., Brooklyn—Powers, Vera Bush, McDonald, Rosemond.

Ninety-ninth St. and Lexington Ave., N. Y.—John Sherman, Charles Wilson (Y. W. L.).

Seventh Ave. and 131st St., N. Y. C.—R. B. Moore, M. Yusem, Alexander, Donaldson.

Seventh Ave. and 137st St., N. Y. C.—Markoff, Ed. Welsh, Grace Lamb, M. Himoff (Pioneer).

Passaic, N. J.—Vern Smith, Evelyn Blacker, Ida Starr.

Thursday, Sept. 20.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx—Nessin, Padgug, Harfeld, Leo Margolis, Malliken (Pioneer).

Fortieth St. and Eighth Ave., N. Y. C.—Cibulsky, Peer, Bydarian.

Twenty-fifth St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Shapiro, I. Zimmerman, Midolla, H. Gold (Pioneer).

Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I.—Schachtman, Powers, Vera Bush, Heder.

Jefferson and Henry St., N. Y.—Joe Cohen, Silber.

Stone and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn—Ben Lifshitz, Pasternack, Julius Cohen, Mershon, S. Finkelstein (Pioneer).

Two Hundred and Nineteenth St. and White Plains Ave.—Ben Gold, R. Wortis, Weich, Spiro, Severino.

One Hundred and Sixth St. and Madison Ave.—Listen Oak, Gill Green, Williams, Kagan.

Friday, Sept. 21.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Grecht, Ross, B. Gussakoff.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—Ragozin, Baum, Julius Cohen, L. Mikell (Pioneer).

Fifth Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C.—M. Taft, Grace Lamb, Jessie Taft, Gamilla, Lyons.

Varet and Graham Ave., Brooklyn—Primoff, Chernenko, Rosemond, Wellman (Pioneer).

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn—DeLeon, V. Smith, McDonald.

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—M. Sumner, C. Martin, S. Ackerman.

Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.)—Bert Miller, L. Duke.

Clinton St. and East Broadway, N. Y.—Joe Cohen, Silber, Shatzkamer (Pioneer).

Ave. A and 7th St., N. Y.—Wm. Frank, Suskin, Goliger (chairman).

Saturday, Sept. 22.

First Ave. and 116th St. (Italian)—Auerbach, Rolfe, Napoli, Magliacano.

First Ave. and 79th St.—G. Lloyd, Moreau, Alexander, Lustig, J. Rosen (Pioneer).

West New York, New Jersey (14th St. and Bergenline Ave.)—Markoff, C. Martin.

Perth Amboy, N. J. (308 Elm St.)—Edward Wright, Covatcz.

Elizabeth, N. J.—D. Benjamin, R. Duke, Freiman.

Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx—Chas. Zimmerman, Padgug, G. Spiro, Severino, R. Yukelson (Pioneer).

YANKS AND GIANTS BOTH WIN GAMES

(By United Press)

The Yankees gained a half game on the Philadelphia Athletics in the American League pennant race Monday by defeating the St. Louis Browns, 12 to 2, while the Athletics were idle. The Yankees now lead the Athletics one full game.

In the National League, the St. Louis Cardinals maintained their two game lead over the New York Giants by winning from the Philadelphia Phillies, 5 to 2. The New York Giants defeated the Pittsburgh Pirates, 9 to 2, and the Chicago Cubs won from the Boston Braves 15 to 5.

Carl Hubbell held the Pirates to seven hits while the New York Giants found Brame and Blankenship for fourteen to win the 9 to 2 decision. Home runs by Mel Ott and Jimmy Welsh in the fourth inning accounted for four New York runs. Pie Traynor accounted for the two Pittsburgh runs by a home run with a man on base in the sixth inning.

Jim Bottomley, St. Louis Cardinal first baseman, hit a home run in the seventh inning with High and Frisch on bases to give the Cardinals a 5 to 2 victory over the Philadelphia Phillies. The Phillies tied the score at two all in the sixth inning only to have the Cardinals come back and score three runs on Bottomley's homer in the seventh. Willoughby relieved Caldwell in the seventh and held the Cardinals hitless.

TY COBB TO RETIRE

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 17 (UP).—Tyrus Raymond Cobb, who for almost 25 years has thrilled baseball fans, today announced that the present season would be his last as a player.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

New York, 12; St. Louis, 2.
Washington, 4; Detroit, 3.
Boston, 6; Chicago, 3.
Only games scheduled.

National League.

New York 9, Pittsburgh, 2.
St. Louis 5, Philadelphia 2.
Chicago 15, Boston 5.
Brooklyn 7, Cincinnati 3.

CLERICAL PLOT FOUND.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 17 (UP).—Dispatches from Guadalajara said today that the Rev. Mateo Chavez, a priest, and other catholics were arrested there on a charge of conspiracy. Authorities claimed they had been implicated in secret meetings.

IMPERIALIST FOILED.

PARIS, Sept. 17 (UP). — The French pilot Nessler, who started long-distance record flight from Paris, was forced down near Chateaurox today after six hours in the air.

KELLOGG CIRCULATES.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.—In order to speed up the adherence of the world's governments to the Kellogg pact to "outlaw war" copies of the pact will be sent to all the countries, Secretary Kellogg announced today.

ELECTION RALLY OF FOOD WORKERS FRIDAY EVENING

Will Hear Platform of Workers Party

The last two weeks of the drive for signatures to put the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in New York finds the total number of signatures thus far secured to be 10,000, or approximately two-thirds of the total number required.

The response of the membership in New York to the signature drive has been exceptionally good, according to Rebecca Grecht, district campaign manager, who, in a statement last night, urged all campaign directors of the city not to let up in the intensity of the signature drive. "In order to complete the task which we began so well it is necessary that we procure 2,500 signatures for each of the remaining two weeks of the drive," she said.

Red Sunday in Williamsburg.

Sections 2 and 3, the backbone of the signature drive in the city, will mobilize next Sunday in Williamsburg to put across the Fourteenth and Sixth Assembly Districts. The candidates here are George Primoff and Herbert Zam.

According to A. Bimba, organizer of the Williamsburg section of the Workers (Communist) Party, if the Red Squads of Sections 2 and 3 obtain as many signatures in Section 6 as they obtained in Harlem on Sept. 9, both assembly districts will be put across with a safe margin.

BALBOA, C. Z., Sept. 17 (UP.) George M. Hanson, United States consul at Colon, died today of heart disease.

One Tobacco Worker Killed; Many Injured as Truck Hits Train

HAZARDVILLE, Conn., Sept. 17 (UP).—One tobacco worker was killed and two others seriously injured when a truck they were riding was cut in two by a train at Davis' Crossing, three-quarters of a mile North of Hazardville depot, today.

Adam Moresky, 17, died at the depot shortly after the accident. Joseph Starno and Anna Koneski were taken to the hospital. Starno was the driver. All were of Somerville.

CHICAGO LEADS IN "SUB" DRIVE

Build the "Worker" Drive Growing

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—Chicago, with forty-five subscriptions to its credit, has forged ahead in the inter-city contest to build the circulation of the Daily Worker. Detroit, recently in the lead, is a close second with thirty-eight.

With the campaign beginning to gather momentum, cities thruout the country are reporting excellent results. Toledo rendered an excellent account for itself yesterday, by sending in eight subscriptions.

The results of the build the Daily Worker drive are evident in New York City where the circulation has increased by 300 in the last two weeks. All forces must be mobilized to intensify the campaign.

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SECTION 5 (BRONX)
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A ROLL CALL WILL BE TAKEN.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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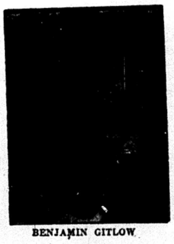

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from September 1st to Election Day

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Editor..........................ROBERT MINOR
Assistant Editor................WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers! For the Party of the Class Struggle! Against the Capitalists!

Hoover Evades All Issues

The speech of Herbert Hoover at Newark Monday evening did not differ in the slightest from the consistent misrepresentation of the unemployment situation in the United States that has characterized the Mellon-Coolidge administration since the beginning of the crisis last year. Blissfully ignoring the real facts regarding unemployment, Hoover declared that the unemployed army was being again absorbed in industry. He stated that when the republican administration assumed direction of the government in 1921, "there were five to six million unemployed upon our streets," and added that the intervening period has been marked by the elimination of this army of jobless workers.

This is in flagrant contradiction to the known facts that place the present unemployed army at between four and five million.

In perpetuating the Coolidge myth of prosperity for all sections of the population, Hoover—the candidate of "rationalization"—declared that the "increased efficiency of our whole industrial machine" was responsible for it. There is no denying a great increase in industrial output, but to say that this was accompanied by an increase in the number of industrial workers employed is to resort to deliberate lying—an art at which Mr. Hoover is especially adept. Even a cursory survey of the reports of his department of commerce will reveal the fact that he is entitled to a high rating in the Ananias club.

One of the outstanding facts of American economic life is the pronounced decline in the number of workers employed in industry during the period of rapid development of the productive forces of the country. The statistics describing the decrease in the number of employed in the years 1919, 1925 and 1926, appeared in the "Annalist" of March 9, 1928, and are as follows:

	1919	1925	1926
Big Industries..	10,689,000	9,772,000	9,850,000
Mining	1,065,000	1,065,000	860,000
Transport (railways)	1,915,000	1,744,000	1,782,000

While this decrease of industrial workers was taking place, there was an increase of more than 25 per cent in the volume of industrial commodities produced. The year 1921, the year of depression spoken of by Hoover, is deliberately ignored and only those figures given for years of prosperity. Thus, it is clearly seen that the much-vaunted increased efficiency, the rationalization of industry, of which we hear so much from the Mellons, the Hoovers and their agents in the labor bureaucracy, (the Greens, the Lewises, the Wolls) results in a steady increase of unemployment even during the periods of greatest prosperity.

Likewise the statement of Hoover that wages will rise under such conditions is contrary to all experience. Increased efficiency means more unemployment, which in turn means keener competition for jobs, with a resultant fall in wages and a lengthening of hours for those who still remain employed.

The election of Hoover, the apostle of rationalization, or of Smith, whose advisors haven't even the brains to devise such sophistries as are used by the republicans, means for the working class a continuation of the process that has been rapidly displacing workers in industry even in the years of greatest prosperity.

Not only that, but in Mr. Hoover's speech at Newark we find an emphatic condemnation of any form of social legislation calculated to relieve the unemployed. He scornfully refers to "doles to the idle" as a "device of desperation," and flatly informs the workers that they need expect nothing from the government in the form of relief for unemployment. "Fear of old age and for the future of the family has been lessened through increased payments to the savings banks and the insurance companies and to our labor benefit societies," declared Hoover. Not one single word about placing upon industry the task of relieving the workers who have contributed to the unexampled prosperity for the capitalist class and who have been thrown upon the scrap heap of industry.

Speaking in New Jersey, where unemployment is rampant, where wages have been cut until the workers in desperation have waged long, bitter, militant struggles against the highly protected textile industry, Mr. Hoover had the audacity to praise the Fordney-McCumber tariff bill as beneficial to labor.

Like his rival old party candidate, the democratic party nominee, Al. Smith, the republican nominee was forced to pay a tribute to the militant fight of the left wing of the labor movement against the use of injunctions by declaring that "it is necessary to impose restrictions on the excessive use of injunctions." But like Smith, he is careful not to urge the abolition of injunctions against labor. So widespread has been the defiance of injunctions against labor that the capitalist politicians have been forced to mention these attacks against the very existence of the trade union movement. But both Hoover and Smith, while pretending to oppose what they call the abuse of the injunctive power, are in reality trying to save the injunction and the injunction judges from the wholesale contempt of the working class—Smith by speaking favorably of "necessary" injunctions and Hoover against their "excessive" use. Obviously they become necessary to Smith and his sponsors, the Raskobs of General Motors and the Owen D. Youngs of the scab-herding, strike-breaking General Electric, when the workers are likely to defeat the capitalists. As to Hoover, it is certain such injunctions as that issued against the miners of Pennsylvania by a republican lackey of the Mellon interests, Judge Schoonmaker would not be viewed as excessive.

In his Newark speech Hoover only dealt indirectly with the international situation; citing imports and exports and referring to the world's trade only as it was alleged to affect national economy. Boasting of the enormous exports of commodities and gold, and referring to the supreme position of the United States, Hoover was indeed the very personification of arrogant, vicious imperialism. Like all of his class, like all the ruling classes that have held sway in all the history of slavery, Hoover imagines the supremacy of his class will last forever. He does not appear to perceive that the continual strengthening of the position of American imperialism at the expense of the other imperialist powers, especially England and Japan, contains the germs of another world war. And even though he could perceive this fact he would not dare mention it in his campaign speeches for the simple reason that as long as capitalism exists there will be a continuous state of war or preparations for war—all periods of peace are but armed truces.

Only the party of the working class, the party of the proletarian revolution, the Workers (Communist) Party, has a program that will solve the problems facing the working class of the country. Only our candidates stand on a platform that meets the issues of unemployment, the use of injunctions and other means of oppression against labor. Not one other party aside from the Workers (Communist) Party has a program of social legislation that takes up the question of the condition of the working men, women and children. And the one Party that faces the issue of the danger of another world war and offers the only conceivable solution—the revolutionary solution—is the Workers (Communist) Party.

Appropriate Commemoration of Hamilton

It is eminently fitting that the republican politicians as well as the democratic patriots should pay homage to Alexander Hamilton on the opening day of "constitution week." Last Sunday the managers of Hoover's campaign placed wreaths on the tomb of Hamilton in Trinity churchyard.

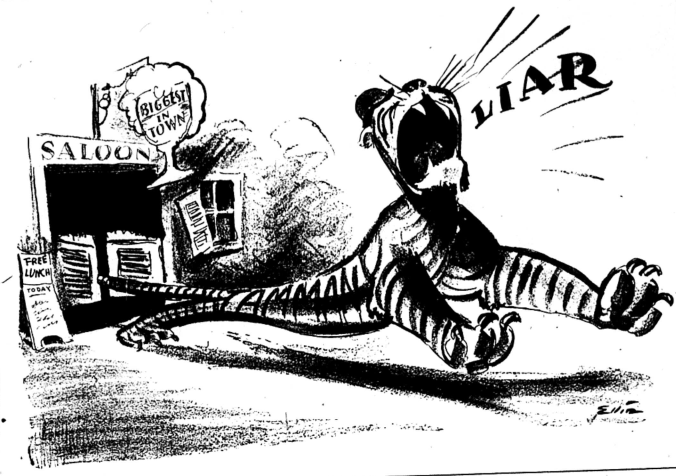
The political puppets of the most malignant reactionary force in the whole world—American imperialism—tribute to the man who was the very incarnation of the counter-revolution that took place in the United States after the first war against England.

The adoption of the constitution by a secret, illegal conspiracy of business men and its imposition upon the colonies by organized terrorism, with Hamilton leading the reactionary forces against the ideals expressed in the Declaration of Independence, penned by the avowed Jacobin, Thomas Jefferson, signalized the definite consolidation of the forces of reaction.

Both democrats and republicans sing peans to Hamilton. The reactionaries of today pay homage to their prototype of yesterday.

A YELP TO DROWN THE "WHISPERERS"

By Fred Ellis



A Connecticut Red at 'King' Eagan's Court

Booze Flowed in Rivers at Labor Fakers' Convention; Workers Ignored

By A. MOSS.

NEW LONDON, Conn. (By Mail).—These printed words give the only account of a labor gathering held in this city. None of the capitalist sheets, giving as they do columns of space to the most trivial and petty "events" found the 43rd annual convention of the Connecticut Federation of Labor important enough to waste two lines of type on it.

"With few exceptions there is no capitalist press." So learnedly spoke Mr. Murphy, democratic politician and leading light of Connecticut labor fakerdom, to whom credit may be given for the original and beautiful contribution to the cause of class peace—that of urging the affiliation of the New Haven Central Labor Union to the New Haven Chamber of Commerce

And so that the future historian may be aware of this great historic and significant occasion, be it recorded, that for the 4-5-6-7th days of September, 1928, there descended into the old city of New London, to be precise, into its Mohican Hotel, the town's richest non-union hostelry, a happy, gay, back-clapping body of men, than whom no merrier a gang was ever seen.

Rivers of Whiskey.

And bootleg whiskey in rivers ran. And real beer found a ready market, and cigars, both union and non-union made, were freely passed, and hours merrily chased, and wisecracks cracked, and daddy, mammy songs lustily sung, and speeches lengthy by fat and pompous gentlemen, glorifying our "institushuns" held, and all was well and everyone was happy. It was Connecticut labor holding its 43rd state convention.

To omit the great combats this assembly witnessed (those sober enough to witness anything but another bottle) would prove a lack of sportmanship on the part of the writer of these lines. Yes, there was such fierce and gruel combats, and prizes given to the winners.

The main attraction, the gladiators, Mr. Murphy, the above mentioned president of the New Haven C. L. U. local aldermen, well-known democratic politician, versus Mr. Moore, beloved son and democratic politician of Torrington; Mr. Donahue, favorite son of Danbury and one more backer of the illustrious champion of the common people, "Al Smith." And these found a three cornered ring vying for the presidency of the organization, and the plums that fall with it. Such as labor selling, political graft, etc.

One must admit though, methods used by the above mentioned were the most honorable. No harsh voice was ever raised at the convention, no ungentlemanly procedure that any were guilty of.

Weapons were whisky bottles, cigars, political favors promised, rumors passed, some whispering, all in good ward-heeling fashion.

Whether Mr. Moore's bootleg was of a better grade, or was it that his cigars were passed more freely, or a tacit understanding between candidates—as many claim—but be it reported, that it is Mr. Moore who shall until the next convention, as president, be privileged to all pretty plums that lie in wait for up-and-at-it labor presidents to come and pick 'em.

Big-Hearted Eagan.

A high moment was also that of renominating Mr. John Eagan, wiry, small and vicious labor faker, every inch of him, for secretary.

He was unanimously re-elected.

For any delegate to have suggested a frame of mind other than unanimity on this proposition, would spell a bloody nose, or some other way of inviting disaster.

Eagan, though small in stature, is big in his love for the labor movement, as long as it is bona fide, within the prospective wing of the A. F. of L. and in every other way respectable.

It was Mr. Eagan, by the way, who had recently gotten in touch with the police commissioners of all the cities in Connecticut, advising them to the effect that the miners' relief committee, as also the textile relief committee, are not bona fide. That they are rather "the doings of those dirty bulshevics," and that no permits for tag days, etc., be given to representatives of these committees. A warning the bona fide, labor loving police of Connecticut well heeded.

Mr. Eagan, may I repeat, was re-elected unanimously—or almost so.

Whispering Campaigns.

A progressive delegate to this convention, Brother Hearing, president of Stamford C. L. U., well known and well liked trade unionist. One who had dared going to the Soviet Union as a member of the recent trade union delegation, was defeated for vice presidency, thru a whispering campaign. "Don't vote for Hearing, he's "Comoonistic."

The machine reigneth supreme.

There were speeches rendered by many International vice presidents, shyster lawyers "representing labor's interests," and ministers of the gospel. All lauded the "achievements of labor," "the great strides made forward," and, "as I look back some years . . .," who sang the praises of "your leaders who know when to stop in their demands," and called upon the Lord to "assist in this holy endeavor." Over-fed looking individuals beamed with self-satisfaction.

There was a report of delegates.

The Booze Was Good.

"Well, president and brother delegates, I can report that everything in our locals is going along fine. . . . We had a little hard times, but it is gettin' better. Though a lot of our men are loafing just at present. We might expect some hard times this winter. . . ."

"Brother president, and delegates, in New Britain conditions are good. We have 64 men in our local. Of late about 18 are out of work. We got most of the shops organized—that is outside of the big shops, where they work 18 hours a day—"

"Making progress . . ."

"Same as last year . . ."

The Clarion Call.

There were various resolutions submitted. The resolutions timidly told a tale of open shoppers, of their vigorous onslaught on labor, here, there, and everywhere, of "unfair" legislators, mean and unfriendly to labor, of "unjust" injunctions, etc.

And with them the clarion call to battle. How? By what means? Information cheerfully given.

". . . That we again submit this resolution to the Honorable Senator Bingham, calling upon him to reconsider . . ."

". . . That we call upon the delegates to take back with them to their local unions, that the La France fire fighting apparatus manufacturing company are unfair to labor . . ."

". . . That Knick-Knack suspenders are made under open shop conditions . . ."

". . . In view of the fact the K. O. X. Mfg. Co. manufacturing toilet specialties are unfair to organized labor, therefore, be it resolved . . ."

The Militants.

In strong contradiction to this environment, there sat at this convention a small group of men sober and earnestly watching the proceedings, at times stating on the floor truths somewhat unpleasant, in unmistaken terms calling to real battle, voicing such terms as "Class Struggle" "Capitalist rule" daring to proclaim that labor "has no friends within the capitalist parties; that labor must have a party of its own; that one-sixth of the globe is at present under the rule of workers and farmers; that the A. F. of L. to survive must initiate a militant campaign to organize the unorganized."

They presented resolutions that did not have that whining, pleading tone about them, rather, every line of which called for united effort in militant struggle.

Discretion the Watchword.

These workers were a minority at this convention.

Their speeches sneered at by labor faking machine; their resolutions "non-concurred" or made gentlemanly, the "offensive" lines removed.

Discretion the watchword.

This would not give a complete picture of this great gathering, were we to omit mention of the theoretical heights it rose to; the splendid learnedness, the deep and sympathetic insight into the needs of the American labor movement it has shown.

Those moments when the convention's great ideological leader, the often above mentioned Mr. Murphy, in simple phrases, fatherly, told to those assembled (it was in his attack against the resolutions for a labor party and recognition of the Soviet Union) such glazing truths as, "That the only people in Russia who have the right to vote are the Comoonists;" "that no family life, the very basis of our great commonwealth exists there;" "that people live in daily terror for their very lives."

And oh, the worst of all! That these very Bolsheviks seek to undermine our great and glorious institushuns, citing, "the breaking up by these Communists of the Miners' Union, the slandering campaign carried on by these same Bolsheviks on the great leaders of this union." "The actions of these Comoonists in New Bedford, where this very moment they seek to 'disorganize' the textile workers' organization."

Does the American labor movement need a party of its own?

Harken, labor, to the words of this great leader!

"This (a labor party) has never proven of practical value in this country."

"Labor, with minor exceptions, has and is receiving fair treatment at the hands of these so-called capitalistic parties."

"Al Smith, for one, has always stood one hundred per cent with labor."

"We are Americans, proud of our institutions, and by-gawd, still stand by them."

"The American worker has reached a higher standard of living . . . . houses. . . . automobiles. . . . never dreamt of even before, with few exceptions."

"The non-partisan policy laid down by the great founder of the bone fide labor movement, Samuel Gompers, has proven of great value."

Many, many such gems of thought.

The "Socialists."

Oh, yes, lest we forget, there were a number of socialists present at this convention, men whose names regularly appear on the ballot, opposite that of the hand and torch, in various cities of the state of Connecticut, offering the voter the opportunity of voting for "radicals".

P. S.—After close of the convention, on leaving the hotel, while there still rang in my ears the closing utterances of the great Murphy, relating to our great commonwealth, its institutions guaranteeing to all native and alien justice and freedom, the right to. . . .the right to. . . .the right. . . .where with few exceptions . . . .

One of these "exceptions," in the form of an aged, wizened little woman, poorly dressed, with harrassed afraid eyes, approached me, stealthy putting a circular into my hand, quickly and fearfully passed on. A moment later, two representatives of the law had a tight grip upon her, ready for any violence that she might attempt.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

Here are some excerpts from letters containing campaign fund contributions: "Enclosed please find one dollar as my donation to the Communist Campaign Fund. Knowing that capitalism is decaying and the revolutionary proletariat arising, I remain,

Your for Communism,
THOMAS TUOLO.

* * *

"Enclosed please find two dollar bills, one from me and the other from my friend John Chanas, for carrying on the election campaign as I know very well that DuPont will not help you out in your election work. We workers have to do it alone, although our contribution is small because we have to work for very small weekly wages as I am sorry that we can't do better.

* * *

And a surprise for "Big Bill the Builder," mayor of Chicago. One of the employes in city hall sends a check for $5.00 to the Communist Campaign Fund. No doubt if Big Bill knew his name he would be fired quicker than a police chief who did not know how to shake down the bootleggers.

* * *

So much for money. As you already know, the Communist ticket is on the ballot in Texas tho the assistant secretary of state is kicking and threatening to throw it off. The candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party for lieutenant-governor is Comrade J. L. Swan, an eighty-year-old veteran of the class struggle. He was active in the Populist Party in Texas and served as commissioner of Jones County on the P. P. ticket. He was a charter member of the Socialist Party of Texas, having helped to organize it. Swan was a familiar figure at all the state conventions of the S. P. and contributed much to the success of their meetings there in former years. Since the Socialist Party deserted the class struggle, Comrade Swan, like thousands of other revolutionists quit that organization and joined the Workers (Communist) Party.

* * *

Foster speaks in Milwaukee on September 10th at the Bahn Frei Hall. Five thousand leaflets have been issued for this meeting. Sympathetic organizations have been mobilized for the meeting and they will appear with banners greeting the Workers (Communist) Party. Following the Foster meeting the Milwaukee comrades will inaugurate a Red Week which will continue until September 17. plans for a special edition of the Daily Worker with special reference to the Wisconsin situation are being made.

* * *

The comrades in Nebraska are giving the Red Baiters something to bark about. They got the Communist ticket on the ballot in jig time and now the militarists are trying to throw it off. But this is easier said than done despite the sympathy of the state authorities for the war mongering patriots. Governor McMullen is warning the people against the "red menace" and the papers are featuring Communist Party activities. Good stuff!

Told You So

THIS is the strange story of Mr. Skaggs. Twenty years ago he slept in a Kansas City railroad station because he did not have enough money to rent a bed in a hotel. Somehow or other he got to the Pacific Coast and is today the owner of a chain of grocery stores valued at $17,000,000. All he needs is a publicity man to make him famous.

T. J. O'Flaherty

* * *

OUR readers must not assume that the way to start out on the road to wealth is to sleep in a railroad depot. Usually it is the way to start to the nearest police station. Perhaps Skaggs got the idea of chain stores while scratching himself on a hard seat in the depot. Lots of bright ideas come to one in his sleep. The trouble is that they are hard to remember the morning after. But there must be a "Skagg Way" of doing this. If there isn't, Skagg will never be anything more in history than a big coffee and cocoa man.

* * *

HERBERT HOOVER insists that there are no unemployed in the United States. This is not exactly correct. What he claims is that there is no unemployment problem. A casual reading of the society columns of capitalist press proves that there are hundreds of thousands of parasites whose only problem from one end of the year to the other is to devise new tricks to kill time. This army of unemployed is supporting Hoover and Smith.

* * *

THE capitalist newspapers that are supporting Al Smith claim that there are over 4,000,000 unemployed in the country. The Hoover press can't see it. If Smith happened to be in Hoover's place the democratic party press couldn't see a jobless man on the Chicago slave market. Hoover is trying to create the impression that the prosperity of American imperialism is shared by the entire population, but he will have a hard time trying to convince a hungry man that he is wrapped around a hot meal.

* * *

VAUCLAIN, head of the American Locomotive Company says that he believes in the full dinner pail. He believes that Hoover is the best little pail-filler running for the presidency. The officials of the American Federation of Labor believe in the full beer can. They believe that Al Smith will have "growlers" rushing as in the good old days before the great thirst. We often heard of a man falling between two stools, but if the American workingclass heed these political confidence men and their press agents, they will be left sitting between two empty cans.

* * *

THE revolutionary workingclass will shed no tears of sorrow over the passing of James Duncan, former first vice-president of the A. F. of L. and former president of the Granite Cutters' International Union. Duncan was one of the most reactionary of the fossilized crew of labor fakers that graced the executive council of the A. F. of L. and disgraced the American labor movement. His chief contributions to history were his visit to Russia in 1917 as a member of the commission headed by Elihu Root, with the object of sabotaging the Revolution and keeping the socialist reactionary Kerensky in power and the organization of the Tanyard Club of Boston where the labor leaders made whoopee until they were too feeble to carry a stein to their lips.

* * *

THE socialists are jubilant over the vote cast for Victor Berger in the Milwaukee primaries. And well they may. Listen to the Milwaukee correspondent of the New Leader explain the "victory:" "It was furthermore pointed out by the socialists who undoubtedly will vote showed that many thousands of socialists who undoubtedly will vote the socialist ticket on election day, entered the republican primaries to help out the progressive candidates. This has been often done by socialists whenever the progressives were in a difficult contest with the stalwarts for the nominations. That is why some of the greatest victories for the socialist party in Milwaukee were achieved when the primary vote was lowest.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

57 CITIES SEND DELEGATES FOR NEW MILL UNION

All Sections of Trade to Be Represented at Convention

Only 42 Cities at UTW

Credentials for 250 Already Filed

With preparations in full swing both in New York City and in textile centers throughout New England and the middle Atlantic states, the coming national convention of textile wrkers to be held at Irving Plaza, New York City, on Sept. 22 and 23 will undoubtedly be a great success. Delegates are expected, judging from reports sent in from the different textile centers and from credentials received—from 57 cities covering all sections of the industry—cotton, silk, woolen and worsted, knit goods and miscellaneous sections. The 250 delegates who have been already elected will make this convention a fully representative one, covering a much bigger territory than the 113 delegates who attended the convention of the United Textile Workers held last week, which represented only 42 cities.

Two important problems face the arrangements committee of the new national textile union which is to convene at Irving Plaza on Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 22 and 23. These are: (1) Accommodations for over 250 delegates who will arrive in New York soon, and (2) the demand for a large number of volunteers to assist at the sessions of the convention.

All who want to aid in the formation of a genuine textile workers' union are urged to get in touch at once with I. Zimmerman, at the local office of the Trade Union Educational League, Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

Many Cities.

In Massachusetts the following cities will be represented by delegates coming from woolen, worsted and cotton mills: Lawrence, Lowell, Fitchburg, Maynard, Blackstone, Holyoke, Florence, Leeds, Waltham, Taunton, Forge Village, Salem, New Bedford, Fall River, Adams and Easthampton. A delegation of 56 workers will represent the 56 mills on strike in New Bedford, fully demonstrating the overwhelming support which the National Textile Mill Committees has among the workers there. Twenty-five workers from Fall River will represent that center, proving that the American Federation of Textile Operatives, which organized only a handful of skilled workers there, and betrayed even these few, has no hold upon the workers of Fall River.

Pennsylvania will send delegates from Philadelphia, Chester, Easton Allentown, Bethlehem, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton, Nanticoke, Old Forge, Edwardsville, Luzorne and Reading. The industries represented from Pennsylvania wil be woolen and worsted, cotton, rayon, silk throwing, silk weaving, hosiery and other knit goods and dyeing.

Large Delegations.

From New Jersey, delegations will be present from Passaic, Pater-

Continued on Page Three

Children of New Bedford Textile Strikers Must Eat Too!

Children of the 30,000 New Bedford mill workers who are now striking against a wage slash in the face of police terror and the treachery of the Batty clique, need food. Starvation is the greatest danger which ths fighters must face. Help them win their struggle.

149 KNOWN DEAD IN FLORIDA GALE

76 Negro Workers are Among Victims

Latest reports coming here from the storm-stricken area in Florida indicates that the total death toll to date may reach the figure of 250.

Verified reports, however, stated that 149 people were definitely known to be dead, and over 150 others injured. Of the dead only eleven have been identified. The other 138 remain unidentified. Seventy-six of the known dead are Negroes, who had been employed on the fields in Florida previous to the disastrous storm.

The hurricane, which is considered now to be far more severe than that which hit Miami two years ago, is expected to hit New York City today or tmorrow. It is travelling northward at a tremendous speed. It is thought, however, that most of the force of the storm will have spent itself before it reaches New York.

• • •

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 18.—Sweeping north along the coast of Georgia and South Carolina, the hurricane which has been raging in Florida and the West Indies continues to leave death and destruction in its wake. Much of its original fury, however, seems to have been spent and the storm is expected to pass out to sea over Cape Hatteras, N. C.

Working class families and poor farmers are reported suffering the most. Their homes, poorly constructed and often flimsy, have been swept down like houses of cards. The total of deaths in Florida and

Continued on Page Three

NEGROES JOIN WORKERS PARTY

Election Drive Warmly Greeted in Harlem

The campaign activities of Harlem members of the Workers (Communist) Party, with headquarters at 143 East 103rd Street, has procured many new members for the ranks of the only working class party in the country, according to A. Moreau, campaign manager of the Harlem section. Especially among the Negro workers has the message of the class struggle found root. At every one of the four open-air meetings, held weekly in Negro Harlem, some Negro workers join the only party which welcomes all workers.

The firm, four-square stand taken by the Workers (Communist) Party on the question of lynching, discrimination as shown in Jim Crow laws, and segregation, has proven to Negro workers that the party of the proletariat is the party of all workers.

In a final drive to secure a sufficient number of signatures to entirely clean up all the districts, congressional as well as assembly, in

Continued on Page Two

Lewis Toots Horn of Big Boss Hoover

(Special to the Daily Worker)

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 18.—In a statement taken to be a confirmation of a secret agreement with the republican presidential nominee, John L. Lewis, arch-wrecker of the miners' union, today endorsed the hypocritical labor address made by Herbert Hoover at Newark yesterday.

It is genreally believed that Lewis is slated for a fat job from the republican administration of Andrew Mellon for whom he has just broken the miners' strike. In some quarters it is stated that Lewis may become secretary of labor under Hoover should the latter be elected.

• • •

Endorses Open Shop Candidates.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 18. (U.P.)—"Herbert Hoover penetrates to the very heart of America's industrial and economic problems when he declares for full and stable employment for the workers of the nation," John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, declared today in commenting on the republican presidential nominees speech delivered at Newark, N. J., last night.

"His Newark address reveals his intimate and comprehensive grasp of the economic factors which are an every-day concern of the average American," Lewis said.

HOOVER'S LIES TO SWELL RED RALLY

Expect Workers to Fill Central Opera House

Hoover's campaign in the east to win the workers over to the platform of the party of Big Business, opening with his Newark speech in which he fancifully fabricated facts and theories concerning American workers will have the net effect of considerably swelling the attendance at the first huge Communist campaign rally, to be held Sept. 28 at the Central Opera House, according to the District Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party who will speak at the Central Opera House rally will expose the gross misstatements made by the republican candidate as well as the democratic party's claim of being the friend of labor and the socialist party treachery against militant labor.

G. O. P. Glib Phrases.

"The glib phrases of the republican candidate, such as the 'unparalleled service to employes' performed by the republican party; 'foundations of prosperity'; 'no decrease in daily wages' and other such blatant contradictions to facts had very little effect on the ears of those of the workers who suffered in the Passaic textile strike, or on the oil workers of Bayonne. However, if aimed at those defunct and

Continued on Page Two

USSR FORMALLY ACCEPTS TREATY

Ratifies Kellogg Pact With Sharp Criticism

MOSCOW, Sept. 17.—The resolution passed by the Praesidium of the Central Executive Committee, accepting the Kellogg pact, while severely criticizing it and condemning the British and French reservations, amounts, to formal ratification of the treaty, according to a statement issued today by Tass, official news agency.

The resolution was passed by the Praesidium between sessions of the Central Executive Committee and according to the constitution is valid.

SMITH TRIES TO FOOL MID-WEST

Opens the Presidential Drive in Omaha

OMAHA, Sept. 18.—Just as Herbert Hoover, the republican candidate for president, tried to befuddle the wage-earners of the east with dishonest statistics and evasive promises, so Al Smith, the Tammany product who heads the democratic ticket, tried to work a confidence game on the farmers of the middle-west by pretending to approve the McNary-Haugen bill. In his opening speech of his presidential campaign here tonight, Smith said in part:

"As I read the McNary-Haugen bill, its fundamental purpose is to establish an effective control of the sale of exportable surplus with the cost imposed upon the commodity benefited. For that principle, the democratic platform squarely stands, and for that principle I squarely stand. Mr. Hoover stands squarely opposed to this principle by which the farmer could get the benefit of the tariff. What remains of the McNary-Haugen bill is a mere matter of method, and I do not limit myself to the exact mechanics and methods embodied in that bill.

"Here is a cleancut issue, which the farmers and the voters of this country must decide. It remains but to work out the details by which the principle shall be put into effect, and I have pledged myself to name a non-partisan commission of farm leaders and students of the problem to work out these details."

Promises Another Investigation.

In order to create the impression that he is gravely concerned about the farm problem beyond the inveigling of the exploited and impoverished farmers to vote for him, Smith promised to appoint such a "non-partisan" commission as soon as he is elected. "I shall make that appointment," said Smith, "not when I take the oath of office, but as soon as I am elected."

He did not mention the real question facing the farmers—the question of the disproportion between the price of their products and the cost of production. Nor did he propose any relief from the deathly grasp of the mortgage bankers who keep the farm population in a condition of servitude that is in many cases approaching peonage.

Attacking Hoover and the republican program he, like all other candidates of the old parties, did not refer to the Communist proposals for farm relief, which propose a moratorium on farm mortgages.

The democratic politicians, with the aid of Tammany experts on fake demonstrations, packed the auditorium which holds 8,000, and mobilized a bunch of hoodlums on the outside at so much per head in order to create the atmosphere of en-

Continued on Page Two

MASS PICKETING IN NEW BEDFORD

Paige Mill Attempt to Open Is Resisted

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 18.—While the mill barons, the A. F. of L. Textile Council chiefs, and their flocks of "mediators" are polluting the atmosphere with talks of "peace" and "settlements" on the basis of the Frieder speed-up system, the mill owners are showing definite signs of preparations for an offensive to open strategic mills with the aid of strikebreakers and police. This is shown by the marshalling of scab forces to reopen the big Paige Mills.

Following up their policy of warning away the strikers from Batty's attempt to arrive at a sell-out settlement by granting the speed-up to the Mill owners, the Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mill Committees are straining all their energies to resume mass picketing, which will prevent the owners of the Paige and other mills

Continued on Page Three

MINE MEET TOMORROW

Pat Toohey Will Describe Miners' Fight

The revolt of 2,000 Illinois miners against the betrayal and vote-stealing of the Lewis-Fishwick machine will be graphically described by Pat Toohey, secretary of the new National Miners' Union, at the Miners' Solidarity Mass Meeting in Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., tomorrow evening.

John Watt, formerly secretary of the Illinois sub-district where he was for many years in the forefront of the fight against the corrupt and traitorous bureaucracy, will also give an official report on the historic Pittsburgh convention, where 600 rank and file leaders from every mining state in the country met and pledged themselves to build a new union that will organize all of the nearly 1,000,000 coal diggers under an honest, fighting leadership.

Other prominent militants of

Continued on Page Three

TO DEFY UKASE OUTLAWING RED DRIVE SPEAKERS

Martins Ferry Mayor Tries to Ban Nearing

Jingoes Back Move

"Free Speech But Not for Communists"

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 18.—The present city administration of Martins Ferry is living up to the precedents set by all former administrations of that trust owned town. The present flunkey of the steel trust, Mayor Duff, has issued a ukase prohibiting Communist campaign meetings.

When approached for a permit to hold a meeting at which Scott Nearing was scheduled to speak on Oct. 14, the mayor said: "Neither Scott Nearing nor any other Communist can speak in Martins Ferry as long as I am mayor of the city."

It was explained to the mayor, who had prohibited a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting and arrested scores of workers when they attempted to hold it, that the Workers (Communist) Party was on the ballot in Ohio and was as legal as the democratic or republican parties. "Don't you believe in free speech?" he was asked.

"Yes, I believe in free speech," was his reply, "for the other parties and their candidates but not for the Communist Party."

The police chief of this steel corporation city has notified all hall-owners to refuse to rent their halls to all "reds." Meetings of miners the International Labor Defense and other workers' meetings are branded as a "menace to public safety" and prohibited.

The chief of police, Muhleman also promised that if Scott Nearing were to appear in the city he would get a "reception" from the police.

When it was made public that the Nearing meeting was to be held in spite of the orders of the mayor and the police, organizations like the Junior Mechanics, a group of strong 100 per centers, sent resolutions to the mayor and to the police commending them on their work of "clearing the city of reds."

Workers are getting ready to appear en masse at the Nearing meeting to test their right of free speech and assemblage, while the local press talks of an "October revolution in Martins Ferry."

CLOAK CHAIRMEN TO MEET TODAY

Executive to Present Vital Plans

Shop chairmen and representatives in the New York cloak and dressmaking industry will meet in monthly conference here today to survey full month's activity in the organization drive to build a new union. The conference will be held in Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St., immediately after work.

Preliminary announcements from the headquarters of the local body of the National Organization Committee declare that special plans of vital significance to the workers in New York are to be considered tonight. The N. Y. local of the N. O. C. is the executive committee of the shops chairmens' monthly conferences.

The workers in the trade have learnt to look forward to these conferences, where reports of the progress of the union-building drive are recorded and new plans for further work discussed. More substantial inroads on the open shop conditions of the cloak and dress trade have been made in the last month than have been reported as the total of any one month's work since these conferences began, it is disclosed.

Section Three "Daily" Agents Meet Tomorrow

The second conference of all Daily Worker agents of Section 3 will be held tomorrow evening, immediately after work, 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

This conference has been called for the purpose of making the final preparations for the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar. All those who participated in the previous conference are urged to attend this important meeting.

FIRE IN STRASBOURG.

STRASBOURG, France, Sept. 18 (UP).—Fire destroyed the docks and burned stores of food valued at 16,000,000 francs tonight. Coffee sugar and cereal stores were ruined.

Fights for Miners

"Mother" Bloor, who has been touring the country for the new miners' union, reports that nothing can stop the march of the miners.

'MOTHER' BLOOR SURE OF VICTORY

Says Nothing Can Stop March of Miners

Ella Reeve Bloor, "Mother" Bloor to the thousands of militants in the labor movement who have heard and seen her in action during the many years of her sacrifice for the working class, appeared at the office of the Daily Worker yesterday with a stirring report of the convention just held at Pittsburgh for the formation of a new National Miners Union.

"Say that in the face of the greatest sacrifices, in spite of hitherto unbelievable terrorism, in spite of the united attacks of the police, the Lewis gangsters, and the coal operators, in spite of hunger, starvation and death itself the new miners union lives!"

With these opening words, Mother Bloor, one of the charter members of the former United Mine Workers of America, who, with the development of the rebellion against Lewis,

Continued on Page Three

MINERS' RELIEF STANDING FIRM

Police Fail to Stop Its Activities

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 18. — A third attempt to disrupt the National Miners' Relief Committee was defeated yesterday when the local district attorney failed after a personal effort to secure a subpoena authorizing him to take over the books and records of the committee for examination before the Erie grand jury.

Two similar attempts made following the illegal raid on the offices of the committee last Friday likewise had failed when federal judges held that the demands of postal inspectors were too broad and failed to mention the specific charges against the committee.

Exposes Hand of Lewis.

Alfred Wagenknecht, relief director of the committee, issued a statement yesterday in which he pointed to the evidence that the raid had been undertaken at the request of John L. Lewis, union wrecker of the former United Mine Workers. Wagenknecht's statement follows in part:

"In the name of the National Miners' Relief Committee, I desire to state that Post Office Inspector, George V. Craighead, acted far be-

Continued on Page Three

11 Boys Murdered On Farm, Is Charge

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 18 (UP)—Belief that at least 11 small boys had been mistreated, murdered and buried on a farm was expressed tonight by Sheriff Sweeters of Riverside County, who is leading an investigation into the story of Sanford Clark, 15.

SPECIAL BAZAAR EVENT

Novelties at Children's Day, October 6

Among the special features that will make the great National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar at Madison Square Garden an event without equal will be Children's Day, Saturday, Oct. 6.

Children's Day will be held from 12 noon to 5 p. m. and everything will be arranged to interest the children. For five hours the grown-ups will have to content themselves with second place and the children will reign supreme.

Special booths are being planned for this day, where articles that will make any normal child's mouth water will be sold. Toys will, of course, be much in evidence and they will be sold at prices that will annihilate any hesitation that may lurk in the minds of thrifty parents. Novelty games and dramatic performances will also be arranged—all for the working class children.

Arrangements for the bazaar are

Continued on Page Three

350 PRISONERS STRIKE AS STATE OFFICIALS REFUSE TO PROBE CRUELTY CHARGE

800 Stage All-Night Demonstration to Protest Jail Conditions

Warden Refuses Food to All in Effort to Quell Growing Protest

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 18 (U.P.).—More than 350 prisoners at the Maryland Penitentiary refused to work today, after a night of rioting in which 800 are said to have joined.

The strike and uproar were against the refusal of State Welfare Director Janney to order a public hearing on charges of cruelty by officials and guards at the prison. At intervals in the night the prisoners, all locked in their cells, screamed and shouted, rattled the steel bars, banged on metal walls and threw flaming wads of paper from cell doors facing the street.

Starve Strikers.

The showdown came at 6:30 a. m. when the first morning bell rang. Warden Patrick Brady had announced prisoners who refused to work would not eat and at 6:30 guards went through the tiers and aroused all prisoners.

Of 545 convicts in the west wing, 300 refused to go to the shops and remained in their cells. The remainder were allowed to march to the dining halls as usual, and were given breakfast. Then they were marched to the shops.

In the east wing, 35 or 40 of the 311 men remained in their cells. In the south wing, housing 260 men, 15 refused to work.

Those who remained in the cells will go without food, Brady said, pending a decision by Janney on whether the men will be allowed to state their grievances publicly.

Brady said it is possible the men in the cells have food supplies sufficient to last several days. Water is provided each in his cell. It is regarded as probable the men have had a strike in mind for several days, and probably laid in provisions from the prison commissary.

"If I had a place to confine 40 or 50 of these men, I could end this outbreak in 10 minutes," Brady said.

The inhuman brutality with which prisoners are treated has led to a number of protest demonstrations in various jails thruout the country. A number of prisoners were killed last year when they protested against barbarous treatment in Folsom prison in California.

SEATTLE LABOR HEARS FOSTER

1,200 Workers Attend Communist Meeting

(Special to the Daily Worker)

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 18.—Twelve hundred workers last night packed the large hall of the Moose Temple to hear William Z. Foster, candidate for president of the United States on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, present the platform of the party of the class struggle.

Foster was given a great ovation by the workers. They cheered repeatedly as he brought up the different points of the Communist platform. Workers and active trade unionists of the city attended the meeting in large numbers.

The meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president was about three times as large as that which was held under the auspices of the socialist party when Rev. Norman Thomas spoke. The Thomas meeting was attended by a small group composed mostly of middle class residents of Seattle.

According to the Seattle Branch

Continued on Page Three

LIGHTNING KILLS BOY.

NAPLES, Sept. 18 (U.P.).—Giovanni Coppola, 9, was killed while watching a football game when lightning struck some telephone wires nearby.

WORKERS STORM FOOD STORES IN FASCIST ITALY

Demonstrate Against Mussolini

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

ITALIAN FRONTIER, Sept. 18.—Aroused by severe unemployment and the high cost of living discontented Italian workers are demonstrating against the fascist-controlled unions and the fascist regime. Numerous demonstrations and attacks on government centers are reported.

Demonstrations in the provinces of Emilia, Romagna, Ferra, Imola, Molinella and Forli have taken place. Other centers demonstrated against the useless fascist masons trade unions.

The situation in Bologna is so severe that the workers proposed storming the food stores.

The fascist leaders promise everything to soothe the movement but the workers have no confidence in them.

At the Pisteja the police and fascists tried to break up a demonstration by attacking the workers fiercely. In spite of the fascist counterattack the demonstrators charged the emergency court.

MILLINERS HOLD PROTEST RALLY

Demand End of Right Wing Terror

Rank and file members of the Millinery Local 24 yesterday crowded Bryant Hall in a protest meeting against the reactionary policies of their union officialdom, and condemned unanimously in a resolution the bureaucrats' provocation of a bloody attack on the membership at the last union meeting, because the militants there demanded the immediate passage of measures for unemployment relief.

Workers beaten up at the last membership meeting rose to speak from the rostrum and tell how their demands for an unemployment relief fund for the ever growing circle of jobless millinery workers was answered by the officials with an attack on those leading the fight from the floor of the meeting. Morris Fein, Milton Weich, Victor Chibulsky, M. Eltzer and Eva Schaffran spoke at the meeting.

Attack Misleaders.

The last to speak before passage of the resolution was H. Zukowsky, leader of the left wing workers in the union. After pointing out that the last three years in the industry were the most prosperous in the trade, and therefore a time when better conditions can be fought for and easily won, Zukowsky declared that the leadership of the union had not only not won any improvements in working standards but had allowed the trade to develop the contracting system and other evils which were ruining the industry and causing severe unemployment.

In proof of this contention he offered the fact that the workers won with comparative ease the concession of shorter hours after their officials were ready to give up these demands. Zaritsky, president of the International, has always been and still is openly propagating the return to the 44-hour week and the piece-work system, he stated.

2 TRAIN WORKERS KILLED.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 18 (UP).—The engineer and fireman of train 2, Carolina and Northwestern Railway, were believed buried under the locomotive and tender of the train when it ran into a washout, due to the hurricane, near Suxter.

Workers (Communist) Party on Ballot in 23 States; Expect 15 More in Six Weeks

MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE SWELL BIG TOTAL

New England Workers Overcome Obstacles

The two great industrial states of Massachusetts and New Hampshire are now on the Communist ballot bringing the total number up to twenty-one or nine more than in the election campaign of 1924.

The states now on the ballot in addition to Massachusetts and New Hampshire are New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, West Virginia Ohio, Michigan, Maryland, Illinois Kentucky, Tennessee, Texas, New Mexico, Iowa, Nebraska, Arizona, Montana, Kansas, Arkansas and South Dakota.

With six more weeks between now and election day the goal of thirty states originally set by the National Election Campaign Committee is certain to be reached with the probability that at least thirty-five states will be in the red column by the time the last filing day is reached.

Overcome Obstacles.

In Massachusetts and New Hampshire, the workers had heavy obstacles to overcome, the election machinery in several important cities being in the hands of the agents of the mill barons who took advantage of every technicality to prevent the Party from getting on the ballot. The success of the Workers (Communist) Party in New England was due in a great measure to the prestige gained thru the activity in the great textile strike in New Bedford and Fall River. While the socialist party is lined up with the labor bureaucrats who are betraying the strike to the textile barons, and fighting the militant Textile Mills Committee with the aid of the police, the Communists are not only fighting the employers but the city and state governments as well as the reactionary labor leaders.

The only New England states on the Communist ballot in the last elections were Massachusetts and Rhode Island. This will leave only two states out, Vermont and Maine where there is yet no Communist organization to speak of.

Want Worker-Organizers.

Another important election campaign development is the inauguration of a drive for 1,000 rank and file organizers to go out into the small industrial cities thruout the country, spreading Communist propaganda and organizing Party units. Every available vehicle will be mustered into action to bring the workers from place to place. The National Office of the Party will supply the necessary material, literature, subscription blanks for Party papers and membership cards.

Workers who speak any of the foreign languages will work among the workers of that particular language. There are hundreds of thousands of foreign-language-speaking workers in heavy industry, and where there is no Communist organization they are at the mercy of the employers who use bourgeois politicians of foreign birth or descent to keep them tied to the capitalist political chariot.

Plan Extensive Drive.

Women's organizations, youth organizations and Negro organizations will be pressed into service. This is the greatest organizing plan ever conceived and executed by the Workers (Communist) Party and if the rank and file respond as they are expected to, it will build the Party in sections where the Communist message never penetrated before and will develop hundreds of workers for leading functions in the Party.

The Communist election campaign is now in full swing. Foster and Gitlow are now speaking in the northwest. They are met by enthusiastic gatherings of workers in every city and each meeting brings in many news members to the Party.

Organizers are busy throughout the country, doing the necessary work to place the Party ticket on the ballots in the various states.

The Negro campaign is making great headway in New York City, where great mass meetings are held weekly with Comrades Moore, Welsh and other Negro leaders exposing the role of the republican, democratic and socialist parties as tools of big and small business, pointing out that the two big capitalist parties have sanctioned the lynching of Negroes in the south and the many discriminations practiced on them in federal and state institutions by both parties. The socialist party, the pretending not to draw the color line refuses to help in the organization of the Negro masses for a struggle against capitalism. The Workers (Communist) Party alone, as our Negro comrades point out to their people, is the only party that has the program that means freedom for black and white workers.

BERLIN, Sept. 18.—The Swedish municipal workers officials have decided to break all relations with the Soviet municipal workers, according to a report issued by the International Federation of Trade Unions from Amsterdam.

The Swedish rank and file have again and again demonstrated their willingness to co-operate with the workers of the Soviet Union.

Wall Street Candidate Greeted by Newark Politicians

When Herbert Hoover arrived in Newark at 7 o'clock Monday evening, the only people who were present to greet him were a group of Jersey G. O. P. politicians, less than 200 in number. At the Essex Armory, later in the evening, he delivered his bombastic spiel on "prosperity" in the United States, while hundreds of unemployed Newark workers listened. While the speech was in progress, members of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League distributed over 10,000 leaflets to the workers of the industrial city.

WORKERS SCHOOL OPENS FALL TERM OCTOBER 1

The Workers School of New York City, the biggest labor school in the United States, will begin its fall term October 1 at its new headquarters, 26-28 Union Square, with 75 classes in English, Trade Unionism, Labor Problems, Public Speaking, Labor Journalism, Literature, History, Economics, Politics, Imperialism, Communism and Marxian Theory. Among the instructors scheduled to give courses are: Jay Lovestone, William Z. Foster, Bertram D. Wolfe, Max Bedacht, Benjamin Gitlow, William W. Weinstone, M. J. Olgin, Scott Nearing, Robert Minor, D. Benjamin, Joseph Freeman, Beatrice Becker, J. Mindel, A. Markoff, Juliet S. Poyntz, A. Trachtenberg, John J. Ballam, Ray Ragozin, Joseph Brodsky, William F. Dunne, A. Bittelman, Will Herberg, Robert Dunn and Michael Gold.

Classes will be given every evening from 7 to 8:20 p. m. and from 8:30 to 9:50 p. m. and on Saturday afternoons. Registration for classes is now going on.

Plans are under way to take care of the largest registration in the history of the school. From present indications it appears that over 2,500 workers will study at the Workers School in order to prepare themselves for more effective work in the labor movement. This will practically double the record registration of last fall when over 1,800 workers enrolled for courses in the school to train themselves for the class struggle.

The school is now situated at 26-28 Union Square, where it occupies the sixth floor, comprising 12 rooms. For more detailed information write to the Workers School for free catalog or phone Stuyvesant 7770.

HOOVER'S LIES TO SWELL RED RALLY

Expect Workers to Fill Central Opera House

Continued from Page One

imaginative workers whose fictitious names are used by the democratic and republican machines of New Jersey every year to 'vote' their tickets, his speech may have been effective."

Workers' Party Platform.

Contrasted with the rotound phrases used by the capitalist politicians in an attempt to drag the wool over the workers' eyes every election, is the concrete platform and demands of the Workers (Communist) Party in this as in every election campaign. Specific demands are made by the Workers Party on unemployment, the right to strike, social legislation, traction housing, schools, youth and child labor, Negroes, farmers—in short, every social, economic and political matter which at all touches the lives of the millions of workers, is treated by the Workers (Communist) Party in its platform, not from the viewpoint of the "good of the people" but from that of the good of the workers.

Workers of New York and vicinity are urged to come early as the rally will begin promptly at the scheduled time. The doors of the Central Opera House will be open at 7 p. m. on Friday, Sept. 28. Delegates from various trades in the city are expected to come in a body organized evidence of the support of the only working class party on the political field by all progressive workers.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper!

NEGROES JOIN WORKERS PARTY

Election Drive Warmly Greeted in Harlem

Continued from Page One

Harlem, another Red Sunday will be held there September 23. According to M. Nemser, section organizer, Harlem will be entirely through with its signature drive by the beginning of next week, after which the Harlem members will pitch in and help other sections.

Another feature of the election campaign work in Harlem which has met with good results is the noonday meetings held weekly at the yards of the Interborough Rapid Transit and New York Railways companies, at 99th St. and Lexington Ave. One such meeting will be held there today, with John Sherman, of the Daily Worker, as chief speaker. Many successful distributions of Communist literature have been made among the I. R. T. employes, whose ranks are filled with company spies to detect any inclination toward honest, militant unionism among them.

Besides speaking on the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party in the election campaign, Sherman will discuss organization problems.

• • •

Distribute 1,000 "Dailys."

The election campaign in Harlem during Negro Week was opened Monday evening with a mass distribution of 1,000 copies of the special Negro edition of the Daily Worker.

The workers who participated in the distribution were gratified by the friendly response from the Negro workers, who welcomed receiving a copy of a daily newspaper which openly proclaimed its solidarity with them and fought against the exploiters of Negro labor.

Lower Harlem is having a distribution tonight, starting from its headquarters at 143 E. 103rd St. The canvass committee elected for this very important election and press activity should appear at headquarters not later than 6:30 p. m.

SHE CHIDES STRIKERS

Washington "Lady" Won't Aid Relief

Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, yesterday revealed a letter from Katharine W. Fisher, 21 First St., Washington, D. C., which the relief secretary characterized as an evidence of "the sour-milk of human kindness." The letter, which follows in full, was in reply to appeal for funds sent out by the relief organization last week.

"Disapproves" of Strikes.

"I do not doubt," Miss Fisher writes, "that conditions are bad in New Bedford, but I so disapprove of strikes as a method for attempting to remedy them that even if I did have money to spare I should not contribute it.

"How can anyone expect to cure conditions in the cotton textile industry of New England by the ancient method of the strike? People must be fed, of course, but why not let them work.

"I would much more be likely to give a dollar for a child whose father is working than to one whose father is striking. Please remove my name from your mailing list."

Strikers Will Stick.

In commenting on the letter Biedenkapp said: "I know that a thousand workers will give the lie to Miss Fisher's letter by sending money to help us feed the 30,000 heroic strikers, men, women and children, who are valiantly withstanding the New England mill-barons. And I know that the New Bedford and Fall River strikers will give the lie to her by remaining on strike until they have won their just demands."

SHOE WORKERS MEET THURSDAY

Call Lasters, Heelers to Brooklyn Hall

The drive to organize New York's thousands of shoe workers began slowly and is now gathering force as the union announces mass meetings for the workers, the great majority of whom are unorganized. Arion Temple, 21 Arion Place, Brooklyn, will be the scene of a mass meeting tomorrow at 8 p. m. to which all lasters and wood heelers in Brooklyn have been called for the purpose of launching an organizational drive in these important crafts.

In a call issued to these workers, the president of the Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York and its managing organizer, J. Magliiacano, declare:

"Since the bosses have been having a free hand our prices and conditions have been reduced to those of slavery days and they will surely continue to be reduced unless something will be done to stop it.

"The cause for these conditions is only due to the fact that while the bosses have been united we remained divided and while the bosses have taken advantage of the situation, we have done nothing to put a stop to their attempt to reduce us to virtual slavery.

"The time has now come that we must begin to consider ways of improving the deplorable conditions under which we are working.

"The Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York has been recently organized by the rank and file and is the only organization which is interested in organizing the shoe workers of Greater New York. Realizing that you lasters and wood-heelers make up the most important crafts in the trade and the ones who suffered most of the abuse of the bosses, it is therefore calliing you to this meeting."

SMITH TRIES TO FOOL MID-WEST

Continued from Page One

thusiasm. For days the democratic ward-heelers and other professional politicians who are for sale to the highest bidder have been busy rounding up a gang to stage the Smith demonstration. Money for the purpose was plentiful; probably supplied from the coffers of Mr. Raskob and other members of the House of Morgan oligarchy.

At certain obvious and specific signs this corralled aggregation of bought and paid for claquers would stage an imitation Tammany Hall outburst. This menagerie the reporters of the capitalist press called a "farmer audience."

Avoided "Equalization Fee."

Smith then concluded his speech, which was lengthy and detailed, with his statement upon the McNary-Haugen Bill, which has as the principal part of its machinery the much discussed equalization fee. The fee was not mentioned by the governor. Farm relief leaders call it "the heart" of the measure. He merely left this question open by saying he is not limited by the bill's mechanics.

FLIES ACROSS CHANNEL.

PARIS, Sept. 18 (U.P.).—The spanish inventor, La Cierva, completed a flight across the English channel from London to Paris today in his autogiro plane, a helicopter.

WORKERS PARTY ARRANGES WEEKS OPEN AIR MEETS

Negro and Elections Is Topic

The Workers (Communist) Party has arranged the following open-air meetings for the current week, at which the subject will be "Negro Problems and the Election Campaign." All speakers must get bulletins at the district Agitprop Department:

Wednesday, Sept. 19.

Second Ave. and Tenth St., N. Y. C.—Hendin, Sumner, Alkin, Ackerman, Schatzkamer (Pioneer).

Union Square, N. Y. C.—Biedenkapp, Alex. Gussakoff, Ross, Caplan.

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx—Baum, Blake, Kagan, H. Eisman (Pioneer).

Fleet St. and Flatbush Ext., Brooklyn—Powers, Vera Bush, McDonald, Rosemond.

Ninety-ninth St. and Lexington Ave., N. Y.—John Sherman, Charles Wilson (Y. W. L.).

Seventh Ave. and 131st St., N. Y. C.—R. B. Moore, M. Yusem, Alexander, Donaldson.

Seventh Ave. and 137st St., N. Y. C.—Markoff, Ed. Welsh, Grace Lamb, M. Himoff (Pioneer).

Passaic, N. J.—Vern Smith, Evelyn Blacker, Ida Starr.

Thursday, Sept. 20.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx—Nessin, Padgug, Harfeld, Leo Margolis, Malliken (Pioneer).

Fortieth St. and Eighth Ave., N. Y. C.—Cibulsky, Peer, Bydarian.

Twenty-fifth St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Shapiro, I. Zimmerman, Midolla, H. Gold (Pioneer).

Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I.—Schachtman, Powers, Vera Bush, Heder.

Jefferson and Henry St., N. Y.—Joe Cohen, Silber.

Stone and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn—Ben Lifshitz, Pasternack, Julius Cohen, Mershon, S. Finkelstein (Pioneer).

Two Hundred and Nineteenth St. and White Plains Ave.—Ben Gold, R. Wortis, Weich, Spiro, Severino.

One Hundred and Sixth St. and Sumner, C. Martin, S. Ackerman.

Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.)—Bert Miller, L. Duke.

Clinton St. and East Broadway, N. Y.—Joe Cohen, Silber, Shatzkamer (Pioneer).

Ave. A and 7th St., N. Y.—Wm. Frank, Suskin, Goliger (chairman).

Saturday, Sept. 22.

First Ave. and 116th St. (Italian)—Auerbach, Rolfe, Napoli, Magliacano.

First Ave. and 79th St.—G. Lloyd, Moreaic, Alexander, Lustig, J. Rosen (Pioneer).

West New York, New Jersey (14th St. and Bergenline Ave.)—Markoff, C. Martin.

Perth Amboy, N. J. (308 Elm St.)—Edward Wright, Covatez.

Elizabeth, N. J.—D. Benjamin, R. Duke, Freiman.

Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx—Chas. Zimmerman, Padgug, G. Spiro, Severino, R. Yukelson (Pioneer).

Madison Ave.—Listen Oak, Gill Green, Williams, Kagan.

Friday, Sept. 21.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Grecht, Ross, B. Gussakoff.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—Ragozin, Baum, Julius Cohen, L. Mikell (Pioneer).

Fifth Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C.—M. Taft, Grace Lamb, Jessie Taft, Gamilla, Lyons.

Varet and Graham Ave., Brooklyn—Primoff, Chernenko, Rosemond, Wellman (Pioneer).

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn—DeLeon, V. Smith, McDonald.

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—M.

FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

FOSTER TOUR

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Portland, Ore., Swiss Hall, 283½ Third St.

Friday, Sept. 21, San Francisco, Calif. Civic Auditorium, San Francisco.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Los Angeles, Calif., Whiting Woods, Rosemont, Calif.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, Salt Lake City, Utah, W. O. W. 168 S. W. Temple St., 2nd floor.

Thursday, Sept. 27, Denver, Colo. Tabernacle Hall, 20th & Lawrence Sts.

Friday, Sept. 28, Omaha, Neb. Son Theatre, 14th & Farnam Sts.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Kansas City, Mo. Musicians Auditorium, 1017 Washington St.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Chicago, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, St. Louis, Mo. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Oct. 3, Indianapolis, Ind. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Cincinnati, O. Final arrangements to be announced.

GITLOW TOUR

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Duluth, Minn., Woodman Hall, corner 21st Ave. and 1st St.

Thursday, Sept. 20, Virginia, Minn., Small Auditorium, City Hall.

Saturday, Sept. 22, Bismarck, N. Dak. Paterson Hall at McKenzie Hotel, 422 Main St.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Belden, N. D. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Sept. 24, Plentywood, Mont. Farmer-Labor Temple, Plentywood.

Wednesday, Sept. 26, Great Falls, Mont. Final arrangements to be announced.

Friday, Sept. 28, Spokane, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, Portland, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Oct. 2, Astoria, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Oakland, Calif. Final arrangements to be announced.

Power Gang Hearing Shows New Activities

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 (U.P.).—Resuming its investigation of propaganda activities of public utilities, the Federal Trade Commission today discovered new efforts to sway public opinion in Iowa, Canada, and New Jersey.

In Iowa, it was developed, utilities enlisted the State University and the State College in their publicity campaign. Correspondence showed authorities of both institutions were friendly to utilities and were anxious to aid in their development "in any way possible."

COLLEGE BRIBED BY OFFICIALS OF POWER TRUST

Iowa State School Got $15,000

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 (UP).—A campaign of Iowa utilities interests to retard a movement for municipally-owned power plants in that state was described today as the Federal Trade Commission resumed its investigation of the power industry.

Municipalities where the sentiment in favor of a publicly-owned plant was strong were circularized with literature designed to persuade citizens against taking such a step, H. P. Weeks, director of the Iowa section of the National Electric Light Association, testified.

In addition, Weeks said, his organization distributd 165 copies of a utilities propaganda magazine each month among members of the Iowa state legislature.

Total payments of $15,000 to Iowa State College since 1925 were revealed by other checks placed in the record. The payments averaged about $3,500 annually and were made, Weeks explained, in connection with research into rural power development.

Revenues of his association, Weeks said, were derived from Iowa utilities and from the National Electric Light Association.

A joint legislative committee is maintained by Iowa utilities to guard their interests at sessions of the state legislature, Weeks testified. He said the committee represented electric power and railway companies.

Brownsville in Final Drive for Signatures

With the finish of the signature drive in the twenty-third assembly district of Brownsville, the members of Section 8 of the Workers (Communist) Party are concentrating all their forces in the twenty-second assembly district during the last two weeks of the drive.

According to R. Macklin, campaign director of the Brownsville section, the total number of signatures to be obtained in the 22nd A. D. will be safely tucked away in the safe of the District Office before the drive officially ends on the last day of September.

All members of Sections 2 and 3 who live in Brownsville are urged to report in Brownsville for the signature drive every evening.

4 BIG NIGHTS

1,000,000 Articles

EVERYTHING FROM A THREAD TO A SET OF FURNITURE

at ½ Price

4 BIG NIGHTS

Daily Worker

FREIHEIT

BAZAAR

Madison Square Garden

THURSDAY 4TH
FRIDAY 5TH
SATURDAY 6TH
SUNDAY 7TH
OCTOBER

4 BIG DAYS

DO NOT BUY NOW, WAIT TILL THE BAZAAR

4 BIG DAYS

ACTIVE PRESS, Inc.
26-28 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK CITY

Austrian Social-Democratic Congress Agrees to Raise Workers' Rent Three-Fold

DECIDE WORKERS MUST NOT HEED FASCIST MARCH

Would Allow Seipel to 'Protect' Unionists

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

VIENNA, September 18. — The congress of the social democratic party of Austria closed today capitulating entirely in the question of the tenant's protection measures and arriving at no decision in regard to the fascist provocative demonstration planned for October 7.

The congress unanimously passed a resolution, incorporating Otto Bauer's point of view, which was a complete capitulation on the question of rent and housing. The resolution called for a three-fold raise in rent which would provide for the construction of new houses and the social democratic parliament fraction was granted full freedom in action respecting this matter.

The social democrats, it is generally thought there, are ready to sacrifice tenants' protection and abandon re-elections if the government promises housebuilding.

Passive Tactics.

There was no decision on the party tactics to be followed regarding the home defense corps demonstration for October 7, regarding which the Communist Party of Austria has issued a call to all workers to mobilize a counter-demonstration. But Renner, Julius Deutsch and Otto Bauer asserted that the home defense people want a collision with the working class and therefore the best proletarian tactics were to leave the fascist provocation alone. They declared that it was the government's duty to protect the republic from fascism and therefore that Seipel, and not the workers, must do this.

The present party committee was unanimously re-elected.

At the previous session of the social democrats congress Skaret gave the party committee report which dealt chiefly with organization questions.

The workers were consoled for the capitulations and defeats by the increased membership of the social democratic party. Otto Bauer spoke on the tenant's protection laws, demanding re-elections. Bauer declared that the social democrats prepared the negotiations but the maintainance of the tenants' protection measures was less important than new houses.

MANY CITIES AT MILL UNION MEET

250 Delegates Coming to Convention

Continued from Page One

son, Hillisburg, Rutherford, West New York, Union City, Trenton and Weehauken. The Passaic workers, who after their splendid fight in 1926 found themselves betrayed by the UTW which took them over, are now completely with the new union and have already withdrawn from the UTW and elected their delegation of 25 workers to attend the convention of the National Textile Mill Committees. In Paterson also where only last week the members of the Associated Silk Workers voted down a motion to affiliate with the UTW on liberal terms, the textile workers are overwhelmingly in favor of the new union.

Connecticut will send delegates from New London, Shelton, Manchester, Ansonia and Bridgeport. Rhode Island will be represented by delegates from Providence, Pawtucket, Pawtuxet Valley, Woonsocket, Nantic, Artic, Central Falls and Valley Falls. From New York state there will be delegates from Utica, Buffalo, New York City and Astoria, L. I. Delegates will also come from Nashua, Manchester and Concord, N. H., from Baltimore, Md., and probably also from some of the southern states.

Noted Soviet Scientist Speaks at N. Y. Meet

(By United Press)

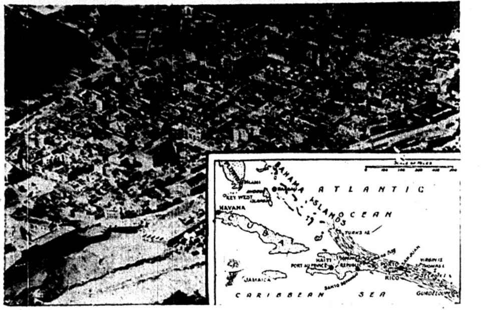
Two hundred archaeologists and anthropologists, representing 25 foreign countries, met yesterday in a general discussion of the depopulating of the two Americas and the probable source of that population.

Chief among today's disclosures was that of Dr. Ales Hrdlicka of the U. S. National Museum, who said his study of the races of Alaska convinced him that the races of Asia had populated that country and had lived practically without land connection for many years.

Another who took a prominent part in the discussion of the parallelization of the races of Siberia and North America was W. G. Bogoras, of the Academy of Sciences, Leningrad, Russia. Bogoras drew a marked similarity in the religious practices of the two peoples.

Who wins when you read your boss' paper!

Where Hundreds Perished In Tropical Hurricane



San Juan, Porto Rico, which was struck by the worst storm in history. The hurricane after sweeping thru the West Indies struck the East Coast of Florida with terrific force. Map (inset) shows path of the hurricane.

MINERS' RELIEF STANDING FIRM

Police Fail to Stop Its Activities

Continued from Page One

yond his authority in his attempt to secure information about the activities of our organization. If Mr. Craighead has any information or evidence to the effect that the National Miners' Relief Committee is not acting within legal requirements, then he could easily secure an indictment against the committee.

Fear New Union.

"Mr. Craighead has nothing in hand to base his action upon excepting the complaint made by officials of the United Mine Workers of America, with which organization we differ greatly in regard to labor policies. The United Mine Workers of America desires to disrupt our activities because we sympathize with the progressive miners who are opposed to the officials of the United Mine Workers of America. These progressive miners are now building a new union and Mr. Lewis, the President of the United Mine Workers of America hopes that by this action of the Post Office Department it will become impossible for us to give further relief to the progressive miners and thereby they will again be whipped into support of the Lewis, Murray, Fagan machine.

Praised By Coal Diggers.

"The activities of the National Miners' Relief Committee have been open and above board for the 13 months of its existence, and in full view of all those interested in the miners cause. No charge or complaint of any kind has ever been made by any contributor to the funds of this committee. The financial report issued up to June 1st shows that 82 per cent of the funds collected were spent for relief. The tens of thousands of miners and their families that have been given relief by us, as well as the several hundred contributing committees all speak in high praise of our accomplishments.

Work Will Go On.

"We do not intend to allow ourselves to be intimidated by Post Office Inspector Craighead acting upon the complaint of John L. Lewis. John L. Lewis may be able to put the post office department to his use, but we do not intend to allow John L. Lewis to disrupt our work by use of the post office department. We shall not allow post office inspector Craighead to step into our office for the purpose of securing information for John L. Lewis."

ENGLISH TORY SPLIT LOOMING

LONDON, Sept. 18.—As the conservative party conference at Yarmouth scheduled for September 27 draws near, there is much talk of a split in the ranks of the conservative party due to the protective tariff issue and the general economic depression in England, and the possibility of a laborite-liberal coalition winning power.

Premier Baldwin, who is returning to London this week, will attempt to induce Lord Birkenhead, who has threatened resignation, to remain in the cabinet and will do all in his power to avert a split threatened by Joynson-Hicks and his followers.

There are many rumors of a change in the cabinet even before the party conference, which, it is believed, will replace the anti-protectionists with those favoring the strong protective policy of Baldwin.

MADRID, Sept. 18 (UP).—The foreign office officially denied today a rumor that Premier Primo de Rivera had been shot while on a visit to Barcelona.

"MOTHER" BLOOR SEES VICTORY FOR MINERS

Continued from Page One

became one of the leaders of the revolt, began a graphic picture of preparations for the convention and ending with the vicious attack on the meeting by the army of Lewis thugs, in co-operation with the Pittsburgh police.

"Previous to the convention," Mother Bloor declared, "some of the miners may still have clung to the hope of being able to accomplish something by working within the old United Mine Workers' organization. If this notion still existed previous to the vicious attack on the miners last week, it has been completely dispelled.

"The attack upon us had just the reverse effect that the Lewis thugs and the police intended. The miners have been drawn together by the event. You can't beat the coal diggers through terror. You can't beat them at all!" Mother Bloor declared with that characteristic clenching of the fist and compression of her firm lips which have become known wherever the struggle of the workers is most bitter.

Optimistic as to Future.

Mother Bloor was unusually enthusiastic over the accomplishments of the convention. "It marks the beginning of a new era for my brothers, the heroic coal diggers," she said. "Of course, we have a bitter struggle ahead of us, but we are on the march and you can't stop the march of the miners onward."

Asked to comment on the news that over two thousand Illinois miners had walked out on strike against the Lewis-Fishwick wage cut, she replied quickly: "That is just what I expected and have been predicting. The miners will fight the wage cuts and will defeat both the operators and Lewis."

Mother Bloor lead a delegation of 23 Indiana miners to the convention. They traveled in old broken down Ford cars and slept out of doors. The journey lasted nearly three days. Three of their cars broke down and at times it appeared as if the delegation would never arrive.

"But a miner is never licked till the last moment," she said, "and then he wins!"

She also attended the funeral of George Moran, Bentleyville militant, who was shot down by Louis Carboni, a Lewis thug, because Moran had joined with the rank and file forces.

"Standing over the grave of the heroic coal digger who had given his life for all of us, in the presence of hundreds of coal diggers, some of whom had walked many miles to attend the funeral, I could see and feel the meaning and power of the great miners' struggle, a movement which nothing can hold back."

Mother Bloor paid particular tribute to the courage and spirit of Moran's widow, who many times repeated the words over her slain husband's grave. "Brave soldier," "brave soldier." It is such courage and sacrifice as this which will win for the coal diggers and for the American working class," Mother Bloor said.

Before leaving the Daily Worker office she laid special emphasis on the need of supporting the National Miners Relief Committee, without whose help the work of relief could not be carried out.

Kidnapers Hold Boy

CHICAGO, Sept. 18 (UP).—Two more letters were received today by A. Frank Ranieri, whose ten-year-old son, Billy, has been in the hands of kidnapers for several days. Both letters renewed threats of death for the boy unless demands of the kidnapers for $15,000 are met. Police meanwhile captured three new suspects who picked up a decoy package containing the money for the boy's return. Their names were not revealed.

DIRIGIBLE STARTS

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, Germany, Sept. 18 (UP).—The trans-Atlantic passenger dirigible, Count Zeppelin, started on its first trial flight at 3:35 p. m. today.

MASS PICKETING IN NEW BEDFORD

Paige Mill Attempt to Open Is Resisted

Continued from Page One

from creating the first fissure in the ranks of the 28,000 strikers, solid for over 23 weeks.

Largers mass lines this morning and afternoon was the answer the Mill Committees' adherants gave yesterday to the police terror of arrests and persecutions of pickets.

Pinto Gets Ovation.

Auguste Gonsales Pinto, returning today from Maine, where he was sent by the union to recuperate from the effects of a beating in jail, administered by the police on his 14th arrest, went to the Paige picket line immediately after reporting to the union headquarters.

A tremendously enthusiastic ovation was accorded him by the strikers picketing there.

More than 1,000 strikers gather around the gates of the mill now, after it was learned that the mill owners had succeeded in obtaining 65 scabs. The bosses immediately answered this with a heavy increase in the police guard, who, it seems had received special instructions to be provocative and brutal. Police caution has yet prevented a more vicious assault than that in which a picket leader was yesterday thrown from his bicycle. The resentful attitude of the crowd of strikers halted any intentions of the police then to harm the striker. It is generally expected, among the striking workers, that the Paige Mill will be the center of the gathering storm.

1,000 in March.

Following the morning picketing of the Paige mill, the over 1,000 strikers rallied in marching formation and began a march to the Potomska Street strike hall. As soon as the line began to move about 50 police rushed it in an attempt to break it up. Despite the repetition of the police attempt to break up the line at a further point along the line of march, at Acushnet and Blackmer Sts., the workers succeeded in holding their lines intact till they got down to the hall. This they did by forming and reforming on the sidewalk opposite to the one on which the police dispersals took place.

It was clearly seen, however, that the mill barons are not yet ready to give the signal for mass arrests, because of a desire to show that things were quiet at the mill gates.

Ranks Stiffen.

Pinto, the oft-arrested strike leader, is again making his regular appearance on picket lines on his bicycle. Sergeant Velho, one of the most vicious labor haters here, left instructions to his subordinates at the Paige Mill to "break their heads if there's any more trouble here."

A visible stiffening of the strike ranks is observable as the workers show signs of rallying again in large masses, despite police restrictions of ten to a picket line.

MUSSOLINI LAWS, MORE STRINGENT, ASSURE "VOTES"

New Oppression for Workers Planned

ROME, Sept. 18.—The dictates presented to the Grand Council of the national fascist party by Mussolini include two laws, one making the grand council an integral part of the government machinery, the other laying down a new "charter" for labor. Both laws are designated to assure the "elections" for the chamber of deputies that are to take place March 24, 1929.

The new law of Mussolini charges the grand council with the duty of approving every "candidate" from each district, a complete list of which will be drawn up by the fascist party.

What the "charter" for labor will provide has not been revealed, but it cannot be more stringent than the one already in effect, which declares all strikes illegal, forbids the formation of other than fascist unions, and provides for wage cuts that cannot be protested against.

Mussolini also announced that the new fascist chamber will convene on April 21, the anniversary of the founding of Rome, which he will use as an occasion for grand festivities and to turn the eyes of the very much exploited population to the past.

* * *

ROME, Sept. 18.—The population of Italy pays higher taxes than the population in any other country was revealed by figures recently published.

Thirty-eight per cent of all earnings are turned over to the government in the form of taxes, direct and indirect. The English pay 27.3 per cent of their total earnings, the French 29.2 per cent. All occasions are utilized to extract taxes from the population, such as purchases in any store, restaurant bills include government stamps, as well as all posters, signs and every article of merchandise.

STORM SWEEPS NORTH; MANY DIE

Typhoid Epidemic in Porto Rico Town

Continued from Page One

the West Indies continues to mount and is estimated at about 1,000. Many Florida communities are still cut off and the death toll in the storm areas may exceed 100.

In Porto Rico natives are roaming the country begging for food and shelter. An epidemic of typhoid has broken out in Aguadilla, spreading terror among the entire population.

* * *

MIAMI, Fla., Sept. 18 (U.P.).—Five hundred persons are fleeing out of the Everglades today before the flood waters of Lake Okeechobee, which have inundated the lowlands of Central Florida.

Belleglade, Pahokee and Canalpoint, communities near the lake, were reported to be almost entirely covered with water. Residents of those towns are making their way toward West Palm Beach.

School Collapses.

At Boynton a school was reported to have collapsed, injuring twenty-five.

* * *

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Sept. 18 (U.P.).—Suffering was intense on this hurricane-swept island today.

The economic disaster that has robbed the island of her wealth and half of her homes was temporarily in the background while the people begged for food and shelter.

* * *

LONDON, Sept. 18 (U.P.).—The Colonial Office has received reports from Monseart of the leeward group of West Indies that twenty-five persons are dead and fifty injured as a result of the tropical hurricane.

1,300,000 Jobless in Great Britain

LONDON, Sept. 18 (UP).—Great Britain had 1,300,000 unemployed on Sept. 10, it was announced officially tonight.

Dictator of Peru to Assure Re-election by Big Suppression

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 18.—The bill providing imprisonment and confiscation of property of those guilty of activities against the state either at home or abroad, which has already passed the chamber of deputies, is now ready to be considered by the senate.

President Leguia of Peru has introduced this bill as an extraordinary measure against his opponents and to pave the way for his re-election in the approaching elections. The dictatorial nature of the present regime is further illustrated by the suppression of the independent labor movement.

Leguia and his followers have already begun the publication of a new newspaper, "El Civilista," which is devoted to the campaign for the president and to the attack of his opponents.

WATT TO SPEAK TOMORROW EVE.

Will Tell Story of the Convention

Continued from Page One

the National Miners' Union, will speak and tell of the plans made at the convention to organize the mass of unorganized miners.

Pledging the support and solidarity of the New York workers, will be several leaders of workers' struggles in other trades. Ben Gold, leader of the fight to build a new furriers' union, Hyman Koretz, one of the leaders of the movement which is building a new cloakmakers' union; Gladys Schechter, organizer of the Military Workers' Union; Harold Williams, secretary of the Negro Committee for Miners' Relief; and representatives of the Youth Conference for Miners' Relief and the Children's Relief Scout Groups will speak. Martin Abern, assistant national secretary of the International Labor Defense, will also have an important message for the workers of New York.

Final arrangements for the meeting were completed last night by the Executive Committee of the Shop Delegates' Conference for Miners' Relief. The meeting is being held under the auspices of the Shop Delegates' Conference and of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway.

Children's Day Will Be Feature at the Bazaar

Continued from Page One

proceeding at top speed. Another section of the Workers (Communist) Party to join the ranks of those that intend to have booths of their own is the Long Island Section. The members of this section are already busy collecting articles for a booth where unique Czecho-slovak art novelties will be sold. The members are also losing no time selling tickets and collecting names for the Red Honor Roll.

Sub-section 3-E is also determined to have a booth of its own. Furniture is the specialty selected by the members of this sub-section.

Other organizations are also busy working for the bazaar and workers everywhere are showing signs of that proletarian energy which promises to make the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar the greatest event of its kind ever held in this country.

SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES
Irritable Bladder Catarrh
Soon cleared up by genuine Santal Midy
Effective-Harmless
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REPORT SPANISH REVOLT GROWING; PREPARE TROOPS

De Rivera Shot at Barcelona, Rumored

HENDAYE, French-British Frontier, Sept. 18 (UP).—Reports of impending revolutionary trouble in Spain persisted today, despite the government's prompt action last week in arresting persons suspected of plotting an uprising.

Nothing was known definitely, although the garrisons in Madrid and other places were ordered to be in readiness while police investigated.

The government was uneasy about certain military elements, particularly artillery officers, whose movements were watched closely. Troops were kept in barracks. Army officers were ordered to wear their uniforms and side-arms constantly.

Some false rumors were circulated in other countries, but the United Press received reports from Spain that no overt acts had taken place.

In the village of Camas, between Seville and Huelva, civil guards found 180 dynamite cartridges in a wrecked automobile and arrested the occupants, Benito Gonzales and Jose Lopez Vaquez, a 17-year-old boy. Gonzales, a miner, admitted the cartridges were stolen from a mine at Cerro Andevalo, police said. He buried them in a field, it was added, and dug them up with the intention of carrying them to an anarchist band in Seville.

* * *

Rumor Dictator Shot.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—According to a report received here from Madrid, Premier de Rivera was shot during his stay at Barcelona, where a strong anti-government movement is reported to be in progress.

De Rivera had gone on a short visit to Barcelona and was to have returned shortly.

"Socialist" Bloc in Argentina Sides With Foreign Oil Interests

BUENOS AYRES, Argentina, Sept. 18.—The "socialist", radical and conservative coalition, siding with the foreign oil interests against the domestic oil firms, will attempt to oppose the nationalization bill by absenting themselves from the chamber of deputies thus causing the absence of a quorum.

President elect Irigoyen's party will press the bill and try to railroad it through the congress. The oil nationalization bill provides for the expropriation of all oil concessions to private and foreign firms. The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey has the largest American investment in Argentina.

SEATTLE LABOR HEARS FOSTER

1,200 Workers Attend Communist Meeting

Continued from Page One

of the Workers (Cmmunist) Party the splendid spirit of the workers who attended the meeting is a sure indication of a large Communist vote in the elections.

Hold Tacoma Meet.

At the Tacoma meeting, held at Eagles Hall, about 100 workers were present. The spirit, as in Seattle, was very enthusiastic.

Foster will soon begin speaking to the workers in the mining and lumber districts in the state.

* * *

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 18.—William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, spoke to a group of Roslyn miners at the Realto Hall yesterday. But reactionaries in the union, arriving with a group of their own, so disturbed the meeting, that it was moved to the Druids Hall.

Here Foster was again given a big ovation. A generous collection was taken up among the workers present.

Acceptance Speeches
Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

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Clothing Worker Tells How Amalgamated Officials Broke Up Strike, Allowed Cuts

MILITANT WAS DRIVEN FROM SHOP TO SHOP

Misleaders Run Union for Bosses' Benefit

(By a Worker Correspondent)

In my activities in the Amalgamated for the last five years (I have been a member of that organization since its birth) I have experienced personally certain deeds that deserve the attention of every member in that organization. It concerns not only the members of the Amalgamated, but members of other unions as well. For similar conditions exist in other unions, although I shall speak only of the Amalgamated because it is here that I have gathered the facts.

These facts are important because they involve the fundamental principle of the rank and file. It shows the gradual loss of these rights. It shows that the constitutions that guarantee these rights have become meaningless. They exist in name only. It shows how the power to direct the policies of the union has been almost entirely usurped by the officialdom. It shows how the officials betray and sell the workers. It shows how the machine is put to work to punish those who protest against such betrayals. It shows further how workers are punished for exposing those officials who betray and sell the workers.

Business Agent Aids Boss.

Chicago, 1924. At that time I worked for M. Lauther, a pants contractor. Lauther wanted some additional work on the pocket-section. The business agent, Morris Schaps, told the workers that they would make the additional work for the same price. "Because," said he, "the workers of Edelman's shop are making the same grade work for the same price." Through records of the two shops I convinced Schaps that Edelman paid more money for the same operation. Did he take back his order? He did not. Did he have other reasons for carrying out his order? If he did he never disclosed it to the workers.

Under the circumstances there was either to be a strike by the workers against agent or boss or do the additional work for the same price. The workers decided to strike. I was their leader. For a day and a half Schaps and his fellow officials used all kinds of dishonest methods to break the unity of the strikers, but failed. Finally the contractors' representative, Soviack, admitted that we were entitled to more money for the extra work. We then went back to work. The adjustment, however, due to the fact that the workers and officials were fighting one another, was actual robbery, because we received only about one-third of the price we were entitled to for the additional work.

Shortly after that the contractor wanted some more extra work done on the same operation. The same agent, after winning over several workers on the section, by promising them his influence to promote their standing in the political machine of the union, as well as more lucrative jobs in the shop, said at first that he would fight for more money for the new work. However, when he realized that he had brought about disunity among the workers by having the few henchmen work for him, declined to obtain an adjustment on the new work.

Disregard Award.

I then took the case to the Trade Board, at which a hearing was granted by the chairman, Dr. Mullenbach. Dr. Mullenbach decided against the contractor and for the workers' claim, on the ground that extra work means more money, regardless of conditions existing in other shops who make the same grade of work.

However, it took about eight months before the Trade Board's decision was carried out. For eight months Schaps sought to disregard that decision. For eight months he delayed making the adjustment, in the hope that he would find a way that would justify his disregarding the board's decision. And he almost succeeded when I was absent from the city for awhile. I was informed of his attempt to disregard the decision and I immediately returned. The board's order was then carried out, but he succeeded, on technical grounds, in removing me from the shop.

I then registered a complaint with the manager of the union, Sam Levine. At that time I did not know that Levine co-operated with the agents in the granting of concessions to bosses. Of course it was a mere joke to bring complaints to the manager under these circumstances. However, since I had no intention of prosecuting Schaps at that time, I was satisfied with having the case on record, believing, at the same time, that this would be a lesson for him not to do the same thing in the future. This, however, was a mistake.

Allows Reductions.

The work of the agent, Schaps, in allowing reductions in wages has been done in other shops as well. Apparently he has done that on a large scale. This is evident from the fact that a large number of votes were cast against him and a small number of votes for him in this period. In fact, the organization, as cause I fought him and because I registered the complaint against him. However, Spitzer, being a close friend of Schaps, was determined to avenge not only his friend and the rest of the officials, but also himself. Spitzer acted as toast- the insurance. The board had decided that I was entitled to the claim, despite all the efforts to the contrary by the officials. Morris Spitzer, business agent of the local, then told the board that he wanted to investigate my claim. Though there was nothing to be investigated, as usual he was granted, or rather took, the privilege himself with a purpose in mind that will soon be seen. Let us remember now that he made this request after the board had invested my claim and found that I was duly entitled to the claim, as I originally received it, but later deprived of same as an act of vengeance by Schaps be- to utilize their influence since then to take me off the job and get rid of me.

Having failed to punish me in this way they found other effective weapons. They punished me through the unemployment insurance, as others have been by the same method. Here the dirty work is being done by Dr. B. Squires, the supposed impartial chairman, who, in a public speech, spoke of Sam Levine as being an angel, a god. . . . Well, we can't blame Squires for characterizing Sam Levine as being an angel or a god. Dr. Squires could not hold the $10,000 per year job unless he did some dirty work for the officialdom. He can hold this job only as long as he is willing to be their tool, since he is selected by them and not by the membership. Dr. Leo Wolman, of the Amalgamated Research Department, is doing similar work for the officialdom.

When I was deprived of my insurance I went to the executive board of my local with a claim for me in the struggle for justice. He allowed several reductions on the pocket section. He got away with that because I was no longer there to lead and fight for them.

Driven From Shop to Shop.

As for myself, I was blacklisted. I was discharged from one shop after another for no reason at all. Had it not been for a certain incident that enabled me to obtain a job without the officials' knowledge, which would have enabled them to inform the boss, as he did before, of the dangerous character he had in his shop. I would have been compelled to leave the city as well as the trade. But they have not failed a whole, and Manager Levine in particular. found it necessary to remove Schaps from Chicago as a result of his unpopularity, as indicated by the large number of votes registered against him at that time. So they took him away from Chicago. They gave him a job in Cincinnati, where he still is.

Was Schaps punished in any way because he betrayed and apparently sold the workers in Chicago prior to his removal from that city? He was not. The job they gave him in Cincinnati is not only as good as the one he had in Chicago, but much better.

Before Schaps was removed from Chicago he had determined to punish me for having exposed him before the manager of the union. He punished the rest of the workers in Lauter's shop who have been with master at a banquet for Schaps before the latter's departure for Cincinnati, and, at which banquet Schaps was presented with a radio and testimonials by Spitzer, presumably for the great work the former had done in behalf of the workers . . . he had decided to be my judge. . . .

Keep Case From Local.

Spitzer was ready to give me justice. The board's decision then did not mean anything. Spitzer was going to take care of everything. Board decisions do not mean a thing to Spitzer. However, while he could easily do anything with the board, he was not quite so sure with the local. And he was particularly unwilling to have the local know why the officials are persecuting me. So my case was delayed from reaching the local meeting for six months. Then a report of one sentence was read. The report was just the opposite of the board's decision. No one spoke on the question, either for or against. The man who was responsible for the report was not present at that meeting. There could be no decision. Everything was fixed. The officials giggled.

Shortly after this I was fortunate in securing official statements which proved not only that I was entitled to my insurance, but also proved a conspiracy to punish me by depriving me of it. The conspirators, included Dr. Squires, Prof. John R. Commons, who played a minor, but not innocent, part, and the officials, particularly Levine and Schaps.

Fearing that the members of the local would learn of the conspiracy, they stopped having local meetings. Until a short time ago Local 144 did not have a regular local meeting for about ten uonths, although the constitution of the Amalgamated states very clearly that locals must have at least one meeting each month.

Unusual Meeting.

Finally there was a regular meeting. But this meeting was an unusual one. Instead of reading the minutes on the various questions that I took up with the executive board, particularly the question relating to the conspiracy, and my challenge and offer of one thousand dollars to anyone who disproved the existence of such a conspiracy, to confuse and avoid the issue, they decided to suspend me from the local for not buying a ticket to the local's picnic. . . . When Brother Nathan Green and others reminded the chair that members cannot be suspended for refusing to buy such tickets because it would be depriving individuals of their freedom to choose their entertainments as well as other liberties that come under the category of personal freedom and individual liberty, as guaranteed by the constitution—a freedom that is enjoyed even under monarchs and dictators. Agent Spitzer ordered the chairman not to allow a discussion on constitutional rights. When Brother Nathan Green reminded the local that it is a violation of the constitution not to have regular meetings each month, the chairman again obeyed Spitzer by avoiding the issue.

I saw the same thing happen again and again at board meetings. The chairman of the board, who is supposed to be impartial and who is also supposed to use his own initiative in directing matters for consideration before the board, is doing everything the agents want him to do.

LOUIS KIRSCHENBAUM.

Wall Street Appropriate Place for "Constitution Week" Ceremony

Alexander Hamilton, reactionary who favored the establishment of a monarchy after the Revolutionary War, lies buried in the Trinity Churchyard, Broadway and Wall Street. It was here, appropriately enough, that the Young Republican Club conducted "Constitution Week" ceremonies by laying a wreath on Hamilton's grave.

CLERICAL BAND RAZES VILLAGE

Federal Troops in Pursuit

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 18 (UP).—Dispatches from Queretaro said today that 50 rebels entered the town of Toliman during the absence of the garrison, and burned the post-office and other buildings. They shouted "Vivo Cristo Rey" (Long live Christ the king.)

Federal troops from Queretaro set out in pursuit.

• • •

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 18.—Full support of the policy of President Calles in regards to the religious question was pledged by Emilo Portes Gil, minister of the interior, and supported by a large bloc in the congress as provisional president to succeed Calles.

CHINA SEAMEN REBUILD UNION

By LOH-TAN-HSIEN.

The fact that the workers of South China are fast recovering from the heavy blows dealt them during the reaction of the past year is evidenced from many reports of renewed activity. Notable among these is the conference held in Hongkong for the revival of the Seamen's Union. It will be recalled that the members of this union in 1922 waged a world famous strike for many months, eventually winning a brilliant victory, securing substantial wage increases and improved working conditions. This victory had an enormous influence in stimulating the labor movement of the entire country and until the forcible dissolution of the union last year by the combined efforts of the big shipping companies aided by both the imperialists and the reactionary Chinese authorities it was looked upon as one of the most militant and effectively organized of all Chinese trade unions.

Work Under Great Difficulties.

Organization of the seamen after the breakup of their union has been very difficult. Company spies, government detectives representing the governments of the corporations concerned and the anti-labor Chinese authorities as well; the fear of the workers lest they be summarily seized for participating in a labor organization, and difficulties of dialects,—between natives of Kuantung and Fukien Provinces, for instance,—all these had to be overcome. Nevertheless good progress had been made already, delegates reporting the organization of 51 branch unions during the months of April, May and June.

Of these 30 were formed on the steamers and 21 in the dormitories which house the men on their arrival at Hongkong or in between voyages. It is estimated that this furnishes the nucleus of an organization on almost one-half of the big ships which stop regularly at this port. Despite the still incomplete organization there have been struggles during each of these months, principally over the matter of the arbitrary discharge of workers.

Organizers Work In Disguise.

Organization work has naturally been easiest among those shipping lines whose seamen are recruited from participants in the great strike of 1922. A difficulty encountered here, however, was the attitude of a good many that they were "superior" to the ordinary run of seamen just because of their part in that struggle. In many cases organizers could not directly broach union matters, but had to disguise themselves as peddlers, thus drawing out the sentiment of the men approached.

Another difficulty springs from the oppressive tactics of the Kuomintang "Reorganization Committee," which aims to tie the seamen to the reactionary militarists. The savage repression exercised by this committee has brought about a state of mind among the common seamen which is only gradually being overcome. Contributing towards arousing a new militancy are the successive wage reductions forced on the workers. Just recently their pay has been again cut, this time by ten per cent.

Basis For Strong Movement.

Not only are the militant seamen interested in the rebuilding of their own organization, but they realize clearly the need of the powerful all-inclusive alliance of the workers of all trades and industries. They therefore took the initiative in calling a conference of representatives of all the Hongkong workers in order to lay the foundation for a strong labor movement in that city. Literature was issued and circulated in the working class quarters with such slogans: "All Hongkong Workers Should Unite!" "The Seamen Have Rebuilt Their Trade Union!" "Now Let the Other Workers of Hongkong Rebuild Theirs!" etc., and calling for organized struggle against the cutting of wages, lengthening of work hours and unemployment. National issues, such as the Anti-Japanese boycott, and international, such as the war against war.—these have also the attention of the organization, the effort being to develop a thoroughly militant union alive to all the issues which effect the workers and to furnish them on effective leadership.

Besides Hongkong the reports of Swatow and Singapore are centers for organization activity. Two seamen sent to Swatow last February for this purpose were arrested and executed upon their arrival by the Kuomintang authorities. Two more sent later met a similar fate. In Singapore the situation is a little better, for the union maintains a semi-legal status. There are two branch unions, with twenty more steamers on which units are functioning. At a recent conference an executive committee of thirteen was elected, five of whom are to reside there to supervise the work. It was also decided to publish a paper to be entitled "The Singapore Seamen."

Well Organized Body.

The Seamen's Union (Hongkong) is governed by an executive committee of seventeen, with nine alternates. The Standing Committee numbers nine, of whom seven are required to be constantly in the city. Under this Standing Committee there are five sub-committees: secretarial, organizational, agitation and propaganda, investigation, and financial. Each sub-committee chairman must be a member of the Standing Committee.

There is a special apparatus for establishing and maintaining connections with the workers. Various other institutions, such as workers' clubs, classes, etc., have been established also. It should be remembered in connection with this work that in Hongkong, as in other British controlled territories in China, the organization of labor unions is strictly forbidden under severe penalties, while such activity in Chinese controlled territory as in Swatow is enough to ensure a summary execution. It is under conditions such as these that the Chinese workers are forging the tools for their ultimate victory.

WORKERS MUST UNIONIZE IN THE DE LAVAL CO.

Beginning to Think About Conditions

(By a Worker Correspondent)

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., (By Mail).—Since we in the De Laval Separator Co. began to think about our conditions, the management of the factory has done everything to twist the issue.

At first it advertised in the factory that we ought to go and hear the faker O'Brien and for over a week he was standing on the corner telling us what a good constitution and government we have and how "prosperous" we are, in spite of the fact that our wives and children have to work in the factory because we cannot make a living on forty cents an hour

Want Cheap Hands.

Now Mr. Miller, our manager, comes out in the press saying that the trouble is that we haven't enough skilled tool-makers and that the city should teach the children a skilled trade. Then the Separator Company will have cheaper skilled hands.

Why don't you, Mr. Miller, mention the wages that skilled tool-makers are making in your factory? And how many tool-makers do you need? We will supply you with a couple of thousand in one day.

And how many first class mechanics, carpenters, masons, bricklayers, plasterers and painters have been walking the streets in the last ten months? No, Mr. Miller, it is not a question of the constitution or other fake issues that have nothing to do with the case. Our only salvation is a strong union, not only in the De Laval, but in all Poughkeepsie factories. And we want a union whose leaders will not sell us out to the bosses, a real one, made by us and for ourselves.

—S. U.

RED ELECTION DRIVE SPEEDED IN TRENTON

Workers Respond to Campaign

(By a Worker Correspondent)

TRENTON, N. J., (By Mail).—The Workers Party 1928 election campaign has opened with great enthusiasm and success in Trenton. With the formation of a campaign committee, plans and details were mapped out for the future activities which will make our Party a factor to reckon with in this city.

Many Negroes At Meet.

Altho activities were opened as early as February, the campaign was really initiated at an open air meeting at which Herbert Benjamin spoke. The meeting was a marked success, not only from the point of view of attendance, but from the amount of literature sold, especially among the Negro workers. Such meetings are being held regularly in every section of the city and as the election draws nearer will be increased in number.

The workers of Trenton are at the present time suffering from Coolidge "prosperity," a "prosperity" which to the bosses means greater production and enormous profits but to the workers means low wages, unemployment and a body-grinding speed-up system.

Traction Crisis.

The unemployment of last winter has decreased very little and many are still out of work. A number of rubber mills have shut down permanently and at those factories where production increased due to the speed-up very few workers were re-employed. The working conditions are bad in general.

A crisis is developing among the traction workers, not only against the corporation itself, but also against the officials of the union who, thru cooperation with the traction officials, are daily betraying the workers.

A spontaneous strike is imminent among the workers at the Scammell China Co.

Important tasks confront our Party here in the near future.

—WOR-COR.

DEVIL'S ISLAND.

PARIS, Sept. 18 (U.P.). — Mutiny broke out today in the prison of San Martin, on the island of Re off La Rochelle.

Custodians cornered the leaders in their cells and put down the insurrection.

Among those who rebelled were prisoners awaiting transfer to Devil's island, the dreaded French penal colony in Guiana.

CYCLONE IN MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 18 (U.P.).—Dispatches from Vera Cruz reported today that a severe cyclone was approaching that city. The harbor was ordered closed. The barometer was falling rapidly. It rained all day yesterday.

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"The Great Power" at the Ritz Is Pretty Weak Tea

MYRON C. FAGAN, a man of many plays, is still glued to the gospel that without good works a man's wealth will avail him nothing when he takes flight on golden wings to the celestial region where a Christian is supposed to be held to a strict accountability for his worldly indiscretions.

Mr. Fagan worked his theory into a piece titled "The Great Power," which is now holding forth at the Ritz Theatre, with John T. Doyle doing his best and doing it well to make John Powers, the money mogul, so wicked that it would take a god with a heart as soft as a cream puff to resist the temptation to let him off with anything less than a couple of million years in purgatory.

Mr. Power was as hard as hickory on every man, woman or child that stood between him and whatever goal he aimed at. His ruthlessness sent his wife to an early grave and brought on a feud with a Mr. Wray, his first business partner. Not content with dancing over Wray's grave, Power made war on Wray's descendants. Wray's daughter adopts heroic measures to save her brother from the wrath of the ogre Powers, and went to the extreme of leading Power's adopted son to expect favors that no nice girl would confer on a young man without legal sanction, in order to possess certain incriminating documents.

But darn it if she did not fall in love with the fellow, and shoot her former sweetheart, thus bringing on further complications which called for district attorneys, and questionings and surprises, at the end of which Powers was knocked out as flat as Mike McTigue. Whereupon Mr. Fagan sends his chief character into a trance during which he sees the angels. After his bout with god, Powers becomes a better if not a bigger man, love has its inning and the curtain comes down.

Just another play. —T. J. O'F.

TWO SHOWINGS OF "IN ABRAHAM'S BOSOM"

The cast of "In Abraham's Bosom" includes Alston Burleigh, Thomas Mosely, Lillian Gillum, Mitchell Bliss and Harry Harr . The play will have two showings at the Provincetown Playhouse on Saturday and Sunday, September 22 and 23, before it leaves for Schenectady for a road tour. Cincinnati, Detroit, St. Louis and Kansas City are also on the itinerary.

AMUSEMENTS

HUDSON West 44 St. Eves. at 8.30 Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2.30
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Mats. Wed. and Sat.
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CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

SHUBERT Thea. 44, W. of B'way. Ev. 8.30; Mats. Wed., Sat. 2.30
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Comrades:

Send me a package of one hundred Communist Campaign leaflets. It is understood that there is no obligation on my part except to distribute these leaflets.

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Fascists Failed to Break Up Red Meets in Astoria; Turn to Bay Ridge

TAMMANY MEN FAIL; DETERRED BY WORKERS

Meeting Scheduled for Friday

The Tammany fascists parading under the emblem of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, after turning tail from Astoria, where the Workers (Communist) Party now holds large weekly election meetings, are concentrating their attacks in the Bay Ridge section of Brooklyn, where they are attempting the same strong arm methods to break up Communist open air meetings.

At the corner of 50th St. and 5th Ave., in Brooklyn, the fascists drove up in a large truck marked "V. F. W." as the Communist meeting was being adjourned by Mania Reiss, and attempted to break up the meeting prematurely. Despite their attempts the meeting had a normal finish. Mania Reiss, seeing the crowd of veterans advancing upon the platform, told of the intrepidity of 30 Astoria fascists in beating up four Workers Party speakers.

A worker standing in back of the Communist platform overheard the patrioteers plotting a rush on the platform, and when one of their number commented on the size and evident sympathy of the crowd of workers with the speakers, another one said, "Well, aren't we getting paid for it?"

The Tammany affiliation of the Veterans of Foreign Wars was evidenced by their shouting for Al Smith, the candidate of Tammany.

That the fascists, after being whipped by the Communists in Astoria, are trying their luck in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, is seen by the Communist election campaigners as evidence of their determination to try to break up Bay Ridge Communist meetings in the future. Just as, after the Astoria meeting at which the Communist speakers were beaten up large crowds of workers mobilized to resist further fascist attacks, so will the workers mobilize in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn next Friday evening. Many workers whose anger was aroused over the Astoria affair and who participated in the huge meeting there, will travel to Bay Ridge on Friday. The meeting is scheduled to open at 8 o'clock.

'DAILY' TO START DRIVE IN JERSEY

The Election Campaign Drive of the Daily Worker for 10000 new readers will be carried into the state of New Jersey on an extensive scale today, when Louis Siselman, who recently returned from a tour of the middle west for the "Daily," will begin work in New Jersey.

He will go on an extensive itinerary throughout the state for a period of two weeks, visiting such cities as Newark, Bayonne, Cliffside, Elizabeth, Jersey City, Linden, New Brunswick, Passaic, Patterson, Perth Amboy, Freehold, Atlantic City, Plainfield and several others.

The members of the Workers (Communist) Party and sympathizers in the cities which Siselman will visit, have been urged to give Siselman their best cooperation in his campaign to get new readers for the Daily Worker.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 31 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

* * *

3E 2F.

A meeting will be held of Unit 3E 2F today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Executive Subsection 3E.

The Subsection Executive Committee will hold a meeting tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Section 8.

Section 8 meets today at 154 Watkins St. at 8:30 p. m.

* * *

E. C. of Subsection 3C.

A meeting of the enlarged executive committee of Subsection 3C will take place today at 6:30 p. m., at 101 West 27th Street. All members of the committee and functionaries must be present.

* * *

Night Workers.

The Night Workers section meets today at 3 p. m. at 26 Union Square, 6th floor.

* * *

Unit 5F 3B.

Unit 5F 3B meets Thursday instead of Wednesday this week at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Morning International Branch.

The comrades of the M. I. Branch are notified that a very important meeting of our unit will take place tomorrow at 10 a. m. sharp at 26 Union Square. A roll call will be taken and the names of the absent comrades will be turned over to the Discipline Committee. Full attendance is expected.—Secretary.

* * *

6F 2B.

A meeting of Unit 6F 2B will be held tomorrow at 101 West 27th St. Election of functionaries to be taken up.

* * *

Unit 8F, Subsection 3D.

The next unit meeting will be an educational talk on our Party Platform. Comrade Sibulski will lead the discussion. The meeting will be held today at 101 West 27th St. and will begin at 6:15 sharp.

* * *

Williamsburgh Y. W. L.

The Williamsburgh section of the Y. W. C. L. will hold the following open air meetings this week:

Friday: At Grand St. Extension with the following speakers: A. Weinfeld, C. Steckloff, M. Hoffer and D. Davis.

Friday: At Hooper St. and So. 3rd St., Brooklyn, with the following speakers: H. Harris, S. Weiss, R. Gordon and M. Geltman.

There will be a meeting of the Williamsburgh unit of the Y. W. C. L. Thursday, Sept. 20 at 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn (corner Lorimer). All members must be present.

* * *

German Fraction Picnic.

A September picnic will be held Sunday the 23rd in "Edenwald" for the benefit of the organ "Der Arbeiter," the bi-monthly Communist paper issued by the fraction. Come and spend a late summer's day in the greens. Plenty to eat and drink. Third Ave. to 133rd St., then Boston Westchester R. R. to Dyer Ave., or subway to 180th Street, then B. W. R. R.

* * *

Organization Conference Section 1.

All unit and subsection organizers of Section 1 will please note that a special organization conference is called for tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

* * *

Executive Section 1.

A joint meeting of the section executive and campaign committees of Section 1 will be held today at 8 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place. A representative of the district campaign committee will be there.

* * *

Section 5 Executive.

Tomorrow there will be a joint meeting of the section executive committee of Section 5 to take up the question of Red Day for a signature drive, systematic distribution of campaign leaflets, arranging red rallies, indoor meeting and mass meetings, nd other important matters connected with the campaign.

* * *

New Jersey Notice.

Members of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League and Young Pioneers of New Jersey, are requested to report Thursday, Sept. 20, at the headquarters of the New Jersey Campaign Committee, 93 Mercer St., Newark, for important Party work. (Signed) John J. Ballam, Acting District Organizer.

* * *

District Agitprop Conference.

A conference of the district agitprop directors will be held Friday, Sept. 21, at 7 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, 5th floor. Many important matters will be taken up, and all unit agitprop directors must attend. The meeting will be adjourned at 8:30 to go to the district functionaries meeting.

* * *

District Speakers' Conference.

A district speakers' conference will be held Saturday at 2 p. m. at the Workers Center, 5th floor. Rebecca Grecht will lead a discussion on "Trade Union Questions and the Election Campaign." All open air speakers and agitprop directors must attend. Everyone is welcome.

* * *

Downtown Unit 2 Open Air.

An open air meeting will be held tomorrow at 50th St. and First Ave., under the auspices of the Downtown Unit 2. The speakers will be Jansky, Rosen, Duke, Richman and Harris.

* * *

Williamsburg Red Week.

The Red Week Drive in Williamsburg will gain momentum this week when workers will gather at 46 Ten Eyck St. to go out collecting signatures. A special mobilization will be held Sunday among the members of Sections 2 and 3.

* * *

Unit 4F, Section 1.

Unit 4F, Section 1 will meet today, 6:30 p. m., at 60 St. Marks Place. All members must attend.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

YANKS GAIN FULL GAME ON ATHLETICS

The New York Yankees took the St. Louis Browns into camp yesterday in a slugging bee, 14-11. While the Athletics took a beating from the Cleveland Indians, 3—2, the Yanks gained a full game and are now leading by two games. Pat Collins, Yankee catcher, hit his first homer in a blue moon.

It took Heimach, Johnson, Pipgras and Hoyt, nearly the entire Yankee pitching staff, to keep the Browns from winning. Wiltse started for St. Louis and Blaeholder and Stoelecki succeeded him in the box.

Walberg and Rommel allowed Cleveland only five hits, but the Athletics still couldn't make it. Miller and Hudlin pitched for Cleveland. Tucker hit a homer for the Indians.

* * *

The Giants beat Pittsburgh in the tenth inning of a tough battle, but the Cards also won from the Phillies, so the Giants failed to gain in the race. Grimes and Dawson pitched for Pittsburgh; Fred Fitzimmons for the Giants. Terry's homer in the tenth settled the issue for the Giants.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

American League

New York, 14; St. Louis, 11.
Cleveland, 3; Philadelphia, 2.
Detroit, 8; Washington, 5.
No other games scheduled.

National League.

New York, 3; Pittsburgh, 2.
St. Louis, 4; Philadelphia, 2.
Cincinnati, 5; Brooklyn, 2.
Chicago, 8, Boston, 3.

UNIT 4F, 2B MEETS TODAY.

An industrial meeting of Unit 4F Sub 2B, will be held today at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All members are urged to attend. The meeting was originally scheduled to take place on Tuesday.

CALL RALLY FOR JERSEY WORKERS

Weisbord, Others Speak on New Mill Union

PASSAIC, N. J., Sept. 18.—Passaic textile workers, members of the Passaic local unions of the United Textile Workers that have broken away from that decayed A. F. of L. organization, are called to a mass meeting Friday evening, Sept. 21, at 8 o'clock in the Ukrainian Hall, President Street.

Albert Weisbord, leader of the Passaic strike of 1926 and the present heads of the Passaic local unions will speak to the workers about the National Convention of Textile Mill Committees to be held the next day in New York for the formation of a new national textile workers' union.

Lena Chernenko and George Roscoe, active as leaders in the big Passaic strike, will also speak at the meeting. Sentiment among the workers in this city for the growing movement to build a new textile union, justifies the belief that the meeting will be one of the largest held in a long time.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold it's annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Banquet at Brighton Beach.

Saturday, Oct 13, at 8:30 p. m., a Chinese supper and an interesting concert will be given by the Workers' Club, Brighton Beach.

* * *

Parents' Association.

Parents Association of P. S. 32, Bronx, will hold an open air meeting tomorrow at 8 p. m. at Cruger and Allerton Aves. Speakers: Ray Ragozin, Lillian Rogers, Harriet Silverman.

* * *

Young Needle Trades Workers.

A mass meeting of all young needle trade workers will take place on tomorrow night after work at the Labor Temple. The working youth conference will be discussed.

PARIS, Sept. 17.—It is understood that the French Navy Budget for 1929 will call for the construction of one cruiser, six torpedo boats, seven submarines, and two dispatch boats.

Besides this increase in the French navy, plans have been made for the construction of a large chain of forts along the eastern frontier, in addition to a large increase in the size and equipment of the army.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of The DAILY WORKER.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations!

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President

BENJAMIN GITLOW

☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Mencken and Smith Grovel Before the Same God

The newest adherents of Wall Street's democratic party circus are those super-sophisticates of the American Mercury, H. L. Mencken and George Jean Nathan. The Mercury editors have achieved eminence and affluence as satirists of the American babbitry. Their chief customers, however, are the smart-alecky sons and daughters of those whom they hold up to scorn. Proclaiming themselves relentless enemies of mediocrities who strut upon the political stage, they have come forth as supporters of the man in the brown derby, the most palpable fraud in political life, the very personification of all the gutter-snipe, ward-heelers of the **lumpen** proletariat. The choice of the Menckens, the Nathans, as well as the Heywood Brouns and all the other limpid liberals is the big chief of the sewer grafters, the building inspection shake-down artists, the license swindlers, the corrupt police, the denizens of the "roaring forties," the confidence men, the professional ball players, the race track touts, proprietors of gambling joints, the pickpockets, the second-story men, the comedians, the bootleggers, the gangsters, the soft-shoe and buck-and-wing dancers, the leaders of jazz bands, the ladies of the evening and their business agents.

As the candidate of the democratic party controlled by the House of Morgan, Al Smith, is the connecting link between the parasitic lowest strata and the parasitic upper strata of American society—the figure-head of a combination that is the class enemy of the useful members of society, the workers and farmers.

This man Smith, with his brown derby in one hand, a cane in the other and an elongated cigar tilted at an angle of thirty degrees, presents a picture that ought to furnish a lively topic for the satirists. But what do the editors of the Mercury say about this low buffoon, this court jester of Wall Street? Mr. Nathan states briefly: "My choice is Smith. At least he is no shuffler and no hypocrite."

Let us examine the fate of the main Smith plank of last year. It was the question of prohibition. Smith was the most audible wet in the whole country. Yet, in his campaign, he is careful to avoid anything that might be interpreted as unwillingness on his part to enforce the Volstead Act. In fact, as far as the main plank of his pre-nomination platform is concerned, his campaign has completely collapsed. Perhaps Mr. Nathan may be able to find another name for this sort of evasiveness, but to us it appears as shuffling and hypocrisy of the most transparent type.

Mr. Mencken is more explicit. But his observations are as banal as those of any of the babbits, the dolts and yokels he scores in the "Americana" column of his Mercury. Says Mencken of Al Smith:

> "He is an able man and a very good public official. He has the sort of experience that the presidency needs, and he has the sort of courage and frankness that it needs even more."

After this eulogium, Mencken qualifies his support of the disciple of religious superstition:

> "The objection to Al on account of his faith seems to me to be sound. In every religious man there is a screw loose; he is not to be trusted completely. But we must take what we can get. Al as a catholic is plainly superior to the methodists and baptists who now run the country. The superstitions he cherishes at least have some dignity; they are not merely low-down. If we must choose between being governed by the pope, who is a scholar and a gentleman, and the methodist bishops, who are bounders and ignoramuses, I choose the pope."

A more trivial, inept attempt at political observation would be hard to find. It is identical with the political analysis of the ku klux klan, which claims that the election of Smith means the domination of the nation by the pope of Rome. The difference between the ku kluxers and Mencken is that the kluxers annihilate the straw-man they erect, while Mencken embraces it as the best that can be had out of a bad situation, one that forces the avowedly highly cultured, civilized and scholarly Mencken and his crowd to choose between catholic and protestant administrations.

If Mr. Mencken and his followers and admirers would devote even a small portion of their time to investigating politics they would discover that the real power that governs this country, whether the republicans or democrats are in control, has its seat in Wall Street, not in the vatican at Rome or in the house of a methodist bishop. And even though the ku klux klan, the popes and the bishops as well as the politicians and the Mercury editors claim to have divergent beliefs, in reality they all worship, under different names and forms, the same identical god, the one, universal diety that determines the destiny of them all—CAPITAL.

It is not the pope that will dominate the United States government, in case of the election of Smith, but the identical power that dominates the government of Andrew W. Mellon, Calvin Coolidge and Herbert Hoover—Wall Street, the citadel of the mightiest imperialism the world has ever seen. And this same power influences the pope and the other political puppets in the vatican with the same decisiveness with which it influences the protestants of the world, as well as the eminences of the American Mercury and the lame-duck columnists of the calibre of Heywood Broun. These gentlemen, who profess to be spokesmen of the "intelligent minority," (to resort to the euphemism with which they flatter their bourgeois prejudices) talk much about the achievements of science. Has it ever occurred to them that there is a science known as political economy? That there is a scientific analysis of politics as a reflex of the economic antagonisms of classes?

If these gentlemen ever heard of Marx, Engels, Lenin and other giants of the revolutionary movement, it was only in the most superficial form. With typical bourgeois flippency and intellectual snobbishness they amuse their masters by devising myths about the labor movement. If they publish a story about labor in their magazine it must be written in the form of the old fashioned yellow back novels containing the exploits of heroes of the wild and wooly west or follow the style of "Old King Brady detective stories," in order to hold the interest of the ladies and gentlemen and scholars who subscribe to the Mercury.

It would be a waste of time to try to convince such people of the scientific accuracy of the Communist criticism of capitalist society, or to talk to them of our program of revolutionary action that will initiate a society wherein ignorance and superstition will be eradicated because the very ground upon which they grow will be destroyed. Such an attempt would only evoke an outbrust of hilarity on their part.

The Menckens, the Nathans, the Brouns and their followers mock everything except the one god they all worship, the god of capitalism—gold. Before that god the pope and Smith, the methodist bishop and Hoover, Mencken and Billy Sunday all grovel in utter abasement as dogs crawl before the master that kicks them.

The New Mine Strike in Illinois.

The strike of 2,000 Illinois miners employed by the notorious Peabody Coal Company against the attempt of the operators and the Lewis-Fishwick machine to enforce a wage-cut emphasises the invincible militancy of the coal diggers. There was a time when the miners would have accepted the decisions of the Lewis machine, but the struggles of the past two years have completely unmasked them as agents of the employers.

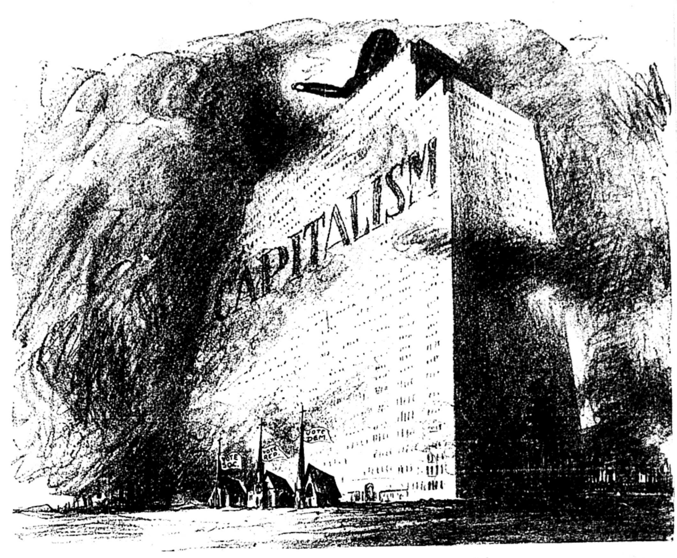
Not only did Lewis, Fishwick & Co. wreck the miners union by endeavoring to remain in control of it after they had been repudiated by a referendum vote of the membership, not only did they aid the employers defeat the miners in the strike in Pennsylvania and Ohio, but at this very moment they are trying to force the miners to accept agreements ratifying their betrayal.

The ex-labor faker and discredited stool-pigeon of the Peabody Coal Corporation, Frank Farrington, praises his successor as president of the Illinois miners, Harry Fishwick, and condemns the new National Miners' Union. It is indeed a tribute to the new union to incur the public denunciation of such a rat as Farrington.

It is to be hoped that the other miners who voted overwhelmingly against accepting the wage cut agreement will follow the example of the Peabody miners. It is not enough, however, to strike against such sell-outs. The Illinois miners should affiliate enmasse with the new National Miners' Union in order effectively to conduct a struggle against wage-cuts and for union conditions.

PIOUS WINDOW DRESSING FOR WALL STREET

By Fred Ellis



CAPITALISM
VOTE SOC.
VOTE REP.
VOTE DEM.

Told You So

THE DAILY WORKER staff does not get paid frequently which makes it extremely inadvisable for a generous person to visit the editorial rooms. It means a hold-up. But to make up in some degree for the monotonous irregularity of the cashier's [illegible] the management has provided the boys who provide you with snappy headlines and the low-down on things of interest to the proletarian home, with as good a view of Union Square as can be had from any vantage point in the United States.

T. J. O'Flaherty

• • •

BEING a "visiting fireman" who drops in occasionally to snap out a few paragraphs, I can enjoy the scenery with joy unalloyed by the thot that it is a substitute for a salary. This vista has one drawback however. It breeds wanderlust. This does not mean to imply that the Daily Worker journalists hanker for more luscious assignments but that a wide open space tempts one to see what is on the other side of it.

• • •

THIS train of thot is provoked as much by an attractive advertisement that lies before me as by the scenery, and the fact that my brain is somewhat fagged as a result of sitting up until 3 a. m. listening to a spirited and interesting dialectical discussion on the latest attempt to solve the mystery of why people live, at least some of them. The advertisement I speak of is from the office of World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Avenue, New York City. And it gives many reasons why a solvent proletarian should wish to wander.

• • •

WHERE I would like to go, if I had $375, is Soviet Russia. As most of you know the anniversary of the Russian Revolution is approaching and thousands of people from all over the world are flocking to the Red Capital of the Soviet Union to witness the celebration of this greatest event in world history. The Soviet Union is worth visiting any time of the year but to be able to take in an anniversary of the Revolution is compensation for a lifetime of misery.

Tom O'Flaherty

The Sixth Red World Congress

War Danger and Colonial Questions Among Those Taken Up at Communist Meet

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL

Two major features among others characterize the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International that met nearly two full months—July and August—in Moscow. These are:

First:—The unusual number of important questions placed on the agenda of the congress, all of them receiving careful and detailed attention, including the report on the international situation and the tasks of the Comintern by Comrade Bukharin, the program of the Communist International, the imperialist war danger, colonial question, the economic situation in the U. S. S. R. and the situation in the C. P. S. U.

Second:—Increasing representation from the colonial and semi-colonial countries and the vast American Negro population, with China, Indonesia, India and Latin America, as well as the Negro problem in the United States and Africa being continually in the center of the discussions in the congress.

Ten Years.

The Sixth Congress assembled after the triumphant celebration of the glorious tenth anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution, and on the eve of the tenth anniversary (March, 1929) of the Comintern itself.

In pointing out that the tasks of the world Communist movement have become extremely complicated, Comrade Bukharin said, in opening the congress, that:

"The decline of capitalism does not follow a straight road. It proceeds along zig-zag lines, through partial improvements of various parts of the capitalist system—through, what we call, partial capitalist stabilization. This created for the Communist movement new and great difficulties. It confronted the Communist International with new problems. It compelled the Communist International as a whole and its parties individually to think and elaborate very intricate tactics of preparation and mobilization of the forces of the working class. It compelled the Communist International to seek in every-day life, on the basis of the development of the contradictions of capitalist stabilization, the means of mobilization of the masses for a new battle, for a new, more sweeping and more destructive blow at capitalism."

Intricate Problems.

The entire discussion of the whole congress was bent toward solving these intricate problems; the task of this congress "of proletarian revolutionaries." Thus the gathering became a "serious review of the general staffs of the various detachments of the International Communist army."

Unanimous on all the vital questions that came before it, the congress also registered unanimity for the declaration that at present the principal danger in the Comintern comes from the right tendency. This danger is kept alive by the period of stabilization, the survival of parliamentarianism, the influence of social-democracy and certain specific peculiarities in trade union activities. This danger, assuming various forms in the different parties, manifested itself in the aspiration to legality at any price, by excessive submission to bourgeois laws, in ignoring the necessity for accentuating the class struggle, in wrong policies toward the social-democracy, insufficient accentuation of the struggle against the "left" social-democracy, in the inadequate internationalization of the parties as was the case in regard to the Chinese revolution, and in trade union activities where general trade union discipline is frequently considered more important than our Party discipline.

Score Trotskyism.

The greatest danger to the Comintern came, some time ago, from the so-called ultra-lefts. These endeavored to set up an international organization. The collapse came with the complete rout of the Opposition in the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. It was declared that Trotskyism is a social-democratic tendency. The history of the Lenin Bund has shown that the core of the opposition has migrated to the social-democrats. The dialectics of the relationships between the so-called "ultra-left" and the right could be distinctly seen. After the defeat of the Trotskyist opposition, which represented a bloc of the right and ultra-left, the chief danger is undoubtedly the right wing danger.

The congress showed itself fully aware that the imperialist war danger is growing from month to month. In this connection Comrade Bukharin, in his closing remarks on the tasks of the Comintern, criticized those comrades who "keep internal contradictions in one pocket and external contradictions in another," declaring that this was a reflection of an under-estimation of the war danger. From the objective point of view it is the reflection of the right wing dangers in the Communist International. The principal danger that threatens us is the under-estimation of the war danger. It was pointed out that the various parties do not link up the war danger with other questions in such a way as to subordinate all other tasks to the task of combatting approaching war.

Fight War Danger.

Thus the struggle against the imperialist war held the center of attention at the congress in the discussion, not only on the general report submitted by Comrade Tom Bell (Great Britain), but also on the supplementary reports of Comrades Schneller (Germany), Garlandi (Italy), Lovestone (United States), and Barbe (France).

The Eighth Plenum (May, 1927) of the Comintern, in the midst of the raid on Arcos in Great Britain, the assassination of Voikov in Poland, and the attacks on the Soviet embassies and consulates at Peking and Shanghai, had already thoroughly considered and acted on the war danger. The Sixth Congress, therefore, had behind it a year of struggle against the war danger, and the many valuable experiences resulting therefrom. The congress joined in the international demonstrations against war on the anniversary of the outbreak of the European slaughter, which ended now nearly ten years ago with the armed truce that still suspends the world on another volcano's brink.

Note Changes.

The Theses on the Struggle Against the Imperialist War points out that the changes in the world situation since the Fifth World Congress are characterized by a tremendous intensification of all the contradictions of capitalism, by the great economic and political strengthening of the Soviet Union, by the rapid growth of the national revolutionary movements in the colonies and semi-colonial countries, above all, in China. The Theses deals with this problem under five main headings: (1) The Imminence of Imperialist War; (2) the Attitude of the Proletariat Towards War; (3) the Attitude of the Proletariat Towards the Army; (4) the Attitude of the Proletariat to the Disarmament Question and the Struggle Against Pacificism, and (5) the Defects and Tasks of the Communist Parties.

The Theses declares that a war of imperialism against the Soviet Union is an open counter-revolutionary class war of the bourgeoisie against the proletariat of every country. Its chief aim is the overthrow of the proletarian dictatorship; the basis for the tactics of the proletariat of capitalist countries for the struggle against his war is furnished by the Bolshevik program of struggle against imperialist war: the transformation into the civil war. In this connection considerable attention is given to the fact that the social-democracy is serving more and more brazenly as an active counter-revolutionary preparation for war against the Soviet Union. The proletariat is urged to give the greatest attention to the methods of the social-democracy with which the latter is ideologically preparing the war against the Soviet Union. Some of these methods are: (a) Dissemination of such lies and slanders as "Red Imperialism" and "Red Militarism," "Identity of Fascism and Bolshevism," etc.; (b) the malicious propaganda that the dictatorship of the proletariat is the cause of war or one of the causes of war; (c) the hypocritical attitude that "We are for the support of the Soviets but against the Communists and the Comintern"; (d) propagation of defeatism towards the Soviet government under a "left" mask. The war danger during the last year has given us several examples, especially on the part of the German social-democrats. These examples are no less clearly expressed by the allies of the social-democracy, the Trotskyists, e. g., in their phrases about "Thermidorism," "kulakisation," etc.

Reformist Betrayers.

The so-called left leaders of the social-democracy, who were characterized by the Eighth Plenum as the most dangerous enemies of Communism in the labor movement, have completely confirmed this characterization in recent months, particularly at the Brussels Congress of the Second International.

Considerable attention is given to the national-revolutionary wars of the oppressed colonies and semi-colonies which Lenin predicted in 1916, have changed from a theoretical certainty into a world historical fact in recent years. As examples of such wars are mentioned the war in Morocco against French and Spanish imperialism, uprisings in Syria, wars in Mexico and Nicaragua against American imperialism, and finally the great Chinese northern expedition in 1926-27. Since the national-revolutionary wars will play an important role in the present epoch of the world revolution, the proletariat is called upon to devote the greatest attention to the experience and lessons of these wars.

In outlining the struggle of the proletariat in capitalist countries against pacifism, it is emphasized that the most important tool of the imperialists in the disarmament farce is social-democracy which spreads among the masses the illusion that genuine disarmament and abolition of war are possible without the overthrow of imperialism.

Colonial Question.

The Theses on the Colonial Question, presented by Comrade Kuusinen, was based on the Theses of the Second Congress written by Lenin. It was much more detailed and reviewed developments up to the present time. The Sixth Congress declares that the "Principles on the National and Colonial Question" adopted at the Second Congress still have full validity, and still serve as a guiding line for the further work of Communist Parties. Since the time of the Second Congress the actual importance of the colonies, however, has vitally increased as crisis factors in the capitalistic world system. All basic questions of the revolutionary movement in the colonies and semi-colonies are immediately bound up with the greatest epoch-making struggle between the capitalist and socialist systems, which are now being fought out on a world scale in the form of the struggle of world imperialism against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, and within each of the various capitalist countries between the existing bourgeois class regime and the Communist movement.

The Theses reviews in detail the essence of imperialist colonial policy, the various types of colonial countries and the position of the peasantry, the question of the bourgeois-democratic revolution in the most important countries, and sets forth the immediate general tasks of the Communists. Most important features of the theses are its declarations on "decolonization" and its analysis of the bourgeois-democratic revolution. The theses declares that all the talk of the imperialists and their lackeys about the "decolonization" policy of the imperialist powers towards their colonies, about the fostering of their "development in liberty," is nothing else than an imperialist lie. It is extremely important that the Communists, in both the imperialist and colonial countries, shall completely unmask this lie.

Communist Program.

The phase of the bourgeois-democratic revolution which is at present involved in countries like India and China, with relatively broadly developed class differentiation, and the Union of South Africa, the Philippines, Algiers and Tunis, and in part of Morocco, where class differentiation is likewise relatively developed, is the phase of transition to the Socialist revolution. The historical meaning of this phase consists precisely in the preparation of the pre-conditions for the proletarian dictatorship of the socialist revolution.

One of the monumental achievements of the congress was the building of the program of the Communist International. This task had been specially referred to the Sixth Congress. The original draft as submitted by Comrades Bukharin and Stalin went through a long period of the most intense and searching discussion, both in the congress itself, as well as in several commissions. The program is not only a summing up of the experiences of the Russian Revolution and the international labor movement, but is a fighting weapon of the world proletariat. It is emphatic testimony to the growing internationalism of world labor under the Marxist-Leninist banner, convincing proof of the fact that the Communist International has fallen heir to the traditions of the First International, while the Second International, with its insuperable national antagonisms continues to give convincing proof of its bankruptcy. The Program testifies to the Leninist Unity of the Comintern, the international fighting party of the world's proletariat. The world program is the best proof that the Comintern is a world party, the collective will of the vanguard of international labor. One of its treasured contributions is the estimation of the new functions of the social democrats. It also refers to the role of the American Federation of Labor in the regime of the dollar imperialism. The Program says:

"The commercially cynical and secular imperialistic form of subjection to the ideological influence of the bourgeoisie is represented by contemporary 'socialist' reformism. Copying their gospel from the tablets of imperialist politics, their model today is the deliberately anti-socialist and openly counter-revolutionary American Federation of Labor. The 'ideological' dictatorship of the American servile trade union bureaucracy, which in its turn is the expression of the 'ideological' dictatorship of the American dollar, has become, through the medium of British reformism and His Majesty's socialists of the British labor party, the most important composite part of the theory and practice of the whole of international social-democracy and the leaders of the Amsterdam international. Moreover, the leaders of the German and Austrian social-democracy embellish these theories with Marxian phraseology and in this way mask their utter betrayal of Marxism."

Thus from the sixth world congress, an epoch-making event in the forward march to victory of the world's working class, there goes forth the appeal of the closing paragraphs of the world program declaring:

"Communists do not think it necessary to conceal their views and intentions. They openly declare that their goal can be achieved only by the violent overthrow of the present social system.

"Let the dominant class tremble before the Communist revolution. The proletariat has nothing to lose but its chains! It has the whole world to gain!

"Workers of all countries, unite!"

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

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Price 3 Cents

NEW BEDFORD POLICE USE GUNS AND CLUBS ON PICKETS

POLICE GAS 5 IN ATTACK ON PRISON STRIKE

Men Defy Riot Guns, Tear Bombs in Protest

Governor Makes Threat

Won't Probe Cruelty to Prisoners

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 19.—Barricading themselves against a large detachment of police who, armed with riot guns, tear bombs and gas masks, broke into the Maryland penitentiary, more than 400 prisoners continued their demonstration against brutal prison conditions and the continued refusal of the state authorities to investigate prison conditions. Five men were gassed by the police.

Fighting against the heavily armed detachments of police who attempted to club them into submission, the half-starved prisoners barricaded themselves into their cells and attempted to ward off the police attack.

Plant Sharpshooters.

Sharpshooters have been placed at vantage points in the jail in order to shoot down leaders of the demonstration if the police are unable to quell it by use of gas and clubs.

The demonstration which began yesterday was renewed this morning when gongs summoned the men to work.

Ignore Ritchie's Order.

Ignoring Governor Ritchie's threat to severely punish them unless order was restored, the men refused to go to work and resumed their demonstration. Attempts on the part of Warden Patrick Brady and the police to segregate the men failed.

All food has been refused to demonstrators by the warden in an effort to starve them into submission.

The demonstrations were provoked by the refusal of the Maryland authorities to investigate charges of inhuman cruelty in the treatment of prisoners.

HOOVER'S LIES TO SWELL RED RALLY

Expect Workers to Fill Central Opera House

Hoover's campaign in the east to win the workers over to the platform of the party of Big Business, opening with his Newark speech in which he fancifully fabricated facts and theories concerning American workers will have the net effect of considerably swelling the attendance at the first huge Communist campaign rally, to be held Sept. 28 at the Central Opera House, according to the District Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party who will speak at the Central Opera House rally will expose the gross misstatements made by the republican candidate as well as the democratic party's claim of being the friend of labor and the socialist party treachery against militant labor.

G. O. P. Glib Phrases.

"The glib phrases of the republican candidate, such as the 'unparalleled service to employes' performed by the republican party; 'foundations of prosperity'; 'no decrease in daily wages' and other such blatant contradictions to facts, had very little effect on the ears of those of the workers who suffered in the Passaic textile strike, or on the oil workers of Bayonne. However, it aimed at those defunct and

Continued on Page Two

Hurricanes Sweep Algeria; Three Dead

ALGIERS, Algeria, Sept. 19 (U.P.).—Hurricanes and rain storms of unparalleled intensity in this region caused wide-spread destruction here from Friday until Sunday night.

Streets were flooded to a depth of 50 centimetres, all electric power failed and the harbor water lashed the jetties and docks. Part of the capital is isolated and the splendid public buildings have been more or less damaged. Three persons are known dead at Belcour and Pescade. Several others are missing.

Taking the High Jump at Labor Sports Meet

Helgensen, Swedish worker-athlete, making the leap that won the high jump event at the world labor sports meet in Moscow several weeks ago. Thousands of workers participated in the Spartakiade.

SOCIALISTS BOW TO FASCISTI

Make Agreement With Home Defense Corps

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

VIENNA, Sept. 19.—An agreement between social-democrats and the fascist organization, the Home Defense Corps, in regard to the provocative demonstration the latter is going to hold on October 7, is probable, and a compromise on the reduction of the tenants' protection measures is being prepared, as a result of the social-democratic congress which was just concluded here.

Negotiations Superfluous.

The social-democrats, in an attempt to come to an agreement with the Home Defense Corps, has proposed that the fascist demonstration take place in the morning, and that the social-democratic demonstration take place in the afternoon.

The negotiations, however, are superfluous since the object of the demonstration was to intimidate the social-democrats, and they have already dropped the tenants' protection measures.

That the social-democratic congress decision to compromise is already effective is demonstrated by the "Reichpost," Chancellor Seipel's paper, which recognizes the attitude of the congress on the reduction of tenants' protection as a basis for negotiations.

Praised by Fascist.

Dr. Seidle, commander of the Home Defense Corps, praised the social-democrats for their action. A speedy agreement seems very likely, which will provide the prohibition or the entire withdrawal of both demonstrations on the basis of the social-democratic capitulation.

Mexican Reactionaries Burn Town Buildings

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 19.—Fifty reactionaries entered the town of Toliman during the absence of the garrison and burned the post office, according to despatches from Queretara.

Two other municipal buildings also were burned. Federal troops started in pursuit of the counter-revolutionists.

PLAN RED RALLY IN LOS ANGELES

William Z. Foster Will Address Workers

LOS ANGELES, Calif., Sept. 19.—William Z. Foster, candidate for President on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, will be the principal speaker at an election rally and workers press picnic to be held at Whiting Woods, 2 p. m., Sept. 23.

The long and militant record of the Communist presidential candidate has long been known throughout the west, and the interest of the workers has been heightened by the fact that Foster will present the platform of the only party in the United States which stands unconditionally for the interests of the working class.

Busses for the grounds of the Press Picnic will leave the Cooperative Center, 2708 Brooklyn Ave., and 122 W. 3rd St., at 9 and 11 a. m. All workers who intend to go should be at these points on time.

'HOT DOGS' AT 'DAILY' BAZAAR

Knit Goods Workers to Have Booth

"Hot Dogs" will blossom in great profusion at the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar at Madison Square Garden Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7. The delicatessen clerks whose "hot dog" stand at last year's bazaar was one of the most popular features of the event intend to outdo themselves this year.

Not only "hot dogs," but corned beef, bologna, salami and similar flora will be marshalled in large quantities to stop the hunger of the thousands of workers that will crowd Madison Square Garden during the four days of the bazaar.

Other organizations are also making plans for the great proletarian bazaar. The knit goods workers will have a booth where all sorts of knitted articles, sweaters, mufflers, hose, etc., will be sold at prices that

Continued on Page Three

NAME CLASS VICTIMS

Nominate Two Woodlawn Defendants

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 19.—Two of the workers whom the steel interests in this state have been trying to railroad to jail in the famous Woodlawn sedition case have been nominated for office on the Labor Party ticket in Beaver County.

Pete Muselin, a barber, is candidate for representative in congress from the 26th Congressional District, embracing Beaver, Butler and Lawrence Counties. Milan Resetar, a clerk, is candidate for the state senate from the 47th Congressional District, which includes Beaver and Lawrence counties. Both workers are veterans of the World War.

Mary Horvatin, of Ambridge, is the Labor Party candidate for representative in the General Assembly from the First District of Beav-

Continued on Page Three

Ohio Gang Moves to Bar Communists from Ballot

GIVES OUT FALSE INFORMATION ON SIGNATURE DRIVE

Amter Brands Move as Frame-up Against Militants

Oehler Case Up Monday

Organize for Fight on Syndicalist Law

(Special to the Daily Worker)

CLEVELAND, Sept. 19.—Deliberately maneuvering to keep the Workers (Communist) Party off the ballot in Ohio, officials of the state today stated that only seven thousand signatures had been submitted in the drive to place the Communist Party on the ballot in this state.

The Cleveland district of the Party which has directed the state campaign through I. Amter, district organizer, today branded as the move as an obvious fraud. Amter pointed to the fact that he held in his possession a receipt signed by the secretary of state for Ohio for 19,000 signatures.

The time for offering any objections to the placing of any parties on the ballot has long since expired, Amter further pointed out. That the present move by the representatives of the big boss parties is a newly arranged frame-up is indicated by the fact that the state had already put in an order for cuts of the election emblems indicating that the Workers (Communist) Party would be included in the elections.

An issue will be made of the case, it was announced, and every effort will be made to secure a reversal of the decision. The case has been put into the hands of the attorneys who are now handling it.

* * *

The hearing against Hugo Oehler, District Organizer, Workers

Continued on Page Three

NEGROES JOIN WORKERS PARTY

Election Drive Warmly Greeted in Harlem

The campaign activities of Harlem members of the Workers (Communist) Party, with headquarters at 143 East 103rd Street, has procured many new members for the ranks of the only working class party in the country, according to A. Moreau, campaign manager of the Harlem section. Especially among the Negro workers has the message of the class struggle found root. At every one of the four open-air meetings, held weekly in Negro Harlem, some Negro workers join the only party which welcomes all workers.

The firm, four-square stand taken by the Workers (Communist) Party on the question of lynching, discrimination as shown in Jim Crow laws, and segregation, has proven to Negro workers that the party of the proletariat is the party of all workers.

In a final drive to secure a sufficient number of signatures to entirely clean up all the districts, congressional as well as assembly, in

Continued on Page Two

SELL OUT RAILROAD WORKERS

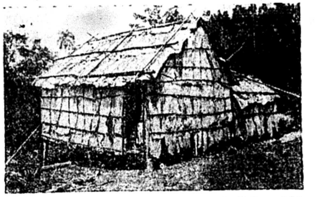
CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—A dispute between representatives of 55 western railroads and 70,000 trainmen and conductors over wages and working conditions will go to President Coolidge for "settlement," it was announced today after federal mediators had failed to adjust the differences.

The mediators confessed failure of negotiations after conferences throughout the week.

The trainmen and conductors have taken a vote favoring a strike in event of no final agreement.

Although the strike vote was overwhelmingly in favor of a walkout the union officials made it clear on a number of occasions that it would sell out and prevent strike action.

Why Hundreds Perished In Hurricane



Hundreds of Porto Rico peasants, living in little match-box houses like this, perished when the hurricane swept over the island. These tiny hovels, in which Wall Street houses its Porto Rican serfs, could not witstand the storm.

"LIBERAL" EDITOR IN PAY OF POWER TRUST

(By United Press)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Payment of $500 to William Allen White, famed Kansas editor, by the National Electric Light Association for a speech, was revealed today in the federal trade commission's investigation of the power industry.

White received this sum on May 20, 1926, it was said, as compensation for delivering a speech at the Atlantic City convention of the association that year, the hearing developed.

$10,000 to Harvard.

Another payment of $10,000 to Harvard University was developed during an examination of A. Jackson Marshall, secretary of the N. E. L. A. Marshall testified that Harvard received $30,000 annually from the association as a contribution toward research work in utility problems.

Checks showing total payments of $30,000 to Northwestern University were also placed in the record.

* * *

Bribery in Jersey.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 (UP).—Activities of New Jersey utility interests in keeping track of and attempting to influence legislation in that state were disclosed today in the federal trade commission's power investigation.

With William H. Roth, Philadelphia, secretary of the New Jersey Utilities Association, as a witness, the commission developed a close surveillance maintained by his group over actions of the state legislature at Trenton.

500 ARE DEAD IN FLORIDA STORM

80-Mile Gale Hits New York

SEBRING, Fla., Sept. 19.—Conditions resulting from Sunday's hurricane are almost indescribable along the upper shores of Lake Okeechobee.

Suffering and death are everywhere. It is probable that several hundred lives have been lost in the devastated communities about the lake. Weeks will be needed to determinne accurately the number of dead and injured, so deep is the debris and wreckage.

Colonel L. S. Lowry, Florida National Guard, in charge of relief work in the Okeechobee area, estimated after a survey that "the hurricane death list may reach 500."

Because of scarcity of food, shelter, clothing and medical supplies suffering is intense.

Sanitary conditions are alarming. The stench from hundreds of dead cattle, horses and other animals is unbearable.

* * *

Whipping a cold stinging rain before it, a gale, rising gradually from 20 to 80 miles an hour swept New York City and the entire eastern seaboard yesterday and gave shivering New Yorkers a mild taste of the Florida hurricane.

Signs were torn down, windows broken and trees uprooted by the gale which was described as being on the edge of the Florida hurricane. Part of the support of a sign on the outside of the Workers School on the fifth floor of the Workers Center at 26-28 Union

Continued on Page Three

SMITH TRIES TO FOOL MID-WEST

Opens the Presidential Drive in Omaha

OMAHA, Sept. 18.—Just as Herbert Hoover, the republican candidate for president, tried to befuddle the wage-earners of the east with dishonest statistics and evasive promises, so Al Smith, the Tammany product who heads the democratic ticket, tried to work a confidence game on the farmers of the middle-west by pretending to approve the McNary-Haugen bill.

He did not mention the real question facing the farmers—the question of the disproportion between the price of their products and the cost of production. Nor did he propose any relief from the deathly grasp of the mortgage bankers who keep the farm population in a condition of servitude that is in many cases approaching peonage.

Attacking Hoover and the republican program he, like all other candidates of the old parties, did not refer to the Communist proposals for farm relief, which propose a moratorium on farm mortgages.

The democratic politicians, with the aid of Tammany experts on fake demonstrations, packed the auditorium which holds 8,000, and mobilized a bunch of hoodlums on the outside at so much per head in order to create the atmosphere of en-

Continued on Page Two

GITLOW TO TALK IN LOS ANGELES

Workers Plan Welcome for Red Candidate

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 19.—Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, will address the workers of Los Angeles on the Workers (Communist) Party platform on October 7 at 8 p. m. at the Music Arts Hall, 233 South Broadway.

According to a statement issued by the local Los Angeles branch of the Workers (Communist) Party, the workers of the city will have "an opportunity to hear a clean-cut Communist speak on the class struggle and the election issues. The speech will be delivered by Benjamin Gitlow, one of the leaders of the Workers (Communist) Party, and its standard bearer in the present National Campaign."

Present reports indicate that a big and enthusiastic welcome will be extended to Gitlow on his arrival. The arrangement committee expects to have a filled house on the night of the speech.

RAP N. J. MISLEADERS

Score Federation's Smith Endorsement

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ORANGE, N. J., Sept. 19.—Charging that neither Herbert Hoover nor Al Smith have the interest of the working class at heart, Herbert Schaffer, secretary-treasurer of the Orange Typographical Union today sent a letter to the New Jersey State Federation of Labor, protesting the federation's action at its annual convention last week in endorsing Smith. The Orange Typo body takes in printers in Orange, Montclair and Bloomfield.

At the meeting of the Typo Union here, John M. Hague, an official of the union for over 25 years, charged that the endorsement of Smith was forced thru the convention by the officials of the federation, who maintain close connections with the corrupt New Jersey democratic machine. Frank Hague, Jersey

Continued on Page Three

INJURE SCORES, JAIL 15 WHEN STRIKERS PROTEST BEATING OF LINE LEADER

Sgt. Velho, Terrorist, Beats Unconscious Old Worker, After Pistol Shots Fail to Hit Him

"Resume Mass Picketing!" Shout of Thousands as Wave of Indignation Sweeps Thru City

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 19.—Infuriated at the enthusiastic mass picketing demonstration conducted in front of the Paige Mills by over 1,000 textile strikers despite a driving rain, a squadron of police, headed by the terrorist Sergeant Velho, brutally clubbed scores of strikers, and fired shots into their lines in a charge to break up their daily march back to the Potomska Hall. Fifteen were arrested, charged with rioting, and obtained their release later only after bail of $500 was provided by the International Labor Defense.

Seize Strike Leaders.

Deliberately removing their raincoats and taking out their clubs to get ready for "business," the column of police with Velho in the lead walked up to where the workers were forming for the homeward march. Velho grabbed C. Lamieras and A. G. Pinto, the last having just returned from a rest home to recuperate from a police beating in jail, and demanded a "parade permit." When the picket leaders replied, "We don't need a permit," Velho shouted to his thugs, "Get the leaders!"

The two picket leaders were seized by the police as the line began to move, and threw them into the police wagon. Roused to anger by the way Pinto and Lamieras were being handled, the hundreds of strikers surged forward, protesting against this brutal treatment of men who were still sick from their injuries. A concerted dash by the police, who slugged right and left with their clubs and blackjacks injuring many men and women, was the answer to their protests. Pinto's brother was suddenly seen to fall, bleeding, to the ground.

Club Aged Worker.

Velho himself was chasing with upraised club after 63-year-old Frank August, when the thug leader suddenly drew his revolver and fired three shots in the old striker's direction. August dodged and twisted and thereby escaped being hit by the flying bullets. Other police, however, seized him and threw him into the police wagon.

At the station house on the South End, the aged worker was dragged out of the patrol and thrown into a cell, where he lay for a few minutes before Sergeant Velho stalked in, pulled the striker upright, tore the glasses from his eyes, and beat him up till August was unconscious. "We're going to kill you, you bastard!" was what Velho told the striker before beginning to slug him into unconsciousness.

Strikers Bitter.

"Now we'll have mass picketing again," were the exclamations of the 15 strikers as they walked out of the court. At strike headquarters, in the streets, everywhere the strikers gather, this slogan was repeated in giving expression to the tremendous indignation sweeping thru the ranks of the tens of thousands on strike.

NEW MILL UNION CONVENTION TO OPEN SATURDAY

N. Y. Workers Invited to Attend

Bringing greetings of solidarity from other militant sections of the working class, representatives of the following organizations will address the national convention of textile workers at Irving Plaza this Saturday afternoon, Sept. 22, at 2 p. m.—for the militant furriers, who have themselves recently formed a new union, Ben Gold; for the garment workers, S. Zimmerman; for the new miners union, Pat Toohey; for the Workers International Relief, which is now playing such a decisive role in raising relief for the New Bedford textile strikers, Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary of the organization; for the International Labor Defense, also active in defending the arrested strikers in New Bedford, James P. Cannon.

This battery of well-known speakers will express the unity of the working class, and the solidarity of its different sections which are fighting similar battles today against corrupt leadership in the unions as well as against the attacks of the employers. The workers of New York City are invited to attend the convention, the first session of which will open promptly at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, Sept. 22, at Irving Plaza, Irving Pl. and 15th St. The convention will be in session all Saturday afternoon and evening; it will open again at 10 o'clock Sunday, Sept. 23, and will continue throughout the day. All sessions are open to the public.

Latest reports by telegraph indicate that the convention will be even bigger than was at first expected. One hundred and fifty delegates will attend from New England alone. Delegates will come from locals which have severed connection with the United Textile Workers. They will come from workers' clubs in unorganized centers the membership of which is composed of textile workers, they will come from textile mill committees in factories, and they will come as individuals from unorganized mills. Altogether the convention will display a network of organization already established reaching broadly and deeply into the textile industry. Upon this foundation will be built up a national union, militant and aggressive, fighting for the material and cultural advancement of the textile workers.

SHIP COLLISION

BOSTON, Sept. 19 (UP).—The collier Black Point, bound for Norfolk, Va., crashed into two ships in the harbor today when its stearing gear broke. No one was injured, according to reports at the customs office.

Assassin of Obregon Is Sane; Trial Soon

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 19 (U.P.).—Jose De Leon Toral, assassin of president-elect Alvaro Obregon, is entirely sane, medical authorities said in a report prepared for submission to the trial court today.

The report embodies the results of the latest medical and psychological tests. Blood tests previously had shown no hereditary insanity.

The defense has asked a mental examination of Carlos Castro Balda, accused of complicity with Toral. The date of the trial has not yet been set.

Workers (Communist) Party on Ballot in 23 States; Expect 15 More in Six Weeks

MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE SWELL BIG TOTAL

New England Workers Overcome Obstacles

The two great industrial states of Massachusetts and New Hampshire are now on the Communist ballot bringing the total number up to twenty-one or nine more than in the election campaign of 1924.

The states now on the ballot in addition to Massachusetts and New Hampshire are New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, West Virginia Ohio, Michigan, Maryland, Illinois Kentucky, Tennessee, Texas, New Mexico, Iowa, Nebraska, Arizona, Montana, Kansas, Arkansas and South Dakota.

With six more weeks between now and election day the goal of thirty states originally set by the National Election Campaign Committee is certain to be reached with the probability that at least thirty-five states will be in the red column by the time the last filing day is reached.

Overcome Obstacles.

In Massachusetts and New Hampshire, the workers had heavy obstacles to overcome, the election machinery in several important cities being in the hands of the agents of the mill barons who took advantage of every technicality to prevent the Party from getting on the ballot. The success of the Workers (Communist) Party in New England was due in a great measure to the prestige gained thru the activity in the great textile strike in New Bedford and Fall River. While the socialist party is lined up with the labor bureaucrats who are betraying the strike to the textile barons, and fighting the militant Textile Mills Committee with the aid of the police, the Communists are not only fighting the employers but the city and state governments as well as the reactionary labor leaders.

The only New England states on the Communist ballot in the last elections were Massachusetts and Rhode Island. This will leave only two states out, Vermont and Maine where there is yet no Communist organization to speak of.

Want Worker-Organizers.

Another important election campaign development is the inauguration of a drive for 1,000 rank and file organizers to go out into the small industrial cities thruout the country, spreading Communist propaganda and organizing Party units.

Every available vehicle will be mustered into action to bring the workers from place to place. The National Office of the Party will supply the necessary material, literature, subscription blanks for Party papers and membership cards.

Workers who speak any of the foreign languages will work among the workers of that particular language. There are hundreds of thousands of foreign-language-speaking workers in heavy industry, and where there is no Communist organization they are at the mercy of the employers who use bourgeois politicians of foreign birth or descent to keep them tied to the capitalist political chariot.

Plan Extensive Drive.

Women's organizations, youth organizations and Negro organizations will be pressed into service. This is the greatest organizing plan ever conceived and executed by the Workers (Communist) Party and if the rank and file respond as they are expected to, it will build the Party in sections where the Communist message never penetrated before and will develop hundreds of workers for leading functions in the Party

The Communist election campaign is now in full swing. Foster and Gitlow are now speaking in the northwest. They are met by enthusiastic gatherings of workers in every city and each meeting brings in many news members to the Party.

Organizers are busy throughout the country, doing the necessary work to place the Party ticket on the ballots in the various states.

The Negro campaign is making great headway in New York City, where great mass meetings are held weekly with Comrades Moore, Welsh and other Negro leaders exposing the role of the republican, democratic and socialist parties as tools of big and small business, pointing out that the two big capitalist parties have sanctioned the lynching of Negroes in the south and the many discriminations practiced on them in federal and state institutions by both parties. The socialist party, tho pretending not to draw the color line refuses to help in the organization of the Negro masses for a struggle against capitalism. The Workers (Communist) Party alone, as our Negro comrades point out to their people, is the only party that has the program that means freedom for black and white workers.

BERLIN, Sept 19.—The Swedish municipal workers officials have decided to break all relations with the Soviet municipal workers, according to a report issued by the International Federation of Trade Unions from Amsterdam.

The Swedish rank and file have again and again demonstrated their willingness to co-operate with the workers of the Soviet Union.

Wall Street Candidate Greeted by Newark Politicians

When Herbert Hoover arrived in Newark at 7 o'clock Monday evening, the only people who were present to greet him were a group of Jersey G. O. P. politicians, less than 200 in number. At the Essex Armory, later in the evening, he delivered his bombastic spiel on "prosperity" in the United States, while hundreds of unemployed Newark workers listened. While the speech was in progress, members of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League distributed over 10,000 leaflets to the workers of the industrial city.

WORKERS SCHOOL OPENS FALL TERM OCTOBER 1

The Workers School of New York City, the biggest labor school in the United States, will begin its fall term October 1 at its new headquarters, 26-28 Union Square, with 75 classes in English, Trade Unionism, Labor Problems, Public Speaking, Labor Journalism, Literature, History, Economics, Politics, Imperialism, Communism and Marxian Theory. Among the instructors scheduled to give courses are: Jay Lovestone, William Z. Foster, Bertram D. Wolfe, Max Bedacht, Benjamin Gitlow, William W. Weinstone, M. J. Olgin, Scott Nearing, Robert Minor, D. Benjamin, Joseph Freeman, Beatrice Becker, J. Mindel, A. Markoff, Juliet S. Poyntz, A. Trachtenberg, John J. Ballam, Ray Ragozin, Joseph Brodsky, William F. Dunne, A. Bittelman, Will Herberg, Robert Dunn and Michael Gold.

Classes will be given every evening from 7 to 8:20 p. m. and from 8:30 to 9:50 p. m. and on Saturday afternoons. Registration for classes is now going on.

Plans are under way to take care of the largest registration in the history of the school. From present indications it appears that over 2,500 workers will study at the Workers School in order to prepare themselves for more effective work in the labor movement. This will practically double the record registration of last fall when over 1,300 workers enrolled for courses in the school to train themselves for the class struggle.

The school is now situated at 26-28 Union Square, where it occupies the sixth floor, comprising 12 rooms. For more detailed information write to the Workers School for free catalog or phone Stuyvesant 7770.

HOOVER'S LIES TO SWELL RED RALLY

Expect Workers to Fill Central Opera House

Continued from Page One

imaginative workers whose fictitious names are used by the democratic and republican machines of New Jersey every year to 'vote' their tickets, his speech may have been effective."

Workers' Party Platform.

Contrasted with the rotound phrases used by the capitalist politicians in an attempt to drag the wool over the workers' eyes every election, is the concrete platform and demands of the Workers (Communist) Party in this as in every election campaign. Specific demands are made by the Workers Party on unemployment, the right to strike, social legislation, traction, housing, schools, youth and child labor, Negroes, farmers—in short, every social, economic and political matter which at all touches the lives of the millions of workers, is treated by the Workers (Communist) Party in its platform, not from the viewpoint of the "good of the people" but from that of the good of the workers.

Workers of New York and vicinity are urged to come early as the rally will begin promptly at the scheduled time. The doors of the Central Opera House will be open at 7 p. m. on Friday, Sept. 28. Delegates from various trades in the city are expected to come in a body organized evidence of the support of the only working class party on the political field by all progressive workers.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

SHE CHIDES STRIKERS

Washington "Lady" Won't Aid Relief

Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, yesterday revealed a letter from Katharine W. Fisher, 21 First St., Washington, D. C., which the relief secretary characterized as an evidence of "the sour-milk of human kindness." The letter, which follows in full, was in reply to appeal for funds sent out by the relief organization last week.

"Disapproves" of Strikes.

"I do not doubt," Miss Fisher writes, "that conditions are bad in New Bedford, but I so disapprove of strikes as a method for attempting to remedy them that even if I did have money to spare I should not contribute it.

"How can anyone expect to cure conditions in the cotton textile industry of New England by the ancient method of the strike? People must be fed, of course, but why not let them work.

"I would much more be likely to give a dollar for a child whose father is working than to one whose father is striking. Please remove my name from your mailing list."

Strikers Will Stick.

In commenting on the letter Biedenkapp said: "I know that a thousand workers will give the lie to Miss Fisher's letter by sending money to help us feed the 30,000 heroic strikers, men, women and children, who are valiantly withstanding the New England mill barons. And I know that the New Bedford and Fall River strikers will give the lie to her by remaining on strike until they have won their just demands."

NEGROES JOIN WORKERS PARTY

Election Drive Warmly Greeted in Harlem

Continued from Page One

Harlem, another Red Sunday will be held there September 23. According to M. Nemser, section organizer, Harlem will be entirely through with its signature drive by the beginning of next week, after which the Harlem members will pitch in and help other sections.

Another feature of the election campaign work in Harlem which has met with good results is the noonday meetings held weekly at the yards of the Interborough Rapid Transit and New York Railways companies, at 99th St. and Lexington Ave. One such meeting will be held there today, with John Sherman, of the Daily Worker, as chief speaker. Many successful distributions of Communist literature have been made among the I. R. T. employes, whose ranks are filled with company spies to detect any inclination toward honest, militant unionism among them.

Besides speaking on the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party in the election campaign, Sherman will discuss organization problems.

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Distribute 1,000 "Dailys."

The election campaign in Harlem during Negro Week was opened Monday evening with a mass distribution of 1,000 copies of the special Negro edition of the Daily Worker.

The workers who participated in the distribution were gratified by the friendly response from the Negro workers, who welcomed receiving a copy of a daily newspaper which openly proclaimed its solidarity with them and fought against the exploiters of Negro labor.

Lower Harlem is having a distribution tonight, starting from its headquarters at 143 E. 103rd St. The canvass committee elected for this very important election and press activity should appear at headquarters not later than 6:30 p. m.

SHOE WORKERS MEET THURSDAY

Call Lasters, Heelers to Brooklyn Hall

The drive to organize New York's thousands of shoe workers began slowly and is now gathering force as the union announces mass meetings for the workers, the great majority of whom are unorganized. Arion Temple, 21 Arion Place, Brooklyn, will be the scene of a mass meeting tomorrow at 8 p. m. to which all lasters and wood heelers in Brooklyn have been called for the purpose of launching an organizational drive in these important crafts.

In a call issued to these workers, the president of the Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York and its managing organizer, J. Magliacano, declare:

"Since the bosses have been having a free hand our prices and conditions have been reduced to those of slavery days and they will surely continue to be reduced unless something will be done to stop it.

"The cause for these conditions is only due to the fact that while the bosses have been united we remained divided and while the bosses have taken advantage of the situation, we have done nothing to put a stop to their attempt to reduce us to virtual slavery.

"The time has now come that we must begin to consider ways of improving the deplorable conditions under which we are working.

"The Independent Shoe Workers' Union of Greater New York has been recently organized by the rank and file and is the only organization which is interested in organizing the shoe workers of Greater New York. Realizing that you lasters and wood-heelers make up the most important crafts in the trade and the ones who suffered most of the abuse of the bosses, it is therefore calliing you to this meeting."

SMITH TRIES TO FOOL MID-WEST

Continued from Page One

thusiasm. For days the democratic ward-heelers and other professional politicians who are for sale to the highest bidder have been busy rounding up a gang to stage the Smith demonstration. Money for the purpose was plentiful; probably supplied from the coffers of Mr. Raskob and other members of the House of Morgan oligarchy.

At certain obvious and specific signs this corralled aggregation of bought and paid for claquers would stage an imitation Tammany Hall outburst. This menagerie the reporters of the capitalist press called a "farmer audience."

Avoided "Equalization Fee."

Smith then concluded his speech, which was lengthy and detailed, with his statement upon the McNary-Haugen Bill, which has as the principal part of its machinery the much discussed equalization fee. The fee was not mentioned by the governor. Farm relief leaders call it "the heart" of the measure. He merely left this question open by saying he is not limited by the bill's mechanics.

FLIES ACROSS CHANNEL.

PARIS, Sept. 19 (U.P.).—The spanish inventor, La Cierva, completed a flight across the English channel from London to Paris today in his autogiro plane, a helicopter.

ACTIVE
PRESS, INC.
26-28 UNION SQUARE
NEW YORK CITY

WORKERS PARTY ARRANGES WEEKS OPEN AIR MEETS

Negro and Elections Is Topic

The Workers (Communist) Party has arranged the following open-air meetings for the current week, at which the subject will be "Negro Problems and the Election Campaign." All speakers must get bulletins at the district Agitprop Department:

Thursday, Sept. 20.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx—Nessin, Padgug, Harfeld, Leo Margolis, Malliken (Pioneer).

Fortieth St. and Eighth Ave., N. Y. C.—Cibulsky, Peer, Bydarian.

Twenty-fifth St. and Mermaid Ave., C. I.—Shapiro, I. Zimmerman, Midolla, H. Gold (Pioneer).

Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I.—Schachtman, Powers, Vera Bush, Heder.

Jefferson and Henry St., N. Y.—Joe Cohen, Silber.

Stone and Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn—Ben Lifshitz, Pasternack, Julius Cohen, Mershon, S. Finkelstein (Pioneer).

Two Hundred and Nineteenth St. and White Plains Ave.—Ben Gold, R. Wortis, Weich, Spiro, Severino.

One Hundred and Sixth St. and Sumner, C. Martin, S. Ackerman.

Paterson, N. J. (3 Governor St.)—Bert Miller, L. Duke.

Clinton St. and East Broadway, N. Y.—Joe Cohen, Silber, Shatzkamer (Pioneer).

Ave. A and 7th St., N. Y.—Wm. Frank, Suskin, Goliger (chairman).

Saturday, Sept. 22.

First Ave. and 116th St. (Italian)—Auerbach, Rolfe, Napoli, Magliacano.

First Ave. and 79th St.—G. Lloyd, Moreaic, Alexander, Lustig, J. Rosen (Pioneer).

West New York, New Jersey (14th St. and Bergenline Ave.)—Markoff, C. Martin.

Perth Amboy, N. J. (308 Elm. St.)—Edward Wright, Covatcz.

Elizabeth, N. J.—D. Benjamin, R. Duke, Freiman.

Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx—Chas. Zimmerman, Padgug, G. Spiro, Severino, R. Yukelson (Pioneer).

Madison Ave.—Listen Oak, Gill Green, Williams, Kagan.

Friday, Sept. 21.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Grecht, Ross, B. Gussakoff.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—Ragozin, Baum, Julius Cohen, L. Mikell (Pioneer).

Fifth Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C.—M. Taft, Grace Lamb, Jessie Taft, Gamilla, Lyons.

Varet and Graham Ave., Brooklyn—Primoff, Chernenko, Rosemond, Wellman (Pioneer).

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn—DeLeon, V. Smith, McDonald.

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—M.

FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

FOSTER TOUR

Friday, Sept. 21, San Francisco, Calif. Civic Auditorium, San Francisco.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Los Angeles, Calif., Whiting Woods, Rosemont, Calif.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, Salt Lake City, Utah, W. O. W. 168 S. W. Temple St., 2nd floor.

Thursday, Sept. 27, Denver, Colo. Tabernacle Hall, 20th & Lawrence Sts.

Friday, Sept. 28, Omaha, Neb. Son Theatre, 14th & Farnam Sts.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Kansas City, Mo. Musicians Auditorium, 1017 Washington St.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Chicago, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, St. Louis, Mo. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Oct. 3, Indianapolis, Ind. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Cincinnati, O. Final arrangements to be announced.

GITLOW TOUR.

Thursday, Sept. 20, Virginia, Minn., Small Auditorium, City Hall.

Saturday, Sept. 22, Bismarck, N. Dak. Paterson Hall at McKenzie Hotel, 422 Main St.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Belden, N. D. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Sept. 24, Plentywood, Mont. Farmer Labor Temple, Plentywood.

Wednesday, Sept. 26, Great Falls, Mont. Final arrangements to be announced.

Friday, Sept. 28, Spokane, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, Portland, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Oct. 2, Astoria, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Oakland, Calif. Final arrangements to be announced.

Power Gang Hearing Shows New Activities

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 (U.P.).—Resuming its investigation of propaganda activities of public utilities, the Federal Trade Commission today discovered new efforts to sway public opinion in Iowa, Canada, and New Jersey.

In Iowa, it was developed, utilities enlisted the State University and the State College in their publicity campaign. Correspondence showed authorities of both institutions were friendly to utilities and were anxious to aid in their development "in any way possible."

Swedish Labor Fakers Attack Soviet Union

MOSCOW, Sept. 18.—The trade rapproachement between the Soviet Union and Germany has been followed up by the conclusion of a new agreement between the German Krupp works and the Soviet Government.

Under the new agreement the Soviet government and Krupp officials are to have equal representation on the board of directors of the concession company. Krupp will bring in 3,000,000 marks worth of equipment while the Soviet government will contribute 1,500,000 gold rubles. If the concession is found unprofitable the invested capital will be repaid by the Soviet government in 1937.

RATS BITE FOUR CHILDREN.

Four children were bitten, one seriously, by rats today in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Dalton.

COLLEGE BRIBED BY OFFICIALS OF POWER TRUST

Iowa State School Got $15,000

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 (U.P.).—A campaign of Iowa utilities interests to retard a movement for municipally-owned power plants in that state was described today as the Federal Trade Commission resumed its investigation of the power industry.

Municipalities where the sentiment in favor of a publicly-owned plant was strong were circularized with literature designed to persuade citizens against taking such a step, H. P. Weeks, director of the Iowa section of the National Electric Light Association, testified.

In addition, Weeks said, his organization distributd 165 copies of a utilities propaganda magazine each month among members of the Iowa state legislature.

Total payments of $15,000 to Iowa State College since 1925 were revealed by other checks placed in the record. The payments averaged about $3,500 annually and were made, Weeks explained, in connection with research into rural power development.

Revenues of his association, Weeks said, were derived from Iowa utilities and from the National Electric Light Association.

A joint legislative committee is maintained by Iowa utilities to guard their interests at sessions of the state legislature, Weeks testified. He said the committee represented electric power and railway companies.

Brownsville in Final Drive for Signatures

With the finish of the signature drive in the twenty-third assembly district of Brownsville, the members of Section 8 of the Workers (Communist) Party are concentrating all their forces in the twenty-second assembly district during the last two weeks of the drive.

According to R. Macklin, campaign director of the Brownsville section, the total number of signatures to be obtained in the 22nd A. D. will be safely tucked away in the safe of the District Office before the drive officially ends, on the last day of September.

All members of Sections 2 and 3 who live in Brownsville are urged to report in Brownsville for the signature drive every evening.

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OCTOBER

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DO NOT BUY NOW, WAIT TILL THE BAZAAR

4 BIG DAYS

General Strike in Rosario Called for Tomorrow; May Spread Thruout Argentina

STRIKE CALLED BY PERU STREET CAR EMPLOYES

Protest Dismissal of Union Secretary

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 19.—All trolley workers in Lima and Callao will walk out on strike this week as a protest against the dismissal of the secretary of the Tramwaymen's Federation by the Lima Power and Electric Company, in which United States capitalists hold large interests.

The strike was called by the Tramwaymen's Federation, the union of the trolley workers, when the secretary was dismissed by the company.

The union is determined to remain on strike until the secretary is permitted to return to work.

As this strike occurs the senate is considering the legislation, already passed by the chamber of deputies, which provides punishment for all anti-government and radical labor activities.

NAME 2 SEDITION CHARGE VICTIMS

Workers Nominated by Pa. Labor Party

Continued from Page One

ar County.

Muselin and Resetar were found guilty by a Jones and Laughlin Steel Corporation judge on a charge of violation of the infamous Flynn Anti-Sedition Act of Pennsylvania, and were sentenced to five years in the workhouse and a fine of $500 each. The Steel Corporation and the American Legion actively participated in the prosecution, fearing the popularity these two workers enjoyed among the steel workers of Woodlawn, Pa. The case is now in the hands of the supreme court of Pennsylvania and is expected to come up for hearing on Sept. 24.

The Labor Party of Pennsylvania endorsed the national ticket of the Workers (Communist) Party at its state nominating convention in Philadelphia. The Workers (Communist) Party is supporting the Labor Party state ticket with the exception of the senatorial candidate, a reactionary labor faker. William F. White is the Communist candidate for U. S. senator.

PASSAIC MASS MEETING FRIDAY

Rally Called to Aid New Bedford Strike

Support of the strike of textile orkers in New Bedford and Fall iver and for the new national union ill rally the workers of Passaic, . J., in a monster mass meeting o be held in Passaic this Friday vening, Sept. 21, at Ukranian Hall, resident St. and Hope Ave. The ain speaker will be Albert Weis- ord, to be followed by Ellen Daw- on and Eli Keller, Passaic work- rs who for the past three months ave been active as organizers in he New Bedford strike, and who ill be able to report directly from he strike area; Gustav Doak, presi- ent of the Passaic Textile Workers Jnion, formerly affiliated with the . T. W.; John Di Santo, just re- rned from a New England trip for e Textile Mill Committees in prep- ration for the coming convention, d Lena Chernenka, one of the or- anizers of the Passaic strike of 926. George Rusko will act as airman.

At this meeting Passaic will call on workers everywhere to rally the support of the New Bedford rikers, who are making a struggle ual in intensity and importance their own strike of 1926. They ill demonstrate that in Passaic the fluence of the U. T. W. is com- etely nil and the workers are en- usiastically entering the new ion of textile workers.

ascist Greece and Fascist Italy in Pact

ATHENS, Sept. 19 (U.P.)—Prem- Venizelos and the Italian minis- to Greece, Mario Arlotta, ini- lled the treaty of friendship be- en Greece and Italy today.

Venizelos will leave tomorrow for me, where the treaty will be ned on Sunday.

GRAFT ABROAD

UDAPEST, Hungary, Sept. 19 P).—Karl Papp, local tax collec- at Kunzentmarton, has sued 208 zens for slander because they ac- ed him of corruption in a memo- ium to the minister of finance.

MORE DOLLARS FOR RICH

BRUSSELS, Belgium, Sept. 19 P).—Drillers at Houdeng in cen- Belgium have struck important ools, it was reported today.

Wall Street "Al" Speaks From An Appropriate Platform

Tammany "Al" Smith, leaving Albany in the private car of his millionaire contractor friend to tour the Middle West in an effort to catch farm votes.

NANKING TROOPS ARE STILL HUGE

Facts Show Disbandment Fake Move

HANGCHOW, China, Sept. 18.—While the Nanking government is loudly parading the disbandment of thousands of "surplus troops" it has gathered under its banner, the facts indicate that much of this sort of news is mere propaganda to convince the rest of the world that the Kuomintang militarists have shed their claws and cut their fangs and became perfectly respectable self-sacrificing idealists for the common good. Events here and there unfortunately indicate the contrary. Thus 180 "disbanded" soldiers of the First Army Corps on their arrival here were at once incorporated into the local Peace Preservation Corps. A case of "paying Peter by robbing Paul."

The fact is that the only soldiers of any of the armies that may be disbanded will be those whom their commanders consider unreliable in loyalty to those commanders themselves or who may be considered to be in excess of the commanders' need and ability to feed or, moreover, who are inclined to join up the rebelling peasants. Not one of the rival generals is willing to reduce his forces to the point where his chances for survival are endangered.

An illustration of the method of "disbandment" resorted to in such circumstances is reported from the south. Troops of two Kwantung government divisions fought a pitched battle against another division of troops under the same provincial control in an effort to disarm the latter after a request to disarm had been refused. Another illustration comes recently from the north where several thousand troops stationed in Shantung had been ordered disarmed. Dissatisfied with the meagre discharge allowance given them they revolted.

TRY TO APPEASE U. S. OBJECTIONS

Ask for Secret Arms Conference

GENEVA, Sept. 19.—A secret conference of the five leading naval powers, including the United States, to straighten out all difficulties presented by the Franco-British naval pact in preparation of the Geneva "disarmament" conference, was proposed to the League of Nations by Dr. J. Loudon, president of the "disarmament" commission.

Lord Cushendun, acting foreign minister of England, and the French representative declared themselves as entirely surprised by the suggestion and asked time to confer with their governments.

Loudon declared that the purpose of the conference would be to induce other powers, notably the United States which has declared itself opposed to the principle of the naval pact, to meet British and French representatives in an attempt to arrive at some sort of a compromise.

* * *

Germans Demand Meet.

GENEVA, Sept. 19 (U.P.)—Count Von Bernstorff, Germany, demanded today that the League of Nations council immediately set a date for a disarmament conference in 1929.

In a resolution introduced before the third commission, Von Bernstorff proposed leaving it to Great Britain to convoke the preparatory disarmament commission in time to complete its work in advance of the meeting.

9 Killed in Fascist Railroad Accident

NAPLES, Sept. 19 (U.P.)—Nine persons were killed and two injured when the rear car of a freight train broke loose on a grade between Cajanello and Isernia, ran downhill at terrific speed and hit a passenger train coming up the grade.

OHIO POLITICIANS AIM TO BAR COMMUNISTS

Continued from Page One

(Communist) Party of Kansas, E. B. Eastwood, secretary of the International Labor Defense, Kansas City, and six other workers on charges of violating the criminal syndicalism law of the State of Kansas, has been put over until Monday, Sept. 24. A preliminary hearing was held on September 10 and 11.

The vicious state criminal syndicalism law is being used by the open-shoppers and big business interests to smash labor organizations and specifically to outlaw the Workers (Communist) Party and to wreck the International Labor Defense, which is defending the arrested workers.

Arrested For "Cause."

Oehler, Eastwood and others were arrested on August 21 while holding a meeting before the packing house plant of Armour's, during the noon hour. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party with Cushing and Oehler participating. The police officers early in the meeting seized the literature consisting of the platform of the Workers Party and applications for membership. The second arrests, at which Oehler spoke and in which the other defendents participated, was a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting under the auspices of the International Labor Defense. Among the literature seized were copies of Max Shachtman's and Eugene Lyons' books on Sacco and Vanzetti, copies of the Labor Defender and a book of Sacco-Vanzetti cartoons. The state is relying upon this literature together with Oehler's speech as evidence of a violation of the syndicalism law.

Campaign to Repeal Law.

A campaign for the repeal of the Kansas law has been initiated by the International Labor Defense.

"A state-wide conference," stated Martin Abern, assistant national secretary of the I. L. D., 80 11th Street, New York, today, "has been called for Sunday, October 14, 2 p. m. at Stanley Hall, 6th and Central, Kansas City, Kansas.

A protest mass meeting was held under the auspices of the International Labor Defense on Thursday, Sept. 20, at Kansas City, Kansas with Stanley J. Clark well-known orator and others speaking.

A resolution was adopted at this meeting and is also being presented to organizations throughout the state which pledges the workers to a fight for the defense of the new victims of capitalist class justice and to a fight for the appeal of the syndicalist law.

'HOT DOGS' AT 'DAILY' BAZAAR

Knit Goods Workers to Have Booth

Continued from Page One

will be hard to resist.

The bazaar has also been endorsed by the Unity Co-operative, 1800 Seventh Ave. At a meeting of the organization a committee was elected that will start active work collecting articles, selling tickets and gathering names for the Red Honor Roll.

Finnish workers' clubs of Brooklyn and Harlem are also co-operating, determined that the Finns shall not lag behind other nationalities in this great international undertaking.

Many working class organizations have, however, not yet started work and this fact is pointed out by the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee, 30 Union Sq., which stresses the necessity of complete co-operation if the bazaar which will give new life and new power to the two fighting proletarian dailies is to be a success.

NEW PANAMA LACKEY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19 (UP).—President Coolidge today appointed Col. Harry Burgess, U. S. army engineer, as governor of the Panama Canal Zone, succeeding General M. L. Walker, who had retired.

500 ARE DEAD IN FLORIDA STORM

80-Mile Gale Hits New York

Continued from Page One

Square was torn down and broke a window in the editorial office of the Daily Worker on the fourth floor.

Thousands of workers were caught in the storm, particularly at the noon hour and after work, and found difficulty in keeping their balance. Hats were blown off and umbrellas collapsed under the impact of the wind. The storm reached its greatest fury at night, lashing every part of the city at the rate of from 70 to 80 miles an hour.

A spectacular episode in the storm was the struggle of about 20 firemen to fasten a scaffold that was swinging unsteadily on the 37th floor of the 45-story Transportation Building at Broadway and Barclay St., next to the Woolworth Tower Three firemen risked their lives when they crawled out on the scaffold to steady it while their fellow-workers pulled it in thru the window.

• • •

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Sept. 19.—Thousands of hurricane victims are still struggling for food and shelter. There is danger of a serious situation among the starving inhabitants if relief is not speeded.

Travellers returning from the interior region told today of women and children kneeling by the roadsides, their hands extended in prayer for food.

Suffering is terrible in the devastated settlements where relief workers have not been able to operate. Disease threatens to cause further loss of life and the injured are in dire need of medical attention.

Food riots are reported to have broken out in various parts of Porto Rico and 2,000 members of the National Guard, called out by Governor Horace Towner, are terrorizing starving workers and farmers on the pretext of maintaining order.

REPORT REVOLT IN VENEZUELA GROWS STEADILY

2,000 Soldiers Join the Rebel Army

BARRANQUILLA, Colombia, Sept. 19.—Counter to the official communiques given out by the dictator Gomez of Venizuela, the government forces have been unable to suppress the revolt, in which troops and the population are involved, according to the reports of those who have participated in the revolt and who are seeking asylum here.

Newspapers here publish interviews with Venezuelans who have fled their country to avoid arrest, which indicates that a large portion of the troops have joined the revolt. The reports say that General Marcelino Torres and General Garcia, who are alleged to be the leaders, are still holding out with 500 armed men.

In the state of Carabobo 800 men are reported to be continuing the revolt under the command of Captain Chirino; and 400 under the command of Colonel Ignacio Sanchez in the state of Curumana, and another group in Panaquibo.

Due to the strict censorship exerted by Gomez over all news from Venezuela, it has been impossible to get direct news of the revolt.

Some time ago it was reported that Gomez had prepared a ship for flight if necessary, but this report was followed by an official notice from the Venezuela government that the revolt had been suppressed.

ZAGREB WORKERS ROUTE COSSACKS

Burn Imperial Czar's Banner

VIENNA, Sept. 19.—The Russian imperial flag was burnt and a troop of mounted Russian cossacks, attached to a circus visiting the city of Zagreb, Jugoslavia, were attacked by workers, a dispatch from that city said.

When the circus, managed and manned by counter-revolutionary emigres, camped in Zagreb, which is much aroused over the severe and brutal methods used by the police to suppress Communists and Croatian autonomists, the militant workers, angered at the reminder of czarist oppression, attacked the cossacks, wounding three, and burnt the flag.

ARGENTINA OPPOSES HIGH U. S. TARIFF

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Relations between the United States and Argentina are strained by a proposal to increase the American import tariff on maize. Exclusion of Argentine grains and meat products from the United States market, by high tariffs and "sanitary" regulations, has been a source of constant friction between the two countries, and has even led to ar agitation in Argentina for reprisals in the form of boycott against American goods.

American farmers organizations are demanding an increase in the maize tariff from fifteen to twenty-two and a half cents per bushel. The Argentine government has protested the proposed increase, pointing out that ninety-five per cent of the import of maize in the United States come from Argentina.

In an official communication, the Argentine government says that it looks upon the proposed increase "with deep concern . . . not because of its possible effect on our trade with the United States, but rather because of the principles involved and the fact that if such a measure were adopted it would add to many others which unhappily in recent times have been hampering the importation of our products in this market."

The republican administration desires to make a gesture of relief to the American farmers by increasing the duty on maize. At the same time, it is reluctant further to antagonize Argentina, where American trade has already suffered because of resentment against such discriminations in addition to the general anti-American sentiment induced by Nicaragua events. Moreover, Argentina threatens to spoil the beautiful unanimity of Kellogg's so-called "peace" treaty by refusing to adhere to that document on the ground that it indirectly establishes the Monroe Doctrine as giving the United States special interest and rights in Latin America, a doctrine which Argentina has publicly repudiated.

Foreign diplomatic circles are watching the Argentine protest against the maize tariff with sympathy because of the general opposition in other countries against the American "protective tariff."

AUSTRALIA GOV'T TO BREAK STRIKE

Shipowners Use Scabs Against Dockworkers

SYDNEY, Australia, Sept. 19. — Australian ship-owners today decided to employ scabs to break the dock-workers strike which has spread to all the leading ports.

This action followed the declaration of the court of arbitration that the strike was illegal, because the workers had refused to comply with the board's decision, providing for a wage cut.

It is likely that the government will cooperate with the shipowners, since by the new labor legislation all labor disputes must be settled in the court of arbitration and any decision from its ruling is construed as illegal.

The Federation of Dock Workers called the strike when the court of arbitration ruled against them and allowed the wage cut to remain.

Economic Situation in Turkey Seen as Crisis

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 19 (UP).—Authorities are concerned over the increased number of bankruptcies recorded here. Statistics show that there were eleven in 1925, twenty-one in 1926, thirty-two in 1927 and forty-five in 1928. Rash granting of credit to Turkish importers by foreign concerns was given as the cause.

Rap New Jersey Labor Misleaders

Continued from Page One

democratic boss, is now under "investigation" for grafting amounts totalling high into the hundreds of thousands of dollars. Hague is a campaign manager for Al Smith. Among his close associates are such corrupt officials of the state federation as Theodore Brandle, building trades czar and head of the Iron League, a building trades bosses' association; Hilfers, who was forced, under fire last year, to admit that the Jersey federation received over $100,000 from huge New Jersey open shop firms in the form of "complimentary" ads. Brandle has broken up many strikes of building trades workers.

5 UNIONS JOIN WALK-OUT WHEN CALL IS ISSUED

All Industries Will Be Tied Up

ROSARIO, Argentina, Sept. 19.—All tools will be laid down, all public services will be suspended, and all business activities will come to a standstill when workers here will walk out on strike tomorrow, answering a call for a general strike issued by the Federation of Trade Unions.

Today five additional unions joined the strike of a number of other unions as a protest against prevailing wages and working conditions here.

The port workers, who had succeeded in completely tying up the port of Rosario, the second largest port in Argentina, as a protest against the employment of non-union workers, will also join the general strike tomorrow, it is reported.

The warehouse workers, who had formed themselves into a union yesterday, are asking for a 30 per cent increase in wages and if the demands are rejected they will join the general strike.

Government officials are greatly alarmed and the firm directors almost panic-stricken, since the strike threatens to spread to Buenos Ayres, the largest port in the Argentine, which would practically mean a national general strike, which had been brewing for the last three months.

Thousands of tons of grain of the summer and fall harvests await shipment and will have to remain on the docks.

SEEK GIRL SLAYER.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 19 (U.P.)—Governor Donahey today issued requisition papers for Loveda Doyle, 18-year-old divorcee of Oil City, Pa., wanted in Akron, Ohio, for the fatal shooting of Robert McCormick, Akron.

COMRADES!

Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Is Coming

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Wallach Brothers Steals Wages of Workers, Worker Correspondent Says

AMALGAMATED FAKERS WON'T UNIONIZE FIRM

Company Robs Men of Afternoon's Wages

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Hart, Schaffner and Marx, clothing manufacturers of Chicago, said to be one of the first concerns to accept unionization of its shops, which were organized by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, recently opened up retail clothing stores in many cities, under different names, in which the alteration shops are not organized.

Wallach Brothers, chain clothing stores in New York, is owned by Hart, Schaffner and Marx. The alterations from nine stores are gathered in at No. 114 E. 22nd St., where normally seventy-five tailors are employed who work fifty-two hours a week and receive twenty-seven dollars a week wages.

Wallach Brothers' (i.e. Hart, Schaffner and Marx) manager and the foremen are so insolent to the tailors that many times they did not pay for whole afternoons merely because some of the workers, upon returning from their noon lunch period, neglected to register the time on their time-cards, although their cards were properly recorded upon at quitting time which showed that they had been in the shop; moreover, the foremen knew of their urgence. I have known four cases in which the company stole the afternoon's wages, particularly those of a poor woman who was told not to complain about or she would be "fired."

Just how a unionized concern can operate an open shop, paying the lowest possible wages in the city is a question to be asked from the officialdom of the Amalgamated who know quite well that Wallach Brothers is none other than the Hart, Schaffner and Marx Company. Why have they not attempted to organize this alteration shop? In fact, some of the workers of this shop appealed to the Amalgamated quite a few times for organization, but the Amalgamated flatly refused to take steps to do so.

Is this a concession to Hart, Schaffner and Marx by the Amalgamated? We are inclined to believe that it is so.

—JOHN LUCAS.

FRANCE, BRITAIN HIDE NAVY PACT

Cushendun Would Put Up Arms Conference

GENEVA, Sept. 17.—The opposition of the United States government to the Franco-British alliance implied in the naval pact and to the attempts of the allied powers to cancel war debts owed to the United States is taken on authoritive sources here to be the cause of Lord Cushendun's strong demands that the preparatory disarmament commission meeting be postponed until some form of naval agreement with the United States be attained.

At the meeting which considered the calling of the disarmament commission Cushendun insisted that the meeting be held in February or March instead of November, as urged by the German government. The French and British governments also are united in their refusal to publish the Franco-Brtiish naval pact.

Observers here believe that the disarmament commission would be a complete fiasco, even as far as satisfactory agreements between the European and United States governments are concerned, unless Washington can be induced to grant some sort of a compromise, or other agreements can be entered into which would pacify the American government's naval ambitions and in some way counter-act the implied threat in the Franco-British naval pact.

Streets of San Juan, Porto Rico, After Giant Disaster

Thousands of homeless Porto Rican peasants are leaving their storm-wrecked little farms and flocking into San Juan. Above, homeless workers and peasants wandering thru the debris-filled streets of the city in the hope of finding scraps of food and shelter.

URUGUAY ELECTIONS MAY BRING DICTATOR

The precarious majority of the "Colorados" (the union of all liberal factions) in the Uruguayan Chamber of Deputies may give way in the coming congressional elections to a majority of the "Blancos" (the conservatives) and a virtual dictatorship.

The liberals have been in power for the last fifty years, but having split in several factions, the conservatives, whose official name is "Partido Nacionalista," first succeeded in winning a majority in the "National Administrative Council" which shares the executive power with the president, and later secured an absolute majority of the senate and several posts in the cabinet. Thus, while the President Campistegui is a "Colorado," the ministry is coalition comprising members of all liberal factions and the conservatives.

The "Batllista" Colorados is the strongest and most advanced wing of the liberals. They are anti-clerical and reformist. The other Colorado factions, the "Vieristas" (from their leader Viera) whose party name is "Radicales Colorados" (Red Radicals) and the "Colorados Riveristas" (from their leader Rivera) represent the right wing of the liberals, the former the bureaucracy, and the latter the landowners and the rural business people.

Communists Hold Balance.

In the Chamber of Deputies the two conservative factions, (the "Partido Nacionalista" and the "Radicales Nacionalistas") have 59 deputies, and the three liberal factions have 61 deputies, 50 Batllistas, 8 Riveristas and 3 Vieristas. There is in addition one Catholic deputy which increases the number of conservatives to 60. Thus the two Communists often held the balance of power.

President Campistegui belongs to the Riverista (the conservative) wing of the Colorados. The Riverista and Vierista factions of the liberal coalition have demanded that all important political posts should be divided equally among the three factions; although the third faction, the Batllistas, greatly outnumber the other two. The Batllistas refused this demand. Thereupon the two minority factions decided to break away from the coalition and to oppose their own candidates against the Ballistas. This would seem to assure a victory to the conservatives (Blancos) who will have to compromise with the dissident "Colorados" to keep their support in parliament.

Dictatorship Looms.

President Campistegui is preparing to put down any opposition and it is announced that he is "substituting almost all chiefs of police and of the army units by elements of his entire confidence,' that is by Riverista or conservative heads of the armed forces.

Thus a period of reaction or even a dictatorship may be inaugurated shortly in the hitherto most liberal of all South American countries.

Uruguay received several loans in the last two years from New York bankers and in every Latin American country where the American bankers have large interests and a considerable measure of control, dictatorships are replacing constitutional rule, as has happened in Chile, Cuba, Peru, Bolivia.

POLICE ARREST YOUNG WORKER

Try to Intimidate Her at Station House

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Tillie Lurye, 17, a member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, was arrested last night at a meeting held at 7th St. and Ave. B. Two fat protectors of the peace, hearing the young girl speak, got out of their auto, and one of them approached her and listened a few minutes. The speaker, in the hope of educating the big policeman, began quoting constitutional rights, and gave an instance of a policeman addressing a Communist speaker and telling him "get off the platform or I'll kick you off." The listening officer, taking the remarks personally, came up, pulled at the girl's skirt impatiently, and roughly told her, "Get off or I'll kick you off."

Later, in the car on the way to the 5th St. station, he tried to convert her by saying that she was a "disgrace to America." At the station house Tillie was severely lectured and told by the judge that if she spoke again she would land behind the bars.

At last Saturday's meeting at Clinton Street, Tillie Lurye collected an audience of one thousand by her fiery speaking, and she expects to do the same next week in spite of the judge's ultimatum. The police inadvertantly did us a favor, for they doubled the size of the crowd, and gave us several more sympathizers.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 18. — Hundreds of militant workers of this city and vicinity are expected to attend the "Three Bargain Days" which the Cloakmakers and Furriers Relief Conference is preparing for them.

The bazaar which will be held Friday, Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 28, 29 and 30, is expected to be the biggest event of the season and will be held at the Co-operative Center, 2706 Brooklyn Avenue Los Angeles, Cal.

The entire proceeds will be turned over to the Joint Defense for Relief of the Cloakmakers and Furriers.

GENEVA, Sept. 19 (U.P.).—Italy has signed the League of Nations opium convention, which becomes effective next week.

LABOR TEMPLE BARS SPEAKER

Close Doors in Face of Anita Whitney

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail). —Anita Whitney, criminal syndicalism victim and Communist candidate for the senatorial shoes of Hiram Johnson, ex-Bull-Moose "progressive," was scheduled to speak in the labor Temple in the evening following the misnamed Labor Day, or on Sept. 4th. But on the advice of a "socialist" the management of the place changed its mind and closed the doors of the temple in the face of a real representative of workers and poor farmers of this city, state and nation, a reliable report stated.

"Red" Squad Present.

A last hour re-arrangement from that advertised in the Daily Worker was made and the lecture was given at the Walker Theatre Building, 730 South Grand Ave., on the same day and at the same hour as proviously announced in our daily. The affair was characterized as a successful one in every respect and a collection of about $630 was taken up in cash and pledges.

The "Red" Squad, absent at Labor Day and "Labor Sunday" meetings under the auspices of the A. F. of L. at which a prosecutor, a preacher and patriotic patriots of the American Legion played "friends of labor," was present, and paid its respects to the "Oakland Firebrand" (the expression of a reactionary penny morning sheet) but no arrests were made this time. Why? Probably, to prevent, as much as possible, the message of Communism in general and the program of the Workers (Communist) Party in particular from reaching the eyes and ears of the exploited workers of this city, county and state. "The arrest of 'reds' means propaganda for the cause" the labor baiters argue—sometimes.

Persecution and Prosecution.

Detective-Lieutenant William Hynes, chief of the "red" squad and the darling of the labor-hating (bitter) Better American Federation, has been very active during the last few months,. intimidating, jailing and prosecuting members of the Anti-Imperialist League, strikers and comrades working in the interests of struggling miners.

On May 1st, Hynes prevented the council of the foreign-born workers from holding their meetings at the public library. The management of that master class institution, which refused to renew its subscription to the Daily Worker last year, was told that some of the members of said council were "reds."

So you see, that the boss class, the A. F. of L. officialdom, the police and the socialists are all working hand in hand against the Communists—the only read representative of the working class today.

—L. P. RINDAL.

WORKERS SCORE BETRAYAL AT 13 HAMBURG MEETS

League Member Tells of Demonstration

(By a Worker Correspondent)

HAMBURG, Germany, (By Mail) —I arrived in Hamburg, Germany, August 25th, and I am very glad to tell you that I was fortunate enough to witness and participate in a demonstration arranged by the Hamburg district of the Communist Party and their brothers, the Young Communist League. This demonstration was to protest against the "socialist" German government's battleship ratification. One of the battleships is being built already. It will be called the Panzer Kreutzer A.

Our German comrades held 13 demonstrations in as many parts of the city. These demonstrations were not held in a square as are ours in the United States. Our German comrades marched through the streets and covered a large territory which belongs to their section.

I participated in a section where most of the comrades are seamen, longshoremen or are in some way connected with marine activity. These comrades are called Rote Marine (Red Marines) and were dressed in uniform. Other comrades were also in uniform. They were the Rote Front Kaemfer (Red Front Fighters). Both belong to a military organization called the Rote Front Bunde.

The women were in uniform and had a band on their arms. They are Red nurses and when the proletarian revolution will come in Germany they will give medical aid to the Red Army and the Red Fleet. These Red nurses are members of an organization known as Arbeiter Samaritan Bunde.

We had a workers' band, workers with red flags and a small truck wih a sign jeering at the social-democratic party. The S. D. P. of Germany is proud of the battleships which are now being built.

After the comrades marched through the streets and covered their territory, we stopped at a certain corner and held a meeting. We had speakers on both sides of the street. After the speakers concluded, our comrades demonstrated back to headquarters of the seamen's section of the party. (International Seamen's Club).

This demonstration shows that the police are helpless and afraid when the Communists hold demonstrations in Germany because the Communist movement in Germany is a big power. Street cars, automobiles, motorcycles, bicycles were held up for about eight minutes every time we passed a street intersection, but the police were afraid to interfere.

I hope that our movement in the United States will become a power as in Germany; I hope, too, for a Workers' and Farmers' government the world over. Long live the struggle for Communism!

—NAT BLOCK.

(Former member Young Workers League, New York City).

Cohan Season Opens Monday With "Elmer the Great"

GEORGE M. COHAN begins his New York season next Monday. To make things interesting, he is bringing no less than three shows to town, three days apart. All three have had more than the customary short road tryouts.

"Elmer the Great," Ring Lardner's egostical ball player with Walter Huston starred, relights the Lyceum Monday. Nan Sunderland, Katharine Francis, Edith Luckett, Harold Healy and Thomas V. Gillen are in the cast. This comedy has been playing in Chicago for fifteen weeks.

"By Request," by the Nugents with Elliott featured, steps into the Hudson on Thursday, September 27. It also has been in Chicago. J. C. Nugent, Norma Lee, Eleanor Winslow Williams, Veree Teasdale, Harry McNaughton, Grant Mills and Charles Halton are the other players.

"Billie," in which Polly Walker is starred, deserts Philadelphia this Saturday, plays Newark for a week, and on Monday, October 1 will find its way into the Erlanger Theatre. Robinson Newbold, Val and Ernie Stanton, Joseph Wagstaff, Ina Hayward, Marjorie Lane and Charles Sabin are on the roster of the new musical show.

GEORGE M. COHAN.

Who will bring his two new productions to town next week, "Elmer the Great," on Monday at the Lyceum and "By Request," on Thursday at the Hudson.

Woods Will Open With "Jealousy" and "Fast Life" Next Week

A. H. Woods will inaugurate his production season by bringing two new attractions into New York next week. The first of these will be "Jealousy," starring Fay Bainter, and featuring Guthrie McClintic, at the Eltinge Theatre Tuesday evening. "Jealousy" is by Eugene Walter, who based his play on the French of Louis Verneuil.

On Wednesday, Woods will present "Fast Life" at the Ambassador Theatre, with Chester Morris and Claudette Colbert featured, and the large cast also includes William Morris and Crane Wilbur. This is the latest melodramatic work of Samuel Shipman and John B. Hymer.

Another Woods production "The Trial of Mary Dugan," now playing its final two weeks at the Century Theatre will go on tour. Mrs. Leslie Carter in "The Shanghai Gesture" is another production to go on tour. The new Florence Reed show "The Legacy" is also on its way here.

4,500 German Textile Workers Locked Out

BERLIN (By Mail).—Negotiations between the mill-owners and the employees in the Duren textile industry having broken down, the employers locked out their workers yesterday.

Four thousand five hundred male and female workers are affected, and a prolonged struggle is feared.

The mill-owners refuse to consider any increase whatever in the present tariff, as they claim conditions in the industry are too bad.

The workers are demanding increases up to 15 per cent.

DELAY FASCIST FLIGHT.

OLD ORCHARD, Me., Sept. 19 (U.P.).—The transatlantic flight of the sesquiplane Roma was again postponed today because a strong cross wind made a take-off hazardous, Captain Cesare Sabelli, commander and pilot, announced. An attempt to start will be made between 10 a. m. and 11 a. m. tomorrow.

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Fascists Failed to Break Up Red Meets in Astoria; Turn to Bay Ridge

TAMMANY MEN FAIL; DETERRED BY WORKERS

Meeting Scheduled for Friday

The Tammany fascists parading under the emblem of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, after turning tail from Astoria, where the Workers (Communist) Party now holds large weekly election meetings, are concentrating their attacks in the Bay Ridge section of Brooklyn, where they are attempting the same strong arm methods to break up Communist open air meetings.

At the corner of 50th St. and 5th Ave., in Brooklyn, the fascists drove up in a large truck marked "V. F. W." as the Communist meeting was being adjourned by Mania Reiss, and attempted to break up the meeting prematurely. Despite their attempts the meeting had a normal finish. Mania Reiss, seeing the crowd of veterans advancing upon the platform, told of the intrepidity of 30 Astoria fascists in beating up four Workers Party speakers.

A worker standing in back of the Communist platform overheard the patrioteers plotting a rush on the platform, and when one of their number commented on the size and evident sympathy of the crowd of workers with the speakers, another one said, "Well, aren't we getting paid for it?"

The Tammany affiliation of the Veterans of Foreign Wars was evidenced by their shouting for Al Smith, the candidate of Tammany.

That the fascists, after being whipped by the Communists in Astoria, are trying their luck in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, is seen by the Communist election campaigners as evidence of their determination to try to break up Bay Ridge Communist meetings in the future. Just as, after the Astoria meeting at which the Communist speakers were beaten up large crowds of workers mobilized to resist further fascist attacks, so will the workers mobilize in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn next Friday evening. Many workers whose anger was aroused over the Astoria affair and who participated in the huge meeting there, will travel to Bay Ridge on Friday. The meeting is scheduled to open at 8 o'clock.

Young Workers of New England Launch $5,000 'Build the League' Fund

BOSTON, Sept. 18.—The Young Workers League of New England is working energetically to raise $5,000 to build its units and further organization of the young workers.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of District 1 appeals to all sympathetic organizations and individuals to help us raise the money.

Some achievements have already been recorded in the work of collecting funds. They are:

The fall festivals of the Finnish Workers' Club on August 31, $52.05; Camp Nitgedaiget (Labor Day), $13.60; Roxbury, Sept. 13 (house to house collections), $7.80; Boston, $23.35; contributions from individuals, $6.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

They Have Good Reasons for Boosting Radios

Charles Edison, Harvey Firestone, Henry Ford and Thomas A. Edison (left to right) all have very good reasons for boosting the worlds radio fair. The Edisons and Ford have long been "interested" in the radio. Firestone recently secured a radio concession in connection with his rubber empire in Liberia.

SEEK NEW GOAT IN I. R. T. WRECK

District Attorney Puts Blame on Worker

Evidence taken yesterday at the hearing into the responsibility for the recent Times Square subway disaster again revealed the fact that the blame will finally be fastened upon some rank and file worker rather than upon higher officials of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. The failure of these officials to repair equipment and maintain the railroad in a condition of safety has been shown as the most likely cause of this as well as of other wrecks. As usual these officials are expected to escape all censure.

After yesterday's session in the hearing being conducted by first assistant district attorney Ferdinand Pecora it was admitted by Gilbert C. Whitney, transit commission signal engineer, that William S. Baldwin, an I. R. T. signalman upon whom the company at first sought to fasten the blame, could not have turned the switch which caused the accident.

After Whitney was forced to admit this fact, Pecora recalled to the witness stand Harry King, a young train clerk who was in the tower at the time, and sought by his questioning of King to convey the impression that either King or another worker present in the tower at the time pressed a button which threw the switch.

Grocery and Butchers' Unions Will Hold Food Workers' Election Rally

Members of the Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks and of the Hebrew Butchers' Unions, who have bitterly fought the reactionary policies of the Socialist-controlled United Hebrew Trades Council, are mobilizing for the Food Workers' Election Rally to be held Friday night, Sept. 21, 8 p. m., at the Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th Street.

The mass meeting is called by the Food Workers' Section of the Trade Union Educational League, so that all food workers may hear the issues of the presidential campaign expounded by the only workingclass party in the country, the Workers (Communist) Party. Among the speakers will be John J. Ballam, acting district organizer for the Workers' Party, New York, and prominent food trades unionists including Philip Kleinberg, Local 500, Bakery and Confectionary Workers; Edward Schwartz, organizer, Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union; Sam Kramberg, executive board, Hotel and Restaurant Workers' International Alliance, A. F. of L.; E. Werner of the new Progressive Butcher and Chicken Workers' Union; and Gertrude Welsh, Local 1, Waiters and Waitresses.

In an interview last night, Schwartz of the Grocery Clerks Union stated that when the polling places open on election day the progressive food workers will be ready to cast their votes for the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

RANK AND FILE MILLINERS HOLD PROTEST RALLY

Demand End of Right Wing Terror

Rank and file members of the Millinery Local 24 yesterday crowded Bryant Hall in a protest meeting against the reactionary policies of their union officialdom, and condemned unanimously in a resolution the bureaucrats' provocation of a bloody attack on the membership at the last union meeting, because the militants there demanded the immediate passage of measures for unemployment relief.

Workers beaten up at the last membership meeting rose to speak from the rostrum and tell how their demands for an unemployment relief fund for the ever growing circle of jobless millinery workers was answered by the officials with an attack on those leading the fight from the floor of the meeting. Morris Fein, Milton Weich, Victor Chibulsky, M. Eitzer and Eva Schaffran spoke at the meeting.

Attack Misleaders.

The last to speak before passage of the resolution was H. Zukowsky leader of the left wing workers in the union. After pointing out that the last three years in the industry were the most prosperous in the trade, and therefore a time when better conditions can be fought for and easily won, Zukowsky declared that the leadership of the union had not only not won any improvements in working standards but had allowed the trade to develop the contracting system and other evils which were ruining the industry and causing severe unemployment.

In proof of this contention he offered the fact that the workers won with comparative ease the concession of shorter hours after their officials were ready to give up these demands. Zaritsky, president of the International, has always been and still is openly propagating the return to the 44-hour week and the piece-work system, he stated.

WORKERS CALENDAR

All announcements for this column must reach The DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

• • •

Chicago Social and Concert

A very interesting social and concert will be held on Saturday, September 22, at 7:30 p. m. in the Freiheit Hall, 3301 W. Roosevelt Road, under the joint auspices of Section 4 of the Workers Party, the Young Workers League and the Pioneers. The program promises to be an especially good one. Admission 25c.

• • •

Chicago Anti-War Demonstration.

On September 23 at Ashland Auditorium, a mass demonstration against capitalist militarism will be held under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League. Besides prominent speakers, an attractive program containing playlets, music and other attractions is being arranged.

• • •

International Youth Day.

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Washington, D. C., will celebrate International Youth Day Sunday, Sept. 23, at 1337 Seventh St., N. W. A well known speaker will address the meeting. A musical program has been arranged, to be followed by dancing. Admission is 25 cents, including a three months' subscription to the Young Worker free.

• • •

Anti-War Meet.

In St. Louis an anti-war mass meeting will be held at Jeffla Hall, Jefferson and Lafayette avenue, on September 23, at 8.00 p. m. This meeting is being held by the Young Workers (Communist) League in celebrating International Youth Day. Interesting speakers, violin recital, string orchestra, playlet are some of the features. Admission is 25 cents, which includes a two months' subscription to the Young Worker. The unemployed will be admitted free.

• • •

Open Air Meetings.

The following open-air meetings are being held in Cincinnati by the Workers (Communist) Party:

Tuesdays, Hopkins and Freeman Aves.; Wednesdays, Clinton and Central Aves.; Fridays, Springrove and Straight Sts.; Saturdays, Court and Vine Sts. Speakers L. A. Weeks and H. M. Foster.

• • •

Weekly Sales.

Beginning Wednesday, Sept. 19, the Workers Co-operative Association of Detroit will run weekly Red Star Sales on Wednesday nights at its store at 6020 14th Street.

• • •

Philadelphia Youth Day

The Young Workers (Communist) League of Philadelphia will celebrate International Youth Day September 28 with a mass meeting at Grand Fraternity Hall, 1628 Arch Street. A special musical and choral program will be offered.

• • •

Phila. Y. W. L. Dance.

The second annual dance of the Strawberry Mansion Unit of the Young Workers League will be held Saturday, October 20, at Parkway Hall, 31st and Ridge Avenue. Dancing 8 p. m. to midnight. Music by the Double Union Orchestra. Admission 35 cents.

• • •

Phila. Open-air Meetings.

The Workers (Communist) Party will hold the following open-air meetings in the city of Philadelphia:

Today: 40th and Lancaster Avenue, 32nd and Cumberland.

Tomorrow: Wylie and Ridge; 7th and Snyder.

Saturday: 7th and Snyder Ave.; Germantown and Silver.

Monday, Sept. 24: Marshall and Girard.

Tuesday, Sept. 25: 13th and Reed; 11th and Poplar.

• • •

Cleveland Press Bazaar.

The annual district bazaar will be held on the 15th and 16th of December at Pythian Castle, 1624 E. 55th St. A grand drawing will be held in connection with the bazaar and three valuable prizes will be awarded.

Everyone is asked to cooperate with the arrangements committee. Articles can be sent to the district office, 2046 E. 4th Street, Cleveland. Mark them for District Bazaar.

Textile Delegates to Attend Huge Picnic of the T. U. E. L. in Body

One of the outstanding indications of the role played by the Trade Union Educational League in the struggles of militant workers against exploitation by the bosses and against the reactionary policies of labor-betraying unions will be the attendance in a body of the textile workers who are forming a new union at the annual Trade Union Educational League workers' festival. The festival will be held this Saturday, Sept. 22, at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn.

The revolt of the textile workers against the class collaboration policies of the United Textile Workers is largely due to the left wing policies advocated by the T. U. E. L., which has taken an open stand against the bureaucrats in all right wing unions.

The festival this year is expected to outdo all previous workers' picnics, both in the matter of entertainment and enthusiasm. An excellent program of sports has been arranged, with competitors from the various trades participating. There will also be a poetry reading, with such well-known proletarian poets as Mike Gold, A. B. Magil, Edwin Rolfe, Beatrice Siskind and Adolf Wolff reading.

Coming as it does toward the end of September the festival is expected to draw larger crowds than usually attend open-air affairs.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

D'OLIER DATA GOES TO JURY IN LONG ISLAND

Prosecutor Confuses Clear Case

Evidence gathered in a two weeks' investigation of the death of William D'Olier, president of the Sanitation Corporation, whose body was found Sept. 2 near Maspeth, will be presented to the September grand jury convening in Long Island City today.

District Attorney Richard S. Newcombe sought to give the impression that the case was a most baffling one in spite of the more than usual evidence pointing to the fact that D'Olier had been murdered in order to prevent him from giving testimony against the Queens sewer-graft ring. Newcombe will turn over the evidence to the grand jury in such a way, it appears, that no decision can be made by the jurors.

Meanwhile Newcombe, who has conducted an investigation of the former executive's affairs, was preparing to examine D'Olier's will, which was found among his effects, and its probable effect on the case.

Complete Steps for Electric Light and Power Merger Here

The final step in placing under one executive head the electric light and power service for four principal boroughs of Greater New York has beren completed with the election of Matthew W. Sloan as president and director of the New York and Queens Electric Light and Power Co.

He was elected president of the N. Y. Edison Co., on Aug. 28 and United Electric Light and Power Co., Sept. 4.

TRANSATLANTIC DIRIGIBLE.

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, Sept. 19 (U.P.)—Complete satisfaction with the performance of the new transatlantic dirigible Count Zeppelin, was expressed today by Dr. Hugo Eckner, reviewing yesterday's first trial flight. The great airship rose quickly, managed perfectly, and attained a speed of 69 miles an hour, its commander said.

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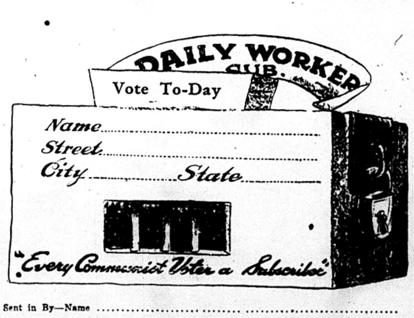

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭	☒	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers! For the Party of the Class Struggle! Against the Capitalists!

Mencken and Smith Grovel Before the Same God

The newest adherents of Wall Street's democratic party circus are those super-sophisticates of the American Mercury, H. L. Mencken and George Jean Nathan. The Mercury editors have achieved eminence and affluence as satirists of the American babbitry. Their chief customers, however, are the smart-alecky sons and daughters of those whom they hold up to scorn. Proclaiming themselves relentless enemies of mediocrities who strut upon the political stage, they have come forth as supporters of the man in the brown derby, the most palpable fraud in political life, the very personification of all the gutter-snipe, ward-heelers of the lumpen-proletariat. The choice of the Menckens, the Nathans, as well as the Heywood Brouns and all the other limpid liberals is the big chief of the sewer grafters, the building inspection shake-down artists, the license swindlers, the corrupt police, the denizens of the "roaring forties," the confidence men, the professional ball players, the race track touts, proprietors of gambling joints, the pickpockets, the second-story men, the comedians, the bootleggers, the gangsters, the soft-shoe and buck-and-wing dancers, the leaders of jazz bands, the ladies of the evening and their business agents.

As the candidate of the democratic party controlled by the House of Morgan, Al Smith, is the connecting link between the parasitic lowest strata and the parasitic upper strata of American society—the figure-head of a combination that is the class enemy of the useful members of society, the workers and farmers.

This man Smith, with his brown derby in one hand, a cane in the other and an elongated cigar tilted at an angle of thirty degrees, presents a picture that ought to furnish a lively topic for the satirists. But what do the editors of the Mercury say about this low buffoon, this court jester of Wall Street? Mr. Nathan states briefly: "My choice is Smith. At least he is no shuffler and no hypocrite."

Let us examine the fate of the main Smith plank of last year. It was the question of prohibition. Smith was the most audible wet in the whole country. Yet, in his campaign, he is careful to avoid anything that might be interpreted as unwillingness on his part to enforce the Volstead Act. In fact, as far as the main plank of his pre-nomination platform is concerned, his campaign has completely collapsed. Perhaps Mr. Nathan may be able to find another name for this sort of evasiveness, but to us it appears as shuffling and hypocrisy of the most transparent type.

Mr. Mencken is more explicit. But his observations are as banal as those of any of the babbits, the dolts and yokels he scores in the "Americana" column of his Mercury. Says Mencken of Al Smith:

> "He is an able man and a very good public official. He has the sort of experience that the presidency needs, and he has the sort of courage and frankness that it needs even more."

After this eulogium, Mencken qualifies his support of the disciple of religious superstition:

> "The objection to Al on account of his faith seems to me to be sound. In every religious man there is a screw loose; he is not to be trusted completely. But we must take what we can get. Al as a catholic is plainly superior to the methodists and baptists who now run the country. The superstitions he cherishes at least have some dignity; they are not merely low-down. If we must choose between being governed by the pope, who is a scholar and a gentleman, and the methodist bishops, who are bounders and ignoramuses, I choose the pope."

A more trivial, inept attempt at political observation would be hard to find. It is identical with the political analysis of the ku klux klan, which claims that the election of Smith means the domination of the nation by the pope of Rome. The difference between the ku kluxers and Mencken is that the kluxers annihilate the strawman they erect, while Mencken embraces it as the best that can be had out of a bad situation, one that forces the avowedly highly cultured, civilized and scholarly Mencken and his crowd to choose between catholic and protestant administrations.

If Mr. Mencken and his followers and admirers would devote even a small portion of their time to investigating politics they would discover that the real power that governs this country, whether the republicans or democrats are in control, has its seat in Wall Street, not in the vatican at Rome or in the house of a methodist bishop. And even though the ku klux klan, the popes and the bishops as well as the politicians and the Mercury editors claim to have divergent beliefs, in reality they all worship, under different names and forms, the same identical god, the one, universal diety that determines the destiny of them all—CAPITAL.

It is not the pope that will dominate the United States government, in case of the election of Smith, but the identical power that dominates the government of Andrew W. Mellon, Calvin Coolidge and Herbert Hoover—Wall Street, the citadel of the mightiest imperialism the world has ever seen. And this same power influences the pope and the other political puppets in the vatican with the same decisiveness with which it influences the protestants of the world, as well as the eminences of the American Mercury and the lame-duck columnists of the calibre of Heywood Broun. These gentlemen, who profess to be spokesmen of the "intelligent minority," (to resort to the euphemism with which they flatter their bourgeois prejudices) talk much about the achievements of science. Has it ever occurred to them that there is a science known as political economy? That there is a scientific analysis of politics as a reflex of the economic antagonisms of classes?

If these gentlemen ever heard of Marx, Engels, Lenin and other giants of the revolutionary movement, it was only in the most superficial form. With typical bourgeois flippency and intellectual snobbishness they amuse their masters by devising myths about the labor movement. If they publish a story about labor in their magazine it must be written in the form of the old fashioned yellow back novels containing the exploits of heroes of the wild and wooly west or follow the style of "Old King Brady detective stories," in order to hold the interest of the ladies and gentlemen and scholars who subscribe to the Mercury.

It would be a waste of time to try to convince such people of the scientific accuracy of the Communist criticism of capitalist society, or to talk to them of our program of revolutionary action that will initiate a society wherein ignorance and superstition will be eradicated because the very ground upon which they grow will be destroyed. Such an attempt would only evoke an outbrust of hilarity on their part.

The Menckens, the Nathans, the Brouns and their followers mock everything except the one god they all worship, the god of capitalism—gold. Before that god the pope and Smith, the methodist bishop and Hoover, Mencken and Billy Sunday all grovel in utter abasement as dogs crawl before the master that kicks them.

The New Mine Strike in Illinois.

The strike of 2,000 Illinois miners employed by the notorious Peabody Coal Company against the attempt of the operators and the Lewis-Fishwick machine to enforce a wage-cut emphasises the invincible militancy of the coal diggers. There was a time when the miners would have accepted the decisions of the Lewis machine, but the struggles of the past two years have completely unmasked them as agents of the employers.

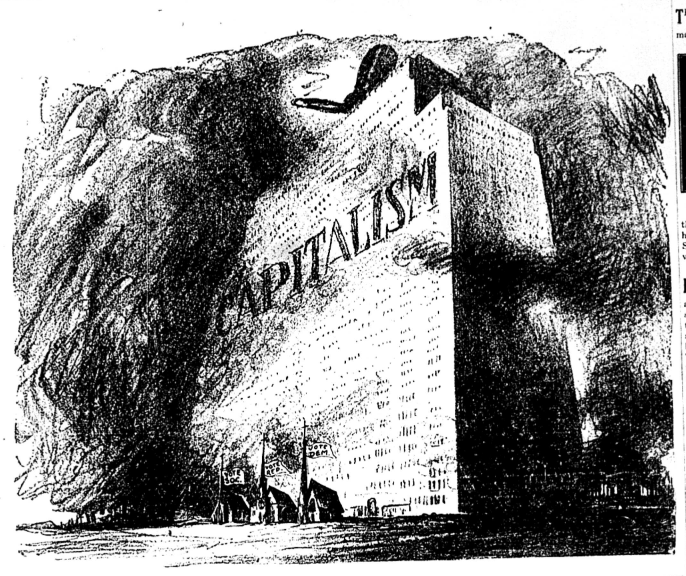
Not only did Lewis, Fishwick & Co. wreck the miners union by endeavoring to remain in control of it after they had been repudiated by a referendum vote of the membership, not only did they aid the employers defeat the miners in the strike in Pennsylvania and Ohio, but at this very moment they are trying to force the miners to accept agreements ratifying their betrayal.

The ex-labor faker and discredited stool-pigeon of the Peabody Coal Corporation, Frank Farrington, praises his successor as president of the Illinois miners, Harry Fishwick, and condemns the new National Miners' Union. It is indeed a tribute to the new union to incur the public denunciation of such a rat as Farrington.

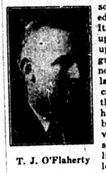
It is to be hoped that the other miners who voted overwhelmingly against accepting the wage cut agreement will follow the example of the Peabody miners. It is not enough, however, to strike against such sell-outs. The Illinois miners should affiliate enmasse with the new National Miners' Union in order effectively to conduct a struggle against wage-cuts and for union conditions.

PIOUS WINDOW DRESSING FOR WALL STREET

By Fred Ellis



Told You So



T. J. O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER staff does not get paid frequently which makes it extremely inadvisable for a generous person to visit the editorial rooms. It means a hold-up. But to make up in some degree for the monotonous irregularity of the cashier's visits the management has provided the boys who provide you with snappy headlines and the low-down on things of interest to the proletarian home, with as good a view of Union Square as can be had from any vantage point in the United States.

• • •

BEING a "visiting fireman" who drops in occasionally to snap out a few paragraphs, I can enjoy the scenery with joy unalloyed by the thot that it is a substitute for a salary. This vista has one drawback however. It breeds wanderlust. This does not mean to imply that the Daily Worker journalists hanker for more luscious assignments but that a wide open space tempts one to see what is on the other side of it.

• • •

THIS train of thot is provoked as much by an attractive advertisement that lies before me as by the scenery, and the fact that my brain is somewhat fagged as a result of sitting up until 3 a. m. listening to a spirited and interesting dialectical discussion on the latest attempt to solve the mystery of why people live, at least some of them. The advertisement I speak of is from the office of World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Avenue, New York City. And it gives many reasons why a solvent proletarian should wish to wander.

• • •

WHERE I would like to go, if I had $375, is Soviet Russia. As most of you know the anniversary of the Russian Revolution is approaching and thousands of people from all over the world are flocking to the Red Capital of the Soviet Union to witness the celebration of this greatest event in world history. The Soviet Union is worth visiting any time of the year but to be able to take in an anniversary of the Revolution is compensation for a lifetime of misery.

Tom O'Flaherty

The Sixth Red World Congress

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL

War Danger and Colonial Questions Among Those Taken Up at Communist Meet

Two major features among others characterize the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International that met nearly two full months—July and August—in Moscow. These are:

First:—The unusual number of important questions placed on the agenda of the congress, all of them receiving careful and detailed attention, including the report on the international situation and the tasks of the Comintern by Comrade Bukharin, the program of the Communist International, the imperialist war danger, colonial question, the economic situation in the U. S. S. R. and the situation in the C. P. S. U.

Second:—Increasing representation from the colonial and semi-colonial countries and the vast American Negro population, with China, Indonesia, India and Latin America, as well as the Negro problem in the United States and Africa being continually in the center of the discussions in the congress.

Ten Years.

The Sixth Congress assembled after the triumphant celebration of the glorious tenth anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution, and on the eve of the tenth anniversary (March, 1929) of the Comintern itself.

In pointing out that the tasks of the world Communist movement have become extremely complicated, Comrade Bukharin said, in opening the congress, that:

"The decline of capitalism does not follow a straight road. It proceeds along zig-zag lines, through partial improvements of various parts of the capitalist system—through, what we call, partial capitalist stabilization. This created for the Communist movement new and great difficulties. It confronted the Communist International with new problems. It compelled the Communist International as a whole and its parties individually to think and elaborate very intricate tactics of preparation and mobilization of the forces of the working class. It compelled the Communist International to seek in every-day life, on the basis of the development of the contradictions of capitalist stabilization, the means of mobilization of the masses for a new battle, for a new, more sweeping and more destructive blow at capitalism."

Intricate Problems.

The entire discussion of the whole congress was bent toward solving these intricate problems; the task of this congress "of proletarian revolutionaries." Thus the gathering became a "serious review of the general staffs of the various detachments of the International Communist army."

Unanimous on all the vital questions that came before it, the congress also registered unanimity for the declaration that at present the principal danger in the Comintern comes from the right tendency. This danger is kept alive by the period of stabilization, the survival of parliamentarianism, the influence of social-democracy and certain specific peculiarities in trade union activities. This danger, assuming various forms in the different parties, manifested itself in the aspiration to legality at any price, by excessive submission to bourgeois laws, in ignoring the necessity for accentuating the class struggle, in wrong policies toward the social-democracy, insufficient accentuation of the struggle against the "left" social-democracy, in the inadequate internationalization of the parties as was the case in regard to the Chinese revolution, and in trade union activities where general trade union discipline is frequently considered more important than our Party discipline.

Score Trotskyism.

The greatest danger to the Comintern came, some time ago, from the so-called ultra-lefts. These endeavored to set up an international organization. The collapse came with the complete rout of the Opposition in the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. It was declared that Trotskyism is a social-democratic tendency. The history of the Lenin Bund has shown that the core of the opposition has migrated to the social-democrats. The dialectics of the relationships between the so-called "ultra-left" and the right could be distinctly seen. After the defeat of the Trotskyist opposition, which represented a bloc of the right and ultra-left, the chief danger is undoubtedly the right wing danger.

The congress showed itself fully aware that the imperialist war danger is growing from month to month. In this connection Comrade Bukharin, in his closing remarks on the tasks of the Comintern, criticized those comrades who "keep internal contradictions in one pocket and external contradictions in another," declaring that this was a reflection of an under-estimation of the war danger. From the objective point of view it is the reflection of the right wing dangers in the Communist International. The principal danger that threatens us is the under-estimation of the war danger. It was pointed out that the various parties do not link up the war danger with other questions in such a way as to subordinate all other tasks to the task of combatting approaching war.

Fight War Danger.

Thus the struggle against the imperialist war held the center of attention at the congress in the discussion, not only on the general report submitted by Comrade Tom Bell (Great Britain), but also on the supplementary reports of Comrades Schneller (Germany), Garlandi (Italy), Lovestone (United States), and Barbe (France).

The Eighth Plenum (May, 1927) of the Comintern, in the midst of the raid on Arcos in Great Britain, the assassination of Voikov in Poland, and the attacks on the Soviet embassies and consulates at Peking and Shanghai, had already thoroughly considered and acted on the war danger. The Sixth Congress, therefore, had behind it a year of struggle against the war danger, and the many valuable experiences resulting therefrom. The congress joined in the international demonstrations against war on the anniversary of the outbreak of the European slaughter, which ended now nearly ten years ago with the armed truce that still suspends the world on another volcano's brink.

Note Changes.

The Theses on the Struggle Against the Imperialist War points out that the changes in the world situation since the Fifth World Congress are characterized by a tremendous intensification of all the contradictions of capitalism, by the great economic and political strengthening of the Soviet Union, by the rapid growth of the national revolutionary movements in the colonies and semi-colonial countries, above all, in China. The Theses deals with this problem under five main headings: (1) The Imminence of Imperialist War; (2) the Attitude of the Proletariat Towards War; (3) the Attitude of the Proletariat Towards the Army; (4) the Attitude of the Proletariat to the Disarmament Question and the Struggle Against Pacificism, and (5) the Defects and Tasks of the Communist Parties.

The Theses declares that a war of imperialism against the Soviet Union is an open counter-revolutionary class war of the bourgeoisie against the proletariat of every country. Its chief aim is the overthrow of the proletarian dictatorship; the basis for the tactics of the proletariat of capitalist countries for the struggle against his war is furnished by the Bolshevik program of struggle against imperialist war: the transformation into the civil war. In this connection considerable attention is given to the fact that the social-democracy is serving more and more brazenly as an active counter-revolutionary preparation for war against the Soviet Union. The proletariat is urged to give the greatest attention to the methods of the social-democracy with which the latter is ideologically preparing the war against the Soviet Union. Some of these methods are: (a) Dissemination of such lies and slanders as "Red Imperialism" and "Red Militarism," "Identity of Fascism and Bolshevism," etc.; (b) the malicious propaganda that the dictatorship of the proletariat is the cause of war or one of the causes of war; (c) the hypocritical attitude that "We are for the support of the Soviets but against the Communists and the Comintern"; (d) propagation of defeatism towards the Soviet government under a "left" mask. The war danger during the last year has given us several examples, especially on the part of the German social-democrats. These examples are no less clearly expressed by the allies of the social-democracy, the Trotskyists, e. g., in their phrases about "Thermidorism," "kulakisation," etc.

Reformist Betrayers.

The so-called left leaders of the social-democracy, who were characterized by the Eighth Plenum as the most dangerous enemies of Communism in the labor movement, have completely confirmed this characterization in recent months, particularly at the Brussels Congress of the Second International.

Considerable attention is given to the national-revolutionary wars of the oppressed colonies and semi-colonies which Lenin predicted in 1916, have changed from a theoretical certainty into a world historical fact in recent years. As examples of such wars are mentioned the war in Morocco against French and Spanish imperialism, uprisings in Syria, wars in Mexico and Nicaragua against American imperialism, and finally the great Chinese northern expedition in 1926-27. Since the national-revolutionary wars will play an important role in the present epoch of the world revolution, the proletariat is called upon to devote the greatest attention to the experiences and lessons of these wars.

In outlining the struggle of the proletariat in capitalist countries against pacifism, it is emphasized that the most important tool of the imperialists in the disarmament farce is social-democracy which spreads among the masses the illusion that genuine disarmament and abolition of war are possible without the overthrow of imperialism.

Colonial Question.

The Theses on the Colonial Question, presented by Comrade Kuusinen, was based on the Theses of the Second Congress written by Lenin. It was much more detailed and reviewed developments up to the present time. The Sixth Congress declares that the "Principles on the National and Colonial Question" adopted at the Second Congress still have full validity, and still serve as a guiding line for the further work of Communist Parties. Since the time of the Second Congress the actual importance of the colonies, however, has vitally increased as crisis factors in the capitalistic world system. All basic questions of the revolutionary movement in the colonies and semi-colonies are immediately bound up with the greatest epoch-making struggle between the capitalist and socialist systems, which are now being fought out on a world scale in the form of the struggle of world imperialism against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, and within each of the various capitalist countries between the existing bourgeois class regime and the Communist movement.

The Theses reviews in detail the essence of imperialist colonial policy, the various types of colonial countries and the position of the peasantry, the question of the bourgeois-democratic revolution in the most important countries, and sets forth the immediate general tasks of the Communists. Most important features of the theses are its declarations on "decolonization" and its analysis of the bourgeois-democratic revolution. The theses declares that all the talk of the imperialists and their lackeys about the "decolonization" policy of the imperialist powers towards their colonies, about the fostering of their "development in liberty," is nothing else than an imperialist lie. It is extremely important that the Communists, in both the imperialist and colonial countries, shall completely unmask this lie.

Communist Program.

The phase of the bourgeois-democratic revolution which is at present involved in countries like India and China, with relatively broadly developed class differentiation, and the Union of South Africa, the Philippines, Algiers and Tunis, and in part of Morocco, where class differentiation is likewise relatively developed, is the phase of transition to the Socialist revolution. The historical meaning of this phase consists precisely in the preparation of the pre-conditions for the proletarian dictatorship of the socialist revolution.

One of the monumental achievements of the congress was the building of the program of the Communist International. This task had been specially referred to the Sixth Congress. The original draft as submitted by Comrades Bukharin and Stalin went through a long period of the most intense and searching discussion, both in the congress itself, as well as in several commissions. The program is not only a summing up of the experiences of the Russian Revolution and the international labor movement, but is a fighting weapon of the world proletariat. It is emphatic testimony to the growing internationalism of world labor under the Marxist-Leninist banner, convincing proof of the fact that the Communist International has fallen heir to the traditions of the First International, while the Second International, with its insuperable national antagonisms continues to give convincing proof of its bankruptcy. The Program testifies to the Leninist Unity of the Comintern, the international fighting party of the world's proletariat. The world program is the best proof that the Comintern is a world party, the collective will of the vanguard of international labor. One of its treasured contributions is the estimation of the new functions of the social democrats. It also refers to the role of the American Federation of Labor in the regime of the dollar imperialism. The Program says:

"The commercially cynical and secular imperialistic form of subjection to the ideological influence of the bourgeoisie is represented by contemporary 'socialist' reformism. Copying their gospel from the tablets of imperialist politics, their model today is the deliberately anti-socialist and openly counter-revolutionary American Federation of Labor. The 'ideological' dictatorship of the American servile trade union bureaucracy, which in its turn is the expression of the 'ideological' dictatorship of the American dollar, has become, through the medium of British reformism and His Majesty's socialists of the British labor party, the most important composite part of the theory and practice of the whole of international social-democracy and the leaders of the Amsterdam international. Moreover, the leaders of the German and Austrian social-democracy embellish these theories with Marxian phraseology and in this way mask their utter betrayal of Marxism."

Thus from the sixth world congress, an epoch-making event in the forward march to victory of the world's working class, there goes forth the appeal of the closing paragraphs of the world program declaring:

"Communists do not think it necessary to conceal their views and intentions. They openly declare that their goal can be achieved only by the violent overthrow of the present social system.

"Let the dominant class tremble before the Communist revolution. The proletariat has nothing to lose but its chains! It has the whole world to gain!

"Workers of all countries, unite!"

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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FOSTER EXPOSES "LABOR" BUNK IN HOOVER'S SPEECH

Communist Candidate Cites Facts

Unemployment Grows

Indiana to Go on Ballot Soon

PORTLAND, Ore., (By Mail).—In his speech in Portland last night, William Z. Foster, candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party for president, gave the Communists' answer to Hoover's Newark speech on labor. Foster charged willful misrepresentation, stating that Hoover knows very well that the army of unemployed has not been reabsorbed into industry as he claimed.

"There are still at least 4,000,000 workers without jobs, and the process that is creating prosperity for employers results in unemployment, a vicious speed-up system, wage-cuts and the smashing of the trade unions," Foster said.

"In 1927 the factories of the United States produced 26 per cent more than in 1919, with 11 per cent fewer workers. Technological improvement together with speed-up has resulted in the creeping paralysis of unemployment for which neither Hoover nor Smith offers any cure or even relief. In 1919, for instance, according to the 'Annalist' for March, 1926, there were 10,689,000 employed in the big industries; in 1926 this had decreased to 9,850,000.

Opposed Social Legislation.

"Hoover cynically condemns any sort of social legislation to relieve the acute situation."

"He had the audacity to praise the Fordney-McCumber tariff bill in a section where the textile workers have carried on long and bitter struggles for decent wages and working conditions against the textile mill barons who alone bene-

Continued on Page Three

NEW DRESS UNION ORGANIZES PHILA.

Shop Delegates Launch New Organization

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 20—With great confidence and an enthusiasm for the future of unionism among the clothing workers in this notoriously open shop city, the delegates assembled at the conference of shop committees in the dress industry, yesterday officially launched the Waist and Dressmakers' Local of the National Organization Committee for a new Cloak and Dressmakers' Union.

Many Delegates.

Eighty-nine delegates, representing the shop committees in 29 factories, and many individual workers, attending for shops where committees have not as yet been established, participated in the conference and thru their decisive action supplanted the corrupt right wing Sigman local here, with a new, energetic, and honest union, that will organize this overwhelmingly non-union center. Later bouquets of flowers were sent to the conference by the workers in the Philadelphia factories.

Charles S. Zimmerman, one of the leaders of the National Organization Committee, came from New York to speak to the conference and to report the tremendous progress being made by the movement for the new union thruout the nation in all centers of the ladies' garment manufacturing industry.

Unanimous adoption was accorded a resolution condemning as strikebreakers and union wreckers, the clique in control of the right wing local here. The resolution also charged the International Ladies Garment Workers' Union officials with refusing to organize the many sweat shops here, instead of carrying on a campaign of persecution of

Continued on Page Three

No Attempt to Kill Trotsky; Soviet Union Nails New British Lie

MOSCOW, Sept. 20.—Reports published in the London press alleging that attempts had been made to assassinate Leon Trotsky are completely without foundation, it was stated here today.

The Izvestia has never published any statement (as the London press alleges) declaring that an investigating committee has been sent to Turkestan, and the foreign office has issued a statement denying the existence of any such commission.

Hundreds of Porto Rican Workers Died As Storm Demolished Huts

Terrified by the disaster, the exploited natives of Porto Rico had little chance of escape when hurricane swept over island, demolishing huts in which these workers, exploited by Wall Street, must live. Photo shows outskirts of San Juan, where heavy toll was taken.

2,000 HAIL NEW MINERS' UNION

Watt, Toohey Receive Big Ovation

Hailing the formation of the new National Miners' Union in one of the most enthusiastic demonstrations in the recent progress of the New York labor movement, over two thousand workers crowded Central Opera House last night to hear John J. Watt, president and Pat Toohey, secretary-treasurer of the new union, give an account of the events attending the formation of the organization.

"The miners have struck the first blow for freedom," Watt declared. "The needle trades workers, the textile workers, the steel workers—the workers of the world must rise to deliver the blows which will make them free." Watt received an ovation when he came to the platform.

Toohey Gets Hand.

Toohey likewise received a great hand from the New York workers who have watched closely the record of his heroic sacrifices in the great mine struggle, his numerous arrests, imprisonments and sluggings by the mine police. "Nothing can stop the building of a great and militant mine union which will carry on the fight for the organization of the half million coal diggers," Toohey declared.

The stage was decorated with signs of welcome, one of which read: "Hail National Miners' Union!" Throughout the meeting

Continued on Page Two

FRENCH TEXTILE WORKERS STRIKE

Thousands May Follow Idle Operatives

PARIS, Sept. 20.—An enthusiastic general mass meeting of textile workers in Lille, Tuesday evening, called by the revolutionary unions, voted unanimously to begin the strike for improved conditions in Northern France. Nine mills in the Halluin district struck Monday, putting forward similar demands.

As previously reported, the left wing unions here had delivered an ultimatum to the mill owners demanding higher wages for men and women, with the proviso that refusal means a general walk-out by Sept. 23. The strike begins immediately.

Strike action here was taken despite the recent decision of the reformist leaders of the National Textile Workers Federation to sabotage the strike by advising their members to wait till they "study the wage question."

SOVIET CAMPAIGN FOR NEW CAPITAL

No Big Change in Policy

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—One of the results of the new Soviet policy to bid for investment capital is seen in the launching of a campaign through Soviet commercial agencies abroad to attract capital.

The change of attitude toward foreign capital as indicated by the Soviet decree of September 15 is the result of two decisive factors. The first is the growth of Soviet industry under state control; the building of socialism unaided by other countries. The second is the proved ability of the Soviets to meet their financial obligations as was evidenced by the recent deposits in German banks of Russian gold to cover a loan that does not fall due until next month, which tremendously raises the prestige of the Soviets among the international financiers.

The fundamental principles of Soviet concessions will remain, however, unchanged. After a given length of time the industries established with foreign capital will automatically revert to the government and become a part of the socialized industry.

Labor Faker in Racket Graft Skips Detroit

(Special to the Daily Worker)

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 20.—Frank X. Martel, president of the Detroit Federation of Labor, red baiter and champion labor betrayer, is now dodging a warrant issued for his arrest on charges of extortion.

Martel is charged specifically with having received from Manuel Jacoby, brother of Charles Jacoby, head of a large cleaning establishment, the sum of $500 which the labor misleader forced the firm to pay him. The $500 charge is believed to be but a small part of what Martel and his companion labor fakers have received.

Goes Into Hiding.

Knowing that the warrant was about to be issued, Martel hurriedly left the state and is now in hiding. His attorney, John F. Simmons, is busy issuing statements

Continued on Page Three

YOUTH MEET HITS FRACTIONALISM

Discuss Colonial Work at 20th Session

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 20.—The problems of the international working youth were taken up by Schueller when he made the report for the Work Program Commission at the twentieth session of the Fifth World Congress of the Young Communist International, which opened under the chairmanship of Gorkic.

Schueller declared that the youth showed great interest in the theory of the Y. C. I., and that they must be encouraged and organized. "The Congress must combine theory with the daily political and economic slogans. The program shows that the working youth are fighting for the world dictatorship of the proletariat. It does more than complement the Communist International."

Program of Work.

The program emphasizes the social character of the revolution and deals effectively with the colonial youth. A chapter is devoted to the

Continued on Page Two

SPORT EVENTS AT T. U. E. L. PICNIC

A large number of sport events and athletic contests will feature the annual T. U. E. L. workers' festival, which will be held tomorrow, at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn. These are scheduled to begin at 3 o'clock in the afternoon and will last until 4:30, at which time the "eats" program will be put on.

Militant New York workers who follow the progressive policies of the Trade Union Educational League in their daily struggles within their unions and in the formation of new unions will test their ability to play on Saturday. Should the progressives play as hard as they fight out their union struggles, all indications are that it will be a tired, but exceedingly happy army

Continued on Page Two

STORM VICTIMS RIOT FOR BREAD

Troops Called Out to Terrorize Negroes

BULLETIN.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., Sept. 20.—The complete death toll which the Florida hurricane has left in its wake, was today estimated to be between 700 and 800. With the destruction of all sanitary appurtenances, disease continues to spread throughout the stricken area at a terrific pace.

* * *

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Refugee riots, hunger and threats of disease increased today the horror of the hurricane-stricken region around Lake Okeechobee, Florida, according to reports received here from relief workers in the field.

Rioting by Negro refugees in the devastated town of Pahokee caused officials to ask for troops which are intended to terrorize the starving Negroes.

Another report said that the bodies of 60 Negroes and two white persons had been recovered at Pahokee. Nearly all the homes in the town, on the shore of Okeechobee, were ruined, and debris-blocked roads hampered relief workers in getting foods and supplies to the town.

Fear of epidemics in the Okeechobee region compelled relief workers to dispose of bodies without identification.

The death estimate still was 400 but with a strong probability of its being increased. Some sources have estimated the deaths at from 600 to 800.

* * *

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Sept. 20 (UP).—The menace of fire among fallen trees which have dried out until they are almost like tinder was added to the perils which beset this storm-ravaged island today.

More than 700,000 persons—half the population of the islands—are homeless.

THOUSANDS TO BE AT BIG RED RALLY

Special "Daily" to Be Distributed

The huge Red election rally and mass demonstration to be held Friday, Sept. 28, at 8 p. m. at the Central Opera House will be preceded by a city-wide distribution of a special issue of the Daily Worker.

The special issue will contain feature stories on the present election campaign dealing with the role that the parties of big business play with regard to labor and the story on the socialist party, including its alliances with the reactionary A. F. of L. officialdom and its support of gangsterism and thuggery in the settlement of labor disputes. Besides this material the Daily Worker will contain brief biographical sketches of many of the local can-

Continued on Page Four

PLAGUE AFFECTS 600,000.

ATHENS, Sept. 20 (U.P.)—The Dengue fever epidemic, now subsiding, affected 600,000 persons in Athens, Piraeus and environs, it was estimated officially today. Athens authorities have decided to build a modern incinerator and acquire 30 motor trucks for garbage disposal to combat future epidemics. Two cases of plague have been found at Piraeus.

JAIL MORE MILL LEADERS IN NEW BEDFORD TERROR

NEW MILL UNION CONVENTION TO MAKE HISTORY

Announce Agenda for Week-end Parley

A highly significant turning point in the long history of the struggles of the nation's textile workers will be reached when the chairman's gavel will open the convention of textile mill committees, mill and union delegates, who assemble tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in Irving Plaza Hall here, to launch a new mass national textile workers' organization.

Latest reports indicate that the workers in the textile plants of more than 60 cities will be represented by delegates they have sent to the convention. The United Textile Workers' Union of the A. F. L., decayed with corruption, had a representation from alleged locals in only 42 cities at their recent convention.

Inquiries made as to the probable plan of work to be followed at the two-day convention disclosed the following efficient and businesslike agenda: After several leaders of the militant trade union movement among whom are to be the leaders of the new left wing needle trades unions and of the newly formed National Miners' Union greet the convention, Albert Weisbord, head of the Textile Mills Committee will give an exhaustive report on the work of the T. M. C.

Following this a credential committee will be chosen which will go into immediate session, and will

Continued on Page Three

Militant workers of New York: Over 250 delegates, here to form a new National Textile Union, must be accommodated this Saturday and Sunday. Aid the struggle of the thousands of textile workers by getting in touch immediately with I. Zimmerman, at the local office of the T. U. E. L., 26 Union Square.

A large number of volunteers are also necessary to help during the sessions of the convention.

FOOD WORKERS MEET TONIGHT

Speakers Will Expose Old Parties

Food workers of New York—bakers, cooks and waiters, cafeteria workers, grocery, fruit and dairy clerks, butcher workers—are expected to turn out en masse tonight to hear the program of the Workers (Communist) Party at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St. The meeting will be opened at 8 p. m. by the Food Workers section of the Trade Union Educational League.

"Food workers especially have good reason not to vote for 'Bread-

Continued on Page Two

Big Dance to Welcome Young Textile Workers

The Young Workers (Communist) League of District 2 has arranged a dance tomorrow night at the Workers Center, to welcome the youth delegates to the National Textile Union which is being formed tomorrow and Sunday in New York City.

Fifty young textile workers as delegates from New Bedford, Fall River, Passaic and many other cities will be present.

Sending Messages That Saved Fascist Flyers

Exclusive photo of operators of the Soviet ice-breaker "Krassin" who picked up messages in Arctic wastes. The Krassin is still continuing its search for a party of missing fascists in spite of the fact that Mussolini has stopped all Italian rescue work.

AL TRIES TO STOP OKLAHOMA SPLIT

Shadowboxes Against Klan in Speech

(Special to the Daily Worker)

OKLAHOMA CITY, Sept. 20.—Faced with a split in the ranks of the "solid south," where his whole political career has been under fire from that section of the democratic party that formerly supported the late William Jennings Bryan and W. G. McAdoo, Tammany Al Smith tonight launched into a typical tirade against his enemies in a speech here.

Assails Ku Klux Klan.

Infuriated because the forces of Sen. Owen have deserted the democratic party because its middle class element was swamped by the Morgan-dominated Tammany Hall section of the party, Smith tried to connect the movement with the Ku Klux Klan. Senator Owen has emphatically denied that he had any sympathy with or respect for the Kluxers.

Smith's advisers seem to thrive on

Continued on Page Two

3 MORE SENT ON BIG 'DAILY' TOUR

Will Cover Anthracite, Eastern States

The Election Campaign Drive of the Daily Worker for 10,000 new readers, now being carried on on an extensive scale throughout the United States, will have three powerful additions in the east, now that John Kaspar, A. Sokolov and Anna Herbst have been dispatched to tour new districts in the interests of the paper.

John Kaspar will cover Pennsylvania and West Virginia; A. Sokolov will tour Eastern Pennsylvania, Maryland and Delaware, and Anna Herbst will take care of the anthracite district.

The three veteran Daily Worker agents believe that their tours will be productive of concrete results, inasmuch as the territories mapped

Continued on Page Five

PHILA. BOSSES BOW TO NEW FURRIERS' UNION

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 20.—An event that will crash into the camp of socialist and A. F. of L. trade union fakerdom here and in the other needle trades centers of the country, took place here today when the left wing Furriers Union accomplished the renewal of the old agreement with their employers' organization. This was effected despite tremendous pressure from the New York fur bosses' association, chiefs of the A. F. of L. and the heads of the right wing International Fur Workers' Union from which the Philadelphia union had broken away.

Despite the tremendous gains made in recent months by the workers in the fur industry in their campaign to drive out of existence their right wing betrayers, most of the past victories can be considered as negligible in comparison to this, inasmuch as this break they have succeeded in making in the hitherto united ranks of the employers. The true importance of the victory can only be estimated when it is considered that the Philadelphia employers' association was compelled, by the unanimous belligerent determination of the workers there, to sign a 3-year contract with an independent left wing union, that has split away from the A. F. of L., and affiliated with the movement to build a left wing national union of fur workers.

Edward F. McGrady A. F. of L. "ambassador"; the president, secretary and chief organizer of the International Fur Workers, Union, and special agents and communications from the New York bosses as-

Continued on Page Two

SCHIFFRIN CASE IN COURT TODAY

Defense Opens Office, Raises Funds

Two judges in the 161st St. courthouse will today conduct hearings in the case of William Schiffrin, left wing trade unionist, who faces a charge of homicide; two of his comrades, and three right wingers who were part of an armed squad, whose attack on Schiffrin resulted in the death of the right wing leader of the knife-wielders. One hearing takes place in the Homicide Court before Judge Smith, the others appear before the Magistrates Court in the same building.

Workers Agitated.

When Schiffrin was arrested by police, who later admitted in testimony that Schiffrin was valiantly defending his life single-handed against the onslaught of five men attacking him with knives, they at the same time arrested three members of the right wing "squad" and two militant workers who were some distance from Schiffrin, who had his back to a tenement wall.

The local Jewish labor movement is tremendously agitated over this case, with the right wing and all their organs of publicity mobilized to the straining point to send Schiffrin to a long term of imprisonment.

Opposing this frame-up force there stands almost the entire Jewish working class here who are or-

Continued on Page Two

BEATING OF OLD STRIKER ANGERS CITY POPULATION

Workers Pouring Out to Picket Lines

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 20.—More than two thousand textile workers, forming a picket line double the size of yesterday's came out to the Paige Mill early this morning to demonstrate their defiance of the police terror of the past few days. They were again attacked by a patrol of about 100 police, sent out with the express purpose of jailing the leaders of the picketing.

Augusto Pinto, the victim of innumerable arrests and beatings, and one of the best loved strike leaders was today against arrested, as was Jack Rubinstein, Marion Botelho and Germaine Madieros. Pinto, who was arrested yesterday, has just returned from a Maine farm, where he was sent by the union to recuperate from a beating by the police while in jail.

Demonstrate Before Gates.

Today's demonstration, as yesterday's took place before the mill gates. Those arrested were later released on bonds put up by the union, for trial at the November sessions of the court.

The cry, "They've got Pinto," swept as a wave over the tightly packed workers lining the streets, then it surged thru the crowds of hundreds on the sidewalks while the police wagon passed thru.

Pinto as well as the other leaders heading the picket line refused to stop their picketing activities as they were ordered to do by the police.

The anger of the strikers grew as Rubinstein and the others were pulled into the waiting patrol.

At the jail Sergeant McCarthy in passing Rubinstein's cell rasped, "Do you know what they do to your kind down south? They tar and feather you!"

The greatest indignation is now widespread among the city's population because of the viciousness of the police, disclosed particularly in yesterday's attacks in which guns and clubs were employed.

Admits Use of Gun.

After many witnesses had sworn they heard the shooting in yesterday's police attack, Chief of Police McLeod was forced to admit the charge that Sergeant Velho had been compelled to use his revolver in defending himself. He thus reversed the positive denial made by Velho yesterday. Witnesses who came forward with the shooting charge were not only strikers but also members of the right wing Textile Council and even business men.

The police chief then asserted that Velho had fired at 63 year old Frank August in order "to defend himself."

This defense was ridiculed in a statement issued by the Textile Mill Committee which ironically pointed out that the massive Velho needed no revolver to defend himself against the frail old man.

In a counter statement to justify

Continued on Page Three

POSTERS TELL OF BIG BAZAAR

A number of working class centers in New York City have broken out in a rash of green posters. The Workers Center, the Proletcos Cooperative Restaurant and other places now being investigated by special representatives of the Daily Worker are sporting these handsome green posters announcing that 100,000 articles will be sold at half price at the great National Daily Worker Freiheit Bazaar, to be held at Madison Square Garden Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7.

The verdant youthful color of these posters is in thorough keeping with the spirit that will animate the bazaar. The Daily Worker and the Freiheit are young newspapers and the Workers (Communist) Party is a young party. Moreover, revolutionists never grow old. The bazaar of the two great proletarian dailies will therefore be an affair of youth and joy, where old will feel young again.

Meanwhile old and young are working for the bazaar. That is,

Continued on Page Five

THOUSANDS OF WORKERS FLOCK TO HEAR GITLOW

Poor Workers, Farmers Thruout Country Rally to Communist Election Drive

The working class is giving a receptive hearing to the message of the class struggle in this election campaign according to a report sent in to the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party by Benjamin Gitlow, Communist vice-presidential candidate who is now on the first lap of a nation-wide tour that will bring him from coast to coast, from the far northwest to the southeast, with the program of Communism around which the workers, poor farmers and oppressed Negroes are called upon to rally in the struggle against capitalism and the capitalist government.

Gitlow's report was written after his meeting in St. Louis, Mo. on September 16, where he spoke to over three hundred workers among those present being a large number of Negroes.

Increasing Militancy.

The vice-presidential candidate has spoken in Philadelphia, Ambridge, Pa., Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Youngstown, Lansing, Toledo, Grand Rapids, Michigan, Gary, Terre Haute, Indiana, and St. Louis, Mo.

Everywhere the masses showed that they are in a rebellious mood, against the capitalist system, that the speed-up system in industry is driving them into a more militant attitude towards the employers, that they are increasingly growing wise to the falsity of the claims of the capitalist parties' ability or willingness to bring prosperity to the workers and that they are beginning to realize that only thru struggle on the industrial and political fields under Communist leadership, can they wage a successful fight against the capitalists and the capitalist government.

Hits Mine Misleaders.

Bill Mathewson introduced Comrade Gitlow at the St. Louis meeting. The speaker after stating the aims of the Workers (Communist) Party sailed into the leaders of the United Mine Workers of Illinois,

Continued on Page Three

Padmore, in Tour of Connecticut, Rallies Negro Workers for Red Election Campaign

THREE MEETINGS ATTRACT MASSES OF NEW HAVEN

Expect Great Response to Red Drive

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 20.—The Workers (Communist) Party presidential election campaign is proceeding at full speed in the state of Connecticut. Through the instrumentality of Charles Mitchell, district organizer, and a well-organized campaign committee, all the workers in the various towns have been mobilized to carry on the work. As a result the Party hopes to be placed on the ballot within a few days. This success has added much impetus to the spirit of the workers, who are leaving no stone unturned to see that the Communist program reaches the broad masses of workers in this industrial state.

Open-air Meetings.

One of the principal forms of activity conducted by the campaign committee is holding of open-air meetings in the most thickly populated centers of cities. These meetings have met with much success, and are bringing the Party excellent contacts. The workers who are unorganized and terribly exploited are realizing their true condition more and more and are rallying to the Party's leadership. This is especially so among the Negro workers, who are in the most destitute condition. These workers are engaged in the basic industries of the state, where they are given the hardest tasks for the lowest wages. Their living standards are, therefore, very low; many families are reduced almost to starvation.

Padmore Makes Appeal.

There is a healthy spirit of revolt among the Negroes against the other parties—republicans, democrats and socialists. George Padmore has been touring the state, addressing large audiences of Negro workers who enjoy his message and show their appreciation by expressing their willingness to support the Party in the coming election.

Padmore, after much difficulty, succeeded in obtaining a permit from the mayor of Hartford, a dyed-in-the-wool republican, to address the colored people of that town. Meetings were held for three nights in the Negro section and were well attended. It was the first time that the workers heard a militant tell his message of struggle for their full freedom from the yoke of wage slavery. Night after night the corners were packed for hours by both white and Negro workers, who applauded the speaker as he exposed the role of the capitalist parties and the labor fakers.

FOOD WORKERS MEET TONIGHT

Speakers Will Expose Old Parties

Continued from Page One

will-win-the-war' Hoover," the league secretary, G. Welsh, said yesterday in pointing out that the Workers (Communist) Party is the only political organization fighting capitalism. "Hoover is the great 'efficiency' expert who helped the scab Ward trust build up its $200,000,000 corporation. Millions in profits for the trusts and wage-cuts and unemployment for workers: that's what republican 'prosperity' means.

"And all New York workers know that Al Smith is equally a candidate of the big bosses. For the bakers, Smith's Tammany Hall government has meant night work, 12 to 14 hours. For the cafeteria, hotel and restaurant workers, speed-up and increased exploitation. For candy and biscuit workers, piece work and miserable pay."

How the socialist party is no different will be pointed out tonight by Sam Kramberg of the executive board of the Amalgamated Food Workers, who declares that socialist food trades unions help the bosses compete with large-scale production by allowing concessions in hours and wages below the union scale and by preventing the unionization of the unorganized.

"It is not necessary for food workers to make a choice between these three anti-labor parties," says John J. Ballam, who will represent the Workers (Communist) Party at tonight's rally. "Workers have their own party, the Workers (Communist) Party, that leads the workers' struggles not only at election time but every day of the year."

Speakers' Conference Tomorrow Afternoon

Rebecca Grecht, election campaign manager of the Workers (Communist) Party in the New York District, will lead the discussion at the next speakers conference to take place tomorrow, 2 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square, 5th Floor. Her subject will be "Trade Union Questions and the Election Campaign."

After Hurricane Swept Florida Town

Telephoto above shows a street in West Palm Beach, Florida, after hurricane swept thru the town, killing hundreds of workers.

YOUTH MEET HITS FRACTIONALISM

Discuss Colonial Work at 20th Session

Continued from Page One

Leninist Young Communist League of the Soviet Union. The program also shows that the majority of the members of the Young Communist International must be workers.

The program goes on to demonstrate that the treatment of youth is an important task under socialism. "The education of new human beings is impossible under capitalism. This education begins in the Soviet Union. The Communist Youth League is necessary for the youth in the present struggle between the bourgeoisie and the workers. The Communist Party needs preliminary schooling and reserve forces.

Struggle for Communism.

"The social democrats demand longer schooling, we demand juvenile work without exploitation. The social-democratic idea of culture for youth organizations is: No alcohol, no tobacco, bad books—but games, sport and art. Our education is for the struggle for the realization of Communism."

"The program says that the Young Communist International is an independent organization but politically subordinate to the Communist Party. Young workers must reject independent economic organizations where trade unions exist or the trade union work will be neglected. The program deems the combat against reformism to be paramount in the economic struggle. Anti-war work is imperative and the pretended neutral bourgeois military youth organizations must be combatted and proletarian defense organizations must be formed.

"The program states that youth leagues be formed in the colonies. The Latin-American section of the program holds up the Young Communist League of the Soviet Union as an example.

Youth Great Hope.

"The unanimity of the Congress is a good sign for the future Young Communist International. The Congress shows the path to the youth. The youth is the greatest hope of the revolution." (Great Applause.)

In the discussion that followed the following spoke: Kossarev, of the Leninist Youth of the Soviet Union: Helmut, of Germany, in behalf of the Communist Youth of capitalist countries; Fen'inmin, of China, in behalf of the colonies.

Blenkle, of Germany, who reported for the Political Commission, reported that the increase in the unemployment of the youth was a consequence of rationalization. Blenkle condemned the fractional struggle in the American and Polish parties. "The war danger is too imminent," he said, "unity is imperative." The political resolution was passed unanimously.

Billoux, of France proposed the election of a new executive and the revision of the commission.

Rust, of England, proposed the enrollment of Australia, Persia, Palestine, Brazil, Corea and Syria as sections of the Young Communist International and Peoples Revolutionary Youth League Tanatua as sympathizer. The proposition was accepted.

Various comrades leaving the Young Communist League for the Party made farewell speeches, reporting their experiences. Chitarov, in the closing speech, pointed out the importance of the Congress, for it prepares the youth for the coming war. "Civil war is the reply to imperialist war," he said. "Today the enemy may triumph, tomorrow our forces." (Great applause. The "International" was sung.)

District Agitprop Meet Scheduled for Tonight

The first district agitprop conference to take up the fall activities of the agitprop directors in the district will take place today, 7 p. m. at the Workers Center 5th floor.

In view of the district functionaries' meeting that will take place at 8.30 p. m. in the Workers Center, the agitprop conference will begin promptly at 7 o'clock and will adjourn at 8.30.

TREAT LACKEYS WELL

LONDON, Sept. 20 (UP).—The Sultan of Muscat, a visitor to England, took a ride over London in an airplane today. He said it was the greatest sensation he had had since arriving in Europe.

POWERS COMBINE AGAINST U. S. S. R.

Franco-British Naval Pact Disclosed

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—The rumors concerning the Franco-British naval pact have been fully confirmed in authoriative reports published here which clarify the until now secret alliance of the two powers on all major issues, above all, providing for a common bloc against the Soviet Union and a mutual protection of economic interests abroad.

Imperialist Joint Action.

The pact provides, first, for a joint policy towards the Soviet Union on all points in the international situation. The pact further provides for a common policy in the Balkans in order to weaken the Italian influence there; a compromise on naval armaments which is calculated to provide the most efficient fleets for both powers.

War Alliance.

The pact further provides for full cooperation in the case of war, as was originally reported. There is to be full cooperation in the development of aviation, as is evidenced in the recent plane maneuvers over Paris which were attended by leading British military officers. An agreement on land armaments is also incorporated, which, it is believed, will grant France full freedom in the development of her land forces.

Another provision is said to be the use of the Rhineland evacuation question as a means to induce the United States government to cancel or make an agreement on the war debts. This point is fully confirmed by the recent maneuvers of the British and French diplomats at Geneva.

SCHIFFRIN CASE IN COURT TODAY

Continued from Page One

ganizing defense machinery to prevent the victimization of a fellow-worker.

The William Schiffrin Defense Committee, organized Wednesday evening, announces the calling of a broad conference of all labor organizations for the purpose of spreading the truth of the case among the rest of the workers, and thereby raise funds for his legal defense.

Appeal to Workers.

In its announcement the committee appeals to trade unions, fraternal societies, women's organizations, shop commitees, clubs and any other workers' organizations to send delegates to the conference to be held Sunday afternoon, Sept. 30, in Irving Plaza Hall, Irving Pl. and 15th St.

Committee Manager S. Lipsin substantiates the belief that this case has created a furore of interest, by announcing that contributions are flooding in from many workers and their organizations. The committee has established headquarters in the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

BOSSES BOW TO NEW FUR UNION IN PHILADELPHIA

Unanimous Meeting Adopts Pact

Continued from Page One

sociation, all made special trips to threaten and cajole the Philadelphia bosses to refrain from signing a pact with the "Red International," as they termed the Philadelphia unions' affiliations.

Not all the offers of "concessions" to the employers could remove the spectre of empty factories, which the workers there presented by their threatening strike action. The bosses' minds were made up for them when 100 per cent of the workers answered the union call for a 1-hour strike recently. Another factor was responsible; the workers were busily engaged in mobilizing a general strike machinery if the employers were to decide to sever relations with their union and instead tender it to the dual scab union which the A. F. of L. had set up here overnight in the offices of the Sigman cloak union.

The fact that official recognition was granted is in itself a tremendous victory, but when it becomes known that the workers retained the 40 hour week and an additional important concession over last year's agreement, the brilliancy of the victory is easily apparent. The clause referred to is that instead of equal division of work "during slack seasons only," with interpretations of slackness in the hands of a boss agent "impartial chairman," the new agreement provides for division of work from May to March 1, or over ten months a year.

A telegram of congratulation greetings and a warning to fight for the new national union was received here from the New York Joint Board. At a local meeting the workers enthusiastically celebrated their victory last night and even a former right winger made a motion to thank the conference Committee.

Brownsville, Harlem Workers Active in Signature Campaign

The work of the members of the Workers (Communist) Party in Brownsville in the signature drive has been such that not only will the Twenty-third Assembly District be placed on tht ballot, as originally planned, but also the Twenty-second Assembly District. In the Bronx, due to the splendid signature drive carried on by the workers there, leading needle trades workers have been placed prominently before the workers as the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

In Harlem, several Red Sunday mobilizations have safely accounted for Communist candidates in the Seventeenth, Eighteenth, and Twenty-first Assembly Districts as well as in the Twentieth Congressional District. Negro members of the party in Harlem, as well as white, obtained hundreds of signatures in Negro Harlem. For the first time in the political history of the Party, an intensive signature drive was carried on in Boro Park, which, due to the nature and size of the territory presented many difficulties.

Painter Is Killed at Work in 300 Feet Fall

Emanuel Perez, 28, a painter, of 1 Firman St., Brooklyn, fell 300 feet to his death yesterday from a scaffolding on a gas tank on the north shore of the Coney Island Creek at W. 12th St., Coney Island

The Last Week in UNITY CAMP

THE Best Working Class Camp

Register Now for 'THE INDIAN SUMMER' WEEK END

Round Trip ticket on bus, $3.00

Tickets can be obtained at office.

Buses will leave 1800 7th Avenue corner 110th Street to the Camp, Friday evening at 6:30 p. m. and Saturday at 1:30 and 6:30 p. m.

For registration inquire at our main office, 1800 7th Avenue, corner 110th Street.
Telephone: Monument 0111
Monument 0112
Camp Telephone, Wingdale 51

AL TRIES TO STOP OKLAHOMA SPLIT

Continued from Page One

imaginary letters. Last week it was a letter from some gossipy woman in Syracuse to another gossip in West Virginia that evoked from Smith a denial that he had been drunk in public. This time it is a letter alleged to have been written by the "grand dragon of the realm of Arkansas" to a delegate to the democratic national convention, advising him to vote against Smith because of his affiliation to the Roman Catholic church. Smith tried to prove that he was more of a 100 per cent American than the klan.

Referring to his political record that has been under fire here Smith related with considerable zest a fairy tale about his legislative record and tried to create the impression that he is a friend of labor. He did not, of course, mention his fake unemployment investigation of last winter, nor the rotten conditions of graft and corruption that prevail in the operation of the so-called workmen's compensation law in New York State, nor did he mention the revival of sweat-shop labor that has had a mushroom growth in the past few years since the Tammany administration in combination with the employers in the needle industry and the socialists adopted a union-wrecking campaign in order to bring back the old conditions.

Nor did he refer to his sending troops into Lackawanna, N. Y., in 1919 to try to break the steel strike.

Opposition Grows Menacing.

The general impression left here is that of a childish defense of a rotten record. Smith's speech is said to seal the split that has taken place in the democratic party.

The audience was the usual riff-raff that follows his show and it is not improbable that many of them were imported for the occasion.

2,000 HAIL NEW MINERS' UNION

Watt, Toohey Receive Big Ovation

Continued from Page One

enthusiastic outbursts of applause greeted the remarks of the speakers.

"Mother" Bloor, now the best known woman militant in the labor movement, and one of the leading fighters in the new union, acted as chairman of the meeting. Among the other speakers were Martin Abern, assistant secretary of the International Labor Defense; Hyman Koretz, manager of the Organization Department of the Cloakmakers' Joint Board; Harold Williams, secretary of the Negro Committee for Miners' Relief, and Joseph Cohen of the National Children's Committee for Miners' Relief.

Describing the events attending the convention for the formation of the new miners' union just over at Pittsburgh, Toohey gave a vivid picture of the attack by the Lewis gangsters who led a two days' attack on the delegates with the result that scores were injured, some of whom are still in the hospital. "But the attack served only to strengthen the resistance and the determination of the coal diggers," Toohey declared.

In his talk Watt stressed the solidarity of the miners with other militant organizations which are now forming throughout the country. "I am glad that the New York needle trades workers are winning their fight for the maintenance of a fighting rank and file union," he said.

A collection was taken up after an appeal by Mother Bloor, for the relief of the miners and their families which netted $347.55. Many pledges were made. Benjamin Resnick gave $100 towards the collection.

SPORT EVENTS AT T. U. E. L. PICNIC

Expect Many at Ulmer Park Tomorrow

Continued from Page One

of militants who will turn homeward from Ulmer Park in the early hours of Sunday morning.

The most colorful features on the program will be the custumed dancing and choruses by Lithuanian and Hungarian workers, accompanied by native music.

Striking textile workers from New Bedford and striking miners from Pennsylvania, will be present as evidence of the appreciation these workers have of the militant trade union policies advocated by the T. U. E. L. The textile workers and miners will be admitted free of charge. Besides these, there will be many representatives from the food workers' trade, needle workers, building workers, traction workers and others, according to M. Pasternak of the local T. U. E. L.

Failure to Declare Gin and Women's Apparel Costs Priest $539.58

The Rev. John J. Rongetti, of 409 North Second St., East Newark, N. J., pastor of St. Anthony's Roman Catholic Church, was yesterday fined $539.58 at the customs house for failure to declare a quantity of women's apparel found in his luggage when he arrived on the motorship Saturnia Monday night, and because 29 bottles of liquor were found in one of his trunks.

Of this sum, $115 was penalties for having the liquor, which included whiskey, brandy, gin, benedictine and wines. The righteous priest indignantly denied any attempt to smuggle goods into the country, maintaining that both the women's apparel and booze had been given to him by friends, and that he did not think they had to be declared for duties.

Later, at the church, his holiness said that he had "never touched spirits" in his life, but that he had intended to use it in his "work as a priest."

WORKERS SOCCER TEAMS WILL PLAY

8 Games Scheduled for Sunday

The Metropolitan Workers Soccer League opened its soccer season last Sunday with four games scheduled. This Sunday, Sept. 23, it has scheduled eight. This is due to the fact that the league has succeeded in securing more fields.

The schedule for Sunday is as follows:

New York Eagles vs. Rob Roy, Crotona Park, 1 p. m.

Brooklyn Scandinavians vs. Red Star "B," Metropolitan Oval, 10:30 a. m.

Scandinavian Workers "A" vs. German Hungarians "A," Metropolitan Oval, 1:30 p. m.

Scandinavian Workers "B" vs. German Hungarian "B," Metropolitan Oval, 12 noon.

Martians vs. Hungarian Workers, Crotona Park.

Spartacus vs. Argentina, Van Courtland Park.

Harlem Progressive vs. Co-operative, Van Courtland Park.

Hermes vs. Red Star "A," Prospect Park.

FLASHLIGHT OPERATION.

OAK LYN, N. J., Sept. 20 (UP).—A flashlight operation saved the life of Kathryn Murray, 7, daughter of Charles T. Murray, Camden County coroner, when lights were put out by the storm.

KODAK WORKERS ENDORSE WORKER PARTY PROGRAM

Robert Minor to Speak in Rochester

By DONALD BURKE.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Rochester will show a very different attitude toward Robert Minor, candidate for United States senator from New York State on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, when he speaks here tomorrow at the Labor Lyceum, 580 St. Paul Street, than it had the last time he was here several years ago. This will be due to the intensive work that has been done here by the Rochester section of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Rochester workers have not been satisfied merely to devote themselves to routine propaganda, but they have been very active in several large plants located here.

The Eastman Kodak plant is the most important point for attack. Here a shop paper has been distributed for many months. In this paper letters are printed every month showing the eagerness with which the paper is read, and the great desire for a union. Workers are coming to understand that the Communists are the only ones who really want them to organize.

In every issue of the Kodak Worker, issued in the name of the Eastman Kodak Nucleus of the Workers Party, noon-day meetings held each Friday at the Lewistown gate are announced. Speaking at one of these meetings on the subject of the election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party, I was very impressed by the behavior of the audience.

They gathered many minutes before the meeting was opened, some approaching very directly to the scene of the platform, others drifting up casually as tho they had no particular interest in what was about to happen.

But before the meeting opened, an audience of about two hundred had assembled, and more were coming. By the end of the meeting, timed to allow them to return to work without missing the end of our remarks, over five hundred had gathered.

Minor's audience will be representative of George Eastman's slaves as well as those of the Northeast Electric, Bausch and Lomb, and many other large plants. And among these workers the Rochester section will continue its agitation.

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4 BIG DAYS

Mussolini Regime of Oppression Strengthened in Face of Workers' Demonstrations

FASCIST GRAND COUNCIL MADE SUPREME BODY

Reign of Terror in Italy to Grow

ROME, Sept. 20.—The formal incorporation of the grand council of the national fascist party, which, under the direction of Mussolini, has always directed the government in the regime, and the declaration of its function as a dictatorial body, was "approved" by the grand council on the "advise" of Mussolini himself.

The new law provides that the grand council shall be the supreme ruling body which shall direct and coordinate all the activities of the government and give advise on all matters pertaining to the governing of the state. Its meetings shall be secret, and none of its members can be arrested or tried without the authorization of the grand council.

In this way, all power is guaranteed to Mussolini, who by this means has given his own immediate followers, chosen and appointed by himself, a legal and formal status as the dictating and ruling power of Italy. The senate, the chamber of deputies and the ministry can only do what the grand council decides, for members of the former bodies are also members of the council.

The suppression of all dissenting voices and the crushing of all opposition is thus fully guaranteed in a "legal" manner. All those "elected" to any governing body are first proposed by the grand council and the voters can only vote "yes" or "no." It also has full power to fill vacancies in the government.

In addressing the grand council, Mussolini stated that he had already laid out the course that the government must follow, not only during the coming year, but as far ahead as 1930.

BIG MILL MEET OPENS SATURDAY

Delegates From Many Cities to Attend

Continued from Page One

bring in a report on the delegates attending. After a discussion on this question a vote on the seating of the delegates will be the signal for the beginning of the actual work of the convention.

Resolutions Committees will be elected and Committees for women, youth, education and constitution will be formed to begin their work, while the other delegates continue in congress. This, it is expected, will complete the first session on Saturday afternoon.

Sessions of the various committees elected the first session, will continue their work into Sunday morning, after completion of which they will deliver their individual reports to the delegates. The rest of the morning session and part of the afternoon will be given over to discussions of the numerous resolutions reported on by the sub-committees. These resolutions are to range over every phase of interest to textile as well as all other workers.

Choice of permanent officers, an National Executive Committee, and all other national functionaries, will then occupy the delegates the remainder of the Sunday session. The delegation, composed almost entirely of workers in the mills and leaders of strikes, will then depart for their sections and begin serious construction of the new workers' organization.

Charlie's Indian Blood Boils as Farmers Ask Pointed Questions

ROSEBUD, S. D., Sept. 20 (UP).—After being heckled by a farmer during his speech yesterday in Iowa, Senator Charles Curtis, republican candidate for the vice-presidency, came to the Rosebud Reservation today and took his fellow Indians to task for drinking, bootlegging and other indulgence in modern dances.

In Spence, Ia., Curtis lost his temper when a farmer in the audience insisted on popping questions at him about tax reduction and Teapot Dome. "You're too damned dumb to understand," Curtis shot back at the inquiring plowman.

Today the candidate was in a more reflective mood and spoke to the Sioux Indians of the reservation as a descendant of their own race. The occasion was the fiftieth anniversary of the reservation.

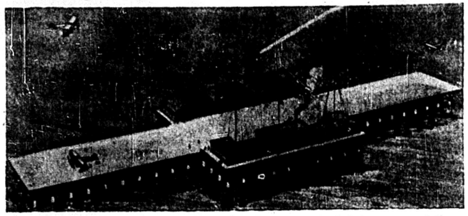
After praising the peace-time and war records of the Sioux, Curtis warned them against idleness, liquor and modern dancing.

Curtis's maternal grandmother was a princess of the Kaw Tribe.

NEW PLANE WRECKED.

PARIS, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—The successful helicopter plane of the Spanish inventor, Juan De La Cierva, was demolished in making a landing today.

Perfecting Air Attack In Preparation for Imperialist War



Air attacks in the coming war have been facilitated by the perfection of emergency platforms such as that shown above. The main runway is 1,440 feet long.

WORKERS FLOCK TO HEAR GITLOW

Poor Thruout Country Rally to Red Drive

Continued from Page One

who recently put over a sell-out agreement on the coal miners, tho it is clear that a majority of the coal diggers voted against it. Gitlow linked up Fishwick, president of the U. M. W. of A., Illinois district, with Frank Farrington, former Illinois miner, now the $25,000 official of the Peabody Coal Company. The speaker told of the National Miners' Convention in Pittsburgh to take the place of the U. M. W. of A. now wrecked by the treachery of Lewis, Fishwick and Company.

"Fishwick falsified the returns in the recent vote on the agreement submitted to the coal miners," Gitlow declared. "There is no doubt but the sell-out policy of the fakers at Springfield was repudiated by the great majority of the coal diggers. The miners of Illinois must build a powerful section of the National Miners' Union," he said.

Unemployment Grows.

Gitlow assailed the miserable conditions of the workers in St. Louis According to the police, unemployment is rampant, four thousand applying for jobs last week and only four hundred jobs available.

The speaker urged solidarity between the Negro and white workers for the common fight against the employers.

Despite a tremendous downpour of rain several hundred steel workers listened to Comrade Gitlow in Gary, Indiana. Great enthusiasm prevailed and there was a storm of applause when the vice-presidential candidate called on the steel workers to form mill committees and prepare for the mighty task of organizing the hundreds of thousands of steel workers into a militant industrial union.

Fake 8-Hour Day.

Gitlow ridiculed the fake eight-hour day "concession" made to the workers in the steel industry by the late Judge Gary. Some of the workers in Gary are working an eight-hour shift while others work ten hours. Those on the eight-hour shift are paid fifty cents an hour while those working ten hours only receive forty cents an hour. Thousands are working part time.

The speaker urged the steel workers, white and black to stand shoulder to shoulder against the steel barons. He exposed the illusions of capitalist democracy, declared that the Socialist Party had deserted the class struggle and no longer had a right to pose as a party of labor, that a vote for Norman Thomas was a vote for capitalism and that the Workers (Communist) Party was the only revolutionary political party in the election campaign that stood on the basis of an uncompromising struggle, for the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' government.

Still Strong.

Gary was one of the battle grounds of the great steel strike, led by William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for the presidency. During the strike Gary was an armed camp with a great force of military on the ground under the leadership of General Wood, the notorious militarist who was afterwards rewarded for his services to capitalism by a post as governor-general of the Philippine Islands.

In Lansing, Ohio, a mining town, Gitlow addressed a large audience in Taylor's Grove. Owing to the activities of the Workers (Communist) Party in the coal strike, the miners are actively participating in the Communist Election Campaign. Forty per cent of those present at the Gitlow meeting were young workers and 75 per cent American-born.

Big Meetings.

The Gitlow meetings in Cleveland, Toledo and Youngstown, Ohio were enthusiastic for the Communist ticket and its election program. Those great industrial cities offer splendid opportunities for Communist propaganda and Party organization. In Ohio, as elsewhere the socialist party ekes out a precarious existence, hardly functioning in an organizational sense and owing whatever sign of animation it shows to a few old lawyers who come to life during election campaigns.

Comrade Patterson, candidate for governor in Ohio, spoke with Comrade Gitlow at Toledo. The Overland automobile works in that city employ 15,000 workers. The official labor movement barely exists, the labor leaders being completely won over to the policy of class collaboration, and making no attempt whatever to organize the workers.

Over two hundred workers attended the Gitlow meeting in Grand Rapids, Michigan. In 1924, an election campaign meeting was attended only by twenty-four. The Party organization there is growing and the comrades are confident of more rapid growth in the near future.

Negroes Attend.

In Pittsburgh, the Gitlow meeting attracted an unusually large crowd. An important feature of the rally was the presence of seventy-five Negro workers.

In Ambridge, Pa., a steel mill town, hundreds of workers were afraid to attend the meeting owing to threats made by the mill owners that attendance at the Communist meeting would mean dismissal.

"The prospect for building the Party in this election campaign," Comrade Gitlow declared in his report, "are exceedingly bright. The class-conscious workers are not fooled by the friendship claims for labor made by Al Smith, the candidate of Tammany Hall, Wall Street and the Negro lynchers of the South. They are equally immune to the claims of Herbert Hoover, another favorite son of Wall Street. Norman Thomas, the socialist candidate with his appeal to the liberals, small business and the aristocracy of labor, and his repudiation of the class struggle is making no headway with the masses.

"The workers are learning that their only salvation is in the program of the Workers (Communist) Party which aims at the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' government."

Soviet Union Trade With Latin America Triples in 2 Years

MOSCOW, Sept. 20.—Soviet trade with Latin America is more than three times as large as it was two years ago, Boris Aevsky, head of the Soviet trading organizations in Latin America, declared in an interview.

South American exports to the Soviet Union are principally nitrates; sheep and some machinery. The Soviet Union sends to Latin America furs, manganese, lumber seeds and crude drugs.

TO FIGHT PENN SEDITION LAWS

I. L. D. Conducts Drive for Arrested Workers

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 20.—The local section of the International Labor Defense is conducting a campaign on behalf of the members of the Workers (Communist) Party who have been arrested at outdoor meetings during the course of their election campaign.

Among those arrested are Dominick Flaini, Emanuel Epstein, Herman Pinsker, Herbert Benjamin, Benjamin Weiss and Israel Lazaar.

John Lymna, secretary of the Philadelphia I. L. D. local, states that the persecution and arrests of members of the Workers (Communist) Party are only the first of a series against working class organizations. Therefore the Philadelphia local has broadened the base of the defense by initiating a campaign for the repeal of the infamous Flynn sedition act of Pennsylvania, one of the most vicious pieces of legislature used to frame-up workers for their activities on behalf of labor.

This attempt to outlaw the Workers (Communist) Party in Pennsylvania is being fought, even as in the case of the Woodlawn, Pa., steel workers. In this case, the National Office of International Labor Defense has carried the appeal of the Woodlawn steel workers to the state supreme court, where a hearing will be held on the 24th.

Mexican Congress to Select President Soon

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—Selection of a provisional president may not be made by congress for about two weeks, it was believed today.

The movement in favor of Emilio Portes Gil appeared to be gaining great strength.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper!

DETROIT LABOR TRAITOR HIDES

Martel Exposed Taking $500 Bribe

Continued from Page One

covering the retreat of his client. Martel is "doing work for the labor movement outside the state," the lawyer stated. According to the attorney, Martel will be gone for two weeks.

The plan, no doubt, is to provide time to "fix" things so the labor faker may come back in safety.

Martel, who is a member of the Typographical Union, is a delegate to the coming American Federation of Labor convention and part of the Morrison machine in the Federation. Frank Morrison, secretary of the Federation, and a leader of the Typographical International, altho he has been informed of Martel's activities, has continued to shield Martel. Recently Morrison admitted that he knew of Martel's "crookedness," but has refused to take action against his henchman.

POLICE CONTINUE TEXTILE JAILING

Two Thouand March in Picket Line

Continued from Page One

Velho's action the police chief then arrogantly declared: "Velho from the beginning has been aggressive in holding down the strikers. I am standing squarely back of him on that. If the Textile Mill Committee is to dictate who is to be in charge of police details, you might as well install Pinto in my place." Workers are inclined to accept this as a suggestion, judging from the remarks about the coming city elections.

McLeod also declared that "I put my stamp of approval on the firing of guns. There are times when an officer feels justified."

Frank August, the aged worker, is now confined in St. Lukes Hospital, where he will no doubt be compelled to spend a long time. His nose is broken and his arms fractured by the beating Velho gave him after he was jailed. His case is being made the basis of a broad mass protest movement against the police terror.

GOVERNMENT TO PROTECT SCABS IN AUSTRALIA

Call for "Volunteer Labor" on Docks

MELBOURNE, Australia, Sept. 20.—A bill providing protection for the scabs to be employed by the shipowners in an attempt to break the dock workers strike will be introduced into the house of representatives by Premier Bruce of Australia.

Following the decision of the board of arbitration, created by the new anti-strike legislation, against the dock workers who had protested its previous decision which provided a "two pick-up" system, that the strike is illegal, the shipowners immediately advertised for "volunteer workers."

At present workers in nearly all the ports have refused to go back to work on the two-pick-up system, under which the employers choose workers from the applicants twice a day instead of once a day as formerly.

Leading business men in all the port cities are urging their employees to enroll as "volunteer workers," and both municipal governments and shipowners are making appeals to the population to scab on the dock workers in the name of "saving the welfare of the country."

Police are being held in readiness at all the ports to protect the scab labor and disperse the strikers. The lack of provisions, due to the strike, is beginning to tell in the interior, Cooktown, Queensland, being reported as short of food.

NEW DRESS UNION ORGANIZES PHILA.

Shop Delegates Launch New Organization

Continued from Page One

left wingers. After enumerating more reasons of a similar nature, the resolution announced that the representatives of the workers in conference then were launching a union to replace the old one.

Active Organization.

In addition to conducting the fourteen shop strikes which the new union has called, the workers here are at present engaged in carrying thru many other organization plans. Executive board members of the Sigman union are working as scabs in the open shops declared on strike by the N. O. C. committee, and are entering and leaving the plants under escort of police.

Esther Miller, leading militant here, who was recently arrested for picketing activities was unanimously elected chairman at the conference. Bertha Cantor was chosen as secretary. M. Levine, one of the N. O. C. national organizers and Miller also spoke at the meeting.

After an executive board was elected, the members decided to pledge themselves to popularize the campaign for the $10 voluntary tax. Initiation in the new union is, as in other cities, $3.35.

Workers Live In Rat-Infested Homes

Mary Dalton, 2 years old, and her sister Katherine, 7, shown bandaging Mary's wounds, were severely bitten when rats made an attack on the four children of Francis Dalton, a worker of 310 Keap St., Brooklyn. Workers are forced by poverty, due to wage slavery, to dwell in rat-infested tenement fire-traps.

HOOVER "LABOR" BUNK IS EXPOSED BY FOSTER

Continued from Page One

fited from this piece of outrageous legislation."

Foster also condemned Hoover's stand on the use of injunctions in labor disputes, which he said was the same as Smith's, and which the Communist characterized as an evasion. The Workers (Communist) Party advocates the abolition of the injunction altogether.

* * *

Indiana To Go on Ballot.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 20.—The state of Indiana will be on the Communist ballot, according to a report received at the National Election Campaign Committee headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, from D. E. Early, who is now working in the Hoosier State, former stronghold of the Ku Klux Klan and once a center of socialist activity.

Early reports that the work on the Communist petitions is well under way and that there is no doubt that the Party ticket will be on the ballot. The prospects for building the Party in Indiana are bright, Early says. The miners are discontented with the reactionary leadership of the United Mine Workers of America and the sentiment is strong for joining the new National Miners' Union, organized recently at Pittsburgh.

The socialist party is practically dead in Indiana and its leaders have gone over to the trade union bureaucracy, with few exceptions, he writes. Those that did not, have dropped out completely. Indiana is a great industrial and farming state and the conditions of the workers are as bad as can be found anywhere in the country.

William Z. Foster, Communist presidential candidate, speaks in Indianapolis on Oct. 3.

Huge Airships Built Secretly for Social Democrats War Fleet

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, Germany, Sept. 20.—While the new dirigible Graf Zeppelin is making test flights in preparation for a cross-Atlantic flight, the Dornier 10, a 12-motored airship, the first of a series of giant dirigibles, is being secretly constructed in Rorschach for the "German Transatlantic Air Navigation Company."

The Dornier 10 will have twelve motors of 500 horsepower each, able to accommodate about 30 people besides other freight, and will be able to remain in the air for a trip of from 1,625 to 2,500 miles at an average speed of 115 miles per hour.

DUTCH POLICE KILL 1, WOUND 7 TIN STRIKERS

All Leaders Jailed in East Indies Walk-out

BATAVIA, Dutch East Indies, Sept. 20.—One striker was killed and seven strikers were wounded when police attacked a group of pickets before the tin works on the island of Billiton, 100 miles north of Batavia.

The strike was called when the company refused to grant better working conditions and higher wages.

Every effort has been made to break the strike. All the strike leaders were arrested the moment the strike was called, but the strikers persisted in their walk-out and effectively picketed the mills.

All picketing, strike meetings, and even small groupings of strikers have been banned by the government.

Police Shoot Negro; Refused Liqtior Pay

Police last night shot and seriously injured William Ward, 23 years old, a Negro, who is said to have refused to pay the proprietor of a speakeasy at 2641 8th Ave., posing as a revenue officer.

Ward and his companion were chased down the street by a policeman whom the speakeasy-owner summoned, and shot after he refused to stop running. He was taken to the Harlem Hospital for treatment.

CONTINUE TRAINING.

CALSHOT, England, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—Final plans were completed today for a British attempt to break the world air speed record. After speed tests today in a reserve machine, Flight Lieut. Greig intended to make final tests in the machine which will be used in the record-breaking attempt.

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Worker Correspondent Tells How California Compensation Law Cheats Workers

PAINTER BREAKS BACK AT WORK, NO AID FCR HIM

Law Is Not Enforced Anyway

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Calif., (By Mail).—Every California employer within the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation Act must carry insurance for the protection of his workers.

The law is hard-boiled about it, too. It reads that any employer who violates it may be punished by a $500 fine, six months in jail or both.

But, fine as it seems to be, the law might just as well not be in the statute books, so far as E. Winfrey, a local painter is concerned. As the result of a fall from a ladder, in which his back was broken three year ago, Winfrey is still dragging around, a very sick man. But the accident insurance that should be coming to him, $800, he will never be able to collect. Why? Because the law "slipped up," the law was not enforced either by the state industrial accident commission or any other agency.

Even one of the liberal papers here was driven to comment on the case as follows:

"If the law had been enforced, Joe Rose, painting contractor, who employed Winfrey, in 1925, would have been in a position to pay the award made by the industrial accident commission. He would have been carrying insurance for Winfrey. As it was Rose paid $53 and quit."

"Winfrey says, Rose has no property at least in his own name and his contract jobs are so obscure that they cannot be traced.

"Rose has told the authorities that he has six children to support, Winfrey said, and they take his word for it, but what about my children? I have three of them that the county is supporting."

Another painter, a friend of mine, became a victim of this same law a couple of years back. He was seriously injured for life, but unable to collect a cent, mainly because his boss did not carry insurance.

—L. P. RINDAL.

NORFOLK LABOR CHEERS NEARING

Appeals for Support of Workers Party

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. 19.—Scott Nearing, Communist candidate for governor of New Jersey, was received enthusiastically by the workers of Norfolk, Va., at his meeting here. Nearing pointed out that the campaign funds of the two major parties were enormous, since the big capitalists consider a contribution a good investment.

"There is no difference in either the source of the funds or the platforms of these two old and corrupt political tools of the ruling class," said Nearing. "The business man will vote for one or the other according to his personal prejudices, but it makes absolutely no difference to the worker which one wins and the worker should support the only party of the working class, the Workers (Communist) Party."

Appeals for Support.

Nearing made an effective appeal for financial support to carry the message of the Workers (Communist) Party to workers thruout the country, by means of the speakers who are on tour and the circularization of the Communist platform to thousands of workers whose ideas of Communism are distorted by capitalist propaganda.

Nearing spoke Saturday in Charleston and today in Jacksonville. He will continue his tour to all the principal cities of the south during September and October.

The National Campaign Committee is making a drive for the $100,000 campaign fund. Every class-conscious worker should be able to contribute one day's pay to make this the biggest campaign ever conducted by a revolutionary party in the United States. Contributions should be sent to Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Dr. Liber to Conduct Health Classes; Talks to Be Given Sundays

Commencing Sunday, Sept. 30, Dr. B. Liber will resume his work at the United Workers' Co-operative Apartments, where he will conduct health classes and hold health consultations all day on Sunday of every week. Talks will be given at 11 a. m. every other Sunday for children, who will be addressed in English, and every other Sunday for adults, who will be addressed in English and Yiddish alternately.

Sunday, Sept. 30, at 11 a. m., Dr. Liber will speak to adults in Yiddish on "Current Health Questions from the Workers' Viewpoint."

Railroad Worker Saves Sailor As Small Ship Sinks In Storm

A railroad worker saved the life of Paul Simson, sailor, when an 87-foot motor cruiser which he was operating was smashed against a tresle by the storm.

SOCIALISTS MAY HAND WORKER TO FASCISTS

DR. PETER ISKROFF had fled from Bulgaria to Vienna because he was sentenced to death in Bulgaria for a political offense. Iskroff was a member of the executive committee of the Bulgarian Young Communist League and a popular leader of the working class and peasant youth movement. The authorities in Bulgaria had been on the look-out for him since 1925. He remained eighteen months in the country, but was finally compelled to flee. His trial took place in his absence in 1926. The indictment was based upon the notorious "Law for the Protection of the State" which punishes membership of prohibited organizations with death. Iskroff was accused of meeting together with other sympathizers in a cafe to read the newspaper "Radical," and with having wanted to strengthen the Young Communist League. Iskroff was found guilty of these "horrible" crimes and sentenced to death.

In Vienna Iskroff was arrested by the Austrian police after having conversed with a foreigner known to the police as a Communist. Iskroff had a false pass and in his room the police found, according to capitalist newspapers, "a bag full of Communist literature." Amongst other things he is alleged to have published a newspaper in a secret printing works, the newspaper aiming at bringing about the overthrow of the Bulgarian government.

His "Crimes."

When the "crimes" of which Iskroff is accused are examined, only one thing remains—the pass matter. This the Austrian police are perfectly used to with all political fugitives. As has been said, the usual practice of the police was three days' imprisonment and then permission to stay. As far as the printing of the journal "Communist Banner" is concerned, which is described as a "violation of Austrian Press Law," it cannot be so very serious, for even the "Weiner Journal" which strives to make the most out of the matter, has to admit that the publication was a theoretical journal. All these things provide no reason in Austrian law to detain Iskroff.

The long detainment of Iskroff can only have one meaning, and that is that the Austrian authorities are planning to hand him over to the Bulgarian government, although the Vienna police have officially announced that the Bulgarian authorities have not filed a request for extradition. The official social democratic party newspaper "Arbeiter Zeitung" makes no mention whatever of the danger of the extradition of Iskroff, but contents itself with reporting his "crimes" in Austria.

Extradition Possible.

Had it not been for the Austrian Red Aid the matter would not have been brought before the public. Only three weeks after Iskroff was arrested did the police consider it necessary to make any statement about the affair, and only now after seven weeks is the capitalist press trying to make it a state affair in order to stir up public opinion against him in Austria and pave the way for his extradition.

The case of Burcul must serve as a warning. Burcul was handed over in all secrecy to the Yugoslavian authorities, not even his defending lawyer being informed until after it was an accomplished fact. The Austrian government is preparing to do the same with Iskroff, and unless the workers of the world take action one day we shall be calmly informed that Iskroff has been sent over the border in all secrecy and haste.

The extradition of Iskroff to the Bulgarian authorities would be nothing more than common murder, for Iskroff is sentenced to death in Bulgaria!

The workers and the Red Aid organizations in all countries must stir up the world workers on behalf of Iskroff. Our task is to save his life.

ANOTHER "BOMB PLOT."

LONDON, Sept. 20 (U.P.).—A "bomb" mailed to the king of Sweden proved on examination to be a bundle of anarchist pamphlets, an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen said today. Discovery of the mysterious package in the mails caused excitement and an official inquiry.

ORR, SOCIALIST, CALLS POLICE AID

Four Workers Arrested in Melee; Released

(By a Worker Correspondent)

At the intersection of Intervale and Wilkins Aves., recently, the socialists held an election campaign rally. When the meeting started a good-sized crowd had gathered to hear Samuel Orr, the principal speaker, who is that party's choice for assemblyman in that district Mr. Orr, satisfied with his audience, began to discourse on prohibition and labor.

Workers Jeer Speaker.

Among the listeners were a good many furriers and cloakmakers who were permitted to ask questions with the assurance that they would be answered toward the end of the address. The hour grew late. The crowd became restless. The promised answers were not forthcoming. So the workers began to jeer and ridicule the speaker, who, realizing that nobody was listening, decided to conclude his lecture by announcing the New Leader. At this juncture one of the workers stepped from among the crowd and began to speak. Orr, beside himself with rage at the reception given his impotent harangue, turned his back to the workers, muttering an implied imprecation as he did so.

Melee Threatens.

At this point of the evening's meeting the workers' growing impatience gave way to obstreperous excitement. Shouts arose from the indignant crowd. Orr was angrily assailed with a barrage of taunts and interlocutive jibes. "Who broke the cloakmakers' and furriers' union?" "Who put out injunctions against the workers?" were some of the war cries from the workers' ranks Disorder threatened and it seemed as if a melee was imminent.

Police Summoned.

Orr, fearing for his personal safety, ordered somebody to call the police but nobody noticed him. When, finally, he did summon the police to come to his rescue, the workers ran onto the platform and threw him off, tearing the socialist sign on the speakers' dais at the same time. Shortly after his unceremonious removal the police arrived and arrested four workers who were later released.

With the police guarding him, Orr again mounted the platform and began to talk, saying, "This is not Russia where there is no free speech and the right of assemblage. In this country, we have freedom of speech and anybody who disagrees with me can get a soap box and make his own meeting."

The meeting broke up in disorder with booing from the Young Pioneers against the "Yellow Socialists."

Needle Trade Members of Workers Party Meet

Leading needle trades members of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet today at 8 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, to discuss the activities of the Needle Trades Campaign Committee among the workers in the trade.

The importance of this meeting was stressed by Rebecca Grecht last night, who emphasized the "splendid opportunities for the carrying on of the Red Election campaign among the needle trades workers this year. The complete divorce of needle trades workers from capitalist parties, occasioned by the ruthless injunctions of Tammany and republican judges, is accompanied with the realization of the anti-labor role played by the socialist party in its alliance with the small business man and its use of the strong-arm methods to discourage militancy in the unions."

The meeting tonight will consider ways and means of best carrying on the campaign among the needle trades workers, and should be attended by every needle trades member of the Party.

TEXTILE BARON DIES.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—William Whitman, cotton manufacturer, died at his Brookline home today. He was 87 years old.

ANTI-IMPERIALIST MEET IS PLANNED

Will Open Membership Campaign

The combined membership and mass meeting of the New York Branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, which will be held at the Labor Temple, 242 14th St., Room 42 and 44, Wednesday, Sept. 26, at 8 p. m., will signal the opening of a membership drive of the New York Branch of the League. All the friends and sympathizers of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League are invited to be present.

The war danger, the signing of the Kellogg Pact while preparations for the next war are being speeded up; the growing conflict between the United States and British imperialism; the necessity for organization among the working class to struggle against wage-cuts, rationalization, and unemployment, intensified by the rapid growth of American imperialism; the necessity for solidarity between the workers of imperialist powers and the oppressed masses of colonial and semi-colonial countries—these are some of the questions which will be taken up at the meeting.

Harriet Silverman, Secretary of the New York Branch of the League will preside. Harry Gannes, acting Secretary of the United States Section of the League, and Robert Dunn, author of "American Foreign Investments, will be the principal speakers. Discussions from the floor will be in order. All the affiliated organizations—labor unions, women's organizations, clubs, fraternal and liberal organizations are urged to circularize their members and insist on their presence at this important meeting.

GENERAL STRIKE ON IN ROSARIO

Police Attacks on the Strikers Reported

ROSARIO, Argentina, Sept. 20.—Police guards at the leading plants have been strengthened and large patrols are distributed throughout the city, as the strikers remain out and all workers are ready to walk out on the general strike today, called by the Federation of Trade Unions.

Police attacks upon groups of strikers are reported in various parts of the city, as the public utilities service is at a standstill and communications severed.

All workers here have decided to maintain their demand for higher wages and better working conditions and the hiring of only union workers. They also demand that fired Communists and anarchist workers be returned to their jobs.

LATIN-AME-ICAN FLIGHT

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 20 (UP).—Col. Roberto ~~T~~ierro, Mexican good-will flier, landed at Valbuena Field at 10:10 a. m. today, completing a tour of Central American republics.

OLD FARMER, 78, WANTS LEAFLETS FOR DISTRIBUTION

Pledges Rest of Life for Working Class

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Leavenworth, Kansas:
(To the National Campaign Committee)

Dear Comrades:

I am the lone man in this home to agitate our cause. I am hated by the would-be-politicians of Hoover and Smith. One thing I am very proud of is the way I put out about 200 leaflets in cars last Sunday when a ball game was in progress. I need particularly at this time a few Packing House Workers' leaflets, together with some of the 1928

I am a farmer 78 year old, and an old socialist soap-boxer. Am anxious to speak in Missouri and Arkansas, parts of which, I know very well. Am well known at 207 East 14th Street, Kansas City, and know Oehler, Cushing and Eastwood, too. I went to see if I could see John Porter.

I have got about fifteen here converted to the Red Flag, though only three wear the button in public. Rush all literature. Having been an auctioneer, I have a "stump" voice.

P.S.—Am awaiting outcome of the meeting to oust Lewis at Pittsburgh. Just heard a candidate for governor. He said nothing but a lot of wind, and did not ask if there were any questions the audience wanted to ask. I was eager to ask his stand on Nicaragua. Neither did the Hoover outfit want any Red talk. They don't mention imperialism or capitalism.

I have put out a lot of literature in Arkansas this summer, also among farmers. My future life is for our cause. I want no salary, but when my necessary expenses are assured, if the cause needs me after careful investigation, I am at your service.

—AN OLD SOLDIER.

Grecht at Speakers' Conference Saturday

Rebecca Grecht, election campaign manager of the Workers (Communist) Party in this district, will lead the discussion at the next speakers' conference to take place this Saturday, Sept. 22nd, at 2 p. m., 26-28 Union Square, on "Trade Union Questions and the Election Campaign." All open-air speakers, agitprop directors, election campaign managers, workers active in trade union work and all interested in the election campaign work of the Party, should attend this conference.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

"Luckee Girl" at the Casino Theater Is Quite Amusing

THE Messrs. Shubert, old hands at getting an innocent laugh or two out of dainty and slightly risque spectacles are up to their usual tricks in "Luckee Girl" now at the Casino. The musical comedy known in French as "Un Bon Garcon" in honor of what is by all odds the star performer, the fat and cunning Hercules Richelieu, is done into English by Gertrude Purcell, and played under the cigarette advertisement title above mentioned.

Hercules (sung by Billy House) is a waiter at "Coco's" (you see the regular girl-show plot developing). He insists that he is a direct lineal descendent of the great cardinal, and explains the apparent discrepancy with the vows that accompany holy orders by saying that the "cardinal joined the Yanks one season." Between his harmless and kind hearted intrigue he sings twice, with enthusiastic zest the hit of the show, "Come on, let's make Whoopie." So you see already what kind of a show it is, and there is little more to be said.

The costuming is, if not quite as old as the noble Hercules' monastic ancestor, at least as ancient as the Prince of Pilsen. But the songs and the dances seem new, the tunes are snappy, the composers have forgotten that jazz is supposed to be going out of fashion, and to the present writer at least appear to have added something to that species of music.

"Facts of Life," by Doris Vinton, as Camille, is a quaint little song, with a modernistic twist; some of the verses have to be slurred over a little on account of possible censorship. "Chiffon is an appeal for shorter and better step-ins, or whatever it is that they wear nowadays. Doris Vinton and Irene Dunne (as Arletter, a Midinette) chant this happy tune with considerable spirit.

Like all musical shows, the dancing is the life of it, and in this case the technique followed is to make lovely girls act as much like jumping frogs as possible. The incongruity thus developed lays the foundation for peals of laughter, as any psychologist will tell you. Your critic is informed that no real thrill in the audience is possible without the presence of an element of danger and if this is so, the imminent possibility of dislocated joints provides the show with a good chance to get by. In the last act two heroically modelled Paynims, swarthy of hue, do juggling with a slender whisp of a girl who has more powder on her than you could well imagine would stick there. Some day she will get a fractured skull, but while she lasts it is worth seeing.

Well, it's the usual thing, except for a couple of new tunes, and Hercules and the dancing. But it's pretty—and so far as I can see has no political angle whatever, aside from the reputed geneology of Hercules Richelieu.—V. S.

EVELYN HERBERT

Prima Donna of the new Sigmund Romberg musical show "The New Moon" at the Imperial Theatre.

PLUMBER HELPER DESCRIBES MEET IN LABOR TEMPLE

Helfand Stresses Need for Organization

(By a Worker Correspondent)

A mass meeting of the American Association of Plumbers' Helpers was held on Wednesday, Sept. 12, at the Labor Temple. The president, Brother Helfand, opened the meeting with a speech in which he pointed out the wonderful opportunity for organization now facing the trade. He declared that at least 75 per cent of the union plumbers were working below the scale. Many workers, he said, are rebelling at the ill-treatment they receive from the bosses. He urged full participation in the coming youth conferences.

Brother Singer then spoke on the social and sports activities of the organization.

The general discussion, opened by the recording secretary, "Murphy" dwelt at length on the lessons to be drawn from the recent struggles in the Hebrew Butchers' Union. Many saw the possibility of a similar use of direct action by building trades bosses and officialdom. Many brothers participated in the discussion.

Marie Duke, representing the Working Youth Conference, then spoke on the aims and purposes of that body.

The membership then decided to send five delegates to the conference, naming Francis Doherty, F. M. Chaplar, Murray Singer, Max Helfand and Shapiro.

At the present time the United Association of Plumbers, Steamfitters and Gasfitters are meeting in convention at Atlantic City. The Plumbers Helpers are waiting to learn whether their delegates were seated.

THOUSANDS TO BE AT BIG RED RALLY

Special "Daily" to Be Distributed

Continued from Page One

didates illustrated by their pictures, and stories of the election work as carried on by the different sections of the Party.

As the day of the Red Rally draws nearer every day reveals fresh proof of the character of both republican and democratic candidates. The eulogistic comment made by John L. Lewis, president of the largely non-existent United Mine Workers, on Hoover's fanciful speech, aimed to befuddle workers, is evidence of the sort of "labor leaders" who support the anti-labor policies of the capitalist candidates. That organized labor outside of New York is not fooled by the annual wooing of labor in election campaigns by capitalist and petty-bourgeois politicians is seen in the letter of protest sent by the Orange Typographical Union of Orange, N. J., protesting the endorsement of Smith by the N. J. Federation of Labor, the protest at the same time stating that Hoover, too, does not represent the working man.

The Red Rally of Sept. 28 will fall on the date originally planned by the state republican committee for its campaign conference in this city. It has very recently been decided by the republicans to shift their conference to Syracuse.

All of the state and most of the local candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party will speak at the Central Opera House Rally.

AMUSEMENTS

HUDSON West 44 St. Eves. at 8:30 Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30
"Goin' Home"
"Vivid and unfailingly exciting."—Alison Smith, World.

CENTURY Thea., Central Pk. W. & 62 St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Wed. and Sat.
THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:35
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

SHUBERT Thea. 44, W. of B'way Ev. 8:30; Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:30
GUY ROBERTSON ODETTE MYRTIL DE WOLF HOOPER
in a musical romance of Chopin
WHITE LILACS

Maxine Elliott's Thea., W. 39th St. Evenings 8.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
"Intelligent Entertainment."—Mantle, News.
This THING CALLED Love
A New Comedy Hit by Edwin Burke with Violet Heming & Minor Watson.

Arthur Hopkins Presents
'MACHINAL'
A new play in two parts and ten scenes by Sophie Treadwell
Plymouth Thea. W. 45th St. Eves. 8.30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30

Keith-Albee CAMEO NOW! 42d and B'way
"Q SHIPS"
WORLD' PREMIERE
AUTHENTIC! ACTUAL!
Sensational Submarine Warfare!

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER IN ITS REVISED FORM?
CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Eves. 8:30 Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

'A Clean Hit', Winchell, Graph.
EVA THE 5th
with CLAIRBORNE FOSTER
LITTLE W. 44th St. Eves 8.30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.30

Martin Beck Thea., 45 St. & 8 Av. Eve. 8.40 Ma. Sat., Wed. 2.40
Golden presents a Comedy Drama
NITE HOSTESS
by Philip Dunning
Staged by Winchell Smith

LAST CALL! SIXTH and LAST GROUP for 1928
SENT BY WORLD TOURISTS, INC.

To SOVIET RUSSIA
Leaving
Wednesday, October 17
"S. S. MAURETANIA"
TO WITNESS THE CELEBRATION OF THE NOVEMBER REVOLUTION

(VISA GUARANTEED—ANY PART OF THE SOVIET UNION CAN BE VISITED.)

$325.00 (Special Tour)
$375.00 (Complete Tour)

WORLD TOURISTS, INC.
69 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK CITY. Tel.: ALGonquin 6900.

TWO COMMUNIST CAMPAIGNERS
Designed By Fred Ellis

THE VOTE COMMUNIST STAMP
Printed over a background formed by the Red Hammer and Sickle with the photographs of Foster and Gitlow tastefully worked in.
To be posted on envelopes, letters, programs, shop papers, bulletins, etc.
PRICE:
Book of eighty stamps, $1.00. Can be resold at 10c per page of eight stamps.
Quantity lots: 55 books for $50; 90 for $75; 125 for $100.

THE VOTE COMMUNIST BUTTON
A beautiful arrangement of the photographs of Foster and Gitlow within a solid red shield.
VOTE COMMUNIST stands out.
Can be sold anywhere for a dime.
PRICE:
5c in lots up to 100.
4c in lots up to 1000.
3c in lots up to 5000.
2c in lots of 5000 or over.

National Election Campaign Committee
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY
43 East 125th Street NEW YORK, N. Y.

Campaign Notice

A PACKAGE of one hundred leaflets will be sent you FREE OF CHARGE by the National Election Campaign Committee. Just send in your name and address on a post card or letter. This is not an advertising campaign, and the Committee is not seeking a profit on the sale of campaign leaflets. 500,000 leaflets will be given away. If you like the idea, you can keep it going by sending as much as you can contribute to the Free Campaign Leaflet Fund to enable the Committee to renew the offer.

Mail this coupon NOW to the
National Election Campaign Committee
43 East 125th St., New York City.

Comrades:
Send me a package of one hundred Communist Campaign leaflets. It is understood that there is no obligation on my part except to distribute these leaflets.
Name ....
Address ....

yan, President of Longshoremen, Signs Agreement for Wage Slash

IGNORES VOTE OF LABOR AGAINST BETRAYAL PACT

Average Yearly Pay Is About $25 a Week

The expected set-back for the longshoremen in their recent demand for a wage increase was confirmed yesterday when Joseph P. Ryan, reactionary president of the International and president of the Central Trades and Labor Council, announced that a new agreement had been accepted at the old low wages. The pay of the longshoreman is said to be not over $25 a week for the year's average.

Last week, Ryan, after a conference with Frederick C. Topin, vice-president of the International Mercantile Marine, leader of the shipping forces, announced publicly that he expected no results from the nominal demand for an increase which he had made, due to the pressure of the longshoremen. The "refusal" of the shipping concerns to grant an increase was referred to the men of the Atlantic seaboard for a vote.

Yesterday, without troubling to announce the result of the vote, believed to have been overwhelmingly against the low wage scale, Ryan announced that the old terms had been accepted.

"Our conferences with the steamship owners were friendly and harmonious," he said. "While we did not get an increase in wages, still the condition of the steamship industry is such that we got the best that could be expected."

POSTERS TELL OF BIG BAZAAR

Continued from Page One

some of them are, though there are still many workers who have not yet started activity. With less than two weeks left until the opening of the bazaar, the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee is bending every effort towards mobilizing every section of the militant American working class behind the bazaar. The committee points out that the bazaar is not a local affair, but one of national importance, as has been emphasized by the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Bazaar activity must be carried on along three lines: Collecting articles, selling tickets and gathering greetings and names for the Red Honor Roll that will be included in the unique souvenir bazaar program.

Workers, only two weeks remain. Get on the job!

Three More Agents to Tour States for Daily Worker Subscriptions

Continued from Page One

out for their activities have heretofore been uncovered either by the Workers (Communist) Party or the Daily Worker. Each one has expressed himself as being enthusiastic over the tour, emphasizing the fact that new contacts with the workers of these states will be made which were impossible up to now. In each city and town covered, all attempts possible to build a strong "Support the Daily Worker" machine will be made.

Thus far, several cities have responded excellently to the Daily Worker drive. Such unknown spots as Vinal Haven, Maine, have secured three subscriptions, while Youngstown, Ohio, has sent six subs as the first batch toward the attainment of the city's quota, which has been set at 25.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 30 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

* * *

Williamsburgh Y. W. L.

The Williamsburgh section of the Y. W. C. L. will hold the following open air meetings this week:

Today at Grand Street Extension with the following speakers: A. Weinfeld, C. Steckloff, M. Hoffer and D. Davis.

Today at Hooper Street and So. 3rd St., Brooklyn, with the following speakers: H. Harris, S. Weiss, R. Gordon and M. Geltman.

* * *

German Fraction Picnic.

A September picnic will be held Sunday the 23rd in "Edenwald" for the benefit of the organ "Der Arbeiter," the bi-monthly Communist paper issued by the fraction. Come and spend a late summer's day in the greens. Plenty to eat and drink. Third Ave. to 133rd St., then Boston Westchester R. R. to Dyer Ave., or subway to 180th Street, then B. W. R. R.

* * *

District Agitprop Conference.

A conference of the district agitprop directors will be held today, at 7 p. m., at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, 5th floor. Many important matters will be taken up, and all unit agitprop directors must attend. The meeting will be adjourned at 8:30 to go to the district functionaries meeting.

* * *

District Speakers' Conference.

A district speakers' conference will be held tomorrow at 2 p. m. at the Workers Center, 5th floor. Rebecca Grecht will lead a discussion on "Trade Union Questions and the Election Campaign." All open air speakers and agitprop directors must attend. Everyone is welcome.

* * *

Williamsburg Red Week.

The Red Week Drive in Williamsburg will gain momentum this week when workers will gather at 46 Ten Eyck St. to go out collecting signatures. A special mobilization will be held Sunday among the members of Sections 2 and 3.

* * *

Branch 3, Section 7.

A business and educational meeting of Branch 3, Section 7 will be held Monday, 3 p. m. at 740 40th St., Brooklyn. Valentine will lead a discussion on "The Negro Question."

Bronx Y. W. C. L. Notice.

Two Sundays ago a mobilization of all the Bronx sections of the Young Workers (Communist) League took place in the Bronx to place the name of Philip Frankfeld on the ballot in the Third Assembly District. At that time, 450 signatures were collected. This Sunday, another mobilization of young workers will take place, which is expected to bring the 100 more signatures necessary for placing Frankfeld's name on the ballot. After the real work will have been done, the young workers will attend a Red Yom Kippur celebration at the Lower Bronx Labor Center, 715 E. 138th St.

* * *

Bronx Signature Drive.

All 4 units Bronx Section Y. W. L. will mobilize for the Signature Drive Sunday at 10 a. m. at headquarters, Lower Bronx Labor Center, 115 E. 138th St.

* * *

German Y. W. L.

We will meet on Sunday, Sept. 23, at 8:15 a. m. at Liberty Street ferry, Manhattan, for a hike to New Jersey. We want all comrades to come along.

* * *

Y. W. L. and Party Notice.

A conference of members of the Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communist) League engaged in children's work and interested in developing this phase of work, will be held Sunday, Sept. 23, 10 a. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

* * *

Lower Bronx Y. W. L.

The Lower Bronx unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an open-air meeting today at 8 p. m. on the corners of 138th St. and Willis Ave. Brant, Nessin, Schifman and Smith will be the speakers.

* * *

Lectures on Negro Problems.

Unit F1, sub-section 2A will hold an educational meeting on the "Negro Problems and the Election Campaign" today, 6.30 p. m. H. P. Williams, of the American Negro Labor Congress, will be the speaker. All workers are invited.

* * *

2F SS 2C.

2F SS 2C meets today at 6.30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All comrades must bring membership books.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Banquet at Brighton Beach.

Saturday, Oct. 13, at 8:30 p. m., a Chinese supper and an interesting concert will be given by the Workers' Club, Brighton Beach.

* * *

Cooperative I. L. D.

The Co-operative branch of the International Labor Defense is being organized in the Co-operative Colony. A meeting is called for today at 8.15 in the Auditorium, 2700 Bronx Park East.

* * *

Anti-Imperialist Membership Meet.

Wednesday evening, September 26 at 8 p. m. in the Labor Temple, 242 E. 14th St., New York City, a membership meeting of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League will be held, with Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the league presiding. Harry Gannes, acting secretary of the United States section of the league and Robert Dunn, author of "America's Foreign Investments" will be the principal speakers. Discussion from the floor. Friends and sympathizers are invited.

* * *

Jewelry Workers Concert and Ball.

The jewelry workers will hold a concert and ball at the New Webster Manor, 11th St. between 3rd and 4th Aves., on the evening of Saturday, Nov. 3.

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

The annual Proletarian Autumn Revel of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense will be held Saturday evening, Oct. 27, at 8:30 at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Prizes will be given for the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Youth Chorus Meeting.

The Youth Chorus will have an organizational meeting Saturday at 2 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Pl. All who are interested should attend.

* * *

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A general membership meeting of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be held today at 8 p. m. at 118 Bristol St. near Pitkin Ave. Election of a new leadership will take place. All members are urged to attend.

* * *

Brownsville Color Light Dance.

A Color Light Dance will be held Oct. 20 at the Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., under the auspices of the Young Workers Social Culture Club.

* * *

"Esperanta Laborularo."

Tomorrow at 8 p. m. a special meeting of the Esperanta Laborularo will be held at the "Hungarian Workers' Home" 350 E. 81st St. Program: Election of officers, reorganization, classes, etc. All class-conscious workers are invited.

WORKERS PARTY ARRANGES WEEKS OPEN AIR MEETS

Negro and Elections Is Topic

The Workers (Communist) Party has arranged the following open-air meetings for the current week, at which the subject will be "Negro Problems and the Election Campaign." All speakers must get bulletins at the district Agitprop Department:

Friday, Sept. 21.

National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Grecht, Ross, B. Gussakoff.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—Ragozin, Baum, Julius Cohen, L. Mikell (Pioneer).

Fifth Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C.—M. Taft, Grace Lamb, Jessie Taft, Gamilla, Lyons.

Varet and Graham Ave., Brooklyn—Primoff, Chernenko, Rosemond, Wellman (Pioneer).

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn—DeLeon, V. Smith, McDonald.

Clinton St. and East Broadway, N. Y.—Joe Cohen, Silber, Shatzkamer (Pioneer).

Ave. A and 7th St., N. Y.—Wm. Frank, Suskin, Goliger (chairman).

Saturday, Sept. 22.

First Ave. and 116th St. (Italian)—Auerbach, Rolfe, Napoli, Magliacano.

First Ave. and 79th St.—G. Lloyd, Moreaic, Alexander, Lustig, J. Rosen (Pioneer).

West New York, New Jersey (14th St. and Bergenline Ave.)—Markoff, C. Martin.

Perth Amboy, N. J. (308 Elm St.)—Edward Wright, Covatez.

Elizabeth, N. J.—D. Benjamin, R. Duke, Freiman.

Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx—Chas. Zimmerman, Padgug, G. Spiro, Severino, R. Yukelson (Pioneer).

Madison Ave.—Listen Oak, Gill Green, Williams, Kagan.

Paterson Silk Workers Mass Meet

PATERSON, Sept. 19.—The Associated Silk Workers' Union will hold a mass meeting Friday evening at Carpenters' Hall, 56 Van Houten St., called for the purpose of stimulating the fight for the restoration of the 8-hour day, for a uniform price list and for the organization of the trade.

GIANTS SPLIT WITH CARDS; YANKS LOSE

The New York Giants and St. Louis Cardinals divided a double-header here yesterday, the Cardinals winning the first game 8 to 5, and the Giants winning the second, 7 to 4. Thus their standing in the bitter National League pennant race remains unchanged.

A hurricane of homers swept through the Polo Grounds, leaving behind the blasted wreckage of several pitching reputations and two badly frazzled pennant contenders who are still no closer to a decisive verdict in their battle for the National League championship.

Home runs, three from the big black bat of George Harper alone, wrested a victory for the St. Louis Cardinals, 8 to 5, in the first game, and a mighty swat by Shanty Hogan with the bases filled in the eighth inning won the second encounter for the New York Giants, 7 to 4.

Old Jack Quinn pitched a fine game for the Philadelphia Athletics, who beat Detroit, 6-1. Quinn allowed 6 hits, while Whitehill of the Tigers gave 8. The Yankees took a beating 4-3 from Chicago, and dropped to a game ahead of Philadelphia. The game went 12 innings. Pipgras started for the Yanks; Hoyt finished. Faber went the whole route for Chicago.

* * *

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

National League.

St. Louis 8, New York 5 (1st).
New York 7, St. Louis 4 (2nd).
Cincinnati 7, Boston 2 (1st).
Boston 9, Cincinnati 5 (2nd).
Pittsburgh 6, Phila. 5.
Only games.

* * *

American League.

Chicago 4, New York 3 (12 ins.)
Phila. 6, Detroit 1.
St. Louis 5, Boston 2.
Only games.

BALBOA, C. Z., Sept. 20 (U.P.).—Sir Austen Chamberlain, British foreign secretary, will sail for San Francisco tomorrow aboard the Dollar Line steamer President Adams.

Buy

YOUR TICKETS FOR THE DAILY WORKER-FREIHEIT BAZAAR AT THESE STATIONS!

Down Town

N. MUSLIN,
138 Avenue B;
SOLIN'S RESTAURANT,
216 East 14th Street;
ZELEG'S RESTAURANT,
78 Second Avenue;
LIDSKY'S BOOK STORE,
202 East Broadway;
FURRIERS JOINT BOARD,
22 East 22nd Street;
CLOAK MAKERS JOINT BOARD,
16 West 21st Street;
RATIONAL VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT,
199 Second Avenue;
DAILY WORKER,
26-28 Union Square.

Harlem

HEALTH FOOD VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT,
1600 Madison Ave.;
TOTENS WEINGORTEN (Restaurant),
26 East 109th Street;
UNITY ARBEITER CO-OPERATIVE,
1800 Seventh Avenue.

Bronx

RAPPAPORT & CUTLER (Book Store),
1310 Southern Boulevard.
UNITED WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE,
2700 Bronx Park East.

Brooklyn

Brownsville—
J. GOLDSTEIN (Book Store)
365 Sutter Avenue;
Boro Park—
MAX SNOW (Drug Store)
4224 13th Avenue;
Bath Beach—
MALLEMANS (Book Store)
8603 20th Avenue;
Williamsburgh—
LEISVA,
46 Ten Eyck Street.

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☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers!
For the Party of the Class Struggle!
Against the Capitalists!

Senator Curtis' Reply.

The late Elbert Hubbard used to say: "When someone beats you in an argument, do not despair. All is not yet lost. You can still call him names."

Hubbard, pen valet extraordinary for the capitalist exploiters of this country, only formulated in a concise and comprehensive manner that which has long been the chief stock-in-trade of democratic and republican as well as socialist party politicians.

The latest example of such "political argument," was the retort of Senator Curtis of Kansas, vice-presidential candidate on the republican ticket to a farmer in Spencer, Iowa, who asked questions that could not be answered about the Mellon-Hoover-Coolidge policies, with particular reference to farm relief and Teapot Dome. Mr. Curtis, instead of replying to the questions of the farmer, pointed a scornful finger at him and said: "You're too damn dumb to understand it, anyway."

In this rejoinder is revealed something more than mere impudence on the part of Curtis, himself one of the most servile, stupid, incompetent ornaments of that cave of the winds known as the United States senate. Curtis was one of the regulars, voting like a marionette on all the republican swindles and approved every act of every grafter in the entire history of the Harding-Mellon-Hoover-Coolidge Teapot Dome cabinet.

Curtis' reply to the Iowa farmer is classic, in that it symbolizes in one sentence the attitude of the old party politicians toward the exploited masses of this country. The politicians believe themselves superior people, destined to rule over dumb, driven cattle. To question such people about their records at Washington is regarded as impudence. It is a wonder the hoodlums that usually follow in the wake of old party presidential candidates did not throw the questioner out of the hall, especially in view of the fact that his queries were such that Curtis could not even attempt to reply otherwise than by calling the farmer names.

The difference between Communists and all other political parties is no more clearly revealed than in the attitude toward the workers and farmers who comprise the audiences. At all Communist campaign meetings questions and even discussion from the floor is welcome. The arguments and program of the Workers (Communist) Party can be defended anywhere, against anyone, because the Communists alone have a program that will solve the problems facing the exploited masses of workers and farmers.

Political parties are instruments by which classes endeavor to gain control of the government. No party can speak for all the people. However, the old parties—as well as the socialist party in its present decrepit state—try to conceal their class character, hence their programs are deliberately designed to deceive the masses, to conceal their real class character. On the other hand the Communists are the vanguard of the working class and go before the masses with an avowedly class program, hence we are always ready, willing and anxious to explain the most minute details of our program and policies. We have nothing to conceal, while the other parties have to conceal the very reason for their existence—the fact that they represent the exploiting class against the workers and farmers of the country.

Trade Union Agreements—Advantageous or Harmful

Superficial observers of the labor movement, particularly the university professors who try to formulate theories to justify the betrayals of the working class by the reactionary officials of the American Federation of Labor, make a fetish out of trade union agreements. Prof. John R. Commons of the University of Wisconsin is the founder of the modern school of learned apologists for that theory and practice of trade union fakery that has come to be known under the general term of Gomperism. The lesser [illegible] school are the Brookwood "labor college" faculty, Selig Pearlman of Wisconsin University and a considerable number of graduates of these institutions. Commons and his associates hold that a union which does not maintain continuous contracts with employers is doomed to failure. In analyzing the birth and decline of various independent unions they claim that the failure to obtain agreements from employers is "the rock upon which all such unions have broken."

Certainly no intelligent worker will take a stand in opposition to all agreements. Likewise no one except traitors to labor or their theoretical defenders in the university chairs will advocate the signing of any agreements that may be obtained.

Agreements are most advantageous to trade unions when they are forced from the employer in a struggle that results in victory for the workers. Under such conditions agreements serve as a weapon inasmuch as they cover periods of low productivity in a given industry and expire at a date favorable to the workers and unfavorable for the employer. Under certain conditions, in industries formerly unorganized or industries in which the workers have only weak organizations, it is possible to sign agreements without improvements in conditions or increases in wages, provided they expire at a time favorable to the workers. During the life of such agreements intensive organizational work can proceed so that the workers will be in a better position to fight the employers.

But certainly it is never advantageous to the workers to sign agreements accepting wage-cuts and expiring at a time when the workers are least able to put up a fight. Such agreements would result in initiating a whole series of wage-cuts and a policy of steady retreat on the part of labor.

The formerly militant sections of the American Federation of Labor have never made a fetish of agreements. For instance, the International Typographical Union, during the short period since the war that it was dominated by progressive forces (in fact and not in name only), refused for years to sign agreements with certain newspaper publishers in Chicago simply because the employers insisted upon agreements expiring at a date unfavorable to the union. The same policy was followed in Cleveland and other cities in the job printing end of the industry. Far better to work without any agreements at all than to accept them when they are a menace to the future success of the workers.

The 2,000 coal miners of Illinois who have gone on strike against the infamous treachery of the Lewis-Fishwick machine and who refuse to abide by agreements that ratify wage-cuts have followed the right line thus far. Their next step must be a break with Lewis and all his henchmen and affiliation with the National Miners Union under a leadership developed out of the struggle and steeled in the long fight against Lewis and the operators, a leadership that realizes full well that only by organization and a determined fight that will compel the employers to grant living wages and decent conditions in the mining industry can there be any thought of agreements.

Genuine Farm Relief.

News from the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is to the effect that the Ukraine harvest has fallen short of expectations, leaving 850,000 men, women and children of the agricultural area in that part of the Soviet Union in a position where they cannot maintain their living standards on returns from their crop. The Soviet government, as soon as the condition of the peasants was ascertained, appropriated the sum of 31,000,000 rubles toward the cost of supplies needed and the local government appropriated 10,000,000 rubles for the same purpose.

Here is a case of the one government on earth that represents the people who inhabit its territory meeting a farm crisis with quick and adequate relief. Not with fake promises as is the case of the republican party in this country, or of promises of an investigation committee as is the case of Al. Smith and the democrats—both aspiring to serve as administrators of a government that exists only in order that the capitalist class may continue to exploit the workers and farmers,—but with practical relief policies.

Hundreds of Porto Rican Peasants Killed In Terrific Hurricane Which Swept Island

The fierce hurricane which swept across Porto Rico killed hundreds of peasants and left hundreds of thousands homeless. The storm smashed the tiny match-box hovels in which the peasants live and left a trail of dead and dying, of wrecked hovels and ruined fields in its wake. Above, workers of San Juan clearing the streets of debris.

The Workers Party in the West

Workers Rally to Party Despite Attacks of Mine and Packing House Barons

By ROY STEPHENS

COMMUNISM is growing in the middle-west. The workers in this section of the country have already put the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in the states of Nebraska, Iowa, South Dakota, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Kansas, and Texas. Indications are that the Communist ticket will be on the ballot in every middle-western state. A big fight is also being carried on to organize the workers in the packing houses and other big industries.

As a result of these activities attempts are being made in the states of Nebraska, Oklahoma, Kansas and Texas to keep the Communist ticket off the ballot and send the most militant fighters to jail. There are also indications that attempts will be made in several other states to likewise prevent the workers from putting their ticket on the ballot. The conclusion to be drawn from this is that it is a concerted attack by the employers and open-shop interests to destroy the Communist movement in the middle-west. That is just what is happening.

Some Characteristics.

In order to understand just why the employers fear the Communists so in this section of the country one must understand the conditions existing here and the peculiar characteristics of this section.

The middle-west is admittedly the most American section of the country. By this is meant that here the people are the greatest per cent native-born and the most free from the customs of foreign immigrants who come to our shores. Naturally such American schemes as class-collaboration and company unionism are put into practice most effectively here. The capitalist press has always boasted that Communism cannot grow in this part of the country.

Since the war the labor movement has been almost completely destroyed. The strong unions of the miners and packing house workers are no more. Cities like Omaha, Kansas City, St. Joseph and Denver boast that labor troubles have been solved. At the present time Kansas City and Omaha are spending several million dollars each year to induce manufacturers to locate in these cities. Since the republican convention at Kansas City the chamber of commerce has decided to spend an additional five million at once. Here they boast raw materials and labor are abundant.

A. F. of L. Betrayals.

The American Federation of Labor has completely betrayed the workers. The fakers who are in control spend their time thinking up new schemes to prevent any militancy. This Labor Day in Omaha the reactionary mayor of the city, Mayor Dahlman, who owns a lot of stock in the street railway and other corporations here, was invited to address their meetings.

At one time there were strong I. W. W. and socialist organizations in this section of the country, but they no longer exist. Today what is left of the socialists openly praise such politicians as Norris and Brookhart. The I. W. W. has no members except in a few of the mining regions of Colorado and Wyoming and there they fight the militants and the Communists and through their wrong tactics they lost the Colorado coal strike. Only the Communists are carrying on a militant campaign against the employers and the Wall Street government.

The farmers, too, in this section are suffering greatly because of the exploitation of them by the capitalist class. Thousands are yearly losing their farms and being forced to go into the cities and join the ranks of the unemployed. The agricultural laborers have had their conditions made worse by the introduction of combines and better machinery. The highways have been full all summer with them wandering in vain in search of employment.

Communists Gain.

Lately the Workers (Communist) Party has been making great gains. In Colorado the Communists were active during the coal strike and now in Pittsburg, Kansas, they are leading the fight for a new union. In the packing plants they are publishing shop papers and calling on the workers to organize. Many mass meetings are being held, at which Communist speakers show up Norris and Brookhart and other politicians as supporters of the capitalist system. But in doing so they have enraged the employers and the state officials.

In Kansas, Hugo Oehler, district organizer, and ten other workers were arrested for speaking and having in their possession such radical literature as the Daily Worker, Labor Defender and "Party Platform." As yet their cases have not been heard, but under the vicious criminal syndicalist law of Kansas they may be sentenced to five to ten years' imprisonment. The Armour Company caused their arrest by reporting to the police that the Communists were trying to organize the packing house workers.

Jingoes Bar Negroes.

In Texas the secretary of state refuses to allow the Workers Party to go on the ballot, even though they have complied with the law. Here jingoism flourishes and race discrimination is at its height. Negroes are prevented by law from voting in the primary election.

In Oklahoma the state officials are using every possible trick to prevent the Communist electors from filing on the Farmer-Labor ticket, even though they, too, have complied with the law.

In Nebraska the employers and state officials are using the "red baiters" in the American Legion and Veterans of Foreign Wars to help them throw the Workers Party ticket off the ballot. Governor Adam McMullen recently made a speech in which he stated that the Communists are making great inroads in the state, especially among the youth. Following his speech the American Legion and other jingoists got busy and filed a protest with the secretary of state. At their Grand Island convention the American Legion devoted one afternoon of their sessions to attacking the Communists.

Boast of Stool Pigeons.

R. A. Kirkpatrick, chairman of the Americanization committee, boasted that the Legion was carrying on an extensive espionage campaign, saying that Legion stool-pigeons attended several Communist meetings and furnished reports to the department of justice at Washington. Marcus Poteet of the Lincoln Post of the American Legion stated that while he knew of no legal objection to the Workers Party filing he thought that a Communist organization is subversive of American ideals and that the placing of a Communist ticket on the American ballot is so odious that the situation transcends technicalities of the law.

Newspapers in Nebraska carried headlines announcing that a Red Plot had been discovered here. An American Legionnaire delivered a speech over radio station WOW, in which he attacked the Communists at great length.

Want to Continue Exploitation.

The capitalist class hope to destroy the Communist movement in the middle-west. They want to keep this section of the country unorganized so as to exploit the workers to the utmost and keep the middle-west a reservoir from which to recruit the bulk of the cannon fodder for the next imperialist war.

But the Communist Party will not be destroyed. The attacks of our enemies will only cause us to grow. Workers are learning that the Communists are fighters and from the attempts of the capitalist class to keep us off the ballot they will learn that democracy is only a dictatorship of the capitalists and only the Workers (Communist) Party fights for a workers' and farmers' government.

Workers, defeat the attacks of the employers in the middle-west! Your answer must be the placing of the Communist ticket on the ballot in at least thirty-five states. Forward to a workers' and farmers' government!

Imperialist War and Working Class Youth

Capitalist Press, Church and Schools Screech Propaganda for Coming War

By W. J. WHITE.

WHAT part will the youth of this country play when the war drums are sounding? This is today a potent question which we must answer correctly. How must we organize our youth of the working class in order to offset the patriotic hokum which is being instilled into their minds thru their eyes and ears by the teacher, the preacher and the political bunkum and hokum peddlers who are behind the many activities in sports, camp fire girls, the boy scouts, the Y. M. C. A. and the numerous sports clubs which are being organized among the youth in order to keep their minds wedded to the capitalist system? It is doubtful if any other worker aside from the actual building up of the army and navy, is getting as much consideration as this propaganda which is today being carried on among the youth by the capitalists of the country.

Papers and Magazines

In order that the youth may be lashed to the chariot of the War God of capitalism, printers' ink is being spilled by the gallon and the physical advantages which come from the many activities connected with the boy scouts, the Y. M. C. A. huts, the outdoor life, etc., are held out in such an alluring way and in such a manner that the real intention is skillfully hidden behind all this poisonous propaganda. In this propaganda the paid hirelings of the masters "brass check" press are drawn up, and they respond with a will to the commands of their masters. Not only are the daily papers actively engaged in this work of moulding the minds of the young to suit the purposes of the bosses, but the magazines are also drawn upon to warp and twist the minds of the young so that they will willingly go out when called upon in case of under the guise of the physical well-respond to the numerous calls to go into the camps of the Citizens' Military Training Camps.

The Part of the Church.

The religious press, especially of some of the large protestant denominations, and also the press of the catholic church is filled with this camouflaged war propaganda. The feelings of working class fathers and mothers are skillfully played upon by such papers and their patriotism and religious bigotry is appealed to under the guise of the physical welfare of their children and the need of having them fit to take their part in the affairs of life. Baseball leagues confined strictly to the members of the churches are fostered and given publicity by the church papers, the same is true of football and kindred sports. The catholic church takes advantage of the patriotic appeal to the young to build up catholic organizations patterned after the camp fire girls and the boy scouts, but the church sees to it that these organizations are confined to the members of its congregations. These organizations of the youth are fostered in the parochial schools and as much patriotism is instilled into the heads of the young in these institutions as in the purely secular institutions.

Who Furnishes the Money?

In all of this the hand of the big banking and capitalist institutions can be seen at work. It is they who go into their tills to furnish the money for the meets and games where the public can not be induced to pay for the necessary uniforms and paraphernalia. Of course they bring to bear as much as possible the law of emulation in which they pit civic pride and use school religion and every other stimulation they can play upon in accomplishing their ends. The big banks thru their directors are the leaders who put up the money for the Y. M. C. A, the Young Men's Catholic Societies and they are always extremely careful to see that so far as possible none of their money is wasted, but that it bears a very heavy interest in their favor. Prizes are put up for the winners in the contests. Silver loving cups are made the prize for some contest, while in others it may take on any one of a thousand different forms, however, always having in view the advancement of the cause of big business and capitalism, and war.

Very fortunately our party is alive to this question, and in every congress and the plenum of the Workers (Communist) Party this question of the youth is seriously being discussed. This is finding ever and ever more response in the organizations of the young workers and they are especially carrying on more and more propaganda in the training camps of the Citizens' Military Training Camps, and also among those young who are still under the influence of the propaganda of the industrial and imperialistic rulers. This is as it should be for if we neglect our work among the youth in the mills and factories of the country, then we are not fulfilling our revolutionary task. Organize the youth! Build up the Young Workers League and the Pioneers in the United States, for upon them rests the future of our Party. One of the means which will bring real results to our Party in bringing to the front those best fitted to lead in this work, is the numerous schools which the Party is conducting in such centers as Ohio, Wisconsin, New York and Massachusetts. It is from them that we can look for the training and discipline of our young workers. In this we are, considering our small membership and comparatively weak resources doing a very fine work, and we can in the near future, I hope, bring to bear for this work more and better and ever larger schools with an ever growing number of members attending the classes in these and the other schools we will be opening from time to time. This is the key to our tasks among the young. Only by founding such schools and building up our papers can we hope to offset and check-mate the work of the capitalists in their work of making reactionaries of the rising youth of our class.

Told You So

AL SMITH and Herbert Hoover are now playing the role of political confidence men to the workers and farmers. While Herbert was trying to seduce the labor vote in New Jersey, Al was out in the potato and corn belt trying to win the hand and heart of the farmer. Hoover and Al did not talk about love weaving webs of fancy on the horns of the moon; they talked steak and potatoes. They talked about it, that's all. The worker who takes Hoover seriously deserves to carry a lighter-than-air dinner pail and the poor farmer who believes the tale of Tammany Al, doesn't know enough to shake a mouse out of his whiskers.

T. J. O'Flaherty

• • •

SMITH can afford to spend half a million dollars on his radio broadcasting and Hoover can afford to spend as much more. They will get their vote-bait in the newspapers and into the sitting rooms of the voters thruout the country. Millions of workers and farmers will undoubtedly fall for their hokum. But an ever-increasing number of the exploited masses are getting hep to the democratic and Republican parties. Fooling the masses and serving the capitalists has been the profession of the plute parties for generations. The workers are waking up and those of them that have gotten the dust out of their eyes are looking towards the Workers (Communist) Party for leadership.

• • •

IN all probability there will not be much more fuss made about the Queens sewer scandal. Patten, Connolly's man won out over his opponents in the primaries last Tuesday. Tammany opposed Patten, evidently because the wigwam warriors wanted the sewers all to themselves. Tammany was stopped at the bridge. "Tho shalt not pass" was the slogan of the Queens Democratic bosses. Thieves will insist on falling out.

• • •

IT'S mighty hard for a fellow with money to know what to do these days. He is beset with danger from all sides. John M. Philips, the late sewer-pipe king, or as he called himself the "King of Queens" trusted a nurse he met by accident as most nurses are met. As you may know Philips is supposed to be dead, tho it would not surprise his friends to learn that he pulled off a resurrection. But anyhow, this nurse who admired the late pipe sultan, is now telling all in the pages of a New York tabloid. Needless to say she is doing it in the interests of clean government. So far she has succeeded only in whetting our curiosity.

• • •

THE gist of her story is that this man who made others bend to his will as if they were so many reeds was as weak as a woman's tears in the hands of John Barleycorn. But he always carried a medallion which he picked up on the street and no matter how muddled he was, when he touched this charm, his brain cleared and he shot out decisions bearing the stamp of wisdom. Samson lost his herculean strength when he got trimmed by a woman. Perhaps some modern damsel went thru Philips' pocket and stole his amulet. Great men sometimes not only have feet of clay but carry their brains in their hip pockets.

• • •

THE 80 per cent of the population that have pyorrhea and don't know it are not so badly off. They might have halitosis and see the world turning away from them. Still, Bernarr McFadden, the big vegetable and vitamin man is not satisfied. This public benefactor is never satisfied unless he is helping to make the people healthier and increasing his bank roll. The style in disease is constantly changing. Today it is the fashion to go on the war path against pyorrhea; tomorrow it may be the lowly bunion.

• • •

McFADDEN has successfully harnessed every known disease to his chariot. What sin is to the evangelist disease is to McFadden. While fighting the medical profession McFadden runs the biggest clearing house for quackery in the United States. His numerous publications carry fake medicine ads guaranteeing to cure everything that afflicts the human anatomy from corns to consumption. His tabloid is the most vulgarly sensational rag published in the United States. He is the patron saint of the neurotic and the Moses of the half-baked who believe that everybody who comes forward with a panacea for human ills is a saviour.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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TEXTILE WORKERS' CONVENTION OPENS HERE TODAY

70,000 Polish Mill Workers Win Strike

GOVERNMENT IS DEFEATED IN A ONE DAY STRIKE

Pilsudski Arbitration Move Goes Down in Failure

Men Win All Demands

Strike Against Speed-Up, Wage Cuts

BULLETIN.

(By United Press)

LODZ, Poland, Sept. 21.—The strike of 75,000 textile workers here ended today when the government announced that regulations to which the workers objected would be withdrawn.

• • •

WARSAW, Poland, Sept. 21.—More than 70,000 textile workers in Lodz have joined a strike which promises to assume the proportions of a nation-wide walkout.

The Pilsudski regime has appointed an arbitration committee with a view of stopping the strike. This move is interpreted as an attempt on the part of government to intervene in favor of employers.

The workers went on strike to fight against the introduction of speed-up, recent wage cuts and working conditions.

[illegible] forces are being concentrated in Lodz and troops, it is rumored, are being held in readiness for an "emergency."

CANADA FURRIERS FLAY RIGHT WING

McGrady Is Coming to Aid Union-Wrecking

(Special to the Daily Worker)

TORONTO, Sept. 21.—With only one dissenting vote, the membership meeting of the Toronto Furriers' Local 40 last night passed overwhelmingly a resolution condemning in the strongest terms the action of the A. F. of L. officials of the International Fur Workers' Union in suspending their left wing business agent Englander and their chairman and secretary, Dordok and Klieg.

Edward F. McGrady, special emissary of the A. F. of L. to destroy the furriers' working conditions by breaking their unions, is to come here to a secret special meeting which the right wing has called especially for the members of the formerly existing Gentile locals.

The calling of this meeting was kept completely secret from the Jewish workers who compose the great majority in the trade. The honest workers here, however, announce that they are aware of the plans to try to arouse racial antagonism among the workers here and are prepared to fight the clique's union-wrecking tactics thru the Trade Union Educational League.

Business Agent Englander revealed a letter written by the right wing supporter Currie several weeks ago in which Currie advised McGrady and his gang to adopt their present tactics.

DENY PARDON TO CENTRALIA MEN

Reactionary Governor Behind Move

The Parole Board of the state of Washington following its hearing has just denied the power for the release of the eight Centralia I. W. W.s who were framed up in 1919, and sentenced to virtual life imprisonment. This was the news contained in a telegram received yesterday at the National Office of the International Labor Defense.

The hand of Governor Hartley, republican politician, who has just been renominated for office and in whom some of the friends of the defense were deluded enough to see a "friend," is said to be back of the outrageous decision made by the Parole Board.

Class War Victims Nominated on Labor Ticket

Two workers whom the steel trust has been trying to railroad to jail in the Woodlawn "sedition" case have been nominated for office on the labor Party ticket in Beaver County, Pennsylvania. Peter Muselin, (left) a barber, is candidate from the 26th congressional district; Milan Resetar, a clerk, is candidate for the state senate from the 47th congressional district. The Workers (Communist) Party is backing both of these candidates.

FOOD, CLOTHES, GREAT NEED OF MILL STRIKERS

"Food! Clothing!" This is the insistent cry of the heroic textile strikers of New Bedford and Fall River, according to William T. Murdoch, militant Textile Mill Committee strike leader, who dropped into the offices of the Workers' International Relief, 1 Union Square, yesterday.

The young Scottish labor militant has arrived in New York to attend the textile convention which is to be held today and while here conferred with Fred Biedenkapp, national relief secretary, on relief problems.

Warm Clothes Needed.

"The bosses are waiting for their old ally, cold weather," Murdoch said, "but if we can clothe and keep the strikers warm we will win the strike. We have started mass picketing again. This is rainy weather and many of the strikers are actually barefooted. Last Thursday one old striker, 60 years of age had to go from the south to the north end of the city to attend a mill meeting. It was raining and when he arrived at the meeting his shoes were sodden and his soles were flapping."

The youthful strike leader said that the effect of this week's shooting doubled the militancy of the workers. "On the night picket line," Murdoch said, "the pickets were doubled. The workers know where the A. F. of L. and the bosses stand, they know just where we stand and they are with us 100 per cent." Turning to Biedenkapp, he said, "Now it's your job to feed us and keep the strikers and their kids clothed."

Biedenkapp then issued an appeal to all labor in New York and elsewhere to respond to Murdoch's piteous story with money, shoes, clothing.

"The winning of the New Bedford and Fall River strikes is simply a question of relief. The Work-

Continued on Page Two

POGROM RAGES IN BESSARABIA

Government Declares It Is "Powerless"

VIENNA, Sept. 21.—Anti-Semites pillaged the synagogue of Ismail, in Bessarabia, and beat all the Jews they could find, a dispatch from Bucharest says.

The outbreak started yesterday after an inflammatory speech had been made to peasants by a lawyer, Solowenke, who accused the Jews of responsibility for the shortage of grain. It was feared that this incident might start a general anti-Semetic progrom.

The Roumanian government has let it be known that it can no longer "control" the peasants, who are restless due to crop failures four years running.

RED RALLY WILL HIT A. F. L. LIES

Candidates to Present Red Platform

The huge Red rally, to be held next Friday, Sept. 28, at 8 p. m., at the Central Opera House, at which Robert Minor, William F. Dunne and other state and local Communist candidates will present the platform of the class struggle of the Workers (Communist) Party, will provide information to the "investigators" of the open-shop National Civic Federation, of which Matthew Woll, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, is the head, and which is organizing to "investigate" the activities of Communists in the labor movement and politically.

This was announced last night by the campaign committee of the district.

Will Stress Demands.

The Communist candidates who will speak at next Friday's meeting will stress that section of the Red platform which deals with "Capitalist Democracy and Government Strikebreakers." The demands of the Communist campaigners include the abrogation of government by in-

Continued on Page Two

T. U. E. L. Picnic at Ulmer Park Today

The annual picnic of the Trade Union Educational League, long awaited by workers in New York and vicinity, and several times postponed on account of unfavorable weather, will be held today at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn, from 2 p. m. on.

Many features, including sports events, food contests, and poetry readings, will be presented.

Thousands of workers are expected at the picnic, according to the local T. U. E. L.

USSR CANDY AT BAZAAR

Bakers Asked to Donate Day's Work

One of the most popular booths at the great Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar in Madison Square Garden Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7 is expected to be the candy, cigar and cigarette booth.

This booth will not only contain a full stock of American candies and chocolates at various prices, but also imported foreign candies. Many of which will be sold in this country for the first time. Included in the foreign candies will be the choice products of the great candy factories of the Soviet Union. Large orders have been placed with the Soviet factories in anticipation of a great demand.

The cigars and cigarettes that will be sold at this booth will also include choice Soviet products, as well as foreign tobaccos. Connoisseurs in such matters (and who is not?) will find much to delight them.

It is also planned to construct a

Continued on Page Three

GREAT CROWD AT FOSTER MEET IN ABERDEEN, WASH.

Says the Daily Worker Is Only Militant Labor Paper

Exposes "Peace" Pact

Urges Fight to Free Frame-Up Victims

ABERDEEN, Washington (By Mail).—The largest crowd present at any meeting in this election campaign gathered last night in Workers Hall to listen to William Z. Foster, presidential candidate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, explain the program and aims of the Party in this campaign and expose the big parties of capitalism and the reformist socialist party as enemies of the working class.

The audience showed its enthusiasm by frequent applause and the speaker was at his best. In homely phrases and characteristic gestures, he drove home his points with telling effects. Foster declared that the only political party appearing before the masses in this election campaign with a solution for the problems that confront the working class and the exploited farmers is the Workers (Communist) Party. He did not offer any short cut to freedom, but insisted that the workers must free themselves from the misery of their condition under capitalism by an intensified class struggle fighting on the political and industrial fields and perfecting their organization for the final struggle to overthrow capitalism and establish a Workers' and Farmers' Government. The place for every militant worker was in the ranks of the Workers (Communist) Party, he said.

War Danger.

Foster dwelt on the danger of imperialist war that confronts the workers of all countries and showed that the United States was leading in war preparations while talking world peace. The Kellogg Peace Pact, he pointed out, was an American imperialist maneuver, which would not stop war or even postpone it.

The speaker declared that war was the greatest curse that capitalism has saddled the workers of the world with, and that only a revolution which would take governmental power out of the hands of the capitalists and which would initiate the construction of a socialist society was the only solution of the war problem.

Lauds Daily Worker.

Foster dealt with the collapse of the old radical movement in Washington and all thru the northwest. The Seattle Union Record, once a militant labor paper, is now dead and those who were once in the forefront of the class struggle on the side of the workers have given up the fight and gone over to the enemy. He declared that the Communist Daily Worker was the only militant daily labor paper now published in the United States in the American language and deserves the support of all workers.

Speaking about the frame-up system Foster called attention to the crime committed against the Centralia workers now jailed in Walla Walla. Those militant workers have now been over eight years in jail and the labor bureaucracy has done nothing to help free them.

Continued on Page Five

Pyatakov Readmitted to Communist Party; Admits His Mistakes

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 21—The Central Control Commission of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union decided to re-admit Pyatakov into the Communist Party.

Pyatakov fulfills the demands of the fifteenth Party Congress of Soviet Russia respecting the Trotzkyist opposition and openly admits its errors. He demonstrated his sincere wish to compensate for his mistakes by work.

Leaders at Big Meet to Build New Fighting Union

Three of the leaders of the New Bedford textile strike, who will meet today with delegates from many other textile centers at a huge convention in New York City that will launch a new textile workers' union. They are, left to right: Fred E. Beal, William T. Murdoch and Eli Keller. Pictures of other leaders of the new union movement will appear in Monday's issue of the Daily Worker.

PEASANT REVOLT IN RUMANIA SEEN

Many Die in 4th Year of Crop Failure

VIENNA, Sept. 21.—The Rumanian government fears revolutionary outbreaks among the peasants, who have been made desperate by the crop failure, a report received from Bucharest here today says.

Reports told of great suffering in Rumania because of the failure of the crops for the fourth successive year. Bessarabia suffered worst and many are reported on the verge of starvation there.

Supplementary reports from Bucharest said many peasants already had died of starvation and others were subsisting on acorns and similar substitutes.

YOUTH CONGRESS HEARS REPORTS

Chinese and Colonial Theses Approved

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Sept. 21.—In the discussion which closed the seventeenth session of the Young Communist International, Sothman, of Germany, said that the German school law aims to place the schools under the control of the church. Lynch, of England, stressed the fact that participation in strikes and elections should be a part of the children's economic struggles.

The eighteenth session of the next day was held under the chairmanship of Limanovsky of Poland.

In his report on the colonial commission, Fokin said, "The Chinese Young Communist League must overcome liquidation and strengthen its trade union work, and also include more young workers. The Young Communist League of India is important and requires ideological enlightenment and help from the English Young Communist League. Little has been achieved in Negro problems. The United States and Latin America must help.

Colonial These Passed.

"These must extend the section on South America on motherland tasks and the role played by the colonies during the war. A commission is necessary for questions of young workers and peasants."

The colonial theses was passed unanimously.

Young then reported for the Com-

Continued on Page Two

HISS U. S. WAR ON NICARAGUA

Paris Workers Protest Lon Chaney Film

PARIS, Sept. 21.—An American movie glorifying the American marines provoked a demonstration against intervention in Nicaragua at the Theatre Madeline last night.

As Lon Chaney, starring in "Tell It to the Marines" was shown leading a detachment of American troops against Chinese, shouts of "How about Nicaragua" rose thruout the hall.

It was several moments before the storm of hisses and catcalls subsided.

Woll Off on a New Hunt for Terrible Reds

Matthew Woll is to depart on another expedition into the wilds of America, particularly into the hitherto unexplored regions of New York City and that section of it known as Union Square, in search of the dangerous, labor-faker eating creatures known as the "Reds."

The big Florida tornado having subsided contrary to some predictions without having stirred up any commotion in New York City, the day being particularly dull and listless, Matthew Woll who is acting president of the open shop National Civic Federation in his full time and vice president of the American Federation of Labor in his spare hours, bethoght himself uthat a new Red "investigation" would be just the thing to liven up the dreary day.

Girds Himself For Battle.

So the brave young labor bucaneer, donning his favorite fireman's helmet and strapping himself with his dependable tin sword, yesterday called together his playfellow of the National Civic Federation and having each drawn a drop of blood from their forefingers swore by their sacred trust (they were meeting in the offices of the Bankers Club, 120 Broadway) that they would never rest until the new lairs of the

Continued on Page Three

BRITAIN BLOCKS ARMS PROPOSALS

League Session Breaks Up in Turmoil

GENEVA, Sept. 21.—Yesterday the editorial commission of the league of nations disarmament commission submitted a resolution on the disarmament question. Germany disapproved of the resolution proposed a preparatory disarmament commission to begin labors next year, but only on condition that powers settle all differences between them.

Stage Bitter Quarrel.

Today the third commission for disarmament held a meeting, but no agreement was reached. Instead there was an exciting discussion during which time the German representative, Count Von Bernsdorff stated that the resolution was a renunciation of the ideas of the League of Nations and previous disarmament proposals since it demands preliminary settlement of differences between powers.

Britain Resists Proposals.

The demand that disarmament proposals be instantly taken up regardless of settlement of differences between all powers was sharply resisted by Britain. In fact Britain made it very clear that it was opposed to disarmament proposals of any kind. The debate finally ended amidst turmoil and the resolution was referred back to the editorial commission. It is now doubtful if this year's conference will arrive at any decision regarding convening of a disarmament conference.

JAPAN READY TO SEIZE MANCHURIA

Circulate Reports of Coups and Bandits

SHANGHAI, Sept. 21.—Dispatches from Manchuria state that Japan is holding 1,500 troops in readiness to rush into Manchuria, should a "conspiracy" that is alleged to have been discovered in Harbin, materialize.

Manchurian reports say that documents have been seized in raids that indicate that a coup d'etat was being planned by Chang Tsung-chang, former governor of Shantung, who, it has been repeatedly alleged, is supported and encouraged by the Japanese government.

Further reports, believed to be of a Japanese source, state that banditry and general unrest prevails in Manchuria at present.

SCHIFFRIN CASE AGAIN PUT OFF

District Attorney Is Stalling for Time

For the second time the hearing in the case of William Schiffrin, left wing worker against whom the right wing is trying to prepare a frame-up on a charge of homicide, was postponed. And, for the second time the postponement was demanded by the district attorney. Judge Vitalie, in the Bronx Homicide Court, granted the postponement until Tuesday, Sept. 25.

Time For Frameup.

As had happened at the first and second hearings, the district attorney pleaded "time to prepare his case and to obtain witnesses." Although the attorney for the accused worker protested against the imprisonment of Schiffrin, because the district attorney kept delaying the hearing, his plea for bail was nevertheless denied by the court.

The scores of workers who have donated their time and energy to leading a movement for the defense of Schiffrin see something sinister in the constant postponement of a case that is admittedly clear cut and simple. They therefore announce their determination to extend the

Continued on Page Two

TWO POISONED.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Sept. 21 (UP).—One man was dead and another was believed dying today from carbon monoxide poisoning resulting from the operation of a still in the cellar of a bungalow.

BATTY OFFERS SPEEDUP

Silk Mill Slaves Tell of Frieder Plan

(Special to the Daily Worker)

By AMY SCHECHTER

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 21.—Inquiries among workers in the National Spun Silk Company, run here under the Frieder Plan, which W. E. G. Batty, secretary of the New Bedford Textile Council, is peddling to New Bedford mill owners as a basis for strike settlement, shows up the plan as the worst sort of speed-up scheme, and the Batty, Binns, Riviere, McMahon gang as outstanding traitors even among A. F. of L. reactionaries.

For excellent reasons all parties to the attempted sell-out of the strike on a speed-up basis have carefully kept the details of the Frieder Plan shrouded in mystery. Fortunately for their intended victims, the mill strikers, who have fought courageously through 23 weeks of strike the National Spun Silk Company, is right here in New Bedford

Continued on Page Three

NEW UNION WILL BE FORMED AT HISTORIC MEET

Delegates From Many Centers Will Take Part

Union Leaders to Speak

N. Y. Workers Invited to Attend

A new, powerful, national textile workers' union will be officially launched in this city today.

Delegates coming from all the largest textile manufacturing centers of the country have been coming into the city for the past two days to participate in the convention called by the Textile Mill Committees to establish a national trade union of the nation's textile workers. The convention, which is scheduled to contine for two days, opens this afternoon at 2 o'clock in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place.

Large Delegation.

Approximately 250 men and women, chosen and sent here by thousands of exploited mill workers, are to gather for the purpose of forging the weapon of a nation-wide industrial union, with which the workers intend to fight for the improvement of their miserable working conditions.

A large number of volunteers are urgently needed as ushers, clerical workers, etc., during the sessions of the new Textile Workers' Union which will open at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place, this afternoon and continue until late tomorrow night. Those eager to help should get in touch with I. Zimmerman, at the hall, today at 12 o'clock.

Accommodations for many of the delegates who will attend the convention are also needed, it is announced.

After listening to the greetings from leaders of the left wing trade union movement here, including the new national miners' and needle trades organizations, the delegates will immediately get down to the job of forming the structure of the new textile workers' union. Announcement was made yesterday that Jay Lovestone, general secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, will address the convention at its opening. Albert Weisbord, national secretary of the Textile Mill Committees, will then give a report on the situation in the industry.

Although the convention itself is called together by and is under the auspices of the Textile Mill Committees, delegates to the convention also include representatives from bona fide local unions, either split off from the American Federation of Labor, or sent here by independent textile unions. A large majority of the delegates, however, are sent here directly by the individual mill committees the T. M. C. has succeeded in establishing in nearly every sizable textile town or city.

New Bedford's 28,000 striking textile operatives, now in the midst of a brilliant struggle of 23 weeks duration against a wage cut and against the officials of reactionary unions will be represented by a solid block of about 60 delegates. Before the arrival of the New Bedford delegation, it was learned that the influence and power of the Textile Mill Committees has grown to such an extent as to be able to have an officially elected delegate sent here by each of the 56 mills tied up by the strike.

A long list of cities, including all New England and middle Atlantic states, reaching as far down as Maryland, will be the territory covered by the organizational arm of the convention even before the new union is formally established.

Big Dance to Welcome Young Textile Workers

The Young Workers (Communist) League of District 2 has arranged a dance tonight at the Workers Center, to welcome the youth delegates to the National Textile Union which is being formed tonight and Sunday in New York City.

Fifty young textile workers as delegates from New Bedford, Fall River, Passaic and many other cities will be present.

Socialist "New Leader" Refuses to Retract Lying Account of Miners Convention

LABOR REPORTER CONDEMNS PAPER HE ONCE BACKED

Now Doubts He Is in "Right Camp"

The "New Leader," organ of the yellow socialist party will refuse to publish a correction of its deceptive account of the events at the recent Pittsburgh convention for the formation of the New National Miners' Union, it became certain yesterday when the current issue of the paper appeared.

The request that the story be corrected was made by Horace Davis, a reporter for the Federated Press who covered the news of the convention. Davis who speaks of himself as "backing Norman Thomas," although beginning to "wonder whether I am in the right camp," wrote to the editor of the socialist paper on September 15, pointing out the vicious inaccuracies of the "New Leader" account and vouching for the corrections which he thought should "in fairness" be made.

Not An Exception.

The "New Leader" has failed to print the correction, a fact which is not considered surprising to those who have watched the consistent slander by this and other socialist party organs of the various militant struggles which the workers are now carrying on.

The labor reporter declares in substance that the account of the convention by the socialist organ was more deceptive than any to be found even in the "kept press of the capitalists."

The letter follows in full:

To the editors of the New Leader:

Your article on the breaking up of the miners' convention in Pittsburgh last Sunday, Sept. 9th contains a number of misstatements. In fairness to your readers, I think you should publish a correction. I was present at the time and can personally vouch for what I say.

Lie Number One.

(1) You say that the miners who came to the hall asking for admission was "estimated at nearly a thousand." A hundred would probably put the number too high. The important point to remember, however, is that all those who came to break up the convention were armed with blackjacks, knives, etc.

(2) You state that members of both factions—those attempting to meet and those attempting to break up the meeting—were arrested at the hall. This is incorrect. The only ones arrested at that time were members of the Save the Union group.

(3) "None of the officers of the United Mine Workers was in the march." That depends on what you call an officer. Lewis, Murray and Fagan were not there, tho Murray afterwards issued a statement defending the attack on the meeting. About twenty organizers and minor officials were identified in the crowd.

(4) You say that "none of the leaders of the Communists were present." That again depends on what you call a Communist. Most of the leaders of the Save the Union group were at the hall, including Myerscough, Toohey, Voyzey, Kemenovich and others; and many of them were arrested, including Minerich, Freeman Thompson and Charles Close.

Outlies Lewis Gang.

(5) Not even Phillip Murray of the United Mine Workers went so far in his public utterances as to claim that the men who came to break up the meeting had been properly elected to the convention. Yet this is what you make him appear to say. There is some doubt as to whether all the men who came to break up the meeting were elected for that purpose.

(6) Your account leaves the impression that the Save the Union group (inside the hall) were the aggressors. That is a false impression. The aggressors were the men outside the hall who attempted to break in.

I am backing Norman Thomas for president and hope he gets a big vote. I have made a point for some time of recommending the "New Leader" to people I thought might be interested. Your article just quoted makes me wonder whether I am in the right camp. A more complete denial of the elementary principles of fair play was not to be found in any of the other press accounts I saw, even those appearing in the "kept press" of the capitalists. It makes me hot under the collar.

Sincerely yours,

—HORACE DAVIS.

Lives of Seamen Endangered When Tail of Hurricane Hit N. Y. Coast

Seamen's lives were endangered when tail-end of hurricane which swept Florida, reached the New Jersey and New York coasts. Photo shows motor launch grounded on City Island.

PRAISE EDUCATION OF WORKERS IN THE U.S.S.R.

"Workers' education is a part of the program whereby Soviet Russia is training her union members for active citizenship in a socialized society," writes Robert W. Dunn and Paul H. Douglas in a chapter on the trade union movement in the U. S. S. R. in "Soviet Russia in the Second Decade," published recently.

"No country in Europe has such a comprehensive system of workers' education," say the authors. "In the factory it is the cultural-educational sub-committee of the factory committee with its study classes, circles, Red Corners, lectures, schools, libraries, clubs and the manifold institutions connected with every production unit in the land. . . . One marvels at the progress that has been made."

Factory Life.

The authors observe that the life of the Russian worker centers around his factory. "The factory is not looked upon as simply a dirty work-place from which one escapes at the end of the day's grind. Instead, it has been remarked that one could spend practically a whole life in a Soviet factory and have one's social and general and cultural and artistic demands reasonably well satisfied by the union."

The remarkable gains made by the Russian workers during the past decade will be celebrated throughout the Soviet Union on the Eleventh Anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution, November 7. Hundreds of active trade unionists, as well as writers, teachers and students from many countries will be present at the forthcoming celebration, which is expected to exceed in magnitude those that have preceded it.

To Witness Celebration.

From the United States a large number of persons are expected to arrive to witness the anniversary. Most of them, it is believed, will take advantage of the visit being arranged by World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave. This party will leave on Wednesday, Oct. 17, on the S. S. "Mauretania," which has just cut its own speed record, making the trip from Cherbourg to New York in five days, two hours and thirty-four minutes.

Welcome Mill Youth at League Dance Tonight

The Young Workers (Communist) League will welcome the youth delegates from New Bedford, Fall River, Providence, Passaic, and the other textile centers who will be present at the convention of the new Textile Workers' Union at a dance to be held at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square, tonight.

FOOD, CLOTHES, STRIKERS' NEEDS

New Bedford Workers in Heroic Fight

Continued from Page One

ers International Relief, the only working class relief agency in the New Bedford strike area, calls upon every worker in America to give, and give generously, to the 30,000 heroic textile strikers who have been on strike for the past 23 weeks.

"The stories of hardships that we hear every day would melt a heart of stone. But we do not appeal on sentimental basis. The New Bedford strike is the fight of the entire American working class. It can be won if every worker will dig down deep and do everything he can to help feed these fine, loyal fighters until victory is assured.

"We ask all workers to take this appeal to heart. It is not simply another appeal. It is a question of winning a strike. Relief will do it. Send all relief to the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, or 47 William Street, New Bedford, Mass.

SCHIFFRIN CASE AGAIN PUT OFF

District Attorney Is Stalling for Time

Continued from Page One

drive to raise funds for legal defense expenses to include the widest possible masses of workers.

The Schiffrin Defense Committee also announced yesterday that they have removed their offices from the Workers Center, to the headquarters of the Furriers Joint Board, 22 E. 22nd St. Appeals to workers are being sent out thru the mail, thru appeals to workers, organizations and other methods. All contributions to keep this worker from a long prison term are to be sent to the committee headquarters.

Schiffrin was arrested when, after being suddenly attacked by a group of five armed men sent to knife him by the right wing butchers' union, he defended his life with a penknife, while the assailants were weilding knives. The gang leader was mortally wounded in the struggle.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 20 (UP).—Eight persons were injured seriously and several more were slightly hurt in a collision between a street car and a truck here tonight.

Youth Congress Hears Reports on Questions of China and Colonies

Continued from Page One

mission on Economic and Trade Union Work. "The work has been faulty. It is imperative that members of the Youth League join trade union work. Trade union work includes work in nuclei. Mass work is necessary in revolutionary trade unions. Definite slogans and the furtherance of youth demands is necessary for trade union work. The theses on the war danger must be enlarged."

The speaker dealt with youth work, trade unions and fascism. Economic and trade union theses and instructions for strike strategy and vocational education resolutions were passed unanimously.

Pinner of China, in his declaration on the Chinese delegation agreed with the criticism of the work of the Chinese Young Communist League, and emphasized his own recognition of the deficiencies.

Grigoryev reported on the peasant section. "Anti-militarist work," he said, "is necessary in the rural districts. We must combat fascism and female labor. The peasant youth of the colonies must be reached. The masses of the peasant youth must join relief organizations with an extensive partial demand program. The peasant resolution was passed unanimously."

The nineteenth session of the Young Communist International Congress opened here under the chairmanship of Benario, Germany. Weisner of the International Children's Bureau reported on the work of the Young Pioneers Commission.

Barbe reported for the anti-military section. "It is imperative to combat the social-democratic leaders, pacifist illusions and war preparations," he said. "Propaganda in the army and the organization of the masses are necessary. Anti-militarist tactics must be combined with political and economic demands."

Leo, of Germany, reported for the Organization Commission. Our work has been successful in forming a factory instruction staff," he said. "We have also been successful in the publication of factory newspapers."

Agitprop Report.

Holmberg of Sweden reported for the Statute Commission. Auer, of the Young Communist International, reporting for the sports commission, stressed the development of the bourgeois organizations. Geminder, of the Young Communist International, reported for the Agitation and Propaganda Commission.

The report included chapters on the program of work among girls work in the rural districts, on illegal youth leagues, on the importance of workers and peasants correspondence.

The congress agreed to exchange international information. The convocation of the International Agitprop Conference was called for. All the above theses were passed unanimously.

Workers of New York Will Hold Huge Red Rally September 28th

Continued from Page One

junction; prohibition of the use of guards, gunmen, deputy sheriffs, militia, police and special squads in labor struggles; the unrestricted right to organize, to strike and to picket. These demands, and the actual carrying out of these militant policies in the miners' strike which was betrayed by the United Mine Workers' officialdom, throws light on the action of Ellis Searles, editor of the United Mine Workers Journal, who joined his boss Woll in denouncing the Communists.

Workers to Crowd Hall.

"Despite the desperate attempts of these enemies of labor to discredit by slander and lies the only working class movement in the country," the statement concluded, "the workers of New York, great numbers of whom have personally felt the force of 'government by injunction' as well as that of police clubs and industrial squads' rubber hose, will crowd Central Opera House next Friday evening at eight o'clock in demonstration of their wholehearted support, not only of the trade union policies of the Workers (Communist) Party, of that Party's leadership in forming new, militant unions, but as well of the political platform upon which the Red candidates are running.

"ICOR" Concert
FOR JEWISH COLONIZATION IN THE SOVIET UNION
Town Hall
113-123 W. 43rd St.
SATURDAY EVE., Sept. 29th
GRAND PROGRAM:
RUSSIAN TRIO—
NAUM BLINDER, Violinist
OSSIP GISSKIN, Cellist
EMANUEL BAY, Pianist
VICTOR PECKER and ISAAC ROTHBLUM in original acts, recitations and comedy.
CHAIELE GRUBER of the Habima in Jewish, Russian folks songs.
Back to the Soil (MOVING PICTURE) showing the life of Jewish Colonists in Soviet Russia.
TICKETS AT "FREIHEIT," "DAY" AND "ICOR" OFFICES: GOLDSTEINS BOOK STORE, 365 SUTTER AVENUE IN BROWNSVILLE.

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Who Rules New York?
Election Campaign Rally
To Expose Control of City and State Government by Power, Rail, Traction and Banking Barons.
William F. Dunne, Candidate for Governor
Robert Minor, Candidate for U. S. Senate
Juliet S. Poyntz, Candidate for Attorney General
Fort-Whiteman, Candidate for Comptroller
Rebecca Grecht, State Campaign Manager
Philip Frankfeld, Young Workers League
Wm. W. Weinstone, Chairman
will speak on
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Militant Dock Workers of Argentina, Paraguay and Uruguay to Form Union

COMMUNISTS IN ARGENTINA LEAD BIG TRADE UNION

Successful Strikes in Three Countries

The "League of Maritime Workers" of Paraguay has sent its general secretary, Daniel Villalba (a member of the Communist Party) to Argentina and Uruguay to arrange for the establishment of a confederation of all organizations of maritime workers of Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay, according to reports received here.

The Paraguayan "League of Maritime Workers" is the largest and most militant labor organization of Paraguay. The Argentine "Federacion Obrera Maritime" is now under the leadership of Communists and syndicalists and recently led several successful strikes in Rosario and other Argentine ports. Recently there was also a successful general strike of the transport workers of the Paraguayan town Vollarica, where the workers obtained an increase in wages. The Uruguayan maritime labor federation is affiliated to the "Union Sindical Uruguaya" (USU) the largest Uruguayan labor federation, which is also under Communist and syndicalist control.

Although Paraguay is far from the ocean, it nevertheless has a strong organization of maritime workers on the Rio Parana which is navigable for ocean steamships.

WOLL TO LEAD NEW RED HUNT

Admits Communists Gaining Ground

Continued from Page One

deadly Red had been thoroughly explored.

Of Woll regular playfellows in the National Civic Federation, chief of those present yesterday were Brigadier General Samuel McRoberts, president of the Chatham and Phoenix National Bank and Trust Company, and treasurer of the Civic Federation; present also were Ralph B. Goddard of R. G. Dunn and Co. and Ellis Searles, editor of the United Mine Workers Journal. Searle's organization once prevented its members from taking part in the activities of the Civic Federation, but a gentleman who receives $25,000 a year may be allowed some excesses.

What's to Be Done?

The Communists are again on the war path, Woll reported to the meeting. They are obtaining a foothold among the mine workers, Searles admitted sadly. "Yes, indeed," Woll retorted, "the labor movement in this country is in grave danger as a result of the 'boring from within' tactics of the Communist Party." All this is directed from Moscow, Woll declared.

To be sure only a few weeks ago the great Red fighter warned the world that from Moscow had come a new edict instructing the Communists to form new unions. Very likely Woll believes both of his statements—and so do is fearful banker playfellows.

The Poor, Power-Trust — Endowed Colleges.

Upon the motion of Goddard, it was decided to include in the investigation of Red activities an inquiry into subversive movements in schools and colleges of the country. A committee will be appointed by Brig. General McRoberts to do the Red hunting. Although no one said that Matthew Woll would head the committee, no authority is required for the report that the earnest young labor bucaneer will lead the great expedition.

Woll is a brave, brave young man and will do most anything—for his masters.

SEEK OIL PROMOTER'S BODY.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 20 (UP).—In search for the body of F. J. Walter, oil promoter, deputy sheriffs today began tearing out a canyon fill 74 miles north of here where he was believed to have been killed when an auto plunged over a [illegible]

RED YOUTH FESTIVAL

Young Communist Int'l Delegates There

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Sept. 21.—Yesterday evening a grand celebration took place here in honor of the Young Communist International. All trade union buildings were gaily decorated and there was a general festival air throughout the city.

Delegates to the fifth congress of the Young Communist International, Moscow functionaries of the Soviet Union Communist Youth and many Komsomols (Young Communists) participated in the celebration.

Kossarev, opening the mass meeting, spoke of the results of the Fifth Congress of the Young Communist International. The meeting unanimously approved the decisions of the congress.

A flag was presented, on behalf of the Moscow Communist Youth, which was received by delegates of the foreign Communist Youth. The meeting demanded a speech by Schueller amidst great applause.

The new executive of the Young Communist International held its first plenum yesterday. The presidium and secretariat were elected.

Puppet Governments Present Decorations to Arch-Militarist Pershing

General John J. Pershing, who directed the American soldiers int oslaughter on behalf of Wall Street during the imperialist world war, was presented with decorations from the puppet governments as Peru, Venezuela, Poland and Czechoslavakia, and others under imperialist sway. Pershing, the medals, and another arch-militarist, Secretary of War Davis, are shown above.

BIG SPEED-UP IS BATTY'S OFFER

Silk Mill Slaves Tell of Frieder Plan

Continued from Page One

to serve as a constant reminder of what the mill workers may expect if the Batty-manufacturer combination ever succeed in putting over the plan.

Intolerable Speed-up.

Intolerable speed-up, solid shifts without any break for dinner, half the pay for double the work compared to other New Bedford silk mills, rigid open-shop—these are the high-lights of the "specialization plan" saddled on National Spun Silk Company workers some two years ago by Leonard P. Frieder, vice-president and general manager of the plant.

Any man known to be in the union is refused a job; any man joining while working is fired. A case against Frieder is pending till the November court session for firing an employe of the company for union affiliation.

Open Shop.

It is no accident that the plan Batty advocates for adoption by the mill owners calls for an open shop in the mills. Utterly discredited as leaders of the workers, Batty, Binns, Riviere and Co. are offering themselves as runners for the company union they will turn the Textile Council into, if the strike sell-out goes through.

• • •

Twelve Looms.

In the other New Bedford silk mills weavers run four looms, at the utmost, six. In Frieder's mill they are forced to run 12. In other silk mills skilled silk weavers, paid far above cotton weavers, get $40 to $45 a week on fancy weaves. In Frieder's plant, with 12 looms, expert weavers, putting, they say, the last ounce of effort into their work, are lucky if they make $23 on the same work. Most make under $20. In the ruler room men work 12 hours for about $26. Pay in other rooms is proportionately low.

Work in the weave room goes on straight through, day or night, without any halt. To squeeze still greater profit out of his workers, Frieder provides the lowest grade yarn, while demanding the highest caulity in the finished cloth. Threads constantly snapping, more ends to be tied, high-pitch nervous tension, added to the strain of running the twelve looms. In other words, the sort of "efficiency" advocated by the bosses and their agents, the A. F. of L. labor fakers, that tear at the workers' nerves and sap their energy.

Full Speed.

"The harder we work the less we get," said a Lancashire weaver, bitterly assailing Frieder's mill as the worst he had worked in during twenty years in New Bedford silk and cotton mills.

"The work's so rotten, and we're trying so hard all the time to catch up, but we can't make anything. . . ."

"You're forced to go at full speed all the time to make up what they've stolen from you—and then you can't."

"They don't have to put up notices about talking in our mill," he said, "we work so darn hard we'd never find time to talk. . . There's a nice fellow next to me. We never say a word to each other all week."

The automatic magazine attached to the loom, which, according to the "efficiency" system, is meant to justify the increase in looms per weaver through the labor it saves, actually, the weavers say, accomplishes hardly any saving. The magazine feeds the filling into the shuttle, instead of the weaver having to feed it by hand, but if the filling breaks, after the transfer of the bobbin, the loom stops, like an ordinary loom, and the weaver must find his pick and connect the thread with the thread that was broken. With the inferior grade of yarn provided, breakages are so frequent that labor-saving is negligible.

In the reeler room men work 12 hours, from 6 at night to 6 in the morning.

Fight Batty Scheme.

New Bedford mill-workers understand the meaning of speed-up and are ready to fight it even more bitterly than the 10 per cent cut. The attempt of the Batty-manufacturer combination to make the Frieder Plan appear a concession on the part of the mill owners to the strikers already has proven to be a miserable failure.

On the picket lines, in the union halls, wherever strikers gather, speed-up is under discussion nowadays, and Batty's skilled worker membership joins the mass of the strikers, lead by the T. M. C., in declaring that they will reject speed-up whether the bosses call it "specialization plan," "efficiency system," "Frieder Plan," or any other fancy name.

Batty's pushing the "plan" spells the final break in the United Textile Council ranks in New Bedford. Even the more conservative British elements say that when the manufacturers quit their shadow-boxing demand for a 10 per cent cut, plus Frieder Plan, which they are carrying on to save Batty's face with his membership, and to get them to accept the speed-up as a lesser evil, and when Batty has to submit the plan to the U. T. W. locals for acceptance, all honest strikers will fling the plan back into Batty's face, and take their stand with the T. M. C. to fight it to a finish.

Gil May Succeed Calles as President

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 21 (UP).—Emilio Portes Gil, secretary of the interior, probably will be named provisional president of Mexico on the first ballot at a joint session of congress next Monday or Tuesday.

Uncertainty over choice of a successor to President Calles for the 14 months before the presidential election in November 1929, appeared ended today. At a meeting of the senate, 42 members out of a total of 58, which constituted a quorum agreed unanimously to support Portes Gil. A committee was named to advise President Calles accordingly. The swing toward Portes Gil gained force in the last few days after conferences of congressional leaders with President Calles.

BUFFALO TO HEAR MINOR SUNDAY

Tour of Red Candidate Drawing to Close

BUFFALO, N. Y. Sept. 21.—Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist Candidate for U. S. Senator and H. Gordon of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will speak Sunday at Schwabel's Hall, as part of their tour of New York State to present to up state workers and farmers the class struggle platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. The meeting following will be held in Jamestown on Monday at the Swedish Brotherhood Hall, Main and 3rd Sts. An open-air meeting in Binghampton will close the tour.

Many Cities Covered.

The Communist campaigners have already spoken to large and enthusiastic crowds of workers in Poughkeepsie, Troy, Albany, Schenectady, Utica, Syracuse and Rochester. At each of these meetings, Minor exposed both Hoover and Smith as the candidates of Big Business and showed the domination of state and local government by the power, traction, railroad and manufacturing interests. Gordon is devoting much of his speeches to young workers in industry, and points out the exploitation to which they are subjected, calling attention to the militancy of young workers on strike, as in the recent miners' strike and in the present textile workers' strike of New Bedford.

In every one of the cities where he spoke, Minor made a strong plea for the support of the platform and candidates of the Workers (Communist Party as the only working class party in the country, the only party of the class struggle.

SOVIET CANDIES AT BIG BAZAAR

USSR Tobaccos Also to Be Sold

Continued from Page One

special smoking salon, where hundreds of workers attending the bazaar will be able to enjoy a smoke at their ease.

• • •

The Progressive Bakers' Club has issued an appeal to all bakers to donate a day's work for the Daily Workers-Freiheit Bazaar. Oct. 1 to 7 has been designated as the period during which the bakers are being asked to work for the bazaar. All those willing to volunteer for this work should communicate with M. Pintchefsky, 2700 Bronx Park East.

U. S. THREATENS COLOMBIA FOR GULF OIL FIRM

Asks Barco Oil Fields Be Restored

BOGOTA, Colombia, Sept. 21 (UP).—The state department has asked the Colombian government to reconsider its recent cancellation of the 5,000,000 acre Barco oil concession, in which the principal share had been held by the Gulf Oil Company of Pennsylvania, the newspaper El Tiempo declared today.

The concession was cancelled by the Colombian government on the ground that the holders had not developed the property within the time fixed in the contract.

The newspaper added that American Minister Piles, who is en route to New York after resigning his post, had presented the American government's proposal to the Colombian government on the eve of his departure. The proposal for reconsideration was based on the contention that American interests were injured by the cancellation, it was said.

In commenting editorially on the matter, El Tiempo urged that the government "refuse to permit diplomatic intervention on a subject which pertained to the judicial branch of the government."

SIMON VISIT TO INDIA THURSDAY

Expect Demonstrations Against Imperialism

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The commission to "investigate" Indian autonomy will return to India next Thursday, led by Sir John Simon.

When this commission arrived in India last February they were greeted with such a storm of opposition from the populace, who boycotted the commission and British goods as two faces of the same oppression, that the Simon commission was forced to leave India for fear of further and far-reaching disturbances.

British officials state that now there is more hope for the commission being able to fulfill its purpose, since the senate has been induced to pass a resolution favoring cooperation with the British. The legislative assembly, popularly elected, however, rejected cooperation with the Simon commission in any form.

Large demonstrations are expected when the commission arrives in India and another economic boycott may occur.

Despondency over a continued illness is believed to have caused the death of Mrs. Grace Pruden, 68, relative of the late Judge Elbert H. Gary, who either fell or jumped nine stories from her apartment today.

Wall Street Candidate; Wall Street Managers

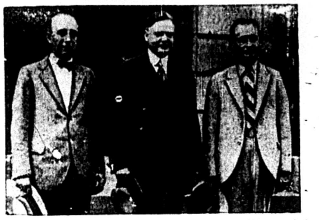

Photo shows Hoover, Wall Street's republican candidate, and the men who direct his campaign for Wall Street, right in the financial district. To left of Hoover, W. H. Hill, republican leader, at right, H. E. Machold, C. O. P. chief in New York.

KIDNAP DETROIT LABOR OFFICIAL

Suspect Attack Made by Bosses

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 21.—Max Ruben, 40, secretary of the Motion Picture Operators' Union, was kidnapped from his office on the eighth floor of an office building by six gunmen last night and possibly "taken for a ride," it was learned today. Bosses' agents are believed to be behind the act.

It is suspected that Ruben was kidnapped for ransom because in a recent controversy with motion picture owners, he was quoted as saying that his union had $200,000 cash for use in case a strike was called. The owners were forced to give a five per cent increase to the operators in the negotiations.

Attacks on labor leaders here have been numerous during the past three years.

Several labor officials have been found dead in mysterious circumstances. The most recent event was a war between dry-cleaning establishments in which it was alleged a gang of gunmen were hired by employers to fight the union and their smaller competitors. The cleaners' war resulted in a recent trial in which eight men were acquitted of charges of extortion. One of the results of the trial was a warrant sworn out for Frank Martel, president of the Detroit Federation of Labor, charging him with extortion. Police are searching for Martel now.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 21 (U.P.).—Twenty Chinese were killed, 30 injured, and scores of houses and shops wrecked by the explosion of two carloads of explosives in Nanking on Thursday.

The explosion, caused by the dropping of a box of TNT, shook the entire city. The wrecking of houses left several hundred homeless.

CROATS BOYCOTT JUGOSLAV GOV'T

Leaders Continue Non-Resistance Policy

ZAGREB, Jugoslavia, Sept. 21.—A national boycott against the Belgrade government and all its active members and partisans was decreed today by the executive committee of the Croatian Peasant party.

The decree provides for the continuation of non-cooperation with the Belgrade regime and declares that all its acts and legislation do not apply to the Croatians. The decree terms the Belgrade government a regime of violence and oppression, and declares the intention of the Croatian deputies to continue their absence from the Belgrade parliament.

PAMPERED PUP TO START "WORK."

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 20.—John Coolidge, railroad clerk, and his secret service guard, Russell Wood, have left their costly quarters at the Yale Graduate Club for accommodations in the home of a divinity school professor.

NEW DOCUMENTS PROVE REACTION IN OBREGON CASE

Enriquez Led Plot, Documents Show

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 21.—Evidence directly implicating Raimunde C. Enriquez, a leader of a reactionary group in the Obregonista party, in the assassination of president-elect Obregon, has been presented in the senate.

Documents were presented by two senators that indicate that Enriquez had taken part in the preparations for the murder, and that Toral, the actual assassin, was completely conscious of his role.

Enriquez was campaign manager for General Francisco Serrano before the general was executed for leading a counter-revolutionary attempt. In the same circular in which he informed his followers of the execution of Serrano, Enriquez predicted that "though he be elected will never reach—and note it well—the presidency of the republic."

Another document was a letter sent to Toral informing him of his mission. A handwriting expert declared that the documents were authentic.

NEW TELEVISION INVENTION.

LONDON, Sept. 21 (UP).—John L. Baird, television experimenter, claimed today that he had perfected a phonograph which would combine sight with sound from a record.

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The tasks facing the workers and what the Workers (Communist) Party means to them.
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MAXIM GORKI REPLIES TO THE ENEMIES OF THE SOVIET UNION

Attacks White Guardist Writers

Maxim Gorki, well-known Russian writer who recently returned to the Soviet Union, bitterly attacked the White Guardist writers who are busy manufacturing poisonous propaganda against the workers and peasants republic. Gorki is a staunch defender of the Soviet Union. When he returned to Moscow several weeks ago, he was greeted by thousands of workers.

Maxim Gorki is a writer whose name is known not only within the frontiers of the U. S. S. R. but almost in every part of the globe. It is but natural that an author with such a reputation be listened to by the whole world not only when he speaks in his usual language of a fiction writer, but also when he raises his voice as a social worker and a politician.

In this respect Maxim Gorki is one of the few writers whose productions were frequently imbued with a distinctly revolutionary spirit. In days gone by Gorki was connected with the Bolshevik Party and had very close relations with Comrade Lenin who highly appreciated the great gift of this writer. This, however, did not prevent Gorki from going astray, and he did not always keep pace with the Bolsheviks, particularly in regard to the attitude to the bourgeois intelligentsia.

A Friend of the Soviets.

Compelled by the state of his health to live in South Europe, Gorki followed very attentively developments in Soviet Russia, watching greedily any shoots of new life. In spite of all his vacillations Gorki was always a revolutionist, a friend of the workers and peasants Soviet country, and what passed before his eyes during the ten years of great constructive work has made him a friend and defender of the Soviet power. Without any vacillation, in words which cannot be twisted and turned he gave expression to this as a social and political writer in an article dedicated to the Tenth Anniversary of the October Revolution—"My Congratulations" published in the Moscow newspaper.

This article caused great excitement among all the White Guards abroad. The article was a stone thrown into the emigre morass. It should be stated that generally speaking Gorki was not greatly honored among the emigres.

The White Guards.

Emigre newspapers which considered themselves "friends of the people" and "revolutionists" were deeply offended when revolution swept them from their path as soon as they went against the revolution, against October, and they could not of course forgive Gorki, the intellectual, his "treachery." No gossip was considered too dirty to be used by the White Guard emigres against Gorki. White Guard writers were so bitter against Gorki that they began even to cast doubt in innumerable article and feuilletons on Gorki's gift as an artist; there is really nothing great in this writer.

Gorki's October article in which he says that he is proud of the new Russians, in which he welcomes the Soviet power and speaks of its achievements, filled the cup of emigre patience to overflowing. The White penny-a-liners replied to this article in their organs 'Rul" and "Dni." The author of the "Reply" says:

"What induces you (i. e., Gorki) to basely flatter these illdoers and to keep silent on their crimes."

Gorki's Reply.

In the "Izvestia" of December 25 Gorki gives a fit answer to the emigre penny-a-liners. At the same time Gorki replied to the well-known Russian Menshevik Dan whose slanderous article appeared on November 7 in the "Manchester Guardian" side by side with Gorki's article dedicated to the Tenth Anniversary of October. This is what Gorki writes:

Two Anonymous and Pseudonym Writers.

"I deem it necessary to inform the author of 'The Reply' and those who are of one mind with him that trashy letters such as this, I have been receiving very often. Formerly, 'black-hundred elements' were writing me in this strain, threatening with all manner of things just as people of whom 15-20 years ago I thought to be true enemies of all black-hundred ideology, are threatening me now. Literature of this kind did not prevent me then from doing my work; it does not prevent me now, neither will it prevent me in the future. As an old bird-catcher, even when I do not see the bird, I know what its song is. I also know that 'reforms,' for instance, reforms of Peter I, were also condemned by people who wanted to lead 'the old life.'

"But today not Peter the Great is working in the Soviet Union, but Ivan the Great—worker and peasant combined, and it is not a question now of 'reforms' but of a radical change of all the foundations of the old life. This explains the condemnation heaped by the lovers of the good old days on the head of the workers' and peasants' government which leads steadily the masses to a new life.

"I know that in Russia there was and still is much that is bad, and I have every reason to assume that I know more about this than the authors of the anonymous letters. But nowhere and never has the good been as good as it is now in Russia, and nowhere and never has the bad been so relentlessly exposed, nowhere is such an energetic fight put up against the bad as in the Soviet Union.

* * *

Admits Mistake.

"The authors of the anonymous letters and together with them Mr. Dan (a well-known Menshevik) of the "Sozialistitcheski Vestnik" want to know why I speak now differently than in 1917. My answer is: In 1917 I was mistaken, being sincerely afraid that proletarian dictatorship would lead to the dispersal and downfall of the politically educated working class Bolsheviks, the only truly revolutionary force, and that their downfall would for a long time obscure the very idea of social revolution. Everyone knows that I was not the only one to be mistaken at that, that many Bolsheviks were in the same boat as I. At the same time an enormous number of intellectuals realized that they had also been mistaken when they looked upon themselves as a revolutionary force. Ten years have passed since then and during this period wonderful work has been done in Russia, in all the spheres of labor and creativeness, although this work has been and is being impeded by "cultured" Europe, whose bourgeoisie is encouraged in this by Russian emigres, people who "have been mistaken" and are disgusted with their mistakes and also with the recognition of their own insignificance.

Freedom of Slander.

I am not flattering the workers' and peasants' power, I am truly enthusiastic about its work, its capacity to inspire people with love of labor and creativeness. You do not like my enthusiasm. It would be strange if you liked it. I must say that I do not remember having ever been anxious to "please" anyone and particularly people of your frame of mind. I do not, of course, protest against the petty-insults, threats and against the lies and slanders which you hurl at me simply because you have "nothing better" to do. I know that freedom of slander is your slogan and delight. In fact what would you do if you were not such adepts at lying?

* * *

In his article Dan pointed out that prior to publishing my congratulations to the workers' and peasants' power in the English newspaper "I thought it necessary to send it to the authorities for approval." Any "decent" person would not have written such stuff, but Mr. Dan did so.

Moreover, in perfect unanimity with the anonymous writers he raises a hue and cry about the "brutality" of the workers' and peasants' power, forgetting evidently the recent past, the mass shooting of workers, the "Lena incident," the Jewish pogroms in 1903, November 9, and many other incidents of the same kind — the road to the Amur region, the tens of thousands of people condemned to penal servitude, the despicable war in 1914-18, and finally what White generals did in Russia with the benevolent participation of some Russian "revolutionists" and a considerable number of "highly qualified" intellectuals. Dan evidently fails to understand that there is brutality which arises in the people from a feeling of revenge for the innumerable and cynical torments which it experienced, and that there is also a brutality originating in the self-defence of a people surrounded by secret and open traitors, by its irreconcilable enemies. This brutality is not without cause, and this is its justification.

"But there is a brutality of parasites who, being accustomed to live by the labor of the enslaved, are again endeavoring to enslave the people which has won liberty and freedom. Such brutality has no justification.

"I remind Mr. Dan of this, of course not for the sake of polemics but to teach him a lesson.

M. GORKI."

Maxwell Anderson Play on Sacco-Vanzetti Case Coming

A new play by Maxwell Anderson based on the Sacco-Vanzetti case is now on its way for early production here. The play was originally called "Gods of the Night," but it will be known here as "Gods of the Lightning."

Mr. Anderson will have his play produced on Broadway by Hamilton MacFadden, who has two more plays from the same source, "Hell on Wheels" and "The Sea Wife." Mr. MacFadden is a member of the younger generation of theatrical producers, having first tried his luck on Broadway only last season, and this season it looks as if he would have a Maxwell Anderson cycle of plays to offer.

"Gods of the Lightning" goes into production immediately and will be the first of the three to appear. Outside of the leading role, - labor organizer, which will be played by Charles A. Bickford, the casting has not yet been settled. Bickford was seen here last season in "Bless You, Sister."

In writing "Gods of the Lightning" Mr. Anderson has had a collaborator, Harold Hickerson. It may be remembered that Mr. Anderson collaborated with Laurence Stallings in writing that famous war play, "What Price Glory?" From advance accounts of "Gods of the Lightning" it looks as if this play would stir up as much excitement and comment as did "What Price Glory?" Anderson is also responsible for "Saturday's Children," one of the hits of last season.

BARRYMORE THEATRE TO OPEN IN OCTOBER

The new Ethel Barrymore Theatre, now under course of construction on West 47th Street, will be dedicated by Ethel Barrymore in the new G. Martinez Sierra play, "The Kingdom of God," the latter part of October. Rehearsals of the play are now on and the opening will occur in Cleveland. Following this the Sierra play will go to Detroit and Washington previous to the New York premiere.

Soviet Engineers Here to Purchase Machinery

"n the next five years," said Mr. Chramtsoff, chief engineer of the Central Paper Trust of the Soviet Union, "we plan to purchase $130,000,000 worth of plant equipment, of which half will be bought in the United States."

John Chramtsoff and Jacques Goriacheff, both of the Supreme Economic Council of the Soviet Union, arrived here yesterday to purchase machinery for the paper manufacturing plants.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

IN "ELMER THE GREAT."

Walter Huston will play the chief role in Ring Lardner's baseball comedy, "Elmer the Great," which George M. Cohan will present at the Hudson Theatre Monday night.

WRITERS JOIN IN MOONEY PROTEST

Haessler and-Whitaker Score Frame-up

Carl Haessler, managing editor of the Federated Press, a labor press service, in a statement to the National Office of International Labor Defense on the Tom Mooney and Warren Billings frame-up declares:

"Why doesn't candidate Herbert Hoover break his silence on the Tom Mooney frame-up? Why doesn't U. S. Senator Hiram Johnson stop gumshoeing and come out in the open in Mooney's fight for full justice?

"Because both Hoover and Johnson are afraid of the power that wanted to hang Mooney and has succeeded in keeping him in jail 12 years, the California money power."

Robert Whitaker, a writer on the Pacific coast, writing to Martin Abern, assistant national secretary of the I. L. D., states:

"There ought to be, of course, an immediate and unconditional release of Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings from their long and unjust imprisonment in the penitentiaries of California. It is known to everyone who is not impervious to the truth, and has made any reasonable effort to get at the facts that these men are wholly innocent of the crime which was used to put them behind the bars, and that they are kept there not because of guilt upon their part, but because of their activities as labor agitators."

The National Office, stated Abern is intensifying its campaign on behalf of Mooney and Billings. It is necessary to develop a greater mass pressure upon the authorities. A rotogravure pamphlet, profusely illustrated, is to be issued in the next couple of weeks by the National Office, and it is hoped to give the widest distribution to the Mooney-Billings case in this manner.

Liberal Wail for Kid Glove Imperialism

OUR CUBAN COLONY, by Leland H. Jenks; Vanguard Press, $1.

* * *

THIS is the first of a series of studies of typical examples of American imperialism which the American Fund for Public Service (Garland Fund) has undertaken. The series is appropriately edited by the tin Jesus of the New Historians, Harry Elmer Barnes, and promises, in spite of his passionate plea for a dispassionate study of the facts, to religiously reflect the liberal cry for kid-glove imperialism.

Dr. Jenks, himself, is a little more cold-blooded. He utters no pious exclamations of horror at the exploitation of Cuba. He cuts out the sob stuff, but makes the regulation plea for a prettier and incidentally more efficient imperialist policy.

* * *

After an excellent survey of Cuban-American relations, he recommends the revision of the Platt Amendment, which openly sanctions American intervention. Why? Because it has "outlived its usefulness" (to American imperialism, of course) and because a revision will "only bring into clearer light the character of our new concerns."

Jenks by no means recommends the complete rejection of the Amendment. Some of its provisions, he says, "would form suitable material for a treaty of mutual friendship, by which Cuba would agree to allow no foreign bases on the island and to enter into no agreements which would menace American interests."

* * *

Developing his program of a more efficient imperialist program, Jenks says:

"The United States is now the most powerful nation in the world, the most impregnable to attack, as menacing as any to other nations, the most conspicuous obect of international jealousy. Able to compel international recognition of our rights and most of our claims to right, we need friends more than legal status in the controversies in which we may be involved. And our abnormal relations with Cuba are becoming more of a liability than an asset in our efforts to defend ourselves by securing the good will of our Hispanic neighbors."

This program is by no means new. It is a reflection of a significant shift in American diplomacy which Morrow is now busy applying in Mexico, and which the United States put over at the Havana conference. Kid gloves may hide, but they don't wash the bloody hands of American imperialism.

It is in these new imperialist methods, put over by Wall Street, that Jenks sees hope for Latin America. "The great business aggregates, which are the most evident symbols of American power in Cuba, have given hostages for their sedate behavior to the New York money market," he says.

* * *

With this as a premise, Jenks proceeds to defend the bloody Machado dictatorship, which has butchered and tortured hundreds of Cuban labor leaders.

"Cries of alarm at the rottenness of Cuban politics or at the tyranny of Machado's remote imitation of Mussolini, threats or rumors of intervention, may agitate investors and disturb the conditions that have enabled Cuba to borrow money more cheaply than Florida and Cuban railways to get loans as favorably as American."

In the Machado regime, which has steadily served as a watchdog for the interests of the American Sugar Trust and J. P. Morgan and Co. and as an obedient puppet of imperialist and militarist policies of the United States, Jenks sees a movement towards Cuban "nationalism."

HARRY FREEMAN.

NEW BEDFORD: SLAVE DRIVERS' PARADISE

By A. B. MAGIL.

THE great pulse of the ship stops beating. Slowly the quivering boat cuts its way thru the dark silent water. Bells ring, there is the clanking of chains, the sound of feet running, voices. And New Bedford, city of smooth green lawns and textile mills, of ornamental wealth and starvation, of tight New England faces and warm dark southern European laughter, crawls meekly out of a wet gray dawn.

I was glad to shake the ship from my feet. I hadn't felt much at ease among my elegant traveling companions. Most of them were of the respectable well-to-do, business and professional men, clean - shaven, well-dressed, their shoes shined, their neckties in place, all their thoughts and emotions well-groomed, polished and neat. None of these had ever gone hungry, none of these had ever come home with aching limbs to dark dismal houses and watched the youth of their children swallowed up by the mills, chained to the relentless wheel of exploitation and wage-slavery.

These were the possessors of wealth and power, their manners impeccable, flaunting bright agreeable smiles.

* * *

A fine drizzling rain began to fall as I left the dock. A newsboy thrust a New Bedford Mercury in my face. Strike news. Joseph Costa, a young striker, had entered a classroom when the teacher was absent, had denounced the American flag and urged the children to pledge allegiance to the Red Flag of the workers. The teacher and the principal were indignant. Joseph Costa would pay dearly for his blasphemy.

Strike news. The end of the textile strike was near and leaders of the Textile Council were reported considering favorably the new "specialization" plan which the more progressive mill owners were advocating and which was absolutely necessary if the New Bedford industry was to survive. Mr. Batty and Mr. Binns repudiated the stand of the Communists and the Textile Mill Committees, etc.

Former Judge Panken, "the poor man's friend," is coming to sprinkle the poor people of New Bedford with some of his friendship. A pity so few of the poor people will be able to benefit by the Judge's kindness, as only a handful of them ever attend the Textile Council meetings. But at least the socialist party is sending its choicest fossils to drum up trade for Mr. Batty and Mr. Binns, who are compelled to while away the dull hours playing poker at their headquarters in the New Bedford Labor Temple.

II.

ONE million, one hundred thousand human beings earn their bread by slaving in the textile mills of this country. This is a larger number than is employed in any other basic industry and they constitute one of the most ruthlessly exploited sections of the American workingclass. Only about 30,000 of these 1,100,000 are organized in the official A. F. of L. union, the United Textile Workers of America, which has been in existence for some 36 years. (With the defection of several Passaic and New York locals at the recent U. T. W. convention in New York, the membership of the union has been greatly reduced.) Out of the more than a million textile slaves 28,000 have been thrust into the center of the stage in one of the epic struggles of the American class war—the New Bedford textile strike. At the time the strike was called only a few thousand of these workers had been organized in the American Federation of Textile Operatives whose Textile Council in New Bedford has since affiliated with the U. T. W.

William E. G. Batty, secretary of the New Bedford Textile Council, and Abraham Binns, treasurer, had for years been honored and respected members of the New Bedford community. Mr. Binns was elected Justice of the Peace, for which office he was eminently fitted by his years of experience as a servant of the mill owners. And in truth, it has been the sole endeavor of both Mr. Batty and Mr. Binns to promote peace in the New Bedford community even if the mill workers had to accept a dollar or so less a week, or work an hour or so longer, or operate a machine or so more. Mr. Batty and Mr. Binns were much esteemed by their fellow-citizens and more than once evoked the praise of press and pulpit for the spirit of service which animated all their activities.

Even so did Mr. James Tansey, president of the A. F. T. O., comport himself in the neighboring town of Fall River. So that in time his fellow-citizens chose Mr. Tansey as Commissioner of Police, in which office he spared no efforts to quell with neatness and dispatch every attempt of foreign hoodlums and agitators to create violence and overthrow the government and institutions which the founders of this country had established for the good of all.

And it was certainly very embarassing to Mr. Batty and Mr. Binns when the members of their union insisted on taking a strike vote on the ten per cent wage-cut which the mill owners had decided to present to them. But Mr. Batty and Mr. Binns would see to it that things should turn out as they should. Even as Mr. Tansey had seen to it in Fall River where the strike vote had unfortunately been just 11 votes "shy" of the requisite two-thirds. New Bedford strike voting in the past had for some reason suffered from similar "shyness."

But imagine the consternation of Mr. Batty and Mr. Binns when the workers insisted on taking a vote at an inappropriate time and it turned out overwhelmingly in favor of a strike. Imagine how Mr. Batty must have felt when Mr. Fleecem, the Big Mill Owner, stared at him coldly from his Rolls-Royce as it passed him on the street. And imagine the feelings of Mr. Binns, a Justice of the Peace too. . . .

And so the strike was called on April 16.

And it came to pass, after many weeks, that Matthew Woll, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, acting president of the openshop National Civic Federation and labor faker extraordinary, arose at the convention of the United Textile Workers of America in New York City, and delivered one of his flaming, patented denunciations of the Communists for the part they were playing in the New Bedford textile strike.

* * *

Matthew was right. It was the Communists and the Textile Mill Committees that had forced the calling of the strike. It was they who had rallied the nearly 30,000 workers, given them fighting slogans and demands that were not merely a servile begging for crumbs. We want not only the revoking of the ten per cent wage-cut, but a 20 per cent increase, a 40-hour, five-day week and the abolition of the speed-up! This is what the strikers say, and they are saying it thru their new union, a real fighting union, the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mill Committees.

The little Scotch weaver, Bill Murdoch, the hulking Yankee, Fred Beal, the Passaic veterans, Eli Keller, Jack Rubinstein and Ellen Dawson, Samieras, the eloquent Portuguese, August Pinto, the picket leader—these are the heroes of the New Bedford struggle in the minds of the workers. And the respectable citizens, Batty and Binns, are the hated renegades.

* * *

Yes, the Communists are active in New Bedford, tho there wasn't a single Communist there before the strike. Now there is a Party branch with over a hundred members, nearly all of them mill workers, a Young Workers League with about 90 members, and a branch of the Young Pioneers, embracing several hundred strikers' children.

I attended a meeting of the Young Workers League. Young boys and girls, practically all of them strikers, learning the elements of the class struggle—a term which probably few of them had even heard before the strike.

Some of these Portuguese girls are strikingly beautiful. One of them, who seemed to be quite conscious of her good looks and her brilliant smile, was unusually quick at answering questions. Comrade Therese is so gay and radiant, she doesn't look at all like a person who has spent many hours of her 17 years behind bleak mill walls.

Later I was told: Comrade Therese must go away; she must leave for the west at once. Comrade Therese has—T. B. Comrade Therese is so gay and radiant. . . .

III.

Several of us piled into the battered automobile of a comrade and he took us around the town. As we sped along thru the South End, he pointed out the various mills to me. Here was the Taber Mill, an ugly sullen structure, owned by John Sullivan, president of the New Bedford Cotton Manufacturers' Association, and chief spokesman for the bosses. Here was the Nonquit Mill, the Potomska Mill, the Whitman Mill, where only a few weeks before a huge picket demonstration had been held at which 256 strikers were arrested after an attack by members of the National Guard wielding bayonets. Here was the Page Mill, in every day to grovel before the where about 65 scabs were sneaking bosses and do their bidding, traitors to their class.

And here is the Kilburn Mill. I look at it with surprise: a fine, modern building with ivy climbing up the walls. "But you ought to see the inside!" says the comrade at the wheel.

Mill after mill, slave-pen after slave-pen, all of them calling, calling: come in, we give you our dust and dreariness, the endless whirr of our machines, the long brutal hours of toil, the ache, the tiredness, our dark shadow covering all your lives. Come in, come in, we give you walls of ivy—and T. B.

* * *

(The second article by A. B. Magil on New Bedford will appear in an early issue.)

FLOODS IN MEXICO

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 20 (UP).—Flods in the Panuco River region have caused abandonment of homes, ranches and oil wells, a dispatch from Tampico said today. The damage was reported to be the heaviest in years. Rail service between Tampico and Monterey was suspended for three days.

The 100 Percenter

By EDWIN ROLFE.

Knowing (as John did) nothing of the way
men act when men are roused from lethargy,
and having nothing (as John had) to say
to those he saw were starving, just as he

starved, John was like a workhorse. Day by day
he saw his sweat cement the granite tower,
(the edifice his bone had made) to stay
listless as ever, older every hour.

John's deathbed is a curious affair:
the posts are made of bone, the spring of nerves,
the mattress bleeding flesh. Infinite air,
compressed from dizzy altitudes, now serves

his skullface as a pillow. Overhead
a vulture leers in solemn mockery
(knowing what John had never known: that dead
workers are dead before they cease to be).

AMUSEMENTS

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42nd St. and Broadway IT'S A HIT 2nd BIG WEEK
"THRILLING—REALISTIC"—NEW YORK TIMES
"Q SHIPS"
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MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEA W. 39th EVS 8:30—MATS WED & SAT.

Arthur Hopkins Presents
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A new play in two parts and ten scenes by Sophie Treadwell
Plymouth Thea. W. 45th St. Eves 8.30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30

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in a musical romance of Chopin
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'A Clean Hit', Winchell, Graph.
EVA THE 5th
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LITTLE W. 44th St. Eves. 8.30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.30

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SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

Martin Beck Thea., 45 St. & 8 Av. Eves. 8.40 Ma. Sat., Wed. 2.40
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C
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5128 Cavalleria Rusticana
D
5135 Danse Macabre
3199 Dear Eyes
3201 Dear old Munich
5131 Don Juan Overture
E
5129 Er, der Herrlichste von Allen
3162 Estudiantina Waltz
F
3222 Faust-Waltz
3215 Fair Rosemary
3186 Forever or not at all
3214 Forget-me-not
G
3156 Goldshower Waltz
H
3187 Hawaiian Chimes
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L
3204 Light Cavalry
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5117 Lohengrin
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M
3205 Medley of Vienna Tunes
3201 Merry Vienna
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5137 Midsummer Night's Dream
3218 Mikado
3082 Millions d'Arlequin (Les)
3215 Minuet in G
3172 Moonlight Sonata
N
3077 Nachtbummler (Der)
3082 Nalla-Intermezzo
O
3206 Old Folks at Home
3206 Old Refrain (The)
P
5122 Parsifal
3200 Peasant Girl's Dream
R
3211 Raymond-Overture
3217 Rigoletto
S
3198 Serenade (La) Metra
3024 Silent Night
3162 Sirenes (Les)
3017 Southern Roses (Waltz)
3222 Swallows of Austria
T
3221 Tales from the Vienna Woods
3050 Tosca Selections
3220 Traviata (Selections)
V
3195 Venetian Barcarolle
5136 Von ewiger Liebe (Love Eternal)
W
3219 Wiener Mad'ln (Girls Vienna)
3008 Wedding of Sleeping Beauty (The)
3200 Wedding Serenade
3187 When Lights are low
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Many Young Workers Organizations to Send Delegates to Youth Meet

OFFICE WORKERS PRAISE MEET AS SOLIDARITY MOVE

Conference Date Is Set for Sept. 29 and 30

Jerome Romain, chairman of the Organization Committee of the Office Workers Union, in a statement issued yesterday, endorsed the Working Youth Conference to be held at Labor Temple, Second Ave. and 14th St., Sept. 29 and 30, and called for its most energetic support on the part of the exploited office workers.

"The half million of office workers in the city of New York," said Romain, "must be made to realize that their lot will be battered only through organization.

Office Workers Exploited.

"The office workers are as much exploited and as poorly treated as are any other group of young unorganized workers in New York City. For that reason, the Office Workers Union, which was recently organized and which really fights in the interests of the office workers in New York, and tries to organize them, immediately and heartily endorsed the idea of calling a Working Youth Conference. We felt it imperative to bring the office workers into closer contact with other groups of young workers, so that a feeling of real solidarity would be established between the clerical and industrial workers. We want to have a strong office workers' representation at the conference next Saturday.

"The Executive Board of the Office Workers Union has elected delegates to represent the organization at the conference in the name of the union and pledges its utmost support to the Working Youth Conference so that it will be an overwhelming success."

Bakers Union, Local 164, of the Amalgamated Food Workers, have already elected delegates to the Working Youth Conference.

In addition to the unions that have already elected delegates, credentials from several youth clubs have been received. The Bronx Young Workers Culture Club, the Bronx Hungarian Youth Club, the Brownsville Youth Center and a Young Negro Club in Brownsville have discussed the matter and elected delegates.

Many Delegates.

The Hardware Workers Club of the Bronx, having heard a report by a speaker from the Working Youth Conference, has also elected delegates.

Many Girls to Attend.

At a meeting of ten young girl workers from the International Handkerchief Co. of the Lower Bronx three delegates were elected to the conference. The meeting was only a beginning. Another meeting will be held, at which 25 working girls are expected to be present and additional delegates elected.

At a meeting of girls in a batique shop, two delegates were elected to attend the Working Youth Conference.

It is expected that many meetings of young unorganized workers will take place during the week and many dozens of delegates will be chosen for the conference.

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Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 30 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

* * *

German Fraction Picnic.

A September picnic will be held Sunday the 23rd in "Edenwald" for the benefit of the organ "Der Arbeiter," the bi-monthly Communist paper issued by the fraction. Come and spend a late summer's day in the greens. Plenty to eat and drink. Third Ave. to 133rd St., then Boston Westchester R. R. to Dyer Ave., or subway to 180th Street, then B. W. R. R.

* * *

District Speakers' Conference.

A district speakers' conference will be held today at 2 p. m. at the Workers Center, 5th floor. Rebecca Grecht will lead a discussion on "Trade Union Questions and the Election Campaign." All open air speakers and agitprop directors must attend. Everyone is welcome.

* * *

Williamsburg Red Week.

The Red Week Drive in Williamsburg will gain momentum this week when workers will gather at 46 Ten Eyck St. to go out collecting signatures. A special mobilization will be held Sunday among the members of Sections 2 and 3.

* * *

Branch 3, Section 7.

A business and educational meeting of Branch 3, Section 7 will be held Monday, 8 p. m. at 740 40th St., Brooklyn. Valentine will lead a discussion on "The Negro Question."

* * *

Bronx Y. W. C. L. Notice.

Two Sundays ago a mobilization of all the Bronx sections of the Young Workers (Communist) League took place in the Bronx to place the name of Philip Frankfeld on the ballot in the Third Assembly District. At that time, 450 signatures were collected. This Sunday, another mobilization of young workers will take place, which is expected to bring the 100 more signatures necessary for placing Frankfeld's name on the ballot. After the real work will have been done, the young workers will attend a Red Yom Kippur celebration at the Lower Bronx Labor Center, 1400 Boston Road.

* * *

Bronx Signature Drive.

All 4 units Bronx Section Y. W. L. will mobilize for the Signature Drive Sunday at 10 a. m. at headquarters, Lower Bronx Labor Center, 115 E. 138th St.

* * *

German Y. W. L.

We will meet on Sunday, Sept. 23, at 8:15 a. m. at Liberty Street ferry, Manhattan, for a hike to New Jersey. We want all comrades to come along.

* * *

Y. W. L. and Party Notice.

A conference of members of the Workers (Communist) Party and Young Workers (Communinst) League engaged in children's work and interested in developing this phase of work, will be held Sunday, Sept. 23, 10 a. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

* * *

Unit 2 Notice.

All members of Unit 2 must report Sunday at 9 a. m. at 200 W. 135th St., Room 207, for the collection of signatures. All who fail to respond will be noted by the discipline committee.

* * *

Branch 2, Section 8 Meet.

A special meeting of the unit will be held Tuesday, 8 p. m., at 511 Hendrix St.

* * *

Branch 2, Section 8 Notice.

There are very few days left to complete the unit's signature drive. All members must therefore report tomorrow at 9 a. m. at 154 Walkins St., from which a squad will leave to collect signatures.

* * *

Women's Work Notice.

A special meeting of all unit Women's Work organizers, fraction secretaries, and representatives of language bureaus will be held Wednesday, Sept. 26, 7:30 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, Room 603. The political campaign and general women's work for the year will be discussed. All must attend.

* * *

Central Body, U. C. W. W.

The Central Body of the United Councils of Working Class Women will meet Thursday, 8 p. m., at Room 602, Workers Center. Organizers, secretaries, delegates must attend. Members are welcome.

* * *

Section 7 Membership Meet.

A membership meeting of Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Wednesday, Sept. 26, 8 p. m., at 1965 Bath Ave., Brooklyn. All members must attend.

* * *

Subsection 3C Meet.

All units of Subsection 3C will meet Tuesday, 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. Campaign directors will turn in their reports. All members must be present.

* * *

Subsection 3C Executive.

The Executive Committee of Subsection 3C will meet Wednesday, at 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. Important reports will be forthcoming, and all members of the committee must be present.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

* * *

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Banquet at Brighton Beach.

Saturday, Oct. 13, at 8:30 p. m., a Chinese supper and an interesting concert will be given by the Workers' Club, Brighton Beach.

* * *

Anti-Imperialist Membership Meet.

Wednesday evening, September 26 at 8 p. m. in the Labor Temple, 242 E. 14th St., New York City, a membership meeting of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League will be held, with Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the league presiding. Harry Gannes, acting secretary of the United States section of the league and Robert Dunn, author of "America's Foreign Investments" will be the principal speakers. Discussion from the floor. Friends and sympathizers are invited.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

The annual Proletarian Autumn Revel of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense will be held Saturday evening, Oct. 27, at 8:30 at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Prizes will be given for the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Youth Chorus Meeting.

The Youth Chorus will have an organizational meeting today at 2 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Pl. All who are interested should attend.

* * *

Brownsville Color Light Dance.

A Color Light Dance will be held Oct. 20 at the Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., under the auspices of the Young Workers Social Culture Club.

* * *

"Esperanta Laborularo."

Today at 8 p. m. a special meeting of the Esperanta Laborularo will be held at the "Hungarian Workers' Home" 350 E. 81st St. Program: Election of officers, reorganization, classes, etc. All class-conscious workers are invited.

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RECORD CROWD GREETS FOSTER

Lauds 'Daily' at Meet in Aberdeen, Wash.

Continued from Page One

Foster called on all the workers to unite behind the International Labor Defense in its drive to force the state authorities to open the jail gates for those victims of the capitalist frame-up system.

Th espeaker pointed out that the Workers (Communist) Party had inherited the traditions of the revolutionary movement of the past, was the only active revolutionary force in the United States today and called on the radical and progressive elements in the state of Washington, the workers and poor farmers, to rally under its banner and help to carry on a more effective struggle against the capitalists and their government.

Large Meeting.

In contrast to the success of the meeting addressed by the Communist presidential candidate were the rallies of the national standard bearers of the S. L. P. who were obliged to hold their meetings at street corners not being able to collect enough people together to warrant the hiring of a hall. Neither the S. L. P. nor any other alleged working class political party was able so far to fill a hall in Aberdeen.

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YANKS GAIN A FULL GAME ON ATHLETICS

The Yankees yesterday gained a full game lead on Philadelphia, by beating the Chicago White Sox, while the Athletics took a drubbing from Detroit. The Yanks' score was 5 to 2. Tom Zachary pitched his first complete game for the Yankees. He allowed 8 hits. Adkins pitched for the White Sox, allowing 7 hits to the Yanks. This was enough for the Yanks to win.

Lefty Grove was knocked out of the box by the Detroit Tigers, who scored 9 runs on 15 hits, against the Athletics' 4 runs for 7 hits. Rommel and Orwoll succeeded Grove in the box. Sam Rice, veteran on the Tigers, hit a homer. With 8 games to go for Philadelphia, the pennant seems assured for the Yanks.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League.

Brooklyn, 2; Chicago, 1.
Pittsburgh, 6; Philadelphia, 5.
Boston, 5; Cincinnati, 3 (1st).
Cincinnati, 3; Boston, 2 (2nd).
Only games.

American League.

New York, 5; Chicago, 2.
Detroit, 9; Philadelphia, 4.
Boston, 5; St. Louis, 3.
Washington, 2; Cleveland 1 (1st).
Washington, 2; Cleveland, 1 (2d).

Harlem Red Sunday Drive to Put Across 21 Assembly District

The members of the Harlem Section of the Workers (Communist) Party will meet in their new headquarters in Negro Harlem at 200 W. 135th St., Room 207, on Sunday morning, Sept. 23, in a final drive for a sufficient number of signatures to put across the Communist candidate in the Twenty-first Assembly District.

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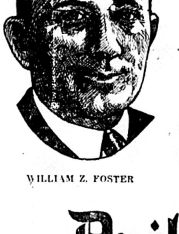

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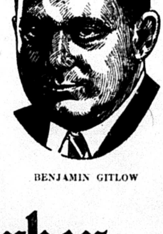

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For Vice-President
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For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

To Organize the Textile Workers

The convention of textile mill committees, mill and union delegates now being held in New York City for the purpose of launching a new national textile workers' organization will unquestionably go down in history as a land-mark in the development of the militant labor movement in America.

Its historical timeliness is justification for its existence. Only at this moment, after the experience of the past few years, could such a convention prove successful. It was essential that the workers in many of the biggest centers become steeled in the fight against the employers, the government and the agents of the bosses at the head of the United Textile Workers Union. Without the experience of the struggles in Paterson, Passaic and New Bedford this conference would never have been possible.

It is indeed a tribute to the tremendous sweep of the movement for a new national textile organization that will set as its task the organization of the hundreds of thousands of mill slaves of the United States that this first convention has representation from more than 60 cities, while the last convention of the United Textile Workers, the corrupt American Federation of Labor organization, had delegates representing but 42 cities, some of them having on fictitious organizations.

Even though launched under favorable auspices no one should imagine for a moment that the task before the new organization is an easy one. In an organizational drive every inch of ground will have to be won against tremendous odds—against the combined resistance of the mill owners and their political agents in control of local and state governments, as well as the officials of the reactionary organization.

It is the duty of every militant worker to support to the utmost the new national organizations in various industries that are being created in the United States as a reflex of the increasing determination of the working class to resist the assaults of the employers upon the workers' standards of living.

Hoover Has Proved His Fitness to Borah

William E. Borah, republican chairman of the senate foreign relations committee, enthusiastically endorses the candidacy of Herbert Hoover for president of the United States. This is as it should be. It is eminently fitting that Borah, who started his public career in an attempt to become the executioner of militant leaders of the working class, Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, should support Hoover, one of the vilest murderers of the working class the world has ever seen. Mr. Borah asserts that Mr. Hoover has proved his fitness.

If Mr. Borah means that Hoover has succeeded where he failed he is right. Where Borah only attempted, through acting as prosecutor in a frame-up, to murder three American labor leaders, Herbert Hoover has succeeded in leaving his bloody imprint upon the working class of many nations and many climes. The novice abjectly bows before the master.

Hoover, while pretending to furnish food supplies to the victims of the world war, used his position to aid the bloody monster Horthy overthrow the Bolshevik government of Hungary and begin that systematic extermination of the working class that rages to this very day. Hoover had a hand in helping to establish those other twin hells for the working class—Poland and Roumania—where piles of corpses are monuments to his "fitness" to serve as an imperialist butcher. Truly a mighty example of "fitness" and one calculated to incite the admiration of Borah, who tried to hang three workers and failed.

Thus we see again that so-called liberals line up with the most vicious elements of oppression when a crisis approaches. Hoover symbolizes better than any public person today the malignant character of big capital, while Borah personifies the class corruption and vacillation of the labor-hating small industrialists who hope to get their share of plunder out of the war program of the United States government.

Hoover's conception of government is avowedly imperialist. Government does not exist for the benefit of the people who inhabit a country, but for the purpose of enslaving the workers and farmers to a few who own and control the banks and the industries. Hoover's latest exploit before his nomination for the presidency was to capitalize the calamity that befell the poor southern cotton growers in the Mississippi flood area in behalf of the mortgage bankers of New Orleans, who are part of the Wall Street combine. Under pretext of relieving the suffering of the population this man Hoover, whom Borah proclaims as eminently fit to be president, took advantage of the pitiful plight of the victims and bound them to the bankers, the loan mongers and mortgage brokers.

The selection of such a man as candidate of the political party that will most certainly carry the election is a warning signal to the working class. It means that for the next four years there will head the government of Wall Street one who is an unscrupulous adept at wreaking misery and devastation upon whole populations for the aggrandizement of imperialism. Just such a man is required to carry out the present policies of the United States ruling class. His nomination is part of the war preparations of the Wall Street bandits.

Let no one imagine, however, that the republican party candidates alone are assassins of the working class. The same indictment may be drawn against the democratic party, the party of the imperialist warmonger, Woodrow Wilson, who hurled the workers of this country into the last war in order to protect the investments in Europe of the House of Morgan. Likewise the socialist party is a potential murderer of the working class. The only reason Berger, Hillquit and Thomas have not committed the crimes of their European comrades, Scheidemann, Ebert, Noske, Mueller, Henderson and MacDonald (especially the latter's stand on India) is because they have not had the opportunity. When the Hoovers and Borahs are no longer able to function the socialists hope to get their chance.

Against the assassins of the working class there stands but one party in this campaign, defending always the elementary interests of the working class and the farmers; the Party that realizes that the principal question before the workers of the whole world is the danger of another imperialist war. Only the Workers (Communist) Party has a revolutionary program against imperialism.

Communism alone can defeat the Hoovers, the Borahs and the class they represent.

Vote Communist!

Defender of "Racial Integrity"

Governor Harry F. Byrd of Virginia has denied a pardon to Mary Hall, a white woman convicted of violating a law for "racial integrity" when she married a Negro, Mott Wood. The woman was convicted for violating the law which prohibits the intermarriage of races and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. In denying the pardon, Governor Byrd said:

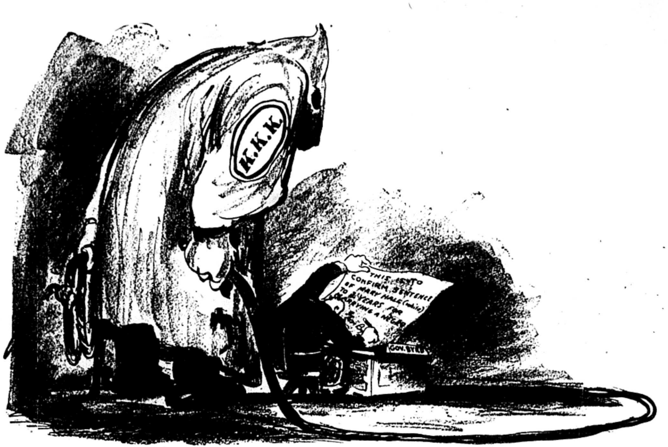
> "The necessity for racial integrity is so important that after mature consideration I find myself unable to act favorably on this application, notwithstanding the fact that it is endorsed by the trial officials and other persons."

Were the case not so tragic an example of white chauvinism, it would be exceedingly comical coming from the south, where the favorite pastime of the male white aristocracy is debauching the young daughters of the Negro workers and farmers. And where many of the elegant ladies, wives of the eminences of old Virginia, have their favorites among the male Negroes of their neighborhoods with whom they have clandestine meetings. The poor, exploited and terrorized Negroes dare not refuse advances from such women, yet they know full well that if by chance they are caught in compromising circumstances they are charged with assaulting the woman and usually lynched by the upholders of racial integrity as a measure for the preservation of the "purity" of bourgeois womanhood among the "best people" of the south.

It is high time that the Negroes of the south as well as those who have been herded into the industrial north abandon the old parties of capitalism—the democratic and republican parties—and rally to the support of the one party that stands for full social equality of races, the Workers (Communist) Party.

THE GOVERNOR OF VIRGINIA

By Fred Ellis



K.K.K.
THIS IS TO CONFIRM SENTENCE OF MARY HALL (white) TO 2 YEARS FOR MARRYING A NEGRO
GOV. BYRD

A Taste of U. S. 'Democracy'

By FRANK HENDERSON

Police Back Lewis' Thugs; Governor Donahey's "Good Will" Messengers

The public schools have opened in Belmont County—the county in Ohio where constitutional rights have been scrapped and free speech prohibited by "law."

Not only in Belmont County have the schools opened, but the entire educational system of our "free land" has been set in motion. After nine months of patriotic and militarist propaganda most of the students will be thoroughly saturated with the 100 per cent bunkum, the boss-controlled schools will make them obedient, patriotic slaves, willing to do the bidding of the bosses at any sacrifice.

In Belmont County, George V. Waddell, the prosecuting attorney, stated publicly that constitutional rights are things learned in school and should be forgotten later.

What happened in Belmont County during "vacation" which prompted this frank declaration by the prosecutor?

American Democracy.

During the miners' strike the coal diggers, especially in Belmont County, often tasted the bitterness of American democracy. Time and again the miners have felt the sting of capitalist justice.

The struggles of the rank and file miners have been marked by murders and sluggings by the treacherous Lewis machine, coupled with severe sentences and penalties by the coal-capitalists' courts. Many sections of the strike area have witnessed and suffered from Lewis treachery and police brutality. All sections have gotten extreme "justice" from the courts. Belmont County has had more than its share of this capitalist justice, Lewis treachery and police brutality. In other sections men received such "treatment," but in Belmont County women and children were as mercilessly handled as the men. The jailing of the fifty-one women of Lansing is typical of the treatment received by the miners' wives and children.

Hypocritical Good Will.

A few days before the treatment of the Lansing women the capitalist press publicly announced that Governor Donahey was sending his "messengers of good will" to Eastern Ohio to feed the starving babies. Instead, the miners saw national guardsmen, armed with guns, ammunition and gas bombs. The "messengers" were not long in Belmont County before the miners' wives and children got the first taste of the governor's good will. Women and children, peacefully picketing the Mutton Hollow mine, were gased by the bombs of the guardsmen and several were brutally beaten. This was not all. A few days later fifty-one women and children were herded at the point of bayonets into the St. Clairsville jail, with the aid of Sheriff Hardesty—renowned for his strike-breaking activities. Among the fifty-one arrested were women nearing motherhood, others nursing babies and several young girls. They were all packed into dirty, crowded cells and forced to sleep on hard, steel floors.

Democracy, in the form of coal operators' dictatorship, existed in Belmont County. During vacation the miners' children got a lesson in democracy and American freedom.

Break Up Meetings.

Meetings of progressive miners all over the county were broken up by the police, acting on instructions from the sub-district officials—cohorts of John L. Lewis. Militant leaders were waylaid and beaten by Lewis gangsters. Authorities worked hand in hand with the Lewis machine against the rank and file coal diggers. Courts—places of justice—excused Lewis men, but passed severe sentences and penalties on progressive miners. "Freedom" of assemblage and "freedom" of speech was prohibited by threats of violence from patriotic organizations and police orders. This happened to the fathers of miners' children, in spite of the things taught in schools.

Just recently in Martins Ferry, where free speech is prohibited by the "law" of the Steel Trust, six men were arrested for an attempt to hold a Sacco-Vanzetti memorial meeting. These men are charged with "unlawful" assemblage. This breaking up of the meeting is a result of pressure on the authorities by the U. S. Steel Corporation which has mills in Martins Ferry. The W. C. T. U. and the Junior Mechanics, an organization of the bosses, sent resolutions to the police commending them on their fine work in breaking up the meetings of the "reds." This attack was also against "constitutional rights." Where are rights learned in school?

Workers to Demand Final Freedom.

Truly, Prosecutor Waddell of Belmont County spoke the truth. Constitutional rights are merely things taught in schools. The teachers of the county may have to answer some very awkward questions when the miners' children ask about rights of citizens to assemble and speak. Perhaps the children of the miners will be able to teach the teachers something about this land of freedom and democracy. Tradition's chains cannot hold forever. The young miners will not only learn this and make economic demands, but will demand political change in government. A government to direct the affairs of the workers and farmers of this country, not for the profit of a few, but for the welfare of all.

Negro Workers Should Join Workers Party

By GEORGE PADMORE.

Communists Fight for Full Social, Political and Economic Rights of All Races and Peoples

THE Workers (Communist) Party of America is a section of a great international working class movement, which embraces in its ranks the oppressed and exploited workers of all nations, countries and races—whites, Negroes, Chinese, Indians, etc.

Communism knows no color line. It is the bitter foe of race prejudice, which is fostered by the capitalist class in order to keep the white and Negro workers apart, so as to be able to exploit both groups alike. Communists therefore advocate the doctrine of racial equality, and fight militantly for the full social, political and economic rights of all races and peoples, irrespective of the colors of their skins.

Wherever capitalism exists, race prejudice is the order of the day. In America, the ruling class—the Rockefellers, Morgans, Fords, Mellons, Coolidges, Hoovers, and the Al Smiths—give their sanction to this disgraceful practice and permit it to exist because it enables them to play one group against the other—thereby distracting the minds of the workers from their horrible conditions.

The same method of "divide and rule" is adopted by the British imperialists in India and other colonial possessions. In the east the British overlords play the India workers against the Mohammedans and thereby keep them divided and weak. In the West Indies and Africa the imperialists create a mulatto caste and use this as a buffer class to keep the large masses fighting among themselves, while the masters rob them of their lands and exploit their labor power. There is only one way of abolishing race prejudice and that is by abolishing capitalism, which creates and fosters this social disease. Both the white and colored workers must get wise to these tricks of the master class and unite to defeat their oppressors. The sooner workers realize that their common interest lies in uniting into a powerful labor movement, under the revolutionary leadership of the Communist Party, the sooner will they be able to emancipate themselves from the yoke of wage slavery.

Labor Misleaders.

In this dirty game of "divide and rule," the bosses are ably assisted by such lackeys as William Green, Matt Woll, John Lewis, Frank Morrison, who, by their narrow craft policy and Negro-hating attitude, keep Negro workers out of the unions, thus leaving them to be used as scabs against their white brothers.

The Communists, on the other hand, fight vigilantly against this shameful practice, and demand admission of Negro workers into the ranks of organized labor on an equal basis with the whites.

A Negro miner named William Boyce was elected vice-president of the newly organized mine union at Pittsburgh. This is the first time in the history of the labor movement in America that a Negro has been elected to such an office, which has jurisdiction over hundreds of thousands of both white and Negro miners. This is an indication of a new trend in the left wing labor movement.

Champions of Freedom.

The Communist Party is the only political organization in the United States which champions the cause of the 12 million Negroes, the most exploited section of the American working class. Unlike all other parties, republicans, democrats and socialists, the Communists actually engage in a genuine struggle to emancipate the Negro workers from their present condition of destitution and degradation.

The Party Platform.

The Workers (Communist) Party at its National Nominating Convention, not only had the largest delegation of Negro workers assembled on such an occasion in the history of America, but drew up and adopted a plank on the Negro question which is the most far-reaching and historic document by a political party in this country in the interests of the Negro workers. The Negro delegates were active participants in the convention, and were nominated to office on various state tickets.

Lovett Fort-Whitman was named for comptroller of the state of New York; Richard B. Moore for congress from the 21st congressional district in Harlem; Edward Welsh for assemblyman in the same district. Other Negroes are representing the Party on its working class program in other states.

The true test of the honesty and sincerity of a political party is what it does, not merely what it professes, and in this respect the Workers (Communist) Party openly lives up to its program as being the vanguard of the entire working class, irrespective of race, color, or creed.

The following are some of the demands, embodied in the program of the party:

The abolition of race discrimination, segregation of Negroes, Jim Crow laws, laws which disfranchise Negroes, which forbid intermarriage, which prevent Negro children from attending public schools. They demand a federal law against lynching, equal opportunity for Negroes and equal pay, abolition of all restrictions in trade unions against Negro membership, and abolition of the convict lease system and the chain gang, and of discriminatory practices in courts.

Fight Against Imperialism.

The Communists are the only ones who oppose and struggle against imperialism, which means the enslavement of the colonial peoples in China, India, Africa, Latin America, and other parts of the world. They openly adopt methods to prevent capitalists of their own countries from carrying out their oppressive schemes to rob the so-called "backward" peoples of their freedom. It was the Communists of France, led by Doriot, who conducted a heroic struggle against the French imperialist war on the Riffian tribes in Morocco. Doriot and hundreds of French workers were arrested and imprisoned. The same thing recently happened here in America. On July 3, 1928, a group of Communists demonstrated in an anti-imperialist demonstration in Wall St., the center of the banking interests of America. The demonstrators carried banners carrying such slogans as "Freedom for Black Haiti and Liberia," "Withdraw the Marines From Nicaragua and China," "Liberty for the Phillipines, Porto Rico and Cuba." These banners were torn down by the Tammany Hall police and the workers were arrested and carried before a capitalist judge who did the bidding of his political masters by sentencing them to jail.

"Daily" Leads Fight.

Among the leaders was the editor of the Daily Worker. This paper, unlike the capitalist sheets, is always on the side of the Negroes, for it realizes that the capitalist oppressors are always out to slander the Negro race in order to keep them on a servile and degraded position. This is how the Communists show their real leadership by actively participating in the every-day struggles of the workers and the oppressed colonial masses, while the republicans, democrats and socialists oppose them and do all in their power to rob and exploit the working class.

Negro workers must wake up and realize that their place is with the Communists—the friends and champions of their race, and not with the republicans and democrats, who oppress the workers, black as well as white in America. Every honest Negro who is devoted to the uplift of his race and class, and desires the freedom of his people at home and abroad, should join the Workers (Communist) Party which unites the workers and poor farmers of all races and colors to fight against the capitalists-imperialists.

Told You So

JOHN SPARGO, the ex-parson who was once a dim light in the socialist party is now a "voluntary" publicity man for the power trust. John himself admits that he does not get a nickel for it. John says that everybody with any sense ought to change his mind frequently to keep his head in trim. Before the war John believed that capitalism was a wicked institution and should be substituted by a social order, in which the preacher would receive the full social value of his hocus pocus. But now John believes that the preacher should get paid.

• • •

T. J. O'Flaherty

RECENTLY it developed that the power interests were supplying public schools with books in which Insull and other power grabbers were represented as public benefactors. Somebody reminded Spargo that his name was lost in the list of literary men who laid their talents at the feet of the power trust. John denied the polite insinuation, but, as if he sufficiently got insulated as well as insulted he began to write letters to the capitalist press, who stood up for private ownership of water power, praising them for their patriotic services.

• • •

NOT CONTENT with doing the right thing by the power magnates, John thot it was time to say a good word for America's docile labor leaders. The New York Times had an editorial praising the British labor fakers for accepting the Mond scheme of class collaboration. Somehow or other it never occurred to the editorial writer to say, "Of course our own labor leaders have set an example in the virtue of class peace and co-operation between employers and employes, which is now being accepted by the labor movement of the rest of the world excepting Soviet Russia where the Bolshevik dictatorship, etc." John pounced on the chance to break into print again. From his home in Old Bennington, Vermont, which he owes to the generosity of a socialist woman, who presented him with the domicile in order that he might be able to serve the cause without having to worry about paying rent, the renegade praised the "constructive character" of the American labor leadership for their policy of transforming the trade unions from instruments of struggle against the employing classes into unofficial company unions. This fellow's record outsmells the Queens sewer scandal.

• • •

ANYBODY who knows the situation in Wisconsin will immediately see the joke in this boast. It is unnecessary to comment on the character of an alleged disciple of Marx who would vote for a capitalist party, but the fact is that the LaFollette machine has been the chief competitor of the House of Berger for many years and in order to justify his political existence Berger had to pose as a socialist and make wry faces at the capitalist system, while slamming the revolutionists. Now Berger is losing out. There is no longer any fundamental difference between the program of the socialist party and the LaFollette-Al Smith platitudes on the "rights of the people" so they are deserting the House of Berger for the older and more respectable House of LaFollette. More later on about Wisconsin, LaFollette and the mythical LaFollette vote that the socialist party claimed for itself in 1924 which Frank P. Walsh promises to lead into the Al Smith camp in 1928.

Tom O'Flaherty

Left Wing Leaders in Conference to Aid in Communist Party Drive

Leading officers of the left wing trade unions in New York and heads of all the left wing oppositions in the right wing union yesterday met in conference at the Workers Center, 26 Union Square, and mapped out plans for carrying through an intense campaign for the Workers (Communist) Party ticket in the fall elections.

A similar meeting was held recently to prepare preliminary plans, and the meeting last night prepared to carry into effect its previous discussions and the ones made yesterday.

Beginning Tuesday, the committee announces through its secretary, A. Stenzer, who is also chairman of the Joint Board of the left wing Cloak Makers Union, open-air metings will begin in all the residential and industrial sections where workers in the city's garment industries can be reached.

Plan Workers' Children Mass Meet Today at 1

Hundreds of workers' children are expected to attend the Children's Mass Meeting, to be held today at 1 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, under the auspices of the Young Pioneers of America.

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Price 3 Cents

NEW TEXTILE UNION FORMED

Thousands of Illinois Miners at Huge Meet in Hills Refuse to Pay Fishwick Dues

GITLOW EXPOSES FARM 'RELIEF' OF HOOVER, SMITH

Tells Bismarck, N. D., Meet Alliance With Workers Only Hope

Stresses War Danger

Knutsen Scores Fake Progressives

BISMARCK, N. D., Sept. 23.—Exposing the hollowness of the capitalist presidential candidates' pretentions towards helping the farmers, Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party, spoke here in Bismarck, the heart of the spring wheat belt, on Saturday.

Gitlow showed familiarity with the farmers' problem. After showing that the republican and democratic parties were tools of the capitalists who have kept the American farmers in bondage, Gitlow read and explained the platform of the Workers Party on the farm question, and stated that the solution of the farm problem was for the farmers to ally with the workers in the cities for the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government.

Conditions Worse

Gitlow stated that the condition of the farmers was steadily becoming worse. He produced facts showing that the mortgage tenantry evil was increasing, that the entire farm family was exploited, and that farm population was actually decreasing. North Dakota was cited as a concrete example of this.

"The farmers have not participated in the Wall Street prosperity," Gitlow said. He emphasized the fact that the foreign born had produced great wealth, but had not shared in it.

Explaining the McNary-Haugen bill, Gitlow pointed out that both Hoover and Smith opposed the equalization fee because it was a tax on big business. Since Wall Street would have charge of executing the act, the McNary-Haugen Bill would not solve the farm problem.

Al Wants Fake Probe

Concerning Smith's desire for a board to investigate farm conditions, Gitlow said: "We have had too many of such investigations."

Gitlow showed the benefits of the workers' and farmers' government to the farmers of the Soviet Union. He also stressed the war danger. Alfred Knutsen, candidate for U. S. senator on the Farmer-Labor ticket, and backed by the Workers Party, was chairman. In introducing Gitlow he stated that the so-called progressives and fake farmer-laborites, such as Norris, Nye, and Frazier, who rushed to the support of Hoover and Smith, were not for poor farmers. "We are fortunate to have in the field the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party, who really represent the interests of the workers and farmers," he said.

NEW DANGER IN RISING FLOODS

Starving Refugees Roam Florida

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., Sept. 23.—While hundreds of refugees roam the country homeless and in a semi-starving state, danger to new disaster appeared imminent as news was received here that the flood waters in Lake Okeechobee and in the region for several miles back of its shore line are continuing to rise.

The Kissimmee River, which drains the Central Florida ridge and lake section, is pouring twice as much water into Lake Okeechobee as the outlet canals can carry away, reports state, and there is great danger that one road to Belleglade and vicinity will be completely washed away.

Chiefs of New National Textile Workers' Union

Amidst tremendous enthusiasm, delegates to the convention which formed the new National Textile Workers' Union of America late last night elected James P. Reid, veteran labor fighter, as president of the new organization and Albert Weisbord, leader of the famous Passaic strike and other textile struggles, as secretary-treasurer.

14 YEAR STRIKER LEADS STRUGGLE

E. Rodriques Fights For New Union

By SOL AUERBACH.

There was a meeting of strikers in fall River recently. The Textile Mills Committee was leading the workers of the American Printing Company. At this meeting a small girl with lively black eyes, long curling hair and a rebel's snub nose asked the chairman if she could speak. "But what will you say to the workers?" asked the chairman.

"Leave it to me, I know what to tell them. I'm a worker myself." And when Emma Roderiques, 14-year-old worker and striker of the American Printing Company spoke, she went straight to the heart and thoughts of the listening workers.

Since then she has been a militant leader in Fall River, striking courage and the unbreakable determination of the working class struggle into the hearts of adult workers as well as their children.

Slave To Machine.

Her father worked in the mill, her seventeen and twenty year old sisters worked in the mill, and when Emma reached her fourteenth year and was in the seventh grade she did as all other workers' children in the New England Textile centers must—she turned her fourteen years over to the machines. Emma became a "doffer" in the American Printing Company and sold 44 hours

Continued on Page Two

LONDON, Sept. 23.—Twelve per cent of the world's supply of tin will be in control of a handful of Malayan Dutch tin corporations who have secretly merged

Strikers Here To Build New Textile Union

By AMY SCHECHTER.

The New Bedford and Fall River convention delegations, picked fighters, coming out of the struggle and going back into the struggle, were a living symbol of the militant new union launched at the convention. From the moment the strikers marched into the convention hall here, singing strike songs, swinging down the aisles in picket formation, they became the heart of the great millworkers' gathering.

They came straight from the picket lines, from marching up and down the windswept streets before the millgates, from being clubbed and arrested. They will be back there again today ready to carry on the fight. Even their leaving for the convention was a gesture of defiance to the millowners. Both in New Bedford and Fall River they tried to block the delegations, realizing the new strength that will flow into the strike when the delegates return with word of the new fighting national organization back of the strike.

It is interesting that prac-

Continued on Page Three

SEWER GANG ON TRIAL.

The cases of the politicians involved in the Queens sewer scandal, which has been dragging through the courts for more than a year, will be tried at the Queens County Courthouse, Long Island City, today.

Although enough evidence exists to convict many of the sewer grafters, including former borough president, Maurice E. Connolly, of Queens, it is thought that the prosecution will continue to soft-pedal the case, merely making the show of "prosecuting" to gain more votes in the coming elections.

PREDICTS STRONG UNION

Reid Tells of Fall River Textile Strike

By A. B. MAGIL

Textile worker for many years, president of one of the early textile unions in this country, leader of strikes, active on the political field as a member of the socialist labor party and of the socialist party where he was always identified with the left wing—this has been the career of James J. Reid, one of the leaders of the Fall River strike, who headed a delegation of 26 Fall River mill workers at the National Textile Convention.

Reid is one of the real textile veterans in this country and his experience has included all sorts of tight situations. Consequently, he felt a little proud, as he sat at the great convention in Irving Plaza, that the Fall River delegation had outwitted the bosses and police in

Continued on Page Three

YOUNG TEXTILE STRIKER SPEAKS

Figuerido Tells of Mill Struggle

By EDWIN ROLFE

Joe Figuerido, a nineteen-year-old youth who went on strike with 20,000 of his fellow-workers in New Bedford 23 weeks ago, is small and pale. But one can tell the moment he begins to speak that there is strength and fire in his factory-stunted body, and a consuming faith in his fellow-workers, and a mind that sees sharply the struggle of the workers against the capitalist system.

When I began to speak to him Saturday evening, perhaps a minute after he finished his fiery speech to the young workers gathered at the Workers Center, the crowd was still cheering him. Panting a bit from the exertions of his speech, he walked quietly to a corner of the hall with me, genuinely happy at the sight of so many young workers pledging their solidarity toward the cause of his comrades, quiet, totally unconscious of the shouting about him.

Joe Fiquerido came to New Bed-

Continued on Page Two

BOOK BOOTHS TO FEATURE BAZAAR

Upholstery Workers Meet Tomorrow

Workers who attend the great Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar (and what worker will not?) at Madison Square Garden, October 4, 5, 6, and 7 will have no excuse for being ignorant of any subject pertaining to the revolutionary movement. The special booths containing hundreds of books will enable every worker to acquire not the equivalent of a college education, as the fake bourgeois advertisements say, but a thoro grounding in the theoretical side of the various revolutionary trends, as well as a knowledge of the labor movement thruout the world.

* * *

New York City is seething with activity—all for the bazaar. But the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee says it will have to do a lot more seething if the bazaar is to be a success. Tickets must be sold, articles collected and greetings and names for the Red Honor Roll gathered in far greater numbers, it is stated.

Tomorrow all upholstery workers who wish to take part in the work for the bazaar are asked to report immediately after work at a special bazaar meeting at 30 Union Square.

DIGGERS IN HUGE MEETING CROWD VALLEY, HILLS

Rank and File Roars Refusal to Pay Machine Dues

Denounce Corruption

Great Ovation Given Freeman Thompson

Over 2,000 miners with large delegations from all the central and northern fields called together by Local 2708 at a meeting in Belleview Park, by unanimous votes decided to pay no dues into the United Mine Workers of America and to start from Collinsville tomorrow with an auto caravan of striking miners to cover the entire northern fields bringing all out on strike and then to move en masse on the south. Committees were elected, arrangements completed and out of this mass of workers came the first great drive to break the strangle hold of the faker-operator combine and clear the deck for the National Miners' Union. It was a wonderful and inspiring meeting.

A small leaflet issued by Local 2708 called this meeting of miners together. But there was more to the organization of the meeting than the call. The hard day by day work carried on by the old Save-the-Union Committee, the mass meetings held during the last six months, all of the energy expended by the left wing in many a hard fight was now bearing fruit. The latest steal of the fakers in the referendum vote the brutal police-gangster tactics of Lewis at Pittsburgh, these were the points which joined to the wage reduction brought the miners up in roaring revolt.

Old Spirit Still Alive!

At 2:15 p. m. about 1,500 miners were already in the park. A buzz of conversation rose over the whole gathering. Remarks like these were heard on every side: "Do you think Fishwick will come?" "Hell, no, he hasn't got the guts." "Well, buddy,

Continued on Page Four

MINOR, DUNNE TO BE AT RED RALLY

Red Candidates Will Score Hoover Lies

William F. Dunne, Communist candidate for governor of New York and Robert Minor, Communist candidate for U. S. Senate and other state and local candidates on the Workers (Communist) Party platform of the class struggle, will addess the first huge political rally to be held in New York this Friday, September 28, 8 p. m., at the Central Opera House, 67th street, near third avenue.

One of the major problems confronting the workers of New York state, that of unemployment, will be thoroughly analyzed by the Communist speakers next Friday, and the lies of the efficiency expert Hoover exposed with regard to that presidential candidate's roseate picture of the lot of American workers. The fake "statistics" of Secretary of Labor Davis who recently issued a statement saying that "in a remarkably brief period of time our country has reached a prosperity higher than ever before" and that "for this remarkable feat the American people are largely indebted to Herbert Hoover," will also be unmasked by the Red candidates as campaign bunk.

Other speakers at the Central

Continued on Page Two

Delegates from Many Mill Centers Launch National Body at Convention Here

Jim Reid Chosen President, Weisbord Sec'y-Treas. of New Mill Workers' Organization.

Workers Party Greets Meet; Hails Militant Program; Pledges Support in Struggles

A new national organization of textile workers was launched in this city yesterday.

One hundred and sixty-nine delegates, coming from 21 cities in seven New England and Middle Atlantic states, sent here by an electorate of 18,320 members who influence and lead 131,623 mill workers, enthusiastically voted a resolution formally establishing the National Textile Workers Union of America.

After a convention now completing its second day, held here at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place, the delegates, with remarkable efficiency and dispatch, hammered out the framework of a union that will be industrial in form, highly centralized and yet completely under the domination of the rank and file.

James Reid and Albert Weisbord were chosen as the chief officers of the new national organization. Great enthusiasm and prolonged cheering marked the selection of these two figures in textile struggles as colleagues in the leadership of the destiny of the union. Reid was elected president and Weisbord, secretary-treasurer. A national council of 30 was then elected, who in the near future will meet to elect from among themselves a smaller executive center of 11.

Extending the warmest greetings and congratulations of the Workers (Communist) Party at the consumation of their historic task, John J. Ballam, told the delegates after the tumultuous ovation had subsided, that the Party members always stand at the forefront of the workers struggles and are always willing to sacrifice their time and energies for the workers. He pledged the moral and financial support of the Workers Party to the strikes now going on and to be called in the future. M. Yusim, greeted the convention in the name of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Presenting a remarkable picture of freshness, optimism, fire and enthusiasm, the delegates, ranging in age from white haired but sturdy men and women to young workers under twenty, reported of the miserable conditions in their locality, of the absence, or degeneracy of a workers' organization in their sections and told how the masses of textile workers were eagerly waiting for a real union to come into the field.

Leaders of the needle trades unions, of the miners union of the Workers International Relief and of the International Labor Defense then addressed the delegates and extended to them the greetings of the masses of workers they represented. Fred Biedenkapp, spoke for the W. I. R., Max Schactman for the I. L. D. After a Fall River strikers, a New Bedford strike and a Passaic workers had addressed to the convention, the resolutions and credential committees were elected and went to work immediately.

The report of Weisbord which has listened to with close attention by the delegates, was interrupted by a recess for dinner, the completion of the report being made after the convention had come together again.

A discussion, illuminating with simple words the terrific exploitation of the textile workers, then took up the rest of the session. Delegate after delegate rose and in the discussion of Weisbord's report stressed the dire need of the mill slaves for an organization that will not act as an agency of the bosses by helping to depress conditions,

Continued on Page Three

NANKING SHUTS HEADQUARTERS OF 31 UNIONS

Resentment Spreads Thru China

PEKING, China, Sept. 23.—Intense resentment has followed the closing and sealing by officials of the Nanking government of 31 union headquarters in this city on charges that they are Communists in character. It is estimated that similar action will be taken in all Chinese cities where it has not yet been put into effect.

Leaders of the unions, which grew from nothing to a membership of at least 39,000 since the Nanking armies entered this city, were hiding yesterday while Kuomintang officers ransacked the working class districts of Peking and the neighboring country in a fierce hunt to unearth them. It is understood that execution faces the leaders should they be caught.

Heavy guards around the former headquarters are attempting to carry out the instructions of the government to watch for and seize any of the leaders who may have eluded the search of the buildings. It is the opinion of the officials that certain of the leaders succeeded in secreting themselves in the headquarters.

News of the closing of the union headquarters in Peking is reported to have reached Shanghai and other cities farther south and to have led to the opinion that it will have strong repercussion among workers in various sections of the country.

Needle Trades To Hold Meeting Tomorrow

The Needle Trade Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party will carry its campaign to the great masses of needle workers by beginning a series of open air meetings, the first of which will be held tomorrow evening at 110th St. and Fifth Ave.

Among those who will speak are L. Rosenthal, chairman; H. Koretz; F. Cooper, of the Cloak and Dressmakers; Skolnick of the Furriers; Liptzen of the Amalgamated; Eva Shafran of the Millinery Workers and Nicholas Napoli, Workers (Communist) Party candidate in the eighteenth senatorial district.

DELAY FLIGHT.

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, Germany, Sept. 23.—Flight of the new German dirigible Count Zeppelin will be delayed until next Wednesday, it was announced yesterday, pending thorogoing alterations.

HEAR WEISBORD REPORT AT MEET

Time Ripe for New Union, He Says

It was after the leaders of the other militant unions had greeted the delegates, and after workers representing the textile strike centers of New Bedford and Fall River had spoken, that Albert Weisbord was introduced to deliver the report on the general situation in the textile industry as a whole.

Holding the keenest interest of every delegate and visitor in the convention hall for over two hours, Weisbord launched into an exhaustive report of the status of the industry nationally and internationally, the relation of industrial conditions to the tremendous problem of hammering out a national organization of mill operatives, and the methods of struggle the new union will use in accomplishing this aim.

Despite all the resources and years of familiarity with the textile industry which the leaders of the A. F. of L. union are presumed to have, Weisbord declared their real ignorance and incompetency is exposed every time they try to talk concretely about either the trade or the position of the workers in it. To substantiate this Weisbord pointed to the public statements of McMahon, president of the U. T. W., wherein he spoke of the "1,590,000 textile workers in the country," when in reality there are only 1,100,000, to the "450,000 mill workers in the South," when there are 290,000 and other similar pompous guesses." How can a union leadership hope to plan for nation-wide organization work, when their acquaintance with the industry rests on a foundation of rumors and unchecked misinformation?" Weisbord demanded in stressing the necessity of obtaining an accurate picture of all phases of the industry before challenging its masters.

Struggle Sharpening.

Tracing skillfully the line of development of United States textile manufacture to its present position of undisputed leadership in quantity of production, Weisbord showed the

Continued on Page Three

STRIKE LEADERS SPEAK

Murdoch and Keller Tell of New Union

"The textile workers of New Bedford feel that their only salvation is to form a real textile workers union that will fight militantly for the interests of the workers. That union is being formed here today and I will take the message of the National Textile Workers Union back to the eager workers of New Bedford," said Eli Keller, general organizer of the New Bedford Textile Union, in an interview yesterday.

William Murdoch, organizer of the New Bedford Textile Union, his short and stock frame afire with the spirit and enthusiasm of the convention of fighting workers, exclaimed: "The workers have learnt their lesson—the old union has failed, and they have also learned that the foul Batty crew has played

Continued on Page Three

extile Mill Workers' Convention Adopts Resolutions on All Phases of Its Activities

RGANIZATIONAL, OLITICAL TASKS RE SET FORTH

Stresses Work Among Women, Youth, Children

Plan for Education

Greet New Union of the Coal Miners

At the second session of the convention delegates from 21 cities and states unanimously passed nine major resolutions dealing with the policies of the new union. Chief among these are the resolutions on organizational work, injunctions and independent political action and economic demands.

Other resolutions deal with strike relief, in connection with which the affiliation with the Workers International Relief is specifically mentioned; endorsement of the International Labor Defense and condemnation of "the capitalist murderers of Sacco and Vanzetti"; greetings to and endorsement of the new Mine Workers Union recently formed in Pittsburgh, the new Furriers Union and the National Organization Committee of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union, formed to organize a new union, and endorsement of labor sports and the Labor Sports Union, an organization formed to promote sports among workers to build up class solidarity.

The resolution of organizational activity calls for the division of the textile industry into territorial divisions and the assignment of organizers to each division.

The most detailed resolution introduced and passed was the one on educational activities. "The A. F. of L. and United Textile Workers policy on education," reads the resolution, "is one of class collaboration," and in the body of the resolution detailed planks are laid "for the systematic and immediate establishment of a comprehensive educational system." The plans provide for speakers, teachers, research workers, the establishment of a weekly national textile newspaper and periodical mill papers, the building up of a system of worker-correspondents, the establishment of a school for union members with courses in economics and trade union history and problems, and for the organization of educational tours of English and foreign-language union organizers.

Beginning with a condemnation of the American Federation of Labor's support of the political parties of "Andrew W. Mellon, who was one of the chief breakers of the recent miners' strike," John J. Raskob and DuPont, the resolution on "Injunctions and Independent Political Action" calls for the militant carrying on of all strikes, mass violation of injunctions, mass picketing and the formation of a Labor Party "to represent the interests of workers and which would not permit the use of government machinery to break strikes."

The resolution on social demands and the unemployment problem in the industry call for the organization of all unemployed textile workers into the new National Textile Workers Union and for the establishment of a fund for the relief of the unemployed, maintained by the employers and controlled by the union. Some of the demands made are for the 40-hour, 5-day week; for the abolition of the speed-up system, overtime work, wage cuts and low wages. The resolution ends with a demand for equal pay for equal work for women and youth workers.

Another resolution dealt with work among children and the role of the union's activity among women who constitute a large percentage of the total number of textile operatives.

The resolution on children points out that the mill owners realize well enough the important role played by children in determining the spirit among the workers, shown by their intense activity in propagandizing the children and to poison their minds against the aspirations of the working class. The resolution then calls for the organization of the children into permanent bodies that are to be involved in all activities of the workers.

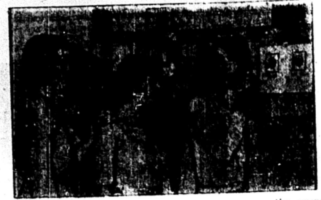
The resolution on women calls for the greatest diligence in organizing women who constitute almost half the total number of workers.

MINOR, DUNNE TO BE AT RED RALLY

Continued from Page One

Opera House rally are: Lovett Fort-Whiteman, candidate for comptroller; Juliet S. Poyntz, running for attorney general; Rebecca Grecht, district campaign manager; Bertram D. Wolfe, director of the Workers School, and Phil Frankfeld, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League. William W. Weinstone, district organizer of district 2 of the Workers (Communist) Party, will preside.

Capitalism Trains Women Gunners



Increasing attention is being given to gunnery practice among women by the American militarists. Women and girls have entered rifle contests in a number of the Citizens Military Training Camps maintained to prepare the workers to fight the bosses' next war for them. Above, Frances Williams, awarded a medal for sharpshooting by the National Guard.

YOUNG TEXTILE STRIKER SPEAKS

Figuerido Tells of Mill Struggle

Continued from Page One

ford from Boston when he was four years old. His schooling, like that of the children of all textile workers, was irregular. Whenever times were bad he had to stop school to aid the family by working in the factories. At the age of thirteen, however, his schooling was definitely cut short. He entered the factory, where he was employed until the workers walked out in strike more than five months ago.

In spite of his meager education, he speaks a clear and concise English. "It was only five weeks after we struck," he said, "that I entered the Young Workers League. Before then, I had spoken now and then at textile meetings, but not very regularly."

I asked him how he had first heard of the Young Workers League.

"Well, Gil Green spoke up at New Bedford one day and happened to mention the League. I was interested, even though he said very little about it, and I went over to him and asked him about it after the speech was over. Immediately I saw that it was my organization, and the organization of all working class youth, and I gave in my application for membership.

"At that time John Porter was unit organizer of the League in New Bedford, but after I had been a member for only three weeks he was arrested. Then I became unit organizer."

"The membership of the League in New Bedford," he said in answer to my questions, "is now about 140. Most of the members are also members of the Textile Mills Committee. They are on the picket line day and night and participate in a great deal of union activity.

"During International Youth Day we had two meetings in town. Jack Rubinstein, Kay, Hareint Lanzoni and I spoke. There were almost 300 young workers at each of these meetings. They were so successful that 35 new applications for admission into the League were received that day."

He stopped now and then while we spoke, to greet fellow strikers of his who passed the place where we sat every few minutes. Now it was for a question, now for a hearty handclasp with a young worker he had not seen for several weeks. He was quiet here; only by the flashing eyes could I see the fire that had filled his speech a few minutes before.

"The spirit of the young workers in New Bedford is the best that anyone could expect," he said. He emphasized the "anyone." The Young Workers League still continues to fight, to announce its aims of organizing all the young workers in New Bedford. And we will continue to fight with all our strength until the strike is won!"

Then he rose to leave. "I've got to go now," he said. "Tomorrow we have another session of the Conference, and I've got to get my rest tonight to prepare for it."

ANTI-IMPERIALIST LEAGUE TO MEET

Robert Dunn and Gannes Will Speak

Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, reports that applications for membership to the League from individuals and organizations are coming in in increased numbers as a result of the circularization preparatory to the combined membership and mass meeting which will take place at the Labor Temple, 242 E. 14th Street, Wednesday, Sept. 26, at 8 o'clock. This meeting will signalize the beginning of a membership drive of the League in New York.

Harry Gannes, acting secretary of the United States section of the League, and Robert Dunn will be the principal speakers.

14 YEAR STRIKER LEADS STRUGGLE

E. Rodriques Fights For New Union

Continued from Page One

a week of her young life and the health of the woman she was about to be for six dollars and seventeen cents.

One afternoon when Emma came home from the mill for lunch she found that her father was on strike; outrage, determination and readiness to fight prevailed in the Portugese household. Emma did not go back to work. The next morning all spindles in the American Printing Company were idle and the mill looked like a huge lifeless mass of steel and concrete.

• • •

Emma Roderiques, a fresh burning spirit in the class struggle, came to New York together with her fellow delegate strikers from Fall River and New Bedford to join hands with the other determined textile workers of New Jersey, Pennsylvania and New York into a new National Textile Union.

She marched into the convention hall, with the red bandanna of the Pioneers around her neck, and the walk and look of a fighter who had come to build. When the fourteen-year-old worker, thinned by the bobbins of the textile mill, spoke to the workers in the hall, she spoke with the weight of 70,000 New England workers, with the spirit and guts of fighters who will gain their victory. In that hall where the spirit of determined struggle mixed with the lightheartedness of people who enjoy the fight because they know that their fight is universal and necessary, she was just as much at home as on the picket line in Fall River. Workers can understand Emma, for workers who fight are as close as people of the same family. And Emma talked the language that is close to the heart of every working class fighter, direct, simple and full of the sincerity of a just struggle. The convention adopted Emma as their child, as their child of genius, for as she stood there she was not only an individual but all the children of the textile strikers.

Wants To Be An Organization.

Later, when Emma could be induced to sit down in a corner and talk more intimately, she proudly confessed that her greatest aim and ambition was to be an organizer for the new Textile Union. Now she was going to organize the children, she was going to instill into the workers' children in the schools the solidarity of all members of the working class.

"The teachers hit the Pioneers. When anybody says he's a Pioneer the teacher slaps him on the face. I tell the children to slap her back.

"Teacher says that the T. M. C. flag's got red in it, it's Bolshevik. I say the American flag's got red in it, then it's Bolshevik too. But the teacher says nothing to that. I tell her that a Bolshevik is a man who works for the working class."

She went to church at one time as did other of her fellow workers. But when the priest said that there were worms in the T. M. C. milk and bread, and everybody ate the T. M. C. food and did not die but wanted more, they all walked out in the midst of a solemn mass, and never returned to church again.

Afraid of Nothing.

"Aren't you afraid to go on the picket line?" I asked.

"I afraid? What's there to be afraid of? I'm not afraid to be arrested, or anything. Well, I'll walk on the sidewalks with the pickets if I want to. I'm afraid of nothing. When I pass Chief Feeney on the street I sing, 'Old Chief Feeney' and revolutionary songs, and I make up songs of my own, too."

"Well, what are you going to do when you get back to Fall River?"

"First I'm going to organize the children, and when they strike in the schools for the right to be Pioneers I'm going to be the first one there to lead them. And I'm a member of the T. M. C.—that old U. T. W. is no good for nothing—the bunch of crooks. And later I'm going to be an organizer in the new Textile Union."

And then after a moment's reflection, and with a toss of her curls she said: "I only wish workers rule, no more capitalists."

CLOSE HALLS TO UNION.

LYNN, Mass., Sept. 23.—Officers of Progressive Shoe and Leather Workers of America complain that they are forbidden to speak in Lynn halls.

Who Rules New York?

Election Campaign Rally

To Expose Control of City and State Government by Power, Rail, Traction and Banking Barons.

William F. Dunne
Candidate for Governor

Robert Minor
Candidate for U. S. Senate

Juliet S. Poyntz
Candidate for Attorney General

Fort-Whiteman
Candidate for Comptroller

Rebecca Grecht
State Campaign Manager

Philip Frankfeld
Young Workers League

Bertram D. Wolfe
Director Workers School

Wm. W. Weinstone
Chairman

will speak on

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28th, 8 P. M.
at
CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE
67th Street near Third Avenue

Come in Masses! Admission 25c

HISTORY COURSES WILL FEATURE AT WORKERS SCHOOL

Elementary, Advanced Instruction Offered

The American history department of the Workers School which has become one of the largest and most important departments in the school, will offer 10 courses in American history during the coming fall and spring terms. Some of these courses will be general in nature and others will concentrate no specific phases of American history. The course in United States history to be given by James Cork on Thursdays, 7 to 8.20 p. m., will be the elementary course in that subject and will be a prerequisite for the more advanced history courses. This course will interpret from a working class point of view the important events in the economic and political developments of this country.

A more advanced course, economic and political history of the United States, will be given by D. Benjamin on Wednesday, 8.30 to 9.50 p. m. This course wil lraise important problems facing the American working class today and will seek in the economic and political history of this country, all the forces and factors that throw light upon the important problems under consideration so as to prepare the workers for a better understanding of their problems.

Other courses to be given in the American history department are Marx and Engels on America—A. Landy, instructor, on Friday, 8.30 to 9.50 p. m.; American Imperialism Today—a symposium course to be given on Saturdays from 2 to 3.30 p. m.; Study of American Government with Joseph Brodsky as instructor on Thursday, 7 to 8.20 p. m.; History of the American Family, a 4 session course under Arthur W. Calhoun, Mondays 8.30 to 9.50 p. m.

For more details workers are advised to come to the office of the Workers School, 26-28 Union Squ., 5th floor, or write for free copy of the school catalog. Registration is in progress at present.

Concert and Ball of Jewish Bureau of the Workers Party Tonite

A concert and ball under the auspices of the Jewish Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Hammer, Jewish Communist monthly magazine, will be held tonight at the New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave.

On the program will be included a string trio composed of N. Blinder, Gisskind and Bay.

Moissaye Olgin, editor of the Hammer, and noted Jewish Communist writer and speaker, will deliver the principal address of the evening.

GREET TEXTILE YOUTH AT DANCE

Roderiques, Figuerido Speak

Hundreds of delegates from the striking textile centers of New Bedford and Fall River, members of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League, crowded the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, Saturday night at a dance held under the auspices of the Young Workers (Communist) League of New York. The affair had been arranged for the purpose of welcoming the youth delegates attending the Textile Conference in New York.

Alternating with the dancing and eating and other festivities of the colorful affair were speeches given by two young workers, Joe Figuerido, district organizer of the New Bedford Young Workers (Communist) League and militant youth strike leader, and Emma Roderiques, 14-year-old Pioneer leader and striker.

Youth Leaders Speak.

Philip Frankfeld, speaking for the Young Workers (Communist) League of New York, greeted the delegates in the name of the district, after which Emma Roderiques was introduced. The youthful speaker explained the struggle that the children of Fall River are undergoing at the present time, dwelling long on the terrorist tactics of the mill bosses and police and recalling the dastardly murder of little Johnnie Madieros, chased into the river by a cossack. She was given a tremendous ovation by the workers present.

Then Joe Figuerido rose to speak. A small, pale youth of nineteen, but with fire and enthusiasm in his words, he kept the audience listening attentively throughout his powerful appeal for action, solidarity and relief. He, too, was applauded at the conclusion of his speech.

One of the features of the evening, which kept the workers in a festive spirit throughout the dance, was the singing of youth revolutionary songs under the leadership of Eric Burroughs, 16-year-old Negro youth and a member of the Brownsville Section of the Young Workers (Communist) League. Burroughs, who acted as a young leader during the summer at the Workers International Relief Children's Camp at Wingdale, N. Y., led the gathering through such songs as:

"That whole capitalist system,
"That whole capitalist system,
"That whole capitalist system,
"It ain't good enough for me!
"It's good for red hot mammas,
"It's good for Hebrew Shamus,
"It's good for Norman Thomas,
"But it ain't good enough for me!"

WORKERS PARTY WILL HOLD MANY OPEN AIR MEETS

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

Monday, Sept. 24: Rutgers Square, N. Y., Hendin, Wattenberg, Silber, Goliger (chairman); 1st Ave. and 49th St., N. Y., Wm. Wrank, Vern Smith, Donaldson; 28th and Lexington Ave., N. Y., Baum, DeLeon, Spiro, B. Gussakoff.

Tuesday, Sept. 25: Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer, Brooklyn, Bimba, Primoff, Joe Cohen, Mershon; 5th Ave. and 125th St., N. Y., Taft, Yusem, G. Lloyed, Silverfarb; Sutter and Williams Sts., Brooklyn, DeLeon, Lipzin, Chernenko, Julius Cohen; 63rd St. and Prospect Ave., Bronx, Nessin, I. Zimmerman, G. Welsh, Koretz, Leo Margolis; Lenox Ave. and 133rd St., N. Y. C., Moore, Stachel, Yusen, Blake; Eagle Pencil Co. (Noon) D. Benjamin, Chas. Wilson.

Wednesday, Sept. 26: Second Ave. and 10th St., N. Y. C., Schachtman, A. Gussakoff, Suskin, J. Cork, Abrams; Union Square, N. Y. C., Biedenkapp, Suskin, Shapiro, Ross; Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx, Grecht, Jacobson, I. Cohen, Wm. Margolies; Fleet. St. and Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, Moore, Padgug, Midolls; 7th Ave. and 131st St., N. Y. Co., Alexander, L. Oak, Williams; 7th Ave. and 137th St., N. Y. C., Powers, Grace Lamb, Rosemond, Ed Welsh; Passaic, N. J., M. Summer, Evelyn Blacker, Ida Starr, Ackerman; Newark, N. J. (Negro meeting) Padmore L. Luke; Lexington Ave. and 99th St. (noon) John Sherman.

Thursday, Sept. 27: 138th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx, Powers, Spiro, Suskin, Jessie Taft; 40th St. and 8th Ave., N. Y. C., Bydarian, Cibulsky, Kagan; Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I., Wright, Chernenko, McDonald, Burke, Hedger.

Friday, Sept. 23: National Biscuit Co. (noon) Bert, Miller, P. Frankfield; Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn, Ragozin, Lipzin, Aronberg, Julius Cohen; 5th Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C., Ballam, Codkind, Gillgreen, Moreau.

Friday, Sept. 28: Varet and Graham Ave., Brooklyn. Reiss, Wm. Frank, Lillienstein; 50th St. and 5th Ave., Brooklyn. Markoff, De Leon, Chalupski, Valentine (chairman); Market Plaza, Newark, N. J. Wright, C. Martin; 7th St. and Ave. A, N. Y. Sumner, Pasternack, Ackerman, Goliger (chairman); Bliss Factory (noon) B. Lifshitz, H. Gordon.

Saturday, Sept. 29: 1st Ave. and 79th St. Baum, Yusem, Ed Welsh; West N. Y., New Jersey (14th St. and Bergen Line Ave.) Ben Lifshitz, Pearlman; Patterson, N. J. Bert Miller, C. Martin; Perth Amboy, N. J. (308 Elm St.). McDonald, R. Duke, Honig, Cavatez; Elizabeth, N. J. Padgug, Freiman; Bridgeport, Conn. A. Markoff; Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx. Jacobson, Castrell, Spiro, Gozigian; Williamsburg, Red Night. (Report at 46 Ten Eyck St.) Weinstone, Benjamin, Bimba, Grecht, Biedenkapp, Nessin, Primoff, LeRoy, Wright, Vera Bush, Frankfeld (Y. W. L.).

Workers International Relief Urges Aid for New Bedford Strikers

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 23.—A statement issued last night by the Workers International Relief to all workers of Massachusetts from its quarters here at 5 Lowell St. read as follows:

"The dire need of the striking textile workers of New Bedford, the hounding by the police, make it necessary to come to the assistance of the strikers at once. If the strike is to be won, if the new textile union is to grow, we must help with relief. The strike in New Bedford is now 23 weeks old and the suffering is great.

"The Workers International Relief is arranging a house to house collection Sunday at 9:30 a. m., October 7, 1928, at the following stations, where you are expected to report: New International Hall, Roxbury; 113 Dudley St., Roxbury; W. I. R., 5 Lowell St., Boston; Chelsea Labor Lyceum, 302 Brayand St., Malden.

Other stations will be announced later. Please see to it that you are free to give your time for this drive and also get your friends to co-operate. This is most urgent."

WORKING CLASS YOUTH RESPOND TO MEET CALLS

Many Factories to Send Delegates

The Working Youth Conference, which will take place this Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 29 and 30, in the Labor Temple, 14th St. and 2nd Ave., has evoked a good response from many hundreds of young workers working in many factories in New York.

Tens of thousands of leaflets have been distributed by the Working Youth Conference in conjunction with many local unions. The latest leaflet to be put out was by the Knitgoods Workers' Union, Local 55, and the Youth Conference addressed to all young knitgoods workers. Speakers from the Youth Conference Executive Committee have addressed many meetings of local unions and youth clubs. Singer, a plumbers' helper, was present last Tuesday night and spoke at a meeting of dental mechanics. Helfand, chairman of the Executive Committee, spoke at a meeting of unorganized young millinery workers. Letters have been sent in from many young workers in Klein's department store, from Nabisco, from the American Sugar Refining Co., and other factories.

The conference will undoubtedly represent many young unorganized workers in New York City. Many large factories of unorganized youth will be there, and organized shops which include young workers will be represented at this conference.

The conference will be an important step in the direction of organizing the unorganized young workers in New York City. It will be the beginning of a campaign to bring the message of militant unionism to the hundreds of thousands of youth workers in the city, and from all indications it has already aroused much discussion and interest on the part of the young workers.

U. S. RULES POLLS.

MANAGUA, Sept. 23.—Registration of Nicaraguans, who will cast their ballots under American supervision in November, began under American supervision yesterday.

Fear that the forces under General Augusto Sandino might utilize the occasion to take the offensive was freely expressed by many Americans.

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United States Note to Colombian Government Opens New Offensive in Oil War

OPEN THREATS TO BOGOTA MADE BY STATE DEPT.

Charge British Back Colombian Move

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Another shot in the international petroleum war yesterday tore open the terms of the aggressive note of the American state department to the government of Colombia dispatched three days ago, but not made public. The note is in reply to another from Bogota and declares that the 'attitude of the Colombia government surprises the American state department and states the American government's determination to follow up all questions involving the interests of American oil investors in Colombia. This is taken to mean that the American state department is willing to take extreme measures to ensure its supremacy in the Colombian fields and the ousting of the competitive British interests.

The present diplomatic exchange involves the cancellation by the Colombian government in March, 1926, of the concession of the Colombian Petroleum Company to the Barco oil fields. The original cancellation which was made for a number of stated irregularities in operation, was recently endorsed by the present Colombian government. American interests assert that British influence played an important consideration in this decision.

To an inquiry of the American legation in Bogota made at the instigation of American companies as to whether or not the American government would be permitted to file a reply to the Colombian endorsement, the Bogota government answered that it could not permit the American state department to interfere between it and a private corporation.

The Amurican state department in its note asserts that its action in requesting the right to reply is within the scope of international rights and intimates that it will press these rights, adding that it cannot permit the action of the Bogota government to cause it to desist from "protecting American interests" wherever the government deems necessary.

Conjecture is rife here as to whether the United States government is prepared to back its note with a demonstration of power in Carribean waters the action of this nature is regarded as inevitable if the Colombian government persists in its attitude or if the belief that the British petroleum interests are behind the present move receives further confirmation.

REID PREDICTS STRONG UNION

Labor Veteran Tells of Textile Strike

Continued from Page One

their efforts to prevent them from arriving on time.

Try to "Fix" Accident

"We knew those fellows would do everything possible to keep us from getting out," he said with his characteristic drawl. "They had a neat little accident all fixed to make our bus break down. But we anticipated this and sent our bus outside the city limits where it waited while our delegates slipped out a few at a time in automobiles."

"Jim" Reid is now 56 years old. He has been an old-timer so long that rumors have placed his age at 70 or more, but he assurred me that he is not more than 56 or 57 at the most.

Reid joined his first union, the Weavers' Progressive Union, in 1889. A few years later he became active in the National Union of Textile Workers in America, the predecessor of the United Textile Workers, and was elected national president at the Lawrence convention in 1897. As president of the N. U. T. W. Reid sent the first textile organizer into the South and the first southern union was organized in Columbus, Ga., in 1898. He has since taken a leading part in many textile strikes, including the famous Lawrence strike of 1912.

Member of Legislature

Reid also was active on the political field as a member first of the socialist labor party and later of the socialist party, where he was always identified with the left wing. In 1912 he was elected to the Rhode Island legislature on the socialist ticket.

Reid talked of the situation in Fall River.

"Outside of China and India," he said, "the conditions in Fall River are the worst in the world. I say that categorically, taking into consideration the conditions in the mill towns of the south. Our obstacles in Fall River have been many. The combination against the workers has been unique. The American Federation of Textile Operatives has few members, it wields considerable power—on the side of the bosses of course. For 30 years that yellow outfit has been lined up on the side of the mill interests and has manage dto squander a treasury of $30,000, not a cent of which was donated for the relief of the New Bedford strikers.

Betrayers Hold Office

"Tansey, the president of the A. F. T. O., was for eight years a police commissioner, while his son is assistant treasurer of one of the mills. Parkes, former president of the Weavers Union, is now a member of the Massachusetts Industrial Accident Board and was the first to endorse the terror instituted by Chief of Police Feeney against the strikers.

"Then there have been McMahon and Campos who have helped Tansey in his dirty work. But the workers are no longer being led by the nose by these fakers. More and more of them are joining the Textile Mill Committees and following its leadership. Despite the police terror, our obstacles are gradually being overcome and the revolt of the Fall River mill workers is growing."

Enthusiastic Over New Union

Asked what he thought of the prospects of the new national textile union, Reid expressed himself with great enthusiasm. "The prospects for one big national union in the textile industry have never been so good," he said. "Of course there will be difficulties, problems, but gradually we will be able to build this union into a power in the American labor movement. The story that the textile workers in the South can't be organized is a fairy tale invented by the fakers. They will come along with a fighting union just as quickly as the northern workers.

"As for the U. T. W., the 'brains' of that organization died with Sarah Conboy, the secretary-treasurer. McMahon and his gang aren't even clever fakers. The United Textile Workers will not have to be killed; it will simply die a natural death by the gradual loss of all its members."

Wreckage Where Porto Rican Workers Died

Hundreds of Porto Rican workers and peasants who were killed when the tornado, which recently struck their Island, buried them under the wreckage of their wretched hovels. Above, the ruins of an American-owned building in San Juan, where many were trapped.

NATIONAL TEXTILE UNION FORMED HERE

Continued from Page One

will but act as the emancipating instrument for the workers from their present position of virtual slavery.

Greeting the textile delegates in behalf of thousands of coal miners organized in the new National Miners Union, Ella Reeve (Mother) Bloor, veteran working class leader, then contrasted the great textile convention with the great convention which formed the new union in Pittsburgh two weeks ago.

Organized in Blood.

"The miners organized in blood and sacrifice," the speaker declared. She told how the convention in Pittsburgh had in reality been split by the police into two conventions, one of which held its sessions in prison. The other met in secret, menaced by the Pittsburgh police and the gang terror of the Lewis machine.

"And when the two conventions compared the results of their elections it was found that they had chosen the same men to lead their union," Mother Bloor said.

The delegates stood up and cheered spontaneously when Mother Bloor finished her speech.

Representatives of workers who until recently belonged to the A. F. of L. United Textile Workers, delegates sent here directly by the mill committees existing in isolated mill towns, and men, women and young workers sent here by the mill committees of striking masses, reiterated again and again, in English and in an English accented by Portugal, Syria, Poland, Great Britain, French-Canada, Scotland, that a union with an honest and militant leadership is vitally needed.

Almost the entire Sunday morning was occupied by the meetings of committees, on the constitution, resolutions, women's work, youth work, children's work and press committee. The democratic procedure which makes this union different in structure from all other old ones was demonstrated here. The delegates from the various states divided themselves into three or four parts, and every delegate attending was assigned service on one or another of the committees.

The convention was opened for reports and discussion on the resolutions which after being worked out in discussion at the committees' meeting were adopted with enthusiastic unanimity by the delegates. Cheer after cheer resounded thru the hall when the resolution formally launching the new nion was taken to vote. The official name of the organiation being, the National Textile Workers Union of America.

STRIKE LEADERS TELL OF PLANS

Murdoch, Keller Ready For New Union

Continued from Page One

tnem dirty. We have smashed the U. T. W. in New Bedford and we will smash it in the United States."

Get Big Ovation.

Both Murdoch and Keller were enthusiastically received at the historic convention of textile workers, who are well acquainted with them through previous struggles. When Keller was asked about the militancy of the workers in New Bedford and their fighting spirit, he said: "Through the struggle that the Textile Mills Committee of New Bedford have carried on since the wage cut during the last 24 weeks the textile workers of New Bedford feel only a new militant union can save them from wage-cuts such as the last. These now amount to 45 per cent of wages received seven years ago.

Traitors to Workers.

"The experience of the textile workers with the A. F. T. O. and the U. T. W. before and during this strike have proven beyond doubt that the officials of the old unions are neither capable nor willing to fight and to carry out the workers' wishes.

"The old form of the old organizations is also incapable of fighting for all the workers and an industrial union is now necessary. For that reason we gladly welcome the formation of a National Textile Workers Union of America as the only organization that the textile workers can look forward to in order to help them in their struggles and in their daily contacts with the bosses."

Both textile workers' leaders look forward to their return to the expectant workers of New Bedford and the launching of a wide-sweeping organization campaign for the new union. "The convention shows," said Murdoch, "that we have taken a tremendous step forward in the organization of a real textile workers union. That locals of the U. T. W. have come with us shows that the U. T. W. feels the weight of our new union.

Plan Big Drive.

"When we return to New Bedford we will have a large mass meeting and carry on an extensive organization drive. We will release at least one Portuguese organizer into Rhode Island and Massachusetts.

"We will continue our picket lines in spite of the police, and we will smash them if necessary. We do not intend to blow out August Vehlo, but we will kick him out of town.

Praises I. L. D. and W. I. R.

"The most serious situation at present lies in the use of the New Bedford courts to railroad our leaders and most militant workers to jail. The International Labor Defense, who has bailed every one of our arrested workers, will continue its work. Thirty thousand dollars will be needed to cope with the situation. We feel sure that workers all over the country will help.

"I feel sure that workers will also support the Workers International Relief, which is the only relief organization in New Bedford which is actually helping the workers in their struggle," he concluded.

FRENCH MIGRATORIES.

The total number of migrant laborers entering France during June, 1928, amounted to 12,963, which includes 1,499 workers returning to jobs previously held in France after leaves of absence in their own countries. Departures amounted to 4,107, thus leaving a net addition during the month of 8,356 to the country's labor supply.

HEAR WEISBORD REPORT AT MEET

Time Ripe For New Union He Says

Continued from Page One

inevitable intensification of struggle for mere bearable living conditions, which the workers will be compelled to go thru. This is so, said Weisbord, because of a "progressive disemployment brought on by the increasing mechanization of the industry."

In explanation he presented the amazing picture of American textile manufacture, which while having constantly increased its factory consumption of horsepower by 24 per cent, the total number of workers employed in the industry has decreased 5 per cent. This process, he then showed, was still continuing, creating a permanent army of wholly unemployed and part-time workers which the bosses used to club down the working standards of the other workers. "In fine cotton goods alone," Weisbord stated, "the American worker forces 73 pounds of cotton goods production out of an individual spindle in the same time the British spindle is made to produce 39 pounds." Thus it was shown thru these and other figures that the textile barons were not only extracting greater profits out of the industry, in spite of an international crisis, but that these increasing profits were being wrung from the workers more and more.

Time for New Union Ripe.

Stacking up side by side the drawbacks and hindrances to organization of the textile workers with the favorable factors, Weisbord showed that the unmistakable conclusion reached by the comparison is that the time is ripe for the launching of the new union. In presenting these facts the following drawbacks were enumerated: The growing trustification of textile manufacture; the mechanization of the production process; the growing acquisition of control of the industry by banking interests; the creation of a permanent army of disemployed; the corruption of the higher, more skilled stratum of textile craftsmen; the welfare schemes and company unions. Organization in the south is hindered by the fact that to the southern backwoodsman and farmer who obtains employment in a company village at a miserable wage, the wage and his village life are decided progressive steps, which has led to his being docile. The growing proletarianization of these farming elements are, however, fast leading to his awakening demand for better conditions, which will even nullify the power the employers are wielding thru complete control of the mill villages.

Factors Weighed.

The factors Weisbord detailed that outweight the other conditions unfavorable to organization work include: Standards of the workers are being brutally depressed in New England; hours are increased, wages cut; bosses receive increasing grants of huge tax rebates from the townships; the tariff wall is very high, being 85 percent for woolens and worsted and 65 per cent for silks. Even where wage cuts are apparently not being enforced, the pay is being reduced thru clever "specialization" schemes, reductions by crafts, and reductions by mills. Chief among these favorable factors, Weisbord declared, were the fact that unions, both reactionary, militant, and allegedly militant unions have lost control, withered or have been totally annihilated. Examples include the I. W. W., the One Big Union movement; the Associated Silk Workers; the Amalgamated Textile Workers Association, and the decay and company unionization of the A. F. of L. United Textile Workers Union. Other unions in the industry have also disappeared.

Rank and File to Control New Union.

After analyzing all the unions he had mentioned, their mistakes, wrong tactics and policies, Weisbord declared that the new union will be organized on a broad but firm basis with rank and file control thru the mill committees who will be the real masters of their organization and yet the organization will be a highly centralized body, democratically controlled. The mass character of the mill committee will not prevent it from caring and working for the interests of the individual crafts, Weisbord said.

The conclusion of his report, reached after the delegates had returned from a recess for dinner, Weisbord devoted to a detailed discussion of strike strategy. He showed that thoro knowledge of the industry must be acquired in order to conduct mass struggles or even local struggles. "We must be intimately informed as to the trustification process, who the controlling firms are, the extent to which they control, etc., so that when a strike is called, our work will be concentrated on paralyzing the industry thru stoppage of the plants of vital mill owners, and not to dissipate our force thru unplanned and accidental struggles that are handicapped from the start," Weisbord said, adding, "We must know when it becomes imperative and opportune to call for widespread struggle and when to fight locally. We must choose our time for action and not have ourselves forced into it," he declared. After, Weisbord, in an eloquent climax ended by announcing to the delegates to proceed to immediate work, he received an enthusiastic and prolonged ovation.

ANTI-COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN RAGES IN YUGOSLAVIA

500 Workers Already Arrested

ZAGREB, Jugoslavia (By Mail).—The Yugoslavian government has commenced a furious campaign against the Communists and mass arrests are taking place all over the country. The idea of course is to detract attention from the serious differences which have arisen between the Serbs and the Croats.

Wild stories of "Communists' agents sent to Yugoslavia to perpetrate acts of terrorism at the instructions of the Comintern (sic)" are current in the bourgeois press.

According to the latest reports over 500 arrests have been made and the campaign is still going on. The names of the arrested are being kept secret "in the interests of the police investigation." In point of fact most of the arrests are not Communists at all, but trade union officials and radical workers.

"Sensational Finds."

"Sensational finds!" have been made during the searches everywhere. The "finds" consist exclusively of perfectly legal Communist and revolutionary books and other literature. One of the arrested is, or was, according to the police, "A captain in the Hungarian Red Army."

The new wave of terror does not only hit workers; journalists are also amongst the casualties. The editor of the Spliter "Radnitchkag Odycka" has been arrested. The police refuse to give the reason. The editor of the "Catholic Weekly," Dragutin Kamber, has been arrested in Serayevo on account of an article written concerning the murder of Stephan Raditch. The publishers of the Croat federalist newspaper, "Hrvatski List," has also been arrested and will be charged with high treason.

2 of Many Seen as Possible Successor to Calles

At left, Emilo Portes Gil, who has been appointed as secretary of state in Mexico by provisional president Calles. At right Manuel Tellez, Mexican ambassador to the United States. Both have been mentioned as possibilities in succeeding Calles as president of Mexico.

TELLS OF ROSARIO COMMUNIST LEADER

In the midst of the great strike the workers in Rosario have waged against their bosses for several months, in which the Communist Party of Argentina was active, a young fighter, Mario Cascallares, died. He passed away in the middle of August, just before the historical Party convention, where the scattered revolutionary forces were united under the banner of the Communist International. With Comrade Cascallares' death our brother Party lost one great and militant leader who knew when and how to strike a blow against the bourgeoisie.

Comrade Mario Cascallares was 34 years old when he died. From his very youth he was active in his trade, the Painters Union, and during its struggles he always was an energetic fighter. He joined the socialist party and stood in its ranks until 1921, fighting against the leadership of the social-traitors. While no hope was left for converting the socialist party into a class struggle organization, with a group of other workers, Mario joined the Communist Party and stood in its ranks until his death.

It was his qualities as organizer, his eloquency as orator and his loyalty to Communism that made Comrade Cascallares the leader amongst the Rosario workers' movement. During the last general strike and other great and long struggles he always had been active, standing in the front of the movement.

Was Elected Alderman.

In the last municipal elections Comrade Cascallares was elected as alderman on the Communist Party ticket. That happened the first time in the history of this city. Although he did not feel well for two months before his death, Mario energetically defended Communist principles and fought for the immediate demands of the working class.

Thousands of workers throughout the country mourned his death and the Communist Party of Argentina issued a statement urging the proletarians to join the Party and to carry on the relentless revolutionary fight in which Comrade Mario Cascallares met his death.

R. M——A.

STRIKERS HERE TO BUILD NEW MILITANT UNION

Many Picket Leaders at Convention

Continued from Page One

tically every member of the delegation is under sentence for strike activities, with terms running from two months to three years and with the millowners, backed by Massachusetts justice doing everything in their power to see that the sentences are served.

The delegations were cross-sections of the whole strike—the majority, unskilled Portuguese workers, unorganized before the strike, French and British skilled workers, came over to the T. M. C. disgusted with the yellowness of the U.T.W., and French and British workers elected by U.T.W. members to attend the convention as fraternal delegates and report to their fellow members on their return.

Picket Captains Here.

All the outstanding picket captains were there, except those left to hold the fort while the delegation was away. Casimeiro Lameiras, twelve times arrested; Marion Botelho, eleven times; Germaine Mederos, Joe Pacheco and Jesse Troia, under $1,000 bonds to keep the peace in Fall River; then Anton Sameiras, a Portuguese Ben Gold among orators, Joseph Figureido, League organizer.

The strikers' delegations, massed together in the front seats of the convention hall, not more militant than the delegates from other centers, but, at the moment most tensely alive with the struggle they are living through, impressed the whole convention with the eager sincerity with which they took the whole proceedings, listening eagerly to the words of the speakers, spontaneously rising en masse, arms raised in salute, to cheer those who especially gripped their imaginations.

JOHN PEPPER
on
AMERICAN NEGRO PROBLEMS
In The OCTOBER Issue
Communist
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Illinois Miners' Caravan to Build New Union in Coal Fields North and South

THOUSANDS JAM HILLS, VALLEY AT GREAT MEET

Denounce Corruption; Hail New Union

Continued from Page One

we're away at last. Wide awake once more." Then an old timer spoke, "It is like the old days, the old spirit is still alive."

The crowd filled the large dance pavillion and spilled out on all sides Charley Shultz, of Edgemont stood on a table and proposed that the whole crowd should move out to a valley nearby, "Where the crowd can sit on the hillsides and the speakers speak below."

"Atta boy Charley!"

And with laughter and cheers the crowd gathered up chairs and tables and walked to the new site.

At 2.30 the valley and hills were covered with about 2,000 men and women and still they came.

Russell Smith of Edgemont opened the meeting with these words:

"This meeting is called to protest against the alleged-to-be accepted agreement."

Then he called on Charley Shultz as the first speaker. Shultz, a very forceful speaker, brought the crowd up cheering as he told the story of falsehood and betrayal by the fakers in their latest move. "First of all," Shultz charged, "Fishwick claimed all that he wanted was a free hand from Lewis so that Illinois could draw up a scale on a tonnage basis for the loading machine. And when Lewis gave him this free hand they brought forth an agreement that had no scale for machine but a huge wage cut for all lines of work." "Fishwick," Shultz continued "promised to stand by the Jacksonville agreement 'until hell froze over'" "Well," said Shultz, "hell must have frozen over and on a damn hot day too."

"Union" of Stool Pigeons.

C. C. Williams, of Collinsville, a charter member of the U. M. W. A. since 1894 said, "There are now 300 stool pigeons on the payroll of the United Mine Workers. The union is completely corrupt. I am an old timer but I am ready to do my bit. Against arbitration! Against crooks! For a new fighting union! It will take a rebellion I am ready!"

Bradshaw of Oak Hill Mine spoke next: "The new policy of Lewis is the operators must make money tho the miners starve!" All the officials want is the check-off. Arbitration means slavery."

Frank Sebeert, of Belleville: "Thirty years in the U. M. W. but now I am ready to smash it and rid ourselves of its fake leaders."

Ike Walker, president of a Du Quoin local, another one of the old fighters, not yet recovered from a severe beating given him by three officials of his sub-district, read a letter he received this morning stating, "Get the men back to work at once or you will not be able to walk when we get thru with you." Well Walker appealed for united action to clean out all fakers!

All for New Union.

One after another miners, young and old, rose and added their words against the fakers and for a new union. Their names read like an honor roll of the fighters in the movement. James Rielly, of Springfield, Alex Vaughn of E. St. Louis Pete Mareno of Collinsville, Baumgartner of French Village, Wilson of Springfield and many others.

Then came the motions and resolutions. A resolution condemning Nesbit for investing $150,000 of miners' money in scab mines in West Virginia, was passed unanimously. A resolution against payment of dues to the Fishwick administration was opposed only by six hands. The resolution calling for spreading of the strike was passed unanimously with a great roar of approval. Then the business of electing committees organizing for the auto caravan, etc., was quickly disposed of.

All this time Freeman Thompson, Dan Slinger, George Voyzey, Luke Coffey and other leaders of the National Miners' Union, were silent. The local boys wanted to show that they could organise the fight against the machine and they did it and did it well. All thru the meeting calls for Thompson and Slinger were heard but now the crowd would no longer be denied.

Old Fighter Against Fakers.

And to a mighty swell of approval Thompson mounted the table that served as the platform. Thompson is an old campaigner. He has fought crooks and corruption in Illinois Miners Union for years. At times he fought a lone hand, at other times he had mass support but seldom did he get such a welcome as he received from that great crowd gathered on the hillsides at Bellevue Park today. The miners knew what they wanted. They wanted a militant fighting union of the rank and file. And where can be found a man better fitted to typify such a union than Freeman Thompson!

Sodden and be-fuddled minds and overfed bodies have come to represent in the minds of the miners that corruption and class collaboration that is identified with the Lewis-Fishwick type of misleader. Here, before them, was its very opposite, the keen flashing mind, the tall wiry figure, the fighting face—there he stood, the fightinng representative of the fighting National Miners Union.

And the miners cheered to the echo!

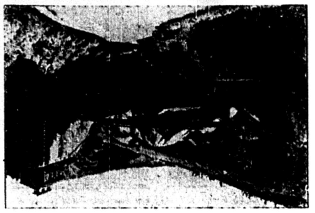
Speaks of Unorganized.

He spoke of the miners in Kentucky and West Virginia and Western Pennsylvania. Those who Lewis said were unorganizable. They are now being organized and can be organized solidly but never in the United Mine Workers of America. Thompson told of the Pittsburg convention. He told of past struggles against the Farringtons and the Fishwicks in Illinois. He spoke of their palatial homes, their $68 and $35 a day income. And he told of the new constitution of the new union, the constitution which places all power in the hands of the local unions and their own grievance committees. It was the new union speaking to the miners and they received it with open arms.

With a final appeal for support from Illinois for the building of a real militant union, with an appeal which will surely bear fruit, Thompson finished, and the meeting adjourned.

Illinois is lining up for the National Miners Union.

Golden Roads Paved By Mine Slaves



Gravel in the above road at Cripple Creek, Colo., assays from $500 to $1,000 to the mile. The road is built out of the waste which the toil of the miners has drawn from the mines.

JAPANESE SPEED PLOTS TO ENSLAVE MONGOLIA

By A. ANDREWS

SHANGHAI (By Mail).—News from Manchuria indicates the intention of the Japanese government to proceed with all possible haste in their schemes for the economic penetration of Mongolia.

A Harbin dispatch reports that for this purpose a special company is to be established by the Japanese government with an initial capital of 3,000,000 yen ($1,500,000 gold). Its object in particular will be the exploitation of the mineral and forestry resources of that vast territory. The company will be a subsidiary of the South-Manchuria Railway Administration, which is itself the official organ of Japanese imperialism in the gradual absorption of Manchuria. This Mongolian scheme will thus be a direct agency for the further extension of Japanese political influence in northern Asia. Such aggressive activities on the part of Japan are doubly significant in that they are bound to create further causes for conflict with the Soviet Union and inasmuch as Siberia lies just to the north and the U. S. S. R. has a vital interest in the independence of the Soviet Republic of Inner Mongolia..

Attack on U. S. S. R.

That the Japanese imperialists are aware of these possibilities is evident from reports appearing in the local Japanese press. Thus the "Nanshu Nippo" reported in July that the Inner Mongolian government "at the instigation of Soviet Russia," had ordered all Japanese residents to leave, threatening otherwise to evict them by force after three days. Moreover the "Toho," a Japanese press agency, sent out a dispatch from Mukden reporting that the feudal chiefs ("Princes") of Inner Mongolia had held a conference after the death of Marshal Chang Tso-lin and concluded to ask for the incorporation of that territory within the Chinese Republic.

The Maneuver.

The conditions which were to be presented to the Nanking government were special consideration for the new position to be assigned these chiefs and the non-interference by the Chinese with the schemes these princes have drawn up for the overthrow of the present Inner Mongolian Soviet government. In addition, they were to be allowed to exclude all Chinese from the country. Refusal of this order, the chiefs threatened, would result in a declaration of independence by the Mongolians.

The clever hand of Japan in this maneuver is seen in the fact that these feudal chiefs were under Chang Tso-lin's "protection." As he in turn was an acknowledged tool of Japan and under the latter's "protection," the refusal by Nanking of this offer would open the way to a declaration of independence, and this, in turn, to an appeal by these chiefs for Japan's "benevolent" intervention.

British Press Supports Lies.

Nor are these merely occasional reports. Such items repeatedly occur in the Japanese press and are even sent out by official Japanese news agencies. On August 19, for example, the Nippon Dempo wired from Harbin: "Soviet Russia is giving financial support to the Outer Mongolians who are invading Inner Mongolia. It has been brought to light that Moscow has remitted 2,000,000 roubles to the Outer Mongolian government." Then follows the allegation that "Moscow is manufacturing and spreading rumors to the effect that Japanese nationals are organizing a plot against the local (Chinese) authorities in Harbin." In this sort of propaganda they are abetted by such British imperialist papers as the Shanghai "North China News."

This daily makes a practice of printing scores of articles in each issue covering conditions in various parts of the country, the articles being headed: "From a correspondent." Another device is that of declaring that a "traveler" states so-and-so. The names of such contributors are not given so there is no way of determining how much of such news is actually sent in to them and how much is fabricated in the editorial office. In any case these articles reveal the policy of the interests which the newspaper represents and are therefore significant.

In this connection it is interesting to note that this organ of British imperialism stands unreservedly back of Japanese imperialism in the latter's hostile attitude towards the revolutionary government of the Soviet Union. When a party of insurgent Mongolian troops cut the Chinese Eastern Railway in August this paper hastened to assure its readers that the annexation by the U. S. S. R. of that section of Manchuria where the attack occurred was already an accomplished fact, secondly, that Outer Mongolia was "of course, merely camouflage for Moscow," and, thirdly, that this situation "appears to be viewed seriously by the Japanese government, which fears some complications may arise between Russia and China." It then quotes the Tokyo "Asahi" as declaring that "in such a contingency Japan feels it must take some proper and effectual steps for the maintenance of peace in the Three Eastern Provinces (Manchuria).

Self-Contradictory

However, the press agents of the imperialists are often careless in the publicity they turn out, especially in overlooking the printing of contradictory accounts. Thus in the same issue of the "Daily News" —in fact, in the same column—it tells how four tribes in that section declared their independence "in league with the (Chinese) Nationalist Government." The daily, moreover, specifically states that this fact has been "ascertained." In other words the "Shanghai Daily News" has investigated and found out that its own story, featured with headlines, of the "Red" Hand in Inner Mongolia is absolutely false. The "Shanghai Times," the other British imperialist organ, publishes a story by its Harbin correspondent that puts quite a different aspect to this Chinese-Mongolian trouble. He declares that "the question is whether the Mongol uprising is purely a local incident or whether the invaders have been instigated and financed by some other nation which wants to cause trouble in Manchuria." He then absolves the Soviet Union from complicity. "Considering that the Soviet Union has a half share in the railway, it is hardly likely that they would do harm to a line which is giving them a handsome profit and therefore to find an instigator it is necessary to look elsewhere." Where else to look the article as printed did not state, but there can be only one other source—and that is Japan.

The outside world may deem such a conclusion far fetched. To anyone who has kept in touch with this year's developments of the conflict between Japan and China, on the one hand, and between the imperialist powers in their rivalry for the hegemony of the Orient, the vicious, under-handed scheming and plotting of the ultra-reactionary Tanaka Government is quite plain. It is evident that Japanese imperialism will hesitate at nothing, even to plunging the peoples into a new world war—to accomplish its ends. Nor must the close connection be overlooked between this growing hostile attitude of Japan towards the Soviet Union and the British plans for the latter's encirclement by unfriendly powers. The disasters which may be involved in just such a policy as that illustrated in the case of Mongolia is the price which the Japanese must pay for British support in the Far East.

BRITISH MINERS VICTIMS IN BIG HARVEST FRAUDS

Sent to Canada, To Remain Stranded

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 23.—Money has been voted by the city council of this city to send an official on a tour of the prairie provinces, to arange for the display of signs and posters warning unemployed workers not to come to Vancouver in search of work as "Vancouver has enough unemployed and will not grant relief to unemployed people coming from other places."

Vancouver's city council is patently afflicted with the same deliberate myopia which is a chronic ailment of similar capitalistic bodies. The money wantonly thrown away in giving a pompous official a holiday touring Canada's prairie provinces could be employed to far, far better advantage by improving, rather than deploring, the unemployment situation and by ameliorating the distress of the idle workers.

Miners Victims of Huge Frauds.

The reaction of Vancouver's city council to the Baldwin government scheme to send 10,000 idle British miners to Canada's harvest is clearly indicated. A gigantic swindle is being perpetrated by British mine owners, calculated to deliver the miners from the serfdom of English labor conditions to the unorganized wage slavery of the Canadian harvest. And the provincial governments have positively declined any responsibility for the British immigrants, after the harvest, so that many of the miners who enter the agricultural fields and brave the terrors of Western Canada, where men eat in the summer and starve in the winter, will be left stranded, although the British government is understood to have guaranteed the return to Britain of any miners remaining unemployed after the harvest.

Unintended Warning.

The Vancouver reaction to the British government's scheme is to some extent a prognostication of what will befall the unwary miners after harvest time. As for the understanding between the two governments the British guarantee is of dubious worth, for when the post-harvest unemployment panic arrives there doubtless will be a great deal of buck-passing between the British and Dominion governments, with the result that the stranded miner-farmers will remain stranded, warned not to come here or there in search of employment and left to work out their own salvation.

GITLOW SPEAKS IN ROCK ISLAND

ROCK ISLAND, Illinois, Sept. 23.—Despite the fact that the Gitlow meeting was held in a hall on the outskirts of the town, and that the rally was not sufficiently advertised, over sixty workers gathered here on Sept. 17 in Workmens Circle Hall to hear the message of the class struggle and the program of the Workers (Communist) Party in the election campaign explained by the Communist vice-presidential candidate.

Rock Island is one of three cities grouped on the banks of the Mississippi. The other two are Davenport and Moline. Rock Island is a great railroad center and Moline employs thousands of workers in the manufacture of furniture.

A collection of thirty-three dollars and fifty cents was taken.

PANAMA DRIVERS PROTEST

A petition signed by 600 chauffeurs of the Panama Chauffeurs Union was presented to the Mayor of Panama City on July 2. The petition requested the reconsideration by the Mayor of a law requiring each applicant for a chauffeur's license to deposit $100 in cash or a mortgage bond in that amount.

Discover Relics of Prehistoric Man in Soviet Union

MOSCOW (By Mail).—Soviet archaeologist Vinogradov discovered a burying place of a prehistorical man on the river Ruza in the Moscow province.

There he found a man's skeleton; near its head was lying a stone hammer; in the right hand a knife made of flint and at the left heel two flint arrows. At the right side of a skeleton there was a small sword made of bone and also a pot embellished with ornaments. The burying place was found in sandpits at the depth of two meters from the surface very high up at the hills.

In opinion of specialists the skeleton belongs to the end of a stone age.

The second discovery was made in the Ivanovo-Voznessensk province where a stone hammer was found belonging to the bronze age.

Vaudeville Theatres

PALACE

Margaret Anglin, in "Samrty's Party," by George Kelly; Jack Pearl with Charles Marsh, Billy Harris and Winifred Pearl, in "The Old Army Game"; Sally Rand, with Jack and Bob Crosbym Harvey Karels, and Sally's Boy Friends; Buck and Bubbles; the Chevalier Brothers.

BROADWAY

Ethel Waters; Barr Twins and Arnold Gluck; Mary and Ann Clark; Wade Booth, baritone and Max and his Gang. Feature photoplay, "State Street Sadie," with Conrad Nagel, Myrna Loy and William Russell.

HIPPODROME

Earl Lindsay's Revue of 1928, headed by Bizet and Henry Hilja, Charles Dane, Helen Miller, and The Alvin Sisters; Lang and Haley; Josephine Harmon, with Florence Newton; "Doc Baker," assisted by Peaches and Pappy; Kit Kat Four; and The Five Jansleys. Feature photoplay, "Danger Street," starring Warner Baxter and Martha Sleeper.

IN GOIN' HOME.

Barbara Bulgakov, one of the principal players in "Goin' Home," Ransom Rideout's vivid play, which will move tonight from the Hudson to Theatre Masque.

MOLDERS RAISE WAGES.

SEATTLE.—Molders raised their minimum wage to $7.50 a day after a short strike. The former minimum was $6.40, but several employers paid more than this rate. The average increase is 60 cents a day.

TRUCK DRIVERS GAIN.

DENVER.—Truck drivers employed by the Rocky Mountain Fuel Company secured a wage increase of $3 a week.

Ring Lardner's Comedy Heads Eight Openings of the Week

GEORGE M. COHAN starts his season tonight at the Lyceum with "Elmer the Great," Ring Lardner's baseball play. Walter Huston is starred. Others in the cast are Nan Sunderland, Katharine Francis, Edith Luckett, Harold Healy and Thomas V. Gillen.

Another opening for this evening is George Jessel in his newest vehicle, "The War Song," a play by the Spewacks and Mr. Jessel, at the National Theatre. The cast includes Lola Lane, Shirley, Booth, Edward Leiter, William Gargan and Clara Langsner.

Richard Bennett will make his first appearance here in three years, at the Longacre Theatre tonight, in a dramatic version of Jim Tully's famous novel, "Jarnegan," written by Charles Beahan and Garrett Fort.

"Adventure," a new play by John Willard, author of "The Cat and the Canary," comes to the Republic Theatre tonight. The cast is headed by Roberta Arnold, and includes John Litel, Leo Kennedy, Henry D. Southard, and Peggy Conway.

A. H. Woods will inaugurate his season by bringing "Jealousy," a new play by Eugene Walter, starring Fay Bainter, and featuring Guthrie McClintic, to the Eltinge Theatre, Tuesday evening. The play was adapted from the French of Louis Verneuil.

"Chee-Chee," the new Fields-Rodgers-Hart musical show, is announced to open at Lew Fields's Mansfield Theatre on Wednesday. The book is an adaptation of Charles Pettit's novel, "The Son of the Grand Eunuch." Helen Ford will appear in the star role.

"Fast Life" is another Woods play opening at the Ambassador Theatre on Thursday. Claudette Colbert and Chester Morris, are featured and the cast includes William Morris and Crane Wilbur. This is the latest melodramatic work of Samuel Shipman and John B. Hymer.

"By Request," by the Nugents with Elliott featured, steps into the Hudson on Thursday. J. C. Nugent, Norma Lee, Verree Teasdale, Eleanor Winslow Williams, and Harry McNaughton are the others in the cast.

"2 SHIPS" HELD OVER AT THE CAMEO.

The British Admiral, Viscount Jellicoe, makes a personal appearance in "Q Ships," the English film on submarine warfare. The film was supervised by a former U-boat commander, Herr Max Rohen. On the same program is "The Killer Killed," a short Ufa subject depicting a fight to the death between an Indian Cobra and a Mongoose.

GEORGE JESSEL

Star of his new play "The War Song," opening tonight at the National Theatre.

SPANISH BOOK EXHIBIT

MADRID, Sept. 23.—On National Book Day in Spain, Oct. 7, the Spanish Academy plans to inaugurate a permanent exposition of works published by the Academy, including many notable and unique editions of Spanish literature.

PRESSMEN'S CONVENTION.

PRESSMEN'S HOME, Tenn.—convention of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union adopted a resolution to hold conventions every four years, instead of two years.

RED ELECTION DRIVE SPEEDED IN SIOUX CITY

Workers Addressed by Stanley Clark

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Sept. 23.—The Sioux City branch of the Workers' (Communist) Party held another election campaign meeting recently in its new headquarters hall at 508½ 5th Street, which was well attended.

The principal speaker was Stanley Clark, who explained the doctrine of Communism so vividly that even the youngest Pioneer understood it thoroughly. He depicted the hopelessness of the poor farmers and workers expecting any relief from the capitalist system and the two old parties headed by Hoover and Smith.

One of the members of the Young Workers League spoke on the work and aim of the League, urging the parents in the audience to introduce their children into the Young Workers' League or the Young Pioneers, before they can be gathered into the folds of the Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, Y. M. C. A., or similar capitalist organizations by whom they would be trained to fight for the capitalists against themselves—the working class.

—GEORGE STALKER.

AMUSEMENTS

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2nd BIG WEEK
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Martin Beck Thea. 45th St. & 8th Av. Evs. 8.40, Ma. Sat., Wed. 2.40
NITE HOSTESS
by Philip Dunning
Staged by Winchell Smith
Produced by JOHN GOLDEN.

Arthur Hopkins Presents
'MACHINAL'
A new play in two parts and ten scenes by Sophie Treadwell
Plymouth Thea. W. 45th St. Eves. 8.30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

Maxine Elliott's Thea., W. 39th St. Evenings 8.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
"Intelligent Entertainment."—Mantle, News.
This THING CALLED Love
A New Comedy Hit by Edwin Burke with Violet Heming & Minor Watson.

Theatre Masque 45th St., West of Broadway. Evs. 8.30; Mats.: Wed. & Sat. 2.30
'Goin' Home'
"Exciting Stuff"—The New Yorker.

CENTURY Thea., Central Pk. W. & 62 St. Eves. 8:30 Mats. Wed. and Sat.
THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
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The most inspiring spectacle at the convention of textile workers for the formation of a new National Textile Workers Union was the discussion from the floor of all issues by workers from all textile centers, who in their direct way—in a way that only those engaged in a serious conflict can do—gave short and snappy pictures of their struggle and the conditions under which they work.

This was a spectacle that is not met with in the conventions of the old unions, which, as one of the speakers said, "are filled with the same delegates for the last thirty years." But here there were actual workers in the mills, strikers who have been on the firing line for the last 24 weeks, and they could say all they wished without being cut short, pulled down in their seats or clubbed. Following are some extracts taken at random from the speeches delivered from the floor:

"I only wish workers rule, not capitalists." (Delegate from Fall River.)

"If you only supply food the workers will fight. Feed our children, and we will walk on the picket line. We don't care for clubs." (Woman delegate from New Bedford.)

* * *

"I worked every day and the most pay I got a week was $10.95 and the lowest $2.95. Then one day it snowed and I couldn't get to the mill. And when I came the next day the foreman told me that he didn't want me any more. I was out of work for three months and then I had to send my children back to Portugal, or they might starve. But now we got a new union and we're going to fight." (Woman delegate from Fall River.)

* * *

"I was arrested on the picket line four times. I was one day in jail. I liked it for we got food and we got clothing. I don't care, I'll go to jail again." (Woman delegate from New Bedford.)

* * *

"The union don't want you to be in jail and the union and the I. L. D. won't let you." (Murdoch.)

* * *

"They made it so that there's not a man breathing who can go back under the conditions in which we left. We won't go back to be nervous wrecks." (Striker delegate from New Bedford.)

* * *

"The time is ripe today to go deep into the mills and to form a union that will fight against the old corrupt unions, against wage-cuts, against the miserable working conditions. Under the leadership of our new textile union we will fight for better conditions." (Delegate from Passaic.)

* * *

"One of my fellow-workers worked 14 hours a day and he got sick and died. We're not going to let that happen again." (Delegate from Paterson.)

Scouts In Imperialist Publicity Stunt

The boy scout organizations have long played an important part as an instrument for spreading capitalist propaganda among the youth. Above are three scouts recently returned from a stunt hunting trip in Africa. Their business will now be to impress their fellow scouts with the glories of imperialism in Africa.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New-York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 30 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

* * *

Branch 3, Section 7.

A business and educational meeting of Branch 3, Section 7 will be held today, 8 p. m. at 740 40th St., Brooklyn. Valentine will lead a discussion on "The Negro Question."

Branch 2, Section 8 Meet.

A special meeting of the unit will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m., at 511 Hendrix St.

* * *

Women's Work Notice.

A special meeting of all unit Women's Work organizers, fraction secretaries, and representatives of language bureaus will be held Wednesday, Sept. 26, 7:30 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, Room 603. The political campaign and general women's work for the year will be discussed. All must attend.

* * *

Central Body, U. C. W. W.

The Central Body of the United Councils of Working Class Women will meet Thursday, 3 p. m., at Room 602, Workers Center. Organizers, secretaries, delegates must attend. Members are welcome.

* * *

Section 7 Membership Meet.

A membership meeting of Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Wednesday, Sept. 26, 8 p. m., at 1965 Bath Ave., Brooklyn. All members must attend.

* * *

Subsection 3C Meet.

All units of Subsection 3C will meet tomorrow, 6.30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. Campaign directors will turn in their reports. All members must be present.

* * *

Subsection 3C Executive.

The Executive Committee of Subsection 3C will meet Wednesday, at 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. Important reports will be forthcoming, and all members of the committee must be present.

* * *

Unit 2F, Section 1 Notice!

This week is accounting week. During this week we will check up not only on the good standing of every member, but also on his activity in various organizations, such as trade unions, fraternal organizations, etc. Any member who is absent from this meeting without sufficient reason, will be called to the discipline committee of the section.

* * *

Unit 5F, 3D.

A special meeting will be held Wednesday at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. for Party accounting work.

* * *

Brownsville Young Workers.

An open air meeting will be held at Hopkinson and Pitkin Ave. at 8:30 p. m. today. Speakers will be M. Spector, S. Meliman, R. Spector, and S. Gudisman.

* * *

7F S1.

An important meeting of Unit 7F S1 will be held at 6:30 p. m. tomorrow at 60 St. Marks Place.

* * *

Subsection 3B.

Subsection 3B will hold a business meeting today, 6:30 p. m. A report of the section conference will be given.

* * *

International Branch 1.

Meeting of International Branch 1, Section 1D, will be held Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

BUFFALO GETS 18 NEW 'DAILY' SUBS IN HUGE DRIVE

Mine Districts Respond to Big Campaign

Latest reports to the management committee of the Daily Worker Election Campaign Drive for 10,000 new readers tell of 18 new subscriptions from Buffalo, N. Y. This, the first batch of subs that has been received from Buffalo, augurs well for the realization of the city's quota, which has been set as 75.

In a letter received from Philip Stanton, Daily Worker agent in Buffalo, enthusiastic over the response of the workers toward the new drive, he says that "the quota of 75 will be at least doubled when the drive comes to an end. I am confident that the Buffalo workers will do everything in their power to help the militant workers daily in its fight."

Philadelphia has increased its total to 25 subs to date, and is confident of getting the 175 others needed to fulfill its quota. Avella, Pa., in the center of the mining struggle, has raised eight subscriptions. "The workers of Avella," says a letter from the Daily Worker agent there, "realize what the Daily Worker has done for them in their struggle against the bosses and betrayers."

Connolly, Chief of Sewer Ring, Called in D'Olier Murder

Maurice E. Connolly, ousted borough president of Queens, whose too open sewer grafting activities forced the Tammany machine to eliminate him, was yesterday called before the Queens County grand jury to testify in the death of William D'Olier, wealthy Queens contractor. D'Olier is believed to have been murdered because the sewer graft ring feared he might reveal information about its activities.

GIANTS STILL 1 GAME BEHIND; WIN THRILLER

(By United Press)

The New York Giants held their position one game behind the league-leading St. Louis Cardinals by taking a 14-inning game from the Cincinnati Reds before 40,000 fans. The score was 2 to 1.

Travis Jackson broke up a pitching duel between Adolfo Luque and Joe Genewich in the fourteenth inning when he singled over Horace Ford's head and send Freddy Lindstrom home with the winning run.

The Cardinals kept their one-game lead intact by beating Brooklyn at Ebbets field.

Joe Genewich allowed the Reds but five hits and yielded only one scratch hit until the seventh inning when Joe Stripp, Rookie outfielder, hit a home run into the left field stands trying the score.

A sensational throw by Jimmy Welsh prevented the Reds from scoring in the ninth. Pipp, first up, tripled to left center and attempted to score on Allens fly to Welsh, but was nipped at the plate on Welsh's throw to O'Farrell.

Jess Haines kept the St. Louis Cardinals in undisputed possession of first place in the National League by pitching the league leaders to a 7 to 1 victory over the Brooklyn Robins before 30,000 fans.

Haines held the Robins to three hits, the Cards winning, 7 to 1. Jim Bottomley hit his thirtieth home run of the season in the third inning with two mates on base, placing him in a tie with Hack Wilson of the Cubs for home run leadership of the league.

* * *

The Yankees maintained their two-game lead over the Philadelphia Athletics, each winning yesterday. Waite Hoyt held Cleveland to 4 hits, and the Yanks won, 5 to 0. Shaute gave the Yanks 11 hits.

The Athletics beat St. Louis, 11-7. Walberg and Rommell pitched for Philadelphia, against Blacholder, Wiltse and Stwart.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League

New York, 2; Cincinnati, 1 (14 ins.).
St. Louis, 7; Brooklyn, 1.

American League

New York, 5; Cleveland, 0
Philadelphia, 11; St. Louis, 7.
Detroit, 4; Boston, 1.
Chicago, 8; Washington, 3.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

* * *

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Banquet at Brighton Beach.

Saturday, Oct. 13, at 8:30 p. m., a Chinese supper and an interesting concert will be given by the Workers' Club, Brighton Beach.

Anti-Imperialist Membership Meet.

Wednesday evening, September 26 at 8 p. m. in the Labor Temple, 242 E. 14th St., New York City, a membership meeting of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League will be held, with Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the league presiding. Harry Gannes, acting secretary of the United States section of the league and Robert Dunn, author of "America's Foreign Investments" will be the principal speakers. Discussion from the floor. Friends and sympathizers are invited.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

The annual Proletarian Autumn Revel of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense will be held Saturday evening, Oct. 27, at 8.30 at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Prizes will be given for the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Brownsville Color Light Dance.

A Color Light Dance will be held Oct. 20 at the Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., under the auspices of the Young Workers Social Culture Club.

Geneva Works Gummed by U. S. Failure to Reply on Naval Pact

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The state department here admitted today that it had received notes from the French and British governments requesting that a reply be made concerning the Franco-British naval pact. The known opposition of Washington to this treaty had delayed the negotiations at Geneva for some time.

It is doubtful that the United States government will make its position clear until the conference between Coolidge, the naval department and Kellogg have come to an end.

In the meantime no definite date has been set for the "disarmament" conference at Geneva, due to the uncertainty arising from the United States position.

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UNITY ARBEITER CO-OPERATIVE, 1800 Seventh Avenue.

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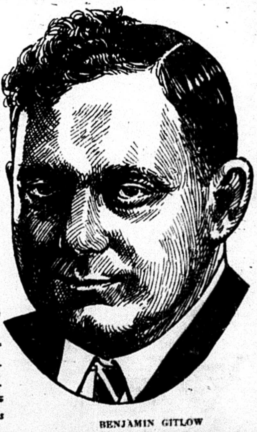

BENJAMIN GITLOW

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For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Workers! For the Party of the Class Struggle! Against the Capitalists!

Tammany Al's Martyrdom

Unable to discuss fundamental political differences with the republican party for the simple reason that the two parties are practically identical as agencies of Wall Street, the democratic presidential candidate, Al Smith, has trotted out the religious issue in the hope of gaining sympathy as one who is persecuted because of his religion. Thus we are treated to the edifying spectacle of an avowed desciple of Romanism assailing religious intolerance. This is an old jesuit trick—accuse your enemies of the crimes of which you are guilty.

Unfortunately for Smith there is a very long and very black record of the period that his church and the governing power were synonomous; a period during which the church was supreme. It is not accidental that the thousand years during which the popes ruled the world of old Europe will be forever known as the dark ages. In those days ignorance was a virtue and intelligence a crime. For pompous bigots, the most extravagant luxury; for those who dared to think, the dungeon, the rack and the stake.

But no longer does the church weild the power that it once held. Instead of being the chief instrument of oppression and terror in the hands of feudal barons, it is now but one of the many instruments in the hands of the imperialist master class of the United States.

No one with any degree of intelligence thinks for a moment that the pope will rule America if Smith is elected, because the church itself is the servant of imperialism. Wall Street would rule Smith, just as it rules the present Coolidge-Mellon-Hoover administration. It is not church rule but class rule that enslaves the workers today, as of yore.

Only a class party of labor can lead the working class on the road toward its emancipation. That party in the United States is the Workers (Communist) Party.

Mussolini's Successor

Since the fascist coup that placed the braggert despot, Mussolini and his black shirt hordes in control of the government of Italy, the real power has been the general council of the fascist party, the direct agents of the big industrialists and bankers of Italy. Evidently weary of acting as the invisible power a decree is now published to the effect that the general council is a part of the government; that it will sit in the meetings of the cabinet and "give advice."

It is announced that this move is made so that the council can decide who shall be the successor to Mussolini if and when he is no longer able to function. That presupposes, of course, the continuity of the fascist regime. Like all despotic governments the fascist regime likes to delude itself with the idea that it will last forever.

But even the fascists ought to realize that systems do not last simply because they cloak their tyrannies in terms of legality. All governments rest primarily upon force. Fascism, like any other form of capitalist despotism will exist only so long as it has sufficient power to impose its will by terror upon the majority of the population. Through crises the masses eventually generate that accumulation of energy and concentration of force that will enable them under the leadership of the revolutionary proletarian party, to overthrow the dictatorship of Mussolini and his bandit hordes.

The general council may be able to choose the successor of Mussolini, provided he dies soon enough, but it is the oppressed and bleeding working class of Italy that soon or late will choose the successor of fascism. The class that must inevitably rise on the ruins of fascism will be able to perpetuate its rule, not by tyrannical measures but through democratic centralism as exercised by the dictatorship of the proletariat, in which the masses of workers and farmers directly participate in the conduct of their own government.

The Lie Factories Still Busy.

London is a strong competitor with Riga as the center of lying propaganda against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The latest invention from the camp of the imperialists and their servants, the white guard and menshevik exiles and the anarchists of the Alexander Berkman, Emma Goldman calibre, comes from London, where the Daily Mail reports that attempts have been made on the life of Leon Trotsky since his "exile." The story is absurdly fantastic and relates that Trotsky's cottage was besieged by sharpshooters who attacked from behind trees, while Trotsky and his son stood them off.

Everyone who has the slightest information regarding Soviet policy will instantly perceive the absurdity of such a fantastic tale. The agents of the imperialists interpret Soviet policy in the light of their own policies, which include cowardly, furtive assassination of political opponents. Trotsky has been decisively defeated politically; he no longer has any following in the Soviet Union; in no sense is he a menace to the workers' and peasants' government.

The London lie factory was particularly unfortunate in concocting this latest piece of fiction, in view of the fact that Trotsky is living in a city (Alma Ata) with a population of 65,000 instead of a wilderness where sharpshooters can conceal themselves in trees.

It is not at all astonishing that the same villifiers of the revolution who now shed tears over the imaginary hardships of Trotsky were among his most vicious traducers when Trotsky was following the leadership of the Bolshevik party. Such "friends" should cause Trotsky to ponder over his course and impel him to repudiate his errors as some of his former associates have done.

Training for the Class Struggle

Gratifying indeed is the response this season to the opening of the Workers School. Within a few short years the Communist school of New York has outgrown every other school that even made a pretense of teaching labor topics. The registration this year exceeds all previous years.

Those workers of New York who consider the labor movement as the hope of the working class and who want to perfect themselves to be able to fight effectively for their class have come to realize that the Workers School is unique in America; that it offers advantages that cannot be obtained in any other place on the Western Hemisphere. In the best sense of the word they receive training for the class struggle.

Registration for many of the courses is still going on. Let every worker take advantage of this school this winter and thereby be better fitted to challenge the despotism of the employers and their government.

Negroes Respond to Red Drive

By H. C. WILLIAMS.

The Workers (Communist) Party, realizing its historical role in the class struggle against predatory imperialism, cannot overlook an important section of our population, the Negro race, and particularly the proletarian elements which constitute over 98 per cent of that race.

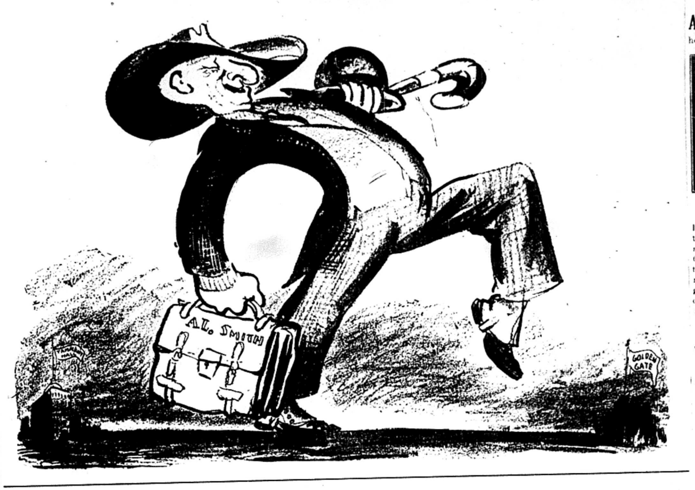
The position of our Party, as the vanguard of the proletariat is to engage in battle against the twin parties of capitalism, the republican and democratic. The Negro workers, as the most oppressed and exploited section of the American working class must be made to realise that the Workers (Communist) Party is the only party representative of his interests, the only force that can liberate him from degradation.

With the open betrayal of the Negro by the republican and democratic parties at their last nomination conventions, has come great eruptions and revolts among the Negro masses. Negro workers approached for signatures for the Workers Party candidates have been only too glad to give them in most cases. Many of them have expressed their intention of voting for the working class candidacies of Foster and Gitlow, Moore, Fort-Whiteman, Minor and other nominees of the Workers Party. In particular, those Negro workers who have attended our street meetings and read the Party platform and program are enthusiastic supporters of the Party and promise to support it at the polls.

I came into contact with many Negro workers who always voted republican or democratic in the past who told me that they were in hearty sympathy with our movement. And to show that they meant it they gave me their signatures to help us put our candidates on the ballot. They were particularly interested in the fact that there are many Negro workers on the Party ticket in New York State and were anxious to know if this was the case in other states and when told that it was so, exclaimed, "Well, that's the party for me and I will sure vote for you all on election day."

"EAST SIDE, WEST SIDE"

By Fred Ellis



Old Parties Not for Farmers

Agricultural Workers Must Ally With Workers In City to Overthrow Capitalism

To judge by the statements of republican and democratic politicians, the farmers are pretty well off, and the farming question is only based on the wish of the politicians that the farmers enjoy a little more of life than at the present time.

The question is: has the farmer got a kick coming?

He decidedly has. There is the general fact that regardless of election campaigns, the farmers owe fifteen billion dollars in mortgages and debts. This, at the rate of 6 per cent interest, makes an outlay of $900,000,000 in interest alone per annum, or an average of $150 per farmer.

Wartime Overproduction.

There is the other fact that during the world war and immediately after, the government stimulated the production of grain of all categories. Overproduction, not only in the United States, but in other important grain-producing countries, brought about a slump on the market. It is true that in certain countries there has been a periodical shortage due to bad crops, but as a whole there has been overproduction, with the result that when the grain is marketed, many farmers do not obtain a price even covering the cost of raising it.

There is another vital factor: the growth in the number of automobiles has eliminated millions of horses. This means that areas used for the production of animal feed now lie fallow. It is estimated that 20,000,000 acres have thus been taken out of production.

Other Aspects.

There are other aspects of the case. For instance, taxes and interest. No one can escape taxes, even though during the period of 1923-26, the tax collector was not inclined to use any and all methods to collect taxes. During that period, the practice was to allow the taxes to continue, in the hope that better years would enable the farmer to meet his obligations. The same applied to interest: mortgages were not foreclosed, for this would have meant that the banks would have tens of millions of acres of agricultural land on their hands, which they would not be able to dispose of. As it is, many banks came into possession of farms and they were white elephants.

A few of the factors may be shown in the following: In Michigan in 1919, which was a year of high prices, 29.9 per cent of the net rent was paid in taxes, while in 1921, a year of low prices, taxes represented 70.5 per cent of the net income. Covering a period of seven years, an average of 52 per cent of the net rent on 415 Michigan farms was paid in taxes. According to investigations made, the same applies to Indiana, Arkansas and other states.

In other words, a fifth to more than a half of the net income must be spent by the farmer for taxes.

The situation in the northwest is just as bad. In Wisconsin in 1927, 2,593,000 acres were offered for sale on account of delinquent taxes.

Drop in Farm Values.

Let us look at another phase of the matter. During the war years, when prices were inflated, farmers bought large areas of land. In 1920, land values stood 69 per cent above the pre-war level. In 1927, this had declined to 19 per cent above the pre-war level, but measured in purchasing power in comparison with pre-war values, farm values declined to 20 per cent below pre-war values.

It is estimated that in 1927 the farmer's dollar was worth 65 cents, the farm laborer's 70 cents, the urban worker's only 58 cents. From this fact it might be deduced that the farmer is not so badly off.

In 1913, the value of farm products in the country was $7,900,000,000. In 1926, the value rose to $13,000,000,000. But when one considers that in 1926 the value of the farmer's dollar was only 62 cents, then one recognizes that the farmer has a real kick coming. In 1926, the real farm income was only 2 per cent higher than before the war.

At Mercy of Trusts.

The farmer has to buy manufactured products produced by trusts at monopoly prices, prices determined in part by high protective tariffs, prices on which the trusts make their hundreds of millions of dollars of profits. The farmer has to sell his crops at a time when he has no capital to handle them with, with manipulators of the exchange maneuvering so that prices decline when the farmer is in greatest need of money.

What solution have the republican and democratic parties for this situation? What do they offer as a remedy and what help do they "promise" the farmer? They promise him a "study of the problem!" These "studies" have been going on for 8 years. The democrats who have been in the U. S. congress have had ample time to "study" the question. The democrats knew that it would be a national issue, for the farmers have been complaining and in 1924 this was greatly responsible for the La Follette movement. Though this movement disintegrated, the situation of the farmer has not improved, and continual complaints, the introduction of the McNary-Haugen bill in congress and its veto by Coolidge indicated clearly that this would be a big issue.

Neither of the capitalist parties can tackle the problem, for if they dared to do so the farmers would perceive that they have no solution whatever. Economists today declare that rationalization—introduction of high power machinery and speed-up methods—will eliminate large numbers of farm laborers, put agriculture on an industrial basis and lead to the cultivation of large areas—which means, as in industry and trade, the driving out of the small farmer, the farmers of small means.

This may be progress—and undoubtedly it is—but it creates a situation, as in industry, which the capitalists and their parties cannot cope with. It means the proletarianization of the farmers, the creation of a surplus wage class (these farmers will have to leave the land, as in the past 6 or 7 years, and go to the city in search of work.)

This is the capitalist solution to the kicks of the farmers. The farmer will again trust one or the other of the capitalist parties, as will be evidenced in the votes cast in the coming elections—but the farming problem will remain and with America's rapid rationalization of all industry, including the farming industry, the conflicts will become more acute—until a war intervenes and food production will be required on a larger scale than before. Whether under such circumstances the small farm will be revived is questionable, for with government aid large areas will be put under cultivation under pressure of high-power machinery, which will release larger numbers of men for war purposes.

These are some of the contradictions which capitalism cannot solve—contradictions which will demand a solution ever more sharply as the years go on.

Meanwhile, the farmer has a kick coming. He will have to learn how to kick properly—and line up with the militant workers in the city and fight. The task of aligning him with the city worker devolves upon the Communists.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

William Z. Foster received one red vote in Tokio, Japan, beating Norman Thomas by a neck and a halo. It is a custom among American residents in the Nipponese capital to take a straw vote every four years, so that the exiled sons and daughters of America may experience the thrill of voting for or against a presidential candidate. Judging by the returns, the vote was taken in embassies, consulates, speakeasies and the public library. Hoover got the ambassadorial and the consulate vote, the boys who shine the mahogany undoubtedly whooped it up for Al and the Americano who was caught in the book place is the guy who voted Communist.

• • •

Well, strange tho it may read to the old fashioned voter, a Communist vote in Japan is just as welcome as a Communist vote in Milwaukee. Ours is an international Party and the task of the Workers (Communist) Party is chiefly devoted to mobilizing the American masses for the struggle against capitalism here, it is part of the international army of labor, that is fighting in all lands to transform this world into a federation of Workers Republics.

• • •

The campaign to put the Workers (Communist) Party on the ticket is traveling so fast and so successfully that even the hard-boiled National Election Campaign Committee is chuckling. Of course this is not an invitation to the members on the firing line to retire to their dugouts and take it easy. From now on the real fun is going to be had. With twenty-one states on the ballot and half as many more ready to go over the top, it looks as if the Campaign Committee estimate of thirty states will have to be raised.

• • •

Street Nucleus No. 2 of Pittsburgh is taking the election campaign seriously. The unit also knows that the Campaign means money. So at its last meeting it passed a motion to raise five hundred dollars for the Election Campaign. Sixty-one dollars was raised immediately and a committee of six was elected to put the decision into effect. The committee consists of Jenkins, Solnitzky, Gordon, Zubkoff, Patrinos and Careathers. The committee reports that it has raised nearly one hundred and fifty dollars and hopes to complete its quota within a short time. Comrade Solnitzky is the treasurer of this committee. The Nucleus also ordered two thousand leaflets for distribution, and has elected a committee to assist in the arrangements for the open-air meetings.

• • •

This is good work. The $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund is swelling, but it will take a lot more gas before it can lift the election campaign out of financial difficulties. The National Office is preparing a dozen pamphlets on various issues of the campaign. Hundreds of thousands of those leaflets will be issued for mass distribution. All this will cost money. The example set by Nucleus No. 2 in Pittsburgh, should be followed by every other nucleus thruout the country.

• • •

The latest word from Utah is encouraging. When the National Election Campaign Committee instructed the comrades in the Mormon State to get the Party on the ballot or forever after hold their peace, it sounded like a dumb sentence for them. But they went to work in the true Communist fashion and now—Well as we say in the movies, "Now, comes the dawn." You will hear the last of the story in a few days.

• • •

From now on until polling day in November, registration will be carried on in the various states. Every state has its own registration laws. Some have registration open from the first of the year. Others charge a poll tax. Still others like New York set a definite week for registration. Our comrades should acquaint themselves with the registration law in their particular state and to take the necessary steps to qualify for voting on election day.

The old syndicalist attitude towards voting has no place in the Workers (Communist) Party. Every vote cast is a notice served on the capitalist class that the workers are mobilizing their forces for the struggle against the robber system of exploitation. A Communist vote is not merely a vote against Hoover, Smith and Thomas, but a vote against Wall Street, American imperialism, the capitalist government and for a socialist society and a Workers and Farmers Government. Do not neglect to register. Vote Communist!

• • •

Checks for twenty and fifty thousand dollars are pouring into the coffers of the democratic and republican parties, but the ten and one dollar bills are coming our way. Not enough of them, tho. We would not object to a few fat checks, but there is not a capitalist in the United States foolish enough to send in one. He knows better. He is class conscious. He supports the parties that stand for the system that he thrives on at the expense of the workers. It is up to the workers and poor farmers to support the Communist Election Campaign. Send all contributions to Alexander Trachtenberg, Treasurer, National Election Campaign Committee, 43 E. 125th Street, New York City.

• • •

Pennsylvania is the heart of the struggle and for the first time in history the miners are fighting the enemies of labor simultaneously on the political and industrial fronts. The raid on the Miners Convention in Pittsburgh by the police, coal company detectives and paid "pickets" of the Lewis machine, gives a graphic picture of the panic that has taken hold of the labor fakers. Lewis, Murray and Fagan could afford to hire hundreds of paid thugs to "picket" and attack the Miners Convention, but they could not afford to provide the militant strikers and their dependents with relief during the long strike struggle.

Told You So

AL SMITH is busily engaged trying to convince the voters that he is wet but not soaked, that he is a Catholic but not a popist, that while he admires and reveres the "holy father" from a distance he would no more let him run the white house than he would permit the wizard of the Ku Klux Klan to do it. Hoover is denying that he santioned the bringing of the religious issue into the election campaign in order to start the bile rising in the anti-Catholic voter. A pox on both of them. They manage to get the masses excited and take a sort of gambling interest in the election campaign. This, however, has one advantage for the Communists.

T. J. O'Flaherty

• • •

WILLIAM Z. FOSTER and Ben Gitlow, the national standard-bearers of the Workers (Communist) Party, are having splendid meetings because of the interest aroused in the election campaign by the hokum put out in the press, from the platform and over the radio by the capitalist parties. The workers want to hear all sides of the question. This is our gravy. Thousands of Communist platforms and millions of leaflets will be read by the workers and those who are having the gudgeon grease removed from their thinking machinery will have no difficulty in making the right choice. They will vote Communist and join the Workers (Communist) Party to help carry on the struggle against capitalism.

• • •

THERE is a terrible row in the ranks of Christian Science. Our readers are aware that "scientists" do not take death seriously until it comes to the question of claiming the deceased one's estate. The present row is due to the allegation made by Christian Science Parent Church in London, that Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, the founder of the cult, "used drugs and consulted medical doctors on many occasions during a long period of years when she failed to get help through Christian scientists." To the denial of those allegations it is further alleged that "Mother" Eddy, was served by six doctors and at least four dentists.

• • •

A Christian Scientist looks as normal to the naked eye as a Holy Roller or a Methodist deacon. Since I attended a trial in Boston where Christian Science property was being fought over by rival claimants I have not attached much importance to the alleged mental weakness of Mrs. Eddy's followers. "Mother" Eddy's alibi for taking drugs was the uniting of "the mental energy of the world's hope of recovery thru faith in materia medica and the spiritual power resident in the Christian Scientist's understanding of man's eternal spiritual nature and origin." Now, chew on that.

• • •

EDNA FERBER, the novelist is a ticklish sort of person. She was an ardent Hooverite until some customs officers went over her person for hip and ankle flasks. Now she is for Al. Miss Ferber arrived from Europe recently and before the photographers had a chance to "shoot" her the snooper searched her. It would be bad enough for Hoover to lose a vote if his misery men had found something besides talcum powder in Edna's silks, but to draw a minus and automatically hand a plus to Al without a single drop of consolation—Well, Herber as you say, "prohibition is a noble experiment," but you ought to stick to kissing babies and keep your hands off the women.

• • •

NOW, that the Queens sewer brigands have fought and won a political victory in the primaries thus making the borough safe fo graft, there is no reason why othe patriots should not take advantag of the opportunity afforded by th election campaign to collect som dough while the cash is runnin around looking for a warm spot t nestle. A man by the name o John Mooney figured he would g $100,000 out of John J. Raskob, b threatening to blow him up unles he came across. But alas, Moone has not awaked to the fact tha this is not the way business is don nowadays. The darned fool is luck if he escapes the chair.

• • •

THREE Nebraska state banks hav been seized by government officials. It is alleged that bank officials took unto themselves thousands of dollars deposited by citizens who believed that the bank i safer than the sock. Those Nebraskans must be clumsy fellows. Perhaps they were too busy urging th American Legion to have the Communist ticket thrown off the ballo as a menace to law and order, t cover their tracks properly.

Tom O'Flaherty

Special New York State Communist Election Campaign Issue

THE DAILY WORKER, FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY EDITION

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COMMUNIST STATE ELECTION RALLY HERE FRIDAY NIGHT!

Workers Party Goes on Ballot in North Dakota

New Textile Union Committees Plan Future Work

NEEDLE WORKERS CALL CONFERENCE FOR RED DRIVE

Shop Delegates Will Lay Plans for Campaign

Open-Air Meets in City

Gold, Zimmerman and Liptzin on Ticket

In a ringing statement denouncing the united front of the socialist party, Smith's Tammany Hall, republican officials, American Federation of Labor bureaucracy and the needle trades manufacturers against the militant needle workers, the Needle Trades Campaign Committee for support of the Workers (Communist) Party, organized at a mass meeting in August, has issued a call to all needle workers in the city of New York to elect representatives to a shop delegates' conference to endorse the Communist ticket in the elections, to be held on Tuesday, October 9, at 6 p. m., at Bryant Hall, Sixth Ave. and 42nd St. It is expected that hundreds of shops will send delegates and establish shop campaign committees.

Workers Enthusiastic.

Great enthusiasm among the workers in the needle industry followed the announcement that a needle trades campaign committee had been formed. The militant needle workers have learned through bitter struggle what Al Smith's "democracy" and republican "prosperity" means. They have witnessed the complete degeneration of the socialist party and its open collaboration with Tammany and the manufacturers to bring back sweatshop conditions and destroy union organization. They have learned

Continued on Page Two

MANY BARGAINS AT HUGE BAZAAR

Urge Workers to Buy at Big Event

Many workers are postponing the purchase of necessary articles of clothing until the great National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar at Madison Square Garden Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7. They realize that the bargains that will be offered at the bazaar will mean a great saving on everything they buy.

An appeal was issued last night by the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee, 30 Union Square, urging all workers to do their buying at the bazaar.

"Even if your old coat or suit

Continued on Page Five

BARES POLAND'S ANTI-USSR PLOT

MOSCOW, Sept. 24.—The plotting of Petlura officers in Poland for the overthrow of the Soviet government in the Ukraine, with the help of Polish government funds and the cooperation of certain powerful capitalist countries, was uncovered by Clemeny Voroshiloff, People's Commissar of War in the Soviet Union, in a speech delivered at Kiev, one of the most important cities in Ukrainia, and the most hard hit by the Polish counter-revolutionary invasion of 1920.

Voroshiloff pointed especially to a speech of the governor of the Polish province of Volhynia, showing that government officials themselves were involved in this international movement against the Soviet Union. The commissar pointed out that it was due entirely to the peaceful policy of the Soviet Gov-

Continued on Page Three

SPEEDY WAR PLANES

PARIS, Sept. 24 (UP).—The Spanish inventor, Juan De La Cierva, plans an autogiro plane capable of making 250 miles an hour, he said before leaving for London yesterday to get new parts for his present autogiro, which was smashed in a bad landing last week.

For Governor

William F. Dunne, who is candidate for Governor of New York State on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket. He is a member of the Central Executive Committee of the Party and associate editor of its central organ, the Daily Worker. Dunne has been for years active in the American labor movement.

REPLY TO NAVAL PACT DRAWN UP

U. S. to Lay Down Law to Europe

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24. (U.P.)—Final touches were made on the reply the United States will make to England and France on the so-called secret naval accord, at a protracted conference at the State Department today.

Participating in the conference were Secretary of State Kellogg, Secretary of Navy Wilbur, and Admirals Charles F. Hughes, Hilary P. Jones and Andrew T. Long.

It is believed the note will go to London and Paris within 48 hours.

Kellogg will first submit it to President Coolidge—probably late today—for his approval.

Admiral Hughes is chief of naval operations, while Jones and Long represented the United States at Geneva Naval Conference last year. These three are considered the government's foremost technical advisors on naval disarmament questions.

* * *

Secretary of State Kellogg, it is believed, will strongly protest against the Anglo-French pact. The conclusion of the pact has sharply brought out the growing differences between American and British imperialism and exposes the hypocritical nature of the "peace" talk, with which the imperialist powers have been attempting to cloak military preparations.

Hoover is believed to have conferred with Coolidge on the Anglo-French alliance when he was in Washington.

* * *

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The Anglo-French naval pact and the expected protest from the United States was the chief subject before the British Cabinet Council which met today.

The Kellogg note is expected to be a sharp one.

Premier Baldwin who presided at the Cabinet meeting for the first time in seven weeks conferred with Premier Poincare in Paris and travelled to London with Lord Cushendon, who is one of the principal authors of the agreement.

Snow in Jamestown

JAMESTOWN, N. Y. Sept. 24 (UP).—This city was treated to its first taste of winter this morning when snow fell for five minutes. The temperature was 30.

For U. S. Senator

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PA

Robert Minor, candidate for the U. S. Senate from New York. Member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party and editor of its official organ, the Daily Worker.

HOLD BUILDING TRADES RED MEET

Progressives to Back Workers Party

An election rally to endorse the working class platform and candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held by the building trades workers of New York Saturday, Oct. 6 at 2 p. m., at the Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th Street.

Albert Weisbord, just elected secretary-treasurer of the newly-organized National Textile Workers' Union of America and leading building trades workers will speak.

Workers who will participate in this rally to support the candidates and platform of the only working class party in the country will include painters, carpenters, bricklayers, plumbers' helpers, cabinet makers and others. Even in the building trades, once regarded as "safe-

Continued on Page Two

WOMEN ORGANIZE IN RED CAMPAIGN

Endorse Workers Party Program

The United Council of Working Women has unanimously endorsed the Workers (Communist) Party program and ticket. Each city council has formed a campaign committee and has arranged discussions on the Communist program and the women workers.

Open-air meetings under the auspices of the councils have been held in various sections. They have pledged a minimum of $500 for the campaign, and are now making full preparations for an intensive drive among working women.

According to Kate Gitlow, secretary of the body, the wives of progressive needle, food, metal and building trades workers are throwing themselves wholeheartedly into the campaign.

Other Organizations Also.

Other women's organizations are also taking action to support the Communist campaign. Lithuanian and Finnish women's councils are raising funds. Among the groups affiliated with the New York Working Women's Federation many are pledged to back the Workers (Communist) Party in the elections. One of the most active workers in the

Continued on Page Two

POOR FARMERS RALLY TO RED ELECTION DRIVE

Big Communist Vote Is Expected in Many Sections

Is Sixth Farm State

Non-Partisan League Now Dead

The Foster and Gitlow nominating petitions for the state of North Dakota have been filed in Bismarck, the state capital, by Arthur Starr, Workers (Communist) Party representative, and the campaign to put the national ticket of the Party on the ballot is completed, according to a telegram received at the headquarters of the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

North Dakota is the sixth of the great agricultural states in the north and middle west where the Communist ticket has been placed on the ballot and the twenty-second in the entire country to be placed in the red column.

Expect Big Red Vote.

The number of states already filed for the Workers (Communist) Party exceeds by eight the total number on the ballot in 1924, the first time the Workers (Communist) Party took the field in a national election campaign.

The states now on the ballot are: North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Iowa, Nebraska, Arizona, Kansas, Arkansas, New Mexico, Texas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan, Ohio, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, Delaware, New Jersey, New Hampshire and Massachusetts.

Starr reports that the signers of the Communist petitions not only were willing to help put the Party ticket on the ballot by signing their names, but that they are showing the greatest enthusiasm for the campaign to roll up a heavy Communist vote in the elections, bring the message of the class struggle to the exploited farmers of the state and help to swell the ranks of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Non-Partisan League Dead.

For several years the non-partisan league was a powerful factor in North Dakota as well as in the surrounding states. Under the leadership of Townley huge sums of money were contributed by the farmers, only to see the organization drifting into the control of the big capitalist parties, their money squandered on wild cat schemes and their leaders engaging in all kinds of get-rich-quick propositions.

The non-partisan league is today

Continued on Page Three

THREE EARTH SHOCKS

EL CENTRO, Calif., Sept. 24 (UP).—Three minor earth shocks were felt by cities of the Imperial Valley yesterday. No damage was reported. The tremors were reported at 8:05, 9:40 and 9:45 a. m.

For Congress

Richard B. Moore, Communist Candidate for Congress in the 21st Congressional District; National Organizer of American Negro Labor Congress.

NEGRO WORKERS HAIL RED TICKET

Workers Party Calls for Full Equality

That Negro workers are becoming disillusioned with the republican party, which poses as the friend of the Negroes, as well as with the democratic party, whose disenfranchisement of Negro workers in the South is notorious, is evident by the ready response of Negro workers of New York to the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party at open air meetings held by the party of the class struggle in such Negro centers as Harlem, Williamsburg and Brownsville.

Policy for Years.

The barring of Negro workers from participating in the primaries in Texas by the democrats, as well as the open statement of Senator Carter Glass, democratic imperialist of Virginia, that "white supremacy is too precious a thing to permit Negroes to vote" is in line with the open policies and practices of the democrats since the Civil War. Negro workers have also been given cause to question republican pledges by the ousting of Mrs. Booze, a Negro delegate, from an official republican conference meeting in Washington, D. C., and the segregation of all Negro delegates at the republican convention.

Negro Workers Awakening.

These actions and a long list of similar ones have begun to dispel the illusions in the minds of Negro workers as to the role of the republican and democratic parties with respect to Negroes. The Negro workers of New York and elsewhere

Continued on Page Two

DISTRIBUTE 15,000 "DAILIES" TODAY

Fifteen thousand copies of this special edition of the Daily Worker will be given out today in a mass distribution which will take in sections of New York City where the Daily Worker has heretofore been unknown. The entire city will be canvassed by members of the various sections of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in an effort to give momentum to the Daily Worker Election Campaign Drive for 10,000 new readers.

The special edition will aid the Workers (Communist) Party in its election campaign and its fight to reach the masses of workers, in addition to bringing the Daily Worker before New York labor in its huge drive for increased circulation.

Harlem Circulation Doubled.

Indications all point to the success of the distribution today. Last night, a similar distribution in Harlem, of only 1,000 copies, proved that the work of the Daily Worker in Harlem has been well worth the effort expended there. The circulation in the district has doubled, especially among the Negro workers, since the drive was initiated.

ASSIGN TASKS IN DRIVE TO BUILD NATIONAL BODY

Deak, Dawson, Murdock Chosen as Vice-Presidents

National Council of 33

Delegates Return to Centers, Strike Area

Meeting into the small hours of the early morning, 33 members of the National Council of the National Textile Workers' Union of America, launched yesterday in this city after a two-day convention, made decisions on questions that demanded their immediate attention and concluded by electing an executive committee of 11, which will act with full authority between plenum sessions of the larger body.

Leaders of the militant labor movement now in New York declare that the closing moments of the textile union convention were the "most inspiring and hopeful that they had ever seen." In this they referred particularly to the last hour or so when the election of officers took place.

When the young chairman, Figuerido asked Weisbord whether he accepted the nomination for the presidency, Weisbord responded with a speech of declination favoring Reid for the chief office. After a great ovation Reid was elected. Weisbord accepted and was elected by enthusiastic acclamation to the

Continued on Page Five

BERLIN FASCISTS STAGE BATTLE

Steel Helmets Demand Black Dictator

BERLIN, Sept. 24 (UP).—Thirty persons were wounded during political rioting in Spandau, a suburb of Berlin, on Sunday.

Members of the Steel Helmet and Reichsbanner organizations fought in the streets for several hours until they were dispersed by police. Buildings were demolished during the fighting, which developed into a real battle.

* * *

Demand Fascist Government.

BERLIN, Sept. 24.—The Steel Helmet organization, a fascist association of war veterans, has decided to attempt a national referendum providing a change in the German form of government, including the scrapping of the parliamentary system.

WANT CANNON FODDER

ROME, Sept. 24 (UP).—The cabinet, it was announced today, will double the tax on bachelors at a coming meeting.

RED NOMINEES TO PRESENT CLASS STRUGGLE PLATFORM AT HUGE DEMONSTRATION

Central Opera House Will Be Scene of Meet; Speakers to Expose Boss Parties, Socialists

Will Stress State and Local Issues Affecting Interests of Workers, Poor Farmers

The first huge state election rally of the Workers (Communist) Party campaign will be held on Friday night, September 28, at 8 p. m., at the Central Opera House, 67th Street, between 2nd and 3rd Avenues.

New York militants and progressive workers in every industry are eagerly preparing to crowd the hall to overflowing to hear the leading state and local candidates present the platforms of the only anti-capitalist party in America, the Workers (Communist) Party, expose the degeneration and betrayals of the socialist party as well as to prove that the state and city governments are controlled by the banking, traction, power and railroad interests.

Many Other Speakers.

Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and candidate for U. S. Senate on the Communist ticket, who has just returned from a tour of up-state New York, will be one of the principal speakers. Other speakers at the Central Opera House meeting include Wm. F. Dunne, candidate for governor; Juliet Stuart Poyntz, candidate for attorney general; Bertram D. Wolfe, candidate for congress from the Tenth Congressional District; Lovett Fort-Whiteman, a Negro worker and candidate for comptroller; Rebecca Grecht, election campaign manager of the New York district and candidate for assembly in the Fifth District of the Bronx; Richard B. Moore, candidate for congress in 21st Congressional District; Philip Frankfeld, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League and candidate for assembly in the Third Bronx District. William W. Weinstone, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, will preside.

Parties of Big Business.

"In this election campaign the role played by the political parties of the country as open instruments of the classes they represent is more clearly seen than ever before," reads a statement issued on the Red Rally of Friday by the District Campaign Committee. "Both the republican and democratic parties are loudly assuring Big Buziness that they will obediently obey its will if elected, that Wall Street fears nothing from the candidates of either party is proved by the heavy campaign contributions made to both parties by those who will profit by the election of either capitalist party—automobile magnates, coal kings, public utility and power magnates and other representatives of big business. Only at election times do the republicans and democrats pose as the friends of the worker by citing distorted statistics and spreading lies concerning the

Continued on Page Two

FOOD WORKERS ENDORSE ENTIRE RED PLATFORM

Campaign Committee Is Formed

Formation of a food workers' election campaign committee representing twenty union, co-operative and other progressive organizations featured the first food workers' election rally Friday evening, with Manhattan Lyceum crowded by workers from New York bakeries, hotels, restaurants, cafeterias and food stores. This committee will devote special efforts toward the mobilization of all food workers to vote Communist and at the same time will help the defense fight of William Schiffrin, member of the new Butchers' and Chicken Workers' Union, who is being held by the police without bail facing a charge of homicide.

John J. Ballam, representing the Workers (Communist) Party, was given a big ovation, winning the unanimous endorsement of the party's 1928 election program and its candidates. Organization of the food workers into industrial unions able to cope effectively with trustified industry was urged by Ballam. "If food workers were organized throughout the industry, instead of just 5 per cent as today, they would hold in their hands the power to stop the next world war," he stated.

Describe Right Wing Attack.

W. Molamund and E. Werner of the butchers, told of the attack of the gangster-ridden right wing on the progressive, the latter having been a member of the Hebrew Butchers' Union for 38 years and

Continued on Page Two

FOSTER VISITS MOONEY IN JAIL

(*Special to the Daily Worker*)

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 24.—William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, visited San Quentin Prison and spoke to three famous class war prisoners, Tom Mooney, J. B. McNamara and Mat Schmidt, who is serving a life sentence on framed charges. Foster was warmly received by the three victims of capitalist "justice."

Foster was also given a great ovation lasting five minutes at a banquet and reception in his honor at the Cooperative Center. He spoke for 30 minutes and urged the intensification of the fight to free the class war prisoners. An appeal for support of the Election Campaign Fund of the Workers Party was made and $250 in cash and pledges collected. A number of applications for Party membership

Continued on Page Three

Vote the Communist Ticket!

FOR PRESIDENT	WILLIAM Z. FOSTER
FOR VICE PRESIDENT	BENJAMIN GITLOW
FOR GOVERNOR	WILLIAM F. DUNNE
FOR LIEUT.-GOV.	FRANKLIN P. BRILL
FOR U. S. SENATE	ROBERT MINOR
FOR COMPTROLLER	LOVETT FORT-WHITEMAN
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL	JULIET S. POYNTZ

MANHATTAN.

6th Assembly District	Boris Lifshitz
8th Assembly District	Louis Hendin
14th Congressional District	Alexander Trachtenberg
14th Senatorial District	Bert Miller

HARLEM.

17th Assembly District	Albert Moreau
18th Assembly District	Abraham Markoff
21st Assembly District	Edward Welsh
18th Senatorial District	Nicholas Napoli
20th Congressional District	James P. Cannon
21st Congressional District	Richard B. Moore

BRONX.

3rd Assembly District	Philip Frankfeld
4th Assembly District	Charles Zimmerman
5th Assembly District	Rebecca Grecht
6th Assembly District	Samuel Nesin
22nd Senatorial District	Joseph Boruchowitz
23rd Congressional District	Ben Gold
24th Congressional District	Samuel Leibowitz

BROOKLYN.

6th Assembly District	George Primoff
9th Assembly District	Alexandra H. Chalupski
14th Assembly District	Herbert Zam
22nd Assembly District	Samuel Liptzin
23rd Assembly District	Rachel Ragozin
7th Senatorial District	David Benjamin
10th Congressional District	Bertram D. Wolfe

QUEENS.

Borough President	George Powers
1st Assembly District	Abraham Harfield
2nd Congressional District	Paul Crouch

WHY THERE IS NO OTHER PAPER THAT IS LIKE THE DAILY WORKER

Because our paper is the one publication in the English language that speaks for the working class. Only in the Daily Worker can you obtain facts regarding the great mine struggles, the textile strike, the new unions that are being organized to furnish fighting weapons against the bosses.

Because the Daily Worker is a revolutionary political organ of the working class.

No where else can you learn the facts regarding the strike-breaking role of Al Smith, the Morgan-Tammany tool that is running for president. Every day we publish facts regarding Smith that no other paper can publish.

Do you know that Herbert Hoover is known to millions in Europe as a monster whose hands drip with the blood of the working class? Only the Daily Worker publishes such facts.

These and many other facts of interest to you and to every other man and woman and child that works for a living can be obtained only in our columns.

Buy the Daily Worker on all newsstands.

Bronx Parents Association Will Protest Against Bad School Conditions on Friday

CONFERENCE TO SCORE TAMMANY HALL AND G. O. P.

Squabble for Contracts Causes Delay

A conference of the Parents' Association of children attending Public School 89, the Bronx, will be held Friday evening, for the purpose of protesting against the bad conditions under which the children are forced to go to school.

The protest was caused by the fact that P. S. 89, which opened last year and which was originally built to accommodate only 1,000 children, is now overcrowded to the extent that 3,000 children are enrolled. Many of these children, who live in sections where access to other schools is easier, are forced to walk about ten blocks to P. S. 89 every morning, crossing on their way such dangerous highways as White Plains Road, and the Boston Post Road, which are always filled with heavy traffic.

No Results from Mayor.

The Parents' Association has already tried to negotiate with Mayor Walker and the Board of Education. But they received only evasive answers, and no definite action or promises to relieve the situation. All the answers of both the mayor's secretary, who was interviewed by the association recently, and the Board of Education of New York have been vague, and have always carried indefinite statements with impossible reservations.

The reason for the delay in improving the school conditions of the children of the Bronx is believed to be the result of political squabbles among the Tammany and republican factions in the Bronx. Because of this petty squabbling, which according to the Parents' Association, involves the control of fat contracts in the Bronx, nothing has been done to relieve the bad schooling situation.

Tammany, G. O. P. Squabble.

At one time the creation of an annex was contemplated. But the political squabbles destroyed the plan, and nothing was done.

Parents have been offered the "opportunity" of transferring their children to P. S. 41. It was here that the persecution of Young Pioneers took place last year, and parents, remembering this, preferred to keep their children out of the school.

At the conference Friday evening, extensive plans to carry the fight on to a successful end will be discussed and formulated.

MANY AT FOOD WORKERS' MEET

Form Election Drive Committee

Continued from Page One

now known as "father" of the new union.

The strike-breaking role of the United Hebrew Trades was described by I. Himmelfarb of Delicatessan Clerks' Local 302. Further analysis of the socialist mis-leadership in the food trades unions was given by Sam Kramberg of the Amalgamated Food Workers, who stressed the need for industrial and political solidarity.

"We are with the Communist Party and know that it is the only party fighting against capitalism's suppression of the colored and Oriental nationalities," declared Ho Riu Chi of the Japanese Workers' Club. What the Progressive Bakers' Club of Local 500 will do to intensify the Workers Party campaign was outlined by Philip Kleinberg.

Many Contribute Funds.

Pledges and a cash collection amounting almost to $300 were taken up after an appeal by Edward Schwartz, organizer of the Grocery Clerks' Union. Further campaign activities will now be carried on by the special committee chosen, composed of representatives from the following organizations:

Bakers' Local 164, Amalgamated Food Workers; Butchers and Chicken Workers' Union; Grocery, Fruit and Dairy Clerks' Union; United Workers' Cooperative Stores; Japanese Workers' Club; American Negro Labor Congress; Progressive Delicatessen Clerks; Hotel and Restaurant Workers' Branch, Amalgamated Food Workers; T. U. E. L.; Bakers' Local 500; Progressive Bakers' Club; Rank and File Committee. Waiters' and Waitresses' Local 1; Proletcos Cooperative; Bakers' Council of Workingclass Women; Unity Cooperative Association; as well as various minority groups in food unions.

FASCIST SHIP IN NORWAY.

BERGEN, Norway, Sept. 24 (U.P.).—The Citta Di Milano, mother ship and base for rescue work in the Polar dirigible Italia disaster, arrived today. She was given an official reception. The search for members of the dirigible crew virtually is abandoned because of the ... of winter night.

Rebecca Grecht

Candidate for Assembly in the 5th Assembly District, Bronx. New York State Campaign Manager for the Workers (Communist) Party. Leading woman organizer and speaker, active in the recent miners strike and other labor struggles. Member of the District Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of New York.

NEEDLE WORKERS CALL CONFERENCE

Shop Delegates to Lay Plans

Continued from Page One

that only the Workers (Communist) Party supports them in their struggles, and is the only political organization that stands with them in their great task of building a new fighting union of all needle workers.

Outstanding Fighters.

Outstanding fighters in needle trades struggles, workers who have led the cloak and dressmakers and the furriers in their strikes and battles against Tammany injunctions, socialist and A. F. of L. betrayals, and are now leading them in building their new union, are candidates on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, standard-bearers of the only anti-capitalist party in America. These are:

Ben Gold, manager of the New York Joint Board of the Furriers Union, Communist candidate in the Twenty-third Congressional District, Bronx.

Samuel Liebowitz, assistant manager of the Furriers Joint Board, candidate in the Twenty-fourth Congressional District, Bronx.

Charles Zimmerman, manager of the dress department of the Cloak and Dressmakers Union, now part of the needle trades National Organization Committee, and also chairman of the organization committee of the N. O. C., Workers (Communist) Party candidate for assembly in the Fourth Assembly District, Bronx.

Joseph Borochovitz, manager of Local 2, Cloak Operators, of the N. O. C., and also vice-chairman of the National Organization Committee, Communist candidate for state senate in the Twenty-second Senatorial District, Bronx.

Samuel Liptzin, a leader of the tailors in New York, expelled by the union bureaucracy from the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union for his activity in behalf of the tailors and his uncompromising struggle against the Hillman-Beckerman machine, candidate for assembly in the Twenty-second Assembly District, Brooklyn.

These candidates and other leading needle trades fighters will be the principal speakers at the open-air rallies which the Needle Trades Campaign Committee has decided to hold in every section of the city where cloak and dressmakers, furriers, cap and millinery workers, and tailors live. Two such rallies have already been held in the Bronx and in Harlem. Three others are planned for Saturday night, Sept. 29, in Williamsburg, Brownsville and East New York. In addition to these street meetings, which will be held regularly, needle workers' Red Nights are planned. A committee of 75 speakers has been formed to carry the program of the Workers (Communist) Party to the needle workers throughout the city, and mobilize them for support of the Communist candidates.

Indoor Mass Meetings.

Besides the street campaign rallies, indoor mass meetings will be arranged in various sections of the city during the month of October. The Needle Trades Communist Campaign Committee will conduct an intensive drive from now until election day to mobilize the masses of needle workers for the Communist campaign. Vote Communist! is the slogan around which thousands of cloak and dressmakers, furriers, milliners and tailors will be rallied in the elections, to strike a blow against the Tammany and republican machine and the socialist betrayers, who have combined to fight the needle trades progressives, and to protest against the entire capitalist system under which needle trades as well as all other workers suffer.

STORM HALTS FLIGHT.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 24 (U.P.).—Two of four army airplanes which left Mitchell Field today to fly to Pine Camp, were forced down enroute by a sleet storm. One plane was slightly damaged, reports here said, but no injuries resulted.

HOLD BIG RALLY IN RED CAMPAIGN ON FRIDAY NIGHT

Party Nominees to Be Speakers

Continued from Page One

"paradise" in which the American worker lives.

"The shell of the Socialist Party organization is revealed as the instrument of the middle class, the small business man. All pretence at representing the workers was dropped at its last convention when it repudiated the class struggle. The Socialist Party is in open alliance with the trade union bureaucrats to crush all attempts at militant unionism. The fact that Louis Waldman, the Socialist candidate for governor of New York, finds himself in agreement with the republican presidential candidate's views on government and business furnishes fresh proof of the complete degeneration of the Socialist Party, and exposes it fully as an agent of capitalism.

Only Party of Labor.

"The Workers (Communist) Party," the statement concludes, "has faithfully supported the militant struggles of workers against wage-cuts, speed-up, lay-offs, as well as against the company-union, class collaboration policies of the A. F. of L. The Workers (Communist) Party is leading the new union movement which has taken firm root among the most exploited workers, as the coal industry, the textile industry and the needle trades industry. The political platform of the Workers (Communist) Party contains specific workingclass demands on questions which affect the everyday lives of the workers, both in the shops and factories and at home. The Workers (Communist) Party is the only party which represents the workers.

Working Class Platform.

The Red candidates speaking at Friday's huge Red Rally will not only expose the other political parties, but will present the specific demands made by the Workers (Communist) Party for the workers of New York. The questions of unemployment, social legislation, traction, housing, schools, youth and child labor, woman labor, Negroes foreign-born workers, taxation and farmers will be dealt with comprehensively.

The rally will be more than a formal election meeting. It will be a huge demonstration of workers of New York against the capitalist parties, against the petty bourgeois socialist party, against the A. F. of L. class-collaborationists who endorse the candidates of the enemies of the workers, against the use of injunctions, thugs and gangsters in strikes, and against the whole system of capitalist government under which those who produce the wealth of the country receive only the crumbs dropped from the tables of their exploiters.

The workers gathered at the Central Opera House on September 28th will rally to the support of the platform and candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party, the political instrument of the working class, will voice their support of the militant trade union policies advocated by the Workers (Communist) Party for the abolition of the injunction evil, for increased struggle against imperialist wars, for the recognition of the Soviet Union, the first workers' and farmers' republic, and for a workers' and farmers' government in the United States.

The doors of the Central Opera House will be open at 7 p. m. Admission is 25 cents.

Hold Big Building Trades Red Rally

Continued from Page One

ly conservative" by reactionary labor leaders, the workers are showing their dissatisfaction with the policies of their misleaders and a progressive movement is well under way.

Support Foster, Gitlow.

The progressive building trades workers, aware of the endorsement of the capitalist candidates by their bosses and their union misleaders, will support William Z. Foster for president and Benjamin Gitlow for vice president, as well as the other working class candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

It is expected that many carpenters' and painters' locals will endorse the candidates and platform of the Workers (Communist) Party in the election campaign.

Lynn Mayor, Frantic at Rumor of Union Drive, Threatens Martial Law

LYNN, Mass., Sept. 24.—Martial law will be established in Lynn if working class leaders attempt to organize the shoe workers or other workers of this city according to an announcement made today by Mayor Ralph S. Baure.

The frantic statement by the mayor who is also the head of the Public Safety Department was particularly directed against the leaders of the New Bedford Textile strikers following a rumor that they would come to Lynn and organize the underpaid shoe workers.

For Congress

Bertram D. Wolfe, candidate for Congress in the Tenth Congressional District of Brooklyn. Member of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party, and editor of "The Communist," official monthly organ of the Workers (Communist) Party.

WOMEN ORGANIZE IN RED CAMPAIGN

Endorse Workers Party Program

Continued from Page One

federation, Ray Ragozin, is herself a candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party in the 23rd assembly district, Brooklyn.

"The Workers (Communist) Party," according to a statement issued by State Campaign Manager Rebecca Grecht, "will carry on an intensive campaign to place its program before the working women of New York, and enlist their support for the Communist candidates.

"The capitalist parties are making every effort, through postcard campaigns, apron clubs, housewives circles, radio and press propaganda, to win over the women workers, who constitute at least 50 per cent of all the voters of this city.

Rap Boss Parties.

"The government of Al Smith and the republican party of New York state has abolished the 48-hour working week for women, and established by law a 51 to 54 hour week. Thousands of women and young girls employed in the food industry in New York City—National Biscuit Company, Wards' Baking Company, etc.—in the candy, piano, and shoe factories in Long Island City, in the numerous department stores, slaves for the miserable wages of $10 to $12 weekly. Neither the democratic nor the republican parties, nor the socialist party, which omits all mention of the women workers in its national platform, offers them a program for bettering their conditions.

"The Workers (Communist) Party is the only party fighting for all women workers, including among its immediate demands, equal pay for equal work for male and female workers, the organization of women factory and mill workers into fighting unions, the establishment of the 40-hour, 5-day week, vacation with pay six weeks before and six weekr after childbirth.

"Women workers, proletarian mothers and housewives, should support the party of the class struggle and vote Communist in the coming elections."

SLAYER OF MINE LEADERS TRIED

Lewis Held Guilty of Campbell Murder

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Sept. 24 (UP).—The trial of Ralph Mellarissi, of Port Chester, N. Y., on murder charges in connection with the killing of Alex Campbell, of Pittstown, and Peter Reilly, of Inkerman, as they were driving along a Pittstown street last February was to begin today in Luzerne County Court.

Gunmen in an automobile crowded the car in which Campbell and Reilly were riding to the curb and poured a hail of bullets into them. Mellarissi was the only person arrested.

* * *

Guilt Laid to Lewis.

WILKES-BARRE, Sept. 24.—The Lewis machine is held to be the real murderer of Alexander Campbell and Peter Reilly, militant mine leaders of Pittston, for which Ralph Mellarissi, an alleged gangster charged with the actual slaying is to go on trial today.

The corrupt Lewis-Cappellini machine is believed by all informed of conditions to have engineered the murder and to have paid the gunmen who last February riddled the car in which Campbell and Reilly rode with bullets fired from a machine gun. Campbell and Reilly led the fight of the coal diggers against the vicious individual contractor system.

NEGRO WORKERS RESPOND TO RED ELECTION DRIVE

Workers Party Calls for Full Equality

Continued from Page One

where have heard the campaigners of the Workers (Communist) Party, and listened to a presentation of the Communist program with its demands for Negro workers. For the first time, the Negro workers have met a political party that took a firm, four-square stand on full social, political and industrial equality of the Negroes.

As a result, many Negro workers who have attended Communist open-air meetings and bought Communist literature, have joined the Workers (Communist) Party, ready to fight side by side with their white comrades against the exploitation of the bosses. The fact that Negro workers are among the most exploited in the country makes the militant, class struggle platform of the Workers (Communist) Party of vital importance to them.

Harlem Active.

In Negro Harlem the number of Negroes who have joined the ranks of the Communist army of workers have been enough to warrant the opening of a Negro headquarters, at 200 W. 135th Street. In Brownsville, many Negro workers visit the headquarters of the Party at 154 Watkins Street regularly and take a deep interest in the work of the Party. Many have joined. The same is true in Williamsburg, in the heart of which a Negro section is rapidly being build.

Recently special distributions of issues of the Daily Worker, containing articles on subjects vital to Negro workers in New York, have taken place in Negro Harlem, where they have suffered from police brutality and been viciously discriminated against.

The Workers (Communist) Party has chosen three Negro workers as its standard bearers in the elections: Lovett Fort-Whiteman, candidate for State Comptroller; Richard B. Moore, candidate for Congress in the 21st Congressional District and Edward Welch, candidate for Assembly in the 21st Assembly District.

COLD WAVE HITS FRANCE.

PARIS, Sept. 24 (U.P.).—After an unusually hot summer, the first touch of winter visited France today. Heavy snows fell in the Vosges and Alps while Paris shivered in a chilly drizzle. The cold was believed to be due to the aftermath of the recent tropical hurricane.

Juliet Stuart Poyntz

State candidate for Attorney-General. Head of the Women's Department of the Workers' (Communist) Party, member of the District Executive Committee of New York. For many years active in the labor movement in this city. Well known speaker and teacher.

REACTION RULES PLUMBERS' MEET

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ATLANTIC CITY, (By Mail).—Running rough-shod over every constructive proposal and progressive resolution, the Convention of the United Association of Plumbers and Steam Fitters which closed its sessions here Friday, made a record for reaction and betrayal of the workers in the trades.

Resolutions on unemployment relief, against injunctions, for the organization of the unorganized and other progressive measures went down before the steam roller of the official machine. Instead the labor officialdom voted itself an increase in salary averaging about $1,800 per officeholder. President Coefield, who previously was forced to make ends meet on $7,500 a year had himself raised to $10,000; Secretary-treasurer, Thomas E. Burke, was raised from $5,000 to $7,500 and other officers proportionally.

Seven hundred seventy-five delegates from all parts of the United States and Canada including dele-

Continued on Page Three

Chicago Shivers

CHICAGO, Sept. 24 (UP).—Chicago shivered today in the coolest September weather in the history of the government weather bureau. Thermometers registered 36 degrees in the metropolitan district and 32 degrees at the municipal airport, on the outskirts of the city.

WORKERS PARTY SIGNATURE DRIVE SETS NEW RECORD

Many Obtain Totals of 100

One of the outstanding features of the election campaign waged in New York City by the Workers (Communist) Party is the drive made by Party members for signatures to put the national, state and local Communist candidates on the ballot. In two ways have the results of the signature campaign been productive: the response of the Party membership generally which has by far exceeded the response in previous campaigns, and the propaganda work carried on by the Red signature gatherers.

Due to the work of the Communist Party members, a sufficient number of signatures will have been obtained by the end of the drive October 1, to put the Communist candidates of fifteen assembly districts, eight congressional and four senatorial districts on the ballot and also a Communist candidate for Boro president of Queens, notorious for its sewer scandals.

Many Aid in Drive.

The signature drive has been vigorously pushed by the various sections of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York. Competition between the sections has run high, both as to the total number of signatures collected by each section and as to the individual comrade who collects the greatest number. With regards to the latter, the honors seem to be safely in the capable hands of Joe Kiss, member of the Harlem section of the Party, who himself collected 450 signatures.

In the Bronx, where workers, including boys and girls from 16 to 19 years of age—are being exploited under terrible conditions and for low wages in handkerchief and shirt factories, laundries, piano factories, large bakeries and others, the Red platform of the class struggle has this year gained the support of increasingly large numbers of workers. At nightly street corner meetings, workers show by their questions, purchases of literature and contributions, an ever increasing class consciousness.

Distribute Literature.

Communist campaigners engaged in signature work have distributed literature setting forth the demands made by the Communist Party, and have sold platforms of the class struggle to signers. In section 1, downtown Manhattan, fully half the workers who signed the petitions bought copies of the Communist national platform.

In Brownsville, not only has a Communist candidate been put across in the Twenty-second Assembly District, as planned, but due to the good work of the members of Section 8, the Twenty-third Assembly District will also have a Red candidate on the ballot.

The backbone in the signature drive in New York has been sections 2 and 3. These sections have organized themselves into Red Squads which have carried on the signature drive in different sections of the city. On Sept. 30, the last day of the drive, the Red Squads will be subdivided and assigned thruout the city in a final wind-up mobilization.

Anti-Japanese Riots Incited in Hawaii on Kidnapping Case

HONOLULU, Sept. 24 (U.P.).—Myles Yutaka Fukanaga, 19-year-old Japanese student who confessed Saturday night to the kidnaping and slaying of young Gill Jamieson, was held under heavy guard today while authorities sought to prevent demonstrations against Japanese merchants and colonists.

The first instance of anti-Japanese feeling was seen in the invasion of a Japanese restaurant by a mob which destroyed furniture and fixtures of the establishment.

Saturday night, following the youth's confession, 20,000 persons stormed the front of the city jail and were dispersed only when the fire department turned streams of water upon them. Kufanaga later was removed to the penitentiary, to await appearance before the grand jury tonight.

Red Night Saturday in Williamsburg

A Red Night will be held in Williamsburg this Saturday, when a dozen Communist campaigners will present the platform of the class struggle to workers at prominent corners in the section.

The speakers scheduled are William W. Weinstone, Organizer of District 2; David Benjamin, Agit-prop Director of the district; Rebecca Grecht, State Communist Campaign Manager; A. Bimba, Section 6 Organizer and Red candidate in the 13th Brooklyn Assembly District; Fred Biedenkapp, head of the Workers International Relief; Sam Nesen, Red candidate in the 6th Bronx Assembly District; George Preinoff, Leroy, Wright, Vera Bush, and Phil Frankfeld, running in the 3rd Bronx Assembly District.

All the speakers will report at the Williamsburg headquarters, 46 Ten Eyck St., at 7:30 p. m.

FIRE DESTROYS UFA FILMS.

BERLIN, Sept. 24 (U.P.).—Many valuable motion picture films were destroyed tonight when fire gutted the copy department of the Ufa (German Film Company) building at Tempelhof.

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FRIDAY 5TH
SATURDAY 6TH
SUNDAY 7TH

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4 BIG DAYS

Moroccan Tribesmen Start New Offensive Against French Armies Along Algier Border

PLANES BOMBARD NATIVES' CAMPS; REINFORCE ARMY

Tribes, Fully Armed Advance

PARIS, Sept. 24.—The Moroccan tribes are preparing for a united offensive against the French forces and are advancing along the Algiers-Moroccan border, a report received here from Algiers states.

Large armed bands of tribesmen advancing in a coordinated march are reported to the French army headquarters by army fliers who are observing the region. The advance has become so threatening that French headquarters are reported to have sent a squadron of army planes to bombard the tribesmen encamped in the region of Tizi-Msepdount.

Skirmishes between the French troops and the advancing tribes have already occurred at Arbala, where four tribesmen were reported to have been killed. The number of French casualties were not made known.

French military headquarters state that all settlements along the line of march have been fortified, that reinforcements are being held ready and that tanks and airplanes are ready for service.

DEFENSE MEET HELD IN BOSTON

Plan Relief for New Bedford Strikers

BOSTON, Sept. 24.—Extensive plans for defense and relief for the New Bedford strikers were formulated here today at a conference of the New England District of the International Labor Defense, which was attended by 104 delegates from 66 organizations and representing 18,000 members.

Resolutions demanding the release of Mooney and Billings and plans for a membership drive and extending the circulation of the Labor Defender were also adopted.

The new district executive committee of forty members was elected by the conference. Robert Zelms was reelected district organizer, Jessica Henderson, elected district chairman and Rudquist, vice-chairman.

BARES PLOTTING AGAINST U.S.S.R.

Voroshiloff Scores the Polish Attempt

Continued from Page One

ernment that war had not broken out between the two countries, because of the open and secretive provocative actions of the Polish government.

Whatever efforts the Soviet Government made to conclude a commercial treaty with Poland was immediately defeated by the intervention of those capitalist powers.

The signing of the Kellogg pact, remarked Voroshiloff, should show the masses that the Soviet Union was eager for peace, and it was for this reason that the Kellogg pact was joined, although, due to the reservations of the powers, the pact remained nothing but a piece of paper.

Senate Will Select Successor of Calles for President Today

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 24 (U.P.)—The electoral commission of the senate and chamber of deputies held a private session today. Adjournment was taken until late in the afternoon, when the commission will certify formally the death of President-elect Alvaro Obregon.

A joint session of congress then will be called, probably for tomorrow, to select a provisional president. Emilio Portes Gil, secretary of the interior, probably will be chosen.

* * *

Reactionaries Active.

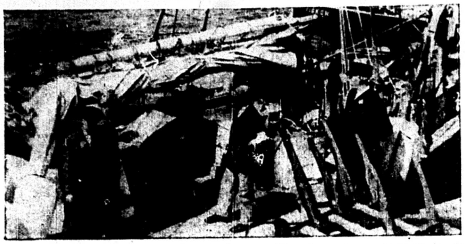
MEXICO CITY, Sept. 24.—A north-bound train for Laredo narrowly escaped being wrecked by counter-revolutionaries, a dispatch to the newspaper Universal from Aguas Calientes said today.

The train had just passed when the reactionaries forced track workers to remove the rails between Encarnacion and Tigre. The band cut the telegraph wires and burned a nearby ranch.

U. S. BRUTAL TO MEXICANS.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 24. (U.P.)—The Mexican Embassy at Washington has been instructed to protest to the State Department against reported ill-treatment of Mexicans by United States immigration officials at the border.

United States Prohibition Bureaucracy



Hundreds of petty officials with a generous sprinkling of gangsters, make up the bureaucracy of so-called prohibition enforcement graft from every source. The service is permeated with graft. Above, dumping $75,000 worth of liquor from a rum runner.

AUSTRIAN "SOCIALISTS" EXTRADITE WORKERS

IN the last few months the situation of the political refugees has become very grave. Formerly political fugitives served a term of three days' imprisonment for having violated the Austrian laws by entering the country without proper papers, and were sure of receiving permission to stay. Now, however, the Austrian authorities use this punishment as an excuse for detaining them and of finally getting rid of them altogether. If the political fugitive appeals then he is held under arrest until the settlement of the matter, which sometimes lasts for months, although an appeal has effect of postponing a sentence. Everyone who has lodged an appeal has the right to stay in Vienna.

But it is not only the general attitude of the authorities to the emigrants which needs attention. The Austrian government is deliberately aiming at abolishing the right of asylum for political refugees altogether by extraditing them to their governments. After the extradition of Bela Kun had been prevented by a storm of protest from all over the world, it was the Austrian representatives at the conference for international law in Warsaw who demanded with reference to this case that such political refugees should be repatriated who were sought for by their own governments for actions threatening human life. This motion was, as is known, adopted by the commission and will determine the new extradition practice unless the working class resist this new move with all possible energy.

The latest happenings in Austria demand close attention from workers in all countries.

The Case of Burcul.

In January 1928, Bartol Burcul, a shoemaker who had fled from Yugoslavia was arrested on the way from Hainborg to Vienna. As Burcul had no identity papers with him the Austrian authorities made enquiries of the Yugoslavian authorities with a view to establishing his identity.

The Yugoslavian government then lodged a request for the extradition of Burcul on the ground that he had participated in a murder. Although the Austrian authorities demanded proofs of this, the government was not able to produce them.

In the meantime the trial of Burcul's fellow accused took place in Yugoslavia. Burcul was tried in his absence, and all the accused who were charged with the same crime as Burcul were sentenced for participating in a strike and for doing bodily harm to strikebreakers. The accused received sentences ranging from three to eight months' imprisonment and some of them were acquitted.

Courts Severe.

The general severity of the Yugoslavian courts against workers is well-known. If these men were sentenced to a few months' imprisonment only, then it is clear that there can be no question whatever of murder. Dr. Valentine Rosenfield the lawyer of Burcul pointed this out to the Austrian authorities and declared that Burcul was sought for by the Yugoslavian authorities for the reason that he was an active trade unionist, and as such had taken a leading part in the workers' strikes.

The Austrian authorities kept Burcul in prison for six months although he had committed nothing for which he could be punished in Austria with more than three days' imprisonment. His lawyer and the Red Aid organization worked unceasingly to secure his release. For a time the Burcul case was developing favorably, for a parcel of underclothing sent to him by the Red Aid was accepted with objection by the prison authorities.

But when on the 28th of July the lawyer of Burcul enquired for him he was informed by the authorities that Burcul had been sent off on that same day to Yugoslavia in the custody of detectives. Burcul was therefore extradited without the authorities even taking the trouble to inform his lawyer of the pending extradition.

The extradition took place although the result of his trial in Yugoslavia showed absolutely clearly that he was not wanted by the Yugoslavian authorities for murder, but for participating in strikes Burcul was therefore obviously a political fugitive, and as such had the right to asylum in Austria.

FARMERS RALLY TO RED TICKET

Fake Progressives are Scored

Continued from Page One

as dead as the proverbial dodo and Mr. Townley, who was once hailed as the saviour of the masses, is going around with his nose to the earth smelling for hidden oil veins in the wide-open spaces of the Dakotas. The farmers had a costly lesson in non-partisan politics.

Fake Progressives.

After the collapse of the non-partisan bubble the poor farmers turned to the farmer-labor party, but owing to the backsliding of the fake labor progressives who originally supported the movement, and the return of the alleged progressive farm leaders to the republican and democratic parties, there is now little left of that movement.

The farmers of North Dakota as well as of the surrounding states are now turning to the Workers (Communist) Party for political leadership. The republican party has persistently refused to give them any relief, Coolidge vetoing even the watery McNary-Haugen bill and Hoover pledging himself to carry out the Coolidge policies. Al Smith, the democratic candidate, the other Wall Street candidate, is trying to win the farmers' vote with vague promises that he will do something for them after election.

The socialist party is only a little to the left of the democratic party on the farming problem. It favors the McNary-Haugen bill which Al Smith also supports in principle. It favors the cooperation of the federal government with farm organizations to eliminate the uncertain income of the farmer and reducing the number of middlemen who levy tribute on the farmers' products. It favors federal insurance against drouth, hail, storm and flood.

There is no more hope for the farmers in the socialist party program than in the programs of the republican and democratic parties.

The National Platform of the Workers (Communist) Party after analyzing the plight of the farmer, placing the blame of his condition on the shoulders of trust monopoly, calls on the farmers to break off their alliance with the bankers and other factors of big business and must form an alliance with the working class. The fate of the anaemic McNary-Haugen "relief bill" is given as proof that they can expect nothing except kicks from the political parties of Wall Street. The Workers (Communist) Party only correctly diagnoses the farmers' ills and prescribes the right remedy. The Workers Party program on the farm question follows:

1. A five-year moratorium on farm mortgage debts, including debts on chattels.
2. Protection of the working farmer against monopoly prices. Essential lowering of the prices of all trust products which the farmer uses.
3. Protection of the farmer against special exploitation by distributing agencies of production, by railroads, meat packers, milk trusts, and grain elevator combines.
4. Federal law for the creation of a special farm relief fund of $1,000,000,000 to relieve the conditions of the tenant and mortgaged farmers, the fund to be administered by organization of working farmers.
5. Federal law against forced farm foreclosures.
6. Abolition of all federal and local taxes on working and tenant farmers.
7. The land to belong to its users.
8. Complete freedom to organize and strike for the agricultural workers. Federal law to guarantee a seven-hour maximum working day and a 48-hour weekly rest for all agricultural workers. Yearly vacation with pay for all farm laborers. Extension to agricultural workers of all benefits of social insurance and labor protection legislation demanded for industrial workers.

REACTION RULES PLUMBERS' MEET

Officialdom Crushes All Militancy

Continued from Page One

gations from Honolulu and Hawaii attended the convention which began on September 17 and closed on the 21st.

Leading the opposition to the machine was Delegate Moser of Local 123 of Philadelphia on whom the attack of the officialdom was centered. Throughout the convention it was evident that there was present a large opposition which, however, was not organized and none of whose members would fight consistently for its policies.

Slap at Matt Woll.

The strength of the opposition was indicated when a plea made before the convention by Matthew Woll for an insurance scheme to be fostered by his Labor Life Insurance Company, was overwhelmingly defeated. Woll pleaded and according to his own words "had prayed again and again" that the delegates accept the proposition. In his plea he was joined by the reactionary Burke and Coefield, but the delegates voted as a body to reject the insurance scheme.

Delegate Moser brought in a resolution against injunctions urging mass violation as the only effective means of combatting the evil. This was attacked as a "Communistic proposal" and Moser was accused of being a Communist, the evidence offered being the fact that he was a member of the rank and file trade union delegation which a number of unions several months ago sent across to make an investigation of conditions in the Soviet Union.

Consistent Reaction.

A resolution for the relief of unemployed fared equally. Forced to make some gesture towards the 5-day week, the machine made a nominal acceptance of another resolution by delegate Moser, advocating this measure.

A long report to the convention by Secretary-Treasurer Thomas F. Burke for the Executive Board was labeled by progressive delegates, who expressed their views outside the convention, as "a masterpiece of class collaboration sell-out."
FOSTER VISITS

Bolivian Government Reports Revolt Was Suppressed; Jail Many

LA PAZ, Bolivia, Sept. 24.—The government reported that Bolivia was tranquil today, and that the revolutionary conspiracy that the police had said they had discovered last week had been suppressed.

It is known here that some arrests have been made and that the government has taken police and military precautions.

HUGE TRUST TO FIGHT BRITISH WORKERS LOOMS

Melchett Suggests Combine Scheme

LONDON, Sept. 24.—As the world conference of leading mining and electrical power industrialists is about to meet here Lord Melchett and his committee has suggested that all fuel producing companies "co-operate" in the installation of the most modern methods. The plan suggests a nationwide trust that will put still more of the British workers out of work.

According to Lord Melchett, the only way for England to solve her economic problem and the general demoralization of the mining industry is to combine all the powers of the leading industrialists, combine mines and plants and draw up a strong entrenchment of trusts. His idea is to combine coal mines, coke-ovens, blast furnaces, steel furnaces, rolling mills and power stations into a thorough-going rationalization of all these industries.

This plan is only a part of the scheme suggested by the gas and electric companies, chemical manufacturers and oil men. If it goes into effect it would mean, according to the opinion of workers' leaders here that one of the largest bosses' organizations ever created would result with the concommitant co-operation of the ever-willing British government and its courts.

The Melchett plan makes no provisions for the mass of workers who would be left idle if this plan ever went into effect.' The army of unemployed has already assumed threatening proportions and some conservatives have expressed the opinion that if this army is added to, as a trustification would assure, the British government would be in immediate danger.

* * *

LONDON, Sept. 24 (UP).—Representatives of 47 countries gathered today for a discussion of international fuel problems. The meeting is under the auspices of the world power conference. Lord Reading presided at the opening meeting at the Imperial Institute. O. C. Merrill represented the United States.

Foster Visits Mooney in Cell

Continued from Page One

were also made out.

At a workers' press picnic yesterday Foster exposed the fakers of the republican, democratic and socialist parties in a speech lasting an hour and a half. He outlined the Workers Party program and declared that this was the only program that a class-conscious worker could support.

The picnic was preceded by an automobile parade to the picnic grounds, the Communist candidate being frequently applauded on the way.

A worker who said he had been a member of the socialist party for 28 years pledged his support to the Communist campaign. A collection of $150 was made at the picnic.

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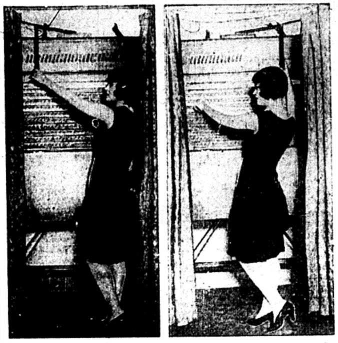
How to Vote for Foster and Gitlow



Above is a graphic demonstration of how to use the automatic voting machines. Great care should be taken not to waste the ballot by going thru wrong operations. Note the demonstrator above; first she pulls the lever that closes the curtain. In the second picture she places the pointners on the names of Foster and Gitlow and other candidates of the Workers Party, and then pulls the lever that registers her ballot.

"SOCIALISTS" FIGHT WOMEN WORKERS

For the past three years attendance at the annual conference of British Labor Women has steadily declined. This year, at the gathering at Portsmouth there were only 656 delegates instead of 861 as in 1925.

It convened in a body called the Standing Joint Committee of Industrial Women's Organizations and other groups, such as, women's sections of the Labor Party, socialist and cooperative societies, and trade unions entitled to representation. But they do not get it if they are Left Wingers. No members of the Communist Party or sympathizers of the Party are allowed as delegates. The conference this year was kept well under the control of the official reactionary Labor Party group.

Results Expected.

The result so far as action is concerned can be readily imagined. And since the right wing control has been growing stronger during the part few years, it explains the falling off in attendance. The average working woman is disgusted with a conference such as the one at Portsmouth this year which used the plea of unity in view of the approaching general election to put over all the reformist policies of the Labor Party, at the same time breaking the real unity of the working women by expelling the Left Wingers.

The conference supported the Labor Party's "belief" in the ultimate nationalization and scientific reorganization of the coal industry, but did nothing about immediate relief for the miners thereby showing greater interest in the welfare of the mine owners than in the miners.

Fight U. S. S. R.

The Standing Joint Committee proposed a committee for the popularization of the Kellogg peace proposals, but refused to listen to one delegate's call for support of the Soviet Government's proposals for world peace, disarmament. By this action the conference became an instrument of the imperialist nations to fool the workers into believing that the imperialists are anxious to bring peace, and can bring it to the world. The conference lost a splendid opportunity of showing up the imperialists who, in rejecting the Soviet peace proposals, really reject peace.

But in spite of the effort made to keep out any delegates who would oppose the reactionary officials, there wa sa very evident dissatisfaction with conference policies. There was criticism of Margaret Bondfield who signed the new act on unemployment which is forcing young girl workers to lives of prostitution.

TWO DICTATORS SIGN PACT FOR BALKAN POLICY

Mussolini Wins Greek Ruler, Venizelos

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Sept. 24.—According to dispatches received here from Rome, Venizelos, dictator of Greece, has signed his first agreement on his tour of European countries, having signed a pact of "non-aggression" and "friendship" with dictator Mussolini of Italy.

Following the recognition of the fascists' crowned kingdom of Albania, by the Greek dictatorship, it was evident that Venizelos had been brought into line and would sooner or later sign a pact that would, if not co-operate with, at least permit the Italian dictatorship full freedom in its exploitation of the countries bordering on the Mediterranean and Adriatic seas. Such a move would be considered by the French government as an encroachment on the French interests in the Balkans and its colonies in Africa.

The treaty just signed shows full evidence of being a pact that not only allows Mussolini freedom of action in the Balkans, and perhaps certain concessions in Greece, but even promises to pave the way for a united front of the Italian and Greek governments in the Balkans and Mediterranean, and is being interpreted by many observers as a definite move against the French interests, now combined with the British, and against the ambitions of the Belgrade regime of Yugoslavia.

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Beatings and Slavery Form "Benevolence" in City Hospital, Correspondent Write

PATIENTS LIVE IN CONSTANT FEAR ON RANDALL ISLE

$45 a Month Is Wage of Employes

By a Woman Worker Correspondent

The New York City Children's Hospital, better known as Randall's Island is typical of the hypocrisy of capitalist "benevolence." Many of the patients have to do the hardest and dirtiest kind of work, altho they receive not a cent of wages and are given the very poorest grade of food and clothing.

A number of the patients are classified as feeble-minded, i.e., many of them were feeble-minded enough to be caught playing some kid's trick and were then committed to this hell from which there seems to be no redemption by some learned and respectable Tammany judge. Yet their so-called feeble-mindedness does not save them from torturous long hours of labor nor prevent the bosses, male and female, from inflicting severe punishment on them for the slightest error in the hard and strenuous work.

Stops Beating.

A few months ago a plumbers helper had to violate the rules and regulations of the place and take his chance of getting fired by rushing into the building to prevent what probably have been the murder of one of the patients by his boss. For this act the helper is said to have received a severe reprimand. But the semi-savage boss who inflicted the punishment is still on the job.

Physical abuse seems to be the favorite brand of medicine. Patients live in a state of perpetual anxiety, ever in anticipation of the next beating or humiliation to which they may be subjected. The ribs and other parts of the body become targets for the punches and kicks of the bosses. One patient asked, "What could our boss do with his kicks and punches if we had no ribs?"

$45 Per Month.

In this dumping-ground of capitalist wreckage the non-civil service employes are paid only $45 per month, with the exception of a few old cronies who have succeeded in "working their way up" in the bosses' estimation. Yet these poorly paid employes do most of the mechanical work, especially the manual part of it, while the bosses are discussing the coming election prospects for Tammany Hall.

Boss Hope of the laundry department is reputed to be one of the most cruel on the island. In his department are many patients who are compelled to do the filthiest and hardest work. In addition Hope's chosen form of amusement is to beat them around with a broom.

Boss Sargent of the mechanical department, due to his arrogance and egoism, is alleged to be one of the most notorious slave-drivers on the island. He is an individual of the cringing type, who will crawl to those above him and crush, if possible, those below him. His face and foghorn voice are used to spread fear amongst his slaves. Some of them call him "Ivan the Terrible."

Boss Turner of the agricultural gang watched his men as closely as a bird of prey would watch its next intended victim. He stands over his men all day long as erect as a pirate.

Meat Is "Profane."

The dietician runs her department in accordance with strict jesuitical rules. The unholy odor of meat is not allowed to profane the kitchen or dining-room Fridays or Roman fast days. Yet those who work for her do not hesitate to say that her attitude does not comply with the so-called christian principles.

This Island is not lacking in the modern means of capitalist propaganda. It is well equipped with the movies, radio and churches, all intended to befog the minds of the workers and keep them from doing any serious thinking.

This capitalist propaganda is not, however, having its full effect. Many of the workers are class-conscious and those who are not are conscious of their degradation. They know just what to expect. They regard the bosses and the management of the place as the meek and obedient cubs of the Tammany tiger.

The Daily Worker, though it has to be taken there and read in secret, is nevertheless the most influential newspaper among the workers. This we cannot fail to consider a bright indication. It indicates that the fast looming on the horizon are the rays of proletarian emancipation.

C. B.

MEXICO FLOOD TAKES TOLL.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 24 (U.P.)—Fifty lives were reported lost in the Tuxpan flood region, unconfirmed advices to the newspaper Excelsior said. Extensive damage from floods and storms on the west coast also was reported in dispatches from Jalisco and Nayarit.

FASCIST PRINCE TO WED

ROME, Sept. 24 (UP).—The engagement of Crown Prince Humbert and Princess Marie Jose of Belgium probably will be announced in about [illegible] weeks, the United Press was informed on good authority today.

Imperialists at German Steamship Launching

German capitalism is once more gradually taking steps to regain the world position it held before the war. Particular emphasis is being placed on airplane and naval construction. At right, above, three imperialists, the United States ambassador Schurmann, President Heinecken of the North German Lloyd line, and Admiral Zenker of the Lloyd liner Europa, on the ways, at left.

DIARY OF YOUNG MILL MILITANT

Pioneer Delegate at Convention

By EMILY AMARAL

(Age 13—Pioneer representative at Textile Convention).

There is a big crowd in the hall. Weisbord was the first speaker. He spoke about the New Bedford strike, the U. T. W. and the A. F. T. O. He showed very plainly that they were fakers. He spoke about the increase of horse-power and the speed-up system which occurred after the war. He also spoke about the old unions who died. As it was near seven o'clock we closed the first session to eat our supper. The second session opened at eight o'clock. Fred Beale was elected chairman. Weisbord concluded his speech. Weibord said that seventeen per cent of the mills in New England are cotton mills. There are 190,000 workers in Massachusetts. He talks about the ten per cent wage cut. He said the cops are trying to hurt all the picket lines. We are to hold a national textile union throughout the country.

Pioneer Speaks

Anna Rodgurdos, a pioneer from Fall River gave a report on Fall River. She told about the action of the teacher against the children. A teacher hit a boy because he was a member of the T. M. C.

Mac Shawmutt (Shachtman) from the International Labor Defense praises Textile Mills Committee and will help them to organize the textile workers who have been fighting militantly for their rights. The I. L. D. is fighting to get Tom Mooney out frob behind the prison bars. It will also free all the working people who have been arrested fighting for a good living. The I. L. D. was trying to free Sacco and Vanzetti from the electric chair; but you know the result.

"Lewis Rotten"

Beale: Lewis is as rotten as Batty. He is the official of the old miners' union.

Mrs. Bluett: (Bloor) the miners are all looking at us textile strikers. Mr. Lewis hasn't any rank and file. The miners of new union wouldn't let Lewis and gang with clubs, black-jacks get in the hall. Lewis shot George Meraine (Moran) and he died. Miners had a big funeral and decided to make a great big union. The new unions stand for the working class and the old unions are for the capitalist class.

Walter Burke, secretary of the Labor Sports Union. Three years old. Aim against the bosses sport organizations because the bosses prevent them from organizing themselves into a good labor union.

Gustiat former president of U. T. W:. The Passaic workers understand our troubles and are one hundred per cent behind us strikers. McMahon and his officials thought they could break the spirit of the strikers. Many members fought with the officials of the United Textile Workers. When the officials wouldn't do what was the right the members quit. McMahon proposes to organize the south. How? McMahon will talk to the bosses, churches and business men and when a strike comes to that city. McMahon will sell out.

Murdoch Speaks.

Murdoch given fifteen minutes to speak. The New Bedford strike was the first step to put the bosses in their place. The vote for strike taken in Fall River stolen by Tansy. Batty wanted to postpone counting the New Bedford votes for strike. We had only three hundred members at the beginning of the strike. Our first meeting was picketed by Batty because Batty wanted no strike. When Batty told the workers to stay in bed in the morning, T. M. C. said, "Out in the picket line. Keep the mill gates shut." 23 weeks since strike began and we are still sticking with the T. M. C. Over seven hundred fifty arrested for picket line activity. Police beat up. Pinto, 62 years old, in jail. Our relief has been very small because Batty and McMahon. Our aim in this strike is to build one national union.

Reed, Fall River: Last strike in Fall River was 24 years ago. Mr. Tansey, president of T. Council. He was a police commissioner. Fall River had ten per cent cut after Lowell.

Sam Bramhall was leader in 1919 Lawrence strike. When Reed was talking in the Common the cops did not like it. They wanted to arrest him but had no warrant. He didn't go. Two deaths in Lawrence strike. One woman shot by police and one man by trial. Hopes that this meeting will bring forth an organization that will put fear in the hearts of the bosses. Bosses planted dynamite in the Lawrence strike.

ITALIAN WORKERS ALWAYS FACE ARREST

ROME, (By Mail).—The Italian workers are living in constant fear of arrest at any moment. The country is filled with spies, and any remark unfavorable to Mussolini may be a cause for years of imprisonment.

Sentences of twelve years were given to workers for taking part in a conference of the Communist Party, altho the Party was legal at that time.

A few of the sentences recently handed out, follow:

April 23, 1928. Accused: the workers Marcello Gorniero and Gino Quintavalle. The former was charged with having had in his room four leaflets and a number of the "Battaglie Sindicali" (TU organ). The second accused was charged with having often met Gorniero in a public house. Sentences: Gorniero 4 years hard labor, Quintavalle 1 year hard labor.

("Corriere della Sera, 4-24-28.)

April 23, 1928. Accused: the social democratic workers Mario Molteni, Angelo Rainoldi and Pietro Zanoni. The accused were charged with having received Communist leaflets. Sentences: Molteni 7 years and 6 months hard labor, Rainoldi and Zanoni 2 years hard labor each.

("Corriere della Sera, 4-24-28.)

6 Years for Leaflets.

April 25, 1928. Accused: the workers Angelo Scucchia and Libero Stagnetti. Stagnetti without having denounced the latter to the police. Scucchia 6 years and 3 months hard labor, Stagnetti 1 year and 3 months hard labor.

("Corriere della Sera" 4-26-28).

April 25, 1928. Accused: the transport worker Antonio Dell'Aglio of having "with persons unknown considered the advisability of actions calculated to let loose civil war and insurrection against the state power." Sentence: 7 years and 6 months hard labor.

("Corriere della Sera" 4-26-28).

April 25, 1928. Accused: 16 Communist workers from Apulia. According to the evidence of the police inspector Vincenzo Grano, the police had learned that for some time preparatory sessions had been held for the organization of a conference on June 20, 1926 at which conference a revolutionary action on a large scale was to be discussed. Grano then caused the conference hall to be surrounded and arrested everyone in it.

The conference in question was a normal district conference of the Italian Communist Party which at the time was perfectly legal, it being prohibited only on November 9 1926.

Eduardo Voccolo, 12 years and 6 months hard labor; Giuseppe La Torre, 12 years and 3 months hard labor; Consiglio Carmignani, 6 years and 8 months hard labor; Angelo de Roma, 6 years and 3 months hard labor; Attilio Viola, 6 years and 3 months hard labor; Francesco Nardelli, 6 years and 3 months hard labor; Giuseppe Guardino, 5 years hard labor; Pietro Dal Conso, 4 years and 2 months hard labor; Rodolfo Raffoni, 4 years and 2 months hard labor; Fosco Marinelli, 4 years and 2 months hard labor; Egidio Valeri, 4 years hard labor; Olimpio Crocicchia, 3 years and 4 months hard labor; W. Voccoli, 3 years hard labor; Francesco Manzi, 2 years hard labor; Maria Schirano, 2 years hard labor. Total 87 years hard labor.

("Corriere della Sera" 4-29-28)

FIND LOST FLYERS

TORONTO, Sept. 24 (UP).—After they had been lost for eight days, Squadron Commander A. E. Godfrey and his three companions have been found, General A. D. McRae reported today.

MILITANT GIVES BOSSES EARFUL

Tells Them Real Facts of Situation

(By a Worker Correspondent)

At a convention of welfare people, employers and employment directors and agencies, Sadie Van Veen, an uninvited guest, delivered an address on unemployment at the Hollenden Hotel, which threw the convention into an uproar.

After listening in for some time Comrade Van Veen asked for the floor and before the chairman could be instructed by Cleveland officials who had good reason to remember the activities of the Cleveland Council of the Unemployed, Comrade Van Veen spoke as follows:

Can't Eat Statistics.

Statistics are important, very important, she said, "and it is well to know figures and know how many are at work and how many are idle. But statistics alone will not solve the problem. We have to face facts and not hide our heads, like the ostrich, pretending nothing is wrong."

"What are the facts?"

"The Cleveland Press some months ago pointed out that the present unemployment is not that which periodically attacks the country, but that the present situation is a permanent condition and will only be obviated by deep-going changes and the reorganization of industry, and the Press was right."

Comrade Van Veen then proceeded briefly and clearly to analyse industrial conditions and to give the prime cases for unemployment together with possible relief measures such as unemployment insurance, reduction of hours, increase in wages and no overtime. She ended by remarking:

"I do not know what you intend to do. I do not know how deep you intend to go. But unless you understand these facts and analyse the situation as it is and face it, you will not be able to relieve the unemployment of this country nor bring work to the millions now idle, nor help to the suffering families of the unemployed."

Comrade Van Veen then referred to the heads of organized charities who were present as well as the head of the Cleveland city employment bureau, saying:

"We cannot hold these gentlemen responsible. If there is no work, jobs cannot be made by the heads of these departments. The city manager told us last year that the city had no method and no means of caring for the unemployed and he was right. The city has not."

"In the meantime, there are three million people without work and this problem will have to be faced."

The speaker had hardly ended when three pompous and prosperous gentlemen were on their feet vociferously denying that unemployment was very severe or that there was any reason for alarm. They declared that hereafter only invited delegates would be allowed the floor.

The convention will continue to babble for another day about statistics, bureaus and charities. In the mean time unemployment continues and there is no cause, say the well fed gentlemen, to worry much.

WILL FIGHT FAKE PROGRESSIVES IN MIDDLE WEST

Watkins and Olander Lead Struggle

(By a Worker Correspondent)

WINONA, Minn. (By Mail).—Hundreds of copies of the Daily Worker were given out free by members of the Young Workers League to the delegates of the forty-sixth convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor, and to workers of this city who attended the meeting at which Henrick Shipstead, the betrayer of the workers and farmers of Minnesota, spoke.

Shipstead has the full support of the executive council of the A. F. of L., according to a statement made by Paul Smith, a flunkey of William Green's.

This is clear evidence that the A. F. of L. reactionaries are determined to destroy their independent political movement of the workers and farmers of Minnesota and make it the tail-end of the republican party.

W. Watkins, of the Switchmen's Union, whose credentials were rejected by the convention, spoke in an open-air meeting to delegates who had the courage to listen. Watkin's voice, being unusually strong, attracted the delegates in the hotel, who sat on the window ledges.

Watkins denounced President Hall as a misleader of labor. Paul Smith, personal representative of President Green, was also scored for concealing and misrepresenting the struggle of the miners. Victor Olander was taken to task for advising the delegates to go slow in their attacks on equity courts and for saying that these courts "protect property rights." "These are the emissaries of big business," Watkins said, "because the workers have no property and hence no rights."

Watkins was accused of having his name on the letter-head of the Workers (Communist) Party appealing for funds to support Foster and Gitlow. He said that he did not know that his name was on this letter-head, but, if it was, it was all right with him. If the misleaders of labor can support Al Smith or Herbert Hoover, then he was proud to be found supporting real workers, class candidates, and not those who aid in crushing the workers when they are on strike. Foster and Gitlow each have a history of service to the working class and represent the only program that offers hope for the emancipation of the workers and working farmers of the United States.

Watkins also extolled the achievements of the Soviet Union. He urged its recognition and said that he would not lose any opportunity to defend the workers of the Soviet Union. The meeting will surely have a beneficial effect.

—WORKER-COR.

"This Thing Called Love"

Edwin Burke's Comedy Brings Few Blushes But Many Giggles

A subject that has made fortunes for clever novelists, playwrights and go-getting philosophers is the current magnet at the Maxine Elliott Theatre with Violet Heming and Minor Watson doing the heavy work on the stage and getting the twelve point caps on the bill of fare.

What Burke did is to try to demonstrate that two people who love one another are in need of police protection more than seclusion after the first half a dozen thrills loosen up their eyeballs making it possible for the optics to look appraisingly on animated specimens of humanity other than whatever unit of the species happened to have produced that fixed stare and the heart with the regular beat.

In order to accomplish his worthy aim Burke introduces his audience to a couple that enjoy silk pajamas, lounge suits and cocktails—in fact everything but connubial felicity. What they don't say to each other by way of invective is due to ignorance and not to lack of intent. Divorce is the only way out but it looks at times as if the undertaker would arrive before the divorce judge.

Thanks to the arrival of Tice Collins an American who made a fortune in Peru, the shooting did not take place and the first couple were allowed to take a rest behind the back drop while Violet Heming as Ann Marvin and Minor Watson as Tice Collins did their bit. And it must be said that they did it well. Miss Marvin, good to look at, well-spoken and cool, smote Mr Collins a heavy blow on his emotional gizzard by a mere wiggling of her eyebrows. He went down like an elevator shaft. Mr. Collins is the big Peruvian with more money than he knows what to do with. Being a matter-of-fact sort of a fellow as would be expected from one not acquainted with the niceities of polite society he does not waste any time making love but pops the question. Miss Marvin finally accepts on a sort of companionate marriage basis, with the difference that Mr. Collins pays her $25,000 a year and expenses. A labor faker's pay for a wife is not so bad.

In return for the $25,000 Miss Marvin was to play the role of wife with the privilege of receiving whatever boy friend she happened to be interested in. Ditto for Mr. Collins. An amusing incident occurred when Mr. Collins emerging from the bath room found his wife in the arms of her boy friend. Mr. Collins apologized and retreated. Later on when the boy friend found Mr. Collins embracing Mrs. Collins the boy friend expressed indignation and returned with a gun to shoot the impudent husband who had the nerve to kiss his own wife.

The fun almost stopped when Collins and his wife fell in love with each other and used up a lot of good time talking the usual nonsense. But hardly had they decided to kill everybody who dared step between them than jealousy with the persistence of an insurance agent inserted his cloven hoof into the slightly open door and from then on it was a regular marriage.

The play is excellently acted. Deserving special mention are: J. B. Brewer as the butler, Ruth Garland as the gossiping nitwit wife of a henpacked husband, Juliette Day, the attractive and agreeably pajamad stage wife of Malcoln Duncan, Henry Whittemore as the boy friend and Enid Romany as Miss Alvarez, who tossed the apple of jealousy wherever she went, and whose lot was to be beloved by men and hated by women.

Lots of fun in "This Thing Called Love" but not much food for the serious thinker.—T. J. O'F.

GUTHRIE McCLINTIC

Co-featured with Fay Bainter in "Jealousy", a new play by Eugene Walter, opening tonight at the Eltinge Theatre.

Republicans and Monarchists Riot In Berlin Streets

BERLIN, Sept. 23 (UP).—German political opponents—members of the Steel Helmet and members of the Reichsbanner—engaged in a street battle which lasted several hours late today.

Thirty persons were injured and several buildings demolished in the rioting.

The clash occurred in Spandau, a suburb of Berlin, and grew from a minor disturbance over political issues to an uncontrolled riot.

CHAMBER MUSIC CONCERTS FOR WORKERS AND STUDENTS

The People's Symphony Concerts announce for 1928-1929 a series of six chamber music concerts for students and workers at the Washington Irving High School, 16th Street and Irving Place. The series includes the Letz Quartett, November 9th; David & Clara Mannes, December 21; Chamber Music Society, Jan. 18; Sittig Trio, Feb. 1; Hart House Quartett, Mar. 15; Stringwood Ensemble, April 5. Students and workers, teachers, artists, and professional people may secure club subscriptions to the above six concerts for $1.00 at the office of the People's Symphony Concerts, 32 Union Square.

AMUSEMENTS

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 42nd St. and Broadway IT'S A HIT 2nd BIG WEEK
"THRILLING—REALISTIC"—NEW YORK TIMES
"Q SHIPS"
AUTHENTIC — ACTUAL THRILLING SUBMARINE WARFARE!
EXTRA ADDED FEATURE— "KILLING THE KILLER" A Cobra and Mongoose Fight to Death

LYCEUM Thea. W. 45 St., Eves.8.30 Mats., Wed. & Sat. 2.30
GEO. M. COHAN Presents
WALTER HUSTON IN ELMER THE GREAT
RING LARDNER'S AMERICAN PLAY

Arthur Hopkins Presents
'MACHINAL'
A new play in two parts and ten scenes by Sophie Treadwell
Plymouth Thea. W.45thSt Evs.8.30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2.30

SHUBERT Thea. 44, W.of B'way.Ev. 8.30;Mats.Wed.,Sat.2.30
GUY ROBERTSON ODETTE MYRTIL DE WOLF HOOPER
in a musical romance of Chopin
WHITE LILACS

Maxine Elliott's Thea., W. 39th St. Evenings 8.30, Mats. Wed. & Sat.
"Intelligent Entertainment."—Mantle, News.
This THING CALLED Love
A New Comedy Hit by Edwin Burke with Violet Heming & Minor Watson.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER IN ITS REVISED FORM?
CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Evs. 8.30 Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play

Theatre Masque 45th St., West of Broadway Evs. 8.30; Mats.: Wed. & Sat. 2.30
"Goin' Home"
"Exciting Stuff"—The New Yorker.

'A Clean Hit', Winchell, Graph.
EVA THE 5th
with CLAIRBORNE FOSTER
LITTLE W.44thSt.Eves.8.30 Mats.Wed.&Sat.2.30

CENTURY Thea., Central Pk. W. & 62 St. Eves. 8.30 Mats. Wed. and Sat.
THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN

Martin Beck Thea.45St.&8Av.Evs. 8.40.Ma.Sat.,Wed.2.40
NITE HOSTESS
by Philip Dunning
Staged by Winchell Smith
Produced by JOHN GOLDEN.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEORGE OLSEN'S MUSIC.

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"S. S. MAURETANIA"
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Acceptance Speeches
Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

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In lots of 100 or more 30 per cent off.

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NEW YORK, N. Y.

All orders must be accompanied by payment

Bowen, Head of Bricklayers Union, Gets Graft Job as President Emeritus

ASSIGN TASKS, PLAN NEXT STEPS OF TEXTILE UNION

Executive Committee of 11 Elected

Continued from Page One

post of secretary-treasurer after the three vice-presidents were chosen.

Gustav Deak, leader of the former Passaic U. T. W. locals, Ellen Dawson, heading women's work, and William T. Murdoch, were chosen by a unanimous vote as first, second and third vice-presidents respectively.

Cheer Council Members.

Just before adjournment, the convention elected the National Council of 32, 30 of whom later came up to the platform to be cheered by the assemblage. Two were missing because of a place reserved for the Paterson silk workers who are organized into the Associated Silk Workers. That union had sent "observers" to the convention to report back, so that the question of affiliation can be discussed.

The National Council membership consists of Samieras, Beal, Heimat, Hegelias, John Porter (who was elected amid great applause despite his absence because he is serving a jail term of two years), Karas, Conroy, Boya, Troya, Keller, Zarni, Rusco, Chernov, Coireia, Weissman, Builak, Girard, Zolar, Skoloniskas, Feirera, Canni, Lamieras, Zifk, Rubenstein, Zoika, Rappaport, Figuerido, Mendes, Carter, Gonzales, Markham, Lipschitz and Giaca.

After the convention had adjourned, the delegates from the strike centers of Fall River and New Bedford crowded into several trucks and autos to begin a wearying all-night ride back to the picket lines. The delegates piled in, making Union Square ring with the songs of the strike. Crowds of New York workers gave them a rousing sendoff from in front of the Daily Worker building.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

[illegible]ier Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro-Bidjan.

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

Banquet at Brighton Beach.

Saturday, Oct. 13, at 8:30 p. m., a Chinese supper and an interesting concert will be given by the Workers' Club, Brighton Beach.

Anti-Imperialist Membership Meet.

A meeting will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. in the Labor Temple, 242 E. 14th St., New York City, a membership meeting of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League will be held, with Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the league presiding. Harry Gannes, acting secretary of the United States section of the league and Robert Dunn, author of "America's Foreign Investments" will be the principal speakers. Discussion from the floor. Friends and sympathizers are invited.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

The annual Proletarian Autumn Revel of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense will be held Saturday evening, Oct. 27, at 8:30 at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Prizes will be given for the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

* * *

Brownsville Color Light Dance.

A Color Light Dance will be held Oct. 20 at the Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., under the auspices of the Young Workers Social Culture Club.

* * *

I. L. D. Open-Air Meeting.

The Bronx Sacco-Vanzetti Branch will hold an open-air meeting on Thursday, Sept. 27th at 8:30 p. m. at 63rd St. and Prospect Ave. I. Zimmerman, M. Sumner and S. LeRoy will speak on the subject of "Capitalist Justice in the U. S."

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Fascists, Priests Combine Against Workers

Photo shows New York fascists, leaders of the semi-religious society of St. Gennaro, in front of a picture of the "saint". Leaders of the fascisti in New York include many priests. The priests and Italian politicians in New York conspire to keep the Italian workers in fealty to the Mussolini government, not stopping at terroristic methods against militant workers.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 30 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

Night Workers Branch.

Night Workers Branch will meet tomorrow at 3 p. m. at 26 Union Square, 6th floor.

* * *

Branch 2, Section 8 Meet.

A special meeting of the unit will be held today at 8 p. m., at 511 Hendrix St.

* * *

Women's Work Notice.

A special meeting of all unit Women's Work organizers, fraction secretaries, and representatives of language bureaus will be held tomorrow evening, 7:30 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, Room 603. The political campaign and general women's work for the year will be discussed. All must attend.

* * *

Central Body, U. C. W. W.

The Central Body of the United Councils of Working Class Women will meet Thursday, 8 p. m., at Room 602, Workers Center. Organizers, secretaries, delegates must attend. Members are welcome.

* * *

Section 7 Membership Meet.

A membership meeting of Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tomorrow evening, 8 p. m., at 1965 Bath Ave., Brooklyn. All members must attend.

* * *

Subsection 3C Meet.

All units of Subsection 3C will meet today, 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. Campaign directors will turn in their reports. All members must be present.

* * *

Subsection 3C Executive.

The Executive Committee of Subsection 3C will meet tomorrow at 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. Important reports will be forthcoming, and all members of the committee must be present.

* * *

Unit 5F, 3D.

A special meeting will be held tomorrow at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. for Party accounting work.

7F S1.

An important meeting of Unit 7F S1 will be held at 6:30 p. m. today at 60 St. Marks Place.

International Branch 1.

Meeting of International Branch 1, Section 1D, will be held tomorrow at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

Section 2 Executive.

An enlarged meeting of the executive committee of Section 2 will be held today, 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

* * *

Unit 4F, Section 1 Meet.

An important meeting of Unit 4F, Section 1, will be held tomorrow, 6:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Pl. N. Silber will lead a discussion on the "Negro Problems." Since this is Party Accounting Week, every member must be present to give an account of his activities. Absentees will be called to the discipline committee.

* * *

Unit F2, Subsection 3E.

Unit F2, Subsection 3E will hold an important meeting tomorrow, 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street. A roll call will be taken.

* * *

Anti Imperialist Meet.

A mass membership meeting of the New York Branch, All-America Anti-Imperialist league will be held Wednesday 8 p. m., at the Labor Temple 14th Street and Second Ave. Robert Dunn and Harry Gannes, National Secretary, are among the speakers. Visitors are welcomed.

* * *

Lower Bronx Y. W. L.

An open air meeting under the auspices of the Lower Bronx unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will be held tonight, 8:30 p. m. on the corners of 138th St. and Brook Ave., the Bronx. Schiffman, Adler, Gessin and Katz will speak.

* * *

German Fraction.

All German speaking party members are asked to attend without fail a meeting of the German language fraction of the Party to be held tonight at the Workers Center 26-28 Union Square.

* * *

Bronx Attention.

Sept. 24 to 30 is the last week for the signature drive. Every effort must be made to put over candidates on the ballot. Every comrade must report during this week and go out and get signatures. Those who do not respond will be disciplined. All those obtaining 50 or more signatures during this week will be given a free ticket to the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar.

* * *

Subsection 2A.

Subsection 2A Executive Committee will meet today 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

* * *

Unit 4F.

Unit 4F, Subsection 2A, meets today, 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

* * *

Notice—Section 2.

All unit and subsection agitprops of Section 2 should be present at a conference to be held on Friday, Sept. 28, at 6:30. Please be prompt, for we must adjourn to Central Opera House at 8 p. m.

* * *

Lower Bronx Y. W. L. Mass Meet.

The Lower Bronx unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold its first indoor mass meeting for the fall on Sunday, Sept. 30th, 3 p. m., at 715 E. 138th St. Prominent speakers will address the meeting.

* * *

School Catalogs Out!

Workers School catalogs are now out. Courses will begin the week of Oct. 1. Registration is on now. All unit agitprops should get catalogs at the school office and devote special meeting of the unit to the Workers' School.

Big Forest Fires Rage in California

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 24 (UP).—The greatest forest fires of the year in southern California were raging almost uncontrolled through four counties today. The flames have blackened more than 150,000 acres of valuable watershed. Damage was estimated in excess of $150,000.

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2420 Bronx Park East
Near Co-operative Colony, Apt. 5H
Telephone EASTABROOK 2459
Special rates to students from the Co-operative House.

WORKERS PARTY WILL HOLD MANY OPEN AIR MEETS

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

Tuesday, Sept. 25: Grand St. Ext. and Havemeyer, Brooklyn, Bimba, Primoff, Joe Cohen, Mershon; 5th Ave. and 125th St., N. Y., Taft, Yusem, G. Lloyed, Silverfarb; Sutter and Williams Sts., Brooklyn, DeLeon, Lipzin, Chernenko, Julius Cohen; 63rd St. and Prospect Ave., Bronx, Nessin, I. Zimmerman, G. Welsh, Koretz, Leo Margolis; Lenox Ave. and 133rd St., N. Y. C., Moore, Stachel, Yusen, Blake; Eagle Pencil Co. (Noon) D. Benjamin, Chas. Wilson.

Wednesday, Sept. 26: Second Ave. and 10th St., N. Y. C., Schachtman, A. Gussakoff, Suskin, J. Cork, Abrams; Union Square, N. Y. C., Biedenkapp, Suskin, Shapiro, Ross; Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx, Grecht, Jacobson, I. Cohen, Wm. Margolies; Elect. St. and Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, Moore, Padgug, Midolls; 7th Ave. and 131st St., N. Y. Co., Alexander, L. Oak, Williams; 7th Ave. and 137th St., N. Y. C., Powers, Grace Lamb, Rosemond, Ed Welsh; Passaic, N. J., M. Summer, Evelyn Blacker, Ida Starr, Ackerman; Newark, N. J. (Negro meeting) Padmore L. Luke; Lexington Ave. and 99th St. (noon) John Sherman.

Thursday, Sept. 27: 138th St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx, Powers, Spiro, Suskin, Jessie Taft; 40th St. and 8th Ave., N. Y. C., Bydarian, Cibulsky, Kagan; Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I., Wright, Chernenko, McDonald, Burke, Heder.

MANY BARGAINS AT HUGE BAZAAR

Urge Workers to Buy at Big Event

Continued from Page One

must do service a little while longer," the appeal states, "don't buy a new one now. Wait until the bazaar. The bargains that will be offered there cannot be duplicated, because all the articles are made and contributed by the workers themselves and the profits of the middleman are eliminated.

"The millinery workers are now busy preparing 30 Parisian hats; the Amalgamated League will have booths of men's and children's clothing of all kinds; Locals 2 and 35 of the cloakmakers will have a large selection of women's garments, dresses, caps, umbrellas, etc., all will be on sale in great variety and at surprisingly low prices.

"Workers, help yourselves as well as your two fighting dailies, the Daily Worker and Freiheit, by making all your purchases at the great national bazaar.

"For Any Kind of Insurance"
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Telephone Murray Hill 5550.
7 East 42nd St., New York

All Comrades Meet at
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SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES
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302 E. 12th ST. NEW YORK

LOOKS LIKE PENNANT FOR YANKEES, CARDS

(By United Press)

They will start paying off on the New York Yankees as American League winners almost any day now.

The Philadelphia Athletics have tossed away another chance, after one of the greatest uphill fights in the history of baseball by losing three of their last four games in the west. The Mackmen bowed to the St. Louis Browns yesterday making but four hits off Alvin Crowder, thus sacrificing what was just about their last chance to overtake the world's champions.

While the Yankees were faltering on the road, the Athletics, who were only a game behind last Friday, could have taken the lead by making a clean sweep over the week end. Instead, the Mackmen failed dismally and their defeat today all but puts them out of the running for the American League flag.

The Cleveland Indians beat the Yanks, 4 to 3, while the St. Louis Browns were defeating the Athletics, 6 to 2.

Accordingly, with but five more games to play, Philadelphia must win them all while the world's champions are breaking even if the pennant is to fly from the Shibe Park flag-pole next spring.

* * *

The St. Louis Cardinals continued their dash to the National League pennant by defeating the Brooklyn Robins before 10,000 fans and maintaining their one game lead over the New York Giants. The score was 9 to 2.

"Old Pete" Alexander set the Robins down with eight hits and won his sixteenth victory of the season. Two safe bunts in the first inning and Bissonette's single, a force out, and Bancroft's triple in the fourth accounted for the two Brooklyn runs.

The Cardinals hammered three pitchers, Elliott, Ehrhardt and Moss, for 14 hits, Taylor Douthit getting three of them.

Sunny Jim Bottomley hit his thirty-first home run of the season off Moss in the fifth, giving the Cardinal first sacker undisputed possession of the home run leadership of the National League.

HUGE OIL PROFITS

TULSA, Okla., Sept. 24 (UP).—The Independent Oil and Gas Company, at its regular meeting of directors, declared a cash dividend of 37½ cents, payable October 31 to stockholders. This is an increase of 12½ cents per share over the usual quarterly dividend. Net earnings of the company for the current quarter included earnings of the recently acquired Manhattan Oil Company, estimated to exceed $2,000,000.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

Guards Kill Ten Lepers When They Protest Treatment

BATAVIA, Java, Sept. 24.—Ten lepers were killed and four wounded when a military guard fired into a group at the leper colony at Kota Radja, Northern Sumatra, a telegram from that place reports.

The report states that a group of 29, both men and women, had refused to submit to the inhuman treatment accorded them at the colony, and when the district commissioner and his military escort approached them they resisted. The soldiers fired into their ranks and four of those killed were women.

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ARBEITER BUND, Manhattan & Bronx; German Workers' Club.
Meets every 4th Thursday in the month at Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St. New members accepted at regular meetings. German and English library. Sunday lectures. Social entertainments. All German speaking workers are welcome.

THE ARCHITECTURAL IRON, BRONZE & STRUCTURAL WORKERS UNION meets every second and fourth Tuesday of the month, at Rand School, 7 East 15th St., City. Headquarters: 7 East 15th St., City. Telephone: Stuyvesant 0144 and 2194.
A. Rosenfeld, Secretary.

Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

FOE OF MILITANTS WILL DRAW $10,000 YEAR FROM UNION

Jam Anti-Communist Resolution Thru

The reactionary officials in charge of the Bricklayers' Masons' and Plasterers' Union yesterday announced on their return from the Boston convention held by the union that William J. Bowen, the union's president, had been chosen by his fellow misleaders as president emeritus for life, at $10,000 a year. Bowen will retire on January 1, when George T. Thornton, now vice president, will succeed him. Thornton is equally notorious with Bowen as an extreme reactionary, and an opponent of any slightest militant tendency among the bricklayers. In Bowen's 27 years as an international officer, he has opposed all strikes or any progressiveness among the bricklayers.

In denying a charge that the reactionary "leaders" of the bricklayers were restricting the union membership, the officials stated that "it is our policy to welcome and promote efficiency for the builder."

The Bowen-Thornton machine did not fail to jam thru the usual resolution denouncing the Communists.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations!
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78 Second Avenue;
LIDSKY'S BOOK STORE,
202 East Broadway;
FURRIERS JOINT BOARD,
22 East 22nd Street;
CLOAK MAKERS JOINT BOARD,
16 West 21st Street;
RATIONAL VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT,
199 Second Avenue;
DAILY WORKER,
26-28 Union Square.
MILLINERY WORKERS LOCAL 43,
4 West 37th Street.

Harlem

HEALTH FOOD VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT,
1600 Madison Ave.;
TOTENS WEINGORTEN (Restaurant),
26 East 109th Street;
UNITY ARBEITER CO-OPERATIVE,
1800 Seventh Avenue.

Bronx

RAPPAPORT & CUTLER (Book Store),
1310 Southern Boulevard.
UNITED WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE,
2700 Bronx Park East.

Brooklyn

Brownsville—
J. GOLDSTEIN (Book Store)
365 Sutter Avenue;
Boro Park—
MAX SNOW (Drug Store)
4224 13th Avenue;
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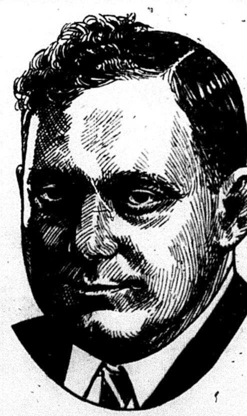

BENJAMIN GITLOW

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Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

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VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ✕ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

The Hand of American Imperialism at Geneva

Count von Bernsdorff, who, in 1917 as ambassador from the government of the kaiser to the United States, was stigmatized as the personification of enmity to the imperialist policy of the Wall Street government of Woodrow Wilson, has now become one of the chief agents of that identical imperialism under the Mellon-Coolidge regime. The fact that one man, in the course of a trifle more than a decade can play such apparently divergent roles, is indicative of the rapid changes, the realignments, that have taken place and are taking place in the arena of world conflicts.

While speaking as the representative of the government of Germany at the Geneva meeting of the League of Nation's assembly's third commission on the subject of calling the next meeting of the preparatory disarmament commission, Von Bernsdorff also spoke unofficially in behalf of the imperialist policy of the United States when he defiantly rejected the text of the committee's resolution on the Franco-British naval accord, thereby blocking the proposed armaments conference.

The action of Count von Bernsdorff is the latest of a series of maneuvers in the "peace" offensive of the United States against Britain. There is a certain very definite and obvious continuity in the pacifist game that is being played by the war-mongers.

The Kellogg "peace" pact was directed against Great Britain's political domination of Europe which it exercizes through the machinery of the League of Nations. The ever-increasing export of American capital makes it imperative that the imperialist government of the United States challenge any power that presumes to utilize the machinery of the League against it. Neither the tory government of Britain, nor the renegade socialist premier of France, Aristide Briand, were under any illusions regarding the nature of the Kellogg move. The form of the document was such, however, that a nation refusing to accept it would have been placed in the position of approving war as a national policy.

But in order to show their contempt for the authors of the pact they concluded a naval accord, some of the details of which they permitted to leak out on the very eve of the signing of the pact. This so enraged the imperialist bandits of Wall Street that they instructed their messenger boy, "Nervous Nelly" Kellogg, to avoid a visit to England by way of registering indignation.

Britain and France followed up the counter-blast against the Kellogg "peace" offensive by utilizing the League assembly machinery in an effort to lay the foundation for another naval arms conference under the auspices of the League, thereby ignoring the United States pact. Since the United States is not a member of the League of Nations it had to rely upon representatives of other nations to fight for its policies. The individual who carried out the policy of Wall Street was Bernsdorff.

The fact, however, that Bernsdorff's actions were advantageous to the imperialist plans of the United States does not preclude the possibility of his also serving the interests of the German imperialists. German industry has revived, thanks to the aid of American banking capital, and Germany is once more taking its place among the predatory powers of the world. Since German industry and finance is dependent upon the United States the German statesmen now play the game of Uncle Shylock in international politics. This revival affects directly the interests of France and Britain and impels them toward an alliance—at least temporarily—although there are powerful groups in French political life who favor an alliance with the United States rather than with Britain. Another turn of the political wheel in France may bring these to the fore, in which case Britain would be at a distinct disadvantage, to say the least.

At the present moment the duplicity of the Wall Street government at Washington has placed the League apostles in an unfavorable position. Probably England and France will now concoct some new treaty proposals, draw up other and more elaborate documents purporting to "outlaw" war, in order to counteract this latest phase of the American offensive and try to keep some semblance of life in the League, which has served them thus far as an instrument of aggression.

Beginning with Versailles the world has been surfeited with treaties, all of them proclaimed by their sponsors as the final word in the diplomacy of peace. Such treaties themselves only emphasize the rapidity with which new alliances are being created and the momentum with which the great powers are plunging toward another world war.

In this political campaign in the United States every party, with the exception of the Workers (Communist) Party, deliberately ignores the fact that the pivotal question of our times is the danger of another imperialist war. All the capitalist powers conspire against the Soviet Union, the fatherland of the world proletariat. At the same time the conflicts between themselves become ever sharper. In a dozen places of the earth are veritable powder magazines that may explode at the slightest spark.

Only the Communists have a genuine solution of the question of war—that is the abolition of imperialism. That end cannot be achieved by pacifist measures or by preaching sermons to the jackal pack of war-mongers, but by organizing a revolutionary fighting machine that will utilize the political and economic crisis growing out of the war for the overthrow of the imperialist powers of the whole world.

Needle Trades and Red Drive

By ROSE WORTIS.

THE needle trade workers have lived thru a very critical period during the past few years, during which they have been persecuted and their unions destroyed by the united front of the union bureaucracy, the bosses and the capitalist state. Wages have been pitilessly cut, working hours lengthened without limit, piece work re-established in most of the branches of the industry where week-work formerly prevailed. The speed-up system has reached the highest pitch. A regime of terror, which has no precedent in the history of the trade union movement, has been instituted with the aid of hirelings from the underworld against the rank and file of the unions. The injunctions and strike-breaking encouraged and fostered by the bureaucracy surpasses in many ways all the strike breaking activities employed by the bosses during previous struggles. The full responsibility for this situation rests with the union bureaucracy (pillars of the Socialist Party) who have received the fullest cooperation from the capitalist state in their efforts to crush the militant spirit of the needle trade workers.

The role of the democratic administration in the present struggle of the needle trades is well illustrated by the action of the democratic judges, police and detective squads, who used the full power of the state against the workers.

The role of the republican party is fittingly characterized by the action of Judge Rosalsky who sentenced honest and loyal union members to long terms of imprisonment for strike activities.

The problem then arises, which of the two other parties which appear on the field as parties of the working class shall the needle trade workers support, the Socialist Party or the Workers (Communist) Party?

Years ago the Socialist Party was a party of the workers, founded on the principle of the class struggle. It supported the workers in all their struggles against the capitalist class. Today, it has cast aside the idea of the class struggle and is fighting side by side with the union bureaucracy and the other political parties for the bosses against the workers. The record of the Socialist Party during the past few years has openly stamped it as an anti-working class party. In 1925 the Socialist Party, with its leader Hillquit, planned and gave the signal for the expulsion policy in the ladies' garment industry. Hillquit, ex-assemblyman Beckerman and the Socialist Party, were the initiators and leaders of the program on the furriers, the dress and cloakmakers, and all other unions. Mr. Hillquit, the spokesman of the Socialist Party, resorted to the weapon of the open-shoppers, the injunction, as a method of fighting the militant workers. The Socialist Party in its press is supporting and maintaining the company unions in the cloak and dressmakers' and furriers' trades, and is trying to extend these company unions to the other branches of the industry. At the instructions of the Socialist Party "The Forward" and the United Hebrew Trades are organizing "vigilance committees" to terrorize the workers. The Socialist Party has betrayed the workers. It stands in the way of unity in the ranks of the workers. It stands in the way of rank and file control of the unions.

Vote Communist! Why?

What is the record of the Workers Party in the struggles of the needle trade workers? An analysis of the activities and role of the Workers (Communist) Party in the recent struggle of the needle trades will show that the Communist Party and its press have been the first to give their support to the workers in the struggle to prevent the corrupt bureaucracy from carrying on its unchallenged domination in the needle trade unions. The Workers Party and its press have from the very first day of its existence championed the interests of the rank and file in all their struggles against graft, corruption and union bureaucratism. It has led the fight against imprisonment of workers, against company unionism, and for rank and file control of the unions. The Workers Party does not only limit itself to the immediate issues of the workers but is leading them in the struggle for their final emancipation from capitalism. It was the first to give its support in the movement for building new militant unions where the workers alone will be the rulers.

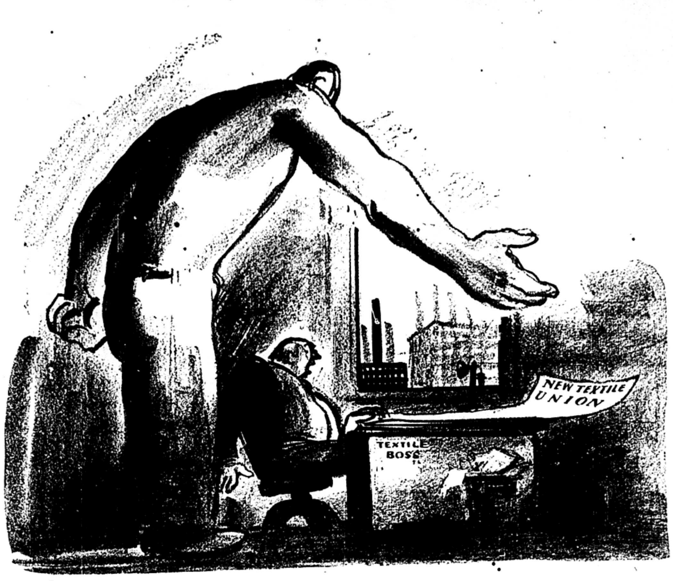
A Working Class Duty.

It is therefore the duty of every class-conscious worker, to give his support to the candidates of the Workers Party which is the only party to-day that has the right to speak in the name of the working class!

Needle Trade Workers! Vote against union bureaucratism, against corruption, against injunctions, against expulsions. Vote for the party which stands for real militant unions that will rest on the support of the workers. Vote for the party of the working class that is leading the workers of this country in the struggles against capitalism. Vote Communist!

"NOW, I'LL TALK TO YOU!"

By Fred Ellis



The Enemies of Working Class

The campaign in New York state cannot be regarded as something in itself; something separate from the general national campaign. There are, of course, certain problems peculiar to New York, because the industries of New York do not exactly duplicate those of any other one state. But in New York as elsewhere in the United States the problems facing the working class are practically identical. Whether a strike involves needle trades workers, harvest hands or steel workers the alignment of forces are the same. On the side of the strikers are the awakened sections of the working class. On the side of the employers are the special organs of state power—the bureaucratic machinery of the government, the courts, the police, the other armed forces including private armies of gunmen—usually administered by republicans and democrats. In addition to the official machinery of suppression there are also semi-official agents of the bosses—the yellow socialists and the reactionary officialdom who place themselves at the head of the labor movement only in order to betray it.

The campaign has special significance for New York this year because one of the presidential candidates, Governor Al Smith, has also served his apprenticeship as a strikebreaker. His first experience as a union-wrecker and scab-herder was when he sent the state troops into Lackawanna during the steel strike of 1919—while he was serving his first term as governor. The last strikebreaking service was his attempt to smash the needle trades unions of New York City. In view of this record Mr. Raskob of the Morgan owned open-shop concern of General Motors can enthusiastically endorse Smith. Likewise Owen D. Young, head of the labor-hating General Electric Company can fully approve the candidacy of Tammany Al.

In connection with the strike-breaking activities of Smith, it is essential to mention the thoroughly corrupt bureaucracy at the head of the New York State Federation of Labor and the New York Central Trades and Labor Council, who work hand in hand with Tammany. Also involved in this combine are the yellow socialist fakers and union-wreckers who form close alliances with the thugs and gunmen protected by Tammany in order to fight the leftward movement of the rank and file of the needle trades.

No intelligent worker who lives in New York City can be fooled by the cheap, lying propaganda of the democratic party to the effect that the Tammany of today is less vile, less the grafter, swindler and protector of organized crime than in its very worst days. The only difference between the Tammany of Al Smith and Judge Olvany and the Tammany of "Boss" Tweed is that the modern political crooks have devised a smoother working machine. Every sort of privilege is for sale by the Tammany gang—from a license to operate an auto, to protection in campaigns of organized murder. Tammany is the prototype of planned corruption in city politics. Its methods have been adopted by many republican city administrations—Chicago, Detroit, Philadelphia. Essentially Tammanyism is an alliance of the big capitalists at the very top of the social scale with the lowest strata of a rotten society, the very scum of the earth, the offscourings of all classes generally characterized as the lumpen proletariat; the criminals of all varieties who exist as parasites upon parasites and in periods of class conflicts are, for the most part, the most frightful assassins of the working class.

But in spite of the fact that the workers in local, isolated struggles have to fight directly against the state politicians, the working class, particularly at this time and in this campaign, must come to understand that state politics cannot be separated from national politics. The basic problems facing the working class today have to do with national policy. The pivotal question of today extends far beyond the bounds of state or nation and embraces the whole world. Both old parties deliberately avoid the one burning issue of the day—the question of the danger of another world war. The republicans, the democrats and the socialists all serve the interests of the imperialist war-mongers by talking loud and long about issues that compared to the war danger are comparatively trivial. None of these parties dares discuss the central problem. None of them mentions the fact that American capitalism is relentlessly driving forward to another world war—only the Workers (Communist) Party unfurls a warning to the whole working class and brands the imperialist conspiracies to hurl millions of the manhood and youth of the land into the slaughter house of another world war in an attempt to make the mightiest imperialist power on earth mightier yet.

In this imperialist conspiracy there is not one bit of difference between the republican and democratic parties. Herbert Hoover and A. Smith alike are servants of Wall Street's imperialist policies. It is not at all inconsistent that Hoover, in 1918, was a staunch supporter of Woodrow Wilson, the war-monger, and declared at that time:

> "I am for President Wilson's leadership not only in the conduct of the war, but also in the negotiations of peace, and afterward, in America's burden in the rehabilitation of the world."

In 1918 Mr. Hoover was a democrat because the ruling party, the most conscious party of imperialism, was the democratic party. In 1921 Hoover entered the cabinet of Harding and worked closely with that other imperialist, Andrew W. Mellon, to swing the republican party, the party of the industrialists, who opposed the program of Wilson—existing trusts being merged into the same fold as the democratic party. The tremendous merger movement that followed, already existing trust being merged into still greater trusts under the aegis of banking capital furnished the economic base for the transformation of the republican party into an advocate of the policies of the exporters of capital—Morgan and associates. On every issue of international significance there has persisted since the famous vote on the world court in 1926 a democrat-republican Wall Street coalition in the house and senate of the United States. The two parties stand together for the world court; they both approve the ravaging of Nicaragua. Both approve the big army and navy programs.

Their candidate for congress and the senate will uphold the imperialist policies of the government; will follow a policy of crushing the working class at home and terrorizing the colonial and semi-colonials of the weaker countries. The old party candidates for governor, no matter whom they may be, will still carry out the strike-breaking policies of Al Smith. They will alike approve the savage injunction drive against labor on the part of the bi-partisan judges selected by joint agreement of the republican and democratic politicians. Republican, democrat, or socialist, the workers will be victims of the gangster and gunman. Neither of the old parties advocates the repeal of the "criminal anarchy" law which is used exclusively against militant labor. The Workers (Communist) Party alone represents the elementary interests of the working class in this campaign. Against the conspiracies of the war-mongers we strive to organize revolutionary forces that will challenge their power. We demand the repeal of anti-labor laws. We defy the kept judges and their injunctions against labor. We utilize the election campaign in order to expose the capitalist parties and cause them and their candidates to be despised by all workers. In every conceivable way we strive to organize the working class for an implacable fight against all our class enemies, whether they call themselves republicans, democrats or socialists.

There is but one way in this campaign to register your approval of the revolutionary struggle against imperialism and its agents and that is to Vote Communist!

Vote for Your Own Party

Workers of New York! Support the Workers (Communist) Party in the fight for:

1. Immediate relief for the unemployed.
2. Right of the workers to organize, to strike, to picket.
3. Abolition of government by injunction.
4. Prohibition of the use of police, the industrial squad, and other special squads against the workers in labor struggles.
5. A militant struggle against wage cuts, speed-up, company unions and treacherous labor misleaders.
6. Full social, economic and political equality, without discrimination, for Negroes, foreign-born workers, women and young workers.
7. The establishment of the 40 hour, five day week for working women, and vacation with pay six weeks before and after child birth for working mothers.
8. Struggle against increased rates and fares on traction lines, railroads and public utilities.
9. Protection of the working farmer against monopoly prices, and against exploitation by milk trusts, distributing agencies and railroads.
10. Full support of the struggles of the textile workers the miners, and the needle trade workers in their efforts to build new unions.
11. Struggle against the treacherous socialist party, agent of the capitalist class.
12. Immediate withdrawal of marines from Nicaragua and China.
13. Struggle against imperialist wars.
14. For a Labor Party.
15. Recognition and defense of the Soviet Union, the Workers' Fatherland.
16. A Workers' and Farmers' Government in the United States.

Join the Workers (Communist) Party, the Party of the class struggle. For the workers, against the capitalists.

Join the Workers (Communist) Party, the Party of Lenin, affiliated with the Communist International.

Join the Workers (Communist) Party, which will organize and lead the workers to the final victory, of a Workers' and Farmers' Government.

Told You S

NEW YORK is not called the "E pire State" for nothing. It i the wealthiest state in the union the seat of financial and governmental power. Where the dollar reigns there sits the government. Wall Street and not Washington is the capital of the United States. The House of Morgan is the real White House. Because of the concentration of wealth in this state the New York election campaign has tremendous significance.

T. J. O'Flaherty

• • •

THE democratic and republican parties are starting out from scratch, so to speak, in the state campaign. Both are saddled with handicaps. The democrats have to wear gas masks going into battle on account of the Queens sewer scandal and the republicans have Mrs. Knapp, the embezzler of state funds, wrapped around their necks as the Old Man of the Sea was wrapped around Sinbad the Sailor. "You are bigger crooks than we are, Gungha Dhin," will be the war cry of both parties.

• • •

THE capitalists are divided over the republican and democratic candidates. They can afford this luxury because whoever is elected will serve them loyally and well. The workers are also divided, though, no matter which party wins, the workers will lose. The party of Al Smith will order the police and state militia to break strikes, arrest strikers and put their leaders in jail. The party of Herbert Hoover will do the same thing.

• • •

THE republican politicians tell the workers that a victory for the G. O. P. candidate will mean a full dinner pail, prosperity and home brew. The democratic politicians tell the workers that the election of the jackass candidate will mean the first two blessings and open beer stubes openly arrived at. The Catholic worker will be told that he should vote for "one of his own," though the democratic ticket is infested with Methodists and Presbyterians. The Protestant worker will be told to vote against the democratic party and the pope, though there are more Catholics running on the G. O. P. ticket than there are fleas on a California pup.

• • •

MANY workers whose faith in both parties has been shaken say that they will vote for one or the other parties as a choice of evils. They would vote the Communist ticket, but they don't like the idea of "throwing their vote away." To those workers, we say that it is bad enough to vote for the losing candidate, but that it is a darned sight worse to have the sin of voting for the winning capitalist candidate on their souls. What would a worker think of the chattel slave who helped his master fasten the shackels of slavery on his limbs? He would think that he deserved several kicks on the posterior in addition to his chains. But, compared to the wage slave who votes for a capitalist candidate, the chattel slave was a paragon of wisdom. The chattel slave was at least guaranteed food, clothing and shelter, whether he worked or not. The modern slave is certain of nothing but death.

• • •

THE colored workers in New York state are asked to vote either for the republican party, which sees their people lynched in certain states without a protest, or for the democratic party, that lynches them. Some Negro leaders, whose palms have felt the soothing touch of John J. Raskob's coin, hail Al Smith as a savior. Al Smith, the leader of the democratic party, the traditional party of slavery. Some Negro leaders urge the colored voters to cast their ballots for the G. O. P. candidates on the ground that Lincoln freed them from chattel slavery. Well, Lincoln is dead a helluva long time and it appears to me that the Negroes are free to come north and take a chance of starving, or staying in the south and taking a chance on getting lynched.

• • •

THE majority of the leaders of the A. F. of L. are for Smith. They have good reason to be. They are part of the Tammany machine in New York state. They stand to gain more from a democratic victory than a republican victory. But the republicans know their peanuts and will also take care of their labor leaders. The reactionary bureaucrats of the trade union movement have as much in common with the rank and file as the flea has with the dog. Both are parasites. The rank and file of the workers must break with the capitalist parties and their labor lieutenants and line up with the Workers (Communist) Party that fights all the way from the strike for higher wages and better working conditions to the struggle for the abolition of the capitalist system and the establishment of a Workers' and Farmers' government.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY EDITION

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

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PLAN BIG TRUST MOVES IN U. S.-ANGLO OIL WAR

Standard Oil in Bloc With German Dye Trust

Increases War Danger

Imperialist Struggle Is Sharper

BERLIN, Sept. 25.—Mergers that are certain not only to revolutionize the oil industry but to sharpen the war between the Standard Oil Company and the Royal Dutch Shell are underway, according to rumors widely circulated in industrial quarters. Both of these huge oil corporations are planning to absorb chemical and dye trusts in their world-wide struggle.

Forming Bloc.

Observers here point to the recent conferences between Walter C. Teagle, president of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and officials of the German dye trust as evidence of a bloc of the American oil and German chemical trusts. While this merger is being contemplated, it is stated, Sir Henri Deterding, head of the Royal Dutch, has been conferring with Lord Melchett, head of the huge British chemical trust.

The bloc assumes especial significance in view of the recent efforts on the part of the German dye trust to produce fuel oil through the liquefaction of lignite or brown coal.

Oil War to Spread.

If the rumors are correct, the oil war between the American and British interests will take place on a much larger scale and will be much sharper than ever before. [illegible] the difference between the United States and Great Britain more acute as the result of the Anglo-French naval pact, the combines promise to be fraught with serious political consequences.

WORKERS DEFY POLICE AT MEET

Communists Speak at Eagle Pencil Co.

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Yesterday noon Tammany Hall police together with officials of the Eagle Pencil Company, fearful of exposure of rotten conditions existing in the Eagle Pencil Company and the effect of the message of the Workers (Communist) Party on the workers in the factory, attempted to prevent the Workers (Communist) Party from holding an open air meeting in front of the factory gates. When informed by William W. Weinstone, secretary of the New York district of the Workers (Communist) Party, that the speakers would go ahead with the meeting and talk to the workers on their problems, the police, in order to protect the Eagle Pencil Company and to prevent workers from listening to the Communist exposition of the role of the two bosses' parties, the democratic and republican parties, drove the workers into the factory as D. Benjamin, candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party in Brooklyn for state senator, mounted the platform.

Tammany Police Aid Company.

It was obvious to the workers present that the police were cooperating directly with the company. When the speakers of the Workers (Communist) Party arrived on the scene, they were met by an auto full of police including a precinct captain, a sergeant and five police officers as well as the company policeman and many company officials and foremen. The speakers were told to move on, that they could not hold a meeting in front of the factory or near it, that they would have to hold their meeting a block away. When the committee of the Workers Party protested, defending their right to hold a meeting, the police shoved them on. The committee then took the platform 20 yards down from the corner but within sight of the Eagle Pencil Company. The police car then drove straight toward the committee and would have demolished the platform had it not been for the quick action of Ben Intrator of the

Continued on Page Two

LINDBERGH TRAVELS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25 (UP).—Col. Charles A. Lindberg, bringing Ambassador Myron T. Herrick as a passenger, arrived here in an airplane today from Cleveland.

These Men Direct Defense of Soviet Union

Unschlicht, vice-chairman of the Military Council, and M. Voroshiloff, young Red commander and People's Commissar of War of the Soviet Union.

SOVIET COMMISSAR SCORES WAR DANGER

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., Sept. 25.—Full accounts in the press here describe the Red Army maneuvers at Kiev and give a full account of the speech of Voroschilov, Commissar of War for the Soviet Union.

Voroschilov spoke before the municipal Soviet of Kiev. He thanked the proletariat of Kiev in behalf of the Revolutionary War Council for its enthusiastic welcome.

International Situation.

In his speech he discussed the international situation and especially in relation to the Soviet Union. He pointed out that the relations of the Soviet Union with its neighbors were strained. The Rumanian relations, for instance, were not improved. The Polish government, he said, is determinedly unfriendly and it is only due to the peaceful policy

Continued on Page Five

NEEDLE WORKERS CALLED TO RALLY

Red Election Meet This Friday Night

The Needle Trades Committee of the State Election Campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party yesterday issued an appeal to all progressive workers to come to the Red Rally to be held this Friday evening, Sept. 28 at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., at 8 o'clock. The Committee was organized at a recent mass meeting of workers in the industry, called for that special purpose.

Speakers at the meeting will include Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and candidate for U. S. senate on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket; William F Dunne, candidate for governor; Juliet Stuart Poyntz, candidate for attorney general; Bertram D. Wolfe, candidate for congress from the tenth congressional district; Lovett Fort-Whiteman, a Negro worker and candidate for comptroller; Rebecca Grecht, election campaign

Continued on Page Two

Morning International Br. Meets Today at 10

A highly important meeting of the Morning International Branch will be held this morning at 10 o'clock at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, sixth floor.

An active comrade, just returned from an extended visit to the Soviet Union, will report on his impressions.

Urge Workers Children to Attend Red Rally

In a statement issued yesterday by the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers, all New York workers' children are urged to attend the Red Rally to be held Friday evening at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave.

FARMER-LABOR IN DEAL WITH SMITH

Shipstead Carries Out Final Betrayal

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 25.—Democratic politicians are claiming the Farmer-Labor vote of this state following a deal entered into between the ruling cliques of both organizations which the so-called "progressives" agree to vote for Tammany Al Smith in return for which the other political machine is given the right of way in the case of state officials.

The chief provision of the deal is the voluntary elimination of George Cashman, democratic candidate for United States Senator, who today announced his resignation in favor of Henrik Shipstead, nominee of the Farmer-Labor Party, recently betrayed by this unprincipled office seeker. The misleaders of the so-

Continued on Page Three

JURY TO TRY OEHLER CASES

Class Victims' Hearing Ends; Ban Arma Meets

(Special to the Daily Worker)

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 25.—The cases of Hugo Oehler, district organizer, Workers (Communist) Party; E. B. Eastwood, secretary of the Kansas City International Labor Defense; Sam Kassis and Mathew Cushing, all charged with violation of the state criminal syndicalism law, were bound over yesterday to the criminal court for jury trial with the conclusion of the preliminary hearing. Oehler was released on a $1,000 bond and the others on $500 bonds.

The cases against the three packing house workers who were arrested with them were dismissed.

The four workers are victims of the campaign launched by the Armour and other meat-packing interests in this part of the country against all workers and organizations who engage in militant activity. They were arrested at two

Continued on Page Three

Upholsterers to Hold Bazaar Meet Tonight

The Upholsterers Committee for the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar is calling a meeting of all upholsterers for tonight, immediately after work, at the Freiheit office, 30 Union Square.

"The bazaar is only a week away and we upholsterers have done very little for the bazaar," says a statement of the committee. "The upholstery workers must join with the rest of the workers in making this bazaar a success."

URGE BAZAAR SUPPORT

I. L. D. Asks All Workers to Aid Event

An appeal was issued last night by the New York section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, to all its members and all other class-conscious workers to support to the utmost the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar to be held in Madison Square Garden Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7. The I. L. D. will have a booth of its own at this bazaar at which copies of the Labor Defender will be sold and new members enrolled.

The appeal, signed by Rose Baron, secretary, follows:

"The National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar is an event that should be of direct concern to every class-conscious worker. In the day to day struggles of the workers the fighting proletarian press plays an all-important role. And the press is the first to feel the hatred of

Continued on Page Three

CONNOLLY, HEAD OF GRAFT RING, GOES ON TRIAL

Tammany Forced to Act in $30,000,000 Sewer Steal

Move Is Only a Gesture

Rapid Choice of Jury Confirms Charge

The jury in the Queens $30,000,000 graft trial was picked yesterday in record time, a fact which confirmed in the minds of many close observers the suspicion that the Tammany Hall machine has no real intention of pressing the case against the chief of the graft ring. Connolly is connected with many of the most prominent and powerful Tammany contractors. The rapid procedure is believed to be due to an "understanding" between both sides.

* * *

(By United Press)

The $30,000,000 Queens sewer graft case, the most sensational administrative scandal in the history of Queens Borough, on Long Island, went to trial yesterday, with former Borough President Maurice E. Connolly and Frederick Seeley, his sewer engineer, charged with defrauding thousands of taxpayers.

* * *

$30,000,000 Graft.

New York's most gigantic graft scandal of recent years—the $30,000,000 Queens sewer case—went to trial yesterday after a year of sensational developments which rocked the city's political circles.

In the antiquated Queens County courtroom at Long Island City, where Ruth Snyder and Judd Gray heard the death sentence, former Borough President Maurice E. Connolly and Frederick B. Seeley, his engineer in charge of sewer design, faced a special "blue ribbon" jury. They are charged with conspiracy to defraud thousands of taxpayers in a huge sewer construction program involving more than $29,500,000.

During the year which has elapsed since the scandal first exploded, the case has gathered dramatic elements which set it apart from the administrative scandals which arise every year in dozens of large American cities. Mystery, death and a legal skirmish have woven themselves into the plot.

Connolly, stout, red-faced little politician, who is the central figure in the scandal, was president of the Borough of Queens—the Long Island residential district which, since the beginning of the century, has been a golconda for administrative plunderers.

Like other borough presidents who succeeded "Battle Axe" Gleason, mayor of Long Island City 30 years ago, Connolly has gone out of office accused of defrauding taxpayers. "Curley Joe" Cassidy, first

Continued on Page Three

TAXI HEADS PLAN UNIFORM SCHEME

Luncheon at Noon for Police "Czar"

More than three hundred so-called "representatives" of the cab industry will feast today at a luncheon tendered "Czar" Nelson Ruttenberg, fourth deputy police commissioner, in charge of the Hack License Bureau. The luncheon will be held at the Hotel Astor at 12:30 p. m.

Uniforms for taxi drivers, which the police department is seeking to put over, is reported to be the chief topic of the luncheon. Ruttenberg started to work on his program of regimentizing the drivers more than a year ago. It is also expected that other problems of benefit to the fleet owners generally will be discussed as well.

Open-Shop Friends.

Among the "friends" of the cabmen who are expected to be present will be many open-shoppers, financiers, "labor" fakers, taxi-editors, loan sharks, uniform manufacturers, high-pressure cab salesmen, insurance agents and other so-called leaders who have the interests of the fleet owners at heart.

Alex. Fried, former president of the Luxor Cab Manufacturing Company, now defunct, and one of the biggest boosters of police control, is among them. Fried is now president of the Paramount Cab Manufacturing Company, whose company

Continued on Page Two

AUTOMATIC GEAR SHIFT.

LONDON, Sept. 25 (British United Press).—After five years of experiments, a British firm has evolved an automatic gear shift for automobiles.

Grafter on Trial

Maurice E. Connolly, former Tammany Borough President of Queens and head of the $30,000,000 sewer graft ring who yesterday dragged his 250 lbs. into court, red-faced and confident that his Tammany associates would "let him off easy" while going through the gesture of trying him.

MEXICO NAMES NEW PRESIDENT

Portes Gil Will Fill the Temporary Office

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 25.—Emilio Portes Gil was today chosen as the provisional president of Mexico. Portes Gil is now secretary of the interior and governor of the so-called progressive state of Tamaulipas. He is a close advisor of Calles and his selection is said to have been made with the approval of Dwight W. Morrow, former Morgan partner and U. S. ambassador to Mexico.

* * *

Chosen in Secret Session.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 25 (UP).—Emilio Portes Gil, governor of Tamaulipas and secretary of the interior, was unanimously elected provisional president of Mexico tonight at a joint session of the senate and chamber of deputies.

There were 277 votes cast in the election.

Portes Gil will take office on the retirement of President Calles, December 1.

It is authoritatively understood that he will follow the policy of President Calles in virtually all questions of foreign and internal affairs.

Portes Gil will remain in office for approximately 14 months, at which time a constitutional president will be elected.

DELAY SCHIFFRIN HEARING AGAIN

Prosecution Stalls for Time; Trial Today

For the third time in three weeks, the prosecution against William Schiffrin, left wing worker being held on a charge of homicide, again asked for and secured a postponement of the hearing from yesterday morning until noon today. The complete lack of evidence on the guilt of Schiffrin was again thought to be the reason for the postponement. Schiffrin's hearing is scheduled to take place in the Bronx Homicide Court, at 163rd St.

The district attorney's office, thru Samuel Markewitch, lawyer for the right wing asked for the postponement on the same grounds given in the other three postponements, namely "time to prepare the case." Schiffrin is on trial because he heroically defended his life against the attack of five men armed with knives, who attacked him because he prevented the reactionary union officials from removing a left winger from his job. Single-handed Schif-

Continued on Page Two

Imperialists Vote to Call New Disarmament Conference Some Time

GENEVA, Sept. 25.—The League of Nations Preparatory Disarmament Commission will meet again some time early next year, but no definite date was set for the meeting.

The commission is supposed to be preparing a general disarmament program and to be arranging another conference of the Imperialist nations at which "disarmament" will again be discussed. England was opposed openly to a further meeting; Germany pretended to be disappointed that no date had been set. At the final vote every nation's representative voted for a new conference, hoping at some future date to block action.

At the last conference, the Soviet Union presented a plan for complete disarmament, which nearly routed the militaristic powers none of which has any intention of disarming.

IMPERIALIST WAR DANGER IS SHARPENED BY ANGLO-FRENCH PACT, SOVIET PRESS DECLARES

Sees United States, Great Britain, France in Race for Huge Armaments

Secret Agreement Provides for Espionage in Soviet Union, Is Charge

MOSCOW, Sept. 25.—That the Anglo-French naval agreement is accelerating the "imperialist race for armaments" and is bringing the world closer to imperialist war, is the opinion of Pravda, official Communist Party organ.

According to the Pravda, the American proposals to build new 10,000 ton cruisers is a direct reply to the Anglo-French agreement. The French, the Pravda believes, will be entirely unsuccessful in their attempt to convince Secretary of State Kellogg that their agreement with Great Britain is innocent.

Plan Attack on USSR.

Commenting on the revelations of the agreement, the official newspaper, Izvestia, expressed surprise today at the "amazing patience with which the world's public opinion is standing for a revival of pre-war diplomatic traditions."

The Soviet press has also charged that the Anglo-French pact provides for joint espionage in the Soviet Union as well as plans for aerial as well as naval cooperation in case of an attack against the Soviet Union.

* * *

PARIS, Sept. 25.—The Anglo-French naval pact is accompanied by an agreement which will permit France to maintain her huge army reserves, it has been learned from authoritative sources.

The British had formerly joined with the United States and Germany in opposing conscription which is building up a huge French reserve army. Great Britain, in return for French support in the building of cruisers, is now supporting French conscription, it has been learned. The new British attitude is believed to be embodied in a secret agreement concluded at the same time as the naval pact.

* * *

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—That the United States will strongly oppose the Anglo-French naval agreement and stand by the proposals made by the United States at the Geneva conference was clearly intimated by President Coolidge today.

Coolidge's position is probably embodied in the note on the Anglo-French agreement which will soon be cabled to Paris and London. The position of the United States conflicts squarely with that of Great Britain on the building of 10,000 ton cruisers.

The probable reply of the United States to the naval pact will be the construction of new large cruisers.

* * *

GENEVA, Sept. 25.—Representatives of the German and Austrian governments today declared that they would refrain from voting on the resolution providing for a preliminary "disarmament" conference to show their "disillusion and bitterness."

M. Tanczos, of Hungary, declared that any country surrounded by bigger powers would have no chance to come to a satisfactory agreement if individual treaties were entered into. Count von Bernstorff, of Germany, held essentially the same position.

Paul Boncour, of France, made a speech in which he declared that "disarmament was impossible, until the security of each country was first assured."

TEXTILE STRIKE RALLY APPLAUDS NEW UNION HEADS

Fakers Still Trying to Sell Out

BULLETIN.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 25.—Three thousand textile strikers attended a mass meeting in Elm Rink arranged as a reception to the homecoming national officers of the new National Textile Workers' Union of America, which was launched in New York Saturday and Sunday. The union leaders were greeted by the meeting with an enthusiastic and prolonged ovation.

Spacious Elm Rink has been hired by the union for an entire week with a special event scheduled for each night. Tonight a mass dance will be held where motion pictures of the strike will be shown.

The results of the trial of the 22 pickets arrested last week, which has been going on all day today, are not as yet obtainable.

* * *

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 25.—While the mill bosses' association and their "mediation" agents are continuing to set up "tin soldiers" for the A. F. of L. officialdom to knock down in order to assist them in their attempt to regain the confidence of the masses on strike, the workers themselves are demonstrating their determination to accept no sell-out settlements by resuming their mass picketing despite the police terror.

The officialdom of the Textile Council, who represent nobody, and the mill owners' representatives, were called by the State Board of Arbitration to a new conference for "settlement' of the strike. They are to meet at noon today to consider secret proposals before the State Board, according to its officials, makes public its investigation as to "who is guilty of beginning and continuing the strike."

Bosses' Trick.

When the bosses saw the unanimous determination of the strikers to fight against the proposed speed-up plan, and the subsequent loss of influence of Batty among even his

Continued on Page Three

SILK WORKERS PREPARE STRIKE

Paterson Men Demand End of Slavery

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 25.—Unable to endure any longer the open and hidden campaign of the employers to worsen their working standards by cutting wages and lengthening hours from 8 to 11, 12 and 13 a day, the thousands of workers employed in the broad silk industry here are making preparations for the calling of a general strike.

Strike About Oct. 1.

Following the membership meeting of the broad silk workers division of the Associated Silk Workers' Union, at which 1,000 workers registered their unanimous determination to enter a struggle against the encroachments of the bosses, the union leadership announced yesterday that strike machinery was in the process of organization. Probabilities are that the walkout will be called on or about Oct. 1.

The announcement was made after the representatives of the bosses' association refused to an-

Continued on Page Five

SIXTY WORKERS ARE POISONED

Railroad Dishes Out Decayed Food

Sixty workers employed by the Lehigh Valley Railroad came down with ptomaine poisoning early yesterday morning after eating food dished out at the labor camp at Wheeler Point Road and Bay Avenue at which place they were employed.

The men were rushed to the Newark City Hospital for treatment. It is believed that canned frankfurters unfit to eat which have been on the shelves for a long period and said to have been purchased by the railroad at a reduced price, were the cause of the poisoning. One worker, Vincent Bamiro of Newark, is seriously ill and may not recover. A patrol wagon from the Newark Third Precinct Station took the workers to the hospital.

TRY TO SELL OUT VIENNA PROTEST

Reformists Try to Call Anti-Fascist March

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

VIENNA, Sept. 25.—Hungarian troops are gathered at the Burgenland-Hungarian frontier connection in preparation for the fascist demonstration and the counter-demonstration scheduled for October 7.

Amidst great alarm in the Burgenland capital, the bourgeois parties have consulted with the socialists, with the result that all the parties undertake to maintain peace.

The consultation probably occurred on the initiative of the socialists, who hope that the danger to Burgenland would induce the federal government to prohibit all parades for October 7.

* * *

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

VIENNA, September 25.—The Austrian government has rejected the proposal of the central committee of the social democratic party which, in an attempt to hide its complete capitulation, proposed that the constitution be altered so as to prohibit all self-defense organizations from holding demonstrations for the next year or longer, thruout all of Austria.

Reformists Pleas Fail.

The proposal of the social-democrats had special reference to the demonstration of the fascist organization, the Home Defense Corps, scheduled for October 7, with whom the socialists had attempted to make an agreement providing that both the fascist and socialist demonstrations be cancelled.

The proposal of the social demo-

Continued on Page Three

AN OLD LEADER SPEAKS

Bramhall Tells of Textile Militancy

"Lawrence, Mass., was the starting point for the present movement," Samuel Bramhall, 61-year-old weaver and principal leader in the great strike of 1919, said at the convention of the new Textile Workers' Union of America here.

"The new union, organized in the blood of the textile workers, will continue the militant tradition of the New England mill workers despite the continued treachery of the reactionary officials," he said.

Bramhall told of the courageous battle which was waged by the mill workers in Lawrence nine years ago in their victorious fight to cut down the hours of work at the looms from 54 to 48 hours a week. As permanent chairman of the general strike committee during the entire 16 weeks of the struggle, Bramhall proved his skillful generalship on a

Continued on Page Three

Section Three Bazaar Conference Tomorrow

A special Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Conference of Section 3 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tomorrow, immediately after work, 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All those who participated in the last bazaar conference must attend.

AMUNDSEN WRECKAGE.

DUNKIRK, France, Sept. 25 (UP)—The French transport Durance arrived today with two cases of debris believed to be that of the Roald Amundsen polar plane, lost in the Arctic. The debris, which was found north of Norway, will be examined and identified in Paris.

Worker Killed, Others Badly Injured as Tammany-Built Subway Wall Collapses

GUILT LAID TO TAMMANY OPEN SHOP BUILDERS

Labor Officials Wink at Violations

One worker was killed and at least two were very seriously injured yesterday when a wall of the new, Tammany-built subway at 53rd St. and Broadway collapsed 75 feet below the surface. Angelo Samarell, 39, of 2[illegible] Grand St. Hoboken was instantly crushed to death in the fall of brick and mortar. Tony Hascarelli, 39, of 409 West 28th St. received a fracture of the leg and internal injuries, and Cornelius Curtin, 30, of 841 Washington St. suffered a possible fracture of the skull and received other injuries. The two workers were taken to the hospital for the ruptured and crippled.

Speeded-Up.

The men were engaged in the building of a brick wall which is to separate the east bound from the west bound tracks and are said to have been working at an excessively rapid rate and were given little time to provide for the security of their work. Another theory for the cave-in states that the mortar used by the Tammany contractors who build the walls, is of a very inferior quality.

Violate Regulations.

Workers on the city-built subways are supposed to receive the prevailing rate of wages, but practically all of them work below the scale under non-union conditions with the knowledge and approval of the Tammany-controlled labor officials. Workers report that inspectors of the Transit Commission seldom go into the tunnels, but merely appear on the surface and walk on.

NEEDLE WORKERS CALLED TO RALLY

Red Election Meet This Friday Night

Continued from Page One

manager of the New York district and candidate for assembly in the fifth district of the Bronx; George Powers, organizer of the Architectural Iron, Bronze and Structural Workers' Union, and Philip Frankfeld, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League and candidate for assembly in the third Bronx district.

The call to the meeting sent out over the signatures of committee chairman A. Gross and Secretary I. Steinzor, says:

"We have decided to call on the workers to come to this meeting as whole shops, or send delegations. The office has made arrangements to print signs for all such shops. It is your duty as a progressive worker to see to it that your shop is represented at this meeting. All signs for the particular shops can be ordered at the Workers' Center.

"We also want to call your attention to the next important activity of our Campaign Committee, which will be a big Conference of Shop Delegates of the Needle Trade Workers. Such a conference, if successfully carried thru can do a great deal to line up the support of the Needle Trade Workers for the only party which, today, really represents the interests of the working class. The Conference will take place on October 9 at Bryant Hall, 6th Ave. and 42nd St. Take this matter up with the workers of your shop. See to it that your shop is represented.

"Every worker, regardless of whether he is a Communist or even a left winger, must be given to understand that the only way he can vote as a class conscious worker is to vote for the candidates of the Workers' Party.

"If there is any matter relating to the campaign that you want to take up with us, please call at the office to see Steinzor, the secretary."

Call Open Air Meets.

The committee's activities include the holding of open-air meetings in the home sections of workers in the clothing industry. Two open-air meetings were held in the Bronx last night. The other meetings for this week will be held as follows:

Tomorrow, Bronx, Intervale and Wilkins: Hirtz, chairman; speakers: Zukofsky, Silkovitz, Zimmerman, Wise, Winogradsky, B. Gold and S. Liptzin.

Saturday, East New York, Williams and Sutter Aves.: Ostrinsky, chairman; speakers: L. Cohen, Lipzin, Taft, Jones, Lena Charnenko and Nat Wilks.

Saturday, Brownsville, Bristol St. and Pitkin Ave.: Sazar, chairman; speakers: L. Cohen, Ph. Goodman, Zeibel, Sylvia Bleeker, J. Goretzky and Lipzin.

Saturday, Williamsburg, Grand St. Ex. and Havemeyer St.; Kadrinetzy, chairman; speakers: J. Weisberg, A. Zirlin, William Abrams, I. Potash, Pinchefsky, Cibolsky and Wishnefsky.

TELLS OF CHANGES IN THE SOVIET UNION

Some interesting touches on the changes which the October Revolution has wrought in the every-day lives of the great masses of the Russian workers are found in "A Belated Rebuttal on Russia," just published.

The author, Gerald Dykstra, a graduate student in a middle-western university, spent several months in the U. S. S. R. as a foot-loose visitor.

Amusements.

"'American student' is in itself a password that will get you anywhere in the Soviet Union," the author reports. "If you can say to a Russian 'Amerikanski student' before he guesses it anyway, you are sure of being in his good favor."

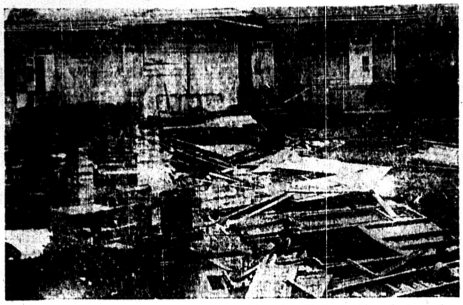
The writer tells of the amusements and athletic playgrounds for workers and their children in the U.S.S.R. "There are the outdoor concerts and lectures. . . . Many fine movie houses and Russian-made pictures. Their pictures are different from ours. They show the old days of oppression and hardship. 'Potemkin,' for example, makes a good picture and good propaganda. For it keeps before everyone's eyes the glorious victory of the Revolution."

Visitors Welcomed.

Not only are visitors welcomed in the Soviet Union, but everything is done to facilitate their travels about the country. Especially is this true when tourists arrive under the auspices of an officially accredited travel bureau.

The World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Ave. is such an authorized agency, and is now accepting reservations for a party which will leave New York October 17 on the "Mauretania" and arrive in the U. S. S. R. in time to visit the Eleventh Anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution. A large number of important cities will be visited, and the party will be accompanied by guides and interpreters.

Disease, Hunger for Porto Rican Peasants, Workers



The tornado which swept the Carribbean area and brought suffering to thousands of poor farmers and Negroes in the state of Florida, left hunger, desolation and disease behind it in the Island of Porto Rico. Above, ruins at San Juan.

WORKERS DEFY POLICE AT MEET

Communists Speak at Eagle Pencil Co.

Continued from Page One

Young Workers (Communist) League who pulled the platform over to the sidewalk.

Soon after, William W. Weinstone, secretary of the New York district of the Workers (Communist) Party arrived on the scene. Weinstone notified the police that the Workers (Communist) Party as a political party would hold the meeting; that at present there was an election period and parties were supposed to have the right to speak to the workers. The precinct captain argued that the meeting scheduled was not a political meeting and in order to prove this he displayed a leaflet issued by the Workers Party earlier in the day, which exposed the low wages, long hours, unsanitary conditions and tyranny over the workers in the Eagle Pencil plant, as well as the role of the democratic and republican parties in aiding the bosses.

Police Intimidate Workers.

The police then decided on different tactics—to permit the meeting because of the determined stand of the Workers Party, but to drive the workers off the street. But many workers remained and heard the message of the class struggle, of the necessity of the workers organizing against the bosses and of fighting against the parties of big business, of the importance of the workers supporting the Workers (Communist) Party and of voting for its candidates, William Z. Foster for president and Benjamin Gitlow for vice president. As one worker present put it: "I intended voting for Smith, but the police aren't going to tell me when I have to go into the factory; I'll go when I please and take the Daily Worker with me."

The Workers (Communist) Party is going to hold its next open air meeting in front of the factory this Friday at noon.

Helen Greene, Young Yonkers Worker, Dead

Following the death of Helen Greene, young member of the Young Workers (Communist) League, the Workers (Communist) Party of the same city adopted a resolution of consolation.

The resolution, which was sent to S. N. and Mrs. Greene and their son, Joseph, all members of the Workers (Communist) Party, reviewed the activity of the dead militant for the past few years and extended its sympathy to the deceased girl's parents.

DELAY SCHIFFRIN HEARING AGAIN

Prosecution Stalls for Time; Trial Today

Continued from Page One

frin faced the rush of the armed squad and wounded one mortally.

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Issue Appeal.

The William Schiffrin Defense Committee yesterday issued an appeal to the workers of New York, which was distributed widely in the gathering places and markets here. The appeal called on all workers to see that their organizations send delegates to the conference of labor organizations called by the committee for Sunday afternoon, 1 o'clock, in Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Pl.

The purpose of the conference is to raise a sufficient fund to defray the legal expenses for the trial and appeals should they become necessary. This seems to be the case, because the right wing trade union officialdom in this city are mobilizing all their forces to frame up Schiffrin for long years in prison.

Appealing directly to the workers reading the leaflets, the committee calls upon them not to wait for action from their fraternal and union organizations, but to contribute immediately themselves, by sending their donations to the office of the defense committee at 26-28 Union Square, room 603.

SHOP MEETING RAPS OFFICIALS

Tailors Condemn Right Wing Terror

Workers in the large ladies' garment manufacturing shops of Hattie Carnegie Inc., held a joint meeting in Bryant Hall, 42nd St. and Sixth Ave., in order to hear the detailed story of how one of the oldest members of their union, Local 38 of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, was assaulted by a right wing functionary, who works in the Hattie Carnegie shops.

After listening to the members who participated in the local meeting where the assault took place, the workers, after a discussion participated in by the adherents of Louis G. Rea, the assailant, overwhelmingly voted to pass a resolution of condemnation upon right-winger, Rea.

The resolution, which demands the removal of Rea, follows:

"We, the workers of Hattie Carnegie, Inc., at a joint meeting of both shops, have adopted the following resolution:

"Whereas, Louis G. Rea, who is the chairman of the executive board of Local 38 has made a murderous attack upon one of our oldest union members, Brother Chazanoff, and succeeded in slashing his face, and

"Whereas, Louis G. Rea is our co-worker in Carnegie shop,

"Therefore be it resolved, that Louis G. Rea cannot be elected in our shop to the office of shop chairman nor as a committee man; and be it

"Further resolved, that we demand of the executive board of Local 38 Louis G. Rea's immediate removal from the executive board, as unworthy of being an officer of a labor union.

Section Three Urges Bazaar Collection

All members of Section 3 of the Workers (Communist) Party are urged to begin work at once collecting articles for the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar.

Thus far the membership of the section has been delinquent in this matter, and all units are asked to start organizing their collection work at once.

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

WORKERS PARTY WILL HOLD MANY OPEN AIR MEETS

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

Wednesday, Sept. 26.

Second Ave. and Tenth St., N. Y. C.—Schachtman, A. Gussakoff, Suskin, J. Cork, Abrams.

Union Square, N. Y. C.—Biedenkapp, Suskin, Shapiro, Ross.

Wilkins and Intervale, Bronx—Grecht, Jacobson, I. Cohen, William Margolies.

Fleet St. and Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn—Moore, Padgug, Midolls.

Seventh Ave. and 131st St., N. Y. C.—Alexander, L. Oak, Williams.

Seventh Ave. and 137th St., N. Y. C.—Powers, Grace Lamb, Rosemond, Ed. Welsh.

Passaic, N. J.—M. Summer, Evelyn Blacker, Ida Starr, Ackerman.

Newark, N. J. (Negro meeting)—Padmore, L. Luke.

Lexington Ave. and 99th St. (noon)—John Sherman.

Thursday, Sept. 27.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth St. and St. Ann's Ave., Bronx—Powers, Spiro, Suskin, Jessie Taft.

Fortieth St. and Eighth Ave., N. Y. C.—Bydarian, Cibulsky, Kagan.

Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I.—Wright, Chernenko, McDonald, Burke, Heder.

Friday, Sept. 28.

National Biscuit Co. (noon)—Bert, Miller, P. Frankfeld.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—Ragozin, Lipzin, Aronberg, Julius Cohen.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C.—Ballam, Codkind, Gillgreen, Moreau.

Varet and Graham Ave., Brooklyn—Reiss, Wm. Frank, Lillienstein.

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn—Markoff, DeLeon, Chalupski, Valentine (chairman).

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—M. Taft, C. Martin.

Seventh St. and Ave A, N. Y.—Sumner, Pasternack, Ackerman, Goliger (chairman).

Bliss Factory (noon)—B. Lifshitz, H. Gordon.

Saturday, Sept. 29.

First Ave. and 79th St.—Baum, Yusem, Ed. Welsh.

West New York, N. J. (14th St. and Bergen Line Ave.)—Ben Lifshitz, Pearlman.

Paterson, N. J. (308 Elm St.)—McDonald, R. Duke, Honig, Cavatez.

Elizabeth, N. J.—Padgug, Freiman, A. Markoff.

Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx—Jacobson, Castrell, Spiro, Gozigian.

Williamsburg, Red Night (report rt 46 Ten Eyck St.)—Weinstone, Benjamin, Bimba, Grecht, Biedenkapp, Nessin, Primoff, LeRoy, Wright, Vera Bush, Frankfeld (Y. W. L.).

Venizelos in Italy to Sign Fascist Treaty

ROME, Italy, Sept. 24.—The arrival of Premier Venizelos of Greece, reported in a dispatch from Naples, is causing the greatest enthusiasm in this city, where it is hailed as a further proof of Italian domination in the Balkans.

Following the virtual establishment of an Italian protectorate in neighboring Albania, the visit of Venizelos, who will sign a treaty of conciliation and arbitration while in Rome, is held extremely significant. It is also being linked with the situation on the Macedonian frontier.

TAXI HEADS PLAN UNIFORM SCHEME

Luncheon at Noon for Police "Czar"

Continued from Page One

is known to be responsible for the seizure of cabs because drivers were not wearing uniforms.

Another so-called "friend" of the persecuted cab drivers who will attend is H. A. Innes-Brown, former editor of the Checkerboard, official anti-union publication of the Checker Cab Manufacturing Company, and now editor of the "Taxi-Weekly." Brown is now busily engaged organizing his fake hackmen's political party. He will be recalled as having boasted in a letter to Mayor Walker that he was responsible for taxi vote which helped put Tammany Jimmy in office. Brown's paper is crammed full of whole-page advertisements of the Mogul Checker Cab Manufacturing Co., Yellow Cab Manufacturing Co. (General Motors and other General Motors products), and the Paramount Cab Manufacturing Co., notable "friends" of the workers. Brown also carries considerable advertising of uniform manufacturers, which explains his endorsement of the proposal to force the drivers to display the insignia of the capitalist fleet owners.

BEAT IMMIGRANT.

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 25 (U.P.)—Charging United States immigration officer with blacking his eye and beating him at Woodward avenue ferry, Detroit, Mich., Israel Forman of Sandwich, Ont., has appealed to British Consul John Cameron, Detroit, who promised official investigation.

MANY CLASSES IN COMMUNISM AT WORKERS SCHOOL

Heavy Enrollment in Fundamentals Course

Over six classes in Fundamentals of Communism will be offered in the Workers School this coming fall term, to be given on the different evenings of the week. In view of the fact that the course in Fundamentals of Communism had over 200 registrations last fall term, the largest registration for any course in the school, except that in English, the Workers School is prepared to open up even more classes in that subject if registration warrants it.

The following is a schedule of classes in the Fundamentals of Communism.

Section 1, Monday, 8:30 to 9:50 p. m. Eve Dorf, instructor.

Section 2, Tuesday, 8:30 to 9:50 p. m. A. G. Bosse, instructor.

Section 3, Wednesday, 7 to 8:20 p. m. Harry Fox, instructor.

Section 4, Thursday, 7 to 8:20 p. m. Ella G. Wolfe, instructor.

Section 5, Friday, 7 to 8:20 p. m. Rebecca Grecht, instructor.

Section 6, in daytime for night workers. Day and hour to be arranged with the class.

The Fundamentals of Communism course, which is the basic course of the school and which is a prerequisite for the intermediate and advanced political courses, will analyze the nature of present day society, the problems confronting the working class under capitalism, the nature of the working class movement, the way out for the exploited and oppressed masses, what the dictatorship of the proletariat is, and the characteristics of Communist society.

Due to the expected heavy enrollment and due to the fact that the size of the Fundamentals of Communism class will be restricted to 30 so as to make it possible for all the students to participate in the work and discussion of the class, all workers are urged to register immediately. For more detailed information come to the office of the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square, fifth floor, or write to the Workers School for a free copy of catalog.

Registration is going on now.

DYOTT REACHES PARA.

PARA, Brazil, Sept. 25 (U.P.).—The Dyott expedition arrived here today from the wilds of interior Brazil. All were in good health.

Radio Monopoly Plans 125-Stations Circuit

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24. (UP.)—Plans for a short-wave radio message service covering the entire nation as a supplement to present land lines will be laid before the Federal Radio Commission Tuesday by representatives of the Universal Wireless Communication Company.

Point-to-point message service between 125 "key" stations throughout the United States is planned by the company, which has applied for wave lengths to be used between all large cities in the country.

CARPENTERS TO FIGHT OFFICIALS

Convention Opens This Saturday

Carpenters' delegates to the convention of the International Brotherhood, which is to be held at Lakeland, Florida, will leave today in order to arrive in time for the first session which opens Saturday, it was learned here today.

Among those who will attend from New York City is Morris Rosen, well known militant who ran against the reactionary William L. Hutcheson for president four years ago. Rosen will attempt to present to the convention the appeal of former Local 376, which the Hutcheson machine expelled from the organization because of its militant activities.

Before departing yesterday afternoon, Rosen predicted that there would be a strong opposition machine at the convention owing to the many issues which the officials have sidetracked and the many grievances which have never been taken up.

Cutters' League Calls Meeting for Tomorrow

The Cutters' Welfare League, affiliated with the National Organization Committee of the new Cloak and Dressmakers' Union, yesterday announced a meeting of the organization for tomorrow evening at the offices of the Joint Board, 16 W. 21st St., immediately after w[illegible]. Charles S. Zimmerman, h[illegible]ing the organization department of the N. O. C., will deliver a report on the industry as a whole and the status of the struggle against the union-wrecking right wingers. A. Horowitz, organizer of the Cutters' League, will report on the progress of the league and its drive to recruit new members and improve working conditions for the cutters

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National Guard and Gendarmes Reinforced as French Textile Strike Spreads Rapidly

TEXTILE FAKERS PLAN SELLOUT AS PICKETING GROWS

New Bedford Strikers Increase Picketing

Continued from Page One

own membership because he endorsed it, they decided to make statements in the press that would give the impression that the Frieder speed-up plan is a concession to the workers. They therefore asked that the 10 per cent wage cut stand if the "workers wanted the Frieder plan." This was done in order to give the Batty gang an opportunity to refuse to settle "unless the wage cut is rescinded."

The ranks of the mill owners are not holding out, however, since they see that the workers would have nothing of either "plan." Now rumors are circulating that a five per cent cut and the speed-up would be satisfactory to the employers, again giving the agents of the bosses in the council an opportunity to "assail the five per cent cut."

Workers Defy Betrayers.

The tens of thousands in the struggle, however, are not only demonstrating their defiance to whatever "pact" Batty may arrive at, by increasing their picketing, but the demands raised by the Textile Workers' Union leadership are gaining in power since the organization of the new National Textile Workers' Union in New York.

As to the imminent publication of the so-called report of the Board of Conciliation and Arbitration, leaders of the left wing union expect it to be a mud-slinging attack on the Textile Mill Committees leadership.

Srtikebreaking Weapon.

The militants in the strike have, however, always warned the strikers that the investigation is a fake, and that it is instead a scheme planned by the bosses to be used by them as a strikebreaking weapon at a moment when things look bad for the success of their strikebreaking efforts.

Three picket lines operated at the Page Mill this morning, more workers being in the lines than in recent weeks. Nearly every other mill had a smaller patrol of pickets guarding the gates, but even the capitalist papers admit that the turnout of pickets shows a marked increase this morning. Police were there in great numbers, but did not interfere. Published police reports confess that the same amount of people are entering the mills now as have been going in to date. These are admittedly petty foremen and straw bosses.

The Textile Workers' Union also announced from its headquarters that it has secured a lease on a vacant lot in the vicinity of the Page Mill. The reason given is that the lot was obtained to provide a haven for pickets driven away from the Page Mill by the police.

CHINA RED ARMY GAINS IN SOUTH

Communists Hold North Kuantung Province

HONGKONG, Sept. 25.—Reports from Canton state that the Communist forces, which possess no mean influence in Hunan and Kiangsi, have lately become very active again. Those under the command of Chu Teh and Mao Tse-tung, 4,000 strong, have occupied Kueitung and Juchen.

It is reported that at the back of these Communist forces, there are now six group armies comprising 15,000 strong, a portion of whom are at present pressing on to Hoyuan in the region of the East River. Hsia Ho-yun, who commands a large number of disbanded soldiers in the district of Lienping, has proclaimed doctrines declarin ghimself chief of the Soviet people's committees and flying red flags.

In this district of Swatow, over 2,000 Communist troops commanded by Wu Chang-hua are now reported to have commenced an advance in the direction of Tapu near the Fukien border. Almost all the region along the northern borders of Kuangtung has thus fallen under the influence of the Communist forces.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

Workers Rescued After Western Tornado Brings Ruin

Scores of western farmers were left homeless with their crops and buildings swept by ruin when a huge tornado lashed the middle west. Above, feeding refugees after the storm.

FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

FOSTER TOUR

Thursday, Sept. 27, Denver, Colo. Tabernacle Hall, 20th & Lawrence Sts.

Friday, Sept. 28, Omaha, Neb. Son Theatre, 14th & Farnam Sts.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Kansas City. Mo. Musicians Auditorium, 1017 Washington St.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Chicago, Ill. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, St. Louis, Mo. Final arrangements to be announced.

Wednesday, Oct. 3, Indianapolis, Ind. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Cincinnati, O. Final arrangements to be announced.

GITLOW TOUR

Wednesday, Sept. 26, Great Falls, Mont. Final arrangements to be announced.

Friday, Sept. 28, Spokane, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Seattle, Wash. Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, Portland, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Tuesday, Oct. 2, Astoria, Ore. Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Oakland, Calif. Final arrangements to be announced.

FARMER-LABOR IN DEAL WITH SMITH

Shipstead Carries Out Final Betrayal

Continued from Page One

called Farmer-Labor party are now to work for the election of Smith.

* * *

Deal Long Rumored.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 25 (U.P.)—The Minnesota "Progressive" vote which nearly carried the state for LaFollette in the 1924 presidential campaign, was claimed for Governor Smith today following what was described as the most significant political move in this doubtful territory since the present campaign began.

George Cashman, democratic candidate for United States Senator, withdrew from the race late yesterday "in the interest of the democratic party and Governor Smith." Although Cashman did not designate the senatorial candidate to whom his support should go, it was assumed he would back Henrik Shipstead, Farmer-Labor incumbent.

For weeks it had been rumored that Cashman would withdraw in favor of Shipstead, thus attracting the Farmer-Labor support over to Governor Smith..

In the last presidential election campaign, LaFollette received 339,192 independent Minnesota votes, while President Coolidge was given 420,759 republican votes. Davis, democratic nominee was far behind with 55,913 votes.

To Start Canadian-American Air Line

MONTREAL, Sept. 25 (British United Press).—The first international air mail service between Montreal and Albany, connecting with other important American cities, will be inaugurated next Monday.

A daily, except Sunday, service will go into effect the same day between the Canadian metropolis and Toronto.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

JURY TO TRY OEHLER CASES

Class Victims' Hearing Ends; Ban Arma Meets

Continued from Page One

meetings in front of the Armour Co. plant, one on Aug. 21 and the other a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting on Aug. 22. The attack of the packing-house interests, in which the vicious state criminal syndicalism law is being used as a weapon, is particularly directed against the Workers (Communist) Party and the International Labor Defense.

One of those who appeared in court yesterday against the four workers was R. R. Maiden, former assistant chief of the Colorado state police, who is notorious for his anti-labor activities.

The defendants must appear again Oct. 1 for the setting of the trial.

* * *

Ban Communist Meets.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

ARMA, Kan., Sept. 25.—All outdoor and indoor meetings of the Workers (Communist) Party and of miners suspected of sympathy for the new National Miners' Union have been banned by order of the Arma City council.

The action of the city council is part of the general attack on the Communist Party and the left wing thruout the west, inspired by the big corporations in cooperation with the American Legion.

Urges Support for Big I. L. D. Bazaar

Continued from Page One

the capitalists and the betrayers as it is the first to expose them to all the workers.

"We all know the difficulties under which our two great dailies, the Daily Worker and the Freiheit, exist. We all know the untold hardships, financial and otherwise, that make every day of their lives a day of danger. This great national bazaar has been arranged in order to enable the two papers to live. And the life or death of the Daily Worker is a matter of concern to the entire working class.

"The New York section of the International Labor Defense has found in the Daily Worker and Freiheit a constant support without which it would have been impossible for us to conduct our work properly. Both the capitalist and the so-called "socialist" press completely boycott the work of the I. L. D. We must express the solidarity that animates all the activities of the working class by giving our two militant dailies our whole-hearted support at all times. We therefore call upon all our members and all other class-conscious workers to do everything possible to make this bazaar an overwhelming success. Get behind the Daily Worker-Freiheit bazaar 100 per cent."

OLD TEXTILE LEADER SPEAKS

Bramhall Traces Mill Militancy

Continued from Page One

number of occasions.

"This new union will grow in membership and influence as no textile organization has done in the past," he said. "For it is being built on a broad mass basis, with a leadership which has won the confidence and affection of hundreds of thousands of exploited workers."

Came to U. S. in 1889.

Bramhall, a short, stocky, and belligerent individual came to this country from England in 1889, just as he had turned 21. Beginning work as a "mule spinner," he has toiled in the lint-choking mills of New England ever since.

The city of Lawrence paid out over $100,000 for hired cossacks and terroristic equipment, Bramhall related, but hardly a cent for the relief of the striking workers. These funds, to feed the workers and their families, came from thousands of militants thruout the United States.

Police Terror.

"The present terror in New Bedford and Fall River is nothing new in New England. The blood of workers has flown for many years in this kingdom of the New England 'aristocracy.' Cossacks, after the fashion of the gunmen of the coal and steel regions, regularly whipped their horses into crowds of strikers and sympathizers during the Lawrence strike. Two strikers, one a man and the other a woman, were murdered in cold blood by these hired thugs, and many were maimed for life as a result of the reign of terror which swept the strike area.

Technically called by the decaying United Textile Workers of America, the 1919 Lawrence strike was swiftly deserted by President McMahon and his satellites, Bramhall said. Many years ago McMahon and his gang displayed their treacherous colors and they have become discredited with thousands of New England textile workers.

Strikes Must Be Militant.

"Without militancy there can be no successful strike," Bramhall asserted. "We must meet the masters with their own weapons, whatever they may be."

The new textile workers union will shake the foundations of the American labor movement, he said. Especially for the thousands of unorganized mill slaves the new organization will serve as a rallying point for a powerful offensive against the textile bosses, Bramhall declared.

AIRMAN KILLED.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Sept. 25 (U.P.).—Lieut. D. D. Cornelius was killed today when his parachute failed to open as he jumped after his airplane crashed into another over Rockwell Field. Lieut. R. B. Williams, pilot of the other craft, managed to float to earth safely.

U. S. OIL NOTES SHARPLY SCORED BY ARGENTINA

Press. Hits Growing Imperialism

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 25.—Criticism against United States imperialism has been doubled here by the general Argentine press following the intervention of Kellogg in regards to the repeal of the Colombian government of the Barco oil concession, in which the Gulf Oil Company of Pennsylvania held chief interest.

Whether the motives for this criticism are altogether pure, in view of the British competitive oil interests and their influence in South American countries, is not known, but the fact remains that the press here is sharply antagonistic to the United States imperialist policy, recalling the criticism that was prevalent when United States marines first invaded Nicaragua.

The popular press objects to the Kellogg notes on the ground that the matter of the Barco oil concessions is a domestic one that ought to be settled between the company and a Colombian court, and that the United States government has no right to interfere.

The press pointing to intervention in Nicaragua, the recent Costa Rican note to the League of Nations, points out feeling in all the Latin American countries is high against the United States. It points to examples of intervention in Panama, Honduras, Chile and Peru and says that under cover of shipping dollars into South America "for the improvement of the people" United States imperialism actually gets a stranglehold on the people.

STUDENTS RAID FASCIST PAPER

Italian Paper Insults South Americans

SAO PAULO, Brazil, Sept. 25.—Students, armed with sticks and clubs, raided the Italian fascist newspaper here, Ipicolo, smashed the machinery and set fire to the equipment last night. The attack was occasioned by the refusal of the paper to retract a statement insulting to the native Brazilians, which was one in a series of editorials criticising the Brazilian paper, Combate, for remarking that the Italian flyers should have sought for the Noble survivors instead of trying to gain more publicity by long distant flights.

The "Combate" had made specific reference to the flights of Major Arturo Ferrarin and the late Major Carlo Del Prete, whom, it said, "would have done better to search for the Norwegian explorer Amundsen than to have made their flight from Rome to Brazil." The Italian fascist newspaper, Ipicolo, then published a highly insulting article and one also highly praising the fascist dictatorship.

Students gathered in front of the newspaper office in the afternoon, in a demonstration of protest. But when the Ipocolo in a later edition repeated its insults and referred ironically to the visit of the students, the students raided the paper.

INDICT KIDNAPER

CHICAGO, Sept. 25 (UP).—Indictments charging extortion and kidnaping were reported by the county grand jury today against Angelo Petitti and Pasquale Capotosto in the kidnaping of Billy Ranieri, 10, who was held captive 13 days while demands for $60,000 ransom were made.

Unlaid Pipes Meant Big Graft for Ring

How many millions of dollars in graft the Queens sewer clique got away with will never be known exactly but the figure is conservatively put at $16,000,000. Above, some of the costly unlaid pipes.

QUEENS GRAFT RING ON TRIAL

Only Tammany Gesture at Housecleaning

Continued from Page One

of the line, was sentenced to a term in Sing Sing. The next fled to Europe under fire. Lawrence Gresser, Connolly's predecessor, was removed from office in 1913 by Governor Dix.

Connolly, who ruled from that time until last April 3, resigned as an investigation of the graft charges reached its height.

A Tammany "Reformer."

A touch of irony lies in the fact that the man who now figures in the most sensational scandal of the borough's history began his career in Queens as a reformer, a widely-respected city magistrate.

It was last October that a handful of Queens taxpayers fired the opening shot in the latest administrative battle. They protested bitterly against a $16,000,000 assessment which had been levied on 75,000 home owners in the borough to construct a 40-mile drainage system.

Civic leaders charged that more than a fourth of this sum was a direct "steal."

First, all prospective witnesses appeared to have fled en masse from the city. Notable among them was John M. Phillips, so-called "sewer pipe czar" and a political power in Queens Borough.

May Have Been Murdered.

A special legislative measure, fixing $100,000 fines for those who persistently refused to be subpoenaed, brought back most of the missing witnesses. But not "Gentleman Jack" Phillips, the key witness. He died unexpectedly in a cottage at Atlantic City. The cause was given officially as alcoholism, but a grand jury hinted at death from poison or a drug, and Phillips' own physician remarked that, after all, it might not have been Phillips who was buried.

Had he lived, Phillips would have been a co-defendant in the trial which started yesterday. He acquired a great fortune from Queens sewer contracts.

Connolly engaged Max Steuer, nationally known trial lawyer, to defend him. Steuer successfully combatted nearly every move to investigate the charges.

But finally former United States District Attorney Emory Buckner, who had been specially appointed to direct the proceedings, won indictments against Connolly and Seeley on conspiracy charges. These were returned before Phillips' death, and he, too, was named.

Chief Witness Murdered.

Three weeks ago, the body of William L. D'Olier, scheduled to be one of the most important state witnesses in the trial, was found on a lonely road between two Queens cemeteries. He had been shot. Police called it suicide. But at the insistence of the dead man's widow a murder investigation was started. It still is in progress.

Besides Buckner and Steuer, several other celebrated lawyers are arrayed against each other in the trial. Dana Wallace, former district attorney of Queens, who figured in the Snyder-Gray case, will defend Seeley.

More than a hundred witnesses have been called.

TRY TO SELL OUT VIENNA PROTEST

Reformists Try to Call Anti-Fascist March

Continued from Page One

crats referred especially to the socialist defense organization and the newly organized Workers Defense, which called upon all workers in Vienna and Weinerneustad to organize a counter-demonstration against the provocative one of the fascists.

In temporarily rejecting the proposal, Chancellor Seipel, saw the servility of the socialists, and hopes for even more success in the form of more socialist capitulations before he intervenes in the October demonstration.

The socialist press announced that the peace offers had been rejected and that therefore the socialist demonstration will be held. Sixty thousand social-democratic party members are reported to be coming to Vienna and Neustadt.

LABOR FAKERS ASK WORKERS TO STAY IN MILLS

Two More Centers Join General Walk-Out

PARIS, Sept. 25.—Textile workers in Armentieres and Huoplines have joined the strike today, which is spreading throughout the French textile centers.

The districts now out on strike are Halluin, which has been out for some time, Roncq, Wervicq, Linselles, Comines and those districts mentioned above.

On the appeal of the textile mill owners the French government has sent strong detachments of the national guard, reinforced by gendarmes, to patrol all the factory districts and prevent mass picketing.

Officials of the reactionary union organization, the National Textile Workers Federation, have ordered their men to remain at work, in an attempt to break the strike and prevent their members from joining the revolutionary union.

JOHN PEPPER

on

AMERICAN NEGRO PROBLEMS

In The OCTOBER Issue

Communist

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DICTATORS' SOLIDARITY

May Deport Deputy Who Hit Mussolini

SANTIAGO (By Mail).—Recently a deputy to the Chilean parliament in a speech attacked Mussolini. The next day the minister of interior answered in parliament Chilean Chamber cannot have erated in the future and that in case of repetition appropriate measures would be taken—a threat of deportation. The minister said that an attack against Mussolini in the the dictator of Peru, Leguia. Immemeant anything else but veiled attacks on the regime of the dictator Ibanez in Chile.

In Cuba a newly established newspaper "La Union Nacionalista," opposed to the reelection of Machado, and probably supported by the followers of General Mendieta, who also aspired to the Chilean presidency, published an attack upon the dictator of Peru, Leguia. Immediately the Cuban dictator Machado ordered the police to proceed against the editors of the "Union Nacionalista." The newspaper was confiscated and its editors arrested.

COMRADES!

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National Election Campaign Committee

Movie Union Misleaders Raise Own Salaries, Men Jobless, Writes Correspondent

FAKERS DROP THE FIGHT AGAINST THE OPEN SHOP

$20,000 Per Year for Two Officials

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Calif. (By Mail).—According to information published in certain eastern papers and reprinted in the local American Federation of Labor organ, the Los Angeles Citizen, members of the International Union of Stage Employes and Motion Picture Projectionists raised the salaries of their president and secretary at their convention held some time ago in Detroit. The salary of president Canavan was raised to from $12,000 to $20,000 per year, and that of secretary Green (not the A. F. of L. president) from $7,500 to $20,000.

Another A. F. of L. Betrayal.

A couple of years ago the Citizen and the A. F. of L. officialdom here and elsewhere made a lot of noise "demanding" a closed shop, etc., in the motion picture industry.

A strike was planned and the date set to "force" the issue. But, after a number of conferences with the bosses in the motion picture game, such as Will Hays, chairman of the (Teapot Dome) republican central committee in 1920 and now playing of papa and tsar in moviedom, the matter was dropped, like a hot potato, by the high-salaried officials of the above-mentioned brand.

The postponement of the strike turned into a betrayal. And, while thousands are idle in all lines of movie work, mechanics, workers and artists alike, some of those "who work so hard to better the conditions of the rank and file" are getting their salaries raised from 66 to 166 per cent.

Increases Steam-rollered.

Numbers of workers here are wondering when the rank and file will take matters into their own hands. They claim that the salary increases are steam-rollered thru the conventions without the consent of the majority of the membership.

L. P. RINDAL.

WILL HOLD RED NIGHTS IN N. Y.

Tammany Attacks Fail to Halt Drive

The last five weeks of the Communist election campaign will be blazed in red thruout the working-class districts of New York City. Beginning with Friday, October 5 and up to and including Saturday, November 3, every Friday and Saturday night will be a Red Night in some section of the city where workers live.

The Red Nights will take the form of many Communist campaign meetings all concentrated in the one section of the city for that one night. Automobiles and small trucks with Red campaign banners and streamers floating will be used to transfer speakers who are through at one corner to another Red platform. At a specific time all the meetings but one, at the most prominent corner of the section, will conclude, and all the Red campaigners will gather at that one corner for a huge wind-up rally.

The attempts of Tammany fascists hiding under the name and spread-eagle emblem of the Veterans of Foreign Wars to stop by strong-arm methods the holding of Communist open-air meetings, linked up with the action of the mayor of Yonkers in refusing the Communist campaigners permission to hold an open-air meeting, and the desperate attempts made by officials in Ohio and elsewhere to keep the Workers (Communist) Party off the ballot by hook or crook furnishes conclusive evidence of the dread with which the capitalists parties regard the spreading of the Communist workingclass platform among workers. The two most flagrant examples of the use of Tammany-controlled professional patrioteers are the assault of the Communist speakers by the so-called Veterans of Foreign Wars in Astoria, L. I. and the attempted assault of Red Campaigners by the same disciples of the Tammany tiger at the corner of 50th Street and 5th Avenue, in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn.

As a result of the assault in Astoria, the Workers (Communist) Party now holds large and enthusiastic weekly meetings at the scene of the attack, and the same in Bay Ridge. Despite such attempts to stop the spread of the Communist creed among workers of New York the Red Nights meetings will be larger, more numerous and more enthusiastic this year than ever before, judging by the response of workers at the open-air meetings being held thruout the city by the Red Campaigners.

Among the sections in which workers in large masses will listen to the Red Campaigners on Red Nights, are Bronx, Harlem, downtown Manhattan, Astoria, Boro Park (which takes in Bay Ridge), Williamsburg, Brownsville and East New York. In the larger sections, such as the Bronx and Harlem, more than one Red Night will be arranged.

Alleged Sewer Grafters Who Knew Too Much

The trial of Maurice Connolly, ex-borough president of Queens, is bringing the sewer graft scandal prominently into view again altho there is believed to be no danger that the big politician will be convicted in the $17,000,000 fraud. Above, William D'Olier, sanitary engineer, John Phillips, contractor, and William Redmond, bookkeeper, all of whom knew too much and are now dead.

Worker Correspondents Are Active in the Soviet Union

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By Mail)—The workers and peasants who contribute more or less regularly to the newspaper in the Soviet Union are known as Worker and Peasant Correspondents (in Russian: Rabkors and Selkors, respectively). The Rabselkor Movement in the U. S. S. R. is quite voluntary, there being no elections or appointments of Correspondents, no restrictions, and no particular encouragement to Communists to engage in this work; on the contrary, an effort to attract the greatest possible numbers of non-party workers and peasants to contribute to the daily and periodical press. This is essential in order to get the fullest and widest view of the aspirations and living and working conditions of the toilers and thus be able to attract ever new elements and wider masses to participate in our constructive work.

400,000 Correspondents.

The Rabselkor movement is growing at a very rapid rate. Thus, in the course of two years it has increased from 217,000 to nearly 400,000 (115,607 Rabkors; 192,788 Selkors, and 73,344 Red Army Correspondents—Voyenkors).

A prominent part in this wide semi-literary movement is played by women. The number of women contributing to the general newspaper press is about 14 per cent, which is an increase of 4 per cent since the beginning of 1927. The percentage, however, is much higher in the special women's press, which has reached a fairly large development. At the present time there are 18 women's journals with a circulation of about 400,000, to which more than 7,000 Rabselkor women contribute.

Furthermore, there are the Yunkors (Youth Correspondents) and Dyetkors (Child Correspondents) with the respective newspapers for the Youth and Pioneers.

Wall-Newspapers

The training of these Worker and Peasants Correspondents is carried on by the various circles organised both in connection with the general press as well as the wall-newspapers, which constitute the first school, as it were, for Rabselkors. It may safely be stated that at the present time there is not a single factory or office, not a single village without its wall-newspaper. In Moscow city alone there are well over 1,500 such wall-newspapers, each of which reflects the social, economic and cultural life of the workers or employees of that particular factory or office. Further, the wall-newspapers also voice the general sentiments of the worker or employe on this or that policy of the government or of the Party. At these Correspondent training circles are delivered lectures on all current topics which are accompanied by discussion, so that the outlook of the Rabselkor is broadened and he begins to handle the facts described by him in a more conscious manner, bringing them into conjunction with the general policies of the country.

The chief importance of the Rabselkor movement lies in its social aspect, as a growing and powerful movement which helps in ascertaining the aspirations and requirements of the masses of the people, and at the same time in enlisting new public workers in all branches of the constructive work. The movement is guided by its own journal "The Worker and Peasant Correspondent." There are also Rabselkor journals in the provinces. From time to time Rabselkor conferences are convened, both national and local. The number of Rabselkor clubs are also increasing and there is quite an extensive literature.

The Rabselkor movement plays a particularly important role in the conduct of the various campaigns that are organized from time to time, as for example—the campaign for economy, the campaign for the lowering of commodity prices, the combat against bureaucracy for the rationalisation of industry, etc.

Aid Proletarian Industry.

Considerable economy in industrial management is frequently effected as the result of practical proposals submitted by the workers through the press.

Particularly effective proved the industrial surveys carried through 1927. Thus, in Tver, there were carried out industrial surveys in a number of factories. The staff members of the local newspaper went to the factory and addressed the workers on the importance of submitting proposals revealing defects in the factory and suggestions for the betterment of management, increasing of production, etc. Such a survey was carried through at the "Proletarian Cloth Mills" employing over 20,000 people. The survey was confined to the dying department, 1,940 workers (out of 5,000 in the department) took part in the survey and 2,217 proposals and suggestions were submitted, hundreds of which have already been carried out. Again, at the "Proletarian Works" in Briansk province, 10,738 (out of 12,000) workers participated in the survey at their factory and made several thousand proposals which are now being carefully examined and investigated by the administration.

The results of these activities speak for themselves. In White Russia a proposal made by a Rabkor has led to an economy of 40,000 roubles; in Serpukhov, upon the suggestion made by Rabkors, the automatic spindle has been introduced, the resulting economy of which can well be realised by textile workers in Manchester, Bradford and other British textile centres.

I. AMDUR.

COLLEGE PROF IS POWER TOOL

Alabama Univ. Teacher Headed Bunk Bureau

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25 (UP).—Publicity activities of Alabama power interests have been directed by Professor J. S. Thomas of Alabama University, who, at the same time, retained his position in the university, it was charged before the Federal Trade Commission today.

While director of the utility bureau, Thomas said, he made numerous speeches in the state urging industrial development. He was billed as a representative of the university and his connection was not disclosed, Thomas admitted. He also had done considerable research for the power industry, he explained.

Approximately $1,000 a month was spent by the utilities in maintaining the publicity committee during the time he was its head, Thomas said.

A report submitted by the southeastern division of the N. E. L. A. said 50,000 pamphlets, letters and other literature have been mailed out during the year to a selected list.

"We have not overlooked the Public Service Commission and have maintained friendly relations with all of them as well as their staffs," the report said.

MINER ARRESTED IN RELIEF WORK

Released After Protest by Defense Body

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 25.—Mike Stepka, a coal miner of Republic, Pa., was arrested here for soliciting money for the defense and relief of the miners in the Pittsburgh district. While out collecting he was accosted by a coal and iron policeman by the name of John Elliott, who, without any authority, took the collection lists out of Stepka's pocket and arrested him.

The coal and iron policeman took him before Squire Davidson of Republic and after hearing the policeman Stepka was fined $10 and costs. The act was challenged by Sub-district Organizer Rodrequez of the Pittsburg district, International Labor Defense, who stated to the squire that this was the kind of a case the International Labor Defense and the Civil Liberties had been looking for; the squire then told Stepka to go home and collect the money to pay the fine and costs.

Stepka was told not to go back to the squire's office and not to pay any fine, and to report to the I. L. D. and the Civil Liberties Union if he was further molested by the police or the squire.

WORKERS CHEER TALES OF STRIKE

Applaud Speeches at Textile Meet

Utterances that were received by the assembled delegates and visitors by spontaneous cheers and enthusiastic applause were plentiful at the two days' convention sessions that resulted in the formation of the new National Textile Workers' Union of America. Some of them follow:

"A. J. Muste, former minister of the gospel, but now head of the Brookwood Labor College," said Jim Reid, the union president, "was in at the burial ceremonies of the MaMahon's U. T. W., when that took place at their last convention."

Takes Care of Family.

In enumerating the decaying hulks left of some of the so-called textile unions still extant, Reid further remarked, "Tansey, president of the American Federation of Textile Operatives, has done well with his family. His son is now assistant treasurer of a Fall River mill. Not only that," continued Reid, "but investigation will reveal that all the caretakers of the public water closets are former officials of the A. F. T. O."

Samuel Bramhall, veteran leader of the Lawrence textile strike of 1919, declared his experience showed that "all notions that a union can be built or a strike won without a real scrap, where the workers allow no one to tell them where they get off at, not even the cops, is nonsense." This was received with applause.

Strike Against Betrayers.

"Workers know they are striking against the scab officials of the U. T. W. and the A. F. T. O., as well as against the bosses," declared William T. Murdoch, New Bedford strike leader, and third vice-president, who was received with great enthusiasm. He made the reporter for the "socialist" weekly, "New Leader," squirm by saying, "Socialists, A. F. of L. fakers and bosses all unite in supporting the scab 'relief' agency of the politicians and in fighting ours."

Eli Keller, the Passaic union leader who now acts as organizer for the New Bedford strike committee, declared that "Batty's own men will align themselves with us when he tries to sell out the strike."

More Dirty Work.

"McMahon had such great fear of the fighting character of the Passaic locals that he conspired in agreements with the bosses to dismiss mill workers who show themselves to be staunch unionists." This expose was made by Gus Deak, later to become first vice president of the new union, in his discussion of the corruption of the U. T. W.

Philip Lifschitz, representing the Knit Goods Union, formerly affiliated with the U. T. W., aroused the interest of the delegates by enumerating the differences between the personnel of the delegation at this convention and the fat-bellied, cigar-puffing, bureaucrats attending the convention of the U. T. W.

Fakers Lose Membership.

Jesse Troy, of the Fall River delegation, stated that "the A. F. T. O. to which he had belonged for six years had 1,100 members before the advent of the T. M. C. and that now the fakers can show only 150 members."

Elizabeth Donnelley, the youthful New Bedford organizer, who has organized hundreds of children into strike clubs, declared: "We must counteract the labor-hating poison instilled into the minds of the children by organizing them to participate in the struggles of their worker parents."

Walter Burke, addressing the convention for the Labor Sports' Union, drew excited, enthusiastic approval from the young delegates by calling on them to organize labor sports organizations to compete with the bosses' sport clubs and welfare schemes.

Fred E. Beal, New Bedford Textile Union organizer, told of the success of the organizers in rallying the strikers and getting them to ignore the advice of Batty that the workers "sleep instead of picket."

Ellen Dawson, elected as second vice president, after reporting on work among women, declared, "All that is necessary is to see the role played by the women strikers in Passaic and New Bedford to realize that strike action is doomed unless the active support and participation of women is secured."

APARTMENT WORKERS NEED STRONG UNION

Unemployment Serious Among Them

(By a Worker Correspondent)

An ad: "Superintendent Wanted" caused at least a dozen men and three women to form a line in front of the McMahon real estate office recently. While waiting for the men in charge, the men and women, composed of whites and Negroes and representatives of at least half a dozen different nationalities talked of their experiences in job hunting.

Some of them were members of a union. One man said that the only men enjoying union wages and conditions were the officials. The man who made this statement had a union card from the Plumbers' Union.

After the arrival of the boss on the job, each applicant was admitted and gave his name, address and qualifications and was told that, if he was selected, they would notify him tomorrow. I was near the tail end of the line and as one man came out he said, "Only one will get the job."

I smiled. Then he started telling me that the superintendants were organizing themselves into a union and said, "That will be a damn good thing for it will give us a chance."

I asked him about this "prosperity." He waved his hand and said: "It's all bull. The Smiths, the Hoovers and that b—— in the office are all against the working men."

He hurried off to the subway station. I am waiting for tomorrow but no word has come.

—J. E. M.

CANADA BANK MERGER.

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 25 (U.P.). Despite widespread opposition against the forthcoming merger of the Canadian bank of commerce and the Standard bank of Canada, the Canadian government will sanction it, Ottawa officials believe.

STORM IN PORTUGAL.

LISBON, Portugal, Sept. 25 (U.P.). A severe storm, accompanied by a driving rain and strong winds, caused enormous damage in Portugal yesterday and today. Many districts were flooded.

DYOTT REACHES PARA.

PARA, Brazil, Sept. 25 (U.P.). — The Dyott expedition arrived here today from the wilds of interior Brazil. All were in good health.

Philharmonic Season Opens Next Thursday at Carnegie

THE Philharmonic Orchestra opens its eighty-seventh season on Thursday evening, October 4, at Carnegie Hall. Willem Mengelberg, beginning his ninth consecutive year, will present a program consisting of the Beethoven Coriolanus Overture, the Mozart Divertimento, a first performance of a march by Henry Hadley, and the Schubert C-major Symphony.

Other novelties which the Dutch conductor will offer later in the fall are the First Symphony of Bernard Wagenaar, fragments from Handel's Alcina, Emerson Whithorne's Fata Morgana, a Toccata of Respighi, Three Tone Poems of Bucharoff, Die Tageszeiten of Richard Strauss, a Hebrew Suite of Berezowsky, and a Suite of Alexander Tansman. Mr. Mengelberg directs the Philharmonic from October 4 to the 14th inclusive, again from October 29 to December 9, and finally from December 24 to January 13.

Walter Damrosch will appear as guest conductor from October 15 to the 28th and from December 10 to the 23rd. Two new works are definitely scheduled for his programs: An American in Paris, the latest opus of George Gershwin; and the symphony of Ernest Bloch which won the Musical America prize this year. Sir Thomas Beecham returns to this country as guest conductor for the four concerts of January 17, 18, 19, and 20. Arturo Toscanini inaugurates his second year here as regular conductor of the orchestra on January 21 and remains through the end of the season, April 14.

The first soloist to appear with the orchestra this winter will be Anna Case. Other soloists to appear are: Sophie Braslau, Yehudi Menuhin, Vladimir Horowitz, Gerald Warburg, Ruth Pierce Posselt and the Marmein Dancers.

The Friday afternoon subscription series opens on October 5; the Thursday afternoons on October 11; and the Friday evenings on October 12. Series A of the Sunday afternoons at Carnegie starts on October 7 and Series B one week later.

PRINCE KILLS FRIEND.

FILIPSTAD, Sweden, Sept. 25. (U.P.)—Prince Bertel, third son of the Crown Prince, was fined 500 kroner today for driving an automobile without a license. The fine was assessed as a result of an accident on September 9th in which the automobile which the prince was driving turned over and killed one of the passengers. The victim of the wreck was a young schoolmate of the prince and the incident caused a sensation in Sweden.

LAST CALL! SIXTH and LAST GROUP for 1928 SENT BY WORLD TOURISTS, INC.

To SOVIET RUSSIA

Leaving

Wednesday, October 17

"S. S. MAURETANIA"

TO WITNESS THE CELEBRATION OF THE NOVEMBER REVOLUTION

(VISA GUARANTEED—ANY PART OF THE SOVIET UNION CAN BE VISITED.)

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Spread The DAILY WORKER

ONE of the best methods of carrying on election work is to see that the DAILY WORKER is placed in the hands of as many workers as possible. During the period of the Election Campaign we will sell the DAILY WORKER at $6.00 per thousand. No meeting or campaign rally should be without a bundle of DAILY WORKERS.

Order Now! ←

Please send me .... copies of The DAILY WORKER at the rate of $6.00 per thousand

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ADDRESS .... CITY .... STATE ....

To arrive not later than ....

I am attaching a remittance to cover same.

IN SHIPMAN-HYMER DRAMA

Claudette Colbert plays an important role in the newest melodrama by Samuel Shipman and John B. Hymer, "Fast Life," coming to the Ambassador tomorrow night.

THEATRE GUILD TAKE OVER MARTIN BECK THEATRE

The Theatre Guild will use the Martin Beck Theatre for the presentation of Guild productions for a period of years beginning December 1. From the standpoint of the Guild, it seems that the John Golden Theatre, which it has under lease, is to be occupied by "Strange Interlude" for a long period and that the organization, having plans for at least seven productions for subscribers this year, will be in need of another theatre.

The Theatre Guild has acquired a play by Paul Green, author of "In Abraham's Bosom" and "The Field God." The new play is called "The House of Connolly" and is the story of a southern family.

NEW JINGOIST PARTY STARTED IN CALIFORNIA

All 'Reds and Radicals' Excluded

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Calif., (By Mail).—Formation of the American Party from which all "Reds and radicals" are excluded was announced recently by Linn William Price, national organization chairman. The party, which has its inception in Los Angeles, is devoted to the promotion of true Americanism, according to Price's statement.

In a letter, copies of which have been sent to thousands of voters here, Price states that the party has been formed to further and safeguard the basic principles of government.

The annoucement was given prominent space in the local capitalist papers and the talk is going round that it really is a fascist party formed by the big bourgeoisie and the reactionary theocrats here to crush and exterminate the militant workers.

D. W. GOODWIN.

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 25 (U.P.).—"Shipping fever", or "hemorrhagic septicemia" has broken out among Ontario cattle at Bromley township, many cattle being killed. It is believed the deaths were caused by administration of a serum containing live instead of dead germs. The government is investigating.

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM Thea. W. 45 St., Eves.8.30 Mats., Wed. & Sat. 2.30
GEO. M. COHAN Presents
WALTER HUSTON IN ELMER THE GREAT
RING LARDNER'S AMERICAN PLAY

SHUBERT Thea. 44, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:30; Mats. Wed., Sat. 2.30
GUY ROBERTSON ODETTE MYRTIL DE WOLF HOOPER
in a musical romance of Chopin
WHITE LILACS

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER IN ITS REVISED FORM?
CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

'A Clean Hit', Winchell, Graph.
EVA THE 5th
with CLAIRBORNE FOSTER
LITTLE W. 44th St. Eves. 8.30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.30

Martin Beck Thea. 45 St. & 8 Av. Evs. 8.40. Ma. Sat., Wed 2.40
NITE HOSTESS
by Philip Dunning
Staged by Winchell Smith
Produced by JOHN GOLDEN.

MANY TEACHERS JOBLESS.

BERLIN Sept. 25.—Nearly 300,000 male and female Prussian school teachers are vainly looking for permanent positions, according to a report published by the Ministry of Education.

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d and B'way 2ND BIG WEEK
"Q SHIPS"
WORLD PREMIERE
AUTHENTIC! ACTUAL!
Sensational Submarine Warfare!

Arthur Hopkins Presents
'MACHINAL'
A new play in two parts and ten scenes by Sophie Treadwell
Plymouth Thea. W 45th St. Eves 8 30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30

Maxine Elliott's Thea., W. 39th St. Evenings 8.30, Mats. Wed & Sat.
"Intelligent Entertainment."—Mantle, News.
This THING CALLED Love
A New Comedy Hit by Edwin Burke with Violet Heming & Minor Watson.

Theatre Masque 45th St., West of Broadway Eve. 8.30; Mats.: Wed. & Sat. 2.30
"Goin' Home"
"Exciting Stuff".—The New Yorker.

CENTURY Thea., Central Pk. W. & 62 St. Eves. 8:30 Mats. Wed. and Sat.
THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEORGE OLSEN'S MUSIC.

Acceptance Speeches

Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

PRICE 5 CENTS

In lots of 100 or more 30 per cent off.

National Election Campaign Committee

43 EAST 125TH STREET

NEW YORK, N. Y.

All orders must be accompanied by payment

Representatives of Oppressed To Be at Anti-Imperialist Meeting Tonight

PLAN TO COMBAT IMPERIALISM OF WALL ST. RULE

Dunn, Gannes and Shu Will Speak

Latin Americans, West Indians, Filipinos and Chinese workers, together with hundreds of American workers, will participate in the mass membership meeting of the New York Branch of the All America Anti-Imperialist League tonight at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Avenue.

The representatives of the oppressed countries will take part in the discussion on "Ways and Means of Combating American Imperialism," which will follow the opening speeches by Robert Dunn, author of Foreign Investment, and Harry Gannes, acting national Secretary of the U. S. section of the League. Y. Y. Shu, secretary of the Alliance to support the Worker-Peasant Revolution; Ruiz Martinez, secretary of the Spanish Speaking Workers Club, and Mary Adams of the American Negro Labor Congress, are among those who lead the discussion.

The meeting tonight which is open to the public will mark the beginning of a city-wide membership drive, according to a statement by Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch. Individuals and representatives of organizations are invited to attend the meeting and join the League.

The United States section of the All America Anti-Imperialist League, which is carrying on a campaign to aid the Nicaraguans and other oppressed peoples in their fight against Wall Street domination is the rallying center for the exploited workers of this country in the struggle against U. S. imperialism.

Silk Workers in Paterson Prepare for Big Walk-out

Continued from Page One

swer the official communications of the union which contained the workers' demands. The demands were sent to the employers, who held a meeting but made no answer to the union's message.

Demands of the workers include the institution in the industry of a uniform price list for weavers, other craftsmen and women in the industry, the strict maintenance of the eight-hour day and recognition of the union. Other demands are night work to be paid for at the rate of 10 per cent over the day work scale, no overtime to be permitted, operatives to work eight hours per day, time work to be paid for at the rate of 80 cents an hour.

Organize Shops.

Due to the long existant sentiment among the broad silk workers for a strike to improve conditions, they have been extremely active in organizing the shops and recruiting membership.

The utmost confidence is expressed by the workers that the entire broad silk industry in Paterson will be tied up tight when a strike call is issued.

Soviet War Commissar Scores "Neighbor"

Continued from Page One

of the Soviet Union that armed conflicts were avoided.

The facts show, he pointed out, that the capitalist countries contemplate intervention against the Soviet Union. He pointed to the attempts to transform Soviet Ukrainia into Ukrainia under a Polish protectorate. The relations with Germany, however, have improved, he said.

Kellogg Pact.

The Soviet Union signed the Kellogg pact, he declared, for if it had not done so the bourgeois governments and the capitalist press would have a pretext for agitation against "red imperialism." The Soviet Union knows that the Kellogg pact does not preserve peace, but it has a certain value in that it prevents open war preparations, he said. Moreover, the clauses introduced into the pact by the imperialist powers weaken its effect.

War Danger.

The war danger for the Soviet Union is visible, Voroschilov said. Nobody can guarantee that there will be an attack on the Soviet Union, and this fact, therefore, forces the Soviet Union to maintain an army, although it prefers to expend its money on peaceful economic development.

The Red Army, he said, is technically equal to or even better than the armies of the neighboring countries, and the Kiev maneuvers show its capabilities.

DELAY TRACTION HEARING.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25 (UP).—Postponement of U. S. supreme court arguments on the seven-cent New York subway fare case, scheduled to start today here, may be caused by the illness of Samuel Untermyer, noted attorney representing the transit commission.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

* * *

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 30 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

Night Workers Branch.

Night Workers Branch will meet today at 3 p. m. at 26 Union Square, 6th floor.

* * *

Women's Work Notice.

A special meeting of all unit Women's Work organizers, fraction secretaries, and representatives of language bureaus will be held this evening at 7:30 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, Room 603. The political campaign and general women's work for the year will be discussed. All must attend.

* * *

Central Body, U. C. W. W.

The Central Body of the United Councils of Working Class Women will meet tomorrow, 8 p. m., at Room 602, Workers Center. Organizers, secretaries, delegates must attend. Members are welcome.

* * *

Section 7 Membership Meet.

A membership meeting of Section 7 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held this evening at 8 p. m., at 1965 Bath Ave., Brooklyn. All members must attend.

* * *

Subsection 3C Executive.

The Executive Committee of Subsection 3C will meet today at 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St. Important reports will be forthcoming, and all members of the committee must be present.

* * *

Unit 5F, 3D.

A special meeting will be held this evening at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. for Party accounting work.

* * *

International Branch 1.

Meeting of International Branch 1, Section 1D, will be held this evening at 7:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Place.

* * *

Unit 4F, Section 1 Meet.

An important meeting of Unit 4F, Section 1, will be held this evening 6:30 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Pl. N. Silber will lead a discussion on the "Negro Problems." Since this is Party Accounting Week, every member must be present to give an account of his activities. Absentees will be called to the discipline committee.

* * *

Unit F2, Subsection 2E.

Unit F2, Subsection 2E will hold an important meeting tonight at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street. A roll call will be taken.

* * *

Anti Imperialist Meet.

A mass membership meeting of the New York Branch, All-America Anti-Imperialist league will be held today, 8 p. m., at the Labor Temple 14th Street and Second Ave. Robert Dunn and Harry Gannes, National Secretary, are among the speakers. Visitors are welcomed.

* * *

Bronx Attention.

Sept. 24 to 30 is the last week for the signature drive. Every effort must be made to put over candidates on the ballot. Every comrade must report during this week and go out and get signatures. Those who do not respond will be disciplined. All those obtaining 50 or more signatures during this week will be given a free ticket to the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar.

* * *

Notice—Section 2.

All unit and subsection agitprops of Section 2 should be present at a conference to be held on Friday, Sept. 28, at 6:30. Please be prompt, for we must adjourn to Central Opera House at 8 p. m.

* * *

Lower Bronx Y. W. L. Mass Meet.

The Lower Bronx unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold its first indoor mass meeting for the fall on Sunday, Sept. 30th, 3 p. m., at 715 E. 138th St. Prominent speakers will address the meeting.

* * *

School Catalogs Out!

Workers School catalogs are now out. Courses will begin the week of Oct. 1. Registration is on now. All unit agitprops should get catalogs at the school office and devote special meeting of the unit to the Workers' School.

* * *

Downtown I. L. D. Branch.

An important meeting of the Downtown Branch of the International Labor Defense will be held tomorrow, 8 p. m., at the Workers Club, 35 E. 2nd St.

* * *

Section 1, Club Directors.

Section 1 Club directors conference, 60 St. Marks Place at 8 p. m. tomorrow.

* * *

Branch 6, Section 5.

Today is Accounting Day in Branch 6, Section 5. Every comrade must be present at the Auditorium, 2700 Bronx Park East.

* * *

German Branch, Yorkville, Y. W. L.

The next meeting will be held on Friday, September 28th, 8 p. m. at the Hungarian Workers Home, 352 East 81st Street. We will have a discussion on the Communist Manifesto. All German speaking young workers are invited to attend this meeting.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonisation in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

Banquet at Brighton Beach.

Saturday, Oct. 13, at 8:30 p. m. a Chinese supper and an interesting concert will be given by the Workers' Club, Brighton Beach.

Anti-Imperialist Membership Meet.

A meeting will be held today at 8 p. m. in the Labor Temple, 242 E. 14th St., New York City, a membership meeting of the New York branch of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League will be held, with Harriet Silverman, secretary of the New York branch of the league presiding. Harry Gannes, acting secretary of the United States section of the league and Robert Dunn, author of "America's Foreign Investments" will be the principal speakers. Discussion from the floor. Friends and sympathizers are invited.

* * *

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

The annual Proletarian Autumn Revel of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense will be held Saturday evening, Oct. 27, at 8:30 at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Prizes will be given for the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

Brownsville Color Light Dance.

A Color Light Dance will be held Oct. 20 at the Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., under the auspices of the Young Workers Social Culture Club.

* * *

I. L. D. Open-Air Meeting.

The Bronx Sacco-Vanzetti Branch will hold an open air meeting tomorrow night at 8:30 p. m. at 163rd St. and Prospect Ave. I. Zimmerman, M. Sumner and S. LeRoy will speak on the subject of "Capitalist Justice In the U. S."

Newark Polish I. L. D.

The Polish I. L. D. Branch of Newark will hold a dance Sept. 29, at the Rivoli Ball Room, 209 Ferry St., Newark, at 7:30 p. m. All the profits or income will go for the new club we are going to establish.

* * *

Icor Concert.

The Society for Jewish Colonization in Soviet Russia is giving a concert at Town Hall, 113-123 West 43rd St. New York, Saturday, September 29th. In the program will participate, Naum, Blinder, Ossip, Girskin, Emanuel, Bay, Chalele, Gruber, Picken and Wendroff. A movie from Soviet Russia showing life in the Jewish colonies will also be shown.

* * *

Esperanto Class.

"The Sat-Grupo Esperantista-Proletara will begin a class in Esperanto in the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square some time in the middle of October. Comrades who realize the importance of the International Language as means of communication and class-solidarity between the workers of all lands, may register in the Workers School. Tuition fee $1.00.

Restaurant to Donate Funds to Mill Relief

The vegetarian restaurant at 1600 Madison Ave., between 107th and 108th Sts., has arranged to donate 10 per cent of its proceeds to the Workers International Relief for Textile strikers' aid.

Workers of New York are urged to patronize the restaurant, and by so doing answer the call of the mill strikers for relief.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

FOOD WORKERS PLEDGE SUPPORT TO RED CAMPAIGN

Plan Big Mass Meet in October

As a climax of a series of union and progressive group meetings of food workers, a Food Workers Election Campaign Committee representing twenty different organizations has been elected to support the Workers (Communist) Party in its 1928 election campaign.

This committee, which will mobolize the food workers of New York in their shops, unions, factories and fraternal organizations to vote for Foster and Gitlow and the other candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party, is composed of representative members of Bakers' Local 164, Amalgamated Food Workers; Chicken Workers Union; Fruit and Dairy Clerks Union; United Workers Co-operative Stores; Japanese Workers Club; American Negro Labor Congress; T. U. E. L.; Bakers Local 500; Bakers Progressive Club; Hotel and Restaurant Workers Branch, Amalgamated Food Workers; Rank and File Committee, Local 1 Waiters and Waitresses; Progressive Delicatessen Clerks; Proletcos Co-operative; Bakers Council of Working Women; Progressive Culinary Club; Unity Co-operative Association, and various progressive groups in food unions.

A Food Workers' mass meeting in Bryant Hall in October, union banquets, discussions in progressive clubs, are among the features planned as a means of broadcasting the Communist election program to masses of workers in New York bakeries and biscuit companies, hotels, cafeterias and restaurants, and to the thousands of clerks in food stores.

At the same time that the Communist election campaign is being carried on, special effort will be devoted by the workers to mobilizing for the defense of William Schiffrin, member of the new Progressive Butchers and Chicken Workers Union, who is being held by the police without bail facing a charge of homicide after being attacked by right wing gangsters. The Workers (Communist) Party is the only party which is wholeheartedly supporting the defense of this progressive worker.

GIANTS HANG ON TO CARDS; YANKEES WIN

(By United Press)

It took the St. Louis Cardinals 15 innings to beat the Brooklyn Robins and retain their one game lead in the National League today, a single by Taylor Douthit through the rain and semi-darkness winning for the Red Birds, 4 to 3.

Wee Willie Sherdel, summoned to pitching duty for the third time within a week, went the route for the league leaders and pitched good ball, good enough to have won in nine innings.

With the score tied, Sherdel and Clark engaged in a pitching duel until the fifteenth, when the latter was unlucky enough to lose through an error by Del Bissonette and Douthit's blow to center.

The Cardinals got to Buzz McWeeny for three runs early in the game, scoring in the third on three passes, a double and a single, the runs coming in after two were out.

A gallant uphill fight which gave the New York Giants a 4 to 3 victory over the Cincinnati Reds in the cold drizzling rain today still left John McGraw's courageous ball club one game behind the St. Louis Cardinals in the National League race.

Held scoreless for six innings by Eppa Rixey, veteran southpaw, the Giants scored two runs in the seventh and then overcame the Reds' one run lead in the ninth to snatch victory from defeat.

Leslie Mann's single in the ninth scored Reese with the winning run. One run behind going into the ninth, O'Farrell, batting for Scott, walked, but O'Doul, running for O'Farrell, was forced at second by Welsh. Reese's triple scored Welsh with the tying run and Mann's hit won the game.

Jimmy Welsh's double in the seventh drove in Terry and Cohen, who had singled, with the first runs off Rixey.

The Reds scored a run in the first on Dressen's single, a force out, Allen's single and Stripp's single.

Kelly's triple in the sixth scored Pipp who had doubled and Stripp who had walked.

Fred Fitzsimmons started the game for the Giants and the Reds made all their runs off him. Jack Scott replaced Fitzsimmons in the eighth, and received credit for winning the game.

The Giants rest Wednesday, but play the Cubs in a double-header Thursday.

* * *

Tom Zachary, veteran southpaw, rescued from the scrap heap by the New York Yankees when their pitching staff faltered, helped the Hugmen to almost clinch the American League pennant today by beating the Cleveland Indians, 10 to 1.

Zachary, discarded by the Washington Senators, allowed the Indians but eight hits and held them scoreless until the eighth inning.

The Yankees staked Zachary to a six run lead in the first inning and the veteran worked easily behind the long lead. Five hits, two walks and an error gave New York the six runs and chased Grant to the showers.

He was replaced by Bayne who held the Yanks scoreless until the sixth, when Combs' single, a stolen base and Koenig's single accounted for a run. The Yanks added three more in the eighth on a hit batsman, Koenig's double and Gehrig's twenty-fifth home run of the season.

The Athletics beat St. Louis 9-5. Earnshaw and Walberg pitched against Ogden, Coffmen and Blaeholder.

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For Vice-President
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☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

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Democracy in Nebraska

Nebraska, the stamping ground of middle class liberalism as expounded by the survivals of Bryanism in the democratic party and exemplified by United States Senator Norris of the republican party, is the scene of the latest attempt to prevent the workers and farmers voting for candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party.

In Nebraska the Workers (Communist) Party is officially on the ballot, having complied with all the legal technicalities required in that state. The campaign was being aggressively conducted in a number of places and preparations were on foot to cover the entire state, when that aggregation of strikebreakers, scab-herders and emulators of fascism, the American Legion, began a counter-campaign. Since the Party was already on the ballot it was necessary to devise some new procedure in order to prevent the names of the Communist candidates appearing on the official ballot in the November election. So the secretary of state came to the rescue of the assailants of the Communists. At this moment he is conducting hearings at which Legion lawyers, politicians and professional red-baiters are trying to lay the basis for the exclusion of the Party in the elections. Thus we see to what extent the defenders of the fraud that is known as American democracy respect their own laws. Election laws are primarily devised to prevent parties opposed to the powers-that-be going on the ballot. All sorts of provisions are made so that it requires a great deal of labor to get on the ballot. Then, after all these provisions are complied with we see the upholders of "law and order" hypocritically throwing off their mask of democracy and coming forth openly as tools of the capitalist class dictatorship.

Nebraska is only the latest of a series of such assaults. Under different forms and through different agencies the same sort of despotism exists in a number of places—particularly Wheeling, West Virginia, and Martins Ferry, Ohio, two towns in the domain of coal and steel.

Thus far not a single public official of Nebraska has taken a stand against the Legion and the action of the secretary of state. George W. Norris, one of the leaders of the so-called liberals in the United States senate, has time to indulge in lavish praise of the Wall Street-Tammany clown, Governor Al Smith, but he has uttered no word of condemnation against his own political pals who are endeavoring to deprive the thoughtful voters of Nebraska of an opportunity to vote for the Workers (Communist) Party.

Norris, by his attitude toward this case, only emphasizes the fact that the so-called liberals are among the very worst tools of reaction.

The Nebraska case is of national significance. In the most decisive manner the workers and farmers of the state should register their protest against such high-handed methods. In no uncertain terms they should show the miserable political shyster who functions as secretary of state that he and the legion cannot get away with their conspiracy.

Such actions are justification for the Communist position that the ruling class will never surrender power by peaceful, legal means. The capitalist laws are observed only so long as they serve as weapons against the working class and the oppressed and exploited farmers. If Nebraska takes such action in this campaign, what can be expected from the ruling class and its fraudulent democracy when hundreds of thousands and millions enlist under the banner of Communism? Their acts today are only an indication of their policy tomorrow.

But we know how to meet such opposition. We are under no illusions regarding capitalist government and capitalist democracy. As Leninists we use any weapons at hand against our class enemies. Today when we have ballots in our hands we use them in the interest of our class. Tomorrow when the imperialist war-mongers have hurled us into another war and placed other weapons in our hands we will use them also—in the interest of our class in order to scourge from the earth every vestige of capitalist despotism.

Why Soviet Workers Win Contests

For once in their lives the lie factories of Riga have at least told a partial truth—but only a partial one, for they even use facts to try to cast discredit upon the Soviet system. In a syndicated story we are told that at the recent Spartakiad (working class international athletic contests) the Soviet representatives won most of the events. That part of the story is true. But it doesn't end there.

The Riga "correspondents" darkly hint that the games must have been "fixed." Some of the hack writers who are bought and paid for by the imperialist and royalist intriguers against the Soviets graduated from American newspapers. All American newspaper men know that every alleged athletic event that is staged in the United States is "fixed" before hand, whether it be a ball game or a heavyweight champion prize-fight. Some of them are incapable of conceiving of an honest contest even though the participants are workers instead of professionals.

There is a vast difference, however, between the professional athletic contests in America, where the outcome is determined by the amount of gambling money involved in the betting, and the working class contests that took place in Moscow this summer.

Nor can anyone who cares to investigate the facts feign surprise that the Soviet workers won many of the major events. That was to be expected and, although the Riga traducers of the Soviets may not be able to understand it, the workers of other countries understand it very well.

The reason the Soviet workers won is because they are healthier and happier and more secure than the workers of any other country.

That is the answer.

An Evangelist Sees Paris

Aimee Semple McPherson, California evangelist, heroine of the kidnapping hoax and lately involved in a real estate swindle, is on a European tour for publicity purposes calculated to boost her declining stock in America. She stopped at Paris and visited the Montmartre, where she is reported to have been shocked at what she saw. Describing what she imagines is Paris, she said:

> "I stood on the brink of hell tonight and looked down inside. Gay Paris is polished on the outside but it is the rottenest city in the world at the core."

This observation is typical of the exaggeration of the evangelistic mind, if one can indulge in such flattery over the vaporings of Aimee. Obviously Aimee is no judge of the comparative wickedness of the cities of the world because she has never seen them all. Nor has she seen Paris in spite of the fact that she spent a night on the Montmartre.

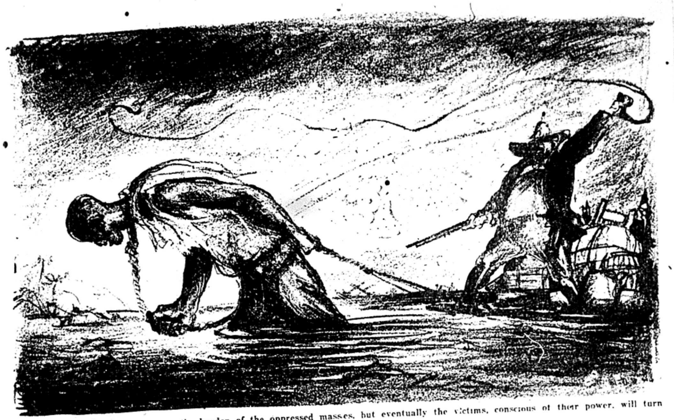
What the American evangelist saw was one small section of a Paris boulevard that is supported almost exclusively by the money of yankee tourists, the big and little business men, the "best people" of the United States who at home are the principal contributors to the evangelistic three-ring circuses. And the Montmartre denizens are not one whit different than those of their profession who inhabit the cities and towns of the United States. The difference is that Paris is less hypocritical than Los Angeles. Debauchery is called by its right name there—not described as "kidnapping."

The real Paris, the revolutionary Paris, the Paris of the working class, is a closed book to such as Aimee and the other tourists who spend their nights on the Montmartre. But then, what can be expected of such a fraud as the California evangelist whose putrid mind befouls everything it comes in contact with?

Depraved as some of the denizens of the Montmartre are, they are preferable to male and female evangelists of the Aimee and Billy Sunday calibre. At least it is possible for them to abandon their methods of obtaining a livelihood when economic conditions are such that they can be assured an existence otherwise, but one who falls for maniacal ravings of the evangelistic crowd finds the road to sanity difficult indeed. The Montmartre and the Angelus Temple at Los Angeles are products of the same decadent system and will disappear when the mighty sweep of the working class revolution destroys the ground upon which they thrive.

THIS CANNOT LAST FOREVER

By Fred Ellis



The flood disaster increases the burden of the oppressed masses, but eventually the victims, conscious of their power, will turn upon their torturers.

'Socialists' in Reformist Swamp

The "Successors of LaFollette"; a Complete Break With the Class Struggle

The socialist party has sunk deep into the swamps of middle class reformism.

The break with socialism and the class struggle is complete.

The election campaign of Thomas and Maurer nationally and the socialist candidates locally is carried on completely in the spirit of a capitalist opposition party. The socialist leaders make no secret of the course they have adopted. The spokesman for the American socialist party, Mr. Hillquit, on the contrary, heralds the fact that the socialist party is following in the footsteps of the late Senator LaFollette and have accepted the ideology of "progressiveism." Writing in the New Leader of September 22, Hillquit states that "The socialist party is the most logical heir to the progressive vote and support" because "it comes nearer than any other party to the ideals, principles, aspirations and concrete proposals which animated the LaFollette campaign."

This is the banner under which the socialist party is conducting its campaign—"LaFollettism," "progressivism"—the progressivism of LaFollette that represented a wing of the republican party.

Take the Waldman campaign in New York state. Mr. Waldman calls for an investigation of Walker's administration by Governor Smith and recounts eleven points against Mayor Walker and Tammany Hall. Among them there is not a single word against Walker's use of the police to break strikes, of the campaign of terrorism, of the industrial squad in the needle trades, of the assaulting of traction workers and thousands of other strikers by the New York police. On the other hand, Waldman shows the greatest alarm about the "crime wave" and the inadequate police administration in New York City at the same time that he gives praise to former Police Commissioner McLaughlin, who, he declares, was removed because he sought to end gambling and Tammany clubhouses.

This "progressive," this reactionary opportunist, outdoes even the traditional "progressives" of America in weeping over "the degradation of the practices and policies of our (sic) courts of justice through the appointment of judges to the bench by Mr. Walker on the basis of political connections."

It is understandable why Waldman and the New York socialists do not refer to the police terror, to the breaking of strikes, to the protection of thugs by the industrial squad because the socialist party has been part of the whole campaign of terrorism and have worked in collusion with these terrorist squads against the militant rank and file workers of the city. The socialists have been the initiators of the system of frame-up against militant strikers and the attempt to railroad William Schiffrin for defending himself against the gangsters of the labor bureaucrats and the socialist labor officials is the climax in this campaign of terrorism and of this unholy alliance of the socialist labor bureaucrats with the thugs and police force of New York.

In this so-called indictment there is no mention of the miserable housing situation, of a hundred other vital class needs of the workers of New York, but there is plenty of dribble about the "five-cent fare as a symbol of popular government" and of the violation of the so-called democratic practices of popular government.

The eyes of the socialist party in the election campaign, as in their daily work, are turned away from the struggle of the masses. Of course, seeking votes, they shed a tear now and then about the fate of the workers (the workers, too, have votes), but they look to the small businessmen, the professionals, the ministers and other "respectable" elements who are apologists of the capitalist system for their main support in the campaign.

The socialist party campaign reeks with bourgeois liberalism. It is the campaign of an organization whose role is to maintain the capitalist system and to prevent the workers from going along the road of militant class struggle.

The Workers (Communist) Party, on the contrary, conducts its election campaign in the spirit of a Party of the class struggle; its campaign is a challenge to the whole capitalist system and to all its defenders. Exposing the rotten framework of the capitalist system and its state machine of suppression to turn its eyes to the task of mobilizing the workers for struggle and a fight against the impending imperialist war, to infuse the masses with the idea of class unity and class solidarity, with the conception that freedom can come only through the overthrow of the capitalist system, only through revolution.

The election campaign is a part of the work of the Communists, day in and day out, to organize the unorganized, to defend the Soviet Union against the attacks of the imperialists, to struggle for racial equality for the oppressed millions of Negro masses; to turn the working class into a powerful revolutionary army capable of defending its daily interests against the open shoppers, against the attempt to reduce the living standards and to make them into a force that will end the capitalist system and establish the rule of the poor, of the oppressed, of the workers and farmers in the United States. The workers have a duty to themselves and to their class to vote Communist!

Lewis Brings His Treachery Into Open

Sent His Thugs to New Union Convention; Hand in Hand With the Police

By FRANK HENDERSON

THE capitalist controlled government supported by labor betrayers such as Lewis, Woll and Green and existing upon democratic lies ably preached in our "efficient" educational institutions, unveiled itself at the miners' convention as a dictator with an iron fist smashing the miners—backbone of organized labor in America. Not only was the true position of the state against the workers brought to light but the much doubted strategy of Lewis against the miners was visibly unearthed.

The Lewis officialdom, corrupt to the nth degree, has abandoned its former policy of secret periodic sell-outs and betrayals engineered and planned behind locked doors in special conferences and now comes out openly against the miners by a brazen attack upon the rank and file miners' convention at Pittsburgh. Instead of secret betrayal by communicating with his district cohorts instructing them to sell-out to the coal operators, Lewis openly sends his "ten dollar assassins" to Pittsburgh, launching a bloody open attack upon the militant progressive delegates at the convention. The outstanding thing, however, about this attack is not the fact that it was engineered by Lewis but the thing to be remembered by the miners and all other workers is the fact that Lewis received the aid and support of the police. Not only this—the entire machinery of the capitalist state was brought into play to persecute the militant miners who defended the convention hall from the attack of the Lewis gangsters. So in Pennsylvania, State of Brotherly Love, "law" now prohibits the organization of labor.

Murder Under "Old Glory."

The flexibility of the flag was also well illustrated. The red, white and blue, one day symbolic of world democracy, the next day stands for open-shop conditions, dictatorship and scabbery. The colors only recently defended by the militant miners during the war for "democracy" now faced them in plain reality as a blind to the workers so that the ruling robber class may lead the workers whither they wish. To death and misery, to starvation and submission. The gangsters of Lewis made good use of "patriotism." They took their protection with them (badges of red, white and blue) and under this emblem and in the name of patriotism, slugged and beat the rank and file miners and attempted to destroy the beginning of a real fighting organization of American labor.

Although the guns in the hands of Lewis bark out death to all who dare to oppose him, yet unmindful of danger, the much abused coal diggers rally to the support of the new union. It takes more than a shower of bullets to quench the fighting spirit of the miners. Especially the young miners who so gallantly defended the women delegates and the convention hall against the attack of the Lewis gangsters—their "all hell can't stop us" spirit will make the new union a successful fighting organization with a rank and file control.

Lewis Is Impotent.

The coal barons may say that the days of organized miners are past. Lewis may smile contentedly about his "successful" attack upon the new union. Patriots may breath easier and shout that the "red menace" has been checked. Yet the grim faces of the coal diggers and their "all hell can't stop us" spirit says to all workers that a new union has been born. The old experienced fighters will nurse and guide the new union to a walking stage and the young miners will bravely shoulder the burden and with the determination of youth establish the first real miners' union in America. A union controlled and operated by and for the rank and file. For every progressive miner framed-up and shot down Lewis will find hundreds from his own ranks to take their place. Lewis is losing his parasitic position and losing control. The very fact that he has taken the offensive—meaning he is defending his usurped position and clutching like a man drowning to anything that promises help shows that Lewis will go. The miners of Pennsylvania and Ohio have answered by putting the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot in both states. Not only have they put the Party on the ballot but they are determined to put an end to the two existing parties of the ruling robber class and their "colt" party—the socialist party and establish a Workers' and Farmers' government in the United States.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

F. G. Manus, acting D. O. in District 13, with headquarters in San Francisco writes that the Publicity Committee is going to keep us posted on what is doing in the Golden State. Yes, we should get an attack of irritability waiting for Publicity Committee to do its stuff. Comrade Manus decides to say the following for publication:

"California is in full swing collecting signatures to put our candidates on the ballot. We need 12,000 signatures. The petition committees in San Francisco, Oakland and Los Angeles want help from sympathizers and all class conscious workers who are willing to participate in a Communist Election Campaign to give the Jackass, the Elephant and the socialist preacher a run for their money. Those willing to participate in the campaign should report at 1212 Market Street, San Francisco; 2123 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, campaign director; and at 2708 Brooklyn Avenue, Los Angeles, Frank Spector, campaign manager.

"In San Francisco, the Party is holding open air meetings every Friday night at Filmore and O'Farrell Streets—20th and Mission Streets and during the months of September and October, every Sunday night, political rallies will be held at our headquarters, 1212 Market Street, with our state candidates as speakers. In Oakland, open-air meetings at 19th and Broadway and political rallies at the Party headquarters, 7th and Feralta Streets, Fraternity Hall. Meetings will be held every Sunday afternoon at St. James Park, at 2 p. m. with our candidates as speakers. Foster speaks in San Francisco and Workers Delegations from shops and factories and the farming districts are organizing to come with their banners to hear the presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

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Another comrade sends a $2 contribution to the $100,000 Communist Campaign Fund from St. Paul, Minnesota. He has been unemployed for six months. "I send this as a duty," he writes, "as a class-conscious worker in the food industry. Millions of workers should be found under this speed-up system and efficiency schemes to contribute to the Communist Campaign Fund, and the Party that is fighting the capitalist system and the trade union bureaucracy, the ally of capitalism.

U. S. OFFICE BOY LEAVES.

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 25 (U.P.)—American Ambassador Alexander P. Moore has engaged passage for New York Friday, it was learned tonight.

Told You S

THE standard of living of th American labor fakers is rising. Mr. Morin, of St. Louis, re-electe president of the International Association of Bridge, Structural and Ornamental Iron Workers, had his salary increased from $7,500 to $15,000 a year. This makes a bum out of John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, whose salary is only $12,00 a year. It is true that Mr. Lewis's union is now somewhat of a wreck and its solvency is open to question, but the gentleman maintains two establishments, one in Springfield and one in Indianapolis, and you will readily agree that it takes money to keep two good homes in the style to which they have been accustomed.

T. J. O'Flaherty

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MR. BOWEN, president of the Bricklayers Union for decades, has finally succeeded in having his resignation accepted. Mr. Bowen has grown old and weary in the service of the bricklayers; he has also waxed wealthy. Mr. Bowen is a supporter of capitalism and a bitter opponent of Communism. It's no wonder. A healthy, solvent labor faker has nothing much to kick about. Mr. Bowen was treated well by the capitalists and by the bricklayers. He now retires on a pension of $10,000 a year and with the title of president-emeritus.

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WHILE fortune has been smiling on the American labor lieutenants of capitalism, things have not been going so well with some of the Chinese war lords. Take the sad case of General Chang Tsung-chang, Dictator of Shantung province, for instance. Ten days ago Chang started for the battlefield after blowing twenty-eight kisses to his connubial army. But fortune did not smile on Chang. He was defeated and his military forces were scattered. Returning for consolation to his twenty-eight wives, he found they had fled in all directions. He finally succeeded in locating five of them, but the poor fellow feels as womanless as a bachelor in a monastery.

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PRIMO DE RIVERA, the Spanish dictator, made a big jail delivery the other day in honor of the fifth anniversary of the dictatorship. Primo did not open the jail gates out of pure goodness of heart. After all there is a limit to the capacity even of Spanish penitentiaries, and even the best-regulated country cannot celebrate successfully unless some of the people are at large. Needless to say, Senor De Rivera did not release any class war prisoners.

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IT is a dull week that does not thrill to a new decree by Benito Mussolini. Having solved the birthrate by decreeing that married couples should bring up larger families, and the style in dress by decreeing that women should wear dresses two inches below the knee, the fascist dictator decided that it was time to fix things so that the style in shirts would remain static.

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TO accomplish this aim Mussolini dug into the papal archives and learned that the papacy has a system that worked out beautifully, ever since the days when rival popes used to fight over which had the right to represent the Christian God. The pope elects the cardinals and the College of Cardinals elects the pope's successor. This helps God considerably to keep the right man on the throne of St. Peter. Mussolini does not claim to be God's right-hand man, but he represents the big industrialists of Italy, so, as a good servant, he wants to take the necessary precautions so that there will be no slip up after he croaks. He appoints the members of the grand council of the fascist party, which, in turn, will appoint Mussolini's successor after that happy event becomes necessary. But Mount Vesuvius is not the only volcano in Italy. There is also a social volcano in Italy which is liable to erupt at any moment.

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THE solid south is being broken up, also a lot of perfectly good eggs. It is becoming the fashion nowadays below the Mason-Dixon line at meetings of the democratic fractions to hurl yokes at yokels who attempt to explain either the virtues or vices of Al Smith. This indicates a progressive development of political consciousness in the south. Anybody who ever heard a southerner attempting a political explanation knows that any old hen would do it much better.

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MRS. MABEL WILLEBRANDT may not be doing Herbert Hoover an awful lot of good, but she is getting a lot of publicity. Mabel is one of those girls who can stay happy without resorting to strange liquids. A bit of a sadist, she finds joy in the sorrows of others. She is as dry as a bartender between drinks. So is Hoover for that matter, but the difference is that while Herbert would not turn down a good wet vote, Mabel would rather be dry than be president.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

FINAL CITY EDITION

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WORKERS PARTY GOES ON BALLOT IN CONNECTICUT, BIG OPEN SHOP CENTER

Expect Big Red Vote as Metal, Textile, Rubber and Tobacco Workers Rally to Party

2,000 Negro Workers Have Signed Communist Petitions for Ballot

By CHARLES MITCHELL.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 26.—The Communist ticket has been placed on the ballot in the great industrial state of Connecticut, with the filing of 6,000 certified signatures with the secretary of state at the state capitol in Hartford. The filing of the Communist ticket is a direct challenge to the open-shoppers of a state in which the trade union movement has been so weakened by the attacks of the bosses and the treachery of the labor bureaucrats that the American Federation of Labor in Connecticut is now merely a shadow of what it was in former days.

Connecticut is the twenty-second state in which the Communist ticket is on the ballot. The other states are:

File Complete Ticket.

New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Texas, Tennessee, Kentucky, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Iowa, Kansas, New Mexico, Arkansas, New Jersey and Arizona.

In addition to Foster and Gitlow, the national standard-bearers, a complete state ticket has been filed. The following are the candidates for state office:

William McKenzie, a carpenter, for governor; R. S. Kling, machinist, for lieutenant governor; Conrad Laske, painter, for United States senator; Gertrude Puel, stenographer, for secretary of state; Edward Mrasko, painter, for state treasurer; John Gombos, for state comptroller.

Expect Big Red Vote.

The willingness of the workers to sign the Communist petitions is indicated by the success in collecting 6,000 names, or approximately more than twice the number required. This is the first time that the Workers (Communist) Party has been placed on the ballot in Connecticut. The splendid response of the workers to the signature drive indicates a heavy Communist vote in November. The metal, textile and rubber

Continued on Page Three

49 COMMUNISTS IN FINLAND GET LONG JAIL TERMS

Gov't Fears Growing Influence of Party

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker)

HELSINGFORS, Sept. 26.—Forty-nine Communists have been sentenced to long jail terms for revolutionary activities, it was learned today. Taimi, Communist leader, has been sentenced to 15 years; Tuominen to five years, Vuori to four, and Halfe, Enne and Latva to two and a half years each. Only three of the Communists tried enmasse were freed.

The government has been alarmed by growing militancy of the workers and peasants. The recent agreements between Finnish and Soviet [illegible] unions is believed to be partly responsible for the vicious government campaign against the Communist Party.

FASCIST ATTACK ON U. S. NEGROES

Mussolini in Speech Calls Them "Peril"

ROME, Sept. 26 (UP).—The dwindling birth rate in large cities was deplored by Premier Benito Mussolini today in an article written for the press in defense of increased populations.

Mussolini spoke of the growing number of Negroes in the United States, and warned the occidental white races that they are menaced by the black and yellow tide because of their failure to increase their populations. Mussolini criticized the modern tendency to drift towards the cities.

"That which happened once can happen again, not only as between the city and country but in greater measure—namely, the occidental white races can be submerged by the colored races, which multiply at a rate unknown to us. The black and yellow races are now at our gates, not alone because of their fecundity, but also because of their race consciousness and their dreams of the future.

"While the whites of the United States have a miserable percentage of births—which would be even worse without the injection of Irish, Jews and Italians—the Negroes of the United States are extremely fecund, reaching a total of 14,000,000, or one-sixth of the population of the republic."

50 Greet Rev. Thomas; Socialists Predicted 'Great Demonstration'

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The triumphal return of Rev. Norman Thomas, socialist candidate for president, was signalized last night at Grand Central Station. Despite the friendly publicity of its house-organ, the New York Times, only 50 weak-lunged "comrades" greeted him.

Thomas, who has just toured several western states seemed happy to get back home, and did not show his disappointment with the small showing. Youngsters gathered round the hurrahing group, probably believing a movie actor instead of a salvation peddler was being greeted.

Capitalist press photographers were on hand to take pictures of the returning preacher. After several rounds of pictures, Thomas left in a taxi with Morris Berman, a wealthy supported of the socialist party and the Rand School, whose part in the class struggle consists in the ownership of several "dollar-[illegible]" department stores. —N. F.

U. S. SENDS NOTE TO GREAT BRITAIN

Await Note of America With Concern

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26. (UP).—America's replies to Great Britain and France on naval arms questions were sent to the American embassies in London and Paris today, it was learned authoritatively.

The replies will be delivered to the foreign office of the two governments shortly after they are received by the embassies

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LONDON, Sept. 26.—No denial has been made here of charges that Great Britain had negotiated a secret air pact with France in addition to formulating a naval agreement.

According to reports widely circulated in semi-official circles the agreement permits France to build any number of aircraft, while France has agreed not to proceed with the construction of a series of aerial bases along the British channel coast. Great Britain, it is said, will also be permitted to use the French air bases near the German frontier.

The arrival of the American note, which is expected to protest against the Anglo-French agreements, is being awaited here with a great deal of concern.

PROFS AID POWER TRUST

"Public Pays Expense", Magnate Says

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—That the power trust has brought up three more professors in its propaganda campaign in the schools and colleges was revealed today at the Federal Trade Commission hearings.

Another feature of the hearing was the introduction of a speech in which M. H. Aylesworth, former head of the National Electric Light Association and now president of the National Broadcasting Company told power company executives at a conference:

"All the money being spent is worth while. And may I leave this thought with you executives: Don't quit now. At the next convention have your young ladies here so as to do the job right and let off more men from the departments so they may come here. Don't be afraid of the expense. The public pays the expense. Let us continue with big meetings."

Author of Internationale In U. S. S. R.

Degeyter, author of the triumphant song of the proletarian advance, the Internationale, is shown above arriving for a visit in Moscow. With him is O. D. Kameneva.

BIG COMMUNIST RALLY HERE TOMORROW NIGHT

The Communist standard bearers in the 1928 elections in New York State and city, speaking at the huge Central Opera House Red Election Rally tomorrow night on the workingclass platform of the Workers (Communist) Party, will stress the important issues of the use of injunctions, police terrorism, and the roles of Tammany Hall and the socialist party, according to a statement issued by the District Campaign Committee last night.

Masses of workers from every part of New York and vicinity will travel to the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave. to hear the unmasking of the fake capitalist "democracy" by Communist candidates. The rally, with William W. Weinstone, District Organizer of District 2, presiding, will open at 8 o'clock promptly, and the doors of the hall will be thrown open at 7 to accommodate the crowds of workers.

"One of the chief issues affecting workers in the 1928 election campaign, in New York City as elsewhere," the District Campaign Committee statement reads, "is the injunction evil. Government by injunction has been felt by New York workers in the needle trades, traction, paper box, boot and shoe and other industries." Robert Minor, William F. Dunne, and the other state and local candidates who will speak at Central Opera House, will be heard by large masses of workers from these industries who have felt the heavy hand of capitalist democracy at their throats.

Expose Tammany, "Socialists."

The thousands of workers who crowd Central Opera House will hear the roles of the socialist party and Tammany Hall exposed. The use of Tammany police and special industrial squads to break strikes by campaigns of terrorism will be emphasized. The part in workers' lives played by the so-called "socialist" party, degenerated to a party of small business men, lawyers and doctors, will also be emphasized by the Communist candidates. The reactionary control exercised by the "socialists" over the United Hebrew Trades will be touched upon, and the case of William Shiffrin, left wing butcher who was set upon by a gang of right wing thugs will be cited.

FARMER LABOR DEAL IS SCORED

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 26.—The withdrawal of George Cashman, democratic candidate for U. S. Senator in the interest of Henrik Shipstead, nominee of the so-called Farmer Labor Party in return for which the local machine is to support Al Smith for the presidency, is characterized here as one of the most flagrantly treacherous political trades in the history of the state.

That such a trade was being consumated has been known for some time by close students of the local situation. Shipstead, the candidate of the so-called Farmer-Labor progressives is a careerist who would do anything to obtain office. Ernest

Continued on Page Three

BARE FRAME-UP UPON SCHIFFRIN

Right Wing Witnesses Tell Conflicting Tales

Testimony rendered by witnesses during the first day of the hearing in the homicide case against William Schiffrin, left wing worker, established beyond all doubt the bankruptcy of the right wing frame-up machine.

All the witnesses testifying at the hearing, which came up before Magistrate Dodge in the Bronx Homicide Court and which lasted until 4:30 in the afternoon, were subpoenaed by the district attorney, and, on their evidence alone, either sharply contradicted the contentions of the right wing or proved frank witnesses for the defendant.

So glaring were the contradictions of those who tried to testify against Schiffrin, and so convincingly simple was the evidence of the disinterested eyewitnesses that the magistrate was compelled to say toward the close of the hearing "If I were to have a motion to dismiss I would reserve my decision." This motion was promptly forthcoming from the defense attorney, Henry O. Kahn, and the case will go on today in the same court. After hearing the few witnesses for the defense the judge is to rule on the motion to dismiss the charge of homicide.

The district attorney was assisted in the preparation of his case by the official lawyer for the right wing in the Jewish labor movement, the notorious Samuel Markewitch, who has participated in cases that have sent many left wing workers to long jail terms. In making up the list of witnesses the prosecutor decided to call four eyewitnesses and the arresting detective besides the five men, who with Harry Silver, made up the squad sent to attack Schiffrin with knives. Silver was the one fatally wounded by Schiffrin, while the latter was defending himself.

Tell Conflicting Tales.

Of the four eyewitnesses and the detective, three swore that they did not see the fight at all, while the detective and the other eyewitness gave a description of the scene that caused the judge to make his statement. The five "squadmen" in their testimony told blatantly conflicting stories.

"A closed car, containing six men, stopped on Beck St., five men jumped out and rushed at the defendant, who was standing across the street." With this simple statement, Andrew Jensen, a repair man for the Central Union Gas Co., who testified that he was directly across the street, while the fight was going on, completely shattered the framed up story offered by the right wingers. They previously on the witness stand had sworn that Schiffrin had rushed at their car, stabbing two as they were getting out to "picket" the butcher store from which the dispute developed. The right wing tried to remove a left winger from his job there, after expelling him from the union for urging that union finances be investigated.

Straightforward Story.

Jensen then told the court that he saw Silver and Burns, whose arm was cut in the fray, rush at Schiffrin, brandishing knives. "Schiffrin

Continued on Page Two

Weinstone to Speak at Agitprop Saturday

William W. Weinstone, organizer of the New York District of the Workers (Communist) Party will speak at the next conference of the Agitprop, Saturday, 2 p. m. at the Workers Center, on the "Socialist Party" and "Our Next Steps in the Election Campaign."

All candidates, all open air speakers, all Agitprop Directors, Election Campaign Directors, and Organizers must attend this conference.

$50,000 PAID TO SEWER PIPE KING BY CONTRACTOR

Phillips Split Graft With Connolly Gang, Jury Hears

Work Under Cover

"Blue Ribbon" Jury Is Called "Safe"

Fifty thousand dollars paid to "See Jack" Phillips, late Queens sewer pipe king, enabled a contractor who previously had been turned down by the Queens political ring to secure the work, it was revealed yesterday at the trial of Maurice E. Connolly, former borough president, and Frederick B. Seeley, former borough engineer, indicted in the $30,000,000 Tammany graft case.

John M. Phillips, the sewer pipe contractor, the cause of whose recent death has never been fully revealed, was the real power behind the Tammany Hall politicians in control of Queens Borough, the evidence showed. As far back as 1917, it was disclosed by Thomas M. Purcell, a bonding agent and the first important witness for the prosecution, Phillips was able to have bids by contractors accepted or "tossed out" at will. The contractors invariably had to "See Jack" Phillips. The graft was shared with the Queens Tammany politicians. In the contract awarded them was always a specification naming a particular kind of pipe manufactured only by Phillips. The pipe king sold this pipe to the contractors at two, three, four and five times its actual value.

Only a Gesture.

No one who is at all aware of what is taking place behind the scenes believes, however, that there will be any real prosecution of the Tammany grafters now on trial or that they will serve prison terms. Yesterday a so-called "blue ribbon" jury composed exclusively of busi-

Continued on Page Two

SWISS ATTACK ANTI-FASCISTS

Mussolini Seen Behind Government Threat

GENEVA, Switzerland, Sept. 26.—The Swiss government today officially ordered all anti-fascist elements on its territory to desist from participating in activities aiming at the overthrow of fascist authority in Italy.

The government's action is believed to be the result of pressure from Rome as result of fear of open revolt in northern Italy. Widespread unrest kept in check by fascist militia and secret service is reported from many sections of the Po valley and Piedmont.

Groups of Italians here have expressed their intention of carrying their grievances against the fascist government to the League of Nations though no action is anticipated or them from that quarter.

The grievances include the exile and sufferings of political prisoners confined to the Lipari Islands and other detention centers and the torture practiced against prisoners in the Italian jails.

LOS ANGELES IN 'DAILY' SUB DRIVE

Pittsburgh, Anthracite Get 26 Subscriptions

LOS ANGELES, Cal., is at present engaged in making extensive preparations for the success of the Daily Worker election campaign drive for 10,000 new readers, according to a letter received yesterday from Frank Forrest, Daily Worker representative in the city. Accompanying the letter is a request for campaign material to be used in the campaign.

Forrest is organizing all units of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League and many other workers of Los Angeles for the drive. Los Angeles has been among the leaders in previous drives of the Daily Worker, and, according to Forrest, it will continue to maintain its position on the top in this drive.

Anna Herbst, Daily Worker agent now touring the anthracite region for subscriptions, yesterday sent in 16 subscriptions. This is the first batch to be received from her on her present tour. Many others are expected before she returns to New York.

Communist Candidate

Above, Gertrude Duell, candidate for secretary of state of Connecticut on the ticket of the Workers (Communist) Party. She has been a leader in women's work and the driving force behind the activities of the Women's Council in New Haven. During the period of gathering signatures to place the Workers Party on the ballot in Connecticut, Gertrude Duell herself secured 500 names.

FUR REPAIR SHOP AT HUGE BAZAAR

Women's Council, Knit Goods Meets Tonight

The furriers will have a repair shop at the big National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar at Madison Square Garden Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7, it was announced yesterday. This will be in addition to their regular booth where fur coats and other fur articles will be sold.

The repair shop will be complete and the best craftsmen in the Furriers' Union will be on hand at all times to repair and renovate articles at low prices. Those workers who have any articles to repair are asked to wait until the bazaar and have it done by experts "while you wait."

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Turn in Money.

With the great bazaar only a week off, the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee stresses the importance of intensifying activity. All money for greetings and for names for the Red Honor Roll that will be included in the souvenir program must be brought into the office of the committee, 30 Union Square, not later than Saturday, the committee states. Otherwise it will be impossible for the program to go to press. All col-

Continued on Page Three

Young Worker League to Rally in Signature Campaign in the Bronx

All members of the Young Workers (Communist) League units in the Bronx are being mobilized for a special mobilization this Friday night at 6:30 p. m. and Sunday morning at 10 a. m.

These two days of intensive signature collections is expected to raise the remaining 500 names necessary to put Frankfeld on the ballot in the Third Assembly District in the Bronx.

The League to date has raised over 500 signatures in the Third Assembly District in this manner. During this last week of the signature drive every member is instructed to report for duty to the Bronx headquarters, located at 2075 Clinton Ave.

OIL GRAFTER FILES APPEAL.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 (U.P.).—Attorneys for Henry M. Blackmer, missing Teapot Dome witness now in France, filed an appeal today with the United States Board of Tax Appeals requesting a re-determination and check of taxes assessed against Blackmer totalling $8,498,935.

WOMAN SETS SWIM MARK.

LONDON, Sept. 26 (U.P.).—Miss Joyce Cooper, of the Mermaid Swimming Club, set a new record of 3:57 3-5 for the 300-yard free-style swim today.

TAXI "CZAR" IS FETED

Employers Meet for Welfare Efficiency

It was a swell luncheon. And swell people were present. Big chiefs in the taxi industry, men of brains and vision, devoted to the ideal of "service," gathered ostensibly to honor Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner Nelson Ruttenberg, "czar" of the Hack License Bureau.

There they were, some 250 self-styled leaders of the taxi industry, with well-fed florid faces and portly bodies, at the Hotel Astor yesterday, pouring sweet words into each other's ears and planning how to "improve" the industry.

Chief of ceremonies was none other than H. A. Innes Brown, taxi editor, strike-breaker, under cover man for the open-shop Yellow Taxicab Corporation, above all "impartial" and interested only in the welfore of the industry which in his paper, "The Taxi Weekly," he tries to make out is the welfare of the exploited drivers.

The real purpose of the meeting was best revealed in the words of

Continued on Page Two

TEXTILE BOSSES FRANTIC, MAKE NEW FAKE OFFER TO BATTY SELL-OUT BROKERS

Huge Mass Meeting of Militant Union Votes Unanimously to Reject "5%" Scheme

Murdoch Arrested on Picket Line; Workers Give Mother Bloor Ovation

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 26.—Entering a new stage in the plans of the mill owners and the Textile Council officialdom to sell out the textile workers' strike, but nevertheless betraying their intense anxiety to end the shutdown that has kept 56 mills closed for 24 weeks, the mill owners association yesterday announced their willingness to "cut wages only five per cent," and requested of their A. F. of L. allies that the question be put up to their membership at meetings.

Again displaying this hypocrisy which the workers charge to be preparations for an elaborate strike-breaking attempt, the mill owners, and their "mediator" tools continue in their attempt to ignore the real leaders of the strike, the left wing Textile Workers Union. A true picture of the sentiment with which this latest proposal was received, however, can be seen by the decision of a huge mass meeting of the left wing union held yesterday afternoon in Public Park.

Workers Reject Plan.

To the query of a speaker at this mass meeting, which was also attended by large numbers of British workers, whether the workers would even consider the acceptance of a 5 per cent reduction, a forest of hands shot into the air when "noes" were called for.

The proposal to cut wages only 5 per cent was made this time by the State Board of Arbitration and by the Citizens' Mediation Committee, both creatures of the employers, and was allegedly "accepted" by the advisory board of the bosses organization. After the ceremony of "acceptance" was made, Batty and his crew of officials were asked to accept. The union fakers, however, knowing that the thousands of strikers are practically unanimously against any concessions, declared that they will bring it before their membership which consists of small group of skilled workers, who, it is believed, will reject the compromise.

Next will begin, according to the opinions of the workers, the final stage of the sell-out performance. This means that the employers may announce that they are willing to rescind the 10 per cent wage cut provided they get the Freider speed-up system. The Textile Workers Union is preparing the workers for this

Continued on Page Three

STEEL WORKER FACES SENTENCE

Old Frame-Up Revived by Court

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 26.—The case of Tony Kovocavich, one of the first defendants in the state to feel the hand of power wielded by the United States Steel Corporation is to come up for sentence on Oct. 1. His arrest followed a raid which was made into the homes of Kovocavich and five other steel workers employed in the Carnegie mill at Farrell, Pennsylvania.

Work Up Foreign Prejudice.

In this case as in all such cases the fact that the workers were foreign-born was played up to the limit and the ignorance of the workers in the town played upon; the same thing was done in Mercer where the men were tried. Outrageous bail was demanded and

Continued on Page Five

INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE HAILS NEW MILL UNION

Worldwide Textile Body Sees Victory Ahead

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., Sept. 26.—Hailing the establishment of the new National Textile Workers' Union, formed last week at the national convention of the Textile Mill Committees, the International Textile Committee of Action and Progress today issued the following greetings to the American textile workers.

"The International Committee of Action and Progress in the textile industry greets the conference of revolutionary textile workers and wishes them success. The Committee expresses the firm hope that the establishment of a revolutionary class union will raise the militancy of the textile workers and bring them nearer to victory over their exploiters.

"Long live the revolutionary textile workers of the United States!"

SPURN MORGAN'S SHYLOCK LOAN

Interest Is Too High, Says Argentina

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 26 (UP).—President Alvear signed a decree today instructing the Argentine embassy at Washington to cancel the 12,000,000 peso loan which falls due Thursday and which J. P. Morgan and Co., and the National City Bank had offered to renew for six months at seven and one-half per cent.

The decree stated that such a high rate of interest was not justified by Argentina's present credit standing and that the renewal of the loan therefore was impossible. The statement added that President Alvear considered the present a convenient time in the interests of the country to liquidate the whole debt and consolidate it with another fund or substitute short term notes for it.

'Paddy' Connolly, Head of IRT Company Union Is Named New Director

Old "Paddy" Connolly, head of the Interborough Company Union, strike breaker, caller of the famous 1919 fake company strike for a fare increase, a scab whose record dates back to the 1905 strike during which time he was imported as a "fink" from Chicago—Patrick J. Connolly is now a director of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and will sit beside Frederick H. Ecker, multi-millionaire vice-president of the scab Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, an organization close to the heart of J. P. Morgan himself.

Connolly was named to the directorship of the company at a meeting held last night at which time Frank Hedley, president of the company announced that the move is "to promote full cooperation between the company and its employees." Connolly's last act was to help break the recent union of the Amalgamated.

The election of a company union official to the directorship of a open-shop firm marks a new wrinkle in the technique of union prevention. In this case, the move is not expected to be very effectual due to the fact that Connolly and the company union have been completely discredited.

T. U. E. L. Calls Upon All Labor Organizations to Support the Youth Conference

NEW YORK UNIONS SEND DELEGATES TO ATTEND MEET

Shop Committees to Be Represented

By JOHN J. BALLAM.

The Working Youth Conference which will be held Sept. 29 and 30 at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., will mark a tremendous step forward in the general work of organizing the unorganized which is now the central task of the Trade Union Educational League.

In New York particularly, the young workers make up a large percentage of the working class. There are over 200,000 office workers, of which 65 per cent are between the ages of 16 and 25 years. Departments stores and shops employ large numbers of youth. Candy factories, radio assembly plants, telephone, telegraph, food, textile and needle trades, etc., employ large numbers of young workers. New York is a city of diversified and light industry in which young men and women are mercilessly speeded up and exploited, working under unsanitary conditions at starvation wages.

This Conference of the Working Youth will be the first big step forward toward organizing the thousands of young workers in this city. The general attitude of the average trade union official is to ignore this tremendous problem. The young workers should constitute a source of strength to the organized labor movement. Their enthusiasm, courage and vitality would infuse new life into the American labor movement.

The rationalization of industry makes it possible to supplant adult labor with youth and woman labor due to the increasing division of labor, the simplification of the processes of production the increasing use of machinery replacing hand production, the introduction of efficiency schemes and the speed up, all this throws the adult skilled worker upon the scrap heap.

The Working Youth Conference will discuss the problems of the working youth. Many trade unions are sending delegates. Young workers delegates will attend from organized and unorganized shops from many industries.

The T. U. E. L. greets these youth delegates as the advance guard of the left wing and progressive labor movement.

All forward looking labor organizations should help these young workers morally and financially in their determination to organize themselves to resist exploitation and for the emancipation of the working class.

These young workers will soon become the back-bone of the labor movement in America—they will be the shock troops of the proletariat in its struggle to overthrow the capitalist system.

The T. U. E. L. pledges its hearty support to the Youth Conference and urges all left wingers to give substantial aid to these young workers.

* * *

The Working Youth Conference which will be held Saturday and Sunday promises to be a tremendous success. Already a number of Unions and Shop Committees have endorsed and elected delegates to the conference, among whom are the Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers' Union; Furriers' Joint Board; Window Cleaners Union; Sports Club of Local 43, Millinery Workers' Union; Local 41 Tuckers and Memstitchers' Union; Wasserman Shop Committee; Philip Jones Shop Committee; International Handkerchief Shop Committee and others.

This conference will be a demonstration of the readyness for organization on the part of the large mass of young workers in New York. This can be judged by the response to the various leaflets and bulletins put out by the Conference and the number of delegates already elected by the shops, trade unions and Youth Clubs.

A number of prominent Labor Leaders will speak at this conference.

Arrangements have been made to have a fraternal delegate from the strike fields of New Bedford where the Young Workers are playing a leading role under the leadership of the New Textile Workers' Union.

Blind French War Officer Used As Militarist Propaganda

Major Georges Scapini, (above with Tammany Mayor Walker), now member of the French Chamber of Deputies, was one of the not over many officers maimed in the imperialist world war. For every one officer injured, many thousand rank and file soldiers were sacrificed to imperialism. Scapini is a jingoist, and is being used by the French government as an instrument of militarist propaganda. He has come to the United States to attend the coming American Legion convention in San Antonio, where these fascist tools of the open shop bosses will use him for American militarist purposes. Meanwhile thousands of maimed rank and file war veterans, unemployed, starve.

BARE FRAME-UP UPON SCHIFFRIN

Right Wing Witnesses Tell Conflicting Tales

Continued from Page One

drew his pocket-knife and backed against the wall, at the same time trying to ward off his assailants with his foot. I saw Silver and Burus close in, one from the front and one from the side. I saw Silver raise his arm with the knife in it. Schiffrin also raised his arm. Both struck downward at the same time." This was the graphic description of Schiffrin's struggle for life, as Jensen saw it. The courtroom was tensely silent. The reporter from the right wing Jewish Daily Forward and its lawyer, Samuel Markewitch, grew pale. The district attorney's face showed frank hopelessness. The judge looked uneasy.

Markewitch Butts In.

The right wing lawyer, Markewitch, tried to interfere with the proceedings of the trial by asking permission for a speech in a last desperate effort to hurt the impression made by the witness. He made his speech and yet did not dispel the completely changed atmosphere.

The next witness then clinched Jensen's testimony. He was William Wabbenhorst, Detective 75, of the Twentieth Precinct. He stated that after Schiffrin was arrested, Schiffrin volunteered to sign a statement that he had wounded Silver. He emphasized that the statement was made by Schiffrin of his own free will, and when the statement which the detective brought with him in court was read it was found to match in every slightest detail with the testimony rendered by the gas repairman.

$50,000 PAID TO SEWER PIPE KING

Tammany Graft Ring Trial Under Way

Continued from Page One

ness men chosen specifically for the purpose in mind, was sworn in practically without objection on the part of the defense and within record time.

Among those on the jury is an employe of J. P. Morgan & Co., a large corporation secretary, and a wire chief.

Numerous indications have been apparent of the cooperation between Max Steuer, head counsel for Connolly, and Emory R. Buckner, assistant attorney general and prosecutor of the indicted grafters. At the trial yesterday, Steuer waved the usual opening address for his client, and other signs are indicative of the intention to rush the case through as quickly as possible.

Gang Worked Under Cover.

In his opening remarks, Buckner disclosed that Connolly and Phillips studiously avoided being seen together but "they worked" together quite effectively just the same. "We will show," Buckner declared, "that in 1917 John M. Phillips received 50 per cent of the profits of a certain contract awarded to Joseph L. Sigretto, although Phillips did no work.

"W will show that when Phillips didn't want a man to get a sewer job he would simply name a ridiculous price for his pipe.

"Ninety per cent of all the sewers built in Queens were built of precast pipe and 100 per cent of all the precast pipe used was Phillips' lock-joint pipe.

Got Huge Rake-off.

"We will show that Phillips sold his pipe for two times, three times, five times its value.

"How could he get away with this? Through the power that Connolly had in awarding the contracts."

Buckner added that the specifications on precast pipe were copied word for word from the catalog of the lock-joint pipe company.

"Other pipe companies could not meet these specifications. That's another way Phillips, Connolly and Seeley got and kept their power."

WORKERS PARTY WILL HOLD MANY OPEN AIR MEETS

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

Thursday, Sept. 27.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth St. and St., Ann's Ave., Bronx—Powers, Spiro, Suskin, Jessie Taft.

Fortieth St. and Eighth Ave., N. Y. C.—Bydarian, Cibulsky, Kagan.

Steinway and Jamaica Ave., Astoria, L. I.—Wright, Chernenko, McDonald, Burke, Heder.

Friday, Sept. 28.

National Biscuit Co. (noon)—Bert, Miller, P. Frankfeld.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—Ragozin, Lipzin, Aronberg, Julius Cohen.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C.—Ballam, Codkind, Gillgreen, Moreau.

Varet and Graham Ave., Brooklyn—Reiss, Wm. Frank, Lilienstein.

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn—Markoff, DeLeon, Chalupski, Valentine (chairman).

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—M. Taft, C. Martin.

Seventh St. and Ave. A, N. Y.—Sumner, Pasternack, Ackerman, Goliger (chairman).

Bliss Factory (noon)—B. Lifschitz, H. Gordon.

Saturday, Sept. 29.

First Ave. and 79th St.—Baum, Yusem, Ed. Welsh.

West New York, N. J. (14th St. and Bergen Line Ave.)—Ben Lifshitz, Pearlman.

Paterson, N. J. (308 Elm St.)—McDonald, R. Duke, Honig, Cavatez.

Elizabeth, N. J.—Padgug, Freiman, A. Markoff.

Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx—Jacobson, Castrell, Spiro, Gozigian.

Williamsburg, Red Night (report at 46 Ten Eyck St.)—Weinstone, Benjamin, Bimba, Grecht, Biedenkapp, Nessin, Primoff, LeRoy, Wright, Vera Bush, Frankfeld (Y. W. L.).

Workers at Farm Give $7 for Mill Strikers

A group of friends and sympathizers at a farm near Camp Nitgedaiget turned in $7 for the New Bedford strikers through J. Mittenberg, 1468 Seabury Place, Bronx. Due credit is herewith acknowledged for this contribution in behalf of the textile strikers, by the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square.

OPEN SHOPPERS FETE TAXI CZAR RUTTENBERG

Strikebreaker Brown Is Chairman

Continued on Page Three

the little taxi "czar." Ruttenberg himself, who in the year he has held office has carried on a reign of persecution against the workers that has driven thousands of cab drivers from the industry. This is in keeping with the boss program of "rationalizing" the industry and eliminating as many drivers as possible.

Kill Keep It Up.

Ruttenberg, who, besides his police activities, is also a high muckamuck in Zionist circles, referred with pride to this regime which he described as "public service," and declared that he would continue this policy with even greater vigor in the future.

Ruttenberg further declared himself in favor of higher taxi rates and of the concentration of the industry in the hands of the large corporations. Both these proposals were loudly applauded. No profit could be made, he said, on the present 15-5 minimum but no one pretended that any increase would be passed on to the drivers.

"We in the Hack License Bureau," he said, "have tried consistently to eliminate the difficulties of the cab operators. We want to help, not to hurt the industry."

Ruttenberg referred only casually to the current agitation to compel all drivers to wear uniforms, part of the general program of regimentizing the taxi drivers to keep them more completely in subjection.

Ruttenberg's speech was preceded by addresses by a number of taxi chiefs, consisting largely of paeans of praise to the great man. One of them referred to the commissioner's heart as being "lined with platinum gold."

More Speed-Up.

"There was also talk of "improving the efficiency" of taxi drivers who already slave from 12 to 16 hours a day in all sorts of weather in order to earn from $28 to $35 a week. One of the speakers objected to the fact that taxi drivers are often "not as clean and as courteous as they should be," and suggested that taxi companies employ a teacher to more effectively discipline the drivers. The companies would be repaid for this expense by securing increased rates, he said.

Chairman Brown refrained from making any extended remarks, due, it is believed, to the fact that he is currying favor on all sides to secure a job as "dictator" over the industry, his present chief ambition in life.

Big Open Shoppers.

Among the companies represented at the luncheon were the Standard Oil Company, the Auto Cab Mutual Insurance Co., the Cahco Agency Corporation, the Firestone Tire and Rubber Company, the Pittsburgh Taximeter Company, the General Tire and Rubber Co., the Paramount Cab Manufacturing Company and other open shop concerns. The Yellow Taxi Corporation was "unofficially" present and is understood to have been one of the chief movers in the luncheon to Czar Ruttenberg.

The recently formed Taxi Chauffeurs' Union is conducting a vigorous campaign for organization of the drivers to fight all the evils in the industry.

Taste of "Freedom"

Poverty forced Yee Sing, a Chinese laundry worker, to work seven days a week to make a meager living. He received a taste of the famous brand of freedom allowed the workers in America under capitalism, when police arrested him for violating an obsolete and little known law against ironing shirts on Sunday. Charges that police have been demanding "shake-downs" from these Chinese workers for Sunday work have been often made.

Gold, Grecht to Speak at Banquet in Brighton

Ben Gold and Rebecca Grecht will speak at the Red Banquet to be given by the Workers' Club Oct. 13, 9 p. m. at 227 Brighton Beach Ave. for the benefit of the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign fund.

Besides the banquet, interesting concert has been prepared. All workers are urged to attend the Red Banquet and thus aid the Workers (Communist) Party in its election drive.

SECTIONS 2, 3 IN LAST ELECTION DRIVEREDSUNDAY

Red Squads Mobilize in 2 Boros

The final mobilization of the Red Squads of Sections 2 and 3, known as the backbone of the signature drive in this city, will be held on Sunday, Sept. 30. The squads will be divided into three batches and will work in Williamsburg, Brownsville and in the upper Bronx, in the co-operative houses section.

Throughout the week units of Sections 2 and 3 are being visited by the campaign directors of the sections and the members urged to report at 46 Ten Eyck St., the Williamsburg headquarters; 154 Watkins St., in Brownsville, and 2700 Bronx Park East. The fine record made by the Red Squads both in the Bronx and Harlem will be surpassed, according to B. Gussakoff and J. Cohen, campaign directors.

Must Continue Work.

In a statement issued to members of Sections 2 and 3, Rebecca Grecht, campaign manager of the district, stressed the fact that next Sunday is the final mobilization drive of the signature campaign, and urged all workers to participate. "The good work of our Party members in the drive thus far," the statement reads in part, "must not be made to suffer by a slowing up on the last day. The final mobilization is in many respects more important than previous ones, as it is the decisive one."

The squads will be divided numerically, according to the requirements of the sections where they are assigned, and all Red campaigners of sections 2 and 3 are urged to report at the headquarters to which they are assigned.

Williamsburg Important.

"Williamsburg is the most important center for mobilization next Sunday," the statement concludes. "The bulk of the Red Squads must concentrate at 46 Ten Eyck St. It is up to sections 2 and 3 whether or not the Thirteenth Williamsburg Assembly District will have a Communist candidate on the ballot."

Urge Workers Children to Attend Red Rally

In a statement issued yesterday by the Young Workers (Communist) League and the Young Pioneers, all New York workers' children are urged to attend the Red Rally to be held Friday evening at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave.

NEW BEDFORD MILITANT TRADITION

Fugitive Slave Laws in 1851 and Textile Struggle of 1928

By FRED BIEDENKAPP

(National Secretary Workers' International Relief)

At the corner, of William and Purchase streets in the city of New Bedford stands the imposing building of the Merchant's National Bank. It is an imposing affair built of huge blocks of New England granite and fronted with enormous alabaster-white marble pillars. It is a monument to those in New Bedford who were not compelled to slave in the mills of the north and south ends of the city. For those who are living by the exploitation of the miserably underpaid mill workers it is a solid and cooling sanctuary, whose well-fed officials look askance at the passing march of strikers and pickets.

New Bedford's history, however was not always one wherein the victims of economic or political injustice were fired upon by the defenders of "law and order."

In 1851, and even for years before, this New England town was the haven for fugitive slaves from the South. It was one of the centers of the abolitionist movment for the liberation of southern slaves.

A bronze tablet affixed to the bank building now carried this legend:

"News of the passage of the Fugitive Slave Laws was brought from Boston (to New Bedford) in 1851 by an express messenger who rode all night and the bell on the old hall was rung to give warning to fugitive slaves that U. S. marshals were coming.

"The bell was melted in the fire of 1854 and a fragment is inserted in this tablet."

There was "lawlessness" with a vengeance. Aiding and abetting "lawbreakers." ". . .to give warning to fugitive slaves that U. S. marshals were coming." Of course, the ruling class in 1851 was feeling the competition of southern slave labor, but there is no doubt that there were thousands of liberty-loving New Englanders who loathed and abhorred the cruelties of chattel-slavery.

Where are there "humanitarians" today? The middle and upper classes in New Bedford, descendants, no doubt, of those who enthusiastically tolled the warning bell on the old hall, now look complacently on the thousands of hungry strikers, who have withstood the mill owners for the past 24 weeks.

One stands on the broad steps of the Merchants' National Bank and watches depositors going in. Lardy business men, prim stockholders in the textile industry, many and sundry of the middle and upper classes. Do they toll bells to warn that some of Samuel D. McLeod's gunmen in police uniform are about to assault and fire upon a 60-year-old textile striker? They do not. When the National Guard whip their saw-edged bayonets out of their scabbords and march on the massed pickets in the south end do they run frantically down the street to warn the victims of the ruthlessness of capitalist "justice"? If so one has not heard of it.

For 24 weeks the Workers' International Relief has been struggling to keep the 30,000 heroic strikers going while they fight against a 10 per cent wage cut. Everybody in New Bedford knows what the Workers' International Relief is. The thousands of workers that eat at our soup kitchens know of our work. The merchants and bankers know of our work. Do these wealthy parasites offer aid to the striking slaves of the New Bedford mills. No, it is easy to be sympathetic towards a victim of a competitor as was the case in 1851. Now these smooth-jowelled business look with a calm and cool eye on the indescribable suffering of the striking textile slaves.

Yes, for 24 weeks the W. I. R., has been giving relief. Where does this relief money come from? It comes from militant and class-conscious workers from all parts of the country. It comes from textile workers, from miners, from shoe workers, from clothing workers, but always from workers. It comes from workers because only workers can realize the suffering of workers in revolt. It comes from those who know that the master class waits patiently for Hunger and Winter to break all revolts against its power.

The depositors of the Merchants' National Bank are sleek and warm but the strikers on the picket line are many of them without shoes. The executive offices in the granite bank are snug and warm, but now that the autumn nights are windy the workers' homes are cold. The eyes of the depositors in the bank are self-satisfied and complacent but the strikers look with harried eyes to approaching fall and winter.

No one knows of the courage of the New Bedford and Fall River strikers better than the workers of the Workers' International Relief. They have braved the bayonets of the National Guard, they have stood against the revolvers of Chief of Police McLeod's thugs; for 24 weeks they have lived on short rations, for nearly six months they have tightened their belts and "carried on" valiantly.

But winter is coming. They cannot fight against hunger and cold. They will fight on if the workers of American can feed and clothe them. So far food was all that was needed. Now comes insistent cries for shoes and clothing. At six in the morning all hands are needed on the picket line; but at six in the morning when the chill winds blow in from the New Bedford harbor coats and stout shoes are sorely needed.

Words seem so inadequate to describe the many needs of the New Bedford strikers. One feels like rushing out into the streets and shouting and pointing to heart-rending letters and pictures of hungry kids and cold print seems a futile medium with which to convey a burning call for help.

Workers of America! You must not allow cold and hunger to break the New Bedford and Fall River strikes. Victory is near. The strikers are heroic beyond description. One more week, another and maybe one after that and our comrades will compel the mill gates to swing open.

If you are working and have just enough to eat you must give these loyal fighters succor. Give what you can; but give. Give money; give shoes, give clothing, but give something. Do not wait for collectors to come around and wheedle a dime or a dollar out of you. Give now. I appeal to every worker who has the cause of striking workers at heart to send his contribution directly to the Workers' International Relief Union Square, New York City or 43 William St., New Bedford, Mass

Special Conference of Agitprop Directors to Be Held This Saturday

A special conference of all unit agitprop directors of the Young Workers (Communist) League and of the district agitprop committee has been called for Saturday at 1:30 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square, fifth floor, to take up the question of the Workers School and the task before the agitprop directors of the League during the next period.

D. Benjamin, New York district agitprop director of the Workers (Communist) Party, and Hyman Gordon, New York district agitprop director of the Young Workers (Communist) League, will address the conference, after which there will be a period for questions and general discussion.

It is important that all agitprop directors attend.

Restaurant to Donate to Mill Relief Fund

The scientific vegetarian restaurant, 1606 Madison Avenue, between 107th and 108th Streets, is cooperating with Local New York, Workers' International Relief, and a group of comrades, to contribute 10 per cent of its income for three days, tomorrow, Friday, and Saturday, for the benefit of the textile strikers of New Bedford and Fall River.

Workers are urged to check up in their units and sections the matter of raising relief for the strikers. The need is urgent, many clothes and shoes must be collected. These must be turned in promptly to Local New York, Workers' International Relief, 1 Union Square, New York City.

4 BIG NIGHTS

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Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FREIHEIT

BAZAAR

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THURSDAY 4TH
FRIDAY 5TH
SATURDAY 6TH
SUNDAY 7TH

OCTOBER

4 BIG DAYS

DO NOT BUY NOW, WAIT TILL THE BAZAAR

4 BIG DAYS

Spanish Censor Fails in Suppression of News of Mass Arrests as Outbreak Looms

REPORT POLICE MAKE SWEEPING MASS SEIZURES

Cabinet Shake-Up Is Predicted

BORDEAUX, France, Sept. 26.—Spanish military and police authorities are reported to be taking strenuous actions in preparation for what they allege to be an incipient outbreak all over the country, a dispatch from Hendaye on the frontier announces. They charge that the situation is the result of a conspiracy, national in scope, to overthrow the existing government.

The censorship has been made effective on all news leaving the country and it is with extreme difficulty that reports of mass arrests have leaked across the frontier by way of Hendaye.

No attempt is made by the reports to fix the number of those arrested but it is intimated that police action is on a larger scale than in any previous seizures.

Orders are said to have been sent to the governors of all provinces instructing them to be on the alert because of an unconfirmed report that a coup would be attempted this week.

Changes in the Spanish cabinet were reported imminent in other advices from Madrid. It was said the Duke of Tetuan, minister of war, was seriously ill and likely to die. The names of General Losada and Count Andes were mentioned as possible minister of war and foreign affairs, respectively.

MILL BOSSES IN NEW FAKE OFFER

Workers Fight Scheme to Betray Strike

Continued from Page One

event, in which Batty is expected to betray by accepting the latter proposal. After such a sell out is [illegible] up, the real strike-breaking attempt will begin. Bosses are expected to mobilize forces for a more brutal police terror against the Textile Workers Union picket lines, with the active assistance of the strike-breaking forces of the A. F. of L.

Contrary to the effect the mill owners hoped to create among the strikers solid ranks, namely one of a belief that the strike's end was imminent, the sentiment that has gained tremendous leeway is rather a growing demand that they hold out for a wage increase, other improvements of working standards and recognition for their real leaders, the T. W. U. This was clearly shown at the large mass meetings being held daily by the militant union.

Will Greet Delegates.

That organization has hired one of the biggest halls in town for the reception of the delegates returning from the convention of textile workers which launched a new national union. The meeting in big Public Park this afternoon was one of the series. Speakers at the meeting were enthusiastically cheered on every mention of the new union. Mother Bloor, veteran labor leader, was particularly well received.

William T. Murdoch, T. W. U. organizer, who also spoke at the mass meeting was earlier in the day arrested as he was leading this morning's picket line. After attorneys for the International Labor Defense had appealed his fine of $20, he was given his freedom.

The program for the celebration tonight in the big arena the union hired for a week is a presentation of moving pictures of the Passaic and New Bedford strike scenes.

Yugoslavia Launches Counter-Boycott in Fight on Croatians

BUDAPEST, Sept. 26 (U.P.)—Yugoslavia has initiated a counter-boycott against the Croats, according to despatches received here.

Withdrawal of railroad freight facilities has greatly embarrassed Croatian merchants and work is now underway to remove telegraph and [illegible] facilities from Croatian territory to the opposite side of the Danube River. The Croats ordered a social boycott against the Serbs and Solvenes because of political differences.

At Spartakiade In Soviet Union

Hundreds of workers from all over the world came to participate in the Labor Olympic in Moscow. Above, Mesaguine winning the championship in the javelin throw.

WORKERS PARTY ON CONN. BALLOT

2,000 Negroes Sign Petition

Continued from Page One

workers are unorganized and at the mercy of the bosses, who do not hesitate to hammer down their living standards to a minimum. The message of the class struggle, of militant unionism, is rousing a new spirit among the slave-driven workers of this state, and since the Workers (Communist) Party is the only political party in this election campaign that has raised the banner of a struggle against the employers and for a Workers' and Farmers' Government, all the militant workers are giving ear to the Communist program.

Negro Workers Aid.

Connecticut is one of the most industrialized states in the union. It abounds in cities where the population is almost one hundred per cent proletarian. There are large Negro settlements in the state, and the Communist propaganda among those double exploited workers is showing excellent results. The Negro workers showed the greatest willingness to sign the Communist petitions, and hundreds of them pledged to vote Communist on election day.

Here in Connecticut we have one of the most powerful open shop political machines in the United States. It is the Roerback utility corporation that directly employs the mayor of Hartford and controls directly or indirectly every mayor and chief of police in the state. The filing of the Communist ticket in Connecticut is a direct challenge to the Roerback utility trust as well as to the ruling classes of the state and nation.

Stress Vital Issues.

Four years ago the Party missed getting on the ballot by a few hundred signatures. With the lesson of the previous election campaign in mind our Party set itself determinedly to the task of putting the Party on the ballot and mobilized the entire membership for the job. The collection of 6,000 signatures by a membership of only a few hundred is an accomplishment that our members are properly proud of.

The organization of the unorganized is a burning issue in this state, and this issue will be raised and driven home during the campaign by the Workers (Communist) Party in speeches and thru literature. There are 227,000 unorganized metal workers in this state and they are among the most exploited category of workers in the country.

Child Labor.

Child labor is another vital issue in this state. Tens of thousands of children are working in the tobacco fields without any protection whatever and completely at the mercy of the employers. Children between the ages of eight and te are literally driven and lashed like slaves, and work for a miserable pittance of from $1.00 to $1.50 for a day of 12 and 14 hours.

Three weeks ago an agent of the tobacco barons sitting as a judge in the court at Stamford declared that there is no law in this state to prevent the employment of children in the tobacco fields.

The fact that one-third of the signatures on the Communist Petitions were Negro workers is significant of the growth of class consciousness among the Negro working class population. This responce on the part of the Negro workers to the Communist program will prove a tremendous factor in the coming struggles, when the Party will become the real leader of this most exploited section of the working class.

"Socialist" Betrayers.

In every industrial locality the workers are not only beginning to understand that the two parties of capitalism are their enemies but also the socialist party, as being the ally of the blackest reaction in the labor movement. "The Judases will get their rewards" is the murmur that is to be heard everywhere.

In the face of the most acute class struggle going on in this country in general and in Connecticut in particular, the treacherous socialist party has the nerve to declare that there is "no class struggle in this country." This the workers will understand. They will understand well enough, and say to the Thomases, Hillquits, the Plunkets, the MacLeavys and the Muffets, "you traitors, you say there is no class struggle? Come to the textile mills, to the rubber plants, to the munition factories, to the steel and brass foundries, and to the huge machine shops. Come to these places, where hundreds of thousands of us are being exploited daily, for 10, 11 and even 12 hours a day, for a miserable pittance. Come to our houses and see our children, see how they are dressed, and then say there is no class struggle in this country."

California Workers Aid Mill Strikers With $70

ONTARIO, Cal., Sept. 26. — A banquet for the purpose of collecting funds for the striking textile workers in New Bedford was held September 16, at the house of Seigel, a member of the Workers (Communist) Party here. The workers present donated $70 to aid the cause of the strikers.

CONTINUE MARCH IN PROTEST AT FASCIST PAPER

Mussolini's Sheet in Brazil Boycotted

SAO PAULO, Brazil, Sept. 26 (UP).—Groups of students today visited newspapers and announced they would continue their demonstrations against Editor Luiggi Freddi, whose newspaper in Piccolo was raided by students Monday night, until Freddi was expelled from Brazil.

Il Piccolo, which the students raided because of its publication of an article allegedly defamatory of Brazilian womanhood, attempted to publish a special edition last night, but other newspapers refused to print the paper in their plants.

The plant of the Italian newspaper was so badly damaged by students that a paper could not be printed in it.

* * *

Students Are Anti-Fascists.

SAO PALUO, Brazil, Sept. 26.—Heavy police guards were placed at the Italian consulate and at the home of Italian residents, following the raiding of the Italian fascist newspaper, "Il Piccolo," Monday night and the consequent parading of students protesting the articles advertising fascism, which appeared in that newspaper.

Police yesterday attacked students parading through the city, with injuries on both sides.

Luiggi Freddi, the editor of the fascist paper, who has just returned from Rome, publishes articles commending adherents of fascism in the house of deputies and threatening that there is "one" in Rome "who acts and does not play." His articles were also highly in favor of the fascist regime in Rome, and the students were aroused by his references to possible fascism in Brazil.

FARMER LABOR DEAL IS SCORED

Communists Plan Big Campaign

Continued from Page One

Lundeen, the Farmer-Labor party candidate for governor, is another pseudo-progressive and is involved in the deal with the Tammany Hall forces.

Communists Call to Action.

The Workers (Communist) Party which has warned the workers and farmers of the state against these politicians has issued a statement calling upon them to clean out the renegades from the movement. A huge mass meeting is being planned for next Tuesday at the Labor Lyceum, 1426 Sixth Avenue, North Minneapolic at which J. O. Bentall, Communist candidate for governor of Minnesota, among other speakers will score the latest betrayal of the politicians and will outlive the real program for the farmers and workers of the sta.

* * *

Another Betrayal.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Sept. 26. (U.P.)—Dr. H. O. Alexander, in a telegram to the headquarters of the Farmer-Labor Party at Denver, formally withdrew as the party's vice-presidential candidate, saying he chose to support the candidacy of Governor Alfred E. Smith of New York.

Alexander, for years an active figure in farmers' activities in this state, praised the farmer-labor platform in some particulars but condemned "a plank which seeks to discredit the Catholic church, and, of course, is a thrust at Governor Smith."

"I was not a Smith supporter before the convention, but I am now," he said. "If this was a campaign address for Smith, a hundred or more facts and logical conclusions could be given to back up my position that Smith is by long odds a better candidate than Hoover."

FORTY KILLED IN BLAST

Morocco Powder Explosion Injures 200

MELILLA, Morocco, Sept. 26 (U.P.)—The powder magazine of the ancient Spanish fort of Cabrerizas Bajas exploded today.

Fifty-four persons were killed and 260 injured, some of them probably fatally.

The explosion demolished the old citadel, on a rocky hill overlooking the town.

All houses around the citadel were destroyed. Women and children were among the dead and injured. Nine soldiers of the Spanish garrison at the fort were killed.

Authorities later expressed fear that the number of injured might exceed 200.

Many people of the town were stll on the streets when the explosion occurred. Others had retired.

The sky was lighted with a red glare, and a second later came the tremendous explosion. Doors and windows were blown out and chimneys knocked down. Stones and bits of debris showered the town.

People emerged from their homes and joined those in the street, running around in all directions and shouting in panic.

The scene of the explosion is about a mile and a half from the center of the town. Soon a thousand townspeople arrived at the citadel. They found the old stone fortress had disappeared entirely. Hardly a stone was left in place, only a vast, smoking crater showing where the citadel had been.

In the darkness cries were heard of the injured buried in the ruins. Rescue work was accomplished with the greatest difficulty owing to the lack of light. Pitiful scenes were witnessed. Early arrivals found a mother wailing beside the bodies of her three sons.

Rescue Difficult.

The fort is surrounded by a small suburb of about 2,000 inhabitants. Most of the houses were demolished and the inhabitants caught in the ruins.

Authorities commandeered nearly every taxicab and automobile in Melilla to carry the wounded to town. About four a. m. a long procession of taxicabs entered the town, loaded with victims. All hospitals were crowded.

COLOMBIA GOV'T SOFTSOAPS U. S.

No Friction, President Tells Demonstrators

BOGOTA, Colombia, Sept. 26.—Addressing a parade of hundreds of students here supporting what it believed to be the government's firm stand in the face of the American state department's threat of intervention, president Abadia Mendez told the demonstrators that the government was taking no decided stand, and that the relations between the two countries were entirely cordial. He further apologized for the American note declaring that the state department had really asked for nothing more than information.

Silence greeted the president's speech, tho resentment was expressed thruout the city afterwards.

The secretary of industry yesterday ordered that an analysis of Colombian oil be made which is interpreted among oil men here as a bid to petroleum competitors, tho the reason given is that high grade Colombian oil is being mixed with inferior American product.

SWEDISH CABINET RESIGNS.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Sept. 26.—The Cabinet, headed by Ekman, leader of the central bloc, resigned today as a result of the recent elections in which the government party lost a number of seats.

FUR REPAIR SHOP AT HUGE BAZAAR

Women's Council, Knit Goods Meets Tonight

Continued from Page One

lected articles and money for tickets should also be turned over to the bazaar committee at once.

* * *

Two Important Meetings.

Two important meetings will be held tonight for the purpose of planning bazaar work. The progressive knit goods workers will meet in the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, and the Furriers Women's Council of the Bronx will meet at 8 o'clock at 1668 Vyse Ave. The women's council will make arrangements for the booth it will have at the bazaar.

His Throne

A bloody terror, in which thousands of workers have been imprisoned and tortured, reigns thruout Spain. Revolts threaten the throne of King Alfonso.

Tanaka May Fall on Manchuria Question

TOKIO, Sept. 26.—The Tanaka government may fall on the Manchuran question at the next meeting of the Diet according to rumors current in political circles.

Premier Tanaka reported at a Cabinet meeting yesterday that negotiations regarding Japan's position in Manchuria were "progressing favorably." Tanaka said that he hoped that egotiations with the Nanking Government would 'e opened shortly.

ORDER MARTIAL LAW BY DECREE IN GUATEMALA

Widespread Unrest on Plantations

GUATEMALA CITY, Guatemala, Sept. 26.—Virtual declaration of martial law was made here today with the suspension of constitutional guarantees by decree of President Chacon. The suspension, which will continue for five months, is for alleged seditious activities, though the nature of these activities is closely guarded by the Guatemalan authorities.

Under the terms of the suspension decree, meetings and assemblies will be forbidden, the strictest censorship will be enforced on the press and a close watch will be kept on the transportation of all sorts of cargo and the passage of persons from one part of the country to another.

While government claims that the immediate cause for the suspension of guarantees is the activities of the opposition in various parts of Guatemala, it is known that unrest is far more widely spread and involves large sections of the plantation workers.

FLIERS COMING HERE.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26 (U.P.)—Bert R. J. Hassell and Parker D. Cramer, who will sail from Copenhagen Oct. 4, will reach New York City, Oct. 15, the Scandinavian-American Line announced today.

'ARAB' LAWRENCE A SPY

Expose Author as Stoolpigeon in India

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Thomas E. Lawrence, secret agent in the Near East during the World War, whose exploits in the service of the British military and diplomatic departments have been described in "Revolt in the Desert," is reported to be in the employ of the British secret service, ferreting out Indian workers and Communists.

In spite of prior reports that Lawrence had returned to Arabia to participate in the British activities against Ibn Saud, king of the Hedjaz, it is announced that Lawrence has been seen disguised as a Mohammedan spiritual leader at Lahore. The report, however, remains unconfirmed.

Until recently Lawrence was a mechanic with the Indian air forces.

A. SHIEK
on
THE COMINTERN AND THE RACE PROBLEM
In The AUGUST
Communist International
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Daily Worker-Freiheit
Bazaar Is Coming
Are You
—doing your bit for your press
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The Time Is Short! — Only Two More Weeks Left! — ACT NOW!
Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee,
30 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

THE Control of New York State and City Government by Banking, Power, Railroad Interests Exposed!
The Betrayals by the Socialist Party and the A. F. of L. Bureaucracy Unmasked!
AT THE COMMUNIST ELECTION RALLY
Friday, Sept. 28, 8 p.m.
CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE
67TH STREET AND THIRD AVENUE
SPEAKERS:
Robert Minor — Bertram D. Wolfe
Juliet S. Poyntz — Wm. F. Dunne
Richard B. Moore — Rebecca Grecht
Philip Frankfeld — Lovett Fort-Whiteman
Chairman: W. W. Weinstone

COME IN MASSES!
ADMISSION 25 CENTS

Blind Ad in Capitalist Papers Calls for Stool-Pigeons in Auto Factories

WORKER IS ASKED TO REPORT ALL TROUBLE-MAKERS

To Make Daily Reports to Bosses

(By a Worker Correspondent)

DETROIT, Mich. (By Mail).—This is to inform you of my experiences in seeking a job in Detroit, after a blind ad calling for auto workers at 2539 Woodward Ave., Room 201.

I was offered a proposition to work in various factories at the disposal of this firm. The man I spoke to was very careful to explain that his firm was selling service to industries, of all kinds, that I would not be a spy or stool-pigeon, but at the same time I was to make daily written reports on the situation among the workers in these factories, to expose Reds and other "trouble-makers."

After carefully questioning me to see if I had any radical tendencies, he asked me to write an essay of five hundred words and make a written application for employment. He then sent me up to the ninth floor of the building to an office called the "Allied Industries, Inc."

There I interviewed the head of this espionage system, who told me he would investigate my references and let me know the results.

I hoped to work for a short time so that I could get a good scoop for the Daily, but I unfortunately failed to get on the inside.

I am enclosing a new ad that the same firm has just run in a local paper. Please keep my name secret.

—R. S.

• • •

Editor's Note: The ad sent us by our Worker Correspondent and published below is typical of spy ads thruout the country. Note the guarded way in which "increased production is suggested as the motive behind the ad.

ASSEMBLERS

Motor, chassis and final	$ .75	Hr.
Tool and die makers	1.00	Hr.
Repair machinists	.90	Hr.
Millwrights	.80	Hr.
Electricians	.90	Hr.
Machine operators	75c and up	Hr.
Set-up men	1.00	Hr.
Polishers and buffers	1.00	Hr.
Body metal workers	1.10	Hr.
Body trimmers	1.00	Hr.
Body painters	1.00	Hr.
Plumbers	1.25	Hr.
Carpenters A-1	1.25	Hr.
Stock chasers	.75	Hr.

Require good men of above experience for increased production. See our employment manager at downtown office, Room 201, Hofman Building, 2539 Woodward Avenue, 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Saturday, or write. Only men with good record production" is suggested as the moagency.

TARIFF BUNK IS BOSSES NEW LINE

New Sob Story Won't Fool Workers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. (By Mail).—Kensington, the heart of the Philadelphia textile industry, long the scene of strikes, unemployment, wage-cuts, etc., has now been offered a solution of the miseries which capitalism causes the workers; the Kensington Bulletin, the leading paper in that section, sponsored and supported by the Board of Trade and the Manufacturers' Association, has announced that the tariff causes all the evils to the workers. Of course, such things as textile mills moving their plants south to exploit cheaper and less organized labor, rationalization and the speed-up, which eliminates workers, have nothing to do with the case in the opinion of the Bulletin.

Like as not the workers will be asked to support Hoover and the republican party, not that Al Smith smells any sweeter, for this is a gang and republican-controlled section. If the workers were to bolt the gang-controlled party, some of these grafting politicians might lose their soft berths.

The owners of the mills no doubt feel that giving the tariff as the reason for the misery they cause as members of the capitalist class will hlep delude the workers and offer them an excuse for making further wage-cuts. This is no doubt their aim.

So, workers of Kensington, read what the bosses' official sheet, and the organ of Vare, the gang leader of Philadelphia, offers you as a solution of your misery, i. e., the high tariff, and see how soon you will get a job. Oh no, you won't have to drudge on four or five looms instead of one as you did before the bosses forced you to displace your fellow workers. Your wife won't have to go out scrubbing floors to keep you and the kids from starving. All will be rosy—like hell!

So just read the Bulletin and then rush and secure the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. Then you will curse at the fakers who advocate bunk like that in the Bulletin. Then, don't forget, vote Communist and join the Party of the class struggle and read the paper of your class, the Daily Worker. This will be a sure way to solve your problem which is caused by capitalism, and the abolition of capitalism will alone do away with the misery of the workers in Kensington.

—W. C. P.

Hurricane Took Heavy Toil of Porto Rico Workers In San Juan and Vicinity

An epidemic of influenza, combined with starvation and exposure, threatens to add further to the huge toll of workers taken by the recent hurricane in Porto Rico. Photo shows ruins of La Perla, a suburb of the capital, San Juan.

$18 A WEEK IS AVERAGE WAGE

U. S. Workers Average 9-10 Hours Day

(By a Worker Correspondent)

OKLAHOMA CITY, (By Mail).—It was with great pleasure that I recently read a letter in the Daily Worker, our Communist paper, describing conditions in the Soviet Union and asking for letters from the United States.

I don't know what that Worker Correspondent thinks of Americans as a people but I assure him that workers of all nations have much in common, and that almost all working Americans who have made any study of the Soviet government and its aims have a deep respect for it. We hope for the continuation and perfection of the Soviet government.

As for the working conditions of myself and fellow workers, it might be summed up in this way. The average working hours of a common laborer, not skilled in any trade, are from nine to ten a day, six days a week, and almost always with no vacation. He will earn about three dollars a day or $18 a week.

House rent will cost $18.20 a month. Gas and electricity will average about four dollars a month A pound loaf of bread costs ten cents. A quart of sweet milk costs 14 cents. A suit of work clothes costs four dollars and fifty cents and suit of dress clothes for a working man will cost about $25. Shoes for men average three dollars or five dollars a pair.

Women's dresses will cost (for work) two dollars to four dollars. For dress they cost from eight dollars to fourteen dollars and about half of that if they make them themselves.

But a working girl hasn't much time to make dresses for herself. Girls and women make from seven dollars to fifteen dollars a week depending on the nature of the work.

Every store and business is owned by private interests. Very few workers own their own homes. Most of them rent houses from the land and house owners.

We have a small nucleus in Oklahoma City and we are growing. We have to keep our membership secret from our employes for fear of losing our jobs. And it is hard to get a job because there are so many men out of work. Our work so far has been to increase our membership and to spread literature on Communism.

—L. L.

Young Worker League in Anthracite Calls an Organizational Meet

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Sept. 26.—The Organization Conference of Young Workers (Communist) League, anthracite sub-district, will be held Sept. 29 at 5:30 p. m. at 206 South Main St., this city.

Delegates from Scranton, Pittston, Plymouth, Luzerne, Nanticoke, Minersville and Wilkes-Barre will attend this conference and will lay the basis for stronger and more powerful Young Workers (Communist) League in this section.

Clarence Miller, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League in Philadelphia, will be the principal speaker.

After the conference there will be a "box party" in Orpheum Hall.

LONDON, Sept. 26 (U.P.).—It is understood a new device for applying power to the rotating vanes of an autogiro airplane enabling the machine to ascend vertically, will be tested soon at Southampton.

Fake Ads Mislead Jobless Workers

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Answering an advertisement in a morning paper, an unemployed barber applied to Messinas Barber Shop at 2853 Broadway yesterday, believing that he had at [illegible] found a job. After slaving a [illegible] day, during which he [illegible] ten dollars for the boss, [illegible] was informed that [illegible] by no means permanent [illegible] in the ad had led him to believe, but that he had merely been replacing a man away that day.

In addition to this he was compelled to pay 35 cents for the white coat he used, and was then told that he would not get more than $5 as pay for the long day put in and no amount of remonstrance with the employer would make him come across with the minimum rate, which is $7.50.

SALOON KEEPER TO LABOR FAKER

Nathan Tried to Stop All Strikes

(By a Worker Correspondent)

John B. Nathan, former saloon keeper and and official of the Ice Cream and Inside Workers' Union, Local 1, died on Sept. 21. The evening previous he had attended a party. Some of his friends intimate foul play.

The funeral was held on Sept. 23 and the remains were taken to the Wilner and Siniyer Synagogue. There religious services were held.

About 60 cars followed the corpse to the cemetery. Many ice cream manufacturers and other bosses attended. A number of religious individuals were also present, among them Rabbi Epstein of the Siniyer congregation of which the late Nathan was a member.

He was typical of A. F. of L. officials and is alleged to have collaborated with the bosses, and to have tried to avert strikes at all costs.

Rumors were circulated recently that the owners offered him $5,000 to leave the union, but Nathan refused. Many believe that this is a pure fairy tale, while others say that there was a better field for money making in the union. At any rate, the readers should draw their own conclusions.

Nathan helped the poor in small ways in order to gain their good will on the style of Tammany Hall.

This ends the story of a "labor leader."

—A. B. S.

PALAEOLITHIC WORKSHOP.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 26 (U.P.).—Meugene Pittard, the Swiss anthropologist, has discovered a palaeolithic workshop in Adiyaman, between Malatia and Diarbekir, Asia Minor, which he considers is proof that men lived in Anatolia in the stone age.

NEGRO WORKERS HEROES IN FLOOD

Yet They are Brutally Treated by Boss Tools

FORT LAUDERDALE, Fla., (By Mail).—I am sending the Daily Worker the account of the heroism of Negroes in the recent Florida storm and flood. It is taken from the Miami Herald of Sept. 19 and reads as follows:

"The exodus from Bell Glade began as soon as the wind and encroaching waters from the lake subsided. John Fremk of the American Legion in West Palm Beach reported to the headquarters yesterday that 750 Negroes were being cared for there by him and his fellow workers.

"The Negroes, many of whom walked more than twenty miles carrying white women on their backs. all came from the low country around Bell Glade. Trucks were sent out to bring them into West Palm Beach."

And still the Negro is lynched and looked down upon in the "enlightened" United States.

—F. V.

Mrs. Leslie Carter began her season in "The Shanghai Gesture" at Mamaroneck last night. The production will be seen in Springfield, Mass., the balance of the week.

CHINA WORKERS' AID SABOTAGED BY 'SOCIALISTS'

Workers, However, are Wise to "Forward"

(By a Worker Correspondent)

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—The Jewish Daily Forward, largest "socialist" newspaper in the country, is undoubtedly the least dependable journal in all of the forty-eight United States.

This paper, organ of Cahan, Hillquit, Sigman, McGrady and Co., as well as others of their ilk, can be depended upon, on practically every possible occasion, to stab the workers in the back. Failing that, the "Forward" can be depended upon to stab the workers in the side or front. In fact, the editorial staff of the "Forward" have developed, through many years of experience this characteristically social-democratic tactic into a fine art.

The latest effusion of this kind to come to my attention, (I am not a reader of the "Forward' regularly so there probably have been several since) is a vicious attack upon the "Committee to Aid the Chinese Trade Unions." Not content with harming in every possible way the workers in the United States, this alleged "Workers" paper, broadens out into a larger field, that of China. It attacks the efforts of this committee as "Communistic" and advises all Jewish workers and Jewish workers' organizations not to contribute to the relief of Chinese workers.

However, the Jewish workers have not been "taken in" by the lies of this editorial. The Jewish workers are "wise," and attacks of the "Forward" will be greeted with derision. In fact, so "wise" are the Jewish workers to the "Forward" that an attack by that despicable journal upon any organization means a recommendation to aid that organization as far as they are concerned—and aid the Chinese workers they will.

—C. RABIN.

Sidney Howard has been engaged to do the English text of Ferenc Molnar's latest comedy, "Olympia." Gilbert Miller will present "Olympia" here on October 16, with Fay Compton, Ian Hunter and Laura Hope Crews.

• • •

A. H. Woods' production of "Jealousy," which was to have opened at the Eltinge Theatre Tuesday evening, has been indefinitely postponed. This is the Eugene Walter play starring Fay Bainter.

Moliere Comedy Will Open New Civic Repertory Season

"THE WOULD-BE GENTLEMAN."

F. Anstey's adaptation of Moliere's "Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme," will open the season at the Civic Repertory Theatre next Monday evening with the following cast: John Eldredge, Beatrice de Neergaard, J. Blake Scott, Jocelyn Gordon, Egon Brecher, Walter Beck, Paul Leyssac, Sayre Crawley, Alma Cruger and Donald Cameron. "The Would-Be Gentleman" has been directed by Miss Le Gallienne and the settings and costumes were designed by Aline Bernstein.

In addition to directing the season's second play, "L'Invitation au Voyage," by Jean Jacques Bernard, translated from the French by Ernest Boyd, which will have its premiere on Thursday evening, October 4, Eva Le Gallienne will also play the leading role of Marie-Louise.

The repertory for the first week will include two more performances of "The Would-Be Gentleman," Wednesday matinee and Friday evening. "L'Invitation au Voyage" will be repeated on Saturday evening. In addition to the new plays, two of the productions of the Civic Repertory Theatre's previous work will be revived—Sierra's "The Cradle Song" on Tuesday evening and Ibsen's "Hedda Gabler" on Wednesday evening and Saturday matinee.

• • •

Chrystal Herne has been engaged to play the role of Caterina Sforza in the Brady and Wiman production of "The Grey Fox," in which Henry Hull will have the part of Niccolo Machiavelli.

• • •

Incidental music will play an important part in Jane Cowl's new play, "The Jealous Moon," now in rehearsal. A score is being written by Dr. Hugo Felix, composer of "Madame Sherry."

NORMA LEE

In "By Request," a new play by the Nugents, opening at the Hudson Theatre this evening.

• • •

Last night Dorothy Gish made her appearance on the legitimate stage in "Young Love," Samson Raphaelson's comedy. James Rennie, Tom Douglas and Catherine Willard are also in the cast. After a week in Buffalo, two weeks in Detroit and one week in Pittsburgh, "Young Love" will come to Broadway.

• • •

Edgar Selwyn has postponed the premiere of his new comedy "Possession" from Monday night to Tuesday night, October 2, at the Booth Theatre.

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM Thea. W. 45 St., Eves. 8.30 Mats., Wed. & Sat. 2.30
GEO. M. COHAN Presents
WALTER HUSTON
IN ELMER THE GREAT
RING LARDNER'S AMERICAN PLAY

HUDSON Thea., W. 44 St. Eves. at 8:30 Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:30
GEO. M. COHAN Presents
"BY REQUEST"
by J. C. Nugent & Elliott Nugent
with ELLIOTT NUGENT.

SHUBERT Thea. 44, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:30; Mats. Wed., Sat. 2.30
GUY ROBERTSON ODETTE MYRTIL DE WOLF HOOPER
in a musical romance of Chopin
WHITE LILACS

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER
IN ITS REVISED FORM?
CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

'A Clean Hit', Winchell, Graph.
EVA THE 5th
with CLAIRBORNE FOSTER
LITTLE W. 44th St. Eves. 8.30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.30

Martin' Beck Thea. 45 St. & 8 Av. Evs. 8.40, Ma. Sat., Wed. 2.40
NITE HOSTESS
by Philip Dunning
Staged by Winchell Smith
Produced by JOHN GOLDEN.

National Thea., 41st & 7th Ave. Evenings, 8.30 p. m. Mats.: Wed. & Sat., 2.30 p. m.
GEORGE JESSEL
IN "THE WAR SONG"

Keith-Albee CAMEO 2ND BIG WEEK
42d and B'way
"Q SHIPS"
WORLD PREMIERE
AUTHENTIC! ACTUAL!
Sensational Submarine Warfare!

Arthur Hopkins Presents
'MACHINAL'
A new play in two parts and ten scenes by Sophie Treadwell
Plymouth Thea. W. 45th St. Eves. 8.30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30

Maxine Elliott's Thea., W. 39th St. Evenings 8.30, Mats. Wed. & Sat.
"Intelligent Entertainment."—Mantle, News.
This THING CALLED Love
A New Comedy Hit by Edwin Burke with Violet Heming & Minor Watson.

Theatre Masque 45th St., West of Broadway
Evs. 8.30; Mats.: Wed. & Sat. 2.30
"Goin' Home"
"Exciting Stuff".—The New Yorker.

CENTURY Thea., Central Pk. W & 62 St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Wed. and Sat.
THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:25
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEORGE OLSEN'S MUSIC.

ARLES, France, Sept. 26 (U.P.).—A commercial airplane flying from Perpignan to Marseilles crashed today when its motor stalled.

Brunswick

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Acceptance Speeches
Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Levestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

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Telephone Algonquin 6900

Soviet Union Delegation Arrives in United States to Study the Textile Dye Processes

PLAN TO TRAVEL THRU ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY

Visit Will Last for 3 Months

A delegation from the Soviet Aniltrest (Aniline Trust), which controls the production of aniline dyes in the U.S.S.R., has just arrived in the United States for the purpose of visiting chemical plants and looking over the American equipment market. The delegation, the first representing the Soviet chemical industry to visit this country, is headed by E. L. Brodoff, General Manager of the Derbenoff Works in Moscow.

Praises Soviet Work.

"We welcome the opportunity to establish direct connections with the American chemical industry," stated Brodoff yesterday at the offices of the Amtorg Trading Corporation, the principal firm engaged in American-Soviet trade. "Up to the present time, principally because of geographical proximity and past traditions, our commercial and technical relations have been mainly with Germany. The growing aniline industry of the U. S. S. R., which is a development only of the past few years, before the war the bulk of dyes being imported from Germany, can undoubtedly profit greatly from contact with the American equipment field and with American chemical engineering circles. Our trust employs 2,500 workers and its output of aniline products was valued at 25,000,000 rubles last year. In view of the steady expansion of the Soviet textile industry the demand for dyes and equipment to produce them will show a rapid growth."

Will Stay 3 Months.

Besides Brodoff, the commission consists of P. A. Konburov, Director of the Butirsky Plant, G. A. Bonwetch, Chief Engineer and Dr. Celia A. Voskevitch, Sanitary Inspector of the Aniltrest. Their itinerary, which will cover a stay in this country of about three months, will include Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, Detroit and other large centers of the chemical industry. The commission will be accompanied part of the time by Prof. Rodionov, Technical Director, and Prof. Vorozhtzev, Director of Research of the Aniltrest, who have come to the United States to take up with Prof. Harry D. Gibbs of Washington, D. C. various matters connected with the recent agreement calling for the technical cooperation of the latter in the production in the U. S. S. R. of a series of products for the aniline industry.

The chemical industries of the U. S. S. R. including allied industries such as resins, match and rubber, employed over 76,000 workers last year and had an output valued at 577,000,000 rubles ($297,000,000). This represented an increase in output of 17 per cent over the preceding year in spite of a small decrease in the number of workers.

Workers School Offers Classes in Marxism to Students in Fall Term

Principles of Marxism, 1, with A. Markoff as instructor, which was one of the most popular courses in the Workers School last year, will be repeated again the coming fall term of the Workers School, which begins Oct. 1, with A. Markoff again as instructor. At the same time a more advanced course, Principles of Marxism, 2, will be given for those who are ready to carry on their studies on Marx's works and the lessons that can be learned therefrom. The Principles of Marxism, 1, will be given on Wednesdays from 7 to 8:20 p. m.; Principles of Marxism, 2, on the same evening from 8:30 to 9:50 p. m.

The first course will make a study of "Socialism, Utopian and Scientific," by Frederick Engels; "Wage, Labor and Capital," by Karl Marx, and the Communist Manifesto. Principles of Marxism, 2, will make a study of Marx's work, the Eighteenth Brumaire, and the Civil War in France, which analyses the historic events of 1848 and 1871.

The aim of both of these courses is not only to make a study of the Principles of Marxism as annunciated in the basic works of Marx and Engels but to know how these principles were applied by Marx and Engels in their interpreting of the events and problems of their days, so that the students of the course will be better able to know how to interpret present-day problems in a Marxian manner, thus being able to cope more effectively with the tasks that confront the American working class today.

For more detailed information workers should write to the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square, for free catalog, or phone Stuyvesant 7770. Registration is now going on.

Vicious Sentence

IONIA, Mich., Sept. 25 (U.P.)—Michigan's new criminal code exacted a life imprisonment sentence for the second time today when Alonzo Noyes, 54 year old bachelor, pleaded guilty to possessing five gallons of moonshine.

Sewer Grafter Praises Jury As Show Starts

"It looks like a high type of intelligent jury," Maurice Connolly, former borough president of Queens, now on trial in connection with the $17,000,000 sewer graft scandal, is reported to have said of the above twelve men who will sit on his case.

Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

VOLUNTEERS NEEDED!

VOLUNTEER PARTY WORKERS WANTED AT THE OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE, ROOM 202, WORKERS CENTER, 26-28 UNION SQUARE, TODAY, FRIDAY, AND ESPECIALLY AFTERNOON.

Party Roll Call.

From September 24 to 30 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

• • •

Central Body, U. C. W. W.

The Central Body of the United Councils of Working Class Women will meet today at 8 p. m. at Room 602, Workers Center. Organizers, secretaries, delegates must attend. Members are welcome.

• • •

Bronx Attention.

Sept. 24 to 30 is the last week for the signature drive. Every effort must be made to put over candidates on the ballot. Every comrade must report during this week and go out and get signatures. Those who do not respond will be disciplined. All those obtaining 50 or more signatures during this week will be given a free ticket to the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar.

• • •

Notice—Section 2.

All unit and subsection agitprops of Section 2 should be present at a conference to be held tomorrow at 6:30. Please be prompt, for we must adjourn to Central Opera House at 8 p. m.

• • •

Lower Bronx Y. W. L. Mass Meet.

The Lower Bronx unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold its first indoor mass meeting for the fall on Sunday, Sept. 30th, 3 p. m., at 715 E. 138th St. Prominent speakers will address the meeting.

• • •

School Catalogs Out!

Workers School catalogs are now out. Courses will begin the week of Oct. 1. Registration is on now. All unit agitprops should get catalogs at the school office and devote special meeting of the unit to the Workers' School.

• • •

Downtown I. L. D. Branch.

An important meeting of the Downtown Branch of the International Labor Defense will be held today at 8 p. m., at the Workers Club, 35 E. 2nd St.

• • •

Section 1, Club Directors.

Section 1 Club directors conference, 60 St. Marks Place at 6 p. m. today.

• • •

German Branch, Yorkville, Y. W. L.

The next meeting will be held tomorrow at 8 p. m. at the Hungarian Workers Home, 352 East 81st St. We will have a discussion on the Communist Manifesto. All German speaking young workers are invited to attend this meeting.

• • •

Financial Secretaries, Section 2.

A conference of all financial secretaries of Section 2 will be held Monday, 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. The conference is very important and all must attend.

• • •

Unit 6F, 2A Special Meet.

A special meeting of Unit 6F, Subsection 2A of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held today, 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All members must attend to give in reports of their activities. This will be accounting week for the unit.

• • •

3F 2A.

A meeting of Unit 3F SS 2A will be held today at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Y. W. L. Agitprop Meet.

A meeting of all Agit-prop directors and members of the Agit-prop committee of the Young Workers Communist League, District 2 will be held this Saturday, Sept. 29, 2 p. m. at 24-28 Union Square, 5th floor. The Workers School and other agit-prop matters will be discussed. All comrades must be present.

• • •

2F, 2C.

2F, 2C meets today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

• • •

Womens' Work Meet.

There will be a meeting of the district women's committee Saturday, September 29th at 1 p. m. sharp at 26 Union Square. Final arrangements for the symposium will be made at this meeting and plans for the year's womens' work will be prepared. Please come on time.

Negro Nurse, Ousted From Job, May Bring Suit Against Hospital

Possibility of legal action by Miss Gladys L. Catchings, Negro nurse ousted because of her color, against Sloane Maternity Hospital under the Civil Rights Act of New York state, was forecast yesterday.

Miss Catchings has expressed her intention of suing in case all other appeals and means of redress failed. She will await, however, action from the hospital. If none is forthcoming within a few days, she will bring suit, she said.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

• • •

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

• • •

Icor Concert.

Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

Banquet at Brighton Beach.

Saturday, Oct. 13, at 8:30 p. m., a Chinese supper and an interesting concert will be given by the Workers' Club, Brighton Beach.

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

The annual Proletarian Autumn Revel of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense will be held Saturday evening, Oct. 27, at 8:30 at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Prizes will be given for the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

• • •

Brownsville Color Light Dance.

A Color Light Dance will be held Oct. 20 at the Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., under the auspices of the Young Workers Social Culture Club.

• • •

I. L. D. Open-Air Meeting.

The Bronx Sacco-Vanzetti Branch will hold an open air meeting tonight at 8:30 p. m. at 163rd Street and Prospect Avenue. I. Zimmerman, M. Sumner and S. LeRoy will speak on the subject of "Capitalist Justice In the U. S."

Newark Polish I. L. D.

The Polish I. L. D Branch of Newark will hold a dance Sept. 29, at the Rivoli Ball Room, 209 Ferry St., Newark, at 7:30 p. m. All the profits or income will go for the new club we are going to establish.

• • •

Icor Concert.

The Society for Jewish Colonization in Soviet Russia is giving a concert at Town Hall, 113-123 West 43rd St. New York, Saturday, September 29th. In the program will participate, Naum Blinder, Ossip Girskin, Emanuel Bay, Chalele, Gruber, Picken and Wendroff. A movie from Soviet Russia showing life in the Jewish colonies will also be shown.

• • •

Esperanto Class.

"The Sat-Grupo Esperantista-Proletara will begin a class in Esperanto in the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square some time in the middle of October. Comrades who realize the importance of the International Language, as means of communication and class-solidarity between the workers of all lands, may register in the Workers School. Tuition fee $1.00.

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FARE DEAL SEEN IN WAGE 'RAISE'

Amalgamated Officials Support Company

BOSTON, Sept. 26. (UP).—A wage increase of three cents an hour has been awarded the employes of the Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway by a board of arbitration.

Officials of the railway predict the additional annual cost will be about $126,000 and intimate it will be necessary to increase fares.

• • • •

Suspect Deal.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—The usual deal between the officials of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes and the officers of a street car company is seen here in the customary three-cent increase which has just been handed down to the underpaid street car men of the Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway Company.

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DAILY WORKER,
26-28 Union Square.
MILLINERY WORKERS LOCAL 43,
4 West 37th Street.

Harlem

HEALTH FOOD VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT,
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TOTENS WEINGORTEN (Restaurant),
26 East 109th Street;
UNITY ARBEITER CO-OPERATIVE,
1800 Seventh Avenue.

Bronx

RAPPAPORT & CUTLER (Book Store),
1310 Southern Boulevard.
UNITED WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE,
2700 Bronx Park East.

Brooklyn

Brownsville—
J. GOLDSTEIN (Book Store)
365 Sutter Avenue;
Boro Park—
MAX SNOW (Drug Store)
4224 13th Avenue;
Bath Beach—
MALLEMANS (Book Store)
8603 20th Avenue;
Williamsburgh—
LEISVA,
46 Ten Eyck Street.

JINGOES PLAN ANTI-RED DRIVE IN LONG ISLAND

Will Attempt to Break Brooklyn Meets

The John J. Dwyer Post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, who for the past few months have been stirring up trouble in the Astoria section of Queens by disturbing and attacking meetings held under the auspices of the Workers (Communist) Party, yesterday announced that they will carry their blackjack methods and fights into all other sections of Brooklyn and Queens.

The new step on the part of the jingoes is seen as a move to further blind the eyes of the workers in those districts toward the militant working class platform of the Workers (Communist) Party. So far they have not been successful in their scurrilous campaign in Astoria.

Workers Resist Attack.

In spite of the fact that they repeatedly attempted to break up the meetings of the Workers (Communist) Party in Astoria, several times attacking and injuring the Communist speakers, the jingoes never succeeded in winning the workers of Queens away from the Communist Platform. This was due, mostly, to the splendid fighting spirit shown by the Red speakers, and by the militancy of the Queens workers, who, as soon as they heard of the jingo attack, turned out in great numbers at the Workers Party meeting, and answered the attack of the Veterans with a counter-show of strength in numbers.

The statement of the puppet commander, George Van Etten, of the Astoria jingoes, filled with bombastic attacks on the "red menace," reads, in part, as follows:

"We will fight this un-American institution wherever it manifests itself. A movement is now on foot to check the radical campaign recently started in Bay Ridge."

The Workers (Communist) Party, however, will reply to this challenge with increased turnouts at every open-air meeting to be held in Brooklyn from now on, a statement of the district office said yesterday.

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GIANTS NEAR LEAD AS CARDS LOSE TO ROBINS

The St. Louis Cardinals are no further ahead of the New York Giants tonight than you could throw a fair-sized elephant by the tail.

Two little percentage points are all that separate the National League pennant contenders, for the dazzling light of Dazzy Vance's fast ball blinded the Red Birds this afternoon and cut their lead to half a game.

While the Giants were enjoying a well-earned day of rest after their game up-hill fight, in which they won 16 of their last 18 games, the Brooklyn Robins tightened up the pennant tussle by beating the Cardinals, 6 to 1.

Dazzy Vance did the dirty work, striking out seven St. Louis batters (or what the Cardinals are using for batters these days) to bring his season's record to an even 200 strikeouts. Aged Clarence Mitchell essayed to maintain the advantage his club held over the Giants before the game started, but Harvey Hendrick took care of that part of the business with a homer in the seventh just when the bases happened to be loaded.

The defeat of the Cards makes matters just that much more complicated in the National League race.

Even the Chicago Cubs are not yet mathematically out of the running, as they won today at Philadelphia, 8 to 3, while the league-leaders were waving their bats so futilely, it might even be said, fruitily, at Ebbets Field.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

National League

Brooklyn, 6; St. Louis, 1.
Chicago, 8; Philadelphia, 3.

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STEEL WORKER FACES SENTENCE

Old Frame-Up Revived by Courts

Continued from Page One

$500.00 dollars in cash was required in order to get the men out of jail.

As this occurred before the organization of the International Labor Defense, an organization to take care of the case had to be formed. Accordingly the Pennsylvania and Ohio Defense League was built up by the District Organizers of district five and six, the one located in Cleveland and the other in Pittsburg. The office of the committee was located in Youngstown, Ohio, and an appeal was sent out to the organized workers of the country to come to the defense of these first victims of the steel trust and the Anti-Sedition laws of the state.

When the case came to trial in Mercer, with attorney Ferguson of Chicago defending the men, the klu klux klan and the American Legion did every thing in their power to raise the passions of the farmers of Mercer County by parading and having the American flag flying on the streets surrounding the court house. The "red" menace was played up and as in the Woodlawn case the Department of Justice was brought into the case by having Henry J. Lennon, the "red expert" appear as an expert on "red literature" and as an "authority" on Communism in general.

The result was that a verdict of guilty was brought in. The case was appealed and has been in the hands of the judge.

Now it seems after these years the case is to be brought forth, and Kovocavich is to be sentenced. From this sentence the International Labor Defense thru attorney Ferguson will appeal to the Superior Court.

This case together with the Woodlawn case make a heavy drain of expense on the resources of the International Labor Defense and large sums of money will have to be raised to send this and the Woodlawn case thru the higher courts. Money for these appeals should be sent to W. J. White, Secretary of the International Labor Defense, 807 McGeagh Building, Pittsburgh.

Cold Snap Spreading Thruout United States

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 (U.P.).—Generally cold weather is being experienced throughout the country, reports of the U. S. weather bureau showed today. A continued drop in temperatures accompanied by frost was predicted for most eastern sections tonight.

Many western cities that have for some time had warm weather are experiencing the cold snap, it was said. Chicago and Detroit showed a low temperature last night of 34; Des Moines, which had had comparatively warm weather, saw the temperature drop to 34; Ft. Wayne, Ind., 32, and Havre, Mont., 24.

JAILED FOR PHOTOS

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 26 (U.P.).—John Pollock of Ansonia will go to Atlanta penitentiary for taking pictures. He had photographs taken of a $10 bill.

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Put the Party on the Ballot

All Party members and all sympathizers are asked to report for duty to collect signatures to put the Party on the ballot at the following headquarters which are open every evening:

Section 1—Downtown Manhattan—60 St. Marks Place
Section 4—Harlem—143 East 103rd St.
Section 5—Bronx—2075 Clinton Ave.
Section 6—Williamsburg—29 Graham Avenue
Section 7—Boro Park, 1373 43rd St.
Section 8—Brownsville, 154 Watkins St.

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Editor........................ROBERT MINOR

Assistant Editor..............WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭	☒	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Ravaging the Caribbean Countries

Insatiable in its greed, American imperialism no sooner realizes one predatory goal than it increases its campaign of frightfulness in order to bring more territory under its bloody fist. The state department announcement of a tri-partite agreement between the United States, the puppet government of Nicaragua and the government of Colombia, disposing of some islands off Nicaragua in the Caribbean, which gives the Wall Street government complete domination of that approach to the proposed Nicaragua canal, was followed by a savage attack upon Colombia that had as its object the stealing of oil lands for the benefit of American oil interests.

After a campaign of wholesale murder against the Nicaraguans in order to place in power a government subservient to Wall Street, the United States diplomats use every trick known to virtuosos in chicanery to swindle Colombia into a treaty granting to Nicaragua the Misquito coast and the nearest islands, so that the Wall Street agents at Washington may lease the territory for fortifications.

After completing that piece of imperialist conquest as one more step in conquering the Caribbean, the state department sends an insulting demand to the Colombian government regarding the cancellation of an American oil concession. This is nothing more nor less than another attempt at intervention in the internal affairs of a Latin-American country. The Colombian government is certainly supported by ample precedent in international law when it insists that it has no intention of letting the United States interfere in its action as a sovereign state in cancelling a claim of a private oil concern operating in its territory. But this means nothing to the Washington gang, dominated by Andrew W. Mellon, one of the richest men in the whole world, who holds the office of secretary of the treasury in plain violation of the fundamental law of the land. Capitalist law—national and international—is a class instrument, devised to serve the interests of the ruling class. When it interferes with their purposes, they violate it with impunity. To plead with the United States government to respect international law in regard to Latin America, is like imploring a highwayman to throw away his gun and blackjack.

No one, however, should be under the illusion that the present Colombian government, under President Abadia Mendez, will profit by the experience of other Latin-American countries and take decisive steps to mobilize anti-imperialist sentiment in his own and neighboring nations. Already he has revealed himself as a weakling in trying to discourage student demonstrations by assuring them that the arrogant action of the United States government is not intervention. It is intervention and has deep international potentialities.

The Kellogg-Coolidge-Hoover attempt to steal oil lands in Colombia is of tremendous significance, inasmuch as it involves the conflict between American and British oil interests. The American oil interests fear that the oil land may be leased to the Anglo-Persian oil company, a British concern. In an endeavor to conceal the real motive behind its offensive against Colombia the state department darkly hints that the granting of the oil concession to a foreign power may "menace" the Panama canal.

Such maneuvers on the part of the American imperialist bandits are quite familiar; they follow a well-chartered course. The next step on the part of the state department will probably be to try to foment a "revolution" in Colombia, place in power a puppet president and recognize him as the government and send more marines and battleships and bombing planes into Latin-America.

The savage conquest of Latin-America is a part of the general imperialist war policy of the United States. This latest act is a further attempt completely to crush every vestige of resistance on the part of those small countries in order to clear the ground for the next world war against its imperialist rivals, particularly Britain and Japan.

Every effort must be made by the revolutionists of the United States and of the Latin-American countries to stop this ruthless sweep of American imperialism. The working class of this country must be aroused as never before in order to check this new conspiracy and the masses of Latin-America must drive forward to the creation of an anti-imperialist bloc of states that will hurl defiance at the bloodhounds who are ravaging their territories.

The Taxi Drivers Must Fight

Behind the attempts of the so-called leaders of the taxicab industry to put over on the drivers a city regulation compelling the wearing of uniforms is a far-reaching scheme for the "rationalization" of the industry at the expense of the drivers. Two main objectives are before the big fleet-owners at whose head is the open shop, Morgan-controlled, Yellow Taxicab Corporation: (1) Increased control over their smaller competitors; (2) A more firm and permanent hold over the lives of the drivers.

The agitation for uniforms is only a part of the whole scheme.

The workers in the trade, speeded up and exploited almost beyond endurance, have observed with increasing resentment the various developments which have marked this process of greater centralization and control by the big bosses in the industry.

Raids, persecutions, suspensions and revocations of license by the police, and finally a city-wide blacklist by the big fleet-owners' association have driven thousands of drivers out of the industry. The taxi driver, under the thumb of the police, has no redress and no means of combating these evils—that is, he did not have until recently.

One influential weekly newspaper in the trade, "The Taxi Weekly," which pretends to speak for the drivers, is now one of the chief advocates of the scheme to regimentize the workers. The editor of this sheet, a former army captain by the name of H. A. Innes Brown, is known to be directly connected with the Yellow Taxicab Corporation, with a past record of strike-breaking.

A key to the real meaning of the present move to compel the drivers to wear uniforms is to be found in the words of former police commissioner Enright, who once declared that there is no reason why the taxi driver, a public servant like the policeman, should not wear a uniform.

There is only one way out for the drivers from this tightening hold over their lives: The building of a militant union of all the drivers in the industry. The first step has already been taken with the formation several weeks ago of the Taxi Chauffeurs' Union of Greater New York. This organization has announced a policy of struggle both against the bosses and their police supporters. This is the program before the 60,000 taxi drivers in greater New York. Join your union!

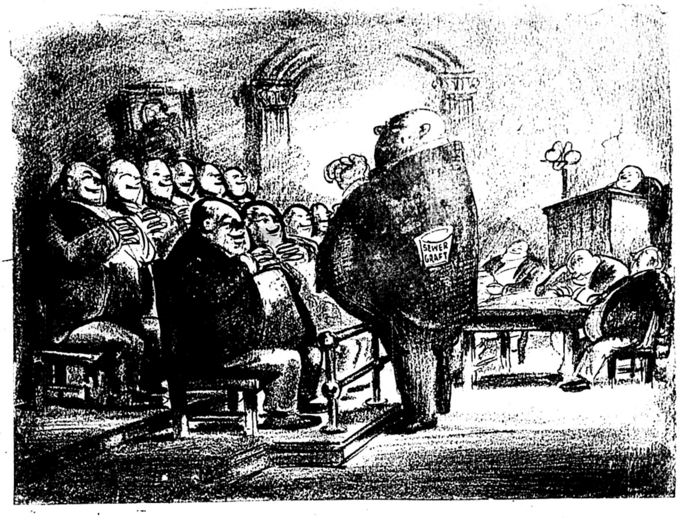
While the Daily Worker welcomes the formation of such a union, we also desire to impress upon the taxi drivers the fact that their persecution by the police, their victimization by the insurance sharks and the oppressive legislation directed against them is the result of the Tammany administration of state and city. In the sharpest manner is revealed the direct connection between exploitation and politics. In order effectively to fight in their own interests the taxi drivers must realize that it is essential that they also fight politically as a part of the working class by supporting the class party of labor, the Workers (Communist) Party.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

[illegible]rom Local No. 471 of the Al-[illegible] Hotel and Restaurant Em[illegible] Alliance comes an order for [illegible] copies of the Workers (Communist) Party election campaign program. The National Election Campaign Committee aims to sell [illegible] copies of the program, and every party member is expected to do his share. Every comrade is expected to buy ten copies and sell or distribute them in the shops, working class fraternal organizations or trade unions. It is absolutely essential that this program should be given as wide a distribution as possible. It analyzes American imperialism, exposes the republican and democratic parties as the political agents of Big Business and the socialist party as a caricature of a party of labor, which has betrayed the interests of the workers and is now fawning on liberals, the petit bourgeois intelligentzia, the small business man and the labor aristocracy for votes. It shows that the Workers (Communist) Party is the only party of revolutionary labor participating in the election campaign. A copy should be in the hands of every Party member and every worker and poor farmer who can be reached.

THE BLUE RIBBON JURY

By Fred Ellis



"The jury is entirely satisfactory to me."—Connolly.

'Flowers Not Far from the Mills'

By A. B. MAGIL.

"Crouching Mills in New Bedford"; "Best People"; Spiritual "Tonics"; a Strike Meeting

(Note: This is the second of a series of impressions of the New Bedford textile strike. The first appeared in the feature page of last Saturday's issue of the Daily Worker.)

I.

THOSE who are accustomed to the industrial towns of the Middle Atlantic States, with their drabness, their picayune efficiency, their rotting slums like great black sores, will find New Bedford something of a surprise. New Bedford is not so much an industrial town as a town into which an industry has partly crept, sprawling a little incongruously over its rural neatness. Take away the massed brick of these mills, blot out their smoke and the life panting about them—and you still have New Bedford, the pretty New England town, a pattern of tangible orders and decencies.

Frame porch houses, trees, country mansions with great broad lawns and rich flowers—and a short distance away the crouching mills, usurpers, symbols of a new order, bringing their hordes of workers, foreigners, slaves with a buried insurrection.

And the masters of this new order—the mill owners and rich businessmen—have taken possession of these aristocratic mansions. The old families, the "best people," have gradually yielded, fled to serener retreats, where their thin, immaculate blood may flow unperturbed and their cool, sane, well-bred minds may be filled with appropriate grandeurs, far from the hue and cry of Sacco and Vanzetti and textile strikes.

* * *

There are really two cities that make up New Bedford—the North End and the South End. Here at these two ends are concentrated the textile mills and the homes of the workers. And the thousands of lives that pass in and out of the mills of the North End, bound to their massive brick and stone, are hardly aware of the thousands at the other end of the town.

"This is the sort of place where a worker in the North End will get married and go for his honeymoon trip to the South End," was the way Jack Rubinstein, youth organizer of the strike, put it.

And so it was until the strike came and made North End and South End one. One against the bosses, against the betrayers, one in their determination not to go back to the mills until they win their demands.

While the aristocratic West End watches, hiding its anger and fear.

II.

IT was Sunday, and feeling myself sorely in need of a little spiritual tonic, I glanced thru the papers to see what the latest sermons were at the fashionable praying emporiums of New Bedford. My Spiritual Tone can stand a little pepping up, I thought.

"How to Get Closer to Christ," "The Meaning of Spiritual Ideals," "Are We Falling Behind In Our Duty to God?" "The Light of Religion."

All interesting topics, no doubt, and probably my parched soul would be greatly refreshed and uplifted by quaffing at these spiritual founts. But I wondered whether the lord god and his shepherds were aware of the existence of a textile strike that had brought intense, rather earthly suffering to the majority of the population of this circumspect, godfearing town.

So I decided to forgo my spiritual tonic and thought that maybe a walk might be just as good. Thru the West End I walked and saw the houses of the rich, beheld the flowers in their gardens, their bold garish heads bending in the wind. Flowers for the rich—out of the workers' sweat have grown flowers. The masters must be happy when they look at the beautiful bending flowers. . . .

The Jewish synagogue was before me. The Jews here are not meanly pious. In the synagogues of the old world god cowered in rags and beat his breast with a loud thin wail. But in America his chosen people build temples where the new-world god, washed and shaven, can dwell in true godliness. Here in New Bedford's West End god travels in the best society, pipe-organed and sermonized, a power in the community.

I remembered it was Resh-Hashanna, the Jewish New Year, when all pious Hebrews prepare to do penance and be purged clean in the immortal fire of the lord. The exalted words of the Jewish Daily Forward's Resh-Hashanna editorial rang in my ears. I will enter, a stranger, a passing wayfarer, and pray with my brethren.

But I had no hat or other head-covering. And it is a well-known fact that the taste of the Jewish god in such matters is the very reverse of his Christian colleague: he cannot endure an uncovered pate.

So again I was thwarted in my search for spiritual food. I walked on. Outside a church a sign glared at me:

"HOW LOFTY ARE YOUR THOUGHTS?"

I walked on in haste.

III.

ON Sunday nights open-air mass meetings of the strikers are the order in New Bedford—one in the North and one in the South End. I went to the South End meeting in Saulnier's lot.

About 2,000 strikers were already gathered there and Eulalie Mendes was talking to them. Eulalie has dark eyes and a beautiful face. When the strike started, she was one of the hundreds of mill girls who went out. She had known the misery of the mills and she was going out to fight against it.

Now Eulalie is a leader, secretary of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union. Eulalie speaks to thousands and they listen. New Bedford is sending a delegation to the convention that will launch a new textile workers' union, she tells them. Money is needed to finance the delegation. "What will be your answer, fellow workers?"

The answer came eloquently. Nickels, dimes, quarters, even dollar bills, and Eulalie collected them all in a little bag while other speakers went on to tell the strikers of the tasks before them. Eulalie was as happy as a kid with a new toy. Every now and then she would raise her bag and shake it in glee. And then she began counting. Eighty dollars in all—and every cent of it contributed by people who have been on strike for 23 weeks. "Where do they get the money," I ask. No one can tell me. Who can tell the story of suffering and denial that those $80 represented?

* * *

The orator of the strike is Antony Samieras, a mill worker. Tho he speaks excellent English, it is in Portuguese that his real power lies. The Portuguese Ben Gold, Amy Schechter has appropriately called him. And he has all of Gold's power to dramatize the daily conflict in a way that sways masses. Samieras has emerged directly out of the strike and the workers' struggles have given him an eloquence he never possessed before.

Portuguese is a soft sinuous language, with crisp lingual r's snapping like whips thru the speech. I understood nothing of what Samieras said at that meeting in Saulnier's lot. But I could feel the burning impact of his words. I could sense them reaching out marvelously, lifting these people up to new horizons of hope and strength.

* * *

(The third and concluding article of impressions of the New Bedford strike will appear in Saturday's feature page.)

Syndicalist Law, Packing Bosses' Weapon

Attempt to Railroad Oehler, Other Leaders; Scared by Workers' Response to Red Program

Kansas has two effective laws to use against the workers of the state.

The Industrial Court Law that lays dormant but with the teeth of the law still on the statute books—teeth ready on any mass movement of the workers—and the Criminal Syndicalist law is used to jail militant leaders of the workers. Today Armour and company and the police are using the Criminal Syndicalist law against the Workers (Communist) Party and against the organization of the packing house workers.

In the 1921 period when the militants were doing all possible to prevent the A. F. of L. fakers from betraying the strike, Armour and company had the police arrest "Mother" Ella Reeves Bloor and fifteen others on the charge of "advocating the overthrow of the government by force," etc. That case was squashed but the raid and the arrest gave the company and the fakers time to cooperate and betray the strike.

Frame-Up Record.

In 1928, with the Communist Party on the ballot, with the presidential electors in Kansas running as independent, with the Communists active in all the struggles of the workers in Kansas and leading the struggles of the miners and the packing house workers, Armour and company is trying to stop all political meetings.

First the noon day meeting in front of the plant was raided and the speakers arrested; then the I. L. D. Sacco-Vanzetti meeting was raided and ten arrested.

The outcome of these raids, arrests and persecutions is that seven workers are to be tried under the Criminal Syndicalism law.

Hugo Oehler, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, is to be tried for a speech where he is accused by the police captain of advocating violence, etc. E. B. Eastwood, secretary of the Kansas City International Labor Defense, N. S. Yocum and S. Kassis are charged with unlawful assembly. Now all four are also charged with being members of the Workers (Communist) Party. Three packing house workers are also charged with being members of the Party. They are Jack Kolka, William Miklash and I. Bogdonvich.

Workers' Growing Response.

The attempt to outlaw the Workers (Communist) Party in Kansas is an organized plan to check the growing activity of the Communists in the west, of the growing response of the workers to the Communists. The packing house kings, the coal barons, the labor fakers and the capitalists and their office boys fear and hate the rising Communist movement throughout the west. At the same time the capitalists of Kansas are trying to destroy the Workers (Communist) Party, and the capitalists and their flunkies in three other states of District 10 are trying to keep it off the ballot.

After complying with the laws of the capitalists, with the laws of their own game, the states of Nebraska, Oklahoma and Texas are trying to keep the Communist candidates off the ballot. Four states in a row, Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas and Nebraska, fear the Communist candidates, fear our program of class struggle because they see workers and working farmers in these states moving to the left.

The Kansas City International Labor Defense is employing council for defense and mobilizing to collect funds and are preparing for a state-wide campaign for the repeal of the criminal syndicalist law. The Workers (Communist) Party has intensified its activity under this increased burden that is taking much energy to fight. The District Executive Committee of District 10 calls upon the workers and working farmers to rally to defend the Workers (Communist) Party from this attack, to build a powerful Party of the class struggle, to vote for Foster and Gitlow and to the workers to join the Communist Party.

Told You So

THE national election campaign is now in full swing. Copy readers are running out of headlines. This one is exposing that one and vice versa. They are all right. And likewise all wrong. The Workers (Communist) Party is exposing them all. While that poor little brother of the big plute parties, the socialist party, is shedding tears because the big fellows cannot be clean, decent and moral, the Workers (Communist) Party is striking at the base of things and exposing the capitalist system as the fountain head of all the social corruption in the world today.

T. J. O'Flaherty

* * *

AFTER all, corruption is not a vital issue. I mean the kind of corruption that the political confidence man of the capitalist parties bellyache about. It is not a vital issue as far as the workers are concerned. The grafting politicians take it out of the pockets of business and that is why business crusades for "clean government." The worker is no better nor no worse off whether the political party that administers the government for the capitalist class is "dirty" or "clean," politically speaking.

* * *

THE masses are not terribly excited over political corruption. Perhaps they know instinctively that it is not their funeral. But under a Workers' and Farmers' government the workers would be concerned over corruption and would shoot the culprits responsible for misappropriating the funds and wasting the resources of their own government. Look at the Soviet Union, where the grafter is punished as severely, and more so, than the murderer.

* * *

SOME radicals were naive enough to believe that the Teapot Dome scandal would cause a political upheaval in the United States. It did, resulting in the election of Calvin Coolidge, on a platform pledged to carry out the Teapot Dome policies of Warren Gamaliel Harding, the official head of the Teapot Dome government. Corruption and capitalism are synonomous terms. A society that legalized the robbery of millions of men, women and children under the wages system, cannot be expected to gag when a few of the robbers or the tools of the main robbers turn around and rob one another.

* * *

WHILE the Communists in this election campaign point out the connection between graft and capitalism they do not hold that the election of a Quaker instead of a Tammany sachem would make things any better for the masses. Wall Street would undoubtedly prefer a puritan in the white house to an alcoholic crap shooter. Harding was a mistake and his administration a miscarriage. Coolidge was better. He was the perfect robot and his vices were all good capitalist virtues. Wall Street, in all probability, would prever Hoover to Smith, but it is not losing any sleep over the contest. It has money on both animals.

* * *

WITHOUT prejudice to any other eatery, we wish to call the attention of our readers to an establishment which should satisfy the gastronomic cravings of the most fastidious proletarian, who is accustomed to scan the menu before giving his order to the waiter. There used to be a strong prejudice against Greeks bearing gifts, but Greeks bearing broiled bass are the Greeks that are dear to me. Ever since I left Chicago I have been bringing pressure to bear on the Greek comrades to bring a little bit of the Blue Island Ave. atmosphere to this city. It has arrived.

Tom O'Flaherty

Marxism Today

A REPLY BY

H. M. WICKS

to a Symposium in CURRENT HISTORY wherein a bourgeois economist, a fabian intellectual and a leading defender of the second international discuss what they imagine is Marxism.

Beginning in Monday's DAILY WORKER

THOMAS N. CARVER
entitles his vaporings "The Fundamental Errors of Marxism."

HAROLD J. LASKI
discourses in a boresome and highly polished manner on "The Value and Defects of the Marxian Philosophy," substituting pacifism for revolution.

MORRIS HILLQUIT
distorts Marxism and traduces the giants of the revolutionary movement by entitling his diatribe "Marxism Essentially Evolutionary."

Do not miss these articles. Order your copy from your newsdealer if in New York. If elsewhere SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE, so you will not miss them.

VILL STRESS WAR DANGER AT BIG COMMUNIST RALLY TONIGHT

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker
WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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SCHIFFRIN IS HELD FOR GRAND JURY BY FRAMEUP CREW

Judge "Changes Mind" About Dismissal of Militant

Socialists Want Blood

Defense Body Rallies Workers

The wheels of the capitalist frame-up machine again moved sprightly yesterday afternoon when Magistrate Dodge in the Bronx Homicide Court announced his decision to send William Schiffrin, left wing trade unionist, to the grand jury for indictment on charges of homicide.

"Socialist" leaders of the right wing in the Jewish labor unions here are not only participants in the framing up of Schiffrin, but are leading the pack that is trying to fasten a long sentence on a militant worker who defended his life against the deadly attack of five knife-wielders.

With appalling brazenness, the same magistrate who had declared at the end of yesterday's hearing that he was quite satisfied that the testimony showed Schiffrin to have defended himself against attack, today rasped a decision that the left winger must face the grand jury panel, where an indictment will be sought for his fatal wounding of Harry Silver, a hireling of the right wing Butchers' Union who led the gang of assailants.

To the stunned courtroom full of people—press representatives, spectators, defendant and attendants—Judge Dodge sneered when the protesting defense attorneys pointed to his remarks yesterday: "Well, since yesterday I've changed my mind."

Defense Strengthened.

The decision to send Schiffrin to the grand jury would not have been so shocking to the hundreds of sympathetic workers waiting outside, and especially to those in the courtroom, if the evidence brought out today would in any way have weakened the case of the defendant. Quite the contrary is the fact, however. If yesterday established beyond all doubt that Schiffrin acted heroically in self-defense, today's testimony makes it all the more clear.

Rarely indeed does a district attorney get up in court to declare to the judge that he had cross-questioned three members of the squad that assailed Schiffrin, and that they had completely reversed their testimony of the day before, according to sympathetic attorneys. And yet this happened in court yesterday, only to be completely ignored by the judge.

Judge "Changed."

Uninstructed by those interested in railroading to a miserable fate all revolutionary workers, the judge yesterday recognized that the socialist frame-up virtuosos could not even get their own followers to tell similar lies, and showed that he recognized that, by practically declaring that he would dismiss the charge against Schiffrin. But today he was a changed man. This was immediately evident by his hostility to the witnesses whose testimony was favorable to Schiffrin. By his encouraging attitude toward Samuel Markewitch, right wing lawyer, who vainly tried to shake the straightforward answers of witnesses to his long cross-examinations.

Defense Witnesses Unshakable.

In the name of the United Hebrew Trades, the Butchers' Union and the relatives of the deceased squad leader Harry Silver, who were his clients, Markewitch demanded the right to cross-examine the witnesses. In spite of the fact that the district attorney was prosecuting for the state. He got permission, of course. Protests of defending counsel were unavailing.

Not a single witness, who though called by the prosecution gave irrefutable evidence for Schiffrin, could Markewitch break down after two court sessions of grueling. Not only did he not break witnesses down, not a single detail in fact was he able to shake.

While on the other side of the case, whatever witnesses the prosecution could count as favorable to themselves, contradicted themselves, going so far as to make confessions to the district attorney that they had been lying yesterday. Every one of the statements made by Schiffrin were substantiated by changed testimony of the right wingers.

"Your honor," said Prosecutor [illegible] to the Judge. "I called in Katz, Palman and Suskowitz, to me

Continued on Page Two

Aids Fascist March

Chancellor Seipel, of Austria, is willing to completely capitulate to the fascists of the Home Defense Corps in the matter of the tenants protection measures in order to prevent the provocative demonstration scheduled for October 7. He will arrest Communist leaders and back the fascists against the workers if the demonstrations take place.

U. S. SENDS NOTES ON NAVAL TREATY

Imperialist Wrangle in Armament Race

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 27.—Two notes, in which the United States Government is said to have rejected unqualifiedly the secret Anglo-French agreement as a basis for renewed naval arms "limitation" discussions, were sent to the American embassies in London and Paris yesterday.

Although not identical, the notes are understood to parallel each other in all essential respects. They go into considerable detail on this government's stand on naval disarmament as regards cruisers and submarines.

HITS CONDITIONS AT SOSS MFG. CO.

Worker Urges All to Attend Youth Meet

(By a Worker Correspondent)

We, the workers of Soss Manufacturing Co., are the worst exploited, working under the most unsanitary conditions, working 10 to 14 hours a day and under the vicious speed-up system, which means more profit for the bosses and less wages for its slaves.

The leaflet which was distributed by the Young Workers (Communist) League has certainly hit the nail on the head, when it published the miserable conditions in the Soss Manufacturing Co., and most of all when it put up the demand for a minimum wage of $25, for an eight-hour working day and 1 hour for lunch.

These demands can only be realized when we, the members of Soss Manufacturing Co., organize ourselves politically and industrially. Young and adult workers, let's elect delegates to the Working Youth Conference and learn how we can organize ourselves.

The Working Youth Conference will be held tomorrow and Sunday at the Labor Temple, East 14th St. and Second Ave. Onward to the powerful militant union of steel workers. The Young Workers (Communist) League and the Workers (Communist) Party is with us in our struggle.

A WORKER.

ARREST BANK PRESIDENT.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 27 (U.P.)—Walter Cravens, former president of the Kansas City Joint Stock and Land Bank, surrendered today to arrest on an indictment returned last month in Boston by a federal grand jury.

RED CANDIDATES TO WARN OF WAR DANGER TONIGHT

Big Communist Election Rally at Central Opera House

To Expose Fake Treaty

Speakers to Show Role of Boss Parties

The danger of another imperialist war for the redivision of the world's markets among the robber capitalist countries will be stressed by Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker and Communist candidate for U. S. senate from New York at the huge Communist election campaign rally to be held at 8 o'clock tonight at the Central Opera House, 67th St. near Third Avenue.

Minor, who has just returned from an upstate tour during which he presented the Communist platform of unceasing class struggle to the workers of a dozen upper New York industrial centers, will expose the fake Kellogg "peace" treaty, which serves but to cloak the feverish war preparations of all the imperialist powers for another world war. He will cite the secret treaty between England and France as an illustration of capitalist diplomatic hypocrisy, and will point out to the thousands of workers gathered to hear the platform of their class that on only one point are all capitalist governments united —that of suppression of all attempts at militant organization among workers in their own countries and a united imperialist front against the Soviet Union, the first workers' and farmers' government.

To Expose Boss Candidates.

The rally tonight will be turned into a demonstration not only of protest against the anti-labor roles of the other political parties of the country, but one against the whole capitalist system under which workers are crushed and enslaved. The meeting is expected to be the largest of its kind ever held in this city.

All of the speakers at tonight's demonstration are candidates on the Workers (Communist) Party on its state or local ticket. Besides Minor, the other Red standard bearers will be William F. Dunne, Communist candidate for governor of New York; Juliet S. Poyntz, candidate for attorney general; Lovett Fort-Whiteman, running for comptroller; Bertram D. Wolfe, national agitprop director of the Party and Communist candidate for the 10th Congressional District; Richard B. Moore, running in the 21st Congressional District; Rebecca Grecht, state campaign manager and candidate in the 5th Bronx Assembly District, and Phil Frankfeld, district organizer of the Young Workers (Communist) League.

William W. Weinstone, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, will be chairman.

Revolutionary Music.

A five-piece band will play revolutionary songs, including the "International," the victorious working class battle hymn of workers the world over.

The doors of the Central Opera House will be thrown open at 7 o'clock sharp to accommodate the huge crowds of workers and delegations of trade unions and fraternal organizations who are expected, to attend.

ELECTRO-MAGNETIC ACTIVITY

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 27 (UP)—Intense electro-magnetic activity at the earth's center is predicted within the next 48 hours by the El Salto Meteorological Observatory here. Two huge masses of spots on the sun's surface were the cause for predictions.

SPEED BAZAAR WORK

Final Preparations for Event Oct. 4-7

Every worker on the job for the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar will be the slogan during the next few days. These days will mark the final preparations for the big event which will be held in Madison Square Garden, Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7.

They will be days of the most intense activity when every class conscious worker and workers' organization will be mobilized to make the great national bazaar a success.

The bazaar has received the endorsement of many of the most important working class organizations, including the International Labor Defense, and many prominent leaders of the working class, both in the political and the economic field, have urged complete support for what promises to be the greatest proletarian undertaking ever attempted in this country.

Madison Square Garden will be

Continued on Page Five

High Light In Spartakiade Soccer

One of the strongest competitors in the soccer game at the Spartakiade was the Uruguayan team. They put up one of their strongest fights against the team from the Soviet Union. Above, the goal tender of the Soviet team takes a header.

VIENNA WORKERS TO MEET FASCISTI

2,000 Rifles, 4 Machine Guns Given to

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

VIENNA, Sept. 27.—As October 7 draws near, the date set for the provocative demonstration of the Austrian fascist organization, the Home Defense Corps, 2,000 rifles from the Kaiserebersdorf arsenal have been secretly distributed to the fascist forces, who seemed to have gained the full co-operation of Chancellor Seipel and the social-democrats against the workers of Vienna and of Neustadt, where the demonstration is to take place.

Four rapid firing guns on lorries will presently be handed over to the Home Defense Corps, according to reliable information.

Fascist-Socialist Coalition.

Today Commander Steidle, of the Home Defense, conferred with Chancellor Seipel, who was accompanied by Major Pabst, the murderer of Karl Liebknecht and Anna Luxemburg and participant in the Ratenow murder and in the Kapp putsch. The conference was secret, but it is very probable that the Home Defense is ready to negotiate with the social-democrats concerning the October 7 demonstrations.

Signs indicate that the police intend to arrest the Communist leaders before the demonstration.

Commander Steidle, in an interview, stated that intellectual means to prevent the demonstrations were useless and that he had resolved on effectual means. "If the Communists fire the first shot," he said, "the Home Defense will deal with them."

Arm Fascists.

Although an official communique from the Lower Austrian government states that Seidle is ready to send the Home Defense Corps to the Vienna-Neustadt parade unarmed, other statements assert that extensive arming of the fascists is going on, even airplanes being provided.

• • •

Workers' Counter-Demonstration.

(Int'l Press Correspondence)

VIENNA (By Mail).—The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Austria has addressed an appeal to the Austrian working class, declaring the fascist parade which has been fixed for October 7 in Weinerneistadt to be a decisive

Continued on Page Three

November 7th
EDITION OF THE
Daily Worker
CELEBRATING
11th Anniversary
OF THE
BOLSHEVIK REVOLUTION

Articles from the leading revolutionists of the world. We are beginning now in order to make this the greatest single issue of the Daily Worker ever issued. It will be one that will be kept and prized as a classic. Begin now to mobilize your forces so that a greater number of workers' organizations than ever before will send in

GREETINGS

Hailing the dawn of the twelfth year of the rule of the workers' and peasants' government of the Soviet Union. But a trifle over one month remains before the edition goes to press, hence it is necessary that every effort be now made to send greetings from your organizations.

KLEIN SPIES EXPOSED BY YOUNG COMMUNISTS

Five young women workers, employes of Klein's Department Store, Union Square and 14th St., were unmasked as stool pigeons for their employer following their attempt to gain entrance into the Young Workers (Communist) League which has been conducting organization activities within the store.

At the same time, it was learned that the girls are employed as house detectives for the open shop, slave factory. They sought to join the League, it was learned, in order to prevent unionization of the store.

The stool pigeons are Bessie Blitz, Freida Schwartz, Evelyn Schafer, Isabel Rosenfeld and Lillion Brown.

This store, which claims to cater to the needs of the "poorer classes at cheapest prices," exploits its young workers in a most brutal fashion. The average wage for the beginner is $12 a week. The highest wage is $16.

Workers Respond.

These conditions have created a great deal of discontent. When the Working Youth Conference, in conjunction with the Young Workers (Communist) League, began to issue leaflets and raise demands, the young workers responded excellently to the call to be organized. Letters were sent in, young workers made visits to the offices, and some joined the Young Workers (Communist) League.

Later on, due to the efforts of young workers themselves, the five spies were discovered. Two of them even tried to join the Young Workers (Communist) League, one of the active sponsors of the Youth Conference, which opens at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., tomorrow at 2 p. m.

SHOOT STRIKERS IN AUSTRALIA

Officers Fire on Dock Workers

ADELAIDE, Australia, Sept. 27. —Provocative action of police and strikebreakers today caused disturbances in several Australian ports resulting in the serious injury of twelve harbor workers here. The strikers were wounded when officers of the steamer Hanau used their revolvers on the men. The number of injured in other cities has not been estimated.

Trouble began when strikebreakers employed by the owners and abetted by them and the police goaded the dock strikers.

2,000 Strong.

Two thousand strong, the dockers turned on the strikebreakers and drove numbers of them from the water front. Many who took refuge in the Free Labour Bureau, the strikebreaking agency were dragged out by the enraged strikers and chased from the harbor.

The strikers then turned their attention to three vessels being loaded by the scabs and ordered the men to desist. Their guards refused to permit this and the strikers drove them from the ships. During the struggle both men and the wool being loaded fell into the harbor.

Police Powerless.

The police proved utterly powerless to cope with the solid masses of port workers as they swarmed along the water front. It is believed that only at Melbourne did they succeed in making a number of arrests.

Officers of a number of vessels, notably the German steamer Hanau used their revolvers on the strikers. It was here that the greater number of the injuries occurred.

ITALIAN QUAKE

ROME, Sept. 27 (UP).—A sharp earthquake, lasting four seconds, shook the whole Carnia district today. Another sh lasting four seconds, occurred at Fabriano. No damage was reported.

Workers Party Ruled Off Ballot in Nebraska; Will War Against Jingo Verdict

Red-Baiters, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Start Drive Against Party

Communists Will Launch Vigorous Fight to Keep Ticket on Ballot

Responding to a campaign of the red baiters of Nebraska led by the Veterans of Foreign Wars and other fascist elements, Secretary of State Frank Marsh ruled the Workers (Communist) Party ticket off the ballot, according to a report received at the headquarters of the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party yesterday from Roy Stephens, Party representative in Nebraska.

While the secretary of state threw the Communist ticket off the ballot on technical grounds, the gist of the protest of the Veterans of Foreign Wars was that the Workers (Communist) Party was "un-American."

The representative of the Veterans of Foreign Wars was assisted by an attorney. Stephens stated the case for the Workers (Communist) Party.

At the hearing before Secretary of State Marsh, the attorney for the objectors, stated that the Communist ticket was disqualified for a place on the ballot on the ground that a sufficient number of legally registered voters had not signed the roster of the Workers (Communist) Party convention at which the Communist ticket was nominated.

Punctures Petition.

Stephens raised the point that the objection as to legal sufficiency of the petition had not been presented within ten days after the original filing was made, as required by law and therefore it could not be considered. Nevertheless the secretary of state ruled that he could throw the Party ticket off the ballot on receipt of a sworn statement from the election commissioners of the county in which the Party nominating convention was held.

Among the charges made against the Workers (Communist) Party during the hearing were the following: that William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for the presidency is an anarchist; that to allow the Communist ticket on the ballot would be snapping fingers at every true American and ex-service man; that the Communists are opposed to military training in the Civilian Military Training Camps and in schools; that Communists call the Soviet Union the fatherland of all workers and that the Communists would overthrow all American ideals.

Assails Red-Baiters.

Stephens stated that Foster is not an anarchist but a Communist and that the Workers (Communist) Party is opposed to the anarchist theory. He branded the objectors as a bunch of red-baiters, declared that he was proud to be a Commu-

Continued on Page Three

MURDER VERDICT AS SEWER GRAFT EVIDENCE GROWS

D'Olier Not a Suicide, Jury Holds

William L. D'Olier, an important witness in the $30,000,000 Queens sewer graft trial now going on, who was found dead on a lonely road a short time before he was scheduled to testify, was murdered, the Queens County Grand Jury reported late yesterday.

"D'Olier did not die by his own hand," the presentment handed in by the grand jury read.

The first report by the Tammany controlled police was that D'Olier had committed suicide. Graft, concealment, intimidation of witnesses and finally murder have been the methods of the Tammany gang to defeat their exposure.

• • •

Graft Deals Exposed.

(By United Press)

John M. Phillips, late Queens sewer pipe king, forced Joseph L. Sigretto, contractor, to give him a $14,000 check tendered by John J. Creem, when the latter took over one of the borough's sewer jobs, according to testimony in the trial of Maurice E. Connolly and Frederick Seely in Queens court today.

The testimony was given by Thomas F. Purcell, surety bond agent, who told of the meeting which included himself, Creem, Sigretto, Allen M. Hirsh, president of the Lock Joint Pipe Company, and Phillips.

• • •

Graft Shared.

Testimony previously brought out at the trial of Maurice E. Connolly and Frederick B. Seely has shown that contractors invariably had to "See Jack" Phillips before any award would be made to them. In one case $50,000 was paid to Phillips.

Weinstone to Speak at Functionaries Meeting Tomorrow

A special functionaries meeting, which all functionaries, all candidates for office of the Workers (Communist) Party, and all open air speakers must attend, will be held tomorrow, 2 p. m. at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

William W. Weinstone, district organizer, will speak on "The Next Steps in the Election Campaign." He will outline the complete plans of work from now on, and show how the members of the Workers (Communist) Party must function. He will also bring up the question of the socialist party in the campaign, in New York, which is an outstanding issue, taking in as it does the struggles in the unions.

SNOW IN SARANAC

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Sept. 27 (UP).—Snow squalls greeted forest rangers on White Face and Debar Mountains in the Adirondacks today. Saranac village also saw its first snow of the year climax the unusually cold September weather of the past few days.

McMAHON AIDS TEXTILE SPEEDUP

Departs to Help Batty in Sell-Out

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 27.—Thomas F. McMahon, president of the United Textile Workers' Union, yesterday hopped into the field to lend sorely needed aid to his local chiefs, who are straining every resource to sell out the strike as it completes its 24th week.

As was predicted, the reactionary Textile Council officialdom made the expected gesture of turning down the manufacturers' offer to recall five per cent of the ten per cent wage-cut that precipitated the strike, but followed up this "determined stand" with the astounding announcement from McMahon that the strikers insist on obtaining the Frieder Plan, a vicious speed-up system.

The strategy the mill owners have been using in their efforts to end the paralyzing tieup was to make it appear that they are very reluctant to give the workers the energy-sapping speed-up system as a concession.

Altho the officials of the American Federation of Labor Textile Council have publicly endorsed the Frieder speed-up plan, the continuous propaganda for it in the press, has been an utter failure is so far as the attitude of the workers toward it is concerned. This attitude

Continued on Page Three

ASK PUBLIC TRIAL OF POLICE THUG

Mill Striker Brutally Beaten by Velho

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 27. —Charges against Sergeant Augustus Velho, of the New Bedford police force, for an unprovoked assault on Frank Augusto, 63-year-old textile striker, are being pushed by Jacob Minkin, New Bedford attorney for the American Civil Liberties Union. A public hearing on the case has been demanded of the mayor and board of aldermen. Court action will follow if nothing is done at the hearing.

Velho brutally beat Augusto, according to the charges, while the striker was lodged in a cell at the police station Sept. 19, after being arrested for picketing. Bruised and bleeding, Augusto was removed to another cell and later to a hospital. His arm and nose were broken.

LEWIS KILLER IS 'NOT GUILTY'

Coal "Justice" Frees Slayer of Campbell

(Special to the Daily Worker)

WILKES-BARRE, Sept. 27.—Ralph Mellarissi, Lewis machine gangster, has been found not guilty of the murder of Alexander Campbell and Peter Reilly, heroic mine leaders of the anthracite in a trial which ended today.

Drove Murder Car.

Mellarissi was the driver of the car from which the barrage of shot was pumped into the bodies of the mine leaders. The license number of the car, a Peerless, was taken by a police officers previous to the shooting; the policeman is known to have stopped the machine for speeding.

Further evidence of a payment to Mellarissi and the two other gangsters who accompanied him of $10,000 previous to the murder was likewise sidetracked. It is known that this sum was drawn out of a Pittston bank by two coal contractors, closely connected with the then Lewis-Cappellinni machine for payment of the murders.

TALK 'PEACE'; PLAN WAR

League Assembly Session Closes

GENEVA, Sept. 27.—Little hope is seen in the "universal disarmament conference" which is being discussed by the League of Nations. The conference, it is believed, will be called by the next session of the league assembly.

Although the public pronunciamentos of the diplomats here express pious hopes for disarmament, observers here point out that the powers categorically rejected the only genuine disarmament proposals ever made at any league sessions—namely those by the representatives of the Soviet Union. With talk of disarmament going merrily on, diplomats secretly planned war alliances and their governments at home planned for an increase in armaments.

While the ninth assembly, which adjourned today, talked about conferences the diplomats of France and Great Britain were busy ce-

Continued on Page Five

“Hard-Working” Phila. Police Inspector Banked $37,000 a Year on $2,800 Salar

CITY WALLOWS IN GRAFT; HIGHER-UPS INVOLVED

Almost Entire Force Have Taken Bribes

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27 (UP).—John Stuckert, police inspector and superintendent of the police training school, was questioned today by District Attorney John Monaghan as the grand jury investigation of vice conditions here continued to involve members of the police department.

Stuckert, Monaghan said, with a salary of $2,700 annually, has deposited $37,000 in banks since March, 1926.

The inspector spent ten hours before the grand jury early today and was scheduled for another appearance later in the day. Monaghan, however, said the second questioning had been postponed pending further examination of his bank accounts.

The district attorney intimated a warrant would be sworn out for Stuckert Friday, unless he could explain satisfactorily the source of his prosperity.

Stuckert, it was pointed out, was appointed inspector of the northeast district, in which two captains and several detectives were arrested in March, 1926. Bank deposits for large amounts, in his name, were made soon after the appointment.

SECRET TERROR BY COAL BARONS

“Night Riders” Gang in Ohio

ST. CLAIRSVILLE, O., Sept. 27.—John Eberhart, a coal mine foreman, was released yesterday on a $1,000 bond following his arrest on a charge of riotous conspiracy. Eberhardt was charged with being one of the leaders of a “Night Riders” gang which has been conducting raids on homes. Recently two women and three men were dragged from their homes. An attempt made to hang them was frustrated.

Paul V. Waddell, notorious prosecutor of Belmont county who several months ago imprisoned 51 women pickets, announced that he has the names of a number of the gang but did not indicate that he would proceed against them.

In some quarters, it is believed that the move is a scheme of the coal operators to conduct a secret terror against the coal miners of the section.

Spanish Workers Paper in Subecription Drive

The militant paper of the Spanish workers, Vida Obrera, has begun a drive for subscriptions among the Latin American and Spanish workers in the United States. Vida Obrera (Workers Life), is the monthly organ of the Spanish Language Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The first issue in its new form will appear tomorrow, when it will be on sale at a ball to be held by the Bureau at the Spanish Workers Club, 55 W. 113th St. Typical South and Central American dances, revolutionary songs and costumes will feature the dance.

PHILA. POLICE TERROR

Arrest Workers at Communist Meetings

“Lawless repression and petty persecution” by Philadelphia police in dealing with Workers (Communist) Party election campaign meetings and striking garment workers, according to the American Civil Liberties Union, have followed a decision July 16 by Judge Alessandroni of the Superior Court, who ruled that the police had power to regulate assemblage even in private halls. An appeal against this decision is being taken to the Pennsylvania Supreme Court by the Civil Liberties Union.

Typical recent cases still pending are those of speakers at Workers Party street meetings duly authorized by the police. Dominick Flaini was arrested July 28, charged with violation of the Pennsylvania sedition act, and held in $800 bail, when he told voters that they should not support the republican party because “President Coolidge was a strikebreaker and had suppressed the police strike in Boston.”

More “Sedition.”

Emanuel Epstein, who went to the police station to ask the charges against Flaini, was quizzed by the police captain as to whether he “believed the same things Flaini did.” When he replied that he did, he too was arrested, charged with “sedition,” and held in $800 bail. So far prosecutors have been unable to get indictments returned against these two men.

At an authorized street meeting held Aug. 14 Herman Pinsker presided and introduced Benjamin Weiss, a high school student of 14. Weiss told his audience that Germany and England had gone to war to protect their imperialistic interests and that America had entered the conflict for similar reasons. Altho the meeting was entirely orderly, both were arrested upon the instigation of world war jingoes. Young Weiss was released after being detained three days, but Pinsker is held in $500 bail, charged with “inciting to riot.” He did nothing but introducue the boy. No indictment has as yet been found against him.

Israel Lazaar was arrested for “making seditious remarks” when he addressed a Workers Party outdoor meeting on Aug. 28. Lazaar’s bail, at first set at $5,000, was reduced to $1,000 when his attorneys refused to put up the first sum and started habeas corpus proceedings.

Herbert Benjamin, district organizer of the Workers Party, was arrested for “disorderly conduct” and fined $10 because the sergeant at the police station disapproved of his “attitude” when he appeared and demanded a copy of the charges against Lazaar.

Russian Workers, Peasants to Celebrate October Revolution Soon

Photo taken during celebration of October Revolution last year, shows Bolshevik soldiers who will defend the Soviet Union when the inevitable attack against the first Workers' and Peasants' Republic is made by the imperialists of the World. On November 7, the Eleventh Anniversary will be celebrated. Thousands of visitors from other lands are expected to view the impressive ceremonies. In the United States, the World Tourists, Inc., Inc., 69 Fifth Ave., is arranging for a party which will leave on the "Mauretania" October 17, and arrive in time for the celebrations.

Insert at Left, Unschlicht, Soviet Assistant Commissar for War. Insert at right, General Budenny famous Soviet Cavalry hero.

SCHIFFRIN HELD FOR GRAND JURY

Socialists Back the Frame-Up Crew

Continued from Page One

privately, and in the presence of Detective Wabbenhorst who acted as a witness, they told me that Schiffrin had not advanced to attack them as they were getting out of the automobile, as they said yesterday, but that Schiffrin backed up to the wall and remained their while the three of them, and three others who were in the car with them, got out and approached Schiffrin.”

Despite this astounding statement, the judge granted Markewitch the floor to announce that the three had confessed to the prosecutor were again ready to deny the confessions. He asked permission of Judge Dodge to call in the three referred to. This permission was immediately granted. But the frame-up machine of the socialist’s lawyer was so clumsy, that when they appeared on the stand again, they were unable to withstand the cross-examination of the defense, and they again admitted that Schiffrin did not get away from the wall.

Under cross examination from the district attorney the business agent of the right wing Butcher Union even admitted that Andrew Jansen’s testimony of the day before was correct. Jansen stated that all six had encircled Schiffrin and closed in on him. The business agent Susskowitz, confessed that all six of them had advanced on Schiffrin to “take away his knife.”

The William Schiffrin Defense Committee, thru its manager S. Lipzin, yesterday declared that the workers here and from out of town were rallying to the defense of the framed up worker by sending in contributions to its offices at the Workers’ Center, 26 Union Square, Room 603.

Many workers organizations announcing their intentions of participating in the conference. Sunday afternoon where plans for a broad defense campaign will be launched. The conference will be held in Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place.

The Defense Committee is empasizing in its appeals to the workers, broadcast in leaflets, that particularly important is it to have direct representation from workers in the shops. All workers are appealed to choose their delegates from among their shopmates.

Mill Striker, Hungry, Faints On the Street

NEW BEDFORD, Sept. 27.—Edward Karza, 21, of 183 North Front St., a striking textile worker formerly employed at the Bristol Mill, was taken to the city infirmary following his collapse near his home recently.

Karza has been on strike for the past 24 weeks and has been living with his father, Antonio Karza. For the past three weeks, Karza told Workers International Relief workers, he has lived on two loaves of bread. As he was leaving his home the other day the street suddenly seemed to revolve and he collapsed with weakness.

W. I. R. records show that Karza has not applied to the relief stations here for help. When asked why he did not avail himself of relief, he said that he did not want to deprive more needy strikers of food. Karza is single.

The city officials here were reluctant to admit Karza to the municipal infirmary when it was learned that the starving man was a striker. Mr. Poirier, secretary of the Board of Public Welfare, said: “If they went back to work they wouldn’t be wandering around the city dropping from malnutrition.”

* * *

Members of the Young Workers (Communist) League who are minors are being threatened with arrest for “vagrancy” for distributing leaflets and aiding in relief work in New Bedford, Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief, said yesterday. The young workers, he said, are threatened with terms in the reformatory.

Dance Tomorrow at the Greek Center to Give Funds to Daily Worker

A dance, arranged by the Greek Progressive Center, will be held tomorrow evening, beginning at 8 p. m. at the Center, 101 W. 28th St.

All workers have been invited to attend the affair, 25 per cent of the proceeds of which will be donated to the Daily Worker, which is now campaigning for 10,000 new readers.

The Greek Progressive Center, situated as it is, in the heart of the fur and millinery district, expects to draw most of these workers not only to the dance tomorrow evening, but to the activities which will be part of its daily work.

STORM FREAK

BUFFALO, Sept. 27 (UP).—After a severe hail storm, accompanied by terrific wind and lightning today, a waterspout was sighted on Lake Erie, four miles west of Buffalo. Thousands of persons in office buildings in the downtown section of this city witnessed the rare occurrence.

FOSTER HITS AT RACE INEQUALITY

Big Crowd in Frisco Greets Red Nominee

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., (By Mail).—William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for the presidency received an ovation when he rose to address an audience estimated at between eight hundred and one thousand workers in the Civic Auditorium, this city, on Friday evening, September 21.

The meeting was more than twice the size of that addressed by Norman Thomas, the socialist candidate, a few days previously and in contrast to the Thomas meeting which was attended mostly by liberals and small business men, the Foster meeting was one hundred per cent working class.

Exposes U. S. Imperialism.

The most significant characteristic of the meeting was the large number of Orientals and Negroes present. The speaker exposed the imperialist role of the United States government in China, its war against the Chinese revolution in conjunction with Great Britain and Japan, and how the United States is now bolstering up the reactionary Kuomintang regime, that betrayed the revolution to the foreign imperialists and slaughtered hundreds of thousands of Communists and militant workers and peasants.

Foster pointed out that the Workers (Communist) Party, the only political party in the United States having for its aim the overthrow of capitalism, was a section of the Communist International, the leader of the struggle of all workers and oppressed colonial peoples, regardless of race or color to throw off the yoke of the imperialists.

Champion of Negroes.

The speaker dwelt on the persecution of the Negroes by the capitalists of the United States and declared that the Workers (Communist) Party stood for full social and racial equality for the Negroes in contradistinction to the capitalist parties, the parties of lynching and segregation, Jim Crowism and discrimination. He urged the white workers to fight for the rights of the Negroes declaring that the ruling classes nourished race and color prejudices in order to weaken the fight of the workers against the capitalists, the common enemies of all workers.

A collection of $180.00 was taken up for the Communist election campaign. Unemployed workers were admitted to the meeting free of charge.

MUST DIE IN CHAIR.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 27 (UP).—William R. Phillips, 22, and Jesse G. Parker, 20, of Delaware county must die in the electric chair at the Rockview State Penitentiary Monday, the State Board of Pardons decided today in refusing their plea of commutation of the death sentence. Phillips and Parker were convicted of the killing of Norman E. Gibson, son of a deputy prothonotary last March.

“ICOR” Concert
FOR JEWISH COLONIZATION IN THE SOVIET UNION

Town Hall
113-123 W. 43rd St.
SATURDAY EVE., Sept. 29th

GRAND PROGRAM:

RUSSIAN TRIO—
NAUM BLINDER, Violinist
OSSIP GISSKIN, Cellist
EMANUEL BAY, Pianist

VICTOR PECKER and
ISAAC ROTHBLUM
in original acts, recitations and comedy.

CHAIELE GRUBER
of the Habima in Jewish, Russian folks songs.

Back to the Soil (MOVING PICTURE) Showing the life of Jewish Colonists in Soviet Russia.

TICKETS AT “FREIHEIT,” “DAY” AND “ICOR” OFFICES; GOLDSTEINS BOOK STORE, 365 SUTTER AVENUE IN BROWNSVILLE

PUBLIC SPEAKING FIRST MOVE BY COURSES AT THE WORKERS SCHOOL

Many Special Classes in Fall Term

During the summer months the Workers School laid out many plans for the strengthening and improving of its public speaking departments, and as a result will offer three courses in that subject during the coming fall term which begins Monday, Oct. 1, at 26-28 Union Square, fifth floor. The courses are as follows:

Platform Speaking, Beatrice Beck, instructor. Monday, 7 to 8:20 p. m.

Speech Improvement, Dora Johnson, instructor, Tuesday, 8:30 to 9:50 p. m.

A special course in Public Speaking for women workers and working class housewives only, V. I. Jerome, instructor, Wednesday, 7 to 8:20 p. m.

Classes Already Held.

During the past summer, many brief neighborhood and section speakers classes have been held throughout the city in the different sections of the New York organization of the Workers (Communist) Party of America, with the cooperation and aid of the Workers School. Many of the students that have attended these classes will be eligible for, and are urged to attend the course in Platform Speaking that will be given at the Workers School on Monday evenings.

Due to the present election campaign a great deal of interest has been aroused among the militant workers for courses in Public Speaking. The offering of these courses in the Workers School is a result of these increased demands. The formation of new unions, the great participation of the rank and file workers in the work of their unions, as well as the development in the building up of shop and mill committees thruout the city, have been other factors that have made it imperative for the Workers School to offer more and better courses this coming term in Public Speaking. The Working Women’s Federation and the United Council of Workingclass Women have requested a special course for their members.

Courses For Foreigners.

Foreign speaking workers with an accent who wish to improve their voice and speech for all speaking occasions will have a special class to meet their needs in speech improvement, which will be given Tuesday evenings.

Those desiring more information concerning courses to be given at the Workers School this year should come to the office of the Workers School or write for a free copy of the catalogue. Registration is now in progress.

AMERICAN TRUST IN WORLD OIL WAR

U. S. Trusts Consider Combine

The first indication of a stronger American oil combination to offset the British Royal Dutch oil and chemical trust alignment, which has already been countered by an United States-German oil-chemical combine, occurred here yesterday with the meeting of the Pan-American Petroleum and Transport Company. The company is controlled by Standard Oil of Indiana, which is reported to be considering a closer affiliation with the Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation.

Colonel Robert W. Stewart, chairman of the board of directors of the Standard Oil of Indiana, one of the Rockefeller strongholds, is here conferring with principal persons representing various financial and industrial interests.

Stewart, who figured in the Teapot Dome Oil scandal, is rumored to have been offered the chairmanship of the Sinclair Consolidated.

Final Mobilization Thruout the City in Red Signature Drive

The signature drive in New York City, which members of the Workers (Communist) Party have been vigorously pushing for the last two months, will be finally ended on Sunday, Sept. 30, when each section of the city will have a final mobilization for the putting across of all assembly districts for which a sufficient number of signatures have not yet been obtained.

Tomorrow and Sunday are the last two days of the signature drive. Four thousand signatures more are needed throughout the city, according to the District Campaign Committee, and those 4,000 signatures will have to be obtained by Red campaigners this week-end.

In every section of the city members of the Workers (Communist) Party are urged to respond to the call of the section campaign director and report for the final mobilization drive.

Red Candidate

George Powers, Communist Candidate for Queens Boro President; Organizer of Architectural Iron, Bronze and Structural Workers’ Union.

WAR LORDS GET FOREIGN ARMS

German Munitions Up Yangtze River

SHANGHAI, (By Mail).—A second consignment of huge orders for war munitions given by one of the Szechuan province militarists to foreign firms will, upon its arrival here, be taken up the Yangtze by a foreign ship, according to one of the leading Chinese papers, the Eastern Times.

This installment consists of 10,000 rifles, four field batteries, a number of machine guns and two airplanes. The first installment, which arrived some time ago, was seized by the local military after a bitter protest had been made by Szechuanese living in Shanghai, who pointed out that for many years their province had been ravaged by senseless militarist struggles and that these supplies would merely prolong such conditions.

It is rumored that the supplies are of German origin despite the official “prohibition” which that government was reported to have made against the further exportation of war materials to China.

WAR MACHINE ON FLIGHT

LAKEHURST, N. J., Sept. 27 (UP).—The non-rigid dirigible Puritan, which arrived here Tuesday from Akron, Ohio, left the naval air station at 9:20 a. m today on a flight to New York City and vicinity. The Puritan is one of the smallest dirigibles in the world and carries a portable mooring mast.

5 PULP EXPERTS FROM SOVIET UNION IN U. S.

Will Study American Methods, Machinery

G. G. Khramtzoff, chief engineer; E. G. Goryatcheff, vice-president, and E. A. Kayatz, consulting engineer of the Government Central Paper Trust of the U. S. S. R., have arrived in the United States to complete negotiations for the purchase of over $600,000 worth of paper machinery for the new Balakhna mill on the Volga River. The Central Paper Trust is the largest paper combine in the Soviet Union, accounting for about 30 per cent of the total paper and cardboard output and for over 80 per cent of the cellulose production.

“While considerable American equipment has been purchased for Soviet paper mills during the past few years,” stated Khramtzoff, head of the delegation, “this equipment has been for handling and transporting materials. The present order is for the first American paper-making machinery to be bought for the Russian industry. The Volga mills, on which work was started in 1926 and which are now nearing completion, are among the largest in Europe and have already installed the largest paper machine in use on the continent. After the installation of this machine, which was purchased in Germany, and the American machine we plan to add a third unit which will bring the annual capacity of the mills up to 305,000 tons of newsprint.”

Two years ago Khramtzoff visited the United States on behalf of the Central Paper Trust, while Kavatz was one of the group of engineers and workers who recently made a five months’ study of the American and Canadian paper industries. The favorable impression of American equipment and methods gained on these visits was undoubtedly instrumental in bringing about the present purchases.

The Soviet paper industry employed 30,600 workers and produced 267,000 tons of paper and 30,000 tons of cardboard last year. This year the output is running 8 per cent ahead of last year. About $20,000,000 was expended for capital construction in the industry this year.

WASHINGTON ARMS MEET.

QUITO, Ecuador, Sept. 27.—The Ecuadorian government today appointed Carlos Arroya del Rio as delegate to the forthcoming arbitration conference at Washington.

4 BIG NIGHTS

1,000,000 Articles
EVERYTHING FROM A THREAD TO A SET OF FURNITURE
at ½ Price

4 BIG NIGHTS

Daily Worker
FREIHEIT
BAZAAR
Madison Square Garden

THURSDAY 4TH
FRIDAY 5TH
SATURDAY 6TH
SUNDAY 7TH
OCTOBER

4 BIG DAYS

DO NOT BUY NOW, WAIT
TILL THE BAZAAR

4 BIG DAYS

Mukden Assures Japan of Manchuria Protectorate and Anti-USSR Military Base

MANCHURIA STILL INDEPENDENT OF NANKING REGIME

To Extend Railroad to Korea

SHANGHAI, China, Sept. 27.—The Manchurian government, under the dictatorship of Chang Hseuh-liang, will allow complete freedom to foreign capital, meaning mostly Japanese, even removing the restrictions of approved concessions, which will result in the strengthening of Japan economic and military position directly htreatening the Soviet Union thru Siberia and its port at Vladivostok, according to reports received here from Mukden.

The report states that Chang Hseuh-liang had declared himself in favor of this policy and further that there was very little likelihood of Manchuria joining the Nanking regime, thus almost absolutely guaranteeing complete Japanese control and continued fortification of the latter in Manchuria.

The immediate result of this policy, it is generally thought, will be the extension of the Kirin Railroad eastward to Northeast Korea, thus giving Japan a direct line of communication and a means for the transportation of troops directly from her own provinces into and across Manchuria, to the inner borders of the Soviet Union.

This new declaration of policy is also taken to mean that many of Japan's twenty-one demands made in 1915, those especially concerning further land leasing and the further development of the mineral resources in Manchuria, will be granted.

The only opponent now to the separation of Manchuria and Nanking is Yang Tu-ting, who has not been won over to Japanese cause. It is almost certain, however, that by November, the time set in the Japanese utimatum, Manchuria will not join Nanking and will be left entirely to Japanese exploitation, being considered as her sphere of influence.

Chain Store Company Hogs Up Two Others

Kroger Grocery and Baking Company yesterday completed negotiations for the acquisition of more than 109 Piggly Wiggly stores and 43 Kohn stores of the Missouri and Illinois Stores Company, located in St. Louis and surrounding territory.

Included in the transaction is the large Piggly Wiggly warehouse located in St. Louis, together with all automotive equipment of the Missouri and Illinois Stores Company.

Ford Is Charged With Ship Laws Violation

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26 (UP).—An investigation of charges that Ford Motor Company, of Detroit, violated the shipping act by failing to file maximum rates for its vessels operating in intercoastal trade will be started soon, the U. S. Shipping Board announced today.

The charges were filed by the United States Intercoastal Conference. Notice of the investigation will be filed with Ford Company officials in Detroit and hearings will be held here.

PURCHASE ANOTHER PAPER

BIG RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 27 (UP).—The Conine group of newspapers in Michigan was increased today to five with the purchase of the Big Rapids Pioneer from Wells F. Harey.

SEEK COMPTROLLER

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 27 (UP).—A search was started here today for Aloysius Farrel, 24, city comptroller of Paterson, N. J., who was reported missing.

British Imperialism Keeps Eye On Egypt

Fearing the growing strength of the separatist elements in Egypt, the British imperialists are keeping a watchful eye on that country vital to economic life and the military defense of the interests of British finance-capital. The British "good-will" ambassador, the Prince of Wales, and his younger brother, the duke of Gloucester, who is learning his brother's "profession," have been dispatched to Egypt and are shown plying their trade on arriving in Alexandria. Not far off the coast, the British fleet keeps guard.

LATIN AMERICA'S EYES ON COLOMBIA OIL GRAB

A sharp conflict has developed between Colombia and the United States over the cancellation of a 5,000,000 acre petroleum concession (about 20,250 sq. kilometers) controlled by the family of Andrew Mellon, United States secretary of the treasury. The concession was originally granted in 1905 to a Colombian General Virgilio Barco, as a reward for defeating the liberals in the Colombian civil war. In granting the Barco concession, the conservative government stipulated that General Barco develop a national petroleum industry in the 5,000,000 acres involved. Instead, Barco sold his concession to the "Colombian Petroleum Company," which is controlled by the South American Gulf Company of Pennsylvania. This American firm is, in turn, controlled largely by the Mellon interests.

In March, 1926, the Colombian government cancelled the Barco concession on the ground that General Barco had failed to fulfill the stipulation of developing oil production. The Colombian Petroleum Company appealed to the courts, but in August, 1928, the courts issued a second decree upholding the cancellation.

At this stage the United States government intervened. The United States minister at Bogota filed a memorandum requesting a hearing on the Barco concession. The Colombian government did not reply to this memorandum. Thereupon, secretary of state Kellogg sent a sharp note to the Colombian government. The state department did not inform the American press about this note. It was only from the storm which the note aroused in the Colombian press that the American press learned of its existence. The contents of Kellogg's note have not yet been published, but it is known that Kellogg accused the Colombian government of violating the customary diplomatic procedure between friendly nations in refusing to answer the American minister's request for a hearing.

The Colombian press has called Kellogg's note an act of intervention on the part of the United States in the internal affairs of Colombia, saying this is an attempt to enforce the "Coolidge Doctrine" that the United States has the right to protect American citizens and American property wherever they may be. On September 22 the Colombian senate and chamber of deputies unanimously approved the government's refusal to permit any intervention in the cancellation of the Barco concession. This unanimity is noteworthy, in view of the fact that the Colombian congress is divided into liberals and conservatives, who are bitterly hostile to each other; the congress has cast no unanimous vote for many years. In addition, students paraded the streets, approving the stand of the government and congress in "rejecting American intervention."

Dr. Carlos Uribe, Colombian minister of foreign affairs, has announced that Colombia has replied to Kellogg's note. He said the Colombian government would not make the note public, but that he would read it at a public session of congress if that body insisted.

The conflict between the United States and Colombia has aroused considerable interest in other Latin American countries. The leading Latin American newspaper, "La Nacion" of Buenos Aires, devoted more than half of its editorial page on September 23 to condemning the intervention of the United States in the internal affairs of Colombia. "La Nacion" pointed to the conflict as another instance of mistaken American policy, as in the case of Nicaragua.

JINGOES ATTACK NEBRASKA PARTY

Communists Fight to Stay on Ballot

Continued from Page One

nist and called attention to the fact that crooked politicians in Washington had violated the laws, stolen public property, yet were at liberty.

The fascists boasted of the existence of a criminal syndicalist law on the statute books and declared that the Communists could be jailed for their beliefs.

The Workers (Communist) Party will carry on a vigorous fight to have its ticket on the ballot in the November elections, Stephens declared. He charges the state authorities with not checking the names according to law. All those who have not registered this year have been checked off, tho one does not have to register each year unless he changes his residence.

The action of the state authorities in Nebraska in throwing the Communist ticket off the ballot exposes the sham of capitalist democracy, which refuses to permit the revolutionary workers to avail themselves of their constitutional rights to propagate their views and appeal for support to the workers and farmers in election campaigns.

That the Workers (Communist) Party is the only political party that is feared by the ruling classes is shown by the fact that in this election campaign the socialist party has not been interfered with and the socialist candidates have been treated as courteously in the capitalist press as the candidates of the democratic and republican parties.

TEXTILE FAKER IN SPEEDUP PLEA

Says Strikers "Want" Frieder Plan

Continued from Page One

has been one of overwhelming condemnation of the speed-up.

Due to uncompromising demand of the workers that no concessions be made the bosses, and that no speed-up be regarded as a boss "concession," and the fact that the ranks of the thousands of strikers are stiffening to enforce the demands raised by the left wing Textile Workers' Union for a wage increase, the bosses and their "union allies" are becoming frantic.

McMahon Called In.

This is the motive ascribed to McMahon's statement, the strike leaders of the T. W. U. declare. McMahon had to be called in to make these statements because his agents here failed completely to date.

In making his statement McMahon says: "We believe the Frieder Plan submitted to the Textile Council would in a short period do more to stabilize conditions in New Bedford than any other thing we know."

To Fight Betrayal.

"Under the continued leadership of the Textile Workers' Union the 28,000 strikers will fight against any attempt at a betrayal of their bitter struggle," declares a statement of the National Textile Workers' Union, which further announces that the workers have repeatedly shown that they are convinced that even a recall of the entire 10 per cent cut would mean a lost strike if the bosses were permitted to install the speed-up system.

Another glaring piece of evidence to show how closely the A. F. of L. chiefs are working with the mill owners was presented here today when Samuel Ross, president of the Mule Spinners' Local of the Textile Council, announced that he is in favor of the five per cent wage cut mediation proposal of the State Arbitration Board, of which he is a member.

When asked for the reason for such an action Ross said that the board had made its final effort, and there would be no more conferences. Textile Council officials here do not even try to hide their alliance with the bosses and frankly serve on "impartial boards" of the mill owners' creation. This explains why the thousands of mill strikers have almost completely deserted the council and now follow the lead of the left-wing union.

PLAN TRUST MERGER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27 (UP).—Merger of the Sanitary Grocery Co., Inc., of Washington, and the Safeway Stories, Inc., of Baltimore, is being planned, Edward G. Yonker, president of the local corporation, has announced. The proposed amalgamation involves $17,000,000, Yonker said.

BRITISH LABOR THROTTLER FOR WORLD WAR UNIT

Melchett Now Here to Complete Plan

Two of the leading British industrialists and advocates of class collaboration scheme, Lord Melchett, formerly Sir Alfred Mond and his son, Henry Mond, millionaires, war profiteers and preparers of the the next war, arrived in New York yesterday, preaching their self-salvation doctrine of class peace while on their way to attend a meeting of the directors of the Mond Nickel Co. in Canada.

Lord Melchett, together with reactionary British trade union officials, has done much to thrust class collaboration upon the workers of England.

While the Monds are here, the conference which he convened between leading capitalists and the corrupt officials of the Trades Union Congress is still proceeding in London. It will be followed, it is generally understood by the complete capitulation of the trade union officials.

Empire Trust Scheme.

After visiting their nickel mines in Canada the two financiers will confer with the American committee of the Finance Committee of Great Britain and America, Ltd., which includes John J. Raskob, Charles M. Schwab and other labor-hating American capitalists.

Melchett, who is also chairman of the Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., and many other industries in Great Britain, admits that he has been working consistently for a complete trustification of Britain's most important industries. His latest accomplishment in this line is the reported combine of the British Royal Dutch Shell Oil and the chemical and dye industry trust.

Prepare War Unit.

Just before leaving England, Melchett presented a scheme for the complete trustification of all the mines, smelting furnaces, fuel producing companies, electric concerns, oil industry and the chemical industry. His avowed aim is to completly rationalize and trustify the industries of not only England, but the whole British Empire, in such a way as to complete an impregnable economic and war unit.

The Sunday Worker, official organ of the Communist Party of England, is carrying on a consistent campaign against the Mond scheme and the accompanying Melchett scheme of empire trustification.

Brazilian Government Will Prosecute Anti-Fascist Students Now

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, Sept. 27.—Following the protest by the Italian ambassador, government officials here said that they would prosecute the students responsible for the attack on the Italian fascist paper "Il Piccolo." The Italian ambassador said that the students' protest attack and parade were incited by anti-fascists.

Groups of students visited the various newspaper offices here and declared that they would continue their demonstrations until Luiggi Freddi, editor of the fascist newspaper, was expelled from Brazil. They objected to his articles, which threatened Brazil with fascism and his alleged insult of women.

Homeless Porto Rico Workers Wander Thru Streets

Photo shows portion of a section of San Juan, capital of Porto Rico, almost totally demolished following the recent hurricane. Two children, made homeless in the storm, are shown wandering about in search of food.

"Czar Ivan" Film at Chicago Playhouse

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—Due to the current vogue of Russian films, and more particularly to the phenomenal success of the "End of St. Petersburg," the management of the Playhouse Theatre has booked the greatest of all Russian films, "Czar Ivan the Terrible," for a two weeks' run, commencing Sunday.

The acting in this film is excellent and all the leading characters are portrayed by members of the Moscow Art Players, with Leonidoff in the stellar role of Czar Ivan.

The National Board of Review of Motion Pictures, in a special report dated Jan. 13, 1928, wrote as follows:

"The concensus of opinion of the members of our board is that 'Czar Ivan the Terrible,' as the re-creation of a man and his times, is the most remarkable that the screen has so far afforded, and that the acting of Leonidoff and the cast has seldom if ever been equalled in motion pictures. This is really a wonderful film.

"Czar Ivan" played in New York for months. The two weeks at the Playhouse will positively be the only showing of this film in Chicago.

Obregon Slayer to Be Tried in Mid-October

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 27. (U.P.)—The trial of Jose De Leon Toral and the 16 men and women accused with him of complictiy in the Obregon assassination, may not start before mid-October.

The "diligencias" or preliminary judicial proceedings, were adjourned today for a week or ten days.

VIENNA WORKERS CALLED TO MEET ARMED FASCISTS

Counter Demonstration Planned

Continued from Page One

day for the Austrian workers. It calls upon the workers to organize a counter-demonstration and to boycott the transportation of the fascists to Vienna.

(When this appeal appeared in the Rote Fahne, official organ of the Communist Party of Austria, the issue was confiscated and the editor was arrested.)

Remember July 15!

The appeal reminds the workers of the many victims of Austrian fascism, and particularly of the 90 killed on July 15 of last year. It declares that the continual retreat of the social-democracy in the face of fascism is the factor which makes fascism a serious danger for the workers. The appeal further terms the hope that the government will prohibit the demonstration an illusion.

The possibility of the fascists abandoning their demonstration exists, declares the appeal, but only if they receive their price, which is the voluntary abandonment of the tenants' protection law.

Appeals to Transport Workers.

The Communist Party appeals to the workers to prevent the fascist parade, and to the railwaymen and transport workers to refuse to transport the fascists. It further appeals to the workers to answer the fascist parade by a march on Weinerneustadt on October 7.

The workers are asked to join the newly formed workers' defense corps, whose inaugural congress will take place in Weinerneustadt on September 30. Workers are also asked to elect in all factories, in all working class organizations, in all labor exchanges, delegates to a national convention to decide upon defensive measures against the fascist parade. This congress will take measures for a general mobilization of the whole working class against the fascists.

FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

FOSTER TOUR

Friday, Sept. 28, Omaha, Neb., [illegible] Theater, 14th and Farnam Sts.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Kansas City, Mo., Musicians Hall, 1017 Washington St.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Chicago, Ill., Hall arrangements to be announced.

Monday, October 1, St. Louis, Mo., [illegible] Hall, 3619 Finney St.

Wednesday, Oct. 3, Indianapolis, Ind., Hall 9, Dennison Hotel, 133 N. [illegible] St.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Cincinnati, O., Labor Temple, 1318 Walnut St.

Friday, Oct. 5, Louisville, Ky., Hall arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 8, New Orleans, La. Hall arrangements to be announced.

GITLOW TOUR

Saturday, Sept. 29, Tacoma Wash., Eagle Hall, 13th and E. Sts.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Seattle, Wash., Moose Temple, 8th and Union Sts.

Monday, Oct. 1, Portland, Oregon, Swiss Hall, 263½ Third St.

Tuesday, Oct. 2, Astoria, Oregon, Labor Temple, 416 Duane St.

Thursday, October 4, Oakland, Cal., Technical High Auditorium, 45th St. and Broadway.

Friday, Oct. 5, San Francisco, Cal., Civic Auditorium, Polk Hall.

Sunday, Oct. 7, Los Angeles, Cal., Music Art, 233 S. Broadway.

Tuesday, Oct. 9, San Diego, Cal., Woodbine Hall, 840 5th Ave.

Wednesday, Oct. 10, Phoenix, Ariz., Arcade Hall, 333 W. Washington Street.

ONE DAY'S WAGE
for the
GREAT COMMUNIST ELECTION CAMPAIGN

CONTRIBUTE TO THE
$100,000 CAMPAIGN FUND

Send your contribution to
ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG,
43 East 125th Street *NEW YORK CITY*
National Election Campaign Committee

COMRADES!

Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Is Coming

Are, You
—doing your bit for your press
—collecting articles
—gathering names for the Red Honor Roll
—selling tickets

The Time Is Short! — Only Two More Weeks Left! — ACT NOW!

Daily Worker - Freiheit Bazaar Committee,
30 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

THE Control of New York State and City Government by Banking, Power, Railroad Interests—
The Betrayals by the Socialist Party and the A. F. of L. Bureaucracy *Unmasked!*

The Imperialist War Danger Exposed !!

COME IN MASSES!
ADMISSION 25 CENTS

AT THE COMMUNIST ELECTION RALLY
Friday, Sept. 28, 8 p.m.
CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE
67TH STREET AND THIRD AVENUE

SPEAKERS:
Robert Minor
Juliet S. Poyntz
Richard B. Moore
Philip Frankfeld
Bertram D. Wolfe
Wm. F. Dunne
Rebecca Grecht
Lovett Fort-Whiteman
Chairman: W. W. Weinstone

Bosses' Police Terrorism Fails to Break Solidarity of Steel Strikers in Canton, Ohio

NOT A WORKER GOES BACK, BOSS CARRIES ARMS

Deportation Used as Threat

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CANTON, (By Mail).—The strike of the chippers and grinders in the Central Alloy Steel Mill remains unchanged. Not a man has gone back to work—on the contrary they are stronger than before in their determination to win the strike and get organized.

Although six men have been held by the immigration authorities, on the charge of illegal entry into the country, this has not frightened the strikers, all of whom are foreign-born, mostly Greeks, Italians, Rumanians, Spaniards, Arabs, etc. The men have been fooled so much by the Central Alloy Steel that they see that a fight must be made if they are not to be reduced far below even a living standard.

Press Lies.

Mr. Fairless, manager of the Massillon plant, came to Canton some time ago with the intention of persuading the men to go back to work. According to the local press, which published this account as the only document of the strike, 200 of the men have gone back to work, and the others are returning. This is a bare-faced lie, for not a single man has gone back.

On the contrary, the strike committee told Fairless clearly that his promise of 55 cents a day and the bonus, which is supposed to net them $6 to $7 a day, is bunk. When they figured out for him that $6 a day is what they want—a flat rate and no bonus, he replied that that cannot be done, for there is a universal scale, established by the steel manufacturers. When they told him further that he would have to deal with the Mill Committee, he waved them off entirely.

Hold Massillon Meet.

A meeting was held in Massillon, which is only about eight miles from Canton, for the purpose of acquainting the chippers and grinders there with the situation in Canton. A good part of them signed up, and it is only a matter of days when the Massillon chippers and grinders will be out.

The other departments in Canton are closed down as a result of the strike—Nos. 5 and 8. The men in the entire plant recognize the justice of the demands of the chippers and grinders, and now the Mill Committee will do everything to get them out actively in the strike and to organize them.

Police Active.

The police are on the job. There is a reason for it. The company has imported 40 scabs—white and Negro. But these men did not all stick. Eleven left at once, when they learned that there is a strike on. The other 29 know nothing about chipping and grinding, and as a result, they stand round doing nothing. There is a report that one of the scabs handled the job so poorly that a bar struck another man and he was seriously injured.

Mr. Smith, assistant superintendent of the plant, goes about with a gun in his belt, accompanied by two policemen. He follows the men, dogs their every step and does everything to provoke them. It is clear that this is a foretaste of what the city intends to do in order to protect the interests of he Central Alloy Steel, which together with the Timkin Roller Bearing Works, controls the city of Canton.

This time, however, they have reckoned without their host. The men are aroused, and will continue the fight. They are not intimidated by the arrests, but are on the picket line. The International Labor Defense is taking care of the four men arrested on Thursday, and the six held by the immigration authorities.

—O. D.

COMPOSER WILL APPEAR WITH BEETHOVEN ORCHESTRA

What is regarded as the season's most important musical event, is the visit to American, of the noted Russian composer Alexander Gretchaninoff. For years, Gretchaninoff has resisted the urgent invitations of American musicians and orchestras to come over as guest conductor and pianist. Final radio negotiations have been closed and Gretchaninoff will make his American debut with the Beethoven Symphony Orchestra.

Georges Zaslawsky invited his countryman to take over the baton, conducting some of the Gretchaninoff music which has made the composer certain of immortality in his own day. Yesterday, Zaslawsky was unable to say which compositions Gretchaninoff would conduct with the Beethoven Symphony Orchestra at his American debut. The Russian composer also plans to give a number of recitals here with Nina Koshetz.

BANK LOANS INCREASE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27 (U.P.).—Loans on stocks and bonds to brokers and dealers by reporting federal reserve member banks in New York City on September 26 increased $54,232,000 over the previous week's total of $4,470,476,000 to $4,524,708,000.

Many Idle In Biggest Mill; Mill Committee Formed

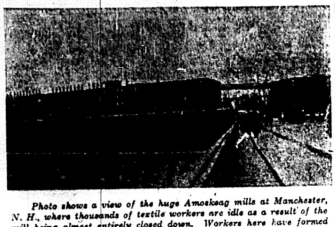

Photo shows a view of the huge Amoskeag mills at Manchester, N. H., where thousands of textile workers are idle as a result of the mill being almost entirely closed down. Workers here have formed a Textile Mill Committee.

ESPERANTO HAS RAPID GROWTH

U. S. S. R. Workers in Lead

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Sat is an organization composed of Communists, socialists, anarchists etc.—all tendencies that claim as their purpose the emancipation of the world's proletariat from capitalist oppression and the establishment of a cooperative commonwealth. It is not a political party. However, since it recognizes the class struggle, its cultural mission, according to Marx must be of a political nature.

Its congress lasted from Aug. 14 to 19. 500 delegates represented the Worker-Esperantists of 23 countries. The Soviet Union contributed at least one-fourth of that number under the leadership of Comrade Drezen from Moscow, an important official of the Communist Party there.

The session was opened, with singing of the International, under protection of the Metal Workers' Union of Goteborg and the All-Swedish Seamens' and Railroad Workers Unions. Comrade Nathans of the International Transport Workers' Union greeted the assembly in the name of 80 locals from 30 countries and emphasized the feasability of Esperanto as a means of universal understanding for the workers to enable them more efficiently to combat capitalism. Comrade Drezen reported that official recognition of Esperanto, as a universal language, by the Soviet authorities is not far distant, as semi-official recognition is already a fact (Postal and Telegraph Dpt. etc.).

"Communist youth in the U. S. S. R. is eager and anxious to communicate with Communist youth in other lands," said Comrade Drezen.

Admirable were the tactics of the Communist delegates. Altho in majority, they have proven extremely tactful in not openly showing, and throwing in the faces of the social-democrats and anarchists their dominance. Thereby the official leadership of Sat not only remained in Communist hands, but it was even strengthened.

A letter from Marcel Cachin was read in which he urged the Communist Youth not to remain dumb, but take up the study of Esperanto and begin to speak directly to one another, not depending any more on faulty translations of the speeches of their leaders.

A vote of commendation had been given to Comrade Paul Crouch of the U. S. A. who so ably had fullfilled the pioneering aims of Sat—while in the U. S. S. R. he virtually had forgotten his native language and had spoken to workers and soldiers, before large and small meetings, in the International language.

—GEORGE SAVILLE.

DROWNS IN WATER PAIL.

HERSHEY, Pa., Sept. 27 (U.P.).—Playing on the floor near a bucket of dish water, Mary Romaine Henry, nine months old, fell in and drowned while her mother was working in the yard.

JAIL FOR CRIME OF BEING JOBLESS

Aiding Coal Miners Is Another Crime

(By a Worker Correspondent)

LOS ANGELES, Calif. (By Mail) —"Guilty," said the jury.

"Sixty days," said the judge. And the city of Los Angeles was saved again.

A young, pale, hungry-looking, unemployed worker was brought into court, picked up by our savers of liberty. He was found asleep in one of the employment offices. He was charged before the jury with a furious crime, "vagrancy," while Mr. Julian Peet and Teapot Dome gentlemen are back at their good work, robbing people of their savings through oil schemes. Men are picked up for a crime consisting of "being out of work."

And at the top of his voice the prosecuting attorney shouted, as though to overcome his conscience, calling his victim "a menace to society," "a dangerous character" for going around without work, when there is plenty of work to be gotten.

Yes, Mr. Prosecutor, plenty of work in Los Angeles. Only 100,000 people without work here, and about 5,000,000 throughout the country.

"Guilty," said the jury"; "sixty days," said the judge.

"Next," said the court.

Three sympathetic, plainly-dressed working women prisoners! Caught in the act! Two big detectives saw them with their own eyes! Soliciting help for striking miners!

A new atmosphere surrounds the courtroom; these were not ordinary prisoners. You could see that in their clear, steady eyes. No fright or pleading there! They seem to know what to expect in this courtroom. They were to follow their comrades, already convicted of the same crime. But prosecution worked overtime when it seemed as though the defendants would be let free for lack of evidence. The country had to be saved, so Justice Sheldon suggested to the prosecutor that some amendment could be found which would put the charge on legal grounds, thus enabling them to convict the prisoners.

Our women comrades were not surprised when the jury found them guilty, and the judge gave them the extreme sentence for so small a crime, "ten days" or $50.

The judge praised the jury, commenting on the good service rendered to the community; the good Christian ladies and gentlemen thanked the judge for the wonderful time this afternoon, your honor.

And so, another page is written in history, the page of Los Angeles class justice!

A. G.

LEBANON, Pa., Sept. 27 (U.P.).—Melancholy because of schoolmates' taunts about a recent minor operation, Richard Willett, 14, hanged himself.

'SOCIALISTS' LICK JUDGE'S BOOTS IN WISCONSIN COURT

Misleaders, Injunction Judge Join Hands

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 2.—Yesterday's session of Judge Gustax Gehrz's Court was the scene of a bitter attack against the Communists in which the Adler Co., representative attorney Lamfrom, the representative of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, the "socialist" lawyer Wm. F. Quick and the Amalgamated Union bureaucracy represented by G. Piepenhagen and the injunction Judge Gehrz joined hands.

The session of the court was devoted to the hearing of the case of the burning of suits manufactured in one of the Adler Co. scab shops several weeks ago for which the company blamed the union. During the hearing without any connection with the case whatsoever, circulars were introduced which were attributed by the above mentioned individuals to Communists. The leaflets in question contained criticism of the union bureaucracy for their class-collaboration policy and failure to conduct mass picketing in violation of the court injunction. It also exposed the "fairness" of the judge whose injunction is helping the Adler Co. to fill its shops with scabs.

The Amalgamated Union officialdom and the socialists of this city have hailed the decision of the judge as fair at the time it was rendered. This criticism was represented as an attack upon the entire union although it was directed only against its leadership. The object of this attack upon the Communists three-fold:

(1) To create the impression that the Communists are responsible for such acts as the burning up of the suits, etc.

(2) To antagonize the striking clothing workers against the Workers' (Communist) Party of America.

(3) To pave the way for the getting together of the union officialdom with the scab company for the liquidation of the strike upon conditions unfavorable to the strikers.

The Workers' (Communist) Party of America does not need to defend itself against the slander that it is attacking the strikers. Our Party, which stood loyally by the miners in their struggles, by the clothing workers and which is loyally supporting the struggles of the textile strikers, has given sufficient proof of its loyalty to those who fight against capitalist exploitation. The Workers' Party in Milwaukee is loyally supporting the struggle of the Adler Strikers and is doing its duty in exposing the reactionary officialdom and its failure to conduct this strike militantly. We stand for mass picketing and are opposed to policy of individual terror and sabotage as ineffective in the struggle for the winning of the strike.

Only by mobilizing all the strikers for mass picketing to break the court injunction and to prevent the scabs from entering the shops will the struggle be won. This mobilization cannot be effected by the reactionary leadership of the Amalgamated, but only under the left wing militant leadership. The Adler strikers will learn the truth of the position of our Party through their own experiences with their reactionary leaders.

Co-operative Workers Donate Part Wages to Red Election Campaign

The workers of the United Workers' Cooperative Association recently decided to donate five per cent of their weekly wages to the election campaign being waged in New York City by the Workers (Communist) Party.

At a meeting of the cooperative workers held recently at 2700 Bronx Park East, one of the workers, a member of the Workers (Communist) Party, proposed that all members of the party present voluntarily tax themselves with five per cent of their weekly wages for the Red election fund. The rest of the members agreed unanimously. Following this, a worker who is not a Party member took the floor, and pointing out that all progressive workers who are engaged in struggles against exploitation and reactionary misleadership appeal for aid to the Workers (Communist) Party, stated it as the duty of all progressive workers to help the Communist campaign fund.

This was taken up by other non-Party workers present. Many of them took the floor and seconded the proposal of the original speaker, with the result that all workers present, those of whom are members of the Communist Party and those who are not, will donate 5 per cent of their weekly wages to the Workers (Communist) Party for the remainder of the campaign.

FORCE WORKERS TO BUY CLOTHES FROM THE BOSS

Men Cheated; Must Pay for Raffles

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Here is a neat little scheme practiced against the workers in the Heidelberg and Wolf Shop of men's clothing at 65 Bleeker St. Since 1922, when the Amalgamated knife and blackjack picket committees lost the strike, the shop has been unorganized, and Mr. Hilman has never made an attempt to reorganize the shop.

The shop is on piece-work basis, of course, and as soon as the workers speed up sufficiently to make more than $25, the rate is reduced, and so it goes in this witches' caldron.

But here is the funny scheme which my father who works in the shop told me. The workers are forced to buy suits and overcoats from the shop whether they need them or not, and in this way the shop gets back one fourth of the wages it pays them. It might not be so bad if the suits were sold at shop prices, for after all, workers must dress, but the same suits can be bought much cheaper in the stores than the prices the workers are forced to pay in the shop, and the suits are usually damaged goods which cannot be sold otherwise. I know workers who have to buy these suits in the shop and then sell them for half price outside to get back a few dollars which they need to pay rent or buy bread for their families.

And here is another little scheme, a refinement in graft and efficiency. When all the workers in the shop have been stocked up with suits which they do not need, the suits which are left over are raffled off to the same workers again. Workers are forced to pay a dollar a week for raffles, and those who refuse are fired immediately. Suits which have a value of $15 are in this way raffled off for $50.

I do not know whether this little graft goes into the coffers of the Heidelberg and Wolfe Co., one of the biggest in the trade, or if it is divided between the foremen and management for pin money for their wives and sweethearts. Anyway, this little scheme robs many workers of their lunches and other necessities.

—M. L.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

'NIGHT HOSTESS' THRILLS

Philip Dunning's Play at the Martin Beck Throws More Light on the Great White Way.

THEY are still rattling the skeletons along Broadway. Philip Dunning in his play "Night Hostess" has contributed to the rapidly accumulating store of knowledge in the process of collection by those who are interested in learning what takes place in thespian dressing rooms and in the mysterious hang-outs of gamblers and wealthy roysterers behind the barred doors of Broadway's night life.

Ben Fischer, an honest night club impressario was driven into the gambling business by the exactions of prohibition agents who would not stay paid. They wanted more and more. His ambition to run a straight gambling joint was frustrated by crooked employes who became corrupted in the process of fleecing the suckers. Chris Miller, his chief of staff, with the aid of a bartender and others of unquestionable integrity made business brisk for Ben but when he tried to balance his books, the poor fellow almost keeled over.

This is a condition that no self-respecting sportsman will stand for so Ben sent for Rags Conway, who used to play the piano for him in the "Half Moon," to get the goods on his own crooks. It happens that Rags is in love with Buddly Miles a hostess at the "Little Casino," where the action of the play takes place. This is just about what Rags would like to find in his sock on Christmas morning.

Rags soon realizes that he is in for a man-sized job but he buckles to it. He foils the attempt of the villianous Miller to inveigle Buddy to Chicago. Buddy by the way likes Rags but she wants to "improve" herself and cannot see the ulterior motive behind Mr. Miller's interest in her welfare.

After the necessary number of mistakes the play ends happily for everybody concerned except Chris Miller who fell down an elevator shaft and presumably broke his neck, the lucky gambler who was done to death in a chop suey joint and the whisky-bottle-blonde, and a hostess, who was suffocated to death by Miller because she "knew too much." It must be understood that Mr. Miller took the leap into eternity after the latter two victims of Mr. Dunning's art, passed out. Retribution, by heck.

The audience takes the loss in human life quite good-naturedly and when the dead arose in response to a curtain call they were greeted as cordially as a keg of beer at a dry picnic.

Norman Foster as Rags Conway performed his duty with neatness and dispatch, Gail de Hart, as the detective's wife, permitted herself be smothered peacefully, Averell Harris as Chris Miller was a noble villain and the good-hearted gambling king was so generous to the grafting limbs of the law that one was frequently tempted to hit him up for a loan.

SEEK MISSING STUDENT.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 27 (U.P.).—Authorities are investigating the strange disappearance of Robert J. Waterfield, 9, of Irvington, N. Y., who left Rutgers University here shortly after he had registered for his junior year.

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM Thea. W. 45 St., Eves. 8.30 Mats., Wed. & Sat. 2.30
GEO. M. COHAN Presents
WALTER HUSTON IN ELMER THE GREAT
RING LARDNER'S AMERICAN PLAY

HUDSON Thea., W. 44 St. Eves. at 8:30 Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:30
GEO. M. COHAN Presents
"BY REQUEST"
by J. C. Nugent & Elliott Nugent with ELLIOTT NUGENT.

SHUBERT Thea. 44, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:30; Mats. Wed., Sat. 2.30
GUY ROBERTSON ODETTE MYRTIL DE WOLF HOOPER
in a musical romance of Chopin
WHITE LILACS

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER IN ITS REVISED FORM?
CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Eves. 8:30 Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded if Not Satisfied With Play.

'A Clean Hit', Winchell, Graph.
EVA THE 5th
with CLAIBORNE FOSTER
LITTLE W. 44th St. Eves. 8.30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.30

Martin Beck Thea. 45St. & 8 Av. Eve. 8.40 Ma. Sat., Wed. 2.40
NITE HOSTESS
by Philip Dunning
Staged by Winchell Smith
Produced by JOHN GOLDEN.

National Thea., 41st & 7th Ave. Evenings. 8.30 p. m. Mats.: Wed. & Sat., 2.30 p. m.
GEORGE JESSEL IN "THE WAR SONG"

Keith-Albee CAMEO 42d and B'way 2ND BIG WEEK
"Q SHIPS"
WORLD PREMIERE
AUTHENTIC ACTUAL!
Sensational Submarine Warfare!

Arthur Hopkins Presents
'MACHINAL'
A new play in two parts and ten scenes by Sophie Treadwell
Plymouth Thea. W. 45th St. Eves. 8.30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30

Maxine Elliott's Thea., W. 39th St. Evenings 8.30, Mats. Wed. & Sat.
"Intelligent Entertainment."—Mantle, News.
This THING CALLED Love
A New Comedy Hit by Edwin Burke with Violet Heming & Minor Watson.

Theatre Masque 45th St., West of Broadway Eve. 8.30; Mats.: Wed. & Sat. 2.30
"Goin' Home"
"Exciting Stuff"—The New Yorker.

CENTURY Thea., Central Pk. W. & 62 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. and Sat.
THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEORGE OLSEN'S MUSIC.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Sept. 27 (U.P.).—A flight from Newfoundland to England may be attempted Monday by Commander H. C. McDonald.

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Acceptance Speeches
Just Published
A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.
Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.
Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.
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trike of More Than 5,000 Workers on Tow Boats in New York Harbor Looms

RINE WORKERS EMAND RAISE; SSES REFUSE

[illegible] Want Working Conditions Improved

A strike of over 5,000 marine workers, employed on towboats in New York harbor, loomed today as a result of the harbor bosses' refusal to grant an increase in wages demanded by the workers. A meeting to vote on a strike, will be held Sunday. The workers demanded of their 300 employers a new working agreement, effective October 1, which would include a $10 increase and better working conditions. The demand was submitted by William [illegible] Maher to the boat owners' committee at the New York Towboat Exchange. The bosses refused the workers' demands.

Masters, mates, pilots, marine engineers, oilers, firemen, deckhands, cooks and floatmen will be effected if a strike is called. A demand that Sunday be specified as a day off and that the 10-hour day be specified as from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m., with time and a half for work before or after these hours, was also made by the towboat workers.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual [illegible] on October 13 at the Park Palace.

Icor Concert.

Tomorrow night at Town Hall, 113-123 West 43rd Street, a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjan.

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at Webster Hall, Saturday, October 27, at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

Banquet at Brighton Beach.

Saturday, Oct. 13, at 8:30 p. m., a Chinese supper and an interesting concert will be given by the Workers Club, Brighton Beach.

I. L. D. Autumn Revel.

The annual Proletarian Autumn Revel of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense will be held Saturday evening, Oct. 27, at 8:30 at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Prizes will be given for the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

Brownsville Color Light Dance.

A Color Light Dance will be held Oct. 20 at the Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., under the auspices of the Young Workers Social Culture Club.

Newark Polish I. L. D.

The Polish I. L. D. Branch of Newark will hold a dance tomorrow at the Rivoli Ball Room, 289 Ferry St., Newark, at 7:30 p. m. All the profits or income will go for the new club we are going to establish.

Icor Concert.

The Society for Jewish Colonization in Soviet Russia is giving a concert at Town Hall, 113-123 West 43rd St. New York, tomorrow. In the program will participate, Naum, Blinder, Oney, Olrakin, Emanuel Bay, Chaleio, Greber, Picken and Weadroff. A [illegible] from Soviet Russia showing life in the Jewish colonies will also be shown.

Esperanto Class.

The Sat-Grupo Esperantista-Proletaria will begin a class in Esperanto in the Workers School, 26-28 Union Square some time in the middle of October. Comrades who realize the importance of the International language, as means of communication and class-solidarity between the workers of all lands, may register in the Workers School. Tuition fee $1.50.

Workers Notice.

Wanted, a banjoist and pianist. See or write to Joe Shandler, 134 E. 108th St.

Freiheit Symphony Orchestra.

The Freiheit Symphony Orchestra takes pleasure in announcing that they have obtained Lazar Weiner as conductor. Meanwhile, many more members are needed for the orchestra. Those who play any instrument should communicate with Nathan H. Alterman, 841 Jennings St. or come to 1472 Boston Road every Tuesday at 8 p. m.

Sinclair, Oil Grafter, Raises Kerosene Price

The Sinclair Refining Company, controlled by Harry F. Sinclair, notorious grafter who figured largely in the Teapot Dome oil scandal during the corrupt Harding-Coolidge administration, has advanced the price of kerosene in tank cars one half a cent.

This raise in price will affect Atlantic and gulf ports, it was announced today.

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More Chance for Graft Seen In Bridge Over Hudson

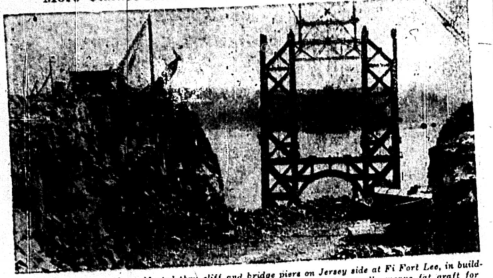

Photo shows roadway blasted thru cliff and bridge piers on Jersey side at Fi Fort Lee, in building of New York to New Jersey bridge. Construction of public works usually means fat graft for officials, as investigation of previous construction work has revealed.

Workers Party Activities

VOLUNTEERS NEEDED!

VOLUNTEER PARTY WORKERS WANTED AT THE OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE, ROOM 202, WORKERS CENTER, 26-28 UNION SQUARE, TODAY AND ESPECIALLY TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

Notice—Section 2.

All unit and subsection agitprops of Section 2 should be present at a conference to be held today at 6:30. Please be prompt, for we must adjourn to Central Opera House at 8 p. m.

Lower Bronx Y. W. L. Mass Meet.

The Lower Bronx unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold its first indoor mass meeting for the fall on Sunday, Sept. 30th, 3 p. m. at 715 E. 138th St. Prominent speakers will address the meeting.

School Catalogs Out!

Workers School catalogs are now out. Courses will begin the week of Oct. 1. Registration is on now. All unit agitprops should get catalogs at the school office and devote the special meeting of the unit to the Workers' School.

German Branch, Yorkville, Y. W. L.

The next meeting will be held today at 8 p. m. at the Hungarian Workers Home, 352 East 81st St. We will have a discussion on the Communist Manifesto. All German speaking young workers are invited to attend this meeting.

Financial Secretaries, Section 2.

A conference of all financial secretaries of Section 2 will be held Monday, 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. The conference is very important and all must attend.

Unit 6F, 2A Special Meet.

A special meeting of Unit 6F, Subsection 2A of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held today, 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All members must attend to give in reports of their activities. This will be accounting week for the unit.

3F 2A.

A meeting of Unit 3F SS 2A will be held today at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Y. W. L. Agitprop Meet.

A meeting of all Agit-prop directors and members of the Agit-prop committee of the Young Workers Communist League, District 2 will be held tomorrow at 2 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square, fifth floor. The Workers School and other agit-prop matters will be discussed. All comrades must be present.

2F, 2C.

2F, 2C meets today at 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

Womens' Work Meet.

There will be a meeting of the district women's committee tomorrow at 1 p. m. sharp at 26 Union Square. Final arrangements for the symposium will be made at this meeting and plans for the year's women's work will be prepared. Please come on time.

Section 1 Agitprop Meet.

All unit agitprop directors of Section 1 of the Workers (Communist) Party must be present at a conference to be held today at 6:30 p. m. Because of the Central Opera House meeting at 8 p. m. it is doubly important that comrades be prompt.

Sacco-Vanzetti I. L. D. Meet.

A joint meeting of the Bronx, West Side and Sacco-Vanzetti branches will be held on Monday, Oct. 1, 8:30 p. m. at 1472 Boston Road (near 171st St.) There is to be a very interesting discussion led by Comrade Powers on the subject of "The Centralia Victims of Capitalist Rule."

Unit 2C, 3F.

Check-up meeting of Unit 2C, 3F will be held Monday, Oct. 1, at 6 p. m. at 108 East 14th St. Every comrade must be present to report on his election campaign work and other Party activity.

Argentina Not in League of Nations

BUENOS AYRES, Argentina, Sept. 27.—The decision of Argentina to refuse further co-operation with the League of Nations was evidenced today when the chamber of deputies approved the recommendation of the finance committee that Argentina's quota for the league's expenses be eliminated from the budget.

Some socialists in the chamber opposed the motion.

TALK PEACE TO HIDE WAR PLAN

League Assembly Meet Closes

Continued from Page One

menting secret agreements for naval and aerial co-operation, for joint policies in the Balkans and for espionage on the Soviet Union.

The new agreements, which are directed primarily against the United States, Great Britain's chief imperial rival, are certain to intensify the struggle for supremacy between these two great powers. The struggle between the United States and Great Britain for oil in Colombia and Venezuela, for rubber lands, the struggle over the war, debts, over markets and colonies has grown more acute and has admittedly led to a race for armaments.

The solidification of the bloc against the Soviet Union is another development of extreme importance which has taken place. The Anglo-French pact not merely provides for joint espionage but formulates plans for a future aerial attack against the Soviet Union. In the meantime, Great Britain and France are steadily welding the states bordering the Soviet Union into a solid anti-Soviet bloc.

Soviet officials have repeatedly charged (and evidence presented and confessions made at recent trials of White Guardist spies have borne out their charges) that Great Britain and France have been supporting White Guardist terrorist groups operating in Soviet territory.

Numerous international struggles, any of which is apt to serve as a pretext for the outbreak of hostilities on a large scale, are going on in Europe. Neither Poland nor Lithuania will yield an inch in the Vilna struggle, while the struggle between France and Italy in the Balkans and north Africa has been sharpened by the recent fascist inroads in Albania and by the treaty recently concluded between Italy and Abyssinia.

WORKERS PARTY WILL HOLD MANY OPEN AIR MEETS

Speakers Will Cover Entire City

Friday, Sept. 28.

National Biscuit Co. (noon)—Bert, Miller, P. Frankfeld.

Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—Ragozin, Lipzin, Aronberg, Julius Cohen.

Fifth Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C.—Ballam, Codkind, Gillgreen, Moreau.

Varet and Graham Ave., Brooklyn—Reiss, Wm. Frank, Lillienstein.

Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn—Markoff, DeLeon, Chalupski, Valentine (chairman).

Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—M. Taft, C. Martin.

Seventh St. and Ave. A, N. Y.—Sumner, Pasternack, Ackerman, Goliger (chairman).

Bliss Factory (noon)—B. Lifschitz, H. Gordon.

Saturday, Sept. 29.

First Ave. and 79th St.—Baum, Yusem, Ed. Welsh.

West New York, N. J. (14th St. and Bergen Line Ave.)—Ben Lifshitz, Pearlman.

Paterson, N. J. (308 Elm St.)—McDonald, R. Duke, Honig, Cavatez.

Elizabeth, N. J.—Padgug, Freiman, A. Markoff.

Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx—Jacobson, Castrell, Sniro, Gozigian.

Williamsburg, Red Night (report at 46 Ten Eyck St.)—Weinstone, Benjamin, Bimba, Grecht, Biedenkapp, Nessin, Primoff, LeRoy, Wright, Vera Bush, Frankfeld (Y. W. L.).

YANKS' DOUBLE VICTORY ALMOST CLINCHES RACE

(By United Press)

The world series of 1928 will open at Yankee Stadium next Thursday afternoon, barring a miracle, and in all probability the visiting National League club will be wearing the red and grey of the St. Louis Cardinals.

Both major league pennant races were brought appreciably closer to conclusion as a result of today's ball games, the New York Yankees virtually clinching the American League flag by winning two ends of a double header at Detroit.

The New York Giants divided a double-header with the Chicago Cubs and lost ground to the St. Louis Cardinals, who won at Boston. The first game at New York, which the Giants lost, has been protested by Manager McGraw.

The Chicago Cubs were definitely eliminated as possible pennant winners when they lost the second game to the Giants, and so the fog of uncertainty which has shrouded the desperate September battles in both leagues was somewhat cleared away.

By winning two games at Detroit, the Yankees gained half a game on the Philadelphia Athletics, who kept themselves from complete annihilation by defeating the Chicago White Sox.

The situation in the American League race is such, however, that the Athletics must win all their remaining games while the Yankees are losing all theirs if the pennant is not to go to New York for the third year in succession.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.

Cleveland 14; Boston 10. (1st)
Boston 7; Cleveland 4. (2nd)
New York 4; Detroit 3. (1st)
New York 8; Detroit 5. (2nd)
Philadelphia 5; Chicago 3.
Washington 6; St. Louis 5.

National League.

Brooklyn 1; Pittsburgh 0. (1st)
Brooklyn 8; Pittsburgh 1. (2nd)
Chicago 3; New York 2. (1st)
New York 2; Chicago 0. (2nd)
St. Louis 8; Boston 3.
Cincinnati 6; Philadelphia 2.

Scandinavians Lead in Workers' Soccer League

The following is the official standing of the teams of the Metropolitan Workers Soccer League, which is a member of the Labor Sports Union of America:

Division "A."

	P.	W.	D.	L.	S.	A.	Points
Scandinavian Workers	2	2	0	0	7	0	4
Rob Roy	1	1	0	0	3	1	2
Martians	2	1	0	1	4	7	2
Hungarian Workers	2	1	0	1	6	7	2
New York Eagle	1	0	0	1	1	3	0
German-Hungarian	2	0	0	2	1	4	0

Division "B."

	P.	W.	D.	L.	S.	A.	Points
Argentina F. C.	2	2	0	0	7	1	4
Scandinavian Workers	2	1	0	1	6	4	2
German-Hungarian	2	1	0	1	5	6	2
Hub S. C.	1	0	0	1	1	3	0
Spartacus	1	0	0	1	0	5	0

Division "C."

	P.	W.	D.	L.	S.	A.	Points
Harlem Progressive	1	1	0	0	1	0	2
Co-operative	1	0	0	1	0	1	0

Results of Week End Games.

Scandinavian Workers "A" vs. German-Hungarian "A", 2-0.
Scandinavian Workers "B" vs. German-Hungarian "B", 5-2.
Hungarian Workers vs. Martians, 6-2.
Rob Roy vs. N. Y. Eagle, 3-1.
Harlem Progressive vs. Co-operative, 1-0.
Argentina vs. Spartacus, 5-0.
Prospect Park vs. Spartacus "B", 7-1.
Hermes vs. Red Star "A", 5-0.
Red Star "B" vs. Scandinavian B'n., 1-1.

Schedule For September 30, 1928.

Freiheit "A" vs. Scandinavian Workers. Hungarian Workers vs. Rob Roy. Prague "A" vs. New York Eagle. Martians vs. Red Star (Exh.) German-Hungarian vs. Freiheit "B." Argentina vs. Spartacus. Prague "B" vs. Scandinavian Workers (Exh.). Spartacus "C" vs. Co-operative. Harlem vs. Brooklyn Scandinavian. Hub S. C. vs. Hermes (Exh.). New York Eagle "B" vs. Prospect Park (Exh.).

NEW BEDFORD MILL STRIKE AID WORK SPEEDS UP

Boston Workers, Unions Donate Relief Funds

BOSTON, Sept. 26.—Relief activity for the textile strikers of New Bedford and Fall River is speeding up here, according to Jeanette D. Pearl, local secretary, of the Workers International Relief, 5 Lowell Street.

At a special meeting here the Carpenters' and Joiners' Union, Local 157 levied a one dollar per capita tax for relief purposes. A. Roosar, president, advanced a check for $200 on account. He promised $400 to follow soon. Several branches of the Workmen's Circle have made generous donations, Secretary Pearl reported.

INTENSIFY WORK FOR BIG BAZAAR

To Mobilize Workers for Event Oct. 4-7

Continued from Page One

converted into a huge shopping center on the four days of the bazaar. Every sort of article will be on sale at prices far below those prevailing at the regular capitalist stores. Men's, women's and children's clothing, dresses, hats, caps, umbrellas, blankets, sheets, towels, groceries, shoes, flowers, candy, cigarettes, knit goods, gloves are only a few of the items that will be sold.

Varied Program.

In addition, games and entertainments of all sorts are being arranged that will keep every visitor interested at all times. A handsome souvenir program, forming a permanent momento of the bazaar, will also be distributed. This program will contain greetings from hundreds of working class organizations and individual names on a Red Honor Roll.

In order that the souvenir program may go to press, the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee requests that all money for greetings and for the Red Honor Roll be brought to its office, 30 Union Square, not later than tomorrow.

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LIDSKY'S BOOK STORE, 202 East Broadway;
FURRIERS JOINT BOARD, 22 East 22nd Street;
CLOAK MAKERS JOINT BOARD, 16 West 21st Street;
RATIONAL VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT, 199 Second Avenue;
DAILY WORKER, 26-28 Union Square.
MILLINERY WORKERS LOCAL 43, 4 West 37th Street.

Harlem

HEALTH FOOD VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT, 1600 Madison Ave.;
TOTENS WEINGORTEN (Restaurant), 26 East 109th Street;
UNITY ARBEITER CO-OPERATIVE, 1800 Seventh Avenue.

Bronx

RAPPAPORT & CUTLER (Book Store), 1310 Southern Boulevard.
UNITED WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE, 2700 Bronx Park East.

Brooklyn

Brownsville—J. GOLDSTEIN (Book Store) 365 Sutter Avenue;
Boro Park—MAX SNOW (Drug Store) 4224 13th Avenue;
Bath Beach—MALLEMANS (Book Store) 8608 20th Avenue;
Williamsburgh—LEISVA, 46 Ten Eyck Street.

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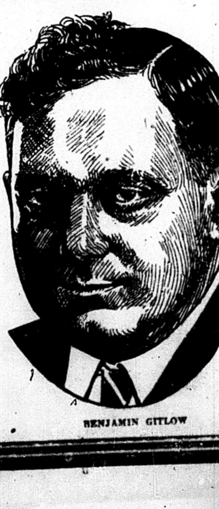

BENJAMIN GITLOW

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Editor..............................ROBERT MINOR

Assistant Editor....................WM. F. DUNNE

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

VOTE COMMUNIST!

For President
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭ ☒ WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

Something for Hoover to Answer

Harbert Hoover, in his campaign speeches, constantly reiterates his full approval of the Coolidge administration and promises, if elected to the presidency, a continuation of those policies. It would be interesting for Hoover to try to reconcile the pacifist pretenses of the Kellogg-Briand pact with the announcement from Washington that "the bill now pending before the senate for construction of fifteen cruisers and one airplane carrier will be taken up and passed this winter if President Coolidge has his way."

The Kellogg pact decreed the outlawing of war as a national policy. Naturally any nation, even the most aggressively imperialist, could sign such a document for the simple reason that no government proclaims war as a national policy. Each group of imperialist war-mongers indulges in the building of armaments and preparations for new wars under cover of national defense, security, peace, and the other shibboleths now familiar to all who observe the duplicity of the statesmen of capitalist nations.

It is not often that the capitalist press is so frank as was the Wall Street Journal, on Wednesday, September 26, when it said editorially:

> "Mr. Kellogg's treaty was readily signed because it really bound nobody to anything specific. It was a profession of altruism to which any civilized nation might subscribe. It had none of the sanctions of the league of nations and it is quite conceivable that its value, other than as a shock absorber, was not much more than that of a series of peace treaties negotiated by Bryan which the whole world forgot in a few months in the horrors of the Great War."

Such a statement is important not only because of its open ridicule of the peace gestures of Kellogg, but because of the cynicism with which it suggests the approach of another world war. The fact that Kellogg's treaty of today is placed in the same category as the series of Bryan treaties before the outbreak of the world war is no mere flair of speech. It reveals the deliberate political estimates of the spokesmen of Wall Street, regarding the approach of another war.

At this moment the war-mongers and their government at Washington are incensed because Britain, dominating the ninth annual assembly of the league of nations, has succeeded in making the pact ridiculous before it is one month old, by proposing enforcement clauses. British imperialism is, of course, the last power that would seriously consider such clauses. Diplomats have perfected to a high degree the use of language to conceal thought. The proposals at the league assembly were brought forth only in order to hold the Kellogg pact up to the contempt of the whole world. It would have been impolite to laugh at the antics of "Nervous Nelly" Kellogg, the butcher of Nicaraguans in behalf of the imperialists of the United States, while he was soberly defending such a farce as the pact.

If Britain or the United States or any of the other signatories of the pact really intended to outlaw war the proposals of the Soviet Union to instantly and completely disarm would have been accepted by them long ago. The Soviet government was perfectly right when it declared that the pact, without even such an elementary guarantee as limitation of increasingly growing armaments will remain a dead letter.

In spite of the pact, and as if to mock the thing, the race for armaments goes madly forward. The war clouds grow ever darker. Instead of approving the stand of the one power in the world that advocates real peace and has a program capable of realizing peace, the imperialist nations of the earth are daily plotting new conspiracies against the government of workers and peasants that now thrives in the domain of the former Russian Czars.

The workers of the whole world must be alert to prevent the imperialist conspirators, the Coolidges, the Kelloggs, the Hoovers, the Briands, the Chamberlains, from attacking the Soviet Union.

Hoover, the personification of international banditry, must be rebuked in the United States by the workers and farmers piling up a large vote in support of the one party that fights against war and that represents the international solidarity of the working class, the Workers (Communist) Party.

Let the butchers of the working class know that there is a veritable army of workers and farmers in the United States that will fight with every weapon at hand against the war conspiracies.

The Recognition of Nanking

The dejure recognition of the bloody regime of Chiang Kai-shek in China by the United States government is a direct slap in the face of Japan and England. It is one more step in the ever-increasing determination of American imperialism to take the lead in world reaction.

At the moment when Japan was fighting against the nationalist regime at Nanking a few months ago the United States aroused the fury of the Tokio government of Tanaka by concluding a tariff treaty with Nanking. At that time Secretary of State Kellogg publicly stated that the conclusion of the treaty constituted de facto recognition "at least." After a study of International law and American precedents it is now announced that the treaty constituted de facto or actual recognition of Nanking as the government.

The recognition of Nanking is also another affront to England, inasmuch as the policy of the Baldwin tory government in China has been directed toward joint action of the imperialist powers having interests in China.

Thus, while antagonisms are sharpening in Europe as emphasized by the British-French naval treaty on the eve of the signing of the Kellogg pact, the open assault by the German representative, Count von Bernsdorff, on the policies of England and France at the annual assembly of the league of nations, and the constant provocations of all imperialist powers against the Soviet Union, the insatiable Wall Street gang intensifies its drive in the Far East, bringing nearer the war that is now in preparation by every predatory nation on the face of the earth.

Not a moment is to be lost by the class conscious workers in energetically working with all speed to perfect machinery that will be able to withstand the impact of the next world war and prepare forces that will be able, in the course of the conflict, to change the imperialist war into a civil war against capitalism.

Tammany Favorite Wants Fare Boost

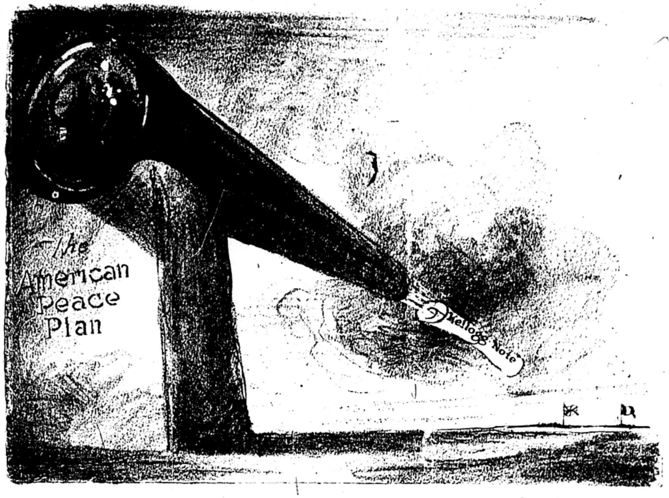
Owen D. Young, chairman of the board of the General Electric Company, speaking in Cleveland before the American Electric Railway Association, urged abolition of the five cent fare in New York. Young is high in the councils of the Tammany branch of the democratic party and is one of those favored by Al Smith as candidate for governor.

The open declaration bears out our contention that the Tammany city administration under Al. Smith's night-club, song-writing mayor, Jimmy Walker, in spite of his declarations to the contrary, is aiding the traction trust in its attempt to boost fares in New York for workers who are compelled to risk their lives on the subways and elevated railways.

CAMPAIGN CORNER

Funds for the Communist Election Campaign are coming in to the national headquarters in increasing volume. But it takes a lot of ten dollar bills to make $100,000. The capitalist parties will spend at least $20,000,000, between them to hoodwink and corrupt the workers in this election campaign. Raskob boasts that the democratic party will use up $1,000,000 in an effort to debauch the farmers. Al Smith's radio speeches will cost over half a million dollars. In face of this gigantic capitalist slush fund the sum asked by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party looks very small indeed. But Communist campaign funds will be used to educate the masses and not to hoodwink them. It means millions of leaflets and hundreds of speakers. Send your contributions at once to National Election Campaign Committee, 43 East 125th Street, New York City, Alexander Trachtenberg, treasurer.

"AMERICAN POLICY HAS NOT BEEN CHANGED" By Fred Ellis



Another Bankrupt Convention

District 7 Meeting Exposes Corrupt Lewis Cliques; "New Union Only Solution"

LANSFORD, Pa. (By Mail).—The convention of District 7, United Mine Workers of America, adjourned after a five day session, at which two cliques of reactionaries charged each other with corruption in the district elections, extravagance, and that one of the cliques was supported by the republican party while the other by the democratic party.

The convention selected for district president Mike Hartneady, who was declared "elected" after the votes of 5 local unions were thrown out, in this way defeating Bert Williams, a candidate in the opposition, selected by the Lewis machine.

Williams surrendered himself to the Lewis machine, rumor reports, and he has been promised that they will take care of him. It is interesting to note that the Lewis machine candidate "received" only 3714 votes, out of 12,000 members of District 7. Williams, after the votes of 5 local unions were thrown out, was credited with 2,657 votes, while Mattey, the present president, received 2,070 votes.

Progressive Delegates Unseated.

At the first day of the convention, by the decision of Thomas Kennedy, the International secretary-treasurer, 7 delegates, representing over 800 members of the Local 1376 of Hazleton, were unseated, because they had failed to pay assessments and, according to Kennedy, they had sent delegates to the National Miners' Convention at Pittsburgh. This local union contributed money for the striking soft coal miners direct to the rank and file thru the National Miners' Relief Committee. The votes of this local were also thrown out by the Lewis machine.

During the speech of John J. Casey, who is running for congressman on the democratic ticket from Luzerne County, delegates Joe McCoy and John Podesva interrupted his speech declaring that they do not want to listen to the capitalist politician, and that the union should support only candidates on the labor party ticket. They also brought out the point that the railroads are hawling scab coal and that the miners and railroad workers should stick together. They were ruled out of order by the chairman of the convention, but many delegates expressed their approval.

Attack Progressives.

During the entire convention, leaders of the Lewis machine attacked and slandered the former Save the Union movement. Andrew Mattey, ex-president, opening the convention made the following statement:

"During the past two years our union has been harased from within and without, by the activities of certain radical elements masquerading under the title of "Save the Union Committee."

John J. Casey and Thomas Kennedy attacked the Save-the-Union movement in a similar way. Mike Hartneady, former sheriff of Carbon County, in his speech admitted that the Save-the-Union movement had made inroads into District 7 and was making progress. He said that he met at this convention delegates who were delegates to the National Miners' Convention at Pittsburgh. (Hartneady was one of those who led the gangster attack on the delegates at the hall of the National Miners' Convention in Pittsburgh.)

The Lewis machine at this convention passed a resolution forbidding members of the local unions to listen to the new union organizers, or permit them to speak at local union meetings.

Nothing About Miners' Conditions.

During the time of the convention, which lasted five days, not five minutes was spent by the Lewis machine in discussing the problems confronting the miners and the working class in general. They did not even pay attention to the strike which has been in progress for some time. The miners in these collieries are fighting against indirect wage cuts, worsening working conditions and for seniority rights in the Sandy Run colliery. The problem of unemployment was not taken up either. In Panther Creek section, Collieries 4, 5 and 6 have been closed down many weeks by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co., as unprofitable mines. Four thousand five hundred men are idle and many of them are on the point of starvation. Sometime ago the miners of this company went out on a general strike with the view of forcing the company to operate all the mines equally. The strike was broken by the Lewis-Kennedy-Mattey machine. The idle men appealed to the convention for help, and the convention under the control of the Lewis gang "promised to make an appeal for relief."

Money For Officials.

Thru expulsions of local unions and general neglect of the organization, the membership in District 7 has dropped down considerably. There is not enough money coming to the district to pay its officials. So the Lewis machine passed a resolution demanding the annexation of 20,000 members of the 4th Inspection District of District 1. By adding that number, they are figuring on getting enough revenue for their fat salaries and expenses.

New Union Necessary.

"If there was any question as to the point that a new union had to be built, it was proven by the Lansford convention, and this must be done by the militant rank and file." This is a statement by one of the delegates to the Lanaford convention. Although the convention was controlled by the Lewis gang by packing it with officials, the pressure of the rank and file was felt at the convention. It was under the pressure of the rank and file that Bert Williams and his supporters threw the convention into an uproar by submitting several hundred affidavits signed by members that they had not visited the union polls on election day. The fraud, stealing of fake votes, was exposed at the convention and proved beyond doubt that the Lewis gang controlled District 7 only by this method, and by terror and expulsions.

The militant element in District 7 will use this to prove to the rest of the membership that the union here is controlled by an unscrupulous gang of officials and that the new National Miners' Union must be built, which will take up the fight for the interest of the rank and file. The militant element in District 7 are progressing in organizing their forces and will wage a vigorous fight to win the rank and file for the new union.

CARVER-LASKI-HILLQUIT

This trio recently wrote articles in *Current History* on the general subject of

MARXISM TODAY

Thomas Nixon Carver, for twenty-six years professor of political economy at Harvard, is one of the leading apologists for imperialism and tries to rationalize all its ramifications, including defense of labor-fakers and labor-banking. Harold J. Laski, Oxford graduate, a typical liberal with fabian socialist leanings, is a consistent villifyer of Communism. Morris Hillquit has been for years the theoretical leader of the socialist party of America and is high in the councils of the second international. He tries to emasculate Marxism into the dirty sermonizing of a pacifist.

These three personify the class elements aligned against the proletarian revolution. Under different forms they all assail Marxism-Leninism, the theory and practice of the proletarian revolution.

H. M. WICKS

will reply to this combination in a series of articles beginning in the

Daily Worker

Monday, October 1st

Do not miss a copy. Buy it at the newsstands if in New York City. If elsewhere SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE SO YOU WILL NOT MISS A SINGLE ISSUE.

Militancy Grows Among Negro Workers

By H. C. WILLIAMS.

There is a marked radical change taking place among the Negro masses of North America, despite the fact that there are so many obstacles in their way. With the open betrayal of the race by the republican and democratic parties, we are observing an ideological revolt on the part of the entire race. This revolt is being symbolized and developed under the hegemony of a black leadership. The Negro masses have been predominantly under the influence of the republican party for over sixty years. The republican party has been able to symbolize Abraham Lincoln as the martyr, the man who freed the Negro race from chattel-slavery. It is with this myth the capitalist class of America has been able to tie the Negro race of America hand and foot to the bandwagon of republicanism.

Recently in Chicago at the Elks national convention, the slogan was for the nomination of a black president. The National Inter-Racial Independent political party announced in Washington that a meeting of Negroes had been called at Philadelphia September 3, to make known their purpose to bolt the republican ticket, and give their reasons for doing so. Other conferences are to be held in Chicago and New York. The notice of the meeting says: "Negroes to bolt the republican party and vote for Dr. S. P. W. Drew, vice-presidential running mate of Gen. Jacob S. Coxey of Ohio, inter-racial party."

The Independent Order of Elks, with a membership of almost half a million Negro men and women, were on the verge of bolting the republican party, but was betrayed by the treacherous petty bourgeois Roscoe Simmons, and Robert B. Church, who had not guts enough to stand with their persecuted comrade Perry Howard, the last Negro republican national committee man from the state of Mississippi. He has been indicted by the United States grand jury in Mississippi on charges of selling federal offices.

The argument was made that now is the time for a "protest vote." These are signs of a new era in the life of the Negro people of America, which will take on great momentum against the ruling class of America.

Many Negroes are still laboring under the illusion that in order to spite the republican ticket they should vote for the democratic party, notwithstanding that the democratic party is just as ruthless as the republican. Did not this same party openly kick the Negro in the face when not a single Negro delegate was seated in the democratic convention, and a Jim-Crow cage was provided for Negro visitors.

The Workers (Communist) Party realizing its historical role in the class struggle was the only political party that had 24 Negro delegates that actively participated in all its sessions at their national nominating convention which took place last May.

Read the program and see for yourselves. It was the Communist Party which demonstrated to protest against Wall street bankers on behalf of little Haiti, China, Nicaragua, Philippines, etc; no other party could have demonstrated such solidarity but a truly revolutionary party, against their own white oppressors, the capitalist class of America.

Told You So

WHO owns Fourth Deputy Police Commissioner Nelson Ruttenberg of New York City? By his meal ticket you shall know them. As these lines are being written, Wednesday, September 26, the taxicab industry of Gotham is spending thousands of fares on a luncheon tendered to Mr. Ruttenberg at the Hotel Astor. Twenty industrial organizations connected with the taxicab business are of the opinion that the fourth deputy police commissioner is their man. No doubt other business interests have a "piece of him," as they say in sporting circles, but it appears that the taxi magnates own the lion's share.

T. J. O'Flaherty

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MAURICE CONNOLLY, democratic boss of the Borough of Queens and successor of the late John M. Phillips, king of the sewers, is carrying his chin saucily, judging by the pictures that catch the big pipe and garbage man as he wends his way to the court house, where he is being tried for conspiring with Phillips to do the taxpayers out of a lot of money. Even if Mr. Connolly is found guilty one year in jail is about all they can give him. Catch him get it. He is no petty larceny artist.

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LITTLE black books are as incriminating as little black satchels. It was a little black satchel that caused a general suspicion at one time that A. B. Fall, former secretary of the interior, had profited to the tune of $100,000 from the leasing of the Elk Hill naval reserve oil lands to Edward L. Doheny, the oil magnate. Albert said they were all wrong and evidently he was right, for is he not at large and very much so? Indeed Albert was recently offered $800,000 for the ranch purchased by him with Doheny's oil dough. The reward of honesty!

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A little black book is figuring in the misfortunes of the Philadelphia police force which is being charged with an alliance with the bootlegging industry to the great comfort of the bluecoats and the mirth of the mellowed population. Why the police should be indicted for serving such a great and flourishing industry is not very clear. It is not fair. The police are the servants of business. That's what they get paid for. Why discriminate against the malefactors of bad booze when the other malefactors of great wealth are treated decently?

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PERHAPS the Hoover campaign managers got their idea of wide-spread prosperity from reading the income tax reports of the Chicago bootleggers. The Internal Revenue Collector in Chicago has tax liens ranging from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000 against Terry Druggan, Frankie Lake and John J. Nolan. Great powers that they are, it is reported that Lake and Druggan are treating with government plenipotentiaries for a compromise.

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MAYOR WALKER has suddenly come to the conclusion that some churches are political institutions. He would therefore tax church forums. The only thing the matter with this discovery is that it is not a discovery. With hardly an exception churches are supporters of the present social order and religion is one of the strongest bulwarks of capitalism. Walker's decision results from the hippodrome conducted by the mountebank Straton in his Calvary Baptist Church. Had Straton confined his political raving to attacking Communism instead of Al Smith, the mayor would not grudge the churches the money they save in taxes at the expense of citizens who would not give a hoot if all the preachers in the metropolis were fighting fleas in Bowery flop houses.

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A cousin of Calvin Coolidge, who by the way is president of the United States, won the cow-calling contest in Wisconsin. What a politician the fellow would make if he was as adept at throwing the bull as at calling the cow.

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BECAUSE as a proven success in his own business affairs and handling affairs of others business will be safe with Herbert Hoover in the white house is the reason given by Joe Mitchell Chapple for the decision of the Chapple family—eleven of them—to vote for the G. O. P. candidate. Jesse James was a success in his own business and he handled the affairs of others with no little dexterity, yet he was never nominated for the presidency. Of course the world has moved forward since then and Wall Street is no longer in the bad odor it was several years ago.

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HOOVER is not saying much in this campaign but it must be admitted that he is not as dumb as he was during the Teapot Dome scandal when he sat in the Harding cabinet while the Elk Hill and Teapot Dome leases were being peddled to the highest bidder.

Tom O'Flaherty

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
TO ORGANIZE THE UNORGANIZED
FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK
FOR A LABOR PARTY
FOR A WORKERS' AND FARMERS' GOVERNMENT

Daily Worker

WORKERS OF THE WORLD UNITE

FINAL CITY EDITION

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Imperialist Clash in Arms Is Intensified; France Sharp to U.S.

"Does Not Mean Death of Anglo-French Pact," Briand

U. S. Notes Delivered

Admit Pact Applies to Land Forces

(By United Press)

PARIS, Sept. 28. — The American reply to the French-English naval agreement, while apparently unfavorable, is not regarded by France as meaning the death of the agreement.

Foreign Minister Aristide Briand, after reading the American note closely, said to the United Press:

"The American attitude has been known in France for several days, but I do not consider the discussion closed as long as France, England, and probably other nations, support the European viewpoint on naval disarmament."

Imperialist Clash.

The American note was delivered to Philippe Berthelot, secretary of the foreign office, at 12:30 p. m. today without comment. It expresses the American attitude toward the position taken by England and France in favor of no limitation on small cruisers and submarines.

A high official of the foreign office pointed out that the United States makes not even the slightest concession in the note to the European viewpoint, but "attempts to dominate the other nations." Nevertheless, he continued, the American note near its end reopens the door to a proposal by France or any nation for definite limitation, both by tonnage and numbers, of craft of all categories.

No Reply.

The official expressed the opinion that there is no need for haste, as naval disarmament experts already have months of work ahead, which they now will study with the new expression of American views in mind.

Neither France nor England, it was said, would reply immediately to the American note, as the subject will be handled with a view to possible modifications by the foreign offices concerned.

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PARIS, Sept. 28 (U.P.).—It was admitted in official circles, after weeks of denials, that the question of land armaments was included in the Anglo-French agreement.

The admission was that at least a "moral promise" exists between England and France by which England supports the French views regarding land armaments, especially extensive fortification of the French frontier and the maintenance of French troops in her colonies. It was insisted that nothing had been put in writing, although the land agreement was considered an essential part of the naval accord.

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The apparent determination of France to maintain her naval and military agreement with Great Britain will undoubtedly intensify the bitter struggle for power which is now going on between the United States and her chief imperialist rival, Great Britain.

The agreement is primarily directed against the United States and grows out of the conflict over war debts and the bitter imperialist struggle for raw materials, colonies and markets.

'Hammer' Dance at New Star Casino Tonight

A concert and ball, arranged by the Jewish Bureau of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Hammer, Jewish Communist monthly, will be held at the remodelled New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., tonight.

The Russian string trio, consisting of Naum Blinder, noted violinist and graduate of the Moscow Conservatory of Music; Ossip Giskin, cellist, and Emanuel Bay, pianist, will play several Russian arias. [illegible] Philo, of the Metropolitan Opera, will sing classics and folksongs, and Lazar Weiner, conductor of the Freiheit Singing Society, will conduct the singing of the Internationale.

Following the concert, there will be dancing until morning.

AVOID EGYPT

MOMBASA, British East Africa, Sept. 28 (UP).—The Prince of [illegible] and his brother, the Duke of [illegible], arrived by steamer to start their hunting tour of

AUSTRALIA DOCK STRIKE SPREADS

Government Declares "Crisis Exists"

SIDNEY, Australia, Sept. 28.—Five hundred special police of a projected force of 2,000 were yesterday issued rifles and put under the command of army officers by the Australian government.

In a proclamation issued at the same time as the rifles, the government stated that the extraordinary measures were the result of disturbances between strikebreakers and dock workers now on strike in all Australian ports.

"A national crisis exists," the government's proclamation asserts.

Police clubs today beat dock pickets from the water front injuring many while the newly armed special platoons stood by to lend a hand should the strikers prove as superior to the police as was the case during yesterday's disturbances.

Attempts of the strikers to dissuade strikebreakers from loading cargoes were everywhere violently dispersed by the police. Premier Stanley Bruce in a statement issued today declared that the government is determined at all costs to operate the maritime service at maximum.

It is expected that the 2,000 special police will be encamped at Port Adelaide by tomorrow. The government has announced that the platoon will be armed with rifles and bayonets. They will also carry side arms.

The strike of harbor workers began following the refusal of the government to alter its ruling that shippers may hire on a two shift basis, discharging in the afternoon men hired in the morning and taking on new workers to fill their places.

BAZAAR WORK AT FASTER TEMPO

Many Organizations Increase Activity

Not as big as the great Nijni Novgorod Fair which has just closed in the Soviet Union, but certainly one of the greatest bazaars ever held in this country will take possession of Madison Square Garden next Thursday when the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar opens. The bazaars will continue for four successive days, closing Sunday.

From every part of the country workers' organizations are responding to the appeal of the National Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar Committee and are busy collecting articles, greetings and names for the Red Honor Roll and selling tickets. During these last few days before the opening of the bazaar work is being especially intensified in order to assure the success of this all-important event.

Thousands of articles of all sorts will be on sale at prices suitable for proletarian pocketbooks. In addition there will be many features and entertainments. Saturday, Oct. 6, will be children's day and special events are being arranged for that day.

An announcement from the committee also states that all money for greetings and for names for the Red Honor Roll must be turned into its office, 30 Union Square, today, in order that the souvenir bazaar program may be able to go to press.

SOCIALISTS HOLD "RALLY."

While the mass meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party was in progress last night, a handful of "socialists" attended a Party "rally" at Carnegie Hall. The place was less than half filled with an immaculately dressed group of small business men.

The pot boilers of the socialist party, McAllister Coleman, Professor Robert Morss Lovett, August Claessens, James Maurer, William Carver and Norman Thomas spoke. Carver praised the "patience" of the socialist party which "year after year" has been waiting for its turn. Other speakers assured the assemblage that Norman Thomas was a fine candidate.

TWO REACTIONARIES

ROME, Sept. 28 (UP).—Commander Umberto Nobile, of the Polar dirigible Italia, was received by the Pope in an interview of 45 minutes today.

BATTY TRYING TO RUSH THRU MILL STRIKE SELL OUT

Press, Clergymen Howl, "Workers Must Take 5 Per Cent Cut"

Begin New Arrests

Militants Call Workers to "No Compromise"

BULLETIN

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 28.—W. E. G. Batty, secretary of the Textile Council, is preparing to bring to a vote before members of his locals, the question of acceptance of the five per cent wage cut offer, as a compromise to settle the strike.

Queries put to a member of the Council as he stepped from the meeting room in the Labor Temple, elicited as his belief that the officials may succeed in pushing thru a vote favoring acceptance of the five per cent wage cut offer.

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NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 28.—Continuing their drive against picketing at the Page Mill, police yesterday arrested William T. Murdoch, organizer of the Textile Workers' Union. He is held in $300 bail. Murdoch was arrested two days ago while leading the pickets at the same mill.

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NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 28.—Roger Baldwin, today, announced that the American Civil Liberties Union would within a few days begin suit for damages against Sergeant Velho, the police thug who beat to unconsciousness a 63-year-old striker, Frank August, while he was confined in jail for picketing.

The City Council yesterday refused to give Jacob Minkin, the Civil Liberties Union attorney, permission to state the facts of the brutal assault by Velho from the Council floor.

The International Labor Defense has till now been carrying the burden alone of defending the hundreds arrested for strike activities.

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(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 28.—Business men, clergymen of all denominations, the newspapers, which until now tried to pose as "friends of the strikers," are now aligning their forces, coercive and

Continued on Page

TO FIGHT BOSS 'CHARITY' TRICK

Call Conference in Cleveland Oct. 16

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 28.—Mobilizing all forces in order to combat the Community Fund Movement by which workers are fleeced of thousands of dollars, the Workers (Communist) Party has called a conference for Tuesday, Oct. 16, at 7:30 p. m. at 3046 E. 4th St.

An appeal has been sent to trade unions, fraternal clubs, and other workingclass organizations to send two delegates to this conference, which will lay plans for combatting the Community Fund on a large scale.

The appeal points out that the Community Fund drive is being backed by some of the biggest open-shop firms in the city who compel every worker to contribute from $1 to $10 to this fund. Much of this money is used not to aid the workers, but is diverted to such institutions as the Y. M. C. A. and the Boy Scouts.

SET YOUR CLOCK BACK.

The Daylight Saving period comes to a close at 2 o'clock tomorrow morning. Clocks will be turned back one hour.

For Governor of N. J.

Scott Nearing, writer and lecturer, who is the candidate for governor of New Jersey on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket. Nearing is now touring the southern states, and speaking to thousands of workers in many industrial cities.

GITLOW HAILED IN MINNESOTA

Exposes Steel Trust at Big Meeting

(Special to the Daily Worker)

VIRGINIA, Minn., (By Mail—Delayed).—Benjamin Gitlow, vice-presidential candidate of the Workers (Communist) Party ticket spoke here on September 19th to several hundred workers mostly in the employ of the steel trust, on the issues of the election campaign and the program of the Communist Party.

The meeting was an enthusiastic one despite the spy system of the steel trust which keeps tabs on the activities of the iron workers who braved the driving rain to hear the message of the class struggle. There was considerable applause when Gitlow declared: "We can tell the agents of the steel trust present at this meeting that the conditions prevailing in the metal mining industry are making for an organization campaign in that industry, that the campaign will be started, that the workers will learn how to fight the steel trust and its agents, and that a militant fighting union will in the near future be established in the metal mining industry."

Speed-Up Low Wage.

Gitlow, speaking of the metal mining industry said, "Five years ago there were 10,000 workers employed in the Mesaba Range, today less than 5,000 workers on the range turn out more tonnage than five years ago. The steel trust that owns the mines, maintains a big spy system to terrify the workers and to keep them away from organization. The wages paid by the companies are from $3.50 to $4.50 per day. Thousands of miners have been eliminated from the mines. The introduction of machinery has been costly to the miners in the industry."

USSR DISCOVERS PLOT IN KUBAN

Sons of Former Rulers Attempt Bombing

MOSCOW, Sept. 28.—A counter-revolutionary plot, headed by sons of former officers and officials, has been discovered at Krasnodar in Kuban province, according to the report of Tass, official news agency of the Soviet government.

The objects of the movement were stated to be terroristic acts against the representatives of the Soviet government, including the blowing up of important buildings and other subversive acts. The attempt has been successfully resisted.

GRAFT GANG GOT THOUSANDS FROM TUNNEL BUILDER

Connolly-Phillips Crew Demanded $50,000; Got $8,500

$20,000 Bribe for Job

Wrote Specifications to Order

The great game of high-speed graft and big-business rake offs was further elaborated yesterday at the trial of Maurice E. Connolly, former Queens borough president, and Frederick Seely, former borough engineer on trial in connection with the $30,000,000 Tammany graft exposure. What little has hitherto been left undisclosed as to the ways of the Tammany politicians and their big business masters, is being reluctantly broadcasted.

John F. O'Rourke, millionaire contractor who accumulated his wealth building tunnels for the generous Tammany contract donnars and among whose happy hunting grounds were two tunnels under the East River, testified that his connections with "See Jack" Phillips, the late sewer pipe king were sufficiently powerful to compel Seely and indirectly Connolly to do his bidding.

At first, O'Rourke testified the Queens politicians "had refused to look" at him, but after he had seen "See Jack" Phillips, the Queens sewer department wrote O'Rourke's own specifications into a contract.

"Phillips told me he wanted $50,000 for his compensation," O'Rourke said. But somehow O'Rourke managed to get off with a tax of only $8,500. Phillips was so mad he used an expletive and followed it with language so forceful "that I don't believe I'd repeat," the modest O'Rourke declared.

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(By United Press)

Evidence in the trial of Frederick B. Seely and Maurice E. Connolly,

Continued on Page Three

RED CONFAB IN NEW ENGLAND

Will Stress Election Issues

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 28.—Declaring that the old capitalist parties are both enemies of the working class and that the so-called socialists are a party to the political confidence game being played on the workers, the New England Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has issued a call for a conference at which the militant elements of the labor movement in that section will unite their forces against the parties of the capitalist class.

The district conference will take place Sunday, October 14, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon

"The two big parties are spending millions to bluff the masses. There are no real political differences between the republican and democrat parties. Both are the enemies of the workers. Hoover and Smith are the candidates of big business. The Wall St. interests will win regardless of which of the two are elected.

"S. P." Petty Business Men.

"The militant spirit of Debs has been completely wiped out from the socialist party. The S. P. representing the petty business and professional elements and certain types of labor-misleaders is feebly threatening to scare the capitalist politicians. They have chosen a fashionable church minister to utter di-

Continued on Page Three

4,000 Greet Opening of First Big N.Y. Red Campaign Rally; Speakers Stress War Danger

French Pioneers in Summer Camp

Hundreds of children of the French working class are now escaping the heat and overcrowding of the last summer in the great cities and factory centers in the French workers' camps. Above, a group of pioneers in camp outside Paris.

Ovation Greets Minor, Wolfe, Poyntz and Others

Expose 3 Boss Parties

Non-Party Workers Attend

Indicative of the growing influence of the Workers (Communist) Party over the militant sections of the working class, more than 4,000 workers crowded Central Opera House last night in an enthusiastic demonstration of their support of the program of the Party of the class struggle. Fully one-half those present are believed to have been non-Party members who have participated in the militant struggles led by the Communists and are now ready to support the Party politically.

First Big City Rally.

The meeting was the first New York State election rally of the Party in this city and marks the real opening of the Communist campaign here. The chief candidates for the state offices and a number of candidates for congress were greeted with a renewal of the enthusiasm which marked the recent national and state conventions of the Party held in this city.

Speaking on the role of the Workers Party in the coming imperialist war, Robert Minor, editor of the Daily Worker, and candidate for U. S. Senate, declared that one of the great claims that the Communists make for the support of the workers in every locality is the fact that they alone have the correct program on international issues. "The great fact to which the Communist Party points and against which it is rallying the working class," Minor declared, "is the war danger. While the other parties, including the bankrupt socialist party, are deliberately camouflaging the war danger; the Communists expose its growing menace."

Great Enthusiasm.

Spontaneous applause greeted the speakers throughout the meeting. At various times the "Internationale" was struck up to the lusty singing of four thousand workers. "Tis the final conflict, Let each stand in his place!" Several in the audience who earlier had dropped in casually at the socialist "rally" staged simultaneously at Carnegie Hall were heard to remark: What a difference! This is a meeting of life; here is the growing working class."

Expose Smith.

Analyzing the hypocricy and inconsistencies in the speech and position of Al Smith as revealed in his speech delivered at St. Paul, Minn., Thursday night, Bertram D. Wolfe, candidate for congress for the 10th Congressional District, and National Agitprop Director of the Workers Party, traced the connections of the Tammany Hall candidate with the same power interests, who Smith declared are in control of the republican government.

Acting as chairman of the meeting, William W. Weinstone, organizer of District 2, promptly struck the keynote of the meeting when he declared: "The Communist Party is not only a Party of the ballot but of the class struggle, we call upon the workers not only to vote with us but to fight with us—and we lead their battles."

Richard B. Moore, organizer of the American Negro Labor Congress and candidate for congress from the Twenty-first District, spoke on the Communist Party and the Negro Masses, exposing the

Continued on Page Two

WORKING YOUTH MEET TO OPEN HERE TODAY

Several hundred delegates are expected to attend the 2-day Working Youth Conference which opens at the Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave., today at 2 p. m.

These delegates will represent many industries and trades, local unions, youth organizations, and many organized and unorganized shops where young workers are employed. Leading left wing trade union leaders, including Ben Gold, Louis Hyman, and others, have endorsed the conference.

The problem of organizing the unorganized young workers will be dealt with thoroughly at this conference. Practical steps and plans will be worked out for carrying on a systematic campaign for organization.

The report for the Provisional Committee, as made known by its spokesman in advance, will announce the printing of over 50,000 leaflets for various trades and industries, several mass meetings, contacts with many local unions, youth clubs, and shop committees, and the individual activities of organizations which have endorsed the Working Youth Conference such as the Young Workers (Communist) League, Local 43, Millinery Workers, the Knitgoods Workers Union, the Needle Trades and other organizations.

Among the speakers will be Robert W. Dunn, labor economist; Albert Weisbord, secretary-treasurer of the newly-formed Textile Workers' Union; John J. Ballam, industrial organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party in District 2; Philip Frankfeld of the Young Workers (Communist) League and a young textile striker, who will present the greetings of his fellow strikers in New Bedford.

HOLD CONFAB ON SCHIFFRIN CASE

Defense Body Rallies Workers of Shops

Militant workers are responding speedily to combat the frame-up of William Schiffrin, who is to come before the grand jury charged with homicide. This is indicated by the large numbers signifying their intentions to participate in the conference to be held tomorrow afternoon by the William Schiffrin Defense Committee. The conference will open at 1 o'clock in Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place.

Their suspicions of an attempted frame-up against Schiffrin, lulled for a short while because of the overwhelming evidence presented in court proving that Schiffrin was defending his life, the progressive workers here were jerked awake with a start when Magistrate Dodge Thursday held Schiffrin for the grand jury, in face of the irrefutable evidence of his innocence.

Increasing Efforts.

When the Schiffrin Defense Committee saw a judge hold Schiffrin without bail when the witnesses for the prosecution themselves were compelled to admit facts that proved Schiffrin a hero, fighting for his life, they heightened the defense campaign. They therefore are warning the workers to be on the watch to halt the capitalist and socialist coalition that hates militants in the labor movement equally well. The workers are being appealed to, to stop this unholy alliance from claiming another victim.

Numerous mass meetings are being held throughout the week in all sections of the city where Jewish workers live. The campaign, the committee says, will be broadened

Continued from Page One

Attention: Members of Dist. 2, Workers Party!

"By directions of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party the District Executive Committee is calling a meeting of all members of the district to hear a report on the World Congress of the Communist International and on the Election Campaign.

"The meeting will be held Tuesday, October 2, at 8 p. m. at Central Opera House, 205 E. 67th St. Admission will be by membership book only.

"Further details will be announced in the press.

"William W. Weinstone, District Organizer."

PARIS WORKERS PROTEST PRICES

PARIS, Sept. 28.—The working class section of Paris has assumed a sullen mood that has awakened considerable concern in the Quai D'Orsay, due to the tremendous jump in prices during the last six months.

The price of commodities, chiefly food, has increased more than 20 per cent since last January. The government is trying to avert serious demonstrations by assertions that it will "attempt to prevent" profiteering in food and try to fix prices.

WORKERS PARTY TO FIGHT NEBRASKA JINGOES

Campaign Committee Asks for Funds to Put Communist Ticket Back on Ballot

The action of the labor-baiting government of Nebraska in throwing the Workers (Communist) Party ticket off the ballot after the Communist petitions were properly filed according to law with the secretary of state and accepted by him for filing, will be answered by the National Election Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party with a vigorous campaign to get the Party ticket back on the ballot in that state before the dead line for filing is reached.

This was made clear in a statement issued yesterday from the headquarters of the National Election Campaign Committee, 43 E 125th St., by Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman of the committee.

Take Up Challenge.

Trachtenberg said: "The ruling class of Nebraska, fearing the effect of Communist propaganda on the exploited workers and farmers of the state, decided to make use of every means to throw the Communist ticket off the ballot. With this aim in view they put up the fascist Veterans of Foreign Wars and the strike-breaking American Legion to protest against the appearance of the Communist ticket on the ballot on the ground that the Party was 'un-American' and 'subversive.'

"The 'un-Americanism' and 'subversiveness' of the Communist Party consists in its agitation and propaganda among the exploited workers and farmers of Nebraska and the United States with the object of organizing them for the struggle to take possession of the land they till and the machinery they operate for the profit of the exploiters instead of for the benefit of the producers.

Accept Challenge.

"The Workers (Communist) Party accepts the challenge of the labor-hating ruling classes of Nebraska and will wage a vigorous campaign to have the Party ticket on the ballot in the November elections.

"The National Election Campaign Committee therefore calls on every Communist and Communist sympathizer and every reader of the Communist press to contribute at once to the cost of defraying the expenses of this campaign. The path to proletarian victory is strewn with obstacles and only by a relentless struggle against the ruling class can this victory be achieved. This fight calls for further financial sacrifice on the part of the class-conscious workers who see in this election campaign an opportunity to rally the opponents of the capitalist system for the struggle and to help

Continued on Page Three

City-Wide Conference of Needle Trade Workers to Aid Red Campaign on October 9

CALL IS ISSUED DENOUNCING THE 3 BOSS PARTIES

To Lay Definite Plans at Meet

Workers in the needle trades industry of New York were yesterday called to elect delegates and representatives of their labor organizations and factories to a conference called to endorse the presidential candidates running in the fall elections on the ticket of the Workers (Communist) Party. The call was distributed in the thousands in the markets and gathering places of needle trades workers, by the Needle Trades Campaign Committee. It was signed by Aaron Gross, leader of the Furriers' Union as chairman, and I. Stenzer, chairman of the Cloakmakers Joint Board as secretary.

Cites Bitter Struggles.

After showing in its appeal the anti-working class character of the three boss parties, republican, democratic and socialist, the call states the conference will be held Tuesday evening Oct. 9, at 6 o'clock, in Bryant Hall, 42nd St. and Sixth Ave. The appeal declares:

"Within the next few weeks we will be called upon to cast our votes in the coming presidential election.

"We, the needle trade workers, have gone thru a bitter struggle during the past few years; a struggle in which we had to meet the combined hostile forces of the socialist trade union bureaucracy, the bosses and the capitalist state, with its democratic and republican judges; a struggle in which we have seen the interests of the workers sold out to the bosses by the misleaders of the union, and where every attempt of the workers to defend their union and union conditions was met with the full power of the brutal police force of the democratic Mayor Walker and Governor Smith, whom the bureaucrats of the American Federation of Labor have endorsed as "the friend of labor."

Socialists Are Enemies.

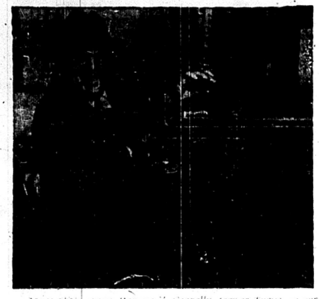
"The experience of the past few years have demonstrated to the workers that the socialist party, (under whose leadership the pogrom against the needle trade workers was launched), just as the big capitalist parties, is only an instrument of oppression against the workers. The struggle has thought the workers of our industry to distinguish their friends and their enemies. It has taught them the need for building real unions, controlled by the rank and file. It has taught them the need of a real political party of the working class which will stand ready to defend the interests of the mass of workers against the bosses and their agents.

"Now the time has come when the workers of our industry must translate these lessons into definite action. During this coming presidential campaign the needle trade workers will have an opportunity to demonstrate that their bitter experiences of the past few years have not been in vain, that as a class-conscious worker they will throw their entire support to that party which has championed their interest, that party which has always been the first to support every effort of the workers of our industry as well as other industries to improve their conditions, The Workers (Communist) Party.

Ready to Fight.

"Let this conference be the answer of the needle trade workers to all the acts of treachery of the socialist party, the instigator and leader of the present struggle. Let this conference in no uncertain terms tell all the enemies of the working class that just as we are ready to fight them on the economic field, just as we are ready to fight against their destructive deeds, their treachery and provocations on the picket line, just so are we ready to fight them on the political field."

Seems Sure "Trial" Will Whitewash Him



Above photo shows Maurice V. Connolly, former Tammany boro president of Queens, after he stated the other day that the jury "trying" him on sewer graft charges was a "blue-ribbon" jury, and perfectly satisfactory to him. He does not appear worried about the outcome of the "trial," knowing that capitalist political grafters always get off.

WARN OF WAR PERIL AT BIG COMMUNIST RALLY

Continued from Page One

treacherous role of the socialist party, which, Moore showed, was not different from the other capitalist parties in its program for the Negro masses.

Poyntz Stresses Campaign.

Juliet Stuart Poyntz, candidate for attorney general and national secretary for Women's Work of the Party, stressed the importance of the present campaign in America and showed its relation to the growing left movement of the international proletariat.

Rebecca Grecht, election campaign manager of the district, spoke on the old parties and their betrayal of local issues in the city. She made an appeal for financial support for the campaign which netted several hundred dollars. An appeal for new members to the Party resulted in about fifty responses.

Phil Frankfeld, district organizer of the Young Communist League, spoke on Youth in Industry and the Militarization of the Youth. A Young Pioneer, Bernard Berner, spoke on the Pioneers and the Boy Scout movement.

Final Signature Drive to Be Held Tomorrow

Tomorrow, the last and decisive day of the intensive campaign waged in New York for signatures to put the candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party on the ballot, will witness the final mobilization of Party members in all sections to complete the required quota.

While Williamsburg, Brownsville and the Co-operative Bronx sections are those most in need of signatures, the drive must be continued with increased vigor in other sections, according to the District 2 Campaign Committee. All members are urged to report at their headquarters Sunday at 9 a. m. The Bronx branches of the Young Workers (Communist) League will report at 2075 Clinton Ave. for the the final drive in the Third Bronx Assembly District.

EAGLE PENCIL SLAVES

I. L. D. Protests Police Attack on Meets

Charging direct collaboration between the Tammany police and officials of the open shop Eagle Pencil Company, the New York section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, in a statement issued last night, denounced the police action in interfering with meetings of the Workers (Communist) Party, in front of the Eagle company, 14th St. and Ave. C and demands that there be no interference with future meetings. The statement, signed by Rose Baron, secretary, follows:

"The breaking up of the Workers (Communist) Party meeting in front of the Eagle Pencil Company early this week was one of the most brazen acts of police-boss terror against workers that have recently occurred in this city.

Aiding Bosses.

'Every action of the police gave evidence that they were working upon orders from the officials of this viciously open shop company. The slaves of the Eagle company, working long hours for miserable wages under unendurable conditions must be kept in subjection and their minds must be drugged and guarded against receiving any message that would enlighten them as to the reasons for their misery. This is the program of the company and this is the program of the Tammany police, long notorious for their terror against workers.

"The meeting of the Workers Party was an election campaign meeting which aimed to expose the role of the capitalist parties in keeping the workers enslaved. Had it been a meeting of the democratic or republican party, would it have been broken up? Not only did the police forbid the meeting, but finding themselves unsuccessful in completely disrupting it, they drove the workers of the Eagle Pencil Company who were listening to the speakers back into the factory to prevent their minds from being 'polluted' by this 'Red' propaganda.

"The New York section of the International Labor Defense strongly denounces the abrogation of all the legal rights of citizens of this country in the attack upon this meeting. We charge this to be part of the general drive against the militant working class in which the Tammany police is helping the bosses to keep the workers in complete subjection.

"We demand that the police cease from interfering with Workers Party meetings in the future and pledge our fullest support in fighting against the attacks of the boss-controlled police and courts."

NEEDLE TRADES IN BRONX RALLY

Three More Meets Are Scheduled Today

The Red Election Campaign of the Needle Trades Campaign Committee was opened with a bang Thursday night, when at the corner of Intervale and Wilkins Aves., the Bronx, one of the largest open-air meetings ever held for the Workers (Communist) Party was held by needle trades workers.

Chief among the speakers were Ben Gold, prominent leader of the left wing furriers and Communist candidate in the Twenty-third Congressional District, and Charles Zimmerman, Red candidate for assembly in the Fifth Bronx assembly district and manager of the Dress Department of the National Organization Committee of needle trades workers.

Despite the chilly weather, hundreds of Bronx workers crowded around the Communist platform and listened to the platform of class struggle of the Workers (Communist) Party. The speakers were greeted enthusiastically and received large ovations.

Other speakers were Rose Wortis, of the Dressmakers' Union; Winogradsky, Furriers' Union, and Silkowitz, Cloak and Dressmakers. S. Hertz, of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, was chairman.

Three more open-air rallies will be held today by the Needle Trades Campaign Committee. In East New York, at the corner of Williams and Sutter Aves., L. Cohen, Liptzin, Taft, Jones, Lena Charnenko, Nat Wilks will speak. Ostrinsky will be chairman.

Under the chairmanship of H. Sazar, the following needle trades workers will speak in Brownsville, at the corner of Bristol Street and Pitkin Avenue, Ph. Goodman, Zeibel, Sylvia Blekeer, J. Goretzky and L. Cohen.

In Williamsburg, at Grand Street Extension and Havemeyer Street, J. Weisberg, A. Zirlin, William Abrams, I. Potash, Pinchefsky, Cibolsky and Wishnefsky. The chairman will be Kadrinetsky.

Mussolini Calls Meet of Fascist Editors to Dictate News Policies

ROME, Sept. 28.—To dictate the policy that all newspapers in Italy must follow in their handling of news and editorials Mussolini has called a conference of the fascist editors for October 10 at the Chigi Palace.

At that time he will also instruct the newspaper corporations to "insure" the success of the fascist agricultural colonists which will be held on November 3.

Mother Bloor to Speak at Boston W.I.R. Meet

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 28.—The conference of the Workers International Relief to aid the striking textile workers here will be held Sunday, Sept. 30, at 2 p. m. at the Credit Union Hall, 62 Chambers St.

Ella Reeve Bloor will be the principal speaker. Plans for a house to house collection to help the mill strikers will be taken up at the meeting

LONDON MURDER TRIAL.

LONDON, Sept. 28 (UP).—The case of San Dwe, Burmese, Christian Mahout and former guardian of the late Pa Wa, sacred White Elephant, was resumed in Marylebone Police Court today. San Dwe is accused of the murder of his friend, said Ali, Mohammedan Mahout, with whom he lived at the London Zoo.

MINERICH NAMED AS A CANDIDATE ON LABOR TICKET

Pennsylvania Party Selects Militant

(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 28.—Papers were filed today in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by Max Jenkins, County Secretary, of the Labor Party, for the nomination of Anthony Minerich, a militant leader in the miners strike, and chairman of the National Miners' Relief Committee, it was announced today by E. P. Cush, State Secretary of the Pennsylvania Labor Party. Minerich was named to fill a vacancy on the Labor Party ticket, for Congress in the 32nd Congressional District, N. S. Pittsburgh, and a portion of Allegheny County along the Allegheny River.

"The County Executive Committee of the Labor Party, has used good judgment in selecting Tony Minerich," Cush declared, "as he is one of the most consistent fighters against all those who oppose organized or unorganized labor."

Mrs. Anna Mondell, militant wife of a fighting miner of Renton, has also been selected to represent the Labor Party, as a candidate at a special election to fill the vacancy created by the death of the state senator in the 45th senatorial district of Allegheny County.

Anti-TrustProceedings Are Filed Against 8 Leading Cinema Firms

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28. (U.P.)—Anti-trust proceedings have been filed against eight leading motion pictures producers and the West Coast Theaters, Incorporated, of Southern California, the Justice Department was advised today.

Distributors and producers named include Paramount famous Lasky Distributing Corporation, First National Pictures, Universal Film-Exchanges, United Artists Corporation, Fox Film Corporation, Vitagraph, and Pathe.

The West Coast Theaters operate 100 motion picture theaters in Southern California.

Red Squads Will Wind Up Williamsburgh and Brownsville Drives

Williamsburg will be the chief scene of the activities of the Red Squads of Sections 2 and 3 tomorrow. All members of these sections are required to report at 46 Ten Eyck St., the headquarters of the Williamsburg section, for the drive to put across the Thirteenth Assembly District, or at 154 Watkins St., the Brownsville headquarters, for work in the Twenty-second Assembly District.

In sending out the call to the Red Squads of Sections 2 and 3, the District Campaign Committee urged that emphasis be placed on an especially large mobilization for Williamsburg.

Three-Cornered War Looms as Radio Trust Seeks More Control

(By United Press)

The possibility of a three-cornered struggle for supremacy in the domestic communications field was seen here as a result of the Radio Corporation of America's request for 68 new short wave channels in the United States.

The company announced its intention of establishing a radio network over the United States to compete commercially with the Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies.

Australian Workers Leader Is Acquitted

SYDNEY, (By Mail).—"Jock" Garden was acquitted today of the charge of wilfully inciting to murder on which he was arrested on June 13, under the States Crimes Act following a speech relating to the marine cooks' strike in which he was alleged to have said: "If scab cooks man vessels our own tactics may change. We may supply union men even though scabs are aboard. The scabs won't be good sailors. They will have to go to the railings occasionally. They may lose their balance . . . in which case the sea is deep and dead men tell no tales."

W. Allen White, Power Trust Hireling, Back

NEW YORK, Sept. 28 (UP).—Willim Allen White, Kansas author and editor, will return to the political battlefield "within 24 hours," he announced today on his return from a two months' European trip.

He admitted having received $500 for a speech to the National Electric Light Association convention at Atlantic City, N. J., before he sailed.

New Antarctic Drive

Imperialism's great fall offensive against the Antarctic is not confined to the Ford-backed Byrd expedition. Britain also is a competitor in the south polar drive. Above, Capt. Sir Hubert Wilkins, who has just sailed for the south pole.

BRITISH-U. S. OIL WAR PROCEEDING

Royal Dutch Adds to Capital

LONDON, Sept. 28.—To further complete the reported British oil-chemical combine and to complete steps in the trustification of these industries, the Royal Dutch-Shell, English oil company, has bought the Flintkote Company, a manufacturer of asphalt and other petroleum products, according to the announcement of Chester E. Rahr, president of Flintkote.

Eight to nine millions of additional capital has been added to the company by the Royal Dutch-Shell. An effort will also be made to buy up the stock held by American financiers in Flintkote. The asphalt company will be assured of all its raw materials and petroleum.

Many Workers Attend Cutters' League Meet

At a crowded meeting of the Cutters Welfare League, held last night at the headquarters of the Joint Board of the Cloak and Dressmakers Union, 16 W. 21st St., the reports delivered by the officers showed that the organization is increasing by leaps and bounds.

I. Horowitz, organizer, reported that many cutters are joining. Representatives of the National Organizational Committee reported on its activity in New York and out of town, emphasizing the accomplishments in Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago.

TORIES TO FIGHT COMMUNISTS ON CLASS ISSUE

Baldwin Shifts Strees at Conference

GREAT YARMOUTH, England, Sept. 28.—Prime Minister Baldwin of England admitted that the real danger facing England now was the "threat" of Communism and the extreme laborites and Communists among the British working class, at the conference of the conservative party here today.

A conference had previously adopted a resolution that would make the chief issue in the coming election campaign the question of "safe-guarding" the coal and iron industries and declared itself in favor of a stronge protective tariff. Baldwin in his speech, in part to save the tories from a split on the protective tariff, mostly to meet the opposition of the MacDonald labor party, shifted the emphasis to the danger of the militant working class movement, which, he said, MacDonald and his group could no longer control.

The maneuver was largely due, it is thought, to the danger of a conservative party split and the possibility of a MacDonald-Liberal coalition gaining power.

Conference of Workers Is Called to Prevent Frame-up of Schiffrin

Continued from Page One

out so that workers in other industries can be told of this vicious attempt to railroad an innocent worker.

The conference tomorrow is expected to be representative of many thousands of workers in New York City. Leaders of the militant labor movement in New York are to be the principal speakers. Plans for work are to be passed on. Labor organizations will be reached through speakers and literature to apprise them of the true facts in the case.

Schiffrin had defended his life single-handed against an attack of six "committeemen" armed with knives and sent to attack Schiffrin by the right wing officialdom of the Butchers Union. With his back against the wall, as witnesses proved, Schiffrin fought off his assailants and wounded two, one dying later.

You're in the fight when you write for The DAILY WORKER.

Company Stool-Pigeon

Patrick Connolly, head of I. R. T. Company Union, stool-pigeon among the traction workers, has been made a director in the I. R. T. as reward for services to company. Connolly owns valuable real estate in Yonkers, which seems suspicious to I. R. T. workers in view of the fact that Connolly claims he gets only 86 cents an hour, just as the other workers do.

WILL DEVELOP USSR UTILITIES

Foreign Concessions to Be Granted

MOSCOW, Sept. 28.—Following the change in the policy of the Soviet Government, which is more favorable to foreign capital investment in concessions, the Concessions Committee has announced that foreign capital would be welcome in helping to develope the public utilities in sixty principle cities.

The announcement says that the population in the cities is growing with great speed and that a 20 per cent increase is expected during the next five years. To meet this, an expansion in city utilities, at a cost amounting to about a billion and one half rubles will be necessary of which foreign concerns are asked to invest about 400,000,000 rubles on a concession basis. These concessions will be subject to the same restrictions as previous ones, namely that at the end of a certain period all the developments are to be handed over to the Soviet Government.

"SPLENDOR" OF PAST

TOKIO, Sept. 28 (UP).—Yasuhito, Chichibu-No-Miyra, heir presumptive to the throne of Japan, and Setsuka Matsudaira, daughter of the Japanese ambassador of Great Britain, were married today at Chiyoda castle. The army salute of 21 guns heralded a new princess of Nippon as Setsuka was registered as Princess Chichibu.

NEW YORK CITY WORKERS AIDING TEXTILE RELIEF

Many Respond to Call of W. I. R.

As a result of the Textile Relief Conference held recently by local New York, Workers' International Relief, workers organizations, unions and individual workers who pledged contributions, have been sending in their quota fulfilling their promises, according to a statement just issued by the secretary, Harriet Silverman. Organizations which were represented are urged to take action immediately if they have not yet done so, and at the same time begin the drive for clothes and shoes. Plans for the opening of the clothing station are under way and announcement of the location will be made within the next few days.

In accordance with the program adopted at the conference, workers are actively laying plans to raise money to meet the needs of New Bedford and Fall River strikers. Section 4 must be given credit for being the first to put through a plan that of taking a collection at the Vegetarian Restaurant, 1606 Madison Ave. during four days, Sept. 25, 26, 27, and 28. The restaurant in cooperation with the workers has arranged to contribute 10 per cent of the prooceeds to the strikers. Jacob Ginsburg is in charge.

Sections in the Bronx, Brooklyn, Harlem, Williamsburg, and all parts of the city should communicate immediately with the Local Secretary of the W. I. R. for arrangements to give motion pictures performances of "The Crowd." All workers are expected to do their utmost to answer the relief call from New Bedford and Fall River.

Greek Center Will Hold Dance Tonight

A dance, arranged by the Greek Progressive Center, will be held tonight, beginning at 8 p. m. at the Center, 101 W. 28th St.

All workers have been invited to attend the affair, 25 per cent of which will be donated to the Daily Worker, which is now campaigning for 10,000 new readers.

The Greek Progressive Center, which is situated in the heart of the fur and millinery district, expects to draw most of these workers not only to the dance tonight, but to the activities which will feature its daily work.

4 BIG NIGHTS

1,000,000 Articles

EVERYTHING FROM A THREAD TO A SET OF FURNITURE

at ½ Price

4 BIG NIGHTS

Daily Worker

FREIHEIT

BAZAAR

Madison Square Garden

THURSDAY 4TH
FRIDAY 5TH
SATURDAY 6TH
SUNDAY 7TH

OCTOBER

4 BIG DAYS

DO NOT BUY NOW, WAIT TILL THE BAZAAR

4 BIG DAYS

British to Construct Singapore Naval and Air Base in Grab for Power in East

PREPARATION FOR COMING WAR ON SOVIET UNION

Total Cost Will Amount to $50,000,000

LONDON, Sept. 28.—Demonstrating its determination to continue its naval pact with France and to strengthen all its military outposts in spite of the objections of the United States government, the British admiralty has announced that construction of the great new naval base at Singapore will be immediately completed.

Singapore, located as it is on the Malay Peninsula, offers a strategic point for a British naval base, from which the fleet could oprate in the protection of the British route to India and the far east. From this point effective operations can be launched against any power that threatens the British Empire in the east upon which England depends so much for maintenance.

Threatens Other Powers.

When the MacDonald "labor" government came into power and suspended operations on the naval base in 1924, the Japanese government unofficially expressed its approval, for it considered that a British naval base at Singapore would threaten its expansion in China and southward.

The base will be one of the largest in the world, enabled to accommodate the largest warships. It will be strongly defended by long range guns and will also contain one of the principal British air bases. The total cost is estimated to be about $50,000,000 and the initial clearing work has already been completed on a six-mile frontage.

To Fight U. S. S. R.

In view of the British colonial empire in the east and the dissatisfaction of the natives with the English rule, it is generally evident that the base will be used for purposes other than to protect British interests from American and Japanese encroachments. The base will further strengthen the British eastern cordon against the Soviet Union.

WORKERS PARTY TO FIGHT JINGOES

Need Funds for Drive in Nebraska

Continued from Page One

build the Workers (Communist) Party.

"The need for funds is vital. Marshal your dollars against the red-baiters of Nebraska. The National Election Campaign Committee will supply the propaganda and the speakers."

Other Difficulties.

In Kansas, Hugo Oehler, the district organizer, and several active comrades are under indictment for alleged violation of the state criminal syndicalism law. These comrades are being defended by the International Labor Defense, but side by side with the legal struggle must go the political campaign of the Party, exposing the capitalist dictatorship masked under the camouflage of democracy, a democracy that never hesitates to use every legal and extra-legal method to crush any working class organization that threatens its existence. Money is needed to wage a militant campaign in Kansas.

Let Your Money Talk!

The job of putting 23 states on the ballot has cost a great deal of money. New states are being added weekly and before the last filing date has arrived we xpect to have over 30 states in the red column. The success of the Communist election campaign, despite the numerical weakness of our forces and the desperate lack of funds, should be a challenge to the enthusiasm of every member of the Workers (Communist) Party and every sympathizer. The raising of funds is a political duty of the first order. Those who are active in the organizational work of the campaign are asked to contribute every dollar they can afford. Those who are not in a position to take any active part should make up in part for this inactivity by the largest possible financial contributions.

Let your money talk.

FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

FOSTER TOUR

Saturday, Sept. 29, Kansas City, Mo., Musicians Hall, 1017 Washington St.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Chicago, Ill., [illegible] arrangements to be announced.

Monday, October 1, St. Louis, Mo., [illegible] Hall, 3619 Finney St.

Wednesday, Oct. 3, Indianapolis, Ind., Hall 9, Dennison Hotel, 139 N. Penn. St.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Cincinnati, O., Labor Temple, 1318 Walnut St.

Friday, Oct. 5, Louisville, Ky., Hall arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 8, New Orleans, La. Hall arrangements to be announced.

GITLOW TOUR

Saturday, Sept. 29, Tacoma Wash., Eagle Hall, 13th and E. Sts.

Sunday, Sept. 30, Seattle, Wash., Moose Temple, 8th and Union Sts.

Monday, Oct. 1, Portland, Oregon, Swiss Hall, 263½ Third St.

Tuesday, Oct. 2, Astoria, Oregon, Labor Temple, 416 Duane St.

Thursday, October 4, Oakland, Cal., Technical High Auditorium, 45th St. and Broadway.

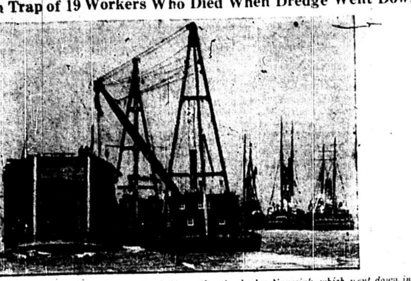
Friday, Oct. 5, San Francisco, Cal., Civic Auditorium, Polk Hall.

Sunday, Oct. 7, Los Angeles, Cal., Music Art, 233 S. Broadway.

Tuesday, Oct. 9, San Diego, Cal., Woodbine Hall, 840 5th Ave.

Wednesday, Oct. 10, Phoenix, Ariz., Arcade Hall, 338 W. Washington Street.

Raise Death Trap of 19 Workers Who Died When Dredge Went Down



After salvage operations lasting three and a half months, the dredge Navesink, which went down in New York Bay off Staten Island with 19 workers, was raised. Photo shows salvaged dredge.

BATTY TRYING TO RUSH THRU MILL SELL-OUT

Continued from Page One

propagandistic, to compel the strikers to accept the proposal of a 5 per cent wage-cut, offered by the manufacturers as a strike settlement.

The 28,000 men and women on strike, however, are unanimous in their condemnation of all forms of compromise, their spokesmen expressing their determination to continue the tieup till their demands are met.

Frantic editorials appear daily in the local press calling on the workers to accept the proposal. Ministers preach that the workers "whom they have till now supported" should capitulate. Business men and the papers appeal to the leaders of the Textile Council to bring the proposition to their locals with a favorable recommendation.

Broaden Relief Drive.

So united are the workers in following the slogan of "no compromise" which the militant Textile Workers Union has put forward, that the officialdom are afraid to [illegible] their isolation from the [illegible] giving any such endorsement.

Leaders of the T. W. U. and local heads of the Workers International Relief announce that the national campaign to gather relief funds and supplies is being broadened because of the expectation that business men here will now refuse credit to the only real relief source of the strikers. Till now they were more liberal in their credit extensions, because 28,000 strikers and the rest of the sympathetic working class of the city are no mean proportion of the total population.

Plan Secret Ballot.

Batty and his gang in control of the Textile Council are to go tonight to the meetings of their locals with intentions to carry thru a secret ballot on the question of acceptance of the five per cent wage-cut offer. Although their statements hitherto lead to the belief that they are opposed to the 5 per cent offer, concern is nevertheless being felt among the few that still belong to that union for the honesty of the vote count.

It would not be exceptional for the Council officialdom to pull the same stunt of ballot box stuffing as was done by the officials of the Fall River section of their union.

A Catholic "Reverend," Father Noon, in a statement to the press, urges eloquently that the workers "be big and show the country that some real people traverse our streets." These "appeals" he, as well as the numerous other clergymen, are addressing to husbands and wives of families who have been starved and exploited by the mill barons and their fat-bellied women for many years.

Tightening of the union machinery to meet any attempt on the part of Batty to sell out is now the order of the day at the headquarters of the T. W. U. Thousands of leaflets are being distributed among the strikers by the union and picket lines are being called to each mill again.

T. W. U. Issues Statement.

In a statement issued to the press, the T. W. U. asks all businessmen, and their clergymen aides to mind their own business and not give uncalled for advice on what the mill workers should or should not accept as wages.

Over 6,000 strikers jammed Elm Rink last night at the first showing of moving pictures of the New Bedford strike and the Passaic strike of 1926.

Leaders Speak.

Leaders of the local Textile Workers' Union and of the new National Textile Workers' Union of America addressed the huge gathering. Mother Bloor, old fighter for labor, also spoke and was accorded a tremendous welcome.

Ellen Dawson, Joseph Costa, and Marion Botelho were arrested yesterday evening while on the picket line. They were fined $20 when they appeared on charges of parading without permits at court today.

KILLED IN PLUNGE.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 28 (U.P.)—Edward Lee Randolph of Pleasantville, N. Y., was killed today when he fell or jumped from a fourth-story window in Haughton Hall, a Yale dormitory.

GRAFT GANG GOT THOUSANDS HERE

Connolly-Phillips Crew Got Big Swag

Continued from Page One

former Queens borough officials, charged with graft in connection with the awarding of sewer contracts, was heightened yesterday with the admission of Dr. William Matthews, that he had offered $20,000 for the nomination for sheriff of that borough.

Matthews, former personal physician of John M. Phillips, sewer pipe king, said he did not get the nomination and later told the jury he left the city to avoid further questioning in the investigation of alleged political graft.

Is Go-Between.

Previously he had told of the activities of Phillips in his rule of the sewer contracts and testified he had received checks for Phillips, one for $3,500 and another for $5,000. These, he said, were Phillips share of the Linden Street contract, for which he was to have received $50,000.

Earlier evidence had connected Phillips with John F. O'Rourke, whose company had the contract for the Linden Street work, in which Phillips wanted to sell O'Rourke a substitute for the steel plates used in the construction work.

Matthews said Phillips wanted $50,000 for getting the substitution in installments as the city pa[illegible] approved, with his part to be paid O'Rourke. Later vouchers introduced tended to prove the substitution had been made.

EXPLOSION KILLED 45

MELILLA, Morocco, Sept. 28 (UP).—The official casualty list in Wednesday's explosion which destroyed the Spanish citadel here was issued today.

It showed 45 known dead and 342 injured. The death list may have been greater, since parts of bodies were found which could not be assembled.

BRITISH IN IRAQ THREATENED BY 40,000 NATIVES

Wahabi Tribes Launch Attack

JERUSALEM, Sept. 28.—Forty thousand Wahabi, Mutair and Ateibah tribes are preparing for an advance on Iraq, where British troops, tanks and airplanes are concentrated, refugees from the district of Maan, near Transjordania, report.

The refugees declare that about 20,000 of these forces are now encamped at Juf, about 250 miles east of Maan. They also report that forces of similar strength, under the leadership of Feisaled Dawish, are advancing upon Iraq, formerly called Mesopotamia, which contains the famous British controlled oil fields at Mosel.

All the natives living in the direct line of the approaching forces are reporting to be fleeing towards the west side of the Hedjaz Railways.

Music Lovers.

Mr. Surma, of the Surma Music Co., 103rd Ave. A, asks us to tell the Daily Worker readers that quite a few of them have availed themselves of the opportunity of buying records, piano-rolls, etc., many of them being revolutionary songs, at the cheap rate at which he sells them. But, of course, he would like to see more revolutionary music lovers.

The Ukrainian Workers Club has had many of their songs reproduced on the record; there is also the International which can be obtained in English as well as foreign languages.

Besides being able to buy the music desired, one has the chance of listening to any musical selection without charge. Special booths are provided for this, in which, after a hard day's work, one can comfortable lounge while listening to songs or dances.

Since we read books and newspapers, Mr. Surma has provided a section of his store with books, magazines and papers so that one may either come to read, buy or just discuss.

The place is open to you

—Adv.

Booze Sleuths Held for Shooting Girl

LORAIN, Ohio, Sept. 27 (UP).—Twenty-two-year-old Betty Haywood lay in hospital today with a bullet wound in her head, and three members of Mayor J. C. Standan's liquor squad were in jail, as a result of a fusillade of shots fired into a private automobile last night.

Richard Haywood, father of the girl, said his daughter was hit by one of several bullets fired at his automobile when he failed to stop at the command of three men.

25 Years as Soft-Soaper for Murder by State

Photo above shows Rev. William Cashin, catholic chaplain at Sing Sing prison, whose job for the past 25 years has been to stage the farce of "spiritual consolation" for prisoners about to be murdered by New York State in the electric chair. Religion is thus used to white-wash the brutality of the capitalist legal system. Cashin posed with his grand-niece, in an attempt to hide the hideousness of his job by sentimentality.

RED CONFAB IN NEW ENGLAND

Will Stress Election Issues

Continued from Page One

vine oaths at the "wicked politicians."

"While this political confidence game is going on the Workers Party membership are to be found in the forefront of the heroic struggles of the New Bedford textile workers, the miners, shoe workers, needle trades workers, etc., always in the vanguard of the struggles of labor.

"Our Party enters this campaign with the main object of utilizing the elections as a means of reaching the masses, to make class conscious and mobilize the workers for struggle against capitalism. The Workers Party aims to unite the local and sectional struggles of the workers into a united working class struggle against the whole capitalist dictatorship. In order to do this we appeal to your organization for active support in this campaign.

"The Workers Party is therefore calling a conference for the purpose of gathering together all the forces of labor into one united labor-front in the election campaign to express its class solidarity against capitalism in the elections this year; we therefore invite and urge your organization to send two delegates to this conference which will be held on Sunday, Oct. 14, at 2 o'clock at the New International Hall, 42 Winonah St., Roxbury, Mass."

RECOGNITION OF NANKING LIKELY

Murder Regime Is Regarded de Jure by U. S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The state department is planning formal recognition of the Nanking regime after the de jure recognition which it accorded Nanking thru the tariff treaty signed June 25th, it was rumored here. That the tariff treaty means virtual recognition of the Nanking government was admitted by the State Department yesterday.

In the meantime the United States continues to maintain a large force of warships in Chinese waters.

Formal recognition of the Nanking government is expected to occur in view of the policies which that government has been pursuing. Its attitude toward the Soviet Union and the efforts which it is making to crush the struggles of radical workers and peasants, have met with the approval of the State Department. The government has also showed itself markedly friendly to the United States.

50,000 HAMBURG WORKERS LIKELY TO STRIKE TODAY

Arbitration Award Is Rejected

HAMBURG, Germany, Sept. 28.—A strike affecting 50,000 shipyard workers in the port of Hamburg is likely to be called today or tomorrow, when the existing agreement terminates.

When the shipowners refused to grant the demands of the workers an attempt was made to avert the strike by submitting the points of dispute to a board of arbitration.

When the board of arbitration gave its decision in favor of the shipowners the workers rejected its award, and the feeling among the workers is such that they will not work under the terms of the existing agreement. When the agreement terminates tomorrow all the 50,000 shipyard workers are expected to be on strike.

Conditions in 2 Phila. Prisons 'Deplorable,' Grand Jury Admits

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28 (UP).—The September grand jury, in its final presentment before Judge Raymond MacNeille, today declared conditions of two major county prisons were in a deplorable condition. Those which were condemned are the Moyamensing prison and the new county prison at Holmesburg, Pa.

Charges were that the grand jury in its visit of Holmesburg had found the food not palatable and prison conditions deplorable, due, apparently, to the crowed conditions.

Fruit was wormy, the bread a mass of dough, beef stew bad, and some of the prisoners were without underclothing, one charge stated. Lack of employment was also scored. The prisoners said they were afraid to complain in the report.

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5118	Bartered Bride (The)
5123	Battle Symphony (Beethoven)
3017	Blue Danube Waltz
3209	Boheme (La)
	C
3202	Caprice Viennois
5128	Cavalleria Rusticana
	D
5135	Danse Macabre
3199	Dear Eyes
3201	Dear old Munich
5131	Don Juan-Overture
	E
5129	Er, der Herrlichste von Allen
3162	Estudiantina-Waltz
	F
3222	Faust-Waltz
3215	Fair Rosemary
3186	Forever or not at all
3214	Forget-me-not
	G
3196	Goldshower Waltz
	H
3187	Hawaiian Chimes
3202	Humoresque (Dvorak)
	L
3204	Light Cavalry
5133	Linden Tree
5117	Lohengrin
3195	Love Waltz
	M
3205	Medley of Vienna Tunes
3201	Merry Vienna
3189	Merry Widow Medley
5137	Midsummer Night's Dream
3218	Mikado
3082	Millions d'Arlequin (Les)
3215	Minuet in G
3172	Moonlight Sonata
	N
3077	Nachtbummler (Der)
3082	Naila-Intermezzo
	O
3206	Old Folks at Home
3206	Old Refrain (The)
	P
5122	Parsifal
3200	Peasant Girl's Dream
	R
3211	Raymond-Overture
3217	Rigoletto
	S
3198	Serenade (La) Metra
3024	Silent Night
3162	Sirenes (Les)
3017	Southern Roses (Waltz)
3222	Swallows of Austria
	T
3221	Tales from the Vienna Woods
3090	Tosca Selections
3220	Traviata (Selections)
	V
3198	Venetian Barcarolle
5136	Von ewiger Liebe (Love Eternal)
	W
3219	Weaner Madl'n (Girls of Vienna)
3008	Wedding of Sleepink Beauty (The)
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3036	Wine, Women and Song

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Acceptance Speeches

Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

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SNAPSHOTS of GREAT NEW BEDFORD FIGHT

(Note:—This is the third and concluding article of impressions of the New Bedford strike. The first two appeared last Saturday and Thursday (yesterday in the National Edition.)

* * *

By A. B. MAGIL.

BESSIE KATSIKARIS is 18 years old. She is a weaver and has been working since she was 15. When the strike started she was making $19.80 for a 48-hour week—better pay than the average. Her father, Louis Katsikaris, is also a weaver, and father and daughter worked together in the same mill.

Besides Bessie there are six other children in the Katsikaris family: three boys and three girls. "Baby" is two years old and Korila is four. The mother is dead.

* * *

Bessie was ironing when we entered the gloomy, dilapidated house in the north end that these children call home. Her dark thin body looked tired and wasted as she bent over the table, but her black eyes were brilliantly alive in an intense sharp face and the movements of her hands were restless and eager.

Poverty stares from the walls of the Katsikaris home, poverty like an old festering sore spreads over everything. But Bessie is a bright thing in this house. She is sister and mother and all things to these six small children.

Bessie talks eagerly of the strike. Her voice is animated and determined. "I've been arrested five times and my father six," she says with proud, flashing eyes, "but they can't scare us.

"Me and my father used to belong to the Textile Council. But it didn't take us long to learn that they're a bunch of fakers and scabs. Batty and Binns are out only for themselves and to help the bosses. They don't care what happens to the strikers. The T. M. C. really fights for us and organizes us and keeps our people together. Why, the whole of New Bedford isn't worth as much as the T. M. C."

She went on relating incidents of the strike, but never for a moment dropping her ironing. Every now and then a howl went up from one of the kids who had gotten into some trouble, and Bessie would run over and set things right again. Though Baby and Korila were bashful children, they were up to all sorts of mischief when left alone.

"When do you intend going back to the mill, Bessie?" I asked half-jestingly.

Again her eyes flashed. "Not until they take away the wage-cut and give us our 20 per cent. increase!" And she added: "Yes, and not until they recognize our union. None of our people will go back. We would rather starve."

Her thin, 18-year-old body quivered and defiance looked out of her dark eyes. I knew she meant it.

* * *

WE were on the point of leaving when she stopped us: "Wait!" She ran into the kitchen and quickly emerged with a bottle and several small glasses. She poured out a liquid that looked almost like water. Its taste, however, was decidedly unwatery. "This is a Greek drink," he said, calling it by a name which I made no attempt to repeat. "My father made it."

Just then the father came in. Louis Katsikaris is a Greek worker of about 40, with a sharp, bony face and bright, deepset eyes. His body is thin and wiry, his gestures have his daughter's sharpness and he speaks in short, nervous phrases.

Katsikaris looked sharply at four-year-old Korila. He dug his hand into his pocket, pulled out a penny and tossed it to the child. A smile lit up his face as the child grabbed the coin.

He talked readily. "I don't care dey arrest me 15 times—I go to picket-line. Every day I get up 5 o'clock, go to mills, look around, see no scab should work. I no 'fraid of [illegible] Dey arrest me five times ('six,' corrected his daughter), but I no 'fraid. Batty and Binns—dey no good. Dirty bastards. Tell us not to picket. Go home, go to sleep. What for dey tell us not to picket? If we no fight, we no win strike. I go among people—I say: T. M. C. is good union, T. M. C. no 'fraid of bosses or police. Come to T. M. C."

He paused a moment and then burst out: "Me—I a straight BOLSHEVIK!"

* * *

"How long have you been working in the mills?"

"Fifteen year."

"How many hours do you work?"

"I work 14 hour—at night—from five o'clock to seven next day."

Fourteen hours a day—84 hours a week!

Think of it, delicate-souled idealists, humanitarians, Nation and New Republic liberals, poets and preachers and apostles of peace—think of it: in the year 1928, in the land of the greatest wealth, the land where all men are free and equal, Louis Katsikaris, mill worker, toiled 14 hours a day, spent more than half his life, nearly all of his waking hours slaving behind a bastille of dark mill walls in order that he and his own might enjoy the miserable fruits of that society which human civilization, after thousands of years of struggle, of pain and blood, has gloriously brought to birth!

II.

THERE was a hubub around Potomska Hall, the south end meeting place, as Jack Rubinstein, youth organizer, and I came up. An excited worker pointed to a truck coming down the street. The truck was carrying a player piano and a group of happy, smiling workers. A great shout went up from those outside the hall as the truck drew up. Strong shoulders were placed under the pianola, arms lifted it up and a dozen panting, perspiring workers dragged it upstairs to the hall. Pipes were connected, bolts fastened. Somebody put on a roll and began grinding out a jazz tune. There was a cheer. Those who knew the words sang, while other kept time with their feet.

An old man pushed his way through the crowd. His gray hair straggled from his battered felt hat. He sat down and began to play. "Solidarity Forever!" The room shook with a hundred voices. Solidarity Forever!

* * *

Elevi Rachappell, an American-born textile worker of French-Canadian stock, had been a member of the American Federation of Textile Operatives for many years. He was a loom-fixer and was one of those who composed the Textile Council, consisting of the 27 representatives of the various crafts.

For 22 weeks of the strike Elevi Rachappell had stuck with the Textile Council. And as further evidence of his loyalty he had brought his pianola over to Textile Council headquarters to liven things up. For 22 weeks the instrument had faithfully served Mr. Batty and Mr. Binns and their organization of betrayal.

But Elevi Rachappell wasn't stupid. Nor had association with Batty and Binns entirely corrupted him. He watched hundreds of Textile Council strikers gradually deserting, going over to the Textile Mill Commitees and their fighting program. His fellow-workers talked to him, and after 22 weeks Elevi Rachappell finally began to understand.

And so on this Saturday morning Elevi Rachappell walked into Textile Council headquarters with an unusually determined stride. Mr. Batty was sitting there alone. Rachappell looked him in the eye. "I want my pianola," he said.

"Who says it's your pianola?"

Rachappell pulled out the papers he had received when he bought the instrument. "Good enough?"

"I'm leaving your outfit," he said. "I'm going to join a real union—the T. M. C."

Mr. Batty was visibly downcast. He had heard that tune before.

He began to plead with Rachappell. He offered him $20 if he would let the pianola stay. "No!" said Rachappell. Finally he grew angry. "You're nothing but a bunch of dirty yellow scabs!" he shouted, flinging his union card to the floor. He called together his friends of the T. M. C., who secured a truck, and the pianola was taken out.

Mr. Batty looked on in silence.

* * *

I talked to Elevi Rachappell. He felt a little contrite, like a person who had been consorting with thieves. But he was glad that he had at last come over to the T. M. C. to fight side by side with the thousands of his fellow-strikers.

"They're nothing but yellow scabs!" he repeated.

The wife of Elevi Rachappell is in the hospital. Once she weighed 215 pounds; now she weighs only 88. Count that up on the credit side of the mills. He has two sons, one 14 and the other 18. The older one he refused to mention by name.

"He's no better than a scab, a yellow scab. And I told it to him, too. He's a member of the National Guard, and when there was that big picket demonstration at the Whitman Mill, at which 256 of us were arrested, he came down with the National Guards. And what do you think? He put a bayonet to my chest. I slapped him in the face and told him he was nothing but a dirty scab. He belongs with Batty and Binns!"

* * *

III.

MY last memory of New Bedford—a picket demonstration at the Page Mill.

Two picket-lines were walking up and down in front of the mill. Another group of strikers stood nearby. Police were stationed at strategic points and questioned every passerby. There were 65 scabs in the Page Mill, 65 sneaking, groveling scabs who were trying to stab their fellow-workers in the back. And, where there are scabs, there are always police to protect them.

Casmiero Lamieras, one of the most militant and most frequently arrested of the picket leaders, came riding by on his bicycle. One of the uniformed guardians of the mill owners' interests grabbed the handle bars and threw Lamieras to the ground. Instantly the mass of workers surged forward. Cries and imprecations filled the air. The cop grew pale. A colleague, more experienced in such matters, whispered a few words to the frightened policeman. They decided to let Lamieras pass. The strikers moved back, a dark, defiant tide.

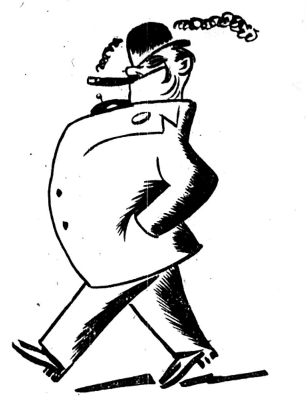
It was only a light skirmish, but it showed the hidden power of the workers—and gave intimation of sharper conflicts. Only two days later police fired at strikers marching from the Page Mill, clubbed many and threw several into jail. One of those arrested, a 63-year-old striker, was so brutally beaten that he had to be taken to the hospital.

Remember, it is a crime to strike in America.

* * *

New Bedford fights on and will fight on. It is hard to straight-jacket one's emotions in stiff, orderly words. Those who attended the convention that brought the new National Textile Workers Union into being know how useless it is to try to give even a fragmentary impression of the heroic struggle of these 30,000 workers. Something too alive and intense, too full of tragedy and great, strong hope is happening in New Bedford. And victory is more tangible, more near than the largest and most terrible mill.

Batty Comes From a Boss Conference



Election

Old elephant shined it's nose
With oil draught from a pot,
Covered by the great big dome,
Where rotten tea could be got.

The elephants nose shined in the sun
In the great circus of Uncle Sammy,
Said in fun: everything is done,
Let's pay a visit to Tiger-Tammany!

The Tiger was tamed, it knew it's tricks,
As it grew up in the Sewer,
It's dwelling was built from good grafty bricks,
The circus owners were good teachers to her!

She knew what was coming; awaited the visit,
So dressed up especially for the affair,
Her skin was spotty, so she greased it,
Clean and spotless glittered her hair.

"Old Alp is coming," yelled the stout Tamer
"Get into the old trick, don't make any fuss!
Show that you are angry, make faces at her,
For now has started the greatest Circus!

Old Alp has entered with it's oily skin
From which the oil was slowly dripping
And yelled in defiance: this fight I'll win,
So started to give the Tiger a whipping.

The Tiger hissed; Old Alp moaned,
The circus crowd was full of fire,
The battlers mouth from hatred foamed
As the stout Tamer managed the wire.

The circus ground was covered with oil,
Like a sewer of filth it looked,
The stout tamer seen the crowd boil
So had both wires on a nail hooked.

And laughed with contempt at the mob
Which witnessed the sham-fight,
Yellow to his partner: say listen Bob
Old Man Barnum was perfectly right!

—GENE G. ROSS.

Mengelberg to Conduct Opening Philharmonic Concert

Willem Mengelberg, conductor of the Philharmonic-Symphony Society, opens the eighty-seventh season on Thursday evening at Carnegie Hall with a program comprising the Beethoven "Coriolanus" Overture, the Mozart Divertimento, Strauss' Till Eulenspiegel, and the Schubert C major Symphony. The program will be repeated on Friday afternoon. On Sunday afternoon the Schubert work will be replaced by Bernard Wagenaar's First Symphony, a premiere performance. Another novelty, by an American composer, the Fata Morgana of Emerson Whithorne, is scheduled for the Thursday afternoon and Friday evening concerts of October 11 and 12. Mr. Mengelberg conducts one other concert, that of Sunday afternoon, October 14, before turuning over his baton temporarily to Walter Damrosch. The latter makes his first appearance of the season on Saturday afternoon, October 13, at the opening of the Young People's series.

'Lonesome,' All-Sound Film Opens at Colony Tomorrow

The opening of the Colony Theatre, which has been wired for sound, is announced for tomorrow presenting "Lonesome," Universal's first synchronized and talking special to be seen and heard on Broadway.

Carl Laemmle, Jr., who supervised the production and Paul Fejos, who directed it, are expected to arrive here in time to view the showing of "Lonesome." At present the pair are working on "Broadway," an adaptation of the play of that name which was the outstanding stage success of last season.

OSSIP GISKIN

The noted cellist is one of the Russian Trio, who will appear in Town Hall this evening at the concert given by the ICOR for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in Soviet Russia.

"Germany's Side of the War," photographed from behind the German lines on all fronts in Europe, will remain a third week at the Fifth Avenue Playhouse.

The Roxy Theatre beginning today will present "Win That Girl," a new William Fox comedy, with Sue Carol and David Rollins in the principal roles.

"Q Ships" is being held over for a third week at the Cameo Theatre.

CONGRESS AGAINST FASCISM IS NEEDED

By HENRI BARBUSSE.

Since its inception fascism has spread itself gradually, almost automatically, over the whole world. It drives its tentacles deep and reaches over to countries which are still free. Fascism poisons the whole of contemporary culture.

This terrible spread of fascism is a logical phenomena. It would be a great mistake to ascribe the success of fascism in establishing itself master over whole peoples, to the individual daring and luck of a small group of adventurers. There are positive reasons why such a system of robbery should grow out of the ground in such a highly organized form.

Supported by Capitalism.

Fascism which drives its roots into capitalist countries according to the political and social circumstances of the countries, may take what form it likes, it may be official or semi-official, but it is always supported by the capitalist governments. All governments use fascism, either openly or covertly, in order to maintain "order." Even when they openly condemn fascism, they use it nevertheless in secret. Up to the present the necessary measures to drive fascism from its seat have not been taken.

What is fascism? Fascism is essentially the fighting formation used as a supplementary force to the official and "legal" means of power for the maintenance of a given social condition. Fascism offers the possibility of carrying on an energetic offensive supported by certain elements of the bourgeoisie and upon certain bourgeois masses whose economic existence is threatened by the difficulties of the present period (added to these social forces there are certain elements which are ready and anxious for anything) against the actual and possible progress of the working class. Fascism is an extra police force and an extra army in addition to the regular forces of the capitalist state, whose aim it is to hold down the rebellious masses by force and keep them within the framework of the capitalist social order.

It is perfectly clear that the reaction has always the same aim, i. e., to maintain the status quo of the social order in capitalist society. The same aim is held by all capitalist states who place their state apparatus at the disposal of the possessing classes in order to protect them against any encroachments on the part of the working masses.

Types of Fascism.

But fascism as a combined form of legal and semi-legal organizations of the counter-revolution which has grown up on the basis of the experiences of the post-war revolutions and the revolutionary actions of the working masses at a time when the official state apparatus and the reaction were unable to prevent social convulsions, differs from the normal reaction by the fact that with its two methods, its reactionary intensity, the number of its victims, etc., it strives to create the so-called preventative counter-revolution, or in other words it strives to prevent the coming of the social revolution.

It is sufficient to make a short review of the countries where fascism has expressed itself in one form or another, in order to see that fascism, no matter what its form, does not represent any specific fighting methods of the Italian bourgeoisie or any other country, but that at present it is applicable to all capitalist countries. The open state fascism in Italy, Spain, Finland, the Baltic and Balkan countries, the South American countries, Venezuela and Chile, and the semi-legal fascism which maintains the fiction of independence of the state apparatus, as in the United States, Germany, France, Great Britain, and even in the "classical land of democracy," Switzerland and in the Scandinavian countries, strive after the same aims and both represent the ruthless advance guard of the counter-revolution.

What Shall Be Done?

What are we to do in the face of this growing danger, in the face of the growing net of these political class murderers who are determined and conscious of their aims, who are subsidized by capitalism and who are urged onward by the theories of the heaven-sent right of imperialism?

Become excited, shout, expose the wounds, count the number of victims, keep count of the murdered? That certainly, but no complaints, no matter how eloquent they may come from the hearts of honest people, no lyrical condemnation can halt the onward progress of a machine which has been let loose amongst humanity with the express aim of preventing a transformation of human society by physical force.

Organization must be opposed by organization, numbers by numbers. Co-ordinated measures must be adopted and a united movement of disapproval organized whose voice is strong enough and determined enough to prevent this artificial catastrophe.

Action Urgent.

Two years ago together with Romain Rolland and other persons I founded an international anti-fascist committee which mobilized the most prominent personalities of the left wing movement from the idealists and democrats to the revolutionaries. In these two years the committee has acted. It interfered every time murder and brutality threatened. To a certain extent its activity has been successful and on certain occasions its moral authority and its energy has succeeded in placing bounds to the bloody excesses of international fascism.

That, however, is not enough. The time has come for a grand demonstration, an organized concentration of the anti-fascist forces by calling an international anti-fascist congress.

That is an idea which I am now expressing for the first time here to people with hearts and consciences, i. e., men and women who revolt against the brutalities, crimes and excesses of fascism which no honest citizen can continue to tolerate.

This congress must be convened upon the broadest possible basis and must naturally be kept apart from any direct political agitation and be above the political parties. A tribune will then be formed from the representatives of the victims, the executed, the persecuted can come from all corners of the world and expose facts to which the world must listen. The congress must also be an organization for work. It must examine all means which can be used in order to build up a damn, mighty and powerful, with which the proletarian organizations of the people can offer at least effective resistance to the forces of fascism.

Sylvia Lent, the talented young violinist, will appear in recital at Town Hall Wednesday night. The program: Partita, Johann Sebastian Bach; Sonata for Violin and Piano, Guillaume Lekeu; Saudades do Brail, Darius Milhaud; Nocturne, Lili Boulanger; La Fontaine d'Arethuse, Karol Szymanowski; The Flight of the Bumble-Bee, Rimsky-Korsakov-Hartmann; Hopak, Moussorgsky; Pavane, Ravel-Kochanski; Rapsodia Piemontese, Leone Sinigaglia.

Romberg's 'The New Moon', Well Done at the Imperial

"THE NEW MOON" at the Imperial is really a light opera, in the traditional manner, with massed choruses, a million dollars worth of sailor's uniforms, real singing, no jazz and quite a plot. The music is ascribed to Sigmund Romberg. This fellow has not only written a few marching songs for the French revolutionary sailors, of 1788-9, but he has evidently become converted to some kind of superficial and warped theory of nationalization; he has simply taken wholesale out of its original home the Barcarolle from Tales of Hoffman, a good chunk of La Paloma, and that tune, whatever it is, that the wooden soldiers in Chauve Soris march to. A lot of the rest of the opera sounds pretty familiar, too.

Evelyn Herbert

But ti is all good, and no one should seriously object to see some good use made of the Barcarolle at last.

The ladies of the New Moon are selected for slimness rather than beauty, but they can all sing. Marie Callahan, as Julie, has an especially pleasing voice. Evelyn Herbert, as Marianne, the principal feminine character, can not only sing, but is easy to look upon from certain angles—if only she and the others did not have quite so many angles!

The plot is a quaint one, about one Robert Misson, a revolutionist, fleeing from King Louis XVI to the extent of selling himself as an indentured servant in Louisiana, and taking with him (see the snobbish twist) his groom, Alexander. Alexander 'Gorgeous Alexander" of the song is responsible for the most of the comedy by-play. He has a touching skill in dancing on the nape of his neck. The part is taken by Gus Shy. Robert, sung by Robert Halliday, is the character used to introduce the fine marching chorus, "Stouthearted men," the refrain, "Shoulder to shoulder, bolder and bolder, we grow as we go along" alone is worth the price of admission and is good revolutionary theory as well.

The story in brief is that Robert and his friends, when Robert is trailed down and arrested by the royal police spy Vicomte Ribaut, mutiny, seize the ship, and land on a Caribbean island, where they set up a republic and prey on the French king's merchant ships. Ribaut is carried along out of spite; when he protsets that he would rather die than become a "pirate" they tell him that this is a promotion from police spy.

The love interest is largely concerned about the affair of Robert with Marianne, daughter of the ruling class. It will take more than a couple of revolutions, apparently, to shake this notion out of the heads of romance writers.

The scene of the first act is timed 1788, in the second act, and after a year on the island, that is, in 1789, a French fleet appears, the island is betrayed to them by a letter from Ribaut, and they land and take possession. Our bourgeois audiences are so little familiar with history that they gasp with astonishment as much as the stage character, Ribaut, when the commander of the landing party confirms Robert in his governorship, and announces that there has been a revolution in France. "The king is done," he says, with fine disregard for the historical detail that Louis was not even "suspended" until 1792, and not executed until 1793. But who learns historic details at a musical comedy? It is enough that some of the solvent New Yorkers should be reminded that 1789 was a red letter year in world affairs.—V. S.

The Film Arts Guild announces the American premiere presentation in October at the Cameo of "Mother O'Mine," formerly known under the title of "Faces of Children," directed by Jacqueus Feyder, who also directed "Carmen," "Crainquebille" and "Therese Raquin."

LABOR TEMPLE
14th St. and Second Ave.
Rev. Edmund B. Chaffee, Director
DR. G. F. BECK
(successor to Dr. Will Durant)
Resumes his Sunday Lecture this Sunday, Sept. 30, at 5.00 p. m.
Subject: "Man the Myth Maker".
All Meetings resumed Sun., Oct. 7.

"ICOR" Concert
FOR JEWISH COLONIZATION IN THE SOVIET UNION
Town Hall
113-123 W. 43rd St.
TONIGHT
GRAND PROGRAM:
RUSSIAN TRIO—
NAUM BLINDER, Violinist
OSSIP GISSKIN, Cellist
EMANUEL BAY, Pianist
VICTOR PECKER and ISAAC ROTHBLUM
in original acts, recitations and comedy.
CHAIELE GRUBER
of the Habima in Jewish, Russian folks songs.
Back to the Soil (MOVING PICTURE) Showing the life of Jewish Colonists in Soviet Russia.
TICKETS AT "FREIHEIT," "DAY" AND "ICOR" OFFICES; GOLDSTEINS BOOK STORE, 365 SUTTER AVENUE IN BROWNSVILLE

MUSIC AND CONCERTS

PhilharmonicSymphony
MENGELBERG, Conductor
Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Eve., Oct. 4, at 8:30; Friday Aft., Oct. 5, at 2:30; Sat. Eve., Oct. 6, at 8.30 (1st Students')
Beethoven: "Coriolanus" Overture; Mozart: Divertimento; Strauss: Till Eulenspiegel; Schubert: Symphony in C
Arthur Judson, Mgr. (Steinway Piano).

TownHall WED. EVE., OCT. 3rd at 8:30 p. m.
VIOLIN RECITAL BY
Sylvia Lent
FRANK BIBB at the Piano (Steinway)

BEETHOVEN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
George Zaslawsky, Conductor
Arthur Honegger, Alexandre Gretchaninoff, Guest Conductors
OPENING CONCERT
Thurs. Evg.—8:30 P. M.
OCT. 11th — Carnegie Hall
AT CARNEGIE HALL
12 Thursday Evenings
6 Friday Afternoons
BEETHOVEN CYCLE
5 Saturday Afternoons
METROPOLITAN OPERA HSE
6 Sunday Afternoons
ACADEMY OF MUSIC, B'K'LYN
5 Sunday Afternoons
EMINENT SOLOISTS
GABRILOWITSCH DIAZ
ZIMBALIST ROSENTHAL
GIESEKING SALZEDO
KOCHANSKI CASALS
VAURABOURG GIANNINI
P. WITTGENSTEIN BRAILOWSKY
ELMAN CHEMET
SAMUELS HUTCHESON
AXMAN HAMBOURG
Applications for subscriptions should be made at the office of the Beethoven Symphony Orchestra, Steinway Building, 113 West 57th St., New York. Circle 9235-9236. Paul Berthoud, Manager
The Steinway is the official piano of the Beethoven Symphony Orchestra.

AMUSEMENTS

KEITH-ALBEE CAMEO 3rd WEEK
"THRILLING—REALISTIC" —N. Y. Times
42nd Street and Broadway By Popular Demand
"Q SHIPS"
AUTHENTIC — ACTUAL THRILLING SUBMARINE WARFARE!
EXTRA ADDED FEATURE— "KILLING THE KILLER" A Cobra and Mongoose Fight to Death

CIVIC REPERTORY Theatre, 14th St.-6th Av. Phone 7767 Watkins. Prices: 50c to $1.50. Matinees Wed. and Sat.
Eva Le Gallienne, Director
OPENS MONDAY NIGHT at 8:30 with "THE WOULD-BE GENTLEMAN"
Adapted from Moliere's "Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme," by F. Anstey
Tuesday Eve., Oct. 2: "THE CRADLE SONG"; Wednesday Matinee, Oct. 3: "THE WOULD-BE GENTLEMAN"; Wednesday Evening, Oct. 3, "HEDDA GABLER."
THURSDAY EVE., OCT. 4 "L'INVITATION AU VOYAGE"
By Jean-Jacques Bernard. Transl. from the French by Ernest Boyd.
Friday Evening, Oct. 5: "THE WOULD-BE GENTLEMAN"; Saturday Matinee, Oct. 6: "HEDDA GABLER"; Saturday Evening, Oct. 6: "L'INVITATION AU VOYAGE."

LYCEUM Thea. W. 45 St., Eves. 8.30 Mats., Wed. & Sat. 2.30
GEO. M. COHAN Presents
WALTER HUSTON IN ELMER THE GREAT
RING LARDNER'S AMERICAN PLAY

HUDSON Thea., W. 44 St. Eves. at 8:30 Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:30
GEO. M. COHAN Presents
"BY REQUEST"
by J. C. Nugent & Elliott Nugent with ELLIOTT NUGENT.

SHUBERT Thea. 44, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:30; Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:30
GUY ROBERTSON ODETTE MYRTIL DE WOLF HOOPER
in a musical romance of Chopin
WHITE LILACS

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LADDER IN ITS REVISED FORM?
CORT Thea., W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Wed. & Sat.
Money Refunded If Not Satisfied With Play.

'A Clean Hit', Winchell, Graph.
EVA THE 5th
with CLAIBORNE FOSTER
LITTLE W. 44th St. Eves. 8.30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.30

Martin Beck Thea. 45 St. & 8 Av. Eve. 8.40 Ma. Sat., Wed. 2.40
NITE HOSTESS
by Philip Dunning
Staged by Winchell Smith
Produced by JOHN GOLDEN.

CENTURY Thea., Central Pk. W & 62 St. Eves. 8:30
Mats. Wed. and Sat.
THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Evenings at 8:30
Mats Wed. & Sat.
SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH
GOOD NEWS
with GEORGE OLSEN'S MUSIC.

PATTERSON McNUTT presents
A genuine comedy smash!
THIS THING Called LOVE
with VIOLET HEMING and MINOR WATSON
and a brilliant supporting cast
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S
THEA. W. 39 ST. EVS. 8:40 MATS. WED. & SAT.

BACK WITH A SECOND SMASH SUCCESS
GEORGE JESSE
IN AN AMERICAN PLA
THE WARSON
NATIONAL Thea. 41 St. Eves. at 8:30 Mats. Wed. &

Arthur Hopkins Presen
'MACHINA
A new play in two parts ten scenes by Sophie Tread
Plymouth Thea. W. 45th St. Mats. Thurs. &

Theatre Masque 45th St., Broad
Eves. 8:30; Mats. Wed. &
"Goin' Hom
"Exciting stuff"—The New

Every new reader of The DAILY WORKER is a potential soldier in the coming battles of the workers.

efy Police Interference on Red Meets at Eagle Pencil and National Biscuit Plants

OSSES FAIL IN INTIMIDATION OF WORKERS

Hear Platform of the Workers Party

Nearly 500 workers of the Eagle Pencil Co. for the second time defied police and company officials yesterday and attended an open air election meeting held by the Workers (Communist) Party in front of the Eagle plant at 14th St. and First Ave. yesterday at noon. Intense interest in the meeting was shown by the workers, following the attempt by a cordon of police called by the bosses to force the workers back into the plant.

The speakers at the meeting yesterday were Rebecca Grecht, Workers Party candidate for the assembly from the Fifth Assembly District, and D. Benjamin, Workers Party candidate for state senator from Brooklyn. The speakers showed the workers that both the republican and democratic parties were the tools of the bosses, and cited the readiness of the Tammany officials to cooperate with the Eagle Pencil bosses by sending police against speakers who exposed the conditions in the plant. A distribution of several hundred copies of the Daily Worker and the Workers Party election platform was made. A third meeting will be held in front of the plant next Tuesday at noon.

* * *

A cordon of policce, maintained daily around the National Biscuit Company plant at 10th Ave. and 15th St., did not prevent workers at the biscuit plant from attending an open air election meeting held by the Workers' (Communist) Party. Besides a large crowd of National Biscuit workers, many longshoremen who work along the nearby North River waterfront were interested listeners. Bert Miller, organization secretary of District 2, Workers Party, was the speaker. He explained the Communist election platform, and showed the function of the capitalist parties as servants of the bosses. A meeting will also be hled at the biscuit plant next Friday at noon.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Local 22 T. U. E. L.

Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

* * *

Dressmakers' Dance.

On October 13, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

* * *

Icor Concert.

The Society for Jewish Colonization in Soviet Russia is giving a concert at Town Hall, 113-123 West 43rd St., New York, today. In the program will participate, Naum, Blinder, Osip, Girskin, Emanuel Bay, Chaiele, Rosher, Picken and Wendroff. A movie from Soviet Russia showing life in the Jewish colonies will also be shown.

* * *

Unity Co-Op.

A membership meeting of the Unity Co-operative will be held Tuesday, Oct. 2, at 8 p. m., at Laurel Palace, 75 E. 116th St.

Co-operative Red Rally.

The Election Campaign Committee of the Un-Ar-Co-operative has arranged a ratification meeting on Friday, October 19th at the Parkview Palace, 5th Ave. and 110th St., and concert and dance on Friday, October 26th at the same place. The full proceeds of these affairs will go towards the Election Campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party. All labor organizations are kindly asked to keep these dates open.

* * *

Jewelry Workers Concert.

The first concert and ball of the Jewelry Workers' Union will be held Saturday, Nov. 3, at the New Webster Manor, 125 E. 11th St.

* * *

Young Workers Social Culture Club.

A special membership meeting of the Young Workers Social Culture Club will be held Sunday, 2 p. m., at 138 Bristol St., near Pitkin Ave. The report of the executive committee will be read.

Workers Cooperative Clothiers, Inc.

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Ladies' Hair Bobbing a Specialty
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BRONX, N. Y.

Kissing Babies Is Capitalist Candidates' Bunk Trick

Instead of squarely facing the important issues facing the workers, the capitalist candidates dodge these issues by attempting to mislead the workers with such tricks as kissing babies, hand-shaking, etc. Al Smith is shown above in a characteristic baby-kissing about to kiss a baby. Baby kissing and keeping silent about the corruption of Tammany are two of the things at which Smith excels.

Workers Party Activities

VOLUNTEERS NEEDED!

VOLUNTEER PARTY WORKERS WANTED AT THE OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE, ROOM 202, WORKERS CENTER, 26-28 UNION SQUARE, THIS AFTERNOON.

Lower Bronx Y. W. L. Mass Meet.

The Lower Bronx unit of the Young Workers (Communist) League will hold its first indoor mass meeting for the fall tomorrow afternoon, 2 p. m., at 715 E. 138th St. Prominent speakers will address the meeting.

* * *

School Catalogs Out!

Workers School catalogs are now out. Courses will begin the week of Oct. 1. Registration is on now. All unit agitprops should get catalogs at the school office and devote a special meeting of the unit to the Workers' School.

Financial Secretaries, Section 2.

A conference of all financial secretaries of Section 2 will be held Monday, 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. The conference is very important and all must attend.

Y. W. L. Agitprop Meet.

A meeting of all Agit-prop directors and members of the Agit-prop committee of the Young Workers Communist League, District 2 will be held today at 2 p. m. at 26-28 Union Square, fifth floor. The Workers School and other agit-prop matters will be discussed. All comrades must be present.

* * *

Womens' Work Meet.

There will be a meeting of the district women's committee today at 1 p. m. sharp at 26 Union Square. Final arrangements for the symposium will be made at this meeting and plans for the year's women's work will be prepared. Please come on time.

* * *

Sacco-Vanzetti I. L. D. Meet.

A joint meeting of the Bronx, West Side and Sacco-Vanzetti branches will be held on Monday, Oct. 1, 8:30 p. m. at 1472 Boston Road (near 171st St.) There is to be a very interesting discussion led by Comrade Powers on the subject of "The Centralia Victims of Capitalist Rule."

* * *

Unit 2C, 3F.

Check-up meeting of Unit 2C, 3F will be held Monday, Oct. 1, at 6 p. m. at 108 East 14th St. Every comrade must be present to report on his election campaign work and other Party activity.

* * *

Branch 4, Section 5 Meet.

A special meeting of Branch 4, Section 5 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be hied Monday, 8:30 p. m. at 2075 Clinton Ave. A Party roll call will be taken, and all members must list their activities.

* * *

Unit 21, Section 6 Meet.

Unit 21, Section 6 of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Monday evening, at half-past eight, at 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn. All members must attend without fail.

* * *

Bronx Y. W. L. Notice.

All members of the Bronx branches of the Young Workers (Communist) League are required to report at 2075 Clinton Ave., for final mobilization for the signature drive.

International Branch 1, Section 1D.

A membership meeting of the International Branch 1, Section 1D will be held Wednesday, 7 p. m. at 60 St. Mark's Pl. All members must attend.

* * *

Unit 5FD, Section 2 Meet.

A meeting of Unit 5FD, Section 2, will be held Monday, 6:30 p. m., at the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Sq., Room 6. All members must attend. Reports from old functionaries, and plans for future work will be taken up.

* * *

Branch 2, Section 8 Meet.

A meeting of the unit will be held Monday, 8 p. m., at 511 Hendrix St., Brooklyn. All members must attend.

Unit 2F, Section 1 Notice.

Last week was Party accounting week. Some members have not accounted for their activity as yet. The executive committee of the unit, before sending these names to discipline committee, will give these members one more chance to appear at the educational meeting to be held Monday, 6 p. m. at 60 St. Marks Pl. Bergen will lead the discussion.

Subsection 2A.

Subsection 2A meets Tuesday, Oct. 2 at 6:30 p. m., at 101 W. 27th St.

Downtown Y. W. L., Section 2.

Open-air meeting Monday at Union Square. Speakers: J. Brustein, Helfand, Fox, Jensky, Rothman.

Open-air meeting Thursday, at 49 First Ave. Speakers: Fox, Rozen, Helfand, Roberts.

* * *

Subsection 3E.

The Subsection Executive Committee will hold a meeting on Monday, Oct. 1 at 6:15 p. m.

For Good Wholesome Food
EAT AT
RATNER'S
Dairy and Vegetarian Restaurant
103 SECOND AVE.
H. L. HARMATZ, Prop.
Self-Service Cafeteria
115 SECOND AVE., Near 7th St.
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Visit Our Place While on 2nd Ave.
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1604-6 Madison Ave.
Between 107th & 108th Sts.

All Comrades Meet at
BRONSTEIN'S
VEGETARIAN HEALTH RESTAURANT
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M. FORMAN
Allerton Carriage, Bicycle and Toy Shop
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Near Allerton Theatre, Bronx
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MEET YOUR FRIENDS at
Messinger's Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant
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Right Off 174th St. Subway Station

Get Your Money's Worth!
Try the
Park Clothing Store
For Men, Young Men and Boys Clothing
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WE ALL MEET
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NEW WAY CAFETERIA
101 WEST 27th STREET
NEW YORK

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Vegetarian Restaurant
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Bet. 12th and 13th Sts.
Strictly Vegetarian Food.

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To Work on Hawaiian Plantations

MANILA, (By Mail).—Conditions on board ships engaged in the transportation of laborers to Hawaii are about the same as if the laborers were convicted prisoners, according to charges filed here with the officials in the case of the Norwegian steamship, Sandviken.

This ship was chartered to take some 500 Filipino workers to Hawaii for employment on the sugar plantations. The repeated revelations of oppressive practices on the part of the ship charterers in the transportation of laborers has at last forced the officials to act.

In this case the laborers on board were not allowed to leave the ship although it was many days in port, the reason being this fear that they would file complaints with authorities for the recovery of their passage money. In addition the revelation of conditions on the ship and attending the making of the contracts, it was feared, would lead to criminal charges against the charterers. It is also charged that the laborers were not given enough to eat.

13 WORKERS KILLED

PIACENZA, Italy, Sept. 28 (UP).—Thirteen workmen were killed today by the explosion of a great vat of molten metal in the government arsenal here. Five persons standing outside the works, including a woman and her baby, were seriously injured.

3E International Branch 1.

On Monday, Oct. 1, a regular meeting of the International Branch 1, will be held at 9 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Unit 3E 1F.

Unit 3E 1F will hold a meeting on Tuesday, Oct. 2, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

* * *

Unit 3E 2F.

A meeting of Unit 3E 2F will be held on Wednesday, Oct. 3, at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

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SPEED SUB DRIVE, SOUTH RESPONDS TO "DAILY" DRIVE

Expect Hundreds of Subs in Few Weeks

Various cities in the South are getting behind the election campaign drive of the Daily Worker to get 10,000 new readers. Di Santo, touring organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party, reports much enthusiasm for the Daily Worker campaign and assures the Daily Worker in a letter received yesterday that hundreds of subscriptions will be raised within the next few weeks, particularly in Richmond, Va., where a recent meeting elected a new Daily Worker agent and an organizational committee for special Daily Worker activity.

Wilmington, Del., writes as follows: "We here in Wilmington are trying hard to win one of the prizes offered during the campaign drive for our press. We are enclosing a few subs as a beginning."

Sioux City, Iowa, also sent in five subscriptions with the assurance that they will make every effort to complete their quota during the campaign.

The increase in circulation of 400, as reported in yesterday's issue of the Daily Worker, applied to New York City alone, and not to the entire country. The total number of subs received so far are many times 400, and will be announced in the Daily Worker within a few days.

COLLEGE HEAD RESIGNS

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Sept. 28 (UP).—President of Union College and chancellor of Union University since 1909, Dr. Charles Alexander Richmond has resigned, it was announced at the college last night.

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YANKS CLINCH PENNANT BY WIN OVER DETROIT

(By United Press)

The Chicago Cubs administered another crushing blow to the New York Giants' pennant hopes by beating John McGraw's team yesterday, 7 to 5.

The Giants made a game uphill battle, and knocked Bush out in the 9th but fell two runs short of tying the score, and the Cubs forged ahead again in the ninth.

Larry Benton pitched the first eight innings for the Giants and Joe Genewich finished the game.

Home runs by Gonzales and English in the fourth inning accounted for the Cubs' early lead.

Going into the ninth four runs behind, the Giants scored two runs and threatened to tie the score. After one was down, Ott walked and Lindstrom singled for his fourth hit of the game. Terry singled scoring Ott. Jackson walked, filling the bases. Bush was replaced by Carlson. Hogan forced Jackson at second, Lindstrom scoring. Reese popped up for the final out.

The St. Louis Cardinals virtually clinched the National League pennant by defeating the Boston Braves in a 15-inning game at Boston, 10 to 3, while the New York Giants lost to the Chicago Cubs at the Polo Grounds, 7 to 5.

Two games behind the Cardinals, the best the Giants can do is tie for the pennant by winning their two remaining games and the Cards losing their two.

The New York Yankees clinched the American League championship for 1928 by defeating the Detroit Tigers, 11 to 6. Although the Philadelphia Athletics, runners up for the pennant, also won today, the Yankees' victory made it impossible for the Athletics to tie them for the title.

Babe Ruth hit his 43rd home run of the season off Page, Tiger twirler, in the eighth inning.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American League.

New York 11; Detroit 6.
Boston 1; Cleveland 0.
Philadelphia 7; Chicago 5.
St. Louis 4; Washington 3.

National League.

Chicago 7; New York 5.
St. Louis 10; Boston 3.

Planes and Marines Keep Close Watch as Nicaraguans 'Register'

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 28.—The squadron of United States army planes, which is acting in an "observing" capacity while registration for the "elections" is proceeding, has reported to the army headquarters that they had not been resisted and that they could not observe any disturbances on the second day of registration.

One more registration day is to take place before the elections. Registration occurs while the American marines are on watch and squadrons of army planes fly overhead.

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Elizabeth, N. J.—Padgug, Freiman, A. Markoff.

Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx—Jacobson, Castrell, Spiro, Gozigian.

Williamsburg, Red Night (report at 46 Ten Eyck St.)—Weinstone, Benjamin, Bimba, Grecht, Biedenkapp, Nessin, Primoff, LeRoy, Wright, Vera Bush, Frankfeld (Y. W. L.).

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WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

For Vice-President
BENJAMIN GITLOW

☭	X	WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers! Against the Capitalists!

The Greatest Danger to the Working Class

So terrific is the momentum generated in the drive of the imperialist powers toward another world war that many class conscious workers, even a considerable number of revolutionists, fail to perceive its imminent danger. In such a situation the gravest menace to the whole working class is the danger of yielding to pacifist illusions—succumbing to the poison propaganda of the liberals, pacifists and social democratic agents of imperialism who indulge in dirty sermonizing to the effect that we are living in an era of peace and democracy. Closely akin to pacifism, and a symptom of its widespread permeation of the working class, is the tendency to underestimate the speed with which the world is being driven toward the next war. That danger manifests itself in an underestimation of the events of the past few weeks, particularly since the signing of the Kellogg "peace" pact at Paris.

Every lackey of imperialism, from the avowed spokesmen of the type of Briand, Kellogg, Chamberlain (or his substitute Cushendun), Tanaka to the miserable apostates in the camp of social democracy, the Otto Bauers, the Kautskys, the MacDonalds, the Hillquits the Thomases, is engaged in open or covert assaults on the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. Ever since the convening of the Sixth Congress of the Communist International, when the representatives of the vanguard of the proletariat throughout the world—the general staff of the whole revolution—met and decided the chief task of the proletariat of the world is to combat the war danger, the reptile press of Europe, particularly of those vassal nations of imperialism bordering the Soviet Union, has been foaming at the mouth like bloodhounds and violently traducing the Soviet Union. In this assault they were abetted by the congress of the second international, where some of the leaders of that organization of traitors to and assassins of the working class declared that the existence of the Soviet Union was the greatest menace to the peace of the world. At the identical time the imperialist powers are trying to outdo one another in villifying the workers' and peasants' government, they are using every trick known to diplomatic duplicity to strengthen their individual positions at the expense of their imperialist rivals.

Since the signing of the Kellogg pact, which was conceived in an effort on the part of American imperialism to weaken the influence of the League of Nations and prevent it, under the domination of England, from building a bloc of European nations against the United States, events have moved with amazing rapidity. Simultaneously with the signing of the pact came the announcement of a secret naval agreement between England and France. This was deeply resented at Washington as a move against the United States. Then came the assembly of the League at Geneva and the action of the German representative, Count von Bernsdorff, in refusing to approve the decisions of the commission dealing with the question of a preparatory disarmament conference. The revival of Germany, with the support of Wall Street capital, enables the capitalist class of that country to play what appears to be an independent role, and without doubt the German bourgeoisie, like all other national ruling classes, have definite interests for which they fight on the field of international politics—the desire for colonies, etc. But let no one for a moment fail to perceive that the action of Bernsdorff at Geneva is the symptom of an alliance between the German and United States governments against Britain and France. Count von Bernsdorff, in his actions at Geneva, spoke more for American imperialism than for his own government. At the same time certain political opponents of Briand, the French foreign minister, who maneuvered the naval pact with Britain, are mobilizing their forces against him and may likely gain sufficient support to cause the fall of the Poincaire cabinet. These forces favor an alliance with the United States as against Britain. The final moves on the world diplomatic stage will soon be concluded. Britain and the United States are playing for nations to support their respective interests. The same double-dealing that characterizes the European situation also exists in the Far East, where the United States, utterly contemptuous of Japan and Britain, officially recognizes the Nanking murder regime of Chiang Kai-shek in order to strengthen its position there.

Just as the Pilsudski government of Poland became more violent in its provocations against the Soviet Union, after the American fiscal agent, Charles S. Dewey, the advance agent and watch-dog of the Wall Street finance capitalists, had been on the job a sufficient length of time, so the government of Chiang Kai-shek at Nanking will launch a barrage of calumny against the workers' and peasants' government from its vantage point.

To underestimate the war danger is objectively to aid the war-mongers who try to lull the masses into a false sense of security while their war preparations are going ahead full blast.

It may be temporarily comforting to those who wish to avoid the realities of life to feel that war is far distant. But, as Lenin well said, "he who comforts a slave, instead of inciting him to rebel against slavery, thereby lends a helping hand to the slave-owners."

The Communist International has sounded the alarm and every Communist Party throughout the world faces the task of mobilizing mass sentiment against the imperialist conspirators. In this country the Workers (Communist) Party, the United States section of the Communist International, is the one Party that is following the inernational policy in the struggle against war. All those who would fight effectively against the war-lords of this country must support the Workers (Communist) Party in this election—and in the struggles that will inevitably come after the election.

Tell Us Something New

Another professor has made a great discovery. This time it is Professor E. M. Borchard, of Yale University, who informs us that practically every war that has ever been fought would have been legal under the terms of the Kellogg-Briand multilateral peace pact signed in Paris by representatives of the various powers.

The Sandwich Man Walks the Streets

By SHIRLEY ETLIN.

HE is old and his body stoops. He wanders aimlessly through the business streets of New York. His eyes stare vacantly as though blind. From his shoulders hangs a sign which reads :"Eat at Cafe Rich . . . best meals in town . . . delightful music and Table D'Hote Service."

People hurry through the streets . . . skyscrappers touch the soft white clouds . . . and the sandwich man walks up and down the crowded streets. A fat woman in a leghorn hat pushes against him, he leans toward the lamppost for support. But only for a moment . . . he mustn't stop walking. People must read the sign on his back, then he will get seventy-five cents. Seventy-five cents . . . a bed for the night, a glass of beer and something to eat. He won't have to stand in the bread line for endless hours to receive a plate of beans. He will keep on walking until they give him seventy-five cents.

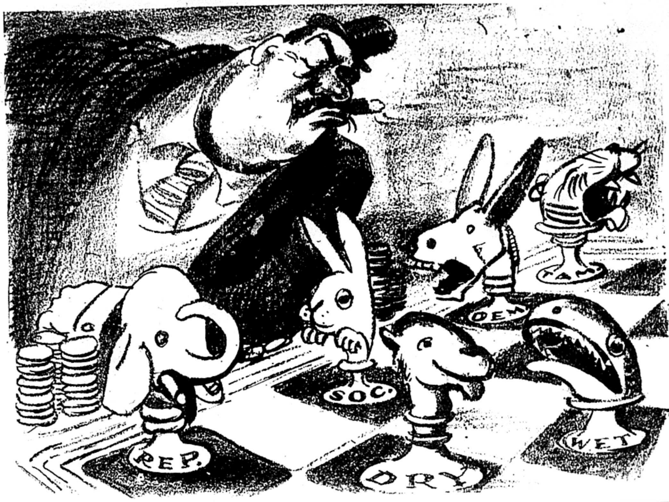
He walks until he reaches the corner, then he stops to wait for the cars to pass . . . at the next corner he stops again until the cars pass. It is hot . . . the sun, searching for space to dig its tendrils, scorches his body. The sweat pours from his face, down his scrawny neck and through his tired body. His clothes hang limp and ugly. Who do the people push him so, how can they do it? It takes so much strength to push a man aside. How strong these people must be.

Yes, things move so fast . . . so fast that automobiles, trains, street cars, people, intermingle and dash around in streaks and circles, bumping into each other. Only he must walk slowly, he must evade the streaks and circles blinding his eyes, these atoms that crush his body and leave bruises.

People read his sign. Maybe they eat at Cafe Rich and taste foods. Mouths open and shut, eating food. There must be so much food to eat. Will they never finish eating all the food in the kitchen of Cafe Rich? Oh well, he will also eat food tonight, He will have seventy-five cents and a glass of beer. If it is still hot when night comes he will sleep on a bench in the park. He will save twenty-five cents. Some more food. Suppose the policeman walks through the park and tells him "move away" . . . "move away." In the park the stars shine so bright at night, and the cold gusts of wind blow on his face. In the hot room where he rents his bed for the night there will be only the smells from sweating bodies and dirty linen . . . and the stifling heat. He must sleep in the park tonight.

SOLITAIRE—HE CAN'T LOSE

By Fred Ellis



"Thru Fellowship, Conciliation"

Socialist Party for Protection of the Capitalist System

By JAY LOVESTONE

IN the election platform of our Party we characterized the socialist party of America as follows:

"The socialist party of America, which still claims to be a working class party, is in fact a party of the lower middle class. Its leadership has become part of the bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor. Its whole ambition is to inherit the traditions of the LaFollette third party movement. The militant spirit of Eugene Debs has been completely wiped out from the socialist party.

"The presidential candidate of the socialist party, Norman Thomas, is the worst kind of pacifist, a typical preacher, who performs the greatest service for American imperialism by creating illusions about the League of Nations, about the possibility of preventing war by peaceful means. . . .

"The socialist party of today is for the protection of capitalist law and order, is against revolution, is against the working class government of Soviet Russia, and supports every measure of the American Federation of Labor bureaucracy for class collaboration. It has shifted its class basis from the working class entirely and definitely to the lower middle class."

Facts Confirm Analysis.

Every word of this characterization has proved to be true. An examination of the developments and events of the election campaign to date affords the best proof of this. Let us pose some questions and recount some facts to understand some of the evidence at hand.

The campaign waged by the socialist party to date has dropped all semblance of a working class character. The slogan of the Reverend Dr. Norman Thomas, the trailblazer for the socialists today, is "Fellowship and Conciliation." This was his keynote in Colorado, the scene of the recent murder of striking miners at Columbine, at the hands of the liberal democratic Governor Adams, a supporter of Al Smith. If we examine the friends and enemies that the socialist party has, to date, made in this election campaign, we will find the correctness of our estimate of its program and role borne out with terrific weight. Here are some facts.

1.—Capitalist Press Boosts Socialist Party.

The metropolitan bourgeois press is keeping silent about the Workers (Communist) Party and its campaign. At the same time, the socialist party is getting very effective, widespread publicity. Judging by the columns of S. P. publicity, one would think that the socialist party or some of its "angels" are heavy owners of New York Times stock. The radio is open to the socialist reverend. For the Communists the radio is closed.

Why is it that the capitalist press is giving the socialist party full blast publicity? To pose the question is to answer it.

2.—Government Attacks Communists—Protects Socialists.

State troopers and private steel, coal and iron police, in a number of localities, are working overtime to break up the Communist election campaign. In the state of Ohio, in Martins Ferry, we have a classic example of capitalist democracy at its best, when it deals with class-conscious workers. No election meetings of the Communists are permited there. In West Virginia, in Wheeling, the situation is no different. Contrast this persecution of the Communists with the energetic protection given by the capitalist government to the socialists in their election efforts. There's a reason. And it's to be found in the basic class difference, the difference in class interests, for which the Communists and the socialists speak. Throughout the country, the agencies of republican and democratic government welcome socialist speakers. Throughout the country, the agencies of capitalist government are doing everything in their power, utilizing all conceivable methods to interfere with and disrupt the Communist election activities.

3.—Fake Democracy and Its Blessings.

State authorities, American Legion organizations, representatives of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, are working feverishly to keep the Communists off the ballot in those states where, despite almost insuperable legal technicalities, set up by the capitalists to disfranchise the workers, our Party has succeeded in getting on the ballot. The case of Nebraska is typical. Here the Party complied with all the legal regulations. Here our comrades worked well and overcame sundry technical obstacles. No sooner was this achieved than the government authorities, inspired by the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars, took our Party off the ballot. In Montana, technical pretences of a ridiculous character are invoked against the Communists in order to hide the implacable hostility of the capitalists, of the copper barons and the bankers to our Party. In Montana, we complied exactly as the socialist party did with the election requirements, yet we are taken off and the socialist party is put on the ballot.

How is it that the socialist party cannot point to a single state where the government is trying to keep it off the ballot? How is it that the socialist party has no difficulty in getting on the ballot, while our party has to fight every inch of the way in order to secure even the slightest opportunity to appear before the workers in the coming election campaign? Here we again have a class question. The socialist party no longer has anything to do with the defense of the interests of the working class. The capitalists are past masters in the art of welcoming new friends and new supporters. And that is why the path of the socialist party in the election campaign is so smooth. That is why we Communists face so many difficulties.

4.—Who Are the "Socialists"?

The Workers (Communist) Party is carrying its election fight to the factories, to the Negro masses, to the masses in the mills and mines, to the striking textile workers, to the battling miners, to the poverty-stricken farmers. But the socialist party is simultaneously merged with the reactionary trade union bureaucracy which is responsible for the destruction of some of the basic organizations of the American working class, like the United Mine Workers. The socialist party is busy fighting for LaFollettism. It is claiming that it is the inheritor of the LaFollete tradition. It is announcing from the housetops that the LaFollette vote, largely petty-bourgeois, especially in certain sections of the country, will go to the socialist party.

The socialist party is deliberately completely discarding the Debs tradition, the tradition of the conscious anti-capitalist support which Debs once drew for the organization. Reverend Thomas does not speak of the class struggle in the terms or spirit of Debs. The slogan of Thomas is "Fellowship and Conciliation." That is why it is hard to draw even a faint line of distinction between Smith and Thomas, between the socialist party and the democratic party in the election campaign. Senator Blaine of Wisconsin, a LaFollette republican, is for Smith. Senator Brookhart of Iowa, a LaFollette republican, is for Hoover. Senato rWheeler, of Montana, a LaFollette democrat, is for Smith. Senators Nye and Frazier, non-partisan LaFollette republicans, are for Hoover. The Nation, edited by the Reverend Dr. Thomas himself, at first makes a gesture towards the socialist party. One day it leaves some doubts in the minds of many of the muddled liberals as to whether they should vote for Thomas or Smith. The next day Smith receives the endorsement of the Nation, edited by Thomas.

Supported by Union Wreckers.

It is not an accident that it is hard to distinguish between Smith, managed by the anti-union Raskob of the General Motors Company, and Thomas, managed by the supporters of Sigman, Lewis, Woll, Green and other notorious trade union smashers and lieutenants of Wall Street in the labor movement.

An Associated Press dispatch of September 23rd, dealing with a statement issued by the socialist party in reference to the election campaign, takes the prize. In this release, issued by the socialist party, it is claimed that the socialist party will elect the next president of th eUnited States. Of course, the socialist party is careful to point out that the candidate they will elect will not be Norman Thomas. This dispatch declares that the socialist party considers that "it holds the balance of power, that it can take enough votes away from one of the major party candidates to assure victory to the other."

Whether this is the strategy of "fellowship and conciliation" or insanity, we will let the reader decide. The significance of this dispatch is brought home when it goes on to say further: "Whether this left-handed support will be given to Hoover or Smith, socialist officials have declined to state in so many words for publication, but it has been indicated that Hoover is their favorite on the ground that what they see of Smith's playing for the liberal vote is a trespass on socialist domain and should be combatted." Here is the point. Here is the confession! Smith must be stopped from trespassing on the socialist domain. The preserves of Smith is the home of Thomas. Smith is close to Thomas and Thomas is close to Smith. The pressure of the democratic party on the socialist party must be eased a bit. Frank P. Walsh and Norman Thomas are singing the paens in their march to appropriate the corpse of the LaFollette votes.

5. An International Menace.

Internationally, as well as nationally, there is little to distinguish the "New Socialist Party" from the "New Tammany Hall." At the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International, the American Communist Party participated actively in the formulation of policies aiming to mobilize more effectively the workers for the destruction of imperialism, for the wiping ou tof capitalism, for the victory of the working class, for the establishment of Communism. Simultaneously the socialist party, thru Mr. Hillquit, participated in the Brussels Congress of the Second International. This dead congress, in which Mr. Hillquit was one of the leading spirits, made frantic efforts to secure the affiliation and support of the Kuomintang party of Chiang Kai-shek, Feng Yu Hsien, and other militarist hangmen of the Chinese workers and farmers. It is interesting to note that while the Kuomintang gave the slightest impression of having revolutionary objectives and was conducting its northern campaign against the Chinese militarists, led by Chang Tso-lin, and the imperialist protectors, the socialist party of the United States and the Second International, of which it is a member, was hostile to it. But no sooner than this Kuomintang and its militarist clique betrayed the workers, became the barbaric butchers of the working and peasant masses, the Second International of Mr. Hillquit and the American socialist party welcomed them. No sooner had these Kuomintang forces sold out boot and baggage to American, British and Japanese imperialism and broken its relations with the working class government of the Soviet Union than the American "socialists," hand in glove with their brethren overseas, joined in vigorous applause of the Kuomintang's murderous campaign against the workers and peasants of China.

6. Vote As You Strike.

No class conscious worker can or will vote for Hoover or Smith. That is why no class conscious worker can or should vote for the socialist party today. The "new socialist party" has passed even from its previous shame-faced defense of capitalism to playing the role of an active, open defender of capitalism in its ugliest manifestations; from "industrial democracy" to "fellowship and conciliation." This is the path the socialist party has been traveling. This is the path which no honest class conscious worker can or should take. The class conscious worker of the United States will vote as they strike. They will vote for the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

Brazilian Scientist Discovers Fuel Water

LONDON, Sept. 28 (UP).—Scientists were sceptical today of the claims of Walter Hohenau, Brazilian, that he had discovered a method of using water for fuel.

Hohenau told the world fuel conference yesterday that, using intense electrical vibrations, he could convert water into hydrogen gas which could be used for power. The merit of the discovery lies in the claim that, after the ordinary process of splitting water in hydrogen and oxygen, the oxygen is further converted into hydrogen. The potential energy of water thus is made highly available as a gas.

Some scientists expressed the view that the energy required for the conversion of the water would cost more than the energy obtained would be worth.

Told You S

COLONEL T. E. LAWRENCE, th English soldier who won militar fame as a servant of British imperialism in Arabia during the war, is now playing his familiar role of stool-pigeon in India, according to reports in the press. Lawrence wrote a book on how he induced the Arabs to make war on the Turks and though this book was obviously the report of an agent of the British government it met with high favor and enjoyed a sale that would bring tears of envy from the [illegible] of Messrs. Simon and Schuster.

T. J. O'Flaherty

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GALLONS of neurotic tears were shed over the treatment accorded to this fink by the British government. Lawrence refused to accept a title, we were told. He was indignant because the British government failed to keep its promises to the Arabs made under the stress of necessity. Hokum! Lawrance cared no more what happened to the Arabs after he had succeeded in inveigling them to risk their lives fighting against the Turks to save the empire's neck in the near east than Morgan cares for the fate of the suckers who risked their lives fighting for his investments and the interests of American imperialis on the battlefields of Europe.

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LAWRENCE, who was supposed to have enlisted in the British air service because he wanted to be away from the haunts of society in London, now pops up in India as a spy on the activities of the Hindoo revolutionary leaders who are aiming to free the country from the British yoke. All the bunk put out in the press about Lawrence was designed to put the British workers off the track of his movements. He has been discovered. Let us hope that he will not succeed as well in India as he did in Arabia.

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WHILE on the subject of stool-pigeons a word about Patrick Connolly, head of the Interborough company union, recently elevated to the directorship of the big traction company. Mr. Connolly is no ordinary dick. Neither is Colonel Lawrence for that matter. They have abilities of a kind that justify their employers in treating them generously. But they are [illegible] stool-pigeons. They bear the same relation to a fink that the Morris Plan bears to a pawn shop.

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CONNOLLY was used by the I. R. T. to call a fake strike in 1919 for a fare increase. In return for his services he was recognized as the president of a union that was in the pocket of the I. R. T. Now he has been officially taken into the family. The only difference between Connolly and the so-called bonafide officials of the American Federation of Labor is that while Connolly is openly a company agent with the title of labor leader, his competitors are doing the job under cover.

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THE keen rivalry between England and the United States is shown by the turmoil caused in diplomatic circles by the publication of the secret understanding regarding the disposition of naval and military forces by England and France. The United States regards this entente as a threat against herself. It is that. But it is also a threat against the Soviet Union.

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THE republican and democratic vice-presidential candidates are a bit under the weather these days. Robinson is fishing and Curtis is down with a pain in the neck. This is retribution, one of the first laws of nature. Charlie's speeches have done that to lots of people.

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AT the International Progressive Center, 101 West 28th St., you will find not only food and drink to tickle the palate but a subdued atmosphere which only Greeks, Turks and Bulgarians can furnish. The waiters seem to divine your requirements. There is no attempt to force raw carrots on an unwilling guest. In fact, you are allowed the most liberal degree of self-determination. There is only one warning that you must heed. Don't cast any reflections on the roast lamb. Greece has been famous for philosophers and mutton, and the International Progressive Center, while fighting capitalism in Greece and elsewhere tooth and fork, will not stand for any pleasantries at the expense of this proletarian dish. It's about time to eat, I guess.

Tom O'Flaherty

ANOTHER CHICAGO BOMBING

CHICAGO, Sept. 28 (UP).—Chicago's 65th bombing of the year and the fourth within 12 hours occurred today when a bomb was thrown through the window of a south side store. Walter Robinson and his two children, Walter, Jr., 13, and Agnes, 11, who resided above the store, were thrown from their beds by the blast.